

Board of Revenue, Madras

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Jamabandi—Fasli 1352 (1942-43)—Report—Submitted to the Government.

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‡ Omitted with reference to G.O. No. 1535, Revenue, dated 29th May 1917.

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† Omitted with reference to G.O. Ms. No. 1219, Revenue, dated 11th June 1932.

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TABLE C.—Incidence of land revenue on area and population in each district in the Madras Presidency

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TABLE E.—Transfer of property in land in each district in the Madras Presidency

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* As accounts are not now maintained separately under the two Acts the particulars of Statement No. 14 are merged with those of Statement No. 13.

† Omitted with reference to G.O. No. 1181, Revenue, dated 28th June 1922.

‡ Omitted with reference to G.O. No. 269, Revenue, dated 27th January 1914.

Resolution—No. 16, MIS., dated 5th January 1944.

Jamabandi—Fasli 1352 (1942-43)—Report—Submitted to Government

The Board submits its report on the settlement of land revenue in the Madras Presidency for fasli 1352 (1942-43) together with the prescribed statements.

The main features of the fasli were—

(i) On the whole the season was generally fair only in the Godavari, Kistna, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, the South, the West Coast and the Nilgiris. It was below the normal in the other districts especially in parts of the Deccan where it was bad—vide paragraph 2.

(ii) The total extent of ryotwari holdings increased by 12,840 acres from 27,633,563 acres in the previous fasli—vide paragraph 7.

(iii) The total assessment on holdings showed an increase of Rs. 6,324 from Rs. 6,03,61,170 in the previous fasli—vide paragraph 8.

(iv) The total area cultivated in ryotwari holdings decreased by 185,884 acres—vide paragraph 9.

(v) The amount of water-rate and second-crop charge increased by Rs. 33,084—vide paragraph 10.

(vi) Season remissions increased by Rs. 21,40,494—vide paragraph 11 (i).

(vii) Fixed remissions decreased by Rs. 20,487—vide paragraph 11 (ii).

(viii) Beriz deductions increased by Rs. 14,153—vide paragraph 11 (iii).

(ix) The amount of revenue remitted in this fasli was Rs. 120.33 lakhs against Rs. 99.79 lakhs in the last fasli. This includes Rs. 72.26 lakhs under general remissions which do not depend on the season—vide paragraph 11.

(x) Miscellaneous revenue increased by Rs. 6,69,841—vide paragraph 12.

(xi) There was a decrease in the number of land sales—vide paragraph 26.

2. Season.—The south-west monsoon set in on the Malabar Coast in the second week of June 1942 and was generally active during the rest of the month. Thunderstorms occurred over the Peninsula during the first week of the month. The rainfall in June was above the normal in the Deccan, Nellore, Chingleput, Chittoor, North Arcot, Salem, Malabar, South Kanara and the Nilgiris and below the normal in the other districts of the Province. The early rains gave a good start for the sowing of paddy on the West Coast and of the early dry crops in the Deccan. The monsoon continued to be active on the West Coast in July and the rainfall in the month was above the normal in Malabar, South Kanara and the Nilgiris and below the normal elsewhere. Except for a temporary strengthening in the third week of August 1942, the monsoon was feeble on the West Coast. It was, however, fairly well maintained during the second fortnight of the month in the rest of the Province. The rainfall in August 1942 was normal or bordering on the normal in Kistna, Anantapur, Chingleput and Tinnevely, above the normal in the Circars (except Kistna), Kurnool, Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, the Central districts (except Trichinopoly) Tanjore, Madura and the Nilgiris, and below the normal in the other districts. The monsoon, however, was not so active in September, but thunderstorm activity was fairly pronounced in parts of the Province during the second and last week of the month. The rainfall in the month was normal in Tinnevely, above the normal in South Arcot, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, and Ramnad and

below the normal in the rest of the Province. On the whole the rainfall during the south-west monsoon (June to September 1942) was below the normal in all the districts except West Godavari, South Arcot, Madura, Malabar, South Kanara and the Nilgiris where it was slightly above the normal.

Freshes came down the main rivers in time and continued steady and generally sufficient for agricultural operations.

Sowings of the early crops were above the average in the south and below the average in the Carnatic. In the rest of the Province, sowings were below the average in the case of early dry crops and above the average in the case of early wet crops.

The condition of the standing crops was generally satisfactory except in parts of the Deccan and Chittoor where the crops were affected by drought.

During the first fortnight of October, local thunder showers occurred in the Peninsula. A weak depression formed in the south-east Arabian sea on the 13th caused fairly widespread rain in and around Malabar during the period 13th to 16th. A trough of low pressure appeared over the Bay of Bengal on the 28th and developed into a depression causing locally heavy rain along the North Madras Coast. The rainfall in October was above the normal in East Godavari (Plain), West Godavari, Madura and Malabar and below the normal in the rest of the Province. Rainfall was generally widespread in the North Madras Coast on the 18th and 19th November as a result of low pressure which lay along and off the Coromandel-Circars Coast during the period. The weather was generally dry over the country in the rest of the month except for occasional and scattered thunder showers in the south of the Peninsula. The rainfall in November was below the normal in all the districts except Vizagapatam and East Godavari (Plains). As a result of the insufficient rainfall, paddy and dry crops began to fade in parts of the Deccan, Chingleput, Chittoor and North Arcot. The north-east monsoon was active during the second week of December 1942, and caused fairly widespread and locally heavy rain in the south of the Peninsula. Thunderstorm activity was pronounced in the third week of the month. There was practically no rainfall in the month in the Circars; it was light in the Deccan and above the normal in the rest of the Province. The rains of December helped to revive the withering crops in the districts of Chingleput, Chittoor and North Arcot. The monsoon strengthened in the first week of January and caused locally heavy rain in the Peninsula and the weather was generally dry thereafter. On the whole, the rainfall during the north-east monsoon (October 1942 to January 1943) was above the normal in Vizagapatam, East Godavari (Plains), Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar, and the Nilgiris and below the normal in the other districts of the Province.

Sowings of the late crops were restricted or below the average except for dry crops in the Circars, the Carnatic and the Central districts.

As a result of the belated and insufficient rains during the north-east monsoon crops withered or became shavi in parts of the Deccan, Chittoor, Chingleput and North Arcot.

The weather was generally dry in February except for local thunder showers in south-east Madras and Malabar on the 12th and 13th March was practically rainless except for local showers in the south and in Malabar on 22nd and 23rd. Thunderstorm activity was pronounced in April and there

were fairly widespread thunder showers in the Province between the 8th and 10th, 20th and 21st and 27th to 30th. The rainfall in the month was above the normal except in Cuddapah and South Kanara. Thunder showers commenced in parts of the Province in the second week of May and there was unusually heavy rainfall with cyclonic weather between the 17th and 20th. The copious rains brought supplies to irrigation sources in the Carnatic, Chittoor and North Arcot and helped the raising of short duration crops. The monsoon advanced on the West Coast earlier than usual, i.e., in the second fortnight of May 1943 and gave fairly heavy rains. The rainfall in the month was above the normal except in Vizagapatam, East Godavari and West Godavari. The hot weather rains were on the whole considerably in excess of the normal throughout the Province.

On the whole, the season was generally fair only in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, the South, the West Coast, and the Nilgiris; it was below the normal in the other districts especially in parts of the Deccan where it was disappointing.

Owing to the inadequate and ill-distributed rainfall in both the monsoons, and the consequent failure of crops, relief operations under the Famine Code were found necessary in the districts of Kurnool, Bellary and Anantapur. Severe distress was confined to the Pattikonda taluk of the Kurnool district, the taluks of Alur, Adoni, Bellary, Rayadrug and Siruguppa of the Bellary district and the taluks of Gooty, Tadpatri, Anantapur, Kalyandrug, Penukonda, Dharmavaram and Madakasira of the Anantapur district. Distress was severe in the districts of Bellary and Anantapur and a number of relief works had to be opened. Twenty-six relief works in the Bellary district, fourteen relief works in the Anantapur district and five relief works in the Kurnool district were in progress at the close of the year, the average number of persons relieved daily in all the three districts during the week ending 26th June 1943 being 285,174 of whom 217,226 were workers, 59,248 were dependents and 8,700 received gratuitous relief.

The failure of the north-east monsoon also necessitated the starting of road works in Kurnool and Cuddapah districts. Relief was given to weaving classes in Salem town through relief centres and a large number of weavers were given work in these centres in executing the orders of the Supply department.

Land Revenue had to be remitted on a comparatively large scale in parts of Guntur (Rs. 3,61,957), Kurnool (Rs. 2,62,914), Anantapur (Rs. 6,10,056), Cuddapah (Rs. 3,19,156), Chingleput (Rs. 3,31,487), Chittoor (Rs. 2,31,764) and North Arcot (Rs. 4,76,954). In view of the adverse seasonal conditions, graded remission of assessment on dry lands ranging from 25 to 100 per cent was granted by the Government to 443 villages in the Bellary, Rayadrug, Siruguppa, Adoni, Alur, Hospet, Hadagalli, Harpanahalli, and Kudligi taluks and the Yemmiganur sub-taluk of the Bellary district, to 113 villages in Pattikonda, Koilkuntla, Kurnool, Nandyal and Sirvel taluks of the Kurnool district, to 623 villages in Dharmavaram, Kalyandrug, Anantapur, Gooty, Tadpatri, Madakasira, Hindupur, Kadiri and Penukonda taluks of the Anantapur district, to 202 villages in Jammalamadugu, Pulivendla and Proddatur taluks and Kamalapuram sub-taluk of the Cuddapah district and to 93 villages in Madanapalle taluk of the Chittoor district. The amount involved in the remission was 9,01,549 in the Bellary district, Rs. 4,75,289 in the Anantapur district, Rs. 2,81,833 in the Cuddapah district, Rs. 2,52,000 in the Kurnool district and Rs. 57,724 in the Chittoor district.

In addition to the seasonal remissions referred to above, the Government continued the land revenue concessions for fasli 1352 also. These concessions consisted of:—

(i) the cancellation of the percentage enhancements imposed at resettlement in all areas resettled after 1914;

(ii) a remission of two annas in the rupee of the wet assessment in the remaining areas of the Province;

(iii) a reduction of water-cess in East and West Godavari, Kistna and the deltaic tracts of Guntur from Rs. 6-4-0 to Rs. 5-12-0 per acre for the first crop with corresponding reductions for other crops.

The collection of the loan instalments in all the villages covered by the dry remission proposals and the collection of the unremitted revenue in cases in which dry remission in part is sanctioned in the districts of Kurnool, Bellary and Anantapur were postponed to fasli 1353.

Stocks of fodder were generally sufficient except in parts of the districts of Kurnool, Bellary and Anantapur. Free grazing facilities in the reserved and Panchayat Forests were granted in parts of the districts of Kurnool and Anantapur. Five fodder depots were opened in the taluks of Alur, Bellary and Siruguppa where hill-grass was collected and sold.

