

REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF THE ESTATES

UNDER THE

COURT OF WARDS

IN THE

MADRAS PRESIDENCY

FOR FASLI 1318 (1908-1909).



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TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Maximum limit fixed for the report—32 pages.

	PARA.	PAGE
Estates under management	1	1
Estates handed over	2	1
Season	3	1
Holdings	4	1
Cultivation	5	2
Demand of the estates	6	2
Demand, collection and balance—Arrears	7	2
Current	8	2
Financial condition of the estates under management	9	3
Utilization of the surplus balances	10	3
Agricultural improvements	11	4
Percentage of establishment charges and Government commission to receipts	12	4
Maramat works (repairs and improvements to tanks, buildings, etc.)	13	5
Debts due to the estates	14	5
Debts due by the estates	15	5
Education of the wards	16	6
Suits	17	6
Religious and charitable institutions attached to estates	18	7
Encumbered estates	19	-
Miscellaneous	20	-

APPENDICES.

	PAGE
A. No. I.—Statement showing the ages, etc., of the wards and the periods during which the estates have been under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909) ..	8
B. No. II-A.—Statement showing the number of villages and the proportion of cultivation to holdings in the estates under management for fasli 1318(1908-1909).	9
C. No. II-B.—Statement showing the settled demand of the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909)	10
D _r and D _c No. III.—Statements showing the demand, collection and balance (arrears and current) of the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909).	11 & 12
E. No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909)	14 & 15
F. Enclosure A to Statement No. IV, showing the particulars of receipts and charges of the several estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909)	16 & 17
G. Enclosure B to Statement No. IV, showing the expenditure incurred on <i>maramat</i> works in the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909) ..	18
H. No. V-A.—Statement showing the debts, other than arrears of rent covered by bonds, due to the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909) ..	19
I. No. V-B.—Statement showing debts due by the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909)	20
J. No. VI.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance, as also the financial condition of the religious and charitable institutions attached to the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909)	21
K. Extract from the notes of the Court's Agricultural Expert on the working of the estate farms during fasli 1318 (1908-1909)	22

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Estates under management.—There were 27 estates under the Court's management at the beginning of fasli 1318, *i.e.*, on 1st July 1908. Of these, *Belgám* was handed over to its proprietor on his attaining majority on the 9th March 1909. The *Pálayampatti* ward ceased to be a minor on the 7th January 1909 and the Court then relinquished its superintendence of his *person*, but retained that of his *property* under section 57 of Madras Act I of 1902 as ordered in G.O., No. 1005, Revenue, dated 8th October 1906, pending the payment of the debt due to the *Subramanya Sástr's* estate. There were thus 26 estates under the Court's superintendence at the close of the fasli year. Of the 27 wards who were under the care of the Court at the end of the fasli, two were incapacitated by mental defect, 23 by minority and two by sex. The Sivaganga ward reached his majority in May 1909, but as he was quite unfit to manage his estate, the Government declared him incapacitated under section 9 (*d*) of Madras Act I of 1902.

2. *Estates handed over—Belgám.*—This estate had been under the Court's superintendence for eight years. It was heavily in debt when the Court took it up. Debts due to the estate aggregating Rs. 12,258 were realized and the entire debts due by the estate aggregating Rs. 2,73,484 were discharged by selling some villages of the estate. The revenue demand of the estate when it was handed over was Rs. 13,031 against Rs. 9,381, the demand in fasli 1312 after the sale of the villages just referred to. The balance in hand when the estate was restored was Rs. 15,337 (including public securities of the value of Rs. 12,900) against Rs. 365 when the estate was taken under management. Over Rs. 8,522 were spent on irrigation works and buildings. The young Zamindar and his brother studied up to the Matriculation class and the former was instructed in Revenue law and the management of his estate before he assumed charge.

3. *Season.*—The season during the fasli was again far from favourable in most estates; but, except in the extreme south of the Presidency (Tinnevely and Madura districts), it was much better than in the previous year.

4. *Holdings.*—Excluding rented villages, the aggregate area of tenants' holdings in the estates under management was 569,797 acres. The extent of holdings in the estates for which figures have been furnished for both faslis 1318 and 1317 was 557,053 acres in fasli 1318 or 6,765 acres more than in fasli 1317. The increase was marked in the estates of *South Vallúru* (1,332 acres), *Chundi* (1,397

acres), *Karvétnagar* (1,872 acres) and *Komáramangalam* (3,607 acres). The increase in *South Vallúru* and *Chundi* was mainly due to fresh assignments on patta. That in *Karvétnagar* was due to the reversion of five leased and inam villages to the estate, and that in *Komáramangalam*, to the reversion to the estate of three leased villages of Tokkavádi Muttá. The holdings in *Pálayampatti* decreased by 3,028 acres owing to two of its villages having been made over to the ward's sister in accordance with a decree of the High Court.

5. *Cultivation*.—81.3 per cent. of the holdings were cultivated against 85.3 per cent. in the previous year. Over 90 per cent. of the holdings were cultivated in ten estates, and between 75 and 90 per cent. in fourteen others. In only two estates—*Úttumalai* and *Kavalappára*—was the percentage less than 75. In *Kavalappára*, a great part (8,688 acres) of the holdings consists of “unoccupied dry land,” of which parts are brought under cultivation annually in rotation. The large uncultivated area in *Úttumalai* appears to have been due mainly to the unfavourable season.

6. *Demand of the estates*.—The total gross demand of the estates was Rs. 23,80,983 against Rs. 20,81,170 in the previous year. Rs. 1,22,373 were remitted, leaving a net demand of Rs. 22,58,610. The total net demand of the estates that were under management throughout both the years 1318 and 1317, was Rs. 22,44,369 in fasli 1318 and Rs. 20,34,229 in fasli 1317. The increase of Rs. 2,10,140 was the net result of an increase of Rs. 3,25,175 in sixteen estates and a decrease of Rs. 1,15,035 in nine others. The increase was most marked in *Vuyyúru* (Rs. 2,27,028), *South Vallúru* (Rs. 60,941) and *Járáda* (Rs. 10,940). The large increase in *Vuyyúru* and *South Vallúru* was due to the collection of premia on lands assigned on patta; while the increase in *Járáda* was due to the rise in prices. The bulk of the decrease occurred in *Sivagiri* (Rs. 67,511) and *Úttumalai* (Rs. 27,965) and was directly due to the unfavourable season and remissions.

7. *Demand, collection and balance—Arrears*.—The total arrear demand at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 16,00,857. Rs. 5,32,575 were collected, and Rs. 5,09,642 were written off, leaving a balance of Rs. 5,58,640 on the 30th June 1909. Deducting subsequent collections and remissions (Rs. 55,310) and amounts found to be irrecoverable (Rs. 56,289), the net recoverable balance on the dates of the Collectors' reports was Rs. 4,45,176 or 27.8 per cent. of the demand against Rs. 5,17,123 or 32.7 per cent. in the previous year. This still leaves ample room for improvement. Collectors have been requested to pay special attention to the collection of the arrears still outstanding.

In three estates there was no outstanding balance; in four, the balance was less than Rs. 1,000; in eight, it was between Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 5,000; and in five between Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 10,000. The arrears exceeded Rs. 10,000 in *Komáramangalam* (Rs. 11,210), *Úttumalai* (Rs. 35,151), *Karvétnagar* (Rs. 47,371), *South Vallúru* (Rs. 55,807), *Parlákimedi* (Rs. 1,11,962) and *Vuyyúru* (Rs. 1,32,409).

8. *Demand, Collection and Balance—Current*.—The total current demand of the estates under management was Rs. 22,58,610. Rupees 18,08,808 were collected and Rs. 375 written off, leaving a balance of Rs. 4,49,427 at the end of the fasli. Deducting subsequent collections and remissions (Rs. 1,43,939), the net recoverable balance on the dates of the Collectors' reports was Rs. 3,02,990 or 13.4 per cent. against 20.1 per cent. in the preceding year.

The whole of the current demand was realised in three estates; in eight, there was a balance of less than 5 per cent. of the demand; in four others, it was between 5 and 10 per cent.; in eight others, between 10 and 25 per cent.; and it exceeded 25 per cent. in three estates, namely, *Karvétnagar* (61.8), *Subramanya Sástri's* (69.5) and *Úttumalai* (51.4). The collections in *Karvétnagar* were again poor owing mainly to the confusion and complexity of its affairs. The estate has since been released from the Court's superintendence. In *Subramanya Sástri's* estate, the non-collection of the balance was due to a claim for remission by the lessee. In *Úttumalai*, the heavy balance is attributed to obstinate opposition by the ryots who declined on frivolous

pretexts to accept the pattas tendered. It is now reported that the opposition has been overcome and the Estate Collector promises to show better results in the current fasli. With reference to the observations of Government in paragraph 5 of G.O., No. 994, Revenue, dated 14th April 1909, regarding the heavy arrears in *Parlákimedi*, the Court is glad to state that, as promised in the last report, “a very decided improvement” has been effected in that estate. The arrear demand at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 4,94,313. Of this Rs. 2,70,804 were collected, and Rs. 1,11,547 were written off as irrecoverable. The arrear balance was thus reduced to Rs. 1,11,962, the bulk of which is covered by suits and execution proceedings. The current collections were equally satisfactory, as out of the demand of Rs. 4,40,600 the balance uncollected was only Rs. 41,406 (or 9.4 per cent.), against Rs. 2,47,607 (or 57.4 per cent.) in the previous year.

9. *Financial condition of the estates under management*.—The aggregate cash balance of all the estates at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 4,66,581. The total cash receipts of the estates during the fasli were Rs. 31,89,605. The total assets of the fasli were therefore Rs. 36,56,186. The expenditure in the year was Rs. 32,22,955. The cash balance at the close of the fasli was thus Rs. 4,33,231. Government securities and Municipal and Port Trust debentures of the aggregate face value of Rs. 71,61,600 were held on behalf of some of the estates and the estimated value of grain on hand at the close of the year was Rs. 1,16,843, bringing the total balance to credit of the estates on the 30th June 1909 to Rs. 77,11,674. The ordinary receipts and charges of the year amounted to Rs. 28,30,883 and Rs. 19,73,931 compared with Rs. 24,84,203 and Rs. 16,63,056 in the preceding year. The following extraordinary items are not taken into account in these figures:—

	RS.	RS.
Total receipts	...	31,89,605
Deduct—		
Debts recovered	2,16,243	
Sale-proceeds of property	1,22,055	
Amounts borrowed	20,424	
		3,58,722
Net receipts		28,30,883
Total charges	...	32,22,955
Deduct—		
Debts repaid	5,91,426	
Investments	6,56,469	
Cash handed over to the proprietor of Belgám	1,129	
		12,49,024
Net charges	...	19,73,931

10. *Utilisation of the surplus balances*.—Leaving out of account those estates in which the balances are required either to pay off debts or to meet current charges, the estates, which had surplus balances exceeding Rs. 20,000 are the following:—

Estates.	Amount. RS.
Parlákimedi	19,75,041
Parlákimedi Ex-Zamindar's	24,62,868
Járáda	46,690
Telaprólu	11,56,070
South Vallúru	3,59,298
Subramanya Sástri's	60,153
Sivaganga	1,06,912
Idayakóttai	23,787
Sivagiri	7,67,045
Komáramangalam	68,720
Kavalappára	92,312
Punnattúr Kóvilagam	24,010

In *Parlákimedi* about Rs. 21,607 were spent on irrigation works in the fasli and Rs. 29,126, on buildings and roads. A considerable amount will also be required for the home-farm buildings, the proposed College extensions and the

