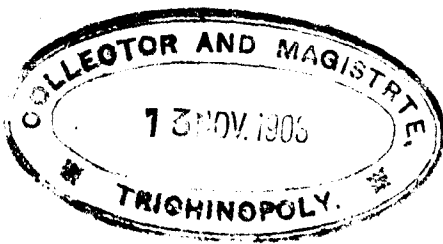


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REPORT

ON THE



ADMINISTRATION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE

IN THE

MADRAS PRESIDENCY

FOR THE YEAR

1902.



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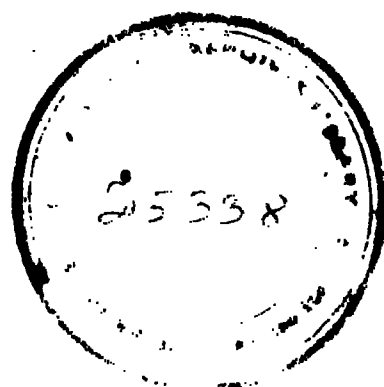
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REPORT
ON THE
ADMINISTRATION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE
IN THE
MADRAS PRESIDENCY
FOR THE YEAR
1902.

I.—TRIBUNALS.

In the Presidency Town there was no change in the courts which exercised criminal jurisdiction. In the mufassal, 4,492 Village Magistrates, 59 Bench Magistrates, 3 Cantonment Magistrates, 44 Special Magistrates, 483 Subordinate Magistrates, 91 Sub-Divisional Magistrates with appellate powers, 21 District Magistrates, 20 Sessions Judges, 1 Additional Sessions Judge and 2 Assistant Sessions Judges exercised criminal jurisdiction. There were 3 Sessions and 2 Additional Sessions Judges for the agencies as before. Courts exercising jurisdiction.

A Sub-Magistrate's Court was established at Pernamallur in Wandiwash taluk in the North Arcot district from 1st April 1902 (*vide* G.O., No. 549, Revenue, dated 27th June 1901).

There was again a slight decrease (64) in the number of Village Magistrates who tried cases during the year, but the decrease was not particularly marked in any district.

Sixty-four Tahsildars not ordinarily invested with powers under section 190, Criminal Procedure Code, exercised powers under that section.

II.—STATE OF CRIME.

2. The number of offences reported during the year, as compared with the previous year, shows a decrease of 631 under the Indian Penal Code, and an increase of 3,575 under Special and Local Laws. Offences reported.

3. Under the Penal Code, the decrease is to be found chiefly under theft (— 2,716), offences affecting public health, etc. (— 1,427) and criminal trespass (— 841). Offences under the Indian Penal Code.

The decrease in the number of thefts, which is noticeable chiefly in North Arcot, Madras, Chingleput and Nellore, is reported to be due mainly to the favourable character of the season. The number of offences affecting public health, etc., decreased largely in the Ganjam district, and the District Magistrate attributes this to the good effect of deterrent punishments inflicted in the previous year.

There was a perceptible decrease in the number of grave crimes. Offences affecting life decreased by 78, and robberies and dacoities by 145. This is reported to be partly due to the favourable season, and partly to the enforcement of preventive measures under the Criminal Procedure Code. There was however a slight increase in the number of grave crimes in the Chingleput, Madura and Nellore districts.

There was an increase in robberies and dacoities in Chingleput and this is attributed by the District Magistrate to the insufficiency of the Police force.

There was an increase of offences under the Indian Penal Code under the headings criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance (+ 1,989), contempt of lawful authority of public servants (+ 1,567), hurt (+ 614) and criminal force and assault (+ 283), mischief (+ 115) and offences relating to marriage (+ 105).

As regards criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance, the increase is found for the most part in Madras, Tanjore and Chingleput. In Madras it is said to be due to the distinction that used to be made between "insult" under the Indian Penal Code, and "abuse" under the Police Act. Prior to April 1902, if the offence occurred in a public place, it was treated as "abuse"; if in a private place, it was treated as "insult." But from April 1902, this distinction was ignored, and all parties applying for the issue of summons on account of abusive language whether in a public or private place were granted summonses for "insult." Hence the increase in Madras under this head. The District Magistrate of Tanjore is unable to explain the increase under this head in his district. The District Magistrate, Chingleput, explains the increase in his district as due to the Village Magistrates not exercising the powers conferred on them by Regulation XI of 1816; instead of disposing of cases of a trivial nature, such as abusive language, petty assaults and affrays, they refer the aggrieved parties to the Sub-Magistrates, whose files, in consequence, become unduly heavy.

Offences under the heading of "contempt of lawful authority of public servants" increased in South Canara, Bellary and North Arcot on account of the plague regulations in force there. These regulations were frequently infringed, and numerous prosecutions resulted.

Offences
under Special
and Local
Laws.

4. Offences under Special and Local laws show an increase chiefly under the Towns Nuisances Act, the District Municipalities Act, and the Workman's Breach of Contract Act, XIII of 1859:—

Towns Nuisances Act.—There is an increase of 4,726 cases under this Act, nearly half of which arose in Coimbatore. The District Magistrate attributes the increase to the vigorous prosecution of cases by the agencies of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and to the special deputation of a Deputy Magistrate to dispose of nuisance cases in the town of Coimbatore. There was an increase also under this head in the districts of Anantapur, Kurnool and Malabar where it is ascribed to the stricter enforcement of the Act on account of the approach of plague. The vigilance of the police is assigned as the general reason for the increase in other districts.

District Municipalities Act.—The number of cases under this Act increased by 1,435. The increase is chiefly found in Gódvári and Madura. In the former district it is ascribed to the rigorous enforcement of the Act during the year,—especially in Ellore, where the municipal council is reported to have lately awakened to a sense of responsibility in this direction,—and in the latter to numerous prosecutions for arrears of taxation in Dindigul.

The Workman's Breach of Contract Act, XIII of 1859.—Under this Act there is an increase of 1,361 cases. The increase in Malabar (290 cases) is reported to be due to the good wages that coolies were enabled to earn on the railway extension works, and to the favourable season for cultivation in their own districts. These causes led many of them to remain in the plains instead of going to Wynaad to work out their contracts. A similar reason—the good wages obtainable on the new ghat road to Yercaud—is assigned as an explanation for the increase (219) in the number of offences under this head in the Salem district.

There was, however, a large decrease of 6,095 cases under the City Police Act. This decrease has been to a large extent explained already (*vide* paragraph 3 *supra*); the figure for the year under report is almost the same as the average for the last five years. The figure for 1901 was unusually high.

Under the Salt Act also there was a decrease of 1,055 cases. This is generally attributed to the heavy rains. In South Arcot the decrease is stated to be partly

due to slackness on the part of the preventive staff, but mainly to the good harvest of ground-nut which afforded labour to those that were otherwise likely to offend against the Act.

5. The proportion of complaints rejected under section 203 of the Criminal Procedure Code to the total number reported shows a slight decrease as compared with the previous year. There was an increase in the number of cases struck off as false.

Complaints
rejected
under section
203, Criminal
Procedure
Code.

6. The percentage of convictions in cases brought to trial was 24.36 in the case of offences under the Indian Penal Code, and 85.96 in the case of offences under Special and Local laws, the average percentages for the five years preceding being 26.26 and 85.36, respectively.

Percentage of
convictions.

III.—BUSINESS IN THE COURTS.

1. ALL COURTS TOGETHER EXCLUDING VILLAGE MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

7. The total number of cases and appeals instituted during the year, excluding those in Village Magistrates' Courts, amounted to 305,344 and 10,437, respectively, thus showing a slight increase in the former and a slight decrease in the latter as compared with the previous year.

Cases and
appeals
instituted.

8. One hundred and seventeen European British subjects were brought before the courts for trial, of whom 56 were convicted, 36 under the Indian Penal Code and the remainder under Special and Local laws.

European
British
subjects.

9. There was a further increase during the year in preventive and miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code, chiefly under the security for good behaviour sections, 1,470 persons being ordered to give security for good behaviour against 1,214 in the previous year. The increase was largest in Madura district and in the Vizagapatam Agency. The Agent to the Governor, Vizagapatam, attributes the marked decrease in crime generally in the agency to the imprisonment of over 150 habitual criminals for failure to give security for good behaviour.

Miscel-
laneous
proceedings.

2. VILLAGE MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

10. There was a further fall in the number of cases instituted (from 10,735 to 9,971) during the year under report. The decrease was chiefly in North Arcot and Salem, but the variations are slight. 16,438 persons were under trial, of whom 5,643 were convicted, 4,073 being imprisoned and the rest confined in stocks. 274 cases were pending at the end of the year as against 346 in the previous year.

Cases
received.

