

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT

Recd.

Regd.

1907.

Enclosures

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G.O., No. 465, 20th July 1907.

N. P.

State Technical Scholarship.

Recommending M. A. Ramunni Panikkar for a — for the study of tanning.

550-12-3-04.

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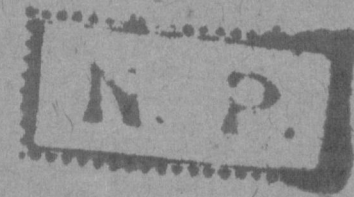
Educational (1907) Department.

ORDINARY PRINTED.

G.O., No. 465-466

DATED 20-7-07

23



pp. 28
(28)

[Despatch Abstract.]

State Technical Scholarship.

Recommending M. A. Ram
Panikher for a _____ for the study of land

BACK PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

FURTHER PAPERS.

G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.	G.O.	No.	Department.	Date.

Government of Madras.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT

Recd

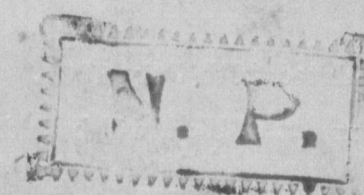
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G.O., No. 465, 20th July 1907.



State Technical Scholarship.

Recommending M. A. Ramunni Panikkar for a — for the study of tanning.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper :—

Letter—from G. B. H. FELL, Esq., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India,
Home Department (Education).
To—the Secretary to the Government of Madras, Educational Department.
Dated—Simla, the 1st July 1907.
No.—516.

With reference to the correspondence ending with your letter No. 759, dated the 23rd November 1906, I am directed to request that, with the permission of the Governor in Council, the Government of India may be informed at a very early date whether the Government of Madras have any candidates to recommend for the grant of State technical scholarships.

2. I am to explain that it is not intended that the Government of Madras should, in consequence of the present enquiry, advertise for candidates, as it is essential that the scholars selected should proceed to England by the beginning of September next at latest. If, however, the Governor in Council already has any candidate in view, the Government of India will be glad to consider his claims to a scholarship with those of other candidates on receiving a recommendation in his favour.

3. I am to add that the Government of India are about to address the Government of Madras shortly regarding the procedure to be adopted in future years for the submission of names of candidates for these scholarships in time to allow of their reaching England by September at latest.

Order—No. 465, Educational, dated 20th July 1907.

The Government of India will be addressed.

(True Extract.)

H. D. TAYLOR,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS. 3

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 466.

From

H. D. TAYLOR, Esq., I.C.S.,

Acting Secretary to the Government of Madras,

Educational Department,

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Dated Ootacamund, the 20th July 1907.

SIR,

With reference to Mr. Fell's letter No. 516, dated 1st July 1907, I am directed to recommend M. A. Ramunni Panikkar for the grant of a State technical scholarship of the value of £150 per annum tenable for a period of two years from 1st September 1907.

2. M. A. Ramunni Panikkar is a native of Malabar and a Nayar by caste. He comes of a well-to-do family of good social position. His father, V. Damodara Panikkar, is a retired Sub-Registrar and is now a Bench Magistrate at Palghat; and one of his brothers is the adikari or headman of a village in one of the taluks of South Malabar. The candidate is now in his 21st year.

3. Ramunni Panikkar studied at the Victoria College, Palghat, from 1900 to 1902 and subsequently at the Presidency College, Madras, from 1903 to 1906. He passed with credit the B.A. degree examination held in December 1904 from the latter college with Chemistry and Physics as his optional branch, and the M.A. degree examination in Chemistry in January last.