Veterinary Dispensary. The survey of the estate which will probably cost 2 or 3 lakhs is about to be undertaken; while the construction of a new palace, the extension of the Light railway to Gunupur, the construction of an ancient across, and a channel from, the Vamsadhara, are among the schemes which the Court has under consideration and on which the remaining surplus funds can be usefully spent. The Court has decided to purchase the villages of Goudugurandi and Boranta belonging to the Zamindar of Budarasingi for the *Parlakimedi Ex-Zamindar's* estate. The surplus funds in *Jarada* will be required for the survey of that estate which will be undertaken as soon as practicable. It is under contemplation to lend about 6 lakhs from *Telaprolu* to *Vuyyuru*, and one lakh from *Sivagiri* to *Urkkadu*, to pay off debts. In *Sivagiri*, Rs. 6,456 were spent on irrigation works during the fasli and Rs. 37,848 on buildings and roads. A Durbar hall, buildings required for the home-farm and a Veterinary dispensary are also in progress. The Court regrets that owing to delay in obtaining the services of a competent Engineer it is unable to spend so much on the improvement of irrigation works in this estate, which is shortly to be handed over, as it had proposed to do. It proposes to invest Rs. 50,000 on behalf of the *Komdramangalam* estate in the purchase of the Tidumal mutia; and repairs to some of the irrigation works in that estate are in contemplation. About Rs. 46,000 of the funds at the credit of the *Kavalappara* estate are to be spent in constructing a bungalow for the ward and some other buildings, in the purchase of the *Jenmam* right of some lands and on the marriage of the senior ward. The Collector also proposes to repair some of the irrigation wells and tanks. It is proposed to spend the bulk of the *Punnattur* surplus in making a branch-road and re-constructing the residence of the ladies of the family. In *Idayakottai*, about Rs. 5,000 were spent on the ward's marriage and the remainder has since been handed over to the ward as a working balance. The Collectors concerned have been requested to submit proposals for the profitable utilisation of the surplus funds at the credit of the *South Valluru* and *Sivaganga* estates.

11. *Agricultural improvements.*—Mr. J. M. Lonsdale continued to be the Court's Agricultural Expert. As in last year there were seven home-farms in wards' estates besides the fruit gardens in *Vuyyuru*, viz., *Parlakimedi*, *Telaprolu*, *South Valluru*, *Komdramangalam*, *Kavalappara*, *Idayakottai* and *Sivagiri*. The Court regrets to state that the working of the farms, with the exception of *Sivagiri*, was more or less unsatisfactory, owing partly to insufficient or untimely rainfall, but largely to the inefficiency of the majority of the Farm Superintendents. The *Sivagiri* farm yielded a profit of Rs. 9,912 and the *Vuyyuru* fruit gardens, of Rs. 2,153. All the rest of the farms worked at a loss ranging from Rs. 588 in *Idayakottai* to Rs. 3,874 in *Telaprolu*. The Court fears that no great improvement can be looked for until a better class of men are forthcoming to take charge of these farms. As in previous years much useful work was done in *Sivagiri*. The Demonstrator of the Ceded-Districts-Implements visited the estates of *Komdramangalam*, *Idayakottai*, *Sivagiri* and *Kavalappara* and demonstrated the use of those implements to the farm servants and the ryots in the neighbourhood. He also taught the local carpenters and blacksmiths how to make them. The improved *Sivagiri* iron plough has been largely adopted by the ryots in the neighbourhood and it has also been introduced in all the estate farms. Other minor improvements effected or attempted during the year will be found narrated in the Agricultural Expert's summary, of which an extract is printed as Appendix K. The estimate for the construction of the Veterinary Dispensary at *Sivagiri* has just been sanctioned and put in hand. The Court is taking steps to build another in the *Parlakimedi* estate.

12. *Percentage of establishment charges and Government commission to receipts.*—The average percentage of establishment charges and Government commission to receipts, excluding extraordinary items of income such as sale-proceeds of property, amounts borrowed, etc., was 14.8 against 14 in the preceding year. The percentage exceeded 15 in *Chundi* (16.7), *Tumba* (26.7), *Thimmajamma's* (17.8), *Karvetnagar* (39.7), *Palayampatti* (21.3), *Uttumalai* (22.0), *Kavalappara* (16.8) and *Punnattur* (23.9). It is not possible to reduce the charges in any of these estates without sacrificing efficiency. The percentage was higher than in the previous year in all the above estates except *Chundi* and *Kavalappara*. The increase was mainly due to a fall in receipts and to the payment of famine batta to the subordinate establishments.

13. *Maramat works (repairs and improvements to tanks, buildings, etc.).*—The total allotment for *maramat* works was Rs. 5,43,702, of which only Rs. 3,26,786 (or 60.1 per cent.) were spent. The value of work carried out but not paid for within the fasli was Rs. 37,852. Including this the value of the work done was 67.1 per cent. of the allotment, against 63.2 in fasli 1317 and 86.7 in fasli 1316. Rupees 1,30,372 were spent on irrigation works, Rs. 1,35,916 on buildings, Rs. 23,309 on communications and other works and Rs. 37,189 on account of establishment and contingencies.

The outlay on *maramat* works was 18.4 per cent. of the total ordinary expenditure during the year. In the preceding year the percentage was 18.7, and in fasli 1316, 13.3. Leaving out of account the estates in which the allotments were below Rs. 5,000, the proportion of expenditure to allotment was unsatisfactory in *South Valluru* (13.5), *Karvetnagar* (48.4), *Sivaganga* (56.1), *Idayakottai* (55.1), *Saptur* (58.1), and *Uttumalai* (38.1). The low expenditure was mainly due in *Sivaganga* to the post of Assistant Engineer having been vacant for more than three months in the fasli; in *South Valluru*, to dilatoriness on the part of the overseer; in *Uttumalai* and *Karvetnagar*, to want of sufficient funds; in *Idayakottai* and *Saptur*, to delay in paying for work done. The post of Engineer was vacant for several months in the fasli in the three large estates of *Parlakimedi*, *Sivaganga* and *Sivagiri*. The Court was unable to secure suitable persons to fill those posts. But for this, the expenditure on works would no doubt have been much more satisfactory. The Court is glad to state that Government have since been pleased to lend two officers of the Public Works Department for two of the vacancies and it trusts that Government will soon lend the two other officers required—one for the *Sivaganga* estate and the other to prepare a Tank Restoration Scheme for *Parlakimedi*.

14. *Debts due to the estates.*—The total debts due to the several estates under management at the beginning of the fasli were Rs. 8,58,128. Including loans newly granted (Rs. 478), those newly brought to account (Rs. 13,925), and interest which accrued during the year (Rs. 28,175), the total sum due was Rs. 9,00,706. Rs. 2,14,240 were collected and Rs. 11,195 written off leaving a balance of Rs. 6,75,271 distributed among twenty estates. The debts due were large in *Parlakimedi* (Rs. 2,03,381), *Vuyyuru* (Rs. 23,950), *South Valluru* (Rs. 2,04,187), *Subramanya* (Rs. 43,286), *Komdramangalam* (Rs. 1,13,358), and *Punnattur* (Rs. 23,349). Nearly a lakh due to *Parlakimedi*, over Rs. 1,60,000 due to *South Valluru* and the bulk of the debt due to the *Subramanya Sastri's* estate have not yet fallen due. The balance in *Parlakimedi* will be collected as soon as the Zamindar of Budarasingi has completed the sale of two of his villages to the Ex-Zamindar's estate. In *Komdramangalam*, about a lakh is pending recovery by execution proceedings and the balance has not yet fallen due. In *South Valluru* Rs. 2,368 were covered by suits and execution proceedings and the balance is under investigation. The debt in *Punnattur* is nearly all due from section III to sections I and II and from section II to section I of that estate.

15. *Debts due by the estates.*—The liabilities of the several estates at the beginning of the fasli amounted to Rs. 1,63,21,305. Debts newly contracted (Rs. 20,478), those newly brought to account (Rs. 45,488) and the interest which accrued during the year (Rs. 1,43,966) raised the total to Rs. 1,65,31,237. Rs. 5,86,040 were repaid and Rs. 1,85,373 struck off, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,57,59,824 due by thirteen estates, at the end of the year. The debts were large in the estates mentioned below:—

	RS.
Karvetnagar	1,38,15,481
Vuyyuru	9,88,913
Uttumalai	2,34,952
Urkkadu	2,11,983
Saptur	84,136
Chundi	99,861
Palayampatti	79,204
Punnattur	23,349

The *Kárvétnagar* estate having since been released from the Court's superintendence, it is needless to dwell upon the very large debts due by that estate. Schemes for the liquidation of the debts in *Vuyyúru* and *Urkkádu* have been considered and the Court hopes soon to discharge their large debts carrying heavy rates of interest, by borrowing the amount required from other estates under management. In *Pálagampalli*, the bulk of the debt has since been paid off by the sale of some villages and there is only a balance of about Rs. 6,000, which will be cleared as soon as possible. The debts of *Uttumalai* and *Chundi* are referred to in paragraph 19 below. The *Punnathir* debts consist entirely of loans from section I to sections II and III and from section II to section III of that estate.

16. *Education of the wards.*—The twelve minors noted in the margin continued to be under the care of the Court's European Tutor at Newington. The son of the Zamindar of Tiruvur, though not a ward of the Court, was admitted into the institution towards the close of the fasli.

1. Sivaganga (senior).	6. Telaprólu.
2. Sivaganga (junior).	7. Komáramangalam.
3. Sivagiri.	8. Parlákimedi.
4. Kavalappára (senior).	9. Járada.
5. Kavalappára (junior).	10. Nandigám.
	11. Vuyyúru.
	12. South Vallúru.

The conduct of all the wards at Newington was satisfactory. They took regular exercise in the form of gymnas-tics, riding and various games (cricket and tennis). In the cold weather, all the wards, accompanied by Messrs. Morrison and de la Hay, made an extended tour through Northern India and as usual they spent two months of the hot weather at Ootacamund. Their health was good except for an out-break of small-pox in February 1909 which however left no ill results. The wards received regular moral and religious instruction and performed their various religious ceremonies. The Advisory Committee of the institution met twice during the year and their suggestions were duly considered by the Court. One or other of the senior wards managed the stables, the games fund and the library.

Among the senior wards, *Telaprólu*, *Sivagiri* and *Kavalappára* senior made steady progress in all directions. They have all since been sent home to their estates to receive the prescribed preliminary training in estate management under their guardian-instructors. The *Komáramangalam* ward would have been sent home for the same purpose but for his strong desire to continue his studies in the Madras Christian College for the B.A. Degree Examination. The senior *Sivaganga* ward's mental condition cannot be said to have undergone any change. He has since been sent to Madura with his younger brother, where he remains under the care of Mr. Foulkes who has been appointed his guardian. The senior wards received special instruction in Revenue law and accounts before leaving Newington. Mr. Morrison has reported favourably of all the junior wards (except Sivaganga's brother), as well as of Tiruvur.

Of the wards in the districts, the *Thumba* minor and the elder ward of the *Chokkappa Mudaliyár's* estate were trained in the management of their estates of which they have taken charge since the close of the fasli. The second ward of *Chokkappa Mudaliyár's* estate continued to make fair progress in agriculture on the Sivagiri home-farm. The *Sáptár* ward and his sisters remained under the guardianship of Mrs. Johnson in Madras and the two sisters of the *South Vallúru* ward under Mrs. Maiden, their governess and companion. The *Kárvétnagar* wards received instruction under a private tutor and were well reported on. The Court has not yet taken charge of the ward of the *Thimnájianna's* estate owing to the obstructive tactics of his father. Steps will now be taken to obtain custody of the minor by an application to the Civil Courts in Mysore. The other minors were reading in various schools and were reported on favourably.