3. REGULAR MAGISTRATES' COURTS IN THE MUFASSAL.

A.—ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

11. The number of cases instituted during the year was 238,780 against 229,205 in the previous year, thus showing an increase of 9,575 cases. The increase is noticeable chiefly in Coimbatore, North Arcot, Nellore and Salem. The increase is found in all courts except those of Assistant and District Magistrates where there is a decrease.

Institutions.

12. There was a reduction of 474 cases in the number left pending at the end of the year notwithstanding the increase in the number of institutions.

Arrears.

13. The total number of persons under trial was 398,188, of whom 387,894 were dealt with. 198,291 were convicted, 9,343 by first-class Magistrates, 147,388 by second-class Magistrates, and the rest by Magistrates of the third class. 3,820 persons were committed to Sessions or referred for enhanced punishment. Of the persons convicted, 4,811 were juvenile offenders (3,927 boys and 884 girls).

Persons
tried and
convicted.

Percentage of convictions.

14. The percentage of convictions was slightly higher than that for the previous year being 51.12 as against 51.09.

The highest district percentages were reached in the Nilgiris (81.23), Bellary (67.53) and Madura (61.87). In Gódvári and Cuddapah the percentages were 41.65 and 41.54, respectively.

Arrears.

15. 6,231 persons were awaiting trial at the end of the year. Of these, 678 were in custody and the rest on bail or otherwise at large. The number of persons awaiting trial in the Courts of Bench Magistrates in Gódvári was very high (174). This is said to be due to the large pendency in the Ellore Bench Court where many cases were instituted at the close of the year. Of those in custody, 14 had been awaiting trial for more than six months and 17 for more than two months.

Remarks on punishments.

16. There was a slight decrease in the number of sentences of rigorous imprisonment, and an increase in the number of sentences of simple imprisonment. Fines were more numerous and less severe. The total amount of fines realized was Rs. 6,13,867, out of which sums amounting to Rs. 27,324 were paid to complainants as compensation.

Whipping.

Sentences of whipping again show a decrease, and they were also less severe. Sentences of whipping were frequently imposed in North Arcot, Nellore and Vizagapatam and in the Agency Tracts of the latter district. Of the total number of persons sentenced to whipping, 1,056 were juvenile offenders, and of these 1,042 were sentenced to whipping in lieu of other punishment. It would appear that, though the total number of sentences of whipping decreased, a greater number of juvenile offenders were awarded this form of punishment.

Average duration of cases disposed of.

17. The average pendency of cases was, on the whole, less than in 1901, varying from one day in the case of Bench Magistrates to 19 days in the Courts of Assistant Magistrates. Taking the average of the individual courts, the average duration was high (53 days) in the Court of the Agency Deputy Magistrate, Gódvári; this is explained to be due to the Deputy Magistrate having had to alter his programme twice, once when he was in temporary charge of Ellore Division and again when he had to go on tour with the Government Agent. The District Magistrate, Madura, reports that the average duration in the Court of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ramnad, decreased from 64 to 32 days, but it is still very high when compared with that of other courts of the same class. The average duration was high (46 days) in the Court of the Joint Magistrate, Nellore. The high average duration of 51 days in the Court of the District Magistrate, Ganjam, is reported to be due to several adjournments in Mr. Reynold's case. In other cases where the average pendency in any class of court in a district exceeds the average for that class throughout the Presidency, general reasons are, for the most part, assigned, such as, constant movement in camp on executive work, disposal of a large number of hotly-contested cases, summoning of witnesses from long distances, pressure of work on account of plague and frequent trials *de novo* necessitated by frequent transfers of Magistrates.

Three hundred and twenty-five persons were committed to Sessions Courts by superior Magistrates.

Witnesses.

18. The total number of witnesses examined was 352,207. No witnesses were detained beyond 3 days in any of the courts of the North Arcot, Coimbatore, Gódvári, Salem, the Nilgiris and Kistna districts nor in the Ganjam and Gódvári Agencies, nor in any of the District Magistrates' Courts. In Tanjore and Tinnevely the number of witnesses detained beyond 3 days was very large, 514 in the former and 428 in the latter. The District Magistrate, Tanjore, reports that the increase occurred chiefly in the Courts of the Stationary Sub-Magistrates of Shiyali and Tirutturaippundi, the former showing 108 and the latter 98. The Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Shiyali, explains that in 18 contested cases the chief and cross examinations were very lengthy, and that adjournments in some cases were unavoidable owing to non-receipt of records from the Sessions Court. In Tirutturaippundi 68 out of the 98 witnesses detained were concerned in the criminal cases connected with the Méttupálaiyam Estate in respect of which several applications for transfer were made to the higher tribunals.

The District Magistrate, Tinnevely, explains the increase in his district as due to more accurate calculation of the numbers by subordinate Magistrates according to instructions given to them from his office.

The largest number of witnesses examined in any district was 29,882 in Gódvári. None of them were detained for more than 3 days.

19. The amount of diet and travelling expenses paid to witnesses during the year was Rs. 83,055. Diet and travelling expenses.

B.—APPELLATE AND REVISIONAL JURISDICTION.

20. 8,058 appeals were preferred by 15,648 persons during the year, showing a decrease of 293 appeals as compared with the previous year. The decrease was largest in Nellore. There was, however, a striking increase of 200 appeals in the Tanjore district which is explained by the District Magistrate to be due to the larger percentage of convictions, and to the fact that in one court 261 appeals were filed against 156 decisions, the several accused in many cases presenting individual appeals against the same judgment. Arrears show a marked decrease. Appeals.

There was also a decrease in the average duration of appeals before District and Sub-Divisional Magistrates. In Tanjore the largest number of appeals was disposed of, and yet the average duration was lowest there.

The percentage of appeals confirmed was 60.71 or rather less than in the previous year. In the Ganjam Agency and the Nilgiris the proportion of wholly unsuccessful appellants was largest.

21. Of the 694 revision cases received during the year, 569 were applications from parties and the rest were taken up by the courts *suo motu*. The percentage of unsuccessful applications was 73.66. Revision cases.

4. COURTS OF SESSION.

A.—ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

22. The number of cases committed to the Sessions Courts in the mufassal during 1902 was 1,274, showing a decline of 69 cases as compared with the previous year. The decline was noticeable in Tinnevely, Cuddapah, Kistna and Vizagapatam. As regards Tinnevely, the Sessions Judge reports that the institution shows a striking and sudden fall from 103 cases in 1901 to 67 cases in the year under review, and that in his opinion this is probably due to the better working of the preventive sections of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and the strengthening of the Police force in the district. It is certainly satisfactory to note that the number of dacoity cases has fallen from 71 in 1900, and 45 in 1901 to 19 in the year under report. Cases received and disposed of.

The total number of persons tried before Sessions Courts was 3,284. 1,516 persons were tried by jury, 1,444 with the aid of assessors, and 78 partly by jury and partly with assessors. The cases of the remaining 246 persons were disposed of without the aid of either jurors or assessors.

Seventy-one persons were sentenced to death subject to confirmation by the High Court.

23. The jury system is reported to have worked satisfactorily on the whole. Jury system. But the following remarks of the Sessions Judges of Kurnool, Madura and South Malabar are deserving of notice. The Sessions Judge of Kurnool reports that "jurors are very unreliable, and a great deal depends upon whether the foreman is a competent man, as the jurors generally leave the matter entirely to the foreman." The Sessions Judge of Madura says that sufficient care is not taken by the revenue authorities in preparing the lists of jurors and assessors, that a number of intelligent and educated Government clerks are omitted from the list, and their places supplied by men of little education and, in some cases, of doubtful reputation, and that as jurors are not locked up at night in this country they are sometimes tampered with. The Sessions Judge of South Malabar says:—

"The system appears to work as satisfactorily as can be expected when the difficulty of obtaining really intelligent and educated men is considered. Almost all those who have any

"educational qualifications are exempted from service under the provisions of the Code, and it must be a long time before a body of men can be found capable of forming an intelligent opinion especially in cases where questions of law and the admissibility of evidence are interwoven with the facts. When the questions at issue are simple, the system works well on the whole."

Convictions.

24. Of the persons dealt with 1,475 or 47·07 per cent. were convicted. The percentage of convictions was highest in the Ganjam Agency and North Malabar and lowest in Chingleput. The low percentage in Chingleput is attributed by the Sessions Judge, as in the previous year to "the unsatisfactory work of the Sub-Magistrates who delay committing cases and thus allow opportunities for "manufacturing and tampering with evidence." He adds that the Sub-Magistrates "commit cases for trial on clearly unsatisfactory evidence," and that "they do not seem to control and supervise the work of the police in connection with "important sessions cases coming before them in the way they should do."

The total amount of fines imposed was Rs. 27,195. Of this sum, Rs. 2,638 were realized and Rs. 625 were also recovered during the year out of the fines imposed in the previous year.

Thirty-seven cases remained pending as against 34 in the previous year.

Average duration.

