

[The text of the report is limited to twenty-five pages]

REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE JAILS OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY, 1932

CONTENTS

Introductory	PARA. 1	Classes of prisons	PARA. 3
Inspector-General of Prisons	2		

JUDICIAL STATISTICS

General summary	4	Classification of prisoners—Star class system	16
Statement No. I—Convicts	5	Special division prisoners	17
Statement No. XVIII—Undertrial prisoners	6	Youthful offenders	18
Civil prisoners	7	Borstal schools	19
State prisoners	8	Statement No. V—Escapes and recaptures	20
Statement No. II—Religion of convicts. Do. Age of convicts	9	Statement No. VI—Offences and punishments	21
Appendix to Statement No. II—Age of children, juveniles and adolescents	10	Corporal punishments	22
Statement No. II—Education of convicts	11	Conduct of habituals	23
Statement No. II—Previous occupation of convicts	12	Education of convicts	24
Statement No. II—Duration and length of sentence	13	Aid on discharge	25
Statement No. II—Previously convicted	14	Fetters	26
	15	Statement C—Remission system	27
		Advisory Boards	28

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

... ..	29	Extraordinary charges	39
... ..	30	Jail Dairies	40
... ..	31	Statement G	41
... ..	32	Grand total of expenditure	42
... ..	33	Statement No. XII-A	43
... ..	34	Statement No. XII-B	44
... ..	35	Statement No. XIII—Net cost of prisoners	45
... ..	36	Value of supplies made by jails for departmental use	46
... ..	37		
... ..	38		

VITAL STATISTICS

—Sickness and mortality	47	Dysentery	59
the several classes of	48	Malarial fever	60
... ..	49	Tubercular diseases	61
Central jail	50	Anæmia and debility	62
Central jail	51	Pneumonia	63
all jails	52	Diarrhœa	64
... ..	53	Ankylostomiasis	65
all, Madras	54	Enteric fever	66
... ..	55	Syphilis	67
prisoners repatriated from	56	Statement No. XVII—Mortality according to periods of sentences undergone	68
V—Classes of diseases	57	Statement B—Prisoners' weightment	69
... ..	58	Water-supply and sanitation in jails	70

MISCELLANEOUS AND CONCLUDING REMARKS

... ..	71	Progress of reforms	75
... ..	72	Conduct of jail establishment	76
all buildings, general	73	Conduct of officers	77
... ..	74	Annual Reports of Superintendents of Central and Special jails	78

CONTENTS

APPENDIX I.—STATEMENTS

JUDICIAL

PAGES

General summary showing the distribution of all classes of prisoners	...	...	22 and 23
STATEMENT No. I.—Admission and disposal of convicts	...	...	24 and 25
Do. II.—Religion, age, previous occupation and state of education of convicts	...	...	26 and 27
Do. III.—Sentences of convicts	...	...	28 to 31
Do. IV.—Number of re-convicted criminals admitted	...	...	32 and 33
Do. V.—Escapes and recaptures of convicts	...	...	34
Do. VI.—Jail offences and punishments	...	...	35

FINANCIAL

STATEMENT No. IX.—Expenditure in guarding and maintenance	...	...	36 to 39
Do. XII-A.—Statement of assets of the manufacturing departments of Central and District jails	...	...	40 and 41
Do. XIII.—Net cost of prisoners	...	...	42

VITAL

STATEMENT No. XIV.—Sickness and mortality amongst all classes	...	...	44 to 47
Do. XV.—Admissions and deaths from chief diseases among the convicts	...	...	48
Do. XVII.—Mortality according to length of time passed in jail	...	...	49

MISCELLANEOUS

STATEMENT No. XVIII.—Particulars regarding undertrial prisoners	...	...	50
Do. B.—Condition of prisoners discharged	...	...	51
Do. C.—Working of the remission system	...	...	52

APPENDIX II.—SPECIAL STATEMENTS FURNISHED FOR THE INFORMATION OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ONLY.

APPENDIX TO STATEMENT No. II	...	...	53
STATEMENT No. XII-B.—Comparative statement of manufactures	...	...	54
Do. F showing population, sickness and mortality of the subsidiary the several districts	...	...	
Do. G showing the expenditure in the subsidiary jails of the several districts	...	...	

Admn Report

Jails 1932

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No. A.

OFFICE OF THE
INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF PRISONS,
OOTACANUND,

Dated the 31st March 1933.

From

LIEUT.-COL. G. W. MACONACHIE, M.B., I.M.S.,
INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF PRISONS, MADRAS,

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
LAW (GENERAL) DEPARTMENT,
FORT ST. GEORGE, MADRAS.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit my report on the administration of the Jail Department for the year 1932.

2. *Inspector-General of Prisons.*—I held charge of the department throughout the year.

3. *Classes of Prisons.*—The number of Central Jails was reduced from 10 to 9 due to the closing down of the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, as a measure of retrenchment consequent on the release of a large number of Mappilla Rebellion prisoners. The number of District Jails, Borstal Schools and Special Jails remained the same as at the end of the previous year, viz., 3, 2 and 3, respectively. The number of sub-jails decreased from 315 to 300 due to the abolition of the sub-jails at Bimilipatam, Pamarru, Yadiki, Tanakal, Dusi, Satyavedu, Vanur, Porto Novo, Gudur, Ichhapur, Chitvel, Kuppam, Bikkavole, Vedasandur, Aravakurichi and Sattangulam with reference to G.Os. Nos. Ms. 1052, Revenue, dated the 18th May 1932, Ms. 38, Revenue, dated the 6th January 1932, Ms. 3615, Law (General), dated the 3rd October 1932, Ms. 138, Revenue, dated the 19th January 1932, Ms. 301, Revenue, dated the 6th February 1932, Ms. 143, Revenue, dated the 20th January 1932, 2726, Revenue, dated the 29th December 1931, Ms. 2647, Revenue, dated the 12th December 1931, Ms. 1337, Revenue, dated the 26th June 1932, Ms. 1021, Revenue, dated the 13th May 1932, Ms. 2635, Revenue, dated the 12th December 1932, 381, Revenue, dated the 17th February 1932, 1521, Revenue, dated the 21st July 1932, Ms. 311, Revenue, dated the 8th February 1932 and 616, Revenue, dated the 15th March 1932, respectively, and the opening of a sub-jail at Virudhunagar with reference to G.O. No. 715, Revenue, dated the 9th April 1929.

JUDICIAL STATISTICS

4. *General Summary.*—The year opened with 15,411 prisoners of all classes; 98,592 were received and 57,877 discharged leaving 15,216 at the end of the year. The daily average number confined advanced from 15,495.36 to 16,133.57 as a result of the Civil Disobedience Movement.

5. *Statement No. I—Convicts.*—The convict population at the beginning of the year stood at 12,061 males and 266 females. 26,244 males and 1,308 females were received by direct committal during the year, as compared with 22,515 males and 979 females in the previous year. The largest number of direct committals was, as was the case last year, from the Madras district, viz., 1,817. Coimbatore comes next with 1,681 followed by Madras (1,343), Malabar (998), Guntūr (975), Salem (971), South Arcot (969), Tanjore (915), Godāvāri East (690), Ramnad (672), North Arcot (649), Ganjam (645) and Godāvāri West (611).

The number of convicts received by transfer amounted to 25,279 against 20,090 in the previous year. Of this number, 19,546 were admitted to sub-jails en route to jails or sub-jails; 5,322 including 50 from other Provinces were received to undergo sentence; and 411 were received en route to other jails. Of those discharged during the year, 2,428 were released on appeal, 17,415 on expiry of sentence, 5,872 under remission rules, against 2,181, 15,850 and 5,397, respectively, in the preceding year. The number of convicts released by order of Government was 1,679 including 9 relating to sub-jails, as against 2,181 in the preceding year, of which 184 were released on the recommendation of the Advisory Boards, 52 on medical recommendation, 57 connected with the Civil Disobedience Movement on tendering apology, 1,271 under the scheme of premature release

of Mappilla Rebellion prisoners and 115 on other grounds including 3 female prisoners convicted of infanticide and placed under the care of the Madras Seva Sadan. Three of the prisoners whose medical release was sanctioned by Government died before orders were received.

Fifty-two were transferred to the Andamans, 24 to the Mental Hospital, Madras, 5 escaped and remained at large, 120 were executed and 90 died. At the end of the year, 12,390 remained in custody as against 12,327 in 1931. The daily average was 13,149·39 or 707·58 more than in the previous year. In the mental defective section of the District Jail, Cuddalore, 71 prisoners were confined at the beginning of the year and 67 were admitted during the year making a total of 138. Of this number, 7 were transferred to the Mental Hospital, Madras, 42 were released or transferred to other jails, 8 were certified as sane and 2 died leaving 79 at the close of the year—60 mental defectives, 15 epileptics and 4 recovered criminal lunatics. Special arrangements in accordance with medical exigencies exist to deal with these prisoners and they are carefully looked after and employed on suitable work.

There were 74 lepers at the beginning of the year. Eighty-nine were received during the year by transfer from other jails and 7 were received by direct committal making a total of 170. Of this number, 72 were disposed of during the year leaving a balance of 98 at the end of the year.

6. *Statement No. XVIII—Undertrial Prisoners.*—There were 2,199 prisoners of this class confined at the beginning of the year and 40,366 were received during the year making a total of 42,565. The daily average fell from 2,358·99 to 2,318·40. Of this number, 2,005·95 relates to sub-jails as against 2,051·26 in the previous year.

Excluding transfers and those that remained at the end of the year, 27,374 undertrials were disposed of during the year. Of this number, 10,620 or 38·80 per cent were convicted and sentenced and 16,731 or 61·12 per cent acquitted and released as against 9,130 or 37·05 per cent and 15,478 or 62·80 per cent, respectively, in the preceding year. There were 14 escapes, all from sub-jails, and 9 deaths, 7 of which occurred in sub-jails. At the close of the year, 2,120 remained in custody awaiting trial as against 2,199 in 1931.

The average period of detention before Sessions Courts fell from 38·42 to 33·67 and that before magistrates from 18·07 to 15·34. This is satisfactory.

7. *Civil Prisoners.*—There were 205 prisoners of this class in custody at the beginning of the year: this figure includes State prisoners. The number admitted during

the year was 5,395 making a total of 6,280. Of this number, 5,543 were released, 26 transferred and 5 died leaving 706 at the end of the year. The daily average dropped from 689·95 to 655·22 during the year.

8. *State Prisoners.*—The year opened with 14 State prisoners in custody and 3 were admitted during the year under the Ganjam and Vizagapatam Act, 1839. Seven of these were discharged for detention under Police surveillance. There were ten prisoners in custody at the end of the year. One other State prisoner was undergoing imprisonment, having been convicted and classified as a "C" class prisoner. The daily average was 10·56.

9. *Statement No. II—Religion of Convicts.*—Of the 27,552 convicts admitted during the year, 89·31 were Hindus including Sikhs, 6·06 Muhammadans, 2·30 Christians, 0·27 Buddhists and Jains and 2·06 all other classes as compared with 86·96, 7·79, 3·55, 0·45 and 1·25, respectively, in the preceding year.

10. *Age of Convicts.*—Corresponding more or less to the increase in the admissions during the year, the number of persons admitted under the several age periods advanced, viz., under the age of 16 years from 24 to 38; 16 to 18 years from 571 to 876; 19 to 21 years from 1,538 to 2,523; 22 to 30 years from 10,247 to 12,034; 31 to 40 years from 7,015 to 7,494; 41 to 60 years from 3,683 to 4,146 and above 60 years from 417 to 441.

11. *Appendix to Statement II—Age of Children, Juveniles and Adolescents.*—The number of children under 14 years admitted into jails was the same as last year, viz., 5. Those of 14 and 15 years of age rose from 17 to 32. Similarly the number of young persons from 16 to 20 years and adolescents from 21 to 23 years advanced from 1,623 to 2,223 and 1,740 to 2,356, respectively.

12. *Education.*—The percentage of literate and illiterate convicts admitted during the year works out to 24·48 and 75·52, respectively, as compared with 18·46 and 81·54 in the year previous.

13. *Previous Occupation.*—There has been a uniform increase under all classes except under "Persons employed under Government or Municipal or other Local Authorities" the percentage of which declined from 1·26 to 0·82. The increase is chiefly noticeable against "Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals," viz., from 36·44 to 39·72.

14. *Statement No. III—Nature and Length of Sentences.*—As compared with the previous year, the percentage of convicts sentenced to simple imprisonment and rigorous imprisonment advanced from 12·96 to 14·06 and 82·78 to 85·93, respectively. The number of persons sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement was 3 against 2 in

the previous year, while none were sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping. Of the total admissions, 177 were sentenced to death, 149 to transportation for life and 4 to a term of years as compared with 201, 155 and 18, respectively, in the previous year. The decline from 9,193 to 8,630 in the number of prisoners sentenced to terms of imprisonment not exceeding one month is satisfactory. The increase in respect of those sentenced to terms of over one month and not exceeding three months, viz., from 5,293 to 6,504 as well as those sentenced to over three months and not exceeding six months from 4,175 to 5,861 is perhaps to be expected; but apparently a great many of these short sentence cases could be more adequately dealt with under a Probation of Offenders Act.

It would seem on rational grounds to be imperatively necessary for the Bill to introduce the Probation System for first offenders in India to go forward as we are convinced of the futility of short sentences and it is admitted on all hands that short terms of imprisonment do more harm than good as they are likely to transform a first offender into an habitual criminal. They are neither preventive nor reformatory.

At present, a Bill in this respect is before the Government of India, but the success of such a Bill will be almost entirely in the hands of the public, who will have to assume the duties of probation officers. It will not be possible to appoint a paid officer for every offender placed on probation and the meagre response to the efforts of the Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society gives one seriously to think as to how such an Act is to be worked.

After ten years the scope of the Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society has been not unfairly described as a drop in the ocean and, with a public so averse apparently to social work, it is for serious consideration if the time is ripe for the introduction of such a measure.

Of the total number of convicts that remained in custody at the end of the year, viz., 12,390, 44 were under sentence of death, 1,358 were sentenced to transportation for life, 44 to transportation for a term of years, 197 to periods of imprisonment exceeding ten years, 5,338 to terms above one year and not exceeding ten years, and 5,409 to periods not exceeding one year. The low figure returned under the head transportation for a term of years, viz., 44 against 1,139 in the year previous is due to a large number of releases of Mappilla Rebellion prisoners. The question of finding a more suitable term and a substitute punishment for transportation is still under the consideration of the Government of India, and in this connexion it may be mentioned that a considerable number of prisoners nowadays demand as a right that they be transported. Having been sentenced to transportation, while

accommodation in the Andamans has been cut down, preventing the carrying out of the sentences as awarded by the court, quite a number have given trouble because they have been detained in an Indian Jail, contrary to their ideas, to the sentence awarded to them.

15. *Statement No. IV—Previously convicted Prisoners.*—Of the 27,552 convicts admitted during the year, 2,640 or 9·58 per cent had been previously convicted as against 2,177 or 9·27 per cent in the previous year. The figure 2,640 includes 366 imprisoned for the first time, in default of finding security under section 110, Code of Criminal Procedure. Of the remainder, 1,508 had one, 389 two and 377 more than two previous convictions. Of the total admissions, the number of convicts identified and classified as habituals during the year under report was 2,640 of which 2,637 were identified as such prior to conviction and 3 classified by Superintendents of Jails. The requirements of section 27 of the Prisons Act, IX of 1894, in regard to the separation of habituals from casuals, were complied with in all Central and District Jails; the worst type of incorrigible offenders and long-term habituals being concentrated in the special habitual jails at Salem and Vizagapatam. The procedure of direct committal and direct release of habituals introduced with reference to G.O. No. 3409, Law (General), dated the 15th August 1930, the object of which was preventive, was set aside and the old order reverted to, with reference to the correspondence ending with G.O. No. 3225, Law (General), dated the 1st September 1932, due to considerations of finance and difficulty about police escort. Notwithstanding this departure, these special jails were almost always full, exhibiting occasionally a tendency to overcrowding. This is undoubtedly the proper method of dealing with criminals of recidivist tendencies in order to prevent contamination of others—a principle the importance of which is becoming more and more recognized and, to be effective, it appears likely that accommodation in habitual jails will have to be increased in the near future.

16. *Classification—Star Class System.*—There were 442 star class convicts at the beginning of the year and 540 were classified as such during the year resulting in a total of 982. Of this number, 536 were discharged, leaving 446 at the end of the year. This system of classification which has for its object the prevention of contamination of the lesser criminal by those experienced in crime continued to be satisfactory. It is appreciated by the prisoners and has considerably improved the moral tone and discipline of jails. Star class prisoners are housed apart from others at night and, as far as possible, at work, parades, school, recreation, etc., and are permitted to enjoy certain privileges such as mild recreation after lock-up.

17. *Special Division.*—There were no special division prisoners in custody during the year. The classification as such ceased to exist since the introduction of the new classification promulgated by the Government of India into three classes, viz., A, B and C.

There was one "A" class prisoner connected with the Civil Disobedience Movement in confinement at the beginning of the year. Fifty-five were received by direct committal, 55 by transfer and 4 on reclassification making a total of 126. Of this number, 44 were released on expiry of sentence, one on furnishing security, one on medical grounds and one by order of Government, 46 were inter-transfers between jails and the Central Jail, Vellore, specially set apart for their accommodation, leaving 33 at the end of the year.

Four prisoners of the B class also concerned in the Civil Disobedience Movement were in custody at the opening of the year, 295 were received by direct committal, 450 by transfer and five on reclassification, making a total of 764. Of this number, 242 were released on expiry of sentence, 8 on bail, 1 on medical grounds, 365 were inter-transfers between jails leaving 148 at the end of the year.

As regards ordinary special class prisoners, there were one A and 13 B class prisoners at the beginning of the year. Two A and 46 B class prisoners were received during the year resulting in a total of 3 and 59. Of the three A class prisoners only one was undergoing imprisonment at the end of the year, the other two having been released on expiry of sentence. Of the total B class prisoners dealt with, viz., 59, 13 were released on expiry of sentence, 14 were inter-transfers, one was executed and one died leaving 30 at the end of the year.

18. *Youthful Offenders.*—The number of youthful offenders under the age of 15 admitted to Jails rose from 8 to 18. Of these, 6 were released from Jail custody after completing sentences ranging from 3 to 291 days and the rest are still undergoing imprisonment in the Modified Borstal Sections attached to jails. The increase is attributed to the influx of youths connected with the Civil Disobedience Movement.

19. *Borstal Schools.*—The number of inmates detained in the Borstal Schools at Tanjore and Palamcottah on the last day of 1931 was 927. During the year 259 adolescent offenders were received by direct committal and 21 by transfer. Of the latter 6 were from Certified Schools and 11 under section 10 of the Borstal Schools Act and 4 inter-transfers between Borstal Schools. Twenty-nine were re-admissions from Government Hospitals after undergoing treatment; 15 return transfers under the Prisoners Testimony Act; 1 recommittal from release on bail; 2 were received by recapture and 1 by recommittal

on revocation of licence. Of the total, viz., 1,255, 15 were transferred under the Prisoners Testimony Act; 4 released on appeal; 323 on expiry of detention period; 61 were released under orders of Government of which 53 were on licence, 2 on tendering apology and 6 on medical grounds; 27 were transferred to Government Headquarter Hospitals, 2 to the Mental Hospital, Madras, 4 were inter-transfers between Borstal Schools; 3 escaped and remained at large; 3 were released on bail and 1 died leaving 812 at the close of the year. The administration of the schools has been excellent throughout the year. Our thanks are due to Col. and Mrs. Lorimer for their more than ordinary interest and to the Board of Visitors and Probation Officers who have contributed much to the working of the schools.

20. *Statement No. V—Escapes and Recaptures.*—There were 17 escapes during the year, as against 18 in 1931, 12 being from intramural and 5 from extramural custody. Central Jails were responsible for 9, Borstal Schools 3, District Jails 1 and Sub-jails 4. Of those who escaped during the year, 12 were recaptured. Seven out of the 17 who escaped had unexpired sentences of less than a year, 9 above one and under seven years and 1 above seven years.

Slackness and overconfidence on the part of the warder staff were for the most part responsible for these escapes. Four of the intramural escapes relate to the Central Jail, Trichinopoly, 3 to the Central Jail, Vellore, 1 to the Borstal School, Palamcottah, and 4 to the Subsidiary Jails. The officers concerned were suitably dealt with. Of the 5 escapes from out-door gangs, the Borstal School, Tanjore, contributed 2 and the Central Jails, Salem and Trichinopoly, and the District Jail, Cuddalore, 1 each. As usual slack supervision and misplaced trust led to these escapes. The superior staff have been generally warned to see to it that control is really effective by frequent check and that all possible means of escape are guarded against and it is hoped escapes as a result of slackness will not occur.

