

166

ADMINISTRATION REPORT
OF THE
MADRAS EXCISE DEPARTMENT
FOR THE YEAR 1933-34

CHAPTER I.

ESTABLISHMENT.

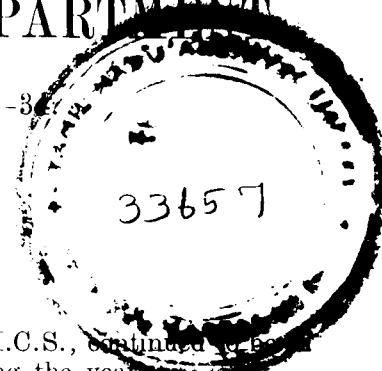
Mr. E. F. Thomas, C.I.E., I.C.S., continued in charge of the department during the year.

2. Statement L shows the establishment sanctioned and abolished during the year, and the strength at the end of the year. Reference was made in the last report to the reduction in establishment in the Excise department as a measure of effecting economies in expenditure. The effect on the administration by the abolition of certain circles which were in charge of Inspectors and making them sub-circles in charge of Assistant Inspectors is under detailed examination by the Commissioner.

3. The total number of punishments inflicted on officers in the department was 250 (371). The percentage of punishment to the total strength works out to 6, as against 9 in the previous year. In a majority of cases, the punishments consisted of fines and stoppages of pay imposed on menials for absence without leave.

4. There have been seven instances in which Sub-Inspectors were prosecuted in the criminal courts. These cases relate to counter-complaints by accused persons in abkari and assault cases and 6 out of the 7 cases were launched under section 323, Indian Penal Code. In the other case a complaint was preferred under sections 211 and 220, Indian Penal Code. In 6 of these cases the officers concerned were discharged while one of the cases is still pending disposal.

5. Three peons resigned their appointments during the year.



CHAPTER II.

COUNTRY SPIRITS.

6. There was no change in the areas for the contract supply of arrack except in the case of the 14 villages of the Madura district transferred to the Trichinopoly district in G.O. Ms. No. 1521, Revenue, dated 21st July 1932. These villages were originally within the contract area of the Proprietor of the Tachanallur (new) distillery, the arrack supply contractors for the Madura district. With effect from 1st April 1933 the villages were added to the area supplied by Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., the arrack supply contractors for the Trichinopoly district. The rates of duty on arrack remained unaltered.

7. The issue strength of country spirits continued to be 38° U.P. in the Madras-Chingleput, South Arcot (excluding Frontier tracts), Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely and the Nilgiris districts, and 35° U.P. elsewhere, except in areas around Pondicherry and in the Agency tracts, where the strengths were 40° U.P. and 60° U.P., respectively. There was no change in the limit of private possession of arrack without licence, except in the Tenkasi taluk of Tinnevely district and Attur taluk of Salem district. The limit in these two taluks had previously been reduced to two drams as the experiment of closing arrack shops in certain toddy-drinking areas, was under trial there. The experiment was abandoned in these taluks with effect from 1st April 1933 and the limit of private possession was increased to four drams from that date.

8. The number of wholesale depots was 372 (372). The number of shops licensed for the retail vend of country spirits in the areas under the contract distillery system was 5,400 (5,393). There was on an average one shop for 16,367 (16,367) persons in the municipal areas, and for every 8,020 (8,031) persons outside municipal areas.

9. During the year the consumption of country spirits decreased further from 934,255 proof gallons to 827,706 proof gallons, the fall amounting to 11.4 per cent. This was mainly due to continued acute economic depression but the development of illicit distillation in certain parts was also partly responsible for the decrease. The average incidence of consumption per 100 of population throughout the Presidency was 1.83 (2.07) proof gallons.

10. The total revenue derived from country spirits decreased from Rs. 143.00 lakhs to Rs. 131.39 lakhs. The decrease of Rs. 11.61 lakhs was made up of Rs. 1.01 lakhs under licence fees and Rs. 10.60 lakhs under duty.

11. The rationing arrangements in certain parts of the Vizagapatam district were continued during the year with a further reduction in ration by 5 per cent of the quantity allowed for 1932-33. As pointed out in paragraph 11 of the last year's report the experiment had little to commend it and proved to be a failure. It has accordingly been abandoned from 1st April 1934.

12. There was no change in the system of supply of liquor in the Agency tracts. The number of shops sold under the central distillery system in the Jeypore and Parvatipur circles was 112 (110) and the consumption during the year was 150,862 (153,556) gallons of 60° U.P. mohwa arrack.

13. Under the outstill system 18 combined shops and stills were sold for Rs. 23,076.

14. In the Nugur and Bhadrachalam taluks of the East Godavari district the central distillery system was continued. Thirty-six (36) shops were sold for Rs. 25,821 (Rs. 33,120) and the consumption was 21,511 (20,609) gallons of 60° U.P. mohwa arrack.

CHAPTER III.

TODDY.

15. The rates of tree-tax remained unaltered during the year 1933-34. The following were the rates in force:—

Districts.	Coconut palms for each half year.	Sago palms for each half year.	Palmyra or date palms for the whole year.	Dadasal for the whole year.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Ganjam, Vizagapatam except certain Agency tracts, South Kanara and Malabar				
Vizagapatam Agency (portions)	4 8 0	9 0 0	3 0 0	1 0 0
Do.	0 12 0	1 8 0	0 8 0	..
Agency tracts of East Godavari (areas under the tree-tax system)	3 12 0	7 8 0	2 8 0	..
All other districts	3 0 0	6 0 0	2 0 0	..
	5 10 0	11 4 0	3 12 0	..

16. The limit of private possession of toddy without a licence was half a gallon throughout the Presidency except in certain special localities where it was one dram.

17. The total revenue derived during the official year amounted to Rs. 2,26,37,656 (Rs. 2,06,86,131), representing Rupees 1,27,76,084 (Rs. 1,04,54,910) under rentals and Rupees 98,61,572 (Rs. 1,02,27,871) under tree-tax. There were no realizations under transport duty on Hyderabad toddy. The heavy rise in rentals for the toddy lease 1932-33 was mainly responsible for the increase in toddy revenue in the year under review.

18. Nine thousand nine hundred and thirty-nine (9,937) shops were sold for the lease 1933-34. The following comparative statement shows the number of trees licensed :—

Toddy year.	Coconuts.	Palmyras.	Dates.	Sagos.	Total.
1931-32	911,594	538,052	655,754	3,932	2,109,332
1932-33	987,396	563,867	689,181	3,592	2,244,036
1933-34 (up to July 1934) ..	994,374	532,371	625,015	3,294	2,155,054
1932-33 (up to July 1933) ..	986,768	556,992	686,856	3,507	2,234,183

Reduced to terms of coconuts by the application of the formula 2 coconuts = 3 palmyras = 3 dates = 1 sago, the consumption for the toddy year 1932-33 is represented by the figure 1,829,945 (1,715,329) and that for the first ten months of the toddy year 1933-34 by 1,772,553 (1,823,134).

19. The number of trees tapped for domestic consumption was 65,601 (74,427) of which 61,097 (69,876) trees were utilized by the 'Koyas.' The decrease is attributed to the restriction imposed in some villages owing to the abuse of the concession of tapping free of tree-tax by the 'Koyas.'

20. No toddy was transported from Hyderabad from 1st October 1933 to 30th June 1934. In fact there has been a complete cessation of transport since 1st October 1932 due to a new company having taken the abkari contract of the Kopbal district of His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Dominions. As already stated in paragraph 20 of the previous year's administration report, the company raised the price of toddy considerably with the result that the renters in British territory found it uneconomical to purchase Hyderabad toddy.

21. The number of trees tapped in British territory for the toddy shops in Mysore and Pudukkottai States was 15,728 (18,233). Four thousand three hundred and sixty-nine (7,302) trees were tapped in these States for toddy shops in the British territory. The concession to mark trees in the Cochin State for British shops and vice versa was not availed of during the year.

22. The sweet juice rules were in force in the East Godavari (ordinary areas and the tree-tax areas in the Agency) and West Godavari districts and in the Repalle and Bapatla taluks of the Guntur district. In these areas licences were issued free of fee to sweet toddy tappers. In the tree-tax areas of the East Godavari Agency the industry was carried only in the Polavaram taluk. Thirty-six (67) licences were issued in this taluk for 2,160 (4,020) trees. The rules relating to sweet toddy worked satisfactorily. In the rest of the Presidency tapping for sweet juice was not under control.

23. During the year under review the tree-tax system was in force in 39 villages of Gudem taluk of the Vizagapatam Agency. In the East Godavari Agency, the tree-tax system was in force in the whole of Polavaram taluk, in 138 villages of Yellavaram, 116 villages of Chodavaram, 36 villages of Bhadrachalam and 17 villages of Nugur taluks. Two shops were sold under the farming system in the Parlakimedi Maliahs of Ganjam Agency for Rs. 408 (420).

CHAPTER IV.

FOREIGN LIQUOR.

24. The rates of duty on locally-made 'foreign' liquor and locally-made beer remained unaltered at Rs. 21-14-0 per proof gallon and Re. 0-12-0 per gallon, respectively. In respect of imported beer, the standard rate of Re. 1-2-0 per gallon and the preferential rate of Re. 0-14-0 per gallon introduced in consequence of the Indian Tariff (Ottawa Trade Agreement) Amendment Act, 1932, continued during the year. The rate of duty of Rs. 37-8-0 per proof gallon on imported spirits remained unchanged.

25. A comparative statement showing the consumption of foreign liquor and beer is given below :—

	1912-13.	1932-33.	1933-34.
	GALS.	GALS.	GALS.
Wines (excluding medicated wines)	27,265	17,641	16,837
Spirits	146,044	92,081	90,514
Beer	581,465	685,176	647,939
Denatured spirits	19,557	75,715	91,454

There is a slight decrease under all heads except denatured spirits and this is attributed to the continued general economic distress. The decrease under spirits is solely under imported spirits 60,663 (62,563) while the consumption of locally-made 'foreign' spirits shows a little increase 29,851 (29,518). The consumption under imported beer fell from 430,600 to 416,061 gallons and that under locally-made beer from 254,576 to 231,878 gallons. The decrease under beer is attributed to trade depression and to the availability of cheap toddy and is possibly due also to the differential rates of duty on imported beer introduced in consequence of the Indian Tariff (Ottawa Trade Agreement) Amendment Act, 1932.

26. The marked increase under denatured spirits is due to an increased use of petromax lights and spirit stoves by the people and to the fall in demand for methyl alcohol owing to the excise restrictions imposed in respect of it from 1st April 1933.

27. The issue of beer from the two breweries in the Presidency decreased from 245,930 gallons to 217,755 gallons. The quantity exported to places outside the Presidency decreased—4,229 (4,279) gallons. The quantity issued to the public and to the licensed vendors in this Presidency from the Bangalore Brewery increased from 19,493 to 21,380 gallons.

28. There is a decrease in the quantity of foreign liquor imported by sea, the quantity being 600,581 (671,177) gallons.

29. The rate of duty on spirits contained in medicinal preparations, culinary, aerated water and other flavouring essences, extracts, colourings, perfumes and toilet preparations manufactured in bond in this Presidency continued at Rs. 5 per proof gallon. With effect from 1st August

Spirituos
preparations.

1933, the duty on spirits contained in medicinal preparations manufactured elsewhere in India and imported into this Presidency by land or under bond by sea was raised from Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 per proof gallon and that on culinary, aerated water and other flavouring essences, extracts, colourings, perfumes and toilet preparations manufactured elsewhere in India and similarly imported into this Presidency was raised from Rs. 5 to Rs. 17-8-0 per proof gallon.

30. A pharmaceutical laboratory and bonded warehouse for the manufacture of spirituous preparations was established by the Karnataka Chemical and Pharmaceutical Works, Limited, Udipi, with effect from 1st April 1933. The duty realized during the year on spirits contained in preparations issued from the pharmaceutical laboratory and bonded warehouse amounted to Rs. 1,623. The pharmaceutical laboratories of Messrs. Spencer and Company, and Messrs. A. S. R. Murthi and Sons, and the special bonded warehouse of Messrs. McDowell and Company, Limited, Madras, for the manufacture of spirituous preparations, worked during the year. Licences for the manufacture in bond of culinary, aerated water and other flavouring essences, extracts, colourings, perfumes and toilet preparations containing spirit were granted to Messrs. Spencer and Company, Limited, Madras, and to Messrs. A. S. R. Murthi and Sons, Madras, but no preparations were manufactured under these licences during the year. The duty realized on spirituous medicinal preparations issued from the pharmaceutical laboratory of Messrs. Spencer and Company, increased from Rs. 2,396 to Rs. 4,247 while that realized on issues of spirituous medicinal preparations from Messrs. A. S. R. Murthi and Sons, decreased from Rs. 384 to Rs. 130. A sum of Rs. 1,688 (Rs. 893) was realized during the year as duty on spirits contained in preparations issued from the special bonded warehouse of Messrs. McDowell and Company, Limited, Madras. The Mysore Pharmaceutical Works ceased to work from 1st July 1933 and the duty realized on imports of spirituous preparations from it into this Presidency till that date amounted to Rs. 323. The amount realized as duty on spirituous preparations imported from Bengal and other places under bond by sea amounted to Rs. 85,074.

31. There were 66 clubs during the year, supplying liquor to their members on payment of a price or of any fee or subscription and a sum of Rs. 6,762 was levied as fees for the year.

32. In the interests of public health and of Government revenue, excise restrictions were imposed on the transactions in methyl alcohol with effect from 1st April 1933 and a licence-fee at Re. 0-8-0 per gallon based on actual consumption was levied quarterly in arrears on all methyl alcohol consumed in this Presidency. Sixty methyl alcohol licences were issued during the year and the consumption under them amounted to 880 gallons. A sum of Rs. 43,191 was realized as licence-fees on denatured spirits and methyl alcohol in the year.

33. The number of licences for the sale of foreign liquor for 'on' consumption [F.L. 5 and F.L. 5 (a)] and the number of beer shops [F.L. 6 and F.L. 6 (a)] remained unaltered at 18 and 27, respectively. But the rentals realized decreased from Rs. 1,95,576 to Rs. 1,90,764 in the case of the former and from Rs. 2,17,068 to Rs. 1,93,644 in the case of the latter. The number of retail 'off' licences (F.L. 2) for the year was 155.

34. Two hundred and fifty-nine (215) occasional licences for sale of foreign liquor at entertainments were issued during the year. Of the other licences of all kinds for the retail sale of foreign liquor 244 (235) were for the sale of medicated wines and similar preparations; 34 (33) for hotels; 82 (83) for railway and other refreshment rooms and 13 (12) for dining cars. Twenty-one (21) were special and canteen licences. Forty-nine licences were issued for the sale of brandy by chemists.

35. A comparative statement showing the revenue derived under the main heads of foreign liquor is given below :—

		1932-33.	1933-34.
		RS.	RS.
1	Excise duty—		
	Locally-made 'foreign' liquor	6,58,966	6,51,620
	Country-brewed beer	2,08,428	1,76,826
2	Rentals—		
	Foreign liquor taverns and beer shops	4,12,644	3,84,408
3	Other—		
	F.L. licences, licence fees on denatured spirits, etc. ..	1,41,870	1,56,927
	Total ..	14,21,906	13,69,781

CHAPTER V.

OPIUM.

36. The issue price of opium remained at Rs. 80 per seer. The limit of private possession continued to be one tola in the ordinary tracts and two tolas in the Agency tracts.

37. Five hundred and fifty-six (556) shops were sold during the year for Rs. 10.79 (11.07) lakhs. One hundred and seventy-nine shops were working under restriction of supplies during the year.

38. The consumption of raw opium during the year amounted to 29,106½ seers against 29,972 seers during 1932-33 resulting in a decrease of 865½ seers. The decrease was mainly due to the continued general economic depression.

39. The quantity of raw opium sold for veterinary purposes during the year was 19 seers and 3½ tolas. Opium preparations containing 8 lb. 8 oz. and 162 grs. of opium were used by the officers of the Government Civil Veterinary Department and by certain private licensees.

40. The revenue derived from opium during the year under review amounted to Rs. 35.31 (37.74) lakhs of which Rs. 10.78 (11.06) lakhs represented shop rentals. The sale-proceeds of opium amounted to Rs. 24.48 (26.59) lakhs.

41. The issues of opium to Indian States were 2,000 (2,000) seers to Mysore, 2,000 (4,000) seers to Travancore, 1,300 (1,300) seers to Cochin and 50 (80) seers to Pudukkottai. The issues to French Settlements were 241½ (237½) seers. Eighteen seers of opium were issued to Coorg during the year.

42. The retail selling price of opium in the Agency tracts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and East Godavari districts was Re. 1-2-0 per tola or Rs. 90 per seer. In the ordinary tracts the price varied from Rs. 107-8-0 to Rs. 198-9-0.

43. The reports of the District Health Officer on the investigation referred to in paragraph 41 of last year's Administration Report offered no indication of the excessive use of opium calling for preventive measures.

