

REPORT 

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION

OF

TRAVANCORE

FOR THE YEAR

1083 M. E.
1907-1908 A. D.



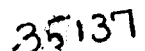
PART I—REPORT

TRIVANDRUM

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1908

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Md. Farid Shah

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INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

TRAVANCORE (*Mal. Thiruvithankūr*) occupies the south-west portion of the Indian Peninsula. It forms an irregular triangle with its apex at Cape Comorin, and is situated between 8° 4' and 10° 22' North Latitude and between 76° 13' and 77° 38' East Longitude. It is bounded on the north by the State of Cochin and the British district of Coimbatore, on the east by the districts of Madura and Tinnevely and on the south and west by the Indian Ocean. Its extreme length from north to south is 171 miles, its breadth 75 miles and its area 129 square miles. Over one-half of the total area are hills and forests. A large variety of trees, teak, blackwood, ebony, jack, anjili, &c., grow in the forests. The elephant, the tiger, the leopard, the bison, the sambur and a variety of small game are found. The South-West Monsoon begins about the middle of Edavom (May-June). The rainfall is generally heavy, with thunderstorms. The North-East Monsoon commences in the month of Thulam (Oct.-Nov.). From January to May the heat is intense and oppressive. Rice is the staple food of the people.

2. The early history of Travancore is in great part traditional; but there is little doubt that His Highness the Maha Raja is the representative of the Chera dynasty, one of the three great Hindu dynasties which exercised sovereignty in Southern India. The petty chiefs, who had subsequently set up as independent rulers within the State, were all subdued and the whole country, included within its present boundaries, was consolidated and brought under one rule during the reign of Maha Raja Marthanda Varma (1729-58). The English first settled at Anjengo, a few miles to the north of Trivandrum, and built a factory there in 1684. In the wars in which the East India Company were engaged in Madura and Tinnevely in the middle of the 18th century, the Travancore State gave assistance to the British authorities. Travancore was reckoned as one of the staunchest allies of the British Power and was accordingly included in the treaty made in 1784 between the East India Company and the Sultan of Mysore. In view to protect the State from possible inroad by Tippu, an arrangement was come to in 1783 with the Honorable the East India Company, and in 1785 a formal treaty was concluded by which the Company agreed to protect Travancore from all foreign enemies. In 1805 the annual subsidy to be paid by Travancore was fixed at Rs. 5 lakhs.

3. His Highness the Maha Raja, Sri Padmanabha Dasa Vanchi Pala Sir Rama Varma Mahasekhara Kiritapathi Manney Sultan Maha Raja Raja Ramaraja Bahadur Shamsher Jang, C. S. I., G. C. I. E., Member of the Royal Asiatic Society, London, Officier De L' Instruction Publique, was born on the 25th September 1857 and ascended the *musnud* on the 19th August 1895. His Highness is entitled to a personal salute of 21 guns. The *Marumakkathayam* governs the succession. The present Senior Rani, Her Highness Setu Lakshmi Bayi (born 19th November 1895), and the Junior Rani, Setu Parvathi Bayi (born 8th November 1896), were adopted into the family on the 31st August 1900.

4. The government of the country is conducted in the name and under the control of His Highness the Maha Raja. The Dewan is His Highness' Chief Minister, with whom the British Resident and Heads of Departments correspond in all official matters. The several departments are constituted mostly on the British Indian model. The work of legislation entrusted to a Legislative Council brought into existence in 1888.

5. To afford to the people an opportunity of expressing direct to the Darbar their wants and wishes, and representing their views regarding the administrative measures adopted from time to time, and to enable the Darbar to learn at first hand how their actions affect

measures, His Highness the Maha Raja was pleased to command that an Assembly under the designation of the Sri Mulam Popular Assembly should be constituted. This Assembly meets once every year. The first session of it was held in October 1904. The members were then nominated by Government from among the agricultural, trading, industrial and other classes. In the second year, the privilege of electing members to the Assembly was granted to the people. The 31 taluks, into which the State is divided for administrative purposes, were each constituted into an electorate and qualifications prescribed for the electoral body. Every person who paid on his own account an annual land revenue of not less than fifty rupees or whose net annual income was not less than three thousand rupees, and every graduate of any recognised University having his residence in the taluk, was given the privilege of election. The taluks are each allowed to return two members to the Assembly, a few important taluks being given one more member. The elections are conducted under the presidency of the Tahsildars—the chief administrative officers of the taluks. The Municipalities, the European Planters' Associations and a few other public bodies and associations representing approved public interests and satisfying the prescribed requirements as to constitution and conduct of business, are also allowed to depute members to the Assembly. Provision is also made for the nomination by the Darbar of members to represent any interest or community which may otherwise fail to be represented by the elected members. This is the present constitution. Soon after election or nomination, the members prepare memoranda of the representations and suggestions they desire to bring forward, and these are forwarded to the Peishkars of their respective divisions, who submit them to the Dewan with their remarks on each proposition. The Assembly opens with an address by the Dewan giving a résumé of the administration of the previous Malabar year and the measures proposed for the current year. The members are then called upon to represent their wants and wishes and to submit their suggestions and the Dewan replies to them in the name and on behalf of the Darbar.

6. For purposes of land revenue administration, the State is divided into four divisions, each under the control of an officer called Peishkar, who also exercises the powers of a District Magistrate. Each division is divided into taluks under the charge of Tahsildars who are also Magistrates *ex-officio*. Each taluk is subdivided into *proverthies* which constitute the ultimate unit for administrative purposes. The head of a proverthy is a Proverthicar. There are 31 taluks and 240 proverthies.

7. The population of the State according to the Census of 1901 was 2,952,157 (1,490,165 males and 1,461,992 females). Hinduism is the predominant religion of the State and its followers constitute about two-thirds of the entire population (2,035,615), while Christians form about a fourth (697,387) and Mahomedans one-sixteenth (190,566).

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

M. E. 1083 (AUGUST 1907—AUGUST 1908).

Mr. V. Nagam Aiya, the Senior Dewan Peishkar, was in charge of administration from the 17th August to the 23rd October 1907. His Highness the Maha Raja was pleased to appoint me Dewan from the 24th October 1907 to the 23rd October 1908.

2. His Highness the Raja of Dewas State, Senior Branch, Central India, visited Travancore in January 1908 and the Prince of Arcot towards the end of March.

3. In May 1908, General Sir Archibald Hunter, Commanding the Southern Division, paid a visit to Travancore.

4. On the 24th July 1908, His Highness the Maha Raja left Trivandrum for Cape Comorin and other places and returned to the Capital on the 7th August.

5. Their Highnesses the Ranis made satisfactory progress in their studies during the year.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

LAND REVENUE.

6. *Current demand.*—The current land revenue demand was Rs. 29,53,674, against Rs. 29,03,063 in 1082. The subjoined statement shows the gross demand under the different items, the remissions granted, fixed as well as seasonal, and the net demand :—

Years.	Gross demand.				Deduct remissions.			Net demand.
	On wet lands.	On garden and dry lands.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Fixed.	Seasonal.	Total.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1082	17,50,834	8,33,702	4,38,811	30,23,347	52,411	64,873	1,17,284	29,06,063
1083	17,54,800	8,75,684	4,14,985	30,45,469	53,617	38,178	91,795	29,53,674

The increase of Rs. 45,948 under wet and garden lands was due to the introduction, during the year, of new (settlement) rates in the taluks of Kottarakkall and Pathanapuram settled during the year, and also in the Eraniel taluk which had been settled in 1082. There was a fall of Rs. 23,826 under miscellaneous revenue, due mainly to the circumstance that all extensions of cultivation and consequent increase of revenue, which prior to settlement used to be treated as miscellaneous, were at settlement brought into the ayacut account, either as wet or dry. The reduction of Rs. 26,695 under seasonal remissions was due to the more favourable nature of the season as compared with that of the previous year. The net land revenue demand rose by Rs. 47,611.

7. *Demand, collection and balance.*—The subjoined statement shows the land revenue demand of the year, arrears as well as current, the amount collected and written off, and the balance at the end of the year :—

Year.	Demand.			Collection.			Written off.			Balance.		
	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1082	3,75,514	29,06,063	32,81,577	1,11,282	28,61,775	29,73,057	98,925	...	98,925	1,67,307	44,288	2,11,595
1083	2,11,595	29,53,674	31,65,269	89,300	29,22,000	30,11,300	43,951	...	43,951	78,344	31,614	1,09,958

The collections on account of current revenue amounted to about 99 per cent of the demand. Substantial progress was made in collecting or writing off the old arrears.

The total pending balance at the end of the year was reduced from Rs. 2,11,595 to Rs. 1,09,958, or by nearly 50 per cent. Of the unrecovered balance at the end of the year, Rs. 1,09,958, a sum of Rs. 24,386 consisted of amounts which had been ordered to be recovered by future instalments and which therefore were not really due during the year, and Rs. 63,010 represented the rents due to this Darbar on the *desavazhi* lands in Cochin, which could not be recovered under the ordinary revenue processes of this State. Special arrangements have been made for the recovery of these rents.

8. *Coercive action.*—The subjoined statement shows particulars of the coercive action taken :—

Years.	Demand notices issued.		Distrain of movables and attachment of immovables.		Actual sale of properties.					
	Number of cases.	Amount involved.	Number of cases.	Amount involved.	Movables.		Immovables.		Total.	
					No. of cases.	Amount involved.	No. of cases.	Amount involved.	No. of cases.	Amount involved.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1082	1,09,040	5,41,232	4,781	24,495	14	418	79	3,263	93	3,681
1083	67,078	3,30,672	1,599	13,282	30	448	271	5,812	301	6,260

There was a decline in the number of demand notices issued and of distraints and attachments, while the number of sales rose both in the case of movables and of immovables.

9. *Revenue cases.*—The subjoined statement shows the revenue cases disposed of by the Peishkars and Tahsildars during the year :—

Nature of cases.	Number for disposal, including balance of previous year.	Actual disposal.	
		Number disposed of.	Percentage of disposal.
1. Puduval or registry of waste lands	14,231	9,196	64
2. Transfer of registry	38,857	36,699	94
3. Poramboke	3,190	2,883	90
4. Cases under the Land Acquisition Regulation	1,254	1,117	89
5. Escheat	174	136	78

There was substantial improvement in the disposal of transfer of registry cases, the percentage of disposal being 94, against 62 in 1082. The percentage of disposal in regard to puduval cases also rose, from 32 to 64, but there was considerable room for improvement in this respect, particularly in the Trivandrum division, where, out of 3,933 cases pending disposal at the close of the year, as many as 1,003 belonged to the years 1077 to 1080. The Darbar is insisting on these old cases being disposed of without further delay.

The tardy disposal, in previous years, of applications for waste lands by the Revenue department, attracted the attention of the Darbar during the year, and on enquiry, it was found that the work was hampered by two circumstances, firstly, the necessity for referring practically all applications to the Forest department under the

rules then in force, and secondly, the valuation of timber trees standing on waste lands at excessive rates in most cases. These impediments were removed by its being laid down that no reference need be made to the Forest department in connection with the registry of waste lands lying outside settled reserves or areas notified for reservation and that the valuation of the trees standing on such lands might be done by the Revenue department itself. Favourable rates of valuation, for the trees standing on waste lands, were also sanctioned during the year.

10. *Revenue appeals.*—There were 114 revenue appeals for disposal by the Dewan, including the previous year's balance. Of these, 104 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 10 cases. These latter were under remand to the Division Peishkar whose reports had not been received when the year closed. The decisions of the Peishkars were confirmed in 64 cases, modified in 19 and reversed in 21.

11. *Applications for agricultural loans.*—Including the previous year's balance there were only two applications for loans under Regulation IV of 1866 before the Peishkars. One of these was disposed of during the year.

Though the Regulation was passed 18 years ago, it has been found to be practically inoperative. The enquiry made showed that the main causes were:—

- (1) the narrow scope of the Regulation, which applied only to wet land and not to garden or dry lands,
- (2) the delay in the grant of loans, and
- (3) the absence of any specific allotment for the purpose.

With a view to remedy these defects, steps are being taken to amend the Regulation so as to make it applicable to garden and dry as well as to wet lands and the Darbar has also impressed upon the officers of the Revenue department the necessity for the prompt disposal of all applications under the Regulation. Arrangements have been made for funds being regularly allotted in the annual budgets for loans to agriculturists.

12. *Miscellaneous.*—The Division Peishkars were given increased powers during the year, in regard to the appointment, transfer and punishment of, and grant of leave to their subordinates, and also in administrative matters, such as the disposal of revenue cases, remission of revenue fines, &c.

The question of revising the taluk and village establishments continued to engage attention, but no final orders were passed during the year.

The Quilon Tahsildar was relieved of his magisterial functions and a Stationary Magistrate, with first class powers, was appointed instead, so as to enable the Tahsildar to devote his whole time to his revenue and devaswom duties.

The system of *karathilchilavoo* by which the tax due by certain landholders used to be remitted in their favour, by being simultaneously credited and debited in the Sirkar accounts, was done away with, and the simpler system of treasury payments was substituted in lieu.

The report of the Special Officer on the question of the irrigation cess to be levied on the lands commanded by the Kodayar project was received during the year. I visited the southern taluks and inspected a considerable portion of the area concerned, held conferences with the ryots, and after a very careful consideration of the question, the Darbar passed final orders, fixing the irrigation cess to be imposed on all registered wet lands commanded by the project and also on all registered dry and garden lands which had been or were to be converted into wet lands. The waste lands on either side of the Left Bar Channel were ordered to be given to the ryots of the neighbouring villages on favourable terms. It was also resolved to transfer to the head of cultivable waste the beds of such tanks as might become unnecessary owing to the extension of the Kodayar system and as were not needed for any other communal purpose.

A minimum assessment of 4 fanams per acre was fixed for all unregistered dry lands in the divisions of Padmanabhapuram and Trivandrum and of 5 fanams per acre on similar lands in the remaining two divisions.

The kist months having been found by experience to be somewhat too early, the instalments for the Kanni crop were changed to Thulam and Vrischigom and those for the Kumbhom crop to Meenom and Medom with effect from the current year. Garden tax was also ordered to be recovered in four equal instalments in these months. The instalments for the *punja* crop were left undisturbed.

A uniform fee of 4 chackrams was fixed for demand notices issued under the Revenue Recovery Regulation, in lieu of fees varying according to distance.

Circulars were issued laying down the lines to be followed for the disposal of cases of encroachment on poramboke lands and for the registry of the latter when transferred to the head of assessed waste.

The use of printed tax-receipt books issued by the Sirkar was ordered to be insisted on in all settled taluks.

The question of the settlement of the *kuthagapattom* lands comprised in the Pullipott Farm was considered and the general lines on which they should be settled were reaffirmed during the year.

The question of *thiruppuram* assignment, which had been under correspondence for the past three years, was discussed at a conference of the Peishkars held towards the end of the year, but final orders were passed only after the year closed.

The question of *Kandukrishi* lands was considered during the year and it was decided by the Darbar not to make any material changes either in the tenure or in the system of management of these lands.

SURVEY.

13. The reduction of establishment, sanctioned in July 1907, took effect from the 17th September 1907. Special establishments had, however, to be entertained, for the mapping of the Cardamom Hills and for the survey of the lands available for salt manufacture at Thamarakulam. A special staff was also employed for the survey of the Kannan Devan Hills.

The operations of the department were generally confined to special and miscellaneous surveys, as noted below:—

- (1) the special cadastral survey of the tea and coffee estates within the Kannan Devan Hills concession and in the taluks of Shencotta, Changanacherry and Todupuzha;
- (2) the resurvey of the Cardamom Hills;
- (3) the survey of fresh applications for land on the Cardamom Hills; and
- (4) the miscellaneous cadastral revision survey:
 - (a) of the fields affected in the verification of the Cochin-Travancore boundary;
 - (b) of pudevils registered subsequent to the original survey; and

LAND RECORDS.

14. Though a staff for the maintenance of land records under the control of the Revenue department had been organised towards the close of 1082, very little progress was made during the year in maintenance work, for the reason that the maintenance work was already much in arrears in the settled taluks and the staff found itself practically helpless. Further, the staff had to be detailed for special duty for several months in connection with the survey of the Kannan Devan Hills. Survey schools were, however, held by the land records staff in 25 taluks and 435 revenue subordinates were trained in survey. Of these subordinates, 156 had to be remanded for further training. A survey class was held in Trivandrum for the training of Tahsildars, and 8 of the latter underwent a course of training.

SETTLEMENT.

15. There were, at the beginning of the year, six parties and a Deputy and four Assistant Peishkars in charge of them. Two of the parties were disbanded during the year. There were only four Party Officers at the close of the year, consisting of one Deputy Peishkar and three Assistant Peishkars. The Assistant Peishkar in charge of the Settlement Central Office was replaced by a Manager. Reductions were made in the office and field establishments also.

The operations of the department extended over 13 taluks, of which Kottarakara and Pathanapuram were completely settled during the first quarter of the year, and the new taxes were also introduced in them during the year. Of the remaining 11 taluks, 6 taluks, namely, Kunnathur, Kottayam, Ettumanoor, Vaikom, Shertalai and Parur, were completed by the close of the year. The new taxes in these six taluks will however come into force only during the current year. The settlement of the villages of Peermade and Periyar in the Changanacherry taluk, which had been lost sight of during the general settlement of the taluk, and of certain portions of the Kanjirapally village, which had been wrongfully included in the Vanjipuzha Edavagai, was also closed during the year. The increase of revenue due to settlement, in the eight taluks and the villages mentioned above is estimated by the Peishkar at Rs. 2,55,280.

The operations in the remaining five taluks of the State were in different stages of progress when the year closed. The settlement of cherikals was in its early stages in the taluks of Kottayam, Thiruvalla, Changanacherry and Chengannur, and it was pushed on in the taluks of Meenachil, Moovattupuzha and Thodupuzha. Settlement work in Anjenad was commenced in the beginning of 1083, and it was advanced to the issue of rough pattas when the year closed.

On the last day of the year, registration work and the field work in regard to assessment had been completed throughout the State, except in regard to cherikal.

The rapid progress made in closing settlement work was due mainly to the change of system introduced three years ago and also to the efficiency of the Deputy Peishkar in charge of the department.

AGRICULTURE.

16. A separate department of agriculture was organised during the last quarter of the year. Dr. Kunjan Pillai, who had returned duly qualified in Agricultural Science, after taking the degrees of B. Sc. and Ph. D. in the Universities of Edinburgh and Leipzig respectively, was placed at the head of the new department, with the designation of "Director of Agriculture." The Agricultural Farms at Trivandrum and at Quilon and the Veterinary Hospital at Trivandrum were placed under the control of the Director. The Director was called upon to submit a scheme for amplifying the operations of his department. His scheme was received before the year closed, but its consideration belongs to the current year.

A disease of an infectious nature, affecting the cocoanut and areca palms, has, for several years past, been prevalent in parts of North and Central Travancore, and it has already caused considerable loss to cocoanut cultivation. Early in the year under review, Dr. E. J. Butler, Imperial Mycologist, visited the affected area and investigated the disease. The results of his investigation were embodied in a report which was re-published in the Gazette. Agricultural sheets in the Vernacular were issued, explaining the nature of the disease and the precautionary measures to be adopted. With a view to prevent the spread of the disease to the neighbouring territories, a notification was issued prohibiting the export of cocoanut seedlings and roots from this State. After Dr. Kunjan Pillai's appointment as Director, he followed up Dr. Butler's investigations and made certain proposals for combating the disease. The adoption of these measures belongs to the current year.

An out-break of rinderpest occurred in several parts of the State during the year. It made its appearance in Nanjinad and in the taluks lying close to the Ghauts and thence spread to some of the neighbouring taluks. No information is available as to the extent of the damage done. The Director says that it must have been considerable. The Government Veterinarian toured through the affected taluks and rendered help.

During the year, three cattle-shows were held, at Kottayam, Aralumudu and Ochira. At Ochira opportunity was taken by private individuals to hold a small agricultural and industrial exhibition also.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

LEGISLATION.

17. Four ordinary meetings and one special meeting of the Legislative Council were held during the year.

No Regulations were passed.

The Public Canals and Public Ferries Bill was dealt with in committee and later on in the Council during the year. The Bill to amend and consolidate the law relating to Civil Courts was introduced and dealt with in committee and the committee's report was also considered by the Council during the year. The Treasure Trove Bill, the Arms Bill and the Factories Bill were introduced into the Council and referred to Select Committees during the year. Leave to introduce was granted in regard to the following Bills:— (1) Bill to amend the Towns Conservancy and Improvement Regulation, III of 1876, (2) Bill to amend the Court Fees Regulation, I of 1862, (3) Bill to amend the Vakils' Regulation, III of 1875, (4) Bill to amend the Forest Regulation, II of 1868, (5) Bill to amend the Criminal Procedure Code and (6) the Hackney Carriage Bill. The High Court Regulation Amendment Bill, which had been introduced into the Council in 1881, was withdrawn, as it was considered that the question of amending the constitution of the High Court should lie over till the constitution of the Civil Courts subordinate to the High Court had been amended. The Registration Regulation Amendment Bill was also withdrawn during the year, as it was found that the amendments proposed were not exhaustive and it was considered expedient to withdraw the defective Bill, so that a more exhaustive one might be introduced later on.

POLICE.

18. *Staff.*—The scale of pay of the subordinate ranks of the force was revised during the year. There were, according to the old scale, seven classes of Inspectors, three of Head Constables and three of Constables, the pay of the Inspectors ranging from Rs. 30 to Rs. 100, that of Head Constables from Rs. 12 to Rs. 20, and that of Constables from Rs. 6 to Rs. 8. Under the new arrangement, the Inspectors were divided into five grades, on Rs. 50, 75, 100, 125 and 150, and the Constables into two grades on Rs. 8 and 7. A re-distribution of the number in each grade was also effected. The horse allowance of the Inspectors was raised from Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 a month, and local allowances in certain cases were also increased. The appointment of the Frontier Inspector at Aramboly, who was doing excise work, was abolished.

The sanctioned strength of the force was 1,720, but the actual strength at the close of the year was 1,714, the appointment of six constables newly sanctioned having been held in abeyance. Deducting the number employed in the reserve and as treasury guards &c., the effective strength rose from 1,391 to 1,437. The increase was due to the withdrawal of the policemen attached to the District Jails at Quilon and Alleppey, which were abolished during the year. The ratio of police to population and area was one policeman to every 2,054 inhabitants and one to every 5 square miles.

There were in all 122 casualties during the year. Of these, 25 were cases of retirement on pension, 25 of resignation, 21 of dismissal, 18 of desertion, 10 of discharge, 19 of death and 4 of transfer to other departments. The total number of departmental punishments was 1,257, against 1,296 in the year preceding, the decrease being mainly in the award of black marks. 95 policemen were prosecuted during the year, of whom 18 were convicted.

19. *Cases investigated.*—4,149 cognisable cases were reported during the year, against 4,367 in 1882. Inclusive of arrears, the total number for disposal was 4,261, out of which there were only 107 cases pending at the close of the year, 1,783 having been referred as false, 41 transferred to the undetected list and 2,330 charged. The number of noncognisable cases dealt with by the Police was 1,371, against 1,309 in the year previous.

20. *Detective results generally.*—The percentages of conviction in respect of cases and of persons were 85 and 63 respectively, i. e., slightly less than in the year previous. There was also a decrease in the percentage of property recovered, which was 51, against 63 in 1882. The average duration of investigation, in cases charged and those referred, was 8 and 16 days respectively, practically the same as in 1882. The average duration of the detention of prisoners in cases charged, was one day, the same as in the year previous; the average detention fell from two days to one and a half in referred cases. The total number of witnesses examined by the Police was 24,412.

21. *Grave crimes.*—The statement in the margin gives particulars of the grave crimes dealt with in 1882 and 1883. The offences of murder, culpable homicide not amounting to murder and dacoity, showed an increase, though there was some decline in the other offences. The percentages of conviction showed some improvement.

Offences.	No. of cases reported.		Percentage of conviction				Percentage of property recovered.	
			Cases.		Persons.			
			1882	1883	1882	1883	1882	1883
Murder ...	19	35	65	80	54	50	...	34
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder ...	6	8	67	80	67	90	...	...
Dacoity ...	51	70	50	66	31	35	76	58
Robbery ...	320	299	30	54	57	54	67	8
House-breaking and theft ...	145	437	90	89	78	75	57	48
Cattle theft ...	232	106	83	83	70	70	84	77
Ordinary theft ...	1,668	1,442	87	85	76	71	66	67

The number of cases of offences against the Coinage and Stamp laws, dealt with during the year, was 10, against 16 in the year previous. Of these, 2 were referred as false and 8 were charged. Of the cases charged, 5 ended in conviction.

22. *Cases referred by and to the Magistracy.*—Of the 748 cases referred by the Magistracy to the Police, 593 were returned as false, and of these, 545 were struck off by the Magistracy. 1,190 cases were taken by the Police direct and referred by them, of which 909 were ordered to be struck off.

23. *Miscellaneous.*—706 cases of violent and unnatural deaths were reported, against 749 in the year preceding. There were 527 accidental deaths and 106 suicides—73 males and 33 females. The number of deaths from murder rose from 26 to 37. The number of accidental fires rose from 182 to 193, while the value of property destroyed on this account fell from Rs. 1,04,268 to Rs. 32,403.

1,08,201 processes were executed during the year, against 1,06,333 in the year previous.

Five prisoners escaped from police custody during the year but all of them were re-captured.

The number of known depredators on the register rose from 558 to 639.

61 head-stations and 47 sub-stations were inspected by the Superintendent, 19 of the former and 11 of the latter being visited more than once. Eight sub-

stations were not visited at all either by the Superintendent or by any Assistant Superintendent.

3,738 finger prints were brought on record during the year. 58 impressions in all were sent to Madras, Cochin, Bangalore and Malabar, and in respect of 9 of them, the previous convictions of the individuals concerned were traced.

A serious riot occurred in Trivandrum on the 8th June last, in the course of which the Fort Police station building was attacked and set fire to by the mob and a portion of the building was burnt down. The case is now under trial in the Trivandrum Sessions Court. Steps are being taken to amend the Police Regulation so as to make provision for special punitive police being quartered in disturbed areas when cases of this kind occur.

FACTORIES.

24. There were at the end of the year 49 factories in the State. 4 were in Quilon, 10 in Alleppey, 3 in Shertallay and the remaining 32 in the Cardamom Hills, round Peermade, at Poomudi and other places along the line of the ghats. These latter were for the manufacture of tea. Those in the low country were, severally, for the manufacture of tiles and bricks, cotton and coir yarn, for the extraction of cocoanut oil and for the husking of paddy. 12 factories were worked by steam-power alone, 11 by oil engine. Water-power, manual labour and electricity were used in the rest, either exclusively or in combination with one of the other agencies. The total number of operatives at work was 4,485, including 951 females and 1,334 children. The daily wages ranged from 3 chackrams to 1 Rupee 7 chackrams per head. The duration of work varied from 9 to 12 hours a day. The District Magistrates as well as the Medical Officers inspected the factories in their respective divisions. Building accommodation and sanitary arrangements were, on the whole, satisfactory.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

25. 266 permits were issued for the import of rifles, guns, revolvers, gunpowder, cartridges, detonators, dynamite, &c. The arms and ammunition were brought into the country either as personal effects by individuals privileged to carry arms or as articles of trade by licensed vendors. 17 export permits were issued for small consignments of saltpetre, sulphur &c. and for a few guns and cartridges carried for self-defence. 118 licenses were granted for the manufacture or sale of arms, ammunition &c. Of these, 27 were for manufacture and the rest for sale. Under Regulation V of 1079, 11 licenses were issued for the possession and use of explosives, mostly for mining or blasting purposes. The Bill to amend the Arms and Ammunition Regulation was pending the report of the Select Committee of the Legislative Council at the close of the year.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

TRIBUNALS.

26. The number of Courts exercising criminal jurisdiction remained the same as in the previous year, viz., 64. But two new Stationary 1st Class Magistrates' Courts were established, one at Quilon and the other at Alleppey, the 3rd Class Magistrate's Court at Paravoor and the 2nd Class Magistrate's Court at Alleppey being abolished. The magisterial powers exercised by the Manager of the Vycome temple were withdrawn. A Special 1st Class Magistrate's Court was temporarily created at Trivandrum towards the close of the year, for the trial of the Trivandrum riot cases.

STATE OF CRIME GENERALLY.

27. The number of offences reported was 18,428, of which 14,817 were offences under the Penal Code and 3,611 under special and local laws, against 14,581 and 3,985 respectively in 1082. The increase in offences under the Penal Code was mainly in regard to the compoundable offences of criminal force and assault and simple hurt. The falling-off in offences under special and local laws was mainly under the Abkari, Police and Towns Improvement Regulations. But cases under the Criminal Breach of Contracts and Forest Regulations showed an increase. The number of cases rejected *in limine* fell from 1,505 to 539. The percentage of conviction in respect of persons was 31, against 33 in the previous year.

The number of female offenders charged fell from 2,575 to 2,321 and the number of them convicted from 346 to 286. The largest number convicted in both years was in cases under the Abkari Regulation.

The number of juvenile accused was 341, or 79 less than in 1082. The number actually brought to trial fell from 184 to 119, while the number convicted rose slightly from 63 to 64, the ratio of conviction being 54 per cent. Theft and offences against the Police Regulation were the principal offences of which the juveniles were convicted. One juvenile convicted of house-breaking and theft was committed to the Reformatory for a period of 5 years. In view to the apathy of the Magistracy in sending youthful offenders to the Reformatory, the High Court have, at the instance of the Darbar, issued instructions to all Criminal Courts in the matter.

The number of public servants prosecuted and convicted rose from 137 and 2 to 187 and 23 respectively. The percentage of conviction was 12, as against one in the year preceding. As it has been found that the instructions issued to the District Magistrates to exercise sufficient care and discretion in the initiation of criminal proceedings against public servants, have so far not had the desired effect, steps are being taken in consultation with the High Court to deal with the evil.

MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

28. *Original work.*—The file of the Magistracy was 18,428—346 preliminary enquiries and 18,082 trials. The total number of cases for disposal, including arrears, was 19,135, of which 18,843 were disposed of during the year, leaving a balance of 292 cases. The number of pending cases of more than three months' duration was 35. The average disposal of a Magistrate was 343 cases. The average duration of pendency fell from 31 to 29 days in preliminary enquiries, while in trials it rose from 12 to 14 days. The High Court report that the file of the Magistracy, taken as a whole, has been steadily going down year after year during the past quinquennium.

30,172 witnesses were examined by the Magistracy. The number detained beyond three days rose from 336 to 635. The attention of the District Magistrates has been drawn to the necessity for carefully scrutinising the adjournment orders passed by the Subordinate Magistracy. The average number of witnesses examined as 549, or 82 less than in the previous year.

The number of persons involved in the cases disposed of by the Magistracy was 1,807 in preliminary enquiries and 41,478 in trials. 339 persons were committed to the Sessions. 7,248 persons or 17 per cent were convicted, against 18 per cent in the previous year. Of the total number of persons convicted, 71 per cent were sentenced to fines only. Solitary confinement was awarded to three persons.

29. *Appellate work.*—The 1st Class Magistrates attached to the four Revenue divisions were empowered to hear and dispose of appeals against the decisions of 2nd and 3rd Class Magistrates. There were thus 9 Magistrates with appellate jurisdiction, against 5 in the year preceding.

The number of appeals preferred to the District Magistrates was 1,614. The total number for disposal was 1,617, of which 1,592 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 25 at the end of the year. The average duration of an appeal was 19 days. All the 25 appeals pending were those filed in the last week of the year.

The percentages of confirmation, reversal and modification, were 56, 29 and 13 respectively, as against 58, 28 and 8 in the previous year.

30. *Revisional work.*—The number of applications for revision received during the year was 108 and all of them were disposed of, inclusive of the one pending at the commencement of the year.

31. *Miscellaneous cases.*—19 persons were bound over to keep the peace and 2 for good behaviour. 25 proceedings in cases of local nuisance and 23 in those of disputed possession of immovable property were passed.

32. *Fines.*—The fines imposed during the year amounted to Rs. 45,263, against Rs. 39,805 in the previous year. The total amount for recovery was Rs. 55,538, out of which a sum of Rs. 39,572 was recovered, Rs. 1,203 remitted on appeal and Rs. 8,926 struck off as irrecoverable, leaving a balance of Rs. 5,837, against Rs. 10,275 at the end of the previous year.

SESSIONS COURTS.

33. *Original work.*—The number of cases committed to the Sessions Courts was 133. Inclusive of arrears, the number for disposal was 143. The disposals numbered 140, the balance left at the close of the year being 3 cases. The number of persons involved in the cases disposed of was 380, of whom 154 or 41 per cent were convicted.

The average duration was 11 days. The total number of witnesses examined was 1,860. 323 witnesses were detained beyond a day and 28 beyond 3 days.

Three persons were sentenced to death, 7 to imprisonment for life and 101 to various terms of imprisonment. 40 persons were sentenced to imprisonment and fine, and 3 to fine alone.

34. *Appellate work.*—305 appeals were preferred to the Sessions Courts. Inclusive of arrears, the total number for disposal was 328. Of these, 306 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 22. The average duration of an appeal was 29 days.

The proportion of confirmation rose from 52 to 58 per cent and that of reversal fell from 31 to 25. The ratio of modification was 17, the same as in the previous year.

35. *Revisional work.*—54 applications for revision were presented to the Sessions Courts. All but two were disposed of. The number of calendars, proceedings and appeal statements disposed of was 14,932.

36. *Fines.*—The fines imposed in Sessions trials aggregated to Rs. 2,845. The amount for recovery was Rs. 11,993, of which Rs. 790 was realised and Rs. 810

remitted on appeal. The balance pending at the end of the year was Rs. 10,893, against Rs. 9,148 at the end of the previous year.

HIGH COURT.

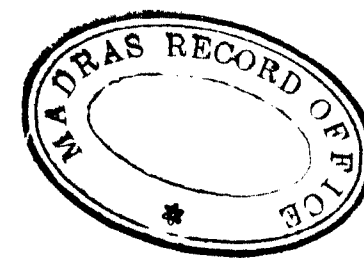
37. *Referred cases.*—The number of referred cases received during the year was 8, and inclusive of one case pending at the commencement of the year, the number for disposal was 9, affecting as many persons, of which 8 cases affecting 8 persons were disposed of. The sentence of death passed in one case and that of rigorous imprisonment for life in 3 cases were confirmed. In one case, the sentence of death was altered into one of rigorous imprisonment for life, and in another, rigorous imprisonment for life was enhanced to death. The conviction in two cases was altered into one for a less heinous offence and lighter punishment awarded. The sentence of death passed by the High Court in one case was commuted into one of imprisonment for life in the exercise of His Highness' Prerogative of Mercy.

38. *Appeals.*—123 appeals were preferred to the High Court against 94 in the previous year. The number for disposal, inclusive of arrears, was 126, of which 116 involving as many persons were disposed of, leaving a balance of 10 cases at the close of the year. 5 appeals against acquittal were preferred by the Darbar, and inclusive of the two appeals pending at the commencement of the year, the number for disposal was 7, all of which were disposed of. The acquittals were set aside and conviction entered in 3 cases, the acquittals being confirmed in the remaining 4 cases.

39. *Revision cases.*—The disposals under the head of revision were 460. In 115 of the cases the decisions of the lower Courts were quashed, in 37 modified, and in the remaining 308, interference was declined. The number of calendars, proceedings and appeal statements revised was 2,545. 44 applications for transfer of cases and 58 miscellaneous petitions were also disposed of.

EXTRADITION.

40. 17 persons were obtained on extradition during the year, of whom 10 were convicted, 5 discharged and 2 were under trial. Theft under Sections 379 and 380 T. P. C. were the offences for which the greater number were charged.



JAILS.

The Central Prison.

41. The District Jails at Quilon and Alleppey were abolished during the year. All convicts sentenced to over two months are now confined in the Central Prison, the rest being kept in the Station Lock-ups.

The number of prisoners admitted into the Central Prison during the year was 638, which, with the 462 that remained at the beginning of the year, made up a total strength of 1,100. The year closed with 458 prisoners, 642 having been discharged during the year. The number of re-convicted prisoners fell from 167 to 125. The number of undertrial prisoners admitted was 233, against 46 in 1082, the large increase being due to the admissions on account of the Trivandrum Riot Case.

The percentage of sick to strength and the daily average of sick were the same as in the previous year, viz., one and five respectively, though the number of admissions into the hospital rose from 118 to 159. There were 12 deaths in the prison hospital, the figures for the years 1081 and 1082 being 27 and 4 respectively.

The number of jail offences fell from 658 to 396, and the majority of the offences related to petty breaches of the jail rules. The number of cases in which corporal punishment was inflicted was 8. The number of convicts released under the remission rules was 48, the largest remission earned being a period of 4 months by a convict warder. On the recommendation of the Superintendent, habituals were excluded from the benefits of the system and the statutory period fixed for life imprisonment was reduced to 14 years. The remission system is reported to have produced a marked improvement in the behaviour and conduct of the convicts.

The earnings from jail manufactures amounted to Rs. 9,700, against Rs. 10,871 in the previous year. The value of intramural labour on jail service is put at Rs. 11,366. Inclusive of other miscellaneous receipts, the total earnings for the year is estimated at Rs. 23,583, as against Rs. 23,691 in the year preceding. Improved looms were supplied during the year and new presses and printing accessories sanctioned. The Darbar recognises that there is room for the development of jail manufactures.

The total expenditure for the year was Rs. 54,214, or Rs. 3,878 in excess of that of 1082. The excess was due to the increase in the jail population and to the higher prices of food-stuffs.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

TRIBUNALS.

42. The following changes, sanctioned at the end of 1082, were given effect to from the commencement of the year under report:—

- (1) the appointment of a Second Judge and Additional Sessions Judge in the Quilon District Court as a temporary measure for one year;
- (2) the permanent location of one of the itinerant Munsiffs' Courts as a regular Court at Chengannur with defined territorial jurisdiction;
- (3) the location of the other itinerant Munsiff's Court as a permanent Additional Court at Quilon;
- (4) the opening of a new Munsiff's Court at Kanjirapally by investing the local Magistrate with the powers of a Munsiff;
- (5) the retransfer of the Vaikom Munsiff's Court from the jurisdiction of the Parur to that of the Alleppey District Court; and
- (6) the appointment of a separate Magistrate-Munsiff at Shencottah, in supersession of the arrangement under which the local Tahsildar was exercising civil and criminal jurisdiction in addition to revenue and other functions.

The total number of Civil Courts on the last day of the year was 29.

LITIGATION IN GENERAL.

Year.	Original Suits.			Appeals.			Grand total.
	Munsiffs' Courts.	District Courts.	Total.	District Courts.	High Court.	Total.	
1082	49,303	614	49,917	2,294	811	3,105	52,016
1083	47,430	652	48,082	2032	839	2,920	51,009

43. The fresh litigation which came in during the year, original and appellate, is shown in the marginal statement. Both in original suits and in appeals, there was a slight decrease.

ORIGINAL LITIGATION.

44. *Munsiffs' Courts.*—The institutions of the year numbered 23,159 ordinary suits and 24,271 small causes. Inclusive of arrears, re-admissions &c., the numbers for disposal were 35,334 ordinary suits and 26,534 small causes, out of which 23,878 and 25,256 respectively were disposed of. The disposals, excluding 1,111 suits disposed of by transfer, exceeded those of the previous year by 153. The disposals numbered 49,134 and formed 79 per cent of the total number for disposal. Contested ordinary suits and small causes disposed of were 32 and 16 per cent of the total disposals. The arrears rose from 11,881 to 12,734. The number of suits of over two years' pendency rose from 89 to 97, and those of over one year's duration but under two years from 1,483 to 1,640. The average duration of contested cases fell from 7 months to 6 months and 26 days, while that of uncontested ones rose from 1 month and 15 days to 1 month and 19 days.

45. *District Courts.*—The institutions of the year numbered 632 ordinary suits and 27 small causes. The numbers for disposal, inclusive of arrears, were 1,383 ordinary suits and 36 small causes, of which 637 and 31 respectively, or a total of 718, were disposed of. The percentage of disposal was 50, as against 46 in 1082. The disposals exceeded those of the previous year by 149 and also exceeded the actual institutions by 59. These results were due to the appointment of an Additional Second Judge at Quilon. Contested ordinary suits and small causes disposed of were 54 and 39 per cent of the total disposals. The arrears of ordinary suits rose from 662 to 696, while that of small causes fell from 6 to 5. The number of suits of more than two years' duration rose from 25 to 51, but the number between a year and two old fell from 184 to 155. Taking the suits of more than one year's standing as a whole, their number showed a slight decline, from 216 to 206. The original work of the District Courts has not been adequate. The average duration of contested and of uncontested suits fell from 17 months and 1 day and 7 months and 2 days respectively to 6 months and 26 days and 1 month and 19 days.

46. *Execution of decrees.*—Execution applications for disposal, inclusive of arrears, amounted to 47,573 in the Munsiffs' Courts and 1,457 in the District Courts, out of which 43,070 and 1,148 respectively were disposed of. The average duration of an execution application in the District Courts fell from 68 to 60 days in ordinary suits and from 88 to 27 days in small causes, while in the Munsiffs' Courts the former remained the same, viz., 35 days in both years, and the latter fell from 28 to 25 days. The amount realised in execution declined from Rs. 3,23,696 to Rs. 2,83,847 in the District Courts, but it rose from Rs. 6,05,615 to Rs. 6,21,793 in the Munsiffs' Courts. The number of judgment-debtors imprisoned rose from 557 to 585 and the cases in which immovable property was sold from 1,371 to 1,395.

