

Government of Madras

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT (P.H.) DEPT.

G.O. No. 2417, P.H., 28th October 1933.

Town-planning—Administration Report for 1932-33—Reviewed.

READ—the following paper :—

Letter from M.R.Ry. R. D. N. SIMHAM Avargal, Personal Assistant in charge of the Directorate of Town-planning, Madras, to the Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government (P.H.) Health Department, dated Madras, the 6th September 1933, No. 1767.

Order—No. 2417, P.H., dated 28th October 1933

Recorded.

2. Practically no progress was made by the municipal councils during the year in the preparation of general town-planning schemes as required by section 8 of the Town-planning Act as amended in 1930. Now that the new Town-planning Rules have come into force and a memorandum of instructions for the guidance of local bodies in the preparation of general and detailed town-planning schemes has been issued, the Government trust that the municipal councils concerned will make an earnest attempt to comply with the provisions of section 8 of the Town-planning Act.

3. Four new town-planning schemes were sanctioned during the year, thus raising the number of sanctioned schemes from 29 to 33. One hundred and twenty town-planning schemes were under preparation during the year. The Town-planning Act has so far been extended to 38 local areas. The Government regret to note that some of the municipal councils and panchayat boards have abandoned the schemes already undertaken by them and that as many as 40 municipal councils and 28 local boards to whose areas the Town-planning Act has been extended have not yet taken any action under the Act.

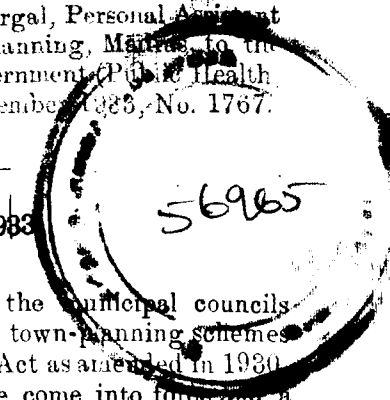
4. During the year the Town-planning Department, in addition to the scrutiny of regular town-planning schemes, gave advice on about 176 cases including town extension schemes, housing schemes for depressed and working classes, building schemes, and other miscellaneous matters.

5. As regards the 34 towns referred to in paragraphs 9 and 10 of the local boards concerned are advised to take steps to comply with the provisions of the Town-planning Act extended to their areas and to prepare general town-planning schemes to

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regulate future developments, if action in these directions has not already been taken.

6. So far 25 municipal councils have appointed new town-planning committees. Besides the Madras Corporation only 18 municipal councils and 2 local boards maintained the town-planning fund account during the year. This is unsatisfactory. Every local body should take steps to constitute a town-planning fund as early as possible.

7. During the year 18 municipal councils and 15 panchayats fixed their industrial areas according to the instructions issued in G.O. No. 1119, P.H., dated 7th June 1927. The other local bodies which have not yet fixed their industrial areas should do so without further delay. Local bodies are informed in this connexion that the fixing of an industrial area does not involve the acquisition of land in that area by the local body concerned and that the local body has merely to declare a certain area or areas as having been set apart for industrial development.

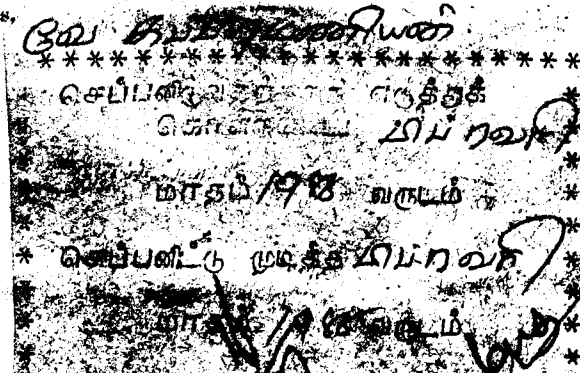
8. The Town-planning Department continued to do useful work during the year.

(By order of the Government, Ministry of Local
Self-Government)

S. G. SENGODAIYAN,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

To all Chairmen, Municipal Councils.
" the Mayor, Corporation of Madras.
" the Board of Revenue.
" all Collectors.
" all Presidents of District Boards.
" all Presidents of Taluk Boards.
" all Presidents of Panchayat Boards concerned (36).
" the Director of Town-planning.
" the Director of Public Health.
" the Sanitary Engineer.
" the Inspector of Municipal Councils and Local Boards.
" the Public Department.
" the Development Department.
" the Public Works and Labour Department.
" the Revenue Department.
" the Law (Education) Department.
" the Examiner of Local Fund Accounts.