44. In modification of the orders contained in G.O. No. 1146, Revenue, dated the 17th June 1927, the Government directed that it would be sufficient if in future the Director of Public Instruction and the Director of Public Health sent to the Commissioner of Excise reports of any new measures that might be adopted by the Educational and the Public Health Departments to check or discourage the practice of administering opium to children in the Presidency of Madras. No new measures were adopted during the year.

COCAINE.

45. During the year, the transactions in cocaine and its preparations were conducted under M-1 and M-2 licences. Two hundred and sixty-four licences were issued during the year. The total sales amounted to 4 lb. 1 oz. and 130 grs. (4 lb. 3 oz. and 236½ grs.). Of this the retail sales amounted to 1 lb. 12 oz. 64 grs. and the wholesale sales to 2 lb. 5 oz. and 66 grs.

CHAPTER VI.

HEMP DRUGS.

46. Sixty-five licences were issued for the cultivation of ganja in 245 acres 49 cents of land at Santaravur in the Guntur district. The outturn was 1,521 maunds, 4 seers and 70 tolas of ganja and 250 maunds of bhang giving an average outturn of 6.2 (4.8) maunds of ganja per acre. Cultivation had been carried on

in Hosur taluk of the Salem district from 1928-29 with a storehouse at Mathigiri. Experience during a period of five years showed that it was impossible to get sufficient land in or near Hosur for growing ganja on the scale that was required and that the most that could be expected after an infinity of trouble in selecting lands and persuading the ryots to grow ganja was about 200 maunds of manufactured ganja a year. The cultivators were not interested in this crop, the lands were poor on the whole and the outturn, in spite of expert supervision did not exceed 2.6 maunds per acre. There was also nothing specially good in respect of the quality of the ganja manufactured. The Government have therefore been obliged to abandon the Hosur centre and to concentrate cultivation at Santaravur with effect from 1933-34 season. The storehouse at Mathagiri was closed from 1st December 1933.

47. The special staff sanctioned for the botanical investigation of ganja continued its work during the year. The investigation was first started in 1928-29 and though six years have elapsed it has not been possible to achieve results of practical utility for general cultivation. There is still much work to be done towards securing the objects desired by Government. The investigation has therefore been sanctioned for a further period of five years from 1st May 1934.

A seed farm of 2.75 acres was opened at the Livestock Research Station, Hosur and an experimental plot of 1 acre in Poonapalli hamlet for purposes of the botanical investigation. A quantity of 1,400 Madras measures of seed was outturned in the seed farm and 163 Madras measures in the experimental plot. A quantity of 14 maunds 19 seers of ganja and 10 maunds 18 seers of bhang was also manufactured from the seed farm plants after removal of the seeds. Seven maunds 13½ seers of the ganja and 3 maunds 32 seers of bhang were manufactured from the plants in the experimental plot.

48. The rates of duty on ganja and bhang were increased to Rupees 27-8-0 and Rs. 12-8-0 per seer, respectively, during the year. The limits of private possession of ganja and bhang remained unaltered.

49. Four hundred and fifty-four (453) shops were sold during the year of which 147 shops were sold subject to restriction of supplies.

50. The consumption of ganja and bhang and their preparations amounted to 44,201 seers against 48,161 seers in 1932-33. The total revenue derived from hemp drugs amounted to Rs. 21.35 (20.27) lakhs. There was an increase of Rs. 0.72 lakh under rentals and Rs. 0.36 lakh under duty.

51. There was no outturn or sale of ganja seed oil or poonac in the Vetapalem storehouse during the year.

CHAPTER VII.

REVENUE.

52. The total revenue (demand) [column 3 of statement A] is compared in the following table with that of the previous year :—

Head of revenue.	1932-33. RS.	1933-34. RS.	Increase. RS.	Decrease. RS.
1 Country spirits	1,43,00,326	1,31,38,735	..	11,61,591
2 Country fermented liquor.	2,06,86,131	2,26,37,656	19,51,525	..
3 Malt liquors	4,25,524	3,70,500	..	55,024
4 Wines and spirits (foreign liquor other than beer, medicated wines and commercial spirits) ..	9,94,032	9,96,841	2,809	..
5 Commercial spirits including medicated wines ..	2,350	2,440	90	..
6 Hemp drugs	20,27,060	21,35,590	1,08,530	..
7 Opium	37,74,303	35,31,184	..	2,43,119
8 Fines and forfeitures ..	3,70,798	3,83,826	13,028	..
9 Miscellaneous	1,10,697	1,09,799	..	898
Total ..	4,26,91,221	4,33,06,571	20,75,982	14,60,632

The total collection in the year amounted to Rs. 4,31,53,583 (4,27,05,258). A sum of Rs. 67,149 (85,184) was written off as irrecoverable.

53. The total expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 33,21,614 (33,56,863); details for this will be found in Imperial Return II. The net percentage of charges to receipts was 7.7 (7.9).

54. The incidence of the total excise revenue per head of population was Re. 0-14-9 (0-14-7).

CHAPTER VIII.

OFFENCES.

55. The total number of cases under the Abkari Act continued to show an increase in the year under report, 23,019 cases having been detected against 22,387 of the previous year. The increase was mainly under smuggling of liquor, illicit distillation and kindred offences, possession without licence and to a slight extent under illicit cultivation of the hemp plant, smuggling and unlicensed sales of ganja.

56. Five thousand two hundred and thirty-nine (4,524) cases were detected under illicit distillation and kindred offences. The increase is spread over many of the districts and is particularly noticeable in Ganjam 869 (510), Kistna 72 (28), Guntur 229 (159), Chittoor 49 (23), Cuddapah 551 (178), Bellary 222 (135), Madura 96 (52) and South Arcot 68 (48). The increase in Ganjam, Kistna and Madura is attributed to special raids on illicit distillation centres organized by the Inspectors of Berhampur, Masulipatam and Dindigul circles. The very high increase in Cuddapah district is due to the special attention paid

to illicit distillation and kindred offences by the Assistant Commissioner and his subordinates to unearth the crime as a result of information furnished by Messrs. Parry and Company. The fall in the number of cases in Salem district 377 (451) and the rise in South Arcot supports the view that the illicit distillers of Salem district had moved on to South Arcot and the increase in the other districts is generally due to special attention being paid to this class of crime. There is a marked fall in Vizagapatam district 525 (926) which is mainly contributed by the Agency Circles and is due to the exceptional high detection of the previous year. The figures for the year are however higher than those of 1931-32 (391 cases).

57. There is a fall in the number of cases detected in the year, 8,957 (9,222). The fall is made up of a fall in 12 districts and an increase in 14 districts. The fall in Salem district is very marked, 570 (733), and is mainly due to the reopening of the toddy shops in the dry areas from 1st April 1933. The variations in other districts do not call for remarks.

58. There was an increase in hemp drug offences in the year under report 585 (529). Cases of illicit cultivation of the hemp plant 111 (86), smuggling 41 (21) and unlicensed sales 190 (143) have been on the increase. As many as 28 (6) cases of smuggling of Mysore ganja into the Hosur circle were detected during the year. The quantity seized in these cases was small in all cases except two and was intended for local consumption. Many attempts to smuggle ganja and opium to Ceylon (through Karaikal and Pondicherry) have been detected mostly in the Mayavaram circle. The drug was obtained from the Tanjore, Trichinopoly, South Arcot, Salem and Cuddapah districts and even from Trivandrum. Since the abolition of the special staff of the Excise Intelligence Bureau the work of preventing and detecting organized smuggling has devolved on the local Excise officers, and the indication is that the smugglers are aware of the limitations that are placed on the movement of the local officers and are taking advantage of them.

There was a large amount of hawking of ganja in Madras Town circle, 84 cases of unlicensed sales having been detected in the circle in the year under report.

59. Cases convicted under the Dangerous Drugs Act are embodied in a statement J-I.

60. Enquiry into cases by the departmental officers continued to be generally prompt and efficient. Six hundred and fifty cases (655) were released by the department, on the score of ignorance or want of proof of guilt and 12,549 (12,152) cases compounded. Eight thousand five hundred and sixty-three (7,851) cases were dealt with by the Magistrates. Convictions were obtained in 7,295 (6,755) cases and 178 (142) cases ended in acquittal. The remaining 1,090 cases were pending.

61. A sum of Rs. 29,918 (Rs. 25,893) was paid as rewards during the year.

62. The Excise Supplement to the *Criminal Intelligence Gazette* was regularly issued.

63. Forty-seven cases of assault on Excise officers and peons were reported during the year, none of which was of a serious nature.

CHAPTER IX.

LABORATORY.

64. The total number of samples analysed and articles examined during the year under review was 2,341 (4,648), of which 310 (2,808) represent the number of instruments and dram measures tested and standardized, and 2,035 (1,840) the number of samples analysed. There was an increase in some items of work such as country attack, beer and opium.

65. The number of samples of country attack examined during the year was 166 (95). The results of analysis of samples of liquor received for periodical examination from the distilleries in the Presidency were in general satisfactory except for the presence of copper in the samples received from the pot still distilleries. Necessary instructions were issued to remedy this defect. Since then 95 samples of attack have been received during the year from these distilleries and examined for copper and in most cases the samples showed a diminution in copper content. Eleven samples of attack suspected to be of illicit manufacture were examined and of these five were declared to be illicit. Thirty-four samples of liquor suspected to be diluted were taken from certain depots and shops and on examination were found to be diluted in most cases. The number of samples of beer examined during the year is 128 (106). Of the 21 samples of beer received for periodical analysis from the breweries in the Presidency, one sample from the Madras brewery was found to be highly acid and the brew from which the sample was taken was ordered to be destroyed. The other samples were found to be of good quality. Of the 89 samples of beer submitted by Inspectors on suspicion of being diluted most of them were found to be so, the extent of dilution exceeding 10 per cent in 23 cases. With a view to fixing a reasonable margin for loss of gravity of beer, *prima facie* pointing to dilution but due to natural and other causes beyond the control of the brewer, samples of finished beer taken from the last issue cask of several brews were received during the winter half of the year and examined for the amount of dilution. A satisfactory basis for decision will be possible only after examining and comparing samples of finished beer manufactured during summer months.

66. The number of samples of toddy analysed during the year was 1,016 (1,069). As in previous years the Tinnevely sub-division contributed the largest number, 607 (648) or nearly 60 per cent of the total number received; the West Coast sub-division comes next, contributing 299 (296). The number of samples that contained more than 10 grains of lime per gallon was 687 (758), and of these 78 (83) contained 100 grains and more of lime per gallon.

The maximum lime content was 316.0 grains per gallon found in a sample received from Inspector, Udipi Circle.

67. The number of samples of foreign liquor tested for true strength was 15 (17). Of these four were found to be weaker than the prescribed minimum saleable strength. A sample of "White whisky" was examined for its quality and the whisky was found to compare favourably with locally-made whiskies of like manufacture and to be of good quality. As the testing of spirituous medicinal preparations manufactured in the local pharmaceutical laboratories worked under bond in the Presidency, had been discontinued, no sample of such preparations was received for examination.

68. The number of samples of opium and 'prepared opium' examined during the year was 335 (168). Two hundred and thirty-six cakes of suspected opium (19 full seer and 217 half seer) received from the Ghumsur sub-treasury were examined and, except 3 full seer and 41 half seer cakes, were found to be adulterated with black catechu.

Of the other samples of opium and 'prepared' opium examined, the bulk of them was received from the Inspector, Madras Town Circle, and the City Police. One sample of 'prepared' opium received from the Inspector, Nandyal Circle, was found to contain strychnine. One hundred and three and a half tolas of opium received from 'Chief du Service des Contributions,' Pondicherry, were examined and found to be faked opium with no traces of the active principles of opium. Three cakes of opium received from the Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Ramachandrapuram, East Godavari district, were examined and found to consist mainly of gum and starch and to be free from opium.

69. The number of samples of ganja and its preparations analyzed during the year was 222 (225). Of these 211 samples were received from the Ganja Special Botanist in connexion with the investigations carried on by him. The cakes taken from the 1934 crop of Santaravur were of average quality, though the average resin value was slightly less than that of last year; all the cakes contained an appreciable quantity of seeds, stalks and leaves. Some leaves and stalks said to be parts of ganja plant were received from the Inspector, Ramnad circle, and on examination were found to be parts not of the ganja plant. Two hundred and ninety-five tolas of confiscated ganja received from the Collector of Customs and 39½ tolas of ganja confiscated at Karikal (Pondicherry) were examined and found to be of good quality.

70. The samples of water received for the two half-years ending 31st May 1933 and 30th November 1933, from the several distilleries, warehouses and breweries were generally found to be free from abnormal impurities. As the water from the Suramangalam warehouse submitted for the latter half-year was found to have an excessive solid content, cleansing of the well was ordered. Thirty-nine dram measures suspected to be short of standard capacity were received during the year for test and most of them were found to

be so. A full gallon measure received from the Inspector of Excise, Nandyal circle, was found to be short by $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. and it was observed that the hole (indicator) at the neck had been lengthened downwards with a view to reduce the capacity. Three gallon measures received from the Inspector, Bellary circle, were on test found to be short. A batch of 3 red and 4 black paints was examined to determine their suitability for marking trees and the best qualities were selected. A sample of skimmed yeast received from the brewery officer, Madras, was examined and found to be free from acid-producing organisms and other disease ferments. A sample of wash received from the Inspector, Bellary circle, was examined and found to contain 2 per cent proof spirit and to be in an active state of fermentation. A sample of Mohwa flower received from the Distillery Officer, Rayaghada, was examined and found to be of average quality. Twelve samples of denaturants (Pyridine and Caoutchoucine) were examined and found to satisfy the specifications laid down for their use as denaturants. Three samples of essences to be used for compounding spirits were examined and the proportion in which they are to be used in compounding locally-made foreign liquors was fixed in each case.

71. During the year under review, 1 maund 10 seers of confiscated opium of the value of Rs. 4,000 was re-pressed into half-seer cakes and supplied to the Madras Taluk Office for issue to licensed shops. A sample from the stock of opium at Sattur sub-treasury, damaged in floods, was received and it was found to be very moist and in a pasty condition, yet retaining the standard morphine content. Experiments made with three such cakes showed that it is possible to recondition them to proper consistency and re-press them into standard cakes. The Collector was therefore advised to send all the damaged cakes to be reconditioned and re-pressed.

72. Based on a brief report in the *Madras Mail* regarding the organisms that bring about fermentation in a sugared decoction of tea, certain experiments were conducted in the laboratory to investigate the possibilities of manufacturing tea cider, and it was observed that a sugared decoction of tea, if kept covered by a cloth ferments in a few days, and the cider so formed was found to contain about 2 per cent proof spirit. The repeated use of the scum formed during fermentation from brew to brew, increased the alcoholic content till acetification set in; and if a culture is prepared from the scum formed on the surface and used, it is possible to make tea cider of a higher alcoholic content. A sample so produced in the laboratory contained as high as 7 per cent proof spirit. On inquiry it was ascertained that 'Tea cider' is not being manufactured in the Presidency—although some planters are credited with having experimented to produce it—and that the ferment 'Tea fungus' is not therefore being imported for the purpose. In the circumstances it was observed that for the time being there was no necessity to bring 'Tea cider' under Excise control.

73. In connexion with the experimental distillation and supply of cashew arrack to selected areas in South Kanara district, with a view to exploring the technique of distillation from cashew fruit, certain

experiments on the fermentation and distillation of cashew arrack were conducted in the laboratory. The experiments were quite successful and the arrack manufactured was considered by connoisseurs to be of good quality. The practicability of manufacturing cashew arrack at the Government distillery, Chowghat, was then discussed with the lessees, Messrs. Parry & Co., and they have agreed to distil cashew arrack during the season and supply it for sale in the arrack shops of Mangalore town and taluk. The experiment will begin early in March next year.

The work in the laboratory on the whole has considerably increased.

Statement showing the number of samples analysed in the laboratory during 1933-34.

	1933-34.	1932-33.
1 Samples of toddy tested for time	1,016	1,069
2 Samples of foreign liquor tested for true strength ..	15	17
3 Samples of country arrack	166	95
4 Samples of beer wort, etc.	128	108
5 Samples of intoxicating drugs, i.e., ganja and its preparations and cocaine and its preparations.	222	225
6 Samples of opium and its preparations including morphine and its salts.	335	168
7 Samples of denaturants—Caoutchoucine Pyridine, etc.	12	10
8 Instruments repaired and standardized	267	1,702
9 Dram and other measures tested and standardized ..	43	1,106
10 Miscellaneous samples—Caramel, water, essences, etc.	137	180
Total ..	2,341	4,648

CHAPTER X.

GENERAL.

74. Consumption during the year under review showed a still further decrease under country spirits, foreign liquor, and beer. There was a slight fall under opium and an appreciable decrease under ganja. The main reason was no doubt the continued economic depression. The contributory causes were the spread of illicit distillation in respect of country spirits and the increase in duty in respect of ganja. Except some stray cases in Kistna and Salem districts there was no picketing of shops or other signs of the civil disobedience movement.