4. He applied for a technical scholarship in July 1906 for studying tanning. The Governor in Council considered that as he had no practical knowledge of tanning he should undergo a preliminary training in the industry for twelve months. He was accordingly informed that if he furnished a certificate on completion of the period of training that he had acquired the requisite training and possessed the necessary aptitude for further instruction in Europe, his application for a scholarship would be favourably considered. Since passing the M.A. degree examination, he has been working at a native tannery at Kodambakam near Madras. He has now applied to this Government requesting that the period of his preliminary training may be reduced

on the ground that he has already studied the various processes of native tanning as well as the chrome process as carried on in Madras. The Governor in Council is prepared to grant this request, in consideration of Ramunni Panikkar's special qualifications in Chemistry and of the fact that if he is not now given a scholarship and sent to England in September next he will have to wait until September 1908 for the scholarship.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

H. D. TAYLOR,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O., Nos. 465, 466, EDUCATIONAL, DATED 20TH JULY 1907 AND No. 485, EDUCATIONAL, DATED 29TH JULY 1907.

[SUBJECT.—Candidates to be recommended by the Government of Madras for the grant of State Technical scholarships.]

From the Government of India, Home Department (Education), dated 1st July 1907, No. 516.

Early. We have only one candidate, Ramunni Panikkar, who came to see me to-day.

H. D. TAYLOR—6-7-07.

There are now two candidates for the State Technical scholarships:—

- (1) M. A. Ramunni Panikkar, M.A., referred to in the Secretary's note above, and
(2) Abraham B. Salem, B.A. & B.L., whose application will be found on pages 2 to 4 of current file (G.O., No. 485, Educational, dated 29th July 1907).

2. Ramunni Panikkar applied for a scholarship for studying the tanning industry so long ago as July 1906. In G.O., No. 677, Educational, dated 9th October 1906, he was informed that if he went through satisfactorily the practical courses mentioned in paragraph 4 of G.O., No. 630, Educational, dated 26th September 1906, for a period of eighteen months, his application would be favourably considered.

3. In November 1906, Ramunni Panikkar requested that the period of preliminary training, namely, eighteen months, prescribed in paragraph 4 of G.O., No. 630, Educational, dated 26th September 1906, might be reduced to twelve months, on the ground that, as he had pursued the study of Chemistry for nearly two years after passing the B.A. Degree examination, he had acquired sufficient knowledge of the principles of Chemistry and of analytical operations to master in a shorter time than is contemplated in the Government Order above quoted the application of those principles to the tanning industry. In G.O., No. 31, Educational, dated 18th January 1907, the Government accordingly reduced the period of preliminary training in his case to twelve months and informed him that the grant of the scholarship would finally depend upon the report, furnished on completion of the period of training, that he had acquired the requisite training and possessed the necessary aptitude for further instruction in Europe.

4. In May last, Ramunni Panikkar wanted to withdraw his candidature for the scholarship on the grounds—

- (1) that he could not command sufficient funds to start business on a remunerative scale after his return from Europe,
(2) that there were no possibilities of his being employed in any of the existing tanneries as an expert, and
(3) that he was unable to find two sureties for the bond to be executed by him under G.O., No. 251, Educational, dated 6th April 1906.

5. Thereupon he was informed through the Director of Public Instruction that, under G.O., No. 317, Educational, dated 25th May 1907, he would not be required to execute any bond; and he was requested to state whether, under these circumstances, he still desired to withdraw his application—*vide* Memorandum No. 1304-1, dated 13th June 1907. To this no reply has yet been received.

6. Ramunni Panikkar, however, saw the Secretary in the office on the 6th instant and expressed his willingness to accept the scholarship, but desired that his term of practical training might be still further reduced as he had been learning tanning since he left college (date not given). He also desired the help of Government in obtaining work on return from Europe. He was directed by the Secretary to apply through the Director of Public Instruction for the curtailment of his preliminary training, stating fully his reasons. He was also told that Government promised or guaranteed no appointment to technical scholarship-holders on their return after completing their course of studies, but that he would have their moral support if his conduct and studies in England proved satisfactory.