3. The total number of ryotwari villages in the Presidency was 21,101 as against 21,099 in the previous fasli. The increase of two villages was due to the bifurcation of two big villages in Chidambaram taluk.

4. The land revenue of the Province is derived from the following sources:—

- (i) Peshkash or revenue from permanently settled estates,
- (ii) Shrotriyam jodi or quit-rent levied on inam villages,
- (iii) Assessment including water-rate on lands held under ryotwari tenure, and
- (iv) Miscellaneous revenue.

5. *Peshkash or revenue from permanently settled estates.*—The total amount of peshkash payable during the fasli was Rs. 47,38,336 (column (3) of Statement No. 10-A) as against Rs. 47,44,000 in the previous fasli. The decrease of Rs. 5,664 is explained below:—

Increase due to—

	RS.
(i) Rectification of error	17
(ii) Addition of Polavaram taluk to West Godavari district inclusive of some reductions sanctioned during the fasli	22,894
Total increase ..	22,911

Decrease due to—

(i) Transfer of Polavaram taluk	22,894
(ii) Acquisition of lands	754
(iii) Rectification of error	4,897
(iv) Lands taken up for public purposes	30

Net decrease Rs. 5,664 **28,575**

6. The quit-rent payable on villages held on shrotriyam or favourable tenure was Rs. 7,38,313 (Column 3 of Statement No. 10-C) as against Rs. 7,33,925. The increase of Rs. 4,388 is accounted for as follows:—

Increase due to—

	RS.
(1) Addition of Polavaram taluk to West Godavari district	542
(2) Rectification of error	3,689
(3) Newly levied	77
(4) Not accounted for	86
Total ..	4,394

Decrease due to—

(1) Land taken up for public purposes	1
(2) Land acquisition	2
(3) Rectification of error	3
Total ..	6
Net increase ..	4,388

7. The total extent of ryotwari holdings during the fasli was 27,646,403 acres as against 27,633,563 of the previous fasli which shows an increase of 12,840 acres. There was an increase in all the districts except in the following where there was a decrease: East Godavari (60,535 acres), Kistna (1,116 acres), Guntur (72 acres), Nellore (234 acres), Kurnool (668 acres), Chingleput (2,338 acres), Ramnad (82 acres), Coimbatore (56 acres) and the Nilgiris (678 acres). The increase was marked in the districts of West Godavari (61,002 acres) Anantapur (1,838 acres) Chittoor (2,828 acres) North Arcot (2,752 acres), Tanjore (1,277 acres), Madura (1,231 acres) and Malabar (4,140 acres). The increase in the West Godavari district was due to the addition of the holdings in Polavaram taluk transferred to it from East Godavari.

The increase in Malabar was mainly due to the transfer of unoccupied dry lands to occupied dry. The increase in the other districts was chiefly due to fresh assignments and resumption of minor inams.

8. The total assessment on holdings was Rs. 603.67 lakhs as against Rs. 603.61 lakhs in the previous fasli showing a net increase of Rs. 6,324. There was an increase in all the districts except in the following where there was a decrease: East Godavari (Rs. 42,396), Bellary (Rs. 17), Kurnool (Rs. 457), Chingleput (Rs. 5,264), Tanjore (Rs. 7,559), Ramnad (Rs. 33) and The Nilgiris (Rs. 6,874). The decrease in East Godavari was due to the transfer of 83 villages of Polavaram taluk to West Godavari district. The decrease in Chingleput was due to the acquisition of large areas for the Poondi Reservoir Scheme and their transfer to poramboke. In Tanjore district the decrease was due to the conversion of ryotwari lands in Kumbakonam taluk into minor inam. The decrease in the Nilgiris was due to the transfer of ground-rent cases of Ootacamund, Coonoor and Kotagiri, towns to miscellaneous accounts. The increase was marked in the districts of West Godavari (Rs. 47,230), Guntur (Rs. 1,414), Chittoor (Rs. 1,859), North Arcot (Rs. 1,914), Trichinopoly (Rs. 1,270), Madura (Rs. 1,669),

Coimbatore (Rs. 1,365), Salem (Rs. 3,042) and Malabar (Rs. 6,117). The increase in West Godavari was due to the transfer of some villages from East Godavari to West Godavari. The increase in Guntur, Trichinopoly and Madura districts was due to the assignment of assessed wastes and their inclusion in holdings. In Chittoor and North Arcot the increase was due to fresh assignments and resumption of minor inam lands. In Coimbatore the increase was due to the increase in the area of developed lands in the Anamalai Hill villages and assignments and transfer of lands from single to double crop. In Malabar the increase was due to fresh assignments and transfers of "unoccupied" dry lands to "occupied" dry and of "dry" lands to "garden" and "wet" in the plains taluks and of "undeveloped dry" lands to "developed dry" in Wynad taluk.

9. (i) The total area cultivated in ryotwari holdings was 20.70 million acres against 20.89 million acres in the previous fasli. There was a net decrease of 185,830 acres under dry and a net decrease of 54 acres under wet. The decrease is marked in the districts of Bellary (243,992 acres), Anantapur (97,103 acres), East Godavari (17,674 acres) and Salem (10,314 acres). The decrease in Bellary, Anantapur and Salem is reported to be due to untimely rains and adverse seasonal conditions, while the decrease in East Godavari is due to relinquishment of certain patta lands.

(ii) The total area cultivated during the fasli including that under "Miscellaneous cultivation" was 21.75 million acres as against 21.83 million acres in the previous fasli. There was an increase of 162,488 acres under waste charged.

10. *Water-rate and second-crop charge.*—The revenue derived from these sources amounted to Rs. 41.84 lakhs against Rs. 41.51 lakhs in the previous fasli. There was a gross increase of Rs. 3,95,282 in some districts and a gross decrease of Rs. 3,62,198 in other districts resulting in a net increase of Rs. 33,084. The increase was marked in the districts of Vizagapatam (Rs. 10,116), East Godavari (Rs. 1,38,945), West Godavari (Rs. 76,918), Guntur (Rs. 23,161), Nellore (Rs. 1,284), Kurnool (Rs. 15,241), South Arcot (Rs. 45,759), Tanjore (Rs. 3,186), Trichinopoly (Rs. 55,714), Madura (Rs. 2,324), Ramnad (Rs. 18,512) and Malabar (Rs. 4,122). The increase in Vizagapatam was due to adequate supply of water in the proper season while in East Godavari the increase was due to the increased area cultivated for the second crop and fasli jasti crops. The increase in West Godavari was due to the favourable season. The increase in the other districts was mainly due to the Grow More Food campaign.

11. *Remissions.*—There was a total remission of Rs. 1,24.02 lakhs, of which Rs. 51.76 lakhs related to seasonal and other remissions and Rs. 72.26 lakhs were the total of the special concessions granted under the Press Communiqué issued in G.O. P. No. 264-S, Revenue, dated 15th December 1942. As compared with the previous year there was an increase of Rs. 23,96,878 under season and fixed remissions. The increase was marked in all the districts except Vizagapatam, West Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Madras, South Arcot, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, South Kanara and Malabar.

(i) *Seasonal remissions.*—The amount remitted under this head was Rs. 38,603,36 as against Rs. 17,19,842 (revised figure) in the previous fasli and there was a net increase of Rs. 21,40,494. The increase which was due to unfavourable seasonal conditions was marked in all the

districts except Vizagapatam, West Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, South Arcot, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely and Malabar where there was a decrease.

(a) *Waste remissions.*—Remissions under this head amounted to Rs. 4.76 lakhs against Rs. 3.56 lakhs in the previous fasli. There was an increase of Rs. 2,16,908 in some districts and a decrease of Rs. 96,779 in some others giving a net increase of Rs. 1,20,129.

Special dry remission of Rs. 8,04,193 in 443 villages of Bellary district was granted in G.O. No. 1947, Revenue, dated 22nd June 1943, on account of unfavourable seasonal conditions.

(b) *Shavi and short crop.*—The total amount remitted under this head was Rs. 23,60,904 against Rs. 8,08,737 in the previous fasli, the net increase being Rs. 15,52,167. The increase which was due to unfavourable seasonal conditions was marked in East Godavari (Rs. 28,732), Nellore (Rs. 28,587), Cuddapah (Rs. 9,130), Anantapur (Rs. 5,07,594), Bellary (Rs. 8,57,015), Chingleput (Rs. 2,89,755), Chittoor (Rs. 52,022) and North Arcot (Rs. 17,727). In the following districts there was a decrease: Vizagapatam (Rs. 20,092), West Godavari (Rs. 24,245), Kistna (Rs. 10,171), Guntur (Rs. 26,650), Kurnool (Rs. 12,524), South Arcot (Rs. 8,907), Tanjore (Rs. 5,017), Madura (Rs. 7,380), Ramnad (Rs. 6,936), Tinnevely (Rs. 8,762), Malabar (Rs. 1,10,070).

(c) *Tirukammi remissions, i.e., remissions of the difference between wet and dry assessment on wet lands cultivated with dry crops owing to insufficiency or failure of water-supply.*—The amount remitted under this head was Rs. 8,64,497 against Rs. 4,80,554 in the previous fasli, showing a net increase of Rs. 3,83,943. The increase was marked in the districts of Nellore (Rs. 34,701), Cuddapah (Rs. 11,632), Anantapur (Rs. 46,333), Chingleput (Rs. 38,206), Chittoor (Rs. 1,09,705), North Arcot (Rs. 2,29,957) and Salem (Rs. 16,734). In Vizagapatam (Rs. 26,028), Kistna (Rs. 29,754), Ramnad (Rs. 24,370) and Tinnevely (Rs. 12,743) there was a decrease.

(d) *Injury by floods.*—The amount remitted under this head was Rs. 22,205 against Rs. 35,723 in the previous fasli.

(e) *Remission of second-crop charge.*—The amount remitted under this head was Rs. 24,237 against Rs. 30,252 in the previous fasli, resulting in a net decrease of Rs. 6,015. There was a decrease in all the districts which was marked in all except Nellore (Rs. 1,819), Chingleput (Rs. 1,329) and North Arcot (Rs. 3,099).

(ii) *Fixed remissions (i.e., abatement of demand on account of reasons unconnected with the season).*—These remissions amounted to Rs. 1.19 lakhs against Rs. 1.39 lakhs in the previous fasli resulting in a net decrease of Rs. 0.20 lakh (Rs. 20,487). There was a decrease in all the districts except Tanjore (Rs. 1,000) and West Godavari (Rs. 9) where there was an increase.

(iii) *Beriz deductions.*—Deductions made in favour of inamdars and religious institutions amounted to Rs. 9.35 lakhs against Rs. 9.21 lakhs in the previous fasli showing a net increase of Rs. 14,153.

