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REPORT

ON

THE ADMINISTRATION

OF

PUDUKKOTTAI

FOR

FASLI 1341

(July 1, 1931 to June 30, 1932).

PUDUKKOTTAI:

PRINTED AT THE SRI BRIHADAMBA STATE PRESS.

1932

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INTRODUCTORY AND PERSONAL.

THE Pudukkottai State is bounded on the north and west by the Trichinopoly district, on the south by the Ramnad district, and on the east by the Tanjore district. Its area is 1,179 square miles and the population according to the Census of 1931 is 4,00,694. It resembles in its physical features the upland parts of the east coast of the Madras Presidency and consists for the most part of a plain of somewhat sparsely cultivated dry land interspersed with a large number of rainfed tanks and traversed by a few jungle streams. It has no seaboard. Its climate resembles that of the surrounding districts of Trichinopoly, Tanjore and Ramnad, and is fairly healthy. The State is mainly agricultural and is dependent on a somewhat precarious rainfall. The capital of the State is Pudukkottai, a well-laid out Municipal town containing some fine buildings and having a protected though limited water-supply. Its population according to the Census of 1931 is 28,776.

The State continued to be in direct relations with the Government of India through the Agent to the Governor-General, Madras States, with his headquarters at Trivandrum.

2. His Highness Sri Brihadamba Das Rajah Rajagopala Tondaiman Bahadur, ninth in succession from Raghunatha Tondaiman the founder of the Ruling House, is the Ruler of the State and entitled to a salute of eleven guns. He was born on June 23, 1922, and is still a minor. During the fasli, His Highness' general education continued in charge of Miss Thompson, the Lady Tutor, while vernacular and religious instructions were imparted by a Tamil Tutor and Pandit. During the year the Rajah has made steady and marked progress in his studies and particularly in his command of English.

3. At the beginning of the fasli the administration of the State was conducted by a Council of Administration consisting of a President, a Dewan and the Chief Judge of the State as ex-officio member. Subsequent to September 19, 1931, when M. R. Ry. Dewan Bahadur T. Raghaviah Pantulu Garu, B.A., C.S.I., President of the Council of Administration, left on deputation to attend the second Round Table Conference in London as delegate for the Madras States, the administration of the State was carried on by a Dewan-in-Council with M. R. Ry. Rao Bahadur E. K. Govindan Ayl., B.A., as Dewan and M. R. Ry. R. Krishnamachariar Ayl., B.A., as Councilor. This arrangement lasted till November 17, 1931, when the Government of India directed that the future administration of the State during the minority of His Highness the Rajah should be carried on by an 'Administrator' and appointed Mr. B. G. Holdsworth, C.E.S., as Administrator. Mr. Holdsworth assumed charge of the administration on November 18, 1931.

4. The outstanding event of the year was the riot of July 15, 1931. On the morning of that day an unexpected out-break of mob violence in connection with the agitation against the revision of municipal assessments took the town of Pudukkottai by surprise and for a while overwhelmed the forces of law and order. The Military and Police were overpowered, the Central Jail was stormed, and some public buildings and private houses were broken into with considerable loss and damage to property. Although violence ceased about noon of that day, there was no organised force to maintain law and order until the following morning when a detachment from the Punjab Regiment promptly despatched from Trichinopoly by the Government of India at the request of the Agent to the Governor-General took control of the situation. The Agent to the Governor-General arrived shortly afterwards and public confidence in the capital was speedily restored, thanks to the presence of the Troops and to the prompt and effective measures taken by the Agent to the Governor-General. The trouble in the town, however, was, a few days later, followed by organised looting in two of the

villages of the State. The situation was immediately taken in hand and quiet restored. Criminal proceedings have been instituted and are in progress against a number of persons alleged to have been responsible for these serious out-breaks. To assist in the restoration of order and the provision of escorts for the large number of accused to be tried in connection with these outbreaks the services of a detachment of the Presidency General Reserve were kindly lent by the Madras Government to whom the thanks of the Darbar are due for their ready assistance during and after the crisis.