21. *Statement No. VI—Offences and Punishments.*—During the year 2,007 offences were reported, including one dealt with by a Criminal Court in respect of the Central Jail, Vellore, against 1,685 in the preceding year. Though the rise in the number of offences approximates to the increase in the prison population, yet the improvement which is apparent under offences relating to work is a welcome sign. Of the number of offences dealt with by Superintendents of Jails 956 were major and 1,050 minor as compared with 852 and 832 in the year previous. Among Central Jails, the increase in the number of offences largely relates to the Central Jail, Cannanore, where there were disturbances brought about by the Civil

Disobedience Movement prisoners who had to be dealt with under the Rules. Trichinopoly, Vellore, Bellary and the District Jail, Madura also, where Civil Disobedience Movement prisoners are confined, contributed to the increase. As compared with the previous year, the Penitentiary, Madras, and Coimbatore among Central Jails and Cuddalore among the District Jails returned a smaller number of offences. The offences relating to prohibited articles advanced from 366 in 1931 to 423 in the year under report the Penitentiary, Madras, situated in the City and the Habitual Jail at Salem heading the list. There were 69 offences relating to assaults, mutiny and escapes as against 50 in the previous year. Of the former 26 relate to the Central Jail, Cannanore, 11 to Salem, 6 to the Borstal School, Palamcottah, 5 each to the Central Jail, Vizagapatam, and District Jail, Cuddalore, 4 to Borstal School, Tanjore, 3 to Bellary, 2 each to the Central Jails, Rajahmundry, Vellore and the District Jail, Madura, and 1 each to the Central Jails, Trichinopoly and Coimbatore and the District Jail, Berhampur. Nine of these were dealt with by corporal punishment. The offence dealt with by Criminal Court relates to an assault on a fellow convict in the Central Jail, Vellore. The total number of punishments and the ratio percentage of punishments to average strength advanced from 1,685 to 2,007 and 13.54 to 21.72—a circumstance largely brought about by the Civil Disobedience Movement prisoners who did their best, by resorting to obstructive tactics, to create indiscipline in jails. Under minor punishments there is a uniform increase under all the heads, under major punishments, however, all heads except "corporal punishments" and "other punishments" show an increase. Our reformatory policy was steadily kept in view even with bad characters and with no small measure of success. Among Central Jails, Salem, recorded the largest number of punishments, viz., 314 with a percentage of 24.07, Cannanore ranked second with 224 and a percentage of 24.16 and the Central Jails, Vellore and Coimbatore, closely followed with 217 and 207 with percentages of 17.07 and 15.10, respectively. Barring the Aliparam Jail, Bellary, which existed for the first three months of the year, Vizagapatam returned only 65 punishments with a percentage of 10.36. Amongst District Jails, Madura stands first with 145 and a percentage of 33.37 followed by the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, and the District Jail, Cuddalore, with 48 and 37.32; 39 and 14.44 and 39 and 9.92, respectively. The District Jail, Berhampur, returned 23 punishments with a percentage of 11.04.

Hunger strikes were resorted to by the Civil Disobedience Movement prisoners in

certain jails, on some pretext or other, and were seldom of serious import.

The Lahore Conspiracy Case prisoners also went on hunger-strike as a protest against their classification and continued the hunger-strike to the end of the year. Daily health reports of these hunger-strikers have been sent to Government.

22. *Corporal Punishments.*—During the year, corporal punishment was awarded to ten prisoners as against eleven in the previous year, seven for assaults on officials and fellow prisoners, two for creating disturbances and one for attempt to escape. The following table gives further particulars:—

	Jails.	
	Total Central and District Jails for 1932.	Total for 1931.
(1) Total number of male prisoners for the year.	29,399	27,539
(2) Total number of jail offences.*...	1,565	1,260
(3) Total number of prisoners punished by whipping—		
From 5 to 10 stripes ...	...	1
From 10 to 15 stripes ...	5	1
From 15 to 20 stripes ...	1	...
From 20 to 25 stripes ...	...	3
From 25 to 30 stripes ...	4	6
Total ...	10	11
(4) Percentage of items 3 to 1 ...	0.03	0.04
(5) Percentage of items 3 to 2 ...	0.64	0.87
(6) Total number of prisoners in whose cases (a) death or (b) illness has been directly or indirectly the effect of corporal punishment—		
(a) Deaths ...	...	...
(b) Illness ...	...	...

* Excludes offences dealt with by Criminal Courts, offences committed by female prisoners, offences committed in sub-jails and offences punished by warnings only.

Three of these whippings relate to the Central Jail, Bellary, two to the Central Jail, Cannanore, one each to the Central Jails, Rajahmundry, Vizagapatam, the Penitentiary, Madras, the District Jail, Madura, and the Borstal School, Palamcottah. At Bellary, a Civil Disobedience Movement C class prisoner was awarded 12 stripes for an unprovoked assault on the Sub-Assistant Surgeon and one B class prisoner 30 stripes for assaulting the Superintendent, and a Lahore Conspiracy Case prisoner 30 stripes for open defiance and mutinous conduct. At Cannanore two convicts were awarded 12 stripes each, one for assaulting an invalid prisoner and another for creating disturbance in the prison block, and conspiring to assault a night watchman. At Rajahmundry, a Lahore Conspiracy Case prisoner was awarded 20 stripes for assaulting a selection grade warder. At Vizagapatam, a habitual prisoner was given 30 stripes for a daring attempt to escape. This prisoner made similar attempts previously and the extreme punishment of whipping was called for as a lesson. At

Penitentiary, a convict was awarded 30 stripes for assaulting the Superintendent. At Madura, a convict assaulted the Superintendent while on his weekly inspection parade and was awarded 30 stripes. The case at Palamcottah was of a Special Star Class boy who was awarded 12 stripes for a deliberate assault on a fellow inmate. In all these cases, severe measures were indicated and an exemplary punishment was called for.

23. *Conduct of Habituals.*—The year opened with 2,972 habitual convicts and 3,059 were admitted during the year making a total of 6,031 out of a convict population of 40,123. The corresponding figures for the previous year are 3,057, 2,539 and 5,596. The habituals formed 15.03 per cent of the convict population against 14.73 in the year preceding and were the recipients of 27.95 per cent of the punishments and 40.00 per cent of the whipping inflicted. It is hoped that the problem of recidivism as an All-India measure will be solved as early as possible.

24. *Education of Convicts.*—The system of education imparted to convicts was the same as that followed in the previous years and there was no deviation from accepted procedure. The number of convicts and Borstal inmates on the rolls at the beginning of the year was 2,730 and the number admitted during the year 2,439 making a total of 5,169. Two thousand seven hundred and thirty-nine were discharged during the year leaving 2,430 at the close of the year. In respect of those discharged, 508 were literate and 2,231 illiterate on admission and 2,058 or 39.81 per cent were literate and 681 or 13.17 per cent illiterate on release against 2,437 or 39.82 per cent and 822 or 13.43 per cent respectively in 1931.

There were in all 34 Christian, 18 Hindu and 8 Muhammadan instructors and 977 lectures were delivered against 1,446 in the previous year.

The Toc H Group, Madras, and the Salvation Army continued to visit the Penitentiary, Madras. To these, and other ladies and non-official gentlemen, interested in welfare work who visited the jails for delivering lectures on moral and religious topics we are indebted.

Over and above the convicts and Borstal lads trained in Ambulance and first aid in previous years, 1,220 new admissions were trained during the year. Of these 103 obtained the prescribed certificates after passing the requisite examination held by the Medical Department. Seven hundred and seventy-three were discharged during the year many of whom had not the opportunity to appear for the test and 344 continued to be under training.

25. *Aid on Discharge.*—Of the 18,438 prisoners discharged during the year, 814 were helped by the Discharged Prisoners'

Aid Society and 1,621 probation officers appointed, as per statement below:—

Statement showing the number of discharged prisoners assisted and the number of probation officers appointed during 1932 as compared with the previous year.

Centres.	Number of discharged prisoners assisted.		Number of probation officers appointed.	
	1931.	1932.	1931.	1932.
Central Society, Madras.	63	73	20	32
<i>District Societies.</i>				
Rajahmundry ...	11	16	192	101
Vellore ...	46	104	61	69
Trichinopoly ...	22	44	43	5
Coimbatore ...	70	126	326	329
Cannanore ...	31	34	762	676
Salem ...	35	30	60	50
Bellary ...	113	172	113	135
Vizagapatam ...	5	2	1	2
Cuddalore ...	11	37	61	31
Tanjore ...	131	144	188	41
Palamcottah ...	134	...	34	...
Madura and Ramnad ...	14	18	61	36
Berhampur ...	...	...	...	...
Nellore ...	11	10	16	12
Mangalore ...	...	...	12	19
Chingleput (Saidapet) ...	...	...	...	23
Chittoor ...	6	2	50	54
Anantapur ...	1	...	10	...
Yemmiganur ...	5	...	...	...
Bezwada ...	...	2	...	...
Kurnool ...	...	...	...	6
Total ...	709	814	2,040	1,821

The above statement is incomplete for want of particulars from certain branch organizations. It will, however, be seen from the figures that the society, as a whole, has functioned satisfactorily during the year.

The activities of the society are spreading and the public are becoming aware of it. Owing to the general financial depression, one or two district and taluk boards reduced their annual contributions to the society. It is nevertheless gratifying to note that as a result of the wide propaganda made by officials and non-officials interested in the welfare of the society, not to speak of the officers of the several branches, several local bodies have come to patronize the same with liberal donations.

The year saw the opening of a branch at Bezwada. The home at Madura, which was undergoing construction during the year of report, has since been completed and opened.

The Bellary and the Coimbatore societies entertained the prisoners in the respective jails during the year. The Muslim Prisoners' Society of the former place gave the usual annual feeding to prisoners on the Ramzan day.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur G. Narayanaswami Chetti and Rao Bahadur R. V. Krishna Ayyar have both as usual evinced the greatest interest in furthering the aims of the society. Diwan Bahadur M. Gopalswami Mudaliyar and Rao Sahib V. Krishnama Chetti gave their support in the

Ceded Districts and Northern Circars, as provincial visitors. The former was decorated with the Kaisar-i-Hind medal during the year.

The following gentlemen, Secretaries of Branch Societies, received the honour of Rao Sahib during the year:—N. Ramaswami Ayyar (Trichinopoly) and V. S. Padmanabha Ayyar (Palamcottah), whilst the following took a keen interest in the affairs of their local branches:—

Rao Sahib V. P. Venkatakrishnan Nayudu (Tanjore).

C. V. Venkataramana Ayyangar (Coimbatore).

Rao Sahib N. Ramaswami Ayyar (Trichinopoly).

Rao Sahib R. Narasimha Ayyangar (Madura).

V. N. Chellam Ayyangar (Salem).

Rao Sahib T. K. Nayanar (Vellore).

„ P. Govinda Panikkar (Cannanore).

In this connexion, I desire to express our thanks to all officials and non-officials who have helped to further the work of the society.

26. *Fetters.*—Fetters were imposed on 564 prisoners as a jail punishment, as against 354 in the previous year. The increase is attributable to the intractable prisoners connected with the Civil Disobedience Movement. It is satisfactory to note that no prisoner was fettered for purposes of safe custody during the year.

27. *Statement C—Remission System.*—The number of convicts who were admitted to the remission system and were released from the Central and District jails advanced from 5,397 in 1931 to 5,871 in the year under report. The maximum remission earned was 1,791 days by a convict confined in the Central Jail, Bellary, and the maximum gratuity of Rs. 100-1-9 was also earned in that Jail. Extra remission for continuous good conduct was awarded to 3,000 convicts as against 3,681 in the previous year. Extra remission for special excellence in or greatly increased outturn of work of good quality or successful teaching of handicrafts was granted to 1,918 convicts as against 1,512 in the previous year. Only four convicts preferred gratuity in lieu of remission for extra work done and the total amount so earned by them was Rs. 4-0-6.

The new rule permitting casual convicts to convert gratuity earned into remission was largely taken advantage of, and it is clear that ordinarily gratuity is of little consideration being almost invariably exchanged into remission.

28. *Advisory Boards.*—Twenty-one Advisory Board Meetings were held in jails during the year. The cases of 352 long-term casuals were considered and 138 of them were recommended to Government for

conditional release. The Government sanctioned the release of 132 and considered that five were unsuitable for conditional release. The case of one was pending orders of Government on 31st December 1932. All the 132 were released during the year.

Under the scheme of release on licence applicable to Borstal inmates, 39 cases were considered by the Board of Visitors and all of them were recommended to Government for conditional release. The Government approved of the release of 39, but only 28 of them were actually released during the year on being found suitable employment and it was not possible to effect the discharge of the remaining eleven as they could not be provided with work. Of those whose conditional release was sanctioned during the year 1931 and who were detained for want of suitable employment, 25 were released during the year including one released on expiry of the period of detention.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NOS. IX TO XIII AND STATEMENT G.

29. *Total Expenditure.*—The total expenditure during the year under review, excluding the outlay by the Public Works Department on Jail buildings amounted to Rs. 22,48,754-6-1 or Rs. 685-5-6 more than that noted by the Accountant-General, Madras, in the Chief Controlling Officer's Return of Expenditure. The difference is mainly due to the exclusion by the Accountant-General during the year of a sum of Rs. 647 wrongly debited to this Department in 1931 instead of to "22. General Administration." The balance is composed of small items requiring rectification during 1933, the particulars of which have been communicated to the Accountant-General. Excluding the expenditure relating to the Certified Schools, for which a separate report will be submitted to Government, the charges relating to jails and sub-jails amounted to Rs. 21,08,368-7-7 as against Rs. 24,48,031-13-6 in 1931. The difference amounting to Rs. 3,39,663-5-11 is mainly due to the closure of the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, reduced outlay under manufactures owing to paucity of orders from consuming departments as a measure of retrenchment, the emergency cut on the pay of officers and establishment, the abolition of posts of European Warders and to the general fall in the price of foodstuffs and raw materials. From the total expenditure, a sum of Rs. 3,21,474-10-4 representing General Supervision, Travelling Allowance of Gazetted Officers, Petty Construction and Repairs, Charges on account of State prisoners detained under the Mappilla Outrages Act and the Ganjam and Vizagapatam Act, Manufactures, Quinine Manufactures, Secunderabad Establishment, Cost of passages granted to officers under Superior Civil Services Rules, 1924, and other two minor items (loss or gain

by exchange, non-voted and voted) has been deducted, as also a sum of Rs. 21,689-3-9 being the sale proceeds of vegetables, dairy produce, unserviceable civil stores and recoveries of overpayments. The value of the difference of ration articles between the opening and closing balance of the year amounting to Rs. 15,711-3-9 has also been deducted under dietary charges and a sum of Rs. 1,427-0-5 being the value of stationery supplied by the Stationery Department has been added as required by the Standing Orders of the Government of India. With these adjustments, the net result is the sum of Rs. 17,50,920 exhibited in Statement No. IX against Rs. 19,54,493 in 1931.

30. *Establishment Charges.*—The total cost declined from Rs. 7,55,543 to Rs. 6,41,158 and the cost per head from Rs. 48-12-2 to Rs. 39-11-10. The decrease in the expenditure is mainly due to the closure of the Alipuram Jail, to the emergency cut on salaries ordered by Government and to the abolition of the posts of European Warders in the Central Jail, Salem, and the Penitentiary, Madras. Barring the Civil Jail, Madras, which has always been an expensive institution, the Penitentiary records the highest cost per head, viz., Rs. 62-12-8 due to the grant of house rent and compensatory allowances to the subordinate staff and to the employment of an Indian Medical Service Officer throughout the year. Next comes the Central Jail, Vizagapatam, with a cost per head of Rs. 59-7-2 due to the employment of a large warder force for guarding habitual prisoners. For the same reason, the Central Jail, Salem, shows a high cost per head. The increased cost in the Central Jail, Bellary, viz., Rs. 46-13-8 is due to the posting of I.M.S. and I.M.D. officers for a major portion of the year in the Central Jail, Bellary. Among District Jails, the Borstal Schools, Tanjore and Palamcottah, show the highest cost per head, viz., Rs. 81-0-7 and Rs. 69-7-10, respectively, due to the employment of a special staff of instructors in these institutions. The high cost at Cuddalore, viz., Rs. 53-3-9 is mainly due to the low population dealt with as also to the senior officers working in the jail and to the employment of extra warder guards to guard the mental defectives confined in this jail. The limited population at the District Jail, Berhampur, and the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, accounts for the high cost per head. The Central Jail, Trichinopoly, exhibits the lowest cost per head, viz., Rs. 31-0-7 by reason of the large population. The cost of establishment of other jails calls for no special remarks.

31. *Dietary Charges.*—The total expenditure and the cost per head under this head decreased from Rs. 7,08,512 and

Rs. 47-13-11 to Rs. 6,62,024 and Rs. 42-12-10, respectively. The decrease is attributable to the closure of the Alipuram Jail and to the more favourable rates obtained for ration articles. The Penitentiary shows the highest cost per head, viz., Rs. 43-8-3, due to the smaller population and to the dieting of B class prisoners. The Central Jail, Vellore, comes next with a cost per head of Rs. 42-10-6 brought about by the issue of costlier diet to A and B class prisoners. In the case of Central Jail, Cannanore, the issue of rice to the majority of prisoners accounts for the high cost, viz., Rs. 36-15-0. Amongst District Jails, Cuddalore, Tanjore, Madras, and Palamcottah show a cost per head of Rs. 59-9-10, Rs. 45-11-10, Rs. 38-2-9 and Rs. 35-15-8, respectively. The high cost at Cuddalore and Madras is due to the costlier diet issued to B class prisoners confined in the jail. The exclusive issue of rice to the inmates accounts for the increase in the Borstal Schools, Tanjore and Palamcottah, and a somewhat heavy outlay in connexion with the purchase of manure for improving the farm lands has also increased the expenditure at Tanjore. Coimbatore, among Central Jails, and the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, among District Jails, dieted their prisoners most economically, viz., Rs. 33-1-0 and Rs. 27-13-9, respectively.

I am satisfied that the purchase of ration articles for jails was made at the most favourable season and at the cheapest possible rates. The rates obtained during the year were more favourable than in several previous years as a result of which it was possible to keep down the cost per head under dietary charges, despite the increase in prison population and the issue of costlier diet to A and B class prisoners.

Vegetables and condiments to the value of Rs. 37,251-13-9 were purchased in 1932 against Rs. 29,611-8-3 in the year previous. This is partly due to the purchase of special varieties of vegetables for A and B class prisoners and to the increase in prison population. In certain districts, the monsoon was also a failure. The value of vegetables and other garden produce realized during the year was Rs. 37,371-0-9 (Rs. 31,596-9-11 on account of issues made to prisoners and Rs. 5,774-6-10 by sale to the public) against Rs. 38,619-9-0 in 1931. The amount actually spent in maintaining jail gardens was only Rs. 7,482-14-0. The net realization on account of garden produce was therefore Rs. 29,888-2-9 against Rs. 32,529-9-0 in 1931. The results are however satisfactory.

The rice hulling plant working in the Central Jail, Trichinopoly, resulted in a profit of Rs. 2,238-10-4 against Rs. 1,506-12-6 in the previous year.

32. *Hospital Charges.*—It is pleasing to note the noticeable reduction in the

aggregate expenditure under this head from Rs. 98,184 to Rs. 64,816 and in the cost per head from Rs. 6-5-5 to Rs. 4-0-3. The decrease is mainly due to the closure of the Alipuram Jail and to economy in prescription and standardization of diets in the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary. The question of introducing new scales of diet for the Tubercular prisoners confined in the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail is under consideration. The special treatment afforded to prisoners suffering from Pulmonary Tuberculosis in the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, the issue of extras on medical recommendation to the mental defectives in the District Jail, Cuddalore, and to the inmates in the Borstal School, Tanjore, the increase in the daily average number of sick and the issue of extras to prisoners losing weight in the Penitentiary, Madras, and the issue of extras to a large number of Civil Disobedience Movement prisoners admitted in the jail hospitals at Cannanore and Trichinopoly, account for the high cost in these jails.

33. *Clothing and Bedding.*—The total cost and the cost per head declined from Rs. 96,465 and Rs. 6-8-3 to Rs. 82,993 and Rs. 5-5-10, respectively. The decline is mainly due to the release of a large number of Mappilla prisoners from the Alipuram Jail, Bellary. The high cost at the District Jail, Cuddalore, Central Jails, Cannanore and Vellore and the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, is due to the provision of special clothing for a large number of A and B class prisoners admitted during the year. The purchase of cumblies at the Penitentiary, Madras, accounts for the high cost. The Central Jail, Bellary, the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, the District Jails, Madras and Berhampur, show a high cost per head, viz., Rs. 7-13-2, Rs. 6-14-1, Rs. 9-0-9 and Rs. 10-6-3, respectively, above the average due to a smaller population dealt with. The periodical renewal of clothing and bedding at the Borstal School, Palamcottah, tended to increase the cost per head.

34. *Sanitation Charges.*—There was an increase in the total expenditure from Rs. 54,092 to Rs. 55,190 chiefly due to the payment of arrears of water-tax relating to the Alipuram Jail, while the cost per head declined from Rs. 3-7-10 to Rs. 3-6-8. The relatively high cost in the Civil Jail, Madras, is due to the employment of menials, such as sweepers and toties throughout the year. The payment of municipal water-tax at the Penitentiary, Madras, Central Jail, Trichinopoly, and the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, the employment of engine drivers and repairs to oil engines at the Central Jail, Rajahmundry, and the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, helped to increase the rate per head in these institutions. The increased cost at the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, and the District Jail, Berhampur, viz., Rs. 13-7-10

and Rs. 5-14-0, above the average is due to the smaller population.

35. *Charges for Moving.*—The expenditure rose from Rs. 61,520 to Rs. 62,076, but the cost per head fell from Rs. 3-15-6 to Rs. 3-13-7. The release of a large number of Mappilla prisoners from the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, and the payment of batta and subsistence allowance to them contributed to swell the expenditure under this head. For the same reason, the Alipuram Jail shows the highest cost per head, viz., Rs. 19-14-1. In the Central Jail, Rajahmundry, the increased cost is attributed to the higher rate of subsistence allowance paid to B class prisoners transferred to other jails, to a large number of prisoners released during the year and also to the payment of subsistence allowance to C class prisoners transferred to other jails to relieve over-crowding. The increased cost per head, viz., Rs. 7-9-2 at the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, Rs. 7-0-9 at the District Jail, Berhampur, Rs. 6-6-8 at the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, Rs. 5-14-0 at the District Jail, Cuddalore, and Rs. 5-7-8 at the Central Jail, Bellary, is due to a smaller population dealt with in these jails.

