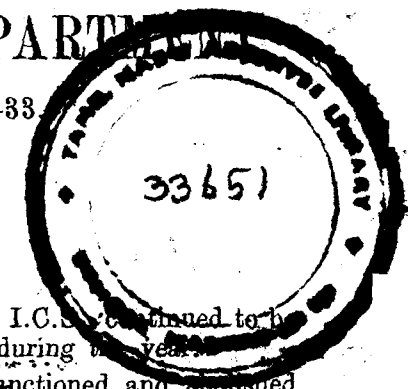


Administration Report of the
Michigan Excise Department
For the year 1932-33



• R
K7291.2118W32
N33;3
53651

ADMINISTRATION REPORT
OF THE
MADRAS EXCISE DEPARTMENT
FOR THE YEAR 1932-33



CHAPTER I.

ESTABLISHMENT.

Personnel. Mr. E. E. Thomas, C.I.E., I.C.S. continued to be in charge of the department during the year.

2. Statement I shows the establishment sanctioned and sanctioned during the year, and the strength at the end of the year. Reference was made in the last report to the reduction in establishment in the Excise department as a measure of effecting economies in expenditure. In the year under review, effect was given to the abolition of the posts of one Assistant Commissioner, seven sub-inspectors, four clerks and 28 peons. The effect of retrenchment in establishment on the efficiency of the department will be watched for another year, when the Commissioner hopes he will be able to place his views before Government.

3. The total number of punishments inflicted on officers in the department was 371 (382). The percentage of punishment to the total strength works out to nine, as in the previous year. In a majority of cases, the punishments consisted of fines and stoppages of pay imposed on menials for absence without leave.

4. None of the officers of the department was prosecuted before the magistracy during the year for offences committed or alleged to have been committed in their capacity as public servants.

5. One peon in the West Coast subdivision resigned his appointment during the year.

CHAPTER II.

COUNTRY SPIRITS.

6. There was no change in the areas for the contract supply of arrack and in the rates of duty on arrack.

Contract supply area and Excise duty.

7. The issue strength of country spirits continued to be 38° U.P. in the Madras, Chingleput, South Arcot (excluding Frontier tracts), Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely and the Nilgiris districts, and 35° U.P. elsewhere except in areas around Pondicherry and in the Agency tracts where the strengths were 40° U.P. and 60° U.P. respectively. The limits of private possession of spirits without licence remained unaltered.

The number of wholesale depots was 372 (375). The number of shops licensed for the retail vend of country spirits in the areas under the contract distillery system decreased from 5,112 to 5,393. There was on an average one shop for 16,367 (16,367) persons in the municipal areas and for every 8,031 (8,002) persons outside municipal limits.

9. During the year the consumption of country spirits fell from 1,063,333 proof gallons to 934,255 proof gallons, the fall amounting to 1.7 per cent. This was due to continued acute economic depression. The average incidence of consumption per 100 of population throughout the Presidency was 2.07 (2.17) proof gallons.

10. The total revenue derived from country spirits decreased from Rs. 156.66 lakhs to Rs. 143.00 lakhs. The decrease of Rs. 13.66 lakhs is made up of Rs. 9.43 lakhs under licence fees and Rs. 4.23 lakhs under duty.

11. As pointed out in paragraph 11 of the last year's report, the rationing arrangements were abandoned from 1st April 1932 in Srungavarapokota taluk and continued in the other areas with a further reduction in ration by five per cent of the quantity allowed for 1931-32. The actual consumption during the year continued to be less than the rationed quantity. The fall in consumption was due primarily to economic depression. The experiment had little to commend it. The question of withdrawing the arrangements from the rural areas and confining them to the urban areas in the district is under consideration.

12. There was no change in the system of supply of liquor in the Agency tracts. Most of the difficulties at first experienced in working the Central Distillery system in the areas comprised in the Jeypore and Parvatipur Circles (except Gunupur taluk) were overcome and sales in shops were regularized. In view, however, of the prevalence of illicit distillation and smuggling it was considered advisable to defer making the system permanent and in G.O. Ms. No 70, Revenue, dated 11th January 1932, sanction was accorded to continue the system on a temporary basis for a further period of two years and six months, i.e., till 31st March 1935. The number of shops sold in Jeypore and Parvatipur circles for 1932-33 was 110 (102) and the consumption during the year was 153,556 (151,208) gallons of 60° U.P. mohwa arrack.

13. Under the outstill system 18 combined shops and stills were sold for Rs. 25,616.

14. In the Nugur and Bhadrachalam taluks of East Godavari district, the Central Distillery system was continued. Thirty-six shops (36) were sold for Rs. 33,120 (14,094) and the consumption was 20,600 (17,088) gallons of 60° U.P. mohwa arrack.

CHAPTER III.

TODDY.

15. The rates of tree-tax remained unaltered during the year 1932-33. The following were the rates in force :—

Districts.	Coconut palms for each half-year.			Sago palms for each half-year.			Palmyra or date palms for the whole year.			Dadasal for the whole year.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Ganjam, Vizagapatam except certain Agency tracts, South Kanara and Malabar	4	8	0	9	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0
Vizagapatam Agency (portions)	6	12	0	1	8	0	0	8	0	..	..	..
Do.	3	12	0	7	8	0	2	8	0	..	..	..
Agency tracts of East Godavari (areas under the tree-tax system)	3	0	0	6	0	0	2	0	0	..	..	..
All other districts	5	10	0	11	4	0	3	12	0	..	..	..

16. The limit of private possession of toddy without a licence was half a gallon throughout the Presidency except in certain special localities where it was one dram.

17. The total revenue derived during the official year amounted to Rs. 2,06,86,131 (Rs. 1,97,66,030), representing Rs. 1,04,54,910 (Rs. 1,05,23,517) under rentals, Rs. 1,02,27,871 (Rs. 92,23,131) under tree-tax and Rs. 3,350 (Rs. 19,382) from transport duty on toddy brought from Hyderabad. The increase was due to the sense of security engendered by the promulgation of Ordinance against picketing and the adequate marking of trees for shops in consequence.

18. Nine thousand nine hundred and one shops (9,798) were sold for the lease 1932-33. The following comparative statement shows the number of trees licensed :—

Toddy year.	Coconuts.	Palmyras.	Dates.	Sago.	Total.
1930-31	1,018,543	548,774	674,245	5,097	2,246,659
1931-32	911,594	538,052	655,754	3,932	2,109,332
1932-33 (up to July 1933) ..	988,471	556,992	686,856	3,547	2,235,866
1931-32 (up to July 1932) ..	911,075	535,836	651,141	2,921	2,101,973

Reduced to terms of coconuts by the application of the formula 2 coconuts = 3 palmyras = 3 dates = 1 sago, the consumption for the toddy year 1931-32 is represented by the figure 1,715,329 (1,844,083) and that for the first ten months of the toddy year 1932-33 by 1,824,837 (1,710,235).

19. The number of trees tapped for domestic consumption was 74,427 (49,559) of which 69,876 (46,310) trees were utilized by the 'Koyas.' The increase is attributed to the 'Koyas' availing themselves of the concession of free tapping of two trees per head extensively owing to their financial inability to obtain fermented toddy from shops.

20. No toddy was transported from Hyderabad from 1st October 1932 to 30th June 1933. The quantity transported in the corresponding period of last year was 43,964 gallons and during the lease 1931-32, 53,162 (114,831) gallons. The complete cessation of imports since 1st October 1932 was due to a new company taking the abkari contract of the Kopbal district of His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Dominions. This company put up the price of toddy at a high figure with the result that the renters in British territory have found it an uneconomical proposition to purchase Hyderabad toddy.

21. The number of trees tapped in British territory for toddy shops in Mysore and Pudukkottai States was 18,233 (15,680). Seven thousand three hundred and two (5,681) trees were tapped in these States for toddy shops in British territory. The concession to mark trees in the Cochin State for British shops and vice versa was not availed of during the year.

22. The sweet juice rules were in force in the East Godavari (ordinary areas and tree-tax areas in the Agency) and West Godavari districts and in the Repalle and Bapatla taluks of the Guntur district. In these areas licences were issued free of fee to sweet toddy tappers. In the tree-tax areas of the East Godavari Agency the industry was carried on only in the Polavaram taluk. Sixty-seven (82) licences were issued in this taluk for 4,020 (4,920) trees. The rules relating to sweet toddy worked satisfactorily. In the rest of the Presidency tapping for sweet juice was not under control.

23. During the year under review the tree-tax system was in force in 39 villages of Gudem taluk of the Vizagapatam Agency. In the East Godavari Agency the tree-tax system was in force in the whole of Polavaram taluk, in 138 villages of Yellavaram, 116 villages of Chodavaram, 36 villages of Bhadrachalam and 17 villages of Nugur taluk. Two shops were sold under the farming system in the Parlakimedi Maliahs of Ganjam Agency for Rs. 420 (276).

CHAPTER IV.

FOREIGN LIQUOR.

24. The rate of duty on locally-made 'foreign' liquor was enhanced from Rs. 17-8-0 to Rs. 21-14-0 per proof gallon with effect from 1st April 1932, while that on locally-made beer (Re. 0-12-0 a gallon) remained unaltered. As regards imported beer two different rates of duty were introduced with effect

from 1st January 1933, in consequence of the Indian Tariff (Ottawa Trade Agreement) Amendment Act, 1932, one being the standard rate (Re. 1-2-0 per gallon) and the other the preferential rate (Re. 0-14-0 per gallon) applicable to the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom. The rate of duty of Rs. 37-8-0 per proof gallon on imported spirits remained unchanged during the year.

25. A comparative statement showing the consumption of foreign liquor and beer is given below :—

	1912-13.	1931-32.	1932-33.
	GALS.	GALS.	GALS.
Wines (excluding medicated wines)	27,265	21,703	17,641
Spirits	146,044	110,766	92,081
Beer	581,465	745,913	685,178
Denatured spirits	19,557	90,138	75,715

There is a decrease under all heads and this is ascribed to the dullness of trade and industry and to general economic distress. The decrease in spirits and wines is largely under imported spirits and wines, 62,563 (77,839) and 17,641 (21,703). The decrease in locally-made 'foreign' spirits is due mainly to the enhancement in the rate of excise duty on the liquor. The consumption of beer manufactured in India decreased, 254,576 (324,551) while that of imported beer increased from 421,362 to 430,600 gallons. This was mainly due to large imports of cheap Pilsener and partly to Japan's effort to find a market for its beer in India.

In denatured spirits there is a decrease due partly to the imposition of the gollonage-fee on the volume of sales ordered in G.O. No. 603, Revenue, dated 12th March 1932, and partly to the larger use of methyl alcohol which latter is to some extent an efficient and economic substitute for the former. Methyl alcohol has been brought under excise control from 1st April 1933.

26. The issue of beer from the two breweries in the Presidency decreased from 304,296 gallons to 245,930 gallons. The quantity exported to places outside the Presidency increased—4,279 (4,028) gallons. The quantity issued to the public and to the licensed vendors in this Presidency from the Bangalore Brewery decreased from 28,340 to 19,493 gallons.

27. There is a decrease in the quantity of foreign liquor imported by sea, the quantity being 671,177 (678,890) gallons.

28. A concessional rate of duty of Rs. 5 per proof gallon on spirits contained in culinary, aerated water and other flavouring essences, extracts, colourings, perfumes and toilet preparations manufactured in bond in this Presidency or imported into the Presidency by land or under bond by sea was sanctioned in G.Os. Ms. No. 796, Revenue, dated 9th April 1932, and Ms. No. 1158, Revenue, dated 4th June 1932, and a Special Bonded Warehouse for the manufacture of these preparations was established by Messrs. McDowell & Co., Ltd., Madras, Managing Agents of the South Indian Drug and Essence Company, Limited, Madras, with effect from 15th September 1932. A sum of Rs. 893 was

realized as duty on spirits contained in preparations issued from the warehouse during the year. The pharmaceutical laboratories of Messrs. Spencer & Co. and Messrs. A. S. R. Murthi & Sons, worked during the year and the duty realized on medicinal preparations issued from them decreased, the amounts being Rs. 2,396 (3,679) in the case of the former and Rs. 384 (730) in the case of the latter. Import of spirituous medicinal preparations from Mysore Pharmaceutical Works shows a marked decrease, the duty realized being Rs. 2,077 (Rs. 7,267). The duty realized on spirituous preparations imported from Bengal and other places under bond by sea amounted to Rs. 42,594.

29. There were 66 clubs during the year, supplying liquor to their members on payment of a price or of any fee or subscription and a sum of Rs. 7,063 was levied as fees for the year.

30. One important change in the control of denatured and methylated spirits was made with effect from 1st April 1932, by the introduction of a system under which a licence fee based on actual consumption was levied quarterly in arrears on all such spirits consumed in this Presidency. A sum of Rs. 26,006 was thus realized as fees in the year.

31. The number of licences for the sale of foreign liquor for 'on' consumption [F.L. 5 and F.L. 5 (a)] and the number of beer shops [F.L. 6 and F.L. 6 (a)] remained unaltered at 18 and 27, respectively. But the rentals realized decreased from Rs. 2,51,664 to Rs. 1,95,576 in the case of the former and from Rs. 2,54,935 to Rs. 2,17,068 in the case of the latter. The number of retail 'off' licences (F.L. 2) for the year remained at 156.

32. Two hundred and fifteen (211) occasional licences for sale of foreign liquor at entertainments were issued during the year. Of the other licences of all kinds for the retail sale of foreign liquor 235 (239) were for the sale of medicated wines and similar preparations; 33 (32) for hotels; 83 (83) for railway and other refreshment rooms and 12 (13) for dining cars. Twenty-one (19) were special and canteen licences. Thirty-eight licences were issued for the sale of brandy by chemists.

33. A comparative statement showing the revenue derived under the main heads of foreign liquor is given below:—

	1931-32.	1932-33
	RS.	RS.
1 Excise duty—		
Locally made foreign 'liquor.'	6,42,794	6,58,966
Country brewed beer ...	2,55,393	2,08,426
2 Rentals—		
F.L. taverns and beer shops ...	5,03,948	4,12,644
3 Other—		
F.L. licences ...	1,17,738	1,41,870
Total ...	15,19,873	14,21,906

CHAPTER V.

OPIMUM.

34. The issue price of raw opium remained at Rs. 80 per seer. The limit of private possession continued to be 1 tola in the ordinary tracts and 2 tolas in the Agency tracts.

35. Five hundred and fifty-six (555) shops were sold during the year for Rs. 11.07 (12.06) lakhs. One hundred and fifty-five shops were working under restriction of supplies during the year.

36. The consumption of raw opium during the year amounted to 29,972 seers against 30,381½ seers during 1931-32 resulting in a decrease of 409½ seers. The decrease was mainly due to the general economic depression.

37. The quantity of raw opium sold for veterinary and quasi-veterinary purposes during the year was 77 seers and 24 tolas. Opium preparations containing 8 lb. 4 oz. and 340 grs. of opium were used by the officers of the Government Civil Veterinary Department and by certain private licensees.

38. The revenue derived from opium during the year under review amounted to Rs. 37.74 (37.52) lakhs of which 11.06 (12.06) lakhs represented shop rentals. The sale proceeds of opium amounted to Rs. 26.59 (25.97) lakhs.

39. The issues of opium to Indian States were 1,000 (1,000) seers to Mysore, 4,000 (2,000) seers to Travancore, 1,300 (1,300) seers to Cochin and 80 (85) seers to Pudukkottai. The issues to French Settlements were 237½ (261) seers. Twenty-one seers of opium were supplied to Coorg during the year.

40. The retail selling price of opium in the Agency tracts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and East Godavari districts was Re. 1-2-0 per tola or Rs. 90 per seer. In the ordinary tracts of the Presidency the price varied from Rs. 105 to Rs. 189 per seer.

41. The investigation referred to in paragraph 41 of last year's report was conducted by the Public Health staff in certain villages of the Agency and deltaic portions of the East Godavari district. The report of the District Health Officer on the subject is under the consideration of the Government.

42. The Public Health Department, and the Educational authorities are devoting attention to propaganda and welfare work on the evils of opium.

The several measures referred to in paragraph 39 of the Administration Report for 1930-31 to check the practice of administering opium to children were repeated during the year. During the year 157 lectures and 921 informal talks at child welfare centres were given on the evils of administration of opium to children. Most of the lectures were delivered at mothers' meetings. The gatherings of mothers at the time of vaccination were also taken advantage of to do propaganda work on the subject. As a rule, the midwives usually impress on the mothers the great harm that may be done to their children by the administration of opium. They do this during their ante-natal and post-natal visits and also at the child welfare centres.

43. Consequent on the passing of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930, and the amendments made by it to the Opium Act, 1878, the rules published with Government Notification No. 66, dated 9th February 1929, as subsequently amended were superseded by the Madras Opium Rules, 1932, published with Government Notification No. 463, dated 18th November 1932.

COCAINE.

44. The special licence in form E.C. 1 relating to transactions in cocaine and its preparations was abolished and under the "Madras Manufactured Drugs Rules, 1932," framed under section 8 (2) of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930, two forms of licences have been prescribed to cover transactions in all 'manufactured' drugs other than prepared opium. These are M. 1 (wholesale) licence and M. 2 (retail) licence, the former to be issued only in Madras City and the latter in all districts. During the year the transactions in cocaine and its preparations were conducted under the above licences. The total sales during the year amounted to 4 lb. 3 oz. 236½ grs. (5 lb. 12 oz. 413½ grs.). Of this, the retail sales amounted to 1 lb. 10 oz. 35½ grs. and the wholesale sales to 2 lb. 9 oz. 201 grs.

