

REPORT

ASO-A

ON THE

480.

ADMINISTRATION

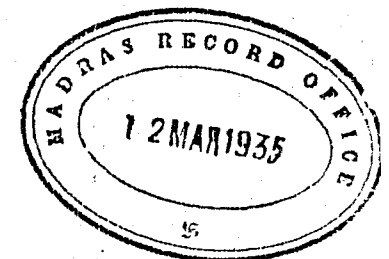
OF

PUDUKKOTTAI,

FOR THE YEAR

1900-1901.

Fasli 1310.



PUDUKKOTTAI,

PRINTED AT THE SREE BRAHADANPAH STATE PRESS.

1901.

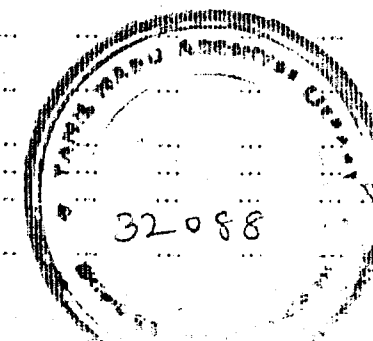
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NO1

Map of the Pudukkottai State.

செப்பனிருபவர் பெயர்
பா. அகிலேஷன்
செப்பனிருபவர்களை எடுத்தல்
கேள்விப்பட்ட நாள்
மார்ச் 1995
ஆகஸ்ட் 1995
சரிபார்க்கும்
பா. எ.
அகிலேஷன்
ஆராய்ச்சி
உத்தரவு
அகிலேஷன்

R. C. No. $\frac{1023}{C.}$ of 1901.

DEWAN'S OFFICE,
Pudukkottai, 15th October 1901.

To

R. H. SHIPLEY, ESQUIRE,

POLITICAL AGENT FOR PUDUKKOTTAI.

FROM

THE DEWAN IN COUNCIL,

PUDUKKOTTAI.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward herewith, for submission to Government, the Administration Report of the State for Fasli 1310 (1900-1901).

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient and humble servant,

S. Venkataramadas,
Dewan.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

1. *Reception given to His Highness by His Excellency the Viceroy.*—His Excellency the Viceroy honored His Highness by giving a public reception at Trichinopoly on the 28th November 1900.

2. *Census.*—The Census of the population of the Pudukkóttai State was taken on the 1st March 1901 along with the Census in British India.

3. *Jaghires in the State.*—The Chinnaramanai Jaghire continued to be managed and enjoyed by M.R.Ry. Balasubrahmaniam Raghunatha Tondiman Sahib Avergal, while the Manovarti Jaghire continued to be managed by the State and enjoyed by His Highness.

4. *Political Pensions.*—Allowances of the nature of pensions paid in the Fasli under report were the same as in the preceding Fasli.

CHAPTER

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

LAND REVENUE.

5. *Occupied area.*—The occupied area under “Wet” and “Dry” is shown below, compared with the preceding Fasli:—

	Fasli 1309.	Fasli 1310.	Increase.
	Acre.	Acre.	Acre.
Wet area ...	99,607	1,01,301	1,694
Dry area ...	1,61,445	1,63,529	2,084
Total ...	2,61,052	2,64,830	3,778

The increase was due partly to the inclusion under this head of the area of the Inam lands enfranchised in the Fasli under report and partly to unoccupied waste lands having been applied for and granted to ryots for cultivation. Further particulars about the total extent, the population, etc., of the State are given in statements Nos. I, II and III in the Appendix.

6. *Demand, Collection and Balance.*—The actual land revenue demand for the Fasli under report was Rs. 7,08,954 as against Rupees 7,07,645 in the preceding Fasli, the small increase being

mainly due to the unoccupied Amani lands taken up by ryots for cultivation in the Fasli under report. Out of this demand, Rs. 6,21,162 were collected, leaving a balance of Rs. 87,792 or 12.33 per cent. as against 11.81 per cent. in the preceding Fasli. The collections were rather low, as pressure was not put upon ryots in consideration of the fact that the season was rather unfavorable and followed one of a more unfavorable character. Taluqwar particulars of the demand, collection and balance will be found in statement No. IV of the Appendix.

7. *Old arrears—Land Revenue other than Quit-rents.*—Out of the old arrears amounting to Rs. 99,354 at the beginning of the Statements Nos. V & VI. Fasli, Rs. 43,715 were collected and Rs. 2,375 were written off, leaving a balance of Rs. 53,264 or 53.61 per cent. as against 50.52 per cent. in the preceding Fasli. Taluqwar particulars of the old arrears, collection and balance and Fasliwar details of the balance will be found in statements Nos. V and VI of the Appendix.

8. *Old arrears—Quit-rents.*—The arrears at the commencement of the Fasli amounted to Rs. 1,46,294 and to this were added, in the Fasli under report, Rs. 16,470 which represent the quit-rent due for the 12 Faslis from Fasli 1298 to Fasli 1309 on the Inam lands enfranchised during the Fasli, making the total arrears Rupees 1,62,764. Out of this sum, only Rs. 16,002 as against Rs. 16,600 in the preceding Fasli, were collected; Rs. 10,715, as against Rs. 11,848, having been found on investigation to have been already collected in the shape of old cesses, were ordered to be written off and there was still outstanding at the close of the Fasli an arrear of Rs. 1,36,047 of which only Rs. 82,310 were ripe for collection and could have been collected in the Fasli under report if the season had permitted; the remaining amount of Rs. 53,737, though included in the arrear demand, was not ripe for collection in the Fasli under report, as it was allowed to be paid in future Faslis.

9. *Coercive processes.*—There were 296 cases of sales of immovable property for realizing Rs. 6,333 as against 197 cases for realizing Rs. 4,074 in the preceding Fasli and 126 cases of sales of movable property for realizing Rs. 1,565 as against 142 cases for realizing Rs. 1,430 in the preceding Fasli. The increase in the number of sales of immovable property is reported to be due to the season being unfavorable in two consecutive Faslis. It is necessary to observe in this connection that, in respect of collection of Sirkar dues, every concession was shown to ryots and that it was only the property of those who, in spite of concessions, did not pay up the Sirkar demand that was sold; the concession to pay up the arrear in future Faslis was granted in nearly every case in which it was applied for.

10. *Land Revenue charges.*—The expenditure under "Land Revenue" after debiting the portion chargeable to "Law and Justice" was Rs. 72,431 or 10.6 per cent. of the total land revenue as against Rs. 71,050 or the same per cent. in the preceding Fasli.

11. *Agricultural loans.*—No loans were taken by the ryots in the Fasli under report also. The question why ryots have not been taking any loans from the State is being investigated by the Dewan Peishkar in person.

12. *General remarks.*—On the whole the administration of the Land Revenue department was satisfactory and reflects credit on the Dewan Peishkar C. G. Harihara Sastri, B.A.

JAGHIRES AND ESTATES UNDER SIRKAR MANAGEMENT.

13. *Manovarti Jaghire.*—The only Jaghire under Sirkar management was the Manovarti Jaghire. The net balance in favor of the Jaghire at the close of the Fasli was Rs. 1,73,124 of which Rs. 1,66,482 were kept apart as His Highness' marriage fund. Details for the latter sum are to be found in statement No. VII of the Appendix.

14. *Estates under Sirkar Management.*—The following estates continued to remain under Sirkar management in the Fasli under report :—

1. The Kanakasabhapathi Pannikondar estate.
2. The Sundaresan estate.

REVENUE SURVEY.

15. *Scene of operations and strength of establishment.*—There was no change either in the scene of operations or in the nature of the work during the Fasli under report.

16. *Outturn.*—The outturn under processes A, E, F, and G, amounted to only 140 square miles as against 200 square miles in the preceding Fasli. 22 vattams covering an area of 183 square miles were traversed (process B) as against 20 vattams covering an area of 170 square miles in the preceding Fasli. 20 vattams covering an area of 160 square miles were traverse-computed and plotted (processes C and D) as against 18 vattams covering an area of 141 square miles in the preceding Fasli. Mapping of an area of 142 square miles (process H) and photo-reduction and litho-printing of 25 villages were completed during the Fasli as against 125 square miles and 65 villages in the preceding Fasli.

17. *Financial.*—The outlay on establishment, etc., was Rs. 28,147-4-6 (as against Rs. 31,111-12-5 in the preceding Fasli) of which Rs. 165-15-6 representing cost of instruments and contingencies were not chargeable to the outturn. The cost of the Revenue Survey Establishment up to the close of the Fasli under report was Rs. 2,27,176.

18. *General remarks.*—The outturn in the year under report was by no means satisfactory. The Superintendent of Survey attributes the short outturn to some of his subordinates having been employed on Census work for nearly 2 months and to the unfavorable character of the season which retarded the progress of work; he says that the ryots in several villages had left their villages in quest of employment and that their absence and the absence of a sufficient quantity of drinking water in most of the villages in which the survey operations had to be carried on made it difficult for his subordinates to show as good results as they would otherwise have done. The reasons assigned by the Superintendent must doubtless have affected the outturn of the Fasli considerably but it is nevertheless a matter for regret that his forecasts as to the close of the operations of the department have on more occasions than one been far wide of the mark. All my previous calculations have therefore gone wrong and I have now begun to think that it will not be possible for me to abolish the department before the close of Fasli 1311 though reductions both in the directing and in the subordinate staff may be made in the interim. The area surveyed up to the close of the Fasli was 1,190 square miles and it is reported that the area yet to be surveyed at the commencement of Fasli 1311 was 20 square miles and that this has been completed by the end of September 1901. There is yet a great deal to do, as 513 square miles have still to be mapped.

REVENUE SETTLEMENT.

19. The Revenue Settlement operations were not begun in the Fasli as the survey operations did not come to a close.

INAM SETTLEMENT.

20. The operations of the Department are still continuing and the total cost of the establishment in the Fasli under report was Rs. 8,879 as against Rs. 10,692 in the preceding Fasli, the decrease being due to the abolition of a portion of the staff in the Fasli under report. The cost of the Inam Settlement establishment from the beginning of the operations up to the close of the Fasli was Rs. 1,83,857 while the addition to the revenue in the shape of quit-rents amounted to Rs. 1,34,510 per annum. The question of enfranchising the Brahmadayam, etc., Inams in the Chinnaramanai Jaghire has not been decided yet and it is hoped that, by the 30th of November 1901 by which date the Department will have finished the work now on hand, it will be possible to commence the enfranchisement of these Inams.

DEVASTANAM AND CHARITY.

21. The number of Temples and Chattrams maintained by the State was the same as in the preceding Fasli. The State spent Rs. 1,22,264 on this account in the Fasli under report.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

LEGISLATION.

22. The following Regulation was passed in the Fasli under report:—

Regulation No. I of 1900.—This was passed on the 6th December 1900 to make suitable provision for the successful taking of the Census of the population of the Pudukkottai State in 1901 in connection with the Census of British India.

POLICE.

23. *Executive Control.*—The District Superintendent of Police of the British District of Trichinopoly continued to be the ex-officio Superintendent of the Pudukkottai State Police and was assisted by a local officer called the Chief Inspector. Mr. A. C. S. West was the Superintendent till the 2nd April 1901 when he was relieved by Mr. G. E. Baudry. N. Veerasami Naidu was the Chief Inspector till his death which occurred on the 10th July 1900 and he was succeeded by Inspector A. G. Krishnaswami Iyer, appointed as Chief Inspector on probation for one year.

24. *Strength.*—The actual strength of the State Police on the last day of the Fasli under report was 262 as against the sanctioned strength of 263. The details of the strength were the same as in the preceding year. The proportion of the actual strength of the force to population and area was one to 1,447 persons and one to 5.3 square miles respectively as against one to 1,424 persons and one to 5.3 square miles respectively in the preceding year. The decrease in the ratio of Police to population was due to the new Census figures having been adopted for population.

25. *Rewards.*—For good work done by the Force not only departmental promotions but also money rewards to the extent of Rs. 23 were granted.

26. *Criminal prosecution of Police officers.*—Five constables were departmentally ordered to be criminally prosecuted in the Fasli but only one of them was convicted and dismissed from service; three were acquitted and restored to their posts; the fifth man absconded, anticipating that his prosecution would be sanctioned and had to be struck off the rolls as a deserter.

27. *Education.*—In the school for recruits which continued to work well, 6 persons were also trained by special instruction for the Station House Officers' test though only 4 passed in the final examination held by the Superintendent.

28. *Service of processes.*—16,162 summonses of all kinds were issued and served as against 15,582 in the preceding Fasli. 1,215 warrants were issued by the local Magistracy as against 1,557 in the preceding year, of which only 21 remained unexecuted at the end of the Fasli as against 58 in the preceding Fasli. The total number of processes served by the Police was not more than normal.

29. *Extradition.*—Of the 28 warrants, as against 30 in the preceding Fasli, issued under the extradition rules, 23 were executed, 3 were returned and only 2 remained unexecuted at the end of the Fasli. The relations between the Police of the State and that of the adjoining British Districts were cordial in the matter of apprehending criminals and tracing the property concerned in grave crimes.

30. *Known Depradators and Suspects.*—There were 160 Known Depradators and 55 Suspects registered in the previous Fasli. 10 Known Depradators and 2 Suspects were newly brought to book during the Fasli under report, thus making a total of 170 Known Depradators and 57 Suspects. Of these, 5 K.D.'s were re-convicted during the Fasli, one died, and 8 were struck off (3 as being too old and incapable of committing crimes and 5 as having reformed their character), leaving at the end of the Fasli 161 K. D.'s and 57 Suspects still to be watched.

31. *Crimes and Police operations.*—1,467 cases of all kinds were reported during the Fasli of which 1,373 or 94 per cent. were detected as against 1,577 cases with a detection of 1,491 or 94 per cent. in the preceding Fasli. 2,677 persons arrested of whom 1,534 or 57 per cent. were convicted as against 2,979 persons with a conviction of 56 per cent. in the preceding Fasli. It is gratifying to note that the detective results were as good as in the preceding year and that the convictions rose by one per cent. Property worth Rs. 20,723 was lost of which property worth Rs. 12,558 or 61 per cent. was recovered as against property worth Rs. 4,737 lost with 39 per cent. recovered in the preceding Fasli. The rise in the percentage of lost property recovered is also noted with satisfaction. Of the 1,467 cases referred to above, 348 were under the Salt Regulation, 788 were under the Police and other Regulations and 331 alone were under the Penal Code. Of those under the Penal Code, 244 or 74 per cent. were detected as against 302 cases with a detection of 225 or 74 per cent. in the preceding year. That the percentage of detection continued to be high is a matter for congratulation. The number of persons arrested in these cases was 1,423 of whom 364 or 26 per cent. were convicted as against 1,568 with a conviction of 348 or 22 per cent. in the preceding Fasli. The number of persons arrested by the Police, as distinguished from those that appeared before Magistrates in the cases taken cognizance of by them without the intervention of the Police, was 416 of whom 215 or 52 per cent. were convicted as against 43 per cent. in the preceding year.

32. *Referred charge sheets.*—The number of cases referred as false by the Police during the Fasli was 106 as against 127 in the preceding Fasli. It is hoped that there will be a further diminution under this head in future years.

33. *Grave crimes—Murder and culpable homicide.*—Three cases of murder were reported during the Fasli, of which two were detected as against no case reported during the preceding Fasli. The accused in the third case having been acquitted by the Court of Session, the State Vakil has recently been instructed to prefer an appeal against the order of acquittal. No case of culpable homicide was reported during the Fasli as against two cases reported and detected in the preceding Fasli.

Dacoity.—Five cases of dacoity were reported during the Fasli, of which only one was detected. One case was pending trial in the Court of Session and the remaining three, reported towards the close of the Fasli, were under investigation. Arrangements have since been made to apply for the extradition of the two persons concerned in one of the cases and arrested in the British Territory. In the preceding Fasli three cases were reported of which only one was detected.

Robbery.—Three cases of robbery were reported during the Fasli of which only one was detected. The case which was pending before the Magistrate at the close of the preceding Fasli also ended in conviction during the Fasli under report. Of the remaining two cases, one was pending trial before the Magistrate and the other was under investigation; a portion of the property concerned in it has since been recovered. In the preceding Fasli three cases were reported and two were detected.

House-breaking and theft.—40 cases of house-breaking and theft were reported of which 14 or 35 per cent. were detected as against 46 cases with 34 per cent. detected in the preceding Fasli.

Grave theft.—125 cases of grave theft were reported of which 98 or 78 per cent. were detected as against 92 cases with 79 per cent. detected in the preceding year.

34. *Cases referred by the Magistracy.*—38 cases, both cognizable and non-cognizable, were referred by the Magistracy to the Police for enquiry and 29 of them were found false as against 30 cases with 24 found false in the preceding Fasli.

35. *Sessions cases.*—Ten cases were tried by the Court of Session, of which 6, or 60 per cent. ended in conviction during the Fasli as against 12 cases with conviction of 10, or 83 per cent. during the preceding Fasli. 26 persons were tried, of whom 11 or 42 per cent. were convicted as against 23 persons with a conviction of 13 or 56 per cent. in the preceding Fasli.

36. *Relations between the Magistracy and the Police.*—The relations between the Magistracy and the Police were harmonious.

37. *General remarks.*—The Superintendent, Mr. G. E. Baudry, inspected 10 out of the 23 stations, besides the Head Quarters' office and stores, during the period of less than 3 months he was in charge of the department in the Fasli under report. The probationary Chief Inspector of Police A. G. Krishnaswami Iyer inspected all the stations in the State both in the first and the second half of the Fasli. The work of the Police in the Fasli under report was on the whole satisfactory.

38. *Police Hospital.*—There was a satisfactory decrease in the number of the Police sick admitted both into the Town Hospital as in-patients and into the Rural Dispensaries as out-patients, the numbers being 75 and 80 respectively as against 96 and 138 in the preceding Fasli.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

39. The following ammunition was imported during the Fasli:—140lbs. of gunpowder, 25 coils of safety fuses, 4,500 filled gun cartridges, 330lbs. of small shot, 82,000 percussion caps and 7,500lbs. of sulphur. The bulk of this was imported by private persons for trade and only a small quantity was imported by the State for the use of the Police department.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

I.—ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

40. *Number of Courts.*—The Sub-Registrar of Karambakudi having been invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the third class with jurisdiction over the vattams included in the late Karambakudi Firka, there was at the end of the Fasli one Court more than at the beginning. There were no other changes worth mentioning.