36. *Miscellaneous Services and Supplies.*—There has been a decline in the total expenditure and the cost per head from Rs. 1,11,620 and Rs. 7-3-3 to Rs. 1,07,607 and Rs. 6-10-9. Among the detailed heads, an increase of Rs. 12,227 is noticeable under the head "Money payments as rewards for recaptures and services," due to the payment of gratuity to a large number of Mappilla prisoners released from the Alipuram Jail, Bellary. There is a remarkable decrease from Rs. 22,766 to Rs. 10,814 under the head "Annual expenses for uniform and accoutrements of warders," as a result of extension of the period of wear of the uniform issued to warders. The decrease of Rs. 3,848 under "Lighting" is due to economy exercised in the use of electric lights in several jails. The high cost per head at the Borstal School, Tanjore, viz., Rs. 22-7-7 is attributable to the payment of arrears of electric current consumption charges and to the purchase of class books, music books, sports materials, fodder for cattle, etc. The low population dealt with in the Central Jail, Bellary, the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, and the Borstal School, Palamcottah, accounts for the increased cost in these jails.

37. *Travelling Allowance.*—The expenditure under this head decreased from Rs. 13,350 to Rs. 9,399 and the cost per head from Re. 0-13-9 to Re. 0-9-4. The decrease is due to the restricted transfers and to the revised rates of travelling allowances.

38. *Contingencies.*—The expenditure under this head advanced from Rs. 39,107 to

Rs. 53,531 and the cost per head from Rs. 2-8-5 to Rs. 3-5-1. The increase is noticeable under "Rates and Taxes," due to the payment of arrear taxes to the municipality by the Penitentiary, Madras, the Central Jail, Bellary, the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, the Central Jail, Vizagapatam, and the District Jails at Madura and Berhampur.

39. *Extraordinary Charges.*—The total expenditure and the cost per head fell from Rs. 16,100 and Rs. 1-0-7 to Rs. 12,126 and Rs. 12. The decrease is under all the detailed heads except under "Disciplinary dead stock" and "Arms and accoutrements." The purchase of locks by the Central Jail, Coimbatore, and arms by the District Jail, Cuddalore, from the Kirkee Arsenal, account for the increase under the above two heads. Among Central Jails, the Penitentiary, Madras, the Central Jails, Cannanore and Bellary, record a high cost over the average due to a smaller population dealt with, while that in the Central Jail, Salem, is due to the purchase of a water-pump engine at a cost of Rs. 1,610. The purchase of a sack steam disinfectant in the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, band instruments in the Borstal School, Tanjore, arms from the Kirkee Arsenal in the District Jail, Cuddalore, account for the increase in these jails.

40. *Jail Dairies.*—The total value of milk supplied to sick prisoners during the year amounted to Rs. 9,368-8-10 against Rs. 6,471-5-5 and the value of milk sold to the public, Rs. 4,173-13-1 as against Rs. 5,908-6-3 in 1931. Realizations by sale of bull-calves for draught purposes, un-serviceable aged cows and crossing amounted to Rs. 1,842-1-0. It is gratifying to note that the jail dairies are not only a source of profit but also beneficial to the medical administration in that the prisoners in hospital enjoy a pure and fresh supply of milk.

41. *Statement G.*—The total charges relating to Subsidiary Jails fell from Rs. 3,62,130 to Rs. 3,21,541 and the cost per head, from Rs. 126-15-5 to Rs. 112-6-3. The decline of Rs. 40,589 is due to the inclusion in the expenditure of Subsidiary Jails for 1931 of a sum of Rs. 30,238, incurred by the District Jail, Koraput, to the abolition of about fifteen Sub-jails in the whole Presidency as a measure of retrenchment and re-organization of taluks, to the emergency cut in the pay of subordinates and to the general fall in the price of food-stuffs. All the minor heads of charges show a decrease except under "Contingencies." The increase in the latter head is due to the payment of arrears of taxes in certain Sub-jails. Comparing all districts, the cost per head varies from Rs. 158-7-9 in the Ganjam District to Rs. 77-10-1 in the Bellary District. Ganjam, Salem, Chittoor, Kistna, Malabar, Tanjore, Chingleput, Ramnad, Vizagapatam and South Arcot show a cost per head above the average

for the Presidency. Among the special Sub-jails, Russellkonda shows the highest cost per head, viz., Rs. 146-0-3 due to the large outlay on establishment and low population. Calicut and Nellore come next with a cost per head of Rs. 129-4-0 and Rs. 105-6-3, respectively, for the reason that special establishment exists in these two special Sub-jails.

42. *Grand Total.*—The grand total of expenditure and the cost per head declined from Rs. 19,54,493 and Rs. 126-2-2 to Rs. 17,50,920 and Rs. 108-8-6, respectively. The reasons for the decrease have been explained in detail under the several heads of accounts.

43. *Statement No. XII-A.*—According to the monthly statements furnished by the Accountant-General, the total receipts excluding those on account of quinine pice packets, salts and febrifuge, amounted to Rs. 5,32,237-6-10, which is less by Rs. 1-0-8 than the departmental figure, viz., Rs. 5,32,238-7-6. Excluding the following amounts:—

	RS.	A.	P.	
(1)	7,969	8	6	being the recovery of "Transportation and General charges from other Governments and Indian States,"
(2)	4,700	11	5	relating to Certified Schools,
(3)	16,683	3	0	credited under the head "Miscellaneous Jail Receipts" and "Recoveries of Overpayments," respectively, and now adjusted under the relative heads,
(4)	777	8	0	representing the amounts of rents recovered,
(5)	4,767	15	9	on account of "Collection of payments for services rendered,"
(6)	186	7	0	relating to the Civil Jail, Madras,
(7)	5,002	7	7	on account of Sub-jails, and
(8)	—	434	13 10	relating to refunds,
	43,404	1	0	

the amounts shown in column 5 (g) and (h) of Statement No. XII-A "Paid into the Treasury" and "Value of prison labour on major works costing over Rs. 500" were Rs. 4,88,834-6-0. Against this, a sum of Rs. 1,90,959-8-0 was drawn from the Treasury. The excess deposit over withdrawals is Rs. 2,97,874-14-0 and represents the net cash earnings during the year against Rs. 5,07,104-5-0 in the year previous. The decrease of Rs. 2,09,229-7-0 is due to paucity of orders from the consuming departments. During the year there had not been any scope for increasing the output in the manufactory sections of jails. On account of the general financial depression and consequent retrenchment, the consuming departments

were not able to place large orders with the Jail Department. Want of adequate work has told adversely on the various industries thereby necessitating the reduction of percentage of labour employed on manufactures. The earnings on account of convict labour employed on Jail Presses, however, increased from Rs. 30,784-10-7 to Rs. 37,317-5-2. The value of supplies made to the Police, Forest, Medical Departments, etc., is noted in the statement appended below:—

Statement of Supplies to Public Departments.

Public department.	1929.	1930.	1931.	1932.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Police department.	3,10,034	2,43,809	2,46,424	1,09,221
Forest department.	24,323	22,331	32,089	12,282
Stationery department.	53,850	72,964	65,805	47,078
Postal and Military departments.	4,737	8,563	5,241	2,826
Medical department.	2,55,496	2,34,395	1,91,893	1,62,953
Total ...	6,53,240	5,82,062	5,41,457	3,34,380

The total value of supplies made to the above departments shows a considerable decrease on comparison with the previous year, in respect of all departments.

As usual, the Central Jail, Coimbatore, has, by far, the largest cash earning, viz., Rs. 95 per head and outdistances all other jails. Of the remaining Central Jails, the Penitentiary, Madras, comes next with Rs. 45-7-0 followed by Vellore with Rs. 24 and Cannanore Rs. 19-1-0. Among District Jails, Cuddalore and Tanjore return Rs. 19-14-0 and Rs. 13-2-0, respectively.

The total assets for 1932, taking into account the opening and closing balance of cash, stock, tools and plant, amounted to Rs. 2,61,795-13-0 against Rs. 4,18,380-7-0 in 1931. Here again, the Central Jail, Coimbatore, shows the highest assets, viz., Rs. 1,23,428-3-0. The Penitentiary, Madras, comes next with assets of Rs. 37,793-15-0 followed by Salem with Rs. 16,442-0-0, Vellore with Rs. 15,785-10-0, Trichinopoly with Rs. 11,713-14-0, and Bellary with Rs. 11,668-4-0. As compared with the previous year, all the jails show a decrease except Rajahmundry, Bellary and Cuddalore.

As already stated, the manufactory departments had to work under the most adverse circumstances owing to the straitened financial position of Government. The main consuming departments, viz., the Police, Medical and the Forest Departments practically suspended the usual orders and it is hoped that the year 1933 will be more normal for manufactory operations, as it is anticipated that large orders will be coming forward from the Police and other departments in view of the restricted orders received during the year under report.

The wool spinning plant, in the Central Jail, Bellary, turned out 57,046 lb. against 64,358 lb. in 1931. Lack of orders for cumbles due to the policy of retrenchment pursued by all departments reduced the output.

The Quinine Section of the Penitentiary, Madras, has yielded a profit of Rs. 7,620 against Rs. 9,820 in 1931. The decrease in profit is due to want of orders for the supply of quinine.

Commercial System of Accounts.—The Commercial System of Accounts introduced in the jails at Coimbatore and Vellore, since 1929, has been working satisfactorily. Though the system has been made permanent by Government, the staff attached thereto is still temporary and it is desirable that the posts should be made permanent in view of the fact, that technically qualified men only can handle the accounts. The Manual of Commercial Accounts prepared by the Assistant Director of Commercial Audit has been printed and supplied to jails. The accounts of the two jails are being audited annually by the Examiner, Outside Audit Department. According to the Commercial System of Accounts, charges on account of convict labour, salary of the executive staff employed at the factory, leave and pensionary contribution, depreciation of factory buildings, audit fee and other incidental expenses, such as stationery and printing, contributory provident fund, etc., are taken into account in working out the profit, which items, however, are not included in the profits exhibited in the XII-A statement. The financial result according to this system discloses a profit of Rs. 62,628 in the Central Jail, Coimbatore, against Rs. 1,36,894 in the previous year, whereas, the profits according to the XII-A statement amount to Rs. 1,23,428-3-0. The decrease in the profits is due to this year's working being exceptionally sub-normal as anticipated in my last year's report. Out of this profit, a sum of Rs. 39,237 has to be deducted for interest on capital at 5.52 per cent. The balance of Rs. 23,391 represents the actual net profit.

As regards the Central Jail, Vellore, the outturn of the manufactory department during the year amounted to Rs. 57,200 and the stores consumed, to Rs. 35,800. Articles worth Rs. 52,000 were sold during the year. The gross profit was Rs. 3,370 and when all the indirect charges are included according to the commercial system of accounts, the net loss comes to Rs. 2,350.

If the indirect charges are not taken into consideration, all the industries in this jail have worked at a profit except "woollen pile carpet." The staple industry of the jail is the manufacture of boots, sandals, etc., which did not yield as much profit as might have been possible owing to paucity of orders from all Government departments.

Stress has been repeatedly laid by Government on the importance and advantages

of consuming bodies placing their orders sufficiently early during the year to enable the jails to provide labour for the convicts uniformly throughout the year and to ensure that the articles turned out are durable and satisfactory. It is unfortunate that this matter has not, so far, had the consideration it deserves. As the Police Department insisted that the order for boots for issue during 1932 should be completed by the 15th December 1931 unlike previous years when they used to receive the supply up till the end of March, the Jail was forced to surrender as many as 2,000 pairs of boots out of an order for 7,000 pairs. The order for boots during 1932 was also placed by that Department only in the middle of May after finally accepting the sample and had to be completed again by the 15th December. Although the time limit was subsequently extended as a special case by the Inspector-General of Police, he has stated that he can neither forecast his future requirements early in April in each year nor is he prepared to extend the time for supply beyond the 15th December of each year in future. In the interest of both the departments, it is very desirable that extension up to the end of 15th February at least should be granted as the net result is that the Jail Department is only employed for about nine months in the year and in the absence of a contract extending beyond one year, no work in anticipation of orders can be undertaken. This is uneconomic and a loss to Government and the tax-payer.

It is very regrettable that the Pile Carpet Industry has worked at a loss during the year under review. The value of articles turned out during the year was Rs. 1,580 and the value of stores consumed was Rs. 490. The sales amounted to Rs. 3,255 and the gross loss was Rs. 2,075 against Rs. 3,250 in the previous year. The industry, however, was able to realize the cost of materials consumed and a certain percentage of overhead charges over and above, if not the whole. The loss is mainly caused by the necessity of employing a wholtime pile carpet foreman and Dyer while orders are few. A complete report on the working of the Industry will be submitted to Government in June 1933.

In compliance with paragraph 19 of G.O. No. 2157, Law (General), dated the 4th July 1925, I forward separately the reports received from officers who placed orders with this department during the year.

Most of the certificates bear testimony to the progress made in perfecting Jail manufactures.

Unlike previous years, there have been no serious complaints on the quality or workmanship of articles or the delay in executing orders. It is noteworthy that even the binding industry has given satisfaction.

The few depreciatory remarks relate chiefly to the quality of wood used for making furniture, the cost of products, etc.

44. *Statement XII-B.*—The total value of articles manufactured in jails works out to Rs. 7,52,709-8-3 as against Rs. 10,36,911-6-1 in 1931. The decline is noticeable in all the jails, due mainly to the curtailment of orders from all Public Consuming Departments as a measure of retrenchment and to the fall in the prices of raw materials. The percentage of convicts employed on manufactures fell from 42 to 35 during the year under report.

45. *Statement XIII.*—The net cost of maintaining prisoners increased from Rs. 14,43,025-9-0 to Rs. 14,51,001-14-0 due to smaller cash earnings during the year for want of orders from public departments while the average net cost per head fell from Rs. 93-2-0 to Rs. 90-0-0. It is gratifying to note that the Central Jail, Coimbatore, was again self-supporting. Trichinopoly comes next with a net cost per head of Rs. 70-9-0. Bellary among Central Jails, and the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, among District Jails, record the highest cost per head, viz., Rs. 112-11-0 and Rs. 278-6-0, respectively.

46. *Value of Supplies made by Jails for departmental use.*—The value of intra-departmental supplies during the year amounted to Rs. 1,82,901-10-3 as against Rs. 2,19,579-4-4 in the previous year. The value of garden produce issued to prisoners and of vegetables and other articles of garden produce sold to the public amounted to Rs. 31,596-9-11 and Rs. 5,774-6-10 or in the aggregate Rs. 37,371-0-9 against Rs. 38,619-9-0 in the previous year. The value of convict labour supplied to the Public Works Department was Rs. 88. A sum of Rs. 476-4-0 was realized during the year on account of convict labour supplied to the Quinine Department of the Penitentiary, Madras, against Rs. 567 in 1931.

VITAL STATEMENTS NOS. XIV TO XVII AND MISCELLANEOUS STATEMENT B.

47. *Statement No. XIV—Sickness and Mortality.*—The subjoined table furnishes details of the sick and mortality rates in 1932 as compared with the four preceding years:—

(1)	1928.	1929.	1930.
Daily average number of prisoners ...	17,097.88	15,682.78	18,475.46
Daily average sick ...	216.80	262.49	281.13
Ratio per mille of daily sick ...	12.63	16.74	17.06
Deaths—			
(1) From cholera ...	1	1	...
(2) From other causes ...	200	159	173
(3) Total ...	201	160	173
Death-rate—			
(1) From cholera ...	0.06	0.06	...
(2) From other causes ...	11.70	10.14	10.50
(3) Total ...	11.76	10.20	10.50

death-rate per mille in the several classes of Jails was as shown below:—

(1)	1931. (5)	1932. (6)			
Daily average number of prisoners ...	15,495.36	16,133.57			
Daily average sick ...	341.05	269.08			
Ratio per mille of daily sick ...	22.01	16.68			
Deaths—					
(1) From cholera ...	...	...			
(2) From other causes ...	145	117			
(3) Total ...	145	117			
Death-rate—					
(1) From cholera ...	...	...			
(2) From other causes ...	9.36	7.25			
(3) Total ...	9.36	7.25			

	Deaths.		
Central Jails ...	79	7.38	(9.54)
District Jails ...	28	10.96	(12.46)
Sub-jails ...	10	3.50	(5.96)
Total ...	117	7.25	(9.36)

The year under review was a fortunate one in that the vital statistics were remarkably good in spite of an increase in the daily average population. The number of prisoners admitted into the hospital, the daily average sick and the number of deaths dropped from 6,935 to 6,073, 341.05 to 269.06 and 145 to 117, respectively. The death-rate per mille of average strength fell from 9.36 in the previous year to 7.25 the lowest on record since the year 1895. There were 103 deaths among convicts, 9 among under-trials and 5 among civil prisoners as compared with 123, 13 and 4, respectively, in 1931. Of the 103 deaths among convicts, 3 were among Mappilla Rebellion prisoners as against 13 in 1931. Of the deaths, 14 occurred in the Central Jail, Trichinopoly, 12 in the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, 11 each in the Penitentiary, Madras, and the Central Jail, Cannanore, 10 each in the Central Jails, Coimbatore and Salem, 8 in the Central Jail, Rajahmundry, 7 in the Central Jail, Vellore, 5 each in the Central Jail, Bellary, and the District Jails, Madura and Berhampur. The District Jail, Cuddalore, contributed 3 deaths, the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, and the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, 2 deaths each, and Central Jail, Vizagapatam, and the Borstal School, Tanjore, one each. The Borstal School, Palamcottah, returned a clean mortality sheet as also the Civil Jail, Madras. The sub-jails contributed 10 deaths including 4 due to suicide, against 17 in 1931. There was a case of accidental death due to drowning in the Central Jail, Salem, and a death outside the hospital due to Valvular disease of the Heart. There were four more deaths out of hospital relating to Coimbatore, Cannanore, Bellary and Cuddalore. The case at Coimbatore collapsed suddenly due to Syncope and that at Cannanore due to Valvular disease of the Heart. The cases at Bellary and Cuddalore were suicides by hanging, the former an under-trial and the latter a mental defective. Seven deaths occurred in the Government Headquarter Hospitals of patients who had been transferred for special treatment from the Jails at Trichinopoly, Penitentiary, Madras and Tanjore.

48. *Death-rates in several Classes of Jails.*—As compared with the year 1931, the

The District Jails include the statistics relating to the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, and the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore. The former, an Hospital Jail set apart for the treatment of prisoners suffering from Pulmonary Tuberculosis was responsible for twelve deaths due to the same disease, the ratio per mille working out at 93.31 against fifteen deaths and a ratio per mille of 97.86 in the previous year. The want of an X-Ray apparatus is a hindrance to the work of the hospital and it is hoped that funds for it will soon be available as without this apparatus the hospital is incomplete and there is no means of checking the course of early cases.

The Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, returned two deaths with a death-rate of 7.41, of which one was due to Pneumonia and the other to Dysentery.

49. *The Penitentiary, Madras.*—The Penitentiary, Madras, among central jails returned the highest death-rate per mille, viz., 11.67 against 11.15 in 1931. There were eleven deaths, of which one was a medical release due to Myelitis returned as death under rule 514-A, Jail Manual, for statistical purposes. Pneumonia claimed four deaths, Dysentery and Anemia two each, and Cancer, Cheek and Perforation of Gastric Ulcer, one each.

50. *Central Jail, Cannanore.*—The Central Jail, Cannanore, shows the next highest death-rate, viz., 10.74 against 18.97 in 1931. There were eleven deaths, of which three were due to Dysentery, two each to Myocarditis and Pneumonia and one each to Valvular disease of the Heart, Erysipelas, Gastric Ulcer and Cerebral Haemorrhage. The case of Erysipelas was a civil debtor.

51. *Central Jail, Trichinopoly.*—Notwithstanding a fall in the death-rate from 24.30 in 1931 to 9.76, Trichinopoly as usual takes the lead as regards unfavourable health statistics among central jails. There were a large number of admissions to hospital, viz., 1,321 against 526 in 1931, the daily average number of sick being 35.71 due to the influx of Civil Disobedience Movement prisoners. The number of deaths, however, dropped from 27 in 1931 to 14, of which three each were due to Myocarditis and Gastro Enteritis, two each to Pneumonia and Enteritis and one each to Pulmonary Tuberculosis, Tubercular Enteritis, Dysentery, and Colitis. One of

the cases of Gastro Enteritis was a civil debtor.

52. *Other Central Jails.*—Salem comes next with a death-rate of 7.66 against 4.61 in 1931. There were 10 deaths of which two each were due to Pulmonary Tuberculosis, Bronchitis and Debility, one each to Myocarditis, Valvular disease of the Heart and Enteric Fever and one, an accidental death by drowning. Rajahmundry comes next with a death-rate of 7.03 and there were eight deaths of which two were due to Pneumonia, one each to Cirrhosis of Liver, Myocarditis, Hemiplegia. The three other deaths were releases under Rule 514-A, Jail Manual, due to Interstitial Nephritis, Diabetes and Cancer Liver. Bellary followed next with 7.01 and returned five deaths of which one each was due to Pneumonia, Dysentery, Senility, one was a release under Rule 514-A, Jail Manual, due to Pneumonia, and the other a case of suicide by an under-trial. Coimbatore followed with a death-rate of 6.69. The number of deaths was the same as last year, viz., 10, of which five were due to Pneumonia, one each to Pulmonary Tuberculosis, Syncope, Malignant Septicaemia, Valvular disease of the Heart and Influenza. The case of Syncope was a civil debtor. Vellore comes next with a death-rate of 5.36. There were seven deaths of which two were due to Pulmonary Tuberculosis, one each to Pneumonia and Pericarditis. The three others were medical releases under Rule 514-A, Jail Manual, due to Cancer Liver, Duodenal Ulcer and Cancer Tongue. The Alipuram Jail, Bellary, which was in existence only for the first three months of the year returned a death-rate of 2.82 and a daily average sick of 31.53. There were two deaths caused by Valvular disease of the Heart and Carcinoma Stomach. Vizagapatam returned the lowest death-rate per mille, viz., 1.57 against 13.87 in 1931, which is satisfactory. There was one death due to Valvular disease of the Heart.