25. The average duration of sessions trials slightly increased from 34 to 35 days, and this figure was exceeded in 7 districts, but noticeably in Madura, Kistna, Coimbatore and Tinnevely. The average duration in Madura was 5·4 days, but the number of cases disposed of in that district was the largest. In Kistna the average duration was 47 days and this is attributed to delay in some of the sessions cases in procuring the attendance of witnesses who were residing in His Highness the Nizam's dominions. In Coimbatore the average duration fell from 55 days in 1901 to 44 days in the year under report. In Tinnevely the average duration was 48 days. The Sessions Judge reports that it would have been considerably reduced, but for the fact that the 3 cases of Smithers, Jeremiah and Mohamed Kasim of Sivakasi (of which the former two were pending the decision of the High Court in the appeal against the acquittal of Smithers, and the third was pending the return of a commission from Rangoon) lasted for 469 days on the whole, and that 10 cases committed during the recess collectively were pending for 666 days before they could be disposed of.

Witnesses.

26. The number of witnesses detained beyond 3 days fell from 2,416 in 1901 to 1,846. The number was largest (286) in South Malabar.

The Sessions Judge explains as follows:—

* Of posting cases in Sessions Courts referred to in High Court Circular No. 2399, dated 12th September 1898.

"Trials in important or intricate cases almost always last much longer than can be anticipated at first when posting cases for particular dates. That system * can only be worked with approximation towards success, and when through unforeseen circumstances a certain case lasts for a few days more than originally allotted, the witnesses in that case and in all the cases posted for subsequent days have necessarily to be detained."

In Kurnool also the number of witnesses detained beyond 3 days was very large (267), and the Sessions Judge attributes this mainly to the length of time occupied by the Gulladurti triple murder case.

Batta and travelling expenses.

27. The amount of batta and travelling expenses paid to witnesses was Rs. 45,776.

B.—APPELLATE AND REVISIONAL JURISDICTION.

Appeals.

28. 1,516 appeals were preferred by 2,193 appellants during the year, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 1,470 and 2,243.

The average duration of appeals increased from 25 to 28 days. The percentage in which the sentence appealed against was confirmed was 72·77 as against 71·5 in the preceding year.

Revision cases.

29. Five hundred and sixteen revision cases concerning 1,857 persons were received during the year. Of these, 430 were applications from parties and 86

were taken up by the Courts *suo motu*. 79·23 per cent. of the petitions were unsuccessful.

5. PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES.

30. The number of cases instituted decreased from 71,768 in 1901 to 65,249 mainly owing to a large decrease in the number of prosecutions under the City Police Act already referred to. Sixty-nine cases concerning 128 persons were pending at the end of the year. The percentage of convictions (90) remained almost the same as in the previous year.

A sum of Rs. 5,649 levied as fines in cases of cruelty to animals was paid to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

31. 13,712 witnesses were examined as against 14,224 in 1901, and a sum of Rs. 873 was paid as batta.

6. HIGH COURT.

A.—ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

(a) Sessions Cases.

32. Forty-one cases concerning 54 persons were received for trial by the High Court during the year, as against 42 cases in 1901.

Two cases were heard with special jurors. Forty-six persons were convicted as against 55 in the previous year. Four of the 5 persons whose cases were pending at the end of the year were lunatics confined in the asylum.

The percentage of convictions was 86 as against 71 in 1901. In no case was a sentence of fine imposed.

33. The amount paid as batta and travelling expenses to witnesses during the year was Rs. 662, as against Rs. 1,800 in 1901.

(b) Cases under section 307, Criminal Procedure Code.

34. Including four cases pending from the previous year, there were 34 cases referred by Sessions Judges to the High Court under section 307, Criminal Procedure Code. Of these, 31 cases were disposed of during the year with the following results:—Verdicts of 'guilty' were reversed in 10 cases, verdicts of 'not guilty' were upheld in 9 cases, and set aside in 11 cases. In the remaining case the jury had acquitted 2 of the accused, and convicted the other 3. Their verdict was upheld by the High Court in the case of four of the prisoners. In the case of the remaining prisoner, the verdict (acquittal) was set aside, and the prisoner convicted.

(c) Cases under section 374, Criminal Procedure Code.

35. The High Court disposed of the cases of 82 persons who were sentenced to death by Sessions Courts. The conviction was upheld in the case of 68 of these: sentence of death was confirmed in 47 cases; and was commuted to transportation in 17 cases, and to imprisonment in 4 cases.

B.—APPELLATE AND REVISIONAL JURISDICTION.

36. Excluding 66 appeals from sentences of death that came up for disposal along with cases referred under section 374, Criminal Procedure Code, and 30 cases under section 307, which were treated as appeals, 767 appeals were received during the year. Of these, 30 appeals were from judgments of acquittal, and 737 from convictions (17 being from the Presidency Magistrates, 4 from the District Magistrate, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, and the rest from Sessions Judges).

37. Forty-nine revision cases were taken up by the Court *suo motu* under section 435, Criminal Procedure Code, 50 and 122 cases respectively were reported by Sessions Judges and District Magistrates under section 438, and 376 applications for revision were received from parties under section 439 as against 31, 41, 119 and 343 respectively in the previous year.

In 77 per cent. of the total number of cases decided, the proceedings of the Courts below were not interfered with. In 60 per cent. of the cases reported by Sessions Judges and 33 per cent. of the cases reported by District Magistrates, the proceedings reported were quashed or modified. In only 11 per cent. of the cases in which parties moved the High Court were the proceedings of the Lower Courts interfered with.

Calendars
perused.

38. 2,914 calendars of trials and appeals disposed of by Sessions Judges and District Magistrates were perused during the year and records were called for in 49 cases.

Miscellaneous
petitions.

39. Two hundred and fifty-three miscellaneous petitions were disposed of.

J. T. GILLESPIE,
Acting Registrar

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE,
MADRAS, *August 14th, 1903.*

APPENDIX I.

IMPERIAL STATEMENTS.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT NO. 1—(CIVIL AND CRIMINAL).

Statement showing the number of judicial divisions and the number of officers exercising appellate or original jurisdiction in the province of Madras on the last day of the year 1902, with the cost of tribunals.

Province of Madras.	Area (in square miles).	Population.	Number of divisions for Courts under Chief Court, but superior to Chief Courts of districts.	Number of districts.	Number of sub-districts.	Total number of officers exercising original or appellate jurisdiction.						Total number of cases decided.				Total receipts of the Courts.	Total charges of the Courts.
						Judges of Chief Court of Province.	Judges of other Courts superior to Chief District Courts.	Judges of Chief Courts of districts.	Judges of District Courts other than Chief Courts.	Judges of other Subordinate Courts.	Original.		Appeal.				
											Regular.	Miscellaneous.	Regular.	Miscellaneous.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Territory subject to the High Court.	Civil ...	147,189	38,199,163	21	120	6	...	20	* 15	† 128	241,458	596,036	13,407	577	Rs. 62,39,877	Rs. 52,61,802	
	Criminal ...										306,456	6,910	10,380	...			...
	Revenue ...										12,426	12,197	...	...			...
Territory not subject to the High Court.	Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Criminal ...										...	...	...	...	...		
	Revenue ...										...	...	...	...	...		

N.B.—This statement does not include village munsifs.

* Includes one Deputy Collector and Magistrate who exercised the powers of a Sub-Judge.

† Includes one Judge, Cantonment Court of Small Causes, three Judges of the Presidency Court of Small Causes, one City Civil Judge and three Revenue officers who exercised the powers of a District Munsif.

‡ Includes four Presidency Magistrates.

§ Furnished by the Accountant-General.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 1—(CIVIL AND CRIMINAL)—SUPPLEMENT.

Statement showing the number of European and Native Judicial officers of each grade exercising appellate or original jurisdiction in the province of Madras for the year 1902.

Tribunals.	Original powers.			Appeal powers.			Grand total.		
	European.	Native (including Eurasian).	Total.	European.	Native (including Eurasian).	Total.	European.	Native (including Eurasian).	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
High Court Judges	4	2	6	4	2	6	4	2	6
City Civil Court Judge	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1
Presidency Small Cause Judges	1	2	3	...	...	...	1	2	3
District and Sessions Judges	16	4	20	16	4	20	16	4	20
Subordinate Judges	1	13	14	1	13	14	1	13	14
District Munsifs	...	120	120	...	...	...	...	120	120
Presidency Magistrates	2	2	4	...	...	...	2	2	4
Collectors and District Magistrates	19	2	21	19	2	21	19	2	* 21
Sub-Divisional Officers and Magistrates	39	52	91	39	52	91	39	52	† 91
Special Magistrates	8	39	47	...	...	...	‡ 8	39	47
Other paid Magistrates	15	468	483	...	...	...	15	468	§ 483
Benches of Magistrates	6	53	59	...	...	...	6	53	59
Total ...	111	758	869	79	73	152	111	758	869

* Three of these had also the powers of a District and Sessions Judge in the Agency Tracts and one had those of an additional Sessions Judge.