Press.



[Maximum number of pages fixed for the report is 25.]

From

R. D. N. SIMHAM, Esq., B.E., F.I.A.A. (Lond.), M.E.S.I. (Lond.),
A.M.T.P.I. (Lond.), A.M.A.M.S.C.E., ETC.,
PERSONAL ASSISTANT IN CHARGE OF
THE DIRECTORATE OF TOWN-PLANNING,
CHENPAUK, MADRAS.

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT,
FORT ST. GEORGE, MADRAS.

D.T.P. No. 1648, dated 15th August 1933.

SIR,

[Annual Report of the Director of Town-planning for the year
1932-33—Submitted.]

I have the honour to submit the following report of the progress made in the administration of the Madras Town-planning Act and of the activities of the Town-planning Department, for the year ending with 31st March 1933.

I.—GENERAL REVIEW.

1. The year under review was one of great financial stringency which was felt in all parts of the Presidency and consequently a check in the normal progress of town-planning schemes and of town development was apparent. The provisions of the Madras Town-planning Act as amended in 1930 could not be given effect to in full on account of the unavoidable delay in the publication of the revised Town-planning Rules. The paucity of staff for the department and the continuance of the Director of Town-planning in additional charge of the post of Consulting Architect to Government prevented the department from including propaganda work in its routine duties and from devoting full attention to town-planning matters. In spite of these handicaps there was progress in practically every aspect of town-planning work as set out in the latter parts of this report.

2. At the end of the year, there were 153 town-planning schemes in force including the sanctioned town-planning schemes which were 88 in number. Six town-planning schemes had been completely executed or being completion. Nine draft town-planning schemes and layouts were suggested. Advice was given on about 176 extension schemes, depressed and working class housing schemes, building schemes, roads and other miscellaneous matters. Industrial

areas were fixed or suggested in 33 towns. Four hundred building applications in town-planning areas were dealt with.

3. The Municipal Councils have just embarked upon the preparation of general town-planning schemes. The question of clearance of slums in towns and the most important and urgent problem of housing the labouring and working classes, have not yet received attention of the local authorities. The planning of the villages is as important as the planning of the town in this country. 40,402,851 people (i.e., 87 per cent of the total population of the Presidency) live in villages in this Presidency. If the prosperity and health of this vast population is considered the powers given under the existing Town-planning Act and other local Acts are inadequate.

4. The scope of town-planning is indeed unlimited. It aims at utilizing science and expert knowledge to provide the fullest opportunity for obtaining sanitary conditions, amenity and convenience for the inhabitants and to secure the greatest industrial and agricultural efficiency. It aims to correct the mistakes committed in the past and to prevent similar mistakes being repeated in the future. It aims to solve the most intricate problems that confront local authorities and the Government in the development of the country in the most economic manner possible, without impairing efficiency. It is a subject in which the whole of mankind is intimately concerned, since it embodies valuable principles which properly put into practice may prove beneficial to almost every aspect of human affairs.

II.—THE TOWN-PLANNING ACT AND RULES.

5. Although the Amended Town-planning Act of 1930 came into force as early as April 1930, owing to delay in the publication of the revised rules, it had not been fully effective even during the year under review. The new rules came into force from 1st April 1933. Further rules under sections 38 (1, 3), 44 (d), (f), (o), (p), (r) and (t) and 54 (1) were under consideration of the department. Pending the completion of the rules, the preparation of Town-planning Manual, referred to in the last year's Administration Report was postponed.

6. At the end of the year, the Act was in force in 42 municipalities and 10 panchayat towns. The remaining 68 municipalities and panchayat towns to which the Act applies or had been extended, had either abandoned the town-planning schemes taken up already or not taken up so far any town-planning schemes. From what may be seen in the table below giving particulars of the rate of growth of population and overcrowding in houses, it is obvious that these towns also, except perhaps Negapatam, Peddapuram, Tiruvarur, Kandanur, Repalle and Settur, should have town-planning schemes to obviate overcrowding, to regulate development to conform to sanitary requirements, and to secure proper communications and amenities.

List of Municipalities and other Local Bodies who have not taken any action under the Town-planning Act.