5. The Legislative Council constituted on a statutory basis and composed of 50 members of whom 35 are elected by the people and 15 are nominated by the Darbar, eleven of the latter being officials, met twice during the fasli. Subsequent to November 1931, the Administrator became the ex-officio President of the Council while the Deputy President continued to be a non-official appointed by the Darbar.

6. Lieut. Colonel H. R. N. Pritchard, C.I.E., C.M.G., continued to be the Agent to the Governor-General, Madras States, and he visited the State thrice during the fasli, in July 1931 and January and June 1932.

FINANCIAL REVIEW.

7. A statement showing in detail the receipts and disbursements of the fasli together with the revised estimates of the fasli and the actuals of two previous faslis is given in the Appendix with a memorandum explanatory of the important variations.

8. The assets and liabilities of the State as they stood on the last day of the fasli are given below :—

ASSETS.	Rs.	LIABILITIES.	Rs.
1. Cash balance in the State Treasuries ...	3,64,479	1. Departmental deposits ...	6,40,518
2. Surplus investments in Government securities ...	18,60,000	2. Suspense ...	124
3. Fixed deposits in the Imperial Bank of India, Trichinopoly ...	7,50,000	3. Remittances ...	1,22,345
4. Balance in the interest-bearing account current with the Imperial Bank of India, Trichinopoly ...	1,94,225	4. Endowment Fund ...	1,967
5. Balance in account-current with the Imperial Bank of India, Madras ...	6,737	5. Provident Fund ...	1,87,871
6. Balance in account-current with the Imperial Bank of India, Trivandrum ...	3,284	Total ...	12,53,125
7. Balance in account-current with the National Provincial Bank of England, London ...	2,025	Add of long balance ...	25,76,879
8. In Pudukottai Electric Supply Corporation shares ...	20,000	Total ...	38,30,004
9. Loans and advances ...	5,98,100		
10. Suspense ...	7,770		
11. Remittances ...	20,884		
Total ...	38,30,004		

Thus the assets of the State amounted to Rs. 38,30,004 and the liabilities to Rs. 12,53,125 and the year closed with a balance of Rs. 25,76,879.

9. The following statement compares the actuals of Fasli 1341 with the Budget and revised estimates of the fasli and the actuals of the preceding three faslis.

RECEIPTS.

par of Government Promissory notes of the 4 per cent loan 1960—70 was a special item of receipt in Fasli 1340 and the absence of the same in the fasli under report accounts for the decrease under 'Miscellaneous—Miscellaneous.'

10. The sub-joined statement compares the expenditure of the fasli with the Budget and revised estimates of the fasli and with the actuals of the preceding three faslis.

EXPENDITURE.

Principal Heads,	Budget estimate for Fasli 1341.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1341.			Actuals of Fasli 1341.			Actuals of Fasli.		
		Voted.	Non-voted.	Contd.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Contd.	1341.	1339.	1338.
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Religion and Charity ...	1,53,800	1,66,750	...	1,66,750	1,62,729	...	1,62,729	1,77,016	1,67,240	1,75,078
Land Revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Forest ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
General Administration ...	1,99,000	...	1,99,200	1,99,200	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law and Justice and Police ...	2,06,300	1,92,740	...	1,92,740	1,89,131	...	1,89,131	2,04,126	2,00,735	1,83,213
Education ...	33,180	28,185	...	28,185	31,115	...	31,115	2,00,735	2,00,735	1,92,143
Medical and Vaccine ...	38,100	37,935	...	37,935	32,804	...	32,804	28,846	34,830	38,158
Political ...	27,750	26,580	...	26,580	27,180	...	27,180	28,767	21,507	25,015
Superannuation ...	88,650	33,335	...	33,335	62,270	...	62,270	27,544	27,544	27,544