(iv) In Memorandum No. 100, E-43-2, dated 18th February 1943, the Government have sanctioned the continuance in fasli 1352 also of the land revenue concessions granted in G.Os. Nos. 2841 and 2842, Revenue, dated 12th December 1941 and paragraphs 1 and 2 of G.O. No. 1534, Revenue, dated 13th July 1942. The concessions were in the following form:—

(1) Cancellation of percentage of enhancement imposed at resettlement on dry, wet and garden lands in certain tracts resettled in recent years.

(2) Grant of a remission of two annas in the rupee of the we assessment in the remaining areas of the province and

(3) a reduction of water-cess in the East Godavari, West Godavari and Kistna districts and in the delta tracts of the Guntur district from Rs. 6-4-0 to Rs. 5-12-0 per acre for the first crop with corresponding reductions for other crops.

The actual cost of the concessions granted under these orders comes to Rs. 71,67,455-1-5.

12. *Miscellaneous revenue.*—The revenue under this head amounted to Rs. 127.62 lakhs [column (55) of Statement No. 4] against Rs. 120.92 lakhs in the previous fasli. There was an increase of Rs. 10,34,969 and a decrease of Rs. 3,65,128 in the remaining ten districts resulting in a net increase of Rs. 6,69,841 [column (56) of Statement No. 4]. The several items of revenue are dealt with below:—

Item 1—Jodi and quit rent on minor inams.—The revenue under this head was Rs. 20.84 lakhs against Rs. 22.90 lakhs in the previous fasli.

Item 2—(a) Second crop charge on minor inam wet lands in ryotwari villages.—The revenue under this head was Rs. 1.99 lakhs against Rs. 1.80 lakhs in the previous fasli the increase being Rs. 18,849.

(b) Water-rate on minor inams in ryotwari villages.—The revenue under this head was Rs. 17.47 lakhs against Rs. 16.55 lakhs in the previous fasli, an increase of Rs. 92,433.

Item 3—Charge for water in villages in estates including tiruvjasti and faslijasti items.—The revenue under this head was Rs. 31.42 lakhs against Rs. 31.43 lakhs as revised in the previous fasli.

Item 4—Enhanced water-rate on lands irregularly irrigated.—The revenue under this head was Rs. 2.61 lakhs against Rs. 2.80 lakhs in the previous fasli, showing a decrease of Rs. 19,218.

Item 5—Charges levied for occupation (with or without permission) of assessed and unassessed lands not assigned.—The amount under this head was Rs. 6.47 lakhs against Rs. 6.85 lakhs in the previous fasli.

Item 6—Charges levied for occupation of poramboke lands.—The revenue under this head was Rs. 4.75 lakhs against Rs. 4.58 lakhs in the previous fasli, showing an increase of Rs. 17,277.

Enhanced charges amounting to Rs. 1,92,509 were levied on an extent of 30,810 acres against Rs. 2,15,033 on an extent of 28,025 acres in the previous fasli showing an incidence of Rs. 6.2 per acre as against Rs. 8 in the last fasli. The highest district average rate was Rs. 18 in the districts of Tanjore and Coimbatore.

There were no porambokes to be reclassified in the district of Madras. The work of re-classification is reported to have been completed in almost all the other districts. From the reports it is observed that taram assessment was levied on an extent of 115,203 acres against 76,216 acres in the previous fasli. Such occupation was extensive in Guntur (13,116 acres), Nellore (9,885 acres), Anantapur (16,993 acres), Bellary (7,210 acres), Kurnool 6,832 acres), Tanjore (10,752 acres) and Salem (8,331 acres).

Item 7—Revenue derived from taxed trees.—The revenue derived under this head was Rs. 3.60 lakhs against Rs. 3.58 lakhs in the previous fasli, the increase being Rs. 2,266.

Item 8—Commission from Estates under the Court of Wards.—The revenue derived from this source was Rs. 1,07,868 against Rs. 72,097 (as now revised) in the previous fasli.

Item 9—Revenue from process service fees.—The revenue derived under this head was Rs. 0.02 lakh against Rs. 0.78 lakh in the previous fasli, a decrease of Rs. 75,949.

Item 10—Sale-proceeds of lands sold.—The income under this head was Rs. 5.98 lakhs against Rs. 1.04 lakhs as revised in the previous fasli showing an increase of Rs. 4,93,893. The increase is particularly large in Tanjore and is due to outright sales and assignments of waste lands on collection of market value.

Item 11—Rent of lankas.—The revenue under this head was Rs. 4.47 lakhs against Rs. 4.57 lakhs in the previous fasli, the net decrease being Rs. 10,138.

Item 12—Quit-rent and ground-rent.—The revenue under this head was Rs. 1.19 lakhs against Rs. 3.06 lakhs in the previous fasli the net decrease being Rs. 1,87,037.

13. The net ryotwari demand including water-rate, second crop charge and miscellaneous revenue amounted to Rs. 721.37 lakhs against Rs. 738.25 lakhs in the previous fasli. The details for the net decrease of Rs. 16.88 lakhs are given below:—

(1) Increase in the assessment on holding, + Rs. 0.06 lakh (column 24 of Statement No. 4).

(2) Increase under water-rate and second crop, + Rs. 0.33 lakh (column 28 of Statement No. 4).

(3) Increase in the miscellaneous revenue, + Rs. 6.70 lakhs (column 56 of Statement No. 4).

(4) Decrease due to remission, — Rs. 23.97 lakhs (column 48 of Statement No. 4).

14. *Total land revenue demand (current).*—The demand under the several heads is compared below with that of the previous year:—

	Fasli 1351.	Fasli 1352.
	Rs.	Rs.
Peshkash on permanently settled estates ..	47,44,000	47,38,336
Shrotriyam jodi	7,33,925	7,38,313
Ryotwari and miscellaneous	7,48,49,372	7,08,62,296
Total .. .	8,03,27,297	7,63,38,945

The variations under these heads have been explained in the previous paragraphs.

15. *Total demand under cesses (current).*—The total demand under cesses is given below:—

	Fasli 1351.	Fasli 1352.
	Rs.	Rs.
Cesses in permanently settled estates ..	23,07,217	24,18,947
Cesses in whole inam villages	7,95,994	8,15,988
Cesses in ryotwari and miscellaneous	98,48,047	1,17,86,378
Total ..	1,29,51,258	1,50,21,313

16. *Demand, collection and balance of land revenue and cesses (current).*—The current demand under land revenue and cesses during the fasli was Rs. 9,15,57,543. A sum of Rs. 8,31,29,439 or 90.9 per cent was collected within the fasli and Rs. 69,63,204 or 7.65 per cent written off the accounts. The collection of a sum of Rs. 1,41,792 or 0.15 per cent was suspended or postponed. The percentage of collection to the collectable demand was 98.4 per cent. The percentage of collection to demand during the previous fasli was 90.0; percentage written off was 7.7 and that suspended or postponed was 0.6.

17. *Demand and collection of arrears.*—The total arrear demand under all the heads amounted to Rs. 24,06,078. A sum of Rs. 19,81,023 or 82.3 per cent was collected and a sum of Rs. 50,895 or 2.1 per cent was written off the accounts. The collection of Rs. 19,742 or 0.83 per cent was postponed or suspended. The percentage of collection in the previous fasli was 83.0 and that written off was 4.4.

18. The balance outstanding at the end of the fasli including both arrears and current was Rs. 18,39,060 against Rs. 24,67,484 at the beginning of the previous fasli. As reported by the Collectors in the demand, collection and balance statements for September 1943, the balance at the beginning of fasli 1353 was Rs. 22,88,738. Up to the end of September 1943, a sum of Rs. 5,93,382 was collected and Rs. 34,041 written off the accounts. Proposals have been made to write off Rs. 10,325. The net recoverable balance on 1st October 1943 was thus Rs. 16,50,999. Out of this amount a sum of Rs. 12,63,397 is covered by orders of suspension or postponements in the Presidency. Deducting this amount, the realizable balance on 1st October 1943 was Rs. 3,87,593.

19. *Adjustments to local boards of cesses collected during the fasli.*—Land revenue and cesses are collected together and the distribution of the total collections between land revenue and cesses is effected in the Collectors' offices after the compilation of the accounts relating to the fasli year.

Statements showing the amounts collected during the fasli on behalf of the local boards, the payments made to them during the fasli, and the accounts to be finally adjusted either to their credit or debit are received from the Collectors. After verification by the Accountant-General of the amounts shown by Collectors as payments made to local boards, the recovery of over-payments is being watched by the Board in accordance with the instructions contained in paragraph 3 of G.O. No. 5197, L. & M., dated 7th December 1926.

20. *Charges debitable to land revenue.*—The charges in the Land Revenue department are shown in the accounts under the head "25. General Administration." The district administration charges excluding village establishments amounted to Rs. 115.81 lakhs during fasli 1352. The village service charges including those of proprietary estates during the fasli were Rs. 123.49 lakhs. The total charges amounted to Rs. 239.30 lakhs or 28.12 per cent of the total land revenue and cess collected.

It has, however, to be borne in mind that the expenditure does not represent merely the cost of collecting the land revenue. The Land Revenue department performs multifarious duties of which the control and collection of land revenue is only one. The village establishment in particular is the servant of all the departments of the Government. Moreover a considerable portion of the time of the Collectors and his subordinate officials is occupied with magisterial work and of late with war-work also. Thus the

actual cost of collecting the land revenue cannot be estimated with any degree of accuracy. It is far less than the amount of expenditure shown above.

21. *Process under Act II of 1864.*—Statement No. 12 gives particulars of coercive processes issued for the realization of the Government dues under Madras Act II of 1864. The following extract shows the number of processes issued during the fasli under report as compared with those for the three preceding faslis.

Coercive processes.	Fasli 1349.	Fasli 1350.	Fasli 1351.	Fasli 1352.
Demand notices	1,168,814	1,209,528	1,053,095	8,49,750
Distrain or attachment notices ..	105,738	83,620	73,647	46,653
Sale notices	5,233	60,987	57,006	30,689
Sale (number of defaulters)	12,767	9,895	8,160	4,223

There is a general decrease in the number of demand, distrain or attachment and sale notices; and the number of defaulters whose properties (personal and real) were sold shows a decrease of 48 per cent as compared with fasli 1351.

22. *Demand notices.*—(Statement No. 12).—The number of demand notices issued during the fasli is less than those of the three previous faslis 1349, 1350 and 1351.

23. *Distrain or attachment notices.* There is an appreciable decrease in the number of distrain or attachment notices when compared with those of the three previous faslis.

24. There is a decrease of 1.89 in the percentage of the number of notices of distrain and attachment of personal property to the total number of demand notices when compared with the previous fasli. There is a decrease of 0.77 per cent in respect of real property.