41. *Number of working days.*—The average number of working days in the Magistrates' Courts in the State are noted below:—

Chief Magistrate's Court	...	231 days as against 163 in the preceding Fasli.
Joint Magistrate's Court	...	126 " 53 "
Second class Taluk Magistrates' Courts.	12	" 12 "
Second class Stationary Magistrates' Courts including Town and Firka Sub-Magistrates.	244	" 235 "
Third class Magistrates' Courts	73	" 92 "

42. *Cases filed.*—The number of cases reported and brought to trial during the Fasli was 2,806; but, as 58 cases of the preceding year were also brought to trial in the Fasli under report, the total file was 2,864 cases involving 4,937 persons as against 2,974 cases involving 5,216 persons in the preceding Fasli and showed a decrease of 110 cases as the net result of small variations under the details noted in the margin. These variations need no explanation.

Cases disposed of.—Of the 2,864 cases filed, 1,533 as against 1,663 in the preceding Fasli resulted in conviction; 246 cases as against 222 were struck off as false; 332 as against 349 terminated in the discharge of the accused under section 253 of the Criminal Procedure Code; 672 as against 632 were withdrawn or compromised by the parties; and 1 cases as against 58 were pending at the close of the Fasli.

44. *Persons dealt with.*—Of the number of persons brought up for trial, 4,937, 1,780 as against 1,911, were convicted (including 12 by the Court of Session); 646 as against 532 were acquitted (including 18 by the Court of Session); 1,054 as against 1,229 were discharged; 1,386 as against 1,536 were otherwise disposed of (including one by the Court of Session), i.e., released in consequence of compromises, withdrawals, etc.; the remaining 71 persons (including 5 before the Court of Session) as against 38 in the preceding Fasli were left over for being dealt with in the succeeding Fasli.

* NOTE:—These were committed to the Court of Session in the month of June 1901, but were taken up for trial only in July 1901 as the Chief Court opened only in that month after the recess.

45. *Result of the cases under each law.*—The offences under the Indian Penal Code were 1,568 as against 1,518 in the preceding Fasli. Of these, 952 as against 635 were withdrawn by the parties, etc., and, of the remaining 616 as against 883, conviction was obtained in 376 or 61·03 per cent. as against 333 or 37·71 per cent. in the preceding Fasli. The offences under other laws were 1,296 as against 1,456, of which 52 as against 47 were withdrawn by parties, etc., and, of the remaining 1,244 as against 1,409, conviction was obtained in 1,157 or 93 per cent. as against 1,330 or 94·3 per cent. in the preceding Fasli.

46. *Persons dealt with under each law.*—Out of the 3,554 persons as against 3,647 involved in the cases under the Penal Code, 1,320 as against 1,484 related to cases which were withdrawn, compromised, etc., and of the remaining 2,234 persons as against 2,163 who were tried, 579 or 25·91 per cent. as against 494 or 22·84 per cent. were convicted. As to the persons concerned under other laws viz., 1,383 as against 1,599 in the preceding Fasli, 61 as against 52 related to cases which were withdrawn, etc., and, of the remaining 1,322 persons as against 1,547, 1,201 or 90·84 per cent. as against 1,417 or 91·6 per cent. were convicted.

47. *Punishments inflicted.*—Of the 1,780 persons convicted, 104 were sentenced to imprisonment only, 1,555 to fine only, 112 to imprisonment and fine, and 5 to whipping only; 3 were bound over for good behaviour; and one was ordered to give maintenance under section 488 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

48. *Fines.*—The total amount of fines imposed was Rs. 6,483-2-0 as against Rs. 7,830-3-0 in the preceding Fasli, out of which Rs. 5,000-5-9 as against Rupees 6,151-5-1 were realized, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,482-12-3 as against Rupees 1,678-13-11. Particulars of the uncollected balance of the Fasli under report are noted below:—

					Fasli 1310.		
					RS.	A.	P.
Third class Magistrates' Courts...	...	...	...	...	13	0	0
Second class do. do. ...	...	...	...	...	657	5	0
First class do. do. ...	...	...	...	...	207	7	3
Court of Session ...	...	...	...	...	605	0	0
Total ...					1,482	12	3

Out of this amount, Rs. 125-10-1 are reported to be due from persons residing and owning property outside the limits of the State, Rs. 139-8-3 have been realized subsequent to the close of the Fasli, Rs. 450 are pending collection on warrants already issued for their realization and the remaining Rs. 767-9-11 seem to be irrecoverable. Strict orders having been issued for the realization of old arrears, Rs. 378-6-4 were realized out of the balance of the previous Fasli. Orders were also issued for writing off all sums outstanding for more than 6 years. The Magistrates were further instructed to exercise greater discretion in the matter of inflicting fines and see that fine is imposed only on those persons from whom it can be realized.

49. *Duration of trials.*—The average duration of trials was 2½ days as against 2½ days in the preceding Fasli.

50. *Details of work.*—The details of the work turned out by the Magistracy are given below:—

Name of the Courts.	Cases filed.	CASES DISPOSED OF.			Pending cases.
		Convicted.	Committed to the Court of Session.	Otherwise disposed of.	
Chief Magistrate's Court ...	45	22	...	21	2
Joint Magistrate's Court ...	35	9	...	25	1
Second class Taluq Magistrates' Courts ...	12	3	...	9	...
Second class Stationary Magistrates' Courts, including Town & Firkā Sub-Magistrates' ...	2,178	1,301	18	1,095	61
Third class Magistrates' Courts ...	294	195	...	97	2
Total ...	2,864	1,533	18	1,247	66

51. *Court of Session.*—The original work of the Court of Session is here- in referred to separately. 13 cases involving 31 persons Statements Nos. X and XI. were disposed of during the Fasli, leaving none in arrears as against 18 cases involving 30 persons in the preceding Fasli. Of the 31 persons tried, 18 were acquitted, 2 were imprisoned, 10 were imprisoned and fined, and one case in which the remaining one person was involved was otherwise disposed of.

II.—APPELLATE JURISDICTION.

(A) Magistrates' Courts.

52. There were 108 appeals (including one brought forward from the preceding Fasli) filed in the Chief Magistrate's Court as against 73 in the preceding Fasli. In 64 cases as against 45 the original decisions were confirmed, in 13 as against 8 modified, in 30 as against 22 reversed; and one case was transferred to the appellate side of the Chief Court. There were none pending as against one in the preceding Fasli.

53. The Chief Magistrate reports that, as tested by the result of appeals, the quality of the work of the subordinate Magistracy must be regarded as fair.

(B) Court of Session.

54. 4 appeals against the decisions of the Chief Magistrate (including one that was pending at the beginning of the Fasli) were filed as Statement No. XII. against 6 in the preceding Fasli. The Chief Magistrate's decision was confirmed in two cases and modified in one and one case was pending disposal. 5 appeals against the decisions of the Joint Magistrate were also filed. The decision of the lower Court was confirmed in 3 cases, modified in one, and reversed in the remaining case.

(C) The Chief Court.

55. 8 appeals were filed in the Chief Court against the decisions of the Court of Session and, of these, 7 were disposed of and one was pending at the close of the Fasli. In 5 of these cases, the original decision was confirmed and in the remaining 2, reversed.

III.—REVISION PETITIONS.

56. There were 47 petitions presented in the Chief Magistrate's Court as against 48 in the preceding Fasli and every one of them was disposed of in the Fasli. 31 petitions as against 42 were dismissed, while in the remaining 16 cases as

against 6 the original orders were set aside. 44 petitions, including 8 pending petitions of the preceding Fasli, had to be disposed of by the Chief Court as against 42 in the preceding Fasli, and of these 28 were disposed of during the Fasli leaving a balance of 16 as against 8 in the preceding Fasli. The pendency was rather large.

57. *General remarks.*—It will be observed from the above that the administration of criminal justice was on the whole satisfactory.

PRISONS.

58. *Number of Jails.*—A Subsidiary Jail having been newly opened in January 1901, there were at the close of the Fasli under report 7 Prisons viz., the Central Jail at Pudukkottai and 6 Subsidiary Jails.

59. *Number and disposal of prisoners.*—There were 93 prisoners of all classes at the commencement of the Fasli and 768 prisoners against 779 were admitted during the Fasli, making a total of 861 prisoners. The increase is trifling and needs no explanation. Of these, 749 as against 686 were released, etc., during the Fasli, leaving a balance of 113 at the close of the Fasli as against 93 at the close of the preceding Fasli. Of the admissions and releases referred to above, 283 and 263 respectively relate to convicts and the rest to either under-trial or civil prisoners. Of the balance of 113 prisoners at the close of the Fasli, 91 were convicts as against 71 in the preceding Fasli. Detailed information is given in statement No. XIII of the appendix regarding the prisoners in the central jail.

60. *Escapes.*—There was one escape from the Central Jail and another from the Sub-Jail at Kolattoor but only the former of the escaped persons was re-captured.

61. *Life convicts.*—Two life convicts were admitted during the Fasli as against none in the preceding Fasli, and at the close of the Fasli there were in all 8 life convicts of whom one is a female in the prime of life. The number of life convicts is on the increase in consequence of the custom obtaining in the State of regarding imprisonment for life as equivalent to capital punishment and of not hanging anybody. It is by no means safe to keep in the Central Jail persons who know that they have nothing more to fear and who are not consequently amenable to discipline and may not improbably commit acts endangering the safety either of their fellow prisoners or of the officers of the Jail or of even visitors thereto. It is further impolitic to allow other prisoners in the Jail to associate with them. It is therefore in contemplation to make suitable arrangements to keep these life convicts apart from other prisoners.

62. *Financial.*—The total expenditure during the Fasli amounted to Rupees 10,213 as against Rs. 7,475. The increase was due (1) to the increased cost of rations resulting from the dearness of food grains and (2) to the withdrawal of the "Military" and the entertainment of additional warders to guard the Jail. The value of the intramural and extramural labor turned out was Rs. 2,468 (vide statement No. XIII) and the net gain amounted to Rs. 1,032. The dieting charges were 2 annas 2 pies per head as against one anna 9 pies in the preceding Fasli. The increase was due to the rise in the cost of provisions and to a larger number of convicts having been kept on rice diet by the Chief Medical officer.

63. *Health of the convicts.*—During the Fasli under report there were 33 admissions into the Jail Hospital as against 86 in the preceding Fasli. The daily average of sick prisoners was 1.9 as against 2.2 in the preceding Fasli. There were no deaths during the Fasli and the convicts enjoyed good health and invariably gained weight after admission as ascertained from the records of their weights registered every fortnight.

64. *Lunatics.*—Three lunatics remained at the beginning of the Fasli and seven were admitted during the Fasli, making a total of 10. Of these, 4 were discharged and one died leaving 5 at the close of the Fasli.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

65. *Number of Courts.*—There was no change in the Fasli under report in the number of Courts which actually administered Civil Justice.

66. *Chief Court—Sittings.*—The sittings of the Judges of the Chief Court on the original and appellate sides thereof are given in statements Nos. XIV and XV.

67. *Chief Court including the Registrar thereof—Suits filed and disposed of.*—The total number of suits for disposal including those re-admitted was 3,124 as against 3,057 in the preceding Fasli and the total number of suits disposed of during the Fasli was 2,709 as against 2,881 in the preceding Fasli.

68. *Results of the Fasli in detail—Original jurisdiction—Regular suits.*—In the Fasli under report 1,497 regular suits were instituted, 40 were re-admitted and 5 were transferred from the Small Cause side. The number of suits pending at the commencement of the Fasli being 121, the total number for disposal during the Fasli was 1,663. Of this number, 1,419 suits (85.3 per cent. as against 92.5 per cent. in the preceding Fasli) were disposed of, leaving a balance of 244 suits as against 121 suits in the preceding Fasli. Of these 244 suits, 133 suits filed towards the close of the Fasli had necessarily to be posted for hearing in the succeeding Fasli, leaving thus a real balance of 111 suits which could conveniently have been disposed of as against 42 in the preceding Fasli. The Ag. Chief Judge attributes the decrease in the number of disposals mainly (1) to the period of the summer vacation of the Court in the preceding Fasli having been only 45 days and (2) to the Court having re-opened in that Fasli (1309) 10 days before its close, while in the Fasli under report the vacation was for 2 months and the Court re-opened after the close of the Fasli, and points out that, during the 10 days before the close of the preceding Fasli, 80 suits were disposed of. Another reason assigned for the decrease was that one of the *Puisne* Judges of the Court took privilege and casual leave for about a month in the Fasli under report.

69. *Nature of disposal.*—Of the 1,419 suits disposed of, 571 were contested; 398 were decreed *ex parte*, 66 on compromise and 230 on admission; 52 were struck off for default; 101 were withdrawn under sections 373 and 375 of the Code of Civil Procedure; and one was decided by award of Panchayet.

70. *Pendency of the arrears.*—Of the 244 suits pending at the end of the Fasli, 2 were pending for more than a year, 34 for over 6 months but not more than a year, 72 for over 3 months but not more than 6 months and 136 suits for 3 months and under. The 2 suits pending for more than a year are reported to be the heaviest suits ever filed in the Court and have not yet reached the issue stage.

even, owing to the very large number of defendants and to fresh parties having had to be added on account of the death of one defendant or another.

71. *Value of the claims involved.*—The value of the claims involved in the regular suits was Rs. 3,27,658-0-6 as against Rs. 4,42,910-9-3 of the corresponding class of suits in the preceding Fasli. The average value of each suit was Rupees 290-14-6 as against Rs. 292-11-9 in the preceding Fasli.

72. *Duration of suits.*—The average duration of each contested regular suit disposed of by the Judges of the Chief Court was 2 months and 23 days as against 2 months and 27 days in the preceding Fasli. The average duration of other suits was 36 days as against 38 days in the preceding Fasli.

73. *Nature of the suits disposed of.*—Of the 1,419 suits disposed of, 1,286 were suits relating to money, 120 were suits relating to immovable property and 13 were suits relating to other personal claims.

74. *Classes of litigants.*—Of the 1,542 suits including those that were re-admitted and those that were transferred from the Small Cause side, 200 were suits by Nattukkottai Chettis and money lenders against traders, 472 by Nattukkottai Chettis against ryots, 132 by Nattukkottai Chettis against others, 5 by traders against purchasers, and 3 by the Sirkar; the remaining 730 were other suits.

75. *Miscellaneous applications.*—The number of miscellaneous applications filed on the original side of the Chief Court including those which were pending at the beginning of the Fasli were 1,707, of which 1,243 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 464.

76. *Small Cause suits—Judges' file.*—The number of Small Cause suits instituted during the Fasli before the Judges was 632 and 18 were re-admitted; the number pending at the beginning of the Fasli being 42, the total number of suits for disposal during the Fasli was 692 as against 657 in the preceding Fasli. Of these, 642 suits (92·8 per cent. as against 93·6 per cent. in the preceding Fasli) were disposed of, leaving a balance of 50 suits including 40 filed towards the close of the Fasli and consequently posted for hearing in the succeeding Fasli; the balance of disposable suits was thus only 10 as against 14 in the preceding Fasli.

77. *Nature of disposal.*—Of the 642 suits disposed of, 175 were contested, 221 were decreed exparte, 133 on admission, and 19 on compromise; 52 were struck off for default; 39 were withdrawn under sections 373 and 375 of the Code of Civil Procedure; and 3 were transferred to the Small Cause side.

78. *Pendency of arrears.*—Of the 50 suits pending at the end of the Fasli, 6 were pending for over 3 months but not more than 6 months and the remaining 44 were pending for 3 months and under.

79. *Value of the claims involved.*—The value of the claims involved in the Small Cause suits disposed of by the Judges during the Fasli amounted to Rupees 21,355-2-0 as against Rs. 20,771-7-6 in the preceding Fasli. The average value of each suit disposed of was Rs. 33-4-0 as against Rs. 33-12-5 in the preceding Fasli.

80. *Duration of suits.*—The average duration of a contested Small Cause suit on the Judges' file was 41 days as against 39 days in the preceding Fasli. The duration of other Small Cause suits was 29 days as in the preceding Fasli.

81. *Miscellaneous applications.*—The number of miscellaneous applications to be disposed of by the Judges on the Small Cause side was 638 of which 617 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 21.

82. *Registrar's file.*—The number of suits for disposal was 769 including 4 that were re-admitted and 13 pending at the commencement of the Fasli, as against 766 in the preceding Fasli.

Of these, 708 suits (92 per cent. as against 98 per cent. in the preceding Fasli) were disposed of, leaving a balance of 61 suits which include 56 suits filed towards the close of the Fasli and consequently posted for hearing in the succeeding Fasli; the balance of disposable suits pending was thus 5, the same as in the preceding Fasli.

83. *Nature of disposal.*—Of the 708 suits disposed of, 163 were contested; 243 were decreed exparte, 170 on admission, and 4 on compromise; 41 were struck off for default; and 87 were withdrawn under sections 373 and 375 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

84. *Miscellaneous applications.*—The number of miscellaneous applications to be disposed of by the Registrar on the Small Cause side was 438, of which 410 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 28.

85. *Rural Small Cause Courts—Results of the Fasli in detail.*—In the 9 Rural Small Cause Courts, the number of Small Cause suits instituted was 1,760. As 22 suits were re-admitted and 59 were pending at the beginning of the Fasli, the total number for disposal during the Fasli was 1,841 as against 2,103 in the preceding Fasli. Of these, 1,803 suits (98 per cent. as against 97 per cent. in the preceding Fasli) were disposed of, leaving a balance of 38 suits as against 59 in the preceding Fasli.

86. *Nature of disposal.*—Of the 1,803 suits disposed of, 140 were contested; 459 were decreed exparte, 12 on oath, 594 on admission, and 153 on compromise; 153 were struck off for default; and 287 were withdrawn under sections 373 and 375 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

87. *Miscellaneous applications.*—The number of miscellaneous applications to be disposed of by the 9 Rural Small Cause Courts was 695, of which 669 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 26.

88. *Inspection.*—The Registrar of Assurances who was furnished with a memorandum of the points to be noted as prepared by the Chief Court, and directed to inspect the Rural Small Cause Courts with special reference to the said memorandum, along with his inspection of the Sub-Registry offices, inspected all of them during the Fasli and reported that their working was satisfactory on the whole.