11. The transactions of the fasli resulted in a net deficit of Rs. 2,96,325. The opening balance of the fasli was Rs. 28,73,204 and the closing balance was Rs. 25,76,879 as against Rs. 24,97,704 anticipated in the Revised estimate. Out of the balance of Rs. 25,76,879, a sum of Rs. 18,60,900 is in Government Securities and Rs. 5,72,050 remained as cash for transactions in the State treasuries and in the Darbar's current account with the branches of the Imperial Bank of India. The balance Rs. 1,43,929 together with a sum of Rs. 4,87,871 from the State Provident Fund deposits and a sum of Rs. 1,38,200 received from the Town and Central Banks was invested

(1) in Fixed Deposits with the Imperial Bank of India, Trichinopoly Rs. 7,50,000.

and (2) in the purchase of shares in the Pudukkottai Electric Supply Corporation Rs. 20,000.

12. The total amount to the credit of individual Religious and charitable institutions under the control of the State is Rs. 1,6,10,4 of which Rs. 1,967 is included in the State General Treasury balance and the rest is invested in the names of the institutions themselves in the Post Office Savings Bank, in the Co-operative Credit Societies in the State and in the $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, 5 per cent and 6 per cent Government securities and $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent and 5 per cent stock certificates.

13. The balance at credit of the Provident Fund on the last day of the fasli was Rs. 4,87,871.

14. The audit of the expenditure of the several departments of the State was conducted in the Audit Branch of the Darbar offices as well as by local test audit of the accounts maintained in the subordinate offices.

LEGISLATION.

15. *General.*—The Third Legislative Council constituted in October 1930 passed through its second year. With the change in the administration of the State in November 1931, the Administrator became the ex-officio President of the Council. During the fasli under report there was a bye-election which was necessitated by the death of an elected member.

16. *Meetings.*—The Council met twice during the fasli and sat for eight days in the aggregate.

17. *Legislative measures.* During the fasli, Regulation I of 1932 was passed amending the Pudukkottai Legislative Council Regulation so as to bring it into accord with the new form of the administration. This Regulation was issued under section 20 of the Legislative Council Regulation, as it related to a subject removed from the cognizance of the Council.

The Stamp Regulation Amending Bill, passed into law by the Council in January 1931 and remitted for further consideration in the light of certain amendments proposed, was considered and passed into law. It received the assent of the Administrator within the fasli and was issued as Regulation No. 11 of 1932.

18. *Financial business.* The Finance Committee considered the draft Budget for Fasli 1342 and demands for supplementary grants for Fasli 1341 prior to their being placed before the Council. 98 motions on the Budget were raised but only two taken motions were pressed and carried. The Council passed the Budget without any substantive cut. Supplementary grants to an extent of Rs. 1,57,500 were voted by the Council.

19. *Questions.*—341 questions were answered during the fasli.

20. *Resolutions.*—Of the 73 resolutions that were discussed in the Council, five were carried, six were put to vote and lost and the rest were either negatived by the Government or withdrawn by the movers.

SALT AND EXCISE.

SALT.

39. *General.*—In pursuance of the convention entered into in 1887 between the Government of Madras and the State, the manufacture of earth-salt in the State is prohibited in return for an annual contribution of Rs. 38,000 paid to the State by the British Government. The salt required for consumption in the State is imported from the British factories on the east coast through private dealers.

40. *Price and consumption of salt.*—The price of salt ranged from 14-52 to 18-14 seers per mace as in the preceding fasli. Statistics of salt imported into the State for consumption are not available.

41. *Number and disposal of offences.*—There was no case of a salt offence during the fasli.

ABKARI, OPIUM AND GANJA.