17. *Suits.*—The appeal filed in the High Court and referred to in the reports for the past three years, against the judgment of the Government Agent, Gódávári estate, and the suit filed in the District Court, Kistna, against the *Kondamoduh* estate for the recovery of the village of Pedavégi under an alleged reversionary right referred to in the last report are still pending. Records are being printed in connection with the Nidadavolu and Meduru appeals to the Privy Council on behalf of the *Vuyyúru* ward.

18. *Religious and charitable institutions attached to the estates.*—The administration of these institutions continued to be satisfactory. (Please see statement No. VI.)

19. *Encumbered estates.*—The only estates now under management to which the provisions of section 45 of Madras Act I of 1902 have been applied are *Uttumalai* and *Chundi*.

In *Uttumalai*, the Court paid Rs. 6,724 in composition of debts amounting to Rs. 15,193. The remaining debts aggregating Rs. 2,34,952 are unsecured except Rs. 61,193 due to the late M.R.Ry. Raja Sakharani Sahib of Tanjore, the legal claimant to which has yet to be found. The Estate Collector is negotiating with the other creditors.

Excluding the debt due to the *Parlákimedi* estate which is being paid off by half-yearly instalments, the *Chundi* estate owed only Rs. 12,800 at the end of the fasli. Such of its debts as are admitted or may be decreed will be paid from the surplus funds of the estate, which amounted to Rs. 18,578 at the end of the year.

20. *Miscellaneous.*—The Ex-Zamindar of *Parlákimedi* continued to enjoy good health and to receive an allowance of Rs. 5,000 *per mensem* from the funds of the *Parlákimedi* estate.

The *Parlákimedi* Raja's College worked satisfactorily during the year. The improvements to the College buildings referred to in the last report are in progress and the Government Public Works Department has recently been entrusted with the construction of a new hostel for the College on approved lines at a cost of nearly half a lakh. An English Professor from Home (on Rs. 400 to Rs. 600) joined the College during the year and the staff has since been strengthened further by the addition of lecturers on Logic and Physical Science. The two girls' schools in *Parlákimedi* and the schools supported by the estates of *Sivagiri*, *Kavalappára*, *Sivaganga* and *Vuyyúru* continued to work satisfactorily.

The *Parlákimedi* Light Railway worked at a profit of Rs. 5,785 during the year after several years of deficit. The Court is investigating a proposal to extend the line to Gunupur, a distance of about 40 miles.

The *Delang* estate in Orissa, belonging to the *Parlákimedi* ward continued under the superintendence of the Bengal Court of Wards. A sum of Rs. 20,000 was received during the year out of the surplus funds of that estate.

The *Sivagiri* and *Sáptár* forests were worked under the rules sanctioned by Government under sections 26 and 32 of the Forest Act. Government have since sanctioned the extension of sections 4 to 19 of the Forest Act to the *Parlákimedi* forests. The services of a Forest Settlement Officer have been lent by Government and draft notifications under section 4 of the Act have been submitted to Government for several of the blocks. Government have also sanctioned the application of rules under section 26 to the forests of that estate, and authorised the Manager to compound offences punishable under the rules. The forests in *Nandigám*, *Járada*, *Vuyyúru* and *Chundi* were worked under departmental rules. Proposals for working the *Vuyyúru* forests under rules under section 26 are under consideration.

Five of the estates—*Telaprólu*, *Sivagiri*, *Komáramangalam*, *Sáptár* and *South Vallúru*—have been surveyed. A special staff is being maintained in the first four estates to attend to the maintenance of the survey records and marks, and arrangements for the same purpose in *South Vallúru* are under consideration. Maintenance was more or less in arrears in all the estates, but the Collectors are taking steps to bring it up to date. Arrangements have been made for a rough private survey of the villages in the *Chundi* estate as it cannot afford the cost of a regular survey. The regular survey of several of the other estates, though urgently called for, still remains under abeyance as Government have not been able to spare the staff required, but the Court is glad to understand that the party now in Ganjam will soon be able to undertake the survey of the *Parlákimedi* estate.

Village accounts were maintained more or less properly except in *Kadambúr*, *South Vallúru* and *Vuyyúru*.

APPENDIX A.

No. I.—Statement showing the ages, etc., of the wards and the periods during which the estates have been under management: Fasli 1318 (1908–1909).

Districts.	Estates.	Government Orders by which the estates came under the management of the Court of Wards.	Sex of the wards.	Grounds of disability.	The period during which the estates have been under management.	Ages of the wards at the end of the fasli.	Dates on which the wards attained or will attain majority.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Ganjām	Parlakimedi ..	No. 167 (Confll. No. 67), dated 26th May 1905.	Male	Minority.	YRS. M. D. 1 1	17 9 5	26th April 1916
	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamindar's estate.	No. 1279, dated 22nd June 1830 ..	Do.	Mental defect.	78 11	79 0 0	....
	Nandigām Jarada ..	No. 1340 dated 17th Mar. 1898 .. " 565 " 3rd June 1903 ..	Do.	Minority.	11 3 6 1	13 9 1 16 7 16	29th Sept. 1916 15th Nov. 1918
Vizagapatam.	Belgām ..	" 367 " 7th May 1901 ..	Do.	Do.	7 9	15 0 25	(a) 9th Mar. 1908 6th June 1916
Gōdāvari	Parvatipuram ..	" 368 " 7th " " " ..	Do.	Do.	8 1	15 0 25	(a) 9th Mar. 1908 6th June 1916
	Kondamodalu ..	" 580 " 31st Aug. 1899 ..	Do.	Do.	9 7	19 5 15	15th Jan. 1911
Kistna	Telaprolu ..	No. 347, dated 19th May 1890 ..	Do.	Do.	19 6	19 10 0	31st Aug. 1910
	Vuyyūru ..	" 791 (Confll. No. 71), Rev., dated 16th Aug. 1906.	Do.	Do.	2 9	16 2 2	29th April 1916
	South Vallāru ..	No. 267 (Confll.), Rev., dated 1st Oct. 1906.	Do.	Do.	2 9	12 7 7	24th Nov. 1917
Nellore	Chundi ..	No. 710 (Confll. No. 96), dated 4th July 1901.	Do.	Do.	5 0	6 5 0	1st Feb. 1904
North Arcot.	Tumba ..	No. 816, dated 13th Sept. 1893 ..	Do.	Do.	15 10	20 11 5	(b) 26th July 1906
	Thinnaijammā's estate.	" 2580, Rev., dated 18th Oct. 1907.	Do.	Do.	1 8	About 13 years.	1917.
	Kārvētnagar ..	" 2076 (Confll.), dated 17th Aug. 1907.	Do.	Do.	1 9	5 6 18	13th Dec. 1904
Tanjore	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyār's estate.	No. 392, dated 5th June 1894 ..	Do.	Do.	15 0	20 10 24	(b) 6th Aug. 1909
	A. Subramaniya Sāstri's estate.	" 249 (Confll. No. 13), dated 17th March 1906.	Do.	Do.	3 3	16 6 8	23rd Dec. 1915
Madura	Pālayampatti ..	No. 705, dated 16th Oct. 1894 ..	Do.	(See paragraph 1 of the report.)	14 9	21 5 23	....
	Sivaganga ..	" 319 " 18th June 1898 ..	Do.	Mental defect.	11 0	21 1 28	3rd May 1909
	Idaiyakōttai ..	" 392 " 18th April 1907 ..	Do.	Minority.	6 2	20 9 7	(b) 24th Sept. 1909
Tinnevely	Saptūr ..	" 206, Rev., dated 29th Jan. 1907.	Do.	Do.	2 4	8 3 26	5th Mar. 1909
	Sivagiri ..	No. 455, dated 10th Sept. 1896 ..	Do.	Do.	12 9	20 2 7	24th April 1
	Urkkādu ..	" 517 (Confll.) Rev., dated 4th March 1907.	Do.	Do.	2 3	6 10 18	13th Aug. 1
Salem	Uttumalai ..	" 857, dated 14th Sept. 1901 ..	Female	Sex ..	7 9	60 2 3	....
	Kadambūr ..	" 1414, Rev., dated 20th May 1908.	Male	Minority.	1 1	7 3 13	18th Mar. 1
Malabar	Komāramangalam.	No. 991, dated 26th Sept. 1900 ..	Do.	Do.	8 9	19 9 22	9th Sep.
	Kavalappāra ..	" 1187, dated 9th Aug. 1872 ..	Do.	Do.	8 9	19 9 22	9th Sep.
	" 599 " 21st June 1887 ..	Do.	Do.	Do.	8 9	19 9 22	9th Sep.
Punnattūr	Kōvilagam—Section I ..	" 1144 " 20th Mar. 1896 ..	Do.	Do.	36 11	19 10 18	13th Dec.
	Do. II ..	" 757 " 16th Aug. 1905 ..	Do.	Do.	17 2	19 4 15	18 0 0
	Do. III ..	" 375 " 20th April 1892	Do.	Do.	17 2	19 4 15	18 0 0

(a) The estate was handed over on the 9th March 1909.
(b) These three estates have since been handed over.
(c) This is the date on which the eldest male member of the family will attain majority.

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APPENDIX B.

No. II-A.—Statement showing the number of villages and the proportion of cultivation to holdings in the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908–1909).

Districts.	Estates.	Number of villages.					Holdings and cultivation.		
		Ryotwari or joint-rent.	Rented to middlemen: whether paying rent in money or in kind.	Partly ryotwari and partly rented.	Inam or shrotriem.	Total.	Holdings.	Actual cultivation.	Percentage of cultivation to holdings.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ganjām	Parlakimedi ..	530	44	..	165	739	1,48,110	1,47,600	99.6
	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamindar's estate.	This estate owns no landed property.							
	Nandigām ..	1	39	..	26	66	2,441	2,220	90.9
Vizagapatam.	Jarada ..	43	19	..	30	92	7,458	6,048	81.1
	Belgām ..	4	3	..	1	8	866	811	93.6
Gōdāvari	Parvatipuram ..	6	3	..	1	10	1,382	1,287	89.5
	Kondamodalu ..	9	..	..	..	9	609	609	100.0
Kistna	Telaprolu ..	34	5	..	18	57	30,011	25,698	85.6
	Vuyyūru ..	50	2	..	17	69	31,336	27,006	86.2
	South Vallāru ..	34	1	1	5	41	36,001	29,307	81.4
Nellore	Chundi ..	44	..	..	3	47	22,153	19,671	88.8
North Arcot.	Tumba ..	10	..	..	..	10	460	387	84.0
	Thinnaijammā's estate ..	10	..	..	1	12	3,656	3,240	82.7
	Kārvētnagar ..	37	3	..	55	95	5,723	5,573	97.4
Tanjore	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyār's estate.	Ryotwari estates.					423	382	90.5
	A. Subramaniya Sāstri's estate.						107	107	100.0
Madura	Pālayampatti ..	24	..	..	13	37	18,378	17,275	93.9
	Sivaganga ..	1	..	..	2	3	116	100	86.2
	Idaiyakōttai ..	13	..	..	..	13	26,407	20,645	77.8
Tinnevely	Saptūr ..	16	1	..	..	17	23,983	19,580	81.6
	Sivagiri ..	26	..	..	..	26	49,051	40,202	81.9
	Urkkādu ..	6	..	..	..	6	1,649	1,593	96.6
Salem	Uttumalai ..	62	..	..	..	62	86,496	36,263	41.9
	Kadambūr ..	22	1	..	..	23	12,744	12,280	96.3
Malabar	Komāramangalam ..	78	..	..	2	80	38,389	33,040	86.1
	Kavalappāra ..	Ryotwari estates.					15,490	7,608	49.1
	Punnattūr Kōvilagam ..						6,358	5,351	84.2
Total ..		1,060	122	1	339	1,522	5,69,797	4,63,733	81.3

* Exclusive of 2,801 acres of occupied area in the rented villages.