CHAPTER VI.

HEMP DRUGS.

45. Forty-two licences were issued for the cultivation of ganja in 179 acres 19 cents of land at Santaravur in the Guntur district. The outturn was 872½ maunds of ganja and 62 maunds of bhang giving an average outturn of 4.8 (5.7) maunds of ganja per acre. Cultivation was also conducted in 60 acres of land in Uddanapalli (15 miles from Mathigiri), Hosur centre. The outturn was 157½ maunds of ganja and 44½ maunds of bhang which gave an average of about 2.62 (2.6) maunds of ganja per acre. The quality of ganja produced was good.

Botanical investigation.

46. The special staff sanctioned for this investigation continued its work during the year.

A seed farm of 2.75 acres was opened at the Livestock Research Station, Hosur. The quantity of seeds outturned at this farm was 1,587 Madras measures. A quantity of about 15 maunds 22 seers of ganja and 14 maunds 70 seers of bhang of good quality was also manufactured from the seed farm plants after removal of the seeds.

47. The rate of duty on ganja and bhang remained at Rs. 25 and Rs. 10 per seer respectively during the year. The limits of private possession of ganja and bhang remained unaltered.

48. Four hundred and fifty-three (452) shops were sold during the year, of which 127 shops were sold subject to restriction of supplies.

49. The consumption of ganja and bhang and their preparations amounted to 48,161 seers against 44,267 seers in 1931-32. The total revenue derived from hemp drugs amounted to Rs. 20.27 (19.54) lakhs. There was a decrease of Rs. 0.37 lakh under rentals and an increase of Rs. 1.10 lakhs under duty.

50. Out of a total stock of 279 gallons of oil, 37 gallons of oil were sold for Rs. 45-5-0. A quantity of 9 maunds 32 seers 18 tolas of poonac was sold for Rs. 10-12-6. Twenty maunds and 29 seers of poonac were used as manure in the general cultivation area and seed farm at Hosur centre.

CHAPTER VII.

REVENUE.

51. The total revenue (demand) [column (3) of Statement A] is compared in the following table with that of the previous year :—

Head of revenue.	1931-32.	1932-33.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1 Country spirits	1,56,65,518	1,43,00,326	..	13,65,192
2 Country fermented liquor	1,97,66,030	2,06,86,131	9,20,101	..
3 Malt liquors	5,09,493	4,25,524	..	83,969
4 Wines and spirits (foreign liquor other than beer, medicated wines and commercial spirits)	10,07,990	9,94,032	..	13,958
5 Commercial spirits including medicated wines	2,390	2,350	..	40
6 Hemp drugs	19,54,276	20,27,060	72,784	..
7 Opium	37,51,777	37,74,303	22,526	..
8 Fines and forfeitures	3,87,459	3,70,798	..	16,661
9 Miscellaneous	1,07,884	1,10,697	2,813	..
Total ..	4,31,62,817	4,26,91,221	10,18,224	14,79,820

The total collection in the year amounted to Rs. 4,27,05,258 (Rs. 4,29,09,331). A sum of Rs. 85,181 (Rs. 54,338) was written off as irrecoverable.

52. The total expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 33,56,863 (Rs. 37,00,594); details for this will be found in Imperial Return II. The net percentage of charges to receipts was 7.9 (8.7).

Incidence of taxation. 53. The incidence of the total excise revenue per head of population was Re. 0-14-7 (0-14-7).

CHAPTER VIII.

OFFENCES.

54. The total number of cases under the Abkari Act showed a further increase in the year under report, the figures being 22,387 (20,255). The increase was mainly under the major heads of liquor offences. The economic distress has been mainly responsible for the considerable development in crime.

Offences against the Revenue derived from country spirits. 55. The increase in the number of cases under illicit distillation and kindred offences 4,524 (3,301) occurred in several districts, and it was specially noticeable in the Vizagapatam 926 (391), Cuddapah 178 (77) and South Arcot 48 (2) districts. The increase in the Vizagapatam district occurred mostly in the Agency tracts and was due to the special efforts of the preventive staff to suppress illicit distillation. The efforts of departmental officers in putting down this class of crime in the Salem district made some of the habitual offenders transfer their activity to the South Arcot district where the hilly portions of Vriddhachalam and Kallakurichi taluks afforded them full facilities to carry on.

Toddy offences. 56. The number of cases under illicit manufacture of toddy also showed a further increase 9,222 (8,598). The variations were striking in Madras 96 (155), Salem 733 (542), Tinnevely 1,312 (1,009), Malabar 1,348 (1,444). The personal interest taken and the commendable efforts of the staff in the Salem and Tinnevely districts resulted in bringing to light the existence of toddy crime on a large scale.

Hemp drug and opium offences. 57. There was a slight increase in the number of offences relating to hemp drugs 529 (445), chiefly contributed under unlicensed possession 221 (148). There are indications that the abolition of the special staff of the Excise Intelligence Bureau had led to a recrudescence of smuggling of opium and ganja on a large scale. In one of the cases detected, the quantity involved was as much as 65 seers of opium and 16 seers of ganja. The drugs were intended for export to Ceylon. The ordinary preventive staff have been doing their best to cope with smuggling offences but with their other duties and their limited jurisdictions, they cannot do much to keep in check the activities of

criminals who work throughout the Presidency and also outside it, who are highly organised for the smuggling and who have abundant capital resources on which to draw. The question of restoring the special staff is under consideration by Government.

Cases convicted under the Dangerous Drugs Act are embodied in Statement J-1.

58. Enquiry into cases by departmental officers continued to be generally prompt and efficient. Six hundred and fifty-five (614) cases were released by the department, on the score of ignorance or want of proof of guilt and 12,152 (10,488) cases compounded. Seven thousand eight hundred and fifty-one (6,947) cases were dealt with by the Magistracy. Convictions were obtained in 6,755 (5,887) cases and 142 (129) cases ended in acquittal. The remaining 954 cases were pending.

Rewards. 59. A sum of Rs. 25,893 (40,994) was paid as rewards during the year.

60. The Excise Supplement to the *Criminal Intelligence Gazette* was regularly issued.

Assault. 61. Thirty-one cases of assault on Excise officers and peons were reported during the year, none of which was of a serious nature.

CHAPTER IX.

LABORATORY.

62. The total number of samples analysed and articles examined during the year under review was 4,648 (4,679).

Country liquor and beer. 63. The number of samples of country arrack analysed during the year was 95 (70). The results of analysis of liquor received for periodical analysis from the several distilleries in the Presidency were in general satisfactory. Samples of arrack suspected to have been illicitly distilled were received from Inspectors, Panukonda, Vizianagram, Cocanada and Cuddapah and found to be so on analysis. The number of samples of beer analysed during the year was 106 (90). The samples submitted periodically from the Breweries in the Presidency were found to be of good quality. The samples of beer submitted by the Inspectors on suspicion of being diluted were in most cases found to be so diluted. A sample of Asahi Beer of Japanese manufacture was analysed and found to be of fairly good quality. Two samples of Nobby's extract received from Messrs. Wilson & Co., Madras, were found to contain malt, hops, and fermentable sugar. Stout and Light ale prepared from the two samples were found to compare favourably with good beer in all respects.

64. The number of samples of toddy analysed during the year was 1,069 (922). As in last year the Tinnevely subdivision contributed the largest number, 648 (521), i.e., more than 50 per cent of the total number received and from the West Coast subdivision 296 (273) were received. The number of samples that contained more than 10 grains of lime per gallon was 758 (632) and of these 83 samples contained 100 or more than 100 grains of lime per gallon. One sample of toddy contained as much as 816.0 grains of lime per gallon.

65. During the year 17 (7) samples of foreign liquor suspected to be weaker than the prescribed minimum strength, were received. Three samples, one each of brandy, whisky and rum received from the Assistant Commissioner of Excise, Bellary, were found to be very weak. A sample suspected to be mere arrack, was on test found to be gin. As the testing of medicinal preparations manufactured in the Spencer's Pharmaceutical Laboratory, had been ordered to be discontinued, no sample of the same was received.

66. The number of samples of opium and its preparation analysed during the year was 168 (83). The majority of them was received from officers of the Excise and the Police departments in the Madras City. Eleven samples of opium preparations received from the Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Gudiyattam, were found to contain Strychnine. They were composed mainly of gum, nux-vomica seeds fried and powdered, and only 2.0 per cent of opium.

67. The number of samples of ganja, cocaine and their preparations received for analysis was 225 (129). Of these 195 were submitted by the Ganja Special Botanist in connexion with the investigation carried out by him. The cakes taken from the 1933 crop of Mathigiri were found to have improved in resin value, though they contained a good deal of leaves, stalks and seeds. Of the cakes received from the fresh crop of Santaravur some were found to be of the same quality as the previous year's samples, while a few were found to be inferior to those of last year's samples on account of the fact that they contained more stalks and leaves. Two twigs said to be parts of a ganja plant were on analysis found to be free from ganja. A sample of beedies and one of leghium were found to contain ganja. A consignment of 375.2 tolas of confiscated ganja received from the Assistant Collector of Customs, Madras, was found to be good licit ganja.

68. The samples of water received for the two half years ending 31st May 1932 and 31st November 1932 from the several distilleries, warehouses and breweries were generally found to be free from abnormal impurities. A sample of 'Killeen spirit' as also two others said to be methylated spirit showed on test only the presence of light caoutchoucine and pyridine and as such were declared to be only ordinary denatured spirit. A Sonti-Soru sample containing the prepared rice only, and no water, received from the Inspector, Madras Town Circle, was found to be in

a state of fermentation, and to have been prepared definitely with a view to manufacture fermented liquor from it and as such unfit for consumption as rice. It was also found to contain alcohol. A batch of 4 green paints and 3 white paints was tested with a view to find out their suitability for marking trees and the best ones were selected. A batch of five special brewing materials was received from the Brewery Officer, Ketti, for test as to their suitability for being used in brewing. Of these 'Septose' was found to be a preparation of liquorice, 'Klearwort' a kind of fish-maws necessary for preparing finings and 'Pure cell Acid' only sulphuric acid. Of the two remaining preparations, sulphosite showed on test to be only a mixture of certain salts, while standard salt was found to be only common salt. Hence the above brewing materials were passed for use in brewing operations.

69. During the year under review a quantity of 1 maund and 17 seers of opium worth Rs. 4,560 were outturned into half-seer cakes from the stock of confiscated opium received for disposal from the Presidency and District Magistrates, and were sent to the Madras Taluk Office for issue to licensed shops.

ANNEXURE.

Statement showing the number of samples analysed in the Laboratory during 1932-33.

Samples.		1932-33.	1931-32.
1	Samples of toddy tested for lime	1,069	922
2	Do. foreign liquor tested for true strength	17	7
3	Do. country arrack	95	70
4	Do. beer, wash, etc.	106	90
5	Do. intoxicating drugs, i.e., ganja and its preparations and cocaine and its preparations	225	129
6	Do. opium and its preparations including morphine and its salts	168	83
7	Do. drugs and medicines tested for spirit strength	Nil.	50
8	Do. denaturants — Caoutchoucine and pyridine, etc.	10	4
9	Instruments repaired and standardized	1,702	2,497
10	Dram and other measures tested and standardized	1,106	649
11	Miscellaneous samples : caramel, water, essences, etc.	150	178
Total		4,648	4,679

CHAPTER X.

GENERAL.

70. There was a further marked fall during the year under review in the consumption of country spirits, foreign liquor and beer. This was due to the continued acute economic depression which imposed a heavy strain on the purchasing power of the drinking classes. The total excise revenue, however, maintained practically the same level as that of the previous year; the heavy decrease in collections under 'country spirits' was made up by an increase under toddy. The increased consumption of toddy and hemp drugs despite the acute financial strain, is significant since it indicates a turnover to some extent of the consumers of the more costly liquor to cheap liquor and drugs. Picketing which was a prominent feature of the year 1931-32 was conspicuous by its general absence during the year under review. There were some sporadic outbreaks in that direction in parts of South Arcot, Madura, Ramnad and South Kanara districts. In Coondapoor taluk, the Police were assaulted in dispersing the picketers of a toddy shop. These activities were, however, suppressed at the very outset and normal conditions were soon restored by the effective enforcement of the Ordinance against picketing.

71. The remarkable increase in the number of cases reported during the year under illicit distillation and kindred Crime. offences presents a most disquieting feature. The extent to which this class of crime has developed can be seen by a comparison with the figures of 1912-13. From 979 cases reported in that year the number had risen to 4,524 in 1932-33. The large fall in the consumption of licit country spirits in recent years would have been cause for congratulation if it were the result of growing temperance. It is impossible, however, to come to this conclusion when it is known that the fall in consumption has been due mainly to the impoverishment of the drinking classes and the growing tendency to resort to cheap and more deleterious illicit liquor. There can be no doubt that the intense economic depression and picketing and similar disturbing factors have given impetus to the commission of such crime. The situation became so serious in Berhampur and Chicacole circles of the Ganjam district that the Commissioner has recently found it necessary to post a special staff for a period of six months for the suppression of crime in those areas. There was a great increase under 'illicit manufacture' of toddy also. Co-operation on the part of the public in the prevention or detection of malpractices is almost non-existent and given the adverse conditions such as those in existence in recent years and which still continue, it is idle to expect the complete suppression of crime. The preventive staff generally have been sparing no effort to cope with the increasing tendency to crime and the Commissioner is confident that they will continue their exertions. The situation is, however, imposing a heavy strain on them and is fraught with danger

to Government revenue and to the morality of the people. The fact that Government found themselves obliged to effect substantial reductions in the Excise staff for reasons of economy appears somewhat unfortunate in the light of the somewhat abnormal conditions now being experienced and certainly does not conduce to greater efficiency in the prevention of abkari crime. A case of a very serious nature—the first of its kind the Commissioner has come across—was brought to light during the year. On receipt of a complaint the arrack shop at Nādadavole was surprised by the local Sub-Inspector and a quantity of 3 gallons and 30 drams of liquor found therein was discovered to be a mixture of arrack with denatured spirits. The seller in the shop was convicted and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. The timely detection of this crime averted serious consequences to health and life itself.

72. The experiment of closure of arrack shops in toddy-drinking areas reached its ninth year during 1932-33 and Experiments in prohibition. can be said to have been fairly successful in the taluks of Shiyali, Tiruturaipundi, Tiruvadanai and Paramakudi. There were a few cases of unlicensed possession of arrack in Tiruvadanai and Paramakudi taluks. But no crime of a serious nature has been fostered in the above four taluks as a result of the closure. The position was quite different in the taluks of Tenkasi and Attur and the developments there made it clear that the experiment had to be written down as a failure. The main objection in regard to Tenkasi taluk is that supply of arrack from the Travancore enclave and the State shops therein is easy to most of the taluk while the parts of the taluk more remote from these Travancore shops were served by the arrack shops in the adjoining taluks of the district. It became increasingly difficult to put down illicit distillation and smuggling with a depleted staff as one of the circles in the district was abolished. The experiment stimulated illicit distillation in an area where such crime was unknown previously and the position in this respect was gradually getting worse. There was little prospect of making the experiment a success.

73. The situation in Attur taluk during the year under review showed no improvement. It was observed that several illicit distillers settled on the borders of the taluk to meet the demand in the area, so much so that in the two villages of Timmanayakanpatti and Navalapatti, bordering the Attur taluk, as many as 27 illicit distillation cases were detected during the year. The demand for arrack in the area far from showing signs of abatement increased and was met to a large extent by illicit liquor. There was no educative temperance propaganda worth the name.

74. In the circumstances stated above the Government were obliged to direct the reopening of arrack shops in Tenkasi and Attur taluks with effect from 1st April 1933.

75. The serious developments which ensued as a result of the experimental closure of arrack and toddy shops in certain compact areas of Tiruchengode, Namakkal and Rasipur taluks have already been set out

in detail in paragraph 81 of the last year's Administration Report. A number of representations were received by Government urging the re-opening of shops. It was from the beginning realized that the success of the experiment must depend on the ability of workers in the cause of temperance and social reform to keep alive among the classes which most frequented the liquor shops a resolve to abstain from drink and also on their co-operation with the officers of the Excise Department, to watch for and prevent the provision of illicit supplies. From various causes the expectation that these conditions would be fulfilled was not realized. The Government were therefore obliged to conclude that the experiment had failed in its object of promoting temperance and to direct the reopening of liquor shops in the 'dry' areas with effect from 1st April 1933. At the same time the Government are prepared to reconsider the matter if evidence is forthcoming again of a genuine desire on the part of the inhabitants of the area to abstain from alcoholic liquors.

76. The policy of closing liquor shops (except toddy) and drug shops within three miles of polling stations on election days and of some classes of shops on all Sundays was continued during the year. The orders in this regard were however slightly relaxed by vesting Collectors with discretion to allow F.L. 2 shops to remain open on election days if they considered such a course desirable. This was intended to obviate the considerable inconvenience caused by the closure of such shops in places like Ootacamund and Madras with a large European population which takes little or no interest in municipal elections and many of whom have even no vote, being visitors. The Sunday closing enforced in the case of a few arrack shops was found to be ineffective and to have stimulated illicit practices. As regards opium and ganja shops it was considered expedient not to impose the restriction at all in the case of shops in places where Sunday happens to be an important shandy day. In regard to others it was noticed generally that sales on Saturdays were frequently double that of ordinary week days. Either the consumers were laying in a double ration on Saturdays to last them over the week end or the renters were withdrawing part of their stock under the cloak of sale to the public on Saturdays, for private and illicit sale on Sundays. Consumption was not reduced and by hoarding of stock, the restriction had the bad effect of inciting renters and the public to breach the law. The Sunday closing was withdrawn with effect from 1st April 1933 except in regard to F.L. shops.