42. *Country liquor.*—The arrack required for consumption in the State was, as usual, manufactured in the State distillery by a contractor. During the fasli under report the contractor supplied the Government with 8,550 gallons of liquor of 38 U. P. Including the quantity remaining unsold at the beginning of the fasli, the quantity available for sale to the public in the fasli under report was 8,867 gallons. The still head duty on liquor continued to be Rs. 5—8—0 and its issue price Rs. 1—11—0 a gallon as in the previous fasli. The total quantity sold to the retail shopkeepers during the fasli was 8,510 gallons as against 10,404 gallons in the previous fasli. The number of shops leased out in the fasli was 40 against 38 in the previous fasli and 45 in Fasli 1339. Each shop served on an average about 11 villages.

The gross rental from liquor shops was Rs. 17,914 against Rs. 43,740 in the previous fasli.

43. *Toddy.*—The toddy year in the State runs from October to September. The number of coconut trees tapped in the first and the second halves of the toddy year was 6,632 and 6,393 against 6,379 and 6,111 respectively in the previous year. No date trees were tapped. The number of Palmyrah trees tapped was 552 against 213 in the preceding fasli. Besides these, 1,133 coconut trees and 15 palmyrah trees were tapped in the adjoining British limits for the supply of toddy required for consumption in the State. 979 coconut trees were tapped in the State for private consumption and for manufacture of jaggery. 79 palmyrah trees were allowed to be tapped free of tax as against 201 in the previous fasli. The tree tax continued to be the same as in the previous year, i.e., Rs. 5—10—0 for a half year for a coconut tree and Rs. 7—12—0 per year for a date or palmyrah tree. The number of toddy shops sold during the toddy year was 105 against 102 in the year preceding, and the demand under shop rentals was Rs. 1,00,281 against Rs. 1,09,535 in the previous year.

44. *Town liquor shop.*—The Town foreign liquor shop continued to be the only shop that was licensed for the fasli, and it fetched a rental of Rs. 2,052. The Town country beer shop which was temporarily kept closed in the previous fasli for want of 50 kegs was sold during the fasli for a rental of Rs. 5,100.

45. *Leasing out land.*—The practice of leasing out the State land of opium and ganja continued during the fasli. One new shop and one new lease in the District, Town and in Tirunelveli were made during the fasli, and they fetched a total rental of Rs. 7,698 against Rs. 5,725 in the previous fasli. The increase in revenue is due to the sale of the land in the District of Tirunelveli to be kept closed in the last fas

which 1,311 affecting 1,560 ended in conviction and 1,149 against 1,430 either ended in acquittal or were withdrawn, while the remaining 258 cases against 328 persons were pending disposal with the several Magistrates at the end of the fasli. Of the rest, the number of cases actually compounded by the department was 721 concerning 924 and that in which proceedings were dropped by the department was six against six in the previous fasli, thus leaving a balance of 263 cases against 321 persons under departmental proceedings when the fasli terminated. The percentage of cases referred to the Magistrates for prosecution was 73.3 of which 35.4 ended in conviction and 31.9 in acquittal or withdrawal.

53. *Forest Panchayat.*—The 'Pannikul Forest Panchayat' was the only Panchayat that worked during the fasli and no new Panchayat was formed.

54. *Financial.*—The receipts of the department consisted of the sale proceeds of green leaves, firewood and other forest produce, of lease amounts of stone quarries, stone-mason license fees and miscellaneous revenue in the shape of seigniorage fees, grazing fees, sale of wild animals and fees realised by the composition of forest offences. The total demand for the fasli including an arrear of Rs. 4,169 at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 66,253 against Rs. 75,422 in the previous fasli. Of the total demand, a sum of Rs. 59,729 was collected leaving at the end of the fasli a balance of Rs. 6,524. The percentage of collection was 90.16. Compared with the previous years, there is a noticeable fall in revenue which is accounted for by the fact that no plantation was sold during the fasli and that there was no demand for stones, both of which were characteristic features of the previous years. The cost of the department was Rs. 34,257 against Rs. 28,768 in the previous fasli. The increase was partly due to the appointment of a Ranger in the latter half of Fasli 1340, and partly to the rearing of new plantations.

