

Administrative Report to Pudukkottai

State for the year 1926-27.

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Under 'Other Receipts' the increase was contributed by increased receipts under 'Religion and charity,' 'Law and Justice—Courts of Law,' 'Education' and 'Miscellaneous.'

The decrease in the receipts under 'Stamps' was due to a fall in the sale of stamps and that under 'Forest' was due to smaller receipts from sale of firewood and charcoal.

The variations between the actuals of Fasli 1335 and those of the fasli under review are given below.

	+	(Plus).	Rs.		—	(Minns).	Rs.
Interest	...	...	10,497	Land Revenue	...	...	3,68,160.
Civil Works	...	...	4,426	Salt and Excise	...	...	5,656
Other receipts	...	...	21,155	Stamps	...	...	14,077
				Forest	...	...	20,287
			36,078	Registration	...	...	1,867
							4,10,047

Thus there were decreases under all principal heads of revenue excepting 'Interest,' 'Civil Works' and 'Other Receipts.'

The abnormal decrease under 'Land Revenue' was due to remission of land revenue and suspension of collection of kist owing to failure of the season.

The decrease under 'Stamps' was chiefly due to a fall in the sale of both Judicial and Non-judicial stamps.

The decrease under 'Forest' was mainly due to a fall in the income under 'Firewood and charcoal.'

The increase under 'Interest' was due to larger investments in the interest bearing current account at the Imperial Bank of India, Trichinopoly. An increase of revenue under 'Frontier Tolls contract' and from 'Motor License fees' mainly contributed to the increase under 'Civil Works.' The increase under 'Other Receipts' was chiefly due to increased receipts under 'Miscellaneous' and under 'Law and Justice—Courts of Law.'

12. The subjoined statement compares the expenditure of the fasli with the budget and the revised estimates of the fasli and with the actuals of the preceding three faslis.

EXPENDITURE.

Principal Heads.	Budget estimate for Fasli 1336.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1336.			Actuals of Fasli 1336.			Actuals of Fasli		
		Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1335.	1334.	1333.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Religion and Charity.	1,95,405	2,03,900	...	2,03,900	1,98,032	...	1,98,032	1,87,120	1,76,985	1,81,468
Palace—fixed allowance to the members of His Highness's family and of the late Western Palace Jaghire	3,24,425	...	3,32,100	3,32,100	...	3,30,413	3,30,413	3,19,203	3,16,099	3,21,760
Land Revenue	1,86,735	1,78,449	6,851	1,85,300	1,76,565	6,697	1,83,262	1,81,877	1,76,122	1,75,578
Salt and Excise	38,315	42,371	2,230	44,600	43,281	2,258	45,539	36,450	40,071	40,195
Forest	22,130	20,685	1,115	21,800	19,377	1,129	20,506	18,976	20,286	24,614
Registration	28,355	26,850	900	27,750	27,373	957	28,330	26,968	25,592	26,913
General Administration	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law and Justice and Police	93,145	27,812	62,088	89,900	28,078	62,109	90,187	87,771	87,623	83,858
Education	2,11,045	1,89,513	52,887	2,12,400	1,81,675	52,176	2,34,151	2,21,227	2,15,779	2,25,124
Medical and Vaccine	2,22,600	1,95,559	8,691	2,04,250	1,81,564	8,417	1,92,981	1,88,000	1,73,408	1,73,303
Political	1,04,690	91,220	9,180	1,03,400	89,489	9,074	98,563	99,541	1,04,961	81,049
Superannuation	6,000	...	8,600	8,600	...	7,593	7,593	8,062	5,474	7,372
Stationery and Printing	91,050	...	89,000	89,000	...	87,266	87,266	88,557	83,776	76,121
Contribution to Municipality and Unions	30,860	32,850	...	32,850	32,492	...	32,492	24,877	36,877	17,218
Irrigation	7,735	6,785	...	6,785	6,785	...	6,785	7,735	7,735	7,735
Civil Works	1,20,000	1,01,000	...	1,01,000	72,065	...	72,065	93,505	86,412	1,00,198
Military and Band	3,47,605	3,11,568	6,282	3,17,850	2,85,897	6,321	2,92,218	3,05,310	2,96,172	2,95,352
Other expenditure	42,240	...	37,450	37,450	...	32,191	32,191	33,602	32,181	31,976
Total	85,690	56,715	25,620	82,365	49,476	21,270	70,746	73,616	58,413	58,926
Total	21,91,055	15,21,306	6,42,994	21,61,300	13,95,149	6,28,174	20,23,323	19,90,897	19,43,972	19,29,000

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The expenditure of the fasli fell below the revised estimate by Rs. 1,40,977. This decrease was mainly due to the provision made for the several departments not having been fully utilised. Rs. 88,091 were surrendered by the Public Works department alone. The expenditure of the fasli when compared with that of the preceding fasli was Rs. 23,426 in excess. This was due chiefly to increased expenditure under 'Religion and charity,' 'Palace,' 'Excise' and 'Police.'

BALANCES.

	Budget estimate for Fasli 1336.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1336.	Actuals of Fasli			
			1336.	1335.	1334.	1333.
Revenue	RS. 22,25,250	RS. 18,54,500	RS. 19,04,972	RS. 22,78,941	RS. 22,60,993	RS. 21,23,932
Expenditure	21,91,055	21,64,300	20,23,323	19,99,897	19,43,972	19,29,060
Surplus+or deficit(—)	+34,195	—3,09,800	—1,18,351	+2,79,044	+3,17,021	+1,94,872
Opening balance	23,39,075	25,41,849	25,41,849	22,62,805	19,45,784	17,50,912
Closing balance—						
Investment	...	...	17,93,500	14,30,000	14,30,000	14,30,200
Cash assets, net	...	...	6,29,998	11,11,849	8,32,805	5,15,784
Total	23,73,270	22,32,049	24,23,498	25,41,849	22,62,805	19,45,784

13. The transactions of the fasli resulted in a deficit of Rs. 1,18,351. The opening balance of the fasli was Rs. 25,41,849 and the closing balance Rs. 24,23,498 as compared with Rs. 22,32,049 anticipated in the revised estimate. Out of this balance, a sum of Rs. 17,93,500 is invested in Government securities.

14. The total amount to the credit of individual religious and charitable institutions under the control of the State is Rs. 1,27,194 of which, Rs. 567 is included in the State general Treasury balance and the rest is invested in the names of the institutions themselves in the Post office Savings Bank, in the Co-operative Credit Societies of the State and in the 3½ per cent, 5 per cent and 6 per cent Government Securities and 3½ per cent and 5 per cent stock certificates.

15. The balance at credit of the State Provident Fund on the last day of the fasli was Rs. 2,75,503.

16. The audit of the expenditure of all the departments in the State was conducted in the Audit branch of the Dewan's office.

LEGISLATION.

17. The Legislative council which was inaugurated by the Regent Sahab on September 29, 1924, met for the last time during the fasli and it was dissolved with effect from September 1, 1927. Two meetings of the council were held during the fasli lasting for eight days in all.

18. *Legislative measures considered by the council.*—The council passed the following seven Bills into law:—

1. The Pudukkottai Electricity (Amendment) Bill.
2. The Pudukkottai Public Accountants' Default (Amending) Bill.
3. The Pudukkottai Cinematograph (Amendment) Bill.
4. The Pudukkottai Majority Regulation (Amending) Bill.
5. The Pudukkottai Usurious Loans Bill.
6. The Pudukkottai Emigration Bill.
7. The Pudukkottai Tolls Regulation (Amending) Bill.

The Regent Sahab gave his assent to all of them within the fasli.

19. *Financial business.*—The Budget for Fasli 1337 was considered by the council and passed without any cut. Additional and supplementary grants for Fasli 1336 to an extent of Rs. 1,33,543 were also voted by the council.

20. *Questions.*—479 questions were answered during the fasli.

21. *Resolutions.*—32 resolutions on matters of general public interest were discussed by the council of which eight were either carried by the council or accepted by the Government and the remaining 24 were either withdrawn or put to vote and lost.

22. *General.*—The council constituted in 1924 did much useful work. It considered 23 legislative measures and passed all but three. Of those passed by the council, the Village Panchayat Regulation, the Elementary Education Regulation and the Village Courts Regulation need special mention. The council had, by placing the Elementary Education and the Village Panchayat Regulations on the statute book, well and truly laid the foundation of the scheme of rural re-construction. Besides discussing and passing the Budgets for three years, the council discussed and disposed of 82 resolutions on matters of general public interest; 31 of them were passed by the council and the rest were either rejected or withdrawn. Of those passed by the council and accepted by the Government, the appointment of an Excise committee to consider and report on the policy to be adopted by Government in the matter of prohibition, the constitution of an independent court of Appeal and the grant of remission of land revenue in the fasli under report are important.

The total number of questions dealt with by the council in the three years was 1,650.

ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENTS.

DEVASTHANAM AND CHARITY.

23. *General.*—Since the resumption in 1897 of the lands attached to temples, chatrams and other charitable institutions, the institutions are being maintained out of the general revenues of the State. They are in immediate charge of the Personal Assistant to the Dewan Peishkar.

24. *Number and class of institutions.*—The institutions come under three main heads, viz. (1) State institutions—those managed or controlled by the Sirkar, (2) Private institutions taken over by the Sirkar and (3) *Parasashtanam kallais* conducted by the State in temples outside the State. The number of institutions under each head was 834, 1 and 32 respectively. During the fasli under report the Siva temple at Kottur was ordered to be handed over to Mr. T. S. Raman Chettiar of Ramachandrapuram for private management. The question of handing over the Siva and Vishnu temples of Sundaram village for private management was under correspondence.

25. *Financial.*—The receipts including the collection of *vasakkattu* arrears amounted to Rs. 13,456 against Rs. 16,324 in the preceding fasli. The expenditure on Religious and Charitable institutions as a whole was Rs. 1,98,032 against Rs. 1,87,120 in Fasli 1335 and 1,76,985 in Fasli 1334. Of this outlay, the expenditure on paditharams was Rs. 1,32,859, that on patrams and parivattams was Rs. 5,544 and that on *Thirupatali* works was Rs. 15,627.

The *vasakkattu* arrears at the commencement of the fasli was Rs. 11,392, of which Rs. 5,136 related to the period prior to Fasli 1321, Rs. 144 to the period between Faslis 1321 and 1323 and Rs. 5,112 to the period after the introduction of the cash order system, i. e. to Fasli 1324 and after. A sum of Rs. 95 relating to the period prior to Fasli 1321 was written off during the fasli. No progress was made in the collection of arrears relating to the period between Faslis 1321 and 1323. The arrears relating to the period after Fasli 1324 increased by Rs. 831 to Rs. 6,643. Thus at the close of the fasli, the total balance under *vasakkattu* was Rs. 12,129 made up of Rs. 5,342 relating to the period prior to Fasli 1321, Rs. 114 relating to the period between Faslis 1321 and 1323 and Rs. 6,643 relating to the period after the

introduction of the cash order system. It is unsatisfactory to note that the arrears relating to the period after the introduction of the cash order system are being allowed to increase. The Dewan Peishkar's attention will again be drawn to the matter and he will also be requested to take prompt and effective steps to wipe off the arrears.

26. *Minor ooliams*.—The report submitted by the special officer for the settlement of minor *ooliams* connected with important temples in Kolattur taluk is under scrutiny. It is reported that the people are neither willing to do the customary services without adequate remuneration in cash nor to suffer any of those services to be stopped. Even in some cases where there is an allotment for the performance of such services, paid services are not easily available. Special attention is however being given to this matter.

27. *Major ooliam*.—The committee appointed last year to consider and report on the advisability of exempting the non-Hindu pattadars from their liability to render this kind of *ooliam* has not yet finished its work. It is hoped that Government will be able to settle the matter to the satisfaction of all concerned when the recommendations of the committee are received.

28. *General remarks*.—The working of the department was satisfactory. The inspection of temples and other institutions received due attention. The system of inspecting these institutions through the agency of Honorary visitors continued during the fasli under report and it worked with beneficial results. The thanks of the Government are due to the visitors for doing honorary work for the benefit of the community at large.

LAND REVENUE, SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT.

29. *Revenue divisions*.—For purposes of Revenue administration, the State is divided into three taluks, Alangudi, Tirumayyam and Kolattur, each under the control of a Tahsildar. Each taluk is divided into five divisions, each in charge of a Revenue Inspector. There are in all 442 villages and 1,511 hamlets in the State.

30. *Season and rainfall, crops and prices of food-grains*.—The rainfall during the fasli under report was only 30.26 inches, i.e. 2.56 inches less than that of the previous fasli. It was also much below the average for the last five years, viz. 36.15 inches. Even the limited quantity of rain which was received in the year was also not seasonal and the outturn of both dry and wet crops was as a result very deficient. In some localities crops sown were not harvested at all and the agricultural conditions which prevailed in the year were of a kind not experienced within the past many years.

The prices of staple food-grains were however cheaper than those in the last fasli and this was a circumstance which afforded a great measure of relief to the poor. The fall in prices was evidently due to the large import of food-grains from the adjoining British districts.

31. *Condition of cattle*.—Pasture was fairly sufficient, but fodder was available only at high prices. The condition of cattle was fairly good. But owing to continued drought and the consequent scarcity of water in tanks and *oornies* the ryots experienced great difficulty in finding sufficient water for their cattle, but the numerous wells which have been sunk at Government cost in rural parts must, it is hoped, have afforded considerable relief to them. The area available for the free grazing of cattle was 2,43,292 acres of assessed waste lands and poramboke lands not included in game preserves. It has not been reported whether any pattadars availed themselves of the concession granted so early as 1920 and cultivated fodder crops on their lands and this information should be furnished in future reports.

32. *Area under cultivation*.—At the commencement of the fasli 3,38,119 acres were held under ryotwari patta, 70,601 acres were minor inams and 64,147 acres were major inams. During the fasli under report 223 acres with an assessment of Rs. 521 went out of patta by relinquishment, acquisition or other causes and 836 acres with an assessment of Rs. 1,330 came under ryotwari tenure. Of these 836 acres, 579 acres were waste lands assigned under the Darkhast rules or special

orders and they fetched a 'Kudiswamiem' price of Rs. 11,731. The area under occupation at the close of the fasli was 4,73,450 acres composed of 3,38,732 acres under ryotwari tenure, 70,606 acres of minor inams and 64,052 acres of major inams. During the fasli under report, it was found that certain minor inams had been wrongly treated as major inams and those mistakes were rectified. This accounts mainly for the appreciable differences in the figures under major and minor inams. Besides these, an extent of 410 acres was unauthorisedly occupied without patta against 552 acres of the last fasli. The decrease under this item was due to the adverse season. At the end of the fasli there was an extent of 31,091 acres still available for assignment. With a view to their early assignment a list of these lands has been published in the State Gazette for the information of the public and facilities are being afforded to reclaim these lands by granting agricultural loans at a low rate of interest, repayable in easy instalments. Recently Government have sanctioned a scheme under which ryots who take up waste lands for planting trees are allowed to hold them free of assessment for a term of years and endeavours are also being made to open some 'topes' at the cost of Government for demonstrating to the people the utility of tree planting. It is hoped that the facilities thus afforded will be sufficient inducements to the ryots to take up all the area available for occupation.

33. Demand and collection—

(a) *General*.—Before any details of the actual demand and collection are given, it is of some importance to refer to the economic condition of the people who passed through a period of distress owing to the total failure of the North-East monsoon in most parts of the State. Government were not slow to study the conditions and afford measures of relief to the ryots. They issued a Press communique detailing the concessions sanctioned chief among which was the grant of remission of land-tax. It has to be mentioned here that concessions like these were without a precedent in the annals of the administration of the State. Because, during the currency of the present revenue settlement, the ryots are not entitled to claim any remission as a matter of right or principle. The principle of 'no remission' was adopted in fixing the rate of assessment at the settlement and a high percentage of deduction from the average rates was made for vicissitudes of season and unprofitable areas. Also as a set off against 'no remission' 'double crop charge' was not allowed. However, in view of the failure of crops over wide-spread areas and the exceptional condition which prevailed, Government were pleased to grant the following concessions to the agricultural population of the State who were hard hit by the unfavourable character of the season. The collection of land revenue kist of the fasli under report was ordered to be made in six monthly instalments from January to June instead of the usual four instalments from January to April in all the villages of the State and in several deserving cases, the collection of kist was postponed even further. Secondly, in the areas affected, remission of assessment on wet lands was granted from 25 to 50 per cent to pattadars mainly depending upon the lands for their sustenance and having no sufficient sources of income otherwise. Remission was accordingly granted at the time of Jannabandi after detailed inquiries in the presence of village officers and mirasdars, in the liberal spirit in which the concessions were conceived and sanctioned by the Government. Thirdly for all unauthorised occupations (encroachments) on Government assessed waste lands in the fasli, only single assessment was charged. All encroachments by prickly-pears, whether on assessed waste lands or Government poramboke lands, were not charged at all in the fasli. Coercive processes were stopped temporarily in the affected areas. In addition to all these, repayment of agricultural loans due for the year was postponed and interest on such loans due for the year was remitted.

(b) *Current*.—As a result of the concessions detailed above, the total land revenue demand fell from Rs. 9,74,615 in Fasli 1335 to Rs. 8,54,447 in the fasli under report. The major portion of the decrease, i.e. about Rs. 1,04,000 represents the total kist remitted in pursuance of the special remission referred to above. Of this demand, a sum of Rs. 4,90,925 or 57.45 per cent was either collected in the fasli or written off or adjusted from excess collections of previous faslis, leaving a balance of Rs. 3,63,522 at the end of the fasli.

(c) *Arrears*.—The arrear demand of the fasli was Rs. 1,24,190 against Rs. 60,711 in the previous fasli. Of this sum, Rs. 1,03,468 or 83.31 per cent was either collected or written off or adjusted from the excess collections of the previous faslis leaving in arrears a net balance of Rs. 20,722. Of this, Rs. 266 relates to

Fasli 1,333, Rs. 1,565 to Fasli 1334 and Rs. 18,891 to Fasli 1335. The Dewan Peishkar will once again be requested to take necessary steps for the collection of these long-standing arrears without any delay whatever.

34. *Land revenue charges.*—The land revenue charges amounted to Rs. 1,83,262 against Rs. 1,81,877 in Fasli 1335 and the small increase does not call for any remarks.

35. *Darkhast applications.*—The number of applications awaiting disposal at the beginning of the fasli was 1,253 and 1,574 more were received in the fasli under report, against 1,452 and 2,125 respectively in Fasli 1335. Of these 2,827 applications, 1,922 were disposed of, leaving 905 in arrears. Assignment was sanctioned in 361 cases and rejected in the remaining cases. Of the applications disposed of, 390 took over six months and under one year and 390 over one year for disposal. Of those pending at the close of the fasli, 155 and 174 were respectively pending for over six months and for over one year respectively. The number of applications pending for over one year on the last day of the fasli was 174 against 365 in the preceding fasli and this reduction in the number of long pending Darkhasts is satisfactory. Yet it has to be noted that the receipts during the year were 651 less than those in Fasli 1335. There is still room for greater promptness in their disposal.

36. *Village officers' Special test examinations.*—The annual Village officers' special test examinations were held in December 1926. 34 candidates appeared for the Karnams' tests and 31 for the Moniyams' tests. 21 candidates came out successful on the whole, 15 in the former and 6 in the latter.

37. *Inspection.*—The Dewan Peishkar was on tour for 119 days only against 161 days in the previous fasli and inspected all the Taluk offices. The Dewan Peishkar has to be on tour for 150 days in a year and there has thus been a short-touring by 31 days in this fasli. The Dewan Peishkar has not explained the short touring satisfactorily. In a year of unfavourable season like the one under report the Dewan Peishkar should have made more extensive touring. Now that the Dewan Peishkar has been relieved of the duties attached to the District Registrar, Government hope that he will hereafter be able to do this important part of the duties properly. The Tahsildars of Alangudi, Tirunayagam and Kolattur were on tour for 273, 282 and 178 days respectively and the out-door work of the Tahsildar of Kolattur cannot be said to be satisfactory.

38. *Disposal of papers.*—The total number of papers in the Dewan Peishkar's office excepting the Inam and Devasthanam branches, at the commencement of the fasli, was 3,812 and 13,134 papers were received in the fasli, making a total of 17,246 papers against 16,650 papers in the preceding fasli. Of these, 13,935 papers were disposed of in the fasli, leaving 3,311 in arrears. The number of papers pending for over one year has increased from 934 papers in the last fasli to 1,003 in the fasli under report.

39. 12,159 papers were pending in the Taluk offices at the beginning of the fasli and 34,977 more were received making a total of 47,136. Of these, 34,946 were disposed of leaving a balance of 12,190. The disposals are only just keeping pace with the receipts and the rate of disposal should be more than that of receipts, if the arrears should be brought down as low as possible.

40. *Maintenance of Land Records.*—During the fasli under report, attention was devoted to the measurement and mapping of sanctioned sub-divisions which remained unincorporated in the village and Taluk Field measurement books for want of approved sketches. Out of 3,500 which remained to be so incorporated 3,000 sub-divisions were measured and incorporated in the village Field measurement books by special staff sanctioned for the purpose and it is satisfactory to observe that incorporation of the current sub-divisions numbering 3,300 was attended to by the Revenue Inspectors themselves.

The renewal of village maps was made for 22 villages and 16" maps were also brought up-to-date by incorporating changes in field boundaries, etc. An extent of 754 acres was re-surveyed and alignment work in Enamedu blocks in Vegupatti natham was completed. A survey school was held in the fasli for the training of Karnams for six weeks and 21 were trained of whom all but one came out successful. As part of their practical course, they re-surveyed 277 acres out of the 754 acres re-surveyed in the fasli. The work in the photo section consisted mainly of the preparation of ferro copies of plans required.

41. *Natham Settlement.*—The natham of Konapet was settled in the fasli under report. The total demand under sale of house-sites and redemption price amounted to Rs. 57,070 of which 36,670 was collected leaving a balance of Rs. 21,400. The receipts from sale of house-sites and redemption price collected in respect of other chetti nathams amounted to Rs. 31,264.

42. *Inam Settlement.*—25 acres of unsettled inams were settled during the fasli and the increase of assessment on that account was Rs. 27 against Rs. 44 in the previous fasli. Of the three ulthurai villages which remained to be settled at the commencement of the fasli, viz. 1. Pallivasal (Konapet), 2. Palandanpatti and (3) Visalur, no action was taken in respect of the last and the preliminary operations to the settlement work in respect of the first two were under progress. Eight title-deeds were prepared during the fasli and 13 including those prepared during the previous faslis were issued to parties. Transfers of lavanams were given effect to in 282 cases against 257 in the last fasli. The number of patta transfer applications relating to major inams pending disposal at the beginning of the fasli was 1,879 and 181 more were received during the fasli making a total of 2,060. Of these, 491 applications were disposed of, leaving 1,569 in arrears. The Dewan Peishkar hopes to show more progress in coming faslis. Some progress was shown in the matter of transcription of Isanwars and about 380 cases of major inam general numbers have been transcribed in the fasli under report and the transcription work of the remaining cases, i.e. 417 is being attended to. The major inam survey of Namana-samudram village is still pending completion, and it is regretted that the matter is being delayed indefinitely. The special report called for should be submitted by the Dewan Peishkar.

43. *General remarks.*—The working of the Revenue department was on the whole fairly satisfactory and the department as a whole had to do some additional work in the year in connection with the grant of special remissions. There is however considerable room for improvement in all directions. The Tahsildars should be directed to exercise a closer supervision over their subordinates and to see to the prompt disposal of the work in the department.

SALT AND EXCISE.

SALT.

44. *General.*—In pursuance of a convention between the Government of Madras and the State in 1887, the manufacture of earth-salt in the State is prohibited and the State receives an annual contribution of Rs. 38,000 in compensation for the loss of revenue and towards the cost of a preventive force. The salt required for consumption in the State is imported from the British factories on the east coast either through accredited merchants of the State or private dealers.

45. *Price and consumption of sea-salt.*—The price of sea-salt ranged from 14-52 to 18-43 Madras seers per rupee. Statistics of quantities of salt imported into the State for consumption during the fasli are not available as the British Salt factories have stopped sending intimation of sales for State consumption and as large quantities of salt purchased for sale in British parts are also being sold in State markets.

46. *Number and disposal of offences.*—There were no cases of illicit manufacture of earth-salt in the State in the fasli under report.

ABKARI, OPIUM AND GANJA.

47. *Country liquor.*—The arrack required for consumption in the State was manufactured in the State Distillery by a contractor as in the past faslis. During the fasli under report the contractor supplied the Government with 11,450 gallons of liquor of 38° U. P. The still head duty on liquor continued to be Rs. 5-8-0 a gallon and its issue price was reduced from Rs. 1-13-0 to Rs. 1-12-0 a gallon along with a corresponding reduction in the contract rate of supply. The total quantity of liquor sold to the retail shop-keepers during the fasli was 11,387 gallons as against 10,266 gallons in the previous fasli. The increase in consumption is reported to be

due to the prevalence of cholera in several parts of the State creating a demand for liquor as the first aid for the epidemic. Though the consumption was slightly higher, the number of liquor shops that were leased in the fasli was only 49, i. e. five less than in Fasli 1335. The largest consumption was as usual in the Deepavali month.

48. *Toddy.*—The toddy year in the State runs from October to September. The number of cocoanut trees tapped in the first and the second halves of the last toddy year was 7,018 and 6,603 against 7,161 and 6,878 respectively in the previous year. The number of palmyrah and date trees tapped was 441 and 90 against 397 and 126. Besides these, 1,397 cocoanut trees were tapped in the State for British shops and 1,325 cocoanut trees and 35 palmyrah trees were tapped in British parts for State shops. 632 palmyrah trees were also allowed to be tapped free of tax for drawing sweet toddy for private consumption and for manufacture of jaggery and the number allowed to be so tapped during the preceding year was 332. Tree tax was levied at Rs. 4-8-0 a cocoanut tree per half-year and at Rs. 3 per annum for palmyrah and date palms. The number of toddy shops leased during the toddy year was 95, i. e. 14 less than in the previous year. The demand under 'rentals' fell from Rs. 1,25,046 in the preceding fasli to Rs. 1,12,440 in the fasli under report.

49. *Foreign Liquor and Beer.*—The number of shops licensed for the sale of Foreign liquor and beer continued to be one each as in the preceding faslis. They together yielded a rental of Rs. 6,480 against Rs. 7,320 in the preceding fasli.

50. *Intoxicating drugs.*—As in the preceding fasli, two shops were licensed for selling opium and ganja, one at the capital and the other at Tirumayyam and their rentals fell from Rs. 6,720 to Rs. 6,660 in the fasli under report. 145½ seers of opium and 159½ seers of ganja were issued for sale to the public against 73½ seers of opium and 93 seers of ganja in Fasli 1334. The sales in the shops showed a comparatively abnormal increase and no clear explanation is forthcoming for this abnormal rise. It is however stated that the facilities afforded by the easy motor transport and the consequent increase in the floating population of the town partially account for the high consumption of the drugs. Smuggling is also suspected. To restrict the scope for smuggling, the issue of the drugs is now regulated and the sales in the shops are also being watched to prevent illicit disposal.

51. *Number and disposal of offences.*—The number of cases which came up for disposal in the fasli was 72 involving 81 persons inclusive of those pending at the commencement of the fasli, against 62 cases affecting 78 persons in the preceding fasli. Of these, 53 cases against 56 persons were disposed of departmentally by the levy of fines amounting to Rs. 571, one case against one person was struck off, 15 cases against 20 persons were charge-sheeted before magistrates and three cases against four persons remained pending.

Of the 17 cases against 23 persons that were before magistrates for disposal inclusive of those pending at the commencement of the fasli, 10 cases against 13 persons ended in conviction, one case against four persons was withdrawn, one case against one person resulted in acquittal, and five cases against five persons remained pending at the close of the fasli.

52. *Financial.*—The aggregate demand for the fasli under all heads including arrears was Rs. 3,40,903 against Rs. 3,47,378 in Fasli 1335. Of this demand, 97.95 per cent was collected in the fasli against 97.93 per cent in the preceding fasli leaving an uncollected balance of Rs. 6,993. The expenditure of the department including that of the salt preventive force was Rs. 45,539 against Rs. 36,450 in the preceding fasli.

53. *General remarks.*—The working of the department was satisfactory. There was no change in the policy of the Government with regard to abkari administration. Shops are abolished wherever practicable and no new shops are allowed to be started in spite of applications for the same. Restrictive measures such as the prohibition of the sale of toddy to women were introduced at the beginning of the last toddy year. It is a matter for regret that the consumption of liquor was somewhat higher in the year than in the previous one, though the revenue yielded was appreciably less than in the previous fasli. The Excise committee appointed last fasli to consider and report as to the policy to be adopted by the Government in this matter has not yet finished its deliberations and its report is awaited.

FORESTS AND PLANTATIONS.

54. *General.*—The forests in the State consist mainly of scrub-jungles with no timber trees of any value; but they yield large quantities of firewood, green leaves for manure and other minor produce. The total area under forests is approximately 100 square miles including reserve forests which cover an area of about 52 square miles. Wild pigs and deer are the principal game in the reserve forests and wild cattle are also to be met with in some reserves. The plantations in the control of the department consisted of casuarina, mango, cashew and other fruit-bearing trees. In addition to the forests and plantations, the Forest department has also under its control valuable stone-quarries which are worked on a system of leases and licences.

The natural conditions of the State, climatic and otherwise, do not allow of the development of the forests for the growth of valuable timber trees and the activities of the department have therefore to be confined chiefly to their preservation in their existing condition.

55. *Forest operations.*—The cutting of firewood for sale to the public and supply to the departments of the State was carried on as usual and 846 tons of casuarina and jungle fuel were felled during the fasli against 523 tons in the preceding fasli. Only one casuarina block was sold during the fasli.

Seasonal conditions were not favourable for carrying on cultural operations on an elaborate scale. 4,000 palmyrah seeds were sown at the boundary limits of Varappur and Perungalur plantations and about the Vervembukadu Block No. 1. Attempts have been made to rear a tamarind tope in a part of the Kudumiamalai Reserve Forest. Nanal seedlings have been planted to a distance of about a mile on either side of the Vellar and the plants are in a fairly good condition. Except these there were no cultural operations worth mentioning.

The sale of wild animals fetched Rs. 162 as against Rs. 163 in the previous fasli.

56. *Forest offences.*—(i) *Departmental.*—Inclusive of the offences pending at the close of the preceding fasli, there were 2,364 cases against 5,693 persons as compared with 2,396 cases against 5,881 persons in the preceding fasli. Of these, 17 cases involving 41 persons were struck off, 2,275 cases affecting 5,477 persons were ordered to be compounded, and prosecution was launched in 53 cases against 136 persons; 19 cases involving 39 persons were under disposal at the close of the fasli.

(ii) *Magisterial.*—The total number of cases which came up for disposal before the magistracy was 2,181 involving 4,922 persons inclusive of 16 cases against 520 persons pending at the close of the preceding fasli, and those who committed default in the payment of compounding fees. Of these, 1,069 cases involving 2,754 persons ended in conviction, 410 cases against 808 persons either resulted in acquittal or were withdrawn, leaving a balance of 702 cases involving 1,360 persons.

57. *Financial.*—The receipts of the department consisted of the sale proceeds of tree-growths, firewood, green leaves and other forest produce, the quarrying and stone-quarry license fees, and miscellaneous revenue from compounding fees of forest offences, grazing fees, seigniorage fees, etc.

The demand for the fasli under report including the arrear of Rs. 1,149 was Rs. 70,230 against Rs. 90,725 in the preceding fasli. Of this demand, Rs. 68,819 were collected leaving a balance of Rs. 1,411 outstanding at the close of the fasli. The percentage of collection was 98.0 against 98.7 in the previous fasli.

The Superintendent of Salt and Abkari was also the Superintendent of Forests and the expenditure of the department was Rs. 20,706 against Rs. 18,977 in the preceding fasli.

58. *General remarks.*—The working of the department was on the whole satisfactory. But the out-door work of the inspecting agency still remains to be improved. 18 quarries and 3 forest blocks were not inspected by the Inspectors even once during the fasli. It is hoped that the Forest Superintendent will exercise closer supervision over the work of the subordinates.

REGISTRATION.

59. *Number of registry offices.*—There were ten registry offices as in the previous fasli. Each office served on an average 79 square miles of cultivable area and a population of 42,681.

60. *Number and value of registrations.*—The number of documents registered in the fasli was 14,052 against 15,023 in Fasli 1335. The fall of 971 documents is due mainly to the slackness resulting from unfavourable season. Of the documents registered, 13,548 related to immovable property, 441 to movable property, and the remaining 63 to wills. The aggregate value of the documents registered amounted to Rs. 73,19,461 against Rs. 76,33,826 in the previous fasli. The fall in the value of the documents was mainly in respect of instruments of sale and mortgage of immovable property and bonds relating to movables. The highest value of a document registered during the fasli under report was Rs. 1,60,738 as against Rs. 87,740 in the previous fasli.

61. *Time taken to register.*—All the documents registered during the fasli were transcribed either on the day of acceptance or on the next working day.

62. *Appeals and applications.*—19 applications under section 61 of the Registration Regulation, including the three pending at the commencement of the fasli, and two appeals under section 60, came up for disposal during the fasli. All of them, except four applications, were disposed of, registration being ordered in all the cases.

63. *Financial.*—The total receipts of the department amounted to Rs. 41,699 against Rs. 43,532 in the previous fasli. The total expenditure was Rs. 28,31 against Rs. 26,965 in the previous fasli. The net receipts of the department amounted to Rs. 13,375 against Rs. 16,567 in the previous fasli.

64. *General remarks.*—The department continued to be in the charge of the Dewan Peishkar throughout the fasli, except between 21—7—26 and 5—10—26 when the Dewan Peishkar was on leave and the Development Officer was in charge as District Registrar. All the sub-registry offices were inspected in the fasli by the District Registrar.

STAMPS.

65. *Manufacture.*—3,30,261 stamps of the aggregate value of Rs. 1,76,591-2-0 were manufactured in the fasli and 3,87,982 stamps of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,06,419-1-0 were issued to the treasury.

66. *Financial.*—Receipts from the sale of judicial and non-judicial stamps fell from Rs. 2,36,095 and Rs. 88,474 respectively in the previous fasli to Rs. 2,25,454 and Rs. 82,218 respectively in the fasli under report; and those from the sale of copy stamps rose from Rs. 19,764 to Rs. 22,530. The fall in the receipts from the sale of judicial and non-judicial stamps is attributable to the unfavourable season which prevailed throughout the year, which brought about a fall in the number of transactions between parties and in the volume of litigation.

The expenditure of the department was Rs. 7,087 against Rs. 9,039 in the last fasli. The variation is accounted for by the fact that no paper was purchased in the year for the manufacture of stamps. The refunds allowed for spoiled and unused stamps amounted to Rs. 7,164.

The net income from the department was Rs. 3,15,951 against Rs. 3,28,076 in Fasli 1335.

67. *Prosecutions.*—There were in the fasli three cases of prosecution for infringement of stamp laws; of these one was withdrawn and two ended in conviction.

68. *General remarks.*—The department continued to be in the charge of the Superintendent of Stationery and Printing, who was also the Superintendent of Stamps.

LAW AND JUSTICE.

69. *General.*—The administration of civil and criminal justice and the constitution of the various courts are on the British Indian model. The Chief Court exercises the powers of a High Court in India, both in criminal and civil jurisdiction, except that in civil cases, a second appeal on points of law lies to a special court of second appeal consisting of two judges sitting for about a month in the year. The original civil jurisdiction of the Chief Court extends over regular suits of all values and its small cause jurisdiction over suits not exceeding Rs. 200 in value. The rural sub-registrars in the State are also *ex-officio* small cause judges having jurisdiction over suits not exceeding Rs. 50 in value arising within their respective registration sub-districts. To the end of the year 1924, the Chief Court had concurrent jurisdiction with the rural small cause judges over the whole State in respect of small cause suits not exceeding Rs. 50 in value also, but from January 1, 1927, its jurisdiction over such suits has been restricted to the Town registration sub-district.

The ordinary original sessions work of the Chief Court continued in the hands of a single judge as in the last fasli. But from March 5, 1927, criminal revisions and criminal appeals in the original sessions side were heard by one or other of the judges of the three trial courts.

Subordinate to the Chief Court in its criminal jurisdiction, there was a Chief Magistrate for the whole State exercising control over all the magistrates of the first, the second and the third class. Throughout the fasli under report, the Additional Chief Magistrate continued to function, himself carrying on all the duties attached to the office of the Chief Magistrate.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

GENERAL.

70. *Courts.*—There were 20 magistrates' courts in the fasli as in the previous year, five of which were of the first, seven of the second, and the remaining eight of the third class. Two of the third class courts were bench courts, one established at the Pudukkottai Town and the other at Tirumayyam. Three of the second class courts were those of the taluk magistrates (tahsildars) two of whom had no occasion to exercise their powers during the fasli. Of the first class magistrates, the Chief Magistrate did not exercise his powers during the fasli, and the Assistant First Class Magistrate exercised his powers for a period of only 2½ months in the beginning of the fasli, when the Dewan Peishkar and Chief Magistrate was on leave and the Additional Chief Magistrate acted as Dewan Peishkar and Chief Magistrate.

71. *Cases.*—The number of original cases instituted in the several magistrates' courts during the fasli was 5,852. Including the 800 cases pending at the commencement of the fasli the number of cases that came up for disposal before the courts was 6,652. Of these, 5,754 cases were disposed of, leaving 898 cases pending at the close of the fasli. Of the 5,852 cases instituted in the fasli, 1,642 cases related to offences under the Indian Penal Code, 4,197 cases to offences under special and local laws, and 13 cases were under the security sections of the Criminal Procedure Code. The corresponding figures of the previous year were 1,622, 4,357 and 31 respectively. Though the increase in the number of offences reported under the Indian Penal Code is negligible, cases of theft, extortion, robbery and dacoity showed a marked increase from 280 in the last fasli to 350 in the fasli under report.

The number of appeals preferred during the fasli was 139 against 127 in the previous fasli.

ORIGINAL CASES.

72. *Court of Session.*—The number of cases committed to the sessions during the fasli was 14 involving 25 persons. One case against three persons was pending at its commencement. Of these 15 cases concerning 28 persons, seven cases affecting 13 persons were disposed of, leaving eight cases relating to 15 persons pending at the close of the fasli. Four of the 13 persons were convicted and the remaining nine acquitted. The average time taken for the disposal of a case was 26 days against 39 days in Fasli 1335 and 53 days in Fasli 1334. It is satisfactory to observe that

the posting of all sessions cases before a single judge of the Chief Court has brought about an appreciable reduction in the average time taken for the disposal of cases in the court of session.