7. Ramunni Panikkar has not yet applied through the Director of Public Instruction and it is not known what period of preliminary training he has already had in tanning. If he had begun to undergo training in February last, after the receipt of G.O., No. 31, Educational, dated 18th January 1907, he could by now have completed only five months' training and would complete only seven months before September next, by which time the Government of India desire that the scholar should proceed to England. Unless therefore the Government are prepared to reduce the period of preliminary training in the case of Ramunni Panikkar still further, that is, from twelve to seven months, it will not be possible to send this candidate to England in September next. At the same time, it is observed that if Ramunni Panikkar is not sent to England in September next, he will practically have to wait until September 1908 before he can be sent to England for training, which would mean a preliminary training of eighteen months. Orders are solicited whether the period of his training in this country may be reduced to seven months and he may be asked to proceed to England in September next. But perhaps it would be well first to consult the

H. D. TAYLOR.

Director of Public Instruction u.o. in the matter.

8. As regards the other candidate, Abraham B. Salem, he was till recently clerk to Sir Frederick Nicholson who is engaged in Fisheries Investigation. He desires to study fisheries and fish-curing. He says he applied to Mr. Chatterton for a scholarship for studying fish-curing in June 1905, but that Mr. Chatterton declined to recommend him as he had no practical experience of fisheries. In paragraph 13 of his letter No. 88 (e), dated 28th February 1907, on page 6 of G.O., No. 733, Revenue, dated 1st April 1907, Sir Frederick Nicholson proposed to send Salem to Japan to learn the methods of canning and curing of fish, the manufacture of fish-oil and iodine, net-making, etc. Sir Frederick observed as follows in regard to this candidate:—

"He is a young man, Jew by nationality and religion, smart, well educated, and pushing; belonging to the West Coast, he is acquainted with the merchants and trades of the coast, and he is strongly desirous of working at the fishery business and especially at the curing branch of the industry. He has acquired a good deal of fishery knowledge while in my office, having been on tour with me and independently; he will do much better as a practical man than at mere office work and I can rely on him not to waste his time or opportunities; his energy is shown by his attaining his B.A. and B.L. degrees in the face of much difficulty, and he is the first Jew to obtain a degree."

9. The Government approved the proposal of Sir Frederick to send Mr. Salem to Japan, but remarked that on account of the language difficulty it would not be wise, without further information, to send students to Japan and that if possible they should be sent, at any rate, in the first instance to England or America. They also directed Sir Frederick to make further enquiries during his tour in those countries as to whether the desired training in fishcuring could not be obtained in those countries—*vide* paragraph 4 of G.O., No. 733, Revenue, dated 1st April 1907.

10. The proposal to send Salem to Japan was, however, not carried out as Sir Frederick Nicholson wanted to make further enquiries and arrangements—*vide* Revenue Secretary's demi-official No. 485-B., dated 29th April 1907. Mr. Salem now submits this application because, he says, he understands that he would have to wait longer to get the benefit mentioned in the Revenue order, perhaps on a poor pay of Rs. 50 per mensem.

11. As already stated, Salem applies for a State Technical scholarship to study fisheries and fish-curing—paragraph 3 of his application (G.O., No. 485, dated 29th July 1907). As regards this industry, the Government observed in paragraph 5 of G.O., No. 46, Educational, dated 23rd January 1906, that it was being investigated by Sir Frederick Nicholson and that they would defer the consideration of it, till they had the advantage of consulting Sir Frederick's report; and in paragraph 7 of the same order they decided that the first technical scholarships in this Presidency might be most advantageously offered in connection with the study of Industrial Chemistry in one or more of its branches and of the tanning industry and invited applications from candidates desirous of prosecuting the scientific study of those subjects.

12. The question of improving the fish-curing industry is now under the special consideration of Government and it has been decided to send three Indian students (including Salem) to Japan to be trained in the industry—*vide* paragraphs 4 and 5 of G.O., No. 733, Revenue, dated 1st April 1907. It is not clear whether in the event of its being decided to send Mr. Salem to study fisheries and fish-curing, he will have to be sent as a Government of India Technical scholar, or whether his training will be outside the scope of this scholarship. If he has to be sent as a Technical scholar, then, the question for decision is whether Mr. A. Ramunni Panikkar should be sent or Mr. Salem or both.

T.K.—11-7-07.