Percentage of attachment to the total number of demand notices.—

Fasli.	Personal property.	Real property.	Total.
1349	8.16	2.43	10.59
1350	5.94	1.81	7.75
1351	6.25	1.79	8.04
1352	4.36	1.02	5.38

The number of defaulters whose immovable properties were attached during the fasli was 8,687 against 18,939 in fasli 1351.

25. *Sale notices.*—Out of 45,762 defaulters whose properties were attached 32.94 per cent paid up the arrears before sale notices were issued as against 32.70 in the last fasli. The number of notices of sale were large in Tanjore (11,689).

26. *Sales.*—The number of defaulters whose properties were sold in the fasli was less than that in fasli 1351 by 3,937. There was a decrease in the number of sales of personal property by 1,991 and also in the number of sales of real property by 1,993. The percentage borne by the actual number of sales to the number of sale notices in the Province is 13.76 against

14.31 in fasli 1351. The percentage of the number of defaulters whose properties were sold to the total number of holdings is 0.06 as against 0.12 in the previous fasli.

Value of lands sold.—Immovable property of the estimated value of Rs. 1,75,029 [column (21) of Statement No. 12] was sold for the recovery of arrears amounting to Rs. 41,401 [column (20) of Statement No. 12.] The amount realized was Rs. 42,155 [column (22) of Statement No. 12.] The estimated value of lands sold was disproportionate to the amount of arrears in some of the districts. The prices fetched for lands sold to private individuals amounted on the average to 4-19/20 times the assessment in the case of dry lands; and 6-3/5 times the assessment in the case of wet lands. In fasli 1351 immovable property of the estimated value of Rs. 3,59,167 was sold for the recovery of arrears amounting to Rs. 86,546 and the amount realized was Rs. 1,09,294. The average price fetched for lands sold to private individuals is much less than in fasli 1351 in the case of both dry and wet lands.

Extent of lands sold (Statement No. 12).—The extent of lands sold to private individuals in the fasli was 1,936 acres under dry and 997 acres under wet, against 5,633 acres and 2,140 acres respectively in fasli 1351. The total area bought in by Government for want of bidders was 2,000 acres under dry and 408 acres under wet against 5,904 acres and 1,335 acres respectively in fasli 1351. The total area of lands sold is 5,431 acres against the total holdings of 27,646,404 acres.

27. Process-service establishment.—Statement No. 13 gives the particulars of processes served by the ordinary village agency and by the special establishment and of the fees realized during the fasli. The total number of processes served by the village agency was 875,183 or less than that in fasli 1351 by 241,016. The number of processes served by the special agency (18,986) was less than that in the previous fasli by 3,549.

28. Costs in civil suits.—A sum of Rs. 25,392 was awarded to Government as costs during the fasli. Including the revised opening balance the total demand was Rs. 1,14,762 of which Rs. 29,436 was collected and Rs. 1,312 written off the accounts. The net recoverable balance at the end of the fasli was Rs. 83,979.

29. Interest on arrears of land revenue (Statement No. 14).—The total demand on account of interest on arrears of land revenue including the balance at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 1,44,210 of which Rs. 79,010 was collected and Rs. 1,303 was remitted leaving a balance of Rs. 63,897. The balance is nil in Madras, Coimbatore and the Nilgiris, and exceeds Rs. 1,000 in all the districts except West Godavari, Guntur, Cuddapah, Anantapur, Kurnool, North Arcot, Trichinopoly, Salem and South Kanara.

30. Sale of lands under B.S.O. Nos. 15, 16, 21, 22, 45, 90, 91 and 197.—5,259.65 acres of lands assessed at Rs. 4,965-4-0 were sold for Rs. 5,45,107-1-0 under S. O. No. 15, 67.24 acres of house-sites with a ground-rent of Rs. 91-15-0 were sold for Rs. 34,234-4-0 under S.O. No. 21, and 447.74 acres of lands bought in by the Government at sales for arrears of land revenue were sold under S.O. No. 45 for Rs. 8,701-2-0, 37.90 acres of land which had been acquired for public purposes but subsequently relinquished were sold under S.O. No. 90 for Rs. 4,549-12-0. 3.34 acres of lands for

which the railways were not likely to have any further use, were sold for Rs. 1,000 under S.O. No. 91. There were no sales of tank-bed lands during the year under report.

31. Subdivision of quit-rent.—In the fasli, there were no cases of subdivision under B.S.O. No. 58 of the joint liability of shareholders in enfranchised inams to the payment of quit-rent.

32. In view of the orders in G.O. No. 2595, Revenue, dated 18th November 1942, the Collectors of districts did not conduct jamabandi.

33. The advances made under the Land Improvement Loans and Agriculturists' Loans Acts during the year amounted to Rs. 8.54 lakhs against Rs. 8.50 lakhs in the previous year. The amount advanced during the year under the Agriculturists' Loans (Madras Amendment) Act, 1935, for the relief of agricultural indebtedness was Rs. 13,000. This scheme was suspended by the Government for the duration of the war in G.O. Ms. No. 95 (S), Revenue, dated 11th August 1942 and since then no loans are being granted for the purpose.

34. Including the uncollected balance at the end of the previous year, the amount repayable during the year on account of principal under both the Land Improvement Loans and Agriculturists' Loans Acts was Rs. 12.88 lakhs against Rs. 16.64 lakhs in the preceding year. Of this amount a sum of Rs. 11.65 lakhs or 90 per cent was collected. A sum of Rs. 1.13 lakhs was repaid by the borrowers on account of loans, the repayment of which had not fallen due, while a sum of Rs. 3,724 was written off as irrecoverable.

The amount repayable during the year under the Agriculturists' Loans (Madras Amendment) Act, 1935, was Rs. 1,96,464 of which Rs. 1,81,214 was collected.

35. The aggregate amount of principal and interest repayable during the year under the Land Improvement Loans and Agriculturists' Loans Acts including the balance remaining unpaid out of sums which fell due in the previous years was Rs. 16,52,045 of which a sum of Rs. 14,98,450 or 91 per cent was collected and a sum of Rs. 3,787 was written off. The balance outstanding at the end of the year was Rs. 1,49,808 against Rs. 5,64,911 in the previous year.

The aggregate amount of principal and interest repayable during the year under the Agriculturists' Loans (Madras Amendment) Act, 1935, was Rs. 2,91,018 of which a sum of Rs. 2,70,912 was collected during the year. The balance outstanding during the year was Rs. 20,106.

The Government suspended this scheme for the duration of war in G.O. No. 95, (S), Revenue, dated 11th August 1942.

36. Debt Conciliation Boards.—As there was a considerable fall in the number of applications received, the Government ordered the abolition of all Debt Conciliation Boards in the districts and establishment of a single board in each district for the disposal of pending cases only. The number of cases in which the boards were able to arrange amicable settlement was considerably smaller than in the previous year, the number of agreements secured being 62 in fasli 1352 as against 236 in fasli 1351.

37. Enhanced water-cess on irregular irrigation.—The system of publishing a general or collective notice in each village in accordance with B.P.

No. 58, Settlement, dated 10th April 1919, is reported to have worked well. The ryots were aware of the rules and made timely representations to the jamabandi officers. The system resulted in prompt investigation of objections and consequent reduction in the number of water-rate appeals. In cases where Government water was taken without permission deterrent penalties were imposed.

38. *Cultivation of tank-bed lands.*—In some districts, tank-bed lands were cultivated with cucumbers, melons, etc. Wherever the cultivation was permitted, ordinary dry rates were charged; and cases of objectionable cultivation were dealt with under the provisions of the Madras Land Encroachment Act.

39. *Cowles.*—During the fasli, 8 acres of land were held on cowle for Rs. 10 as against 194 acres for Rs. 67 in the previous fasli.

40. *Examination of village and taluk accounts.*—The maintenance of these registers was fairly satisfactory and no general errors of a serious nature were disclosed.

41. *Taluk and village statistical registers.*—The taluk statistical registers prescribed in the Manual of Taluk Accounts (Special) were maintained in the districts of Malabar, South Kanara and the Nilgiris.

The village statistical registers were maintained in almost all the yotwari villages of the other districts. The following statement shows the progress made in the writing up and checking of these registers up to and during the fasli :—

Districts.	Number of villages.	Number of villages in which registers have been opened.	Number of villages in which the registers have been written up and checked.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Vizagapatam	649	649	649
East Godavari	* 833	833	833
West Godavari	* 434	434	434
Kistna	406	406	406
Guntur	759	759	759
Nellore	534	534	534
Cuddapah	764	764	764
Anantapur	752	752	752
Bellary	873	873	873
Kurnool	* 696	696	696
Chingleput	1,497	1,497	1,497
Chittoor	469	469	469
North Arcot	1,680	1,677	† 1,677
South Arcot	* 2,217	2,217	2,217
Tanjore	1,447	1,447	1,447

* Revised figures.

† Statistical registers have not been prescribed for the three Javadi Hill village Tiruppattur taluk which are under the control of the Forest department.

Districts.	Number of villages.	Number of villages in which registers have been opened.	Number of villages in which the registers have been written up and checked.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Trichinopoly	723	723	723
Madura	693	693	693
Ramnad	159	159	159
Tinnevely	581	581	581
Coimbatore	1,035	1,035	778
Salem	1,458	1,458	..

42. *Minor irrigation.*—Statement No. 19 shows for each district the number of works in charge of the Revenue Department, the number repaired and the amount spent on them during the official year ending 31st March 1943, the statement also shows the number proposed for repairs during the official year ending 31st March 1944.

43. *Conference with ryots.*—Ryots' conferences were held in all the districts except Chittoor and Malabar and steps taken to redress the grievances of the ryots.

* 44. *Extent to which the inspection of subordinate offices has been carried out by the Board, the Collectors and the Revenue Divisional Officers.*—All subordinate offices (excepting the Madras Taluk offices) were inspected by the Collectors and Revenue Divisional Officers. The Collectors' inspections of Revenue Divisional Offices was generally thorough. The Board examined the notes of inspection of the Revenue Divisional Officers and issued suitable instructions.

During the fasli under report the Members of the Board of Revenue inspected the offices of the Collectors of Vizagapatam, West Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Cuddapah, Anantapur, Bellary, Kurnool Chittoor, Chingleput, North Arcot, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Coimbatore, Salem and Malabar with reference to instructions in G.O. Ms. No. 2086, Revenue, dated 17th September 1942, and found that the administration of the districts continued to be efficient.

45. *Administration of charitable and religious service inams.*—The administration of charitable and religious service inams continued to be generally satisfactory in all the districts.