73. *First class magistrates' courts.*—The number of cases instituted during the fasli before first class magistrates was 202 against 223 in the previous fasli. The number of cases pending at the commencement of the fasli was 52. Of these 254 cases, 208 cases were disposed of, leaving 46 cases pending at the close of the fasli. The average duration of a case disposed of was 30 days in two courts, 53 in the court of the Special First Class Magistrate and 111 in the court of the Deputy First Class Magistrate. The average duration in the last two courts in the last fasli was 58 days and 36 days respectively. It is not explained why the average duration of cases in the court of the Deputy First Class Magistrate has more than trebled in the fasli under report. The Additional Chief Magistrate is requested to obtain the explanation of the Deputy First Class Magistrate and submit the same to Government with his remarks.

74. *Second class magistrates' courts.*—The number of cases filed during the fasli before the several second class magistrates was 4,436 against 4,255 in the last fasli and the number pending at the commencement of the fasli was 692. Of these 5,128 cases, 4,334 cases were disposed of, leaving 794 cases pending at the close of the fasli. The average duration of the cases disposed of varied from 7.3 days in the court of the Town Sub-Magistrate to 14.7 days in the court of the Kolattur Sub-Magistrate. The duration of the one case before the Tirumayyem Taluk Magistrate that was pending from the last fasli was 30 days. It is seen that the number of cases pending before the second class magistrates and their average duration are steadily increasing. The Additional Chief Magistrate's attention is specially drawn to the defect noticed and he is requested to check effectively all unnecessary delays in the disposal of cases.

75. *Third class magistrates' courts.*—The number of cases instituted during the fasli before the courts of the several third class magistrates other than bench courts was 396 against 575 in the previous fasli, and 38 cases were in arrears from the last fasli. Of these 434 cases, 408 cases were disposed of leaving 26 pending at the close of the fasli. The average time taken for the disposal of a case varied from one day in the court of the Perungalur Magistrate to 16.78 days in the court of the Ponnamaravathi Magistrate. The disposal has been more prompt this year than in the last year.

76. *Bench courts.*—The number of cases filed during the fasli before the two bench courts was 867 against 957 in the previous fasli, and 30 cases were pending from the preceding fasli. Of the 897 that thus came up for disposal, 865 were disposed of, leaving 32 in arrears. The average time taken for the disposal of a case was 2 days in the Town Bench Court and 11 days in the Tirumayyem Bench Court. The high duration in the Tirumayyem Bench Court which was observed in the last fasli has continued this year also. The Additional Chief Magistrate is requested to see that this court disposes of its work more expeditiously.

APPEALS.

77. *First class magistrates' courts.*—During the fasli under report 111 appeals were preferred before the first class magistrates from the orders of the second and the third class magistrates, and four were pending at its commencement. Of these 115 appeals, all but seven were disposed of during the fasli. The number of appellants concerned in these 115 appeals was 241. The appeal was allowed and the sentence reversed in respect of 77 persons, the sentence or order was reduced or modified in respect of 23 persons, and confirmed in respect of 131 persons. Appeals relating to ten persons were pending at the close of the fasli. The average time taken for the disposal of an appeal varied from 23 days in the court of the Assistant First Class Magistrate to 40 days in the court of the Additional Chief Magistrate.

78. *Sessions Court.*—19 appeals were filed during the fasli in the Sessions Court from the decisions of the first class magistrates, and two were pending from the previous fasli. Of these 21 appeals, 19 were disposed of, and two were left pending at the close of the fasli. 23 persons were concerned in all these 21 appeals. The sentence or order of the lower court was confirmed in respect of ten persons, reduced or modified in respect of three, and reversed in respect of eight. Appeals relating

to two persons were left pending at the close of the fasli. The average time taken for the disposal of an appeal in the Sessions Court was 42 days against 56 in the previous fasli.

79. *Chief Court.*—There was no appeal pending before the appellate side of the Chief Court at the commencement of the fasli. Ten appeals were filed during the fasli, five by the Sirkar or private complainants and five by the accused, and all of them were disposed of. 12 persons were concerned in all these appeals, and the sentence of the lower court was confirmed in respect of nine persons and reversed in respect of three. The average time taken for the disposal of an appeal was 66 days against 79 days in the previous fasli.

REFERENCE AND REVISION.

80. *Additional Chief Magistrate.*—31 revision petitions were presented to the Additional Chief Magistrate during the fasli against 39 in the previous fasli and three were pending at the commencement of the fasli. No case was taken up *suo moto* as in the last year. All but two were disposed of. The average time taken up for disposal was 51 days against 36 days in the last fasli.

81. *Sessions Court.*—20 revision petitions were filed in the Sessions Court during the fasli and there were no arrears from the previous fasli. 16 petitions were disposed of, and four were left in arrears. No case was taken up *suo moto*. The average time taken for the disposal of an application was 46 days against 34 days in the last fasli.

82. *Chief Court.*—48 revision applications were filed before the Chief Court during the fasli, 27 by the accused and 21 by complainants, against 56 in the previous fasli. The number pending at the commencement of the fasli was five. Of these 53 applications all but four were disposed of. No case was taken up *suo moto*. The average time taken by the Chief Court for the disposal of a revision petition was 38 days against 64 days in the last fasli.

MISCELLANEOUS.

83. *Trial with the aid of assessors.*—All the persons tried by the Sessions Court were tried with the aid of assessors. Of the 13 persons tried in the course of the fasli, the judge agreed with all the assessors in respect of five persons, disagreed with one or more of them in respect of seven persons, and disagreed with all of them in respect of one person.

84. *Detention of witnesses.*—The total number of witnesses examined by all the courts during the fasli was 5,673 and 321 of them or 5.7 per cent were detained beyond three days against 4.1 per cent in the previous fasli. An explanation should have been furnished for the detention for more than three days of a larger number of witnesses than in the previous fasli.

85. *Dismissal of complaints under section 203 and award of compensation under section 250 of the Criminal Procedure Code.*—Of the 1,906 cases under the Indian Penal Code that were before the courts for disposal during the fasli, 177 cases or 9.3 per cent were rejected under section 203, Criminal Procedure Code, against 10.7 per cent in the last fasli and 13.1 per cent in Fasli 1334. The bulk of disposals under this section was as usual cases of hurt, criminal force or assault, theft, robbery and dacoity, mischief, criminal trespass and criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance. The percentage of convictions in cases tried under the Penal Code was 39 against 37 in the previous fasli. The fact that the percentage of acquittal or discharge was so high as 51 shows that there is yet much scope for a more frequent use of section 203, Criminal Procedure Code. An intelligent examination of the complainants at the time the complaints are presented will enable the magistrates to make a freer use of the provisions of section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.

The number of cases dealt with under section 250, Criminal Procedure Code, was 15 against 12 in the previous fasli.

86. *Punishments.*—The total number of sentences passed during the fasli was 4,965, of which 103 were of rigorous imprisonment, 229 of simple imprisonment, 4,631 of fine, and two of whipping in lieu of other punishment. The fines imposed amounted to Rs. 19,996, of which a sum of Rs. 582 was paid to the complainants by way of compensation under section 545, Criminal Procedure Code. The fines realised amounted to Rs. 18,728 against Rs. 20,132 in the last fasli of which a sum of Rs. 569

related to fines imposed in the previous fasli. No one was bound over in the fasli to keep the peace. Five persons were bound over to be of good behaviour and one was imprisoned for failure to give security. Four persons were released on probation of good conduct against seven in the previous fasli, and four were discharged after admonition.

The action taken under the security provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code appears inadequate, but this apparent defect seems to be due to the vigorous measures taken in the previous year for the binding over of all bad characters in the State.

87. *Juveniles.*—Five boys were convicted during the fasli of theft, against four in the previous fasli.

88. *Extradition.*—11 persons were produced before the State courts on extradition warrants issued by the Agent to the Governor-General and 29 persons were extradited by the State for trial by the British courts.

89. *Inspection.*—All the magistrates' courts were inspected by the Additional Chief Magistrate during the fasli.

90. *General remarks.*—The working of the magistracy was on the whole satisfactory. It is however observed that the pendency of cases in the second class magistrates' courts has risen; and the Additional Chief Magistrate will take special measures to reduce the pendency by a closer supervision of the work of the subordinate magistracy.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

GENERAL.

91. *Number of suits.*—The total number of suits (both regular and small cause) instituted in the several courts fell from 10,774 in the previous fasli to 10,107 in the fasli under report. The percentage of decrease in litigation was 5.26, against a decrease of 5.10 per cent in the previous fasli, and an increase of 1.65 per cent in Fasli 1334. For the State as a whole one suit was instituted for every 42 persons of the population against 39 persons in the preceding year. Besides, 282 suits were re-admitted or received by remand during the fasli against 288 in the preceding fasli, and 1,813 suits were pending from the last fasli. The fall in litigation seems to be due to the unfavourable character of the season.

92. *Nature of suits.*—Of the 10,389 suits instituted and re-admitted or received by remand during the fasli, 10,084 or 97.06 per cent were for money or movable property. In the preceding fasli, suits of this class numbered 10,739 or 97.08 per cent. The number of suits for recovery of immovable property was 97, those for declaring and establishing rights to immovable property including pre-emption and foreclosure numbered 63, and those for specific relief 16. Suits of other description numbered 129.

93. *Value of suits.*—The total value of suits instituted and re-admitted or received by remand fell from Rs. 31,92,075 in the previous fasli to Rs. 28,54,694 in the fasli under report, as a result of the fall in the volume of litigation. The decrease in value works up to 10.6 per cent, against an increase of 8.60 per cent in the last fasli. The average value of a suit was Rs. 275 against Rs. 259 in the previous fasli and Rs. 252 in Fasli 1334. Of the 10,389 suits that were instituted and re-admitted or received by remand during the fasli, 5,804 or 55.9 per cent were of value not exceeding Rs. 50; 1,404 suits or 13.5 per cent were of value exceeding Rs. 50 but not exceeding Rs. 100; 1,375 suits or 13.2 per cent were of value exceeding Rs. 100 but not exceeding Rs. 200; 565 suits or 5.5 per cent were of value exceeding Rs. 200 but not exceeding Rs. 300; 488 suits or 4.7 per cent were of value exceeding Rs. 300 but not exceeding Rs. 500; 388 suits or 3.7 per cent were of value exceeding Rs. 500 but not exceeding Rs. 1,000; 294 suits or 2.8 per cent were of value exceeding Rs. 1,000 but not exceeding Rs. 5,000; 45 suits or 0.4 per cent were of value exceeding Rs. 5,000 but not exceeding Rs. 10,000; and the remaining 26 suits or .3 per cent were of values exceeding Rs. 10,000. There were no suits incapable of valuation.

94. *Percentage of successful plaintiffs.*—Of the 12,202 suits that were for disposal during the fasli, 10,707 suits or 88 per cent were disposed of against 11,094

or 86 per cent in the previous fasli, leaving 1,495 suits pending at the close of the fasli. Of the suits disposed of in the fasli, 1,288 suits or 12.0 per cent were either compromised or disposed of without trial, 7,343 suits or 68.6 per cent were decreed in favour of plaintiffs either on confession or on oath or *ex parte*, and 1,571 or 14.7 per cent were decreed after contest. 11 suits or 0.1 per cent were dismissed for default, 409 suits or 3.8 per cent were disposed of in favour of defendants after contest, and the remaining 82 suits or 0.8 per cent were disposed of otherwise.

95. *Number of appeals.*—The number of appeals (both first and second) filed during the fasli was 299, against 229 in Fasli 1335 and 279 in Fasli 1334.

COURTS OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

96. *Chief Court.*—(i) *Regular suits.*—In the fasli under report, 2,068 regular suits were filed in the Chief Court, and 83 were re-admitted or received by remand. 1,06 suits were pending at the commencement of the fasli. There were thus 3,157 suits for disposal in the fasli against 3,052 suits in the last fasli. Of these 3,157 suits, 2,307 or 73.07 per cent were disposed of leaving 850 suits in arrears at the end of the fasli. The percentage of disposal in Fasli 1335 was 67.03, and that in Fasli 1334 was 72.33. Of the suits disposed of, 957 or 41.05 per cent were contested, against 6.46 per cent in Fasli 1335 and 40.12 per cent in Fasli 1334. Of the 850 suits pending at the close of the year, 187 suits were pending under three months; 269 suits were pending above three months and under six months, 238 suits were pending above six months and under one year, and 156 suits were pending for over one year. The number of suits pending for over one year at the close of the last fasli was 252. Of the 156 suits pending for over one year, 95 belong to the file of the first trial court, 61 to that of the third trial court, and none to that of the second trial court. The appreciable reduction in the number of suits pending for over one year and the successful efforts made by the second trial judge for the disposal of all the suits under this category pending in his court are noted with great satisfaction by Government. Of the 2,111 suits instituted, re-admitted and received by remand during the fasli, 243 were instituted by Nattukkottai chetties and money-lenders against chetties or merchants, 70 were instituted by Nattukkottai chetties against ryots or agriculturists, 372 were instituted by Nattukkottai chetties against others, 64 by traders against buyers, five against Sirkar, two by Sirkar, and the remaining 1,395 were between other classes of people.

The average duration of a contested suit disposed of in the fasli was 364 days against 310 days in Fasli 1335 and 225 days in Fasli 1334. That of other suits was 58 days, against 58 days in the last fasli and 57 days in the fasli before the last.

During the fasli under report though there was an appreciable increase in the number of suits disposed of and a corresponding decrease in arrears, the average time taken for the disposal of a contested suit was greater than in the two previous years. The Chief Judge reports that the increase in the duration of pendency of contested suits in the Chief Court is only temporary due to the large number of long-pending suits that were disposed of during the fasli. Government hope that this increase in pendency will be reduced in the ensuing year.

(ii) *Small cause suits.*—The number of small cause suits filed in the Chief Court during the fasli under report was 3,514, and those re-admitted or received by remand numbered 77, and the number of suits pending at the commencement of the fasli was 500. Thus the number of suits that were available for disposal was 4,091. Of these, 42 suits were transferred to the files of the rural small cause judges. Of the balance of 4,049, 3,709 or 91.60 per cent were disposed of during the fasli, and the remaining 340 suits were left in arrears. The percentage of disposal in Fasli 1335 was 8.28, and that in Fasli 1334 was 90.80. Of the 3,709 suits that were disposed of, 668 suits or 17.81 per cent were contested, against 13.95 per cent in Fasli 1335 and 18.10 per cent in Fasli 1334. Of the 340 suits pending at the close of the fasli, 239 were pending for less than three months, 96 were pending for less than six months, four were pending for less than one year, and one was pending for more than one year. The number of suits that were pending for over one year at the close of the last fasli was seven.

The average time taken for the disposal of a contested small cause suit during the fasli was 162 days, against 128 days in Fasli 1335, and 119 days in Fasli 1334. The average time taken for the disposal of an uncontested small cause suit was 45 days in this fasli against 38 days in the last fasli and 44 days in Fasli 1334.

It is noted that the average duration of small cause suits also has increased. Now that a panchayat court has been established in the town it is hoped that there will be substantial reduction in the volume of small litigation coming up for disposal before the Chief Court.

97. *Rural small cause courts.*—The number of suits that were instituted, re-admitted or received by remand or transfer during the fasli in the nine rural small cause courts in the State was 4,689, and including the 307 suits that were pending at the commencement of the fasli, the number of suits that were for disposal was 4,996, against 5,296 in the last fasli. Of these 4,996 suits, 4,691 or 93.90 per cent were disposed of, leaving 305 suits pending at the close of the fasli. The percentage of disposal in the last fasli was 94.19, and that in Fasli 1334 was 89.75. Of the suits disposed of 358 suits or 7.63 per cent were contested, against 7.56 per cent in the previous fasli. The average time taken for the disposal of a contested suit was 60 days, against 72 days in Fasli 1335, and 67 days in Fasli 1334, and the average time taken for the disposal of an uncontested suit was 27 days in the fasli under report, against 29 days in Fasli 1335 and 34 days in Fasli 1334. It is satisfactory to note that there has been a decrease in the average duration of contested as well as uncontested suits. The duration of suits in the small cause courts at Kolattur, Ponnamaravathi and Keelanilai is very excessive being 78 days, 80 days and 100 days in respect of contested suits, and 43 days, 32 days and 33 days in respect of uncontested suits respectively. While the heavy file in Kolattur is at least some justification, the long duration in the other courts is hardly justifiable. The delay in disposal in the Keelanilai court was noticed even in the last year's review. The Chief Judge is again requested to see that these judges dispose of their cases more expeditiously.

98. *Village courts.*—Government have established towards the close of the fasli a village court in the Pulukkottai Town competent to try all small cause suits of the value of Rs. 30 arising within the limits of the vattams comprising the Town and of the value of Rs. 100 with the consent of the parties. The court did not commence its work within the fasli.

99. *Insolvency Petitions.*—Insolvency petitions are filed in the Chief Court and transferred to the official receiver for disposal. 60 insolvency petitions were filed during the fasli and six were re-filed, and including the 23 petitions that were pending at the commencement of the fasli, 89 petitions were available for disposal. Of these, 24 were dismissed for default, 39 were disposed of by passing order of adjudication, and 26 were left pending at the close of the fasli. Of these 26 petitions, 18 were pending below six months, and six were pending below one year.

The number of petitions in respect of which order of adjudication was passed during the fasli was 119 including 80 pending at the commencement of the fasli, against 113 in the previous fasli. Of these 119 petitions, 40 were disposed of, leaving 79 pending at the close of the fasli. Conditional discharge was granted in six, absolute discharge in four, the order of adjudication was annulled in 25, and five petitions were dismissed. Of the 79 petitions left pending, ten were under six months, 60 were under one year, and nine were over one year.

Appeals against the orders of the official receiver are heard by a single judge of the Chief Court. Five appeals were filed during the fasli against the order of the official receiver, and three were pending at the commencement of the fasli. All these eight appeals were disposed of in the fasli, the official receiver's order being confirmed in six, and modified in two cases.

The total amount of creditors' claims admitted and satisfied was Rs. 1,83,602 and Rs. 43,948 respectively, and that of the insolvents' assets realised and disbursed was Rs. 47,530 and Rs. 46,822 respectively.

APPELLATE COURTS.

100. *Chief Court.*—The number of regular appeals filed during the fasli was 194, against 150 in Fasli 1335 and 208 in Fasli 1334. Including the 72 appeals pending at the commencement of the fasli, and the four re-admitted, the total for disposal was 270 against 307 in Fasli 1335 and 386 in Fasli 1334. Of these 270 appeals, 212 or 78.52 per cent were disposed of in the fasli, leaving 58 pending at the close of the fasli. The percentage of disposal in Fasli 1335 was 76.54 and that in Fasli 1334 was 59.58. The average time taken by the Chief Court for the disposal of an appeal

was 154 days, against 286 days in Fasli 1335 and 364 days in Fasli 1334. Out of the 212 appeals that were disposed of, the decision of the lower court was confirmed in 139 cases, modified in 16 cases and reversed in 40 cases and nine cases were remanded for re-trial. Of the remaining eight, two were struck off the file, three were settled out of court and three were compromised. Of the 58 appeals left pending at the close of the fasli, 53 were pending under six months, one was pending under one year and four were pending over one year.

The pendency of appeals has been reduced to half that of the previous years and this satisfactory feature of civil justice administration has been achieved as a result of the establishment of an independent appeal court.

101. *Second Appellate court.*—The Second Appellate court sat from the 9th of May 1927 to the 11th of June 1927, and it was presided over by M. R. Ry. Rao Bahadur K. Krishnamachariar Ayl., B.A., B.L., and M. R. Ry. P. Chenchiah Ayl., B.A., M.L.

The number of second appeals filed during the fasli was 105, against 79 in the last fasli, and 29 were pending from the previous fasli. Of these 134 appeals, 117 were posted for hearing against 85 in the past fasli, and 110 were disposed of against 66 in the previous fasli, leaving a balance of 2. Of the 110 appeals that were disposed of, the decision of the first appellate court was confirmed in 85, modified in five and reversed in 11. Five appeals were remanded for re-trial and five were otherwise disposed of. The total value involved was Rs. 1,48,990 against Rs. 1,3,667 in the last fasli.

The total receipts on account of the second appeal court amounted to Rs. 5,895 and the total expenditure to Rs. 3,022.

REVIEW AND REVISION.

102. *Review and revision.*—During the fasli under report, no application for review of appeal judgment was filed, and the one application that was pending from the previous fasli was disposed of. There were 87 petitions for revision of judgments and orders under section 25 of the Provincial Small Causes Courts' Act and section 115 of the Code of Civil Procedure, including ten pending at the commencement of the fasli, and 81 of them were disposed of leaving six in arrears at the close of the fasli.

MISCELLANEOUS.

103. *Execution.*—The total number of applications for execution of decrees which came up for disposal before all the courts during the fasli was 12,537, including 3,132 pending from the last fasli, against 11,705 in Fasli 1335, and 10,712 in Fasli 1334. Of these, 9,061 or 72.33 per cent were disposed of leaving 3,469 applications pending at the close of the fasli. The percentage of disposal in Fasli 1335 was 80.03, and that in Fasli 1334, 1333 and 1332 was respectively 81.14, 88.05 and 90.85. Satisfaction was obtained in full in 1,930 applications or 21.23 per cent of those disposed of, and in part in 480 applications or 5.29 per cent. The number of wholly infructuous applications was 6,627 or 73.03 per cent. The percentage in Fasli 1335 was 21.77, 4.70 and 73.53 respectively, and that in Fasli 1334 was 25.66, 4.37, and 69.28 respectively. The total value of the claims covered by the execution petitions disposed of during the fasli was Rs. 17,54,38, of which a sum of Rs. 4,60,831 or 26.21 per cent was realised. The number of judgment debtors imprisoned in execution of decrees was 89, against 279 in Fasli 1335 and 168 in Fasli 1334.

104. *Legal Practitioners.*—57 Chief Court vakils enrolled for life, 29 first grade pleaders, two second grade pleaders and 43 muktyars practised in one or other of the courts in the State during the fasli under review.

105. *Law reporting.*—The reportable judgments of the year 1926 are being got ready for publication, and the Chief Judge expects to have them published before the close of the current calendar year.

106. *Inspection.*—All the rural small cause courts were inspected during the fasli by the Chief Judge.

107. *Finance.*—The total receipts of the Civil Judicial department amounted to Rs. 2,37,504, against Rs. 2,43,716 in Fasli 1335, and the charges amounted to Rs. 91,722 against Rs. 87,719 in Fasli 1335. The net surplus was therefore Rs. 1,45,782 against Rs. 1,55,997 in the previous fasli.

108. *General remarks.*—During the fasli under report there was a fall in the number of original and small cause suits filed in the several courts of the State. But the duration of contested suits has increased. This is ascribed to the disposal during the year of a large number of long pending suits, and as the statistics of the disposal furnished establish the correctness of this explanation, Government accept it with the hope that there will be in the coming year an appreciable reduction in the pendency of suits. Government note with satisfaction that the establishment of an independent appeal court has resulted in the speedy disposal of appeals, and it is also their hope that the Chief Court as now constituted will effect improvement in its work all round.

There was no change in the personnel of the judges of the Chief Court, except that during seven weeks towards the middle of the fasli, the Chief Judge acted as Dewan, and M. R. Ry. A. Padmanabha Sastrial Ayl., B. A., M. L., Judge, acted as Chief Judge, and one of the judge's places was left unfilled.

PRISONS.

109. *Number of prisons.*—The number of prisons in the State was nine as in the previous fasli. Of these one is the Central Jail located in Pudukkottai Town and the others are sub-jails in mufasal stations.

CENTRAL JAIL.

110. *Building and accommodation.*—The condition of the Central Jail is satisfactory and it is maintained in a state of good repair. The accommodation is sufficient except very occasionally when there is more than the usual number of admissions. Government have called for plans and estimates for the construction of a separate ward for juveniles.

111. *Population.*—At the beginning of the fasli there were 98 prisoners in the Central Jail composed of 89 convicts, two under-trial prisoners including one female, six civil debtors and one female lunatic. 239 convicts, 124 under-trial prisoners, 144 civil debtors and three lunatics were admitted in the fasli. Of the new admissions, 94 convicts, three under-trial prisoners and two lunatics were females. 268 convicts, 104 under-trial prisoners, 141 civil debtors and three lunatics were discharged during the fasli, leaving 60 convicts, 22 under-trial prisoners including one female, nine civil debtors and one female lunatic in the jail at the close of the fasli.

Of the 239 convicts admitted in the fasli, 232 were hindus, three christians and four Mohammedans. Of the 232 hindus, 94 were females. 20 convicts including 16 females were under 16 years of age, 160 convicts including 47 females were between the ages of 16 and 40, and 58 including 31 females between the ages of 40 and 60, and one over 60 years of age. 56 of the new admissions were agriculturists, 45 were traders, mechanics or artisans, two were employed under Government or under municipal or other local bodies, and the rest followed other callings. Of the new admissions 39 males alone were able to read and write. Of the 94 female convicts admitted in the fasli, 18 were unmarried, 46 married and 30 widowed.

Among the 239 convicts admitted during the fasli, 39 males and 93 females were sentenced to simple imprisonment, and 106 males and one female to rigorous imprisonment. 227 convicts including all the 94 females were short-termers undergoing a sentence not exceeding one year, ten males were sentenced to a period not exceeding two years, and two to a term not exceeding five years.

There were no juveniles in the Central Jail at the commencement or end of the fasli. 26 juveniles, consisting of nine males and 17 females, were admitted and discharged during the course of the fasli. There were 40 habituals, all males, in the Central Jail at the commencement of the fasli; 49 habituals, including three females, were admitted during the fasli, and 60, including the three females, were discharged in the fasli, leaving 26 male habituals in the jail at the close of the fasli.

The increase in the number of juvenile and women convicts requires explanation and the Additional Chief Magistrate will be requested to report the causes that contributed to this increase.

The average daily population of the Central Jail was 90.48, against 111.79 in the previous fasli, and the average daily convict population 64.78 against 87.77 in the previous fasli.

112. *Life convicts.*—No life convicts were admitted in the fasli. The four life convicts that were in the jail at the close of the last fasli continued throughout this fasli.

113. *Health of the prisoners.*—The health of the jail population was good, better than in the last fasli. There were 11 admissions in the jail hospital against 29 in the previous fasli, the daily average being .38 against .72. There were no epidemics within the jail. There were two deaths among the jail population in the fasli under report, against four in the previous fasli, one a civil debtor of advanced age who died suddenly of heart failure, and the other a female under-trial prisoner who was admitted into the jail when she was suffering from chronic diarrhoea and who died in the Town hospital where she had been removed for treatment.

114. *Jail offences.*—There were no escapes from the jail during the fasli, and there were also no jail offences reported during the fasli. The number of offences reported in the last fasli was two. The absence of any jail crime in the year is a feature which reflects credit on the administration of the jail but the Superintendent should make sure that the good result reported is not due to any suppressions of such offences.

115. *Jail industries.*—The principal industries carried on in the Central Jail were weaving, oil-pressing and gardening. Rattan-work, basket-making, rope-making, binding and carpentry were also done to a small extent.

116. *Financial.*—The receipts of the Central Jail amounted to Rs. 10,482 against Rs. 10,617 in the previous fasli. The decrease is mainly due to fall in the market price of oil.

The expenditure fell from Rs. 24,691 in the previous fasli to Rs. 21,945 in the current fasli. The fall in expenditure is due mainly to the fact that the average daily population of the jail fell from 111.79 in the preceding year to 90.48 in the fasli under report. The average dieting charge per *diem* per head of the jail population was three annas against three annas and one pie in the preceding fasli.

117. *General remarks.*—The Central Jail continued to be in the direct charge of a sub-assistant surgeon who was also the jailor. As usual, it was inspected by the Chief Medical and Sanitary Officer not less than once a week. Religious and moral instruction continued to be given to the convicts and the jail school worked regularly and satisfactorily. The offering of daily prayers both in the morning and in the evening by the hindu convicts before the Vinayagar temple constructed by them in the jail still continues. Government note with appreciation that the honorary visitors inspected the jail regularly and made useful suggestions for its improvement which were adopted as far as practicable. The working of the Central jail continues to be satisfactory.

SUB-JAILS.

118. The sub-jails continued under the control of the Chief Magistrate. There were seven prisoners in confinement at the commencement of the fasli and 386 were admitted during the fasli, against 276 in the previous fasli. 376 were discharged during the fasli, leaving 17 in prison at the end of the fasli.

The total cost of maintaining the sub-jails was Rs. 1,995 against Rs. 1,894 in the previous fasli. The health of the prisoners was good. All the sub-jails were inspected during the fasli by the Additional Chief Magistrate.

POLICE.

119. *Constitution.*—The District Superintendent of Police, Trichinopoly, continued to be *ex-officio* Superintendent of the State police force. The strength of the force at the commencement of the fasli was a Deputy Superintendent of Police, four inspectors, ten sub inspectors, 30 head constables including the *jemadar* and 205 constables. There were 33 vacancies in the force on the last day of the fasli.

M. R. Ry. Rao Bahadur A. K. Rajah Aiyar Ayl., B. A., M. B. E., continued to be Superintendent till 28-3-1927; M. R. Ry. T. V. Krishnaswami Aiyar Ayl., B. A., was in charge till 8-5-1927; and on 9-5-1927, H. G. Furness Esquire assumed charge of the office of Superintendent.

There was no change in the personnel of the Deputy Superintendent of Police.

120. *Stations and outposts.*—The number of police stations and outposts was eight and six respectively as in the last fasli. The beat houses at Keelanilai—Puduppatti and Vendampatti continued throughout the fasli.

121. *Crime.*—The number of cases reported during the fasli, excluding those referred as false or in which investigation was refused, fell from 2,256 in the last fasli to 1,754 in the fasli under report. While the cases relating to the Indian Penal Code rose from 393 in the last fasli to 456 in the fasli under report, the cases under special laws fell from 1,863 in the last fasli to 1,303 in this fasli. 32 per cent of the cases under the Penal Code were detected against 35 per cent in the last fasli.

117 cases were referred as false during the fasli, and only four of them were charged under section 211, Indian Penal Code. False complaints should be put down as far as practicable by prosecution under section 211, Indian Penal Code.

122. *Grave crimes.*—The number of grave crimes reported during the fasli and pending from the previous fasli, excluding cattle thefts, rose from 213 in the last fasli to 250 in the fasli under report. There was a fall in the number of petty thefts, and an increase in the number of other grave crimes. Among the cases reported in the year or pending from the last year, three were for murder, two for culpable homicide, seven for dacoity, 15 for robbery, 134 for house-breaking and theft, 89 for theft of property above one rupee in value and 61 for cattle thefts. Of the three cases of murder one was reported undetectable and two ended in acquittal. Of the two cases of homicide one ended in conviction and the other is pending trial. Of the seven cases of dacoity one was under investigation at the close of the fasli, two were reported undetectable and the remaining four were pending trial. Of the 15 cases of robbery, three ended in conviction and one in acquittal, two were reported undetectable, five were under investigation and four were under trial. Of the 134 house-breaking cases, 18 were detected, 6 were discharged, 91 were reported undetectable, 15 were under investigation and four were pending trial. Of the 89 cases of petty thefts, 25 were detected, three ended in acquittal or discharge, 45 were reported undetectable, five were under investigation and 11 were pending trial. Of the 61 cases of cattle thefts, 15 were detected, one ended in acquittal, 29 were reported undetectable, ten were under investigation and six were under trial at the close of the fasli. The number of grave crimes that ended in conviction and the number of persons that were convicted of grave crimes were 62 and 73 respectively, against 67 and 82 in the last fasli. The percentage of persons convicted to those arrested for grave crimes was 46.5 in the fasli, against 55.7 in Fasli 1335. The value of property lost amounted to Rs. 30,355 against Rs. 43,511 in the previous fasli, and property worth Rs. 7,753 or 29 per cent was recovered during the fasli against 39 per cent in the previous fasli.

123. *Preventive measures.*—Proceedings under the security sections of the Criminal Procedure Code were instituted against 15 persons during the fasli, and six of them were bound over, one was discharged and the proceedings against the remaining one was withdrawn. The number of persons bound over in Fasli 1335 was 38, and that in Fasli 1334 was 30. It is thought that this apparent slackness of work under preventive efforts was due in a large measure to the steps taken to bring to book the majority of bad characters in the past two years.

124. *Criminal Tribes.*—There were 90 koravars, 90 kaladies and 96 valayars registered under the Criminal Tribes Regulation at the commencement of the fasli. Four koravars and one kalady were added to the register, and four koravars and one kalady were removed from the register on account of death during the fasli. Six koravars and five kaladies were for good conduct exempted from the obligation of reporting themselves at fixed intervals. All the registered persons are males.

It is reported that the mere application of section 10 of the Criminal Tribes Regulation has not been sufficient to check the criminal propensities of the koravars in Tirumayyan Taluk, and that they were frequently getting out of view and committing crimes in the year. Proposals for applying the provisions of section 11 of the Regulation by restricting the movements of these koravars to specified areas received from the Superintendent of Police are under the consideration of Government.

The residential school for the reclamation of korava boys established at Tirumayyan continues to work satisfactorily. The boys are forgetting their old life and they are being reformed so completely. Education both secular and moral is imparted to them and weaving is taught to the grown-up boys as a vocational subject. The boys are trained in scouting and they take to all kinds of sports keenly. Some of them are above the average in their studies and they are desirous of continuing

their education in higher classes. These are changes produced by the training given to them in the past two or three years and the results so far achieved have fully established the utility of the step taken by Government in establishing the reclamation school. It has been proposed to shift the school to the capital, and the construction of a building for the purpose is under consideration. The school will be shifted to the Town as soon as the building is complete.

125. *Conduct of the force.*—Six constables were dismissed; nine head constables and twelve constables were temporarily reduced; five constables were suspended; two head constables and eleven constables were fined; eight constables had their pay stopped for absence without leave; one head constable and four constables were treated as deserters; and 17 head constables and 118 constables were punished by the award of black-marks. Besides, one inspector and six sub-inspectors were warned; four sub-inspectors were reprimanded, and five sub-inspectors were severely reprimanded. The number of punishments awarded continued to be somewhat high and the reason for this state of affairs has not been given. It is surmised that this was due to the paucity of efficient men among sub-inspectors and head constables. Four probationary sub-inspectors have been recently trained at Vellore and one has already come out from the school and three will be completing their training shortly. Sanction has also been given for the recruiting and training in a British training school of five head constables and it is hoped these measures will tend to improve the discipline of the force in the coming years.

126. *Health of the force.*—There were 276 admissions in the hospital, against 272 in the last fasli and 273 in Fasli 1334. The number of admissions is large due probably to malingering on the part of the men as stated by the Deputy Superintendent of Police. Special efforts should be taken to see that this tendency is put down.

127. *Inspection.*—All the stations and out-posts were inspected by the Superintendent of Police once during the fasli. The Deputy Superintendent of Police inspected them only once. It is desirable that he should inspect them at least twice and do more camping than he has done in the fasli under review.

128. *General remarks.*—It is a matter for some regret that during the fasli under report there was an increase in crime as compared with the previous year and that detection was not as successful as in the previous two years. The adverse season of year, the rather sudden and surprising activity of the koravars in committing crimes and the attempt made by the Deputy Superintendent to break the system of private 'kaval' seem to be the causes which have contributed to this increase. Special steps to watch the koravars are in contemplation. The standard of efficiency of the investigating staff has to be still raised in spite of the special efforts made in the past two or three years by the Deputy Superintendent and it is hoped that the full measure of improvements will be achieved when the new recruits join the force after their training. On the whole the department has worked well under the present Deputy Superintendent and has maintained a good standard of efficiency as in the previous two years.

EDUCATION.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

129. *Number of schools.*—The number of schools at work in the State during the fasli under report was 631 (one College, eight secondary schools, 15 anglo-vernacular schools 5.5 elementary schools—all of the lower grade and 82 special schools) against 588 in the preceding fasli. Compared with last fasli, the number of elementary schools and special schools increased by two and 43 respectively, while that of secondary schools fell by two. The increase in special schools was due to the organisation of additional schools for adult education. The fall in the number of secondary schools was due to the fact that the First Form classes experimentally opened at Karambakkudi, Keeranur and Arinalam had to be closed for want of pupils and that only one such class was newly opened at Keelanilai—Puduppatti during the fasli. Of these institutions, 245 (three secondary, five anglo-vernacular, 160 elementary, two kalasals and 75 adult literacy schools) were in receipt of grants-in-aid, 78 elementary schools were unaided schools of an indigenous type and the rest were Government institutions. There was one school for every 1.87 square miles of area and 676 of population.

130. *Number of pupils.*—The total number of pupils who received instruction in the fasli in all the institutions was 24,176 boys and 3,136 girls against 21,781 boys and 2,705 girls in the preceding fasli. But these figures represent only the maximum number of pupils on the rolls in the fasli and they cannot for obvious reasons be taken to represent the correct number receiving continuous and regular instruction in the schools. On the last day of the school year, the number of pupils who received instruction was only 17,143 boys and 2,123 girls against 16,900 boys and 2,184 girls in the preceding fasli. Leaving out of account the 914 adults who received instruction during the fasli, there was a decrease in the number of boys under instruction and this is reported to be due to the economic distress that prevailed in the State during the fasli. Assuming the age of pupils studying in elementary schools to be between five and ten years, the percentage of pupils under instruction on the last day of the school year in those schools was 52.4 in the case of boys and 6.5 in the case of girls against 57 and 6.7 in the previous fasli.

131. *Financial.*—The expenditure on education was Rs. 1,92,951 against Rs. 1,88,000 in Fasli 1335. Of this, Rs. 10,996 was spent on Female education against Rs. 11,695 in the preceding fasli. Elementary education is free in the State except for boys at the capital. Secondary education is also being imparted free of school fees in the Sri Bhumeeswaraswami High school at Ramachandrapuram, in the Sri Sathiamurthi school at Tirumayyam and in the Government secondary school for Panchamas at Pudukkottai. Girls receive secondary education also free in the Rani's Free secondary school at the capital.

GENERAL EDUCATION.

132. *Secondary schools.*—On the eight secondary schools at work in the fasli, two were complete secondary schools and the remaining six were incomplete ones. Five of them were Government institutions and three were aided ones. One of the Government institutions was intended exclusively for girls and another for the Panchamas of the State. In all the schools 936 boys and 178 girls received instruction in the fasli, against 932 boys and 175 girls in Fasli 1335 and 916 boys and 158 girls in Fasli 1334. The Church of Sweden Mission High school and the Ramachandrapuram High school sent up 33 and 28 students respectively for the Madras S. S. L. C. Examination and 19 and 16 pupils respectively were declared eligible for the University course.