53. *District Jails.*—Among District Jails and Borstal Schools, Berhampur, recorded the highest mortality rate, viz., 20.04, against 4.63 in 1931. There were five deaths, of which two were due to Influenza, one each to Myocarditis, Duodenal Ulcer and Malignant Septicaemia. Madura returned the next highest death-rate, viz., 8.28, and accounted five deaths, of which two relate to convicts due to Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Influenza, two to civil debtors who succumbed to Myocarditis and Smallpox and one to an under-trial due to Cancer Pelvic Colon. At Cuddalore the death-rate was 6.95 against 7.74 in 1931. There were three deaths, one each due to Gastric ulcer, Asthma, and Suicide. The case of suicide was a mental defective. The Borstal School, Tanjore, returned one death due to Cirrhosis of Liver

with a death-rate of 2.39. The Borstal School, Palamcottah, exhibited a clean mortality sheet which is creditable.

54. *The Civil Jail, Madras.*—The Civil Jail, Madras, returned a clean mortality sheet as was the case for the last two years. There were two admissions to the hospital and the ratio thereof works out to 128.04 as a result of the low population dealt with.

55. *Sub-Jails.*—There were ten deaths in sub-jails during the year under review against seventeen in 1931. The death-rate declined from 5.96 in 1931 to 3.50. Of the deaths, three relate to the Vizagapatam Agency, one each to Gōdāvari (West), Guntūr, Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Tinnevely, South Kanara and Coimbatore. The remaining districts returned clean mortality sheets. Of these deaths, Pneumonia, Diabetes, Gastro Enteritis, Dysentery, Perforation of Gastric Ulcer claimed one death each. There was a case of an under-trial who died of starvation owing to Lunacy in the Sub-Jail, Kovur, in the Gōdāvari (West) district. Four under-trial prisoners committed suicide during the year, 1 in the Ponneri Sub-Jail in the Chingleput district, 1 in the Trichinopoly Sub-Jail, 1 in the Kovilpatti Sub-Jail in the Tinnevely district and 1 in the Avanashi Sub-Jail in the Coimbatore district.

56. *Health of prisoners repatriated from the Andamans.*—During the year under review, 14 convicts including 4 Mappillas were received from the Andamans against 22 in the previous year. Of this number, 9 were repatriated on medical grounds, 2 were returned as incorrigibles and 3 received on transfer to other provinces, of whom 2 were sent to the Central Prison, Belgaum, and 1 to the Central Prison, Yerravada. Of the 9 received on medical grounds, 2 were suffering from Melancholia, 1 from Dementia, 1 from Tuberculosis, 1 from Rheumatism, 1 from Anaemia, 1 from Chronic Malaria combined with Anaemia, 1 from Chronic Malaria and 1 from Carcinoma. The case of Rheumatism was included in the list of Mappilla prisoners for release under the premature scheme and release has been sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 625, Public (General), dated the 30th April 1932, but orders as to the actual date on which release is to be effected are awaited. There were 3 deaths, of which 1 was due to Carcinoma, 1 to Melancholia which succumbed to Pneumonia and 1 to Anaemia which proved fatal due to Malignant Septicaemia. Of these 9 convicts, 5 had spent a period between one and five years and 4 above five years in the Andamans.

57. *Statement No. XV—Classes of diseases.*—The table below gives the rates of admissions to hospital and the deaths per mille against the principal diseases for the past four years among convicts in central and district jails.

Diseases.	Ratio per mille of average strength.			
	1929.		1930.	
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Cholera ...	...	...	...	...
Dysentery ...	30.73	0.07	61.00	0.91
Malarial fevers ...	27.21	0.42	46.45	0.22
Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Haemoptysis due to Tuberculosis ...	15.04	2.80	18.87	2.58
Other Tubercular diseases ...	1.52	0.32	1.14	0.23
Anaemia and Debility ...	5.78	0.32	8.87	0.61
Other general diseases ...	88.03	0.48	75.85	1.06
Pneumonia ...	4.96	1.21	4.17	0.63
Other respiratory diseases ...	10.96	0.48	13.03	0.45
Diarrhoea ...	0.40	...	0.83	...
Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	9.52	0.08	5.99	...
All other causes ...	65.54	3.92	107.07	5.23
Total ...	205.30	12.04	343.26	11.97

Diseases.	Ratio per mille of average strength.			
	1931.		1932.	
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
Cholera ...	...	...	...	...
Dysentery ...	58.61	0.94	44.71	0.57
Malarial fevers ...	30.59	...	13.55	...
Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Haemoptysis due to Tuberculosis ...	14.05	1.54	6.73	1.54
Other Tubercular diseases ...	1.71	0.34	1.14	0.08
Anaemia and Debility ...	14.14	0.26	7.46	0.32
Other general diseases ...	91.09	0.86	76.78	0.49
Pneumonia ...	5.31	1.29	4.46	1.54
Other respiratory diseases ...	23.39	0.59	14.78	0.24
Diarrhoea ...	1.20	...	1.70	0.08
Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	8.83	0.17	9.66	0.08
All other causes ...	146.54	4.46	124.71	3.16
Total ...	395.48	10.45	305.65	8.11

58. *Cholera.*—There was no case of Cholera during the year under report.

59. *Dysentery.*—The number of admissions and deaths fell from 684 and 11 in 1931 to 551 and 7. The Central Jail, Cannanore, contributed 3 deaths, the Penitentiary 2, the Central Jail, Bellary and the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, 1 each. The number of admissions in these jails was 107, 15, 96 and 10, respectively. Although the above figures point to a satisfactory state of affairs, Rajahmundry as usual, continued to account for a large number of admissions and it is satisfactory to note that there was no fatality. Among District Jails, Cuddalore, returned the largest number, viz., 51 due to

new admissions suffering from bowel complaints.

60. *Malarial Fever.*—It is pleasant to record that with this disease we were very fortunate in that the number of admissions fell further from 352 to 167 and that there was no death. The disease was widespread as the Central Jails, Vellore and Coimbatore and the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, were the only exceptions. An increase in admissions as compared with 1931 is chiefly noticeable against the Central Jails, Bellary and the Penitentiary, Madras.

61. *Tubercular Diseases.*—The number of admissions for Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Haemoptysis due to Tuberculosis dropped from 164 in 1931 to 83, which is due partly to the elimination of admissions in respect of Tubercular transfers from ordinary jails with reference to the instructions issued by the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India in his No. 12/3901-09, dated the 25th November 1932. This disease was present in all the jails except the Central Jail, Bellary, and the District Jail, Berhampur. The number of deaths increased from 18 in 1931 to 19 of which 12 relate to the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, 2 each to Vellore and Salem and 1 each to Trichinopoly, Coimbatore and Madura. Under other Tubercular disease the number of admission fell and the Central Jail, Trichinopoly, returned 1 death. All cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis except those unfit to travel and in advanced stage were segregated in the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary. This institution had another year's good work to show.

62. *Anaemia and Debility.*—There were 92 admissions against 165 in 1931; but the number of deaths advanced from 3 to 4 which were shared equally by the Penitentiary, Madras, and the Central Jail, Salem. Trichinopoly exhibits the largest number of admissions, viz., 26 which is attributed to the Civil Disobedience Movement prisoners who were anaemic and debilitated.

63. *Pneumonia.*—The number of admissions on account of this disease fell from 62 to 55, but the number of deaths rose from 15 in 1931 to 19. It was pretty well widespread as Palamcottah and Madura alone reported no case. The Alipuram Jail which was in existence only for the first three months was also an exception. Coimbatore returned 5 deaths, Penitentiary 4, Rajahmundry, Trichinopoly, Cannanore and Bellary 2 each and the Central Jail, Vellore, and the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, 1 each.

64. *Diarrhoea.*—As compared with 1931 the number of admissions rose from 14 to 21 and there was one death accounted for by the Central Jail, Bellary. The diagnosis "Diarrhoea" is discouraged as it is only a symptom, but it continues to present itself time and again.

65. *Ankylostomiasis*.—This disease was responsible for 43 admissions with no fatality. The examination of faeces has been abolished for want of staff specially trained in Clayton Hanes Method; but every prisoner is given on admission a routine anthelmthic course unless there be contra-indication.

66. *Enteric Fever*.—The number of admissions rose from 27 in 1931 to 32 during the year; but it is satisfactory to note that there was no mortality. Cannanore and Trichinopoly accounted for 8 admissions each, Coimbatore 4, Penitentiary, Madras and Salem 3 each, Rajahmundry and Vellore 2 each, and Alipuram and Palamcottah 1 each.

67. *Syphilis*.—There was a further reduction in the number of admissions due to this dire disease, viz., from 47 in 1931 to 36. There were 12 cases in Madura, 10 in Trichinopoly, 4 in Vellore, 5 in Bellary and 1 each in Cannanore, Salem, Alipuram, Tanjore and Berhampur. It is noteworthy that there was no death.

68. *Statement No. XVII—Mortality according to Periods of Sentences undergone*.—Of the 103 convicts who died during the year, 34 including 3 in sub-jails died within six months after admission, against 43 in the year 1931. The ratio of deaths per mille dropped from 12.32 to 8.87. Of the 31 deaths in Central and District Jails, Trichinopoly, as in the previous year, and the Central Jail, Coimbatore, record the largest number of deaths, viz., 6 each. Berhampur followed with 5 and Cannanore with 3. The Central Jail, Vellore, the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, Cuddalore and Madura contributed 2 each and the Central Jails, Salem and Bellary and the Penitentiary, Madras, 1 each. Of the remaining 72 deaths, 18 occurred among prisoners who had spent 6 to 12 months in jail, 12 among those who had been in jail between 1 and 2 years, 7 between 2 and 3 years, 15 between 3 and 7 years and 17 above 7 years. The corresponding figures of the previous year were 10, 23, 10, 20 and 22, respectively.

69. *Statement B—Prisoners' Weighment*.—Of the total number of prisoners discharged during the year, 74.74 per cent gained weight as compared with 74.65 in the previous year. The proportion of prisoners who lost weight dropped from 5.66 to 5.35, while that of prisoners who remained stationary slightly advanced from 19.69 to 19.91. These results are satisfactory. Cuddalore was responsible for the largest percentage of prisoners who lost weight, viz., 35.09. The Central Jail, Vellore, comes next followed by Bellary and Berhampur, the percentages being 14.55, 13.66 and 13.43, respectively. The Borstal School, Palamcottah, recorded the lowest percentage, viz., 1.10 followed by the Central Jail, Salem, and the Borstal School, Tanjore, with 1.23 and 1.43, respectively.

70. (1) *Water-supply*.—All Central and District Jails and Borstal Schools in the Presidency have a protected water-supply and a complete piped distribution system with tap delivery.

At Rajahmundry, the floor of the water-tank was cemented. At Trichinopoly, iron grating was provided to the well and the pipe line extended to the north warders line. At Coimbatore, the construction of a reservoir with pipe connections to the five storeyed buildings is proceeding. At Cannanore, the new tope-well with a diameter of 20 feet remains uncompleted and it is a matter for doubt if the Public Works Department will be able to finish off the work before the close of the current financial year so that the water scarcity felt during the year under report may not repeat itself. A shed was erected over the water storage in the Civil Debtors Yard. At Bellary, there were considerable difficulties over water-supply which were alleviated by good rains filling the Alipuram tank. At the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, the necessity for a spare pump is keenly felt in order to obviate breakdown in supply. During the year, the pump failed on one occasion but the Public Works Department set it right. At Cuddalore, a well was constructed in the garden and pipe connection extended to the bullock shed. At Palamcottah, a well was sunk in the farm and piped connection extended thereto. The installation of a kite-motion pump at the bathing ghat was in progress at the end of the year.

(2) *Kitchen*.—All kitchens in jails were under efficient sanitary control. At Cannanore, the kitchen in the civil debtors' yard was provided with expanded metal. At Vizagapatam, a new model kitchen was completed and brought into use. Several other minor repairs to kitchens were carried out in different jails. At Tanjore two food moulding platforms were provided in the kitchen.

(3) *Conservancy*.—Our conservancy system is as up-to-date as can be expected. At Trichinopoly cage latrines were provided in the District Jail wards. At Cannanore, fifty cage latrines were provided with zinc sheet doors. At Cuddalore, a new cage latrine was provided in the convict warder room and that attached to the isolation ward fly-proofed. The fitting of cells with sanitary recesses or turnstiles was further extended during the year.

(4) *Drainage*.—At Rajahmundry, the iron gratings of the drains were replaced. At Salem, the work of constructing drains to prevent the main gate being flooded is expected to be finished shortly. At Cuddalore, a drain for the warders' line was constructed. At Madura, the disposal of the sullage water continues to cause trouble. There is now a proposal on foot to convey the water by drain towards the municipal drainage at a distance of about two furlongs. This would appear to be the more satisfactory arrangement in the

long run, if not too expensive, as owing to the location of the jail it seems difficult to dispose of the water on the premises. At Berhampur, a drain was constructed behind the warders' lines and improvements to the drains in the garden effected. At Tanjore, masonry water channels were constructed in Nos. 3 and 4 gardens.

(5) *Other Sanitary Improvements*.—At Rajahmundry, a temporary cattle shed was put up and necessary repairs to blocks, latrines and buildings carried out. At Vellore, the roof of block No. VII which was declared unsafe for occupation was repaired and brought into use. The hospital and Superintendent's office were dadoed with ship bottom paint and a portable wire-netted screen provided in the interview room. At the Penitentiary, the floors of the hospital verandah were improved. At Salem, a workshop in the adolescent block was constructed and new roof provided to the store room. At Bellary, the ragi grinding room was refloored. At Vizagapatam, the jail buildings were retiled. At Cuddalore, a feeding platform was constructed in the cattle shed and 22 reinforced cement concrete feeding troughs erected. At Tanjore, ferro-concrete windows were provided in the cells of two blocks and walls of the hospital wards replastered and distempered. In fine, sanitation within our institutions is as perfect as can be expected.

MISCELLANEOUS AND CONCLUDING REMARKS.

71. *Visits*.—I am glad to record the increase in the total number of visits paid by official and non-official visitors during the year, viz., from 918 in 1931 to 1,014 during the year under report which points to the growing interest in prison administration. His Excellency the Governor of Madras visited the District Jail, Madura, and the Borstal School, Tanjore. His Excellency the Governor-General of French-India visited the Central Jail, Cannanore. The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir M. Krishnan Nair, Kt., the Law Member, visited the Central Jail, Coimbatore. The Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras visited the Central Jails, Rajahmundry, Vellore, Trichinopoly, Coimbatore, the Penitentiary, Madras, Cannanore, Salem and Vizagapatam, the District Jail, Cuddalore and the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore. The Deputy Director of Public Health paid a visit to the Central Jail, Coimbatore. The Director of Industries visited the Central Jails, Rajahmundry, Coimbatore, Cannanore, Salem and Bellary and we are indebted to him and his assistants who continued to be most helpful in affording expert advice in the management of Industrial and Textile sections of jails.

The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur G. Narayanaswami Chetti Garu, C.I.E., the Provincial Visitor on behalf of the Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society, visited all the central and district jails except Cannanore. The Borstal School, Tanjore, the Presidency Jail for

Women, Vellore, and the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary, were also visited by him. He paid, as usual, the largest number of visits to the Penitentiary, Madras, viz., 63 and continued to be indefatigable in promoting the efficiency of aftercare work and displayed a lively interest in prison administration. Rao Sahib V. Krishnama Chetti Garu, the Provincial Visitor for the Northern Circars, visited the Central Jails, Vellore, Bellary and the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore. Among other non-official visitors, Rao Sahib R. Narasimha Ayyangar paid 53 visits and Rao Bahadur M. Abboy Nayudu 22 to the District Jail, Madura, and evinced much interest in the management of the jail. Rao Sahib T. K. Nayanar paid 20 visits to the Central Jail, Vellore, and continued to be interested in the local administration and the welfare of the prisoners. Rao Sahib V. P. Venkatakrishna Nayudu paid 16 visits to the Borstal School, Tanjore, and was helpful to the management of the school. Khan Bahadur G. S. Abdul Karim Sahib Bahadur paid 16 visits to the Penitentiary, Madras, and Khan Sahib Mistry, 15 visits to the Central Jail, Cannanore. M.R.Ry. A. Srinivasa Mudaliyar, Rao Sahib Govinda Panikkar and Mr. V. N. Chellam Ayyangar paid 13 visits each to the Central Jails, Vellore, Cannanore and Salem, respectively. To these, and other visitors whose names cannot be mentioned here, due to limited space, we are grateful for the generosity with which they gave their time and counsel. We are indebted to our lady visitors Mrs. K. Alamelumangathayar Ammal and Miss Ethel M. Grove who paid 9 visits each to the Penitentiary, Madras, and the District Jail, Madura, and Mrs. Gopal Pillai and Dr. P. Paru Ammal who paid 7 visits each to the Central Jail, Coimbatore, and Central Jail, Cannanore, respectively. The system of prison visiting by authorized non-official ladies and gentlemen for imparting religious and moral instruction is now firmly established notwithstanding the abolition of the grant of conveyance allowance. For this purpose a great many non-official ladies and gentlemen visited the jails, among whom Janab K. Rahiman Haji attached to the Penitentiary, Madras, and Mulla Hajee Hashim of the Central Jail, Coimbatore, who paid 52 and 50 visits, respectively, deserve special mention for the keen interest they took. The Toc H group recorded 50 visits, Mr. Roberts and his assistant 47, and the Protestant and Roman Catholic ministers of the Central Jail, Trichinopoly, 47 and 44, respectively, and we are indebted to them all for their unselfish and devoted labours.

72. *Inspection*.—I inspected the Central Jails, Rajahmundry, Vellore, Trichinopoly, Coimbatore, Cannanore, Salem, Bellary, Vizagapatam, the Penitentiary, Madras, the District Jails, Cuddalore, Madura and Berhampur, the Borstal Schools, Tanjore and Palamcottah, the Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary,

and the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore. The special Sub-Jails, Russellkonda, Mangalore, Calicut and Nellore, the Sub-Jails, Kokkarakulam, Karkal, Salem (Males), Madura, Anakapalle and Vizianagram, were also inspected by me. I paid two additional visits to the Central Jails, Coimbatore, Cannanore and Salem and one to the Penitentiary, Madras, Central Jails, Trichinopoly, Vellore and Bellary, District Jails, Cuddalore and Madura, the Borstal Schools, Tanjore and Palamcottah, and the Sub-Jail, Kokkarakulam. I visited the Mental Hospitals, Madras and Waltair, as well. As regards sub-jails 205 inspections were made by District Magistrates, 511 by Divisional Magistrates and 958 by Medical Officers. The total number of inspections of sub-jails was 3,186 against 2,964.

73. *Expenditure on Jail Buildings. General Features of the Year and Matters of Administrative Importance.*—These paragraphs have been omitted as a measure of economy with reference to G.O. Mis. No. 3931, Law (General), dated the 3rd November 1932.

74. *Records, civil stores and service registers.*—The rules regulating the maintenance of service registers and leave ledgers and the periodical destruction of records were complied with, and the inventories of stores maintained in the various jails and in my office were written up to the end of the year.

75. *Progress of Reforms.*—The classification of prisoners into A, B and C with reference to their status and accustomed mode of living continued to work satisfactorily. By this a new atmosphere has been introduced into our prison administration and it now remains to make special arrangements whereby special class prisoners may be segregated in separate centres. The obstacle to such a procedure is the expense of transfers and in the present circumstances financial considerations prevent its general introduction.

The new classification and the privileges attached to the A and B classes were appreciated by the fortunate few who happened to be so classed, but the discontent amongst the C class prisoners, particularly of the Civil Disobedience Movement class, due to differentiation continued to exist. Voluntary surrenders of special classification were not permitted as the question of policy was involved. With the revival of the Civil Disobedience Movement, large numbers of prisoners whose avowed intention was to undermine jail discipline entered the jails. They resorted to obstructive tactics and hunger strikes, on some pretext or other, which, however, quickly collapsed under

judicious handling. Indiscipline was firmly repressed and our reformatory policy maintained.

76. *Conduct of Jail Establishment.*—The strength of the warder establishment at the end of the year was 1,003 including 144 temporary warders employed in the various jails. The total number of punishments awarded to them was 851 against 1,222 in 1931. Fifteen warders were dismissed from the service and the services of 25 were terminated, 1 was suspended and 6 were reduced. The other forms of punishment were, warning 219, extra drill and deprivation of off duty 256, award of black marks 42, forfeiture or reduction of pay 19, fine 262 and other punishments 6. On the whole the conduct of the warder establishment was satisfactory.

In regard to the recovery of damages from the late Store-keeper, Alipuram Jail, Bellary, the decree stands executed by attachment of the insolvent's property and the sale thereof is to be effected shortly.

