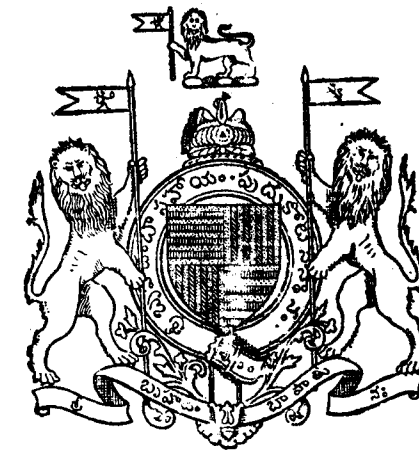




PUDUKKOTTAI STATE

REPORT
ON
THE ADMINISTRATION
OF
PUDUKKOTTAI
FOR
FASLI 1353
(July 1, 1943, to June 30, 1944)



PUDUKKOTTAI:
PRINTED AT THE SRI BRIHADAMBAS STATE PRESS.

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Introductory and Personal.

THE Pudukkottai State is bounded on the north and west by the Trichinopoly district, on the south by the Ramnad district and on the east by the Tanjore district. Its area is 1,179 square miles. The population according to the census of 1941 is 4,38,348. The State resembles in its physical features the upland parts of the east coast of the Madras Presidency, and consists for the most part of a plain of somewhat sparsely cultivated dry land, interspersed with a large number of rain-fed tanks and traversed by a few jungle streams. It has no seaboard. Its climate resembles that of the surrounding districts of Trichinopoly, Tanjore and Ramnad, and is healthy. The State is mainly agricultural and is dependent on a somewhat precarious rainfall.

The capital of the State is Pudukkottai, a well laid out municipal town containing some imposing public buildings and provided with a protected water-supply, which has been supplemented recently. The population of the town according to the census of 1941 is 34,180.

The State continued to be in direct relations with the Government of India through the Resident for the Madras States with his headquarters at Trivandrum.

2. **His Highness the Raja.**—His Highness Sri Brihadamba Das Raja Rajagopala Tondaiman Bahadur, ninth in succession from Ragunatha Tondaiman, the founder of the Ruling House, is the Ruler of the State and is entitled to a salute of eleven guns. He was born on June 23rd 1922. Mr. H.R. Bardswell M.A., I.C.S., (Retired) was his Tutor up to 16—1—44. His Highness was invested with Ruling Powers with effect from 17—1—44.

3. **Administration.**—Up to 16—1—44 the Administration of the State was vested in an Administrator assisted by an Assistant Administrator. Sir Alexander Tottenham, C.I.E., continued to be Administrator, and Janab Khan Bahadur P. Khalifullah Sahib Bahadur, M.A., B.L., Assistant Administrator. With effect from 17—1—44, the date on which His Highness assumed charge of the administration, he appointed an Executive Council consisting of a Dewan and two Councillors to aid and advise him in the Government of the State. His Highness the Raja presides at the meetings of the Executive Council and in his absence the

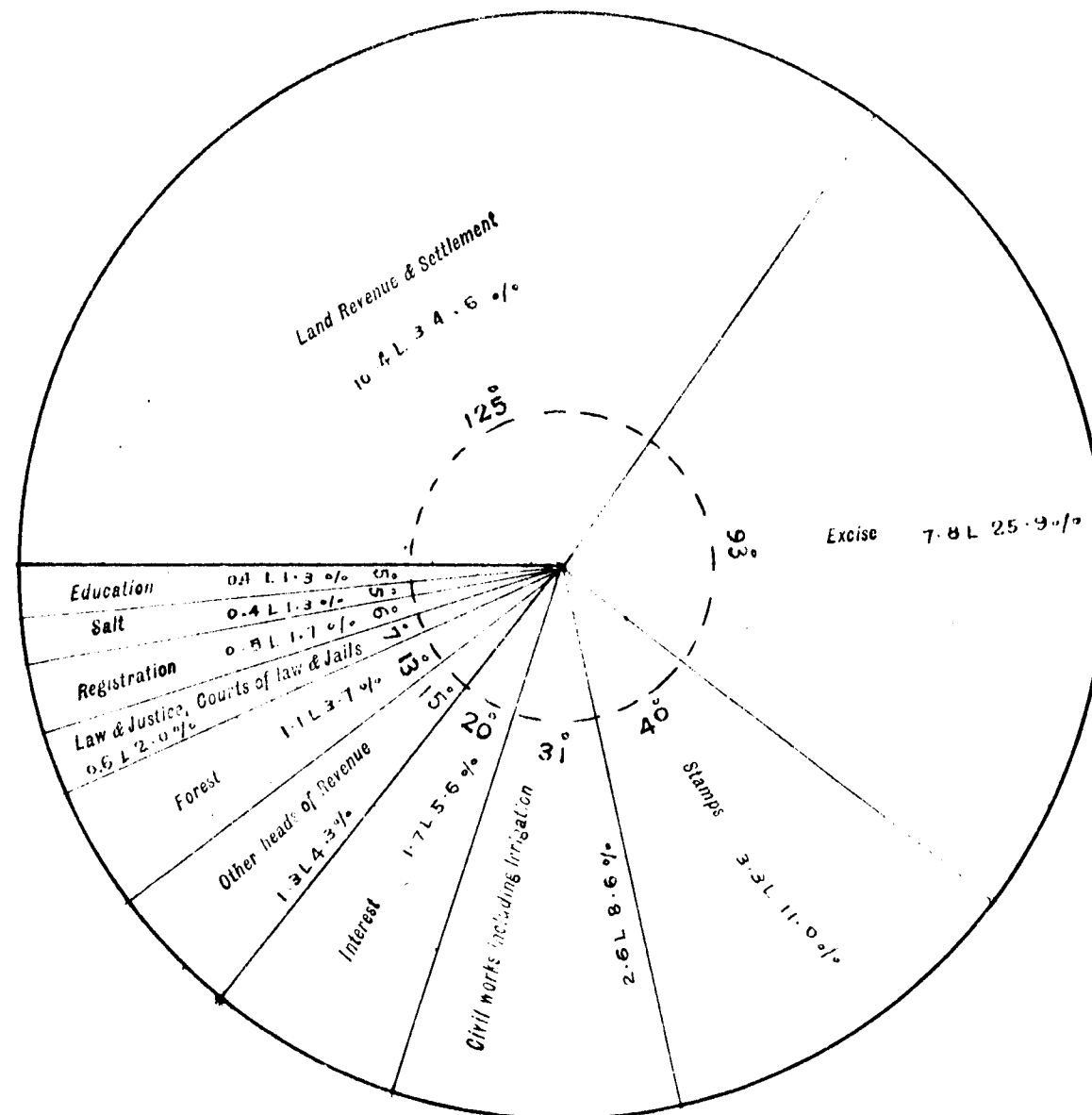
Dewan presides. Sir Alexander Tottenham C. I. E., was appointed Dewan, Janab Khan Bahadur P. Khalifullah Sahib Bahadur, M. A., B. L., First Councillor and M.R Ry. M. Paramasivam Pillai Avl., B.A.,B.L., Second Councillor.

4. The Legislative Council, constituted on a statutory basis, is composed of 50 members, of whom 35 are elected and 15 nominated by the Darbar, ten of the latter being officials. The Council met twice during the fasli. Until 17—1—44 the Administrator was the Ex-officio President of the Council, and in his absence, the Assistant Administrator exercised the functions of the President, while, if both were absent, the Deputy President presided. Since 17—1—44, the Dewan has been Ex-officio President. In his absence the First Councillor and in the absence of both the President and the First Councillor, the Second Councillor exercises the functions of the President. If all three are absent the Deputy President and in his absence the Pro-Deputy President presides. The Executive Council had power to appoint any member of the Legislative Council as its Deputy President or Pro-Deputy President. But with effect from 17—5—44, the Council has been empowered to choose two of its elected members to be respectively Deputy President and Pro-Deputy President thereof. The Deputy President or the Pro-Deputy President may be removed from his office by a resolution of the Council passed by a majority of all the then members. Should either Councillor be incapacitated owing to absence from the State, illness or other causes of like nature from exercising his functions, the Executive Council may by order in writing from time to time appoint any official member of the Legislative Council to exercise his functions.

5. H. J. Todd Esq., C. I. E., Resident for the Madras States, visited the State in July 1943 and January 1944. He continued to be Resident throughout the fasli.

FINANCIAL REVIEW.

PROPORTION OF GROSS REVENUE OF THE STATE
For Fasli 1353 under the various heads to the total Revenue.
(In Lakhs of Rupees).



6. The actual receipts and disbursements of the fasli under review, compared with those expected when framing the revised estimate for the fasli on the one hand, and the actuals of two preceding faslis on the other, are given in Statement II-A in the Appendix. A memorandum explaining the variations is prefixed to that statement.

7. The assets and liabilities of the State as they stood on the last day of the fasli i.e., 30—6—44, are given below:—

ASSETS.	Rs.	LIABILITIES.	Rs.
1. Cash balance in the State Treasuries	7,79,693	1. Departmental deposits	... 25,89,069
2. Surplus investments in Government securities	... 46,90,900	2. Suspense	... 462
3. Balance in account-current with the Imperial Bank of India, Trichinopoly.	... 2,17,058	3. Remittances	... 85,481
4. Balance in account-current with the Imperial Bank of India, Madras	... 16,585	4. Endowment Fund	... 9,347
5. Balance in account-current with the Imperial Bank of India, Trivandrum	94,698	5. Provident Fund	... 9,64,821
6. Balance in account-current with the National Provincial Bank of England, London	... 2,363	Total	... 36,49,180
7. In the Pudukkottai Electric Supply Corporation shares	... 22,000	Add closing balance	... 31,25,338
8. In the Pudukkottai Employees' Co-operative Stores shares	... 500	Total	... 67,74,518
9. In the Kodaikkanal Co-operative Stores shares	... 25		
10. Loans and advances	... 8,14,735		
11. Suspense	... 6,821		
12. Remittances	... 1,29,140		
Total	... 67,74,518		

It will be seen from the above that the assets of the State amounted to Rs. 67,74,518, its liabilities to Rs. 36,49,180 and the balance to Rs. 31,25,338.

RECEIPTS.

8. The following statement compares the actual receipts of the fasli 1353 with the budget and revised estimates for the fasli, and the actuals of the preceding three faslis:—

Principal Heads.	Budget estimate for fasli 1353.	Revised estimate for fasli 1353.	Actuals of fasli.			
			1353	1352	1351	1350
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue	9,55,000	9,12,300	10,36,447	11,04,664	11,29,153	10,17,479
Salt and Excise	4,62,300	7,70,300	8,15,470	4,97,599	3,86,946	3,16,804
Stamps	3,16,600	3,45,000	3,32,408	3,25,850	2,92,200	2,80,221
Forest	50,000	87,000	1,12,740	66,046	52,280	37,054
Registration	42,600	42,100	52,015	52,670	40,559	30,424
Interest	1,57,000	1,64,300	1,65,547	1,56,355	1,32,019	1,21,766
Civil works	2,42,000	2,36,000	2,61,878	2,45,619	2,46,601	2,29,228
Other receipts	1,57,300	2,15,700	2,37,118	2,03,773	1,60,987	1,59,495
Total	23,82,800	27,72,700	30,13,618	26,52,576	24,40,695	21,92,471

The actual receipts of the fasli were Rs. 2,40,913 more than the revised estimate and Rs. 3,61,037 more than the actuals of the preceding fasli.

The increase compared with the revised estimate was due to larger receipts under almost all the principal heads of revenue.

The increase under 'Land Revenue' occurred mainly under 'Current collections' and 'Nattam Settlement'. There was an appreciable increase under 'Excise' owing to larger consumption of liquor and increased sales of match banderols and under 'Tobacco—licence fees, sale of labels and miscellaneous'. The large increase in Forest revenue was chiefly the result of the increased sale of casuarina and jungle fuel. Under 'Registration' the increase was mainly under 'Fees for registering documents'. Larger receipts under 'Interest on arrears of revenue' accounted for the increase under 'Interest'. The increase under 'Civil Works' was due chiefly to larger receipts under 'Motor licences', 'Garden receipts' and 'Miscellaneous'.

There were also increased receipts under 'Religion and Charity—undial receipts and miscellaneous', 'Jail manufactures—oil industry', 'Pounds—fines on stray cattle', Scientific and other Minor Departments—agriculture, sale of garden produce and miscellaneous', 'Stationery and Printing—sale proceeds of Regulations and books' and 'Miscellaneous—unclaimed deposits lapsed to the State, Electricity duty, Commission on paddy sales and miscellaneous'.

The variations between the actuals of fasli 1353 and those of fasli 1352 are shown below:—

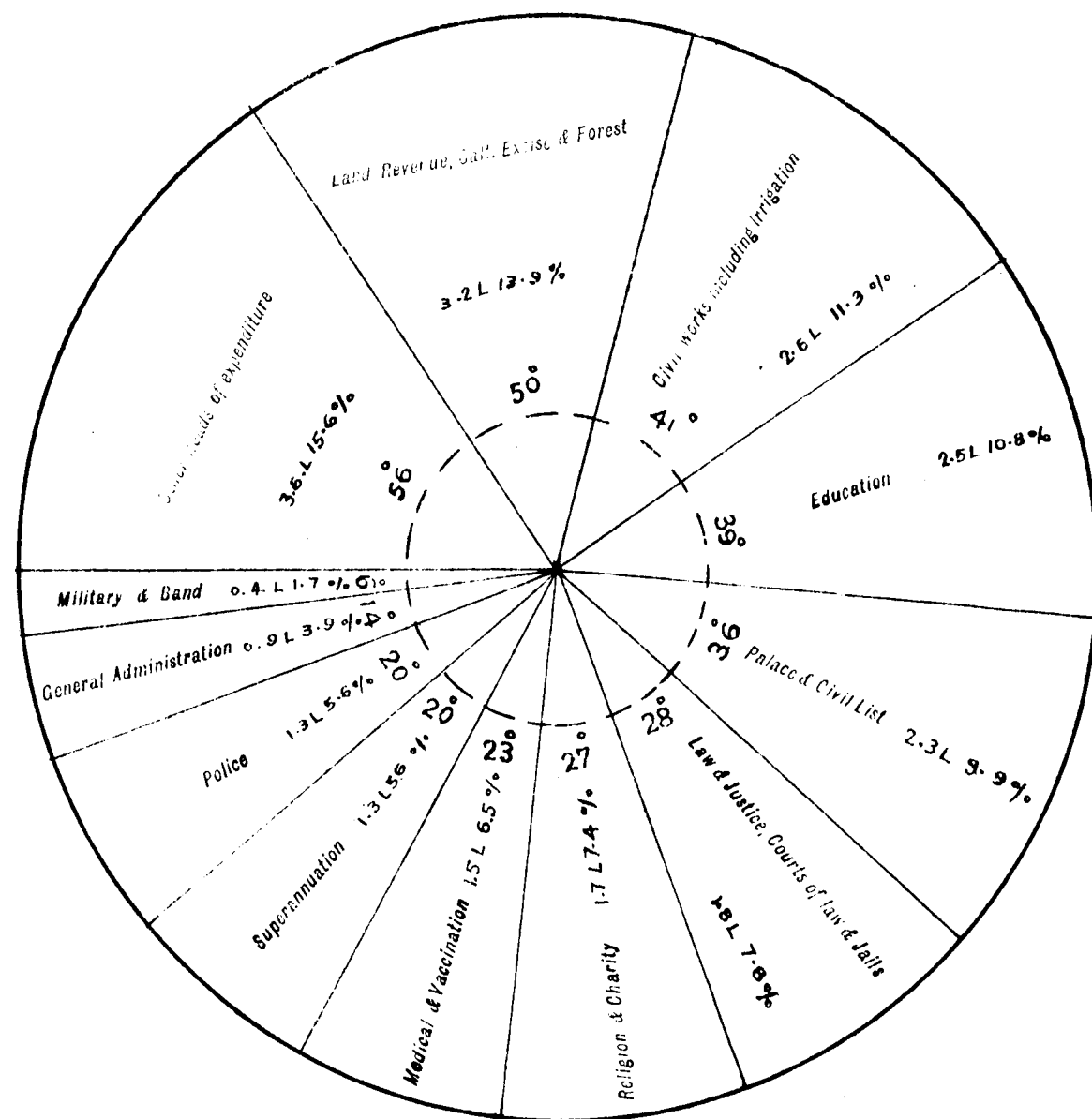
INCREASES.			DECREASES.		
		Rs.			Rs.
Salt and Excise	...	3,17,871	Land Revenue	...	68,217
Stamps	...	6,553	Minor items	...	655
Forest	...	46,694			
Interest	...	9,192	Total	...	68,872
Civil Works	...	16,259			
Other receipts	...	33,340			
Total	...	4,29,909			

The large increase under 'Salt and Excise' was mainly due to larger consumption and increase in the cost price of liquor, to increased rentals secured for liquor, toddy, opium and ganja shops, to the larger sales of locally-made matches, to an increase in the State's share of the All-India 'Excise on matches' pool for 1942-43, and to the new item of revenue, Excise duty on tobacco'. The increase under 'Stamps' was mainly due to larger sales of judicial stamps. The larger sales of casuarina and jungle fuel and of timber trees accounted for the increase in the Forest revenue. The investment of State funds in 3 per cent Defence bonds to the face value of Rs. 6,00,000 in the fasli accounted for the increase under 'Interest'. Increased receipts under 'Motor licences' and 'Miscellaneous' were the main reason for the increase under 'Civil works'. The increase under 'other receipts' was mainly due to larger income under 'Religion and Charity—undial receipts', 'Law and Justice—Courts of law—Criminal Courts, miscellaneous', 'Jail manufactures—oil industry', 'Unclaimed deposits lapsed to the State' and 'Electricity duty' and the new items of revenue such as 'War technician training fees', 'Cotton cloth dealers' licence fees and stamping fees', 'Commission on paddy sales' and 'Insurance Company registration fees'.

The decrease under 'Land Revenue' was under 'Arrear collections' and 'Nattam Settlement' due to the fact that almost the entire demand of the previous fasli was realised within that fasli and consequently, the arrears to be collected in the fasli were far less than in the previous fasli and there were less receipts under 'Nattam Settlement' which is a fluctuating item of revenue.

EXPENDITURE.

PROPORTION OF EXPENDITURE OF THE STATE
For Fasli 1353 under the various heads to the total Expenditure.
(In Lakhs of Rupees).



9. The subjoined statement compares the actual expenditure of the fasli with the budget and revised estimates of the fasli and the actuals of the preceding three faslis:—

Principal heads.	Budget estimate for fasli 1353.	Revised estimate for fasli 1353.			Actuals of fasli 1353.			Actuals of fasli		
		Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1352.	1351.	1350.
Religion and Charity ...	Rs. 1,46,800	Rs. 1,65,400	Rs. ...	Rs. 1,65,400	Rs. 1,67,884	Rs. ...	Rs. 1,67,884	Rs. 1,50,830	Rs. 1,44,972	Rs. 1,37,590
Palace—Fixed allowance to the members of His Highness's family, of His Highness the late Raja's family and the Western Palace Jaghire ...	2,36,000	...	1,33,350	1,33,350	...	1,31,111	1,31,111	2,68,823	2,31,147	2,82,941
Civil List ...	...	...	1,17,000	1,17,000	...	96,895	96,895	...	...	...
Land Revenue ...	1,99,100	1,96,350	5,450	2,01,800	1,97,258	5,345	2,02,603	1,98,609	1,89,516	1,91,932
Salt and Excise ...	27,070	43,310	640	43,950	52,236	637	52,873	29,785	22,093	18,676
Forest ...	26,030	68,960	340	69,300	64,957	319	65,276	27,181	25,523	22,872
Registration ...	27,200	27,270	380	27,650	26,799	329	27,128	27,202	26,498	28,393
General Administration ...	84,950	40,790	52,160	92,950	41,700	51,323	93,023	83,117	83,536	89,080
Law & Justice and Police ...	2,93,200	2,71,370	44,630	3,16,000	2,69,173	43,740	3,12,913	2,94,028	2,78,656	2,90,386
Education ...	2,54,200	2,44,400	8,000	2,52,400	2,41,876	7,990	2,49,866	2,47,626	2,47,027	2,44,300
Medical and Vaccination ...	1,41,900	1,43,760	10,040	1,53,800	1,43,031	9,919	1,52,950	1,33,504	1,35,445	1,28,709
Political ...	62,800	...	1,92,900	1,92,900	...	89,082	89,082	61,594	24,721	13,005
Superannuation ...	1,21,500	...	1,25,000	1,25,000	...	1,27,842	1,27,842	1,25,816	1,17,963	1,09,122
Stationery and Printing ...	67,000	66,500	...	66,500	64,363	...	64,363	65,456	44,979	46,636
Contribution to Municipality and Unions ...	2,300	5,400	...	5,400	5,200	...	5,200	12,000	5,087	2,300
Irrigation ...	63,000	64,500	...	64,500	41,289	...	41,289	30,923	67,750	1,09,354
Civil Works ...	2,15,000	2,25,860	5,140	2,31,000	2,09,576	4,972	2,14,548	1,80,090	1,61,404	2,22,437
Military and Band ...	44,400	...	43,000	43,000	...	42,650	42,650	40,567	39,062	37,831
Other expenditure ...	1,31,950	1,00,600	77,600	1,78,200	98,143	71,484	1,69,627	1,34,705	1,31,842	1,26,049
Total ...	21,44,400	16,64,470	8,15,630	24,80,100	16,23,485	6,83,638	23,07,123	21,11,856	19,77,221	21,01,613

The expenditure of the fasli fell below the revised estimate by Rs. 1,72,977. The decrease was mainly due to the postponement of the payment of the cost of a Mosquito Bomber offered by His Highness the Raja to the British Government, and to restriction of expenditure under several departments. The savings under 'Political' under which provision had been made for the Mosquito Bomber amounted to Rs. 1,03,818. The savings under 'Civil List' were Rs. 20,105. A sum of Rs. 42,293 was surrendered by the P. W. D., alone. The decreases are further explained in the memorandum prefixed to Statement II-A in the Appendix.

The expenditure of the fasli was Rs. 1,95,267 higher than that of the preceding fasli. This was the net result of increases and decreases as shown below:—

INCREASES.		DECREASES.	
	Rs.		Rs.
Religion and Charity ...	17,054	Palace and Civil List ...	40,817
Land Revenue ...	3,994	Stationery and Printing ...	1,093
Salt and Excise ...	23,088	Contribution to the Municipality and Unions.	6,800
Forest ...	38,095	Minor items ...	74
General Administration ...	9,906		
Law and Justice and Police ...	18,885		
Education ...	2,240	Total ...	48,784
Medical and Vaccination ...	19,446		
Political ...	27,488		
Superannuation ...	2,026		
Irrigation ...	10,366		
Civil Works ...	34,458		
Military and Band ...	2,083		
Other expenditure ...	34,922		
Total ...	2,44,051		

The increase under 'Religion and Charity' occurred mainly under 'Padi-taram of temples and chatrams' and 'Dussara charges'. The increase under 'Land Revenue' was due to the payment of enhanced dearness allowance to village officers and other low-paid servants. The increase under 'Excise' was due to

the increase in the cost price of liquor and the larger quantity required for sale. The increase under 'Forest' was mainly due to the appointment of a Ranger and his establishment, the purchase of a lorry to cart fuel from the plantations to the town and larger expenditure under 'Cutting and carting charges' to meet the increased demand for jungle and casuarina fuel. The appointment of a Second Councillor, of a Private Secretary to His Highness the Raja and of the additional staff consequent on the Investiture of His Highness the Raja with Ruling Powers accounted for the increase under 'General Administration'. The increase under 'Law and Justice' occurred under 'Jail industry' and 'Rations' and was due to increases in the cost of yarn and gingelly-seed, in the number of prisoners and in the price of food-stuffs.

The increase under 'Police' was due to larger expenditure under 'Local etc., allowance, travelling allowance of establishment and arms, ammunitions and accoutrements'. The increase under 'Education' occurred under 'College—laboratory charges'. The increased expenditure under 'Medical and Vaccination' was due to the rise in the prices of medicines and food-stuffs on account of the war. The increase under 'Contribution and donations', the expenses in connection with the 'Investiture' and the contribution to 'Marriage fund' started this fasli account for the increase under 'Political'. The increase under 'Superannuation' occurred under 'Pensions'. The increase under 'Irrigation' was due to the rise in the cost of materials and labour. The increase under 'Civil Works' was due to the high cost of building materials and labour and to the fact that the adjustment of expenditure on flood damage rectification works by short debit to 'Communications' made in the previous fasli was special to that fasli. The increase under 'Military and Band' occurred under 'Purchase and feed of horses' and 'Uniforms and boots'. The increase under 'Other expenditure' occurred mainly under 'Stamps—cost of blank paper', 'Scientific and other' Minor Departments—agriculture farm expenses and co-operative credit societies, temporary establishment and travelling allowance' and 'Miscellaneous—refund of lapsed deposits, war technician training centre charges, State motor garage and tents and His Highness' Birthday celebration'.

The decrease under 'Palace and Civil List' was due to the absence of special items of expenditure which occurred in the previous fasli. The decrease under 'Contribution to Municipality and Unions' was due to payment of smaller contributions.

BALANCES.

10. The following statement compares the actual balances of the fasli with the balances anticipated in the budget and revised estimates, and with the actuals of the three preceding faslis:—

	Budget estimate for fasli 1353.	Revised estimate for fasli 1353.	Actuals of fasli			
			1353.	1352.	1351.	1350.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Revenue ...	23,82,800	27,72,700	30,13,613	26,52,576	24,40,695	21,92,471
Expenditure ...	21,44,400	24,80,100	23,07,123	21,11,856	19,77,221	21,01,613
Surplus (+) or deficit (—).	+ 2,38,400	+ 2,92,600	+ 7,06,490	+ 5,40,720	+ 4,63,474	+ 90,858
Opening balance ...	—	—	24,18,848	18,78,128	14,14,654	13,23,796
Closing balance—						
Investments ...			20,14,941	14,18,582	6,87,948	6,22,477
Cash assets net ...			11,10,397	10,00,266	11,90,180	7,92,177
Total ...			31,25,338	24,18,848	18,78,128	14,14,654

11. The transactions of the fasli resulted in a surplus of Rs. 7,06,490. The fasli began with a balance of Rs. 24,18,848 and closed with a balance of Rs. 31,25,338 against Rs. 27,11,448 anticipated in the revised estimate. Of the closing balance, a sum of Rs. 11,10,397 represented the cash balance in the State Treasuries and in the Darbar's Current accounts with the Imperial Bank of India and the National Provincial Bank, London. The balance of Rs. 20,14,941 together with the sum of

Rs. 9,64,821 pertaining to the State Provident Fund and other sums derived from other deposits was invested as follows:—

- (i) Rs. 46,90,900 in Government Securities,
- (ii) Rs. 22,000 in shares in the Pudukkottai Electric Supply Corporation Ltd.,
- (iii) Rs. 500 in shares in the Pudukkottai Employees' Co-operative Stores; and
- (iv) Rs. 25 in shares in the Kodaikkanal Co-operative Stores.

12. The total amount to the credit of the individual Religious and Charitable Institutions under the control of the State is Rs. 4,78,934, of which Rs. 9,347 is included in the State general treasury balance, and the rest is invested in the names of the institutions in the Post Office Savings Bank, Co-operative Credit Societies in the State and 3, 3½ and 4 per cent Government Securities.

13. The balance at the credit of the Provident Fund on the last day of the fasli was Rs. 9,64,821.

14. The expenditure of the several departments of the State was audited by the Audit Branch of the Darbar Office. Local test audits were made of the accounts maintained in subordinate offices.

LEGISLATION.

15. *General.*—The Sixth Council came into existence in October 1939. The Government thought it desirable owing to the war that the duration of that Council should be further extended; and therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by proviso (b) to section 5 of the Pudukkottai Legislative Council Regulation No. IV of 1924 they were pleased to direct that the said Council shall continue until the cessation of hostilities unless they should see fit to direct that a general election should be held earlier. The Legislative Council Regulation No. IV of 1924 was further amended as a consequence of which the posts of the Deputy President and the Pro-Deputy President were made elective.

16. *Sessions.*—In the fasli under report, there were two sessions of the Council, one in November 1943 and the other in March—April 1944.

17. *Legislative measures.*—The following Bills came before the Council in the two sessions:—

- (1) The Pudukkottai Irrigation (Amendment) Bill (No. 2 of 1943.)
- (2) The Pudukkottai Insurance Policy (Nomination) Bill (No. 3 of 1943.)
- (3) The Pudukkottai Companies (Amendment) Bill (No. 4 of 1943.)
- (4) The Pudukkottai Ancient Monuments Preservation (Amendment) Bill (No. 5 of 1943.)
- (5) The Pudukkottai Muslim Personal Law Application Bill (No. 1 of 1943.)
- (6) The Pudukkottai Agriculturists' Relief (Amendment) Bill (No. 6 of 1943)
- (7) The Pudukkottai Village Courts (Amendment) Bill (No. 1 of 1944).

Of these Bills Nos. 1 to 5 above were passed by the Council in the November Session and received the assent of the Administrator in the Fasli. In the November Session the Council referred Bill No. 6 of 1943 to a Select Committee and passed it subsequently in the March-April Session. The Council also passed Bill No. 1 of 1944 in the March-April Session and both the Bills received the assent of His Highness in the present fasli.

18. *Financial business.*—The Finance Committee examined the draft Budget for fasli 1354 before it was presented to the Council. The Budget was passed by the Council, without a substantive cut.

19. *Questions.*—175 questions were answered in the two sessions.

20. *Resolutions.*—95 resolutions were tabled for discussion in the two sessions. Only 79 were discussed, of which 7 were carried, 2 were lost, and the remaining 70

were withdrawn after discussion. The Government communicated to the Council a statement of the action taken on the resolutions passed by the Council in former sessions.

21. *Special motions.*—(1) Condolence motions were passed on the death of Mr. B. G. Holdsworth, formerly President of the Council and Administrator of the State; of Sir Sri Kerala Varma, G. C. I. E., the late Maharaja of Cochin; of Mr. E. Muhammad Kasim Saheb; of Mr. P. K. N. Km Nagappa Chettiyar; of Rao Saheb A. G. Krishnaswami Ayyar and of Mr. S. Subramania Pandaram, who were members of this Council. The Motions were communicated to the appropriate quarters.

(2) In November 1943 Session, the Council passed a motion requesting the President to convey to His Highness its joy at the decision of His Excellency the Crown Representative to invest His Highness with Ruling Powers at a not distant future, and an expression of the loyalty of the Council and of the people of the State.

(3) In April 1944 Session, the Council passed a number of motions expressing its loyalty to His Highness on his assumption of personal rule.

ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENTS.

DEVASTANAM AND CHARITY.

22. *General.*—Originally the State temples, Chatrams (feeding houses) and other charitable institutions possessed landed endowments. In 1897 the State resumed these lands, and instead allotted from general revenues annual sums of money, fixed with reference to the importance of each institution. The general supervision of all the institutions vests in the Darbar, and is exercised through the Dewan Peishkar, assisted by his Personal Assistant.

23. *Number and class of institutions.*—There were 1,146 institutions in the State as in the preceding fasli. Of these 890 were Government institutions and the rest private. Two private foundations were managed by the State. There were also 32 '*pararashtram katlais*', or allotments for services conducted in temples and other religious institutions outside the State.

24. *Financial.*—The aggregate income of the several institutions, including the collections on account of '*Vasakkattu*' arrears, i. e., arrears of fines for failure to render customary services (see below), was Rs. 17,159 against Rs. 12,563 in fasli 1352. The expenditure under religious and charitable institutions was Rs. 1,63,194 against Rs. 1,50,830 in fasli 1352. Rs. 1,25,354 were spent on '*Padittaram*' (allotment for articles required for worship) and '*Establishment*'; Rs. 1,302 on '*Patram*' (Vessels) and '*Parivattam*' (Cloths), Rs. 1,828 on '*Tiruppani*' (structural works). The expenditure on the Dussara festival was Rs. 39,611 of which Rs. 9,903 was debited to "Palace - Dignity Establishment." The customary '*uliyams*' or services rendered to the temples by the ryots are of two kinds, major and minor. The *major uliyam* consists in dragging the temple cars and *chaprams* (light cars) during festivals. The *minor uliyam* consists of miscellaneous services, such as carrying the images of the deities in procession, and building sheds and rafts. Default in rendering these services is punishable with fine. The demand on account of such fines is called '*Vasakkattu*.'

The following table gives the demand, collection and balance in respect of *Vasakkattu* arrears at the close of the fasli.

...				Demand.	Collected or written off.	Balance.	Excess collection.
<i>Current.</i>				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Major uliyam	...	...	...	270	224	46	...
Minor uliyam	...	...	...	565	461	107	3
<i>Arrear.</i>							
Major uliyam	...	...	...	248	248	...	...
Minor uliyam	...	...	...	389	389	...	...
Total				1,472	1,322	153	3

The *Vasakkattu* arrears relating to *minor uliyam* amounted to Rs. 107 at the close of the fasli, against Rs. 384 at the end of fasli 1352. This sum relates to the period subsequent to fasli 1323 when the system was introduced of making advances in cash to the Dewan Peishkar to enable him to engage coolies, etc., for the performance of the services, and recouping them after the collection of the amounts from the defaulters. The total amount of '*Vasakkattu*' fines, both arrear and current, collected in the fasli was Rs. 1,322.

25. *General remarks.*—241 papers were pending in the Devastanam section at the beginning of the fasli, and 1,966 were received during the fasli; of the 2,207 papers for disposal, 1936 papers or 89 per cent were disposed of, leaving a balance of 271 out of which 112 papers had been pending for more than, and the remaining 159 for less than, six months.

LAND REVENUE, SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT.

26. *Revenue divisions.*—For purposes of Revenue Administration, the State is divided into three taluks, Alangudi, Tirumayyam and Kulattur, each under the control of a Tahsildar. Each taluk is divided into six firkas, each in charge of a Revenue Inspector. There are in all 441 villages in the State. Five of them are uninhabited. The remaining 436 villages consist of 1,511 hamlets.

27. *Season and rainfall.*—The season was favourable in most parts of the State though the rainfall in December 1943 to March 1944 was scanty, so that there was not sufficient water for irrigation in parts of many firkas. The rainfall was heavy in the months of August to October 1943. The average of the rainfall registered at all the rain registering stations in the State was 36.28 inches against 44.55 inches in the preceding fasli, and the average of 42.67 inches for the preceding five faslis.

The following table compares the average rainfall in the months of July to December in the fasli with the average rainfall for the corresponding months of the preceding fasli:—

Months.	Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.
July	2.59"	2.67"
August	5.61"	4.93"
September	8.01"	4.84"
October	4.83"	10.88"
November	2.83"	2.97"
December	7.49"	1.36"

The heaviest rainfall was in October, 1943 when 10.88 inches was registered against the average rainfall of 5.04 inches for October furnished by the Director General of Observatories, Simla.

The Darbar helped the ryots by granting the following reliefs:—

(1) The Darbar granted remission of full assessment in 126 villages on wet lands that failed to yield at least a four anna crop on account of shortage of water.

(2) The collection of instalments of agricultural loans falling due in the fasli from the ryots to whom remission was granted was suspended during the fasli, and the period for the repayment of the loan extended by one year.

There was an increase in the price of rice, ragi, and cholam compared with the preceding fasli.

Owing to the War, traders were tempted to try to profiteer. Effective steps were taken to stop this. The War Prices Advisory Committee met once every month and fixed the prices of essential food-stuffs. The effect of these measures was salutary and food-stuffs were sold at reasonable prices.

28. *Condition of the people.*—The main occupation of about 80 per cent of the population of the State is agriculture. Since there are no perennial rivers agriculture is entirely dependent on local rainfall. The general condition of the ryots was fair, since they were able to find employment on their own lands.

The following table shows the average daily scale of wages for labourers in the Town of Pudukkottai and in the three taluks of the State:—

Place.	Skilled labourers.					Unskilled labourers.		
	Brick-layer.	Stone-cutter.	Car-penter.	Smith.	Painter.	Man cooly.	Woman cooly.	Boy or girl cooly.
Pudukkottai } I class	As. 16—20	As. 16—20	As. 16—20	As. 20	As. 16—18	As. 7	As. 4	As. 4
Town } II class	12—16	12—16	12—16	16	14—16	6—8	6—8	4
Alangudi	12—16	16—24	16—20	16—20	14—16	6—8	6—8	4
Tirumayyam	12	16	14	12	20	6—7	3—4	2—3
Kulattur	20	24	24	24	20	8	4	4

29. *Condition of cattle.*—The condition of cattle was satisfactory. Pasture and fodder were sufficient. 2,42,616 acres of assessed waste lands and porambokes not included in the game preserves were open to the free grazing of cattle and browsing of goats.

The number of livestock and of agricultural implements and machinery according to the census taken in January 1940 is given in Statement VII.

30. *Area under cultivation.*—The following table shows the distribution of the occupied area in the State under different tenures.

			Fasli 1352 Acres.	Fasli 1353 Acres.	Difference. Acres.
1. Ryotwari tenure	...	...	3,35,164	3,40,209	+5,045
2. Inam tenure—					
(a) Minor-inam	...	...	66,884	66,686	—198
(b) Major-inam	...	...	61,967	62,381	+414
3. Assessed or unassessed lands occupied without patta.			3,537	2,733	—804
Total	...	...	4,67,552	4,72,009	+4,457

During the fasli under report, the extent of lands held on ryotwari tenure increased by 5,045 acres. This was the net result of 180 acres going out of occupation and 5,225 acres coming under patta by assignment. The extent of occupied lands under minor-inam tenure decreased by 198 acres. This was the result of some minor-inam lands having been bought-in by Government for the realisation of land revenue and transferred to ayan, of some service-inam lands having been resumed because the services were either not required or had ceased to be performed. The extent of occupied lands under major-inam tenure increased by 414 acres, as a result of transfer from poramboke and reconveyance of bought-in-lands. There was a decrease of 804 acres in the extent of Government land occupied without patta. This was the result of assignment.

At the close of the fasli, the Government had at their disposal 15,861 acres of unoccupied assessed waste lands, against 24,775 acres in the preceding fasli.

The system introduced in fasli 1344 of assigning waste lands free of the initial lump-sum payment, usually called *kudiswamyam*, to the Government, and the cowle system introduced in fasli 1345 under which waste lands assigned for cultivation are only charged one-third of the assessment in the first year, two-thirds in the second year and the full assessment from the third year onwards remained in force.

The Government relaxed temporarily the rules governing assignment of lands bought-in by Government, and ordered that if the pattadars on account of whose default the lands were bought-in or their heirs or persons interested in such lands applied for them on or before 31—12—1943 and paid the arrears, etc., before the end of April 1944 the lands would be restored to the original pattas unless they had been assigned to any one else or sold in auction and the sale could have been confirmed before the application for re-assignment.

With a view to encourage ryots to grow more food and to increase the area under cultivation, only single assessment was charged (no penalty was levied) for the unauthorised cultivation of assessed waste lands and norambokes.

if the occupation was not objectionable, where the porambokes were adjacent to patta lands, and food crop was raised on them. No water cess was levied for the unauthorised conversion of dry lands into wet if the conversion was not objectionable.

A Regulation called "The Pudukkottai Uncultivated Lands (Imposition of Penalty) Regulation No XVIII of 1942 was passed to enabling the Government to impose a penal assessment on land-owners who, without reasonable cause, either did not cultivate their lands or failed to cultivate them properly and made a mere show of cultivation. The object of the Regulation was to obtain the maximum cultivated area, in the interests of the State subjects as a whole—so as to combat scarcity and rising prices. The Regulation spurred people to cultivate, who might not have done so. The Darbar have only had to take action in a single case under this Regulation.

31. *House-sites in Grama nattams.*—The practice of assigning house-sites in village sites in rural areas free remained in force.

32. *Demand and collection:—*

(a) *Current.*—Statement X shows the demand, collection and balance of land revenue for the fasli. The land revenue demand was Rs. 9,40,203 against Rs. 9,34,744 in fasli 1352. The actual seasonal remission granted in the fasli amounted to Rs. 79,836. A sum of Rs. 9,39,356 or 99.91 per cent of the total demand was either collected in the fasli or adjusted from excess collections in previous faslis. The net balance outstanding at the end of the fasli was Rs. 847 i.e., .09 per cent of the demand, against .29 in the preceding fasli.

(b) *Arrears.*—Statement XI shows the demand, collection and balance under land revenue arrears. There was an arrear of Rs. 3,833 at the beginning of the fasli against Rs. 62,773 in fasli 1352. A sum of Rs. 3,833 or 100 per cent of the total demand, against 98.2 per cent in fasli 1352 was either collected in the fasli or adjusted from excess collections in previous faslis. Thus the net balance outstanding at the end of the fasli was Nil against 1.8 per cent of the demand in the preceding fasli. There was a further great improvement in collections under both current and arrears, largely due to the close attention paid to the matter by Janab Khan Bahadur P. Khalifullah Sahib Bahadur, Assistant Administrator and subsequently First Councillor.

The system of issuing separate printed and sealed receipts for all payments of land revenue, in addition to acknowledging payments in the ryot's *katchat* when desired, continued in force. Process fees were levied from 1—7—1941 at the following rates.

- (1) Notice of attachment of the moveable and the immoveable properties of the defaulters—Four annas.
- (2) Actual attachment of such properties—A further fee of eight annas.
- (3) Actual sale of such properties—A further fee of four annas.

33. *Village officers.*—The annual special-test examinations for village officers were held in December 1943. The candidates were allowed to answer the question papers with books. Out of 41 candidates that appeared for the Karnams' test no one was successful. Out of 29 candidates that appeared for the Moniams' test only six were successful.

Cash prizes of Rs. 9 each were awarded to the best karnam in each Revenue Inspector's firka. In some cases the prize was divided equally between two Karnams. The moniyagars who showed a Nil balance under L. R. C. and L. R. A. before the end of April 1943 were awarded a cash prize of Rs. 12 each, and those who showed a Nil balance before the end of May 1943 Rs. 6 each. The issue of certificates of merit was discontinued.

34. *Inspection.*—The Dewan Peishkar was on tour for 243 days. He inspected all the Taluk offices. The Tahsildar of Alangudi was on tour for 272 days, the Tahsildar of Tirumayyam for 268 days and the Tahsildar of Kulattur for 264 days.

35. *Disposal of papers.*—The table below shows the number of papers dealt with and disposed of in the Dewan Peishkar's office and in the Taluk offices:—

Offices.	Opening balance.	Receipts.	Total.	Disposal.	Balance.
Dewan Peishkar's office	2,384	16,592	18,976	16,215	2,761
	(Excluding Devastam papers)				
Taluk offices	4,745	16,574	21,319	16,545	4,774

Dharkast applications.

Opening balance.	Receipts.	Total.	Disposal.			Balance.		
			Rejected.	Granted.	Total.	Less than six months old.	Over six months old.	Total.
2,646	4,858	7,504	3,343	2,024	5,367	1,954	783	2,137

*Patta Transfer applications.**

Opening balance.	Receipts.	Total.	Disposal.			Balance.		
			Rejected.	Accepted.	Total.	Less than six months old.	Over six months old.	Total.
3,375	15,560	18,935	2,663	12,578	15,241	3,347	347	3,694

* This Statement excludes Major-Inam Patta Transfer applications.

36. *Maintenance of Land Records.*—The new sub-divisions made in the fasli were incorporated by the Revenue Inspectors in the village officers' copies of field measurement books, and by the Land Records Draftsman in the copies maintained in the Taluk offices.

One temporary Tracer copied the field sketches of Melanilai, Neiveli, Kavinadu Mela Vattam, Vannarappatti, Adanakkottai and Pudukkottai villages, which were worn out.

The Land Records Deputy Surveyor surveys and sub-divides inam lands and replaces missing survey stones, whenever the Tahsildars require his services, and attends to the alignment of house-sites, and the preparation of sketches for house-sites and koradu spaces in front of houses in Pudukkottai Town. He surveyed and sub-divided an extent of about 400 acres in Pungudi, Ammankurichchi, and Maravamadarai villages for assignment in the fasli.

A temporary staff consisting of a Special Deputy Surveyor on Rs. 25 a month, and three lascars on Rs. 10 each a month refixed the missing stones on the railway lands.

The work in the Photo section consisted mainly of the preparation of ferro copies of maps and plans. 1,301 ferro prints, 18 photoprints and 340 Litho-zinc prints were taken in the fasli.

A Survey training school for karnams was held for six weeks from 15—9—1943. 31 persons including 11 private candidates were trained.

37. *Nattam Settlement.*—A temporary staff consisting of one Deputy Surveyor, one Draftsman, a part-time Attender, one peon and two lascars, sanctioned for the completion of the settlement of the unsettled Chetti Nattams continued its work. The Land Records Inspector was in additional charge of the Nattam Settlement. The Tahsildar of Tirumayyam supervised the work of the special staff with an allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem.

Seventeen blocks in Embal nattam and four blocks in Puduppatti nattam were settled. Virachohilai nattam was taken up for settlement. Three blocks in Tirumayyam, one block in Minakshipuram and two blocks in Konapattu nattams were surveyed.

The income from the sale of house-sites and the levy of redemption price or condonation price on patta lands in Chetti Nattams and urban nattams on which houses had been built, amounted to Rs. 56,110.

38. *Settlement of inams.*—No inam was settled during the fasli. 46 lavanams (pattas for service inams) were transferred in the fasli.

99 patta transfer applications relating to major-inams were pending at the beginning of the fasli 1353. 497 were received during the fasli and 511 were disposed of leaving a balance of 85.

1,250 paimash numbers were copied from the old Paimash Registers. The *Olugu* and the *Isanwar* accounts of Kulattur Taluk, on cadjan leaves were arranged and made into bundles. A temporary staff of one binder and an assistant completed binding the inam records.

39. *General remarks.*—M. R. Ry. N. P. Swaminatha Ayyar Avl., B. A., continued to be in charge of the department. The experimental amalgamation of the Salt, Abkari and Forest Department with the Revenue Department continued throughout the fasli. The working of the amalgamated department was satisfactory.

EXCISE.

SALT.

40. *General.*—In pursuance of the convention entered into in 1887 between the Government of Madras and the State, the manufacture of earth-salt in the State has been prohibited in consideration of an annual subsidy of Rs. 38,000 paid by the Government of India. The salt required for consumption in the State is imported from the British factories on the east coast by private dealers.

41. *Price and consumption of sea-salt.*—The price of salt ranged from 9.67 to 16.53 Madras seers a rupee against 14.28 to 18.43 seers in the previous fasli. The actual quantity of salt imported into the State is not ascertainable.