47. *Miscellaneous petitions.*—The number of miscellaneous petitions connected with execution, disposed of, was 2,456 in the District Courts and 55,732 in the Munsiffs' Courts. The number of petitions pending at the close of the year was 64 in the District Courts and 405 in the Munsiffs' Courts. 89 decrees from the Courts in British India and 97 from the Cochin Courts were received for execution, while local decrees transferred for execution to the British Indian and Cochin Courts numbered 66 and 23 respectively. The number of miscellaneous petitions, other than those connected with the execution of decrees, disposed of, was 10,098 in the

District Courts and 1,01,129 in the Munsiffs' Courts. The number of such petitions pending at the close of the year in the District Courts was 74 and in the Munsiffs' Courts 1,683.

APPELLATE LITIGATION.

48. *District Courts.*—The institutions of the year numbered 1,753 regular appeals, 169 cross objections and 110 appeals from orders or a total of 2,032. Inclusive of arrears, the number for disposal was 4,399, of which 2,666 were disposed of. The disposals exceeded those of the previous year by 629 and formed 60 per cent of the number for disposal, as against 49 per cent in the year preceding. The average duration of regular appeals and that of cross objections fell from 11 months and 7 days to 9 months and 26 days and from 9 months and 25 days to 6 months and 17 days, while that of appeals from orders rose from 4 months and 14 days to 5 months and 16 days. The arrears fell from 2,147 to 1,733. Though appeals of more than a year's duration fell from 396 to 225, there were 8 appeals pending of more than two years' standing, as against none such at the close of 1982. In the Alleppey Court alone, the appeals of over a year increased by 45.

49. *High Court.*—The number of first appeals instituted during the year fell from 418 to 414, while that of second appeals rose from 298 to 354. Inclusive of arrears, the total number for disposal was 1,132, of which 784 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 348. The duration of the pendency of first and second appeals averaged 6 months and 19 days and 5 months respectively, as against 6 months and 20 days and 5 months and 6 days in the preceding year. 28 out of the first appeals disposed of were decided by a full bench. 104 cross objections, 83 appeals from orders, 24 review petitions and 707 civil miscellaneous petitions were also disposed of.

50. *Quality of work.*—The ratio of Munsiffs' decrees appealed against fell from 27 to 26 per cent. The percentages of confirmation and modification were 55 and 17, against 56 and 14 in the previous year. The ratio of reversal fell from 50 to 28. The High Court restored 14 of the Munsiffs' decrees on second appeal, against 20 in the previous year.

In the case of the District Courts, the ratio of the second appeals (against the appellate decrees of the District Courts) fell from 19 to 18 per cent, but that of original decrees appealed against rose from 46 to 49 per cent. The percentages of confirmation, modification and reversal were 45, 34 and 21 in the case of the first appeals, as compared with 48, 34 and 18 in 1982. In regard to the second appeals, the percentages were 66, 14 and 20, against 63, 15 and 22 in the previous year.

SIRKAR SUITS AND APPEALS.

51. The number of suits in the District Courts to which the Darbar was a party was 74, against 76 in the previous year. The number for disposal, including previous arrears, was 195, of which 87 were disposed of, 79 on the merits—56 for and 23 against the Sirkar. The number of appeals before the High Court was 66, of which 43 were disposed of, all on the merits—14 for and 29 against the Sirkar.

REGISTRATION.

52. To relieve the congestion of work in some of the sub-registry offices, 8 new offices were opened in the latter part of the year. The number of registry offices at the close of the year was 59. The total number of documents presented for registration rose from 2,01,518 to 2,12,768, showing an increase of 11,250 or nearly 6 per cent. The average number of documents for each office is reported to have been 3,940. The aggregate value of the transactions amounted to Rs. 5,19,89,654 and the average value per transaction was 246. Nearly 97 per cent of the documents registered related to immovable property. The number of wills rose from 271 to 304, and the number of deposits with the District Registrars was 9, the same as in the previous year.

The total number of documents for registration, including 57 pending at the beginning of the year, was 2,12,825, of which 2,12,673 were registered, 99 were refused registration and 8 returned to parties on their application, leaving a balance of only 45 documents for disposal at the end of the year. Of these latter, 39 were pending with the Division Peishkars in connection with questions of stamp duty and 6 with the Sub-Registrars for enquiry under the Registration Regulation. Notwithstanding the increase in the number of documents presented, 98.7 per cent of them were registered on the day of presentation, as against 98.5 in the previous year. No documents remained uncopied at the end of the year.

43 appeals were preferred to the District Registrars, and, inclusive of the 5 appeals pending at the commencement of the year, 47 were disposed of, registration being ordered in 27 and refused in 17 cases, two cases being removed from the file for default of the appellants and one compromised.

The number of prosecutions for offences against the Registration Regulation was 6, out of which four resulted in conviction and two in acquittal.

The receipts of the department amounted to Rs. 3,70,122 and the expenditure to Rs. 1,12,350. The percentage of expenditure to gross income was 30, being the lowest on record.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

53. Six companies were newly registered during the year. Of these, five were limited by shares with an aggregate capital of Rs. 1,62,703 and one by guarantee, the capital not having been divided into shares. Four companies were voluntarily wound up during the year and there were at the close of the year 112 companies working.

MILITARY.

54. The strength of the Brigade at the close of the year was 1,473. 16 men died during the year, 5 were invalided and 57 discharged. The reorganisation of the 1st Battalion was completed during the year. 257 recruits were enlisted and the Battalion was brought up to its full strength, viz., 500 of all ranks.

55. The 1st Battalion was armed with breech-loading smooth-bore carbines (Foot Police), and the 2nd Battalion with breech-loading smooth-bore converted Martini-Henrys.

56. The Brigade is reported to be quite efficient for the purpose for which it is intended. The general conduct of the men has been good.

MARINE.

57. The number of vessels that called at the several ports during the year was 646, with an aggregate tonnage of 4,69,824, against 697 with a tonnage of 4,90,817 in 1082.

The receipts from port dues, tramway hire, pier toll, &c. amounted to Rs. 34,875 and the expenditure to Rs. 13,855, against Rs. 36,382 and Rs. 15,733 respectively in the previous year. The decrease in the collections was due to the temporary abolition of the pier toll from the 1st April 1908, as the existing pier at Alleppey could not be utilized, the sea having receded. The question of constructing a new pier engaged the attention of the Darbar and an estimate for three lakhs of rupees has been sanctioned for the purpose.

The erosion of the sea, which commenced towards the close of 1082, continued at the ports of Quilon and Colachel, and property was lost.

DESTRUCTION OF WILD ANIMALS.

58. 7 tigers and 37 panthers were destroyed during the year. The rewards granted amounted to Rs. 721-5 ch.-3 ca-h. Five permits were issued for shooting wild elephants.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

SEASON AND RAINFALL.

59. The season was generally favourable. The prices of food grains continued to rise. The wages of labour remained more or less stationary.

The rainfall was heavy during the year. The average rainfall gauged at the 39 registering stations was 88 inches; the highest was 227 inches at Peermade and the lowest 23 inches at Agastiswaram.

FORESTS.

60. *Forest reserves and reserved lands.*—Twelve new tracts, with an aggregate area of 34 square miles, were proposed for reservation during the year. Six reserves, comprising a total area of 11 square miles, were finally gazetted under Section 18 of the Regulation. The forests in the Cardamom district continued to be under the control of the Superintendent and District Magistrate, Cardamom Hills. The question of transferring these forests from the Cardamom department and placing them under the control of the Conservator of Forests, engaged the consideration of the Darbar during the year. It has been since resolved to transfer these forests to the Conservator. The total area of the reserved forests was 2,323 square miles, and that of reserved lands 139 square miles, against 2,305 square miles and 124 square miles respectively on the last day of 1082. The increase in the area of forest reserves does not indicate any departure from the policy of restricting the further reservation of timber forests already resolved upon by the Darbar. The increase was due chiefly to the final notification, under Section 18, of tracts in regard to which action had been already taken, and partly also to the inclusion in the reserves of a few abandoned coffee estates which had been sold for arrears of tax and bought in for the Sirkar. Of the 12 new tracts notified for reservation during the year, 8 are intended for fuel and fodder purposes. The forest policy of the Darbar received further consideration during the year and it was settled that forest areas once reserved should not be cancelled except for very cogent reasons, or thrown open to cultivation, and that the reservation of unproductive land and the re-stocking of such land with trees would be difficult and impracticable.

61. *Forest settlement.*—The work of forest settlement was attended to by the Division Peishkars. Including the three reserves which were pending settlement at the beginning of the year, there were in all 15 reserves in respect of which claims had to be enquired into by the Forest Settlement Officers, out of which one was cancelled and two were completed during the year. The remaining 12 were pending settlement at the close of the year. The progress was unsatisfactory. The Peishkars have been asked to devote greater attention than they now do to this important work and bring it to an early completion. Of the 13 reserves which had been settled in 1082, 6 were finally gazetted, under Section 13, four were pending with the Reserve Settlement Officer for revision of boundaries, two with the High Court on appeal, and one with the Forest Settlement Officer, Trivandrum, for the acquisition of claims. The Conservator has made the following observations in regard to the forest settlement work: "the blocks were not demarcated, before

settlement enquiry began, as Forest Settlement Officers did not perambulate or inspect the boundaries and claims before passing their decisions, and this has resulted in many existing claims escaping settlement and in new claims arising by the subsequent registration of lands. Unless these defects are remedied, it is hopeless to expect the correct and efficient settlement of claims in reserves." The matter is receiving attention.

62. *Fuel and fodder reserves.*—Out of the existing fuel and fodder areas 8 were notified for reservation, but one of these was subsequently cancelled. The progress made was not satisfactory. The Conservator has been asked to expedite the reservation of the remaining tracts intended for fuel and fodder purposes.

63. *Demarcation and survey.*—74 miles of permanent reserve boundaries were cut and 356 miles of existing boundaries were re-cleared during the year, at a cost of Rs. 22.8 and Rs. 10.6 per mile, against 11 miles at Rs. 23.5 and 265 miles at Rs. 11.8 per mile respectively in 1082. No survey work of any importance was undertaken during the year. Certain minor works were done at a total cost of Rs. 803. 107 maps were prepared in the Conservator's office.

64. *Working plans.*—The scheme for the preparation of working plans, introduced from the beginning of 1082, on a rotation of 20 years, in all the divisions except the Southern, was followed during the year. The Conservator has reported that, as the annual coupes had not been fixed with reference to the crop standing and its capability to yield the out-turn expected as per contracts entered into for the supply of timber from the coupes, much valuable timber such as teak and blackwood have probably been overcut and that, unless further exploitation of such species were stopped till a rough valuation survey in each of the working circles has been made, there would be the danger of bringing about a total extinction of those species of valuable timber. Steps are being taken to explore the working circles and to determine their capability in respect of the more valuable species before further fellings are allowed. During the year, one coupe in each of the working circles, in all the divisions except the Southern, was worked for the extraction of standing timbers of the principal and auxiliary species. The working plan report of the Sheendurni Valley forests was sanctioned. The remaining portions of the Kulathupuzha and Yerur working circles were completely explored and valued. The whole of the Ariankavu working circle was also valued. On the whole, about 127 square miles of forests were explored and valued during the year, against 78 square miles in 1082. One of the Deputy Conservators was on special duty for making a valuation survey of the teak plantations in the State. He completed the survey and submitted a working plan report, which was sanctioned by the Darbar. The Darbar recognises that this important work—of preparing working plans—should be pushed through to completion. The Conservator has been ordered to devote his special attention to the matter. The working plan for the Kulathupuzha and Yerur working circles is reported to be nearly ready.

65. *Communications and buildings.*—A sum of Rs. 13,860 was spent during the year—Rs. 6,130 on roads and bridges, Rs. 7,194 on buildings and Rs. 536 on other works. The work done in all the divisions was satisfactory.

66. *Forest offences.*—745 cases of offences against the forest laws were received during the year, and including the 234 cases pending at the beginning of the year, there were for disposal 979 cases. Of these, 226 cases were thrown out as false by the department and 564 cases were prosecuted, leaving a balance of 189 cases pending at the end of the year. Inclusive of the 138 cases of last year, 702 cases were prosecuted, of which 142 were convicted, 72 acquitted, 331 compounded and 37 withdrawn, leaving a balance of 120 cases at the end of the year. The progress made in the disposal of cases was satisfactory. The percentages of convictions and acquittals to the total number of cases disposed of by Magistrates were 66 and 34 respectively. The large percentage of acquittals is explained by the Conservator to be due not only to the unskilled handling of cases by Forest subordinates but also to the undue insistence by the Magistrates on the production of direct evidence and

to the defects in the Forest Regulation and Rules. The Conservator has been ordered to take up this question at once and to submit the amendments promised by him for rectifying the defects in the law, so that they might be included in the draft Bill for amending the Forest Regulation now under preparation. The amount of compensation realised in cases compounded was Rs. 2,041. The largest number of offences committed was under "damage to ~~royal and~~ reserved trees", the number being 224, against 88 in the year previous. Cases of illicit collection, possession or removal of timber and of forest produce, and of unauthorised clearing within reserves, numbered 220 and 9 respectively, against 192 and 47 in 1082.

67. *Forest fires.*—Out of the total area of forest reserves, only the teak and other plantations, aggregating 2,827 acres, were under regular fire-protection for four months. The whole of this protected area except half an acre was immune from fire during the year. The Darbar realises the necessity for gradually bringing other areas under a regular system of fire-protection by cutting and tracing fire lines and employing a larger patrolling staff. The importance of this matter would be kept in view and a scheme gradually worked out so as to extend efficient protection to the more valuable of the forests, within the course of a few years. The total cost incurred on fire protection amounted to Rs. 2,925. An area of 37 square miles was burnt during the year, against 6 square miles in 1082. The Conservator apprehends that the area actually burnt was probably even more. Steps have been ordered to be taken to determine every year with reasonable accuracy the extent of the area destroyed by fire.

68. *Reproduction—natural and artificial.*—The year was not generally favourable for natural reproduction. In the Koduman reserve, seedlings of *irul* came up well in patches and the reproduction of teak was also fairly good. The natural reproduction of sandalwood trees on the Thirumala Hill, at Navaikulam and in the Quilon town, is reported to be satisfactory. The trees are said to be capable of producing scented heartwood even at low elevations. The Conservator is devoting special attention to this matter. Orders have recently been issued for preserving the valuable sandalwood trees standing on public and private lands in the State, and an enumeration of such trees by the Revenue department has also been ordered. No additions were made to the Sirkar plantations during the year and the only work done under this head was the maintenance of the existing teak and other plantations. The tapping of the rubber trees in the Vemburam plantation, attempted as an experimental measure, did not prove successful. In the Quilon division, the cultivation of ganja was tried as an experiment, though without much success. Thinning operations in the Sirkar plantations were carried on only in the Central and Quilon divisions.

69. *Elephants.*—There were 25 elephants in charge of the department at the beginning of the year. 19 were captured during the year, 4 elephants were transferred from other departments, and one was born in captivity. 3 elephants died, one was auctioned and 8 were transferred to other departments. There were 37 elephants at the close of the year.

70. *Forest produce.*—The total quantity of timber removed from the forests was 9,30,175 cubic feet, or 9,200 cubic feet more than in 1082. Of this, 8,13,664 cubic feet were removed by Sirkar agency, 1,12,827 cubic feet by private individuals, 3,354 cubic feet by right-holders and 330 cubic feet on account of free grants, against 8,42,731, 66,387, 11,581 and 276 cubic feet respectively in the year previous. The decrease under removals by Sirkar agency is attributed by the Conservator to the absence of any fellings by departmental agency in the Koni division and to the inability of the contractors elsewhere to fell much timber as the agreements with them were entered into late in the year. There was a marked increase under removals by purchasers. There was also a noteworthy increase in the quantity of the timber of specially reserved trees in the shape of rough and axed logs and sawn wood brought to the depots, from 3,92,555 cubic feet to 5,04,374 cubic feet, and that of junglewood from 3,19,231 cubic feet to 3,85,788 cubic feet. The stock of timber in the depots on the last day of the year was 1,74,443 cubic feet, as against 2,12,453 cubic feet on the corresponding day of 1082.

71. *Receipts and expenditure.*—The gross revenue amounted to Rs. 7,04,431, against Rs. 6,43,994 in 1082, the increase being Rs. 60,437. The expenditure also rose, from Rs. 4,92,382 to Rs. 5,39,093. The net revenue was Rs. 1,65,338, against Rs. 1,51,612 in the preceding year. The Conservator says that the revenue would have been greater but for the late appearance of the south-west monsoon in the Central division, which prevented the contractors from delivering timber at the Veapuram depot earlier than a few days before the close of the year. The increase in the expenditure was due to payments having been made in the year under report for timber worked down and sold in 1082 and also to the greater expenditure under certain minor heads. The proportion of expenditure to gross revenue was the same as in 1082, viz., 76 per cent. The Darbar attaches no importance to the small increase in the net revenue. *What is wanted in the Forest department, more than anything else, is to work scientifically and carefully conserve existing reserved forests.* In view to the apprehension of overcutting expressed by the Conservator and referred to in para 64 *supra*, the most urgent needs of the Forest department are carefully prepared working plans. No consideration of showing an early increase in the net revenue would be allowed to interfere with the wise policy, adopted by the Conservator, of reducing the fellings—and even stopping them altogether in some cases—till steps have been taken to explore the working circles and obtain a careful estimate of their capability in respect of the more valuable species of timber.

72. *Miscellaneous.*—The Forest Code, which was passed in 1082, came into force from the beginning of the year under report.

The system of patrolling the roads by forest guards, in lieu of maintaining watch stations, which was tried as an experimental measure in 1082, was abolished during the year, as it was found not to work successfully. The watch stations which had been closed had to be revived.

Rules were passed during the year, allowing the throwing open of the reserved forests and plantations of the State, at the discretion of the Conservator, to the grazing of cattle on payment of prescribed fees.

The fee of 4 annas per ton, tentatively imposed on fuel removed from unreserved lands, was permanently raised to one rupee per ton from the beginning of the year, head-loads being however free.

A fee of 12 annas per cartload, or Re. 1-8 as. per ton, was imposed from the beginning of the year on charcoal burnt in or removed from the unreserved lands.

A light fee was also sanctioned to be levied on vakkanar (*sterculia villosa*) and bamboo shoots (*mulunchilli*) removed from the forests.

Two State stipendiary students were sent for training to the Forest College at Dehra Dun.

Two Deputy Rangers of the department were deputed to the Coimbatore Forest School for training.

Two State students who were undergoing training at Dehra Dun passed out and were appointed as Rangers during the year. The Darbar is insisting as far as possible on the entertainment of passed men in the superior grades of the department, and stipendiary students are being sent out for training every year. There are already several trained men in the department. It is hoped that, within a few years, the department would have a thoroughly trained and capable staff of officers and subordinates.

CARDAMOM AND OTHER PRODUCE.

73. During the year, 113 acres of cardamom lands were newly registered. The total area under cultivation at the close of the year was 14,908 acres, under 1,301 pattas. Of these, 14,377 acres were paying an assessment of Rs. 2 and 391 acres (of new gardens) one rupee per acre. Out of the remaining area, 28 acres were under cereal cultivation and 112 acres were held under the chappakad rules.

Owing partly to the increased area under cultivation and partly to the higher assessment which a portion of the area had come under, the current demand for the year rose from Rs. 42,776 to Rs. 44,099. Of this, a sum of Rs. 14,774 was the acreage value of cardamom gardens. A sum of Rs. 38,541, or 87 per cent of the gross demand, was recovered, as compared with 82 per cent in 1082, leaving a balance of Rs. 5,558 at the end of the year. The arrear balance brought forward from the previous year amounted to Rs. 29,318, of which a sum of Rs. 10,466 was recovered. The balance left pending was Rs. 18,852. The total amount for recovery at the close of the year under 'current revenue' and 'arrears' was Rs. 24,410.

The total receipts of the Cardamom department amounted to Rs. 1,04,127 and the expenditure to Rs. 37,923, against Rs. 94,223 and Rs. 39,078 respectively in the previous year. The increase in the receipts was due to the larger collections under the head of timber depots during the year.

There were eight cases of smuggling during the year. Eight persons were involved and they were all convicted.

A survey of the cultivated lands within the Kannan Devan Hills Concession was made during the year. Portions of the Northern and the Western boundary of the Concession had to stand over for survey in the current year.

TRADE.

74. *Value of trade.*—The total volume of the external trade was Rs. 3,22,91,476, against Rs. 3,21,00,042 in 1082. The value of the exports was Rs. 2,21,24,932 or 38 per cent and that of imports Rs. 1,01,66,544 or 32 per cent, against 61 and 39 per cent in 1082.

75. *Trade routes.*—28 per cent of the external trade was carried by sea, 52 per cent by backwater and 20 per cent by land, against 14, 35 and 51 per cent respectively in the previous year.

76. *Exports and imports.*—In the following statement, the principal exports and imports are compared for the years 1082 and 1083:—

Exports.			Imports.		
Name of article.	1082	1083	Name of article.	1082	1083
	Value.	Value.		Value.	Value.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
1 Copra ...	29,81,908	66,44,714	Piece-goods ...	12,50,333	13,41,365
2 Coconut oil ...	14,27,79	20,06,19	Thread ...	60,911	1,09,506
3 Coir ...	49,61,887	36,74,831	Cotton ...	3,11,276	3,19,836
4 Fibre ...	17,31	79	Rice ...	7,9,388	19,67,412
5 Coconuts ...	2,31,251	4,02,063	Paddy ...	26,38,195	28,80,264
6 Arecanuts ...	2,36,118	4,34,35	Tobacco ...	26,35,524	28,58,425
7 Dry ginger ...	3,1,654	4,91,28	Other articles ...	41,10,555	6,09,736
8 Coffee ...	1,11,833	91,32			
9 Jaggery ...	2,63,53	3,19,73			
0 Fish ...	4,84,14	5,06,14			
1 Tamarind ...	1,62,277	2,36,112			
2 Timber ...	5,51,675	3,95,069			
3 Pepper ...	22,22,641	17,22,875			
4 Hides ...	2,14,379	1,91,652			
5 Cardamom ...	1,77,691	1,50,772			
6 Tea ...	16,84,672	6,48,661			
7 Other articles ...	36,10,304	42,53,841			
Total.....	1,97,56,030	2,21,24,932	Total.....	1,23,43,962	1,01,66,544

CHAPTER V.

SALT.

98. *System.*—The supply of salt required for consumption in the State is obtained partly from the Sirkar pans in South Travancore and partly by import from Bombay and Tuticorin. The right of manufacturing salt on the Sirkar lands at Thamarakulam, Rajakkamangalam, Variyur and Colachel is held by ryots. In the case of the old alloms, the licensees are paid the price of the salt manufactured by them at 7½ chs. per maund on the *kudivarem* share of the salt, which is 40 per cent of the total quantity manufactured. The remaining 60 per cent is taken by the Sirkar as its *melvarem*, without any payment. But, in regard to the new alloms at Thamarakulam and Rajakkamangalam, the licensees are being paid at rates varying from 2½ as. to 3½ as. per maund on all the salt manufactured by them. The salt from Bombay and Tuticorin is being imported for the Darbar by the contractors engaged for the purpose. All salt is stored in the Port depots or alloms and is issued to merchants for sale at certain fixed prices and in quantities of not less than 20 maunds at a time. Salt is also sold in retail at the Sirkar bankshalls. The selling prices have to fluctuate with every variation in the duty on the article in British India, as, under the Interportal Trade Convention, the salt of Travancore, Cochin and British India have to be placed on the same footing in the market.

99. *Stock and sales.*—The subjoined statement shows the stock of home and foreign salt available for issue and the quantities sold during the year:—

Kind.	Balance of stock at the beginning of the year.	Quantity received during the year.	Total.	Quantity written off the accounts.	Balance available for issue.	Quantity sold.		Balance of stock at the end of the year.
						1082	1083	
	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.
Home-salt ...	3,20,202	2,74,800	5,95,002	3,778	5,91,224	2,31,189	3,29,277	2,61,947
Bombay salt ...	1,40,001	6,10,372	7,50,373	95	7,50,278	6,31,104	5,46,819	2,03,459
Tuticorin salt...	4,944	3,849	8,793	9	8,784	2,815	4,444	4,340
Total...	4,65,147	8,89,021	13,54,168	3,882	13,50,286	8,65,408	8,80,540	4,69,746

There was an increase in the aggregate sales of 15,132 maunds. The consumption of Bombay salt fell by 84,585 maunds, but there was an increase in that of home salt to the extent of 98,088 maunds.

The consumption of salt per head of population was 24½ lbs., against 24½ lbs. in the preceding year.

100. *Receipts and expenditure.*—Notwithstanding the slight increase in the sales, the receipts fell from Rs. 12,02,081 to Rs. 9,82,568, due chiefly to the circumstance that the reduction of the duty on the article from Re. 1-8 as. to Re. 1, made in the latter part of 1082, had full effect during the year. The expenditure was almost the same as in 1082, being Rs. 20,772, against Rs. 20,551.

CUSTOMS.

CUSTOMS.

101. *Customs houses.*—During the year, the chowkey at Rameswaramkottah was abolished. There were in all 52 customs houses at the end of the year.

102. *Receipts and expenditure.*—The following statement compares the receipts from customs duty during 1082 and 1083:—

No.	Item.	Receipts.	
		1082	1083
		Rs.	Rs.
1	Export duty	7,47,256	9,94,831
2	Import duty collected at the customs houses	35,004	41,754
3	Amount received from the British Government under the Interportal Trade Convention	40,714	40,714
4	Receipts from miscellaneous items	3,105	3,643
	Total.....	8,26,079	10,80,942

Of the total duty levied, that on the exports amounted to 96 per cent and that on the imports to 4 per cent. The sum of Rs. 41,754 was the aggregate collections at the customs houses on account of import duty on English tobacco, snuff, cigars, foreign liquor &c. on which duty is leviable under the Interportal Trade Convention and that on all dutiable articles imported direct from foreign countries. Deducting the cost of collection amounting to Rs. 41,946, the net revenue was Rs. 10,38,996, against Rs. 7,83,742 in 1082, showing an increase of Rs. 2,55,254. The raising of the tariff value of copra, cocoanut oil and cocoanuts, the new duty on punnag and the revised duty on unhusked arecanuts, referred to in para 152 of the report for 1082, were in force throughout the year and chiefly contributed to the increased collections under export duty.

103. *Modifications in the export tariff.*—The question of affording relief to the plumbago mining industry engaged the consideration of the Darbar during the year and a notification was published abolishing altogether the export duty of Re. 1-8 as. per ton of plumbago that was being levied, with effect from 29th Meenom 1083.

With a view to give relief to the exporters of unsalted fish for purposes of manure, the export duty on the article was cancelled during the year and a uniform duty of 2½ per cent. on a tariff valuation of Rs. 3 per cwt. was ordered to be levied on fish of all kinds, whether salted or unsalted, raw or dry, with effect from 15th Kumbhom 1083.

Duty was for the first time imposed on the export of prawn skin for manure at 2½ per cent. on a tariff valuation of Rs. 3 per cwt., with effect from 15th Kumbhom 1083.

The trade in the produce of the cocoanut tree, which formed 59 per cent of the exports, showed an increase of Rs. 29,92,732 in value. This was due chiefly to the enhanced tariff valuation which came into force in Mithunam 1082.

The total value of rice and paddy imported was Rs. 48,47,676, against Rs. 33,88,383 in the preceding year.

77. *Direction of trade.*—The direction of the external trade is shown in the statement subjoined :—

Place.	Exports to	Imports from	Total.	Percentage of the entire trade.
British India	Rs. 2,08,37,758	Rs. 1,01,42,532	Rs. 3,09,80,290	95.94
Foreign countries :—				
(1) The United Kingdom	2,11,530	2,800	2,14,330	.66
(2) America	3,70,113	...	3,70,113	1.15
(3) Ceylon	1,08,468	9,882	1,17,850	.36
(4) Pondicherry and Marseilles	1,650	...	1,650	.01
(5) Other countries	5,95,414	11,630	6,07,244	1.69
Total.....	2,21,24,983	1,01,66,544	3,22,91,477	100

The bulk of the trade was with British India.

THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL.

78. The total expenditure under the head of public works amounted to Rs. 20,16,641, of which a sum of Rs. 17,24,988 was expended by the Chief Engineer's department and Rs. 2,91,653 by the Maramat department, against Rs. 15,80,108 and Rs. 2,49,145 respectively in 1082. The expenditure incurred by the Maramat department includes a sum of Rs. 40,447 expended on the establishments maintained at the Palaces and other Sirkar buildings in the charge of the Peishkars &c. This expenditure used in previous years to be debited to the head of "Science, Art and other Minor departments." From the year under report, however, it has been resolved to show this expenditure against the Maramat department.

The expenditure on the Kodayar works during the year was Rs. 4,85,929. The aggregate capital outlay on these works rose from Rs. 44,78,250 on the last day of 1082 to Rs. 49,14,179 on the last day of 1083. Rapid progress is being made with the several channels connected with the Kodayar scheme. It is anticipated that the capital expenditure on the works would be over practically by the end of 1035.

The question of the irrigation cess to be charged on lands benefited by the Kodayar project was considered and it was resolved during the year to impose a uniform irrigation cess of one rupee per acre on all registered wet lands commanded by the Kodayar system in the four taluks of Thovala, Agastawaram, Eraniel and Kalkulam, irrespective of the tenures and their settlement land assessments, with effect from 1085. It was also resolved that inam lands and lands free from the payment of land tax shall pay the cess as much as other lands.

The rates of irrigation cess, to be imposed on the registered dry (and garden) lands, already converted into wet or likely to be so converted on account of the water supply now afforded, were also fixed.

The disposal of the waste lands on either side of the Left Bank Channel and of the tank-beds was considered and instructions were laid down in regard to them. A forecast of the probable revenue which would accrue from the Kodayar project, when the above orders come into full operation, was made. A return of over 3 per cent on the capital outlay is expected.

THE CHIEF ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.

79. *Budget allotment and expenditure.*—The budget grant as finally sanctioned was Rs. 16,73,182. Against this, the expenditure amounted to Rs. 16,40,378.

The following statement compares the expenditure of the two years 1082 and 1083 :—

Minor heads.	Original works.		Repairs.		Total.	
	1082	1083	1082	1083	1082	1083
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(1) Communications	2,31,728	2,48,014	1,08,514	3,83,180	6,41,242	6,31,203
(2) Buildings	1,56,029	2,13,036	57,330	52,226	2,13,368	2,65,262
(3) Irrigation	3,73,048	1,61,155	32,346	36,562	4,05,394	4,97,717
(4) Miscellaneous	32,273	31,974	2,117	2,250	34,390	34,224
Total.....	7,94,078	9,54,179	5,00,516	4,74,227	12,94,394	14,28,406
Establishment	...	...	...	...	2,46,344	2,63,200
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	34,370	33,382
Total.....					15,80,108	17,24,988
Deduct suspense heads.....					32,842	84,610
Expenditure as per departmental account.....					15,27,266	16,40,378

80. *Communications, Repairs.*—The expenditure of Rs. 3,83,180 on repairs to communications was distributed as follows :—

	Rs.
(1) Main roads	2,80,496
(2) Village roads	33,122
(3) Traces	5,416
(4) Canals and ferries	43,920
(5) Lighting	20,235

The length of main roads maintained was 2,156 miles, of which 273 miles were planters' roads, while that of village roads was 1,793 miles, that of traces 362 miles and that of navigation canals and backwaters 152 miles. The average cost of maintenance was Rs. 130 per mile for a main road, Rs. 18 for a village road, Rs. 15 for traces and Rs. 166 for canals and backwaters.

81. *Communications. Original works.*—The outlay on communications, original works, which included also special repairs, amounted to Rs. 2,48,014 and was thus distributed:—

	Rs.
Roads	1,03,175
Bridges and culverts	81,478
Canals and ferries	60,840
Lighting	2,521
Total.....	2,48,014

A sum of Rs. 10,864 was expended during the year on the improvement of the Kottayam-Kumili road, on which there was a total outlay of Rs. 5,44,114 up to the close of the year. The improvement of the road from the 1st mile Kayenkulam-Adoor road to the 3rd mile Mavelikara-Trikunnapuzha road absorbed Rs. 3,185 and the construction of the road from Kunnathur to Sasthancottah up to the junction of the Adoor road Rs. 11,340. The road to Vadaserikara and thence to the Chittar estate, for which a grant of Rs. 600 per mile had been sanctioned, was finished and opened for traffic towards the end of the year.

One of the important bridges under construction was the bridge over the Periyar on the Kottayam-Kumili road. This work has been at last finished and the bridge will be open to traffic shortly. The expenditure on the work during the year was Rs. 13,304, which, added to the outlay in previous years, makes up a total of Rs. 93,919.

The expenditure on the extension of the canal from Kalpalakadavu to Thiruvallam was Rs. 16,594. This canal was thrown open to traffic towards the end of the year.

82. *Buildings.*—(1) The expenditure on repairs to buildings amounted to Rs. 52,226, against Rs. 57,339 in the preceding year.

(2) The outlay on original works amounted to Rs. 2,13,036, against Rs. 1,56,029 in the year preceding. The expenditure on buildings for the Educational department alone was Rs. 41,868.

The existing buildings at Quilon were allocated to the various public offices there, and the necessary improvements carried out to provide the accommodation required by all of them.

83. *Irrigation works.*—The expenditure on irrigation works amounted to Rs. 4,97,717, out of which a sum of Rs. 61,758 was spent on minor irrigation works and Rs. 4,35,929 on the Kodayar project.

Under minor irrigation works, a sum of Rs. 5,996 (out of an estimate of Rs. 14,570) was spent on the construction of a regulator, scouring sluice &c. for the Elathur Channel. A sum of Rs. 6,069 was expended on the construction of the Right Bank Channel in connection with the Thaliyar irrigation scheme in the Anjanad taluk.

The following extract from the Chief Engineer's report on the Thovala Channel, the Thiruvandancode Channel and other channels &c. connected with the Kodayar Project will be found interesting. "The principal work in progress was the Thovala channel. The first section from the 1st to the 9th mile is well advanced, earthwork being finished and most of the masonry and rock cutting. The head works are well advanced and good progress has been made on the syphon main at Tadaviar. Towards the end of the year, the second section was begun, and though the progress made is not up to the sanguine expectations formed when the contract was let, it is, nevertheless, considering the circumstances, good. For one reason or another, the department was not able to concentrate a

sufficient staff on this section at the commencement, and later on, an out-break of cholera dispersed the labour. These difficulties were overcome, and towards the end of the year the output of work was exceptionally good.

"On the Thiruvandancode and Eraniel branch channels, brick-lining was finished and water was let down in June. There were some small slips and breaches, but these were repaired without difficulty and did not affect the supply. This was a year of drought and the crop on all lands commanded by these channels was undoubtedly saved.

"On the Anandanar extension, the main channel and the two branches were completed and the improvements to the Ananthenkulamkai were fully carried out.

"The investigation of new land under the first few miles of the Left Bank Channel was completed and estimates for distribution channels were submitted and sanctioned. The Engineers are now waiting for land acquisition.

"Of minor schemes under the Kodayar, the Alampara has been completed and the land has already been put under paddy. Six other minor schemes at the lower end of the N. P. Channel have also been investigated and estimated for. These will bring over 909 acres under irrigation, and are likely to be highly profitable. Several have already been sanctioned for execution in 1934. Six more are under investigation.

"Investigation of the Erattakarakai extension was in hand during the year and the results so far are favourable.

"The water distribution has been in the hands of the department, and notwithstanding great shortage of local rain and partial failure of the south-west monsoon, all the land under the Kodayar Project, for which channels are finished, was supplied with Kodayar water and the crops were brought to maturity.

"The Dam and the head-works and the Left Bank Channel are in good order. The brick-lining has stood well.

"The irrigation channels have been generally well maintained.

"A small scouring sluice was built into the Puthen dam and has proved very useful in scouring out sand from the river bed."

84. *Miscellaneous public improvements.*—Under this head there was an outlay of Rs. 34,224, of which Rs. 17,130 was expended on the construction of drains &c. to improve the drainage and sanitation of the Fort and surrounding tracts at Trivandrum and Rs. 3,705 was spent on works to protect the fore-shore at Cape Comorin, on which the temple stands, from erosion by the sea.

Towards the end of the year under review, a tank restoration survey party was formed for investigating the condition of the irrigation tanks and channels in the Shencottah taluk.

85. *Establishment.*—The total charges on account of establishment amounted to Rs. 2,63,200, which gives a percentage of 18 on the expenditure for works.

THE MARAMAT DEPARTMENT.

86. The expenditure incurred by the Maramat department on repairs connected with palaces and religious and charitable institutions amounted to Rs. 2,51,206, against Rs. 2,49,145 in the previous year.

RAILWAY.

87. The railway from Shencottah to Quilon continued to work at a loss, the guaranteed interest paid by the State for the year being Bh. Rs. 1,78,121, against Bh. Rs. 2,38,269 in 1082.

ANCHAL.

88. There were 175 Anchal Offices, 18 of which were opened during the year and 165 letter boxes. The total length of the mail line was 1,200 miles, against 94 in the previous year. The Railway Mail Service from Quilon to Shencottah was introduced during the year.

The total number of covers, both private and official, posted during the year was 68,02,740, against 63,93,853 in 1082, showing an increase of 4,08,887 covers. Of this increase, 3,69,732 were private letters and only 39,155 official.

The value payable system continued to work satisfactorily. 15,167 V. articles were issued during the year.

The number of Anchal Offices which did hundi business was 166, against 165 in the previous year. 1,00,414 hundies for Rs. 12,05,318 were issued in the year. Inclusive of the unpaid hundies of the previous year, 99,251 hundies for Rs. 12,02,890 were paid. 1,129 hundies were refused and 157 were unclaimed, and all the hundies were duly returned to the senders. Three hundies amounting to Rs. 3-6-0 were unclaimed both by the senders and by the payees and they were therefore forfeited.

The rates of postage charged on letters and newspapers and the rates of commission charged on hundies were revised and reduced. There was substantial progress in the working of the department during the year.

The actual receipts from the Anchal Service amounted to Rs. 80,918, and official covers had been charged for, the receipts would have been Rs. 3,87,064. The cost of working the department was Rs. 1,12,691.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

EXCISE.

A.—ARRACK.

89. *Systems in force.*—In regard to arrack, the Padmanabhapuram, Trivandrum and Quilon divisions were under the excise system. The right of manufacture was kept distinct from the right of vend. The arrack required for consumption was manufactured by two monopoly contractors, from whom the vend contractors had to purchase their supply at certain fixed rates. The Darbar charged an average still-head duty of Rs. 2-8-10 and Rs. 2-6-0 per proof gallon of jaggery and toddy arrack respectively. In regard to the vend, the shops in the town of Trivandrum were sold independently, but in the remaining portion of the Trivandrum taluk, as also in all the taluks of the Padmanabhapuram, Trivandrum and Quilon divisions, the right of vend was sold by taluks. No limits were fixed to the sale prices of either the vend contractors or of their shop-keepers.

In the case of toddy, the right of vend was sold by shops in the town of Trivandrum. The tree tax system was also in force in the town, according to which each shopkeeper had to mark out trees for his supply and pay a fee of Re. 1, Re. 1½ and Rs. 2 for 6 months per tree in the case of palmyra, cocoanut and choondapana respectively. In the remaining portion of the Trivandrum taluk, and in the other taluks under the excise system, the right of manufacture and vend of toddy remained in the same individual and it was sold by taluks.

The Kottayam division and the High Ranges continued under the farming system, that is, the exclusive privilege of manufacturing and vending arrack and toddy was sold in lump according to taluks. The triennial contract sanctioned from 1082 in this area expires only by the end of 1084.

90. *The excise area.*—The total number of arrack shops was 709, which gives an average of 5½ square miles and of 2,695 persons per shop. There was a fall in the consumption, from 58,277 proof gallons to 51,434 proof gallons. The licit consumption per head of population varied from a fraction of a dram in some taluks to 9 drams in other taluks. The low figures of consumption in the Quilon division appear to indicate a large volume of illicit manufacture of arrack. The attention of the Excise Commissioner has already been drawn to the matter.

Including the 44 independent toddy shops in the town of Trivandrum, there were 3,570 toddy shops in the excise area. This gives an average of one square mile and 535 persons per toddy shop. The total tree-tax collected amounted in the Trivandrum town to Rs. 5,437. The Excise Commissioner says that it is not possible to furnish information as to the quantity of toddy consumed in the excise area.

The necessity for reducing the number of shops has already engaged the attention of the Darbar and substantial reduction has been made of both arrack and toddy shops when the leases in the excise area were given for 1084 and 1085.

91. *The farming area.*—In the farming area, there were in all 2,771 shops for the sale of arrack and toddy. This gives an average of one square mile and 375 persons per shop. It is not possible to know the quantity of arrack and toddy consumed in this area. When the leases in this area expire at the end of the current year (1084), the Darbar hopes to effect a substantial reduction in the number of shops.

92. *Foreign liquor*.—The total quantity of foreign liquor imported by land and sea during the year amounted to 21,132 gallons. There were on the whole 102 shops for the sale of foreign liquor.

93. *Revenue*.—The current abkari demand for the year was Rs. 7,41,018, of which Rs. 6,90,570 or 93 per cent was collected. The balance for recovery at the end of the year was Rs. 50,448. There is scope for improvement in the matter of collection. Of the old arrears, amounting to Rs. 2,58,122, a sum of Rs. 55,635 was collected. A sum of Rs. 33,925 was also written off the accounts as irrecoverable. The balance of old arrears pending recovery at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 1,68,562. These arrears are said to date from 1057 and relate to 21 taluks besides the High Ranges. Owing to the discrepancies between the departmental accounts and the taluk figures, the exact amount of the arrears in some of the taluks has yet to be verified. Orders have been recently passed, relieving the Division Peishkars of the work of abkari collection, and fixing the entire responsibility for that work on the Excise Commissioner.