89. *Appellate jurisdiction—Number filed and disposed of.*—The number of appeals preferred during the Fasli was 74. As 4 were re-admitted and 15 were pending at the beginning of the Fasli, the total number for disposal was 93 as against 113 in the preceding Fasli. Of these, 59 were disposed of (63·4 per cent. as against 87 per cent. in the preceding Fasli) leaving a balance of 34. Of these, 8 filed towards the close of the Fasli had necessarily to be posted for hearing in the succeeding Fasli; the balance of disposable appeals was thus 26 as against 3 in the preceding Fasli.

90. *Nature of disposal.*—With regard to the 59 appeals disposed of, the original decision was confirmed in 25 cases, modified in 17 cases, and reversed in 7 cases; 4 appeals were struck off; 3 were withdrawn; one was decided on oath; and 2 were compromised.

91. *Duration of appeals.*—The average duration of an appeal was 3 months and 27 days as against 5 months and 21 days in the preceding Fasli.

92. *Appeals against orders.*—There were 3 appeals against the orders on the original side of the Chief Court and 2 of these were disposed of, leaving one in arrears.

93. *Review petitions.*—Of the 16 petitions for review of appeal judgments including 4 brought forward from the preceding Fasli, 10 were disposed of, leaving 6 in arrears. Of the said 10 disposals, the review was granted only in one case, the petitions in the other 9 cases having been dismissed. In the case in which the review was allowed, final orders were not passed during the Fasli.

94. *Revision applications.*—Of the 20 applications for revision under section 622 of the Code of Civil Procedure including 6 brought forward from the preceding Fasli, 18 were disposed of, leaving only 2 in arrears.

95. *Financial.*—The amount of Court fees, etc., collected during the Fasli was Rs. 46,094-13-10 as against Rs. 48,211-9-7 in the preceding Fasli. The fall was due to the fact that the number of suits of high value filed in the Fasli under report was much less than in the preceding Fasli. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 28,524-9-4 as against Rs. 29,209-1-3 in the preceding Fasli.

96. *General remarks.*—It is observed that the administration of Civil Justice in the Fasli under report was on the whole satisfactory though the work turned out by the Chief Court was less than in the preceding year under every head. The absence of one of the *Puisne* Judges on privilege leave for 15 days and casual leave for 11 days which was one of the reasons assigned by the Ag. Chief Judge for the short outturn could not have made much difference as the same Judge was absent in the preceding Fasli also for 19 days (10 days casual leave and 9 days privilege leave). The chief cause for the short outturn must then be taken to be the long period of summer vacation which the Chief Court had but it is noted that 11 days of the summer vacation fell in the current Fasli and that the working days of the Court in the Fasli under report were only a day less than those of the preceding Fasli. As regards the reconstitution of the Chief Court, His Highness thinks it advisable to leave it alone for the present, as the existing constitution has been working smoothly for the last four years and as it is doubtful whether any new scheme that does not entail considerable additional expenditure will be a decided improvement on the present constitution.

REGISTRATION.

97. *Number of Registration offices.*—The number of Registry offices in the Fasli was the same as in the preceding Fasli, *viz.*, 12. The average cultivable area for each Registry office was also the same as in the preceding Fasli, *viz.*, 71 square miles. The average population for each Registry office rose from 31,091 to 31,715 owing to the adoption of the new Census figures.

98. *Aggregate number of registrations.*—The aggregate number of registrations during the Fasli under report was 23,410 as against 23,487 in the preceding Fasli, showing an insignificant decrease of 77 documents or .33 per cent. The bookwar particulars for the documents were as follows:—

	Fasli 1309.	Fasli 1310.	Percentage of increase or decrease.
Book I relating to immovable property ...	17,657	18,322	+ 3.7
Book IV relating to movable property ...	5,809	5,066	-12.8
Book III (Wills) ...	21	22	+ 4.7

The increase under Book I and the decrease under Book IV are to be attributed to the natural preference of real property to personal property shown by moneylenders in accepting security for loans in a year of threatened drought.

99. *Value of the documents registered.*—The aggregate value of the documents registered was Rs. 31,49,730 as against Rs. 30,51,338 in the preceding Fasli and was the highest on record; the average value of a document registered also showed an increase, being Rs. 135 as against Rs. 130 in the preceding Fasli. The maximum value of a document registered during the Fasli was Rs. 1,20,000 as against Rs. 2,47,000 in the preceding Fasli.

100. *Compulsory and optional registrations.*—The compulsory registrations were 22,988 as against 23,101 in the preceding Fasli while the number of documents optionally registered was 422 as against 386.

101. *Wills.*—The number of wills registered during the Fasli under report was 22, as against 21 in the preceding Fasli. Of these, 20 were executed by Hindus, one by a Native Christian, and one by a Mahomedan. The highest value of a registered will was Rs. 7,746 and the lowest value Rs. 160. In the case of 9 wills no value was stated.

102. *Time taken to register.*—Of the 23,410 documents registered during the Fasli under report, 27.90 per cent. were registered on the day of presentation, 59.14 per cent. within the second day of presentation, 72.21 per cent. within the third day of presentation, 91.30 per cent. within a week after presentation and 5.8 per cent. after a week after presentation. There was a visible improvement in the work of transcription. This was brought about by the clerical staff working also on some of the holidays.

103. *Minor operations.*—The number of cases in which registration was refused rose from 274 to 302. The denial of execution and withdrawals contributed most to the increase in the number of refusals. Searches made rose from 392 to 454 and copies given rose from 632 to 639. A sealed cover containing a will was deposited in the Fasli under report and this is the first cover so deposited since the organization of the department. The number of cases of late presentation, of persons summoned, and of documents returned on payment of fee for safe custody showed a satisfactory decrease. The number of registered documents lying unclaimed at the close of the Fasli was 383 as against 357 in the preceding Fasli. There were no prosecutions during the Fasli for false personation, etc.

104. *Appeals.*—During the Fasli under report, one appeal under section 61 and 89 applications under section 62 were received as against 3 appeals and 73 applications in the preceding Fasli. Including those which were pending at the close of the preceding fasli, one appeal and 96 applications had to be dealt with in the Fasli. Registration was ordered in the case of 67 applications and refused in the case of the one appeal and 13 applications. There were thus 16 applications remaining undisposed of at the close of the Fasli.

105. *Thumb impressions.*—It is reported that the system of taking the thumb impressions of the executing parties continued to work satisfactorily in every one of the Registration offices in the State.

106. *Inspection.*—The Registrar, G. Muttuswami Iyer, inspected all the Sub-Registry offices during the Fasli and reported that their work was very satisfactory.

107. *Financial*.—The receipts of the department excluding process fees amounted to Rs. 28,622 as against Rs. 27,710 in the preceding Fasli and were the highest on record. The expenditure excluding the cost of process-servers was Rs. 17,989 as against Rs. 18,018, and shows a slight decrease which calls for no remarks. The average registration fee during the Fasli was Rs. 1-2-0 as against Rs. 1-1-4 in the preceding Fasli.

108. *Transfer of Revenue Registry*.—The number of applications for the transfer of Revenue Registry in connection with conveyances registered by the Registration department was 441 as against 496 in the preceding Fasli.

109. *General remarks*.—The department maintained its high standard of efficiency under the management of its able and experienced head G. Muttuswami Iyer.

MILITARY.

110. The Military force continued to be efficiently managed by the acting Commandant A. Ramachandra Row, and consisted of Infantry and His Highness' Body Guard. The actual strength of the military force at the close of the Fasli was within the sanctioned limit. His Highness' Body Guard consisted of 3 officers and 16 troopers as in the preceding Fasli. There were 17 guns but only six of them were used, the rest being quite unserviceable. The expenditure under "Military" amounted to Rs. 24,423 or Rs. 245 less than in the preceding Fasli. There was a satisfactory decrease in the number of the military sick admitted into the Hospital. The daily average was 2.9 as against 3.6 in the preceding Fasli.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

SEASON AND RAINFALL.

111. *Season and Rainfall*.—The character of the season in the Fasli under report was on the whole slightly better than in the preceding Fasli. The average rainfall was 32 inches and 36 cents as against 28 inches and 22 cents in the preceding Fasli. As observed in my report for the preceding Fasli, the Fasli opened with fair prospects and as there was some rain in the months of *July* and *August* 1900 the dry crops standing on the ground at the commencement of the Fasli yielded a fair outturn. The North-East monsoon in the Fasli under report was not quite as disappointing as in the preceding Fasli except in parts of the Trimiem and the Kolattoor Taluqs where there was consequently an almost complete failure of wet crops. The outturn of the wet crops in the other parts of the State was fair. The mango showers in *April* and *May* 1901 though insufficient encouraged the ryots to sow dry crops extensively but, as the rain in *June* was much below expectation, the crops over a large area were reported to be drooping at the close of the Fasli. The rain that fell after the close of the Fasli has revived them considerably. The average prices of the principal food grains were not so high as in the preceding Fasli. Pasture and fodder were generally insufficient but the condition of the cattle was good.

112. *Raingauges*.—Raingauges continued to be maintained in the Fasli under report at the eleven stations mentioned in the last administration report and the average referred to above was struck on the registered rainfall at all those stations.

FORESTS AND PLANTATIONS.

113. *General*.—If one Department engaged the attention of the Darbar more than another in the Fasli under report, it was the Forest Department. A scheme for the re-organization of the Department, in view to secure for the subordinate posts in the Department a better class of persons than those that at present hold them, was submitted by the Superintendent and is now under the consideration of the Darbar. Portions of reserved jungles were thrown open for cutting green leaves, with the result that there was a marked increase in the revenue under the item of "Sale of green leaves". Better methods were adopted in collecting the stone-quarrying license fees and the seigniorage on the granite and laterite removed from quarries. The system recommended by the Political Agent and Government of dividing jungles into coupes for the purpose of taking them up one by one every year for cutting fuel was given effect to in respect of such of the jungles as the Darbar is now prepared to throw open for cutting fuel. The lines of the general management of forests however continued to be the same, as no British Forest Officer has yet systematically inspected the State Forests and advised the Darbar as to what should be done to make them worthy of the name of Forests. Except probably half-a-dozen of them, the rest of our so-called forests are mere scrub jungles quite unfit for planting valuable timber trees. It is not however unlikely that an expert Forest officer may suggest the planting of paying trees suited to the quality of the soil and make it possible for the State to get more revenue of its forests from them. The Superintendent of the Department R. Venkoba Row, B.A., did his best and it must be said that he managed the Department efficiently.

114. *Forest Revenue, Current Demand*.—The total demand in the Fasli under report was Rs. 28,992 as against Rs. 24,370 in the preceding Fasli and the increase occurred mostly under the following heads:—

1. Sale of green leaves,
2. Lease of Avaram bark (*cassia auriculata*),
3. Lease of Nux-Vomica,
4. Grazing fees,
5. Seigniorage on Granite and Laterite,
6. Stone-quarrying license fees,
- and 7. Plantations.

115. The reasons for the increase under (1), (5) and (6) have already been referred to in paragraph 113 *supra*, and the increase under the other heads was the result, of keen competition at sales in the case of items (2) and (3), and of closer supervision in the case of items (4) and (7).

116. Out of the demand, Rs. 27,634 were collected, leaving a balance only of Rs. 1,358. The bulk of this, *viz.*, Rs. 973, represents the outstandings under "Sale of green leaves" and is either covered by processes or has to be adjusted against the deposits paid by the renters at the time of the sale. The Superintendent hopes to collect and adjust the same at an early date. The Superintendent has been informed that in future all adjustments against deposits should be made before the close of the Fasli. The remaining sum of Rs. 380 represents the amount due for the Fasli under the five-year lease given to the Nux-Vomica contractor and was not paid before the close of the Fasli. I have issued strict orders for the collection in future of the amount due for each Fasli before it closes.

117. *Old arrears.*—I regret that the hope entertained by me at the time of the preparation of the last administration report regarding the wiping off of the old arrears has not been realized in spite of the special arrangements made for the purpose. The following statement shows the progress made in the matter:—

Faslis.	Demand.		Collection.		Remission.		Balance.		Remarks.
	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	
1286—1300	1,421	1 9	4415	4	53	5 7	1,322	12 10	
1301	283	1 1	1211	4	...	...	275	5 9	
1302	940	9 5	512	6	...	...	934	12 11	
1303	518	8 0	82	1 4	...	...	436	6 8	
1304	916	14 7	13	2 0	...	...	903	12 7	
1305	1,344	9 9	36	5 0	...	...	1,308	4 9	
1306	2,500	1 1	36	9 10	10	0 0	2,453	7 3	
1307	1,400	14 3	25	0 0	...	...	1,375	14 3	
1308	835	0 10	47	10 3	...	...	787	6 7	
1309	403	3 8	155	6 0	...	...	247	13 8	
	10,569	0 5	459	9 7	53	5 7	10,046	1 3	

The special officer appointed to collect these arrears was able to collect only Rs. 459-9-7, as most of the persons against whom large amounts were shown as outstanding objected to pay the same and as their objections had to be heard and inquired into before proceedings could be taken for the recovery of the same. Proceedings of distraint and sale are pending final disposal in respect of items covering Rs. 3,500. It has also transpired that some of the amounts shown as outstanding in the above statement have long ago been paid and are included in the deposits at the credit of the Department, but that an adjustment of such sums cannot at once be made for want of certain records which are being searched for. There are also amounts which are pending adjustment till the accounts of this department are tallied with those of the Public Works and other departments. I think I may fairly hope to wipe off this balance by the middle of the current Fasli.

118. *Forest Offences.*—During the Fasli under report 1,230 cases were de- with by the Inspectors of which 920 cases were compounded and fines amounting to Rs. 987-4-6 as against Rs. 1,246-9-9 in the preceding Fasli were collected. The persons concerned in 74 cases were released departmentally after a warning and 234 cases were pending before the Inspectors at the close of the Fasli. The remaining 2 cases were charge-sheeted for trial before Magistrates. Of the 4 persons concerned in the 2 cases, 2 were acquitted and the remaining 2 were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 5-8-0. There were no departmental prosecutions in the Fasli under report.

119. With reference to the observations of Government regarding the number of cashew and palmyra trees at the close of Fasli 1309 contained in para. 10 of G. O. No. 126, Political, dated 27th February 1901, the Superintendent of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue writes as follows:—"The figures in the trees list as furnished in old accounts are quite unreliable, merely small plants and even seeds which had just sprouted having been included in the list. Naturally several of them did not thrive and were lost and when in subsequent years an enumeration was attempted to be made there was great difference in the figures on comparison. I think it will be useless to give any return for the list of trees in the topes unless a fresh enumeration is ordered to be made on some principle, viz., counting only

trees of a certain height and girth in the list." As the information now available is not of any value, I have in this report omitted the list of trees reported to be existing at the end of the Fasli.

120. *Cost.*—The cost of the Forest establishment etc., was Rs. 1,652 and of the plantations Rs. 8,032 as against Rs. 2,557 and Rs. 6,671 respectively in the preceding Fasli.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

121. The Chief articles imported in the Fasli under report were sea-salt and paddy from the neighbouring British Districts of Tanjore and Trichinopoly while the chief articles exported were Avaram bark and *Acacia* bark.

122.—*Mineral resources.*—Red-ochre, mica and a few other minor minerals are found within the State.

THE MARAHMUT OR PUBLIC WORKS.

123. *Disbursements.*—The outlay on Public Works amounted to Rupees 1,09,528-10-1 as against Rs. 1,14,239-7-6 in the preceding Fasli and was distribute as below under the 8 main heads:—

	RS.	A.	P.
1. Irrigation	24,358	12	7
2. Town conservancy	13,712	15	6
3. Markets and cartstands	2,000	1	5
4. Village conservancy	3,575	4	3
5. Roads	35,319	11	4
6. Buildings	16,691	12	6
7. Establishments	13,427	6	6
8. Tools and plant	442	10	0
Total	1,09,528	10	1

124. The decrease as compared with the preceding Fasli was the net result of the increase in the expenditure under "Roads" and the decrease in the expenditure under "Irrigation" and "Village Conservancy". The former was due to the road from the Capital to Trimiem having been completely renewed in the Fasli under report while the latter is to be attributed to a larger number of the subordinates of the Department having been deputed on Census duty for nearly 3 months in the Fasli under report. It is in contemplation to make a special allotment of about a lakh of Rupees from the surplus funds of the State and to organize a Tank Restoration Party, so as to repair all the "Ayen" tanks in the State.

125. Besides the above amount, the Public Works Department executed works costing Rs. 12,683-9-10 as per details shown below:—

	RS.	A.	P.
Palace	4,349	10	7
Western Palace	6,163	1	11
Devasthanams and Chattrams	2,170	13	4

126. *Railway-affecting tanks.*—Estimates for Rs. 65,950 for repairing 48 State tanks were sanctioned in the Fasli under report and most of the works were progressing satisfactorily. An estimate for the repair of one private tank also was prepared during the Fasli, but for want of a Regulation enabling the State to compel

owners of private tanks affecting Railways, to keep them in good repair, nothing was done in the matter of repairing private tanks. A Regulation on the subject is under preparation. Out of the 102 Railway-affecting tanks specified by the Trichinopoly Executive Engineer only 7 State tanks and 11 private tanks remained to be estimated for at the close of the Fasli.

127. *Establishment.*—The connection with the State of Rao Bahadur S. Subbarayachariar, B.C.E. terminated on the 1st April 1901 when R. Gopalasami Iyengar, Assistant Engineer, was made Sub. *pro tem.* Engineer and put in charge of the Public Works Department.

128. *The Sree Marthanda Industrial School.*—The charges incurred on account of this school were Rs. 1,670-12-5 while the value of the work turned out by the teachers and apprentices was only Rs. 464-13-4. The work turned out was much less than in the preceding Fasli as the number of private orders for work received in the Fasli under report was 278 as against 623 in the preceding Fasli, due, it is stated, to the generally unfavorable character of the season. The strength of the school rose from 43 to 45 and the average daily attendance also rose from 38 to 39.

129. *Accounts.*—Out of the amount of Rs. 4,636-4-11 remaining to be adjusted at the beginning of the Fasli, Rs. 3,996-9-0 were adjusted, leaving a balance of Rs. 639-11-11. The work was not, as anticipated, completed in the Fasli under report, as the amount remaining to be adjusted related to cases which have been pending for nearly half a century and information about which is not easily forthcoming. I hope to clear off the balance of Rs. 639-11-11 in the course of a couple of months.