In cases of alienation of the inam lands or cessation of the prescribed services every facility was afforded to the inamdars to redeem the inams alienated by them, or to revive the service. The inams were resumed only on the failure of the inamdars to avail themselves of the opportunity afforded to them. The principles laid down in paragraphs 7 and 8 of Board's Standing Order No. 54 were duly observed in connection with the reassignment of the net assessment on the resumed inams. Eighty-five acres and forty-three cents of religious and 83.26 acres of charitable service inams with an assessment of Rs 203-9-7 and Rs. 145-1-0 respectively were resumed in the fasli on account of alienation of the inam lands or cessation of the prescribed services, or disappearance of the institutions. As

regards the resumed religious service inams, net assessments amounting to Rs. 118-8-7 were reassigned to the working incumbents and the balance of Rs. 85-1-0 was credited to the general revenues. In respect of resumed charitable service inams, net assessments amounting to Rs. 86-7-0 were reassigned to the working incumbents, and the balance of Rs. 59-3-0 was credited to the general revenues.

(True extract)

R. GALLETT,
Joint Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.
.. Secretary to Government, Finance Department.

No. 2.—Statement showing the approximate area and revenue of the zamindaris in the Presidency of Madras for fasli 1352 (1942-43).

Districts.	Name of zamindari.	As per census of 1881.			Estimated revenue realized by zamindaris in fasli 1352.	Peshkash payable to Government in fasli 1352.
		Cultivated and culturable area.	Uncultivated area.	Total.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
		ACS.	ACS.	ACS.	RS.	RS.
Vizagapatam ..	{ Vizianagram ..	384,000	81,280	465,280	21,19,257	(a) 4,94,816
East Godavari ..	{ Bobbili ..	65,280	12,160	77,440	6,39,578	83,453
Kistna ..	{ Pithapuram ..	157,120	49,280	206,400	8,04,258	2,62,782
Nellore ..	{ Devarakota ..	89,600	28,160	117,760	2,75,542	78,663
Chittoor ..	{ Venkatagiri ..	769,960	401,280	1,162,240	13,22,041	(b) 3,83,170
	{ Karvetnagar ..	218,880	222,720	441,600	4,64,627	1,73,842
	{ Kalahasti ..	368,000	411,520	779,520	3,75,931	(c) 1,72,982
Rannad ..	{ Sivaganga ..	232,960	137,600	370,560	12,15,718	2,53,451
Tinnevely ..	{ Rannad ..	386,880	158,720	545,600	9,29,568	2,92,627
	{ Ettayapuram ..	..	..	337,750	3,06,836	77,985
	{ All other estates ..	..	..	8,138,080	1,23,38,039	24,64,565
	Total ..	..	..	12,842,230	2,07,91,395	47,38,336
	(a) Vizagapatam portion ..	..	..	..	..	..
	East Godavari portion ..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..
	(b) Nellore portion ..	..	..	..	..	..
	Guntur portion ..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..
	(c) Nellore portion ..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chittoor portion ..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chingleput portion ..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..

No. 5.—Statement showing the details under different causes of net district of the Madras Presidency

Districts.	Variations due to relinquishments and darkhats with reference to the state of the season.		Variations caused by the introduction of new settlement.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	(2) ACS.	(3) RS.	(4) ACS.	(5) RS.
1 Vizagapatam	+ 2 2	+ 278	..	..
2 East Godavari	+ 906	+ 238	..	..
3 West Godavari	+ 953	+ 3,871	..	..
4 Kistna	+ 39	+ 98	..	..
5 Guntur	+ 231	+ 430	..	..
6 Nellore	— 298	+ 7	— 1	— 1
7 Cuddapah	+ 552	+ 181	..	..
8 Anantapur	+ 1,134	+ 284	— 6	— 371
9 Bellary	+ 641	+ 100	..	..
10 Kurnool	— 757	— 439	— 1	..
11 Madras	..	..	..	..
12 Chingleput	+ 91	+ 161	..	..
13 Chittoor	+ 2,690	+ 1,397	..	— 3
14 North Arcot	+ 2,701	+ 1,712	..	..
15 South Arcot	+ 528	+ 810	+ 117	+ 243
16 Tanjore	+ 1,533	+ 1,614	..	..
17 Tiruchirappalli	+ 730	+ 806	..	+ 7
18 Madura	+ 1,260	+ 1,499	+ 1	..
19 Ramnad	— 4	— 1	..	+ 6
20 Tinnevely	+ 59	+ 42	..	..
21 Coimbatore	+ 415	+ 391	..	..
22 The Nilgiris	+ 79	+ 113	..	..
23 Salem	+ 1,595	+ 1,688	+ 1,202	+ 956
24 South Kanara	+ 465	+ 1,192	+ 9	+ 31
25 Malabar	+ 469	+ 1,043	..	..
Total	+ 16,663	+ 17,101	+ 1,381	+ 861

variations in the extent and assessment of ryotwari holdings in each for fasli 1352 (1942-43).

Districts.	Re-sale of lands bought in by Government at sales for arrears of revenue.		Land having been sold for arrears of revenue and bought in by Government.		Land having become useless or having been appropriated for public purposes.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	(6) ACS.	(7) RS.	(8) ACS.	(9) RS.	(10) ACS.	(11) RS.
1 Vizagapatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 East Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 West Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 Kistna	..	..	..	..	..	..
5 Guntur	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Nellore	+ 17	+ 8	— 31	— 81	..	..
7 Cuddapah	..	..	..	..	..	..
8 Anantapur	+ 2	+ 5	— 45	— 40	..	..
9 Bellary	..	..	..	..	..	..
10 Kurnool	+ 32	+ 20	— 133	— 176	..	..
11 Madras	+ 3	+ 1	..	..	..	..
12 Chingleput	..	..	..	..	..	..
13 Chittoor	+ 3	+ 6	— 379	— 372	..	..
14 North Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	..
15 South Arcot	+ 39	+ 46	..	..	..	..
16 Tanjore	+ 168	+ 548	— 293	— 609	..	..
17 Tiruchirappalli	+ 513	+ 659	..	..	..	..
18 Madura	..	..	..	..	..	..
19 Ramnad	+ 16	+ 19	..	..	..	..
20 Tinnevely	+ 37	+ 38	— 132	— 121	..	..
21 Coimbatore	..	..	..	..	..	..
22 The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	..	..
23 Salem	..	..	..	..	..	..
24 South Kanara	+ 4	+ 3	..	..	..	..
25 Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	+ 838	+ 1,358	— 1,569	— 1,226	— 61,928	— 98,812

Districts.	Land transferred from dry to wet and vice versa.		Land transferred to inam and vice versa.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	(12) ACS.	(13) RS.	(14) ACS.	(15) RS.
1 Vizagapatam	..	..	..	..
2 East Godavari	..	..	..	..
3 West Godavari	..	..	..	..
4 Kistna	..	..	..	..
5 Guntur	..	..	..	..
6 Nellore	..	..	..	..
7 Cuddapah	..	..	..	..
8 Anantapur	..	..	..	..
9 Bellary	..	..	..	..
10 Kurnool	..	..	..	..
11 Madras	..	..	..	..
12 Chingleput	..	..	..	..
13 Chittoor	..	..	..	..
14 North Arcot	..	..	..	..
15 South Arcot	..	..	..	..
16 Tanjore	..	..	..	..
17 Tiruchirappalli	..	..	..	..
18 Madura	..	..	..	..
19 Ramnad	..	..	..	..
20 Tinnevely	..	..	..	..
21 Coimbatore	..	..	..	..
22 The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..
23 Salem	..	..	..	..
24 South Kanara	..	..	..	..
25 Malabar	..	..	..	..
Total	+ 51,854	+ 58,829	+ 916	+ 8,651

Variations due to other causes.

Net increase or decrease.

Districts.	Variations due to other causes.		Net increase or decrease.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	(16) ACS.	(17) RS.	(18) ACS.	(19) RS.
1 Vizagapatam	..	..	..	..
2 East Godavari	..	..	..	..
3 West Godavari	..	..	..	..
4 Kistna	..	..	..	..
5 Guntur	..	..	..	..
6 Nellore	..	..	..	..
7 Cuddapah	..	..	..	..
8 Anantapur	..	..	..	..
9 Bellary	..	..	..	..
10 Kurnool	..	..	..	..
11 Madras	..	..	..	..
12 Chingleput	..	..	..	..
13 Chittoor	..	..	..	..
14 North Arcot	..	..	..	..
15 South Arcot	..	..	..	..
16 Tanjore	..	..	..	..
17 Tiruchirappalli	..	..	..	..
18 Madura	..	..	..	..
19 Ramnad	..	..	..	..
20 Tinnevely	..	..	..	..
21 Coimbatore	..	..	..	..
22 The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..
23 Salem	..	..	..	..
24 South Kanara	..	..	..	..
25 Malabar	..	..	..	..
Total	+ 4,762	+ 19,427	+ 3,393	+ 47,668

No. 6.—Statement showing the particulars of remissions and beriz deductions for fasli 1352 (1942-43).

Items. (1)	Fasli 1351. (2) RS.	Fasli 1352. (3) RS.	Increase. (4) RS.	Decrease. (5) RS.
<i>(i) Occasional remissions or those granted at jama-landi with reference to the state of the season.</i>				
1 Waste remitted	3,55,904	1,76,123	1,20,120	..
2 Shivi and short crop	8,08,747	21,60,904	13,52,167	..
3 Tirvakumni (difference between dry and wet assessment)	4,81,554	8,64,437	3,83,043	..
4 The land flooded and the land injured by water.	35,723	22,205	..	13,518
5 Remission of water-rate	2,550	1,591	..	959
6 Remission on account of second-crop charge	39,252	24,247	..	6,015
7 Other items	5,052	2,737	..	2,315
Total ..	17,18,862	37,52,294	20,53,239	22,807
Net ..	17,18,862	37,54,294	20,31,432	..
<i>(ii) Fixed remissions and other deductions not dependent on season.</i>				
1 Remission granted on account of irrigation by lift	52,912	52,118	56	..
2 Remissions granted on topo rules	810	930	90	..
3 Remission allowed on gradual introduction of new rates of assessment	27,041	17,626	..	9,415
4 Remission of assessment on land assigned late in the year on which no crop was raised	1,668	1,053	..	615
5 Deduction allowed in cases in which both land assessment and troo tax are leviable	10	10	..	..
6 Remission for maintaining irrigation works	14,493	9,533	..	4,965
7 Cowle remissions	78	52	..	26
8 Other items	41,196	39,317	..	3,879
Total ..	1,37,388	1,20,649	118	18,885
Net ..	..	..	..	18,739
<i>(iii) Items allowed on the collection or from the entire beriz of the villages.</i>				
1 Share of shrotriyam proceeds of ready money inams, etc.	60	..	60	..
2 Allowances to religious institutions —				
(a) Deductions from the beriz on account of allowances to religious institutions in lieu of cash payments (G.O. No. 1625, dated 8th October 1878)	8,61,823	8,84,731	22,953	..
(b) Deductions made in lieu of land revenue assessment resumed (B.P. No. 2240, dated 8th September 1892)	30,423	21,913	..	6,510
Total of (a) and (b) ..	8,92,251	9,06,644	22,953	..
Other items	28,315	26,585	..	2,230
Total ..	9,21,126	9,35,279	22,953	8,740
Net ..	..	..	14,153	..
Grand total ..	27,79,378	43,08,222	20,79,338	50,432
Net ..	..	..	20,28,908	..

