

MADRAS
LAND REVENUE REPORTS
FOR
FASLI 1321 (1911-1912).

REPORTS

ON THE

SETTLEMENT OF THE LAND REVENUE

OF THE

DISTRICTS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY

FOR FASLI 1321 (1911-1912).

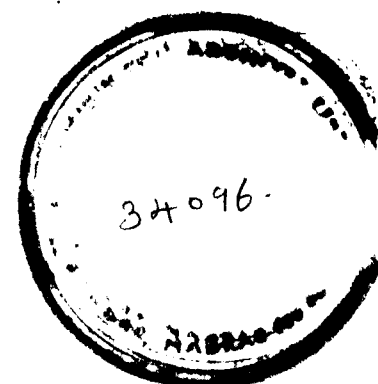


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PROCEEDINGS OF MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement, Survey, Land
Records and Agriculture).

Settlement of Land Revenue (Jamabandi)—
Submitting to Government report on the— } (Here enter No. 7, dated 7th January 1913.)
for fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

Order—No. 919, Revenue, dated 29th March 1913.

Miscellaneous.

With its proceedings read above
the Board of Revenue submits the
report on the land revenue settlement

of the Presidency for fasli 1321, the agricultural year ending with 30th June 1912.

2. The rainfall during the south-west monsoon was below the average except in Ganjām, Vizagapatam, Gōdāvari, South Arcot, Tinnevely and the Nilgiris and was either untimely or insufficient.

But on the whole the north-east monsoon was favourable. The average annual retail prices of the staple food grains were generally higher than in the preceding year and in all districts stood above the normal rates.

3. The total extent of ryotwari holdings in the Presidency, which amounted to almost 25 million acres exceeded that of the previous year by about 112,000 acres. Of this extent 19,860,000 acres or 79.49 per cent. of the holdings were cropped against 20,130,000 acres or 80.88 per cent. in the previous year.

4. The following statement exhibits the land revenue and cesses which accrued in the year under review and in the previous year:—

	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Difference.
	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Peshkash or revenue from permanently settled estates ..	49,90,013	49,90,568	+ 555
2. Land-cess on permanently settled estates ..	14,04,133	14,15,513	+ 11,380
3. Quit-rent on inam villages held on favourable tenure ..	7,53,490	7,53,026	— 464
4. Land-cess on inam villages held on favourable tenure ..	3,83,338	3,82,271	— 1,067
5. Revenue from lands held on ryotwari system including water-rate and miscellaneous revenue ..	6,07,82,230	6,05,64,722	— 2,18,508
6. Cess on ryotwari and miscellaneous revenue ..	48,49,806	48,39,836	— 9,970
Total land revenue (items 1, 3 and 5 above) ..	6,65,26,733	6,68,08,316	— 2,18,417
Total cesses (items 2, 4 and 6 above) ..	66,87,277	66,87,620	+ 343

5. The settled assessment on ryotwari holdings amounted to Rs. 506.6 lakhs against Rs. 504.7 lakhs in the previous year. The increase occurs mainly in the Tinnevely and Coimbatore districts, while there was a decrease in Cuddapah due to the transfer to dry of the dasabandham well lands in two of the taluks, the revision of the wet ayakats and the grouping of irrigation sources. The increase was due to the enhancement of assessment at resettlement and to the composition of palmyra tax with the land assessment in the Tinnevely district and to the introduction of resettlement rates in two taluks of the Coimbatore district. The revenue derived from

water-rate on dry lands and from the charge on second crop on wet lands amounted to Rs. 30.77 lakhs against Rs. 32.50 lakhs in the preceding year. The decrease occurred under both heads and was the result of large decreases in five districts. The decrease is ascribed generally to the unfavourable character of the season during the year. On the other hand there was an increase in Kistna due partly to unauthorised irrigation having been charged with enhanced water-cess and partly to an increase in second crop irrigation under certain channels which had been closed against such irrigation in the previous years. In Gōdāvari also an increase occurred both under tirvajasti and fasaljasti owing to the copious rainfall in the delta tracts during the months of November and December 1911. Season remissions in fasli 1321 amounted to Rs. 10.60 lakhs against 2.80 lakhs in the preceding fasli.

6. The extent of poramboke occupied during the year, which also includes unassessed waste lands in seven districts for which separate figures have not been furnished was 1,24,320 acres or 2,332 acres less than in the previous year. On about 77 per cent. of this extent assessment was levied at the usual rates. Even in the districts for which separate figures are available, the amount of poramboke land on which assessment at the ordinary rates was levied, is still large. Where transfer to assessed waste and grant on patta is unobjectionable, Collectors should see that such transfer is effected. The remaining area of 29,163 acres was subjected to a penalty of Rs. 3,71,490 which gives an average of Rs. 13 an acre. No useful comparison can be made with the results of the previous year until the extent of unassessed waste is altogether eliminated from this head. The Board of Revenue has already drawn the attention of the Collectors of the districts who have not furnished separate figures for poramboke to G.O. No. 1681, Revenue, dated 6th June 1912, and the Government trust that in the report for the current fasli the reform in terminology which has been already adopted in many districts will be completely effected in all districts, and that the returns will show that efforts have been made to get unassessed waste land wherever it has been occupied included in the ryots' pattas.

7. *Collections.*—The work of collection was satisfactory, Rs. 7,20,17,780 or 98.7 per cent. of the gross current demand having been collected within the fasli against 98.1 per cent. in the previous year. The arrear balance at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 14,41,464. Of this amount a sum of Rs. 13,50,821 or 93.7 per cent. was collected within the fasli, and Rs. 23,132 or 1.6 per cent. was written off the accounts. The total balance, arrears and current, outstanding at the end of the fasli which includes the balance under (1) the revenue from the proprietary estates village service and (2) the revenue from the Kurnool-Cuddapah canal was Rs. 12,65,852. Up to the end of October 1912 Rs. 8,00,400 or 63.2 per cent. had been collected, Rs. 3,924 written off the accounts and Rs. 234 ascertained to be irrecoverable.

8. *Coercion.*—The Government note with satisfaction that there has been a progressive decrease in the total number of coercive processes issued in connection with the collection of land revenue. The total number issued in the year under report was 1,448,613 against 1,716,316 in the preceding year. The decrease occurred chiefly under demand notices, there was some increase under sale notices and sales. Demand notices which are in the nature of reminders rather than coercive processes formed about 82.7 per cent. of the total number of processes and numbered 1,198,222 against 1,463,605 in the preceding year. The percentage of distraints and attachments to the total number of demand notices was 11.07 in the case of personal property and 2.09 in the case of real property against 9.99 and 1.22 per cent. respectively in the previous year. Out of 157,710 defaulters whose property was attached 68,520 or 43.45 per cent. paid the arrears before sale notices were issued against 47.8 per cent. in fasli 1320. It was, however, necessary to proceed to actual sale of property only in 3,491 cases out of 89,190 cases of attachment. The number of defaulters whose property was sold for arrears of revenue formed 0.09 per cent. of the total number of pattas held against 0.07 in the previous fasli. The extent of land actually sold, 13,843 acres, amounted to 0.06 per cent. of the total extent of holdings in the Presidency. 6,391 acres or 0.03 per cent. of the total holdings were bought in by Government for want of bidders against 3,400 acres or 0.01 per cent. of the holdings in the preceding year. Out of the land bought in during this and previous years and held at the disposal of Government, the extent re-sold for private occupation during the year was 1,172 acres against 1,395 acres in the preceding year. The amount of the sale-proceeds realized was nearly eight times the assessment.

9. *Transfer of registry.*—No useful purpose will be served by comparing the number of applications for transfer of pattas received during the fasli with the figures returned for the previous year as it is reported that the cases dealt with by the special staff have been included by some Collectors and excluded by others. The Board of Revenue will be requested to issue instructions to Collectors so as to have these statements prepared on a uniform principle. In G.O. No. 3125, Revenue, dated 18th October 1911, the Board of Revenue was requested to examine the existing rules relating to the transfer of pattas and the manner in which these rules were administered with a view to see what improvement was possible. In its Proceedings No. 3, dated 7th January 1913, the Board has submitted a report on the question which is under the consideration of Government.

10. *Loans.*—There is a slight increase in the amount of advances made under both the Loans Acts. The total amount was Rs. 6.76 lakhs against 6.04 lakhs in the preceding fasli. The districts of Kurnool, Bellary, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, Tanjore and Tinnevely contributed towards the increase.

11. The statement showing the financial results of the operations under these acts subjoined to paragraph 43 of the Board's report indicates a steadily increasing surplus of net receipts of interest over interest payable by the Local Government to the Government of India.

The attention of Government has been drawn to these figures and the Government consider that the method hitherto adopted for estimating the cost of time devoted to loans work by the ordinary Land Revenue establishment, viz., $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the amount advanced during the year should be replaced by some other method based on sounder principles for the time of the ordinary staff is taken up not only in dealing with applications for new loans but also in inspection of works constructed by means of loans advanced in previous years, and in recovery of instalments of loans so advanced. It would appear to be more correct therefore to take the mean amount outstanding as the basis of calculation rather than the amount advanced in the year. The Board will be requested to report what would be a fair percentage to take.

12. *Irrigation works.*—In reviewing the report for the previous fasli Government called attention to apparent inaccuracies in the quinquennial statement of irrigation works so far as wells were concerned. The accuracy of the statement as regards tanks has since been called in question and the Board has been asked to report on what basis the figures are compiled. It is observed that while the total number of tanks, Government, private and dasabandam, remains very much the same the distribution of them amongst the three classes referred to differs considerably from that reported in the returns for the previous quinquennium. The statement is also apt to cause misapprehension as containing an authoritative return of irrigation works out of repair. It is not known on what authority works are classed as "in" or "out of" repair but if any reliance at all can be placed on them the percentage of works "out of repair" to the total number of irrigation works is unduly high in the case of tanks. The Board of Revenue will be requested to consider and report what changes should be introduced in order to make the statement more trustworthy.

(True Extract.)

L. M. WYNCH,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue (Revenue Settlement).
" " (Land Revenue).
Editors' Table.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE
(REVENUE SETTLEMENT, SURVEY, LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE).

The Hon'ble Mr. R. B. CLEGG,
Commissioner of Land Revenue.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. BUTTERWORTH,
Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Survey, Land Records and Agriculture.

Resolution—No. 7, dated 7th January 1913.

The Board submits its report on the settlement of land revenue in this Presidency for fasli 1321 (1911-12) together with the prescribed statements. In the extracts from the district reports appended to this resolution there is a paragraph dealing with the subject of agricultural wages as directed in G.O. No. 93, Revenue, dated 16th February 1898. There was considerable delay in the submission of the reports or returns from some districts. The reports from Chingleput and Tinnevely were received on 27th November 1912, that from Tanjore on 29th November 1912, and that from Salem on 13th December 1912 after repeated reminders. Statement No. 7 showing the demand, collection and balance was received from the Collector of Anantapur on 23rd December 1912 after the issue of two telegraphic reminders. The Collector of Tanjore ascribes the delay in the submission of his report to the non-completion of the supplemental jamabandi in four out of the six divisions until two months after the close of the fasli and to the late receipt of returns from Tahsildars which returns were then found to be incomplete and inaccurate; the Collector of Salem attributes the delay partly to the fact that many of the orders passed at the jamabandi in village account No. 5 had to be revised and partly to the fact that returns from some Tahsildars had to be returned for alteration. The Collectors of Anantapur, Chingleput and Tinnevely have not offered any explanation for delay. The reports from Madras, South Canara and the Nilgiris alone were received on or before the due date, viz., 1st October 1912.

2. *Season, rainfall and prices.*—On the whole, the south-west monsoon was not favourable, while the north-east monsoon was favourable. The rainfall in the dry season and in the hot season was below the average in almost all districts. The average annual retail prices of the staple food-grains were generally higher than in the preceding year and everywhere dearer than the normal rates. The price

Statement No. 1.
of cumbu alone was above the warning rate in Salem; the prices of all the principal grains were below the warning rates elsewhere. The warning rates here referred to are those fixed by Government in G.O. No. 1977, Revenue, dated 3rd July 1912.

3. *Cropped area.*—The total crop area of the year under report (37,380,000 acres) exceeded the normal area (36,686,000 acres) by 694,000 acres. Paddy, ground-nut, sugarcane, cotton and tobacco showed an increase and the other crops a decrease. As compared with the previous year, the cultivation under gingelly, ground-nut, castor, sugarcane, cotton and indigo showed an increase, but in no case did the outturn reach the normal. The outturn of paddy was 58 per cent. of the normal in Vizagapatam, 85 per cent. in South Arcot, 87 per cent. in Trichinopoly and 92 per cent. in Coimbatore, while in the remaining districts it ranged from 67 to 83 per cent. The yield of cholam, cumbu and ragi in Vizagapatam was 50 per cent. and it was below 50 per cent. in the case of varagu in Tinnevely, of castor, other oil-seeds and horse-gram in Vizagapatam, of indigo and ground-nut in Vizagapatam and Tinnevely, of cumbu

in Anantapur, of other cereals in Chingleput, of other oil-seeds in Kurnool and Chingleput and of gingelly in Tinnevely. In the remaining districts and under the remaining crops the outturn ranged from 50 to 94 per cent.

* 4. *Condition of cattle.*—The total number of deaths from disease among horned cattle showed a decrease of 24,703 as compared with last year, the total for the year being 51,354; rinderpest showed the largest decrease, viz., 13,863. Last year, too, there was a considerable decrease as compared with the preceding year.

5. *Number of villages.*—In the year under report, there was a nett decrease of 96 villages. There was an increase in Nellore (1) and Chingleput (2). The increase in Nellore was due to the Pentapad shrotriem in the Gudur taluk having reverted to Government and that in Chingleput to certain minor inams in the zamindari villages of Adyar and Mambalam measuring about 99 acres having been resumed, surveyed and settled as two separate villages. The decrease occurred in Ganjam (13), Cuddapah (11), Rāmnād (16), Tinnevely (33) and Coimbatore (26); the decrease in Ganjam was due to 14 villages having been clubbed with other villages and one village (Pithala) having been treated as a separate Government village at the resettlement of the Berhampur taluk; that in Cuddapah, to the exclusion of 11 whole inam villages relating to the Kamalapuram taluk included erroneously last year under ryotwar villages; that in Rāmnād, to the reconstitution of the 84 ryotwar villages of the Sattur taluk into 68; that in Tinnevely, to the amalgamation of several villages at the resurvey in Sankaranayinarkōvil and Koilpatti taluks; and that in Coimbatore, to the regrouping of the villages in the Talavadi firka of the Kollegal taluk.

6. The land revenue of the Presidency is derived from the undermentioned sources:—

- (a) Peshkash or revenue from permanently-settled estates.
- (b) Shrotriem jodi or quit-rent levied on inam villages.
- (c) Assessment including water-rate on lands held under the ryotwari system.
- (d) Miscellaneous revenue.

7. *Peshkash or revenue from permanently-settled estates.*—The total amount of peshkash payable during the fasli was Rs. 49,90,568 against Rs. 49,90,013 in the preceding year. The increase of Rs. 555 is the nett result of—

	Rs.
(a) Addition on account of unlocalisable service inams handed over to proprietors	253
(b) Addition on account of land relinquished by the Public Works Department and made over to proprietors	45
(c) Addition of peshkash temporarily reduced in the previous year in lieu of compensation for lands taken up	352
Total	650
(d) Reduction in lieu of compensation for lands taken up for public purposes	95
	555

8. *Shrotriem jodi.*—The quit-rent payable to Government on villages held on shrotriem or favourable tenure was Rs. 7,53,026 or Rs. 464 less than in the previous fasli. The following are the main reasons for this difference:—

	Rs.
(a) Addition on account of unlocalisable service inams handed over to proprietors	+ 120
(b) Additions on account of transfer of minor inams to major inams.	+ 241
(c) Collection of back revenue	+ 104
(d) Rectification of errors	+ 21
(e) Redemption of quit-rent on enfranchised personal inams	— 432
(f) Resumption of inams	— 450
(g) Reduction on account of acquisition of land for public purposes.	— 68

9. *Holdings.*—The total extent of the ryotwar holdings during the year, viz., 25·00 million acres exceeded that of the previous year by about 112,000 acres. The increase was contributed to by all the districts except Tinnevely and Malabar which showed a decrease of 9,437 acres. The decrease in Tinnevely was due to changes resulting from resurvey and resettlement while that in Malabar was mainly due to remeasurement. The increase was marked in the districts of Guntūr, Anantapur, Bellary and Madura.

10. The total assessment on holdings was Rs. 506·6 lakhs against Rs. 504·7 lakhs in the previous year. More than half the increase occurred in Tinnevely and Coimbatore; in the former district, it was due to the enhancement at resettlement and to the composition of palmyra tax with the land assessment and in the latter to the introduction of resettlement rates in the Erode taluk and in the Talavadi firka of the Kollegal taluk. There was a large decrease in Cuddapah (Rs. 41,096) due to the transfer to dry at the resettlement of dasabandam well lands in the Pullampet and Rayachoti taluks, to the revision of wet ayakats and to the grouping of irrigation sources.

11. *Cultivation.*—Compared with the previous year, the area cropped on ryotwar holdings showed a decrease of 257,418 acres or about 1 per cent. of the total holdings, while an increase of 280,753 acres, occurred under “waste charged”, the nett result so far as assessment was concerned being an increase of revenue in several districts in which there was a decrease in cultivation. Large decreases in the cropped area occurred in the districts of Anantapur, Bellary, Chittoor, Madura, Coimbatore and Salem owing to the unfavourable character of the season. Including the area under miscellaneous cultivation the total area cropped amounted to 21·04 million acres against 21·40 million acres in the previous year.

12. *Water-rate and second-crop charge.*—The revenue from these sources amounted to Rs. 30·77 lakhs against 32·50 lakhs or about Rs. 1,73,000 less than in the preceding year. This decrease was made up of about Rs. 1,05,000 under “water-rate on dry lands” and of about Rs. 68,000 under “second crop charge”. There were large decreases in the districts of Nellore (Rs. 46,668), Cuddapah (Rs. 36,262), Anantapur (Rs. 1,16,875) Chittoor (Rs. 57,164) and North Arcot (Rs. 50,431) but there were large increases in the districts of Gōdāvari (Rs. 73,619) and Kistna (Rs. 1,25,044). The decrease where it occurred was due generally to the unfavourable character of the season during the year under report. The increase in revenue in Kistna was due partly to unauthorized irrigation having been charged with a heavier penalty and partly to an increase in second-crop irrigation under certain channels which had been closed against such irrigation in the previous year. The increase in Gōdāvari is made up of an increase of Rs. 19,559 under “tirwajasti” and of Rs. 54,060 under “fasaljasti”. This was due to the abundant rains in the delta tracts during the months of November and December 1911.

13. *Remissions.*—As compared with the previous year there was a nett increase of Rs. 6,14,753, “season remissions” showing an increase and “fixed remissions” and “beriz deductions”, a decrease.

(i) *Season remissions.*—The remission under this head showed a nett increase of Rs. 7,80,232. The increase occurred under all the sub-heads except ‘land injured by water’, ‘remission of water-rate’ and ‘others’.

(a) *Waste remitted.*—The remission under this head amounted to Rs. 4·87 lakhs or Rs. 3·96 lakhs more than that remitted in the previous year. A sum of Rs. 25 was remitted on 9 acres of dry land in Kistna under G.O. No. 626, Revenue, dated 25th July 1901. The rest of the remission related to 108,397 acres of wet land. Wet remissions (Rs. 4,86,663) were granted in almost all the districts, the largest amounts being in the districts of Anantapur (Rs. 1,18,672) and Chittoor (Rs. 1,01,343). The increase was due to the failure of rain

in the proper season. On the other hand, Tinnevely showed a large decrease (Rs. 24,942) which is ascribed to the favourable character of the season there.

- (b) *Shavi and short crop*.—The total amount remitted under this head was Rs. 1,82,263 against Rs. 89,199 in the previous year. The nett increase of Rs. 93,064 was chiefly contributed by Ganjām (Rs. 38,851), Vizagapatam (Rs. 26,111) and Kurnool (Rs. 27,600), the season having been unfavourable in these districts. There was on the other hand a large decrease (Rs. 53,126) in Tinnevely attributable to the favourable character of the season there.
- (c) *Injury by floods*.—The amount remitted under this head was Rs. 7,017 against Rs. 13,271 in the previous year, Kistna, Nellore and Malabar contributing Rs. 5,151 to the total.
- (d) *Tirvakammi remission* (i.e. remission of the difference between wet and dry assessment on wet land cultivated with dry crops owing to insufficiency or failure of water) amounted to Rs. 3,67,015 against Rs. 75,008 in the previous year and was large in Vizagapatam, Cuddapah, Anantapur, Kurnool, Chittoor and Salem. These districts alone account for Rs. 2,85,004 or about 78 per cent. of the total remission under the head. The increase was very large in the districts of Cuddapah, Anantapur and Salem and was due to the unfavourable character of the season.
- (e) *Other remissions*.—A sum of Rs. 2,258 was granted under this head; of this amount, Rs. 1,779 related to reclamation of land in Nellore.

(ii) *Fixed remissions* (or abatements of the demand granted for reasons unconnected with the season) amounted to Rs. 3·07 lakhs or Rs. 1·35 lakhs less than in the previous year, the decrease being mainly due to a reduction of Rs. 1·07 lakhs under increment remissions chiefly in South Canara and Malabar. The largest item under this head is "increment remissions", that is to say, abatements allowed on the introduction of settlement or resettlement in cases where the increase over the old assessment is in excess of 25 per cent., the rule being that such increase should be imposed in instalments increasing every year in amount. These remissions amounted to Rs. 1·95 lakhs and were granted in Ganjām, Guntūr, Nellore, Cuddapah, Kurnool, Chingleput, North Arcot, Trichinopoly, Rāmnād, Tinnevely, Coimbatore, Salem, South Canara and Malabar. South Canara and Malabar alone contributed about Rs. 1·59 lakhs.

(iii) *Beriz deductions* (i.e., deductions made from village collections in favour of inamdars and religious institutions) amounted to Rs. 8·76 lakhs or about Rs. 0·31 lakh less than in the previous year. In Tinnevely alone there was a decrease of Rs. 27,219 due to some of the allowances not having been claimed by the inamdars during the year under report.

14. *Miscellaneous revenue*.—The revenue under this head amounted to Rs. 90·60 lakhs or 3·35 lakhs more than in the previous year. This increase is the nett result

of large increases in the districts of Ganjām (Rs. 81,231), Gōdāvari (Rs. 1,74,412), Kistna (Rs. 1,37,941), Tinnevely (Rs. 33,567), South Canara (Rs. 20,325) and Malabar (Rs. 41,258), and of large decreases in the districts of Guntūr (Rs. 67,419), Cuddapah (Rs. 20,979), Anantapur (Rs. 42,856) and Chittoor (Rs. 22,258). The decreases under item (i) "Jodi and quit-rent on minor inams" (Rs. 2,965) and item (9) "Revenue from process-service fees" (Rs. 1,648) and the increases under item (7) "Revenue derived from tree pattas" (Rs. 13,021) and item (12) "Quit-rent and ground-rent" (Rs. 12,409) were small and call for no remarks. Items (2) and (3) "Water-rate on minor inams in ryotwar villages and on land in proprietary villages," item (4) "Enhanced water-rate on lands irregularly irrigated," item (6) "Occupation of poramboke land," item (8) "Commission on Estates," item (11) "Rent of lankas" and item (13) "Other items," showed large increases, while item (5) "Land occupied with or without application" and item (10) "Sale-proceeds of lands sold" showed large decreases. These items will be dealt with below:—

Items (2) and (3).—The water-rate on minor inams in ryotwar villages and on land in proprietary villages amounted Rs. 35·71 lakhs showing a nett increase of Rs. 1·70 lakhs over the revenue under this head in the previous year; Gōdāvari and

Kistna alone contributed an increase of Rs. 2·37 lakhs which was due, in Gōdāvari, to the heavy rains in November and December 1911 and in Kistna, to the opening of certain channels this year which were closed during the second crop season last year.

Items (4).—The enhanced water-rate on lands irregularly irrigated amounted to Rs. 4·35 lakhs or Rs. 0·31 lakh more than in the previous year. Kistna alone contributed an increase of Rs. 0·33 lakh which was due to an increase in unauthorized irrigation and to the imposition of heavier penalties.

Items (5).—*Land occupied with or without application*.—The revenue under this head amounted to Rs. 7·42 lakhs or Rs. 0·36 lakh less than in the previous year. Anantapur and Madura showed a decrease of Rs. 0·33 lakh owing to the bad season.

Items (6).—The revenue under occupation of poramboke land amounted to Rs. 5·68 lakhs. Particulars relating to "poramboke" and "unassessed waste" are separately available in the returns for fasli 1321 for all the districts except Anantapur, Bellary, North Arcot, South Arcot, Rāmnād, Tinnevely and Salem. In these excepted districts, the returns have not been prepared according to the instructions conveyed in G.O. No. 1681, Revenue, dated 6th June 1912, and the attention of the Collectors will now be particularly drawn to these instructions. For fasli 1320, information regarding "poramboke" and "unassessed waste" is not separately available as the returns were prepared before the issue of the Government Order referred to. No useful comparison is therefore possible between the poramboke cultivation of the year under report and that of the preceding year. The revenue under this head for fasli 1321 showed an increase of Rs. 0·88 lakh as compared with that for fasli 1320 even though the latter included the whole and the former only a portion of the charge on assessed waste. Gōdāvari alone contributed an increase of Rs. 0·71 lakh and this was due mainly to the levy of enhanced charge on encroachments on the valuable re-formed land in the Sanapalli lanka of the Amalapur taluk by the Raja of Vizianagram for 11 faslis from fasli 1310 to fasli 1320.

Statement No. 9-A.

The extent occupied or cultivated measured 124,320 acres. Of the revenue from poramboke cultivation, Rs. 3·71 lakhs represent enhanced charge, and this was levied on 29,163 acres of land, which gives an average rate of Rs. 13 per acre. Gōdāvari, Tanjore and South Canara show (as in last year) the highest average rates, viz., Rs. 115, Rs. 34 and Rs. 40, respectively. The large figure in Gōdāvari is ascribed to the imposition of heavy assessment on the lanka land referred to above, and in Tanjore to the strict application of the provisions of the Act. In this latter district the encroachers were ordered to be evicted in 2,249 cases.

Item (8).—Commission on estates showed a nett increase of Rs. 0·22 lakh. Ganjām alone contributed an increase of Rs. 0·30 lakh.

Item (10).—Sale proceeds of lands sold showed a nett decrease of Rs. 0·32 lakh. In Guntūr alone there was a heavy fall of Rs. 0·57 lakh.

Item (11).—Rent of lankas showed a nett increase of Rs. 0·40 lakh.

Item (13).—Other items showed a nett increase of Rs. 0·32 lakh. The largest increase was in Ganjām and it was mainly due to the increase in the sale-proceeds of the waste lands under the Rushikulya system.

15. The nett ryotwar demand, excluding remissions but including water-rate, second-crop charge and miscellaneous

Statement No. 4, columns 24, 29, 48, 56, 58, revenue amounted to Rs. 605·59 lakhs against Rs. 608·23 lakhs in the previous

year. The details for this decrease of Rs. 2·64 lakhs are given below:—

	Lakhs of rupees.
Increase in the assessment of holdings	+ 1·88
Decrease under second-crop charge and water-rate	— 1·72
Increase under remissions	— 6·15
Increase under miscellaneous revenue	+ 3·35
Total	— 2·64

16. *Total land revenue demand (current).*—The demands under the several heads are compared below with the figures for the previous year:—

	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
	RS.	RS.
Peshkash on permanently-settled estates ...	49,90,013	49,90,568
Shrotriem jodi ...	7,53,490	7,53,026
Ryotwar and miscellaneous ...	6,07,83,230	6,05,64,722
Total ...	6,65,26,733	6,63,08,316

The increase under "Peshkash on permanently-settled estates" and the decrease under "Ryotwar and miscellaneous" have been explained in the preceding paragraphs.

17. *Total demand under cesses (current).*—The current demand under cesses is as follows:—

	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
	RS.	RS.
(i) Land-cess on permanently-settled estates ...	14,04,133	14,15,513
(ii) Land-cess on whole inam villages ...	3,83,338	3,82,271
(iii) Cess on ryotwar and miscellaneous ...	48,49,806	48,39,836
Total ...	66,37,277	66,37,620

The increase under item (i) was mainly in the districts of Ganjām, Kistna and Chittoor. In Ganjām it was due to the revision of demand under land-cess, in Kistna to increased irrigation and in Chittoor to the levy of land-cess on the rental of fasli 1320, which was an exceptionally favourable year. The decrease under item (iii) follows the decrease in the revenue.

18. *Demand and collection under land revenue and cesses (current).*—The current demand under land revenue and cesses was Rs. 7,29,45,936; Rs. 7,20,17,780 or 98·7 per cent. was collected within the fasli, and a sum of Rs. 311 was written off the accounts.

19. *Demand and collection of arrears.*—The total arrear demand under all heads was Rs. 14,41,464, Rs. 13,50,821 or 93·7 per cent. was collected within the fasli, and Rs. 23,132 or 1·6 per cent. was written off the accounts.

20. *Total balance of land revenue and cesses.*—The balance outstanding at the end of the fasli including both arrears and current was Rs. 9,95,356.

Including the balance under (1) the revenue from the proprietary estates village service and (2) the revenue from the Kurnool-Cuddapah canal, which are dealt with in the monthly demand, collection and balance statements of land revenue and cesses, the total balance on 1st July 1912 was Rs. 12,65,852. Up to the end of October 1912, Rs. 8,00,400 or 63·2 per cent. had been collected. Rupees 3,924 had been written off the accounts and Rs. 234 had been ascertained to be irrecoverable. The nett recoverable balance on 1st November 1912 was Rs. 4,61,294. Rupees 1,26,902 were collected in the month of November and steps have been taken to collect the remainder.

21. *Reconciliation of differences between the collections of land revenue and cesses as shown in the Jamabandi and the Accountant-General's statements and over-payments.*—Information on these points has not yet been received from 13 Collectors. The subject will be dealt with in a separate report.

22. *Distribution of collections between land revenue and cesses.*—Land revenue and cesses are not collected separately and no attempt is made to exhibit the collections separately under these heads in the village accounts. The total collections are distributed between land revenue and the several cesses in the Collector's office. The process consists of two stages, of which the first or the provisional distribution is effected by crediting to each head, month by month, such portion of the lump collections as will bear the same proportion to the demand under the head as the total collection bears to the total demand under all the heads. The second stage is the final adjustment which consists in correcting the provisional credits by transfer from one head to another, where necessary, after the entire demand for the year under all the heads has been collected or written off.

The statements of distribution for fasli 1321, received from Collectors show that, except in the eight districts of Ganjām, Nellore, Chingleput, Chittoor, South Arcot, Tanjore, Madura and Tinnevely, the variations between the amounts due to the cesses in fasli 1321 and the amount actually credited were inconsiderable. The accounts of fasli 1317 remained unadjusted in one district, those of 1318 in three, those of 1319 in three, and those of 1320 in ten.

23. *Charges debitable to land revenue.*—The charges of district administration including salaries, etc., of revenue inspectors but excluding those of village establishment were Rs. 56,14,350 or 7·6 per cent. of the land revenue and cesses realised, against 7·5 per cent. in the preceding fasli. The village service charges including proprietary estates during the fasli were Rs. 59,17,913. Including this sum which is met from Provincial funds, the total charges were Rs. 1,15,32,263 or 15·7 per cent. of the collections of land revenue and cesses.

24. *Processes under Act II of 1864.*—Statement No. 12 shows the particulars of the coercive processes issued for the realization of Government dues under Act II of 1864. The following abstract compares the number of processes of each kind issued during the year with the figures for the three preceding faslis:—

Coercive processes.	Fasli 1318.	Fasli 1319.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
Demand notices ..	1,912,339	1,538,087	1,463,605	1,198,222
Distrain and attachment notices ..	168,325	184,384	164,313	157,710
Sale notices ..	113,680	84,728	85,651	89,190
Sales (number of defaulters) ..	2,600	3,564	2,747	3,491
Total ..	2,226,944	1,811,263	1,716,316	1,448,613

There has been a progressive decrease in recent years in the total number of processes issued and the number in the year under report shows a further decline.

25. *Demand notices.*—The instruction that these notices should only be issued when absolutely necessary has been kept in view. The number decreased in 15 districts, especially in the districts of Kistna, Nellore, Cuddapah, Anantapur, Bellary, Madras, South Arcot, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Kāmnād and Tinnevely.

On the other hand there was an increase in the districts noted in the margin. The Collector of North Arcot has offered no explanation for the increase in his district. The Collector of Madura states that the increase in his district was due to unfavourable season.

26. *Distrain or attachment.*—The number of processes under this head was 157,710 in the year under report against 164,313 in fasli 1320 and 184,884 in fasli 1319. There was a decrease in 16 districts and a marked increase in Chingleput.

27. There was an increase in the percentage borne by the number of distraints and attachments to that of demand notices as compared with the previous two faslis. The number of defaulters whose immovable property was attached in the year was 25,096 against 17,976 in fasli 1320. The large disproportion noticed in the Madura district in previous years between the number of defaulters whose personal property was distrained (612) and the number of those whose real property was attached (5064) is again noticeable and is due, as stated in previous reports to the large number of absentee pattadars in the area irrigated by the Periyar.

28. *Sale notices.*—Out of 157,710 defaulters whose property was attached 68,520 or 43·45 per cent. paid the arrears before sale notices were issued. The percentage was 47·8 in fasli 1320, 54·1 in fasli 1319 and 42·7 in fasli 1318.

29. *Sales.*—The number of defaulters whose property was sold was more than in fasli 1320. The percentage of actual sales to sale notices was 3·91 against 3·2 in fasli 1320 and that of the number of defaulters whose property was actually sold to the

total number of pattas was 0.09 against 0.07 in the previous fasli. The subjoined statement compares the particulars of sales in fasli 1321 with the figures for the previous three faslis :—

	Personal property.				Real property.				Total.			
	Fasli 1318.	Fasli 1319.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Fasli 1318.	Fasli 1319.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Fasli 1318.	Fasli 1319.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Percentage of sales of property to—												
(1) The number of pattas ..	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.10	0.07	0.09
(2) The number of attachments.	0.46	0.91	0.80	1.09	8.19	9.70	8.42	8.16	1.30	1.90	1.67	2.21
(3) The number of sale notices.	Figures relating to sale notices do not distinguish between personal and real property.								2.28	4.2	3.2	3.91
Arrears at the beginning of the fasli under ryotwari and miscellaneous.	In lakhs of rupees.								10.25	9.41	11.71	9.99
Arrear balances at the end of the fasli.									1.05	0.72	0.21	0.32
Percentage of current collections to current demand.									98.4	97.7	98.5	99.03

Value of lands sold.—Immoveable property of the estimated value of Rs. 92,844 was sold for the recovery of arrears amounting to Rs. 36,088 and realized Rs. 60,679. The price fetched by lands sold to private individuals was on the average 4.8 times the assessment in the case of dry lands and 4.9 times the assessment in the case of wet lands. In fasli 1320 land of the estimated value of Rs. 72,782 was sold for arrears amounting to Rs. 28,270 and the average prices obtained were 5.2 times the assessment for dry lands and 5.8 times the assessment in the case of wet lands.

Extent of land sold.—The extent of land sold during the year was 10,158 acres under dry and 3,685 acres under wet against 8,333 acres under dry and 1,980 acres under wet in fasli 1320. The corresponding figures for fasli 1319 were 11,696 acres under dry and 1,895 acres under wet.

Lands bought in by Government.—The total area of lands bought in by Government for want of bidders was 4,617 acres of dry and 1,774 acres of wet against 3,075 acres of dry and 325 acres of wet in fasli 1320. More than three-fourths of the total area bought in was in Kistna, Cuddapah, Anantapur and Malabar.

30. *Process service Establishments.*—Statement No. 13 gives the particulars of processes served by the ordinary village agency or by special establishment and the fees realized during the year. The total number of processes served was 1,374,247 or 246,020 less than in fasli 1320. The number of processes served by the Special Agency (56,415) was also less than in the previous fasli (90,016).

The special establishment was employed in the same districts as in fasli 1320 except Nellore. Its cost was covered by the fees realized except in Gōdāvari, Kistna, South Arcot and Salem.

31. *Costs in civil suits.*—Rs. 17,877 were awarded to Government as costs during the year. Including Rs. 10,393, the revised opening balance, the total demand was Rs. 28,270, of which Rs. 15,893 were collected, Rs. 1,028 were written off the accounts and Rs. 70 were reported to be irrecoverable. The nett recoverable balance at the end of the year was Rs. 11,279, made up as follows :—

(1) Amount collected after the close of the fasli ..	Rs. 3,869
(2) Amount remaining uncollected pending decision of appeals by Civil Courts ..	1,345
(3) Amount involved in execution proceedings ..	2,791
(4) Amount for not collecting which no reason is assigned ..	3,274
	<u>11,279</u>

32. *Interest on arrears of land revenue (Statement No. 14).*—The total demand on account of interest on arrears of land revenue, including the balance at the beginning of the year was Rs. 39,345, of which Rs. 15,062 were collected and Rs. 1,672 remitted,

leaving a balance of Rs. 22,611, against Rs. 17,974, the revised balance at the end of the previous fasli. More than half the arrears at the end of the fasli relates to Chittoor and Chingleput and was due mainly from the Karvetnagar and Kālahāsti estates. The only other districts in which the arrears under this head are large are Ganjām and Nellore. Steps are being taken for recovery. Rs. 1,142 out of Rs. 1,159 due under the Iskapalli project in Guntūr have been written off the accounts under the orders of the Board contained in Board's Proceedings No. 802, dated 29th February 1912.

33. *Sales of land under Standing Orders Nos. 15, 16, 21 and 45.*—Under the rules for the sale of occupancy rights in assessed waste lands (Standing Order No. 15), 11,126 acres, assessed at Rs. 10,629 were sold for Rs. 3,97,272; 142 acres of tank-bed lands assessed at Rs. 352 were sold for Rs. 26,394 under Standing Order No. 16; 332 acres of house-sites in towns were sold for Rs. 11,808 under Standing Order No. 21; 1,172 acres assessed at Rs. 1,165 which had been bought in by Government at sales for arrears of revenue were re-sold under Board's Standing Order No. 45 for Rs. 9,293.

34. *Sub-division of quit-rent.*—No applications were received during the year under Standing Order No. 58 for the sub-division of the joint liability of shareholders in whole inam villages or minor inams in any of the districts in the Presidency.

35. *Transfer of registration of holdings (Statement No. 15).*—Transfers of revenue registration fall under one or other of the following three heads :—

- (1) Transfers applied for through Registration officers.
- (2) Transfers applied for direct to Revenue officers.
- (3) Transfers proposed by Revenue officers *suo motu*.

Under the first head 55,519 applications were received during the fasli against 56,120 in the previous fasli. The variation is small and calls for no remark.

The number of applications presented direct to Revenue officers was 55,980 and the number of cases which Revenue officers dealt with on their own initiative under paragraphs 5 and 7 of Board's Standing Order No. 31 was 13,676. No useful comparison can be effected between these figures and the corresponding ones of the previous year for want of uniformity in the preparation of statement No. 15. In some districts the cases dealt with by the special staff are included in the statement while in others they are not.

The total number of cases of all kinds to be dealt with in the fasli under report including the number pending disposal at its beginning was 139,681; of these 124,786 were disposed of during the fasli, leaving a balance of 14,895 pending at the close of the fasli, of which 2,150 have since been disposed of. The percentage of pendency was high in South Arcot.

36. *Ruined tanks.*—No tanks were handed over to private individuals for repair under Board's Standing Order No. 8.