K. RANGASWAMI AYYANGAR—11-7-07.

I submit that, if any, Ramunni Panikkar's name may be sent up. From the correspondence, however, it would seem that this man has not much self-confidence and it seems a little doubtful whether after his training in England he would be 'pushful' enough to start the development of tanning in this country. On the other hand, if his experience in tanning has been at all adequate he is the only candidate who is theoretically and practically eligible to hold a technical scholarship. The Director of Public Instruction may be able to say something as to the practical qualifications of Panikkar.

2. Salem seems far more useful in the fish industry, and if Government intend to prosecute it, would be the best man to depute specially to study it. This can be done outside the technical scholarships, as the fish industry does not seem to be one of those contemplated in the original scheme. The scholarships seem to be more for the purpose of introducing improved methods into well-recognised industries which are already firmly established, than of starting an industry which cannot be said to be more than in its infancy.

C. A. SOUTER—12-7-07.

I do not see much good in referring further to Director of Public Instruction on the subject of Ramunni Panikkar, unless the Director of Public Instruction is asked to obtain from Mr. Chatterton an expression of opinion as to Panikkar's capabilities. The latter informed me that he proposed to continue his practical course in Bombay, but he could not get much training before September next.

His preliminary training has already been reduced from 18 months to 12 months.

G.O., No. 31, dated 18th January 1907.

We do not know what conditions other provinces have imposed as to preliminary training, if any, of candidates for technical scholarships.

Paragraph 5 of India's despatch No. 8, dated 9th October 1902, on pages 3 and 4 of G.O., No. 504, dated 9th October 1903.

2. India, in their despatch to the Secretary of State, proposed to establish 10 scholarships of £100 each, of which two annually should be allotted to Madras. The Secretary of State however considered that £100 was inadequate and that no definite number should be allotted. He also considered the question of preliminary training.

Hitherto Madras have only sent up one scholar, Mr. G. N. Dewal. It seems desirable to send up some names at once, as a start. Others may then be encouraged to follow. The selection will apparently be made by India. If we do not send up nominations, other Presidencies will get the scholarships with perhaps no better men than we possess, and Madras will be left behind.

3. I submit that the names both of Panikkar and Salem may be submitted, preference being given to the former. Mr. Panikkar informed me that he had private means. Nothing is known in this respect of Mr. Abraham B. Salem, except that he is a Jew, and that with him "time is money."

H. D. TAYLOR—12-7-07.

Panikkar's name should be sent up in any case. But is not Salem being sent abroad at the cost of the Revenue Department?

2. We must consider the issue of a fresh notification altering the subject of "tanning" for some other. This tanning craze (for it is nothing else) was started by Mr. Chatterton; but there must be many other industries of more importance to the country and better adapted for pursuit by young graduates.

G. S. F[ORBES]—12-7-07.

Will Revenue please reply to the Honourable Member's query at "A". From the Board's endorsement it appears that Mr. Salem has resigned his position in the Fisheries Department.

H. D. TAYLOR—13-7-07.

To the Revenue Department.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

With Ramanan's prosecution Sir F. Nicholson's proposals more or less collapsed. Salem could not be sent at once to Japan and Sir F. Nicholson went to Europe. There is no idea to send Salem shortly to Japan. It is a pity if he has resigned, especially as it is now proposed to give Sir Frederick an assistant.

G.O., Nos. 1652-53, dated 1st July 1907.

D. T. CHADWICK—13-7-07.

As A. B. Salem has chosen to resign his appointment in the Fisheries Department, he will probably go and be a Vakil (he is a B.L.) and a scholarship would be likely to be wasted on him. He is not now likely to be sent to Japan.

A. G. CARDEW—14-7-07.

To the Educational Department.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Please add to the linked file Panikkar's application received to-day from Director of Public Instruction and draft for approval with reference to Panikkar. The latter "has no objection" to accept a scholarship but it is doubtful whether his heart is in the matter.

Done.
K.B.

H. D. TAYLOR—15-7-07.

The draft letter placed below is for approval.