77. The prohibition of the sale of liquor of any kind to members of the hill tribes on the Nilgiris except on a medical certificate was continued during the year. The consumption under various heads is compared below :—

			Country spirit.	Wines.	Spirits.	Beer.
			PROOF GALLONS.	GALLONS.	GALLONS.	GALLONS.
1929-30	..	..	11,885	2,425	14,416	185,632
1930-31	..	..	11,033	3,364	13,189	148,992
1931-32	..	..	10,230	2,304	10,625	133,138
1932-33	..	..	8,989	1,875	7,476	102,812

78. The decrease in the year under review was due to trade depression and not to a growing desire of the hill tribes to abstain from drink. The experiment has failed in its object of promoting the moral and material welfare of the hill tribes. There is abundant testimony, chiefly from planters who are in a position to know, that the official prohibition tends to demoralise and impoverish those accustomed to drink. The hill tribes precluded from obtaining drink openly are said to employ Tamil or Kanarese coolies on a commission basis to secure liquor. According to a planter who, voluntarily and with considerable feeling for the hill tribes, has expressed his experience in the matter, there is much of promiscuous drinking on the sly and some disgraceful demonstrations on the main roads after sunset. Illicit distillation in and around Coonoor and Kotagiri is developing apace and illicitly distilled liquor was being hawked about even in remote 'hattis' of Ootacamund taluk on festive occasions. It is also said that a large number of the Badagas have taken to opium eating. There is no possibility of making the experiment a success unless possession of liquor is also penalised. The Government are again considering whether it is advisable to resort to such a measure.

79. There was no temperance work of importance by private associations. The Health Staff in Chittoor district did some propaganda work in their towns, by means of cinema shows, etc., but no effect was noticed. The action of certain local bodies in prohibiting the tapping for fermented toddy of trees owned by them, had no serious effect on the working of shops.

80. The number of Excise Licensing Board and Excise Advisory Committee meetings adjourned for want of quorum was 15 and 22, respectively. The recommendations of these bodies and the action taken thereon are embodied in Statement B. The Excise Licensing Board, Madras, met nine times during the year.

In areas where there are no Licensing Boards or Advisory Committees, Collectors, either on their own initiative or on the recommendation of local bodies, etc., ordered the closure of 37 shops and change of site for 29 shops.

81. In 20 districts arrack shops were closed during important festivals, fairs and market days. Restrictions continued to be imposed on the hours of sale in the arrack and toddy shops in the vicinity of the Buckingham and Carnatic Mills.

82. Statement B (1) shows the number of shops newly opened to meet the demand in the localities concerned.

83. There were 7,888 (8,375) convictions for offences of which drunkenness formed a part in places in which the Town Nuisances Act was in force. The number was 2,063 (2,350) in Madras City.

84. Rules under sections 7 (2) and 8 (2) of the Dangerous Drugs Act 1930, were framed during the year by the Government of India and the Local Government, respectively.

E. BRITO,
Secretary to the Commissioner of Excise.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE,
MADRAS, 11th September 1933.

Imperial Return No. I—Revenue, 1932-33.

No. I—Revenue, 1932-33.

Name of district.	Country spirits.						Country fermented liquors.			Malt liquors.			
	Duty on distillery spirits.	Fees from distilleries.	Licence fees for sale of distillery spirits.	Total receipts from distillery spirits.	Receipts from out-stills and other systems.	Total receipts from country spirits.	Tari tree-tax receipts.	Other receipts from tari (licence fees, etc.)	Total receipts from fermented liquors other than malt liquors.	Duty on beer manufactured in India.	Licence fees for sale of beer manufactured in India or elsewhere.	Total receipts from beer	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
1 Ganjam ..	Rs. 3,05,109	Rs. 100	Rs. 1,19,831	Rs. 4,25,040	Rs.	4,25,040	Rs. 89,906	Rs. 24,704	Rs. 1,14,610	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
2 Vizagapatam ..	3,53,543	375	3,13,539	6,67,148	1,56,868	8,24,316	2,39,491	1,00,447	3,39,938	..	..	..	
3 East Godavari ..	4,51,102	150	2,58,880	7,20,132	36,928	7,57,060	4,82,343	1,90,203	6,72,546	..	..	..	
Yanam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
4 West Godavari ..	2,93,606	..	1,44,473	4,38,079	..	4,38,079	3,80,877	1,89,452	5,20,329	..	..	..	
5 Kistna ..	4,99,254	..	2,19,808	7,19,062	..	7,19,062	3,27,226	99,988	4,27,214	..	..	..	
6 Guntur ..	3,44,784	..	1,89,273	5,31,057	..	5,31,057	1,49,730	97,804	2,47,534	..	..	..	
7 Nellore ..	2,27,159	..	85,577	3,12,736	..	3,12,736	1,66,280	78,192	2,44,472	..	..	..	
8 Cuddapah ..	2,93,281	..	1,21,586	4,14,867	..	4,14,867	99,378	1,26,675	2,25,953	..	..	..	
9 Anantapur ..	2,85,922	100	1,17,728	4,03,750	..	4,03,750	3,65,717	5,03,385	8,69,102	..	..	..	
10 Bellary ..	2,44,657	115	1,25,050	3,69,822	..	3,69,822	3,65,792	4,62,530	8,28,322	..	1,620	1,620	
Sandur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11 Kurnool ..	1,77,162	..	1,27,208	3,04,370	..	3,04,370	5,00,522	5,77,134	10,77,656	..	..	..	
12 Madras ..	11,51,533	..	6,12,000	17,93,533	..	17,93,533	6,27,652	4,45,441	10,73,093	15,278	..	15,278	
Mysore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Travancore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
13 Chingleput ..	4,07,122	..	2,58,856	6,65,978	..	6,65,978	8,35,344	5,88,982	14,24,306	82,086	4,827	86,912	
14 Chittoor ..	1,60,655	100	1,30,590	2,91,345	..	2,91,345	2,43,687	2,79,215	5,22,902	..	..	..	
15 North Arcot ..	3,91,693	..	2,55,720	6,47,413	..	6,47,413	6,50,638	6,86,051	13,36,689	..	1,932	1,932	
16 South Arcot ..	3,99,367	100	2,24,384	6,23,851	..	6,23,851	2,73,386	3,63,683	6,37,069	..	1,188	1,188	
Pondicherry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
17 Tanjore ..	2,44,077	..	1,58,565	4,02,642	..	4,02,642	11,20,316	10,23,062	21,43,378	..	9,684	9,684	
Karikal ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
18 Trichinopoly ..	4,21,671	..	2,59,971	6,81,642	..	6,81,642	4,03,935	6,22,673	10,26,608	..	13,520	13,520	
Pudukkottai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
19 Madura ..	3,76,590	195	1,84,261	5,61,046	..	5,61,046	2,28,630	4,74,327	7,02,957	..	16,130	16,130	
20 Ramnad ..	97,571	..	1,21,828	2,19,399	..	2,19,399	2,51,605	2,84,287	5,35,892	..	..	..	
21 Tinnevely ..	3,35,120	245	2,24,136	5,59,501	..	5,59,501	3,42,082	2,85,715	6,27,797	..	..	..	
22 Coimbatore ..	4,65,469	100	3,23,399	7,88,968	..	7,88,968	7,07,250	10,66,774	17,74,024	..	25,498	25,498	
23 The Nilgiris ..													

Imperial Return

Name of district.	Wines and spirits (foreign liquors other than beer, medicated wines and commercial spirits).				Receipts from denatured
	Duty on wines and spirits manufactured in India and classed as foreign liquors.	Licence fees for the sale of foreign liquors generally, whether imported or manufactured in India.	Total of columns (15) and (16).	Total of columns (7), (11), (14) and (17).	
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1 Ganjam ..	59	1,432	1,491	5,41,141	120
2 Vizagapatam ..	207	8,762	8,969	11,73,223	..
3 East Godavari, Yanam ..	5,046	10,344	15,390	14,44,996	120
4 West Godavari ..	142	1,598	1,740	9,60,148	..
5 Kistna ..	831	6,592	7,423	11,53,699	252
6 Guntur ..	147	1,111	1,258	7,79,849	..
7 Nellore ..	93	1,125	1,218	5,58,426	..
8 Cuddapah ..	7	394	401	6,41,221	..
9 Anantapur ..	68	1,203	1,271	12,74,128	..
10 Bellary ..	177	1,379	1,556	12,01,320	..
Sandur ..	..	..	..	..	..
11 Kurnool ..	..	892	892	13,82,918	..
12 Madras ..	2,96,651	2,05,395	5,02,046	33,83,950	1,11,018
Mysore ..	..	..	..	..	..
Travancore ..	..	..	..	..	..
13 Chingleput ..	148	29,599	29,747	22,06,948	..
14 Chittoor ..	4	862	866	8,15,113	..
15 North Arcot ..	215	2,068	2,283	19,88,317	..
16 South Arcot ..	2,35,019	1,947	2,36,966	14,99,074	..
Pondicherry ..	..	..	..	..	..
17 Tanjore ..	259	7,212	7,471	25,63,175	..
Karikal ..	..	..	..	..	..
18 Trichinopoly ..	..	3,333	3,333	17,25,103	..
Pudukkottai ..	..	..	..	..	..
19 Madura ..	902	14,828	15,730	12,95,863	38
20 Ramnad ..	..	1,917	1,917	7,57,208	..
21 Tinnevely ..	180	2,920	3,100	11,40,398	..
22 Coimbatore ..	161	4,951	5,112	25,93,602	..
23 The Nilgiris ..	801	12,423	13,224	5,34,266	..
24 Salem ..	126	2,317	2,443	25,91,757	..
25 South Kanara ..	103	2,020	2,123	10,01,438	..
26 Malabar ..	891	10,238	11,129	12,52,471	..
Cochin ..	..	..	..	..	..
Mahe ..	..	..	..	..	..
Oorag ..	..	..	..	..	..
27 Anjengo ..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for 1932-33. {	5,42,237	3,36,862	8,79,099	3,64,59,742	1,11,548
Total for 1931-32. {	4,43,608	3,61,898	8,05,506	3,68,09,226	1,56,468

No. I—Revenue, 1932-33—cont.

commercial spirits, including spirit and medicated wines.				Sale-proceeds of excise opium.		Opium.	
Duty on spirits used for other commercial, scientific or industrial purposes.	Licence fees for medicated wines.	Licence fees for commercial spirits.	Total of columns (19) to (22).	Cost price.	Duty.	Licence fees for the sale of opium (wholesale and retail).	Total receipts from opium.
(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(27)	(29)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
..	50	..	170	74,924	2,51,276	1,11,068	4,37,268
..	120	..	120	1,19,178	3,78,102	1,67,374	6,64,654
..	200	20	340	1,40,569	4,24,431	1,85,965	7,50,965
..	..	..	..	1,190	3,370	..	5,260
..	110	10	120	46,794	1,55,206	82,239	2,84,239
..	110	10	372	18,381	54,109	50,529	1,22,969
..	40	10	50	24,835	74,115	47,667	1,46,617
..	20	..	20	11,552	31,688	18,317	61,557
..	..	..	..	3,952	13,128	13,762	30,842
..	..	..	..	1,982	6,458	4,402	12,842
..	130	..	130	1,672	4,288	4,092	10,052
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	80	..	30	5,569	18,031	14,860	38,460
1,466	390	300	1,13,174	22,238	57,052	75,720	1,55,010
..	..	..	..	36,625	2,000	..	38,625
..	..	..	..	73,875	4,000	..	77,875
..	..	..	..	3,458	7,182	9,472	20,112
..	10	..	10	5,521	16,479	11,358	33,358
..	..	..	..	10,420	26,700	21,670	58,790
..	50	..	50	4,511	10,969	15,402	30,882
..	..	..	..	1,365	4,535	..	6,400
..	210	..	210	19,383	62,217	74,149	1,55,749
..	..	..	..	2,032	6,768	..	8,800
..	110	10	120	7,575	19,465	19,877	46,917
..	..	..	..	1,479	80	..	1,559
..	70	..	108	10,019	25,741	32,231	67,991
..	80	10	90	4,796	15,964	15,165	35,925
..	110	..	110	7,581	24,899	27,042	59,522
..	90	30	120	12,039	40,041	39,010	91,090
..	40	30	70	5,233	14,127	15,555	34,915
..	50	..	50	7,352	21,328	14,713	43,393
..	60	10	70	2,064	6,816	4,430	12,310
..	280	70	350	15,472	42,249	28,321	86,042
..	..	..	..	23,887	1,300	..	25,187
..	..	..	..	74	246	..	320
..	..	..	..	336	21	..	407
..	..	..	..	..	150	..	150
1,466	2,360	510	1,15,884	5,87,020	18,01,211	11,04,390	34,92,621
..	..	..	..	1,41,413	22,920	..	1,64,333
..	2,350	540	1,59,358	6,23,760	18,05,111	12,00,379	36,29,250
..	..	..	..	89,457	19,599	..	1,09,056

Imperial Return

Name of district.	Hemp drugs.				
	Sale-proceeds.		Licence fees wholesale and retail from		Total receipts from hemp drugs.
	Duty on ganja. (31)	Duty on bhang. (35)	Ganja. (36)	Bhang. (38)	
	RS.	RS.	RS.		RS.
1 Ganjam ..	1,00,798	3,722	57,282	..	1,61,802
2 Vizagapatam ..	47,596	1,485	36,617	..	85,698
3 East Godavari.	31,794	..	16,214	..	48,008
Yanam ..	150	..	..	..	150
4 West Godavari.	21,629	..	9,685	..	31,294
5 Kistna ..	24,372	60	14,602	..	39,034
6 Guntur ..	41,193	60	33,010	..	74,263
7 Nellore ..	33,622	..	28,202	..	61,824
8 Cuddapah ..	53,684	210	33,430	..	87,324
9 Anantapur ..	27,950	360	18,780	..	47,090
10 Bellary ..	44,128	72	27,481	..	71,681
Sandur ..	750	..	..	..	750
11 Kurnool ..	60,875	30	26,299	..	87,204
12 Madras ..	88,475	3,325	1,29,360	..	2,21,160
Mysore ..	..	..	..	..	..
Travancore ..	16,400	..	..	..	16,400
13 Chingleput ..	30,340	1,032	27,832	..	59,204
14 Chittoor ..	47,559	113	29,705	..	77,377
15 North Arcot ..	31,849	150	33,004	..	65,003
16 South Arcot ..	19,828	338	22,012	..	42,178
Pondicherry ..	2,250	..	..	..	2,250
17 Tanjore ..	31,040	338	46,049	..	77,427
Karikul ..	2,750	..	..	..	2,750
18 Trichinopoly ..	23,558	712	25,201	..	49,471
Pudukkottai ..	500	..	..	..	500
19 Madura ..	52,375	2,965	57,091	..	1,12,431
20 Ramnad ..	39,685	2,310	53,427	..	95,422
21 Tinnevely ..	38,344	180	38,806	..	77,330
22 Coimbatore ..	69,871	6,500	63,109	..	1,39,480
23 The Nilgiris ..	2,168	..	3,370	..	5,478
24 Salem ..	44,194	16,495	32,684	..	93,373
25 South Kanara ..	21,102	..	14,964	..	36,066
26 Malabar ..	36,833	..	28,462	222	65,517
Ochin ..	3,469	..	..	..	3,469
Mahs ..	200	..	..	..	200
Oorg ..	..	..	..	..	..
27 Anjengo ..	3,500	..	..	..	3,500
Total for 1932-33. {	10,68,302	40,487	9,06,658	222	20,15,669
	26,475	..	..	..	26,475
Total for 1931-32. {	9,66,917	37,315	9,33,525	258	19,38,015
	19,025	..	..	..	19,025

NOTE.—(1) The revenue derived from excisable articles issued to Indian States and foreign in those figures.

(2) The amount shown in column (9) includes Rs. 3,350 on account of transport

No. I.—Revenue, 1932-33—cont.