55. *General remarks.*—The department continued under the charge of M. R. Ry. V. Subramania Aiyar Avergal, B.A., B.L., as the Superintendent of Forests and its working was satisfactory.

REGISTRATION.

56. *Number of Registry offices.*—There were ten Sub-registry offices in the State and their number and jurisdiction remained unchanged. On an average, one Sub-registry office serves 79 square miles of cultivable area and a population of 10,069.

57. *Number and value of registrations.* The number of documents registered slightly increased from 19,510 in Fasli 1340 to 19,806 in the fasli under report. Of the documents registered, 19,267 related to immovable property, 493 to moveable property and the remaining 46 were wills. There was, however, a perceptible fall in the aggregate value of the documents from Rs. 65,39,891 in Fasli 1340 to Rs. 56,73,294 in the fasli under report. The average value of a registered document consequently fell from Rs. 621 in Fasli 1340 to Rs. 575 in the fasli under report. The average registration fee of a document for the fasli was Rs. 22.6 against Rs. 21.4 in the previous fasli. The highest value of a registered document was Rs. 55,000 against Rs. 1,00,000 in the previous fasli.

58. *Time taken to register.* All the documents registered except one were transcribed either on the day of acceptance or on the following day. The one document referred to which was registered in the Sub-registry office at Kolattur was transcribed on the third day as the document was lengthy covering over 45 pages in the Registration volume.

59. *Appeals and applications.* Two applications filed under section 61 of the Registration Regulation were pending at the commencement of the fasli. Eight more applications and three appeals under section 60 of the Regulation were filed during the fasli. Of these, nine were disposed of during the fasli, registration being ordered in seven cases and refused in the other two. One appeal and three applications were left pending at the close of the fasli.

60. *Inspection.*—All the mofussil Sub-registry offices were inspected by the District Registrar

APPENDIX.

STATEMENT I.

Names of the officers in the Pudukkottai State, showing changes in the personnel during Fash 1341 (1931-1932).

Name of officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
M. R. Ry. Dewan Bahadur T. Rajavathi Puducherry, B. A., C. S. I.	President, Council of Administration.	1— 7— 1931	19— 9— 1931	
M. R. Ry. Rao Bahadur E. K. Govindan Avl., B. A.	Dewan	1— 7— 1931	19— 9— 1931	
	Dewan and President of the Council.	20— 9— 1931	17— 11— 1931	
M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib P. S. Sivugnana Mudalur Avl., B. A., B. L.	Chief Judge and Ex-officio Member, Council of Administration.	1— 7— 1931	24— 8— 1931	
M. R. Ry. P. Chenchiah Avl., B. A., M. L.	Do.	25— 8— 1931	19— 9— 1931	
M. R. Ry. R. Krishnamachariar Avl., B. A.	Councillor	20— 9— 1931	17— 11— 1931	
B. G. Holdsworth Esquire, I. C. S.	Administrator	18— 11— 1931	30— 6— 1932	
M. R. Ry. Rao Bahadur E. K. Govindan Avl., B. A.	Assistant Administrator ...	18— 11— 1931	30— 6— 1932	

Town Riots. The increase under 'Pay of the Additional Chief Magistrate' was due to the grant of leave allowances to the Additional Chief Magistrate, and the under 'Pay of the Temporary Establishment' was due to the appointment of an Additional Magistrate and establishment for the same and to the grant of leave allowances to the Additional Magistrate and officers—Law charges were due to the expenditure incurred in the grant of leave allowances to the Public Prosecutor and his assistant and to the grant of leave allowances to the Special Public Prosecutors and the Special officers appointed for the companies in connection with the Riots.

49. *Legal and Justice, July, Rs. 10,171.* This was chiefly due to increased expenditure under most of the sub-heads due to the large number of criminal prisoners concerned in the rioting and looting cases.