No. 7.—Alienation of land revenue in ryotwari (temporarily settled) tracts for fasli 1352 (1942-43).

Particulars of grants. (1)	Annual value of the grants made					
	for the maintenance of public servants.			on other grounds.		
	Up to the end of the previous year. (2) RS.	During the year. (3) RS.	Total. (4) RS.	Up to the end of the previous year. (5) RS.	During the year. (6) RS.	Total (7) RS.
A. In ryotwari tracts —						
(1) Whole inam villages —						
Difference between assessment and food or quit-rent, if any	6,434	..	6,434	23,69,455	1,583	28,67,872
(2) Minor inams —						
Difference (representing the inam) between the full assessment and the food or quit-rent	2,18,129	..	2,18,429	41,74,590	10,308	44,84,898
B. Assignments or remissions of the land revenue —						
(1) In favour of individuals for the past or present services, i.e., in favour of military pensioners and such village servants as are remunerated by assignments of land revenue	1,04,976	..	1,04,976	27,203	134	27,337
(2) In favour of religious institutions, the assignments being made in lieu of previous money allowances	25	..	25	1,16,655	3,731	1,20,384
(3) In favour of public associations, churches, temples, etc., e.g., remission of assessment on the sites of temples, churches, etc. ..	23	..	23	1,37,154	86	1,37,240
(4) In favour of individuals for specially recorded reasons	..	..	..	12,408	111	12,357
C. Beriz deductions, i.e., deductions from collections of ryotwari revenue before they reach the treasury —						
(1) In favour of religious institutions, the deductions being made in lieu of assignments of land revenue or cash payments	4,825	3	4,830	7,55,202	3,071	7,58,273
(2) In favour of village servants doing revenue, judicial or police duties or of the village artisans	6,841	34	6,875	1,86,270	4,043	1,82,327
(3) In favour of certain inamdars in Salem whose inams are being managed by Government and of certain holders of ready-money inams in Tinnevely	..	..	..	4,407	..	4,407
(4) In favour of individuals for specially recorded reasons	1,176	..	1,176	12,900	1	12,991
D. Other items	..	..	..	29,259	336	29,595
Total ..	3,42,729	39	3,42,768	86,26,651	11,030	86,36,681

No. 9.—Comparative statement of land revenue—Miscellaneous items for faslis 1351 (1941-42) and 1352 (1942-43).

Items.	Fasli 1351.	Fasli 1352.	Increase.	Decrease.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
and quit-rent on minor inams	22,89,572	20,84,769	..	2,04,803
Second-crop charge on minor inam wet lands in ryotward villages	1,79,924	1,98,773	18,849	..
Water-rate on minor inams in ryotward villages	16,55,035	17,28,569	73,533	..
Charge for water in villages in estates including irajasti and faslijasti	37,56,121	31,42,265	..	6,14,156
Enhanced water-rate on lands irregularly irrigated	2,80,319	2,01,101	..	19,218
Charges levied for occupation (with or without application) of assessed and unassessed lands in which no pattas have been granted	6,85,204	6,10,111	..	45,093
Charges levied for occupation of poramboke land	4,57,713	4,74,286	16,598	..
Revenue derived from taxed trees	3,58,114	3,50,729	1,315	..
Commission for estates under Court of Wards management	1	252	251	..
Revenue from process fees	77,544	1,571	..	75,973
Proceeds of lands sold	1,04,575	5,98,071	4,93,496	..
Gift of lands	4,57,197	4,40,935	..	10,502
Rent and ground-rent	3,95,641	1,12,604	..	1,87,037
Other items	14,81,655	20,06,802	5,22,147	..
Total	1,20,92,221	1,20,61,538	11,26,139	11,56,342
Net	..	..	..	..

No. 9-A.—Comparative statement showing the extent of poramboke cultivation, the revenue derived therefrom and that portion of it which is due to enhanced assessment in faslis 1351 (1941-42) and 1352 (1942-43).

Poramboke occupation during

Districts.	(1)	Fasli 1351 (1941-42).				Fasli 1352 (1942-43).						Remarks.
		Total area cultivated.	Total assessment.	Portion of the area on which enhanced assessment was charged.	Enhanced assessment.	Average rate of enhanced charge per acre.	Total area cultivated.	Total assessment.	Portion of the area on which enhanced assessment was charged.	Enhanced assessment.	Average rate of enhanced charge per acre.	
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
		ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	RS.	
1 Vizagapatnam	..	2,029	6,475	332	2,865	9	2,478	7,394	315	4,043	13	..
2 East Godavari	..	1,273	15,143	406	9,338	23	2,158	19,150	1,092	9,198	9	..
3 West Godavari	..	2,892	24,531	435	11,014	25	4,725	32,586	1,262	14,583	12	..
4 Kistna	..	5,974	45,961	2,147	16,316	8	6,062	38,671	2,147	12,302	6	..
5 Guntur	..	10,030	41,111	1,855	15,535	9	16,759	59,383	3,643	21,084	6	..
6 Nellore	..	3,262	10,892	990	4,387	4	10,302	21,589	507	3,180	6	..
7 Cuddapah	..	3,041	8,925	1,213	5,026	4	5,260	10,621	2,113	2,757	1	..
8 Anantapur	..	10,007	25,130	1,865	9,944	5	17,739	12,929	746	3,560	5	..
9 Bellary	..	12,697	33,652	5,066	13,743	4	11,533	26,053	4,323	15,199	4	..
10 Kurnool	..	6,722	28,386	2,949	14,450	5	11,593	30,902	4,567	19,095	4	..
11 Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 Chingleput	..	3,076	14,258	351	4,133	11	4,591	18,591	412	3,634	9	..
13 Chittoor	..	1,232	2,962	295	1,459	5	3,860	3,331	382	1,352	4	..
14 North Arcot	..	2,566	15,177	755	10,145	13	5,864	17,116	781	7,436	10	..
15 South Arcot	..	5,451	31,773	2,114	17,247	8	7,356	32,637	2,206	15,559	7	..
16 Tanjore	..	11,962	69,715	1,385	14,929	11	11,254	58,035	502	8,903	18	..
17 Trichinopoly	..	2,834	19,487	1,096	14,700	13	3,320	20,133	892	14,395	16	..
18 Madras	..	1,439	9,077	485	7,313	15	2,348	6,342	481	4,165	9	..
19 Ramanad	..	310	2,240	310	1,807	6	207	1,124	180	830	6	..
20 Tinnevely	..	648	4,535	282	3,193	12	1,531	4,244	252	1,900	8	..
21 Coimbatore	..	3,208	14,355	555	9,349	13	4,403	13,692	463	3,185	18	..
22 The Nilgiris	..	16	324	15	242	10	21	457	21	291	13	..
23 Salem	..	9,788	30,842	2,969	13,674	6	11,913	36,563	3,552	20,625	6	..
24 South Kanara	..	109	875	25	134	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
25 Malabar	..	668	2,985	81	410	5	601	3,423	51	233	5	..
Total	..	92,014	4,77,814	28,025	2,15,033	8	1,46,120	4,75,186	30,810	1,92,509	62	..

of land revenue and cesses for fasli 1352 (1942-43).

remission.		Balance.							Total {(a) + (b)}
rent.		Suspensions (a).				Amount uncollected though not suspended (b).			
Remissions. (8)	Total. (9)	Arrears. (10)	Current. (11)	Total. (12)	Arrears. (13)	Current. (14)	Total. (15)		
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
settled revenue.									
..	15,23,177	..	..	..	1,675	20,542	22,217	22,217	
..	5,41,009	..	..	..	59,813	18,081	77,899	77,899	
..	2,23,232	..	..	..	..	1,805	1,805	1,805	
..	2,55,594	..	..	..	45	2,613	2,658	2,658	
..	44,904	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	4,28,952	..	..	..	18,030	5,155	23,185	23,185	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	200	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	1,55,856	..	..	..	5,092	685	5,758	5,758	
..	3,52,875	..	..	..	54	7,209	7,265	7,265	
..	62,657	..	..	..	14,608	36,522	51,130	51,139	
..	11,330	..	..	..	..	146	146	146	
..	33,604	..	..	..	..	160	160	160	
..	55,178	..	..	..	..	1,318	4,318	4,318	
..	1,78,494	..	..	..	..	1,842	1,842	1,842	
..	6,47,848	..	19,639	19,639	995	1,518	2,513	2,513	
..	2,40,167	..	..	..	..	713	713	11,352	
..	24,381	..	..	..	..	33,906	33,906	33,906	
..	..	..	..	..	..	134	134	134	
..	3,90,127	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	51,75,484	..	10,639	10,639	1,00,320	1,35,338	2,35,658	2,46,297	
settled revenue.									
..	7,52,910	..	..	..	6,595	1,00,568	1,07,163	1,07,163	
..	3,10,840	..	..	..	2,954	6,251	9,205	9,205	
..	1,21,580	..	..	..	..	640	640	640	
..	1,96,486	..	..	..	11	3,468	3,479	3,479	
..	18,004	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	1,37,595	..	..	..	..	2,155	2,155	2,155	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	76,480	..	..	..	71	5,853	5,924	5,924	
..	2,14,155	..	..	..	15,738	45,715	61,453	61,453	
..	49,472	..	..	..	..	161	161	161	
..	2,991	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	36,902	..	..	..	..	9,708	9,708	9,708	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	1,00,432	..	..	..	2,013	6,818	8,831	8,831	
..	2,64,164	..	..	..	..	596	596	596	
..	1,21,006	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	
..	18,830	..	..	..	..	139	139	139	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	1,03,430	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	25,48,177	..	..	..	27,382	1,82,073	2,09,455	2,09,455	