Licence fees for the sale of cocaine and its allied drugs. (42)	Fines and forfeitures. (43)	Miscellaneous. (47)	Grand total of columns (1) to (47). (48)	Refunds. (49)	Deduct from column (48) expenditure as per Return II. (50)	Total net excise revenue in the year. (51)
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
..	10,561	1,183	11,52,125	317	..	..
..	16,042	3,978	19,43,715	1,151	..	..
..	14,265	4,954	22,63,528	927	..	..
..	..	..	5,310	..	..	..
..	14,499	6,280	12,96,580	1,277	..	..
..	9,203	2,921	13,28,198	750	..	..
..	11,884	1,994	10,14,657	713	..	..
..	11,136	2,737	6,95,699	838	..	..
..	4,542	837	7,64,796	350	..	..
..	8,590	6,047	13,48,692	2,174	..	..
..	7,981	1,824	12,92,988	1,546	..	..
..	..	..	750	..	..	..
..	11,691	7,819	15,28,122	2,697	..	..
..	10,139	5,641	38,89,074	7,709	..	..
..	..	..	38,625	..	..	..
..	..	..	94,281	..	..	..
..	15,776	2,296	23,04,331	4,913	..	..
..	7,663	1,654	9,35,175	1,664	..	..
..	15,965	3,354	21,81,429	2,115	..	..
..	11,949	2,149	15,86,282	2,279	..	..
..	..	..	8,650	..	..	..
..	25,686	2,808	28,25,055	3,417	..	..
..	..	..	11,550	..	..	..
..	8,916	1,448	18,31,975	2,158	..	..
..	..	..	2,059	..	..	..
..	10,199	3,210	14,89,802	1,002	..	..
..	19,637	2,284	9,10,566	533	..	..
..	40,034	6,061	13,23,455	882	..	..
..	33,607	7,672	28,65,371	6,583	..	..
..	720	568	5,78,017	27	..	..
..	22,822	4,862	27,56,257	6,742	..	..
..	15,903	4,408	10,70,195	1,045	..	..
..	23,687	11,993	14,40,060	12,943	..	..
..	..	..	28,656	..	..	..
..	..	..	520	..	..	..
..	..	..	407	..	..	..
..	..	4,250	7,900	..	..	..
..	3,82,996	1,05,132	4,25,72,044	66,752	33,56,863	3,91,48,429
..	..	..	1,90,808	..	..	1,90,808
..	3,88,349	95,868	4,25,20,066	68,091	37,00,594	3,87,51,381
..	..	..	1,28,081	..	..	1,28,081

territory is shown in italics below the figures relating to the districts of issue and is not included duty on toddy from the Nizam's Dominions.

Imperial Return No. I-A—1932-33.—Supplementary table showing the duty realized (a) in other British Indian Provinces on excisable articles exported to the Madras Presidency and (b) in the Madras Presidency on excisable articles exported to other British Indian Provinces.

Description of excisable articles.	Amount of duty realized in the Madras Presidency on excisable articles exported to the						Amount of duty realized in the Madras Presidency on excisable articles exported to other Indian Provinces.		
	In Bangalore.	To Pudukkottai.	To Cochin.	To Travancore.	To French Settlements.	To Bangalore.	To Coorg.	Total.	
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.	
Beer	14,620 2 0	1,822 8 0	1,366 12 0	23 4 0	6 12 0	..	..	3,209 4 0	
Spirits						..	..		

Imperial Return No. II—Expenditure for 1932-33.

Imperial Return No. II—

Name of district.	Pay of officers and establishments.	Allowances other than rewards.	Supplies and services other than rewards.			
			Construction and repairs of buildings.		Other charges.	
			(4)	(5)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		
Ganjam	65,809 11 0	15,777 5 0	482 12 9	47 5 0		
Vizagapatam ..	1,64,823 14 6	40,330 10 6	1,725 7 1	125 9 6		
East Godavari ..	1,04,683 0 0	22,466 15 4	1,374 0 0	..		
West Godavari ..	47,738 1 0	9,331 3 0	478 8 0	..		
Kistna	61,858 5 0	12,130 8 0	2,789 9 10	..		
Guntur	66,919 12 0	12,159 5 0	676 7 6	100 10 0		
Nellore	87,511 14 0	16,037 13 0	586 9 0	226 14 0		
Cuddapah	42,763 4 0	8,438 11 0	160 7 0	37 4 0		
Anantapur	61,070 8 0	11,569 13 0	786 3 0	— 0 12 0		
Bellary	80,314 10 0	12,890 6 0	1,934 9 0	253 2 0		
Kurnool	64,084 15 0	12,145 10 0	849 5 0	176 12 0		
Madras (Presidency account)	1,40,292 15 0	17,136 0 0	5,583 0 1	4,311 2 9		
Chingleput	46,380 11 0	8,399 5 0	92 4 0	30 6 0		
Chittoor	52,977 6 0	9,374 14 0	373 4 6	6 9 0		
North Arcot	78,322 9 0	12,357 14 0	981 0 0	..		
South Arcot	56,147 7 0	9,465 5 0	682 6 0	..		
Tanjore	89,012 0 0	14,731 9 0	349 15 0	21 6 0		
Trichinopoly ..	42,533 14 0	8,467 9 0	2,243 10 0	62 13 0		
Madura	37,666 6 0	8,062 4 0	529 12 0	162 0 0		
Ramnad	59,522 4 0	13,157 11 0	70 6 8	6 8 0		
Tinnevely	81,081 0 0	14,926 13 0	166 1 0	101 7 0		
Coimbatore	1,09,075 5 0	19,955 7 0	411 2 8	17 1 0		
The Nilgiris	14,602 3 0	3,551 9 0	81 0 0	..		
Salem	1,02,139 8 0	19,204 7 3	2,740 7 5	77 2 0		
South Kanara ..	87,914 1 0	21,148 10 0	1,752 13 0	..		
Malabar	1,41,285 2 0	27,365 6 0	460 5 0	— 8 14 0		
Bangalore	3,988 2 0	132 10 0	..	..		
Expenditure in England	31,720 0 0	..	..	800 0 0		
Loss or gain by exchange	— 57 11 0	..	..	2 9 0		
Total	20,22,181 0 6	3,80,715 9 1	28,391 5 6	6,556 14 3		
Total of previous year	22,23,596 10 9	4,91,761 11 5	38,390 14 11	42,735 14 3		

NOTE.—The total cost of opium supplied to the Excise department

Expenditure for 1932-33.

Contingencies and special charges other than rewards.	Rewards.	Cost of opium supplied to the Excise department.	Assignments and compensations.	Total charges.
(6)	(7)	(8)	(12)	(15)
RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
2,975 1 4	1,638 13 0	..	..	86,731 0 1
8,001 10 9	2,121 0 0	..	..	2,17,128 4 4
5,074 2 10	909 12 0	..	..	1,34,507 14 2
1,851 6 0	719 0 0	..	..	60,118 2 0
2,463 15 0	306 0 0	..	..	79,548 5 10
3,182 7 9	888 4 0	..	..	83,926 14 3
3,953 11 2	565 12 0	..	..	1,08,882 9 2
2,032 15 2	463 12 0	..	..	53,896 5 2
2,313 10 3	425 8 0	..	..	76,154 14 3
3,321 4 6	306 8 0	..	400 0 0	99,420 7 6
2,061 12 0	581 12 0	..	50,637 4 6	1,30,537 6 6
30,798 10 5	800 4 0	6,87,960 0 0	13,607 0 0	9,00,489 0 3
2,029 13 11	167 0 0	..	95 4 0	57,194 11 11
1,855 0 6	244 4 0	..	..	64,831 6 0
3,657 6 8	721 0 0	..	..	96,039 13 8
1,746 13 0	751 0 0	..	24,390 12 0	93,183 11 0
3,567 11 11	1,615 8 0	..	..	1,09,298 1 11
1,766 11 6	616 0 0	..	..	55,720 9 6
1,020 1 4	519 8 0	..	..	47,959 15 4
3,238 13 5	254 0 0	..	..	76,249 11 1
4,898 14 4	833 0 0	..	..	1,02,007 3 4
7,896 3 11	2,046 4 0	..	..	1,39,431 7 7
306 11 9	62 0 0	..	..	18,602 7 9
5,930 15 7	4,637 10 0	..	..	1,34,730 2 3
3,370 7 7	2,415 4 0	..	..	1,16,601 3 7
6,728 11 1	1,255 0 0	..	..	1,77,085 10 1
..	..	..	..	4,120 12 0
..	..	..	..	32,520 0 0
..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..
1,16,034 3 8	25,893 11 0	6,87,960 0 0	89,130 4 6	33,56,863 0 6
1,23,315 1 2	40,993 14 6	6,39,292 8 0	1,00,507 4 6	37,00,593 15 6

during the year is shown in lump in column (8).

Imperial Return No. III—Shops and Licences, 1932-33.

District.	Manufacture of liquor —Number of			Number of wholesale licences for the sale of			Country liquors—Number of shops licensed for retail sale of			Foreign liquors— Retail licences— Number for sale of		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1 Ganjam ..	..	..	..	1	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 Vizagapatam ..	..	..	..	1	(a) 21	(c) 24	1	..	..	..	..	..
3 East Godavari ..	..	..	..	1	(b) 1	(d) 25	3	4	..	..	..	..
4 West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 Kistna ..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Guntur ..	..	..	..	..	..	19	..	..	..	..	..	..
7 Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	21	..	..	..	..	..	..
8 Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	19	..	..	..	..	..	..
9 Anantapur ..	..	..	..	1	..	19	..	..	..	..	..	..
10 Bellary ..	..	..	..	1	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..
11 Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	16	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	13	..	..	..	..
13 Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14 Chittoor ..	1	..	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..
15 North Arcot ..	..	..	..	1	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..
16 South Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	..
17 Tanjore ..	..	..	..	1	..	24	..	1	..	..	..	..
18 Trichinopoly ..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..
19 Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	12	1	1	..	..	..	..
20 Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	11	..	3	..	..	..	..
21 Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	2	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..

(a) Includes three Central distilleries in Jeypore and Parvatipur Circles.

(b) One Central distillery working in the Bhadrachalam taluk.

(c) Includes 14 depots opened in Jeypore and Parvatipur Circles.

(c) Includes 6 depots opened in Nugur and Bhadrachalam taluks.

(e) Includes 110 shops opened under the Central distillery system in Jeypore and Parvatipur Circles.

(f) Shops under the Central dist

Bhadrachalam taluks.

Imperial Return No. III—Shops and Licences, 1932-33—cont.

District	Foreign liquors—Retail licences—Number for sale of				Number of shops licensed for retail sale of				Retail licences—Number for sale of					
	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)
1 Ganjam ..	1	..	1	..	1	3	21	55	33	33	83	5	..	5
2 Visagapatam ..	2	..	3	10	6	10	43	100	26	26	26	11	..	11
3 East Godavari ..	2	..	3	5	8	21	46	82	22	22	22	9	..	9
4 West Godavari ..	1	..	1	..	3	12	20	30	7	7	7	..	..	..
5 Kistna ..	1	..	1	..	1	12	22	27	10	10	10	3	..	3
6 Gunur ..	1	..	3	..	1	5	27	26	23	23	23	3	..	3
7 Nellore ..	1	..	3	..	..	3	19	17	18	18	18	..	..	..
8 Cuddapah ..	..	..	1	5	..	..	26	11	10	15	15	6	..	6
9 Anantapur ..	..	..	4	..	..	..	26	11	18	18	18	3	..	3
10 Bellary ..	1	..	2	..	1	10	23	8	27	27	27	11	..	11
11 Karnool ..	..	..	4	..	..	..	22	24	22	22	22	4	..	4
12 Madras ..	20	1	14	75	13	68	84	4	5	5	5	71	..	71
13 Chingleput ..	3	2	1	22	1	..	16	4	10	10	10	5	..	5
14 Chittoor ..	..	..	2	..	..	2	11	14	14	14	14	6	..	6
15 North Arcot ..	..	..	4	1	..	2	43	11	15	15	15	9	..	9
16 South Arcot ..	..	..	2	2	4	5	31	10	15	15	15	6	..	6
17 Tanjore ..	..	..	4	3	4	20	55	16	18	18	18	17	..	17
18 Trichinopoly ..	1	..	2	26	..	13	32	9	10	10	10	6	..	6
19 Madras ..	4	..	3	21	1	11	55	10	21	21	21	8	..	8
20 Rannad ..	..	..	3	..	..	9	41	13	17	17	17	6	..	6
21 Tinnevelly ..	..	..	6	..	2	12	43	10	14	14	14	9	..	9

Imperial Return No. III—Shops and Licences, 1932-33—cont.

District.	Manufacture of liquor —Number of					Number of wholesale licences for the sale of					Country liquors—Number of shops licensed for retail sale of					Foreign liquors— Retail licences— Number for sale of		
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(21)	(22)	(23)			
	Breweries.	Government distilleries.	Private distilleries.	Out-stills.	Country spirits.	Liquors other than com- mercial spirits imported or manufactured in India and classed as foreign liquor.	Commercial spirits in- cluding denatured spirits and medicated wines.	Number of tappers'	Spirits under distillery system (permanent).	Spirits under distillery system (temporary).	Spirits under out-still system (permanent).	Fermented tart.	Malt liquors only.	Foreign liquors to be consumed on premises and on and off premises.	Foreign liquors to be consumed off premises.			
(1)																		
22 Coimbatore	..	..	1	..	24	1	..	5,848	318	..	..	559	5	..	14			
23 The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	3	..	..	..	6	..	9			
24 Salem	..	..	..	..	15	..	..	5,490	261	..	..	459	2	..	5			
25 South Kanara	..	..	..	..	18	..	..	6,193	302	..	..	679	..	..	5			
26 Malabar ..	..	1	..	..	25	5	1	8,452	386	..	..	969	3	3	10			
Total, 1932-33	2	1	10	22	392	35	23	100,919	5,393	..	164	9,901	27	18	156			
Total, 1931-32	2	1	10	22	395	37	3	95,932	5,412	..	156	9,798	27	18	156			

Imperial Return No. III—Shops and Licences, 1932-33—cont.

District.	Foreign liquors—Retail licences—Number for sale of							Number of shops licensed for retail sale of			Retail licences—Number for sale of			
	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	Raw opium.	Ganja.	Bhang.	Opium and its preparations for medical purposes only (ordinary druggists' permits).	Morphia (special druggists' permits).	Hemp drugs for medical purposes only (druggists' permits).	Cocaine (druggists' permits).
22 Coimbatore	2	..	3	12	1	11	44	16	26	26	8	8	..	8
23 The Nilgiris	7	6	2	21	1	8	15	4	3	3	31	31	..	31
24 Salem	..	..	1	6	1	5	24	10	15	15	1	1	..	1
25 South Kanara	2	..	1	1	2	10	33	6	19	19	7	7	..	7
26 Malabar	8	2	4	7	2	30	65	23	30	30	36	36	..	36
Total, 1932-33	57	11	78	* 217	(9) 48	285	874	556	453	453	281	281	..	281
Total, 1931-32	55	13	79	214	34	293	827	555	452	452	287	287	9	154

(9) Includes 38 F.L. 3 licences. * Includes 2 F.L. 12 licences in Madras.

Imperial Return No. IV—Consumption,
Country

Name of district.	Issues in imperial gallons.			
	At strength of 35° under-proof.	At strength of 38° under-proof.	At strength of 60° under-proof.	Equivalent at London proof of the total of cols. (2), (3) and (4).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1 Ganjam	40,648	..	..	26,421
2 Vizagapatam—				
Certain Agency tracts under Exoise ..	..	..	1,814	726
Rest of the district	50,434	..	..	32,782
3 East Godavari—				
Certain Agency tracts under Exoise ..	..	..	28,275	11,310
Rest of the district	59,963	..	..	38,976
4 West Godavari	40,703	..	..	26,457
5 Kistna—				
Munagala and Lingagiri zamindaris ..	959	..	..	628
Rest of the district	61,860	..	..	40,209
6 Guntur	59,756	..	..	38,841
7 Nellore	30,421	..	..	19,774
8 Cuddapah	46,781	..	..	30,408
9 Anantapur	31,916	..	..	20,745
10 Bellary	41,056	..	..	26,687
11 Kurnool (including Banganapalle) ..	48,919	..	..	31,797
12 Madras	..	152,835	..	94,758
13 Chingleput—				
High duty area	..	22,633	..	14,034
Rest of the district	..	48,048	..	26,690
14 Chittoor	39,879	..	..	25,921
15 North Arcot	80,136	..	..	52,088
16 South Arcot—				
Frontier tracts	..	..	* 6,631	3,979
Rest of the district	..	78,712	..	48,802
17 Tanjore	..	41,704	..	25,856
18 Trichinopoly	..	67,054	..	41,573
19 Madura	..	52,159	..	32,339
20 Ramnad	..	32,574	..	20,196
21 Tinnevely	..	60,710	..	37,640
22 Coimbatore	80,873	..	..	52,567
23 The Nilgiris	..	14,499	..	8,989
24 Salem	51,314	..	..	33,354
25 South Kanara	54,996	..	..	35,748
26 Malabar	52,254	..	..	33,965
Hospitals and dispensaries in the Presi- dency	..	..	..	..
Total ..	872,868	565,931	30,089 * 6,631	934,255
Total for the previous year ..	894,271	621,771	25,066 * 6,389	980,633

* 40° Under-proof.

rates of duties and prices, 1932-33.
spirits.