2. After issue of the letter, a separate draft will be submitted informing A. B. Salem that the Government are not prepared to recommend him for a State Technical scholarship for the study of fisheries.

K. RANGASWAMI AIYANGAR—16-7-07.

The question of selecting other industries for which the scholarships may appropriately be granted will also be taken up separately.

C. A. SOUTER—17-7-07.

For approval.

In the circumstances stated in Mr. Cardew's note of 14th July 1907 no recommendation is made on behalf of A. B. Salem.

H. D. TAYLOR—17-7-07.

Draft approved. It is not a very hopeful candidature, but we must make the best of it.

G. S. F[ORBES]—17-7-07.

A. I[AWLEY]—18-7-07.

Issue.

H. D. TAYLOR—20-7-07.

[G.O., Nos. 465, 466, Educational, dated 20th July 1907 and No. 485, Educational, dated 29th July 1907.]

CURRENT FILE.

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PAPERS PUT UP WITH CURRENT No.

Papers of the department to which the current belongs.

Number.	Date.	Original (=O) or spare copy (=S. C.).	Remarks. (In this column such of the papers as have been removed for copying, printing, etc., should be marked with a cross.)	Initials of Referencer with date in token of return to Reference department.

Papers of other departments.

Department.	Number.	Date.	Original (=O.) or spare copy (=S. C.).	Despatcher to note the return of the papers to the departments concerned.



2

No. 516 & 1608

Recd 6-7-07

G. B. H. Fell, Esq.,
Deputy Secretary to the Government of India,

To

The Secretary to the Government of Madras,

Educational Department.

Home Department.

(Education)

Sir,

Sir, the 1st July 1907.

With reference to the correspondence ending with your letter no. 759, dated the 23rd November 1906, I am directed to request that, with the permission of the Governor in Council, the Government of India may be informed at a very early date whether the Government of Madras have any candidates to recommend for the grant of State technical scholarships.

2. I am to explain that it is not intended that the Government of Madras should, in consequence of the present enquiry, advertize for candidates, as it is essential that the scholars selected should proceed to England by the beginning of September next at latest. If, however, the Governor in Council already has any candidate in view the Government of India will be glad to consider his claims to a scholarship with those of other candidates on receiving a recommendation in his favour.

3. I am to add that the Government of India are about to address the Government of Madras — — — shortly regarding the procedure to be adopted in future years for the submission of names of candidates for these scholarships in time to allow of their reaching England by September at latest.

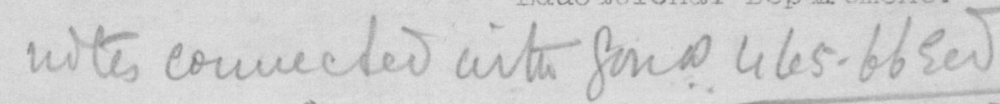
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Sir,

Yours most obedient servant,

G. B. H. Fell

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.



2 3 10 10 28 10
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years after passing the B.A. degree examination,
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him that the grant of the scholarship would
finally depend upon the report, furnished on comple-
tion of the period of training, that he had
acquired the requisite training and possessed
the necessary aptitude for further instruction in
Europe.

vide of No. 1304 in the
linked file.

4. In May last, Ramunni Panikkar wanted to with-
draw his candidature for the scholarship on the
grounds--

- (1) that he could not command sufficient
funds to start business on a remunerative
scale after his return from Europe,
- (2) that there were no possibilities of his
being employed in any of the existing
tanneries as an expert, and
- (3) that he was unable to find two sureties
for the bond to be executed ^{by him} under G.O.
No. 251, Edl., dated 6th April 1906.

E.
J.
O/
O/
5. Thereupon he was informed through the D.P.L.
that, under G.O. No. 317, Edl., dated 25th May 1907,
he would not be required to execute any bond and
he was requested to state whether, under these
circumstances, he still desired to withdraw his
application

*Vide note in the
linked file.*

47 3P
application - vide Memorandum No.1304--1, dated 13th June 1907, in the linked file. To this no reply has yet been received.