75. There was a further remarkable increase in the number of cases reported during the year under illicit distillation and kindred offences. From 979 cases reported in 1912-13 the figure rose to 5,239 in 1933-34. The economic distress has no doubt given a considerable impetus to the development of illicit distillation crime. The retail price of licit arrack—3 to 4 annas a dram—is higher than the average consumer can afford to pay under the present conditions or at any rate is so high that the average wage-earner cannot drink as he did in more favourable times, if he sticks to licit arrack. If hard times enforced temperance that would have been a gratifying result; but the symptoms are quite the reverse. A special study of the

situation regarding illicit distillation crime in the several areas discloses the considerable extent to which this crime has developed. The profits which the illicit distiller earns are so great that that profession is now preferred to other ordinary legitimate avocations. Some of the areas in which the crime has developed to a notorious extent are in the Ganjam and Cuddapah districts. The situation became so bad that a special staff had to be posted to these places. The remarkable increase in the number of cases detected in the Ganjam and Cuddapah districts was the result of organized raids conducted by Inspectors and the Assistant Commissioner, Bellary subdivision. The crime has also spread to areas where it was unknown or uncommon previously. The position in Dindigul circle is an instance in point. During the years previous to 1931-32, illicit distillation was prevalent only in a few villages of the Palni taluk. Within a few years however the contagion spread from village to village with the result that as many as 93 cases were detected in Palni taluk during 1933-34. Though the main reason is to be found in economic depression the serious situation in certain parts is ascribed by the local officers to the considerable curtailment in the course of time of the sources of licit supply and to systematic dilution in shops. The indiscriminate closure, it is said, has driven the renters and their families, whose hereditary occupation has been so taken away, to resort to illicit distillation and to become serious competitors to those continuing in the legitimate trade. Such competition has become so acute that it is even suspected that the renters are beginning to sell illicitly distilled liquor under cover of their licences to avoid financial disaster. The situation if not brought under control in the near future is fraught with considerable danger not only to Government revenue but to public morality. The necessity of taking every possible step to put down the traffic in illicit liquor has been impressed on all local officers and Collectors and District Magistrates have been requested to enforce effective co-operation by the village officers with the excise staff in putting down crime and to impress on the subordinate magistrates the desirability of imposing deterrent punishment on persons convicted of illicit distillation and kindred offences. Proposals for strengthening the district preventive staff wherever necessary are also under consideration.

76. In response to a representation from a section of the public in South Kanara district a system of sale of arrack in sealed bottles has been introduced in Mangalore town with effect from 1st April 1933. The arrack is issued to shops in bottles of 4-dram capacity and placed on sale alongside arrack sold in retail. The contract suppliers are allowed to charge 3½ annas per bottle in addition to the cost price of arrack, to cover the cost of labour, bottling, etc. The system, it is reported, has not made itself popular so far mainly on account of the high cost of bottling. During the year under review the total sale of arrack in bottles was only 100 gallons as compared with 22,974 gallons sold on draught in the Mangalore Municipality. The system is, however, being continued and to reduce the cost to the consumer a refund of 6 pies is paid on every bottle returned undamaged and with its original label intact.

77. The experiment of closure of arrack shops in the toddy drinking areas was in force in the year under review only in the Shiyali and Tiruturaipundi taluks of the Tanjore district and Tiruvadanai and Paramakudi taluks of the Ramnad district. No crime of a serious nature was noticed in these areas except a case of possession of illicitly distilled arrack in Paramakudi.

78. The prohibition of sale of liquor of any kind to any member of the hill tribes on the Nilgiris except on a medical certificate was continued during the year. The consumption under various heads is compared below :—

Year.			Country spirits. PROOF GALLONS.	Wines. GALLONS.	Spirits. GALLONS.	Beer. GALLONS.
1929-30	..	..	11,885	2,425	14,416	185,632
1930-31	..	..	11,033	3,364	13,189	148,992
1931-32	..	..	10,230	2,304	10,625	133,138
1932-33	..	..	8,989	1,875	7,476	102,812
1933-34	..	..	9,105	1,844	8,324	99,931

It was stated in paragraph 78 of last year's report that the question of penalizing possession of liquor by the hill tribes was under consideration with Government. Extensive enquiries made locally have disclosed that there is no indication of a genuine desire on the part of the hill tribes for a partial or total prohibition. There is a general complaint among the hill tribes that the present scheme has been forced on them by some of their leading men, and most of the planters interviewed are observed to hold the same view and to favour the scrapping of the experiment so as not to perpetuate the invidious distinction involved in depriving a particular community of the facilities to get licit liquor. Illicit distillation and kindred crime has developed to a large extent. As many as 17 cases were reported in the year under review against 6 in the previous year. The growth of illicit distillation and the consumption of illicitly distilled liquor imported from outside are disquieting results of the conditions created by the experiment. The whole question is engaging the attention of Government.

79. There was no temperance work of importance by private associations. The Health staff in the Chittoor district continued to do propaganda work by touring through villages and demonstrating the evils of drink by means of cinema shows, etc. This had, however, little effect on rentals and consumption. The action of certain local bodies in prohibiting the tapping for fermented toddy, of trees owned by them had no serious effect on the working of shops.

80. During the year under review the rules for the constitution and working of Excise Licensing Boards were extended to the Vizagapatam, Ellore, Masulipatam, Bezwada, Guntur, Tuticorin and Palamcottah Municipalities. The Excise Licensing Board constituted for the Negapatam Municipality was terminated with effect from 1st April 1933. The number of Excise Licensing Board and Excise Advisory Committee meetings adjourned for want of a quorum was 19 and 15 respectively. The

recommendations of these bodies and the action taken thereon are embodied in statement B. The Excise Licensing Board, Madras, met ten times during the year.

In areas where there are no Licensing Boards or Advisory Committees Collectors either on their own initiative or on the recommendations of local bodies, etc., ordered the closure of 83 shops and change of sites for 25 shops.

81. In 18 districts arrack shops were closed during important festivals, fairs and market days. Restriction continued to be imposed on the hours of sale in the arrack and toddy shops in the vicinity of the Buckingham and Carnatic Mills.

82. Statement B-1 shows the number of shops newly opened to meet the demand in the localities concerned.

83. There were 7,608 (7,888) convictions for offences of which drunkenness formed a part in places in which the Town Nuisances Act was in force. The number was 2,447 (2,063) in Madras City.

84. Rules under sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 5 and sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930, were framed by the Government of India during the year.

Section 4 of the Dangerous Drugs Act, 1930, was amended during the year by the Dangerous Drugs (Amendment) Act, 1933, so as to give power to Local Governments to frame rules restricting and regulating the manufacture and possession of prepared opium.

E. BRITO,

Secretary to the Commissioner of Excise.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE,
MADRAS, 15th September 1934.

Imperial Return No. I, Revenue, 1933-34.

Imperial Return

Name of district.	Country spirits.					
	Duty on distillery spirits.	Fees from distilleries.	Licence fees for sale of distillery spirits.	Total receipts from distillery spirits.	Receipts from outfalls and other systems.	Total receipts from country spirits.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1 Ganjam ..	2,51,030	100	1,05,228	3,56,358	..	3,56,358
2 Vizagapatam ..	3,48,573	300	3,35,535	6,84,408	1,48,100	8,32,517
3 East Godavari ..	4,83,854	150	2,53,830	7,37,834	42,876	7,80,710
4 West Godavari ..	2,50,514	..	1,28,012	3,79,426	..	3,79,426
5 Kistna ..	4,22,153	..	2,17,437	6,39,590	..	6,39,590
6 Guntur ..	2,98,498	..	1,88,806	4,87,304	..	4,87,304
7 Nellore ..	1,82,381	..	91,013	2,73,394	..	2,73,394
8 Cuddapah ..	2,01,708	..	1,02,095	3,03,803	..	3,03,803
9 Anantapur ..	1,72,664	100	1,07,600	2,80,364	..	2,80,364
10 Bellary ..	2,35,658	115	1,38,213	3,73,986	..	3,73,986
11 Sandur ..	..	..	1,37,365	3,18,975	..	3,18,975
12 Kurnool ..	1,81,610	..	6,55,800	17,60,430	..	17,60,430
13 Madras ..	11,04,630	..	..	..	..	..
14 Mysore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15 Travancore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16 Chingleput ..	2,86,926	..	2,44,507	5,31,433	..	5,31,433
17 Chittoor ..	1,39,982	100	1,17,846	2,57,928	..	2,57,928
18 North Arcot ..	3,05,383	..	2,23,603	5,28,986	..	5,28,986
19 South Arcot ..	3,76,113	100	1,84,104	5,60,407	..	5,60,407
20 Pondicherry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
21 Tanjore ..	2,05,118	..	1,54,883	3,60,001	..	3,60,001
22 Karikal ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23 Trichinopoly ..	2,94,770	..	2,14,080	5,09,750	..	5,09,750
24 Pudukkottai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25 Madura ..	3,52,814	135	1,75,863	5,28,812	..	5,28,812
26 Ramnad ..	92,465	..	1,47,521	2,39,986	..	2,39,986
27 Tinnevely ..	3,17,309	200	2,32,290	5,49,889	..	5,49,889
28 Coimbatore ..	4,46,596	100	3,06,115	7,52,811	..	7,52,811
29 The Nilgiris ..	80,927	..	1,77,720	2,58,647	..	2,58,647
30 Salem ..	3,14,481	..	1,64,287	4,78,768	..	4,78,768
31 South Kanara ..	3,08,782	..	70,394	3,79,176	..	3,79,176
32 Malabar ..	2,70,340	100	1,20,389	3,90,829	..	3,90,829
33 Cochin ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34 Mahe ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
35 Coorg ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
36 Anjengo ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for 1933-34 ..	79,25,369	1,500	49,96,435	1,29,23,304	1,90,985	1,31,14,289
Total for 1932-33 ..	89,83,843	1,880	51,75,855	1,41,61,378	1,93,796	1,43,55,174

No. I, Revenue, 1933-34.

Country fermented liquors.			Malt liquors.		
Tari tree-tax receipts.	Other receipts from tari (licence fees, etc.).	Total receipts from fermented liquors other than malt liquors.	Duty on beer manufactured in India.	Licence fees for sale of beer manufactured in India or elsewhere.	Total receipts from beer.
(8)	(9)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
72,238	20,549	1,01,782	..	..	..
2,26,129	1,19,711	3,45,840	..	..	..
4,44,359	2,42,783	6,87,142	..	..	..
3,14,977	2,51,773	5,66,750	..	..	..
3,41,587	1,53,936	4,95,523	..	..	..
1,54,886	1,30,925	2,85,811	..	..	..
1,43,805	1,09,895	2,53,700	..	..	..
81,788	1,33,805	2,15,593	..	..	..
3,51,490	5,90,654	9,42,144	..	..	..
3,37,677	4,66,992	8,04,669	..	1,308	1,308
3,87,103	6,45,959	10,33,062	..	..	..
6,27,137	6,10,160	11,37,297	15,636	..	15,636
..	..	..	..	..	..
7,62,405	6,81,831	13,94,236	59,715	4,549	64,264
2,03,804	8,61,961	5,65,765	..	..	..
5,91,530	9,00,760	14,92,290	..	1,560	1,560
2,33,213	3,65,257	5,98,470	..	1,104	1,104
10,53,709	11,67,074	22,20,873	..	9,240	9,240
4,11,609	7,73,256	11,84,925	..	12,640	12,640
2,16,347	5,13,417	7,29,764	..	23,087	23,087
2,45,630	3,76,354	6,21,984	..	..	..
3,51,618	3,19,000	6,70,618	..	..	..
7,16,992	13,13,045	20,30,037	..	24,190	24,190
7,88,150	16,61,938	24,50,088	1,01,490	1,14,025	2,15,515
2,96,777	3,56,264	6,53,041	..	5,486	5,486
3,79,201	4,86,242	8,65,443	..	792	792
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
97,34,106	1,26,12,541	2,23,46,647	1,76,841	1,98,041	3,74,882
1,02,44,496	1,05,55,605	2,08,00,101	2,08,426	2,16,942	4,25,368

Imperial Return

Name of district	Wines and spirits (foreign liquors other than beer, medicated wines and commercial spirits).				Receipts Duty on spirits used in manufacture of medicines and on rectified spirits and absolute alcohol used for medicinal purposes.
	Duty on wines and spirits manufactured in India and classed as foreign liquors.	Licence fees for the sale of foreign liquors generally, whether imported or manufactured in India.	Total of columns (15) and (16).	Total of columns (7), (11), (14) and (17).	
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
1 Ganjam		1,388	1,388	4,59,528	23
2 Vizagapatam	380	10,713	11,093	11,89,450	
3 East Godavari	1,500	4,981	6,481	14,74,333	120
4 West Godavari		1,814	1,814	9,47,990	
5 Kistna		5,880	5,880	11,40,993	
6 Guntur		1,791	1,791	7,74,708	17
7 Nellore		1,050	1,050	5,28,144	
8 Cuddapah		514	514	5,19,910	
9 Anantapur		1,555	1,555	12,24,063	
10 Bellary		1,494	1,494	11,81,457	
11 Sandur		969	969	13,53,006	
12 Kurnool	2,77,963	2,12,102	4,90,065	34,03,428	1,39,247
13 Madras					
14 Mysore					
15 Travancore					
16 Chingleput		22,813	22,813	20,12,746	
17 Chittoor		1,096	1,096	8,24,789	
18 North Arcot		3,148	3,148	20,25,984	
19 South Arcot	2,35,000	3,953	2,38,953	13,98,994	
20 Pondicherry		5,889	5,889	25,96,003	
21 Karikal		4,130	4,130	17,11,454	
22 Trichinopoly		14,028	14,028	12,95,691	
23 Pudukkottai		4,363	4,363	8,66,333	
24 Madurai		3,495	3,495	12,24,002	
25 Ramnad		5,990	5,990	28,13,028	
26 Tinnevely		10,423	10,423	4,84,585	
27 Coimbatore		2,672	2,672	29,37,014	
28 The Nilgiris		2,026	2,026	10,34,243	1,623
29 Salem		12,064	12,064	12,69,156	49
30 South Kanara					
31 Malabar	28				
32 Cochin					
33 Mahe					
34 Coorg					
35 Anjengo					
Total for 1933-34 ..	5,14,871	3,40,341	8,55,212	3,66,91,080	1,41,079
Total for 1932-33 ..	5,42,237	3,36,862	8,79,099	3,64,59,742	1,11,548

No. I, Revenue, 1933-34—cont.

from commercial spirits, including denatured spirit and medicated wines.