Rate of duty per gallon.	Foreign liquors.							
	Imported liquors.			Liquors manufac- tured in India and classed as foreign liquors.				
	Cost price per London proof-gallon.	† Retail price per London proof-gallon.	† Spirits in im- perial gallons, London proof.	Wines in im- perial gallons.	Malt liquors in im- perial gallons.	† Spirits in imperial gallons, London proof.	Malt liquors in imperial gallons.	
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.						
35° under-proof, Rs. 6-14-6.	2 6 6	13 0 7	989	148	1,932	..	..	
60° under-proof, As. 6 ..	2 8 0	3 12 0	..	..	..	..	..	
35° under-proof, Rs. 6-14-6.	Do.	15 9 2	2,434	340	11,933	672	..	
60° under-proof, Rs. 1-4-0.	1 11 8	4 8 0	..	..	..	..	..	
35° under-proof, Rs. 6-14-6.	Do.	12 1 1	2,375	242	4,296	2,089	85	
Do.	Do.	13 1 4	535	33	395	228	61	
35° under-proof, Rs. 5-7-9.	Do.	12 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	
35° under-proof, Rs. 6-14-6.	Do.	12 12 0	1,195	124	2,419	355	2,317	
Do.	Do.	13 8 0	988	158	1,852	310	102	
Do.	Do.	13 1 5	320	32	2,507	15	93	
35° under-proof, Rs. 5-12-0.	Do.	11 7 7	130	6	567	..	12	
Do.	{ 1 11 8 2 6 6 }	11 15 1	440	66	2,452	161	471	
Do.	2 8 9	11 0 0	946	58	2,878	..	5,417	
Do.	2 6 6	12 10 0	308	54	770	79	94	
38° under-proof, Rs. 6-14-6.	2 8 9	18 0 0	25,828	7,952	290,307	18,125	73,879	
Do.	Do.	13 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	
38° under-proof, Rs. 6-9-5.	1 10 2	10 12 9	538	72	15,311	1,113	24,332	
35° under-proof, Rs. 5-12-0.	{ 1 11 8 1 10 2 }	10 14 0	252	28	1,190	52	39	
Do.	1 10 2	10 2 1	739	117	3,723	230	2,218	
40° under-proof, Rs. 3-12-0.	Do.	6 10 8	..	..	..	..	..	
38° under-proof, Rs. 5-7-9.	Do.	9 8 4	303	58	1,966	64	3,339	
Do.	Do.	10 11 5	1,098	283	5,712	542	6,967	
Do.	Do.	11 7 3	2,309	686	10,281	369	7,566	
Do.	1 14 1	11 15 1	2,992	588	10,041	2,165	15,660	
Do.	Do.	13 8 9	328	44	1,602	40	139	
Do.	1 14 5	11 8 10	1,629	495	4,907	523	346	
35° under-proof, Rs. 5-12-0.	1 14 9	12 5 3	4,318	991	16,195	665	16,768	
38° under-proof, Rs. 5-7-9.	Do.	18 12 0	4,545	1,807	16,395	2,930	86,417	
35° under-proof, Rs. 5-12-0.	1 10 2	10 6 2	627	115	2,079	161	5,518	
Do.	Do.	9 6 7	506	640	3,190	308	56	
Do.	Do.	10 15 9	5,890	2,504	15,700	322	2,680	
....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
....	..	..	62,563	17,641	430,600	29,518	254,576	
....	..	..	77,839	21,703	421,362	32,927	324,551	

† Figures relate to imperial gallons.

Imperial Return No. IV—Consumption,
Commercial spirits. Opium and

Name of district.	in Rectified spirits imperial gallons. (14)	in Denatured spirits imperial gallons. (15)	in Medicated wines imperial gallons. (16)	Issues in seers of opium. (17)	Wholesale price of opium to re- tail vendors per seer. (19) (20)
1 Ganjam	..	1,021	..	4,077½	
2 Vizagapatam—					
Certain Agency tracts under Exeise	..	..	..	..	..
Rest of the district	..	2,868	184	6,216	
3 East Godavari—					
Certain Agency tracts under Exeise	..	..	..	..	..
Rest of the district	2	1,976	177	7,088 64½	
4 West Godavari	1	910	69	2,525	
5 Kistna—					
Munagala and Lingagiri zamindaris.	..	..	..	..	..
Rest of the district	2	1,154	122	912½	
6 Guntur	1	1,147	24	1,237	
7 Nellore	2	812	16	540½	
8 Cuddapah	..	477	1	213½	
9 Anantapur	..	1,062	..	105½	
10 Bellary	..	1,014	18	74½	
11 Kurnool (including Banganapalle)	..	786	11	295	
12 Madras	69	19,328	2,671	1,082½ 6,321	
13 Chingleput—					
High duty area	..	..	..	..	..
Rest of the district	..	1,855	3	133	
14 Chittoor	..	717	20	275	
15 North Arcot	..	1,849	39	464	
16 South Arcot—					
Frontier tracts	..	..	..	..	..
Rest of the district	..	2,442	65	190½ 77	
17 Tanjore	..	6,784	259	1,038 92	
18 Trichinopoly	6	1,700	194	336 80	
19 Madura	..	6,787	347	447	
20 Ramnad	..	4,024	156	259½	
21 Tinnevely	..	2,826	311	406½	
22 Coimbatore	2	4,150	126	651	
23 The Nilgiris	10	1,123	68	244	
24 Salem	..	2,278	74	358½	
25 South Kanara	6	1,622	412	98½	
26 Malabar	60	5,508	453	723½ 4	
Hospitals and dispensaries in the Presi- dency	..	..	..	..	
Total	161	75,715	5,820	* 29,972½ 6,638½	
Total for the previous year	443	90,138	6,272	30,381½ 4,670½	

* Includes 57 seers issued from the confiscated stock.

rates of duties and prices, 1932-33—cont.
other drugs.

Average retail price of opium per seer. (21)	Sales of morphia in lb., oz. and grs. (22)	Ganja.				Bhang.				Sales of cocaine in lb., oz. and grs. (35)
RS. A. P.	LB. OZ. GRS.	Sales in seers. (27)	Cost price per seer. (28)	Duty per seer. (29)	Retail price per seer. (30)	Bales in seers of bhanga and its pre- parations. (31)	Duty per seer. (33)	Retail price per seer. (34)		
109 3 0	0 40 55	4,008			60 0 0	477		22 8 0	0 0 0	70
132 9 0	9 11 315	1,831			60 0 0	149		37 8 0	0 0 0	1 424
107 14 0	0 1 187	1,261 6			42 0 0	2		15 0 0	0 0 0	1 249
124 4 0	..	866			47 8 0	..		..	..	..
165 0 0	0 0 104	982			47 8 0	6		30 0 0	0 0 0	0 241
165 0 0	0 6 422	1,655			50 0 0	6		30 0 0	0 0 0	1 399
117 11 0	..	1,329			50 0 0	..		..	..	..
105 10 0	..	2,157			50 0 0	28		15 0 0	0 0 0	0 21
105 9 0	0 0 30	1,109			55 0 0	34		20 0 0	..	..
160 0 0	0 0 16	1,748			50 0 0	6		30 0 0	0 0 0	0 19
153 0 0	0 0 271	2,413 30			43 0 0	3		15 0 0	..	..
150 0 0	5 7 77	3,559			60 0 0	1,223		30 0 0	0 0 0	7 317
155 0 0	0 0 157	1,207			50 0 0	355		22 3 0	0 0 0	0 3
127 10 0	0 0 265	1,878			50 4 0	16		21 4 0	0 0 0	0 100
138 11 0	0 8 94	1,262			58 12 0	20		20 0 0	0 0 0	2 134
147 1 0	0 0 162	771 108			61 4 0	36		35 0 0	0 0 0	1 171
160 0 0	0 2 73	1,235 110			75 0 0	43		16 4 0	0 0 0	2 18
158 4 0	0 3 337	936 80			70 0 0	72		20 0 0	0 0 0	2 280
189 2 0	0 3 300	2,084			70 0 0	968		20 0 0	0 0 0	0 310
185 3 0	..	1,588			75 0 0	225		22 8 0	0 0 0	0 165
154 5 0	0 2 218	1,480			65 0 0	15		30 0 0	0 0 0	0 86
168 0 0	0 1 165	2,733			61 0 0	614		23 6 0	0 0 0	0 136
140 0 0	0 10 223	85			85 0 0	..		..	0 0 0	0 207
136 7 0	..	1,651			48 8 0	1,649		15 8 0	..	..
147 8 0	0 3 215	858			55 0 0	..		..	0 0 0	0 388
147 13 0	0 3 165	1,508 † 5,008			62 8 0	..		..	0 0 0	0 235
..	11 3 319	..			..	..		..	10 5 346	..
..	32 0 238	42,214 5,348			..	5,947		..	11 15 381½	..
..	36 0 72½	38,628 5,419			..	5,639		..	11 12 27	..

† Travancore 3,500
Cochin 1,500
Mahe 8
Total 5,008

Imports and exports of excisable articles of different descriptions from and to

* Figures relate to proof gallons.

to other British Indian Provinces (a) on payment of duty and (b) in bond.

[illegible]

Imperial Return

Name of district.	Area in square miles.		Population (in thousands).			Number		
	Distillery system.		Distillery system.			Country spirit.		
	Out-still system.	Urban.	Out-still system.	Urban.	Rural.	Out-still area.	Distillery area.	
							Urban.	Rural.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Ganjam ..	3,510	9	4,863	358	75	1,979	1.3	22.3
Vizagapatam ..	12,253	19	4,914	1,122	135	2,351	1.5	41.3
East Godavari ..	1,504	13	4,702	88	147	1,686	1.3	24.2
West Godavari ..	..	5	2,358	..	74	1,149	1.0	18.0
Kistna ..	..	15	3,532	..	117	1,137	1.7	13.7
Guntur ..	..	14	5,743	..	151	1,885	2.0	19.6
Nellore ..	..	25	7,924	..	46	1,440	8.3	40.0
Cuddapah ..	..	13	5,906	..	43	907	3.3	23.8
Anantapur ..	..	7	6,734	..	42	1,008	2.3	31.6
Bellary ..	..	16	5,697	..	105	865	2.7	32.7
Kurnool (includ- ing Bangana- palle) ..	..	10	7,827	..	58	1,006	5.0	43.2
Madras ..	..	31	..	..	647	..	1.7	..
Chingleput ..	..	13	3,078	..	113	1,542	2.2	20.1
Chittoor ..	..	9	5,892	..	41	1,406	1.5	32.9
North Arcot ..	..	16	4,632	..	162	2,105	1.1	18.6
South Arcot ..	..	17	4,191	..	104	2,350	2.1	10.8
Tanjore ..	..	31	3,711	..	253	2,133	1.5	54.6
Trichinopoly ..	..	15	4,299	..	187	1,726	1.4	21.4
Madura ..	..	24	4,888	..	301	1,895	2.0	33.7
Ramnad ..	..	13	4,806	..	102	1,737	1.9	34.6
Tinnevely ..	..	7	4,308	..	169	1,871	0.8	21.6
Coimbatore ..	..	24	7,061	..	199	2,246	2.4	22.9
The Nilgiris ..	..	20	962	..	39	130	10.0	962.0
Salem ..	..	6	7,052	..	102	2,332	2.0	27.3
South Kanara ..	..	5	4,016	..	67	1,305	0.8	13.6
Malabar ..	..	30	5,764	..	236	3,298	1.2	16.0
Anjengo ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for 1932-33.	17,267	407	124,858	1,568	3,715	41,489	1.8	24.2
Total for 1931-32.	17,267	407	124,858	1,568	3,715	41,489	1.8	24.1

No. V-1932-33.

of square miles per shop.		Number of shops per 10,000 of population.	
Opium.		Country spirit.	
Opium.		Distillery area.	
Opium.		Opium.	
Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.
(8)	(9)	(11)	(14)
3.0	161.0	3.0	279.1
4.8	178.8	4.8	780.3
2.6	74.8	4.3	326.6
2.5	84.1	2.5	471.2
7.5	141.3	7.5	441.5
2.8	273.5	2.8	319.1
25.0	495.3	25.0	466.1
6.5	738.3	6.5	454.3
2.3	841.8	2.3	448.9
5.3	1,139.4	5.3	237.4
5.0	355.8	5.0	391.4
7.8	..	6.2	..
6.5	1,539.0	3.3	513.0
4.5	491.0	4.5	491.0
2.7	926.4	2.7	514.7
5.7	598.7	5.7	349.3
4.4	412.3	4.4	337.4
3.8	859.8	3.0	859.8
4.0	1,222.0	4.0	325.9
4.3	480.6	3.3	369.7
2.3	615.4	2.3	391.6
4.0	706.1	4.0	353.1
10.0	481.0	10.0	962.0
6.0	783.6	6.0	503.7
5.0	803.2	5.0	223.1
6.0	320.2	5.0	240.2
..	..	..	..
4.7	303.0	4.5	392.6
4.7	303.7	4.5	393.7
1.0	0.6	1.2	0.2
1.0	0.6	1.2	0.2

† There are no separate shops for the sale of bhang; the privilege of the vend of ganja and bhang is a combined privilege.

Imperial Return

Name of district.	Number of shops per 10,000 of population—cont.				Consumption per 100 of the population in gallons or seers (to two places of decimals).				Average	
	Ganja.		Bhang.		Country spirit (distillery area).				Country (distillery)	
	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.		Opium.	Ganja.	Bhang.	Duty.	Vend fees.
	(15)		(17)		(18)	(19)	(20)	(22)	(23)	(24)
Ganjam ..	0.4	0.1			1.29	0.18	0.17	0.02	11.55	4.46
Vizagapatam ..	0.3	0.1			1.35	0.17	0.05	0.004	10.56	9.41
East Godavari ..	0.2	0.1			2.74	0.37	0.07	0.0001	8.95	5.25
West Godavari ..	0.3	0.04			2.16	0.21	0.07	..	10.85	5.45
Kistna ..	0.2	0.1			3.28	0.07	0.08	0.0004	10.67	5.42
Guntur ..	0.3	0.1			1.91	0.06	0.08	0.0002	11.01	4.71
Nellore ..	0.2	0.1			1.33	0.04	0.09	..	10.78	4.41
Cuddapah ..	0.5	0.1			3.20	0.02	0.22	0.002	8.91	4.11
Anantapur ..	0.7	0.1			1.97	0.01	0.11	0.003	8.81	5.56
Bellary ..	0.3	0.3			2.75	0.01	0.18	0.0006	9.35	4.64
Kurnool (including Bangana-palle).	0.3	0.2			2.99	0.03	0.23	0.0002	8.90	4.03
Madras ..	0.1	..			14.64	0.17	0.55	0.19	11.14	6.78
Chingleput ..	0.4	0.03			2.46	0.01	0.07	0.02	10.91	6.40
Chittoor ..	0.5	0.1			1.79	0.02	0.13	0.001	8.90	5.01
North Arcot ..	0.4	0.04			2.30	0.02	0.06	0.0008	8.96	4.99
South Arcot ..	0.3	0.1			2.15	0.01	0.03	0.001	8.74	4.14
Tanjore ..	0.3	0.1			1.08	0.04	0.05	0.001	9.05	6.11
Trichinopoly ..	0.3	0.02			2.17	0.02	0.05	0.003	8.52	6.17
Madura ..	0.2	0.1			1.47	0.02	0.09	0.04	9.00	5.61
Ramnad ..	0.4	0.1			1.10	0.01	0.09	0.01	9.01	5.96
Tinnevely ..	0.2	0.1			1.84	0.02	0.07	0.0007	8.79	5.80
Coimbatore ..	0.3	0.1			2.15	0.03	0.01	0.03	8.91	5.60
The Nilgiris ..	0.5	0.1			5.31	0.14	0.05	..	8.85	24.04
Salem ..	0.1	0.1			1.37	0.01	0.07	0.07	8.93	4.63
South Kanara ..	0.1	0.1			2.61	0.01	0.06	..	8.86	1.96
Malabar ..	0.3	0.1			0.96	0.02	0.43	..	8.69	3.95
Anjengo ..	..	..			..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for 1932-33.	0.2	0.1	..	..	2.07	0.06	0.09	0.01	9.60	5.50
Total for 1931-32.	0.2	0.1	..	..	2.17	0.06	0.08	0.01	9.58	6.18

* There are no separate shops for the sale of bhang. The privilege of the vend of ganja and bhang is a combined privilege.

No. V—1932-33—cont.

taxation per proof gallon or seer in rupees (to two places of decimals).

spirit area.)	Opium.		Ganja.		Bhang.		Average total Excise revenue per head of population based on column (48) of Imperial Return I.
	Total.	Duty.	Total.	Duty.	Total.	Duty.	
(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(38)
16.01		27.34	88.97		14.39	39.39	0.48
19.97		27.02	88.65		19.71	44.71	0.54
14.20		26.22	87.85		12.85	37.85	1.18
16.30		32.23	93.86		11.31	36.31	1.06
16.09		55.88	117.51		14.79	39.79	1.06
15.72		38.50	100.13		19.93	44.93	0.50
15.19		34.36	95.99		21.93	46.93	0.47
13.02		63.29	124.92		15.97	40.97	0.81
14.37		40.88	102.46		16.75	41.75	1.28
18.99		54.77	116.40		15.56	40.56	1.33
12.93		50.13	111.76		10.51	35.51	1.44
17.92	Rs. 61-10-0 per seer.	69.97	131.60	Rs. 25. per seer.	36.35	61.35	6.21
17.31		68.30	129.93		21.60	46.60	1.39
13.91		43.27	104.90		16.26	41.26	0.65
13.95		46.45	108.08		26.99	51.99	0.94
12.88		86.55	148.18		29.62	54.62	0.65
15.16		72.25	133.88		36.74	61.74	1.19
14.69		61.82	123.45		27.85	52.85	0.96
14.61		71.76	133.39		27.03	52.03	0.68
14.97		58.82	120.45		33.50	58.50	0.50
14.59		64.92	126.55		25.22	50.20	0.65
14.51	Rs. 10 per seer.	59.99	121.62	Rs. 10 per seer.	22.25	47.25	1.17
32.89		66.44	128.07		39.66	64.66	3.40
13.56		40.54	102.17		19.39	44.39	1.13
10.82		44.89	106.52		17.45	42.45	0.78
12.64		38.66	100.29		18.93	43.93	0.41
..		..	..		..	..	1.17
15.10		36.91	98.54		21.40	46.40	0.91
15.76		39.70	101.14		24.35	49.35	0.91

* There are no separate shops for the sale of bhang. The privilege of the vend of ganja and bhang is a combined privilege.

fermented liquors under licences granted in each district during 1932-33.