133. *Elementary schools.*—The number of elementary schools at work in the fasli including the 15 anglo-vernacular schools was 540 against 538 in the preceding fasli. Of these 540 schools, 297 were Sirkar schools and the remaining 243 were private institutions, of which 165 were in receipt of grants-in-aid. Compared with the previous fasli, the number of Sirkar institutions increased by three, that of aided institutions by eight and that of unaided schools decreased by nine. Of these elementary schools, 17 Sirkar schools and four aided schools were maintained for the education of girls and the remaining were boys' or mixed schools. Seven of these were Night schools intended for the pupils of the labouring classes. The number of pupils in all the elementary schools on the last day of the fasli was 14,517 boys and 1,900 girls against 14,306 and 1,982 girls in Fasli 1335. The reason for the fall in the figures is mainly the economic distress that prevailed in the State during the fasli. The decrease is quite discouraging whatever cause it was due to, as Government are always looking for a rapid advance in the spread of elementary education. Of the pupils, the number who studied in the Night schools was 196 against 193 in the preceding fasli. A sum of Rs. 34-5-0 was distributed to those pupils as stipends. Wood sloyd continued to be taught in Annavasal and the Chery schools. At Sengappatti, practical lessons in agriculture were given and easy lessons on co-operation were also imparted to the students in the same school. The medium of instruction was Tamil in all schools and Arabic was taught in addition in the Mohammedan schools. Stitching, sewing and music were taught in most of the girls' schools.

134. *Depressed classes.*—41 schools (38 Government including the Chery secondary school and three aided) were maintained in the year exclusively for the education of Adi-dravidas against 33 in Fasli 1335 and 39 in Fasli 1334. Pupils of this community were also admitted and taught in caste schools all over the State. The total number of pupils of the community inclusive of those admitted and taught

in caste schools was 1,541 against 1,158 in Fasli 1335. The increase of strength among these pupils which is really appreciable (by about 33 per cent) was due to the Panchama teachers of the special grade, who were trained year before last, having started new schools in the year under report. A third form was opened in the Chery school and there were 18 pupils in the three form classes. Instruction was free to boys of the community even in the form classes and stipends were also given to them for the purchase of books and stationery. Government are glad to note that the institution is growing popular.

135. *Adult education.*—Under the adult literacy scheme sanctioned by Government, 75 schools were working in the early part of the fasli with 914 pupils on the rolls as against 32 schools with 259 pupils in the previous year. But in the year under report, only 51 schools presented pupils for examination. 397 candidates were declared eligible for literacy certificates against 198 in the preceding year. Nine candidates underwent the prescribed extension course and passed the final examination. A sum of Rs. 898 was paid as grants to the teachers that worked these schools against Rs. 293 in the previous year. A separate Board composed of officials and non-officials was entrusted with the working of the scheme. All the members of the Board took an active part in the deliberations of the general body and a committee composed of some of them actually conducted the examination for the award of literacy certificates. The Board held three meetings in the year and passed a few resolutions to help them in their work. Grants for teachers engaged in this work were enhanced during the fasli agreeably to the recommendation of the Board and sanction was also accorded for the provision of lights at State cost for these schools. Government are glad to note that the scheme has made good progress during the year and they hope that the rural population will come forward to avail themselves of the benefits of the scheme to a more encouraging extent.

136. *Special schools.*—

(i) *The State Training school.*—The school had 18 pupils undergoing training in the Higher grade, which is the only course prescribed. 15 of these came out successful in the Training School Leaving Certificate Examination, and among them two scored first class marks. Lessons on the theory and practice of agriculture, on health and sanitation and on the principles of co-operation were given to all the pupil teachers in the fasli, by competent persons.

(ii) *The Vanivilasa Velasatra Patasala.*—The re-constitution of the College of Oriental Studies referred to in the last year's Administration Report was effected during the fasli by converting it into a Vedasatra Patasala with provision for the teaching of both vedas and sastras. The rates of stipends were also revised. The total number of pupils in the preparatory, the kavya and the veda classes was 15 on the aggregate. The expenditure on this school, inclusive of the stipends paid to pupils, amounted to Rs. 1,005-8-0.

(iii) *Weaving schools.*—The Town Pudukchery and the Karambakkudi weaving schools continued to work during the fasli under report. They are intended mainly for the benefit of Adi-dravidas; however, caste pupils are also admitted in the latter school. 17 pupils received instruction in both of them receiving a stipend of Rs. 5 per mensem each. Seven pupils from the Karambakkudi school and six from the Chery school sat for the Madras Technical Examination in cotton-weaving and only one pupil of the latter school came out successful. As usual, cotton towels, bed-sheets, carpets, dhoties and shirting cloths were manufactured. Portmanteaus, mattresses for long arm-chairs and satchels for school-boys were made of aloe fibre. The expenditure in maintaining the schools was Rs. 3,425 against Rs. 4,070 in Fasli 1335 and the value of goods manufactured in the fasli was Rs. 1,331 against Rs. 1,411 in the preceding fasli.

(iv) *Reclamation school.*—(Dealt with under Police).

(v) *Kalasalas.*—There were two kalasalas mainly intended for the advancement of classic Tamil, one at Melasivapuri and the other at Konapet. Both of them are worked from private funds contributed as charity. 156 pupils attended the institutions. All of them had free tuition and free supply of books and stationery and some of them received free board and lodging as well. They are under the supervision of Government and are in receipt of grants-in-aid.

137. *Teaching staff.*—There were 659 teachers at work in the State and aided schools and 432 of them were trained teachers. The rest had departmental licences

to teach. The number of Teachers' Associations was 17 as in the last fasli and that of members increased from 448 to 470 in the fasli under report. As usual, they met once a month and discussed the successful methods of handling the school curriculum. Annual gatherings were held in a few centres and several useful items of school work were gone through.

138. *Reading rooms and libraries.*—36 Reading rooms and libraries admitted to aid were working in the fasli against 29 in the preceding fasli. There were a few others working in the chettinad independent of State aid. A sum of Rs. 451 was distributed as grants-in-aid to 11 of the institutions. Travelling libraries organised by Government continued to do some useful work and 849 persons availed themselves of these against 800 in Fasli 1335. There was no addition to the travelling library during the fasli. The number of Sirkar women's libraries was four as in the last fasli, one at the capital and the other three at Taluk headquarters. 18 books were added to each of the libraries during the fasli, raising the number of volumes in each to 427. A nominal sum of three annas only is levied as subscription per half-year. There were 165 members in the fasli against 115 in the preceding fasli. The number of members that used the library during the fasli was 81 against 64 in Fasli 1335.

139. *Supervising staff.*—The supervising staff consisted of a Superintendent and three Inspectors at the commencement of the fasli. With a view however to enable the staff to devote greater attention to the spread of literacy among the adults as well, the number of Inspectors was increased by one with effect from about the middle of September and the State was divided into four circles. The permanent Superintendent was on leave for one month and four days in the fasli and M. R. Ry. K. Thangaswami Pillai Ayl, B. A., B. L., acted for him during the period. Both the permanent and the acting Superintendents together were on tour for 82 days and inspected 74 elementary schools besides all the special and secondary schools. The touring was below the minimum prescribed for the Superintendent of Schools. The Inspectors were on tour for 261 days on an average and inspected 376 schools.

140. *School boards.*—The number of school boards was 12 against 11 in the preceding fasli. Those at Annavasal and Keelanilai-Puduppatti were re-constituted and one was newly formed at Keelappatti-Rasiamangalam along with the introduction of compulsory elementary education at those centres.

141. *Boy Scouts.*—The troops organised in some of the schools under the control of the General Education department continued to do useful work. The troop attached to the Chery school is showing keen interest in scouting and as some of its members are being trained in playing band, the troop is being given the assistance necessary for organising a small band.

142. *Financial.*—The expenditure on education by the General Education department was Rs. 1,53,300 against Rs. 1,46,133 in Fasli 1335. Of this, a sum of Rs. 26,285 represents grants-in-aid in the fasli against Rs. 24,953 in Fasli 1335 and Rs. 23,950 in Fasli 1334. The average cost of educating a pupil in an elementary school was Rs. 8-15-7 against Rs. 8-5-5 in the preceding fasli.

143. *General remarks.*—The working of the department was fairly satisfactory. The Elementary Education Regulation was in force during the fasli in the three Taluk Headquarters and within the limits of the Poovarasagudi Village Panchayat. As a result of the introduction of the compulsory measure in these areas, the number of boys under instruction increased by 292. In a few cases prosecution was resorted to and this was done with a view to make the indifferent parents know that they would not be allowed to continue their apathy in the matter indefinitely. The scheme has made a good start and it has since been extended to three more centres, viz. Annavasal, Keelanilai-Puduppatti and Keelappatti-Rasiamangalam. Government hope that, with the cheerful and hearty co-operation of the rural populace, it will soon be practicable to extend the scheme to several centres so that the villagers may have the benefit of the scheme to the greatest extent possible. The education of adults and of the depressed classes received considerable attention at the hands of the department. It is gratifying to note that the number of adult schools had a marked rise during the fasli and the Government hope that the illiterate masses will avail themselves of the facilities offered to a still greater extent and make the scheme completely successful. There was a large increase in the number of pupils

of the backward communities that received education during the fasli. Government have now sanctioned a scheme for the grant of scholarships ranging from Rs. 2 to Rs. 10 in value to pupils of backward communities to help them to carry on their education in secondary and anglo-vernacular schools and they hope that the rural backward classes will avail themselves of the facilities afforded.

COLLEGE.

144. *General.*—The College is a second grade institution preparing students for groups I and III of the Intermediate Examination in Arts of the Madras University and for the Madras S. S. L. C. Examination. Manual occupation (Sloyd) was taught in the Lower Secondary classes and religious and moral instruction was imparted in all the classes as regular class work.

145. *Strength and attendance.*—The total number of pupils in the College in all the classes was 576 against 578 in Fasli 1335. The daily average attendance of pupils was 518 against 522 and the percentage of absentees 8.8 against 8.3 in the preceding fasli. Classified according to religion and caste, 458 pupils were Brahmins, 106 Hindus other than Brahmins, seven Mohammedans and five Christians.

146. *Results of Public Examinations.*—60 students sat from the College for the Intermediate Examination in Arts. Of them, 35 passed in both parts, four more in Part I and three more in Part II. Among the successful candidates, seven secured first class rank and 23 passed with distinction in one or other of the subjects. 61 students sat for the S. S. L. C. Public Examination, of whom 44 were either declared eligible for the University course of studies or being special supplementary students, got marks prescribed by the University for students to be declared eligible. The school averages of marks were above the Presidency averages in eight out of the eleven subjects. The results of the Examinations were good.

147. *Endowments, Scholarships, Stipends and Prizes.*—The number of endowments remained the same as in the preceding fasli, viz., four. Free scholarships were awarded calculated at eight per cent of the total strength of pupils in each class. In the case of pupils whose progress in studies was satisfactory, the free-scholarships were available without interruption throughout their course of studies in the College; but they became terminable in the event of their failure to get promotion in any class, at the first chance in the case of Brahmins, the second chance in the case of non-Brahmins, and the third chance in the case of Mohammedans. During the year under report, 66 pupils were taught free or on collection of half the fees. 44 of them were Brahmins, 14 Hindus other than Brahmins, one Christian and seven Mohammedans. The special stipend of Rs. 35 *per mensem* granted in the preceding fasli to a student of the Kallar community to enable him to prosecute his B. A. studies outside the State was continued during this fasli as well and the Government are glad to note that this student has successfully completed the course. Books and medals were as usual awarded as prizes for class studies and athletics and sports.

148. *Equipment.*—The laboratory was equipped for a course of theoretical and practical work in Chemistry and Physics for the College and the High School classes. Chemicals and appliances of an estimated value of Rs. 2,500 were ordered during the year. The Library was enlarged by the addition of 394 books and there were in all 10,167 volumes at the close of the fasli.

149. *Financial.*—The receipts from the College rose from Rs. 17,470 to Rs. 18,136 in the fasli under report and the expenditure during the fasli was Rs. 39,681 against Rs. 41,817 in the preceding fasli. The average net cost of education for a pupil in the institution as a whole was Rs. 37 against Rs. 42 in Fasli 1335 and that of education of a pupil in the College classes was Rs. 54 against Rs. 71 in the preceding fasli.

150. *General remarks.*—The working of the College was satisfactory. Physical education received due attention as usual. The College Literary Associations and the Co-operative Society did useful work. The Reading Room continued to be popular. The College Hostel which accommodated 60 students in the fasli under report is growing in popularity and increased accommodation has been made available. The Boy Scouts of the College were 123 strong during the fasli and they held meetings for practice and training. The institution has shown good progress in all directions.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

151. *General.*—The public health was not quite satisfactory during the fasli under report and the continued failure of monsoons during the past three years which resulted in scarcity of drinking water in many parts of the State mainly accounted for it. To avert a recurrence of any such scarcity in the future, Government are taking measures to see that all villages and hamlets are provided with ample and perennial drinking water by sinking wells wherever necessary and fairly satisfactory progress has already been made in that direction. Every proposal for the sinking of wells for drinking water supply is readily accepted and necessary funds are provided therefor. A special overseer trained in well-sinking was appointed during the fasli to attend solely to the digging of good drinking water wells in villages where they are necessary.

SANITATION.

152. The Chief Medical officer who is also the Sanitary officer of the State inspected 27 villages and held discourses with the people on vaccination, sanitation and on the preventive measures to be adopted during cholera epidemic. The Inspector of Vaccination also carried on health propaganda work in many important centres. As usual, special attention was devoted to the improvement of drinking water supply. Final orders were passed on the proposal to appoint a separate Health Inspector for each taluk and with effect from the current fasli, the State has been tentatively divided into two circles, each being placed in charge of a Health Inspector. The newly entertained Inspector has been specially selected from one possessing the qualifications of a Sub-Assistant Surgeon and in addition to vaccination, sanitation and health propaganda work, he will also render medical relief to the people in rural parts. If the scheme proves a success, Government hope to be able to appoint such qualified men as Health Inspectors and work out the itinerant dispensary scheme for the benefit of the people in the villages. Eleven Village panchayats were working in the fasli and they paid special attention to the improvement of sanitation and drinking water supply. The rich Nattukkottai Nagarathar villages in the State were hitherto without any arrangements for their sanitary condition and now they are rapidly establishing Village panchayats thereby making arrangements for good sanitation and other amenities of village life.

VACCINATION.

153. There were ten vaccinators and they vaccinated in all 13,400 cases against 12,150 cases in Fasli 1335. Of these, 11,539 cases or 86.11 per cent were successful against 71.97 per cent in the previous fasli, 370 cases were unsuccessful and the results of 1,491 cases were not known. Of the total number of cases vaccinated, 511 were cases of re-vaccination. The Vaccination Inspector was on tour for 233 days, visited 262 villages and verified 3,598 cases out of 4,110 cases available for inspection.

The paste required for vaccination was prepared in the town vaccine depot and the total quantity prepared during the fasli was 23,430 grains against 23,533 grains in the preceding fasli.

The expenditure of the department was Rs. 4,323 against 4,156 in Fasli 1335.

154. *General remarks.*—The working of the department was satisfactory. The vaccination work has since been placed under two Health Inspectors during the current fasli and Government look forward to see a record of satisfactory work when the next Administration Report is received.

VITAL STATISTICS.

155. The total number of births registered during the fasli was 7,969 or 18.67 per mille of population against 7,925 or 18.56 per mille in Fasli 1335. Of the children born 4,132 were males and 3,837 females. The largest number of births was recorded in November 1926 and the smallest in June 1927, the number recorded

being 819 and 515 respectively. Of the children born 7,319 were Hindus, 304 Christians, 325 Mohammedans and 21 were other religionists.

The total number of deaths recorded in the fasli was 9,256 or 21.69 per mille of population against 8,286 or 19.41 per mille of population in Fasli 1335. The largest number of deaths was in May and the smallest in October, the number registered being 1,953 and 536 respectively. Of the total deaths viz. 9,256, 8,532 were Hindus, 384 Christians, 276 Mohammedans and 64 were other religionists.

Cholera accounted for 1,065 deaths against 545 in Fasli 1335 and 1,480 in Fasli 1334. Small pox, fever and dysentery accounted for 156, 761 and 473 respectively, the corresponding figures for the preceding fasli being respectively 291, 805 and 276. The increase in deaths on account of cholera was due to the failure of monsoons and the consequent scarcity of good drinking water. Moreover the epidemic prevailed in the surrounding districts also almost throughout the fasli. All possible efforts were taken to combat the disease and as a preventive measure special steps were taken to sink wells in places where the scarcity was felt. A special overseer trained in well sinking was appointed to attend to the sinking of wells and a good number of villages have already been given good drinking water wells. An analysis of deaths according to age shows that about 9 per cent of deaths were among infants and 2.5 per cent among children under 6 years of age, the corresponding figures for the last fasli being 17 and 27 respectively. The mortality among infants under one year of age has shown a marked decrease and it will be a gratifying feature if the statistics furnished are true. But there is room to doubt that some deaths of such infants have been classed under children over one year and under 6 years.

The total number of labour cases attended to by midwives and qualified medical men was 63 or 7.9 per cent of the total number of births in the fasli against a percentage of 7.5 in the preceding fasli and 6.8 in Fasli 1334. In the capital where there are lying-in-wards attached to both the Town Hospital and the Rani's Hospital for women and children and also a sufficient number of midwives to attend to labour cases in houses free of charge, 401 cases or 51.5 per cent were under qualified medical treatment against a percentage of 54.8 in Fasli 1335 and 46 in Fasli 1334. The suggestion for training midwives for service in the interior of the State has been accepted by the Government and definite proposals have been called for from the Chief Medical and Sanitary Officer of the State.

MEDICAL.

156. *Institutions.*—The number of medical institutions at work in the State was 12 as in the preceding fasli. Two of them were Hospitals of which one was exclusively for women and children, one was an Ayurvedic dispensary and the remaining nine were allopathic dispensaries in rural stations.

157. *General work.*—The number of patients who obtained medical aid in these institutions fell from 1,60,850 in the preceding fasli to 1,52,207 in the fasli under report. And yet their daily average increased from 1,015 to 1,066. Of the patients treated in the fasli 1,708 were in-patients against 1,563, in Fasli 1335.

The number of surgical operations performed was 5,097, against 4,622 in Fasli 1335.

158. *General Hospital.*—The number of beds in the General Hospital continued to be 66. The number of in-patients and out-patients treated in this institution was 948 and 40,597 against 928 and 38,955 respectively in Fasli 1335 and their daily averages were 65.21 and 388.63 against 62.65 and 343.83 in the preceding fasli. The number of surgical operations performed was 1,852 against 1,995 in the preceding fasli of which 32 were under chloroform against 396 in Fasli 1335.

159. *The Rani's Hospital.*—This institution had four wards for general diseases and one ward for contagious diseases, providing in all 36 beds. 760 in-patients with a daily average of 38.47 and 12,361 out-patients with a daily average of 106.02 received medical aid in the fasli against 635 in-patients with a daily average of 29.70 and 17,336 out-patients with a daily average 115.65 in the preceding fasli. The fall in the number of out-patients is marked and it was mainly due to the appointment of a male Sub-assistant surgeon for the first two months of the fasli and other changes in the out-patient branch of the Hospital. It is reported that the daily average was on the increase during the latter half of the fasli and it is growing popular. The number of surgical operations performed was 827 of which 113 were

160. *Rural dispensaries.*—The number of patients treated in the nine rural allopathic dispensaries was 80,916 with a daily average of 367.49 against 86,496 with a daily average of 359.30 in Fasli 1335.

161. *Ayurvedic dispensary.*—The total number of patients treated in this institution during the fasli was 16,625 against 16,500 in the preceding fasli. The daily average of patients treated was 104.56 against 103.77 in Fasli 1335.

162. *Financial.*—The total expenditure of the department was Rs. 94,240 against Rs. 95,385 in the preceding fasli.

The receipts from the sale of medicines, and from subscriptions, amounted to Rs. 1,692 against Rs. 1,473 in Fasli 1335.

The average daily dieting charge of an in-patient was Re. 0-3-9 in the General Hospital and Re. 0-3-8 in the Rani's Hospital against Re. 0-4-0 and Re. 0-4-1 respectively in the preceding fasli.

163. *Medical inspection of schools.*—The Sub-assistant surgeons working under the Chief Medical and Sanitary officer inspected in all 1,393 children in 21 elementary schools against 1,119 boys in 19 elementary schools in Fasli 1335. 80 students in the local College were examined by the Chief Medical and Sanitary officer. The Lady Doctor and the Lady Sub-assistant surgeon examined 397 girls during the fasli against 340 girls in the preceding fasli. The general health of the boys and girls was found to be good and satisfactory. The defects noticed during inspection were communicated to the parents for taking remedial measures.

164. *General remarks.*—The working of all the medical institutions was satisfactory. 13 persons bitten by rabid dogs were treated in the Town Hospital. The measures taken by the Chief Medical officer for affording medical aid in localities affected by cholera deserve special mention. The General Hospital and the Rani's Hospital continued to work with public appreciation.

MUNICIPALITY.

165. *Constitution.*—Pudukkottai Town is the only Municipality in the State. It was constituted under Regulation No. 11 of 1912. The Council consisted of 12 Councillors, eight elected by the rate-payers and four nominated by Government. At the commencement of the fasli there was a vacancy among elected Councillors and it was filled up by nomination, as no valid nomination was received within the date prescribed. There was also a general election during the fasli owing to the expiry of the term of office of the Councillors. The Council was presided over by an official Chairman.

166. *Meetings.*—The Council held 25 meetings against 39 in the preceding fasli and nine meetings were adjourned for want of quorum against 13 in Fasli 1335. The number of adjournments for want of quorum continues to be large. The reason for the fall in the number of meetings has not been given. The average attendance of officials and non-officials at meetings was respectively 1.12 and 3.36 against 1.28 and 3.64 in the preceding fasli.

167. *Finance.*—The fasli opened with a balance of Rs. 1,10,202 and the receipts of the fasli including the contribution of Rs. 52,476 from Government on account of tolls amounted to Rs. 1,31,553 against Rs. 1,30,470 in the preceding fasli. The expenditure of the fasli was Rs. 1,24,799 against Rs. 1,31,333 in Fasli 1335. The net result of the financial transactions of the fasli was a surplus of Rs. 6,754. The closing balance at the end of the fasli was Rs. 1,16,956. A comparative statement showing the receipts and expenditure under the different main heads is given below:—

Receipts—	Items.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.
		Rs.	Rs.
1. Municipal rates and taxes ...	...	31,350	26,155
2. Fees under Public Resorts Regulation ...	...	99	119
3. Market fees, License fees, Leases, etc. ...	...	45,820	51,575
4. Grants and contributions ...	...	51,367	52,476
5. Miscellaneous ...	...	1,627	898
6. Extraordinary and debt ...	...	207	330
		<u>1,30,470</u>	<u>1,31,553</u>

Expenditure—	Items.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.
		Rs.	Rs.
1. Public works ...	...	84,257	72,088
2. Sanitation and Public health ...	...	28,126	29,892
3. Lighting and miscellaneous ...	...	10,144	13,364
4. Supervision and management ...	...	8,490	8,749
5. Extraordinary and debt ...	...	316	706
		<u>1,31,333</u>	<u>1,24,799</u>

The current demand for the fasli under all heads was Rs. 1,34,526 against Rs. 1,32,250 in the preceding fasli. Of this demand, Rs. 1,27,700 or 94.9 per cent was collected, and Rs. 403 was either remitted or written off, leaving Rs. 8,423 in arrears. The percentage of collection in the previous fasli was 94.7. The collection was apparently better than last year; but, when the collection under Municipal rates and taxes, which alone furnishes the real test of the executive capacity of the Municipal staff, is taken into consideration, the collection work should be said to be poor. There is no reason why it should not be better especially when taxation is very light in the Municipality.

The arrear demand for the fasli was Rs. 10,734; and Rs. 5,009 out of this was either collected or written off leaving Rs. 5,755 in arrears. Over Rs. 600 of these arrears relate to Faslis 1332 and 1333 and this is not satisfactory. These arrears which are over three years old should be collected immediately and the Chairman is requested to submit a special report regarding the state of collection of these arrears at the end of January next.

The incidence of taxation was Rs. 1—2—7 against Rs. 1—3—11 in Fasli 1335.

168. *Public works, Sanitation, etc.*—During the fasli under report, special attention was devoted to the maintenance and renewal of roads and about 11 miles 6 furlongs out of a total of 44 miles of roads in the Municipality were renewed. The general condition of the roads was, as a result, fair. The supply of filtered water through pipes for drinking purposes was satisfactory, though the quantity supplied continued to be insufficient. Proposals for the augmentation of the supply and for the extension of the system to all parts of the Town have been received by Government and they are under consideration of Government.

The drainage scheme which was started in Fasli 1331 mainly to improve the sanitary condition of the eastern part of the town was completed during the last fasli and it was actually in working in the fasli under report. Flushing and cleansing are for the time being carried out by a special staff. The system is working satisfactorily and an extension of the scheme to the other parts of the Town is under consideration.

169. *Public health.*—The public health of the Municipality was satisfactory but for the prevalence of cholera in an epidemic form in the beginning of the fasli which was however speedily stamped out by the strenuous efforts of the Chief Medical Officer of the State and the Sanitary Inspectors of the Municipality.

170. *General remarks.*—The working of the Municipality was fairly satisfactory and the relationship between the officials and the councillors was cordial.

PANCHAYATS AND VILLAGE CONSERVANCY.

UNION PANCHAYATS.

171. *Constitution.*—The number of Union panchayats constituted under the Pudukkottai Village Conservancy Regulation, 1909, continued to be five as in the preceding faslis. Each panchayat consisted of five elected members and two nominated members. All of them were presided over by non-official Chairman nominated by Government.

172. *Meetings.*—Forty-one meetings were held in all during the fasli and four were adjourned for want of quorum, the corresponding figure for the preceding fasli being 59 and two respectively. The panchayat at Karambakkudi met for business only five times in the course of the year, though the other panchayats have met not less than eight times. This panchayat will be advised to meet more often. 276 resolutions were passed in all against 360 in the preceding fasli.

173. *Financial.*—The opening balance of the Union funds at the commencement of the fasli was Rs. 22,386. Their receipts including the Government contributions of Rs. 6,785 amounted to Rs. 23,572 in the fasli under report against Rs. 24,964 in the preceding fasli. Their expenditure in the fasli was Rs. 21,520 against Rs. 21,183 in Fasli 1335. Of this expenditure, that on union works was Rs. 9,962 against Rs. 10,313 in the preceding fasli.

174. *General.*—The volume of work transacted in the fasli judged by the number of meetings held, the number of resolutions passed and the amount spent compares somewhat unfavourably with that accomplished last year. The panchayats especially those at Arimalam and Tirumayyam will be asked to bestir themselves to greater activity.

VILLAGE PANCHAYATS.

175. *Constitution.*—During the fasli under report five village panchayats were constituted under the Pudukkottai Village Panchayat Regulation, 1925 and four had already been formed. Two of them did not commence work in the fasli as the elections and nominations of members could not be completed within the fasli. Thus there were seven panchayats actually working in the fasli. The number of members in the several panchayats varied from 7 to 12 and not less than two-thirds of them were elected by the people. The presidents were in all cases nominated by Government. The department continued to be under the control of the Development Officer who was also the Registrar of Panchayats.

176. *Work of the panchayats.*—The activities of the panchayats were directed generally to the cleaning of streets, protection and supply of good drinking water, repair of village streets, clearance of prickly pear in public places, street lighting and scrutiny of birth and death statistics. But some of them have taken special measures for advancing the convenience and comfort of the people living under their jurisdiction. In two of the panchayats namely, in the Nagarathar villages of Ramachandrapuram and Rayapuram, the streets were lit with electric lights, the cost being met from private contributions. The Poovaras kudi panchayat undertook the formation of a new road—road leading to the Tiruvarambalam temple and the maintenance of an existing one, receiving Government allotment. It has also undertaken to plant avenue trees on the roadside and is arranging to raise a tamarind tope on an extent of 15 acres for purposes of demonstration and for its (Panchayat's) own financial advantage. This panchayat has been granted the lease of the right of cutting green leaves in some of the forest blocks for a period of three years as an experimental measure with a view to secure a fair distribution of the manure among all the local ryots. This panchayat as also that at Kadiapatti did considerable service to the people within its jurisdiction at the time of the outbreak of the cholera epidemic and took necessary precautionary measures. Some of the panchayats have been given the right of construction and control over cartstands and slaughter-houses. The summary of the activities given above would show how far the panchayats have already done in the direction of rural re-construction and for the improvement of village sanitation and the promotion of the amenities of village life. It is the hope of Government that the interest taken by the public in the matter will be continued.

177. *Finance.*—During the fasli under report only the Kadiapatti panchayat levied and collected taxes to an extent of Rs. 248 and all the rest have since got sanctioned the taxes which they could levy. The following are some of the taxes sanctioned:—tax on houses, tax on shops, coffee hotels, local artisans and on certain articles which are brought from abroad for sales within the limits of the panchayat, area. Liberal donations were also made to some of the panchayats by private persons to enable them to carry on their work in their initial stages. A sum of Rs. 1,150 was donated to the Kadiapatti panchayat by the members of the panchayat while the Nagarathars of Rayapuram gave their panchayat Rs. 2,000. Some of the panchayat works were also carried on partly by contributions in the shape of manual labour. The Government grant to these institutions was Rs. 2,029.

178. *Meetings.*—The panchayats held in all 67 meetings for transacting business.

VILLAGE CONSERVANCY.

179. The conservancy of the villages outside the unions was controlled by the Revenue department as usual. In a few of the larger villages, conservancy staff was maintained at Government cost for scavenging, street lighting, and tank conservancy.

The village panchayats that are being formed are gradually taking over this function in their hands and Government hope that before long many more panchayats will spring up to attend to rural sanitation.

180. *General.*—The village panchayats have been introduced only very recently. There was the usual opposition from the ignorant section of the people to the institution of village panchayats as to the introduction of every other change involving fresh taxation of the people, but it is gratifying to note that time and experience have disclosed to the people the benefits they derive by the establishment of panchayats. The Government confidently hope that more and more villages will apply for panchayats being established for their benefit within the next few years. Government take the opportunity to record with appreciation the keen interest shown by some of the non-official gentlemen in the organisation and working of the panchayats.

SCIENTIFIC AND OTHER MINOR DEPARTMENTS.

AGRICULTURE.

181. *General.*—The number of agricultural instructors was four as in the preceding fasli. One was in charge of the Town farm and the other three were each in charge of a taluk. The department continued to be under the control of the Development Officer throughout the year.

182. *Outturn.*—The taluk instructors as usual toured in villages and instructed the ryots in economic planting, thin sowing in seed beds, seed collection, ridge and furrow system of cultivation, the system of rotation of crops and the utility of green and artificial manures. In Alangudi the beneficial effects of manuring paddy with super-phosphate were shown in ryots' fields side by side with the local manure in the villages of Keelathur and Mookkanpatti and the extra yield of 5 *kalamis* per acre over the local manuring was appreciated by the ryots. Application of bone-meal in conjunction with green-manure was demonstrated in Mangottai. The benefits of applying fish manure to chilly plants were demonstrated in Melathur and the crops gave a bumper yield. Demonstrations in ploughing with improved ploughs were held in ryots' fields. The use of the Portable Evinrude Motor pump for well irrigation was demonstrated to the ryots and one of the ryots is said to have purchased a pump and found its service satisfactory. In Kolattur the benefits of economic planting of paddy over bunch planting and the cultivation of the various short duration varieties of paddy like *Kichili Samba*, etc., and of the paying crops like yams, sugarcane and turmeric were fully explained and demonstrated. The working of the Pudukkottai iron plough and the cultivation and manuring of Cambodia cotton and sugarcane were demonstrated in ryots' lands in Neerpalani and Sathiamangalam. The superiority of the improved iron ploughs was shown to the ryots and four English ploughs were sold to ryots. In Tirumayyam the system of cultivating ragi under ridge and furrow system was introduced in Arasamalai, Karayur and Sathaur in addition to that of the new prolific variety of varagu in Kolamangalam. Ploughing demonstrations were held in several villages and three English ploughs and one triangular harrow were sold to the ryots. The advantages of growing short duration paddy and the benefits of well irrigation in the cultivation of the paying crops were pointed out to the ryots. The Manager in charge of the Town Agricultural farm as usual demonstrated the process of careful preparation of seed beds, reduction of seedrate, economic transplantation of paddy and seed selection. The economic planting of paddy was shown to tiller. The advantages of wells in wet lands for the hot weather crops as well as for the cultivation of sugarcane, vegetables, etc., were demonstrated. Proper agricultural methods were demonstrated in the cultivation of commercial crops like elephant yams, plantains, tapioca, Cambodia cotton and fodder crops. Onion culture was demonstrated in the farm as a hot weather crop under both ridge and bed systems of cultivation. Special attention was paid to the selection of vegetable seeds and such seeds have been distributed to 328 ryots in the fasli. Old stud bulls and bullocks were sold in auction and replaced by a new pair of bullocks; the stud bulls continued to do useful service.

183. *Seed depots.*—The seed depots in the town and the taluk stations continued to be popular. During the fasli under report there was demand for the supply of paddy varieties, groundnut seeds, cotton seeds, organic manures and artificial fertilisers; 11 Madras measures of green manure seeds, 9,998 measures of paddy

seeds, 2,046 measures of groundnut seeds, 233 bags of groundnut cakes, 684 lb. of ammonium sulphate, 111 lb. of sodium nitrate, 888 lb. of super-phosphate were supplied to the ryots; the Town farm supplied 1,246 measures of paddy seeds and 117 measures of *cholam* and *ragi*.

184. *Agricultural loans.*—511 applications for loans were pending at the commencement of the fasli and 1,342 applications were received in the fasli; loans were granted in 408 cases and rejected in 760 cases and the remaining 685 were pending at the close of the fasli. Of the 760 applications rejected, 125 were withdrawn by the parties, in 126 cases the applications were found to be not *bonafide*, 70 cases were rejected for want of sufficient security and 439 were rejected for various other reasons. 210 disposals were after six months from the date of application but below one year and 87 were after one year. Of those pending on the last day of the fasli 240 are pending for over 3 months and under six months, 59 for over 6 months and under one year and 45 over one year. The total amount of loans disbursed in the fasli was Rs. 60,488 against Rs. 63,148 and the decrease was due to adverse season. The total amount outstanding at the close of the fasli under agricultural advances was Rs. 2,78,706.

185. *General remarks.*—An agricultural exhibition was held in Narthamalai during the festival as in the last year and the best exhibits of the farm, elephant yams, Cambodia cotton, vegetable seeds, *cholam* and other fodders and improved agricultural implements and tools, were exhibited and lectures on agricultural subjects supplemented by magic lantern shows were also delivered to the ryots.

It is observed that, owing to the drought that prevailed throughout the year, adequate work could not be done by the department.

VETERINARY HOSPITAL.

186. The Veterinary Hospital located at the capital is in charge of a qualified Veterinary Assistant who is under the control of the Chief Medical and Sanitary Officer of the State.

The Hospital has accommodation for four horses and ten cattle. 873 out-patients and 68 in-patients were treated in it during the fasli against 929 and 45 respectively in the preceding fasli. The daily average attendance of patients treated was 2.53 in-patients and 43.09 out-patients against 2.28 and 41.65 respectively in Fasli 1335. The total number of operations performed was 146 against 142 in Fasli 1335.

187. Besides the Veterinary graduate attached to the Hospital, there is one touring Assistant who is also a Veterinary graduate, for treating animals in the villages. He was on tour for 157 days and treated 482 cases against 471 in the previous fasli. Castration was performed with bloodless castrator in 13 cases against 16 in Fasli 1335.

The cost of the department was Rs. 4031 against Rs. 5,589 in the preceding fasli.

MUSEUM.

188. The number of persons who visited the Museum during the fasli under report was 1,08,533 against 1,08,083 in the preceding fasli. Of these visitors, 55,100 were males and 53,433 were females, and only 9,773 males and 613 females of those visitors were literate. 201 exhibits were added during the fasli and there were in all 6,185 identified exhibits at the close of the fasli. The cost of maintaining the institution was Rs. 3,761 against Rs. 3,719 in Fasli 1335.

The institution continued to be attractive and the work of the Curator well-appreciated.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES.

189. *Number of societies.*—There were 118 societies at the commencement of the fasli and 14 more were registered in the fasli. The registration of no society was cancelled in the fasli. Thus the number of societies on the last day of the fasli was 132. Of the new societies registered, 12 were agricultural societies on the unlimited liability basis and the remaining two were local supervising unions.

190. *Classification of societies.*—Of the 132 societies, 109 were agricultural and the remaining 23 were non-agricultural societies. Of the 109 agricultural societies 108 were credit societies and the remaining one was a propagandist and distributive society. The 23 non-agricultural societies consisted of one Central Bank, five credit societies in the town, six store societies, four weavers' societies, one society for the students of the College, one for the State school teachers, one Central institute, a labour union and three supervising unions.

191. *Members.*—The number of members increased from 11,348 to 13,997 in the fasli under report.

192. *Finance.*—The working capital of all societies increased from Rs. 11,37,980 to Rs. 13,90,901. The paid-up share capital increased from Rs. 1,01,854 to Rs. 1,37,772. The total amount of deposits outstanding at the end of the fasli under report was Rs. 9,01,241 against Rs. 7,14,225 in the previous year and the total value of loans advanced by all the societies amounted to Rs. 6,33,948 against Rs. 6,29,059. The reserve fund of all the societies rose from Rs. 60,493 to Rs. 78,423. These figures are only provisional, as the audit of all the societies is not yet complete.

193. *Arbitration.*—Of the 496 cases available for disposal under arbitration rules, all but 110 cases were disposed of in the fasli.

194. *General remarks.*—The department continued to be in the charge of the Development officer throughout the fasli. The work of the department consisted chiefly in registering credit societies and the audit and inspection of the existing ones. Special efforts were made in the year to advance the movement in the State. The Registrar was given a training under the Registrar of Co-operative societies in the Madras Presidency and the inspectorate was revised to suit the present condition of the department. The Central institute which has been established at the capital of the State has commenced work earnestly. It has appointed supervisors for the inspection and rectification of bad societies and the members of the institute are themselves visiting some of the constituent societies requiring such notice. The taluk unions recently started will also be helpful and it is hoped that there is at present a sufficient number of official and non-official agencies for the supervision of societies. A co-operative conference was held in the year with M. R. Ry. Rao Bahadur A. Vedachala Aiyar Ayl. in the chair and this gave a fresh impetus to the movement in general. The interest evinced by the non-officials in the movement is steadily on the increase and it is the hope of Government that with their co-operation there will be a steady and speedy growth of co-operative work in the State.