Municipality or other local area.	Increase of population (1921-31).	Increase of houses (1921-31).	Ratio of increase of population to increase of houses.	Death rate per 1,000 population.
(a) Municipalities.				
* 1. Adoni ...	17.8	13.1	7.4	24.2
2. Ananapur ...	31.7	30.1	5.7	26.5
3. Berhampur ...	15.4	17.6	4.5	19.1
* 4. Birnipatam ...	28.5	21.7	6.4	27.6
* 5. Bodinayakkanur ...	32.9	13.2	1.3	26.6
6. Chicacole ...	1.8	6.1	3.4	25.8
7. Chidambaram ...	11.5	9.3	5.4	21.4
* 8. Chirala ...	23.0	27.8	4.3	28.0
* 9. Cocanada ...	23.6	68.4	5.3	30.3
* 10. Cochin ...	10.6	4.3	7.0	29.0
* 11. Cuddalore ...	13.5	13.1	5.3	25.5
12. Cuddapah ...	15.8	8.9	8.7	18.8
* 13. Dharapuram ...	13.0	18.5	5.1	23.1
14. Gudiyattam ...	8.3	6.2	5.9	39.4
* 15. Guntur ...	35.3	39.8	5.9	27.7
* 16. Kodaikanal ...	52.3	49.4	4.6	32.4
* 17. Kurnool ...	26.5	14.4	5.7	31.1
18. Mannargudi ...	5.4	4.3	5.1	28.6
* 19. Masulipatam ...	29.5	26.5	5.6	30.1
20. Mayavaram ...	11.4	10.3	5.3	24.2
* 21. Narasaraopet ...	36.2	41.9	5.1	30.1
22. Negapatam ...	10.2	5.2	5.2	31.2
23. Ongole ...	16.8	16.3	5.3	29.9
24. Palghat ...	8.0	5.8	5.8	24.0
* 25. Parakkimedi ...	7.2	2.0	5.0	20.4
26. Peddapuram ...	18.6	6.3	6.0	34.8
* 27. Periyakulam ...	19.3	5.8	10.1	33.8
* 28. Pollachi ...	39.6	106.3	5.2	19.9
29. Tadipatri ...	86.2	14.1	4.9	35.6
* 30. Tanjore ...	11.8	9.4	5.6	30.4
* 31. Tellicherry ...	11.7	7.4	7.9	22.4
32. Tirupattur ...	10.0	3.2	5.8	29.9
* 33. Tiruppur ...	12.5	30.3	5.5	25.6
* 34. Tiruvannamalai ...	66.9	21.7	6.8	20.6
35. Tiruvarur ...	26.8	0.8	5.1	17.8
36. Udumalpet ...	15.6	5.6	5.7	18.1
37. Vaniyambadi ...	19.0	4.4	5.7	21.4
38. Villupuram ...	14.2	19.3	6.0	25.6
39. Vizianagram ...	15.5	4.0	4.6	23.7
40. Walajapet ...	13.8	2.1	5.6	...
(b) Other Local Boards to which Town-planning Act has been extended.				
* 41. Allinagaram (Theni) (1926)—Usilampatti T.B.	27.3	21.7	5.5	6.6
* 42. Ariyalur (1925)—Udaiyarpalayam T.B.	10.4	1.8	5.7	30.0
* 43. Courtallam (1930)—Tenkasi P.	(Included in Tenkasi.)			
* 44. Devakottai—Devakottai, T.B.	26.3	14.4	6.0	10.0
* 45. Gudivada (1928)—Gudivada P.	29.4	41.6	4.6	3.4
46. Ganapathi (1932)—Ganapathi P.	20.7	12.0	5.7	12.3
47. Ilaiyangudi (1928)—Ilaiyangudi P.	9.6	7.0	4.9	6.4

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List of Municipalities and other Local Bodies who have not taken any action under the Town-planning Act—cont.

Municipality or other local area.	Increase of population (1921-31).	Increase of houses (1921-31).	Number of persons per house.	Ratio or increase of population to increase of houses.	Death-rate (average for the past five years) per mille of population.
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(b) Other Local Boards to which Town-planning Act has been extended—cont.

