

REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF THE ESTATES

UNDER THE

COURT OF WARDS



IN THE

MADRAS PRESIDENCY

FOR FASLI 1319 (1909-10).

MADRAS:

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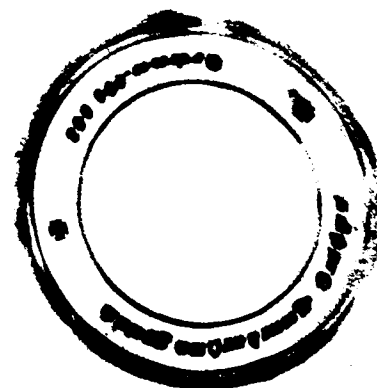
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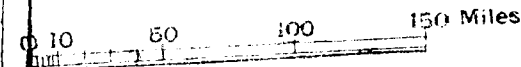
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MADRAS PRESIDENCY Showing RYOTWARI ESTATES & ZAMINDARIS

under the Management of the
Court of Wards
for Fasli 1319

Scale of Miles



REFERENCE

Class	Demand Rs.
I	Over 1 Lakh
II	" 1/2 do.
III	" 10,000
IV	Under 10,000

INDEX TO ZAMINDARIES AND MOKHASA & JAGIR ESTATES

No.	Name	Class	Demand Rs.
1	Parlakimedi	I	4,60,733
2	Nandigam	II	53,526
3	Jarada	III	49,345
4	Kallikota & Atagada	I	5,37,777(a)
5	Parvatipuram	III	15,189
6	Kondamodalu	IV	7,294
7	Talaprolu	I	1,27,303
8	Vuyyuru	I	2,21,134
9	South Valluru	I	1,82,368
10	Chundi	III	31,856
11	Tumba	IV	6,856
12	Thimmaittamma's Estate	IV	6,117
13	Karvetnagar	III	43,271(b)
14	Idaiyakottai	III	35,232(b)
15	Saptur	II	92,662
16	Mambarai	IV	984
17	Palayampatti	II	54,149
18	Sivaganga	II	56,367
19	Sivagiri	I	1,86,627
20	Urkkadu	I	78,528(b)
21	Uttumalai	I	1,20,581
22	Kadambur	III	14,817
23	Komaramangalam	II	81,061

(a) Average annual demand of the Estate

REFERENCE

Zamindaris and
Mokhasa &
Jagir Estates

④ Ryotwari Estate

RYOTWARI ESTATES INDEX

No.	Name	Class	Demand Rs.
1	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyar's Estate	III	1,238
2	A. Subramanya Sastri's Estate	IV	1,349(b)
3	Kavalappara	II	6,239
4	Punnattur Kovilagam	III	3,476

(b) The above represent the demand of fasli 1319

REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES UNDER THE COURT OF WARDS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR FASLI 1319 (1909-1910).

Estates under management.—There were 26 estates under the Court's management at the beginning of fasli 1319, i.e., on the 1st July 1909. Of

these, *Thumba*, *Chokkappa Mudaliar's estate*, *Idaiyakottai* and *Sivagiri* were handed over to their proprietors on their attaining majority. The *Palayampatti* estate which was retained under the Court's superintendence on account of its debts under section 57 of the Madras Act I of 1902 was handed over to its proprietor, the debts having been discharged. The *Karvetnagar* estate was handed over to the guardian appointed under section 59 of Madras Act I of 1902 as ordered in Government Order, No. 3519, dated 21st December 1909. The *Kallikota* and *Atagada* estates in Ganjam and the *Mambarai* estate in Madura came under the Court's management during the year. There were thus 22 estates under the Court's superintendence at the end of the fasli year.

2. *Estates handed over*—(i) *Thumba*.—This estate was under the Court's superintendence for 15 years and 11 months during which period its revenue demand rose from Rs. 5,743 to Rs. 7,928. Rupees 4,511 were spent on irrigation works and other improvements. The balance at the credit of the estate at the time of its rendition was Rs. 4,294 against Rs. 81 when the estate was taken under management. The young zamindar was properly instructed in the management of his estate before he assumed charge.

(ii) *Karvetnagar*.—This estate was so heavily encumbered that after two years' trial the Court found it impossible to manage it in a manner conducive to the interests of the minor proprietor and therefore withdrew from its superintendence.

(iii) *Chokkappa Mudaliar's estate*.—This ryotwari estate was under the Court's management for 15 years and 1 month during which debts amounting to Rs. 12,965 were recovered and debts amounting to Rs. 1,14,978 were discharged from the proceeds of the sale of 504 acres of land belonging to the estate and Rs. 2,471 were spent on irrigation works and other improvements. The estate had an addition of 652 acres under a decree which it obtained in a reversionary suit. The senior ward was reading in the senior F.A. class when the estate was restored to him.

(iv) *Idaiyakóttai*.—The revenue demand of this estate rose from Rs. 20,611 to Rs. 35,282 in the 6½ years during which it was under the Court's management. Debts aggregating Rs. 17,676 were paid off and Rs. 23,426 were spent on irrigation works and other improvements. There was a balance of Rs. 25,536 at the credit of the estate when it was handed over against Rs. 257 when the estate was taken under management. The ward studied up to the Vth form.

(v) *Pálayampatti*.—This estate was under the Court's management for 15 years and 9 months during which debts due to the estate amounting to Rs. 1,15,763 were collected and debts due by it amounting to Rs. 5,86,495 were repaid, partly from savings and partly from the proceeds of the sale of two villages. Rupees 66,002 were also spent on irrigation works and other improvements. The revenue demand rose from Rs. 52,208 to Rs. 55,677 in spite of the fact that two villages had been sold to discharge the debts of the estate.

(vi) *Sivajiri*.—This estate was under the Court's management for 13½ years during which period its revenue demand rose from Rs. 1,53,467 to Rs. 2,54,202. Debts due to the estate amounting to Rs. 37,824 were recovered and debts due by the estate to the extent of Rs. 14,970 were discharged. Rupees 2,56,437 were spent on irrigation works and other improvements. There was a balance of Rs. 8,37,172 to the credit of the estate at the time of its rendition against Rs. 19,375 when it was taken under management. The above balance includes Rs. 1,15,000 lent to the *Urkkadu* estate at 5 per cent. on the security of landed property. The minor proprietor obtained a diploma in Veterinary Science and was instructed in Revenue Law and the Management of his estate before he assumed charge.

3. *Season*.—The season during the fasli was not favourable to agriculture in *Kallikota* and *Atagada*, *Chundi*, *Urkkadu*, *Kalambur*, *Kavalappara*, *Punnattur*, *Uttumalai*, *Telaprolu*, *Vuyyuru*, *South Valluru* and *Thinnamajamma's* estates. In other estates it was favourable.

4. *Holdings*.—Excluding rented villages, the aggregate area of tenants' holdings in the estates under management was 564,401 acres. The extent of holdings in the estates for which figures have been furnished for both faslis 1319 and 1318 was 460,049 acres in fasli 1319 or 166 acres more than in fasli 1318.

5. *Cultivation*.—82.8 per cent. of the holdings were cultivated against 81.3 per cent. in the previous year. Over 90 per cent. of the holdings were cultivated in 6 estates and between 75 and 90 per cent. in 12 others. In only 3 estates—*Mambarai*, *Uttumalai* and *Kavalappara*—was the percentage less than 75. In *Mambarai*, a large area is being used as pasture ground and in *Kavalappara* a great part of the holdings consists of "unoccupied dry land", of which parts are brought under cultivation annually in rotation. The large uncultivated area in *Uttumalai* was mainly due to the want of sufficient rainfall during the *Pishanam* season.

6. *Demand of the estates*.—The total gross demand of the estates was Rs. 24,14,690 against Rs. 23,80,983 in the previous year; Rupees 91,635 were remitted, leaving a net demand of Rs. 23,23,055. The total net demand of the estates that were under management throughout both the faslis 1319 and 1318 was Rs. 17,59,831 in fasli 1319 and Rs. 19,07,932 in fasli 1318. The decrease of Rs. 1,48,101 was the net result of an increase of Rs. 58,061 in 11 estates and a decrease of Rs. 2,06,161 in 9 others. The decrease was most marked in *Vuyyuru* (Rs. 1,75,184) and *South Valluru* (Rs. 14,207). The decrease in these estates was due to a fall in the extent of lands newly assigned on patta and consequently in the amount of premiums collected in regard to them. The bulk of the increase occurred in *Parlakimedi* (Rs. 20,133), *Saptur* (Rs. 14,088) and *Uttumalai* (Rs. 13,052). The increase in *Parlakimedi* was due to the inclusion of costs and interest on amounts covered by rent suits, that in *Saptur*, to the introduction of money rents, and that in *Uttumalai* was due to the season having been better than in the previous year.

The demand of the *Kallikota* and *Atagada* estates which was newly taken up in the fasli was Rs. 1,03,218 less than in the previous fasli. This is attributed to the unfavourable season and the damage caused to the crop by the cyclone.

7. *Demand, collection and balance—Arrears*.—The total arrear demand at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 8,85,045, of which Rs. 3,02,198 were collected, and Rs. 1,13,848 were written off, leaving a balance of Rs. 4,68,999 on the 30th June 1910. Deducting subsequent collections and remissions (Rs. 35,813), and amounts found to be irrecoverable (Rs. 7,140), the net recoverable balance on the dates of the Collectors' reports was Rs. 4,26,046 or 48.1 per cent. of the demand against Rs. 4,45,176 or 27.8 per cent. in the previous year. Collectors have been requested to pay special attention to the collection of the arrears still outstanding.

In two estates there was no outstanding balance; in five, the balance was less than Rs. 1,000; in six, it was between Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 5,000; and in three, between Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 10,000. The arrears exceeded Rs. 10,000 in *Komaramangalam* (Rs. 13,555), *Kallikota* and *Atagada* (Rs. 24,839), *Uttumalai* (Rs. 41,398), *South Valluru* (Rs. 54,778), *Parlakimedi* (Rs. 1,18,902) and *Vuyyuru* (Rs. 1,35,014).