† Of these, 63 tried suits under the Rent Recovery Act, VIII of 1865. One Deputy Collector exercised the powers of a Sub-Judge and one Head Assistant Collector and one Deputy Collector exercised the powers of a District Munsif and seven were Sub-Judges in the Agency Tracts.

‡ Three of these were Cantonment Magistrates, of whom one exercised the powers of a Small Cause Judge.

§ Of these, 18 exercised the powers of a District Munsif—17 in the Agency Tracts and one at Anjengo.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 2, PART 1—(CRIMINAL).

Statement of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each class of offence in the Provinces of Madras in the year 1902.

Description of offence.	Number of cases.					Number of persons.				
	Number of offences reported.	Complaints rejected under section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.	Cases struck off as false.	Returned as true.	Brought to trial during the year.	Under trial during the year, including pending from previous years.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Remaining under trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
UNDER THE INDIAN PENAL CODE.										
Offences against public tranquillity, Chapter VIII	2,128	133	50	1,945	1,997	14,846	8,712	4,811	7	816
Offences by or relating to public servants, Chapter IX	124	21	4	99	107	183	118	46	1	18
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chapter X	5,705	36	3	5,666	5,057	6,009	1,396	4,496	14	103
False evidence and offences against public officers, Chap. XI.	1,449	84	4	1,361	1,380	2,047	1,141	786	6	114
Chap. XII. { Offences relating to coin	137	...	...	137	141	203	85	103	...	15
Offences relating to Government stamps	6	...	...	6	7	7	4	3	...	...
Offences relating to weights and measures, Chap. XIII	351	...	...	349	347	375	83	235	...	7
Offences affecting public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals, Chapter XIV	11,878	50	7	11,821	11,761	14,394	2,527	11,823	7	37
Offences relating to religion, Chapter XV	724	16	3	707	706	1,315	262	64	...	11
Offences affecting life	...	...	1	...	...	...	798	395	12	110
Causing miscarriage, injuries to unborn children, exposure of infants and concealment of births	51	7	...	44	47	82	42	39	...	1
Hurt	17,780	847	263	16,620	14,395	39,761	34,331	4,190	9	731
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement	2,389	482	...	1,885	1,687	4,925	4,264	494	1	166
Criminal force and assault	24,623	1,757	391	22,475	16,604	41,077	37,347	3,370	3	357
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and forced labour	...	...	3	162	166	457	391	54	...	12
Rape	219	54	...	61	60	87	79	6	...	2
Unnatural offences	72	11	...	3	3	8	1	2	...	...
Theft	15,506	1,965	413	13,128	13,547	31,448	19,370	11,099	15	964
Extortion	476	91	31	354	372	1,069	908	103	2	56
Robbery and dacoity	1,400	221	26	1,153	1,223	4,232	3,067	983	5	237
Criminal misappropriation of property	450	78	13	360	354	622	435	168	...	19
Criminal breach of trust	3,223	823	109	2,291	2,327	3,005	2,281	610	4	110
Receiving stolen property	487	11	2	474	482	665	242	405	...	18
Cheating	1,231	17	25	765	783	1,160	918	181	2	59
Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property	144	17	2	125	127	394	289	100	...	5
Mischief	6,634	1,027	114	5,493	4,890	14,184	12,055	1,829	1	319
Criminal trespass	9,592	1,303	188	8,151	7,601	20,388	15,474	4,426	12	476

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 2, PART 1—(CRIMINAL)—continued.
Statement of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each class of offences in the Province of Madras in the year 1902—continued.

Description of offence.	Number of cases.					Number of persons				
	Number of offences reported.	Complaints rejected under section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.	Cases struck off as false.	Returned as true.	Brought to trial during the year.	Under trial during the year, including pending from previous years.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Remaining under trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
UNDER THE INDIAN PENAL CODE—cont.										
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks, Chapter XVIII	322	54	2	266	262	571	414	91	2	64
Criminal breach of contracts of service, Chapter XIX	14	1	...	13	11	16	9	7	...	...
Offences relating to marriage, Chapter XX	1,226	172	26	1,028	884	1,905	1,697	122	3	83
Defamation, Chapter XXI	810	166	14	630	478	1,193	1,029	104	...	60
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance, Chapter XXII	10,715	964	120	9,631	6,833	14,706	13,105	1,442	...	159
Total	119,915	10,844	1,796	107,275	94,731	221,235	165,354	52,637	106	5,129
UNDER SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS.										
Code of Criminal Procedure.										
Security for keeping the peace (Sections 107, 108 and 119)	195	2	...	183	195	1,081	620	382	...	79
Security for good behaviour (Sections 109 and 110)	1,170	1	...	1,169	1,187	2,501	860	1,470	1	170
Other laws—relating to										
Abkari, Act I of 1886	18,964	5	...	18,959	18,931	19,389	296	19,014	4	75
Arms, Act XI of 1878	964	3	...	961	961	974	118	840	...	16
Boat Regulations, Act IV of 1842	5	...	...	5	5	5	1	4	...	...
Boundary Marks, Acts XXVIII of 1800 and II of 1884	8	...	1	7	8	13	11	2	...	...
Canals and Ferries, Act II of 1890	14	1	...	13	15	28	4	18	...	6
Cantonments, Act XIII of 1869	994	...	...	994	968	1,081	197	884	...	...
Cattle Trespass, Acts I of 1871 and I of 1891	3,048	165	63	2,820	2,909	6,386	5,284	996	...	106
Christian Marriage, Acts XV of 1872, II of 1891 and II of 1892	13	1	...	12	12	37	18	12	...	7
Coffee Stealing Prevention, Act VIII of 1878 (Madras)	41	...	...	41	41	70	13	57	...	...
Companies, Act VI of 1883	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Compulsory Labour, Act I of 1858	4	...	...	4	4	...	2	2	...	...

APPENDIX I.

APPENDIX I.

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Contract, Act XIII of 1859	4,155	129	278	3,748	2,322	3,505	1,884	1,590	3	28
Court Fees, Act VII of 1870	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...
Emigration, Act XXI of 1883	24	...	...	24	158	23	4	125	...	1
Epidemic Diseases, Act III of 1897	186	...	...	186	...	188	82	...	1	...
Factories, Acts XV of 1881 and XI of 1891	13,359	10	26	13,317	10,661	26,851	9,283	17,209	9	350
Forests, Act V of 1882 (Madras)	6,165	...	...	6,165	6,097	6,097	95	6,001	1	...
Hackney Carriages, Act III of 1879	74	...	...	74	74	94	80	65	...	1
Indian Explosives, Act IV of 1884	90	...	...	90	50	101	80	21	...	...
Jeyapore Forest Rules	7	...	...	7	7	37	30	7	...	...
Jails, Acts V of 1869 and II of 1888 (Madras)	784	7	...	777	727	907	2	340	...	10
Landing and Shipping Dues, Act III of 1885	23	...	...	23	21	23	7	16	...	...
Local Boards, Act V of 1884	784	...	...	777	727	907	2	340	...	...
Madras Pier Act Extension, VII of 1871	7	...	...	7	7	14	7	14	...	144
Merchant Seamen, Act I of 1859	26,748	...	...	26,720	22,152	22,472	557	16,669	100	...
Municipalities, Act IV of 1884 (District)	7,105	...	...	7,105	7,102	7,137	2,156	4,976	5	...
Municipality, Act I of 1884 (Madras)	3	...	...	3	3	7	...	7	...	...
Nilgritis Game, Act II of 1878	216	...	...	213	213	232	51	177	...	4
Opium, Act I of 1878	10	...	...	10	9	17	3	14	...	...
Petroleum, Acts XII of 1866 and II of 1888	4	...	...	4	4	4	3	1	...	...
Places of Public Resort, Act II of 1888 (Madras)	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Plague Regulations	144	...	...	144	135	148	10	136	...	2
Police, Act XXIV of 1859 { By Policemen	11	...	...	11	11	12	5	7	...	...
Police (Town), Act III of 1883 (Madras)	51,239	...	...	51,239	51,178	58,315	1,869	56,422	...	24
Ports Act X of 1889	293	...	...	293	292	297	33	264	...	...
Post Office, Act XIV of 1866	13	...	...	13	15	19	7	10	...	2
Postal Act VI of 1886	4	...	...	4	4	4	1	3	...	...
Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, Act XI of 1890	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
Printing Presses and Books, Acts XXV of 1867 and X of 1890.	28	...	...	28	28	30	6	...	...	17
Prisons, Act IX of 1894	1,173	...	...	1,173	1,138	1,358	172	1,168	1	...
Railways, Act IX of 1890	56	...	...	56	54	98	26	72	...	1
Reformatory Schools Act VIII of 1897	890	...	...	826	801	810	56	753	1	...
Registration, Act III of 1877	1	...	...	1	1	1	2	...	...	...
Registration of Births and Deaths, Act III of 1899	1	...	...	1	1	1	5	...	...	...
Rent Recovery, Act VIII of 1865	4,661	...	...	4,661	4,559	4,560	7	4,475	...	10
Rivers Conservancy, Act VI of 1884	1	...	...	1	1	2	1	...	...	...
Salt, Act IV of 1889 (Madras)	1	...	...	1	1	2	4	...	...	...
Sea Customs, Act VIII of 1878	3	...	...	3	3	4	4	87	...	...
Stage Carriages, Act XXVI of 1861	269	...	...	269	214	253	6	...	...	184
Stamps, Act I of 1879	82,240	...	...	82,239	81,609	85,089	5,397	79,474	19	149
Telegraphs, Act XIII of 1885	25	...	...	25	10	18	5	20	...	5
Towns Nuisances, Act III of 1889 (Madras)	10	...	...	10	10	1	1	1	...	...
Tramways, Act XI of 1886	1	...	...	1	1	2	2	2	...	...
Treasure Trove, Act VI of 1878	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...
Vaccination, Act IV of 1884	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...
Vagrancy, Act IX of 1874	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...
Wild Elephants, Act I of 1878	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...
Total	235,378	352	394	224,632	214,861	250,375	94,928	213,871	145	1,331
Grand Total	345,233	11,196	2,190	331,907	308,092	471,501	198,282	266,508	251	6,460