STATIONERY AND PRINTING.

195. *Stationery.*—The value of the stationery articles at the commencement of the fasli was Rs. 15,936 and stock worth Rs. 13,092 was added during the fasli. Of the total stock valued at Rs. 34,028, articles to the value of Rs. 17,416 were issued in the fasli leaving a balance of stock worth Rs. 16,612 at the close of it. The value of stationery articles issued in the preceding fasli, i.e. Fasli 1335 was Rs. 14,140, i.e. Rs. 3,276 less than that in the fasli under report and the increase was due to the execution in the fasli of a number of big works involving large expenditure of stationery articles, chiefly paper.

196. *Printing.*—The value of machinery, etc., at the commencement of the fasli was Rs. 45,759 and parts valued at Rs. 3,440 were added during the fasli. The value of the work turned out by the Printing Section was Rs. 13,901 against Rs. 13,895 in the preceding fasli.

197. *General.*—The receipts of the department were Rs. 2,754 against Rs. 2,311 in Fasli 1335. The expenditure of the department was Rs. 32,492 while that in the preceding fasli was Rs. 24,377. The larger purchase of stationery articles during the fasli under report mainly accounts for the increase in expenditure.

ARCHAEOLOGICAL.

198. No progress was made in the fasli under report in the publication of the inscriptions. The introduction to the publication is under compilation and it is understood that special steps are being taken to see that the work is finished within the current fasli.

ANCIENT MONUMENTS.

199. The preservation of ancient monuments selected for conservation in the State received due attention. The Tahsildars and the Public Works officers periodically inspect them.

PUBLIC WORKS.

200. *Grant and outlay*—The total grant for the fasli according to the revised estimate was Rs. 4,45,568 and the outlay amounted to Rs. 3,64,283 or 81.76 per cent of the grant, against 85.93 per cent in the preceding fasli. A comparative statement showing the outlay under the several items in Faslis 1335 and 1336 is given below.

Items.	Fasli 1335. Rs.	Fasli 1336. Rs.
Irrigation ...	93,505	72,065
Civil buildings ...	67,552	56,357
Communications ...	1,62,812	1,62,144
Markets and cartstands ...	1,020	260
Village conservancy ...	7,728	9,121
Establishment ...	62,908	63,306
Tools and plant ...	1,755	1,030
Miscellaneous ...	5	...
Total ...	3,96,815	3,64,283

201. *Irrigation*.—Of the total outlay under this head, Rs. 48,052 were spent by the Minor Irrigation department and this was slightly less than the allotment made for the fasli. Among the important works carried out by the Public Works department may be mentioned the improvements to the Head-works, Kavinadu tank, construction of calingulabs to Keelathanayam Periakannoi, Sathinikulam, Vadagadu conspary. Also 1 of tower head sluices to Kilikkudikanmoi and Parambur Periakannoi. The department was not able to work out the full allotment of Rs. 30,000 to lapse. The State Engineer reports that the daily average offered does not seem to be that scarcity of labour and contractors, against the poor progress was due to mainly accounted for the lapse. The explanation states better progress Government satisfactory at all and they believe that the Hospi. want of enthusiasm and effort on the part of the subordinates treating animals. 7,111 v. and that with greater supervision of the work of the subordinates against 471 in the could have been shown.

202. *Civil buildings*.—Of the total expenditure under this head, Rs. 2,000 provided spent by the Minor Irrigation Agency against an allotment of Rs. 2,000 provided for the Minor Irrigation department in the revised estimate. Of the works carried out by the Public Works department in the fasli may be mentioned the paving of the New Palace first and second floors.

203. *Communications*.—The maintenance of roads received the attention and the works started in the preceding fasli were in progress. The total length of roads maintained by the department was 457 miles of which 380 miles were either gravelled or metalled. The following works executed during the fasli were mentioned—(1) Construction of a bridge across the Pambar in Rayanur, (2) construction of a road dam across the Agniar, (3) formation of the road from Valaramanikkar to Alangudi—Adamakkottai road, (4) completion of the road from Valaramanikkar to Yemba and graveling the Zamin portion of the same, (5) construction of a bridge across the Manimuth river in the Ponnamaravathi—Vendampatti road, (6) extension of the Visal road to Malayadipatti and (7) improvements to the bridge across the Pambar in the Tirumayyam—Padupatti road.

204. *Workshop and Stores*.—The value of work turned out in the fasli was Rs. 14,959 against Rs. 20,616 in the preceding fasli.

The Sri Marthanda Industrial school attached to the Workshops had 19 apprentices on its rolls against 18 in the preceding fasli. Smithy, carpentry, painting, tailoring, tinker's work were as usual taught.

205. *General remarks*.—The working of the Public Works and Minor Irrigation departments was fairly satisfactory, but the State Engineer has to improve the efficiency of his subordinates a great deal.

MILITARY.

206. The Military force consisted of 110 Infantry including the Commandant and 19 cavalry as in the preceding fasli. There were 22 vacancies in the force on the last day of the fasli under report. The health of the force was good. During the fasli the pay of the force was revised. The sepoy were given a time-scale pay, Rs. 12-1-15 and the cavalry men Rs. 14-1-16 and all the officers benefited by the revision. The expenditure of the department including the Band was Rs. 32,194 against Rs. 33,602 in Fasli 1335. The department continued to be in charge of M. R. Ry. A. Padmanabha Sastriar Avl., B. A., M. L., Senior Puisne Judge, except during the periods 25-10-26 to 15-12-26 and 14-6-27 to 30-6-27 when M. R. Ry. R. A. Dakshinamurti Pillai Avl., Honorary Aide-de-camp to the Regent Saheb and M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib A. Rajavelu Mudaliar Avl., Deputy Superintendent of Police, held charge of the department.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

207. The State is entirely agricultural and no industries of importance are carried on. Hand-loom weaving is carried on in Thiruvappur, Parambur and Karambakkudi and dyeing is done on a small scale in Thiruvappur. There is a match factory at Keeranur, but the industry is carried on only on a small scale. A tanning industry on a small scale has also been working at Keeranur.

The principal articles of import were sea-salt from British factories and paddy from Tanjore.

The principal articles of export were granite stones, *avaram* bark and ground-nut.

There were weekly markets in 27 important centres in the State including those held in the municipal and union centres. The right of collecting fees in those markets was leased in fasli 1336 for Rs. 57,205 against Rs. 59,246 in the preceding fasli.

The number of motor services has considerably increased and there is at present a series of motor service transports between the capital and the surrounding British towns and every part of the State.

CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE.

208. As there are no perennial springs or rivers of importance, agricultural operations have to depend mainly on a somewhat precarious rainfall, and the seasonal conditions were quite unfavourable in the year. The sufferings of the ryots were however mitigated to some extent by the grant of partial remission of taxes, postponement of kists and other such concessions. Work was made available, wherever necessary, by starting public works. Money was as usual very dear in the market and the rate of interest was high. The co-operative movement has given much relief to the ryots and Government loans for agricultural and land improvements were distributed to the people more freely than in previous years. The condition of the labouring classes was on the whole fair. The following table shows the average scale of wages per day at the capital and at the three taluk stations.

Place.	Skilled labourers.					Unskilled labourers		
	Brick-layer.	Stone-cutter.	Carpenter.	Smith.	Painter.	Man-cooly.	Woman-cooly.	Boy or girl-cooly.
Town	As. 16	As. 16 to 20	As. 16 to 20	As. 16 to 20	As. 16 to 20	As. 8	As. 4	As. 3 to 4
Alangudi	16 to 20	14 to 18	16 to 20	16 to 20	12 to 18	8	4	4
Tirumayyam	20	20	20	20	20	8	4	3
Kolattur	18	18	18	16	20	8	4	3

EMIGRATION.

209. 6,048 persons emigrated from the State during the fasli to Ceylon for employment as labourers against 5,892 persons in Fasli 1335 and 3,356 in Fasli 1334. The increase, it is stated, was due to the continued adverse seasons for the past three years. The Pudukkottai Emigration Regulation to control emigration has been passed and it will be brought into force during the current fasli.

CONCLUSION.

210. The year under report was the third year in succession when the rains held out and there was failure of crops as a consequence over a great part of the State. The Regent Sahib who, during his tours, came into direct contact with the people in the affected areas and witnessed their plight ordered the remission of a portion of the kist due from people who depended on their lands to a great extent for their support and whose income from other sources was not so great as to leave a margin to pay the kist due to the Government after supporting themselves and their dependents. Over a lakh of rupees was remitted in accordance with his commands and the collection of about the same amount was put off to a more favourable season. This is the first year after the introduction of the new settlement rates when the Darbar had to grant remission of assessment.

During the year the Government of India sanctioned the construction of the Trichinopoly—Pudukkottai—Karaikkudi Railway and the Darbar appointed an Officer to acquire the lands in the State for the Railway. The Darbar confidently hope to see the Railway lines laid before long.

The seasonal prospects of the current year are also gloomy and the Darbar devoutly hope that by a plentiful rainfall the prospects of the year will be rendered bright.

DEWAN'S OFFICE, PUDUKKOTTAI, }
October 13, 1927. }

P. K. KUNHUNNI MENON,
Dewan.

APPENDIX.

STATEMENT I.

Names of high officials in the Pudukkottai State, showing changes in the personnel during East 1886 (1926--1927).

Name of officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
M. R. Ry. P. K. Kunhunni Menon Avergal, B.A.	Dewan	1— 7—1926 & 16—12—1926	24—10—1926 30— 6—1927	Took leave on average pay from 25-10-26 to 15-12-26.
M. R. Ry. G. Ganapati Sastrial Avi., B.A., B.L., Chief Judge.	Acting Dewan...	25--10--1926	15--12--1926	

STATEMENT II.

Summary of Financial transactions giving totals under each Major Head.

RECEIPTS.

Group Heads.		Revised estimate for Fasli 1336.	Actuals of Fasli		
			1336.	1335.	1334.
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Opening balance (Ordinary Heads)	...	25,41,849	25,41,849	22,62,805	19,45,784
Do. (Debt Heads)	...	2,53,779	2,53,779	1,82,535	2,62,818
Total Do. (Ordinary and Debt Heads)	...	27,95,628	27,95,628	24,45,340	22,08,602
Ordinary Heads.	Principal Heads of Revenue	14,70,500	14,85,435	18,98,059	19,09,424
	Interest	1,01,100	1,07,694	97,197	97,067
	Receipts from Civil Departments	66,650	72,946	68,454	65,960
	Miscellaneous	29,510	36,029	16,750	10,734
	Railways	...	...	...	...
	Irrigation	500	4,523	1,143	1,011
	Receipts from Civil Works	1,86,115	1,98,339	1,97,293	1,76,598
	Military	125	6	45	199
	Total	18,54,500	19,04,972	22,78,941	22,60,993
Debt Heads.	Debt Heads	60,050	1,78,387	86,201	12,453
	Grand Total Receipts (Ordinary Heads)	43,96,349	44,46,821	45,41,746	42,06,777
	Do. (Debt Heads)	3,13,829	4,32,166	2,68,736	2,75,271
	Grand Total (Ordinary and Debt Heads)	47,10,178	48,78,987	48,10,482	44,82,048

EXPENDITURE.

Group Heads.		Revised estimate for Fasli 1336.			Actuals of Fasli 1336.			Actuals for Fasli	
		Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1335.	1334.
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ordinary Heads.	Direct Demands on the Revenue and charges for collection.	4,82,054	3,43,196	8,25,250	4,71,594	3,41,454	8,13,048	7,79,633	7,65,017
	Civil Departments	5,44,784	1,44,866	6,89,650	5,18,140	1,43,050	6,61,190	6,37,700	6,17,808
	Miscellaneous	48,900	94,000	1,42,900	47,453	87,978	1,35,431	1,38,294	1,33,388
	Interest	...	17,200	17,200	...	17,177	17,177	13,853	12,991
	Railways	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Irrigation	1,04,000	...	1,04,000	72,065	...	72,065	93,505	86,412
	Civil Works	3,41,568	6,282	3,47,850	2,85,897	6,321	2,92,218	3,03,310	2,96,172
	Military	...	37,450	37,450	...	32,194	32,194	33,602	32,184
	Total	1521306	642994	2164300	1395149	628174	2023323	1999897	1943972
Debt Heads.	Debt Heads	...	...	123850	...	...	78755	14957	92736
	Total Expenditure (Ordinary & Debt Heads).	...	...	2288150	...	...	2102078	2014854	2036708
	Closing balance (Ordinary Heads).	...	...	2232049	...	...	2423498	2541849	2262805
	Do. (Debt Heads).	...	...	189979	...	...	253411	253779	182535
	Total Do. (Ordinary and Debt Heads).	...	...	2422028	...	...	2776909	2795628	2445340
	Grand Total (Ordinary Heads).	...	...	4396349	...	...	4446821	4541746	4206777
	Do. (Debt Heads).	...	...	313829	...	...	432166	268736	275271
	Grand Total (Ordinary and Debt Heads).	...	...	4710178	...	...	4878987	4810482	4482048

DETAILED MEMORANDUM EXPLANATORY OF THE IMPORTANT VARIATIONS BETWEEN THE REVISED ESTIMATE AND THE ACTUALS OF FASLI 1336.

RECEIPTS.

1. The increase under 'Religion and charity' was mainly due to increased receipts under 'Undial receipts' and 'Other offerings.'
2. The increase under 'Land Revenue' was mainly due to larger collections of arrears of revenue.
3. The increase under 'Natham Settlement' occurred under 'Sale of house-sites and redemption price' collected in certain chetty nathams.
4. The decrease under 'Stamps' was mainly due to smaller sales of both Judicial and Non-judicial stamps.
5. The increase under 'Excise' was due chiefly to larger consumption of liquor and to larger toddy shop rentals.
6. The decrease under 'Forest' mainly occurred under 'Plantations—firewood and charcoal' due to smaller sales.
7. The increase under 'Interest' was due to a larger investment in the interest bearing current account in the Imperial Bank of India, Trichinopoly, and under 'Interest on loans and advances.'
8. The increase under 'Law and Justice—Courts of Law' occurred mainly under 'Civil courts—Pleaders' sanad fees' and 'Criminal Courts—Fines.'
9. The increase under 'Education' was mainly due to larger receipts of Tuition fees in the College.
10. The increase under 'Miscellaneous' was chiefly due to a large amount of unclaimed deposits having been lapsed to the State.
11. The increase under 'Irrigation' was due to larger receipts under 'Contribution in aid of Irrigation works.'
12. The increase under 'Tolls' was due to larger receipts from 'Motor license fees.'
13. The increase under 'Market fees, etc.' was mainly due to larger receipts under 'Garden receipts.'
14. The variations under other heads are minor and call for no remarks.

EXPENDITURE.

15. The decrease under 'Religion and charity' was mainly due to savings in the allotment made for the Paditharam of temples and chatrams and for the repairs to temples.
16. The increase under 'Palace stables' was mainly due to increased expenditure on account of purchase of Motor cars.
17. The decrease under 'Palace repairs and improvements' was due to the surrender of provision made for works.
18. The decrease under 'Western Palace allowances' was due to the postponement of allowances to some of the members of the family.
19. The decrease under 'Land Revenue' is due to small decreases under several sub-heads.
20. The decrease under 'Stamps' was chiefly due to the provision made for the purchase of blank paper not having been utilised in the fasli.
21. The decrease under 'Forest' was chiefly due to savings in the provision made for 'Plantation—maintenance charges.'
22. The decrease under 'Law and Justice—Courts of Law' was mainly due to savings under 'Civil courts—Process servers—Temporary establishment' and 'Law officers—Law charges.'
23. The decrease under 'Law and Justice—Jails' was mainly due to savings under 'Central Jail—Rations.'
24. The decrease under 'Police' was mainly due to savings under 'Pay of head constables and constables.'
25. The decrease under 'Education' was mainly due to savings under 'College—Supplies and Services—Books and Maps,' under 'Schools—Elementary Schools Establishment, Supplies and Services' and under 'Provision for Mass Education.'
26. The decrease under 'Medical' was mainly due to savings under 'Rani's Hospital—Cost of Medicines.'

27. The decrease under 'Political' was due to savings under 'Regent Saheb's Tours outside the State' and under 'Other items.'

28. The decrease under 'Scientific and other minor departments' was mainly due to the provisions made for the purchase of implements, seeds, etc., under 'Agriculture' and for the cost of medicines and instruments under 'Veterinary Hospital' not having been fully utilised.

29. The decrease under 'Superannuation' mainly occurred under 'Pension.'

30. The decrease under 'Other Miscellaneous' was chiefly due to savings under 'Refund of Lapsed Deposits.'

31. The decrease under 'Irrigation' and 'Civil Works' was due to the surrender of provisions made for certain works.

32. The decrease under 'Infantry and His Highness' Body-guard' was mainly due to savings under 'Pay of the force' and 'Supplies and Services.'

33. The variations under other heads are minor and call for no remarks.

DETAILED MEMORANDUM EXPLANATORY OF THE IMPORTANT DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE ACTUALS OF FASLI 1335 AND THOSE OF FASLI 1336.

RECEIPTS.

34. The decrease under 'Religion and charity' was mainly due to decreases in the receipts under 'Undial receipts' and 'Miscellaneous.'

35. The decrease under 'Land Revenue' was mainly due to remission of revenue and suspension of the collection of kist owing to the failure of season.

36. The decrease under 'Natham Settlement' was due to the operations not having been carried out to the full extent.

37. The decrease under 'Stamps' was due to decreases in the receipts from the sale of both Judicial and Non-judicial stamps.

38. The decrease under 'Excise' was mainly due to decreases in the receipts under 'Shop license fees.'

39. The decrease under 'Forest' was mainly due to a fall in the receipts under 'Reserve Forest—Firewood and charcoal, green leaves and miscellaneous forest produce.'

40. The decrease under 'Registration' was mainly under 'Fees for registering documents.'

41. The increase under 'Interest' was mainly due to a larger investment in Government securities.

42. The increase under 'Law and Justice—Courts of Law' was mainly under 'Civil Courts—Pleaders' sanad fees.'

43. The increase under 'Miscellaneous' was mainly due to enhanced face value of Government Promissory Notes obtained by a fresh investment in the new 4 per cent loan 1960-70, and to credit by adjustment of an amount long outstanding in the suspense account and of a large amount of unclaimed deposits lapsed to the State.

44. The increase under 'Irrigation' was due to larger receipts from contribution in aid of irrigation works.

45. The increase under 'Tolls' was due mainly to increases under 'Frontier tolls—contract' and 'Motor licenses.'

46. The decrease under 'Market fees, cartstand fees, etc.' was mainly under 'Sale of buildings' and 'Miscellaneous.'

47. The variations under other heads are small and call for no remarks.

EXPENDITURE.

48. The increase under 'Religion and charity' was mainly due to increases under 'Paditharam of temples and chatrams,' 'Thiruppani,' 'Dussara charges' and under 'Elephant stables—purchase of elephants.'

49. The increase under 'Palace stables' was mainly due to the purchase of motor cars.

50. The decrease under 'Western Palace' was due to the postponement of the payment of allowance to some of the members of the Western Palace, pending settlement.

51. The decrease under 'Land Revenue' was mainly under 'Dewan Peishkar's office and Taluk offices—Supplies and Services (Survey and Land acquisition charges) and contingencies.'

52. The increase under 'Natham settlement' was chiefly under 'Cost of instruments.'

53. The decrease under 'Stamps' was chiefly under 'Cost of blank paper.'

54. The increase under 'Excise' was chiefly due to a larger purchase of opium and ganja.

55. The increase under 'Forest' is the sum-total of small increases under several sub-heads.

56. The increase under 'Registration' was mainly due to the purchase of registration books.

57. The increase under 'Dewan's office' was mainly due to increased expenditure under 'Establishment charges.'

58. The increase under 'Law and Justice—Courts of Law' was mainly under 'Civil courts—Pay of the Judges' and under 'Criminal courts—Pay of the Additional Chief Magistrate and of establishment.'

59. The decrease under 'Law and Justice—Jails' was mainly under 'Central Jail—Rations.'

60. The increase under 'Police' was mainly under 'Pay of head constables and constables' and 'Supplies and Services.'

61. The increase under 'Education' was mainly due to increases under 'Elementary Schools—Temporary Establishment' and 'Reclamation School.'

62. The increase under 'Scientific and other minor departments' was chiefly under 'Agriculture—Purchase of implements, seeds, etc.' and under 'Registrar of Panchayats and his establishment.'

63. The decrease under 'Superannuation' was chiefly due to small decreases under various sub-heads.

64. The increase under 'Stationery and Printing' was mainly under 'Cost of Machines, Types and Stationery.'

65. The decrease under 'Other miscellaneous' was mainly under 'Refund of Lapsed deposits' and 'Other items.'

66. The increase under 'Interest' was under 'Interest on Provident Fund' and 'Interest allowed on other items of deposits from the 'Town and Central Banks.'

67. The decreases under 'Irrigation' and 'Civil Works' were mainly under 'Irrigation—Original and repairs' and 'Civil Buildings—repairs and improvements.'

68. The decrease under 'Infantry and His Highness' Body-guard' was mainly under 'Pay of the force.'

69. The variations under other items were small and they do not call for remarks.

DEBT HEADS.

These are fluctuating items and call for no remarks.

STATEMENT II.

Receipts of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1336 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1335 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1336.

Group Heads.	Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1336 (1926-27).	Accounts for Fasli			
			1336 (1926-27).	1335 (1925-26).	1334 (1924-25).	
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
	Opening balance (Ordinary and Debt Heads).	27,95,628	27,95,628	24,45,340	22,08,600	
	ORDINARY HEADS.					
	Opening balance	25,41,849	25,41,849	22,62,805	19,45,780	
	Religion and Charity	10,700	13,456	16,324	15,011	
	Palace	1,200	1,568	1,277	2,024	
	Land Revenue	5,90,500	5,95,570	9,08,569	9,54,124	
	Natham Settlement	65,000	67,933	1,23,094	95,758	
	Salt	38,000	38,000	38,000	38,000	
	Stamps	3,29,450	3,23,038	3,37,115	3,27,768	
	Excise	3,22,400	3,35,617	3,41,273	3,47,428	
	Forest	72,450	68,568	88,855	86,575	
	Registration	40,800	41,685	43,552	42,719	
	Total	14,70,500	14,85,435	18,98,059	19,09,424	
	Interest on Government Securities	81,850	81,851	70,241	70,241	
	Interest on Fixed and Current deposits in Bank	16,150	20,411	18,944	14,342	
	Interest on loans and advances	3,100	5,432	8,012	12,484	
	Total	1,01,100	1,07,694	97,197	97,067	
	Law and Justice—Courts of Law	23,300	27,045	22,486	18,409	
	Law and Justice—Jails	10,300	10,585	10,674	11,322	
	Police	100	185	48	593	
	Pounds	10,390	10,779	10,979	11,650	
	Education	17,600	19,663	19,115	18,098	
	Medical	1,860	1,745	2,073	1,752	
	Political	...	...	...	...	
	Scientific and other Minor Departments	3,100	2,944	3,079	4,136	
	Total	66,650	72,946	68,454	65,960	
	Superannuation	10	417	7	9	
	Stationery and Printing	2,800	2,754	2,311	2,241	
	Miscellaneous	26,700	32,858	14,432	8,484	
	Total	29,510	36,029	16,750	10,734	
Railways	Income from Railways	...	...	...	...	
Irrigation.	Contribution in aid of Irrigation works	500	4,523	1,143	1,011	
Civil Works.	Tolls	1,38,120	1,43,823	1,31,947	1,40,848	
	Market fees, Cartstand fees, etc.	47,995	54,516	65,346	35,750	
	Total	1,86,115	1,98,339	1,97,293	1,76,598	
Military.	Sale of horses, etc.	125	6	45	199	
	Total Receipts excluding Debt Heads	18,54,500	19,04,972	22,78,941	22,60,993	
	Grand Total Receipts excluding Debt Heads	43,96,349	44,46,821	45,41,746	42,06,777	
	DEBT HEADS.					
	Opening balance	2,53,779	2,53,779	1,82,535	2,62,818	
	Deposits	58,000	1,78,387	61,314	...	
	Advances	...	...	...	...	
	Suspense	2,050	...	6,257	12,453	
	Remittances	...	...	18,630	...	
	Total	60,050	1,78,387	86,201	12,453	
	Grand Total Debt Heads	3,13,829	4,32,166	2,68,736	2,75,271	
	Total Receipts including Debt Heads	19,14,550	20,83,359	23,65,142	22,73,446	
	Grand Total Receipts	47,10,178	48,78,987	48,10,482	44,82,048	

Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1336 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1335 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1336.

Group Heads.	Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1336 (1926-27).			Accounts for Fasli 1336 (1926-27).			Accounts for Fasli	
		Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1335 (1925-26).	1334 (1924-25).
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
	ORDINARY HEADS.								
	Religion and Charity	2,03,900	...	2,03,900	1,98,032	...	1,98,032	1,87,120	1,76,985
	Palace—								
	(1) Privy Purse to His Highness the Raja	...	1,74,000	1,74,000	...	1,74,000	1,74,000	1,74,000	1,74,000
	(2) Allowance to the members of His Highness' family	...	39,419	39,419	...	40,036	40,036	39,368	41,013
	(3) Allowance to the members of the late Chinnaranmanai Jaghire	...	33,000	33,000	...	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000
	(4) Dignity, etc., establishment	...	24,735	24,735	...	24,062	24,062	23,407	22,533
	(5) Stables	...	24,660	24,660	...	27,760	27,760	17,297	12,037
	(6) Gardens	...	3,978	3,978	...	4,060	4,060	3,439	3,951
	(7) Feasts and ceremonies	...	2,500	2,500	...	2,860	2,860	1,992	3,386
	(8) Devadaya charges	...	1,400	1,400	...	1,309	1,309	1,414	1,317
	(9) Superannuation	...	3,900	3,900	...	3,857	3,857	4,169	4,083
	(10) Palace repairs and improvements	...	5,868	5,868	...	3,160	3,160	2,447	1,657
	(11) Palace furniture	...	800	800	...	109	109	892	1,562
	Total	...	3,14,260	3,14,260	...	3,14,213	3,14,213	3,01,425	2,98,539
	Fixed allowances, etc., to the members of the late Western Palace Jaghire	...	17,840	17,840	...	16,200	16,200	17,778	17,560
	Fixed allowance to the Rani of the State	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Land Revenue	1,65,854	6,851	1,72,705	1,64,821	6,697	1,71,518	1,74,076	1,69,757
	Inam Settlement, Survey and Land Records, etc.	12,595	...	12,595	11,744	...	11,744	7,801	6,365
	Salt	6,135	1,115	7,250	6,129	1,129	7,258	6,910	6,809
	Stamps	9,800	...	9,800	6,966	...	6,966	9,039	9,859
	Excise	36,235	1,115	37,350	37,152	1,129	38,281	29,540	33,265
	Forest	20,685	1,115	21,800	19,377	1,129	20,506	18,976	20,286
	Registration	26,850	900	27,750	27,373	957	28,330	26,968	25,592
	A Total	4,82,054	3,42,196	8,25,250	4,71,594	3,41,454	8,13,048	7,79,633	7,65,017
	General Administration—								
	(1) Regent Saheb's emoluments	...	36,000	36,000	...	36,000	36,000	36,000	36,000
	(2) Huzur Office	3,299	3,901	7,200	3,719	4,015	7,734	6,822	6,844
	(3) Dewan's Office	24,513	22,187	46,700	24,359	22,094	46,453	44,949	44,779
	Total	27,812	62,088	89,900	28,078	62,109	90,187	87,771	87,623

A.—Direct Demands on the Revenue and charges for collection.

MILITARY.

206. The Military force consisted of 110 Infantry including the Commandant and 19 cavalry as in the preceding fasli. There were 22 vacancies in the force on the last day of the fasli under report. The health of the force was good. During the fasli the pay of the force was revised. The sepoys were given a time-scale pay, Rs. 12-1-15 and the cavalry men Rs. 14-1-16 and all the officers benefited by the revision. The expenditure of the department including the Band was Rs. 32,194 against Rs. 33,602 in Fasli 1335. The department continued to be in charge of M. R. Ry. A. Padmanabha Sastri at Avl., B. A., M. D., Senior Puisne Judge, except during the periods 25-10-26 to 15-12-26 and 14-6-27 to 30-6-27 when M. R. Ry. R. A. Dakshinamurti Pillai Avl., Honorary Aide-de-camp to the Regent Saheb and M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib A. Rajavelu Mudaliar Avl., Deputy Superintendent of Police, held charge of the department.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

207. The State is entirely agricultural and no industries of importance are carried on. Hand-loom weaving is carried on in Thiruvappur, Parambur and Karambakkudi and dyeing is done on a small scale in Thiruvappur. There is a match factory at Keeranur, but the industry is carried on only on a small scale. A tanning industry on a small scale has also been working at Keeranur.

The principal articles of import were sea-salt from British factories and paddy from Tanjore.

The principal articles of export were granite stones, *avaram* bark and ground-nut.

There were weekly markets in 27 important centres in the State including those held in the municipal and union centres. The right of collecting fees in those markets was leased in fasli 1336 for Rs. 57,205 against Rs. 59,246 in the preceding fasli.

The number of motor services has considerably increased and there is at present a series of motor service transports between the capital and the surrounding British towns and every part of the State.

208. As there are no perennial springs or rivers of importance, agricultural operations have to depend mainly on a somewhat precarious rainfall, and the seasonal conditions were quite unfavourable in the year. The sufferings of the ryots were however mitigated to some extent by the grant of partial remission of taxes, postponement of kists and other such concessions. Work was made available, wherever necessary, by starting public works. Money was as usual very dear in the market and the rate of interest was high. The co-operative movement has given much relief to the ryots and Government loans for agricultural and land improvements were distributed to the people more freely than in previous years. The condition of the labouring classes was on the whole fair. The following table shows the average scale of wages per day at the capital and at the three taluk stations.

Place.	Skilled labourers.					Unskilled labourers.		
	Brick-layer.	Stone-cutter.	Carpenter.	Smith.	Painter.	Man-cooly.	Woman-cooly.	Boy or girl-cooly.
Town ...	As. 16	As. 16 to 20	As. 16 to 20	As. 16 to 20	As. 16 to 20	As. 8	As. 4	As. 3 to 4
Alangudi ...	16 to 20	14 to 18	16 to 20	16 to 20	12 to 18	8	4	4
Tirumayyam ...	20	20	20	20	20	8	4	3
Kolattur ...	18	18	18	16	20	8	4	3

209. 6,048 persons emigrated from the State during the fasli to Ceylon for employment as labourers against 5,892 persons in Fasli 1335 and 3,356 in Fasli 1334. The increase, it is stated, was due to the continued adverse seasons for the past three years. The Pudukkottai Emigration Regulation to control emigration has been passed and it will be brought into force during the current fasli.

F

204. *Workshop and Stores.*—The value of work turned out in the fash was Rs. 14,959 against Rs. 20,616 in the preceding fash.

The Sri Narayana Industrial school attached to the Workshops had 19 apprentices on its rolls against 18 in the preceding fiscal. Smithy, carpentry, painting, tailoring, tinker's work were as usual taught.

205. *General remarks.*—The working of the Public Works and Minor Irrigation departments was fairly satisfactory, but the State Engineer has to improve the efficiency of his subordinates a great deal.

CONCLUSION.

210. The year under report was the third year in succession when the rains held out and there was failure of crops as a consequence over a great part of the State. The Regent Sahib who, during his tours, came into direct contact with the people in the affected areas and witnessed their plight ordered the remission of a portion of the kist due from people who depended on their lands to a great extent for their support and whose income from other sources was not so great as to leave a margin to pay the kist due to the Government after supporting themselves and their dependents. Over a lakh of rupees was remitted in accordance with his commands and the collection of about the same amount was put off to a more favourable season. This is the first year after the introduction of the new settlement rates when the Darbar had to grant remission of assessment.

During the year the Government of India sanctioned the construction of the Trichinopoly—Pudukkottai—Karaikkudi Railway and the Darbar appointed an Officer to acquire the lands in the State for the Railway. The Darbar confidently hope to see the Railway lines laid before long.

The seasonal prospects of the current year are also gloomy and the Darbar devoutly hope that by a plentiful rainfall the prospects of the year will be rendered bright.

DEWAN'S OFFICE, PUDUKKOTTAI, }
October 13, 1927. }

P. K. KUNHUNNI MENON,
Dewan.

APPENDIX.

STATEMENT I.

Names of high officials in the Pudukkottai State, showing changes in the personnel during Fashi 1336 (1926-1927).

Name of officer.	A' pointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
M. R. Ry. P. K. Kunhunni Menon Areyal, B.A.	Dewan	1- 7-1926 & 16-12-1926	24-10-1926 30- 6-1927	Took leave on average pay from 25-10-26 to 15-12-26.
M. R. Ry. G. Ganapati Sastrial Avi, B.A., B.L., Chief Judge.	Acting Dewan... ..	25-10-1926	15-12-1926	

STATEMENT II.

Summary of Financial transactions giving totals under each Major Head.
RECEIPTS.

Group Heads.		Revised estimate for Fasli 1336.	Actuals of Fasli		
			1336.	1335.	1334.
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Opening balance (Ordinary Heads)	...	25,41,849	25,41,849	22,62,805	19,45,784
Do. (Debt Heads)	...	2,53,779	2,53,779	1,82,535	2,62,818
Total Do. (Ordinary and Debt Heads)	...	27,95,628	27,95,628	24,45,340	22,08,602
Ordinary Heads.	Principal Heads of Revenue	14,70,500	14,85,435	18,98,059	19,09,424
	Interest	1,01,100	1,07,694	97,197	97,067
	Receipts from Civil Departments	66,650	72,946	68,454	65,960
	Miscellaneous	29,510	36,029	16,750	10,734
	Railways	...	...	...	...
	Irrigation	500	4,523	1,143	1,011
	Receipts from Civil Works	1,86,115	1,98,339	1,97,293	1,76,598
	Military	125	6	45	199
Total		18,54,500	19,04,972	22,78,941	22,60,993
Debt Heads.	Debt Heads	60,050	1,78,387	86,201	12,453
	Grand Total Receipts (Ordinary Heads)	43,96,349	44,46,821	45,41,746	42,06,777
	Do. (Debt Heads)	3,13,829	4,32,166	2,68,736	2,75,271
Grand Total (Ordinary and Debt Heads)		47,10,178	48,78,987	48,10,482	44,82,048

EXPENDITURE.

Group Heads.		Revised estimate for Fasli 1336.			Actuals of Fasli 1336.			Actuals for Fasli	
		Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1335.	1334.
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ordinary Heads.	Direct Demands on the Revenue and charges for collection.	4,82,054	3,43,196	8,25,250	4,71,594	3,41,454	8,13,048	7,79,633	7,65,017
	Civil Departments	5,44,784	1,44,866	6,89,650	5,18,140	1,43,050	6,61,190	6,37,700	6,17,808
	Miscellaneous	48,900	94,000	1,42,900	47,453	87,978	1,35,431	1,38,294	1,33,388
	Interest	...	17,200	17,200	...	17,177	17,177	13,853	12,991
	Railways	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Irrigation	1,04,000	...	1,04,000	72,065	...	72,065	93,505	86,412
	Civil Works	3,41,568	6,282	3,47,850	2,85,897	6,321	2,92,218	3,03,310	2,96,172
	Military	...	37,450	37,450	...	32,194	32,194	33,602	32,184
Total		1521306	642994	2164300	1395149	628174	2023323	1999897	1943972
Debt Heads.	Debt Heads	...	...	123850	...	...	78755	14957	92736
	Total Expenditure (Ordinary & Debt Heads)	...	...	2288150	...	...	2102078	2014854	2036708
Closing balance (Ordinary Heads)		...	...	2232049	...	...	2423498	2541849	2262805
	Do. (Debt Heads)	...	...	189979	...	...	253411	253779	182535
Total Do. (Ordinary and Debt Heads)		...	...	2422028	...	...	2776909	2795628	2445340
Grand Total (Ordinary Heads)		...	...	4396349	...	...	4446821	4541746	4206777
	Do. (Debt Heads)	...	...	313829	...	...	432166	268736	275271
Grand Total (Ordinary and Debt Heads)		...	...	4710178	...	...	4878987	4810482	4482048

DETAILED MEMORANDUM EXPLANATORY OF THE IMPORTANT VARIATIONS BETWEEN THE REVISED ESTIMATE AND THE ACTUALS OF FASLI 1336.

RECEIPTS.

1. The increase under 'Religion and charity' was mainly due to increased receipts under 'Undial receipts' and 'Other offerings.'
2. The increase under 'Land Revenue' was mainly due to larger collections of arrears of revenue.
3. The increase under 'Natham Settlement' occurred under 'Sale of house-sites and redemption price' collected in certain chetty nathams.
4. The decrease under 'Stamps' was mainly due to smaller sales of both Judicial and Non-judicial stamps.
5. The increase under 'Excise' was due chiefly to larger consumption of liquor and to larger toddy shop rentals.
6. The decrease under 'Forest' mainly occurred under 'Plantations—firewood and charcoal' due to smaller sales.
7. The increase under 'Interest' was due to a larger investment in the interest bearing current account in the Imperial Bank of India, Trichinopoly, and under 'Interest on loans and advances.'
8. The increase under 'Law and Justice—Courts of Law' occurred mainly under 'Civil courts—Pleaders' sanad fees' and 'Criminal Courts—Fines.'
9. The increase under 'Education' was mainly due to larger receipts of Tuition fees in the College.
10. The increase under 'Miscellaneous' was chiefly due to a large amount of unclaimed deposits having been lapsed to the State.
11. The increase under 'Irrigation' was due to larger receipts under 'Contribution in aid of Irrigation works.'
12. The increase under 'Tolls' was due to larger receipts from 'Motor license fees.'
13. The increase under 'Market fees, etc.' was mainly due to larger receipts under 'Garden receipts.'
14. The variations under other heads are minor and call for no remarks.

EXPENDITURE.