37. *Settlement by Collectors.*—The rule laid down in paragraph 2 of Board's Standing Order No. 12 that the settlement of each taluk should be conducted by the Collector himself once in five years was complied with except as regards Gumsur-Udayagiri (Chokkapad khandam) in Ganjām, Razole and Yellavaram in Gōdāvari, Tiruvannāmalai and Wandiwash in North Arcot, Palni in Madura, Ambāsamudram and Sankaranayinārkōil in Tinnevely and Dharmapuri in Salem. The Collectors of Ganjām, North Arcot, Tinnevely and Salem intend to take up in the current year, the settlement of the taluks not settled by them. The Collectors of Gōdāvari and Madura are requested to adopt the same course in respect of the taluks not settled by them within five years.

38. *Loans and advances.*—The advances made under the Land Improvement Loans Act during fasli 1321 amounted to Rs. 3.08 lakhs and those under the Agriculturists' Loans Act to Rs. 3.68 lakhs. The aggregate amount advanced under both the Acts was thus Rs. 6.76 lakhs as against Rs. 6.04 lakhs in the preceding fasli. The increase which is small is the nett result of a decrease in seven districts and of an increase in the remaining districts. The increase is noticeable in the districts of Kurnool, Bellary, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, Tanjore and Tinnevely, while the decrease was large in the districts of Salem and Trichinopoly. Where an increase occurred it was generally due to the unfavourable character of the season during the fasli under review.

39. *Objects to which loans were applied.*—In regard to the amounts advanced under the Land Improvement Loans Act, Rs. 1,63,791 or about 53 per cent. were for

sinking new wells, the bulk of the amount having been taken up by the ryots of Madura, Coimbatore, Tinnevely, Chingleput and Trichinopoly; Rs. 50,903 were for repairing old wells, mostly in Coimbatore, Madura and Trichinopoly, and Rs. 38,250 for the reclamation of land, a large portion of which was expended in Bellary, Trichinopoly and Kistna. The loans, granted for other purposes amounted to Rs. 55,255. Under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, a sum of Rs. 3,09,380 or 84 per cent. was advanced for the purchase of cattle, chiefly in the districts of Chingleput, Madura, Trichinopoly, Anantapur, Bellary, Chittoor, Salem and North Arcot; Rs. 25,376 were lent for the purchase of fodder, over half being granted in Kurnool; Rs. 13,015 were lent for the purchase of seed-grain and Rs. 20,592 for other purposes.

40. *Recoveries.*—A sum of Rs. 3.41 lakhs under the Land Improvement Loans Act and of Rs. 3.58 lakhs under the Agriculturists' Loans Act became repayable during the fasli; of these sums Rs. 3.006 lakhs or 88 per cent. under the former Act and Rs. 3.059 lakhs or 85 per cent. under the latter were collected. Advances amounting to Rs. 24,412 under the former Act and Rs. 12,241 under the latter Act, were repaid by borrowers on account of loans the repayment of which had not fallen due, while sums amounting to Rs. 735 under the former Act and Rs. 83 under the latter Act were written off the accounts as irrecoverable.

41. *Coercive process.*—The aggregate amount of principal and interest repayable during the year under both the Acts was Rs. 9,84,790, of which a sum of Rs. 3,01,642 or about 31 per cent. was collected without resort to coercive processes, and a sum of Rs. 5,33,909 or 54 per cent., after the issue of demands; a sum of Rs. 22,132 was realized after attachment but before sale, a sum of Rs. 111 by the sale of moveable property and a sum of Rs. 833 by the sale of land. The balance outstanding at the end of the year was Rs. 1,26,163, the arrears being heaviest in Anantapur (Rs. 29,766), Chingleput (Rs. 16,008), Madura (Rs. 14,403), Bellary (Rs. 13,266) and Ganjam (Rs. 12,586).

42. The following statement shows the amount of interest payable by the Local Government to the Government of India for fasli 1321 :—

Acts.	Amount advanced to the Local Government by the Government of India.			Interest payable for the year by the Local Government to the Government of India at 3½ per cent. on the mean outstanding.
	Outstanding at the beginning of the year.	Outstanding at the close of the year.	Mean outstanding.	
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Land Improvement Loans Act	32,09,382	31,91,804	32,00,593	1,12,021
Agriculturists' Loans Act	13,75,242	14,25,369	14,00,806	49,010
Total ..	45,84,624	46,17,173	46,00,899	1,61,031

43. The subjoined statement shows the financial results of the operations under the Loans Acts :—

Items.	Land improvement Loans Act.	Agriculturists' Loans Act.	Total.
	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Interest payable for fasli 1321 by the Local Government to the Government of India.	1,12,021	49,010	1,61,031
2. Interest collected during the year	1,62,847	88,098	2,50,945
3. Balance of interest accruing to the Local Government, i.e., difference of items 1 and 2.	+ 50,826	+ 39,088	+ 89,914
4. Remissions of Principal	735	83	818
5. Nett result for 1911-1912	+ 50,091	+ 39,005	+ 89,096
6. Nett result for previous years {			
1906-07	+ 31,225	+ 13,867	+ 45,092
1907-08	+ 18,040	+ 9,044	+ 27,084
1908-09	+ 26,499	+ 12,242	+ 32,741
1909-10	+ 29,365	+ 30,726	+ 60,091
1910-11	+ 38,481	+ 37,368	+ 75,849
7. Expenditure on free grants in aid towards the construction of private protective works or on establishments for well-boring or other outlay incurred from current revenue in connection with Takkavi transactions.	12,812	15,368	28,180

* Represents the cost of special establishments entertained in certain districts and the cost of time devoted to loans work by the ordinary Land Revenue establishment at 3½ per cent. on the amount advanced during the year.

44. With the aid of loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 589 wells capable of irrigating 2,814 acres of land were constructed during the fasli at an aggregate cost of Rs. 1,29,574 and 310 wells designed to benefit 1,496 acres were repaired at a cost of Rs. 53,505; Rs. 19,418 were spent on the reclamation of 2,018 acres of land and Rs. 67,470 on other improvements benefiting about 2,452 acres of land. The Madura district shows the largest number of wells (176) constructed and repaired and it is followed by Coimbatore (147). Under the Agriculturists' Loans Act 5,216 head of cattle were purchased at an aggregate cost of Rs. 2,81,537, and 127 houses were rebuilt at a cost of Rs. 13,505. Seed-grain was purchased to the amount of Rs. 1,391 and Rs. 1,485 were expended on sugarcane mills. A sum of Rs. 9,680 was spent for other purposes.

* 45. *Survey advances.*—The advances made during the year under "Revenue Survey advances—Collectors" amounted to Rs. 83,539. Of this sum—

	RS.
Kistna spent	22,041
Tanjore spent	20,100
Guntur spent	9,309
South Canara spent	3,793
Cuddapah	2,976
South Arcot	2,953
Gōdāvari	2,829
Coimbatore	2,620
Kurnool	2,582
Nellore	2,279
Salem	2,209

The total amount which had to be accounted for during the year was Rs. 3,78,297, of which a sum of Rs. 63,735 was credited to accounts leaving a balance of Rs. 3,14,562.

The sum which remained to the debit of "cost of survey marks—Collectors" was Rs. 28,466 and of this amount Rs. 25,083 was recovered during the year from the ryots or municipalities concerned.

Landholders' bills to the amount of Rs. 3,99,973 were received from survey officers during the year in the districts of Ganjam, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, North Arcot, Chittoor, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Rāmnād, Tinnevely and the Nilgiris. The arrears outstanding at the beginning of the year being Rs. 3,18,854, the total amount recoverable during the year was Rs. 7,18,827. Of this, a sum of Rs. 5,16,336 was collected during the year, the balance outstanding being Rs. 2,02,491.

46. *Junior Civilians—Knowledge of vernaculars.*—The reports of the Collectors generally show that with a few exceptions, their Civilian Assistants have a fair knowledge of the vernaculars and are able to dispose of vernacular papers without abstracts.

47. *The relations between landlords and tenants in larger zamindari.*—These relations were, with a few exceptions, fairly satisfactory. In some parts of the Ganjam district, their relations were still strained owing to a general desire on the part of the ryots to substitute money for grain rents. There has been much litigation in the Mandasa estate of the same district. The friction which existed between the Zamindar of Devarakōta in the Kistna district and his tenants is reported to have abated to a considerable extent. The management of the Pamur estate in the Nellore district continued to be unsatisfactory. In the Karvetnagar and Kālahāsti estates of the Chittoor district many summary suits were filed by the landlords and tenants and their relations were not altogether amicable. The Collector considers that the new proprietors are likely to feel a more abiding interest in their estates than the present mortgagees and to get on better with the ryots. The strained relations between the Zamindar of Udaiyārpālaiyam and his tenants in the Trichinopoly district has led to numerous proceedings under the Estates Land Act. In the Kannivādi zamindari in the Dindigul taluk of Madura, the tenants are reported to have strongly resented and obstructed the survey of their holdings and to have complained that their irrigation

* Note.—The figures in this paragraph relate to the official year 1911-12.

sources were not kept in efficient repair and that communal lands had been diverted from their legitimate use. There has been some friction between the zamindars and tenants in the Periyakulam taluk of the same district owing to irregularity in the issue of pattas and to the levy of enhanced charge for garden crops raised on dry lands with the aid of wells. In the Seithur zamindari of the Rāmnād district there was a dispute about forest rights, and in the Devakkōttai division there was a certain amount of friction between Chetties and their tenants.

48. *Growth of sub-letting in ryotwar tracts.*—Sub-letting is chiefly resorted to by those engaged in professions other than agriculture and by large landholders. It is reported to be on the increase in Ganjām, Gōdāvari, the delta taluks of Guntūr and North Arcot while in Tinnevely sub-letting is described as “the general practice.” In parts of Bellary, on the other hand, there appears to be a tendency on the part of landholders to take back land from tenants and cultivate it themselves owing to the tempting prices of food-grains and cotton.

49. *Effect of recent legislation on the people.*—In the year under report there was no legislation affecting the people generally. The Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 has, no doubt, largely increased the work of Revenue officers in some districts. Its provisions are becoming better known by the people and it appears to be working smoothly on the whole. The Limited Proprietors’ Act, 1911, is said to be finding favour with the managers and mortgagees of estates in the Nellore district.

50. *Co-operative societies.*—During the year under report 376 societies were registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, namely, one Central, 16 Urban, 35 rural and 2 unions. The total number of societies established in 25 districts of the Presidency amounted to 972 at the end of the year 1911–12.

(True Extract.)

S. VENKATARAMADAS,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department
(with extracts from Collectors’ reports).
„ all Collectors (Divisional Officers and Tahsildars).
„ the Director of Land Records.
„ the Director of Agriculture.
„ the Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

No. 1.—Statement showing the retail and wholesale prices of food-grains in seers of 80 tolas per rupee compared with the commutation rates of the newly-settled districts in each districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1321 (1911-12).

(Paragraph 2 of the report.)

No. I.—Statement showing the retail and wholesale prices of food-grains in seers of 80 tolas per rupee for fasli 1321

(Paragraph

District.	Rice, second sort.			Paddy, first and second sorts.					Cholam.				
	Normal rate (e).	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Average (d).	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Wholesale price, fasli 1321.	Commutation rate.	Normal rate (e).	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Wholesale price, fasli 1321.	Commutation rate.
1. Ganjam	11-0	9-8	8-5	19-8	18-5	16-8	19-2	60	..	..	..	..	..
2. Vizagapatam	11-0	9-3	8-1	18-0	16-4	14-8	17-4	45	..	..	..	..	..
3. Godavari	11-0	10-1	8-3	17-3	16-8	13-8	16-2	40	18-0	17-7	14-4	16-7	..
4. Kistna	10-0	9-9	8-6	17-5	15-9	14-1	16-6	40	16-0	13-8	12-9	15-1	28
5. Guntur (d)	11-0	9-7	8-3	13-5	15-2	13-6	16-1	48	16-0	13-8	12-9	15-1	43
6. Karnool—													
Proper	11-0	9-3	8-1	18-0	16-4	14-8	17-4	45	..	..	..	..	..
Pattikonda, Cumbum and Markapur	10-0	9-1	8-0	16-2	14-4	13-2	16-1	35	20-0	* 16-8	* 14-9	18-0	34
Koilkuntla	..	..	..	..	..	..	15-2	35	..	..	..	18-0	33
7. Bellary—													
Black-cotton soil taluks—Bellary, Alur and Adoni.	9-0	8-8	7-9	16-0	15-2	13-9	17-1	35	17-0	* 16-6	* 14-8	17-6	36
Western taluks—Hospet, Havinhadagalli, Kudligi, Rayadrug and Harpanahalli.	..	..	..	..	..	..	15-9	35	..	..	..	17-0	39
8. Anantapur—													
Gooty and Tadpatri	10-0	10-0	8-8	16-8	17-8	15-1	17-5	35	18-0	* 17-3	* 15-6	19-2	37
Anantapur, Kalyandrug, Dharmavaram and Penukonda	..	..	..	..	..	..	21-8	40	..	..	..	19-2	37
Hindupur and Madakasira	9-0	9-9	8-8	15-0	16-1	14-3	16-1	40	..	..	..	16-1	..
9. Cuddapah	12-0	9-5	9-5	16-6	14-6	15-0	16-7	34	17-0	* 15-2	* 14-5	16-8	35
10. Nellore	9-0	7-7	7-8	14-7	12-7	12-0	15-0	34	17-0	12-6	13-3	14-7	30
11. Madras	10-0	9-7	9-2	16-7	14-8	14-3	16-3	45	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput	10-0	8-7	8-4	16-8	14-6	14-0	16-5	45	..	..	..	..	..
13. South Arcot	11-0	10-0	9-3	16-9	16-9	15-2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Chittoor (e)	11-0	10-1	9-0	17-3	16-3	14-2	15-8	51	..	..	..	..	..
15. North Arcot	10-0	9-9	8-4	16-0	14-6	12-8	15-1	32	16-0	15-7	13-3	15-6	30
16. Salem	10-0	8-3	7-6	15-0	12-9	11-7	13-0	38	16-0	13-7	12-0	15-3	40
17. Coimbatore	10-0	9-0	7-9	16-5	12-3	12-8	15-1	39	17-0	14-6	13-7	16-1	..
18. Trichinopoly	10-0	9-9	8-5	17-5	16-6	14-5	17-1	39	..	..	..	..	..
19. Tanjore	10-0	9-0	7-5	16-7	13-8	11-9	11-9	39	16-0	15-2	12-6	12-6	45
20. Madura	10-0	9-2	7-6	14-0	15-0	12-3	12-3	39	16-0	13-7	12-0	12-0	45
21. Ramanad (f)	10-0	8-8	7-9	15-7	13-9	12-3	14-6	45	17-0	13-6	12-8	..	..
22. Tinnevely	8-0	8-1	7-4	12-0	9-8	9-9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23. The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Malabar—													
Palghat and Calicut	10-0	9-5	7-9	16-2	15-2	12-6	14-8	38	..	..	..	..	..
Other taluks	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anjengo	11-0	10-5	9-2	16-8	16-0	14-6	18-1	27	..	..	..	..	..
25. South Canara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Average	10-2	9-4	8-3	16-2	15-0	13-6	..	..	17-1	15-0	13-6	..	..

* Average of white and yellow cholam.

† Includes red cholam.

‡ Includes black cholam.

(a) Normal rates fixed under G.O. No. 1977, Revenue, dated 3rd July 1912.

(b) Averages for the fifteen years ending fasli 1320 (1910-11). Normal rates for paddy, horsegram and varagu have not

(c) For sub-division taluks only.

(d) Average for seven years only.

(e) Average for one year only.

(f) Average for two years only.

Commutation rates not having

NOTE (1).—The wholesale prices shown against the Cuddapah district are the prices in the ryots' selling months, i.e., the period adopted for the commutation rates shown against Trichinopoly are those adopted for the Tanjore district, the difference in the commutation rates deduced from the Trichinopoly prices not being large.

(2) The commutation rates shown against Trichinopoly are those adopted for the Tanjore district, the difference in the commutation rates deduced from the Trichinopoly prices not being large.

(3) Black paddy was taken as the standard grain for dry in the Godavari and Kistna districts. The commutation rate fixed for

compared with the commutation rates of the newly-settled districts in each district of the Madras Presidency (1911-12).

3 of the report.)

District.	Cumbu.					Ragi.					Horsegram.					Varagu.				
	Normal rate (e).	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Wholesale price, fasli 1321.	Commutation rate.	Normal rate (e).	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Wholesale price, fasli 1321.	Commutation rate.	Average (d).	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Wholesale price, fasli 1321.	Commutation rate.	Average (d).	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Wholesale price, fasli 1321.	Commutation rate.
1	21-0	18-7	14-5	17-1	42	19-0	16-9	15-7	17-9	45	20-7	16-6	18-7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	..	20-6	14-8	17-4	..	19-0	17-4	15-5	18-2	38	19-2	14-9	16-7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	..	16-9	14-7	17-3	..	18-0	18-3	13-9	16-4	..	17-3	14-7	16-9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	..	16-9	14-7	17-3	..	18-0	17-2	14-3	..	..	16-2	13-9	16-8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	17-0	14-5	12-6	14-8	..	..	17-8	16-7	..	..	14-5	13-5	15-9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6	16-0	15-0	13-7	..	..	..	16-6	15-7	..	..	16-6	13-2	16-3	24-8	18-5	18-3	22-7	80	..	..
7	..	..	..	..	..	..	18-6	16-4	..	..	18-2	16-6	17-6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	18-0	17-9	16-8	..	..	21-0	17-9	16-7	..	..	18-6	18-4	18-7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	17-0	(e) 17-5	13-9	13-8	36	19-0	16-2	15-9	..	..	17-1	13-4	16-1	23-1	..	..	..	..	..	..
10	17-0	14-0	13-6	15-1	38	18-0	14-8	15-6	..	..	15-7	11-9	14-6	28-6	..	..	..	..	..	..
11	..	..	..	..	..	16-0	13-1	13-1	..	..	14-9	11-4	14-3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12	..	..	..	..	..	15-0	14-2	14-1	16-1	33	14-2	12-6	13-8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13	16-0	13-7	12-7	14-9	39	16-0	13-5	13-7	..	..	15-8	12-3	13-4	28-3	19-4	19-7	23-2	60	..	..
14	17-0	16-7	14-6	..	..	19-0	14-9	14-2	..	..	13-6	13-5	16-4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	16-0	17-3	13-5	15-0	42	17-0	14-3	13-7	15-2	38	16-7	13-6	15-4	31-8	20-1	27-1	30-1	63	..	..
16	17-0	15-2	12-4	14-6	30	18-0	15-8	14-4	16-9	30	18-5	15-1	16-4	29-7	25-9	25-5	..	..	..	..
17	16-0	14-8	13-3	14-8	40	17-0	15-5	14-6	16-2	40	17-5	13-6	14-7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	17-0	13-4	13-4	15-8	36	18-0	15-7	15-3	18-0	36	15-4	12-5	13-4	29-0	19-3	..	..	..	..	..
19	..	15-1	13-4	15-8	36	18-0	14-6	13-6	16-0	36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	16-0	13-8	11-7	11-7	45	16-0	15-2	12-8	..	..	16-8	12-5	12-9	28-6	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	14-0	12-5	11-4	11-4	45	17-0	15-2	13-6	..	..	11-3	12-1	12-8	22-3	23-2	20-3	..	..	..	..
22	13-0	12-1	12-4	..	..	17-0	13-7	13-9	..	..	15-8	12-4	14-2	30-4	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	..	..	..	..	..	16-0	13-4	12-6	..	..	14-9	13-5	14-2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	..	..	..	..	..	§ 20-1	§ 16-2	..	..	..	13-7	12-0	12-4	..	§	..	..	..	..	..
25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13-4	12-9	12-8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	16-5	15-4	13-5	..	..	17-7	15-8	14-7	..	..	16-1	13-6	15-2	27-9	20-6	21-7	..	..	..	..

been fixed.

been fixed for Ramanad, those for Madura have been adopted.

as the basis of the commutation rate, but the market prices entered against them are the averages of the year. This grain was Rs. 96.

No. 2.—Statement showing the approximate area and revenue of the Zamindaris in the Presidency of Madras for fasli 1321 (1911–1912).

Districts.	Names of zamindaris.	Area as per census of 1881.			Estimated revenue realized by zamindaris for fasli 1321.	Peshkash payable to Government in fasli 1321.
		Cultivated and cultivable area.	Uncultivable area.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ganjam ..	Parlakimedi ..	ACS. 227,200	ACS. 40,800	ACS. 268,000	RS. 4,44,304	RS. 82,156
Vizagapatam ..	Vizianagram ..	384,000	81,280	465,280	19,47,459	(a) 4,93,476
Godavari ..	Bobbili ..	65,280	12,180	77,460	6,85,102	83,471
	Pithapuram ..	167,120	49,280	206,400	9,27,457	2,43,113
Kistna ..	Nidadavole Baharzalli ..	122,880	18,560	141,440	3,04,463	1,12,514
	Devarakota ..	89,600	28,160	117,760	2,45,896	79,508
Nellore ..	Venkatagiri ..	760,960	401,280	1,162,240	1,231,589	(b) 3,68,765
	Karvetnagar ..	218,880	222,720	441,600	8,97,010	1,73,851
Chittoor ..	Kalahasti (Chittoor) ..	128,640	245,120	373,760	683,871	(c) 1,72,731
	(Nellore) ..	239,360	166,400	405,760	1,097,931	2,94,353
	Ramnád ..	586,880	158,720	745,600	9,96,876	2,56,528
Ramnád ..	Sivaganga ..	282,960	137,600	420,560	2,80,515	88,349
	Ettiapuram ..	..	..	..	7,996,649	25,25,753
Tinnevelly ..	All other estates ..	..	..	..	5,975,680	9,01,307
	Jeypore ..	..	..	..	..	16,000
Total ..		..	..	19,085,910	2,28,89,149	49,90,568

(a) Vizagapatam portion ..	RS. 4,76,901	(b) Nellore portion ..	RS. 3,28,626
Ganjam portion ..	10,744	Guntur ..	40,139
Godavari portion ..	5,831		
Total ..	4,93,476	Total ..	3,68,765

(c) Chingleput portion ..	RS. 52,386
Chittoor ..	60,266
Nellore ..	60,079
Total ..	1,72,731

No. 3.—Statement of Ryots' Holdings and Cultivation in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1321 (1911–1912).
(Paragraphs 5, 11 and 12 of the report).

District.	Number of ryotwar villages. (a)	Ryots' holdings.					
		Dry.		Wet.		Total.	
		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Ganjam ..	*1,261	ACS. 213,793	RS. 2,64,718	ACS. 192,795	RS. 7,30,916	ACS. 406,588	RS. 9,86,634
2. Vizagapatam ..	508	*113,903	1,15,508	*62,448	3,51,034	*176,351	4,66,542
3. Godavari ..	550	389,865	5,73,060	180,379	13,46,792	570,244	19,19,852
4. Kistna ..	770	816,115	8,34,844	368,940	24,33,010	985,055	32,67,854
5. Guntur ..	763	1,578,234	28,44,104	231,857	18,29,075	1,810,091	46,73,179
6. Nellore ..	*509	*660,419	*7,10,459	211,750	*13,52,217	*372,149	*20,62,676
7. Cuddapah ..	*764	765,918	7,41,677	76,254	4,83,781	842,172	12,25,408
8. Anantapur ..	750	1,277,557	6,01,826	114,321	4,98,256	1,391,378	11,00,082
9. Bellary ..	873	1,833,838	13,90,247	40,317	2,53,214	1,874,155	15,53,461
10. Kurnool ..	695	1,364,028	*12,33,710	*38,261	*2,62,283	*1,402,289	*14,96,993
11. Madras ..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput ..	*1,492	315,407	3,89,784	350,582	14,59,507	665,989	(b) 18,55,293
13. Chittoor ..	470	356,358	2,39,933	78,089	4,29,614	431,477	6,69,647
14. North Arcot ..	*1,730	756,368	8,69,630	254,546	13,60,246	1,010,914	22,29,376
15. South Arcot ..	2,215	1,104,440	*16,77,470	339,852	*18,87,821	1,441,292	35,55,291
16. Tanjore ..	1,436	371,563	5,44,501	770,126	49,67,717	1,141,689	56,02,218
17. Trichinopoly ..	761	1,332,227	12,97,172	168,388	12,07,582	1,500,565	26,04,754
18. Madura ..	731	930,140	10,13,541	182,053	9,17,738	1,112,193	13,31,270
19. Ramnad ..	*137	*270,327	*3,50,162	*26,708	*1,61,799	*297,030	*5,11,961
20. Tinnevelly ..	*574	1,027,737	7,11,511	181,049	17,91,038	1,208,786	25,02,544
21. Coimbatore ..	*1,178	2,161,563	21,76,403	75,493	6,18,999	2,237,056	27,95,402
22. The Nilgiris ..	54	182,233	1,10,712	5,300	11,410	187,533	1,22,122
23. Salem ..	1,410	1,177,647	13,86,800	85,059	5,02,347	12,62,706	18,89,147
24. South Canara ..	799	300,011	1,31,818	492,295	22,35,220	792,306	32,67,038
25. Malabar ..	2,223	715,332	14,36,886	542,150	18,41,101	1,257,482	27,77,987
26. Anjengo ..	2	286	1,655	31	19	327	1,674
Total ..	22,567	19,815,349	2,15,68,131	5,068,968	2,89,02,681	24,884,317	5,04,76,814

District.	Deduct land given up or transferred to other heads.						Remainder.	
	Dry.		Wet.		Total.		Dry.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1. Ganjam ..	ACS. 923	RS. 1,164	ACS. 1,136	4,663	2,069	5,827	ACS. 212,870	RS. 2,58,554
2. Vizagapatam ..	753	884	478	2,399	1,231	3,283	113,150	1,14,624
3. Godavari ..	30,696	15,583	1,936	14,458	32,032	30,041	359,769	5,57,477
4. Kistna ..	17,021	21,303	9,031	53,259	26,062	74,562	599,093	8,13,541
5. Guntur ..	20,842	35,136	3,985	30,704	24,827	65,840	1,557,392	28,06,968
6. Nellore ..	10,217	10,046	2,279	13,873	12,496	23,919	650,202	7,00,413
7. Cuddapah ..	8,300	5,890	6,118	55,263	14,418	61,143	757,618	7,36,787
8. Anantapur ..	19,342	8,272	1,795	7,093	21,137	15,365	1,268,215	5,93,554
9. Bellary ..	36,114	25,680	1,388	7,142	37,502	32,822	1,797,724	12,94,587
10. Kurnool ..	21,842	15,913	572	3,220	22,414	19,133	1,342,186	12,17,797
11. Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput ..	4,856	6,073	3,273	22,162	10,129	28,235	310,551	3,83,711
13. Chittoor ..	2,467	2,021	844	4,530	3,311	6,551	353,921	2,37,912
14. North Arcot ..	26,053	32,172	9,617	48,009	25,670	80,181	730,315	8,37,458
15. South Arcot ..	15,242	22,652	5,207	28,732	20,449	51,384	1,089,198	16,54,818
16. Tanjore ..	4,018	6,148	14,478	93,928	18,496	1,00,086	367,545	5,38,353
17. Trichinopoly ..	16,323	16,393	3,260	25,195	19,533	41,588	1,315,904	12,80,779
18. Madura ..	13,503	14,536	3,787	18,207	17,290	32,743	916,637	9,99,005
19. Ramnad ..	18,597	21,271	3,455	21,281	22,052	42,552	251,780	3,23,891
20. Tinnevelly ..	12,577	6,046	2,565	26,299	15,142	32,845	1,013,160	7,06,465
21. Coimbatore ..	40,517	39,917	1,143	8,980	41,660	48,897	2,121,646	21,36,486
22. The Nilgiris ..	5,494	3,538	102	213	5,596	3,751	176,739	1,07,174
23. Salem ..	30,942	36,838	2,359	13,046	33,301	49,884	1,146,705	1,349,982
24. South Canara ..	5,448	3,512	11,656	52,440	17,133	55,952	294,563	1,28,306
25. Malabar ..	13,400	9,211	6,475	12,744	19,875	21,955	701,932	14,27,675
26. Anjengo ..	11	49	2	1	13	50	285	1,606
Total ..	374,898	3,60,248	98,970	5,67,841	473,868	9,28,089	19,440,451	2,12,07,883

* Revised figure.

† The inam settlement of Kondapalayam village of Wallajah taluk included among inam villages in the last years' report has been ordered to be kept in abeyance pending disposal of the civil suit regarding the reversionary right of Government to the village.

(a) Paragraph 5 of the report.

(b) Includes Rs. 6,002, the assessment of rented villages for which particulars of dry and wet are not available.

No. 3.—Statement of Ryots' Holdings and Cultivation in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1321 (1911-1912)—*cont.*

District.	Remainder— <i>cont.</i>				Land taken up or transferred from other heads.			
	Wet.		Total.		Dry.		Wet.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.
1. Ganjam ..	191,659	7,26,253	404,529	9,79,807	3,776	4,813	1,950	6,380
2. Vizagapatam ..	61,970	3,43,635	175,120	4,63,269	1,240	957	576	10,696
3. Godavari ..	178,443	13,32,324	538,212	18,89,811	31,644	15,435	2,110	15,480
4. Kistna ..	359,909	23,79,751	959,003	31,93,292	25,542	33,657	7,934	47,245
5. Guntur ..	227,872	17,98,371	1,785,264	46,07,339	33,171	44,258	4,545	33,656
6. Nellore ..	209,451	13,38,344	859,653	20,38,757	10,600	9,370	3,468	22,215
7. Cuddapah ..	70,136	4,28,478	827,754	11,64,265	15,049	15,937	444	4,110
8. Anantapur ..	112,526	4,91,163	1,370,741	10,84,717	32,604	11,395	2,093	7,591
9. Bellary ..	88,929	2,26,072	1,836,653	15,20,639	47,915	29,908	1,538	7,445
10. Kurnool ..	37,689	2,59,063	1,379,875	14,76,860	31,196	21,783	661	3,527
11. Madras ..								
12. Chingleput ..	345,309	14,37,345	655,860	18,27,058	9,899	10,597	6,122	25,275
13. Chittoor ..	77,245	4,25,081	431,166	6,62,998	4,504	3,460	1,446	7,822
14. North Arcot ..	244,929	13,12,237	975,244	21,49,695	35,158	40,317	10,115	49,921
15. South Arcot ..	334,645	18,59,089	1,423,842	35,13,907	23,966	32,657	6,002	32,608
16. Tanjore ..	755,648	48,63,779	1,123,193	54,02,132	4,006	6,209	14,507	96,977
17. Trichinopoly ..	165,078	11,62,387	1,480,982	24,63,168	20,654	21,121	3,284	25,282
18. Madura ..	178,266	8,99,531	1,094,903	18,98,536	22,375	21,620	5,105	27,754
19. Ramnad ..	23,248	1,40,518	274,978	4,69,409	19,284	21,982	3,457	21,294
20. Tinnevely ..	178,484	17,64,734	1,193,644	24,70,199	10,603	36,264	2,969	41,315
21. Coimbatore ..	74,350	6,10,019	2,195,396	27,46,505	44,647	79,885	1,247	26,471
22. The Nilgiris ..	5,198	11,197	181,937	1,18,371	5,889	3,999	106	217
23. Salem ..	82,700	4,89,301	1,229,405	18,39,263	35,763	40,789	2,509	13,868
24. South Canara ..	480,610	21,82,780	776,173	23,11,086	10,243	7,795	12,223	53,781
25. Malabar ..	535,675	18,28,357	1,237,607	32,56,032	8,194	9,843	3,814	11,276
26. Anjengo ..	29	18	314	1,624	11	49	2	1
Total ..	4,969,998	2,83,34,840	24,410,449	4,95,48,725	487,633	5,24,105	98,227	5,92,107

District.	Land taken up or transferred from other heads— <i>cont.</i>		Total holdings.					
	Total.		Dry.		Wet.		Total.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.
1. Ganjam ..	5,726	11,143	216,646	2,58,367	193,609	7,32,583	410,255	9,90,950
2. Vizagapatam ..	1,816	11,653	114,390	1,15,581	62,546	3,59,331	176,936	4,74,912
3. Godavari ..	33,654	30,915	391,313	5,72,912	180,553	13,47,814	571,866	19,20,726
4. Kistna ..	33,476	80,902	624,636	8,47,198	367,843	21,26,996	992,479	32,74,194
5. Guntur ..	37,716	77,914	1,590,563	28,53,226	232,417	18,32,027	1,822,380	46,85,253
6. Nellore ..	14,068	31,585	640,802	7,09,733	212,919	13,60,559	873,721	20,70,342
7. Cuddapah ..	15,493	20,947	772,667	7,51,724	70,580	4,32,588	843,247	11,84,312
8. Anantapur ..	34,697	18,986	1,290,819	5,04,949	114,619	4,98,754	1,405,438	11,03,703
9. Bellary ..	49,455	37,353	1,845,639	13,24,475	40,467	2,33,517	1,886,106	15,57,992
10. Kurnool ..	31,857	25,315	1,373,332	12,39,585	33,350	2,62,590	1,411,732	15,02,175
11. Madras ..								
12. Chingleput ..	15,821	35,872	320,250	3,94,308	351,431	14,62,620	671,631	(b) 18,62,930
13. Chittoor ..	5,950	11,282	358,425	2,41,372	78,691	4,32,906	437,116	6,74,278
14. North Arcot ..	45,273	90,238	765,473	8,77,775	255,044	13,62,153	1,020,517	22,39,933
15. South Arcot ..	29,938	65,265	1,113,164	16,87,475	340,647	18,91,697	1,463,811	35,79,172
16. Tanjore ..	18,513	1,93,186	371,551	5,44,562	770,155	49,60,756	1,141,706	55,05,318
17. Trichinopoly ..	23,933	46,353	1,336,558	13,01,900	168,362	12,07,519	1,504,920	25,09,519
18. Madura ..	27,480	49,374	939,012	10,26,625	193,371	9,27,285	1,122,383	19,47,910
19. Ramnad ..	22,741	43,276	271,914	3,60,873	26,705	1,61,812	297,719	5,12,685
20. Tinnevely ..	13,572	77,579	1,025,783	7,41,729	181,453	18,06,049	1,207,216	25,47,778
21. Coimbatore ..	45,894	1,06,356	2,165,693	22,16,371	75,597	6,36,490	2,241,290	28,52,861
22. The Nilgiris ..	5,985	4,216	182,628	1,11,173	5,304	11,414	187,932	1,22,587
23. Salem ..	38,272	54,657	1,182,468	13,90,751	85,209	503,169	1,267,677	18,93,920
24. South Canara ..	22,456	61,576	304,806	1,36,101	492,833	22,36,561	797,639	23,72,662
25. Malabar ..	12,008	21,119	710,126	14,37,518	539,489	18,39,633	1,249,615	32,77,151
26. Anjengo ..	18	50	296	1,655	31	19	327	1,674
Total ..	585,860	11,16,212	19,928,084	2,17,31,988	5,068,225	2,89,26,947	24,996,309	5,06,64,937

(b) Includes Rs. 6,002, the assessment of rented villages for which particulars of dry and wet are not available.