94. *Abkari rules*.—A set of rules for the proper working of the distilleries, warehouses and depôts was issued during the year.

To improve the working of the department, larger powers were delegated under the Abkari Regulation to the Excise Commissioner, Assistant Excise Commissioners and Circle Officers.

Revised rules were passed for the issue of licenses for the sale of foreign liquor, to take effect from the beginning of the current year.

B.—OPIUM AND GANJA.

95. The excise system of collecting the revenue under opium and ganja, which was introduced from the beginning of 1081, was continued during the year. The right of vending opium and ganja was sold by taluks. The supply to the vend contractors is made by the Darbar, which purchases the opium and ganja required from the Madras stores and issues the same from its Central Stores at Quilon. The articles are sold to the vend contractors at rates slightly higher than the prime cost at which the stuff is purchased by the Darbar. These rates vary with the prices fixed from time to time by the Madras Government.

The quantity of opium and ganja issued to the vend contractors was 3,046 seers and 3,087 seers, against 2,999 and 3,373 respectively in 1082. There were on the whole 399 shops in the State for the sale of opium and ganja.

The Excise Commissioner observes that the average retail price per tola of opium was 21 chs.-7 c. but that, in some of the northern taluks, the retail price was so low as to point to the existence of traffic in smuggled opium. Steps are being taken to put down this illicit traffic.

The experimental cultivation of ganja was carried on in the Cardamom Hills and also in South Travancore during the year. The plants on the High Ranges are reported to be four months old. The cultivation at Azhakappapuram is said to be promising.

Rules for regulating the import, storage, issue, sale and transport of ganja were passed towards the close of 1082 and they came into force from the beginning of the year under review.

C.—TOBACCO.

96. The tobacco required for consumption in the State is imported by merchants on their own account, by land, sea or rail, and bonded in Sirkar warehouses, where it is allowed to remain in the joint custody of the department and

the merchants. The merchants remove the tobacco from the warehouses after paying the import duty of Rs. 90 per candy for all kinds. The varieties that are being imported are Tinnevely, Jaffna and Coimbatore.

The total sales of tobacco rose from 12,566 candies to 13,174 candies. The total collections amounted to Rs. 12,27,592, against Rs. 11,56,720 in 1082. The average consumption per head of population was 4 lbs., against 3.8 lbs. in the previous year.

In the case of all tobacco imported by rail, road or canal, the rules required that the article should be weighed immediately on arrival and the duty charged on the weight so ascertained. Tobacco imported by sea was however allowed to be warehoused on arrival without being weighed, the tobacco being weighed only at the time of issue and the import duty calculated on the weight then found. This system gave a decided advantage to imports by sea and prejudiced imports by the Railway. The question of modifying the system was considered during the year and it was decided that the practice of weighing tobacco for the purposes of collection of duty only at the time of issue, which obtained in the case of tobacco imported by sea, should be extended to imports by rail also, as there was not much scope for smuggling in the traffic by rail. In regard to imports by road or canal, the existing practice of weighing immediately on arrival was ordered to continue.

Arrangements were made during the year for prohibiting the importation of tobacco and preparations thereof through the British Post Offices in Travancore and for all parcels suspected to contain tobacco or any preparation thereof being opened by the postal authorities and returned to the senders, if found to contain such tobacco or any preparation of it.

D.—FINANCIAL.

97. The gross collections and expenditure under the head of "Excise," including abkari, opium and ganja, and tobacco, were as follow:—

	Receipts.	Expenditure.
Abkari	Rs. 9,04,625	
Opium and ganja	79,659	Rs. 1,94,245
Tobacco	12,27,592	
Total	Rs. 22,11,876	

The collections showed an increase of Rs. 73,692 over those of the previous year. There was also an increase in the expenditure from Rs. 1,67,953 to Rs. 1,94,245. This was chiefly due to the reorganisation of the department having had its full effect during the year, against only 9 months in 1082. The net revenue rose from Rs. 19,70,231 to Rs. 20,17,631.

MISCELLANEOUS.

104. *Breaches of law*.—1,152 cases affecting 1,611 persons were reported during the year, against 1,313 cases affecting 1,784 persons in 1082. Including the cases pending at the beginning of the year, there were for disposal 1,227 cases. Of these, 1,060 cases were charged before the Magistracy, 123 cases were either referred for orders or struck off the file and 44 cases were pending investigation at the end of the year. Out of the 1,112 cases, including the previous year's arrears, there were taken up by the Magistracy, 925 cases ended in conviction, 163 were acquitted and 24 were pending at the close of the year. The percentages of conviction and acquittal were 85 and 15 respectively. Of the offences investigated during the year 877 were under the Abkari law and 273, 29 and 4 under the Tobacco, Opium and Salt Regulations respectively.

105. *Punishments and resignations.*—The punishments imposed on the office of the department were 326 fines, 49 suspensions and 23 dismissals. The largest number of punishments was in the Northern division. There were only cases of resignation, against 44 in the previous year.

106. *Miscellaneous.*—Rules were passed during the year giving enhanced power to the Excise Commissioner and the Assistant Excise Commissioners in regard to the appointment, leave and transfer of the subordinate officers in the department. The rules took effect from the beginning of the current year.

ordinate Rules were passed for regulating the security to be deposited by the sub-officers of the department.

The Assistant Excise Commissioner, Alleppey, was relieved of the active exercise of his powers as a First Class Magistrate, excepting in his capacity as Police Officer and Master Attendant, so as to enable him to pay greater attention to his duties as an Excise and Port Officer.

STAMPS.

107. The sale of stamps brought in a revenue of Rs. 13,16,540, and the miscellaneous receipts amounted to Rs. 88, resulting in a total revenue of Rs. 13,16,628 against Rs. 12,25,377 in the preceding year. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 55,005, against Rs. 88,984 in the previous year. The net revenue was Rs. 12,61,623 against Rs. 11,36,443 in 1982.

FINANCE.

108. The receipts and disbursements both under Service heads and under I heads, as well as the opening and closing balances of the year, are shown below :—

	Service Heads.	Debt Heads.	Total.
Receipts of 1083 ...	1,05,32,128	1,53,78,329	2,59,10,457
Add opening balance ...	66,30,355	17,81,304	84,11,659
Total.....	1,71,62,483	1,71,59,633	3,43,22,116
Disbursements of 1083 ...	1,04,75,218	1,51,24,629	2,55,99,847
Add closing balance ...	66,87,265	20,35,004	87,22,269
Total.....	1,71,62,483	1,71,59,633	3,43,22,116

Excluding the figures under Debt heads, the aggregate revenue of the £ amounted to Rs. 1,05,32,128 and the expenditure to Rs. 1,04,75,218, against 1,01,72,816 and Rs. 1,03,76,478 respectively in 1082. There was a sur of Rs. 56,910, against a deficit of Rs. 2,03,662 in the previous year. The bal of Rs. 87,22,269 consisted of

Cash in Treasuries	....	...	....	21,55,233
Government of India Promissory notes		...	...	54,02,175
Madras Bank ...	{ current account	....	....	1,46,342
	{ deposit account	....	....	40,687
Messrs Parry & Co.	Do.	...	...	255
Arbuthnot & Co., accounts		...	...	5,99,848
Gold and silver uncurrent coins, bullion, &c. ...			....	3,77,729

The balance with Arbuthnot & Co. would be written off when the distribution is stopped.

109. The usual Abstract Statements for the year are given below :—

General Abstract of Revenue and Receipts.

Items.	Accounts, 1083.	Budget, 1083.	Accounts, 1082.	Accounts '83 com- pared with '82.
1	2	3	4	5
I. GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE.				
A.—Principal Heads of Revenue.				
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I. Land Revenue	30,11,360	25,60,000	29,73,057	+ 38,303
II. Salt	9,82,568	9,50,000	12,02,081	- 2,19,513
III. Excise	22,11,876	20,22,500	21,38,184	+ 73,692
IV. Customs	10,80,942	8,43,000	8,26,079	+ 2,54,863
V. Marine	34,875	31,600	36,382	- 1,507
VI. Cardamom	1,04,127	1,08,000	94,223	+ 9,904
VII. Forest.... ..	7,04,431	6,67,000	6,43,994	+ 60,437
VIII. Stamps	13,16,628	11,87,000	12,25,377	+ 91,251
IX. Registration	3,70,122	3,29,000	3,40,092	+ 30,090
Total.....	98,16,929	86,98,100	94,79,469	+ 3,37,460

Explanatory remarks for variations in column 5.

6

I. GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE.**A.—Principal Heads of Revenue.**

The reduced salt duty was in force throughout 1083, as against only the last four months of 1082.

The increase was mainly under tobacco.

Increase due to the revising of the tariff value on copra, cocoanut oil and cocoanuts, the new duty on oil-cake and the revised duty on unhusked arecanuts.

The collections from the timber depôts were larger.

Larger sales of timber during the year.

There was an increase of Rs. 56,000 under court fees stamps and of Rs. 35,000 under general stamps.

Increase due to new offices being opened and the normal increase of business.

Revenue and Receipts.

Items.	Accounts, 1083.	Budget, 1083.	Accounts, 1082.	Accounts '83 com- pared with '82.
1	2	3	4	5
B.—Receipts by Departments.				
X A. Law and Justice, Courts of Law...	41,407	32,800	33,213 +	8,194
X B. „ Jails ...	9,700	5,100	10,871 -	1,171
XI. Palace ...	...	...	...	...
XII. Elephant and Horse Departments....	4,364	2,200	3,584 +	780
XIII. General Administration	51	...	27 +	24
XIV. Stationery and Printing	31,067	7,200	7,823 +	23,244
XV. Mint ...	16,878	300	10,240 +	6,638
XVI. Police	4,293	4,300	3,917 +	376
XVII. Education	1,67,646	1,85,800	1,45,717 +	21,929
XVIII. Science, Arts and Minor Departments...	2,391	3,100	6,207 -	3,816
XIX. Medical and Sanitary Departments....	3,662	2,800	2,408 +	1,254
XX. Devaswoms ...	56,274	59,000	53,503 +	2,771
XXI. Oottupurahs ...	1,927	1,100	605 +	1,322
XXII. Military ...	2,318	300	372 +	1,946
XXIII. P. W. D.	28,104	28,500	25,776 +	2,328
Total.....	3,70,082	3,32,500	3,04,263 +	65,819

Explanatory remarks for variations in column 5.

6

B.—RECEIPTS BY DEPARTMENTS.

The increase was chiefly under magisterial fines and miscellaneous receipts.

The sale proceeds of Government publications for two years were adjusted in the year from the Book Depot account.

Silver coins were minted from bar silver instead of from old silver chackrams.

The enhanced school fees were in force throughout the year 1083, as against only six months during 1082.

Decrease due to 'cattlepound' collections being transferred to 'Land Revenue'

Due to the larger sales of old stores.

Revenue and Receipts.

Items.	Accounts, 1083.	Budget, 1083.	Accounts, 1082.	Accounts '83 com- pared with '82.
1	2	3	4	5
C.—Miscellaneous.				
XIV. Superannuation Pensions...	82	200	354	— 272
XXV. Miscellaneous	91,872	39,400	1,34,671	— 42,799
Total.....	91,954	39,600	1,35,025	— 43,071
al General Public Service.....	1,02,78,965	90,70,200	99,18,757	+ 3,60,208
FINANCIAL SERVICE.				
XVI. Interest	18,424	10,400	16,646	+ 1,779
VII. Profit or loss on in-vestment...	1,49,170	1,71,000	1,52,296	— 3,126
Total of Financial Service.....	1,67,594	1,81,400	1,68,942	— 1,348
II. COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL SERVICE.				
VIII. Post Office or Anchal...	80,918	78,100	78,154	+ 2,764
XIX. Railways .....	....	....	....	....
XXX. Irrigation and other reproductive works...	1,018	500	516	+ 500
XXI. Navigation canals .....	....	....	....	....
XXII. Mining	3,635	5,000	6,447	— 2,812
Total of Commercial and Industrial Service.....	85,569	83,600	85,117	+ 452
Grand Total of all Services.....	1,05,32,128	93,35,200	1,01,72,816	+ 3,59,312

Explanatory remarks for variations in column 5.

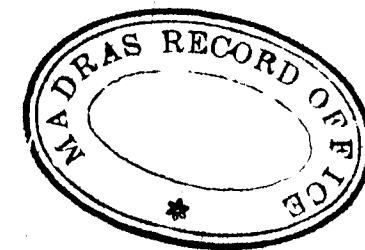
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C.—MISCELLANEOUS.

The decrease is due chiefly to the adjustment made in 1082 on account of the old stock of paddy whose price was raised from 6 to 11 chackrams per parah.

II.—FINANCIAL SERVICE.

The increase is in the interest on arrears of excise revenue.



General Abstract of Expenditure.

Items.	Accounts, 1083.	Budget, 1083.	Accounts, 1082.	Accounts '83 compared with '82.
1	2	3	4	5
I. GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE.				
A.—Direct demands on the Revenue.				
1. Land Revenue	7,98,048	7,99,000	7,85,989	+ 12,059
2. Salt	20,772	22,000	20,551	+ 221
3. Excise	1,94,245	2,00,000	1,67,953	+ 26,292
4. Customs	41,946	41,500	42,337	— 391
5. Marine	13,855	14,300	15,733	— 1,878
6. Cardamom	37,923	37,900	39,078	— 1,155
7. Forest	5,39,093	5,15,600	4,92,382	+ 46,711
8. Stamps	55,005	72,000	88,934	— 33,929
9. Registration.... ..	1,12,350	1,13,800	1,05,954	+ 6,896
Total.....	18,13,237	18,16,100	17,53,911	+ 54,326

Explanatory remarks for variations in column 5.

6

I. GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE.

A.—Direct demands on the Revenue.

The increase is due to the transfer of the charges of the Agricultural Farm and the Veterinary Hospital from (17) Education and (19) Medical to (1) Land Revenue.

The reorganisation of the Excise department, made in 1082, was in operation throughout 1083 and hence the increased expenditure.

Increase due to payments made in 1083 for timber worked down in 1082.

Water-mark paper was purchased in 1082. This did not recur in 1083.

Eight new Sub-Registry offices were opened in the year.

General Abstract of Expenditure.

Items.	Accounts, 1083.	Budget, 1083.	Accounts, 1082.	Accounts '83 compared with '82.
1	2	3	4	5
B.—Salaries and Expenses of Departments.				
10 A. Law and Justice, Courts of Law...	4,96,068	4,86,900	5,21,174	— 25,106
10 B. „ Jails ...	56,422	64,000	62,374	— 5,626
11. Palace	5,89,671	6,40,000	6,73,833	— 84,162
12. Elephant and Horse Establishments...	1,55,081	1,50,000	1,45,373	+ 9,708
13. General Administration ...	2,38,370	2,29,700	2,33,528	+ 4,828
14. Stationery and Printing ...	1,60,028	1,44,800	1,37,149	+ 22,879
15. Mint	7,458	33,900	13,599	— 6,141
16. Police	2,57,902	2,58,900	2,48,432	+ 9,470
17. Education	7,30,530	7,27,200	7,11,181	+ 19,349
18. Science, Arts, and other Minor Departments ...	59,068	51,500	1,30,282	— 71,214
19. Medical and Sanitary ...	4,57,136	4,72,100	4,67,744	— 10,608
20. Devaswoms	9,65,113	8,54,000	9,01,779	+ 63,334
21. Oottupurahs	6,32,684	4,74,400	5,10,522	+ 1,22,162
22. Military	2,17,370	2,07,100	2,04,673	+ 12,697
23. Public Works Department...	15,80,712	14,40,000	14,62,856	+ 1,17,856
Total.....	66,03,613	62,34,800	64,24,499	+ 1,79,114

Explanatory remarks for variations in column 5.
6
B.—Salaries and Expenses of Departments.
Refunds of stamps are now taken to the head "Stamps."
The District Jails of Quilon and Alleppey have been abolished.
His Highness made a tour to Courtallam and certain supplies for two years were charged for in 1082, while certain debits were written back in 1083.
More horses were purchased for His Highness the Maha Raja's Stables than in the previous year.
Certain payments were made in the year on account of the stationery purchases of the previous year.
There was no minting from the silver of old chackrams and hence no loss, as was the case in 1082.
The pay of the Police force was raised.
The increase was chiefly under Inspection and Vernacular schools and Grants-in-aid.
Several charges are now taken to other and more appropriate heads of account.
Veterinary Hospital charges are taken to Land Revenue and the grants under the T. I. C. Regulation have slightly decreased.
} Paddy and rice had to be purchased in the market for only a portion of 1082, whereas they had to be so purchased throughout 1083. Increase due chiefly to fresh enlistments in the first battalion. The grant to the department was increased in the latter part of the year and the expenditure on palaces, banglows &c. is now shown under this head.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS, VACCINATION
AND
MEDICAL SERVICES.*Sanitary statistics.*

110. The total number of births registered was 52,321, against 38,839 in the previous year. The birth rate was 18 per mille. The number of deaths recorded during the year was 43,314 against 43,449. The death rate was 16 per mille. The number of infantile deaths registered was 4,761, which gives a ratio of 91 per mille of registered births, against 73 in the previous year. The Darbar recognises that there is considerable room for improvement in the registration of vital statistics.

Disease.	Deaths.	
	1083.	1082.
Cholera ...	3,889	10,171
Small-pox ...	1,265	520
Fevers ...	11,554	9,913
Diarrhoea and Dysentery ...	10,059	6,226
Injuries ...	659	562
Other causes ...	20,888	16,057

The statement in the margin gives the deaths from various causes as compared with the previous year. Small-pox prevailed in an epidemic form in North Travancore. Diarrhoea of an acute kind prevailed during the year in several places.

Vaccination.

111. The total number of vaccinations performed rose from 1,40,171 in 1082 to 1,50,833 in the year under review. Of these, 1,33,498 were primary vaccinations and 17,335 re-vaccinations. The number of cases verified by the inspecting staff rose from 34,845 to 45,681, giving a percentage of 31 against 25 in the previous year.

8,697 infants were successfully vaccinated, against 9,585 in the previous year, the percentage to registered births being 17 against 25.

1,00,970 grains of paste were manufactured during the year. The rates of success in primary and re-vaccination were 93 and 67, almost the same as in the previous year.

General sanitation and conservancy.

112. The Sanitary Commissioner inspected 11 factories as against 4 in the previous year. The usual special sanitary arrangements for fairs and festivals were made.

Expenditure.

113. The total expenditure for the year was Rs. 63,767, against Rs. 69,347 in 1082.

Town Improvement Committees.

114. Town Improvement Committees worked during the year at Trivandrum, Nagercoil, Quilon, Alleppey and Kottayam, as in the previous year. The average number of meetings held by a Committee was 20, the same as in 1082. The smallest number of meetings was in Quilon, being only 10 for the year. The average attendance improved in Trivandrum, Kottayam and Nagercoil and fell in Alleppey and Quilon. The total number of prosecutions was 999, of which 905 ended in con-

viction. Cholera prevailed during the year chiefly in Alleppey and Quilon, and small-pox in Kottayam and Quilon, and the necessary preventive measures were taken. The general sanitation of the towns was duly attended to. The maintenance of the drains in the town of Trivandrum, which was hitherto under the D. P. W., was handed over to the Town Improvement Committee.

Out of the total expenditure of Rs. 68,457 incurred in the towns of Trivandrum, Nagercoil, Quilon, Alleppey and Kottayam, Rs. 54,300 came from the general revenues, against a sum of over Rs. 65,000 in the previous year, the amount contributed by the people directly benefited rising from a little less than Rs. 6,000 in the previous year to Rs. 14,157 in the year under review. This is some improvement, but in the opinion of the Darbar, further relief has to be given to the general tax-payer and the towns benefited have to be made to pay more largely for their local needs. In sanctioning the budgets for 1084 for the Town Improvement Committees, the Sirkar grants have been further reduced, from Rs. 54,300 to Rs. 40,500, and it has been suggested to the Committees that they should levy house-tax to make up for the reduction. The Bill to amend the Towns Conservancy and Improvement Regulation, now before the Legislative Council, gives power to the Darbar to direct of its own motion the imposition of local taxation in the towns.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

115. *Sirkar institutions.*—Exclusive of the special institutions, 20 hospitals and 24 dispensaries were maintained during the year. A new dispensary was opened at Padanayarkulangara in the Karunagapally taluk. The number of in-patients in all the Sirkar institutions (general and special) rose from 18,536 in 1082 to 18,807 in the year under report and that of out-patients fell from 6,59,560 to 6,23,356, the decrease in out-patients being attributed to the improvement in public health throughout the State. Out of the latter, the medical officers on itinerant duty treated 12,008 cases. Of the in-patients treated in all the institutions, 57 per cent were cured, 28 relieved, 7 discharged otherwise and 5 died. 28,310 surgical operations were performed during the year, against 26,339 in 1082. There was an appreciable increase in the number of operations performed in the Trivandrum General Hospital, which rose from 1,228 to 2,054.

278 post-mortem examinations were held during the year. Of these, 259 were medico-legal, and 19 were pathological cases.

33 midwives were at work, and they attended 2,072 cases of labour, against 1,569 in the previous year. The eleven pupil midwives who were undergoing training in the Victoria Jubilee Hospital, Quilon, were examined during the year, and all of them passed.

In the Leper Asylum, 175 lepers remained at the beginning of the year and 77 were newly admitted and 68 were re-admitted during the year, making a total of 320, of whom 274 were males and 46 females. 112 were discharged, 15 died, and 193 remained at the close of the year.

In the Lunatic Asylum, 137 lunatics remained at the beginning of the year and 36 were newly admitted and 6 re-admitted during the year, making a total of 179 of whom 118 were males and 61 females. 30 were discharged, 6 died and 143 remained at the close of the year.

116. *Institutions receiving grants-in-aid.*—The number of institutions receiving grants-in-aid from the Darbar remained the same as in the previous year, i. e. 10. The sick treated in them fell from 84,506 to 82,370.

117. *Vydiyasalas.*—The number of Vydiyasalas was 66, and 1,43,756 persons were treated in them.

118. *Expenditure.*—The following statement compares the expenditure on medical relief in the State during the year with that of the previous year.

	1082 Rs.	1083 Rs.
Government institutions	3,02,826	3,06,683
Grant-in-aid to medical institutions	11,516	12,586
Vydiassalas	14,823	14,856
Total.....	3,29,165	3,34,125

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

CHIEF EVENTS OF THE YEAR.

119. The following were the chief events of the year:—

(1) The powers and duties of the Inspectors of Schools and of the Heads of Institutions under the direct control of the Darbar, were revised and enlarged. Several institutions, which had been working independently of the inspecting agency, were placed under the administrative control of the Inspectors. The revision of the inspecting agency, which was last organised in 1070, was also decided upon. The separation of the supervision of girls' schools from that of boys' schools, the appointment of an Inspectress of girls' schools, with four Assistant Inspectresses, the reduction of the boys' school ranges from three to two, the raising of the status of the Assistant Inspectors of boys' schools and the abolition of the grade of Sub-Assistant Inspectors are the chief features of the revision. The new scheme will come into operation from the 1st January 1909.

(2) A Committee consisting of ten members—official and non-official—was appointed to revise the curricula of studies, with a view to bring the school course into conformity with the changes introduced in University education, to suggest methods for improving the standard of Vernacular education to report upon the feasibility of introducing a practical side to secondary education, to investigate the suitability of existing text-books and the necessity for revising or replacing them and to submit suggestions regarding the improvement of the accommodation and equipment of schools, qualifications of teachers, promotion of pupils, methods of teaching and methods of inspection. The Committee has closed its sittings and submitted its report. The report is under the consideration of the Darbar.

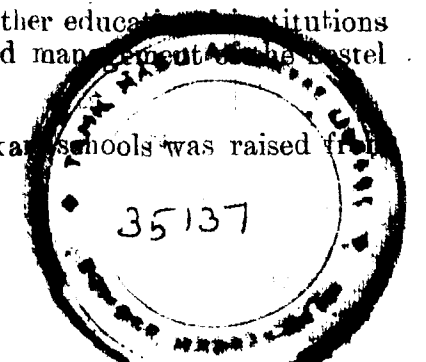
(3) The comparative examinations, which used to be held for Forms IV and V in all Sirkar English schools, were abolished, all class promotions being left to the discretion of the headmasters of those schools, acting under the control of the Inspectors and of the Principals of Colleges.

(4) Encouragement was given to the education of Mahomedans by granting them special concessions. Full salary grants are now allowed to Mahomedan primary schools; Arabic is permitted to be taught as a second language and a special grant is allowed to Arabic Munshis; and Mahomedan pupils are allowed to be admitted into all Sirkar schools at half the fees prescribed for ordinary students.

(5) The policy of throwing open all Sirkar boys' schools to Eazhavas was persisted in, and all such schools, with the exception of a few situated in localities inaccessible to Eazhavas, are now open to them. These latter also have been ordered to be removed to unobjectionable places as early as practicable.

(6) A Caste Hindu Hostel was opened at Trivandrum for the benefit of the students of H. H. the Maharaja's College and of other educational institutions in Trivandrum. Rules regulating the constitution and management of the hostel were also framed.

(7) The minimum pay of teachers in all Sirkar schools was raised from Rs. 5 to Rs. 7 per mensem.



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(8) Gymnasias—with the necessary apparatus and instructors—were sanctioned for a large number of schools—mostly Vernacular—which had been hitherto without them.

(9) Sirkar English Schools were withdrawn from places where private schools were found to be thriving. The High School at Alleppey and the Middle Schools at Tiruvella and Changanacherry were accordingly abolished. The English Middle Schools at Tiruvattar and Chirayinkil were also abolished as being unnecessary.

(10) Arrangements were made to secure a competent Instructor from Europe with a view to introduce Manual Training in schools.

(11) Several Educational Boards, consisting of non-official gentlemen, were formed.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

120. *Schools and scholars.*—The total number of schools rose from 3,551 to 3,573, i. e., by 22. The number of scholars shows the large increase of 10,032, having risen from 1,96,814 to 2,06,846.

121. *Schools accordi agencies.*—Sirkar institutions fell in number by 6, but rose in strength by 2,600, aided schools rose both in number and strength, by 77 and 6,518 respectively; private unaided institutions fell in number by 49, but rose in strength by 8. The fall in the number of pial schools and the rise in the number of aided schools are encouraging, as they show that a larger number of institutions are endeavouring to conform to the rules, so as to deserve recognition and aid from the Sirkar. One of the most backward taluks, Muvattupuzha, has returned an increase of 55 schools and of 1,000 scholars.

122. *Scholars in relation to population.*—The percentage of total population under instruction was 7. The percentage of the total number of scholars to the total school-going population in the State rose from 26.6 to 28. Of the total number of scholars under instruction, 74% were boys and 26% girls. The corresponding figures of 1082 were 75 and 25.

123. *Scholars in relation to caste and creed.*—61% of the total scholars were Hindus, 34% Christians and 5% Mahomedans. The percentages of the previous year were 63, 33 and 4 respectively.

124. *Scholars in relation to occupation of parents or guardians.*—47% of the scholars belonged to the land-holding or agricultural classes, 27% to the labouring and artisan classes, and 12% to the trading classes. The rest were the children of Sirkar servants, vakils and others unspecified. Much value cannot however be attached to the returns under this head.

125. *Vaccination in schools.*—Vaccination increased considerably. 76% of the total number of scholars have been returned as vaccinated, as against 65% in 1082. 90% of the scholars in Sirkar schools have been returned as vaccinated. This is the highest percentage yet reached.

126. *The teaching staff.*—The total number of teachers increased from 6,933 to 7,144, i. e., by 3%, the percentage of trained teachers among them also increased from 17 to 20 per cent, owing to the addition of several trained hands to the staff of schools. Sirkar schools maintained the lead in claiming the largest percentage of trained teachers. The majority of untrained teachers are reported to possess general educational qualifications or to have been recognised as teachers. The really unqualified teachers are said to be few and to be mostly working in private unaided schools.

127. *Working of the Grant-in-aid Code.*—94 schools were newly aided during the year and the grants of 65 schools were enhanced. No new or additional maintenance

grants were however given to English schools. A building grant amounting to Rs. 6,446 was given to the Holy Angels' Convent Girls' English High School, Trivandrum, and another of Rs. 1,297 to the Mulagud Technical School. A special grant of Rs. 5,000 was given to each of the Second Grade Colleges at Kottayam and Nagercoil. The total amount spent as grant-in-aid was Rs. 1,84,051.

128. *Receipts and expenditure.*—The total income and expenditure amounted to Rs. 1,67,646 and Rs. 7,30,530, as against Rs. 1,45,117 and Rs. 7,11,181 respectively in 1082. The net expenditure on education incurred by the Sirkar was Rs. 5,62,884. The distribution of the net expenditure under Collegiate, Secondary, Primary and Special education was in the ratio of 12, 40, 37 and 11.

COLLEGIATE EDUCATION.

129. *Number of Colleges.*—The number of Arts Colleges remained stationary, viz., 4. They had a total strength of 370, as against 425 in 1082, showing a fall of 55 students. There was one Law College maintained by the Sirkar with a strength of 163, or 45 more than in 1082.

130. *H. H. the Maharaja's College, Trivandrum.*—The number on the rolls fell by 46. The Principal attributes the decrease to the "smaller number who passed the Matriculation Examination from the schools which usually supply students to the College." 5 girl students were attending the College classes. The percentage of attendance was 92. The results of the examinations were fair except in Branch I (Mathematics) of the B. A. Degree, in which only one out of 6 students passed, and he in the third class only. One of the B. A. candidates secured a first class in English and one of the lady students obtained a first class in French and was awarded the "T. Rama Row Gold Medal" and "the Grigg Memorial Medal."

131. *H. H. the Maharaja's College for Girls* had 9 pupils, the same number as in 1082. The percentage of attendance was 94. 2 out of 3 candidates passed in the F. A. Examination. The provision of accommodation for the library, college classes, office and a drill hall, was sanctioned and the work commenced. The male science teacher in the school was replaced by a lady graduate.

132. *The two Private Colleges, viz., the Scott Christian College, Nagercoil, and the C. M. S. College, Kottayam,* had 55 and 109 students respectively on the rolls. The former showed a decrease of 15 and the latter an increase of 6 students, as compared with the strength in 1082.

133. *The Law College* rose in strength from 118 to 163. Mr. Hunt, the permanent Principal, went on furlough and Mr. E. J. John, B. A. & B. L., the Senior Lecturer, was appointed acting Principal. In the B. L. Examination, 38 students appeared and 16 passed; in the F. L. Examination, 63 appeared but only 16 passed, two of them being placed in the second class; out of 30 students who appeared for the Pleadership Examination, 19 passed. One of the former students of the College obtained the M. L. Degree. The college was more than self-supporting. The income, expenditure and the net profit to Government were Rs. 15,031, Rs. 10,608 and Rs. 4,423 respectively.

SECONDARY EDUCATION.

134. The Sirkar English High School at Alleppey having been abolished, there were 32 high schools working during the year. In spite of the reduction of one high school, the strength in the high schools increased from 12,574 to 13,070. Middle schools increased in number from 162 to 171 and in strength from 28,777 to 31,450. Of the high schools, 4 were Vernacular and the remaining 28 English, and of the middle schools, 115 were Vernacular and 56 English. The strength of the English and the Vernacular Secondary schools was respectively 17,098 and 27,422.

PRIMARY EDUCATION.

135. Primary schools rose in number from 3,190 to 3,335 and in strength from 1,37,906 to 1,60,001. Of these, 154 schools were of the upper primary grade with a strength of 17,538 and the remaining were lower primary schools with a strength of 1,42,463. The increase in the number of schools was wholly under aided institutions, while both the aided and Sirkar schools contributed to the rise in strength. The unaided (pial) schools fell both in number and in strength.

EDUCATION OF THE BACKWARD CLASSES.

136. The number of schools for the education of the backward classes was 370, showing an increase of 68 schools over the number in 1902. 23 of the schools were under Sirkar management and the remaining 347 were aided schools. Mahomedans were brought under the list of backward classes during the year under review and the above number includes Mahomedan schools also. The total strength of the backward classes schools increased from 6,495 to 15,725.

Under the rules brought into force during the year, 20 new schools for Mahomedans were given full salary grants and 4 schools which had been in receipt of half grants were given full grants. The total amount sanctioned as grants to these schools was Rs. 3,960. The total number of Mahomedans under instruction was 8,816 or 4.6 per cent of the total Mahomedan population in the State and 17.4 per cent of the Mahomedan school-going population.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

137. The number of girls' schools returned for the year was 212, i. e., 4 more than in 1902. There were 53,273 girls under instruction as against 49,863. The percentage of girls to the female school-going population rose to nearly 15 per cent. The Second Grade College maintained by the Darbar had 9 students, and 5 girls were attending the Boys' College at Trivandrum. There were 8,556 girls attending 48 secondary schools and 44,703 girls attending 163 primary schools. It is hoped that, with the organisation of a separate inspecting agency for girls' schools in 1909, further progress will be secured.

SPECIAL EDUCATION.

138. *Training schools.*—The number of training schools remained the same, viz., 8, but the total strength fell from 166 to 144. A fall in number is noted both in Sirkar and aided schools.

The four Sirkar Primary Normal Schools for training teachers for backward classes schools were maintained during the year. Their utility has been questioned, as the teachers turned out by them are said to be incompetent to teach even the lowest classes of primary schools. The Darbar has ordered the abolition of these four schools from the beginning of 1909.

During the year, 79 candidates appeared for the Primary Normal Certificate and 40 passed, and 152 candidates appeared for the Normal Certificate Examinations of the higher grade, both English and Vernacular, and 94 were successful.

139. *Technical and Industrial schools.*—The number of these schools increased by one. There were 18 such schools working at the close of the year. The strength fell from 837 to 813. All except 4 schools were in the Southern Range. The Inspector of that Range observes in regard to these schools as follows:—"With regard to some of the Industrial schools, it has to be observed that the children of the artisan class are not availing themselves of the new method of instruction given in the schools to the extent possible or to be desired. This is due to several causes of which the following are the chief:—(1) The artisans have not fully realised the benefits of the new system as the schools do not afford facilities for them to learn its advantages. (2) The people, being mostly poor, cannot afford to send their children to study the new methods in the schools without adequate stipends.

Most schools do not give any stipends to beginners. The cost of buying the new tools is not prohibitive and is not one of the deterrent causes."

The S. M. R. V. Technical Institute, Nagercoil, which is the only institution under direct Sirkar management, declined in strength from 86 to 56. The condition of this institution having been found to be unsatisfactory, the Darbar resolved upon a thorough inspection of the Institute by an expert, and the Chief Engineer has been entrusted with this duty. On receipt of his report, final orders will be passed.

The condition of the other schools also does not seem to be efficient. The Darbar has reason to doubt the soundness of the scheme of technical and industrial education as now adopted in the State. The subject requires careful scrutiny.

140. *Sanskrit schools.*—The Sanskrit College, Trivandrum, was brought during the year under the administrative control of the Inspector of Schools, Southern Range. It had on its rolls 203 students, showing a decrease of 12 students as compared with the strength in 1902. The Sastri, Upadhyaya and Mahopadhyaya Examinations were held and the institution fared well in all of them.

Besides the above, two private Sanskrit schools have been returned in the Central Range with a strength of 127 students.

141. *The Reformatory.*—The number of inmates in the Reformatory remained the same, viz., 5. One boy was admitted and one was released during the year. The Magistracy is generally apathetic in the matter of sending youthful offenders to the Reformatory. Sanction was given during the year for a revision of the establishment by appointing a competent Superintendent and a teacher. The rules of the Reformatory were also revised. The administrative control of the institution was transferred from the Superintendent of the Central Prison to the Inspector of Schools. All these changes took effect only from the beginning of 1904. There was no case of serious punishment and the general behaviour of the boys is reported to have been satisfactory. The mark money system worked well and the health of the boys was generally good. The boys were given elementary instruction and were engaged in gardening work.

MISCELLANEOUS.

142. *Educational Boards.*—13 Educational Boards were formed in the Southern Range and 19 in the Northern Range during the year. Most of the Boards were started towards the end of the year.

143. *Teachers' Associations.*—Teachers' Associations appear to have been working in the Northern Range.

144. *Text-book Committee.*—7 meetings were called by the Text-book Committee during the year, but only 3 of them were held. There was no quorum for 4 meetings. Though 103 books were received by the Committee, it considered and passed opinions only on 35. Of these, 13 books had been received in 1902. There was thus left in the hands of the Committee a large number of books awaiting consideration. The work of the Committee was not adequate. The constitution of the Committee appears to require revision. The matter will receive attention.

145. *Caste Hindu Hostel.*—H. H. the Maharaja's Caste Hindu Hostel, Trivandrum, was started in April 1908. A Governing Body consisting of the Warden, the Principal of H. H. the Maharaja's College, Trivandrum, (*ex-officio*) a member of the staff of the College nominated in the first instance by the College Council, a qualified medical practitioner and a qualified Engineer, was organised.

Mr. R. S. Lepper, M. A., LL. M., Professor of History in the College, was appointed Warden. The Hostel opened with two students. At the end of the year

there were 12, and the number is reported to have since increased. The arrangements made by the Warden for diet and cooking, discipline and training, physical exercise and moral teaching were good. The health of the students was satisfactory.

146. *Service Examinations*.—The Middle School and the Vernacular Higher Examinations were held during the year. 2,195 and 293 candidates respectively appeared and 743 and 55 passed. The Magistrates' Test was abolished.

147. *The Sirkar Book Depot*.—The Sirkar Book Depot was abolished. Arrangements were made for appointing agents for the sale of Government publications.

148. *Public Lectures*.—7 lectures were given during the year as against 14 in 1082. Of the lectures delivered during the year, the one by Mr. R. S. Lepper, Honorary Secretary, was given gratis.

149. *Scholarships*.—Dr. N. Kunjan Pillai, who held the scholarship for the study of agriculture, returned to Travancore after taking the B. Sc. Degree in Agriculture of the Edinburgh University and the Ph. D. Degree of the University of Leipzig, and was appointed Director of the Agricultural department in the State.

The student in the Engineering College, Madras, completed his course and the scholarship has been withdrawn.

The student who was sent on scholarship to the College of Science, Poona, continued his studies in the institution during the year.

A graduate teacher was as usual sent to the Teachers' College, Saidapet.

Miss A. M. Watts, who had been sent to Edinburgh, and Miss A. Sawyer, who was one of the stipendiary students in the Madras Medical College, completed their studies and returned to Travancore and joined the Sirkar Medical department.

Another lady student, Miss Martin, was continuing her studies in the Madras College.

Mr. Peter Vieyra, who was sent to Edinburgh to study for the M. B. & Ch. B. Degree, is reported to be making good progress in his studies.

The two students who were undergoing training at Dehra Dun during 1082 passed the examinations and were appointed Rangers in the Forest department. Two fresh students were sent to Dehra Dun during the year.

REGISTRATION OF BOOKS.

150. 29 books—5 in English, 23 in Malayalam and 1 in Tamil—were registered for copyright. Classified according to subjects, 3 were literary, 6 legal and 20 miscellaneous.

151 books were received under Section 12 of the Press Regulation (II of 1079). Of these, 1 was in Sanskrit, 1 in Syriac, 12 in Tamil, 23 in English, 8 in English and Malayalam and 90 in Malayalam. Classified according to subjects, 1 was literary, 81 religious, 2 historical and 96 miscellaneous.

MUSEUM AND PUBLIC GARDENS.

151. The number of visitors to the Museum was 1,75,911. The specimen collections of the arts and industries of the State, and of natural history, were added to, during the year. Some additions were made to the Zoological collection by purchase and presents. The expenditure during the year amounted to Rs. 29,606 against Rs. 30,715 in the previous year.

OBSERVATORY.

152. The usual astronomical, magnetic and meteorological observations were made during the year, reduced and tabulated. Daily weather telegrams were despatched to Simla and Madras, as also special messages on four occasions when information was called for in connection with storm signals. Information regarding rainfall is given in para 59 *supra*. The Honorary Director of the Observatory made two tours of inspection, visiting 21 rain-gauge stations. An Assistant of the Madras Observatory was deputed to inspect the meteorological instruments and to compare the readings of the barometer &c.

VERNACULAR PRESS.

153. The Vernacular newspapers and magazines published during the year were 19, of which one was quarterly, 10 were monthly, 1 bi-monthly, 5 weekly and 2 bi-weekly. Again, 9 of them were religious, 2 educational and the others general, political and social.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MINT.

154. The following statement shows the operations of the Mint during the

Description of coin.	No. of coins minted.	Value in Rs.	Weight in tolas.	Value of metal in Rs.	Gross profit in Rs.
Silver half rupee	1,842	921	33,725	25,844	10,892
Do. quarter do.	72,150	18,037			
Do. one fanam	1,24,440	17,778			
Copper one ch.	91,905	3,289	2,30,724	7,544	5,960
Do. half do.	1,43,000	2,555			
Do. quarter do.	3,58,000	3,179			
Do. one cash.	20,11,616	4,490			
Total...	28,01,139	50,246	2,64,449	33,388	10,858

The silver coins were minted from English bar silver instead of from silver chackrams, which latter had been sold off in the previous year. The difference between the bullion and the coin value, representing the profit on the operation, amounted to Rs. 10,892.

The copper coins were struck from discs obtained from an English Mint and yielded a profit of Rs. 5,966.

The total receipts of the year, including some petty items, amount to Rs. 16,878. The cost of the establishment, stores and repairs to the machinery amounted to Rs. 7,458, resulting in a gain of Rs. 9,420.

ELEPHANT DEPARTMENT.