Licences for wholesale vend of imported spirits and import malt liquors manufactured in						
District.	Number of licences (F. L. 1).	Spirits and fermented liquors				
		To other licensed vendors.			Made in British India.	
		Imported.				
		Wines.	Spirits.	Beer.	Spirits.	Beer.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		GALS.	GALS.	GALS.	GALS.	GALS.
Ganjam	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam	1	..	..	..	..	..
East Godavari	3	57	665	364	1,039	..
West Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna	..	..	..	..	..	..
Guntur	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	18	18,902	65,496	364,359	36,259	..
Chingleput	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly	1	461	914	4,343	298	..
Madura	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramnad	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore	1	294	850	3,103	209	..
The Nilgiris	6	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	5	213	544	1,962	873	..
Total	35	19,927	68,489	374,131	38,678	..

ed fermented liquors and spirits and British India.					Licences for the sale of liquor by distillers.			Licences for the sale of beer by brewers.		
sold thereunder.					Quantity of spirits sold thereunder.			Quantity of beer sold thereunder.		
To the public.					Number of licences.	To other licensed vendors.		Number of brewery licences.	To other licensed vendors.	
Imported.		Made in British India.				To the public.			To the public.	
Wines.	Spirits.	Beer.	Spirits.	Beer.		Spirits.	Spirits.		Beer.	Beer.
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
GALS.	GALS.	GALS.	GALS.	GALS.		GALS.			GALS.	GALS.
3	73	4,289	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2,369	8,952	160,698	232	..	..	..	..	1	101,439	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	1	9,238	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	213	553	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
47	262	1,928	..	1,200	..	..	..	1	141,318	3,173
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
999	2,357	2,960	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3,437	11,857	170,428	306	1,200	1	9,238	..	2	242,757	3,173

Imperial Form No. VI-B—Statistics of retail vend and consumption of
British India and excised at a special rate of duty

Sold under shop licences.						
District.	On fixed fees.				On fees by	
	Number of licences —F.L. 2, 3, 4, 11, 12 and special licences.	Sales thereunder.			Number of licences —F.L. 5, 6 (a), 6 and 6 (a).	Sales
		Wines.	Spirits.	Beer.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		GALS.	GALS.	GALS.		GALS.
Ganjam	5	123	913	1,712	..	..
Vizagapatam	24	302	2,042	3,755	1	11
East Godavari	15	256	3,670	2,270	2	1
West Godavari	7	56	625	185	..	..
Kistna	4	99	764	395	2	8
Guntur	5	150	1,014	905	..	..
Nellore	2	24	187	1,265	..	..
Cuddapah	1	1	67	128	..	..
Anantapur	9	52	406	986	..	..
Bellary	5	40	697	1,438	1	..
Kurnool	2	48	294	458	..	..
Madras	112	5,749	20,213	49,627	6	86
Chingleput	25	42	437	2,026	4	8
Chittoor	3	32	238	779	..	..
North Arcot	9	62	779	1,785	1	..
South Arcot	9	59	204	525	1	..
Tanjore	14	252	1,202	2,704	3	..
Trichinopoly	31	713	2,283	6,569	2	..
Madura	31	570	3,774	4,307	3	41
Ramnad	3	33	226	458	..	..
Tinnevelly	8	457	1,528	1,623	..	..
Coimbatore	27	939	4,315	12,809	5	..
The Nilgiris	31	1,658	6,602	14,008	6	..
Salem	12	112	700	2,333	2	..
South Kanara	8	783	675	1,986	..	..
Malabar	19	1,154	2,669	4,129	6	83
Total	421	13,766	56,524	119,145	45	238

imported spirits, wines and beer and of spirits and beer manufactured in
and of denatured spirits, etc., during 1932-33.

Spirits, wines and beer.											
		Sold under hotel or dak bungalow licences.					Sold under railway refreshment room licences.				
determined auction.		Number of licences—F.L. 7, 8 and 10. (10)	Sales thereunder.			Number of licences—F.L. 9 and dining car licences. (14)	Sales thereunder.				
thereunder.			Wines. (11)	Spirits. (12)	Beer. (13)		Wines. (15)	Spirits. (16)	Beer. (17)		
			GALS.	GALS.	GALS.		GALS.	GALS.	GALS.		
		1	16	64	220	1	1	12			
	517	2	2	47	892	3	61	427	1,945		
	235	2	19	331	812	3	18	228	1,276		
		1	1	110	80	1	3	28	211		
	525	1	8	113	589	1	15	148	1,104		
		1	2	59	144	3	11	225	905		
		1	1	42	81	3	12	106	1,254		
		..	..	..	..	1	5	63	451		
		..	..	..	..	4	14	195	1,937		
	4,698	1	1	67	974	2	17	182	1,185		
		..	..	..	..	4	7	93	406		
	10,278	20	342	1,411	24,159	14	77	785	9,077		
	1,033	3	2	36	1,554	1	16	116	778		
		..	..	..	..	2	5	66	450		
		..	..	..	..	4	62	190	2,546		
		..	..	..	..	2	13	163	1,519		
	69	..	..	..	..	4	67	369	3,156		
		1	10	52	628	2	40	343	3,129		
	790	4	15	147	3,593	3	41	446	2,937		
		..	..	..	..	3	17	142	1,263		
		..	..	..	..	6	103	624	3,630		
		2	29	237	1,950	3	20	218	1,763		
	15,888	7	72	264	3,508	2	15	122	1,618		
	61,781	..	..	..	..	1	22	88	676		
	4,588	..	..	..	..	1	9	40	599		
		2	7	99	661	1					
	834	8	178	488	1,289	4	109	350	2,518		
	13,781	57	705	3,567	41,134	78	780	5,769	46,353		

Imperial Form No. VI-B—Statistics of retail vend and consumption of
British India and excised at a special rate of duty

District	Spirits, wines,				
	Sold by chemists and druggists.		Sold as tonic or medicine or medicated wines and similar preparations.		
	Number of licences—F.L. 13.	Sales there- under.	Number of licences—F.L. 17.	Sales thereunder.	
				Wines.	Spirits.
	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
		GALS.		GALS.	GALS.
Ganjam	..	..	3	8	..
Vizagapatam	..	..	10	145	..
East Godavari	2	2	19	125	..
West Godavari	1	1	11	42	..
Kistna	1	2	11	116	..
Guntur	1	1	4	19	..
Nellore	1	2	2	11	..
Cuddapah	..	..	1	1	..
Anantapur	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	..	..	10	18	..
Kurnool	..	..	2	10	..
Madras	29	69	39	1,986	..
Chingleput	..	..	..	..	..
Chittoor	..	..	2	11	..
North Arcot	..	..	2	32	..
South Arcot	..	..	5	51	..
Tanjore	..	..	20	223	..
Trichinopoly	2	6	11	117	..
Madura	..	..	11	268	..
Ramnad	1	..	8	150	..
Tinnevely	..	..	12	246	..
Coimbatore	3	2	8	110	..
The Nilgiris	3	10	5	8	..
Salem	..	..	5	55	..
South Kanara	1	6	9	253	..
Malabar	5	60	21	434	..
Total	50	161	235	4,439	..

imported spirits, wines and beer and of spirits and beer manufactured in
and of denatured spirits, etc., during 1932-33—cont.

and beer—cont.				Spirits made in India in private distilleries.			Spirits made in outstills.	
Sold under canteen tenant system.				Denatured spirits.		Sold direct from distilleries under special permits and passes.		
Number of licences—F.L.— 20.	Sales thereunder.			Number of D.S. licences.	Sales thereunder.	Rectified spirits.	Denatured spirits.	Spirits intended for human consumption.
	Wines.	Spirits.	Beer.					
(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
	GALS.	GALS.	GALS.		GALS.			
..	..	..	..	21	1,021	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	43	2,368	..	..	128
..	..	..	..	46	1,976	..	..	36
..	..	..	..	20	910	..	..	(a) 226,921
..	..	..	..	22	1,154	..	..	(b) 20,609
..	..	..	..	27	1,147	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	19	812	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	13	477	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	26	1,062	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	23	1,014	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	23	766	..	..	..
1	14	22	5,677	84	19,328	..	..	..
2	7	29	4,251	16	1,855	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	11	717	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	43	1,849	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	31	2,442	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	55	6,784	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	32	1,700	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	55	6,787	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	41	4,024	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	43	2,826	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	44	4,150	..	..	..
6	75	226	15,596	15	1,123	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	24	2,278	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	33	1,622	..	..	..
2	..	..	4,922	65	5,503	..	..	..
11	96	277	30,446	874	75,715	..	..	164
								247,530

(a) Includes 153,556 gallons issued under the Central Distillery system in the Jeypore and
Parvatipur circles.

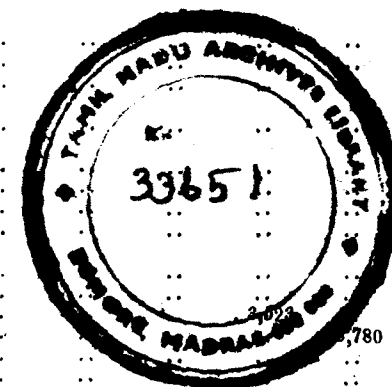
(b) Issued under the Central Distillery system.

STATEMENT A.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance
Presidency for the

Detailed heads. (1)	DEMAND.		
	Arrears. (2) RS.	Current. (3) RS.	Total. (4) RS.
<i>Country spirits.</i>			
1 Licence fees of { (a) Distilleries	..	1,300	1,300
2 { (b) Wholesale depots	..	255	255
2 Excise duty on distillery spirits	..	89,66,665	89,66,665
3 Difference of excise duty on stock of spirits at the beginning of the lease	..	..	..
4 Rents of independent shops	..	..	..
5 Occasional licence fees	..	..	..
6 Rents for the combined privilege of manufacture and vend	1,04,802	51,40,370	52,44,972
7 Revenue derived from { (a) Duty	..	51,532	51,532
the Agency tracts under { (b) Rentals	49	1,40,204	1,40,253
the outstill and central distillery system.			
Total ..	1,04,851	1,43,00,326	1,44,04,977
<i>Toddy.</i>			
8 Rents of { (a) Vend areas	..	..	..
9 { (b) Independent shops	..	..	..
9 Licence fees of shops	1,62,856	1,04,54,910	1,06,17,766
10 Occasional licence fees	..	..	..
11 Tree-tax	1,12,838	1,02,27,871	1,03,40,709
12 Transport duty on toddy brought from Hyderabad.	..	3,350	3,350
Total ..	2,75,694	2,06,86,131	2,09,61,825
<i>Foreign liquors—Imported and locally-made liquors.</i>			
13 Licence fees of breweries	..	30	30
14 Excise duty on { (a) Locally-made foreign spirits	..	5,43,717	5,43,717
{ (b) Country-brewed beer	..	2,08,426	2,08,426
{ (c) Spirits contained in medicinal preparations	..	1,13,926	1,13,926
{ (d) Spirits for other commercial, scientific and industrial purposes	..	1,323	1,323
I. Wholesale	..	22,250	22,250
II. Retail	..	..	..
Foreign liquor 3—Retail sale of brandy in prescriptions.	..	190	190
(a) Shops .. { (1) Foreign liquor	..	59,200	59,200
{ (2) Beer	..	..	..
(b) Taverns. { (1) Foreign liquor	3,523	1,95,576	1,99,099
{ (2) Beer	9,082	2,17,068	2,26,150
(c) Hotels	..	3,945	3,945
(d) Bars	100	3,599	3,699
(e) Refreshment { (1) Railway and dak lines.	..	6,725	6,725
rooms. { (2) Other sorts	..	4,250	4,250
(f) Occasional licences	5	2,325	2,330
(g) Special licences	..	802	802
(h) Auctioneers' licences	..	10	10
(i) Chemists and druggists' licences	..	500	500
(j) Medicated wines	..	2,350	2,350
III. Compounding licences	..	2,000	2,000
IV. Bottling licences	..	600	600
Fees from clubs	75	7,088	7,163
Licence fees for denatured spirits.	..	26,006	26,006
Total ..	12,785	14,21,906	14,34,691

under the several heads of excise (abkari and opium) revenue in the Madras year 1932-33.

COLLECTION.			AMOUNT WRITTEN OFF.			BALANCE.		
Arrears. (5) RS.	Current. (6) RS.	Total. (7) RS.	Arrears. (8) RS.	Current. (9) RS.	Total. (10) RS.	Arrears. (11) RS.	Current. (12) RS.	Total. (13) RS.
..	1,300	1,300	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	255	255	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	89,66,665	89,66,665	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
44,808	51,19,771	51,84,379	4,180	6,073	10,253	55,814	14,526	70,340
..	51,532	51,532	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,40,204	1,40,204	49	..	49	..	..	..
44,808	1,42,79,727	1,43,24,335	4,229	6,073	10,302	55,814	14,526	70,340
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
87,466	1,03,77,746	1,04,65,212	31,411	3,987	35,398	43,979	73,177	1,17,156
70,655	1,01,86,228	1,02,06,883	19,365	15,210	34,575	22,818	76,433	99,251
..	8,350	8,350	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,58,121	2,05,17,324	2,06,75,445	50,776	19,197	69,973	66,797	1,49,610	2,16,407
..	30	30	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5,43,717	5,43,717	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,08,426	2,08,426	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,13,926	1,13,926	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,323	1,323	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	22,250	22,250	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	190	190	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	59,200	59,200	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,95,576	1,95,576	..	..	..	..	..	..
9,082	2,08,288	2,17,370	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3,945	3,945	..	..	..	..	..	..
100	3,599	3,699	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6,725	6,725	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	4,250	4,250	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	2,325	2,330	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	802	802	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10	10	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	500	500	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,350	2,350	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,000	2,000	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	600	600	..	..	..	..	..	..
52	7,020	7,072	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	25,227	25,227	..	..	..	..	..	..
9,239	14,12,279	14,21,518	..	..	..	3,546	9,627	13,173



Ex.—4-A

X7291.211 r N32

N3333

STATEMENT A.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance
Presidency for the

Detailed heads. (1)	DEMAND.		
	Arrears.	Current.	Total.
	(2)	(3)	(4)
<i>Drugs other than opium—Ganja, bhang, etc.</i>	RS.	RS.	RS.
16 Rents for the sale of ganja, bhang and other intoxicating drugs prepared from the hemp plant	8,431	9,03,181	9,11,612
17 Excise duty on ganja	..	10,83,999	10,83,999
18 Do. bhang	..	39,880	39,880
19 Differential duty on stock of drugs at the beginning of the lease	..	..	..
Total ..	8,431	20,27,060	20,35,491
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>			
20 Contributions for establishments employed in distilleries and warehouses	..	6,225	6,225
21 Penalties and forfeitures	16,127	3,70,798	3,86,925
22 Other miscellaneous items	13,282	86,262	99,544
23 Rents of buildings	..	14,747	14,747
23 (a) Recoveries of over-payments	..	686	686
(b) Sale-proceeds of dram measures and bung rods	..	2,777	2,777
Total ..	29,409	4,81,495	5,10,904
Total, Abkari ..	4,80,970	3,89,16,918	3,93,47,888
<i>Opium.</i>			
24 Cost price of opium	..	7,45,950	7,45,950
25 Duty on opium	..	19,12,805	19,12,805
26 Differential duty on stock of opium at the beginning of the lease	..	..	..
27 Rents of	4,423	11,06,391	11,10,814
28 Rents derived in the Agency { (a) Rent tract from (b) Licence fees	..	..	..
29 Penalties and forfeitures	185	9,052	9,237
30 Miscellaneous	..	105	105
Total, Opium ..	4,608	37,74,303	37,78,911
Grand Total, Abkari and Opium ..	* 4,35,578	4,26,91,221	4,31,26,799

.. .. . figures.

under the several heads of excise (abkari and opium) revenue in the Madras
year 1932-33—cont.