130. *General.*—The Public Works Code issued is not the one under preparation since 1896. It was specially prepared under my supervision. The system of Public Works accounts has been overhauled and the Public Works expenditure is now accounted for in the same manner as in the British Territory. The Engineer's accounts are carefully audited in the Audit office under my control and orders for recoveries, etc., sent without delay. Under the present system there is no chance of advances remaining unadjusted for a long series of years as hitherto.

RAILWAYS.

131. The construction of a Railway to Pudukkottai has been engaging the serious attention of the Darbar for some time and I am sorry that I am not yet able to say anything definite about it. While, on the one hand, the Political Agent recommends the laying down of a road railway or a light railway, the Darbar, on the other hand, believes that it would be more profitable to construct a line, on the same gauge as the South Indian Railway which surrounds the State, from Tanjore via Pudukkottai to Pamban or some other station on the Madura—Pamban line, as this line will be considerably shorter than the present line from Pamban to Tanjore via Madura and must, the Darbar thinks, be constructed sooner or later in the interests of the through traffic from Ceylon to Madras and Calcutta. The surplus at the disposal of the State is hardly sufficient to finance the latter line and the Darbar is therefore on the look-out for a syndicate that will undertake the line.

POST AND TELEGRAPH.

132. The Post and Telegraph Departments continued to be under the control of the British Postal and Telegraph Departments and the relations between the officials of those Departments and those of the State were as usual very cordial.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE.

133. The statement No. XIX in the appendix exhibits in detail, under the Statement No. XIX. several major and minor heads, the receipts and charges of the Fasli under report as compared with the actuals of the preceding Fasli, with explanation for all marked variations.

134. The subjoined statement compares the actuals of the Fasli under report with the Budget and Revised Estimates and with the actuals of the preceding Fasli, viz., 1309.

	Fasli 1309.		Fasli 1310.	
	Actuals.	Budget Estimate.	Revised Estimate.	Actuals.
	LAKHS.	LAKHS.	LAKHS.	LAKHS.
Opening balance ...	6.80	8.53	8.04	8.04
Receipts ...	11.99	9.94	11.14	11.54
Expenditure ...	10.84	12.31	10.74	10.48
Surplus (+) Deficit (—)	+ 1.15	— 2.37	+ .40	+ 1.06
Closing balance ...	8.04	1.16	8.44	9.10

135. For the purpose of comparison with the figures of the preceding Fasli, I was obliged to include in the figures for the Fasli under report the amount held in trust by the State and ordered by Government (*vide* Political Agent's R.C. No. 100—O. 1901 dated the 14th June 1901) to be excluded from the general balance of the State. Including the amount thus held in trust, the closing balance was only 9 lakhs as shown in the statement No. XIX in the Appendix.

136. The receipts of the Fasli excluding the trust transactions showed a decline of Rs. 45,000 as compared with the preceding Fasli owing, mainly, to the absence of adjustments made in Fasli 1309 in consequence of the closing of the defunct Amanat Fund. The receipts exceeded the Revised Estimate by Rs. 40,000 owing to slightly larger collections under nearly all the major heads. On the expenditure side there was a decrease of Rs. 36,000 as compared with the preceding Fasli, due mainly to the difference in the expenditure under "Debt Heads". As compared with the Revised Estimate also, there was a decrease of Rs. 26,000 owing (1) to the provision of Rs. 8,000 made for His Highness' trip to Calcutta not having been brought to account in Fasli 1310 (2) to the diminution in the expenditure under "Civil Works" in general and "Irrigation" in particular and (3) to slight variations in the expenditure under other major heads.

137. The Fasli closed with a surplus of Rs. 1,06,000 as against a surplus of only Rs. 40,000 anticipated in the Revised Estimate. The balance on hand at the end of the Fasli under report stood at Rs. 9,10,000 as against Rs. 8,04,000 at the beginning and Rs. 6,89,000 at the close of Fasli 1303. A lakh of rupees of the surplus of the Fasli was invested in Government Promissory notes before the close of the Fasli and the total value of Government paper owned by the State at the close of the Fasli was 6 lakhs of rupees. Ten thousand of the Rs. 5,10,000 held in Government paper at the commencement of the Fasli relates to "Endowments," held in trust and with that and with the Government securities for Rs. 1,40,000 belonging to the Manovirthi Jaghire, the total value of the Government paper standing in the name of His Highness is Rs. 7,50,000.

138. I am carefully watching the amount under "Objection Book Advances" and am glad to state that, except permanent advances made to officers for incurring contingent expenditure, loans for digging wells and for rebuilding houses destroyed by fire, etc., and a small sum which has been outstanding for a long time and which will soon be cleared off, the rest of the amount was either advanced in the month of June 1901 and adjusted in July 1901 or advanced for purposes of survey and is adjustable after the survey cess due from the landholders in the State is collected.

SALT PREVENTIVE FORCE.

139. *Salt Offences.*—During the Fasli under report, 378 cases affecting 391 persons were dealt with as against 331 cases involving 335 persons in the preceding Fasli. Of the 378 cases, 11 cases affecting 18 persons were pending before the Inspectors at the close of the Fasli as against 4 cases in the preceding Fasli. Of the remaining 367 cases, the persons involved in 10 cases and numbering 13 (3 per cent.) were released departmentally after a warning. The remaining 357 cases affecting 360 persons were sent up to Magistrates for trial. Including the 25 cases affecting 26 persons which were pending before them at the close of the preceding Fasli, there were 382 cases affecting 386 persons for disposal by Magistrates in the Fasli under report. Of these, conviction was obtained in 345 cases affecting 346 persons, 8 persons involved in 7 cases were acquitted, and the remaining 30 cases affecting 32 persons were pending before the Magistrates at the close of the Fasli. The percentage of convictions was 97.74 as against 99.69 in the preceding Fasli while that of acquittals was 2.26 as against .31 in the preceding Fasli. This result is evidently due to the anxiety of the Salt officers to show a larger number of Salt offences than in the previous Faslis. In 2 cases simple imprisonment for 2 days and rigorous imprisonment for one day were awarded to 2 persons. The total amount of fines imposed was Rs. 725 or an average of Rs. 2-1-6 per head of the convicted as against Rs. 1-13-3 in the preceding Fasli. The bulk of the cases reported in the Fasli under report occurred as usual in the Kolattoor Taluq in the northern portion of which, as stated in the previous report, live people who are not amenable to law.

140. *Departmental punishments.*—During the Fasli under report, 4 petty officers and 8 peons were fined for minor derelictions of duty, 3 peons were dismissed for misconduct and 2 deserted.

141. *Price and consumption of Madras salt.*—The normal market price of Madras salt ranged between 12.474 and 13.608 Madras seers per rupee. 29,325 maunds of salt from the British factories were declared for sale in the Pudukkottai

State as against 23,642 maunds in the preceding Fasli. These figures by no means represent the quantity of salt consumed in the State as shown by me in my letter No. 133-O. dated 25th January 1901 to the Political Agent. To make my position sure or rather to support my contention by statistics, I established on the 15th November 1900 salt-registering stations on twelve important roads crossing the frontier of the State and the figures for the 7½ months ending with 30th June 1901 show that during the period 51,382 maunds entered by these routes. There are other routes by which salt enters and taking that fact into account I can without fear of contradiction assert that the quantity of British salt consumed in the Pudukkottai State in a Fasli is about a lakh of maunds.

142. *Average duration of cases disposed of.*—The average duration of each case disposed of by the Inspectors was 5 days as against 6 days in the preceding Fasli.

143. *Illegal arrests and assaults.*—No cases of illegal arrests by the officers of the department were reported during the year. There was a case of obstructing a public servant in the discharge of his public functions which was pending before the Magistrate at the close of the Fasli.

144. The relations between the subordinates of this department and those of the revenue and other departments were as usual cordial.

145. *Inspection.*—The records in the several offices are reported to have been maintained in good order and the Inspectors are reported to have continued to discharge their duties fairly well.

146. *General remarks.*—Great credit is due to the Superintendent R. Venkoba Row, B.A., for having continued to control the department efficiently.

ABKARI.

147. *Country liquor.*—The still-head duty was raised by 4 annas per gallon during the Fasli under report as already stated in the previous Administration Report and it was therefore Rs. 2, Rs. 2-8-0, and Rs. 3 for one gallon of 60°, 30°, and 20° U.P. respectively. The number of gallons issued to shop-keepers was 7,841½ of 30° U.P. as against 9,187½ in the preceding Fasli; 6 gallons 20° U.P. were issued to the Hospital as against 11 gallons in the preceding Fasli. The decrease in the quantity issued to shop-keepers was in a great measure due to the raising of the still-head duty. Some of the decrease was due to all the six shops in the Town having fallen into the hands of a single individual and to the consequent absence of rivalry. The still-head duty on the issues of the Fasli amounted to Rs. 19,621-5-4 as against Rs. 20,702-1-0 in the preceding Fasli. The shop rents amounted to Rs. 6,281-4-11 as against Rs. 5,763-13-4. The total demand under country liquor was thus Rs. 25,902-10-3 as against Rs. 26,465-14-4 in the preceding Fasli, of which Rs. 64-15-7 have been brought to credit in the Treasury accounts of Fasli 1311. The number of shops sold was 86 as against 92 in the preceding Fasli and the selling price of country liquor ranged between Rs. 4-8-0 and Rs. 5-8-0 per gallon of 30° U.P.

148. *Distillery.*—The liquor required was, as in the previous Faslis, manufactured in the State Distillery. 9,233½ gallons of liquor (20° U.P. and 30° U.P.) were manufactured as against 8,940½ gallons in the preceding Fasli. Including the

balance * on hand at the close of the preceding Fasli, there were 10,105½ gallons available for issue, of which 7,983½ gallons were issued to vendors, depot-keepers, and the Hospital, and 286½ gallons were lost in wastage and dryage, leaving a balance of 1,836 gallons in stock. The increased wastage was due to 2 store pipes in the Distillery having been accidentally damaged. The total cost of the manufacture of the 9,233½ gallons was Rs. 6,756-1-2 and the average cost was Re. 0-11-8 including wastage and dryage and Re. 0-12-0 excluding the same as against Re. 0-11-6 and Re. 0-11-10 respectively in the preceding Fasli.

149. *Toddy*.—No changes were introduced into the tree-tax system obtaining in the State. 3,666 cocoanut trees and 1,418 palmyra trees as against 3,494 and 1,379 trees respectively in the preceding Fasli were tapped yielding a total tree-tax of Rs. 12,714-8-0 as against Rs. 12,105-0-0 in the preceding Fasli, the whole of which was collected. The shoprents also rose from Rs. 15,858-4-0 to Rs. 17,008-4-0, the increase being due to keener competition in the Fasli under report. The total demand under toddy was thus Rs. 29,722-12-0 as against Rs. 27,963-4-0 in the preceding Fasli. The number of shops licensed was 212 as against 208 in the preceding Fasli and the selling price of toddy ranged as in the preceding Fasli, between one anna 3 pies and one anna 6 pies per local measure.

150. *Opium and Ganja*.—In addition to the shop in the Town, two new shops were opened, one at Trimiem and the other at Pennamaravati. As in the preceding Faslis, opium and ganja were issued to shop-keepers, from the stock maintained at the Distillery, at 12 annas per tolah of opium and Rs. 3 per seer of ganja. The total quantity of opium issued was 1,627 tolahs as against 1,531 tolahs in the preceding Fasli and that of ganja was 350 seers as against 405 seers in the preceding Fasli. The gross receipts amounted to Rs. 2,199-4-11 but the net revenue after deducting cost price and expenses was only Rs. 212-12-3.

151. *Foreign liquor, etc.*—The only foreign liquor shop in the Town fetched a rent of Rs. 205 as against Rs. 291 in the preceding Fasli. Sundry receipts, such as fees for additional shops during festivals, amounted to Rs. 308-2-2 as against Rs. 668-1-2 in the preceding Fasli.

152. *Total demand*.—The total demand under all the heads of Abkari Revenue amounted to Rs. 56,351-4-8 as against Rs. 57,021-8-0 in the preceding Fasli and every pie of the demand was collected during the Fasli, though Rs. 164-15-7 were brought to credit in the Treasury accounts of Fasli 1311.

153. *Old arrears*.—Out of the old arrears amounting to Rs. 4,819-15-0,

Fasli.	Rs.	A.	P.
1302 ...	36	12	0
1303 ...	230	14	1
1304 ...	165	4	0
1305 ...	23	12	8
1307 ...	173	19	3
1308 ...	2,546	0	0
1309 ...	100	1	4
	3,346	6	4

Rs. 934-4-0 were collected and Rs.

539-4-8 were written off as irrecoverable

leaving a balance of Rs. 3,346-6-4

noted in the margin and it will

be observed that the bulk of this relates

to Fasli 1308. It is regretted that the

arrears were not cleared off within the

Fasli as was at first anticipated, but it is hoped that they will have been either collected or written off at least before the close of Fasli 1311.

* The balance given in the previous report included 35 gallons in stock in a depot.

154. *Offences against the Abkari Regulation*.—During the Fasli under report there were 14 cases affecting 17 persons as against 34 cases affecting 43 persons in the preceding Fasli. Including 3 cases affecting 3 persons which were pending at the commencement of the Fasli, the Inspectors had to dispose of 17 cases affecting 20 persons; of these, 10 persons concerned in 9 cases were let off departmentally with a warning, 2 persons concerned in one case were departmentally fined, and 4 cases affecting 4 persons were pending before the Inspectors at the close of the Fasli. The remaining 3 cases affecting 4 persons were placed before Magistrates who had also to dispose of 2 cases affecting 2 persons pending at the close of the preceding Fasli. Four persons concerned in 3 cases were convicted and sentenced to pay fines amounting to Rs. 11-0-0 or an average of Rs. 2-12-0 per head as against Rs. 5-3-0 in the preceding Fasli; and the remaining 2 cases affecting 2 persons were pending at the close of the Fasli.

155. *Manufacture of Jaggery*.—During the Fasli under report, licenses were issued for drawing sweet toddy from 1,155 palmyra trees for the manufacture of jaggery as against 899 in the preceding Fasli. No fees were demanded for the licenses, in view to encourage the manufacture of jaggery.

156. *General remarks*.—The department must be considered to have worked satisfactorily notwithstanding the slight fall in the total Abkari Revenue.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

VITAL STATISTICS.

157. *Registration of Births and Deaths*.—The number of births registered during the Fasli under report was 3,999 and that of deaths 3,460, or in other words, the birth rate and the death rate were 10.5 and 9 per mille of the census population of 1901 as against 13.4 and 11.2 per mille of the census population of 1891 in the preceding Fasli. In spite of the trouble reported to have been taken by the officers of the Revenue Department, the Inspector of Vaccination and the Chief Medical Officer, the statistics reported are manifestly unreliable and early steps will therefore be taken to place the registration on a more satisfactory footing by passing a Regulation on the subject.

158. *Public Health*.—Public health was on the whole better in the Fasli under report than in the preceding Fasli. In a few villages of the Kolattoor and the Trimiem Taluqs, cholera broke out in July 1900 and, in spite of the vigorous measures taken to stamp it out, lingered till September 1900. There was small-pox here and there in the State throughout the Fasli and all that was possible was done to arrest its progress. The system of observing persons coming from plague-infected areas was in force throughout the Fasli.

VACCINATION.

159. *Number of Vaccinators, etc.*—There was no change in the staff; the proportion of vaccinators to area also was unchanged. Statement No. XXI. The proportion of vaccinators to population fell from one to 37,309, to one to 38,058 owing to the adoption of the figures of the recent Census.

The cases vaccinated rose from 7,772 to 8,313 and the successful cases from 7,205 to 7,723. The number of primary vaccination cases was 8,022 as against 7,434 in the preceding Fasli and the number of re-vaccination cases was 291 as against 338 in the preceding Fasli; the results would have been still more satisfactory if some of the vaccinators had not been employed for a considerable length of time on Census duty.

160. *Inspection work.*—The Inspector was on tour for 233 days as against 177 days in the preceding Fasli and the number of villages visited by him was 363 as against 244 in the preceding Fasli. He verified 4,293 cases out of the 4,982 cases vaccinated by vaccinators in the villages visited by him. The number of successful cases verified by him during the Fasli was 4,010 as against 2,742 in the preceding Fasli. The Inspector's inspection work in the Fasli under report was more satisfactory than in the preceding Fasli, as I continued to give personal attention to his work by reviewing his weekly diaries regularly. The Inspector now tours in accordance with a previously approved monthly programme published in the Gazette and is required to verify not less than half the number of cases vaccinated by vaccinators and to satisfy himself generally that the vaccinators' returns are accurate. Taluq officers and the Chief Medical officer are also expected to check the list of unprotected children and verify the cases vaccinated in every village visited by them. The whereabouts of vaccinators are easily known as they have also to act up to a monthly programme approved by the Chief Medical officer and published in the Gazette.

161. *Lanoline paste and animal vaccination.*—Animal vaccination was conducted and Lanoline paste was supplied to all the vaccinators from the depot at the Capital. 65 calves were inoculated and 9,774 grains of paste prepared as against 69 calves and 9,695½ grains of paste in the preceding Fasli. The expenditure under this head which consisted mainly of the pay of the watchman and the calfman amounted to Rs. 313-2-9 as against Rs. 294-15-5 in the preceding Fasli. 134 cases were vaccinated direct from calf to arm as against 121 in the preceding Fasli and all of them were successful.

162. *Expenditure.*—The total cost of the vaccine staff in the Fasli under report was Rs. 2,461-1-9 as against Rs. 2,381-11-5 in the preceding Fasli. The average cost of vaccinating each subject was thus 4 annas 9 pies as against 4 annas 11 pies in the preceding Fasli showing a decrease of 2 pies.

163. *General remarks.*—The department continued to remain under the control of the Chief Medical officer and worked satisfactorily.

TOWN CONSERVANCY.

164. This department continued to work satisfactorily during the Fasli under report. The number of reservoirs in the Town conserved for bathing and drinking purposes remained the same as in the preceding Fasli, viz., 28, and the supply channels of these tanks were also carefully watched and kept scrupulously clean of all impurities. Everything tending to the improvement of the good health of the Town and the suburbs was done. The lighting of the Town continued to be good and 364 lanterns were maintained as in the preceding Fasli. The street drains, i.e., the side channels of the streets and lanes, were kept in good order.