8. *Demand, collection and balance—Current*.—The total current demand of the estates under management was Rupees 23,23,055, of which Rs. 19,68,756 were collected and Rs. 785 written off, leaving a balance of Rs. 3,53,514 at the end of the fasli. Deducting subsequent collections and remissions (Rs. 1,46,353) and amounts found to be irrecoverable (Rs. 200), the net recoverable balance on the dates of the Collectors' reports was Rs. 2,06,961 or 8.9 per cent. against 13.4 per cent. in the preceding year.

The whole of the current demand was realised in three estates; in nine there was a balance of less than 5 per cent. of the demand; in two others it was between 5 and 10 per cent.; in seven others, between 10 and 25 per cent.; and it exceeded 25 per cent. in *Vuyyuru*. The Collector has been asked to take special steps to reduce the heavy balance of this estate.

9. *Financial condition of the estates under management*.—The aggregate cash balance of all the estates at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 5,76,416. The total cash receipts of the estates during the fasli were Rs. 44,42,418. The total assets of the fasli were therefore Rs. 50,18,834. The expenditure in the year was Rs. 42,68,032. The cash balance at the close of the fasli was thus Rs. 7,50,802. Government securities and Municipal and Port Trust debentures of the aggregate face value of Rs. 57,90,900 were held on behalf of some of the estates and the estimated value of grain on hand at the close of the year was Rs. 1,08,858 bringing the total balance to the credit of the estates on 30th June 1910 to Rs. 65,92,560. The ordinary receipts and charges of the year amounted to Rs. 33,25,270 and Rs. 27,30,973 compared with Rs. 28,30,883 and Rs. 19,73,931 in the preceding year. The following extraordinary items are not taken into account in these figures:—

Total receipts	...	...	...	...	...	Rs.	44,42,418
Deduct—						Rs.	
Debts recovered	...	...	...	...	...	1,07,550	
Sale-proceeds of property	...	...	...	...	...	8,94,445	
Amounts borrowed	...	...	...	...	...	1,15,153	
							11,17,148
						Net receipts	33,25,270
Total charges	...	...	...	...	...		42,68,032
Deduct—							
Debts repaid	...	...	...	...	...	9,14,951	
Investments	...	...	...	...	...	6,17,489	
Cash handed over to the proprietors of handed-over estates	...	...	...	...	...	4,619	
							15,37,059
						Net charges	27,30,973

(iv) *Idaiyakóttai*.—The revenue demand of this estate rose from Rs. 20,611 to Rs. 35,282 in the 6½ years during which it was under the Court's management. Debts aggregating Rs. 17,676 were paid off and Rs. 23,426 were spent on irrigation works and other improvements. There was a balance of Rs. 25,536 at the credit of the estate when it was handed over against Rs. 257 when the estate was taken under management. The ward studied up to the Vth form.

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8. *Demand, collection and balance—Current*.—The total current demand of the estates under management was Rupees

Statement No. III-B. 23,23,055, of which Rs. 19,68,756 were collected and Rs. 785 written off, leaving a balance of Rs. 3,53,514 at the end of the fasli. Deducting subsequent collections and remissions (Rs. 1,46,353) and amounts found to be irrecoverable (Rs. 200), the net recoverable balance on the dates of the Collectors' reports was Rs. 2,06,961 or 8.9 per cent. against 13.4 per cent. in the preceding year.

The whole of the current demand was realised in three estates; in nine there was a balance of less than 5 per cent. of the demand; in two others it was between 5 and 10 per cent.; in seven others, between 10 and 25 per cent.; and it exceeded 25 per cent. in *Vuyyuru*. The Collector has been asked to take special steps to reduce the heavy balance of this estate.

9. *Financial condition of the estates under management*.—The aggregate cash

Statement No. IV. balance of all the estates at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 5,76,416. The total cash receipts of the estates during the fasli were Rs. 44,42,418. The total assets of the fasli were therefore Rs. 50,18,834. The expenditure in the year was Rs. 42,68,032. The cash balance at the close of the fasli was thus Rs. 7,50,802. Government securities and Municipal and Port Trust debentures of the aggregate face value of Rs. 57,90,900 were held on behalf of some of the estates and the estimated value of grain on hand at the close of the year was Rs. 1,08,58 bringing the total balance to the credit of the estates on 30th June 1910 to Rs. 65,92,560. The ordinary receipts and charges of the year amounted to Rs. 33,25,270 and Rs. 27,30,973 compared with Rs. 28,30,883 and Rs. 19,73,931 in the preceding year. The following extraordinary items are not taken into account in these figures:—

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Deduct—							Rs.
Debts recovered	...	...	...	...	...	1,07,550	
Sale-proceeds of property	...	...	...	...	...	8,94,445	
Amounts borrowed	...	...	...	...	...	1,15,153	
							11,17,148
Net receipts	...	...	...	...	...	33,25,270	
Total charges	...	...	...	...	...	42,68,032	
Deduct—							
Debts repaid	...	...	...	...	...	9,14,951	
Investments	...	...	...	...	...	6,17,489	
Cash handed over to the proprietors of handed-over estates	...	...	...	...	...	4,619	
							15,37,059
Net charges	...	...	...	...	...	27,30,973	

10. *Utilization of the surplus balances.*—Leaving out of account those estates in which the balances are required either to pay off debts or to meet current charges, the estates which had surplus balances exceeding Rs. 20,000 at the end of the fasli are the following :—

Estates.	Amount.
	RS.
Parlakimedi	19,87,796
Parlakimedi ex-Zamindar's	25,74,964
Nandigam	21,538
Jarada	49,414
Telaprolu	5,99,04
South Valluru	4,16,987
Subramania Sastri's	1,04,499
Sivaganga	1,08,167
Komaramangalam	1,04,796
Kavalappara	40,694

The balance in the *Parlakimedi* estate will be required for the programme of works which it is proposed should be executed, as far as possible, before its rendition in 1913—the estate survey which is now in progress, the extension of the Light Railway to Gunupur, the investigation and restoration of irrigation sources in the estate now being carried on by a party in charge of a Special Engineer lent by Government and the construction of new palaces for the minor Zamindar and ladies. The Court has sanctioned the purchase of the villages of Gouduguranti and Boranta belonging to the Zamindar of Budarasingi on behalf of the *Parlakimedi* ex-Zamindar's estate and awaits intimation from the Collector of the execution of the sale-deed. The surplus funds in *Nandigam* and *Jarada* will be required for the survey of those estates which will probably be taken up towards the end of 1911 and 1912. The *Telaprolu* estate lent Rs. 5,80,000 on the security of land to *Vuyyuru* at 5 per cent. during the fasli. The Collector has proposed to utilize the surplus balance in *South Valluru* on the resurvey of the estate and the preparation of a record of rights under section 164 of the Estates Land Act and on the purchase of immoveable property for the ward. His proposals are under the Court's consideration. Endeavours are being made to invest the surplus in *Subramania Sastri's* estate in the purchase of landed property for the minor. The surplus in *Sivaganga* will be required for the improvement of the irrigation sources in the estate. The *Tidumalmitla* has since been purchased for Rs. 50,000 on behalf of the *Komaramangalam* estate. The *Kavalappara* estate has since been handed over to its proprietor.

11. *Agricultural improvements.*—Mr. J. M. Lonsdale continued to be the Court's Agricultural Expert. There were six home farms in wards' estates besides the fruit gardens in *Vuyyuru*, viz., *Parlakimedi*, *Telaprolu*, *South Valluru*, *Komaramangalam*, *Sivagiri* and *Kavalappara*. The Court regrets to state that the working of the farms, with the exception of *Sivagiri* and *South Valluru* was unsatisfactory, owing partly to insufficient or excessive rainfall and partly to the inefficiency of the Farm Superintendents. The *Sivagiri* farm yielded a profit of Rs. 7,324 and the *South Valluru* farm, of Rs. 1,836. All the rest of the farms worked at a loss. As in previous years much useful work was done in *Sivagiri*. The improved *Sivagiri* iron plough continued to grow in favour with the ryots in the neighbourhood and a considerable number was also supplied outside the estate. Some good work was done in seed selection at *Kavalappara*, *Sivagiri*, *Komaramangalam*, *South Valluru* and *Parlakimedi* farms. The Demonstrator of the Ceded Districts' implements visited the *Parlakimedi* estate and taught the farm coolies the use of those implements. The Agricultural Expert's summary, given in Appendix K to this report, gives a detailed account of the work done or attempted on the several farms during the year.

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The outlay on maramat works was 13.8 per cent. of the total ordinary expenditure during the year. In the preceding year, the percentage was 18.4 and in fasli 1317, 18.7. Leaving out of account the estates in which the allotments were below Rs. 5,000, the proportion of expenditure to allotment was unsatisfactory in *South Valluru* (32.0), *Sivaganga* (37.8), *Urkkadu* (52.3) and *Komaramangalam* (50.8). The low expenditure in *South Valluru* was mainly due to the estimates not having been sanctioned in time; in *Sivaganga*, to the post of Assistant Engineer having been vacant for nine months in the fasli; in *Urkkadu*, to the delay in the construction of a granary pending selection of a design; and in *Komaramangalam*, to a change in the personnel of the staff and want of proper contractors in the estate. The Court is glad to state that Government have been pleased to lend four officers of the Public Works Department, one to *Sivagiri* and one to *Sivaganga* estate and two to the *Parlakimedi* estate (one for the charge of general works and other for the Tank Restoration Scheme).

