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Report on the Administration
of the Madras Excise
and Prohibition Dept.

1951-52

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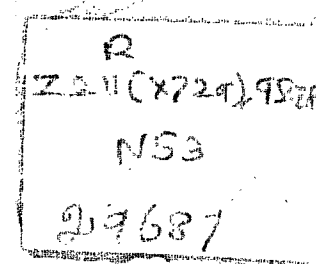
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REPORT ON THE
ADMINISTRATION
OF THE MADRAS EXCISE
AND PROHIBITION
DEPARTMENT

FOR THE YEAR

1951-52

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* செப்பவருவதற்காக ருத்தகம் *

* தொள்ளப்பட்ட 1988 *

* மாசம் வருடம் *

* செப்பவரு ருத்தகம் *

* தொள்ளப்பட்ட 1987 *

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* துரட்சி உதவிக்காக கையொப்பம். *

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE MADRAS EXCISE AND PROHIBITION DEPARTMENT

FOR THE YEAR 1951-52

29687

CHAPTER I—ESTABLISHMENT

Personnel.—Sri V. N. Kudva, I.C.S., continued to be in charge of the department during the year and was assisted by Sri V. Krishnamurti, the Assistant Secretary, Board of Revenue (Excise Department).

2. Establishment.—The Excise department continued to enforce Prohibition in the districts of Srihankulam, Visakhapatnam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Krishna, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Kurnool, The Nilgiris, South Kanara, Malabar, Madras, Chingleput, South Arcot, Ramanathapuram and Tirunelveli.

The details of staff sanctioned for the enforcement of Prohibition in the Excise Prohibition Districts are given in Statement I in the Appendix.

3. In the Godavari Agency Circles and the Agency tracts of Visakhapatnam and West Godavari, where the Abkari Act is in force, the Excise staff continued.

4. In the interests of efficient administration of the Prohibition Act in East Godavari district the taluks of Rajahmundry and Ramachandrapuram which formed part of the jurisdiction of Cocanada and Amalapuram circles respectively were reconstituted into a separate circle, 'Rajahmundry Circle' under the charge of a Deputy Prohibition Officer.

In effecting economy in Government expenditure the following staff were withdrawn during the year:—

Sub-Inspectors.	Petty officers.	Prohibition guards.
23	14	211

During the year under review, the Vinegar Factory, Mangalore, was closed with effect from 1st April 1952.

5. Punishments.—The total number of punishments inflicted on the officers of the department was 462 (240). The percentage on the punishments to total strength was 7.4 (3.6).

6. Prosecution.—Twenty-three (11) persons of the department were prosecuted during the year for offences committed or alleged to have been committed in their official capacity.

7. Resignation.—One hundred and four (94) subordinates of the department resigned during the year.

8. Deaths.—The total number of deaths was 22 (33).

9. Pension and gratuity.—Ninety-eight (108) persons were either retired or discharged on gratuity.

CHAPTER II—COUNTRY SPIRITS.

10. During the year 1951-52 all arrack shops in the State remained closed and there was no production of arrack in the State as Prohibition was in force throughout the State. In the Agency areas also, all arrack shops remained closed, but the limit of private possession continued as the Madras Abkari Act, 1886, was in force there.

CHAPTER III—TODDY.

11. No toddy shops existed during the year under review and tapping of fermented toddy was not permitted as Prohibition was in force throughout the State.

12. *Agency areas.*—In the Agency areas, all toddy shops remained closed, though the Madras Abkari Act, 1886, was in force there and the limit of private possession continued. The Koyas were permitted to tap trees for fermented toddy for their personal consumption as in the previous years. The number of trees tapped by the Koyas was 27,382 (32,724). No trees were tapped in the Agency tracts for sweet juice for domestic consumption. But tapping of palmyra trees for sweet toddy for jaggery manufacture has been allowed in Achalapalem and Busarajupalle villages in Polavaram taluk of West Godavari district and Surampalem and Jiyampalem in Yellavaram taluk of East Godavari district.

CHAPTER IV—FOREIGN LIQUOR.

13. *Duty.*—The rate of duty on Indian Made Foreign Liquor, Indian made, rectified spirit, Indian made wine and Indian made medicated wines was raised from Rs. 30 to Rs. 35 per proof gallon with effect from 1st April 1947. The rate of duty on coconut toddy arrack however continued at the rate of Rs. 25 per proof gallon. The duty on beer brewed in India was also raised from annas 10 to annas 12 per gallon with effect from 1st April 1947. The rates of duty on imported spirit and beer were raised by 20 per cent with effect from 1st March 1942 and continued up to 1st March 1944 when it was raised by 50 per cent and this continued.

14. A comparative statement showing the consumption of foreign liquor including Indian made foreign spirits and beer brewed in India is given below:—

	1912-13.	1937-38.	1950-51.	1951-52.
	GALLONS.	GALLONS.	GALLONS.	GALLONS.
Wines (excluding medicated wines).	27,265	13,922	4,021	44,557
Spirits	146,044	72,837	23,711	36,256
Beer	581,465	591,989	36,101	69,396
Denatured spirit	19,557	115,402	959,812	4,050,525
Methyl alcohol		1,115		

Compared with the previous year there has been an increase in the consumption of the above items.

Denatured spirit and methyl alcohol are not potable. Denatured spirit has many commercial utilities.

15. After the introduction of total prohibition in this State no brewery is functioning. Two hundred and forty (1,720) gallons of beer were imported from Mysore. There were no exports of beer to Mysore and other States.

16. *Imports.*—The quantity of foreign liquors imported by sea into this State shows a decrease over the last year—125,034 (160,152) gallons—vide statement 'D' attached.

17. *Spiritous preparations.*—The rate of duty on spirit contained in the medical preparations manufactured in bond in this State or manufactured elsewhere in India and imported into this State by land or underbond by sea remained unaltered at Rs. 5 per proof gallon. The rate of duty on spirit contained in culinary, aerated water, flavouring essences, extracts, colourings, perfumes and toilet preparations manufactured in bond in this State or manufactured elsewhere in India and imported into this State by land or underbond by sea remained also unaltered at Rs. 17-8-0 per proof gallon. The rate of duty at Rs. 17-8-0 per proof gallon on preparations which may be used for other than medicinal purposes continued to be unaltered during the year.

The rate of duty on the spirit contained in the preparations 'Mritasanjibani Sura, Mritasanjibani Sudha and Mritasanjibani' remained unaltered at rupees 21-14-0 per proof gallon during the year.

18. The duty realized on spirituous preparations issued from Pharmaceutical laboratories and from the firms for which special licences were granted for the manufacture of spirituous homoeopathic preparations underbond is given below:—

Spirituous medical preparations.				Other spirituous preparations.			
1950-51.		1951-52.		1950-51.		1951-52.	
RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.
4,65,951	15 0	1,58,478	0 0	1,73,830	5 0	43,102	7 0

19. There was a decrease in the total amount of duty realized on the spirituous preparations, manufactured in this State during the year 1951-52. The duty realized on spirituous preparations issued from the Medical Stores Depot, Madras, amounted to Rs. 89,013-6-0. The duty collected on imports of spirituous preparations made into this State from other States underbond by land amounted to Rs. 20,89,327-6-3.

20. *Licences for denatured spirit and methyl alcohol.*—The rate of licence fee of annas 10 per imperial gallon on denatured spirit and methyl alcohol was raised to annas 12 per imperial gallon with effect from 1st April 1947 and this continued. An amount of Rs. 3,11,578-8-0 (Rs. 7,19,351) was realized on this account.

21. *Gallage fees.*—The scheme for levy of a fee on the volume of retail sale of foreign liquor and Indian made foreign spirits approved by the Government in 1936, continued to be in force during the year. As a concession to Military, the collection of gallage fees on wines, spirits and beer supplied to Military from C.S.I.D. was waived with effect from 1st April 1945 but this concession was later withdrawn with effect from 1st January 1947. The existing rates of gallage fees are as follows:—

	RS.	A.	P.
(i) Spirits, liquor, Champagne, wines classified by the Commissioner as sparkling wines containing more than 42 per cent of proof spirit.	4	8	1
(ii) Wines of all other kinds	2	4	0
(iii) Beer, cider, etc.	0	12	0

The total amount of gallage fees realized was Rs. 3,39,795 during the year.

22. *Licences.*—Consequent on the total introduction of Prohibition licences were issued under the Madras Prohibition Act, 1937. The total number of fixed fee licences issued and the amount of fees realized thereon are furnished below :—

Licences in	Number of licences.	Amount of fees collected.
		RS. A. P.
1 Form II	446	11,150 0 0
2 Form II-A and II-E	36	1,535 0 0
3 Form III	38	190 0 0
4 Form III-A	1,201	1,201 0 0
5 Form III-B	143	1,480 0 0
6 Form III-C	2,552	12,760 0 0
7 Spirituous preparations special licences.	429	6,435 0 0
8 Rectified spirit licences	241	2,410 0 0
9 Homoeopathic licence	6	250 0 0
10 Licences in Form X	20	5,500 0 0
11 Licences in Form XI	1	15 0 0
12 Special canteen licences	16	240 0 0
13 Di stillery licence	6	500 0 0
14 Vinegar licence	1	250 0 0

23. The total number of "free of fee licences" issued under the Madras Prohibition Act for the year are furnished below :—

Form of licence.	Number of licences.
1 D.I-Licence for possession and use of denatured spirit, etc.	593
2 D.I-A Licence for possession and use of methylated spirit by charitable institutions, etc.	6
3 D.II-Licence for wholesale vend of denatured spirits etc.	388
4 D.III-Licence for retail sale	699
5 Authority Nos. I and II for possession and use of sacramental wine.	1,114

24. *Revenue.*—A comparative statement showing the revenue derived from the principal kinds of liquor and spirits is furnished below :—

	1950-51.	1951-52.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
(i) Liquor—		
Indian made foreign spirits ..	86,962 0 0	9,22,571 0 0
Indian made beer	932 0 0	241 0 0
(ii) Indian made rectified spirits ..	70,492 0 0	3,54,054 0 0
(iii) Rental, fixed fee licences ..	48,898 0 0	43,781 0 0
(iv) Others—		
Licence fees and gallonage fees on denatured spirit, liquors and Indian made rectified spirits.	12,19,491 0 0	4,66,027 0 0

CHAPTER V—OPIUM.