42. *Number and disposal of offences.*—There were no cases of either illicit manufacture of earth-salt or of illegal arrest by or assault on the officers of the department.

MATCHES.

43. The two match factories in the State continued to work during the fasli under report. The face value of banderols issued to the factories during the fasli was Rs. 10,775—10—0. A sum of Rs. 219—13—6 was granted as rebate and the net revenue realised by the sale of banderols, deducting the rebate at the prescribed rates, was Rs. 10,555—12—6. A sum of Rs. 38,903 was received during the fasli from the Government of India pool against a sum of Rs. 32,469 in the preceding fasli.

TOBACCO EXCISE.

44. The Pudukkottai Tobacco (Excise Duty) Regulation No. XVI of 43 was introduced in the State in fasli 1352 to take effect from 1—4—43. The total licence fees collected during the fasli under report amounted to Rs. 4,330. The duty collected was Rs. 6,720—15—7 including a sum of Rs. 5 realised as fine and another sum of Rs. 7 realised by the sale of confiscated tobacco. An Excise Inspector has been appointed from 16—5—44 to see to the proper working of the Regulation, and the expenditure incurred on this account was Rs. 30—1—0.

ABKARI, OPIUM AND GANJA.

45. *Country Liquor.*—As usual the entire quantity of country liquor required for consumption in the State was manufactured in the State Distillery by a contractor. The prescribed strength of the liquor continued to be 35° under proof. The contractor supplied 22,784 gallons, 16,868 gallons to the depôts and 5,916 gallons to shop-keepers direct. The total quantity for sale in the depôts during the fasli was 17,196 gallons 37 drams. The total quantity sold to the retail shop-keepers by the distillery contractor and from the Government depôts was 22,871 gallons 24 drams, against 12,410 gallons 32 drams in the preceding fasli. The

manufacturing cost was Rs. 1—8—0 a gallon from 1—7—43 to 31—12—43 and Rs. 1—13—0 from 1—1—44. The still-head duty was Rs. 5—11—0 per gallon, and the issue price of liquor at the distillery and depôts Rs. 7—14—0 a gallon.

Forty-eight shops were sold against 46 in the previous fasli. Each shop served on an average 9 villages, or an area of 24·56 square miles, with a population of 9,132. The gross rental of the shops was Rs. 58,656 against Rs. 28,016 in the previous fasli.

46. *Toddy*.—The toddy year runs from October to September. The number of cocoanut trees tapped in the first half of the year was 10,850 against 9,363 in the corresponding half of the preceding year, and in the second half 11,283 against 10,096. 217 palmyra trees were tapped, against 267 palmyra trees in the preceding year. In addition, 420 cocoanut trees were tapped in the State for British shops, against 308 in the preceding year, and 1,116 cocoanut trees were tapped in British territory for the State toddy shops, against 604 in the preceding year. The rate of tree-tax was Rs. 5—10—0 per half-year for a cocoanut tree and Rs. 3—12—0 a year for a palmyra or date tree. 112 shops were sold in the year against 110 in the preceding year. The demand under shop rentals was Rs. 2,71,722 against Rs. 1,75,884 in the preceding fasli. Free licences were granted for tapping 495 palmyra trees for sweet toddy for private consumption and for the manufacture of jaggery.

47. *Foreign liquor and beer*.—Five shops were sold against four in the previous fasli. The demand under shop rentals was Rs. 20,736 against Rs. 4,550 in the preceding fasli. Two beer shops were sold against one in the previous fasli. The demand under shop rentals was Rs. 14,472 against Rs. 4,212 in the preceding fasli. The Madras Government refunded a sum of Rs. 9,750—13—1 being the excise duty levied on spirituous medicinal preparations and Indian-made foreign liquor imported into the State from the Madras Presidency and Mysore during the year 1943. 3,824 gallons of country beer in bulk and 470 gallons in bottles were imported into the State during the fasli. The rate of duty continued to be Re. 0—10—0 a gallon. The duty levied during the fasli was Rs. 2,650 against Rs. 2,993—12—0 in the preceding fasli.

48. *Intoxicating drugs*.—The retail vend of ganja and opium was leased out separately as usual. The rental secured was Rs. 19,092 against Rs. 5,412 in the preceding fasli. 72½ seers of opium were issued to the shops for sale, against 74 seers in the preceding fasli, and 132 seers of ganja, against 157 seers in the preceding fasli. The procedure adopted in fasli 1348 for the purchase of ganja continued in the fasli under report. The Madras Government supplied ganja to the State as usual, free of duty, but on payment of Re. 0—9—0 a seer from 1—7—43 to 31—3—44 and Re. 0—10—0 from 1—4—44 to cover their expenses. The duty on ganja was Rs. 30 a seer from 1—7—43 to 31—3—44 and Rs. 35 a seer from 1—4—44 against Rs. 30 in the preceding year.

The licence fee for the sale of denatured spirit continued to be Re. 0—8—0 a gallon. A sum of Rs. 2,864—11—0 was realised as gallonage fees. The receipts under the head 'Miscellaneous' amounted to Rs. 4,391—14—3 in the fasli against Rs. 2,417—15—2 in the preceding fasli. This figure includes gallonage fees, licence fees for the sale of medicated wines, fines, etc.

49. *Offences*.—There were 38 cases against 47 persons for disposal by the department. 29 cases against 38 persons were disposed of departmentally. Nine cases against nine persons remained pending.

Including the three cases against five persons pending at the beginning of the fasli, there were six cases against seven persons for disposal by the Magistrates. One case against one person ended in conviction and five cases against six persons remained pending.

The fines levied departmentally amounted to Rs. 992—8—0 against Rs. 386—10—0 in the preceding fasli. No fine was levied by Magistrates either in the fasli under reference or in the preceding fasli.

50. *Financial*.—The total demand for the fasli including arrears was Rs. 7,17,820 against Rs. 4,34,515 in the preceding fasli. A sum of Rs. 7,28,703 was either collected in the fasli or adjusted from previous excess collections or written off. This sum includes excess collections amounting to Rs. 11,322 to be

adjusted towards the dues of fasli 1354. There was an outstanding balance of Rs. 439 at the close of the fasli. The average incidence of abkari revenue was one rupee, ten annas and two pias per head of the population, and Rs. 609 per square mile.

The total cost of the department was Rs. 42,475 against Rs. 19,082 in the preceding fasli.

The tender-cum-auction system was adopted for the sale of the shops with advantage to the Government.

51. *General remarks*.—The amalgamation of the Salt, Abkari and Forest Department with the Revenue Department continued throughout the fasli and gave satisfactory results.

FORESTS AND PLANTATIONS.

52. *General*.—The forests in the State consist of scrub jungle containing no timber trees of any value. They yield considerable quantities of firewood, green leaves for manure and certain other minor produce, besides affording pasture. There are two classes 'reserved' and 'unreserved'. The thickly wooded inner belts of the reserved forests, which are specially preserved for shooting, are termed 'game preserves', while the outer belts of such forests, which are not specially reserved for shooting, are termed 'ordinary reserved forests'. The other forests are called 'unreserved'. The area of the 'game preserves' is 32 square miles, of the 'ordinary reserved forests' 31½ square miles and of the 'unreserved forests' 36½ square miles.

The system of selling green leaves in blocks on a three-year rotation continued during the fasli. 59 blocks were sold against 47 in the previous fasli. Four casuarina plantations were started during the fasli on an extent of 70 acres in the Perungalur East and West, Varappur East and Vellar topes.

The graft mangoes got from Bangalore and tended in the Farm were planted in the Puntope and the Kannutope in the fasli. All mangoes planted were thriving.

Towards the close of the fasli, arrangements were made to make charcoal from casuarina stumps and jungle fuel and some was made.

An experiment in Artificial Regeneration was made in the Kasba East beat forest. It has not so far proved successful. Further attempts will be made.

The prohibition of the transport of casuarina fuel or timber to any place outside the State except under a permit continued in the fasli.

53. *Forest offences*.—The table below shows the number of cases reported and disposed of during the fasli:—

	Pending at the beginning of the fasli.			Reported during the fasli.	Total.	Disposal.				Pending at the close of the fasli.		
	In the department.	In the Magistrates' courts.	Total.			By the department.	Cases ended in conviction.	Cases ended in acquittal or withdrawal.	Total.	In the department.	In the Magistrates' courts.	Total.
Number of cases...	410	794	1204	1908	3112	741	430	384	1555	620	927	1557
Number of persons involved.	546	865	1411	2331	3742	836	466	405	1707	837	1198	2035

54. *Felling operations in plantations and forests*.—The over-mature trees in the Kasba East and West and Tudiamparai forests and Sivagnanapuram tope were cut and transported to the Town fuel depôt for sale.

There was a balance of 9 tons 1,680lb of casuarina fuel at the topes at the beginning of the fasli. 4,039 tons 1,120lb of casuarina fuel were felled. 3,862 tons,

1,540lb of casuarina fuel were transported to the Town Sirkar fuel depôt. 163 tons 560lb were sold to S. I. Ry., directly from the topos. There was a balance of 23 tons and 700lb at site in Perungalur West and Varappur West topos. There was a balance of 9 tons of jungle fuel at site at the beginning of the fasli. 3,200 tons, 840lb of jungle fuel were cut from the Kasba and other forests. 3,135 tons 550lb were transported to the Town Sirkar fuel depôt for sale. 1,680lb were stolen from the felling depôt. The fasli closed with a balance of 73 tons, 840lb at site. Trees from Sirkar forests and plantations were cut and transported to the Sirkar fuel depôt departmentally.

55. *Financial.*—The income of the department was derived from the sales of green leaves, firewood and other forest produce, rentals of stone-quarries, fees for the grant of stone-mason licences and miscellaneous revenue such as seigniorage fees, grazing-fees, sale proceeds of wild animals, fees realised by the composition of forest offences, etc. The total demand for the fasli was Rs. 1,12,357 against Rs. 66,080 in the previous fasli, as detailed below:—

Heads.		Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.
		Rs.	Rs.
1. Reserve forests	...	26,979	39,847
2. Plantations	...	17,632	47,485
3. Quarries	...	15,450	18,473
4. Miscellaneous	...	6,019	6,552
Total		66,080	1,12,357

The increase under 'Reserve forests' was mainly due to the sale of larger quantities of fuel in the Sirkar fuel depôt, and to the sale of green leaf blocks and Avaram bark.

The increase under 'Plantations' was due to the increased sale of casuarina fuel at the Town fuel depôt, the sale of fuel to S. I. Ry. and the sale of timber trees in the plantations.

The increase under 'Quarries' was due to competition at the sales of monopoly and seigniorage rights of rocks.

The increase under 'Miscellaneous' is negligible.

Out of the demand of Rs. 1,12,357, Rs. 1,12,300 were collected leaving a balance of Rs. 57. The percentage of collection to demand was 99.95 against 100 in the previous fasli. This is satisfactory.

The expenditure of the department was Rs. 65,276 against Rs. 27,181 in the previous fasli. Rs. 18,267 or 28 per cent of the expenditure and 16.3 per cent of the revenue represent establishment charges.

56. *General remarks.*—The experimental amalgamation of the Forest and the Revenue Departments continued throughout the fasli, and gave satisfactory results.

REGISTRATION.

57. *Number of Registry offices.*—There were ten Sub-registry Offices in the State as in the preceding fasli. There was no change in their jurisdiction. On an average each Sub-registry Office served a cultivable area of 79 square miles and a population of 43,835.

58. *Number and value of documents registered.*—The number of documents registered rose from 19,395 in fasli 1352, to 20,506 in fasli 1353—20,125 documents related to immoveable property, and 304 to moveable property; 77 were wills.

The aggregate value of the subject-matter of the documents fell to Rs. 75,27,571 from Rs. 76,87,537 in the preceding fasli, and the average value of a single document also fell from Rs. 396 in fasli 1352 to Rs. 367. The highest value of any single document registered in the fasli was Rs. 73,309. The average registration fee levied on a document was Rs. 1—14—10, against Rs. 2—0—0 in fasli 1352.

59. *Time taken to register and to give search-certificates.*—All the documents registered in the fasli were transcribed in the registers on the day of acceptance

or the next day except one document which was copied in about a week. The average time taken to issue a search-certificate in the District Registrar's office was 5.73 days, against 9.6 days in the preceding fasli.

60. *Appeals and applications.*—The following statement gives details of the disposal of registration appeals and applications:—

Pending at the beginning of the fasli.		Filed in the fasli.		Total.		Disposed of.		Balance.	
Appeals.	Applications under section 61.	Appeals.	Applications under section 61.	Appeals.	Applications under section 61.	Appeals.	Applications under section 61.	Appeals.	Applications under section 61.
...	5	...	13	...	18	...	12	...	6

61. *Inspection of Sub-registry offices.*—The District Registrar inspected all the Sub-registry Offices in the fasli.

62. *Notary Public.*—The Town Sub-Registrar, who is the Notary Public for the State, attested 114 documents in that capacity, against 118 in the preceding fasli and realised Rs. 124 as fees.

63. *Financial.*—The total income of the Registration Department (excluding refunds) amounted to Rs. 52,014 against Rs. 52,670 in fasli 1352 and Rs. 40,559 in fasli 1351. The expenditure on establishment, excluding the share debitable to 'Law and Justice' on account of Sub-Registrars exercising Small-cause and Magisterial powers, was Rs. 27,129 against Rs. 27,189 in fasli 1352. Thus there was a net income of Rs. 24,886 in the fasli under report, against Rs. 25,481 in the preceding fasli.

231 documents were registered on behalf of Co-operative Societies, against 202 in fasli 1352. The total fees leviable but foregone on account of the documents registered and searches made on behalf of Co-operative Societies fell from Rs. 808 in fasli 1352 to Rs. 778 in the fasli under report.

64. *General remarks.*—M. R. Ry. K. N. Radhakrishna Mudaliyar Avl., B.A., B.L., was in charge of the department to the end of 5—5—44, and M. R. Ry. T. N. Govindarajulu Nayudu Garu, B.A., B.L., from 6—5—44.

The working of the department was satisfactory.

STAMPS.

65. *Manufacture.*—3,50,466 stamps of an aggregate value of Rs. 4,07,258 were manufactured in the fasli, against 5,36,461 stamps valued at Rs. 7,99,842 in the preceding fasli.

3,49,456 stamps valued at Rs. 4,01,171 were issued from the Central Depôt to the treasury.

66. *Financial.*—The receipts from the sale of non-judicial stamps rose by 0.4 per cent from 1,33,943 in fasli 1352 to Rs. 1,38,586 in the fasli under report, and those from the sale of judicial stamps by 2.3 per cent from Rs. 1,78,261 in fasli 1352 to Rs. 1,82,439. The amount realised by the sale of copy stamps fell from Rs. 19,598 to Rs. 18,755.

The total income from the sale of stamps of all descriptions amounted to Rs. 3,39,780 against Rs. 3,31,802 in fasli 1352, an increase of 2.3 per cent.

The expenditure of the department was Rs. 15,021, against Rs. 8,238, in the preceding fasli.

67. *Prosecutions.*—One prosecution against one person was instituted for infringement of stamp laws. Three cases against three persons were pending at the beginning of the fasli. Three cases against three persons were brought to trial. One case against one person was subsequently compounded. All the three cases were pending with the Town Sub-Magistrate.

68. *General remarks.*—The department continued to be in charge of the Officer in charge of Stationery and Printing.

LAW AND ORDER.

69. *General*.—The administration of civil and criminal justice, and to some extent the constitution of the various courts in the State, are on the British Indian model. The Chief Court exercises the powers of a High Court both in criminal and civil matters, except that in civil matters a second appeal on questions of law, and in certain circumstances on questions of fact also, lies to a Special Court of Second Appeal consisting of two judges, which is constituted year after year. The original civil jurisdiction of the Chief Court extends over regular suits of all values. Its small cause jurisdiction which was limited to suits not exceeding Rs. 200 in value, was extended to suits not exceeding Rs. 500 in value with effect from January 1944. With effect from the same date, the small cause jurisdiction of the Registrar, Chief Court was also raised from Rs. 100 to Rs. 200. The nine rural Sub-Registrars are ex-officio Small-Cause judges, exercising jurisdiction over suits not exceeding Rs. 100 in value, which arise within their respective registration sub-districts. The Chief Court is the only court in the State competent to try original suits and hear appeals.

Besides the Chief Court, the Rural Small-Cause courts and the Registrar's Small-Cause court, there are nine Village Courts, which try suits of a money value not exceeding Rs. 30 and with the consent of both the parties suits in which the value of the subject-matter does not exceed Rs. 100.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

GENERAL.

70. *Courts*.—There were 20 magisterial courts in the State in the fasli, three of the first class, seven of the second class and ten of the third class. The three first-class magistrates were the Dewan Peishkar and Chief Magistrate, the Additional Chief Magistrate, and the Assistant First-class Magistrate. The Dewan Peishkar and Chief Magistrate disposed of four cases. The Additional Chief Magistrate normally tries all the first class cases except such as he is incapacitated from trying. In the year under report, the Registrar, Chief Court continued to be Assistant First-class Magistrate and disposed of one appeal and four original cases.

The seven Second-class Magistrates' courts were the four courts of the Stationary Sub-Magistrates of the Pudukkottai Town, Alangudi, Tirumayyam and Kulattur and three courts of the Tahsildars of the Tirumayyam, Kulattur and Alangudi taluks who are ex-officio Second-class Magistrates. The Taluk Second-class Magistrates of Alangudi and Kulattur did not try any case in the fasli.

The courts of Magistrates of the third class were the two Bench Courts, one at Pudukkottai and the other at Tirumayyam, the seven courts of the Sub-Registrars of (1) Karambakkudi, (2) Perungalur, (3) Kilanilai, (4) Ponnamaravathi, (5) Virali-malai, (6) Annavasal, and (7) Tirumayyam and the Special Third-class Magistrate's court of the Private Secretary to the Administrator. The Private Secretary to the Administrator who continued to be a Special Third-class Magistrate in the fasli had no occasion to try any case.

71. *Cases*.—The number of cases for disposal in the fasli was 7,921 against 6,565 in fasli 1352. 7,298 cases were disposed of leaving 623 cases pending at the end of the fasli. The details of disposals by each of the several criminal courts in the State are shown in Statement No. XXI in the Appendix. Statement No. XX in the Appendix shows the number of offences reported, and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each offence. The following table shows the number of cases under the Indian Penal Code, and Special and Local laws, and of proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code, instituted in fasli 1352 and 1353.

	Fasli 1352	Fasli 1353.
1. Cases under the Indian Penal Code ...	1,357	1,409
2. Cases under Special or Local Laws ...	4,799	5,980
3. Cases under the Criminal Procedure Code ...	11	27
Total ...	6,197	7,416

There was an increase under 'offences of false evidence and offences relating to Public Justice' (191—229), 'offence relating to hurt' (319—338), 'Theft' (378—382), 'Criminal force and Assault' (349—358), 'Mischief' (425—440) and

'Criminal Intimidation and insult' (503—510). There was a decrease under offences against 'The Public Tranquility' (141—160), 'contempts of lawful authority of Public servants' (172—192), 'offences affecting the Public health,' etc., (268—294-A), 'offences affecting life' (299—311), 'wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement' (339—348), 'Kidnapping, Abduction,' etc., (379—374), 'Robbery and Dacoity' (390—402), 'cheating,' (415—420), 'Fraudulent deeds and dispositions of property' (421—424), Criminal 'Trespass' (441—462) and 'Defamation', (499—502). There are slight variations in the figures relating to other offences, under the I. P. C., compared with the figures of the previous fasli.

There was a marked increase in the number of cases under the Artizan Regulation, Defence of India Rules, Cruelty to Animals, Elementary Education, Hackney Carriage Regulation, Police, Traffic and Forest Regulations. There was a decrease in the number of cases under the Criminal Tribes, Gambling, Motor, Municipal and Stamp Regulations. Cases under other laws showed only slight variations.

72. *Appeals and Revisions*.—There were 234 appeals for disposal, of which 210 were disposed of, leaving 24 pending. There were 142 revision applications for disposal, of which 129 were disposed of. Detailed statistical information about appeals and revisions filed and disposed of by the several courts is given in Statement No. XXIII.

73. *Trial with the aid of assessors*.—There were 14 sessions cases concerning, 64 persons for disposal, out of which 13 cases involving 63 persons were disposed of leaving one case concerning one person pending at the end of the fasli. 63 persons were tried with the aid of assessors. The judge agreed with all the assessors in respect of 38 persons, partially disagreed in respect of 17 persons, and totally disagreed with them in respect of 8 persons.

74. *Detention of witnesses*.—The total number of witnesses examined by all the courts including the Court of Session was 4,282. Of these, 61 or 1·4 per cent were detained for over three days against 1·1 per cent in fasli 1352.

75. *Dismissal of complaints under section 203 and the award of compensation under section 250 Criminal Procedure Code*.—The table below shows the number of cases disposed of under sections 203 and 250 Criminal Procedure Code out of 1,409 cases under the Indian Penal Code, received during the fasli.

Cases disposed of under.	Number.		Percentage.	
	Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.	Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.
1. Section 203 ...	87	91	6·4	6·7
2. Section 250 ...	32	31	2·3	2·2

Statement No. XXIII-A in the Appendix gives full information as to the number of private complaints instituted in the courts of the several Magistrates, the number that ended in discharge or acquittal and the number in which compensation was awarded under section 250 Criminal Procedure Code.

76. *Police cases in which the accused pleaded guilty*.—Statement No. XXIII-B in the Appendix shows the number of Police cases disposed of by the several Magistrates, and the number of such cases in which the accused pleaded guilty.

77. *Punishments*.—Statement No. XXII shows the number and description of punishments awarded during the fasli. 31 persons were bound over to be of good behaviour, all of whom were imprisoned for failure to furnish security. Twelve persons were released on probation under section 562 Criminal Procedure Code.

Statement No. XXIII-C in the Appendix shows how far the decisions of the original Magistrates were upheld, modified or set aside by higher courts.

78. *Juvenile offenders*.—43 juveniles were convicted in the fasli, 34 of theft, 6 under the Forest Regulation, 2 under the Traffic Regulation and one under offences affecting Public Health.

79. *Extradition*.—21 persons were produced before the several State courts on extradition-warrants issued by the Resident for the Madras States, and 41 were surrendered by the State for trial in British courts.

80. *Inspection.*—The Additional Chief Magistrate inspected all the Magistrates' courts in the fasli. The Chief Magistrate inspected the Additional Chief Magistrate's court.

81. *General remarks.*—The working of the courts was satisfactory.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

GENERAL.

82. *Number of suits.*—The total number of civil suits (original and small-cause) instituted in all the courts in the State during the fasli was 5,262, against 5,577 in fasli 1352—a decrease of 5.65 per cent. On an average one suit was instituted for every 83 of the population, against one for every 67 in the preceding fasli.

83. *Nature of suits.*—The following table shows the nature of the suits instituted during the fasli, including those that were re-admitted or received by remand:—

Nature of suits.	Fasli 1352.		Fasli 1353.	
	Number.	Percentage of the total.	Number.	Percentage of the total.
1. Suits relating to money or moveable property...	5,139	90.09	4,773	88.24
2. Mortgage suits ...	277	1.86	266	4.92
3. Other suits relating to immoveable property...	108	1.89	165	3.06
4. Other suits ...	180	3.16	203	3.78
Total ...	5,704	100.00	5,407	100.00

Statement No. XXV in the Appendix gives more detailed information regarding the classes of suits disposed of by the Chief Court on its Original Side.

84. *Value of suits.*—The total value of the suits instituted in all the civil courts other than village courts in the State during the fasli decreased by 46 per cent to Rs. 14,47,842 from Rs. 15,15,518 in the preceding fasli. Statement No XXVI in the Appendix gives full statistical information regarding the number and value of civil suits disposed of by the various civil courts.

85. *Percentage of successful plaintiffs.*—6,846 suits came up for disposal in the fasli, of which 5,428 suits were disposed of leaving 1,418 pending. The percentage of disposal was thus 79.28 per cent, against 79.87 per cent in the preceding fasli. In 89.91 per cent of the suits disposed of during the fasli, excluding those compromised or disposed of without trial, the plaintiffs were wholly or partly successful.

Statement No. XXIV in the Appendix shows the manner in which the suits were disposed of.

86. *Number of appeals.*—342 appeals (both first and second) were preferred in the fasli, against 349 in the preceding fasli. The average for the five faslis ending with fasli 1351 was 267.6.

COURTS OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

87. *Chief Court—Regular suits.*—The following table shows the pendency and disposal of original suits in the Chief Court in the fasli under report:—

Pending at the beginning of the fasli.	Readmitted and received by remand.	Instituted in the fasli.	Total for disposal.	Disposed of.	Pending at the close of the fasli.	Duration of pendency.			
						Not more than three months.	More than three months but not more than six months.	More than six months but not more than a year.	More than a year.
811	47	969	1,827	1,039	788	81	157	232	318

The percentage of disposal was 55.87 against 54.72 in fasli 1352. The number of suits pending for over a year at the close of the preceding fasli was 248. The following table classifies the litigants according to their calling:—

Classes of litigants.	Number of suits.	Percentage.
1. Money-lenders against agriculturists ...	27	2.66
2. Money-lenders against non-agriculturists ...	133	13.12
3. Traders against buyers ...	6	.59
4. Other suits ...	845	83.33
5. By Sirkar...	...	...
6. Against Sirkar ...	3	.30
Total ...	1,014	100.00

The percentage of appeals to appealable decrees passed on the Original Side of the Chief Court was 29.23 against 26.13 in fasli 1352. The percentage of appeals in which the decrees of the Original Courts were confirmed was 73.51 of the number disposed of; the percentage for fasli 1352 was 69.38.

88. *Small-cause suits.*—The table below shows the disposal of small-cause suits (a) by Judges, (b) by the Registrar, Chief Court, (c) by the rural small-cause courts and (d) by the village courts.

Courts	Small-cause suits for disposal.	Number disposed of.	Pending at the close of the fasli.	Percentage of disposal.	
				Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.
Small-cause suits tried by—					
1. Judges ...	365	321	44	85.21	87.95
2. The Registrar ...	608	459	149	90.28	75.49
3. Rural small-cause courts ...	1,507	1,355	152	89.15	89.85
4. Village courts ...	2,538	2,253	285	87.93	88.69

Statement No. XXIV in the Appendix gives fuller details regarding the disposal of small-cause suits by various courts in the State.

89. *Insolvency Petitions.*—Insolvency petitions are filed in the Chief Court and adjudications are made by the Judges. They are then transferred to the Official Receiver, for the administration of the insolvents' estates and framing of schedules. The following table gives particulars of the action taken in regard to insolvency petitions, and their pendency:—

Pending at the beginning of the fasli.	Filed during the fasli.	Total.	Disposals.		Balance.	Duration of pendency.		
			Dis-mitted.	Orders of adjudication passed.		Not more than six months.	More than six months but not more than one year.	More than one year.
17	13	30	7	14	9	4	2	3

130 insolvency applications in which orders of adjudication had been passed in the preceding years were pending with the Official Receiver at the beginning of the fasli. Including the 14 cases in which adjudication orders were passed during the fasli, there were 144 applications for final disposal by Judges on the motion of the Official Receiver. The manner in which these were disposed of by the Judges is shown below:—

Number for disposal.	Number disposed of.					Balance.
	Conditional discharge granted.	Absolute discharge granted.	Order of adjudication annulled.	Discharge refused.	Total.	
144	5	12	4	5	26	118

Of the 118 petitions left in arrears, 4 were less than six months old, 10 were over six months but not more than a year old, and 104 more than a year old. Appeals from the orders of the Official Receiver passed in the course of the administration of the estates lie to a single Judge of the Chief Court. 15 such appeals were filed in the fasli, and were pending. The total amount of creditors' claims admitted was Rs. 3,40,275, against Rs. 4,13,524 in fasli 1352. The amount of claims satisfied was Rs. 26,514, against Rs. 1,07,863 in fasli 1352.

APPELLATE COURTS.

90. *Chief Court—Regular Appeals.*—The number of regular appeals for disposal in the Chief Court in the fasli was 578 against 537 in fasli 1352. 302 or 52.25 per cent were disposed of, leaving 276 pending at the close of the fasli.

Statement No. XXVIII in the Appendix gives fuller information regarding the disposal of appeals.

The following table shows how long the appeals undisposed of at the close of the fasli had been pending.

Duration of pendency.		Number.
1. Pending less than six months	...	118
2. Over six months but less than a year	...	98
3. Over one year	...	60
Total		276

91. *Second Appeal Court.*—The Second Appeal Court sat from 1—8—1943 to 25—9—1943. It was composed of Janab Muhammad Zahiruddin Sahib Bahadur, B. A., B. L., and M. R. Ry. J. S. Vedamanikkam Avl., B. A., B. L. Statement No. XXIX in the Appendix shows the number of the Second Appeals filed, and disposed of during the fasli. The receipts of the Second Appeal Court amounted to Rs. 7,956 and the expenses to Rs. 3,557.

92. *Review and Revision.*—The table below shows the number of review and revision petitions and references filed and disposed of in the fasli:—

Nature of petition.	No. pending at the beginning.	No. filed.	Total No. for disposal.	Disposed of.	Balance.
Review	...	...	...	...	...
Revision	...	38	72	98	12
Reference	...	13	13	13	...

93. *Execution.*—The total number of applications for execution of decrees for disposal in the fasli in all the courts except the village courts was 4,784 against 5,475 in fasli 1352. 3,316 applications or 69.31 per cent were disposed of leaving 1,468 pending. The percentage of disposal in fasli 1352 was 74.05 and in fasli 1351, 75.38.

Statement No. XXVII gives fuller particulars as to the disposal of execution applications.

94. *Legal Practitioners.*—There were 141 Chief Court vakils enrolled for life, and 18 first-grade pleaders and 42 muktyars enrolled from year to year, to practise in the various courts in the State. 30 of these are in service either in the State or outside. In the fasli under report no case of professional misconduct by legal practitioners came to the notice of the Chief Court.

95. *Processes.*—21,676 processes were executed, of which 2,935 were executed by amins and the rest by peons, giving an average of 196 for each amin and 250 for each peon, against 203.69 for each amin and 242.20 for each peon in fasli 1352.

96. *Inspection.*—All the nine rural small-cause courts were inspected by the Judges during the fasli. The Chief Judge inspected three courts. The two Puisne Judges inspected the rest. The Registrar of the Chief Court inspected all the Village Panchayat Courts, and the Town Panchayat Court.

97. *Financial.*—The income from the Civil Judicial Department excluding the village courts amounted to Rs. 1,74,866 against Rs. 1,76,408 in fasli 1352. The expenditure on the department amounted to Rs. 78,735 against Rs. 78,168 in fasli 1352.

98. *General remarks.*—The working of all the civil courts in the State continued to be generally satisfactory.

PRISONS.

99. *Number of prisons.*—As in the preceding fasli, there were nine prisons the State, the Central Jail at the capital and the eight sub-jails at mofussil stations.

CENTRAL JAIL.

100. *Building and accommodation.*—There was sufficient accommodation in central Jail for all the prisoners admitted. Women were as usual confined in a separate enclosure. Lunatics were also confined separately.

101. *Population.*—The table below shows the number of prisoners admitted to and released from the Central Jail during the fasli:—

	CONVICTS.		UNDER-TRIALS.		CIVIL PRISONERS.		LUNATICS.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
Number at the beginning of the fasli.	207	2	47	4	...	...	4	...
Number admitted during the fasli.	414	93	382	18	24	...	5	...
Total	621	95	429	22	24	...	9	...
Number discharged in the fasli.	430	90	394	21	22	...	6	...
Number remaining at the end of the fasli.	191	5	35	1	2	...	3	...

The number of prisoners admitted for whipping alone was 22.

The following statement shows the distribution of the jail population in the Central Jail according to their religion, age and previous occupation:—

A. Religion.			B. Age.			C. Previous occupation.		
	Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.		Males.	Females.
Hindus	587	94	Not over 16 years	22	12	Employed under Government or Municipality.	9	...
Christians	13	1	Above 16 and not above 40.	509	63	Professional	47	...
Muslims	20	...	Above 40 and not above 60.	84	20	Agriculturist	217	...
Other castes	1	...	Above 60 years...	6	...	Commerce and trade.	34	...
Total	621	95	Total	621	95	Arts	63	3
						Personal service...	185	68
						Miscellaneous	66	24
						Total	621	95

214 of the convicts were literate.

Of the 716 convicts, 18 men and 6 women were sentenced to simple imprisonment, and the remaining 603 men and 89 women to rigorous imprisonment.

The following table analyses the length of the sentence awarded to the convicts lodged in the Central Jail:—

	Males.	Females.
1. Prisoners sentenced for a term not exceeding one year	475	95
2. Above one year but not exceeding two years	35	...
3. Above two years but not exceeding five years	37	...
4. Above five years but not exceeding ten years	28	...
5. Above ten years	...	...
6. Life convicts	46	...
Total	621	95

The following table shows the number of habituals and juveniles admitted into and discharged from the Central Jail during the fasli:—

	HABITUALS.		JUVENILES.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1. Number at the beginning of the fasli	98	1	2	...
2. Number admitted during the fasli	147	59	16	11
Total	245	60	18	11
3. Number discharged during the fasli	166	58	18	11
4. Number remaining at the end of the fasli	79	2	...	...

The average daily Jail population fell to 245 from 249 in fasli 1352.

102. *Health of prisoners.*—The general health of the prisoners was good. 24 prisoners were admitted to the Jail Hospital, against 18 in fasli 1352. The daily average number of patients treated was .07, against .05 in fasli 1352. One civil prisoner and two convicts died in the fasli of heart failure; one convict died of anaemia with myocarditis. Five convicts and two remand prisoners were released prematurely on medical grounds.

103. *Jail offences.*—200 prisoners were punished for the possession of contraband articles or other infractions of Jail Rules. The number punished in fasli 1352 was 49.

104. *Jail industries.*—The main industries carried on in the Central Jail were weaving, oil-pressing and gardening, and carpentry on a small scale.

The value of raw materials consumed by the weaving section was Rs. 3,671. The value of goods manufactured was Rs. 4,184. Rs. 3,196 worth of manufactured goods were sold.

105. *System of gratuity to prisoners.*—The benefits of the scheme of gratuity sanctioned by the Darbar were explained to the convicts. Six convicts earned a remission of 96 days on the whole. Convicts whose homes were outside the State were paid railway fares to their homes by the Darbar on release from the Central Jail.

106. *Honorary visitors.*—There were seven honorary visitors to the Central Jail (three non-officials and four officials) one of whom was the Lady Doctor. They visited it forty-six times in the fasli under report. Their suggestions were adopted as far as practicable.

107. *Financial.*—The receipts from the industries in the Central Jail rose from Rs. 17,218 in fasli 1352 to Rs. 22,912 in the fasli under report. The expenditure on the Central Jail amounted to Rs. 56,523, against Rs. 44,674 in fasli 1352.

The average dieting charge per head *per diem* was Re. 0—4—3 against Re. 0—3—1 in fasli 1352.

SUB-JAILS.

108. The sub-jails continued to be under the control of the Additional Chief Magistrate. The number of prisoners admitted into and released from the sub-jails during the fasli is shown in Statement No. XXX in the Appendix.

All the sub-jails were inspected by the Additional Chief Magistrate in the fasli.

POLICE.

109. *Constitution.*—The sanctioned strength of the Police Force in fasli 1353, was one Superintendent of Police, one Sergeant-Major, four Inspectors, 16 Sub-Inspectors, one *Jemadar*, 43 Head constables and 333 constables, including the posts of two Sub-Inspectors, 8 Head constables and 91 constables sanctioned as a temporary measure.

110. *Crimes.*—The number of cases reported, excluding those that were referred as false and those of which investigation was refused, rose from 2,692 in fasli 1352 to 2,906 in the fasli under report. The number of nuisance cases, also rose from 1,154 to 1,319. The number of offences under the Indian Penal Code rose from 649 to 732 but that of offences under special and local laws fell from 889 to 855.

111. *Grave Crimes.*—The following table shows the number of grave crimes reported in the fasli, and in the two preceding faslis:—

	NUMBER REPORTED.		
	Fasli 1351	Fasli 1352	Fasli 1353.
1. Murder	14	6	5
2. Culpable homicide	1	...	...
3. Dacoity	1	2	3
4. Robbery	10	13	5
5. House-breaking	83	129	90
6. Theft	256	297	210
7. Cattle theft	55	60	96
Total	420	507	409

Details showing how the graver crimes were disposed of are given below:—

	DISPOSAL IN FASLI 1353.					Total.	Remarks.
	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Under trial.	Under investigation.	Reported undetectable		
1. Murder	2	...	1	2	...	5	
2. Culpable homicide	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Dacoity	...	...	1	...	2	3	
4. Robbery	1	...	2	...	2	5	

The value of property lost fell from 1,60,883 in fasli 1352 to Rs. 34,542 in the fasli under report. Property worth Rs. 19,548 or 56.5 per cent of the value of property lost, was recovered, against 48 per cent in fasli 1352 and 35.2 per cent in fasli 1351.

112. *Detection.*—67.9 per cent of the cases investigated under the Penal Code were detected, against 64.6 per cent in fasli 1352.

113. *Preventive measures.*—Proceedings under the security sections of the Criminal Procedure Code were instituted against 29 persons, of whom 26 were bound over, against 32 in fasli 1352 and 21 in fasli 1351.

114. *Criminal tribes.*—The following table shows the number of members of criminal tribes registered or struck off the register:—

Names of Criminal tribes.	Strength at beginning of the fasli.		Number registered in the fasli.		Number removed from the register.		Number out of view.		Number at the close of the fasli.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1. Koravars	77	69	7	...	2	...	...	...	82	69
2. Kaladies	76	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	79	...
3. Valayars	174	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	177	...
Total	327	69	15	...	4	...	...	...	338	69

The following table shows the number of members of criminal tribes exempted from the operation of section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Regulation, I of 1926:—

	Koravars.	Kaladies.	Valayars.	Total.
1. Section 10 (a)	...	4	...	6
2. Section 10 (b)	...	2	...	3
3. Sections 10 (a) and (b)	...	...	...	...

The exemption granted under Section 10(a) of the Criminal Tribes Regulation, I of 1926 in respect of 1 Valaya, 14 Kaladies and 1 Korava was cancelled in this fasli.

115. *Rewards.*—A sum of Rs. 446 was paid as rewards in the fasli (Rs. 305 to police officers and Rs. 141 to private persons) against Rs. 409 in fasli 1352. 30 good service entries were awarded to 3 Inspectors, and 9 Sub-Inspectors. One Sub-Inspector was granted two advance increments.

The Superintendent of Police granted money rewards of Rs. 109 to 3 Sub-Inspectors, some Head constables and Police constables in British India.

Two Sub-Inspectors and 2 Head constables were each awarded a good service entry by the British Police. Rs. 110 was awarded to four Sub-Inspectors, seven Head constables, 13 Police constables and one private person by the District Superintendent of Police of Trichinopoly, Tanjore and Ramnad.

A sum of Rs. 300 offered by a private person was awarded to 4 Head-constables, 8 Police constables, 2 private persons, one V. V. C. M., and 8 officers of other departments. The Military authorities awarded a reward of Rs. 5 to one Head constable and a Police constable, for the apprehension of deserters.

116. *Conduct of police force.*—The following table shows the number of policemen punished in the fasli and in the preceding fasli:—

	Punishment.		Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.
	(a) Dismissed	(b) Discharged		
1. (a) Dismissed	...	...	3	5
2. (b) Discharged	...	...	...	6
3. Fined	...	...	...	...
4. Degraded	...	...	7	7
5. Suspended	...	...	2	4
6. Awarded black-mark	...	...	82	124
Total	...	...	94	146

4 constables deserted.

117. *Health of the force.*—The health of the force was generally satisfactory.

118. *Inspection.*—The Superintendent of Police inspected all the stations and out-posts in the fasli. The District Superintendent of Police, Trichinopoly, who is the Inspecting and Advising Officer of the State Military and Police Forces, inspected the Police and the Military three times in the fasli and offered suggestions for their improvements.

119. *General remarks.*—The special squad of one Sub-Inspector, two Head constables and five Police constables appointed in fasli 1350 as a temporary measure to deal with work connected with the War and other special problems, continued in this fasli.

Seven Head-constables and eightysix Police constables who were appointed as a temporary measure for purposes of internal security also continued.

An Inspector of Police was appointed Special Officer to prevent hoarding and profiteering.

The Village Vigilance Committees in several villages continued in the fasli. One member was rewarded in the fasli.

M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib T. G. Swaminatha Ayyar Avl., B. A., B. L., continued to be in charge of the department. The work of the department was satisfactory.

EDUCATION.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

120. *Number of Schools.*—Including the High School section of the College there were 298 educational institutions of the Secondary and Elementary grades in the State against 292 in the preceding fasli. Statement No. XXXIV gives details of these institutions. There was one school for every 3.96 square miles against 4.05 square miles in the preceding fasli, and for every 1,471 of the population against 1,501 in the preceding fasli.

121. *Number of pupils.*—There were in all 19,642 pupils on the rolls on the last day of the fasli, against 19,810 pupils in the preceding fasli. Assuming the age of pupils studying in the elementary schools to range between five and ten, the percentage of pupils under instruction on the last day of the school year to the total population of the same age period was 46.1 for boys and 14.2 for girls, against 47.06 and 13.7 respectively on the last day of the school year in the preceding fasli.

122. *Financial.*—The gross expenditure on education, including that on the College, was Rs. 2,49,566 against Rs. 2,47,326 in the preceding fasli. The expenditure on the education of girls was Rs. 38,064, against Rs. 38,301 in the preceding fasli. Except in the aided schools at the capital, elementary education was free throughout the State. Secondary education was free in the Cheri Secondary School at Pudukkottai for students of the backward communities. With effect from the beginning of fasli 1350 fees were levied in the Rani's High School at one-third of the rates for boys in the College, and in the Secondary schools outside the capital Town at half the rates. Scholarships were granted to pupils whose parents had an annual income of less than Rs. 400 in the Rani's High School, and less than Rs. 500 in the Secondary Schools. In the Cheri Secondary School, fees were levied at the rates obtaining in the College for pupils not belonging to backward communities.

GENERAL EDUCATION.

123. *Secondary Schools.*—There were 18 Secondary Schools in the fasli. Four of these were 'complete' Secondary Schools and the rest 'incomplete.' Nine incomplete schools and one complete school (The Rani's High school) were State schools under the control of the General Education Department. The other three complete secondary schools were the Bhumiswaraswami High School at Ramachandrapuram, the Church of Sweden Mission High School at Pudukkottai and the Sri Sarasvathi High School at Konapattu. The first two were aided schools and the third a private institution with no Government aid. Five incomplete Secondary Schools—one at Alagapuri, another at Rayavaram and three at Pudukkottai—were under the supervision of the Director of Public Instruction.

The Rani's High School was reserved exclusively for girls, and the Cheri School (an incomplete Secondary School) for pupils of the Adi-dravida and other backward communities. The total strength of all the Secondary Schools rose from 1,833 (1,481 boys and 352 girls) in the preceding fasli to 2,042 (1,654 boys and 388 girls) in the fasli under review.

124. *Results.*—The Church of Sweden Mission High School sent up 26 pupils for the Madras S. S. L. C. Public Examinations, of whom 20 were declared eligible for the University course of studies, the Ramachandrapuram High School 29 of whom 13 were declared eligible, the Sarasvathi High School, Konapattu, 39 of whom 23 were declared eligible and the Rani's High School 20 of whom 5 were declared eligible.

125. *Elementary Schools.*—The following table compares the number and classes of schools that were working in the fasli under report and in the preceding fasli respectively:—

Classes of schools.			Number.	
			Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.
State	...	...	134	135
Aided	...	...	69	77
Un-aided	...	...	68	65
Total			271	277

126. *Strength.*—The number of pupils in the several elementary schools in the fasli and in the preceding fasli is compared in the following table.

			Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.
Boys	...	...	12,843	12,423
Girls	...	...	3,822	3,951
Total			16,665	16,374

Tamil was the medium of instruction in all the schools. Needle-work and music were taught in most of the girls' schools.

127. *Education of the backward classes.*—Including the State secondary and primary schools in the Town Cheri, three State schools and three aided schools worked in the fasli solely for the benefit of Adi-dravidas. There is no restriction on the admission of children belonging to the Adi-dravida or any other community into the State schools. The total number of pupils of the backward classes during the fasli was 4,406 (4,067 boys and 339 girls) against 4,375 (4,023 boys and 352 girls) in the preceding fasli.

128. *Mass Education.*—355 teachers took an active part in mass education work, and 2,360, lectures were delivered in all parts of the State by the rural school teachers. The aggregate attendance at these meetings was 97,485.

129. *Vocational training.*—Instruction in weaving continued to be imparted in four schools to the higher-class pupils by trained teachers. The whole scheme works under the general supervision of a peripatetic Weaving Instructor. Spinning also continued to receive its due share of attention. The State schools at Sembudi and Parambur continued as centres for this. Nearly 45 pupils acquired a fair knowledge of spinning in these two schools in the fasli.

130. Special Schools.—

(1) *Sri Vani Vilas Veda Sastra Patasala.*—20 pupils were reading in this institution. All of them received stipends ranging from Rs. 6 to Rs. 8 a month. The expenditure on the school including stipends was Rs. 2,418, against Rs. 2,107 in the preceding fasli.

(2) *The Kalasala.*—The aided Kalasala at Melasivapuri, which teaches classic Tamil, continued to work satisfactorily. It had 167 pupils on its rolls against 192 in the previous fasli. Of these 41 were girls against 49 in the previous fasli. It received a grant of Rs. 500 exclusive of the library grant of Rs. 100.

131. *Teaching staff.*—In all there were 668 teachers in the institutions under the control of the General Education Department—34 in the State Secondary Schools, 353 in the State Elementary Schools and 281 in aided elementary and secondary schools.

The teachers are classified below according to their qualification :—

M. A., L. Ts. ...	...	...	3
B. A., L. Ts. ...	...	...	16
Graduates ...	...	...	13
Intermediates ...	...	...	5
S. S. L. C holders ...	...	...	61
Secondary grade trained teachers ...	...	...	65
Elementary grade (higher and lower) trained teachers ...	...	...	401
Physical Instructor ...	...	...	1
Drawing and drill-masters ...	...	...	4
Sanskrit and Tamil Pandits ...	...	...	10
Licensed teachers ...	...	...	81
Music master ...	...	...	1
Koran Inspector ...	...	...	1
Urdu Tutor ...	...	...	1
Peripatetic Weaving Instructor ...	...	...	1
Librarian ...	...	...	1
Writers ...	...	...	2
Manual Training Instructor ...	...	...	1
Total ...			668

132. *Teachers' Associations.*—There were 17 teachers' associations with 561 members, against 544 in the preceding fasli. The associations held monthly meetings regularly under the presidentship of either the Director of Public Instruction or his Personal Assistant or an Inspector, and discussed educational matters. Many of the associations celebrated their anniversaries.