The jails had a very difficult and trying year owing to large numbers of Civil Disobedience Movement prisoners to be dealt with as well as Bengal State prisoners, Lahore Conspiracy Case prisoners, Communists and Labour Strikers, some of whom created trouble. It is, however, pleasant to record that the subordinate staff as a whole worked very well and faithfully in spite of increase to their already too long hours of duty.

As explained last year Jail officers at times like the present have a most arduous and unpleasant existence, but they have at all times shown themselves ready for any emergency and have maintained their position with credit in the face of great provocation and in many trying circumstances.

77. *Conduct of Officers.*—The Superintendents and Medical Officers carried out their duties under very trying conditions satisfactorily during the year. In spite of very many difficulties and a great deal of extra work, the administration ran remarkably smoothly on the whole, and the excellent health statistics bear witness to the interest taken by the medical staff.

The subordinate officials have again risen to the occasion, and carried out greatly increased duties ungrudgingly and efficiently.

I have also to thank my office staff for their continued support and very valuable help throughout a period of considerable strain.

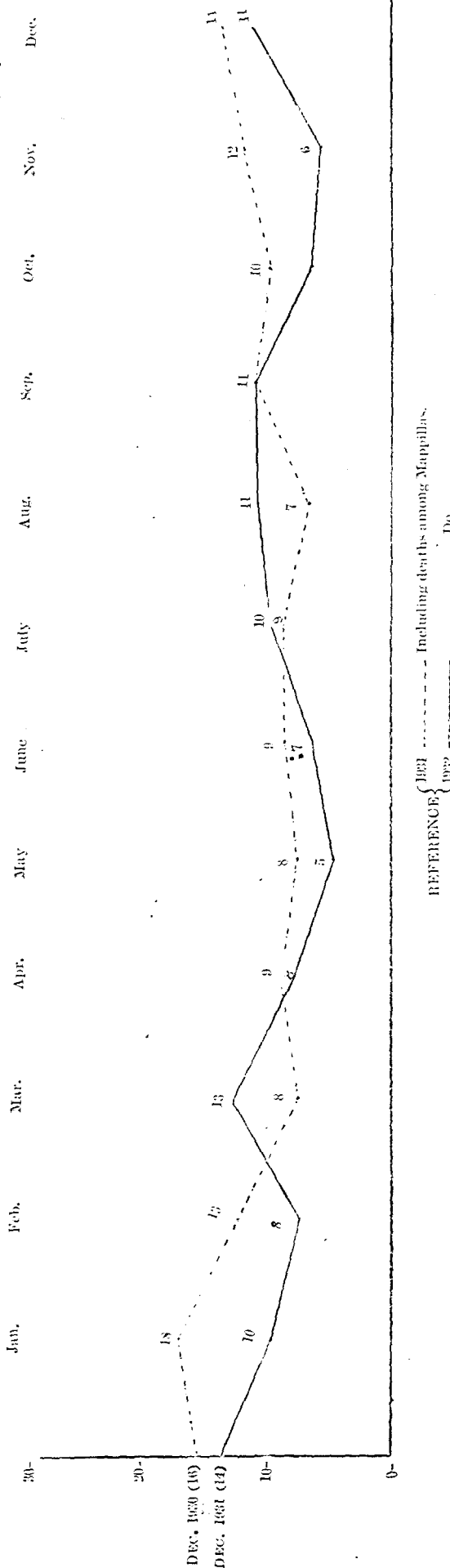
78. *Annual Reports of Central and Special Jails.*—The annual reports furnished by the Superintendents of Central and Special Jails are forwarded, herewith, for perusal and return.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

G. W. MACONACHIE,
LIEUT.-COL., M.B., I.M.S.,
Inspector-General of Prisons.

CHART

SHOWING DEATHS IN THE CENTRAL, SPECIAL AND DISTRICT JAILS OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY DURING THE YEARS 1931 AND 1932.



APPENDICES.

Note.—Statements Nos. VII, VIII, X, XI, XII, XVI, A, D and E, have been omitted under orders of Government.

GENERAL

Showing the Distribution of the Prisoners of all classes confined in the

1	2	3	4			5			6		
			Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.		
Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Rajahmundry	Central Jail	Convicts ...	928	...	928	2,845	...	2,845	3,773	...	3,773
		Under-trial ...	52	...	52	163	...	163	215	...	215
		Civil ...	81	...	81	411	...	411	492	...	492
Vellore	Do.	Convicts ...	965	...	965	2,845	...	2,845	3,810	...	3,810
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	59	...	59	302	...	302	361	...	361
Trichinopoly	Do.	Convicts ...	993	...	993	2,807	...	2,807	3,800	...	3,800
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	295	...	295	1,601	...	1,601	1,896	...	1,896
Coimbatore	Do.	Convicts ...	1,286	2	1,288	2,660	62	2,722	3,946	64	4,010
		Under-trial ...	28	3	31	609	21	630	637	24	661
		Civil ...	60	...	60	631	...	631	691	...	691
Penitentiary	Do.	Convicts ...	833	3	842	1,615	78	1,693	2,454	81	2,535
		Under-trial ...	66	3	69	1,589	42	1,631	1,655	45	1,700
		Civil ...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Cannanore	Do.	Convicts ...	580	...	580	1,486	188	1,674	2,066	188	2,254
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...
		Civil ...	148	...	148	687	...	687	835	...	835
Salem	Do.	Convicts ...	1,326	...	1,326	849	...	849	2,175	...	2,175
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bellary	Do.	Convicts ...	478	...	478	1,566	...	1,566	2,044	...	2,044
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	98	...	98	...	...	...
		Civil ...	28	...	28	162	...	162	190	...	190
Alipuram	Do.	Convicts ...	1,367	...	1,367	...	...	...	1,367	...	1,367
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	Do.	Convicts ...	654	...	654	446	...	446	1,100	...	1,100
		Under-trial ...	17	...	17	122	2	124	139	2	141
		Civil ...	5	...	5	1	...	1	6	...	6
Wellesley Sanatorium, Bellary.	Special Jail for Tubercular Patients.	Convicts ...	158	...	158	96	...	96	254	...	254
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	Special Jail for Women.	Convicts ...	...	235	235	...	593	593	...	828	828
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore Borstal School.	Special School for adolescents.	Convicts ...	414	...	414	219	...	219	633	...	633
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paimcottah Borstal School.	Do.	Convicts ...	513	...	513	106	...	106	619	...	619
		Under-trial ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Guddalore	District Jail	Convicts ...	352	...	352	1,223	...	1,223	1,575	...	1,575
		Under-trial ...	13	...	13	114	...	114	127	...	127
		Civil ...	36	...	36	259	...	259	295	...	295
Madera	Do.	Convicts ...	400	2	402	2,968	79	3,047	3,368	81	3,449
		Under-trial ...	96	4	100	983	23	1,006	1,079	27	1,106
		Civil ...	118	...	118	572	...	572	690	...	690
Berhampur	Do.	Convicts ...	212	...	212	965	...	965	1,177	...	1,177
		Under-trial ...	9	...	9	336	...	336	345	...	345
		Civil ...	8	...	8	57	...	57	65	...	65
Total, Central and District Jails			11,465	242	11,707	22,696	1,000	23,696	34,161	1,242	35,403
		Under-trial	281	10	291	4,022	88	4,110	4,303	98	4,401
		Civil	838	...	838	4,685	...	4,685	5,523	...	5,523
		Total	12,584	252	12,836	31,403	1,088	32,491	43,987	1,340	45,327
Madras	Civil Jail	Civil ...	16	...	16	368	...	368	384	...	384
Subsidiary Jails			596	24	620	27,838	1,297	29,135	28,434	1,321	29,755
		Under-trial	1,838	70	1,908	34,866	1,390	36,256	36,704	1,460	38,164
		Civil	31	...	31	342	...	342	373	...	373
		Total	2,465	94	2,559	63,046	2,687	65,733	65,511	2,781	68,292
Grand Total			12,061	266	12,327	50,534	2,297	52,831	62,595	2,563	65,158
		Under-trial	2,119	80	2,199	38,883	1,478	40,361	41,007	1,558	42,565
		Civil	885	...	885	5,395	...	5,395	6,280	...	6,280
		Total	15,065	346	15,411	94,817	3,775	98,592	109,882	4,121	114,003
Total for 1931			16,989	362	17,351	84,213	2,557	86,770	101,202	2,919	104,121

SUMMARY.

Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932.

7	8			9			10		
	Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
2,776	...	...	2,776	997	...	997	1,067.40	...	1,067.40
191	...	...	191	24	...	24	15.48	...	15.48
424	...	...	424	68	...	68	54.76	...	54.76
2,336	...	...	2,336	1,474	...	1,474	1,271.06	...	1,271.06
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
228	...	...	228	33	...	33	35.34	...	35.34
2,662	...	...	2,662	1,138	...	1,138	1,211.77	...	1,211.77
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,713	...	...	1,713	183	...	183	221.97	...	221.97
2,503	55	...	2,558	1,441	9	1,450	1,361.54	9.08	1,370.62
615	22	...	637	22	2	24	44.47	1.48	45.95
567	...	...	567	124	...	124	77.62	...	77.62
1,615	75	...	1,690	839	6	845	824.07	76.23	840.90
1,533	39	...	1,572	119	6	125	98.07	3.23	101.30
2	...	...	2	...	...	...	0.30	...	0.30
1,162	119	...	1,281	904	69	973	871.68	55.45	927.13
7	...	...	7	...	...	...	1.20	...	1.20
727	...	...	727	108	...	108	95.58	...	95.58
882	...	...	882	1,293	...	1,293	1,304.85	...	1,304.85
1	...	...	1	...	...	...	0.04	...	0.04
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,424	...	...	1,424	620	...	620	688.03	...	688.03
91	...	...	91	7	...	7	8.8	...	8.8
172	...	...	172	18	...	18	16.87	...	16.87
1,367	...	...	1,367	...	...	...	708.46	...	708.46
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
443	...	...	443	657	...	657	627.08	...	627.08
134	2	...	136	5	...	5	8.6	0.11	8.71
6	...	...	6	...	...	...	0.49	...	0.49
128	...	...	128	126	...	126	128.61	...	128.61
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	564	...	564	...	264	261	...	269.96	269.96
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
225	...	...	225	408	...	408	418.35	...	418.35
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
215	...	...	215	404	...	404	453.40	...	453.40
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,189	...	...	1,189	386	...	386	393.28	...	393.28
95	...	...	95	32	...	32	14.66	...	14.66
244	...	...	244	31	...	31	23.67	...	23.67
3,001	76	...	3,077	437	5	442	420.43	14.00	434.43
1,012	27	...	1,039	67	...	67	81.11	1.66	82.77
604	...	...	604	86	...	86	86.34	...	86.34
947	...	...	947	220	...	220	208.45	...	208.45
349	...	...	349	5	...	5	33.0	...	33.0
59	...	...	59	6	...	6	7.30	...	7.30
22,817	889	...	23,706	11,344	353	11,697	11,959.06	365.32	12,324.38
4,082	90	...	4,172	281	8	289	305.97	6.48	312.45
4,866	...	...	4,866	657	...	657	620.24	...	620.24
21,765	979	...	22,744	12,282	361	12,643	12,885.27	371.80	13,257.07
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
365	...	...	365	19	...	19	15.62	...	15.62
27,787	1,295	...	29,082	667	26	693	787.22	37.76	825.01
31,931	1,402	...	33,333	1,773	58	1,831	1,939.18	66.77	2,005.95
243	...	...	243	30	...	30	29.42	...	29.42
63,941	2,697	...	66,638	2,470	84	2,554	2,756.32	104.56	2,860.88
50,581	2,184	...	52,765	12,011	379	12,390	12,748.28	403.11	13,151.39
38,953	1,492	...	40,445	2,054	66	2,120	2,245.15	73.25	2,318.40
5,571	...	...	5,571	706	...	706	665.78	...	665.78
95,141	3,676	...	98,817	14,771	445	15,216	15,657.21	476.36	16,133.57
89,178	2,573	...	91,751	15,065	346	15,411	15,187.34	308.02	15,495.36

No. I.—(JUDICIAL)—(For convicts only).

Statement showing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932.

Serial number.	Jails.	3		4		5		6						7		8	
		Remained at the close of the previous year.		Imprisoned during the present year 1932.		Total.		Received by transfers.						Grand total.		Transferred to other jails.	
								A		B		In transit for transportation or to other jails.					
								To undergo sentence		From jails in the province.		From subsidiary jails to district jails in the province.		From jails outside the province.		To undergo sentence.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Central Jails.																	
1	Rajahmundry	928	...	2,509	...	3,497	...	275	...	...	...	...	...	3,773	739	...	...
2	Vellore	965	...	1,093	...	2,058	...	1,097	...	...	...	...	...	3,810	588	...	...
3	Trichinopoly	993	...	2,082	...	3,075	...	724	...	...	...	...	...	3,800	726	...	...
4	Coimbatore	1,286	...	2,141	...	3,427	...	219	...	...	...	...	...	4,010	365	...	...
5	Penitentiary	839	...	1,339	...	2,169	...	41	...	...	...	...	...	2,454	81	...	...
6	Cananore	580	...	920	...	1,500	...	465	...	1	...	...	...	2,535	278	...	...
7	Salem	1,326	...	483	...	1,809	...	358	...	99	...	...	...	2,086	283	...	...
8	Bellary	478	...	1,132	...	1,610	...	416	...	7	...	...	...	2,175	222	...	...
9	Alipparam	1,367	...	...	...	1,367	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2,044	134	...	...
10	Vizagapatnam	654	...	385	...	1,039	...	54	...	...	...	...	...	1,367	203	...	...
Special Jails.																	
11	Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary.	158	...	...	...	158	...	95	...	1	...	...	...	254	7	...	...
12	Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	...	235	...	631	...	766	...	50	...	12	...	...	828	253	...	...
Special Schools for Adolescents.																	
13	Tanjore Borstal School...	414	...	169	...	583	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	633	38	...	...
14	Palamcottah do	513	...	91	...	604	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	619	8	...	...
District Jails.																	
15	Cuddalore	352	...	834	...	1,186	...	381	...	8	...	...	...	1,575	180	...	...
16	Madurai	400	...	2,287	...	2,687	...	294	...	...	...	...	...	3,449	1,129	...	...
17	Belur	212	...	901	...	1,112	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	1,177	237	...	...
Total, Central and District Jails.		11,465	242	17,316	617	28,781	839	4,762	316	181	13	34,161	1,242	35,403	5,271	330	...
Subsidiary Jails		596	24	8,928	931	9,524	686	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,434	1,321	18,846	627
Grand total		12,061	266	26,244	1,368	38,305	1,574	4,792	316	181	13	62,595	2,563	65,158	24,117	957	...
Grand Total for 1931		14,090	294	22,515	879	36,605	1,273	3,100	44	48	3	56,247	1,701	57,948	19,400	1,394	...

No. I.—(JUDICIAL)—(For convicts only)—concluded.

Statement showing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932—concluded.

Serial number.	Jails.	Released during the year.										Transferred beyond seas.		Transferred to Mental hospital.		Escaped.		Died.		Remaining at the end of the present year.		Daily average number.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
		A		B		C		D		Under remission rules.		On account of sickness.		On other grounds.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.									M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.

* Daily average for 3 months.

No. II.—(JUDICIAL)—(For convicts only).

Statement showing the Religion, Age, State of Education and Previous Occupation of the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932.

1	2	3										4					5																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
Serial number.	Jails.	Religion.										Age.					Education.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
		A					B					C						D					E					F					G																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
		Christians.					Muhamma- dans.					Hindus and Sikhs.						Buddhists and Jains.					All other classes.					Under 16 years.					16 to 18 years.					19 to 21 years.					22 to 30 years.					31 to 40 years.					41 to 60 years.					Above 60 years.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			

No. II.—(JUDICIAL)—(For convicts only)—concluded.

Statement showing the Religion, Age, State of Education and Previous Occupation of the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932—concluded.

5—concl'd.		6										7				
Education—concl'd.		Previous occupation.										Total.				
B		Males.										Females.				
Illiterate.		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	Prosth. fices.	M.	F.	Total.
M.	F.	Persons employed under Government or Municipal or other Local authorities.	Profes- sional persons.	Persons in service or engaged in performing personal offices.	Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals.	Persons engaged in commerce and trade.	Persons employed in mechanical arts, manu- factures and engi- neering opera- tions, etc.	Miscellaneous persons not classed otherwise.	Married.	Un- married.	Widows.					
Central Jails.																
1	1,702	23	29	5	1,899	197	164	552	...	...	...	...	2,769	...	...	2,509
2	1,316	37	159	23	894	123	24	433	...	...	...	...	1,633	...	...	1,633
3	1,352	12	105	425	867	178	216	979	...	...	...	...	2,082	...	...	2,082
4	2,061	46	173	11	612	133	16	1,459	...	...	...	...	2,441	42	...	2,483
5	866	3	89	100	65	70	25	458	...	...	...	...	1,336	57	...	1,393
6	478	40	112	28	251	69	25	423	...	...	...	...	920	6	...	926
7	372	2	55	2	106	41	9	265	...	...	...	...	483	...	...	483
8	1,006	14	57	29	811	53	21	147	...	...	...	...	1,132	...	...	1,132
9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	369	9	54	15	31	36	19	161	...	...	...	...	385	...	...	385
Special Jails.																
11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	316	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	430	34	66	1	...	531	531
Special Schools for Adolescents.																
13	100	...	35	9	37	10	17	61	...	...	...	...	169	...	...	169
14	51	...	3	12	19	5	12	40	...	...	...	...	91	...	...	91
District Jails.																
15	481	...	82	2	282	39	3	426	...	...	...	...	834	...	...	834
16	1,511	9	162	32	1,651	175	28	830	...	...	...	...	2,287	31	...	2,318
17	728	15	132	9	335	49	4	356	...	...	...	...	900	...	...	900
Total, Central and District Jails																
Subsidiary Jails		471	1,247	702	7,320	1,169	584	6,104	550	45	71	1	17,316	647	...	17,963
		618	618	447	3,623	578	249	3,577	507	53	5	96	8,928	661	...	9,589
Grand Total		1,089	1,865	1,149	10,943	1,747	833	9,481	1,037	96	76	97	26,244	1,308	...	27,552
Grand Total for 1931		955	1,576	1,035	8,562	1,531	659	8,921	805	54	111	9	22,515	979	...	23,494

No. III.—(JUDICIAL)—(For convicts only).

Statement showing the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932 and those remaining on the 31st December of that year, according to the nature and length of sentences.

1	2	3	4												5																	
Serial number.	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment indicated by letters marking the four jail divisions.	Numbers according to length of sentences.												Total.																	
			A		B		C		D		E		F			G		H		I		J										
			Not exceeding 1 month.		Above 1 month and not exceeding 3 months.		Above 3 months and not exceeding 6 months.		Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.		Above 1 year and not exceeding 5 years.		Above 5 years and not exceeding 10 years.			Above 10 years and not exceeding 15 years.		Above 15 years and not exceeding 20 years.		Above 20 years and not exceeding 25 years.		Above 25 years and not exceeding 30 years.		Above 30 years and not exceeding 35 years.								
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Rajahmundry.	A. Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment ... B. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment ... C. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement. D. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.	6	...	30	...	45	...	30	...	209	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
			2	...	540	...	767	...	640	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Vellore	A. Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment ... B. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment ... C. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement. D. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.	8	...	570	...	812	...	272	...	210	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Trichinopoly.	A. Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment ... B. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment ... C. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement. D. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.	51	...	243	...	616	...	243	...	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
			6	...	251	...	280	...	251	...	207	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			3	...	16	...	13	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			1	...	588	...	471	...	588	...	330	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Coimbatore	A. Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment ... B. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment ... C. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement. D. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.	4	...	606	...	484	...	606	...	330	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
			...	...	417	...	290	...	417	...	238	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			46	...	10	...	4	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
			131	...	232	...	902	...	232	...	143	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Total admissions ... Total remaining on the 31st December ...	A. Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment ... B. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment ... C. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement. D. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.	177	...	217	...	906	...	217	...	143	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
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5	Penitentiary.	A. Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment ...	418	...	13	...	9	...	1	...	28	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...</
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* Classes A, B, C and D should be amalgamated for this total.

Statement showing the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932 and those remaining on the 31st December of that year, according to the nature and length of sentences—continued.

[illegible]

* Classes A, B, C and D should be amalgamated for this total.

of Inmates dealt with under the Borstal Madras Schools Act.

No. IV.—(JUDICIAL)—

Statement showing the Convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the

Serial number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.			Number imprisoned in default of finding security under section 110 of the Cr.P.C., or convicted under Chapters XII, XVI, XVII and XVIII of the I.P.C., with previous convictions under any of those Chapters or under section 110 of the Cr.P.C. and classified as habituals.								
					A		B						
					Number imprisoned for the first time in default of finding security under section 110, Criminal Procedure Code, and classified as habituals.		Number imprisoned in default of finding security under section 110 of the Cr.P.C., or convicted under Chapters XII, XVI, XVII and XVIII of the I.P.C., with previous convictions under any of those Chapters or under section 110 of the Cr.P.C. and classified as habituals.						
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Once previously convicted.		Twice previously convicted.		More than twice previously convicted.		
							M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Central Jails.													
1	Rajahmundry	2,569	...	2,569	152	...	162	...	27	...	9	...	
2	Vellore	1,693	...	1,693	49	...	115	...	46	...	29	...	
3	Trichinopoly	2,082	...	2,082	29	...	83	...	32	...	34	...	
4	Coimbatore	2,041	42	2,483	...	...	63	...	8	...	5	...	
5	Penitentiary	1,330	37	1,367	...	...	89	1	47	...	52	1	
6	Cannanore	920	6	926	1	...	21	...	10	...	14	...	
7	Salem	483	...	483	17	...	229	...	95	...	126	...	
8	Bellary	1,132	...	1,132	32	...	58	...	13	...	12	...	
9	Alipinam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	Vizagapatnam	385	...	385	35	...	244	...	40	...	57	...	
Special Jails.													
11	Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	...	531	531	...	12	...	36	...	5	...	6	
Special Schools for Adolescents.													
13	Tanjore Borstal School.	169	...	169	...	...	24	...	7	...	1	...	
14	Palamcottah Borstal School.	91	...	91	2	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	
District Jails.													
15	Cuddalore	834	...	834	8	...	21	...	8	...	...	...	
16	Madura	2,287	31	2,318	...	...	121	2	...	...	1	...	
17	Berhampur	900	...	900	3	...	62	...	10	...	...	...	
Total, Central and District Jails.		17,310	647	17,957	298	12	1,302	39	343	5	310	7	
Subsidiary Jails		8,928	661	9,589	51	5	186	1	40	1	29	1	
Grand Total		26,238	1,308	27,546	349	17	1,488	40	383	6	339	8	
Grand Total for 1931.		22,515	979	23,494	233	10	1,067	34	395	13	420	15	

(For convicts only).