15. The decrease under 'Religion and charity' was mainly due to savings in the allotment made for the Paditharam of temples and chatrams and for the repairs to temples.
16. The increase under 'Palace stables' was mainly due to increased expenditure on account of purchase of Motor cars.
17. The decrease under 'Palace repairs and improvements' was due to the surrender of provision made for works.
18. The decrease under 'Western Palace allowances' was due to the postponement of allowances to some of the members of the family.
19. The decrease under 'Land Revenue' is due to small decreases under several sub-heads.
20. The decrease under 'Stamps' was chiefly due to the provision made for the purchase of blank paper not having been utilised in the fasli.
21. The decrease under 'Forest' was chiefly due to savings in the provision made for 'Plantation—maintenance charges.'
22. The decrease under 'Law and Justice—Courts of Law' was mainly due to savings under 'Civil courts—Process servers—Temporary establishment' and 'Law officers—Law charges.'
23. The decrease under 'Law and Justice—Jails' was mainly due to savings under 'Central Jail—Rations.'
24. The decrease under 'Police' was mainly due to savings under 'Pay of head constables and constables.'
25. The decrease under 'Education' was mainly due to savings under 'College—Supplies and Services—Books and Maps,' under 'Schools—Elementary Schools Establishment, Supplies and Services' and under 'Provision for Mass Education.'
26. The decrease under 'Medical' was mainly due to savings under 'Rani's Hospital—Cost of Medicines.'

27. The decrease under 'Political' was due to savings under 'Regent Sahab's Tours outside the State' and under 'Other items.'

28. The decrease under 'Scientific and other minor departments' was mainly due to the provisions made for the purchase of implements, seeds, etc., under 'Agriculture' and for the cost of medicines and instruments under 'Veterinary Hospital' not having been fully utilised.

29. The decrease under 'Superannuation' mainly occurred under 'Pension.'

30. The decrease under 'Other Miscellaneous' was chiefly due to savings under 'Refund of Lapsed Deposits.'

31. The decrease under 'Irrigation' and 'Civil Works' was due to the surrender of provisions made for certain works.

32. The decrease under 'Infantry and His Highness' Body-guard' was mainly due to savings under 'Pay of the force' and 'Supplies and Services.'

33. The variations under other heads are minor and call for no remarks.

DETAILED MEMORANDUM EXPLANATORY OF THE IMPORTANT DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE ACTUALS OF FASLI 1335 AND THOSE OF FASLI 1336.

RECEIPTS.

34. The decrease under 'Religion and charity' was mainly due to decreases in the receipts under 'Undial receipts' and 'Miscellaneous.'

35. The decrease under 'Land Revenue' was mainly due to remission of revenue and suspension of the collection of kist owing to the failure of season.

36. The decrease under 'Natham Settlement' was due to the operations not having been carried out to the full extent.

37. The decrease under 'Stamps' was due to decreases in the receipts from the sale of both Judicial and Non-judicial stamps.

38. The decrease under 'Excise' was mainly due to decreases in the receipts under 'Shop license fees.'

39. The decrease under 'Forest' was mainly due to a fall in the receipts under 'Reserve Forest—Firewood and charcoal, green leaves and miscellaneous forest produce.'

40. The decrease under 'Registration' was mainly under 'Fees for registering documents.'

41. The increase under 'Interest' was mainly due to a larger investment in Government securities.

42. The increase under 'Law and Justice—Courts of Law' was mainly under 'Civil Courts—Pleaders' sanad fees.'

43. The increase under 'Miscellaneous' was mainly due to enhanced face value of Government Promissory Notes obtained by a fresh investment in the new 4 per cent loan 1960-70, and to credit by adjustment of an amount long outstanding in the suspense account and of a large amount of unclaimed deposits lapsed to the State.

44. The increase under 'Irrigation' was due to larger receipts from contribution in aid of irrigation works.

45. The increase under 'Tolls' was due mainly to increases under 'Frontier tolls—contract' and 'Motor licenses.'

46. The decrease under 'Market fees, cartstand fees, etc.' was mainly under 'Sale of buildings' and 'Miscellaneous.'

47. The variations under other heads are small and call for no remarks.

EXPENDITURE.

48. The increase under 'Religion and charity' was mainly due to increases under 'Paditharam of temples and chatrams,' 'Thiruppani,' 'Dussara charges' and under 'Elephant stables—purchase of elephants.'

49. The increase under 'Palace stables' was mainly due to the purchase of motor cars.

50. The decrease under 'Western Palace' was due to the postponement of the payment of allowance to some of the members of the Western Palace, pending settlement.

51. The decrease under 'Land Revenue' was mainly under 'Dewan Peishkar's office and Taluk offices—Supplies and Services (Survey and Land acquisition charges) and contingencies.'

52. The increase under 'Natham settlement' was chiefly under 'Cost of instruments.'

53. The decrease under 'Stamps' was chiefly under 'Cost of blank paper.'

54. The increase under 'Excise' was chiefly due to a larger purchase of opium and ganja.

55. The increase under 'Forest' is the sum-total of small increases under several sub-heads.

56. The increase under 'Registration' was mainly due to the purchase of registration books.

57. The increase under 'Dewan's office' was mainly due to increased expenditure under 'Establishment charges.'

58. The increase under 'Law and Justice—Courts of Law' was mainly under 'Civil courts—Pay of the Judges' and under 'Criminal courts—Pay of the Additional Chief Magistrate and of establishment.'

59. The decrease under 'Law and Justice—Jails' was mainly under 'Central Jail—Rations.'

60. The increase under 'Police' was mainly under 'Pay of head constables and constables' and 'Supplies and Services.'

61. The increase under 'Education' was mainly due to increases under 'Elementary Schools—Temporary Establishment' and 'Reclamation School.'

62. The increase under 'Scientific and other minor departments' was chiefly under 'Agriculture—Purchase of implements, seeds, etc.' and under 'Registrar of Panchayats and his establishment.'

63. The decrease under 'Superannuation' was chiefly due to small decreases under various sub-heads.

64. The increase under 'Stationery and Printing' was mainly under 'Cost of Machines, Types and Stationery.'

65. The decrease under 'Other miscellaneous' was mainly under 'Refund of Lapsed deposits' and 'Other items.'

66. The increase under 'Interest' was under 'Interest on Provident Fund' and 'Interest allowed on other items of deposits from the Town and Central Banks.'

67. The decreases under 'Irrigation' and 'Civil Works' were mainly under 'Irrigation—Original and repairs' and 'Civil Buildings—repairs and improvements.'

68. The decrease under 'Infantry and His Highness' Body-guard' was mainly under 'Pay of the force.'

69. The variations under other items were small and they do not call for remarks.

DEBT HEADS.

These are fluctuating items and call for no remarks.

STATEMENT II.

Receipts of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1336 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1335 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1336.

Group Heads.	Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1336 (1926-27).	Accounts for Fasli			
			1336 (1926-27).	1335 (1925-26).	1334 (1924-25).	
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
	Opening balance (Ordinary and Debt Heads).	27,95,628	27,95,628	24,45,340	22,08,602	
	ORDINARY HEADS.					
	Opening balance	25,41,849	25,41,849	22,62,805	19,45,784	
Principal Heads of Revenue.	Religion and Charity	10,700	13,456	16,324	15,019	
	Palace	1,200	1,568	1,277	2,028	
	Land Revenue	5,90,500	5,95,570	9,08,569	9,54,129	
	Natham Settlement	65,000	67,933	1,23,094	95,758	
	Salt	38,000	38,000	38,000	38,000	
	Stamps	3,29,450	3,23,038	3,37,115	3,27,768	
	Excise	3,22,400	3,35,617	3,41,273	3,47,428	
	Forest	72,450	68,568	88,855	86,575	
	Registration	40,800	41,685	43,552	42,719	
	Total	14,70,500	14,85,435	18,98,059	19,09,424	
Interest.	Interest on Government Securities	81,850	81,851	70,241	70,241	
	Interest on Fixed and Current deposits in Bank	16,150	29,411	18,944	14,342	
	Interest on loans and advances	3,100	5,432	8,012	12,484	
	Total	1,01,100	1,07,694	97,197	97,067	
Receipts from Civil Departments.	Law and Justice—Courts of Law	23,300	27,045	22,486	18,409	
	Law and Justice—Jails	10,300	10,585	10,674	11,322	
	Police	100	185	48	593	
	Pounds	10,300	10,779	10,979	11,650	
	Education	17,600	19,663	19,115	18,098	
	Medical	1,860	1,745	2,073	1,752	
	Political	...	...	...	...	
	Scientific and other Minor Departments	3,100	2,944	3,079	4,136	
	Total	66,650	72,946	68,454	65,960	
Miscellaneous.	Superannuation	10	417	7	9	
	Stationery and Printing	2,800	2,754	2,311	2,241	
	Miscellaneous	26,760	32,858	14,432	8,484	
	Total	29,510	36,029	16,750	10,734	
Railways	Income from Railways	...	...	...	...	
Irrigation.	Contribution in aid of Irrigation works	500	4,523	1,143	1,011	
	Tolls	1,38,120	1,43,823	1,31,947	1,40,848	
	Market fees, Cartstand fees, etc.	47,995	54,516	65,346	35,750	
	Total	1,86,115	1,98,339	1,97,293	1,76,598	
Civil Works.	Sale of horses, etc.	125	6	45	199	
	Total Receipts excluding Debt Heads	18,54,500	19,04,972	22,78,941	22,60,993	
Military.	Grand Total Receipts excluding Debt Heads	43,96,349	44,46,821	45,41,746	42,06,777	
	DEBT HEADS.					
	Opening balance	2,53,779	2,53,779	1,82,535	2,62,811	
	Deposits	58,000	1,78,387	61,314	...	
	Advances	...	...	...	under	
	Suspense	2,050	...	6,257	12,453	
	Remittances	...	...	18,630	...	
	Total	60,050	1,78,387	86,201	12,453	
	Grand Total Debt Heads	3,13,829	4,32,166	2,68,736	2,75,271	
	Total Receipts including Debt Heads	19,14,550	20,83,359	23,65,142	22,73,446	
	Grand Total Receipts	47,10,178	48,78,987	48,10,482	44,82,048	

Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1336 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1335 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1336.

Group Heads.	Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1336 (1926-27).			Accounts for Fasli 1336 (1926-27).			Accounts for Fasli	
		Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1335 (1925-26).	1334 (1924-25).
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
	ORDINARY HEADS.								
	Religion and Charity	2,03,900	...	2,03,900	1,98,032	...	1,98,032	1,87,120	1,76,985
A.—Direct Demands on the Revenue and charges for collection.	Palace—								
	(1) Privy Purse to His Highness the Raja.	...	1,74,000	1,74,000	...	1,74,000	1,74,000	1,74,000	1,74,000
	(2) Allowance to the members of His Highness' family.	...	39,419	39,419	...	40,036	40,036	39,368	41,013
	(3) Allowance to the members of the late Chin naranmanal Jaghire.	...	33,000	33,000	...	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000
	(4) Dignity, etc., establishment.	...	24,735	24,735	...	24,062	24,062	23,407	22,533
	(5) Stables	...	24,660	24,660	...	27,760	27,760	17,297	12,037
	(6) Gardens	...	3,978	3,978	...	4,060	4,060	3,459	3,951
	(7) Feasts and ceremonies.	...	2,500	2,500	...	2,860	2,860	1,992	3,386
	(8) Devadayam charges	...	1,400	1,400	...	1,309	1,309	1,414	1,317
	(9) Superannuation	...	3,900	3,900	...	3,857	3,857	4,169	4,083
	(10) Palace repairs and improvements.	...	5,868	5,868	...	3,160	3,160	2,447	1,657
	(11) Palace furniture	...	800	800	...	109	109	892	1,562
	Total	...	3,14,260	3,14,260	...	3,14,213	3,14,213	3,01,425	2,98,539
	Fixed allowances, etc., to the members of the late Western Palace Jaghire.	...	17,840	17,840	...	16,200	16,200	17,778	17,560
	Fixed allowance to the Rani of the State.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Land Revenue	1,65,854	6,851	1,72,705	1,64,821	6,697	1,71,518	1,74,076	1,69,757
	Inam Settlement, Survey and Land Records, etc.	12,595	...	12,595	11,744	...	11,744	7,801	6,365
	Salt	6,135	1,115	7,250	6,129	1,129	7,258	6,910	6,809
	Stamps	9,800	...	9,800	6,966	...	6,966	9,039	9,859
	Excise	36,235	1,115	37,350	37,152	1,129	38,281	29,540	33,265
	Forest	20,685	1,115	21,800	19,377	1,129	20,506	18,976	20,286
	Registration	26,850	900	27,750	27,373	957	28,330	26,968	25,592
	A Total	4,82,054	3,43,196	8,25,250	4,71,594	3,41,454	8,13,048	7,79,633	7,65,017
	General Administration—								
	(1) Regent Sahab's emoluments.	...	36,000	36,000	...	36,000	36,000	36,000	36,000
	(2) Huzur Office	3,299	3,901	7,200	3,719	4,015	7,734	6,822	6,844
	(3) Dewan's Office	24,513	22,187	46,700	24,359	22,094	46,453	44,949	44,779
	Total	27,812	62,088	89,900	28,078	62,109	90,187	87,771	87,623

Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1336 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1335 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1336—cont.

Group Heads.	Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1336 (1926-27).			Accounts for Fasli 1336 (1926-27).			Accounts for Fasli	
		Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1335 (1925-26).	1334 (1924-25).
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
B.—Civil Departments.	Law and Justice—Courts of Law.	76,573	45,527	1,22,100	74,137	45,113	1,19,250	1,15,044	1,09,165
	Law and Justice—Jails	25,350	...	25,350	24,211	...	24,211	26,585	23,369
	Police	87,590	7,360	94,950	83,327	7,363	90,690	79,598	83,245
	Pounds	9,200	...	9,200	9,103	...	9,103	8,857	10,432
	Education	1,95,559	8,691	2,04,250	1,84,564	8,417	1,92,981	1,88,000	1,73,408
	Medical—								
	(a) General Hospital and Dispensaries.	69,590	5,160	74,750	69,709	5,116	74,825	73,530	76,869
	(b) Rani's Hospital	17,330	4,020	21,350	12,959	3,958	16,917	19,166	21,234
	(c) Ayurvedic Dispensary.	2,800	...	2,800	2,498	...	2,498	2,689	2,694
	(d) Vaccination	4,350	...	4,350	4,323	...	4,323	4,156	4,164
		+150	...	+150	...	...	...	...	...
		4,88,492	70,758	5,59,250	4,64,831	69,967	5,34,798	5,17,625	5,04,580
	Political	...	1,138	1,138	...	1,138	1,138	2,778	2,394
	State presents to Native States.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	State contributions and donations.	...	950	950	...	950	950	2,300	600
	Regent Saheb's tours outside the State.	...	4,000	4,000	...	3,443	3,443	...	...
	Other items	...	2,512	2,512	...	2,062	2,062	2,984	2,480
		...	8,600	8,600	...	7,593	7,593	8,062	5,474
	Observatory	60	...	60	60	...	60	60	60
	Agriculture	13,575	...	13,575	12,193	...	12,193	10,519	9,301
	Veterinary Hospital	3,540	...	3,540	2,276	...	2,276	3,686	2,820
	Touring Veterinary Establishment.	2,175	...	2,175	1,756	...	1,756	1,903	1,664
	Museum	3,880	...	3,880	3,761	...	3,761	3,719	3,296
	Archaeological Survey	36	...	36	36	...	36	128	210
	Co-operative Credit Societies.	4,010	...	4,010	3,489	...	3,489	2,751	2,657
	Zoological gardens	200	...	200	287	...	287	211	123
	Registrar of Panchayats and his office.	1,004	3,420	4,424	1,013	3,381	4,394	1,265	...
	Census	...	...	...	360	...	360	...	...
		28,480	3,420	31,900	25,231	3,381	28,612	24,242	20,131
	B Total	5,44,784	1,44,866	6,89,650	5,18,140	1,43,050	6,61,190	6,37,700	6,17,808
C Miscellaneous.	Superannuation	...	89,000	89,000	...	87,266	87,266	88 under	...
	Stationery and Printing	32,850	...	32,850	32,492	...	32,492	2,494	...
	Contribution to Municipality and Unions.	6,785	...	6,785	6,785	...	6,785	7,735	...
	Other miscellaneous	9,265	5,000	14,265	8,176	712	8,888	17,625	5,000
	C Total	48,900	94,000	1,42,900	47,453	87,978	1,35,431	1,38,294	1,33,388
D Interest.	Interest	...	17,200	17,200	...	17,177	17,177	13,853	12,991
	D Total	...	17,200	17,200	...	17,177	17,177	13,853	12,991

Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1336 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1335 and the Revised estimate for Fasli 1336—cont.

Group Heads.	Major Heads.	Revised estimate for Fasli 1336 (1926-27).			Accounts for Fasli 1336 (1926-27).			Accounts for Fasli	
		Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	Voted.	Non-voted.	Total.	1335 (1925-26).	1334 (1924-25).
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
E Irrigation.	Irrigation — E Total	1,04,000	...	1,04,000	72,065	...	72,065	93,505	86,412
F. Civil Works.	Civil Buildings	83,000	...	83,000	56,357	...	56,357	67,552	51,466
	Communications	1,90,000	...	1,90,000	1,62,144	...	1,62,144	1,62,342	1,78,183
	Town Conservancy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Markets and Cartstand	500	...	500	260	...	260	1,020	1,154
	Village Conservancy	9,450	...	9,450	9,121	...	9,121	7,728	4,701
	Establishment	57,608	6,282	63,890	56,985	6,321	63,306	62,908	59,974
	Tools and Plant	1,000	...	1,000	1,030	...	1,030	1,755	694
	Miscellaneous	10	...	10	...	...	...	5	...
	F Total	3,41,568	6,282	3,47,850	2,85,897	6,321	2,92,218	3,03,310	2,96,172
G. Military.	Infantry and His Highness' Body-Guard.	...	29,850	29,850	...	27,089	27,089	28,827	27,540
	Band	...	7,600	7,600	...	5,105	5,105	4,775	4,644
	G Total	...	37,450	37,450	...	32,194	32,194	33,602	32,184
	Total Expenditure excluding Debt Heads.	152,130	6,42,994	2,164,300	139,514	6,28,174	2,023,323	1,999,897	1,943,972
	Closing balance excluding Debt Heads.	...	...	223,204	...	...	242,348	254,184	226,280
	Grand Total excluding Debt Heads.	...	...	439,634	...	...	446,682	454,176	426,677
	DEBT HEADS.								
	Deposits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,599
Debt Heads.	Advances	...	...	1,23,850	...	...	29,545	14,957	87,404
	Suspense	...	...	...	...	...	14,609	...	...
	Remittances	...	...	...	...	...	34,602	...	1,733
	Total Expenditure (Debt Heads)	...	...	1,23,850	...	...	78,755	14,957	92,736
	Clos. balance (Debt Heads)	...	...	1,89,979	...	...	3,53,411	2,53,779	1,82,535
	Grand Total (Debt Heads)	...	...	3,13,829	...	...	4,32,166	2,68,736	2,75,271
	Total Expenditure including Debt Heads	...	...	228,150	...	...	210,207	201,484	203,670
	Closing balance including Debt Heads	...	...	242,208	...	...	277,690	279,562	244,534
	Grand Total	...	...	47,101,78	...	...	48,789,87	48,104,82	44,820,48

STATEMENT II-A.

Palace Expenditure.

No.	Description of charges.	Actuals of Fasli 1335.	Actuals of Fasli 1336.
		RS.	RS.
1	His Highness' Privy Purse	1,74,000	1,74,000
2	Regent Saheb's emoluments	36,000	36,000
3	Allowance to the members of His Highness' family	39,368	40,036
4	Allowance to the members of the late Chinnarammanai Jaghire.	33,000	33,000
5	Stables... ..	17,297	27,760
6	Dignity, etc., Establishment	23,407	24,062
7	Palace repairs and improvements	2,447	3,160
8	Palace furniture	892	109
9	Feasts and Ceremonies	1,992	2,860
10	Devadayam charges	1,414	1,309
11	Superannuation	4,169	3,857
12	Gardens	3,439	4,060
13	State Contributions and Donations	2,300	950
14	Original Works to His Highness' Bungalows at Kodaikanal, Trichinopoly, and Pudukkottai.	1,897	12,036
15	Repairs to do. do.	7,754	7,201
16	Band	4,775	5,105
17	Regent Saheb's tours outside the State	...	3,443
	Total	3,54,151	3,78,948

STATEMENT III.

statement of Laws in force in the Pudukkottai State, Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation II of 1880—Regulation for recovery of arrears of Revenue and other moneys due to the Sirkar in the Pudukkottai Territory.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations V of 1903, III of 1905, II of 1911 and I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1882—A Regulation to declare certain British Indian Acts as law in the State. 1. Indian Oaths Act, Act X of 1873. 2. The Cattle Trespass Act, Act I of 1871. 3. Prisoners' Testimony Act, Act XV of 1869.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations II of 1892, V of 1911, II of 1913 and III of 1913.
Regulation I of 1890—The Pudukkottai Abkari Regulation...	Yes.	Amended by Regulations I of 1915 and I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1891—Breaches of Contract Regulation	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1892—Regulation to adopt British Indian Small Cause Court's Act, IX of 1887.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation I of 1923.
Regulation III of 1892—The Pudukkottai Arms Regulation	Yes.	Amended by Regulations II of 1915 and I of 1922.
Regulation IV of 1892—The Pudukkottai Extradition Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations VI of 1912, V of 1921 and I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1893—The Pudukkottai Earth-salt suppression Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1893—The Pudukkottai Police Regulation...	Yes.	Amended by Regulations III of 1907, II of 1920, I of 1922 and III of 1923.
Regulation I of 1895—Regulation for avoiding loss by the default of Public Accountants.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations I of 1922, V of 1926 and VII of 1926.
Regulation III of 1895—The Pudukkottai Court Fees Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations II of 1896, IV of 1908, II of 1909, III of 1921 & I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1896—Regulation to assimilate the law relating to Post offices in the State to that applicable for the time being to Post offices in British India.	...	Amended by Regulations II of 1899 and I of 1927.
Regulation II of 1896—Amendment to Court Fees Regulation III of 1895.	...	
Regulation III of 1896—Regulation protecting Judges, Magistrates and other persons acting judicially.	...	
Regulation IV of 1896—Regulation to give effect to certain unregistered leases of immoveable property belonging to the Chinnarammanai Jaghire.	...	
Regulation I of 1897—Regulation for the punishment of gambling and keeping common gaming houses in the State.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1920.
Regulation II of 1897—Regulation to provide for the better prevention of the outbreak or spread of dangerous Epidemic diseases.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1898—Regulation to make better provision for sanitation in the Pudukkottai State.	...	Do.
Regulation I of 1899—Regulation to amend section 75 of the Indian Penal Code in force in the State.	...	
Regulation II of 1899—The Pudukkottai Post offices Amendment Regulation.	...	

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation III of 1899—Regulation to provide for the issue of a warrant for the arrest and surrender of persons accused of having done an act amounting to an offence under the Criminal Tribes Act XXVII of 1871 and who may be found within the State.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation IV of 1899—Regulation for compelling persons resorting to Public offices to record their finger impressions when required to do so by certain officers.	...	
Regulation I of 1901—Regulation for the prevention of cruelty to animals.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1901—The Pudukkottai Tolls Regulation...	...	Amended by Regulations III of 1903, III of 1915, I of 1921, I of 1922, III of 1924 and II of 1927.
Regulation I of 1902—The Pudukkottai Glanders and Farcy Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1903—The Pudukkottai Compulsory Vaccination and Town Vital Statistics Registration Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulations III of 1912 and I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1903—The Pudukkottai Registration of Births and Deaths Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation III of 1903—The Pudukkottai Tolls Amending Regulation.	...	
Regulation IV of 1903—The Pudukkottai Customary and Compulsory Labour Regulation, known also as Kudimaramath Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulations I of 1913, V of 1920 and I of 1922.
Regulation V of 1903—Amendment to the Revenue Recovery Regulation II of 1880.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation VI of 1903—Railway protection Regulation (regarding repairs to Railway-affecting irrigation works).	Yes.	Do.
Regulation I of 1905—The Pudukkottai Registration Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations III of 1909, II of 1917, I of 1922, II of 1925 and IV of 1925.
Regulation II of 1905—The Pudukkottai Stamps Regulation	Yes.	Amended by Regulations IV of 1911, II of 1918 and IV of 1923.
Regulation III of 1905—Amendment to the Revenue Recovery Regulation II of 1880.	...	
Regulation I of 1906—A Regulation for the regulation of Printing Presses, Newspapers and Books.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations IV of 1907 and I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1907—The Pudukkottai Majority Regulation	Yes.	Amended by Regulation IX of 1926.
Regulation II of 1907—The Pudukkottai Guardians and Wards Regulation.	Yes.	
Regulation III of 1907—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Police Regulation II of 1893.	...	
Regulation IV of 1907—Amendment to the Printing Presses, Newspapers, Books Regulation I of 1906.	Yes.	
Regulation V of 1907—Regulation for the encouragement of learning in the Pudukkottai State.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1908—The Pudukkottai Transportation Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1908—Regulation for the incorporation, for regulation and for winding up of Trading Companies and other Associations.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation IV of 1908—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Court Fees Regulation III of 1895.	...	

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation II of 1909—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Court Fees Regulation III of 1895.	...	
Regulation III of 1909—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Registration Regulation I of 1905.	...	
Regulation IV of 1909—The Pudukkottai Village Conservancy Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1910—The Pudukkottai Chief Court and Second Appeals Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulations IV of 1918, III of 1920, II of 1921 and I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1910—The Pudukkottai Survey and Boundaries Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1911—A Regulation to facilitate enquiries into matters connected with the administration of revenue and into the conduct of public servants.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1911—Amendment to the Revenue Recovery Regulation II of 1880.	...	
Regulation III of 1911—The Succession Certificate Regulation.	Yes.	
Regulation IV of 1911—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Stamp Regulation II of 1905.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation V of 1911—The Pudukkottai Amending Regulation of 1911 repealing some portions of section I of Regulation II of 1882 and introducing the Criminal Procedure Code of 1898, the Indian Penal Code and the Indian Limitation Act of 1908.	...	Amended by Regulations II of 1913, III of 1918, II of 1923 and V of 1925.
Regulation I of 1912—The Pudukkottai Treasure Trove Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1912—The Pudukkottai Municipal Regulation 1912.	...	Amended by Regulations VIII of 1912, V of 1915, VI of 1921 and I of 1922.
Regulation III of 1912—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Compulsory Vaccination and Town Vital Statistics Registration Regulation I of 1903.	...	
Regulation IV of 1912—The Pudukkottai Land Acquisition Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations I of 1922 and I of 1925.
Regulation V of 1912—A Regulation to make provision for the protection and management of forests in the Pudukkottai State.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation VI of 1912—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Extradition Regulation IV of 1892.	...	
Regulation VII of 1912—The Pudukkottai Religious and Charitable Endowments Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation VIII of 1912—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Municipal Regulation II of 1912.	...	
Regulation IX of 1912—The Places of Public Resort Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulations I of 1922 and II of 1924.
Regulation I of 1913—Amendment to the Customary and Compulsory Labour Regulation IV of 1903.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1913—Regulation introducing certain Acts of British Indian Legislature and repealing sub-sections 3 and 4 of section 471 and section 472 of the Criminal Procedure Code of 1898 introduced into the State by Regulation V of 1911 and also repealing Transfer of Property Regulation I of 1892.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation VII of 1920, State grants have been exempted from the operation of the Transfer of Property Act by Regulation V of 1923.
1. The Provincial Insolvency Act, V of 1920.		
2. The Transfer of Property Act, IV of 1882 with amendments up to date, viz., Acts III of 1885; VI of 1904; V of 1908; and II of 1900.		

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
3. The Hindu Widows' Remarriage Act, XV of 1856.		
4. The Indian Trusts Act, II of 1882, as amended by Acts XII of 1891 and III of 1908.		
5. The Indian Easements Act, V of 1882, as amended by Act XII of 1891.		
6. The Bankers' Books Evidence Act, XVIII of 1891, with amendments, viz., Acts I of 1893 and XII of 1900.		
7. The Partition Act, IV of 1893.		
8. The Interest Act, XXXII of 1889.		
9. The Negotiable Instruments Act, XXVI of 1881, with amendments, viz., Acts II of 1885, VI of 1897 and XII of 1891.		
10. The Lunacy Act, IV of 1912, except Part III.		
11. The Indian Explosives Act, IV of 1884.		
Regulation III of 1913—An amending Regulation repealing some portions of section I of Regulation II of 1882 and introducing some British Enactments.	...	Amended by Regulations I of 1923 and I of 1924.
1. The Code of Civil Procedure, Act V of 1908.		
2. The Indian Contract Act, IX of 1872, as amended by Acts, I of 1877; IV of 1886; XII of 1891; and VI of 1899.		
3. The Indian Evidence Act, I of 1872, as amended by Acts XVIII of 1872; III of 1887; III of 1891; and V of 1899.		
4. The Specific Relief Act, I of 1877, as amended by Acts XII of 1891; II of 1882; and IV of 1882.		
5. The Whipping Act, IV of 1909.		
Regulation I of 1914—Suits Authorisation Regulation.	...	
Regulation II of 1914—Immunity from Arrest Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation III of 1914—Naval and Military News Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1915—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Abkari Regulation, I of 1890.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1915—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Arms Regulation, III of 1892.	...	
Regulation III of 1915—Amendment to the Tolls Regulation, II of 1901.	...	
Regulation IV of 1915—The Pudukkottai Traffic Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation V of 1915—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Municipal Regulation, II of 1912.	...	
Regulation VI of 1915—Regulation introducing the Madras Co-operative Credit Societies Act, II of 1912, and the Madras Land Encroachment Act, III of 1905, with amendments.	Yes.	
Regulation II of 1916—The Pudukkottai State Provident Fund Regulation.	...	
Regulation I of 1917—Regulation to control and regulate the importation, possession and transport of Petroleum and other substances.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1917—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Registration Regulation, I of 1905.	...	
Regulation III of 1917—Hindu Transfers and Bequests Regulation.	...	
Regulation IV of 1917—The Pudukkottai Motor Vehicles Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulations I of 1922 and VI of 1925.
Regulation V of 1917—The Pudukkottai Game Preservation Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1918—The Pudukkottai Prisons Regulation, 1918.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation II of 1918—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Stamp Regulation, II of 1905.	...	
Regulation III of 1918—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Amending Regulation V of 1911 by amending the Limitation Act, 1908.	...	

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation IV of 1918—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Chief Court and Second Appeals Regulation, I of 1910, amending section 28.	...	
Regulation I of 1919—The Indian Soldiers (Litigation) Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1920—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Gambling Prevention Regulation, I of 1897.	...	
Regulation II of 1920—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Police Regulation, II of 1893.	...	
Regulation III of 1920—Amending section 23 of the Chief Court and Second Appeals Regulation, I of 1910.	...	
Regulation IV of 1920—The Pudukkottai Registration of Societies Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation V of 1920—Amendment to the Customary and Compulsory Labour Regulation, IV of 1903.	...	
Regulation VI of 1920—The Kazis' Regulation	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation VII of 1920—Amending Regulation II of 1913 by substituting 'V of 1920' for 'III of 1907' in item 1 of the second schedule.	Yes.	
Regulation VIII of 1920—Introducing the Indian Census Act, IV of 1920.	Yes.	
Regulation I of 1921—Amending the schedule to the Pudukkottai Tolls Regulation, II of 1901.	...	
Regulation II of 1921—Amendment of the Chief Court and Second Appeals Regulation, I of 1910, by repealing section 14.	...	
Regulation III of 1921—Amending schedule I of the Court Fees Regulation, III of 1895.	Yes.	
Regulation IV of 1921—The Poisons Regulation	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation V of 1921—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Extradition Regulation, IV of 1892.	...	
Regulation VI of 1921—Amendment to schedule A of the Municipal Regulation, II of 1912.	...	
Regulation VII of 1921—The Pudukkottai Agricultural Pests and Diseases Regulation.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1922.
Regulation I of 1922—Repealing Regulation I of 1909 and amending all Regulations prior to 28—10—1922.	No.	
Regulation I of 1923—Amendment to Provincial Small Causes Courts Act 1887 and the Code of Civil Procedure 1908, introduced by Amending Regulations, II of 1892 and III of 1913 respectively.	...	
Regulation II of 1923—Amendment to the Indian Limitation Act introduced into the State by Amending Regulation V of 1911.	Yes.	
Regulation III of 1923—Amendment to section 30 of the Pudukkottai Police Regulation, II of 1893.	...	
Regulation IV of 1923—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Stamp Regulation, II of 1905.	...	
Regulation V of 1923—The State Grants Regulation enacting that the Transfer of Property Act IV of 1882 introduced by amending Regulation II of 1913 shall not apply to State grants.	Yes.	
Regulation I of 1924—Amendment to the Amending Regulation III of 1913—amending sub-sections 3 and 4 of section 55 of the Code of Civil Procedure of 1908.	Yes.	
Regulation II of 1924—Amendment to the Places of Public Resort Regulation, IX of 1912.	...	
Regulation III of 1924—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Tolls Regulation, II of 1901.	...	
Regulation IV of 1924—The Pudukkottai Legislative Council Regulation.	Yes.	

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Remarks.
Regulation V of 1924—The Pudukkottai Elections Offences and Inquiries Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation VI of 1926.
Regulation I of 1925—Amendment to the Land Acquisition Regulation, IV of 1912.	Yes.	
Regulation II of 1925—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Registration Regulation, I of 1905.	Yes.	
Regulation III of 1925—The Pudukkottai Village Panchayat Regulation.	Yes.	
Regulation IV of 1925—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Registration Regulation I of 1905.	Yes.	
Regulation V of 1925—Amendment to the Amending Regulation V of 1911, amending the Indian Penal Code and the Criminal Procedure Code.	Yes.	
Regulation VI of 1925—Amendment to the Pudukkottai Motor Vehicles Regulation, IV of 1917.	Yes.	
Regulation VII of 1925—The Pudukkottai Electricity Regulation.	Yes.	
Regulation VIII of 1925—The Pudukkottai Elementary Education Regulation.	...	
Regulation I of 1926—The Pudukkottai Criminal Tribes Regulation.	Yes.	
Regulation II of 1926—The Pudukkottai General Clauses Regulation.	Yes.	Amended by Regulation VIII of 1926.
Regulation III of 1926—The Pudukkottai Cinematograph Regulation.	Yes.	
Regulation IV of 1926—The Pudukkottai Village Courts Regulation.	Yes.	
Regulation V of 1926—The Pudukkottai Public Accountants' Default (Amending) Regulation.	...	
Regulation VI of 1926—The Pudukkottai Electricity (Amending) Regulation.	Yes.	
Regulation VII of 1926—The Pudukkottai Public Accountants' Default (Amending) Regulation.	...	
Regulation VIII of 1926—The Pudukkottai Cinematograph (Amendment) Regulation.	Yes.	
Regulation IX of 1926—The Pudukkottai Majority (Amending) Regulation.	...	
Regulation X of 1926—The Pudukkottai Usurious Loans Regulation.	Yes.	
Regulation I of 1927—The Pudukkottai Post Office (Amendment) Regulation.		
Regulation II of 1927—The Pudukkottai Tolls (Amendment) Regulation.		

* Regulations IV of 1926 to II of 1927 were passed in Fasli 1336.

STATEMENT IV.
Statement of Rainfall in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Stations.	July 26.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	January 27.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	Total of Fasli 1336.	Total of Fasli 1335.	Average of past 5 Faslis.	Remarks.
Pudukkottai	0.78	7.08	7.30	7.76	2.39	0.70	1.07	1.78	1.24	2.11	2.87	3.47	38.55	35.53	37.84	
Alangudi	0.70	6.20	2.62	10.43	1.17	0.50	1.79	1.71	0.39	2.36	1.86	0.35	30.08	33.36	36.83	
Karambakkudi	1.90	2.65	8.69	8.23	2.49	0.54	2.00	0.74	...	2.13	0.16	1.81	31.34	40.42	41.39	
Tirunayyur	3.15	5.48	5.19	6.03	2.77	0.90	1.10	1.24	0.37	1.26	4.63	0.45	32.57	32.25	36.18	
Keelanilai	1.82	2.13	6.60	5.69	3.57	0.21	1.50	0.94	0.48	1.49	0.86	1.42	26.21	31.30	37.24	
Kolattur	3.25	3.20	6.69	5.23	3.16	...	0.74	2.14	0.29	1.02	2.21	1.00	28.93	29.50	32.29	
Viraimalai	5.12	1.09	4.02	3.95	2.30	0.55	0.14	...	0.58	1.30	1.63	3.43	24.11	21.75	32.08	
Odayalippatti	3.18	2.45	5.58	7.50	2.47	0.52	0.65	0.37	0.10	1.04	0.95	0.97	25.78	26.56	29.86	
Annavasal	3.23	4.46	1.68	6.29	0.89	1.70	0.69	2.93	0.96	1.90	2.78	1.58	29.09	28.46	38.17	
Ponnamaravathi	0.95	3.01	6.82	5.68	3.40	0.71	0.96	1.07	0.23	2.33	3.61	2.54	31.31	41.70	40.36	
Adanakkottai	3.00	4.94	6.49	7.23	5.07	0.10	1.30	0.25	0.20	1.00	1.53	3.80	31.91	37.24	35.35	

STATEMENT V.
Statement of the prices of Staple Food-Grains for Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Number.	Article.	During June of Fasli 1335.	During June of Fasli 1336.	Remarks.
1	Rice	Seers. 4.53	Seers. 4.56	
2	Ragi	8.14	8.14	
3	Cholam...	7.72	7.59	
4	Cumbu ...	6.51	6.68	

STATEMENT VI.
Statement of Irrigation sources—Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Class.	Tanks irri- gating 20 acres and less.		Tanks irri- gating 50 acres and less.		Tanks irri- gating 200 acres and less.		Tanks irri- gating 500 acres and less.		Tanks irri- gating more than 500 acres.		Total.	Remarks.
	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.		
Sirkar ...	769	447	580	179	442	157	45	14	15	1851	798	
Private repairs ...	560	193	105	27	27	13	...	2	...	692	235	
Private ...	52	10	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	54	10	
Inams ...	69	38	31	16	106	28	10	1	...	216	83	
Total ...	1450	688	717	222	576	198	55	17	15	2813	1126	

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STATEMENT VII.

List of Agricultural stock in the Alangudi, Tirumayagam and Kolathur Taluks, Pudukkottai State, as per Census taken in 1925.

Taluks.	Horses and Cattle.								Ploughs.	Carts.		
	Buffaloes.		Bullocks.	Cows.	Horses.	Asses.	Sheep.	Goats.			Cows or calves below 4 years of age.	Buffaloes below 4 years of age.
	Male.	Female.										
Alangudi ...	3682	6311	30919	18435	119	152	39237	32687	12859	2756	20484	5430
Tirumayyam ...	3599	5859	25351	19813	62	363	74665	37145	19582	2963	19892	7581
Kolathur ...	3773	7404	31431	18322	31	175	111006	51370	17330	3686	21470	5448
Total ...	11054	19574	87701	56570	212	690	224908	121202	49771	9405	61846	18459

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STATEMENT VIII.