133. *Reading-rooms and libraries.*—The number of reading-rooms and libraries in the fasli under report was 49 as in the preceding fasli. None of the reading-rooms and libraries, except the library attached to the Kalasala at Melasivapuri, received grants during the fasli under review. The number of travelling library cases owned by the department was 45, and the number of women's libraries four, as in the preceding fasli. Of the latter, one was in the Town, and one at each of the three taluk headquarters. The number of persons who used the travelling libraries was 2,965, against 2,766 in the preceding fasli, and the number of books read 2,783 against 2,686.

134. *Supervising staff.*—The arrangement by which the Director of Public Instruction exercises control over the entire Education department including the College was continued. The Director of Public Instruction was assisted by a Personal Assistant, who had immediate charge of the office and the schools in the capital Town. The State was divided into two circles, each in charge of an Inspector of Schools. M. R. Ry. M. Haritirttam Ayyar Avl., M. A., L. T., continued to be the Director of Public Instruction.

The Director of Public Instruction was on tour for 150 days in the fasli, and visited or inspected 307 schools. His Personal Assistant inspected 13 schools and visited 57 schools. The two Inspectors were on tour for 190 days each on an average, and each inspected 94 schools and visited 175 schools on the average.

135. *School Boards.*—There were 41 School Boards at work during the fasli. They held 426 meetings.

136. *Boy Scouts.*—There were 37 active units, against 32 in the preceding fasli. There were 14 Rover Crews, 13 Scout troops and ten Packs, with a total membership of 1,043 against 870 in the preceding fasli. The scouts rendered social service during important festivals in the various parts of the State. There were occasionally rallies and displays by individual groups, and the scout groups spent a considerable time in camp. When in camp they conducted village improvement propaganda. They helped to spread correct information about the war by reading out to villagers the Bulletins issued by the National War Front Bureau.

137. *Compulsory Education.*—The compulsory elementary education scheme was working in 41 centres, with jurisdiction over 103 revenue villages and 55 hamlets. The Elementary Education Regulation VIII of 1925 was in force throughout the fasli.

138. *Financial.*—The gross expenditure incurred by the General Education Department was Rs. 1,83,136, against Rs. 1,82,355 in the preceding fasli. Rs. 26,948 were distributed as grants to aided institutions, against Rs. 26,407 in the preceding

fasli. The average cost of educating a pupil in an elementary school was Rs. 11—1—8 against Rs. 11—0—2 in the preceding fasli.

139. *General remarks.*—The working of the department continued to be satisfactory. Junior Red Cross groups were functioning in 29 schools of the department and did useful work. The Darbar's thanks are due to the non-official gentlemen who served on the School Boards.

COLLEGE.

140. *General.*—The 'Raja's College' at Pudukkottai is a Second Grade College preparing students for the Intermediate Examination in Arts of the Madras University and for the S. S. L. C. Examination. Carpentry, gardening and Sloyd are taught in addition to the usual literary subjects. Religious and moral instruction is given as part of the regular work. Instruction is also given in type-writing and agriculture. Physical training is compulsory for all students.

141. *Strength and attendance.*—The total number of pupils was 1,039 against 1,092 in the preceding fasli. The average daily attendance was 944.6 against 966.9 in fasli 1352. 454 of the pupils were Brahmins, 503 Non-Brahmin caste Hindus, 54 Muslims, 17 Christians, 7 Adi-dravidas and 4 Koravars.

142. *Results of the University and Government Examinations:*—

(1) *Intermediate Examination.*—71 students entered for the Intermediate Examination in Arts of whom 42 passed in all three parts, 17 passed in two parts and 11 passed in one part. The percentage of complete passes was 59.15 per cent against 37.5 per cent in the preceding fasli. Of the successful candidates, 20 secured a first class. 61 secured distinction in different subjects.

(2) *S. S. L. C. Examination.*—Of the 185 pupils presented for the S. S. L. C. Examination, 84 were declared eligible for the University course of studies. One candidate who satisfied the other rules of eligibility was too young. He will be declared eligible by the University when he is 14½ years old.

143. *Endowments, scholarships, stipends, prizes, etc.*—The total number of endowments for the award of scholarships and prizes was 17, as in the preceding fasli.

The following statement shows the number of pupils who were benefited by the scheme inaugurated by the Darbar in 1931 for the advancement of the education of the poor and backward classes.

Nature of the benefit.	Fasli.	Brahmins.	Muslims.	Christians.	Adi-dravidas.	Other backward classes.	Other Non-Brahmins.	Total.
Free tuition ...	1352	40	39	6	5	97	70	257
	1353	31	26	7	4	111	83	272
Free tuition with stipends.	1352	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
	1353	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Free tuition and free-boarding.	1352	...	14	3	7	22	...	46
	1353	2	7	1	5	18	...	33

144. *Equipment.*—Eight laboratories were maintained during the fasli for the College, the High School and the Secondary classes, at a total cost of Rs. 2,948. There were 14,202 volumes in the library at the end of the fasli, including 217 books added during the fasli. 45 journals were subscribed to for the Reading-Room.

145. *Hostel.*—The number of boarders in the hostel was 91 against 113 in the preceding fasli. There were two hostels, Vegetarian, and Non-vegetarian. 58 of the inmates were paying boarders and the rest free. The average cost per head per month was Rs. 15—5—0 in the Vegetarian section and Rs. 11—6—6 in the Non-vegetarian section.

146. *Sports.*—Sports were in charge of an Association of students and teachers.

147. *Scouting.*—There was one Scout troop in the College at the end of the fasli, with a strength of 33.

The College Literary Association, the Reading-room, and the Junior Red Cross Society did useful work.

148. *Financial*.—The income from the College amounted to Rs. 35,884 against Rs. 39,080 in the preceding fasli. The expenditure was Rs. 66,430 against Rs. 64,971 in the preceding fasli. The average net cost of education per pupil in the institution as a whole was Rs. 29 against Rs. 24, in the previous fasli. The average net cost of educating a pupil in the College classes taken separately rose from Rs. 48 in the preceding fasli to Rs. 68 in the fasli under review.

149. *Technical Training Centre*.—A Technical Training Centre under the Government of India scheme for training technicians for the Army and Civil Industries was opened in the College on 10-8-42. Training is imparted in two trades, viz., Electrician and Fitter. The sanctioned strength in each trade is 30. During the year 17 persons have passed the prescribed trade tests and have actually left to join the Army and the I. A. F. A hostel has been opened providing boarding and lodging for the trainees.

150. *General remarks*.—As in the previous fasli the College and the General Education Department continued to be under the general control of the Director of Public Instruction. M. R. Ry K. Venkatarama Sarma Avl, M. A., L. T., was Principal of the College throughout the fasli. The working of the College was satisfactory.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

151. During the fasli, public health in the State was generally satisfactory. Cholera was prevalent in Kovilur and Mangadu vattams in Alangudi Taluk and Kilattanayam in Tirumayyam Taluk. Prompt measures were taken by the Government and the epidemic was controlled by mass inoculation with anti-cholera vaccine. There were 79 attacks and 27 deaths from small-pox during the fasli against none in the previous fasli.

SANITATION.

152. The Chief Medical Officer, who is also the Sanitary Officer of the State, inspected 35 villages during the fasli, and addressed the people on health subjects chiefly small-pox, cholera, guinea-worm, hook-worm and nutrition. The Health Inspector visited 438 villages, against 314 villages in the preceding fasli, and was on tour for 283 days against 263 in the preceding fasli.

400 Health propaganda lectures were given during the fasli, against 314 in the preceding fasli.

Besides the Pudukkottai Municipality and the five Union areas there were 21 Village Panchayats in the State. Their functions included the improvement of sanitation and the supply of drinking water. As in the previous years, the villages inhabited by Nattukkottai Chettiyars generally compared favourably with others in the matter of sanitation and other amenities.

WATER-SUPPLY: WELLS.

153. The Government have sunk drinking water wells throughout the State. No new wells were sunk in the fasli. There are 825 wells in the State including the 47 paid for by the Union Panchayats. The Government spent Rs 520-10-0 on repairs to bore and broad wells in the fasli under report. The distribution of the wells in the three Taluks of the State as compared with the preceding three faslis is given below:—

	Fasli 1350.	Fasli 1351.	Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.
Alangudi Taluk	221	222	222	222
Kulattur Taluk	205	207	207	207
Tirumayyam Taluk	394	395	396	396
Total	820	824	825	825

The 47 Union Panchayat wells are distributed as shown below:—

Karambakkudi Union	13	Tirumayyam Union	11
Annavasal Union	10	Ponnamaravathi Union...	10
Arimalam Union	2	Rayavaram Panchayat	1
Total	47		

The Calyx Power Drill had no work throughout the Fasli.

A statement giving the number of wells sunk, etc., from Fasli 1343 to Fasli 1353 is appended.

Statement showing the number of wells sunk, and improved, and the expenditure incurred.

(1) Fasli.	(2) New wells sunk.			(3) Old wells improved.			(4) Expenditure.		
	Broad.	Bore.	Total.	By boring.	Other-wise.	Total.			
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	Rs.	A.	P.
1343	6	...	6	...	3	3	3,948	7	1
1344	106	...	106	4	56	60	23,908	13	3
1345	221	4	225	14	64	78	1,24,447	6	4
1346	35	4	39	13	9	22	31,047	5	7
1347	10	8	18	10	18	28	12,517	14	9
1348	5	1	6	7	19	26	4,989	10	8
1349	13	...	13	...	24	24	3,655	7	6
1350	1	1	2	1	16	17	3,382	8	6
1351	5	1	6	...	23	23	2,578	12	3
1352	...	...	...	...	16	16	205	6	4
1353	...	...	...	...	27	27	520	10	0
Total to the end of fasli 1353.	402	19	421	49	275	324	2,11,202	6	3

N. B.—Works are shown against the fasli in which they were started. Expenditure is shown against the fasli in which it was incurred.

VACCINATION DEPARTMENT.

154. The number of vaccinators at work was 15. The Municipal vaccinator works under the control of the Municipal Chairman, but his pay is charged to the Vaccination department. Their work in the preceding fasli and in the fasli under report is compared in the table below:—

Fasli.	Primary Vaccination.			Revaccination.		
	No. vaccinated.	No. successful.	Per-centage.	No. revaccinated	No. successful.	Per-centage.
1352	14,327	12,155	84.84	21,135	14,193	67.15
1353	13,576	11,626	85.64	27,707	18,569	67.02

The Health Inspector continued to supervise the vaccinators work. He visited 438 villages and verified 5,469 vaccinations.

The paste for vaccination was prepared at the Town Vaccine Depot. The total quantity prepared was 37,450 grains against 33,560 grains in the preceding fasli.

Small pox was prevalent in the Town and in Kulattur Taluk. The epidemic was controlled by intensive vaccination and revaccination.

155. *Financial*.—The expenditure of the department was Rs. 5,798 against Rs. 4,853 in the preceding fasli.

156. *General remarks*.—The department was under the control of the Chief Medical and Sanitary Officer as usual. The working of the department continued to be satisfactory.

VITAL STATISTICS.

157. The births and deaths that occurred during the fasli are classified below according to religions and sexes:—

	BIRTHS.			DEATHS.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Hindus	3,015	2,770	5,785	2,427	2,334	4,761
Muhammadans	143	141	284	90	121	211
Christians	101	96	197	68	73	141
Other Religions	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	3,259	3,007	6,266	2,585	2,528	5,113

The birth rate was 14.29 per thousand of the population and the death rate 11.66 against a birth-rate of 15.21 per thousand of the population and a death rate of 13.46 in the preceding fasli.

The highest number of births 644 was recorded in July 1943 and the lowest 344 in January 1944. The highest number of deaths 576 was registered in November 1943 and the lowest 362 in August 1943.

The following table exhibits the number of deaths from several causes during the fasli and in the preceding fasli.

Fasli.	Number of deaths from					Total.
	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhoea.	All other causes.	
1352	157	...	1,142	737	3,860	5,896
1353	15	27	1,073	631	3,367	5,113

An analysis of deaths according to age shows that 9.93 per cent of the deceased were infants, and 10.56 per cent children under six years of age. The percentages for the preceding fasli were infants 10.92 and children under six 11.18.

The total number of labour cases attended by midwives and qualified medical officers was 1,797 or 28.68 per cent of the total number of births, against 28.05 per cent in fasli 1352 and 24.21 per cent in fasli 1351. In the capital Town, where there are lying-in-wards attached to both the Town General Hospital and the Rani's Hospital for Women and Children, and also a sufficient number of midwives to attend to labour cases in private houses, the number of accouchments that took place under qualified medical supervision was 651 against 639 in the preceding fasli.

MEDICAL.

158. *Institutions.*—There are 15 medical institutions in the State, including the dispensary at Panayapatti presented by the late Mr. S. M. S. Chinnayya Chettiyar. Four are in the Town, and include two allopathic hospitals, one of which is set apart exclusively for women and children. The two others are an Allopathic dispensary in the suburb of Tirugokarnam, and an Ayurvedic dispensary. The rest are all Allopathic dispensaries in rural stations, and include an aided dispensary at Avayapatti in Kulattur Taluk. All the institutions, whether hospitals or dispensaries and whether Allopathic or Ayurvedic, were maintained wholly at State cost with the following exceptions:—(1) the late Rajakumar M. R. Ry. V. R. Durai Raja Ayl. B. A. Ex-Regent, endowed a sum of Rs. 4,000 for the maintenance of a bed in the Town General Hospital; (2) M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib M. G. Ramachandra Rao Ayl., M. B., & C. M., Chief Medical Officer, has endowed a sum of Rs. 3,000 to meet the entire dieting charges of the children treated in the Children's Ward of three beds which he presented to the Town General Hospital; (3) The late Mr. S. M. S. Chinnayya Chettiyar of Panayapatti made over to the Darbar a lump sum of Rs. 10,000 the interest on which is to defray part of the cost of running the dispensary at Panayapatti, which he presented to the State; (4) Mr. A. R. Arunachalam Chettiyar of Vendampatti has endowed a sum of Rs. 1,000 the interest on which is to defray part of the dieting charges of the poor in-patients treated in the Ponnamaravathi dispensary; and (5) Rao Sahib P. V. Palaniyappa Chettiyar of Rayavaram has endowed a sum of Rs. 25,000 for the construction and maintenance of a Maternity Ward with ten beds in the Rani's Hospital named the "P. V. Family Ward" and for the maintenance of five out of the ten beds as free beds. Mr. V. Rm. Lakshmanan Chettiyar and his brother, Valampuri, have endowed a sum of Rs. 3,300 for the construction of a labour room in the Rani's Hospital which has been completed.

Besides the fifteen institutions maintained by the State, there are three private charitable medical institutions in Tirumayyam Taluk—a hospital at Pillamangalam with a large endowment of Rs. 1,50,036 maintained by Rao Sahib N. S. Chokkalingam Chettiyar, a dispensary at Ramachandrapuram maintained by the T. S. Rm. Family, and a dispensary at Rangiyam maintained by the V. N. V. Family.

A sum of Rs. 3,986--15--3 was at the credit of the Anti-Tuberculosis fund in the Huzur Treasury at the end of the fasli. The Government have bought 3 per cent Government bonds for Rs. 84,000 with part of the fund.

159. *Attendance.*—The aggregate number of patients treated in the fasli in the institutions maintained by the Government was 2,65,393 (including 4,559 in-patients) against 2,61,121 (including 4,181 in-patients) in the preceding fasli.

160. *General Hospital.*—The number of beds in the Town General Hospital was 96 including the six new beds in the Anti-Tuberculosis clinic. The following table exhibits the number of patients treated and operations performed in this institution in the fasli, compared with figures for the previous fasli:—

Fasli.	In-patients.		Out-patients.		Surgical operations.	
	Number.	Daily average.	Number.	Daily average.	Ordinary.	Under chloroform.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1352 	2,215	113.21	75,521	614.00	2,242	300
1353 	2,559	112.79	78,733	615.62	1,936	200

32 persons bitten by rabid dogs were treated (successfully) during the fasli against 23 in the preceding fasli. The number of cases treated in the Dental section during the fasli was 2,815 against 2,722 in the previous fasli. The number of examinations made in the Pathological and Bacteriological laboratory in the fasli and in the preceding fasli was as follows:—

		Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.
Serological examinations	...	189	226
Sinuar examinations	...	475	422
Examination of faeces	...	1,160	1,279
„ urine	...	2,262	2,720
„ sputum	...	604	393
Other examinations	...	233	257
Total	...	4,923	5,297

In the section for the treatment of diseases of the ear, nose and throat, in charge of M. R. Ry. V. Sadasiva Ayyar Ayl, M. B. & B. S., Resident Medical Officer, 3,792 cases were treated, with a daily average of 19.77. 64 minor operations on the ear, nose and thorax and 63 major operations were performed. 4,364 cases with a daily average of 23.87, 79 minor operations and 12 major operations were attended to in the preceding fasli.

Persons are charged for treatment in the Radiological Section according to their income and the treatment given. X-ray examination and electro-therapeutic treatment are given free to all persons whose income is less than Rs. 50 *per mensem* and who are In-or Out-patients of any hospital or dispensary in the State, sent for treatment by the officer in charge of that institution, or who are recommended by the Radiologist. Government servants drawing Rs. 50 and above *per mensem* are charged half rates. Free examination and electrical treatment are given under the orders of the Chief Medical and Sanitary Officer. 5,460 patients with a daily average of 14.9 were treated in the section, against 4,494 with a daily average of 12.3 in the previous fasli. This section was in charge of M. R. Ry. B. Narayana-swami Ayyar M. B., & B. S., Radiologist.

M. R. Ry. R. Narayana Rao, L. M. P., L. O., was in charge of the Eye Section. 5,721 cases with a daily average of 44.99 were treated during the fasli, against 6,414 cases with a daily average of 48.54 in the previous fasli.

M. R. Ry. V. K. Ramachandram Pillai, M. B., & B. S., T. D. D., was in charge of the Tuberculosis Section which is becoming popular. The number of patients treated in the section was 483 with a daily average of 45.26 against 254 with a daily average of 26.47 in the preceding fasli. The Darbar propose to conduct a Tuberculosis survey soon.

161. *Her Highness the Rani's Hospital.*—The institution has four wards for general diseases and one ward for contagious diseases, providing in all 72 beds. The number of patients treated and operations performed in this institution in the fasli and in the preceding fasli is exhibited in the following table:—

Fasli.	In-patients.		Out-patients.		Surgical operations.	
	Number.	Daily average.	Number.	Daily average.	Ordinary.	Under chloroform.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1352	1,886	74.3	28,268	213.01	362	112
1353	1,936	78.8	28,103	204.8	391	115

162. *Allopathic dispensaries.*—The number of out-patients treated in all the 12 Allopathic dispensaries including the aided rural dispensary at Avayapatti rose from 1,20,607 with a daily average of 780.00 in fasli 1352 to 1,20,650 with a daily average of 781.59 in the fasli under report. 64 in-patients with a daily average of 1.58 were treated in the Ponnamaravathi dispensary.

163. *Ayurvedic dispensary.*—The number of patients treated in this institution was 33,313 with a daily average of 194.00 against 32,847 with a daily average of 199.13 in the preceding fasli.

164. *Financial.*—The total expenditure on the department was Rs. 1,47,164 against Rs. 1,28,651 in the preceding fasli. Receipts from the sale of medicines and payment for prescriptions, amounted to Rs. 1,835 against 1,499 in the preceding fasli.

The average cost of dieting an in-patient was Re. 0-3-10 in the General Hospital and Re. 0-3-0 in the Rani's Hospital against Re. 0-2-6 in the preceding fasli. These figures do not include the cost of food supplied daily from the Sirkar choultry in the Town to the Brahmin and other Saivite in-patients in both the hospitals.

As usual, lepers were given injections in all the medical institutions and were paid two annas for each injection. 173 lepers were given 5,427 injections and Rs. 591-14-0 was spent on this account in the Town General Hospital and other dispensaries. 2 lepers were treated in the Rani's Hospital.

165. *Medical inspection of schools.*—The Sub-Assistant Surgeons working under the Chief Medical Officer examined in all 2,214 children in 17 elementary and 8 secondary schools during the fasli, against 1,900 children in 18 elementary and five secondary schools in the previous fasli. All the students of the local College were examined by the Chief Medical Officer. The Lady Doctor and her assistant examined the pupils in all the girls' schools in the Town. The general health of the boys and girls examined was found to be satisfactory. The defects noticed were communicated to the parents.

166. *General remarks.*—All the medical institutions in the State, except the Rani's Hospital for Women and Children, were under the general control of M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib M. G. Ramachandra Rao Ayl., M. B., & C. M. He was also in direct charge of the Town General Hospital.

Mrs. N. G. Kamalamma, M. B., & B. S., was in charge of the Rani's Hospital for Women and Children during the fasli. She was on privilege leave for some time at the beginning of the fasli and the Chief Medical Officer was in additional charge of the hospital.

The working of the department was satisfactory.

JUNIOR RED CROSS SOCIETY.

167. The Pudukkottai branches of the Junior Red Cross Society were inaugurated in May 1937.

Twenty-nine groups functioned in the fasli.

The Central Committee at Pudukkottai has seventeen members who are as follows:—

- (1) The Director of Public Instruction (Chairman).
- (2) The Chief Medical Officer.
- (3) The Principal.
- (4) The Head-master, College High School.
- (5) The Head-mistress, Rani's High School.
- (6) The Head-master, C. S. M. High School.
- (7) The Head-master, S. B. High School.
- (8) The Rural Improvement Officer.
- (9) The Inspector of Schools, West Circle.
- (10) The Inspector of Schools, East Circle.
- (11) The Personal Assistant to the Director of Public Instruction.
- (12) The Municipal Chairman.
- (13) The Lady Doctor.
- (14) The Secretary, Y. M. C. A., Pudukkottai.
- (15) The Head-master, Rayavaram Secondary School.
- (16) The Head-master, Konapattu High School.
- (17) The Head master, P. Alagapuri Secondary School.

The Central Committee intend to form more sub-committees in the mofussil, especially in important Panchayat villages.

The committee held 9 meetings during the fasli.

The mofussil sub-committees in the three Taluk centres functioned efficiently. They co-ordinated J. R. C. work at the capital and in the mofussil, and in other ways gave a sustained impetus to the movement.

Each group had a number of sub-groups. The groups maintained registers recording defects noted daily in the personal cleanliness of students. Many schools maintained a complete washing and toilet set and 'first aid' set.

Cleanliness of the school premises and the neighbourhood, personal cleanliness of the members, periodical street visits singing health songs, displaying placards and giving "talks" in public, special work during outbreaks of epidemics, street cleaning, visits to tanks and *uranis* to see that their bunds and water sources were not fouled, visits to weekly markets to impress upon the dealers the need to keep the articles fly-proof and insect-proof, co-operation with the medical department in their efforts to eradicate cholera and small-pox, participation in the "Grow-more-food" campaign, and collection of horse shoes and scrap metal, were some of the main items of work to which the groups paid attention.

The eye-specialist in the Town General Hospital gave a course of lantern lectures on the 'Care of the Eye' in H. H. The Raja's College.

The J. R. C. groups in the C. S. M. High School, Pudukkottai, S. Kt. Gandhi High School, Rayavaram and H. H. The Raja's High School, Pudukkottai are successfully attending to the cultivation of tapioca and other garden crops in the school gardens as their contribution to the 'Grow-more-food' campaign.

The working of the J. R. C. groups in the State during the fasli was satisfactory and showed careful planning and sustained effort.

LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPALITY.

168. *Constitution.*—Pudukkottai Town is the only Municipality in the State. The Municipal Council is composed of 18 Councillors, 14 of whom are elected by the rate-payers of the Municipality and four (three of whom are officials) nominated by the Government. Of the 14 elected Councillors one is elected by women and one exclusively by Muslims. Five of the elective seats including the women constituency fell vacant during the fasli and the vacancies were filled by election.

M. R. Ry. V. Venkoba Rao Ayl., B. A., L. T., M. L. C., the non-official Honorary Chairman continued to be in charge of the Municipality in the fasli.

169. *Area and population.*—The Municipality is five square miles in area and has a population of 34,180 according to the census of 1941.

170. *Meetings.*—The Council held 21 meetings in the fasli, against 20 in the preceding fasli. No meeting was adjourned for want of a quorum. The average attendance was eleven.

171. *Public health.*—The table below compares the birth and the death rates in the fasli, with those for fasli 1352.

Fasli.	Birth rate per mille.	Infant mortality per mille.	Death rate per mille.
1352	30	4	22
1353	29	4	18

Public health was satisfactory. There were some sporadic cases of small-pox during the fasli. Action was taken to prevent the spread of the disease. There were only 42 cases of which 14 were fatal. The vaccinating staff performed 3,100 primary vaccinations and 1,836 revaccinations.

172. *Financial.*—The following table compares the receipts under each head of revenue, the expenditure and the closing balance of the fasli with the corresponding figures for the preceding fasli:—

	Fasli 1352 Rs.	Fasli 1353. Rs.
1. Total receipts excluding the Government grant.	1,66,231	1,73,669.
2. Government grant	...	...
3. Aggregate receipts including the Government grant.	1,66,231	1,73,669
4. Opening balance	38,917	77,433
5. Total	2,05,148	2,51,102
6. Expenditure	1,27,748	1,58,530
7. Closing balance	77,433	92,572

173. *Demand and collection.*—The table below shows the demand, collection and balance under taxes:—

Fasli.	Current.			Arrears.		
	Demand.	Collection including amount remitted.	Balance.	Demand.	Collection including amount remitted or written off.	Balance.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1352	59,475	54,982	4,493	16,729	13,478	3,251
1353	66,902	63,048	3,854	10,562	5,696	4,866

The percentage of collection under current demand was 94.2 against 92.4 in the preceding fasli and that under arrear demand 53.9 against 80.5 in the preceding fasli.

174. *Incidence of taxation.*—The incidence of taxation was Rs. 1—15—0 per head of the population, against Rs. 1—11—0 in the preceding fasli.

175. *General remarks.*—The Maternity and Child-Welfare Centre in the Town continued to work in the fasli, under the supervision of the Lady Doctor of H. H. the Rani's Hospital. The centre showed signs of usefulness.

Some of the principal roads in the Town were watered during the hot weather with the combined motor lorry and fire engine bought in fasli 1345.

The provisions of Food Adulteration Regulation were introduced into the Municipality in fasli 1348. No cases of food-adulteration were charged in the fasli.

The provisions of the Local Authorities Entertainment Taxation Regulation were introduced into the Municipality in fasli 1349. A sum of Rs. 3,092 was collected on this account during the fasli.

Samples of the drinking water are periodically analysed by the Chemistry Lecturer in the College laboratory.

House-tax on buildings (tax for general purposes) continued to be levied at 4 per cent on the annual value and water-tax, drainage-tax and lighting-tax at one per cent each, on the rental value.

The Darbar are glad to record that the affairs of the Municipality were administered efficiently and without friction and that M. R. Ry. V. Venkoba Rao Ayl., B. A., L. T., M. L. C., the non-official Chairman, discharged his functions with zeal and efficiency, on which he is to be complimented.

UNION PANCHAYATS.

176. *Constitution.*—The five Union Panchayats at Annarasal, Arimalam Karambakkudi, Ponnamaravathi, and Tirumayyam constituted under the Village Conservancy Regulation, No. IV of 1909, continued to function during the fasli. Each panchayat, except that at Ponnamaravathi, consisted of seven members (five elected and two nominated); including a Chairman nominated by the Government. The panchayat at Ponnamaravathi consisted of nine members (seven elected and two nominated). The Chairman of all the Unions were non-officials.

177. *Meetings.*—47 meetings were held by the several Unions against 76 in fasli 1352. The average number of members attending a meeting was 4.1 against 3.9 in the preceding fasli. The total number of Resolutions passed was 310 against 593 in fasli 1352.

178. *Financial.*—The total demand on account of taxes and fees levied in the several Unions was Rs. 41,527 against Rs. 35,866 in fasli 1352. The actual collections amounted to Rs. 35,927 against Rs. 28,830 in the preceding fasli. A sum of Rs. 39 was written off, and a sum of Rs. 0—4—0 was collected in excess, leaving an uncollected balance of Rs. 5,561 against Rs. 6,881 at the end of the preceding fasli. The total receipts of the Unions, including the State grant of Rs. 2,100 amounted to Rs. 36,117 against Rs. 28,846 in fasli 1352. Their aggregate expenditure was Rs. 27,114, against Rs. 26,401 in fasli 1352. The outlay on Union works was Rs. 1,610, against Rs. 1,901 in fasli 1352. At the close of the fasli, the Unions had an aggregate balance of Rs. 20,236, to their credit, against Rs. 11,233 at the close of fasli 1352.

179. *General remarks.*—The Unions worked satisfactorily on the whole.

VILLAGE PANCHAYATS.

180. *Constitution.*—There were 38 panchayats at the beginning of the fasli. One village panchayat at Valavampatti was revived in the fasli. The Darbar cancelled the constitution of two village panchayats.

26 of the 37 panchayats, actually functioned. Nine of the remaining 11 did not elect members owing to the indifference of the villagers or for other reasons. The Darbar have ordered postponement of the formation of boards for two panchayats at Virachohilai and Mangudi. Steps are being taken to revive the dormant panchayats. The number of members in each panchayat varied from seven to eleven. Not less than two-thirds of the total number of members in each panchayat were elected. The policy of appointing the elected member who secured the largest number of votes, or the member who was unanimously recommended by the elected members as President, was strictly adhered to during the fasli.

181. *Work of the Panchayats.*—The construction and maintenance of village roads and streets, cleaning of streets and removal of rubbish and noxious vegetation from public places, maintenance of tanks and supply of good drinking-water, lighting of the streets and other measures conducive to the health and convenience of the villagers were undertaken by the panchayats in general. In some panchayats streets were lighted by electricity, and elementary schools, reading-rooms and libraries maintained.

182. *Financial.*—The panchayats derived their income from taxes on houses, trade, professions and callings and arts, and the levy of fees and penalties for erecting temporary sheds on public streets. Some panchayats also derived revenue from markets, slaughter-houses and cattle-pounds.

The Government contributed towards the expenses of the panchayats, having regard to their needs.

The following table shows the demand, collection and balance under taxes raised by the panchayats in the fasli:—

Demand.	Collection including amount remitted.	Percentage of collection.	Balance.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
19,954	15,158	75.9	4,796

The total contribution made by the Government during the fasli was Rs. 2,775. Village panchayats that had markets were allowed to appropriate the entire market revenue. Seven of the panchayats maintained reading-rooms and libraries, and received a total grant of Rs. 181 from the Darbar on this account. The total income of all the panchayats amounted to Rs. 65,070, against Rs. 59,778 in fasli 1352. Their total expenditure was Rs. 61,070, against Rs. 54,986 in the preceding fasli.

183. *Meetings.*—The panchayats held 261 meetings in the fasli, 18 of which were adjourned for want of quorum.

184. *General remarks.*—The working of the panchayats that actually functioned was generally satisfactory.

VILLAGE CONSERVANCY.

185. The conservancy of villages outside the Union and the Village Panchayat limits was as usual controlled by the Revenue Department. In a few of the larger villages, for example, Perungalur and Kilanilai—Puduppatti the Government maintained a special conservancy staff. A Village Panchayat was constituted at Viralimalai referred to in last year's report.

PUBLIC WORKS.

186. *Grant and outlay.*—The total grant for the fasli was Rs. 2,72,900. The outlay on works executed (including establishment) amounted to Rs. 2,32,085 or 85.04 per cent of the grant, against Rs. 1,91,999 or 76.18 per cent of the grant in the previous fasli. A comparative statement showing the expenditure under the several heads in faslis 1352 and 1353 is given below:—

No.	Items.	Expenditure in fasli 1352 Rs.	Expenditure in fasli 1353 Rs.
1.	Irrigation	30,923	41,289
2.	Civil buildings	12,790	19,860
3.	Communications	89,670	1,04,812
4.	Market and cart-stand	86	110
5.	Village Conservancy	426	745
6.	Establishment	57,897	58,142
7.	Tools and plants	257	7,627
8.	Miscellaneous	—	—
Total		1,91,999	2,32,085

The figure of Rs. 58,142 under 'establishment' includes the cost of the oalyx drill establishment and the pay of the Electrical Inspector. The cost of the Public Works establishment proper amounted to Rs. 56,493.

The department executes some works out of funds that do not appear in the Budget, such as the British Government's contribution from the Road Development Fund and contributions by private persons. Some works executed by the department are not shown under 'Civil Works', such as works executed in the Public Works workshop and works executed for and charged to other departments. The cost of all works executed in the fasli was Rs. 2,46,029.

The percentage of establishment charges to the value of works executed in the fasli works out to 23.63 per cent, against 18.8 per cent in fasli 1346, 21.14 per cent in fasli 1347, 24.06 per cent in fasli 1348, 20.05 per cent in fasli 1349 (including Relief Works 17.03 per cent), 18.5 per cent in fasli 1350, 17.83 per cent in fasli 1351 and 24.57 per cent in fasli 1352.

187. *Irrigation.*—The Minor Irrigation department was amalgamated with the Public Works Department with effect from February 1, 1936, and the establishment of the latter was slightly increased to cope with the additional work. The same arrangements continued during the fasli.

Among the important original irrigation works executed in the fasli may be mentioned the construction of a calingula for Thachchankulam in Annavasal vattam.

188. *Anti-erosion works.*—The Darbar are bestowing special attention to the prevention of erosion. The expenditure incurred under this head in fasli 1353 was Rs. 17,047 against the allotment of Rs. 20,000.

The works executed during the fasli are noted below.

Name of work.	Expenditure. Rs. A. P.
Manatturai vari anti-erosion treatment	859 0 0
Ponnachchikulam vari	2,709 0 0
Tudiyamparai forest including Block No. 71	1,418 0 0
Nemmeli supply vari	578 0 0
Kokkalikulam supply vari	245 0 0
Arikulam	4,612 0 0
Nattanerai vari	2,789 0 0
Block No. 102 of Varappur forest	175 0 0
Kiratadi Pudukulam	1,538 0 0
Side vari of Road No. 4(a)	819 0 0
Kosakkundukulam	1,086 0 0
Miscellaneous	219 0 0
Total	17,047 0 0

189. *Civil buildings.*—Improvements to the Sub-Post Master's quarters at Ponnamaravathi was a new work undertaken in the fasli.

190. *Communications.*—The expenditure under this head was Rs. 1,04,812. The length of roads metalled, gravelled and unmetalled in the State is compared below with that in the adjoining British districts. It will be observed that the mileage of metalled or gravelled roads per 100 square miles in the State is more than double the corresponding figure for any of the adjoining British districts, except Tanjore (and it is not far from double the figure for that District), while the figure for all classes of roads is very much higher in the State than in any of those districts, except Tanjore, which has a considerable mileage of earth roads with which the State cart-tracks often compare not unfavourably. The apparent increase in expenditure is due to the fact that in fasli 1352 a sum of Rs. 10,972 was adjusted from this head to the Road Development Fund on account of Flood Damage Works whereas in fasli 1353 no amount was so adjusted. The payment of Dearness Allowance also helps to account for the increase.

No.	District	Length of roads.				Mileage per 100 sq. miles of area.		
		Area in sq. miles.	Metalled or gravelled.	Un- metalled.	Total.	Metalled or gravelled.	Un- metalled.	Total.
1	Pudukkottai	1,179	485	70	555	41.1	6.0	47.1
2	Tanjore	3,742	826	2,220	3,046	22.1	59.3	81.4
3	Ramnad	4,819	740	361	1,101	15.4	7.5	22.9
4	Trichinopoly	4,314	880	689	1,519	19.3	15.9	35.2
5	Madura	4,912	1,007	571	1,578	20.5	11.6	32.1

No subvention was received from the Road Development Fund of the Government of India in this fasli.

191. *Flood damage works.*—Owing to the floods of November 1939 many irrigation sources breached, parts of many roads were either washed away or breached and a number of buildings were damaged. The expenditure incurred on the restoration of flood damages in fasli 1352 and 1353 is given below:—

No.	Items.	Expenditure in fasli 1352 Rs.	Expenditure in fasli 1353 Rs.
1.	Religion and Charity	—	—
2.	Palace	—	—
3.	Irrigation	5,261	1,338
4.	Buildings	141	—
5.	Communications	—10,972	48
6.	Village Conservancy	—	—
Total		—5,570	1,376

192. *Workshop and stores.*—The value of the work turned out in the workshop was Rs. 30,289 against Rs. 21,051 in the preceding fasli. The Martanda Industrial School attached to the workshop had 17 apprentices on its rolls against 16 in the previous fasli. They were trained in carpentry, smithy, painting and tailoring.

A Technical Training Centre under the Government of India scheme for training technicians for the Army and Civil Industries was opened in the workshop in 1942 and imparted training in fitting, carpentry, blacksmithy and upholstery. It was closed from 1st July 1944 under orders from the Government of India.

193. *General remarks.*—The working of the department was on the whole satisfactory.

MILITARY AND BAND.

194. The sanctioned strength of the Pudukkottai State Military Forces continued to be 110 infantry, including the Officer in charge of the Military Forces, and 19 cavalry. 13 places in the infantry and 10 in the cavalry were kept vacant under the orders of the Darbar as a measure of economy. There were three vacancies at the beginning of the fasli and seven places fell vacant during the fasli owing to two resignations, one death, three desertions and one discharge. Seven of the ten vacancies have been filled up by recruitment. The strength of the cavalry was one Duffadar and seven troopers. One trooper's place fell vacant owing to retirement. The discipline and health of the force were good. The force continued to be under the immediate supervision of the Sergeant-Major of the Armed Reserve.

The strength of the band was one Band Master, one Sergeant, one corporal, two lance corporals and 22 musicians. Three places fell vacant during the fasli and were filled up.

195. *Financial.*—The expenditure on the department including the Band was Rs. 42,620 against Rs. 40,568 in the previous fasli.

196. *General.*—M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib T. G. Swaminatha Ayyar Avl., B.A., B.L. Superintendent of Police, continued to be the Officer in charge of the Military Forces.

The District Superintendent of Police, Trichinopoly, continued to be *ex-officio* Inspecting and Advising Officer to the Darbar in matters concerning their Military and Police Forces. He visited the State three times during the fasli.

One Havildar, one Naik and six sepoy have been sent with each Pudukkottai Labour Unit No. 1 to Assam and Unit No. 2 to Ceylon and their places are left unfilled. The services of the Police sent from Pudukkottai to Assam earned special commendation.

OTHER MINOR DEPARTMENTS.

AGRICULTURE.

197. The Dewan Peishkar was in charge of the Agricultural Department. The State is divided into two agricultural divisions (East and West) each in charge of an Agricultural Instructor. There is an Agricultural Demonstration Farm in the Capital in charge of a Manager.

198. *Grow-more-food campaign.*—The Darbar inspected the fallows in the ayacuts of irrigation tanks systematically and urged the owners to cultivate them.

The notification under the Defence of India Rules ordering mill-owners in husking paddy, to polish it so that not more than 25 per cent of the bran was removed, and prohibiting the double polishing of rice continued to be in force.

The Darbar continued the policy of assigning lands under the cowle system of imposing the full assessment on land newly brought under cultivation by instalments. They also continued to exempt from water rate dry lands cultivated with wet crops, if the irrigation is unobjectionable or with permission. Provision was made for the

grant of loans for reclamation of land. The Darbar directed the strict enforcement of the Pudukkottai Uncultivated Lands (Imposition of Penalty) Regulation No. XVIII of 42 which was introduced to compel the ryots to cultivate all lands in their holdings, but it has seldom been necessary actually to have recourse to it.

Arrangements were made to grow 'Tapioca' in the Agricultural Farm, and in the compounds of Vattam Cutcheries, Dispensaries, School Buildings and other buildings where there were watchmen. The ryots were also encouraged to grow it. The cultivation of Tapioca was found profitable in the Karambakkudi Firka, where one pattadar who cultivated it on an extent of 3.86 acres dry got an income of Rs. 1,650.

Ryots were warned against extending cotton cultivation and advised to grow food crops instead.

The importance of growing more food was stressed at the National War Front meetings.

The Darbar encouraged the ryots to grow pumpkins on foreshores and waterspreads of tanks during the dry season by levying no assessment for such cultivation.

Country plough shares were supplied to Unions and Panchyats for sale at cheap rates to ryots.

Vegetable seed was distributed free from the Town Agricultural Farm to those who asked for it to enable ryots to grow vegetables in their backyards. Other seed was bought and supplied to the ryots at cost price.

As a result of all the above efforts, the area under cultivation actually increased by 19,701 acres or 6.02 per cent of the area previously under cultivation.

199. *Improvement of live stock.*—Sheep reared in Kollakudi have multiplied and are in good condition.

Export of straw is controlled. The Darbar have controlled the price of cotton seed, gingelly and ground-nut cake.

The Government have made provision in the Loan Rules for the grant of loans to buy milch cows.

200. *Outturn of the Agricultural Instructors.*—The two Agricultural Instructors toured as usual in their respective charges, in which they carried on propaganda in regard to the extension of cultivation of food grains, the use and stocking of pure and selected paddy seeds, economic sowing and planting, use of superior strains of ragi and varagu and new kinds of cholam and cumbu, use of green and artificial manures, utilisation of waste lands for cashew plantation, cultivation of specially profitable crops such as sugar-cane, plantains, yam, turmeric, etc., and fruit culture, the adoption of measures to prevent or combat the several kinds of insect pests in the field, and the introduction of different kinds of improved agricultural implements. Agricultural Instructors, East and West divisions visited 39 and 41 villages respectively in the fasli, and attended to the special work of freezing food grains stocked by the ryots in excess of their requirements. The Agricultural Instructors, West and East Divisions, attended to this work in 38 vattams in the State in the fasli.

Chinna Samba, Vadam Samba and Nallur Samba were cultivated in the fasli and yielded a good harvest.

Demonstration of economic sowing and planting was conducted at Vellanur, Tennatirayanpatti, Puliur, Melur, Kiranur and Pungudi in the West Division and at Virachohilai, Alangudi, Adanakkottai, Kauninipatti, Perungalur, Karambakkudi and several other villages in the East Division with good results. Besides saving seed by 50 per cent there was an increased yield in the produce. Exhibits of fruits and vegetables grown in the State were sent to the Tamil Nad Fruit Show held in January, 44 at Trichinopoly; the Show Committee awarded a certificate of merit for the exhibits.

201. *Economic Irrigation and Planting.*—Economic irrigation was conducted in the Pudukkottai vattam. There was saving of water with greater yield. Experiments in economic sowing, transplanting and manuring were made in Pudukkottai and Tennatirayanpatti and the results were favourable.

Propaganda on storing and preserving manure was widely conducted. Demonstration pits were dug in several places. The manufacture of green-leaf compost manure was demonstrated and pamphlets dealing with the methods of preparing compost have been widely circulated among ryots.

The C. O. 281, Figi B., P. O. J. 2848 milling varieties of sugar cane were grown at Puliur, Vellanur, Kannangudi, Killanur, Vellaipillayaratti, Karaiyur, Kollagudi, Sattanur and Onangudi. Propaganda on preparing lands, proper spacing and manuring was carried on throughout the year. The instructions were closely followed by the cultivators. Jaggery was manufactured in all the centres with success and the product found a ready sale. C O. 419, 401 & 413 were got from Palur Agricultural station and planted at Kollagudi. Chewing-canes were also cultivated in many villages.

Three varieties of drought resistant paddy seed B. G. 1, G S. 47 and S. S. 5 which had been obtained from Anakapalle Farm last fasli were distributed freely to the ryots. The produce was reserved for use as seed.

Yam, turmeric and plantains were grown at Melur, Pungudi, Kiranur, Kattakurichchi, Onangudi, Virachchilai, Perungalur and Kollagudi. The area under these crops is gradually increasing. The method of curing turmeric was demonstrated to the ryots. Application of Avarai green leaves and silt to the plantains had a good effect on the growth of the plants. Suckers were supplied from the Farm and arrangements made to raise plantains in some areas in the Town.

Tobacco was cultivated in Kulipirai and Sevalur. The ryots were instructed how to manure the crop. Brinjals, pumpkins, tomatoes, radishes and capsicums were successfully cultivated in several villages.

The area under ground-nut has increased appreciably during the fasli owing to the rise in prices. The ryots had a good harvest. The improved variety A. H. 25 was grown at Virudavayal and yielded well. Propaganda on raising fruit orchards was extensively made.

Fruit orchards raised in the previous faslis are progressing fairly. They were periodically inspected and the owners were instructed to give the cultural and manurial treatment needed for vigorous growth and yield. The ryots were advised to utilise waste and vacant spaces adjacent to their dwellings for fruit trees. Arrangements are being made to raise new fruit orchards. Ploughing with iron ploughs to intercultivate the spaces between the rows of fruit trees was also demonstrated. Fruit grafts from reputed dealers were imported and nursed in the Town Agricultural Farm for sale to the public. The citrus grape fruit grown in the Town Agricultural Farm is very popular and was an attractive exhibit in the Tamil Nad Fruit Show at Trichinopoly.

The flower gardens already raised in many villages continued to be properly tended.

The Darbar gave facilities for Sericulture to the Head-master, C. S. M High School, Pudukkottai, by directing the Farm Manager to supply manure and labour to plough one acre of land in the Ananda Bagh to grow mulberry.

202. *Dry Farming*.—Arrangements to buy seed for supply to several applicants have been made. A large area of waste land has been reclaimed and brought under cashew, and casuarina cultivation. Advice on bunding, and sloping dry wastes to prevent surface erosion and preserve moisture was given to the ryots. The improved implements for dry farming were demonstrated to the ryots. The ryots were interested in these implements the use of which has since spread.

The cashew plantations raised in the previous faslis are growing well and some have begun to yield. The ryots are taking greater interest in this development and there is now a great demand for seed. The area under cashew was increased by distribution free of cost of 400 Madras Measures of seed.

203. *Erosion and silting*.—Preventive measures were adopted in several places. Details are given in the chapter on Public Works. Kikuyu grass, Giant Musalmutti grass seed was also sown there. The Dewan inspected anti-erosion works frequently and gave advice. Cashew and cholam have been sown in places. Giant Star grass has been planted on selected tank bunds to check bund erosion but the progress is very slow.