	PER CENT.	PER CENT.			
* 48. Jayankondasholapuram—Udaiyarpalayam T.B.	7.8	Practically nil.	6.6	(493)	...
49. Kandamur (1928)—Kandamur P.	-57.0	-56.5	5.1	...	17.6
* 50. Kollegal (1922)—Kollegal T.B.	4.4	5.9	5.7	4.3	29.3
* 51. Kotagiri (1924)—Kotagiri D.B.	24.5	21.0	4.5	5.1	...
* 52. Madanapalle (1929)—Madanapalle P.	10.0	8.9	5.5	15.7	25.5
53. Nannilam (1923)—Nannilam T.B.	18.0	19.0	4.6	3.6	...
* 54. Narasannapetta (1931)—Narasannapetta P.	70.0	77.4	4.5	4.3	...
* 55. Nidadavolu (1927)—Nidadavolu P.	0.4	12.7	5.8	...	21.0
* 56. Pameru (1923)—Pameru P.	17.6	39.2	4.7	2.5	...
* 57. Papanasam (1921)—Papanasam T.B.	19.0	27.4	5.0	5.7	...
* 58. Paramagudi (1929)—Paramagudi P.	-17.0	-13.0	7.5	10.5	15.9
59. Pilamedu (1932)—Pilamedu P.	(Information not available.)				
* 60. Puliyangudi (1927)—Kovilpatti T.B.	14.8	19.7	4.5	3.5	26.1
* 61. Repalle (1926)—Repalle T.B.	-39.3	-34.7	4.7	...	32.9
* 62. Sankarancoil (1927)—Kovilpatti T.B.	17.1	18.0	4.8	4.6	24.1
* 63. Settur (1923)—Settur P.	-30.5	-30.6	5.1	...	22.0
* 64. Sivaganga (1930)—Sivaganga T.B.	16.0	17.0	5.3	5.0	23.8
* 65. Tekkai (1927)—Chinnole T.B.	9.8	5.4	4.9	8.6	21.4
* 66. Tenkasi (1926)—Tinnevely T.B.	19.3	30.2	4.1	2.7	28.2
* 67. Usilampatti (1926)—Usilampatti T.B.	24.3	1.2	5.9	94.4	...
* 68. Vikramasingapuram (1930)—Sarmadevi T.B.	41.0	35.0	4.3	2.7	...

* Town-planning schemes had been already recommended in these towns. (1925) indicates the year of extension of the Town-planning Act to the town.
P. = Panchayat. T.B. = Taluk Board.

7. A number of town-planning schemes had been already recommended in the towns included in the above table and marked by an asterisk. In some cases map A (No. 1) had been also furnished to the concerned authorities for taking action in accordance with the rules. Only Kodaikanal Municipality had recently decided to prepare a town-planning scheme for the Kandavari area as recommended by the Director. Ilayangudi, Kandamur, Madanapalle and Seithur Panchayat Boards and Udaiyarpalayam Taluk Board (Jayankondasholapuram, Ariyalur) had decided to postpone the preparation of town-planning schemes on financial grounds.

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8. Much has to be done in the matter of development of other towns and villages in this province. The 82 municipalities constituted so far, cover about 48 per cent of the total urban population of the province, as enumerated by the census statistics of 1931, which in turn is only 15 per cent of the total urban and rural population of the province. There are on the whole about 839 towns, classified in the census of 1931 as possessing true urban characteristics and with a total population of 6,337,256 and of houses 1,136,393. If we are to follow the English ideal of planning rural places also, our work will be unlimited; even if we are only to restrict our activities to the proper development of the urban places, our work will be nearly quadrupled.

9. The following towns with population between 20,000 and 50,000 which are however not municipalities should each have a general town-planning scheme for the guidance of the local authorities, in regulating future developments.

Town.	Population, increase (1921-31).	Persons per house (1931).	Death-rate (average for the past 5 years).	Town.	Population, increase (1921-31).	Persons per house (1931).	Death-rate (average for the past 5 years).
	PER CENT.				PER CENT.		
1. Ambar ...	26	6	29.2	6. Poonamallee ...	16	7	24.0
2. Aruppukottai ...	7	5	21.3*	7. Puliyangudi ...	15	5	26.1*
3. Bobbili ...	13	4	36.6	8. Rajapalayam ...	17	5	22.2*
4. Devakottai ...	26	6	14.6*	9. Sembiam ...	37	6	28.1
5. Kadayannallur ...	21	5	27.0*	10. Tenkasi ...	24	5	28.2*

* Act extended.

10. Towns with population between 10,000 and 20,000 (which number in all 115) had been found to increase more rapidly than in the previous decades and than even many other towns with population between 20,000 and 100,000. Such towns would appear to be more favoured as an urban unit. In the following towns with population between 10,000 and 20,000, the growth had been tremendous and it would be useful to have the Act extended to all of these and general development plan prepared for all of them.