155. There were 112 elephants at the beginning of the year and 22 were captured, making a total of 134. Of these, 4 died, one was auctioned and two were presented, leaving 127 elephants at the close of the year. 37 were under the control of the Forest department and the rest distributed among the P. W. and Maram departments and the several temples in the State.

THE GOVERNMENT PRESS.

156. The total value of work done in the Press during the year was Rs. 60,32. New machinery to the value of Rs. 1,950 was purchased during the year and type &c. to the value of Rs. 3,024 were made at the Press.

The value of plant at the end of the year was Rs. 65,993. The total expenditure was Rs. 32,127. The stock of Government publications available for sale was transferred from the Government Book Depot to the Press. The printing and the binding work of the Anchal, Excise and Judicial department, were transferred from the Government Press to the Central Prison Press. It was also decided to have all the forms for the several departments printed in the Central Prison Press, the Government Press attending to the printing of the Gazette and other Government publications.

The following statement compares the circulation of the Gazette during the years 1082 and 1083:—

Year.	Number of subscribers.			Number of copies supplied free.
	Paying Rs. 3	Paying Rs. 4.	Total.	
1082	405	372	777	323
1083	Nil.	756	756	431

The subscription for the Gazette was fixed tentatively at a uniform rate of Rs. 4 per year from the beginning of the year under report. The increase in the number of free copies was due to the fact that certain offices which were hitherto not supplied with the Gazette were ordered to be supplied with the same.

STATIONERY.

157. The total charges for stationery amounted to Rs. 1,26,063. The value of the articles issued to the several departments amounted to Rs. 91,417 and that of the stock in hand at the end of the year to Rs. 67,740.

THE SCHOOL OF ARTS.

158. Out of the two apprentices remaining at the close of the previous year, one left in the middle of the year under report after completing his course.

The apprentices of the Institution, as well as the students of the drawing classes, appeared for the Madras Government Technical Examinations. Out of the 48 that appeared, 24 passed—8 in elementary and 6 in intermediate free-hand outline drawing—4 in elementary and 2 in intermediate painting—2 in elementary and 1 in intermediate design—and 1 in elementary geometrical drawing.

Several articles were sent up during the year for the following exhibitions:—

- (1) The Mysore Dasara Industrial and Agricultural Exhibitions, in which two medals were obtained, one gold and one silver.
- (2) The Madras Fine Arts Exhibition, in which one silver medal was obtained.
- (3) The Franco-British Exhibition, London, the result of which is not yet known.

The articles manufactured during the year were valued at Rs. 4,733, against Rs. 2,566 in the previous year. The value of articles sold amounted to Rs. 8,883 against Rs. 2,445. This large increase in the sale was due to some extent to the special arrangements sanctioned during the year for sales on commission through

the Victoria Technical Institute at Madras. The cost of establishment, purchase of raw materials &c. amounted to Rs. 20,217 while the receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 4,251. The net cost to the Darbar was therefore Rs. 15,966.

The Committee appointed in 1082 to consider and advise the Darbar as to the lines on which the Institution might be improved, submitted its report during the year and the same is under the consideration of the Darbar.

ARCHÆOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

159. The Assistant in charge was engaged during the first quarter of the year in assisting the Committee appointed by the Darbar for the preservation of historical relics and during the second quarter, in supplying information to the Devaswom Special Officer on various subjects required by the latter in the course of his special work. He took copies of certain rock inscriptions at Kuzhithura. The rest of his time was spent in attending to routine business and in deciphering some of the copper plates belonging to the temple at Thiruvalla. The cost of the department amounted to Rs. 714.

The Committee appointed in the previous year to advise the Darbar on the preservation of historical relics &c. was permitted to close its work during the year under report, as it had investigated and reported upon all the historical sites and buildings brought to its notice. Action has been taken to preserve and commemorate some of the historical sites and buildings in the State recommended by the Committee. Steps were taken to reorganise the Archæological department by the appointment of a competent Superintendent.

GEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

160. Messrs I. C. Chacko and E. Massillamoni, the two State students referred to in the Administration Report for 1081 as having been deputed to work with a party of the Geological Survey of India, returned and were, during the year, appointed State Geologists of the Northern and Southern divisions respectively. They were directed to prospect the country. During the year, the State Geologist of the Southern division examined portions of the taluks of Tovala, Agastiswaram, Eraniel and Kalkulam. The work of the State Geologist of the Northern division was chiefly in the taluks of Changanacherry, Kottayam and Meenachil. The reports of the work done by the Geologists in 1083 have been published in the Gazette. The expenditure on account of the department amounted to Rs. 7,867.

CHEMICAL EXAMINER'S DEPARTMENT.

161. 68 cases were received and attended to during the year. Cases of suspected human poisoning numbered 21. Of these, poison was detected in 9—arsenic in 3, arsenic and mercury in 2, mercury in 3 and *gloriosa superba* in one. 22 cases of blood stains were investigated and stains of mammalian blood were detected in 18 of them. 1 case of seminal stains was received and detected during the year. There were 24 cases for analysis of water, opium, ganja, arrack, toddy, salt, some powder, metal and some solid substance.

STATE LIFE INSURANCE.

162. 196 proposals for first insurance and 195 proposals for further insurance or 391 in all were received during the year. Inclusive of the 746 proposals brought forward from last year, the number for disposal was 1,137.

746 proposals were disposed of during the year against 483 in 1082. 601 of these were accepted, 44 rejected, and 101 otherwise disposed of. Of the remaining 391 proposals pending at the close of the year, 4 were deferred for consideration, 78 were pending with the heads of departments, 107 with the medical officers, and 141 with the age referees. The remaining 61 proposals were pending in the office.

Policies were issued on all the 601 proposals accepted. 13 policies were cancelled during the year. The number of policies thus rose from 2,185 to 2,773. But owing to deaths, dismissals and resignations, 149 were non-paying policies. The total number of paying policies was therefore 2,624. The annual premia recoverable thereon was Rs. 33,210 and the bonus assured by these policies was Rs. 9,89,388.

12 deaths were reported during the year. The number of claims for disposal, including those pending at the close of 1082 was 26. Of these, 7 were disposed of, and the remaining 19 cases were pending as follows:—

(a) In 4 cases the payment of bonus was pending owing to the non-production of the indemnity bond by the guardians of the heirs who were minors.

(b) 8 cases were pending owing to the non-production of heirship certificates by the claimants.

(c) In the remaining 7 cases, the periods specified in the notification calling on the claimants to submit their claims for the bonuses of deceased insured, had not expired when the year closed.

Inclusive of the arrears, a sum of Rs. 38,240 was recovered during the year on account of premia, interest and other dues, which added to the amount to the credit of the fund at the close of the year 1082 (Rs. 87,706), and the interest on fixed deposits and the discount on the purchase of pro notes (Rs. 1,110), amounted to Rs. 1,27,056. The expenditure on establishment and contingencies amounted to Rs. 1,685, and bonuses paid to Rs. 2,741, or a total of Rs. 4,426. The balance to the credit of the fund at the close of the year was Rs. 1,22,630.

SRI MULAM POPULAR ASSEMBLY.

163. The fourth session of the Sri Mulam Popular Assembly was held on Monday the 18th November 1907 and continued its sittings for five days. The Dewan delivered an address to the Assembly, giving a short account of the administration during 1082. The subjects brought up by members were then taken up for consideration and disposed of.

P. RAJAGOPALA CHARI,

Dewan of Travancore.

Huzur Cutcherry,
Trivandrum,
27th November 1908.

REPORT
ON THE
ADMINISTRATION

OF
TRAVANCORE

FOR THE YEAR

1083 M. E.
1907-1908 A. D.

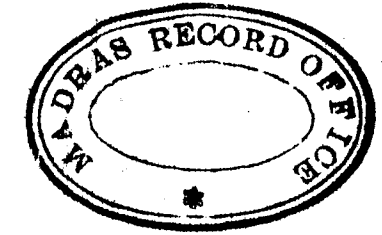
PART 2—STATEMENTS

TRIVANDRUM

PRINTED AT THE TRAVANCORE GOVERNMENT PRESS

1908

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APPENDIX I.

Names of high officials showing changes in the personnel during the year 1083 M. E.

Name of officers.	Appointment.	Period		Remarks.
		From	To	
P. Rajagopala Chari	Dewan	24th October 1907	15th August 1908	Services lent by the British Government.
A. J. Vieyra	Chief Secretary to Government	8th Thulam 1083	31st Karkadagom 1083	
P. Aiyappan Pillai	Secretary to Government, Educational Department	6th May 1902	Do.	
P. V. Kistnasami Chetti	Officer in charge, Central Account and Audit Office, and Ex-officio Secretary to Government in the Department of Finance and Accounts	24th Medom 1077		
S. Padmanabha Aiyar	Dewan Peishkar, Revenue Settlement	1st June 1901	2nd September 1908	Died.
G. N. Krishna Row	Superintendent, Revenue Survey	19th Edavom 1076	17th Chingom 1083.	
A. M. Muthunayagam Pillai	Head Sirkar Wakil	4th May 1906	15th August 1908.	On leave.
R. Ananda Row	Ag. Head Sirkar Wakil	22nd Medom 1081	31st Karkadagom 1083.	
V. Nagam Aiya	Senior Dewan Peishkar and District Magistrate, Trivandrum Division	23rd August 1907	Do.	Appointed District Judge on 15-5-08 but continues to act as Puisne Judge, High Court.
V. I. Kesava Pillai	Dewan Peishkar and District Magistrate, Quilon Division	7th Chingom 1083	Do.	
N. Subramonya Aiyar	Do.	30th May 1903	Do.	Retired. Was in charge of the Huzur Cutcherry from 17th August to 23rd October 1907.
K. P. Sankara Menon	Do.	25th July 1906	15th May 1908	
		10th Aady 1081	2nd Edavam 1083	On leave.
		20th May 1907	15th August 1908	Confirmed 15th May 1908.
		7th Edavam 1082	31st Karkadagom 1083	
		10th September 1907	22nd February 1908	Retired. Was in charge of the Huzur Cutcherry from 17th August to 23rd October 1907.
		25th Chingom 1082	10th Kumbhom 1083	
		24th July 1899	15th August 1908	On leave.
		14th Audi 1074	31st Karkadagom 1083	
		15th April 1902	Do.	Acting Puisne Judge, High Court, from 18th May 1908.
		3rd Chitray 1077		
		16th June 1903	17th May 1908	
		2nd Arvany 1078	4th Edavam 1083	

Names of high officials showing changes in the personnel during the year 1933 M. E.—(contd.)

Name of officers.	Appointment.	Period		Remarks.
		From	To	
Mr. A. W. L. Vernede ...	Superintendent and District Magistrate, Cardamom Hills...	14th April 1906 24th Chittay 1181	15th August 1908 31st Karkadagom 1083	Services lent by the British Government. On special duty from 17th May 1908. On furlough. On special duty from 18th May 1907 to 17th May 1908.
" T. Sadasiva Aiyar ...	Chief Justice, High Court	22nd July 1905 7th Aadi 1080	15th August 1908 31st Karkadagom 1083	
" A. Govinda Pillai ...	Puisne Judge, High Court	6th July 1906 24th Aany 1078	10th May 1908 3rd Edavom 1083	
" F. J. R. V. Hunt ...	Do.	22nd May 1900 11th Pangunay 1075	15th August 1908 31st Karkadagom 1083	
" M. K. Ramachandra Row ...	Do.	23rd August 1906 7th Chingom 1082	Do.	
" K. Narayana Menon ...	District and Sessions Judge	26th September 1901 11th Penatusti 1077	Do.	Retired.
" N. Ananda Row ...	Do.	17th August 1903 1st Aany 1079	Do.	
" M. Krishna Pillai ...	Do.	16th August 1904 1st Aany 1080	16th October 1907 30th Kanni 1083	
" R. Veeraraghava Aiyangar ...	Do.	23rd November 1905 8th Vrischigom 1082	16th August 1908 31st Karkadagom 1083	
" H. Ramasubba Aiyar ...	Do.	12th January 1907 25th Dhanu 1082	15th November 1907 30th Alpaal 1083	
" P. Cheriyan ...	Do.	4th August 1907 20th Karkadagom 1082	15th August 1908 31st Karkadagom 1083	Retired.
" K. Kunjinni Menon ...	Do.	16th November 1907 1st Kartigay 1083	23rd March 1908 11th Pangunay 1083	
" O. H. Bensley ...	Superintendent of Police	26th May 1931 14th Vycayay 1086	15th August 1908 31st Karkadagom 1083	
" T. Ponnambalam Pillai ...	Excise Commissioner	30th March 1907 17th Mammom 1081	15th May 1908 31st Medom 1083	
" N. Ramen Pillai ...	Do. Sub-Protom	16th May 1908 1st Edavom 1083	15th August 1908 31st Karkadagom 1083	

Names of high officials showing changes in the personnel during the year 1933 M. E.—(contd.)

Name of officers.	Appointment.	Period		Remarks.
		From	To	
Lieut. Col. F. W. Dawson ...	Commandant, Nayar Brigade	30th October 1895 15th Thulam 1071	15th August 1908 31st Karkadagom 1083.	Services lent by the British Government. Do. Do. Do. Returned from furlough on 11-10-07. Reverted to British Service. Services lent by the British Government.
Lieut. H. B. Leapingwell ...	Commandant, 1st Battalion, Nayar Brigade ...	21st February 1908. 9th Maasi 1083.	Do.	
Lieut. L. D. Rollo ...	Commandant, 2nd Battalion, Nayar Brigade...	12th April 1907 30th Pangunay 1082	Do.	
Lieut. Col. R. James, I. M. S. ...	Durbar Physician	14th November 1904. 20th Alpaay 1080. 20th June 1908. 13th Ani 1083.	21st April 1908. 9th Medom 1083. 15th August 1908. 31st Karkadagom 1083.	
Dr. A. C. Perkins ...	Medical Officer, Nayar Brigade	25th February 1896. 14th Maasy 1071.	Do.	
Dr. E. Poonen ...	Surgeon, in Medical charge, General Hospital...	13th March 1898. 1st Pangunay 1073.	Do.	On furlough. Acted as Durbar Physician from 16th August to 10th Oct. 07. Acted as Durbar Physician from 22nd April to 25th June 1908. Returned from leave 13th February 1908. Acted as Chief Engineer from 16th February 1907 to 12th February 1908. Returned from leave 7th May 1908.
Mr. A. H. Bastow ...	Chief Engineer	30th March 1905 17th Pangunay 1080	Do.	
" H. A. Minchin ...	Executive Engineer	24th September 1896 10th Parattay 1072	Do.	
" F. J. Jacob ...	Do.	24th August 1902 8th Aany 1075	Do.	
" E. M. L. Lyseght ...	Do.	15th June 1903 1st Aany 1078	Do.	
" S. E. Vaikuntam Aiyar ...	Do.	6th August 1896 23rd Aady 1071	Do.	On leave.

Names of high officials showing changes in the personnel during the year 1933 M. E.—(concluded.)

Name of officers	Appointment.	Period		Remarks.
		From	To	
Mr. T. F. Bourdillon	Conservator of Forests	14th June 1931	15th August 1933	On furlough.
" M. Rama Rao	Ag: Do.	1st Aug 1933	31st Kartadkam 1933	
Dr. A. Crichton Mitchell	Principal, H. H. the Maharaja's College.	21st June 1933	Do.	Services lent by the British Government. Deputy Conservator of Forests from 2nd May to 20th June 1933.
Dr. A. W. Bishop	Professor of Chemistry	8th Aug 1933	Do.	
Mr. M. LaBouchardiere	Do.	27th January 1932	Do.	
" R. S. Lepper	Do.	15th Thye 1937	Do.	
" L. C. Hodgson	Do.	8th April 1934	Do.	
	Do.	27th Pangany 1939	Do.	
	Do.	19th September 1889	Do.	
	Do.	5th Pustary 1935	Do.	
	Do.	19th January 1901	Do.	
	Do.	7th Thye 1976	Do.	
	Do.	16th January 1904	Do.	
	Do.	8th Thye 1979	Do.	

APPENDIX II

List of Laws in force.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
1. Regulation I of 1010.—Extending the powers vested in the Munsiffs, and defining their jurisdiction.	...	...	Partly repealed by Regulations I of 1057, I of 1059, and II of 1065.
2. Regulation IV of 1010.—Extending the jurisdiction of Zillah Judges.	...	...	Partly repealed by Regulations I of 1057 and II of 1065.
3. Regulation I of 1036.—Reducing the rate of Port dues payable at Alleppey.	...	...	Amended by Regulations I of 1058 and I of 1061.
4. Regulation I of 1039.—Providing for the protection of the British Electric Telegraph in Travancore.	...	...	
5. Regulation II of 1039.—Securing copyright to authors of books in Travancore for a space of 42 years.	...	...	Partly repealed by Regulation III of 1075.
6. Regulation of 1040 for the appointment of duly qualified Vakils to plead in the Courts.	...	...	
7. Regulation II of 1040.—To provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands, with rules for the sale of the same.	...	...	
8. Regulation I of 1050.—To provide against certain abuses in Native Passenger ships.	...	...	
9. Regulation I of 1051.—To provide against unauthorised lotteries.	...	...	
10. Regulation I of 1052.—To provide punishment for certain offences relating to marriage.	...	...	
11. Regulation I of 1054.—To lay down clearly the law relating to the collection of the Abkari Revenue.	...	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1055 and partly repealed by Regulation IV of 1073.
12. Regulation II of 1054.—To prevent thefts of coffee.	...	...	
13. Regulation I of 1055.—Fixing the limits of time for the presentation of appeals under Regulation I of 1054.	...	...	Partly repealed by Regulation IV of 1073.
14. Regulation I of 1056.—Providing against trespass by cattle.	...	...	
15. Regulation IV of 1056.—Providing for the better regulation of the Police in Travancore.	...	...	Amended by Regulation II 1058.
16. Regulation I of 1057.—Providing a consolidated and amended law relating to the Zillah and Munsiff Courts in Travancore.	...	...	Amended by Regulation III of 1066 and I of 1077.
17. Regulation III of 1057.—Authorising the destruction of useless records.	...	...	
18. Regulation I of 1058.—A Regulation to amend Regulation I of 1036 reducing Port dues at Alleppey.	...	...	
19. Regulation II of 1058.—A Regulation to amend Regulation IV of 1056.	...	...	
20. Regulation III of 1058.—To provide for the registration of titles in land, for the establishment and maintenance of boundary marks and for the settlement of boundary disputes in the territories of Travancore.	...	...	Amended by Regulation II of 1060.
21. Regulation I of 1060.—A Regulation for investing certain Commissioners with power to summon witnesses &c., in connection with enquiries about the rights of Jenmies and Tenants.	...	...	
22. Regulation II of 1060.—A Regulation to amend the boundary Regulation, III of 1053.	...	...	
23. Regulation I of 1061.—Amending Regulation I of 1036 for levying Port dues at the Port of Alleppey.	...	...	

List of Laws in force (contd.)

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
24. Regulation III of 1061.—To provide for the due control of the export, import, manufacture and sale of arms, ammunition, &c.	...	...	Amended by Reg 1069.
25. Regulation IV of 1061.—To authorise the execution in Travancore of the decrees passed by the Civil Courts in British India and the Cochin State.	...	...	Amended by Regu 1068.
26. Regulation I of 1062.—To modify and re-enact the Court Fees Regulation.	...	...	...
27. Regulation II of 1062.—Limitation Regulation.	...	...	Amended by Reg 1068.
28. Regulation I of 1063.—Introducing "The Indian Companies Act" No. VI of 1882 as amended by Act No. VI of 1887 into Travancore.	...	...	...
29. Regulation V of 1063.—To empower certain Revenue Officers to summon persons to be present, or produce documents before them in connection with revenue enquiries.	...	...	...
30. Regulation VI of 1063.—To amend the law relating to Opium and Bhang.	...	...	Partly repealed by IV of 1073.
31. Regulation VII of 1063.—To provide for the protection of Salt Revenue in Travancore.	...	...	...
32. Regulation VIII of 1063.—To amend the law relating to tobacco.	...	...	Amended by Regul 1066 and II of 10
33. Regulation I of 1064.—The Travancore Anchor Regulation.	Post Office Act XIV of 1866.	...	...
34. Regulation II of 1065.—To consolidate and amend the law relating to the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature.	...	...	Amended by Regu 1070
35. Regulation II of 1066.—To amend Regulation VIII of 1063 providing against offences relating to Tobacco Smuggling.	...	...	...
36. Regulation IV of 1066.—To grant loans from the Government for agricultural purposes.	India Act XIX of 1883	...	...
37. Regulation I of 1067.—To revise and amend the Travancore High Court Regulation I of 1065.	...	...	...
38. Regulation II of 1067.—Government Land Conservancy Regulation.	India Act X of 1870.	...	Amended by Regu 1075
39. Regulation III of 1067.—To provide for the acquisition of land for public purposes.	...	...	...
40. Regulation IV of 1067.—To provide Reformatories for male youthful offenders.	India Act V 1876.	...	...
41. Regulation V of 1067.—To consolidate and amend the law relating to Criminal Procedure.	...	...	Amended by Regula III of 1074.
42. Regulation I of 1068.—To provide for the recovery of arrears of Public Revenue in Travancore.	...	...	...
43. Regulation II of 1068.—To make better provision for the protection and management of Forests.	Madras Act V of 1882.	...	Amended by Regul 1071.
44. Regulation III of 1068.—To prescribe the mode of valuing suits for assessing Pleader's fees for purposes of taxation of costs.	Act VII of 1887.	...	...
45. Regulation IV of 1068.—For the recovery of arrears of rent due to the Estates of Kilimanur and Edapally.	...	...	...
46. Regulation V of 1068.—To amend the Limitation Regulation II of 1062.	India Act XV of 1877 and its amendments.	...	...
47. Regulation I of 1069.—To amend the Arms Regulation III of 1061.	Act XI of 1878.	...	...
48. Regulation I of 1070.—Amending the Regulations relating to the registration of documents.	Act III of 1877 as amended by Act XII of 1879.	...	...
49. Regulation II of 1070.—To amend the Code of Civil Procedure (II of 1065).	Act V of 1894.	...	...

List of Laws in force (contd.)

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
50. Regulation III of 1070.—To repeal the Police Superannuation Regulation.	...	...	...
51. Regulation I of 1071.—To provide for the management of Prisons.	Indian Prisons Act.	...	...
52. Regulation II of 1071.—To extend greater protection to Judges, Magistrates and others acting judicially.	Acts XXIII and XXXVIII of 1850.	...	...
53. Regulation III of 1071.—To provide for the punishment of gambling and the keeping of common gambling houses in Travancore.	Act III of 1867.	...	...
54. Regulation IV of 1071.—To amend the Forest Regulation (II of 1068).	...	...	...
55. Regulation V of 1071.—To define clearly the relative rights of Jeemies and Kudiyans.	...	...	...
56. Regulation II of 1072.—General Clauses Regulation.	Act I of 1891.	...	...
57. Regulation III of 1072.—To provide for the construction, repair, maintenance of irrigation works and for the conservation and distribution of water for purposes of irrigation.	...	...	...
58. Regulation II of 1073.—To prevent the spread of Epidemic Diseases.	...	...	...
59. Regulation III of 1073.—For the better preservation of Game.	Madras Act II of 1879.	...	...
60. Regulation IV of 1073.—To amend the law relating to the import, export, transport, manufacture, sale and possession of intoxicating liquor and of intoxicating drugs.	Madras Act III of 1864.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1074.
61. Regulation V of 1073.—To amend the law relating to the Legislative Council.	Indian Councils Act.	...	...
62. Regulation VI of 1073.—To invest officers holding departmental enquiries into the conduct of public servants, with certain powers.	Madras Act V of 1893 and India Act XXXVII of 1850.	...	...
63. Regulation I of 1074.—To provide a general Penal Code for Travancore.	India Act XLV of 1860.	...	...
64. Regulation II of 1074.—To amend the Code of Criminal Procedure.	Act III of 1894 and Act V of 1894.	...	Amended by Regulation I of 1082.
65. Regulation III of 1074.—To amend the Code of Criminal Procedure.	...	...	...
66. Regulation IV of 1074.—To amend the Abkari Regulation IV of 1073.	Act I of 1886.	...	...
67. Regulation V of 1074.—To Provide for the acquisition of land for Railways.	...	...	...
68. Regulation VI of 1074.—To enact and define the Law relating to Wills.	Indian Succession Act and Hindu Wills Act	...	...
69. Regulation I of 1075.—To amend the Government Land Conservancy Regulation, II of 1067.	...	...	...
70. Regulation II of 1075.—The Negotiable Instruments Regulation.	Indian Negotiable Instruments Act.	...	...
71. Regulation III of 1075.—To consolidate and amend the law relating to Vakils.	Legal Practitioners Act of British India XVIII of 1879 as amended by XI of 1896.	...	...
72. Regulation II of 1076.—To amend the Tobacco Smuggling Regulation VIII of 1063.	Indian Act X of 1900.	...	...
73. Regulation III of 1076.—To amend the Towns Conservancy and Improvement Regulation, II of 1069.	Indian Municipalities Act.	...	...

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police Force for the year 1083 M. E.

Serial No.	Description of office.	Number.	Monthly pay of grade.	Total cost.							Punishments.				Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Rs.			chs.				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	No. able to read and write.	No. under instruction.		
				Bs.	chs.	c.													
1	2	3	4	5	6	7								11	12	13	14	15	
1	Superintendent	1	B. Rs. 900																
2	Assistant Superintendents	3	250 to 350																
3	First Class Inspector	2	150																
4	Second Do.	3	125																
5	Third Do.	5	100																
6	Fourth Do.	15	75																
7	Fifth Do.	20	50																
8	First Grade Head Constables	22	20																
9	Second Do.	45	15																
10	Third Do.	93	12																
11	First Class Constables	488	8																
12	Second Do.	999	7																

Sirkar Rupees 2,57,902.

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police Force in the Travancore State during the year 1083 M. E.

Serial No.	Divisions.	No. of offences.		No. of accused arrested.		No. of accused sent for trial.		No. of accused convicted.		No. of accused convicted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions columns 10 to 12.		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
1	2															17
1	Trivandrum	579	465	596	913	896	869	791	504	524	683	85.07	73.7	78.2	57.9	Columns 3 and 4 show only the No. of cases charged.
2	Padmanabhapuram	315	273	476	155	476	450	276	305	396	439	69.6	69.4	57.9	67.7	
3	Quilon	746	732	1,296	1,232	1,272	1,203	870	807	1,154	1,081	73.4	74.6	68.3	67.05	
4	Kottayam	898	880	1,411	1,494	1,343	1,481	922	982	1,218	1,369	75.6	71.7	68.6	66.3	
	Total	2,541	2,330	4,079	4,094	3,957	4,003	2,760	2,598	3,622	3,572	76.4	72.7	69.4	64.9	

* The percentage is calculated on the number of persons charged during the year, excluding those pending trial at the beginning of the year.

44

ases awaiting trial, in the Travancore State, during the year 1083 M. E.

No. of persons acquitted or discharged.			Terms of imprisonment.																	REMARKS.
No. of persons confined being in same.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Under one month.	From one to two months.	From two to three months.	From three to six months.	From six to twelve months.	From one to two years.	From two to three years.	From three to five years.	Above five years.	Imprisonment for life.	Capital punishment.	Awaiting trial.							
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31					
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
1,137	4	36	40	16	15	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
175	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
66	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
179	1	27	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
71	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
4,308	1	10	113	46	11	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
338	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
428	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
12,729	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
146	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
5,032	...	20	439	139	127	138	10	15	4	4	2	...	...	...	...					
148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
1,166	...	5	8	6	5	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
775	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	4	...	...	...	...					
305	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
309	...	1	2	1	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
159	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
244	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
342	...	...	20	2	3	11	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
3,852	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
834	...	2	15	21	1	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
1,810	...	...	15	4	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
87	...	1	...	...	3	7	6	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...					
70	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
188	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
337	...	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
34,292	4	88	706	281	197	240	68	46	13	17	12	7	3	218	...					
175	...	4	70	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...					
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...					
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
141	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
600	...	...	15	18	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	...					
230	...	...	11	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	...					
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
33	...	...	23	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
16	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
90	...	...	73	24	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
111	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...					
1,508	...	24	216	39	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	77	...					
38,776	4	112	1012	330	196	240	68	40	13	17	12	7	3	296	...					

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Travancore State, during the year 1083 M. E.

Names of Courts.	Number of offences reported during the year.			Number of persons dealt with.										Persons disposed of.					Remarks.
	2	3	Present year 1083	Brought to trial in 1083.						Total.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.				
				Remaining at the end of past year 1082	Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.							Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.		
1				4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Persons remaining at the end of the year 1083.	
Sessions Courts.																			
Nagercoil	18	18	18	1	...	...	...	...	74	19	75	...	55	20	...	...	...	The figures in columns 2 and 3 include 1 the cases actually filed during the year, 2 the cases brought forward from the year 1082, and 3 the cases brought forward from the year 1081. The figures in column 12 include 1 the persons disposed of without trial, 2 by rejection in limine, dismissal for want of evidence, 3 by withdrawal, compounding, &c., &c., &c. those discharged for want of evidence.	
Trivandrum	19	27	27	5	...	...	...	...	100	34	100	...	52	47	...	...	...		
Quilon	13	36	36	...	...	...	...	...	77	43	82	...	36	37	...	...	...		
Alleppey	29	42	42	4	...	...	...	...	69	58	73	...	40	31	...	...	...		
Parur	37	20	20	3	...	...	...	...	57	102	60	...	40	19	...	...	...		
TOTAL	121	143	143	13					377	286	390	...	223	154	...	3	10		
Magistrate's Courts.																			
Padmanabhapuram District Magistrate's Court	10	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	22	1	...	4	7	...	...	...	The figures in column 12 include 1 the persons disposed of without trial, 2 by rejection in limine, dismissal for want of evidence, 3 by withdrawal, compounding, &c., &c., &c. those discharged for want of evidence.	
Trivandrum Do.	6	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	142	...	1	1	...	...	...		
Quilon Do.	9	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	9	27	11	...	1	1	...	...	...		
Kottayam Do.	4	9	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	33	...	1	1	...	...	...		
Cardamom Hills Do.	46	60	60	13	56	...	...	...	4	88	118	44	4	40	21	...	...		
Padmanabhapuram 1st Class Magistrate's Court	262	248	248	63	136	...	...	...	...	914	876	522	98	71	370	...	...		
Trivandrum Do.	234	257	257	78	257	...	...	...	...	838	950	554	86	96	14	...	...		
Quilon Division Do.	231	219	219	24	303	...	...	...	...	1,170	1,166	704	37	69	1	...	...		
Do. Taluk Do.	113	126	126	12	53	...	...	...	...	241	236	154	35	14	1	...	...		
* Alleppey Port Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Do. Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Kottayam Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Peermad Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Torals 2nd Class Magistrate's Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Agasthyapuram Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
* Eraniel Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Kalkulam Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Vilavakkal Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

The figures in column 12 include the cases actually filed during the year also those brought forward from the year remanded for retrial, received by the Magistrate and referred by Subordinate Magistrate to District Magistrates for enhanced punishment.

The figures in column 13 include the persons disposed of without trial, by rejection in limine, dismissal for withdrawal, compounding, &c., by those discharged for want of evidence.

* Alleppey Port 1st class had no cases during the year. The cases shown are 1st class Magistrate's court that previously existed.

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by Criminal Courts in the Travancore State during the year 1983 M. E.

Tribunals.	No. of applications.	Number of persons and cases.														Remarks.		
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.				Proceedings quashed.				Referred & ordered.		Further enquiry pending.				
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.		Quashed.								
				Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
High Court.	126	...	...	61	61	33	32	22	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagercoil	58	...	...	40	40	12	12	6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trivandrum	80	...	...	52	52	16	16	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quilon	55	...	...	36	36	8	8	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alleppey	114	...	...	38	38	13	13	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Parur.	31	...	...	12	12	2	2	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	398	...	...	178	178	51	51	76	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madanabhapuram District Magistrate's Court.	91	1	1	47	47	8	8	34	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. 1st class Magistrate's Court.	141	...	...	103	103	6	6	31	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trivandrum District Magistrate's Court.	206	...	...	148	148	19	19	35	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. 1st class Magistrate's Court.	63	...	...	31	31	1	1	31	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quilon District Magistrate's Court.	42	...	...	25	25	3	3	14	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. 1st class Magistrate's Court.	462	...	...	246	246	42	42	129	129	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alleppey Do.	33	3	3	17	17	1	1	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kottayam District Magistrate's Court.	284	2	2	142	142	68	68	56	56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. 1st class Magistrate's Court.	203	...	...	129	129	53	53	97	97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cardamom Hills District Magistrate's Court.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	1617	6	6	895	895	201	201	439	439	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total.....	2071	6	6	1134	1134	285	285	537	537	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Superior Magistrates' Courts.

Sessions Courts.

The figures entered in column 2 represent the number of appeals for disposal, made in the previous arrears, appeals actually filed during the year and those received by transfer or on remand.
Columns 13 and 14: The figures entered in these columns include also cases and persons disposed of by transfer or otherwise

The figures entered in column 2 represent the number of appeals for disposal, made up of the previous arrears, appeals actually filed during the year and those received by transfer or on remand. Columns 13 and 14: The figures entered in column 13 also cases and persons disposed of by transfer or otherwise.

APPENDIX X.

*Civil Work—Nature and value of Original Suits filed, and disposed of
in the District and Munsiffs' Courts of Travancore, during the year 1083 M. E.*

APPENDIX X.

Civil work—Nature and value of original suits filed, and disposed of in the

Tribunals.	Opening Balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing Balance.	
	Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.	Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.	Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.	Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.	Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
District Courts.										
Nagercoil ...	49	61	65	87	114	148	53	73	61	75
Trivandrum ...	151	115	126	163	277	278	162	174	115	104
Quilon ...	108	155	148	195	256	350	101	164	155	186
Alleppey ...	146	195	199	247	345	442	150	180	195	262
Parur ...	142	142	103	59	245	201	103	127	142	74
Total.....	596	668	641	751	1,237	1,419	569	718	668	701
Munsiffs' Courts.										
Nagercoil ...	384	408	3,498	3,623	3,882	4,036	3,474	3,193	408	843
Padmanabhapuram ...	483	461	2,416	2,552	2,899	3,013	2,438	2,412	461	601
Kuzhittura ...	678	818	2,093	2,300	2,771	3,118	1,953	2,280	818	888
Neyyattinkara ...	565	517	1,911	2,151	2,476	2,668	1,959	2,121	517	547
Trivandrum Principal ...	729	819	2,850	2,726	3,579	3,545	2,760	2,860	819	685
Do. Additional ...	735	694	2,844	2,728	3,579	3,422	2,885	2,647	694	775
Chirayinkil ...	478	653	3,108	2,768	3,586	3,421	2,933	2,795	653	626
Quilon Principal ...	773	528	5,699	2,261	6,472	2,789	5,148	2,328	1,324	461
Do. Additional ...	...	796	...	3,830	...	4,126	...	3,800	...	826
Kottarakara ...	1,089	869	2,482	1,946	3,571	2,815	2,702	1,944	869	871
Haripad ...	587	821	2,675	1,972	3,262	2,793	2,441	2,130	821	663
Shencottah ...	195	296	663	590	858	886	562	756	296	130
Krishnapuram ...	415	608	3,031	2,745	3,446	3,353	2,838	2,707	608	646
Chengannur ...	...	...	...	3,028	...	3,028	...	2,067	...	941
Thiruvalla ...	765	1,090	3,453	2,054	4,218	3,144	3,128	2,276	1,090	888
Alleppey ...	360	382	2,843	2,748	3,203	3,130	2,821	2,749	382	581
Shertalla ...	286	268	1,490	1,523	1,776	1,791	1,508	1,392	268	399
Kottayam ...	733	634	2,857	2,361	3,590	2,995	2,956	2,611	634	384
Kanjirapalli ...	...	...	...	959	...	959	...	744	...	215
Vycome ...	306	304	1,892	1,875	2,198	2,179	1,894	1,819	304	360
Muvattupuzha ...	285	358	1,781	1,812	2,066	2,170	1,708	1,679	358	491
Parur ...	372	534	1,839	1,894	2,211	2,428	1,677	1,756	534	672
Devikulam ...	22	25	86	36	108	59	85	48	23	11
Total.....	10,240	11,881	49,511	49,987	59,751	61,868	47,870	49,134	11,881	12,734
Grand Total.....	10,836	12,540	50,162	50,738	60,988	63,287	48,439	49,852	12,540	13,435

District and Munsiffs' Courts of Travancore, during the year 1083 M. E.

Suits filed during present year 1083.										Suits disposed of during present year 1083.									Remarks.
Value.	Suits relating to landed property.	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	No. of suits under Rs. 100.	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Ex parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.					
Rs.													Rs.	Years.	Months.	Days.			
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		
1,50,518	60	24	1	3	16	4	60	2	9	14	4	52	1,23,681	11	16	11	Columns 4 and 5.		
3,19,565	62	85	1	22	3	5	111	7	16	38	6	114	3,46,107	9	9	6	Suits readmitted,		
3,33,144	138	19	13	8	5	6	147	4	16	52	13	83	3,64,599	9	29	9	remanded &c.		
6,01,801	127	78	...	7	10	4	164	20	24	47	30	79	3,32,817	8	8	8	have also been in-		
1,30,975	30	14	7	9	5	1	33	3	6	27	40	54	1,13,694	1	21	13	cluded.		
13,36,003	417	220	22	49	39	20	515	36	65	178	93	382	11,70,893	10	9				
1,94,911	445	2,981	74	2,502	764	144	...	...	1,080	1,112	395	606	1,34,635	2	1	1	Columns 12 to 20.		
1,76,143	649	1,819	1	1,980	442	17	...	...	705	1,065	65	577	1,65,992	2	22	2	The value entered		
2,01,510	1,020	1,016	173	1,388	391	24	...	...	675	665	43	897	1,99,117	4	11	4	in column 12 and		
1,73,815	873	1,112	78	1,611	437	42	...	...	710	350	391	671	1,78,615	4	2	4	the classification		
4,05,992	868	3,360	41	4,142	946	161	...	...	1,398	476	222	764	2,81,881	5	15	5	made in columns		
1,71,338	681	2,674	116	2,235	393	43	...	...	1,383	399	302	573	2,02,493	2	26	13	to 20 are in res-		
3,48,352	737	1,448	28	1,318	836	79	...	...	1,042	970	72	711	1,72,867	1	28	1	pect of the actual		
1,28,158	95	1,318	98	1,509	372	30	...	...	988	749	177	414	1,66,731	2	15	institutions only.			
1,94,881	234	1,600	33	1,373	449	71	...	...	1,659	1,035	566	600	2,30,087	2	6	6	Suits readmitted		
40,686	74	488	11	460	110	6	...	...	724	382	217	621	1,58,432	2	18	2	and received by		
3,75,421	723	1,826	1	1,960	535	55	...	...	661	664	234	571	2,28,670	4	19	4	transfer or on re-		
2,49,501	786	1,658	14	1,586	797	75	...	...	222	310	65	159	60,777	5	18	5	mand have not		
2,10,115	492	1,421	32	1,331	533	81	...	...	913	732	281	761	1,94,015	1	10	1	been included in		
3,20,643	343	2,274	41	1,808	768	82	...	...	890	586	198	413	1,61,490	1	26	1	these columns.		
1,85,502	420	966	61	957	429	61	...	...	847	363	642	424	2,72,077	3	13	3			
3,66,111	605	1,612	...	1,468	640	109	...	...	1,381	561	141	663	3,32,951	2	14	2			
92,343	204	537	55	635	223	88	...	...	562	276	139	415	1,59,017	2	27	2			
2,02,661	393	1,395	55	1,229	466	148	...	...	1,327	108	292	584	2,96,991	3	10	3			
1,64,125	552	1,002	234	1,300	451	37	...	...	361	92	149	142	93,776	2	5	2			
1,88,247	425	1,412	43	1,368	425	87	...	...	698	577	81	463	1,83,060	2	24	2			
9,000	4	82	...	13	17	6	...	...	593	558	124	404	1,46,438	3	...	3			
									684	480	216	376	1,74,556	2	23	2			
									22	6	15	5	6,874	5	29	5			
44,02,505	10,843	35,375	1212	35,486	10,518	1,426	...	...	19,525	12,829	4,966	11,814	11,98,565	2	27	2			
59,38,508	11,260	35,595	1231	35,535	10,557	1,446	515	36	19,590	13,007	5,056	12,196	53,69,463	3	...	3			

APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work—Results of Application for execution of Decrees in the District and Munsiff's Courts of Travancore, during the year 1083 M. E.