Note.—Cases instituted before Village Magistrates have not been shown in this statement.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 2.

Statement showing the general result of the trial of European British

Description of offence.	Number of persons accused and brought before a Magistrate.							Persons whose cases													
	Remaining at the close of the previous year.	Within the year.					Total.	Died, escaped or transferred to other Provinces.	Number actually brought to trial.	By District Magistrates and other First-class Magistrates.							By Court of Session.				
		On complaint, sec. 190 (a), Criminal Procedure Code.	On police report, sec. 190 (b), of the Code.	By Magistrate, sec. 190 (c) of the Code.	On transfer from					Received by transfer under sec. 451 of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Committing To Court of Session.	To High Court.	Transferred by order under sec. 451 of the Code.	Total omitting entries in cols. 11 and 16.	Received by transfer under sec. 451 of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Transferred to High Court under sec. 449 of the Code.	Total exclusive of col. 18.
					Other Courts in the province.	Another province.															
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
OFFENCES UNDER THE INDIAN PENAL CODE.																					
Offences by or relating to public servants, Chapter IX	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chapter X	...	2	...	2	2	...	6	...	6	...	4	2	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...
Offences affecting the human body, Chap. XVI.	Offences affecting life	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
	Hurt	1	8	3	...	...	12	...	13	...	6	7	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...
	Wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
	Criminal force and assault	...	21	...	...	4	25	...	24	...	6	18	...	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	...
	Theft	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Offences against property, Chap. XVII.	Criminal Breach of trust	...	1	3	...	1	5	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	...	...	...	...	...
	Cheating	...	4	3	...	...	7	...	7	...	3	4	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...
	Mischief	...	...	2	...	1	3	1	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
	Criminal trespass	...	1	2	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Defamation, Chapter XXI	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance, Chapter XXII	...	9	...	...	2	...	11	...	11	...	5	6	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...
Offences under Special and Local Laws	...	14	21	...	3	...	38	...	38	3	20	18	...	...	...	38	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1	63	38	2	14	...	117	2	117	5	55	58	1	1	1	115	...	...	2	...	2

PART 2—(CRIMINAL).

Subjects in the Province of Madras, in the year 1902.

were disposed of

By High Court.			Total for all Courts.			Number of persons under trial at the close of the year.	Number of cases.			Number of persons who applied to the High Court for an order under sec. 453 of the Code.	Of those entered in col. 5, number who applied under sec. 2, Act III of 1884, for transfer or committal of their cases.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court under sec. 526 of the Code for transfer of their cases.
Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Total.		Brought to trial.	Disposed of.	Pending.			
23	24	25	26	27	28		29	30	31			
...	...	...	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	4	2	6	...	5	5	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	1	2	...	12	2	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	6	7	12	...	10	10	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	6	18	24	...	23	23	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	2	1	3	1	4	3	1	...	...	...
...	...	...	3	4	7	...	5	5	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1	1	2	...	12	12	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	5	6	11	...	9	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	20	18	38	...	30	30	...	...	...	...
1	...	1	56	60	116	1	99	98	1	...	...	...

Subsidiary Table.

Of the total number of persons shown in				Of cases shown in Col. 31.	
Col. 17.	Col. 22.	Cols. 22 and 23.	Disposed of by Magistrates.	Disposed of by Sessions Judges.	
Number who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, section 451 (1) of the Code.					
Number who did not so claim.					
Number of those in column 35 whose cases were transferred under section 451 (9) of the Code.					
Number who claimed a mixed number of assessors, section 450 (2) of the Code.					
Number who did not so claim.					
Number who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, section 450 (1) of the Code.					
Number who did not so claim.					
Being European British Subjects.					
Other than European British Subjects.					
Being European British Subjects.					
Other than European British Subjects.					

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 3—(CRIMINAL).

Statement of Miscellaneous Proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code in the Province of Madras, in the year 1902.

Nature of proceedings.	Total number of cases before the courts during the year.	Number of persons concerned.	Number of persons* discharged.	Number of persons convicted.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter VI-C and section 485	35	58	24	33	
2. Proceedings under Chapter VIII—to prevent breach of the peace	308	1,338	626	589	
3. Proceedings under Chapter VIII—Security for good behaviour	1,218	2,494	854	1,470	
4. Proceedings against local nuisances, Chapter X	80	158	121	28	
5. Possession, Chapter XII	231	1,219	695	247	
6. Frivolous or vexatious accusations, summarily dealt with under Chapter XX, section 250.	1,754	1,775	24	1,751	
7. Non-attendance of Jurors or Assessors, Chapter XXIII, section 332	24	24	7	17	
8. Maintenance, Chapter XXXVI	2,303	2,304	1,604	627	
9. Forfeiture of bail or recognizance under Chapter XLII	1,141	1,240	102	1,134	
10. Proceedings under Chapter XLVI, section 563, against convicted offenders released under section 562	3	3	1	2	
Total ...	7,097	10,613	4,058	5,898	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 4—(CRIMINAL).

Statement showing the general result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Madras, in the year 1902.

Class of Courts.	Total number of persons under trial.	Persons whose cases were disposed of															Number of witnesses examined.	Average number of days during which each case lasted.	Number of cases disposed of during the year.	Persons remaining under trial at the end of the year.	Number of cases disposed of during the year.	Persons remaining under trial at the end of the year.	Number of witnesses examined.	Remarks.
		Convicted																						
		Died, escaped or transferred to another province.	Discharged or acquitted.	On regular trial.					On summary trial.					Committed or referred.										
				Sentence passed.	Released on probation—section 662, Criminal Procedure Code.	Discharged after admonition.	Delivered to parent or guardian, etc.	Sentence passed.	Released on probation—section 662, Criminal Procedure Code.	Discharged after admonition.	Delivered to parent or guardian, etc.													
												Youthful offenders dealt with under section 31, Act VIII of 1897.	Youthful offenders dealt with under section 31, Act VIII of 1897.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18							
Village officers	16,438	...	10,345	5,643	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	450	10,044	...	...	...	...						
Special Magistrates under section 14, Criminal Procedure Code	4,916	7	548	3,937	...	...	...	417	1	...	...	...	6	4,414	1	2,399	...							
Honorary Magistrates sitting singly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly	313,775	130	176,926	124,892	24	8	2	2,012	1	...	...	3,812	5,265	160,835	6	328,915	...							
Bench of Magistrates	79,069	106	11,963	131	...	...	...	66,616	...	...	...	4	249	74,374	1	22,295	...							
District and Divisional Magistrates—Cases referred under sections 347 and 349, Criminal Procedure Code.	...	...	134	216	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	7	166	14	486	...							
Chief Magistrates of Districts	65	...	32	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	37	11	112	...							
Presidency Magistrates	74,110	7	7,146	121	...	...	...	66,650	3	2	...	53	128	65,209	1	13,712	...							
Courts of Session	3,384	5	1,658	1,450	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	151	95	1,281	35	11,960	...							
Original Jurisdiction	58	...	7	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	40	22	240	...							
Under section 307, Criminal Procedure Code	81	...	49	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	31	...	...	...							
Under section 374, Criminal Procedure Code	87	...	14	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	69	...	...	...							
Superior Court	492,346	255	208,822	136,548	26	17	5	135,722	5	2	...	3	6,917	816,500	...	378,119	...							
Total	492,346	255	208,822	136,548	26	17	5	135,722	5	2	...	3	6,917	816,500	...	378,119	...							