Town.	Population, increase (1921-31).	Persons per house (1931).	Death-rate (average for the past 5 years).	Town.	Population, increase (1921-31).	Persons per house (1931).	Death-rate (average for the past 5 years).
	PER CENT.				PER CENT.		
1. Arcot ...	25	6	24.6	14. Pallavaram ...	23	6	8.3
2. Arkonam ...	22	7	25.7	15. Ponneri ...	21	7	(No information).
3. Arni ...	22	6	30.3	16. Ranipet ...	39	7	30.8
4. Bapatla ...	27	6	23.5*	17. Ravadrug ...	26	6	20.6
5. Gudalur ...	20	6	(No information.)	18. Tanuku ...	35	6	33.3
6. Gudivada ...	28	5	31.9*	19. Tevaram ...	22	6	(No information).
7. Gudur ...	25	5	24.9	20. Tindivanam ...	24	6	23.8
8. Guntakal ...	25	5	28.3	21. Tiruchendur ...	33	5	28.5
9. Kovilpatti ...	26	5	26.5	22. Tirukkoyilur ...	32	6	19.3
10. Krishnagiri ...	35	6	14.8	23. Tiruvottiyur ...	33	5	28.1
11. Kurichi ...	33	5	19.8	24. Udangudi ...	63	5	33.2
12. Narasapatnam ...	21	5	23.1				
13. Nuzvid ...	20	5	27.1				

* Act extended.

III.—TOWN-PLANNING SCHEMES.

11. *General Town-planning Schemes (Section 8).*—Pending the rules and as a preliminary thing to the preparation of general town-planning schemes, all the municipal councils on whom it was obligatory to prepare, publish and submit the schemes, were advised to get the town maps brought up to date. But very few councils had actually done this. A large number pleaded lack of town surveyors for their towns or other assistance to the councils. About 23 municipalities did not even possess town survey maps and consequently in these cases the preparation of maps suitable for general town-planning purposes was not possible.

12. The Town-Planning Rules again having been published very late in the year and not having actually come to effect up to the end of the year, practically no progress was made in the preparation of general town-planning schemes. According to the rules published by Government, the general town-planning scheme is to include a general report on proposals for improvement and development of the town as a whole and a map showing such proposals and a draft scheme. It will fix the general lines of improvement and development, details being left to be settled in the ordinary town-planning schemes.

13. The prescribed date for submission of the general town-planning scheme is 31st March 1934 and the time before the councils is very short. It would be practically impossible to do all that is required under the rules—to prepare and submit the preliminary maps and proposals to the Government for acceptance before the regular scheme is taken up, to prepare and publish the scheme for public criticism, to consult owners, and to submit the scheme finally to Government for sanction within the specified period. The Act, however, provides for extension of time being granted by Government who might sanction such extension of time as may be necessary.

14. *Detailed Town-planning Schemes (Sections 9 and 12).*—Chirala, Gaddalora, Sivakasi municipal councils and the Udaiyarpalayam Taluk Board having decided to drop or defer the town-planning schemes undertaken by them for financial reasons, there were, at the end of the year, only 120 town-planning schemes under preparation, particulars of which are furnished below :—

List of Town-planning Schemes under preparation with their Stages as on 31st March 1933.

Serial number and town-planning schemes.	Date of notification under section 10 or 12.	Latest date for		Pending Board, D.P.P. with Government.	Remarks.
		Publication under section 11.	Submission to Government under section 12.		
(a) MUNICIPAL SCHEMES.					
Bellary—					
1. Wardlaw Road School Scheme.	15 Oct. 1931.	14 Oct. 1933.	...	...	Schemes under preparation. Maximum time sanctioned.
2. Satyanarayanaipet Extension Scheme.	15 Jan. 1932.	14 Jan. 1934.	...	...	

List of Town-planning Schemes under preparation with their Stages as on 31st March 1933—cont.