204. *The Town Agricultural Farm*.—The area of the Farm was increased by taking in 20 cents of lowlying ground which permitted wet crops to be grown for demonstration and experiment. Work at the Town Agricultural Farm was confined mainly to the maintenance of stud-bulls and a dairy, and the raising of garden crops such as sugar-cane, plantain, tomatoes, brinjals, capsicum, elephant yam, colocassia, pumpkin and tapioca. The outturn of these was normal. The Farm was also a depôt for the supply of seed to the public. It supplied seed of several kinds of vegetables for backyard cultivation. E. C. 3735 which was the best of the Ragi strains in yield of grain and in duration though it gave less straw was grown to supply ragi grain for the farm poultry. Drought resistant varieties of paddy which were got from Anakapalle Farm were sown to see if they could be cultivated after November. G. S. 47 was found suitable for late cultivation. It was also found that Veliai Samba, a local late variety gave equally good results.

Fodder crops such as Maize, Cholam, Tenai, Guinea-grass, Elephant grass, sweet potato, Vines, Giant Star-grass, and Lucerne were grown in the Farm.

205. *Livestock*.—One Ongole-Scindi cross-bred bull calf was bought to be reared as a stud-bull. One cow, five calves and one Ayrshire bull were sold. There were six stud-bulls at the end of the fasli. The number of services was 321 against 357 in the last fasli.

At the close of the fasli the livestock numbered 56 comprising 15 cows, 12 suckling calves, 20 adult calves, two Kangayam bulls, one Scindi bull, one Murrah buffalo bull, one country-buffalo bull and four bullocks. The total milk yield of the cows was 11,818 measures and its value Rs. 2,762 against 15,777 measures and Rs. 3,149 respectively.

As usual, the Government contributed Rs. 1,000 to the All-India Cattle Show held by the Government of India.

206. *Poultry and Bee-keeping*.—The Poultry and Bee-keeping sections in the Farm were continued. Details are given in the chapter on Rural Improvement.

207. *Financial*.—The receipts of the department amounted to Rs. 5,205-10-11 and the expenditure to Rs. 18,108-6-8.

LOANS.

208. 63 applications were pending at the beginning of the fasli, and 230 applications were received. There were thus 293 applications for disposal, of which 23 were granted and 142 rejected, leaving 128 pending. 94 applications were disposed of within three months of their receipt, 47 after three but within six months, 20 after six months but within a year and four after a year. Of the 128 applications pending at the end of the fasli, 108 had been pending for less than three months, 14 for three or more but less than six months, 2 for six months or more but less than one year and 4 for over a year. The notification which the Darbar issued on 30-3-41 to the effect that if in any fasli a ryot became entitled to remission of Land Revenue, the collection of the instalment of any agricultural loan due by him for that fasli would be suspended at his request, and the period for the repayment of the loan would then be extended by one year, continued to be in force. The effect of this concession is that unless a ryot has fallen into arrears in regard to the repayment of a loan under the ordinary rules, not more than one instalment will be collected from him in any fasli.

The transactions of the fasli under report are exhibited in the following table:—

		Agricultural advances.		House-building advances.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
1.	Opening balance ...	1,46,264	3 10	19,712	8 9
2.	Advances in the fasli ...	3,450	0 0	500	0 0
	Total ...	1,49,714	3 10	20,212	8 9
3.	Amount repayable in the year...	48,998	1 3	6,801	11 3
4.	Actual collections ...	40,718	2 8	6,469	14 10
5.	Balance ...	4,298	9 8	331	12 5
6.	Excess collection ...	1,018	11 1	...	...
7.	Closing balance ...	1,08,996	1 2	13,742	9 11

VETERINARY.

209. *Veterinary Hospital*.—The Veterinary Hospital at the capital is in charge of a qualified Veterinary Assistant, who is under the administrative control of the Chief Medical and Sanitary Officer.

The hospital has accommodation for four horses and ten cattle. 2,238 out-patients and 517 in-patients were treated in the fasli, against 3,019 out-patients and 246 in-patients in the preceding fasli. The daily average attendance of in-and out-patients together was 30.42 against 50.38 in the preceding fasli.

Including 56 castrations, the total number of operations performed was 289, against 202 including 95 castrations in the preceding fasli.

210. *Touring Veterinary Assistants*.—In addition to the veterinary graduate in charge of the Veterinary Hospital, there were three touring veterinary graduates, one for each taluk, working under the administrative control of the Tahsildars. The Town Veterinary Assistant was on deputation at the Imperial Dairy Institute from October 1943 to the end of December 1943. The Touring Veterinary Assistant, Kulattur Taluk was placed in additional charge of the Town Veterinary Hospital during the period. The Town Veterinary Assistant joined the Indian Army Veterinary Corps on 1—2—44. The Touring Veterinary Assistant, Kulattur Taluk was placed in charge of the Town Veterinary Hospital and the Touring Veterinary Assistants, Alangudi and Tirumayyam Taluks were put in additional charge of Kulattur Taluk. The duties of the Touring Veterinary Assistants were to deal with outbreaks of contagious diseases and to treat sick animals in the villages. Statistics of the work of these officers are given below:—

Veterinary Assistants.		No. of days on tour.	No. of miles travelled.	No. of animals treated.	No. of animals inoculated.	No. of castrations done.
Taluk.						
Alangudi	...	292	2,644	1,526	1,265	182
Kulattur	...	106	612	57	491	51
Tirumayyam	...	274	3,207	644	365	180
Total	...	672	6,463	2,227	2,121	413

Some outbreaks of black-quarter, anthrax, rinderpest, haemorrhagic Septicaemia, and fowl cholera occurred, but were promptly checked by preventive measures and inoculation. The sera and vaccine required for inoculation were obtained from the Mysore Serum Institute, Bangalore.

211. *Financial*.—The expenditure on the Veterinary Department as a whole was Rs. 9,199 against Rs. 9,833 in the previous fasli.

212. *General*.—All the three Touring Veterinary Assistants carried on propaganda on rural improvement in their taluks, and each was in charge of one "model" village. Burdizzo's method of castration, rural sanitation, and hygiene, the benefits of storing manure in pits, the nutritive value of hand-pounded rice, the benefits of the poultry-breeding, the proper feeding of animals, the importance of growing more food, are a few of the subjects about which the Touring Veterinary Assistants instructed the people on their tours. The condition of cattle was generally good throughout the State.

STATE MUSEUM.

213. The number of visitors according to sex and literacy compared with the figures of the last fasli are as follows:—

Fasli.	Men.			Women.			Total.
	Literates.	Illiterates.	Total.	Literates.	Illiterates.	Total.	
1352	11,108	59,115	70,223	402	62,269	62,671	1,32,894
1353	12,876	50,905	63,781	434	53,826	54,260	1,18,041

The Dewan and the Second Councillor visited the State Museum and inspected the exhibits.

The exhibits in the Arts and Archæology section were rearranged, and many of the exhibits in the Natural History section were cleaned and identified.

214. *Additions*.—(1) An iron cannon brought from the Central Jail was added to the Museum collection.

(2) An ivory carving of a horse and chariot presented by Sir Alexander Tottenham, C. I. E., Dewan was added to the Art gallery.

(3) 25 gold coins and 436 small base-gold coins called *Kollukkasu* were taken from the Huzur Treasury and added to the Numismatic section.

(4) Two stone idols of *Brahmayksa* and his consort were brought from Pirampatti and exhibited in the sculpture gallery.

(5) Two animal breaks—a ram twin-kid with 4 ears and a twin-buffalo calf, were added to the Natural History section.

(6) 56 new books and journals were added to the Museum Library.

215. *Financial*.—A sum of Rs. 4,631 was spent in maintaining the Museum and its establishment, against Rs. 4,458 in the previous fasli.

216. *General*.—M. R. Ry. K. R. Srinivasa Ayyar, M. A., continued as Curator throughout the fasli. He was deputed to attend the All India Oriental Conference, and Numismatic Conference at Benares and the Indian Science Congress at Delhi, where he read a paper on the 'Megaliths' of South India with special reference to Pudukkottai State.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

217. There were 61 Joint Stock Companies at the beginning of the fasli. Ten new companies were registered in the fasli, of which seven were trading companies and three transacted banking business. One company was removed from the roll and one voluntarily liquidated. Thus there were 69 companies (20 public and 49 private) on the rolls at the end of the fasli.

All the Joint Stock Companies in the State are limited liability concerns under Indian management. Four are Electric Supply Corporations, 43 are Trading Companies, 20 are banking concerns, one is a manufacturing company and one a Tube Well Engineering Company.

The aggregate authorised capital of all the companies was Rs. 10,07,96,000.

The aggregate subscribed capital of all the companies, excluding that of the five companies mentioned below, of which one was removed from the roll, one was voluntarily liquidated, one is the subject of correspondence, one has not yet been subscribed and one was a Sangam registered under Section 26 of the Indian Companies Act, amounted to Rs. 5,48,71,790.

1. R. M. S. & Co., Ltd., Pudukkottai.
2. Ramaswami Nadar & Co., Ltd., Pudukkottai.
3. Minakshisundareswaral, Ltd., Konapattu.
4. The South Indian Wood Working Ltd., Pudukkottai.
5. The Pudukkottai Javali Varthahar Sangam, Pudukkottai.

The aggregate paid up capital excluding that of the three companies mentioned below was Rs. 4,64,30,559.

1. Ramaswami Nadar & Co., Ltd., Pudukkottai.
2. The South Indian Wood Working, Ltd., Pudukkottai.
3. The Pudukkottai Javali Varthahar Sangam, Pudukkottai.

Fees amounting to Rs. 4,317—6—6 were collected during the fasli for the registration of companies, etc., against Rs. 6,508—2—0 in the preceding fasli. The decrease is mainly due to the fall in the number of new companies registered in the fasli.

The District Registrar continued to be the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies throughout the Fasli.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

218. The Pudukkottai Insurance Companies Regulation No. XXIII of 1943 came into force from 1—9—43. Twelve Insurance Companies have taken out licences to transact business in the State. The licence fee collected from these companies in the fasli under report amounted to Rs. 1,200.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES.

219. *Number of societies.*—The fasli opened with 130 societies. Four societies were registered in the fasli and the registration of three societies was cancelled; thus there were 131 societies at the end of the fasli.

220. *Classification of societies.*—Of the 131 working societies, one was a Central Bank, 92 were agricultural credit societies, 34 non-agricultural societies, one an Employees' Co-operative Thrift society, one a building society, and two loan and sale societies. Of the 34 non-agricultural societies, five were Credit Societies, three Weavers' Societies, 21 Stores Societies, three Purchase and Sale Societies with credit branches, one a Co-operative Press and one a Co-operative Central Cloth Depôt.

221. *Membership.*—The total number of members of all the societies excepting the Central Bank, the Co-operative Press, the Medical Union, the Pudukkottai Co-operative Central Cloth Depôt and the Pudukkottai Employees' Co-operative Central Stores was 21,771 against 17,107 in the preceding fasli. 4,168 members were Brahmins, 14,391 Non-Brahmin caste-Hindus, 585 Christians, 1,264 Muham-madans, 1,351 Adi-Dravidas and 12 people of other castes.

222. *Financial.*—The paid up share capital of all the societies was Rs. 3,41,635 against Rs. 2,69,303 in the preceding fasli. Their reserve fund rose from Rs. 3,98,702 to Rs. 4,43,541. The amount of members' deposits at the close of the fasli fell from Rs. 12,40,968 to Rs. 9,17,534. The deposits of non-members rose from Rs. 15,15,690 to Rs. 17,82,550. The working capital of the societies on the last day of the fasli was Rs. 39,09,105 against Rs. 36,82,128 at the close of the preceding fasli. Loans from the Central Bank amounted to Rs. 4,00,664 against Rs. 2,34,690 in fasli 1352 and loans from the Government to Rs. 23,181 against Rs. 22,775 in fasli 1352. The amount of loans disbursed by the societies during the fasli was Rs. 10,75,096, against Rs. 7,97,763 in the preceding fasli. Of the 92 Agricultural, 34 Non-agricultural societies, Building society and Thrift society, 44 societies issued loans. 53 societies were in default to the Central Bank in respect of an aggregate sum of Rs. 41,000 against Rs. 54,777 in fasli 1352.

223. *Government loans.*—The grant of loans by the Government to the Government Servants' Co-operative Building Society, Ltd., has been stopped for the duration of the War.

224. *Stores' Societies.*—There were 21 Stores' Societies including the three started in the fasli under report. The total purchases of all the Stores' Societies amounted to Rs. 24,30,365 against Rs. 4,42,590 in fasli 1352 and the sales amounted to Rs. 23,81,722 against Rs. 3,58,385 in fasli 1352. Except three Societies which incurred a loss aggregating to Rs. 2,083, the remaining 18 Stores' Societies earned a total net profit of Rs. 59,493.

225. *The Co-operative Central Cloth Depôt.*—The Co-operative Central Cloth Depôt, where standard-cloth was stored for sale to the public through the Co-operative Societies, started work in September 1943. Purchases and sales during the fasli amounted to Rs. 1,80,059 and Rs. 1,41,629 respectively. The Depôt earned a net profit of about Rs. 1,500.

226. *Arbitration.*—Including one case pending disposal at the beginning of the fasli, there were 339 cases for disposal, against 251 in the preceding fasli. 333 were disposed of.

227. *General.*—The Dewan Peishkar continued to be the Ex-officio Registrar of Co-operative Societies. He was assisted by a Deputy Registrar invested with all the powers of a Registrar. The Deputy Registrar continued to do the duties connected with the purchase of paddy from Tanjore District, and its distribution to the public through Co-operative Stores Societies and other agencies. He was also appointed Additional Textile Commissioner for the State from 5—7—43, which office he held throughout the fasli. Of the four Inspectors, two were Audit Inspectors of Rural societies in the three Taluks, and the other two attended to the concurrent and final audit of the societies which paid audit fees,

in the Pudukkottai Town. The temporary Non-Credit Inspector sanctioned from 17—2—43 continued throughout the fasli. Another temporary Non-Credit Inspector was also appointed with effect from 3—1—44. The liquidation work was attended to by the two Inspectors of the Rural Societies. As in the last fasli, one Sale Officer attended solely to execution, and the cost of the establishment was as usual met from the execution fees realised.

The Darbar are glad to note that the year has been one of general progress in all directions. The noteworthy features are that both the Agricultural and Non-agricultural Societies issued loans to a larger extent than in the last fasli while overdues have fallen compared with those of the last fasli. Another important feature is the phenomenal growth of the Co-operative Stores movement, and the large turn-over by the Co-operative Stores in the fasli under report. The total sales in fasli 1350 through Co-operative Stores were only Rs. 12,880 while they exceeded Rs. 23,81,700 in fasli 1353.

The Darbar place on record their appreciation of the good work done by the Co-operative Department in this respect, and as they have said elsewhere their thanks are due to the Boards of management of these institutions which rendered most useful work in the purchase and distribution of essential food-stuffs and other necessities of life to the public.

The relation between the officials and non-officials connected with the co-operative movement continued to be quite cordial.

STATIONERY AND PRINTING.

228. *Stationery.*—The value of the stock of stationery at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 44,065. Fresh stock costing Rs. 35,731 was bought during the fasli bringing the total value of the stock up to Rs. 79,796. The value of stationery issued to the several departments during the fasli was Rs. 35,087 (including the cost of paper, etc., supplied to the National War Front Bureau and its branches) leaving a closing stock valued at Rs. 44,709. The value of stationery issued during the preceding fasli was Rs. 28,531. The increase in the value of stationery supplied was chiefly due to the rise in the cost of stationery and papers.

229. *Printing.*—The value of machinery, etc., at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 96,624. Machinery and type costing Rs. 1,594 were bought during the fasli. The value of work turned out was Rs. 32,067 against Rs. 28,124 in the preceding fasli. The increase in the value of work done was due to the completion, during the fasli, of the four books mentioned in paragraph 231 below.

230. *Financial.*—The receipts of the department amounted to Rs. 10,867 against Rs. 10,153 in the preceding fasli.

The expenditure of the department, including the cost of stationery was Rs. 64,225 against Rs. 65,456 in the preceding fasli.

231. *General.*—The P. W. D. Code Volume II, Part II of the Second Volume of the State Manual, the Pudukkottai Code Volume VIII, and the Pudukkottai Law Reports 1942 were printed and issued during the fasli. The printing of the Darbar's Standing Orders (Volume II) and the Translation of the State Inscriptions—Part II was in progress.

The 'V' Pocket Diary which the National War Front Bureau published for 1942 and 1943 was revised, enlarged and published for 1944. 6,432 copies were sold and a net profit of Rs. 5,006—2—7 was credited to the Pudukkottai State War Fund.

51 Weekly War Bulletins in English and Tamil comprising 2,632 pages of Royal Octavo were printed and issued regularly during the fasli under report.

All the measures taken in the previous fasli to economise the use of stationery, papers and printed forms were adopted during the fasli under report also.

The typography and general get up of the work turned out by the Press, including binding continued to be of a high order of merit and reflect credit on all concerned. The Darbar note with satisfaction the willing and hard work which the staff has been doing for the last five years to cope with the heavy and ever-increasing output of the Press on account of the war. The promptitude with which urgent work was executed and the Weekly War Bulletins were printed and issued is highly commendable.

ARCHAEOLOGY.

232. *Archæology*.—The Uttamanathaswami temple at Kiranur, and the pre-historic burial sites at Melur, and those containing menhirs at Annavasal were selected for conservation. Jain Tirttankara idols were discovered at Melur, Kannangarakkudi and Marudur. The Curator constructed platforms for the Vishnu and Devi idols conserved at Sengirai, and the sculptures conserved on the bund of Madarappatti Teppakulam. He is excavating the Jain temple mound at Mosakudi. Excavation so far has revealed part of a moulded basement of a stone temple, a Tirttankara idol and three inscriptions. The temple seems to be of the late Pallava period.

The conserved Tirttankara idol, Vishnu idol, Durga idols and an inscribed stone slab at Nanjur have been erected on a platform.

233. *General*.—Khan Bahadur Sana Ullah Sahib Bahadur, the Archæological Chemist in India, and Mrs. J. B. Vincent of the United States, Office of War Information, Calcutta, visited the State Museum and some of the monuments.

234. *Epigraphy*.—The printing of the second part of the English translations of the State inscriptions is nearing completion.

235. *Historical Research*.—The Darbar are co-operating with the Government of India in their scheme for examining and publishing old records of historical importance in the country. M. R. Ry. K. R. Venkatarama Ayyar, Historical Records Officer who is engaged in examining the old records in the State, contributed a monograph based on unpublished records to the 20th Session of the Indian Historical Records Commission, and another to the 6th Session of the Indian History Congress that met at Aligarh in December 1943. The Darbar sent the Director of Archives in India cum-Secretary to the Indian Historical Records Commission, brief notes on the documents of historical interest in the State archives for inclusion in the All-India Guide to Records that is now under preparation.

ANCIENT MONUMENTS.

236. *Conservation*.—The Darbar conserved the following monuments during the fasli.

(1) Jain Tirttankara idol, two Durga idols, one Vishnu idol and inscribed stone slab at Nanjur in Marudur vattam.

(2) 'Pre-historic' burials and Jain Tirttankara idol at Melur, in Satyamangalam vattam.

The total number of conserved monuments including these is 82. Measures were taken to preserve the monuments in good condition by periodical inspection by the Curator and other responsible executive officers and by repairing them whenever necessary.

RADIO LICENCES.

237. The following statement shows the number of licences at the beginning of fasli 1353, the number of licences issued in fasli 1353, the number of licences in force at the end of the fasli and the fees collected in faslis 1352 and 1353.

Description of licences.	No. of licences at the beginning of fasli 1353.	No. of licences issued in fasli 1353.	No. of licences cancelled in fasli 1353.	No. of licences in force at the end of fasli 1353.	Licence fees.	
					Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.
1. Broadcast Receiver licences	529	70	75	524	Rs. 7,510	Rs. 6,876
2. Commercial Broadcast Receiver licences.	18	8	5	21		
3. Demonstration licences	7	1	...	8		
4. Dealers' licences	7	1	...	8		
5. Licences to Union Panchayats and Municipality.	4	...	...	4		
Total	565	80	80	565		

TRADE AND INDUSTRIES.

238. There are no important industries in the State; but a cotton and spinning mill started at Usilampatti in fasli 1351 continued to work well. A few cottage industries, such as the weaving of silk and cotton fabrics on hand-looms, dyeing, spinning wool, weaving kambliies (blankets), making mats with rushes and fans out of palm-leaves, basket-making, metal-work, and oil-pressing, and also the manufacture of matches and cigars, tiles, bricks and clay pots are carried on on a small scale. Weaving is carried on at Tiruvappur, Parambur, Karambakkudi, Seniyapatti, Ramachandrapuram, Arimalam and Pudukkottai and fan and basket-making at Peraiyur and Arasandampatti. Tiles and bricks are manufactured at Ellaipatti. Matches are manufactured at Tirugokarnam by private factories. Soap making is carried on by the Camel Soap Works, Jothi Suriyan Soap Works, Anna Soap Works, Vinayagar Soap Works and the Pudukkottai Industrial Corporation, Ltd. Oil-pressing is carried on by the Best Oil Mills, Alangudi and the Soundaranayaki Oil Mills, Pudukkottai on a large scale. A Paper Mill has been started at Narttamalai. A Hand-made Paper Industry started at Pudukkottai and Rayavaram is progressing. The Sundaram Industries, Ltd., Pudukkottai undertake retreading of all motor tyres. Two more private companies, namely, the Pudukkottai Textiles, Ltd., and the Kanagavel Ltd., Pudukkottai have undertaken to start spinning and weaving mills in the State. The Government have taken steps to encourage them by assigning and acquiring lands for them.

The chief articles of export were granite (gneiss), soap, red and yellow ochre, jack-fruit, black, red and green-gram, ground-nut and yams, Avaram bark, nux-vomica, and turmeric.

The prohibition of export of gram, as a measure of food control, continued in this fasli.

The principal articles of import were, as usual, salt, paddy, straw, hardware, tobacco, timber, bamboos, coir, Calicut tiles and bricks, Cuddapah slabs, cotton and silk goods, yarn, petrol, kerosene-oil and glassware. Cocoanuts, *kiths* (plaited cocconut leaves) and dried fish were imported from the adjoining Pattukkottai Taluk of the Tanjore District. The import of paddy, regulated by the quota allotted by the Controller of Civil Supplies, Madras, and arranged through the Grain Purchase Officer, Tanjore, continued in the fasli under report.

RURAL IMPROVEMENT.

239. The Rural Development Board met thrice during the fasli and discussed five resolutions, relating to the supply of iron for ploughs and agricultural instruments to the ryots at controlled prices, loan of pumping sets to the ryots for actual working charges and permission to the ryots to grow vegetables on tank bunds. All the resolutions received the Darbar's approval as far as practicable.

240. The Rural Improvement Officer, the two Agricultural Instructors and the three Touring Veterinary Assistants continued to be in charge of the villages of Mirattunilai, Adanakkottai, Vallattirakottai, Manjamviduthi, Vellanur, Venkatakulam, Vadakadu, Satyamangalam, Karaiyur and Kilatemuttupatti in which they are expected to make intensive efforts to improve local conditions. The officers toured extensively in the State and tried to stimulate a spirit of self-help among the villagers and to persuade them to keep their surroundings clean, to combine their labour for works of common utility such as minor repairs to *uranis*, clearing thorny shrubs from their bunds and the like, and to induce them to devote their spare time to such subsidiary occupations as poultry-farming, bee-keeping, growing vegetable and flowering plants, making baskets, ropes and mats, plaiting cocconut leaves and manufacturing palmyra jaggery to supplement their income from agriculture. They also advised the villagers to reduce expenditure on marriages and other ceremonies, to avoid excessive drinking, to send their children to school and to adopt improved methods of cultivations. Of course, no revolutionary improvement has been effected but some results however small have been achieved.

241. *Poultry farm*.—There were three poultry farms at the beginning of the fasli namely, the two farms in the Town and the one rural farm at Karambakkudi. The farm at Karambakkudi was working successfully till 12—1—44 and afterwards ceased to function till 30—6—44, since five hens and one cock died of fowl cholera and the remaining two hens were sold. Six hens and one cock were supplied to this farm on 30—6—44. Arrangements have been made to revive the other two

farms at Alangudi and Kiranur from the beginning of the next fasli. Thus there were three farms at the close of the fasli. The object of the farms is to demonstrate the advantages of poultry-breeding as a subsidiary occupation and to improve the breed of poultry in the villages. The following table shows the number of eggs laid, sold and incubated in the various Government poultry centres and in the Sri Vijaya Raghunata Home at Pudukkottai in the fasli:—

Name of poultry farm.	No. of eggs at the beginning of the fasli.	Eggs laid.	Total.	No. sold for		Eggs fed to chickens or condemned.	Eggs incubated.	Balance
				setting.	table.			
S. V. R. Home	6	2,202	2,273	738	1,098	118	316	3
Pudukkottai Agricultural Farm.	6	3,711	3,717	722	2,772	154	59	10
Karambakkudi	...	137	137	84	53	...	...	...
Total	12	6,115	6,127	1,544	3,923	272	375	13

* 61 eggs were bought and 4 Guinea fow eggs were got free of cost from the Zamindar of Kallakottai.

The cock circuit system was continued in the fasli.

242. *Bee-keeping*.—The season was not favourable for bees in the fasli. There were 10 colonies in the Ananda Bagh, one in the Agricultural Farm and three at the S. V. R. Home at the end of the fasli. The amount of honey extracted from the colonies in the Ananda Bagh was 15½ lb and that extracted from the colonies in S. V. R. Home was 15½ lb. There was no surplus honey for extraction in the Town Agricultural Farm. There were also bee-hives in the Dewan's and the First Councillor's compounds, at the Residency, at the Town Police Station and at some private houses in Pudukkottai Town, Rayavaram and Ponnamaravathi.

243. Cottage industries:—

(i) *Palmyra jaggery manufacture*.—The Rural Improvement Officer tried to popularise this industry among the Sanars and others. The response was not encouraging. 10 climbers were granted licences to tap 395 trees. The total value of the jaggery produced amounted to Rs. 300. At Mirattunilai jaggery-making yielded some profit to a few Sanars who are agriculturists and have taken to it as a seasonal occupation. The product finds a ready sale in the markets.

(ii) *Sugar-cane jaggery*.—The improved milling varieties of cane for the manufacture of jaggery were grown in many villages on a larger scale (i.e.) at Killanur, Udayalippatti, Kanungudi, Puliur, Sattanur, Karaiyur, Virudalavayal, Kalamavur and Aranippatti in the West Division and at Kollagudi in the East Division. The jaggery was of good quality and had a ready sale. The cultivation of the milling variety of cane and manufacture of jaggery have become popular. A new sugar-cane crusher has been brought and kept in the Kulattur Taluk Office to be let out for hire from the next season.

(iii) *Cashew-nuts*.—This industry is a thriving one at Adanakkottai. The number of families engaged in it was ten. They roasted and sold nuts of an approximate value of Rs. 3,000. There was not much profit as compared with the previous fasli since the cost of raw nut went up almost three times. However, from May to August, the workers are wholly engaged in this occupation, and in other months when they have to attend to agriculture, they are engaged in it during spare hours, roasting small quantities every day.

(iv) *Palmyra-leaf fans*.—These fans were made largely at Peraiyur and sold in the Pudukkottai Town and other markets.

244. Model-villages for Improvement work:—

Vallattirakottai.—The villagers keep the village streets and surroundings clean by individual and combined effort. Covered manure-pits were more common and rubbish was not left lying about. Public wells are properly looked after and the villagers have taken to drinking well-water. Almost all the houses had vegetable gardens. Brinjals, radishes, country beans, pumpkins and gourds were grown. The Village Panchayat is doing good work. The reading-room and the

library attached to the school are popular with literates. Three marriages were celebrated economically, at a cost not exceeding Rs. 50 each.

Mirattunilai.—The sanitation of the village can be said to have improved though slowly. Four Sanar families took to the manufacture of palmyra jaggery and earned nearly Rs. 150. The jaggery was of good quality. In order to increase the production of palmyra jaggery, a climber was got from Tinnevely. Since the jaggery that he made was not superior and local Sanars had not much to learn and the experiment was also costly, it was stopped. Basket making is a spare time occupation of the women in the village.

Adanakkottai.—The sanitation of the village improved somewhat during the year. The public wells in the Kallar Nattam were properly kept and used. There were vegetable gardens on a large scale. The trade of cashew-nut roasting was carried on as usual. The workers who are agriculturists are wholly employed in this trade during the off season from May to August. The Village Co-operative Society advances loans to the workers to buy raw cashew-nut.

Karaiyur.—The ryots have realised the advantages of economic marriages. The villagers were advised to take to poultry-rearing as a subsidiary occupation. The painless method of castrating animals with the Burdizzo bloodless castrator was explained to them. The benefits of using hand-pounded rice in preference to milled rice were explained. The ryots were also advised to grow more food crops near their dwellings and elsewhere. They were advised to preserve manure in pits away from the dwellings instead of heaping it here and there.

Satyamangalam.—The Government wells were kept clean. The feeder to the conserved tank was also looked after by the villagers. As usual marriages were celebrated economically in the Narttamalai temple close by. The villagers use the reading-room and the library. Plantains, fruit trees and vegetables were raised in pursuance of the grow-more-food campaign.

Vellamur.—The sanitation of the village was satisfactory. The villagers stored their manure in pits in shady places at a distance from their dwellings. The reading-room and the library were used by the villagers. The villagers were fully engaged in agriculture. Other occupations such as basket-making, brick manufacture and carting for hire supplemented the income of the ryots and labouring classes. There was no drink evil in the village. The villagers were advised to grow more food crops such as cumbu, cholam, varagu, etc.

Manjamviduthi.—The flower gardens are flourishing. Spare time occupations such as rope-making and basket-making, helped the villagers a good deal financially. The reading-room and the library were much used. Compost of manure with dry leaves and preservation of manure in pits were adopted. Dry wastes have been planted with cashew and the plantations are all in good condition. The Co-operative Society in the village is of help to the villagers in times of need. A new mango garden was raised in Malavarappatti and more than 100 grafts were planted.

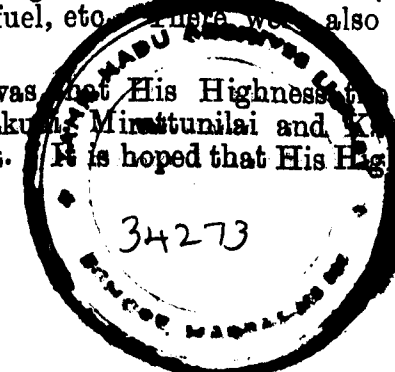
Vadakkadu.—Owing to fowl cholera, most of the birds died in spite of treatment. The villagers used the reading-room and the library. The drinking-water wells and the streets were kept clean. Wooden planks of various sizes and quality, timber, firewood and charcoal are exported in large quantities. Cultivation of vegetables was not a success in this village. Plantains yielded well. The economic condition of the villagers was good. The painless method of castrating animals with the Burdizzo bloodless castrator was adopted in this village.

Venkatakulam.—There has not been much improvement in the sanitation of the village. The Panchayatdars were advised to take interest in its improvement. The villagers are industrious agriculturists. They lack the spirit of co-operation however.

Kilatemuttupatti.—When this village was taken up for Rural Improvement, it was very insanitary. By the frequent visits and constant advice of the Rural Improvement Officer, the village has since much improved. Thus during the fasli, the health of the village was fairly good. The villagers are busy agriculturists and their spare-time occupation is carting straw and fuel, etc. There were also some gardens.

A noteworthy feature during the fasli was that His Highness the Raja condescended to visit three villages, Puvarasakudi, Mirattunilai and Karaiyur and addressed the villagers on Rural Improvement. It is hoped that His Highness' exhortation may prove effectual.

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EMIGRATION.

245. In the fasli under report 3,440 persons emigrated from the State for employment as labourers in Ceylon, against 1,491 in the previous fasli. There was of course no emigration from the State to Rangoon, Singapore, Penang, Malay States, Kuala Lumpur or other enemy-occupied territory.

There are no reliable statistics of the number of emigrants that returned.

SRI VIJAYA RAGHUNATA POOR HOME.

246. The management of the Sri Vijaya Raghunata Poor Home vests in a Board consisting of an Honorary President and five official and five non-official members.

The Home has two Sections—the infirmary and the orphanage. The table below shows the variations in the strength of the two Sections during the fasli:—

Section.	Number at the commencement of the fasli.	Admissions during the fasli.	Total.	Number of inmates discharged during the fasli.	Number of inmates at the close of the fasli.
Infirmary ...	5	1	6	1	5
Orphanage ...	40	5	45	7	38
Total ...	45	6	51	8	43

Of the 43 inmates in the orphanage and infirmary at the close of the fasli, 33 were boys, 5 girls, 2 men and three women. Almost all the boys and girls were being educated free in the State schools. Some were being given vocational training. One boy was learning tailoring under a local tailor, one was undergoing training in the State Press as a compositor, and one as a binder. Some boys were being trained in poultry-farming, bee-keeping, and weaving. Details of the working of the apiary and the poultry-farm are given under Rural Improvement. There are two looms in the Home, one of which did not work as the price of yarn was high. 31 towels were woven in the Home and kept for the use of the boys. The boys also ran a vegetable garden. The inmates were responsible for keeping the Home and its premises clean.

The Home provides three meals a day. The average daily strength of the Home was 40 against 42.5 in the previous fasli. The average cost of meals supplied was Rs. 9-4-4 a head a month against Rs. 7-5-6 in the preceding fasli. The rise in the average cost of meals is due to the rise in prices of food-stuffs.

Besides maintaining the inmates, the Home also gave compassionate allowance in the shape of cash and rice to 20 persons who could not be admitted into the Home. The expenditure incurred on this account was Rs 48-6-6 a month.

A girl who was discharged from the Home is being given a monthly allowance of five rupees to enable her to continue her studies.

247. *Financial.*—The table below shows the financial result of the working of the Home during the fasli:—

Opening balance.	Receipts.				Total including opening balance.	Expenditure.		Balance.	
	Donations and other receipts.	Interest on investments.	Total.						
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1,85,155 6 2	645 10 0	6,591 13 6	7,237 7 6	1,92,392 13 8	9,109 8 7	1,83,283 5 1			

248. *General remarks.*—M. R. Ry. K. N. Radhakrishna Mudaliyar Avl., B.A., B.L. was the President to the 5th May 1944. M. R. Ry. T. N. Govindarajulu Nayudu Garu succeeded him and was the President for the rest of the fasli. The working of the Home was again satisfactory. The Darbar thank the Board of Management and their Presidents for their gratuitous services.

WAR EFFORT.

249. *National War Front Bureau, Pudukkottai.*—

(1) The National War Front Bureau carried on its work in 1943-1944 with the following office bearers:—

- (a) President:—Janab Khan Bahadur P. Khalifullah Sahib Bahadur, First Councillor.
 (b) Secretary:—Rao Bahadur N. Tyagaraja Ayyar.
 (c) Chief Organiser:—Mr. T. N. Govindarajulu Nayudu up to 5-5-44, and Mr. K. Nagaraja Ayyar from 6-5-44.
 (d) 5 Town and Taluk Organisers.
 (e) Other members—32.

(2) The Bureau had ten branches at:—

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Annavasal. | 6. Panayapatti. |
| 2. Alangudi. | 7. Ponnamaravathi. |
| 3. Karambakkudi. | 8. Rangiyam. |
| 4. Kiranur. | 9. Rayavaram. |
| 5. Konapattu. | 10. Tirumayyam. |

(3) The head office organised 523 lectures (Town 57, villages 466; attendance 1,01,936); the branches organised 218 meetings (attendance 25,800); the Recruiting Advertising Party visited 157 centres (attendance 2,21,000).

(4) The organisers visited 405 centres.

(5) The Dewan, and Councillors addressed 22 meetings.

(6) The contribution to the War Fund by the Bureau was Rs. 5,003-2-7 realised by sales of the 'V' Diary, 1944.

(7) The Bulletin (English 600 copies and Tamil 1,750 copies) was published weekly except in Christmas week. It maintained its usual high standard. It was distributed free inside the State. Rs. 717-12-0 was collected by sales outside the State. The Bureau is grateful to Mr. A. Sundaram Ayyar, Officer in-charge of Stationery and Printing for his invaluable help in bringing out the Bulletin.

(8) The following occasions were celebrated:—

The fourth Anniversary of the War and the Civil Defence and Battle of Britain Day.

(9) H. J. Todd Esq., Resident for the Madras States, addressed a National War Front meeting at Ponnamaravathi on 9-7-43. Mr. Walker, Liaison Officer Assam, Major Bannermann, Recruiting Officer and Captain G. T. B. Harvey, Director of War Publicity, Madras, addressed special meetings.

(10) Mr. C. E. Newham, Officer on Special Duty, National War Front, Indian States Branch, visited the State twice, in September 1943 and in March 1944.

(11) The Small Savings Scheme sponsored by the Government of India was formally inaugurated by the First Councillor on 19-6-44, the Birthday of His Highness the Raja of Pudukkottai. The National War Front was placed in-charge of the working of the Scheme.

(12) The expenditure for the fasli amounted to Rs. 31,266-2-11.

250. *Recruitment.*—The State continued to afford all facilities to the Recruiting Officers who visited it to carry on recruitment to the various ranks in the Military service. So far as is known, 941 persons including technicians have joined War service from the State.

All permanent vacancies in the superior posts in the State service have been ordered to be filled up only temporarily during the War, in order to encourage recruitment of educated persons. 50 per cent of these posts are to be filled permanently at the end of the War by suitable persons with approved war service, and the remaining 50 per cent by such persons and those who held the vacancies temporarily during the War.

251. *Labour Units.*—The first Labour Unit that was sent to Assam was repatriated to the State in June 1944 after the full term of service. The Darbar were able to raise a second unit immediately which was sent to Ceylon.

252. *Evacuees.*—Evacuees from Burma and Malaya and dependents of persons stranded in those countries were given special interest-free advances for their maintenance repayable after the War or when they can repay. Some advances were paid in lump to enable the recipients to start some trade. Student-dependents in University Classes were given grants to cover tuition fees, boarding fees, cost of books, etc.

253. *Technical Training Centres.*—The two Technical Training Centres that the Government of India opened in the State at the instance of the Darbar continued to function throughout the fasli. One of them was attached to the Engineering Section of His Highness the Raja's College and the other to the D.P.W. Workshops. Fitters, Electricians, Blacksmiths, Textile refitters and Carpenters were trained at the Centres.

254. *Military Welfare.*—Mr. J. Kosalarama Nayudu, M. L. C., who was designated Honorary Military Welfare Officer and entrusted with the work during the year visited almost all the families of such persons and attended to their comforts and requirements. The Darbar are indebted to him for his honorary service.

Educational concessions by way of free-scholarships, payment of cost of books, etc., continued to be sanctioned to the children and/or dependents of soldiers who are taking part in the War, or having taken part in it are dead, or have become permanently incapacitated.

255. *War Funds.*—The contributions to the War funds to the end of the fasli were as follows:—

	Ruler. Rs.	CONTRIBUTION BY		Public. Rs.
		Darbar Rs.	Municipality. Rs.	
1. War Purposes Fund	500—0—0	10,000	...	40,681—10—0
2. Red-Cross Fund	...	15,000	...	8,164—7—0
3. Ambulance Fund	...	1,00,000	...	...
4. Silver Trinket Fund	...	...	...	2,332—0—0
5. War Plane Fund	...	...	...	78,565—4—0
6. Hellenic War Fund	...	1,000	...	...
7. London (Air Raid Victims) Relief Fund.	...	...	300	...
8. Air Raid Victims (Boy Scouts) Relief Fund.	...	...	...	598—13—0
9. China Day Fund	...	...	...	5,500—0—0
10. War Fund (Pudukkottai)	...	...	...	1,00,396—4—9
11. Polish Refugee Fund	...	2,880	...	...
12. Greek Relief Fund	...	1,000	...	...
13. Malabar Cholera Relief Fund	...	500	...	...
14. Christmas Gifts for Soldiers Fund.	200—0—0	1,000	...	100—0—0
Total Rs.	700—0—0	1,31,880	300	2,31,338—6—9

This works out at Re. 0-13-3 per head of the population and Rs. 308-8-4 per square mile.

To mark the occasion of his Investiture with Ruling Powers His Highness the Raja announced his intention to present an aeroplane for the use of the Air Forces. The exact cost of an Aeroplane is under correspondence. As soon as it is known the amount will be sent to the appropriate authority.

256. *Defence Savings.*—The total amount invested by the Government in Defence Savings bonds in the fasli was Rs. 6,00,000 besides Rs. 5,19,900 invested by private parties through the Darbar.

257. *Prices and Supplies Control.*—The Government have constituted an Advisory Committee which meets once a month or oftener and advises them about the maximum retail prices of food-stuffs and other essential commodities.

The Government have introduced the various 'Control Orders' issued in British India from time to time under the Defence of India Rules, chief among which may be mentioned the Food Grains Control Order, the Sugar Control Order, the Paper Control Order, the Yarn Control Order, the Kerosene Control Order, the Rice Mills (Licensing) Order, Motor Vehicles Spare Parts Control Order, Drugs Control Order and Rubber Articles Control Order. They have prohibited the export of all food-grains, tamarind, chillies, gingelly oil-cake, charcoal, casuarina and jungle fuel and all sorts of timber to any place outside the State except under a permit.

For purposes of sugar and food supplies, the State has been treated as part of the Madras Province. The Madras Government have allotted quotas to the State.

The Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies is in immediate charge of the purchase and distribution of the State's quota of food-stuffs, subject to the direct control of the Darbar. The services of co-operative institutions are effectively utilised in effecting an equitable distribution of food-stuffs to the public. The Darbar and the public are greatly indebted to all connected with these institutions for the invaluable work done.

To check hoarding and black-marketing the Darbar have taken the following measures:—

They have issued the Essential Articles (Prevention of Hoarding) Regulation under which hoarders (which includes producers) of an excessive quantity of any essential article, and traders in any essential article who refuse either to sell it or to sell it at a fair price, are liable to punishment. They have also issued the Pudukkottai Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Regulation on the lines of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance. The prices of articles fixed by the Controller-General of Civil Supplies, New Delhi are made applicable to the State from time to time. By an order under the Defence of India Rules all merchants are required to exhibit in a conspicuous place in their shops a list showing the stock of each article that they sell, and the price at which they sell it. A Special Officer of the rank of an Inspector of Police has been appointed to detect profiteering, hoarding and black marketing. He visits the places of business in the State and the granaries of the ryots, checks the accounts of the merchants and their stock and reports persons who contravene the provisions of the various Control Orders.

Each year the Darbar take stock of all food-grains held by producers. A certain quantity is reserved for the owners' consumption according to circumstances and the owner is ordered not to dispose of the rest except under the Darbar's orders.

From time to time the Darbar direct that certain quantities shall be released and sold at controlled prices in the markets. Anyone who fails to sell the frozen stock according to direction is prosecuted for "hoarding".

258. *Grow More Food Campaign:* This is dealt with in the chapter "Agriculture".

259. *Motor Spirit and Tyre Rationing.*—The Darbar have made outstanding efforts to reduce consumption of petrol. 116 buses, 12 cars and 6 lorries or vans had been fitted with gas plants at the end of the fasli. The "anticipated consumption" when rationing was introduced was 41,740 gallons a quarter. The actual consumption has been 8,614 gallons a quarter. The Darbar have thus effected a saving of 89.7 per cent. In this respect the State was foremost in the whole of India and was congratulated by the Government of India.

The quota of tyres and tubes allotted to the State is insufficient to meet the demands of vehicles engaged on essential services. The Darbar requested the Government of India to increase the quota but the request was negatived.

260. *Miscellaneous.*—The Darbar have placed the State Palace at Trichinopoly at the disposal of the Military for use as a R. A. F. Hospital. 50 to 60 men and about half a dozen officers from the various units stationed at Trichinopoly and Tanjore, British and Indian, were visiting the Pudukkottai Town by invitation on every alternate Sunday. The Darbar provided transport, lunch and tea and arranged for sightseeing and games. The parties greatly appreciated these visits to the State.

These have been suspended for some months as the Military were fully engaged but it is hoped to resume them shortly. His Highness the Raja received a letter from His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief thanking him for what had been done to provide amenities for the soldiers.

A. R. P.

261. *General.*—The A. R. P. Officer was in charge of the Control and Report Centre during the fasli. His staff consisted of 4 Wardens including the Honorary Chief Warden and 4 Messengers, besides 34 Honorary Wardens with a cyole allowance of Rs. 4 *per mensem*. The A. R. P. Officer conducted a refresher course in A. R. P. instructions to all the Messengers and Wardens. The siren was maintained in good working order by using it as Time Signal. As the Station Master, Pudukkottai Railway station will not receive air-raid warning message in future in consequence of the abolition of A. R. P. on the S. I. Rly., except in the area lying within a radius of 25 miles from Madras, the Agent S. I. Rly., told the Darbar that the Station Master, Pudukkottai Railway Station would be unable to transmit air-raid warning messages to the Pudukkottai A. R. P. Control and Report Centre, and hence the abolition of the A. R. P. Control and Report Centre and of the A. R. P. service were under consideration.

262. *Practice Test.*—A test without the use of the siren was held during the fasli and 11 incidents were staged with satisfactory results.

263. *Lighting restrictions.*—Lighting restrictions have been cancelled in the Union Panchayat areas at Annavasal and Viralimali and the hoods fitted to street lights removed.

DARBAR OFFICE, PUDUKKOTTAI,
October 11, 1944.

A. TOTTENHAM,
Dewan.

APPENDIX.

STATEMENT I.

Names of high officials in the Pudukkottai State, showing any changes in the personnel during Fasli 1353 (1943—1944).

Name of official.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
Sir Alexander Tottenham, C. I. E., (I. C. S., retired).	Administrator ...	1— 7—43 to	16— 1—44	
	Dewan ...	17— 1—44	30— 6—44	
Janab Khan Bahadur P. Khalifullah Sahib Bahadur, M. A., B. L.	Assistant Administrator ...	1— 7—43 to	16— 1—44	
	First Councillor ...	17— 1—44	30— 6—44	
M. R. Ry. M. Paramasivam, Pillai, Avl., B. A., B. L.	Second Councillor ...	17— 1—44	30— 6—44	

STATEMENT II.

Summary of Financial transactions giving totals under each Major Head.
RECEIPTS.