B. P. No. 16—5

No. 10.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance

District.	Demand.			Collection and		
	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.		Cur.
				Collection.	Remission.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
(C) <i>Shrotriya</i>						
1 Vizagapatam ..	172	80,488	80,660	172	..	80,312
2 East Godavari ..	1,722	83,128	84,850	1,722	..	83,007
3 West Godavari ..	948	25,345	26,293	267	..	25,345
4 Kistna ..	384	11,825	12,209	373	..	11,148
5 Guntur ..	917	28,188	29,105	906	..	27,778
6 Nellore ..	1,647	71,760	73,407	1,647	..	70,792
7 Cuddapah ..	24	34,825	34,849	24	..	34,849
8 Anantapur ..	1,512	14,802	16,314	1	..	14,217
9 Bellary ..	332	12,188	12,520	332	..	11,447
10 Kurnool ..	..	10,713	10,713	..	..	10,713
11 Madras ..	..	275	275	..	..	167
12 Chingleput ..	5,596	68,395	73,991	4,943	..	65,798
13 Chittoor ..	26	15,679	15,705	26	..	15,647
14 North Arcot ..	43	12,928	12,971	43	..	12,464
15 South Arcot ..	491	22,018	22,509	491	..	22,018
16 Tanjore ..	1,567	1,23,331	1,25,398	1,567	..	1,23,714
17 Trichinopoly ..	288	11,510	11,798	288	..	10,899
18 Madura ..	442	9,509	9,951	22	..	8,193
19 Ramnad ..	684	56,744	57,428	684	..	56,744
20 Tinnevely ..	371	50,144	50,515	371	..	50,143
21 Coimbatore ..	..	3,418	3,418	..	..	2,531
22 The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23 Salem ..	..	40,600	40,600	..	..	40,600
24 South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25 Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	17,166	7,38,313	7,55,479	13,879	..	7,28,460
(D) <i>Shrotriya</i>						
1 Vizagapatam ..	1,657	1,19,220	1,17,977	1,541	..	1,12,031
2 East Godavari ..	1,964	10,489	12,453	1,831	..	10,316
3 West Godavari ..	194	32,513	32,707	65	..	32,513
4 Kistna ..	1,659	48,328	49,978	1,607	..	46,014
5 Guntur ..	3,039	23,442	31,481	2,391	..	27,673
6 Nellore ..	1,647	71,760	73,407	1,647	..	70,792
7 Cuddapah ..	28	11,433	11,461	28	..	11,429
8 Anantapur ..	363	7,465	7,828	67	..	6,949
9 Bellary ..	270	5,929	6,199	270	..	5,399
10 Kurnool ..	..	3,831	3,831	..	..	3,830
11 Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 Chingleput ..	5,901	55,012	60,916	5,624	..	49,084
13 Chittoor ..	292	13,014	13,306	292	..	12,615
14 North Arcot ..	242	8,938	9,180	242	..	8,823
15 South Arcot ..	597	12,946	13,543	597	..	12,946
16 Tanjore ..	3,032	1,23,733	1,26,765	3,032	..	1,23,360
17 Trichinopoly ..	340	26,301	26,641	340	..	24,693
18 Madura ..	3,637	32,175	35,812	2,814	..	29,494
19 Ramnad ..	2,621	1,52,557	1,55,178	2,396	16	1,52,491
20 Tinnevely ..	245	23,266	23,511	245	..	23,266
21 Coimbatore ..	375	5,162	5,537	375	..	4,853
22 The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23 Salem ..	6	26,474	26,480	6	..	26,474
24 South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25 Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	28,103	8,15,988	8,44,091	25,953	16	7,95,055

of land revenue and cesses for fasli 1352 (1942-43)—cont.

Remission.		Suspension (a).			Amount uncollected though not suspended (b).			Total
rent.		Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	[(a) + (b)]
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
jodi.								
..	80,484	..	..	..	..	176	176	176 1
..	34,819	..	..	..	..	31	31	31 2
..	25,612	..	..	..	681	..	681	681 3
..	11,521	..	..	..	11	677	688	688 4
..	28,684	..	..	..	11	410	421	421 5
..	72,439	..	..	..	..	968	968	968 6
..	34,722	..	..	..	..	127	127	127 7
..	14,218	..	..	..	1,511	585	2,096	2,096 8
..	11,779	..	..	..	..	741	741	741 9
..	10,713	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 10
..	167	..	..	..	..	108	108	108 11
..	70,736	..	..	..	653	2,602	3,255	3,255 12
..	15,673	..	..	..	..	32	32	32 13
..	12,507	..	..	..	..	464	464	464 14
..	22,509	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 15
..	1,25,281	..	..	..	..	117	117	117 16
..	11,187	..	..	..	..	611	611	611 17
..	8,215	..	..	..	420	1,316	1,736	1,736 18
..	57,428	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 19
..	50,514	..	..	..	..	1	1	1 20
..	2,531	..	..	..	..	887	887	887 21
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 22
..	40,600	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 23
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 24
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 25
..	7,01,789	..	..	..	3,287	9,853	13,140	13,140
e.								
..	1,13,612	..	..	..	76	4,189	4,265	4,265 1
..	12,146	..	..	..	134	173	307	307 2
..	32,579	..	..	..	128	..	128	128 3
..	47,621	..	..	..	42	2,314	2,356	2,356 4
..	30,587	..	..	..	145	770	915	915 5
..	72,439	..	..	..	..	968	968	968 6
..	11,457	..	..	..	..	4	4	4 7
..	7,016	..	..	..	206	516	812	812 8
..	5,669	..	..	..	..	530	530	530 9
..	3,830	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 10
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 11
..	54,708	..	..	..	280	5,928	6,208	6,208 12
..	12,907	..	..	..	..	399	399	399 13
..	9,070	..	..	..	..	110	110	110 14
..	13,543	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 15
..	1,26,392	..	..	..	..	373	373	373 16
..	25,038	..	..	..	..	1,603	1,603	1,603 17
..	32,308	..	..	..	825	2,681	3,506	3,506 18
..	1,54,903	..	..	..	208	66	274	274 19
..	23,511	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 20
..	5,228	..	..	..	..	309	309	309 21
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 22
..	26,480	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 23
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 24
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 25
..	8,21,024	..	..	..	2,134	20,923	23,057	23,057

No. 12.—Statement showing the details of coercive processes employed in the realization of arrears of land revenue in the several districts during fasli 1352 (1942-43).

Districts.	Number of processes.				Personal.		Property attached.									
	Notice of demand.		Notice of sale.		Number of defaulters.	Amount of arrears.	Value of property distrained.	Number of defaulters.		Amount of arrears.	Particulars of lands attached.					
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)				(8)	(9)		Dry.		Wet.		Other property value.	
(1)											Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.		
1 Visagapatam ..	4,537	120	44	57	1,835	3,376	RS.	5	83	3,611	12	18	5	10	..	..
2 East Godavari ..	4,193	420	377	395	46,342	53,412	RS.	48	3,611	210	481	1	6	..	..	..
3 West Godavari ..	2,769	12	11	8	1,549	2,622	RS.	7	502	82	87	17	9	..	..	..
4 Krishna ..	10,557	233	419	1,320	30,619	33,383	RS.	187	4,177	85	96	78	440	..	..	..
5 Guntur ..	10,312	721	296	670	9,812	14,754	RS.	65	2,108	109	135	27	257	..	..	..
6 Nellore ..	6,811	676	108	924	13,878	16,022	RS.	48	901	43	40	66	245	..	..	..
7 Cuddapah ..	2,839	288	123	261	3,781	8,155	RS.	10	397	23	17	88	551	..	..	..
8 Anantapur ..	3,719	88	59	101	2,014	3,014	RS.	13	261	20	..	17	56	..	..	..
9 Bellary ..	3,343	537	328	384	5,972	14,319	RS.	315	2,903	2,806	1,857	63	302	..	..	..
10 Kurnool ..	2,515	5	1	16	29	81	RS.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11 Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	RS.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 Chingleput ..	5,309	1,071	2,268	1,032	1,12,366	38,917	RS.	1,794	25,911	3,211	4,624	5,169	18,796	400	..	..
13 Chittoor ..	2,001	6	..	3	799	153	RS.	..	4,949	..	..	2	19	..	..	..
14 North Arcot ..	4,99,133	3,623	281	3,447	27,665	26,737	RS.	173	1,516	417	708	185	910	..	..	..
15 South Arcot ..	33,791	5,100	5,100	4,346	38,836	41,789	RS.	1,309	11,015	4,312	7,736	688	3,590	..	..	..
16 Tanjore ..	1,20,575	11,099	11,099	10,238	1,49,078	1,87,404	RS.	1,461	20,411	823	471	2	7	..	..	..
17 Tiruchirappalli ..	2,998	754	275	677	12,355	13,119	RS.	77	644	172	219	29	104	..	..	..
18 Madura ..	11,509	365	227	2,354	6,952	7,525	RS.	42	362	719	1,164	25	55	..	..	..
19 Ramanad ..	38,993	2,313	720	3,139	11,258	9,685	RS.	802	4,007	257	397	..	..	..	..	..
20 Tinnevely ..	970	38	19	37	77	265	RS.	2	1,410	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21 Coimbatore ..	322	11	..	..	432	1,130	RS.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22 The Nilgiris ..	214	2	5	1	14	30	RS.	6	7,776	15	7,007	195	423	300	..	..
23 Salem ..	2,346	8	..	8	268	313	RS.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24 South Kanara ..	12,580	3,121	2,899	535	11,006	12,159	RS.	2,216	72,085	2,556	3,547	1,126	6,444	..	..	..
25 Malabar ..	57,684	5,452	5,436	5,553	1,79,563	2,42,907	RS.	104	6,809	244	425	192	492	..	..	..
Total ..	8,49,750	36,653	39,689	37,075	6,68,771	7,37,281	RS.	8,687	1,71,944	17,056	30,002	8,614	34,574	1,397	..	..

	Property sold.					Particulars of lands sold.									
	Personal.					Real.					Purchase by Government for want of bidders.				
	Number of defaulters.	Amount of arrears.	Estimated value of property sold.	Amount realized.	Number of defaulters.	Amount of arrears.	Estimated value of property sold.	Dry.			Wet.		Amount for which purchased.		
								(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)		(21)	(22)
(15)	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	ACS.	Rs.	ACS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	
1 Visagapatam ..	2	272	22	28	3	83	1-5	92 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2 East Godavari ..	31	8,187	4,915	4,668	19	3,991	377	465 0 0	80	..	..	..	..	1 0 0	
3 West Godavari ..	1	109	140	185	4	339	1,850	..	42	58	7	36	..	..	
4 Krishna ..	21	476	536	366	5	323	600	362 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5 Guntur ..	18	203	314	294	25	334	2,096	1,225 0 0	78	90	..	..	..	1 0 0	
6 Nellore ..	3	125	153	132	4	59	183	135 0 0	4	5	..	..	..	1 0 0	
7 Cuddapah ..	9	1,536	468	340	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
8 Anantapur ..	8	57	58	57	3	203	300	2 0 0	23	..	..	..	..	2 0 0	
9 Bellary ..	12	123	134	76	35	233	1,211	462 0 0	52	56	8	42	..	..	
10 Kurnool ..	1	2	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
11 Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
12 Chingleput ..	43	816	846	851	584	7,751	25,819	6,110 0 0	306	414	93	339	393	0 0	
13 Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
14 North Arcot ..	76	540	531	540	27	231	521	272 0 0	21	17	22	84	..	..	
15 South Arcot ..	379	750	680	767	117	1,190	4,174	676 0 0	248	398	30	170	4 0 0	..	
16 Tanjore ..	403	7,454	6,623	5,698	953	11,861	93,774	7,630 0 0	833	922	223	1,134	46 0 0	..	
17 Tiruchirappalli ..	1	29	12	26	15	13	263	33 0 0	13	12	..	..	..	..	
18 Madura ..	12	109	136	236	2	33	150	50 0 0	19	15	..	..	..	..	
19 Ramanad ..	234	724	1,435	96	168	583	2,644	329 0 0	274	345	..	..	..	3 0 0	
20 Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	35	48	212	159 0 0	1	2	..	..	..	..	
21 Coimbatore ..	13	75	..	27	1	11	70	400 0 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	
22 The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
23 Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
24 South Kanara ..	316	1,236	12,913	12,142	438	12,656	32,448	21,865 0 0	67	250	17	41	0 0	..	
25 Malabar ..	184	2,544	2,917	533	39	1,69	2,008	1,797 0 0	23	105	..	..	2 0 0	..	
Total ..	1,766	25,372	32,913	28,468	2,467	41,401	1,75,029	42,155 0 0	20,90	2,689	408	1,876	459 0 0	..	

