

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Recd.

Regd.

1907.

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order
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13

G.O., No. 726, 31st October 1907.

Temperance Teaching.

Directing that the Government of India may be addressed in reply to their letter on the subject of the inclusion of — in the curriculum of schools.

Educational (1907) Department.

ORDINARY PRINTED. ✓

G.O., No. 726-727

DATED 31-10-07

[Despatch Abstract.]

Temperance Teaching.

Directing that the Govt of India may be addressed in reply to their letter on the subject of the inclusion of — in the curriculum of schools.

— . Replying to the Govt of India on the subject of the inclusion of — in the curriculum of schools.

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

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1907.

Spare copies

G.O., No. 726, 31st October 1907.

N. P.

Temperance Teaching.

Directing that the Government of India may be addressed in reply to their letter on the subject of the inclusion of — in the curriculum of schools.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Letter—from G. B. H. FELL, Esq., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department (Education).

To—the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Educational Department.

Dated—Simla, the 12th September 1907.

No.—730.

With reference to the correspondence ending with your letter No. 435, dated the 8th July 1907, regarding the inclusion of temperance teaching in the curriculum of schools, I am directed to say that the replies received to the inquiry made by the Government of India show that representations made by temperance societies have always received full consideration from the Governments to which they were addressed, and that in some provinces, lessons on temperance are already included in the books read in schools. The Government of India are of opinion that in view of the fact that the vast majority of the people of India are sober and temperate, it is quite enough to deal with the subject of intemperance in a few sensible lessons in the sanctioned readers. I am accordingly to suggest for the consideration of the Governor in Council that, where no lessons dealing with the subject of intoxicants already exist in the sanctioned readers, such lessons might usefully be introduced when the readers are revised or when new readers are being prepared.

2. In connection with this subject, I am to invite attention to paragraph 269 of the report of the Indian Excise Committee of 1905–1906, and to request that the Government of India may be favoured with the opinion of the Governor in Council on the comments made therein by the Committee and their suggestions for the better protection of students living in hostels.

Order—No. 726, Educational, dated 31st October 1907.

The Government of India will be addressed.

(True Extract.)

H. D. TAYLOR,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 727.

From

H. D. TAYLOR, Esq., I.C.S.,

Acting Secretary to the Government of Madras,

Educational Department,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Dated Fort St. George, the 31st October 1907.

Sir,

I am directed to reply to Mr. Fell's letter No. 730, Education, dated the 12th September 1907, on the subject of the inclusion of temperance teaching in the curriculum of schools.

2. With reference to the suggestion of the Government of India that where lessons dealing with the subject of intoxicants are not included in the sanctioned readers, such lessons might be usefully introduced when the readers are revised or when new readers are being prepared, I am directed to state that as already pointed out in paragraph 3 of my letter No. 435, Educational, dated 8th July 1907, such lessons are already contained in some of the readers in use. No readers are, however, issued by the department in this Presidency.

3. As regards their request for the opinion of this Government on the suggestions of the Indian Excise Committee for the better protection of students living in hostels, I am to state that supervision of the kind suggested already exists in this Presidency and that there have been no complaints hitherto of intemperance amongst hostel students.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

H. D. TAYLOR,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O., Nos. 726, 727, EDUCATIONAL,
DATED 31st OCTOBER 1907.

[SUBJECT.—*Temperance teaching in schools.*]

From the Government of India, dated 12th September 1907, No. 730.

Please see G.O., Nos. 434-435, Educational, dated the 8th July 1907, and the notes therewith.

2. The Government of India state that the replies received to the inquiry made by them on the subject of the inclusion of temperance teaching in the curriculum of schools, show that the representations made by Temperance societies have always received full consideration from the Governments to which they were addressed and that in some provinces lessons on temperance are already included in the books read in schools. In view of the fact that the vast majority of the people of India are sober and temperate, the Government of India think that it is quite enough to deal with the subject of intemperance in a few sensible lessons in the sanctioned readers and suggest that where no lessons dealing with the subject of intoxicants already exist in the sanctioned readers, such lessons might usefully be introduced when the readers are revised or when new readers are being prepared.