VILLAGE SANITATION.

165. As usual much attention was bestowed on the sanitation of the important villages in the mofussil. The suggestions of the Chief Medical and Sanitary officer in his inspection reports were, so far as funds permitted, carried out promptly.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

166. *Hospital and Dispensaries.*—In the Fasli under report a new dispensary for the special benefit of women and children was opened in the Capital and placed in charge of a Lady Apothecary. Beyond this, there has been no change either in the number or in the scope of the Medical Institutions in the State.

167. *The Town Hospital.*—There were 370 in-patients as against 374 in the preceding Fasli. The daily average of in-patients however rose from 18·6 to 21·09. There were 26 deaths among the in-patients as against 23 in the preceding Fasli. The variations are too small to need explanation. Among out-patients, the fall was noticeable, as there were only 25,340 treated as against 29,010. It was attributed by the Chief Medical officer to the starting of a new Institution in the Capital for the special benefit of women and children but it is observed that the fall is not only under "Women and children" but also under "Men" and that therefore some other cause must have also been at work. It is not unlikely that the generally satisfactory character of the public health in the Capital is in a measure responsible for this result. The number of surgical operations performed was 472. As stated in the previous reports there is a separate lying-in-ward in the Town Hospital and, in the Fasli under report, there were 3 cases of confinement as against 2 in the preceding Fasli. The 3 midwives attached to the Town Hospital attended 152 labor cases. The expenditure on account of the Town Hospital in the Fasli under report was Rs. 9,831-6-3 which includes Rupees 2,024-11-9 on account of medicines, etc. As against this, Rs. 320-5-3 were realized by sale of medicines.

168. *Dispensary for women and children.*—This was opened on the 9th November 1900 and from that date till the close of the Fasli, 2,548 females and 1,924 children were treated in it. The daily average attendance was 59·22. The number of surgical operations performed was 73. The single midwife attached to the Dispensary attended 48 labor cases, including 14 difficult and complex cases which had to be attended by the Lady Apothecary as well. The total cost of the institution including cost of medicines amounted to Rs. 1,187-3-3. The institution is very popular and proved a great boon to the women and children at the Capital and the surrounding villages which was mainly due to the readiness and cheerfulness with which Miss. W. Mascarenhas, the Lady Apothecary, attended to the wants of the patients whether at their own houses or in the Dispensary.

169. *Rural dispensaries.*—At the 7 rural dispensaries, 41,851 were treated as against 44,901 in the preceding Fasli. The daily average attendance was 28·49 as against 30·72 in the preceding Fasli. The number of surgical operations performed and of the post-mortem examinations conducted was 1,025 and 8 respectively during the Fasli. The 7 midwives attached to these 7 dispensaries attended 160 labor cases. The total expenditure on account of these institutions was Rs. 6,432-5-4 including cost of medicines.

170. *Native Vaidyans.*—Besides the Hospital and the dispensaries referred to above, the Darbar maintained at a cost of Rs. 495 four native vaidyans whose services were much valued by the public.

171. *Financial.*—The total net cost of the Medical department was Rupees 17,562-10-0 as against Rs. 18,985-0-3 in the preceding Fasli.

172. *General remarks.*—The Chief Medical officer inspected all the rural dispensaries in the Fasli under report and reported that they were working satisfactorily. The Department worked satisfactorily under the control of the Chief Medical Officer. It is considered that the arrangements for Medical relief are adequate.

CHAPTER VII.

INSTRUCTION.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

173. *Number of schools and pupils.*—There were at the close of the Fasli under report 43 Sirkar institutions, 198 Aided institutions and 44 Unaided institutions as against 44, 213 and 53 respectively in the preceding Fasli. The number of pupils in the Sirkar institutions remained the same as in the preceding Fasli, viz., 2,437, while the number attending aided and unaided institutions fell from 5,643 to 5,368 and from 1,051 to 939 respectively; the fall is reported to be due in the case of aided schools to the contemplated introduction of the new Grant-in-Aid Code under which grants will be given with reference to the results produced in examinations and not, as at present, with reference to the attendance of pupils, and, in the case of unaided schools, to want of local encouragement consequent on the agricultural depression that existed in the Fasli under report. The percentage of male and female pupils to the male and female population of the school-going age according to the Census figures of 1891 (as the figures of the Census of 1901 are not yet available) were 18.9 and 2.4 respectively as against 19.7 and 2.4 respectively in the preceding Fasli. The Sirkar institutions were the College, the Vani Vilasa Vedasastra Patasala, the Town Girls' school, 6 Anglo-Vernacular Lower Secondary schools, 2 Anglo-Vernacular Primary schools, 4 Vernacular Lower Secondary schools and 23 Vernacular Primary schools.

174. *The College.*—There was no change in the staff during the Fasli under report. The total number of pupils at the close of the Fasli was 747 as against 728 in the preceding Fasli, of which 47 were in the College Department, 294 in the Upper Secondary, 380 in the Lower Secondary and 26 in the Primary Department. The average strength on the rolls was 736 as against 744 in the preceding Fasli and the percentage of daily absentees was 8 as in the preceding Fasli. 30 students appeared for the First-in-Arts Examination of whom 19 passed with 4 in the first class. 51 appeared for the Matriculation Examination of whom 16 passed. The percentage of passes for the College in the F. A. and Matriculation Examinations was 63 and 31 respectively as against the average of 41.6 and 19.5 respectively for the Presidency. Great credit is due to the Principal S. Radhakrishna Iyer B.A., F.M.V., and his staff of assistants for the sustained efficiency of the College. 44 students appeared for the Lower Secondary Examination of whom only 11 passed and the Principal explains that the students of the third form are not specially prepared for the

examination which he says is very unpopular with educationists and that the promotions to the next higher form are being regulated by a separate College examination. The results of the class examinations were satisfactory in all classes. Special attention was bestowed on the physical and religious education of the students and the library was as usual extensively used by the students. A scheme for making the attendance of Hindu students at the religious classes in the College compulsory is under preparation by the Principal. The total expenditure during the Fasli on account of the College amounted to Rs. 20,501-15-5 as against Rs. 20,189-15-0 in the preceding Fasli, of which Rs. 14,589-5-3* as against Rs. 14,173-1-6 were covered by fees, the net expenditure being thus Rs. 5,912-10-2 as against Rs. 6,016-13-6 in the preceding Fasli.

175. The Vani Vilasa Vedasastra Patasala and the Sirkar Caste Girls' School, Pudukkottai, continued to work well. There was a slight increase in the number of pupils in both the institutions. The Head Master of the Patasala continued to take great interest in the well-being of the Patasala and in imparting religious instruction to the students of the College and deserves special approbation on that account.

176. *General Elementary Education.*—As usual much attention was bestowed on General Elementary Education. All girls to whatever community they belonged, as also all Mahomedans and Panchamas were admitted free into State schools. The night schools and special schools referred to in the previous reports continued to exist. All these schools, as also the aided schools, were inspected by the Inspector and his two Deputies. The total expenditure on State schools was Rs. 5,484-8-11 as against Rs. 5,983 in the preceding Fasli. The total grant sanctioned for the Fasli amounted to Rs. 4,842-7-0 as against Rs. 4,839-15-0 in the preceding Fasli.

177. *Total Expenditure.*—The total charges on education amounted to Rs. 36,347-15-6 of which Rs. 14,142-10-6 was on Primary, Rs. 17,079-13-2 on Secondary and Rs. 5,125-7-10 on Collegiate education.

178. *General Remarks.*—The Department of Education continued to remain under the general management of S. Radhakrishna Iyer, B.A., F.M.V., and the Darbar notes with pleasure the earnest endeavours made by him to improve each and every institution under his control and charge.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STATIONERY AND PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

179. *Stationery and Printing.*—The cost of the Stationery and Printing establishments was Rs. 3,977-14-6 as against Rs. 4,195-2-4 in the preceding Fasli, the decrease being due to the post of Foreman of the State Press having remained vacant for some months during the Fasli. The value of the work turned out in the Press Department was Rs. 10,147-1-6 as against Rs. 9,389-4-5 in the preceding Fasli. The value of the Stationery consumed in the Fasli under report was Rs. 6,836-1-4 as against Rs. 6,864-0-1 in the preceding Fasli.

* Rs. 36-11-0 were brought to credit in the treasury accounts for Fasli 1311.

180. *The State Gazette.*—472 copies of the Gazette as against the same number in the preceding Fasli were supplied free to officers, newspapers, etc. 14 copies were sent to persons residing outside the State. There were 8 paying subscribers as against the same number in the preceding Fasli.

181. *Conclusion.*—In all that the Darbar did, the guiding principle was that nothing not calculated to further the interests and happiness of His Highness' subjects should be countenanced. In view to afford His Highness' subjects an opportunity of representing in person any special or general grievances which they might have and to obtain first-hand information about the economic condition of the people in the State, His Highness resolved to make periodical tours in the State and to hear petitioners in person both during such tours and at the Capital. One such tour was made in January last and I cannot sufficiently express the satisfaction which this measure gave and continues to give to His Highness' subjects. It is in contemplation to give His Highness' subjects an opportunity of voicing their grievances and of expressing their views regarding the measures which the Darbar may wish to introduce or has introduced, through duly appointed representatives who will be required to assemble once a year in the Capital. Before concluding, I beg to express my heart-felt gratitude for the very kind treatment which His Highness continued to accord to me and for the readiness with which the Political Agent, Mr. R. H. Shipley, offered advice whenever it was sought.

Dewan's Office,
PUDUKKOTTAI,
8th October 1901.

S. Venkaturamadas,
Dewan.

APPENDIX.

STATEMENT I—(Para. 5 of report).

10

ИЗМАРЪЗ.

STATEMENT II—(Para. 5 of report).

An Abstract showing in one view the gross extent of lands of every description in the Pudukkottai State—Fasli 1310 (1900-1901).

Number.	Items.	Dry and wet acres.	Amount of Revenue Rupees.	Remarks.
	Ayakut	689590	...	
	DEDUCT—			
	Porumboke and long waste lands ..	199308	...	
	Remainder ...	490281	...	
	DEDUCT—			
	Devasthanams, Chattrams, Sarvamaniam and Shrotriern, Jaghire lands, Lands held by Militia and the Oliyagars, Oombalam lands, and Sundry Inams.	154409	...	
	Remainder ...	335873	...	
1	Lands held under money rents ...	31440	36544	
2	Waraput and Teervaiput lands ...	233390	557765	
3	Amani lands unoccupied ...	71043	...	
	Total ...	335873	614309	

STATEMENT III—(Para. 5 of report).

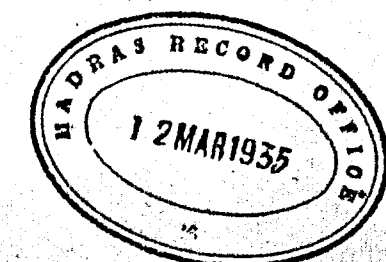
Statement showing the Demand under the various heads of Revenue in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1310.

Items.		SETTLEMENT FOR FASLI 1310.		
		Extent of Lands.	Produce.	Demand.
		Acres	Ka-lams	Rs.
Principal Heads of Revenue.	Waraput { Wet ...	104	230	633
	{ Dry ...	1	14	34
		105	294	647
	Teervaiput { Wet ...	77524	...	369321
	{ Dry ...	131219	...	140276
	{ Quit-rents ...	24542	...	47021
		233285	...	557118
	Money rent on conditional leases...	31440	...	56544
		264330	...	614309

STATEMENT III—continued.

Statement showing the Demand under the various heads of Revenue in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1310.

Items.		SETTLEMENT FOR FASLI 1310.		
		Extent of Lands.	Produce.	Demand.
		Acres	Ka-lams.	Rs.
Principal Heads of Revenue.	Shrotriern tax ...	...	...	4841
	Sundries ...	...	...	41651
	Quit-rents on Jaghire lands ...	...	...	176
		...	...	49668
	Total ...	...	...	663977
	Revenue fines ...	...	...	15475
	Quit-rents on enfranchised Inams ...	...	...	29502
	Total Land Revenue ...	...	...	708954
	Salt—(Stipulated compensation from British Government) ...	...	...	38000
	Excise (Abkari) ...	...	...	55973
Extra Sources of Revenue.	Assessed taxes (Mohturpha) ...	...	...	6131
	Forest (Jungle Conservancy) ...	...	...	28992
	Registration ...	...	...	29767
		...	...	159166
	Total ...	...	...	868129
	Interest ...	...	...	15750
	Civil Departments.			
	Law and Justice under Court fees ...	...	...	57944
	Jails ...	...	...	1750
	Pound ...	...	...	2222
Grand Total	Education—Schcol fees ...	...	...	14589
	Medical ...	...	...	383
	Stationery and Printing ...	...	...	679
	Total ...	...	...	77567
	Civil Works.			
	Tolls ...	...	...	17947
	Contribution for maintenance of British Roads ...	...	...	3900
	Market fees, cart-stand fees, etc. ...	...	...	23187
	Total ...	...	...	45034
	Special offerings to Devasthanams ...	...	...	2043
Grand Total	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	26847
		...	...	28390
Grand Total ...		264330	294	1035361
Total for Fasli 1309 ...		261052	140	1073181



STATEMENT IV—(Para. 6 of report).

Statement showing the Taluqwar particulars of the Land Revenue Demand, Collection and Balance for Fasli 1310.

Taluqs.	Demand.	Collection.	Balance.	Percentage of collection.	Remarks.
	RS.	RS.	RS.		
Alangudi	2,14,377	1,99,445	14,932	93.03	
Trimiem	2,26,033	2,02,150	23,883	89.43	
Kolattoor	2,23,391	1,91,759	31,632	85.84	
Quit-rents from the Chinnarama-nai Jaghire.	176	176	...	...	
Total ...	6,63,977	5,93,530	70,447	89.39	
Add					
Quit-rents	29,502	12,157	17,345	41.21	
Revenue fines, etc. ...	15,475	15,475	...	...	
Total ...	7,08,954	6,21,162	87,792	87.62	
Total for Fasli 1309 ...	7,07,645	6,24,096	83,549	88.19	

STATEMENT V—(Para. 7 of report).

Statement showing the Taluqwar particulars of the Demand, Collection and Balance under Old arrears—Land Revenue other than Quit-rents—for Fasli 1310.

Name of the Taluq.	Amount of arrears.	Amount collected.	Amount written off.	Balance.	Percentage of balance.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Alangudi	35,448	20,005	1,716	13,727	38.72
Trimiem	18,279	5,663	172	12,444	68.08
Kolattoor	45,627	18,047	487	27,093	59.38
Total ...	99,354*	43,715	2,375	53,264	53.61

* This figure exceeds the figure entered in the last Administration Report by Rs. 67, as the same had to be added with reference to the orders passed by the Dewan Peishkar in the Jamabandi of a Taluq held after the close of the Fasli.

STATEMENT VI—(Para. 7 of report).

Fasli details for the balance of Rs. 53,264 mentioned in statement No. V.

Name of the Taluq.	From Fasli 1295 to 1305.	Fasli 1306.	Fasli 1307.	Fasli 1308.	Fasli 1309.	Total.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Alangudi	373	435	750	3,717	8,452	13,727
Trimiem	1,756	751	1,811	1,206	6,920	12,444
Kolattoor	919	1,760	4,134	3,751	16,529	27,093
Total ...	3,048	2,946	6,695	8,674	31,901	53,264

STATEMENT VII—(Para. 13 of report).

Details for His Highness' Marriage fund:—

	Rs.
Balance at the end of Fasli 1309	1,60,664
Interest on the Govt. Promissory notes for Rs. 1,40,000 ...	5,600
Interest on loans	258
	1,66,522

	DEDUCT.
Expenditure during Fasli 1310	40
Balance ...	* 1,66,482

	Rs.
* Govt. Promissory Notes	1,40,000
Jewels, etc.	2,091
Cash	24,391
	1,66,482

STATEMENT
JUDICIAL STATEMENT
PART I

Number of offences against the Indian Penal Code and of persons concerned, convicted, acquitted,

Serial No.	Law.	Description of crime.	CASES.						
			Reported during the year and received by transfer from other courts.	Reported in previous years and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	No. of cases in which property was stolen and recovered.			
						No. of cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property stolen.	No. of cases in which property was recovered.	Value of property recovered.
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Class I.—Offences against the State, Public tranquility, safety and justice.							RS.	A.	P.
1	231 to 263, 467, 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes.	3	...	3	...	.....	...	.....
2	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice.	9	...	9	...	.....	...	.....
3	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly.	17	...	17	...	.....	...	.....
		Total ...	29	...	29	...	.....	...	.....
Class II.—Serious offences against the person.									
4	302, 303, 396.	Other murders	3	...	3	...	.....	...	.....
5	307	Attempts at murder	2	...	2	...	.....	...	.....
6	305, 306, 309	Attempts at, and abetment of, suicide.	2	...	2	...	.....	...	.....
7	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	2	1	3	...	.....	...	.....
8	327, 330, 332	Hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession.	4	...	4	...	.....	...	.....
9	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon.	8	1	9	...	.....	...	.....
10	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction.	4	...	4	...	.....	...	.....
11	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	1	...	1	...	.....	...	.....
12	353, 354, 356, 357.	Criminal force to public servant or woman or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	7	...	7	...	.....	...	.....
		Total ...	33	2	35	...	.....	...	.....
Class III.—Serious offences against persons and property, or against property only.									
13	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	3	2	5	2	50-0-0	1	14-8-0
14	391, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt.	1	...	1	...	.....	...	.....
15	392, 393	Robbery.	5	1	6	2	10-15-6	...	.....
16	270, 281, 282, 428, 430, to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences.	21	1	22	...	.....	...	.....

VIII—(Para. 43 of report).

No. 1—CRIMINAL.

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

discharged, or otherwise disposed of in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1310 (1900-1901).