N^o. 12.—Statement showing the details of coercive processes employed in the realization of arrears of land revenue in the several districts during fasli 1342 (1942-43)—*cont.*

Particulars of lands sold—cont.														
District.	Purchased by others.					Wet.	Value realized.	Amount realized by sale of other property.	Total amount of ryotwari holdings.	Percentage of column (3) to column (36).	Percentage of column (4) to column (36).	Percentage of column (15) + column (19) to column (4).		
	Extent.	Dy.	Value realized.		Assessment.								Extent.	
			RS.	ACS.										RS.
(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	
1 Vizagapatam ..	12	18	80	5	10	12	..	120	862.8	0.14	36.67	0.003	11.36	5.88
2 East Godavari ..	18	46	465	..	..	..	..	5,133	13,333	0.3	80.24	0.036	13.26	83.17
3 West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	185	138,279	0.01	91.67	0.004	45.45	100.00
4 Kistna ..	8	28	86	14	81	276	..	728	129,432	0.2	14.39	0.021	6.20	4.54
5 Guntur ..	7	9	801	3	35	254	..	1,319	483,599	0.2	41.05	0.003	14.52	8.63
6 Nellore ..	14	33	113	2	9	21	..	267	224,493	0.3	17.25	0.003	6.48	20.00
7 Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	341	247,837	0.1	45.83	0.003	8.12	100.00
8 Anantapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	195,757	170,644	0.01	67.04	0.015	18.61	..
9 Bellary ..	108	57	334	13	60	128	..	738	61.1	0.31	20.36	0.027	14.3	34.1
0 Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	218,974	0.002	20.36	0.004	1.000	..
1 Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25.83	..
2 Chingleput ..	842	1,612	2,052	694	2,656	3,873	189	7,261	252,426	0.4	21.18	0.240	26.75	20.95
3 Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	179,855	0.004	5.00	..	..	..
4 North Arcot ..	38	41	128	15	60	144	5	812	491,155	0.7	7.75	0.021	36.23	44.75
5 South Arcot ..	93	149	496	4	21	176	..	1,413	733,224	0.7	103.99	0.068	9.75	74.42
6 Tanjore ..	244	285	2,032	49	216	5,532	36	12,728	454,066	3.00	10.60	0.31	11.58	78.26
7 Trichirapalli ..	2	3	33	..	..	..	..	53	451,356	0.1	39.64	0.001	5.81	84.41
8 Madura ..	35	37	50	..	..	..	50	246	343,370	0.1	62.19	0.004	6.17	3.333
9 Ramnad ..	50	61	165	3	13	130	..	416	100,019	2.3	31.12	0.301	55.3	84.44
10 Tinnevely ..	140	126	159	..	..	..	..	159	364,889	0.01	26.31	0.003	250.0	0.7
21 Coimbatore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	312,961	0.063	3.09	0.004	..	..
22 The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,433	0.01	250.00	..	20.30	..
23 Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	364,741	0.002	12.50	..	..	..
24 South Kanara ..	343	1,209	10,757	214	689	14,687	..	34,007	152,011	2.01	84.58	0.45	26.65	18.1
25 Malabar ..	79	212	1,212	11	22	585	..	2,359	431,995	1.03	0.37	0.021	4.10	2.038
Total ..	1984	3,954	19,513	997	3,913	25,908	280	6,456	65,89,821	0.55	13.9	0.064	13.7	48.01

No. 13.—Statement showing the particulars of processes issued and the fees collected under Act II of 1864 during fasli 1352 (1942-43).

Districts.	Number of processes served by		Total received on account of process-service fees during the year.	Actual cost of process-establishment.	Rates of fees charged.
	Village agency.	Special paid agency.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
			RS.	RS.	
Vizagapatam	2,390	2,311	470	..	..
East Godavari	3,581	..	..	..	..
West Godavari	2,784	..	..	..	..
Kistna	8,887	2,382	580	527	..
Guntur	11,359	..	..	..	..
Nellore	7,555	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	3,280	..	..	..	..
Anantapur	3,866	..	..	..	..
Tellicherry	4,068	..	..	..	..
Kurnool	2,521	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	6,986	..	..	..	..
Chittoor	2,007	..	..	..	..
North Arcot	499,690	..	..	..	..
South Arcot	35,827	3,223	606	498	..
Tanjore	140,452	2,233	352	186	..
Tiruchirappalli	4,027	..	..	..	..
Madurai	7,856	4,305	1,364	713	..
Ramanad	41,209	817	315	256	..
Tinnevely	755	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore	333	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	2,846	..	..	..	..
South Kanara	14,437	8,665	1,006	793	..
Malabar	68,572	..	..	..	..
Total	8,75,183	18,986	4,695	2,973	..

No. 14.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance of interest charged in arrears of land revenue in the several districts during the fasli 1352 (1942-43).

Demand I.				Collections and remissions.					
Districts.	Arrears of interest out- standing at the beginning of the fiscal.	Demand of the fiscal.	Total.	Colec- tions.	Remissions.		Total.	Balance.	
					Remis- sions granted by Collectors on their authority.	Remis- sions granted with the sanction of the Board.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Vizagapatam ..	18,487	8,867	27,354	25,670	..	..	25,670	1,684	
East Godavari ..	3,299	5,120	8,419	3,806	..	..	3,806	4,614	
West Godavari ..	1,570	415	1,985	431	48	768	1,297	688	
Kistna ..	2,236	1,223	3,459	783	155	..	918	2,541	
Guntur ..	1,042	692	1,734	867	..	..	867	867	
Nellore ..	6,294	1,870	8,164	819	25	..	844	7,320	
Cuddapah ..	221	121	342	128	1	..	129	213	
Anantapur ..	264	68	332	68	..	..	78	259	
Bellary ..	747	899	1,646	477	19	5	496	1,150	
Kurnool ..	9	7	16	7	..	..	7	9	
Madrās ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Chingleput ..	3,871	885	4,756	349	..	..	349	4,407	
Chittoor ..	4,955	3,255	8,230	1,208	..	..	1,203	7,022	
North Arcot ..	93	218	311	224	..	..	224	87	
South Arcot ..	7,905	554	8,459	1,020	156	..	1,176	7,283	
Tanjore ..	9,873	5,479	15,352	1,438	..	25	1,463	13,889	
Tiruchirappalli ..	181	116	297	69	32	..	101	196	
Madurai ..	889	1,183	2,072	533	4	47	584	1,488	
Ramanad ..	39,081	839	39,920	36,018	2	7	36,027	3,893	
Tinnevely ..	4,028	2,747	6,775	3,436	..	..	3,436	3,339	
Coimbatore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
The Nilgiris ..	..	2	2	..	..	2	2	..	
Salem ..	57	406	463	400	..	..	400	63	
South Kanara ..	429	997	1,426	1,056	5	..	1,060	366	
Malabar ..	1,090	1,606	2,696	175	..	..	175	2,521	
Total ..	1,06,641	37,569	1,44,210	79,010	449	854	80,313	63,897	

No. 19.—Statement showing the member of irrigation works incharge of the Revenue Department, the amount spent on them during the official year ending 31st March 1943 and the member proposed for repairs during the official year ending 31st March 1944.

District.	Total number of irrigation works.	Irrigation works repaired during the official year ending 31st March 1943.		Irrigation works proposed for repairs during the official year ending 31st March 1944.		Amount allotted up to 30th September 1943 on account of works shown in column (5).
		Number.	Amount.	Number of works.	Amount in the district.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
			RS.		RS.	RS.
Vizagapatam	2,137	226	21,848	223	27,820	20,588
East Godavari	1,067	241	39,203	161	57,140	57,140
West Godavari	416	68	17,956	52	18,980	17,134
Kistna	77	17	6,172	18	8,000	8,000
Guntur	277	44	19,531	23	25,500	14,056
Nellore	414	88	33,146	80	35,000	36,270
Cuddapah	1,650	116	27,007	125	20,000	27,000
Anantapur	2,478	156	20,000	20	35,000	35,000
Bellary	399	57	11,844	45	18,630	10,131
Kurnool	512	71	21,647	41	23,500	19,810
Madras	1	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	2,321	218	57,254	271	90,390	71,193
Chittoor	4,972	204	84,002	201	1,05,000	1,05,000
North Arcot	2,780	218	77,943	304	1,50,000	89,500
South Arcot	2,275	630	2,16,503	376	1,59,430	19,645
Tanjore	399	112	30,650	30	37,000	8,933
Tiruchirappalli	1,477	108	38,127	61	38,550	21,203
Madura	3,517	88	27,290	88	40,000	37,723
Ramnad	272	38	9,670	35	11,718	11,718
Tirunelveli	1,607	173	59,406	142	70,000	69,422
Coimbatore	82	26	6,282	20	12,645	12,645
Salem	2,151	120	42,541	89	53,612	56,612
Malabar	2	2	55	2	55	55
Total	31,573	3,047	8,78,316	2,417	11,33,410	7,53,731

MISCELLANEOUS.

Government of Madras

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

G.O. No. 768, 14th April 1944

Administration Report—Jamabandi report—Fasli 1352 (1942-43)—Recorded.

Read—the following papers :—

G.O. No. 1509, Revenue, dated 8th April 1943.

From the Board of Revenue, B.P. Mis. No. 16, dated 5th January 1944.

Order—No. 768, Revenue, dated 14th April 1944.

Recorded.

2. The Government note with satisfaction the improvement in the fasli in the collection of the instalments of loans and hope that this improvement will be maintained.

(By order of His Excellency the Governor)

V. S. HEJMADI,
Secretary to Government.

To the Board of Revenue.

.. Director of Public Information, Government of India (with enclosure).

.. Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands.

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