6. Ramunni Panikkar however, saw, the Secretary in the office on the 6th instant and expressed his willingness to accept the scholarship, but desired that his term of practical training might be still further reduced as he had been learning tanning since he left College (date not given). He also desired the help of Government in obtaining work on return from Europe. He was directed by the Secretary to apply through the D.P.I. for the curtailment of his preliminary training, stating fully his reasons. He was also told that Government promised or guaranteed no appointment to technical scholarship holders on their return after completing their course of studies, but that he would have their moral support if his conduct and studies in England proved satisfactory.

W. 7. Ramunni Panikkar has not yet applied through the D.P.I. and it is not known what period of preliminary training he has already had in tanning. If he ^{had} ~~been~~ to undergo training in February last, after the receipt of G.O.No.31, Edl., dated 13th January 1907, he could ~~have~~ ^{by now have} completed only five months' training and would complete only seven months before September next, by which ^{time} the Govt. of India desire that the scholar should proceed to England. Unless therefore the Govt. are prepared to reduce the period of preliminary training in the case of Ramunni Panikkar still further, that is from twelve to seven months, it will not be possible to send this candidate to England in September next. At the same time it is observed that if Ramunni Panikkar is not sent to England in September next, he will practically have ^{before he can be sent to England for training;} to wait until September 1908, which would mean a preliminary training of eighteen months. Orders are

solicited

Understand that Ramun
Penick has undergone a
course of training in
chrome tanning.

Why was his action alone taken
or the application which has
been delayed for 3 weeks, &
nothing done!

Para 2 of letter on page
2 of current file.

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4.
12
20P
12
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8. As regards the other candidate Abraham B.
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He desires to study fisheries and fish-curing. He
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Sir Frederick Nicholson proposed to send Salem ^{to}
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fish, the manufacture of fish-oil and iodine, net
making &c. Sir Frederick observed as follows in
regard to this candidate:--

"He is a young man, Jew by nationality and
"religion, smart, well educated, and pushing;
"belonging to the West Coast, he is acquainted
"with the merchants and trades of the Coast, and
"he is strongly desirous of working at the fishery
"business and especially at the curing branch of
"the industry. He has acquired a good deal of
"fishery knowledge while in my office, having been
"on tour with me and independently; he will do much
"better as a practical man than at mere office work
"and I can rely on him not to waste his time or
"opportunities; his energy is shown by his attain-
"ing his B.A. and B.L. degrees in the face of much
"difficulty, and he is the first Jew to obtain a
"degree."

Para 4 of No. 733 Rev.
d/1-4-07- C.

9. The Government approved the proposal of Sir Frederick to send ^{Mr.} Salem to Japan, but remarked that on account of the language difficulty it would not be wise, without further information, to send students to Japan and ^{that} if possible they should be sent, at any rate, in the first instance to England or America. They also directed Sir Frederick to make further enquiries during his tour in those countries as to whether the desired training in fish-curing could not be obtained in those countries

C. - vide para. 4 of G.O. No. 733, ^{Revenue} ~~Secy.~~, dated 1st April 1907.

10. The proposal to send Salem to Japan was, however, not carried out as Sir Frederick Nicholson wanted to make further enquiries and arrangements - vide Revenue ^{Secretary's} ~~Department~~ D.O. No. 485 B, dated 29th April 1907. Mr. Salem now submits this application because, he says, he ~~has~~ understands that he would have to wait longer to get the benefit mentioned in the Revenue Order, perhaps on a poor pay of Rs. 50 per mensem.

11. As already stated, Salem applies for a State Technical Scholarship to study fisheries and fish curing - paragraph 3 of his application. As re- ^(save 485 d/22-7-07) regards this industry, the Government observed in paragraph 5 of G.O. No. 46, Edl., dated 23rd January 1906, that it was being investigated by Sir Frederick Nicholson and that they would defer the consideration of it, till they had the advantage of consulting Sir Frederick's report; and in para. 7 of the ^{same} order they decided that the first technical scholarships in this Presidency might be most advantageously offered in connection with the study of Industrial Chemistry in one or more of its branches

Para 7 of the letter on
page 29 current.