50. *Police, Rs. 62,704.* This was chiefly under 'Pay of the Commissioner of Police,' 'Pay of Head Constables and Constables,' 'Pay of the temporary establishment,' 'Local, etc., allowances,' 'Travelling allowance of establishment,' 'Supplies and expenses,' and 'Contingencies.' The increase under 'Pay of the Commissioner of Police' was due to the appointment of Mr. R. Hume as Commissioner of Police, that under 'Pay of Head Constables and Constables' was due to increase in strength and to maintaining the full strength, that under 'Temporary establishment' was due to the appointment of a Special Inspector of Police for the investigation of the Rioting case and to the charges incurred for the services of the Tanjore Reserve Police. The increase under 'Local, etc., allowances,' and 'Travelling allowance' was due respectively to the grant of kit allowance to the Tanjore Force and of Travelling allowance to Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors in lieu of Fixed travelling allowance. The increase under 'Supplies and services' was due to the provision made for the cost of uniforms to replace those lost during Riots, to expenditure on account of messing charges of the Tanjore Reserve Police, to cost of training Sub-Inspectors in the Vellore school, and to cost of a Police motor lorry purchased. The increase under 'Contingencies' was due to extra expenditure incurred in the cost of furniture, etc., to replace those lost during the Riots.

51. *Pounds, + Rs. 1,768.* The increase was chiefly under 'Pound works.'

52. *Education, + Rs. 23,885.* The increase was chiefly under almost all the sub-heads under 'State schools' and under 'Scouting.'

53. *Medical, + Rs. 6,026.* This was chiefly under 'Town Hospital and Dispensaries—Dieting charges and cost of medicines' and under 'Rane's Hospital—cost of medicines and instruments and other items.'

54. *Political, + Rs. 17,235.* This was chiefly under 'cost of Agent's establishment,' and 'Other items' counterbalanced by a decrease under 'State contributions and donations.' The increase under 'Cost of Agent's establishment' was due to the payment of an allowance of Rs. 200 *per mensem* to the Agent to the Governor-General, Madras States, from 30—6—31 and to the increased pay to the Head clerk and that under 'Other items' was due to the payment of the State share of the cost of the deputation to the First Round Table Conference and of compensation paid to the State officials for the losses they sustained during the Town Riot.

55. *Development officer and his establishment, + Rs. 5,039.* This was chiefly under 'Village Re-construction' and under 'Central Industrial Institute' which both existed till 31—3—32, after which date, the 'Village Guides' establishment coming under 'Village Re-construction' was abolished and the 'Central Industrial Institute' was closed.

56. *Scientific and minor departments, + Rs. 1,538.* This was chiefly under 'Agriculture—Farm expenses and contingencies.' The increase under the former was due to the purchase and maintenance of more live-stock and that under the latter was due to the increased expenditure on the Sanna demonstration farm.

57. *Superannuation, + Rs. 15,219.* This was chiefly under 'Pension' due to the growth of the pension list and under 'Pensionary contribution of British officers for superannuation' due to the payment to the British Government of contributions for

STATEMENT II.

Receipts of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1341 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1340 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1341.

Group Heads.	Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1341 (1931-32).	Actuals for Fasli 1340 (1929-30).	Actuals for Fasli 1341 (1930-31).	Actuals for Fasli 1342 (1931-32).
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
	Opening balance (Ordinary and Debt Heads).	32,67,246	32,67,246	30,71,801	25,88,654
	ORDINARY HEADS.				
	Opening balance	28,73,294	28,73,294	27,53,421	21,48,138
Principal Heads of Revenue.	Religion and Charity	13,159	11,261	15,243	11,021
	Palace	1,800	2,053	2,187	1,446
	Land Revenue	9,11,000	3,56,064	9,29,741	14,54,545
	Natham Settlement	40,000	43,305	32,152	25,087
	Salt	38,000	38,000	38,000	38,000
	Stamps	3,01,900	3,03,190	3,19,709	3,11,519
	Excise	3,16,700	3,17,327	3,24,420	3,22,317
	Forest	61,000	59,733	71,141	76,050
	Registration	33,000	34,163	34,016	36,515
	Total	17,25,850	17,45,892	17,67,246	22,76,500
Interest.	Interest on Government Securities	89,038	89,038	84,141	73,036
	Interest on Fixed and Current deposits in Bank	21,500	20,754	33,125	15,475
	Interest on loans and advances	11,500	12,072	5,824	6,207
	Interest on arrears of Revenue	5,000	4,845	2,310	—
	Total	1,24,790	1,32,709	1,25,700	94,718
Receipts from Civil Departments.	Law and Justice—Courts of Law	18,0			