An abstract showing in one view the gross extent of lands of every description in the Pudukkottai State—Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Number.	ITEMS.	Extent of land in acres.	Revenue.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
1	Total area of the State ...	754291	Rs.	
2	Deduct—			
3	Game preserves ...	32651		
4	Porambokes and unclassified lands ...	212201		
4	Assessed wastes ...	31091		
	Total ...	275943		
5	REMAINDER—	478348		
	Occupied { Inam ...	139206	125221	
	{ Ayan ...	*339142	+656353	
	Total ...	478348	781554	* Includes encroached areas. † Includes the penalty levied on encroachments.

STATEMENT IX.

Statement showing the Demand under Land Revenue in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

ITEMS.	AS PER JAMABANDI OF FASLI 1336.		Remarks.
	Extent of lands.	Demand.	
	ACRES.	RS	
Assessment on Ayan lands ...	338732	*656333	* Excludes all kinds of remissions.
Quit-rent and cesses on Inam lands ...	134718	125221	
Assessment on Ayan lands occupied without patta.	} 410	971	
Charges for occupation of Poramboke lands.		15364	
Water rate		3383	
Tree-revenue of all sorts		21585	
Kudiswamiyam price of lands	...	11731	
Sale proceeds of House-sites in non-chetti parts.	...	1629	
Land Revenue miscellaneous items ...	...	16769	
Miscellaneous items which do not pass through village accounts.	...	1461	
Total ...	473860	854447	

STATEMENT X.

Statement showing the Talukwar particulars of the Land Revenue Demand, Collection and Balance for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Taluk.	Demand.	Collection.			Balance.	Excess collection to be adjusted in the next fasli, i.e. 1337.	Percentage of balance to demand.	
		Treasury collection.	Excess collection of previous fasli adjusted including amount written off	Total of columns 3 and 4.			In the fasli.	In the last fasli.
Alangudi ...	Rs. 276435	Rs. 161448	Rs. 1933	Rs. 163381	Rs. 116107	Rs. 3053	40.90	15.20
Tirumayyam ...	293494	176505	2184	178689	120014	5209	39.91	12.51
Kolattur ...	283057	157466	1003	158469	127401	2813	44.05	8.51
Miscellaneous items which do not pass through village accounts.	1461	1461	...	1461	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	854447	496880	5120	502000	363522	11075	41.30	12.00

STATEMENT XI.

Statement showing the Talukwar particulars of the Demand, Collection and Balance of Old arrears under all items for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Taluk.	Demand.	Collection.			Balance.	Excess collection to be adjusted in the next fasli, i.e. 1337.	Percentage of balance to demand.	
		Treasury collection.	Excess collection of previous fasli adjusted including amount written off	Total of columns 3 and 4.			In the fasli.	In the last fasli.
Alangudi ...	Rs. 48327	Rs. 38822	Rs. 630	Rs. 39452	Rs. 9072	Rs. 197	18.78	11.11
Tirumayyam ...	47129	37749	2315	40064	7272	207	19.50	10.39
Kolattur ...	28734	24337	186	24523	4378	167	14.69	7.10
Total ...	124190	100908	3131	104039	20722	571	16.23	11.86

STATEMENT XII.

Fasliwar details for the balance of Old arrears, as per Statement No. XI Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Name of the Taluks.	Fasli 1333	Fasli 1334	Fasli 1335	Total.	Remarks.
Alangudi ...	46	841	8185	9072	
Tirumayyam ...	171	465	6636	7272	
Kolattur ...	49	259	4070	4378	
Total ...	266	1565	18891	20722	

STATEMENT XIII.

Exercise D. C. B. Statement for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927) Current and Arrear.

Items.	Demand for Fasli 1335.		Demand for Fasli 1336.		Treasury collection.		Excess collection of previous fasli adjusted.		Amount written off.		Total collection for D. C. B.		Balance.		Excess collection.		Remarks.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
<i>Country Liquor—</i>																	
(a) Manufacturing cost ...	18697	2 0	19927	11 0	*19927	11 0	...	...	...	...	19927	11 0	...	...	...	...	
(b) Duty ...	56463	0 0	62629	14 0	†62629	14 0	...	...	...	...	62629	14 0	...	...	...	...	
(c) Shop license fees. (i) current ...	46608	0 0	37428	0 0	37389	7 9	...	...	...	...	37389	7 9	...	...	...	...	
(ii) arrear ...	29210	2 2	677	1 2	118	6 2	...	...	...	...	118	6 2	...	...	...	...	
<i>Toddy—</i>																	
(a) Shop license fees. (i) current ...	125046	0 0	112440	0 0	112962	3 11	...	...	...	...	114837	6 11	...	...	...	...	
(ii) arrear ...	3916	1 1	6172	11 5	2020	11 4	...	...	...	...	2920	11 4	...	...	...	...	
(b) Tree-tax ...	70402	2 0	71544	6 0	70863	14 9	...	...	...	...	75207	2 9	...	...	...	...	
(i) current ...	285	8 6	357	5 7	141	1 7	...	...	...	...	141	1 7	...	...	...	...	
(ii) arrear ...	6720	0 0	6660	0 0	6660	0 0	...	...	...	...	6660	0 0	...	...	...	...	
Opium and Ganja Shop license fees. (i) current ...	770715	8 8	14811	1 5	14811	1 5	...	...	...	...	14811	1 5	...	...	...	...	
(ii) arrear ...	1740	0 0	1620	0 0	1620	0 0	...	...	...	...	1620	0 0	...	...	...	...	
Foreign Liquor ...	17110	0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(i) current ...	5580	0 0	4860	0 0	4860	0 0	...	...	...	...	4860	0 0	...	...	...	...	
(ii) arrear ...	129015	6 6	1775	0 6	†1775	0 6	...	...	...	...	1775	0 6	...	...	...	...	
Country Beer ...	2546	12 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous, fines, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	347377	13 10	340903	3 1	335779	8 5	6218	7 0	...	...	341997	15 5	6992	14 0	8087	10 4	

* Excludes Rs. 3-11-0 collection of the previous fasli remitted this year and includes Rs. 15-12-0 unremitted balance.

† Excludes Rs. 11-0-0 collection of the previous fasli remitted this year and includes Rs. 49-8-0 unremitted balance.

‡ Includes Rs. 22-4-0 wrongly credited to Forests—Miscellaneous.

STATEMENT XIV.

Statement showing the area available for planting and dibbling, the extent actually operated upon, the number and kinds of plants planted, etc., in the various plantations in the State in Fasli 1336 (1926-1927.)

No.	Names of plantations and jungles.	Area available till the close of the last Fasli 1335 (in acres.)	Vacated area during the fasli 1336 (in acres.)	Total area available (in acres.)	Area operated (in acres.)		Names of species planted or sown.	No. of plants put out.	Area remaining vacant at the close of the fasli (in acres.)	Remarks.
					Planting Dibbling					
1	Vellar and Kaviniad topes	76	3	79	...	...	...	...	79	* Seeds were dibbled at the foot of the fences. + Newly planted for the lost ones.
2	Perungalur West tope	35	...	35	...	...	* Palmyrah Margosa.	1000	29	
3	Do. East tope	39	15	54	6	...	Tamarind.	1000	48	
4	Varappur West tope	5	...	5	1½	...	Do.	1000	3½	
5	Do. East tope	34	8	42	5	...	Do.	1000	37	
6	Malayur cashew tope	...	5	5	5	...	Casnew.	...	...	
7	Basamangalam tope	15	...	15	6	...	Do.	...	9	
8	Veerakkudi and Vythikovil topes	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	25	
9	Tirumayyan tope	41	...	41	...	...	...	...	41	
10	Keelazilai tope	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	
11	Palayur tope	6½	...	6½	...	...	...	...	6½	
12	Mirathilai tope	8½	...	8½	...	...	+ Graft mango.	12	8½	
Total		287	31	318	29½	...	...	4012	288½	

STATEMENT XV.

D. C. B. Statement of the Forest department for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927) Current and Arrear.

No.	Items.	Demand for Fasli 1335.		Fasli 1336.						Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.	
		Demand.		Collection.		Balance.							
		RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.						
1	Reserve Forests	38556	611	13594	12 8	13243	12 8	351	0 0	...	24961	10 3	
2	Plantations	10937	10 6	13155	14 3	12738	7 3	417	7 0	2218	3 9	...	
3	Quarries	34905	15 0	37571	10 6	*36937	10 6	634	0 0	2605	11 6	...	
4	Miscellaneous	6027	11 6	5907	13...	5898	13 0	9	0 0	...	119	14 6	
Total		90724	13 3	70230	2 5	68818	11 5	1411	7 0	4833	15 3	25081	8 9

* Includes Rs. 2-13-0 written off.

STATEMENT XVI.

Registration of documents in the Pudukkottai State during Fashi 1336 (1926-1927).

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration	NATURE OF THE DOCUMENTS PRESENTED.													Value of documents registered.	Documents of which registration has been refused.	Documents pending enquiry at the close of the fashi.	Remarks.			
		Mortgages.			Sale-deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Pudukkottai ...	15116	14132	5350	4964	8390	7974	61	62	78	68	1207	1064	15023	14052	Rs. 7633826	Rs. 7319461	*95	*89	*89	*80	

* These two figures exclude 3 and 10 documents respectively in which they were partly registered in respect of some executants and refused registration in respect of others.

STATEMENT XVII.

Statement showing the quantity of the work done, the revenue collected and the expenditure incurred by the Registration department during Fashi 1336 (1926-1927).

Names of offices.	Remarks.																		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
	Number of documents relating to immovable property.	Number of documents relating to movable property.	Wills and authorities to adopt.	Total number of documents.	Value of documents.	Number of documents registered on payment of penalty.	Number of attendances at private residences.	Number of documents of which registration was refused.	Number of searches made.	Number of copies of documents given.	Number of memoranda forwarded.	Number of memoranda received.	Number of powers of attorney attested.	Number of documents returned to parties on payment of safe custody fees.	Receipts.	Expenditure.	Difference.		
	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	ES.	
Pudukkottai ...	1586	65	21	1672	1543715	22	31	7	1801	852	100	11	5	48	13936	9652	+4283	710	
Alangudi ...	1743	47	6	1796	546930	27	...	25	32	37	2	13	...	79	363915	309712	+542	211	
Karambakkudi ...	1232	15	1	1248	203778	11	4	23	15	21	1	2	...	66	201914	3382	-1862	98	
Perungalur ...	1301	10	2	1313	388575	7	3	16	25	22	10	12	...	54	2459	2152	+307	54	
Tirumayyam ...	1681	120	6	1807	1809108	18	20	10	108	120	14	31	...	84	5826	3699	+2126	1210	
Ponnamaravathi ...	1534	75	7	1616	1157247	4	10	...	73	80	2	17	...	41	4433	3517	+916	01	
Keelanilai ...	815	19	6	840	588465	7	8	2	28	45	4	7	...	37	2243	2566	-322	156	
Kolattur ...	1533	50	8	1591	405692	11	3	7	22	22	1	14	...	31	2854	4587	-1733	14	
Viralimalai ...	954	20	4	978	247411	5	1	2	13	11	...	1	...	15	1789	2436	-647	1410	
Annavaal ...	1169	20	2	1191	428540	3	4	7	17	21	1	27	...	30	2491	2565	-174	23	
Total ...	13548	441	63	14052	7319461	115	84	99	2134	1231	135	135	6	485	41693	37758	+3935	15	
Deduct 1/4 of the expenditure debitable to Law & Justice-Courts of Law.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9439	+9439	106	
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41693	28318	+13374	111	

STATEMENT XVIII.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Description.	Fasli 1335.			Fasli 1336.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
Book I (relating to immovable property).	14403	RS. 7023720	RS. A. P.	13548	RS. 6633712	RS. A. P.	
Book IV (relating to movable property).	556	610106	43532 0 11	441	685749	*41698 11 6	
Book III (Wills and authorities to adopt).	64	...	...	63	...	...	
Other receipts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	15023	7633826	43532 0 11	14052	7319461	41698 11 6	
Deduct expenditure ...	...	...	26965 5 6	...	...	28318 15 7	
Net profit ...	...	...	16566 11 5	...	...	13374 11 11	

* This figure includes collection of Rs. 92-15-3 during this fasli lying unremitted and excludes Rs. 83-12-6 the collection of the previous fasli remitted in this fasli.

STATEMENT XIX.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each offence in the courts of the several magistrates for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Nomenclature of offence with chapter and section of the Indian Penal Code or other law applicable.	Sections of the I. P. C.	NUMBER OF CASES.										NUMBER OF PERSONS.								REMARKS.
		Offences reported in, and pending from previous year.	Offences reported during the year.	Complaints dismissed under section 203, Cr. Pro. Code.	Other cases found to be false.	Cases found to be true of offences reported in		Brought to trial during the year.	Pending at the end of the year.	Under trial during the year including received by transfer and pending from previous year.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Discharged or acquitted.	Convicted.				Remaining under trial at the end of the year.			
						Previous year.	Current year.						Males.	Females.	Adults.	Juveniles.		Males.	Females.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		
VIII. Offences against public tranquillity.	143-160	4	20	5	7	3	1	12	8	122	2	78	18	...	...	...	...	24		
X. Contempt of lawful authority of public servants.	172-190	3	12	3	...	2	5	12	5	18	...	9	6	...	...	...	...	3		
XI. False evidence and offences against public justice.	193-229	14	40	1	9	8	23	43	13	44	...	12	26	...	...	...	...	6		
XIII. Offences relating to public health, etc.	264-267	1	10	..	1	1	7	10	2	8	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	1		
XIV. Offences relating to public health, etc.	269-294	5	72	1	3	5	65	76	3	88	...	16	70	6	...	...	...	2		
XVI. (a) Offences affecting life ...	302-11	2	10	...	2	2	4	11	4	19	...	5	11	...	...	...	...	3		
(b) Hurt	323-338	68	502	32	275	29	194	515	40	1285	22110	95	8	...	...	...	...	55		
(c) Wrongful restraint or confinement.	341-348	2	11	...	5	1	4	11	3	48	...	39	2	...	...	...	...	7		
Criminal force or assault	352-356	14	136	10	80	4	37	29	21	263	10	201	27	...	...	...	...	25		

Statement showing the number of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each offence in the courts of the several magistrates for Fasil 1336 (1926-1927)-cont.

Nomenclature of offence with chapter and section of the Indian Penal Code or other law applicable.	Sections of the I. P. C.	NUMBER OF CASES.						NUMBER OF PERSONS.										REMARKS.	
		Offences reported in previous year.	Offences reported during the year.	Complaints dismissed under section 203, Cr. Pro. Code.	Other cases found to be false.	Cases found to be true of offences reported in		Brought to trial during the year.	Pending at the end of the year.	Undertaken during the year including pending from previous year.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Discharged or acquitted.	Convicted.				Remaining under trial at the end of the year.		
						Previous year.	Current year.						Adults.		Juveniles.		Males.		Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Kidnapping, forcible abduction slavery, etc.	363-374	3	7	1	5	1	3	8	...	38	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Rape	376	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Theft	379-382	52	275	38	115	21	105	273	48	690	14	508	80	6	5	...	77	...	
Extortion	384-389	11	7	1	3	...	1	3	2	21	3	20	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Robbery and dacoity	392-402	...	58	25	17	1	5	32	21	76	3	46	4	...	...	...	23	...	
Misappropriation of property.	403-405	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Criminal breach of trust	406-410	16	46	8	13	13	12	27	16	58	...	48	3	...	...	...	7	...	
Receiving stolen property	411-414	2	5	...	8	1	1	7	2	13	...	10	1	...	...	...	2	...	
Cheating	417-20	...	10	3	3	...	2	6	2	13	...	8	1	...	...	...	4	...	
Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property.	421-424	3	15	6	4	3	...	13	5	14	...	13	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Mischief	426-440	14	71	5	44	11	20	78	5	193	...	174	17	...	...	...	2	...	
Criminal trespass	447-462	15	97	8	37	6	42	98	19	238	8	169	33	5	...	...	43	...	
Offences relating to trade and property marks.	465-477	3	3	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
XX. Offences relating to marriage.	493-498	...	3	...	1	...	2	3	...	7	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	
Defamation	500-502	1	10	3	4	...	2	7	2	39	...	22	2	...	...	...	15	...	
Criminal intimidation, insult.	504-510	31	218	25	114	14	71	213	25	404	...	358	23	1	...	...	22	...	
Total	...	264	1642	177	747	128	606	1591	248	3727	592891	426	21	5	...	...	325	...	

1. Akbari Regulation	...	2	18	...	3	...	13	20	2	19	...	2	14	1	...	...	2	...
2. Arms Regulation	...	5	8	...	2	...	7	13	...	19	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...
3. Artisan Regulation	...	2	22	...	1	...	18	22	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Cattle Trespass Act	...	1	37	...	24	...	10	36	...	78	...	68	8	...	...	...	...	...
5. Criminal Tribes Regulation	...	10	42	...	4	...	30	33	...	33	...	2	24	6	...	...	...	...
6. Cruelty to Animals Regulation	...	2	23	...	...	...	22	22	...	22	...	...	22	...	...	...	...	...
7. Compulsory Education Regulation	...	401	2399	...	295	200	1773	2019	532	2394	...	53	912	2008	...	...	...	...
8. Forests Regulation	...	...	8	...	2	...	6	8	...	21	...	7	14	...	...	...	...	...
9. Gambling Regulation	...	...	18	...	...	...	18	18	...	18	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...
10. Hackney Carriage Rules	...	48	385	...	13	46	347	388	27	367	...	50	312	...	...	...	...	...
11. Motor Vehicles Regulation	...	8	142	...	...	8	137	145	5	146	...	...	129	...	...	...	...	...
12. Municipal Regulation	...	20	816	...	5	19	780	806	32	841	...	8	775	30	...	...	...	...
13. Police Regulation	...	15	111	...	12	13	84	111	17	121	...	13	101	1	...	...	...	...
14. Sanitary Regulation	...	...	3	...	1	10	36	46	...	46	...	...	46	...	...	...	...	...
15. Stamp Regulation	...	11	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16. Traffic Regulation	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17. Tolls Regulation	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18. Vaccination Regulation	...	7	73	...	4	6	68	11	2	71	...	33	37	1	...	...	...	...
19. Village conservancy	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	6	...	7	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...
20. Births and Deaths Regulation	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	4	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
21. Petroleum Regulation	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	538	4197	2	279	313	3391	3699	645	4664	2	273	2464	2059	...	...	...	...
Security to keep the peace	106-107	...	2	...	1	...	...	1	1	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Security for good behaviour	109-110	...	11	...	6	...	2	8	4	9	...	4	5	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	3	13	...	7	2	2	9	5	11	...	6	5	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Indian Penal Code cases	...	264	1642	177	747	128	606	1591	248	3727	592891	426	21	5	...	...	325	...
Total of other laws	...	533	4197	2	279	313	3391	3699	645	4864	2	273	2464	2059	...	...	66	...
Total of security sections	...	3	13	...	7	2	2	9	5	11	...	6	5	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total	...	800	5852	179	1138	443	3099	5299	898	3602	613170	2805	2080	5	...	...	391	...

STATEMENT XX.

*Statement of Miscellaneous Proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code in the
Courts of the several Magistrates of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1336
(1926—1927). •*

Nature of Proceedings.	CASES.			PERSONS.				FINE, COM- PENSATION OR PENALTY.				REMARKS.
	Total number for disposal.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Total number for disposal.	Disposed of.		Pending.	Amount imposed.	Amount realised.	Number of persons imprisoned.		
					Discharged.	Convicted.						
1.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
								RS.	A.	RS.	A.	
1. Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter VI-C and section 485.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Proceedings under Chapter VIII to prevent breach of the peace.	Sec. 106 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Secs. 107, 108.	2	1	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Proceedings under Chapter VIII Security for good behaviour (Secs. 109, 110, 112, 119 and 123).		14	10	4	9	4	5	...	...	...	...	...
4. Proceedings against local nuisances, Chapter X.		3	2	1	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Possession, Chapter XII	...	7	5	2	18	12	4	2	...	...	...	...
6. Frivolous or vexatious accusations summarily dealt with under Chapter XX, Section 250		15	15	...	19	6	13	...	275	...	275	...
7. Non-attendance of Juror or Assessors, Chapter XXVIII, Section 332.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Maintenance, Chapter XXXVI...		3	3	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
9. Forfeiture of bail or recognisance, Chapter XLII.		65	61	1	74	29	45	...	3605	4	361	4
10. Proceedings under Chapter XLVI, Section 563, against convicted offenders released under Section 562.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	109	100	9	144	74	68	...	23880	4	636	4

STATEMENT XXI.

Statement showing the number and general result of enquiries and trials in Criminal Courts—Original jurisdiction for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

[illegible]

STATEMENT

Statement showing the punishments inflicted by Criminal Courts

Name of the Courts.	Transportation.	Penal servitude.	Imprisonment.		Forfeiture of property.	Fine.	Whipping.				Total (of columns 2 to 5, 7, 9, 12 and 13).	Number of persons ordered to find or give		Security for good behaviour.	Number of persons released on probation under section 362 Cr. P. C. or subjected to an order under Acts XIII of 1829, section 22 of Act I of 1871, etc., or admonished under Act VIII of 1897 or whose guardians were bound over under Act IX of 1836 or Act VIII of 1867.	No. of persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.			
			Rigorous.	Simple.			In addition to other punishment.	Without other punishment.	With imprisonment.	Without imprisonment.		In addition to other punishment.	In lieu of other punishment.				In addition to punishment.	Without punishment.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Sessions Court			4										4						
Additional Chief Magistrate.			26	3		5	13				2		74		1		5		
Special 1st class Magistrate.				6		6	9						15		1				
Deputy 1st class Magistrate.			8	5		9							13		3		2	1	
Assistant 1st class Magistrate.							1						1						
Town 2nd class Magistrate.			8	166		7	1766						1916						
Alangudi 2nd class Magistrate.				8		2	314						322				1		
Tirumayyam 2nd class Magistrate.			31	20		3	1141						1195						
Kolattur 2nd class Magistrate.			18	21		6	106						155						
Town Bench Court							736						736						
Tirumayyam do.			2				61						63						
Perungalur 3rd class Magistrate.								27					27						
Karambakkudi 3rd class Magistrate.								33					33						
Keelanilai 3rd class Magistrate.								50					50						
Ponnamaravathi 3rd class Magistrate.								29					29						
Viralimalai 3rd class Magistrate.								6					6						
Annavaasal 3rd class Magistrate.								6					6						
Total			103	229		38	1631				2		496		5		8	1	

XXII.

(Original Jurisdiction) in the State for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Total No. of persons convicted (cols. 14, 16, 17 and 18).																						Details of ordinary punishments.										No. of boys whose sentences were converted to detention in a Reformatory School.
Number of persons fined.							Amount of fines imposed.	Amount of fines realised.				Amount paid by way of compensation under section 345, Cr. P. C.	Rigorous.					Simple.														
Rs. 10 and under.	Rs. 50 and under.	Rs. 100 and under.	Rs. 500 and under.	Rs. 1,000 and under.	Above Rs. 1,000.	Amount of fines imposed during the year.		Amount of those imposed in previous year.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.	2 years and under.		7 years and under.	Above 7 years.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.	2 years and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.													
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42											
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
89	23	17	6	1	1	...	2161 0 0	1956 0 0	7 0	50 0	...	4	22	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...											
16	2	12	1	...	...	...	440 0 0	360 0 0	100 0	9 0	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...											
18	5	3	1	...	...	...	255 0 0	240 0 0	...	...	...	1	7	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...											
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	20 0 0	20 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
1940	1607	163	3	...	...	...	6314 0 0	5201 1 2	88 4	191 0	2	6	...	...	...	161	5	...	...	...	...											
323	274	42	...	...	...	...	1947 3 0	1882 3 0	97 11	107 8	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...											
1135	1039	102	5	1	...	...	4739 14 0	461 14 0	176 0	100 0	6	25	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...											
455	359	50	3	...	...	...	2545 13 11	2455 5 0	...	39 0	7	21	...	...	...	8	13	...	...	...	...											
736	735	1	...	...	...	...	661 12 0	661 12 0	...	2 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
63	55	6	...	...	...	...	323 12 0	323 12 0	...	12 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
27	27	...	...	...	...	...	24 12 0	24 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
33	29	4	...	...	...	...	184 0 0	184 0 0	...	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
50	45	5	...	...	...	...	304 12 0	201 12 0	100 0	61 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
29	29	...	...	...	...	...	65 4 0	65 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
6	6	...	...	...	...	...	5 4 0	5 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
6	6	...	...	...	...	...	3 12 0	3 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
4978	4241	406	19	2	1	...	19996 2 11	18158 11 2	568 15	582 4	17	57	29	...	...	203	23	4	...	...	...											

* 2 persons were dealt with under Artificer's Regulation.

STATEMENT XXIII.

Annual Statement showing the business of the Criminal Courts as Courts of Appeal and Revision for Fasts 1336 (1926-1927).

Name of the Court.	Number of appeals and cases for Revision.										Duration in days of cases in col. 9.	Number of appellants and persons concerned in cases for revision.										Remarks.								
	For Trial.					For Trial.						Average.	Disposed of.																	
	Pending from last year.	Registered during the year.	Taken up <i>pro motu</i> .	Received by transfer or on reference.	Total.	Transferred or in which the appellant died or escaped.	Remainder.	Disposed of.	Still pending.	Aggregate.			Pending from last year.	Whose appeals or applications were filed during the year.	Received by transfer or on reference.	Taken up otherwise than on application.	Total.	Transferred or who died or escaped.	Remainder.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.		Sentence or order reversed or modified.	Sentence reversed.	Order reversed.	New trial or further inquiry ordered.	Referred.	Total (of cols. 20 to 26).	Still pending.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		
<i>Criminal Appeals.</i>																														
Chief Court Appellate side by accused.																														
Do. by Sirkar and private complainants.																														
Chief Court Sessions side.	2	18	1	1	21		21	19	2	70	63		20	1	23	23	23	35	19	10	3	8	2			21	2			
Total	3	28	1	1	31		31	29	2	1450	50		32	1	35	127	127	35	71	6	41	33			118	9				
Additional Chief Magistrate.	1	111			112	48	60	63	6	2504	3974	1	126	89	96	3	21	21	53	16	23	1			92	1				
Special I class Magistrate.	3				32	2	33	32	1	1075	336	7	21		2	2			7	1	13				21					
Assistant I class Magistrate.					12	12	12	12		278	2317																			
Total	4	111			156	45	114	107	7	3857	3604	8	126	110	214	3	21	131	25	77					231	10				
<i>Criminal Revision petitions.</i>																														
Chief Court Appellate side by accused.	3	27			30		30	29	1	3014	3803	16	85	3	101	18	101	27	1	14						90	11			
Do. by complainants.	2	21			23		23	20	3	687	458	8	79		87	64	6	1	1							78	3			
Chief Court Sessions side.	2	20			20	1	19	15	4				78		78	1	77	51								16				
Total	5	68			77	1	76	68	8	2701	3057	21	242	3	169	1	208	83	114	2	16				16	1	232	36		
Additional Chief Magistrate.	3	31			34		34	32	2	1621	5065	3	41		44		44		24						18	42	2			
Grand Total of Revisions	8	99			111	1	110	100	16	4322	4322	27	283	3	313	1	312	83	138	2	16			34	1	271	38			

STATEMENT XXIV.

Statement showing the general result of the trial of civil cases on the original and small cause sides of the Chief Court and in the rural small cause courts, Pudukkottai, during Fasts 1336 (1926-1927).

Nature of suits.	Tribunal.	Suits for disposal.										Suits disposed of.										Average duration.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
		Filed during the fast.					Received by remand.					Received from other courts.					Total.					Transferred to other courts.					Without trial.					Without contest.					On reference to arbitration.					On oath.					With contest.					Otherwise disposed of.					Total.					Pending at the close of the fast.					Number of cases pending for more than 3 months at the close of the fast.					Contested.					Uncontested.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450	451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690	691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810	811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930	931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	960	961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978	979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000	1001	1002	1003	1004	1005	1006	1007	1008	1009	1010	1011	1012	1013	1014	1015	1016	1017	1018	1019	1020	1021	1022	1023	1024	1025	1026	1027	1028	1029	1030	1031	1032	1033	1034	1035	1036	1037	1038	1039	1040	1041	1042	1043	1044	1045	1046	1047	1048	1049	1050	1051	1052	1053	1054	1055	1056	1057	1058	1059	1060	1061	1062	1063	1064	1065	1066	1067	1068	1069	1070	1071	1072	1073	1074	1075	1076	1077	1078	1079	1080	1081	1082	1083	1084	1085	1086	1087	1088	1089	1090	1091	1092	1093	1094	1095	1096	1097	1098	1099	1100	1101	1102	1103	1104	1105	1106	1107	1108	1109	1110	1111	1112	1113	1114	1115	1116	1117	1118	1119	1120	1121	1122	1123	1124	1125	1126	1127	1128	1129	1130	1131	1132	1133	1134	1135	1136	1137	1138	1139	1140	1141	1142	1143	1144	1145	1146	1147	1148	1149	1150	1151	1152	1153	1154	1155	1156	1157	1158	1159	1160	1161	1162	1163	1164	1165	1166	1167	1168	1169	1170	1171	1172	1173	1174	1175	1176	1177	1178	1179	1180	1181	1182	1183	1184	1185	1186	1187	1188	1189	1190	1191	1192	1193	1194	1195	1196	1197	1198	1199	1200	1201	1202	1203	1204	1205	1206	1207	1208	1209	1210	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	1220	1221	1222	1223	1224	1225	1226	1227	1228	1229	1230	1231	1232	1233	1234	1235	1236	1237	1238	1239	1240	1241	1242	1243	1244	1245	1246	1247	1248	1249	1250	1251	1252	1253	1254	1255	1256	1257	1258	1259	1260	1261	1262	1263	1264	1265	1266	1267	1268	1269	1270	1271	1272	1273	1274	1275	1276	1277	1278	1279	1280	1281	1282	1283	1284	1285	1286	1287	1288	1289	1290	1291	1292	1293	1294	1295	1296	1297	1298	1299	1300	1301	1302	1303	1304	1305	1306	1307	1308	1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	1322	1323	1324	1325	1326	1327	1328	1329	1330	1331	1332	1333	1334	1335	1336	1337	1338	1339	1340	1341	1342	1343	1344	1345	1346	1347	1348	1349	1350	1351	1352	1353	1354	1355	1356	1357	1358	1359	1360	1361	1362	1363	1364	1365	1366	1367	1368	1369	1370	1371	1372	1373	1374	1375	1376	1377	1378	1379	1380	1381	1382	1383	1384	1385	1386	1387	1388	1389	1390	1391	1392	1393	1394	1395	1396	1397	1398	1399	1400	1401	1402	1403	1404	1405	1406	1407	1408	1409	1410	1411	1412	1413	1414	1415	1416	1417	1418	1419	1420	1421	1422	1423	1424	1425	1426	1427	1428	1429	1430	1431	1432	1433	1434	1435	1436	1437	1438	1439	1440	1441	1442	1443	1444	1445	1446	1447	1448	1449	1450	1451	1452	1453	1454	1455	1456	1457	1458	1459	1460	1461	1462	1463	1464	1465	1466	1467	1468

STATEMENT XXV.
Statement showing the number and description of civil suits instituted and disposed of in the Chief Court on its original side during Fasil 1336 (1926—1927).

Number and description of	Suits for money or movable property.										Suits relating to immovable property.								Other Suits.								Grand Total of cols. 1 to 28.		
	On written obligation.		On unwritten obligation.			On accounts stated.	For goods sold.	For rent of house.	For rent of land.	For recovery of movable property or of its value.	For damages.	For contribution.	Total.	For recovery of movable property.	To declare and establish rights to immovable property, including pre-emption, foreclosure, etc.	Other suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Suits relating to religious endowments.	Total.	For rendering of accounts.	To set aside judgments, contracts or obligations on the ground of fraud.	Suits for enforcement of matrimonial rights.	Suits for partition.	Suits relating to religion and caste.	Interpleader suits.	Agency and Partnership suits.	For maintenance.		Other suits.	Total.
	For money or money secured by pledge, etc. of movables.	For money charged upon immovable property.	For money or money secured by pledge, etc. of movables.	For money charged on immovable property.																									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
Suits filed ...	1044	610	13	...	7	97	...	19	6	40	101846	97	63	16	...	176	20	6	2	22	...	...	...	21167	1292151				
Suits disposed of.	1052	651	19	...	9	90	...	26	6	40	81901	137	102	14	...	253	25	4	2	16	...	...	...	31390	1532307				

STATEMENT XXVI.
Statement showing the number and value of suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the State of Pudukkottai during Fasil 1336 (1926—1927).

Nature of suits.	Tribunal.	Number of suits instituted, the value of each is															Total value of suits.	Remarks.	
		Rs. 10.	Rs. 20.	Rs. 30.	Rs. 40.	Rs. 50.	Not exceeding Rs. 100.	Not exceeding Rs. 200.	Not exceeding Rs. 300.	Not exceeding Rs. 500.	Not exceeding Rs. 1,000.	Not exceeding Rs. 5,000.	Not exceeding Rs. 10,000.	Exceeding Rs. 10,000.	Not capable of valuation in money.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Chief Court Original side.	1st Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 713	A. P. 2 9
	2nd Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	658639	2 9
	3rd Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	711	959265
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	727	824318
Chief Court Small cause side.	1st Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 2151	A. P. 12 3
	2nd Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	100
	3rd Trial Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1811	147500
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1779	145612
Small Cause Judge at	Alangudi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 3591	A. P. 29321214 0½
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

STATEMENT XXVII.

Statement showing the result of proceedings for the execution of decrees of the Civil Courts in the Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Class of Courts and Nature of suit.	1	2	Applications disposed of.								Amount realised.	Number of applications												Total value of the claims covered by the execution petitions disposed of.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
			the execution of decrees before the Court.				disposed of.					Pending at the close of the fiscal.	Number of applications pending for more than 3 months at the close of the fiscal.	On which the judgment-debtor was imprisoned.				On which movable property was		On which immovable property was		On which possession was given.			On which specific performance was enforced.	On which partition was effected.	On which execution was effected otherwise than under the preceding columns.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10				11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20					21	22	23	24																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
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STATEMENT XXVIII.

Statement showing the business in the Civil Appellate side of the Chief Court of Pudukkottai during Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Appeals.	1	Pending at the commencement of the fiscal.	Filed during the fiscal.	Re-admitted.	Total.	Value of the appeals filed including re-admitted.	Decisions confirmed Order XLI Rule XI Civil Procedure Code or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard <i>ex parte</i> .				Contested.				Total.	Pending at the close of the fiscal.	Of these, pending for more than 3 months.	Average duration of Appeals.	21.	22	Remarks.		
								Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.									
From original decrees.		72	194	4	270	Rs. 236331	10	7	...	8	...	1	1	1	139	15	39	8	212	58	18	154-09	19*	...
From original orders.		6	20	...	26	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	4	4	24	2	1	85-66	...	...

* Connected appeals disposed of:—15 sets of 2 each, 2 sets of 3 each, 1 set of 4 and 1 set of 5.

STATEMENT XXIX.
Statement showing the number and result of Second Appeals in Civil Suits for Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Name of Court.	Opening balance.	Filed during the fash.	Total.	Value of Second Appeals.	Posted for hearing.	Disposed of.	Closing balance.	How disposed of ?						Remarks
								Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded for re-trial.	Otherwise.	Total.	
1	2	3	4.	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
His Highness the Raja's Second Appeals.	29	105	134	Rs. 148989 10 ½	117	110	24	85	4	11	*5	5	110	

* Includes one modified and remanded.

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STATEMENT XXX.
Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails of the Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Stations.	Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners.		Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of Fasli 1336.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial in days.	Remarks.
		Remaining from Fasli 1335.	Admitted during Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.				
Pudukkottai	1	98	510	111.79	90.48	92	Rs. 22,276 14 5	29.76	
Alangudi	1	...	29	0.19	0.15	...	295 6 11	29.5	
Tirunayyam	1	1	163	0.34	0.45	11	1,251 0 6	46.95	
Kolattur	1	4	188	0.24	0.52	4	438 13 6	7.83	
Karumbakkudi	1	2	6	0.15	0.02	2	514 6	...	Sweeping and lighting charges.
Keelanilai	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Ponnamaravathi	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Viralimalai	1	...	...	...	...	...	3 8 0	...	
Annavasal	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

STATEMENT XXXI.
Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police force for Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Description of officers.	Number.	Pay, etc., of grades.	Total cost.	Punishment.			Rewards.		Education of constables.	Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded and suspended de- partially.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11 12
Superintendent of Police	...	Rs. 150	Total expenditure including T. A. etc, amounts to Rs. 88,478-2-1.	...	...	...	...	Rs. ...	...	
Deputy Superintendent of Police	1	*360		...	...	...	...	...	...	
Inspectors of Police at Rs. (250-10-350).	4	740	Total expenditure including T. A. etc, amounts to Rs. 88,478-2-1.	...	...	...	...	15	...	
Sub-Inspectors of Police at Rs. (100-5-175)	10	760		...	...	...	...	50	...	
Head Constables, 1st Grade at Rs. 30.	1	35	Total expenditure including T. A. etc, amounts to Rs. 88,478-2-1.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. 2nd Grade at Rs. 26.	5	159		...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. 3rd Grade at Rs. 22.	10	260	Total expenditure including T. A. etc, amounts to Rs. 88,478-2-1.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Constables from Rs. 15-8-0 to Rs. 19-8-0 }	14	308		...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other allowances, Testor, School, Traffic, Store, House rent, and Local.	205	3567	Total expenditure including T. A. etc, amounts to Rs. 88,478-2-1.	...	...	...	...	45	172	13
Office establishment including D. S. P.'s Writer's allowance.	7	235		...	...	...	...	P. Individuals Rs. 140 British Police Rs. 2-10-0	...	* Special grade.
Monthly	...	6660	Total expenditure including T. A. etc, amounts to Rs. 88,478-2-1.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Annually	...	79920		...	...	...	...	280	...	