No. of cases investigated by Police. No. of Non-cognizable cases in which Police were employed.		PERSONS.					JUDICIAL OPERATIONS OF MAGISTRATES AND OTHER COURTS.																										
		Concerned.	Pending trial at the end of last year.	Received during the year.	Total No. of persons.	By Magistrates.														By Sessions Court.													
						No. of cases detected.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of cases struck off.	No. of persons acquitted.	No. of cases discharged, etc.	No. of persons discharged, etc.	Cases otherwise disposed of.	Persons otherwise disposed of.	Undetected cases.	No. of persons pending at the end of the year.	No. of cases detected.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of cases struck off.	No. of persons acquitted.	Cases otherwise disposed of.	Persons otherwise disposed of.	Undetected cases.	No. of persons pending at the end of the year.	Remarks.									
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31										
2	...	3	...	3	3	2	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
2	...	12	...	9	9	5	5	...	...	1	4	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
2	...	160	...	135	135	2	6	2	17	9	74	2	36	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
6	...	175	...	147	147	9	13	2	17	11	79	2	36	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
3	...	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	...									
1	...	6	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
1	...	2	...	2	2	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
1	...	3	...	3	3	2	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
3	...	26	...	10	10	2	6	...	1	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
1	...	23	...	23	23	1	2	1	1	3	14	4	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
3	...	12	...	10	10	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
1	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
1	...	13	...	12	12	...	...	...	...	5	9	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
15	...	94	...	71	71	7	18	1	2	13	32	4	6	5	6	3	3	1	3	1	1	...	...	...									
3	...	63	5	26	31	...	...	...	...	1	18	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	1	...	...	1	1	...									
1	...	4	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
2	...	11	1	7	8	2	2	...	...	3	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
1	...	122	...	84	84	5	14	3	6	12	56	...	...	1	7	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									

STATEMENT
JUDICIAL STATEMENT
PART I

Number of offences against the Indian Penal Code and of persons concerned, convicted, acquitted,

Serial No.	Law.	Description of crime.	Reported during the year and received by transfer from other courts.	Reported in previous years and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	CASES.			
						No. of cases in which property was stolen and recovered.			
						No. of cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property stolen.	No. of cases in which property was recovered.	Value of property recovered.
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Class III.—Serious offences against persons and property or against property only—cont.									
17	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trapass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	24	1	25	15	12116- 3- 5	15	9954- 2- 7
18	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	4	...	4	...	.....	.....	.....
Total ...			58	5	63	19	12177- 2-11	16	9978-10- 7
Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.									
19	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement.	6	...	6	...	.....	.....	.....
20	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	7	...	7	...	.....	.....	.....
Total ...			13	...	13	...	.....	.....	.....
Class V.—Minor offences against property.									
21	429	Mischief (simple)	1	...	1	...	.....	...	.....
22	453, 456	Lurking house-trapass or house-breaking.	5	1	4	...	.....	...	.....
23	379 to 382	Theft (Of cattle... Ordinary.	55	4	59	43	767- 0- 0	42	641-11- 0
24	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust.	283	4	287	104	2185- 7- 7	80	1776- 8- 3
25	411, 414	Receiving stolen property.	32	1	33	...	.....	...	.....
26	417, 448	Criminal or house-trespass.	96	3	99	...	.....	...	.....
Total ...			471	13	484	147	2952- 7- 7	122	2418- 3- 3
Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.									
27	295 to 297	Offences against religion.	1	...	1	...	.....	...	.....
28	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294.	Public and local nuisances.	41	...	41	...	.....	...	.....
Total ...			42	...	42	...	.....	...	.....

VIII—continued.
No. 1—CRIMINAL.
COGNIZABLE CRIME.

discharged, or otherwise disposed of in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1910 (1900—1901).

[illegible]

STATEMENT
JUDICIAL STATEMENT
PART I

Number of offences against the Indian Penal Code and of persons concerned, convicted, acquitted,

Serial No.	Law.	Description of crime.	CASES.						
			Reported during the year and received by transfer from other courts. Reported in previous years and brought under inquiry during the year.			No. of cases in which property was stolen and recovered.			
						No. of cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property stolen.	No. of cases in which property was recovered.	Value of property recovered.
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>									
20	109 to 111, 113 to 116.	Abetments ...	...	2	2	...	RS. A. P.	...	RS. A. P.
30	225-B ...	Rescue ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
31	304-A ...	Causing death by negligence.	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
32	511 ...	Attempts not otherwise provided for.	4	1	5	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	6	3	9	...	...	...	...
		Grand Total, Cognizable offences ...	652	23	675	166	15129-10-6	138	12396-13-10
<i>NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.</i>									
<i>Class I.—Offences against the State, Public tranquility, etc., etc.</i>									
1	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228.	Offences against public justice.	14	1	15	...	...	...	...
2	161 to 169, 217 to 223.	Offences by public servants.	6	...	6	...	...	...	...
3	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 421.	False evidence, false complaints and claims.	11	1	12	...	...	...	...
4	465 to 477 ...	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents.	2	1	3	...	...	...	...
5	149, 154 to 156, 160.	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray.	9	...	9	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	42	3	45	...	...	...	...
<i>Class II.—Serious offences against the person.</i>									
6	323 ...	Hurt ...	529	1	530	...	...	...	...
7	312 to 316 ...	Causing miscarriage ...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	530	1	531	...	...	...	...
<i>Class III.—Serious offences against property.</i>									
8	334 to 339 ...	Extortion ...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
<i>Class IV.—Minor offences against the person.</i>									
9	334 ...	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation.	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
10	352, 353, 358 ...	Criminal force...	48	...	48	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	49	...	49	...	...	...	...

VIII—continued.
No. 1—CRIMINAL.
COGNIZABLE CRIME.

discharged, or otherwise disposed of in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1310 (1900-1901).

[illegible]

STATEMENT
JUDICIAL STATEMENT
PART I

Number of offences against the Indian Penal Code and of persons concerned, convicted, acquitted,

Serial No.	Law.	Description of crime.	Reported during the year and received by transfer from other courts.	Reported in previous years and brought under inquiry during the year.	Total.	Cases.			
						No. of cases in which property was stolen and recovered.			
						No. of cases in which property was stolen.	Value of property stolen.	No. of cases in which property was recovered.	Value of property recovered.
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<i>Class V.—Minor offences against property.</i>									
11	417 to 420	Cheating	5	...	5	...	RS. A. P.	...	RS. A. P.
12	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property.	5	...	5	...	...	...	...
13	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, etc.	10	2	12	...	...	...	...
14	426, 427, 434	Mischief (simple)	139	1	140	...	...	...	...
Total			159	3	162	...	...	...	...
<i>Class VI.—Other offences not specified above.</i>									
15	493 to 493	Offences relating to marriage.	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
16	500 to 502	Defamation	6	...	6	...	...	...	...
17	504, 506 to 510.	Intimidation and insult.	90	...	90	...	...	...	...
18	271 to 276, 278, 234, 237, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances.	3	...	3	...	...	...	...
Total			102	...	102	...	...	...	...
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>									
19	511	Attempts not otherwise provided for.	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Grand Total, Non-Cognizable offences			886	7	893	...	...	...	...
Grand Total, Cognizable offences			652	23	675	166	15129-10- 6	138	12396-13-10
Grand Total, Offences against I.P.C.			1538	30	1568	166	15129-10- 6	138	12396-13-10

VIII—continued.

No. 1—CRIMINAL.

NON-COGNIZABLE CRIME.

discharged, or otherwise disposed of in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1910 (1900—1901).

PERSONS.						JUDICIAL OPERATIONS OF MAGISTRATES AND OTHER COURTS.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
No. of cases investigated by Police.	No. of Non-cognizable cases in which Police were employed.	Concerned.	Pending trial at the end of last year.	Received during the year.	Total No. of persons.	By Magistrates.																	By Sessions Court.											Remarks.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
						No. of cases detected.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of cases struck off.	No. of persons acquitted.	No. of cases discharged, etc.	No. of persons discharged, etc.	Cases otherwise disposed of.	Persons otherwise disposed of.	Undetected cases.	No. of persons pending at the end of the year.	No. of cases detected.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of cases struck off.	No. of persons acquitted.	Cases otherwise disposed of.	Persons otherwise disposed of.	Undetected cases.	No. of persons pending at the end of the year.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
...	1	5	...	4	4	2	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Number of offences against other Laws and of persons concerned, convicted, acquitted,

VIII—continued.
No. 1—CRIMINAL.

discharged, or otherwise disposed of in the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1310 (1900—1901).

[illegible]

STATEMENT IX—(Paras. 47 and 48 of report).
JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 2—CRIMINAL.
Statement showing the punishments inflicted by the various Criminal Tribunals in the Pudukkottai State during Fusti 1310 (1900-1901).

Class of Tribunal.	Imprisonment.													Fines.										Amount realized.													
	Rigorous imprisonment for life under Territorial system in lieu of death.		Rigorous imprisonment.		Whipping.		Ordered to find or give.		Not exceeding.						Exceeding 7 Years.				Total.	Not exceeding.					Total amount of fines.												
			Without solitary confinement.	With solitary confinement.	In lieu of other punishment.	Surety to keep the peace.	Recognizance.	Savettes for good behaviour.	15 Days.	6 Months.	2 Years.	7 Years.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.		Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.		Ropes 100.	Ropes 200.	Ropes 1000.	Exceeding Ropes 1000.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.					
3rd Class Magistrates.								8	214					1	1	1									2	1	200	17				574	5	0	561	5	0
2nd Class Magistrates.				77	16			74	1333					25	37	91	5	8						135	42	1175	233				4516	13	0	3550	8	0	
1st Class Magistrate.								19	3					5		19		4						19		14	8				237	0	0	87	0	0	
Chief Magistrate				8	1			6	5					1	2	5	2	6						11	4	5	6				139	0	0	72	8	0	
Total Magistrates				85	17			103	1555					3	32	49	107	7	13					157	47	1384	263				5453	2	0	4550	5	0	
Sessions Court	2							10									2		1	1	6		9				2	8		1055	0	0	420	0	0		
Grand Total	2			85	17			112	1555					3	32	49	109	7	19	1	6		166	48	1264	265	8			6153	2	0	5499	5	9		

One person was ordered to give maintenance under section 488, Criminal Procedure Code.

STATEMENT X—(Para. 51 of report).
Statement of cases received and disposed of by the Chief Court (Original Side, Criminal) from 1st July 1900 to the end of June 1901 (Fusti 1310).

Indian Penal Code.	Section.	Description of offences.	Number of persons convicted.												Disposed of.		Pending at the close of the Fusti.		Remarks.
			Pending on 1st July 1900.	Committed during the Fusti.	Received from other Courts.	Total.	Persons acquitted or discharged.	Persons convicted.	Persons convicted.	Persons convicted.	Persons convicted.	Persons convicted.	Persons convicted.	Persons convicted.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	
XVI	302	Murder	1	1		1	1	1							1	1			
XVI	307 & 308	Attempt to murder or to commit culpable homicide.		1		1	1	1							1	1			
XVII	395	Dacoity		8		8	7	4							2	4			
XVII	395 & 412	Dacoity and dishonestly receiving property stolen in the commission of dacoity.		4		4	4	4							1	4			
XVII	436	Mischief by fire with intent to destroy a house.		1		1	1	1							1	1			
XVII	457 & 380	House-breaking by night accompanied with theft.		1		1	1	1							1	1			
XVIII	477	Dishonestly secreting a valuable security		6		6	6	6							1	6			
XVI & V	302 & 109	Murder & abetting the commission of the same		1		1	1	1							1	1			
XVI & 380	302	Kidnapping child under 10 years with intent to steal moveable property from the person		2		2	2	2							1	2			
XVII	& 379	of such child, murder and theft.		1		1	1	1							1	1			
[XVI & 312, 318		Causing miscarriage, concealment of birth by secret disposal of dead body and attempt to cause miscarriage.		2		2	2	2							1	2			
XXIII	& 511	Kidnapping child under 10 years with intent to steal moveable property from the person of such child, committing theft of the same and attempt to murder.		1		1	1	1							1	1			
XVI, XVII	389, 379	Marrying again during the lifetime of the husband and abetting the commission of the same by being present on the occasion.		1		1	1	1							1	1			
XXII & V	494 & 114	Marrying again during the lifetime of the husband and abetting the commission of the same by being present on the occasion.		2		2	2	2							1	2			
Total			1	12	30	1331	18	2	10	1	11331	1	11331						

STATEMENT XI—(Para. 51 of report).
Statement of sentences passed by the Chief Court (Original side, Criminal) from 1st July 1900 to 30th June 1901 (Fasli 1310).

Year and No.	Name of the accused.	Charge.	Result of trial.	Date of judgment.	Remarks.
1702	Andiappa Chetti ...	Charge of having destroyed a valuable security—a sale deed on 17th March 1900 :—Offence punishable under section 477 I. P. C.	Simple imprisonment for one year and Rs. 100 fine in default 5 months' rigorous imprisonment.	15-10-00.	
1703	Arappuli and another	Charge of having married again during the lifetime of the husband and of 2nd accused having abetted the commission thereof :—Offences punishable under sections 491 and 114 I. P. C.	Acquittal.	1-8-00.	
1704	Bappu Oorathi and others 4.	Charge of having committed dacoity with respect to grain, etc., property, worth Rs. 21-7-0, on the night of 3rd March 1900 :—Offence punishable under section 395 I. P. C.	Acquittal.	10-10-00.	
1705	Ramasami Naidu ...	Charge of having attempted to commit murder by shooting with a revolver a woman in the village of Keeranoor on 29-6-00 and of having caused hurt only in the act :—Offence punishable under the latter part of section 307 I. P. C.	Withdrawn by the State Vakil with the permission of the Court.	2-9-00.	
1706	Sangili Piliyan and others 5.	Charge of having committed dacoity with respect to chattels, worth Rs. 300, in the village of Pappudayanpatti on 11th October 1899 :—Offence punishable under section 395 I. P. C.	Acquittal.	15-10-00.	
1707	Mailappan Chetti and another.	Charge of 1st accused having committed the offence of murder by causing the death of one Mailappan Chetti near Kallampatti on 19-8-00 and of 2nd accused having abetted the commission thereof :—Offences punishable under sections 302 and 109, 302 I. P. C.	2nd accused acquitted. 1st accused sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for life subject to the confirmation of the Appellate Court and the sanction of His Highness.	6-10-00.	
1708	Kengavanniyan and others 3.	Charge of having committed dacoity with respect to 9 goats valued at Rs. 26 in the village of Aranipatti on 3-7-00 :—Offence punishable under section 395 I. P. C.	1st and 3rd accused acquitted. 2nd accused sentenced to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 20 fine; in default to one month's rigorous imprisonment.	1-11-00.	
1709	Subbammal and another.	Charge (1) of 2nd accused having caused or attempted to cause the 1st accused with child to miscarry and (2) of having concealed the birth of the child :—Offences punishable under sections 312 or 312 and 511 and 318 I. P. C.	Acquittal.	7-1-01.	

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1710	Suppayya ...	Charge (1) of having kidnapped a child under 10 years of age with intent to steal moveable property from the person of such child, (2) of having committed theft of the same (worth Rs. 20) and (3) of having attempted to commit murder of the child :—Offences punishable under sections 369, 379 and 307 I. P. C.	For the offence under the 1st count,—6 months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 50 fine; in default to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment. For the offence under the 2nd count, Rs. 20 fine; in default to one month's rigorous imprisonment. Acquitted on the 3rd count.	21-2-01.	
1711	Chandrakannan and another.	Charge of having murdered a woman in the village of Chithalangapatti on 29-10-00 :—Offence punishable under section 302 I. P. C.	Acquittal.	23-3-01.	
1712	Nagammal ...	Charge (1) of having kidnapped two children under 10 years of age with intent to steal moveable property from the persons of such children, (2) of having committed theft of such moveables, and (3) of having murdered the two children :—Offences punishable under sections 369, 379 and 302 I. P. C.	Sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for life subject to the confirmation of the Appellate Court and the sanction of His Highness.	2-4-01.	
1713	Marudamuthu and others 6.	Charges (1) of accused Nos. 1 to 5 having committed house breaking by effecting entrance into the Manavarti Treasury within the Palace and committed theft of Rs. 9,500 therefrom on the night of 6th January 1901 :—Offences punishable under sections 457 and 380 I. P. C. and (2) 6th accused having received Rs. 1,000 out of the said amount knowing the same to be stolen property :—Offence punishable under section 411 I. P. C.	With respect to Nos. 1, 3, 4 and 5 accused :— For the offence under the 1st count :—4 years' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 100 fine for each; in default to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment. For the offence under the 2nd count :—2 years' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 50 fine for each; in default to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment. With respect to the 2nd accused :— For the offence under the 1st count :—2 years' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 100 fine; in default to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment. For the offence under the 2nd count :—1 years' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 25 fine; in default to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment. With respect to the 6th accused :— 6 months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 100 fine; in default to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment.	16-5-01.	
1714	Alagan ...	Charge of having committed the offence of mischief by setting fire to dwelling houses in the village of Edayathoor on 15th January 1901 :—Offence punishable under section 436 I. P. C.	in default to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment. 2 years' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 10 fine; in default to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment.	12-5-01.	

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STATEMENT XII—(Para. 54 of report).

Statement showing the number of Criminal Appeals received and disposed of in the Chief Court, Pudukkottai, Original and Appellate sides from 1st July 1900 to the end of June 1901 (Fasli 1310).

Name of Court.	Balance on the 1st of July 1900.	Number of appeals received from 1st July 1900 to the end of June 1901.	Received by trans- fer.	Total.	DISPOSED OF.					Total.	Balance.	Remarks.
					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Dismissed.				
Chief Court, Original side.	1	8	...	9	5	2	1	...	8	1		
Do. Appellate side.	...	8	...	8	5	...	2	...	7	1		

STATEMENT XIII—(Para. 59 of report).

Statement showing the convicts under confinement during Fasli 1310, in the Central Jail classified according to their terms of imprisonment.

	Males.	Females.
Rigorous imprisonment for life ...	1	1
Do. do. for more than 5 years and not exceeding 10 years ...	4	...
Do. do. for more than 2 years and not exceeding 5 years ...	2	...
Do. do. for more than 1 year and not exceeding 2 years ...	2	...
Do. do. for more than 6 months and not exceeding 1 year ...	31	...
Do. do. for more than 3 months and not exceeding 6 months ...	39	1
Do. do. for more than 1 month and not exceeding 3 months ...	35	...
Do. do. not exceeding 1 month ...	22	7
Whipping ...	5	...
Simple imprisonment ...	24	3
Total ...	165	12

Statement showing the convicts under confinement in the Central Jail during Fasli 1310 classified according to their age.