STATEMENT II-A.
Palace Expenditure.

No.	Description of charges.	Actuals at Fash 1340.	Actuals of Fash 1341.
		RS.	RS.
1	His Highness's Expenses	10,293	17,887
2	Allowance to the members of His Highness's family	9,450	10,025
3	Do. do. of His Highness the late Rajah's family.	38,193	31,308
4	Allowance to the members of the late Chinnaranmanai family.	22,460	21,860
5	Stables	30,249	22,196
6	Darbar, etc. establishment	21,711	21,421
7	Police repairs and improvements	9,536	8,367
8	Police furniture	1,966	197
9	Festivals and ceremonies	3,160	2,653
10	Devotional charges	1,088	995
11	Supperation	5,568	5,203
12	Gratuities	2,967	2,762
13	State contributions and donations, etc.	4,275	2,700
14	His Highness's tours outside the State	...	...
15	Repairs to Works to His Highness's Bungalows at Kodaik- kanal, Tirunelveli, and Pudukkottai.	17,792	24,025
16	Repairs to do. do.	15,691	9,863
17	Land	6,194	6,032
	Total	2,30,536	2,17,494

STATEMENT III.

Statement III. Regulations in Pudukkottai State, Fash 1341 (1931—1932).

	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation I of 1890—Regulation for recovery of arrears of Revenue and other moneys due to the Sirkar in the Pudukkottai Territories.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations V of 1903, III of 1905, II of 1911 and I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1892—A Regulation to declare certain British Indian Acts as law in the State. 1. The Criminal Code Act, No. XLV of 1873. 2. The Indian Contract Act, No. XXV of 1872.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations II of 1892, V of 1911, II of 1913, III of 1913 and XI of 1928.
Regulation I of 1893—The Pudukkottai Alkali Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations I of 19

STATEMENT IV.

Statement of Rainfall in the Pudukkottai State for Fashi 1341 (1931—1932).

Stations.	July 31.	August.	September	October.	November	December.	January	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Total of Fashi 1341.	Total of Fashi 1340.	Average of past 5 Fashis 1336—40.	Remarks.
Pudukkottai	3.61	3.19	5.21	1.88	4.67	15.24	0.08	0.48	0.63	5.54	2.71	2.10	45.34	49.63	37.07	
Alangudi	0.97	4.14	1.25	1.32	6.54	15.17	...	0.48	0.58	2.19	6.57	1.52	40.73	46.14	34.06	
Karambakkudi	3.98	3.88	1.40	3.76	6.20	25.96	...	0.08	1.95	2.34	6.18	...	55.73	50.12	35.41	
Tirumayyam	2.22	2.79	5.35	1.64	3.55	12.23	0.08	...	0.26	3.00	3.73	2.48	37.33	40.38	32.92	
Keechanilai	7.07	1.35	1.85	1.16	5.86	17.36	0.12	0.49	0.91	2.97	3.50	2.36	48.00	44.39	32.30	
Kolattur	2.15	...	6.12	...	1.58	12.70	...	...	1.18	4.13	2.40	0.42	30.68	39.11	31.27	
Viralimalai	1.05	0.45	6.13	4.99	8.01	16.26	...	...	0.68	1.67	1.80	0.04	41.08	29.71	29.14	
Odayalippatti	0.95	0.97	5.04	1.42	1.79	17.80	...	...	1.15	6.81	3.17	...	39.10	56.11	31.37	
Annayasal	1.36	3.17	7.11	3.25	5.90	19.94	...	0.62	0.67	2.69	2.84	1.23	48.78	50.43	32.90	
Ponnamaravathi	5.06	1.96	4.65													

STATEMENT XIII.