COLLECTION.			AMOUNT WRITTEN OFF.			BALANCE.		
Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.
(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
4,120	8,99,860	9,03,980	..	45	45	4,311	3,276	7,587
..	10,83,999	10,83,999	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	39,880	39,880	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4,120	20,28,739	20,27,859	..	45	45	4,311	3,276	7,587
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6,225	6,225	..	..	..	..	..	..
11,877	3,61,677	3,73,554	1,780	242	2,022	2,470	8,879	11,349
8,598	78,885	87,483	1,561	1,025	2,586	3,123	6,352	9,475
..	14,747	14,747	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	686	686	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,777	2,777	..	..	..	..	..	..
20,475	4,84,997	4,85,472	3,341	1,267	4,608	5,593	15,231	20,824
2,36,563	3,86,98,066	3,89,34,629	58,346	16,582	84,928	1,36,061	1,92,270	3,28,331
..	7,45,950	7,45,950	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	19,12,805	19,12,805	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,084	11,01,658	11,02,737	..	240	240	3,339	4,498	7,837
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
187	8,895	9,082	16	..	16	32	157	189
..	105	105	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,221	37,69,408	37,70,629	16	240	256	3,371	4,655	8,026
2,37,784	4,24,67,474	4,27,05,258	58,362	26,822	85,184	1,39,432	1,96,925	3,36,357

STATEMENT A (1).—Statement showing the fees realized

Districts.	Manufacture of liquors.		Compounding and bottling licences—F.L.-1 (a) and F.L.-1 (b).	Country spirits.	Wholesale.	Country spirits—Retail sale.			Fermented toddy.	Malt liquors—F.L.-4, F.L.-6 and F.L.-6 (c).
	Breweries.	Distilleries.				Spirits under distillery system (permanent).	Spirits under distillery system (temporary).	Spirits under outstill system (Agency tracts).		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjam ..	100	..	..	..	..	1,17,800	..	..	24,284	..
Vizagapatam ..	250	..	..	..	250	3,15,234	..	1,16,597	98,202	..
East Godavari ..	150	250	..	..	750	2,63,928	..	23,607	1,84,622	..
West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,44,300	..	..	1,89,791	..
Kistna ..	..	..	..	..	..	2,21,319	..	..	1,00,713	..
Guntur ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,83,005	..	..	94,266	..
Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	87,244	..	..	77,748	..
Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,24,836	..	..	1,27,716	..
Anantapur ..	100	..	..	..	..	1,16,242	..	..	4,95,508	..
Bellary ..	100	..	..	..	..	1,23,924	..	..	4,52,460	1,620
Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,28,222	..	..	5,66,976	..
Madras ..	..	2,000	..	..	18,000	6,42,000	..	..	4,44,696	..
Chingleput ..	15	..	..	..	..	2,60,686	..	..	5,87,340	5,004
Chittoor ..	100	..	..	..	..	1,29,868	..	..	2,77,140	..
North Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	2,60,129	..	..	6,92,826	1,932
South Arcot ..	100	250	..	..	..	2,18,666	..	..	3,66,262	1,188
Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,57,956	..	..	10,22,542	9,684
Trichinopoly ..	..	..	..	..	250	2,56,610	..	..	6,19,781	12,780
Madura ..	..	..	..	90	..	1,81,460	..	..	4,71,604	16,080
Ramnad ..	..	..	..	120	..	1,20,336	..	..	2,81,286	..
Tinnevelly ..	200	..	45	..	..	2,18,210	..	..	2,34,833	..
Coimbatore ..	100	..	..	250	..	2,94,429	..	..	10,18,100	19,908
The Nilgiris ..	15	..	50	..	1,500	2,16,120	..	..	..	1,41,120
Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,54,531	..	..	13,03,340	6,660
South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	70,214	..	..	3,25,721	..
Malabar ..	100	50	..	1,250	..	1,34,211	..	..	3,97,158	1,092
Total ..	30	1,300	2,600	255	22,250	51,40,370	..	1,40,204	1,04,54,910	2,17,068

for shops and licences during the year 1932-33.

Foreign liquor—Retail sale.										Drugs—Retail sale		
Foreign liquors to be consumed on premises and on and off premises—F.L.-5 and F.L.-5 (e).	Foreign liquors to be consumed off premises—F.L.-2.	Liquors in hotels, restaurants, boarding houses and clubs and refreshment rooms and stalls other than railway refreshment rooms (excluding canteens)—F.L.-7, F.L.-8 and F.L.-10.	Liquors in railway refreshment rooms, dak bungalows, dining cars and steamers—F.L.-9 and F.L.-14.	Liquors in temporary refreshment stalls (including other temporary licences for foreign liquors)—F.L.-11.	Foreign liquors—All other special retail licences, including canteen licences—F.L.-3, F.L.-20 and F.L.-12.	Rectified spirits and medicated wines (druggists' permits)—F.L.-13 and F.L.-17.	Fees from clubs.	Licence fees for the sale of denatured spirits.	Opium.	Ganja and bhang.		
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)		
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		
5,100	1,000	20	75	..	5	30	17	810	1,11,497	57,672		
6,600	2,100	100	250	47	30	100	208	826	1,67,976	36,672		
..	2,000	150	300	22	15	210	95	712	1,85,328	16,200		
..	1,200	50	150	..	15	120	..	328	81,372	9,792		
5,280	900	50	100	..	5	120	19	388	50,991	14,582		
..	800	50	250	..	5	50	50	408	47,616	32,976		
..	500	50	275	..	..	30	36	264	18,571	29,148		
..	200	..	150	..	..	10	..	239	18,512	34,440		
..	800	..	325	11	..	..	..	392	4,308	18,576		
..	1,100	75	175	..	5	100	38	356	4,080	27,204		
..	500	..	250	..	..	20	5	293	14,808	25,356		
1,37,760	18,750	9,900	550	931	675	680	3,057	6,906	75,720	1,29,860		
27,072	500	149	100	486	29	..	778	387	9,084	28,076		
..	600	..	125	..	..	20	..	273	11,898	30,534		
..	1,800	..	400	10	..	20	20	641	21,552	33,792		
..	700	..	200	10	20	50	12	899	16,488	22,836		
2,220	2,100	..	675	98	20	200	45	1,824	75,000	45,372		
..	1,300	50	200	135	..	130	305	588	20,772	26,064		
8,400	2,500	200	250	182	5	110	203	2,629	32,076	56,324		
..	800	..	300	..	..	90	19	1,094	15,264	53,208		
..	425	..	425	..	10	120	75	1,040	26,388	37,326		
..	1,800	..	300	96	5	110	320	1,576	38,952	60,816		
..	3,300	100	300	256	89	80	1,011	424	16,212	3,371		
..	8,750	500	300	256	89	80	1,011	424	16,212	3,371		
..	1,200	..	100	6	25	50	59	852	14,532	32,016		
..	1,300	75	150	1	10	100	69	556	4,422	14,970		
3,144	2,700	275	350	35	34	300	647	1,851	27,972	28,548		
1,95,576	59,200	11,794	6,725	2,325	1,002	2,850	7,088	26,006	11,06,391	9,03,181		

Boards in the major municipalities in the matter of number and location of shops taken thereon.

[illegible]

Advisory Committees in the several Revenue Divisions in the matter of and the action taken thereon.

[illegible]

Advisory Committees in the several Revenue Divisions in the matter of the action taken thereon—*cont.*

[illegible]

STATEMENT B (1).—Statement showing the number of different kinds of shops, newly opened and permanently closed during 1932-33.

Districts.	Number of shops newly opened.					Number of shops permanently closed.				
	Arrack.	Toddy.	Ganja.	Opium.	Foreign liquor and beer.	Arrack.	Toddy.	Ganja.	Opium.	Foreign liquor and beer.
Ganjam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam ..	8	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
East Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
Kistna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Guntur ..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Nellore ..	2	6	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	..
Cuddapah ..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
Anantapur ..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Kurnool ..	..	1	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	..
Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..
South Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	9	3	..	..	..
Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Madura ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	63	..	..	..
Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore ..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem ..	..	1	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	..
South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	3	4	..	..	..
Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	..
Total ..	12	11	1	1	..	32	79	..	..	..

STATEMENT C.—Statement showing the number of shops and stills licensed and the rentals obtained in the several non-distillery areas of the Presidency during 1932-33.

Tracts.	Population	Area in square miles	Number of shop and still licences.	Rentals.	Incidence of rents per head of population.	Square miles per shop.	Population per shop.	Remarks.
<i>Tracts in which Act I of 1886 and separate sales of shops and stills are in force.</i>				RS.	RS. A. P.			
Ganjam ..	357,800	3,510	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam ..	1,122,393	12,253	(a) 128	1,16,597	0 1 8	96	8,769	..
East Godavari ..	88,193	1,504	(b) 36	23,607	0 4 3	42	2,448	..

(a) Eighteen combined shops and still licences and 110 shops under the Central Distillery system in the Jeypore and Parvatipur circles.

(b) Shops sold under the Central Distillery system.

STATEMENT D.—Statement showing the quantities of foreign liquor imported into the Madras Presidency by sea and the Customs duty realized thereon during the year 1932-33 as compared with 1930-31 and 1931-32.

Foreign liquor.	Quantity.			Duty.		Increase or decrease in 1932-33 as compared with 1931-32.	
	Quantity.			Duty.		Quantity.	
	1930-31. (2)	1931-32. (3)	1932-33. (4)	1930-31. (5)	1931-32. (6)	1932-33. (7)	Duty. (9)
Ale, beer and porter	538,339	476,281	499,804	2,73,552	3,96,804	4,72,788	75,984
Cider and other fermented liquors	1,220	1,143	845	386	421	290	131
Spirits and liqueurs—							
Brandy	58,171	25,244	20,025	10,68,699	5,90,777	6,83,116	92,339
Gin	17,446	12,323	8,437	3,20,768	2,31,240	2,91,418	60,178
Rum	464	369	212	16,216	10,582	8,144	2,438
Whisky	46,955	31,317	28,629	9,27,259	7,02,618	9,07,800	2,05,182
Liqueurs	800	4,573	299	2,48,115	92,190	98,446	6,256
Spirits present in drugs, medicines and chemicals ..	16,660	10,724	12,447	15,320	1,02,961	1,06,975	4,014
Spirits, perfumed	855	733	359	30,672	31,223	21,606	9,617
Spirits, denatured—Imported direct	7	1,535	..	..	..	..	..
Spirit denatured at Custom House on arrival before clearance.	76,882	80,737	75,757	6,427	6,994	7,000	8
Other sorts of spirits	10,006	3,187	1,731	1,59,047	42,846	8,996	33,850
Wines	39,562	30,724	22,622	1,90,235	2,06,535	1,79,490	26,045
Total	807,367	678,890	671,177	32,56,646	24,14,191	27,86,089	3,71,878

STATEMENT E.—Statement showing the quantities of potable spirits excised and denatured spirits issued from distilleries during 1932-33 as compared with 1931-32.

Where excised.	Potable spirits.			Denatured spirits.		
	Quantity.			Quantity.		
	1931-32. (2)	1932-33. (3)	1931-32. (4)	1931-32. (6)	1932-33. (7)	1932-33. (9)
(1)	PROOF GALLONS.	PROOF GALLONS.	RS.	PROOF GALLONS.	PROOF GALLONS.	
Samalkot distillery	396	239	6,981	990	17,266	..
Nellikuppam	8,923	9,238	1,56,158	7,630	(a) 12,520	..
Chavakkat	..	1	..	..	..	..
Malabar Arrack Bonded Warehouse, Madras	11,999	9,562	2,09,983	..	..	..
Special Bonded Warehouse, McDowell, Madras	2,715	3,015	47,513	..	..	..
Total	24,033	22,055	4,20,585	8,620	29,886	..

(a) Includes 50 gallons to Cochin.

STATEMENT F.—Statement showing the quantities of cocaine and its preparations imported into the Presidency, sold and held in stock during the year 1932-33.

Number of licences for the sale of cocaine and its preparations.	Stock in hand with the licensees at the beginning of the lease.			Imports.			Balance of stock at the end of the lease.		
	By sea.			From other provinces.			Total.		
	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.
281	(a) 4 13 376½	0 8 328	2 4 310	2 13 200½	1 10 36½	3 7 341½			

(a) Revised figure. Includes 1 lb 6 oz. 482½ grs. purchased from other licensees in the Presidency. (b) Wholesale sales.

STATEMENT G.—Classified statement of offences against the Abkari laws

Offences relating to foreign liquor, arrack and toddy											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
Subdivisions.	Districts.	Smuggling.	Illicit distillation and possession and sale of illicitly distilled spirits.	Illicit manufacture of toddy.	Illicit transport.	Unlicensed sales.	Possession without licence.	Adulteration.	Dilution.	Use of false measures.	
Waltair.	Ganjam ..	17	510	23	1	4	28	..	22	2	
	Vizagapatam ..	104	928	112	74	72	257	..	23	2	
	East Godavari.	18	371	727	9	34	207	..	17	9	
	West Godavari.	8	170	999	23	9	153	..	11	1	
	Kistna ..	25	28	408	11	20	148	..	28	5	
	Total, Waltair Subdivision.	172	2,005	2,269	118	139	791	..	101	19	
Nellore.	Guntur ..	2	159	214	6	28	104	..	13	5	
	Nellore ..	..	95	311	14	40	136	..	10	3	
	Chittoor ..	..	23	49	17	35	99	..	8	2	
	Madras ..	..	..	96	9	5	4	..	3	..	
	Chingleput ..	3	1	263	38	46	72	..	19	1	
	Total, Nellore Subdivision.	5	278	933	84	154	415	..	53	11	
Bellary.	Cuddapah ..	..	178	18	8	7	31	..	11	7	
	Anantapur ..	33	162	17	27	19	285	..	9	6	
	Bellary ..	30	135	19	30	34	107	..	14	9	
	Kurnool ..	37	217	49	18	18	207	..	24	2	
	Total, Bellary Subdivision.	100	692	103	83	78	630	..	58	24	
Aroor.	South Aroor ..	13	48	127	18	31	52	..	23	10	
	Tanjore ..	7	..	256	66	67	145	..	13	2	
	North Aroor ..	..	16	148	49	101	262	..	29	8	
	Salem ..	7	451	733	16	79	341	..	11	4	
	Total, Aroor Subdivision.	27	515	1,264	149	278	800	..	76	24	
Tinnevely.	Trichinopoly ..	16	40	71	31	61	113	..	27	7	
	Madura ..	..	52	98	33	27	22	..	18	5	
	Ramnad ..	..	..	446	84	55	209	..	4	2	
	Tinnevely ..	14	24	1,312	112	120	112	..	14	5	
	Total, Tinnevely Subdivision.	30	116	1,927	260	263	456	..	63	19	
West Coast.	Coimbatore ..	3	265	744	56	100	223	..	17	6	
	The Nilgiris ..	9	6	..	11	3	27	..	..	..	
	South Kanara.	1	413	634	40	11	305	..	17	..	
	Malabar ..	5	234	1,348	191	38	914	..	16	1	
	Total, West Coast Subdivision.	18	918	2,726	298	152	1,469	..	50	7	
Total { 1932-33		352	4,524	9,222	992	1,064	4,561	..	401	104	
1931-32		305	3,301	8,598	1,106	965	4,278	..	424	108	

reported in the several districts during the year 1932-33.

Other offences of (breaches of licence, conditions, etc.)	revenue.	Offences relating to hemp drugs.							Grand total.
		Illicit cultivation of the hemp plant.	Smuggling.	Illicit transport.	Unlicensed sales.	Possession without licence.	Other offences.	Total.	
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
3	608	11	..	..	..	20	..	31	639
4	1,574	12	1	..	1	7	..	21	1,595
34	1,426	3	..	..	1	2	..	6	1,432
29	1,403	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	1,405
24	697	5	..	1	1	2	..	9	706
94	5,708	31	1	1	3	33	..	69	5,777
17	548	3	2	..	1	19	1	26	574
21	630	4	..	..	1	8	..	21	651
8	241	4	3	..	7	8	..	22	263
52	169	..	..	..	47	28	..	75	244
54	497	..	..	1	11	5	..	17	514
152	2,085	11	5	1	67	68	9	161	2,246
5	265	2	..	1	1	2	..	6	271
21	579	2	2	1	..	4	..	9	588
27	405	1	..	1	7	14	..	23	428
52	624	2	..	..	4	13	..	19	643
105	1,873	7	2	3	12	33	..	57	1,930
43	365	3	..	..	1	3	3	10	375
55	611	1	..	8	..	5	13	27	638
18	631	4	..	..	7	6	5	22	653
9	1,651	3	6	..	16	23	2	50	1,701
125	3,258	11	6	8	24	37	23	109	3,567
16	382	2	..	..	4	6	..	12	394
12	267	5	..	2	10	3	..	20	287
1	801	1	1	..	3	4	..	9	810
14	1,727	3	..	5	5	16	..	29	1,756
43	3,177	11	1	7	22	29	..	70	3,247
18	1,432	9	2	1	10	19	..	41	1,473
8	64	3	..	..	..	1	..	4	68
43	1,464	1	3	..	2	1	..	7	1,471
50	2,797	2	1	5	3	..	..	11	2,808
119	5,757	15	6	6	15	21	..	63	5,820
638	21,858	86	21	26	143	221	32	529	22,387
725	19,810	101	18	33	127	148	18	445	20,255

* Includes figures for Agency circle.

STATEMENT H.—Statement of offences against the Abkari laws dealt with in the Presidency during the year 1932-33.

Particulars of heads.	Excise administration divisions.							Total.
	Waltair.	Nellore.	Bellary.	Arcoot.	Tinnevely.	West Coast.	1932-33.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Pending at the beginning of the year	Cases. 414	Cases. 152	Cases. 141	Cases. 296	Cases. 198	Cases. 429	Cases. 1,630	Cases. 1,769
Reported during the year 1932-33 (exclusive of unsuccessful house searches) ..	5,777	2,247	1,930	3,367	3,247	5,820	22,387	20,255
Total ..	6,191	2,399	2,071	3,663	3,445	6,249	24,017	22,024
<i>Disposal of cases by the Department.</i>								
Released by the department—								
I For being in possession of country spirits, the strength of which is below the margin allowed for loss of strength from natural causes ..	2	1	..	1	..	..	4	8
II For petty breaches of the provisions of section 56 of the Abkari Act for the first time. ..	3	2	10	3	6	2	26	38
III On proof of ignorance or inadvertence ..	16	17	51	92	38	43	260	268
IV For want of proof ..	122	72	79	42	22	58	395	346
Total ..	143	92	140	141	66	103	685	680
Sent for trial ..	2,293	1,002	1,049	170	976	2,616	9,643	9,262
Cases written off or otherwise disposed of ..	5	2	6	5	3	..	21	26
Compounded ..	3,292	1,161	701	1,625	2,229	3,144	12,152	10,488
Grand Total ..	5,733	2,247	1,856	3,478	3,274	5,863	22,491	20,436
Pending ..	458	152	175	185	171	386	1,526	1,588

STATEMENT H.—Statement of offences against the Abkari laws dealt with in the Presidency during the year 1932-33—cont.