Group Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1353.	Actuals of Fasli		
		1353.	1352.	1351.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Opening balance (Ordinary Heads) ...	24,18,848	24,18,848	18,78,128	14,14,654
Do. (Debt Heads) ...	26,95,843	26,95,843	26,65,952	22,86,423
Total Do. (Ordinary and Debt Heads) ...	51,14,691	51,14,691	45,44,080	37,01,077
ORDINARY HEADS—				
Principal Heads of Revenue ...	21,68,430	23,68,018	20,60,657	19,13,575
Interest ...	1,64,300	1,65,547	1,56,355	1,32,019
Receipts from Civil Departments ...	1,13,066	1,21,737	1,03,667	88,616
Miscellaneous ...	90,810	96,350	86,168	59,847
Irrigation ...	500	8	87	2,288
Receipts from Civil Works ...	2,35,500	2,61,870	2,45,532	2,44,313
Military ...	100	83	110	37
Total ...	27,72,700	30,13,613	26,52,576	24,40,695
DEBT HEADS—				
Debt Heads ...	3,90,600	1,45,697	2,96,992	3,79,529
Grand Total Receipts (Ordinary Heads) ...	51,91,548	54,32,461	45,30,704	38,55,349
Do. (Debt Heads) ...	30,6,443	28,41,540	29,62,944	26,65,952
Grand Total (Ordinary and Debt Heads) ...	82,77,991	82,74,001	74,93,648	65,21,301

EXPENDITURE.

Group Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1353.			Actuals of Fasli 1353.			Actuals of Fasli	
	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1352	1351
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
ORDINARY HEADS—								
Direct Demands on the Revenue and charges for collection.	5,15,890	2,57,160	7,73,050	5,24,155	2,34,636	7,58,791	7,10,668	6,51,462
Civil Departments ...	7,54,620	3,07,730	10,62,350	7,49,741	2,02,054	9,51,795	8,65,399	8,15,387
Miscellaneous ...	1,03,600	1,30,000	2,33,600	98,724	1,33,814	2,32,538	2,20,726	1,85,471
Interest ...	...	72,600	72,600	...	65,512	65,512	63,483	56,685
Irrigation ...	64,500	...	64,500	41,289	...	41,289	30,923	67,750
Civil Works ...	2,25,860	5,140	2,31,000	2,09,576	4,972	2,14,548	1,80,090	1,61,404
Military ...	...	43,000	43,000	...	42,650	42,650	40,567	39,062
Total ...	16,64,470	8,15,630	24,80,100	16,23,485	6,83,638	23,07,123	21,11,856	19,77,221
DEBT HEADS—								
Debt Heads ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,43,056	2,67,101	...
TOTAL EXPENDITURE—								
Ordinary & Debt Heads.	...	...	24,80,100	...	...	24,50,179	23,78,957	19,77,221
CLOSING BALANCE—								
Ordinary Heads ...	...	...	27,11,448	...	...	31,25,338	24,18,848	18,78,128
Debt Heads ...	...	...	30,86,443	...	...	26,98,484	26,95,843	26,65,952
TOTAL CLOSING BALANCE—								
Ordinary and Debt Heads.	...	...	57,97,891	...	...	58,23,822	51,14,691	45,44,080
GRAND TOTAL—								
Ordinary Heads ...	...	...	51,91,548	...	...	54,32,461	45,30,704	38,55,349
Debt Heads ...	...	...	30,86,443	...	...	28,41,540	29,62,944	26,65,952
Grand Total ...	...	...	82,77,991	...	...	82,74,001	74,93,648	65,21,301

Detailed memorandum explanatory of the important variations between the Revised estimate and the actuals of Fasli 1353.

RECEIPTS.

1. *Religion and Charity* + Rs. 6,860:—The increase occurred mainly under 'Undial receipts' and 'Miscellaneous'.

2. *Land Revenue* + Rs. 1,24,147:—The increase was due to larger receipts under 'Current collections' and 'Nattam Settlement', and was partly counterbalanced by a fall under 'Land Revenue—miscellaneous'.

3. *Stamps*—Rs. 12,597:—The decrease occurred mainly under 'Sale of Non-Judicial and Judicial Stamps'.

4. *Excise* + Rs. 45,170:—The increase occurred mainly under 'Liquor—sale of liquor, cost price and duty, 'Sale of match banderols' and 'Tobacco—licence fees, sale of labels and miscellaneous' and was counterbalanced by smaller receipts under 'Toddy—tree tapping licence fees'.

5. *Forest* + Rs. 25,740:—The increase was due to larger receipts, under 'several sub-heads as a result of the increased sale of casuarina and jungle fuel and under 'Quarries—seigniorage fees' and 'Compounding fees, fines and forfeitures'.

6. *Registration* + Rs. 9,915:—This occurred chiefly under 'Fees for registering documents'.

7. *Interest* + Rs. 1,247:—The increase was due to larger receipts, chiefly under 'Interest on arrears of revenue' and was partly counterbalanced by a decrease under 'Interest on surplus investments' on account of the fact that interest on some 3 per cent Defence bonds which were converted into special form at the end of the fasli was realised in the subsequent fasli.

8. *Law and Justice — Courts of Law* — 1,925:—This is made up of small decreases under several sub-heads.

9. *Law and Justice—Jails* + Rs. 4,912:—This occurred chiefly under 'Jail manufacture—oil industry', and was due to the increased price at which oil and oil cake were sold.

10. *Pounds* + Rs. 1,984:—This was due to larger collections, chiefly under 'Fines on stray cattle'.

11. *Scientific and other Minor Departments* + Rs. 2,177:—This occurred chiefly under 'Agriculture—sale of garden produce and miscellaneous' and 'Co-operation fees'.

12. *Stationery and Printing* + Rs. 2,666:—This occurred chiefly under 'Sale proceeds of Regulations and books'.

13. *Miscellaneous* + Rs. 2,888:—The increase was due to larger receipts chiefly under 'Unclaimed deposits lapsed to the State', 'Miscellaneous', 'Electricity duty' and 'Commission on paddy sales' and was counterbalanced by smaller receipts under 'Cotton cloth—stamping fees'.

14. *Civil works* + Rs. 26,370:—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Tolls and licences'—'motor licences'—'Garden receipts' and 'Miscellaneous', and was partly counterbalanced by a decrease under 'Market and cartstand fees'.

EXPENDITURE.

15. *Religion and Charity* + Rs. 2,484:—This occurred chiefly under 'Paditaram of temples and chatrams', and was counterbalanced by a fall under 'Tiruppani'.

16. *Palace*—Rs. 2,239:—The decrease occurred mainly under 'Expenses on account of His Highness'.

17. *Civil List*—Rs. 20,105:—This occurred chiefly under 'Personal allowance of Palace members and relatives', 'Aide-de-Camp and his establishment', 'Household—furniture, etc.', and 'Family ceremonies', 'Locomotion, garage and stables', and 'Up keep of Palaces and residences of His Highness and other Palace members'. It was partly counterbalanced by an increase under 'Travelling allowance, uniform and contingencies of Personal Staff' and 'Household—kitchen'.

18. *Excise* + Rs. 8,768:—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Supplies and services—cost of liquor', and was due to larger consumption.

19. *Forest—Rs. 4,024* :—This occurred chiefly under 'Direction and establishment—supplies and services' and 'Plantations—maintenance charges and cutting and carting charges'. The actual cost of the lorry purchased was less than the provision made for it under 'Supplies and services' and this mainly accounted for the decrease in expenditure. The last two sub-heads are fluctuating items.

20. *Law and Justice—Courts of Law—Rs. 3,781* :—The decrease occurred chiefly under 'Civil courts—supplies and services and contingencies' and was supplemented by small savings under several sub-heads.

21. *Law and Justice—Jails + Rs. 7,983* :—This occurred chiefly under 'Jail industry' 'Supplies and services—rations' and was due to increases in the cost of yarn and gingelly seed, in the number of prisoners and in the price of food-stuffs.

22. *Police—Rs. 7,289* :—The decrease occurred chiefly under 'Head constables and constables', 'Temporary establishment', 'Supplies and services—uniforms' and was due to the fact that the provision made for the supply of uniforms, etc., was not utilised in full in the fasli. It was partly counterbalanced by an increase under 'Local, etc., allowance' and 'Travelling allowance of establishment'.

23. *Education—Rs. 2,534* :—This was the net result of small savings under several sub-heads.

24. *Political—Rs. 1,03,818* :—This was due mainly to the postponement of the payment of the cost of a Mosquito Bomber offered by His Highness the Raja to the British Government, to the subsequent fasli. It was partly counterbalanced by an increase under 'Contributions and donations' caused by the grant of donation to the Travancore Relief Fund and the Indian Red Cross Fund.

25. *Superannuation + Rs. 2,842* :—This occurred chiefly under 'Pensions.'

26. *Stationery and Printing—Rs. 2,137* :—The decrease occurred chiefly under 'Supplies and services—cost of machine and type and stationery articles'.

27. *Miscellaneous—Rs. 1,767* :—The was mainly due to the absence of expenditure under 'Tour charges of His Highness for state reasons'.

28. *Interest—Rs. 7,088* :—This occurred under 'Interest on other items.'

29. *Irrigation—Rs. 23,211* :—This occurred under 'Irrigation Works', and was due partly to dearth of contractors and piece-workers on account of war conditions and partly to the fact that cement could not be got till late in the fasli.

30. *Civil Works—Rs. 16,452* :—This occurred chiefly under 'Public Works—buildings, communications and village conservancy', and was mainly due to dearth of contractors, high prices of building materials and the postponement of spreading on roads for want of timely rains. It was partly counterbalanced by an increase under 'State gardens—purchase and feed of oxen.'

The variations under other heads are small and call for no remarks.

Detailed memorandum explanatory of the variations between the actuals of Fasli 1353 and those of Fasli 1352.

RECEIPTS.

31. *Religion and Charity + Rs. 4,597* :—This was due to larger 'Undial receipts' and 'Miscellaneous' receipts.

32. *Land Revenue—Rs. 68,217* :—The decrease occurred chiefly under 'Land Revenue—arrears collections, miscellaneous and Nattam Settlement' and was due to the fact that the arrears that remained to be collected in this fasli were far smaller than in the previous fasli. 'Miscellaneous' and 'Nattam Settlement' are fluctuating items. The decrease was partly counterbalanced by larger receipts under 'Current collections'.

33. *Stamps + Rs. 6,553* :—The increase was chiefly under 'Sale of judicial stamps' and 'Duty on impressing documents.'

34. *Excise + Rs. 3,17,871* :—The increase occurred under all sub-heads and was due to larger consumption of liquor, increase in the cost price of liquor, higher rentals secured at the sale of liquor, toddy, opium and ganja shops, the opening of new shops, increase in the number of trees tapped, larger receipts as the share due to the state from the British Government of the 'Income from excise on matches' and the receipts under the new item of revenue, 'Tobacco.'

35. *Forest + Rs. 46,694* :—This was due to larger sales of casuarina and jungle fuel, larger sale of timber trees in plantations and the favourable bids secured at the sale of green leaf blocks.

36. *Interest + Rs. 9,192* :—This occurred chiefly under 'Interest on Government securities', consequent on the purchase of Defence bonds of the face value of Rs. 6,00,000. It was partly counterbalanced by a decrease under 'Interest on loans and advances.'

37. *Law and Justice—Courts of Law + Rs. 12,563* :—This was due to larger receipts chiefly under 'Criminal Courts—fines' and 'miscellaneous' receipts.

38. *Law and Justice—Jails + Rs. 5,694* :—This occurred chiefly under 'Jail manufactures' and was due to the increased prices at which articles were sold owing to the increased cost of yarn and gingelly seed.

39. *Pounds + Rs. 1,807* :—This was due to increased receipts chiefly under 'Fines on stray cattle.'

40. *Education—Rs. 3,109* :—This was due to smaller receipts chiefly under 'High School—tuition fees'.

41. *Miscellaneous + Rs. 9689* :—This occurred chiefly under 'Unclaimed deposits lapsed to the State', 'Electricity duty' and under new items of revenue such as 'War technician training fees', 'Cotton cloth dealer's licence fees and stamping fees', 'Commission on paddy sales' and 'Insurance Company registration fees'. It was partly counterbalanced by a decrease under 'Miscellaneous receipts', 'Radio receiver licence fees' and 'Sale of motor spirit—taxation fees.'

42. *Civil Works + Rs. 16,338* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Rent on State buildings', 'Motor licences', 'Garden receipts' and 'Miscellaneous'. It was partly counterbalanced by smaller receipts under 'Market and Cartstand fees', 'Sale of unserviceable materials, tools etc.', and 'Tolls and licences—town and frontier tolls—contract'.

EXPENDITURE.

43. *Religion and Charity + Rs. 17,054* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Paditaram of temples and chatrams', 'Dussara charges' and 'Elephant stable—feed of elephants' and was due to the increase in the price of groceries and other articles and to the feeding charges of the new elephant brought from Kollengod.

44. *Palace—Rs. 1,37,712* :—The decrease was due to the fact that the expenditure in the latter half of the fasli has been charged under 'Civil List' and the absence of special items of expenditure which occurred in the previous fasli.

45. *Civil List + Rs. 96,895* :—This was due to the opening of a new head of account in the middle of the fasli consequent on the Investiture of His Highness the Raja with Ruling Powers.

46. *Land Revenue + Rs. 3,994* :—This occurred chiefly under 'Vattam establishment' and was due to grant of enhanced dearness allowance to Government servants. It was partly counterbalanced by a decrease under 'Dewan Peishkar's Office and Taluk Offices—permanent establishment' due to smaller expenditure on account of leave arrangements.

47. *Stamps + Rs. 6,783* :—The increase was mainly due to the cost of blank paper which had to be bought in this fasli.

48. *Excise + Rs. 23,023* :—This occurred chiefly under 'Cost of liquor' and was due to larger consumption and the increased price at which liquor was bought.

49. *Forest + Rs. 38,095* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Direction and establishment—temporary establishment and supplies and services', 'Reserve Forest and Plantations—cutting and carting charges' and 'Plantations—maintenance charges' and was due to the appointment of a Ranger and his establishment, the purchase of a lorry to cart fuel from the plantations to the town, to the carrying on of cutting and carting operations on a larger scale to meet the increased demand for jungle and casuarina fuel and to the starting of new plantations in different parts of the State.

50. *General Administration + Rs. 9,906* :—The increase was due chiefly to the appointment of the Second Councillor and his staff and of the Private Secretary to His Highness the Raja and his establishment consequent on the Investiture of His Highness the Raja with Ruling Powers.

51. *Law and Justice—Courts of law + Rs. 3,752* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Pay of Judges' and 'Pay of Special Judges', and was due to the appointment of a retired judge of the High Court of Madras as Chief Judge on higher pay and to the increased remuneration paid to the Special Judges. It was also supplemented by small increases under several sub-heads.

52. *Law and Justice—Jails + Rs. 12,101* :—This occurred chiefly under 'Jail Industry' and 'Rations' and was due to the increases, in the cost of yarn, gingelly seed, in the number of prisoners and in the cost of food-stuffs.

53. *Police + Rs. 3,032* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Pay of Sub-Inspectors' 'Local etc., allowance,' 'Travelling allowance of establishment' and 'Supplies and services' and was partly counterbalanced by a decrease under 'Pay of Head Constables and Constables' and 'Temporary establishment.'

54. *Education + Rs. 2,240* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'College—laboratory charges' and small increases under other sub-heads.

55. *Medical and Vaccination + Rs. 19,446* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Dieting charges and cost of medicines' and was due to the rise in prices on account of the war.

56. *Political + Rs. 2,7488* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Contributions and donations,' 'Marriage Fund' and expenditure on account of the 'Investiture'. The increase under the first item was due to the contributions paid to several charitable funds:—the Malabar Cholera Relief Fund, the Bengal Relief Fund, the R. A. F. Benevolent Fund, the Polish Children's Fund, the Indian Red Cross Fund and the Servindia Travancore Relief Fund. The other two are new items this fasli.

57. *Scientific and other Minor Departments + Rs. 7,645* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Agriculture—farm expenses' 'Co-operative credit societies—temporary establishment and travelling allowance' and was due to the increase in the cost of feed, the purchase of stud bulls and the appointment of additional staff for the textile and paddy sections.

58. *Superannuation + Rs. 2,026* :—This occurred under 'Pensions'.

59. *Stationery and Printing—Rs. 1,093* :—This was the net result of small decreases and increases under several sub-heads.

60. *Miscellaneous + Rs. 10,879* :—The increase occurred mainly under 'Refund of lapsed deposits' 'War technician training centre charges,' 'State motor garage and tents' and 'His Highness the Raja's Birthday celebration'. The first is a fluctuating item, and the others are new items of expenditure under this major head. The Government of India pay the State a training fee of Rs. 7 a month for each trainee who undergoes training in the two War technician training centres in the town to meet the cost of all consumable stores required for the training. The expenditure incurred out of this is shown as a sub-head under 'Miscellaneous'. A part of the expenditure in respect of 'Motor garage and tents' and that under 'His Highness the Raja's Birthday celebration' which were debited to Palace before the Investiture of His Highness the Raja with Ruling Powers are charged under this head after the Investiture and account for the increase. It was partly counterbalanced by a decrease under 'Contribution to Municipality and Unions' and 'Other items'.

61. *Interest + Rs. 2,029* :—This occurred under 'Interest on other items' and was partly counterbalanced by a decrease under 'Interest on Provident Fund'.

62. *Irrigation + Rs. 10,366* :—This was due to the rise in the cost of materials and labour.

63. *Civil works + Rs. 34,458* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Buildings—original and repair works' and 'Communications' 'Tools and plant' and 'State Gardens' and was due to the high cost of building materials and labour, to the purchase of a motor lorry for the P. W. D. and to the transfer of a part of garden expenditure from 'Palace' to this head consequent on the Investiture of His Highness the Raja with Ruling Powers. The adjustment of expenditure on flood damage rectification works by short debit to communications and debit to Road development fund was special to the previous fasli.

64. *Infantry and His Highness the Raja's Body Guard + Rs. 1,072* :—The increase occurred chiefly under 'Purchase and feed of horses' and was partly counterbalanced by a decrease under 'Establishment—infantry'.

65. *Band + Rs. 1,011* :—This occurred mainly under 'Supplies and services—uniforms and boots' and was due to the rise in prices and the payment of a part of last fasli's dues in this fasli.

The variations under other heads are small and call for no remarks.

DEBT HEADS.

These are fluctuating items and the variations thereunder call for no remarks.

STATEMENT II-A.

Receipts of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1352 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1353.

Group Heads.	Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1353 (1943—44).	Accounts for Fasli.		
			1353 (1943—44).	1352 (1942—43).	1351 (1941—42).
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening balance (Ordinary and Debt Heads) ...	51,14,691	51,14,691	45,44,080	37,01,077
	ORDINARY HEADS.				
	Opening balance ...	24,18,848	24,18,848	18,78,128	14,14,654
Principal Heads of Revenue.	Religion and Charity ...	10,300	17,160	12,563	10,602
	Palace ...	950	1,332	1,265	1,835
	Civil List ...	480	451	...	...
	Land Revenue ...	9,12,300	10,36,447	11,04,664	11,29,153
	Nattam Settlement ...	...	...	...	...
	Salt ...	38,000	38,000	38,000	38,000
	Stamps ...	3,45,000	3,32,403	3,25,850	2,92,200
	Excise ...	7,32,300	7,77,470	4,59,599	3,48,946
	Forest ...	87,600	1,12,740	66,046	52,280
	Registration ...	42,100	52,015	52,670	40,559
	Total ...	21,68,430	23,68,018	20,60,657	19,13,575
Interest ...	Interest on Government Securities ...	1,54,570	1,53,034	1,42,533	1,14,859
	Interest on Fixed deposits in Bank ...	...	...	...	...
	Interest on loans and advances ...	7,500	7,977	10,361	12,891
	Interest on arrears of Revenue ...	2,230	4,536	3,461	4,269
	Total ...	1,64,300	1,65,547	1,56,355	1,32,019
Receipts from Civil Departments.	Law and Justice—Courts of Law ...	36,800	34,375	21,812	17,189
	Law and Justice—Jails ...	18,000	22,912	17,218	12,037
	Police ...	160	282	165	45
	Pounds ...	8,900	10,884	9,077	8,590
	Education ...	39,600	40,596	43,705	39,163
	Medical ...	4,200	4,611	3,757	3,953
	Political ...	...	...	...	...
	Scientific and Minor Departments ...	5,900	8,077	7,933	7,639
	Total ...	1,13,060	1,21,737	1,03,667	88,616
Miscellaneous.	Superannuation ...	110	96	316	85
	Stationery and Printing ...	8,200	10,866	10,153	5,902
	Miscellaneous ...	82,500	85,388	75,699	53,860
	Total ...	90,810	96,350	86,168	59,847
Irrigation ...	Contribution in aid of Irrigation works ...	500	8	87	2,288
Civil works ...	Tolls and licenses ...	2,07,900	2,20,797	2,18,200	2,18,349
	Market fees, Cartstand fees, etc. ...	27,600	41,080	27,332	25,964
	Total ...	2,35,500	2,61,870	2,45,532	2,44,313
Military ...	Sale of horses, etc. ...	100	83	110	37
	Total Receipts excluding Debt Heads ...	27,72,700	30,13,613	26,52,576	24,40,695
	Grand Total Receipts excluding Debt Heads ...	51,91,548	54,32,461	45,30,704	38,55,349
	DEBT HEADS.				
	Opening balance ...	26,95,343	26,95,843	26,65,952	22,86,423
	Deposits ...	3,84,000	91,155	2,96,992	2,18,007
	Advances ...	...	...	...	1,32,681
	Suspense ...	...	1,513	...	4,273
	Remittances ...	...	53,029	...	24,568
	Total ...	3,90,600	1,45,697	2,96,992	3,79,529
	Grand Total Receipts Debt Heads ...	30,86,443	28,41,540	29,62,944	26,65,352
	Total Receipts including Debt Heads ...	81,63,300	81,59,310	74,93,648	65,21,301
	Grand Total Receipts ...	82,77,991	82,74,001	74,93,648	65,21,301

Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1352 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1353.

Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1353 (1943-44).			Accounts of Fasli 1353 (1943-44).			Accounts of Fasli.	
	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1352 (1942-43).	1351 (1941-42).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
ORDINARY HEADS.								
A.—DIRECT DEMANDS ON THE REVENUE AND CHARGES FOR COLLECTION—								
Religion and Charity ...	1,65,400	...	1,65,400	1,67,884	...	1,67,884	1,50,830	1,44,972
Palace—								
(1) Expenses on account of His Highness.	...	41,147	41,147	...	38,906	38,906	93,231	73,988
(2) Allowance to the members of His Highness's family.	...	15,429	15,429	...	15,429	15,429	26,120	25,782
(3) Allowance to the members of His Highness the late Raja's family.	...	8,750	8,750	...	8,750	8,750	21,740	15,000
(4) Allowance to the members of the late Chinnaranmanai Jaghire.	...	4,095	4,095	...	4,095	4,095	7,020	7,470
(5) Dignity, etc., establishment.	...	20,517	20,517	...	20,599	20,599	24,215	22,555
(6) Stables ...	...	17,729	17,729	...	17,729	17,729	42,222	37,726
(7) Gardens ...	...	1,296	1,296	...	1,296	1,296	2,327	664
(8) Feasts and ceremonies ...	...	354	354	...	354	354	2,135	1,940
(9) Devadayam charges ...	...	630	630	...	630	630	839	779
(10) Superannuation ...	...	3,507	3,507	...	3,507	3,507	6,557	6,679
(11) Palace repairs and improvements.	...	8,950	8,950	...	8,870	8,870	24,464	21,191
(12) Palace furniture ...	...	196	196	...	196	196	953	378
	...	1,22,600	1,22,600	...	1,20,361	1,20,361	2,51,823	2,14,147
Fixed allowances, etc., to the members of the late Western Palace Jaghire.	...	10,750	10,750	...	10,750	10,750	17,000	17,000
Civil List ...	...	1,17,000	1,17,000	...	96,895	96,895	...	...
Land Revenue ...	1,86,010	5,450	1,91,460	1,87,604	5,345	1,92,949	1,89,140	1,80,105
Inam Settlement, Survey and Land Records, etc.	10,340	...	10,340	9,654	...	9,654	9,469	9,411
Salt ...	5,180	320	5,500	5,337	318	5,655	5,590	5,580
Stamps ...	14,600	...	14,600	15,021	...	15,021	8,238	11,713
Excise ...	38,130	320	38,450	46,899	319	47,218	24,195	16,513
Forest ...	68,960	340	69,300	64,957	319	65,276	27,181	25,523
Registration ...	27,270	880	27,650	26,799	329	27,128	27,202	26,498
A. Total ...	5,15,890	2,57,160	7,73,050	5,24,155	2,34,636	7,58,791	7,10,668	6,51,462
General Administration—								
(1) Administrator ...	...	16,500	16,500	...	16,498	16,498	30,348	30,300
Dewan ...	...	14,260	14,260	...	13,860	13,860		
(2) Personal Establishment of the Administrator—Dewan.	...	3,390	3,390	...	3,352	3,352	3,030	2,970
(3) Assistant Administrator—Councillors.	...	6,516	6,516	...	6,516	6,516	12,000	12,000
Councillors.	...	9,594	9,594	...	9,597	9,597		
(4) Private Secretary to H. H. The Raja and his establishment.	...	1,100	1,100	...	1,031	1,031		
(5) Darbar office ...	40,790	800	41,590	41,700	469	42,169	37,739	38,266
	40,790	52,160	92,950	41,700	51,323	93,023	83,117	83,536

Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1352 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1353—cont.

Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1353 (1943-44).			Accounts for Fasli 1353 (1943-44).			Accounts of Fasli.	
	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1352 (1942-43).	1351 (1941-42).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
B.—CIVIL DEPARTMENTS—								
Law and Justice—Courts of Law.	88,230	38,070	1,26,300	85,165	37,354	1,22,519	1,18,767	1,21,629
Law and Justice—Jails ...	52,100	...	52,100	60,083	...	60,083	47,982	33,060
Police ...	1,31,040	6,560	1,37,600	1,23,925	6,386	1,30,311	1,27,279	1,23,967
Pounds ...	6,900	...	6,900	7,499	...	7,499	6,713	6,704
Education ...	2,44,400	8,000	2,52,400	2,41,876	7,990	2,49,866	2,47,626	2,47,027
Medical—								
(a) General Hospital and Dispensaries.	1,02,900	5,960	1,08,860	1,03,471	5,841	1,09,312	98,765	1,02,285
(b) Rani's Hospital ...	30,310	4,080	34,390	29,983	4,078	34,061	26,114	25,403
(c) Ayurvedic Dispensary ...	3,990	...	3,990	3,779	...	3,779	3,777	3,412
(d) Vaccination ...	6,560	...	6,560	5,798	...	5,798	4,853	4,345
Total ...	1,43,760	10,040	1,53,800	1,43,031	9,919	1,52,950	1,33,504	1,35,445
Political—Cost of Establishment of the Resident, Madras States. State presents to Indian States. State contributions and donations.	...	1,880	1,880	...	1,879	1,879	3,000	3,000
Marriage Fund ...	...	20,000	20,000	...	20,000	20,000	...	...
His Highness's tours outside the State.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N. W. F. B. ...	...	15,220	15,220	...	15,964	15,964	16,444	17,714
A. R. P. Measures ...	...	19,200	19,200	...	19,087	19,087	37,193	...
Resident's visits etc. ...	...	1,000	1,000	...	730	730	...	...
Expenditure on account of the refugees and dependents of persons stranded in enemy territory.	...	1,000	1,000	...	828	828	911	...
Investiture of powers to H. H.	...	1,24,000	1,24,000	...	17,147	17,147	...	...
	...	1,92,900	1,92,900	...	89,082	89,082	61,594	24,721
Agriculture ...	17,980	...	17,980	18,109	...	18,109	14,216	13,646
Co-operative Credit Societies ...	14,660	...	14,660	14,152	...	14,152	9,890	12,785
Veterinary Hospital ...	3,670	...	3,670	3,302	...	3,302	3,861	3,104
Touring Veterinary Establishment.	5,760	...	5,760	5,861	...	5,861	6,472	4,909
Museum ...	4,800	...	4,800	4,631	...	4,631	4,458	4,476
Observatory ...	84	...	84	84	...	84	84	84
Rural Improvement ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
Industries ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Archæology ...	446	...	446	323	...	323	336	170
Census ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
	47,400	...	47,400	46,462	...	46,462	38,817	39,298
B. Total ...	7,54,620	3,07,730	10,62,350	7,49,741	2,02,054	9,51,795	8,65,399	8,15,387
C.—MISCELLANEOUS—								
Superannuation ...	...	1,25,000	1,25,000	...	1,27,842	1,27,842	1,25,816	1,17,963
Stationery and Printing ...	66,500	...	66,500	64,363	...	64,363	65,456	44,979
Contribution to Municipality and Unions.	5,400	...	5,400	5,200	...	5,200	12,000	5,087
Other miscellaneous ...	31,700	5,000	36,700	29,161	5,972	35,133	17,454	17,442
C. Total ...	1,03,600	1,30,000	2,33,600	98,724	1,33,814	2,32,538	2,20,726	1,85,471
D.—INTEREST—								
D. Total ...	...	72,600	72,600	...	65,512	65,512	63,483	56,685

Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1352 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1353—cont.

Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1353 (1943-44).			Accounts of Fasli 1353 (1943-44).			Accounts of Fasli.	
	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1352 (1942-43).	1351 (1941-42).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
E.—IRRIGATION—								
Irrigation ... E. Total ...	64,500	...	64,500	41,289	...	41,289	30,923	67,750
F.—CIVIL WORKS—								
Civil buildings ...	36,060	...	36,060	31,917	...	31,917	24,133	30,066
Communications ...	1,17,000	...	1,17,000	1,04,812	...	1,04,812	89,670	59,491
Markets and Cartstand ...	450	...	450	365	...	365	242	507
Village Conservancy ...	1,950	...	1,950	746	...	746	426	2,902
Establishment ...	59,270	5,140	64,410	59,797	4,972	64,769	65,362	67,560
Tools and Plant ...	8,020	...	8,020	7,628	...	7,628	257	878
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
State Gardens ...	3,110	...	3,110	4,311	...	4,311	...	...
F. Total ...	2,25,860	5,140	2,31,000	2,09,576	4,972	2,14,548	1,80,090	1,61,404
G.—MILITARY—								
Infantry and His Highness's Body-Guard. ...	...	34,770	34,770	...	34,508	34,508	33,436	32,172
Band ...	...	8,230	8,230	...	8,142	8,142	7,131	6,890
G. Total ...	...	43,000	43,000	...	42,650	42,650	40,567	39,062
Total Expenditure excluding Debt Heads.	16,64,470	8,15,630	24,80,100	16,23,485	6,88,638	23,07,123	21,11,856	19,77,221
Closing balance excluding Debt Heads.	...	...	27,11,448	...	...	31,25,338	24,18,848	18,78,128
Grand Total excluding Debt Heads.	...	...	51,91,548	...	...	54,32,461	45,30,704	38,55,349
DEBT HEADS.								
Deposits ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Advances ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,43,056	2,32,528	...
Suspense ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	320	...
Remittances ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34,253	...
Total Expenditure (Debt Heads)...	...	...	...	...	...	1,43,056	2,67,101	...
Closing balance (Debt Heads) ...	...	...	30,86,443	...	...	26,98,484	26,95,843	26,65,952
Grand Total (Debt Heads) ...	...	...	30,86,443	...	...	28,41,540	29,62,944	26,65,952
Total Expenditure including Debt Heads.	...	...	24,80,100	...	...	24,50,179	23,78,957	19,77,221
Closing balance including Debt Heads.	...	...	57,97,891	...	...	58,23,822	51,14,691	45,44,080
Grand Total ...	...	...	82,77,991	...	...	82,74,001	74,93,648	65,21,301

STATEMENT II-B.

Palace Expenditure.

No.	Description of charges.	Actuals of Fasli 1352.	Actuals of Fasli 1353.
		RS.	RS.
1	His Highness's Expenses ...	93,231	38,906
2	Allowance to the members of His Highness's family ...	26,120	15,429
3	Do. Do. of His Highness the late Raja's family ...	21,740	8,750
4	Allowance to the members of the late Chinnaranmanai Jaghire ...	7,020	4,095
5	Stables ...	42,222	17,729
6	Dignity, etc., establishment ...	24,215	20,599
7	Palace repairs and improvements including original and repair works to His Highness's Residences at Kodaikkanal, Trichinopoly and Pudukkottai.	24,464	8,870
8	Palace furniture ...	953	196
9	Feasts and ceremonies ...	2,135	354
10	Devadaya charges ...	839	630
11	Superannuation ...	6,557	3,507
12	Gardens ...	2,327	1,296
13	State contributions and donations etc. ...	4,046	13,447
14	His Highness's tours outside the State ...	...	...
15	Band ...	7,131	8,142
	Total ...	2,63,000	1,41,950
	Civil List Expenditure.		
1	(a) Personal allowance of His Highness ...	...	25,000
	(b) Personal allowance of Palace members and relatives ...	...	26,560
2	Tour charges for personal reasons ...	...	1,348
3	(i) Aide-de-camp and his establishment... ..	...	2,688
	(ii) House hold office ...	...	7,720
	(iii) Palace pensions ...	...	2,763
	(iv) Medical establishment ...	...	1,225
	(v) T. A. Uniform and contingencies of personal staff ...	...	2,171
4	House hold		
	(i) Furniture etc. ...	...	231
	(ii) Kitchen ...	...	8,749
	(iii) Electricity, water and sanitation ...	...	1,120
	(iv) Family ceremonies ...	...	1,187
	(v) Other ceremonies ...	...	802
5	Locomotion—Garage	...	2,188
	Stables ...	...	5,181
6	(a) Up keep of Palaces and Residences of His Highness and other Palace members.	...	3,163
	(b) Gardens ...	...	4,799
	Total ...	...	96,895

STATEMENT III.

Statement of Laws in force in the Pudukkottai State, Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Regulation No. and Year.	Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation II of 1880 ...	Regulation for recovery of arrears of Revenue and other moneys due to the Sirkar in the Pudukkottai Territory.	Yes.	Amended by— Regulation V of 1903, " III of 1905, " II of 1911, " I of 1932 and " IX of 1938.
" II of 1882 ...	A Regulation to declare certain British Indian Acts as law in the State. 1. Indian Oaths Act, Act X of 1873. 2. Prisoners' Testimony Act, Act XV of 1869.	Yes.	" XIV of 1938.
" I of 1891 ...	Breaches of Contract Regulation ...	...	" I of 1932.
" III of 1892 ...	The Pudukkottai Arms Regulation ...	Yes.	" II of 1915 and " I of 1932.
" IV of 1892 ...	The Pudukkottai Extradition Regulation ...	Yes.	" VI of 1912, " V of 1921, " I of 1932, " III of 1932 and " V of 1937.
" I of 1893 ...	The Pudukkottai Earth-salt Suppression Regulation.	Yes.	" I of 1932.
" II of 1893 ...	The Pudukkottai Police Regulation ...	Yes.	" III of 1907, " II of 1920, " III of 1923, " III of 1931, " I of 1932, " II of 1934, " IV of 1934, " III of 1939, " X of 1942 and " XXVIII of 1942.
" I of 1895 ...	Regulation for avoiding loss by the default of Public Accountants.	Yes.	" V of 1926, " VII of 1926 and " I of 1932.
" III of 1895 ...	The Pudukkottai Court-Fees Regulation ...	Yes.	" II of 1896, " IV of 1908, " II of 1909, " III of 1921, " I of 1932, " III of 1935, " IV of 1935, " VIII of 1936 and " VII of 1938.
" I of 1896 ...	Regulation to assimilate the law relating to Post-offices in the State to that applicable for the time being to Post-offices in British India.	...	" I of 1927.
" II of 1896 ...	Amendment to Court-Fees Regulation, III of 1895.	...	.....
" III of 1896 ...	Regulation protecting Judges, Magistrates and other persons acting judicially.	...	.....
" IV of 1896 ...	Regulation to give effect to certain unregistered leases of immoveable property belonging to the Chinnaran-manai Jaghire.	...	.....
" I of 1897 ...	Regulation for the punishment of gambling and keeping common gaming houses in the State.	...	" I of 1920.
" II of 1897 ...	Regulation to provide for the better prevention of the outbreak or spread of dangerous epidemic diseases.	Yes.	" I of 1932.

Regulation No. and Year.	Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation I of 1898 ...	Regulation to make better provision for sanitation in the Pudukkottai State.	...	Repealed in part by— Regulation IX of 1930 and Amended by— Regulation I of 1932.
" I of 1899 ...	Regulation to amend section 75 of the Indian Penal Code in force in the State.	...	.....
" III of 1899 ...	Regulation to provide for the issue of a warrant for the arrest and surrender of persons accused of having done an act amounting to an offence under the Criminal Tribes Act XXVII of 1871 and who may be found within the State.	Now Obsolete.	" I of 1932.
" IV of 1899 ...	Regulation for compelling persons resorting to Public offices to record their finger-impressions when required to do so by certain officers.	...	" I of 1932.
" I of 1901 ...	Regulation for the prevention of cruelty to animals.	...	" I of 1932 and " II of 1934.
" II of 1901 ...	The Pudukkottai Tolls Regulation ...	...	" III of 1903, " III of 1915, " I of 1921, " III of 1924, " II of 1927, " IX of 1930, " I of 1932, " IX of 1936 and " I of 1938.
" I of 1902 ...	The Pudukkottai Glanders and Farcy Regulation.	...	" I of 1932.
" I of 1903 ...	The Pudukkottai Compulsory Vaccination and Town Vital Statistics Registration Regulation.	...	" III of 1912, " I of 1932 and " V of 1936.
" II of 1903 ...	The Pudukkottai Registration of Births and Deaths Regulation.	...	" I of 1932.
" III of 1903 ...	The Pudukkottai Tolls Amending Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1903 ...	Amendment to the Revenue Recovery Regulation, II of 1880.	...	" I of 1932.
" VI of 1903 ...	Railway protection Regulation (regarding repairs to Railway-affecting irrigation works).	Yes.	" I of 1932.
" I of 1905 ...	The Pudukkottai Registration Regulation.	Yes.	" III of 1909, " II of 1917, " II of 1926, " IV of 1925, " I of 1929, " VIII of 1930, " IV of 1931, " XI of 1931, " I of 1932, " VI of 1935, " II of 1936, " II of 1938 and " I of 1942.
" II of 1905 ...	The Pudukkottai Stamp Regulation ...	Yes.	" IV of 1911, " II of 1918, " IV of 1928, " I of 1932, " II of 1932, " II of 1935 and " III of 1936.
" III of 1905 ...	Amendment to the Revenue Recovery Regulation, II of 1880.	...	.....

Regulation No. and Year.	Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation I of 1906 ...	A Regulation for the regulation of Printing Presses, Newspapers and Books.	Yes.	Amended by— Regulation IV of 1907, " VIII of 1928, " I of 1932 and " II of 1934.
" I of 1907 ...	The Pudukkottai Majority Regulation. ...	Yes.	" IX of 1926, " VIII of 1931 and " I of 1932.
" II of 1907 ...	The Pudukkottai Guardians and Wards Regulation.	Yes.	" I of 1932.
" III of 1907 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Police Regulation, II of 1893.	...	.....
" IV of 1907 ...	Amendment to the Printing Presses, Newspapers, Books Regulation, I of 1906	Yes.	.....
" V of 1907 ...	Regulation for the encouragement of learning in the Pudukkottai State. (The Copyright Regulation).	Yes.	" I of 1932.
" I of 1908 ...	The Pudukkottai Transportation Regulation.	Yes.	" I of 1932.
" IV of 1908 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Court-Fees Regulation, III of 1895.	...	.....
" II of 1909 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Court-Fees Regulation, III of 1895.	...	.....
" III of 1909 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Registration Regulation, I of 1905.	...	.....
" IV of 1909 ...	The Pudukkottai Village Conservancy Regulation.	...	Repealed in part and amended by— Regulation III of 1930, " I of 1932, " XI of 1938, " II of 1941, and " XII of 1942.
" I of 1910 ...	The Pudukkottai Chief Court and Second Appeals Regulation.	...	Amended by— Regulation IV of 1918, " III of 1920, " II of 1921, " VI of 1929 and " V of 1935.
" I of 1911 ...	A Regulation to facilitate enquiries into matters connected with the administration of revenue and into the conduct of public servants.	...	" I of 1932.
" II of 1911 ...	Amendment to the Revenue Recovery Regulation, II of 1880.	...	.....
" III of 1911 ...	The Succession Certificate Regulation ...	Yes.	.....
" IV of 1911 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Stamp Regulation, II of 1905.	...	" I of 1932.
" I of 1912 ...	The Pudukkottai Treasure Trove Regulation.	...	" I of 1932.
" III of 1912 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Compulsory Vaccination and Town Vital Statistics Registration Regulation, I of 1903.	...	.....
" IV of 1912 ...	The Pudukkottai Land Acquisition Regulation.	Yes.	" I of 1925 and " I of 1932.
" V of 1912 ...	A Regulation to make provision for the protection and management of forests in the Pudukkottai State.	Yes.	" I of 1932, " VI of 1934 and " V of 1940.
" VI of 1912 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Extradition Regulation, IV of 1892.	...	.....
" VII of 1912 ...	The Pudukkottai Religious and Charitable Endowments Regulation.	...	" I of 1932 and " II of 1939.
" IX of 1912 ...	The Places of Public Resort Regulation ...	...	" II of 1924 and " I of 1932.

Regulation No. and Year.	Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation II of 1913 ...	Regulation introducing certain Acts of British Indian Legislature and repealing sub-section 3 and 4 of section 471 and section 472 of the Criminal Procedure Code of 1898 introduced into the State by Regulation V of 1911 and also repealing Transfer of Property Regulation, I of 1892.	Yes.	 Amended by— Regulation I of 1928, " II of 1928, " III of 1928, " IX of 1928 and " II of 1934.
	1. The Hindu Widows Remarriage Act, XV of 1856. 2. The Indian Easements Act, V of 1882, as amended by Act XII of 1891. 3. The Bankers' Books Evidence Act, XVIII of 1891, with amendments, viz., Acts I of 1893 and XII of 1900. 4. The Partition Act, IV of 1893. 5. The Interest Act, XXXII of 1839. 6. The Lunacy Act, IV of 1912, except Part III. 7. The Indian Explosives Act, IV of 1884.		
" III of 1913 ...	An amending Regulation repealing some portions of section I of Regulation II of 1882 and introducing some British enactments.	...	" I of 1923, " I of 1924, " III of 1929, " IV of 1929 and " VI of 1930.
	1. The Indian Contract Act, IX of 1872, as amended by Acts, I of 1877; IV of 1886; XII of 1891; and VI of 1899. 2. The Specific Relief Act, I of 1877, as amended by Acts XII of 1891; II of 1882; and IV of 1882. 3. The Whipping Act, IV of 1909.		
" I of 1914 ...	Suits Authorisation Regulation.	...	.....
" II of 1914 ...	Immunity from Arrest Regulation	...	" I of 1932.
" III of 1914 ...	Naval and Military News Regulation	...	" I of 1932.
" II of 1915 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Arms Regulation, III of 1892.	...	.....
" III of 1915 ...	Amendment to the Tolls Regulation, II of 1901.	...	.....
" IV of 1915 ...	The Pudukkottai Traffic Regulation	...	" I of 1932 and " X of 1938.
" VI of 1915 ...	Regulation introducing the Madras Land Encroachment Act, III of 1905, with amendments.	Yes.	" I of 1932.
" II of 1916 ...	The Pudukkottai State Provident Fund Regulation.	...	.....
" I of 1917 ...	Regulation to control and regulate the importation, possession and transport of Petroleum and other substances.	Yes.	" I of 1932.
" II of 1917 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Registration Regulation, I of 1905.	...	.....
" III of 1917 ...	Hindu Transfers and Bequests Regulation.	...	" IV of 1931.
" IV of 1917 ...	The Pudukkottai Motor Vehicles Regulation.	Yes.	" VI of 1925, " I of 1932 and " II of 1934.
" V of 1917 ...	The Pudukkottai Game Preservation Regulation.	...	" I of 1932 and " VII of 1939.
" I of 1918 ...	The Pudukkottai Prisons Regulation, 1918.	...	" I of 1932.
" II of 1918 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Stamp Regulation, II of 1905.	...	.....
" IV of 1918 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Chief Court and Second Appeals Regulation, I of 1910, amending section 28.	...	.....
" I of 1919 ...	The Indian Soldiers (Litigation) Regulation.	...	" I of 1932.
" I of 1920 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Gambling Prevention Regulation, I of 1897.	...	.....
" II of 1920 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Police Regulation, II of 1893.	...	.....

Regulation No. and Year.	Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation III of 1920 ...	Amending section 23 of the Chief Court and Second Appeals Regulation, I of 1910.	...	.....
" IV of 1920 ...	The Pudukkottai Registration of Societies Regulation.	...	Amended by—
" VI of 1920 ...	The Kazis' Regulation	...	Regulation I of 1932.
" I of 1921 ...	Amending the schedule to the Pudukkottai Tolls Regulation, II of 1901.	...	" I of 1932.
" II of 1921 ...	Amendment of the Chief Court and Second Appeals Regulation, I of 1910, by repealing section 14.	...	.....
" III of 1921 ...	Amending schedule I of the Court-Fees Regulation, III of 1895.	Yes.	.....
" IV of 1921 ...	The Poisons Regulation	...	" I of 1932.
" V of 1921 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Extradition Regulation, IV of 1892.	...	.....
" VII of 1921 ...	The Pudukkottai Agricultural Pests and Diseases Regulation.	...	" I of 1932.
" III of 1923 ...	Amendment to section 30 of the Pudukkottai Police Regulation, II of 1893.	...	.....
" IV of 1923 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Stamp Regulation, II of 1905.	...	.....
" V of 1923 ...	The State Grants Regulation enacting that the Transfer of Property Act, IV of 1882, introduced by Amending Regulation II of 1913 shall not apply to State grants.	Yes.	.....
" II of 1924 ...	Amendment to the Places of Public Resort Regulation, IX of 1912.	...	.....
" III of 1924 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Tolls Regulation, II of 1901.	...	.....
" IV of 1924 ...	The Pudukkottai Legislative Council Regulation.	Yes.	" IV of 1927, " I of 1932, " II of 1937 and " III of 1941.
" V of 1924 ...	The Pudukkottai Elections, Offences and Inquiries Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" I of 1925 ...	Amendment to the Land Acquisition Regulation, IV of 1912.	Yes.	.....
" II of 1925 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Registration Regulation, I of 1905.	Yes.	.....
" III of 1925 ...	The Pudukkottai Village Panchayat Regulation.	Yes.	" IX of 1931.
" IV of 1925 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Registration Regulation, I of 1905.	Yes.	.....
" VI of 1925 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Motor Vehicles Regulation, IV of 1917.	Yes.	.....
" VII of 1925 ...	The Pudukkottai Electricity Regulation	Yes.	" VI of 1926 and " VI of 1937.
" VIII of 1925 ...	The Pudukkottai Elementary Education Regulation.	...	" IV of 1937.
" I of 1926 ...	The Pudukkottai Criminal Tribes Regulation.	Yes.	" VII of 1928, " II of 1934 and " XIII of 1938.
" II of 1926 ...	The Pudukkottai General Clauses Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" III of 1926 ...	The Pudukkottai Cinematograph Regulation.	Yes.	" VIII of 1926.
" IV of 1926 ...	The Pudukkottai Village Courts Regulation.	Yes.	" IV of 1936.
" V of 1926 ...	The Pudukkottai Public Accountants' Default (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" VI of 1926 ...	The Pudukkottai Electricity (Amending) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" VII of 1926 ...	The Pudukkottai Public Accountants' Default (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" VIII of 1926 ...	The Pudukkottai Cinematograph (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" IX of 1926 ...	The Pudukkottai Majority (Amending) Regulation.	Yes.	.....