APPENDIX C.

No. II-B.—Statement showing the settled demand of the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909).

Districts.	Estates.	Extent.	Land revenue.	Miscellaneous revenue.	Total.	De-duct remissions.	Net revenue.	Net demand for previous fasli.	Difference.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		ACS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjam ..	Parlakimedi	1,48,110	4,28,064	14,113	4,42,177	1,577	4,40,600	(a) 4,47,314	- 6,714
	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamin-dar's estate.	..	..	60,000	60,000	..	60,000	60,000	..
	Nandigam	2,441	53,982	2,574	56,556	..	56,556	56,211	+ 345
Vizagapatam ..	Jarada	7,468	42,111	2,856	44,967	..	44,967	34,027	+ 10,940
	Belgam	865	13,031	98	13,129	..	13,129	8,230	+ 4,899
	Parvatipuram	1,382	15,229	457	15,786	269	15,517	10,682	+ 4,835
Godavari ..	Kondamodala	609	2,321	4,971	7,292	..	7,292	6,083	+ 609
Kistna ..	Telaprolu	30,011	1,15,655	11,681	1,27,336	836	1,26,500	1,21,716	+ 4,784
	Vuyyuru	31,336	3,86,221	12,718	3,98,939	2,221	3,96,718	(b) 1,69,690	+ 2,27,028
	South Valluru	36,001	1,87,219	14,510	2,01,729	4,554	1,97,175	1,36,221	+ 60,954
Nellore ..	Chundi	22,153	32,093	3,799	35,892	292	35,600	31,325	+ 4,275
North Arcot ..	Tumba	460	4,774	3,401	8,175	1,298	6,877	8,160	- 1,283
	Thimmajamma's estate.	3,656	6,095	471	6,666	..	6,666	6,600	- 34
	Karvetnagar	5,723	40,908	8,946	49,854	6,583	43,271	42,167	+ 1,114
Tanjore ..	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyar's estate.	423	11,185	164	11,349	..	11,349	10,635	+ 714
	A. Subramaniya Sastri's estate.	107	2,561	361	2,922	..	2,922	2,849	+ 73
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madura ..	Palayampatti	18,378	53,251	1,512	54,763	621	54,142	60,289	- 6,147
	Sivaganga	116	2,629	54,234	56,863	..	56,863	56,473	+ 390
	Idaiyakottai	26,407	32,683	2,509	35,282	..	35,282	34,548	+ 734
Tinnevely ..	Saptur	23,983	72,399	9,540	81,939	3,365	78,574	82,913	- 4,339
	Sivagiri	49,051	1,83,363	18,011	2,01,374	14,746	1,86,628	2,54,202	- 67,574
	Urkkadu	1,649	80,373	1,442	81,815	13	81,802	79,410	+ 2,392
Salem ..	Uttumalai	36,496	1,72,084	8,456	1,80,540	73,005	1,07,535	1,35,500	- 27,965
	Kadambur	12,744	14,700	331	15,031	790	14,241	..	..
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar ..	Komaramangalam	38,389	97,994	1,272	99,266	12,203	87,063	87,732	- 669
	Kavalappara	15,490	49,541	12,340	61,881	..	61,881	60,792	+ 1,089
	Punnattur Kovilagam	6,553	19,961	9,599	29,560	..	29,560	29,870	- 310
	Total ..	6,69,797	21,20,627	2,60,456	23,80,983	1,22,373	22,58,610	20,34,229	+ 2,10,140

* Increase due to favourable season.

† Increase due to the levy of village cess.

‡ Increase due to more favourable character of the season.

§ Decrease partly due to unfavourable season and partly to the relinquishment of inams.

|| The decrease is chiefly due to the decrease in the melwaram share of the estate.

¶ The increase is mainly due to the high price of grain.

** Decrease due to unfavourable season.

(a) The figure in column 8 of last year's statement was exclusive of Rs. 16,065 relating to temple lands, the income of which has now been amalgamated with that of the Ayan estate. Hence the increased figure now adopted.

(b) This figure differs slightly from the corresponding figure in last year's report and is the revised figure now reported by the Collector.

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APPENDIX D.

No. III-A.—Statement showing the "arrear" demand, collection and balance of the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909).

Districts.	Estates.	Demand.	Collection.	Amount written off.	Balance at the end of the fasli.	Subsequent collections and remissions.	Amount since recommended to be written off.	Net recoverable balance on the date of the Collector's report.	Percentage of column 9 to column 3.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjam ..	Parlakimedi	4,94,313	2,51,859	98,770	1,43,684	18,945	12,777	1,11,962	22.6
	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamin-dar's estate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nandigam	14,674	7,774	708	6,192	3	..	6,189	42.2
Vizagapatam ..	Jarada	28,257	4,696	9,995	13,566	54	7,984	5,528	19.6
	Belgam	2,902	1,037	..	1,865	..	..	..	..
	Parvatipuram	5,053	2,429	..	2,624	..	..	..	..
Godavari ..	Kondamodala	4,923	284	12	4,627	4,319	..	308	6.2
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna ..	Telaprolu	2,937	397	..	2,540	27	..	2,513	85.5
	Vuyyuru	31,948	3,49,404	1,47,607	15,198	..	..	1,32,409	25.0
	South Valluru	99,521	18,360	19,072	62,089	6,282	..	56,807	56.1
Nellore ..	Chundi	1,158	687	66	405	18	..	387	33.4
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Arcot ..	Tumba	569	546	..	..	..	..	14	2.4
	Thimmajamma's estate.	81,647	29,581	4,695	47,371	..	..	47,371	58.0
	Karvetnagar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore ..	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyar's estate.	70	70	..	..	..	..	..	..
	A. Subramaniya Sastri's estate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madura ..	Palayampatti	19,487	11,968	1,511	5,958	360	..	5,598	28.9
	Sivaganga	422	327	14	81	..	..	81	19.2
	Idaiyakottai	12,671	9,676	566	2,429	319	..	2,110	16.6
Tinnevely ..	Saptur	26,918	22,330	1,789	2,799	902	..	1,897	7.0
	Sivagiri	30,562	24,781	1,655	4,126	1,072	121	2,933	9.6
	Urkkadu	15,249	9,376	1,884	3,989	317	..	3,672	24.1
Salem ..	Uttumalai	1,46,776	57,475	17,998	71,803	3,278	32,674	35,151	23.9
	Kadambur	17,656	14,339	..	3,117	717	..	2,400	13.6
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar ..	Komaramangalam	30,210	13,983	1,072	15,155	1,412	2,533	11,210	37.1
	Kavalappara	17,968	10,434	6	7,528	947	..	6,581	36.6
	Punnattur Kovilagam	15,839	8,000	416	7,423	1,140	..	6,283	39.6
	Total ..	16,00,857	5,32,575	5,09,642	5,58,640	55,310	56,289	4,45,176	27.8

APPENDIX D.

No. III-B.—Statement showing the “current” demand, collection and balance of the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908–1909).

Districts.	Estates.	Demand.	Collection.	Amount written off.	Balance at the end of the fasli.	Subsequent collections and remissions.	Amount since recom-mended to be written off.	Net recoverable balance on the date of the Col-lector's report.	Percentage of column 9 to column 3.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		RS.	
Ganjām ..	Parlākīmedī	4,10,600	3,69,069	..	71,531	30,125	..	41,406	9·4
	Parlākīmedī Ex-Zamīn-dār's estate	60,000	60,000	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nandīgān	56,556	42,976	..	12,580	1,428	..	11,152	19·7
	Jārada	44,967	43,353	..	1,614	214	843	527	1·2
Vizaga-patam ..	Belgān	13,129	10,631	..	2,498	handed over before end of fasli.			..
	Pārvatipuram	13,517	14,149	..	1,368	..	..	1,368	8·8
Gōdāvari ..	Kondamodalu	7,292	7,074	..	218	218	..	..	..
Kistna ..	Telaprolu	1,26,500	1,26,354	..	146	48	..	98	0·1
	Vuyyūru	3,96,718	3,03,235	34	93,449	9,207	..	84,242	21·2
	South Vallāru	1,97,175	1,69,407	90	27,678	5,465	..	22,213	11·2
Nellore ..	Chundi	35,600	35,451	..	149	100	..	49	0·1
North Arcot ..	Tumba	6,877	6,778	..	99	20	..	79	1·1
	Thimmajamma's estate ..	6,566	6,295	..	271	124	..	147	2·2
	Kārvétnagar	43,271	16,471	57	26,743	..	..	26,743	61·8
Tanjore ..	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyār's estate	11,349	11,287	..	62	62	..	..	..
	A. Subramaniya Sāstri's estate	2,922	793	..	2,129	48	..	2,081	69·5
Madura ..	Pālayampatti	54,142	43,643	..	10,499	3,203	..	7,296	13·7
	Sivaganga	56,863	56,226	..	637	219	..	388	0·7
	Idaiyakóttai	35,282	23,011	..	12,271	7,623	..	4,648	13·2
	Sāptūr	78,574	59,496	..	19,078	12,895	..	6,183	7·9
Tinnevely ..	Sivagiri	1,86,628	1,47,452	180	38,996	30,560	16	8,420	4·5
	Urkkādu	81,802	64,437	1	17,364	6,535	..	10,829	13·2
	Ūttamalai	1,07,535	27,200	..	80,335	25,093	..	55,242	51·4
	Kadambūr	14,241	12,158	..	2,083	1,544	..	539	3·8
Salem ..	Komāramangalam	87,063	75,543	..	11,520	4,042	484	6,994	8·0
Malabar ..	Kavalappāra	61,881	52,072	..	9,809	2,511	..	7,298	11·8
	Punnattūr Kóvilagam ..	29,560	23,247	13	6,300	1,252	..	5,048	17·1
Total ..		22,58,610	18,08,808	375	4,49,427	1,42,596	1,343	3,02,890	13·4

APPENDIX E.

No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908–1909).