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Vuyyuru	6,72,259
Uttumalai	2,42,278
Nandigam	2,11,800
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The balance in the *Parlakimedi* estate will be required for the programme of works which it is proposed should be executed, as far as possible, before its rendition in 1913—the estate survey which is now in progress, the extension of the Light Railway to Gunupur, the investigation and restoration of irrigation sources in the estate now being carried on by a party in charge of a Special Engineer lent by Government and the construction of new palaces for the minor Zamindar and ladies. The Court has sanctioned the purchase of the villages of Gouduguranti and Boranta belonging to the Zamindar of Budarasingi on behalf of the *Parlakimedi* ex-Zamindar's estate and awaits intimation from the Collector of the execution of the sale-deed. The surplus funds in *Nandigam* and *Jarada* will be required for the survey of those estates which will probably be taken up towards the end of 1911 and 1912. The *Telaprolu* estate lent Rs. 5,80,000 on the security of land to *Vuyyuru* at 5 per cent. during the fasli. The Collector has proposed to utilize the surplus balance in *South Valluru* on the resurvey of the estate and the preparation of a record of rights under section 164 of the Estates Land Act and on the purchase of immoveable property for the ward. His proposals are under the Court's consideration. Endeavours are being made to invest the surplus in *Subramania Sástri's* estate in the purchase of landed property for the minor. The surplus in *Sivaganga* will be required for the improvement of the irrigation sources in the estate. The *Tidumalmitla* has since been purchased for Rs. 50,000 on behalf of the *Komaramangalam* estate. The *Kavalappara* estate has since been handed over to its proprietor.

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The debts in *Vuyyúru* and *Urkkidu* bearing high rates of interest were since paid off by raising loans from the *Telaprólu* and *Sivagiri* estates at 5 per cent. The debts of *Úttumalai* and *Chundi* are referred to in paragraph 19 below. The *Punnat-tur* debts consist entirely of loans from section I to sections II and III and from section II to section III of that estate.

16. *Education of the wards.*—The twelve minors noted in the margin continued to be under the care of the Court's European Tutor at Newington. Of these, *Sivagiri* left in July, *Kavalappára* in August and *Telaprólu* in October, to undergo practical training in estate administration under their guardian instructors and the two *Sivagangas*, in December 1909, to live in Madura under

1. Sivagiri.	7. Kavalappára
2. Kavalappára	(junior).
(senior).	8. Parlákimedi.
3. Telaprólu.	9. Jaráda.
4. Sivaganga (senior).	10. Vuyyúru.
5. Do. (junior).	11. Nandigám.
6. Komaramangalam.	12. South Vallúru.

their special guardian, Mr. Foulkes. The only fresh arrival was the Sandur Raja whom Government sent in January 1910. The son of the Zamindar of Tiruvur who was admitted towards the close of fasli 1318 at the special request of his father continued in the institution during the year. The conduct of all the wards at Newington was satisfactory. They took regular exercise in the form of gymnastics, riding and various games (cricket and tennis). In the cold weather, seven of the wards, accompanied by Mr. Smith, made a short tour to Tanjore, Madura, Rameswaram, Trichinopoly, Tellicherry and *Kavalappára*; and, as usual, they spent two months of the hot weather at Ootacamund. Their health was exceptionally good and Colonel Giffard, I.M.S., who examined them twice, gave a favourable report on each occasion. The wards received regular moral and religious instruction and performed their various religious ceremonies. The senior wards visited the Government farms at Palur and Samalkota and the Agricultural College at Coimbatore in company with the Agricultural Instructor. The Advisory Committee of the Institution met twice during the year and their suggestions were duly considered by the Court. One or other of the senior wards managed the stables, the games fund and the library. All the wards made steady progress in their studies. The *Komaramangalam* ward was studying for the B.A. degree examination in the Christian College.

Of the wards in the districts, the *Kondamodalu* ward was trained in the management of his estate of which he has been in charge since the close of the fasli. The *Sivaganga* ward and his natural brother were under the guardianship of Mr. R. Foulkes. The *Sáptúr* ward and his sisters remained under the guardianship of Mrs. Johnson in Madras. The Court has not yet been able to obtain charge of the ward of *Thim-majawamu's* estate. The *Kallikóta* ward who was under the care of a special governess has since been removed to Newington. The other minors were reading in various schools and are reported on favourably.

17. *Suits.*—The appeal filed in the High Court and referred to in the reports for the past four years, against the judgment of the Government Agent, Gódávári, upholding the claim of the Zamindar of Polávaram to a portion of the *Kondamodalu* estate was not disposed of during the year. The suit filed in the District Court, Kistna, against the *South Vallúru* estate for the recovery of the village of Pedavegi under an alleged reversionary right, referred to in the last report is still pending. Records relating to the *Nidudavólu* and *Meduru* appeals to the Privy Council filed on behalf of the *Vuyyúru* estate have been printed and despatched to the Privy Council and the appeals are pending.

The suit filed by Messrs. Tawker & Sons against *Sáptúr* in the High Court for the recovery of a debt of Rs. 35,000 and interest thereon, is pending. The interpleader suit relating to the recovery of certain villages on behalf of the *Sivaganga* zamindar is pending in the Sub-Court, Ramnad, to which it was remanded by the High Court.

18. *Religious and charitable institutions attached to the estates.*—The administration of these institutions continued to be satisfactory. (Please see statement No. VI.)

19. *Encumbered estates.*—The only estates now under management to which the provisions of section 45 of Madras Act I of 1902 have been applied are *Úttumalai* and *Chundi*.

In *Úttumalai*, debts amounting to Rs. 12,258 were paid and debts to the extent of Rs. 7,186 were struck off. The remaining debts aggregating Rs. 2,42,278 are unsecured except Rs. 61,193 due to the late M.R.Ry. Raja Sakharam Sahib of Tanjore, the legal claimant to which has yet to be decided. The alleged heirs of Sakharam Sahib have filed a suit in the Sub-Court, Tinnevely, against the estate claiming payment of Rs. 3,29,434 and the suit is pending. The decree Collector, Tinnevely, has not yet passed final orders in regard to the order in which the claims against the estate should be paid.

Excluding the debt due to the *Parlákimedi* estate which is being paid off by half-yearly instalments, the *Chundi* estate owed only Rs. 8,190 at the end of the fasli. This estate has sufficient surplus to pay its debts.

20. *Miscellaneous.*—The ex-zamindar of *Parlákimedi* continued to enjoy good health and to receive an allowance of Rs. 5,000 *per mensem* from the funds of the *Parlákimedi* estate.

The *Parlákimedi* Raja's College worked satisfactorily during the year. The University Commission inspected the college during the fasli and made certain suggestions for its better equipment. Steps have been taken to carry out their suggestions. The improvements to the college buildings referred to in the last report are still in progress and the Government Public Works department has recently sanctioned revised estimates for the construction of a new hostel and science laboratory for the college on approved lines at a cost of Rs. 65,600. The two girls' schools in *Parlákimedi* and the school supported by the estate of *Sivaganga* continued to work satisfactorily.

The *Parlákimedi* Light Railway worked at a profit of Rs. 2,285 during the year. The Court has resolved to extend the line to Gunupur, a distance of 38 miles at an estimated cost of about 9½ lakhs.

The *Delang* estate in Orissa, belonging to the *Parlákimedi* ward continued under the superintendence of the Bengal Court of Wards. A sum of Rs. 10,000 was received during the year out of the surplus funds of that estate.

The *Parlákimedi* and *Sáptúr* forests were worked under the rules sanctioned by Government under sections 26 and 32 of the Forest Act. Government have sanctioned the application of rules under section 26 to the *Vuyyúru* estate. The forests in *Nandigám*, *Jarádu* and *Chundi* estates were worked under departmental rules.

The Forest Settlement-officer, whose services have been lent to the *Parlákimedi* estate has been working throughout the year, and it is expected that he will complete his work by the end of April 1911.

Five of the estates *Telaprólu*, *Komaramangalam*, *Sáptúr*, *South Vallúru* and *Mambarai* have been surveyed. A special staff is employed in the first three estates to attend to the maintenance of the survey records and marks, and the appointment of a Land Record Inspector in *South Vallúru* has also been sanctioned. Three villages in the *Chundi* estate have been roughly surveyed by a private survey party during the fasli.

The survey of the *Parlákimedi* estate by a Government Survey Party is in progress. Village accounts were maintained more or less correctly except in *Vuyyúru* and *Kallikóta* and *Atagada* estates.

APPENDIX A.

No. I.—Statement showing the ages, etc., of the wards and the periods during which the estates have been under management : Fasli 1319 (1909–1910).