H. D. TAYLOR.

3. The Government of India also invite attention to paragraph 269 of the report of the Indian Excise Committee of 1905-1906 and request to be favoured with the opinion of this Government on the comments made by the Committee therein and their suggestions for the better protection of students living in hostels.

4. The Director of Public Instruction may be asked *u.o.* to state what steps may be taken to carry out India's suggestion regarding the introduction of temperance lessons into the sanctioned readers.

5. The comments of the Indian Excise Committee in paragraph 269 of their report are—

“One way in which Government can perhaps exercise an influence is through the Department of Public Instruction. It is in evidence that country lads coming into towns for their education are sometimes corrupted by town habits, and it is thought that a stricter supervision of the management of hostels may do something to check their contamination. It is also understood that the Educational authorities in the Punjab and Bombay have agreed to arrange for temperance teaching in schools. This example might be followed elsewhere.”

The remarks of the Director of Public Instruction may, it is submitted, be obtained on this point also.

T.K.—1-10-07.

K. RANGASWAMI AYYANGAR—1-10-07.

C. A. SOUTER—2-10-07.

H. D. TAYLOR—3-10-07.

To the Director of Public Instruction.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

The suggestion of the Government of India which is new is that lessons on the subject of intoxicants should be introduced into the school readers when these are revised or where new readers are being prepared. In this Presidency no readers are issued by the department.

As already pointed out there are lessons on the subject in some of the readers in use.

In regard to hostels the supervision suggested does I think already exist in this Presidency. I have never heard any complaints of intemperance among hostel students.

A. G. BOURNE—12-10-07.

It is for consideration whether a reply to the Government of India may be prepared on the lines of the Director of Public Instruction's note.

T.K.—16-10-07.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—17-10-07.

C. A. SOUTER—17-10-07.

Yes please.

H. D. TAYLOR—18-10-07.

A draft is submitted for approval.

T.K.—20-10-07.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—21-10-07.

C. A. SOUTER—28-10-07.

H. D. TAYLOR—29-10-07.

Draft approved by Honourable Member. Issue.

H. D. TAYLOR—31-10-07.

[G.O., Nos. 726, 727, Educational, dated 31st October 1907.]

CURRENT FILE.

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Papers of the department to which the current belongs.

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34/35	8-7-07	se		

Papers of other departments.

Department.	Number.	Date.	Original (=O.) or spare copy (=S. C.).	Despatcher to note the return of the papers to the departments concerned.



No.

730

FROM

G. B. H. FELL, ESQ.,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India,

TO

The Secretary to the Government of Madras,
Educational Department.

Home Department.
Education.

Simla, the 12th September 1907.

SIR,

WITH reference to the correspondence ending with your letter no. 435, dated the 8th July 1907, regarding the inclusion of temperance teaching in the curriculum of schools, I am directed to say that the replies received to the inquiry made by the Government of India show that representations made by temperance societies have always received full consideration from the Governments to which they were addressed, and that in some provinces lessons on temperance are already included in the books read in schools. The Government of India are of opinion that in view of the fact that the vast majority of the people of India are sober and temperate, it is quite enough to deal with the subject of intemperance in a few sensible lessons in the sanctioned readers. I am accordingly to suggest for the consideration of the Governor in Council that, where no lessons dealing with the subject of intoxicants already exist in the sanctioned readers, such lessons might usefully be introduced when the readers are revised or when new readers are being prepared.

2. In connection with this subject I am to invite attention to paragraph 269 of the report of the Indian Excise Committee of 1905-06, and to request that the Government of India may be favoured with the opinion of the Governor in Council on the comments made therein by the Committee and their suggestions for the better protection of students living in hostels.

I have the honour to be,

SIR,

Your most obedient servant,

G. Fell

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

NOTES.

File connected with G.O. No. 726, 727, Edl.
31-10-07
 C. No. 2304, from the Government of India, No. 730, dated 12-9-1907.



8
Subject.

Temperance teaching in schools.

X Please see G.O. Nos. 434-435 Edl., dated the 8th July 1907 and the notes therewith.