No. 3.—Statement of Ryots' Holdings and Cultivation in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1321 (1911-1912)—*cont.*

District.	Waste remitted. (c)					
	Dry.		Wet.		Total.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	33	34	35	36	37	38
	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.
1. Ganjam ..			1,366	5,284	1,866	5,284
2. Vizagapatam ..			7,178	30,669	7,178	30,669
3. Godavari ..			640	2,812	640	2,812
4. Kistna ..	9	25	2,942	12,831	2,951	12,856
5. Guntur ..			1,662	10,070	1,662	10,070
6. Nellore ..			553	2,947	553	2,947
7. Cuddapah ..			10,297	48,626	10,297	48,626
8. Anantapur ..			28,389	1,18,672	28,389	1,18,672
9. Bellary ..			4,337	20,921	4,337	20,921
10. Kurnool ..			2,671	12,031	2,671	12,031
11. Madras ..						
12. Chingleput ..			1,006	4,020	1,006	4,020
13. Chittoor ..			21,727	1,01,343	21,727	1,01,343
14. North Arcot ..			3,872	19,201	3,872	19,201
15. South Arcot ..			10	48	10	48
16. Tanjore ..			106	484	106	484
17. Trichinopoly ..			1,495	6,251	1,495	6,251
18. Madura ..			10,197	38,594	10,197	38,594
19. Ramnad ..			208	1,396	208	1,396
20. Tinnevely ..			2,261	11,889	2,261	11,889
21. Coimbatore ..			563	3,261	563	3,261
22. The Nilgiris ..						
23. Salem ..			6,517	35,323	6,517	35,323
24. South Canara ..						
25. Malabar ..						
26. Anjengo ..						
Total ..	9	25	108,397	4,86,663	108,406	4,86,668

Remainder charged.								
District.	Dry.				Wet.			
	Extent.			Asses- ment.	Charge for water. (d)	Extent.		
	Actual cultiva- tion. (e)	Waste charged.	Total.			Actual cultivation.	Waste charged.	Total.
	39	40	41			42	43	44
	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	RS.	RS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.
1. Ganjam ..	169,309	47,337	216,646	2,58,367	21,502	185,662	6,081	191,743
2. Vizagapatam ..	78,465	35,925	114,390	1,15,581	8,671	49,590	5,778	55,368
3. Godavari ..	224,991	166,322	391,313	5,72,912	1,59,582	170,324	9,589	179,913
4. Kistna ..	379,208	245,419	624,627	8,47,173	3,99,595	342,447	22,454	364,901
5. Guntur ..	1,290,317	300,246	1,590,563	28,63,226	2,01,213	225,535	5,220	230,755
6. Nellore ..	419,074	241,728	660,802	7,09,733	56,171	205,457	6,909	212,366
7. Cuddapah ..	630,680	141,572	* 772,252	7,51,724	52,489	58,283	2,000	60,283
8. Anantapur ..	963,547	327,272	1,290,819	6,04,949	16,543	74,413	11,817	86,230
9. Bellary ..	1,667,548	178,091	1,845,639	13,24,475	8,486	31,908	4,252	36,160
10. Kurnool ..	1,244,460	128,922	1,373,382	12,39,585	51,909	34,755	1,024	35,779
11. Madras ..								
12. Chingleput ..	207,656	112,694	320,250	3,94,308	21,766	321,875	28,550	350,425
13. Chittoor ..	246,958	111,467	358,425	2,41,372	10,925	50,317	6,647	56,964
14. North Arcot ..	599,480	165,993	765,473	8,77,775	1,09,698	234,265	16,907	251,172
15. South Arcot ..	917,198	195,966	1,113,164	16,87,475	2,75,825	327,194	13,443	340,637
16. Tanjore ..	256,197	115,354	371,551	5,44,562	1,31,897	744,937	25,112	770,049
17. Trichinopoly ..	946,375	396,188	1,336,558	13,01,900	62,706	157,362	9,505	166,867
18. Madura ..	718,357	220,655	939,012	10,26,625	1,39,411	168,393	14,791	173,174
19. Ramnad ..	241,678	29,336	271,014	3,50,873	6,260	25,768	729	26,497
20. Tinnevely ..	562,025	463,738	1,025,763	7,41,729	16,089	172,254	6,938	179,192
21. Madura ..	1,622,875	542,818	2,165,693	22,16,371	46,589	72,781	2,253	75,034
22. The Nilgiris ..	60,800	122,328	182,628	1,11,173		4,392	912	5,304
23. Salem ..	972,532	209,936	1,182,468	13,90,751	10,204	70,129	8,663	78,692
24. South Canara ..	79,498	225,308	304,806	1,36,101	..	477,672	15,161	492,833
25. Malabar ..	656,605	53,461	710,126	14,37,518	..	623,502	15,987	639,489
26. Anjengo ..	296	..	296	1,655	..	31	..	31
Total ..	15,149,589	4,778,071	19,928,075	2,17,31,963	18,07,231	4,719,246	240,582	4,959,828

No. 3.—Statement of Ryots' Holdings and Cultivation in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1321 (1911-1912)—*cont.*

District.	Remainder charged— <i>cont.</i>				
	Wet— <i>cont.</i>		Total.		
	Assessment.	Charge for water. (d)	Extent.		
			Actual cultivation. (e)	Waste charged.	Total.
	47	48	49	50	51
1. Ganjam	RS. 7,27,299	RS. 23,195	ACS. 354,971	ACS. 53,418	ACS. 408,389
2. Vizagapatam	3,28,662	335	128,055	41,703	169,758
3. Godavari	13,45,002	1,51,503	395,315	175,911	571,226
4. Kistna	24,14,165	2,22,591	721,655	267,873	989,528
5. Guntur	18,21,957	6,620	1,515,852	305,466	1,821,318
6. Nellore	13,57,612	55,152	624,531	248,636	873,167
7. Cuddapah	3,83,962	18,533	688,963	143,572	832,535
8. Anantapur	3,80,082	17,143	1,037,960	339,089	1,377,049
9. Bellary	2,12,596	40,086	1,699,456	152,313	1,851,769
10. Kurnool	2,50,559	10,333	1,279,215	129,947	1,409,162
11. Madras					
12. Chingleput	14,58,600	1,05,616	529,431	141,244	670,675
13. Chittoor	3,31,563	9,739	297,275	118,114	415,389
14. North Arcot	13,42,957	1,15,517	833,745	182,900	1,016,645
15. South Arcot	18,91,649	1,17,598	1,244,392	209,409	1,453,801
16. Tanjore	49,60,272	1,33,819	1,001,134	140,466	1,141,600
17. Trichinopoly	12,01,368	83,655	1,097,737	405,688	1,503,425
18. Madras	8,88,691	68,179	876,750	235,436	1,112,186
19. Ramanad	1,60,416	3,046	267,446	30,065	297,511
20. Tinnevely	17,94,160	38,992	734,279	470,876	1,205,155
21. Coimbatore	6,33,239	19,295	1,695,656	545,071	2,240,727
22. The Nilgiris	11,414		64,892	123,240	187,932
23. Salem	4,67,846	97	10,42,661	218,499	12,61,160
24. South Canara	22,36,561		557,170	240,469	797,639
25. Malabar	18,39,632	29,058	1,180,167	69,448	1,249,615
26. Anjengo	19		327		327
Total	2,84,40,284	12,70,102	19,868,836	5,018,653	24,887,908

District.	Remainder charged— <i>cont.</i>			Deduct other remissions and deductions as per statement No. 4.	Remainder.	Add net miscellaneous revenue as per statement No. 5.	Total ryotwar demand.
	Total— <i>cont.</i>		Total of columns 52 and 53.				
	Assessment.	Charge for water. (d)					
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Ganjam	9,85,666	44,697	10,30,363	78,901	9,51,462	3,17,878	12,69,340
2. Vizagapatam	4,44,243	9,006	4,53,249	59,238	3,94,011	2,05,473	5,99,484
3. Godavari	19,17,914	3,11,085	22,28,999	18,995	22,10,004	14,41,651	36,51,655
4. Kistna	32,61,335	6,22,186	38,83,521	23,925	38,59,599	22,25,278	60,84,877
5. Guntur	46,75,183	2,07,833	48,83,016	19,637	48,63,379	6,06,503	54,69,882
6. Nellore	20,67,395	1,11,323	21,78,718	28,116	21,50,602	3,03,658	24,54,260
7. Cuddapah	11,35,636	71,022	12,06,708	102,130	11,04,578	3,16,653	14,21,231
8. Anantapur	9,85,031	33,686	10,18,717	79,263	9,39,454	2,84,304	12,23,758
9. Bellary	15,37,071	48,572	15,85,643	28,047	15,57,596	2,86,251	18,43,847
10. Kurnool	14,90,144	62,242	15,52,386	82,669	14,69,717	4,32,215	19,01,932
11. Madras						1,02,890	1,02,890
12. Chingleput	(b) 18,58,910	1,27,382	19,86,292	64,471	19,21,821	1,22,227	20,44,048
13. Chittoor	5,72,935	20,664	5,93,599	67,227	5,26,372	1,32,301	6,58,673
14. North Arcot	22,20,732	2,25,115	24,45,847	66,729	23,79,118	2,06,945	25,86,063
15. South Arcot	35,79,124	3,93,223	39,72,347	60,661	39,11,686	2,83,721	41,95,407
16. Tanjore	55,04,834	2,65,716	57,70,550	74,377	56,96,173	3,07,067	60,03,240
17. Trichinopoly	25,03,268	1,46,361	26,49,629	84,656	25,64,973	2,18,544	27,83,517
18. Madras	19,09,316	2,07,590	21,16,906	92,932	20,23,974	3,85,262	24,09,236
19. Rāmnād	5,11,239	9,306	5,20,595	18,445	5,02,150	66,611	5,68,761
20. Tinnevely	25,35,889	55,081	25,90,970	2,36,969	23,54,001	1,83,127	25,37,128
21. Madras	28,49,610	65,884	29,15,494	62,811	28,52,683	2,09,182	30,61,865
22. The Nilgiris	1,22,587		1,22,587	1,027	1,21,560	11,094	1,32,654
23. Salem	18,58,597	10,301	18,68,898	1,22,780	17,46,118	1,09,828	18,55,944
24. South Canara	23,72,662		23,72,662	2,16,591	21,56,071	85,027	22,41,098
25. South Canara	32,77,151	29,058	33,06,209	65,851	32,40,368	2,15,117	34,55,475
26. Anjengo	1,674		1,674		1,674	1,165	2,839
Total	5,01,78,249	30,77,333	5,32,55,582	17,56,448	5,14,99,134	90,59,970	6,05,59,104

* Includes 415 acres dry, for which particulars of actual cultivation and waste charged are not available.
 (b) Includes Rs. 6,002, the assessment of rented villages for which particulars of dry and wet are not available.
 (c) Paragraph 12 of the report.
 (d) Paragraph 11 of the report.

No. 4.—Comparative Statement of Holdings and Settlement of the Ryotwari Land Revenue for fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

District.	Dry.					
	Land.				Assessment.	
	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Comparison.		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
			Increase.	Decrease.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Ganjam	ACS. 213,793	ACS. 216,646	ACS. 2,853	..	RS. 2,54,718	RS. 2,58,367
2. Vizagapatam	* 113,903	114,390	487	..	1,15,508	1,15,581
3. Godavari	389,865	391,313	1,448	..	5,73,060	5,72,912
4. Kistna	616,115	624,636	8,521	..	8,84,844	8,47,198
5. Guntur	1,578,224	1,590,563	12,339	..	28,44,104	28,53,226
6. Nellore	* 660,419	660,802	383	..	* 7,10,459	7,09,783
7. Cuddapah	765,918	772,667	6,749	..	7,41,677	7,51,724
8. Anantapur	1,277,557	1,290,819	13,262	..	6,01,826	6,04,949
9. Bellary	1,833,838	1,845,639	11,801	..	13,20,247	13,24,476
10. Kurnool	1,364,023	1,373,382	9,359	..	* 12,33,710	12,39,685
11. Madras						
12. Chingleput	315,407	320,250	4,843	..	3,89,784	3,94,308
13. Chittoor	356,388	358,425	2,037	..	2,39,933	2,41,372
14. North Arcot	756,368	765,473	9,105	..	5,69,680	5,77,775
15. South Arcot	1,104,440	1,113,164	8,724	..	* 16,77,470	16,87,476
16. Tanjore	371,563	371,551	..	12	5,44,601	5,44,569
17. Trichinopoly	1,332,227	1,336,558	4,331	..	12,97,172	13,01,900
18. Madras	930,140	939,012	8,872	..	10,13,541	10,20,625
19. Ramanad	* 270,327	271,014	687	..	* 3,50,162	3,50,873
20. Tinnevely	1,027,737	1,025,768	..	1,974	7,11,511	7,41,729
21. Coimbatore	2,161,563	2,165,693	4,130	..	21,76,403	22,16,371
22. The Nilgiris	182,233	182,628	395	..	1,10,712	1,11,173
23. Salem	1,177,647	1,182,468	4,821	..	13,86,800	13,90,751
24. South Canara	800,011	804,806	4,795	..	1,31,818	1,36,101
25. Malabar	715,382	710,126	..	5,206	14,36,886	14,37,518
26. Anjengo	296	296	..	..	1,655	1,655
Total	19,815,349	19,928,084	112,735	7,192	2,15,68,151	2,17,31,988
Net	..	..	112,735	..	..	..

District.	Dry— <i>cont.</i>		Wet.			
	Assessment— <i>cont.</i>		Land.			
	Comparison.		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Comparison.	
	Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.
	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Ganjam	RS. 3,649	RS. ..	ACS. 192,795	ACS. 193,609	ACS. 814	ACS. ..
2. Vizagapatam	73	..	* 62,448	62,546	98	..
3. Godavari	..	148	180,379	180,553	174	..
4. Kistna	12,354	..	368,940	367,843	..	1,097
5. Guntur	9,122	..	231,857	232,417	560	..
6. Nellore	..	676	211,730	212,919	1,189	..
7. Cuddapah	10,047	..	76,254	70,580	..	5,674
8. Anantapur	3,123	..	114,321	114,619	298	..
9. Bellary	4,228	..	40,317	40,467	150	..
10. Kurnool	5,875	..	* 38,261	38,350	89	..
11. Madras						
12. Chingleput	4,524	..	350,582	351,431	849	..
13. Chittoor	1,439	..	78,089	78,691	602	..
14. North Arcot	8,145	..	254,546	255,044	498	..
15. South Arcot	10,005	..	339,552	340,647	796	..
16. Tanjore	61	..	770,126	770,155	29	..
17. Trichinopoly	4,728	..	168,338	168,362	24	..
18. Madras	7,084	..	182,053	183,371	1,318	..
19. Ramanad	711	..	* 26,708	26,705	3	..
20. Tinnevely	30,218	..	181,049	181,453	404	..
21. Coimbatore	39,968	..	75,493	75,597	104	..
22. The Nilgiris	461	..	5,300	5,304	4	..
23. Salem	3,951	..	85,059	85,209	150	..
24. South Canara	4,233	..	492,295	492,833	538	..
25. Malabar	632	..	542,150	539,489	..	2,661
26. Anjengo	..	..	31	31	..	..
Total	1,64,681	824	5,068,963	5,068,225	8,689	9,432
Net	1,63,857	..	..	..	..	743

* Revised figure.

No. 4.—Comparative Statement of Holdings and Settlement of the Ryotwari, etc.—*cont.*

District.	Wet— <i>cont.</i>				Total.	
	Assessment.				Land.	
	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Comparison.		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
			Increase.	Decrease.		
	14	15	16	17	18	19
1. Ganjam	Rs. 7,30,916	Rs. 7,32,583	Rs. 1,667	Rs. ..	ACS. 406,588	ACS. 410,255
2. Vizagapatam	3,51,034	3,59,331	8,297	..	*176,351	176,936
3. Godavari	13,46,792	13,47,814	1,022	..	570,244	571,866
4. Kistna	24,38,010	24,26,996	..	6,014	985,055	992,479
5. Gunter	18,29,075	18,32,027	2,952	..	1,810,091	1,822,980
6. Nellore	*13,52,217	13,60,559	8,342	..	*872,149	873,721
7. Cuddapah	4,83,731	4,82,588	..	51,143	842,172	843,247
8. Anantapur	4,98,255	4,98,754	498	..	1,391,878	1,405,438
9. Bellary	2,33,214	2,33,517	303	..	1,874,155	1,886,106
10. Kurnool	*2,62,283	2,62,599	307	..	*1,402,289	1,411,732
11. Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput	14,59,507	14,62,620	3,113	..	665,989	671,681
13. Chittoor	4,29,614	4,32,906	3,292	..	434,477	437,116
14. North Arcot	13,60,246	13,62,158	1,912	..	1,010,914	1,020,517
15. South Arcot	*18,87,821	18,91,697	3,876	..	1,444,292	1,453,511
16. Tanjore	49,57,717	49,60,756	3,039	..	1,141,689	1,141,706
17. Trichinopoly	12,07,582	12,07,619	37	..	1,500,565	1,504,920
18. Madura	9,17,728	9,27,285	9,547	..	1,112,198	1,122,383
19. Ramnad	*1,61,799	1,61,812	13	..	*297,030	297,719
20. Tinnevely	17,91,033	18,06,049	15,016	..	1,208,786	1,207,218
21. Coimbatore	6,18,999	6,36,490	17,491	..	2,237,056	2,241,290
22. The Nilgiris	11,410	11,414	4	..	187,533	187,932
23. Salem	5,02,347	5,03,169	822	..	1,262,706	1,267,677
24. South Canara	22,55,220	22,56,561	1,341	..	792,506	797,689
25. Malabar	18,41,101	18,39,633	..	1,468	1,257,482	1,249,615
26. Anjengo	19	19	..	..	327	327
Total ..	2,89,02,681	2,89,26,947	82,891	58,625	24,884,317	24,996,309
Net ..	..	..	24,266	..	..	..

Total—*cont.*

District.	Land— <i>cont.</i>		Assessment.			
	Comparison. (a)		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Comparison. (a)	
	Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.
	20	21	22	23	24	25
1. Ganjam	ACS. 3,667	ACS. ..	RS. 9,85,634	RS. 9,90,950	RS. 5,316	RS. ..
2. Vizagapatam	585	..	4,66,542	4,74,912	8,370	..
3. Godavari	1,622	..	19,19,852	19,20,726	874	..
4. Kistna	7,424	..	32,67,854	32,74,194	6,340	..
5. Gunter	12,889	..	46,73,179	46,85,253	12,074	..
6. Nellore	1,572	..	*20,62,676	20,70,342	7,666	..
7. Cuddapah	1,075	..	12,25,408	11,84,312	..	41,096
8. Anantapur	13,560	..	11,00,082	11,03,703	3,621	..
9. Bellary	11,951	..	15,53,461	15,57,992	4,531	..
10. Kurnool	9,443	..	*14,95,993	15,62,175	6,182	..
11. Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput	5,692	..	(b) 18,55,293	(b) 18,62,930	7,637	..
13. Chittoor	2,639	..	6,69,547	6,74,278	4,731	..
14. North Arcot	9,603	..	22,29,876	22,39,933	10,057	..
15. South Arcot	9,519	..	35,65,291	35,79,172	13,881	..
16. Tanjore	17	..	55,02,218	55,05,318	3,100	..
17. Trichinopoly	4,355	..	25,04,754	25,09,519	4,765	..
18. Madura	10,190	..	19,31,279	19,47,910	16,631	..
19. Ramnad	689	..	*5,11,961	5,12,685	724	..
20. Tinnevely	..	1,570	25,02,544	25,47,778	45,234	..
21. Coimbatore	4,234	..	27,95,402	28,62,861	57,459	..
22. The Nilgiris	399	..	1,22,122	1,22,587	465	..
23. Salem	4,971	..	18,89,147	18,93,920	4,773	..
24. South Canara	5,383	..	23,67,038	23,72,662	5,624	..
25. Malabar	..	7,867	32,77,987	32,77,151	..	836
26. Anjengo	..	..	1,674	1,674	..	..
Total ..	121,429	9,437	5,04,76,814	5,06,64,937	2,80,055	41,982
Net ..	111,992	..	..	..	1,88,123	..

* Revised figure.

(a) Paragraphs 9 and 10 of the report.

(b) Vide remarks (b) against columns 8, 32 and 52 of statement No. 3.

No. 4.—Comparative Statement of Holdings and Settlement of the Ryotwari, etc.—*cont.*

District.	Second-crop assessment and charge for water on Government lands.				Total.	
	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Comparison.		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
			Increase.	Decrease.		
	26	27	28	29	30	31
1. Ganjam	Rs. 44,839	Rs. 44,697	Rs. 142	Rs. ..	Rs. 10,30,473	Rs. 10,35,647
2. Vizagapatam	14,591	9,006	..	5,585	4,81,133	4,83,918
3. Godavari	2,37,466	3,11,085	73,619	..	21,57,318	22,31,811
4. Kistna	4,97,142	6,22,186	1,25,044	..	37,64,996	38,96,380
5. Gunter	1,94,781	2,07,833	13,052	..	48,67,960	48,93,086
6. Nellore	1,57,991	1,11,323	..	46,668	*22,20,667	21,81,665
7. Cuddapah	1,07,284	71,022	..	36,262	13,32,692	12,55,334
8. Anantapur	1,50,561	33,688	..	1,16,875	12,50,643	11,37,389
9. Bellary	54,173	48,572	..	5,601	16,07,634	16,06,564
10. Kurnool	77,204	62,242	..	14,962	*15,73,197	15,64,417
11. Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput	1,32,056	1,27,882	..	4,174	19,87,349	19,90,312
13. Chittoor	77,828	20,664	..	57,164	7,47,275	6,94,942
14. North Arcot	2,75,546	2,25,115	..	50,431	25,05,422	24,65,048
15. South Arcot	3,81,880	3,93,223	11,343	..	39,46,671	39,72,395
16. Tanjore	2,83,841	2,55,716	..	18,125	57,66,069	57,71,034
17. Trichinopoly	1,64,338	1,46,861	..	17,977	26,69,092	26,55,880
18. Madura	2,31,147	2,07,590	..	23,557	21,62,426	21,55,500
19. Ramnad	11,448	9,806	..	2,142	*6,23,409	5,21,991
20. Tinnevely	29,371	55,081	25,710	..	25,81,915	26,02,859
21. Coimbatore	62,831	65,884	3,053	..	28,58,238	29,18,745
22. The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	1,22,122	1,22,587
23. Salem	27,499	10,301	..	17,198	19,16,646	19,04,221
24. South Canara	..	..	..	..	28,67,038	23,72,662
25. Malabar	36,482	29,058	..	7,424	33,14,469	33,06,309
26. Anjengo	..	..	..	..	1,674	1,674
Total ..	32,49,799	30,77,333	2,52,321	4,24,787	5,87,26,613	5,37,42,270
Net ..	..	..	..	1,72,466	..	..

District.	Total— <i>cont.</i>		Deduct remissions.			
	Comparison.		Waste remissions as per column 38 of statement No. 3.			
	Increase.	Decrease.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Comparison.	
	32	33			Increase.	Decrease.
	32	33	34	35	36	37
1. Ganjam	Rs. 5,174	Rs. ..	Rs. 29	Rs. 5,284	Rs. 5,255	Rs. ..
2. Vizagapatam	2,785	..	610	30,669	30,059	..
3. Godavari	74,493	..	1,382	2,812	1,430	..
4. Kistna	1,31,384	..	2,654	12,856	10,202	..
5. Gunter	25,126	..	2,767	10,070	7,303	..
6. Nellore	..	39,002	17,301	2,947	..	14,354
7. Cuddapah	..	77,358	3,908	48,626	44,723	..
8. Anantapur	..	1,13,254	8,645	1,18,672	1,10,027	..
9. Bellary	..	1,070	190	20,921	20,731	..
10. Kurnool	..	8,780	1,233	12,031	10,798	..
11. Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput	2,968	..	5,068	4,020	..	1,048
13. Chittoor	..	52,433	3,572	1,01,343	97,771	..
14. North Arcot	..	40,374	330	19,201	18,871	..
15. South Arcot	25,724	..	123	48	..	75
16. Tanjore	..	15,025	868	484	..	382
17. Trichinopoly	..	13,212	654	6,251	5,597	..
18. Madura	..	6,926	2,675	38,594	35,918	..
19. Ramnad	..	1,418	1,525	1,396	..	129
20. Tinnevely	70,944	..	36,831	11,889	..	24,942
21. Coimbatore	60,512	..	60	3,251	3,191	..
22. The Nilgiris	465	..	..	..	..	..
23. Salem	..	12,426	263	35,323	35,060	..
24. South Canara	5,624	..	..	..	..	..
25. Malabar	..	8,260	..	..	..	..
26. Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	4,05,194	3,89,537	90,682	4,86,688	4,36,936	40,930
Net ..	15,657	..	..	..	3,96,006	..

* Revised figure.

No. 4.—Comparative Statement of Holdings and Settlement of the Ryotwari, etc.—*cont.*

District.	Deduct remissions— <i>cont.</i>					
	Occasional remissions as per statement No. 6.				Other remissions (fixed and beriz deductions) as particularized in statement No. 6.	
	Fasli 1320.		Comparison.		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
			Increase.	Decrease.		
	38	39	40	41	42	43
1. Ganjam	Rs. 5,161	Rs. 42,962	Rs. 37,798	..	Rs. 40,650	Rs. 35,939
2. Vizagapatam	3,493	56,074	52,581	..	3,787	3,164
3. Godavari	4,092	13,242	9,150	..	5,664	5,753
4. Kistna	11,928	18,019	6,091	..	8,592	5,906
5. Guntur	1,918	8,821	6,903	..	11,650	10,816
6. Nellore	14,107	13,358	..	149	13,680	14,158
7. Cuddapah	16,718	74,414	57,696	..	48,847	27,716
8. Anantapur	9,030	57,600	48,570	..	22,830	21,668
9. Bellary	2,166	12,023	9,855	..	16,329	16,024
10. Kurnool	4,524	69,977	65,453	..	14,578	12,692
11. Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput	7,029	4,108	..	2,921	57,914	60,363
13. Chittoor	4,072	44,007	39,935	..	27,668	23,220
14. North Arcot	2,525	16,995	13,470	..	51,898	50,734
15. South Arcot	1,097	485	..	612	65,825	60,176
16. Tanjore	2,375	1,416	..	959	72,385	72,961
17. Trichinopoly	1,213	10,578	9,265	..	74,093	74,078
18. Madura	10,148	38,977	28,829	..	55,649	53,955
19. Ramnad	5,848	7,879	2,031	..	11,750	10,566
20. Tinnevely	80,256	14,644	..	65,712	2,52,666	2,22,425
21. Coimbatore	200	4,569	4,369	..	58,117	58,242
22. The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	608	1,027
23. Salem	1,174	58,980	57,806	..	84,848	68,800
24. South Canara	..	..	..	..	2,69,238	2,16,591
25. Malabar	132	4,909	4,777	..	1,09,604	60,942
26. Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	1,89,311	5,73,537	4,54,579	70,353	13,48,390	11,82,911
Net ..	..	..	3,34,226	..	..	..

District.	Deduct remissions— <i>cont.</i>					
	Other remissions (fixed and beriz deductions) as particularized in statement No. 6— <i>cont.</i>		Total remissions.			
	Comparison.		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Comparison.	
					Increase.	Decrease.
	44	45	46	47	48	49
1. Ganjam	Rs. ..	Rs. 4,711	Rs. 45,843	Rs. 84,185	Rs. 38,342	Rs. ..
2. Vizagapatam	..	823	7,890	89,907	82,017	..
3. Godavari	69	..	11,158	21,807	10,649	..
4. Kistna	..	2,686	23,174	36,781	13,607	..
5. Guntur	..	834	16,335	29,707	13,372	..
6. Nellore	478	..	45,088	31,063	..	14,025
7. Cuddapah	..	21,131	69,463	1,50,756	81,288	..
8. Anantapur	..	667	40,005	1,97,935	1,57,930	..
9. Bellary	..	315	18,697	48,968	30,271	..
10. Kurnool	..	1,836	20,335	94,700	74,365	..
11. Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput	2,449	..	70,011	68,491	..	1,520
13. Chittoor	..	4,438	35,302	1,68,570	1,33,268	..
14. North Arcot	..	1,164	54,753	85,930	31,177	..
15. South Arcot	..	5,649	67,045	60,709	..	6,336
16. Tanjore	576	..	76,626	74,861	..	765
17. Trichinopoly	..	15	76,060	90,907	14,847	..
18. Madura	..	1,694	68,473	1,31,526	63,053	..
19. Ramnad	..	1,184	19,123	19,841	718	..
20. Tinnevely	..	30,241	3,69,753	2,48,868	..	1,20,895
21. Coimbatore	125	..	58,377	66,062	7,685	..
22. The Nilgiris	419	..	608	1,027	419	..
23. Salem	..	1,048	66,285	1,58,103	91,818	..
24. South Canara	..	42,647	2,59,238	2,16,591	..	42,647
25. Malabar	..	48,662	1,09,736	66,851	..	43,885
26. Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	4,116	1,69,595	16,28,383	22,43,186	8,44,826	2,30,073
Net ..	..	1,65,479	..	..	6,14,753	..

No. 4.—Comparative Statement of Holdings and Settlement of the Ryotwari, etc.—*cont.*

District.	Remaining beriz.				Add net miscellaneous revenue as per Collector's statement No. 5.	
	Fasli 1320.		Comparison.		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
			Increase.	Decrease.		
	50	51	52	53	54	55
1. Ganjam	Rs. 9,84,530	Rs. 9,51,462	..	33,168	Rs. 2,36,647	Rs. 3,17,878
2. Vizagapatam	4,73,243	3,94,011	..	79,232	2,03,657	2,05,473
3. Godavari	21,46,160	22,10,004	63,844	..	12,97,239	14,41,661
4. Kistna	37,41,822	35,59,599	1,17,777	..	20,87,337	22,25,278
5. Guntur	48,51,625	48,63,379	11,754	..	6,73,922	6,06,503
6. Nellore	21,75,579	21,50,102	..	24,977	3,02,387	3,03,658
7. Cuddapah	12,63,224	11,04,578	..	1,58,646	3,37,632	3,16,653
8. Anantapur	12,10,638	9,39,454	..	2,71,184	3,27,160	2,84,304
9. Bellary	15,88,937	15,57,596	..	31,341	2,89,277	2,86,251
10. Kurnool	15,52,862	14,69,717	..	83,145	4,30,297	4,32,215
11. Madras	..	..	..	..	97,081	1,02,890
12. Chingleput	19,17,338	19,21,821	4,483	..	1,32,508	1,22,227
13. Chittoor	7,12,073	5,26,272	..	1,85,701	1,64,659	1,32,301
14. North Arcot	24,50,669	23,79,118	..	71,551	2,10,893	2,06,945
15. South Arcot	38,79,626	39,11,586	32,060	..	2,89,622	2,83,721
16. Tanjore	57,10,433	56,96,173	..	14,260	2,98,680	3,07,087
17. Trichinopoly	25,98,032	25,64,973	..	28,059	2,04,282	2,18,544
18. Madura	20,93,953	20,23,974	..	69,979	3,89,701	3,85,262
19. Ramnad	5,04,286	5,02,150	..	2,136	50,637	66,611
20. Tinnevely	21,62,182	23,54,001	1,91,839	..	1,49,560	1,83,127
21. Coimbatore	27,99,856	28,52,683	52,827	..	2,18,537	2,09,182
22. The Nilgiris	1,21,514	1,21,560	46	..	12,196	11,094
23. Salem	18,50,361	17,46,118	..	1,04,243	1,20,953	1,09,826
24. South Canara	21,07,800	21,56,071	48,271	..	64,702	85,027
25. Malabar	32,04,733	32,40,358	35,625	..	1,73,869	2,15,117
26. Anjengo	1,674	1,674	..	..	1,168	1,165
Total ..	5,20,98,230	5,14,99,134	5,58,526	11,57,622	87,24,543	90,69,970
Net ..	..	..	..	5,99,096	..	..

District.	Add net miscellaneous revenue as per Collector's statement No. 5— <i>cont.</i>		Total beriz.			
	Comparison.		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Comparison.	
					Increase.	Decrease.
	56	57	58	59	60	61
1. Ganjam	Rs. 81,231	Rs. 12,21,277	Rs. 12,69,340	Rs. 48,063	Rs. ..	Rs. ..
2. Vizagapatam	1,816	..	6,76,900	5,99,484	..	77,416
3. Godavari	1,74,412	..	34,13,399	36,51,655	2,38,256	..
4. Kistna	1,37,941	..	58,29,169	60,84,877	2,55,718	..
5. Guntur	..	67,419	56,25,547	54,69,882	..	55,665
6. Nellore	1,271	..	24,77,966	24,54,260	..	23,706
7. Cuddapah	..	20,979	16,00,866	14,21,231	..	1,79,625
8. Anantapur	..	42,866	15,37,798	12,23,758	..	3,14,040
9. Bellary	..	3,025	18,78,214	18,43,847	..	34,367
10. Kurnool	1,918	..	19,83,159	19,01,932	..	81,227
11. Madras	5,809	..	97,081	1,02,890	5,809	..
12. Chingleput	..	10,281	20,49,846	20,44,043	..	5,798
13. Chittoor	..	22,258	8,66,632	6,58,673	..	2,07,959
14. North Arcot	..	3,948	26,61,562	25,86,063	..	75,499
15. South Arcot	..	5,901	41,69,248	41,95,407	26,159	..
16. Tanjore	8,387	..	60,09,113	60,03,240	..	5,873
17. Trichinopoly	14,262	..	27,97,314	27,83,517	..	13,797
18. Madura	..	4,439	24,83,664	24,09,286	..	74,418
19. Ramnad	15,924	..	5,54,973	5,68,761	13,788	..
20. Tinnevely	33,567	..	23,11,722	25,37,128	2,25,406	..
21. Coimbatore	..	9,355	30,18,398	30,61,865	43,472	..
22. The Nilgiris	..	1,102	1,33,710	1,32,654	..	1,056
23. Salem	..	11,127	19,71,314	18,55,944	..	1,15,370
24. South Canara	20,325	..	21,72,502	22,41,098	68,596	..
25. Malabar	41,258	..	33,78,592	34,55,475	76,883	..
26. Anjengo	..	3	2,842	2,839	..	3
Total ..	5,38,121	2,02,694	6,08,22,773	6,06,59,104	10,02,150	12,65,819
Net ..	3,35,427	..	..	..	..	2,62,669

* Revised figure.

No. 5.—Statement showing the details under different causes of nett variations in the extent and assessment of ryotwar holdings in each district of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

(Paragraphs 9 and 10 of the report.)

District.	Variations due to relinquishments and darkhasts with reference to the state of the season.		Variations caused by the introduction of new settlement.		Re-sale of lands bought in by Government at sales for arrears of revenue.		Decrease caused by			
							Land having been sold for arrears of revenue and bought in by Government.		Land having become useless or having been appropriated for public purposes.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1. Ganjam ..	ACS. 582	RS. 654	ACS. 3,305	RS. 5,179	ACS. ..	RS. ..	ACS. ..	RS. ..	ACS. 110	RS. 223
2. Vizagapatam ..	590	232	..	..	..	..	26	29	..	..
3. Godavari ..	1,835	706	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Kistna ..	8,140	8,226	36	207	148	195	982	3,842	531	2
5. Guntur ..	11,606	10,223	2	227	727	531	42	140	74	1,080
6. Nellore ..	970	1,649	4	361	34	85	170	291	21	338
7. Cuddapah ..	201	685	1,197	12,230	38	45	543	540	..	26
8. Anantapur ..	12,717	3,532	..	..	106	..	213	108	1	..
9. Bellary ..	11,547	4,306	6,721	5,812	167	62	215	352	108	44
10. Kurnool ..	9,428	5,800	1	..	156	113	273	200	182	87
11. Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput ..	5,356	7,056	267	111	..	..	60	135	127	187
13. Chittoor ..	2,123	2,292	..	..	..	..	120	95	5	6
14. North Arcot ..	9,163	9,560	3	3	..	..	9	11	11	26
15. South Arcot ..	9,708	13,721	31	85	35	55	10	13	158	452
16. Tanjore ..	240	517	2	21	60	78	..	3	18	79
17. Trichinopoly ..	4,277	4,675	36	98	47	45	9	9	25	129
18. Madura ..	9,672	8,218	103	842	19	19	87	83	540	859
19. Ramnad ..	685	720	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..
20. Tinnevely ..	1,081	596	2,538	44,340	..	..	..	..	82	111
21. Coimbatore ..	4,173	3,343	182	53,793	26	26	8	6	37	39
22. The Nilgiris ..	497	446	15	6	7	..	17	12	74	32
23. Salem ..	5,370	5,132	35	3	7	8	194	182	165	163
24. South Canara ..	5,415	5,162	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	18
25. Malabar ..	167	217	9,865	2,958	..	..	320	394	36	47
26. Anjengo ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	111,471	95,922	507	64,932	1,578	1,346	3,298	6,445	2,317	3,900

District.	Land transferred from dry to wet and vice versa.		Land transferred to inam and vice versa.		Variations due to other causes.		Net increase or decrease.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1. Ganjam ..	..	RS. 43	ACS. 53	RS. 282	ACS. 163	RS. 533	ACS. 3,667	RS. 5,316
2. Vizagapatam ..	..	328	22	70	1	7,769	585	8,370
3. Godavari ..	..	264	49	415	3,406	914	1,622	874
4. Kistna ..	..	277	331	1,235	282	1,122	7,424	6,340
5. Guntur ..	..	493	310	595	361	483	12,889	12,074
6. Nellore ..	..	4,603	718	1,367	45	640	1,572	7,666
7. Cuddapah ..	..	32	630	951	46	25	1,075	41,096
8. Anantapur ..	..	557	1,043	742	92	49	13,560	3,621
9. Bellary ..	..	147	170	219	6,331	5,629	11,951	4,531
10. Kurnool ..	..	35	313	599	..	1	9,443	6,182
11. Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput ..	..	3	113	305	143	440	5,692	7,637
13. Chittoor ..	..	499	634	3,039	7	..	2,639	4,731
14. North Arcot ..	..	92	461	641	2	12	9,603	10,057
15. South Arcot ..	..	780	104	337	191	462	9,519	13,881
16. Tanjore ..	..	48	7	2,956	274	426	17	3,100
17. Trichinopoly ..	..	36	15	19	14	30	4,355	4,765
18. Madura ..	..	102	25	46	998	8,246	10,190	16,631
19. Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	689	724
20. Tinnevely ..	..	384	13	103	44	78	1,570	45,234
21. Coimbatore ..	..	58	44	56	146	228	4,234	57,459
22. The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	4	62	399	465
23. Salem ..	..	60	1	1	83	80	4,971	4,773
24. South Canara ..	..	1	..	..	72	481	5,333	5,624
25. Malabar ..	..	..	826	130	3,013	2,650	7,867	836
26. Anjengo ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	..	6,308	4,230	14,138	835	15,822	111,992	1,88,123

No. 6.—Statement showing the particulars of remissions and beriz deductions for fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

(Paragraph 13 of the report.)

Item.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
(i) Occasional remissions or those granted at jamabandi with reference to the state of the season.				
1. Waste remitted ..	90,682	4,86,688	3,96,006	..
2. Shavi or short crop ..	89,199	1,82,263	93,064	..
3. Tirvakammi (difference between wet and dry assessment).	75,008	3,67,015	2,92,007	..
4. Paniboddy or the land flooded and payamalay or land injured by water ..	13,271	7,017	..	6,254
5. Remission of water-rate ..	634	411	..	223
6. Remission on account of second-crop charge ..	8,630	14,573	5,943	..
7. Other remissions ..	2,569	2,258	..	311
Total ..	2,79,993	10,60,225	7,87,020	6,788
Net ..	..	..	7,80,232	..
(ii) Fixed remissions and other deductions not dependent on season.				
1. Remission granted on account of irrigation by lift ..	73,833	66,591	..	7,242
2. Remission granted under tope rules ..	4,528	3,691	..	837
3. Remission allowed on gradual introduction of new rates of assessment ..	3,02,211	1,95,127	..	1,07,084
4. Remission of assessment on land assigned late in the year on which no crop was raised ..	17,639	14,766	..	2,873
5. Deductions allowed in cases in which both land assessment and tree-tax are leviable ..	416	69	..	347
6. Remission for maintaining irrigation works ..	36,030	15,618	..	20,412
7. Cowle remissions ..	1,693	1,765	72	..
8. Other items ..	5,522	9,411	3,889	..
Total ..	4,41,872	3,07,038	3,961	1,38,795
Net ..	..	..	..	1,34,834
(iii) Items allowed on the collection or from the entire beriz of villages.				
1. Share of shrotriem proceeds or ready-money inams, etc.	25,776	25,155	..	621
2. Allowances to religious institutions—				
(a) Deductions from the beriz on account of allowances to religious institutions in lieu of cash payment (G.O. No. 1625, dated 8th October 1878) ..	7,30,480	6,99,994	..	30,486
(b) Deductions made in lieu of land revenue assignments resumed (Board's Proceedings, No. 2240, dated 8th September 1882) ..	1,24,835	1,24,036	..	799
Total ..	8,55,315	8,24,030	..	31,285
3. Other items ..	25,427	26,688	1,261	..
Total ..	9,06,518	8,75,873	1,261	31,906
Net ..	..	..	..	30,645
Grand Total ..	16,28,383	22,43,136	7,92,292	1,77,539
Net ..	..	..	6,14,753	..

No. 7.—Alienations of land revenue in ryotwari (temporarily-settled) tracts for fasli 1321.

Particulars of grants.	Annual value of the grants made					
	For the maintenance of public servants			On other grounds		
	Up to the end of the previous fasli.	During the fasli.	Total.	Up to the end of the previous fasli.	During the fasli.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
A. In ryotwari tracts—						
(1) <i>Whole inam villages</i> .—Difference between the assessment and jodi or quit-rent, if any.	10,276	..	10,276	27,39,513	— 2,592	27,36,921
(2) <i>Minor inams</i> .—Difference (representing the inam) between the full assessment and the jodi or quit-rent.	2,00,773	— 401	2,00,372	47,90,776	— 8,222	47,82,554
B. Assignments or remissions of land revenue—						
(1) In favour of individuals for past or present services, e.g., in favour of military pensioners and such village servants as are remunerated by assignments of land revenue.	1,13,607	— 52	1,13,555	28,508	..	28,508
(2) In favour of religious institutions, the assignment being made in lieu of previous ready-money allowances.	..	..	..	1,65,616	+ 186	1,65,801
(3) In favour of public associations, churches, temples, etc., e.g., remission of assessment on the sites of temples, churches, etc.	..	..	..	1,08,811	+ 1,257	1,10,068
(4) In favour of individuals for specially recorded reasons.	..	..	..	10,793	..	10,793
C. Beris deductions, i.e., deductions from collections of ryotwari revenue before they reach the treasury—						
(1) In favour of religious institutions, the deductions being made in lieu of assignments of land revenue or of cash payments.	..	..	..	7,92,484	— 269	7,92,215
(2) In favour of village servants doing Revenue, Judicial or Police duties or of village artisans.	11,629	+ 36	11,665	2,512	+ 381	2,893
(3) In favour of certain inamdars in Salem whose inams are being managed by Government and of certain holders of ready-money inams in Tinnevely.	..	..	..	32,250	+ 759	33,009
(4) In favour of individuals for specially recorded reasons.	..	..	..	15,006	+ 1,094	16,100
D. Other items	..	..	..	29,816	— 15,575	14,241
Total ..	3,36,285	— 417	3,35,868	87,16,084	— 22,981	86,93,103

Notes.—The variations between the figures of fasli 1320 and those of fasli 1321 are due to revised figures furnished by Collectors.

No. 8.—Statement showing the land granted on cowle for fasli 1321 (1911–1912).

Item.	Extent.	Assessment.
	ACS.	RS.
Cowle as per last year *	3,818	1,979
Deduct land brought up to full assessment	236	275
Do. abandoned	226	258
Total ..	472	533
Remainder ..	3,346	1,446
Add new cowle	303	499
Total ..	3,649	1,945
Add second-crop assessment and charge for water	..	13
Total ..	..	1,958
Deduct remission on account of cowle	..	1,765
Net beris ..	..	193

* Revised figure.

No. 9.—Comparative statement of Land Revenue Miscellaneous items for fasli 1321 (1911–1912).

(Paragraph 14 of the report.)