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STATEMENT XXXII.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Divisions.	No. of offences.		No. of accused arrested.		No. of accused sent for trial.		No. of accused convicted.		No. of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions.		Percentage of convicted of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused under-trial.	Remarks.
	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Grave crimes.	289	311	129	157	129	157	82	73	42	42	64	48	64	48	42	42
Other crimes.	2018	1480	1908	1358	1908	1358	1831	1272	45	53	84	94	84	94	33	33
Total	2307	1791	2037	1515	2037	1515	1913	1345	87	95	83	89	83	89	75	75

STATEMENT XXXIII.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Divisions.	Amount stolen.				Amount recovered.				Percentage of recoveries of properties.				Remarks.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	
Town Division	8805	3 0	3837	15 3	3720	3 0	619	10 11	42	16			
Kolattur Division	4801	6 1	3416	4 0	1397	2 3	1098	11 0	29	32			
Tirumayyan Division	2904	5 6	23100	10 6	11823	15 0	7034	6 3	39	31			
Grand Total	43510	14 7	30354	13 9	16941	4 3	8752	12 2	39	29			

STATEMENT
Number of institutions

Denomination of Institutions.		Number of Institutions.											
		State.			Aided.			Unaided.			Total.		
		F. 1335.	F. 1336.	Increase or decrease.	F. 1335.	F. 1336.	Increase or decrease.	F. 1335.	F. 1336.	Increase or decrease.	F. 1335.	F. 1336.	Increase or decrease.
College.	(a) College classes.	Boys	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
		Girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b) Secondary classes.	Boys	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
		Girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary	Boys	6	4	-2	3	3	...	...	...	...	9	7	-2
	Girls	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
Anglo-Vernacular.	Boys	9	10	+1	5	5	...	...	...	...	14	15	+1
	Girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vernacular	Boys	285	130	...	152	94	...	87	67	...	524	291	...
	Girls	...	17	+2	...	4	+8	...	...	-9	...	21	+1
Vernacular mixed.	Boys	...	140	...	...	62	...	...	11	...	...	213	...
	Girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special	Boys	5	5	...	34	77	+43	...	...	...	39	82	+43
	Girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	Boys	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Girls	307	308	+1	194	245	+51	87	78	-9	589	631	+43

XXXIV.
and scholars.

Number of schools.													Percentage of scholars in each class of insti- tution.	Average attend- ance.
State.			Aided.			Unaided.			Total.					
F. 1335.	F. 1336.	Increase or decrease.	F. 1335.	F. 1336.	Increase or decrease.	F. 1335.	F. 1336.	Increase or decrease.	F. 1335.	F. 1336.	Increase or decrease.			
121	152	+31	...	...	...	...	...	...	121	152	+31	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
467	424	-33	...	...	...	...	...	...	467	424	-33	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
156	153	-3	776	803	} +29	...	...	...	932	956	+24	5.77	...	797
175	176	+1	...	2		...	...	...	175	178	+3	8.38	...	112
*696	730	} +79	*849	677	} +68	...	...	...	1545	1407	} +147	8.49	...	983
...	45		...	240		...	...	...	...	285		13.42	...	186
8500	3219	} -470	4691	2292	} +172	2065	1776	} -320	15256	7287	} -618	43.98	...	3995
...	620		...	270		87	56		87	946		44.55	...	565
...	3837		...	1986		...	...	...	5823	35.14		...	4143	
...	354		...	315		...	...	...	669	31.51		...	473	
100	69	-31	411	1025	} +659	...	...	...	511	1094	} +628	6.60	...	64
...	...	...	...	45		...	...	...	...	45		2.11	...	...
10205	9779	-426	6727	7655	+928	2152	1832	-320	19084	19266	+182	...	...	...

State only.

* Includes girls also.

† Does not include the attendance in the unaided schools, as the figure was not available.

STATEMENT XXXV.

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Pudukkottai State for the Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Fasli 1335. Fasli 1336. Schools.	Description of Schools.	No. of pupils on the rolls on 30th June.		Daily average attendance.		EXPENDITURE.						Remarks.		
		Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335	Fasli 1336.	Secondary Schools.			Element- ary Schools.				Total.	
	Secondary.													
	Caste Boys.					RS.	A	P.	RS.	A	P.	RS.	A	P.
5	3 Alangudi	133	112	85	83	189	12	1	163	14	8	3529	10	9
	Annavasal	5	12	5	11	735	14	3				735	14	3
	Keelanilai-Puduppatti.		11		6	330						330		
	Panchama Boys.													
1	1 Town Pudukcherri	12	18	12	17	125	6					125	6	
	Anglo-Vernacular Schools.													
9	10 Arimalam	109	105	65	69				1608	6	10	1608	6	10
	Annavasal	102	94	70	69				1336	10	1	1336	10	1
	Keeranur	63	99	38	62				1248	15	2	1248	15	2
	Karambakkudi (Hindu)	57	60	31	31				824	5	9	824	5	9
	Keelanilai-Puduppatti.	57	56	42	42				880	12	4	880	12	4
	Model School	49	48	33	30				940	8		940	8	
	Viralimalai	50	54	37	40				784	11	5	784	11	5
	Mohammedan Boys.													
	Pudukkottai	76	98	47	56				1372	13	9	1372	13	9
	Karambakkudi		36		20				371	14		371	14	
	Panchama Boys.													
	Town Pudukcherri	133	125	101	99				1284	8	11	1284	8	11
	Elementary.													
234	229 Ava, appatti, Nirpalani	23	18	14	8				201	12	3	201	12	3
	Ayyappatti	20	18	15	15				180	7	9	180	7	9
	Ammanpettai	21	24	15	19				213			213		
	Arunippatti	20	22	15	15				263	15	4	263	15	4
	Andakkulam	28	24	17	15				600		6	600		6
	Adanakkottai	55	50	30	31				847	3	1	847	3	1
	Ayyampatti (Valiam- patti).	22	23	18	16				270			270		
	Ayyangadu	21	23	23	17				170			170		
	Adiraviduthi	21	20	17	18				75			75		
	Anganviduthi	20	20	15	13				146	6		146	6	
	Ambukkivil	19	24	16	15				229	1	8	229	1	8
	Odayalippatti	36	36	21	21				240			240		
	Oduvanpatti	33	26	27	18				239	5	8	239	5	8
	Uppiliakkudi	50	36	30	23				464	3		464	3	
	Ganapathipuram	31	24	12	14				261	13	3	261	13	3
	Kannangudi	55	47	30	26				515	13		515	13	
	Killukottai	50	45	34	28				565	13	11	565	13	11
	Kummappatti (Night).	20	20	16	12				240			240		
	Killanur	32	27	20	16				148	9	7	148	9	7
	Karuppudayampatti	30	25	19	18				270			270		
	Kammangadu	35	35	21	21				161	10	10	161	10	10
	Karambakkudi	29	25	18	15				203	4	8	203	4	8
	(Thekkukadu)													
	Kolandiranpet	25	20	18	19				235			235		
	Kattuvarampirai	27	25	20	19				150			150		
	Kattathi	26	20	20	18				138	5	3	138	5	3
	Kallumadai	20	24	16	13				220			220		
	Kothamangalapatti	21	24	15	15				267			267		
	Konakkollaiappatti	20	20	17	15				210			210		
	Koppampatti	23	52	14	23				241	8		241	8	
	Kalappatti	27	25	23	18				180			180		
	Mandayur	32	25	21	17				266	4		266	4	
	Melur	30	25	17	18				263	13	11	263	13	11

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Pudukkottai State for the Fasli 1336 (1926-1927)—cont.

Fasli 1335. Fasli 1336. Schools.	Description of Schools.	No. of pupils on the rolls on 30th June.		Daily average attendance.		EXPENDITURE.						Remarks.			
		Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Secondary Schools.			Element- ary Schools.				Total.		
						RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.				
	Manthangudi ...	34	20	17	16				258	7	2	258	7	2	
	Mathur (Alangudi) ...	19	21	16	14				186	5	11	186	5	11	
	Mookkampatti ...	19	18	13	12				244	8		244	8		
	Molaiodayanpatti ...	20	18	15	15				269	4	5	269	4	5	
	Malayur ...	23	19	16	13				266	2	7	266	2	7	
	Mailankonpatti ...	6	10	6	8				76	14	5	76	14	5	
	Nemmelipatti ...	26	20	14	14				275			275			
	Nedunjeri ...	22	22	18	16				264	7	3	264	7	3	
	Palandanpatti ...	43	20	26	14				235	9	8	235	9	8	
	Perambur ...	25	21	18	19				240			240			
	Paliyur ...	68	41	31	26				551	8	9	551	8	9	
	Pannikondampatti ...	28	30	18	17				239	4	7	239	4	7	
	Pathambur ...	59	49	24	34				438	14	7	438	14	7	
	Pirambur ...	22	25	17	22				121	3		121	3		
	Pallavarappathai ...	21	23	14	13				258	14		258	14		
	(Puduppatti)														
	Pokkushakaranpatti ...	21	21	12	10				51	9	10	51	9	10	
	Pathuthakku ...	28	25	18	18				144	8	4	144	8	4	
	Pappapatti ...	21	22	12	16				296	8		296	8		
	Pudaviduthi ...	27	23	19	18				148	4	10	148	4	10	
	Pilaviduthi ...	21	21	11	12				181	14	3	181	14	3	
	Pappudayanpatti ...	39	33	20	24				150			150			
	Rajapatti ...	25	20	16	15				148	12	3	148	12	3	
	Ravusapatti ...	23	19	18	15				87	8		87	8		
	Ranganviduthi ...	50	20	27	20				297	8		297	8		
	Raghunathapuram ...	28	27	23	21				238			238			
	Sengalakkudi ...	31	29	19	15				201	2	11	201	2	11	
	Sengalur ...	23	20	17	15				150	6	11	150	6	11	
	Sathiamangalam ...	35	22	22	19				246	13	4	246	13	4	
	Sokkanathapatti ...	31	22	22	19				259	9	7	259	9	7	
	Chinninachatram ...	26	25	16	18				263			263			
	Sennattivuduthi ...	24	18	17	15				269	8		269	8		
	Sevvoipatti ...	35	27	17	18				264			264			
	Souripattanam ...	26	25	18	21				159	8	1	159	8	1	
	Sembattur ...	42	22	29	25				270			270			
	Thulukkapatti ...	20	20	22	14				140			140			
	Thodaiyur ...	36	36	28	23				258	5		258	5		
	Therkuthuru ...	29	27	20	11				162		10	162		10	
	(Malayur)														
	Taluk Keelaiyur ...	20	19	16	15				270			270			
	Veerapatti ...	18	21	7	15				202	9	3	202	9	3	
	Valiampatti ...	20	32	15	26				185	6	8	185	6	8	
	Valamangalam ...	22	20	14	16				266	4	5	266	4	5	
	Vadugapatti ...	26	24	19	18				330	2		330	2		
	Vellanur ...	25	27	18	18				305			305			
	Vagavasal ...	20	20	17	14				270			270			
	Vaithur ...	31	22	16	13				254	12	2	254	12	2	
	Veerakkudi (coil) ...	20	18	12	12				270			270			
	Vathanakottai ...	22	24	15	18				280	14	8	280	14	8	
	Valavampatti ...	32	28	16	17				292	7	10	292	7	10	
	Vadavalam ...	30	23	15	13				263			263			
	Varappur ...	27	29	16	16				239	5	8	239	5	8	
	Vandanviduthi ...	17	22	10	12				190	2	8	190	2	8	
	Alangudi N. S. ...	25	50	13	30				402	10	5	402	10	5	
	Arasadiappatti ...	24	24	17	17				229	5	8	229	5	8	
	Arimalam N. S. ...	25	22	25	15				287			287			
	Onangudi ...	38	31	24	21				269	10		269	10		

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Pudukkottai State for the
Fasli 1336 (1926—1927)—cont.

Fasli 1335. Fasli 1336. No. of Schools.	Description of Schools.	No. of pupils on the rolls on 30th June.		Daily average attendance.		EXPENDITURE.						Remarks.
		Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Secondary Schools.	Element- ary Schools.		Total.			
							Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	
	Irumbanadu	31	34	21	21	...	180	...	180	...		
	Ayangudi	38	37	32	28	...	275	...	275	...		
	Elanjayur	20	38	19	27	...	223	5 4	223	5 4		
	Dakshinapuram	28	21	18	16	...	300	...	300	...		
	Gopalapatti	25	24	16	24	...	239	5 8	239	5 8		
	Kolandirakottai	21	22	18	15	...	227	13 2	227	13 2		
	Kalabam	25	20	19	18	...	177	...	177	...		
	Keelapatti Rasia- mangalam.	50	32	27	22	...	532	11 4	532	11 4		
	Kummangulam	27	26	17	17	...	293	11	293	11		
	Kovilar	29	27	20	20	...	258	6 3	258	6 3		
	Kadukkakadu	40	21	33	19	...	277	4 2	277	4 2		
	Keelayur	30	28	18	18	...	236	11 7	236	11 7		
	Kolavaipatti	40	44	22	26	...	343	12 2	343	12 2		
	(Alangudi)											
	Kaikkurichi	27	35	17	20	...	264	3 1	264	3 1		
	Keelappanaiyur	28	20	14	7	...	138	15 11	138	15 11		
	Keelanilai-Rayapuram.	31	30	25	29	...	270	...	270	...		
	Koilpatti	39	25	19	19	...	299	3 1	299	3 1		
	Kallur	20	35	10	33	...	98	2 9	98	2 9		
	Keelakottaiyur	23	19	17	15	...	270	...	270	...		
	Kosalakkudi	26	24	22	18	...	180	...	180	...		
	Karukkakurichi(south)	38	26	24	19	...	299	3 1	299	3 1		
	Kadayakkudi	24	17	21	15	...	269	4 5	269	4 5		
	Kannangarakkudi	31	24	22	17	...	303	6 1	303	6 1		
	Manjanviduthi	43	52	33	28	...	371	11	371	11		
	Malavaranpatti	20	18	15	12	...	300	...	300	...		
	Mangottai	31	36	17	14	...	275	...	275	...		
	Melathur	25	28	26	15	...	242	10 8	242	10 8		
	Mukkattupatti	26	20	19	17	...	300	...	300	...		
	Mullangurichi	31	18	13	13	...	242	8 8	242	8 8		
	Manjividuthi	20	20	14	12	...	179	12	179	12		
	Maniambalam	38	27	18	15	...	260	6 7	260	6 7		
	Melanilaipatti	27	29	22	18	...	236	5 4	236	5 4		
	Munasandai	50	42	30	31	...	531	6 3	531	6 3		
	Mahamayeeapuram	23	21	14	11	...	142	4 2	142	4 2		
	Mirattunilai	37	20	27	15	...	185	9 10	185	9 10		
	Nammampatti	38	26	18	19	...	300	...	300	...		
	Nattampatti	47	22	18	13	...	263	11	263	11		
	Nedungudi	38	47	25	33	...	369	15 6	369	15 6		
	Pappanviduthi	25	20	12	12	...	230	2 7	230	2 7		
	Pullanviduthi	29	27	17	15	...	170	7	170	7		
	Poovarasakudi	74	76	62	52	...	1045	11 1	1045	11 1		
	Perungudi	30	25	22	23	...	305	...	305	...		
	Raghunathapuram	28	20	23	16	...	168	15 5	168	15 5		
	Chettiapatti South	22	21	16	15	...	230	10	230	10		
	Thiruvarangulam	36	20	23	23	...	223	1	223	1		
	Thirukkattalai	22	16	14	13	...	122	15	122	15		
	Thirumalaraya- samudram.	40	39	27	27	...	482	6 4	482	6 4		
	Thanjur	29	35	22	15	...	222	14 9	222	14 9		
	Tharani	30	31	22	22	...	150	...	150	...		
	Thallampatti	20	22	17	17	...	268	8	268	8		
	Thekkattur	25	22	21	18	...	268	8 9	268	8 9		
	Vamban	25	30	25	16	...	281	1 5	281	1 5		
	Vellakulam	25	28	19	21	...	270	...	270	...		
	Vanakkankadu	25	20	14	15	...	239	8 3	239	8 3		

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Pudukkottai State for the
Fasli 1336 (1926—1927)—cont.

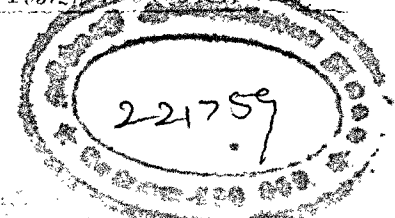
Fasli 1335. Fasli 1336. No. of Schools.	Description of Schools.	No. of pupils on the rolls on 30th June.		Daily average attendance.		EXPENDITURE.									Remarks.
		Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Secondary Schools.	Element- ary Schools.	Total.							
								Rs.	A.	P.					
	Vennavalkudi	44	30	24	19	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	
	Vallathirakottai	54	35	36	27				312	2	7	312	2	7	
	Vadakattupatti	29	21	18	28				539	11	1	539	11	1	
	Vengalur	25	24	16	16				167	1	7	167	1	7	
	Vannianviduthi	23	26	15	17				266		1	266		1	
	Adappakkaranebatram	20	23	13	16				269			269			
	Annavasal N. S.	27	18	22	17				270			270			
	Usilampatti	21	19	15	14				269	9		269	9		
	Odayampatti	22	25	18	20				228			228			
	Oliamangalam	25	21	16	20				239	5	4	239	5	4	
	Idayathur	42	33	28	26				240			240			
	Alavayal	63	61	45	48				168	11	4	168	11	4	
	Ariyur	44	19	31	10				478	2	4	478	2	4	
	Annamkurichi	25	21	20	17				180			180			
	Athur	26	18	21	13				269	8	1	269	8	1	
	Karathope Pichatham- patti N. S.	29	40	29	18				243	3	11	243	3	11	
	Karathope	81	100	48	48										
	Kalamavur	30	24	16	16				1378	1	2	1378	1	2	
	Keelakurichi	29	25	19	16				240			240			
	Kadambarayapatti	34	28	24	22				249	10	10	249	10	10	
	Kolavaipatti	24	25	12	18				300			300			
	(Annavasal)								265	8	4	265	8	4	
	Kudumiamalai	33	39	29	27										
	Kilikkudi (Gudalur)	26	24	18	18				522	10	8	522	10	8	
	Kilikkudi Valayap- patti	25	28	17	18				266	14		266	14		
									269	5	5	269	5	5	
	Kummaugudi	20	18	16	17				180			180			
	Keelathanayam	26	23	20	29				270			270			
	Konnayampatti	30	20	23	17				242	8		242	8		
	Kariyur	69	45	42	34				541	8	6	541	8	6	
	Karupulanpatti	20	20	15	15				267	12		267	12		
	Kasavanur	19	17	13	14				136	13	7	136	13	7	
	Kannanur	21	20	12	12				262	1	10	262	1	10	
	Lengamedu	22	23	15	17				179	8	3	179	8	3	
	Lembalakkudi	70	53	40	35				606		5	606		5	
	Lekkanapatti	22	22	18	14				173	9		173	9		
	Mangudi	49	38	31	25				489	6	7	489	6	7	
	Mettupatti	22	20	13	13				236			236			
	Mullapatti	35	35	31	24				356		1	356		1	
	Malai kudipatti	23	20	15	20				118	4	8	118	4	8	
	Melathanayam	55	65	36	37				688	10	6	688	10	6	
	Meenaveli	30	29	22	24				259	2	1	259	2	1	
	Nanguppatti	26	14	12	11				229		6	229		6	
	Nilayapatti	19	30	15	18				279	7		279	7		
	Nallar	30	30	25	19				265	9	7	265	9	7	
	Nerinjikkudi	21	20	17	20				240			240			
	Nagarappatti	36	82	22	48				321	7	2	321	7	2	
	Panampatti	29	20	21	16				178	1	1	178	1	1	
	Pathipatti	19	33	14	19				208	6	6	208	6	6	
	Pudur Adampatti	40	36	20	16				163	7	6	163	7	6	
	Perumanadu	30	24	25	22				296	9	6	296	9	6	
	Pulvayal	25	24	18	16				261	4	8	261	4	8	
	Perayur	21	25	12	12				270			270			
	Parambar	40	32	17	20										
	Pilivalam	28	28	17	18				268	8		268	8		
	Pillamangalam	31	38	13	23				289	10	11	289	10	11	

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Pudukkottai State for
Fasli 1336 (1926-1927)—cont.

Fasli 1335. Fasli 1336.	No. of pupils on the rolls on 30th June.	Daily average attendance.	EXPENDITURE.						Remarks.			
			Description of Schools.		Secondary Schools.		Element- ary Schools.			Total.		
Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
												</

Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Pudukkottai State for the
Fasli 1336 (1926-1927)—cont.

No. of Schools.		Description of Schools.	No. of pupils on the rolls on 30th June.		Daily average attendance.		EXPENDITURE.						Remarks.	
Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.		Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Secondary Schools.		Element- ary Schools.		Total.			
			Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Fasli 1335.	Fasli 1336.	Secondary Schools.	Element- ary Schools.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.
Mohammedan Girls.														
8	9	Annavasal	30	30	20	20		187			187			
		Alangudi	24	22	17	18		126	14	5	126	14	5	
		Karambakkudi	36	30	25	19		183	4	2	183	4	2	
		Metathanayam	30	30	17	17		208	6	1	208	6	1	
		Pudukkottai	92	82	51	51		1275	10		1275	10		
		Parambur	19	19	13	15		204	6	3	204	6	3	
		Odavanpatti	22	25	17	16		82	8		82	8		
		Vallathirakottai	21	22	16	15		252	8	7	252	8	7	
		Kannangudi		22		14		133	13	11	133	13	11	
Panchama Boys.														
27	36	Annavasal	20	21	15	14		240			240			
		Arimalam	35	27	19	19		174	5		174	5		
		Ganapathipuram	22	18	12	12		212	9	1	212	9	1	
		Karuppakonethertu	20	26	13	20		168			168			
		Konnayur	30	23	23	19		252	13	4	252	13	4	
		Karaiyur	31	24	19	19		124	13	11	124	13	11	
		Keeranur	11	22	6	10		27	2	10	27	2	10	
		Karambakkudi	30	28	17	17		267	4	5	267	4	5	
		Kalipirai	20	20	20	16		167	12	6	167	12	6	
		Kadukkakadu	29	20	21	18		166		6	166		6	
		Kattathi	20	20	15	13		238			238			
		Kurumbivayal	22	22	18	7		35	3	10	35	3	10	
		Pilaviduthi	38	32	20	12		406	2	8	406	2	8	
		Panduvakottai	21	20	12	11		171	14	1	171	14	1	
		Pattaviduthi	27	20	13	18		145	13	3	145	13	3	
		Pathuthakku	28	27	18	16		180	7	8	180	7	8	
		Poram	25	24	24	22		147	8	10	147	8	10	
		Pallathividuthi	21	27	17	22		240			240			
		Raghunathapuram	20	22	17	9		131		6	131		6	
		Sathiamangalam	19	22	13	17		142	15	5	142	15	5	
		Semmattividuthi	17	20	14	14		205	7	11	205	7	11	
		Theethanviduthi	25	22	21	18		240			240			
		(Kalendiranpet).												
		Thithanipatti	21	23	15	15		175		3	175		3	
		Vettanviduthi	28	34	17	22		238	11	4	238	11	4	
		Viraimalai	19	24	15	15		149	12	7	149	12	7	
		Vallathirakottai	19	21	12	15		239	5	8	239	5	8	
		Obinnankonviduthi		23		14		87	8		87	8		
		Puthambur		23		15		119	5	8	119	5	8	
		Irungulavanviduthi		23		15		102	7	6	102	7	6	
		Vilaripatti		21		16		22	2	2	22	2	2	
		Karukkakurichi P. S.		18		11		139	4	2	139	4	2	
		Mailankonpatti		22		15		175	3	8	175	3	8	
		Sooraikkadu P. S.		22		20		114	3	1	114	3	1	
		Poovarasakudi P. S.		20		16		42	9	3	42	9	3	
		Sengalur P. S.		25		20		114	13	3	114	13	3	
		Thulukkangundu P. S.		36		19		11	2	1	11	2	1	
Special Schools.														
5	5	Sri Vanivilasa Veda	10	15	9	12		1005	8		1005	8		
		Sastra Patasala.												
		Training School	45	18	40	16		2884	12	4	2884	12	4	
		Weaving School—												
		Karambakkudi.	13	7	13	7		3425	4	4	3425	4	4	
		„ Puducherri.	9	9	9	9								
		Tirumayyam Reclam- ation School.	23	20	18	20		2564	1	6	2564	1	6	
		Total	9019	9203	6035	6310	7872	12	19572	57	7872	12	19572	57



STATEMENT XXXVI.

Rate or cost of scholars in all institutions—Males and Females.

Name of Institution and classes.	Hindus.		Moham-medans.		Christians.		Depressed or backward classes.		Others.		Total.		Total.		Total.		Depressed or backward classes.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
College classes.																	
Intermediate class																	
Second year.																	
First year.	65	80			1						66	86			1		
Secondary classes.																	
VI Form	142				11						153				11		
V "	118				10						130				10		
IV "	116				11						130				11		
III "	116				20						137				21		
II "	162				18						187				19		
I "	172				14						203				20		
Elementary classes.																	
V Class	415				37						497				43		
IV "	688				73						849				83		
III "	1422				135						1781				151		
II "	2067				208						2616				225		
I "	5384				528						7438				624		
Unaided	1776										1776				1832		
Special Schools	1010										1094				1088		
Total	13679				1061						17143				15280		
Total Population											20503				15010		

* Not separately shown in the Census statistics.

STATEMENT XXXVII.

Statement showing the Expenditure, Receipts and net cost to the State under several heads of "Education" for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Heads.					Gross expenditure.			Receipts.			Net expenditure.			Remarks.
					RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	
<i>Collegiate.</i>														
College	...	...	...	...	14004	6	1	8138	2	2	5866	3	11	
<i>Secondary.</i>														
College Secondary	...	...	...	...	25676	4	9	9998	1	6	15678	3	3	
State schools :—														
Establishment	...	...	...	...	7936	15	3	504	0	1	7432	15	2	
Supervision, Inspection and other charges	...	...	...	...	218	8	8	...	...	...	218	8	8	
Aided schools :—														
Grants	...	...	...	...	4785	0	0	...	...	...	4785	0	0	
Supervision, Inspection and other charges	...	...	...	...	131	12	0	...	...	...	131	12	0	
Total					38748	8	8	10502	1	7	28246	7	1	
<i>Elementary (including Training, Weaving and Agricultural schools).</i>														
State schools :—														
Establishment including stipends to teachers	...	...	...	...	87593	13	6	...	...	...	87593	13	6	
Supervision, Inspection and other charges	...	...	...	...	17693	11	6	...	...	...	17693	11	6	
Aided schools :—														
Grants	...	...	...	...	21499	10	2	...	...	...	21499	10	2	
Supervision, Inspection and other charges	...	...	...	...	591	15	8	...	...	...	591	15	8	
Total					127379	2	10	...	...	...	127379	2	10	
Special schools inclusive of grants to Adult schools.					12496	8	2	1023	2	5	11473	5	9	
Supervision, Inspection and other charges	...	...	...	...	344	1	4	...	...	...	344	1	4	
Total					12840	9	6	1023	2	5	11817	7	1	
<i>Scouting.</i>														
Special grant	...	...	...	...	8	1	0	...	...	...	8	1	1	
Grand Total					192980	12	1	19663	6	2	173317	5	11	

STATEMENT XXXVIII.

Statement of Births and Deaths for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Stations.	DEATHS.										Remarks.				
	Births.			Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fever.		Other causes.		Total.			
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.		Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Town...	418	361	779	36	30	3	6	54	50	409	428	502	514	1016	
Alangudi	1270	1237	2507	165	136	16	12	122	126	1000	1000	1304	1274	2578	
Tirumayyan	1226	1136	2362	152	142	37	42	85	68	1052	1035	1326	1297	2613	
Kolattur	1218	1103	2321	212	191	19	21	124	132	1202	1148	1587	1492	2049	
Total	4132	3837	7969	566	499	75	81	385	376	3663	3611	4689	4567	9256	

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STATEMENT XXXIX.

Annual return of the General Hospital, Pudukkottai, for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Number of beds available:—66.

In and Out-patients treated for the various diseases with their results.

DISEASES.	IN-PATIENTS.					OUT-PATIENTS.			Total In and Out-Patients.
	Total treated.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Number discharged otherwise.	Died.	Remaining in person.	Attended by proxies.	Total.	
Cholera ...	66	45	...	17	4	...	...	189	255
Dysentery ...	36	20	6	8	2	...	...	1472	1508
Enteric fever ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41	41
Gonorrhoea ...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	204	206
Kala Azar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Leprosy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61	61
Malaria ...	7	4	2	1	...	...	...	300	307
Plague ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pneumonia ...	8	4	2	1	1	...	...	48	56
Pyrexia of uncertain origin ...	37	20	8	6	2	1	...	2833	2870
Rheumatic fever & Rheumatism ...	14	7	3	2	2	...	...	1680	1694
Small-pox ...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
Syphilis (primary & secondary) ...	35	20	10	5	...	...	...	223	258
Tubercle of the lung ...	12	4	6	2	...	...	...	...	12
Other tubercular diseases ...	20	9	2	5	2	2	...	10	25
All other infective diseases ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	2
Anaemia ...	44	28	5	7	2	2	...	513	557
Diabetes ...	5	3	1	...	1	...	...	120	125
8500 curvy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Non-malignant ...	6	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	6
Growth Malignant ...	5	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	5
All other general diseases ...	45	28	8	6	3	...	...	873	918
Diseases of the nervous system ...	26	10	5	10	1	...	...	1145	1171
Do. eye ...	11	5	2	3	1	...	...	2429	2440
Do. ear ...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	2199	2202
Do. nose ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	69
Do. circulatory system ...	13	5	3	4	1	...	...	213	226
All other diseases of the Respiratory system.	15	7	3	5	...	...	...	2233	2248
Dyspepsia ...	13	7	2	4	...	...	...	330	343
Diarrhoea ...	70	30	18	14	7	1	...	2027	2097
Abscess of the liver ...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	2
All other diseases of the liver ...	15	6	5	3	1	...	...	436	451
Appendicitis ...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	18	20
All other diseases of the digestive system ...	98	75	13	7	1	2	...	8190	8288
Inflammation & suppuration of lymphatic glands	25	18	4	...	3	...	...	411	436
Hernia ...	13	7	4	1	1	...	...	14	27
Bright's disease...	31	12	6	4	7	2	...	134	165
All other diseases of the urinary system ...	50	38	7	3	1	1	...	586	636
Hydrocele ...	18	17	1	...	...	...	...	20	38
Other diseases of the generative system ...	15	7	3	4	1	...	...	801	816
Diseases of the organs of locomotion...	9	4	3	1	1	...	...	87	96
Do. connective tissue ...	36	28	7	...	1	...	...	1298	1334
Ulcers ...	45	35	6	2	2	...	...	3408	3453
Other diseases of the skin ...	10	8	2	...	...	...	...	1999	2009
All other local diseases ...	17	10	5	2	...	...	...	1357	1374
Injuries (general & local) ...	60	40	8	6	3	3	...	2127	2187
Poisoning (By opium...	3	1	...	1	1	...	...	3	6
(By other poisons...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	3
Labour { Normal ...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	396	399
{ Abnormal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Infective granulema ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	948	578	168	135	3829	...	...	10597	41545

General Hospital, Pudukkottai—Surgical Operations.

The total number of operations performed during the period was 1,852.

578 In-patients.
1,274 Out-patients.

Total ... 1,852

Classes and Sexes of Patients with the daily average.

Europeans.			Eurasians.			Hindus.			Mohammedans.			Other classes.			Total.			Daily average.			
M.	W.	M.C.	M.	W.	M.C.	M.	W.	M.C.	M.	W.	M.C.	M.	W.	M.C.	M.	W.	M.C.	M.	W.	M.C.	
In			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

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STATEMENT XL.

Statement showing the important Surgical operations performed at the General Hospital, Pudukkottai, during Fasli 1336 (1926-1927) with their results.

Name of operations.	Nature of operation.	Number of patients remaining from last year.	Number of operations performed during the year.			Number of patients operated. (Cols. 4 to 6).	Results of operations on patients.				Number of patients remaining at close.
			Principal.	Secondary.	Total.		Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Used.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Operations on tumours.	Removal by excision	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...
Operations on cysts.	Removal by excision	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
Operations for abscesses.	For chronic abscess—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Incision and drainage	...	52	...	52	52	48	4	...	...	...
	Aspiration with injection	...	4	...	4	4	1	2	1	...	...
Removal of foreign Bodies.	For embedded substances	...	2	...	2	2	1	...	1	...	...
Operations on lymphatics.	Removal of lymphatic glands by excision.	...	33	...	33	33	30	...	3	...	...
Operations on the skin and subcutaneous tissues.	Excision of—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a) Keloids	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...
	(b) Carbuncle	...	4	...	4	4	3	1	...	...	...
	Scarification	...	34	...	34	34	18	12	4	...	...
Operations on bones.	Osteoclisis	...	23	...	23	23	19	1	3	...	...
	Removal of sequestrum	...	8	...	8	8	6	1	1	...	...
	Evacuation of abscess	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Erasion of diseased bones.	...	3	...	3	3	1	2	...	...	...
Operations on joints.	Shoulder	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Aspiration of knee joint	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
Operation on muscles.	Passive movements	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Division of cicatricial adhesions.	...	2	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...
Amputations.	For injury	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	For disease	...	4	...	4	4	3	1	...	...	...
Operations on the eye and its appendages.	Paracentesis of cornea	...	2	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...
	Other operations	...	4	...	4	4	3	1	...	...	...
Operations within the mouth.	Removal of epulis	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Removal of tonsils	...	4	...	4	4	...	3	...	...	...
	Extraction of teeth	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	Hare lip	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Operations on the ear and mastoid process.	Repair of injured Pinna	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	Restoration of lobe	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
Operations on the breast.	Hypertrophy Mamma	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
Operations on the thorax and its contents.	Paracentesis of plura cavity.	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Drainage of plura cavity.	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Cancer of the Liver	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
Operations on the abdomen.	Operation for external hernia—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a) Strangulation	...	3	...	3	3	2	1	...	...	...
	(b) Radical cure	...	3	...	6	6	4	1	...	1	...
Operations of the rectum and anus.	Paracentesis	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	2	...	...
	Removal of haemorrhoids.	...	8	...	8	8	6	2	...	...	...
	Excision of anal fissure	...	11	...	11	11	9	1	1	...	...
	Stricture rectum	...	4	...	4	4	...	...	1	...	...
	Imperforate anus	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...

Statement showing the important Surgical operations performed at the General Hospital, Pudukkottai, during Fasli 1336 (1926-1927) with their results—cont.

Name of operations.	Nature of operation.	Number of patients remaining from last year.	Number of operations performed during the year.			Number of patients operated (Cols. 4 and 6).	Results of operations on patients.				Number of patients remaining at close.
			Principal.	Secondary.	Total.		Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Operations on the urethra.	Dilatation of urethra	...	26	45	71	71	...	71	...	...	...
	For extravasation of urine.	...	4	...	4	4	...	3	1	...	...
Operations on the male generative organs.	For paraphymosis	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...
	Circumcision	...	35	...	36	36	34	2	...	...	...
	Incision of prepuce	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Amputation of penis complete for cancer.	...	4	...	4	4	...	4	...	...	...
	For hydrocele	...	29	...	29	29	18	2	...	...	...
	For haematocoele	...	2	...	2	2	...	2	...	...	...
	Removal of testes	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...
	Removal of Elephantoid scrotum and prepuce.	...	4	...	4	4	...	4	...	...	...
Operations on the female generative organs.	Ligature of the Cord	...	5	...	5	5	...	5	...	...	...
	Fibrona utrus Hysterec-tomy.	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
Operations on veins.	Repair of vagina	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
	Neosalvarsan	...	42	...	42	42	...	42	...	...	...
	Saline	...	68	...	68	68	49	...	16	3	...
	Iodine	...	43	...	48	48	...	...	...	...	...
	Antimony	...	32	...	32	32	...	32	...	...	...
Total		...	583	45	578	578	324	212	38	4	...

STATEMENT XII.

Annual return of the Rani's Hospital, Pudukkottai, for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927)

Number of beds available--36.

In and Out-patients treated for the various diseases with their results.

DISEASES.	IN-PATIENTS.					OUT-PATIENTS.			Total, In and Out-patients.
	Total treated.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Number discharged otherwise.	Died.	Remaining.	Attended in person.	Attended by proxies.	
Cholera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
Dysentery	56	44	5	1	1	5	...	...	433
Enteric fever	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Gonorrhoea	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	240
Kala Azar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malaria	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	137
Plague	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pneumonia	4	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	52
Leprosy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Pyrexia of uncertain origin	30	25	2	1	...	2	...	...	476
Rheumatic fever and Rheumatism	33	26	2	...	...	5	...	...	711
Small-pox	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Syphilis	47	31	8	2	...	6	...	...	274
500 Tubercle of the lung	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
Other tubercular diseases	5	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	39
All other infective diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anæmia	41	39	1	...	...	1	...	...	142
Diabetes	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
Scurvy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Non-malignant	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Growth Malignant	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
All other general diseases	11	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	88
Diseases of the nervous system	19	14	3	...	...	2	...	...	112
Do. eye	16	15	...	...	...	1	...	...	891
Do. ear	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	712
Do. nose	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	32
Do. circulatory system	18	14	1	...	3	...	...	...	112
All diseases of the respiratory system	19	16	2	...	...	1	...	...	1091
Dyspepsia	18	16	1	...	...	1	...	...	455
Diarrhoea	33	28	3	...	1	1	...	...	347
Abscess of the liver	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
All other diseases of the liver	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	290
All other diseases of the digestive system	89	71	10	1	...	7	...	...	1676
Inflammation & suppuration of lymph glands	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	153
Goitre	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bright's disease	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	58
All other diseases of the urinary system	49	41	3	3	...	2	...	...	395
Hydrocele	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other diseases of the generative system	54	46	4	...	...	4	...	...	891
Disease of the organs of locomotion	4	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	14
Do. connective tissue	21	16	2	1	...	2	...	...	349
Ulcers	17	15	...	1	...	1	...	...	669
Other diseases of the skin	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	671
All other local diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Injuries (general & local)	16	15	1	...	...	...	...	...	536
Poisoning (By opium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(By other poisons	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Labour (Normal	61	55	...	1	...	5	...	...	217
(Abnormal	26	24	...	1	...	1	...	...	13
Abortions	24	23	1	...	...	...	...	...	82
Total	769	641	53	14	646	...	...	...	12361

The Rani's Hospital, Pudukkottai—Surgical Operations.

The total number of operations performed during the period was 827.

367 In-patients.
460 Out-patients.

Total ... 827

Classes and Sexes of Patients with the daily average.

	Europeans.			Hindus.			Mohammedans.			Other classes.			Total.	Daily average.	Total.	Children.	Total.
	M.	W.	M.C.	M.	W.	M.C.	M.	W.	M.C.	M.	W.	M.C.					
In	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38-47
Out	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	106-62
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	145-09

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STATEMENT XLII.