Districts.	Estates.	Government Orders by which the estates came under the management of the Court of Wards.	Sex of the wards.	Grounds of disability.	The periods during which the estates have been under management.	Ages of the wards at the end of the fasli.	Dates on which the wards attained or will attain majority.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Ganjām ..	Parlakimedi ..	No. 463 (Confdl. No. 67), dated 26th May 1905.	Male ..	Minority.	YRS. M. 5 1	YRS. M. D. 18 2 5	26th April 1913.
	Parlakimedi ex-zamindar's estate.	„ 1279, dated 22nd June 1830 ..	Do. ..	Mental defect.	79 11	80 0 0	
	Nandigām ..	„ 1340 dated 17th Mar. 1898 ..	Do. ..	Minority.	12 3	14 9 1	29th Sept. 1916.
	Jārada ..	„ 565 „ 3rd June 1903 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	7 1	17 7 16	15th Nov. 1913.
Vizagapatam ..	Kalikota and Atagada.	„ 2521 „ 11th Sept. 1909 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	0 10	10 5 17	14th Jan. 1921.
	Pārvatipuram ..	„ 368, dated 7th May 1901 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	9 1	16 0 25	6th June 1915.
Gódlāvāri ..	Kondamodalu (b) ..	„ 580 „ 31st Aug. 1899 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	10 7	20 11 15	16th July 1910.
Kistna ..	Telaprolu (b) ..	„ 347, dated 19th May 1890 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	20 0	20 10 0	31st Aug. 1910.
	Vuyyūru ..	„ 791 (Confdl. No. 71), Rev., dated 16th Aug. 1906.	Do. ..	Do. ..	3 9	17 2 2	29th April 1914.
Nellore ..	South Vallūru..	„ 967 (Confdl.), Rev., dated 1st Oct. 1906.	Do. ..	Do. ..	3 9	13 7 7	24th Nov. 1917.
	Chundi..	„ 710 (Confdl. No. 96), dated 4th July 1904.	Do. ..	Do. ..	6 0	7 5 0	1st Feb. 1924.
North Arcot.	Tumba (a) ..	„ 816, dated 13th Sept. 1893 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	15 11	..	26th July 1909.
	Thimamāji-ammā's estate.	„ 2580, Rev., dated 18th Oct. 1907.	Do. ..	Do. ..	2 8	About 14 years.	1917.
Tanjore ..	Kārvétragar (c) ..	„ 2076 (Confdl.), dated 17th Aug. 1907.	Do. ..	Do. ..	2 4	..	
	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyār's estate. (d) ..	„ 392, dated 5th June 1894 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	15 1	..	6th Aug. 1909.
Madura ..	A. Subramaniya Sāstri's estate.	„ 249 (Confdl. No. 13), dated 17th March 1906.	Do. ..	Do. ..	4 3	17 6 8	23rd Dec. 1913.
	Idaiyakōttai (a) ..	„ 392, dated 18th April 1903 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	6 5	..	24th Sept. 1909.
Ramnad ..	Sāptūr ..	„ 206, Rev., dated 29th Jan. 1907.	Do. ..	Do. ..	3 4	9 3 26	5th Mar. 1922.
	Mambarai ..	„ 1695, „ dated 28th June 1909.	Do. ..	Do. ..	1 0	4 2 4	26th April 1927.
Tinnevely..	Pālayampatti (d) ..	„ 705, dated 16th Oct. 1894 and No. 1005, Rev., dated 8th Oct. 1906.	Do. ..	..	15 9	..	
	Sivagangā ..	„ 319, dated 18th June 1898 ..	Do. ..	Mental defect.	12 0	22 1 28	3rd May 1909.
Salem ..	Sivagiri (a) ..	„ 455, dated 16th Sept. 1896 ..	Do. ..	Minority.	13 7	..	24th April 1910.
	Urkkādu ..	„ 517 (Confdl.), Rev., dated 4th March 1907.	Do. ..	Do. ..	3 3	7 10 18	13th Aug. 1923.
Malabar ..	Uttumalai ..	„ 857, dated 14th Sept. 1901 ..	Female..	Sex ..	8 9	61 2 3	
	Kadambūr ..	„ 1414, Rev., dated 20th May 1908.	Male ..	Minority.	2 1	8 3 13	18th Mar. 1923.
Kōvilagam—	Komāramangalam. (b) ..	„ 991, dated 26th Sept. 1900 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	9 9	20 9 22	9th Sept. 1910.
	Kavalappāra (b) ..	„ 1187, dated 9th Aug. 1872 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	37 11	20 10 18	13th Aug. 1910.
Punnattūr	Section I ..	„ 599 „ 21st June 1887 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	..	20 4 15	16th Feb. 1911.
	Section II ..	„ 1144 „ 20th Mar. 1896 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	..	19 0 0	..
Kōvilagam—	Section III ..	„ 757 „ 16th Aug. 1905 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	..	56 11 0	..
	Do. III ..	„ 375 „ 20th April 1892 ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	18 2	..	..

(a) These estates were handed over to their proprietors on their attaining majority in the fasli.

(b) These estates have since been handed over.

(c) This estate was released from the Court's superintendence as it was found impossible to manage it in the interest of the minor.

(d) This estate was handed over to its proprietor, the debt due by it having been liquidated.

APPENDIX B.

No. II-A.—Statement showing the number of villages and the proportion of cultivation to holdings in the estates under management for fasli 1319 (1909–1910).

Districts.	Estates.	Number of villages.					Holdings and cultivation.		
		Ryotwari or joint-rent.	Rented to middlemen; whether paying rent in money or in kind.	Partly ryotwari and partly rented.	Inam or shrotriem.	Total.	Holdings.	Actual cultivation.	Percentage of cultivation to holdings
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ganjām ..	Parlakimedi ..	530	44	..	165	739	ACS. 148,367	ACS. 147,867	99.6
	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamindar's estate.	The estate owns no landed property.							
	Nandigām ..	1	39	..	26	66	* 2,441	2,220	90.9
	Jārada ..	45	17	..	30	92	7,456	6,481	86.6
Vizagapatam.	Kalikota and Atagada ..	441	116	..	95	652	99,677	96,860	96.1
	Pārvatipuram ..	8	3	..	1	10	1,382	1,238	89.5
Gódlāvāri ..	Kondamodalu ..	10	..	..	..	10	616	616	100.0
Kistna ..	Telaprolu ..	34	5	..	18	57	30,540	25,070	82.1
	Vuyyūru ..	43	3	..	16	62	31,151	26,655	85.6
Nellore ..	South Vallūru ..	34	..	1	6	41	36,515	30,455	83.4
	Chundi ..	44	..	..	3	47	13,507	11,412	84.4
North Arcot.	Thimamāji-ammā's estate ..	10	1	..	1	12	3,660	3,310	90.4
Tanjore ..	A. Subramaniya Sāstri's estate.	Ryotwari estate					107	107	100.0
Madura ..	Sāptūr ..	16	1	..	..	17	24,176	20,628	84.9
	Mambarai ..	3	..	..	..	3	4,681	3,485	74.0
Ramnad ..	Sivagangā ..	1	..	..	2	3	116	99	85.3
Tinnevely..	Urkkādu ..	6	..	..	..	6	1,658	1,342	80.9
	Uttumalai ..	62	..	..	..	62	86,496	34,006	39.3
Salem ..	Kadambūr ..	12	1	..	..	13	12,710	11,373	89.5
	Komāramangalam ..	75	..	..	2	77	37,300	32,076	86.0
Malabar ..	Kavalappāra ..	Ryotwari estates.					15,498	7,506	50.4
	Punnattūr Kōvilagam ..	..					6,358	5,351	84.2
Total ..		1,373	230	1	365	1,969	564,407	467,337	82.8

* Exclusive of 2,801 acres of occupied area in the rented villages.

APPENDIX D.

No. III-B.—Statement showing the “current” demand, collection and balance of the estates under management for fasli 1319 (1909-1910).

Districts.	Estates.	Demand.	Collection.	Amount written off.	Balance at the end of the fasli.	Subsequent collections and remissions.	Amount since recommended to be written off.	Net recoverable balance on the date of the Collector's report.	Percentage of column 9 to column 2.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Ganjām ..	Parlakimedi	4,60,733	4,11,643	..	49,090	6,974	..	42,116	9.1
	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamin-dar's estate.	60,092	60,092	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nandigām	53,826	43,519	..	10,307	2,897	..	7,410	13.7
	Jārada	49,945	49,668	..	277	209	15	53	0.1
	Kalikota and Atagada ..	5,53,375	5,46,270	..	7,105	85	..	7,020	1.2
Vizagapatam.	Pārvatīpuram	15,989	15,090	160	749	..	..	749	4.6
Gōdāvari ..	Kondamodalu	7,294	7,294	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna ..	Telaprolu	1,27,903	1,25,762	..	2,141	1,514	..	627	0.5
	Vuyyūru	2,21,534	1,49,123	13	82,398	25,238	..	57,160	25.8
	South Vallūru	1,82,968	1,39,537	23	43,408	11,975	181	31,252	17.1
Nellore ..	Chundi	31,886	31,540	..	346	164	..	182	0.6
North Arcot.	Thimmajiamma's estate ..	6,544	6,466	..	78	69	4	5	0.1
Tanjore ..	A. Subramaniya Sāstri's estate.	2,391	2,335	..	56	56	..	..	..
Madura ..	Sāptūr	92,662	65,686	..	26,976	13,924	..	13,052	14.1
	Mambarai	9,849	9,713	..	136	85	..	51	0.5
Ramnad ..	Sivaganga	56,367	55,581	..	786	90	..	696	1.2
Tinnevely ..	Ūrkkādu	78,521	54,488	..	24,033	11,311	..	12,722	16.2
	Ūttumalai	1,20,587	46,607	..	71,980	56,317	..	15,663	13.0
	Kadambūr	14,811	13,609	..	1,202	1,000	..	202	1.3
Salem ..	Komāramangalam	81,067	71,586	599	8,882	4,215	..	4,667	5.7
Malabar ..	Kavalappāra	63,476	46,760	..	16,716	8,627	..	8,089	12.7
	Punnattūr Kōvilagam ..	31,235	24,387	..	6,848	1,603	..	5,245	16.7
	Total ..	23,23,055	19,68,756	785	3,53,514	1,46,353	200	2,06,961	8.9

APPENDIX E.

No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the estates under management for fasli 1319 (1909-1910).