Item.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Jodi and quit-rent on minor inams	23,11,016	23,08,051	..	2,965
2. Water-rate on minor inams in ryotwari villages	13,87,463	14,14,061	26,598	..
3. Charge for water in zamindari and inam villages including tirvajasti and fasaljasti	20,13,487	21,56,700	1,43,213	..
4. Enhanced water-rate on lands irregularly irrigated	4,04,272	4,34,733	30,511	..
5. Charges levied for occupation (with or without application) of assessed and unassessed lands for which no pattas have been granted.	7,77,557	7,42,023	..	35,534
* 6. Charges levied for occupation of poramboke land or land reserved for state or communal purposes	4,30,499	5,68,356	87,857	..
7. Revenue derived from tree pattas	2,36,575	2,49,596	13,021	..
8. Commission on estates under Court of Wards' management	47,117	69,085	21,918	..
9. Revenue from process-service fees	10,560	8,912	..	1,648
10. Sale proceeds of lands sold	† 2,41,943	2,10,203	..	31,740
11. Rent of lankas	2,41,577	2,81,185	39,608	..
12. Quit-rent and groundrent	1,23,296	1,35,705	12,409	..
13. Other items	† 4,49,181	4,81,360	32,179	..
Total ..	87,24,543	90,59,970	4,07,314	71,887
Nett ..	..	..	3,35,427	..

* For fasli 1320, figures relating to "poramboke proper" and "unassessed waste" are not separately available. The returns for fasli 1321 relating to a few districts were not prepared according to G.O. No. 1681 Revenue, dated 6th June 1912; hence the revenue relating to poramboke alone in those districts are not separately available.

† Revised figure.

No. 9-A.—Statement showing the extent of poramboke cultivation, the revenue derived therefrom and that portion of it which is due to enhanced assessment in fasli 1321 (1911–1912).

District.	Total area cultivated.	Total assessment.	Portion of the area on which enhanced assessment was charged.	Enhanced assessment.	Average rate of enhanced charge per acre.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	RS.	
1. Ganjam	3,868	17,087	940	10,975	12	In 151 cases the average rate of enhanced charge exceeded Rs. 50 per acre — 9 acres assessed at Rs. 721.
2. Vizagapatam	4,488	7,284	1,237	3,535	3	
3. Gōlavari	814	87,375	507	58,543	115	
4. Kistna	2,824	49,021	1,292	38,681	30	
5. Guntūr	2,062	26,405	1,084	21,420	20	
6. Nellore	2,135	13,293	831	8,423	10	
7. Cuddapah	1,279	8,885	806	7,025	9	
8. Anantapur	* 16,894	33,639	7,902	21,533	3	
9. Bellary	* 7,360	10,509	2,711	15,278	6	
10. Kurnool	5,219	15,625	1,706	10,223	6	
11. Chingleput	728	6,292	187	4,096	22	
12. Chittoor	3,041	3,629	274	2,387	9	
13. North Arcot	* 15,308	26,453	611	11,181	18	
14. South Arcot	* 25,335	57,908	1,136	22,051	19	
15. Tanjore	4,616	36,865	650	22,449	34	
16. Trichinopoly	8,732	50,493	2,996	30,104	10	
17. Madras	3,492	28,451	960	23,804	25	
18. Rāmnaḍ	* 1,391	14,475	702	13,367	19	
19. Tinnevely	* 1,637	13,599	517	9,024	17	
20. Coimbatore	5,971	27,030	874	21,330	24	
21. The Nilgiris	110	590	4	61	13	
22. Salem	* 6,541	20,723	1167	13,589	12	
23. South Canara	80	1,657	27	1,055	40	
24. Malabar	395	1,772	42	1,818	31	
25. Anjengo	† ..	19	† ..	18	..	
Total ..	124,320	5,68,084	22,163	3,71,490	13	

* Includes unassessed waste.

† 14 cents.

N.B.—This statement excludes Rs. 272, the assessment on poramboke land in Madras.

7 Sett.—8

No. 10.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance of land revenue and cesses for fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

Districts.	Demand.			Collection and remission.					Balance.		
	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.		Current.		Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.
				Collection.	Remission.	Collection.	Remission.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<i>Permanently-settled Revenue.</i>											
Ganjām	Rs. 17,670	Rs. 4,33,156	Rs. 4,50,826	Rs. 17,670	Rs. 4,06,356	Rs. 4,24,026	Rs. 26,800	Rs. 26,800	Rs. 26,800	Rs. 26,800	Rs. 26,800
Vizagapatam ..	1,507	9,49,627	9,51,134	1,507	9,48,362	9,49,869	1,265	1,265	1,265	1,265	1,265
Godāvari	..	5,43,442	5,43,442	..	5,42,254	5,42,254	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188	1,188
Kistna	833	4,61,467	4,62,300	833	4,61,149	4,61,982	318	318	318	318	318
Guntūr	..	40,139	40,139	..	40,139	40,139	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	17,816	4,12,076	4,29,892	17,816	3,98,890	4,16,706	13,186	13,186	13,186	13,186	13,186
Cuddapah	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	59,414	1,54,437	2,13,851	34,291	1,14,993	1,49,284	25,123	39,444	64,567	64,567	64,567
Chittoor	89,238	3,32,601	4,21,839	89,238	2,78,920	3,68,158	53,681	53,681	53,681	53,681	53,681
North Arcot ..	776	81,104	81,880	776	81,104	81,880	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot ..	268	8,611	8,879	268	7,307	7,575	1,304	1,304	1,304	1,304	1,304
Tanjore	1,173	31,434	32,607	1,173	30,227	31,400	1,207	1,207	1,207	1,207	1,207
Trichinopoly ..	4,907	2,01,347	2,06,254	4,907	1,94,404	1,99,311	6,943	6,943	6,943	6,943	6,943
Madura	4,874	1,72,191	1,77,065	4,874	1,64,795	1,69,669	7,396	7,396	7,396	7,396	7,396
Rāmnād	1,316	6,52,365	6,54,681	1,316	6,52,335	6,54,181	530	530	530	530	530
Tinnevely	236	2,37,714	2,37,950	236	2,37,713	2,37,949	1	1	1	1	1
Coimbatore	..	22,525	22,525	..	22,490	22,490	35	35	35	35	35
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	1,383	2,55,232	2,56,715	1,383	2,50,877	2,52,260	4,455	4,455	4,455	4,455	4,455
South Canara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	2,01,411	49,90,568	51,91,979	1,76,238	48,82,815	50,09,103	25,123	1,57,753	1,82,876	1,82,876	1,82,876

Note.—The variation of Rs. 75 between the arrear demand entered in column 2 of this statement and the closing balance given in column 12 of the corresponding statement for fasli 1320 against Tinnevely is stated to be due to the taking up of lands for public purposes.

Cesses on permanently-settled Estates.

Ganjām	51,296	2,21,191	2,72,487	47,587	2,03,351	2,50,938	3,709	17,840	21,549	21,549	21,549
Vizagapatam ..	7,879	2,98,949	3,06,828	7,828	2,98,931	3,06,759	51	18	69	69	69
Godāvari	..	1,19,056	1,19,056	..	1,18,773	1,18,773	..	283	283	283	283
Kistna	153	1,73,558	1,73,711	153	1,73,514	1,73,667	..	44	44	44	44
Guntūr	..	8,872	8,872	..	8,872	8,872	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	4,289	65,793	70,082	4,289	65,761	70,050	..	32	32	32	32
Cuddapah	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	10,617	29,331	39,948	5,292	20,373	25,665	5,325	8,958	14,283	14,283	14,283
Chittoor	34,840	99,599	1,34,439	34,840	54,624	89,464	..	44,975	44,975	44,975	44,975
North Arcot* ..	16,250	31,082	47,332	16,250	19,556	35,806	..	11,526	11,526	11,526	11,526
South Arcot* ..	40	1,643	1,683	40	1,615	1,655	..	33	33	33	33
Tanjore	937	15,215	16,152	937	13,223	14,160	..	1,992	1,992	1,992	1,992
Trichinopoly ..	1,362	43,230	44,592	1,362	42,084	43,446	..	1,146	1,146	1,146	1,146
Madura	4,008	50,428	54,436	4,008	45,600	49,608	..	4,828	4,828	4,828	4,828
Rāmnād	48,468	1,58,506	2,06,974	48,468	1,37,240	1,85,708	..	21,266	21,266	21,266	21,266
Tinnevely	112	56,046	56,158	110	56,031	56,143	..	15	15	15	15
Coimbatore* ..	8	5,648	5,656	8	5,648	5,656	..	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	965	37,361	38,326	965	36,505	37,470	..	856	856	856	856
South Canara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	1,81,224	14,15,513	15,96,737	1,72,137	13,01,701	14,73,840	9,085	1,13,812	1,22,897	1,22,897	1,22,897

* Includes railway-cess.

Note.—Variations between the arrear demand entered in column 2 of this statement and the closing balance given in column 12 of the corresponding statement of fasli 1320, are due in Ganjām and Vizagapatam to the levy of cess for back faslis, in Tinnevely to the acquisition of land for public purposes and in North Arcot to the rounding.

No. 10.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance of land revenue and cesses, etc.—cont.

District.	Demand.			Collection and remission.				Balance.			
	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.		Current.		Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.
				Collection.	Remission.	Collection.	Remission.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Shrotriem jodi.											
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjam	2,038	46,759	48,797	1,933	..	45,846	..	47,779	105	913	1,018
Vizagapatam	895	54,604	55,499	222	..	54,472	..	54,694	673	132	805
Godavari	..	28,293	28,293	..	..	28,263	..	28,263	..	30	30
Kistna	6	36,389	36,395	6	..	36,375	..	36,381	..	14	14
Guntur	..	28,450	28,450	..	..	28,450	..	28,450	..	..	..
Nellore	5,384	72,059	77,443	5,384	..	72,044	..	77,428	..	15	15
Cuddapah	1,721	35,120	36,841	1,679	42	33,895	..	35,616	..	1,225	1,225
Anantapur	533	14,864	15,402	532	..	14,391	..	14,923	6	473	479
Bellary	..	12,541	12,541	..	..	12,500	..	12,500	..	41	41
Kurnool	..	10,685	10,685	..	..	10,685	..	10,685	..	..	..
Madras	..	193	193	..	..	193	..	193	..	..	..
Chingleput	5,624	67,920	71,544	3,558	66	64,984	..	68,608	..	2,936	2,936
Chittoor	49	15,700	15,749	41	8	15,629	..	15,678	..	71	71
North Arcot ..	1,419	13,946	15,365	1,419	..	12,891	..	14,310	..	1,055	1,055
South Arcot ..	1	21,248	21,249	1	..	21,248	..	21,249	..	..	..
Tanjore	484	1,23,791	1,24,275	484	..	1,23,020	..	1,23,504	..	771	771
Trichinopoly ..	531	18,954	19,485	531	..	18,649	..	19,180	..	305	305
Madura	734	10,587	11,321	734	..	9,361	..	10,085	..	1,236	1,236
Ramnad	4,999	57,014	62,013	4,762	..	52,712	..	57,474	237	4,302	4,539
Tinnevely	18	47,468	47,486	18	..	47,271	..	47,289	..	197	197
Coimbatore	..	3,418	3,418	..	..	3,418	..	3,418	..	..	..
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	380	33,024	33,403	380	..	32,584	..	32,964	..	439	439
South Canara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	22,821	7,53,026	7,75,847	21,684	116	7,38,871	..	7,60,671	1,021	14,155	15,176

Note.—The variations between the arrear demand in column 2 of this statement and the closing balance in column 12 of the corresponding statement of fasli 1320 are due to the rounding of figures relating to Vizagapatam and Anantapur.

Shrotriem cesses.

Ganjām	791	21,489	22,280	791	21,154	21,945	..	335	335
Vizagapatam ..	1,657	25,570	27,227	1,491	25,259	26,834	82	311	393
Godāvari	..	4,942	4,942	..	4,579	4,579	..	363	363
Kistna *	100	40,576	40,676	100	40,326	40,426	..	250	250
Guntūr *	24	17,766	17,790	24	17,766	17,790	..	..	..
Nellore	2,378	19,933	22,311	2,378	19,584	21,962	..	349	349
Cuddapah	349	5,015	5,364	349	4,788	5,137	..	227	227
Anantapur	417	3,352	3,769	408	3,233	3,641	9	119	128
Bellary	2	3,165	3,167	2	3,143	3,145	..	22	22
Kurnool	..	2,168	2,168	..	2,168	2,168	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	2,019	20,627	22,646	1,995	18,479	20,474	24	2,148	2,172
Chittoor	17	4,331	4,348	17	4,308	4,325	..	23	23
North Arcot * ..	210	4,957	5,167	210	4,790	5,000	..	187	187
South Arcot * ..	81	8,612	8,093	56	7,993	8,049	25	19	44
Tanjore	766	57,880	58,646	766	57,108	57,874	..	772	772
Trichinopoly ..	618	12,548	12,161	613	11,979	12,592	..	569	569
Madura *	1,587	11,480	13,067	1,587	10,035	11,622	..	1,445	1,445
Rāmnaḍ *	24,702	86,688	1,11,340	24,659	82,491	1,07,155	38	4,147	4,185
Tinnevely	117	16,999	17,116	117	16,992	17,109	..	7	7
Coimbatore* ..	247	2,720	2,967	247	2,586	2,833	..	134	134
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	407	12,103	12,510	407	11,849	12,256	..	254	254
South Canara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	36,484	3,82,271	4,18,755	36,217	3,70,610	4,06,916	178	11,661	11,835

No. 10.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance of land revenue and cesses, etc.—*cont.*

District.	Demand.			Collection and remission.					Balance.		
	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.		Current.		Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.
				Collection.	Remission.	Collection.	Remission.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<i>Ryotwar, Miscellaneous and Cesses.</i>											
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjām ..	82,974	12,69,540	14,44,173	81,321	483	13,05,968	..	13,87,772	1,170	55,231	56,401
Cesses ..	..	91,859	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam ..	17,067	5,98,676	6,89,197	16,224	175	6,50,869	..	6,67,268	608	21,321	21,929
Cesses ..	..	73,514	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Godavari ..	13,526	36,51,655	39,55,056	215	..	38,63,921	..	38,64,136	13,311	77,609	90,920
Cesses ..	..	2,89,875	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna ..	55,951	60,84,877	66,71,273	50,679	4,348	65,96,363	22	66,51,412	924	18,937	19,861
Cesses ..	..	5,20,445	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Guntūr ..	13,138	54,69,882	59,62,001	8,612	4,526	59,46,987	4	59,60,129	..	1,872	1,872
Cesses ..	..	4,76,981	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore ..	1,31,805	24,54,260	27,56,618	1,27,183	4,619	26,22,018	165	27,53,985	3	2,630	2,630
Cesses ..	..	1,70,552	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah ..	80,254	14,21,231	16,18,591	79,012	822	14,92,553	..	15,72,387	420	45,784	46,204
Cesses ..	..	1,17,106	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur ..	34,737	12,30,171	13,58,838	33,317	555	13,14,052	4	13,47,928	865	10,045	10,910
Cesses ..	..	93,930	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary ..	4,816	18,43,847	19,88,288	4,585	231	19,75,050	19	19,79,885	..	8,403	8,403
Cesses ..	..	1,39,625	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool ..	4,617	19,01,932	20,96,814	4,563	54	20,85,810	28	20,90,255	..	6,569	6,569
Cesses ..	..	1,90,265	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras ..	895	1,02,890	1,03,785	788	107	1,01,423	4	1,02,322	..	1,463	1,463
Cesses ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	1,55,173	20,44,048	23,41,042	1,53,746	334	21,10,953	..	22,65,033	1,093	74,916	76,009
Cesses ..	..	1,41,821	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittoor ..	16,615	6,58,673	7,37,557	16,160	173	7,16,905	..	7,33,238	282	4,037	4,319
Cesses ..	..	62,269	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Arcot ..	26,052	25,86,063	27,34,960	25,787	265	27,58,297	..	27,84,349	..	611	611
Cesses ..	..	1,72,845	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot ..	61,016	41,95,407	45,91,186	60,943	25	44,79,022	..	45,39,990	48	51,148	51,196
Cesses ..	..	3,34,763	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore ..	47,721	60,03,253	64,41,387	35,028	11	63,67,310	..	63,92,349	12,682	36,366	49,038
Cesses ..	..	3,90,413	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly ..	68,534	27,83,517	30,34,589	68,451	30	29,31,042	..	29,99,523	53	35,013	35,066
Cesses ..	..	1,82,538	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madura ..	63,409	24,09,236	26,69,081	58,813	4,105	25,41,973	35	26,04,926	461	63,664	64,151
Cesses ..	..	1,96,436	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramanad ..	7,744	5,68,761	6,22,836	7,721	19	5,81,904	..	5,89,644	4	33,188	33,192
Cesses ..	..	46,331	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely ..	14,733	25,37,128	27,69,680	14,609	124	27,37,827	..	27,52,560	..	17,120	17,120
Cesses ..	..	2,17,819	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore ..	60,844	30,61,865	33,77,686	60,722	72	32,78,954	..	33,39,748	50	37,888	37,938
Cesses ..	..	2,54,977	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiris ..	6,103	1,32,654	1,52,034	5,488	595	1,44,102	3	1,50,188	20	1,826	1,846
Cesses ..	..	13,277	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem ..	24,730	18,55,944	20,43,052	24,085	574	19,97,360	27	20,22,046	71	20,935	21,006
Cesses ..	..	1,62,378	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Canara ..	878	22,41,098	24,56,865	878	..	24,55,981	..	24,56,809	..	56	56
Cesses ..	..	2,14,889	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar ..	6,252	34,55,475	37,34,438	5,565	678	37,24,334	..	37,30,577	9	3,852	3,861
Cesses ..	..	2,72,711	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anjengo ..	..	2,829	3,055	..	..	3,055	..	3,055	..	..	..
Cesses ..	..	216	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	9,99,524	6,05,64,722	6,64,04,082	9,44,495	22,925	6,47,73,783	311	6,57,41,514	32,104	6,30,464	6,62,561
Cesses ..	..	48,39,836	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Includes railway cess.

Note.—(1) Variations between the arrear demand shown in column 2 of this statement and the amount shown in column 12 of the corresponding statement for fasli 1320 are due to the following causes:—

- Imposition of assessment and cesses in cases not previously brought to account.
- Remission granted after the Jamabandi of the fasli.
- Rectification of errors.

(2) The current ryotwar demand shown in column 3 of this statement against Tanjore, Vizagapatam and Anantapur, differs from the amount shown in column 59 of statement No. 4. The variation in Tanjore is due to the inclusion of Rs. 13 collected for fasli 1319 under demand and collection of fasli 1321. The variation in Vizagapatam is due to the exclusion from this statement of assessment on resumed service inams. The Collector of Anantapur has not explained the variation in his district.

No. 10.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance of land revenue and cesses, etc.—*cont.*

Districts.	Demand.			Collection and remission.					Balance.			Percentage of column 9 to column 4.
	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.		Current.		Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	
				Collection.	Remission.	Collection.	Remission.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total.												
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjām ..	1,54,769	20,83,794	22,38,563	1,49,302	483	19,82,675	..	21,32,460	4,984	1,01,119	1,06,103	95.26
Vizagapatam ..	28,945	20,00,940	20,29,885	27,272	259	19,77,893	..	20,05,424	1,414	23,047	24,461	98.79
Godavari ..	13,526	46,37,263	46,50,789	215	..	45,57,790	..	45,58,005	13,311	79,473	92,784	98.00
Kistna ..	57,043	73,27,312	73,84,355	51,771	4,348	73,07,727	22	73,63,968	924	19,563	20,487	99.72
Guntūr ..	13,162	60,44,090	60,57,252	8,336	4,526	60,42,214	4	60,55,380	..	1,872	1,872	99.97
Nellore ..	1,61,672	31,94,674	33,56,346	1,57,050	4,619	31,78,297	165	33,40,131	3	16,212	16,215	99.66
Cuddapah ..	82,324	15,78,472	16,60,796	81,040	864	15,31,236	..	16,13,140	420	47,236	47,656	97.11
Anantapur ..	35,692	13,42,317	13,78,009	34,257	555	13,31,676	4	13,66,492	880	10,637	11,517	99.12
Bellary ..	4,818	19,99,178	20,03,996	4,587	231	19,90,693	19	19,95,530	..	8,466	8,466	99.60
Kurnool ..	4,617	21,05,050	21,09,667	4,563	54	20,98,463	28	21,03,108	..	6,559	6,559	99.67
Madras ..	895	1,03,033	1,03,978	788	107	1,01,616	4	1,02,515	..	1,463	1,463	98.65
Chingleput ..	2,30,847	24,53,184	26,89,031	1,98,882	400	23,29,782	..	25,29,064	31,565	1,28,402	1,59,967	98.68
Chittoor ..	1,40,750	11,73,173	13,13,932	1,40,296	181	10,70,286	..	12,10,863	232	1,02,787	1,03,069	92.16
North Arcot ..	44,707	28,89,997	29,34,704	44,442	265	28,76,638	..	29,21,345	..	13,359	13,359	99.54
South Arcot ..	61,406	45,69,689	46,31,095	61,308	25	45,17,155	..	45,78,518	73	52,504	52,577	98.87
Tanjore ..	51,081	66,21,986	66,73,067	38,388	11	65,80,888	..	66,19,287	12,692	41,098	53,780	99.20
Trichinopoly ..	75,947	32,42,131	33,18,081	75,864	30	31,98,158	..	32,74,052	53	43,976	44,029	98.68
Madura ..	74,612	28,50,358	29,24,970	70,016	4,105	27,71,754	35	28,45,910	491	78,569	79,060	97.30
Ramanād ..	87,229	15,70,615	16,57,844	86,926	24	15,07,182	..	15,94,132	279	63,433	63,712	96.14
Tinnevely ..	15,216	31,13,174	31,28,390	15,090	126	30,95,834	..	31,11,050	..	17,340	17,340	99.45
Coimbatore ..	61,099	33,51,153	34,12,252	60,977	72	33,13,096	..	33,74,145	50	38,057	38,107	98.89
The Nilgiris ..	6,103	1,45,931	1,52,034	5,488	595	1,44,102	3	1,50,188	20	1,826	1,846	98.75
Salem ..	27,865	23,56,141	23,84,006	27,220	574	23,29,175	27	23,56,996	71	26,939	27,010	98.87
South Canara ..	878	24,55,987	24,56,865	878	..	24,55,931	..	24,56,809	..	56	56	99.998
Malabar ..	6,252	37,28,186	37,34,438	5,565	678	37,24,334	..	37,30,577	9	3,852	3,861	99.89
Anjengo ..	..	3,055	3,055	..	..	3,055	..	3,055	..	..	..	100.00
Total ..	14,41,464	7,29,45,936	7,43,87,400	13,50,821	23,132	7,20,17,780	311	7,38,92,044	67,511	9,27,845	9,95,366	98.66

No. 12.—Statement showing the details of coercive processes employed in the realization of arrears of land revenue in the several districts during fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

Districts.	Nature of processes.			Property attached.		
	Notice of demand.	Notice of distraint or attachment.	Notice of sale.	Personal.		
				Number of defaulters.	Amount of arrears.	Value of property distrained.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ganjam	23,420	1,879	1,157	1,029	RS. 32,943	RS. 39,406
Vizagapatam	4,460	338	111	111	13,312	15,577
Godavari	260	20	9	20	624	734
Kistna	16,035	8,601	4,638	7,467	1,43,042	1,49,230
Guntur	54,066	3,785	110	2,124	25,999	26,698
Nellore	156,200	48,851	281	42,842	2,92,340	2,59,181
Cuddapah	43,835	5,414	2,161	3,840	24,663	16,196
Anantapur	86,412	5,666	5,165	4,725	20,018	28,537
Bellary	8,428	2,111	1,217	1,520	1,174	16,269
Kurnool	1,440	282	116	209	2,953	4,408
Madras	28,028	84	77	71	1,007	1,163
Chingleput	62,044	44,416	41,030	40,792	1,68,931	2,17,574
Chittoor	49,166	1,167	507	1,066	11,831	15,100
North Arcot	311,322	9,569	9,378	9,391	31,471	35,024
South Arcot	6,545	221	108	150	1,753	2,029
Tanjore	191,567	11,108	10,079	10,632	1,60,068	1,77,092
Trichinopoly	55,708	1,911	1,906	1,763	14,104	20,101
Madura	30,936	5,676	5,505	612	10,020	11,375
Ramnad	767	46	5	18	319	338
Tinnevely	37,299	2,544	2,388	1,398	15,454	19,031
Coimbatore	757	24	16	8	92	250
Nilgiris, The	2,962	628	503	373	1,521	2,015
Salem	8,931	302	268	128	2,796	3,295
South Canara	6,458	240	141	129	5,169	5,121
Malabar	11,186	2,827	2,314	2,096	1,94,611	1,82,489
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	1,198,222	157,710	89,190	132,514	11,76,183	12,48,173

Districts.	Property attached—cont.						
	Real.						
	Particulars of land.						
	Number of defaulters.	Amount of arrears.	Dry.		Wet.		Value of other property.
			Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Ganjam	350	RS. 8,716	ACS. 256-00	RS. 322	ACS. 476	RS. 1,614	RS. 7,881
Vizagapatam	227	3,921	205-00	203	831	3,433	..
Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna	1,134	38,163	8,535-00	11,236	5,063	27,209	1,258
Guntur	1,661	16,428	679-38	4-8	384-35	2,090	..
Nellore	6,009	15,644	3,415-00	3,302	3,410-00	18,558	1,246
Cuddapah	1,474	10,784	4,754-51	4,136	1,999-44	8,607	16,290
Anantapur	941	5,866	9,158-00	4,471	1,453-00	6,323	..
Bellary	591	4,970	4,005-41	2,401	449-47	2,040	25
Kurnool	73	587	509-00	348	6-00	39	1,104
Madras	13	402	45-94	402	..	..	..
Chingleput	3,624	21,226	2,652-00	4,197	2,776-00	10,687	6,583
Chittoor	101	579	278-68	185	68-47	452	1
North Arcot	178	1,330	139-11	165	83-64	624	5,069
South Arcot	71	710	269-00	454	30-00	137	36
Tanjore	476	7,966	347-00	533	309-00	1,858	..
Trichinopoly	148	2,746	229-00	235	213-00	1,345	130
Madura	5,064	34,809	7,216-00	15,337	11,005-00	50,163	34
Ramnad	28	186	121-00	120	5-00	35	..
Tinnevely	1,146	5,972	160-44	93	64-51	436	929
Coimbatore	16	150	142-18	106	5-07	41	115
Nilgiris, The	255	2,727	3,282-00	2,010	28-00	57	..
Salem	174	1,442	1,087-00	1,055	77-00	404	109
South Canara	111	1,638	19-00	10	97-00	288	..
Malabar	751	49,630	3,542-00	10,090	4,710-00	11,670	..
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	25,096	2,36,492	51,087-65	61,834	32,778-95	1,47,910	40,760

No. 12.—Statement showing the details of coercive processes employed in the realization of arrears of land revenue in the several districts during fasli 1321 (1911-1912)—cont.

Districts.	Property sold.					
	Personal.				Real.	
	Number of defaulters.	Amount of arrears.	Estimated value of property.	Amount realized.	Number of defaulters.	Amount of arrears.
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Ganjam	..	RS. 964	RS. 1,043	RS. 1,001	5	RS. 168
Vizagapatam	11	51	360	247	26	122
Godavari	3	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna	727	9,436	10,525	10,505	213	9,765
Guntur	19	596	622	728	50	850
Nellore	179	827	1,127	906	102	1,145
Cuddapah	63	676	924	367	395	3,555
Anantapur	46	728	668	601	116	1,137
Bellary	10	456	519	350	81	1,790
Kurnool	11	283	326	320	24	115
Madras	2	23	10	8	..	..
Chingleput	7	497	411	345	353	2,929
Chittoor	20	668	1,991	538	48	111
North Arcot	9	76	71	91	15	121
South Arcot	12	167	171	207	24	284
Tanjore	65	4,191	3,711	3,069	42	1,138
Trichinopoly	10	264	294	237	9	267
Madura	104	1,634	559	585	227	2,724
Ramnad	1	2	5	2	4	23
Tinnevely	26	937	858	698	41	300
Coimbatore	..	..	..	..	10	75
Nilgiris, The	14	57	57	56	18	247
Salem	3	29	6	8	81	746
South Canara	16	258	268	307	2	11
Malabar	86	1,155	1,365	1,137	166	8,468
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	1,444	23,975	25,891	22,313	2,047	36,088

Districts.	Property sold—cont.		Particulars of land sold.				
	Real—cont.		Purchased by Government for want of bidders.				
	Estimated value of property.	Amount realized.	Dry.		Wet.		Amount for which purchased.
			Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Ganjam	RS. 231	RS. 273	ACS. 22-00	RS. 20	ACS. 5-00	RS. 10	RS. A. P. ..
Vizagapatam	366	161	..	..	..	..	..
Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna	12,949	9,384	1,839-00	2,110	1,196-00	3,761	0 12 0
Guntur	3,128	2,056	211-96	121	40-32	164	3 2 0
Nellore	2,856	2,386	108-00	85	32-00	182	..
Cuddapah	10,864	4,001	726-12	438	55-07	253	23 11 0
Anantapur	4,513	3,618	644-00	165	78-00	360	373 2 0
Bellary	5,625	2,941	222-43	72	31-36	245	0 7 0
Kurnool	162	125	72-00	30	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	9,464	6,462	19-00	27	80-00	207	2 0 0
Chittoor	81	62	130-36	55	3-97	14	10 10 0
North Arcot	234	317	17-53	19	..	..	188 1 0
South Arcot	316	332	17-00	25	..	..	14 0 0
Tanjore	2,571	6,936	10-00	..	..	..	0 1 0
Trichinopoly	361	378	..	..	..	..	..
Madura	14,770	9,545	166-00	188	48-00	132	4 14 0
Ramnad	13	48	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	1,486	1,640	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore	243	335	22-65	18	00-31	4	0 4 0
Nilgiris, The	486	384	26-00	31	12-00	30	0 6 0
Salem	1,253	954	179-00	149	3-00	11	1 1 0
South Canara	40	59	..	..	4-00	7	8 0 0
Malabar	20,306	8,277	174-00	161	165-00	360	163 0 0
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	92,844	60,679	4,617-05	3,765	1,774-04	5,680	803 7 0

No. 12.—Statement showing the details of coercive processes employed in the realization of arrears of land revenue in the several districts during fasli 1321 (1911-1912)—*cont.*

Districts.	Particulars of land sold— <i>cont.</i>						Amount realized by sale of other property.	Total amount realized.
	Purchased by others.							
	Dry.			Wet.				
	Extent.	Assessment.	Value realized.	Extent.	Assessment.	Value realized.		
	28	29	30	31	32	33		
	ACS.	RS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjām	31-00	15	152	2-00	6	126	..	278
Vizagapatam ..	23-00	25	..	27-00	73	..	..	1,162
Goāvari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna	691-00	856	2,700	496-00	2,735	6,684	78	19,967
Guntūr	132-91	198	417	99-30	551	1,642	..	2,625
Nellore	140-00	93	241	117-00	362	2,145	..	3,292
Cuddapah	1,477-15	938	1,313	128-14	484	2,016	63	4,368
Anantapur	740-00	230	1,248	73-00	389	1,997	..	4,219
Bellary	407-56	197	888	37-25	178	2,039	14	3,305
Kurnool	169-00	71	122	1-00	4	3	..	445
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
Chingleput	232-00	265	1,427	293-00	966	5,033	..	6,807
Chittoor	48-77	26	64	12-71	53	71	..	625
North Arcot	18-42	20	206	3-30	17	111	230	501
South Arcot	93-00	145	258	11-09	41	60	..	539
Tanjore	64-00	70	1,231	19-00	96	5,705	..	10,005
Trichinopoly ..	51-00	53	167	1-35	7	211	..	615
Madura	359-00	430	5,535	121-00	680	4,010	13	10,143
Bamnād	9-27	7	70	..	..	..	..	73
Tinnevelly	65-90	41	517	12-48	94	1,123	54	2,392
Coimbatore	63-58	46	335	..	..	..	..	335
Nilgiris, The ..	119-00	65	383	..	..	..	..	417
Salem	281-00	240	508	21-00	92	220	..	773
South Canara ..	..	..	..	0-10	1	51	85	451
Malabar	324-00	643	4,663	435-00	720	3,451	..	9,414
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	5,540-56	4,674	22,445	1,910-83	7,529	36,701	577	82,759

Districts.	Number of ryot-wari pattas.	Percentage of column 3 to column 36.	Percentage of column 4 to column 3.	Percentage of columns 15 + 19 to column 35.	Percentage of columns 15 + 19 to column 4.	Percentage of the extent bought in by Government (columns 23 + 25) to the total extent sold (columns 23 + 25 + 28 + 31).
	36	37	38	39	40	41
Ganjām	86,524	2-18	61-57	0-008	0-43	..
Vizagapatam ..	17,744	1-90	32-84	21	33-33	35-86
Goāvari	65,250	0-03	45-00	0-005	33-33	..
Kistna	128,348	6-70	53-92	73	20-27	71-88
Guntūr	245,308	1-54	2-90	03	62-73	52-13
Nellore	111,712	43-73	0-57	25	100-00	23-82
Cuddapah	168,607	3-21	39-91	27	41-19	32-74
Anantapur	118,855	4-76	91-16	14	3-13	47-03
Bellary	127,630	1-65	57-65	07	7-47	36-29
Kurnool	138,425	20	41-13	02	30-17	29-75
Madras	..	..	91-68	..	2-59	..
Chingleput	158,114	28-09	92-38	23	0-88	15-86
Chittoor	50,490	1-80	43-14	07	12-42	68-53
North Arcot	243,843	3-92	98-004	009	00-25	46-15
South Arcot	399,821	0-06	48-87	009	33-33	14-05
Tanjore	237,799	4-67	90-74	04	1-06	..
Trichinopoly ..	246,325	0-72	99-74	008	0-99	16-13
Madura	191,398	2-96	96-99	17	6-01	31-61
Ramnād	62,322	0-07	10-87	008	100-00	..
Tinnevelly	229,792	1-10	93-87	03	2-80	..
Coimbatore	277,446	0-09	66-66	004	62-50	26-44
Nilgiris, The ..	9,284	6-76	80-09	34	6-36	28-74
Salem	193,686	15	88-74	04	31-39	37-60
South Canara ..	95,724	25	58-75	02	12-76	97-56
Malabar	195,378	1-44	81-86	13	10-90	32-11
Anjengo	582	..	..	..	..	..
Total	3,859,407	4-08	56-55	09	3-91	46-17

No. 13.—Statement showing the particulars of processes issued and the fees collected under Act II of 1864 in the several districts during fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

Districts.	Number of processes served by		Total receipts on account of process service fees during the year.	Actual cost of process service establishment.	Rates of fees charged.
	Village agency.	Special paid agency.			
1	2	3	4	5	6
Ganjam	11,335	14,092	RS. 2,828	RS. 1,900	As. 3, and 6.
Vizagapatam	485	4,290	580	541	As. 2, 4 and 8.
Goāvari	27	228	374	551	As. 1, 2, 3, and 4.
Kistna	10,581	53	31	89	9 pies and As. 4.
Guntur	43,645	12,302	580	311	9 pies, and As. 1-6.
Nellore	2,05,332	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	49,249	..	..	..	..
Anantapur	89,139	..	..	..	..
Bellary	11,104	..	..	..	..
Kurnool	1,629	..	..	..	..
Madras	28,451	..	111	..	As. 1, 4, 8 & Re. 1.
Chingleput	1,44,787	..	..	..	..
Chittoor	50,597	..	..	..	..
North Arcot	3,20,915	..	..	..	..
South Arcot	2,895	3,829	470	505	As. 2.
Tanjore	2,00,691	1,431	170	35	As. 1 and 2.
Trichinopoly	57,384	..	..	..	..
Madura	22,784	18,180	2,459	1,913	As. 2 and 4.
Ramnād	613	205	97	66	As. 3.
Tinnevelly	35,521	1,488	270	196	As. 3.
Coimbatore	797	..	..	..	..
Nilgiris, The	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	8,930	367	69	79	As. 3.
South Canara	6,710	..	..	..	..
Malabar	14,231	..	..	..	..
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..
Total	1,317,832	56,415	8,089	6,236	..

No. 14.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance of interest charged on arrears of land revenue for fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

Districts.	Demand.			Collections and remissions.			Total.	Balance
	Arrears of interest outstanding at the beginning of the fasli.	Demand of the fasli.	Total.	Remissions.				
				Collections.	Granted by Collectors on their own authority with reference to Board's Proceedings, No. 173, dated 20th Jan. 1882.	Granted with the sanction of the Board.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Ganjam	RS. 986	RS. 2,533	RS. 3,519	RS. 877	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. 877	RS. 2,642
Vizagapatam	241	194	435	317	1	..	318	117
Godavari	..	146	146	145	..	..	145	1
Kistna	203	5,129	5,332	4,739	111	141	4,991	341
Guntūr	1,165	68	1,233	89	2	1,142	1,233	..
Nellore	1,755	605	2,360	1,588	20	..	1,608	752
Cuddapah	685	444	1,129	467	41	..	508	621
Anantapur	525	132	657	121	3	..	124	533
Bellary	588	30	618	559	1	..	560	258
Kurnool	..	45	45	36	8	..	44	1
Madras	..	4	4	4	..	..	4	..
Chingleput	3,467	4,262	7,729	981	18	..	999	6,730
Chittoor	7,153	3,177	10,330	789	..	..	789	9,541
North Arcot	56	135	191	162	1	..	163	28
South Arcot	84	307	391	293	..	..	293	98
Tanjore	210	362	572	317	..	..	317	255
Trichinopoly	389	390	779	450	..	..	450	329
Madura	128	2,708	2,831	2,598	71	..	2,669	1 2
Rāmṇād	54	121	175	140	..	..	140	35
Tinnevelly	106	163	269	185	3	..	188	81
Coimbatore	..	5	5	4	1	..	5	..
Nilgiris, The	18	22	40	25	2	3	30	10
Salem	124	346	470	358	22	15	395	75
South Canara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	37	48	85	18	..	66	84	1
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	17,974	21,371	39,345	15,062	505	1,367	16,734	22,611

* Revised figure.