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No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the

Districts.	Estates.	Amount to the credit of the estate at the beginning of fasli 1318.				Total cash receipts.	Total of columns 4 and 7.	Total charges.
		Government promissory notes and other securities.	Cash.	Value of grain.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjām ..	Parlakimedi	16,47,400	36,197	8,338	16,92,535	7,60,335	8,05,532	7,75,718
	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamin-dar's estate.	23,51,000	15,759	..	23,66,759	1,19,962	1,65,721	1,54,953
	Nandigām	5,000	9,189	..	14,189	51,959	61,148	52,662
	Jarada	35,800	— 56	4,803	40,547	52,556	52,500	50,190
Vizagapatam.	Belgām	12,500	404	..	12,904	10,665	11,069	10,372
	Pārvatipuram	100	3,427	..	3,527	15,672	19,099	17,584
Gōdāvari ..	Kondamodalu	..	5,931	..	5,931	7,748	13,679	11,645
Kistna ..	Telaprolu	10,98,300	24,332	..	11,22,632	2,23,182	2,47,514	1,79,744
	Vuyyūru	(a)2,38,100	1,10,685	..	3,48,785	4,76,406	5,87,091	5,44,965
	South Vallūru	2,19,600	9,589	..	2,29,189	3,41,951	3,64,540	2,35,447
Nellore ..	Chundi	16,400	10,060	..	26,460	38,806	48,866	46,688
North Arcot.	Tumba	3,900	2,135	..	6,035	7,226	9,361	8,387
	Thimmajiamma's Estate.	1,100	2,476	..	3,576	6,923	9,399	7,264
	Kārvénagar	..	14,909	73	14,982	61,330	76,239	63,714
Tanjore ..	T. Chokkappa Mudali-yār's Estate.	..	4,167	225	4,392	12,158	16,325	10,840
	A. Subramaniya Sāstri's Estate.	51,000	1,456	284	52,740	12,201	13,657	10,912
Madura ..	Pālayampatti	..	14,532	11,878	26,410	80,776	95,308	84,972
	Sivaganga	57,200	20,164	1,174	78,538	61,081	81,245	66,108
	Idaiyakōttai	12,300	8,339	..	20,639	23,516	41,855	30,368
	Sāptūr	24,500	3,207	26,206	53,913	1,40,169	1,43,676	1,25,284
Tinnevely ..	Sivagiri	5,98,300	81,251	63,987	7,43,538	2,27,576	3,08,827	3,00,751
	Ūrkādū	27,800	37,093	3,354	68,247	75,771	1,12,861	92,760
	Ūttumalai	..	17,843	2,593	20,436	94,793	1,12,836	1,04,570
	Kadambūr	..	..	..	..	28,645	28,645	22,778
Salem ..	Komāramangalam ..	44,500	18,685	132	63,317	27,626	1,16,311	97,395
Malabar ..	Kavalappāra	84,300	10,484	3,027	97,811	68,347	78,831	77,642
	Punnattūr Kōvilagam.	14,800	4,323	1,435	20,558	39,725	44,048	59,241
Total ..		65,43,900	4,66,581	1,28,109	71,38,590	31,89,605	36,56,186	32,22,955

(a) Includes Government promissory notes for Rs. 25,000 which the late zamindar had bought and of which the Court had not obtained possession during the previous year—hence the increase of Rs. 25,000 in this figure.

DIX E.

estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909).

Government promissory notes and other securities.	Balance to the credit of the estate at the close of fasli 1318.			Increase or decrease as compared with the opening balance.	Percentage of establishment charges and Government commission to normal receipts.	Estates.
	Government promissory notes and other securities.	Cash.	Value of grain.			
10	11	12	13	14	15	
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		
19,36,800	29,814	8,427	19,75,041	2,82,506	11.9	Parlakimedi.
24,52,100	10,768	..	24,62,868	+ 96,109	3.5	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamin-dar's estate.
5,000	8,486	2,996	16,482	+ 2,293	12.5	Nandigām.
38,100	2,310	6,280	46,690	+ 6,143	14.7	Jarada.
12,000	697	..	12,697	— 207	10.9	Belgām.
100	1,515	..	1,615	— 1,912	10.8	Pārvatipuram.
..	2,034	..	2,034	— 3,897	11.5	Kondamodalu.
10,88,300	67,770	..	11,56,070	+ 33,433	14.2	Telaprolu.
2,64,800	42,126	..	3,06,926	— 41,559	6.3	Vuyyūru.
2,40,200	1,19,093	5	3,59,298	+ 1,30,109	9.3	South Vallūru.
16,400	2,178	..	18,578	— 7,352	16.7	Chundi.
3,900	974	156	5,030	— 1,005	26.7	Tumba.
2,600	2,135	..	4,735	+ 1,159	17.8	Thimmajiamma's estate.
..	12,525	420	12,945	— 2,037	39.7	Kārvénagar.
..	5,485	563	6,048	1,656	9.4	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyār's estate.
57,100	2,745	308	60,153	+ 7,413	13.1	A. Subramaniya Sāstri's estate.
..	10,336	16,855	27,191	+ 781	21.3	Palayampatti.
90,300	15,137	1,475	1,06,912	+ 28,374	10.2	Sivaganga.
12,300	11,487	..	23,787	+ 3,148	13.4	Idaiyakōttai.
..	18,392	19,336	37,728	— 16,185	14.3	Sāptūr.
7,19,800	8,076	39,169	7,67,045	+ 23,507	13.3	Sivagiri.
49,500	20,104	14,101	83,705	+ 15,455	14.5	Ūrkādū.
10,800	8,266	921	19,987	— 449	22.0	Ūttumalai.
7,200	5,887	..	13,067	+ 13,067	7.7	Kadambūr.
49,500	18,916	204	68,720	+ 5,403	14.1	Komāramangalam.
86,200	1,188	4,924	92,312	— 5,499	16.8	Kavalappāra.
18,500	4,807	703	24,010	+ 3,452	23.9	Punnattūr Kōvilagam.
71,61,600	4,33,231	1,16,843	77,11,674	+ 5,73,084	14.8	Total.

APPEN

ENCLOSURE A to Statement No. IV showing the particulars of receipts and charges of

Districts.	Estates.	Receipts.							
		Land and miscellaneous revenue.	Debts recovered.	Interest on Government promissory notes and other securities.	Sale proceeds of grain.	Amount realized by the sale of property, such as houses, etc.	Amount borrowed.	Other items.	Total receipts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ganjām ..	Parlakimedi	6,09,462	54,726	62,027	8,404	989	..	33,727	7,69,335
	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamin-dar's estate.	60,900	1,591	87,882	..	..	..	489	1,49,962
	Nandigām	48,303	20	204	257	105	..	3,070	51,959
	Jārada	41,334	1,487	1,180	2,738	4,884	..	915	52,556
Vizagapatam.	Belgām	9,591	..	489	..	119	..	165	10,665
	Pārvatipuram	14,347	..	3	..	928	..	394	15,672
Gódlāvāri ..	Kondamodalu	7,358	..	..	..	91	..	299	7,748
Kistna ..	Telaprolu	1,26,950	1,372	41,902	439	51,330	..	1,189	2,23,182
	Vuyyūru	3,44,135	2,928	9,746	1,132	9,117	..	1,09,348	4,76,406
	South Vallūru	1,94,119	1,35,933	8,052	2,800	1,130	..	1,827	3,41,951
Nelore ..	Chundi	36,307	..	635	..	1,669	..	204	38,806
North Arcot	Tumba	6,743	..	147	231	..	..	102	7,226
	Thimmajamma's estate.	6,712	80	25	..	92	..	14	6,923
	Kārvētnagar	44,103	..	..	339	4,175	..	12,713	61,330
Tanjore ..	T. Chokkappa Mudali-yār's estate.	690	321	..	9,634	..	..	1,513	12,158
	A. Subramaniya Sāstri's estate.	386	8,552	2,055	1,082	..	..	126	12,201
Madura ..	Pālayampatti	41,316	24	..	9,848	1,110	20,000	8,478	80,776
	Sivaganga	54,948	537	2,431	1,642	373	..	1,150	61,081
	Idaiyakóttai	32,801	..	493	..	..	..	222	33,516
	Sāptār	60,117	221	509	36,199	40,487	..	2,936	1,40,469
Tinnevely ..	Sivagiri	1,07,531	200	18,816	96,856	195	..	3,978	2,27,576
	Ūrkādu	51,959	332	1,398	11,100	394	..	10,588	75,771
	Ūttamalai	77,437	..	..	2,678	776	..	14,102	94,993
	Kadambūr	26,723	635	..	..	933	..	264	28,645
Salem ..	Komāramangalam ..	88,467	6,108	1,765	503	452	..	331	97,626
Malabar ..	Kavalappāra	51,587	771	3,210	9,646	335	..	2,818	68,347
	Punnattūr Kóvilagam ..	29,562	405	626	2,780	2,380	..	424	39,725
Total ..		21,73,268	2,16,243	2,43,595	1,99,421	1,22,055	20,424	2,14,599	31,89,606

DIX F.

the estates under management during fasli 1318 (1908-1909).

Charges.										
Establishment for management and contingencies.	Mara-mat expenditure.	Government demand (peshkash, assessment, cesses and taxes).	Government commission for management.	Allow-ance to the minor and other members of the family.	Repay-ment of debts.	Invest-ments.	Other miscel-laneous disburse-ments.	Total charges.	Estates.	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		
67,730	63,759	1,15,828	18,224	1,28,774	..	2,68,767	1,12,636	7,75,718	Parlakimedi.	
1,555	..	..	3,710	36,001	..	1,02,562	11,125	1,54,953	Parlakimedi Ex-Zamin-dar's estate.	
5,142	5,204	28,901	1,190	10,021	..	..	2,204	52,662	Nandigāu.	
5,475	13,477	6,753	1,245	13,817	..	6,898	2,525	50,190	Jārada.	
885	700	3,940	251	3,004	..	190	1,402	10,372	Belgām.	
1,198	1,542	5,931	350	3,830	3,270	..	1,463	17,584	Pārvatipuram.	
674	..	604	172	775	8,994	..	426	11,645	Kondamodalu.	
20,027	24,391	26,183	4,195	75,714	..	11,816	17,418	1,79,744	Telaprolu.	
29,288	24,304	34,649	6,739	15,039	3,39,695	38,312	56,932	5,44,965	Vuyyūru.	
25,896	6,283	27,641	5,822	22,255	1,08,949	19,756	18,845	2,35,447	South Vallūru.	
5,283	3,418	16,468	920	1,529	16,530	..	2,540	46,688	Chundi.	
1,731	1,267	3,456	182	1,524	..	..	227	8,387	Tumba.	
1,496	2,461	149	42	695	..	1,415	1,006	7,264	Thimmajamma's estate.	
17,813	1,940	12,816	82	10,485	..	..	20,578	63,714	Kārvētnagar.	
733	..	3,020	288	1,654	192	..	4,953	10,840	T. Chokkappa Mudali-yār's estate.	
609	..	461	181	3,434	..	5,823	404	10,912	A. Subramania Sāstri's estate.	
9,734	5,681	16,170	1,630	7,752	34,491	900	8,614	84,972	Pālayampatti.	
4,586	4,202	354	1,525	17,399	..	31,469	6,573	66,108	Sivaganga.	
3,566	5,134	13,095	908	5,178	..	6	2,481	30,368	Idaiyakóttai.	
11,640	4,694	18,062	2,274	15,379	59,953	..	13,282	1,25,284	Sāptār.	
23,945	45,977	63,987	5,992	15,039	..	1,20,305	25,506	3,00,751	Sivagiri.	
7,847	4,648	15,795	1,544	24,966	11,332	20,693	5,944	92,760	Ūrkādu.	
15,498	7,308	34,546	2,190	8,636	6,724	10,207	19,461	1,04,570	Ūttumalai.	
1,138	..	10,422	608	2,658	..	6,813	839	22,778	Kadambūr.	
10,773	6,970	49,860	2,523	11,002	..	4,895	11,372	97,395	Komāramangalam.	
9,333	7,139	15,200	1,609	25,032	..	2,300	17,030	77,643	Kavalappāra.	
7,495	6,375	6,932	864	8,894	600	3,342	5,739	39,241	Punnattūr Kóvilagam.	
2,91,390	2,44,413	5,32,535	65,367	4,69,823	5,91,426	6,56,469	3,71,532	32,22,955	Total.	

APPENDIX G.

ENCLOSURE B to Statement No. IV showing the expenditure incurred on *maramat* works in the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909).