NOTE.—(i) 1,552 persons were subjected to an order not involving fine or imprisonment, viz., to fulfil a contract under Act XIII of 1859, to get their children vaccinated under the District Municipalities Act IV of 1883, guardians bound over under Act IX of 1890 or to an order under section 22 of Act I of 1871.

(ii) 171 persons were ordered to notify their addresses under section 565, Criminal Procedure Code.

* Of these, 1,576 persons were confined in stocks. † Of these, 207 persons were ordered, under section 106, Criminal Procedure Code, to furnish securities in addition to other punishments.

‡ Of these, 76 were sentenced to simple imprisonment.

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‡ Of these, 76 were sentenced to simple imprisonment.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 5 (PART 2).

Statement showing whippings inflicted under sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864, in lieu of other punishments in the Province of Madras, in the year 1902.

Offences for which awarded.		Number of stripes awarded.												
		5 and under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15.		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.		Total.
		First conviction.	Second or subse- quent conviction.	First conviction.	Second or subse- quent conviction.	First conviction.	Second or subse- quent conviction.	First conviction.	Second or subse- quent conviction.	First conviction.	Second or subse- quent conviction.	First conviction.	Second or subse- quent conviction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
1. Theft, as de- fined in	{ sec. 378, I.P.C.	67	3	289	20	495	25	283	10	111	14	100	18	1,435
	{ sec. 380 "	26	1	129	6	194	3	141	11	95	6	58	12	682
	{ sec. 381 "	5	...	43	...	55	2	20	1	8	1	7	1	143
	{ sec. 382 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Extortion, as defined in	{ sec. 388 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ sec. 389 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen pro- perty, as defined in	{ sec. 411 "	1	...	6	...	8	...	2	1	1	...	1	...	20
	{ sec. 412 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in section 443 "	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2
5. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in section 444 "	...	1	...	1	...	8	...	7	1	2	...	5	...	25
6. House-breaking, as de- fined in section 445 "	...	...	...	10	...	34	2	10	...	2	...	3	...	61
7. House-breaking by night, as defined in section 446 "	...	6	1	33	1	73	2	80	1	47	1	78	5	328
8. Offences under section 52, Prisons Act IX of 1894 "	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Total ...	...	106	5	511	27	869	34	543	25	267	22	252	36	2,697

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 5 (PART 3).

Statement showing whippings inflicted, in addition to other punishments, sections 3 and 4, Act VI, 1864, in the Province of Madras, in the year 1902.

Offences for which awarded.	Number of stripes awarded.						Total.
	5 and under.	6 to 10.	11 to 15.	16 to 20.	21 to 25.	26 to 30.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A.—SECTION 3.							
1. Theft, as defined in { section 378, I.P.C. ...	...	8	36	65	36	74	219
{ section 380 " ...	...	8	27	39	25	57	156
{ section 381 " ...	...	2	1	1	2	3	9
{ section 382 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Extortion, as defined in { section 388 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ section 389 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in { section 411 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
{ section 412 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in section 443 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in section 444 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. House-breaking, as defined in section 445 ...	...	2	2	3	...	1	8
7. House-breaking by night, as defined in section 446 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Offences under section 52, Prisons Act IX of 1894 ...	1	1	23	11	11	26	73
B.—SECTION 4.							
1. False evidence, as defined in { section 193, I.P.C. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ section 194 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ section 195 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. False charge of unnatural offence, as defined in sections 211 and 377 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Assault, as defined in section 354 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Rape, as defined in section 375 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Unnatural offence, as defined in section 377 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6. Robbery, as defined in section 390 ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
7. Dacoity, as defined in section 391 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8. Attempt at robbery, as defined in section 393 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Hurt in committing robbery, as defined in section 394 ...	...	...	1	...	...	1	2
10. Receiving stolen property, as defined in section 413 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ section 463 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ section 466 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11. Forgery, as defined in { section 467 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ section 468 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ section 469 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in section 443 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in section 444 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14. House-breaking, as defined in section 445 ...	...	...	...	1	1	4	6
15. House-breaking by night, as defined in section 446 ...	...	4	4	11	8	38	65
Total ...	1	25	94	131	84	206	541

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 5 (PART 4).

Statement showing whippings inflicted under section 5, Act VI, 1864, on Juveniles for offences other than those specified in Parts 2 and 3 in the Province of Madras, in the year 1902.

Offences for which awarded.	Number of stripes awarded.												Total.
	5 & under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15.		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.		
	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Under section 147, I.P.C.	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	5
" " 148 "	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
" " 160 "	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 188 "	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 224 "	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
" " 279 "	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 294 "	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 304 "	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 323 "	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3
" " 324 "	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4
" " 336 "	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 337 "	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 338 "	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 354 "	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 392 "	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	3
" " 403 "	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4
" " 406 "	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
" " 408 "	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3
" " 411 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 417 "	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 420 "	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 426 "	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
" " 428 "	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
" " 429 "	...	...	8	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	12
" " 441 "	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2
" " 447 "	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
" " 452 "	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 454 "	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 468 "	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
" " 506 "	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Offences under Abkari Act I of 1886	27	...	52	...	57	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	139
Offences under Forest Act V of 1882	24	...	142	...	58	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	239
Offences under Madras City Police Act III of 1888	26	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33
Offences under Nuisance Act III of 1889	32	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44
Offences under Railway Act IX of 1890	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
Offences under Salt Act IV of 1889	8	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
* Total	123	...	269	...	133	...	26	...	1	1	1	...	554

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 5 (PART 5).

Statement showing relative number of times whipping was awarded, as compared with other punishments in cases in which whipping might have been awarded in the Province of Madras, in the year 1902.

Punishments.	Number (Persons).
1. Total number of whippings awarded	3,792
2. Total number of other punishments in cases in which whipping might have been awarded	8,468
3. Total number of all punishments in cases in which whipping might have been awarded (total of headings 1 and 2) ..	12,260
4. Percentage of whippings on total number of all punishments (percentage of heading 1 on heading 3)	30.92

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 6—(CRIMINAL).

Statement showing the result of appeal and revision in criminal cases in the Province of Madras, in the year 1902.

Tribunals.	Number of Persons.												Average number of days during which each appeal lasted.	Remarks.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
	Total number of appeals for revision before the courts.	Died, escaped or transferred to another province.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.	Sentence enhanced.	Sentence reduced or otherwise altered.	Sentence reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial or further inquiry ordered.	Referred for revision to the High Court.	Pending trial.			
Appeals.														
To Chief Magistrates of Districts *	16,446	...	2,156	7,463	...	1,407	4,592	73	150	2	603	18		
To Courts of Session	2,263	...	732	853	...	180	393	...	18	2	85	28		
To Superior Court † ...	1,248	...	765	209	...	80	54	...	...	...	140	35		
{ by persons convicted	65	...	...	30	...	...	...	17	9	...	9			
{ by Government from judgments of acquittal	20,022	...	3,653	8,555	...	1,667	5,039	90	177	4	837	...		
Total ...														
Revision.														
By Chief Magistrates of Districts ...	2,342	...	1,154	530	...	3	6	21	506	66	56	15		
By Courts of Session	1,947	...	800	635	...	...	29	47	219	81	136	34		
By Superior Court	1,551	...	251	671	114	18	203	...	66	...	228	...		
Total	5,840	...	2,205	1,836	114	21	238	68	791	147	420	...		
Grand Total	25,862	...	5,858	10,391	114	1,688	5,277	159	963	151	1,257	...		

NOTE.—(1) Persons in cases taken up for revision of the Courts' own motion are also included.
 (2) 64 persons were dealt with under section 106 (3), Criminal Procedure Code, and 3 under section 8 (2) of the Reformatory Schools Act.
 * Or other Magistrates authorized to hear appeals under section 407, Criminal Procedure Code.
 † Persons concerned in cases under sections 307 and 374, Criminal Procedure Code, are excluded, as they are separately shown in Statement No. 4.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 13—(CRIMINAL).

Statement showing use of Juries and Assessors in Criminal Courts in the Province of Madras, in the year 1902.

Classes of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed.	Established or average number of jury or assessors in each case, and prescribed qualifications.*	Number of accused persons in jury trials.				Number of accused persons in trials with assessors.			
		As to whom the Judge				As to whom the Judge			
		Tried.	Approved verdict.	Did not approve of verdict.	Made reference under section 307, Criminal Procedure Code.	Tried.	Agreed with all the assessors.	Differed from one or more, but not from all the assessors.	Differed from all the assessors.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Magistrates' Courts under Chapter X, Criminal Procedure Code. } Jurors ...	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
† Courts of Session ... } Jurors ...	5	† 1,594	1,525	69	69	...	...	...	...
Assessors.	2	...	...	...	...	1,444	1,011	165	268
High Court, Original Criminal Jurisdiction. } Jurors ...	9	44	44	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	1,639	1,570	69	69	1,444	1,011	165	268

* Qualifications as prescribed in sections 319 and 320 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898).