No. 15.—Statement showing the disposal of cases of transfer of registry during fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

Districts.	Applications for transfer of pattas received through Registration officers.						
	Number of cases pending at the beginning of the fasli.	Number of cases received during the fasli.	Total.	Number of cases disposed of during the fasli.	Number of cases pending at the close of the fasli.		Percentage of pending cases to total.
					Cases of the previous fasli.	Cases of the fasli under report.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Ganjām	200	879	1,079	966	..	113	10.47
Vizagapatam	33	205	238	226	..	12	5.04
Godavari	142	2,292	2,434	2,227	..	207	8.50
Kistna	463	4,387	4,850	4,192	3	655	13.47
Guntūr	261	5,612	5,873	5,455	4	404	6.94
Nellore	62	415	477	397	..	80	16.77
Cuddapah	9	105	114	107	..	7	6.14
Anantapur	55	832	887	775	12	100	12.62
Bellary	108	496	604	485	1	118	19.70
Kurnool	65	1,321	1,386	1,322	..	64	4.61
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	206	3,327	3,533	3,211	..	322	9.11
Chittoor	12	152	164	153	..	6	3.65
North Arcot	489	2,414	2,903	2,490	40	373	14.57
South Arcot	1,838	4,714	6,552	4,608	319	1,655	29.99
Tanjore	191	2,198	2,389	2,233	1	155	6.53
Trichinopoly	476	3,500	3,976	3,169	117	690	20.29
Madura	250	1,974	2,224	2,021	..	203	9.12
Rāmṇād	..	270	270	266	..	4	1.48
Tinnevelly	125	10,051	10,176	10,061	..	115	1.13
Coimbatore	296	4,461	4,757	4,498	..	259	5.44
Nilgiris, The	1	46	47	47	..	..	..
Salem	363	5,143	5,506	5,176	..	330	5.99
South Canara	49	649	698	656	..	42	6.01
Malabar	4	46	50	46	1	3	5.0
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	5,698	55,519	61,217	54,802	498	5,917	10.47

Districts.	Applications for transfer of pattas made direct to Revenue officers.						
	Number of cases pending at the beginning of the fasli.	Number of cases received during the fasli.	Total.	Number of cases disposed of during the fasli.	Number of cases pending at the close of the fasli.		Percentage of pending cases to total.
					Cases of the previous fasli.	Cases of the fasli under report.	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Ganjām	..	4	4	4	..	..	..
Vizagapatam	8	269	277	240	..	32	13.36
Godavari	73	845	918	832	..	86	9.36
Kistna	137	1,972	2,109	1,964	..	145	6.83
Guntūr	65	1,328	1,393	1,353	..	40	2.87
Nellore	31	701	732	719	..	13	1.77
Cuddapah	21	379	400	366	..	34	8.5
Anantapur	40	332	372	360	2	10	3.22
Bellary	176	2,180	2,356	2,131	4	221	9.55
Kurnool	73	1,071	1,144	1,090	..	54	4.72
Madras	240	865	1,105	703	22	380	3.63
Chingleput	144	2,490	2,634	2,304	..	330	12.52
Chittoor	11	353	364	361	..	3	0.82
North Arcot	186	12,179	12,365	12,177	35	163	1.52
South Arcot	1,001	2,740	3,741	2,438	412	891	34.83
Tanjore	672	5,521	6,193	5,569	8	616	10.07
Trichinopoly	529	1,793	2,322	1,620	153	549	30.23
Madura	208	3,760	3,968	3,718	..	250	6.30
Rāmṇād	..	40	40	33	..	7	17.5
Tinnevelly	684	9,868	10,552	10,072	..	480	4.54
Coimbatore	2	103	110	106	..	4	3.63
Nilgiris, The	37	225	262	238	..	24	9.16
Salem	84	1,227	1,311	1,233	1	27	2.22
South Canara	160	2,998	3,158	2,992	..	166	5.22
Malabar	401	2,716	3,117	2,602	83	432	16.52
Anjengo	8	16	24	20	..	4	16.66
Total	4,941	55,980	60,921	55,245	720	4,856	9.31

* Revised figure.

No. 15.—Statement showing the disposal of cases of transfer of registry during fasli 1321 (1911–1912)—*cont.*

Districts.	Transfers proposed by Revenue officers of their own motion.				
	Number of cases pending at the beginning of the fasli.	Number of cases brought to notice during the fasli.	Total.	Number of cases disposed of during the fasli.	Number of cases pending at the close of the fasli.
	16	17	18	19	20
Ganjām	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	135	135	135	..
Godāvari	24	131	155	117	38
Kistna	32	620	652	593	59
Guntūr	34	* 415	* 449	* 420	29
Nellore	229	436	665	529	136
Caddapah	1	77	78	63	15
Anantapur	236	333	569	452	117
Bellary	162	408	570	424	146
Kurnool	..	76	76	76	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	2	219	221	205	16
Chittoor	53	265	318	289	29
North Arcot	1,346	748	2,094	1,429	665
South Arcot	265	654	919	693	226
Tanjore	733	7,106	7,839	7,183	656
Trichinopoly	372	496	868	577	291
Madura	98	481	574	436	138
Ramnād	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	9	..	9	9	..
Coimbatore	87	343	430	330	..
Nilgiris, The	37	139	176	174	2
Salem	145	394	539	320	219
South Canara	2	115	117	110	7
Malabar	5	85	90	75	15
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..
Total	3,867	13,676	17,543	14,739	2,804

* Includes six cases by order of Court.

No. 16.—Statement showing the advances and recoveries under the Land Improvement Loans Act for fasli 1321 (1911–1912).

(Paragraphs 38 to 40 of the report.)

No. 16.—Statement showing the advances and recoveries under the
(Paragraphs 38 to

District.	Purpose.	Total amount of advances outstanding at the beginning of the year.	Advances made during the year.	Total.	Amount of advances payable during the year and the balance remaining unpaid out of sums which became due in previous years.	Amount recovered during the year.		Amount written off during the year.	Total of columns 7, 8 and 9.
1	2	3	4	5	6	On account of sums entered in column 6.	On account of advances not yet due.	9	10
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1. Ganjām ..	Sinking new wells ..	..	260	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Reclamation of land ..	* 68,324	..	83,319	11,694	8,562	632	..	9,194
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	14,745	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2. Vizagapatam ..	Sinking new wells ..	5,598	1,050	6,648	1,329	1,225	..	..	1,225
	Reclamation of land ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Kistna ..	Reclamation of land ..	21,595	4,575	26,670	2,385	2,385	4,193	..	6,578
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	500	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	300	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	550	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Guntur ..	Reclamation of land ..	12,198	..	15,498	1,364	1,362	..	..	1,362
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	2,450	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	525	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	425	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Kurnool ..	Reclamation of land ..	*2,27,257	1,100	2,29,357	20,978	20,424	1,396	148	21,968
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	2,516	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	2,325	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Bellary ..	Reclamation of land ..	*2,14,776	14,490	2,36,692	32,340	28,167	3,654	203	32,024
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	1,050	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	1,535	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	5,558	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	3,747	..	..	..	..	..	..
7. Anantapur ..	Reclamation of land ..	*2,48,145	160	2,58,475	47,605	34,435	2,542	..	36,977
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	290	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	575	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	1,165	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	500	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Cuddapah ..	Reclamation of land ..	*1,65,584	475	1,68,409	17,983	17,552	300	98	17,950
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	255	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	430	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	675	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	485	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. Nellore ..	Reclamation of land ..	*37,922	1,050	40,132	3,832	3,453	182	140	3,775
	All other purposes ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	18,273	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	1,119	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Chingleput ..	Reclamation of land ..	*2,77,531	875	2,99,873	20,459	15,732	95	146	15,973
	All other purposes ..	..	2,075	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Madras ..	All other purposes ..	7,562	..	7,562	279	213	..	..	213
	Sinking new wells ..	..	7,270	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	1,000	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	Reclamation of land ..	*1,25,727	2,450	1,49,097	8,815	8,139	..	..	8,139
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	12,650	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	2,575	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	1,550	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. North Arcot ..	Reclamation of land ..	*3,07,098	610	3,11,833	29,867	28,512	1,156	..	29,668
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	2,855	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. Chittoor ..	Repairing old wells ..	*1,08,581	2,485	1,13,971	12,874	11,928	163	..	12,091
	Reclamation of land ..	..	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	2,048	..	..	..	..	..	..
15. Salem ..	Repairing old wells ..	*1,16,494	2,145	1,20,962	19,872	18,460	1,614	..	20,074
	Reclamation of land ..	..	200	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	75	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	26,537	..	..	..	..	..	..
16. Coimbatore ..	Repairing old wells ..	*5,94,234	14,742	6,46,363	39,771	39,698	210	..	39,908
	Reclamation of land ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	10,850	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	14,804	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	5,490	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Trichinopoly ..	Reclamation of land ..	2,14,407	6,418	2,45,169	20,360	19,192	511	..	19,703
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	550	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	3,500	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Revised figure.

† Includes Rs. 141-2-5 collected in the previous fasli but adjusted in fasli 1321.

Land Improvement Loans Act for fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

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District.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Balance outstand- ing at the end of the year (column 5 minus column 10).	Balance repayable during the year out- standing at the end of the year (column 6 minus columns 7 and 9).	Interest on advances.							
				Amount outstand- ing at the beginning of the year.	Amount due in the year.	Total.	Amount collected during the year.		Amount written off during the year.	Balance.	Amount suspended by competent authority.
							On account of sums entered against column 14.	On account of sums entered against column 15.			
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1	..	74,125	3,132	591	3,883	4,474	1,319	2,208	..	947	..
2	. 52	5,423	104	..	319	319	..	271	..	48	41
3	..	20,092	..	..	845	845	..	845	..	..	..
4	..	14,136	2	..	784	784	784	..	..	..	..
5	..	2,07,389	406	78	10,151	10,229	45	9,973	13	198	..
6	..	2,04,668	3,970	* 2,304	12,190	14,494	1,832	10,706	249	1,707	..
7	592	2,21,498	13,170	5,501	15,005	20,506	5,313	10,838	..	4,355	129
8	..	1,50,459	333	1,442	7,717	9,159	7,718	1,223	8	210	..
9	..	36,357	239	* 392	5,007	2,399	317	1,929	14	129	..
10	..	2,83,900	4,581	2,400	13,556	15,956	2,348	10,016	29	3,563	..
11	..	7,349	66	..	439	439	..	283	..	156	..
12	..	1,40,958	676	230	5,400	5,680	278	4,915	..	487	..
13	..	2,82,165	1,355	* 1,733	12,139	13,872	1,959	11,696	..	247	..
14	..	1,01,580	946	* 410	5,602	6,012	410	4,864	..	738	..
15	..	1,00,888	1,412	1,247	6,168	7,415	1,155	5,769	..	491	197
16	..	6,06,455	73	* 265	28,420	28,685	264	28,402	..	19	..
17	..	2,25,466	1,168	327	12,344	12,671	318	11,476	..	877	..

* Revised figure.

No. 16.—Statement showing the advances and recoveries under the

District.	Purpose.	Total amount of advances outstanding at the beginning of the year.	Advances made during the year.	Total.	Amount of advances payable during the year and the balance remaining unpaid out of sums which became due in previous years.	Amount recovered during the year.		Amount written off during the year.	Total of columns 7, 8 and 9.
						On account of sums entered in column 6.	On account of advances not yet due.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
18. Tanjore ..	Sinking new wells ..	..	975	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	350	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Reclamation of land ..	* 12,184	1,050	14,559	2,279	1,994	360	..	2,354
	Repairs to tanks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Madura ..	All other purposes ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	49,325	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	9,875	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Reclamation of land ..	* 2,31,395	2,625	2,93,220	31,798	26,506	6,467	..	32,973
20. Ramnad ..	Repairs to tanks ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	8,870	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	* 76,728	1,300	86,898	3,912	2,561	413	..	2,974
21. Tinnevely ..	Reclamation of land ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sinking new wells ..	..	19,270	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Repairing old wells ..	..	2,815	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Reclamation of land ..	* 1,23,921	1,072	1,47,703	9,991	8,535	15	..	8,550
22. The Nilgiris ..	Repairs to tanks ..	..	125	..	..	..	..	..	..
	All other purposes ..	..	500	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Wire fencing ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Trenching ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23. Malabar ..	Construction of stone walls ..	..	1,600	2,750	4,350	748	748	509	1,257
	All other purposes ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. South Canara ..	Reclamation of land ..	..	10,422	..	10,422	748	748	..	748
	All other purposes ..	..	99	300	399	99	99	..	99
Total ..		32,09,382	3,08,199	35,17,581	3,41,382	3,00,630	24,412	735	3,25,777

* Revised figure.

Land Improvement Loans Act for fasli 1321 (1911-1912)—cont.

District.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year (column 5 minus column 10).	Balance repayable during the year outstanding at the end of the year (column 6 minus columns 7 and 9).	Interest on advances.							
				Amount outstanding at the beginning of the year.	Amount due in the year.	Total.	Amount collected during the year.		Amount written off during the year.	Balance.	Amount suspended by competent authority.
							On account of sums entered against column 14.	On account of sums entered against column 15.			
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
18	..	12,305	285	* 227	570	797	227	469	..	101	..
19	..	2,60,247	5,292	2,127	12,208	14,335	1,829	10,475	..	2,031	..
20	..	83,924	1,351	665	3,979	4,644	665	2,419	..	1,560	..
21	..	1,39,153	1,456	* 1,167	7,116	8,283	1,165	5,514	..	1,604	..
22	..	3,093	..	4	102	106	4	102	..	..	..
23	..	9,674	..	..	521	521	..	521	..	..	..
24	..	300	..	..	13	13	..	13	..	..	..
	644	31,91,804	40,017	21,160	1,61,473	1,82,638	27,920	1,34,927	313	19,478	367

* Revised figure.

No. 17.—Statement showing the advances and recoveries under

(Paragraphs 38

District.	Purpose	Total amount of advances outstanding at the beginning of the year.	Advances made during the year.	Total.	Amount of advances payable during the year and the balance remaining unpaid out of sums which became due in previous years.	Amount recovered during the year.		Amount written off during the year.	Total of columns 7, 8 and 9.
						On account of sums entered in column 6.	On account of advances not yet due.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Ganjam.	Purchase of cattle ..	Rs. 23,718	Rs. 3,825	Rs. 27,543	Rs. 11,380	Rs. 3,881	Rs. 196	Rs. ..	Rs. 4,077
	Do. of seed-grain ..		2,560						
2. Visagapatam.	Purchase of cattle ..	3,632	220	6,512	2,026	1,944	1	..	1,945
	Do. of seed-grain ..		100						
	Purchase of cattle ..		7,970						
3. Kistna.	Do. of seed-grain ..	857	60	8,907	63	63	..	..	63
	Do. of fodder ..		20						
4. Guntur.	Purchase of cattle ..	36,106	3,850	39,956	7,163	7,158	85	..	7,243
	Do. of fodder ..		500						
	All other purposes ..		4,946						
5. Kurnool.	Purchase of cattle ..	* 66,235	16,090	87,271	15,913	15,699	103	..	15,802
	Do. of seed-grain ..		14,797						
	Do. of fodder ..		8,615						
6. Bellary.	Do. of sugarcane mill ..	* 93,121	135	1,16,668	49,415	42,518	763	25	43,306
	Purchase of cattle ..		26,530						
7. Anantapur.	Do. of seed-grain ..	1,03,188	..	1,29,718	42,126	32,674	1,573	..	34,247
	Do. of fodder ..		..						
	All other purposes ..		..						
8. Cuddapah.	Purchase of cattle ..	* 89,486	12,135	1,01,871	23,924	23,374	140	58	23,572
	Do. of seed-grain ..		250						
	Do. of fodder ..		6,340						
9. Nellore.	Re-building of houses ..	* 22,774	..	39,164	7,586	7,233	199	..	7,432
	Purchase of cattle ..		67,665						
10. Chingleput.	Do. of seed-grain ..	* 1,99,193	100	2,67,058	32,879	26,877	..	..	26,877
	Do. of fodder ..		100						
	All other purposes ..		6,245						
11. South Arcot.	Purchase of cattle ..	* 8,575	..	14,970	2,572	2,240	..	..	2,240
	Do. of sugarcane mill ..		150						
12. North Arcot.	All other purposes ..		10,815						
	Purchase of cattle ..	* 43,852	100	54,767	13,344	12,964	109	..	13,073
	Do. of seed-grain ..		11,285						
13. Chittoor.	Purchase of cattle ..	31,487	..	42,772	6,669	5,664	135	..	5,799
	Do. of seed-grain ..		10,885						
	Do. of sugarcane mill ..		25						
14. Salem ..	Building houses ..	33,032	75	44,467	8,812	7,553	839	..	8,392
	All other purposes ..		450						
15. Coimbatore.	Purchase of cattle ..	* 83,922	5,541	90,039	15,223	14,190	5	..	14,195
	Do. of seed-grain ..		51						
	Do. of fodder ..		525						
16. Trichinopoly.	Purchase of cattle ..	51,120	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Do. of seed-grain ..	* 2,44,488	..	2,99,713	33,944	29,816	786	..	30,602
	Do. of fodder ..		200						
	Do. of sugarcane mill ..		3,925						
17. Tanjore.	Purchase of cattle ..	* 45,876	10,660	59,821	15,917	10,337	512	..	10,849
	Do. of sugarcane mill ..		675						
	All other purposes ..		2,710						
18. Madura.	Purchase of cattle ..	* 2,05,326	55,515	2,64,266	57,828	51,814	6,395	..	58,239
	Construction of houses ..		..						
	Purchase of oil-engine ..		3,425						
19. Ramnad.	Building houses ..		..	899	145	63	..	..	63
	Purchase of cattle ..	* 899	..						
20. Tinnevely.	All other purposes ..		5,588						
	Purchase of cattle ..	* 16,902	100	27,457	3,772	2,862	120	..	2,982
	Do. of seed-grain ..		4,807						
	Do. of fodder ..		3,743						
21. The Nilgiris.	Purchase of cattle ..	12,264	275	19,287	7,970	6,909	280	..	7,189
	Do. of seed-grain ..		980						
	Do. of manure ..		2,025						
22. Malabar.	All other purposes ..	329	..	329	49	49	..	..	49
23. South Canara.	Purchase of sugarcane mills ..	..	150	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	13,75,242	3,68,363	17,43,605	3,58,520	3,05,912	12,241	83	3,18,236

* Revised figure.

the Agriculturists' Loans Act for fasli 1321 (1911-1912).

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District.	Amount suspended by competent authority.	Balance outstanding at the end of the year (column 5, minus column 10).	Balance repayable during the year outstanding at the end of the year (column 6 minus columns 7 and 9).	Interest on advances.							Balance.	Amount suspended by competent authority.
				Amount outstanding at the beginning of the year.	Amount due in the year.	Total.	Amount collected during the year		Amount written off during the year.			
							On account of sums entered against column 14.	On account of sums entered against column 15.				
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
1	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	..	23,466	7,499	819	1,219	2,038	452	568	..	1,018	..	
2	63	4,567	82	17	243	260	17	220	..	23	8	
3	..	8,844	..	..	4	4	..	4	..	..	..	
4	..	32,713	5	17	2,702	2,719	17	2,702	..	..	..	
5	..	71,469	214	29	2,521	3,550	29	3,509	..	12	..	
6	..	73,362	6,872	* 1,210	5,542	6,752	920	5,113	2	717	..	
7	863	95,471	9,452	3,166	7,708	10,874	3,096	4,989	..	2,789	68	
8	..	78,299	492	* 1,330	5,527	6,857	1,330	5,346	7	174	..	
9	..	31,739	353	200	2,472	2,672	196	2,370	..	104	..	
10	..	2,40,181	6,002	1,665	12,606	14,274	1,636	10,773	..	1,862	..	
11	..	12,730	332	9	613	622	9	493	..	120	..	
12	..	41,694	380	* 345	3,186	3,531	380	3,065	..	136	..	
13	..	36,973	1,005	* 66	2,193	2,259	66	1,743	..	450	..	
14	..	36,075	1,259	* 216	1,941	2,157	213	1,581	..	363	168	
15	..	75,844	1,033	* 140	5,291	5,431	4	5,271	..	156	..	
16	..	2,69,111	4,128	* 459	16,230	16,689	459	12,957	..	2,273	..	
17	..	48,972	5,580	* 1,089	2,397	3,486	1,061	1,254	..	1,171	..	
18	..	2,06,027	5,764	2,187	13,480	15,667	2,011	12,355	..	1,301	..	
19	..	836	82	5	54	59	5	22	..	32	..	
20	..	24,475	910	154	1,194	1,348	143	841	..	304	..	
21	..	12,098	1,061	123	965	988	123	787	..	78	..	
22	..	280	..	..	16	16	..	16	..	..	..	
23	..	150	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	926	14,25,369	52,525	13,246	89,004	1,02,250	12,119	75,979	9	14,143	244	

* Revised figure.

No. 18.—Statement showing the classification of loans sanctioned under the Land Improvement and the Agriculturists' Loans Act during fasli 1321.

Districts.	Rs. 100 and under.		Above Rs. 100 and not more than Rs. 250.		Above Rs. 250 and not more than Rs. 500.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		RS. A.		RS. A.		RS.
1. Ganjam ..	19	1,760 0	23	3,185 0	40	11,990
2. Vizagapatam ..	38	2,330 0	5	900 0	2	700
3. Kistna ..	118	7,240 0	19	2,935 0	4	1,700
4. Guntur ..	10	850 0	13	2,700 0	4	1,600
5. Kurnool ..	137	9,616 0	59	10,310 0	12	3,450
6. Bellary ..	350	23,334 8	76	14,035 8	21	8,100
7. Anantapur ..	130	9,625 0	115	19,134 0	27	8,100
8. Cuddapah ..	33	2,550 0	47	8,745 0	10	3,695
9. Nellore ..	41	2,905 0	27	4,530 0	5	1,900
10. Chingleput ..	345	27,570 0	240	41,550 0	41	15,250
11. Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	53	4,800 0	79	14,615 0	12	4,500
13. North Arcot ..	105	9,000 0	31	5,125 0	4	1,450
14. Chittoor ..	97	7,215 0	58	9,460 0	..	..
15. Salem ..	31	2,575 0	56	9,825 0	12	4,375
16. Coimbatore ..	47	3,605 0	62	10,425 0	72	23,735
17. Trichinopoly ..	270	22,172 8	269	40,768 8	70	18,065
18. Tanjore ..	66	5,470 0	28	3,750 0	10	3,775
19. Madura ..	129	11,460 0	406	60,910 0	145	45,970
20. Ramnad ..	..	..	16	2,160 0	26	8,010
21. Tinnevely ..	100	7,477 8	98	15,490 0	20	5,940
22. The Nilgiris ..	75	4,560 0	19	2,375 0	5	1,900
23. Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. South Canara ..	..	..	1	150 0	1	300
Total ..	2,194	1,66,115 8	1,742	2,83,078 0	543	1,74,415

Districts.	Above Rs. 500 and not more than Rs. 1,000.		Above Rs. 1,000 and not more than Rs. 5,000.		Above Rs. 5,000.		Total.	
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
		RS.		RS.				RS. A.
1. Ganjam ..	7	5,450	..	..	..	..	89	22,385 0
2. Vizagapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	45	3,930 0
3. Kistna ..	..	..	1	1,250	..	..	142	18,125 0
4. Guntur ..	..	..	1	2,000	..	..	28	7,150 0
5. Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	208	28,375 0
6. Bellary ..	1	700	1	1,600	..	..	449	47,770 0
7. Anantapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	272	36,859 0
8. Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90	14,900 0
9. Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	73	9,335 0
10. Chingleput ..	1	800	..	..	..	..	627	85,170 0
11. Madura ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	..	..	6	12,450	..	..	150	36,365 0
13. North Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	140	15,575 0
14. Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	155	16,675 0
15. Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	99	16,775 0
16. Coimbatore ..	14	10,425	4	9,500	..	..	199	57,690 0
17. Trichinopoly ..	2	1,500	1	3,500	..	..	612	86,006 0
18. Tanjore ..	4	3,500	1	1,150	..	..	104	17,645 0
19. Madura ..	6	4,300	..	..	..	..	686	1,22,640 0
20. Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42	10,170 0
21. Tinnevely ..	1	1,000	2	4,500	..	..	221	34,407 8
22. The Nilgiris ..	1	1,000	..	..	..	..	100	9,835 0
23. Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. South Canara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	450 0
Total ..	37	28,675	17	35,950	..	..	4,533	6,88,233 8

QUINQUENNIAL.

No. 19.—Statement showing the number and state of repair of the irrigation works in each district of the Madras Presidency classified according to their capacity (ayakat) for fasli 1320 (1910-1911).

District.	Under 10 acres.				Under 50 acres.				Under 100 acres.				Under 200 acres.			
	Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.	
	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
<i>Tasks.</i>																
1. Ganjam ..	497	296	130	19	734	352	23	35	209	85	..	..	155	61	..	..
2. Vizagapatam ..	166	281	236	22	548	142	11	..	110	14	..	..	49	12	..	..
3. Godavari ..	123	70	127	8	404	88	19	8	118	35	3	..	50	17	1	..
4. Kistna ..	46	81	106	39	165	48	198	89	64	12	72	28	65	12	38	10
5. Guntur ..	17	7	12	..	120	4	22	7	76	2	3	2	35	..	4	..
6. Kurnool ..	77	8	51	5	158	6	31	6	66	1	4	1	60	..	2	..
7. Bellary ..	82	18	59	2	78	19	15	4	44	6	11	4	31	4	..	..
8. Anantapur ..	283	21	54	5	319	22	72	4	147	6	8	..	130	4	3	..
9. Cuddapah ..	293	9	18	..	327	32	37	2	95	6	8	..	100	2	3	..
10. Nellore ..	17	1	31	3	172	21	61	10	92	17	14	..	104	14	6	..
11. Chingleput ..	305	99	14	..	497	132	7	1	414	67	9	1	462	97	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	181	32	179	12	691	137	103	10	513	74	15	1	445	52	11	3
13. Chittoor ..	512	176	26	4	449	119	11	11	129	22	2	..	70	10	1	..
14. North Arcot ..	231	29	6	..	822	118	30	4	561	80	3	1	391	86	4	..
15. Salem ..	549	42	222	6	679	116	95	5	152	11	6	..	77	6	3	..
16. Coimbatore ..	7	..	20	..	28	8	6	..	20	1	3	..	24	..	3	..
17. Trichinopoly ..	1,081	31	220	17	406	17	24	28	125	17	2	3	67	9	..	..
18. Tanjore ..	86	38	7	..	128	110	7	10	93	60	6	4	63	44	..	1
19. Madura ..	1,924	125	178	10	1,045	29	38	..	198	21	..	..	131	10	..	..
20. Ramnad ..	7	1	10	..	82	..	5	..	82	..	..	..	48	..	1	..
21. Tinnevely ..	319	55	54	..	884	18	145	4	294	13	6	..	178	6	..	..
Total ..	6,803	1,365	1,760	152	8,736	1,521	930	238	3,602	549	170	45	2,780	396	81	16

River channels.

1. Ganjam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
2. Vizagapatam ..	5	3	..	..	16	5	..	..	21	..	..	..	30	..	..	..
3. Godavari ..	3	..	4	..	18	..	1	..	15	..	..	..	48	..	..	..
4. Kistna ..	12	..	..	..	38	3	1	..	50	..	1	..	108	..	2	..
5. Guntur ..	14	..	..	..	25	..	..	..	22	3	..	..	26	5	..	..
6. Kurnool ..	9	1	1	1	20	..	3	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7. Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	12	..	..	..
8. Anantapur ..	50	2	..	..	72	2	..	..	35	1	..	..	35	1	..	..
9. Cuddapah ..	21	2	..	1	29	1	9	..	30	..	5	..	29	..	3	..
10. Nellore ..	1	..	..	..	21	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	12	2	..	..
11. Chingleput ..	21	1	..	..	23	11	..	..	22	5	..	..	36	1	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	7	3	..	..	26	3	..	..	21	2	..	..	40	7	1	..
13. Chittoor ..	125	13	6	..	120	34	46	3	45	5	8	..	6	..	..	..
14. North Arcot ..	52	1	..	..	164	20	..	..	87	1	..	..	64	1	..	..
15. Salem ..	52	1	..	..	107	4	1	..	17	2	2	..	5	..	..	..
16. Coimbatore ..	8	..	..	..	9	..	2	..	10	..	..	..	6	..	..	..
17. Trichinopoly ..	5	6	..	..	13	4	..	..	13	6	..	..	25	1	..	..
18. Tanjore ..	85	2	..	..	240	7	..	..	226	4	..	..	332	15	..	..
19. Madura ..	70	1	..	..	83	..	..	..	31	..	..	..	41	..	..	..
20. Ramnad ..	1	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
21. Tinnevely ..	30	1	..	..	54	4	..	..	21	..	..	..	29	2	..	..
Total ..	566	37	13	2	1,085	94	67	3	690	29	11	..	887	35	6	..

Note.—(1) Dasabandam works are shown in a lump in columns 30 and 31.

(2) The difference between the number of works given in this statement and those given in appendix C to the Season and Crop report is due to the adoption of revised figures by Collectors in this statement.

No. 19.—Statement showing the number and state of repair of the irrigation works in each district of the Madras Presidency, etc.—cont.

District.	Under 500 acres.				Over 500 acres.				Total.					
	Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.		Dasabandam.	
	In repair.		Out of repair.		In repair.		Out of repair.		In repair.		Out of repair.		In repair.	
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31

Tanks—cont.

1. Ganjam ..	52	27	..	..	6	2	..	..	1,653	823	153	54	..	..
2. Vizagapatam ..	33	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	908	451	247	22	..	..
3. Godavari ..	41	7	..	..	12	..	1	..	749	217	151	16	5	..
4. Kistna ..	26	1	19	3	11	..	1	..	377	99	434	169	..	..
5. Guntur ..	7	2	1	..	1	..	..	..	256	15	42	9	15	..
6. Kurnool ..	28	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	400	15	88	12	34	..
7. Bellary ..	23	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	263	34	85	10	7	..
8. Anantapur ..	74	1	..	..	26	..	..	..	979	54	137	11	131	11
9. Cuddapah ..	41	..	1	..	16	..	..	..	872	49	62	2	296	5
10. Nellore ..	92	..	2	..	76	3	2	..	553	56	116	13	..	..
11. Chingleput ..	293	58	..	..	79	29	..	..	2,050	482	30	2	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	204	13	2	..	37	2	..	..	2,071	310	310	26	..	..
13. Chittoor ..	23	2	..	..	3	..	..	..	1,186	329	40	15	1,594	214
14. North Arcot ..	178	29	..	..	16	..	..	..	2,199	292	43	5	14	3
15. Salem ..	44	1	..	..	6	..	..	..	1,507	176	326	11	90	19
16. Coimbatore ..	19	..	1	..	12	..	..	..	110	4	33	..	..	..
17. Trichinopoly ..	41	2	..	..	12	3	..	..	1,732	79	246	48	..	..
18. Tanjore ..	28	20	1	1	10	2	..	..	408	274	21	16	..	..
19. Madura ..	68	7	..	..	16	3	..	..	3,382	195	216	10	..	..
20. Ramnad ..	33	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	252	1	10	..	..	..
21. Tinnevely ..	95	3	..	..	31	..	..	..	1,801	95	206	4	..	..
Total ..	1,443	173	27	4	394	46	4	..	23,708	4,050	3,002	455	2,186	252

River channels—cont.

1. Ganjam ..	3	..	..	..	20	2	..	..	25	2	..	..	..	..
2. Vizagapatam ..	39	..	4	1	17	..	4	..	128	8	10	1	..	..
3. Godavari ..	109	..	..	..	169	..	..	..	360	..	5	..	..	..
4. Kistna ..	251	..	2	..	378	..	1	..	837	3	7	..	4	..
5. Guntur ..	31	6	..	..	44	2	..	..	162	16	..	..	..	..
6. Kurnool ..	8	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	40	1	4	1	..	..
7. Bellary ..	11	..	..	..	10	..	1	..	40	..	1	..	..	..
8. Anantapur ..	17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	209	6	..	..	17	1
9. Cuddapah ..	21	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	184	3	17	1	64	1
10. Nellore ..	12	..	..	..	81	1	..	..	138	3	..	..	..	..
11. Chingleput ..	22	8	..	..	8	1	..	..	132	27	..	..	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	28	2	..	..	29	..	..	..	151	17	1	..	..	..
13. Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	296	52	55	3	134	17
14. North Arcot ..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	380	23	..	..	2	..
15. Salem ..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	193	7	3	..	3	..
16. Coimbatore ..	17	..	..	..	27	..	..	..	72	..	2	..	..	..
17. Trichinopoly ..	44	..	..	..	45	..	..	..	148	17	..	..	..	..
18. Tanjore ..	649	23	..	..	412	22	..	..	1,944	73	..	..	..	..
19. Madura ..	34	1	..	..	16	..	..	..	275	2	..	..	..	..
20. Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..
21. Tinnevely ..	9	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	155	5	4	..	..	..
Total ..	1,330	41	6	1	1,273	29	6	..	5,831	265	109	6	224	19

No. 19.—Statement showing the number and state of repair of the irrigation works in each district of the Madras Presidency, etc.—cont.

District.	Under 10 acres.				Under 50 acres.				Under 100 acres.				Under 200 acres.			
	Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.	
	In repair.		Out of repair.		In repair.		Out of repair.		In repair.		Out of repair.		In repair.		Out of repair.	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

Spring channels.

1. Ganjam ..	30	..	..	..	64	69	..	..	25	14	..	..	25	2	..	..
2. Vizagapatam ..	19	8	11	..	29	6	..	..	9	2	..	..	6	2	..	..
3. Godavari ..	3	..	14	..	7	..	9	..	4	..	1	..	1	..	1	..
4. Kistna ..	..	1	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Guntur ..	1,276	54	74	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6. Kurnool ..	71	1	4	..	67	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7. Bellary ..	72	8	9	4	38	3	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Anantapur ..	672	28	140	9	399	6	32	12	78	2	..	..	24	..	..	..
9. Cuddapah ..	102	6	6	..	121	15	8	1	16	..	..	..	11	..	..	..
10. Nellore ..	..	..	1	..	18	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Chingleput ..	116	21	3	..	106	17	..	..	26	7	..	..	17	6	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	41	..	1	..	70	2	..	..	30	3	1	..	30	1	..	..
13. Chittoor ..	137	11	..	..	91	44	31	9	15	3	..	..	2	..	2	..
14. North Arcot ..	73	5	..	..	240	17	3	..	89	3	..	..	32	8	..	..
15. Salem ..	264	5	..	..	219	1	6	..	14	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
16. Coimbatore ..	15	..	6	..	11	..	19	..	4	..	..	..	3	..	..	..
17. Trichinopoly ..	56	7	..	..	9	12	..	..	4	..	..	..	2	..	3	..
18. Tanjore ..	10	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
19. Madura ..	232	10	..	..	28	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
20. Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Tinnevely ..	27	1	1	..	12	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	3	..	..	..
Total ..	3,216	161	270	15	1,540	194	110	22	349	34	2	..	169	21	3	..

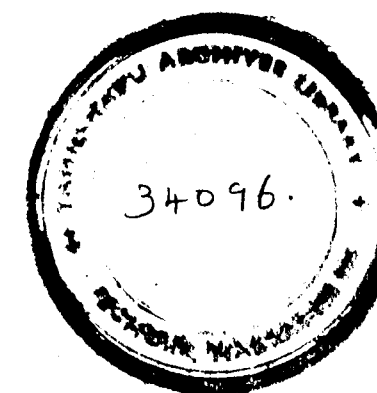
Anikats.

1. Ganjam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2. Vizagapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Godavari ..	15	..	..	..	67	..	..	..	74	..	..	..	70	..	..	..
4. Kistna ..	1	..	..	..	11	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	39	..	..	..
5. Guntur ..	20	..	..	..	37	1	..	..	39	..	..	..	66	..	..	..
6. Kurnool ..	1	..	..	..	10	1	..	..	2	1	..	..	8	..	..	..
7. Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
8. Anantapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Nellore ..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..
11. Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	11	..	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14. North Arcot ..	4	..	..	..	22	3	2	..	7	..	1	..	1	..	..	..
15. Salem ..	54	6	10	2	175	19	23	1	18	2	..	..	11	..	..	..
16. Coimbatore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17. Trichinopoly ..	29	7	11	2	40	4	..	..	8	..	..	..	3	..	..	..
18. Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Madura ..	24	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20. Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	149	16	21	4	372	28	39	1	171	5	1	..	207	..	2	..

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No. 19.—Statement showing the number and state of repair of the irrigation works in each district of the Madras Presidency, etc.—*cont.*

District.	Under 500 acres.				Over 500 acres.				Total.					
	Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.		Government.		Private.		Dasabandam.	
	In repair.		Out of repair.		In repair.		Out of repair.		In repair.		Out of repair.		In repair.	
	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31

Spring channels—cont.

1. Ganjam ..	17	2	..	..	12	2	..	..	173	89	..	..	..	..
2. Vizagapatam ..	3	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	68	18	11	..	..	..
3. Godavari ..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	18	..	25	..	..	..
4. Kistna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	2	..	..	..	..
5. Guntur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,277	54	74	2	..	..
6. Kurnool ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	150	1	4	..	..	..
7. Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	115	11	11	4	..	..
8. Anantapur ..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,178	31	172	21	18	..
9. Cuddapah ..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	252	21	14	1	109	5
10. Nellore ..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	22	1	1	..	..	..
11. Chingleput ..	15	1	..	..	4	1	..	..	284	52	3	..	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	185	6	2	..	..	..
13. Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	245	58	33	9	232	11
14. North Arcot ..	5	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	489	36	8	..	7	..
15. Salem ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	500	6	6	..	..	..
16. Coimbatore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38	..	25	..	..	..
17. Trichinopoly ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	72	22	..	..	..	..
18. Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23	..	..	..	..	..
19. Madura ..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	278	10	..	..	..	..
20. Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21. Tinnevely ..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	52	1	1	..	..	..
Total ..	73	6	..	..	21	3	..	..	5,868	419	885	37	361	16

Anikats—cont.

1. Ganjam ..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
2. Vizagapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	26	..	..	300	26	..	..	..	..
3. Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	28	..	..	..	122	..	..	..	..	..
4. Kistna ..	..	..	..	..	128	..	..	..	404	1	..	..	..	..
5. Guntur ..	114	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	2	..	..	..	..
6. Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	7	2	11	..	..
7. Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	5	7	2	11	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Anantapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9. Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3	..	..	..	..
10. Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..
11. Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51	..	..	1	..	..
12. South Arcot ..	18	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
13. Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	37	3	3	..	..	..
14. North Arcot ..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	262	27	38	8	4	..
15. Salem ..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	..
16. Coimbatore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	83	11	11	2	..	..
17. Trichinopoly ..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
18. Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32	..	..	..	..	..
19. Madura ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20. Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
21. Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	247	..	..	..	176	33	2	11	1,222	82	65	17	4	1

No. 19.—Statement showing the number and state of repair of the irrigation works in each district of the Madras Presidency, etc.—*cont.*

WELLS.											
District.	Ayakat wells.								Supplemental wells.		
	Government.		Dasabandam.		Private.		Total.				
	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	In repair.	Out of repair.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1. Ganjam	..	..	..	..	2,694	506	2,694	506	374	..	
2. Vizagapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
3. Godavari	..	..	..	..	715	237	715	237	8	..	
4. Kistna	1	..	1	..	2,381	61	2,383	61	169	..	
5. Guntur	50	10	..	..	4,210	512	4,260	522	215	4	
6. Kurnool	160	27	16	2	3,837	560	4,013	589	838	86	
7. Bellary	409	49	11	3	6,866	1,430	7,276	1,482	534	72	
8. Anantapur .. .	562	39	1,672	60	18,021	1,467	20,255	1,566	7,007	135	
9. Cuddapah .. .	429	27	2,318	217	9,903	1,775	13,150	2,019	6,444	353	
10. Nellore	914	71	..	..	11,549	2,692	12,463	2,763	1,470	146	
11. Chingleput ..	18	..	..	..	1,836	941	1,854	941	15,670	2,358	
12. South Arcot ..	5	2	..	..	79,235	6,117	79,240	6,119	28,042	157	
13. Chittoor	24	6	2,202	246	13,886	1,315	16,112	1,567	11,917	1,349	
14. North Arcot ..	108	..	2	..	..	..	110	..	79,948	4,249	
15. Salem	455	14	..	..	35,721	1,197	36,176	1,211	25,577	845	
16. Coimbatore ..	3	..	..	..	66,514	9,693	66,517	9,693	1,090	66	
17. Trichinopoly ..	9	..	..	..	53,669	3,915	53,678	3,915	7,220	209	
18. Tanjore	..	..	..	..	9,306	163	9,306	163	8	..	
19. Madura	1	..	..	..	20,244	1,097	20,245	1,097	20,491	1,517	
20. Ramnad	..	..	..	..	13,677	966	13,677	966	2,048	16	
21. Tinnevelly ..	85	..	..	..	27,460	1,678	27,535	1,678	6,666	221	
Total	3,233	245	6,722	528	381,704	36,822	391,659	37,095	215,786	11,774	

QUINQUENNIAL.

No. 20.—Statement showing the number of pattas of various values held in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1320 (1910-1911).