25. *Issue price and limit of private possession.*—The issue price of opium from the taluk cutcheries during the year was as follows :—

To registered addicts in the scheduled areas—Rs. 240 per seer (Rs. 3 per tola).

To registered addicts in the other areas of the State—Rs. 480 per seer (Rs. 6 per tola).

To licensees throughout the State—Rs. 175 per seer.

Possession of opium was allowed only to registered addicts who held permits and by licensees who required it for medicinal, scientific or such other purpose.

26. *Shops.*—There were no shops in the State including the scheduled areas where Prohibition has not been introduced. Opium was issued to registered addicts and licensees from taluk cutcheries.

27. *Consumption.*—The consumption of raw opium amounted to 4,159 (5,791) seers showing a decrease of 28.2 per cent as compared with that of last year.

28. *Issue of opium for veterinary and quasi-veterinary purposes.*—Opium and its preparations weighing 119 lb. 11 oz. 5 gr. (153 lb. 4 oz. 219 gr.) were issued by the officers of the Government Animal Husbandry Department.

29. *Revenue.*—The revenue derived from opium amounted to Rs. 19.98 (26.39) lakhs. The sale-proceeds of raw opium amounted to Rs. 19.91 (26.29) lakhs.

30. *Issues to places outside the State.*—The issues of opium to Mysore were 175 (700) seers. The issues to French Establishments were 216 (20½) seers and to Coorg 23 (nil) seers.

31. *Cocaine.*—Transactions in cocaine and its preparations were conducted under M-1 and M-2 licences. Eighty-nine (229) licences were issued. The total stock of cocaine with the licensees at the beginning of the year was 9 oz. 360 gr. There were no imports during the year. The total sales (retail and wholesale) amounted to 375 gr. (6 oz. 269 gr.). The balance of stock at the end of the year was 8 oz. 422 grs.

CHAPTER VI—HEMP DRUGS.

32. *Cultivation.*—Ganja and bhang are made from the hemp plant. Ganja is made from the flowers and bhang, which is inferior, is made from the leaves.

There was no cultivation of hemp plant during the year under report.

Consequent on the closure of the Government Ganja Storehouse at Vetalpalem, the ganja and bhang confiscated under the Madras Prohibition Act and found good and fit for use are issued to licensees for the purpose of manufacturing medicinal preparations. Confiscated stocks of ganja and bhang are therefore collected and issued to the licensees from the Board's Laboratory.

33. *Duty and limit of private possession.*—The rates of duty on ganja and bhang issued from the Government stocks continued to be Rs. 80 and Rs. 40 per seer, respectively.

Possession of ganja and bhang was prohibited except by holders of licences in Forms V and VI-B under the Madras Prohibition Act.

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MADRAS EXCISE AND PROHIBITION DEPARTMENT

CHAPTER VIII—EXCISE AND PROHIBITION INTELLIGENCE BUREAU.

34. *Shops.*—Prohibition was in force during the year under report. Hence there were no shops in the State including the Scheduled areas where Prohibition has not been introduced.

35. *Consumption and revenue.*—Ganja was issued only to licence-holders in this State. Ten (13) seers of ganja were issued to them during the year. No bhang was issued to them.

36. The total revenue derived from hemp drugs amounted to 0.01 (0.01) lakh.

37. *Ganja seed oil and poonac.*—There was no manufacture or sale of ganja seed oil or poonac.

CHAPTER VII—REVENUE.

38. *Demand and collection.*—The total revenue (demand)—column (3) of the Statement A—is compared in the following table with that of the previous year:—

Head of revenue.	1950-51.	1951-52.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
(a) Country spirits	..	..	..	..
(b) Country fermented liquor	..	..	..	..
(c) Malt liquors	14,455	17,087	2,632	..
(d) Wines and spirits (foreign liquors other than beer, medicated wines and commercial spirits.)	1,29,247	1,04,255	..	24,992
(e) Receipts from commercial spirits including denatured spirits and medicated wines.	1,95,243	2,02,829	75,586	..
(f) Opium	12,91,453	9,40,032	..	3,45,421
(g) Duties on medicinal and toilet preparations containing alcohol, opium, etc.	7,75,567	1,52,501	..	6,22,866
(h) Hemp and other drugs	532	1,128	546	..
(i) Receipts from Distilleries	..	..	..	..
(k) Fines, confiscations and miscellaneous.	15,71,982	12,74,529	..	2,97,453
(l) Recoveries of overpayments	35,014	10,070	..	14,944
(m) Collection of payments for services rendered.	85,309	72,389	6,980	..
Total	40,65,852	27,80,859	17,724	12,85,716

The total collection for the year including the arrears of previous years amounted to Rs. 27,74,678 (Rs. 40,77,356). A sum of Rs. 16,572 was written off as irrecoverable.

39. *Charges.*—The total expenditure during the year amounted to Rupees 84,63,869 (Rs. 79,78,884) the details of which will be found in the Central Return No. II.

40. *Incidence of taxation.*—The incidence of total excise revenue per head of population in the State was 11 pies (As. 1-4). No allowance has been made for the increase of population since the Census of 1941.

41. *Establishment.*—The staff of the Excise and Prohibition Intelligence Bureau consisted of one Inspector, one Deputy Prohibition Officer, two Assistant Inspectors, one Sub-Inspector, 24 Petty Officers, nine peons, four Prohibition guards, one Head clerk, one lower division clerk and one typist.

The headquarters of the Bureau continued to be at Chepauk, Madras.

42. *Functions of the Bureau.*—The Bureau in the previous years was mainly intended to deal with the smuggling of opium and ganja by Inter-State and International smugglers. But, now, the Bureau devotes a part of its attention to the smuggling of liquor and intoxicating drugs from the French Establishments and other States. The Bureau has got jurisdiction all over the State.

43. During the year 1951-52, the Bureau detected 264 Prohibition cases against 124 cases of the previous year. The Bureau also has to its credit 44 (15) opium cases involving 246 seers and 37 tolas of opium (279 seers and 16-1/6 tolas).

Out of the Prohibition cases, the one big seizure at Central Station involving 13 seers of ganja smuggled from North India through trains, concealed in the latrine walls and water tanks of the III class compartments of the Grand Trunk Express is a commendable one.

44. *Excise supplements.*—Excise supplements to the Madras Criminal Intelligence Gazette were issued every month.

45. *Reward.*—The total rewards sanctioned during the year in the cases detected by the Excise and Prohibition Intelligence Bureau is Rs. 24,942 (Rs. 18,415). The percentage of rewards given to outsiders works out to 88.9. The increase in rewards is due to better quality of detection during the year.

46. *Assaults.*—Thirty-one (forty-six for 1950-51) cases of assaults on Prohibition Officers and guards were reported during the year under review (1951-52). In two cases, the Prohibition staff opened fire, when the mob assaulted the officers by pelting of stones, etc. One instance occurred in Tirunelveli district and the other in South Kanara district. In both these instances the shots were fired into the air and caused no injury to anyone. The staff have been warned and instructed not to shoot in the air and use fire-arms only when extreme occasions justify their use.

CHAPTER IX—LABORATORY.

47. The total number of samples analysed and articles examined during the year under review were 4,742 (3,136) an increase of 51 per cent over last year due mainly to the large increase in number of samples of wash, arrack and opium analysed during the period.

48. *Foreign liquor.*—Sixty-five (37) samples of brandy, whisky, gin, etc., were tested. Of them 16 (8) related to consignments of confiscated samples and those found genuine and of the required minimum strength were sold to licensees and the rest were destroyed. The remaining samples related to cases under the Prohibition Act.

49. *Ganja and its preparations.*—Two hundred and seventeen (144) samples were received under this head for analysis. Of them 177 samples were found

to be either ganja or ganja plants and the rest were found free from ganja. Thirty-six (15) consignments of confiscated ganja were received during the year and as all of them were found old and unfit for use they were destroyed.

50. *Opium and its preparations.*—Six hundred and twenty-eight (534) samples were received for analysis under the Dangerous Drugs and Opium Acts. Of them 304 samples were raw opium, 272 samples were prepared opium and 34 samples were found to be free from opium. Eighteen samples of surrendered drugs were analysed and those found good were sold to licensees and the rest were destroyed.

51. *Denaturants.*—Ninety-three (69) samples of denaturants were tested and all of them were passed for use in denaturing spirit for ordinary and special purposes.

52. *Measures.*—Nine (31) gallon measures were received for test and all of them were found correct in capacity.

53. *Miscellaneous samples.*—Under this head a very large number—3,696 (2,392) comprising various kinds of samples, viz., preparations suspected to contain alcohol, fermented liquor, ayurvedic preparations like asavas and arishtas, denatured spirit, varnishes suspected to have been rendered potable, stomach wash, urine and blood samples in drunkenness cases, preparations containing chloral hydrate, spirituous medicinal and toilet preparations, etc., and laghuns suspected to contain ganja and opium were received. One thousand nine hundred and forty-five samples of suspected arrack, fermented wash, toddy and sonti sora samples were analysed during the year and of them 133 samples were found to be free from alcohol. Two hundred and twenty-six samples of asavas and arishtas were analysed and classified. One hundred and sixty-five samples of denatured spirit suspected to have been rendered potable were analysed and of them 56 samples were found to be pure denatured spirit and the rest were found to be denatured spirit on which attempt to render them potable had been made by diluting with water and by adding sugar, common salt, and lemon juice. Two samples were found to be diluted and coloured methylated spirit. Four hundred and fifty-five samples of varnishes suspected to have been rendered potable were analysed and of them 261 samples were found on analysis to be varnishes on which attempts had been made to render them potable by diluting with water and by adding common salt and sugar. One hundred and forty-six samples of stomach wash, blood and urine in drunkenness cases were analysed and alcohol was found in 101 samples. All the fifty-four samples suspected to contain chloral hydrate were, on analysis, found to contain this drug. This drug has since been declared to be an intoxicating drug and brought under control under the Madras Chloral Hydrate Rules. Five hundred and twenty-four spirituous preparations were analysed. Of them 182 were spirituous medicinal preparations, 176 were spirituous essences, 69 were toilet preparations and 97 were patent preparations analysed for classification and levy of duty. Other samples dealt with under this head include samples of lead rivets, laghuns suspected to contain ganja and opium and colouring matter for use in colouring denatured spirit.