† Offences of theft, robbery, receiving and concealing stolen property, house-trespass and dishonestly breaking open a closed receptacle and abetment of the above offences were tried by jury in all districts except the Agencies of Ganjam, Gôdâvari and Visagapatam and all other offences with the aid of assessors. All Sessions trials before the High Court were by jury.

† 78 of these persons were tried both by jury and with assessors.



R

= 211,7,15 x N02

N03

APPENDIX II.

SPECIAL STATEMENTS.

A.—Statement showing the number of Persons concerned in the Cases disposed of under the Miscellaneous Provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code in each District in 1902.

Districts.	Persons.					Persons.					
	Proceedings against witnesses, (Chapter VI c and section 485).	Proceedings to prevent breach of the peace, (Chapter VIII).	Security for good behaviour, (Chapter VIII).	Proceedings against local nuisances, (Chapter X).	Possession, (Chapter XII).	Perjury or false testimony, (Chapter XX, section 250).	Non-attendance of Jurors or Assessors, (Chapter XXIII, section 332).	Maintenance, (Chapter XXXVI).	Forfeiture of bail or recognizance, (Chapter XLII, section 514).	Proceedings under Chapter XLVI, section 488, against defaulting offenders released under section 462.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Arcot (North) ...	...	11	80	...	3	102	1	58	68	1	321
Do. (South) ...	16	27	178	3	4	54	...	135	38	...	451
Anantapur ...	...	111	27	1	10	22	...	7	18	...	186
Bellary ...	...	16	45	2	3	16	...	5	15	...	99
Canara (South) ...	...	46	12	7	22	17	...	15	23	...	120
Chingleput ...	11	10	30	14	14	23	...	68	20	...	176
Coimbatore ...	5	21	126	...	4	53	...	104	66	1	378
Nilgiris ...	...	6	2	...	...	5	...	...	6	...	19
Cuddapah ...	7	83	292	1	2	19	...	14	23	...	439
Ganjām ...	...	55	32	4	8	118	...	78	50	1	338
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	6
Gōdāvari ...	6	25	109	3	9	293	5	105	85	...	631
Do. (Agency) ...	...	1	...	...	...	5	1	4	...	...	11
Kistna ...	2	24	287	41	8	92	6	20	37	...	509
Kurnool ...	...	39	78	...	1	39	4	21	23	...	204
Madura ...	1	92	194	3	20	161	2	28	199	...	678
Malabar ...	...	44	41	8	5	148	1	90	140	...	472
Nellore ...	...	14	49	3	6	42	...	31	4	...	143
Salem ...	8	69	103	1	21	58	...	71	36	...	346
Tanjore ...	...	23	58	...	14	228	...	89	124	...	522
Tinnevely ...	...	371	202	...	36	83	...	18	63	...	737
Trichinopoly ...	...	25	42	57	8	61	3	42	95	...	325
Vizagapatam ...	1	30	115	1	5	116	1	177	91	...	532
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	3	...	230
Madras ...	...	72	3	...	...	3	...	1,054	9	...	1,141
Total ...	57	1,215	2,324	149	203	1,775	24	2,231	1,236	3	9,014

B.—Statement showing the relative contribution of the several districts of the Presidency to the aggregate number of Cases for the year 1902.

Districts.	Cases			Appeals		Total of Cases and Appeals.	Percentage to total.
	Before Village Magistrates' Courts.	Before Regular Courts, (including sessions).	Total.	To Magistrates' and Sessions Judges' Courts.	To High Court.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Madras ...	1,195	25,129	26,324	652	93	27,069	10.39
Tanjore ...	2,652	17,908	20,560	955	34	21,549	8.28
Malabar ...	163	19,612	19,775	800	111	20,686	7.94
Gōdāvari ...	441	18,064	18,505	686	22	19,213	7.38
Do. (Agency) ...	80	361	391	17	5	413	1.5
Salem ...	394	14,380	14,774	614	52	15,440	5.93
Arcot (North) ...	644	13,340	13,984	511	82	14,577	5.60
Do. (South) ...	436	13,287	13,723	531	40	14,294	5.49
Coimbatore ...	231	12,991	13,222	668	50	13,940	5.35
Tinnevely ...	1,272	10,682	11,954	440	37	12,431	4.78
Vizagapatam ...	285	11,311	11,596	262	6	11,864	4.55
Do. (Agency) ...	...	1,444	1,444	43	27	1,514	5.9
Chingleput ...	374	10,168	10,542	315	14	10,871	4.18
Kistna ...	883	8,741	9,624	536	44	10,204	3.92
Nellore ...	259	9,591	9,850	100	32	10,081	3.66
Ganjām ...	242	9,181	9,423	366	14	9,803	3.77
Do. (Agency) ...	...	208	208	13	5	226	0.8
Bellary ...	74	9,242	9,316	255	31	9,602	3.68
Trichinopoly ...	144	8,797	8,941	346	14	9,301	3.68
Cuddapah ...	94	6,342	6,436	459	63	6,958	2.68
Kurnool ...	84	6,285	6,369	371	53	6,793	2.61
Canara (South) ...	31	5,749	5,780	280	12	6,072	2.33
Anantapur ...	36	4,251	4,287	232	1	4,520	1.73
Nilgiris ...	7	2,990	2,997	23	...	3,020	1.15
Total ...	9,971	240,054	250,025	9,574	842	260,441	100.00
Madras ...	...	65,290	65,290	...	17	65,307	...
Mysore ...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
Grand Total ...	9,971	305,344	315,315	9,574	863	325,752	...

F.—Statement showing, by districts, the number of Revision Cases received, disposed of and pending and the Persons concerned therein, with their results, in the Courts of District Magistrates and Courts of Session, for the year 1902.

Courts of District Magistrates.										Courts of Session.									
Cases					Persons					Cases					Persons				
Received.		Disposed of.		Pending.	Received.	Disposed of.		Pending.	Received.	Disposed of.		Pending.	Disposed of.		Referred.	Pending.			
						Orders not interfered with.	Proceedings quashed or further enquiry ordered.			Orders not interfered with.	Proceedings quashed or further enquiry ordered.								
1																			
Arcoot (North)	41	42	...	81	41	26	15	...	17	16	2	48	38	5	...	6			
Do. (South)	53	64	...	157	144	46	7	...	19	19	...	34	29	1	4	...			
Anantapur	35	39	...	103	99	19	3	...	23	24	...	64	50	14	3	...			
Bellary	8	8	...	16	12	3	1	...	20	21	...	82	49	16	19	...			
Canara (South)	13	13	...	40	38	2	...	...	15	15	...	48	39	3	6	...			
Chingleput	31	30	2	80	41	24	4	...	24	24	...	69	50	11	8	...			
Coimbatore	78	77	2	284	228	53	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Nilgiris	12	11	...	14	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Gudalaph	14	21	...	40	40	5	2	...	15	14	1	48	30	...	15	...			
Ganjam	18	17	...	18	14	3	...	...	10	10	...	56	40	76	...	...			
Godavari	67	64	3	100	75	19	3	...	36	35	6	113	69	15	16	...			
Kistna	43	44	3	116	85	29	7	...	22	24	1	54	53	21	...	...			
Kurnool	9	14	...	26	18	36	...	...	14	12	2	44	18	7	...	...			
Madara	78	79	...	326	200	130	2	...	65	60	8	314	217	78	...	...			
Malabar (North)	34	37	...	136	126	14	...	...	4	4	...	9	9	...	...	...			
Do. (South)	25	25	...	75	64	10	1	...	27	29	...	77	70	13	...	...			
Nellore	16	15	...	34	23	7	2	...	7	8	...	18	26	...	...	...			
Salem	48	53	1	256	228	34	9	...	28	27	...	83	77	4	...	...			
Tanjore	22	18	4	100	66	20	...	...	71	77	...	274	267	13	1	...			
Tinnevely	34	34	...	149	95	52	2	...	48	46	4	234	143	43	8	...			
Trichinopoly	15	17	...	39	38	4	...	...	17	19	...	83	59	19	5	...			
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	103	101	6	2	...			
Ganjam (Agency)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Godavari (do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Vizagapatam (do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Total	694	722	20	2,190	1,684	536	66	56	516	518	26	1,857	1,435	295	81	136			

G.—Statement showing, by districts, the number and result of Appeals to the High Court, for the year 1902.