Municipal Councils.	Opening Balance.		Value of opening balance for the present year 1083.		Applications brought to the Register.		Total.		Disposed of.		Closing balance.		Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of the present year 1083.		Remarks.				
	Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.	Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.	Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.	Rs.	Rs.	Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.	Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.	Rs.	Rs.					
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Tiruvannamalai.																			
Nagercoil	19	33	1,8,229	140	123	1,84,864	159	156	2,43,093	126	134	2,01,806	33	22	41,197	21	1		
Trivandrum	46	82	30,040	236	271	2,09,246	276	3-3	2,39,386	244	259	2,02,178	32	44	37,108	38	5	1	
Quilon	86	36	46,272	273	239	2,06,520	364	295	8,45,792	323	254	2,67,637	36	41	57,903	36	3	2	
Alleppey	173	141	1,31,361	366	397	4,42,159	469	638	19,73,419	328	387	9,00,083	141	171	18,83,326	112	39	20	
Farur	48	47	53,326	181	118	1,30,856	229	165	2,01,62	182	134	1,53,109	47	31	48,773	25	2	4	
Total	396	289	17,66,127	1,201	1,168	12,98,643	1,497	1,457	39,02,772	1,208	1,146	9,35,163	289	309	2,067,609	232	50	27	
District Courts.																			
Nagercoil	15	3-5	21,568	2,767	2,216	1,61,089	2,216	2,655	1,85,657	1,903	2,323	1,62,357	315	332	23,306	326	6		
Padunathapuram	98	13	12,132	1,736	1,778	1,36,434	1,844	1,996	1,48,566	1,701	1,735	1,28,810	130	181	19,756	177	4		
Kudichura	185	177	15,000	1,397	1,562	2,20,931	1,664	1,729	2,35,931	1,405	1,636	1,21,416	177	239	41,422	238	6		
Keyattihara	135	171	46,928	1,420	1,045	76,883	1,555	1,782	1,29,811	1,418	1,543	79,889	137	239	44,422	238	1		
Trivandrum Principal	268	3-2	32,723	2,631	2,561	2,37,105	2,899	2,963	2,69,888	2,597	2,487	2,24,018	302	376	45,870	364	12		
Do. Additional	214	270	27,110	2,525	2,680	2,57,435	2,739	2,949	2,84,544	2,479	2,706	2,12,752	260	249	21,792	235	11		
Chirayinkil	3-0	309	33,720	2,944	2,716	2,79,087	3,244	3,025	3,12,816	2,935	2,736	2,78,095	309	280	31,121	285	4		
Quilon Principal	408	482	31,346	3,389	5,172	3,47,649	5,797	6,654	3,81,995	5,315	5,221	3,40,191	482	480	41,804	417	6		
Do. Additional	241	337	28,316	1,994	1,678	1,47,879	2,235	2,015	1,76,695	1,868	1,793	1,54,826	337	222	21,808	222			
Kottarakkud	311	253	33,835	3,069	2,241	1,90,683	3,386	2,494	2,24,231	3,127	2,380	2,06,611	253	164	17,926	109	4		
Shesootah	60	55	10,125	278	379	11,143	338	334	24,268	283	291	20,603	55	40	3,065	35	5		
Krishnapuram	121	180	24,315	2,957	2,977	2,91,316	3,078	3,106	3,15,631	2,880	2,947	2,89,381	189	219	26,257	217	1		
Cheeramanur	275	351	14,862	2,382	2,236	1,76,495	508	45,772	48,772	2,276	2,365	1,32,217	381	52	8,172	48	4		
Thiruvalla	144	177	24,095	2,681	2,654	2,46,366	2,662	2,796	3,21,372	2,716	2,568	2,83,692	144	239	36,086	230	12		
Shertalay	177	201	21,376	1,827	1,649	1,27,127	2,004	1,810	1,48,533	1,803	1,593	1,27,877	201	217	20,620	207	3		
Kottayam	374	654	94,811	2,712	2,861	3,62,588	3,066	3,625	4,57,339	2,422	3,231	3,25,965	654	291	1,28,434	291	3		
Kanjirattali	102	194	2,153	2,054	2,100	1,98,884	1,65	1,88,688	1,866	2,185	2,01	190	155	17,007	155	43	3		
Vellam	1-2	178	27,262	1,226	1,190	1,55,251	1,338	1,260	2,12,516	1,100	1,215	1,89,107	178	153	23,479	149	4		
Muttapuzha	263	221	32,945	1,691	1,601	1,91,979	1,804	1,831	2,24,915	1,673	1,615	1,93,198	221	216	31,747	208	16		
Parur	3	3	1,676	17	26	5,168	20	20	20,644	17	26	6,341	3	3	338	3			
Devicolum																			
Total	3,916	4,928	5,87,857	43,000	43,645	39,21,693	46,916	47,373	45,09,550	41,988	43,070	38,83,715	4,928	4,603	6,25,836	4,404	96	3	
Grand Total	4,312	5,356	6,45,684	46,991	46,660	41,000	48,000	43,000	43,000	41,988	43,070	38,83,715	4,928	4,603	6,25,836	4,404	96	3	
Municipal Councils.																			

Civil Work—Number and results of appeals in Civil Suits, in the High Court and the District Courts of Travancore, during the year 1083 M. E.

Tribunals.	How disposed of.										Average duration.	Remarks.																	
	Decisions confirmed.				Decisions reversed.				Cases comprised or otherwise disposed of.				Past year 1082.	Present year 1083.															
	Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Cases comprised or otherwise disposed of.	Cases comprised or otherwise disposed of.	Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Cases comprised or otherwise disposed of.	Cases comprised or otherwise disposed of.																					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
First appeals	214	260	422	422	636	682	376	476	260	206	5,81,211	4,80,774	178	196	45	69	121	165	18	25	14	20	11	22	5	6	5	6	6
Second appeals	113	94	30	356	443	450	819	308	94	132	66,442	78,772	193	190	49	43	46	39	20	14	11	22	5	6	5	6	5	6	6
Total	327	354	722	778	1,049	1,132	695	784	354	338	6,47,653	5,59,546	371	386	94	112	167	205	38	39	25	42	11	22	5	6	5	6	6
Nagercoil	324	349	329	346	64	675	295	399	849	290	43,727	49,428	147	201	51	59	26	48	41	54	30	37	821	8	8	8	8	8	8
Trivandrum	314	326	471	536	78	682	459	563	526	119	7,020	48,405	226	290	85	92	69	132	30	45	58	34	822	620	620	620	620	620	620
Quilon	420	429	495	513	91	972	484	594	429	382	74,827	78,957	258	289	79	84	31	66	68	86	48	65	1115	928	928	928	928	928	928
Alleppey	330	455	485	596	810	1,082	324	498	584	584	83,137	1,05,024	147	219	61	62	47	76	46	43	23	98	11	9	5	5	5	5	5
Parur	350	384	22	132	588	616	204	349	384	167	31,208	19,432	107	192	25	35	46	16	10	17	16	149	1	8	7	1	6	6	6
Total	1,747	1,974	1,991	1,973	3,740	3,947	1,766	2,399	1,974	1,548	3,08,919	3,01,366	885	1,191	301	332	210	308	195	245	175	383	11	7	9	9	9	9	9
Grand Total	2,074	2,328	2,713	2,751	4,789	5,079	2,461	3,183	2,328	1,896	9,56,573	10,60,912	1,266	1,517	395	444	377	513	233	294	200	425	9	25	9	25	9	25	9

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APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lockups in the State during the year 1083 M. E.

Stations.	Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners. †				Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of 1083. †	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial	Remarks showing mortality	
		Remain- ing from 1082.	Admitted during 1083.	Total.		1082.	1083.					
				1082.	1083.							
Central Prison, Trivandrum...	1	479	923	1,198	1,402	447.38	465.03	475	Rs. 54,214	Chs. 12	C. 3	Days. 12
Devikulam Lockup...	1	1	14	6	15	4	1	1	138			7
Peermade do...	1	2	25	31	27	2	2	2	310	11	5	9
Anjenad do...	1		7	5	7	29	14	10	8	23	8	3
Alleppey do...	1		102	94	102	1.8	1.8	10	205	15		5
Quilon do...	1	3	143	319	146	4.11	4.11	6	468	13	8	6
Kottarakara do...	1		54	90	54	2.21	2.21	14	214	26	4	5
Pathanapuram do...	1		18	19	18	1	1	2	47	17	8	7
Shencottah do...	1		19	33	19	0.8	0.8	2	129	5	15	7
Kunnattur do...	1	1	99	75	100	2	4	1	185	4	12	4
Karunagapally do...	1	2	67	74	69	2	5	2	216	17	8	9
Karthigapally do...	1	5	59	56	64	2.11	2.11	1	338	5	4	42
Mavelikara do...	1	3	81	107	84	4.06	6	6	278	9		2.9
Chenganoor do...	1		70	61	70	1	2	5	135	15	12	7
Thiruvalla do...	1		32	23	32	1	1	6	56	21		4
Ambalapuzha do...	1	6	50	115	56	2	3	5	158	22	12	5
Paravoor do...	1	2	35	107	37	15	5		95	3	8	4
Pathanamthitta do...	1	2	67	137	69	2.11	4.11	8	114	5	4	4
Kayenculam do...	1	1	134	87	135	2	4	9	196	5	4	9
Fort Station do...	1	2	98	316	100	8	3		700			
Puthenchantha do...	1	4	46	181	50	5	1	2				
Cantonment do...	1		24	124	24	3	0.6	1				
Taluk Station do...	1		14	241	14	6	0.4		112			1
Neyyattinkara do...	1	4	105	310	109	8	3	9	900			
Chirayinkil do...	1		100	32	100	8	3	2	342			7
Nedumangad do...	1	4	26	46	30	1	0.8	2	130			2
Parassala do...	1		24	78	24	2	0.7	1	52			16
Bhothapandy do...	1	5	48	47	53	13	14	1	178	19	4	19
Agastiyaram do...	1		29	36	29	0.9	0.7		54	19	4	3
Kottar do...	1	2	100	93	102	25	27		75	21		
Eraniel do...	1		19	18	19	0.6	0.5		31	3	8	5
Kalkulam do...	1	1	25	33	26	0.9	0.7		69	3	8	16
Vilavancode do...	1	2	7	77	9	21	0.2	1	37	26	4	10
Colachel do...	1		44	75	44	21	12	1	68	112		88
Thiruvattar do...	1		25	34	25	0.9	0.6		87	102		
Shertallay do...	1	13	73	139	86	4.88	13	3	625	5	4	7
Vaikam do...	1	2	100	105	102	7.82	6	14	288	26	4	7
Kottamangur do...	1		24	49	24	3	2	4	80	17	8	12
Kottayam do...	2		163	78	165		5	14	550	7		12.5
Changanacherry do...	1	2	49	90	51	3	4	13	179	15	11	7
Minachil do...	1	8	152	185	160	5	4	4	266	5	4	6
Thodupuzha do...	1	2	41	30	43		1.4	8	67	10		4
Muvattupuzha do...	2	6	127	167	133	4.84	5	8	239	112		7
Kannattunad do...	2	2	159	80	161	5.16	6	13	310	12	4	4
Alangudi do...	2	3	153	129	16	4.25	6	7	398	24	12	6
Parur do...	1	6	137	237	143	10.69	13	5	298	1	8	
Kanjirapally do...	1	4	127	69	131	1.52	4	7	193	26	4	10
Arakkudi do...	1		90	65	90	1.52	4	5	211	3	8	20

* This does not include the expenditure in the District Jails which were abolished on 25-4-1083.

† This includes under-trial as well as civil prisoners.

APPENDIX XIV.

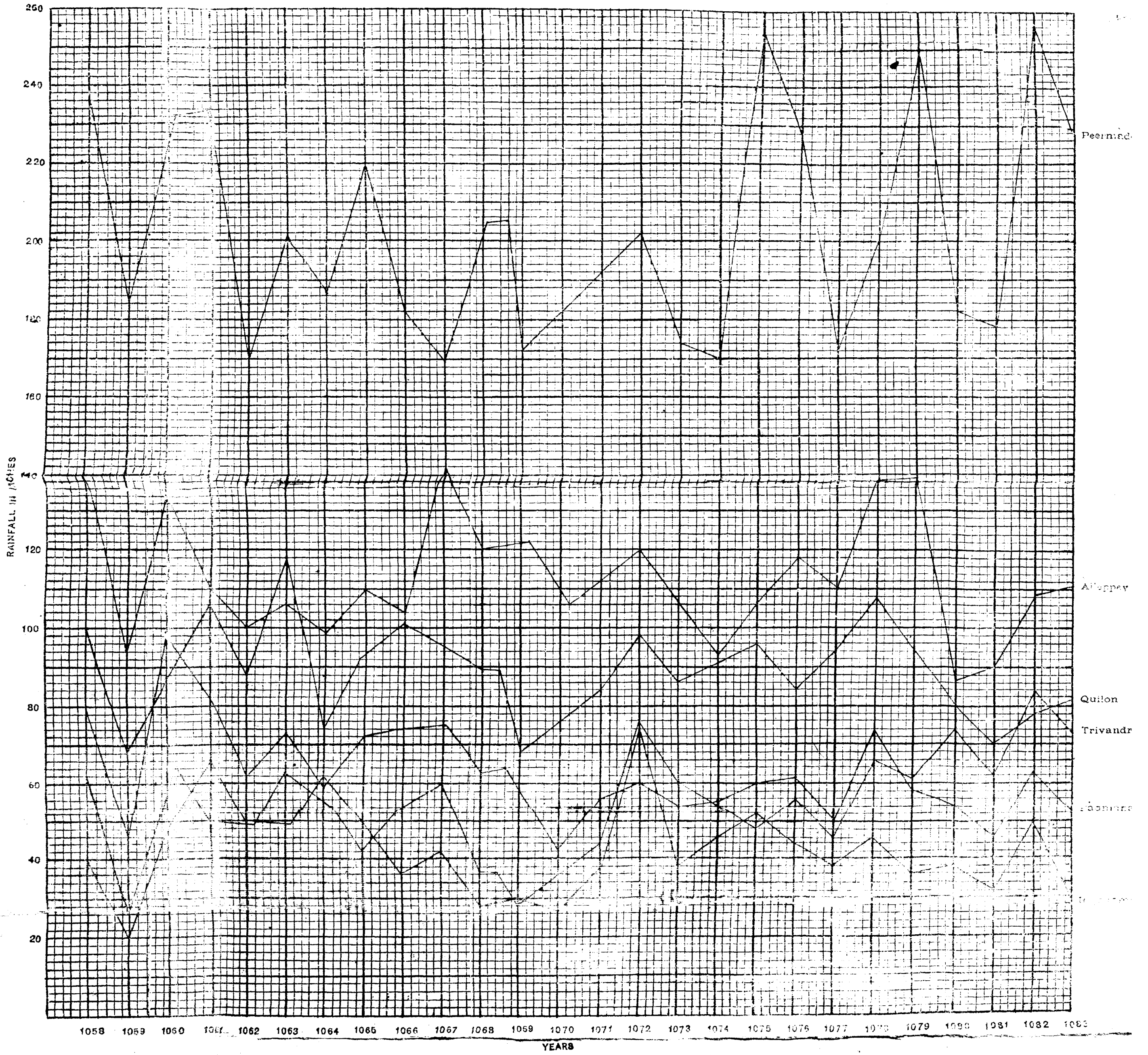
Registration of documents in the Travancore State

Number.	Name of Sub-Registry Office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of documents presented.									
				Mortgages.		Sale-deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.	
		1082	1083	1082	1083	1082	1083	1082	1083	1082	1083	1082	1083
1	Tovula	2,078	2,358	1,004	1,079	560	607	2	1	6	2	506	689
2	Agastisvaram	3,807	4,558	1,853	1,982	1,004	1,221	1	12	13	938	1,341	
3	Nagorecoil	2,796	3,156	1,340	1,369	719	831	1	3	8	12	715	936
4	Alloor		1,711		774		361				7		699
5	Eraniel	5,162	1,712	2,931	2,384	1,082	912		1	31	9	1,118	1,436
6	Colachel	4,258	4,887	2,961	2,908	429	520	2	1	37	19	829	1,241
7	Kalkulam	3,577	4,356	2,266	2,630	428	452	5	6	28	37	850	1,231
8	Thiruvattar	3,083	3,319	2,004	2,101	130	158	1	4	48	43	903	1,043
9	Vilavancode	3,237	4,110	2,302	2,669	97	139	1	1	64	110	873	1,191
10	Arumam	2,980	3,471	2,043	2,337	52	66		2	86	58	799	1,008
11	Munchira	4,313	5,221	2,786	3,254	141	161			113	152	1,273	1,624
12	Parassala	4,578	5,079	3,338	3,436	69	78	5	1	114	111	1,362	1,450
13	Neyyattinkara	5,167	5,213	3,319	3,242	194	185	2	5	140	163	1,512	1,648
14	Do. (Additional)	1,151	5,021	2,703	3,236	97	105	5	4	156	132	1,192	1,482
15	Nemom	4,663	4,715	2,808	2,952	189	183	6	1	90	80	1,470	1,519
16	Trivandrum	5,687	5,912	3,149	3,179	514	575	13	11	91	82	1,790	2,092
17	Kazhakuttam	2,863	3,161	1,815	1,822	212	248	6	4	27	21	803	1,066
18	Nedumangudi	3,960	3,621	2,534	2,303	373	210	1	1	30	20	1,039	987
19	Chirayinkil	5,234	5,556	3,114	3,388	453	525	6	13	24	49	1,697	1,681
20	Navaikulam	3,900	3,614	2,294	2,155	419	465		3	31	23	1,166	908
Total.....		75,757	84,728	40,543	40,220	7,192	8,102	62	72	1135	1143	20,825	25,191
21	Chithammar	4,259	4,252	2,433	2,332	504	514	2	4	52	46	1,268	1,256
22	Quilon	5,366	4,654	2,743	2,315	802	655	6	3	70	75	1,745	1,606
23	Kottarakara	4,661	3,699	2,910	2,112	614	541	9	4	27	17	1,016	992
24	Kuntara		2,010		1,073		300				21		616
25	Chadayanagalam		1,175		611		206				12		365
26	Pathanapuram	2,430	2,291	1,375	1,255	480	380	6	10	5	17	554	599
27	Shencottah	1,970	2,227	806	886	778	977	8	9	1	1	294	324
28	Kannathur	3,931	3,501	2,404	2,167	138	334	4	9	11	7	1,011	954
29	Narnad	3,623	3,207	2,304	2,038	382	345	3	2	21	18	918	784
30	Pathanamthitta	2,558	2,798	1,662	1,721	387	436	1	9	11	11	600	634
31	Chavara	4,284	4,290	2,297	2,233	622	598	7	6	71	75	1,877	1,888
32	Karunagapalli	2,808	3,815	1,539	1,849	485	639	5	15	62	40	1,007	1,191
33	Krishnapuram	4,666	4,556	2,461	2,448	793	703	3	8	17	24	1,399	1,372
34	Kayenculam	2,629	3,379	1,518	1,840	225	308	1	1	19	39	866	1,123
35	Kartigappalli	4,578	4,127	2,387	2,121	571	504	5	4	59	61	1,556	1,437
36	Mavelikara	4,906	4,708	2,805	2,750	452	417	9	6	18	27	1,563	1,503
37	Mannar		1,356		733		104			1	3		515
38	Chengannur	3,737	4,115	2,062	2,145	442	491	3	4	12	13	1,218	1,383
39	Aranmula	2,794	3,039	1,644	1,709	376	488	5	6	4	9	705	830
40	Thiruvalla	5,622	4,851	3,310	2,425	540	584	11	7	18	20	1,607	1,315
41	Ambalapuzha		1,154		638		251			1	1		263
42	Alleppey	6,032	4,987	3,071	2,414	1,370	1,052	15	19	12	23	1,564	1,440
Total.....		70,930	74,095	39,856	40,434	10,307	10,940	102	120	481	557	20,184	22,013
43	Shertalai	6,963	5,294	4,048	3,163	585	457	6	3	87	84	2,210	1,637
44	Arookutty		1,760		887		117				6		729
45	Vaikam	5,734	5,137	2,797	2,450	783	723	6	13	15	16	2,133	1,916
46	Rittimanur	4,739	4,313	2,540	2,003	697	606	11	6	7	7	1,434	1,231
47	Kottayam	4,600	3,680	2,336	1,845	742	583	7	22	16	5	1,500	1,375
48	Do. (Additional)		1,061		656		309			8	3		291
49	Changanassery	3,793	3,846	2,322	2,179	735	698	12	8	28	34	906	934
50	Kanjirappalli	2,319	2,398	1,322	1,398	309	335	10	2	12	19	608	644
51	Meenachil	4,712	4,570	2,542	2,438	846	794	16	17	6	1	1,276	1,317
52	Thodupuzha	1,837	1,837	939	707	532	470	4	4	8	20	363	203
53	Muvattupuzha	3,345	3,345	1,462	1,397	925	1,050	6	10	8	9	934	909
54	Koottattukulam	2,612	2,330	1,251	1,131	494	545	8	6	16	14	748	640
55	Aikamanadu		1,710		632		363			4	4		677
56	Kumarakudi	5,953	5,372	3,542	2,111	1,457	1,361	7	5	10	12	1,937	1,893
57	Alengad	3,755	3,906	1,693	1,702	761	829	5	4	6	6	1,287	1,365
58	Parur	4,498	4,509	1,761	1,706	743	632	9	8	13	13	1,940	2,063
59	Devikulam	123	181	27	13	91	168				1		11
Total.....		54,831	51,914	27,060	26,880	9,703	9,187	113	102	232	207	17,174	17,770
Grand Total.....		2,01,428	2,12,078	1,11,409	1,10,514	27,392	29,006	271	304	1,848	1,907	58,188	65,013

during the year 1083 M. E.

Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registration is refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
1082	1083	1082	1083	1082	1083	1082	1083	
2,077	2,354	5,59,649	6,67,059	1	2		2	
3,811	4,553	7,51,697	9,54,705	4	4	2		
2,785	3,148	8,97,237	11,64,936	2			2	
	1,739		3,15,027				2	
5,154	4,730	10,14,157	8,43,536	8	3			
4,254	4,684	6,24,807	7,64,427	2	3	1		
3,570	4,354	6,77,874	7,41,550	2	2			
3,081	3,319	4,37,040	4,60,684	2				
3,236	4,110	3,35,053	4,40,901	1				
2,980	3,471	2,57,149	3,46,738					
4,312	5,215	5,08,599	7,12,071	2	5		1	
4,877	5,080	5,05,974	5,35,803				1	
5,164	5,237	8,21,921	8,90,157	4	4		2	
4,154	5,010	4,20,593	6,16,225		8		3	
4,648	4,714	7,83,935	8,85,361	2	2	3	1	
5,538	5,937	29,94,810	33,55,193	3	6	1		
2,892	3,157	5,45,210	6,40,863	1	3	3	4	
3,976	3,624	6,40,138	6,51,366	3	1	1		
5,239	5,554	14,36,949	14,73,152	3	2	1		
3,894	3,642	9,72,006	8,38,072	4	2			
75,702	83,674	1,51,83,818	1,73,11,284	49	47	13	17	
4,259	4,250	8,35,988	9,36,242			2	3	
5,365	4,655	17,46,738	16,08,736		1	3	1	
4,662	3,666	8,34,566	6,41,993	1	1		2	
	2,010		3,31,714					
	1,175		2,39,818					
2,120	2,262	4,72,909	5,01,882			1		
1,972	2,229	6,00,928	7,69,219	2		2		
3,924	3,505	6,22,806	5,61,963	3		4		
3,622	3,207	5,33,123	4,81,667	2				
2,560	2,793	5,24,230	5,50,392					
4,284	4,292	7,55,932	7,55,437	2		7	2	
2,888	3,815	3,73,040	6,80,866	1		2	1	
1,666	4,553	8,40,592	9,32,968		1			
2,627	3,382	6,65,489	10,87,851			3		
4,574	4,128	14,20,722	14,74,216	8		2	1	
4,906	4,708	10,12,912	10,43,741	2				
	1,356		3,30,980					
3,736	4,112	7,23,628	7,66,242	1	1			
2,794	3,038	6,37,683	7,81,369		1			
5,620	4,848	17,03,068	13,82,409	2	2		1	
	1,152		5,23,218				2	
6,030	4,949	25,96,184	24,51,449	4	10	6	4	
70,909	74,085	1,69,02,568	1,88,23,343	25	20	32	18	
6,931	5,245	19,48,735	16,35,353	1	5	1	5	
	1,769		6,47,450					
5,733	5,134	19,18,852	19,97,840	1	2			
4,736	4,314	10,98,416	10,32,042	1		1		
4,598	3,680	16,64,309	17,82,900	1	2	2		
	1,061		2,40,932					
3,793	3,841	10,84,332	12,14,216		1		1	
2,318	2,399	6,84,697	5,69,050			1		
4,710	4,567	13,99,533	12,50,807	2	4	1		
1,837	1,526	3,28,902	2,42,275				1	
3,346	3,835	5,93,186	6,94,801	1	2	1		
2,513	2,636	4,90,275	5,10,559	2	2		1	
	1,710		2,62,432					
5,953	5,365	8,59,840	8,68,003		8	1		
3,752	3,905	6,63,335	9,11,511	1	2	2	1	
4,460	4,507	17,39,013	19,03,477	8	4	3		
131	180	86,623	1,22,824	2			1	
54,811	51,914	1,45,62,077	1,58,55,027	20	32	12	10	
2,01,423	2,12,673	4,66,48,463	5,19,89,654	94	99	57	45*	* Of these, 39 are pending before Division Faislkars as stamp references.

Rainfall Chart



Trivandrum Observatory

Lithographed in Survey Office Trivandrum 1908
1084

APPENDIX XV.

Receipts and Expenditure of the Town Improvement Committees during the year 1088 M. E.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7				
Name.	Receipts during the year.			Total in the current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st Audi 1083.	Remarks.		
	(a) Allotment from Government.	(b) License fees &c.	1082		1083					
			Rs.		ch. ca.	Rs.			ch. ca.	
			Rs.		ch. ca.	Rs.			ch. ca.	
			Rs.		ch. ca.	Rs.			ch. ca.	
Trivandrum ...	10,109 10	1 39,867 14	" 31,500 "	5,060 26	13 5,798 6	1 37,398 6	1 41,747 2	10 41,661 26	3 5,845 17	15
Nagercoil ...	1,490 23	6 7,415 19	15 7,300 "	898 27	" 2,018 5	8 9,318 5	8 7,545 19	15 8,716 5	11 2,101 23	3
Quilon ...	1,206 24	4 6,350 16	7 6,100 "	420 24	8 472 16	8 6,572 16	8 6,360 16	7 6,064 23	5 1,714 17	7
Alleppey ...	600 1	8 7,075 27	19 5,000 "	2,921 6	6 2,546 13	7 7,543 13	7 10,532 17	7 7,252 4	8 894 10	7
Kattayam ...	1,380 10	12 4,595 17	2 4,300 "	798 9	11 383 16	" 4,652 16	" 4,691 5	6 4,762 7	2 1,276 19	10

APPENDIX XVI.

Statement of Rainfall for 1083 M. E.

No.	Stations	Augury.	Portulac.	Alpini.	Kartagay.	Margali.	Thye.	Mausy.	Pangany.	Chitrey.	Vyany.	Augy.	Andy.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past 5 years.	Normal.
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1	Parr	14.88	14.25	6.88	1.08	0.23	0.60	0.38	2.23	8.92	6.79	20.50	31.49	116.35	122.20	121.00	115.49
2	Alangul	12.42	11.22	6.84	0.79	0.35	0.10	0.33	0.72	4.68	5.96	30.44	20.49	108.12	127.70	127.70	63.19
3	Kannad	16.42	17.45	12.94	0.47	0.35	0.26	0.04	4.84	4.71	6.78	27.22	34.98	139.57	147.68	139.70	67.31
4	Kavattupuzha	15.04	14.05	16.69	2.47	1.00	0.32	0.42	8.98	7.03	5.75	23.55	33.55	133.50	146.11	135.14	11.34
5	Todupuzha	17.87	16.61	18.64	5.46	0.97	0.75	0.11	8.82	9.24	6.39	23.42	13.57	113.30	136.43	149.38	135.96
6	Vaikun	11.91	20.03	11.30	1.13	0.10	0.4	1.10	3.30	7.48	8.39	23.42	13.57	113.30	136.43	149.38	84.91
7	Shertallay	4.64	21.37	8.58	1.13	4.57	0.85	0.35	0.30	8.44	8.18	21.58	27.13	112.32	136.83	149.38	78.02
8	Erumamur	15.99	18.00	9.00	0.79	0.37	1.04	0.11	1.32	16.14	5.94	21.04	30.65	108.80	134.15	134.15	108.41
9	Mimichil	3.33	17.88	15.52	7.89	2.34	1.97	2.12	5.14	8.20	5.27	23.52	23.84	127.71	121.05	134.15	125.20
10	Kottayam	12.83	27.75	15.56	1.51	1.93	0.95	0.90	1.60	8.20	5.27	23.52	23.84	127.71	121.05	134.15	125.20
11	Kottayam Engineer's Office	11.03	26.96	9.58	2.05	1.63	...	0.89	2.07	7.10	7.15	19.71	27.46	115.65	121.05	134.15	125.20
12	Peeranade	30.55	41.45	27.05	6.10	0.85	1.60	0.75	3.45	9.10	16.28	40.25	51.49	227.95	254.84	211.2	104.0
13	Changanachery	0.92	11.68	15.74	2.77	2.69	0.07	0.64	3.19	9.38	7.71	2.51	23.14	100.59	127.71	134.15	200.98
14	Alleppey	10.96	16.68	6.22	1.78	6.65	0.72	1.34	8.35	14.54	9.92	2.21	21.15	119.78	116.87	117.80	117.80
15	Annapuzha	9.30	14.49	13.44	1.36	2.15	2.54	1.38	8.01	14.54	9.92	2.21	21.15	119.78	116.87	117.80	117.80
16	Tiruvalla	9.14	19.32	8.90	2.79	3.02	0.44	0.99	4.44	0.0	5.47	15.75	21.30	114.65	116.87	117.80	117.80
17	Chengannur	8.90	19.32	8.90	2.79	3.02	0.44	0.99	4.44	0.0	5.47	15.75	21.30	114.65	116.87	117.80	117.80
18	Kartikapalli	7.63	26.15	12.48	2.10	1.80	1.88	1.32	4.79	5.15	7.53	16.75	21.30	114.65	116.87	117.80	117.80
19	Matikara	7.63	26.15	12.48	2.10	1.80	1.88	1.32	4.79	5.15	7.53	16.75	21.30	114.65	116.87	117.80	117.80
20	Kannanur	1.54	2.40	1.54	0.50	0.47	0.03	0.14	0.13	0.01	0.01	11.35	21.09	103.21	125.22	117.80	117.80
21	Shenkottah	9.32	20.50	13.66	3.89	5.23	0.17	1.64	2.29	4.33	0.61	17.54	17.67	109.39	125.22	117.80	117.80
22	Kannanur	8.06	21.48	13.20	5.79	5.09	0.20	1.03	2.65	8.57	3.12	15.40	17.31	109.39	125.22	117.80	117.80
23	Pathanapuram	7.21	16.53	13.68	2.91	2.09	0.51	0.75	6.11	3.46	3.00	9.65	17.77	81.43	78.49	84.11	84.11
24	Kottarakara	4.78	14.47	17.64	3.38	1.04	0.24	0.84	5.47	3.52	3.58	7.76	8.44	81.43	78.49	84.11	84.11
25	Chirayinkil	4.25	15.69	15.97	5.27	1.04	0.24	0.84	5.47	3.52	3.58	7.76	8.44	81.43	78.49	84.11	84.11
26	Netunangad	2.43	12.25	18.23	2.91	2.12	0.13	1.17	3.96	4.52	3.68	5.63	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
27	Trivandrum	1.31	11.1	12.92	4.09	0.42	0.15	1.50	3.96	4.52	3.68	5.63	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
28	Neyyattinkara	1.31	11.1	12.92	4.09	0.42	0.15	1.50	3.96	4.52	3.68	5.63	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
29	Vilavankod	0.85	10.73	14.69	4.11	2.10	0.10	0.92	0.87	3.88	2.61	5.61	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
30	Padmanabhapuram	0.10	4.15	12.59	3.03	1.02	...	0.42	0.87	3.88	2.61	5.61	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
31	Eraniel	0.18	3.07	13.70	2.72	0.90	...	0.42	0.87	3.88	2.61	5.61	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
32	Kajalunangulam	0.13	5.02	14.92	1.22	0.58	...	0.42	0.87	3.88	2.61	5.61	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
33	Nagercoil	0.10	4.51	12.65	1.30	0.70	...	0.42	0.87	3.88	2.61	5.61	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
34	Attavaram	0.15	1.77	12.81	1.33	2.18	...	0.42	0.87	3.88	2.61	5.61	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
35	Thiruvannamalai	1.06	7.03	14.72	0.82	0.60	...	0.42	0.87	3.88	2.61	5.61	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
36	Varicoor	1.06	7.03	14.72	0.82	0.60	...	0.42	0.87	3.88	2.61	5.61	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
37	Buntapandi	1.06	7.03	14.72	0.82	0.60	...	0.42	0.87	3.88	2.61	5.61	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
38	Aranboly	1.06	7.03	14.72	0.82	0.60	...	0.42	0.87	3.88	2.61	5.61	5.11	58.18	77.72	77.72	64.41
39	Total	570.92	643.22	528.85	108.15	56.10	17.54	38.21	183.88	948.28	190.28	569.34	632.98	3866.69	3683.69	3633.14	3090.72

Prices of staple food grains.

[illegible]

APPENDIX XVIII.

Abstract of Statement to accompany the Administration Report for 1083 M. E. (1907--1908).

No.	Service Heads.	Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual repairs.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	PART I.				
	ORDINARY PUBLIC WORKS.				
1	Land revenue	762	31,029	318	32,109
2	Salt				
3	General administration		612	2,024	2,636
4	Stationery and printing	4,050	137		4,187
5	Excise		6,129		6,129
6	Customs	1,694			1,694
7	Marine		109	89	198
8	Cardamom		870		870
9	Forests	754			754
10	Stamps	6			6
11	Registration	247		155	402
12	Law and Justice—(Courts of Law)	2,114	309		2,423
13	Do. Jails	1,048	7,713	2,633	11,394
14	Palaces	2,811	5,186	3,116	11,113
15	Elephant and Horse department				
16	Mint				
17	Police	1,814	920		2,734
18	Education	29,982	11,886		41,868
19	Science, Arts and minor departments	293	1,528	1,883	3,118
20	Medical and Sanitary	9,379	4,069	4,470	17,909
21	Military	310	1,840	4,850	7,000
22	P. W. proper (a) buildings	4,486	3,735	17,495	25,716
	(b) Travellers' bungalows	9,890	2,049	5,831	17,800
	(c) Chutrams		1,229	218	1,447
	(d) 1. Metalled roads	11,609	27,713	94,250	1,33,581
	2. Unmetalled roads	44,153	17,297	1,56,324	2,18,079
	3. Planters' roads			29,613	29,613
	4. Village roads	2,398		12,101	14,499
	5. Maramat roads			21,021	21,021
	(e) Bridges and culverts	25,001	56,477		81,478
	(f) Canals	16,500	41,517	25,928	85,043
	(g) Lighting canals and roads	2,032	489	20,235	22,756
	(h) Ferries	2,409	316	16,992	19,717
	(i) Traces			4,401	4,401
	(j) Planters' traces			1,015	1,015
	(k) Minor irrigation	14,352	20,677	26,759	61,788
	(l) Miscellaneous buildings and other items	45,870	11,755	5,706	63,331
23	Residencies		753	3,376	4,129
24	Miscellaneous public improvements	6,012	25,982	2,250	34,224
25	Anchal	6,150	113	32	6,295
	Total—ordinary public works.....	2,45,723	2,82,330	4,64,424	9,92,477
	PART II.				
	Reproductive works	4,00,112	26,014	9,803	4,25,929
	Grand total.....	6,45,835	3,08,344	4,74,227	14,28,406

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907—1908).

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			To
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R
PART I.—ORDINARY PUBLIC WORKS.					
I. LAND REVENUE.					
1	Constructing compound wall to the taluk cutcherry at Vaikam	667			
2	Constructing compound wall &c. to the Meenachil Taluk Cutcherry	2			
3	Sinking a well in the premises of the new taluk cutcherry at Vilavankode	63			
4	Minor work (1), estimated to cost below Rs. 500	30			
5	Constructing urinal for the taluk cutcherry at Kottayam		52		
6	Improvements to the Public Offices at Quilon		31,068		
7	Sinking a well in the compound of Eraniel taluk cutcherry.		150		
8	Renewing the roof of the Division Cutcherry at Padmanabhapuram.		—241		
9	Annual repairs to the Public Offices at Quilon			318	
	Total.....	762	31,029	318	32
II. SALT.					
Nil.					
III. GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.					
1	Certain alterations to the building to be occupied by Head Sirkar Vakil in Public Offices		259		
2	Minor works (3), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500		358		
3	Annual repairs to Public Offices and attached buildings, Trivandrum			2,024	
	Total.....		617	2,024	2
IV. STATIONERY AND PRINTING.					
1	Providing an Oil Engine to the Government Press	3,978			
2	Supplying brass galleys &c. and furniture for the Printing Press	77			
3	Minor work (1), estimated to cost below Rs. 500		187		
	Total.....	4,055	187		4
V. EXCISE.					
1	Renewing the roof of the tobacco bankshall at Quilon		3,031		
2	Repairs to tobacco bankshall at Kottar		3,088		
	Total.....		6,119		6
VI. CUSTOMS.					
1	Constructing a 2nd class chowkey at Puthanchankam, Kunnathnad taluk	240			
2	Constructing Preventive station at Mamalay	1,354			
	Total.....	1,694			1
VII. MARINE.					
1	Preliminary operations for constructing a new pier at Alleppey		107		
2	Minor work (1), estimated to cost below Rs. 500		3		
3	Annual repairs to Alleppey pier			99	
	Total.....		109	99	
VIII. CARDAMOM.					
	Constructing additions and alterations to the clocks' lines, Cardamom department, Peermade		870		
	Total.....		870		
	Carried over.....				47.