Duty on spirits used for other commercial scientific or industrial purposes.	Licence fees for medicated wines.	Licence fees for commercial spirits.	Total of columns (19) to (22).	Sale-proceeds of excise opium.		Opium.	
				Cost price.	Duty.	Licence fees for the sale of opium (wholesale and retail).	Total receipts from opium.
				(24) RS.	(25) RS.	(27) RS.	(29) RS.
(20) RS.	(21) RS.	(22) RS.	(23) RS.				
..	30	..	53	73,593	2,49,007	1,04,052	4,26,652
..	160	..	170	1,14,774	3,88,346	1,81,674	6,84,794
..	210	20	350	1,38,011	4,18,909	1,65,629	7,22,549
..	..	..	..	816	2,744	..	3,560
..	110	10	120	44,609	1,50,471	79,778	2,74,858
..	130	10	157	17,722	53,478	49,947	1,21,147
..	40	10	50	22,076	65,164	45,950	1,38,190
..	20	..	20	11,014	37,266	17,423	65,703
..	..	..	..	3,686	12,434	10,736	26,856
..	100	..	100	1,815	6,105	4,271	12,191
..	..	..	..	1,604	4,116	4,140	9,860
..	20	..	20	5,229	17,691	16,956	39,876
2,479	490	280	1,42,496	17,599	52,561	72,600	1,42,760
..	..	..	..	18,376	1,000	..	19,376
..	..	..	..	36,710	2,000	..	38,710
..	40	..	40	2,499	8,381	9,441	20,321
..	50	..	50	4,378	14,142	11,077	29,597
..	30	..	30	6,621	22,219	22,950	51,790
..	..	..	..	3,799	12,781	16,207	32,787
..	170	..	170	1,395	4,365	..	5,760
..	..	..	..	17,192	59,408	65,270	1,41,870
..	110	60	170	2,774	6,746	..	9,520
..	70	..	70	6,114	20,686	20,440	47,240
..	110	..	110	1,279	70	..	1,349
..	180	..	180	9,008	23,232	32,640	64,880
..	100	..	100	4,288	14,392	16,920	35,600
..	70	..	70	7,129	24,511	23,743	55,383
..	100	50	150	11,818	39,822	39,277	90,917
..	90	10	80	5,200	14,010	15,250	34,460
..	60	..	60	6,306	20,414	14,480	41,200
..	240	80	369	2,020	6,060	4,049	12,129
..	..	..	..	13,716	40,603	27,853	82,172
..	..	..	..	23,766	1,300	..	25,066
..	..	..	..	55	185	..	240
..	..	..	..	331	18	..	349
..	..	..	..	150	..	..	150
3,479	2,630	540	1,46,788	5,51,970	17,76,189	10,72,763	34,00,913
1,466	2,360	510	1,15,884	85,501	18,428	..	1,03,929
..	..	..	..	5,87,020	18,01,211	11,04,390	34,92,621
..	..	..	..	1,41,413	22,920	..	1,64,333

Imperial Return

Name of district.	Hemp drugs.					
	Sale-proceeds.		Licence fees (wholesale and retail) from		Medicinal preparations of hemp drugs (Druggists' permits).	Total receipts from hemp drugs.
	Duty on ganja.	Duty on bhang.	Ganja.	Bhang.		
	(31)	(35)	(36)	(38)		
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		
1 Ganjam	1,04,611	3,520	63,395	..	..	1,71,526
2 Vizagapatam	49,008	1,300	42,454	..	..	92,762
3 East Godavari	33,428	37	16,106	..	..	49,571
4 West Godavari	22,084	37	11,771	..	..	33,892
5 Kistna	26,721	38	21,316	..	..	48,075
6 Guntur	45,298	150	36,454	..	..	81,902
7 Nellore	33,197	..	27,119	..	..	60,316
8 Cuddapah	53,791	337	32,625	..	..	86,753
9 Anantapur	27,450	287	18,564	..	..	46,301
10 Bellary	42,013	25	28,517	..	..	70,555
11 Kurnool	57,082	..	31,010	..	..	88,092
12 Madras	91,441	5,144	1,16,640	..	..	2,13,225
13 Chingleput	26,317	605	33,914	..	..	60,836
14 Chittoor	45,088	288	31,584	..	..	76,960
15 North Arcot	33,693	308	32,680	..	..	66,681
16 South Arcot	20,348	452	22,615	..	..	43,415
17 Tanjore	32,502	313	43,398	..	..	76,213
18 Trichinopoly	25,273	887	29,508	..	..	55,668
19 Madurai	57,189	4,000	67,485	..	..	1,28,654
20 Ramanam	40,834	1,288	69,039	..	..	1,11,161
21 Tinnevely	45,513	612	43,569	..	..	89,694
22 Coimbatore	78,373	7,825	69,700	..	..	1,55,898
23 The Nilgiris	2,558	..	3,618	..	..	6,176
24 Salem	37,143	14,913	33,906	..	..	85,962
25 South Kanara	23,201	..	14,731	..	226	37,932
26 Malabar	40,146	37	26,217	..	..	66,360
27 Anjengo	3,500	..	..	..	..	3,500
Total for 1933-34	10,97,802	42,403	9,87,915	..	228	21,08,348
Total for 1932-33	10,68,802	40,487	9,06,658	..	228	20,15,689

Note.—The revenue derived from excisable articles issued to Indian States and foreign territory is shown

No. I, Revenue, 1933-34—cont.

Name of district.	Licence fees for the sale of cocaine and its allied drugs.	Fines and forfeitures.	Miscellaneous.	Grand total of columns (1) to (47).	Refunds.	Deduct from column (48) expenditure as per Return II.	Total net excise revenue in the year.
	(42)	(43)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	(51)
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1 Ganjam ..	12,997	594	10,71,350	420	..	..	..
2 Vizagapatam ..	15,265	3,893	19,86,334	1,418	..	..	..
3 East Godavari ..	14,799	4,972	22,66,574	1,015	..	..	..
4 West Godavari ..	..	..	3,615	..	..	..	..
5 Kistna ..	16,806	5,058	12,78,724	2,459	..	..	..
6 Guntur ..	12,999	3,070	13,26,441	545	..	..	..
7 Nellore ..	14,106	1,977	10,05,931	269	..	..	..
8 Cuddapah ..	11,053	3,019	6,68,255	339	..	..	..
9 Anantapur ..	3,839	690	6,38,248	463	..	..	..
10 Bellary ..	8,827	5,462	12,96,844	1,102	..	..	..
11 Kurnool ..	835	10,892	12,73,699	1,216	..	..	..
12 Madras ..	14,322	3,847	14,99,163	1,373	..	..	..
13 Chingleput ..	9,958	8,434	30,20,296	5,860	..	..	..
14 Chittoor ..	..	..	19,375	..	..	..	..
15 North Arcot ..	16,439	1,766	21,12,108	3,515	..	..	..
16 South Arcot ..	8,882	1,463	9,41,731	1,041	..	..	..
17 Tanjore ..	19,357	3,373	21,67,235	1,582	..	..	..
18 Trichinopoly ..	9,553	4,628	14,89,385	2,262	..	..	..
19 Madurai ..	..	..	8,703	..	..	..	..
20 Ramanathapuram ..	27,456	2,484	28,44,196	1,352	..	..	..
21 Tirunelveli ..	9,287	1,796	18,25,615	1,326	..	..	..
22 Coimbatore ..	10,042	1,668	15,01,005	1,762	..	..	..
23 The Nilgiris ..	22,673	2,448	10,38,325	1,722	..	..	..
24 Salem ..	30,924	11,512	14,11,695	1,431	..	..	..
25 South Kanara ..	30,261	6,201	30,96,455	4,764	..	..	..
26 Malabar ..	576	224	5,26,101	59	..	..	..
27 Anjengo ..	20,234	4,407	30,88,907	18,251	..	..	..
28 Coorg ..	15,320	7,396	11,08,693	1,854	..	..	..
29 Anjengo ..	19,725	8,736	14,46,784	6,957	..	..	..
..	..	..	29,229	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	460	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	349	..	..	..	..
..	4,250	..	7,900	..	..	..	..
Total for 1933-34 ..	3,80,780	1,10,198	4,28,37,994	61,429	33,21,614	3,94,54,951	..
Total for 1932-33 ..	..	..	1,22,333	..	..	1,22,333	..
..	3,83,996	1,05,132	4,25,73,044	66,752	33,56,363	3,91,48,439	..
..	..	..	1,90,808	..	..	1,90,808	..

In italics below the figures relating to the districts of issue and is not included in those figures.

Imperial Return No. I.A—1933-34.—Supplementary table showing the duty realized (a) in other British Indian Provinces on excisable articles exported to the Madras Presidency and (b) in the Madras Presidency on excisable articles exported to other British Indian Provinces.

Description of excisable articles.	Amount of duty realized in other Provinces of India on excisable articles exported to the Madras Presidency.		Amount of duty realized in the Madras Presidency on excisable articles exported to other Indian Provinces.					
	In Bangalore.	To Pudukkottai.	To Cochin.	To Travancore.	To French Settlements.	To Bangalore.	To Coorg.	Total.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.			RS. A. P.
Beer	16,024 10 0	1,599 12 0	1,532 4 0	33 12 0	..	..	..	3,165 12 0
Spirits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Imperial Return No. II—Expenditure for 1933-34.

Imperial Return No. II—

Name of district.	Pay of officers and establishments.		Allowances other than rewards.		Supplies and services other than rewards.			
					Construction and repairs of buildings.		Other charges.	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.
Ganjam ..	73,221	5 0	18,189	14 0	325	0 0	..	..
Vizagapatam ..	1,72,695	6 0	41,590	10 0	2,515	0 0	6 12 6	..
East Godavari.	1,13,484	1 0	22,702	10 0	1,253	0 4	10 0 0	..
West Godavari.	50,917	15 0	9,646	5 0	481	4 0	..	..
Kistna ..	60,282	9 0	10,906	12 0	1,045	11 2	40 0 0	..
Guntur ..	71,489	13 0	12,630	14 0	1,117	12 6	..	..
Nellore ..	92,052	13 0	15,669	3 0	1,102	1 0	..	..
Cuddapah ..	45,876	0 10	9,494	3 0	328	8 0	3 0 6	..
Anantapur ..	69,161	7 0	12,108	3 0	238	2 0	..	..
Bellary ..	85,582	14 0	12,144	3 0	341	2 0	..	..
Kurnool ..	66,295	6 0	13,496	13 0	1,485	9 0	..	..
Madras (Presi- deny Ac- count) ..	1,54,936	9 0	14,316	15 0	5,715	1 9	8,231 15 11	..
Chingleput ..	47,895	3 0	9,186	7 0	478	0 0	..	..
Chittoor ..	56,710	13 0	10,796	13 0	343	10 0	— 1 7 0	..
North Arcot ..	88,540	6 0	12,702	8 6	1,104	0 6	..	..
South Arcot ..	59,878	6 0	10,479	1 0	628	5 0	..	..
Tanjore ..	90,119	10 0	15,435	0 0	778	15 0	— 12 0 0	..
Trichinopoly ..	48,895	12 0	9,586	7 0	835	3 3	6 0 0	..
Madura ..	39,992	12 0	8,987	1 0	822	7 0	10 1 0	..
Ramnad ..	63,931	3 0	12,832	13 0	162	10 8	..	..
Tinnevely ..	82,728	5 0	14,751	14 0	72	10 3	..	..
Coimbatore ..	1,11,634	3 0	22,464	12 0	807	11 10	..	..
Nilgiris ..	17,234	13 0	4,536	6 0	..	..	30 0 0	..
Salem ..	97,643	4 0	17,221	10 0	676	12 0	643 7 3	..
South Kanara ..	96,224	15 0	25,233	6 0	875	13 0	..	..
Malabar ..	1,54,538	7 0	31,671	5 0	540	7 0	..	..
Bangalore ..	4,171	12 0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Expenditure in England ..	26,400	0 0	..	..	..	..	720 0 0	..
Loss or gain by exchange ..	— 30	9 0	..	..	..	..	— 1 6 0	..
Total ..	21,42,505	5 10	3,98,782	0 6	24,074	13 3	9,686 8 2	..
Total of the pre- vious year ..	20,22,181	0 6	3,80,715	9 1	28,391	5 6	6,556 14 3	..

NOTE.—The total cost of opium supplied to the Excise department

Expenditure for 1933-34.

Contingencies and special charges other than rewards.	Rewards.	Cost of opium supplied to the Excise department.	Assignments and compensations.	Total charges.
(6)	(7)	(8)	(12)	(15)
RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
3,709 15 3	1,685 4 0	..	..	97,131 6 3
7,517 6 9	1,499 0 0	..	..	2,25,824 3 3
4,565 2 7	1,305 4 0	..	..	1,43,320 1 11
1,567 9 0	858 8 0	..	..	63,471 9 0
2,015 6 9	567 0 0	..	..	74,857 6 11
3,158 4 3	1,417 10 0	..	..	89,814 5 9
3,975 7 5	911 12 0	..	..	1,13,711 4 5
2,241 8 9	910 10 0	..	..	58,853 15 1
2,125 7 0	527 4 0	..	..	84,160 7 0
3,026 3 6	792 2 0	..	400 0 0	1,02,286 8 6
2,263 4 4	930 12 0	..	58,349 11 6	1,42,821 7 10
27,328 2 5	744 8 0	5,11,365 0 0	13,607 0 0	7,36,245 4 1
2,067 11 0	117 8 0	..	95 4 0	59,840 1 0
2,032 8 7	389 4 0	..	..	70,271 9 7
3,700 9 11	649 12 0	..	..	1,06,697 4 11
1,779 12 1	1,399 0 0	..	24,994 4 6	99,158 12 7
3,680 5 9	1,381 8 0	..	..	1,11,383 6 9
2,151 7 10	754 8 0	..	..	62,229 6 1
1,152 7 8	654 0 0	..	..	51,618 12 8
3,033 11 6	307 8 0	..	..	80,267 14 2
4,458 2 5	1,081 8 0	..	..	1,03,092 7 8
5,990 14 1	2,313 10 0	..	..	1,43,211 2 11
112 2 3	109 0 0	..	..	22,022 5 3
4,192 4 6	4,796 2 0	..	..	1,25,173 7 9
3,479 13 5	2,220 6 0	..	..	1,28,034 5 5
6,510 13 3	1,594 8 0	..	..	1,94,855 8 3
..	..	..	..	4,171 12 0
..	..	..	..	27,120 0 0
..	..	..	..	— 31 15 0
1,07,836 10 3	29,917 12 0	5,11,365 0 0	97,446 4 0	33,21,614 6 0
1,16,034 3 8	25,893 11 0	6,87,960 0 0	89,130 4 6	33,56,863 0 6

during the year is shown in lump in column (8).

Imperial Return No. III—Shops and Licences, 1933-34.

District.	Manufacture of liquor		Number of wholesale licences for the sale of		Country liquors—Number of shops licensed for retail sale of		Foreign liquors—Retail licences—Number for sale of	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	Breweries.	Government distilleries.	Private distilleries.	Out-stills.	Country spirits.	Liquors other than commercial spirits imported in India and classed as foreign liquor.	Commercial spirits including denatured spirits and medicated wines.	Number of tappers.
(1)								
Ganjam	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	1,142
Visakhapatnam	..	..	..	..	24	..	..	3,574
East Godavari	..	..	..	..	25	..	..	5,161
West Godavari	..	..	..	..	11	..	..	2,324
Krishna	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	3,354
Guntur	..	..	..	..	19	..	..	1,694
Nellore	..	..	..	..	21	..	..	1,732
Guddapah	..	..	..	..	21	..	..	1,340
Anantapur	..	..	..	..	19	..	..	1,486
Belary	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	1,265
Kurnool	..	..	..	..	16	..	..	1,442
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,054
Chingleput	..	..	..	..	11	..	..	5,229
Chittoor	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	1,662
North Arcot	..	..	..	..	18	..	..	5,359
South Arcot	..	..	..	..	24	..	..	12,418
Tanjore	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	11,158
Trichinopoly	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	3,689
Madurai	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	1,890
Ramanad	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	3,010
Tinnevely	..	..	..	..	11	..	..	4,469
Coimbatore	..	..	..	..	24	..	..	6,088
The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	..	..	..	..	15	..	..	5,811
South Kanara	..	..	..	..	28	..	..	7,555
Malabar	..	..	..	..	25	..	..	7,930
Total, 1933-34	..	..	..	..	393	35	28	98,725
Total, 1932-33	..	..	..	..	393	35	23	100,519

(a) Includes 3 Central distilleries in the Jeypore and Parvatipur circles.
 (b) One Central distillery working in the Bhadrachalam taluk.
 (c) Includes 14 depots in the Jeypore and Parvatipur circles.
 (d) Includes 6 depots opened in the Nugur and Bhadrachalam taluks.

Imperial Return No. III—Shops and Licences, 1933-34—cont.

Districts.	Foreign liquors—Retail licences—Number for sale of		Number of shops licensed for retail sale of		Retail licences—Number for sale of	
	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)
	Liquors in hotels, restaurants, boarding houses and clubs and refreshment rooms and stables other than railway refreshment rooms (excluding canteens).	Liquors in canteens.	Liquors in railway refreshment rooms, dak bungalows, dining cars and steamers.	Liquors in temporary stalls (including other temporary licences for foreign liquors).	Foreign liquors—all other special retail licences.	Rectified spirits and medicated wines (drug-gists' permits).
(1)						
Ganjam	..	..	..	..	..	..
Visakhapatnam	..	..	..	..	..	..
East Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..
West Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..
Krishna	..	..	..	..	..	..
Guntur	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	..	..	..	..	..	..
Guddapah	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur	..	..	..	..	..	..
Belary	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittoor	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madurai	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramanad	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total, 1933-34	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total, 1932-33	..	..	..	..	..	..

* Includes one F.L. 12 licence in Madras.

† Includes 49 F.L. 3 licences.