Districts.	Estates.	Irrigation works.		Buildings.		Com-muni-cations and other works.	Estab-lish-ment and contin-gencies.	Total expenditure.	Allotment in the budget including subsequent modifications.	Percent-age of expendi-ture to allot-ment
		New works.	Repairs.	New works.	Repairs.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Ganjam.	Parlakimedi ..	2,049	19,558	9,525	16,000	3,601	13,026	63,759	1,01,068	63.1
	Parlakimedi Ex-zamindar's estate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nandigam ..	729	3,038	457	829	..	151	5,204	6,365	81.8
Vizaga-patam.	Jarada ..	959	8,100	966	4,160	641	276	(a) 16,092	15,702	96.1
	Belgam ..	..	700	..	..	..	..	700	1,000	70.0
	Parvatipuram ..	..	803	..	739	..	..	1,542	1,567	96.4
Godavari.	Kondamodalu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna ..	Telaprolu ..	..	11,341	2,808	3,247	5,216	1,779	24,391	30,685	79.4
	Vuyyuru ..	2,915	9,653	723	6,659	2,431	1,923	24,304	36,304	66.9
	South Valluru ..	..	3,810	221	120	649	1,483	6,283	46,454	13.6
Nellore ..	Chundi ..	..	3,262	..	100	56	..	3,418	4,545	75.2
North Arcot.	Tumba ..	310	931	..	..	26	..	1,267	4,625	27.3
	Thimmajiamma's estate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Karvénagar ..	..	1,211	..	1,764	118	298	(a) 3,391	7,008	48.4
Tanjore.	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyar's estate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	..
	A. Subramaniya Sastri's estate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Palayampatti ..	..	4,099	..	681	428	473	5,681	9,263	61.3
Madura.	Sivaganga ..	..	35,342	20,433	13,883	1,582	9,300	(a) 80,540	1,43,484	56.1
	Idaiyakottai ..	..	1,898	..	742	1,819	674	5,133	9,314	55.1
	Saptur ..	..	3,404	..	449	170	671	4,694	7,830	58.1
Tinne-velly.	Sivagiri ..	532	5,924	29,696	3,162	4,990	4,647	(a) 48,951	71,644	68.8
	Urkkadu ..	..	1,611	..	2,660	108	369	4,648	5,070	91.7
	Uttumalai ..	514	4,097	359	904	211	1,223	7,308	19,191	38.1
Salem ..	Kadambur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Komaramanga-lam.	..	3,582	1,275	422	795	896	6,970	8,301	83.9
	Kavalappara ..	..	..	3,683	2,962	494	..	7,139	7,888	90.5
Malabar.	Punnattur Kovi-lagam.	..	..	5,495	876	..	..	6,371	7,817	81.5
	Total ..	8,008	1,22,364	75,641	60,275	23,309	37,189	3,26,786	5,43,702	60.1

(a) Include amounts spent from the funds of the Trust estates.

APPENDIX H.

No. V-A.—Statement showing the debts, other than arrears of rent covered by bonds, due to the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908-1909).

Districts.	Estates.	Debts as per last year's account.	Loans newly granted.	Debts newly brought to account during the year.	Interest accrued during the year.	Total.	Debts collected.	Debts written off.	Total.	Balance at the end of the fasli.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjam.	Parlakimedi ..	2,49,999	..	..	8,108	2,58,107	54,726	..	54,726	2,03,381
	Parlakimedi Ex-zamin-dar's estate.	..	..	..	..	Nil.	..	..	..	..
	Nandigam ..	2,985	..	..	20	3,005	20	2,162	2,182	823
Vizaga-patam.	Jarada ..	3,677	..	1,489	..	5,166	1,487	..	1,487	3,679
	Belgam ..	11,664	..	277	..	11,941	60	..	60	11,881
	Parvatipuram ..	..	..	1,072	..	1,072	168	..	168	904
Godavari.	Kondamodalu ..	309	..	2,028	..	2,337	..	129	129	2,208
Kistna ..	Telaprolu ..	11,886	..	..	102	11,988	1,372	..	1,372	10,616
	Vuyyuru ..	25,364	..	1,500	14	26,878	2,928	..	2,928	23,950
	South Valluru ..	3,27,364	..	..	14,931	3,42,295	1,35,939	2,169	1,38,108	2,04,187
Nellore ..	Chundi ..	..	..	..	..	Nil.	..	..	..	..
North Arcot.	Tumba ..	2,190	..	..	..	2,190	80	..	80	2,110
	Thimmajiamma's estate.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Karvénagar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore.	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyar's estate.	1,899	..	16	27	1,942	321	..	321	1,621
	A. Subramaniya Sastri's estate.	49,345	..	41	2,459	51,845	8,552	7	8,559	43,286
Madura.	Palayampatti ..	18,184	..	..	790	18,974	24	71	95	18,879
	Sivaganga ..	658	..	7	259	924	537	387	924	..
	Idaiyakottai ..	..	..	..	..	Nil.	..	..	..	..
Tinne-velly.	Saptur ..	4,813	..	..	171	4,984	221	3,720	3,941	1,043
	Sivagiri ..	467	..	..	..	467	200	..	200	267
	Urkkadu ..	311	..	..	21	332	332	..	332	..
Salem ..	Uttumalai ..	938	..	..	2	940	..	739	739	251
	Kadambur ..	9,818	..	..	146	9,964	636	..	636	9,328
Malabar.	Komaramangalam ..	1,12,941	..	7,298	857	1,21,096	6,108	1,630	7,738	1,13,358
	Kavalappara ..	395	..	..	61	456	125	181	306	150
	Punnattur Kivilagam ..	22,871	478	..	404	23,753	404	..	404	23,349
Total ..		8,58,128	478	13,925	28,175	9,00,706	2,14,240	11,195	2,25,435	6,75,271

APPENDIX I.

No. V-B.—Statement showing the debts due by the estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908–1909).

Districts.	Estates.	Debts as per last year's accounts.	Debts contracted.	Debts newly brought to account during the year.	Interest accrued during the year.	Total.	Debts paid off.	Debts struck off.	Total.	Remainder due by the estate at the end of the fasli.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Ganjām ..	Parlakimedi .. Parlakimedi dar's estate. Nandigām Jāraḍa ..	 2,11,800	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. 2,11,800	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. 2,11,800
Vizagapatam ..	Belgām .. Pārvatiparam ..	.. 6,000	.. ..	.. ..	.. 270	.. 6,270	.. 3,270	.. ..	.. 3,270	.. 3,000
Gōḍāvari ..	Kondamodalu ..	7,625	..	..	1,369	8,994	8,994	..	8,994	..
Kistna ..	Telaprola .. Vuyyūru .. South Vallūru ..	.. 12,86,149 1,66,253	.. .. ..	.. 65 1,935	87,270 16,640	13,73,484 1,84,828	3,39,695 1,10,299	44,876 71,893	3,84,571 1,82,192	9,88,918 2,636
Nellore ..	Chundi ..	1,11,387	..	197	4,807	1,16,391	16,530	..	16,530	98,861
North Arcot ..	Tumba .. Thimamajumma's estate .. Kārvēnagar ..	.. 500 1,38,15,481	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. 195	.. 695	.. 695	.. ..	.. 695	.. 1,38,15,481
Tanjore ..	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyār's estate. A. Subramaniya Sāstri's estate.	192 300	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	192 300	192 ..	.. ..	192 ..	.. 300
Madura ..	Pālayampatti .. Sivaganga .. Idaiyakōttai .. Sāptūr ..	51,450 1,86,154	20,000	39,082	3,163	1,13,695 1,86,154	34,491 59,953	 42,065	34,491 1,02,018	79,204 84,136
Tinnevely ..	Sivagiri .. Urkkādu .. Ūttumalai .. Kadambūr ..	.. 2,15,277 † 2,30,866 ..	.. .. .. ..	.. .. .. 4,209	.. 17,703 12,549 ..	.. 2,32,980 2,52,415 4,209	.. 5,197 6,724 ..	.. 15,800 10,739 ..	.. 20,997 17,463 ..	.. 2,11,983 2,34,952 4,209
Salem ..	Komāramangalam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar ..	Kavalappāra .. Punnattūr Kōvilagam ..	.. 22,871	.. 478	.. ..	.. ..	.. 23,349	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. 23,349
	Total ..	1,63,21,305	20,478	45,488	1,43,966	1,65,31,237	5,86,040	1,85,373	7,71,413	1,57,59,824

* Amount borrowed on usufructuary mortgage of portions of the estate on condition that they should be restored free of debt on the expiry of 25 years from fasli 1307.
† This is the revised figure furnished by the Estate Collector and therefore differs from the corresponding figure in column 11 of last year's report.

No. VI.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance, as also the financial condition of the Religious and Charitable Institutions attached to Estates under management for fasli 1318 (1908–1909).

APPENDIX J.

Districts.	Estates.	Endowments.	Demand.			Amount remitted or collected.					Balance.			Percent- age of balance to demand.	Financial condition.		
			Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Opening balance.		Receipts.	Total. Charges. Balance.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Ganjām ..	Jārada ..	Devastānam ..	RS. 2,292	RS. 5,045	RS. 7,337	RS. 522	RS. 4,346	RS. 4,868	RS. 1,770	RS. 699	RS. 2,469	33.6	RS. 5,327	RS. 6,015	RS. 11,342	RS. 7,193	RS. 4,149
Kistna ..	South Vallūra ..	Devastānam ..	341	1,967	2,308	282	1,934	2,216	59	33	92	4.0	508	2,219	2,727	3,227	480
North Arcot ..	Kārvētnagar ..	Temples and chattram ..	..	42,774	1,60,831	25,804	30,833	56,627	92,273	11,951	1,04,224	64.8	34,484	56,567	91,051	66,733	2,348
Tanjore ..	T. Chokkappa ..	Two religious institutions.	..	30	30	..	30	30	..	..	..	..	82	30	112	1	111
	Mudaliyār's estate.																
	Sivaganga ..	Devastānam ..	56,210	2,81,146	3,37,356	43,756	2,22,545	2,66,301	12,454	58,631	71,085	21.1	30,477	3,19,325	3,49,792	3,16,367	33,425
	Idaiyakōttai ..	Chattrams ..	8,542	71,819	80,361	8,035	48,537	56,572	507	23,282	23,789	25.6	474	86,903	87,377	84,559	2,818
Madura ..	Idaiyakōttai ..	Devastānam and ..	149	736	885	149	636	784	..	101	101	12.2	525	804	1,369	1,353	26
	Sāptūr ..	Devastānam ..	750	2,463	3,213	701	1,710	2,411	49	753	802	24.9	553	2,636	3,189	2,440	749
	Sivagiri ..	Devastānam and ..	1,717	13,214	14,931	1,492	10,909	12,401	225	2,305	2,530	15.9	6,184	24,429	30,613	28,900	1,713
Tinnevely ..	Ūrkādu ..	Devastānam ..	44,370	12,775	57,145	42,145	11,275	53,420	2,255	1,500	3,755	6.5	3,529	17,225	20,754	18,284	2,470
	Ūttumalai ..	Do ..	29,883	8,413	38,096	3,026	8,823	10,448	26,057	1,591	27,648	72.5	6,529	16,358	22,887	21,140	1,747
Malabar ..	Kavalappāra ..	Trikkaṅḡal Devastānam ..	542	3,498	4,040	390	2,813	3,203	162	683	837	20.7	590	7,388	7,975	2,929	6,049
		Total ..	2,62,673	4,43,880	7,06,553	1,26,902	3,42,349	4,69,251	1,35,771	1,01,531	2,37,302	33.6	89,262	5,39,989	6,29,241	5,53,116	70,126

(a) Exclusive of Rs. 5 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(b) Exclusive of Rs. 6,833 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(c) Exclusive of Rs. 82,700 held in Government promissory-notes and other securities and Rs. 81,541 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(d) Exclusive of Rs. 63,000 held in Government promissory-notes and other securities and Rs. 22,304 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(e) Exclusive of Rs. 15 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(f) Exclusive of Rs. 47,700 held in Government promissory-notes and other securities and Rs. 6,519 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(g) Exclusive of Rs. 6,600 held in Government promissory-notes and Rs. 3,565 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(h) Exclusive of Rs. 11,700 held in Government promissory-notes and Rs. 29 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.
(i) Exclusive of Rs. 503 being the value of grain in hand at the end of the fasli.