2. The Government of India state that the replies received to the inquiry made by them on the subject of the inclusion of temperance teaching in the curriculum of schools, show that the representations made by Temperance Societies have always received full consideration from the Governments to which they were addressed and that in some provinces lessons on temperance are already included in the books read in schools. In view of the fact that the vast majority of the people of India are sober and temperate, the Government of India think that it is quite enough to deal with the subject of intemperance in a few sensible lessons in the sanctioned readers and suggest that where no lessons dealing with the subject of intoxicants already exist in the sanctioned readers, such lessons might usefully be introduced when the readers are revised or when new readers are being prepared.

*But the Govt. never approve
 text books. There are no text
 books edited by Govt.*

*Vide page 114 of the
 Report put up.*

3. The Government of India also invite attention to para. 269 of the report of the Indian Excise Committee of 1905-06 and request to be favoured with the opinion of this Government on the comments made by the Committee therein and their suggestions for the better protection of students living in hostels.

in the absence of
9

4. The D.P.I. may be asked u.o. to state what steps may be taken to carry out India's suggestion regarding the introduction of temperance lessons into the sanctioned readers.

5. The comments of the Indian Excise Committee in para.269 of their report are--

"One way in which Government can perhaps
"exercise an influence is through the Department
"of Public Instruction. It is in evidence that
"country lads coming into towns for their education
"are sometimes corrupted by town habits, and it
"is thought that a stricter supervision of the
"management of hostels may do something to check
"their contamination. It is also understood that
"the educational authorities in the Punjab and
"Bombay have agreed to arrange for temperance
"teaching in schools. This example might be fol-
"lowed elsewhere."

The remarks of the D.P.I. may, it is submitted, be obtained on this point also.

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1-10-07 RD
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See
C.B.
2-10-07

402
3-10-07

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No. 23024-1
Sp 3-10-07
2-10-07
Recd. 5-10-07

Ca 20-10-07
Box No. 15.

U.O. No. 12th Dec 07

10 The suggestion of the Government of India which is new is that lessons on the subject of intoxicants should be introduced into the school readers when these are revised or where new readers are being prepared.

In this Presidency no readers are issued by the Department as already pointed out there are lessons on the subject in some of the readers in use.

In regard to hostels the supervision suggested does I think already exist in this Presidency. I have never heard any complaints of intemperance among hostel students.

Agd 12.10.07

It is for consideration whether a reply to the Govt of I. may be prepared on the lines of the D.P. No. 16 note.

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16.10.07

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A draft is submitted for approval.

21/10/07

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29.10.07

Returned

Educational Department.

Read again G.O.No.484-35 Edl., dated 8th July 1907.

C.No.2304 From the Government of India, No.730, dated 12th September 1907.

ORDER:- N^o 726 of 31-10-07
P.S.

The Government of India will be addressed.

K.R.
22-10-07.

Chd
28.10.07
1463
29.10.07

Sp in m
31-10-07

Letter N^o 727 of 31-10-07.

To The Secretary to the Government
of India,
Home Department.

Sir,

I am directed to reply to Mr. Fell's letter No.730 Education, dated the 12th September 1907, on the subject of the inclusion of temperance teaching in the curriculum of schools.

2. With reference to the suggestion of the Government of India that where lessons dealing with the subject of intoxicants ~~are not included~~ ^{are not included} already exist in the sanctioned readers, such lessons might be usefully introduced when the readers are revised or when new readers are being prepared, I am directed to state that as already pointed out in paragraph 3 of

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my letter No.435 Edl., dated 8th July
1907 ^{such} lessons ^{once} on temperance are already
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No readers are however issued by the
Department in this Presidency.

3. As regards their request for the
opinion of this Government on the sugges-
tions of the Indian Excise Committee for
the better protection of students living
in hostels, I am to state that supervi-
sion of the kind suggested already exists
in this Presidency and that there have
been no complaints hitherto of intemperance
amongst hostel students.

I have etc.

K.R.
22-10-07.

Chf
28.10.07.
HOD
22.10.07.

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LETTER OF GOVERNMENT.

STATEMENT WITH DITTO.

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