Imperial Return No. IV—Consumption,

Country

Name of district.	Issues in Imperial gallons.			
	At strength of 35° under-proof.	At strength of 35° under-proof.	At strength of 60° under-proof.	Equivalent at London proof of the total of cols. (2), (3) and (4).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1 Ganjam	34,043	..	..	22,128
2 Vizagapatam—				
Certain Agency tracts under Excise ..	..	..	1,659	664
Rest of the district	49,929	..	..	32,454
3 East Godavari—				
Certain Agency tracts under Excise ..	..	..	29,696	11,878
Rest of the district	62,379	..	..	40,546
4 West Godavari	33,919	..	..	22,047
5 Kistna—				
Munagala and Lingagiri zamindaris ..	899	..	..	584
Rest of the district	56,329	..	..	36,614
6 Guntur	52,692	..	..	34,250
7 Nellore	22,439	..	..	14,535
8 Cuddapah	32,532	..	..	21,146
9 Anantapur	26,754	..	..	17,390
10 Bellary	40,838	..	..	26,545
11 Kurnool (including Banganapalle) ..	35,303	..	..	22,947
12 Madras	..	1,42,530	..	88,369
13 Chingleput—				
High duty area	..	21,499	..	13,329
Rest of the district	..	31,532	..	19,550
14 Chittoor	32,375	..	..	21,044
15 North Arcot	62,540	..	..	40,651
16 South Arcot—				
Frontier tracts	..	..	* 6,744	4,046
Rest of the district	..	61,086	..	37,873
17 Tanjore	..	35,414	..	21,957
18 Trichinopoly	..	58,044	..	35,987
19 Madura	..	48,937	..	30,341
20 Ramnad	..	31,794	..	19,712
21 Tinnevely	..	57,079	..	35,389
22 Coimbatore	76,720	..	..	49,868
23 The Nilgiris	..	14,685	..	9,105
24 Salem	46,077	..	..	29,950
25 South Kanara	53,704	..	..	34,908
26 Malabar	48,998	..	..	31,849
Hospitals and dispensaries in the Presidency ..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	7,68,470	5,02,800	31,355	3,27,708
			* 6,744	
Total for the previous year ..	8,72,368	5,65,931	30,089	3,34,255
			* 6,631	

* 40° under proof.

rate of duties and prices, 1933-34.

spirits.	Foreign liquors.		
	Imported liquors.		Liquors manufactured in India and classed as foreign liquors.
Rate of duty per gallon.	Spirits in Imperial gallons, London proof.	Wines in Imperial gallons.	Malt liquors in Imperial gallons.
	(9)	(10)	(11)
(6)	(7)	(8)	(12)
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
35° under-proof, Rs. 6-14-6.	4 11 13 0 10	894	143 1,899
60° under-proof, As. 6	2 4 11 4 4 0	2,206	414 12,784 1,488 ..
35° under-proof, Rs. 6-14-6.	2 4 11 14 8 6	2,178	329 4,276 2,447 30
60° under-proof, Rs. 1-4-0	1 11 8 4 6 0	521	40 416 359 24
35° under-proof, Rs. 6-14-6.	1 11 8 11 11 0	1061	100 2,842 879 2,141
35° under-proof, Rs. 5-7-9	1 11 8 12 14 0	941	143 2,230 307 106
35° under-proof, Rs. 6-14-6.	1 11 8 13 0 0	403	21 2,226 31 154
Do.	1 11 8 13 0 0	112	6 856 38 ..
35° under-proof, Rs. 5-12-0.	1 11 8 11 2 0	398	57 2,041 198 914
Do.	1 11 8 11 15 0	1,104	42 2,642 .. 7,716
Do.	2 3 3 12 2 0	302	20 878 .. 95
38° under-proof, Rs. 6-14-6.	2 4 11 12 6 0	26,908	7,315 2,73,363 14,114 53,095
Do.	1 10 2 13 0 0	555	101 14,530 1,082 21,685
38° under-proof, Rs. 6-9-5	1 10 2 10 15 0	228	43 1,515 73 ..
35° under-proof, Rs. 5-12-0	1 10 2 10 14 0	668	82 3,948 226 2,954
Do.	1 10 2 10 5 5	233	69 1,732 58 7,723
40° under-proof, Rs. 3-12-0.	1 10 2 9 5 0	979	287 6,392 569 5,619
38° under-proof, Rs. 5-7-9	1 10 2 11 0 0	1,779	717 9,941 350 9,653
Do.	1 10 2 10 14 10	2,735	630 9,612 1,882 11,019
Do.	1 14 1 11 11 2	351	47 2,541 97 227
Do.	1 14 1 13 4 0	1,593	549 4,951 562 268
35° under-proof, Rs. 5-12-0.	1 12 5 11 4 0	3,733	827 15,587 804 19,781
38° under-proof, Rs. 5-7-9	1 14 9 19 8 0	4,666	1,780 17,143 3,658 82,788
35° under-proof, Rs. 5-12-0.	1 10 2 10 13 0	468	115 2,163 234 3,025
Do.	1 10 2 9 5 0	481	677 4,003 501 42
Do.	1 10 2 10 15 3	5,166	2,283 15,550 304 2,829
....	..	..	..
....	..	..	60,663 16,837 4,16,061 29,551 2,31,878
....	..	..	62,563 17,641 4,30,600 29,518 2,54,576

† Figures relate to Imperial gallons.

Imperial Return No. IV—Consumption

Name of district.	Commercial spirits.			Wholesale price of opium to retail vendors per seer.	
	in Rectified spirits imperial gallons.	in Denatured spirits imperial gallons.	in Medicated wines imperial gallons.	Issues in seers of opium.	Cost price. Duty.
	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(19) (20)
1 Ganjam					
2 Vizagapatam—					
Certain Agency tracts under Excise		1,270		4,032†	
Rest of the district					
3 East Godavari—					
Certain Agency tracts under Excise		2,782	180	6,289	
Rest of the district					
4 West Godavari	3	2,340	175	6,966†	
5 Kistna—					
Munagala and Lingagiri zamindaris	1	1,078	110	2,438†	
Rest of the district					
6 Guntur	1	1,420	138	890	
7 Nellore	1	1,539	34	1,090†	
8 Cuddapah		1,063	6	603†	
9 Anantapur		612		201†	
10 Bellary	222	1,371	7	99	
11 Kurnool (including Banganapalle State).		1,605	30	71	
12 Madras	62	23,285	2,865	882	
13 Chingleput—					
High duty area				5,378	
Rest of the district				134	
14 Chittoor		2,125	5		
15 North Arcot		1,062	21	231†	
16 South Arcot—					
Frontier tracts		2,757	40	360†	
Rest of the district					
17 Tanjore		2,650	67	204†	
18 Trichinopoly		6,982	258	966†	
19 Madura	11	2,351	209	331	
20 Ramnad		7,180	352	403	
21 Tinnevely		6,097	124	233†	
22 Coimbatore		3,919	325	395†	
23 The Nilgiris	5	4,385	288	645†	
24 Salem	4	1,266	64	240	
25 South Kanara		2,746	103	334	
26 Malabar	4	2,165	201	101	
Hospitals and dispensaries in the Presidency.	56	7,202	445	678	
Total ..	370	91,454	6,072	29,106†	
				5,612†	
Total for the previous year ..	161	75,715	5,820	29,972-1/8	
				6,638†	

* Includes 222 gallons issued under licences other than F.L.-13.

† Includes five seers of confiscated opium.

rates of duties and prices, 1933-34—cont.

Opium and other drugs.											
Average retail price of opium per seer.	Sales of morphia in lb. oz. and grs.	Ganja.			per seer.	Bhang.			Sales of cocaine in lb. oz. and grs.		
		Sales in seers.	Cost price per seer.	Duty per seer.		Sales in seers of Bhang and its preparations.	Duty per seer.	Retail price per seer.			
(21)	(22)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(33)	(34)	(35)		
RS. A. P.	LB. OZ. GRS.					RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.	LB. OZ. GRS.		
112 11 0	0 0 248	3,797				47 8 0	298	22 8 0	0 0 4		
114 1 0	0 4 221	1,752				70 0 0	101	42 8 0	0 4 222		
107 8 0	0 3 154	1,224				57 8 0	3	17 8 0	0 3 41		
125 9 0		804				45 0 0					
170 0 0	0 4 326	956				47 8 0	3	30 0 0	0 0 53		
175 0 0	0 5 221	1,640				50 0 0	12	12 8 0	0 0 420		
127 4 0		1,211				50 0 0					
123 2 0	2 8 37	1,928				45 0 0	24	17 8 0	0 0 54		
140 0 0	0 2 295	1,034				52 8 0	26	30 0 0			
160 0 0	0 0 317	1,521				50 0 0	2	30 0 0	0 0 267		
140 0 0	0 5 11	1,973				50 0 0					
160 0 0	2 12 118	3,288				55 0 0	1,278	22 8 0	0 7 52		
152 8 0	0 0 15	968				55 0 0	66	22 8 0	0 0 2		
136 0 0	0 0 281	1,263				55 0 0	22	28 12 0	0 0 127		
137 8 0	0 5 124	1,098				60 0 0	21	20 0 0	0 2 112		
163 18 0	0 0 143	729				60 0 0	31	20 0 0	0 0 307		
140 0 0	0 1 34	1,200				80 0 0	21	16 4 0	0 1 277		
142 14 0	9 10 114	921				70 0 0	61	27 8 0	0 3 155		
198 9 0	0 0 219	2,110				70 0 0	1,160	25 0 0	0 0 219		
178 14 0	0 0 336	1,481				75 0 0	93	22 8 0			
162 8 0	0 1 432	1,665				67 8 0	43	20 0 0	0 0 154		
166 8 0	0 2 179	2,863				56 11 0	631	27 8 0	0 0 113		
140 0 0	1 4 363	92				90 0 0			0 0 216		
146 4 0	0 3 253	1,339				60 0 0	1,183	22 8 0	0 0 4		
145 0 0	0 5 47	829				65 0 0			0 1 53		
149 5 0	0 2 242	1,436				65 0 0			0 0 274		
	21 6 34	6,808							8 12 326		
	40 12 369	39,122					5,079		10 8 390		
	32 0 233	42,214					5,947		11 15 381†		
		5,342									

* Mahe
Travancore
Cochin

SEERS.

Mahe	8
Travancore	5,000
Cochin	1,800
Total ..	6,808

Imperial Return

Name of district.	Area in square miles.		Population (in thousands).			Number		
	Out-still system.	Distillery system.	Out-still system.	Distillery system.	Country spirit.		Distillery area.	
					Out-still area.	Urban.		Rural.
		Urban.		Rural.			Urban.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		
Ganjam	3,510	9 4,863	358	75 1,979	..	1.3	22.6	
Vizagapatam	12,253	19 4,914	1,122	135 2,351	94.3	1.5	44.3	
East Godavari .. .	1,504	13 4,702	88	147 1,686	41.8	1.3	24.2	
West Godavari .. .	..	5 2,356	..	74 1,149	..	1.0	18.0	
Kistna	..	15 3,532	..	117 1,137	..	1.7	13.8	
Guntur	..	14 5,743	..	151 1,885	..	2.0	19.1	
Nellore	..	25 7,924	..	46 1,440	..	8.3	40.0	
Cuddapah	..	13 5,006	..	43 907	..	3.3	25.5	
Anantapur	..	7 6,734	..	42 1,008	..	2.3	33.0	
Bellary	..	16 5,697	..	105 865	..	2.7	32.6	
Kurnool (including Ban- ganapalle).	..	10 7,827	..	58 1,006	..	5.0	42.8	
Madras	..	31 ..	..	647 ..	..	1.7	..	
Chingleput	..	13 3,078	..	113 1,542	..	2.2	20.3	
Chittoor	..	9 5,892	..	41 1,406	..	1.5	33.1	
North Arcot	..	16 4,632	..	162 2,105	..	1.1	18.5	
South Arcot	..	17 4,191	..	104 2,350	..	2.1	10.5	
Tanjore	..	31 3,711	..	253 2,183	..	1.5	54.6	
Trichinopoly	..	15 4,400	..	187 1,757	..	1.4	21.2	
Madura	..	24 4,787	..	301 1,864	..	2.0	36.8	
Ramnad	..	13 4,806	..	102 1,737	..	1.9	34.8	
Tinnevely	..	7 4,308	..	169 1,871	..	0.8	20.2	
Coimbatore	..	24 7,061	..	199 2,246	..	2.4	23.0	
The Nilgiris	..	20 962	..	89 130	..	10.0	962.0	
Salem	..	6 7,052	..	102 2,332	..	2.0	22.9	
South Kanara	..	5 4,016	..	67 1,305	..	0.8	13.6	
Malabar	..	30 5,764	..	236 3,298	..	1.2	17.8	
Anjengo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total for 1933-34 ..	17,267	407 124,858	1,568	3,715 41,489	104.0	1.8	27.5	
Total for 1932-33 ..	17,267	407 124,858	1,568	3,715 41,489	105.3	1.8	24.2	

No. V—1933-34.

of square miles per shop.		Number of shops per 10,000 of population.					
Opium.		Ganja.		Bhang.		Country spirit.	
Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Distillery area.	
						Urban.	Rural.
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
3.0	161.0	3.0	279.1	..	0.9	1.1	0.4
4.8	178.8	4.8	780.3	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.3
2.6	74.8	4.3	326.6	4.1	0.7	1.2	0.3
2.5	84.1	2.5	471.2	..	0.7	1.1	0.5
7.5	141.3	7.5	441.5	..	0.8	2.3	0.2
2.8	273.5	2.8	310.1	..	0.5	1.6	0.1
25.0	495.3	25.0	466.1	..	0.7	1.4	0.1
6.5	738.3	6.5	454.3	..	0.9	2.6	0.1
2.3	841.8	2.3	448.9	..	0.7	2.0	0.1
5.3	1,189.4	5.3	237.4	..	0.6	2.0	0.1
5.0	355.8	5.0	372.7	..	0.3	1.8	0.2
7.8	..	6.2	..	..	0.3	..	..
6.5	1,539.0	3.3	519.0	..	0.5	1.0	0.01
4.5	491.0	4.5	491.0	..	1.5	1.3	0.1
2.7	926.4	2.7	514.7	..	0.9	1.2	0.02
5.7	598.7	5.7	349.3	..	0.8	1.7	0.03
4.4	412.3	4.4	337.4	..	0.8	0.3	0.04
3.8	880.0	3.0	880.0	..	0.6	1.2	0.03
4.0	1,196.8	4.0	319.1	..	0.4	0.7	0.02
4.3	480.6	3.3	369.7	..	0.7	0.8	0.1
2.3	615.4	2.3	391.6	..	0.5	1.1	0.04
4.0	706.1	4.0	353.1	..	0.5	1.4	0.04
10.0	481.0	10.0	962.0	..	0.5	0.1	0.2
6.0	783.6	6.0	503.7	..	0.3	1.3	0.04
5.0	803.2	5.0	223.1	..	0.9	2.3	0.1
6.0	320.2	5.0	240.2	..	1.1	1.0	0.1
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4.7	303.0	4.5	391.5	..	1.1	0.6	0.1
4.7	303.0	4.5	392.6	..	1.0	0.6	0.1

* There are no separate shops for the sale of bhang; the privilege of the vend of ganja and bhang is a combined privilege.

Imperial Return

Name of district.	Number of shops per 10,000 of population—cont.		Consumption per 100 of the population in gallons or seers (to two places of decimals).				Average	
	Ganja.		Bhang.				Country (distillery)	
	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Country spirit (distillery area).	Opium.	Ganja.	Bhang.
	(15)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(22)	(23)	(24)
Ganjam ..	0.4	0.1	1.08	0.17	0.16	0.01	11.34	4.83
Vizagapatam ..	0.3	0.1	1.33	0.17	0.05	0.003	10.30	10.05
East Godavari ..	0.2	0.1	2.86	0.36	0.06	0.0001	9.05	4.88
West Godavari ..	0.3	0.04	1.80	0.20	0.07	..	10.76	5.84
Kistna ..	0.2	0.1	2.97	0.07	0.08	0.0002	10.57	5.91
Guntur ..	0.3	0.1	1.68	0.05	0.07	0.001	10.79	5.56
Nellore ..	0.2	0.1	0.98	0.04	0.08	..	10.85	6.24
Cuddapah ..	0.5	0.1	2.23	0.02	0.20	0.003	8.83	4.88
Anantapur ..	0.7	0.1	1.66	0.01	0.09	0.002	9.39	6.35
Bellary ..	0.3	0.3	2.74	0.01	0.16	0.0002	9.20	5.23
Kurnool including Ban-	0.3	0.2	2.16	0.03	0.21	..	9.00	6.13
ganapalle).			13.65	0.14	0.51	0.19	11.14	7.42
Madras ..	0.1	..	1.99	0.01	0.06	0.004	10.93	7.52
Chingleput ..	0.4	0.03	1.45	0.02	0.09	0.002	8.86	5.72
Chittoor ..	0.5	0.1	1.79	0.02	0.05	0.001	8.88	5.49
North Arcot ..	0.4	0.04	1.71	0.01	0.03	0.001	8.83	4.48
South Arcot ..	0.3	0.1	0.92	0.04	0.05	0.09	8.83	7.25
Tanjore ..	0.3	0.1	1.85	0.02	0.05	0.003	8.30	6.20
Trichinopoly ..	0.3	0.02	1.40	0.02	0.09	0.05	8.81	5.77
Madura ..	0.2	0.1	1.07	0.01	0.08	0.01	8.77	7.56
Ramnad ..	0.4	0.1	1.73	0.02	0.08	0.002	8.79	6.57
Tinnevely ..	0.2	0.1	2.04	0.03	0.12	0.03	8.93	6.22
Colombatore ..	0.3	0.1	5.38	0.14	0.05	..	8.89	19.52
The Nilgiris ..	0.5	0.1	1.23	0.01	0.06	0.05	8.53	5.61
Salem ..	0.1	0.1	2.54	0.01	0.06	..	8.84	2.04
South Kanara ..	0.1	0.1	0.90	0.02	0.04	..	8.88	3.82
Malabar ..	0.3	0.1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anjengo ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total for 1933-34 ..	0.2	0.1	1.83	0.06	0.08	0.01	9.55	6.09
Total for 1932-33 ..	0.2	0.1	2.07	0.06	0.09	0.01	9.60	5.50

* There are no separate shops for the sale of bhang. The privilege of the vend of ganja and bhang is a combined privilege.