APPENDIX K.

Extract from the report of the Court's Agricultural Expert on the working of the estate farms during fasli 1318 (1908-1909).

4. *Location of operations.*—No farms were started or given up during the year. The situation of the farms is indicated below:—

District.	Estate.	Village in which the farm is situated.	Nearest railway station.	Distance from railway station.
				MILES.
Ganjām	Parlákimedi	Vonakonda	Parlákimedi	5
Kistna	South Vallúru	Thota Vallur	Uppaluru	14
Do.	Telaprólu	Tukkulur	Nuzvid	12
Do.	Vuyyúru	Nuzvid	Do.	14
Salem	Komáramangalam	Pokkampalayam	Sankaridrug	11
Malabar	Kavalappára	Kavalappára	Shoranur	4
Madura	Idaiyakóttai	Idaiyakóttai	Dindigul	21
Tinnevely	Sivagiri	Sivagiri	Sattur	43

5.

6. *Water-supply.*—

Name of farm.	Rainfall during the year.	Thirty years' average for the taluk in which the farm is situated.
Sivagiri	29.58	24.71
Komáramangalam	22.86	26.19
Idaiyakóttai	25.83	25.44
Vuyyúru	32.91	33.17
Telaprólu	32.91	33.17
South Vallúru	28.90	39.27
Parlákimedi	46.96	48.95
Kavalappára	90.21	105.46

At Sivagiri the rainfall was badly distributed, particularly during the pishanam season, *i.e.*, from October to February inclusive.

At Komáramangalam, the south-west monsoon almost failed until September. The north-east monsoon failed entirely. There was a good fall in January which was practically useless for dry land crops.

At Idaiyakóttai, the fall was badly distributed.

At Telaprólu and Vuyyúru, the south-west monsoon came late and the north-east monsoon almost entirely failed. The tanks, however, were filled by rain on the hills twice when no rain fell in the plains.

At South Vallúru, the shortage in rainfall was coupled with a short supply in the canals. At Parlákimedi, the fall was badly distributed.

At Kavalappára, hot weather rains partially failed. The south-west monsoon broke about a week late. The fall in July was nearly 50 per cent. above average. There was an average fall in August but from September to December inclusive the fall was below average.

7. (1) *Crops.*—The most important and the most profitable is undoubtedly *paddy*. It is largely grown on all the farms, except Vuyyúru and Komáramangalam where the water-supply is too small to allow of its cultivation. Some interesting figures relating to paddy have been worked out at Sivagiri, *e.g.*, the total yield per acre per year from land which was, or which ought to have been, cropped with paddy if the season had been propitious was 858 heaped Madras measures the value of which, according to the average selling rate on that estate during the year, is Rs. 76. The total cost of production of this 858 Madras measures of paddy worked out to almost Rs. 30 per acre. Thus there is a clear net gain of Rs. 46 per acre over the *whole* area of both cropped and uncropped paddy land on this farm. This shows that paddy must be a very profitable crop to grow, as both the kar and pishanam seasons at Sivagiri were poor seasons. Fourteen different varieties of paddy were cultivated at Sivagiri. Two of these, *viz.*,

Banku and *Swarnavari*, are remarkable for the high quality of the rice and at the same time are early maturing and drought resisting. The former has yielded excellent results at Kavalappára and Parlákimedi and the latter at Telaprólu. During the year, *sugarcane* has been grown for the first time on the Sivagiri farm. Of the four kinds cultivated, *Ashy Mauritius* gave the largest percentage of jaggery. This crop was also grown at Komáramangalam and Telaprólu but under difficulties due to the scarcity of water.

Ground-nut was grown on all the farms. This is a new crop in the locality of all the farms. It was very successfully grown at Komáramangalam and Kavalappára and was fairly successful at Parlákimedi and Sivagiri. A new variety introduced by Messrs. Ralli Bros. (Pondicherry Agency) from West Africa called *Senegal* was grown on all the farms during the year and fared quite as well as the *Mauritius* variety compared with which it is considered to be rather superior in quality as the oil is said to be lighter coloured, but this point has not yet been determined.

Maize was grown at South Vallúru and Sivagiri with success. This is an important dry land crop around South Vallúru. A new variety called *Jhapur* was introduced from Bengal and grown on the two farms named above. The cobs are much larger and the grains plumper than the local varieties and, if it can be properly acclimatised, will be a great improvement on them. Trials were made at Sivagiri with a new variety *cumbu* most of the seed of which was bought by the ryots on account of the large size of the ears.

A new variety of *white cholam* grown at Sivagiri under well irrigation yielded at the rate of 283 Madras Measures per acre which was good in view of the fact that it only required irrigating three times in a season of poor rainfall from January to March.

Daincha (*Sesbania aculeata*) was grown as a green-manuring crop at Sivagiri for the first time during the year. The seed was obtained from Bengal. It is a leguminous plant which will grow 2 feet high in as many months. This crop is likely to prove useful for growth on water-logged lands where wild indigo and sunn-hemp refuse to grow.

Three varieties of cotton, *viz.*, *Karunguni*, *Uppam* and *Cambodia*, were grown at Sivagiri and the local perennial cotton at Komáramangalam. On a poor red soil, *Karunguni* gave a heavier yield of seed cotton than either *Uppam* or *Cambodia*.

Onions were grown on a small scale at Sivagiri under well irrigation, yielding at the rate of 4,880 lbs. of bulbs per acre.

Plantains were grown on a small scale on all the farms except Parlákimedi. This crop needs a great deal of manure and labour, but the returns are also large. The usufruct of a plot at Sivagiri measuring 2.13 acres was auctioned for Rs. 300.

Guinea grass, a valuable fodder crop, which only requires slight irrigation during the dry months, was grown at Sivagiri, Komáramangalam and Parlákimedi. It grows well under the shade of trees if well manured.

(2) *Seed selection.*—Seven hundred and eighty-two Madras measures of selected seed was collected at Sivagiri during the year from nine different varieties of crop and 6,277 Madras measures of grain was sold as seed during the same period, 4,700 Madras measures of this being wild indigo for sowing as a green-manure crop. At Kavalappára seeds of several varieties of paddy were selected. The crops grown on this farm from previously selected seed show a marked improvement in the quality of the produce. Five hundred and sixty Madras measures of seed of five different varieties of crop were collected at Parlákimedi.

(3) *Implements.*—In June of the year under report the Ceded Districts' Implement Demonstrator began duty and during the year he demonstrated the use of his implements at Komáramangalam, Idaiyakóttai, Sivagiri and Kavalappára. The chief implements used in the Ceded districts are practically unknown to the Tamil and Malayalam ryot and throughout the greater part of the Northern Circars also. They are peculiarly adapted to the cultivation of black cotton soil, but they may be made useful on almost any kind of soil among dry and garden crops. They consist of the *gunfaka* used for cultivation before sowing, the *gorru* with which crops are sown in lines and the *dhantu* used for interculturing between the rows after the seed has germinated. His chief duty is to teach the farm coolies and others the use of these implements and to teach the carpenters and blacksmiths how to make them. The *Sivagiri iron plough* has been brought into general use at Sivagiri. They can be made by the local blacksmiths and the sale of them to ryots is increasing, so much so, that the demand exceeded the number which could be supplied during the year. These ploughs are being tried on all the other farms. The *harrow* has been introduced on all the farms and is found to be an extremely useful implement and one which can be made by any village blacksmith with the aid of a carpenter. It is used for pulverising the soil after ploughing and for covering seed, but it is probably most useful in cleaning weedy land. *Howards English plough* was worked successfully at Telaprólu. One man and one good pair of bullocks work it without difficulty on a fairly heavy soil when moist, turning over a furrow about 7 inches broad and 5 inches deep. For ordinary cropping, once with this plough would be quite sufficient ploughing for a seed-bed unless the land was weedy or unless a deep open tilth was required. Under the same conditions it would be necessary to plough at least twice with the native plough, so that, independent of the quality of the work done, an English plough of this kind is undoubtedly a labour-saving machine. A *paddy thrashing machine* purchased from Messrs. Oakes & Co. was successfully used at Telaprólu. The *Winnowing machine* in use at Sivagiri works successfully. A large cotton soil plough,

which is in common use in the neighbourhood of Bellary but unknown in the rest of the Presidency, was used at Sivagiri with success in ploughing up wet land during the dry season with a view to eradicate troublesome weeds like *hariali* and *notch* grass and expose the sub-soil to atmospheric action. *Four-tined forks* have been introduced on most of the farms and have been found very useful in harvesting ground-nut.

(4) *Manures*.—Special attention is being devoted on all the farms to the collection and preservation of farm-yard manure and refuse in pits. The ryots everywhere seem to appreciate this practice, but they are very slow at following the good example. At Sivagiri 130 acres were manured with green-manure, most of which was from green-manure crops grown on the land itself; such as wild indigo, sunn-hemp and cow-gram. An experiment at Kavalappára with *Cassia tora* grown as a green-manure for paddy gave a yield of 904 Madras measures per acre, whereas a corresponding unmanured plot gave 759 Madras measures per acre. *Fish manure* on paddy at Kavalappára gave a yield of 1,153 Madras measures per acre compared with 830 Madras measures without fish manure.

(5) *Rotations*.—During the year dry land rotations were devised for trial on the Kavalappára, Komáramangalam, Idaiyakóttai and Parlákimedi farms.

(6) *Cultivation*.—A great deal of dry season cultivation of paddy land was carried out at Sivagiri. This was also done to some extent at Kavalappára, Komáramangalam, Idaiyakóttai and Telaprólu.

(7) *Irrigation works*.—Proposals were made for improving the irrigation works at Parlákimedi and the wells at Komáramangalam and Idaiyakóttai were made deeper. An attempt to torpedo the Komáramangalam wells by the Irrigation Pumping Department failed. * * *

(8) *Economic use of Irrigation water*.—Striking results have been obtained at Sivagiri during the year, showing that average crops of paddy may be obtained with less than half the usual supply of tank water if it is judiciously applied and not as the ryot applies it. The year was one of scarcity. The ryots under the best tank in the locality of Sivagiri obtained an average yield of 506 Madras measures per acre, whilst the corresponding yield under the best home-farm tank, which is not nearly so good a tank, was 744 Madras measures per acre. As water was the great factor in determining the yield of paddy at Sivagiri during the year under report, the difference between the yield on the home-farm land and the ryots' land must be largely due to the fact that the Farm Superintendent made much better use of the water-supply available than the ryots did.

(9) *Financial results*.—

CONSOLIDATED statement of profit and loss on the Farms for the year ending 30th April 1909.