Districts.	Appeals against														Persons concerned in appeals against											
	Conviction						Acquittal		Verdict of jury						Conviction				Acquittal		Verdict of jury					
	Summarily rejected.	Confirmed.	Sentence		Reversed and confirmed.	Confirmed, &c., as regards some appellants.	Confirmed.	Reversed and new trial ordered.	Reversed, conviction recorded, and sentence passed.	Upheld.			Modified.			Set aside.			Summarily rejected.	Confirmed.	Reversed and new trial ordered.	Reversed, conviction recorded, and sentence passed.	Upheld.		Modified.	Set aside.
			Varied.	Reversed.						Confirmed.	Reversed.	Confirmed.	Reversed.	Confirmed.	Reversed.	Confirmed.	Reversed.	Confirmed.					Reversed.	Confirmed.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
Anantapur	59	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	62	1	5	1	...	9	1	1	2	6	5	11	
Arcoot (North)	29	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	38	5	1	6	...	1	...	2	7	3	1	83	
Do. (South)	15	8	5	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	32	8	3	3	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	87	
Bellary	2	7	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	11	7	1	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	36	
Canara (South)	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	11	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	
Chingleput	30	9	2	2	3	3	1	1	...	...	...	2	46	61	5	6	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	13	
Coimbatore	39	9	...	...	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	24	13	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	80	
Nilgiris	8	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	10	13	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	
Gudalaph	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	
Ganjam	17	2	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	20	18	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	
Do. (Agency)	36	2	1	1	4	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	5	50	13	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	
Godavari	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	44	50	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	73	
Kistna	34	7	2	2	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	67	13	2	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	94	
Kurnool	33	15	12	12	...	4	...	3	...	1	...	2	3	67	26	17	4	...	8	...	...	1	...	...	97	
Madara	27	3	7	7	7	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	42	46	8	4	12	...	1	...	...	4	...	...	74	
Malabar (North)	28	16	7	2	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	58	33	29	9	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	84	
Do. (South)	14	3	1	1	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	33	5	1	3	...	2	...	...	4	...	...	63	
Nellore	32	5	3	3	...	2	...	7	1	...	...	3	35	29	11	9	1	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	104	
Salem	27	3	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	35	27	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	
Tanjore	15	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	27	5	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	13	
Tinnevely	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	
Trichinopoly	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	
Vizagapatam	16	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	17	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	
Do. (Agency)	16	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	
Madras	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Myore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	502	117	47	31	...	10	16	9	7	9	1	21	770	765	209	80	54	...	30	9	17	24	...	54	1,242	

H.—Statement exhibiting, by districts, the mode of disposal of the Sentences of Death referred for confirmation under section 374 of the Criminal Procedure Code, for the year 1902.

Districts.	Cases						Persons					
	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed and acquittal ordered.	Confirmed, &c., as regards some of the appellants.	Reversed and new trial ordered.	Total.	Confirmed.	Commuted to transportation.	Commuted to rigorous imprisonment.	Reversed and acquittal ordered.	Reversed and new trial ordered.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Arcot (North) ...	4	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	4
Do. (South) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bellary ...	2	1	...	...	...	3	2	1	...	...	...	3
Canara (South) ...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
Chingleput ...	1	1	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	1	...	3
Coimbatore ...	7	...	1	...	...	8	7	...	...	1	...	8
Nilgiris ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah ...	4	1	...	...	...	5	4	1	...	...	...	5
Ganjām ...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gódvári ...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kistna ...	1	1	1	...	...	3	1	1	...	1	...	3
Kurnool ...	3	1	...	...	...	4	5	1	...	...	...	6
Madura ...	5	1	1	...	...	7	5	1	...	...	...	7
Malabar (North) ...	1	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	4	...	5
Do. (South) ...	2	2	...	...	...	4	3	2	1	...	...	6
Nellore ...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1
Salem ...	7	2	3	...	...	12	7	2	...	3	...	12
Tanjore ...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
Tinnevely ...	3	1	1	1	...	6	4	2	...	2	...	8
Trichinopoly ...	1	...	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	2
Vizagapatam ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	2	...	...	4
Total ...	41	16	10	2	...	69	47	17	4	14	...	82

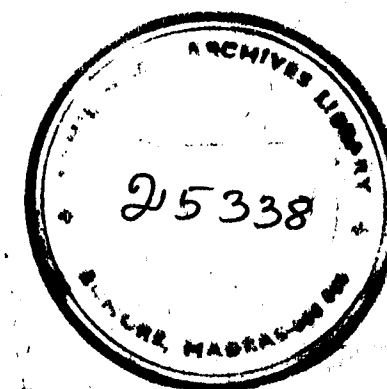
I.—Statement showing, by districts, the results of cases referred under section 438, Criminal Procedure Code, by Sessions Judges and District Magistrates, for the year 1902.

Districts.	Reported by Sessions Judges.					Reported by District Magistrates.				
	Quashed.	New trial or enquiry ordered.	Modified.	Not interfered with.	Total disposed of.	Quashed.	New trial or enquiry ordered.	Modified.	Not interfered with.	Total disposed of.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Arcot (North) ...	...	...	...	1	1	1	2	4	7	14
Do. (South) ...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	1	4	7
Anantapur ...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	3
Bellary ...	2	1	...	...	3	6	...	...	...	...
Canara (South) ...	1	15	...	3	19	...	...	...	...	...
Chingleput ...	1	...	1	...	2	3	8	...	3	9
Coimbatore ...	1	1	1	1	4	3	...	...	...	3
Nilgiris ...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	8	...	12
Cuddapah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
Ganjām ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gódvári ...	6	10	1	3	20	4	8	1	5	13
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kistna ...	...	...	...	2	2	15	...	4	11	30
Kurnool ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	5	6
Madura ...	2	...	...	2	4	8	...	5	12	25
Malabar (North) ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	2
Do. (South) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nellore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	14	15
Salem ...	1	...	...	...	1	2	2	2	5	11
Tanjore ...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	11	12
Tinnevely ...	...	1	2	8	11	...	1	...	8	9
Trichinopoly ...	3	...	...	...	3	...	1	1	...	2
Vizagapatam ...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	3	3
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
Total ...	20	28	5	24	77	45	12	81	92	180

J.—Statement showing, by districts, the amount of fines imposed in the exercise of Original Jurisdiction, the amount realized, and the amount paid as compensation, for the year 1902.

Districts.	Courts of Magistrates.			Courts of Session.		
	Imposed.	Realized.	Paid as compensation.	Imposed.	Realized.	Paid as compensation.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Arcot (North) ...	Rs. 38,041	Rs. 33,152	Rs. 1,266	Rs. 554	...	...
Do. (South) ...	31,628	28,057	2,916	...	...	...
Anantapur ...	15,894	14,124	338	1,505	496	...
Bellary ...	16,969	14,877	762	...	...	...
Canara (South) ...	32,475	22,662	2,021	500	...	...
Chingleput ...	16,829	15,488	272	...	36	...
Coimbatore ...	61,577	46,719	1,304	2,050	1,302	20
Nilgiris ...	6,972	6,103	612	...	...	...
Cuddapah ...	18,929	17,299	295	106	128	...
Ganjām ...	27,271	24,324	2,786	...	119	...
Gódvári ...	58,667	51,897	2,788	...	100	...
Kistna ...	36,740	33,026	1,124	25	5	...
Kurnool ...	29,017	24,957	757	200	...	...
Madura ...	62,743	56,591	663	250	102	...
Malabar { North } ...	54,698	43,448	2,213	2,100	536	136
Do. { South } ...	...	...	...	7,960	100	100
Nellore ...	27,602	25,145	581	4,415	15	...
Salem ...	44,877	42,228	1,206	530	165	...
Tanjore ...	37,680	34,430	895	...	...	...
Tinnevely ...	34,336	33,280	1,043	6,550	59	...
Trichinopoly ...	20,736	19,016	1,496	300	100	...
Vizagapatam ...	26,377	18,709	1,220	150	...	...
Ganjām (Agency) ...	1,361	1,090	81	...	...	...
Gódvári (do.) ...	1,916	1,927	136	...	...	...
Vizagapatam (do.) ...	7,952	4,820	549	...	...	...
Madras ...	54,657	43,038	2,682	...	...	...
Total ...	7,65,864	* 6,56,905	30,006	27,195	* 3,263	256

* These include also the amounts realized out of the fines imposed during previous years.



GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

From J. T. GILLESPIE, Esq., I.C.S., Acting Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, to the Chief Secretary to Government, dated 14th August 1903, Dis. No. 748.

I am directed to forward seven copies of the report on the administration of criminal justice in the Madras Presidency for 1902.

2. The special statements are attached to five copies of the report intended for the local Government, but they have been omitted from the remaining two intended for submission to the Government of India.

ORDER—No. 1407, Judicial, dated 24th September 1903.

Recorded.

2. The attention of Collector of Madura will be drawn to the remarks in paragraph 23 as to the want of care in the preparation of the lists of jurors and assessors in the district, and the remarks of the Sessions Judge, quoted in paragraph 24, regarding the causes of the low percentage of convictions in sessions cases in Chingleput, will be communicated to the District Magistrate.

(True Extract.)

G. S. FORBES,
Ag. Chief Secretary.