Madras Presidency, during the year 1932, who had been previously convicted.

C	Ratio per cent of column 4-C to column 3 in whole number.			Habituals.									
				Youthful offenders under 17 years of age (Reformatory School Act, VIII of 1897).		C		D		E			
				A		B		Number in col. 3 classified as "habituals" by the District Magistrate or Magistrate specially empowered (not being the Convicting Court).		Number in col. 3 classified as "habituals" by the Jail Superintendent.			
				Number admitted during the year.	Number previously convicted.	Number in col. 3 identified as "habituals" before conviction and classified as such by the Convicting Courts.	Number in col. 3 identified as "habituals" before conviction and classified as such by the Convicting Courts.	Number in col. 3 identified as "habituals" before conviction and classified as such by the Convicting Courts.	Number in col. 3 identified as "habituals" before conviction and classified as such by the Convicting Courts.	Number in col. 3 identified as "habituals" before conviction and classified as such by the Convicting Courts.	Number in col. 3 identified as "habituals" before conviction and classified as such by the Convicting Courts.	Number in col. 3 identified as "habituals" before conviction and classified as such by the Convicting Courts.	Number in col. 3 identified as "habituals" before conviction and classified as such by the Convicting Courts.
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
320	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	320	...	...	
239	...	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	239	...	...	
178	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	178	...	...	
76	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	76	...	...	
188	2	14	5	14	...	...	...	...	...	188	2	...	
46	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	46	...	...	
497	...	97	...	97	...	...	...	...	...	497	...	...	
115	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	115	...	...	
376	...	8	...	98	...	...	...	...	...	376	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	59	...	11	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	...	19	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	32	...	...	
12	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	
37	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	37	...	...	
122	2	5	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	122	2	...	
75	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	75	...	...	
2,233	63	13	10	13	...	...	...	...	...	2,233	63	...	
236	8	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	236	8	...	
2,569	71	10	5	10	...	...	...	...	...	2,569	71	...	
2,105	72	9	7	9	...	...	...	...	...	2,105	72	...	

No. VI.—(JUDICIAL).—(For convicts only).

Statement showing the Offences committed by the Convicts and the Penalties inflicted on them in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932.

[illegible]

Figures for three months only:

No. IX.—(FINANCIAL).

Statement showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932, including the cost of building new jails, of additions, alterations and repairs.

Serial number.	Jails.	3			4			5			6								
		Daily average number of prisoners.			Establishment.			Dieting charges.			Hospital charges.								
		Convicts.	Under trial.	Civil.	Total.	Permanent.	Temporary.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Ration.	Miscellaneous dieting charges.	Garden and agricultural expenses.	Proportion of dairy expenses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength of civil prisoners.	Sick diet and extras for patients.	Extras or special diet for weakly prisoners in hospital.	Medicines, hospital bedding, etc.	
																			RS.
Central Jails.																			
1	Rajahmundry	1,067-0	15-48	54-76	1,137-64	45,144	122	47,266	39 12 8	36,282	160	2	36,444	33 10 6	2,209	52	1,138		
2	Vellore	1,271-06	35-31	1,306-37	48,615	3,268	51,883	39 11 5	54,122	387	-213	...	54,217	42 10 6	1,442	32	1,115		
3	Trichinopoly	1,211-77	21-7	1,233-54	42,409	2,087	44,496	31 0 7	41,333	853	-115	...	42,071	33 11 6	1,848	47	1,845		
4	Coimbatore	1,371-22	45-05	1,416-27	44,571	2,016	46,587	31 2 8	45,481	492	881	...	46,854	33 1 0	1,247	19	1,205		
5	Penitentiary	840-90	101-30	942-20	53,525	5,656	59,181	62 12 8	60,944	201	-147	...	60,988	43 8 3	5,715	61	2,247		
6	Cannanore	927-13	1-20	95 58	42,871	611	43,482	42 7 6	44,081	230	-28	...	44,292	36 16 0	4,602	4	1,816		
7	Salem	1,304-85	6-04	1,310-89	50,447	976	51,423	46 0 7	52,399	343	-243	...	52,642	32 14 3	2,033	15	1,600		
8	Bellary	688-03	8-28	696-31	32,912	403	33,315	46 13 8	34,723	162	403	...	34,885	35 2 11	1,503	...	1,230		
9	Aliparam	708-46	...	708-46	9,480	7,579	17,059	24 0 2	10,035	78	-4	...	10,109	14 4 4	3,204	-5	53		
10	Vizagapatam	627-08	8-97	636-54	35,182	2,680	37,862	59 7 2	39,542	115	22	...	39,767	35 12 2	204	14	1,355		
Special Jails.																			
11	The Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary.	128-61	...	...	128-61	10,100	1,685	11,785	91 7 8	4,234	65	43	...	4,342	33 12 2	8,311	...	2,658	
12	The Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	269-96	...	...	269-96	7,082	3,004	10,086	37 5 9	7,514	7	...	...	7,521	27 13 9	1,89	201	550	
Special Schools for Adolescents.																			
13	Tanjore Borstal School	418-35	...	...	418-35	28,860	5,032	33,892	81 0 7	16,115	122	2,499	...	19,136	45 11 10	2,572	...	1,043	
14	Palamcottah Borstal School	453-40	...	...	453-40	27,370	4,136	31,506	69 7 10	16,214	80	70	...	16,314	35 15 8	822	...	1,164	
District Jails.																			
15	Cuddalore	393-28	14-66	22-67	431-61	21,581	1,395	22,976	53 3 9	24,185	72	63	...	24,820	59 9 10	2,047	245	1,136	
16	Madurai	444-43	82-77	86-34	608-54	21,349	1,324	22,673	87 9 1	20,843	107	-1,208	...	19,742	38 2 9	1,468	5	750	
17	Berhampur	203-45	33-80	7-30	249-65	11,990	388	12,378	49 9 6	7,610	135	57	...	7,862	32 7 3	120	5	776	
Total, Central and District Jails																			
		12,324-38	312-45	620-24	14,257-07	5,334-67	51,020	5,845-17	44 1 5	4,482-81	3,678	2,522	...	4,643-81	35 15 3	44,101	685	21,681	
The Civil Jail, Madras																			
		825-01	...	15-62	15 6	2,799	...	2,799	179 3 1	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	35	
Subsidiary Jails																			
		13,149-39	3-18-40	665-78	10,133-67	5,834-41	15,617	6,411-58	39 11 10	6,550-01	5,315	1,708	...	6,422-024	42 12 10	44,947	776	28,200	
Grand Total																			
		12,441-81	2,358-99	634-56	15,445-86	6,739-77	81,506	7,554-33	48 12 2	7,641-10	4,433	-331	...	7,085-12	47 13 11	68,076	4,213	32,503	
Grand Total for 1931																			

* NOTE.—1. In arriving at the figures for this column the expenses, including those shown in column 12, for the maintenance of the prisoners in the jails and subsidiary jails, have been taken into account in estimating the average cost of maintenance per prisoner—G.O. No. 3711, Law (General), dated the 1st produce of the dairy was used for the general dieting of the prisoners or for the sick and infirm.

2. The cost of jail garden produce issued to the prisoners is not taken into account in estimating the average cost of maintenance per prisoner—G.O. No. 3711, Law (General), dated the 1st

No. IX.—(FINANCIAL)—continued.

Statement showing the Expenditure in Guarding and Maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932, including the cost of building new jails, of additions, alterations and repairs—continued.

Serial number.	Jails.	6—contd.			7			8			9				
		Hospital charges—contd.			Clothing and bedding of prisoners.			Sanitation charges.			Charges for moving prisoners.				
		Proportion of daily expenses.*	Total cost.	Cost per head of strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.	A	B	C	D	E	A	B	C	D	
RS.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS. A. P.
1	Rajahmundry	—409	2,990	2 10 1	254 4 0	6 583	6 1 3	3,094	...	3,874	3 6 6	4,833	135	4,968	4 5 10
2	Vellore	49	2,238	1 11 5	553 15 4	10,445	7 14 5	2,067	...	2,10	1 9 10	5,180	17	5,147	3 15 0
3	Trichinopoly	—8	7,627	5 6 3	216 6 1	6,024	5 7 6	3,317	...	4, 11	3 0 1	3,785	184	3,869	2 11 2
4	Coimbatore	—1,274	1, 77	0 12 7	228 8 8	6,016	4 7 2	1,439	—206	1,619	1 1 4	3,556	135	3,691	2 7 6
5	Penitentiary	...	8,023	8 8 2	786 2 9	6,117	6 7 11	3,657	...	3, 55	4 3 4	1,197	145	1,342	1 6 9
6	Cannanore	—203	6,219	6 1 2	68 1 2	8,857	9 8 8	1,208	...	2,295	2 2 11	3,147	...	3,147	3 1 2
7	Salem	+2,031	1,017	1 3 10	1+2 8 2	6,622	5 1 2	359	...	1,365	1 0 6	2,531	...	2,531	1 15 0
8	Bellary	100	3,133	4 6 3	199 4 10	5,447	7 13 2	750	—80	1,05	1 4 4	3,907	...	3,907	5 7 8
9	Alipuram	—38	3,214	4 8 7	102 14 11	—2,126	...	4,124	...	4,211	5 15 1	14,085	...	14,085	19 14 1
10	Vizagapatam	—359	1,2 3	1 11 9	1,567 15 2	8,3 3	5 3 7	607	...	738	1 2 6	1,942	...	1,942	3 0 10
Special Jails															
11	The Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary	...	10,969	85 4 7	113 12 9	885	6 14 1	439	...	1,735	13 7 10	825	...	825	6 6 8
12	The Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore	...	1,020	3 12 5	243 2 16	1,838	7 2 10	287	...	1,444	5 5 7	2,044	...	2,044	7 9 2
Special Schools for Adolescents.															
13	Tanjore Borstal School	...	3,615	8 10 3	836 12 11	1,506	3 9 7	510	...	912	2 2 11	928	...	928	2 3 6
14	Palamcottah Borstal School	...	1,986	4 6 1	328 4 8	3,925	8 10 6	278	...	301	0 10 7	1,220	...	1,220	2 11 1
District Jails.															
15	Cuddalore	84	4,112	9 8 5	379 11 0	4,346	10 10 5	459	...	613	1 6 9	2,535	...	2,535	5 14 0
16	Madurai	...	2,223	3 10 11	156 8 9	4,679	9 0 9	118	...	136	0 3 7	1,987	...	1,987	3 4 8
17	Berhampur	—118	783	3 2 2	767 10 4	2,517	10 6 3	547	70	1,406	5 14 0	1,758	...	1,758	7 0 9
Total, Central and District Jails.															
		—4,193	62,269	4 11 2	262 0 10	77,334	6 1 11	12,550	—216	31,935	2 6 7	55,310	616	55,926	4 3 6
The Civil Jail, Madras															
		...	35	2 3 10	563 5 4	—186	...	460	...	486	31 12 1	...	...	...	...
Subsidiary Jails															
		...	2,512	0 14 1	80 0 10	5,555	2 1 1	21,351	20	22,759	7 15 3	6,150	...	6,150	2 2 5
Grand Total															
		—4,193	61,81	4 0 3	246 14 4	62,493	5 5 10	35,401	—196	55, 90	3 6 8	61,460	616	62,076	3 13 7
Grand Total for 1931															
		—6,6 7	98,184	6 5 5	290 1 10	96,405	6 8 3	38,151	—745	54,092	3 7 10	61,472	48	61,520	3 15 6

* NOTE 1.—In arriving at the figures for this column, the expenses excluding those shown in column 12, are divided between the dieting and hospital charges in the proportion in which the produce of the dairy was used for the general dieting of the prisoners or for the sick and infirm.

2. The cost of jail garden produce issued to the prisoners is not taken into account in estimating the average cost of maintenance per prisoner—G.O. No. 3711 Law (General), dated the 1st October 1931.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
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Series 42 abtr

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	T	T	T	P	C	M	B	T	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	T	T	T	P	C	M	B	T	S

STATEMENT NO. XII-A.—(FINANCIAL).

Showing the Result of Employment of Convicts in the Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932.

Serial number	Jails.	3			4 Debits).					5 (Credits).		
		A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	A	B	C
		Cash in hand at the end of 1931.	Manufactured articles at the end of 1931.	Raw materials at the end of 1931.	Amount of outstanding bills due by the jail at the end of 1931.	Amount of outstanding bills due to the jail at the end of 1931.	Plant and machinery at the end of 1931.	Amount drawn from the Treasury during 1932.	Total.	Cash in hand at the end of 1932.	Manufactured articles at the end of 1932.	Raw materials at the end of 1932.
1	Central Jails.											
2	Rajahmundry ...	1,040.22	2,189.4	4,581.11	1,215.1	3,350.12	8,811.11	5,775.15	23,607.8	100.13	3,667.15	4,977.8
3	Vellore ...	1,004.72	10,028.11	2,446.0	1,208.2	27,119.12	18,529.13	25,088.11	82,050.3	89.5	15,226.10	3,983.6
4	Trichinopoly ...	1,190.83	5,354.4	4,616.2	428.13	2,730.10	5,141.5	6,352.6	23,864.1	41.3	3,512.3	2,120.15
5	Coimbatore ...	1,866.87	74,733.15	68,134.0	5,316.2	24,808.9	2,838.8	1,10,186.4	5,57,476.13	129.7	1,11,747.5	56,599.7
6	The Penitentiary, Madras.	821.59	756.1	1,710.3	212.5	1,455.0	8,668.13	13,904.3	26,823.6	28.5	864.3	2,344.12
7	Cannanore ...	907.97	3,676.15	17,235.13	34.4	2,660.9	13,128.5	-2,201.1	84,512.15	113.11	2,679.15	14,137.12
8	Salem ...	1,299.49	7,110.11	6,866.9	204.2	2,990.10	7,170.10	15,924.11	40,888.15	312.13	11,348.10	7,739.15
9	Bellary ...	647.94	1,505.0	5,038.6	3,458.14	1,915.6	25,081.13	1,886.12	31,980.4	66.11	1,311.4	3,501.11
10	Alipparam ...	738.70	1,963.13	9,757.8	180.9	1,576.11	6,277.7	-1,413.14	17,372.0	221.9	221.9	9,474.15
11	Vizagapatnam ...	644.37	2,645.1	2,558.2	125.15	1,503.6	3,803.14	484.5	10,837.0	10.2	1,136.1	766.2
12	Special Jail for Tubercular Patients.											
13	The Wellesley Sanatorium Jail.	133.09										
14	Special Jail for Women.	240.56	367.9	88.7	87.1	80.4	52.0	130.13	632.0		326.11	43.9
15	The Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.											
16	Special Schools for Adolescents.											
17	The Borstal School, Tanjore.	419.74	914.11	6,448.10	135.14	1,838.14	9,127.13	1,750.13	19,944.15	20.4	1,249.11	3,951.1
18	The Borstal School, Palamcottah.	453.43	453.0	2,529.13	178.14	3,330.2	3,009.11	3,829.3	13,281.1	9.11	1,250.15	2,202.18
19	District Jails.											
20	Cuddalore ...	374.79	1,216.6	724.10	343.5	1,980.13	806.6	3,366.8	7,773.13	43.8	632.11	270.14
21	Madurai ...	419.34	918.7	1,366.8	61.9	643.2	975.1	3,704.9	7,515.6	227.4	907.9	665.1
22	Thanjavur ...	207.88	461.10	412.2	2.5	54.15	691.6	1,237.7	2,874.8	75.4	267.14	583.2
23	Total, 1932 ...	12,101.03	1,14,305.6	1,35,304.8	13,287.3	78,422.1	3,95,347.12	1,90,959.8	9,0,014.12	1,268.15	1,66,361.2	1,13,373.15
24	Total, 1931 ...	11,469.03	1,25,504.7	1,61,915.12	12,495.11	1,09,142.13	4,16,089.0	3,11,629.15	11,04,920.3	962.12	1,14,305.6	1,35,804.8

STANDARD FORM NO. XII-A.—(FINANCIAL)—concluded

Showing Result of the Employment of Convicts in the Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932—concluded.

Serial number.	Jails.	5 (Credits)—cont.					6									
		D	E	F	G	H	I	A	B	C						
		Amount of outstand- ing bills due by jails at the end of 1932.	Amount of outstand- ing bills due to the jails at the end of 1932.	Plant and machinery at the end of 1932.	Amount paid into the Treasury by cash or invoice during 1932.	Value of prison labour on major works costing over Rs. 500.	Total.	Excess of credits or profits	Average profit per head of number sentenced to labour.	Excess of debits or loss.	Excess of 5 G over 4 G or cash profits.	Average cash profit per head of num- ber sentenced to labour.	Excess of 4 G over 5 G or cash loss.			
Central Jails.																
1	Rajahmundry ...	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.				
2	Vellore ...	1,141 1	1,799 5	8,321 13	14,882 5	...	32,617 10	9,010 2	8 11	9,406 6	8 12	...				
3	Trichinopoly ...	514 14	4,843 12	20,147 0	(a) 54,030 0	...	87,805 13	15,785 10	13 2	28,941 5	24 0	...				
4	Coimbatore ...	1,115 6	1,629 9	4,040 4	26,349 3	...	35,577 15	11,713 14	9 13	18,156 14	15 15	...				
5	The Penitentiary, Madras.	4,849 15	19,632 3	2,58,611 11	(b) 2,39,041 14	...	6,80,965 1	1,23,428 3	91 0	1,28,865 10	95 0	...				
6	Cannanore ...	472 5	2,632 6	7,944 8	(c) 51,257 13	...	64,617 5	37,793 15	46 0	57,353 16	45 7	...				
7	Salem ...	127 15	1,096 0	11,902 14	(d) 15,094 8	...	44,856 13	10,383 14	11 7	17,385 9	10 1	...				
8	Bellary ...	454 7	3,670 10	7,069 12	* 27,693 10	...	57,330 15	16,442 0	12 1	10,768 13	8 5	...				
9	Alipuram ...	321 9	5,915 6	25,004 12	8,177 5	...	43,658 8	11,668 4	18 8	6,889 9	9 11	...				
10	Vizagapatnam ...	...	98 8	5,758 6	(e) 2,634 8	...	15,187 8	215 8	0 5	4,043 6	5 8	...				
	<i>Special Jail for Tubercular Patients.</i>	229 6	1,232 7	3,453 12	11,239 2	79 0	17,687 4	6,850 4	10 10	10,883 13	16 14	...				
11	The Wellesley Sana- torium Jail.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
12	<i>Special Jail for Women.</i>	...	...	49 6	648 1	...	1,067 11	435 11	1 13	517 4	2 2	...				
13	The Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
14	<i>Special Schools for Adolescents.</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
15	The Borstal School, Tanjore.	316 15	2,356 2	8,754 14	7,266 6	...	23,281 7	3,336 8	7 15	5,515 9	13 2	...				
16	The Borstal School, Palamcottah.	488 5	9 9	3,847 4	9,130 5	...	15,962 4	2,681 3	5 15	5,301 2	11 11	...				
17	<i>District Jails.</i>	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				
18	Cuddalore ...	2 2	1,024 12	712 9	10,813 9	...	13,485 13	5,712 0	15 4	7,447 1	19 14	...				
19	Madurai ...	393 13	1,036 5	975 14	8,467 4	...	11,886 8	4,371 2	10 7	4,762 11	11 6	...				
20	Berhampur ...	26 8	167 3	735 11	2,029 9	...	4,842 3	1,907 11	9 7	1,792 2	8 10	...				
21	Total, 1932 ...	10,454 9	47,097 1	3,67,329 11	4,88,755 6	79 0	11,63,810 9	2,61,795 13	21 10	2,97,874 14	24 10	...				
22	Total, 1931 ...	13,133 1	78,422 1	3,83,704 12	8,23,506 4	228 0	5,23,360 10	4,18,380 7	36 8	5,07,104 5	44 3	...				

NOTE.—The figures in columns 4 (b), (c) and (f) show the value of stock or machinery after the necessary deductions for depreciation have been made and those in columns 4 (e) and 5 (e), the amounts of bills receivable after deducting the bad debts written off.

(a) Includes Rs. 1,298-11-8, being the value of convict labour employed in the Jail Press for twelve months from January to December 1932.

(b) Do. Rs. 2,197-8-0 do. do. do. and Quinine Department, the Penitentiary, Madras, respectively.

(c) Do. Rs. 30,107-5-0 and Rs. 478-4-0 do. do. do.

(d) Do. Rs. 3,713-12-6 do. do. do.