54. Forty-one (45) liquor testing instruments were standardized during the year.

55. Four maunds and one seer of opium in half seer cakes repressed in the Laboratory from the stock of confiscated opium were issued to the Madras Taluk office for sale to permit-holders.

56. Ten seers and twelve tolas of ganja were issued to licensees (for the manufacture of approved ayurvedic preparations) from the stock of confiscated ganja in the Laboratory.

57. The work in the Laboratory has increased to a very great extent.

Number and kind of samples analysed in the Laboratory in 1951-52.

	1951-52.	1950-51.
1 Foreign liquor	66	37
2 Ganja and its preparations	217	144
3 Opium and its preparations	628	428
4 Denaturants	93	69
5 Gallon measures	9	21
6 Miscellaneous samples	3,696	2,392
7 Instruments standardized	41	45
Total	4,749	3,136

CHAPTER X—PROHIBITION (ENFORCEMENT).

58. Prohibition continued to be in force throughout the State except in the Agency areas during the year under review. The Prohibition Department (formerly Excise Department) continued to be in charge of the enforcement of the provisions of the Act in the districts of Anantapur, Bellary, Kurnool, Cuddapah, Malabar, South Kanara, the Nilgiris, Visakhapatnam, Srikakulam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Krishna, Madras, Chingleput, South Arcot, Ramanathapuram and Tirunelveli, while the Police Department was entrusted with the work in the remaining nine districts, viz., Salem, Coimbatore, North Arcot, Chittoor, Guntur, Nellore, Tanjore, Tiruchirappalli and Madurai.

59. *Offences.*—A classified statement of offences reported during the year is appended to this Chapter—Statement II in the Appendix. The total number of cases registered in the 26 districts of the State is furnished below :—

Districts.	Number of cases reported.	
	1951-52.	1950-51.
Anantapur	4,115	3,169
Bellary	4,903	3,696
Kurnool	5,304	3,692
Cuddapah	4,019	3,377
Salem	10,436	8,937
Coimbatore	4,162	3,075
North Arcot	11,773	9,451
Chittoor	4,172	2,086
Guntur	4,571	4,903
Nellore	1,504	942
The Nilgiris	216	191

Districts.	Number of cases reported.	
	1951-52.	1950-51.
South Kanara	1,763	1,445
Malabar	2,138	2,017
Tanjore	1,538	1,272
Tiruchirappalli	3,196	1,773
Madurai	2,403	1,421
Visakhapatnam	6,061	6,798
Srikakulam	3,104	2,181
	(September 1950 to March 1951).	
East Godavari	2,904	3,440
West Godavari	4,653	3,892
Krishna	3,430	4,015
Madras	8,319	4,001
Chingleput	6,240	3,186
South Arcot	4,976	2,798
Ramanathapuram	1,055	505
Tirunelveli	2,484	1,434
Total ..	109,558	84,597

An increase in the number of cases was noticed in all districts except Guntur, Visakhapatnam, East Godavari, West Godavari and Krishna districts. There was a marked rise in the detection figures ranging from 70 to 108 per cent in the districts of Tiruchirappalli, Madurai, Madras, Chingleput, South Arcot, Ramanathapuram and Tirunelveli. Of the total of 109,558 (84,597) cases, 45,627—40.7 per cent (33,000—39 per cent) related to illicit distillation and kindred offences, 1,291 (1,395) to smuggling, 8,755 (6,251) to tapping of trees, 3,585 (4,067) to transport, possession and sale of liquor, 1,975 (1,808) to intoxicating drugs, 47,565 (37,130) to consumption of liquor, drunkenness and other miscellaneous offences, 158 (100) to rendering denatured spirits potable, 432 (590) to opium and 170 (256) to dangerous drugs.

60. *Illicit distillation and kindred offences.*—Detection under this head is gradually mounting in almost all districts, suggesting increase in the incidence of crime. In the districts of Tanjore, Madras, Chingleput, South Arcot, Ramanathapuram and Tirunelveli, where this type of crime was not much in evidence at the time of introduction of the Act, figures of detection have shown a substantial increase. It may be noted that in the Ceded districts and in the districts of Salem, North Arcot and Chittoor which were the first to go dry in 1946, the increase in the actual distillation offences is not so marked, while cases of possession of illicitly distilled liquor and consumption and drunkenness have gone up. This will only indicate that the detection of distillation cases is becoming more and more difficult as the habitual offenders have, with experience, learnt many ways to circumvent the efforts of the enforcement staff. When big raids are organized, huge quantities of wash and distilling

implements are seized without the possibility of fixing responsibility or ownership of the contraband. As possession has been interpreted to mean 'exclusive possession' advantage is taken to bury the contraband in open places or in spaces where the ownership is common or rests with more than one person. Evidence to show ownership is rarely forthcoming. Only in the cases of transport and possession of liquor, the offenders are invariably caught red-handed. Even here, the culprits devise novel and ingenious methods for transporting liquor to the places of demand, to escape detection. Smuggling is pre-arranged and all kinds of ingenious methods are adopted. Liquor is being concealed in places like gutters, latrines, tanks, under debris, garbages or buried underground, wherefrom the addicts remove it stealthily. Profits are handsome and a technique is evolved by which the trade continues even when the offender is sentenced. Distillation, transport and sale of liquor are mostly committed by the hirelings, and the principals, who reap the benefits of such acts, remain behind the screens and generally escape detection. Illicit liquor traffic and its consumption are largely noticeable in the urban than in rural areas. The dealer in illicit liquor is out for maximum gains and the consumer in the towns is only too ready to pay any price. Experience has shown that it is not always possible to collect necessary materials and evidence to bring home the offence to the law-breakers who are behind the screen and finance the illicit trade. Quite often, an acquittal is scored on technical grounds. These practical difficulties, and the meagre punishments imposed by the magistracy on the hirelings, actually embolden the principals and give them an incentive to continue their illegal acts.

61. *Illicit tapping.*—During the year, there was an appreciable rise in cases, under this head (8,755 × 6,251). Chingleput and West Godavari districts topped the list by reporting 1,327 and 1,112 cases, respectively. In East Godavari district, though the tapping was allowed only from January 1952, as many as 419 cases were detected before the close of the year. This, as well as the increase in tapping offences in Tirunelveli, Nellore and Tanjore districts will indicate the extent of abuse of the concessions to the tappers. There were complaints from many parts of the State, particularly East Godavari and West Godavari districts that only fermented toddy was being drawn under the guise of sweet toddy. This state of affairs is mainly attributed to the fact that the income derived from the jaggery industry is not commensurate with the labour and money involved in it. Controlling of illicit tapping crime has thus become a problem to the enforcement staff in the areas where there are extensive palm tops. Unless the whole quantity of sweet toddy drawn, by the tappers is brought to the respective societies and immediately converted into jaggery, in a collective manner, there appears to be no way out of the situation, except by refusal of the concessions.

62. *Denatured spirits.*—The total number of cases of misuse of denatured spirits rose from 100 to 158 during the year. The Chingleput district topped the list with 40 cases. The abuse of denatured spirit for potable purposes is gradually spreading from district to district. Though there are restrictions in regard to this, they do not apply to French Polish, the abuse of which is reported from many areas. Measures to control manufacture, possession and sale have already been suggested.

63. *Intoxicating drugs.*—Out of the 1,975 (1,808) cases reported under this head, 49 related to cultivation of hemp plants, 23 to smuggling from district to district, 87 to smuggling from other States and the rest to possession of drugs. There was no organized effort at smuggling on any large scale. Mysore ganja was, however, being smuggled in small quantities into the border

districts of this State for local consumption. Cases involving large seizures are generally detected by the Excise and Prohibition Intelligence Bureau and the details of such cases are given in Chapter VIII.

64. *Opium.*—Four hundred and thirty-two cases (590) were detected under the Opium Act during the year. Except in the cases which are reported by the Excise and Prohibition Intelligence Bureau, the contraband involved in all other cases is not generally large, indicating that the drug was mostly intended for personal consumption.

65. *Border problems.*—This State adjoins Orissa, Hyderabad, Mysore and Travancore-Cochin States and French Establishments. The entire Mysore borders continued to be dry. A portion of the borders of the Travancore-Cochin State still remained wet. Though the Hyderabad Government created a 3-mile dry belt in certain parts bordering this State, trees were allowed to be tapped for toddy in that belt for supply to shops situated in the interior. There have been frequent complaints that liquor finds its way stealthily into Srikakulam and Visakhapatnam districts from the Orissa State, in spite of the border and the train checks conducted by the Prohibition staff. This can be tackled effectively only if the officers on the other side keep close watch over the activities of the suspected smugglers. There has been no co-operation, whatsoever, from the French Establishments in the enforcement of Prohibition in this State. This is further evidenced by the fact that the French authorities have allowed opening of four additional toddy shops in Mahe very close to the Union Territory. Illicit distillation and illicit tapping are reported to be freely allowed in the French pockets besides smuggling of foreign liquor by habitual offenders. A number of addicts in the border areas visit the French Territory to satisfy their craving for drink. The proposed erection of barbed-wire fence around Pondicherry and Karaikal may go a long way in the prevention of smuggling.

66. *Checking of vehicles on the borders and other strategic points* was adequate. The results achieved by such checks cannot be considered to be commensurate with the number of vehicles checked and the time involved but yet they had the desired preventive effect.

67. *Co-operation from outside agencies in the enforcement of Prohibition.*—The co-operation of the Police in the detection of Prohibition offences continued to be satisfactory and was pronounced in Bellary and East Godavari districts. Their relationship with the Prohibition staff in the Excise Prohibition districts continued to be cordial. Customs officials on the Pondicherry and the Karaikal borders played their role fairly well in prevention and detection of smuggling offences. While some of the village officers actively assisted the enforcement staff, some among them were suspected to be either passively conniving at the crime or actively encouraging the offenders. Instructions have been issued from time to time to the Collectors to deal with those coming under the latter category suitably as and when any misdeeds are brought to their notice. The District Advisory Councils have been meeting regularly and giving suggestions for the effective enforcement of the Act. The attendance of non-official members was not however encouraging. The members of the Taluk and the Village Prohibition Committees have not been taking the desired interest, as expected of them. Public co-operation towards the enforcement of the Act has become moribund and the staff have to rely on their own strength and resources. There are many instances where not only the villagers helped the offenders escape from the lawful custody, but also assaulted the staff. In the few cases where they come forward to assist the

staff and stand as mahazar witnesses, they do not stick to their statements in court and many of them turn hostile during the trial, resulting in acquittal of cases.