No. V—1933-34—cont.

taxation per proof gallon or seer in rupees (to two places of decimals).

sprits area).	Opium.		Ganja.		Bhang.		Average total Excise revenue per head of population based on column (48) of Imperial Return I.
Total.	Duty.	Vend fees.	Total.	Duty.	Vend fees.	Total.	
(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(38)
16.17		25.85	87.60		16.79	44.29	0.44
20.44		28.29	90.04		23.62	51.12	0.55
18.93		24.03	85.78		13.08	40.58	1.18
16.60		32.41	94.16		14.66	42.16	1.05
18.48		56.76	118.51		22.76	50.26	1.06
16.35		42.22	103.97		22.26	49.76	0.49
17.09		29.22	90.97		23.33	50.83	0.45
19.71		55.94	117.69		16.64	44.14	0.67
15.74		44.73	106.48		18.19	45.69	1.23
14.43		59.66	121.41		19.35	46.86	1.31
15.18		58.94	120.69		16.11	43.61	1.41
19.56		82.31	144.06		35.47	62.97	6.16
19.45		67.34	129.09		33.09	60.59	1.28
14.58		47.87	105.62		26.25	53.75	0.66
14.87		64.31	126.06		30.14	57.64	0.96
13.81		79.57	141.32		32.19	59.69	0.61
16.08		72.74	134.49		37.65	65.15	1.20
14.60		62.18	123.93		31.13	58.63	0.94
14.58		80.99	142.74		32.26	59.76	0.69
16.83		72.82	134.57		47.25	74.75	0.56
15.36		60.96	122.71		26.82	54.32	0.69
15.15		61.94	123.69		24.36	51.86	1.27
28.41		63.63	125.38		39.19	66.69	3.11
14.14		42.86	104.61		25.39	52.89	1.27
10.88		42.12	103.87		18.18	45.68	0.81
12.70		41.58	103.93		18.58	46.08	0.42
15.44		37.05	98.80		24.92	52.42	0.92
15.10		36.91	98.54		21.40	46.40	0.91

* There are no separate shops for the sale of bhang. The privilege of the vend of ganja and bhang is a combined privilege.

fermented liquors under licences granted in each district during 1933-34.

<u>Sold fermented liquors and spirits and British India.</u>						<u>Licences for the sale of liquor by distillers.</u>			<u>Licences for the sale of beer by brewers.</u>	
<u>sold thereunder.</u>									<u>Quantity of beer sold there under.</u>	
<u>To the public.</u>						<u>Quantity of spirits sold thereunder.</u>		<u>Number of brewery licences.</u>		
<u>Imported.</u>			<u>Made in British India.</u>			<u>To other licensed vendors—Spirits.</u>	<u>To the public—Spirits.</u>		<u>To other licensed Beer.</u>	<u>To the public—Beer.</u>
<u>Wines.</u>	<u>Spirits.</u>	<u>Beer.</u>	<u>Spirits.</u>	<u>Beer.</u>						
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
GALS.	GALS.	GALS.	GALS.	GALS.		GALS.			GALS.	GALS.
" 8	183	3,668	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" " "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" " "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" " "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" " "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" " "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" " "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" " "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
2,582	8,005	147,019	285	" "	" "	" "	" "	1	80,757	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	1	9,813	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
7	70	109	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
48	378	1,781	" "	1,961	" "	" "	" "	1	133,866	3,138
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
960	2,197	3,773	14	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "	" "
3,805	10,833	156,350	299	1,961	1	9,813	" "	2	214,623	3,138

Imperial Form No. VI-B—Statistics of retail vend and consumption of
British India and excised at a special rate of duty

District.	Sold under shop licences.					
	On fixed fees.			On fees by		
	Sales thereunder.			Sales		
	Number of licences —F.L. 2, 3, 4, 11, 12 and special licences.	Wines.	Spirits.	Beer.	Number of licences —F.L. 5, 5 (a), 6 and 6 (a).	Wines.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
(1)		GALS.	GALS.	GALS.		GALS.
Banjam	4	121	818	1,646	..	..
Bizagapatam	43	385	2,300	3,882	1	16
East Godavari	13	329	4,116	2,352	1	1
Vest Godavari	9	66	763	146	..	..
Kistna	4	60	669	511	2	6
Tuntur	5	130	931	815	..	..
Hellore	2	20	273	1,132	..	..
Buddapah	1	1	48	98	..	..
Anantapur	7	48	435	1,324	..	..
Bellary	5	10	775	1,140	1	..
Curnool	2	11	301	503	..	..
Tadras	129	4,865	20,164	49,646	6	54
Shingleput	26	70	531	2,457	4	3
Shittoor	3	43	220	775	..	..
North Arcot	10	60	706	1,963	1	..
South Arcot	5	61	167	509	2	8
Manjore	15	243	1,110	2,446	3	..
Trichinopoly	22	594	1,886	6,281	2	..
Madura	45	587	3,346	6,365	3	44
Ramnad	4	31	242	507	..	..
Tinnevely	7	510	1,550	1,395	..	..
Coimbatore	36	905	3,978	12,633	5	..
The Nilgiris	29	1,613	7,197	15,199	6	..
Salem	10	117	607	2,192	2	..
South Kanara	13	799	748	2,009	..	..
Malabar	21	1,089	2,504	4,477	6	74
Total	470	12,774	56,385	1,22,333	45	201

imported spirits, wines and beer and of spirits and beer manufactured in
and of denatured spirits, etc., during 1933-34.

Spirits, wines and beer.

		Sold under hotel or dak bungalow licences.					Sold under railway refreshment room licences.			
determined auction.		Sales thereunder.					Sales thereunder.			
thereunder.		Number of licences —F.L. 7, 8 and 10.	Number of licences —F.L. 9 and din- ing car licences.			Number of licences —F.L. 9 and din- ing car licences.				
Spirits.	Beer.		Wines.	Spirits.	Beer.	Wines.	Spirits.	Beer.		
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
GALS.	GALS.		GALS.	GALS.	GALS.		GALS.	GALS.	GALS.	
636	1,171	1	18	71	241	1	1	5	12	
68	11	3	1	115	2,084	3	46	460	1,909	
..	..	2	24	256	565	3	25	186	1,378	
..	..	1	1	85	78	1	5	32	216	
473	2,533	1	14	123	556	1	27	175	1,388	
..	..	1	4	52	303	3	16	265	1,218	
..	..	1	2	26	66	3	5	135	1,182	
..	..	1	3	59	314	1	2	38	444	
..	7,454	..	..	..	..	4	16	161	1,631	
..	..	..	..	..	..	2	26	329	1,764	
..	..	..	..	..	..	4	10	96	460	
8,094	87,895	18	376	3,535	26,112	15	96	860	10,899	
915	25,995	2	2	60	1,695	1	13	116	701	
..	..	..	..	..	..	2	11	81	740	
..	2,403	..	..	..	..	4	30	188	2,586	
1	7,754	..	..	..	..	2	16	123	1,192	
29	5,521	1	2	47	401	4	80	362	3,648	
..	9,637	1	7	58	803	2	114	180	2,677	
797	10,120	2	26	51	232	3	45	423	3,914	
..	..	..	..	..	..	3	24	206	2,261	
..	..	..	..	..	..	6	99	605	3,824	
..	18,062	2	34	251	2,821	3	25	238	1,748	
..	55,820	8	103	397	5,182	2	19	138	1,685	
..	2,229	..	..	..	..	1	17	95	767	
..	..	2	16	200	1,422	1	12	34	614	
186	2,708	8	30	130	1,259	4	149	439	2,823	
11,199	2,39,313	55	663	5,515	44,134	79	929	5,970	51,306	

Imperial Form No. VI-B—Statistics of retail vend and consumption of
British India and excised at a special rate of duty

District.	Spirits, wines				
	Sold by chemists and druggists.		Sold as tonic or medicine or medicated wines and similar preparations.		
	Number of licences—F.L. 18.	Sales thereunder.	Number of licences—F.L. 17.	Sales thereunder.	
				Wines.	Spirits.
	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
		GALS.		GALS.	GALS.
Ganjam	1	..	3	3	..
Vizagapatam	2	3	12	138	..
East Godavari	1	1	19	125	..
West Godavari	1	1	11	78	..
Kistna	1	1	13	131	..
Guntur	..	..	4	27	..
Nellore	..	..	2	..	..
Onndapah	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur	..	..	10	39	..
Bellary	..	..	1	9	..
Kuracool	29	62	46	2,175	..
Madras	..	..	..	10	..
Chingleput	..	..	3	38	..
Chittoor	..	..	4	56	..
North Arcot	..	..	4	280	..
South Arcot	..	..	18	209	..
Tanjore	2	11	10	280	..
Trichinopoly	..	..	7	116	..
Madura	..	..	8	265	..
Ramanad	..	..	15	144	..
Tinnevely	4	5	9	10	..
Coimbatore	2	4	5	84	..
The Nilgiris	..	..	6	51	..
Salem	1	4	7	426	..
South Kanara	6	56	27	..	..
Malabar	..	..	..	..	..
Total	50	148	244	4,634	..

imported spirits, wines and beer and of spirits and beer manufactured in
and of denatured spirits, etc., during 1933-34—cont.

and beer—cont.				Spirits made in India in private distilleries.			Spirits made in outstills.			
Sold under canteen tenant system.				Denatured spirits.		Sold direct from distilleries under special permits and passes.				
Number of licences —F.L. 20.	Sales thereunder.			Number of D.S. licences.	Sales thereunder.	Rectified spirits.	Denatured spirits.	Spirits intended for human consumption.	Number of vendors connected with the outstills.	Quantity sold by them.
	Wines.	Spirits.	Beer.							
(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
	GALS.	GALS.	GALS.		GALS.					GALS.
..	..	..	..	27	1,270	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	48	2,782	..	..	..	130	(a) 221,307
..	..	..	..	46	2,340	..	..	..	36	(b) 21,511
..	..	..	..	20	1,078	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	21	1,429	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	27	1,539	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	23	1,063	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	13	612	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	23	1,371	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	27	1,805	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	18	793	..	..	..	..	..
2	32	79	5,387	87	23,235	..	..	..	..	..
3	18	15	5,367	16	2,125	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	12	1,062	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	51	2,757	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	28	2,650	..	..	..	..	..
2	2	5	196	55	6,982	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	37	2,351	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	54	7,180	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	48	6,097	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	46	3,319	..	..	..	..	..
7	51	214	15,171	45	4,385	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	20	1,266	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	33	2,746	..	..	..	..	..
2	..	..	3,339	34	2,165	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	70	7,202	..	..	..	..	..
16	108	313	29,460	929	91,454	..	..	..	166	242,818

(a) Includes 150,862 gallons issued under the Central Distillery System in the Jeypore and Parvati-pur Circles.

(b) Issued under the Central Distillery System.

STATEMENT A.—Statement showing the demand, collection and revenue in the Madras Presidency

Detailed heads. (1)	DEMAND.		
	Arrears. (2)	Current. (3)	Total. (4)
	RS.	RS.	RS.
<i>Country spirits.</i>			
1 Licence fees of { (a) Distilleries	..	1,300	1,300
2 Excise duty on distillery spirits	..	225	225
3 Difference of excise duty on stock of spirits at the beginning of the lease	..	79,06,696	79,06,696
4 Rents of independent shops	..	30	30
5 Occasional licence fees	..	51,10,826	51,10,826
6 Rents for the combined privilege of manufacture and vend	70,348	51,251	51,251
7 Revenue derived from the Agency { (a) Duty	..	1,38,755	1,38,755
tracts under the outatill and central distillery system. { (b) Rentals	..	..	..
Total	70,348	1,31,38,755	1,32,09,083
<i>Toddy.</i>			
8 Rents of { (a) Vend areas	..	..	..
9 Licence fees of shops	1,17,693	1,27,76,084	1,28,93,777
10 Occasional licence fees	99,220	99,61,572	99,60,792
11 Tree-tax	..	..	..
12 Transport duty on toddy brought from Hyderabad	..	..	..
Total	2,16,913	2,26,37,656	2,28,54,569
<i>Foreign liquors—Imported and locally made liquors.</i>			
13 Licence fees of breweries	..	30	30
14 Excise duty on { (a) Locally-made foreign spirits	..	5,34,149	5,34,149
{ (b) Country-brewed beer	..	1,76,826	1,76,826
{ (c) Spirits contained in medicinal preparations	..	1,14,952	1,14,952
{ (d) Spirits for other commercial scientific and industrial purposes.	..	2,519	2,519
I. Wholesale	..	23,750	23,750
II. Retail	..	..	..
Foreign liquor 3—Retail sale of brandy in prescriptions	..	295	295
(a) Shops { (1) Foreign liquor	..	56,891	56,891
{ (2) Beer	..	..	..
(b) Taverns { (1) Foreign liquor	3,523	1,90,764	1,94,287
{ (2) Beer	8,780	1,93,044	2,02,424
(c) Hotels	..	4,224	4,224
(d) Bars	72	2,611	2,683
(e) Refreshment { (1) Railway and	..	6,650	6,650
rooms. { (2) Other sorts	..	3,750	3,750
(f) Occasional licences	..	2,441	2,441
(g) Special licences	..	737	737
(h) Auctioners' licences	..	5	5
(i) Chemists and druggists' licences	..	500	500
(j) Medicated wines	..	2,440	2,440
III. Compounding licences	..	2,000	2,000
IV. Bottling licences	..	650	650
Fees from clubs	..	6,762	6,762
Licence fees for denatured spirits	780	43,191	43,971
Total	13,155	13,69,781	13,82,936
<i>Drugs other than opium—Ganja, bhang, etc.</i>			
16 Rents for the sale of ganja, bhang and other intoxicating drugs prepared from the hemp plant	7,586	9,75,698	9,83,284
17 Excise duty on ganja	..	11,17,373	11,17,373
18 Excise duty on bhang	..	42,846	42,846
19 Differential duty on stock of drugs at the beginning of the lease.	..	173	173
Total	7,586	21,35,590	21,43,176

balance under the several heads of excise (abkari and opium) for the year 1933-34.

COLLECTION.			AMOUNT WRITTEN OFF.			BALANCE.		
Arrears. (5)	Current. (6)	Total. (7)	Arrears. (8)	Current. (9)	Total. (10)	Arrears. (11)	Current. (12)	Total. (13)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
..	1,300	1,300	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	225	225	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	79,06,696	79,06,696	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23,619	30	30	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	50,10,985	50,34,604	7,720	1,552	9,272	39,009	27,941	66,950
..	51,251	51,251	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,38,755	1,38,755	..	..	..	..	..	..
23,619	1,31,09,242	1,31,32,861	7,720	1,552	9,272	39,009	27,941	66,950
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
67,781	1,26,39,108	1,27,06,889	10,337	5,129	24,466	30,575	1,31,847	1,62,422
61,145	97,27,784	97,88,929	14,931	12,722	27,653	23,144	1,21,066	1,44,210
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,28,926	2,26,66,892	2,24,95,818	34,268	17,851	52,119	53,719	2,52,913	3,06,632
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	30	30	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5,34,149	5,34,149	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,76,826	1,76,826	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,14,952	1,14,952	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,519	2,519	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	23,750	23,750	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	295	295	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	56,891	56,891	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,90,764	1,90,764	..	..	..	..	..	..
6,110	1,93,044	1,98,754	..	..	..	3,523	..	3,523
..	4,224	4,224	..	..	..	3,670	..	3,670
72	2,561	2,633	..	..	..	..	50	50
..	6,650	6,650	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	3,750	3,750	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,441	2,441	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	737	737	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	500	500	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,440	2,440	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,000	2,000	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	650	650	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	6,762	6,762	..	..	..	..	..	..
743	41,299	42,042	37	..	37	..	1,892	1,892
5,925	18,67,889	18,73,764	37	..	37	7,193	1,942	9,135
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,806	9,73,162	9,74,968	393	..	393	5,387	2,536	7,923
..	11,17,373	11,17,373	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	42,846	42,846	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	173	173	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,806	21,33,054	21,34,860	393	..	393	5,387	2,536	7,923

STATEMENT A.—Statement showing the demand, collection and revenue in the Madras Presidency

Detailed heads. (1)	DEMAND.		
	Arrears. (2)	Current. (3)	Total. (4)
	RS.	RS.	RS.
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>			
20 Contribution towards the leave salary of officers lent to foreign service	..	875	875
20 (a) Contributions for establishments employed in distilleries and warehouses	..	10,930	10,930
21 Penalties and forfeitures	11,362	3,83,826	3,95,188
22 Other miscellaneous items	9,433	77,832	87,265
23 Rents of buildings	..	16,376	16,376
23 (a) Recoveries of over-payments	..	1,359	1,359
23 (b) Sale-proceeds of dram measures and bung rods	..	2,427	2,427
Total ..	20,795	4,92,625	5,14,420
Total, Abkari ..	3,28,797	3,97,75,387	4,01,04,184
<i>Opium.</i>			
24 Cost price of opium	..	6,52,512	6,52,512
25 Duty on opium	..	17,95,666	17,95,666
26 Differential duty on stock of opium at the beginning of the lease.	..	..	..
27 Rents of shops	7,837	10,78,286	10,86,123
28 Rents derived in the Agency tracts (a) Rent from (b) Licence fees	..	..	..
29 Penalties and forfeitures	189	4,654	4,843
30 Miscellaneous	..	66	66
Total, Opium ..	8,026	35,31,184	35,39,210
Grand total, Abkari and Opium ..	* 3,36,823	4,33,06,571	4,36,43,394

* Revised figures.

balance under the several heads of excise (abkari and opium) for the year 1933-34—cont.