	Males.	Females.
Below 16 years ...	6	1
From 16 to 40 years ...	121	6
From 40 to 60 years ...	36	4
Above 60 years ...	2	1
Total ...	165	12

Statement showing the convicts under confinement in the Central Jail during Fasli 1310 classified with reference to their previous occupation.

	No.
Sirkar servants ...	10
Private servants ...	12
Professionals ...	4
Agriculturists and landless labourers ...	100
Merchants ...	10
Skilled and unskilled labourers ...	41
Total ...	177

Statement showing the convicts under confinement in the Central Jail during Fasli 1310 classified according to their caste or creed.

	No.
Hindus ...	170
Mahomedans ...	4
Christians ...	3
Total ...	177

Statement showing the offences committed by the convicts in the Central Jail and the punishments awarded.

	No.
Offences.	
Offences relating to work ...	4
Offences relating to prohibited articles ...	6
Other breaches of Jail rules ...	11
Criminal offences ...	1
Total ...	22
Total for Fasli 1309 ...	23
Punishments.	
By Criminal Court ...	1
Solitary confinement ...	3
Penal Diet ...	10
Penal diet with solitary confinement ...	1
Corporal punishment ...	5
Other punishments ...	2
Total ...	22

Statement showing the value of the intramural and extramural labor of the convicts in the Central Jail during Fasli 1310.

	Rs.
Value of the wicker-work baskets and ropes ...	37
Value of gingelly oil expressed in the Jail oil-mill ...	1,014
Value of cloths woven by the prisoners ...	1,114
Value of the bell-metal vessels made by the prisoners ...	165
Value of miscellaneous labour ...	15
Value of vegetables grown in the Jail garden ...	123
Total ...	2,468

STATEMENT XIV—(Para. 66 of report).

Sittings on the original side (Civil and Criminal) of the Chief Court during Fasli 1310 (1900-1901).

Tribunals which actually administered Civil Justice.	Benches.	No. of working days in the year.	No. of working days on which each Judge attended Court.	No. of actual sittings by each Judge.
Chief Court ... 1	1. Ag. Chief Judge S. Swaminadha Iyer, B.A. B.L.	224	217	217
Registrar of the Chief Court and Small Cause Judge. 1	2. <i>Puisne</i> Judge C. Rajagopala Pillai, B.A. B.L.	224	224	224
	3. <i>Puisne</i> Judge S. Kuppuswami Sarma, B.A. B.L.	224	198	198
Rural Small Cause Courts. 9	NOTE:—The Ag. Chief Judge S. Swaminadha Iyer took casual leave for 7 working days and Judge S. Kuppuswami Sarma took casual leave for 11 working days and privilege leave for 15 working days in the Fasli.			
Total ... 11				

STATEMENT XV.—(Para. 66 of report).

Sittings on the appellate side (Civil and Criminal) of the Chief Court during Fasli 1310 (1900-1901).

Benches.	No. of days posted for appellate work.	No. of actual sittings.	Remarks.
1. Chief Judge and <i>Puisne</i> Judge C. Rajagopala Pillai.	48	34	Even on appeal sitting days each Judge of the Chief Court is expected to do original side work except during the time actually occupied in appeal sittings.
2. Chief Judge and <i>Puisne</i> Judge S. Kuppuswami Sarma.	40	24	
3. <i>Puisne</i> Judges C. Rajagopala Pillai & S. Kuppuswami Sarma.	32	17	* Judge C. Rajagopala Pillai sat alone to decide Civil Review petitions Nos. 6 and 7 of 1897 that are being frequently adjourned at the instance of the Sirkar, a party thereto. The said two petitions were finally adjourned <i>sine die</i> by the Judge on the 29th April 1901.
4. Judge C. Rajagopala Pillai alone.	7	*3	
5. Full Bench	20	9	

STATEMENT XVI—(Paras. 68, 76, 82, 85 and 89 of report).
Statement showing the number of Suits filed and disposed of in the Chief Court, Pudukkottai, and in the Small Cause Courts from 1st July 1900 to 30th June 1901 (Fasli 1310).

Names of Courts.	DISPOSED OF.												Total.	Balance.							
	Transferred to the other side.	On merit.		On compromise.	On oath.	On admission.	By arbitration.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Dismissed.										
		Contested.	Ex-parte.								Withdrawn.	By default.			Otherwise.						
Chief Court	Original Side	121	1497	40	5	1663	..	571	398	66	..	280	1	..	..	..	101	32	..	1419	244
	Small Cause Side	55	1384	22	..	1461	3	338	464	23	..	*303	..	..	..	..	126	93	..	1350	111
	Appellate Side	..	74	4	..	93	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	25	17	7	3	4	..	59	34
	Alangudi	..	153	3	..	158	..	13	24	17	..	57	..	..	..	..	32	14	..	157	1
	Trimem	..	240	7	..	250	..	24	61	7	..	86	..	..	..	..	45	26	..	248	2
Small Cause Courts.	Kolattoor	..	437	3	..	477	..	20	171	16	4	153	..	..	..	..	80	31	..	475	2
	Karambakudi	..	223	5	..	230	..	8	59	30	3	68	..	..	..	..	32	24	..	224	6
	Keelanilai	..	192	..	..	194	..	23	55	20	2	33	..	..	..	..	36	15	..	184	10
	Annarasal	..	98	..	..	100	..	4	10	11	..	49	..	..	..	..	16	10	..	100	..
	Viralimalai	..	149	3	..	155	..	9	32	32	2	52	..	..	..	..	9	17	..	153	2
	Ponnamaravadi	..	87	..	..	93	..	12	25	18	..	6	..	..	..	..	22	3	..	86	7
	Perungaloro	..	181	1	..	184	..	27	22	2	1	91	..	..	..	..	15	18	..	176	8

STATEMENT XVII—(Para. 98 of report).
Statement showing the quantity of the work done, the Revenue collected and the Expenditure incurred by the Registration Department during Fasli 1310 (1900—1901).

Name of offices.	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16		17		18		19		Remarks.
	Number of documents relating to immovable property.		Number of documents relating to movable property.		Wills and authorities to adopt.		Total number of documents.		Value of documents.		Number of documents registered on payment of penalty.		Number of attendances at private residences.		Number of cases in which registration was refused.		Number of searches made.		Number of copies of documents given.		Number of memoranda forwarded.		Number of memoranda received.		Number of powers of attorney attested.		Number of documents returned to parties on payment of penalty.		Receipts.		Expenditure.		Difference.						
Pudukkottai	1668	537	1774	710	3	2487	639725	49	36	320	358	123	14	34	54	68	27	7	320	358	123	14	34	54	4856	0	6	6449	5	11	1592	5	5	—	1592	5	5		
Alangudi	1774	710	1821	452	1	2487	206590	11	27	7	25	21	10	1	68	23	24	14	27	25	21	10	1	68	2066	12	0	1471	15	3	1194	12	9	+	1194	12	9		
Karambakkudi	1821	452	1821	452	1	2274	146676	16	1	24	10	3	1	5	23	1	24	10	24	29	3	1	5	23	2275	6	0	1106	2	5	1169	3	7	+	1169	3	7		
Perungalore	2008	324	2008	324	2	2334	222083	16	1	63	12	32	23	27	8	90	63	12	63	12	32	23	27	8	90	2436	8	7	1327	13	5	1308	11	2	+	1308	11	2	
Trimien	1647	405	1647	405	1	2053	610715	20	11	30	8	76	14	21	12	86	30	8	30	76	14	21	12	86	3780	4	10	1489	6	4	2290	14	6	+	2290	14	6		
Yonnamaravati	1652	502	1652	502	2	2154	316209	13	25	10	25	6	2	4	72	2529	25	10	10	25	6	2	4	72	2529	9	0	1336	10	1	1192	14	11	+	1192	14	11		
Keeelanilai	938	133	938	133	2	1073	152221	2	3	2	10	10	1	1	18	1907	2	10	2	10	10	1	1	18	1907	0	0	794	9	1	512	6	11	+	512	6	11		
Arimalam	1200	189	1200	189	2	1389	191176	8	14	8	17	4	24	1	15	15	14	8	17	4	24	1	15	1556	14	9	888	1	1	968	13	8	+	968	13	8			
Karaiyur	1358	362	1358	362	2	1720	215882	2	18	9	12	3	25	2	30	30	18	9	12	3	25	2	30	1994	14	7	898	2	11	1096	11	3	+	1096	11	3			
Kolattoor	2163	583	2163	583	2	2745	177224	25	41	17	28	...	20	1	38	38	41	17	28	...	20	1	38	2557	3	1	1206	5	7	1350	13	6	+	1350	13	6			
Viralimalai	873	367	873	367	1	1240	100982	6	7	3	8	...	4	...	21	21	7	3	8	...	4	...	21	1278	8	0	778	6	5	503	1	7	+	503	1	7			
Annavasal	1220	302	1220	302	1	1523	170257	9	15	11	19	1	42	...	24	24	15	11	19	1	42	...	24	1717	3	2	932	15	6	784	3	8	+	784	3	8			
Total	18322	5066	18322	5066	22	23410	3149730	177	31	302	454	699	197	198	539	539	302	454	639	197	198	64	64	539	29456	4	6	13674	14	0	10781	6	6	+	10781	6	6		

Column 16 includes process fees (Rs. 834—2—0). Column 17 includes pay of process servers (Rs. 685—11—2).

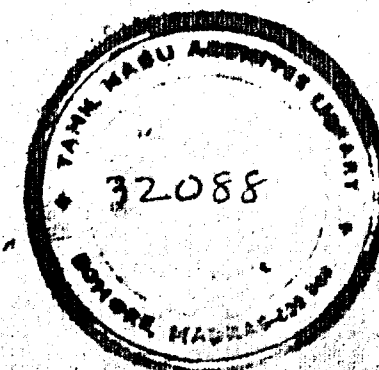
Column 16 includes process fees (Rs. 834—2—0). Column 17 includes pay of process servers (Rs. 635—11—2).

STATEMENT XVIII—(Para. 114 of report).

Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of Forest Revenue for Fasli 1310 (1900—1901).

ITEMS.		Demand.			Collection.			Balance.			
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	
A. Annual leases for amounts fixed in auction.	1. Green leaves for manure	2790	10	10	1812	7	10	978	3		
	2. Lease of Avaram bark	1454			1454						
	3 (a) Lease of Nux-Vomica	380						380			
	(b) Lease of Red-Ochre	34	6	2	34	6	2				
		4659	1		3300	14		1358	3		
B. Amounts realized by collections from time to time	4. Grazing permits	4262		6	4262		6				
	5. Sale of fuel	289	15	6	289	15	6				
	6. Sale of withered twigs	192	8	3	192	8	3				
	7. Sale of wild bulls and animals	6	4		6	4					
	8. Compounding fees, fines, etc., levied.	938	13	3	938	13	3				
	9. Seigniorage levied on granite, laterite, etc removed from quarries.	3064	12	6	3064	12	6				
	10. Miscellaneous receipts	221	6	6	221	6	6				
		8975	12	6	8975	12	6				
	C. Revenue derived from licenses issued in the nature of professional tax.	11. Stone-Mason licenses	10288			10288					
		12. Licenses for the manufacture of bricks and tiles.	2211			2211					
		12499			12499						
D. Receipts from plantations made by Sirkar under the supervision of the Forest Department.	13. (a) Sale of casuarina fuel and trees.	2461	8	7	2461	8	7				
	(b) Sale of minor produce, etc., in parts of plantations.	396	11	2	396	11	2				
		2858	3	9	2858	3	9				
	Total of A. B. C. & D.	28992	1	3	27633	14		31358	3		
Total for Fasli 1309		24369	15	4	23966	11	8	403	3	8	

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STATEMENT XIX—(Para. 133 of report).
Receipts of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1310 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1309 and the Revised Estimate for Fasli 1310.

Major Heads	Minor Headings	Actuals of Fasli 1310 (1900-01)					Budget Fasli (1899-00)					Revised Fasli (1900-01)					EXPLANATION OF VARIATIONS.	
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	Between columns 3 and 4.	Between columns 3 and 6.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	Between columns 3 and 4.	Between columns 3 and 6.			
Principal Heads of Revenue	Opening balance	Rs. 804585	Rs. 682377	Rs. 353430	Rs. 804585	+Rs. 1,15,206. This represents the surplus in Fasli 1309.	+Rs. 5,710. The season during the Fasli under report was not as unfavorable as in the preceding Fasli; hence the increase.											
	Land Revenue	680879	675169	600000	675000										+Rs. 5,879. The revised estimate was based on the actuals of Fasli 1309.			
	Salt	38000	38000	38000	38000													
	Stamps	...	...	...	...													
	Excise	57120	57839	50000	55000										+Rs. 2,120. The increase was due to the receipts under this head in the last five months of the Fasli under report having been in excess of anticipations.			
	Assessed taxes	6248	6390	6500	6500										—Rs. 252. Vide remarks in column 7.			
	Forest	28083	27698	21500	25000										+Rs. 3,093. The increase was the net result of slight increases under "Lease of green leaves" etc., and was due to more careful management.			
	Registration	29767	31236	27000	27000									+Rs. 2,767. In the last five months of the Fasli the fee collections were unexpectedly large; hence the increase.				

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+Rs. 2,767. In the last five months of the Fasli the fee collections were unexpectedly large; hence the increase.

Major Heads	Minor Headings	Actuals of Fasli 1310 (1900-01)					Budget Estimate for Fasli 1310 (1900-01)					EXPLANATION OF VARIATIONS.	
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Between columns 3 and 4.	Between columns 3 and 6.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Between columns 3 and 4.	Between columns 3 and 6.
Interest.	Total	810107	836332	743000	826500							+Rs. 1,750. The increase represents the interest for one half-year realised in the Fasli under report on the Government Promissory note for one lakh of rupees purchased in the early part of Fasli 1310.	.....
	Interest on Government Securities.	15750	14000	14000	15750							.....	.....
	Interest on Advances	1162	899	500	700							+Rs. 462. Vide remarks in column 7.	.....
	Total	16912	14899	14500	16450							.....	.....
	Law and Justice, under Court Fees Regulation and Fines.	57944	62392	55000	55000							+Rs. 2,944. The revised estimate was based on the actuals of the first seven months of the Fasli under report.	.....
	Law and Justice—Jails.	1750	1927	1250	1000							+Rs. 750. Do. do.	.....
	Cattle pound Receipts	2222	...	...	2000							+Rs. 222. Do. do.	.....
	Total	14580	15950	13000	14300							.....	.....
Receipts from Civil Departments.	Education											+Rs. 289. This calls for no remarks.	.....
	Medical	383	530	400	400								
	Stationery and Printing.	679	1029	100	400								
	Total	77567	81828	69750	73100								

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—Rs. 17. This calls for no remarks.
+Rs. 279. The revised figure was based on the actuals of the first seven months of the Fasli under report.

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Receipts of the Pudukkottai State for Fashi 1310 as compared with the Actuals of Fashi 1309 and the Revised Estimate for Fashi 1310—cont.

Major Heads		Minor Headings.		Actuals of Fash 1310 (1900-01).	Actuals of Fash 1309 (1899-00).	Budget Est- imate for Fash 1310 (1900-01).	Revised Est- imate for Fash 1310 (1900-01).	6	7	8	EXPLANATION OF VARIATIONS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Receipts from Civil Works.	Tolls	Rs. 17947	Rs. 18022	Rs. 16825	Rs. 17025	-Rs. 75. This calls for no remarks.					+Rs. 322. This was due to the unexpected increase in the second half-year, in the receipts under "Fees for compounding licenses." +Rs. 1,950. <i>Vide</i> remarks in column 7.
	Contribution for the maintenance of British Roads.	3000	1950	1950	1950	+Rs. 1,950. The contribution due for 1901-1902 was paid by the District Board Trincomopoly in the Fash under report only; hence the increase. +Rs. 4,351. This is a fluctuating item; but the increase was doubtless due to the steadily growing popularity of the markets in the State.					+Rs. 5,387. <i>Vide</i> remarks in column 7.
	Market fees, Cart stand fees and rent on Sirkar buildings.	23187	18836	15870	17800						
	Total ..	45034	38808	34645	37375						
Miscellaneous.	Private endowments to Devasthanams.	...	...	...	10600	.....					-Rs. 10,600. This represents the amount held in trust and ordered by Government (<i>vide</i> Political Agent's R.C. No. 100-C of 1901 dated 14-6-01) to be omitted from the Budget. +Rs. 43. This calls for no remarks.
	Special offerings to Devasthanams by the public.	2043	...	...	2000	+Rs. 2,043. This head was specially opened in the Fash under report to watch the receipts to Devasthanams in the shape of special offerings by the public. -Rs. 2,095. This is a fluctuating item. -Rs. 45,871. The amount lapsed and credited to accounts from Deposits was not					+Rs. 263. <i>Vide</i> remarks in column 7. +Rs. 13,847. The difference resulted from (1) Rs. 9,000 and odd having been lap-
	Recovery of advances ..	763	2858	2500	500						
	Miscellaneous ..	20847	72718	5000	13000						

sed and credited to account from "Deposits" and (2) Rs. 4,000 and odd having been saved in the purchase at a discount of Government paper for a lakh of rupees towards the close of the Fash.

	29653	75576	7500	26100	
Total ...					
Civil and Criminal Courts and other deposits.	84193	99676	80000	80000	-Rs. 15,483. This is a fluctuating item.
Recovery of advances made for Survey, etc., purposes.	53000	52152	45000	45000	+ Rs. 843. This calls for no remarks.
Revenue process fees ...	4405	...	...	6500	+ Rs. 4,405. The receipts and expenditure relating to this head were shown separately in the Fasil under report.
Privy cess fund ...	3379	...	...	3500	+ Rs. 3,379. Do.
Total ...	144977	151626	125000	135000	
Total Receipts ...	1154250	1199271	994395	1114525	
Grand Total ...	1958835	1888648	1347825	1919110	

Receipts of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1310 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1309 and the Revised Estimate for Fasli 1310—cont.