68. *Enforcement—General remarks.*—Despite of handicaps the Prohibition staff have on the whole enforced the Prohibition Act satisfactorily in all areas. The judgment of the Supreme Court necessitated the lift of the ban on possession and sale of spirituous medicinal and toilet preparations. The withdrawal of restrictions on such preparations, their manufacture and import in astronomical quantities, their sale by unscrupulous chemists even when there were no medicinal demand and the interpretation placed by courts that consumption meant consumption of liquor, worsened the situation as far as drunkenness was concerned. The situation is being exploited by the pharmaceutical laboratories, chemists, and the drug licensees who manufacture and sell preparations like Spiritus Aetheris, Nitrosi, Tinctura Zingiberis Mitis, etc. The result is that 'medicated alcohol' is alcohol which the law permits to be consumed, as it is not prohibited alcohol.

It must also be mentioned that the sentences imposed on offenders by the magistracy, particularly in the separation districts, have been deplorably lenient. The proposed amendment making it incumbent on magistrates to impose a minimum sentence for offences under the Act, if passed into law, may improve the crime position.

The rise in total figures of registered crime this year, indicates the increased measure of activity by the preventive staff, though it may not represent the volume of crime in the State.

CHAPTER XI—GENERAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

69. Prohibition has not been extended to the Agency areas. Though the Madras Abkari Act, 1886, is in force there, no shops for the sale of liquor of intoxicating drugs have been opened. Tapping of palmyra trees for sweet toddy for jaggery manufacture has been allowed in four select villages in the Agency areas of East Godavari and West Godavari districts, i.e., Surampalem, Jiyampalem and Achalapalem and Busarajpalle.

70. The Government accepted the recommendation of the Madras Prohibition Enquiry Committee, that the quantity of opium issued to addicts might be reduced annually by 20 per cent and the issue completely stopped after a period of five years by which time the addicts would have prepared themselves for absolute abstinence. This decision was given effect to from 1st October 1949 and a further reduction of 20 per cent was given effect to from 1st October 1951. In view of the representations received for reconsidering the above policy, the Government have directed that, in cases where applications are made for the issue of opium on medical grounds from fresh applicants and old addicts requesting restoration of the original quota, the request may be granted if the applications are supported by medical certificates from Honorary or paid Government Medical Officers not below the rank of Assistant Surgeons and there are corroborating reports from the District Superintendents of Police or District Prohibition Officers of the concerned districts. These concessions are allowed only in exceptional cases.

BOARD OF REVENUE (EXCISE),

MADRAS,

17th December 1952.

V. KRISHNAMURTI,

Assistant Secretary.

APPENDIX I.—Statement showing the distribution of staff in the Excise Prohibition districts.

District.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
		Deputy Commissioners.	District Prohibition Officers.	Deputy Prohibition Officers.	Assistant Prohibition Officers.	Sub-Inspectors.	Petty Officers.	Prohibition guards.	Bus drivers.	Deep drivers.	Bus cleaners.	Superintendents of stores & Comm.	Head Clerk of District Prohibition Office.	Accountants.	Upper division clerks.	Lower division clerks.	Dyptists.	Steno typists.
Srikakulam ..	..	..	1	1	4	24	23	283	3	3	..	..	..	..	3	5	1	..
Vishakhapatnam ..	..	..	1	1	3	19	19	231	3	3	..	..	..	..	1	7	1	..
East Godavari ..	..	..	1	1	3	29	28	360	3	3	..	..	..	..	2	9	1	..
West Godavari ..	..	..	1	1	2	20	19	236	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	8	1	..
Krishna ..	..	..	1	1	2	26	33	346	3	3	..	..	..	..	2	7	1	..
Bellary ..	..	..	1	1	2	30	32	348	2	4	..	..	..	..	2	5	1	..
Anantapur ..	..	..	1	1	3	26	28	325	3	3	..	..	..	..	2	5	1	..
Cuddapah ..	..	..	1	1	3	21	18	257	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	5	1	..
Kurnool ..	..	..	1	1	2	28	29	340	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	6	1	..
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	1	1	2	4	4	54	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
South Kanara ..	..	..	1	1	3	38	39	490	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	..
Malabar ..	..	..	1	1	4	54	58	584	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	11	1	..
Madras City ..	..	..	1	1	3	24	24	248	2	3	..	..	..	..	2	10	1	..
Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition (Enforcement), North.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	1	..	1	3	4	1	1
Deputy Commissioner of Prohibition (Enforcement), South.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	1	..	1	3	4	1	1
Chingleput ..	..	..	1	1	4	23	23	242	3	2	3	..	1	..	2	7	1	..
South Arcot ..	..	..	1	1	4	38	26	390	3	4	3	..	1	..	2	9	1	..
Total ..	..	2	17	40	71	457	457	5,316	40	45	40	2	16	2	37	124	18	2
					plus 1 special.													
					plus 1 special.													

N.B.—This excludes the staff employed in the Distillery, Agency, Excise and Prohibition Intelligence Bureau, and Board's Office and Laboratory.

APPENDIX II.—Showing Prohibition offences reported during the year 1951-52 (April 1951 to March 1952)

District.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
	Smuggling of liquor from other States.	Smuggling of liquor from district to district.	Illicit distillation.	Possession of illicitly distilled liquor.	Sale of illicitly distilled liquor.	Illicit tapping & lag for fermented toddy.	Permitting street tapping for sweet toddy to ferment.	Tapping for sweet toddy without licence.	Illicit transport of liquor.	Unlicensed sale of liquor.	Possession of liquor without permit.	Illicit cultivation of hemp plants.	Smuggling of drugs from district to district.		
Anantapur ..	..	..	486	1,137	16	..	..	..	..	..	5	9	..	23	
Bellary ..	2	..	274	1,593	12	69	..	..	..	..	62	13	..	49	
Kurnool ..	32	..	358	1,161	4	35	..	..	..	..	12	13	..	..	
Cuddapah ..	70	..	618	1,584	1	133	..	30	7	..	10	2	..	..	
Salem ..	..	..	1,025	2,387	3	69	5	42	..	..	118	1	..	..	
Coimbatore ..	..	..	861	987	1	310	2	139	4	..	46	3	..	..	
North Arcot ..	16	..	1,066	1,987	2	50	5	89	..	12	614	3	..	..	
Chittoor ..	..	..	584	1,043	4	127	..	465	..	..	28	3	..	..	
Guntur ..	..	..	453	1,547	..	751	..	28	..	..	116	..	..	..	
Nellore ..	..	..	254	342	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	
The Nilgiris ..	7	..	19	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	
South Kanara ..	73	..	407	583	1	32	36	15	1	..	53	1	..	..	
Malabar ..	87	..	443	169	..	164	10	40	1	..	205	..	..	13	
Tanjore ..	140	..	432	57	..	259	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	
Tiruchirappalli ..	..	..	683	812	..	38	4	66	..	..	5	..	..	..	
Madurai ..	2	..	1,097	2,062	1	928	50	27	..	..	61	..	..	..	
Vishakhapatnam ..	..	..	427	827	1	399	..	..	..	..	33	..	..	..	
Srikakulam ..	14	..	523	909	1	439	..	..	..	..	232	..	..	10	
East Godavari ..	283	..	398	1,081	1	1,034	55	53	1	..	256	6	..	..	
West Godavari ..	28	..	636	1,087	1	271	..	10	..	..	322	..	..	..	
Krishna ..	68	..	1,486	4,393	2	32	7	65	..	..	59	..	..	..	
Madras ..	21	28	2,032	762	2	546	..	781	..	4	438	1	..	..	
Chingleput ..	9	..	1,374	968	2	94	2	37	..	5	174	..	..	..	
South Arcot ..	372	..	139	72	2	113	1	51	..	19	210	1	..	..	
Ramanathapuram ..	..	3	620	372	..	556	201	61	..	..	276	..	..	..	
Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	169	..	..	..	
Total ..	1,249	42	10,690	28,985	52	6,416	343	1,961	14	58	3,513	49	23	..	

APPENDIX II.—Showing Prohibition offences reported during the year 1951-52 (April 1952 to March 1951)—cont.

District.	XV (a)	XVI	XVII	XVIII	XIX	XX	XXI	XXII	XXIII	XXIV	Total	
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
Anantapur ..	..	..	..	52	2,408	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,115
Bellary ..	..	..	..	21	2,891	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,953
Kurnool ..	..	..	..	60	2,589	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,304
Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	84	1,877	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,019
Balem ..	..	..	..	79	6,643	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,436
Coimbatore ..	..	..	..	54	1,871	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,162
North Arcot ..	..	..	..	90	7,618	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,773
Chittoor ..	50	..	..	21	1,895	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,172
Guntur ..	..	..	..	15	2,305	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,671
Nellore ..	..	..	..	12	111	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,504
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	6	145	..	..	..	..	..	..	216
South Kanara ..	..	..	..	9	549	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,763
Malabar ..	..	..	..	53	890	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,138
Tanjore ..	23	..	..	46	577	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,388
Tiruchirappalli ..	..	..	..	20	1,571	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,186
Madurai ..	..	..	..	88	859	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,403
Vishakhapatnam ..	..	..	..	46	1,537	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,081
Srikulam ..	..	..	..	16	1,062	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,403
East Godavari ..	1	..	..	14	1,645	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,081
West Godavari ..	..	..	..	16	1,118	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,904
Krishna ..	..	..	..	21	1,323	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,633
Madras ..	..	..	..	102	1,492	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,489
Chingleput ..	..	..	..	11	1,857	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,319
South Arcot ..	..	..	..	12	1,934	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,240
Ramanathapuram ..	..	..	..	39	329	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,976
Tirunelveli ..	5	..	..	45	509	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,055
Total	81	..	..	4,816	47,535	158	30	397	5	179	109,558	

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE

MADRAS EXCISE AND PROHIBITION DEPARTMENT

CENTRAL RETURN No. I.—Revenue, 1951-52, under "VIII. State Excise Duties."