District.	Pattas on which the payment is one rupee and less.								
	Single patta.				Joint patta.				
	Number of pattas.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	Number of pattas.	Number of share-holders.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.
		Dry.	Wet.				Dry.	Wet.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Ganjam	11,024	ACS. 3,938	ACS. 1,029	RS. 9,179	9,709	18,232	ACS. 1,266	ACS. 321	RS. 4,857
2. Vizagapatam	821	451	44	506	254	733	166	16	206
3. Godavari	2,385	797	28	1,343	995	3,037	355	13	587
4. Kistna	5,619	2,923	131	3,770	4,338	11,965	3,147	69	2,584
5. Guntur	4,644	3,340	328	4,142	3,603	11,968	2,765	90	2,558
6. Nellore	21,587	24,740	1,037	16,375	15,146	52,159	17,285	683	11,435
7. Cuddapah	10,152	18,159	1,117	8,687	3,847	11,299	4,086	212	5,209
8. Anantapur	7,128	12,904	63	5,215	1,805	4,758	3,481	24	2,140
9. Bellary	9,222	12,039	140	6,663	5,560	16,019	7,097	112	4,283
10. Kurnool	16,935	5,763	1,280	10,547	11,701	36,502	3,274	678	5,668
11. Madras	9,201	7,549	592	7,892	4,780	12,040	4,095	462	4,295
12. Chingleput	22,709	11,090	983	14,597	12,141	36,347	3,949	884	8,636
13. Chittoor	49,600	23,783	2,400	38,503	11,967	31,595	5,499	779	11,758
14. North Arcot	30,830	8,366	583	13,979	25,277	103,711	5,522	466	12,022
15. South Arcot	22,601	13,397	299	13,068	12,322	36,269	7,402	238	8,062
16. Tanjore	17,768	8,642	694	10,941	5,021	23,307	2,131	223	2,912
17. Trichinopoly	4,800	2,727	54	2,613	2,122	6,945	1,123	81	1,267
18. Madura	21,569	30,772	432	15,746	23,475	117,817	31,746	400	12,996
19. Rannad	4,521	5,027	34	3,149	3,451	9,993	1,654	9	1,526
20. Tinnevely	1,828	1,246	..	615	1,176	5,450	1,409	..	571
21. Coimbatore	7,774	8,836	518	5,909	5,615	16,542	4,419	197	4,217
22. The Nilgiris	12,935	8,468	1,324	11,871	3,158	9,630	527	427	1,888
23. Salem	42,201	12,973	1,559	18,130	8,688	23,571	4,161	352	3,449
24. South Canara	225	21	..	97	28	77	4	..	14
25. Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
26. Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	344,586	227,728	15,222	2,28,216	185,417	632,690	122,862	6,863	1,20,468

District.	Pattas on which the payment is Rs. 10 and less but over one rupee.					
	Single patta.			Joint patta.		
	Number of pattas.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	Number of pattas.	Number of shareholders.
		Dry.	Wet.			
11	12	13	14	15	16	
1. Ganjam	32,550	ACS. 41,415	ACS. 10,091	RS. 97,715	11,927	30,096
2. Vizagapatam	4,787	14,178	2,273	21,237	2,264	7,095
3. Godavari	15,999	36,056	5,041	81,193	7,296	22,490
4. Kistna	27,004	71,437	9,674	1,40,119	17,674	51,030
5. Guntur	65,884	183,091	6,626	3,20,159	39,929	158,708
6. Nellore	24,808	81,733	8,311	1,31,333	30,617	70,675
7. Cuddapah	66,990	214,952	15,249	2,81,993	36,401	64,282
8. Anantapur	41,046	300,779	19,732	1,90,892	23,597	54,995
9. Bellary	56,865	509,129	5,129	2,55,886	15,386	38,790
10. Kurnool	51,245	313,800	5,742	2,31,676	28,497	71,829
11. Madras	64,740	71,439	52,087	2,87,684	18,539	58,100
12. Chingleput	36,634	90,467	15,197	1,26,990	19,193	68,277
13. Chittoor	97,727	219,021	35,373	4,20,243	44,625	136,440
14. North Arcot	177,612	333,517	52,754	7,79,396	49,712	131,565
15. South Arcot	70,811	89,564	39,200	2,98,577	28,328	141,085
16. Tanjore	105,694	310,274	17,948	3,49,380	60,673	191,090
17. Trichinopoly	86,579	236,223	26,146	3,74,802	39,120	92,806
18. Madura	28,291	71,783	4,297	1,09,385	18,820	43,837
19. Rannad	71,909	174,107	21,712	3,09,460	52,720	266,560
20. Tinnevely	84,633	258,897	4,423	4,16,270	80,748	218,682
21. Coimbatore	1,721	11,104	162	6,211	2,818	17,336
22. The Nilgiris	70,999	306,582	10,856	4,14,632	51,647	145,578
23. Salem	31,225	23,796	28,418	1,54,233	8,044	22,573
24. South Canara	84,884	107,733	35,028	3,09,366	13,750	35,571
25. Malabar	247	143	..	771	53	148
26. Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	1,399,884	4,071,220	431,459	61,59,603	678,368	2,129,628

* The figures relating to this district have been revised.

No. 20.—Statement showing the number of pattas of various values held in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1320 (1910-1911)—cont.

District.	Pattas on which the payment is Rs. 10 and less but over one rupee—cont.			Rs. 30 and less but over Rs. 10.			
	Joint patta—cont.			Single patta.			
	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	Number of pattas.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.
	Dry.	Wet.			Dry.	Wet.	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
1. Ganjam	ACS. 20,633	ACS. 9,185	RS. 60,879	6,103	ACS. 27,543	ACS. 16,633	RS. 93,188
2. Vizagapatam	9,117	712	11,322	2,555	12,559	6,009	44,578
3. Godavari	19,784	2,282	39,610	13,855	54,880	20,343	2,41,818
4. Kistna	54,668	4,916	82,723	23,266	103,609	45,065	4,24,858
5. Guntur	154,414	5,419	2,23,105	46,123	273,551	25,813	7,52,883
6. Nellore	92,422	6,333	1,10,745	15,348	94,474	18,658	2,33,464
7. Cuddapah	101,576	5,707	95,665	22,430	167,194	18,751	3,15,624
8. Anantapur	128,550	7,747	66,245	15,976	287,643	21,941	2,29,450
9. Bellary	151,271	1,637	82,006	23,913	417,405	10,766	8,82,472
10. Kurnool	172,916	3,387	1,30,283	19,099	268,470	7,099	2,80,136
11. Madras	25,243	11,277	72,030	27,271	71,414	86,989	4,65,064
12. Chingleput	61,691	9,002	79,595	8,228	53,154	13,758	1,18,497
13. Chittoor	101,249	17,782	2,20,594	30,681	147,489	47,003	4,15,041
14. North Arcot	105,511	16,200	2,49,202	66,415	278,903	61,190	7,56,650
15. South Arcot	32,731	9,426	1,02,426	37,732	59,770	93,788	6,60,068
16. Tanjore	226,361	10,287	2,74,381	29,478	231,414	30,060	4,23,615
17. Trichinopoly	89,658	9,252	1,37,740	24,600	185,618	35,810	3,85,027
18. Madura	43,394	1,956	58,510	6,707	51,693	5,729	96,919
19. Rannad	187,667	11,287	2,15,780	27,102	124,062	32,103	4,44,661
20. Tinnevely	135,648	3,775	3,46,793	34,645	373,709	8,304	4,81,985
21. Coimbatore	26,875	20	10,915	419	8,416	1,086	7,401
22. The Nilgiris	219,174	12,294	2,91,681	22,222	249,131	17,557	3,73,419
23. Salem	3,465	6,178	31,804	18,792	26,956	78,332	3,49,482
24. South Canara	17,454	5,841	52,971	22,930	84,424	61,072	3,65,995
25. Malabar	30	..	169	22	87	..	427
26. Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	2,181,437	171,751	30,47,124	545,842	3,653,568	763,959	83,31,719

District.	Rs. 30 and less but over Rs. 10—cont.				
	Joint patta.				
	Number of pattas.	Number of shareholders.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.
			Dry.	Wet.	
24	25	26	27	28	
1. Ganjam	5,208	18,558	ACS. 24,020	ACS. 26,971	RS. 1,00,840
2. Vizagapatam	2,162	7,358	16,796	4,156	36,783
3. Godavari	7,259	21,946	35,509	10,915	1,30,660
4. Kistna	15,621	44,170	89,994	26,630	2,76,371
5. Guntur	32,549	113,067	311,591	22,689	5,89,310
6. Nellore	15,437	50,296	110,885	24,951	2,61,849
7. Cuddapah	7,496	20,210	67,441	6,396	1,08,883
8. Anantapur	10,370	27,174	104,946	11,141	1,10,233
9. Bellary	9,854	25,538	198,772	4,275	1,68,068
10. Kurnool	12,607	35,628	174,736	5,417	1,94,987
11. Madras	5,333	15,604	18,449	16,170	81,606
12. Chingleput	7,083	24,258	39,456	11,885	1,04,015
13. Chittoor	19,009	69,870	107,307	35,793	3,14,540
14. North Arcot	17,696	46,734	83,011	21,741	2,33,472
15. South Arcot	9,176	55,080	22,919	19,633	1,57,401
16. Tanjore	21,122	76,034	206,772	16,585	3,09,708
17. Trichinopoly	13,861	45,354	124,079	18,982	2,30,184
18. Madura	3,921	13,647	37,258	3,069	66,717
19. Rannad	16,077	74,072	120,725	16,716	2,50,694
20. Tinnevely	52,036	128,926	438,011	10,928	5,14,531
21. Coimbatore	747	6,160	27,217	171	13,396
22. The Nilgiris	27,455	90,576	233,215	18,893	4,13,308
23. Salem	2,569	7,189	5,727	9,258	45,271
24. South Canara	3,621	11,056	11,876	9,505	54,425
25. Malabar	4	12	19	..	75
26. Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	318,257	1,028,447	2,598,631	351,870	48,15,602

No. 20.—Statement showing the number of pattas of various values held in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1320 (1910-1911)—*cont.*

District.	Rs. 50 and less but over Rs. 30.					
	Single patta.				Joint patta.	
	Number of pattas.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	Number of pattas.	Number of shareholders.
		Dry.	Wet.			
	29	30	31	32	33	34
1. Ganjam ..	2,197	ACS.	ACS.	RS.	3,211	8,728
2. Vizagapatam ..	918	11,485	16,146	84,106	1,010	3,645
3. Godavari ..	4,813	6,199	4,866	34,357	2,909	8,696
4. Kistna ..	9,394	29,741	17,156	1,77,499	6,138	16,555
5. Guntur ..	12,011	47,655	36,583	3,12,302	11,484	33,032
6. Nellore ..	4,602	151,015	16,970	4,30,081	4,352	14,677
7. Cuddapah ..	4,191	41,716	14,517	1,66,784	1,552	4,371
8. Anantapur ..	5,307	57,927	7,881	1,35,474	4,166	10,828
9. Bellary ..	5,522	113,958	12,328	1,11,561	2,400	6,804
10. Kurnool ..	4,576	163,125	4,440	1,81,487	3,308	8,110
11. Madras ..		100,445	3,526	1,47,802		
12. Chingleput ..	6,734				1,236	3,368
13. Chittoor ..	1,373	27,979	46,598	2,40,477	1,344	4,868
14. North Arcot ..	6,115	30,432	4,420	44,770	4,504	17,259
15. South Arcot ..	11,466	45,627	29,572	2,16,903	4,685	11,951
16. Tanjore ..	11,657	94,615	47,668	3,60,831	2,754	20,738
17. Trichinopoly ..	4,857	21,153	62,864	4,43,010	3,241	15,364
18. Madura ..	4,981	70,091	13,603	1,71,464	3,439	12,455
19. Ramanad ..	1,006	64,900	18,318	1,66,856	678	3,248
20. Tinnevely ..	5,780	15,422	2,360	35,481	2,962	13,381
21. Coimbatore ..	6,259	44,601	15,496	2,05,886	5,244	24,202
22. The Nilgiris ..	142	407,076	5,668	1,76,871	88	1,042
23. Salem ..	2,967	4,998	882	5,407	2,993	11,721
24. South Canara ..	7,255	60,844	6,076	1,13,101	969	2,844
25. Malabar ..	5,981	18,903	60,727	2,85,777	863	3,137
26. Anjengo ..	3	47,367	40,107	2,17,174		
Total ..	129,107	1,677,532	488,778	44,55,582	75,530	261,044

District.	Rs. 50 and less but over Rs. 30— <i>cont.</i>			Rs. 100 and less but over Rs. 50.			
	Joint patta— <i>cont.</i>			Single patta.			
	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	Number of pattas.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.
	Dry.	Wet.			Dry.	Wet.	
	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
1. Ganjam ..	ACS.	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	ACS.	RS.	
2. Vizagapatam ..	20,190	23,446	1,08,736	1,693	13,507	20,249	1,02,156
3. Godavari ..	9,399	5,159	40,876	764	7,559	24,763	51,746
4. Kistna ..	22,896	9,339	1,06,625	3,713	33,642	24,763	2,45,387
5. Guntur ..	47,426	25,031	2,38,874	8,045	51,936	49,337	4,04,424
6. Nellore ..	109,976	22,247	4,15,247	7,145	126,355	23,986	4,18,525
7. Cuddapah ..	44,687	32,573	2,08,387	2,848	45,125	16,783	1,70,000
8. Anantapur ..	26,310	2,120	44,830	1,689	45,178	9,932	1,01,355
9. Bellary ..	55,921	8,128	73,474	1,763	91,817	9,866	98,041
10. Kurnool ..	81,687	1,988	83,679	2,571	122,217	4,560	1,57,085
11. Madras ..	66,659	2,305	99,361	1,733	68,961	3,064	1,10,253
12. Chingleput ..	7,324	8,860	41,353	3,756	26,983	44,623	2,41,174
13. Chittoor ..	15,897	5,098	48,605	654	12,886	4,296	38,041
14. North Arcot ..	33,843	19,412	1,45,827	2,840	33,326	19,987	1,62,453
15. South Arcot ..	28,158	16,452	1,48,759	6,244	73,822	45,864	3,53,044
16. Tanjore ..	9,425	18,532	1,04,169	9,420	88,683	6,30,918	
17. Trichinopoly ..	63,373	7,695	1,13,327	2,780	62,090	15,901	1,78,135
18. Madura ..	57,498	11,150	1,21,615	2,683	49,536	19,465	1,52,972
19. Ramanad ..	13,951	1,638	25,962	440	11,058	2,429	28,882
20. Tinnevely ..	42,234	7,625	1,03,156	3,498	35,984	17,185	2,30,214
21. Coimbatore ..	162,627	6,557	2,03,291	3,024	82,255	5,999	1,38,695
22. The Nilgiris ..	6,488	135	3,283	108	8,725	1,034	7,455
23. Salem ..	41,569	5,974	1,11,921	913	29,164	4,890	60,458
24. South Canara ..	2,755	8,839	38,865	5,607	25,299	32,317	3,92,348
25. Malabar ..	5,818	5,990	30,407	5,520	74,285	62,217	3,47,593
26. Anjengo ..							
Total ..	976,612	252,193	26,55,129	79,375	1,143,962	564,896	48,25,354

No. 20.—Statement showing the number of pattas of various values held in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1320 (1910-1911)—*cont.*

Rs. 100 and less but over Rs. 50—cont.					
Joint patta.					
District.	Number of pattas.	Number of shareholders.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.
			Dry.	Wet.	
			42	43	
			ACS.	ACS.	RS.
1. Ganjam	1,463	6,341	18,172	17,722	89,832
2. Vizagapatam	1,126	4,679	15,125	10,722	76,759
3. Godavari	2,469	7,963	31,863	14,762	1,53,300
4. Kistna	4,766	12,720	42,687	32,331	2,66,882
5. Guntur	7,759	32,415	105,031	24,576	5,11,965
6. Nellore	2,730	8,326	38,195	17,766	1,77,344
7. Cuddapah	542	1,516	12,923	2,490	32,394
8. Anantapur	1,564	5,010	53,130	5,962	65,133
9. Bellary	1,095	3,893	60,204	1,759	69,423
10. Kurnool	1,368	5,090	58,311	2,482	91,550
11. Madras					
12. Chingleput	762	2,125	5,468	9,660	46,813
13. Chittoor	630	3,082	12,601	4,974	39,366
14. North Arcot	2,148	8,842	21,895	17,635	1,23,156
15. South Arcot	1,643	4,540	20,086	13,703	1,21,470
16. Tanjore	1,986	18,671	9,043	17,906	1,35,909
17. Trichinopoly	1,384	6,502	45,080	6,887	88,249
18. Madura	1,855	7,329	51,806	11,237	1,14,798
19. Ramanad	308	2,189	11,554	1,408	21,858
20. Tinnevely	1,872	8,902	50,280	8,747	1,18,507
21. Coimbatore	2,236	11,784	84,338	6,015	1,35,097
22. The Nilgiris	61	415	4,867	202	3,411
23. Salem	809	3,094	16,316	3,791	52,147
24. South Canara	732	2,046	6,474	10,574	49,426
25. Malabar	679	2,634	8,060	8,839	42,965
26. Anjengo					
Total	42,005	169,608	785,514	262,145	26,32,750

District.	Rs. 250 and less but over Rs. 100.					
	Single patta.			Joint patta.		
	Number of pattas.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	Number of pattas.	Number of shareholders.
		Dry.	Wet.			
	47	48	49	50	51	52
1. Ganjam ..	532	ACS.	ACS.	RS.	771	3,075
2. Vizagapatam ..	326	8,169	7,575	39,480	572	2,455
3. Godavari ..	1,325	6,535	6,135	42,241	1,163	4,113
4. Kistna ..	3,227	28,759	27,041	2,55,912	2,119	6,189
5. Guntur ..	2,194	36,938	50,438	3,91,274	2,900	12,348
6. Nellore ..	1,159	65,462	20,585	8,04,303	1,015	4,185
7. Cuddapah ..	424	31,923	16,668	1,70,529	120	436
8. Anantapur ..	480	18,413	3,694	52,300	499	2,318
9. Bellary ..	718	57,181	5,864	59,771	248	784
10. Kurnool ..	491	68,332	2,981	92,778	588	2,391
11. Madras ..		45,506	2,123	68,425		
12. Chingleput ..	1,362				279	825
13. Chittoor ..	174	21,846	36,555	1,86,081	174	842
14. North Arcot ..	689	14,808	8,272	22,529	486	2,246
15. South Arcot ..	1,874	14,268	12,293	77,905	566	1,732
16. Tanjore ..	5,378	35,115	32,684	2,54,645	1,161	14,910
17. Trichinopoly ..	1,204	22,390	112,003	8,06,151	436	3,846
18. Madura ..	773	26,164	16,442	1,60,787	545	2,299
19. Ramanad ..	97	26,367	12,906	95,087	93	437
20. Tinnevely ..	1,441	8,784	1,211	13,057	802	4,406
21. Coimbatore ..	871	39,898	17,285	2,06,595	518	2,461
22. The Nilgiris ..	81	40,481	6,178	1,15,223	32	85
23. Salem ..	162	15,101	892	12,115	112	455
24. South Canara ..	2,947	11,281	1,914	23,498	325	865
25. Malabar ..	3,691	32,211	86,484	4,14,457	398	1,373
26. Anjengo ..		103,068	91,752	5,44,313		
Total ..	31,920	773,345	575,575	44,19,405	15,932	76,386

No. 20.—Statement showing the number of pattas of various values held in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1320 (1910-1911)—cont.

District.	Rs. 250 and less but over Rs. 100—cont.			Rs. 500 and less but over Rs. 250.			
	Joint patta—cont.			Single patta.			
	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	Number of pattas.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.
	Dry.	Wet.			Dry.	Wet.	
	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
1. Ganjam ..	ACS.	ACS.	RS.		ACS.	ACS.	RS.
2. Vizagapatam ..	9,893	24,064	87,575	261	8,985	12,674	71,432
3. Godavari ..	11,157	10,095	75,807	22	890	1,079	7,041
4. Kistna ..	28,315	15,972	1,62,338	364	11,550	11,476	1,11,588
5. Guntur ..	28,777	32,358	2,71,577	505	11,521	19,798	1,49,701
6. Nellore ..	57,126	29,832	3,98,726	271	8,866	6,998	87,951
7. Cuddapah ..	31,534	20,403	1,25,010	211	11,122	12,469	1,20,393
8. Anantapur ..	6,273	1,194	16,362	25	2,866	500	6,802
9. Bellary ..	32,798	7,642	55,418	34	11,244	1,172	10,171
10. Kurnool ..	23,995	977	32,803	80	12,170	1,084	24,251
11. Madras ..	46,548	1,950	81,509	46	9,762	455	15,757
12. Chingleput ..	5,670	7,542	35,411	196	9,770	11,733	65,747
13. Chittoor ..	6,914	3,022	22,926	26	2,673	899	8,617
14. North Arcot ..	8,205	10,254	62,431	116	6,019	3,127	17,808
15. South Arcot ..	9,856	8,922	74,010	231	7,197	10,975	77,577
16. Tanjore ..	10,098	24,417	1,79,241	1,697	12,938	80,465	5,64,768
17. Trichinopoly ..	25,650	5,900	64,095	279	6,501	6,355	84,631
18. Madras ..	22,711	8,889	78,417	87	4,017	3,905	27,244
19. Ramnad ..	3,671	1,196	12,484	17	738	281	2,804
20. Tinnevely ..	51,736	8,926	1,11,552	259	14,850	7,090	85,545
21. Coimbatore ..	62,548	5,096	84,425	147	34,553	4,866	70,389
22. The Nilgiris ..	5,020	603	4,940	30	10,123	115	9,858
23. Salem ..	4,599	1,394	18,043	13	1,947	336	4,044
24. South Canara ..	4,192	11,129	52,362	707	24,334	48,189	2,34,535
25. Malabar ..	8,814	10,568	50,128	1,259	78,692	72,131	4,14,155
26. Anjengo ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	506,110	252,345	21,52,890	6,883	304,326	318,102	22,62,259

District.	Rs. 500 and less but over Rs. 250—cont.					Rs. 1,000 and less but over Rs. 500.				
	Joint patta.					Single patta.				
	Number of pattas.	Number of share-holders.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	Number of pattas.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	
			Dry.	Wet.			Dry.	Wet.		
	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	
1. Ganjam	61	433	ACS.	ACS.	RS.	13	ACS.	ACS.	RS.	
2. Vizagapatam ..	65	367	2,353	3,372	18,314	3	358	2,516	8,367	
3. Godavari	242	1,340	2,649	2,591	17,865	3	234	404	1,650	
4. Kistna	458	1,576	7,087	7,373	76,341	59	5,534	3,974	38,709	
5. Guntur	325	2,280	11,568	14,805	1,56,060	87	5,521	14,332	68,707	
6. Nellore	212	1,108	12,280	8,714	1,18,245	30	3,089	1,801	23,449	
7. Cuddapah	8	40	9,982	7,145	57,231	41	10,711	6,032	57,958	
8. Anantapur .. .	32	345	682	109	2,432	2	499	73	1,075	
9. Bellary	28	64	8,252	754	7,356	5	2,439	349	2,807	
10. Kurnool	70	276	4,271	354	7,316	10	2,614	325	5,711	
11. Madras	..	..	12,347	362	22,745	6	1,894	6	4,815	
12. Chingleput .. .	67	260	..	..	..	51	..	..	..	
13. Chittoor	8	25	3,656	4,257	20,833	6	5,421	5,936	32,677	
14. North Arcot ..	36	137	646	361	2,393	9	2,590	673	4,896	
15. South Arcot ..	53	169	1,550	1,847	11,145	6	311	1,466	5,908	
16. Tanjore	374	3,753	1,821	2,935	19,132	45	3,317	4,139	27,829	
17. Trichinopoly ..	116	1,244	4,816	16,354	1,15,921	612	18,240	60,281	4,14,218	
18. Madras	57	193	10,573	3,311	31,001	78	4,110	6,428	53,295	
19. Ramnad	15	179	3,671	2,553	18,550	11	1,154	1,171	6,703	
20. Tinnevely	148	756	1,336	368	3,969	3	811	246	2,017	
21. Coimbatore .. .	44	213	20,189	4,018	48,708	94	20,104	5,462	61,194	
22. The Nilgiris ..	11	22	23,439	1,638	23,897	42	17,226	2,455	35,356	
23. Salem	2	5	3,419	..	3,580	19	12,230	..	13,509	
24. South Canara ..	92	241	39	61	542	2	515	251	1,495	
25. Malabar	142	603	3,156	6,443	31,542	264	50,326	28,739	1,57,297	
26. Anjengo	..	..	7,358	8,412	37,621	518	73,270	56,511	3,35,823	
Total	2,666	15,629	157,120	98,167	8,52,759	2,010	236,018	201,521	13,65,464	

No. 20.—Statement showing the number of pattas of various values held in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1320 (1910-1911)—cont.

District.	Rs. 1,000 and less but over Rs. 500—cont.					Over Rs. 1,000.			
	Joint patta.					Single patta.			
	Number of pattas.	Number of share-holders.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	Number of pattas.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.
			Dry.	Wet.			Dry.	Wet.	
	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77
1. Ganjam ..	5	75	ACS.	ACS.	RS.	3	ACS.	ACS.	RS.
2. Vizagapatam ..	4	49	379	728	3,202	..	878	624	3,464
3. Godavari ..	68	236	371	397	2,428	14	4,037	3,281	18,396
4. Kistna ..	66	313	3,533	3,354	37,701	11	5,380	1,612	16,656
5. Guntur ..	71	500	3,092	5,509	59,465	5	624	808	8,090
6. Nellore ..	61	512	3,509	3,428	46,241	15	4,526	3,050	32,222
7. Cuddapah ..	3	35	3,740	4,364	36,677	..	..	..	..
8. Anantapur ..	5	26	694	138	1,782	1	2,744	127	1,353
9. Bellary ..	2	4	2,302	138	2,285	1	1,742	13	1,446
10. Kurnool ..	8	27	519	92	1,700	..	..	..	..
11. Madras ..	..	..	2,414	91	4,612	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput ..	10	25	..	..	..	5	748	1,217	6,231
13. Chittoor ..	2	8	1,061	1,479	7,483	..	..	..	..
14. North Arcot ..	6	116	584	178	1,186	..	..	..	..
15. South Arcot ..	11	26	479	567	3,566	1	..	..	..
16. Tanjore ..	170	1,172	242	1,237	8,545	37	209	1,470	..
17. Trichinopoly ..	41	619	3,381	17,846	1,20,987	342	17,679	87,599	5,84,068
18. Madras ..	6	20	7,617	2,543	35,522	42	7,417	5,050	58,029
19. Ramnad ..	3	19	540	699	3,668	3	1,528	369	4,585
20. Tinnevely ..	50	602	192	227	1,423	1	277	134	1,052
21. Coimbatore ..	20	200	16,556	2,365	31,815	23	13,758	3,182	35,648
22. The Nilgiris ..	6	16	30,718	1,681	35,697	6	2,867	615	7,916
23. Salem ..	1	4	6,128	8	4,326	5	26,367	..	18,388
24. South Canara ..	31	81	25	57	782	..	..	..	..
25. Malabar ..	54	247	2,037	3,926	18,105	58	51,903	17,519	82,638
26. Anjengo ..	..	..	6,929	5,670	32,416	187	61,286	62,082	2,94,557
Total ..	699	4,932	96,937	56,222	5,61,518	718	203,798	187,491	11,71,204

District.	Over Rs. 1,000—cont.					Total.			
	Joint patta.					Single patta.			
	Number of pattas.	Number of share-holders.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.	Number of pattas.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.
			Dry.	Wet.			Dry.	Wet.	
	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86
			ACS.	ACS.	RS.		ACS.	ACS.	RS.
1. Ganjam ..	2	90	609	449	2,312	54,176	116,278	87,537	5,09,087
2. Vizagapatam ..	1	3	16	323	1,141	10,296	48,605	28,276	2,03,356
3. Godavari ..	18	94	35,577	2,666	37,905	42,837	204,996	113,103	11,74,845
4. Kistna ..	10	50	1,685	1,534	13,558	77,158	336,950	226,971	19,09,811
5. Guntur ..	4	22	1,108	1,055	12,503	141,040	815,890	103,740	23,50,330
6. Nellore ..	9	81	1,522	2,289	16,033	53,676	324,670	96,816	10,66,825
7. Cuddapah ..	1	31	980	..	1,127	117,338	581,769	57,117	9,10,998
8. Anantapur ..	1	6	1,608	101	2,016	74,754	885,964	72,496	7,12,733
9. Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	96,812	1,309,638	29,311	11,06,331
10. Kurnool ..	1	6	2,122	..	1,107	86,418	820,877	23,155	8,66,526
11. Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput ..	2	4	273	515	2,463	120,180	241,363	287,018	15,35,632
13. Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	56,296	214,554	43,107	3,72,222
14. North Arcot ..	2	8	813	550	3,695	180,896	477,151	149,804	18,81,165
15. South Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	313,488	850,266	257,833	26,48,945
16. Tanjore ..	94	1,304	5,481	24,740	1,68,392	168,479	268,247	626,306	44,05,750
17. Trichinopoly ..	27	954	17,941	8,776	38,055	166,968	721,458	111,086	15,42,404
18. Madras ..	1	2	66	284	1,178	136,485	577,985	118,784	12,27,217
19. Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	41,382	157,743	16,747	2,92,910
20. Tinnevely ..	11	254	8,978	1,068	14,087	181,675	497,636	119,947	15,94,949
21. Coimbatore ..	1	3	484	1,262	3,342	133,148	1,222,091	38,532	14,46,803
22. The Nilgiris ..	2	7	2,800	..	3,339	4,353	98,010	4,161	75,459
23. Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	105,052	668,800	42,398	9,96,556
24. South Canara ..	9	26	16,482	2,972	16,137	79,785	257,196	432,549	20,82,138
25. Malabar ..	12	39	1,266	4,514	16,777	167,171	643,596	482,459	28,47,105
26. Anjengo ..	..	..	..	..	..	497	274	..	1,416
Total ..	208	2,988	99,761	48,078	3,55,167	2,540,325	12,291,497	3,567,303	3,32,09,906

No. 20.—Statement showing the number of pattas of various values held in the several districts of the Madras Presidency for fasli 1320 (1910-1911)—*cont.*

District.	Total—cont.						Total number of single and joint pattas.	Total assessment.
	Joint patta.							
	Number of pattas.	Number of share- holders.	Extent of holdings.		Assessment.			
			Dry.	Wet.				
	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	
			ACS.	ACS.	RS.		RS.	
1. Ganjam	32,348	85,578	97,515	105,258	4,76,547	86,524	9,85,634	
2. Vizagapatam ..	7,448	26,384	65,296	34,171	2,63,186	17,744	4,66,542	
3. Godavari	22,413	69,915	184,869	67,276	7,45,007	65,250	19,19,852	
4. Kistna	51,190	144,618	283,044	143,182	18,67,974	128,348	32,77,785	
5. Guntur	104,268	382,076	762,344	128,117	23,22,849	245,308	46,73,179	
6. Nellore	58,036	161,818	335,732	115,914	9,95,831	111,712	20,62,659	
7. Cuddapah	51,269	143,070	234,149	19,137	3,14,410	168,607	12,25,408	
8. Anantapur	44,101	112,600	391,593	41,825	3,37,349	118,855	11,00,082	
9. Bellary	30,818	80,135	524,200	11,006	4,47,130	127,630	15,53,461	
10. Kurnool	52,007	139,316	543,150	16,106	6,30,467	138,425	14,95,993	
11. Madras								
12. Chingleput	37,934	116,813	71,418	60,438	3,13,659	158,114	18,49,291	
13. Chittoor	33,194	113,400	141,834	34,982	2,97,325	89,490	6,69,547	
14. North Arcot	82,957	271,265	279,190	104,724	8,98,512	243,843	22,29,670	
15. South Arcot	86,333	228,332	254,184	81,969	9,16,346	399,821	35,66,291	
16. Tanjore	69,320	360,404	103,316	143,820	10,96,468	237,799	55,02,218	
17. Trichinopoly	99,392	231,362	610,769	57,232	9,62,360	266,325	25,04,754	
18. Madras	54,913	183,685	352,155	63,269	7,04,062	191,398	19,31,279	
19. Ramanád	20,960	70,501	112,479	9,888	1,92,180	62,322	4,84,390	
20. Tinnevelly	98,117	486,740	530,101	61,102	9,07,595	229,792	25,02,544	
21. Coimbatore	144,298	391,464	939,472	36,961	13,48,599	277,446	27,95,402	
22. The Nilgiris	4,931	30,533	84,223	1,139	46,663	9,284	1,22,122	
23. Salem	88,634	266,975	509,347	42,661	8,92,591	193,686	18,89,147	
24. South Canara	15,939	45,495	42,815	59,746	2,84,900	95,724	23,67,038	
25. Malabar	28,207	78,731	71,736	59,691	3,21,145	195,378	31,68,261	
26. Anjengo	85	237	58		268	582	1,674	
Total	1,319,082	4,321,347	7,524,984	1,499,634	1,71,33,407	3,859,407	5,03,43,213	

NOTE.—(1) The dry and wet extents given in this statement differ from those given in columns 27 and 29 of statement No. 3 against Kistna, Chingleput, North Arcot and Anjengo. In Kistna, the variation is due to the inclusion of the extent relating to Rustambada village of Narasapur taluk excluded from statement No. 3 owing to its non-settlement by the time it was sent; in Chingleput, it is due to the exclusion of the extent for rented villages from this statement; in North Arcot, it is due to the exclusion of the extent relating to Arni Jaghir and Kangundi Zamindari from this statement as they are not in the ryotwar villages of the district; and in Anjengo, it is due to the fact that garden and occupied dry lands are shown as dry in this statement.

(2) The amount of assessment in column 93 differs from that given in column 32 of statement No. 3 in Kistna, Chingleput, North Arcot and Malabar. The variation in the first three districts is due to the causes mentioned in note (1). The Collector of Malabar has not explained the variation.

TABLE C.

QUINQUENNIAL.

INCIDENCE of the Land Revenue on area and population in each district in the Madras Presidency in the agricultural year ending 30th June 1909.

District.	Total area by survey less foundatories table A ₁ (1) minus table A ₁ (2).	Deduct.		Balance (i.e.) fully-assessed area for which returns are available.		Total revenue from land (exclusive of cesses) of district (column 2).	Population of district (column 2).
		Area not fully assessed.	Area for which returns so far as required for this table are not available.	Total.	Cultivated.		
1	2	3 (a)	3 (b)	4 (a)	4 (b)	5	6

RYOTWARI.

	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	Rs.	
1. Ganjam ..	3,360,375	2,302,293	560,721	496,361	450,125	10,53,441	828,061
2. Vizagapatam ..	900,661	700,962	13,897	186,802	143,959	5,34,155	288,662
3. Godavari ..	2,010,339	1,415,893	11,933	582,513	388,195	29,72,337	805,347
4. Kistna ..	1,947,896	434,822	69,493	1,443,681	936,997	46,39,986	983,311
5. Guntur ..	3,384,095	1,504,288	69,403	1,510,404	1,517,990	52,66,298	1,302,464
6. Nellore ..	2,527,462	1,575,542	5,110	946,810	711,137	25,15,208	740,854
7. Kurnool ..	4,726,458	3,321,888	—	1,430,795	1,324,326	17,68,985	852,192
8. Bellary ..	3,527,965	1,609,681	—	1,921,313	1,779,882	17,91,134	919,938
9. Anantapur ..	3,414,432	1,759,322	—	1,663,504	1,260,397	5,80,172	762,358
10. Cuddapah ..	5,806,022	3,868,510	—	1,449,045	1,218,210	19,64,836	1,234,763
11. North Arcot ..	2,620,300	1,705,648	—	914,742	747,178	22,72,447	1,403,263
12. Chingleput ..	1,371,789	703,348	4,380	664,061	540,992	18,18,720	953,855
13. Madras ..	17,210	7,836	—	9,374	—	52,505	509,348
14. South Arcot ..	3,114,918	1,347,607	45,361	1,721,950	1,454,786	45,66,019	2,253,323
15. Salem ..	3,632,897	2,136,515	—	1,496,382	1,272,252	21,53,412	1,483,955
16. Coimbatore ..	4,836,411	2,306,926	—	2,529,485	1,979,866	30,87,343	2,120,884
17. Trichinopoly ..	1,804,733	662,358	6,972	1,135,406	853,480	21,64,624	1,158,685
18. Tanjore ..	1,661,018	524,240	—	1,144,655	1,010,044	59,22,140	1,806,881
19. Madras ..	2,143,566	994,249	18	1,149,299	949,660	24,44,343	1,233,845
20. Tinnevely ..	2,344,948	819,016	30,869	1,495,315	1,025,047	26,24,745	1,470,340
21. The Nilgiris ..	646,221	458,807	—	194,987	67,133	1,28,258	111,437
22. Malabar ..	3,793,622	2,347,493	—	1,356,129	1,246,769	32,20,771	2,788,378
23. Anjengo ..	375	50	—	325	325	2,817	4,817
24. South Canara ..	2,573,517	1,788,265	831	789,421	500,964	20,66,529	1,134,713
Total ..	61,577,420	34,286,564	759,357	26,535,761	21,379,114	5,00,76,175	27,158,572

WHOLE INAM VILLAGES.

1. Ganjam ..	208,561	208,561	..	..	..	76,916	223,434
2. Vizagapatam ..	270,766	270,766	..	..	..	77,111	380,389
3. Godavari ..	102,602	102,602	..	..	..	43,666	37,030
4. Kistna ..	349,030	349,030	..	..	..	1,46,034	160,374
5. Guntur ..	183,598	183,598	..	..	..	28,403	124,814
6. Nellore ..	500,950	500,950	..	..	..	90,928	140,265
7. Kurnool ..	123,309	123,309	..	..	..	13,833	19,863
8. Bellary ..	128,265	128,265	..	..	..	15,835	27,276
9. Anantapur ..	141,651	141,651	..	..	..	14,101	25,996
10. Cuddapah ..	276,717	276,717	..	..	..	54,233	56,504
11. North Arcot ..	71,860	71,860	..	..	..	26,260	41,280
12. Chingleput ..	212,966	212,966	..	..	..	72,531	141,517
13. South Arcot ..	202,253	202,253	..	..	..	22,533	70,580
14. Salem ..	156,927	156,927	..	..	..	45,899	81,702
15. Coimbatore ..	52,628	52,628	..	..	..	3,877	23,857
16. Trichinopoly ..	183,445	183,445	..	..	..	19,771	80,581
17. Tanjore ..	523,444	523,444	..	..	..	1,73,816	340,465
18. Madras ..	544,502	544,502	..	..	..	1,32,131	426,720
19. Tinnevely ..	201,780	201,780	..	..	..	1,13,858	143,141
Total ..	4,435,254	4,435,254	..	..	..	11,71,736	2,556,238

* This is less than the total of items 3 (a), 3 (b) and 4 (a) by 4,252 acres.

Incidence of the Land Revenue on area and population in each district in the Madras Presidency in the agricultural year ending 30th June 1909—cont.