Serial number and town-planning schemes.	Date of notification under section 10 or 12.	Latest date for		C-Collector, B-Board, D-D.T.P. with Government.	Remarks.	
		Publication under section 11.	Submission to Government under section 12.			
(a) MUNICIPAL SCHEMES—cont.						
Bellary—cont.						
13. Goulibada Scheme	20 July 1932.	19 July 1934.	...	...	Schemes under preparation. Maximum time sanctioned.	
14. Pathakandakam Extension Scheme.	1 May 1932.	30 Apr. 1934.	...	...		
Berwada—						
*5. Scheme No. 1 ...	5 July 1927.	...	31 Mar. 1933.	...	Draft schemes not yet complete. Further extension of time applied for.	
*6. Do. No. 2 ...	Do.	...	Do.	...		
*7. Do. No. 3 ...	Do.	...	Do.	...		
*8. Do. No. 4 ...	Do.	...	Do.	...		
*9. Do. No. 5 ...	Do.	...	Do.	...		
Calicut—						
*10. Calicut Scheme	26 Nov. 1929.	...	30 June 1933.	...	Resurvey map and records are awaited. Draft scheme pending consideration.	
Cannanore—						
11. Nalivayal Scheme	12 Sep. 1931.	1 June 1933.	...	...	Draft schemes pending consideration of the Special Town-planning Committee.	
12. Pandaravalapu Scheme.	Do.	Do.	...	...		
Chingleput—						
13. Gundur Extension Scheme.	25 Nov. 1927.	...	...	G	Pending sanction of Government.	
Coimbatore—						
*14. Red Fields Scheme No. 1.	20 Dec. 1927.	...	...	G		
*15. Ramanathapuram Scheme No. 2.	Do.	...	...	G		
*16. Papanayakkanpalaiyam Scheme No. 3.	Do.	...	...	G	Awaiting revised schedule from the Council.	
*17. New Wards 6, 7 and 19 Scheme No. 4.	Do.	...	...	D		
*18. Power House Ward Scheme No. 5.	25 Apr. 1932.	24 Apr. 1933.	...	...	Detailed plan for preparation of layout nearing completion.	
Conjeevaram—						
*19. Railway Station Area Scheme.	18 Dec. 1928.	...	31 Dec. 1932.	...	Draft schemes and schedules being completed.	
*20. Munanthiruvilla Mantapam Scheme.	Do.	...	Do.	...		
Coonoor—						
21. Alwarpet Extension Scheme.	3 Mar. 1931.	3 Mar. 1933.	...	...	Barred by limitation of time. Fresh action to be taken.	

*List of Town-planning Schemes under preparation with their Stages
as on 31st March 1933—cont.*

Serial number and town-planning schemes.	Date of publication under section 10 or 12.	Latest date for		Remarks.
		Publication under section 11.	Submission to Government under section 12.	
				C-Collector. B-Board. D-D.T.P. G-Government.
MUNICIPAL SCHEMES—cont.				
<i>Danapur—</i>				
22. Agummaikulam Scheme No. 1.	6 Sep. 1932.	...	31 Mar. 1933.	Schemes returned to be published under section 12 in accordance with the revised Rules.
*23. Narashtapur Scheme.	Do.	...	Do.	
*24. Parade Ground Scheme No. 3.	Do.	...	Do.	
*25. Trunk Road Scheme No. 4.	Do.	...	Do.	Pending publication.
*26. Paraikulam Scheme No. 5.	6 Dec. 1932.	...	31 July 1933.	
27. Railway Station area Scheme No. 6.	...	...	...	Dropped owing to Railway objection.
*28. Bodinayakkanpatti Scheme No. 7.	6 Dec. 1932.	...	31 July 1933.	To be published in accordance with the revised Rules.
<i>Ellore—</i>				
*29. Narasimharaopet Scheme No. 1.	19 Feb. 1929.	...	1 Apr. 1933.	Draft schemes pending publication by the Council. Extension of time required.
*30. Ramachandrapuram Scheme No. 2.	Do.	...	Do.	
*31. Venavalivariipeta Scheme No. 3.	Do.	...	Do.	
<i>Erode—</i>				
32. T.P. Scheme No. 1.	14 June 1932.	18 June 1933.	...	Re-notified afresh under the Amended Act.
33. T.P. Scheme No. 2.	Do.	Do.	...	
34. T.P. Scheme No. 3.	Do.	Do.	...	
*35. T.P. Scheme No. 4.	19 Sep. 1932.	18 Sep. 1933.	...	
<i>Hindupur—</i>				
36. Surappakunta Extension Scheme.	...	...	...	Fresh action to be taken by the Council.
<i>Hosur—</i>				
*37. T.P. Scheme for Malarious Zone Area.	31 Mar. 1933.	...	...	Section 9, resolution passed. Notified on 20 Apr. 1933.
<i>Karaikudi—</i>				
*38. Railway Station Area Scheme.	26 July 1932.	...	31 Mar. 1933.	Survey plan awaited from the Survey Department. Further extension of time sanctioned recently.
*39. Minakshipuram Scheme.	Do.	...	Do.	
*40. Naganathapuram Extension Scheme.	Do.	...	Do.	
<i>Kumbakonam—</i>				
*41. Scheme No. 1.	24 Jan. 1928.	...	1 Oct. 1933.	Schemes under consideration of the Council.
*42. Do. No. 2.	Do.	...	Do.	