Name of district.	Country spirits.				Country fermented liquors.			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1. Tiruchirappalli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2. Visakhapatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. East Godavari ..	..	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	240 0 0	..	..	..
4. West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Krishna ..	..	..	134 0 0	134 0 0	134 0 0	429 0 0	659 0 0	1,000 0 0
6. Guntur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7. Nellore ..	254 0 0	55 0 0	309 0 0	309 0 0	309 0 0	703 0 0	1,041 0 0	2,714 0 0
8. Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. Anantapur ..	9 0 0	..	9 0 0	9 0 0	9 0 0	..	..	..
10. Bellary ..	14 0 0	..	14 0 0	14 0 0	14 0 0	1,137 0 0	5 0 0	1,142 0 0
11. Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Chingleput ..	1,194 0 0	..	1,194 0 0	1,194 0 0	1,194 0 0	2,157 0 0	19 0 0	2,177 0 0
14. Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. North Arcot ..	..	96 0 0	96 0 0	96 0 0	96 0 0	..	..	..
16. South Arcot ..	119 0 0	165 0 0	234 0 0	234 0 0	234 0 0	33 0 0	67 0 0	109 0 0
17. Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18. Tiruchirappalli ..	..	47 0 0	47 0 0	47 0 0	47 0 0	..	..	..
19. Madurai ..	..	52 0 0	52 0 0	52 0 0	52 0 0	..	..	..
20. Ramanathapuram ..	..	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	..	..	..
21. Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22. Coimbatore ..	..	15 0 0	15 0 0	15 0 0	15 0 0	..	..	..
23. The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Salem ..	..	10 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	..	..	..
25. South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Malabar ..	..	10 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	..	..	..
27. Travancore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for 1951-52 ..	4,590 0 0	605 0 0	2,235 0 0	240 0 0	2,235 0 0	4,938 0 0	2,404 0 0	7,332 0 0

CENTRAL RETURN No. I.—Revenue, 1951-52, under "VIII. State Excise Duties"—cont.

Name of district.	Duty on beer manufactured in India.		Licence fees for sale of beer manufactured in India or abroad.		Total receipts from beer.		Duty on wines and spirits manufactured in India.		Licence fees for liquor generally, whether imported or manufactured in India.		Total of columns (14) and (15).		Total of columns (10) (13), and (16).		Duties on medicinal and toilet preparations containing alcohol, opium, etc.	
	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.
1 Srikulam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 Villakulam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 East Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 Krishna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7 Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8 Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9 Chintalapudi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10 Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11 Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13 Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14 North Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15 South Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16 Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17 Tiruchirappalli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18 Madurai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19 Tiruchengode ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for 1951-52 ..	241 0 0	12,683 0 0	12,683 0 0	12,683 0 0	12,683 0 0	12,683 0 0	241 0 0	12,683 0 0	12,683 0 0	12,683 0 0	241 0 0	12,683 0 0	241 0 0	12,683 0 0	241 0 0	12,683 0 0

CENTRAL RETURN No. I.—Revenue, 1951-52, under "VIII. State Excise Duties"—cont.

Name of district.	Duty on medicinal and toilet preparations containing alcohol and opium, etc.—cont.		Total of columns (18) and (19).		Licence fees for medicinal wines.		Licence fees for medicinal spirits.		Permit fees for medicinal spirits.		Total of columns (20) to (21) (22).		Sale-proceeds of excise opium.		Duty.	
	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.
1 Srikulam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 Villakulam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 East Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 Krishna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7 Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8 Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9 Chintalapudi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10 Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11 Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13 Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14 North Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15 South Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16 Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17 Tiruchirappalli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18 Madurai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19 Tiruchengode ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for 1951-52 ..	22,641 0 0	2,54,054 0 0	2,54,054 0 0	2,54,054 0 0	2,54,054 0 0	2,54,054 0 0	22,641 0 0	2,54,054 0 0	2,54,054 0 0	2,54,054 0 0	22,641 0 0	2,54,054 0 0	22,641 0 0	2,54,054 0 0	22,641 0 0	2,54,054 0 0

CENTRAL RETURN No. I.—Revenue, 1951-52, under "VIII. State Excise Duties"—cont.

Opium—cont.

Names of districts.	Licence fees for the sale of opium (wholesale and retail):		Total receipts from opium.		Sale-proceeds.		Licence fees (wholesale and retail).		Medical preparation of hemp drugs (druggists' permit).	Total receipts from hemp drugs.	Licence fees for the sale of opium (wholesale and retail):
	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.			
1 Srikakulam ..	22 0 0	76,946 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 Visakhapatnam ..	12,998 0 0	1,86,060 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 East Godavari ..	4 0 0	1,54,382 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 West Godavari ..	..	64,522 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 Krishna ..	..	18,886 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Guntur ..	62 0 0	62,156 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7 Nellore ..	100 0 0	26,493 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8 Cuddapah ..	58 0 0	12,101 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9 Anantapur ..	40 0 0	4,552 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10 Bellary ..	..	2,371 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11 Kurnool ..	..	7,569 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 Madras ..	170 0 0	13,351 0 0	18 0 0	5 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13 Chingleput ..	408 0 0	4,925 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14 Chittoor ..	51 0 0	12,194 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15 North Arcot ..	1 0 0	14,819 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16 South Arcot ..	..	19,898 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17 Tanjore ..	..	33,200 0 0	10 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18 Tiruchirappalli ..	174 0 0	14,440 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19 Madurai ..	258 0 0	12,946 0 0	10 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 Ramanathapuram ..	20 0 0	3,157 0 0	15 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21 Tirunelveli ..	..	14,156 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22 Coimbatore ..	122 0 0	23,929 0 0	110 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23 The Nilgiris ..	1,933 0 0	18,017 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24 Salem ..	..	25,804 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25 South Kanara ..	..	4,903 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26 Malabar ..	140 0 0	23,216 0 0	857 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27 Travancore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for 1951-52 ..	16,420 0 0	8,92,886 0 0	4,030 0 0	73 0 0	215 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE

CENTRAL RETURN No. I.—Revenue, 1951-52, under "VIII. State Excise Duties"—cont.

Names of districts.	Fines and forfeitures.		Receipts from distilleries—Fees from distilleries.		Miscellaneous.		Grand total of columns (1) to (7).		Refunds.		Deduct from column (8) expenditure as per central return No. II.		Total net excise revenue in the year.	
	Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.		Government.	
	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)	(52)	(53)	(54)	(55)
	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.
1 Srikakulam ..	10,008 0 0	..	..	..	75,776 0 0	..	1,81,869 0 0	..	305 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
2 Visakhapatnam ..	13,730 0 0	..	100 0 0	..	1,85,535 0 0	..	4,37,086 0 0	..	455 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
3 East Godavari ..	5,143 0 0	..	3 0 0	..	2,57,134 0 0	..	4,25,892 0 0	..	2,462 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
4 West Godavari ..	12 0 0	..	..	..	1,12,511 0 0	..	1,79,580 0 0	..	225 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
5 Krishna ..	17 0 0	..	..	..	55,147 0 0	..	92,855 0 0	..	486 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
6 Guntur ..	39 0 0	..	35 0 0	..	95,440 0 0	..	1,58,676 0 0	..	226 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
7 Nellore ..	4,892 0 0	..	..	..	44,217 0 0	..	79,074 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8 Cuddapah ..	12 0 0	..	..	..	21,959 0 0	..	34,789 0 0	..	56 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
9 Anantapur ..	18 0 0	..	..	..	8,440 0 0	..	14,220 0 0	..	46 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
10 Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	19,723 0 0	..	32,539 0 0	..	1,853 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
11 Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	17,723 0 0	..	26,814 0 0	..	321 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
12 Madras ..	2,699 0 0	..	..	..	1,39,789 0 0	..	14,77,266 0 0	..	25,009 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
13 Chingleput ..	350 0 0	..	..	..	16,642 0 0	..	31,103 0 0	..	60 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
14 Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	20,928 0 0	..	34,922 0 0	..	45 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
15 North Arcot ..	904 0 0	..	..	..	25,949 0 0	..	54,182 0 0	..	115 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
16 South Arcot ..	86 0 0	..	231 0 0	33,907 0 0	27,339 0 0	..	2,33,096 0 0	..	100 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
17 Tanjore ..	180 0 0	..	..	..	29,430 0 0	..	73,249 0 0	..	50 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
18 Tiruchirappalli ..	160 0 0	..	..	..	24,631 0 0	..	42,370 0 0	..	5 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
19 Madurai ..	1 0 0	..	..	..	21,530 0 0	..	43,765 0 0	..	40 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
20 Ramanathapuram ..	..	..	..	..	5,591 0 0	..	22,605 0 0	..	100 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
21 Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	24,623 0 0	..	41,327 0 0	..	40 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
22 Coimbatore ..	23 0 0	..	..	..	53,861 0 0	..	82,509 0 0	..	93 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
23 The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	43,880 0 0	..	95,562 0 0	..	927 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
24 Salem ..	..	..	..	..	49,335 0 0	..	75,321 0 0	..	10 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
25 South Kanara ..	13 0 0	..	..	..	18,773 0 0	..	30,758 0 0	..	197 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
26 Malabar ..	59 0 0	..	..	..	60,332 0 0	..	1,13,704 0 0	..	1,163 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
27 Travancore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for 1951-52 ..	38,435 0 0	231 0 0	33,110 0 0	14,55,553 0 0	40,53,422 0 0	..	40,53,422 0 0	..	34,490 0 0	..	..	..	44,09,927 0 0	..

MADRAS EXCISE AND PROHIBITION DEPARTMENT

IMPERIAL RETURN NO. 1-A.-1951-62.

Description of excisable articles.	Amount of duty realized in other States of India on excisable articles exported to the
Pudukkottai, State.	(1)
In Bangalore.	(2)
Cochin. Puduk- kotlai,	(3)
Travan- core.	(4) (5)
Trench Settlement.	(6) (7)
C. & M. Station. Bangalore.	(8) (9)
Mysore.	(10)
Total.	(11)

**Amount of duty realized in Madras State on excisable
articles exported to other Indian States, etc.**

Nil.

CENTRAL PAPER, No. 11.—Expenditure for 1951-52.