APPEN

No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the

Districts.	Estates.	Amount to the credit of the estate at the beginning of fasli 1319.				Total cash receipts.	Total of columns 4 and 7.	Total charges.
		Government promissory notes and other securities.	Cash.	Value of grain.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjām ..	Parlakimedi	19,36,800	29,814	8,427	19,75,041	6,69,263	6,99,077	6,48,789
	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamin-dar's estate.	24,52,100	10,768	..	24,62,868	1,57,896	1,58,664	1,49,800
	Nandigām	5,000	8,486	2,996	16,482	59,368	67,854	60,616
	Jārada	38,100	2,388	6,279	46,767	53,534	55,922	49,082
	Kalikota and Atagada.	..	1,56,133	..	1,56,133	10,26,940	11,83,073	9,48,623
Visagapatam ..	Pārvatipuram	100	1,515	..	1,615	15,977	17,492	16,705
Gōdāvari ..	Kondamodalu	..	2,034	..	2,034	7,887	9,921	6,867
Kistna ..	Telaprolu	10,88,800	67,770	..	11,56,070	1,77,233	2,45,003	1,85,999
	Vuyyūru	2,49,800	42,126	..	2,91,926	5,68,120	6,10,246	5,50,233
	South Vallūru ..	2,40,200	1,19,385	1,831	3,61,416	1,94,886	3,14,271	2,59,689
Nellore ..	Chundi	16,400	2,178	..	18,578	44,947	47,125	40,676
North Arcot.	Tumba	3,900	974	156	5,030	1,720	2,694	2,545
	Thimmajjamma's Estate	2,600	2,135	..	4,735	6,863	8,998	2,914
Tanjore ..	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyar's Estate.	..	5,485	563	6,048	801	6,286	5,031
	A. Subramaniya Sastri's Estate.	57,100	2,745	235	60,080	50,208	52,953	48,854
Madura ..	Idaiyakōttai	12,300	11,487	..	23,787	9,942	21,429	18,106
	Sāptūr	..	16,392	19,336	37,728	92,462	1,10,854	91,314
	Mambarai	..	..	..	..	12,418	12,418	7,768
Ramanad ..	Pālayampatti	..	10,336	16,855	27,191	1,35,389	1,45,725	1,24,071
	Sivaganga	90,300	15,080	1,174	1,06,554	67,063	82,143	65,344
Tinnevely ..	Sivagiri	7,19,800	8,076	40,212	7,68,088	4,15,101	4,23,177	2,96,561
	Ūrkādū	49,500	20,104	14,101	83,705	2,46,337	2,66,441	2,58,398
	Ūttumalai	10,800	8,266	921	19,987	1,21,562	1,29,335	1,22,888
	Kadambūr	7,200	5,867	..	13,067	17,605	23,472	18,422
Salem ..	Komāramangalam ..	49,600	18,877	204	68,681	1,25,961	1,44,838	1,35,669
Malabar ..	Kavalappāra	86,200	1,188	4,924	92,312	1,16,969	1,18,167	1,12,952
	Punnattūr Kōvilagam.	18,500	4,807	703	24,010	45,959	50,766	45,195
Total ..		71,34,600	5,76,416	1,18,917	78,29,933	44,42,418	50,18,834	42,68,032

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DIX E.

estates under management for fasli 1319 (1909-1910).

Balance to the credit of the estate at the close of fasli 1319.				Increase or decrease as compared with the opening balance.	Percentage of establishment charges and Government commission to normal receipts.	Estates.
Government promissory notes and other securities.	Cash.	Value of grain.	Total.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		
19,30,400	50,288	7,108	19,87,796	+ 12,755	16.4	Parlakimedi.
25,56,100	18,864	..	25,74,964	+ 1,12,096	3.5	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamin-dar's estate.
14,300	7,238	..	21,538	+ 5,056	9.2	Nandigām.
30,100	6,839	12,475	49,414	+ 2,647	16.3	Jārada.
..	2,34,450	..	2,34,450	+ 78,317	5.8	Kalikota and Atagada.
100	787	..	887	— 728	11.9	Pārvatipuram.
1,000	3,054	..	4,054	+ 2,020	14.9	Kondamodalu.
5,40,500	59,004	..	5,99,504	— 5,56,566	14.3	Telaprolu.
3,62,400	60,013	..	60,013	— 2,31,913	17.6	Vuyyūru.
4,400	54,582	5	4,16,987	+ 55,571	16.8	South Vallūru.
..	..	..	10,849	— 7,729	18.9	Chundi.
..	149	..	149	— 4,881	..	Tumba.
3,100	6,084	..	9,184	+ 4,449	16.4	Thimmajjamma's Estate.
..	1,255	..	1,255	— 4,793	..	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyar's Estate.
1,00,400	4,099	..	1,04,499	+ 44,419	10.5	A. Subramaniya Sastri's Estate.
..	8,323	..	8,323	— 15,464	..	Idaiyakōttai.
5,300	19,540	8,337	33,177	— 4,551	12.3	Sāptūr.
2,000	4,630	..	6,630	+ 6,630	3	Mambarai.
..	21,654	..	21,654	— 5,537	13.9	Pālayampatti.
90,300	16,799	1,068	1,08,167	+ 1,613	9.5	Sivaganga.
..	1,26,616	..	1,26,616	— 6,41,472	16.7	Sivagiri.
..	8,048	7,072	15,116	— 68,589	10.3	Ūrkādū.
..	6,947	9,492	16,439	— 3,548	15.1	Ūttumalai.
14,400	5,050	..	19,450	+ 6,383	12.2	Kadambūr.
95,400	9,269	127	1,04,796	+ 36,115	12.5	Komāramangalam.
31,500	5,205	3,989	40,694	— 51,618	19.3	Kavalappāra.
9,200	5,571	1,184	15,955	— 8,055	22.7	Punnattūr Kōvilagam.
57,90,900	7,50,802	50,858	65,92,560	— 12,37,373	13.3	

APPEN

ENCLOSURE A to Statement No. IV showing the particulars of receipts and

Districts.	Estates.	Receipts.							
		Land and miscellaneous revenue.	Debts recovered.	Interest on Government promissory notes and other securities.	Sale-proceeds of grain.	Amount realized by the sale of property, such as houses, etc.	Amount borrowed.	Other items.	Total receipts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjām	Parlakimedi	4,83,179	18,520	73,997	6,985	66,476	..	20,116	6,69,262
	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamin-dar's estate.	60,092	..	97,303	..	..	..	501	1,57,896
	Nandigām	53,737	310	230	3,782	..	..	1,309	59,368
	Jārada	24,902	1,897	1,307	11,412	7,460	..	1,566	52,534
	Kallikōta and Atagadā.	5,46,277	6,485	581	..	..	..	4,73,597	10,26,940
Vizagapatam ..	Pārvatipuram	15,553	..	3	..	..	..	417	15,977
Gōdāvari ..	Kondamōdalu	7,512	309	..	..	..	..	66	7,887
Kistna ..	Telaprolu	1,26,005	1,325	43,122	..	5,684	..	1,097	1,77,233
	Vuyyūru	1,81,366	2,827	5,068	..	3,22,342	..	56,517	5,68,120
	South Vallūru	1,46,042	23,015	8,788	3,032	6,140	..	7,869	1,94,886
Nellore ..	Chundi	32,039	134	645	..	12,016	..	113	44,947
North Arcot ..	Tumba	77	..	..	161	1,255	..	227	1,720
	Timmajiamma's estate.	6,631	17	100	..	111	..	4	6,863
Tanjore ..	T. Chokkappa Mudali-yār's estate.	63	303	..	330	..	..	100	801
	A. Subramania Sāstri's estate.	477	46,006	1,903	1,821	..	..	1	50,208
Madura ..	Idaiyakōttai	9,609	..	235	..	..	..	98	9,942
	Sāptūr	76,254	12	..	9,482	752	..	5,962	92,462
	Mambarai	10,480	..	..	552	1,385	..	1	12,418
Ramnad ..	Pālayampatti	43,679	963	..	22,139	55,535	..	13,073	1,25,389
	Sivaganga	55,014	538	3,350	1,292	3,101	..	3,768	61,053
Tinnevely ..	Sivagiri	98,478	..	27,771	25,033	2,49,580	..	14,239	4,15,101
	Urkkadu	59,049	239	709	19,100	46,716	..	5,524	2,46,337
	Ūttumalai	1,06,470	233	184	1,144	11,010	1,15,000	2,528	1,21,569
	Kadambūr	16,371	701	260	..	176	..	97	17,605
Salem ..	Komaramangalam ..	77,394	2,642	1,644	1,711	42,280	..	200	1,25,961
Malabar ..	Kavalappāra	46,818	642	2,795	8,711	52,266	..	5,680	1,16,969
	Punnattūr Kōvilagam ..	29,579	417	711	2,172	10,156	57	2,828	45,959
	Total ..	23,18,147	1,07,550	2,70,796	1,18,839	8,94,445	1,15,153	6,17,578	44,42,418

DIX F.

charges of the estates under management during fasli 1319 (1909-1910).

Establishment for management and contingencies.	Mara-mat expenditure.	Govern-ment demand (peshkash, assessment, cesses and taxes).	Govern-ment commis-sion for manage-ment.	Allow-ance to the minor and other members of the family.	Repay-ment of debts.	Invest-ments.	Other miscel-laneous disburse-ments.	Total charges.	Estates.
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
88,243	1,22,463	1,15,762	7,506	1,37,406	..	71,339	1,06,070	6,48,789	Parlakimedi.
2,246	349	..	3,309	34,166	..	95,978	13,752	1,49,800	Parlakimedi Ex-zamin-dar's estate.
4,618	3,678	28,901	758	11,391	..	9,226	2,044	60,616	Nandigām.
6,695	12,080	11,248	393	15,569	..	..	3,098	49,083	Jārada.
39,119	58,555	1,26,370	..	1,07,810	2,13,198	..	4,01,071	9,48,623	Kallikōta and Atagadā.
1,570	1,170	5,267	268	3,990	3,152	..	1,268	16,705	Pārvatipuram.
1,099	170	538	66	687	797	940	2,570	6,867	Kondamōdalu.
20,377	16,538	26,349	3,909	42,961	..	60,885	14,980	1,85,999	Telaprolu.
34,142	13,429	32,730	8,350	32,267	3,55,805	24,775	48,735	5,50,233	Vuyyūru.
26,107	14,104	31,408	1,937	34,655	952	1,22,514	28,017	2,59,689	South Vallūru.
5,434	2,237	14,458	798	1,714	12,370	..	3,665	40,676	Chundi.
620	715	..	16	563	..	..	631	2,545	Tumba.
986	..	342	119	..	..	472	995	2,914	Timmajiamma's estate.
352	..	2	18	199	..	..	4,460	5,031	T. Chokkappa Mudali-yār's estate.
689	3,315	477	67	2,490	..	41,805	511	48,854	A. Subramania Sāstri's estate.
1,968	2,724	35	314	6,570	..	..	1,495	13,106	Idaiyakōttai.
9,580	5,488	17,337	1,047	16,759	13,369	18,873	8,861	91,314	Sāptūr.
336	1	3,173	..	1,905	163	2,000	210	7,788	Mambarai.
10,620	1,598	15,262	737	7,039	82,607	..	6,808	1,24,071	Pālayampatti.
4,808	2,983	409	1,094	42,817	..	..	13,233	65,344	Sivaganga.
21,085	34,194	47,004	4,340	13,899	..	1,17,265	58,774	2,96,561	Sivagiri.
7,050	4,389	16,038	1,068	4,490	2,20,105	..	5,258	2,58,398	Urkkadu.
14,321	8,896	61,750	1,957	9,233	12,258	..	14,473	1,22,888	Ūttumalai.
1,852	7	5,642	217	3,077	..	..	806	18,422	Kadambūr.
8,746	9,349	45,269	1,517	16,073	..	42,963	11,652	1,35,569	Komaramangalam.
10,313	33,245	15,360	1,086	34,249	63	1,560	17,076	1,12,952	Kavalappāra.
7,376	1,827	5,214	537	8,553	712	573	20,403	45,195	Punnattūr Kōvilagam.
3,30,352	3,53,504	6,26,340	41,448	5,90,032	9,14,951	6,17,489	7,93,916	42,68,032	Total.