XXXIII

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907—1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			Total.
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
IX. FORESTS.					
	Brought forward.....	..	..	..	47,823
1	Constructing groynes at Veyapuram Depot	754			
	Total.....	754			754
X. STAMPS.					
1	Minor work (1), estimated to cost below Rs. 500	6			
	Total.....	6			6
XI. REGISTRATION.					
1	Constructing Sub-Registrar's office at Minchiray.	247			
2	Minor work (1), estimated to cost below Rs. 500			155	
	Total.....	247		155	402
XII. LAW AND JUSTICE—COURTS OF LAW.					
1	Constructing a waiting shed for the Magistrate's court, Peermade	5			
2	Constructing a property room for the Principal District Munsiff's Court, Trivandrum	75			
3	Providing furniture &c. to the Special First Class Magistrate's Court appointed for trial of riot cases	533			
4	Constructing property room to the new Zillah and Munsiff's Court, Nagercoil	1,557			
5	Providing ceiling to the new Zillah and Munsiff's Court, Nagercoil	—56			
6	Repairing the cracks in the new Zillah Court at Alleppey		309		
	Total.....	2,114	309		2,423
XIII. LAW AND JUSTICE—JAILS.					
1	Constructing masonry enclosure wall around the Alleppey Jail	6			
2	Tiling the roof of the contagious disease ward in Central Jail, Trivandrum	577			
3	Constructing Brahmin kitchen, Central Jail	465			
4	Improvements to District Jail, Quilon		6,875		
5	Providing enclosure wall to the compound used as a latrine in the District Jail, Quilon		212		
6	Providing hand-power lift pump to the 3 wells in Central Jail, Poojapura		37		
7	Certain works to the Central Jail at Poojapura		352		
8	Minor work (1), estimated below Rs. 500		237		
9	Annual repairs to Central Jail and attached buildings			1,759	
10	Minor works (8), estimated below Rs. 500 each			874	
	Total.....	1,048	7,713	2,633	11,394
XIV. PALACES.					
1	Constructing a landing ghut and flight of steps adjoining the Thevelli Palace, Quilon	2,811			
2	Converting the stores and stables of the Vannarpet Bungalow into a Nalukettu		3,312		
3	Special repairs to the Sirkar Bungalow, Vannarpet, Tinnevely		115		
4	Certain works to old Sanitarium Bungalow at Ponmoody		198		
5	Special works to Nalukettu and attached Buildings at Ponmoody		534		
6	Reconstructing the Sea-side portion of the Compound wall of H. H. the Maharajah's Palace at Cape Comorin		459		
7	Minor works (4), estimated to cost below Rs. 500 each		568		
8	Annual repairs to Kanagakunnu Palace			920	
9	Pumping water &c. &c.			414	
10	Minor works (8), estimated to cost below Rs. 500 each			1,782	
	Total.....	2,811	5,186	3,116	11,113
	Carried over.....				73,911

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907-1908)—cont.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			Total.
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	
	Brought forward.....	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	1
	XV. ELEPHANT AND HORSE DEPARTMENT.	...	...	...	
	NIL.				
	XVI. MINT.				
	NIL.				
	XVII. POLICE.				
1	Constructing cook room and well for the police station at Nallapara ..	375			
2	Constructing a 3rd class police station at Mammacherry ...	674			
3	Constructing a 3rd class police station with wire fencing and well at Vechar ..	242			
4	Do. Do. with out-houses at Oodumbancholay ..	468			
5	Constructing a 2nd class police station at Kuthattukulam ...	11			
6	Constructing quarters for Head Constable at Pallatharathy ..	77			
7	Constructing police station at Kumili ...	—8			
8	Do. Do. at Manimalay ...	—27			
9	Raising the walls and providing kitchen to the additional accommodation for the police force at Peermade ...		378		
10	Minor works (2), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...		542		
	Total.....	1,814	920		
	XVIII. EDUCATION.				
1	Constructing a new building for the English Middle School at Alwaye ..	4,283			
2	Do. Boys' Vernacular Middle School at Perumbavur with kayala compound wall ..	3,084			
3	Constructing a tiffin shed for the Christian students of Alleppey High School ...	26			
4	Do. a new Vernacular Middle school for 700 boys at Mavelikara ..	4,348			
5	Constructing a Vernacular Girls' School at Kayangulam ...	2,673			
6	Constructing an English School at Chengannur ...	350			
7	Certain works to the new English School, Ambalapuzha ...	464			
8	Constructing a Normal School at Thycad ...	8,402			
9	Constructing a Physical Laboratory to H. H. the Maharajah's College, Trivandrum ...	—642			
10	Providing furniture to the Physical Laboratory attached to H. H. the Maharajah's College, Trivandrum ...	76			
11	Certain works for the supply of gas to the Physical Laboratory attached to H. H. the Maharajah's College ...	1,461			
12	Constructing additional buildings for Library &c. H. H. the Maharajah's College and High School for girls ...	3,042			
13	Constructing a new porch and stair case for H. H. the Maharajah's College ...	136			
14	Constructing drains and providing tennis court to H. H. the Maharajah's College ...	905			
15	Extending compound wall and railings to H. H. the Maharajah's College ...	1,237			
16	Providing furniture to the south wing, H. H. the Maharajah's College ...	—15			
17	Constructing tiffin shed to English School at Neyyattinkara ...	407			
18	Constructing tiffin shed for Boys' Vernacular School at Kalkulam ...	205			
19	Minor works (2), estimated each below Rs. 500 ...	382			
20	Constructing additional accommodation to Boys' Vernacular School, Kottayam ...		4,324		
21	Providing extension to the urinal for the Boys' Vernacular School, Thiruvella ...			4	
22	Special repairs to Boys' Vernacular School, Shencottah ...			86	
	Carried over.....	30,727	4,364		

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907-1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			Total.
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	
	Brought forward.....	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	23 Providing an additional shed for the English High School at Mavelikara.	30,727	4,364		76,649
24	Constructing a shed to accommodate 150 boys for Boys' Vernacular School, Kottarakara ...		22		
25	Converting the old Travellers' Bungalow into a Students' Hostel ...	—745	915		
26	Re-tiling the roof of the English Middle School at Neyyattinkara ...		5,763		
27	Minor work (1), estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...		323		
	Total	29,982	11,886		41,868
	XIX. SCIENCE, ARTS AND MINOR DEPARTMENTS.				
1	Constructing a reptile house at Public Gardens, Trivandrum ...	—172			
2	Providing collapsible iron gates for the new reptile house ...	4			
3	Purchasing a new 10 H. P. Engine, fitting up the same and constructing an Engine shed at School of Arts, Trivandrum ...	—125			
4	Re-tiling the roof of main Sirkar Bungalow at Munambam and providing a kitchen to it ...		635		
5	Renewing the decayed wooden flooring of the Jubilee Town Hall Trivandrum ...		—74		
6	Special repairs to the Observatory buildings ...		60		
7	Providing compound wall behind Store-room, Jubilee Town Hall, Trivandrum ...		808		
8	Special repairs to the roof of the Museum Buildings, Trivandrum ...		—77		
9	Minor works (3), estimated to cost below Rs. 500 each ...		176		
10	Annual repairs to the Observatory buildings, Trivandrum ...			848	
11	Minor works (6), estimated to cost below Rs. 500 each ...			1,037	
	Total.....	—203	1,528	1,885	3,118
	XX. MEDICAL AND SANITARY.				
1	Constructing a dispensary at Vaikam ...	—123			
2	Do. Hospital with outhouses at Devikulam ...	2,836			
3	Improvements to Pulaya and contagious disease wards, Alwaye Hospital ...	774			
4	Constructing dispensary at Changanacherry ...	—27			
5	Do. additions and alterations to the hospital at Alleppey ...	293			
6	Do. compound wall to Dispensary at Changanacherry ...	2,325			
7	Do. public latrine at Tirunakara ...	4			
8	Additions and alterations to the District Hospital, Quilon ...	1,465			
9	Constructing 3 hexagonal sheds over 3 wells and improving drains ect., in new Lunatic Asylum ...	522			
10	Constructing temporary sheds for Pulaya ward in General Hospital ...	21			
11	Constructing two new wards to the Taikal Hospital ...	997			
12	Cholera shed at Irainimuttam (Land Compensation) ...	281			
13	Improvements to the District Hospital, Thuckalay ...	—62			
14	Minor work (1), estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...	53			
15	Certain works to the Shertallay Hospital ...		316		
16	Certain improvements to the Hospital at Kottayam ...		1,275		
17	Do. to the Medical Officer's quarters, Peermade ...		1,416		
18	Special repairs to the Hospital at Kanjirapalli ...		161		
19	Providing pump and plank covering for wells at the Lunatic Asylum, ...		20		
20	Special repairs to the Durbar Physician's Bungalow ...		45		
21	Renewing the roof of the District Hospital, Parassalay ...		307		
22	Minor works (5), estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...		480		
23	Annual repairs to the General Hospital etc., Trivandrum ...			842	
24	Do. to Women and Children's Hospital ...			773	
25	Do. to Leper Asylum, Oolumpara ...			508	
26	Do. to Lunatic Asylum, Do ...			979	
27	Do. to the Durbar Physician's Bungalow ...			822	
28	Minor works (4), estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...			546	
	Total.....	9,379	4,060	4,470	17,909
	Carried over.....				1,39,544

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907-1908)-contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	Total.
	Brought forward.....	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
					1,39,514
	XXI. MILITARY.				
1	Minor works (2), estimated to cost below Rs. 500 each	310			
2	Painting and decorating the drawing and dining rooms of the Commanding Officer's bungalow..		33		
3	Converting the existing school building in the Brigade Barracks into a browning shed		882		
4	Minor works (9), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500		1,475		
5	Annual repairs to Pangode lines, Trivandrum			1,182	
6	Do. to Brigade barracks, Trivandrum			738	
7	Do. to Commanding Officer's bungalow, Trivandrum			842	
8	Do. to temporary sheds, old Pangode lines			426	
9	Minor works (12), estimated to cost below Rs. 500 each			1,662	
	Total.....	310	1,810	4,850	7,000
	XXII. P. W. PROPER.				
	(a) P. W. D. buildings.				
1	Constructing inspection shed at Mandakayam	998			
2	Do. store shed at Market landing, Kottayam	8			
3	Brick field at Irinimuttom (Land Compensation)	126			
4	Purchase of ground belonging to late Mr. I. H. Prince	2,850			
5	Minor works (5), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500	500			
6	Converting Elamballore chuttram into a P. W. D. camp shed		47		
7	Sinking a well and providing wire-fencing to the inspection shed at Haripud...		222		
8	Constructing a gate house and reconstructing the fallen portion of the compound wall of P. W. D. Workshop, Trivandrum		748		
9	Improvements and special repairs to one of the Upper subordinates' quarters, Pechipara		89		
10	Minor works (26), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500		2,629		
11	Annual repairs to Chief Engineer's Office			731	
12	Do. to Chief Engineer's bungalow			1,106	
13	Do. to P. W. D. buildings at Pechipara			1,892	
14	Do. do. at Coolasagaram			997	
15	Minor works (132), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			12,769	
	Total.....	4,486	3,735	17,495	25,716
	(b) Travellers' Bungalows.				
1	Constructing a new Travellers' Bungalow, Quilon	9,890			
2	Converting Mundakayam Travellers' Bungalow into a 1st Class Travellers' Bungalow		800		
3	Constructing kitchen and well for caste Hindus in the Travellers' Bungalow, Nedumangudi		751		
4	Providing kitchen for vegetarians to certain Travellers' Bungalows in the Southern Division		83		
5	Minor works (6), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500		415		
6	Annual repairs to Travellers' Bungalow at Thycand			534	
7	Minor works (33), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			5,327	
	Total.....	9,890	2,049	5,861	17,800
	(c) Chuttrams.				
1	Improvements to Chuttram at Kottayam		1,229		
2	Minor works (2), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			218	
	Total.....		1,229	218	1,447
	Carried over.....				1,91,507

APPENDIX XVIII

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907-1908 contd.)

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	Total.
	Brought forward.....	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
					1,91,507
	d (i.) Metalled roads.				
1	Improving the road from Kottayam to Kumili	10,864			
2	Restoration of Quilon-Shencottah road	—13			
3	Constructing a road from 5th mile Parakay road to the new Ullum at Thamarakulam		328		
4	Repairing the worst portions of the Village road from Derisanam-cope to Shorlukode		206		
5	Opening a road from 1st mile Dhurmapuram road to Roman Catholic Cemetery at Kottar		—12		
6	Improving the Village road from 48th mile M. S. road to Eathan-cattumadam		—12		
7	Minor works (3), each estimated to cost below Rs 500		251		
8	Repairing & metalling the worst portions of K. K. road, miles 23, 24 & 25.			250	
9	Reconstructing the revetment on K. K. road 37th mile 8th furlong			588	
10	Do. do. 41st, 42nd, and 52nd miles			696	
11	Do. do. 56th and 59th miles			676	
12	Do. do. 43rd mile 6th furlong			503	
13	Gravelling the court yard and approach road to the terrace Bungalow at the Beach			12	
14	Improving and extending the village road from Kuthamukku Amman coil to meet Vanjiyur road			11	
15	Reconstructing the fallen revetment wall on canal bank road near Kalpalakudavu			485	
16	Metalling the road from the Residency north gate to Durbar Physician's Bungalow gate			1,454	
17	Remetalling the 1st 1½ miles of S. M. road from East Fort Gate to Karamarai			4,058	
18	Metalling the road from Chakkay to Sir T. Madava Row's Statue			35	
19	Gravelling the Cochar road.			3,793	
20	Gravelling the main road from Vettimuricha Fort Gate to Vel-layumbalam			4,638	
21	Gravelling the road from Mannead to Thiruvallam			913	
22	Improving the road from Maycode to Coolasagaram			440	
23	Constructing parapet wall along the northern side of the road from Keshuvenchitta Bungalow to Nagercoil			753	
24	Gravelling the first one and one-fourth mile of the road from Parachalay to Panachimuta			220	
25	Improving the road from main road to Vizhinjam bankshall and the one from public road to Pover bankshall			487	
26	Repairing the flood damages in Nagercoil Sub-Division caused by the rains of Arpasy 1082			503	
27	Improving the tap road connecting the 8th mile Monday Market Thiruvattar road with Hill side road			1,862	
28	Checking encroachments and demarcating M. S. road from 38th to 54th mile			52	
29	Providing drains in the car and other streets at Suchindram			189	
30	Metalling the car streets at Crpe Comorin			115	
31	Repairing flood damages in the Nagercoil Sub-Division caused by the rains of Alpasy 1083			1,654	
32	Repairs to flood damages in the Neyyattinkara Sub-Division caused by the rains of Arpasy 1083			348	
33	Metalling the bad portions of the Balamore road 2nd mile along Puthari tank			498	
34	Improving the road from Kallar to Ponnudi			1,083	
35	Minor works (14), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			1,929	
36	Maintenance of Kottayam to Kumili road, 6th to 25th mile			4,699	
37	Do. of do. from 26th to 33rd mile			2,952	
38	Do. of do. from 34th to 70th mile			9,719	
39	Do. of Quilon-Shencottah road			15,320	
40	Do. of do Town roads			1,518	
41	Do. of Trivandrum-Quilon road			1,335	
	Carried over.....	11,609	27,713	35,841	1,91,507

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907—1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of works.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	Total.
	Brought forward.....	Rs. 11,609	Rs. 27,713	Rs. 85,843	Rs. 1,91,50
42	Maintenance of S. M. road from eastern Fort Gate to Karamanai			492	
43	Do. of road from Darbar Physician's gate to 5th mile Shencottah road			855	
44	do. Pattoor junction to Chakay landing shed			192	
45	Do. of main southern road from Karamanai bridge to Aramboly Frontier			26,141	
46	Do. Nagercoil town roads			1,408	
47	Do. Cape road from Nagercoil stock tower to Cape Comorin			2,968	
48	Do. Rajakamangalam road from Nagercoil to Rajakamangalam			1,228	
49	Do. Parvathiagaram road from 40th mile M. S. road to join Cape Comorin road			740	
50	Do. Ethencautmadom road			481	
51	Do. Balamore road 1st Section from Nagercoil to Thadica- renconam			3,988	
52	Do. Veeranangulam road from 44th mile M. S. road to Bhuthapandy via Thiruppathisaram			1,047	
53	Do. Thittivilay-Aramboly road from 6th mile Balamore road to Aramboly			1,180	
54	Do. Thuckalay to Thadica- renconam road, 1st section			1,349	
55	Do. 37th mile M. S. road to Colachel via Paraserry			2,152	
56	Do. Monday Market to Thiruvattar road 1st section			601	
57	Do. Maycode to Coolasagram road			597	
58	Do. Trivandrum to Shencottah road to the 15th mile			3,477	
59	Do. Baharampuram to Poovar road			1,747	
60	Do. Kulasagram to Pechipparai road			696	
61	Do. road from Do. to Shorlacode			1,271	
62	Minor works (33), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			5,843	
	Total.....	11,609	27,713	94,259	1,33,58
	d. (2) Roads—Unmetalled.				
1	Converting the existing village road from Vaikom to Uthayam- peroor into a cart road and other feeder roads	4,833			
2	Constructing approach road to Edapalli Railway Station	513			
3	Do. High Range road	10,240			
4	Compensation for land acquired for widening the 6 ft. trace from Ramapuram to Pizhagu	1,884			
5	Constructing a bridle path from Pathinettampuli Mettoo to the low country on the British side	1,590			
6	Opening a trace in the Munnar-Bodimettur road	369			
7	Constructing a cart road from Ponkunnam to Lalam	78			
8	Do. Do. from 76th mile M. C. road to Kallupara	—3			
9	Improving the road from Changanachery to Vazhoor	118			
10	Improving and gravelling the road from 1st mile Kayenkulam- Adoor road to the 3rd mile Mavelikara—Thrikunnapuzha road via Chettikulangara	3,185			
11	Additional works for completing Koni—Rani road	1,612			
12	Constructing a road from Kunnattur to Sasthamcotta up to the junction of Adoor road	11,340			
13	Constructing a road to Vadaserikara for Rani and Shaliyakara Rubber Companies	4,966			
14	Constructing the Ambalapuzha Kallarcod section of Alleppey- Quilon road	129			
15	Constructing a road from Kozhimukku to Thakazhi	17			
16	Demarcating the land acquired for converting the village road from Mavelikara to Pulikeezh into a cart road	289			
17	Constructing a road from Koni to Rani	1,154			
18	Improving the two branch roads from Quilon—Shencottah road to the Railway Station at Punalore	1,287			
19	Extending the road past the Military Hospital to join the new Rail- way road, Quilon	151			
	Carried over.....	43,903			3,25,0

APPENDIX XVIII

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907—1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	Total.
	Brought forward.....	Rs. 43,908	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. 9,25,088
20	Minor works (3), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500	250			
21	Improvements to 5th and 6th miles of Muvattupuzha to Thodupuzha road			710	
22	Repairing flood damages in Ettumamur to Vaikom road			1,214	
23	Constructing a 6 ft. path on three sides of public offices at Parur			305	
24	Improving the village road from Edapalli to Thrikakara			202	
25	Repairs to flood damages in Thalayaraparambo to Uthayamperur road			366	
26	Repairs to flood damages to roads, etc., in the High Range Sub-divi- sion during 1082			112	
27	Special repairs to the road from Ettumamur to Lalam			3,290	
28	Do. to the Cardamom Hills and Glenmary roads			3,400	
29	Improvements to Thirunakkara market road			637	
30	Improving Mavelikara—Thrikunnapuzha road up to Karthigapalli 7th mile			1,740	
31	Improving Mavelikara—Kuttithera road			915	
32	Restoring certain miles of main central road			2,077	
33	Restoring certain bad portions of Anchal—Punalore road			955	
34	Improving the village road from Thangachery Valiyakavil to Oliyakara Church at the beach			478	
35	Minor works (7), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			896	
36	Maintenance of main central road from 112th mile to 132nd mile			2,559	
37	Do. of road from Muvattupuzha to Thodupuzha			896	
38	Do. of Do. from Palakuzha to Thodupuzha			1,196	
39	Do. of Do. to Porayam			700	
40	Do. of Do. from Kuttattukulan to Ramapuram			631	
41	Do. of Do. from Lalam to Thodupuzha			1,155	
42	Do. of Do. from Muvattupuzha to Western frontier			879	
43	Do. of main central road from 133rd to 153th mile			1,418	
44	Do. of road from Perumbavoor to Kothamangalam			717	
45	Do. road from Perumbavoor to Alwaye			1,475	
46	Do. Do. from Alwaye to Edapalli market			1,049	
47	Do. Do. to Parur			1,005	
48	Do. Do. from Vaikom to Uthayamperur			1,594	
49	Do. of M. C. road from 76th to 36th mile			1,309	
50	Do. of Do. from miles 87th to 111th			2,116	
51	Do. of Kottayam town roads			799	
52	Do. of Changanachery-Vazhur road			3,279	
53	Do. of road from Kanjirapally to Kunnunbhagam			576	
54	Do. of road from Kurukatchal to Kunnunbhagam			675	
55	Do. of Do. from 103rd mile M. C. road to Lalam			1,465	
56	Do. of Do. from Lalam to Puzhur			765	
57	Do. of Do. from Kanjirapally to Errattupettai			792	
58	Do. of Do. from Ponkunnam to Lalam			826	
59	Do. of Cardamom Hill road			1,161	
60	Do. of Glenmary road			1,109	
61	Do. of Alleppey Town roads			3,478	
62	Do. of road from Adoor to Punalore			3,144	
63	Do. of Quilon to Madathura road			3,041	
64	Do. of Main Central road			5,519	
65	Do. of Trivandrum to Quilon road			725	
66	Do. of Quilon Town roads			3,022	
67	Do. of Quilon Cantonment road			804	
68	Do. road from Parur to Paripalli			523	
69	Do. Anchal to Punalore			1,072	
70	Do. Do. Trivandrum to Shencottah			3,526	
71	Do. Do. Shencottah to Samburvadakara			1,080	
72	Do. Kulathurpuzha Chowkey road			507	
73	Do. Ayoor—Kulathurpuzha road			2,221	
74	Do. road from Ayoor to Ithikara			2,224	
75	Do. road from Kottarakara to Velinallur			899	
76	Do. road from Kottarakara to Kunnattur			593	
77	Do. road from Erur to Edamannur			712	
78	Do. road from Kayankulam to Adoor			2,466	
	Carried over.....	44,158	17,297	65,683	3,25,068

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907-1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			
		Original works.	Improve-ments & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Brought forward.....	44,158	17,297	65,683	3,25,084
79	Maintenance of road from Mavelikara to Pandalam			856	
80	Do. Pattanapuram to Koni road			1,068	
81	Do. Koni to Rani road			1,380	
82	Do. Mavelikara to Thrikunnapuzha road			1,194	
83	Do. Mavelikara to Kuttitheroo road			889	
84	Do. of road from Kartlukapalli to Harippad			800	
85	Do. Chettikulangara road			797	
86	Do. Ambalapuzha-Kallarcod section of Alleppey Quilon road			874	
87	Do. Kumpazha to Kozhenchery			869	
88	Do. Ezhikulam to Kaipattur			594	
89	Do. Adoor to Sasthamcotta			791	
90	Do. Sasthamcotta to Thamarakulam			700	
91	Do. of Trivandrum Town roads			22,757	
92	Do. of Santhapuram road from Nagercoil to Friday market			556	
93	Do. Parakkay road from Kottar 1st mile Cape road to Manak-kudy through Parakkay			564	
94	Do. Eraniel-Rajakkamangalam road			609	
95	Do. Neyyattinkara to Puvur road			514	
96	Do. Amaravila to Anaparayambalam road			569	
97	Do. Thiruvallam to Vizhinjam road			8.1	
98	Do. Amaravila 14th mile M. S. road to Ottasekaramangalam			486	
99	Do. Vizhinjam to Puvur road			590	
100	Do. Trivandrum 3rd mile M. S. road to Kottar			1,748	
101	Do. Balaramapuram to Kattakaday road			501	
102	Do. Nedumangad to Shorlacode Section from Ariyanad to Anappara			1,263	
103	Do. Trivandrum-Shenkottah road 16th to 22nd mile			1,468	
104	Do. Do. 23rd to 27th mile			757	
105	Do. Nedumangad to Anappara road 1st to 7th mile			607	
106	Do. Anad to Kallar road			2,760	
107	Do. 16th mile Trivandrum-Shenkottah road to 17th mile M. C. road			75	
108	Do. of road from Ariyanad to Pallode via Vithurai and branches			992	
109	Do. Main central road from 10th to 27th mile			2,135	
110	Do. 2nd mile Anappara road to 12th mile Kottar road up to Velland			609	
111	Do. Trivandrum-Quilon road 10th to 29th mile			2,733	
112	Do. Kilimancor to Alengode road			654	
113	Do. Vattampuram to Attingal road			472	
114	Do. Pothencode to Muckanpuzha road			571	
115	Do. Varkkalay Barrier roads			1,252	
116	Do. Martandam to Kulasekharam road			104	
117	Do. Kulachel-Rajakkamangalam road			1,359	
118	Do. Monday market to Puthucaday road			1,278	
119	Do. Kuzhittur to Thengapattam road			758	
120	Do. Monday market to Tiruvettar road II Section			473	
121	Do. Kulachel-Eraviputhurcad road			68	
122	Do. Kuzhittur-Alenchola road			751	
123	Do. Mulagumade to Kolachel road			15	
124	Do. Kovilur to Kulasekharam road			1,225	
125	Do. Road from Thuckalay to Thadivankonam			1,290	
126	Minor works (148), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			24,169	
	Total.....	44,158	17,297	1,56,624	2,18,07
	d. (3) Planters' roads.				
1	Maintenance of planters' road from Kothamangalam to Munnar via Mankulam			2,780	
2	Do. from Kothamangalam to Pallivayal via Neriymangalam			1,278	
3	Do. northern outlet road			12,894	
	Carried over.....			16,942	5,43,16

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907-1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under department heads.			
		Original works.	Improve-ments & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Brought forward.....			16,942	5,43,16
3	Maintenance of Pinnamanar-Seenikal estate road			1,133	
4	Do. Kulathurpuzha-Chendurni estate road			1,178	
5	Do. of planters' road from Masapatti to Karamoni			602	
6	Do. of Kallar to Ponmudi road including the approach road to Sanitarium bungalow			1,701	
7	Do. Pallode to Braemore road			1,282	
8	Do. of Vithurai to Bonakkad road, II section			974	
9	Do. of Balamore road II section			1,928	
10	Minor works (18), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			3,878	
	Total.....			29,613	2
	d. (4) Village roads.				
1	Constructing a village road from Chengannur to Mannar	2,398			
2	Maintenance of village road from Alleppey to Shertallay			504	
3	Do. Quilon town village roads			559	
4	Do. village roads in the town of Trivandrum			149	
5	Do. village roads from Darsanamcope to Shorlacode via Gnanam			546	
6	Minor works (58), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			10,343	
	Total.....	2,398		12,101	1
	d. (5) Maramat village roads.				
1	Maintenance of Maramat main road from Kumili to Munnar to Bodimettu road			1,928	
2	Do. do. from Munnar to Bodimettu			1,118	
3	Do. do. from Amaravathymettu to Uchilikuttimettu			593	
4	Do. do. Maramat roads in the Kottiyam taluk			575	
5	Do. do. in the Changanacherry taluk			282	
6	Do. do. in the Thiruvellath taluk			371	
7	Do. canal bank road, Alleppey			1,483	
8	Do. Maramat roads in Peermade			3	
9	Do. road from Suchindram to 7th mile N. P. Channel			615	
10	Do. Anjugramam road			761	
	Minor works (282), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			13,812	
	Total.....			21,021	2
	Total Roads.....	58,165	45,010	3,13,618	
	(e) Bridges and culverts.				
1	Reconstructing Marial bridge, 5th mile, Palacozha to Todupuzha road	4,806			
2	Constructing an iron P. F. bridge at Perumuzzi, 6th mile, W. F. road	—237			
3	Reconstructing the bridge at the 12th mile, Western frontier road	78			
4	Do. 2 bridges at the 15th mile, Lalam-Thodupuzha road	3,330			
5	Constructing an iron girder bridge, 4th mile, Alwaye-Edapalli road	433			
6	Do. an iron girder bridge at the 9th mile, Perumbavoor to Alwaye road	134			
7	Reconstructing the culvert 133rd mile, M. C. road, with reinforced concrete beam and slab	589			
8	Providing railings to the approaches, 7th mile bridge, Palacozhai to Piravam road	1			
9	Providing hand railings to Kandanaid bridge	1,139			
10	Constructing Sinclair Periyar bridge	13,804			
11	Do. bridge over the Palace canal at Alleppey	59			
12	Do. masonry works in Kanjirapalli to Kunnumbhagom road	44			
	Carried over.....	23,580			6,4

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1903 M. E. (1907—1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	Total.
	Brought forward ..	Rs. 28,580	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. 6,08,300
13	Constructing a culvert and 2 Irish bridges on the Cardamom Hill road ...	124			
14	Do. a foot bridge over the Chungum crossing ...	56			
15	Special repairs to the platform bridges on 6th and 7th miles, Jalam-Punjar road ...	11			
16	Repairs to the platform of bridges, Ayoor to Kolathupuzha road ...	770			
17	Reconstructing culvert 5x8 in the 8th mile, Mavelikarai - Pandalam road ...	555			
18	Do. Thazhakaray bridge, 1st mile, Mavelikara-Thrikunnapuzha road ...	9			
19	Constructing culverts, Konni-Ranni road ...	817			
20	Do. a culvert 5x4 in the 1st mile, Mavelikara-Pandalam road ...	268			
21	Do. an arch bridge 57th mile, Main Central road ...	8			
22	Additional works in completing Cherukolepuzhai bridge ...	37			
23	Re-constructing the bridge over Therakal at Thirupathisaram ...	47			
24	Do. the 1st mile wooden bridge in Thittivilai Aramboly road ...	46			
25	Do. the Krattapalam bridge, 29th mile, Kallar-Ponmudi road ...	193			
26	Do. the bridge over Killiyar river in the 5th mile, Kuzhunad road ...	147			
27	Do. bridges and culverts, Bremore road ...	86			
28	Painting Kuzhithura bridge ...	6			
29	Reconstructing the damaged culvert, Shiaram to Pothencode road ...	9			
30	Constructing a bridge across A. V. M. canal at Martandamthorai ...	30			
31	Minor works (2), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...	111			
32	Reconstructing the bridge, 151st mile, M. C. road ...		2,224		
33	Providing a road dam and bridge in the 1st mile, Kodanad road ...		1,268		
34	Constructing a road dam, 3rd mile, Palacozhai to Puravam road ...		123		
35	Reconstructing the bridge, 6th mile, Muvattupuzha to Kothamangalam road ...		719		
36	Renewing the platform of the Kottamom bridge in the 2nd mile, Chengal Pallipal Thodu road ...		1,530		
37	Repairs to 5th mile bridge, Alwaye to Parur road ...		1,333		
38	Providing iron P. F. to Kodimathai bridge ...		24,329		
39	Renewing the P. F. of bridge on 8th mile, Kanjirappalli to Erattupettah road ...		1,172		
40	Propping the bridge at Kanjirappalli, 25th mile, K. K. road ...		1,309		
41	Strengthening 3 P. F. bridges on Thiruvellah-Kozhanchery road ...		22		
42	Renewing the planking of Nagampadam bridge ...		32		
43	Do. Do. Kodamathai bridge ...		304		
44	Opening an approach road on both sides near the suspension bridge, Punalore ...		562		
45	Reconstructing the Kariakar's bridge over Karipuzhai canal near Kayankulam ...		2,360		
46	Reconstructing Maniankulam bridge, Paravur ...		609		
47	Providing a monier slab platform on the 5th mile bridge, Pattampuram-Koni Road ...		502		
48	Renewing the platform of bridges on Madathoray, Pinnammannar and Invercaulde road ...		1,026		
49	Reconstructing a damaged culvert 34th mile, Adoor-Punalore road ...		791		
50	Repairing the wire bridge near 43rd mile Quilon-Shencottah road and the bridlepath to Balmoral estate ...		684		
51	Painting the Parappur bridge on the Trivandrum-Shencottah road ...		458		
52	Renewing the platform of the 4th mile bridge, Kulathurpuzha-Chowkey road ...		416		
53	Do. Do. of bridge No. 2 in the Paravur-Paripalli road ...		508		
54	Do. Do. of the 18th mile bridge, Kayankulam-Adoor road ...		117		
55	Do. Do. of 35th mile bridge, M. C. road ...		1		
56	Do. Do. of 10th mile bridge, Mavelikara-Thrikunnapuzha road ...		6		
57	Do. the wooden platform of the 34th mile bridge, Adoor-Punalore road ...		732		
	Carried over	25,001	42,493		6,08,300

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1903 M. E. (1907—1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	Total.
	Brought forward	Rs. 25,001	Rs. 42,498	Rs.	Rs. 6,08,300
58	Renewing the platform of certain bridges in Quilon Division ...		315		
59	Do. the wooden platform of Mannankulam bridge, Paravur ...		35		
60	Do. do. of Kalloor bridge at Kannukuzhi, Trivandrum ...		97		
61	Reconstructing Pattam bridge on the 3rd mile, Quilon road ...		2,425		
62	Do. do. the wooden platform of the bridge near Maruthankuzhi dam with monier arches ...		815		
63	Repairing the Killiyar bridge on S. M. road ...		1,567		
64	Renewing the wooden platform of the bridge to the east of the Killiyar bridge on southern main road ...		740		
65	Renewing the culvert on Bakthivilasam road ...		604		
66	Repairing certain bridges across Channankarni canal ...		477		
67	Reconstructing the bridge in the 7th mile, main southern road ...		626		
68	Renewing the platform of 2 foot bridges, 22nd mile, W. B. canal ...		61		
69	Reconstructing bridge, 11th mile, M. S. road ...		17		
70	Repairs to 2 wooden bridges 7th and 11th miles, Bonacard road ...		381		
71	Reconstructing the damaged triple vent culvert, 27th mile, Trivandrum-Quilon road ...		591		
72	Minor works (35), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...		5,837		
	Total	25,001	56,477		81,478
	(f) Canals.				
1	Extension of canal from Kulpalakadavu to Thiruvallam ...	16,594			
2	Minor works (2), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...	4			
3	Renewing the lock gates of Pennar Thodu canal ...		2,023		
4	Do. Do. in Vaikam canal ...		301		
5	Improvements to Wadai Canal, Alleppey ...		34,580		
6	Demarcating the deep water course in the Kayankulam backwater ...		3,541		
7	Deepening the portion of the canal route in the Kayankulam backwater ...		680		
8	Providing mile and furlong stones, Trivandrum-Shoranur canal, section Nallatil to Alleppey ...		158		
9	Providing demarcation posts and semaphores in the canal between Thottappally lock and Alleppey ...		199		
10	Supplying gauges for canals and backwaters ...		24		
11	Minor work (1) estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...		11		
12	Maintenance of canal from Kottayam to Vaikam ...			919	
13	Maintenance of canal between Alleppey and Chenganacherry ...			249	
14	Maintenance of commercial canal, Alleppey ...			761	
15	Maintenance of Trivandrum-Shoranur canal, section Nallatil to Alleppey ...			9,992	
16	Do. Karipuzha canal ...			454	
17	Maintenance of canals transferred from Trivandrum Division ...			545	
18	Do. Do. Southern Division ...			918	
19	Maintenance of Warkalay Barrier canal ...			2,073	
20	Do. Trivandrum canal from Kulpalakadavu to 11th mile ...			1,818	
21	Do. from Kulpalakadavu to Thiruvallam ...			1,146	
22	Maintenance of A. V. M. canal ...			883	
23	Do. groynes at Warkalay ...			4,288	
24	Minor works (13), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...			3,437	
	Total	16,598	41,517	26,928	85,043
	Carried over				7,74,821

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1903 M. E. (1907-1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			Total.
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Brought forward.....				7,74,821.
	(g) Lighting.				
1	Re-erecting the lamp posts at Thanneermukkam, Pennar thodu, Thuruthipuram and Chakarakadavoo...	592			
2	Putting up a port light at entrance to Vettikad canal	652			
3	Providing new valves to the gas mains and fitting gas meter	18			
4	Fitting gas meter and gauge at gas house and digging and examining 2nd gas main...	326			
5	Minor works (4), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500	444			
6	Providing lamp posts with lights &c. at certain localities between Alleppey and Changanacherry...		140		
7	Minor works, each estimated to cost below Rs. 500		349		
8	Maintenance of lights in canals and backwaters, Muvattupuzha Division...			974	
9	Do. do. Kottayam Division			1,178	
10	Do. do. in roads, Quilon Division			1,239	
11	Do. do. in canals, Quilon Division			1,751	
12	Do. kerosine oil lights in the Trivandrum town			7,212	
13	Do. gas lights do.			7,038	
14	Do. lights in canals and backwaters in the Attungal Sub-division...			542	
15	Minor works (2), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			297	
	Total.....	2,022	489	20,330	22,756
	(h) Ferries.				
1	Supplying a new junggar with ferry boats for the crossing at the 1st mile, Muvattupuzha to Thodupuzha road...	852			
2	Providing a cart and passenger punt for Erappuzha crossing at Chengannur...	1,046			
3	Minor works (5), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500	511			
4	Renewing the junggar of Manimala and Varattar crossing		273		
5	Minor works (1), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500		43		
6	Maintenance of ferries in the Muvattupuzha Division			4,233	
7	Do. of Maramat ferries do.			2,112	
8	Do. of ferries in the Kottayam Division			1,267	
9	Do. of Maramat ferries do.			982	
10	Do. of steam launch service between Kottayam and Alleppey...			700	
11	Do. of ferries in the Quilon Division			5,647	
12	Do. do. in Southern Division			1,884	
13	Minor works (2), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			497	
	Total.....	2,409	316	18,992	19,717
	(i) Traces.				
1	Minor works (72), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			4,401	
	Total.....			4,401	4,401
	(i) (1) Planters' Traces.				
1	Road from Kallar to Frontier			868	
2	Minor work (1), estimated to cost below Rs. 500			247	
	Total.....			1,015	1,015
	Carried over.....				8,22,710

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1903 M. E. (1907-1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			Total.
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Brought forward.....				8,22,710
	(j) Minor irrigation.				
1	Thalayar irrigation scheme in Anjanad, cutting right bank channel	6,060			
2	Investigating the Athirampalli Irrigation Scheme	1,630			
3	Do. the Thalayar irrigation Scheme in the Anjanad district	145			
4	Constructing a regulator scouring sluice, &c., Elathur channel	5,996			
5	Restoration of Vellany sluice	88			
6	Constructing a well and sluice &c. in the Thovala Periacolam	206			
7	Providing screw gearing sluice at Alamuthumalai in Puthari-Kulam...	83			
8	Minor works (2), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500	144			
9	Renewing the lock gates of Vaikam canal		1,619		
10	Repairs to flood damages Kalangathukany channel, Shencottah		636		
11	Repairing and strengthening the bund of Samburvadakarai Valia-kulam		540		
12	Closing breaches in Elathur tank		467		
13	Improvements to Kalangathukany channel, Shencottah		869		
14	Special repairs to Pathramoolai Ancient		65		
15	Providing a scouring sluice in and raising by 1 foot, the crest of the Puthen Dam		1,612		
16	Special repairs to Karambathu dam Mavady in Poigayar		1,653		
17	Certain works to Nagakulam, Purakal		342		
18	Improving irrigation tanks in Nanjinad unaffected by Kodayar Scheme-investigation of		158		
19	Closing breaches in Ramasamudram kulam		153		
20	Do. do. in Anandanar near Vallipalli konam at 7 miles and 2310 feet, Thovala Taluk...		812		
21	Closing breaches and deviating Anandanar at Pothiconam		3,266		
22	Do. Do. in Veerapally tank, Nandanoo Pidagay, Thovalai Taluk		683		
23	Do. Do. in 15th mile Palayar opposite Putherialankal		435		
24	Repairing scours in 16th mile, Palayar		514		
25	Closing breaches in Vilavadykal, Agasteeswarem taluk		864		
26	Do. Do. in Aramoty kal		493		
27	Repairing flood damages in Pazhayar		116		
28	Re-constructing the damaged wings of and other repairs to Kumari dam		8		
29	Closing breaches in 17th mile, Palayar left bank, between Kothgramam village and Kumari dam		890		
30	Repairing old and providing new sluice shutters for Nanjinad Irrigation channel		54		
31	Repairing and providing water cushion to drops in 10th mile, P. P. channel		20		
32	Minor works (68), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500		6,246		
33	Maintenance of Kaipuzha Irrigation bund			663	
34	Do. of Parur reclamation bund			577	
35	Do. of Irrigation works in the Shencottah taluk			1,800	
36	Do. of Anandanar system			3,132	
37	Do. of Thovalah channel system			1,160	
38	Do. of Palayar Do.			7,304	
39	Do. of N. P. channel Do.			3,511	
40	Do. of P. P. channel Do.			2,812	
41	Do. of channels not regularly maintained			1,285	
42	Do. of tanks 17 in number			3,068	
43	Do. of repairing flood damages, Pannivolkal			295	
44	Minor works (10), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500			1,152	
	Total.....	14,352	20,677	26,750	61,788
	Carried over.....				8,84,498

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907—1908)—contd.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Brought forward.....				8,84.44
	(k) Other Items.				
1	Preliminary survey operations during 1082-Muvattupuzha Division ...	303			
2	Stock taking in the General Stores &c., Trivandrum Division ...	815			
3	Loss incurred in the reclassification of Burma teak logs ...	44,437			
4	Minor works (3), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...	315			
5	Reconstructing a portion of the southern Fort wall ...		1,840		
6	Additional accommodation to the Chief Secretary's bungalow ...		3782		
7	Furniture purchased for H. E. the Governor's visit in 1082 ...		27		
8	Special works to Observatory in connection with the visit of Mr. R. C. Dutt, C. I. E. ...		698		
9	Do. do. do. H. H. the Raja of Dewas State ...		1,121		
10	Special repairs to Dr. Perkins' bungalow ...		359		
11	Rebuilding the cracked walls in Justice Mr. Hunt's bungalow ...		681		
12	Decorating Chakay shed and special repairs to Observatory in connection with the visit of the Prince of Arcot ...		1,015		
13	Special repairs to the Fort walls ...		111		
14	Special repairs to cart-stand at Aramboly ...		162		
15	Improving Cape road 43rd to 54th mile in connection with H. H. the Raja's tour to south in Audi 1083 ...		899		
16	Minor works (9), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...		1,760		
17	Annual repairs to cotton hill bungalow ...			577	
18	Do. to Fort walls (complete with gates, sentry boxes &c.) ...			514	
19	Do. to old sanitarium bungalow, Ponnudi ...			439	
20	Minor works (24), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...			4,176	
	Total.....	45,970	11,755	5,706	63,44
	XXIII. RESIDENCIES.				
1	Special repairs to Peermade Residency ...		45		
2	Providing eave board and ceiling to the eaves of the main building, Quilon Residency ...		17		
3	Constructing a temporary shed at the Residency, Trivandrum, in connection with H. E. the Governor's visit, 1082 ...		31		
4	Special repairs to the Residency buildings, Trivandrum ...		25		
5	Special repairs to the Residency buildings in connection with H. E. the Governor's visit in 1082 ...		14		
6	Minor works (6), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...		723		
7	Annual repairs to Peermade Residency ...			614	
8	Do. to Quilon Residency ...			1,010	
9	Do. to Courtallam Residency ...			434	
10	Do. to Residency buildings, Trivandrum ...			636	
11	Minor works (3), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...			692	
	Total.....		753	3,376	4,11
	XXIV. MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.				
1	Constructing outlet drain to Vaikam tank ...	43			
2	Draining and clearing Vaikam tank ...	399			
3	Constructing flight of steps at Kodimatha landing ...	248			
4	Do. bathing ghat at Kottayam ...	554			
5	Sinking a well near Memorial Arch, Shencottah ...	440			
6	Sinking a well in Kannimakkothalam road ...	458			
7	Protective works in front of Cape Comorin temple to prevent sea erosion ...	3,708			
8	Minor works (4), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...	331			
9	Repairing the wells in the Kottayam Division ...		336		
10	Reconstructing landing ghant at Brigade landing, Quilon ...		2,492		
	Carried over.....	6,092	2,823		9,51,91

APPENDIX XVIII.

TRAVANCORE P. W. D.

Statement of expenditure on public works during the year 1083 M. E. (1907—1908)—concluded.