(1)	Pay of officers and other establishments.		Allowances other than rewards.		Construction and repair of buildings.		Supplies and other than rewards.		Contingencies and special charges other than rewards.		Rewards.		Cost of option purchased to the State Exchange department.		Assignment and compensations.		Total charges.	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)			
1 Schwabacher ..	1,32,107	1 0	1,32,257	15 0	..	..	..	..	52,247	0 0	2,841	0 0	..	..	..	..	3,12,805	3 0
2 Vankarman ..	1,53,065	7 0	1,53,193	9 0	..	..	..	..	52,337	4 5	3,508	14 0	..	..	..	..	3,32,677	2 0
3 Das Gedar ..	2,14,504	1 0	2,14,552	1 0	..	..	..	..	38,142	15 0	2,405	8 0	..	..	..	..	5,00,894	10 3 0
4 West Gedar ..	1,25,150	11 0	1,25,505	7 0	..	..	..	..	60,601	3 0	0,000	0 0	..	..	..	..	2,02,723	5 0
5 Lohar ..	1,58,250	15 0	1,58,292	2 0	..	..	..	..	37,412	6 0	5,008	0 0	..	..	..	..	4,55,067	12 0
6 Guntur ..	60 0	0 0	29 0	0 0	..	..	..	..	3,630	5 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,710	6 0
7 Nellore ..	1,773	1 0	680	14 0	..	..	..	..	3,378	7 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,250	0 0
8 Oudupah ..	1,54,074	11 0	1,50,363	13 0	..	..	..	..	32,929	4 5	4,517	2 0	..	..	..	..	3,52,338	15 5
9 Azampur ..	1,50,483	13 0	1,50,571	14 0	..	..	..	..	32,395	14 4	1,033	0 0	..	..	..	..	3,67,457	7 4
10 Pelly ..	1,41,834	12 0	1,41,455	3 0	..	..	..	..	23,156	15 11	0,000	0 0	..	..	..	..	3,31,433	9 2
11 Kurud ..	1,64,822	11 0	2,13,195	12 3	..	..	..	..	31,813	14 2	3,561	0 0	..	..	..	..	4,12,353	6 5 0
12 Madan ..	3,65,503	3 0	2,57,649	11 8	..	..	..	..	2,31,164	15 7	32,000	0 0	..	..	..	..	15,72,713	9 4
13 Bhingepur ..	1,78,950	11 0	2,37,051	11 0	..	..	..	..	36,583	8 0	4,103	5 0	..	..	..	..	4,58,763	7 2
14 Chittoor ..	..	..	773	2 0	..	..	..	..	2,333	3 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,108	5 0
15 North Arcot ..	678	13 0	317	0 0	..	..	..	..	2,733	12 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,335	9 0
16 South Arcot ..	2,20,917	14 0	2,60,115	14 0	..	..	..	..	39,810	0 2	0,888	0 0	..	..	..	..	5,30,880	11 8
17 Tanjore ..	36 3	0 0	46 0	0 0	..	..	..	..	2,970	8 0	1,116	0 0	..	..	..	..	4,197	11 0
18 Tiruchirappalli ..	807	8 0	2,559	7 0	..	..	..	..	1,520	8 0	0,000	0 0	..	..	..	..	5,251	7 0
19 Madurai ..	9 7	0 0	241	11 0	..	..	..	..	1,806	0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,050	12 0
20 Ramanthapur ..	1,01,335	7 0	1,76,582	13 3	117	13 0	..	..	20,078	9 2	2,102	0 0	..	..	..	..	3,67,117	10 5
21 Tenali ..	1,82,003	0 0	2,41,823	10 0	..	..	..	..	35,031	9 4	3,532	0 0	..	..	..	..	4,02,458	12 4
22 Chintamani ..	40,456	7 3	30,901	10 0	..	..	..	..	4,074	15 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	31,670	3 3
23 The Nilgiris ..	38,755	8 0	53,984	8 0	..	..	..	..	7,569	0 10	317	0 0	..	..	..	..	1,00,626	0 15
24 Salem ..	423	0 0	1,963	1 0	..	..	..	..	2,769	11 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,100	12 0
25 South Kanara ..	2,48,605	10 0	2,17,350	4 3	1,509	4 0	..	..	36,143	11 7	4,843	0 0	..	..	..	..	5,66,244	13 10
26 Madhav ..	5,62,403	2 0	4,63,111	15 0	..	..	..	..	92,393	12 7	5,671	0 0	..	..	..	..	8,90,827	18 7
27 Presidency Bank ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	2,21,771	18 9	38,93,951	1 5	6,495	2 0	3,68,109	10 7	8,66,315	11 5	45,003	11 0	1,41,733	12 0	23,459	2 0	64,63,869	1 3
Total for 1950-51 ..	20,01,840	1 0	24,00,600	14 1	22,569	4 3	9,207	13 3	8,77,709	10 0	98,970	14 0	3,23,061	4 0	1,42,423	0 3	78,78,884	1 2

2001.12.13 8 31 10% 6 8 4 1

CENTRAL RETURN No. III.—Shops and licences for 1951-52.

[illegible]

Total for 1951-52

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE

3211 (7-100), 95 7-4-47
MADRAS EXCISE AND PROHIBITION DEPARTMENT
95

[illegible]

Total for 1951-52
Total for 1959-61

20

Country spirits.										Foreign liquors.			
Leases to imperial gallons.							Imported liquors.						
Districts.	(1)	At strength of 55° under proof. (2)	At strength of 60° under proof. (3)	At strength of 60° under proof. (4)	Equivalent to London proof of the total of columns (2), (3) and (4). (5)	Rate of duty per gallon. (bulk). (6)	Cost price per London proof gallon. (7)	Average retail price per London proof gallon. (8)	Spirits in imperial gallons. London proof. (9)	Wine in imperial gallons. (10)	Malt liquors in imperial gallons. (11)		
1 Srikalahasti	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2 1 0	30 0 0	4,312 0 0		
2 Chikmagalur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	772 0 0	..	..	..		
3 East Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	158 0 0	..	..	..		
4 West Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
5 Krishna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41 3 0	..	..	..		
6 Anantapur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 0 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	..		
7 Bellary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
8 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,355 0 0	..	..	..		
9 Nellore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,733 0 0	45 4 0	44,524 1 0	..		
10 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
11 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
12 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
13 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
14 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
15 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
16 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
17 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
18 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
19 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
20 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
21 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
22 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
23 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
24 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
25 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
26 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
27 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
28 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
29 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
30 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
31 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
32 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
33 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
34 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
35 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
36 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
37 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
38 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
39 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
40 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
41 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
42 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
43 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
44 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
45 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
46 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
47 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
48 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
49 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
50 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
51 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
52 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
53 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
54 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
55 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
56 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
57 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
58 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
59 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
60 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
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62 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
63 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
64 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
65 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
66 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
67 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
68 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
69 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
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72 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
73 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
74 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
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90 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
91 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
92 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
93 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
94 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
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96 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
97 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
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99 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
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106 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
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109 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
110 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
111 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
112 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
113 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
114 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
115 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
116 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
117 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
118 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
119 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
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121 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
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123 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
124 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
125 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
126 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
127 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
128 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
129 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
130 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
131 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
132 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
133 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
134 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
135 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
136 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
137 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
138 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
139 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
140 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
141 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
142 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
143 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
144 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
145 Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

CHAMBER PAPER No. IV.—Consumption, rates of duties and prices, 1951-52.—cont.

CENTRAL FEEDING NO. 1.					
Portin liquor—cont.					
Liquors manufactured in India and cleared for foreign liquor.	Spirits in Imperial gallons	Malt liquors in Imperial gallons	London proof.	(12)	(13)
	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
1 Sakabari		13 0 0			
2 Visakhapatnam					
Certain Agency tracts under Evolve					
Rest of the district					
3 East Godavari					
Certain Agency tracts under Evolve					
Rest of the district					
4 West Godavari					
Certain Agency tracts under Evolve					
Rest of the district					
5 Krishna					
Minagara and Mangalagiri mandals					
Rest of the district					
6 Anantapur					
7 Kurnool					
8 Bellary					
9 Chittoor					
10 Nellore					
11 Guntur					
12 Chittoor					
13 Madras					
14 Chinnai					
15 Pondicherry					
16 North Arcot					
17 Tanjore					
18 Tiruchirappalli					
19 Tirunelveli					
20 Madurai					
21 Ramnathapuram					
22 Coimbatore					
23 Malabar					
24 South Kanara					
25 The Nicobars					
26 Salsette					
Hospitals and dispensaries in the State					
Total					

	Total ..
Total for 1950-51 ..	100

* There were no retail vendors of medical supplies, etc., in 1969.

medicinal, scientific, etc., literature.

... to license, who required it for

1000

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE

Imports.

MADRAS EXCISE AND PROHIBITION DEPARTMENT

377

several heads of excise (abkari and opium) revenue in the Madras State 1951-52.

[illegible]

STATEMENT A.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance under the
for the year

Detailed heads.	Demand.		
	Arrear.	Current.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	RS.	RS.	RS.
<i>Fines, confiscations and miscellaneous.</i>			
Abkari—Penalties and forfeitures	4,628	..	4,628
Abkari—Rents of buildings	..	4,968	4,968
Abkari—Sale-proceeds of duma measures and bhang rods ..	..	..	..
Abkari—Other items	927	40,767	41,694
Opium—Penalties and forfeitures	77	5,965	6,042
Opium—Other items	499	10,45,801	10,46,300
Receipts under the Madras Prohibition Act, 1937—			
(i) Fees, licences, permits, etc.	929	1,77,028	1,77,957
(ii) Other receipts	..	..	..
Total	7,983	12,74,529	12,81,597
Recoveries of overpayments	28	10,070	10,098
Collection of payments for services rendered	..	72,269	72,269
Grand total	5,61,542	27,89,860	33,42,403
Deduct—Refunds	..	950	950
Total	5,61,542	27,79,910	33,41,450

several heads of excise (abkari and opium) revenue in the Madras State
1951-52—cont.