Regulation No. and Year.	Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation X of 1926 ...	The Pudukkottai Usurious Loans Regulation.	...	.....
" I of 1927 ...	The Pudukkottai Post-Office (Amendment) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" II of 1927 ...	The Pudukkottai Tolls (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1927 ...	The Pudukkottai Emigration Regulation.	...	.....
" IV of 1927 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Legislative Council Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" I of 1928 ...	The Pudukkottai Transfer of Property Regulation.	...	Amended by— Regulation V of 1930, " VI of 1930, " IV of 1931, " XI of 1931 and " I of 1935.
" II of 1928 ...	The Pudukkottai Negotiable Instruments Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" III of 1928 ...	The Pudukkottai Trusts Regulation	Yes.	.....
" IV of 1928 ...	The Pudukkottai Code of Criminal Procedure.	Yes.	" V of 1931, " I of 1932, " VI of 1942 and " I of 1943.
" V of 1928 ...	The Pudukkottai Penal Code	Yes.	" VII of 1931.
" VI of 1928 ...	The Pudukkottai Amending Regulation	Yes.	.....
" VII of 1928 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Criminal Tribes Regulation.	...	.....
" VIII of 1928 ...	Amendment to the Pudukkottai Press and Registration of Books Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" IX of 1928 ...	The Pudukkottai Insolvency Regulation...	Yes.	" I of 1933.
" X of 1928 ...	The Pudukkottai Survey and Boundaries Regulation.	Yes.	" I of 1932.
" XI of 1928 ...	The Pudukkottai Cattle Trespass Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" I of 1929 ...	The Pudukkottai Registration (Amendment) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" II of 1929 ...	The Pudukkottai Small Causes Courts Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1929 ...	The Pudukkottai Evidence Regulation	Yes.	.....
" IV of 1929 ...	The Pudukkottai Code of Civil Procedure.	Yes.	" VI of 1930 and " I of 1932.
" V of 1929 ...	The Pudukkottai Companies Regulation	Yes.	" XVI of 1938.
" VI of 1929 ...	The Pudukkottai Chief Court and Second Appeals (Amendment) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" VII of 1929 ...	The Pudukkottai Limitation Regulation	Yes.	" I of 1930, and " XIII of 1943.
" VIII of 1929 ...	The Pudukkottai Hindu Inheritance (Removal of Disabilities) Regulation.	...	.....
" I of 1930 ...	The Pudukkottai Limitation (Amendment) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" II of 1930 ...	The Pudukkottai Markets Regulation	...	.....
" III of 1930 ...	The Pudukkottai Village Conservancy (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1930 ...	A Regulation to further amend the Transfer of Property Regulation in force in the State.	Yes.	" I of 1935.
" VI of 1930 ...	A Regulation to supplement the Transfer of Property (Amendment) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" VII of 1930 ...	The Ancient Monuments Preservation Regulation.	...	" I of 1932.
" VIII of 1930 ...	The Pudukkottai Registration (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" IX of 1930 ...	A Regulation to make better provision for the organisation and administration of Municipalities in the Pudukkottai State.	Yes.	" IV of 1933, " I of 1934, " I of 1937, " VI of 1938, " IV of 1939, " II of 1940 and " I of 1941.
" I of 1931 ...	A Regulation for the prevention of the spread of disease among cattle in the Pudukkottai State.	Yes.	.....

Regulation No. and Year.	Description	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation II of 1931 ...	The Pudukkottai Prevention of Adulteration Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by—
" III of 1931 ...	The Pudukkottai Police Amendment Regulation.	Yes.	Regulation VII of 1934.
" IV of 1931 ...	A Regulation to supplement further the Pudukkottai Transfer of Property (Amendment) Regulation.	Yes.	" XI of 1931.
" V of 1931 ...	The Pudukkottai Criminal Procedure Code (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" VI of 1931 ...	A Regulation to alter the order in which certain heirs of a Hindu male dying intestate are entitled to succeed to his estate.	...	.....
" VII of 1931 ...	The Pudukkottai Penal Code (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" VIII of 1931 ...	The Pudukkottai Court of Wards Regulation.	Yes.	" VI of 1939.
" IX of 1931 ...	The Pudukkottai Village Panchayat (Amending) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" X of 1931 ...	The Pudukkottai Abkari Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" XI of 1931 ...	The Pudukkottai Registration (Amending) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" I of 1932 ...	The Pudukkottai Repealing and Amending Regulation.	...	.....
" II of 1932 ...	The Pudukkottai Stamp (Amendment) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" III of 1932 ...	The Pudukkottai Extradition (Amendment) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" I of 1933 ...	The Pudukkottai Insolvency (Amendment) Regulation.	Yes.	.....
" II of 1933 ...	The Co-operative Societies Regulation.	Yes.	" VII of 1935.
" III of 1933 ...	The Pudukkottai Irrigation Regulation.	...	" XI of 1942.
" IV of 1933 ...	The Pudukkottai Municipalities (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" I of 1934 ...	A Regulation to amend the Pudukkottai Municipalities Regulation, No. IX of 1930.	...	.....
" II of 1934 ...	The Pudukkottai Amending Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1934 ...	A Regulation to provide for the imposition and collection of an excise duty on matches.	Yes.	.....
" IV of 1934 ...	The Pudukkottai Police (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1934 ...	The Pudukkottai Military Regulation.	...	" XXVII of 1942.
" VI of 1934 ...	The Pudukkottai Forest (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" VII of 1934 ...	The Pudukkottai Prevention of Adulteration (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" I of 1935 ...	Transfer of Property (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" II of 1935 ...	The Pudukkottai Stamp (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1935 ...	The Pudukkottai Court-Fees (Amendment) Regulation.	...	" IV of 1935.
" IV of 1935 ...	The Court-Fees (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1935 ...	The Pudukkottai Chief Court and Second Appeals (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" VI of 1935 ...	A Regulation to amend the Pudukkottai Registration Regulation, I of 1905.	...	.....
" VII of 1935 ...	The Pudukkottai Co-operative Societies (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" VIII of 1935 ...	The Pudukkottai Christians Marriage and Divorce Regulation.	...	" XII of 1938.
" II of 1936 ...	Registration Regulation—Amending Regulation.	...	.....

Regulation No. and Year.	Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation IV of 1936 ...	The Pudukkottai Village Courts (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1936 ...	The Pudukkottai Compulsory Vaccination and Town Vital Statistics Registration (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" VII of 1936 ...	The Pudukkottai Stamp (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" VIII of 1936 ...	The Pudukkottai Court-Fees (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" IX of 1936 ...	The Pudukkottai Tolls (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" I of 1937 ...	The Pudukkottai Municipalities (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" II of 1937 ...	The Pudukkottai Legislative Council (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1937 ...	The Pudukkottai Wireless Regulation.	...	.....
" IV of 1937 ...	The Pudukkottai Elementary Education (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1937 ...	The Pudukkottai Extradition (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" VI of 1937 ...	The Pudukkottai Electricity (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" VII of 1937 ...	The Pudukkottai Fugitive Offenders Regulation.	...	.....
" I of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Tolls (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" II of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Registration (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Debtors' Protection Regulation.	...	.....
" IV of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Amending Regulation, Indian Lunacy Act.	...	.....
" V of 1938 ...	The Identification of Prisoners Regulation.	...	.....
" VI of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Municipalities (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" VII of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Court-Fees (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" VIII of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Local Authorities Entertainment Taxation Regulation.	...	.....
" IX of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Revenue Arrears Recovery (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" X of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Traffic (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XI of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Village Conservancy (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XII of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Christian Marriage and Divorce (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XIII of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Criminal Tribes (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XIV of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Amending Regulation.	...	.....
" XV of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Agriculturists' Relief Regulation.	...	Amended by— Regulation I of 1939, " V of 1941.
" XVI of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Companies (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XVII of 1938 ...	The Pudukkottai Christians Intestate Succession Regulation.	...	.....
" XVIII of 1938 ...	The Rayavaram Veda Patasala Regulation. (A Regulation to provide for the better management and administration of the Rayavaram Veda Patasala).	...	.....
" I of 1939 ...	The Pudukkottai Agriculturists' Relief (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" II of 1939 ...	The Pudukkottai Religious and Charitable and Endowment (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1939 ...	The Pudukkottai Police (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" IV of 1939 ...	The Pudukkottai Municipalities (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1939 ...	A Regulation to provide for the registration of Foreigners in Pudukkottai State.	...	XXII of 1942.
" VI of 1939 ...	The Pudukkottai Court of Wards (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" VII of 1939 ...	The Pudukkottai Game Preservation (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....

Regulation No. and Year.	Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation VIII of 1939 ...	A Regulation to provide for the imposition of restrictions on foreigners.	...	.....
" I of 1940 ...	A Regulation to apply the provisions of the Defence of India Act XXXV of 1939 to the Pudukkottai State.	...	Amended by— Regulation X of 1940, " IX of 1942, " XXV of 1942, and " XIX of 1943.
" II of 1940 ...	The Pudukkottai Municipalities (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1940 ...	The Pudukkottai Census Regulation	...	" IV of 1940.
" IV of 1940 ...	A Regulation to amend the Pudukkottai Census Regulation No. III of 1940.	...	.....
" V of 1940 ...	The Pudukkottai Forest (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" VI of 1940 ...	The Pudukkottai State Soldiers (litigation) Regulation.	...	.....
" VII of 1940 ...	The Pudukkottai Civic-guards Regulation	...	.....
" VIII of 1940 ...	The Pudukkottai (Amending) Regulation	...	.....
" IX of 1940 ...	The Pudukkottai (Amending) Regulation	...	.....
" X of 1940 ...	The Pudukkottai Defence of India (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" I of 1941 ...	The Pudukkottai Municipalities (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" II of 1941 ...	The Pudukkottai Village Conservancy (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1941 ...	The Pudukkottai Legislative Council (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" IV of 1941 ...	The Pudukkottai Sale of Motor Spirits Taxation Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1941 ...	The Pudukkottai Agriculturists' Relief (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" VI of 1941 ...	The Pudukkottai War Injuries Regulation	...	" V of 1942, and " XVIII of 1943.
" VII of 1941 ...	The Pudukkottai (Amending) Regulation...	...	.....
" I of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Registration (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" II of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Essential Services (Maintenance) Regulation.	...	" VIII of 1942, " XIII of 1942, " VIII of 1943, and " XI of 1943.
" III of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Air Raid Precautions Services Regulation.	...	.....
" IV of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Motor Vehicles (Drivers) Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai War Injuries (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" VI of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Criminal Procedure Code (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" VII of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Collective Fines Regulation.	...	" XXI of 1942, " XXVI of 1942, " II of 1943, and " X of 1943.
" VIII of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Essential Services (Maintenance) Amendment Regulation.	...	.....
" IX of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Defence of India Act Application (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" X of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Police (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XI of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Irrigation (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XII of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Village Conservancy (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XIII of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Essential Services Maintenance (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XIV of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Special Criminal Courts Regulation.	...	" XIX of 1942.
" XV of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Penalties (Enhancement) Regulation.	...	" XX of 1942, and " XVII of 1943.
" XVI of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Essential Articles (Prevention of Hoarding) Regulation.	...	" XVII of 1942, and " XIV of 1943.
" XVII of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Essential Articles (Prevention of Hoarding) (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....

Regulation No. and Year.	Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation XVIII of 1942...	The Pudukkottai Uncultivated lands (Imposition of penalty) Regulation.	...	Amended by— Regulation XXIII of 1942.
" XIX of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Special Criminal Courts (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XX of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Penalties (Enhancement) Amendment Regulation.	...	.....
" XXI of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Collective fines (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXII of 1942 ...	The Registration of Foreigners Regulation.	...	.....
" XXIII of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Uncultivated Lands (Imposition of Penalty) (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXIV of 1942 ...	The Armed Forces (Special Powers) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXV of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Defence of India Act (Application) (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXVI of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Collective Fines (Second Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXVII of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Military (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXVIII of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Police (Second Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXIX of 1942 ...	The Pudukkottai Legal Tender (Inscribed Notes) Regulation.	...	.....
" I of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Civil Procedure Code (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" II of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Collective Fines (Third Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Electricity Duty Regulation.	...	.....
" IV of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Medical Degrees Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1943 ...	The Allied Forces Regulation.	...	.....
" VI of 1943 ...	The Allied Forces (United States of America) Regulation.	...	.....
" VII of 1943 ...	The Armed Forces (Special Powers) Extension Regulation.	...	.....
" VIII of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Essential Services (Maintenance) (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" IX of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Enemy Agents Regulation.	...	.....
" X of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Collective Fines (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XI of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Essential Services (Maintenance) (Second Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XII of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Deserters (Apprehension) Regulation.	...	.....
" XIII of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Limitation (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XIV of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Essential Articles (Prevention of Hoarding Regulation) (Amending).	...	.....
" XV of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Explosive Substances Regulation.	...	.....
" XVI of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai (Excise Duty) Tobacco Regulation.	...	.....
" XVII of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Penalties (Enhancement) (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XVIII of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai War Injuries (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XIX of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Defence of India Act (Application) (Amending) Regulation.	...	.....
" XX of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Factories Regulation.	...	.....
" XXI of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Regulation.	...	.....
" XXII of 1943 ...	The Pudukkottai Workmen's Compensation Regulation.	...	.....

Regulation No. and Year.	Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation XXIII of 1943...	The Pudukkottai Insurance Companies Regulation.	...	.....
" XXIV of 1943...	The Pudukkottai Enemy Agents (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXV of 1943...	The Indian Soldiers' Litigation (Amendment,) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXVI of 1943...	The Pudukkottai Special Criminal Courts (Repeal) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXVII of 1943...	The Allied Forces (Exemption from local taxation) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXVIII of 1943...	The Pudukkottai Factories (Control of dismantling) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXIX of 1943...	Military stores (Unlawful possession) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXX of 1943...	The Pudukkottai Subversion Activities Regulation.	...	.....
" XXXI of 1943...	The Pudukkottai Muslim Personal Law (Application) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXXII of 1943...	The Pudukkottai Companies (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XXXIII of 1943...	The Pudukkottai Ancient Monuments Preservation (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" I of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Irrigation (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" II of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Court-fees (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" III of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Regulation.	...	.....
" IV of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Repealing and Amending Regulation.	...	.....
" V of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Insurance Policy (Nomination) Regulation.	...	.....
" VI of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Defence of India Act (Application) (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" VII of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Contracts) Regulation.	...	.....
" VIII of 1944...	The Allied forces (Exemption from local Taxation) (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" IX of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Tobacco (Excise duty) (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" X of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Village Courts (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XI of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Restriction and Detention Regulation.	...	.....
" XII of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Amending Regulation.	...	.....
" XIII of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Legislative Council (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XIV of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Companies (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XV of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Enemy Agents (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XVI of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Hoarding and Profiteering (Prevention) (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XVII of 1944...	The Pudukkottai War injuries (Compensation Insurance) Regulation.	...	.....
" XVIII of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Agriculturists Relief (Amendment) Regulation.	...	.....
" XIX of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Military Safety (Powers of detention) Regulation.	...	.....
" XX of 1944...	The Pudukkottai Destructive Insects and Pests Regulation.	...	.....

STATEMENT IV.
Statement of Rainfall in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 (1943—1944).

Stations.	July 43.	August.	Septem-ber.	October.	Novem-ber.	Decem-ber.	January 44.	Febru-ary.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Total for Fasli 1353.	Total for Fasli 1352.	Average for past five Faslis 1348—52.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
Adanakkottai	3.09	5.12	2.52	13.28	3.77	1.53	0.47	0.69	1.58	1.60	0.19	6.56	40.40	50.65	48.77	
Alangudi	2.90	5.34	3.55	11.85	2.41	2.71	2.24	0.87	0.17	0.83	1.62	4.09	38.58	42.52	41.12	
Annavasal	2.02	7.58	3.46	10.31	1.40	0.92	0.20	1.66	0.42	0.12	0.30	2.51	30.90	45.36	43.78	
Karaiyur	2.48	4.24	5.85	9.94	3.34	1.09	0.58	2.99	0.84	0.68	0.52	2.44	34.99	41.07	38.56	
Karambakkudi	2.55	3.52	6.55	8.25	3.52	1.47	0.35	1.09	1.38	...	0.52	5.98	36.18	48.22	44.56	
Kilanilai	2.28	2.12	4.59	14.15	2.39	2.47	0.88	0.28	1.18	1.57	3.20	6.80	41.91	36.71	39.44	
Kulattur	3.62	8.15	7.31	8.31	1.84	0.55	0.24	0.98	0.99	2.16	0.29	0.58	35.02	51.18	41.75	
Malaiyur	1.73	6.09	3.19	8.05	4.36	2.01	0.59	1.30	0.48	0.06	1.88	3.04	31.78	41.98	*40.62	*(Average for two faslis only, 1351 & 1352. New Station.)
Perungalur	2.28	4.78	2.15	12.01	1.83	1.13	0.39	0.40	0.98	1.49	0.15	4.02	31.61	47.34	51.53	
Ponnamaravathi	2.81	2.51	8.77	10.89	2.95	1.12	0.81	0.91	0.54	0.93	1.31	3.76	37.31	46.66	40.71	
Pudukkottai	3.86	6.63	5.52	12.62	2.89	1.24	0.81	0.50	1.17	0.34	1.19	4.52	41.29	49.65	45.48	
Tirumayam	4.52	2.70	6.95	12.44	3.92	1.67	0.58	1.99	0.35	0.71	0.61	3.56	40.00	37.46	39.67	
Udayalippatti	2.20	7.83	4.88	10.67	4.76	0.65	...	0.60	5.65	...	...	1.54	38.78	39.45	43.32	
Viralimalai	1.07	2.35	3.10	9.56	1.32	0.50	0.34	3.72	2.17	0.13	1.16	3.70	29.12	45.29	38.04	
Total	37.41	68.96	68.39	152.33	40.70	19.06	8.48	17.98	17.90	10.62	12.94	53.10	507.87	623.54	597.35	
Average	2.67	4.93	4.88	10.88	2.91	1.36	0.65	1.28	1.28	0.76	0.92	3.79	36.28	44.55	42.67	

STATEMENT V.

Statement of the prices of Staple Food-grains for Fasli 1353 (1943—1944).

Number.	Article.	During June of Fasli 1353.		During June of Fasli 1352.		Remarks.
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
				Seers per rupee.		
1	Rice ...	...	...	376	407	
2	Ragi ...	...	...	518	58	
3	Cholam ...	...	...	55	606	
4	Cumbu ...	...	...	479	445	

STATEMENT V-A.

Statement of the area cultivated under each crop and yield in Fasli 1353 (1943—1944).

Name of crop.	Area cultivated in acres.	Yield in tons.	Name of crop.	Area cultivated in acres.	Yield in tons.	Remarks.	Name of crop.	Area cultivated in acres.	Yield in tons.	Remarks.
Rice ...	1,34,796-96	1,12,331	Gingelly ...	...	622-78	204	Tobacco ...	...	...	...
Cholam ...	12,058-44	6,221	Ground-nut...	...	37,963-27	10,181	Betel vines...	...	...	23-35
Cumbu ...	4,422-67	483	Castor ...	...	182-81	...	Fodder crops	...	...	42-73
Ragi ...	26,122-72	14,654	Cocoanut ...	...	1,516-13	...	Mangoes ...	...	...	62-16
Maize ...	2,239-21	1,531	Oil seeds—other seeds	...	48-24	...	Plantains ...	...	...	1,122-47
Varagu ...	42,355-13	5,214	Chillies ...	...	1,054-97	1,133	Onions ...	...	...	165-06
Tenai ...	29-43	...	Coriander ...	...	11-26	...	Fruits and vegetables	...	...	3-40
Samai ...	1,918-52	531	Turnerie ...	...	0-18	...	Miscellaneous Food crops.	...	...	2,276-25
Other Cereals	106-43	...	Tamarind ...	...	72-57	...	Casuarina ...	...	...	1,533-69
Horse Gram ...	9,396-34	1,879	Other spices	...	16-93	...	Flowers ...	...	...	2,964-93
Red Gram ...	6,134-19	1,227	Sugar Cane ...	...	119-68	2,880	Miscellaneous crops.	...	...	257-65
Green Gram ...	2,533-82	507	Palmyra ...	...	218-02	...	Total	...	...	27,627-00
Black Gram...	5,007-43	1,232	Cotton ...	...	1,810-26	...				
Other Pulses	462-20	...	Pulichebai ...	...	1901	...				

STATEMENT V-B.

Statement showing particulars of the total area, the extent cultivated and the extent of mamul waste in patta lands, and Assessed waste in Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 (1943—1944).

Serial No.	Taluk.	Total extent of			Extent cultivated in			Mamul waste in			Remarks.
		Patta lands (including inams).	Assessed waste.	Patta lands (including inams).	Patta lands (including inams).	Assessed waste.	Poramboke.	Patta lands (including inams).	Assessed waste.		
1	Alangudi	I 1,44,351	4,503	23 1,10,090	22 346	66 921	49 34,261	76 4,156	57		
		II ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
2	Kulattur	I 1,92,647	6,270	35 1,173	62 6	43 203	97 15,993	80 4,039	79		
		II ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
3	Tirumayyan	I 1,89,002	6,520	34 3,919	18 11	51 0	53 178	93 19,088	04		
		II ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Total	I 4,76,002	17,293	92 3,16,651	32 1,428	46 1,304	39 69,343	66 10,896	40		
		II ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
	Total I and II crop	...	...	...	60 1,447	97 1,306	72	...	...		

7912-28
19-51
2-33
7934-127
319384-249
327318-4

STATEMENT VI.

Statement of Irrigation sources—Fasli 1353 (1943—1944).

Class.	Tanks irrigating 20 acres and less.		Tanks irrigating between 20 and 50 acres.		Tanks irrigating between 50 and 200 acres.		Tanks irrigating between 200 and 500 acres.		Tanks irrigating more than 500 acres.		Total.		Irrigation wells.		Remarks.
	In repair.	Requiring repairs.	In repair.	Requiring repairs.	In repair.	Requiring repairs.	In repair.	Requiring repairs.	In repair.	Requiring repairs.	In repair.	Requiring repairs.	Patta land.	Poramboke.	
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)						
Sirhar ...	1,215	...	787	...	75	...	...	...	10	...	2,747	...	...	...	
Private repairs	576	134	109	25	3	1	...	...	1	...	721	172	29,536	1,407	30,943
Private Inam	81	40	4	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	91	50			
	24	6	42	4	2	1	...	...	1	...	124	14			
Total	1,896	180	942	35	80	2	...	...	12	...	3,883	236	29,536	1,407	30,943

Number of live-stock and agricultural machinery and implements in Padukkottai State for Fasi 1353 (1943-1944).

[illegible]

STATEMENT VIII.

An abstract showing the gross extent of lands of every description in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Number.	ITEMS.	Extent of land in acres.	Revenue.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1	Total area of the State	7,53,588*	Rs. ...	A. ...
	DEDUCT—		P. ...	
2	Game preserves	32,236	...	...
3	Porambokes and unclassified lands	2,28,055	...	...
4	Assessed waste	17,294	...	...
	Total (Items 2 to 4)	2,77,585	...	...
	REMAINDER—	4,76,003	...	...
5	Occupied { Inam	1,35,794	1,20,532	0 3
	{ Ayan	3,40,209	7,60,533	11 5
	Total item 5	4,76,003	8,81,065	11 8

* 4 acres deficit owing to transfer from unsurveyed Forest and Resurvey in two villages.

STATEMENT VIII-A.

Statement showing the extent of assessed Ayan lands in the State in Fasli 1353 (1943—44).

Taluks.	Occupied.			Unoccupied.			Total.		
	Dry.	Wet.	Total.	Dry.	Wet.	Total.	Dry.	Wet.	Total.
Alangudi ...	87,018 95	85,521 76	1,22,540 71	3,410 57	1,092 66	4,503 23	90,429 52	86,614 42	1,27,043 94
Kulattur ...	90,614 29	41,123 29	1,31,737 58	4,742 50	1,527 85	6,270 35	95,856 79	42,651 14	1,38,007 93
Tirumayyam ...	44,874 75	41,055 49	85,930 24	5,308 66	1,211 68	6,520 34	50,189 41	42,267 17	92,456 58
Total ...	2,22,507 99	1,17,700 54	3,40,208 53	13,461 73	3,832 19	17,293 92	2,35,969 72	1,21,532 73	3,57,502 45

Note.—Figures for inam lands are not kept.

STATEMENT VIII-B.

Statement showing the area of bought-in lands in the State in Fasli 1353 (1943—44).

Taluk.	Area of bought-in lands.								Total.				Assigned during Fasli 1353 (1943—44).				Balance.								
	At the beginning of Fasli 1353 (1943—44).				Additions during Fasli 1353.								To ex-pattadars.		To others.										
	Wet.		Dry.		Wet.		Dry.		Wet.		Dry.		Wet.		Dry.		Wet.		Dry.						
	Ac.	C.	Ac.	C.	Ac.	C.	Ac.	C.	Ac.	C.	Ac.	C.	Ac.	C.	Ac.	C.	Ac.	C.	Ac.	C.					
Alangudi	...	767	13	2,950	18	2	11	8	87	769	24	2,959	05	12	44	245	33	120	35	887	22	696	45	2,326	50
Kulattur	...	963	34	3,398	52	6	65	23	11	1,172	58	3,321	63	110	68	177	77	243	44	954	32	695	70	1,709	34
						*202	59											†122	76	†480	20				
Tirumayyam	...	502	49	968	62	3	47	15	25	505	96	983	87	89	38	70	17	88	55	102	37	333	08	811	38
Total	...	2,232	96	7,217	32	12	23	47	28	2,447	78	7,264	55	212	50	493	27	447	34	1,443	91	1,665	18	4,847	17
						*202	59											†122	76	†480	20				

* Retransferred from Poramboke to assessed waste.

† Transferred to Poramboke.

STATEMENT IX.

Statement showing the Demand under Land Revenue in the Pudukkottai State for
Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

ITEMS. (1)	AS PER JAMABANDI OF FASLI 1353.		Remarks. (4)
	Extent of lands. (2)	Demand. (3)	
	ACRES.	Rs.	
Assessment on Ayan lands	3,40,209	7,60,534	
Quit-rent and cesses on Inam lands	1,35,794	1,20,532	
Assessment on Ayan lands occupied without patta	1,432	4,232	
Charges for occupation of Poramboke lands	1,300	14,371	
Water-rate	...	1,589	
Tree-revenue of all sorts	...	28,988	
Assignment of lands—value realised	...	50,156	
Sale-proceeds of House-sites in non-Chetti parts	...	4,363	
Land Revenue miscellaneous items	...	33,178	
Miscellaneous items not passing through village accounts.	...	2,096	
Total	4,78,735	10,20,039	
Deduct seasonal remissions	...	79,836	
Net demand	...	9,40,203	

STATEMENT IX-A.

Statement showing the number of pattas of various values in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Classification of pattas.	Single or joint.	Alangudi taluk.	Kulattur taluk.	Tiru- mayyam taluk.	Total.	Re- marks.
Rs. 10 and less	Single ...	33,081	26,332	24,565	83,978	
	Joint ...	8,912	5,634	7,569	22,115	
Rs. 30 and less but over Rs. 10	Single ...	3,649	4,616	3,742	12,007	
	Joint ...	1,575	1,528	1,572	4,675	
Rs. 50 and less but over Rs. 30	Single ...	680	1,036	642	2,358	
	Joint ...	394	320	356	1,070	
Rs. 100 and less but over Rs. 50	Single ...	266	381	374	1,021	
	Joint ...	122	138	182	442	
Rs. 250 and less but over Rs. 100	Single ...	91	124	162	377	
	Joint ...	30	38	66	134	
Rs. 500 and less but over Rs. 250	Single ...	13	21	35	69	
	Joint ...	6	5	24	35	
Rs. 1,000 and less but over Rs. 500	Single ...	...	4	6	10	
	Joint ...	...	2	6	8	
Over Rs. 1,000	Single ...	...	...	1	1	
	Joint ...	...	...	...	...	
Total	Single ...	37,780	32,514	29,527	99,821	
	Joint ...	11,039	7,665	9,775	28,479	
Grand Total		48,819	40,179	39,302	1,28,800	

STATEMENT IX-B.

Statement showing the number of pattas classified according to the extent of holdings in the
Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

S. No.	Classification of pattas.	Ayan and Inam.				Remarks.
		Alangudi taluk.	Kulattur taluk.	Tiru- mayyam taluk.	Total.	
1	Less than 5 acres	35,840	30,739	27,832	94,411	
2	5 acres or more but less than 10 acres	6,543	5,001	2,892	14,436	
2	10 acres or more but less than 25 acres	2,263	2,785	1,184	6,232	
4	25 acres or more but less than 50 acres	536	597	260	1,393	
5	50 acres or more but less than 100 acres	152	172	97	421	
6	100 acres or more	11	48	36	95	
	Total	45,345	39,342	32,301	1,16,988	

STATEMENT X.

Statement showing the Talukwar particulars of the Land Revenue Demand, Collection and Balance for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Taluk.	Demand.	Collection.			Balance.	Excess collection to be adjusted in the next fasli, i. e., 1354.	Percentage of balance to demand.	
		Treasury collection.	Excess collection of previous fasli adjusted including amount written off.	Total.			In the fasli.	In the last fasli.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Alangudi ...	2,83,007	2,90,674	6,111	2,96,785	831	14,609	0.29	0.40
Kulattur ...	3,34,429	3,70,424	4,918	3,75,342	16	40,929	0.03	...
Tirumayyam ...	3,20,671	3,24,735	19,909	3,44,644	...	23,973	...	0.50
Miscellaneous items which do not pass through village accounts.	2,096	2,096	...	2,096	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	9,40,203	9,87,929	30,938	10,18,867	847	79,511	0.09	0.29

STATEMENT XI.

Statement showing the Talukwar particulars of the Demand, Collection and Balance of Old arrears under all items for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Taluk.	Demand.	Collection.			Balance.	Excess collection to be adjusted in the next fasli, i. e., 1354.	Percentage of balance to demand.	
		Treasury collection.	Excess collection of previous fasli adjusted including amount written off.	Total.			In the fasli.	In the last fasli.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Alangudi ...	1,777	1,479	329	1,808	...	31	...	2.4
Kulattur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tirumayyam ...	2,056	1,754	331	2,085	...	29	...	2.7
Total ...	3,833	3,233	660	3,893	...	60	...	1.8

STATEMENT XII.

Fasliwar details for the balance of Old arrears, as per Statement No. XI Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Name of the Taluks.	Up to Fasli 1346.	Fasli 1347.	Fasli 1348.	Fasli 1349.	Fasli 1350.	Fasli 1351.	Total.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Alangudi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kulattur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Tirumayyam ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

STATEMENT XII-A.

Statement showing the details of processes issued for the realisation of Land Revenue in the Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Taluk.	MOVABLES.				Property sold. No. of sales held.	IMMOVABLES.									
	No. of defaulters.	Amount of arrears.				No. of defaulters.	Amount of arrears.		No. of sales pending orders at the beginning of the fasli.	No. of sales held during the fasli.	Total of columns 7 and 8.	No. of sales confirmed.	No. of sales not confirmed.	No. of sales pending final orders at the close of the fasli.	
(1)	(2)	(3)			(4)	(5)	(6)		(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
		Rs.	A.	P.			Rs.	A.	P.						
Alangudi	19	549	12	10	1	95	1,585	15	8	5	22	27	8	18	1
Kulattur	132	3,438	0	9	...	63	5,887	12	0	...	16	16	7	8	1
Tirumayyam	41	926	4	5	2	21	2,708	15	5	3	19	22	13	9	...
Total	192	4,914	2	0	3	179	10,127	11	1	8	57	65	28	35	2

STATEMENT XIII.

Excise D. C. B. Statement for Fasil 1353 (1943-1944) Current and Arrear.

Items. (1)	Demand for Fasil 1352. (2)		Demand for Fasil 1353. (3)		Treasury collection. (4)		Excess collection of previous fasli adjusted. (5)		Amount written off. (6)		Total collection. (7)		Balance. (8)		Excess collection. (9)		Remarks. (10)
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
<i>Country Liquor—</i>																	
(a) Manufacturing cost ...	19,375	4 2	50,036	4 0	50,036	4 0	...	...	...	...	50,036	4 0	...	...	...	...	
(b) Duty ...	70,525	15 21	30,112	15 0	30,112	15 0	...	...	...	...	30,112	15 0	...	...	...	...	
(c) Shop licence fees ... (i) Current	28,016	0 0	58,656	0 0	58,727	0 0	...	...	...	...	58,727	0 0	...	...	71 0 0	...	
(ii) Arrear ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
<i>Toddy—</i>																	
(a) Shop licence fees ... (i) Current	1,75,884	0 0	2,71,722	0 0	2,72,484	0 0	1,012	4 0	...	...	2,73,496	4 0	280	0 0	2,054	4 0	
(ii) Arrear ...	1,162	0 0	1,980	0 0	1,980	0 0	...	...	...	...	1,980	0 0	...	...	...	...	
(b) Tree-tax ... (i) Current	1,04,647	8 0	1,22,822	13 0	1,23,293	0 0	8,491	11 6	123	12 0	1,31,908	7 6	105	0 0	9,190	10 6	
(ii) Arrear ...	222	15 0	221	2 0	167	4 0	...	...	...	...	167	4 0	53	14 0	...	...	
<i>Opium—</i>																	
(a) Shop licence fees ... (i) Current	5,412	0 0	19,092	0 0	18,097	0 0	...	...	1,001	0 0	19,098	0 0	...	...	6	...	
(ii) Arrear ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(b) Sale proceeds ...	6,327	0 0	5,973	12 0	5,973	12 0	...	...	...	...	5,973	12 0	...	...	...	...	
<i>Ganja—</i>																	
(a) Shop licence fees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(b) Sale proceeds ...	4,710	0 0	5,202	8 0	5,202	8 0	...	...	...	...	5,202	8 0	...	...	...	...	
<i>Foreign Liquor—</i>																	
(a) Shop licence fees ... (i) Current	4,550	0 0	20,736	0 0	20,736	0 0	...	...	...	...	20,736	0 0	...	...	...	...	
(ii) Arrear ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(b) Duty ...	4,058	5 1	9,750	13 1	9,750	13 1	...	...	...	...	9,750	13 1	...	...	...	...	
<i>Country Beer—</i>																	
(a) Shop licence fees ... (i) Current	4,212	0 0	14,472	0 0	14,472	0 0	...	...	...	...	14,472	0 0	...	...	...	...	
(ii) Arrear ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(b) Duty ...	2,998	12 0	2,650	0 0	2,650	0 0	...	...	...	...	2,650	0 0	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous ...	2,417	15 2	4,391	14 3	4,391	14 3	...	...	...	...	4,391	14 3	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	4,34,514	10	77,17,820	1 47	18,074	6 4	9,503	15 6	1,124	12 07	28,703	1 10	438	14 0	11,321	14 6	

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STATEMENT XIV.

Statement showing the area fit for planting and dibbling, the extent actually operated upon, the number and kinds of plants planted, etc., in the various plantations in Fasil 1353 (1943-1944).

No. (1)	Name of plantations and jungles. (2)	Area till the close of Fasil 1351 (in acres). (3)	Vacated area during the fasli (in acres). (4)	Total area available (in acres). (5)	Area operated upon (in acres). (6)		No. of plants put out. (8)	Names of species planted or sown. (9)	Area remaining at the end of the fasli 1352 (in acres). (10)	Remarks. (11)
					Planting. (6)	Dibbling. (7)				
1	Vellar and Kavinadu topes ...	162	...	162	18	...	18,000	Casuarina	144	
2	Perungalur West tope ...	56	32.5	88.5	20	...	20,000	Do.	68.5	
3	Do. East tope ...	32	38	70	15	...	15,000	Do.	55	
4	Varappur West tope ...	27.39	26	53.39	...	...	...	...	53.39	
5	Do. East tope ...	42	36	78	17	...	17,000	Casuarina	61	
6	Malaiyur cashew tope ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Rasiyamangalam cashew tope ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	Tirumayyam East and West topes ...	70	...	70	...	...	...	...	70	
9	Mirattunilai casuarina tope ...	40	...	40	...	...	...	...	40	
10	Virakkudi and Vytikovil topes ...	65	205	270	...	...	...	...	270	
11	Annavasal Casuarina tope ...	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	15	
Total ...		509.39	337.5	846.89	70	...	70,000	Casuarina	776.89	

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STATEMENT XV.

D. C. B. Statement of the Forest department for Fasli 1353 (1943—1944) Current and Arrear.

No.	Items.	Demand for Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.				Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.	
			Demand.		Collection.					Balance.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)		(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
1	Reserve Forests	...	26,978	10 11	39,847	1 0	39,847	1 0	...	...
2	Plantations	...	17,631	15 1	47,484	13 6	47,427	10 11	57	...
3	Quarries	...	15,450	8 0	18,472	9 0	18,472	9 0	...	...
4	Miscellaneous	...	6,018	13 9	6,552	3 9	6,552	3 9	...	...
	Total	...	66,079	15	91,12,356	11	31,12,299	8 8	57	...
	Refund as per Statement No. 1-B	...	34	0 0	88	0 0	88	0 0	...	...
	Balance	...	66,045	15	91,12,268	11	31,12,211	8 8	57	...

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STATEMENT XVI.

Registration of documents in the Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1353 (1943—1944).

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		NATURE OF THE DOCUMENTS PRESENTED.											Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registration was refused.		Documents pending enquiry at the close of the fasli.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.	Sale-deeds.	Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	
Pudukkottai ...	19,458	20,586	4,920	5,168	13,457	14,381	58	77	10	3	1,013	937	19,295	20,506	76,87,537	75,27,571	52	60	41	61		

STATEMENT XVII.

Statement showing the quantity of the work done, the revenue collected and the expenditure incurred by the Registration Department during Fasli 1353 (1943—1944).

Names of offices.	Number of documents relating to immovable property.		Number of documents relating to movable property.		Wills and authorities to adopt.		Total number of documents.		Value of documents.		Number of documents registered on payment of penalty.		Number of attendances at private residences.		Number of documents of which registration was refused.		Number of searches made.		Number of copies of documents given.		Number of memoranda forwarded.		Number of memoranda received.		Number of powers of attorney attested.		Number of documents returned to parties on payment of safe custody fees.		Receipts after deducting registration refunds.		Expenditure.		Difference.		Remarks.		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)																		
Pudukkottai	...	2,834	64	29	2,927	24,60,835	19	36	10	1,853	989	165	8	5	112	20,638	10 6	8,674	15 5	+11,963	11 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Alangudi	...	3,366	44	5	3,415	7,46,330	65	...	19	51	48	1	18	...	123	5,400	3 3	3,174	9 6	+2,225	9 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Karambakkudi	...	2,436	12	4	2,452	3,81,249	15	3	12	15	25	...	6	...	110	3,160	6 0	3,343	7 6	—183	1 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Perungalur	...	2,131	18	5	2,154	3,54,163	22	3	8	26	31	1	18	...	71	2,804	0 3	3,130	12 5	—326	12 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Tirumayam	...	1,640	61	9	1,710	10,94,468	3	9	3	88	74	10	31	1	57	5,120	7 6	3,448	14 9	+1,671	8 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Ponnamaravathi	...	1,398	30	10	1,938	8,90,271	9	9	2	57	72	5	20	1	38	4,969	4 3	3,361	9 10	+1,607	10 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kilalilai	...	968	11	6	985	2,85,510	4	2	1	51	20	3	9	...	15	1,181	1 6	3,000	7 0	—1,819	5 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kulattur	...	2,072	44	5	2,121	4,64,105	17	1	3	23	23	2	14	...	84	3,117	0 3	2,828	12 6	+288	3 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Viraimalai	...	1,380	9	2	1,391	3,57,175	9	...	2	13	17	...	6	...	24	2,390	10 9	2,702	12 0	—312	1 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Arnavasal	...	1,400	11	2	1,413	4,93,465	8	1	1	36	34	2	55	...	40	2,603	0 9	2,513	4 6	+89	12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	...	20,125	304	77	20,506	75,27,571	171	64	61	2,213	1,333	189	189	7	674	52,014	13 0	36,171	7 5	+15,843	5 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Deduct 1/4 of the expenditure debitable to Law & Justice Courts of Law.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Net	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

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STATEMENT XVIII.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Description.	Fasli 1352.			Fasli 1353.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
Book I (relating to immovable property).	19,025	Rs. 72,94,276	Rs. A. P.	20,125	Rs. 71,82,808	Rs. A. P.	
Book IV (relating to movable property).	312	3,93,261	52,670 4 6	304	4,44,763	*52,014 13 0	
Book III (Wills and authorities to adopt).	58	...	...	77	...	...	
Other receipts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	19,395	76,87,537	52,670 4 6	20,506	76,27,571	52,014 13 0	
Deduct expenditure ...	...	...	...	...	...	27,128 9 7	
Net profit ...	...	...	...	...	...	24,886 3 5	

* This figure excludes a sum of Rs. 365-5-0 collected during the fasli unremitted, a sum of Rs. 69-10-0 refunded to the party and includes Rs. 195-0-0 collected in the previous fasli but remitted in this fasli.

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STATEMENT XIX.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each offence in the Courts of the several Magistrates for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Nomenclature of Offence with Chapter and section of the Indian Penal Code or other Law applicable.	Sections of the I. P. C.	NUMBER OF CASES.								NUMBER OF PERSONS.									REMARKS.		
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	Cases found to be true of offences reported in		(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	Convicted.				(18)			
						Previous year.	Current year.							Males.	Females.	Adults.	Juveniles.			Males.	Females.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)			
<i>Indian Penal Code.</i>																					
VIII. Offences against public peace and tranquility.	141-160	7	12	1	8	3	1	18	6	263	87	58	45	...	...	...	73				
X. Contempt of lawful authority of public servants.	172-190	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	51				
XI. False evidence and offences against public justice.	191-229	...	15	...	4	...	5	15	6	18	...	7	5	...	...	...	6				
XIV. Offences affecting the public health etc.	268-294A	2	30	...	...	2	23	32	7	32	...	...	19	5	...	1	7				
XV. Offences relating to Religion ...	295-298	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...				
XVI. (a) Offences affecting life ...	299-311	9	10	1	9	2	1	18	6	102	18	6	2	1	...	...	75				
(b) Hurt ...	319-338	62	408	25	281	27	45	442	92	1,981	65	716	76	2	...	...	222				
(c) Wrongful restraint or confinement.	339-348	1	3	...	3	...	1	4	...	16	6	8	2	...	...	...	...				
(d) Criminal force or assault ...	349-358	22	85	2	71	5	7	104	22	237	31	152	12	...	...	...	42				
(e) Kidnapping, forcible abduction, etc.	359-374	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	6				

xxxvii

Statement showing the number of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each offence in the Courts of the several Magistrates for Fasil 1353 (1943-1944) - cont.

Nomenclature of Offence with Chapter and section of the Indian Penal Code or other Law applicable.	Sections of the I. P. C.	NUMBER OF CASES.								NUMBER OF PERSONS.									REMARKS.	
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	Cases found to be true of offences reported in		(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	Convicted.			(17)		(18)
							Cr. Pro. Code.	Other cases found to be false.							Adults.	Males.	Females.			
(1)	(2)	Offences reported in, and pending from previous year.	Offences reported during the year.	Complaints dismissed under Section 203, Cr. Pro. Code.	Other cases found to be false.	Previous year.	Current year.	Brought to trial during the year.	Pending at the end of the year.	Under trial during the year including received by transfer and pending from previous year.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Discharged or acquitted.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Remaining under trial at the end of the year.	(19)		
XVII. Offences against property—																				
(a) Theft ...	378-382	83	465	15	140	48	265	482	80	1,067	85	395	346	4	34	...	...	203		
(b) Extortion ...	383-389	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	10	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...		
(c) Robbery and dacoity ...	390-402	4	7	2	2	1	4	9	2	18	...	6	5	...	...	...	7			
(d) Criminal breach of trust ...	405-409	10	46	4	19	6	12	52	15	81	19	25	20	...	...	...	17			
(e) Receiving of stolen property.	410-414	4	11	4	5	1	2	11	3	11	...	5	3	...	...	...	3			
(f) Cheating ...	415-420	4	10	2	8	1	2	12	1	13	...	9	3	...	...	...	1			
(g) Fraudulent deeds and dispossession of property.	421-424	12	36	5	15	5	10	43	13	122	16	72	18	1	...	...	15			
(h) Mischief ...	425-440	9	57	2	34	3	11	64	16	204	5	121	20	...	...	...	58			
(i) Criminal trespass ...	441-462	10	58	2	31	2	25	74	8	180	15	109	40	1	...	...	15			
XVIII. Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks.	463-489	...	6	1	2	...	...	5	3	22	...	19	...	...	...	...	3			
XIX. Criminal breach of contracts of service.	490-492	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...			
XX. Offences relating to marriage ...	493-498	1	1	...	1	...	...	2	1	5	...	3	...	...	...	...	2			
XXI. Defamation ...	499-502	4	15	2	9	2	3	17	3	23	...	14	4	1	...	...	4			
XXII. Criminal intimidation and insult.	503-510	20	129	19	105	1	6	130	18	188	1	155	8	1	...	...	23			
I. P. C. Total ...	...	266	1,409	87	749	109	424	1,540	306	3,753	353	1,887	629	16	34	1	833			

(Cases under the provisions of)																			
Criminal Procedure Code.																			
VIII. Security to keep the peace ...	106-107	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Security for good behaviour ...	109-110	5	27	...	...	5	26	32	1	32	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	1	...
Total ...	...	5	27	...	...	5	26	32	1	32	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Laws.																			
1. Akbari Regulation ...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Arms Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Artisan Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Cattle Trespass Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Criminal Tribes Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Cruelty to animals Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7. Defence of India Rules ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Elementary Education Regulation.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Forests Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Gambling Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Hackney Carriage Regulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Hoarding Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Indian Companies' Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. Irrigation Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15. Municipal Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Motor Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Police Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Sanitary Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19. Stamp Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20. Traffic Regulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21. Tolls Regulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	234	5,980	4	790	210	4,894	6,142	316	6,276	9	865	4,347	765	7	1	232	...	...
Total of Indian Penal Code cases ...	...	266	1,409	87	749	109	424	1,540	306	3,753	353	1,887	629	16	34	1	833	...	...
Total of cases under other laws ...	...	234	5,980	4	790	210	4,894	6,142	316	6,276	...	865	4,347	765	7	1	232	...	...
Total of cases under the security sections, etc., of the Criminal Procedure Code.	...	5	27	...	...	5	26	32	1	32	...	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	...	505	7,416	91	1,539	324	5,344	7,714	623	10,061	362	2,752	5,007	781	41	2	1,116	...	...