(e) Do. Rs. 268-9-0 being the value of convict labour employed in the M & S M Ry Co. in the Headquarter Hospital, Salem.

No. XIII.—(FINANCIAL), 1932.

Statement showing the Net Cost of the Prisoners in Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Serial number.	Jails.	Total cost of maintenance (column 14, Statement No. IX).	Average cost of maintenance per head (column 14, Statement No. IX).	Total cash earnings (column 7 of Statement No. XII-A).	Average cash earnings per head of average strength.	Net cost to Government (column 3 minus column 5).	Average net cost per head of average strength (column 4 minus column 6).
	<i>Central Jails.</i>	RS.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
1	Rajahmundry ...	1,10,460	97 2	9,108 6	8 0	1,01,353 10	89 2
2	Vellore ...	1,31,785	100 14	28,941 5	22 2	1,02,843 11	78 12
3	Trichinopoly ...	1,20,131	83 13	18,996 14	13 4	1,01,134 2	70 9
4	Coimbatore ...	1,16,200	77 12	1,28,855 10	86 3	—12,655 10	...
5	The Penitentiary ...	1,40,586	149 3	37,353 10	39 10	1,03,232 6	109 9
6	Cannanore ...	1,07,014	104 8	17,295 9	16 14	89,718 7	87 10
7	Salem ...	1,24,333	95 4	10,768 15	8 4	1,13,564 1	87 0
8	Belary ...	86,840	121 8	6,288 9	8 13	80,551 7	112 11
9	Aliporam Jail ...	61,549	86 14	4,048 6	5 11	57,500 10	81 3
10	Vizagapatam ...	80,620	126 10	10,883 13	17 2	69,736 3	109 8
	<i>Special Jails.</i>						
11	The Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary.	35,798	278 6	...	...	35,798 0	278 6
12	The Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	25,478	94 6	517 4	1 15	24,960 12	92 7
	<i>Special Schools for Adolescents.</i>						
13	The Borstal School, Tanjore.	71,283	170 6	5,515 9	13 3	65,767 7	157 3
14	The Borstal School, Palamcottah.	60,570	133 9	5,301 2	11 11	55,268 14	121 14
	<i>District Jails.</i>						
15	Cuddalore ...	63,537	147 3	7,447 1	17 4	56,089 15	129 15
16	Madurai ...	59,470	98 9	4,762 11	7 14	54,707 5	90 11
17	Berhampur ...	20,612	122 11	1,792 2	7 3	18,819 14	115 8
	Total Central and District jails.	14,26,336	107 9	2,97,874 14	22 8	11,28,461 2	85 1
18	The Civil Jail, Madras.	3,343	214 6	...	...	3,343 0	214 0
19	Subsidiary Jails ...	3,21,541	112 6	2,043 4	0 11	3,19,497 12	111 11
	Grand Total for 1932 ...	17,50,820	108 9	2,99,918 2	18 9	14,50,901 14	90 0
	Grand Total for 1931 ...	19,54,493	126 2	5,11,467 7	33 0	14,43,025 9	93 2

No. XIV—VITAL.

Statement showing the Sickness and Mortality among Prisoners of all classes in the

1	2	3			4			5			6			
Serial number.	Jails.	Number of persons that can be accommodated in the parts of the jails devoted to convicts, under-trials and civil prisoners, respectively, not exclusive of hospital and observation cells.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into hospital.			
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
Central Jails.														
1	Rajahmundry.	Convicts	884	100	984	1,067.40	...	1,067.40	1,166	...	1,166	271	...	271
		Under-trials	18	4	22	15.48	...	15.48	24	...	24	2	...	2
		Civil	20	...	20	54.76	...	54.76	65	...	65	9	...	9
		Total	922	104	1,026	1,137.64	...	1,137.64	...	...	...	282	...	282
2	Vellore	Convicts	1,733	100	1,833	1,271.06	...	1,271.06	1,525	...	1,525	77	...	77
		Under-trials	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	46	...	46	35.34	...	35.34	69	...	69	...	...	...
		Total	1,779	100	1,879	1,306.40	...	1,306.40	...	...	...	77	...	77
3	Trichinopoly.	Convicts	1,114	...	1,219	1,211.77	...	1,211.77	1,349	...	1,349	1,241	...	1,241
		Under-trials	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	300	...	200	221.97	...	221.97	353	...	353	80	...	80
		Total	1,519	...	1,519	1,433.74	...	1,433.74	...	...	...	1,321	...	1,321
4	Coimbatore	Convicts	1,056	10	1,066	1,361.54	9.68	1,371.22	1,489	8	1,497	110	2	112
		Under-trials	64	...	64	44.41	1.48	45.89	28	2	30	4	1	5
		Civil	80	...	80	77.62	...	77.62	116	...	116	5	...	5
		Total	1,200	10	1,210	1,483.63	11.16	1,494.79	...	...	...	116	3	122
5	Penitentiary	Convicts	882	29	911	821.67	16.23	840.90	866	23	889	146	11	157
		Under-trials	24	...	24	98.07	3.23	101.30	127	4	131	13	...	13
		Civil	...	...	...	0.30	...	0.30	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	906	29	935	923.04	19.46	942.50	...	...	...	159	11	170
6	Mannanore	Convicts	1,098	...	1,098	871.68	55.45	927.13	1,079	75	1,154	245	45	2.0
		Under-trials	...	...	...	1.20	...	1.20	2	...	2	...	...	...
		Civil	52	...	52	95.55	...	95.55	123	...	123	28	...	28
		Total	1,150	...	1,150	968.46	55.45	1,023.88	...	...	...	273	45	318
7	Salem	Convicts	1,287	...	1,287	1,304.55	...	1,304.55	1,330	...	1,330	93	...	93
		Under-trials	...	...	...	0.04	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	1,287	...	1,287	1,304.59	...	1,304.59	...	...	...	93	...	93
8	Bellary	Convicts	567	...	567	688.03	...	688.03	821	...	821	349	...	349
		Under-trials	36	...	36	8.28	...	8.28	27	...	27	...	...	...
		Civil	6	...	6	16.87	...	16.87	27	...	27	...	...	...
		Total	609	...	609	713.18	...	713.18	...	...	...	349	...	349
9	Alipuram	Convicts	4,980	...	4,980	708.46	...	708.46	1,367	...	1,367	129	...	129
		Under-trials	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	4,980	...	4,980	708.46	...	708.46	...	...	...	129	...	129
10	Vizagapatam.	Convicts	518	...	518	627.08	...	627.08	674	...	674	17	...	17
		Under-trials	48	4	52	8.84	0.11	8.97	19	...	19	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	0.49	...	0.49	1	...	1	...	...	...
		Total	566	4	570	636.43	0.11	636.54	...	...	...	17	...	17
Special Jails.														
11	Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary.	Convicts	18	...	18	128.61	...	128.61	166	...	166	...	...	...
		Under-trials	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	18	...	18	128.61	...	128.61	...	...	...	...	...	...

Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932.

7			8			9											
Daily average number of sick.			Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Ratio per mille of average strength.											
						A			B			C			D		
						Of admissions into hospital.			Of daily average number of sick.			Of deaths from all causes except Cholera.			Of deaths from all causes, both in and out of hospital.		
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
11.27	...	11.27	8	...	8	253.89	...	253.89	10.58	...	10.56	7.49	...	7.49	7.49	...	7.49
0.28	...	0.28	...	...	...	12.20	...	12.20	18.9	...	18.09	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.21	...	0.21	...	...	...	164.35	...	164.35	3.83	...	3.83	...	...	...	...	...	...
11.76	...	11.76	8	...	8	217.88	...	217.88	10.34	...	10.34	7.03	...	7.03	7.03	...	7.03
4.04	...	4.04	7	...	7	60.58	...	60.58	3.18	...	3.18	5.51	...	5.51	5.51	...	5.51
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4.04	...	4.04	7	...	7	58.94	...	58.94	3.09	...	3.09	5.36	...	5.36	5.36	...	5.36
34.14	...	34.14	13	...	13	1,024.12	...	1,024.12	28.17	...	28.17	10.73	...	10.73	10.73	...	10.73
1.57	...	1.57	1	...	1	360.41	...	360.41	7.07	...	7.07	4.51	...	4.51	4.51	...	4.51
35.71	...	35.71	14	...	14	921.37	...	921.37	24.91	...	24.91	9.76	...	9.76	9.76	...	9.76
4.40	0.02	4.42	9	...	9	80.74	0.61	81.35	3.60	2.0	3.60	6.61	...	6.66	6.61	...	6.66
0.12	...	0.12	...	...	...	88.95	675.68	108.81	2.70	...	2.71	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.11	...	0.11	1	...	1	14.42	...	14.42	1.42	...	1.42	12.88	...	12.88	12.88	...	12.88
5.13	0.02	5.15	1	...	10	80.21	265.82	81.62	3.45	1.79	3.45	6.74	...	6.79	6.74	...	6.79
9.87	0.40	10.27	11	...	11	177.04	677.76	186.70	11.97	24.65	12.21	13.84	...	13.08	13.34	...	13.08
0.34	...	0.34	...	...	...	13.56	...	28.33	3.47	...	3.36	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.21	0.40	10.61	11	...	11	172.26	565.26	180.37	11.06	20.55	11.26	11.92	...	11.67	11.42	...	11.67
12.97	1.61	14.58	9	1	10	281.07	811.54	312.79	14.88	29.04	1.73	10.32	18.63	10.70	10.32	18.03	10.70
0.66	...	0.66	1	...	1	292.85	...	292.85	6.81	...	6.91	10.46	...	10.46	10.46	...	10.46
13.63	1.61	15.24	10	1	11	281.89	811.54	310.57	14.07	29.04	14.88	10.33	18.03	10.74	10.33	18.03	10.74
9.95	...	9.95	10	...	10	71.27	...	71.27	7.63	...	7.63	7.66	...	7.66	7.66	...	7.66
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9.95	...	9.95	10	...	10	71.27	...	71.27	7.63	...	7.63	7.66	...	7.66	7.66	...	7.66
15.72	...	15.72	4	...	4	507.32	...	507.25	22.85	...	22.85	5.81	...	5.81	5.81	...	5.81
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	120.77	...	120.77	120.77	...	120.77
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15.72	...	15.72	5	...	5	489.36	...	489.36	22.04	...	22.04	7.01	...	7.01	7.01	...	7.01
31.53	...	31.53	2	...	2	182.09	...	182.09	44.50	...	44.50	2.82	...	2.82	2.82	...	2.82
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31.53	...	31.53	2	...	2	182.09	...	182.09	44.50	...	44.50	2.82	...	2.82	2.82	...	2.82
0.78	...	0.78	1	...	1	27.11	...	27.11	1.24	...	1.24	1.59	...	1.59	1.59	...	1.59
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
0.78	...	0.78	1	...	1	26.71	...	26.71	1.23	...	1.23	1.57	...	1.57	1.57	...	1.57
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58.60	...	58.60	12	...	12	...	...	...	440.09	...	440.09	93.31	...	93.31	93.31	...	93.31
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
58.60	...	58.60	12	...	12	...	...	...	440.09	...	440.09	93.31	...	93.31	93.31	...	93.31

No. XIV.—(VITAL)

Statement showing the Sickness and Mortality among Prisoners of all classes in the

1	2	3			4			5			6		
Serial number.	Jails.	Number of persons that can be accommodated in the parts of the jails devoted to convicts, under-trial and civil prisoners, respectively, but exclusive of hospital and observation cells.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into hospital.		
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
	<i>Special Jails—cont.</i>												
12	Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	Convicts ...	184	184	...	269'93	269'96	...	304	304	...	83	83
		Under-trials ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	...	184	184	...	269'96	269'96	...	...	...	...	83	83
	<i>Special Schools for Adolescents.</i>												
13	Tanjore Borstal School.	Convicts ...	570	570	418'35	...	418'35	442	...	442	98	...	98
		Under-trials ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	570	...	570	418'35	...	418'35	...	...	...	98	...	98
14	Palamcottah Borstal School.	Convicts ...	526	526	453'40	...	453'40	513	...	513	98	...	98
		Under-trials ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	526	...	526	453'40	...	453'40	...	...	...	98	...	98
	<i>District Jails.</i>												
15	Cuddalore	Convicts ...	329	329	393'28	...	393'28	466	...	466	212	...	212
		Under-trials ...	30	30	14'66	...	14'66	34	...	34	13	...	13
		Civil ...	28	28	23'67	...	23'67	51	...	51	7	...	7
	Total ...	387	...	387	431'61	...	431'61	...	...	...	232	...	232
16	Madura	Convicts ...	340	358	4'0'43	14'07	434'43	510	16	526	494	9	503
		Under-trials ...	92	96	81'11	1'66	82'77	88	...	88	60	...	60
		Civil ...	60	60	86'34	...	86'34	89	...	89	72	...	72
	Total ...	492	22	514	587'88	15'66	603'54	...	...	...	628	9	635
17	Berhampur	Convicts ...	225	225	208'45	...	208'45	244	...	244	37	...	37
		Under-trials ...	28	28	33'60	...	33'60	113	...	113	1	...	1
		Civil ...	7	7	7'30	...	7'30	16	...	16	...	...	...
	Total ...	260	...	260	249'55	...	249'55	...	...	...	38	...	38
18	Total, Central and District Jails.	Convicts ...	16,232	16,673	11,959'06	865'32	12,324'38	...	...	...	3,617	150	3,767
		Under-trials ...	340	352	305'97	6'48	312'45	...	...	...	93	1	94
		Civil ...	599	599	620'24	...	620'24	...	...	...	201	...	201
	Total ...	17,171	453	17,624	12,885'27	371'80	13,257'07	...	...	...	3,911	151	4,062
19	Civil Jail, Madras.	Civil prisoners.	63	63	15'62	...	15'62	30	...	30	2	...	2
	Total ...	63	...	63	15'62	...	15'62	...	...	...	2	...	2
20	Subsidiary Jails.	Convicts ...	...	...	787'22	37'79	8,501	...	...	...	64	31	635
		Under-trials ...	...	...	1,939'18	66'77	2,005'95	...	...	...	1,328	46	1,374
		Civil ...	...	...	29'92	...	29'92	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	5,893	1,516	7,409	2,756'32	104'56	2,860'88	...	...	...	1,932	77	2,009
21	Grand total ...	Convicts ...	...	...	12,746'28	403'11	13,149'39	...	...	...	4,221	181	4,402
		Under-trials ...	...	...	2,245'15	73'25	2,318'40	...	...	...	1,421	47	1,468
		Civil ...	...	...	665'78	...	665'78	...	...	...	203	...	203
	Total ...	23,127	1,969	25,096	15,657'21	476'36	16,133'57	...	...	...	5,845	228	6,073
22	Grand total for 1931.	Convicts ...	...	...	12,195'26	246'55	12,441'81	...	...	...	5,310	125	5,435
		Under-trials ...	...	...	2,29'52	61'47	2,358'99	...	...	...	1,227	30	1,257
		Civil ...	...	...	694'56	...	694'56	...	...	...	243	...	243
	Total	23,303	2,037	25,340	15,187'34	208'02	15,495'36	...	...	...	6,780	155	6,935

—concluded.

Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932—concluded.

7			8			9											
Daily average number of sick.			Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Ratio per mille of average strength.											
						A			B			C			D		
						Of admissions into hospital.			Of daily average number of sick.			Of deaths from all causes except Cholera.			Of deaths from all causes, both in and out of hospital.		
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
...	4'11	4'11	...	2	2	...	307'45	307'45	...	15'22	15'22	...	7'41	7'41	...	7'41	7'41
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	4'11	4'11	...	2	2	...	307'45	307'45	...	15'22	15'22	...	7'41	7'41	...	7'41	7'41
4'32	...	4'32	1	...	1	234'25	...	234'25	10'33	...	10'33	2'39	...	2'39	2'39	...	2'39
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4'32	...	4'32	1	...	1	234'25	...	234'25	10'33	...	10'33	2'39	...	2'39	2'39	...	2'39
6'05	...	6'05	...	...	...	216'14	...	216'14	13'34	...	13'34	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6'05	...	6'05	...	...	...	216'14	...	216'14	13'34	...	13'34	...	...	...	...	...	...
10'37	...	10'37	3	...	3	538'06	...	538'06	26'37	...	26'37	7'63	...	7'63	7'63	...	7'63
0'28	...	0'28	...	...	...	8'6'77	...	8'6'77	19'10	...	19'10	...	...	...	...	...	...
0'18	...	0'18	...	...	...	295'73	...	295'73	7'60	...	7'60	...	...	...	...	...	...
10'83	...	10'83	3	...	3	537'52	...	537'52	25'09	...	25'09	6'95	...	6'95	6'95	...	6'95
11'74	0'09	11'83	2	...	2	1,174'99	642'86	1,157'84	27'92	6'43	2'23	4'76	...	4'60	4'76	...	4'60
1'23	...	1'23	1	...	1	739'74	...	724'80	15'16	...	14'86	12'33	...	12'08	12'33	...	2'08
1'54	...	1'54	2	...	2	833'91	...	833'91	13'20	...	13'20	23'16	...	23'16	23'16	...	23'16
14'11	0'09	14'20	5	...	5	1,048'4	574'71	1,052'13	24'00	5'75	23'53	8'51	...	8'28	8'51	...	8'28
0'99	...	0'99	5	...	5	177'50	...	177'50	4'75	...	4'75	23'99	...	23'99	23'99	...	23'99
0'03	...	0'03	...	...	...	29'59	...	29'59	0'89	...	0'89	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1'02	...	1'02	5	...	5	152'27	...	152'27	4'09	...	4'09	20'04	...	20'04	20'04	...	20'04
225'24	6'23	231'47	97	3	100	302'45	410'60	305'65	18'83	17'05	18'78	8'11	8'21	8'11	8'21	8'11	8'11
2'28	...	2'28	2	...	2	303'95	154'32	300'85	7'45	...	7'30	6'54	...	6'40	6'54	...	6'40
3'87	...	3'87	5	...	5	324'07	...	324'07	6'24	...	6'24	8'06	...	8'06	8'06	...	8'06
231'39	6'23	237'62	104	3	107	303'52	406'13	306'40	17'96	16'76	17'92	8'07	8'07	8'07	8'07	8'07	8'07
0'03	...	0'03	...	...	...	128'04	...	128'04	3'84	...	3'84	...	...	...	...	...	...
0'06	...	0'06	...	...	...	128'04	...	128'04	3'84	...	3'84	...	...	...	...	...	...
11'42	0'91	12'33	3	...	3	767'26	82'32	769'69	14'51	24'08	14'95	3'81	...	3'64	3'81	...	3'64
18'30	0'75	19'05	7	...	7	684'83	688'93	684'96	9'43	11'23	9'5	3'61	...	3'49	3'61	...	3'49
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29'72	1'66	31'38	10	...	10	700'93	736'42	702'23	10'78	15'88	10'97	3'63	...	3'50	3'63	...	3'50
236'66	7'14	243'80	100	3	103	331'16	449'01	334'77	18'57	17'71	18'54	7'85	7'44	7'83	7'85	7'44	7'83
20'58	0'75	21'33	9	...	9	632'92	641'64	633'26	9'17	10'24	9'20	4'01	...	3'88	4'01	...	3'88
3'93	...	3'93	5	...	5	304'91	...	304'91	5'60	...	5'90	7'51	...	7'51	7'51	...	7'51
261'17	7'89	269'06	114	3	117	373'31	478'63	376'42	16'68	16'56	16'68	7'28	6'30	7'25	7'28	6'30	7'25
312'82	2'16	314'98	127	1	128	435'42	507'00	436'83	25'65	8'76	25'32	10'41	4'06	10'29	10'41	4'06	10'29
20'76	0'73	21'49	12	1	13	534'05	458'04	532'86	9'04	11'88	9'11	5'22	16'27	5'51	5'22	16'27	5'51
4'58	...	4'58	4	...	4	349'86	...	349'86	6'59	...	6'59	5'76	...	5'76	5'76	...	5'76
338'16	2'89	341'05	143	2	145	448'42	503'21	447'55	22'27	9'38	22'01	9'42	6'49	9'36	9'42	6'49	9'36

Statement showing the Admissions and Deaths from the Chief Diseases among the Convicts in the Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932.

1		2		8										Ratios of admissions and of deaths per mille of average strength from											
		Jails.		A		B		C		D		E		F		G		H		I		J		K	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
Serial number.		Jails.		Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
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				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
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				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
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				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
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				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
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				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
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				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ulcers of all kinds.	
				Cholera.		Dysentery.		Malarial fevers.*		Pulmonary Tuberculosis and Hemoptysis.		Other Tubercular diseases.		Anæmia and Debility.		Other general diseases.		Pneumonia.		Other respiratory diseases.		Diarrhoea.		Abscesses, Boils and Ul	

* This heading includes all fevers diagnosed as being due to Malaria.

† NOTE.—The diseases to be included under the head are Bronchitis.

No. XVII.--(VITAL).

Statement showing the Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails and Sub-Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932 according to the length of time passed in Jail.