Collection.			Amount written off.			Balance.		
Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.	Arrear.	Current.	Total.
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
531	..	531	6	..	6	4,099	..	4,099
..	4,068	4,068	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
353	40,767	41,150	..	..	..	544	..	544
..	5,965	5,965	..	..	..	77	..	77
1	10,45,721	10,45,722	..	..	..	498	60	558
779	1,74,457	1,75,236	..	..	..	150	2,571	2,721
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,691	12,71,378	12,73,572	6	..	6	5,368	3,651	8,019
23	10,970	10,998	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	72,269	72,269	..	..	..	..	..	..
48,481	27,29,167	27,76,628	16,572	..	16,572	4,98,509	51,693	5,50,202
..	950	950	..	..	..	..	..	..
46,461	27,28,217	27,74,673	16,572	..	16,572	4,98,509	51,693	5,50,202

STATEMENT K.—Statement showing the quantities of potable spirits excised and denatured spirits issued from the distilleries during 1951-52 as compared with 1950-51.

Where excised.	Potable spirits.			Denatured spirits.		
	Quantity.	Duty.		Quantity.	Duty.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1950-51.	1951-52.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1950-51.	1951-52.	1950-51.
PROOF GALS.	PROOF GALS.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	HULK GALS.	HULK GALS.	
Sarasikot distillery ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellikuppam distillery ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thummalapala distillery ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deepet distillery ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Visakhapatnam distillery ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vuyyur distillery ..	..	..	..	..	..	..

STATEMENT E.I.—Statement showing the quantity of beer manufactured, consumed and exported and the excise duty realized during 1951-52.

Number and name of brewery.	Quantity of beer issued from breweries.			Quantity of beer issued from breweries.		
	Quantity of beer manufactured.	Rate of duty per gallon.	Revenue realized from excise duty.	For consumption in the State of Madras.	Export to other States in the Indian Dominion.	For export to Indian States, manufactured in French States, imported from Burma, etc. other States.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	GALS.	RS. A. P.		GALS.		GALS.
Madras State ..	..	0 12 0	..	..	..	..
		per imperial gallon				240 gallons from Mysore State

STATEMENT G.—Classified statement of offences against the abkari laws reported in the several districts during the year 1951-52—Nil.

STATEMENT H.—Statement of offences against the abkari laws dealt with in the State of Madras during the year 1951-52—Nil.

STATEMENT L.—Statement showing the convictions, etc., under the Opium Act and Rules during 1951-52.

Districts.	Conviction.		Number of persons sentenced to imprisonment for a month or less.	Number of persons sentenced to imprisonment for more than a month.	Number of persons fined.	Fines.		Confiscations.		Remands to informants, etc.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
		Cases.	Persons.				Rs. A. P.	Number of cases.	Value of articles confiscated.	Rs. A. P.
Srikakulam ..	..	9	9	1	..	..	181 0 0	..	..	..
Visakhapatnam ..	..	12	12	..	..	..	506 0 0	..	..	..
East Godavari ..	..	10	10	..	..	..	580 0 0	..	..	..
West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Krishna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Guntur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tiruchirappalli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madurai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramanathapuram ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colombatore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	244	252	69	38	112	6,574 0 0	57	2,158 13 0	50 0 0	..
Total for 1950-51.	246	242	19	23	62	3,592 0 0	52	2,756 4 9	211 0 0	..

STATEMENT J.—Statement showing the classification of cases convicted under the Opium Act and Rules during 1951-52.

Districts.	Smuggling of opium.	Possession of opium without licence.	Sale of opium without licence.	Sale of intoxicating drugs without licence.	Manufacture of intoxicating drugs without licence.	Other offences.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Srikakulam ..	..	7	..	..	..	..	7
Visakhapatnam ..	..	10	..	..	..	..	10
East Godavari ..	..	10	..	..	..	..	10
West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Krishna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Guntur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tiruchirappalli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madurai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramanathapuram ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tirunelveli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colombatore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	25	212	2	..	..	..	244
Total for 1950-51.	11	221	2	..	..	..	240

STATEMENT K.—Table showing convictions for drunkenness in the municipal areas in the Madras State during 1951-52 and two previous years.

Number and name of municipality.	Population according to the census of 1941.	1949-50.		1950-51.		1951-52.	
		Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.	Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.	Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1 Srikakulam	22,249	62	27.9	117	52.5	135	60.7
2 Anakapalle	20,249	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 Visakhapatnam	70,243	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 Bheemunipatnam	9,014	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 Vijayanagaram	51,749	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Kakinaia	75,140	112	14.9	60	8.0	72	9.6
7 Poddapuram	20,835	33	15.9	36	17.3	42	20.2
8 Rajahmundry	74,564	145	19.4	299	40.1	94	12.6
9 Eluru	64,911	..	..	..	..	..	..
10 Palakollu	19,869	..	..	..	..	..	..
11 Masulipatnam	59,146	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 Vijayavada	86,184	212	24.6	335	38.9	474	55.0
13 Chirala	27,086	..	..	..	..	..	..
14 Guntur	83,599	..	..	673	80.5	..	..
15 Narasaraopet	17,644	..	..	..	..	..	..
16 Ongole	21,184	..	..	..	..	..	..
17 Tenali	40,639	..	..	..	..	..	..
18 Nellore	56,315	..	..	32	5.7	..	..
19 Cuddapah	28,246	149	52.7	64	22.7	38	13.6
20 Proddatur	26,961	81	30.0	103	40.1	57	21.1
21 Anantapur	21,482	..	..	187	87.0	311	144.8
22 Hindupur	19,049	..	..	..	..	..	..
23 Tadipatri	15,184	..	..	..	..	..	..
24 Adoni	35,431	228	64.3	84	23.7	213	60.1
25 Bellary	56,143	65	11.6	61	10.9	78	13.9
26 Hospet	26,023	54	20.8	143	54.9	48	18.4
27 Kurnool	45,250	..	..	81	17.9	109	24
28 Nandyal	25,886	..	..	..	..	..	..
29 Madras	777,431	217	2.8	340	4.4	..	..
30 Chingleput	17,329	..	..	..	..	..	..
31 Kancheepuram	74,635	..	..	..	..	..	..
32 Tirupati	20,143	9	4.5	51	25.3	217	107.7
33 Chittoor	27,835	16	5.7	140	50.3	101	36.3
34 Gudiyattam	32,671	..	..	..	..	..	..
35 Tirupattur	23,008	..	..	..	..	..	..
36 Vaniyambadi	31,281	..	..	..	..	..	..
37 Tiruvannamalai	33,575	..	..	..	..	..	..
38 Vellore	71,502	230	32.2	896	124.1	1,829	253.8
39 Wallajapet	11,043	..	..	..	..	..	..
40 Chidambaram	26,212	..	..	..	..	..	..
41 Cuddalore	60,632	342	56.4	231	38.1	293	49.1
42 Villupuram	23,329	..	..	52	21.8	..	..

STATEMENT K.—Table showing convictions for drunkenness in the municipal areas in the Madras State during 1951-52 and two previous years—cont.

Number and name of municipality.	Population according to the census of 1941.	1949-50.		1950-51.		1951-52.	
		Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.	Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.	Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
43 Kumbakonam	67,008	..	..	..	..	..	..
44 Mannargudi	23,228	..	..	..	..	..	..
45 Mayuram	32,670	..	..	..	..	..	..
46 Nagapattinam	52,937	..	..	..	..	..	..
47 Tiruvarur	22,275	..	..	..	..	..	..
48 Tanjore	68,702	7	1.0	184	26.8	405	59.0
49 Karur	27,575	26	9.4	128	46.4	101	36.6
50 Tiruchirappalli	150,566	125	7.8	138	8.6	284	17.8
51 Srirangam	26,676	11	4.1	..	..	..	..
52 Diandigul	56,275	..	..	..	..	..	..
53 Kodaikanal	9,724	..	..	..	..	..	..
54 Madurai	239,144	159	6.6	542	22.7	695	29.1
55 Palni	24,706	..	..	..	..	..	..
56 Periyakulam	25,882	..	..	..	..	..	..
57 Bodinayakanur	23,435	..	..	..	..	..	..
58 Sivakasi	16,626	1	0.6	..	..	..	..
59 Virudunagar	34,559	1	0.3	..	..	..	..
60 Srivilliputtur	34,642	..	..	..	..	21	6.1
61 Karaikudi	28,908	..	..	1	0.3	..	..
62 Tuticorin	75,614	10	1.3	33	4.4	45	6.0
63 Tirunelveli	60,676	9	1.5	32	5.3	1	0.2
64 Palayamkottai	30,967	..	..	4	1.3	1	0.3
65 Coimbatore	130,348	377	28.9	..	..	1,203	92.3
66 Dharapuram	20,660	..	..	..	..	..	..
67 Erode	39,483	..	..	..	..	..	..
68 Tiruppur	33,099	..	..	..	..	..	..
69 Pollachi	25,198	..	..	..	..	..	..
70 Udumalpet	17,791	..	..	..	..	..	..
71 Coonoor	18,783	12	6.4	..	..	..	..
72 Ootacamund	29,250	20	6.7	48	16.1	85	28.5
73 Salem	129,702	376	29.0	677	52.2	1,411	108.8
74 Mangalore	81,069	75	9.3	97	12.0	132	16.3
75 Udipi	18,043	9	5.0	30	21.6	4	2.2
76 Kozhikode	126,352	91	7.2	67	5.3	55	4.4
77 Cannanore	34,649	..	..	..	..	..	..
78 Cochin	26,320	..	..	..	..	..	..
79 Tellicherry	36,320	..	..	..	..	..	..
80 Palghat	55,160	..	..	..	..	..	..

Statement showing the number of licences issued under the Madras Prohibition Act, 1937, and the figures of consumption for the year 1951-52.