APPENDIX G.

ENCLOSURE B to Statement No. IV showing the expenditure incurred on *maramat* works in the estates under management for fasli 1319 (1909-1910).

Districts.	Estates.	Irrigation works.		Buildings.		Roads and other works.	Establishment and contingencies.	Total expenditure.	Allotment in the budget including subsequent modifications.	Percentage of expenditure to allotment.	Value of work done but not paid for within the fasli.	Percentage of cols. 9 and 12 to col. 10.
		New works.	Repairs.	New works.	Repairs.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		RS.	
Ganjám.	Parlakimedi ..	3,222	33,039	49,399	16,155	6,877	13,771	1,22,463	1,23,048	99.5	20	99.5
	Parlakimedi Ex-zamindar's estate.	..	..	349	..	..	..	349	1,250	27.9	..	27.9
	Nandigám ..	216	2,028	368	807	..	259	3,678	6,115	60	248	64.2
	Jarada ..	2,563	5,117	275	4,002	1,146	268	13,371	14,867	90	104	90.7
Vizagapatam.	Kallikota and Atagada.	34,421	15,258	3,534	517	187	4,639	58,556	58,556	100	..	100
	Párvatipuram ..	..	1,025	..	145	..	..	1,170	..	100	..	100
Gódávári.	Kondamodalu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	200	..	..	..
Kistna.	Telaprólu ..	..	6,031	78	6,453	2,383	1,603	16,538	18,903	87.5	428	89.7
	Vuyyúru ..	2,429	5,291	843	2,901	1,370	1,495	13,429	18,471	72.7	654	76.2
	South Vallúru.	..	11,343	385	1,103	141	1,132	14,104	44,054	32	7,441	48.9
Nellore ..	Chundi ..	..	2,079	..	133	25	..	2,237	2,255	99.2	..	99.2
North Arcot.	Thimmajamma's estate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore ..	A. Subramaniya Sástri's estate.	..	..	3,240	75	..	..	3,315	3,940	84.1	..	84.1
Madura.	Sáptúr ..	..	3,330	225	1,132	496	982	6,165	8,954	68.8	1,543	86.1
	Mambarai ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	800	0.1	..	0.1
Ramnad.	Sivaganga ..	..	16,060	13,924	10,780	1,150	7,384	49,298	1,30,368	37.8	4,232	41
Tinnevely.	Úrkkádu ..	..	2,322	..	1,677	613	465	5,077	9,700	52.3	395	56.4
	Úttumalai ..	..	2,563	4,157	1,114	278	1,150	9,262	10,558	87.7	149	89.1
	Kadambúr ..	..	..	..	7	..	..	7	778	0.9	..	0.9
Salem ..	Komáramangalam.	..	5,833	102	148	2,266	1,000	9,349	18,372	50.8	530	53.7
Malabar.	Kavalappára ..	..	..	29,018	3,730	497	..	33,245	33,245	100	..	100
	Punnattúr Kóvilagam.	..	..	1,416	367	44	..	1,827	1,827	100	..	100
	Total ..	42,851	1,11,309	1,07,313	50,346	17,474	34,148	*3,68,441	5,06,251	71.8	15,744	74.9

* Includes amounts spent from the funds of the Trust estates.

APPENDIX H.

No. V-A.—Statement showing the debts, other than arrears of rent covered by bonds, due to the estates under management for fasli 1319 (1909-1910).

Districts.	Estates.	Debts as per last year's account.	Loans newly granted.	Debts newly brought to account during the year.	Interest accrued during the year.	Total.	Debts collected.	Debts written off.	Total.	Balance at the end of the fasli.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjám.	Parlakimedi ..	2,03,380	..	..	4,325	2,07,705	18,530	..	18,530	1,89,175
	Parlakimedi Ex-zamindar's estate.	..	..	..	..	Nil.	..	..	..	..
	Nandigám ..	823	..	..	310	1,133	310	52	362	771
	Jarada ..	3,453	1,855	71	34	5,413	1,896	2,565	4,461	952
Vizagapatam.	Kallikota and Atagada ..	89,609	1,586	911	321	92,427	6,485	..	6,485	85,942
	Párvatipuram ..	..	..	..	..	Nil.	..	..	..	..
Gódávári.	Kondamodalu ..	2,208	..	263	..	2,471	309	..	309	2,162
Kistna.	Telaprólu ..	10,616	..	..	75	10,691	1,325	..	1,325	9,366
	Vuyyúru ..	30,813	..	..	..	30,813	2,698	9,236	11,934	18,879
	South Vallúru ..	2,04,187	..	12,700	..	2,16,887	23,015	502	23,517	1,93,370
Nellore ..	Chúndi ..	..	..	..	..	Nil.	..	..	..	..
North Arcot.	Thimmajamma's estate..	2,100	..	..	7	2,107	17	2,090	2,107	..
Tanjore ..	A. Subramaniya Sástri's estate.	43,287	..	..	3,003	46,290	46,007	33	46,040	250
Madura.	Sáptúr ..	1,043	..	282	32	1,357	12	..	12	1,345
	Mambarai ..	..	..	..	..	Nil.	..	..	..	..
Ramnad.	Sivaganga ..	..	..	538	..	538	538	..	538	..
Tinnevely.	Úrkkádu ..	239	..	..	..	239	239	..	239	..
	Úttumalai ..	251	..	..	8	259	233	..	233	26
	Kadambúr ..	9,408	..	..	111	9,519	702	..	702	8,817
Salem ..	Komáramangalam ..	1,13,358	..	..	5,705	1,19,063	2,642	2,160	4,802	1,14,261
Malabar.	Kavalappára ..	132	5	..	12	149	25	..	25	124
	Punnattúr Kóvilagam ..	23,349	..	..	417	23,766	417	..	417	23,349
	Total ..	7,38,256	3,446	14,765	14,360	7,70,827	1,05,400	16,638	1,22,028	6,48,789

APPENDIX I.

No. V-B.—Statement showing the debts due by the estates under management for fasli 1319 (1909-1910).

Districts.	Estates.	Debts as per last year's account.	Debts newly contracted.	Debts newly brought to account during the year.	Interest accrued during the year.	Total.	Debts paid off.	Debts struck off.	Total.	Remainder due by the estate at the end of the fasli.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjáu.	Parlakimedi ..	Nil.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Parlakimedi Ex-zamin- dar's estate.	Nil.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nandigam ..	2,11,800	..	..	..	2,11,800	..	..	..	2,11,800*
	Járáda ..	Nil.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Visagapatam.	Kallikóta and Atagada ..	7,399	..	..	..	7,399	..	..	..	7,399 †
	Párvatipuram ..	3,000	..	..	152	3,152	3,152	..	3,152	..
Gódlávári ..	Kondamodala ..	..	..	797	..	797	797	..	797	..
	Telapáru ..	Nil.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna ..	Vuyyúru ..	9,88,913	..	3,617	35,534	10,28,064	3,55,805	..	3,55,805	6,72,259
	South Vallúru ..	2,636	600	671	145	4,052	985	600	1,586	2,467
	Chundi ..	99,861	..	..	5,582	1,05,443	12,370	..	12,370	93,078
North Arcot ..	Thimmaijamma's estate ..	Nil.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore ..	A. Subramaniya Sastri's estate.	300	..	..	..	300	..	..	..	300
Madura ..	Sáptúr ..	84,136	..	..	..	84,136	11,863	72,278	84,136	..
	Mambarai ..	Nil.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramnad ..	Sivaganga ..	Nil.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely ..	Úrkádu ..	2,11,983	1,15,000	..	16,771	3,43,754	2,20,105	..	2,20,105	1,23,649
	Úttumalai ..	2,34,952	..	11,500	15,270	2,61,722	12,258	7,186	19,444	2,42,278
	Kadambúr ..	2,691	..	..	..	2,691	..	200	200	2,491
Salem ..	Komáramangalam ..	Nil.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar ..	Kavalappára ..	Nil.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Punnattúr Kóvilagam ..	23,362	..	..	400	23,762	413	..	413	23,349
	Total ..	18,71,033	1,15,600	16,585	73,854	20,77,072	6,17,748	80,259	6,98,007	13,79,065

* Amount borrowed on usufructuary mortgage of portions of the estate on condition that they should be restored free of debt on the expiry of 25 years from fasli 1307.
† This is exclusive of the two debenture loans amounting to £212,500 repayable in fixed annual instalments from the income of the mortgaged estate.