Excise D. C. B. Statement for Fasli 1341 (1931-1932) Current and Arrear.

Items.	Demand for Fasli 1340.			Demand for Fasli 1341.			Treasury collection.			Excess collection of previous fasli adjusted.			Amount written off.			Total collection for D. C. B.			Balance.			Excess collection.			Remarks.
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	
<i>Country Liquor—</i>																									
(a) Manufacturing cost	17555	11	6	14410	6	6	14410	6	6							14410	6	6							
(b) Duty	57219	4	0	46967	4	0	46967	4	0							46967	4	0							
(c) Shop licence fees, (i) current	43740	0	0	47964	0	0	47964	15	0							47964	15	0							
(ii) arrear	72	0	0	72	0	0	72	0	0							72	0	0							
<i>Toddy—</i>																									
(a) Shop licence fees, (i) current	109635	0	0	109281	0	0	99576	7	1	2652	5	4				102228	12	5	235	15	2	2183	11	7	

STATEMENT XVIII.
Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during Fasli 1341 (1931—1932).

Description.	Fasli 1340.						Fasli 1341.						Remarks.	
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.				Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.					
			RS.	A.	P.				RS.	A.	P.			
Book I (relating to immovable property).	9356	5646201	34641	2	6		10267	5388546	34135	15	3			
Book IV (relating to movable property).	500	884690					493	284748						
Book III (Wills and authorities to adopt).	54	...					46	...						
Other receipts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	10510	6530891	84641	2	6		10806	5673294	34135	15	3			
Deduct expenditure	...	...	26828	13	3		...	...	26563	3	0			
Net profit	...	...	7812	5	3		...	...	7572	12	3			

* This figure includes collection of Rs. 36-4-0 during this fasli lying unremitted and excludes Rs. 63-5-6 the collections of the previous fasli remitted in this fasli.

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STATEMENT XIX.
Statement showing the number of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each several magistrates for Fasli 1341 (1931—1932).

Nomenclature of offence with chapter and section of the Indian Penal Code or other law applicable.
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STATEMENT XXXVII.

Statement showing the Expenditure, Receipts and net cost to the State under several heads of "Education" for Fasli 1341 (1931-1932).

Heads.	Gross expenditure.		Receipts.		Net expenditure.		Remarks.
	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	
<i>Collegiate.</i>							
College	...	29275 13 3	3908 10 0	25367 3 3			
<i>Secondary.</i>							
College Secondary	...	25997 6 0	9617 10 6	16379 11 6			
State schools :—							
Establishment	...	17208 0 5	378 7 8	16829 8 9			
Supervision, Inspection and other charges	...	343 7 0	...	343 7 0			
Aided schools :—							
Grants	...	4492 9 0	...	4492 9 0			
Supervision, Inspection and other charges	...	...	...	...			
Total	...	77317 3 8	13904 12 2	63412 7 6			
<i>Elementary.</i>							
State schools :—Establishment including stipends to teachers.	...	116457 8 11	...	116457 8 11			
Supervision, Inspection and other charges	...	25034 15 6	...	25034 15 6			
Aided schools :—							
Grants	...	18371 15 8	...	18371 15 8			
Supervision, Inspection and other charges	...	366 10 9	...	366 10 9			
Total	...	160231 2 10	...	160231 2 10			
Special schools inclusive of grants to Adult schools.	...	20782 6 5	83 12 5				