Serial number and name of the district.	Form II.			Form II-A.		Forms III and IV.		
	Number of licences.	Consumption.		Number of licences.	Consumption.	Number of licences.	Brandy.	Medicated wines.
		Brandy.	Medicated wines.					
(1)	(2)	(3) LB. OZ. GR.	(4) LB. OZ. GR.	(5)	(6) LB. OZ. GR.	(7)	(8) LB. OZ. GR.	(9) G. DR.
1 Erikulam ..	3	13 0 0	..	..	..	{ III 2 IV 10 }	4 0 0	..
2 Visakhapatnam ..	20	..	..	..	..	{ III 3 IV 3 }	..	..
3 East Godavari ..	{ 26 8 }	153 0 0	43 1 0	..	..	{ III 2 IV 4 }	5 2 0	..
4 West Godavari ..	26	..	..	..	..	29 + 6	..	..
5 Krishna ..	10	40 0 0	17 0 0	2	..	4	..	..
6 Anantapur ..	7	10 3 2	4 0 0	..	..	{ III 3 IV 2 }	..	..
7 Kurnool ..	4	..	200 0 0	..	..	III 2	..	25 0 0
8 Bellary ..	15	58 3 0	43 0 0	..	..	1	4 0 0	..
9 Cuddapah ..	12	13 4 0	3 1 0	1	1,163 4 0	2	14 3 0	..
10 Nellore ..	11	40 5 17	..	..	..	III 3	..	0 1 0
11 Guntur ..	32	584 2 0	3 0 0	1	408 2 0	{ III 2 IV 1 }	3 2 0	..
12 Chittoor ..	4	45 4 0	..	..	..	IV 6	2 0 0	3 1 0
13 Madras ..	51	..	..	24	..	{ III 2 IV 26 }	..	..
14 Chingleput ..	5	10 4 0	2 0 0	..	..	{ III 1 IV 1 }	0 1 0	1 0 0
15 South Arcot ..	7	6 0 0	32 4 0	3	6 0 0	2	0 1 0	..

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16 North Arcot ..	9	64 3 0	10 2 0	..	..	{ III 9 IV 2 }	12 0 0	..
17 Tanjore ..	33	38 0 0	53 2 0	..	..	5	0 4 0	..
18 Tiruchirappalli ..	..	48 0 0	53 0 0	..	..	8	1 0 0	..
19 Tirunelveli ..	25	53 0 0	80 0 0	..	..	10	123 0 0	..
20 Madurai ..	17	79 3 0	14 1 0	..	..	{ III 1 IV 1 }	..	..
21 Ramanathapuram ..	13	21 3 0	18 5 0	..	..	{ III 2 IV 4 }	4 2 0	..
22 Coimbatore ..	41	984 4 0	121 0 0	3	123 2 0	8	0 4 0	0 3 0
23 Malabar ..	20	13 0 0	21 0 0	..	..	4	..	..
24 South Kanara ..	15	32 0 0	10 8 0	2	13 0 0	{ III 2 IV 8 }	3 0 0	..
25 The Nilgiris ..	8	..	..	..	..	{ III 4 IV 9 }	..	..
26 Salem ..	19	95 1 0	13 3 0	..	..	5	5 2 0	..
Total ..	446	2,590 4 0	752 1 0	33	1,717 0 0	{ III 38 IV 77 }	230 1 0	30 0 0

Statement showing the number of licences issued under the Madras Prohibition Act, 1937, and the figures of consumption for the year 1951-52—cont.

Serial number and name of the district.	Forms III-A, III-B and III-C.		Authorities I, I-A and II.		Spiritous preparations licence.		Rectified spirit licences.	
	Number of licences. (10)	Consumption. (11) LB. OZ. GR.	Number of authorities. (12)	Consumption. (13) LB. OZ. GR.	Number of licences. (14)	Consumption. (15) LB. OZ. GR.	Number of licences. (16)	Consumption. (17)
1 Srikakulam ..	{ III-A 4 III-B 1 III-C 6 }	66 0 0	..	..	2	13 0 0	..	..
2 Visakhapatnam ..	{ III-A 81 III-B 27 III-C 51 }	..	..	..	..	..	3	90 0 0
3 East Godavari ..	{ III-A 70 III-B 20 III-C 49 }	1,019 0 0	II 1	1 3 0	16	22 1 0	9	4 1 0
4 West Godavari ..	{ III-A 85 III-B 10 III-C 47 }	..	..	..	..	..	7	..
5 Krishna ..	{ III-A 37 III-B 1 III-C 7 }	..	..	..	20	..	8	159 0 0
6 Anantapur ..	{ III-A 11 III-B 6 III-C 6 }	..	{ I 1 I-A 6 }	..	..	..	..	..
7 Kurnool ..	{ III-A 43 III-B 8 III-C 5 }	189 0 0	II 8	28 0 0	3	..	2	50 0 0
8 Bellary ..	{ III-A 44 III-B 8 III-C 5 }	193 2 0	..	4 0 0	7	16 1 0	2	0 2 0
9 Outdappah ..	{ III-A 28 III-B 3 III-C 35 }	..	{ I Nil. II 15 }	78 0 0	8	..	1	..
10 Nellore ..	{ III-A 47 III-B 4 III-C 35 }	47 4 0	I 3	79 11 0	12	18 0 0	3	17 0 0

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11 Guntur ..	{ III-A 59 III-B 38 III-C 27 }	920 0 0	{ I 1 II 47 }	81 0 0	29	260 0 0	14	87 0 0
12 Chittoor ..	{ III-A 17 III-B 76 III-C 15 }	..	II 5	..	..	..	1	..
13 Madras ..	{ III-A 15 III-B 15 III-C 14 }	..	{ I 2 II 84 }	..	87	..	77	..
14 Chingleput ..	{ III-A 29 III-B 10 III-C 15 }	..	42	4 1 0	6	..	7	37 2 0
15 South Arcot ..	{ III-A 15 III-B 1 III-C 1 }	58 0 0	24	41 0 0	16	134 3 0	3	13 0 0
16 North Arcot ..	{ III-A 42 III-B 57 III-C 28 }	11 3 0	{ I-A 1 II 47 }	98 4 0	16	3 4 0	6	309 4 0
17 Tanjore ..	{ III-A 19 III-B 9 III-C 1 }	46 0 0	59	236 0 0	36	91 0 0	5	98 0 0
18 Tiruchirappalli ..	{ III-A 19 III-B 9 III-C 1 }	..	102	278 0 0	35	..	9	34 0 0
19 Tirunelveli ..	{ III-A 26 III-B 26 III-C 1 }	76 0 0	13	300 0 0	33	164 0 0	7	18 0 0
20 Madurai ..	{ III-A 88 III-B 16 III-C 16 }	15 0 0	{ I 3 II 130 }	906 4 0	..	..	13	59 1 0
21 Ramanathapuram ..	{ III-A 64 III-B 9 III-C 16 }	261 2 7	{ I 1 II 92 }	64 2 0	13	72 3 0	4	16 2 0
22 Coimbatore ..	{ III-A 19 III-B 9 III-C 1 }	..	48	90 6 0	53	..	23	41 5 0
23 Malabar ..	{ III-A 19 III-B 9 III-C 1 }	20,927 0 0	138	116 0 0	..	..	19	169 0 0
24 South Kanara ..	{ III-A 64 III-B 9 III-C 16 }	1,745 0 0	{ I 1 II 118 }	535 2 0	17	104 4 0	12	77 0 0
25 The Nilgiris ..	{ III-A 35 III-B 143 III-C 269 }	..	{ I 3 II 37 }	..	19	..	..	..
26 Salem ..	{ III-A 1,201 III-B 143 III-C 269 }	..	51	..	11	..	6	7 1 0
Total ..	{ III-A 1,201 III-B 143 III-C 269 }	26,340 2 1	{ I 15 II 597 }	2,937 3 0	429	899 4 0	241	1,225 4 0

Statement showing the number of Licences issued under the Madras Prohibition Act, 1937, and the figures of consumption for the year 1951-52—cont.

Serial number and name of the district.	Forms D-I and D-I-A.		Forms D-II and D-II-L.		Form X.			
	Number of Licenses (18)	Consumption, LB. OZ. GR. (19)	Number of Licenses (20)	Consumption, LB. OZ. GR. (21)	Number of Licenses (22)	Spirit (23)	Wine (24)	Beer (25)
1 Srikulam ..	{ D-I 2 D-I-A 1 }	58 0 0	D-II 27	1,245 6 0	..	..	..	..
2 Visakhapatnam ..	..	2,203 0 0	..	905 0 0	1	..	..	..
3 East Godavari ..	D-I 26	1,128 1 0	{ D-II 62 D-III .. }	51,468 0 0	..	..	..	..
4 West Godavari ..	..	..	{ D-II 40 D-III 19 }	..	..	..	..	..
5 Krishna ..	..	2,334 4 0	{ D-II 60 D-III 30 }	2,729 2 2	..	..	..	..
6 Anantapur ..	D-I 1	..	{ D-II 87 D-III 24 }	1,158 3 6	..	..	..	..
7 Kurnool ..	D-I 22	39 0 0	..	771 0 0	..	..	..	..
8 Bellary ..	..	13,520 0 0	..	1,510 0 0	..	..	..	..
9 Cuddapah ..	D-I 16	73 0 0	D-III 22	57 0 0	..	..	..	..
10 Nellore ..	{ D-I 10 D-I-A 10 }	1,635 0 0	{ D-II 40 D-III 40 }	2,615 0 0	..	..	..	..
11 Guntur ..	D-I 30	1,280 0 0	{ D-II 57 D-III 11 }	5,450 0 0	..	..	..	..
12 Chittoor ..	D-I 13	294 4 0	{ D-II 26 D-III 10 }	1,345 2 0	..	..	..	..
13 Madras ..	{ D-I 100 D-I-A 5 }	..	{ D-II 72 D-III 11 }	..	7	..	..	..
14 Chingleput ..	{ D-I 19 D-I-A 10 }	5,389 0 0	{ D-II 21 D-III 21 }	1,675 1 0	..	..	..	..
15 South Arcot ..	..	10,489 2 0	..	276,000 0 0	..	..	..	..
16 North Arcot ..	D-I 18	5,440 0 0	{ D-II 1 D-III 23 }	4,488 0 0	..	..	..	..

17 Tanjore ..	..	40	17,920 1 0	..	..	..	..	..
18 Tiruchirappalli ..	..	27	1,105 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
19 Tirunelveli ..	..	18	110 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
20 Madurai ..	..	20	2,368 0 0	{ D-II 30 D-III 30 }	3	390 4 0	..	208 1 0
21 Ramaswamyapuram ..	..	29	12,376 0 0	..	..	..	..	..
22 Coimbatore ..	..	23	1,115 2 0	..	..	..	..	..
23 Malabar ..	..	49	9,061 14 0	{ D-II 3 D-III 10 D-IV-A 1 }	2	..	..	..
24 South Kanara ..	..	12	215 0 0	{ D-II 1 D-III 44 }	..	..	..	..
25 The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..
26 Sakra ..	..	17	85 1 0	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	..	380	180,564 4 0	D-II 50 D-III 699 D-IV-A 336	20	290 4 0	..	208 1 0