STATEMENT XXI.

Statement showing the number and general results of enquiries and trials in Criminal Courts—Original jurisdiction for Faoi 1353 (1943–1944).

[illegible]

STATEMENT

Statement showing the punishments inflicted by Criminal Courts

Name of the Courts.	Transportation.	Penal servitude.	Impri- sonment.		For- feiture of property.		Fine.		Whipping.				Total (of columns 2 to 5, 7, 9, 12 and 13).	No. of persons ordered to find or give.			No. of persons im- prisoned in default of secu- rity for good be- haviour.		
			Rigorous.	Simple.	In addition to other punishment.	Without other punishment.	With imprisonment.	Without imprisonment.	In addition to other punish- ment.		In view of other punish- ment.			Recogni- sance or security to keep the peace.	Security for good behaviour.				
									Juveniles.	Others.	Juveniles.	Others.							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
Sessions Court	...	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief Magistrate	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Additional Chief Magistrate	...	...	88	...	...	...	8	26	...	...	22	...	136	...	...	31	12	2	29
Assistant I class Magistrate	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stationary II class Magistrate, Alangudi.	...	...	28	7	...	...	5	482	...	...	...	...	467	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Kulattur	...	...	27	...	...	...	4	268	...	...	...	...	295	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Tirumayyam	...	...	212	6	...	...	2	196	...	...	...	...	414	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Town	...	...	38	6	...	...	1	1632	...	...	...	...	1676	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special II class Magistrate, Tirumayyam.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III class Magistrate, Annavasal.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	209	...	...	...	...	209	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Karambakkudi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	...	...	...	...	120	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Kilanilai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	266	...	...	...	...	266	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Perungalur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	288	...	...	...	...	288	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Ponnamaravathi.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	253	...	...	...	...	253	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Tirumayyam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	...	...	...	...	90	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Viralimalai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	265	...	...	...	...	265	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bench Court, Tirumayyam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	103	...	...	...	...	103	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Town	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1200	...	...	...	...	1200	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	394	19	...	...	20	5353	...	...	22	...	5788	...	...	31	12	2	29

XXII.

(Original Jurisdiction) in the State for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Total No. of persons convicted 16, 17 and 18).	Details of ordinary punishments.																				No. of boys whose sentences were converted to detention in a Reformatory School.
	Number of persons fined.						Amount of fines realised.		Amount paid by way of compensa- tion under Section 545, Cr. P. C.	Rigorous.					Simple.						
	Rs. 10 and under.	Rs. 50 and under.	Rs. 100 and under.	Rs. 500 and under.	Rs. 1,000 and under.	Above Rs. 1,000.	Amount of fines imposed.	Out of those imposed during the year.	Out of those imposed in the previous year.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.	2 years and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.	2 years and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.		
(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)
43	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	...	...	1	27	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	...	2	...	...	...	...	60 0 0	60 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
179	2	13	17	2	...	...	2,666 0 0	1,674 4 0	151 4 0	...	...	...	33	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	...	2	1	...	...	...	165 0 0	165 0 0	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
467	...	430	6	1	...	...	3,113 4 0	1,559 10 0	222 0 0	35 0 0	...	28	...	...	...	3	4	...	...	...	...
295	201	69	2	...	...	...	2,211 0 0	1,604 0 0	640 0 0	10 0 0	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
414	149	48	1	...	...	...	2,092 15 11	1,743 14 0	349 1 11	60 0 0	86	126	...	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...
1676	1617	7	9	...	...	...	4,032 0 0	3,678 0 0	354 0 0	79 8 0	...	38	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
209	209	...	...	...	...	...	707 14 0	651 6 0	108 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
120	120	...	...	...	...	...	122 12 0	122 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
266	264	2	...	...	...	...	603 5 0	603 5 0	75 0 0	2 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
288	288	...	...	...	...	...	663 6 0	623 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
253	245	8	...	...	...	...	744 12 0	738 12 0	...	35 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
90	80	10	...	...	...	...	506 14 0	446 14 0	60 0 0	4 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
265	263	2	...	...	...	...	299 15 0	299 15 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
108	108	...	...	...	...	...	106 12 0	106 4 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1200	1200	...	...	...	...	...	1,881 12 0	1,825 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5831	4741	598	86	8	...	...	19,427 9 11	15,397 10 0	1,959 13 11	225 14 0	86	253	55	...	...	7	12	...	...	...	...

STATEMENT XXIII.

Annual Statement showing the business of the Criminal Courts as Courts of Appeal and Revision for Fasi 1353 (1943-1944).

Name of the Court.	Number of Appeals and cases for Revision.				Duration in days of cases in col. 9.		Number of appellants and persons concerned in cases for revision.														Remarks.							
	For Trial.				Aggregate.	Average.	For Trial.				Disposed of.																	
	Pending from last year.	Registered during the year.	Taken up <i>suo motu</i> .	Received by transfer or on reference.			Total.	Transferred or in which the appellant died or escaped.	Remainder.	Disposed of.	Still pending.	Pending from last year.	Whose appeals or applications were filed during the year.	Received by transfer or on reference.	Taken up otherwise than on application.	Total.	Transferred or who died or escaped.	Remainder.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.		Sentence or order reduced or otherwise modified.	Sentence reversed.	Proceedings quashed or order reversed.	New trial or further enquiry ordered.	Referred.	Total (of cols. 20 to 26).	Still pending.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)
I. CRIMINAL—APPEALS.																												
A. Chief Court—Appellate side.																												
(i) by the accused	2	29	...	...	31	...	31	27	4	2,157	79.89	2	47	...	...	49	...	49	...	32	6	5	2	...	...	45	4	
(ii) by the Sirkar	1	6	...	...	7	...	7	6	1	640	106.51	1	6	...	...	7	...	7	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	6	1	
B. Chief Court—Original Sessions side.																												
(i) by the accused	7	47	...	...	54	...	54	52	2	3,015	57.98	13	60	...	...	73	...	73	8	42	3	10	...	...	...	63	10	
(ii) by the Sirkar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
C. Court of the Chief Magistrate																												
D. Court of the Additional Chief Magistrate.																												
E. Court of the Assistant 1st class "	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	35	35.00	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Total	33	200	...	1	234	...	233	209	24	11,005	52.66	73	335	1	...	409	1	408	8	215	23	100	2	...	...	348	60	
II. CRIMINAL—REVISION PETITIONS.																												
A. Chief Court—Appellate side.																												
(i) by the accused	7	36	...	...	43	...	43	40	3	2,414	60.35	20	60	...	...	80	...	80	...	65	...	12	...	...	...	77	3	
(ii) by references	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(iii) by complainants	5	30	...	...	35	...	35	34	1	2,341	68.85	28	81	...	...	109	...	109	...	78	1	28	1	...	...	108	1	
B. Chief Court—Original Sessions side.																												
C. Court of the Chief Magistrate	8	7	...	...	10	...	10	8	2	745	33.12	9	40	...	...	49	...	49	...	17	...	...	...	8	...	20	29	
D. Court of the Additional Chief Magistrate.	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	37	37.00	...	8	...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	
E. Court of the Assistant 1st class "	2	51	...	...	53	...	53	46	7	1,926	41.86	2	203	...	...	205	...	205	...	124	1	...	...	54	...	179	26	
Total	17	125	...	...	142	...	142	129	13	7,463	57.85	59	392	...	...	451	...	451	...	292	2	40	1	57	...	392	59	
Grand Total of Criminal Appeals and Revision Petitions.	50	325	...	1	376	...	375	338	37	...	...	132	727	1	...	860	1	359	8	507	25	140	3	57	...	740	119	

alix

STATEMENT XXIII-A.

Comparative statement showing the number of cases disposed of in the courts of the several Magistrates and the No. of cases in which the sentences or orders were modified or set aside in appeal or revision. (Vide Darbar's D. Dia. 931 of 37, dated 13-5-37). Fasi 1353 (1943-1944).

Name of the Court.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Chief Magistrate's Court	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Additional Chief Magistrate's Court	...	180	24	6	143	7	8	...	...	...	47	6	...	...	12.77	...
Assistant I class Magistrate	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Sub-Magistrate's Court, Alangudi	...	769	97	22	467	183	11	2	...	...	27	10	36.36	...	37.04	...
Do. Kulattur	...	433	23	12	254	144	9	1	...	...	23	9	11.11	...	39.13	...
Do. Tirumayyam.	...	973	31	7	390	545	10	3	...	...	28	9	30.00	...	32.14	...
Do. Town	...	1,781	57	1	1,655	68	8	2	...	...	19	8	25.00	...	42.11	...
Taluk II class Magistrate's Court, Tirumayyam.	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III class Magistrate's Court, Annarasal	...	241	5	6	203	27	1	...	...	...	8	1	...	...	12.50	...
Do. Karambakkudi	...	169	11	5	116	37	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Kilanilai	...	331	4	2	266	59	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	100.00	...
Do. Perungalur	...	351	4	50	287	10	...	...	...	...	3	1	50.00	...	33.33	...
Do. Ponnamaravathi.	...	317	37	11	251	18	...	...	...	...	4	2	...	...	50.00	...
Do. Tirumayyam	...	91	11	2	63	15	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Viraimalai	...	313	...	...	264	49	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	50.00	...
Bench Court, Tirumayyam	...	105	2	103	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Bench Court, Town	...	1,237	...	...	1,200	37	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	100.00	...
Total	...	7,298	306	227	5,565	1,200	52	9	...	...	170	49	17.31	...	28.82	...

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STATEMENT XXIV.

Statement showing the general results of the trial of Civil Suits on the Original and Small-Cause sides of the Chief Court and in the Rural Small-Cause and Panchayat Courts, Pudukkottai, during Fasil 1353 (1943-1944).

trial of Civil Suits on the Original and Small-Cause sides of the C
Panchayat Courts, Pudukkottai, during Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Nature of suits and tribunal.	Suits for disposal.								Suits disposed of.												Average duration.	(26) Remarks.						
	(1)	(2) Pending at the commencement of the fasli.	(3) Filed during the fasli.	(4) Re-admitted or received by remand.	(5) Received from other courts.	(6) Total.	(7) Transferred to other courts.	(8) Balance for disposal.	Without contest.						On reference to arbitration.		On oath.		With contest.				(20) Otherwise disposed of.	(21) Total.	(22) Pending at the close of the fasli.	(23) Number of cases pending for more than 3 months at the close of the fasli.	(24) Contested.	(25) Uncontested.
									(9) Without trial.	(10) Compromised.	(11) Deceased on confession.	(12) Deceased ex parte.	(13) Dismissed ex parte.	(14) For Plaintiff.	(15) For Defendant.	(16) For Plaintiff.	(17) For Defendant.	(18) For Plaintiff.	(19) For Defendant.									

CHIEF COURT ORIGINAL SIDE—																										
Chief Judge's Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st Trial Court	...	291	322	18	4	635	3	632	35	22	23	87	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd Trial Court	...	236	322	11	8	577	6	571	28	33	15	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd Trial Court	...	284	323	18	4	629	5	624	11	5	19	71	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	811	967	47	16*	1,841	14	1,827	74	60	57	236	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CHIEF COURT SMALL CAUSE SIDE.																										
1st Trial Court	...	26	112	1	5	144	19	125	18	3	10	62	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2nd Trial Court	...	20	112	3	...	135	15	120	18	1	18	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3rd Trial Court	...	17	112	1	...	130	10	120	8	...	21	48	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	63	336	5	5	409	44	365	44	4	49	157	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Registrar, Small Cause	...	44	516	11	41	612	4	608	65	7	77	233	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	107	852	16	46	1,021	48†	973	109	11	126	390	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

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12

12

Name of the Court.	No. of Police cases disposed of.	Number out of those in col. 2 in which the accused pleaded guilty.	The proportion (in percentage) which col. 3 bears to column 2.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Chief Magistrate's Court ...	2	...	Per cent.
Additional Chief Magistrate's Court ...	148	32	...
Assistant I class Magistrate's Court ...	3	...	21.62
Sub-Magistrate's Court, Alangudi ...	86	29	...
Do. Kulattur ...	162	137	80.56
Do. Tirumayyam ...	141	115	84.51
Do. Town ...	346	338	81.56
Taluk II class Magistrate's Court, Tirumayyam ...	...	...	97.69
Do. Town ...	...	...	...
III class Magistrate's Court, Annavasal ...	36	36	...
Do. Karambakkudi ...	106	106	100.00
Do. Kilanilai ...	185	178	100.00
Do. Perungalur ...	88	88	96.22
Do. Ponnamaravathi ...	164	164	100.00
Do. Tirumayyam ...	...	...	100.00
Do. Viralimalai ...	97	95	...
Bench Court, Tirumayyam ...	111	103	97.94
Do. Town ...	1,094	1,094	92.79
			100.00
Total ...	2,719	2,515	92.50

STATEMENT XXIV—cont.

Statement showing the general results of the trial of Civil suits on the Original and Small-Cause sides of the Chief Court and in the Rural Small-Cause and Panchayat Courts, Pudukkottai, during Faslî 1353 (1943-1944)—cont.

Nature of suits and tribunal.	Suits for disposal.								Suits disposed of.												Average duration.		Remarks.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	Without contest.				On reference or arbitration.		On oath.		With contest.		(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)		(24)	(25)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
									Pending at the commencement of the fasli.	Filed during the fasli.	Re-admitted or received by remand.	Received from other courts.	Total.	Transferred to other courts.	Balance for disposal.	Without trial.	Compromised.	Deceon on confession.								Deceon ex parte.	Dismissed ex parte.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	Otherwise disposed of.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							

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STATEMENT XXV.

Statement showing the number and description of Civil suits instituted and disposed of in the Chief Court on its Original side during Faslî 1353 (1943-1944).

Nature and description of.	Suits for money or movable property.										Suits relating to immovable property.								Other suits.								Grand Total of Cols. 1 to 28.	
	On written obligation.		On unwritten obligation.		On accounts stated.	For goods sold.	For rent of house.	For rent of land.	For recovery of movable property or of its value.	For damages.	For contribution.	Total.	For recovery of immovable property.	To declare and establish rights to immovable property including pre-emption, foreclosure, etc.	Other suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Suits relating to religious endowments.	Total.	For rendering of accounts.	To set aside judgments, contracts or obligations on the ground of fraud.	Suits for enforcement of matrimonial rights.	Suits for partition.	Suits relating to religion and caste.	Inter-pleader suits.	Agency and partnership suits.	For maintenance.	Other suits.		Total.
	For money or money secured by pledge, etc., of movables.	For money charged upon immovable property.	For money or money secured by pledge, etc., of movables.	For money charged upon immovable property.																								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)
Suits filed	265	266	10	1	7	2	33	7	4	52	1	648	30	119	16	...	165	29	6	...	34	...	2	...	6	126	203	1,016
Suits disposed of	307	276	30	...	6	8	27	18	9	47	...	728	51	89	8	...	148	26	5	...	28	...	1	...	7	96	163	1,039

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STATEMENT XXVI.

Statement showing the number and value of suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the State of Pudukkottai during Fasil 1353 (1943-1944).

Nature of suits and Tribunal.	Number of suits instituted, the value of each is															Total value of suits.	Remarks.	
	(2) Not exceeding Rs. 10.	(3) Not exceeding Rs. 20.	(4) Not exceeding Rs. 30.	(5) Not exceeding Rs. 40.	(6) Not exceeding Rs. 50.	(7) Not exceeding Rs. 100.	(8) Not exceeding Rs. 200.	(9) Not exceeding Rs. 300.	(10) Not exceeding Rs. 500.	(11) Not exceeding Rs. 1,000.	(12) Not exceeding Rs. 5,000.	(13) Not exceeding Rs. 10,000.	(14) Exceeding Rs. 10,000.	(15) Not capable of valuation in money.	(16) Total.			
CHIEF COURT ORIGINAL SIDE—																		
Chief Judge's Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. ...	A. ...	P. ...
1st Trial Court	1	4	7	9	3	22	37	72	53	57	52	7	8	8	340	3,47,153	8	2
2nd Trial Court	...	6	4	6	3	25	31	66	56	50	48	14	7	17	333	5,42,264	7	10
3rd Trial Court	1	6	2	6	7	28	47	58	55	56	44	10	6	15	341	3,99,689	4	7
Total	2	16	13	21	13	75	115	196	164	163	144	31	21	40	1,014	12,89,107	4	7
CHIEF COURT SMALL CAUSE SIDE—																		
Chief Judge's Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1st Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	15	17	...	...	...	...	...	113	19,652	15	7
2nd Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	83	21	11	...	...	...	...	...	115	21,443	12	7
3rd Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	81	17	15	...	...	...	...	...	113	21,845	2	2
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	245	53	43	...	...	...	...	...	341	62,941	14	4
Registrar, Small Cause	9	31	41	66	62	189	129	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	527	37,664	9	10
Total	9	31	41	66	62	189	374	53	43	...	...	...	...	...	868	1,00,606	8	2
RURAL SMALL CAUSE COURTS—																		
Small Cause Judge at Alangudi	35	57	54	69	34	126	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	375	17,793	15	8
" Annavasal	17	14	12	10	6	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	78	2,243	3	11
" Karambakkudi	6	28	37	47	34	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	223	9,820	13	3

" Kilanilai	...	11	9	8	6	9	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68	2,796	13 5
" Kulatur	...	14	29	16	20	10	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	131	5,655	15 11
" Perungalur	...	12	13	16	19	12	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	107	4,377	10 5
" Ponnamaravathi	...	1	7	15	17	10	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	4,936	2 1
" Tirumayyam	...	10	20	9	22	11	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	122	5,841	5 2
" Viralmalai	...	14	23	26	13	10	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	124	4,662	2 3
Total	...	120	200	195	223	136	450	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,324	58,128	3 1
PANCHAYAT COURTS—																		
Alangudi	...	98	100	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	259	3,564	13 6
Arimalam	...	124	69	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	260	3,388	3 8
Karambakkudi	...	12	13	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	877	7 8
Kiranur	...	67	23	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	105	981	9 7
Kulipirai	...	55	14	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	633	12 9
Perungalur	...	15	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	185	4 8
Ponnamaravathi	...	22	23	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73	1,154	1 10
Tirumayyam	...	104	33	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	160	1,555	1 11
Town	...	589	374	235	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,198	14,141	11 7
Total	...	1,086	656	461	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,203	26,482	3 2



STATEMENT XXVII.

STATEMENT showing the result of proceedings for the execution of decrees of the Civil Courts in the Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

[illegible]

STATEMENT XXVIII.

Statement showing the business in the Civil Annellafe side of the Chief Court of Pudukkottai during Faslī 1353 (1943 — 1944).

Appeals.	(1)	Pending at the com- mencement of the fiscal.	(2)	Filed during the fiscal.	(3)	Re-admitted.	(4)	Total.	(5)	(6)	Decisions confirmed. Order XLI Rule 11, Civil Procedure Code.	(7)	(8)	Heard <i>ex parte</i> .						Contested.				(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
														Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	...	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.							
Rs.																													
A. P.																													
Appeals	...	328	247	3	578	6,30,314 0 8	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
From original orders or Civil Miscellaneous Appeals.		26	41	...	67	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

N. B.—(1) Details for pending appeals (276)—Over one year 60, over 6 months and under one year 99, Over 3 months and under 6 months 74, and under 3 months 44. Total 276. (In 1939—1, in 1940—1, in 1942—16, in 1943—141 and in 1944—117)—(column-18) (1939 appeal Remanded for disposal by S. A. Court in 1943, 1940 appeal restored to file on 12-3-44.

(a) 23 appeals have to be adjusted to next fasli necessarily.

(2) Details for *disposed of* appeals (£021, over 1 year 209, over 6 months and under 1 year 60, over 3 months and under 6 months—10, and under 3 months—23. In 1942—134, in 1943—89 and in 1944—5). Total 302. (In 1941—77.

STATEMENT XXIX.
Statement showing the number of Second Appeals filed in Civil Courts and pending at the end of the Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Name of the Court.	(1)	Opening balance.	Filed during the fasti.	(3)	(4) Total.	Valuation of Second Appeals pending already and filed in this fasti.	(5)	Posted for hearing.	(6)	(7) Disposed of.	(8) Closing balance.	How disposed of ?					Total.	(15)	Remarks.
												(9) Confirmed.	(10) Modified.	(11) Reversed.	(12) Remanded for re-trial.	(13) Otherwise disposed of.				(14) Compro-mised.
His Highness the Raja's Second Appeal Court.		129	92	221	Rs. 1,10,033 8 3	A. P. 115 + 5	107 + 1	113	62	9	21	8	5 + 1	2	108				

N. B. :— (1) The one Second Appeal added in columns 6, 7 and 13 was dismissed by the Chief Court Judge (as the appeal abated for want of steps).
(2) Closing balance of 113 Second Appeals included 8 numbers adjourned to next session.

(2) Closing balance of 113 Second Appeals included 8 numbers adjourned to next sittings from the Second Appeal sittings last time, 18 numbers not ready for the then sittings and 87 filed thereafter.

(3) Second Appeal sittings lasted from 1-8-43 to 25-9-43 (both days inclusive). Janab Muhammad Zahiruddin Sahib Bahadur (Retired District and Sessions Judge, Madras) and M. R. Ry. J. S. Vedamanikkam Avergal, B. A., B. L., were Special Judges during that period.

STATEMENT XXX.

STATEMENT XXX.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Sub-jails of the Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Stations.	Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of Fasli 1353.	Total cost of sub-jail prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial in days.	Remarks.
		Remaining from Fasli 1352.	Admitted during Fasli 1353.	Total.		Fasli 1352.	Fasli 1353.				
				(3)	(4)							(5)	(6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Alangudi	1	2	76	76	78	4'60	5'10	5	970	19'10	
Annarasal	1	...	2	2	2	1'90	...	...	3	...	
Karambakkudi	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kilanilai	1	...	...	1	...	'001	...	...	...	...	
Kulattur	1	1	80	107	81	3'31	3'80	4	400	31'00	
Ponnamaravathi	1	...	2	2	2	3'50	3'60	...	1	11	0
Pudukkottai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Tirunayyan	1	21	297	319	318	13'76	12'27	16	1,791	12'27	
Viralmalai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	7	24	457	537	481	...	...	25	2,766	13	4

STATEMENT Nos. ~~XXXI~~, ~~XXXII~~ and ~~XXXIII~~—(abolished).

STÄTMENT XXXIV.

Number of institutions and scholars—Fasli 1353 (1943—1944)

Denomination of institutions.	Number of institutions.						Number of scholars.										Percentage of scholars in each class of institutions.	Average attendance.	
	State.			Total.			State.			Aided.			Unaided.			Total.			
	F. 1852	F. 1853	Increase or decrease.	F. 1852	F. 1853	Increase or decrease.	F. 1852	F. 1853	Increase or decrease.	F. 1852	F. 1853	Increase or decrease.	F. 1852	F. 1853	Increase or decrease.	F. 1852			F. 1853
1. College—																			
Boys	1	1	..	..	1	..	180	170	-10	..	..	..	..	..	..	180	170	-10	
Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	6	+2	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	6	+2	
2. Secondary—																			
Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	911	863	-48	..	..	..	..	..	..	911	863	-48	
Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	-1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	-1	
2. General Education.																			
1. Secondary—																			
Boys	9	9	..	8	..	..	434/52	453/54	+21	1,047/61	1,201/14	+167	..	..	..	1,481/113	1,654/128	+188	
Girls	1	1	..	..	1	..	239	260	+21	..	..	..	..	..	..	239	260	+21	
2. Elementary—																			
Anglo-Vernacular—																			
Boys	21	19	-2	20	27	+7	821/256	2,583/790	-241	2,463/1,235	2,565/1,287	+154	..	..	..	5,256/2,056	5,148/2,077	-87	
Girls	1	1	..	..	1	..	256	244	-12	..	..	..	120	..	..	256	244	-12	
Vernacular—																			
Boys	16	16	..	7	7	..	647	525	-122	197	254	+57	..	..	..	844	779	-65	
Girls	1	1	..	1	1	..	53	53	..	80	85	+5	..	..	..	253	138	-115	
Vernacular mixed—																			
Boys	95	98	+3	41	42	+1	3,411/516	3,590/453	+116	1,386/301	1,282/355	-50	1,946/440	1,624/684	-78	6,743/1,257	6,496/1,492	-12	
Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3. Special—																			
Boys	1	1	..	1	1	..	24	20	-4	143/49	126/41	-25	..	..	..	216	146/41	-29	
Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total	146	147	+1	78	86	+8	10,342	10,064	-278	6,962	7,270	+308	2,506	2,308	-198	19,810	19,642	-168	
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

STATEMENT XXXIV-A.
(GENERAL EDUCATION.)

Faslis	Institutions.								Total.	Scholars.		Total.
	Secondary.			Elementary.			Special.			Boys.	Girls.	
	State.	Aided.	Non-aided.	State.	Aided.	Non-aided.	State.	Aided.				
1338 (28—29)...	7	3	...	298	131	74	5	53	571	16,120	2,261	18,381
1339 (29—30)...	9	3	...	269	134	60	5	103	583	17,369	2,510	19,879
1340 (30—31)...	9	3	...	242	103	53	5	85	500	17,869	2,479	20,348
1341 (31—32)...	11	2	...	233	70	63	3	73	455	18,316	2,836	21,152
1342 (32—33)...	8	2	...	177	67	90	2	1	347	16,178	2,492	18,670
1343 (33—34)...	9	2	...	175	66	81	2	1	336	15,235	2,649	17,884
1344 (34—35)...	11	2	...	166	81	59	2	1	322	15,063	2,704	17,767
1345 (35—36)...	11	3	...	167	84	72	2	1	340	13,425	8,000	16,425
1346 (36—37)...	11	4	...	152	83	59	2	1	312	14,600	2,788	17,388
1347 (37—38)...	11	4	...	138	71	63	2	1	290	12,164	3,047	15,211
1348 (38—39)...	11	5	...	134	61	70	2	1	284	13,775	3,750	17,525
1349 (39—40)...	11	5	...	133	65	70	2	1	287	13,389	3,513	16,852
1350 (40—41)...	10	6	...	147	71	90	1	1	326	13,999	3,787	17,786
1351 (41—42)...	10	7	...	146	73	85	1	1	323	14,549	4,097	18,646
1352 (42—43)...	10	8	...	134	69	68	1	1	291	14,491	4,223	18,714
1352 (43—44)...	10	8	...	135	77	65	1	1	297	14,223	4,380	18,603

STATEMENT XXXIV-B.
(COLLEGE.)

Faslis.	Intermediate.		High School.		Lower Secondary.		Total.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1337 (27-28)...	167	...	174	...	243	...	584	...
1338 (28-29)...	142	...	198	...	251	...	591	...
1339 (29-30)...	102	...	213	1	252	2	567	3
1340 (30-31)...	90	...	214	3	277	...	581	3
1341 (31-32)...	88	...	284	4	278	1	650	5
1342 (32-33)...	89	1	283	2	327	2	699	5
1343 (33-34)...	86	2	332	1	352	2	770	5
1344 (34-35)...	74	2	378	2	379	2	831	6
1345 (35-36)...	95	4	442	1	374	...	911	5
1346 (36-37)...	116	7	526	...	338	...	980	7
1347 (37-38)...	123	6	441	...	336	...	900	6
1348 (38-39)...	122	8	512	...	302	...	936	8
1349 (39-40)...	143	7	523	...	304	...	970	7
1350 (40-41)...	150	5	589	...	315	...	1,055	5
1351 (41-42)...	169	8	591	...	324	...	1,084	8
1352 (42-43)...	180	4	615	1	296	...	1,091	5
1353 (43-44)...	170	6	590	...	278	...	1,033	6

STATEMENT XXXV.

Particulars of the Schools maintained by the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

No. of Schools.		Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on rolls on 30th June.		Average attendance.		Remarks.
F. 1352	F. 1353	Secondary Schools.	F. 1352	F. 1353	F. 1352	F. 1353	
		<i>Caste Boys.</i>					
9	9	Alangudi	68	54	51	53	
		Annavasal	26	39	25	31	
		Arimalam	69	76	85	77	
		Karambakkudi	23	24	24	22	
		Kiranur	27	32	27	30	
		Tirugokarnam	104	104	84	90	
		Tirumayyam	43	55	57	59	
		Viralimalai	22	24	20	22	
		<i>Panchama Boys.</i>					
1	1	Town Chery	104	99	78	80	
		Elementary Angle-Vernacular Schools.					
19	17	Andakkulam	113	113	69	69	
		Arimalam	348	370	248	267	
		Annavasal	200	288	213	199	
		Alangudi	265	229	214	175	
		Embal	88	95	69	68	
		Karambakkudi	41	54	28	41	
		Kiranur	228	245	167	154	
		Kilanilai-Puduppatti	100	79	83	65	
		Karaiyur	105	98	66	64	
		Melattanayam	90	81	70	74	
		Malaiyur	101	84	73	67	
		Ponnamaravathi	160	159	136	138	
		Tirugokarnam	292	303	190	207	
		Tirumayyam	366	340	279	215	
		Tiruvappur	160	125	135	134	
		Viralimalai	176	153	108	108	
		Virachchilai... ..	91	68	57	52	
		<i>Muhammadan Boys.</i>					
1	1	Pudukkottai	153	130	103	97	
		<i>Panchama Boys.</i>					
1	1	Town Chery	249	272	190	189	
		Elementary Schools.					
109	112	Adanakkottai	112	114	71	68	
		Ambukkovil... ..	27	35	20	19	
		Ariyur	30	25	21	15	
		Alavayal	23	17	19	15	
		Ayingudi	36	42	24	28	
		Ayyangadu	32	28	24	23	
		Ammankurichehi	27	24	17	14	
		Aranippatti... ..	17	19	15	12	
		Arpudapuram	35	30	27	22	
		Chettiappatti (South)	47	46	35	33	
		Chinniaschattiram	38	28	26	24	
		Dakshinapuram	26	24	19	18	
		Idaiyattur	54	50	43	37	

Particulars of the Schools maintained by the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944)—cont.

No. of Schools.		Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on rolls on 30th June.		Average attendance.		Remarks.
F. 1352	F. 1353		F. 1352	F. 1353	F. 1352	F. 1353	
		Elementary Schools—cont.					
		Ichchiyadichattiram ...	50	50	39	38	
		Kilapatti Rasiyamangalam ...	40	44	22	27	
		Killukottai ...	76	64	50	49	
		Kilaniakkottai ...	70	75	52	45	
		Kadambarayapatti ...	40	44	28	30	
		Kudumiyamalai ...	50	40	30	29	
		Kannangudi ...	20	17	12	10	
		Kilakkurichchi ...	26	28	14	15	
		Kolundiranpattu ...	34	25	24	16	
		Kilikkudi ...	40	29	28	23	
		Kilattanayam ...	26	24	15	13	
		Kattakkurichchi ...	32	35	19	20	
		Koppampatti ...	29	34	18	16	
		Karuppudayanpatti ...	35	24	29	24	
		Kummangulam ...	28	24	20	18	
		Kulavoippatti (Sendakkudi vattam) ...	58	50	35	35	
		Kadukkakadu ...	37	26	16	15	
		Kolandirakottai ...	46	37	25	22	
		Kaikkurichchi ...	80	72	56	53	
		Kilaiyur ...	32	32	20	21	
		Kammangadu ...	25	25	22	26	
		Kodumbalur ...	75	63	55	47	
		Kuhaipuliankollai ...	31	29	20	19	
		Kunnandarkovil ...	29	25	20	19	
		Konnaiyur ...	54	36	35	28	
		Kalamavur ...	25	24	23	18	
		Kandianattam ...	22	42	24	26	
		Kottamangalam ...	29	25	20	19	
		Kottamangalapatti ...	52	44	28	22	
		Kolavoippatti (near Puliyur) ...	20	13	20	9	
		Lanjamedu ...	24	19	20	16	
		Lembalakkudi ...	25	46	19	18	
		Minaveli ...	71	75	47	47	
		Monasandai ...	47	47	37	33	
		Mangottai ...	92	85	61	58	
		Mangudi ...	55	75	27	39	
		Mirattunilai ...	33	31	28	17	
		Meyyapuram ...	74	89	67	30	
		Minakshipuram ...	54	70	49	43	
		Malaikkudippatti ...	36	35	28	22	
		Mandangudi ...	48	53	24	37	
		Mattur (A) ...	27	31	24	19	
		Maniambalam ...	28	26	16	16	
		Nagarappatti ...	98	76	79	65	
		Nedungudi ...	41	42	31	32	
		Nattampatti ...	30	30	22	18	
		Onangudi ...	38	27	27	17	
		Oliyamangalam ...	59	63	37	44	
		Oduvampatti ...	27	29	17	17	
		Perunjina ...	28	20	20	17	
		Puvarasagudi ...	53	58	36	40	
		Pillamangalam ...	54	60	40	40	
		Pulvayal ...	23	36	18	36	
		Puliyur ...	61	61	39	31	
		Palaiyur ...	26	29	18	19	
		Parambur ...	53	53	39	31	
		Pilaviduthi (Caste) ...	41	32	26	22	
		Panangudi ...	20	18	20	11	

Particulars of Schools maintained by the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 (1943-44)—cont.

No. of Schools.		Description of schools.	Number of pupils on rolls on 30th June.		Average attendance.		Remarks.
F. 1352	F. 1353		F. 1352	F. 1353	F. 1352	F. 1353	
		Elementary Schools—cont.					
		Pudur Adambatti ...	22	24	14	16	
		Pullanviduthi ...	29	31	19	17	
		Pallattivuduthi ...	22	31	19	22	
		Puttambur ...	55	60	34	40	
		Ramakavandanpatti (Since transferred to Viralur).	18	22	10	10	
		Raghunathapuram ...	48	57	30	33	
		Rangianviduthi ...	28	28	24	21	
		Sokkanathapatti ...	50	47	30	30	
		Satyanangalam ...	35	25	21	22	
		Sembudi ...	80	78	55	39	
		Semmattivuduthi ...	48	49	36	33	
		Sembattur ...	31	36	25	24	
		Sevalur ...	39	24	18	15	
		Sadayampatti ...	39	30	29	24	
		Talampatti ...	24	24	16	15	
		Tirukkalambur ...	55	77	47	44	
		Tirukkattalai ...	29	20	15	13	
		Tiruvaragulam ...	87	80	55	54	
		Tirumananjeri ...	23	40	27	17	
		Temattampatti ...	26	24	16	20	
		Uppiliyakkudi ...	103	83	61	64	
		Udayalippatti ...	75	64	39	34	
		Varikkapallam ...	25	19	20	13	
		Valaramanikkam ...	20	25	15	13	
		Valavampatti ...	30	32	23	24	
		Varappur ...	47	43	29	27	
		Vellanur ...	42	26	19	19	
		Vayalogam ...	108	103	61	74	
		Vannanviduthi ...	41	33	23	22	
		Vamban ...	26	26	23	20	
		Vengalur ...	44	40	35	31	
		Varpattu ...	41	60	40	31	
		Vennavalkudi ...	25	27	21	20	
		Vandakottai ...	21	22	21	20	
		Vallattirakottai ...	50	55	41	41	
		Valiampatti ...	27	27	18	19	
		Vaittur ...	49	46	34	28	
		Vellavettanviduthi ...	36	37	23	22	
		Vadakkadu ...	45	40	28	31	
		Vattanakottai ...	59	74	41	39	
		Viralur ...	...	25	...	20	
		<i>Panchama boys.</i>					
3	2	Pilaviduthi ...	30	23	21	20	
		Vettanviduthi ...	43	30	22	19	
		Caste Girls' High School.					
1	1	Bani's Girls' High School ...	495	504	328	317	
		Muhammadan Girls' School.					
1	1	Pudukkottai ...	53	53	50	42	
		Special School.					
1	1	Sri Vani Vilasa Veda Sastra Patasala ...	24	20	22	19	
		Total ...	9,246	9,025	6,643	6,800	

STATEMENT XXXVI.

Class or creed of scholars in all institutions—Males and Females for Fasli 1353 (1943–1944).

Name of Institutions and classes.	Hindus.		Muham- madans.		Christians.		Depressed or backward classes.		Total.		Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Christians.	Depress- ed or backward classes.	Others.
(1)	(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)		(7)		(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.					
<i>College classes.</i>															
Intermediate class, Second year.	62	1	6	...	3	...	1	...	72	1	63	6	3	1	...
" First year ...	91	4	1	...	4	1	2	...	98	5	95	1	5	2	...
<i>Secondary classes.</i>															
VI Form	267	18	13	1	9	2	1	3	290	24	285	14	11	4	...
V "	275	32	19	...	18	3	4	3	316	38	307	19	21	7	...
IV "	376	53	11	1	12	3	6	1	405	58	429	12	15	7	...
III "	356	49	26	...	18	2	34	1	434	52	405	26	20	35	...
II "	432	76	28	1	17	7	50	8	527	92	508	29	24	58	...
I "	435	107	32	1	21	11	57	5	545	124	542	33	32	62	...
<i>Elementary classes.</i>															
V class	654	277	53	5	61	13	165	10	933	305	931	58	74	175	...
IV "	851	404	93	13	78	22	388	29	1,410	468	1,255	106	100	417	...
III "	987	474	174	15	95	39	634	53	1,890	581	1,461	189	134	687	...
II "	1,022	563	197	41	134	53	872	81	2,225	738	1,585	238	187	953	...
I "	1,877	844	484	110	247	76	1,783	145	4,341	1,175	2,721	544	323	1,928	...
Unaided	1,543	684	...	...	...	...	81	...	1,624	684	2,227	...	...	81	...
Special Schools	145	41	1	...	...	...	...	...	146	41	186	1	...	...	...
Total	9,373	3,627	1,088	188	717	232	4,078	339	15,256	4,386	13,000	1,276	949	4,417	...

STATEMENT XXXVII.

Statement showing the Expenditure, Receipts, and net cost to the State under several heads of "Education" for Fasli 1353 (1943–1944).

Heads.	Gross expenditure.			Receipts.			Net expenditure.			Cost per scholar for every class and institution.
(1)	(2)			(3)			(4)			(5)
<i>Collegiate.</i>	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
College ...	25,377	1	7	13,397	15	0	11,979	2	7	
<i>Secondary.</i>										
College Secondary ...	41,052	12	9	22,471	7	6	18,581	5	3	
State schools :—										
Establishment ...	20,900	0	8	4,727	0	11	16,172	15	9	} 24-2-9
Supervision, Inspection and other charges.	2,366	9	9	...	...	...	2,366	9	9	
Aided schools :—										
Grants ...	2,200	0	0	...	...	...	2,200	0	0	} 1-14-9
Supervision, Inspection and other charges.	249	1	11	...	...	...	249	1	11	
Total ...	92,145	10	8	40,596	7	5	51,549	3	3	
<i>Elementary.</i>										
State schools :—										
Establishment ...	1,12,164	3	3	...	...	...	1,12,164	3	3	} 15-2-6
Supervision, Inspection and other charges.	12,700	15	7	...	...	...	12,700	15	7	
Aided schools :—										
Grants ...	24,747	14	0	...	...	...	24,747	14	0	} 4-11-8
Supervision, Inspection and other charges.	2,802	5	2	...	...	...	2,802	5	2	
Total ...	1,52,415	6	0	...	...	...	1,52,415	6	0	
Special schools inclusive of grants to adult schools.	4,495	15	0	...	...	...	4,495	15	0	
Supervision, Inspection and other charges.	509	0	2	...	...	...	509	0	2	
Total ...	5,004	15	2	...	...	...	5,004	15	2	
Grand Total ...	2,49,565	15	10	40,596	7	5	2,08,969	8	5	

STATEMENT XXXVIII.

Statement of Births and Deaths for Fasli 1353 (1943–1944).

Stations.	BIRTHS.			DEATHS.										Remarks.	
				Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fever.		Other causes.		Total.			
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
(1)	(2)			(3)		(4)		(5)		(6)		(7)			(8)
Pudukkottai ...	490	410	900	...	...	7	7	65	58	239	248	311	313	624	
Alangudi ...	914	880	1,794	8	11	8	4	151	161	505	505	672	681	1,353	
Kulattur ...	923	873	1,796	2	2	2	...	172	209	572	585	748	796	1,544	
Tirumayyam ...	982	844	1,776	...	...	3	3	127	130	724	605	854	738	1,592	
Total ...	3,259	3,007	6,266	10	13	20	14	515	558	2,040	1,948	2,585	2,526	5,113	

STATEMENT XXXIX.

Annual return of the General Hospital, Pudukkottai, for Fasli 1353 (1943-44).

NUMBER OF BEDS AVAILABLE:—96.

In and Out-patients treated for the various diseases with their results.

DISEASE.	IN-PATIENTS.						OUT-PATIENTS.	Total In and Out-patients.
	Total treated.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Number discharged otherwise.	Died.	Remaining.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Relapsing fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Undulant fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Severe Small-pox	2	1	...	...	1	...	2	4
Benign Small-pox (Alastrum)	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	2
Small-pox (Unspecified type)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Measles	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1
Scarlet fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Whooping cough	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Diphtheria	4	2	2	...	...	...	1	5
Influenza	188	153	15	...	1	19	5,142	5,330
Cholera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dysentery (amœbic)	7	6	...	1	...	...	10	17
" (bacillary)	12	12	...	...	...	...	73	85
" (unspecified)	62	47	8	6	...	1	1,772	1,834
Plague	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Erysipelas	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	2
Acute poliomyelitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Encephalitis lethargica	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Cerebro-spinal meningitis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anthrax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rabies	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	2
Tetanus	9	5	3	1	...	...	9	18
Tuberculosis of the respiratory organs	83	15	55	5	1	7	189	272
" other organs	42	12	26	2	...	2	...	42
Leprosy	4	2	...	...	1	1	55	59
Syphilis	58	50	7	...	...	1	688	746
Gonorrhœa	54	45	6	...	...	3	374	395
Yellow fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malaria	21	17	3	...	...	1	36	57
Ictero-hæmorrhagica (Weil's disease)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hook-worm	11	10	...	1	...	...	17	28
Hydatid disease (echinococcus)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dengue	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mumps	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Psittacosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tularemia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chicken-pox	26	20	4	2	...	...	7	33
Acute Rheumatic fever...	2	1	1	...	...	...	11	13
Trachome-trachoma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brancho-pneumonia	15	10	1	4	...	...	35	50
Lobar pneumonia	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	38
Unspecified pneumonia	38	24	7	6	...	7	...	38
Septic abortion	12	10	1	...	...	1	217	229
Puerperal septicæmia	6	5	1	...	...	...	30	36
Gastric ulcer	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	4
Pyrexia of uncertain origin	102	81	15	5	...	1	6,469	6,571
Rheumatism	48	35	8	...	...	5	3,226	3,274
All other infective diseases	10	6	4	...	...	...	...	10
Anæmia	98	64	20	7	2	5	800	898
Diababetes	12	6	4	...	...	2	42	54
Scurvy	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
New growth Non-malignant	20	16	3	...	...	1	...	20
New growth Malignant	4	1	2	1	...	...	...	4
All other general diseases	38	30	6	...	...	2	...	38

Annual return of the General Hospital, Pudukkottai, for Fasli 1353 (1943—1944)—cont.

In and Out-patients treated for the various diseases with their results—cont.

DISEASES.	IN-PATIENTS.						OUT-PATIENTS.	Total In and Out-patients.
	Total treated.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Number discharged otherwise.	Died.	Remaining.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Diseases of the nervous system	52	39	10	3	...	...	2,712	2,764
Do. eye	36	32	4	...	...	...	5,721	5,757
Do. ear	4	4	...	...	...	...	3,792	3,798
Do. nose	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Do. throat	2	2	...	...	...	...		
Do. circulatory system	71	36	21	11	...	3	442	513
All Diseases of the Respiratory system, except Pneumonia & Tuberculosis of the lungs.	63	44	17	1	...	1	5,022	5,085
Dyspepsia	7	5	2	...	...	...	1,195	1,202
Diarrhœa	108	78	28	17	...	5	3,884	4,012
Whooping cough	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	40
Dumps	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8
Abscess of the liver	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
All other diseases of the liver	39	20	14	1	...	4	80	119
Appendicitis	4	3	1	...	...	...	2	6
All other diseases of the digestive system	176	133	32	5	...	6	14,056	14,232
Inflammation & suppuration of lymphatic glands.	52	38	12	...	...	2	347	399
Hernia	25	19	2	...	...	4	15	40
Bright's diseases	142	93	35	9	...	5	364	508
All other diseases of the urinary system	67	45	12	7	...	3	951	1,018
Hydrocele	41	35	2	...	...	4	19	60
Other diseases of the generative system	19	18	1	...	...	...	1,086	1,105
Diseases of the organs of locomotion	20	17	2	...	...	1	...	20
Diseases of the connective tissue	113	93	15	3	...	2	1,950	2,063
Ulcers	185	136	35	2	...	12	6,348	6,533
Other diseases of the skin	87	74	10	...	...	3	6,733	6,820
All other local diseases	11	10	1	...	...	...	761	772
Injuries (general & local)	169	136	20	2	1	10	3,140	3,309
Poisoning {by Opium	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
{by other Poisons	18	16	2	...	...	...	350	368
Labour {Normal	3	3	...	...	...	...	445	448
{Abnormal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Typhoid fever	22	16	2	3	1	...	27	49
Para-typhoid fever	2	2	...	...	...	...	16	16
Infantile biliary cirrhosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Epidemic typhus fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	10
Goitre	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kala Azar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rabid dog-bite	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,559	1,842	484	106	9	118	78,763	81,322

General Hospital, Pudukkottai—Surgical Operations.