Pages 2 & 3 of Cf.

F.

10 7 6P 14
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+ 12. The question of improving the fish curing industry is now under the special consideration of Government and it has been decided to send three Indian students (including Salem) to Japan to be trained in the industry.-vide paragraphs 4 and 5 of G.O. No. 733, ^{Revenue} ~~Sal.~~, dated 1st April 1907. It is not clear whether in the event of its being decided to send Mr. Salem to study fisheries and fish curing, he will have to be sent as a Government of India Technical scholar, or whether his training will be outside the scope of this scholarship. If he has to be sent as ^a Technical scholar, then the question for decision is whether Mr. ^{AD} Ramunni Panikkar should be sent or Mr. Salem or both.

7K.
11.7.07
R.P.
11.7.07

Sec.

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Cal
12.7.7.

I do not see much good in referring further to BPP
 on the subject of R. Parmer, unless the BPP is
 asked to obtain from Mr Clatterton an expression of
 opinion on Parmer's capabilities. The latter
 informed me that he proposed to continue his
 practical course in Bombay - but he could not see
 much learning before that.

His preliminary learning has already been
 reduced from 18 months to 12 months. We do not
 know what conditions other Princes have
 imposed as to preliminary learning of any
 candidate for technical scholarship.

2. India, when despatched to that place
 proposed to establish 10 scholarships of Rs 500 each,
 of which two annually should be allotted to
 Madras. The P. of Madras however considered that
 1000 Rs was a small sum and that it was definite
 number of 10 to be allotted. He also considered the
 question of preliminary learning.

The Madras Princes have only sent up
 one scholar, Mr. S. N. Desai. It seems
 seems desirable to send up some names
 at once, as a start. Others may then be
 encouraged to follow. The selection will
 apparently be made by India. If we wish
 to send up nominations, other Princes will
 get the scholarships until perhaps no
 better men than we possess - and Madras

31 2/10/07 W.

paragraph 5 of India;
 Sep. 11 to 18 9th Feb 02 or page 304
 of 86 304 12-9th Feb 03.

name of the scholar
 page 304.

3. I submit that the names both of Parikka and Paala may be submitted, preference being given to the former. Mr Parikka informed me that he had private means. Nothing is known at the present of Mr Abraham B Paala, except that he is a Jew, and that with him "time is money".

HM 481
12.7.07

Parikka's name sh^d be sent up in any case. But is not Paala being sent abroad at the cost of the Res. Dept?

We must consider the value of a fresh sch^h altering the object of "Tanning" to some other. This tanning craze (for it is nothing else) was started by W. Chatterton but there must be many other industrial industries of more importance to the country & better adapted for pursuit by the young graduates.

S.F. 12/7

11/10/10
 104
 W. Revenue please reply to the H.A.'s query re A.
 from the Board's endorsement it appears that
 W. Salem has resigned his position in the
 Fisheries Dept.

by cable.



ESN 1608-1



Office
 For
 P. H. J. J. J.
 13-7-07

Revised

13-7-07

by
 Secy.

With Raman's prosecution Sir F.
 Nicholson's proposals more or less collapsed.
 Salem could not be sent at once to Japan
 & Sir F. Nicholson went to Europe. There
 is no idea to send Salem shortly to Japan.
 It is a pity if he has resigned, especially as
 it now proposed to give Sir Frederick an
 Assistant.

Q.O. 1652-3 - S.
 1-7-07
 (original to Messrs
 to the H.A.)

As A.B. Salem has chosen to resign his appointment
~~in the Fisheries Dept.~~
 in the Fisheries Dept., he will prob'ly go & be a retail (he is a
 B.L.) & a scholarship would be likely to be wasted on him.
 He is not now likely to be sent to Japan. Ryl.
 14-7-07.