COLLECTION.			AMOUNT WRITTEN OFF.			BALANCE.		
Arrears. (5)	Current. (6)	Total. (7)	Arrears. (8)	Current. (9)	Total. (10)	Arrears. (11)	Current. (12)	Total. (13)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
..	875	875	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	10,930	10,930	..	..	..	..	..	..
8,455	3,73,378	3,81,833	1,156	199	1,355	1,751	10,249	12,000
5,898	68,508	74,406	2,506	1,217	3,723	1,029	8,107	9,136
..	16,376	16,376	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	1,359	1,359	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	2,427	2,427	..	..	..	..	..	..
14,353	4,73,853	4,88,206	3,662	1,416	5,078	2,780	18,356	21,136
1,74,629	3,94,50,880	3,96,25,509	46,080	20,819	66,899	1,08,088	3,03,688	4,11,776
..	6,52,512	6,52,512	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	17,95,666	17,95,666	..	..	..	..	..	..
4,506	10,70,641	10,75,147	222	..	222	3,109	7,645	10,754
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
58	4,625	4,683	28	..	28	103	29	132
..	66	66	..	..	..	..	..	..
4,564	35,23,510	35,28,074	250	..	250	3,212	7,674	10,886
1,79,193	4,29,74,390	4,31,53,583	46,330	20,819	67,149	1,11,300	3,11,362	4,22,662



R

X7291. 211 y N3

N3435

STATEMENT A-(1).—Statement showing the fees

Districts.	Manufacture of liquors.		Compounding and bottling licences—F.L.-1 (a) and F.L.-1 (b).	Country spirits.	Wholesale.							Country spirits—Retail sale.	
	Breweries.	Distilleries.			Liquors other than commercial spirits imported or manufactured in India and excised at tariff rates—F.L.-1.	Spirits under distillery system (permanent).	Spirits under distillery system (temporary).	Spirits under outstill system (Agency tracts).	Fermented toddy.	Malt liquors—F.L.-4, F.L.-5 and F.L.-6 (c).			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)			
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.			
Ganjam ..	..	100	..	..	..	1,06,928	..	..	30,354	..			
Vizagapatam ..	..	250	..	..	250	3,32,838	..	1,09,284	1,20,624	..			
East Godavari ..	..	150	250	..	500	2,56,080	..	20,471	2,42,297	..			
West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,28,658	..	..	2,50,974	..			
Kistna ..	..	..	..	..	..	2,19,694	..	..	1,54,112	..			
Guntur ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,90,338	..	..	1,31,335	..			
Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	91,044	..	..	1,11,670	..			
Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,03,272	..	..	1,84,451	..			
Anantapur ..	..	100	..	..	..	1,10,491	..	..	5,92,616	..			
Bellary ..	..	100	..	15	..	1,38,888	..	..	4,75,260	1,308			
Kurnool ..	..	..	2,050	..	20,000	1,40,573	..	..	6,51,785	..			
Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	6,55,800	..	..	5,11,740	..			
Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	..	2,47,189	..	..	6,42,985	4,656			
Chittoor ..	..	100	..	..	..	1,20,456	..	..	3,63,909	..			
North Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	2,23,044	..	..	9,08,252	1,560			
South Arcot ..	..	100	250	..	..	1,87,902	..	..	3,94,713	1,164			
Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,59,090	..	..	11,06,532	9,240			
Trichinopoly ..	..	..	..	..	250	2,22,993	..	..	7,80,376	13,380			
Madura ..	..	..	..	60	..	1,74,983	..	..	5,14,230	21,912			
Ramnad ..	..	..	..	105	..	1,48,945	..	..	3,82,542	..			
Tinnevely ..	..	200	..	45	..	2,32,400	..	..	3,19,819	..			
Colombatore ..	..	100	..	..	250	3,10,142	..	..	13,41,597	25,020			
The Nilgiris ..	15	..	50	..	1,250	1,77,720	..	..	1,08,900	5,786			
Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,68,168	30	..	16,75,574	..			
South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	71,299	..	..	3,56,297	..			
Malabar ..	..	100	50	..	1,250	1,21,543	..	..	4,92,040	768			
Total ..	30	1,300	2,650	225	23,750	50,40,478	30	1,38,755	1,27,76,084	1,93,644			

realized for shops and licences during the year 1933-34.

Foreign liquor—Retail sale.										Drugs—Retail sale.		
Foreign liquors to be consumed on premises and on off premises—F.L.-5 and F.L.-5 (a).	Foreign liquors to be consumed off premises—F.L.-2.	Liquors in hotels, restaurants, boarding houses and clubs and refreshment rooms and stalls other than railway refreshment rooms (excluding canteens)—F.L.-7, F.L.-8 and F.L.-10.	Liquors in railway refreshment rooms, dak bungalows, dining cars and steamers—F.L.-9 and F.L.-14.	Liquors in temporary refreshment stalls (including other temporary licences for foreign liquors)—F.L.-11.	Foreign liquors—All other special retail licences, including canteen licences—F.L.-3, F.L.-20 and F.L.-12.	Rectified spirits and medicated wines (druggists' permits)—F.L.-13 and F.L.-17.	Fees from clubs.	Licence fees for the sale of denatured spirits.	Opium.	Ganja and bhang.		
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)		
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		
..	700	30	75	25	24	30	22	596	1,04,249	63,768		
5,400	2,100	312	250	327	45	130	..	1,302	1,77,936	41,388		
1,272	2,000	150	300	10	15	210	100	1,121	1,67,394	16,008		
..	833	50	75	..	15	120	..	508	79,020	11,784		
4,332	1,200	100	100	..	5	140	17	576	50,514	21,756		
..	1,000	50	250	..	5	50	50	717	46,044	36,504		
..	500	50	275	..	..	20	14	486	17,634	23,248		
..	200	25	150	..	..	..	..	305	11,271	32,081		
..	958	..	325	6	..	..	..	601	4,428	18,816		
..	800	..	175	5	..	..	100	583	4,236	29,424		
..	500	..	250	..	..	..	10	393	16,740	31,776		
1,44,480	17,250	8,400	550	616	586	750	2,096	11,503	72,600	1,16,640		
20,532	700	99	100	408	41	..	772	582	9,024	32,028		
..	600	..	125	..	..	30	..	480	11,082	33,156		
..	1,800	..	400	..	10	40	19	1,309	23,184	33,096		
..	500	..	200	..	10	40	..	1,334	16,272	23,472		
1,560	2,100	50	675	23	25	180	42	2,601	70,308	45,180		
1,572	300	50	200	87	15	120	316	952	20,580	28,668		
8,580	2,500	100	250	460	50	70	184	3,473	32,640	67,956		
..	800	..	300	45	..	80	34	3,383	17,004	60,972		
..	1,800	..	425	..	5	150	64	1,626	24,108	44,652		
..	3,600	100	300	92	20	130	295	2,162	39,984	69,744		
..	8,750	575	300	270	101	70	464	1,195	15,270	3,600		
..	1,400	65	100	2	30	60	..	1,275	14,316	34,008		
..	1,300	75	150	25	15	80	134	766	4,254	15,072		
3,036	2,700	304	350	40	39	330	617	3,362	28,194	26,682		
1,00,764	56,891	10,585	6,650	2,441	1,056	2,940	6,167	43,191	10,78,286	9,75,479		

Boards in the major municipalities in the matter of number and location action taken thereon.

[illegible]

Advisory Committees in the several Revenue Divisions in the matter of and the action thereon.

[illegible]

District.	Names of revenue divisional areas.	Arrack shops.						Toddy shops.						
		Recommendations by committees.			Action taken thereon.			Recommendations by committees.			Action taken thereon.			
		Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
Salem	Hosur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dharmapuri	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Salem	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara.	Sankari	..	1	4	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Namakkal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mangalore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	8	..
Malabar	Coondapoor	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..
	Puttur	..	5	13	..	5	13	..	..	9	..	..	9	..
	Tellicherry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Malapuram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42	..	..	42	..
	Palghat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Calicut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	6	21	48	5	18	46	12	22	162	11	16	161	

Foreign liquor taverns.						Opium shops.						Ganja shops.					
Recommendations by committees.			Action taken thereon.			Recommendations by committees.			Action taken thereon.			Recommendations by committees.			Action taken thereon.		
Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.
(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..

STATEMENT B.—Statement showing the action taken by Collectors in the Licensing Boards

Areas.	Arrack shops.			Toddy shops.		
	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Ganjam	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam	4	..	5	..	..	..
East Godavari	..	..	..	3	..	..
West Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna	..	..	..	..	..	..
Guntur	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	..	..	1	..	..	4
Kurnool	..	1	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittoor	..	8	4	20	..	2
North Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	3
Tanjore	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly	..	..	..	1	..	1
Madura	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ramnad	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	..	..	..	..	..	1
Coimbatore	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiri	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	4	9	10	..	24	11

matter of number and location of shops in areas where there are no or Advisory Committees.

Foreign liquor shops.			Opium shops.			Ganja shops.		
Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.	Opening.	Closure.	Change of site.
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	1

STATEMENT B (1)—Statement showing the number of different kinds of shops newly opened and permanently closed during 1933-34.

Districts.	Number of shops newly opened.					Number of shops permanently closed.				
	Arrack.	Toddy.	Ganja.	Opium.	Foreign liquor and beer.	Arrack.	Toddy.	Ganja.	Opium.	Foreign liquor and beer.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Ganjam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
East Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
West Godavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Guntur ..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore ..	1	4	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	..
Cuddapah ..	2	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..
Anantapur ..	..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Kurnool ..	2	..	1	..	..	2	1	..	..	..
Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chittoor ..	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
North Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot ..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madura ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Ramnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore ..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	..
Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Total ..	12	9	1	..	..	15	11	..	..	..

STATEMENT C.—Statement showing the number of shops and stills licensed and the rentals obtained in the several non-distillery areas of the Presidency during 1933-34.

Tracts.	Population.	Area in square miles.	Number of shop and still licences.	Rentals.	Incidence of rents of per head of population.	Square miles per shop.	Population per shop.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Tracts in which Act I of 1886 and separate sales of shops and stills are in force.				RS.	RS. A. P.			
Ganjam ..	357,800	3,510	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam ..	1,122,393	12,253	(a) 130	109,284	0 1 7	94.3	8,634	..
East Godavari ..	88,133	1,504	(b) 36	29,471	0 5 4	41.8	2,448	..

(a) Eighteen combined shops and still licences and 112 shops under the Central Distillery System in the Jeypore and Parvatipur circles.

(b) Shops sold under the Central Distillery System.

STATEMENT D.—Statement showing the quantities of foreign liquors imported into the Madras Presidency by sea and the Customs duty realized thereon during the year 1933-34 as compared with 1931-32 and 1932-33.

Foreign liquors.		Quantity.				Duty.				Increase or decrease in 1933-34 as compared with 1932-33.			
		1931-32.		1932-33.		1933-34.		1932-33.				1933-34.	
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)				
(1)		GALS.	GALS.	GALS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	GALS.	RS.	GALS.	RS.		
Liquors—	..	476,281	4,99,804	470,035	3,96,804	4,72,788	4,60,136	—	29,769	—	12,652		
Ale, beer and porter ..	..	1,143	845	1,464	421	290	1,184	+	619	+	894		
Cider and other fermented liquors ..	..												
Spirits—	..												
Brandy ..	..	25,244	20,025	20,366	5,90,777	6,83,116	6,96,295	+	341	+	13,179		
Gin ..	..	12,323	8,437	11,475	2,31,240	2,91,418	2,96,389	+	3,038	+	4,971		
Liqueurs ..	..	4,573	299	499	92,190	98,446	67,115	+	200	—	31,331		
Rum ..	..	369	212	52	10,582	8,144	6,985	—	160	—	1,159		
Whisky ..	..	31,317	28,629	34,517	7,02,618	9,07,800	9,65,343	—	5,888	—	57,543		
Spirits present in drugs ..	..	10,724	12,447	12,065	1,02,961	1,06,975	1,03,553	—	382	—	3,422		
Spirits perfumed ..	..	733	369	422	31,223	21,606	29,902	+	53	+	8,296		
Spirits denatured—Imported direct ..	..	1,535	..	1	..	..	1	+	1	+	1		
Spirits denatured at Custom House on arrival before clearance.	..	80,737	75,757	22,410	6,994	7,000	1,851	—	53,347	—	5,149		
Other sorts of spirits ..	..	3,187	1,731	1,849	42,846	8,996	14,614	+	118	+	5,618		
Wines ..	..	30,724	22,622	25,426	2,05,535	1,79,490	1,99,077	+	2,804	+	19,587		
Total ..	..	678,890	671,177	600,581	24,14,191	27,86,069	28,42,445	—	70,596	+	56,376		

64

STATEMENT E.—Statement showing the quantities of potable spirits excised and denatured spirits issued from distilleries during 1933-34 as compared with 1932-33.

Where excised.	Potable spirits.				Denatured spirits.			
	Quantity.		Duty.		Quantity.		Duty.	
	1932-33.	1933-34.	1932-33.	1933-34.	1932-33.	1933-34.	1932-33.	1933-34.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
	PROOF GALLONS.	PROOF GALLONS.	RS.	RS.	PROOF GALLONS.	PROOF GALLONS.		
Samalkot distillery	239	108	5,230	2,367	17,266	51,250	..	..
Nellikuppam	9,238	9,814	2,02,081	2,14,677	12,620	(a) 31,250	..	..
Chavakkat	1	..	28	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar Arrack Warehouse, Madras.	9,562	7,903	2,09,180	1,72,880	..	..	..	..
Special Bonded Warehouse, McDowell, Madras.	3,015	3,491	65,953	76,361	..	..	..	..
Total	22,055	21,316	4,82,472	4,66,285	29,886	82,500	..	..

(a) Includes 140 gallons to Cochin.

65

STATEMENT F.—Statement showing the quantities of cocaine and its preparations imported into the Presidency, sold and held in stock during the year 1933-34.

Number of licences for the sale of cocaine and its preparations.	Stock in hand with the licensees at the beginning of the lease.			Imports.			Sales.			Balance of stock at the end of the lease.	
	By sea.			From other provinces.			Total.				
	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.	LB. OZ. GR.
264	(a) 3 15	247-5	0 12 0	2 6	127½	3 2	127½	{ 1 12 64 } { (b) 2 5 66 }	3 0	244-5	

(a) Revised figure. Includes 1 lb. 7 oz. 216-5 grs. purchased from other licensees in the Presidency.

(b) Wholesale sales.