No. VI.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance, as also the financial condition of the Religious and Charitable Institutions attached to Estates under management for fasli 1319 (1909-1910).

Districts.	Estates.	Endowments.	Demand.			Amount remitted or collected.				Balance.		Percent- age of balance to demand.	Financial condition.				
			Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.		Opening balance.	Receipts.	Total.	Charges.	Balance.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Zanjám .. Kistna .. Madura .. Ramnad .. Tinnevely. { Uttumalai .. Malabar ..	Járáda ..	Devastánam ..	RS. 3,059	RS. 5,027	RS. 8,086	RS. 2,396	RS. 4,978	RS. 7,372	RS. 663	RS. 51	RS. 714	8.8	RS. 4,149	RS. 3,947	RS. 8,096	RS. 7,439	RS. 657
	South Vallúru ..	Devastánam ..	92	4,431	4,523	32	4,092	4,124	60	339	399	8.8	—	4,212	3,439	3,722	283
	Sáptúr ..	Devastánam ..	802	2,915	3,717	802	2,226	3,028	..	689	689	18.5	773	3,398	4,147	3,215	(2) 932
	Sivaganga ..	Devastánam ..	71,085	2,89,683	3,60,768	57,116	2,23,819	2,80,935	13,969	65,864	79,833	22.9	33,425	3,12,293	3,45,718	3,31,910	(2) 13,808
	Chattrams ..	Devastánam ..	23,789	71,535	95,324	22,819	44,957	67,776	970	26,578	27,548	28.1	2,818	82,530	85,348	82,549	(2) 2,799
	Devastánam ..	Devastánam ..	3,195	10,645	13,840	715	8,725	9,441	2,480	1,919	4,399	31.8	1,470	12,492	14,962	12,767	(2) 2,195
	Do. ..	Devastánam ..	27,648	8,846	36,494	15,688	6,509	22,197	11,950	2,337	14,297	39.1	1,747	14,053	15,800	13,489	(2) 2,311
	Kavalappára ..	Trikkangód Devastánam ..	627	2,315	2,942	443	1,799	2,242	184	516	700	23.8	5,050	2,469	7,519	7,237	(2) 282
	Total ..	Total ..	1,30,297	3,95,397	5,25,694	1,00,011	2,97,104	3,97,115	30,286	98,293	1,28,579	24.4	49,635	4,35,394	4,86,029	4,62,328	22,701

(a) Exclusive of Rs. 2,700 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(b) Exclusive of Rs. 200 held in Government promissory notes.
(c) Exclusive of Rs. 1,23,400 held in Government and other securities and Rs. 1,21,366 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(d) Exclusive of Rs. 64,000 held in Government and other securities and Rs. 26,461 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(e) Exclusive of Rs. 8,500 held in Government promissory notes and Rs. 1,350 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(f) Exclusive of Rs. 15,600 held in Government promissory notes and Rs. 29 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(g) Exclusive of Rs. 522 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.

APPENDIX K.

Extract from the Report of the Court's Agricultural Expert on the working of the Estate farms during fasli 1319 (1909-1910).

3. *Staff.*—Each farm was in charge of a Farm Superintendent who lived on the farm. The fruit gardens at Vuyyúru were in charge of a Garden Overseer. In December 1909, the Farm Superintendent, Telaprólu Estate, was dismissed for neglect of duty and general mismanagement; but it was not until April 1910 that a man could be obtained to take his place.

4. *Location of operations.*—No farms were started during the year. The Sivagiri farm was handed over to its proprietor on 24th April 1910. The situation of the farms under management during the year is indicated below:—

District.	Estate.	Village in which the farm is situated.	Nearest railway station.	Distance from railway station in miles.
Ganjám	Parlákimedi ..	Vonakonda ..	Parlákimedi ..	5
Kistna	South Vallúru ..	Thota Vallúru ..	Uppaluru ..	14
Do.	Telaprólu ..	Tukkuluru ..	Núzvid ..	12
Do.	Vuyyúru ..	Nózvid ..	Do. ..	14
Salem	Komáramangalam ..	Pokkampalaiyam ..	Sankaridrug ..	11
Malabar	Kavalappára ..	Kavalappára ..	Shor-nur ..	4
Tinnevelly	Sivagiri ..	Sivagiri ..	Sáttár ..	48

5. *Programme.*—The work carried on is partly experimental; but mainly devoted to the demonstration of improved methods found successful elsewhere and general cultivation carried out according to the best local practice; also at Sivagiri, Komáramangalam and Kavalappára, much attention was given to the breeding of live-stock. The main object of these farms is—

- (1) to improve the local methods of cultivation so as to economise time and labour and to obtain a maximum outturn at a minimum cost by methods within the reach of the ordinary ryot;
- (2) to experiment with new crops, methods and implements on a small scale and with special reference to the practical needs and financial means of the average ryot; and
- (3) to organise an interesting and profitable occupation and hobby for the proprietors when they succeed to their estates; for, in all cases it is hoped that they will continue to work the farms under their direct management on improved lines and that they will use the great influence they usually possess amongst their tenants to induce the latter to follow their landlord's example.

6. Rainfall and water-supply.

Name of farm.	Thirty years' average rainfall for the taluk in which the farm is situated.	Rainfall during the year under report, 1909-10.	Remarks.
	INCHES.	INCHES.	
Sivagiri	24.71	29.28	Fairly well distributed.
Komáramangalam ..	28.19	33.30	Do.
Vuyyúru	33.17	23.48	Badly distributed.
Telaprólu	33.17	23.48	Do.
South Vallúru ..	36.01	28.50	Do.
Parlákimedi	48.95	49.77	Not well distributed and damaged by floods.
Kavalappára	105.46	113.12	Well distributed.

From the above table it will be seen that the rainfall was good and fairly well distributed at Sivagiri, Komáramangalam and Kavalappára; but the farms at the other places suffered very much through the fall being greatly deficient, unevenly distributed or both.

7. *The paddy crop.*—This is the chief crop on all the farms except Komáramangalam and Vuyyúru. At Sivagiri, Kavalappára and South Vallúru the outturn was good. At Parlákimedi this crop yielded rather better than in previous years, but did not fulfil expectations. The special work with this crop may be divided under the following headings:—

- (a) Variety tests.
- (b) Manurial tests.
- (c) Single planting.
- (d) Green-manuring crops.
- (e) Spacing experiments.
- (f) Seed selection.
- (g) Dry season cultivation.
- (h) Irrigation experiments.

(1) *Variety tests.*—The introduced variety of paddy called banku gave a higher yield per acre at Sivagiri than any of the local varieties, viz., at the rate of 1,346 Madras measures per acre on a plot measuring 3.20 acres, manured only with *kolingi* which had been sown on the plot at the beginning of the previous dry season. 1,346 Madras measures of paddy approximately weigh 3,365 lbs. Banku also did better than any local or other variety at Kavalappára during the first-crop season. The highest yield there being 2,842 lbs. per acre in a plot measuring 84 cents which had been manured with a little fish manure at a cost of Rs. 4 per acre only. Banku paddy at Parlákimedi also gave a greater outturn per acre than any local variety. Other new varieties of paddy that have done well are—

60 days' samba and a variety from Raipur at Sivagiri; and the swarnavari variety at Telaprolu, South Vallúru and Kavalappára. The success being obtained with the above paddies indicates the importance of introducing new seed.

(2) *Manurial tests.*—An experiment being carried out at South Vallúru shows that the soil there is deficient in available phosphates. At Kavalappára the best results have been obtained with fish-manure and at Sivagiri the average results on outturn (i.e., not considering cost) obtained from experiments carried-out for the last three years on duplicate plots are in favour of properly preserved farm-yard manure applied at the rate of 15 tons per acre; which, of course, is a very heavy dressing and, as I consider that such manure may be valued at Rs. 2 per ton in that locality, it is reasonable to suppose that it would be profitable for the ryot to begin to use some artificial manures in conjunction with farm-yard manure, e.g., the various *poonac* manures available in the district and bone meal and, on land which contains sufficient vegetable matter, *poonacs* and bone meal would not need to be used in conjunction with farm-yard manure.

(3) *Single planting and spacing experiments.*—At Sivagiri, on soil typical to the locality, the average results of tests made for a series of years show that the best distance apart at which to transplant single paddy seedlings is 6 inches either way: whilst at Parlákimedi and Kavalappára the best results were obtained at 7 inches apart. At Kavalappára the paddy seed rate has been reduced from the local rate of 37½ Madras measures to 15 Madras measures per acre by adopting the practice of sowing the seed-beds thinner, planting not more than three seedlings in a bunch and not less than the customary distance apart. In addition to this saving in seed at Kavalappára, the average outturn of paddy during the year under report was increased by fully 40 Madras measures per acre over any previous year and this increase was certainly not due to extra bought manure, for there was practically no expenditure incurred in purchasing manures.

(4) *Green-manuring crops.*—The success already attained at Sivagiri with *kolingi*, sunnhemp, cowgram, etc., was fully maintained during the year under report. *Kolingi* and *Cassia Cora* also grew successfully on a fairly large scale at Kavalappára. Sunnhemp on a large scale at Komáramangalam on land under well-irrigation and on a small scale at Parlákimedi.

(5) *Dry season cultivation.*—This was done on a large scale at Sivagiri and to a fairly large extent at Kavalappára and the good results of this were clearly shown in the succeeding crop.

(6) *Irrigation experiments.*—On typical soil at Sivagiri the best result as regards yield of paddy was obtained by applying a total of 31 inches of irrigation water with irrigations every four days and a drying period during the fifth, sixth and seventh weeks after transplanting. This application is approximately at the rate of 112,000 cubic feet of irrigation water per acre. The paddy was one which takes five months to mature from seed. It was transplanted about the middle of December and harvested at the beginning of April.