1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8	
Serial number.	Jails.	Not exceeding 6 months.		Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.		Above 1 year and not exceeding 2 years.		Above 2 years and not exceeding 3 years.		Above 3 years and not exceeding 7 years.		Above 7 years.	
		Average num-ber.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average num-ber.	Average num-ber.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average num-ber.	Average num-ber.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average num-ber.	Average num-ber.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average num-ber.	Average num-ber.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average num-ber.	Average num-ber.	Ratio of deaths per mille of average num-ber.
			Deaths.		Deaths.		Deaths.		Deaths.		Deaths.		Deaths.
	Central Jails.												
1	Rajahmundry	313.04	2	219.28	2	189.23	1	120.72	1	98.32	...	129.33	4
2	Vellore	328.16	2	201.94	1	177.35	2	189.21	...	128.56	...	261.48	2
3	Trichinopoly	142.35	6	223.45	5	338.46	...	338.46	...	112.54	2	62.75	...
4	Coimbatore	34.83	6	242.45	1	117.32	...	117.32	...	101.57	1	42.96	1
5	Penitentiary	177.61	1	52.62	2	64.65	5	39.48	...	91.38	2	21.89	1
6	Cannanore	68.70	3	118.78	2	186.87	1	178.28	2	180.72	2	21.40	...
7	Salem	667.14	1	204.06	1	104.13	3	87.43	4	87.43	1	11.44	...
8	Bellary	284.54	1	181.19	1	92.87	...	92.87	...	71.11	...	17.28	2
9	Alipuram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	492.35	2
10	Vizagapatnam	25.35	...	89.00	1	150.73	...	174.86	...	103.96	...	99.02	...
	Special Jails.												
11	Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary.	...	...	22.12	1	10.10	...	25.25	...	40.14	6	80.30	5
12	Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	92.11	2	47.97	...	32.76	...	25.21	...	18.41	...	55.46	...
	Special Schools for Adolescents.												
13	Tanjore Borstal School...	...	...	...	...	146.42	...	266.50	...	5.00	1	...	...
14	Palamcottah Borstal School.	...	...	...	...	166.22	...	132.66	...	146.96	...	2.74	...
	District Jails.												
15	Cuddalore	269.50	2	60.43	1	36.31	...	6.40	...	12.43	...	8.26	...
16	Madurai	311.43	2	44.72	...	68.63	...	1.24	...	2.75	...	6.72	...
17	Berhampur	157.69	5	36.46	...	13.13	...	...	...	2.25	...	0.05	...
	Total, Central and District Jails.	3,041.35	31	1,604.47	18	2,024.83	12	1,807.07	7	1,202.54	15	2,306.50	17
	Subsidiary Jails	790.48	3	43.35	...	13.12	...	33.69	...	6.83	...	...	...
	Grand total	3,831.83	34	1,647.82	18	2,037.95	12	1,840.76	7	1,209.49	15	2,306.90	17
	Grand total for 1931	3,489.50	43	1,645.57	10	1,682.01	23	1,597.63	10	1,146.93	20	2,958.88	22

Serial number.	Jails.	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	
		Number remaining at the close of the previous year.		Number received.		Total population.		Daily average number.		Released.		Convicted and sentenced.		Transferred, etc.		Escaped.		Died.		Remaining on 31st December 1932.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
		52	...	163	...	215	...	1548	...	115	...	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...
1	Central Jails.																				
2	Rajahmundry.	13	...	114	...	127	...	1466	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Vellore.	98	...	983	...	1,079	...	8,277	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Trichinopoly.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Coimbatore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Penitentiary.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Cannanore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Salem.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Alipuram.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Vizagapatam.	17	...	122	...	139	...	897	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Special Jails.																				
12	Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Pres. Jail for Women, Vellore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Special Schools for Adolescents.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Tanjore Borstal School.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Palamcottah Borstal School.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Total, Central and District Jails.	231	10	4,022	88	4,303	98	31,245	2,546	115	28	76	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Subsidiary Jails.	1,838	70	31,800	1,300	36,704	1,470	20,595	13,563	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand total for 1931.	2,119	80	38,888	1,478	41,007	1,558	23,184	16,109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

STATEMENT B.

Showing the Condition of the Prisoners released from the Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932.

Serial number.	Jails.	Number released during the year.	Number who had neither lost nor gained weight in jail.	Number who had gained weight.				Number who had lost weight.				Total.
				A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D	
				Up to 1 lb.	From 1 to 5 lb.	From 5 to 10 lb.	Over 10 lb.	Up to 1 lb.	From 1 to 5 lb.	From 5 to 10 lb.	Over 10 lb.	
Central Jails.												
1	Rajahmundry	2,080	702	768	325	128	20	1,241	76	29	12	117
2	Vellore	1,790	317	150	528	480	130	1,238	39	28	41	165
3	Trichinopoly	1,971	102	137	1,195	431	94	1,857	4	8	...	12
4	Coimbatore	2,333	364	315	1,109	280	63	1,770	41	58	2	99
5	Penitentiary	1,350	718	203	250	80	23	561	23	29	13	71
6	Cannanore	967	68	123	540	135	35	833	23	28	15	66
7	Salem	637	68	67	234	156	16	553	5	9	2	16
8	Bellary	1,304	213	265	546	146	40	997	40	39	13	94
9	Alipuram	1,162	35	64	492	552	19	1,127	...	...	...	...
10	Vizagapatam	312	50	16	83	62	28	197	18	31	14	65
Special Jails.												
11	Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary.	106	6	8	18	25	33	87	2	6	3	13
12	Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	307	98	69	68	39	16	192	12	5	...	17
Special Schools for Adolescents.												
13	Tanjore Borstal School.	184	2	9	43	52	72	176	1	4	...	6
14	Palamcottah Borstal School.	207	14	6	52	65	65	188	...	2	3	5
District Jails.												
15	Cuddalore	998	225	282	341	17	5	635	92	41	5	138
16	Madura	1,913	485	319	312	559	193	1,383	27	16	2	45
17	Berhampur	751	167	132	280	103	41	553	13	14	1	28
Grand total		19,252	3,634	2,933	6,436	3,340	932	13,641	416	415	126	977
Grand total for 1931.		18,787	3,306	3,896	5,173	2,348	715	12,532	380	422	119	919

STATEMENT C.

Showing the working of the Remission System in the Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932.

Serial number.	Jails.	Number released during the year who came under the remission system but failed to gain remission.	Number of convicts released during the year who gained remission.					Maximum remission in days gained by any convict released during the year.				Average remission gained by the convicts entered in columns 4 to 7.				Maximum gratuity earned by any convict released during the year.	Average gratuity earned by the convicts entered in columns 4 to 7.
			Sentenced to					Sentenced to				Sentenced to					
			Not exceeding 1 year.	Over 1 but not exceeding 2 years.	Over 2 but not exceeding 5 years.	Over 5 years.	Not exceeding 1 year.	Over 1 but not exceeding 2 years.	Over 2 but not exceeding 5 years.	Over 5 years.	Not exceeding 1 year.	Over 1 but not exceeding 2 years.	Over 2 but not exceeding 5 years.	Over 5 years.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Central Jails.																	
1	Rajahmundry ...	...	300	62	21	6	69	118	304	609	27	82	179	334	9 0 0	0 2 0	
2	Vellore ...	...	639	43	39	5	72	133	412	723	26	86	216	622	73 11 6	0 11 6	
3	Trichinopoly ...	...	896	77	39	14	61	139	393	706	26	88	195	410	30 4 6	0 3 2	
4	Coimbatore ...	...	449	78	39	55	52	121	311	1,355	23	82	206	670	87 6 0	3 11 0	
5	Penitentiary ...	...	224	47	28	9	66	157	300	959	28	86	203	468	70 9 0	0 7 6	
6	Cannanore ...	...	513	45	39	29	57	116	308	960	25	89	229	497	64 10 0	1 0 3	
7	Salem ...	...	208	164	124	63	75	120	300	816	33	77	184	436	34 2 6	1 7 10	
8	Bellary ...	...	388	42	25	15	55	118	418	1,791	27	91	224	700	100 1 9	1 1 0	
9	Alipuram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	Vizagapatam ...	...	120	75	47	25	77	110	303	780	33	77	198	391	21 1 6	1 1 3	
Special Jails.																	
11	Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary.	...	24	12	5	6	62	140	338	757	33	99	230	438	44 10 6	6 5 6	
12	Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	...	99	5	8	4	60	111	233	1,161	26	84	174	874	48 11 0	1 0 2	
Special Schools for Adolescents.																	
13	Tanjore Borstal School.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	Palamcottah Borstal School.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
District Jails.																	
15	Cuddalore ...	...	196	63	16	10	42	143	337	495	23	20	65	49	12 14 6	0 0 9	
16	Madura ...	...	261	14	10	4	66	109	283	732	25	81	205	577	40 1 0	0 6 3	
17	Berhampur ...	...	114	14	2	2	70	155	190	383	27	101	188	372	33 15 9	0 1 8	

NOTE.—Special remissions or gratuities earned by convicts with sentences of less than six months are not shown in this form.

J. II (for Convicts only).

and Adolescents admitted into the Jails and Presidency during the year 1932.

		Children under 14 years.		14 to 15 years.		16 to 20 years.		Adolescents from 21 to 23 years.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Central Jails.									
1	Rajahmundry	...	...	2	...	202	...	324	...
2	Vellore	...	...	...	...	82	...	138	...
3	Trichinopoly	...	...	1	...	104	...	105	...
4	Coimbatore	1	1	6	...	281	2	208	1
5	Penitentiary	...	...	3	1	135	3	178	2
6	Cannanore	1	1	6	1	73	1	99	...
7	Salem	...	...	1	...	19	...	14	...
8	Bellary	...	...	...	...	40	...	87	...
9	Alipuram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Vizagapatam	...	...	1	...	4	...	...	...
Special Jails.									
11	Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	...	...	...	...	...	66	...	60
Special Schools for Adolescents.									
13	Tanjore Borstal School	...	...	...	...	163	...	1	...
14	Palamcottah Borstal School	...	...	...	...	88	...	3	...
District Jails.									
15	Cuddalore	...	...	1	...	29	...	95	...
16	Madura	...	...	2	...	279	1	334	1
17	Berhampur	...	...	...	...	45	...	50	...
Total, Central and District Jails ...		2	2	23	2	1,549	73	1,636	64
Total, Subsidiary Jails ...		1	...	7	...	562	39	624	32
Grand Total ...		3	2	30	2	2,111	112	2,260	95
Grand Total for 1931 ...		4	1	17	...	1,554	69	1,690	59

No. XII-B.—

Comparative Statement of Manufacture.

Serial number.	Jails.	*Total value of a. manufactured du. the year.				(5)	Rs.
		1931.		1932.			
		(3)	(4)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
Central Jails.							
		RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	
1	Rajahmundry	37,313	11 0	25,592	3 0	51	
2	Vellore	88,842	6 0	52,556	3 6	47	
3	Trichinopoly	36,211	9 3	33,055	6 4	38	
4	Coimbatore	5,88,155	0 0	4,88,386	0 0	56	
5	Penitentiary	38,470	12 10	22,782	14 1	63	
6	Cannanore	31,275	0 0	28,819	0 0	44	
7	Salem	62,598	0 0	47,723	10 10	37	
8	Bellary	46,813	2 0	37,735	11 3	31	
9	Alipuram	14,029	0 0	1,683	0 0	26	
10	Vizagapatam	29,114	3 4	18,270	2 9	46	
Special Jails.							
11	The Wellesley Sanatorium Jail, Bellary.	...	...	...	...	...	
12	The Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	743	0 3	753	11 2	29	
Special Schools for Adolescents.							
13	The Borstal School, Tanjore	19,032	0 0	11,596	0 0	45	
14	The Borstal School, Palamcottah	14,200	7 2	11,605	10 6	47	
District Jails.							
15	Cuddalore	12,567	13 0	11,173	1 3	27	
16	Madura	13,759	10 5	11,886	6 10	37	
17	Berhampur	3,155	10 10	4,080	6 9	31	
Total ...		10,36,911	6 1	7,52,709	8 3	42	
						35	

* Columns 3 and 4 exclude a percentage allowance for profit.

STATEMENT F.

Showing Population, Sickness and Mortality of the Subsidiary Jails of the several Districts of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932—vide Judicial, dated 25th February 1896.

Serial number.	Districts.	Number of subsidiary jails.	Total number of prisoners confined during the year.			Daily average population.			Average period of confinement of convicts.	Daily average number of sick.	Total number of deaths from all causes.	Death-rate per mille of average strength.	Total number of deaths from all causes.	Total number of deaths from all causes.
			Convicts.	Under-trials.	Civil prisoners.	Convicts.	Under-trials.	Civil prisoners.	Total.	Daily average number of sick.	Total number of deaths from all causes.	Death-rate per mille of average strength.	Total number of deaths from all causes.	Total number of deaths from all causes.
1	Ganjam	13	845	1,868	2	47-23	77-80	0-05	124-58	3-45	3	12-10	23	23
2	Vizagapatam	20	2,267	1,774	...	169-07	78-77	...	247-84	1-09	...	...	40	40
3	Godavari (East)	15	865	1,631	1	17-22	82-56	0-01	99-79	0-16	...	...	20	20
4	Godavari (West)	7	778	1,303	...	19-02	51-15	...	64-17	2-02	...	15-58	19	19
5	Kistna	10	968	1,478	...	15-05	59-89	...	74-93	0-62	...	...	30	30
6	Guntur	12	1,504	2,838	...	24-63	136-09	...	100-72	0-99	...	6-22	28	28
7	Nellore	14	1,070	1,318	55	61-89	77-89	3-84	143-72	0-49	...	...	31	31
8	Kurnool	13	827	1,130	...	18-66	79-33	...	97-89	1-86	...	...	54	54
9	Bellary	9	360	814	...	8-33	62-08	...	70-41	0-66	...	...	15	15
10	Anantapur	10	916	1,349	...	18-97	74-20	...	83-17	1-31	...	...	21	21
11	Cuddapah	10	649	1,054	...	15-02	71-15	...	86-17	1-52	...	...	34	34
12	North Arcot	13	1,735	1,569	8	20-62	69-18	0-08	89-88	0-65	...	...	32	32
13	Chittoor	11	1,116	1,237	...	11-53	59-23	...	69-76	1-94	...	...	21	21
14	Salem	17	1,891	1,474	1	34-72	81-66	0-07	116-45	0-53	...	13-01	38	38
15	Chingleput	8	685	1,170	171	9-27	51-61	15-95	76-83	0-06	...	...	23	23
16	South Arcot	12	1,673	2,026	4	20-11	138-25	0-16	114-00	0-15	...	...	36	36
17	Tanjore	19	1,977	2,305	...	21-58	81-52	0-07	95-99	0-55	...	10-42	41	41
18	Trichinopoly	10	871	1,232	1	14-40	104-67	0-38	127-26	...	...	...	26	26
19	Madura	9	1,269	1,857	4	13-34	111-13	0-08	124-47	2-02	...	...	20	20
20	Ramnad	10	952	2,877	...	18-08	129-12	0-04	147-28	1-12	...	6-79	18	18
21	Tinnevely	12	1,076	2,182	2	33-58	90-81	0-04	174-14	1-76	...	...	30	30
22	Malabar	20	2,548	1,651	1	124-38	54-57	0-03	178-95	7-20	...	5-59	50	50
23	South Kanara	9	1,391	877	...	20-39	84-90	0-03	105-32	0-75	...	9-49	20	20
24	Coimbatore	14	1,384	1,594	1	1-55	4-17	9-21	16-93	0-01	...	...	40	40
25	The Nilgiris	3	103	166	122	1-55	4-17	9-21	16-93	0-01	...	...	1	1
Total		300	29,809	38,164	373	1-55	2,005-65	29-92	2,860-88	31-38	10	2-50	716	716
Total for 1931		315	26,460	35,080	363	772-37	2,051-26	28-56	2,852-19	30-78	17	5-96	729	729

* Includes visits paid by other Medical officers.

STATEMENT G.

Showing the Expenditure in Guarding and Maintaining the Prisoners in the Subsidiary Jails of the Madras Presidency during the year 1932 excluding the cost of building new jails, of additions, alterations and repairs.

Serial number.	3	4			5			6						7										
		Daily average number of prisoners.			Establishment.			Dieting charges.			Hospital charges.			Hospital charges.										
		Convicts.	Under-trials.	Civil.	Total.	Permanent.	Temporary.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Ration.	Miscellaneous dieting charges.	Garden and agricultural expenses.	Proportion of dairy ex-penses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding oil and prisoners.	Sick diet and extras for patients.	Extras or special diet for weakly prisoners not in hospital.	Medicines, hospital bed-ding, clothing, etc.	Proportion of dairy ex-penses.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.		
1	Gadagim	13	47-23	77-30	0-05	124-58	6,191	37	6,228	49 15 10	10,524	101	-315	...	...	10,310	82 12 8	8	...	206	...	214	1 11 6	62 0 6
2	Vengalputam	20	169-07	78-77	...	247-84	9,535	398	9,898	35 14 1	15,143	8	-143	...	...	15,011	69 9 1	16	...	96	...	155	0 10 0	142 3 3
3	Godavari (East)	15	17-22	82-56	0-01	99-79	1,553	...	1,553	15 3 0	6,465	429	...	...	...	6,894	69 1 4	...	...	71	...	71	0 11 5	443 12 0
4	Godavari (West)	7	13-02	51-15	...	64-17	...	193	193	3 0 1	5,057	...	...	...	...	5,057	78 12 11	...	...	91	...	91	1 6 8	45
5	Kistna	10	15-05	59-88	...	74-93	890	246	1,136	16 2 7	6,731	12	...	...	...	6,743	89 15 10	...	...	...	...	50	0 10 8	...
6	Guntur	12	24-63	136-09	...	160-72	713	44	757	4 11 4	12,949	130	1	...	...	13,086	81 6 2	...	...	...	...	55	0 5 1	...
7	Nellore	14	61-09	77-89	3-84	143-72	3,991	91	4,082	28 6 5	7,441	11	-55	...	...	7,397	52 14 1	97	...	169	...	266	1 13 7	...
8	Kurnool	13	18-66	70-33	...	97-39	758	267	1,025	10 7 4	6,881	32	...	...	...	6,913	70 8 9	...	...	...	...	26	0 4 3	...
9	Bellary	9	8-33	62-05	...	70-41	777	106	883	12 8 8	3,406	503	...	...	...	3,909	55 8 3	...	...	...	...	16	0 3	...
10	Anantapur	10	18-97	74-20	...	93-17	743	...	743	7 15 7	6,394	13	...	...	...	6,407	68 12 3	...	...	...	...	44	0 7	...
11	Cuddapah	10	15-02	71-15	...	86-17	1,356	178	1,534	17 11 0	5,481	50	...	...	...	5,531	64 3 0	...	...	...	...	42	0 7	...
12	North Arcot	13	20-62	69-18	0-08	89-88	4,03	209	4,242	6 13 0	7,102	2	...	...	...	7,104	70 1 7	...	...	...	...	34	0 6	...
13	Chittoor	11	11-53	58-23	...	69-76	1,922	280	2,202	31 9 1	4,840	...	...	...	...	4,890	70 1 7	...	...	...	...	45	0 7	...
14	Salem	17	34-72	81-66	...	116-45	8,239	42	8,331	28 9 7	10,049	30	...	...	...	10,078	86 9 8	...	...	...	...	42	0 7	...
15	Chingleput	8	9-27	51-61	0-16	114-00	723	160	1,183	10 6 0	9,716	87	...	...	...	9,803	91 4 2	...	...	...	...	34	0 6	...
16	South Arcot	12	20-11	83-73	...	139-83	909	361	1,270	7 15 2	14,880	65	...	...	...	14,946	93 8 10	...	...	...	...	45	0 7	...
17	Tanjore	19	21-58	138-25	...	95-89	886	295	1,181	12 6 6	7,305	88	...	...	...	7,343	76 8 10	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
18	Trichinopoly	10	14-40	81-52	0-07	127-26	730	43	773	6 1 2	9,859	...	...	...	...	9,959	78 7 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Madura	9	22-26	104-67	0-33	127-26	1,378	...	1,378	11 1 2	12,246	2	...	...	...	12,248	98 6 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Ramanad	10	13-34	111-13	...	147-28	3,021	382	3,403	23 1 8	9,557	18	...	...	...	9,977	67 12 5	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Tinnevely	12	18-08	129-12	0-08	174-44	4,123	164	4,287	24 9 3	10,828	39	-206	...	...	10,661	61 2 1	199	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	Malabar	20	83-59	60-81	0-04	178-95	2,796	467	3,263	18 3 9	8,525	43	-98	...	...	8,470	47 5 4	431	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	South Kanara	9	124-38	54-37	...	105-32	847	66	913	8 10 8	8,573	82	...	...	...	8,655	82 3 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Coimbatore	14	20-39	84-90	0-03	105-32	847	66	913	8 10 8	8,573	82	...	...	...	8,655	82 3 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	The Nilgiris	3	1-55	6-17	...	16-93	404	7	411	24 4 5	697	...	...	...	...	697	90 4 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	360	825-01	2,005-95	29-92	2,860-88	49,245	1,597	53,842	18 13 1	2,06,716	1,737	-814	...	...	2,07,639	73 5 6	846	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total for 1931	315	772-37	2,051-26	28-56	2,852-19	60,777	3,698	64,475	22 9 8	2,22,863	1,841	-728	...	...	2,23,776	79 4 0	1,369	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Russalkonda	...	27-21	6-15	...	33-36	3,556	...	3,556	109 9 6	948	...	-315	...	...	683	18 15 7	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Koraput	...	131-79	12-85	...	144-64	6,715	358	7,073	28 14 5	4,897	...	-143	...	...	4,761	32 14 8	56	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Nellore	...	55-01	24-62	3-84	83-47	3,108	1	3,109	37 3 11	3,034	11	-55	...	...	2,990	37 8 9	97	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Calicut	...	57-36	22-27	...	79-63	4,060	...	4,060	50 15 9	3,138	6	-206	...	...	2,938	36 14 4	172	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mangalore	...	121-18	20-54	...	141-99	2,795	407	3,202	22 8 10	5,528	41	-98	...	...	5,471	38 8 6	406	...	...	...	...	...	...

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