Number.	Name of farms.	Net profit	Net loss	Rent and cesses charged to the farms.
		after deduct- ing rent and cesses.	after deduct- ing rent and cesses.	
		RS.	RS.	RS.
1	Sivagiri	9,912	Nil.	5,260
2	Vuyyúru	2,153	Nil.	836
3	South Vallúru	Nil.	969	1,280
4	Idaiyakóttai	Nil.	588	136
5	Komáramangalam	Nil.	724	187
6	Parlákimedi	Nil.	2,981	941
7	Kavalappára	Nil.	1,469	929
8	Telaprólu	Nil.	3,874	1,300
	Total ..	12,065	10,605	..
	Consolidated profit ..	1,460	..	..

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper :—

Proceedings of the Court of Wards, No. 9, Press, dated 31st January 1910.

The Hon'ble Mr. R. B. CLEGG.

The Court begs to submit to Government its report on the administration of the estates under its management during fasli 1318 ending with 30th June 1909.

(True Extract.)

A. R. LOFTUS-TOTTENHAM,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department,
with copy of the report and a file of the Collectors' reports.
„ all Collectors and Estate Collectors in charge of Wards' estates.
„ the Accountant-General.
„ the European Tutor, Newington.
„ the Agricultural Expert to the Court of Wards.
„ Collectors of other districts.
„ the Director of Public Instruction, with two copies of the report.

Order—No. 828, Revenue, dated 17th March 1910.

Miscellaneous.

The report of the Court of Wards on the administration of the estates under its management will be recorded with the following remarks.

2. *Estates under management.*—Of the 27 estates under the management of the Court at the commencement of the year, one, Belgam, was handed back to its proprietor on his attaining majority on the 9th March 1909. During the eight years of the Court's management of this estate, the demand rose by nearly 39 per cent., the entire debts of the estate amounting to Rs. 2,73,484 were paid off by the sale of a few villages and a surplus of Rs. 15,337 accumulated. The Palayampatti ward attained majority on the 7th January 1909, but the Court relinquished only its superintendence of the ward's *person*, retaining that of his *property* under section 57 of the Madras Act I of 1902, so as to clear off the debts due by the estate. The Sivaganga ward attained majority in May 1909, but was declared incapacitated under section 9 (d) of the Act. There were thus 26 estates under the superintendence of the Court at the end of the year.

3. *Season and cultivation.*—The season, though far from favourable, was better than in the previous year except in the Tinnevely and Madura districts. There was a further decrease in the area under cultivation which was 81·3 per cent. of the holdings as against 85·3 per cent. in the previous fasli and 86·4 per cent. in fasli 1316. The lowest percentage (41·9 per cent.) in the fasli under review was in Uttumalai and is ascribed to the unsatisfactory character of the season.

4. *Demand and cultivation.*—The arrear demand at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 5·58 lakhs as compared with Rs. 10·21 lakhs at the end of the previous year. Deducting the subsequent collections, remissions and sums written off, the net recoverable balance on the date of the Collectors' reports, was Rs. 4·45 lakhs as against

Rs. 5.17 lakhs in the previous year. The current demand of the estates was Rupees 22.59 lakhs, of which Rs. 18.09 lakhs were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 4.50 lakhs or 19.9 per cent. at the end of the year as against 25.1 per cent. at the end of the previous year. These results are satisfactory. The collections were particularly bad in the Karvénagar estate which has since been released from the Court's superintendence and in Uttumalai owing, it is said, to an attitude of opposition adopted, but since abandoned, by the ryots. Government note with satisfaction the improvement in collections in Parlákimedi.

5. *Receipts and charges.*—The total receipts of the year amounted to Rs. 31.89 lakhs, and the total charges to Rs. 25.65 lakhs, of which Rs. 5.92 lakhs were paid towards clearing off debts due by the estates. Excluding this amount, the normal expenditure was Rs. 19.73 lakhs, of which Rs. 3.27 lakhs or about 17 per cent represent the outlay on public works as against 15.7 per cent. in the previous year 67.1 per cent. of the allotment for works was utilised during the fasli against 63.2 per cent. in the preceding year. The outlay and expenditure on works would have been more satisfactory but for the inability of the Court for some time to secure the services of a proper Engineer for three of the larger estates.

6. *Agricultural improvements.*—Mr. J. M. Lonsdale continued to be the Agricultural Expert. There were seven home-farms during the year, with exception of one of them—Sivagiri—their working was unsatisfactory. Government note with regret that this was due mainly to the inexperience of the Superintendents in charge and trust the Court will be able to select a better class of men. The results attained at Sivagiri were of considerable interest and it may be hoped, be helpful to the ryots of the estate and to the other estates.

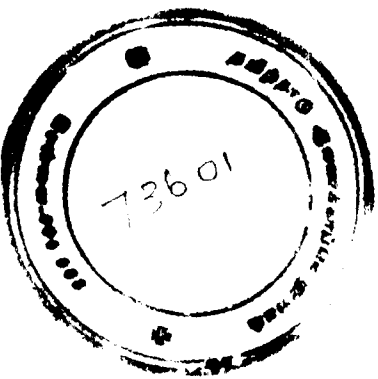
7. The estates still most heavily encumbered were Karvénagar, Vuyyuru, Uttumalai, and Urkkádu. Of the margin. Of the since the close of the year, the Court's surplus from the Court's surplus bulk of the debt due by the Karvénagar estate has since been paid off by the ryots. The Court hopes soon to discharge the large debts due by Vuyyuru and Urkkádu which carry heavy rates of interest by advances from the surpluses of other estates under its management.

8. The Government are glad to note the satisfactory conduct and progress of the wards at Newington, and trust that the efforts of the Court to discover the Thimmájamma ward, said to be concealed by his father in Mysore State, may before long show some result.

(True Extract.)

A. G. CARDEW,
Secretary to Government.

To the Court of Wards.
Public Works Department.
Copy to the Public Department.
Editors' Table.



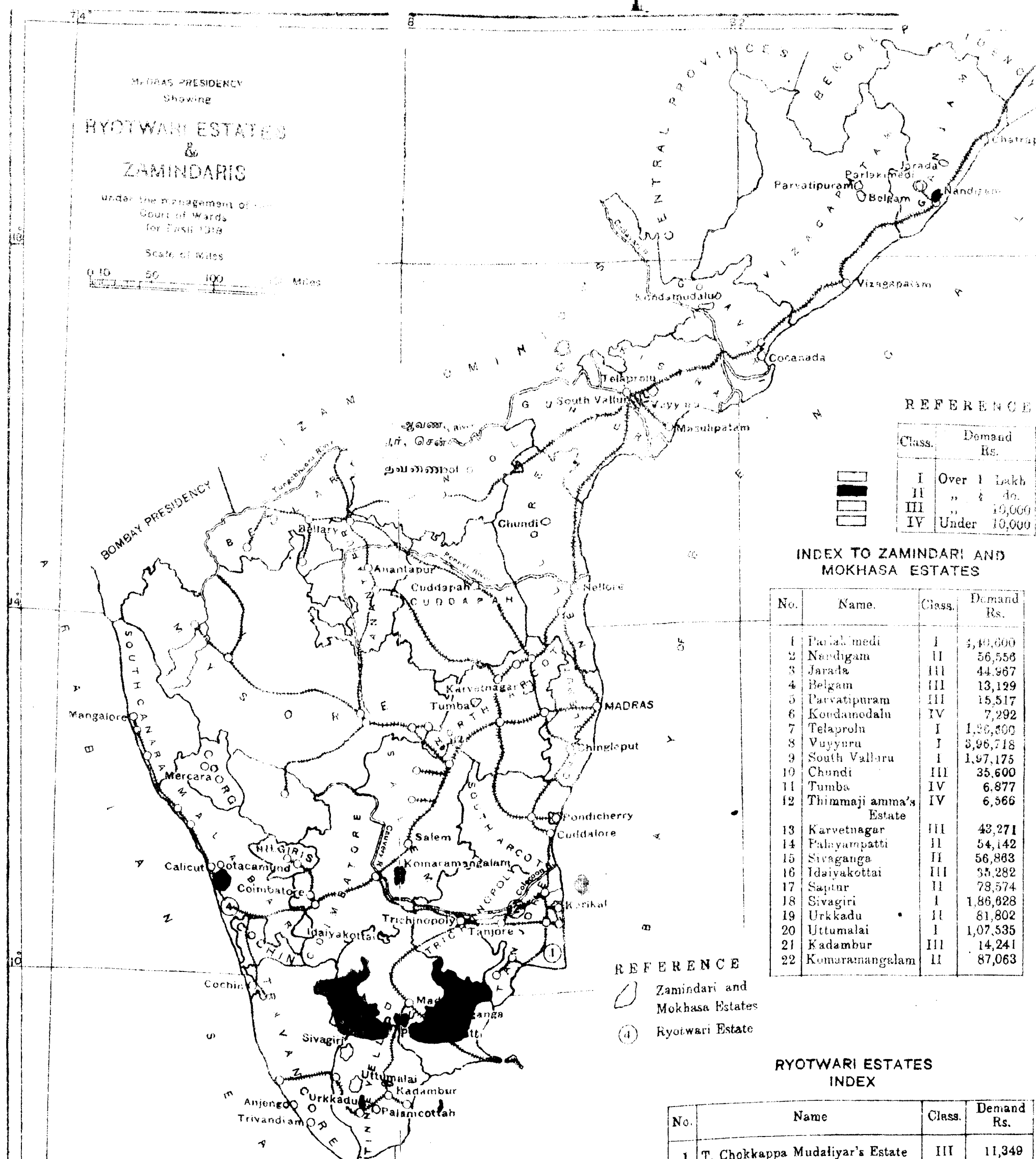
the estate

To the Secretary to Government, Bangalore, with copy of
all Collectors and Estate Collectors
the Accountant-General.
the European Tutor, Newington
the Agricultural Expert to the Court
Collectors of other districts
the Director of Agriculture

4. .
to Rs. 5.50 .
Deducting the sum
recoverable balance on

2257
RF

MADRAS PRESIDENCY
Showing
**RYOTWARI ESTATES
&
ZAMINDARIES**
under the management of the
Court of Wards
for 1931-1932
Scale of Miles
0 50 100 Miles



REFERENCE

Class.	Demand Rs.
I	Over 1 Lakh
II	" 4 do.
III	" 10,000
IV	Under 10,000

INDEX TO ZAMINDARI AND
MOKHASA ESTATES

No.	Name.	Class.	Demand Rs.
1	Parlakmedi	I	5,40,600
2	Nandigam	II	56,558
3	Jarada	III	44,967
4	Belgam	III	13,129
5	Parvatipuram	III	15,517
6	Kondanodalu	IV	7,292
7	Talaprolu	I	1,36,600
8	Vuyyuru	I	3,96,718
9	South Vallaru	I	1,97,175
10	Chundi	III	35,600
11	Tumba	IV	6,877
12	Thimmaji amma's Estate	IV	6,566
13	Karvetnagar	III	43,271
14	Palayampatti	II	54,142
15	Sivaganga	II	56,883
16	Idaiyakottai	III	35,282
17	Saptur	II	78,574
18	Sivagiri	I	1,86,628
19	Urkkadu	II	81,802
20	Uttumalai	I	1,07,535
21	Kadambur	III	14,241
22	Komaramangalam	II	87,063

REFERENCE

- Zamindari and Mokhasa Estates
 Ryotwari Estate

RYOTWARI ESTATES
INDEX

No.	Name	Class.	Demand Rs.
1	T. Chokkappa Mudaliyar's Estate	III	11,349
2	A. Subramania Sastri's Estate	IV	2,922
3	V. Subramania Sastri's Estate	II	61,881