Statement showing the important Surgical operations performed in the Rani's Hospital, Pudukkottai, with their results—Fasli 1336.

Name of operation.	Nature of operation.	Number of patients remaining from the last year.	Number of operations performed during the year.			Number of patients operated. (Cols. 4 and 6)	Result of operations on patients.				Number of patients remaining.
			Principal.	Secondary.	Total.		Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Operations on cysts.	Removal by excision	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
Operations for abscess.	For acute abscess—incision	...	13	...	13	13	13	...	...	...	...
	For chronic abscess—Incision and drainage	...	19	...	19	19	19	...	...	...	...
	Aspiration with injection	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Operations on veins.	Intravenous injections—Neo-salvarsan	...	43	...	43	43	...	43	...	...	...
	Iodine	...	21	...	21	21	21	...	...	...	...
	Saline	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
Operations on lymphatic glands.	Removal of lymphatic glands—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a) by excision	...	4	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...
	(b) by curetting	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...
Operations on the skin and subcutaneous tissues.	Skin grafting	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Excision of keloids	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	Do. ulcers	...	6	...	6	6	6	...	...	...	...
	Repair of wounds	...	4	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...
	Curetting	...	13	...	13	13	10	3	...	...	...
Operations on joints.	Scarification	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...
	Reduction and dislocation—Shoulder	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	Patela	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Operation within the mouth.	Passive movements	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	Removal of uvula	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Division of frenum of tongue.	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
Operations on nasal cavity.	Extraction of teeth	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	Removal of polypus	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Operations on the breast.	Mammary abscess—Free incision and drainage.	...	14	...	14	14	12	2	...	...	...
	Removal of fluid by tapping.	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
Operations on the abdomen and rectum.	Incision of abscess	...	4	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...
	Anal fissure	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	Removal of hæmorrhoids	...	20	...	20	20	20	...	...	...	...
Operations on the bladder.	Washing out bladder	...	67	...	67	67	64	...	...	...	3
Operation on the urethra.	Dilatation of urethra—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For extravasation of urine.	...	4	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...
	Removal of stone	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Obstetrical operations.	Forceps	...	18	...	18	18	17	...	1	...	...
	Version	...	6	...	6	6	6	...	...	...	...
	Craniotomy	...	6	...	6	6	5	...	...	1	...
	Intra uterine Douche	...	27	...	27	27	25	...	...	...	2
	Removal of clitoris	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Vaginal hysterectomy	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
Operations on the female generative organs.	Curetting for sterility and endometritis.	...	23	...	23	23	23	21	2	...	...
	Retained placenta	...	47	...	47	47	47	...	...	...	...
	Plastic operation on cerbisi.	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Removal of polypus of cerbisi.	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	Removal of labium for sygrata.	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...
	Repair of urinary Fistula.	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
	Repair of Perineum	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...

Statement showing the important Surgical operations performed in the Rani's Hospital
Pudukkottai, with their results—Fasli 1336—cont.

1	e of tion.	Nature of operation.	Number of patients remaining from the last year.	Number of opera- tions performed during the year.			Number of patients operated. (Cols. 4 and 6)	Result of opera- tion on patients.				Number of patients remaining
				Principal.	Secondary	Total.		α Cured.	Relieved	Discharged otherwise	Died.	
2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
on on emale ative s— cont.	{	Dilatation of vagina for stenori.	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
		Cannalisation of unper- forate cerbisi.	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
		Plugging of vagina	...	27	...	27	27	27	...	...	...	...
		Trephilectomy ...	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
		Celphorrhaphy ...	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	433	..	433	433	374	52	1	1	5

STATEMENT XLIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Medical Institutions, Pudukkottai State, during Fasli 1336 (1926—1927).

Names of Institutions.	Number of patients treated.		Results of In-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.	Remarks.
	Out-door.	In-door.	Cured.	Relieved.	Dis- charged other- wise.	Died.	Remain- ing.		
General Hospital, Pudukkottai...	40597	948	578	168	135	38	29	RS. 50418	In-patients. 65.21 Out-patients. 383.63
The Rani's Hospital, for Women and Children, Pudukkottai.	12361	760	641	53	14	6	46	16917	In-patients. 38.47 Out-patients. 106.62
Kolattur Dispensary	9733	...	...	...	...	...	...	2577	42.55
Perungalur Dispensary	7564	...	...	...	...	...	...	2158	29.26
Karambakkudi Dispensary	13154	...	...	...	...	...	...	2783	41.34
Alangudi Dispensary	10611	...	...	...	...	...	...	2999	41.74
Keelanilai Dispensary	6303	...	...	...	...	...	...	2684	36.47
Tirumayyam Dispensary	8856	...	...	...	...	...	...	3060	41.80
Ponnamaravathi Dispensary	9598	...	...	...	...	...	...	2658	59.80
Virainilai Dispensary	6980	...	...	...	...	...	...	3197	37.63
Annavasal Dispensary	8417	...	...	...	...	...	...	2286	36.90
Ayurvedic Dispensary, Pudukkottai	16625	...	...	...	...	...	...	2498	104.56
Total ...	150499	1708	1219	221	149	44	75	91240	1065.98

STATEMENT XLIV.

List of the Ancient Monuments in the State selected for conservation.

No.	Name of monument (with description of the places).	Village.	Taluk.
1	Narthamalai temple (two rock-cut temples and one Siva temple built in octagonal form in the Western Hill and two Siva temples in the Eastern Hill or Kadambar malai).	Narthamalai.	Kolattur.
2	Muvarkovil, Kodumbalur. Two temples. The Siva temple in the rear of Kodumbalur tank, a small foursided tank in front of this temple, a well north-east of Muvarkovil with its subterranean passage.	Kodumbalur.	
3	Kunnandarkovil. The cave temple, the hall of hundred pillars or car mandapam.	Kunnandarkovil.	
4	Madathukkovil (the whole temple).	Near Nanguppatti.	
5	Sittannavalas cave temple: the Jain cave temple and Eladippattam (a flight of seven steps, etc.)	Sittannavalas.	
6	Malayadippatti rock-cut cave temples (Siva and Vishnu).	Malayadippatti.	Tirumayyan
7	Rajalippatti: a stone in a sluice in a ruined tank. (This stone preserves the date and reign of Nandhi Pothan, a king of Pallava dynasty).	Rajalippatti.	
8	Ammankurichi temple: the whole temple and the stone with an inscription planted in the first mandapam.	Ammankurichi.	
9	Tirukkalambur Siva temple (old one) recently renovated by Meenakshi Sundara Desikar—The old garbagraham which is full of architectural works in granite stone.	Tirukkalambur.	
10	Tirumayyan Siva and Vishnu temples—rocky portions where the Gods are located.	Marungur.	
11	The fort at Tirumayyan.	Tirumayyan.	Alangudi.
12	Tirukkattalai temple: The central shrine of Lord Sundaresvara with its stone-Vimāna and stone-Stūpi: the Ardha-mandapa; the Maha-mandapa and the seven small shrines built round the central shrine.	Tirukkattalai.	

STATEMENT XLV.

Expenditure on Public Works.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
RELIGION AND CHARITY.			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
ORIGINAL AND REPAIRS.							
Town	1	Repairs to the temple, Tirugokarnam	600	261	—261	...	
	2	Renewing the Vinayagar car, Tirugokarnam	1990	...	1950	1950	
	3	Repairs to the floor in Tirugokarnam temple	1115	...	1128	1128	
	4	Repairs to the Durga temple gopuram at Ambukkoil.	550	327	176	503	
Tirumayyan.	5	Repairs to Palangarai temple, Palayur vattam.	1730	1631	95	1726	
	6	Terracing the fallen portion of the mantapam in Ammankurichi temple.	1880	1661	490	2151	
	7	Construction of a Pillayarkoil on the hillock, Vyapuri	4600	5025	—22	5003	
Kolattur	8	Repairs to Kudumiamalai temple	3900	5120	19	5139	
	9	Repairs to the Subramaniaswamikoil on the hillock of Kudumiamalai	1600	1187	212	1399	
	10	Repairs to the Mahamantapam, Uppiliakudi	500	437	10	447	
	11	Repairs to Kunnandarkoil temple	970	818	115	933	
	12	Repairs to the Siva temple at Parambur	650	235	232	467	
	13	Repairs to the Swami car of Kudumiamalai	800	...	4	4	
	14	Repairs to the Muthumariamankoil, Vayalagam.	840	...	507	507	
	15	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	713	...	
		Total	...	...	5368	...	
		Works by the Revenue Department	...	...	10589	...	
		Grand Total	...	...	15957	...	
PALACE.							
ORIGINAL AND REPAIRS.							
Town Pudukkottai	1	Repairs to the Old Palace at Tirugokarnam	855	369	774	1143	
	2	Repairs to Kallakottai Palace	560	308	99	407	
	3	Repairs to the Fort walls of the Palace square.	650	...	549	549	
	4	Special repairs to the Kallakottai Palace	595	...	107	107	
	5	Construction of New pigeon House in the Palace Stables within the Palace square.	55	34	15	49	
	6	Repairs to the Dakshinamoorthikoil Palace	25	...	25	25	
	7	Repairs to the thatched shed in the Elephant stables in the Palace square.	102	...	102	102	
	8	Repairs to the two Motor sheds	...	...	101	101	
	9	Re-constructing the fallen compound wall of the Stables.	335	...	236	236	
	10	Repairs to the doors of the two Motor sheds in the Palace square.	...	...	32	32	
	11	Repairs to the Huzur Secretary's office within the Palace square.	...	...	42	42	
	12	Repairs to the Store room in the Ugranam	...	...	7	7	
	13	Constructing ovens for the Pongal in the Palace.	...	...	10	10	
	14	Repairs to the tiled shed in the Elephant stable, Palace square.	140	...	103	103	
	15	Repairs to the quarters occupied by M.R.Ry. S. N. Dorai Raja's Avl.	...	...	9	9	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1936.	Total.	Remarks.
		Palace—Original and Repairs—cont.	RS.	RS.	RS	RS	
	16	Repairs to the Elephant stable in the Palace square.	245	...	250	250	
	17	Providing additional accommodation in the Palace stables.	130		81	81	
	18	Erection of a temporary shed in the Palace stables for the use of the Cow Elephant.	24	...	24	24	
	19	Supplemental works in the estimate sanctioned for Rs 335 in the Kallakottai Palace.	155	...	66	66	
	20	Providing urinal pits in the Elephant stables.	...	...	20	20	
	21	Repairs to the portion occupied by M. R. Ry. Regent Saheb Avl. in the Palace.	35	...	20	20	
	22	Replacing the bottom of the galvanised tank in the portion occupied by the Regent Saheb.	...	...	59	59	
	23	Hazaram maintenance	...	...	168	...	
	24	Palace Lighting charges	...	...	261	...	
		Total Palace	...	...	3160	...	
		WESTERN PALACE.					
		ORIGINAL AND REPAIRS.					
Town	1	Repairs to the quarters occupied by M. R. Ry Meenambal Rajayee Saheb Avl., Western Palace.	810	714	77	791	
	2	Repairs to the quarters occupied by M. R. Ry. Ramachandra Tondaman Saheb Avl.	575	—34	496	462	
	3	Expenditure on minor works having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	327	...	
		Total Western Palace	...	...	900	...	
		IRRIGATION.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
		ORIGINAL.					
I. Vellar Basin	1	Improvements to head works of Kavinad tank.	730	214	593	807	
	2	Providing screw shutters to Vallanad head works.	2000	2122	631	2753	
	3	Construction of a calingulah to Ponnachikulam.	1440	1192	148	1340	
	4	Construction of a calingulah to Keelathaniam Periakannmoi.	3250	339	857	1196	
	5	Construction of a sluice to Periamadai to Melathaniam Periakannmoi.	800	729	103	832	
	6	Improvements to the Kummangudi dam and construction of Head sluice for the supply of Perayur, etc., tanks.	10000	13117	6	13123	
	7	Improvements to the existing supply channel to Perayur tank.	12500	6688	134	6822	
	8	Construction of a masonry sluice to Sethukanmoi at C. S. No. D.	620	501	111	612	
	9	Construction of a surplus weir at the right flank of Edayankannmoi, Tirumayyam Taluk.	540	448	88	536	
	10	Improvements to the anicut across the Vellar under Visalur Project.	2700	2153	24	2177	
	11	Construction of a Head sluice at the Vellar anicut under Visalur Project.	2150	2301	28	2329	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1936.	Total.	Remarks.
		Irrigation Original—cont.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
	12	Construction of a pipe sluice Mamarathumadai in Annavasal Periakulam.	685	...	543	543	
	13	Construction of a Tower Head sluice to Kilikkudikanmoi.	750	227	427	654	
	14	Construction of a Tower Head sluice at C. S. No. 7 to Parambur Periakannmoi.	800	...	516	516	
	14A	Total expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	640	...	
		Total Vellar Basin ...	...	...	4849	...	
II. Agniar Basin.	15	Construction of a calingulah at the left flank of Karaikulam.	1500	1570	370	1940	
	16	Improvements to the weir of Kachirankulam ...	620	402	85	487	
	17	Improvements to the supply channel of Sirukulam, Perungalur.	825	474	213	687	
	18	Construction of a surplus weir to Veerakkudi Periakulam.	6000	5143	646	5789	
	19	Construction of a calingulah at the left flank of Sathanikulam.	960	208	602	810	
	20	Construction of a calingulah to Perungakulam of Perungalur.	2800	2534	258	2792	
	21	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	1255	...	
		Total Agniar ...	...	...	3429	...	
III. Ambiliar Basin.	22	Constructing a surplus arrangement to Alakulam and making arrangements to take a part of its surplus to feed Kudithangikulam.	1270	855	102	957	
	23	Construction of a calingulah to Chettikulam of Alangudi to feed Thirumuchikulam.	1700	...	1108	1108	
	24	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimate amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	482	...	
		Total Ambiliar ...	...	...	1692	...	
IV. Pambar Basin.	25	Construction of two masonry sluices to Valayanannmoi.	1530	...	272	272	
	26	Construction of a tunnel at r8-4, Yembai road for taking the surplus of Ayangudikulam to Kappadannannmoi.	1075	608	453	1061	
	27	Construction of a masonry dividing dam to distribute the supply to Chathirapatti and Arasur tanks.	1500	79	—13	66	
	28	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	322	...	
		Total Pambar Basin ...	...	...	1034	...	
V. Koraiyar Basin.	29	Construction of an anicut and Head sluice at the head of Rajagiri supply channel across the Rajagiri river.	15200	14669	399	15068	
	30	Widening the existing supply channel to Rajagiri Periakulam.	2100	100	181	281	
	31	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	...	...	
		Total Koraiyar Basin ...	...	...	580	...	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
Irrigation Original—cont.			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
VI. Vennar Basin.	32	Construction of a weir to Vislikanmoi, Visalur vattam.	1265	518	10	528	
	33	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	...	...	
		Total Vennar Basin	...	...	10	...	
VII. Maharajasamudram Basin.	34	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	74	...	
		Total Maharajasamudram Basin	...	...	74	...	
VIII. Virushuliar Basin.		Nil.					
IX. Manimuthar Basin.		Nil.					
X. Mettur Project.			...	...	500	...	
		Total Original	...	...	12468	...	
REPAIRS.							
I. Vellar Basin.	35	Repairs to Uttimurichan calingulah of Vallanad tank.	700	226	247	473	
	36	Repairs to the apron of Palayakanmoi weir	750	619	70	689	
	37	Strengthening the weak portion of the bund of the channel in rear of the Head sluice at the Head of Vellar anicut.	940	761	124	885	
	38	Repairs to the Periakammoi of Melathaniam.	2000	...	403	403	
	39	Repairs to the bund of Thanjakanmoi	1100	359	806	1165	
	40	Repairs to the bund of Parambur Periakulam.	1000	...	695	695	
	41	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500	...	...	1111	...	
		Total Vellar Basin	...	...	3456	...	
II. Agniar Basin.	42	Repairs to the bund of Sembattur Periakulam.	850	572	165	737	
	43	Clearing the bed of channels leading to Sammattikulam and the series.	600	...	84	84	
	44	Repairs to the bund of Sathanikulam	1600	431	536	967	
	45	Repairs to the bund of Vythikulam	730	...	571	571	
	46	Repairs to the Vythikulam weir	1065	...	259	259	
	47	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	251	...	
		Total Agniar Basin	...	...	1866	...	
III. Ambiliar Basin.	48	Repairs to the bund of Alangudi Periakulam.	2900	1132	1037	2169	
	49	Repairs to the middle sluice and sundry repairs to Manjakanmoi weir.	725	695	18	713	
	50	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	465	...	
		Total Ambiliar Basin	...	...	1520	...	

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
Irrigation Repairs—cont.			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
IV. Pambar Basin	51	Restoring flood damages in Yenangam Periakulam.	1850	366	147	513	
	52	Removal of prickly-pears on the bund of Yenangam Periakulam	870	626	—626	...	
	53	Repairs to the bund of Melanilaikanmoi	2925	1967	932	2899	
	54	Closing breaches in Irumbanad Periakulam	2580	1088	1450	2538	
	55	Repairs to the bund of Thulangudikanmoi.	...	...	369	369	
	56	Repairs to the bund of Kannanur Periakulam.	1650	498	26	524	
	57	Constructing two sluices to Melanilaikanmoi.	1100	418	556	974	
	58	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	951	...	
		Total Pambar Basin	...	...	3805	...	
V. Koraiyar Basin.	59	Repairs to the bund of Neerpalani tank	1400	659	192	851	
	60	Repairs to Avur tank	3200	2573	610	3183	
	61	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	20	...	
		Total Koraiyar Basin	...	...	822	...	
VI. Vennar Basin.		Nil					
VII. Maharajasamudram Basin.	62	Repairs to the bund of Keerathur Sembulichikulam.	2100	1847	281	2128	
	63	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	...	...	
		Total Maharajasamudram Basin	...	...	281	...	
VIII. Virushuliar Basin.	64	Repairs to the bund of Thirukkalambar big anicut.	1850	1354	95	1449	
		Total Virushuliar Basin	...	...	95	...	
IX. Manimuthar Basin.		Nil.					
		Total Repairs	...	...	11845	...	
		Total Original	...	...	12168	...	
		Total Original and Repairs	...	...	24013	...	
		Works by the Revenue Department	...	...	48052	...	
		Grand Total	...	...	72065	...	
BUILDINGS.							
ORIGINAL.							
(i) Post offices—Nil.							
(ii) Other buildings.							
I—GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.							
Pudukkottai ...	1	Improvements to the State Engineer's office	1015	805	38	843	
	2	New Palace—Landscape gardening	...	66098	1631	67729	
	3	Painting the outer railings providing rain water gutters and fixing tower bolts, etc., to doors and windows in the New Palace.	1800	...	718	718	
	4	Construction of a compound wall around the New Palace.	51100	62526	147	62673	
	5	Completing New Palace 1st and 2nd floors	16000	...	9500	9500	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
Buildings Original—cont.							
			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Tirumayyam.	6	Construction of six houses for the clerks at Ponnamaravathi.	6133	5786	347	6133	
Kolathur	7	Construction of a well in the New Taluk office, Keeranur.	810	732	25	757	
	8	Improvements to the Revenue Inspector's quarters, Kudumiamalai.	740	...	520	520	
	9	Fixing an iron rack with gangway and ladder, etc., in the Press office.	900	349	443	792	
	10	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	24	...	
		Total	...	...	13393	...	
II—MILITARY—Nil.							
III—REGISTRATION.							
	11	Construction of a compound wall to the Sub-Registry office at Ponnamaravathi.	950	303	417	720	
	12	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	247	...	
		Total	...	...	664	...	
IV—EDUCATION.							
	13	Construction of compound wall on the west and south side of the College.	1230	729	834	1562	
	14	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	284	...	
		Total	...	...	1118	...	
V—POLICE.							
Tirumayyam.	15	Construction of a tiled shed in front of the Police station at Ponnamaravathi in place of the thatched shed.	675	726	54	790	
	16	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	...	...	
		Total	...	...	54	...	
VI—JAILS.							
Town	17	Providing fly proof arrangements to the Central Jail kitchen.	980	832	56	888	
	18	Construction of drains in the Central Jail	550	209	77	286	
Tirumayyam...	19	Providing Police lock-up and Sub-jail at Tirumayyam.	650	201	38	239	
	20	Converting the old Sub-Inspector's quarters at Viralimalai into an outpost and lock-up.	500	...	328	328	
	21	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	286	...	
		Total	...	...	785	...	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
Buildings Original—cont.							
			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
VIII—MEDICAL.							
Pudukkottai...	22	Improvements to the quarters of Veterinary Assistant, Pudukkottai.	665	...	310	210	
	23	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	458	...	
		Total	...	...	768	...	
		Total Other buildings	...	...	16782	...	
		Total Original	...	...	16782	...	
REPAIRS.							
(i) Post offices—Nil.							
(ii) Other buildings.							
I—GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.							
Town	24	Repairs to the Residency bungalow	1400	1051	7	1058	
	25	Repairs and improvements to the Public offices.	760	554	56	610	
	26	Re-flooring the Darbar Hall of the Public offices.	606	117	479	596	
	27	Gravelling Public office road and its approaches	820	...	740	740	
	28	Repairs to the Indian Guests' quarters in the New Palace compound.	1550	...	1090	1090	
	29	Converting the Karambakkudi choultry into a first class vattam cutcherry.	1750	1257	357	1614	
	30	Repairs to the European servants' quarters attached to the New Palace	650	...	359	359	
Kolattur	31	Repairs to Mathur choultry	690	335	43	378	
	32	Repairs to the choultry at Viralimalai	6300	789	243	1032	
	33	Repairs and improvements to the vattam cutcherry at Annavasal for converting it into Sub-Inspector's quarters.	1100	756	293	1049	
	34	Repairs to the jaggery godowns and other sundry repairs to the Distillery buildings	640	...	340	340	
	35	Repairs to the stables, Motor shed and Brahmin kitchen in the Residency bungalow.	665	...	152	152	
	36	Tax on Kodai buildings	...	...	428	...	
Trichinopoly.	37	Tax on Trichy Palace Buildings	...	...	1045	...	
	38	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	5120	...	
	39	Guests' house maintenance	...	...	4287	...	
	40	Dewan's bungalow maintenance	...	...	874	...	
	41	Ananda Bhag maintenance	...	...	1531	...	
	42	Trichinopoly Palace maintenance	...	...	2647	...	
	43	Other state buildings' maintenance	...	...	1724	...	
	44	Maintenance of Tredis and Nutshell bungalow.	...	...	1177	...	
		Total General Administration	...	...	22992	...	
II—MILITARY—Nil.							
III—REGISTRATION.							
	45	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	441	...	
		Total Registration	...	...	441	...	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
Buildings Original—cont.			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
IV—EDUCATION.							
Pudukkottai...	46	Repairs to the Lower Secondary Branch school, Pudukkottai.	700	900	—20	880	
	47	Re-roofing the kitchen and the dining Hall in the rear half of the College Hostel.	1900	...	2128	2128	
Tirumayyam...	48	Repairs to the Reformatory school, Tirumayyam	1570	...	1436	1436	
	49	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	812	...	
Total Education			...	...	4356	...	
V—POLICE.							
Alangudi	50	Repairs to the Police lines, Adanakkottai	703	710	—8	702	
	51	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	379	...	
Total			...	...	371	...	
VI—JAILS.							
	52	Repairs to Jail wards' line and Deputy Jailor's quarters.	699	690	9	699	
Total			...	...	9	...	
VII—MEDICAL.							
Town	53	Repairs to the General Hospital, Town	4250	...	1554	1554	
	54	Improvements to the Town Hospital	1570	1575	25	1600	
Tirumayyam...	55	Repairs and improvements to the Dispensary, Keelanilai.	585	16	311	927	
	56	Converting the Sub-Assistant Surgeon's quarters at Tirumayyam into two officers' quarters.	1300	...	1264	1264	
	57	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	1148	...	
Total Medical			...	...	4302	...	
Total Other buildings			...	...	32471	...	
Total Repairs			...	...	32471	...	
Total Original			...	...	16782	...	
Total Original and Repairs			...	...	49253	...	
Works by the Revenue Department			...	...	7,104	...	
Grand Total			...	...	56,357	...	
COMMUNICATIONS.							
ORIGINAL.							
Trichinopoly road.	1	Construction of a tunnel near Mathur in Trichy road.	8000	8137	50	8187	
Budalur road.	2	Construction of a tunnel at 7-2 in Budalur road.	1125	552	375	927	
	3	Do. at 9-3 in Budalur road	730	15	690	705	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
Communications Original—cont.			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Pattukkottai road.	4	Gravelling the portion from 20-2 to 23-0 of the extended portion of the Budalur road.	1900	277	813	1090	
	5	Construction of a tunnel in Budalur road in the bed of Kalakudikulam.	1450	1401	32	1433	
	6	Formation of road to Raghunathapuram from Pattukkottai road.	4000	3369	210	3579	
	7	Formation of a road from Ambukkoil to meet Gandarvakottai—Pattukkottai road.	...	2376	1515	3891	
Alangudi—Karambakkudi road.	8	Formation of a road from Mullankurichi to Kottaikkadu.	750	...	40	40	
	9	Formation of road from Kottaikkadu to 14-5 Alangudi—Karambakkudi road.	5560	...	239	239	
	10	Formation of road to Mullankurichi market from 20-2 Alangudi—Karambakkudi road.	1700	1207	264	1471	
Ambukkoil road.	11	Construction of a tunnel at the 6th furlong of Mullankurichi road.	640	...	217	217	
	12	Gravelling Ambukkoil road	1680	1295	27	1566	
	13	Compensation for the acquisition of land required for the Ambukkoil—Raghunathapuram road.	...	...	524	524	
	14	Forming a branch road from Peraoorani road to Suranviduthi over the bund of Athukulam.	1250	471	846	1317	
Arantangi road.	15	Formation of road from 5-5 Arantangi road to Tiruvarangulam.	1300	...	692	692	
Tiruvidayapatti road.	16	Construction of eight pipe tunnels in Tiruvidayapatti road.	760	440	111	551	
Yembal road...	17	Construction of two masonry sluices to Valayan-kanmoi in Yembal road.	1530	734	424	1158	
	18	Formation of road from Valaramanikkam to Yembal.	10000	9267	2289	11556	
	19	Formation of Yembal road in the Zamin portion.	...	2425	126	2551	
	20	Improving the Thanjur road	1170	647	204	851	
	21	Construction of a tunnel of one vent at 19-2, Yembal road.	1025	785	169	954	
	22	Construction of a bridge over the existing calingulali of Yethanattukanmoi.	4500	540	507	1047	
Madura road...	23	Gravelling the Yembal road Zamin portion	6550	...	5480	5480	
	24	Construction of a girder bridge across the Vellar in Madura road.	85000	83835	2316	81519	
	25	Improvements to the girder bridge across the Vellar in Kanadukathan road.	1530	...	21	21	
Ponnamaravathi road.	26	Construction of a bridge across the Manimuthar river in Ponnamaravathi road.	6500	1810	3171	4981	
	27	Construction of a bridge across the Nerinjikkudi river at 12-6 in Ponnamaravathi—Vendampatti road.	25000	32681	—639	32042	
	28	Construction of a causeway across the Vellar between 9-1 to 9-5 in Ponnamaravathi road.	14164	13534	611	14145	
	29	Gravelling the newly formed Ponnamaravathi—Vendampatti road.	1550	685	684	1369	
Manapparai road.	30	Construction of a tunnel at 22-4 in Manapparai road.	700	...	606	606	
	31	Construction of a tunnel at 23-0 in Manapparai road.	545	...	509	509	
Iluppur—Trichinopoly road.	32	Formation of road from Malampatti to Avur which forms 2nd section of the proposed Iluppur—Trichinopoly road.	4275	1639	3457	5096	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
		Communications Original—cont.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
	33	Formation of Iluppur—Trichinopoly road ...	...	5879	5752	127	
	34	Formation of the portion of Iluppur—Trichinopoly road from Avur to Singathakurichi.	1500	221	1500	1721	
	35	Forming the road lying between Singathakurichi and Vengarampatti.	2600	1434	769	2203	
	36	Formation of a road from Malampatti to Pakkudi tank right flank.	1250	212	795	1007	
	37	Extension of two tunnels east and west of the Kosatheruvu, Annavasal.	1000	889	45	934	
	38	Formation of road from Pakkudi natham to the left flank of Perambur river.	2500	889	1450	2339	
	39	Formation of Iluppur—Trichinopoly road from right flank of Pakkudi tank to Pakkudi natham along the foreshore of Pakkudi tank.	3000	...	2728	2728	
	40	Completing Iluppur—Trichinopoly road by connecting Vengarampatti and Mathur railway station and Trichy—Pudukkottai road at 24-7.	2500	...	1467	1467	
South Kolattur road.	41	Providing a second apron to Rajagiri bridge at 23-2 in South Kolattur road.	760	...	143	143	
Alangudi—Adanakkottai road.	42	Construction of a road dam across the Agniar in Alangudi—Adanakkottai road.	8400	1371	1499	2870	
Alangudi—Arimalam road.	43	Gravelling Alangudi—Arimalam road from 9-1 to 10-0.	1750	1106	115	1221	
	44	Construction of a tunnel across the vari to Avadayankulam at its junction with the Alangudi—Arimalam road near Sirayampatti.	1110	...	1015	1015	
Arimalam—Tirumayyam road.	45	Construction of a pipe tunnel at 0-6 and 4-6 in Arimalam—Tirumayyam road.	720	...	61	61	
Tirumayyam—Sengirai road.	46	Construction of a bridge across the Pambar in Rayapuram—Kadiapatti road.	10750	4727	10029	14756	
Pudukkottai—Kanadukathan road.	47	Removal of metal from 10-0 to 12-0 of Pudukkottai—Kanadukathan road.	7720	...	6700	6700	
Viralimalai—Kalamavur road.	48	Gravelling Viralimalai—Kalamavur road 6-2 to 11-0.	2176	1077	275	1352	
	49	Construction of 15 pipe tunnels in Viralimalai—Kalamavur road.	1800	430	156	274	
Keeranur—Visalur road.	50	Gravelling Keeranur—Visalur road ...	1150	1070	69	1139	
	51	Construction of a tunnel at 3-7+15 in Keeranur—Visalur road.	600	468	96	564	
	52	Extension of Visalur road from Visalur to Malayadipatti.	2130	...	1154	1154	
	53	Formation of a loop road from Kudumiamalai—Annavasal road to Mukkannamalaipatti road.	550	...	71	71	
Tirumayyam—Puduppatti road.	54	Restoring the damaged approaches and adding two more vents to the bridge across the Pambar in Tirumayyam—Puduppatti road.	13500	14966	3616	18582	
	55	Formation of road between two Nedungudies	1500	537	355	892	
Vellanur—Sembattur road.	56	Gravelling Vellanur—Sembattur road from 7-6 to 10-1.	1200	...	136	136	
	57	Construction of four masonry and one pipe tunnels in Vellanur—Sembattur road.	703	...	490	490	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
		Communications Original—cont.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Viralimalai—Manapparai road.	58	Gravelling Viralimalai—Manapparai road from 4-5 to 6-5	540	...	162	162	
	59	Formation of Konnaaiyur—Kulipirai road ...	...	5733	538	6271	
	60	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	4381	...	
		Total Original ...	...	...	55943	...	
		COMMUNICATIONS.					
		REPAIRS.					
Trichinopoly—road.	61	Maintaining Trichinopoly road ...	...	...	16459	16459	
	62	Metalling the cart road portion of Trichinopoly road.	19750	8002	18	8020	
Tanjore ...	63	Maintaining Budalur road ...	3200	...	2553	2553	
	64	Maintaining Tanjore road ...	7500	...	8198	8198	
	65	Repairs to the Agniar bridge at 10-1 in Tanjore road.	1800	731	781	1512	
Perungalur—Varappur road.	66	Maintaining Perungalur—Varappur road ...	500	...	424	424	
Pattukkottai—road.	67	Maintaining Pattukkottai road ...	4140	...	3925	3925	
Alangudi—Karambakkudi road.	68	Maintaining Alangudi—Karambakkudi road...	1500	...	1610	1610	
	69	Maintaining road from Karambakkudi to Raghunathapuram.	1400	...	924	924	
Peraoorani road.	70	Maintaining Peraoorani road ...	4000	...	4139	4139	
Arantangi road.	71	Maintaining Arantangi road ...	2500	...	2713	2713	
Yembal road...	72	Maintaining Yembal road ...	6000	...	5272	5272	
Pudukkottai—Kanadukathan road.	73	Maintaining Pudukkottai—Kanadukathan road.	11000	...	11755	11755	
	74	Repairs to Kunder bridge lying on Pudukkottai—Kanadukathan road.	863	825	38	863	
	75	Widening Pudukkottai—Kanadukathan road...	520	61	109	170	
	76	Special repairs to Pudukkottai—Kanadukathan road.	2000	...	15	15	
Pillamangalam road.	77	Maintaining Pillamangalam road ...	3000	...	2875	2875	
Nachandupatti road.	78	Maintaining Nachandupatti road from the 6th mile Madura road.	1500	...	1455	1455	
Ponnamaravathi road.	79	Maintaining Ponnamaravathi road ...	...	...	6399	6399	
Manapparai road.	80	Maintaining Manapparai road ...	...	...	4003	4003	
Iluppur—Trichinopoly road.	81	Maintaining Iluppur—Trichinopoly road ...	800	...	741	741	
South Kolattur road.	82	Maintaining South Kolattur road ...	4000	...	4091	4091	
	83	Maintaining the British portion of Pudukkottai—Viralimalai road.	...	...	531	531	
	84	Maintaining Viralimalai—Manapparai road ...	700	...	594	594	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
Communications Repairs—cont.			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Keeranur—Adanakkottai road	85	Maintaining Keeranur—Adanakkottai road ...	2500	...	1943	1943	
Adanakkottai—Alangudi road.	86	Maintaining Adanakkottai—Alangudi road ...	1800	...	1705	1705	
Alangudi—Arimalam road	87	Maintaining Alangudi—Arimalam road ...	1500	...	1592	1592	
Arimalam—Tirumayyarn road.	88	Maintaining Arimalam—Tirumayyarn road ...	2500	...	4699	4699	
Kudumiamalai—Annavaſal road.	89	Maintaining Kudumiamalai—Annavaſal road.	650	...	502	502	
Annavaſal—Kolattur road.	90	Maintaining Annavaſal—Kolattur road ...	1450	...	1219	1219	
Tirumayyarn—Puduppatti road.	91	Maintaining Tirumayyarn—Puduppatti road ...	1500	...	1008	1008	
Arimalam—Kothamangalam road.	92	Maintaining Arimalam—Kothamangalam road.	750	...	656	656	
Pilivalam—Virachilai road.	93	Maintaining Pilivalam—Virachilai road ...	...	...	743	743	
Pilivalam—Sengirai road.	94	Maintaining Pilivalam—Sengirai road ...	1000	...	831	831	
Keeranur—Visalur road.	95	Maintaining Keeranur—Visalur road ...	650	...	601	601	
Viralimalai—Kalamavur road.	96	Maintaining Viralimalai—Kalamavur road ...	3290	...	2964	2964	
Konapet road.	97	Widening the tank bund portion of Viralimalai—Kalamavur road.	2500	...	1906	1906	
Village road D.	98	Maintaining Konapet road ...	600	...	355	355	
Village road E.	99	Maintaining Village road D. ...	600	...	529	529	
Karaiyur—Maravamadurai road.	100	Maintaining Village road E. ...	600	...	629	629	
Sadayampatti—Oliamangalam road.	101	Maintaining Karaiyur—Maravamadurai road...	1200	...	1232	1232	
Keelanilai—Puduvayal road.	102	Maintaining Sadayampatti—Oliamangalam road.	700	...	570	570	
	103	Maintaining Keelanilai—Puduvayal road ...	509	...	450	450	
	104	Preparation of sign-boards to P. W. D. roads ...	...	1048	—73	975	
	105	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs. 500.	...	...	2518	...	
Total Repairs			...	...	106201	...	
Total Original			...	...	55943	...	
Grand Total Original and Repairs			...	...	162144	...	

Expenditure on Public Works—cont.

Locality.	Item No.	Project.	Total estimate.	Previous fasli's expenditure.	Expenditure in Fasli 1336.	Total.	Remarks.
VILLAGE CONSERVANCY.			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
ORIGINAL							
	1	Construction of a well near Alangulam at Annavaſal.	1360	1156	151	1307	
	2	Sinking a well for the Panchamas at Keeranur.	785	...	29	29	
	3	Expenditure on minor works each having an estimated amount not exceeding Rs 500.	...	...	...	...	
Total Original			...	...	180	...	
REPAIRS—Nil.			...	...	...	...	
Grand Total Original and Repairs			...	...	180	...	
Works by the Revenue Department			...	...	8941	...	
Grand Total			...	...	9121	...	
MARKET AND CARTSTAND.							
ORIGINAL—Nil.			...	...	...	...	
REPAIRS—Nil.			...	...	...	...	
Works by the Revenue Department			...	...	132	...	
Grand Total			...	...	132	...	

STATEMENT XLVI.

Statement showing the strength, cost and other particulars of the Military Force in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Arm of service.	Number of fighting officers and men.					Details of Force at the end of Fasli 1336.					Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the Force including followers.	Remarks.	
	At the end of Fasli 1336.		Casualties.			At the end of Fasli 1336.							
	(as sanctioned.)	Recruited in Fasli 1336.	Died.	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, etc.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.			Fighting men.
Cavalry	19	1	1	..	..	*16	..	..	..	1	1	14	Out of the Force, a private and a non-commissioned officer do the duty of gunners. Out of ten guns possessed by this department, four guns are serviceable. One has been condemned as unfit for use and the remaining five guns being unserviceable are kept for show.
Sappers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Artillery	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	
Infantry	110	16	1	8	12	+91	..	..	..	4	10	77	
Imperial Service Troopers.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total	129	17	2	8	12	107	..	10	..	5	11	91	rs. 18,677-12-8.
* 3 places vacant. + 19 places vacant.													

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STATEMENT XLVII.

Statement showing the Arms and Ammunition imported into the Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1336 (1926-1927).

Private or State purchases.	ARMS.			AMMUNITION.								REMARKS.
	Muskets.	Pistols.	Revolvers.	Cartridges.		Gunpowder (lb).	Percussion Caps.	Safety fuses (coils).	Sulphur (lb).	Dynamite.	Detonators.	
				Blank.	Filled.							
State purchases ...	...	...	...	...	7920	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Private purchases...	(4 rifles and 3 guns.) 7	2	6	100	1100	120	68,000	1,450				