Total number of operations performed during the fasli ... 2,136

Out-patients ... 1,371
In-patients ... 765
Total ... 2,136

Classes and Sexes of Patients treated, with the daily average for Fasli 1353.

	Hindus.			Muhammadans.			Indian Christians.			Other castes.			Total.			Daily average.										
	M.	W.	M. C. F. C.	M.	W.	M. C. F. C.	M.	W.	M. C. F. C.	M.	W.	M. C. F. C.	M.	W.	M. C. F. C.	Total.	W.	M. C. F. C.	Total.							
In-patients.	1,395	419	118	81	141	67	25	26	80	19	10	2	119	37	14	6	1,735	542	167	115	2,559	75.59	24.64	8.48	4.08	112.79
Out-patients.	33,903	18,456	10,097	7,493	2,098	1,164	869	598	1,062	666	454	333	598	463	304	205	37,661	20,749	11,724	8,629	78,763	310.07	195.33	63.73	46.49	615.62
Total ...	35,298	18,875	10,215	7,574	2,239	1,231	894	624	1,142	685	464	335	717	500	318	211	39,396	21,291	11,891	8,744	81,322	385.66	219.97	72.21	50.57	728.41

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STATEMENT XL.

Statement showing the important Surgical operations performed at the General Hospital, Pudukkottai, during Fasli 1353 (1943-1944) with their results.

Region of operations.	Nature of operations.	Number of patients remaining from last fasli.	Number of operations performed during the fasli.			Results of operations of patients.				Remarks.
			Principal.	Secondary.	Total.	Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Tumours ...	Excision ...	...	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	...
Cysts ...	Excision ...	...	8	...	8	8	...	...	...	...
Abscess ...	Incision and drainage ...	15	150	80	195	180	15	...	...	...
Lymph glands—Tubercular ...	Enucleation ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Venercal ...		...	14	...	14	14	...	...	...	...
Inflammatory ...	...	...	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	...
Skin and subcutaneous tissues—										
Sinuses ...	Excision and drainage ...	...	25	10	25	25	...	...	...	...
Cellulitis ...	Incisions and drainage ...	...	12	...	12	12	...	...	...	...
Carbuncle ...	Crucial Incision and Excision ...	...	10	...	10	10	...	...	...	...
Clorn foot ...	Excision ...	...	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	...
Cicatrix finger ...	Relief of cicatrix ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
F. B. Chest ...	Removal ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
F. B. Thiesh ...	Do. ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Bones—										
Compound fractures.	Osteoclasis ...	...	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	...
Simple fractures ...	Do. ...	...	8	...	8	8	...	...	...	...
Osteomyelitis ...	Sequestrotomy ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Fracture bones ...	Plaster casing ...	...	10	...	10	10	...	...	...	...
Joints—										
Synovites knee ...	Aspiration ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Dislocation elbow ...	Reduction ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Dislocation shoulder.	Do. ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Extremities—										
For injury middle finger.	Disarticulation of second phalanger.	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
For injury little finger (little palm).	Amputation of middle phalangeal joint.	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Ear and mastoid region—										
Polypus ear ...	Removal ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
F. B. ear ...	Do. ...	...	30	...	30	30	...	...	...	...
Torn ear ...	Repair (Plastic) ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Mastoiditis ...	Mastoidectomy ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Keloid ear ...	Removal ...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
Mouth and Throat—										
Elongated Uvula ...	Uvulectomy ...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
Tongue tie ...	Snip off ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
F. B. throat ...	Removal ...	...	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	...
Nose—										
F. B. nose ...	Removal ...	...	20	...	20	20	...	...	...	...
Nasal polypus ...	Do. ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Thorax—										
Stab wound chest ... (Empayema).	Resection of Rib ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Bull gore wound chest (Empayema).	Do. ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
Artificial Pneumo Do. ...	(First) (Rebills) ...	...	81	...	81	81	...	...	...	...
			286	...	286	286	...	...	...	...

Statement showing the important Surgical operations performed at the General Hospital, Pudukkottai, during Fasli 1353 (1943-1944) with their results—cont.

Region of operations.	Nature of operations.	Number of patients remaining from last fasli.	Number of operations performed during the fasli.			Results of operations of patients.				Remarks.
			Principal.	Secondary.	Total.	Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Thorax—cont.										
Spontaneous Pneumo thorax.	Deflations ...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
Empayema ...	Aspiration ...	...	12	...	12	12	...	...	...	
Pleural effusion ...	Paracentesis Thoracis ...	...	20	...	20	20	...	...	...	
Operation on neck ...	Phrenic evulsion ...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
Eye—										
Cataracts (hard) ...	Extracapsular cataract (extraction).	...	20	...	20	20	...	...	...	
Cataract (soft) ...	Dissection and linear (extraction).	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
Cellulitis eyelids ...	Incision ...	...	17	...	17	17	...	...	...	
Corneal opacities ...	Subconjunctival Saline (injections).	...	21	...	21	21	...	...	...	
Ectropion ...	Plastic operations... ..	...	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	
Cyst (conjunctival)... ..	Removal ...	...	5	...	5	5	...	...	...	
Dacryocystitis (acute).	Incision and drainage ...	...	15	...	15	15	...	...	...	
Dacryocystitis (chronic).	Excision and Lachrymal sac ...	...	18	...	18	18	...	...	...	
F. B. cornea ...	Removal of F. B. ...	...	34	...	34	34	...	...	...	
Hypopyons ...	Paracentesis ...	...	33	...	33	33	...	...	...	
Lagophthalmus ...	Tarsorrhaphy ...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
Leucoma ...	Optical iridectomy ...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
Obstructed Lachrymal Sac.	Dilatation of punctum and Lachrymal syringing.	...	25	...	25	25	...	...	...	
Panophthalmitis ...	Evicination of eye ...	...	9	...	9	9	...	...	...	
Painful blind eyes ...	Enucleation of eye Ball ...	...	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	
Prolapsed iris ...	Excision of Iris and cautery ...	...	6	...	6	6	...	...	...	
Torn conjunctiva ...	Repair ...	...	12	...	12	12	...	...	...	
Torn eye lids ...	Do. ...	...	19	...	19	19	...	...	...	
Septic ulcer cornea...	Cautery ...	...	53	...	53	53	...	...	...	
Abdomen—										
Ascites ...	Paracentesis abdominis ...	...	5	...	5	5	...	...	...	
Inguinal hernia ...	Radical operation (Bassinis) ...	...	12	...	12	12	...	...	...	
Strangulated hernia. Do.	Do ...	...	5	...	5	5	...	...	...	
Bubonocoele ...	Judicious taxis ...	...	5	...	5	5	...	...	...	
Injury Abdomeni ...	Radical operation (Bassiries) ...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
Protrusion of large intestines (Bull gore).	Laparotomy ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Injury Abdomen ...	Do. ...	...	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	
Protrusion of large intestines (Bull gore).	Do. ...	...	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	
Rectum and anus—										
Piles (Internal) ...	Injection treatment ...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
Do. ...	Ligature and excision ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Piles (External) ...	Do. ...	...	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	
Fistula-in-ano ...	Excision of Fistulous tracts ...	...	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	
Imperforated anus ...	Repair ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Bladder and Urethra—										
Retention of urine ...	Suprapubic puncture ...	...	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	
Extravasation of urine.	Multiple incisions... ..	...	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	
Stricture Urethra ...	Dilatation (Slow and Rapid) ...	4	40	10	54	44	10	...	...	
Metal stone ...	Metotomy ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	

Statement showing the important Surgical operations performed at the General Hospital, Pudukkottai, during Fasli 1353 (1943-1944) with their results—cont.

Region of operations.	Nature of operations.	Number of patients remaining from last fasli.	Number of operations performed during the fasli.			Results of operations of patients.				Remarks.
			Principal.	Secondary.	Total.	Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Male generative organs—										
Congenital phymosis.	Circumcision ...	...	12	...	12	12	...	...	...	
Venereal ulcer penis.	Do. ...	...	20	...	20	20	...	...	...	
Hydrocele ...	Eversion of Sac ...	...	30	...	30	30	...	...	...	
Do. ...	Excision of Sac ...	...	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	
Do. ...	Tapping ...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
Inflamed Hydrocele...	Incision and drainage ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Elephantoid scrotum	Excision and removal ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Degenerated Testis.	Castration ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Diseased Testis ...	Do. ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Hernia Testis ...	Repair ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Steinach's operation	Vasectomy ...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
Female Generative organs—										
Abortions ...	Curetting simple ...	...	6	...	6	6	...	...	...	
Sterility ...	Dilatation and Curetting ...	...	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	
Operation on Breast—										
Breast abscess ...	Incision and Drainage ...	...	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	
Operation on spine...	Lumbar puncture ...	...	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	
Other operations—										
Lupus cheek ...	Removal ...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Operation on veins—										
Intravenous saline ...	.....	...	10	...	10	10	...	...	...	
Autohaemotherapy ...	.....	...	20	...	20	20	...	...	...	
Other intravenous injections.	.....	...	100	...	100	100	...	...	...	
Total ...		19	1,312	40	1,371	1,346	25	...	...	

General anaesthesia ... 200
 Local anaesthesia ... 656
 Spinal anaesthesia ... 8
 Without anaesthesia ... 512

Total ... 1,371

STATEMENT XLI.

Annual return of the Rani's Hospital, Pudukkottai, for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

NUMBER OF BEDS AVAILABLE—72.

In and Out-patients treated for the various diseases with their results.

DISEASES.	IN-PATIENTS.						OUT-PATIENTS.	Total, In and Out-patients.
	Total treated.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Number discharged otherwise.	Died.	Remaining.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Relapsing fevers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Undulant fever ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Severe Small-pox ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Benign Small-pox (Alastrim) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small-pox (unspecified type) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Measles ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scarlet fever ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Whooping Cough ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6
Diphtheria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Influenza ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	798	798
Cholera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dysentery Amoebic ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. Bacillary ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8
Do. Unspecified ...	...	32	26	4	1	1	423	455
Plague ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Erysipelas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Acute Poliomyelitis ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Encephalitis Lethargica ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cerebro spinal meningitis ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anthrax ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rabies ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tetanus ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tuberculosis of the respiratory organs ...	...	6	6	...	...	...	12	18
Do. other forms ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
Leprosy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
Syphilis ...	...	94	85	2	1	6	67	161
Gonorrhœa ...	...	97	90	5	...	2	492	589
Ante Natal... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,365	1,365
Malaria ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	28
Ictero-hæmorrhagica (Weil's disease) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hook-worm ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hydatid disease (Echinococcus) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dengue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mumps ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Psittacosis ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tularemia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chicken-pox ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Acute rheumatic fever ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trachome-trachoma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Broncho pneumonia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
Lobar pneumonia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Unspecified pneumonia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3
Abortion ...	...	53	50	...	2	1	141	194
Puerperal Septicæmia ...	...	9	9	...	...	...	105	114
Kala Azar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pyrexia of uncertain origin ...	...	60	58	3	3	1	2,050	2,110
Rheumatism ...	...	43	39	1	...	3	1,001	1,044
All other infective diseases ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Annual return of the Rani's Hospital, Pudukkottai, for Fasli 1353 (1943-44)—cont.

In and Out-patients treated for the various diseases with their results—cont.

DISEASES.	IN-PATIENTS.						OUT-PATIENTS.	Total, In and Out-patients.
	Total treated.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Number discharged otherwise.	Died.	Remaining.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Anæmia ...	46	43	1	...	1	1	513	559
Diabetes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4
Scurvy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New growth Non-malignant ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3
Do. Malignant ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
All other general diseases ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Diseases of the nervous system ...	91	90	...	...	1	...	509	600
Do. eye ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	502	502
Do. ear ...	12	12	...	...	...	...	813	825
Do. nose ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	19
Do. throat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	166	166
Do. circulatory system... ..	20	16	1	...	2	1	28	48
All diseases of the respiratory system except pneumonia and tubercle of the lungs.	9	9	...	...	...	...	2,457	2,466
Dyspepsia ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	106	106
Diarrhœa ...	25	20	3	...	1	1	886	911
Abscess of the liver ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Infantile Biliary cirrhosis ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3
All other diseases of the liver ...	5	5	...	...	...	...	167	172
Appendicitis ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All other diseases of the digestive system ...	539	508	9	2	...	20	7,868	8,407
Inflammation & suppuration of lymph glands ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	103	103
Goitre ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bright's disease ...	39	31	3	1	2	2	82	121
All other diseases of the urinary system ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	353	353
Hydrocele ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other diseases of the generative system ...	29	28	1	...	...	...	1,290	1,319
Diseases of the organs of locomotion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4
Do. connective tissue ...	18	14	...	1	...	3	352	370
Ulcers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	953	953
Other diseases of the skin ...	28	27	...	...	...	1	2,897	2,925
All other local diseases ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Injuries (general & local) ...	30	30	...	...	...	...	1,054	1,084
Poisoning by opium ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. by other poisons ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3
Labour Normal ...	639	607	3	3	1	25	454	1,093
Do. Abnormal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
Typhoid fever ...	11	11	...	...	...	...	5	16
Mirasmus ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Epidemic Typhus fever ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,936	1,809	37	12	10	68	28,103	30,039

The Rani's Hospital, Pudukkottai—Surgical Operations.

The total number of operations performed during the fasli was 506.

Classes and Series of Patients with the daily average for Fasli 1353.

	Europeans.			Eurasians.			Hindus.			Muhammadans.			Indian Christians.			Other classes.			Total.				Daily average.				
	W.		F.C.	W.		M.C.F.C.	W.		M.C.	F.C.	W.		M.C.F.C.	W.		M.C.F.C.	W.		M.C.	F.C.	Total.		W.		M.C.	F.C.	Total.
	W.	M.C.	F.C.	W.	M.C.	F.C.	W.	M.C.	F.C.	W.	M.C.	F.C.	W.	M.C.	F.C.	W.	M.C.	F.C.	W.	M.C.	F.C.	W.	M.C.	F.C.	W.	M.C.	F.C.	Total.
In-patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,163	176	179	164	9	15	60	15	8	114	15	18	1,501	215	220	1,936	626	88	74	788	
Out-patients	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,492	5,011	3,544	903	208	114	326	229	127	120	15	14	18,841	5,463	3,799	28,103	14871	3370	2239	20480	
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,655	5,187	3,723	1,067	217	129	386	244	135	234	30	32	20,342	5,678	4,019	30,039	21131	4250	2979	28860	

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STATEMENT XLII.

Statement showing the important Surgical operations performed in the Rani's Hospital, Pudukkottai, with their results—Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Name of operation.	Nature of operation.	Number of patients remaining from the last fasli.	Number of operations performed during the fasli.			Number of patients operated. (Columns 3 and 6).	Results of operations on patients.				Number of patients remaining.
			Principal.	Secondary.	Total.		Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Operations on tumours.	Lipoma ... Removal by excision ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...
Operations for abscess.	For acute abscess—incision ... For chronic abscess ... Incision and drainage ...	... ... ...	75 15 ...	... ... ...	75 15 ...	... ... ...	75 15 ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...
Operations on lymphatic glands.	Removal of lymphatic glands— (a) by excision ... (b) by curetting ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...
Operations on skin and sub-cutaneous tissues.	Carbuncle—Incision and drainage. Repair of wounds ... Whitlow ... Cellulitis (Incision and drainage). Curetting ... Sinus (Excision and drainage). Infective granuloma ...	... ... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ... ...	... ... ... ... ... ... ...
Operations on joints.	Reduction of dislocation of elbow joint. Passive movement ...	... ...	2 ...	... ...	2 ...	... ...	2 ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...
Operations on bones.	Excision of diseased bone ... Fracture of clavicle and both bones of forearm. Hip ... Osteomyelitis ...	... ... ... ...	... 1 ... ...	... ... ... ...	... 1 ... ...	... ... ... ...	1 ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...
Operations within the mouth.	Removal of Polypus cheek ... Extraction of teeth ... Harelip ... Cancer ...	... ... ... ...	1 2 ... ...	... ... ... ...	1 2 ... ...	... ... ... ...	1 2 ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...
Operations on eye.	Removal of lacrimal sac ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Operations on the ear and mastoid process.	Repair of ear ... Plastic operation ... Removal of new growth ...	... ... ...	... 6 ...	... ... ...	... 6 ...	... ... ...	... 6 ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...	... ... ...
Operations on the nose.	Removal of polypus ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Operations on the breast.	Mammary abscess ... Free incision and drainage ...	... ...	27 2	... ...	27 2	... ...	27 2	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...
Operations on the abdomen.	Washing out stomach ... Removal of fluid by tapping ...	... ...	... 2	... ...	... 2	... ...	... 1	... ...	... ...	... 1	... ...

Statement showing the important Surgical operations performed in the Rani's Hospital, Pudukkottai, with their results—Fasli 1353 (1943—1944)—cont.

Name of operation.	Nature of operation.	Number of patients remaining from the last fasli.	Number of operations performed during the fasli.			Number of patients operated. (Cols. 3 and 6.)	Results of operations on patients.				Number of patients remaining.
			Principal.	Secondary.	Total.		Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Operations on the rectum and anus.	Excision of anal fistula ...	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Incision of abscess ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Removal of Hæmorrhoids ...	..	11	..	11	..	11	..	..	..	..
Operations on the bladder.	Washing out bladder ...	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..
Operations on the urethra.	Extravasation of urine ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dilatation of urethra ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Obstetrical operations.	Forceps ...	..	61	..	61	..	61	..	..	..	..
	Version ...	..	5	..	5	..	4	..	..	..	..
	Craniotomy ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
	Intra-uterine douche ...	..	27	..	27	..	27	..	..	..	..
Operations on the female generative organs.	Curetting for sterility and endometritis.	..	51	..	51	..	51	..	..	..	..
	Euvacuation ...	..	15	..	15	..	15	..	..	..	..
	Retained placenta ...	..	22	..	22	..	22	..	..	..	..
	Removal of polypus ...	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Plastic operations on cervix...	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Pelvic abscess ...	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Repair of Perineum ...	..	8	..	8	..	8	..	..	..	..
	Incision of abscess of labium.	..	6	..	6	..	6	..	..	..	..
	Repair of fistula ...	..	4	..	4	..	4	..	..	..	..
	Removal of growth ...	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..
Operations on veins.	Plugging of Vagina ...	..	6	..	6	..	6	..	..	..	..
	Inter forced Vagina ...	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Neosalvarsan ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Saline ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Iodine ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Antimony ...	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Other Intravenous injections.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ...		..	358	..	358	..	356	..	..	2	..

STATEMENT XLIII.

Statement of Medical Relief in the Medical Institutions, Pudukkottai State, during Fasli 1353 (1943—1944).

Name of Institutions.	Nature of patients treated.		Results of In-door patients.					Expenditure.	Daily average.	Remarks.
	Out-door.	In-door.	Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	Remain-ing.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Town General Hospital, Pudukkottai	78,763	2,559	1,842	484	106	9	118	Rs. 75,148	112.79	In-patients.
Rani's Hospital, Pudukkottai	28,103	1,936	1,809	37	12	10	68	34,060	615.62	Out-patients.
Ponnamaravathi Dispensary	12,483	64	52	5	4	3	..	3,624	78.8	In-patients.
Alangudi Dispensary	16,636	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,910	204.8	Out-patients.
Annavaasal Dispensary	11,302	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,782	73.62	Do.
Karambakkudi Dispensary	12,129	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,369	1.58	In-patients.
Kilnilai Dispensary	6,909	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,782	116.00	..
Kiranur Dispensary	16,517	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,369	75.84	..
Panayappatti Dispensary	5,705	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,349	71.20	..
Perungalur Dispensary	8,040	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,264	41.30	..
Tirunayyam Dispensary	10,799	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,864	63.10	..
Tirugokarnam Dispensary	10,184	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,456	53.61	..
Viralimalai Dispensary	7,705	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,819	43.56	..
Rural Aided Dispensary, Avayapatti	2,241	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	92.60	..
Ayurvedic Dispensary, Pudukkottai	33,318	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,911	102.43	..
Total	2,60,834	4,559	3,703	526	122	22	186	1,47,164	194.00	Out-patients.

STATEMENT XLIV.

List of the Ancient Monuments in the State selected for conservation—Fasli 1353 (1943—1944).

No.	Name of monument (with description of the places).	Village.	Taluk.
1	Narttamalai temple (two rock-cut temples and one Siva temple built in octagonal form in the Western Hill and two Siva temples in the Eastern Hill or Kadambarmalai).	Narttamalai	Kulattur.
2	Muvarkovil, Kodumbalur. (Two temples). The Siva temple in the rear of Kodumbalur tank, a small square tank in front of this temple, a well north-east of Muvarkovil with its subterranean passage.	Kodumbalur	
3	Kunnandarkovil. The cave temple. The Hall of a hundred pillars or car-mandapam.	Kunnandarkovil	
4	Madattukkivil (the whole temple)	Near Nanguppatti	
5	Sittannavasal cave temple: the Jain cave temple and Eladippattam (a flight of seven steps, etc.).	Sittannavasal	
6	Malayadippatti rock-cut cave temples (Siva and Vishnu)	Malayadippatti	
7	Rajalippatti: a stone in a sluice in a ruined tank. (This stone preserves the date and reign of Nandhi Pothan, a king of the Pallava dynasty).	Rajalippatti	
8	Kudumiyamalai Siva temple	Kudumiyamalai	
9	Ammankurichchi temple: the whole temple and the stone with an inscription planted in the first mandapam.	Ammankurichchi	
10	Tirukkalambur Siva temple (the old one) recently renovated by Meenakshisundara Desikar—The old garbagriham.	Tirukkalambur	
11	Tirumayyam Siva and Vishnu temples—Rock-cut garbagrihams or shrines.	Marungur	Tirumayyam.
12	The fort at Tirumayyam	Tirumayyam	
13	Rock-cut shrine at Puvalakkudi	Puvalakkudi	
14	Two rock-cut shrines at Malayakkovil	Malayakkovil	
15	Rock-cut shrine at Devarmalai	Devarmalai	Alangudi.
16	Remains of the Fort at Kilanilai	Kilanilai	
17	Tirukkattalai temple: The central shrine of Lord Sundareswara with its stone-Vimāna and stone-Stūpi: the Ardha-mandapa; the Maha-mandapa and the seven small shrines built round the central shrine.	Tirukkattalai	
18	Remnants of the Pudukkottai Fort	Pudukkottai	
19	Two images of Jain Tirttankaras in the coconut tope at Annavasal.	Annavasal	Kulattur.
20	Thiruvilangudi Siva temple	Suriyur	Do.
21	Enadippatti Sivankovil on the western bund of Kanuoi.	Varpattu	Tirumayyam.
22	Ruined Jain temple at Chettipatti	Chettipatti	Kulattur.
23	Ba'asubramaniaswami temple in Kannanur village	Kannanur	Tirumayyam.

No.	Name of monument (with description of the places).	Village.	Taluk.
24	Tudaiyur Siva temple by the side of the bund of Todai-kulam in S. No. 159-a2, Tudaiyur village.	Tudaiyur	Kulattur.
25	Jain Tirttankara image in S. No. 212-5, Virakkudi village registered as Kshamanar medu.	Virakkudi	
26	"Dolmen" in S. No. 243-a2, Ammachattiram village	Ammachattiram	
27	Jain image in the waterspread of Pudukkulam S. No. 309-58.	Tiruppur	
28	Ruined Siva temple in S. No. 235-2b temple poramboke	Kilaiyur	Tirumayyam.
29	Jain Tirttankara image seated on a pedestal to the east of the bund of Periakannai and to the west of Siva temple in Tekkattur village.	Tekkattur	
30	Dolmen and Cairns in S. Nos. 16 and 12-1b	Amburappatti	Kulattur.
31	Choliswara Odayar temple in S. No. 309-21	Tiruppur	
32	Group of dolmens near Choliswara Odayar temple in S. No. 309-21.	Do.	Kulattur.
33	Jain image, a stone lion and foundations of a temple in S. No. 231-d.	Kannangudi	
34	Dolmens in S. Nos. 10, 11 (A and B)	Muttampatti	Alangudi.
35	Dolmens in S. Nos. 267a, 269a and 302	Perungalur	
36	A rock-cut Pillayar temple and a Siva temple on the rock in Mangudi village.	Mangudi	Kulattur.
37	The ruined mud and brick Puram fort in the Ambaram Valakkattu Reserve block in Sengirai forest.	Sengirai	Tirumayyam.
38	An extensive ruined mud fort called Kottaikkurai in the Sengirai forest.	Do.	Do.
39	Jain Tirttankara image and an inscribed stone both situated in S. No. 393.	Chettipatti	Kulattur.
40	Jain Tirttankara image and an inscribed stone slab	Valavampatti	Alangudi.
41	Jain image and the inscription to the south of it found on the summit of the Sadayaparai in S. No. 358-a.	9-A Nattampannai	
42	Siva temple in S. No. 20(b)	Panangudi	Kulattur.
43	Sarangatheeswara temple known as Tiruvagneeswarar temple.	Chittur	Tirumayyam.
44	Jain image and the surrounding temple site locally called the "Mottai Pillayarkovil" comprised in S. No. 174(a)1.	Puttambur	Alangudi.
45	Two Jain Tirttankara images one in the dry lands to the north-west of Alangudipatti hamlet and the other on the bund of an urani in Puliyur village.	Tennatirayanpatti and Puliyur.	Kulattur.
46	Stone images of a Hunter and Jyesta Devi on the bund of the Mullaiyurkulam.	Mullaiyur	
47	Dolmens known as Kurangupatnai near the right flank of Tayinikulam and in the rear shore at the left flank of Kunnakulam.	Tayinippatti	
48	Dolmens and urns	Sengalur	
49	Dolmens near 9 mile on Road No. 22 Kiranur—Killukottai.	Kilaiyur	Kulattur.
50	Two lion pillars in the Vahanamantapam attached to the Sri Subrahmaniaswami temple.	Viralimalai	
51	Dolmens	Sittannavasal	

No.	Name of monument (with description of the places).	Village.	Taluk.
52	The Jain Tirttankara image in Siddhasana posture in bas-relief on a slab, the remains of the temple, the Ganesa image and the Nandi with the inscriptions on the basement and the surrounding parts of the Karuppar Hill in S. No. 38 of Perumanadu village.	Mylappatti in Perumanadu village.	Kulattur.
53	The ruins of Jain Shrine in S. No. 282-0	Mangattevanpatti	Tirumayyam.
54	Uttamadanésvara temple	Kilattanayam	
55	The Jain mound and the Jain images, etc., S. No. 339-a	Sembattur	Alangudi.
56	The Jain image in S. No. 109/S-1a in Alattur nattam	Alattur	Kulattur.
57	Siva temple and the three lion pillars	Tennangudi	
58	Siva temple in S. No. 213/a-a	Varappur	Alangudi.
59	Vishnu temple in S. No. 46	Panangudi	Kulattur.
60	Idols on the southern bund of Theppakkulam urani	Madarappatti	
61	The cave and the two Jain figures carved on the rock over it on the eastern side of Aluruttimalai.	Ammachattiram	Kulattur.
62	The remains of the structural temple and the antiquities in S. No. 356/a/1a.	Kodumbalur	
63	Ammankovil situated on the western side of the two Siva temples in Kadambarkovilmalai.	Narttamalai	Alangudi.
64	Kalasakkadu burial sites in S. No. 5	Tirukkattalai	
65	Dolmens and Cairns in S. Nos. 15-A, 5-1a/2b and 12-2	Amburappatti	Kulattur.
66	Old burial sites	Vattanakurichohi	
67	Dolmens and Ayyanar image	Poyyamani & Virudapatti.	Tirumayyam.
68	Prehistoric burials	Tekkattur	
69	Old burial sites in S. No. 18	Narangiyampatti	Kulattur.
70	Andarmatam in S. No. 5/a1 of Tenimalai	Sembudi.	Tirumayyam.
71	The Siva temple situated in S. No. 162/1	Nirpalani	Kulattur.
72	The cavern on the western side of the Kudumiyamalai temple hill situated in S. No. 106 (i)(1).	Kudumiyamalai	
73	The remains of Aivarkovil situated in S. No. 275-1a/1a2	Kodumbalur	Alangudi.
74	Pre-historic burials in Kallukulam in S. No. 10-a/1	Sendakkudi	
75	Siva temple in S. No. 163	Visalur	Kulattur.
76	Eight natural caverns in Kudagumalai, Jain images, inscriptions on stone in S. No. 238/A Aladiperumparaikadu.	Kulattur	
77	Pre-historic burials in S.No. 211 Vakaikkulam poramboke.	Melur	Tirumayyam
78	Siva temple with inscriptions and Vishnu idol in S.No. 509-1 Naduppatti Nattam.	Kulattur	
79	Remains of a Jain temple in Samanarmedu and Tirtankara in S. No. 378-1.	Nallur-Lechchumanpatti	Kulattur.
80	Vishnu and Sri Devi idols in Sengirai forest near Arimalam.	Sengirai	
81	Jain Tirttankara, one inscribed stone slab, two Durga idols, one Mahavishnu idol in Nanjur (S. No. 1/1).	Marudur	Kulattur.
82	Prehistoric burials, Jain Tirttankara idol in Melur village (S. No. 39-a).	Satyamangalam	

STATEMENT XLV.

Expenditure on Public Works.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fiscal's expenditure.	Expenditure in fiscal 1953.	Total.
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
		RELIGION AND CHARITY.				
		ORIGINAL AND REPAIRS.				
Viralimalai	1	Sri Subramanyaswami temple—repairs	700	657	-16	641
	2	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below	...	...	1,844	...
		Total	...	...	1,828	...
		PALACE AND CIVIL LIST.				
		ORIGINAL AND REPAIRS.				
Town	1	New Palace and Residency—supply of energy	...	...	1,211	1,211
	2	New Palace	...	...	552	552
	3	New Palace—construction of a pipe line and cistern for drinking water supply.	570	...	317	317
	4	Old Palace—motor garage—construction	3,094	2,806	12	2,818
Tirugokarnam	5	Palace—repairs to the part wherein the girls' school is located.	590	572	43	615
Trichinopoly	6	Servants' quarters—urgent repairs	735	520	209	729
Kodaikkanal	7	Bungalows—municipal, etc., taxes	...	...	667	667
	8	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below	...	...	2,511	...
		Total	...	...	5,522	...
		IRRIGATION.				
		ORIGINAL.				
		Alangudi Taluk.				
		Alangudi Section.				
Vadakkadu	1	Nangulam—surplus sluice and calingula—construction.	4,460	4,368	58	4,426
		Varappur Section.				
Perungalur	2	Mangalattuppatti—Sirukulam—calingula at the right flank—construction.	2,500	...	1,029	1,029
		Kulattur Taluk.				
		Kiranur Section.				
Kiranur	3	Malayittankulam—calingula—construction	874	765	104	869
		Kudumiyamalai Section.				
Annavaasal	4	Tachchankulam—calingula—construction	1,720	358	466	824
		Kunnandarkovil Section.				
Andakkulam	5	Sengulam—calingula—construction	1,046	450	300	750
		Nirpalani Section.				
Tayinippatti	6	Padippatti—Periyakulam—calingula—construction	1,190	11	85	96
		Tirumayyam Taluk.				
		Sengirai Section.				
Adanur	7	Chettikanmoi—weir and inlet—construction	774	...	335	335
		Tirumayyam Section.				
Kannanur	8	Kannanur Periyakanmoi—calingula—construction	2,900	...	2,038	2,038
	9	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below	...	...	4,238	...
		Total Irrigation Original	...	...	8,653	...
		REPAIRS.				
		Alangudi Taluk.				
		Pudukkottai Section.				
Road No. 3	10	Vari west of the road from 8/4 to 9/4—rubble dams—construction.	1,725	...	1,346	1,346

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in fasli 1353.	Total.
		IRRIGATION—REPAIRS—cont.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
		<i>Vallanad Section.</i>				
Kattakkurichchi ...	11	West vari to vari to Ponnachchikulam already treated—A. E. works.	1,650	155	1,030	1,185
	12	West vari to another vari to Ponnachchikulam already treated—A. E. works.	3,100	...	1,340	1,340
Puvarasakudi ...	13	Kokkalikulam—supply vari—A. E. works ...	5,100	...	246	246
	14	Vallanad tank—maintenance ...	1,000	...	—368	—368
	15	Vallanad tank—Kilavari—A. E. works ...	1,500	...	—17	—17
	16	Manaturai vari—A. E. works—maintenance ...	560	...	624	624
Road 4(a) ...	17	Side vari—A. E. works ...	2,160	...	819	819
		<i>Varappur Section.</i>				
Ganapatipuram ...	18	Tondaman Urani—Nattanerai vari—A. E. works ...	5,000	...	2,750	2,750
	19	Do. — Do. —A. E. works ...	6,975	...	39	39
Kallukkaranpatti.	20	Kuppayampatti—Kusakundukulam—supply vari—A. E. works.	1,560	...	1,086	1,086
Perungalur ...	21	Perungakulam—repairs to revetment ...	1,046	427	607	1,034
	22	Tudiyamparai Forest—A. E. works—maintenance ...	548	...	613	613
	23	Do. —completing A. E. works in Block 71 ...	800	492	27	519
	24	Do. —west of A-12 vari—rubble dam—construction.	850	...	758	758
	25	Do. —preventing sheet erosion in the open space for sowing cholam.	548	...	6	6
Varappur ...	26	Vari feeding Arikulam—A. E. works ...	19,000	3,798	4,262	8,060
	27	Nemmelippatti—Odumbarakulam—rear slope and eroded part—revetment.	565	36	507	543
	28	Do. —Periyakulam—supply vari—A. E. works.	720	16	578	594
	29	Do. —Kinatadi Pudukulam—supply vari—A. E. Works.	4,350	...	1,538	1,538
		Kulattur Taluk.				
		<i>Kudumiyamalai Section.</i>				
Kadayampatti ...	30	Alattur Periyakulam—central part of the bund—gravelling both slopes and top.	630	229	122	351
		<i>Nirpalani Section.</i>				
Tayinippatti ...	31	Padippatti Periakulam—bund repairs ...	600	219	24	243
		Tirumayyam Taluk.				
		<i>Puduppatti Section.</i>				
Agavayal ...	32	Kaikkulam kanmoi—bund repairs ...	760	118	197	315
Kummangudi ...	33	Vallamban kanmoi—bund repairs ...	750	...	314	314
	34	Talayatti kanmoi—bund repairs ...	1,350	...	115	115
		<i>Tirumayyam Section.</i>				
Kannanur ...	35	Periyakanmoi—closing gullies...	600	...	7	7
	36	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	12,732	...
		Total Repairs ...	...	...	31,302	...
		Total Original ...	...	...	8,653	...
		Total Original and Repairs ...	...	...	39,955	...
		FLOOD DAMAGE WORKS.				
		<i>Alangudi Taluk.</i>				
Karukkakurichchi-west.	37	Mudukkaraikulam—restoration of flood damage ...	809	798	11	809
Kilattur ...	38	Karumenikulam—damaged calingula—reconstruction ...	3,570	3,517	19	3,536
Ponnamviduthi ...	39	Neppankulam—additional calingula—construction ...	2,802	2,762	29	2,791

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in fasli 1353.	Total.
		FLOOD DAMAGE WORKS—cont.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Puvarasakudi ...	40	Vallanad tank—revetting bund near sluice sito ...	2,005	1,919	79	1,998
	41	Do. —rectification of Holdsworth Anicut and head-sluice.	1,375	1,447	—83	1,364
	42	Do. —supply channel bund—revetment ...	1,800	3,809	132	3,941
		Kulattur Taluk.				
Chettippatti ...	43	Vennavikulam—restoration of the bund ...	1,600	749	210	959
Minnattur ...	44	Rengasamudram tank—supply vari—silakkarai breach closing.	840	531	28	559
Virakkudi ...	45	Periakanmoi—breach closing ...	803	790	13	803
Visalur ...	46	Kannangudi—Periyakanmoi—calingula—construction of a masonry wall in front.	700	270	32	302
Virakkudi ...	47	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	863	...
		Total Flood Damage works ...	...	...	1,335	...
		Total Irrigation Ordinary ...	...	...	39,955	...
		Total Irrigation ...	...	...	41,288	...
		BUILDINGS.				
		ORIGINAL.				
Pennamaravathi ...	1	Sub-Postmaster's quarters—extension ...	900	...	877	877
Town ...	2	Rani's High school—thatched shed—construction ...	715	106	488	594
	3	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	1,763	...
		Total Buildings Original ...	...	...	3,128	...
		REPAIRS.				
		I General Administration.				
Town ...	4	Residency—maintenance ...	...	...	5,963	5,963
	5	Administrator's Bungalow—maintenance ...	...	...	1,332	1,332
Kodaikkanal ...	6	Black Burn—lease amount (Fasli 1352) ...	...	...	914	914
	7	Bungalows—taxes ...	...	...	827	827
Town ...	8	Assistant Administrator's Bungalow—kitchen—improvements.	560	466	220	686
	9	Attending to electric services and sanitary fittings in Government buildings.	...	...	761	761
	10	Public offices—maintenance ...	...	...	1,372	1,372
	11	Do. Electric energy ...	...	...	822	822
	12	Other buildings—maintenance...	...	...	2,402	2,402
Karambakkudi ...	13	Clerks' quarters—repairs ...	515	...	173	173
Trichinopoly ...	14	Palace servants' quarters—repairs ...	735	...	5	5
	15	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	6,348	...
		Total General Administration ...	...	...	21,139	...
		II Military.				
	16	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	52	...
		Total Military ...	...	...	52	...
		III Registration.				
	17	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	558	...
		Total Registration ...	...	...	558	...
		IV Education.				
Viralkimalai ...	18	Old vattam cutcheri—repairs and improvements ...	777	287	381	668
	19	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	1,919	...
		Total Education ...	...	...	2,300	...

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in fasli 1353.	Total.
Udayalippatti ... Town ...	BUILDINGS—REPAIRS—cont.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	V Police.					
	20	Vattam cutcheri—conversion into Police station ...	730	...	382	382
	21	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	499	...
		Total Police ...	...	...	881	...
	VI Jails.					
	22	Central jail works ...	719	373	338	711
	23	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	130	...
		Total Jails ...	...	...	468	...
	VII Medical.					
	24	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	1,903	...
		Total Medical ...	...	...	1,903	...
		Total Buildings Repairs ...	...	...	27,301	...
		Total Original ...	...	...	3,128	...
		Total Buildings ...	...	...	30,429	...
	COMMUNICATIONS.					
	ORIGINAL.					
	1	Road No. 1— Substantial improvements to road surface ...	1,0000	...	14	14
	2	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	194	...
		Total Original ...	...	...	208	...
	REPAIRS.					
	3	Road No. 1— Maintenance, Fasli 1353 ...	7,320	...	5,528	5,528
	4	Special repairs ...	1,870	...	1,495	1,495
	5	Road No. 2— Maintenance ...	2,720	...	2,741	2,741
	6	Road No. 3— I—Maintenance ...	2,550	...	2,594	2,594
	7	—Special repairs ...	1,000	...	742	742
	8	II—Maintenance ...	2,480	...	2,566	2,566
	9	—Special repairs ...	1,800	...	1,513	1,513
	10	Road No. 4— I—Maintenance ...	1,364	...	1,283	1,283
	11	—Special repairs ...	1,046	...	1,124	1,124
	12	Road No. 4— II—Maintenance, Fasli 1353 ...	1,514	...	1,456	1,456
	13	—Special repairs ...	896	...	927	927
	14	Road No. 5— I—Maintenance ...	1,610	...	1,575	1,575
	15	—Special repairs ...	1,010	...	865	865
	16	Road No. 6— I—Maintenance ...	2,135	...	2,120	2,120
	17	—Special repairs ...	1,010	...	863	863
	18	II—Maintenance ...	3,940	...	3,721	3,721
	19	—Special repairs ...	1,250	...	1,222	1,222
	20	—Supplemental repairs, Fasli 1352 ...	1,040	611	190	801
	21	Road No. 7— —Maintenance, Fasli 1353 ...	8,350	...	7,991	7,991
	22	—Special repairs ...	1,000	...	914	914
	23	Road No. 8— I—Maintenance ...	2,390	...	2,421	2,421
	24	—Special repairs ...	730	...	629	629
	25	II—Maintenance ...	2,030	...	2,239	2,239
	26	—Special repairs ...	1,100	...	870	870

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in fasli 1353.	Total.
	COMMUNICATIONS—REPAIRS—cont.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	27	Road No. 9— I—Maintenance ...	1,970	...	1,643	1,643
	28	—Special repairs ...	1,700	...	1,329	1,329
	29	II—Maintenance ...	2,140	...	2,053	2,053
	30	—Special repairs ...	1,400	...	814	814
	31	Maintenance and special repairs, Fasli 1352 ...	3,500	2,848	79	2,927
	32	Mudukku bridge No. 75—approaches—slopes revetting... 620	620	371	192	563
	33	Road No. 10— I—Maintenance, Fasli 1353 ...	1,780	...	1,441	1,441
	34	—Special repairs ...	1,350	...	391	391
	35	II—Maintenance ...	1,990	...	2,054	2,054
	36	—Special repairs ...	1,160	...	960	960
	37	Road No. 11— —Maintenance ...	1,135	...	1,135	1,135
	38	Road No. 12— —Maintenance ...	1,640	...	1,638	1,638
	39	—Maintenance and special repairs, Fasli 1352 ...	2,000	1,527	19	1,546
	40	Road No. 12-a— —Essential repairs ...	1,060	...	765	765
	41	Road No. 13— I—Maintenance, Fasli 1353 ...	1,482	...	1,368	1,368
	42	—Special repairs ...	718	...	747	747
	43	II—Maintenance ...	1,516	...	1,540	1,540
	44	—Special repairs ...	710	...	689	689
	45	Road No. 14— —Maintenance ...	1,250	...	1,374	1,374
	46	—Special repairs ...	550	...	338	338
	47	Road No. 15— —Maintenance ...	1,155	...	1,091	1,091
	48	—Special repairs ...	685	...	431	431
	49	Road No. 16— —Maintenance ...	2,500	...	2,303	2,303
	50	—Special repairs ...	1,150	...	1,088	1,088
	51	Road No. 17-a, b, c— —Maintenance ...	2,300	...	2,275	2,275
	52	—Special repairs ...	830	...	790	790
	53	Road No. 18— I—Maintenance ...	2,055	...	1,969	1,969
	54	—Special repairs ...	585	...	553	553
	55	II—Maintenance ...	1,850	...	1,507	1,507
	56	—Special repairs ...	1,070	...	1,092	1,092
	57	Road No. 19— —Maintenance ...	980	...	895	895
	58	Road No. 20— —Maintenance ...	2,018	...	1,833	1,833
	59	—Special repairs ...	650	...	195	195
	60	Road No. 21— —Maintenance ...	1,550	...	1,528	1,528
	61	Road No. 22— —Maintenance ...	1,360	...	1,329	1,329
	62	Road No. 23 and 23-a— —Maintenance ...	558	...	522	522

Expenditure on Public Works.—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in fasli 1853.	Total.
		COMMUNICATIONS—REPAIRS—cont.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	63	Road No. 28—Maintenance—Fasli 1853 ...	550	...	486	486
	64	Road No. 29-A— " ...	568	...	502	502
	65	Road No. 30— " ...	800	...	787	787
	66	" —Irish bridge No. 8—Repairs ...	920	...	587	587
	67	Road No. 31—Maintenance, Fasli 1853 ...	1,167	...	1,202	1,202
	68	Road No. 34— " ...	580	...	398	398
	69	" —Special Repairs ...	1,000	...	68	68
	70	Road No. 37—Maintenance ...	520	...	371	371
	71	" —Special Repairs ...	520	...	56	56
	72	Road No. 40—Maintenance ...	1,060	...	990	990
	73	" 45— " ...	588	...	537	537
	74	" 46— " ...	680	...	543	543
	75	" 47— " ...	800	...	811	811
	76	" 48— " ...	1,168	...	975	975
	77	" —Special Repairs ...	620	...	414	414
	78	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	8,280	...
		Total Communication Repairs ...	...	...	104561	...
		Total Original ...	...	...	...	208
		Total Communications Ordinary ...	...	...	104769	...
		FLOOD DAMAGE WORKS.				
	79	Road No. 2—Construction of a causeway at 11/7 ...	725	...	43	...
		Total ...	...	...	48	...
		Total Communications ...	...	...	104812	...
		MARKET AND CART-STAND.				
		ORIGINAL AND REPAIRS.				
		Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	110	...
		Total ...	...	...	110	...
		VILLAGE CONSERVANCY.				
		ORIGINAL.				
Tudaiyur	1	Pillayarkovil Urani Well—improvements ...	1,057	1,018	18	1,086
	2	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	59	...
		Total Original ...	...	...	77	...
		REPAIRS.				
	3	Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	668	...
		Total Repairs ...	...	...	668	...
		Total Original ...	...	...	77	...
		Total ...	...	...	745	...
		POUNDS.				
		Minor works costing Rs. 500 and below ...	...	...	335	...
		Total ...	...	...	335	...

STATEMENT XLVI.

Statement showing the strength, cost and other particulars of the Military Department in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1353 (1943-1944).

Arm of service.	At the end of Fasli 1852.	Recruited in Fasli 1853.	Died.	Invalidated or retired.	Discharged or deserted.	At the end of Fasli 1853.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	European Commanding Officer.	Commanding Officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.	Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the Force including followers.	Remarks.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Cavalry (Sappers)	9	...	...	1	...	8	...	...	...	...	1	7	RS. 34,447	One resigned.
Infantry	94	7	1	...	6	94	...	...	...	...	14	77	0	Out of the Force a private and a Non-Commissioned Officer do the duty of gunners. Out of the six guns possessed only two are serviceable.
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	8	
Imperial Service	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	
Band	27	3	...	2	1	27	...	...	...	1	4	22	8,142	
Total	130	10	1	8	7	129	...	6	...	4	19	106	42,589	

STATEMENT XLVII.

Statement showing the Arms and Ammunition imported into the Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1353 (1943-1944)

Private or State purchases.	ARMS.				AMMUNITION.								
(1)	Rifles '410 bore.	Other Muskets.	Revolvers.	Pistols.	Balled cartridges '410 bore.	Other cartridges.	Blank cartridges.	Revolver 380' bore.	Gunpowder (lb).	Shots No. 5 & 6 in bags.	Percussion caps.	Safety fuses (coils).	Sulphur (lb).
State use	...	22*	...	...	15,840	...	...	96	...	...	...	...	...
Private use	...	...	...	...	...	8,845	...	...	10	...	1,000	600	125

* Received from Allahabad as a loan.

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