8. *Ground-nut.*—This was grown at Parlákimedi, Kavalappára, Komáramangalam, South Vallúru and Sivagiri. It is a new crop to each of these localities. At Komáramangalam it was very successful. At Kavalappára and Parlákimedi it was fairly successful. At Komáramangalam the demand for seed made by local ryots at the end of the year was greater than the supply. Almost half of the crop was kept for seed and the remainder was crushed in the ordinary bullock mill, the cake being used as cattle-food for the farm cattle and the oil sold retail in the local bazaar for edible and lighting purposes.

9. *Sugarcane.*—This was again a good crop at Sivagiri and the jaggery made therefrom sold at a high price as it was acknowledged to be of superior quality to the jaggery usually made from indigenous canes in Tinnevelly. Sugarcane was also planted for the first time at Kavalappára during the latter part of the year under report and it is likely to prove a better crop than has been hitherto seen in Malabar.

10. *Guinea grass.*—This grass, which grows so well under the shade of trees, gave heavy yields of fodder at Sivagiri, Komáramangalam and Parlákimedi. It has grown fairly well at Kavalappára, but it does not yet seem to have become properly acclimatised.

11. *Kollakottai grass.*—The best way of sowing this grass in pasture lands has been worked out at Komáramangalam and a large portion of the poor pasture land on that farm has now been converted into good pasture by this grass becoming established upon it.

12. *Tree-planting.*—A large number of fuel and fruit trees have been planted on the Komáramangalam farm and most of them are growing well. This farm is also now properly enclosed and sub-divided with live *kiluvai* fences.

13. *Cotton*.—*Cambodia* cotton, a superior variety newly introduced, was grown with fair success on land under well-irrigation at Komáramangalam.

14. *Maize*.—A new variety of maize from Bengal called Jhanpaur has given better results at South Vallúru than the variety commonly grown in that locality.

15. *Seed selection*.—Some good work has been done in this direction at Kavalappára, Sivagiri, Komáramangalam, South Vallúru and Parlákimedi during the year; particularly as regards paddy and groundnut.

16. *Implements*.—The simple iron plough made at Sivagiri still continued to grow in favour with the ryots of that locality and a considerable number were also supplied to outsiders. The trapezoidal iron-tined harrow proved to be a very useful implement at Kavalappára and to some extent also at Parlákimedi. The use of the Ceded districts' implements was attended with fair success at Komáramangalam; but at Parlákimedi sowing with the drill has not yet proved a success, due to the fact that drilling in a light soil in a damp climate is not yet well understood. A cultivator purchased for the South Vallúru farm is proving to be a very useful implement for weeding work, etc. Some heavy ploughs for deep cultivation have been obtained for South Vallúru and Parlákimedi, but they have not yet been properly tried at the proper season of the year.

17. *Live-stock*.—The cattle-breeding operations at Komáramangalam and Sivagiri continued to show improving results during the year; but the Kangayam breeding herd at Kavalappára did not thrive well and I do not think this breed will ever do much good in Malabar, unless very great care is taken in the way of providing good nutritious fodder at all seasons of the year and a little concentrated food. The cows and bulls of this breed also require plenty of exercise on hard ground and should always have a dry bed to lie on.

18. *Farm-yard manure*.—On all the farms provision is made for the collection and storage of all dung and refuse in pits and, as far as possible, the urine is not allowed to run to waste. During the year under report, the Farm Superintendent, Kavalappára, began a systematic method of collecting leaves and other waste plant material daily and spreading the same every day on the floors of the cattle sheds, by which means practically all the urine is captured and ultimately transferred to the manure pit.

19. *Financial results*.—Two of the six farms have been worked at a profit during the year under report. These are Sivagiri and South Vallúru. After deducting Rs. 5,269-12-0 from the gross profit for rent and cesses, the net profit realised at Sivagiri for the year was Rs. 7,323-12-10 and likewise for South Vallúru (which is a much smaller farm) Rs. 1,280 was deducted for rent and cesses and the resultant net profit amounted to Rs. 1,836. Kavalappára could not be expected to make a profit because the farm is too small to bear the cost of a Farm Superintendent on Rs. 50 *per mensem* and a clerk on Rs. 15 *per mensem*. For the same reasons, although not to the same degree, the Komáramangalam farm could not be reasonably expected to make a profit, as this farm is not very large and most of the area is poor dry land.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

Proceedings of the Court of Wards, No. 6, Press, dated 23rd January 1911.

The Hon'ble Mr. R. B. CLEGG.

The Court begs to submit to Government its report on the administration of the estates under its management during fasli 1319 ending with 30th June 1910.

(True Extract.)

W. G. MCFARLAND,
Ag. Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, with
copy of the report and a file of the Collectors' reports.
„ all Collectors and Estate Collectors in charge of wards' estates
(Divisional Officers and Managers), with a copy of the report.
„ the Accountant-General, with a copy of the report.
„ the European Tutor, Newington, with a copy of the report.
„ the Agricultural Expert to the Court of Wards, with a copy of the report.
„ the Collectors of other districts, with a copy of the report.
„ the Director of Public Instruction, with two copies of the report.

Order—No. 936, Revenue, dated 30th March 1911.

Miscellaneous.

The report of the Court of Wards on the administration of the estates under its management for fasli 1319 (1909-1910) will be recorded with the following remarks.

2. *Estates under management*.—There were twenty-six estates under the Court's management at the commencement of the year. Of these, Tumba, Idaiyakóttai Sivagiri and Chokkappa Mudaliyar's estate were handed over to their proprietors who attained majority during the year. Under the management of the Court of Wards, the demand of these estates—except Chokkappa Mudaliyar's estate which is a ryotwari one—rose by about 38, 71 and 65 per cent. respectively. The Pálayampatti estate, which had been retained under the Court's superintendence under section 57 of the Madras Court of Wards Act, 1902, pending liquidation of debts, was handed over to its proprietor, the debts having been discharged. The Karvetnagar estate was handed over to the guardian appointed under section 59 of the Act as it was very heavily encumbered and as the Court found it impossible to manage the estate in a manner conducive to the interests of the minor proprietor. The Kallikota and Atagada estates in the Ganjám district which had been mortgaged with possession on certain conditions to the Indian and General Investment Trust Company, Limited, for £212,500, and the Mambarai estate in the Madura district were taken under the Court's superintendence during the year. There were thus twenty-two estates in the hands of the Court of Wards at the end of the year.

3. *Season and cultivation*.—The season was unfavourable for agricultural operations in Kallikota and Atagada, Chundi, Urkkádu, Kadambúr, Kavalappára, Punnattúr, Uttumalai, Telaprólu, Vuyyúru, South Vallúru and Thimmajiamma's estates. The area under cultivation, however, increased from 81.3 per cent. to 82.8 per cent. of the holdings. The lowest percentages were in Uttumalai and Kavalappára, the figures being 39.3 and 50.4 per cent. respectively. The low percentage in Uttumalai was due to the want of seasonable rainfall and that in Kavalappára to the custom of bringing only parts of the holding under cultivation annually in rotation.

4. *Demand and collection.*—The arrear demand at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 4.69 lakhs as compared with Rs. 5.59 lakhs at the end of the previous year. Deducting the subsequent collections, remissions and sums recommended to be written off, the net recoverable balance on the date of the Collectors' reports was Rs. 4.26 lakhs as against Rs. 4.45 lakhs in the previous year. The current demand of the estates was Rs. 23.23 lakhs, of which Rs. 19.69 lakhs were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 3.54 lakhs or 15.2 per cent. at the end of the year as against 19.9 per cent. at the end of the previous year. The Government note these results with satisfaction.

5. *Receipts and charges.*—The total cash receipts of the year amounted to Rs. 44.42 lakhs and the total actual charges to Rs. 36.46 lakhs, of which Rs. 9.15 lakhs were paid towards clearing off debts due by the estates. Excluding this amount, the normal expenditure was Rs. 27.31 lakhs, of which Rs. 3.63 lakhs or about 13.3 per cent. represent the outlay on public works as against 17 per cent. in the previous year. 74.9 per cent. of the allotment for works was utilized during the fasli against 67.1 per cent. in the preceding year. The Government trust that larger amounts will be utilized this year on public works.

6. *Surplus balances.*—The surplus balances at the end of the fasli exceeded Rs. 20,000 in ten estates and one lakh in seven. The Government are glad to observe that, in most cases, the Court proposes to utilize the balances in very desirable improvements such as the survey of holdings or the improvement of irrigation works.

7. *Agricultural improvements.*—Mr. J. M. Lonsdale continued to be the Court's Agricultural Expert. There were six home-farms during the year, but with the exception of Sivagiri and South Valluru their working did not yield results of material value. This is explained to be due partly to impropitious seasonal conditions and partly to the inefficiency of the Farm Superintendents. The Government observe with regret that, though the last-mentioned circumstance was noticed in the previous year's report, adequate steps were not taken to remedy the defect.

8. *Survey of the estates.*—In five estates cadastral surveys have been carried out and in four of them a special staff has been employed to attend to the maintenance of the survey records and marks. It is proposed to utilize a considerable sum of money in three other estates on similar surveys, and, as survey is of no value unless precautions are taken towards the maintenance of the records and marks, the Government hope that every effort will be made to ensure that the survey when carried out is properly maintained.

9. *Solvency of the estates.*—Besides the Kallikota and Atagada estates which have been mortgaged in respect of a loan of £212,500 repayable in fixed annual instalments, the estates most heavily encumbered were those noted in the margin. The debts in Vuyyuru and Urkkadu bearing high rates of interest were since paid off by raising loans from the Telaprolu and Sivagiri estates at 5 per cent. The Government note with satisfaction that practical solvency has been restored in the Chundi estate.

10. The Government are glad to note the satisfactory conduct and progress of the wards at Newington and regret that the efforts to secure control of the wards of the Thimmajamma's estate have proved unavailing.

(True Extract.)

A. BUTTERWORTH,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Court of Wards.
" Public Works Department.
" Copy to the Public Department.
Editors' Table.