District.	Revenue from land per head of population (columns 5 and 6).	Land revenue assessed on fully-assessed area (column 4 (a)).	Incidence per acre of land revenue (column 8) on fully-assessed area (column 4).		Population of fully-assessed area.	Land revenue assessment per head of population on fully-assessed area (columns 8 and 11).	Towns of over 10,000 inhabitants (in the whole district).	
			For total area.	For cultivated area.			Number of towns.	Aggregate population.
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
RYOTWARI—cont.								
1. Ganjam ..	1 4 11	9,27,128	1 13 11	2 0 11	828,961	1 1 11	2	43,925
2. Vizagapatam ..	1 13 7	4,42,475	2 6 1	3 1 2	288,662	1 8 6	2	21,204
3. Godavari ..	3 11 0	23,12,987	3 15 6	5 15 4	805,347	2 13 11	3	59,321
4. Kistna ..	4 11 6	40,69,780	2 13 1	4 5 6	983,311	4 2 3	5	118,379
5. Guntur ..	4 0 3	48,60,383	2 10 11	3 3 3	1,308,464	3 11 5	4	70,165
6. Nellore ..	3 6 4	22,78,190	2 6 6	3 3 3	740,854	3 1 2	2	49,291
7. Karnool ..	2 1 3	14,31,616	1 0 0	1 1 1	852,192	1 10 11	2	40,513
8. Bellary ..	1 15 2	15,62,199	0 13 0	0 14 1	919,938	1 11 2	5	131,523
9. Anantapur ..	1 4 7	8,55,458	0 8 2	0 10 10	762,258	1 1 11	5	62,415
10. Cuddapah ..	1 9 6	16,22,388	1 1 11	1 5 4	1,234,763	1 5 0	8	106,194
11. North Arcot ..	1 9 11	21,04,746	2 4 10	2 13 1	1,403,263	1 8 0	7	127,954
12. Chingleput ..	1 14 6	17,42,959	2 10 0	3 3 7	953,855	1 13 3	8	145,781
13. Madras ..	0 2 11	87,137	9 4 9	..	509,346	0 2 9	1	509,346
14. South Arcot ..	2 0 5	43,53,829	2 8 5	2 15 11	2,253,323	1 14 11	8	153,885
15. Salem ..	1 7 3	21,03,382	1 6 6	1 10 5	1,483,955	1 6 8	3	41,140
16. Coimbatore ..	1 7 3	29,21,489	1 2 5	1 7 7	2,120,881	1 6 0	7	133,015
17. Trichinopoly ..	1 13 11	20,97,571	1 13 7	2 7 4	1,158,885	1 12 11	2	127,760
18. Tanjore ..	3 4 5	57,67,996	5 0 6	5 11 3	1,806,881	3 3 0	9	273,411
19. Madura ..	1 15 8	21,50,689	1 13 11	2 4 3	1,233,845	1 11 11	6	186,403
20. Tinnevely ..	1 12 7	24,34,157	1 10 0	2 6 0	1,470,340	1 10 6	20	390,278
21. The Nilgiris ..	1 2 5	1,28,268	0 10 6	1 14 7	111,437	1 2 5	1	18,596
22. Malabar ..	1 2 6	32,01,227	2 5 9	2 9 1	2,788,376	1 2 4	7	218,007
23. Anjengo ..	0 9 4	1,566	4 13 1	4 12 1	4,817	0 5 2	..	..
24. South Canara ..	1 13 2	20,16,014	2 8 10	4 0 5	1,134,713	1 12 5	1	44,108
Total ..	2 1 0	5,14,63,624	1 15 0	2 6 6	27,158,572	1 14 4	118	3,072,614

WHOLE INAM VILLAGES—cont.

District.	Revenue from land per head of population (columns 5 and 6).	Land revenue assessed on fully-assessed area (column 4 (a)).	Incidence per acre of land revenue (column 8) on fully-assessed area (column 4).	Population of fully-assessed area.	Land revenue assessment per head of population on fully-assessed area (columns 8 and 11).	Towns of over 10,000 inhabitants (in the whole district).
	7	8	9	10	11	12
1. Ganjam ..	0 5 6	..	..	..	..	..
2. Vizagapatam ..	0 3 3	..	..	..	..	..
3. Godavari ..	1 2 10	..	..	..	..	..
4. Kistna ..	0 14 6	..	..	..	..	..
5. Guntur ..	0 3 5	..	..	..	..	..
6. Nellore ..	0 10 4	..	..	..	..	..
7. Karnool ..	0 11 2	..	..	..	..	..
8. Bellary ..	0 9 3	..	..	..	..	..
9. Anantapur ..	0 8 8	..	..	..	..	..
10. Cuddapah ..	0 15 4	..	..	..	..	..
11. North Arcot ..	0 10 2	..	..	..	..	..
12. Chingleput ..	0 8 2	..	..	..	..	..
13. South Arcot ..	0 5 1	..	..	..	..	..
14. Salem ..	0 9 0	..	..	..	..	..
15. Coimbatore ..	0 2 7	..	..	..	..	..
16. Trichinopoly ..	0 3 11	..	..	..	..	..
17. Tanjore ..	0 8 2	..	..	..	..	..
18. Madura ..	0 4 11	..	..	..	..	..
19. Tinnevely ..	0 12 8	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	0 7 4	..	..	..	..	10,494

Incidence of the Land Revenue on area and population in each district in the Madras Presidency in the agricultural year ending 30th June 1909—cont.

District.	Total area by survey less feudatories table A ₁ (1) minus table A ₁ (2).	Deduct.		Balance (i.e.) fully-assessed area for which returns are available.		Total revenue from land (exclusive of cesses) of district (column 2).	Population of district (column 2).
		Area not fully assessed.	Area for which returns so far as required for this table are not available.	Total.	Cultivated.		
	2	3 (a)	3 (b)	4 (a)	4 (b)	5	6
ZAMINDARI.							
1. Ganjam ..	1,787,638	842,231	..	945,407	834,522	4,52,252	959,492
2. Vizagapatam ..	9,851,051	7,489,090	..	2,361,961	1,602,115	9,80,133	2,264,649
3. Godavari ..	1,556,442	1,239,708	..	316,734	262,015	9,19,689	606,531
4. Kistna ..	1,487,816	471,254	..	1,016,562	611,083	15,67,628	602,462
5. Guntur ..	102,681	37,702	..	64,979	40,128	40,205	23,399
6. Nellore ..	2,068,888	1,209,144	..	859,744	565,191	4,15,771	391,696
7. North Arcot ..	2,029,696	1,562,263	..	467,333	290,382	3,62,176	763,163
8. Chingleput ..	386,286	208,531	..	177,755	115,097	1,57,134	216,750
9. South Arcot ..	22,349	9,619	..	12,730	10,339	8,647	25,991
10. Salem ..	1,029,158	440,260	..	588,898	455,332	4,52,248	639,317
11. Coimbatore ..	100,828	14,299	..	86,529	58,850	28,434	54,472
12. Trichinopoly ..	342,331	152,128	..	190,203	159,663	52,354	205,504
13. Tanjore ..	190,925	120,301	..	70,624	60,624	31,483	97,683
14. Madura ..	* 2,880,828	913,453	..	1,230,268	948,427	7,79,278	1,170,715
15. Tinnevely ..	† 902,154	214,073	..	748,213	587,637	3,93,078	446,126
16. Malabar ..	4,699	..	..	4,699	..	11,383	10,274
Total ..	24,748,710	14,924,056	..	9,142,639	6,601,405	66,52,738	8,478,230
Grand Total ..	90,756,384	53,645,864	759,357	35,678,400	27,980,519	6,39,00,649	38,193,040

District.	Revenue from land per head of population (columns 5 and 6).	Land revenue assessed on fully-assessed area (column 4 (a)).	Incidence per acre of land revenue (column 8) on fully-assessed area (column 4).		Population of fully-assessed area.	Land revenue assessment per head of population on fully-assessed area (columns 8 and 11).	Towns of over 10,000 inhabitants (in the whole district).	
			For total area.	For cultivated area.			Number of towns.	Aggregate population.
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

ZAMINDARI—cont.

	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		
1. Ganjam	0 7 6	4,32,838	0 7 4	0 8 4	959,492	0 7 3	1	17,336
2. Visagapatam	0 6 11	9,50,539	0 6 5	0 9 6	2,264,649	0 6 9	7	157,847
3. Godavari	1 8 3	7,52,330	2 6 0	2 13 11	606,531	1 3 10	3	77,331
4. Kistna	2 9 8	15,53,424	1 8 5	2 8 8	602,462	2 9 3	..	..
5. Guntur	1 11 6	40,205	0 9 11	1 0 0	23,399	1 11 6	..	..
6. Nellore	1 1 0	4,15,771	0 7 9	0 11 9	391,696	1 1 0	1	13,302
7. North Arcot	0 7 7	3,62,659	0 12 5	1 4 0	763,169	0 7 7	1	11,992
8. Chingleput	0 11 7	1,54,439	0 13 11	1 5 6	216,750	0 11 5	..	..
9. South Arcot	0 5 4	8,647	0 10 10	0 13 5	25,991	0 5 4	..	..
10. Salem	0 11 4	4,50,402	0 12 3	0 15 10	639,317	0 11 3	3	95,717
11. Coimbatore	0 3 4	28,147	0 5 2	0 7 8	54,472	0 3 3	..	..
12. Trichinopoly	0 4 1	52,354	0 4 5	0 5 3	205,504	0 4 1	1	12,370
13. Tanjore	0 5 2	31,483	0 7 2	0 8 4	97,683	0 5 2	..	..
14. Madura	0 10 8	7,53,790	0 9 10	0 12 9	1,170,715	0 10 4	6	99,401
15. Tinnevelly	0 14 1	3,91,766	0 8 5	0 10 8	446,126	0 14 1	2	32,476
16. Malabar	1 1 9	11,383	2 6 9	..	10,274	1 1 9	..	..
Total	0 12 7	63,90,157	0 11 2	0 15 6	8,478,230	0 12 1	25	518,274
Grand total	1 10 9	5,78,53,781	1 9 11	2 1 1	35,636,802	1 10 0	144	3,601,383

* Includes 737,107 acres for which particulars for columns 3 (a) to 4 (b) were not furnished.

† This is less than the total of items 3 (a), 3 (b) and 4 (a) by 60,092 acres.

TABLE E.—Transfer of property in land in each district in the Madras Presidency in the agricultural year ending June 1912.

District.	Nature of tenure.	Number of transfers		Total area transferred	
		By order of Court.	By private contract or gift.	By order of Court.	By private contract or gift.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		NO.	NO.	ACS.	ACS.
Ganjam	Proprietors { Revenue paying .. 10	10	926	1,933	5,568
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 3	3	9	3	215
Vizagapatam	Do. { Revenue paying .. 12	12	168	50	862
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 2	2	50	4	280
Godavari	Do. { Revenue paying .. 4	4	1,632	24	7,260
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 1	1	685	2	1,979
Kistna	Do. { Revenue paying .. 73	73	4,721	1,157	21,466
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	587	..	3,191
Guntur	Do. { Revenue paying .. 11	11	6,262	58	18,694
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	584	..	1,771
Nellore	Do. { Revenue paying .. 64	64	866	419	3,548
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 4	4	8	7	47
Karnool	Do. { Revenue paying .. 70	70	2,029	178	13,437
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 2	2	536	8	5,318
Bellary	Do. { Revenue paying .. 47	47	2,380	223	25,900
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	549	..	4,567
Anantapur	Do. { Revenue paying .. 42	42	1,160	334	10,547
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 5	5	128	34	1,541
Cuddapah	Do. { Revenue paying .. 102	102	629	402	2,088
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 13	13	57	735	225
Chittoor	Do. { Revenue paying .. 22	22	1,040	47	2,310
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	25	..	94
North Arcot	Do. { Revenue paying .. 8	8	14,215	48	34,112
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	84	..	751
Chingleput	Do. { Revenue paying .. 112	112	3,926	226	7,445
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 1	1	86	1	1,329
Madras	Do. { Revenue paying	..	641	..	108
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot	Do. { Revenue paying .. 17	17	9,534	36	13,759
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	1	..	..
Salem	Do. { Revenue paying .. 54	54	6,368	321	27,011
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	9	..	38
Coimbatore	Do. { Revenue paying .. 4	4	4,071	43	27,906
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 1	1	86	2	718
Trichinopoly	Do. { Revenue paying .. 11	11	5,511	33	28,716
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	56	..	182
Tanjore	Do. { Revenue paying .. 68	68	10,348	210	17,706
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	5	..	28
Madura	Do. { Revenue paying .. 141	141	6,621	289	15,715
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 5	5	60	6	171
Ramanad	Do. { Revenue paying .. 188	188	10,896	439	15,531
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 16	16	217	13	364
Tinnevely	Do. { Revenue paying .. 41	41	6,128	185	11,657
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	1	..	1
The Nilgiris	Do. { Revenue paying .. 39	39	317	232	5,060
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	Do. { Revenue paying .. 65	65	1,848	218	6,869
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	..	..	..
Anjengo	Do. { Revenue paying	..	18	..	10
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	..	..	..
South Canara	Do. { Revenue paying .. 91	91	2,834	2,523	15,238
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. ..	..	..	..	..
Total	Do. { Revenue paying .. 1,296	1,296	105,089	9,628	338,303
	{ Wholly or partially revenue free. 53	53	3,823	815	22,810

* 0.18 acre.

EXTRACTS FROM THE DISTRICT REPORTS.

1. GANJAM.

(N. MACMICHAEL, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Collector.)

7. (a) RYOTWAR SETTLEMENT.—The villages for settlement were 1,261 against 1,274 in the previous year; the decrease in the number of villages is explained in the margin.

Number of villages as per last year .. 1,274
 Deduct number of villages which have been clubbed with other villages at the re-settlement of the Berhampur taluk .. 14

Add Pitbala village treated as separate Government ryotwar village at re-settlement of Berhampur taluk .. 1

17. COERCIVE PROCESSES AND SALES FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.—In the number of demand, distraint and sale notices issued there was an increase of 2,967, 776 and 566 respectively. Prompt action in the issue of demand notices had to be taken as the ryots did not voluntarily pay the kists owing to loss of crop during the year. This accounts for the increase

of demand notices. Though distraint had to be made in the case of 1,029 defaulters for an arrear of Rs. 32,943, no personal property was sold during the year. Real property of 5 defaulters was sold for an arrear of Rs. 168, the extent involved being 31 acres dry and 2 acres wet. Of this area, the wet land belongs to Goomsur taluk and the dry land belongs to Goomsur and Chicacole taluks. No lands were bought in by Government for want of bidders.

26. VERNACULAR CORRESPONDENCE IN THE ASSISTANT AND SUB-COLLECTOR OFFICES.—Messrs. Bhole, Duff and Todd knew Telugu and Uriya well. Mr. Duff knew Khond sufficiently well not to require an interpreter. Messrs. Graham and Rutherford also know Telugu and Uriya well. Vernacular petitions presented in person are read over to them and orders are usually passed then and there.

32. (a) RELATION OF LANDLORD AND TENANT IN LARGE ZAMINDARIES.—There is a general desire on the part of the ryots to substitute money for grain rents. In consequence of this the relations between the ryots and landholders are somewhat strained in some parts of the district. In the Mandasa estate the relations between the Zamindar and the ryots are not satisfactory and there has been much litigation.

(b) SELLING OF OCCUPANCY RIGHT TO NON-CULTIVATING CLASSES.—No tendency has been noticed on the part of the ryots to sell their occupancy rights, but it is reported that ryots in the Chicacole division mortgage their lands to meet their requirements.

33. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.—This appears to be on the increase.

34. EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION.—Act I of 1908 is being freely used all over the district with the result that it has considerably added to the work of the divisional officers. It has been welcomed more by the ryots than by the zamindars. The Land Encroachment Act is working smoothly.

36. AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—Wages to agricultural labourers are generally paid in kind. There has been no material change either in the condition of agricultural labourers or in the system of paying wages to them during the last three years. Grain wages are preferred to wages in cash by the labourers and the system of paying in kind has not been superseded by the system of wages in cash.

2. VIZAGAPATAM.

(J. R. HUGGINS, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Collector.)

17. PROCESSES UNDER ACT II OF 1864.—Jamabandi statement No. 8-A gives details of the coercive processes employed in the realization of the Government dues under Act II of 1864. The following table compares the processes of each kind issued during the fasli with those in the previous fasli:—

	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
Demand notices	4,450	4,460
Distraint or attachment notices	283	315

The variations are slight and call for no remarks.

18. SALE NOTICES.—The number of sale notices issued during the year was 111 against 74 in the previous year. The increase was due to the unfavourable character of the season.

27. VERNACULAR CORRESPONDENCE IN THE ASSISTANT AND HEAD ASSISTANT COLLECTORS' OFFICES.—Messrs. P. C. Dutt, F. W. R. Robertson, R. F. B. L. Guppy, J. I. Smith and E. Graham, worked in the district during the year. All of them disposed of their office work in a competent manner and have a fair knowledge of the vernaculars.

7 Sets.—17

35. RELATIONS BETWEEN LANDLORD AND TENANT.—The relations between land-holders and ryots were on the whole fairly satisfactory.

36. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.—Subletting is generally resorted to by non-agricultural pattadars. The practice is not on the increase.

38. EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.—During the year there was no special legislation that affected the people generally. The Madras Land Encroachment Act and the Estates Land Act are better understood by the people and are now working more smoothly.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—Farm servants in the district are generally paid their wages in kind and that only the occasional labourers employed at the time of transplantation and harvest are paid their wages in cash. The system of paying wages in kind still finds favour with farmers, being more convenient than the system of paying wages in cash.

3. GODAVARI.

(E. B. ELWIN, Esq., I.C.S., Collector.)

3. The river Godavari began to rise on the 7th June 1911 and the highest flood was 12.5 feet over the crest of the anikat on the 27th September 1911. This was higher than that of the previous year which was 11.1 feet on 7th July 1910 and was about 4.5 feet below the maximum flood level of 17 feet over the anikat crest on 2nd October 1891.

19. COERCIVE PROCESS.—The processes of all kinds issued numbered 275 against 231 of the previous year. The attachments and sales of moveable and immoveable property under Act II of 1864 during the current and previous faslis are compared below.

Fasli.	Moveable property.						Immoveable property.					
	Attached.			Sold.			Attached.			Sold.		
	Number of cases.	Amount of arrear.	Value of property distrained.	Number of cases.	Amount of arrear.	Value of property distrained.	Number of cases.	Amount of arrear.	Value of property distrained.	Number of cases.	Amount of arrear.	Value of property distrained.
1320	25	Rs. 3,589	Rs. 5,282	2	Rs. 2,644	Rs. 2,649	..	..	..	..	..	..
1321	20	624	734	3	51	360	..	..	..	..	..	Rs. 2,851
												247

* Represents the amount realized by sale of moveable property.

There was no land bought in by Government as there were no land sales for arrears of revenue during the fasli. The number of processes issued during the year was 275 against 231 of the previous year. The increase was contributed chiefly by the Tahsildar of Ramachandrapur whose attention has been drawn to the necessity of issuing notices only in cases where it is absolutely necessary.

27. VERNACULAR KNOWLEDGE OF CIVILIAN ASSISTANTS.—Mr. T. E. Moir was in charge of Rajahmundry Division from 15th June 1911 to 4th July 1911 and Mr. E. P. Walsh from 5th August 1911 to 4th June 1912. Mr. Walsh has a sufficient colloquial knowledge of Telugu. Mr. E. A. Harvey was in charge of Bhadrachalam Division from 13th October 1911 to the end of the fasli. Mr. F. G. Butler was Assistant to the Collector from 4th January 1912 to the end of the fasli. Mr. Harvey passed the higher standard in the Telugu in July 1911, and has an adequate knowledge of the language, while Mr. Butler has not passed any tests yet, but has acquired some knowledge of Telugu.

33. The additional information called for in Board's Proceedings No. 321, dated 24th August 1904, is dealt with below :—

(1) THE RELATIONS BETWEEN THE LANDLORDS AND TENANTS IN LARGE ZAMINDARI AREAS.—In this district the large zamindaris are Pittapur, Kottam, Bhadrachalam and Gopalapur. The relations existing between the landlords and tenants continued to be satisfactory on the whole. The Proprietor of Bhadrachalam never goes near his estate and lives in the plains, but has a fairly efficient manager. The Proprietrix of Kottam takes considerable interest in her tenants. Landlords do not generally resort to coercive processes, and most of the suits filed by them are for the recovery of arrears of rent.

(2) GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.—The growth of subletting is steady and is resorted to by non-agricultural landowners such as Brahmins and Vaisyas, absentee landowners and landowners engaged in professions other than agriculture, whose interest in the land is confined to leasing it out to suitable tenants. The agricultural classes, viz., Kshatriyas and Sudras cultivate their own lands.

(3) THE EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.—The year under report was not eventful for any legislation.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—Agricultural wages are divided into two kinds (1) wages in kind and (2) wages in money, while labourers are divided into two classes, viz., permanent farm labourers and casual daily labourers. In rural tracts the permanent farm labourers are generally paid in kind and get all sorts of perquisites, and the casual labourers are paid in money. In towns and in some villages adjoining towns the practice obtaining is to pay wages in money only.

4. KISTNA.

(H. L. BRAIDWOOD, Esq., I.C.S., Collector.)

15. COERCIVE PROCESSES.—The number of processes of each kind issued during the fasli is shown below :—

	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Difference.
1. Demand notices	51,475	16,035	— 35,440
2. Attachment notices	6,684	6,184	— 500
3. Sale notices	3,409	4,638	+ 1,229

The decrease in items 1 and 2 was due to more care being taken to collect the revenue without unnecessarily issuing processes. The increase under item 3 is 1,229 and this mostly relates to Kaikalur taluk and was due to the prompt steps taken for the realization of arrears of non-resident cultivators. An extent of 4,222 acres was sold in 213 cases for an arrear of Rs. 9,765. Of this extent 3,035 acres were bought in by Government for want of bidders and 1,187 acres were purchased by others.

24. THE RELATIONS BETWEEN LANDLORDS AND TENANTS.—The relations are satisfactory in general. The friction between the Zamindar of Devarakota estate and his tenants seems to have abated to a considerable extent.

26. THE EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.—There was no special legislation during the year that affected the people generally. The Estates Land Act of 1908 is working satisfactorily.

27. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.—The subletting is chiefly resorted to by non-agriculturists such as pleaders, merchants and by the owners of large landed property but is not on the increase.

28. AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—Payment of wages in kind is gradually disappearing though it has not completely died out.

29. VERNACULAR KNOWLEDGE OF CIVILIAN ASSISTANTS.—All the Sub-Collectors who worked in the district during the fasli had an adequate knowledge of Telugu. The Assistant Collector, Mr. Hood, has passed the lower standard in Telugu and is appearing for the next higher standard examination.

5. GUNTUR.

(J. N. ROY, Esq., I.C.S., Ag. Collector.)

23. PARTICULARS OF COERCIVE PROCESSES EMPLOYED IN THE REALIZATION OF GOVERNMENT DEMAND UNDER ACT II OF 1864.—The subjoined abstract shows the number of processes of each kind issued during the fasli :—

	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
Demand notices	55,566	54,066
Attachment notices	4,121	3,788
Sale notices	132	110
Sales	37	58

There was a decrease in the number of coercive processes issued, which was due to the prompt payment of land revenue dues.

23-A. SALES.—In the year under report sale notices were issued in 110 cases. In only 58 cases was the distrained property brought to sale.

24. VALUE OF THE LANDS, ETC., SOLD.—Moveable property of the estimated value of Rs. 621-12-4, and immoveable property of the value of Rs. 3,128-4-0 were sold for the recovery of the arrears of Rs. 596-0-9 and Rs. 850-3-4, the amount thereby realized being Rs. 728-1-2 and Rs. 2,056-9-0 respectively. The sales fetched on the average twice the assessment in the case of dry lands and three times in the case of wet lands.

25. EXTENT OF LANDS SOLD.—The actual extent of lands sold for arrears was 484.50 acres against 393.32 acres of the previous year. An extent of 252.29 acres was bought in by Government for a sum of Rs. 3-2-0.

35. VERNACULAR KNOWLEDGE OF CIVILIANS.—Messrs. V. P. Rao, Gharpurey and Fotheringham know Telugu and can talk fairly fluently.

36. THE RELATION BETWEEN LANDLORDS AND TENANTS IN THE LARGER ZAMINDARIES.—There are no Zamindari estates in the district, except one taluk of the Venkatagiri estate situated in the Ongole division. There were 385 suits and 47 miscellaneous applications under the Estates Land Act against 450 suits and 4 miscellaneous applications of last year. I have received no complaints against the Zamindar and the relation between him and his tenants continues to be friendly.

37. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR VILLAGES.—The practice of subletting seems to be on the increase in the deltaic taluks. It does not prevail to the same extent in the upland taluks.

39. EFFECTS OF RECENT LEGISLATION.—Act 3 of 1905 is working satisfactorily. There has been no other recent legislation, which calls for any remarks on my part.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—Wages are mostly paid in money, though the system of payment in kind is still in vogue in the uplands.

6. NELLORE.

(Khan Bahadur S. M. V. OOSMAN SAHIB, Esq., B.A., B.L., M.R.S.A., *Ag. Collector.*)

5. NUMBER OF VILLAGES.—The whole inam village of Pentapad of Gudur taluk having been resumed, the number of ryotwar villages comes to 509 against 508 in the previous year.

20. COERCIVE PROCESSES.—The number of demand notices followed by sales was 281 against 801 in the previous year. The fall is due to easy collection on account of high prices at harvests.

Fasli.	Number of processes.	Number of process served by		Value of property sold.		
		Village agency.	Special paid agency.	Personal.	Real.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fasli 1320	317,330	308,044	9,286	Rs. 5,149	Rs. 3,066	Rs. 8,215
„ 1321	205,332	205,332	..	1,127	2,856	3,983

Taluks.	Fasli.	Number of demand notices.	Number of attachment notices.	Number of sale notices, personal.	Number of sale notices, real.			Total number of sale notices.	Percentage of column 9 to column 3.
					Number of cases.	Extent of land sold.	Extent of land bought in by Government.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Gudur	1320	27,582	10,880	30	24	102	46	54	0.19
.. .. .	1321	12,599	7,928	20	8	15	5	28	0.22
Rapur	1320	11,770	298	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. .. .	1321	7,682	1,512	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	1320	44,057	10,668	106	8	12	..	114	0.25
.. .. .	1321	26,609	8,034	16	8	41	20	24	0.09
Kovur	1320	58,330	15,511	7	..	..	..	7	0.01
.. .. .	1321	43,915	16,347	3	53	110	6	66	0.13
Atmakur	1320	65,172	10,870	53	12	427	39	65	0.10
.. .. .	1321	33,794	5,441	3	21	155	46	24	0.07
Kavali	1320	10,867	2,062	20	13	92	52	33	0.30
.. .. .	1321	10,101	4,025	10	3	8	1	13	0.12
Udayagiri	1320	9,165	5,469	40	25	159	71	65	0.70
.. .. .	1321	3,573	358	2	3	23	22	5	0.14
Kandukur	1320	23,401	6,446	446	4	36	30	450	1.90
.. .. .	1321	15,945	4,482	124	3	23	18	127	0.75
Kanigiri	1320	3,094	978	8	5	69	32	13	1.33
.. .. .	1321	1,182	724	1	3	22	2	4	0.34
Total	1320	244,641	63,182	710	91	897	255	801	..
.. .. .	1321	156,200	48,851	179	102	397	140	281	0.18

30. THE RELATION BETWEEN LANDLORD AND TENANT IN THE LARGER ZAMINDARIES.—I have very little to add to the remarks contained in the report of the previous year. The management of the Venkatagiri estate continues to be business like. The proprietor, I learn, has become more sympathetic now and has begun to settle the disputes with his tenants amicably and out of Court. The management of the Pamur estate by the Raja Narasingirji Gayangarji continues to be unsatisfactory. It is too early to comment on the attitude of the holders of the minor estates detached from this estate by court sale towards their tenants. They are trying to win over the tenants to their side.

31. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR VILLAGES.—The subletting is not on the increase. The landholders of the agricultural classes continue to cultivate their lands, but the more extensive land owners among them have of necessity to sublet portions of their holdings. This tendency is perceptible in the deltaic tracts of Nellore and Kovvur taluks where tenants are not wanting. Non-agricultural landholders continue to sublet their holdings where tenants are available. Even among them, and especially in upland taluks, many are forced to turn to cultivation for want of tenants.

33. THE EFFECT OF THE RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.—The provisions of the Madras Estates Land Act, and the Land Encroachment Act, which alone of the recent Acts affect the masses, are being understood. The Limited Proprietors' Act of 1911 finds favour with Managers and Mortgagees of Estates. With the recent legislation of a political character such as the Seditious Meetings Act, the Explosives Act and the Press Act the masses in the district are not concerned. No prosecutions were instituted under the Press Act in the year under report.

34. VERNACULAR LANGUAGE OF CIVILIANS.—The only Civilian division in this district is Gudur and it was in charge of a Deputy Collector throughout the year.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—The system of payment of agricultural wages has not undergone any material change. In rural areas wages are invariably paid in kind but in towns and in their vicinity there is a tendency to substitute cash payments at three to four annas per diem. The casual labourers in rural areas get 1½ seers (a manika) to 2 seers a day, but at harvests when the demand for labour is great, the wages are sometimes doubled to a muntha (3½ seers). In the deltaic tracts of Nellore and Kovvur taluks and the adjoining Kavali and Gudur taluks breakfast is also given in addition to grain wages. The permanent farm servants continue to be fed and clothed at the expense of their masters with an addition of an annual payment in cash in the case of grazing boys and in kind in the case of farm labourers supplemented by gift of grain at the harvest. The rates of these annual wages have not increased. The village carpenters and blacksmiths and cobblers continue to get their meras in kind at a varying rate of 37 to 56 seers of grain per plough. They are also allowed doles of grain at harvest.

7. CUDDAPAH.

(J. F. BRYANT, Esq., M.A. I.C.S., *Acting Collector.*)

13. PROCESSES UNDER ACT II OF 1864.—Statement No. 8 shows the particulars of coercive processes issued. The following abstract compares the number of processes of each kind issued during the years 1320 and 1321.

	Fasli. 1320	Fasli. 1321
Demand notices	48,462	43,835
Distrain and attachment notices	5,229	5,414
Sale notices	3,083	2,161
Sales (number of defaulters)	454	458

The demand and sale notices decreased. Distrain notices increased chiefly in Cuddapah and Pullampet taluks. The increase in the number of sales was inappreciable.

Out of 5,414 defaulters whose property was attached, 3,253 or 60 per cent. paid the arrears before sale notices were issued. The percentage was 41 in 1,320. The number of defaulters whose property was sold was 63 against 115 in the preceding year, but the number whose real property was sold increased from 339 to 395. The bulk of the increase was in Royachoti where the number of sales increased from 64 to 160. In this taluk, sales of lands have to be resorted to in an unfavourable year.

Immoveable property of the estimated value of Rs. 10,864 was sold for the recovery of arrears amounting to Rs. 3,555 against Rs. 5,286 and Rs. 2,063, respectively, in the previous year. Dry lands purchased by private individuals fetched on an average 14 annas per acre and wet lands Rs. 16 an acre against Rs. 1-4-0, and Rs. 6-10-0, respectively, in fasli 1320. The extent of land sold was 2,203 acres dry and 183 acres wet against 1,608 acres dry and 421 acres wet in the preceding fasli. Out of 2,203 acres of dry and 183 acres of wet land sold 726 acres of dry and 55 acres of wet land were purchased by Government owing to want of bidders. The greater part of the area so purchased relates to the taluk of Royachoti where there is a large area of poor land for which there is no demand. No special agency was employed for the service of processes. Of the lands sold for arrears of revenue and bought in by Government in the year and in the previous years 132 acres were resold and fetched Rs. 68.

18. **VERNACULAR KNOWLEDGE OF CIVILIAN DIVISIONAL OFFICERS.**—There was no Civilian Divisional officer in this district during the year.

19. **RELATIONS BETWEEN LANDLORDS AND TENANTS.**—Call for no special remarks.

20. **SUBLETTING.**—The practice is not on the increase.

21. **EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION.**—The Estates Land Act is rarely applied in this district. The Land Encroachment Act is being worked without great hardship. The rules relating to "Irregular Irrigation" are being applied with moderation. The re-settlement has resulted in decrease of wet assessment in this district. The special concessions granted in respect of lands under precarious sources have also benefited the ryots.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—In parts of the district, there has been in recent years a tendency to substitute money for grain wages. The system most commonly in use, however, is that of paying wages in grain, which has not been supplanted by the system of money wages to any appreciable extent. Where wages are paid in cash, the amount is so fixed as not to cause loss to the labourers.

8. ANANTAPUR.

(P. S. P. RICE, Esq., I.C.S., *Collector.*)

17. **VERNACULAR CORRESPONDENCE IN THE SUB-COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.**—Mr. H. T. Reilly who was in charge of the Penukonda division during the major portion of the year was well acquainted with Telugu, and Mr. Wells, his successor, also knows Telugu and Telugu petitions are being read aloud to him. The correspondence to and from the taluk offices continued to be carried on in English.

23. **RELATION OF LANDLORD AND TENANT IN THE LARGER ZAMINDARIES.**—There are no such zamindaries in this district.

24. **THE GROWTH OF SUB-LETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.**—This practice is not on the increase in this district.

25. **EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.**—No enactment passed during the year had any special effect on the people of the district.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—There has been no material change in the system in Fasli 1321.

9. BELLARY.

(J. H. ROBERTSON, Esq., I.C.S., *Collector.*)

11. **COERCIVE PROCESSES.**—Enclosure A to statement No. 8 exhibits particulars of processes issued. There was a decrease in the number of defaulters whose personal properties were attached and sold. The number of defaulters whose real property had to be sold also fell from 138 to 81 in the fasli. This was due to the fact that owing to the exceptionally favourable character of the season during the previous year, the bulk of the revenue due was easily and readily paid.

20. **EXTENT TO WHICH ASSISTANT AND SUB-COLLECTORS PASSED ORDERS ON ENGLISH ABSTRACTS PREPARED BY CLERKS.**—The Civilian's division was mostly in charge of Mr. T. J. Tasker. Mr. G. W. Wells was in charge of the head-quarters division for some time. Mr. Tasker's knowledge of vernaculars was reported in my report D. Dis. No. 3423, dated 29th August 1912, in reply to Board's Reference (Land Revenue), No. 1488-Gt./12-1, dated 29th July 1912.

22. **RELATIONS OF LANDLORD AND TENANT.**—There are no zamindaries in this district. The relations between landlords and tenants in whole inam villages were quite harmonious except that the ryots of shrotriem Kodihalli, Harpanahalli taluk, complained to the Revenue officers that the shrotriemdar has not been respecting their rights and allowing them to enjoy their lands according to well-established usage. They want their lands to be surveyed. The matter is awaiting the organization of a party for surveying shrotriem villages generally.

23. **GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR VILLAGES.**—There was no noticeable increase in subletting. The classes among whom this practice has been prevalent are Brahman landowners, public servants, lawyers and traders. The Divisional Officers of Adoni and Bellary report that there was no perceptible growth of subletting as Brahman and merchant classes who generally sublet have of late been resuming possession of their lands being tempted by the rise in the price of food-grains and cotton. But where the system still continues the rentals have risen high owing to competition among tenants.

26. **EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.**—There was no special legislature during the year except the abolition of the proprietary estates village service cess with effect from 1st April 1912.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—In the Hospet division, the system of paying wages in cash has become more general owing to the high prices of grain and the system of payment in kind is rare. In the Bellary division comprising Bellary and Siruguppa taluks, payment in kind continues to be in vogue in all rural tracts and payment in cash obtains only in the towns of Bellary and Siruguppa, the chief centres of trade and in a few big villages. In almost the whole of Adoni division, except in Adoni town, agricultural labourers are paid in kind. In a few villages around Adoni wages for cotton-picking alone are paid in cash. In the newly formed Rayadrug division which comprises Rayadrug and Kudligi taluks, wages are paid in cash in the towns and some big villages and in kind in the remaining parts. In all cases where wages are paid in kind the quantity paid depends on the market price of the grain distributed and is fixed on the basis of cash wages.

10. KURNOOL.

(E. S. LLOYD, Esq., I.C.S., *Collector.*)

26. **PROCESSES UNDER ACT II OF 1864.**—Statement 8 gives particulars of the coercive processes issued for the realization of the Government dues under Act II of 1864.

The following abstract compares the number of processes of each kind issued during the year with the two preceding years:—

Coercive processes.	Fasli 1319.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
Demand notices	2,211	1,976	1,440
Distrain and attachment notices	269	240	282
Sale notices	138	133	116
Sales	57	57	35
Total ..	2,675	2,406	1,873

Nearly half the demand notices were issued in the taluk of Nandyal. The attention of this Tahsildar will be drawn to the necessity of issuing demand notices only when attachment should immediately follow.

37. **COERCIVE PROCESSES.**—The total amount of principal and interest payable during the year under the two Acts was Rs. 50,670-8-9, of which Rs. 20,613-4-5 were collected without resorting to coercive processes and Rs. 31,297-15-6 after issue of demands. Rs. 148-14-5 were realized after attachment but before sale. The balance outstanding at the end of the year was Rs. 830-13-11.

42. **JUNIOR CIVILIANS' KNOWLEDGE OF VERNACULARS.**—No junior Civilian Assistant worked in the district during the year under report.

43. **RELATION BETWEEN LANDLORD AND TENANT.**—There is no tension between the landlord and the tenants.

44. **GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR VILLAGES.**—In this district subletting as usual is chiefly resorted to by the non-agricultural classes, such as Brahmans, Komatis, traders and absentee landowners. No noticeable variation as compared with the previous years is apparent.

46. **THE EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.**—There was no special legislation during the year that affected the people in general. During the year under report five rural societies have been registered under the Co-operative Societies Act in addition to fourteen societies already existed.

47. **AGRICULTURAL WAGES.**—The most common system of paying wages to agricultural labourers is still in kind, and it is not yet replaced by the payment in coin except in some places near towns where in consequence of the high prices of grain there is a tendency to pay in money.

11. MADRAS.

(F. HANNINGTON, Esq., I.C.S., *Acting Collector.*)

7. **COERCIVE PROCESSES AND SALES FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.**—The number of distraint warrants issued was 25,419 against 28,714 in the previous fasli. Personal property was distrained in 71 cases for arrears amounting to Rs. 1,007 as against 11 cases for arrears of Rs. 844 in the previous fasli. Distrained property was actually sold in two cases for an arrear of Rs. 23. Lands were attached in 13 cases against 26 in the previous fasli, but in all these cases except one in which the property was brought to sale after the close of the fasli, the arrears due were paid before the properties were brought to sale.

12. **EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.**—There has not been during the fasli under report any important legislation affecting the population of this district.

12. CHINGLEPUT.

(C. G. TODHUNTER, Esq., I.C.S., *Collector.*)

7. RYOTWAR SETTLEMENT.—There were 1,479 ryotwar villages in fasli 1320. Certain minor inams in zamin Adyar and Mambalam measuring about 99 acres were resumed and surveyed and settled as two separate villages. The total number of ryotwar villages for fasli 1321 numbered 1,481.

18. COERCIVE PROCESSES.—The following abstract compares the processes issued during the year under report with those of the previous year :—

	Fasli 1321.	Fasli 1320.
(1) Demand notices	62,044	61,032
(2) Distraint and attachment notices	41,713	30,473
(3) Sale notices	41,030	30,380
(4) Sales	360	114

The increase in the number of processes is contributed chiefly by the Ponneri, Tiruvallur and Chingleput taluks. The ryots in these taluks are generally poor and a considerable number of them are absentee pattadars.

29. JUNIOR CIVILIANS' KNOWLEDGE OF VERNACULARS.—Mr. G. H. B. Jackson and Mr. F. W. Stewart have a working knowledge of Tamil. Mr. Stewart has not yet passed in Telugu, but has made fair progress with it.

30. THE RELATIONS BETWEEN LANDLORDS AND TENANTS IN LARGER ZAMINDARIES.—There has been no material change in the relations between landlords and tenants during the year under report. The relations of the people with the Government have been cordial. Under the Madras Land Estates Act I of 1908, 927 suits were instituted during the year under report against 1,208 in the previous year. Several applications have been made to enforce repairs of tanks by landlords, but none of the enquiries instituted has yet resulted in anything practical.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—There has been no material change in the rates of wages paid to padials or farm servants who are paid in kind. Their wages vary from 35 to 40 measures of paddy per month with meals or about 50 measures without meals. Casual labourers employed for ploughing, transplanting, etc., are paid 2 annas a day with one meal or 3 annas a day without meals. The condition of the labouring classes is good in this district as they get employment and high wages in Madras whenever agricultural operations are slack.