Item No.	Description of work.	Expenditure under departmental heads.			
		Original works.	Improvements & special repairs.	Annual maintenance works.	Total.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Brought forward.....	6,092	2,828		9,51,958
11	Tank Restoration Scheme, Shencottah ...		2,786		
12	Reconstructing the landing shed at Chakay ...		666		
13	Improving drainage in and about the Fort ...		17,18		
14	Improving the covered drains in front of Palayangudy Fort gate ...		145		
15	Feeding the tank by rain water in rear of the Palace at Parachalay ...		108		
16	Repairing public wells in southern Division as per Sanitary Commissioner's requisition ...		661		
17	Special works in connection with H. H. the Maharajah's tour to Attengal in Thye 1083 ...		727		
18	Minor works (15), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...		831		
19	Investigation contingencies, Quilon Division ...			146	
20	Maintenance of Putherikandam channel ...			566	
21	Do. Cochar channel and its feeding channels ...			792	
22	Minor works (9), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...			806	
	Total.....	6,092	25,882	2,250	34,224
	XXV. POST OR ANCHAL.				
1	Constructing a 3rd class Anchal office and runner's shed at Pathanapuram ...		523		
2	Do. Do. at Chadayamangalam ...		887		
3	Do. Do. at Kulathurpuzha ...		601		
4	Do. Do. at Kozhancherry ...		405		
5	Do. Do. at Thalavady ...		1,174		
6	Do. Do. at Chavara ...		245		
7	Do. 2nd class Anchal office at Shencottah ...		261		
8	Constructing a 3rd class Anchal office and runner's shed at Aramboly ...		719		
9	Do. a 2nd class Anchal office at Chilakur ...		360		
10	Do. a 3rd class Anchal office at Neyyattinkara ...		854		
11	Do. an Anchal office at Chirayinkil ...		55		
12	Minor works (2), each estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...		66		
13	Do. (1) Do. Do. ...		113		
14	Do. (1) Do. Do. ...			32	
	Total.....	6,150	113	32	6,295
	Total of ordinary Public Works.....	2,45,729	2,82,330	4,64,424	9,92,477
	II. REPRODUCTIVE WORKS.				
1	Kodayar Irrigation Project works ...	4,00,112			
2	Improvements to Left Bank channel ...		6,039		
3	Improvements to the Tiruvandancode channel ...		19,975		
4	Maintenance of main dam and under sluice &c. ...			4,936	
5	Do. Kodayar Left Bank channel ...			2,456	
6	Do. Tiruvandancode channel including tunnels ...			1,014	
7	Do. Eraniel branch channel ...			523	
8	Do. Telephone line ...			664	
9	Expenditure on one work, estimated to cost below Rs. 500 ...			210	
	Total of Reproductive Works.....	4,00,112	26,014	9,809	4,35,935
	Grand total.....	6,45,835	3,08,344	4,74,237	14,28,416

District.	Horses and cattle.						Ploughs.			Carts.		Remarks.		
	Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.		Riding.	Load carrying.
			Male.	Female.										
Pudumabhapuram	30,030	29,907	9,336	6,920	75	18	10	1,355	33,930	16,832	...	4,635	5,010	
Tiruvannuram	46,001	24,603	15,949	9,647	326	238	25	24	36,017	38,690	...	2,407	1,695	
Quilon	1,32,082	1,44,305	17,761	15,976	185	137	60	860	1,21,754	79,897	...	736	2,834	
Kottayam	91,633	75,331	22,691	12,969	64	34	7	...	44,248	57,933	...	1,650	169	
Cardamom Hills	8,365	4,012	535	316	20	18	5	...	658	628	...	7	364	
Total	2,97,111	2,78,448	66,272	45,828	670	415	107	2,230	2,38,607	1,93,980	...	9,435	13,072	

APPENDIX XX.

Consolidated Abstract of Receipts for 1083 M. E.

	Rs.		Rs.
I. Land Revenue.		IV. Customs.	
Ayacut or settled Revenue ...	25,40,116	Land customs—Exports ...	3,40,7
Land tax not included in the ayacut ...	97,559	Land customs—Imports ...	15,6
Arrears of tax on puthuval or other lands up to the year of registry ...	17,260	Sea customs—Exports ...	6,54,0
Sale proceeds of Government lands ...	30,333	Sea customs—Imports ...	26,1
Sale proceeds of viruthi lands ...	14,754	Compensation by the British Govt. under the Interportal Convention ...	40,7
Sale proceeds of waste lands for coffee and tea cultivation ...	9,977	Miscellaneous ...	3,6
Receipts from Agricultural Farm ...	1,056		
Sale proceeds of surplus paddy less the commutation rate ...	1,791		
Arrears of revenue of past years ...	97,466	Total.....	10,80,9
Acreage levied on registry of puthuval lands ...	32,636	V. Marine.	
Assessment levied on hill cultivation ...	4,212	Port dues ...	14,2
Process service fees ...	6,304	Tramway receipts ...	10,2
Revenue from coffee and tea estates ...	27,520	Pier receipts ...	9,6
Rents of shops ...	2,255	Lighthouse fees ...	6
Rents of the Periyar tract leased to the British Government ...	87,472	Miscellaneous ...	6
Cattle pounds ...	3,277		
Fees from Veterinary hospital ...	89	Total.....	34,8
Miscellaneous ...	43,308		
Total.....	30,11,330	VI. Cardamom.	
II. Salt.		Land tax on Makara Elam gardens ...	38,5
Duty on foreign salt ...	5,92,366	Sale proceeds of cardamom ...	2
Duty on local salt ...	3,24,494	Receipts from timber depots ...	57,9
Melvara Sanjayom ...	32,604	Grazing fees ...	4,0
Fines and penalties ...	655	Other minor produce ...	3,4
Miscellaneous ...	32,449		
Total.....	9,82,568	Total.....	1,04,1
III. Excise.		VII. Forest.	
Tobacco.		Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government agency.	
Jaffna tobacco ...	5,18,740	Royalties ...	3,11,7
Coimbatore tobacco ...	4,82,160	Do. abandoned ...	42,2
Tinnevely dry tobacco ...	2,15,538	Junglewood ...	2,05,0
Rent on warehouses ...	5,917	Do. abandoned ...	54,8
Miscellaneous ...	5,237	Firewood and charcoal ...	4,0
Total.....	12,27,592	Bamboos ...	4,0
Abkari and Opium.		Cardamom ...	2,7
Country liquor ...	8,72,257	Ivory ...	1,6
Opium and bhang ...	79,659	Minor produce ...	1,6
Licenses for sale of foreign liquor ...	10,201		
Collection of arrears ...	5,860	Total.....	6,22,4
Miscellaneous ...	16,307		
Total.....	9,84,284	Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers.	
Total III. ...	22,11,876	Royalties ...	18,5
		Junglewood ...	5,6
		Firewood and charcoal ...	18,8
		Bamboos ...	3,4
		Cardamom ...	1,4
		Grazing and Fodder grass ...	1,2
		Minor produce ...	11,5
		Total.....	60,68

APPENDIX XX.

Consolidated Abstract of Receipts for 1983 M. E.—(contd.)

	Rs.		Rs.
<i>Confiscated forest produce, drift and waifwood.</i> ...	4,472	<i>X. B. Law and Justice—Jails.</i>	
<i>Elephants.</i>		Receipts from Jail manufacture ...	8,923
Sale of Elephants ...	1,629	Miscellaneous ...	777
Hire of Elephants ...	918	Total.....	9,700
Total.....	2,547	<i>XI. Palace</i> ...	
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>		<i>XII. Elephant and Horse Establishments.</i>	
Fines and forfeitures ...	4,411	Collections from hiring elephants ...	1,606
Refunds ...	489	Do. from sale of elephants ...	2,088
Other sources ...	9,404	Do. from sale of horses ...	204
Total.....	14,304	Miscellaneous ...	466
Total.....	7,04,431	Total.....	4,364
<i>VIII. Stamps.</i>		<i>XIII. General Administration</i> ...	51
Sale proceeds of general stamps ...	5,07,416	<i>XIV. Stationery and Printing.</i>	
Sale proceeds of hundi stamps ...	859	Receipts from work done in the Print-	
Sale proceeds of revenue adhesive stamps ...	17,519	ing Office for private persons ...	384
Sale proceeds of foreign bill stamps ...	50	Sale of Gazette ...	3,220
Sale proceeds of court fee stamps ...	7,72,125	Sale of Almanac and other publications ...	25,131
Fines and penalties ...	3,599	Miscellaneous ...	2,323
Duty on impressing documents ...	14,972	Total.....	31,067
Miscellaneous ...	88	<i>XV. Mint.</i>	
Total.....	13,16,628	Gain in Gold coinage ...	10,892
<i>IX. Registration.</i>		Gain in Silver coinage ...	5,966
Fees for registering documents ...	3,49,724	Gain in Copper coinage ...	20
Sale proceeds of printed forms for copies of documents ...	18,027	Miscellaneous ...	20
Fines ...	187	Total.....	16,878
Fees on documents claimed after the lapse of the prescribed period ...	1,683	<i>XVI. Police</i>	
Fees for the registration of companies ...	373	Recoveries for clothing and other articles ...	171
Miscellaneous ...	128	Police supplied to private persons ...	1,258
Total.....	3,70,122	License fees under the Arms Regulation ...	1,908
Total Principal Heads of revenue ...	95,16,929	Miscellaneous ...	956
<i>X. A. Law and Justice—Courts of Law.</i>		Total.....	4,293
(a) <i>Civil and Sessions Courts.</i>		<i>XVII. Education.</i>	
Institution fees ...	9	Fees from H. H. the Maharajah's College and High School ...	29,507
Fines ...	866	Fees from the Law College ...	15,031
Fees from Notaries Public ...	7,742	Fees from the Normal School ...	1,932
Miscellaneous ...		Fees from the Girls' College and High School ...	2,568
Total.....	8,617	Fees from English District Schools ...	51,168
<i>X. A. (b) Magistrates' Courts.</i>		Fees from Government Vernacular Schools ...	44,723
Fines ...	31,239	Examination fees ...	15,439
Miscellaneous ...	1,551	Receipts from the Sanskrit College ...	202
Total.....	32,790	Receipts from the Reformatory ...	13
Total of X A.....	41,407	Carried over.....	1,58,583

APPENDIX XX.

Consolidated Abstract of Receipts for 1983 M. E.—(contd.)

	Rs.		Rs.
<i>XVII. Education—contd.</i>		<i>XXIV. Superannuation Pensions.</i>	
Brought forward.....	1,58,583	Receipts in aid of superannuation and other pensions ...	
Sales at the Industrial School of Arts ...	4,250	<i>XXV. Miscellaneous.</i>	
S. M. R. V. Technical Institute ...	2,900	Adiyara or succession and other customary fees ...	46
Oaste Hindu Hostel ...	182	Old advances ...	28,34
Miscellaneous ...	1,731	Law charges ...	1,05
Total.....	1,67,646	Sale proceeds of escheats and unclaimed movables ...	
<i>XVIII. Science, Arts and Minor Departments.</i>		Sale proceeds of articles not credited under any other Major Head ...	
Museum and Public Gardens ...	331	Lapsed deposits ...	45,84
Public Library ...	2,059	Jubilee Town Hall ...	55
Miscellaneous ...	1	Sale of elephant-tusks, tiger-skins, etc. ...	5,33
Total.....	2,391	Miscellaneous ...	7,34
<i>XIX. Medical and Sanitary Departments.</i>		Total.....	91,84
Sale of Medical Stores ...	1,644	Total of C. Miscellaneous.....	91,9
Sale of quinine ...	151	Total General Public Service.....	102,78,9
Miscellaneous ...	1,867	<i>XXVI. Interest</i>	
Total.....	3,662	Interest on arrears of Land Revenue ...	5,0
<i>XX. Decadum or Religious Institutions.</i>		Interest on arrears of Excise Revenue ...	13,1
Offerings ...	26,814	Interest on loans under Land Improvement Regulation ...	
Sale of surplus provisions ...	5,004	Interest on arrears of loans ...	2
Adiyara or fees levied on appointments ...	6,065	Total.....	18,4
Surplus from Sripandaravaga ...	4,698	<i>XXVII. Profit or Loss on Investment of Surplus.</i>	
Miscellaneous ...	13,093	Interest on Government Promissory Notes ...	1,48,9
Total.....	56,274	Interest on Deposits with the Madras Bank ...	1
<i>XXI. Outpourahs or Charitable Institutions.</i>		Commission ...	1
Sale of surplus provisions ...	42	Discount credited on purchase of Government paper ...	
Miscellaneous ...	1,885	Total.....	1,49,1
Total.....	1,927	<i>XXVIII. Anchal or Post Office.</i>	
<i>XXII. Military.</i>		Sale proceeds of Anchal stamps and cards ...	57,0
Sale of Military Stores ...	1,195	Other receipts from unpaid letters, parcels, etc. ...	10,2
Miscellaneous ...	1,123	Collections from Transit Boat, etc. ...	3,5
Total.....	2,318	Receipts from commission on Hundies ...	9,8
<i>XXIII. Public Works Department.</i>		Miscellaneous ...	2
Receipts from P. W. D. Officers ...	19,818	Total.....	80,9
Receipts from the Maramat Department ...	2,145		
Rents of buildings ...	104		
Miscellaneous ...	6,037		
Total.....	28,104		
Total of B—Departmental receipts	3,70,082		

APPENDIX XX.

Consolidated Abstract of Receipts for 1083 M. E.—(concluded.)

	Rs.		Rs.
XXIX. Railways.	...	C. Loans.	...
XXX. Irrigation and other Reproductive Work.	1,016		
XXXI. Navigation Canals.	...	D. Remittances.	...
XXXII. Mining.	3,635		
Total Commercial Service.	85,561	Cash remittances between treasuries.	54,10,730
Total Revenue Receipts.	1,05,32,128	Paddy remittances.	48,764
Debt Heads.	...	Forest remittances.	12,66,117
Deposits.	...	P. W. D. remittances.	17,30,272
Revenue deposits.	7,57,792	Post Office remittances.	7,04,013
Judicial do.	6,07,906	Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.	14,862
Personal do.	2,46,830	Madras Bank.	11,33,345
Security do.	1,06,183		
Other Treasury deposits.	...	Total.	1,03,08,103
Life Assurance Fund.	44,821		
Savings Bank.	1,09,695		
Trust Interest account.	28,862		
Total.	19,02,089	5. Bills.	...
Advances.	...	Anchal Hundies.	3,40,443
Permanent Advances.	2,290	Treasury Hundies.	12,91,666
Advances recoverable.	1,94,859		
Paddy advances.	99,217	Total.	16,32,109
Salt Advances.	4,57,062		
Tobacco Advance.	12,381	TOTAL—DEBT HEADS.	1,53,78,329
Opium and Bhang advances.	1,32,671		
Book Depot.	3,939		
S. M. R. V. Technical Institute.	1,775	GRAND TOTAL.	2,59,10,457
One Chuckram conversion.	1,44,459		
Two chuckram conversion.	...		
Mint advances.	33,389	Opening balance.	84,11,659
Residency transactions.	6,849		
Maramuth stock.	29,519	Total including opening balance.	3,43,22,116
Other stock.	1,135		
D. P. W. balance.	99,719		
Forest balance.	16,467		
Total.	15,36,028		

APPENDIX XXI.

Consolidated Abstract of Expenditure for 1083 M. E.

	Rs.		Rs.
1. LAND REVENUE.	...	Revenue Settlement.	...
Division offices.	...	Salaries.	36,6
Salaries.	41,427	Establishment.	2,07,4
Establishment.	18,856	Allowances to officers.	3,7
Allowances to officers.	5,163	Do. to establishment.	2,9
Do. to establishment.	1,113	Supplies and Services.	60,9
Supplies and Services.	494	Contingencies.	5,8
Contingencies.	3,289	Total.	3,17,5
Total.	70,342		
Total and Kandukrishi Cutcherries.	...	Miscellaneous.	...
Salaries.	48,016	Clearing boundaries.	1,6
Establishment.	96,655	Refunds and Drawbacks.	15,1
Allowances to officers.	3,618		
Do. to establishment.	1,253	Total of 1 LAND REVENUE.	7,98,0
Supplies and Services.	1,438		
Contingencies.	11,334		
Total.	1,62,994	2. SALT.	...
Proverthy and Nelpura Cutcherries.	...	Factories.	...
Establishment.	1,67,700	Salaries.	2,0
Allowances.	233	Establishment.	11,7
Supplies and Services.	8,209	Allowances to officers.	4
Contingencies.	...	Do. to establishment.	...
Total.	1,76,232	Supplies and Services.	2,3
		Contingencies.	2,0
		Refunds and Drawbacks.	2,6
		Total.	20,7
		3. EXCISE.	...
		Superintendence.	...
		Salaries.	15,6
		Establishment.	1,29,7
		Allowances to officers.	7,5
		Do. to establishment.	5,5
		Supplies and Services.	11,6
		Contingencies.	7,4
		Refunds and Drawbacks.	16,5
		Total of 3 EXCISE.	1,94,2
		4. CUSTOMS.	...
		Collection.	...
		Establishment.	31,5
		Allowances.	1
		Supplies and Services.	3
		Contingencies.	2,7
		Add share debitable from other Major heads.	6,5
		Refunds and Drawbacks.	4
		Total of 4 CUSTOMS.	41,9
Revenue Survey.	...		
Salaries.	9,387		
Establishment.	29,044		
Allowances to officers.	1,019		
Do. to establishment.	1,222		
Supplies and Services.	1,648		
Contingencies.	1,356		
Total.	42,675		

APPENDIX XXI.

Consolidated Abstract of Expenditure for 1983 M. E. (contd.)

	Rs.		Rs.
5. MARINE.		Organisation, Improvement and Extension of forest.	
<i>Commercial office</i>		Demarcation ...	6,565
Salaries ...	2,700	Cost of forest settlement, compensation for lands and rights...	
Establishment ...	5,988	Survey ...	1,300
Allowances to officers ...	300	Working-plans ...	13,541
Do. to establishment ...	300	Sowing and planting ...	21,280
Supplies and Services ...	13,273	Protection from fire ...	2,925
Contingencies ...	3,726	Other works ...	
Deduct share debitable to other heads ...	13,013		
Total.....	13,013	Total.....	45,615
<i>Master Attendant offices.</i>		<i>Miscellaneous.</i>	
Establishment ...	607	Refunds ...	4,616
Allowances ...		Law charges ...	45
Supplies and Services ...	191	Other charges ...	355
Contingencies ...	44		
Total.....	842	Total.....	5,014
Total of 5 MARINE.....	13,855	Total of A. Conservancy and Works.....	4,19,559
6. CARDAMOM.		B. Establishment.	
<i>Superintendence.</i>		Salaries.	
Salaries ...	15,306	Conservator, Deputy and Assistant	
Establishment ...	21,617	Conservator... ..	30,876
Allowances to officers ...	1,100	Executive and protective staff ...	32,685
Do. to establishment ...	528	Office Establishment ...	24,463
Supplies and Services ...	4,095	Total.....	88,029
Contingencies ...	1,527	<i>Travelling Allowance.</i>	
Refunds ...	1,527	Conservator, Deputy and Assistant	
Deduct share debitable to Law and Justice... ..	6,250	Conservator... ..	10,045
Total.....	37,923	Executive and protective staff ...	8,747
7. FOREST.		Office Establishment ...	4,101
A. Conservancy and Works.		Total.....	22,897
<i>Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency.</i>		<i>Contingencies.</i>	
Royalties ...	1,68,629	Charges for conveyance of records ...	1,252
Do. Abandoned ...	20,562	Rent ...	972
Junglewood ...	1,03,645	Telegram and Postage ...	96
Do. Abandoned ...	29,171	Sundries ...	6,295
Firewood and charcoal ...	15	Total.....	8,615
Bamboos ...	1,912	Total of B. Establishment.....	1,19,534
Cardamom ...	3,281	Total of 7 FOREST.....	5,39,098
Ivory ...	433	8. STAMPS.	
Minor produce ...	1,366	<i>Manufactory &c.</i>	
Total.....	3,29,314	Salaries ...	1,470
<i>Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers...</i>	10,503	Establishment ...	5,805
<i>Confiscated forest produce drift and waifwood...</i>	304	Discount on sale of stamps ...	2,904
<i>Elephants.</i>		Supplies and Services ...	6,504
Capture of elephants and keep till trained... ..	7,507	Contingencies ...	581
Keep of trained elephants ...	4,370	Refunds and Drawbacks ...	37,738
Hire of elephants ...		Total.....	55,005
Total.....	11,877	9. REGISTRATION.	
<i>Stores, tools and plants</i>	1,741	<i>Director.</i>	
<i>Communications and buildings.</i>		Salaries ...	3,775
Roads and bridges ...	7,094	Establishment ...	10,825
Buildings ...	7,554	Allowances to officers ...	606
Other works ...	543	Do. to establishment ...	145
Total.....	15,191	Supplies and Services ...	56
		Contingencies ...	4,615
		Total.....	20,116

APPENDIX XXI.

Consolidated Abstract of Expenditure for 1983 M. E. (contd.)

	Rs.		Rs.
<i>District Registrars.</i>		<i>Law Officers.</i>	
Salaries ...	3,097	Salaries ...	14,47
Establishment ...	2,382	Establishment ...	4,62
Allowances to officers ...	663	Allowances to officers ...	32
Do. to establishment ...	258	Do. to establishment ...	14
Supplies and Services ...		Supplies and Services ...	4,17
Contingencies ...	90	Contingencies ...	80
Total.....	6,490	Remuneration to Examiners ...	37
<i>Sub-Registrars.</i>		Total.....	24,910
Establishment ...	81,129	<i>Refunds and Drawbacks</i>	10,085
Supplies and Services ...	587	Total of 10 A.....	4,96,065
Contingencies ...	2,638	10 B. JAILS.	
Total.....	84,354	<i>Central Jail.</i>	
<i>Refunds and drawbacks.</i>	169	Salaries ...	5,350
<i>Registrar of joint-stock companies</i>	1,221	Establishment ...	10,281
Total of REGISTRATION.....	1,12,350	Allowances to officers ...	72
Total of Direct demands on Revenue.....	18,13,237	Do. to establishment ...	
10. A. LAW AND JUSTICE—Courts of Law.		Supplies and Services ...	5,031
<i>High Court.</i>		Contingencies ...	32,800
Salaries ...	49,812	Total	54,214
Establishment ...	23,906	<i>District Jails.</i>	
Allowances to officers ...	192	Establishment ...	1,020
Do. to establishment ...	442	Allowances ...	
Supplies and Services ...	1,843	Supplies and Services ...	1,145
Contingencies ...	1,366	Contingencies ...	41
Total.....	77,561	Total.....	2,208
<i>Civil and Sessions Courts.</i>		Total of 10 B. JAILS.....	56,425
Salaries ...	44,606	11. PALACE.	5,89,675
Establishment ...	69,026	12. ELEPHANT AND HORSE ESTABLISHMENT.	
Allowances to officers ...	89	<i>Royal Stables.</i>	
Do. to establishment ...	104	Salaries ...	1,537
Supplies and Services ...	2,505	Establishment ...	31,104
Contingencies ...	1,904	Allowances ...	
Total.....	1,18,284	Supplies and Services ...	23,378
<i>Munsiffs' Courts.</i>		Contingencies ...	28,734
Salaries ...	47,819	Total.....	84,753
Establishment ...	1,10,827	<i>Body Guard.</i>	
Allowances to officers ...	497	Salaries ...	2,596
Do. to establishment ...	108	Establishment ...	23,475
Supplies and Services ...	806	Allowances to officers ...	28
Contingencies ...	3,850	Do. to establishment ...	24
Total.....	1,63,907	Supplies and Services ...	24,071
<i>Magistrates' Courts.</i>		Contingencies ...	2,912
Salaries ...	2,795	Total.....	53,333
Establishment ...	15,359	<i>Elephant Department.</i>	
Allowances to officers ...	196	Establishment ...	5,445
Do. to establishment ...	1,594	Allowances ...	
Supplies and Services ...	10,022	Supplies and Services ...	4,736
Contingencies ...	1,862	Contingencies ...	6,817
Add share of Land Revenue and other charges...	69,545	Total.....	16,995
Total.....	1,01,373	Total of 12 Elephant &c.....	1,55,081

APPENDIX XXI.

Consolidated Abstract of Expenditure for 1983 M. E. (contd.)

	Rs.		
13. GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.		Printing.	
<i>Huzur Cutcherry.</i>		Salaries	3,137
Salaries	71,310	Establishment	21,830
Establishment	78,889	Allowances	299
Allowances to officers	3,902	Supplies and Services	4,351
Do. to establishment	2,631	Contingencies	2,510
Supplies and Services	209	Total.....	32,127
Contingencies	5,835	Total of 14 Stationery and Printing.....	1,60,028
Total.....	1,62,776	15. MINT.	
<i>Central Account and Audit Office.</i>		Salaries	...
Salaries	13,759	Establishment	5,638
Establishment	32,498	Allowances	...
Allowances to officers	137	Supplies and Services	1,520
Do. to establishment	61	Contingencies	300
Supplies and Services	28	Loss on coinage	...
Contingencies	1,010	Total of 15 Mint.....	7,458
Total.....	47,493	16. POLICE.	
<i>Huzur Treasury.</i>		Salaries	21,441
Salaries	2,629	Establishment	1,91,661
Establishment	4,930	Allowances to officers	5,823
Allowances	29	Do. to establishment	11,118
Supplies and Services	549	Supplies and Services	19,383
Contingencies	346	Contingencies	8,482
Total.....	8,483	Total of Police.....	2,57,902
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>		17. EDUCATION.	
Legislative Council	3,103	<i>College and High School.</i>	
Sri Mulam Popular Assembly	7,362	Salaries	58,599
Contributions towards Books, and Periodicals...	2,740	Establishment	27,475
Contributions to Associations and Clubs...	6,413	Supplies and Services	4,872
Total.....	19,618	Contingencies	3,880
Total of 13 Administration.....	2,38,370	Total.....	94,826
14. STATIONERY AND PRINTING.		<i>Law College.</i>	
<i>Stationery.</i>		Salaries	8,965
Salaries	...	Establishment	947
Establishment	...	Supplies and Services	311
Supplies and Services	1,27,498	Contingencies	385
Contingencies	403	Total.....	10,608
Total.....	1,27,901	<i>College and High School for Girls and Female Normal School.</i>	
		Salaries	9,599
		Establishment	14,580
		Supplies and Services	1,786
		Contingencies	1,391
		Total.....	27,356
		<i>Sanskrit College.</i>	
		Salaries	...
		Establishment	5,046
		Supplies and Services	3,565
		Contingencies	387
		Total.....	8,998

APPENDIX XXI.

Consolidated Abstract of Expenditure for 1983 M. E.—(contd.)

	Rs.		Rs.
Inspection.		18. SCIENCE, ARTS AND MINOR DEPARTMENTS.	
Salaries	11,967	<i>Lecture Committee.</i>	845
Establishment	19,513	<i>Museum and Public Gardens.</i>	29,772
Allowances to officers	1,294	<i>Observatory.</i>	
Do. to establishment	982	Salaries	197
Supplies and Services	308	Establishment	1,550
Contingencies	7,430	Contingencies	142
Total.....	40,544	Total...	1,889
Normal School.		<i>Painting.</i>	1,070
Salaries	2,400	<i>Photograph Department.</i>	
Establishment	11,191	Establishment	3,412
Allowances	...	Supplies and Services	28
Supplies and Services	4,113	Contingencies	604
Contingencies	1,108	Total...	4,044
Total.....	18,812	<i>Library.</i>	
English Schools.		Establishment	1,894
Salaries	9,601	Supplies and Services	5,816
Establishment	57,556	Contingencies	704
Allowances	...	Total...	8,414
Supplies and Services	3,869	<i>Archaeological Department.</i>	
Contingencies	6,705	Establishment	695
Total.....	77,731	Contingencies	19
Vernacular Schools.		Total...	714
Establishment	1,86,561	<i>Ferry</i>	120
Allowances	...	<i>State Manual Office</i>	2,500
Supplies and Services	1,759	<i>State Geologist</i>	7,867
Contingencies	23,854	<i>Preservation of Oriental literature</i>	146
Total.....	2,12,174	<i>Refunds</i>	1,687
Reformatory.		Total of 18.....	59,068
Establishment	601	19. MEDICAL.	
Supplies and Services	72	<i>Darbar Physician.</i>	
Contingencies	204	Salaries	15,864
Total.....	877	Establishment	3,853
School of Arts.		Allowances to officers	1,749
Salaries	2,705	Do. to establishment	377
Establishment	9,151	Supplies and Services	481
Allowance	1,068	Contingencies	1,283
Supplies and Services	1,842	Total.....	23,607
Contingencies	5,453	<i>Hospitals and Dispensaries..</i>	
Total.....	20,217	Salaries	78,363
Technical Institute	6,244	Establishment	89,318
<i>Adviser to Government in matters relating to Vernacular Literature &c.</i>	3,316	Allowances	6,955
<i>Hostel charges</i>	85	Supplies and Services	77,415
<i>Scholarships</i>	14,322	Contingencies	31,023
<i>Grants</i>	1,84,051	Total.....	2,63,076
<i>Examinations</i>	10,258	<i>Chemical Examiner.</i>	
<i>Text Book Committee</i>	111	Salaries	865
Total of 17.....	7,30,530	Establishment	...
		Supplies and Services	...
		Contingencies	...
		Total.....	1,322

Consolidated Abstract of Expenditure for 1983 M. E.—(contd.)

	Rs.		Rs.
<i>Native Physicians.</i>		23. PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.	
Establishment ...	4,192	D. P. W. ...	12,99,059
Allowances ...	...	Maramath ...	2,51,206
Supplies and Services } ...	224	Palaces Bungalows etc. ...	40,447
Contingencies }	...	Total.....	15,90,712
Total.....	4,416	Total of Salaries and expenses of Department ...	66,03,613
<i>Native Medical Schools.</i>		23½. ALLOWANCES AND ASSIGNMENTS UNDER TREATIES AND ENGAGEMENTS.	
Establishment ...	1,420	Subsidy to British Government ...	8,10,657
Supplies and Services ...	566	State Pensions ...	1,27,291
Contingencies ...	415	Miscellaneous Pensions ...	13,206
Total.....	2,401	Total.....	9,51,154
<i>Grants to Medical Institutions</i> ...	12,586	24. SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES AND PENSIONS.	
<i>Do. to Native do.</i> ...	10,440	Superannuation and retired Allowances... ..	2,75,901
<i>Sanitation.</i>		Compassionate Allowances ...	9,033
Salaries ...	8,457	Gratuities ...	6,635
Establishment ...	8,329	Pensionary Contributions ...	2,436
Allowances to officers ...	2,298	Total.....	2,94,965
Do. to establishment ...	536		
Supplies and Services ...	1,322	25. MISCELLANEOUS.	
Contingencies ...	3,441	Reward for killing wild animals ...	721
Total.....	24,363	Pallikettu ...	—85
<i>Vaccination.</i>		Interment of Paupers ...	1,245
Salaries ...	140	Sirkar Agent ...	1,074
Establishment ...	12,611	Sirkar gardens ...	3,044
Allowances to officers ...	15	Boat and Palanquin charges for Samyars and Namboories... ..	6,015
Do. to establishment ...	948	Donations and subscriptions ...	5,158
Supplies and Services ...	3,028	Jubilee Town Hall ...	794
Contingencies ...	169	Dinner charges ...	1,382
Total.....	17,211	Law charges ...	3,870
<i>Town Improvement Committees.</i>		Shortage of paddy ...	2,797
Trivankulam ...	31,600	Cart and boat charges for paddy ...	4,818
Quilon ...	6,150	Marumakkathayam committee ...	5,379
Alleppey ...	5,000	Reception of important personages... ..	10,166
Kottayam ...	4,300	Historical committee ...	123
Nagorecoil ...	7,300	Lapsed Deposits ...	220
Prevention of Plague ...	1,311	Miscellaneous ...	27,052
Total.....	55,611	Total of 25 ..	73,773
<i>Rural Conservancy.</i>		Total MISCELLANEOUS SERVICE ...	13,18,932
Establishment ...	20,803	Total of GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICE ...	97,35,782
Allowances ...	72		
Supplies and Services ...	811		
Contingencies ...	454		
Total.....	22,193		
Grant Total of 19... ..	4,57,133		
1. DEVASWOM OR RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS.....	9,67,113		
2. OORTUPURAMS OR CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.	6,32,634		
22. MILITARY.			
Salaries ...	36,376		
Establishment ...	1,35,338		
Allowances to establishment ...	2,429		
Supplies and Services ...	38,281		
Contingencies ...	4,146		
Total.....	2,17,370		

Consolidated Abstract of Expenditure for 1983 M. E.—(contd.)

	Rs.		Rs.
26. INTEREST.		<i>Transit.</i>	
27. PROFIT AND LOSS ON INVESTMENT OF SURPLUS.		Establishment ...	6,864
<i>Loss on Investment.</i>		Supplies and Services } ...	629
Interest on Savings Bank ...	1,535	Contingencies }	...
Commission and other charges ...	280	Total.....	7,493
Renewal fees ...	...	Total of 28.....	1,12,691
Premium on purchase of Govt. Promissory Notes... ..	...	29. RAILWAYS ...	1,81,302
Discount on sale of Promissory Notes... ..	...	30. IRRIGATION AND OTHER REPRODUCTIVE WORKS...	4,35,929
Exchange on sale of do. ...	...	31. NAVIGATION CANALS ...	...
Brokerage ...	...	32. MINING. ...	...
Withdrawal fees ...	...	Total of Commercial Service.....	7,29,922
Miscellaneous ...	7,699	Grand Total of ALL SERVICES.....	1,04,75,218
Commission for draft ...	...	<i>Debt Heads.</i>	
Total of 27.....	9,514	Deposits ...	...
Total of Financial Service.....	9,514	Revenue Deposits ...	7,27,515
28. POST OFFICE OR ANCHAL.		Judicial Deposits ...	6,33,021
<i>Superintendence.</i>		Personal Deposits ...	2,48,366
Salaries ...	3,000	Security Deposits ...	2,71,334
Establishment ...	6,234	Other Treasury Deposits ...	5,681
Allowances to officers ...	1,101	Life Assurance Fund ...	9,703
Do. to establishment ...	317	Savings Bank ...	2,397
Supplies and Services ...	1,274	Trust Interest Account ...	19,816
Contingencies ...	1,769	Total.....	19,20,833
Total.....	13,695	<i>Advances</i>	
<i>Inspection.</i>		Permanent Advances ...	3,821
Establishment ...	7,726	Advances recoverable ...	2,05,510
Allowances to officers ...	553	Paddy Advances ...	81,081
Supplies and Services ...	...	Salt Advance ...	4,70,830
Contingencies ...	21	Tobacco Advances ...	12,381
Total.....	8,300	Opium & Bhang Advances ...	1,30,455
<i>Anchal Masters.</i>		Book Depot ...	8,891
Establishment ...	70,908	S. M. R. V. Technical Institute ...	2,189
Allowances ...	98	One chuckram conversion ...	3,50,853
Supplies and Services ...	1,134	Two chuckram conversion ...	309
Contingencies ...	6,804	Mint Advances ...	35,275
Discount ...	3,712	Residency transactions ...	7,034
Commission on Hundies ...	457	Maramuth stock ...	...
Total.....	83,203	Other stock ...	...
		D. P. W. balance ...	7,955
		Forest balance ...	8,236
		Total.....	13,27,910

APPENDIX XXI.

Consolidated Abstract of Expenditure for 1933 M. E.—(concluded.)

	Rs.		Rs.
Loans ...	122	Bills	
Remittances:		Anchal Hundis ...	3,39,344
Cash remittance between Treasuries ...	53,91,479	Treasury Hundis ...	13,12,232
Paddy remittances ...	47,992		
Forest do. ...	12,34,617	Total.....	16,51,576
P. W. D. remittances ...	16,67,000		
Post office remittance ...	7,02,837	Total of Debt Heads.....	1,51,24,629
Arbuthnot and Co.'s Remittances ...	40,297		
Madras Bank ...	11,39,966	Grand Total.....	2,55,99,847
		Closing Balance.....	87,22,269
Total.....	1,02,24,188	Total including Closing Balance.....	3,43,22,116

APPENDIX XXI a.

General Statement of Account for 1933 M. E.

	Rupees.
Opening balance ...	84,11,659
Receipts ...	2,59,10,457
	Total.....
	3,43,22,116
Disbursements ...	2,55,99,847
Closing Balance ...	87,22,269
<i>Details of Closing Balance.</i>	
Cash ...	21,55,233
Government Promissory Notes ...	54,02,175
Deposit with Arbuthnot and Co. ...	5,99,848
Do. with Madras Bank { current Account ...	1,46,342
{ deposit Account ...	40,687
Do. with other Firms ...	255
Gold and Silver uncurrent Coins and Bullion &c. ...	3,77,729
	Total.....
	87,22,269

APPENDIX XXII.

Balance Sheet for the year 1083 M. E.

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Items.	Opening Balance.		Current year's transactions.		Closing Balance.		Remarks.
	Rs.	Cr.	Rs.	Cr.	Rs.	Cr.	
Govt. Account	6,30,355	1,47,218	1,05,92,128		66,87,265		Agrees with the statement of income and expenditure.
Deposits		18,88,917	17,18,711			30,93,680	Ledgers and Registers of taluks have been agreed.
Life Insurance		9,703	44,821				
Trust Interest	5,000		19,816	28,862		24,076	Requires verification.
Savings Bank		2,397	1,06,095			1,07,298	A new account verified with the register.
Advances recoverable	5,99,764		6,49,696	7,40,825	5,03,635		Taluk balances are under recovery and the rest under verification.
Advances	1,54,565		4,70,837	4,57,062	1,69,333		Reported as efficient by the Excise Commissioner.
Tobacco		12,38		12,381			Do. do. do.
Opium & Bharg		1,30,455		1,32,671		51,714	Do. do. by Book Depot.
Book Depot		3,891		3,936		9,194	Do. do. by Mint Superintendent.
Print		35,275		38,389		7,151	Do. do. do.
Technical Institute.		2,189		1,775		1,691	Do. do. do.
Residency trans- actions	2,361		7,034	6,849	2,546		It is separated from remittances this year and agrees with the register.
Maranath Stock	60,056			29,919	36,237		Not verified.
Other do.	6,536			1,135	5,401		Awaiting to be written off.
S. W. D. Balance	5,98,985		7,985	99,719	5,07,151		A portion awaiting to be written off.
Forest Balance		27,250	8,296	10,467		35,321	Verified against Forest accounts.
Remittances		48,552	1,02,24,188	1,03,08,103		1,32,467	Under examination.
Hills			16,51,576	16,32,109	59,835		Do.
Treasures & Trans- fers.	84,11,650		2,59,10,477	2,55,99,847	87,22,269		Out of this 5,99,848 is the balance with Arbutnot and Co. The rest agrees with the balances in the treasuries.
Total	99,40,935	99,40,935	5,15,10,304	5,15,10,304	1,00,87,187	1,00,87,187	and Madras Bank

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APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded during the year 1083 M. E.

Number.	Names of Institutions.	Number of patients treated.		Result of In-door patients.				Average daily attendance in and out.	Remarks.
		Out-door.	In-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
Sirkar Hospitals and Dispensaries (General).									
1	General Hospital	32,189	4,174	3,801	235	57	101	296	
2	Ophthalmic Hospital	6,000	392	3,39	7			67	
3	Tal. and Hospital	18,857	497	275	76	89	53	158	
4	Women and Children's Hospital	13,847	2,571	2,432	21	45	70	151	
5	District Hospital, Quilon	32,319	1,128	9,1	81	68	58	244	
6	Victoria Hospital, Quilon	718	301	289	4	7	21	20	
7	District Hospital, Mavelikara	14,410	325	288	13	32	11	80	
8	do. do. Travels	14,092	201	173	6	17	5	104	
9	do. do. Kottayam	24,212	419	274	19	17	8	114	
10	do. do. Alleppey	24,651	805	600	19	35	34	118	
11	do. do. Shertallay	18,932	413	361	10	37	29	102	
12	do. do. Alwaye	10,079	412	317	36	37	7	119	
13	do. do. Parur	11,415	209	174	7	17	11	107	
14	do. do. Lallom	21,118	334	300	3	21	10	105	
15	do. do. Kanjirapali	14,114	241	191	10	36	7	69	
16	do. do. Shencottah	8,193	173	132	2	8	11	49	
17	do. do. Neyyattinkara	22,418	615	808	26	34	34	133	
18	do. do. Pappasala	15,079	431	420	4	16	78	108	
19	do. do. Padmanabhapuram	21,302	505	478	4	16	12	131	
20	do. do. Nagercoil	2,042	463	401	35	20	5	80	
21	Palace Dispensary	5,240						30	
22	do. Sub-Dispensary	3,795						148	
23	Port Dispensary	20,777						62	
24	District Dispensary, Chirayinkil	10,611	275	261	6	6	5	120	
25	do. do. Kozhencheri	21,889	290	212	12	6	6	141	
26	do. do. Changanacherry	21,107	300	316	30	10	20	80	
27	do. do. Haripad	17,316						47	
28	do. do. Ambalamuzha	10,475	12	12				47	
29	do. do. Aruvottu	8,046	104	173	13	6	4	47	
30	do. do. Varkam	12,766	247	233	21	2	4	47	
31	do. do. Mavattamuzha	9,001	241	234		13	10	48	
32	do. do. Telamuzha	11,570	112	131	0	1	4	19	
33	do. do. Peermade	4,083	135	159	4	17	5	38	
34	do. do. Pandalam	3,805	156	107	9	9	1	31	
35	do. do. Punalur	7,601	92	79	2	7	4	44	
36	do. do. Kottaracra	8,126	101	89		1	1	40	
37	do. do. Nedumthazh	10,304	216	154	48	8	6	41	
38	do. do. Kollasekaram	6,988	171	111	4	8	6	47	
39	do. do. Chelackal	13,840	118	103	12	1	2	7	
40	do. do. K. Itharun	2,813	15	13				34	
41	do. do. Kuthalure	8,759						41	
42	do. do. Kothamangalam	9,932						70	
43	do. do. Mundakayam	11,032							
44	do. do. Karunagapalli								
Total		6,11,48	17,003	16,068	71	893	588	3,708	
Sirkar Special Institutions.									
1	Lunatic Asylum		40	3		6	1	1	
2	Leprosy Asylum		60	64		15	4	102	
3	Special Dispensaries	12,068						115	
Total		12,068	706	630		21	5		
Jail Hospitals.									
1	Central Jail Hospital, Trivandrum		170	146		13	1		
2	District Jail, Quilon		10	19					
3	District Jail, Alleppey		10	19					
4	do. do. Nagercoil		4	4					
5	do. do. Parur		7	4		1			
Total			19	18		14	1		
Grand Total for all Government Institutions		6,23,546	18,807	16,51	71	931	601	3,82	
Grant-in-aid Hospitals and Dispensaries.									
1	Grant-in-aid Hospital, Neyoor	12,610	814	682	6	37	23	0	
2	do. Dispensary, Ponnudi	12,797						40	
3	do. do. Bonam	10,210		2				4	
4	do. do. Arakkal	9,131	19	14		5		41	
5	do. do. Kalthumooty	8,105	63	54		2		4	
6	do. do. Nuhomra	5,534						63	
7	do. do. Mannar	8,285						71	
8	do. Rama Rao's Dispensary, Nedumangalam	6,007	21	10		8		21	
9	Grant-in-aid Dispensary, Vellapathy	5,100						68	
10	do. do. Komorom	4,212	210	200			4	35	
Total		81,217	1,173	988	67	49	20	605	

* Maintained by medical on itinerant duty.

APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars regarding schools conducted for the year 1083 M. E.

APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital Statistics for the Malabar year 1083.

Population as per census of 1901.	Population as per census of registration of 1901.	Serial No.	Registration circles (Rural and Municipal).	Births.		Deaths.		Birth-rate for 1083.	Death-rate for 1083.	Increase.	Decrease.	Death-rate for 1082.	Rate of infant-mortality to registered births.	Remarks.
				Births.		Deaths.								
				1083.	1082.	1083.	1082.							
82,410	82,410	1	Torala	844	634	210	26.01	19.36	11.1	881	38	28.2	27.18	
67,731	67,731	2	Agastavaram	722	688	84	11.40	10.16	608	1,701	1,096	28.15	28.15	
1,10,161	1,10,161	3	Eraniel	1,572	1,441	466	16.43	14.97	533	1,390	1,390	27.09	27.09	
70,477	70,477	4	Kalkulam	892	747	145	11.27	10.8	898	1,919	1,919	25.88	25.88	
79,884	79,884	5	Vilavancode	881	566	255	10.41	8.88	655	719	102	26.97	26.97	
1,37,163	1,37,163	6	Neyyattinkara	2,807	2,302	505	20.9	16.54	2,271	3,902	3,902	16.41	16.41	
78,314	78,314	7	Trivandrum	2,124	1,545	583	27.28	21.81	1,442	1,225	1,071	18.76	18.76	
67,771	67,771	8	Nedumangad	2,049	1,367	712	30.5	20.81	1,636	1,095	541	24.14	24.14	
1,12,332	1,12,332	9	Chirayinkil	3,324	2,638	686	29.94	24.21	1,942	1,840	102	17.21	16.66	
77,085	77,085	10	Kottarakkara	1,631	1,093	429	21.10	13.70	1,176	1,767	1,767	16.56	16.56	
49,575	49,575	11	Pattanamparam	1,408	927	319	18.3	11.6	811	438	343	16.25	9.95	
88,970	88,970	12	Shencottan	1,438	935	443	20.46	11.90	1,200	1,088	102	16.14	9.23	
1,13,967	1,13,967	13	Quilon	2,335	1,633	692	29.36	23.5	1,760	1,513	247	30.79	28.17	
82,014	82,014	14	Kannur	1,630	1,061	469	19.7	13.4	1,549	1,065	484	15.41	13.52	
1,24,312	1,24,312	15	Karunagapalli	1,783	1,326	459	19.87	14.96	1,463	1,778	30	18.88	18.12	
94,751	94,751	16	Karungepalli	2,376	1,804	572	24.4	16.11	1,594	2,373	779	14.50	14.26	
1,16,541	1,16,541	17	Mavelikara	1,317	935	380	15.1	6.82	1,327	1,844	517	24.54	18.64	
1,08,540	1,08,540	18	Changanur	1,317	1,001	316	12.16	9.7	1,366	9.6	362	23.10	18.64	
1,41,976	1,41,976	19	Tiruvallur	1,317	1,001	316	14.14	11.06	1,478	1,490	188	12.58	9.24	
81,009	81,009	20	Ampalaputha	1,317	1,001	316	16.5	17.30	1,551	1,641	90	11.90	11.64	
1,40,845	1,40,845	21	Shertallay	1,317	1,001	316	16.2	8.80	1,711	1,431	280	22.84	2.18	
94,721	94,721	22	Vaitam	1,748	1,100	636	18.45	11.82	1,402	1,383	419	19.02	14.60	
94,879	94,879	23	Kottayam	1,048	711	327	11.43	8.56	1,196	1,078	118	11.97	14.60	
79,775	79,775	24	Kottayam	948	711	237	11.83	9.81	1,355	1,071	284	16.96	13.15	
94,367	94,367	25	Changanacherry	1,320	1,334	618	24.62	14.4	1,733	1,253	480	18.31	13.79	
70,706	70,706	26	Minachil	1,696	671	1,025	18.31	8.12	1,071	975	96	15.13	13.77	
1,27,121	1,27,121	27	Manattuputha	1,696	1,133	563	19.38	7.71	1,646	1,619	27	12.88	12.63	
32,571	32,571	28	Koduputha	442	919	333	13.2	3.46	401	769	368	12.31	23.60	
1,11,831	1,11,831	29	Kannad	1,576	1,044	486	18.2	8.72	1,704	1,555	149	15.26	12.44	
87,848	87,848	30	Alengad	1,011	857	184	11.11	11.73	1,042	787	255	12.58	10.64	
70,644	70,644	31	Parur	1,091	857	232	13.4	11.53	1,121	746	375	11.48	11.34	
21,339	21,339	32	Cardamom Hills	431	187	241	3.5	2.31	563	685	75	27.46	30.94	
2,11,107	2,11,107	Total		47,447	34,366	13,241	13.88	12.41	43,535	33,817	4,711	15.45	14.09	
55,772	55,772	1	Nagercoil	970	833	93	37.55	34.44	701	897	196	27.19	34.78	
57,472	57,472	2	Trivandrum	2,124	1,545	569	30.76	26.23	1,734	1,651	83	29.92	28.52	
15,801	15,801	3	Quilon	1,317	684	633	49.07	48.38	518	554	36	33.01	35.30	
12,471	12,471	4	Alleppey	430	677	247	18.51	20.76	1,131	965	166	49.60	34.72	
14,532	14,532	5	Kottayam	583	614	31	40.01	41.25	659	665	6	4.63	5.82	
1,38,125	1,38,125	13	Total	4,874	4,033	841	35.64	33.37	4,750	4,023	727	34.90	33.36	
29,72,137	29,72,137	20	Grand Total	52,321	38,530	13,482	17.75	13.42	48,314	43,449	4,865	16.38	15.01	

No. of Schools.		Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on roll at end of Audi.		Expenditure.				
1082.	1083.		1082	1083	Colleges.	High Schools.	Lower Secondary Schools.	Primary Schools.	Special Schools.
GOVERNMENT INSTITUTIONS.									
2	2	Arts Colleges	252	206	Rs. 73,906	Rs. 95,745	Rs. 1,37,921	Rs. 99,300	Rs. 70,971
1	1	Law College	118	163					
6	5	English High Schools for Boys	2,123	2,024					
1	1	Do. Do. Girls	425	459					
23	19	English Middle Schools for Boys	2,717	2,550					
3	3	Do. Do. Girls	1,674	1,653					
1	1	Vernacular High Schools for Boys	476	481					
55	57	Do. Do. Girls	16,152	16,850					
30	29	Vernacular Middle Schools for Boys	4,316	4,644					
57	57	Do. Do. Girls	7,544	8,054					
13	14	Upper Primary Schools for Boys	1,179	1,150					
230	227	Do. Do. Girls	15,002	16,416					
24	23	Lower Primary Schools for Boys	1,543	1,625					
6	6	Do. Do. Girls	126	113					
1	1	Training Schools	86	56					
2	2	Technical School	220	208					
2	2	Other Special Schools							
PRIVATE AIDED INSTITUTIONS.									
18	17	English High Schools for Boys	6,509	6,459	Rs. 50,908	Rs. 19,338	Rs. 1,01,625	Rs. 11,680	
2	2	Do. Do. Girls	654	693					
14	13	English Middle Schools for Boys	1,563	1,685					
7	7	Do. Do. Girls	936	933					
9	16	Vernacular Middle Schools for Boys	1,536	2,636					
5	8	Do. Do. Girls	438	842					
40	54	Upper Primary Schools for Boys	4,075	5,517					
16	12	Do. Do. Girls	1,504	1,212					
1080	1086	Lower Primary Schools for Boys	48,924	52,633					
88	92	Do. Do. Girls	4,495	4,730					
2	2	Training Schools	40	31					
16	15	Technical Schools	751	572					
PRIVATE UNAIDED INSTITUTIONS.									
2	2	Arts Colleges	173	164					
2	8	English High Schools for Boys	713	1,301					
14	17	English Middle Schools for Boys	817	994					
4	5	Do. Do. Girls	280	316					
1	5	Vernacular Middle Schools for Boys	22						
8	17	Do. Do. Girls	628	1,605					
1798	1731	Upper Primary Schools for Boys	67,254	66,246					
18	22	Do. Do. Girls	684	818					
3	2	Technical Schools		185					
	2	Other Special Schools	165	127					
3,551	3,573	Total	1,96,314	2,06,346	73,906	1,46,654	1,57,759	2,00,925	82,651

Statement showing the extent of wet and garden lands under different tenures in the taluks in which new taxes were collected in 1083 and in those which were settled in 1083 for collection of new taxes in 1084.

Taluk.	Tenures and extent of wet lands.				Tenures and extent of garden lands.						
	Pandaravagai and Sirkar Devawomvagai.		Sripadaravagai and Sripadamvagai.		Kandukrisibi.		Rent free.		Total.		
	Extent.	acres.	cents.	acres.	Extent.	acres.	cents.	acres.	Extent.	acres.	cents.
1 Eraniel	5,918 50	367 2	2,504 96	2 50	310 31	9,173 39	35,552 74	447 59	4,198 70	6,433 77	46,692 80
2 Kottarakara	10,716 50	3,688 32	...	...	969 77	15,374 59	39,186 54	3,140 57	...	3,835 29	46,062 40
3 Pathanapuram	8,632 83	1,937 73	...	...	1,026 47	11,597 3	22,353 63	1,190 51	...	3,895 72	27,311 56
4 Kunathur	12,443 86	2,458 32	...	...	528 19	15,440 37	42,112 9	4,516 13	...	888 82	47,508 24
5 Changanacherry-Kanjirapalli 84 numbers recently surveyed and settled	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 77	...	...	...	176 77
6 Peermade and Periyar	235 52	...	...	...	...	...	77 63	...	...	...	682 81
7 Kottayam	16,707 70	5,252 64	...	1,099 52	91 25	24,581 21	31,081 9	7,535 18	...	1,242 77	43,763 4
8 Ettumanur	12,061 80	5,218 11	...	84 88	1,164 81	18,599 6	37,165 53	6,416 93	40	1,770 46	45,492 92
9 Vaikam	20,044 83	7,410 51	...	...	1,811 87	29,672 1	23,086 76	6,781 57	...	1,137 18	34,625 51
10 Sbertallay	15,117 92	4,224 41	...	...	8 2	7,183 30	3,152 12	7,418 95	...	980 82	38,642 16
11 Parur	8,767 9	1,841 38	...	...	364 51	10,993 28	13,178 81	1,091 26	...	376 65	15,155 75

Statement showing the number of shops and the quantity of arrack issued for consumption in the several vend areas under the excise system (with the population and area) during the year 1083.

Taluks.	Population.	Area in square miles.	No. of shops in 1088.	Quantity consumed in proof gallons.						Consumption per head in 1083.	Average sales per shop in 1088.	Square miles per shop.	Population per shop.
				1082			1083						
				Jaggery arrack.	Toddy arrack.	Total.	Jaggery arrack.	Toddy arrack.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1. Thovala	32,410	115	16	2,008	...	2,008	2,531	...	2,531	4	158	7.1	2,025
2. Agastiswaram	93,513	94	19	4,661	...	4,661	4,853	...	4,853	2	255	4.9	4,022
3. Eraniel	1,10,181	98	25	3,594	...	3,594	3,638	...	3,638	2	146	3.9	4,406
4. Kalkulam	70,247	169	19	3,506	...	3,506	3,111	...	3,111	2	164	3.8	3,697
5. Vilavancode	79,584	197	39	3,272	...	3,272	3,721	...	3,721	2	95	3.5	2,040
6. Neyyattinkara	1,39,952	225	101	4,571	1,304	5,875	5,077	1,605	6,682	9	66	2.2	1,985
7. Trivandrum Town	57,882	10	34	6	9,675	9,681	...	11,144	11,144	9	328	3	1,702
8. Trivandrum Taluk excluding Town...	76,314	87	18	159	499	658	...	590	590	3	33	4.8	4,239
9. Nedumangad	67,771	366	51	560	1,302	1,862	1,416	739	2,185	2	43	7.1	1,328
10. Chirayinkil	1,12,823	147	55	...	1,389	1,389	...	1,771	1,771	7	34	2.6	2,551
11. Quilon	1,29,658	143	92	5,032	1,565	7,497	3,683	290	3,973	1	43	1.5	1,410
12. Kottarakara	77,065	202	34	1,255	...	1,255	663	...	663	4	19	5.9	2,266
13. Pathanapuram	49,575	426	13	1,072	...	1,072	828	...	828	1	64	32.7	3,814
14. Shenkottah	58,970	129	20	738	...	738	494	...	494	1	25	6.4	1,948
15. Kunnathur	82,014	172	18	713	6	719	719	6	725	4	40	9.5	4,558
16. Karunagappally	1,24,312	93	33	818	151	969	294	...	294	1	0	2.8	3,767
17. Karthigappally	96,755	74	9	1,690	45	1,735	766	24	700	4	88	8.2	10,750
18. Mavalikara	1,16,541	111	52	2,630	102	2,132	940	3	943	4	18	2.1	2,242
19. Chengamoor	1,08,540	759	1	1,757	222	1,975	602	...	602	3	602	758	108,540
20. Thiruvalla	1,40,926	172	51	2,511	95	2,606	1,276	13	1,289	4	25	3.3	2,768
21. Ampalapuzha in- cluding Alleppey Town...	1,05,927	116	9	822	251	1,073	507	...	507	2	56	12.8	11,769
Total.....	19,10,940	3,844	709	41,670	16,607	58,277	35,149	16,285	51,434	1	73	5.4	2,695

APPENDIX XXVIII

Statement showing the number of toddy shops in the several excise tracts with their population and area during the year 1983.

Taluks.	Population.	Area in square miles.	Number of shops.	Square miles per shop.	Population per shop.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Thovala	32,410	115	14	8	2,315
2. Agastiswaram	93,513	94	17	6	5,500
3. Eraniel	1,10,161	98	21	5	5,245
4. Kalkulam	70,247	169	19	9	3,697
5. Viluvancode	79,584	137	24	6	3,316
6. Neyyattinkara	1,39,952	225	120	2	1,166
7. Trivandrum excluding Town	76,314	87	72	1	1,059
8. Nedunangad	67,771	366	87	4	778
9. Chirayinkil	1,12,823	147	181	1	623
10. Trivandrum Town	57,882	19	44	2	1,315
11. Quilon	1,29,658	143	573	2	226
12. Kottarakara	77,065	202	172	1	448
13. Pathanapuram	49,575	426	59	7	840
14. Shenkottah	38,970	129	10	13	3,897
15. Kunnathur	82,014	172	140	1	586
16. Karunagapally	1,24,312	93	308	3	403
17. Karthikapally	96,755	74	343	2	282
18. Mavelikara	1,16,541	111	254	3	329
19. Chengannur	1,05,540	758	200	4	542
20. Thiruvallah	1,40,926	172	193	6	480
21. Ambalapuzha	1,05,927	116	519	2	204
Total...	19,10,940	8,814	3,570	1.07	535

APPENDIX XXIX.

Statement showing the rentals and the number of shops in tracts under the farming system during the year 1983.

Taluks.	Rentals.	Population.	Area in square miles.	Number of shops.	Square miles per shop.	Population per shop.	Incidence of rent per head of population.		
	Rs.						Rs.	ch.	c.
Shertalla	34,040	1,40,888	118	422	2	333	6	10	6
Vyome	35,270	94,721	109	674	1	140	6	6	4
Ettumanur	21,305	94,869	137	216	6	485	9	8	8
Kottayam	32,000	91,327	173	323	5	292	11	2	3
Changanachery and Peermade	37,600	94,307	502	456	1	206	9	3	3
Meenachil	23,275	70,706	223	121	2	584	7	7	7
Muvattupuzha	34,000	1,27,721	398	92	4	1,388	12	13	13
Thodupuzha and Devicolum	24,890	51,160	1,230	27	45	2,066	5	8	8
Kunyatnad	23,200	1,24,974	242	186	1	671	7	10	10
Alengad	20,280	73,900	100	113	1	653	14	10	10
Parur	37,000	70,645	54	141	3	501	8	10	10
Total	3,22,860	10,11,218	3,236	2,771	1.18	375	8	10	10

Government of Madras.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

74

Head.

Regd

} 1909.

Enclosures

Spare copies

G.O., No. 195, 27th April 1909.

Travancore Administration Report.

Recording letter from the Resident in Travancore and Cochin forwarding
for the year 1083 M.E. (1907-1908). s of the

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Read—the following paper :—

Letter—from LIONEL DAVIDSON, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Resident in Travancore and Cochin.

To—the Chief Secretary to Government.

Dated—Trivandrum, the 19th January 1909.

No.—Dis. 23.

In continuation of my letter R. O. C. No. 2168, dated 4th December 1908, submitting an advance copy of the Travancore Administration report for 1908, I have the honour to submit 20 spare copies of the same.

Order—No. 195, Political, dated 27th April 1909.

Recorded.

(True Extract.)

C. J. WHIR,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

To the Resident in Travancore and Cochin.
,, Government of India, Foreign department,
with copies of the report (with C.L.)

NOTES CONNECTED WITH G.O., No. 195, POLITICAL, DATED
27TH APRIL 1909.

[SUBJECT.—*Travancore Administration Report for 1907-1908.*]

Previous papers.

<i>Letter</i>	724, Political,	31st October	1884.
<i>G.O.,</i>	43, 44	" 18th January	1900.
"	213, 214	" 22nd April	1904.
"	1627 M.,	19th September	"
"	191, Political,	6th April	1905.
"	231	" 2nd "	1906.
"	281	" 13th June	1907.
"	204	" 28th April	1908.
"	3059, Revenue,	8th November	"
<i>Letter</i>	1593 L.,	30th "	"
<i>G.O.,</i>	145, Political,	15th March	1909.
"	153	" 22nd "	"

From the Resident in Travancore and Cochin, dated 19th January 1909, Dis. No. 23.

Copies of the administration report may be referred to—

- (1) Revenue.
- (2) Judicial.
- (3) Public Works (General).
- (4) Public Works (Railway).
- (5) Financial.
- (6) Local and Municipal.
- (7) Public.
- (8) Educational.

for favour of remarks regarding

- (1) Land revenue, surveys, revenue settlement, forests, trade, salt, abkari, opium, stamps and customs.
- (2) Police, factories, Arms Act rules, justice, jails and registration.
- (3) Public works.
- (4) Railways.
- (5) Revenue and finance.
- (6) Sanitation and vaccination.
- (7) Medical services.
- (8) Education.

H.W.—25-1-09.

V.S.M.—28-1-09.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Under Secretary—

Land Revenue.—There was an increase of

Para. 6 and 7 of report at page 2.

The continued improvement in collection is satisfactory.

L. M. WYNCK—27-2-09.

Rs. 47,611 in the net land revenue demand. The percentage of current collection in the year under review is a little less than 99 per cent. against 98 per cent. in the previous year. The arrear demand was Rs. 2,11,595 against Rs. 3,75,514 in the previous year, namely 68 per cent. of which was either collected or written off.

2. *Commerce processes.*—Although there was a decline in the number of demand notices and of distraints and attachments, the number of sales rose both in the case of movable property and of immovable property, 30 against 14 in the former and 271 against 79 in the latter.

Para. 8 at page 3 of report.

3. *Revenue cases.*—The percentage of cases of puidaval and transfer of registry disposed of in the year were respectively 64 and 94 against 32 and 62 in the previous year.

Para. 9 at page 3 of report.

4. *Waste lands.*—To prevent the delays noticed in the disposal of applications for waste lands and to facilitate the occupation of such lands the Darbar have modified the rules relating to the waste lands.

Para. 9 at pages 3 and 4 of report.

Para. 11 at page 4 of report.

No use of the Loans' Act is made in Malabar.

F. NOYCE—28-2-09.

6. *Irrigation cess.*—The Darbar resolved during the year to impose a uniform cess of Rs. 1 per acre on all registered wet lands commanded by the Kodayar project and also on all registered dry land garden lands which had been or were to be converted to wet lands.

Para. 12 at page 4 of report and para. 78 at page 24 of report.

7. *Kistbandi.*—The Darbar have effected a change in the kist months, as the kist months hitherto in force were found by experience to be somewhat too early.

Para. 12 at page 5 of report.

8. *Survey and Land Records (pages 5, 6 of the report).*—Except certain special and miscellaneous surveys the general survey operations of State are the reported to have been completed. The Land Records staff which commenced work during the year under report found itself helpless as there were enormous arrears in the maintenance work of the already settled taluks. It seems that unless special establishments are entertained for

Para. 13 at page 5 of report.

work preliminary to regular maintenance, the arrears cannot be completed by the permanent Land Records staff within a reasonable time. Further, it is not also clear why the Land Records staff was detailed for special duty while its legitimate work is said to be hopelessly in arrears.

Para. 14 at page 6 of report.

9. *Settlement (page 6 of the Diwan's report).*—The settlement operations extended over the 13 taluks which were remaining to be settled on the last day of the year 1082 M.E. The new rates are reported to have been introduced in the remaining five taluks are stated to be in different stages of progress when the year closed. Under the new system introduced in April 1905, completion of work in eight taluks during the year is the highest outturn hitherto turned out by the Settlement department.

Para. 15 of report and para. 23 at page 6 of report for 1082 M. E.

The improvement may be noted with satisfaction. Settlement operations have, I believe, been long pending.

L.M.W.—27-2-09.

Para. 30 of the report for 1082 M.E.

Para. 16 of report.

The mistake may be pointed out.

F.N.—25-2-09.

L.M.W.—27-2-09.

11. *Forests (pages 19—22 of the report).*—The Diwan's report shows that the Darbar attaches great importance to the scientific development of the forests. The work of demarcation of the forests. The work of demarcation should be pushed through to completion and the Conservator has been ordered to devote his special attention to the matter. The Darbar also realises the necessity to bring gradually all areas under a regular system of fire-protection by cutting and tracing fire lines and employing a larger patrolling staff. It is also

Para. 63 of report at page 20.

satisfactory to note that the quantity of forest produce removed by private individuals has increased from 66,387 cubic feet last year to 112,827 cubic feet this year. Two sentences occurring in the Diwan's report are worthy of note: "The Darbar attaches no importance to the small increase in the net revenue."

Para. 64 of report.

Para. 67 *ibid.*

Para. 70 *ibid.*

What is wanted in the Forest department more than "anything else, is to work scientifically and carefully conserve existing forests". The Government may perhaps note with a satisfaction this attitude of the Darbar.

Para. 71, page 22.

Yes.

F.N.—25-2-09.

L.M.W.—27-2-09.

12. *Excise—Abkari.*—With reference to the remarks in paragraph 5 of the last year's review (G.O., No. 204, dated 28th April 1908), the Darbar now gives talukwar statements of the

Pages 29 and 30 of the report.

number of arrack shops and the quantity of the liquor consumed and the number of toddy shops in the tracts where the excise system was in force (Appendices XXVII and XXVIII). During the year there were in existence 709 arrack shops in the excise tracts which gave an average of 5.4 square miles and 2,695 persons per shop. There were during the year 3,570 toddy shops in the excise area which gave an average of 1 square mile and 535 persons per shop. The number of shops is too numerous as will be seen from a comparison of the following figures:—

Country spirits.

	Number of square miles.	Number of shops opened.	Square miles per shop.	Population per shop.
Appendix XXVII of the report.				
Travancore	3,814	709	5.4	2,695
Tinnevely	5,389	372	14.5	5,537
Madura	8,701	484	18.0	5,850
Tanjore	3,710	209	17.7	10,742
Malabar	4,772	660	7.2	4,066

Toddy.

	Number of square miles.	Number of shops opened.	Square miles per shop.	Population per shop.
Appendix XXVIII of report.				
Travancore	3,844	3,570	1.07	535
Tinnevely	5,389	768	7.0	2,380
Madura	8,701	942	9.2	2,682
Tanjore	3,710	1,968	1.9	1,144
Malabar	5,795	1,439	3.3	1,874

The Darbar reports that the necessity of reducing the number of shops has already engaged its attention and that substantial reduction has been made of both arrack and toddy shops

Para. 29 of the report.

There appears to be scope for further reduction still.

L.M.W.—27-2-09.

Para. 91 of the report, page 29.

Id.

F.N.—25-2-09.

L.M.W.—27-2-09.

13. *Consumption.*—It has not been possible to furnish figures of consumption of toddy in both excise and non-excise tracts and of arrack in the non-excise tracts. During the year under review the consumption of arrack in the excise tracts was 51,434 gallons against 58,277 gallons in 1082 M.E. consumption of spirits in Travancore compares as follows with that in the British territory:—

	Population.	Quantity consumed.	Consumption per head.
Appendix XXVII.			
Page 27 of the Administration report in G.O., 3050, 8th November 1908.			
Travancore	1,910,940	51,434	0.026
Tinnevely	2,059,607	41,437	0.020
Madura	2,831,280	49,651	0.020
Tanjore	2,245,029	41,486	0.018
Malabar	2,682,660	60,340	0.022

Consumption is high in the State when compared with that in British districts.

14. *Opium.*—The average retail price per tola has been 21 ch. 7o (or 11 annas nearly).

The price in British territories, except in certain particular tracts, ranged in 1907–1908 from Rs. 6–4 to Rs. 14–6. It is reported that in some of the northern taluks of the State the retail price was so low as to indicate smuggling. Steps are being taken by the Darbar to put down this illicit practice.

Para. 95 at page 30 of the report.

K.R.N.—8-2-09. D.A.—17-2-09.

V.A.A.—9-2-09. M.G.—20-2-09.

C.R.V.—14-2-09. S.S.—20-2-09.

Secretary—

Paragraph 14 reads badly. If the maintenance work was already much in arrears, special efforts should have been made during the year to prevent it falling further back. The Land

Records staff should have been kept to this, instead of being detailed for the survey of the Kanan Devan Hills. It is not explained why "the staff found itself practically helpless". Some one would seem to want waking up.

L.M.W.—27-2-09.

F. NOYCE—25-2-09.

L. M. WYNCH—27-2-09.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

POLICE.—I. Disturbances of the public peace.—There was a serious disturbance of the public peace in Trivandrum in June 1908. Newspapers say that the offenders concerned received deterrent sentences. The Darbar have now under consideration the question of amending their Police Regulation so as to make provision for the appointment of additional police in disturbed areas at the cost of the inhabitants thereof.

II. Reorganisation of the Police Department.—The department was reorganised during the year the members thereof getting now increased rates of pay. The minimum pay of the constabulary has been raised from Rs. 6 to Rs. 7. The minimum pay of constables in the Madras Presidency is Rs. 8.

Criminal Justice.—Of the 64 juveniles convicted only one was sent to the Reformatory. It is observed that the High Court have issued instructions impressing on the magistracy the desirability of committing these offenders to the Reformatory.

Notwithstanding the instructions in the matter the number of public servants prosecuted showed an increase. Steps are being taken to impress on all concerned the necessity of using greater discretion in the institution of criminal proceedings against them.

Jails.—The increase in the number of under-trial prisoners (from 46 in 1082 to 233 in 1083) admitted is explained as being due to the Trivandrum riots. Jail offences which showed an increase last year have decreased.

Civil Justice.—The institutions in all classes of courts showed a slight decrease during the year. Notwithstanding increased disposals arrears of ordinary suits have increased. The work of the District Courts, it is said, has not been adequate. The number of appeals disposed of in District Courts showed an improvement and arrears have been reduced. No other remarks seem called for.

S.P.—6-2-09.

Arrears in Civil Courts seem heavy, considering the size of the State.

C. A. SOUTER—8-2-09.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT (RAILWAY).

The contract, dated the 27th June 1901, between the Secretary of State and the South Indian Railway Company for working the Travancore Branch of the South Indian Railway prescribes that after meeting interest charges on the capital raised for the construction of the line, the residue of net earnings is to be divided between the Secretary of State and the Company in the proportions in which the residue of the net revenue receipts of the undertaking are divisible under the principal contract. If the net earnings are not sufficient to meet the interest charges of any half-year, the deficiency attributable to the section of the railway within the Native State of Travancore is to be borne by the Secretary of State, and that attributable to the section of the railway outside the Native State is to be borne by the Secretary of State and the Company, in the proportions in which the residue of such net revenue receipts would have been divisible between them, had there been any such residue.

As between Government and the Native State of Travancore the latter has underwritten the guarantee of interest to the extent of the Capital required for the construction of the line lying in its State, any excess of net earnings over interest charges attributable thereto being made over to and any deficiency being met by the Native State.

2. The following table shows the gross earnings, the net earnings and interest charges since the calendar year 1905, from which it will be seen that the figures given in paragraph 87 of the report by the Diwan of Travancore are correct:—

Calendar year.	Total capital outlay.		Gross earnings.	Net earnings.	
	British section.	Native State section.		British section.	Native State section.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1905	RS. 43,40,925	RS. 1,17,81,077	RS. 4,86,757	RS. 68,344	RS. 1,80,263
1906	43,62,235	1,18,26,747	4,97,643	61,824	1,60,656
1907	43,86,635	1,18,07,091	5,97,098	84,209	2,20,652

Calendar year.	Interest charges.		Gain or loss pertaining to each calendar year.		Native State section.
	British section.	Native State section.	South Indian Railway Company.	State.	
	7	8	9	10	11
1905	RS. 1,49,278	RS. 3,99,750	RS. 13,234	RS. 67,695	RS. 2,18,787
1906	1,49,700	3,98,925	13,939	73,937	2,38,270
1907	1,50,301	3,98,773	10,269	55,823	1,78,121

C.A.C.—9-2-09.

G.D.P.—9-2-09.

F. D. FOWLER—9-2-09.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The railway is not yet a paying concern. But matters are improving; for in M.E. 1082 the net charge was 2.42 lakhs, while in M.E. 1083 it fell to 1.81.

2. No special remarks.

T.H.R.—6-2-09.

C. M. SCHMIDT—8-2-09.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Vital Statistics.

The recorded rate of births and deaths in the Travancore State rose from 13.42 and 15.01 per mille of the population to 17.75 and 16.38 per mille respectively. The increase in the death-rate was due in part to the prevalence of diarrhoea of an acute kind in several places. As observed by the Diwan in paragraph 110 of his report, there is still considerable room for improvement in the registration of vital statistics. The registered rates in Travancore yet compare unfavourably with those recorded in the adjoining British districts, as will be seen from the following statement:—

	Ratio of births per mille.	Ratio of deaths per mille.
Travancore State	17.75	16.38
Malabar district (rural areas)	32.5	38.7
Madura do. (do.)	21.8	17.0
Tinnevely do. (do.)	32.8	24.5
Coimbatore do. (do.)	25.8	20.2
Standard rates	42.45	33.70

Statement VI on page 25 of the report on sanitation for 1907.

Page 3 of G.O., 1627 M., 19th September 1904.

Yes.

A.B.

Registration of vital statistics would seem to be still defective.

Vaccination.

The total number of persons vaccinated rose from 140,171 or 47.5 per mille of the population to 150,833 or 51.9 per mille.

Page 48, paragraph 111 of the report. Infantile vaccination however declined, the total number of children under one year successfully vaccinated being 8,697 or 2.9 per mille of the population against 9,585 or 3.2 per mille in the previous year. The vaccination figures for Travancore State are compared below with those of the adjoining British districts and the average for the Presidency:—

	Ratio of successful vaccinations in 1907-1908 per mille of the population.	Number of infants protected from small-pox in 1907-1908.	Ratio of number of infants successfully vaccinated per mille of population in 1907-1908.	Number of births recorded in 1907.	Percentage of the number of infants successfully vaccinated in 1907-1908 to number of births recorded in 1907.
* Column 26 of statement XXIV on page 225 of the General Local Fund report for 1907-1908.	Travancore State ..	8,697	2.9	82,321	16.6
† Columns 28 and 29 of statement XXIV on page 225 of the General Local Fund report for 1907-1908.	Malabar district (rural areas).	9,341†	3.6†	83,602	11.2
	Madura district (rural areas).	39,109†	14.7†	54,372	71.9
	Tinnevely district (rural areas).	59,883†	20.7†	51,989	76.7
	Coimbatore district (rural areas).	31,495†	14.9†	52,691	59.7
	Rural areas in the Presidency.	483,117†	13.7†	982,707	40.1

K.V.—8-2-09.

Infantile vaccination is greatly neglected.

A.B.—12-2-09.

Infantile vaccination compares favourably with Malabar, but is poor as compared with the other districts mentioned above.

K.V.V.—9-2-09.

N.C.—10-2-09.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Secretary—

The number of hospitals and dispensaries in Travancore during the year under report was 55† against 610 in the Madras Presidency. Appendix XXXIII on page 1411 of Part 2—Statements. † Excludes Lunatic Asylum and Jail hospitals. ‡ Paragraph 6 of G.O., 833, Public, 7th October 1908.

2. The total number of patients treated in all the institutions in Travancore (excluding the Lunatic Asylum and Jail hospitals) was 724,295. The percentage of population treated was 24.56 against 14.84 in the Madras Presidency.

Appendix XXXIII on page 1411 of Part 2—Statements. † Paragraph 6 of G.O., 833, Public, 7th October 1908.

Paragraph 12 on page 6 of the Madras report.

4. There has been no change in the Medical establishment, and it does not appear therefore necessary to repeat the comparison made on page 4 of the notes to G.O., No. 204, Political, dated 28th April 1908.

The case may be returned to Political.

N.K.—16-2-09.

C.S.S.—17-2-09.

E. F. THOMAS—17-2-09.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

The educational statistics of the State for the years 1907 and 1908 are compared below:—

Vital statements—Appendix XXV on page 14v of Part 2 of the report.

* The corresponding figures given in the note on page 7 of K.W. G.O., 204, Political, 28th April 1908, were 453 and 1851. The figures given in Appendix XXV have been adopted in the abstract given in this note.

K.R.—25-2-09.

	1907.		1908.	
	Schools.	Scholars.	Schools.	Scholars.
State	454*	53,953	448	56,652
Aided	1,247*	71,425	1,324	77,943
Unaided	1,850*	70,938	1,801	71,761
Total	3,551	196,314	3,573	206,346

On the whole, there was an increase of 22 schools and of 10,032 scholars. There was again a slight decline in the number of schools maintained by the State, but their strength rose considerably. Aided schools rose both in number and in strength. In the case of unaided schools there was a fall in number, but the strength rose slightly.

2. The net direct expenditure on education during the year rose from Rs. 4,89,868 to Rs. 5,62,854. Of this, 37 per cent. was spent on primary education against 35.58 per cent. in the previous year. The percentage of expenditure incurred on secondary education also increased slightly.

3. The number of schools for backward classes was 370 or 63 more than in the previous year. This number includes schools for Muhammadans who were for the first time brought on the list of backward classes during the year under review. The total amount of grants sanctioned to the schools for Muhammadans was Rs. 3,960.

4. Female education also showed an advance, the percentage of girls to the female school-going population having risen to nearly 15 per cent. against 14 per cent. in the previous year. It is hoped that with the organisation of a separate inspecting agency for girls' schools a further improvement may be looked for.

C.S.—25-2-09.

Page 51 of Part 1 of the report.

5. The chief educational events of the year are detailed in paragraph 119 of the report.

K.R.—25-2-09.

C.A.S.—26-2-09.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

In G.O., No. 17, Political, dated 11th January 1909, it was decided not to review the Administration reports of Native States in this Presidency in future and Political officers were informed that if the Government considered that advice is required on any points they will address separate communications to them on the subject.

2. In the present report there appear to be no special points calling for attention. The subjects noticed in the Revenue Department note, viz., Survey and Land Records, Settlement, the mistake regarding the number of Settlement parties, the Darbar's policy regarding forest conservation, and the reduction of the number of arrack and toddy shops in the State do not seem to be of sufficient importance to require special mention or are already receiving the attention of the Department.

Draft order submitted.

H.W.—25-3-09.

V.S.M.—29-3-09.

Please put up the reviews for the last five years, type out below here the concluding compliment of each year, and draw up a table of the deficits for the five years.

A. GALLETT—29-3-09.

G.O., 213 4, Political, 22nd April 1904.
 " 191 " 6th " 1905.
 " 231 " 2nd " 1906.
 " 281 " 13th June 1907.
 " 204 " 28th April 1908.

The orders reviewing the Administration reports of the Travancore State for the past five years are put up.

The revenue and expenditure of the State for the past five years is as shown below :—

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure	—
	RS.	RS.	RS.
1903-1904	98,67,663	1,08,80,130	— 4,22,467
1904-1905	91,98,845	1,02,94,363	— 7,95,518
1905-1906	94,91,160	1,04,10,861	— 9,19,701
1906-1907	1,01,72,816	1,03,76,478	— 2,03,662
1907-1908	1,05,32,128	1,04,76,218	+ 66,910

Page 4 of notes of G.O., 113, Political, 22nd March 1909.

The concluding compliments in each year's order are as follows :—

1902-1903. " In conclusion the Government endorse the Resident's commendation of the work of the retiring Diwan. Diwan Bahadur K. Krishnaswami Rao and can. from their knowledge of the facts, appreciate the accuracy of the Diwan's references to the wise guidance, the sound judgment and great solicitude for the public good of His Highness the Maharaja and to the sympathetic attitude of the Resident."

1903-1904. " *Reform in the Financial system.*—The Government note the progress that has been made in the matter of reforming the accounts system of the State.

In all other essentials, however, the administration of Travancore has continued to be generally satisfactory and the year 1903-1904 was signalised in particular by the completion of the branch railway which traverses the State, by the further progress made in the construction of a great irrigation work which will, it is estimated, ensure the regular supply of water to 50,000 acres of land, and by a record revenue indicative not of new burdens laid on the people but of the ever increasing prosperity of a favoured territory under a prudent administration.

1904-1905. " *Conclusion.*—The year on the whole was one of marked progress and the Government observe with great pleasure the continued improvement in the methods of administering the State in several respects.

1905-1906. " *Conclusion.*—The Governor in Council fully agrees with the Resident that the year's report gives evidence of steady progress. His Excellency in Council feels confident that the administration of Travancore will continue to maintain its tradition of efficiency combined with moderation in its demands on the tax-payer under His Highness the Maharaja, whose deep sense of his responsibilities, close knowledge of the machinery of Government, long experience and moderating influence secure to the people of Travancore the benefits of a progressive administration, which is not unmindful of the best traditions of the past."

1906-1907. " *Conclusion.*—The Governor in Council has much pleasure in observing that there was progress in many branches of the administration in the past year. The growing prosperity of the State is the appropriate reward of the unremitting efforts of His Highness the Maharaja to better the lot of his subjects."

H.W.—30-3-09.

V.S.M.—30-3-09.

Chief Secretary—

Mr. Carr mentioned to me the other day that His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore seemed rather sorry the reviewing of the Travancore Administration reports was going to be stopped and that His Highness keeps a personal file of these Government reviews. Presumably the compliments to himself with which it has been the custom to conclude them please him. I noticed when the Travancore State Manual was recently published that some of these compliments were given a prominent place in it.

2. Submitted that there will be no harm in conveying to His Highness through the Resident some expression of the Government's pleasure on perusing the present report. It is a very satisfactory report—the most satisfactory for some years. The finances are righting themselves and the recurring deficits of the last few years have given place to a surplus. The work of the Revenue department used to appear unsatisfactory, even on paper; but this year, it will be

observed from the Revenue department's notes, there is little to criticise. In particular settlement operations are now being carried out with some energy. The old delays were scandalous: the settlement scheme was framed in 1883 and the settlement was expected to be complete by 1888. In 1903, 48 lakhs had been spent without a single taluk being completely settled!

3. Perhaps a brief demi-official might go to the Resident asking him to congratulate His Highness on another year of successful administration and especially on the restoration of a surplus and the better progress of the settlement.

4. I am afraid the attack of a crowd at Trivandrum on the police which seems to have had some justification in the conduct of the force, His Highness' refusal to show himself when the crowd went to him to represent its grievances, and the long sentences passed on all the rioters indiscriminately, neither advanced His Highness' prestige nor increased his popularity, which still appears, however, to be great.

A.G.—31-3-09.

Let me see the order which was passed the other day on the Pudukkottai report.

Chief Secretary—

C. J. WEIR—1-4-09.

Copy of G.O., No. 145, Political, dated 15th March 1909, submitted.

V.S.M.—2-4-09.

His Excellency the Governor—

A.G.—2-4-09.

For orders.

There seems to be nothing in the report which calls for our advice. A little paragraph appreciative of the administration couched in general terms might issue, but once we begin this it will be difficult to know where to stop, and it will be expected every year.

C.J.W.—3-4-09.

I would certainly send a demi-official of appreciative tenor. Its omission would not be understood for we have always made some comment or other on the year's administration and, even if it is expected every year, it is better, I think, to avoid any risk of misunderstanding.

A. L. [AWLEY]—4-4-09.

Draft.

C.J.W.—6-4-09.

Please type draft.

A.G.—7-4-09.

Chief Secretary—

The following demi-official is submitted :—

" I am directed to request you to inform the Travancore Darbar that His Excellency the Governor in Council has perused the Administration Report for M.E. 1083 with much satisfaction, and is particularly glad to observe that financial equilibrium has been restored and that the settlement operations are now making good progress. You should convey to the Darbar His Excellency in Council's congratulations on yet another year of successful administration."

A.G.—8-4-09.

Issue.

C.J.W.—10-4-09.

[Demi-official, dated 16th April 1909.]

A draft order recording the Administration report is submitted.

H.W.—26-4-09.

V.S.M.—27-4-09.

[G.O., No. 195, Political, dated 27th April 1909.]