Particulars of heads.	Excise administration divisions.							Total.
	Waltair.	Nellore.	Bellary.	Arcoot.	Tinnevely.	West Coast.	1932-33.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
<i>Disposal of cases by the Magistracy.</i>	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.
Pending at the beginning of the year ..	240	80	81	159	83	287	930	989
Sent for trial during the year ..	2,293	1,002	1,049	1,707	976	2,616	9,643	9,262
Total ..	2,533	1,082	1,130	1,866	1,059	2,903	10,573	10,251
Convicted ..	1,416	518	677	1,341	551	2,252	6,755	6,887
Acquitted ..	45	19	24	31	8	15	142	129
Written off or otherwise disposed of ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Withdrawn on payment of compounding fees ..	805	451	323	319	421	403	2,722	3,284
Total ..	2,266	988	1,024	1,691	980	2,670	9,619	9,300
Pending ..	287	94	106	175	79	233	954	931
<i>Cases sent to the Magistracy otherwise than through the Department.</i>								
Number of cases reported ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. convicted ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. acquitted ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE REVENUE DISTRICTS INCLUDED IN THE VARIOUS SUBDIVISIONS.

- 1 Waltair subdivision.—Ganjam, Vizagapatnam, East Godavari, West Godavari and Kistna districts.
- 2 Nellore subdivision.—Guntur, Nellore, Madras, Chingleput and Chittoor districts.
- 3 Bellary subdivision.—Anantapur, Bellary, Cuddapah and Kurnool districts.
- 4 Tinnevely subdivision.—Trichinopoly, Madras, Kanned and Tinnevely districts.
- 5 Arcoot subdivision.—North Arcoot, Salem, South Arcot and Tanjore districts.
- 6 West Coast subdivision.—Coimbatore, the Nilgiris, South Kanara and Malabar districts.

STATEMENT I.—Statement showing the convictions, etc., under the Opium Act and Rules during 1932-33.

Districts.	Convictions.			Number of persons sentenced to imprisonment for a month or less.	Number of persons sentenced to imprisonment for more than a month.	Fines.		Confiscations.			Rewards to informers, etc.	
	Cases.	Persons.	(3)			(2)	(1)	Number of persons fined.	Total amount of fines.	Number of cases.		Value of articles confiscated.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	Rs.	Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	
Ganjam ..	14	15	..	2	13	635	..	14	217 0 6	..	24 0 0	
Visagapatam ..	27	27	4	6	17	715	..	22	428 2 0	..	72 0 0	
East Godavari ..	19	19	1	3	15	775	..	19	614 11 0	..	76 4 0	
West Godavari ..	9	11	..	2	9	415	..	9	65 15 3	..	12 0 0	
Kistna ..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	4 0 0	..	..	
Guntur ..	5	5	1	2	2	100	..	5	248 10 0	..	19 8 0	
Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 8 0	..	..	
Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Anantapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Kurnool ..	2	2	..	1	1	50	..	2	5 12 0	..	2 0 0	
Madras ..	12	12	..	2	10	223	..	12	387 0 0	..	115 8 0	
Chingleput ..	1	1	..	..	1	15	..	1	0 8 0	..	3 8 0	
Chittoor ..	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	71 3 0	..	10 0 0	
North Arcot ..	1	1	..	..	1	10	..	1	2 10 0	..	7 8 0	
South Arcot ..	5	5	1	..	4	335	..	5	123 4 6	..	42 0 0	
Tanjore ..	16	18	..	10	8	370	..	16	2,124 0 0	..	192 8 0	
Trichinopoly ..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	40 0 0	..	..	
Madura ..	1	1	..	..	1	10	..	1	2 0 0	..	..	
Ramnad ..	7	7	..	2	5	220	..	7	86 15 0	..	20 0 0	
Tinnevely ..	7	7	..	3	4	250	..	8	235 0 0	..	14 0 0	
Coimbatore ..	7	7	2	4	1	30	..	4	35 8 0	..	24 0 0	
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	3	155	..	7	24 9 0	..	65 4 0	
Salem ..	8	8	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
South Kanara ..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Malabar ..	3	3	..	..	3	150	..	3	50 2 0	..	..	
Total ..	148	153	10	45	99	4,458	..	139	4,788 6 3	..	701 0 0	

NOTE—(1) The difference between columns (2) and (8) is due to confiscations not having been ordered in nine cases.
 (2) One person was both fined and imprisoned.

STATEMENT J.—Statement showing the classification of cases convicted under the Opium Act and Rules during 1932-33.

Districts.	Smuggling of opium.	Possession of opium without licence.	Sale of opium without licence.	Sale of opium mixture without licence.	Manufacture of opium mixture without licence.	Other offences.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Ganjam	..	14	..	..	..	..	14
Visagapatam	..	22	4	..	..	..	27
East Godavari	..	18	1	..	..	..	19
West Godavari	..	9	..	..	..	..	9
Kistna	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Guntur	..	3	..	..	..	..	5
Nellore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	4	4	..	..	3	12
Chingleput	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Chittoor	..	2	..	..	..	..	2
North Arcot	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
South Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	..	5
Tanjore	..	13	3	..	..	..	16
Trichinopoly	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
Madura	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Ramnad	..	..	..	2	..	2	7
Tinnevely	..	7	..	..	..	..	7
Coimbatore	..	3	1	1	1	1	7
The Nilgiris	..	..	..	3 ^o	..	..	8
Salem	..	4	1	..	..	..	..
South Kanara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	..	3	..	..	..	..	3
Total ..	14	105	16	6	1	6	148
Total for 1931-32 ..	8	67	10	9	6	26	126

STATEMENT J (1).—Statement showing the convictions, etc., under the Dangerous Drugs Act and Rules during 1932-33.

Offences relating to poppy and opium.

(1)	Illicit import of opium.			Illicit export of opium.			Illicit transshipment of opium.			Illicit cultivation of poppy.			Illicit manufacture of opium.			Offences relating to prepared opium.			
	(2) Number of cases convicted.	(3) Quantity confiscated.	(4) Penalty imposed.	(5) Number of cases convicted.	(6) Quantity confiscated.	(7) Penalty imposed.	(8) Number of cases convicted.	(9) Quantity confiscated.	(10) Penalty imposed.	(11) Number of cases convicted.	(12) Quantity confiscated.	(13) Penalty imposed.	(14) Number of cases convicted.	(15) Quantity confiscated.	(16) Penalty imposed.	(17) Number of cases convicted.	(18) Quantity confiscated.	(19) Penalty imposed.	
						s. T. Rs.											s. T. Rs.		
Cuddapah	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	19	3 17	620
Madras ..	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
South Arcot	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	60	
Tanjore	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	0 10	50
Madura	:	:	:	:	1	2 74	*100	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Ramanud	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Total	:	:	:	1	2 74	* 100	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	23	4 27	730	

* Six months.

• Six months.

STATEMENT J (1).—Statement showing the convictions, etc., under the Dangerous Drugs Act and Rules during 1932-33—*cont.*

Offences relating to hemp.

[illegible]

• **Four months.**

STATEMENT J (1).—Statement showing the convictions, etc., under the Dangerous Drugs Act and Rules during 1932-33—*cont.*

Offences relating to manufactured drugs other than prepared opium—*cont.*

Districts.	Illicit transshipment.			Illicit manufacture.			Illicit possession.			Illicit transport.			Illicit sale.			Rewards sanctioned.
	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)	(52)	
	Number of cases convicted.	Quantity confiscated.	Penalty imposed.	Number of cases convicted.	Quantity confiscated.	Penalty imposed.	Number of cases convicted.	Quantity confiscated.	Penalty imposed.	Number of cases convicted.	Quantity confiscated.	Penalty imposed.	Number of cases convicted.	Quantity confiscated.	Penalty imposed.	(53)
																RS. A. P.
Cuddapah																201 0 0
Madras																24 8 0
South Arcot																..
Tanjore																..
Madurai																..
Ramanad																..
Total																225 8 0

STATEMENT K.—Table showing convictions for drunkenness in the municipal areas in the Madras Presidency during 1932-33 and two previous years.

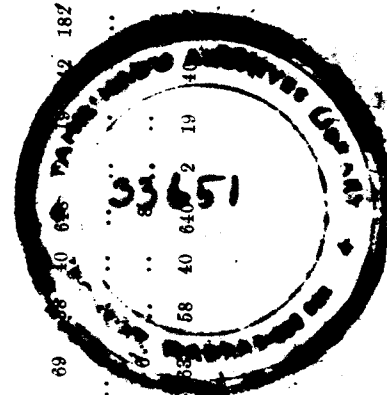
Name of municipality.	Population according to the census of 1931.	1930-31.		1931-32.		1932-33.	
		Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.	Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.	Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1 Berhampur ..	37,750	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 Chittoor ..	16,588	18	11.0	7	4.2	..	..
3 Parlakimedi ..	20,072	..	..	..	..	3	1.5
4 Anakapalle ..	23,376	9	4.4	3	1.3	16	6.8
5 Vizagapatam ..	57,303	178	39.8	214	37.3	159	27.7
6 Bimlipatam ..	9,629	11	14.7	32	33.2	..	..
7 Vizianagram ..	44,696	117	29.8	27	6.0	108	24.2
8 Cocanada ..	65,952	153	28.6	242	36.7	369	55.9
9 Peddapuram ..	17,338	26	17.8	74	42.7	60	34.6
10 Rajahmundry ..	68,626	191	35.5	373	58.7	284	44.7
11 Ellore ..	57,342	..	..	..	..	13	2.3
12 Palakollu ..	16,906	25	17.2	14	8.3	2	1.2
13 Masulipatam ..	56,928	..	..	86	15.1	..	..
14 Bezvada ..	60,427	6	1.4	204	33.8	..	..
15 Chirala ..	18,853	7	4.6	4	2.1	20	10.6
16 Guntur ..	65,179	..	..	..	..	19	2.9
17 Narasaraopet ..	15,403	5	4.4	6	3.1	8	5.2
18 Ongole ..	16,672	1	0.7	..	..	..	..
19 Tenali ..	34,580	..	..	9	2.6	..	..
20 Nellore ..	45,895	221	61.6	153	38.3	308	67.1
21 Cuddapah ..	22,602	140	71.7	167	73.8	12	5.3
22 Proddatur ..	20,124	98	61.6	188	98.4	176	87.6
23 Anantapur ..	15,099	29	25.3	51	33.8	29	19.2
24 Hindupur ..	14,211	27	21.7	..	..	19	13.4
25 Tadipatri ..	12,620	..	..	215	170.4	157	124.4
26 Adoni ..	35,635	61	20.2	20	5.6	..	..
27 Bellary ..	47,573	96	24.1	325	68.3	..	..
28 Hospet ..	21,673	35	19.1	21	9.7	..	..
29 Kurnool ..	35,314	..	..	121	34.3	91	25.6
30 Nandyal ..	22,608	29	16.0	25	11.1	59	26.1
31 Madras ..	647,280	2,969	56.3	2,855	56.3	2,063	31.9
32 Chingleput ..	14,358	..	..	..	..	24	16.7
33 Conjeeveram ..	65,258	132	21.5	61	9.3	129	19.8
34 Saidapet ..	33,037	105	38.3	42	12.7	115	34.8
35 Tirupati ..	19,138	42	24.1	60	31.4	108	56.4
36 Chittoor ..	22,018	77	42.9	29	13.2	81	36.8
37 Gudiyattam ..	24,688	61	26.8	35	14.6	26	10.6
38 Tirupattur ..	18,299	33	20.3	90	49.1	21	11.5
39 Vaniyambadi ..	22,940	166	82.6	164	71.5	160	69.7
40 Tiruvannamalai ..	27,769	78	35.6	120	43.2	143	51.5
41 Vellore ..	57,265	316	62.9	395	68.9	372	64.3
42 Walajapet ..	11,102	11	10.9	52	46.8	47	42.3
43 Chidambaram ..	25,034	..	..	1	0.4	..	..
44 Cuddalore ..	59,057	29	5.7	38	6.4	71	12.0
45 Villupuram ..	20,127	134	76.9	..	..	3	1.5
46 Kumbakonam ..	62,317	198	32.6	122	19.6	122	19.6
47 Mannargudi ..	22,764	..	..	..	..	..	..
48 Mayavaram ..	31,887	2	0.1	58	18.2	58	18.2
49 Negapatam ..	48,527	79	14.6	72	14.8	72	14.8
50 Tiruvarur ..	20,371	71	29.6	50	24.5	50	24.5
51 Tanjore ..	66,889	52	8.7	136	20.3	136	20.3
52 Karur ..	19,850	606	50.3	38	19.1	39	19.8
53 Trichinopoly ..	142,843	28	12.1	723	50.6	712	49.6

STATEMENT K.—Table showing convictions for drunkenness in the municipal areas in the Madras Presidency during 1932-33 and two previous years—
cont.

Name of municipality.	Population, according to the census of 1931.	1930-31.		1931-32.		1932-33.	
		Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.	Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.	Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
54 Srirangam ..	24,663	111	60.2	32	13.0	38	15.4
55 Dindigul ..	43,617	14	4.5	9	2.1	13	3.0
56 Kodaikanal ..	6,523	1	2.3	..	..	2	3.1
57 Madurai ..	182,018	108	7.8	35	1.9	104	5.7
58 Palni ..	18,899	79	46.1	53	28.0	122	64.5
59 Periyakulam ..	23,004	..	..	19	8.3	10	4.3
60 Bodinayakanur ..	27,036	..	..	1	0.4	1	0.4
61 Sivakasi ..	15,212	..	..	22	14.5	1	0.7
62 Virudunagar ..	33,081	3	1.4	18	5.4	19	5.7
63 Srivilliputtur ..	32,385	32	10.3	22	6.8	9	2.8
64 Karaikudi ..	21,672	9	5.8	22	10.2	52	23.9
65 Tuticorin ..	60,395	179	40.2	62	10.3	50	8.3
66 Tinnevely ..	57,078	64	11.9	31	5.4	101	17.7
67 Palamcottah ..	51,990	11	2.4	8	1.5	36	7.5
68 Coimbatore ..	95,198	87	13.2	65	6.8	136	14.3
69 Dharapuram ..	18,218	36	22.3	23	12.6	37	53.2
70 Erode ..	33,672	135	58.9	96	28.5	101	29.9
71 Tiruppur ..	18,059	47	43.3	28	15.5	40	22.1
72 Pollachi ..	22,112	95	80.0	80	36.2	116	52.4
73 Udumalpet ..	12,184	34	33.2	19	15.6	31	25.4
74 Coonoor ..	14,326	29	23.7	13	9.1	59	41.2
75 Ootacamund ..	24,616	83	42.6	95	38.6	90	36.6
76 Salem ..	102,179	279	53.4	315	30.8	110	10.8
77 Mangalore ..	66,756	56	10.4	61	9.1	32	4.8
78 Calicut ..	99,273	15	1.8	14	1.4	24	2.4
79 Cannanore ..	34,236	8	2.9	3	0.9	..	..
80 Coochin ..	22,818	..	..	12	5.3	26	11.3
81 Tellicherry ..	30,349	..	..	..	..	1	0.2
82 Palghat ..	49,064	4	0.9	..	..	..	..

STATEMENT L.—Statement showing the sanctioned strength of the establishment as it stood on 31st March 1933.

(1)	Establishment in the Commissioner's and Deputy and Assistant Commissioners' offices.		Inspectors, Assistant Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors.		Subordinate preventive and tree-tax establishments.		Subordinate distillery establishment.		Abkari establishment in Collectorate.		Total strength.		Cost per annum.
	Permanent.	Temporary.	Permanent.	Temporary.	Permanent.	Temporary.	Permanent.	Temporary.	Permanent.	Temporary.	(19)	(20)	(22)
(2) Superintendent, clerks and attendants, 23-36.	63	..	4	59	..	..	..	..	..	..	63	4,866	19,72,919
(3) Peons.	69	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,704
(4) Inspectors.	58	40	64	2	19	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
(5) Assistant Inspectors.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(6) Sub-Inspectors.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(7) Inspectors.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(8) Assistant Inspectors.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(9) Sub-Inspectors.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(10) Clerks.	..	182	7	2,949	10	..	318	3	4	107	282	63	4,866
(11) Petty officers.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(12) Peons.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(13) Clerks.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(14) Petty officers.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(15) Peons.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(16) Clerks.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(17) Petty officers.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(18) Peons.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(19) Clerks.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(20) Peons.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(21) Total strength.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(22) Cost per annum.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..



X7291.211.Y N32

N3333

தமிழ்நாடு ஆவணக்காப்பக நூலகம்,
எழும்பூர், சென்னை-600 008.

ஆவணத்தாள்.

செ. எண் : 3365)

ப. எண் :

வழங்கிய நாள். (1)	திருப்பிய நாள். (2)	வழங்கிய நாள். (1)	திருப்பிய நாள். (2)
30 NOV 1990	4.12.90		
4.12.90			
31.12.90			
18.4.91			
3/5	31/5		
3/5/95			