13. CHITTOOR.

(A. Y. G. CAMPBELL, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S., *Acting Collector.*)

8. Coercive processes.—The figures relating to the processes issued during the fasli are compared below with those relating to the preceding fasli :—

	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Increase or decrease.
1. Number of demand notices issued	47,705	49,166	+ 1,461
2. Number of attachment notices	1,629	1,026	- 603
3. Number of sale notices	689	507	- 182

There was an increase of 1,461 demand notices issued, while there was slight decrease in the other two items. This is due to the adverse character of the season and to the growing tendency on the part of the ryots to postpone payment till demands are shown to them.

The issue of processes was limited as far as possible to cases where without them, collection was considered to be difficult. The particulars showing the extent to which sales were actually resorted to during the fasli are compared below with those of the previous fasli; a large number of these cases relate to Madanapalle taluk :—

Particulars.	Personal or real.	Fasli 1321.	Fasli 1320.	Difference.
1. Number of defaulters whose property was sold ..	Personal	20	39	- 19
	Real.	43	13	+ 30
2. Do. Amount of arrears for which property was sold	Personal	668	103	+ 565
	Real.	111	77	+ 34
3. Do. Amount realised by sale of property ..	Personal	538	109	+ 429
	Real.	62	49	+ 13
4. Do. Extent in acres of land sold and purchased by others.	ACS.	61.48	42.48	+ 19
5. Do. Extent of lands bought in by Government..	..	134.33	65.16	+ 69.17

13. KNOWLEDGE OF VERNACULARS OF CIVILIANS.—Mr. Souter, Acting Sub-Collector, Madanapalle, reports that he is unable to dispose of vernacular correspondence himself. Mr. A. G. Leach who was acting Sub-Collector at Chandragiri in fasli 1321 reports that when petitions in vernacular are presented in person the petitioners state what they want in person and orders are passed thereon. As regards other petitions he glanced at them and occasionally passed orders thereon but generally he was sending petitions to office for reference. He can read both Tamil and Telugu. The Assistant Collector Mr. Bles is able to translate Telugu to English and *vice versa*.

17. RELATIONS BETWEEN LANDLORDS AND TENANTS IN ZAMINDARIES.—That these are not altogether amicable may be seen from the number of summary suits filed by the landlords and tenants, especially in the Kalahasti and Karvetnagar Estates. They are not likely to be improved until the desintegration of these two estates is complete. The new proprietors will feel a more abiding interest in their Estates than the present mortgagees and may find it worthwhile to get on better terms with their ryots. During the year under report many villages of Kalahasti Estate have been sold in public auction by the Civil Courts and applications have been received from the purchasers for the apportionment of peshkash.

18. GROWTH OF SUB-LETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.—There has been no noticeable change in this direction.

19. ACT III OF 1905 (LAND ENCROACHMENT ACT).—The provisions of the Act are enforced whenever possible and as yet there has been only one suit against eviction; it has been pending on the District Munsif's Court, Chittoor, from the last year. There was another suit in the District Munsif's Court of Sholinghur, and it was withdrawn by the party after he was told that the portion encroached on would be assigned to him.

20. ACT I OF 1908 ESTATES LAND ACT.—My predecessor already reported in his letter Reference on current number 281, Periodical, dated 17th September 1912, to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Land Revenue that there have been no special features calling for remarks on the effect of the Act on the relation between landlords and tenants.

21. AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—A regular census of agricultural wages was taken last year and the results have been communicated to the Board. As no changes of any importance appear to have taken place since then I have no special remarks to offer on this matter in the present report on the rates of wages. In ryotwar tracts the old system of paying agricultural labourers in kind has not been superseded by money payments except in towns and in unfavourable seasons when employees of labour have no grain to spare, while in the zamindari tracts of this district it is reported that recently payment in money has been more common than payments in kind especially in Karvetnagar and in Punganur zamindaris.

22. The delay in the submission of this report is regretted. The jamabandi returns due from the taluks were received late and as they were found defective they had to be returned with check slip for the rectification of errors and for the supply of omissions. The last revised return was received from the Tahsildar of Chittoor on the 14th October and the revised demand, collection and balance was received from the Deputy Tahsildar, Punganur, on the 22nd October 1912 and I am taking steps to minimise such delays.

14. NORTH ARCOT.

(N. E. MAJORIBANKS, Esq., I.C.S., *Collector.*)

3. RYOTWAR VILLAGES.—The number of ryotwar villages in the district has increased by one, which increase is due to the fact that the inam settlement of Kondapalliem village of Wallajah taluk included among inam villages in the last year's report, has been ordered to be kept in abeyance pending disposal of the civil suit regarding the reversionary right of Government to the village. The number of ryotwar villages in the district is thus 1,731.

9. The figures relating to the processes issued during the year are compared below with those relating to the preceding fasli :—

Number of ryotwar pattadars—247,957.

Items.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Increase or decrease.
Number of demand notices issued	3,05,953	311,322	+ 5,369
" attachment notices issued	11,801	9,669	- 2,132
" sale notices issued	50	24	- 26

The figures showing the extent to which sales were actually resorted to are compared below with those of the previous fasli. There has been a total decrease as compared with the past year.

Number.	Particulars.	Personal or real.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Difference.
1	Number of defaulter's whose property was sold.		12	9	— 3
2	Amount of arrears for which property was sold.	Personal	38	15	— 23
		Real.	84	76	— 8
3	Amount realised by sale of property	Personal	124	121	— 3
		Real.	110	91	— 19
		Personal	395	317	— 78
4	Extent of land sold	Acres.	50	39	— 11
5	Extent of lands bought in by Government.		11	17	+ 6

13. KNOWLEDGE OF VERNACULARS OF CIVILIANS.—Mr. Hall, Acting Sub-Collector, Tirupattūr, was transferred from the district before the close of the year. Mr. Sykes continued in the district throughout the year, having been transferred to Tirupattūr from Tiruvannamalai on the transfer of Mr. Hall from the district. As regards the knowledge of vernaculars, reference is solicited to paragraph 14 of the last year's report.

17. RELATIONS BETWEEN LANDLORD AND TENANT.—Kangundi and Arni are the only considerable estates in the district and the former continued under the management of the Court of Wards. There are some mittas in Tirupattūr and Wallajah taluks. The relations between landlord and tenant in these estates call for no special notice.

18. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.—Subletting is as usual confined to non-agricultural classes, such as Brahmans and Vaisyas, and absentee land-owners, most of whom are merchants, vakils or officials. As observed in the jamabandi report of last year investments in land have increased of late tending to a gradual rise in the value of agricultural land.

19. EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION.—There has been nothing noteworthy in the administration of Act I of 1908 (the Madras Estates Land Act) on which a separate report has already been submitted to the Board—*vide* this office Dis. No. 2809, dated 25th August 1912. Some improvement has been effected in the working of Act III of 1905 (the Madras Land Encroachment Act) by the issue of repeated instructions on particular cases and general district circulars pointing out the necessity of confining notice and action to real encroachments established with reference to the survey record of measurements. During the jamabandi of Cheyar and Wallajah taluks it was found that whatever the karnams had reported as encroachments was accepted as correct without the least attempt at check. The futility and harmfulness of such procedure was explained in a circular issued from this office on 20th July 1912 in which the submission of plotted sketches was ordered in all cases of alleged encroachment.

Agricultural wages.—Agricultural labourers employed in the harvest of food crops generally and of groundnut are paid their wages in the respective crops harvested. The wages of those employed in all other agricultural operations such as ploughing, sowing, transplanting, weeding, &c., are as a rule paid in money. Regular farm servants continue to be paid their wages in kind throughout the year.

15. SOUTH ARCOT.

(Khan Bahadur M. AZIZ-UD-DIN SAHIB BAHADUR, *Collector.*)

13. COERCIVE PROCESSES.—The total number of processes of each kind issued in faslis 1320 and 1321 is given in the margin. There was decrease under all the heads.

Items.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
1. Demand notices	14,542	6,545
2. Attachment notices	303	221
3. Sale notices	295	108
4. Sales	214	36

27. VERNACULAR CORRESPONDENCE OF COVENANTED DIVISIONAL OFFICERS.—No covenanted civilian officer was in charge of the subdivision during the fasli year under report.

28. RELATIONS OF LANDLORD AND TENANT IN THE LARGE ZAMINDARI AREAS.—There are no large zamindaris in this district. The relations between landlord and tenants in other estates continued to be satisfactory.

29. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.—The subletting continued to be resorted to by absentee owners. Ryots who own large extent of lands find it necessary to sublet portions of their holdings owing to the prohibitive cost of labour.

30. EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.—No remarks.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—During the triennium ending fasli 1321 (1911–1912), the wages of the permanent farm servants were as usual paid in kind while casual or day labourers were paid either in money or in kind during the cultivation season. The monthly wages of permanent labourers ranged from 22 to 36 measures of grain with the addition of midday meal in

most of the cases. In some places there were also cash payments varying from Rs. 2–3–0 to Rs. 7–8–0 a month. These permanent labourers were also given clothes and presents at festivals and on occasions of marriage. The system of payment of advance as an inducement to continue in service still exists in some places. Daily labourers were paid at the rate varying from 2 to 5½ annas *per diem* or in kind equal in value to that amount. Women and boys were paid at half or even three-fourths of the rates.

16. TANJORE.

(R. B. WOOD, Esq., I.C.S., *Collector.*)

16. COERCIVE PROCESSES.—Statement 8-A shows the particulars of coercive processes employed for the realization of Government revenue during the fasli 1321. The following extract shows the total number of processes issued under each head:—

	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
(1) Number of demand notices issued	229,269	191,567
(2) „ attachment notices	13,297	11,108
(3) „ sale notices	11,974	10,079
(4) „ property sold	105	107

There is a decrease under items (1) to (3), which is due generally to the exercise of effective supervision, and vigilance on the part of the collecting agency.

The following table shows the number of demand notices issued in each taluk in faslis 1320 and 1321:—

Taluku.	Number of demand notices issued in.		Difference.	Percentage of columns 4 to 2.
	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.		
1	2	3	4	5
1. Tanjore	69,111	71,566	+	2,455
2. Papanasam	29,841	26,409	—	3,432
3. Kumbakonam	21,267	23,893	+	2,626
4. Mayavaram	2,826	2,734	—	92
5. Shiyali	7,533	7,749	+	216
6. Nannilam	2,046	1,093	—	948
7. Negapatam	4,769	9,398	+	4,629
8. Tiruttarappundi	27,633	33,060	+	5,427
9. Mannargudi	38,009	8,648	—	29,361
10. Pattukkottai	20,142	1,875	—	18,267
11. Arantangi	6,092	5,337	—	755
Total	229,269	191,567	—	37,702
				16.45

The decrease is noticeable in the taluks of Papanasam, Mannargudi and Pattukkottai. The increase in Negapatam is abnormal and the Tahsildar explains that the figure reported for fasli 1320 was not correct.

17. DISTRAINT OR ATTACHMENT.—The annexed statement shows the number of defaulters whose property was attached in fasli 1321 and the number of cases in which it was found necessary to issue sale notices as compared with the previous fasli:—

Taluku.	Number of ryotwari pattadars.	Number of defaulters whose property was attached in			Percentage of column 4 to 2.	Number of sale notices.	Percentage of column 7 to 4.
		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Difference.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Tanjore	40,522	7,404	6,507	— 897	16.05	8,507	100
2. Papanasam	25,326	1,465	1,011	— 454	3.99	1,011	100
3. Kumbakonam	20,909	579	343	— 236	1.64	343	100
4. Mayavaram	25,408	278	225	— 53	.88	204	90.6
5. Shiyali	10,092	284	189	— 95	1.87	185	97.08
6. Nannilam	29,425	436	326	— 110	1.10	286	87.83
7. Negapatam	20,806	333	281	— 52	1.35	235	83.62
8. Tiruttarappundi	24,492	966	728	— 238	2.97	720	98.90
9. Mannargudi	27,032	574	241	— 333	.89	239	99.02
10. Pattukkottai	11,970	686	969	+	283	61	6.29
11. Arantangi	4,401	292	288	— 4	6.54	288	100
Total	243,383	13,297	11,108	— 2,189	4.66	10,079	90.73

The ratio of attachment to demand notices was the same as in the previous year, viz., 5.79. The proportion of pattadars whose property was attached was 4.56 against 6 in the previous year. The percentage of sale notices to attachment fell from 97 to 90.73.

Particulars as to the number of sale notices and the defaulters whose property was sold in fasli 1321 are given in the statement appended :—

Taluk.	Number of ryotwari pattadars.	Number of sale notices in			Number of defaulters whose property was sold in			Percentage of column 7 to 2.	Percentage of column 7 to 4.
		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Difference.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Difference.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1. Tanjore ..	40,522	7,130	6,507	— 623	..	22	+ 22	.054	.338
2. Papanasam ..	25,326	1,465	1,011	— 454	7	8	+ 1	.032	.791
3. Kumbakonam ..	20,909	476	343	— 133	8	13	+ 5	.062	3.790
4. Mayavaram ..	25,408	237	204	— 33	1	8	+ 7	.032	3.921
5. Shiyali ..	10,092	274	185	— 89	9	6	— 4	.049	2.702
6. Nannilam ..	29,425	415	286	— 129	11	15	+ 4	.051	5.244
7. Negapatam ..	20,806	94	235	+ 141	6	2	— 4	.009	.851
8. Tirutturaiappundi ..	24,492	950	720	— 230	39	10	— 29	.041	1.388
9. Mannargudi ..	27,032	574	239	— 335	2	5	+ 3	.018	2.092
10. Pattukkottai ..	14,970	67	61	— 6	19	16	— 3	.106	26.229
11. Arantangi ..	4,401	292	288	— 4	3	3	..	.068	1.041
Total ..	243,383	11,974	10,079	— 1,895	105	107	+ 2	.004	1.082

The extent of land sold and bought in by Government during the fasli 1321 is compared in the subjoined statement with the corresponding figures for the previous fasli :—

Taluk.	Extent of land sold in			Extent bought in by Government in			Extent bought by private persons.	Percentage of column 6 to 3.
	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Difference.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.	Difference.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Tanjore ..	ACS. 97	ACS. 56	— 41	ACS. 3	ACS. ..	— 3	ACS. 56	No land in column 3 was bought in by Government during the year.
2. Papanasam ..	7	4	— 3	..	..	..	4	
3. Kumbakonam ..	3	7	+ 4	..	..	..	7	
4. Mayavaram ..	3	2	— 1	..	..	..	2	
5. Shiyali ..	33	..	— 33	..	..	..	..	
6. Nannilam ..	2	2	..	..	..	..	2	
7. Negapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
8. Tirutturaiappundi ..	8	..	— 8	1	..	— 1	..	
9. Mannargudi ..	4	6	+ 2	..	..	..	6	
10. Pattukkottai ..	43	6	— 37	1	..	— 1	6	
11. Arantangi ..	1	..	— 1	..	..	..	..	
Total ..	201	83	— 118	5	..	— 5	83	

Land of an aggregate estimated value of Rs. 2,571 was sold for arrears of Rs. 1,133, the amount realised being Rs. 6,936. The sale-proceeds represent 17 times the taram assessment in the case of 'dry' and 59 times in respect of 'wet' lands. The bulk of the land sold was in the Tanjore taluk.

25. VERNACULAR CORRESPONDENCE IN THE HEAD ASSISTANT AND THE ASSISTANT COLLECTORS' OFFICES.—There is no vernacular official correspondence. Petitions were, as a rule, read to the presiding officers when presented in person; petitions received by post, if not read in original by the addressee, are submitted with an English abstract prepared in the office. One Assistant Collector was posted to this district during the year and he joined on 4th January 1912.

28. RELATIONS BETWEEN LANDLORD AND TENANT IN LARGER ZAMINDARIES.—The Divisional Officer, Pattukkottai, reports that in many cases the ryots try to delay payment of their dues as long as possible and that consequently relations between landlords and tenants are not as good as they might be, and in a large number of cases landlords are obliged to take legal steps. Such cases are of course always fairly common, but generally speaking I should describe the relations as good.

29. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.—There is nothing particular to note under this head this year. Subletting is resorted to by the absentee landholders and those who follow professions other than agriculture. No indications have been brought to my notice of any increase of such subletting.

30. EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATURE ON THE PEOPLE.—The Madras Estates Land Act has been in force from fasli 1318. Landlords and tenants seem to understand the provisions now fairly well.

32. I regret the delay in the submission of this report which was due to the supplemental jamabandi not having been completed in four out of six divisions till two months after the close of the fasli. The returns were not submitted by Tahsildars in time and many were found to be incomplete and inaccurate. Further references had therefore to be made in order to reconcile the several accounts. I have issued instructions to the Divisional Officers and Tahsildars with a view to avoid such discrepancies and delays in future.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—The old system of paying agricultural labourers in kind according to a prescribed scale irrespective of prices continues in force and has not been superseded by payment in cash to any appreciable degree.

17. TRICHINOPOLY.

(R. NARAYANA AIYAR, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Collector.)

15. COERCIVE PROCESSES AND SALES FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.—There was considerable decrease in the number of processes of each kind issued during the year. The figures of the last three faslis are compared below :—

	Fasli 1319.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
Demand notices ..	115,688	75,770	55,708
Attachment notices ..	3,389	2,375	1,911
Sale notices ..	3,373	2,363	1,906

The number of demand notices issued in the Karur, Musiri, Kulittalai and Namakkal taluks was very small being 46, 83, 168 and 408 respectively. The extent of land sold during the year for arrears was 61 acres of dry land (assessed at Rs. 64) and 1.35 acres of wet land (assessed at Rs. 7). The number of defaulters whose personal and real property was attached was 1,763 and 148 respectively. Personal property was sold in two cases and real property in nine cases.

19. VERNACULAR CORRESPONDENCE OF THE ASSISTANT COLLECTORS.—Mr. H. S. Shield and Mr. A. J. King were Assistant Collectors of the district during the year. Mr. Shield has since been transferred. He had a good knowledge of Tamil. Mr. King has passed the Lower Standard in Tamil.

20. RELATIONS BETWEEN LANDLORDS AND TENANTS IN LARGER ZAMINDARIES.—The Zamindar of Marungapuri is assisted by his manager whose services have been lent to him with the sanction of the Government. The relations between the landlords and the tenants continue to be fairly satisfactory although they continue to be strained in Udaiyarpalayam as reported last year. This has led to numerous proceedings under the Estates Land Act necessitating the entertainment of a special establishment to deal with them. The Kadavur zamindari continues under the management of the Court of Wards. It is a very heavily encumbered estate, but the relationship between the Court of Wards and the tenants is fairly satisfactory.

21. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.—Subletting is, as usual, resorted to by the non-agricultural classes, by those engaged in professions, other than agricultural, and by the owners of large landed property.

22. THE EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION.—Madras Act III of 1905 worked smoothly. A report on the working of the Madras Estates Land Act I of 1908 was submitted to the Board in this office R.C. No. 427-Pol., dated 16th August 1912.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—Report not received.

18. MADURA.

(W. A. DORA, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Collector.)

14. PROCESSES UNDER ACT II OF 1864.—Statement No. 8-A shows the particulars of coercive processes issued for the realization of Government dues under Act II of 1864. The following abstract compares the number of processes of each kind issued during the fasli with the figures of the preceding fasli :—

Items.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
(a) Demand notices ..	19,460	30,936
(b) Distraint or attachment notices ..	4,691	5,631
(c) Sale notices ..	3,832	5,505

Item (a).—The increase is due to the issue of a larger number of notices for the realization of arrears of revenue which remained unpaid owing to unfavourable season. Of the eight taluks in the district, Kodaikanal alone showed a decrease of 851. The increase was large in Dindigul (10,115), Periyakulam (7,385), Madura (4,478), Melur (3,730) and Palni (2,650).

Item (b).—The number of distraint or attachment notices rose from 4,691 to 5,631; but the number of defaulters (612) whose personal property was distrained was not proportionate to the number of those (5,964) whose real property was attached and this disproportion is ascribed to a large number of non-resident pattadars chiefly in the tracts affected by the Periyar.

Item (c).—Out of 5,064 defaulters whose real property was attached 4,837 defaulters paid their arrears before sale. Out of 525 acres (dry) and 169 acres (wet) sold for the recovery of arrears, 166 acres (dry) and 48 acres (wet) were purchased by Government for want of bidders and the remaining extents were purchased by other persons. The amount realised by the sales of real property was Rs. 9,545. The number of defaulters whose property was sold was 331 against 168 in the previous fasli. The percentage of actual sales to sale notices was 5.8 against 3.5 in fasli 1320 and that of the number of defaulters whose property was actually sold to the total number of pattas was 0.15 against 0.07 in the previous fasli. The percentage of the extent of lands bought in by Government to the extent of lands sold was 30.83 against 16.26 in the preceding fasli.

22. RELATION OF LANDLORDS AND TENANTS IN LARGE ZAMINDARIES.—The relationship between landlords and tenants in the zamindaris in this district continued on the whole to be harmonious. In the Kannivadi zamindari in the Dindigul taluk it is reported by the Tahsildar that the relationship between the landlords and tenants were not very cordial, that the tenants strongly resented and obstructed the survey of their holdings, and that there have been complaints that irrigation sources are not kept in efficient repair and that communal lands have been diverted from their legitimate use. The Divisional Officer, Usilampatti, reports that there is friction between the zamindars and tenants in the zamindaris of the Periyakulam taluk on account of the irregularity in the issue of pattas and of the levy of enhanced charge for garden crops raised on dry lands with the aid of wells.

23. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR TRACTS.—Subletting is chiefly resorted to by vakils and traders who have invested money in the purchase of lands in the Periyar area and by the absentee landowners.

25. EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.—(a) *Working of Act III of 1905.*—Notices of eviction (No. 6) under Act III of 1905 were issued in 47 cases in the Tirumangalam taluk, 13 in Melūr and 20 in Periyakulam during the fasli and the encroachments were vacated after the issue of notices. The Act has worked smoothly.

(b) *Working of Act I of 1908.*—The number of suits and applications received during the year under report was 6,024 against 4,856 in the previous year resulting in an increase of 1,168. The increase was in the number of applications for attachment of immoveable properties for arrears of rent under section 112 of the Act. The ryots appreciate the provisions of the Act. A detailed report on the working of the Act has been submitted in this office D. Dis. No. 3127, dated 11th September 1912.

28. AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—There are two classes of agricultural labourers—farm labourers and casual labourers. Farm labourers are paid in cash and grain and are also given cloths. Casual labourers employed at the harvests, etc., are generally paid in kind. The average wage of an adult agricultural labourer ranges from 4 to 8 annas per diem and that of a female labourer is half of that rate.

30. JUNIOR CIVILIANS.—*Knowledge of vernaculars*—Mr. R. H. Courtenay, Assistant Collector, joined the district in December 1910. He has passed in “first language (Tamil)” and has yet to pass in “second language.” He has since been transferred to a Telugu district.

19. RAMNAD.

(A. R. LOFTUS-TOTTENHAM, Esq., M.A., I.C.S., Collector.)

13. RELATION OF LANDLORDS AND TENANTS IN PROPRIETARY ESTATES.—There is a dispute in Seithur zamin about forest rights, and a certain amount of friction and faction between Chetties and their tenants especially in the Devakkottai division. Otherwise relations—if not exactly cordial—are not seriously strained. Owing to the large number of rent suits pending, especially in the Ramnad division, the Government have recently sanctioned in G.O. Mis. No. 3055, dated 9th October 1912, the appointment of a Special Deputy Collector to dispose of them.

14. GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN THE RYOTWAR TRACTS.—I have nothing new to report on this subject.

17. WORKING OF ACT III OF 1905.—The working of the Act was not calculated to cause any hardship to the ryots.

18. WORKING OF ACT I OF 1908.—I have nothing particular to report except that the Act is responsible for an immense volume of business.

22. AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—Wages continued to be high and the condition of the labouring classes was satisfactory.

23. I regret the delay in the submission of this report which is due to the late submission of the taluk returns in spite of frequent reminders. Some of the accounts were received from the Deputy Tahsildar of Sivaganga so late as 19th October 1912. I am making every effort to enforce punctuality in the submission of returns by my subordinates.

20. TINNEVELLY.

(J. C. MOLONY, Esq., I.C.S., Collector.)

4. NUMBER OF VILLAGES.—The ryotwar, Zamin and inam villages of the district now number 574,314 and 190 respectively against 607,326 and 183 in the previous fasli. The change in the number is due to the amalgamation of several villages at the resurvey in Sankaranainarkoil and Koilpatti taluks and to the transfer of certain minor inams into whole inam villages.

23. PROCESSES UNDER MADRAS ACT II OF 1864.—(a) A comparative statement of the figures with those of the preceding year is given below:—

Description of processes.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
(1) Demand notices...	42,637	37,299
(2) Distraint and attachment notices	3,343	2,388
(3) Sale notices	3,236	2,388
(4) Sales	50	67
Total	49,266	42,132

The decrease was due to the vigilance of the Revenue subordinates in securing voluntary payments. The small difference in the number of sales requires no explanation.

(b) DISTRAINT, ATTACHMENT AND SALES.—The table below compares the figures of the last two years:—

Fasli.	Attached.		Realized by sale.				
	Number of defaulters.	Amount for which property was attached.	Number of defaulters.	Amount for which property was sold.	Personal property.	Real property.	Total.
Fasli 1320	8,367	Rs. 22,444	50	Rs. 242	Rs. 113	Rs. 1,138	Rs. 1,251
„ 1321	2,614	21,426	67	1,237	698	1,694	2,392

Distraint and attachment were made only in 6.8 per cent. of the cases for which demand notices were issued as against 7.8 per cent. in 1910–1911. The percentage of actual sales to sale notices was 2.8 against 1.5. Particulars of sales are given below by taluks.—

Taluk.	Fasli 1320.		Fasli 1321.		Number of pattas	Percentage of the number of sales to the number of pattas.	
	Number of sales.	Arrears.	Number of sales.	Arrears.		Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
Ambasamudram	1	61	2	22	28,064	0.03	0.008
Koilpatti	9	28	3	3	20,762	0.03	0.01
Nanguneri	1	21	6	131	36,711	0.002	0.02
Sankaranainarkoil	..	..	9	404	30,494	..	0.03
Tenkasi	3	13	2	10	19,738	0.01	0.01
Tinnevely	20	31	11	111	30,402	0.06	0.04
Srivaikuntam	1	18	12	415	31,752	0.003	0.04
Tiruchendur	15	70	22	141	35,700	0.04	0.06
Total	50	242	67	1,237	2,38,623	0.02	0.03

The variations are not noticeable. No land was bought in by Government for want of bidders.

32. AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—The triennial census of agricultural wages was taken in August 1911 during the fasli in accordance with the instructions issued in Board's Proceedings No. 332 (Settlement), dated 11th July 1910. The result was reported already. The average rates of wages reported in the rural tracts were as follows:—

Unskilled labour by day.		Carpenter by day.	Blacksmith by day.	Farm servant by month.
Cash.	Grain (its value).			
From ..	Rs. A. P. 0 2 0	Rs. A. P. 0 1 9	Rs. A. P. 0 7 0	Rs. A. P. 0 7 0
To ..	0 5 9	0 5 6	0 11 0	8 4 0
				5 0 5
				10 8 0

The grain wages were above the normal during the recent wages census on account of scarcity of water for irrigation purposes and the consequent demand for labourers for baling water from wells, tanks, etc.

35. BOARD'S PROCEEDINGS No. 321, (SETTLEMENT), DATED 24TH AUGUST 1904.—(1) No complaints against the working of the Estates Land Act were brought to notice. The relations between landlords and tenants in the larger zamindaris and mittas continued to be harmonious.

(2) GROWTH OF SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR VILLAGES.—The general practice in the district is to sublet; there is nothing to show that this tendency is on the increase.

(4) THE EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.—The Madras Land encroachment Act III of 1905 and the Madras Estates Land Act I of 1908 continue to work satisfactorily.

36. VERNACULAR KNOWLEDGE OF THE CIVILIANS.—The Civilian officers working in the district possess a fair knowledge of Tamil.

21. COIMBATORE.

(F. R. HEMINGWAY, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Collector.)

7. RYOTWAR SETTLEMENT.—The total number of ryotwar villages is 1,178 as against 1,204 during the preceding year. The decrease of 26 villages is due to the regrouping of the villages in the Talavadi firka of the Kollegal taluk.

15. COERCIVE PROCESSES AND SALES FOR ARREARS OF REVENUE.—Enclosure to statement No. 8 exhibits the details of coercive processes employed in the realization of Government demand under Act II of 1864. The processes issued during the fasli are compared with those of the preceding two faslis in the subjoined table :—

Items.	Fasli 1319.	Fasli 1320.	Fasli 1321.
Number of demand notices ..	780	369	767
Number of attachment notices ..	21	12	24
Number of sale notices ..	12	11	16

There is an increase in the number of processes of all kinds when compared with the previous year. Compared with fasli 1319 there is a small decrease in the number of demand notices and an increase in attachment and sale notices. The increase is due to the fact that the year under report was rather unfavourable for cultivation. The percentage borne by the number of defaulters to that of pattadars is 0.01 as against 0.004 in the last fasli and 0.007 in fasli 1319. Personal property was attached in 8 cases for an arrear of Rs. 92 as against 4 for an arrear of Rs. 72 in last fasli and 2 for an arrear of Rs. 41 in fasli 1319. The real property of 16 defaulters was attached for an arrear of Rs. 150 as against 9 for Rs. 62 in fasli 1320 and 32 for Rs. 94 in fasli 1319. While the personal property attached was not sold even in a single case real property had to be sold in ten cases for an aggregate arrear of Rs. 75. For want of bidders 23 acres were bought in by Government in Gopichettipalayam, Bhavani and Erode taluks.

26. GENERAL.—There is nothing special to record on any of the points referred to in paragraph 4 of Board's Proceedings, No. 321, (Settlement), dated 24th August 1904.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—During the triennium ending Fasli 1321 (1911-1912), the system of paying agricultural labourers in kind has not been superseded by money payments to any appreciable extent.

22. THE NILGIRIS.

(M. YOUNG, Esq., I.C.S., Collector.)

5. VERNACULAR CORRESPONDENCE IN THE REVENUE DIVISIONAL OFFICE.—Mr. C. G. Mackay, I.C.S., continued to be in charge of the Coonoor division up to the end of April 1912. He was succeeded in office by Mr. W. A. Doig, I.C.S., who remained in charge of the division up to the end of the fasli. Both these officers were conversant with Tamil, but the correspondence with the Taluk officers continued to be carried on in English as usual.

6. RELATIONS BETWEEN LANDLORD AND TENANT IN LARGER ZAMINDARIES.—There are no zamindari tracts in this district.

7. SUBLETTING IN RYOTWAR AREAS.—The practice of subletting continues to prevail in the Gudalur taluk and to a very limited extent in the municipal towns of Ootacamund and Coonoor.

9. EFFECTS OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.—There was no special legislation during the year which affected the people of this district. The Madras Land Encroachment Act, 1905, worked smoothly. The Madras Estates Land Act, 1908, was not resorted to. During the year under report, five societies as detailed in the margin were registered under the Co-operative Societies Act.

10. AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—The agricultural labourers in the plateau taluks are mostly paid in cash except in the case of the Badagas who work for grain wages during harvest time.

The paniya farm servants in the Gudalur taluk are paid in grain in addition to a daily meal. They are also given presents of clothes at festivals and a small portion of the paddy crop at harvest time.

23. SALEM.

(J. P. BEDFORD, Esq., I.C.S., Collector.)

14. PROCESSES UNDER ACT II OF 1864.—The appended statement shows the total number of processes issued during the year as compared with the previous year :—

Number of processes issued.				Number of defaulters whose property was sold.		Extent of land sold.		Amount realized by the sale of				
Demand notice.	Notice of attachment.	Notice of sale.	Total.	Moveable.	Real.	Dry.	Wet.	Real property.	Moveable property.	Other property.	Total.	
1320	11,169	338	269	1,176	11	83	ACS. 546	ACS. 46	RS. 1,088	RS. 62	RS. 17	RS. 1,167
1321	8,931	226	268	9,425	3	81	ACS. 460	ACS. 24	RS. 954	RS. 8	..	RS. 962

Processes were as usual served partly by a special agency in the Hosur taluk and by the village agency alone in the other taluks. The number of processes served by the special agency was 367 against 886 in the previous year. The extent of land sold for arrears of revenue and bought in by Government was 182 acres against 341 in the previous year.

20. VERNACULAR CORRESPONDENCE IN DIVISIONAL OFFICES.—During the year under report, the following officers were in charge of the Hosur and Salem divisions :—

Hosur Mr. S. Burn.
Salem Mr. F. L. Brigstocke for about a month.

Mr. Burn knows Tamil, Malayalam and Telugu but has had no recent occasion to make use of the last two languages. Mr. Brigstocke's language is Tamil. He was transferred to Tinnevely last March.

24. EFFECTS OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.—Madras Act III of 1905 and Act I of 1908 seem to be working satisfactorily. A report on the working of the latter Act was submitted to the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue) in this office disposal No. 3367/D, dated 28th September 1912. The recent enactments and rules in regard to the extension of the elective franchise in the Legislative Council and in the Local Boards seem to be appreciated.

25. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LANDLORD AND TENANTS IN LARGER ZAMINDARIES.—There are no larger Zamindaries in the district. In palayams and mittas, the relationship is, on the whole, satisfactory.

26. GROWTH OF SUB-LETTING IN RYOTWARI VILLAGES.—There is no marked tendency one way or the other. The system prevails only in the cases of large landowners, absentee pattadars and tenants having other professions.

28. I regret the delay in the submission of this report; it is partly due to the fact that many of the orders passed at the jamabandi in village account 5 had to be revised with reference to Board's Proceedings No. 291, Revenue Settlement, dated 10th May 1912. Returns submitted by some Tahsildars have also had to be returned for rectification.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—Farm servants who form the majority of agricultural labourers are paid in kind, their wages varying from 30 (Madras) measures to 40 measures of ragi or cumbu per mensem, with an annual additional payment of Rs. 2 to 4 at the time of Pongal. Other labourers are paid Rs. 3 to 6 a month. Farm servants are generally given an advance of about Rs. 40 or 50 to meet marriage and other expenses, which they have to return when they quit the service of their employers. The practice of paying agricultural labourers in kind has not been superseded by a system of cash payment.

24. SOUTH CANARA.

(A. FOTHERINGHAM, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Collector.)

Fasli.	Demand notices.	Notices of distraint or attachment.	Notices of sale.
Fasli 1320	5,968	295	169
„ 1321	6,458	240	141
Total ..	490	55	28

13. COERCIVE PROCESSES.—There was a slight increase in the number of demand notices issued in the year; but there was a decrease both under notices of distraint or attachment and notices of sale. Less * moveable property was sold in the year under report; but 4 acres of wet land were sold in the Uppinangadi taluk and were bought in by Government for want of bidders, while 10 cents were sold in Kasaragod taluk and were bought by private individuals.

Fasli.	Amount realized by the sale of moveable property.
* Fasli 1320	578
„ 1321	307

20. VERNACULAR CORRESPONDENCE IN THE SUB-COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.—The Deputy Collector in charge of Coondapur division reports that Mr. Macqueen was disposing of vernacular petitions mostly without getting them translated into English.

24. AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—Agricultural wages are paid in kind as before and the rates are reported to be unaltered, except in the Coondapoor taluk where it is said they have risen a little on account of the dearness of rice and other food stuffs.

26. POINTS REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH 4 OF THE BOARD'S PROCEEDINGS NO. 321, DATED 24TH AUGUST 1904.—The reports from the Tahsildars and Deputy Collectors in charge of divisions show that there has been no appreciable increase in sub-letting during the year under report, but that the tendency is the other way.

There has been no recent legislation affecting the people of this district.

25. MALABAR.

(C. A. INNES, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Collector.)

11. PROCESSES UNDER ACT II OF 1864.—Statement No. 8-A gives particulars of the processes issued. The increase of 714 in the number of processes issued during the year as compared with the previous year is less than 10 per cent. and calls for no special remarks.

15. RELATION BETWEEN LANDLORD AND TENANTS IN ZAMINDARI TRACTS.—There are no Zamindaris in this district.

16. GROWTH OF SUB-LETTING IN RYOTWARI TRACTS.—There is no change of any importance in the situation already reported to the Board in this office letter No. D-1487/R., dated 4th November 1904.

19. THE EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION.—There is no recent legislation of much importance to the agricultural population in this district.

24. AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—In Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Ponnani and Cochin, the system of paying wages in money is in vogue. But elsewhere there is little or no tendency for the system of payment in kind being superseded by payment in money.

25. VERNACULAR ATTAINMENTS OF PASSED ASSISTANTS, HEAD ASSISTANT COLLECTOR AND SUB-COLLECTOR.—Mr. V. P. Row, Sub-Collector, Tellicherry, disposes of vernacular petitions himself and can talk the language. Mr. Hall, Sub-Collector, Palghat, has only recently returned to the district. Vernacular petitions are either read out to him or if received by post are put up to him with abstracts. Mr. Thomas and Mr. Evans who held charge of the Palghat division for part of the year both knew Malayalam and the same remark applies to Mr. Macqueen who held charge of the Tellicherry division up to the 1st September 1911.

26. ANJENGO.

(R. A. GRAHAM, Esq., Collector.)

11. SUB-LETTING IN RYOTWARI TRACTS.—There is little or no sub-letting.

13. COERCIVE PROCESS.—No coercive process was issued during the year.

15. VERNACULAR ATTAINMENTS.—The Assistant Collector Captain R. E. G. Berkeley, I.A., does not know Malayalam and Malayalam petitions are translated to him. He knows tamil.

16. EFFECT OF RECENT LEGISLATION ON THE PEOPLE.—There were no special difficulties of any kind to be reported during the year, and there were no cases of disaffection or illfeeling between classes.

AGRICULTURAL WAGES.—There is practically no such thing as agricultural wages in the Anjengo district. The only industries are the growing of cocoanut trees and the manufacture of the products of those trees. The cost of labour is rising and a cooly can earn as much as 8 annas a day.

Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Land Revenue), Mis. No. 768-H., dated 17th February 1913.

The Hon'ble Mr. R. B. CLEGG.

Read—the following paper :—

Revised Jamabandi statement No. 7 A-D-O-B of interest on arrears of Land Revenue for fasli 1321, received from H. L. BRAIDWOOD, Esq., I.C.S., Collector of Kistna, to the Secretary to the Commissioners of Land Revenue, Madras, D. Dis. No. 537-Gl./1913, dated the 3rd February 1913.

Resolution—Mis. No. 768-H., dated 17th February 1913.

With reference to the letter of the Collector of Kistna read above, the Board submits to Government the following alterations in Board's Proceedings No. 7 (Settlement), dated the 7th January 1913 :—

(i) *Pages 8 and 9—paragraph 32—*

In line 3 for 34,863 read 39,345.

„ 3 „ 10,577 „ 15,062.

„ 4 „ 22,614 „ 22,611.

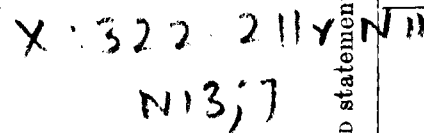
(ii) *Page 38, Statement No. 14.—(a) For the figures 647, 850, 254, 506 and 344 in columns 3, 4, 5, 8 and 9 respectively against "Kistna," read 5,129, 5,332, 4739, 4,991 and 341.*

(b) For the figures 16,889, 34,863, 10,577, 12,249 and 22,614 in columns 3, 4, 5, 8 and 9 respectively against "Total" read 21,371, 39,345, 15,062, 16,734 and 22,611.

(True Extract.)

W. G. McFARLAND,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
Copy to the Board of Revenue (Settlement Department).



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Revised statement showing the demand, collection and balance of interest charged on the arrears of land revenue in the Kistna district for fasli 1321.

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