Rev. W. 28/7/07-11-5-07
 15-7-07
 1579

Edu. Dep't.
 Please to the Under Secy Pannick's application
 received today for D.P.D. and draft of approval with
 reference to Pannick. The latter "has no objection" to
 accept a scholarship but it is doubtful whether his
 heart is in the matter.
 15-7-07.

12 + 5 #

114

The draft letter placed below is for approval.

2. After issue of the letter, a separate draft will be submitted informing A. B. Salem that the Govt. are not prepared to recommend him for a State Technical Scholarship for the study of Fisheries.

16.7.07

Sec.

The question of selecting other industries for which the scholarships may appropriately be granted will also be taken up separately.

Chd
17.7.7

For approval.

In the crisis stated in Mr. Casser's note of 14.7.07

no recommendation is made on behalf of

A. B. Salem.

17.7.07

Hm.

Draft app. It is not a very hopeful candidature, but we must make the best of it

87

17/18.7.07

H. S. the Governor

19.7.07

18.7.07

Cover 465.66

ORDER:-- 465 8/20.7.07
P.S.

The Government of India will be addressed.

T.K.
16.7.07

16.7.07

17.7.07

LETTER:--

466-d/20.7.07

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of India,
Home Department.

Sir,

With reference to Mr. Fell's letter No.516, dated 1st July 1907, I am directed to recommend M.A. Ramunni Panikkar for the grant of a State Technical Scholarship ^{of the} value of £150 per annum ^{for a period} during the current year.

2. M.A. Ramunni Panikkar is a native of Malabar and a Nayar by caste. He comes of a well-to-do family of very good social position. His father, V. Damodara Panikkar, is a retired Sub-Registrar and is now a Bench Magistrate at Palghat; ^{one of his} brothers is the Adikari or headman of the village ^{and} Karim in the Wailuvana Taluk of South Malabar. ^{The Candidate} is now in his 21st year.

3. Ramunni Panikkar studied at the Victoria College, Palghat, from 1900 to 1902 and

Pages of Cf.

Two years from 1st Sept. 1907
(Cf. G.O. 344 of 16.5.06 - II)

Page of G.O. no. 177 of 19.10.06. Q

do do

do do

Cf. pages 2110 of do

Pages of do

Note 465-66 8/24
485 8/24 of 1907

Pages 5, 6 & 7 of 80. 677 Sol Q
19.10.06

Page 9 of do

Pages 1 & 2 of do

80 = 677 Sol 19.10.06
80 = 31 Sol 18.1.07 W

his application for a scholarship
would be favourably considered.
Vide page 6 & 7 of cf. in the linked
file -

2. 14 3P
and subsequently at the Presidency Col-
lege, Madras, from 1903 to 1906. He
passed the B.A. degree examination from
the latter college in December 1904 with
Chemistry and Physics as his optional
branch, and the M.A. degree examination
in Chemistry in January last.

4. He applied for a technical
scholarship in July 1906 for studying
tanning. The Governor in Council con-
sidered that as he had no practical knowledge of
tanning and informed him that if he should
undergo a preliminary training in the
industry for twelve months, he was accordingly
informed that if he furnished a
certificate on completion of the period
of training that he had acquired the
requisite training and possessed the
necessary aptitude for further instruc-
tion in Europe he would be granted a
scholarship. Since passing the M.A.
degree examination, he has been working
at a native tannery at Kodambakam near
Madras. He has now applied to this
Government requesting that the period of
his preliminary training may be reduced
on the ground that he has already studied
the various processes of native tanning
as well as the chrome process as carried on in
Madras. The Governor in Council is
prepared to grant this request in con-
sideration of Ramanna Panikkar's
special qualifications
in Chemistry and of the fact that if he
is not now given a scholarship and sent
to England in September next he will
have practically to wait until September

2 15 40 22

1908 for the scholarship.

I have etc.

T.K.
16.7.07

80
16.7.07

Chs
17.7.7.

402
17.7.07

22

Sept 22/07

Sept 20-7-07
PA

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1608

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