STATEMENT G.—Classified statement of offences against the Abkari laws

Offences relating to foreign liquor, arrack and toddy

Subdivisions.	Districts.	Smuggling.	Illicit distillation and possession and sale of illicitly distilled spirits.	Illicit manufacture of toddy.	Illicit transport.	Unlicensed sales.	Possession without licence.	Adulteration.	Dilution.	Use of false measures.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Waltair	Ganjam ..	10	869	19	2	2	33	..	15	1
	Vizagapatam ..	109	525	103	74	90	338	..	21	10
	East Godavari ..	6	325	810	15	10	350	..	23	7
	West Godavari ..	7	196	944	20	23	183	..	10	3
	Kistna ..	40	72	481	4	18	165	..	30	6
	Total, Waltair Sub-division.	172	1,987	2,357	115	113	1,069	..	104	27
Nellore.	Guntur ..	..	229	215	5	19	114	..	9	7
	Nellore ..	..	111	249	12	29	131	..	12	3
	Chittoor ..	..	49	56	8	20	103	..	7	7
	Madras ..	..	101	13	4	2	..	..	2	..
	Chingleput ..	3	1	206	30	39	80	..	13	1
	Total, Nellore Sub-division.	3	390	867	68	117	430	..	43	18
Bellary.	Ouddapah ..	..	551	12	5	9	25	..	5	..
	Anantapur ..	37	156	21	12	26	282	..	13	8
	Bellary ..	32	222	30	14	12	146	..	14	7
	Kurnool ..	48	269	46	15	26	206	..	12	18
	Total, Bellary Sub-division.	117	1,198	109	46	73	659	..	44	33
Arcot.	South Arcot ..	22	68	129	16	39	51	..	18	7
	Tanjore ..	13	3	294	59	63	177	2	5	6
	North Arcot ..	..	21	159	42	97	297	1	32	7
	Salem ..	..	377	570	16	60	314	..	16	6
	Total, Arcot Sub-division.	35	469	1,152	133	259	839	3	71	26
Trichinopoly.	Trichinopoly ..	21	58	81	15	48	117	..	21	7
	Madura ..	..	96	80	41	26	18	..	15	7
	Ramanad ..	..	2	544	64	50	189	..	11	8
	Tinnevely ..	..	11	1,383	114	117	104	1	4	1
	Total, Tinnevely Sub-division.	21	167	2,068	234	241	428	1	51	23
West Coast.	Coimbatore ..	14	318	634	62	95	267	..	19	5
	The Nilgiris ..	2	17	2	10	4	30	..	..	..
	South Kanara ..	..	429	622	22	14	313	..	11	5
	Malabar ..	3	264	1,126	110	22	1,000	..	13	1
	Total, West Coast Sub-division.	19	1,028	2,384	204	135	1,610	..	43	11
	Total, 1933-34 ..	367	5,239	8,957	800	938	5,035	..	358	138
	Total, 1932-33 ..	352	4,524	9,222	992	1,064	4,561	4	401	104

reported in the several districts during the year 1933-34.

revenue.		Offences relating to hemp drugs.							
Other offences, reaches of licence conditions, etc.	Total.	Illicit cultivation of the hemp plant.	Smuggling.	()	Unlicensed sales.	Possession without licence.	Other offences.	Total.	Grand total.
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	()	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
..	951	19	..	..	1	23	..	43	994
12	1,252	6	2	2	..	9	..	19	1,271
44	1,595	3	..	..	3	6	..	12	1,607
8	1,394	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1,397
11	827	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	830
75	6,019	31	2	2	..	41	..	80	6,099
33	631	6	..	2	..	17	..	25	656
8	595	4	..	1	..	6	..	13	608
17	273	3	..	1	4	8	..	14	287
40	162	..	..	..	84	12	..	96	258
71	444	2	..	..	8	2	1	13	457
169	2,105	15	..	4	96	45	1	161	2,266
2	609	2	..	2	2	6	..	12	621
22	577	1	..	1	3	9	..	14	591
23	500	1	2	..	6	6	..	14	514
35	675	3	1	1	3	15	..	23	698
82	2,361	7	3	4	13	36	..	63	2,424
15	367	2	..	..	2	5	1	10	377
72	693	..	..	6	3	6	4	19	712
26	681	4	..	..	13	2	2	21	702
2	1,361	15	30	..	6	20	3	74	1,435
115	2,102	21	30	6	24	33	10	124	2,226
16	384	3	..	..	2	4	..	9	393
25	308	4	..	3	25	10	1	43	351
5	873	2	..	2	3	7	2	16	889
6	1,741	3	1	..	2	9	2	17	1,758
52	3,308	12	1	5	32	30	5	85	3,391
17	1,431	20	3	2	19	10	1	55	1,486
2	67	1	2	..	..	1	..	4	71
35	1,451	1	..	..	..	2	..	3	1,454
53	2,592	3	..	1	2	4	..	10	2,602
107	5,541	25	5	3	21	17	1	72	5,613
600	22,424	111	41	24	190	202	17	585	23,019
638	21,858	96	31	26	143	221	33	629	22,587

STATEMENT H.—Statement of offences against the Abkari laws dealt with in the Presidency during the year 1933-34.

Particulars of heads.	Excise administration divisions.						Total.	
	Waltair.	Nellore.	Bellary.	Arcoot.	Trichinopoly.	West Coast.	1933-34.	1932-33.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.
Pending at the beginning of the year	456	152	175	184	171	396	1,534	1,630
Reported during the year 1933-34 (exclusive of unsuccessful house searches).	6,099	2,266	2,424	3,226	3,301	5,013	23,019	22,387
Total ..	6,555	2,418	2,599	3,410	3,562	5,999	24,543	24,017
Disposal of cases by the Department.								
Released by the department—	3	1	..	..	1	..	5	4
I. For being in possession of country spirits, the strength of which is below the margin allowed for loss of strength from natural causes.	1	6	9	4	..	..	20	26
II. For petty breaches of the provisions of section 56 of the Abkari Act for the first time.	24	29	25	87	13	76	254	260
III. On proof of ignorance or inadvertence.	95	67	79	47	28	55	371	395
IV. For want of proof ..	123	103	113	138	42	131	650	685
Total ..	2,345	1,105	1,412	1,429	859	2,755	9,905	9,643
Sent for trial	6	1	8	3	12	2	32	21
Cases written off or otherwise disposed of ..	3,653	1,070	831	1,703	2,534	2,753	12,549	12,152
Compounded ..	6,127	2,979	2,364	3,273	3,447	5,646	23,136	22,491
Grand total ..	428	139	235	137	115	363	1,407	1,526
Pending ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

STATEMENT H.—Statement of offences against the Abkari laws dealt with in the Presidency during the year 1933-34—cont.

Particulars of heads.	Excise administration divisions.						Total.	
	Waltair.	Nellore.	Bellary.	Arcoot.	Trichinopoly.	West Coast.	1932-33.	1931-32.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.	Cases.
Pending at the beginning of the year	266	94	106	175	79	233	953	980
Sent for trial during the year ..	2,345	1,105	1,412	1,429	859	2,755	9,905	9,643
Total ..	2,611	1,199	1,518	1,604	938	2,988	10,858	10,573
Convicted ..	1,500	623	961	1,210	562	2,439	7,295	6,755
Acquitted ..	43	24	22	61	11	17	178	142
Written off or otherwise disposed of ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Withdrawn on payment of compounding fees ..	663	452	324	241	304	311	2,295	2,722
Total ..	2,206	1,099	1,307	1,512	877	2,767	9,768	9,619
Pending ..	405	100	211	92	61	221	1,090	954
Cases sent to the Magistracy otherwise than through the Department.								
Number of cases reported ..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Number of cases convicted ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Number of cases acquitted ..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE REVENUE DISTRICTS INCLUDED IN THE VARIOUS SUBDIVISIONS

- 1 Waltair subdivision.—Guntur, Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari and Kistna districts.
- 2 Nellore subdivision.—Guntur, Nellore, Madras, Chingleput and Cuddalore districts.
- 3 Bellary subdivision.—Anantapur, Bellary, Cuddalore and Kurnool districts.
- 4 Trichinopoly subdivision.—Trichinopoly, Madras, Ramnad and Tinnevely districts.
- 5 Arcoot subdivision.—North Arcot, South Arcot and Tanjore districts.
- 6 West Coast subdivision.—Coimbatore, the Nilgiris, South Kanara and Malabar districts.

STATEMENT I.—Statement showing the convictions, etc., under the Opium Act and Rules during 1933-34.

Districts.	Conviction.		Number of persons sentenced to imprisonment for a month or less.		Number of persons sentenced to imprisonment for more than a month.		Fines.		Confiscations.		Rewards to informers, etc.
	Cases.	Persons.	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	Number of persons fined.	Total amount of fines.	Number of cases.	Value of articles confiscated.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Ganjam ..	7	7	1	..	6	270	5	34 0 0	5	15 0 0	15 0 0
Visakhapatnam ..	21	21	..	4	15	950	12	455 0 6	12	1 0 0	1 0 0
East Godavari ..	11	12	..	1	8	525	11	127 8 0	11	67 0 0	67 0 0
West Godavari ..	4	5	..	2	4	355	4	63 10 6	4	5 0 0	5 0 0
Kistna ..	5	5	1	1	2	50	2	51 9 0	5	5 10 0	5 10 0
Guntur ..	5	5	1	..	4	85	5	65 9 6	5	19 8 0	19 8 0
Nellore ..	4	4	2	..	4	230	4	73 6 0	4	..	..
Cuddapah ..	3	3	..	..	2	50	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary ..	2	2	..	1	1	20	2	110 0 0	2	17 8 0	17 8 0
Kurnool ..	6	6	..	..	6	315	6	125 12 0	6	70 0 0	70 0 0
Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	2	1	..	1	5	145	2	277 0 0	2	3 0 0	3 0 0
Chittoor ..	5	5	4	..	3	250	5	25 0 0	5	15 0 0	15 0 0
North Arcot ..	2	3	..	7	8	467	2	96 0 0	2	24 8 0	24 8 0
South Arcot ..	14	15	..	1	3	280	14	6,044 14 0	14	49 8 0	49 8 0
Tanjore ..	4	4	..	..	2	115	4	125 0 0	4	32 0 0	32 0 0
Trichinopoly ..	2	2	..	..	1	20	2	3 10 0	2	..	..
Madura ..	1	1	..	3	1	250	1	27 2 9	1	10 0 0	10 0 0
Ramanad ..	5	5	..	..	3	95	4	13 14 0	4	18 0 0	18 0 0
Tinnevely ..	4	4	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore ..	2	1	..	1	..	30	2	161 0 0	2	10 0 0	10 0 0
The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	4	170	1	..	1	..	..
Salem ..	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	113	115	9	29	83	4,572	97	7,883 11 9	97	371 10 0	371 10 0

Note.—(1) The difference between columns (2) and (3) is due to confiscation not having been ordered in 12 cases.
 (2) Six persons have been both fined and imprisoned.

F. 11

STATEMENT J.—Statement showing the classification of cases convicted under the Opium Act and Rules during 1933-34.

Districts.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Ganjam ..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	7
Visakhapatnam ..	..	..	20	1	..	..	..	21
East Godavari ..	..	..	9	2	..	..	..	11
West Godavari ..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	4
Kistna ..	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	5
Guntur ..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	5
Nellore ..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	4
Cuddapah ..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	3
Anantapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary ..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2
Kurnool ..	..	1	4	1	..	..	..	6
Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2
Chittoor ..	..	3	2	..	..	..	..	5
North Arcot ..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2
South Arcot ..	..	..	11	3	..	..	..	14
Tanjore ..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	4
Trichinopoly ..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	2
Madura ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2
Ramanad ..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	2
Tinnevelly ..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	1
Coimbatore ..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	4
The Nilgiris ..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	2
Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	3
Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	5	90	11	4	4	..	2	113
Total for 1932-33 ..	16	105	16	6	6	1	6	148

STATEMENT J (1).—Statement showing the convictions, etc., under the Dangerous Drugs Act and Rules during 1933-34.

Offences relating to poppy and opium.																			
Illicit import of opium.			Illicit export of opium.			Illicit transshipment of opium.			Illicit cultivation of poppy.			Illicit manufacture of opium.			Offences relating to prepared opium.				
(1)	(2) Number of cases convicted.	(3) Quantity confiscated.	(4) Penalty imposed.	(5) Number of cases convicted.	(6) Quantity confiscated.	(7) Penalty imposed.	(8) Number of cases convicted.	(9) Quantity confiscated.	(10) Penalty imposed.	(11) Number of cases convicted.	(12) Quantity confiscated.	(13) Penalty imposed.	(14) Number of cases convicted.	(15) Quantity confiscated.	(16) Penalty imposed.	(17) Number of cases convicted.	(18) Quantity confiscated.	(19) Penalty imposed.	
Guntur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	0 65	412
Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	0 53	412
Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	9 18	29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
							S. T.	RS.								S. T.	RS.		

STATEMENT J (1).—Statement showing the convictions, etc., under the Dangerous Drugs Act and Rules during 1933-34—cont.

Districts.		Offences relating to hemp.												Offences relating to manufactured drugs other than prepared opium.																					
		Illicit import.			Illicit export.			Illicit transshipment.			Offences relating to coca leaf.			Illicit import.			Illicit export.																		
(20)	Number of cases convicted.	(21)	Quantity confiscated.	(22)	Penalty imposed.	(23)	Number of cases convicted.	(24)	Quantity confiscated.	(25)	Penalty imposed.	(26)	Number of cases convicted.	(27)	Quantity confiscated.	(28)	Penalty imposed.	(29)	Number of cases convicted.	(30)	Quantity confiscated.	(31)	Penalty imposed.	(32)	Number of cases convicted.	(33)	Quantity confiscated.	(34)	Penalty imposed.	(35)	Number of cases convicted.	(36)	Quantity confiscated.	(37)	Penalty imposed.
Guntur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
South Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	106	300	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
												TOTAL.		RS.																					

Name of inmate: _____
 Address: _____
 City: _____
 State: _____
 Zip: _____

[illegible]

STATEMENT K.—Table showing convictions for drunkenness in the municipal areas in the Madras Presidency during 1933-34 and two previous years—*cont.*

Name of municipal area.	Population according to the census of 1931.	1931-32.		1932-33.		1933-34.	
		Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.	Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.	Number of persons convicted for drunkenness.	Proportion to 10,000 of population.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
54 Srirangam	24,663	32	13.0	38	15.4	56	22.7
55 Dindigul	43,617	9	2.1	13	3.0	25	5.3
56 Kodaikanal	6,523	..	..	2	3.1	..	..
57 Madurai	182,018	35	1.9	104	5.7	104	5.7
58 Palni	18,899	53	28.0	122	64.5	52	27.5
59 Periyakulam	23,004	19	8.3	10	4.3	22	9.6
60 Bodinayakanur	27,036	1	0.4	1	0.4	2	0.7
61 Sivakasi	15,212	22	14.5	1	0.7	9	5.9
62 Virudunagar	33,081	18	5.4	19	5.7	17	5.1
63 Srivilliputtur	32,385	22	6.8	9	2.8	8	2.4
64 Karaikudi	21,672	22	10.2	52	23.9	24	11.1
65 Tuticorin	60,395	62	10.3	50	8.3	37	6.1
66 Tinnevely	57,078	31	5.4	101	17.7	244	42.7
67 Palamcottah	51,990	8	1.5	39	7.5	42	8.1
68 Coimbatore	95,198	65	6.8	136	14.3	123	13.1
69 Dharapuram	18,218	23	12.6	97	53.2	47	25.8
70 Erode	33,672	96	28.5	101	29.9	170	50.5
71 Tiruppur	18,059	28	15.5	40	22.1	82	45.4
72 Pollachi	22,112	80	36.2	116	52.4	112	50.5
73 Udumalpet	12,184	19	15.6	31	25.4	35	31.2
74 Coonoor	14,326	13	9.1	59	41.2	73	50.9
75 Ootacamund	24,616	95	38.6	90	36.6	..	..
76 Salem	102,179	315	30.8	110	10.8	126	12.3
77 Mangalore	66,756	61	9.1	32	4.8	24	3.6
78 Calicut	99,273	14	1.4	24	2.4	106	10.6
79 Cannanore	34,236	3	0.9	..	..	38	11.1
80 Cochin	22,818	12	5.3	26	11.3	7	3.1
81 Tellicherry	30,349	..	..	..	..	..	..
82 Palghat	49,064	..	..	1	0.2	..	..

STATEMENT L.—Statement showing the sanctioned strength of the establishment as it stood on 31st March 1934.

Strength at the beginning of the year .. Sanctioned during the year .. Abolished during the year .. Strength at the end of the year ..	Establishment in the Commissioner's and Deputy and Assistant Commissioners' Offices.										Subordinate preventive and tree-tax establishments.										Subordinate distillery establishment.			Abkari establishment in Collectorate.	Cost per annum.
	Permanent.					Temporary.					Permanent.					Temporary.									
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)			
59	Superintendents, clerks and attendants, 28—35.	Peons.	Inspectors.	Assistant Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Inspectors.	Assistant Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Inspectors.	Peons.	Petty officers.	Peons.	Clerks.	Petty officers.	Peons.	Clerks.	Petty officers.	Peons.	Clerks.	Peons.	Total strength.			
59	63	58	40	640	2	19	40	182	7	2,927	12	..	306	3	4	106	279	62	4,809	19,59,815					
.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
59	63	58	39	641	2	19	37	182	6	2,921	14	..	277	3	4	108	279	62	4,774	19,56,670					

Government of Madras

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

G.O. No. 2057, 10th October 1934

Excise—Administration Report—1933-34—Recorded.

READ—the following paper :—

**Proceedings of the Commissioner of Excise, R. No. 1569-Abk.,
dated 15th September 1934.**

E. F. THOMAS, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S.
Commissioner of Excise.

The Commissioner submits to the Government the report on the administration of the Excise and Opium revenue in the Madras Presidency during the year 1933-34.

(True extract)

33657

E. BRITO,
Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department (with 5 copies of the report).
Copy to the Accountant-General, Madras (with a copy of the report).

Order—No. 2057, Revenue, dated 10th October 1934.

Recorded.

(By order of the Government, Ministry of Education and Excise)

J. A. THORNE,
Secretary to Government.

To the Commissioner of Excise.
„ the Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues) with C.L. (with
reference to Memorandum No. 2979 D-34-1, dated 24th September 1934).
„ the Public Department } with a copy of report.
„ Local Self-Government Department }
Press.

X7291. 211 20433

N3435