Major Heads	Minor Headings	Actuals of Fasli 1310 (1900-01)					Budget Estimate for Fasli 1310 (1900-01)					EXPLANATION OF VARIATIONS	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Between columns 3 and 4.	Between columns 3 and 6.
Receipts from Civil Works	Tolls	...	...	17947	18022	16825	17625	—Rs. 75. This calls for no remarks.	17625	19500	—Rs. 322. This was due to the unexpected increase in the second half-year, in the receipts under "Fees for compounding licenses."		
	Contribution for the maintenance of British Roads.	...	...	3900	1950	1950	1950	+Rs. 1,950. The contribution due for 1901-1902 was paid by the District Board Trichinopoly in the Fasli under report only; hence the increase.	1950	1950	+Rs. 1,950. <i>Vide</i> remarks in column 7.		
	Market fees, Cart stand fees and rent on Sirkar buildings.	...	...	29187	18830	15870	17800	+Rs. 4,351. This is a fluctuating item; but the increase was doubtless due to the steadily growing popularity of the markets in the State.	17800	17800			
	Total	...	...	45034	38808	34645	37375		37375	37375			
Miscellaneous	Private endowments to Devasthanams.	...	...	...	...	...	10600	.....	10600	10600	—Rs. 10,600. This represents the amount held in trust and ordered by Government (<i>vide</i> Political Agent's R.O. No. 100-O, of 1901 dated 14-6-01) to be omitted from the Budget.		
	Special offerings to Devasthanams by the public.	...	...	2043	...	...	2000	+Rs. 2,043. This head was specially opened in the Fasli under report to watch the receipts to Devasthanams in the shape of special offerings by the public.	2000	2000	+Rs. 263. <i>Vide</i> remarks in column 7.		
	Recovery of advances	...	...	763	2858	2500	500	—Rs. 2,095. This is a fluctuating item.	500	500	+Rs. 13,847. The difference resulted from (1) Rs. 9,000 and odd having been lap-		
	Miscellaneous	...	...	26847	72718	5000	13000	—Rs. 45,871. The amount lapsed and credited to accounts from Deposits was not	13000	13000	sed and credited to account from "Deposits" and (2) Rs. 4,000 and odd having been saved in the purchase at a discount of Government paper for a lakh of rupees towards the close of the Fasli.		

Debt Heads	Total	29653	75376	7500	26100	as large as in the preceding Fasli; hence the difference.
Civil and Criminal Courts and other deposits.	84193	99676	80000	80000	80000	+Rs. 4,193. <i>Vide</i> remarks in column 7.
Recovery of advances made for Survey, etc., purposes.	53000	52152	45000	45000	45000	+Rs. 8,000. This is a fluctuating item.
Revenue process fees	4405	...	...	6500	6500	—Rs. 2,095. This is a fluctuating item.
Privy cess fund	3379	...	...	3500	3500	—Rs. 121. This calls for no remarks.
Total	144977	151898	125000	135000	135000	
Total Receipts	1154250	1199271	994395	1114525	1114525	
Grand Total	1958835	1888648	1347825	1919110	1919110	

Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1310 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1309 and the Revised Estimate for Fasli 1310.

Major Heads	Minor Headings.	Actuals of Fasli 1310 (1900-01).					Budget Est. (1899-00).					Revised Est. (1900-01).					EXPLANATION OF VARIATIONS.	
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Between columns 3 and 4.	Between columns 3 and 6.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		
	Refunds ...	4694	3891	20000	3000	+Rs. 803.	This is a fluctuating item.	+Rs. 1,694.	Vide remarks in column 7.									
	Assignments to Religious and Charitable Institutions.	122264	115554	121000	121000	+Rs. 6,710.	Owing to the dearness of provisions additional allotments had to be sanctioned to the several temples and Chattrams of the State; hence the increase.	+Rs. 1,264.	Vide remarks in column 7.									
	Special assignments to Devasthanams in consideration of the special offerings received from the public.	1874	...	...	2000	+Rs. 1,874.	Vide the remarks against this head on the receipt side.	-Rs. 126.	The decrease calls for no remarks.									
	Privy purse to His Highness the Rajah, the allowance to the members of His Highness' family, etc.	194000	194000	194000	194000	.....												
	State presents to Native States.	235	13602	...	235	-Rs. 13,367.	This was a special item in Fasli 1309, and the amount in column 3 was spent in Fasli 1309 only, in connection with the Mysore marriages, but debited owing to late receipt of vouchers in the Fasli under report.											

Direct Demands on the Revenue and charges for collection.

Major Heads	Minor Headings.	Actuals of Fasli 1310 (1900-01).					Budget Est. (1899-00).					Revised Est. (1900-01).					EXPLANATION OF VARIATIONS.	
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Between columns 3 and 4.	Between columns 3 and 6.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		
	His Highness the Raja's contribution to "The Famine Relief Fund", "The All India Victoria Memorial Fund" and "His Excellency the Viceroy's reception Fund at Trichinopoly".	13000	...	...	13000	+Rs. 13,000.	This was a special item in the Fasli under report.											
	His Highness' trip to Calcutta.	...	...	...	8000													
	His Highness' tour in the State.	1315	...	...	1040	+Rs. 1,315.	There was no expenditure on this account in Fasli 1309; hence the increase.											
	Census ...	955	...	5000	6000	+Rs. 955.	This was a special item in the Fasli under report.											
	Famine-Relief ...	22238	15937	200000	20500	+Rs. 6,296.	The increase was due to a much larger amount having been spent in the Fasli under report on the repairs to the buildings in the occupation of the several members of the Western Palace.											
	Compensation to the Western Palace Jaghirdar.	72431	71050	78000	74600	+Rs. 1,381.	This was due to the increase in the expenditure under "Petty construction and repairs" and to the purchase of net bags, etc., for Rs. 900 for the use of the treasuries in the State.											
	Land Revenue ...	37027	41804	39800	46250	-Rs. 4,777.	The decrease was due to unforeseen savings in the establishment charges under both "Revenue Survey" and "Inam Settlement".											
	Inam Settlement, Revenue Survey and Settlement.	9998	9996	10000	10000	+Rs. 2.	This calls for no remarks.											
	Salt ...	...	...	...	...													

Direct Demands on the Revenue and charges for collection—continued.

-Rs. 8000. The decrease was due to the expenditure under this head not having been brought to account before the close of the Fasli under report.

+Rs. 315. The actual expenditure not having been known at the time of the preparation of the revised estimate, an approximate figure was adopted.

-Rs. 5,045. The amount payable to the British Government for the printed forms supplied and for tabulation was neither demanded nor paid as anticipated before the close of the Fasli; hence the decrease.

+Rs. 1,643. Vide remarks in column 7.

-Rs. 2,169. The decrease was mainly due to unforeseen savings, under "Vatam establishment," "Travelling allowances" and "Contingencies".

-Rs. 9,233. Vide remarks in column 7.

-Rs. 2. Same as column 7.

Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasil 1310 as compared with the Actuals of Fasil 1309 and the Revised Estimate for Fasil 1310—continued.

Major Heads	Minor Headings	Actuals of Fasil 1310 (1900-01)						EXPLANATION OF VARIATIONS.	
		3	4	5	6	7	8	Between columns 3 and 4.	Between columns 3 and 6.
1	2	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.			
Direct Demands on the Revenue and Charges for collection—cont.	Traffic registration Establishment.	...	...	...	...	...	+ Rs. 1,301. There was no expenditure on this account in Fasil 1309.		
	Stamps ...	7998	7997	8000	8000	...	+ Rs. 1. This calls for no remarks.		
	Excise ...	124	141	150	150	...	— Rs. 17. Do.		— Rs. 349. The decrease was due (1) to the expenditure in connection with the putting up of sheds in the several registering stations not having been accounted for contrary to expectations in the Fasil under report and (2) to unforeseen savings under "Establishment".
	Assessed Taxes ...	9584	9228	10286	10300	...	+ Rs. 456. This was due to the increase in expenditure under "Plantations".		— Rs. 2. Vide remarks in column 7.
	Forest ...	...	...	...	...	...	— Rs. 1,216. This was due to the decrease under "Plantations".		Do.
Post, Telegraph, etc.	Registration	18675	18775	18370	18370	...	— Rs. 100. This calls for no remarks.		+ Rs. 305. Vide remarks in column 7.
	Agricultural improvements.	...	320	2400	...	...	— Rs. 320. No provision was made in the Fasil under report as the advances made for agricultural purposes are being debited to "Debt heads".		.....
	Total ...	517808	502295	527590	538745	...	+ Rs. 61. The expenditure on this account was begun to be shown separately only from Fasil 1310.		— Rs. 30. This calls for no remarks.
	Post Office ...	61	...	...	100	...	+ Rs. 29. This represents the amount actually demanded by and paid to the British Telegraph Department for working the Alangudi and Karambakudi Telegraph offices in Fasil 1309.		.....
	Telegraph ...	1050	1021	1021	1050	...			
	Total ...	1111	1021	1021	1150	...			

Civil Departments.		23201	20178	21750	22930	General Administration.	
Huzur office ...	...	1751	1623	1576	1680	+ Rs. 3,023. The increase was mainly due (1) to the increments drawn by the Dewan and the Councillor and (2) to the increased expenditure under a few minor heads.	+ Rs. 281. This calls for no remarks.
Law and Justice, Courts.	...	39156	38802	40070	40675	+ Rs. 128. This calls for no remarks.	+ Rs. 71. Vide remarks in column 7.
Do. Jails...	...	10214	7475	8300	10145	+ Rs. 2,730. This was mainly due (1) to the increased expenditure under "Rations" in the several jails of the State due to the decrease of provisions (2) to the opening of a new Sub-jail at Karambakudi and (3) to the increased expenditure under "Pay" and "Uniforms" for warders owing to the increase in their number.	— Rs. 1,519. The decrease was due mainly to the savings under (1) establishment and (2) contingencies, in the several Civil and Criminal courts of the State.
Police ...	...	34500	35548	36410	36030	— Rs. 1,048. This was mainly due to the savings in the pay of the force.	+ Rs. 69. This calls for no remarks.
Pound ...	...	1641	...	...	2000	+ Rs. 1,641. Vide remarks against this head on the receipt side.	— Rs. 1,530. Vide remarks in column 7.
Education ...	...	36348	36302	38370	38370	— Rs. 44. This calls for no remarks.	— Rs. 359. The decrease was due to the repairs to the pound buildings not having been executed to the extent anticipated.
Medical—	...	...	...	...	...	...	— Rs. 2,922. This was mainly due to the savings under (1) "Establishment charges" in the College & State schools, (2) "Grants," (3) "Books and periodicals," (4) "Petty construction and repairs" and (5) "Minor contingencies".
(a) Medical relief ...	...	17946	19515	22206	21580	— Rs. 1,569. The decrease was, the net result of savings under "Medicines" and of the increased expenditure under (1) "Diets to inpatients," (2) "Furniture," and (3) "Establishment charges".	— Rs. 3,634. The decrease was mainly due to the bill for the medicines and instruments supplied in Fasil 1310, by Messrs. Burgoyne Burdidges and Co., of London having been paid after the close of the Fasil.
(b) Vaccine operations.	...	2401	2382	2405	2610	+ Rs. 79. This calls for no remarks.	— Rs. 149. This calls for no remarks.
Total ...	...	167218	161915	171075	176010		

*Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasil 1310 as compared with the Actuals of Fasil 1309
and the Revised Estimate for Fasil 1310—continued.*

Major Heads	Minor Headings	Actuals of Fasil 1310 (1900-01)				Actuals of Fasil 1309 (1899-00)				Budget Estimate for Fasil 1310 (1900-01)				Revised Estimate for Fasil 1310 (1900-01)				EXPLANATION OF VARIATIONS	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Between columns 3 and 4.		Between columns 3 and 6.		Between columns 3 and 4.		Between columns 3 and 6.			
Miscellaneous	Political ..	...	...	1641	2252	2000	2000	...	...	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	...	...	...	...	Rs. 359. This calls for no remarks.	
	Supernannation...	...	...	21590	24985	23600	23600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 2,010. <i>Vide</i> remarks in column 7.	
	Stationery and Printing	...	...	12559	8621	13300	13300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 741. A provision of Rs. 4,500 was made in the revised estimate for the purchase of types; but types worth Rs. 4,000 only were purchased; hence the decrease.	
	M'sellaneous ..	...	...	14305	10751	7870	14470	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 165. This calls for no remarks.	
	Total ..	...	...	50095	46609	46770	53370	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 741. A provision of Rs. 4,500 was made in the revised estimate for the purchase of types; but types worth Rs. 4,000 only were purchased; hence the decrease.	
Railways	Railways...	...	...	...	309	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 25,641. <i>Vide</i> remarks in column 7.	
Irrigation.	Irrigation works and establishment.	...	...	24359	27658	50000	50000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 4,172. This was mainly due (1) to the expenditure under "Town improvement works" having been smaller than anticipated at the time of the preparation of the revised estimate and (2) to a decrease in the expenditure under "Cost of kerosine oil" and "Establishment charges".	
Civil works.	Town Conservancy ..	...	...	13713	14341	18230	17985	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 828. This calls for no remarks.	

Civil Works—continued	Market and cart-stand improvements.	2000	2638	2700	3300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 838. This decrease was mainly due to markets having been leased out and to no work of importance having been executed in the Fasil under report.	
	Village Conservancy ..	3575	8824	5000	6410	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 5,249. This was mainly due to the expenditure under "Compensation for lands taken up for public purposes" having been less by Rs. 5,000 in the Fasil under report than in Fasil 1309. Parties to whom this compensation is due did not turn up as anticipated; otherwise the difference would have been less.	
	Roads ..	...	...	30417	35000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 4,873. This was mainly due to the expenditure incurred in renewing the road to Trinien.	
	Buildings ..	...	...	15659	15000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 1,023. This was due to the increased expenditure on the Victoria Jubilee arch and other public structures.	
	D. P. W. Establishment	13427	14052	14500	13700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 625. This was mainly due to the savings under "Pay and allowance of the State Engineer", whose services were dispensed with with effect from the 1st April 1901.	
Military	Establishment for collection of Tolls.	148	...	...	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 148. This represents the pay of the person who marks numbers on licensed carts.	
	Tools and Plant ..	443	216	1000	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 2. Do. do.	
	Total ..	85318	86587	91430	99945	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 557. <i>Vide</i> remarks in column 7.	
	Infantry & His Highness' Body Guard.	18776	18220	18860	19800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 1,024. This was due to the savings under (1) "Establishment charges" (2) "Purchase of Troop horses" and (3) "Ammunition".	
	Band ..	3647	6448	5000	5700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 53. This calls for no remarks.	
	Total ..	21423	24668	23860	25500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		

*Disbursements of the Pudukkottai State for Fasli 1310 as compared with the Actuals of Fasli 1309
and the Revised Estimate for Fasli 1310—continued.*

Major Heads	Minor Headings	Actuals of Fasli 1310 (1900-01)					Actuals of Fasli 1309 (1899-00)					Budget Estimate for Fasli 1310 (1900-01)					EXPLANATION OF VARIATIONS.	
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Between columns 3 and 4	Between columns 3 and 6
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		
	Civil and Criminal Courts and other deposits.	119459	187424	80000	80000	—Rs. 67,905. This is a fluctuating item.												+ Rs. 39,459. This was mainly due (1) to the repayment to the Chinnaramanai Jaghirdar of a sum of Rs. 21,500 which has been lying in deposit in the State treasury, and (2) to the withdrawal of trust-money amounting to Rs. 10,000 with reference to the instructions of Government contained in the Political Agent's letter R.C. No. 100-O of 1901 dated 14-6-1901.
	Survey etc. advances - ...	60491	45582	40000	40000	+ Rs. 14,909. Do. do.												+ Rs. 20,491. <i>Vide</i> remarks in column 7.
	Revenue Process fees ...	4386	...	...	6500	+ Rs. 4,386. <i>Vide</i> remarks against this head on the receipt side.												— Rs. 2,114. This is a fluctuating item.
	Privy cess fund ...	3640	...	...	3500	+ Rs. 140. Do. do.												+ Rs. 140. Do. do.
	Total ...	187976	233006	120000	130000													
	Total expenditure ...	1058308	1084068	1231746	1074720													
	Closing balance ...	900527	804585	116079	84390													
	Grand Total ...	1958835	1888648	1347825	1919110													

Debt Heads.

STATEMENT XX—(Para. 157 of report).

Statement showing the number of Births and Deaths in the Pudukkottai State in Fasli 1310.

Number.	—	BIRTHS.			DEATHS.										Remarks.
		Males.	Females.	Total.	Cholera.		Small-pox.		Fever.		Other causes.		Total.		
					Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
1	Town ...	66	65	131	18	10	...	2	15	14	84	95	117	121	Total ... 3460
2	Alangudi Taluq.	641	610	1251	18	19	12	4	123	127	284	311	437	461	
3	Trimiem Taluq.	699	589	1288	78	85	10	13	88	88	442	401	618	587	
4	Kolattoor Taluq.	672	657	1329	59	45	5	7	203	216	305	279	572	547	
	Total ...	2078	1921	3999	173	159	27	26	429	445	1115	1086	1744	1716	

STATEMENT XXI—(Para. 159 of report).

Statement showing the work done by the Vaccination Department, Pudukkottai State during Fasli 1310 (1900-1901).

No.	Locality.	Number of cases vaccinated by each Vaccinator during the Fasli.		Number of Primary and re-vaccination performed by each Vaccinator during the Fasli.		Percentage of Primary vaccination.	Percentage of re-vaccination.	Number of cases vaccinated by each Vaccinator during the Fasli according to age.		Number of cases vaccinated by each Vaccinator during the Fasli according to caste.					Number of cases vaccinated during the Fasli according to sex.		Remarks.							
		Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Not seen after vaccination.	Primary vaccination.			Re-vaccination.	Total.	Under 1 year.	Above 1 and under 6 years.	Above 6 years.	Total.	Hindus.	Christians.	Mahomedans.		Europeans and Eurasians.	Other classes.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
1	Town Pudukkottai	1199	1178	28	63	994	203	1199	82.9	17.0	55	780	364	1199	10.2	45	11	..	91	1199	679	520	1199	
2	Alangudi circle	1085	1061	6	18	1040	45	1085	95.8	4.1	66	584	435	1085	88.6	68	21	..	110	1085	497	588	1085	
3	Karambakudi circle	965	959	6	918	17	265	98.2	1.7	80	624	261	965	71.3	63	94	..	95	965	498	467	965		
4	Triniam circle	573	513	39	21	573	..	573	100	..	63	339	171	573	33.5	73	20	..	145	573	304	269	573	
5	Ponnammavathi circle	716	638	32	46	716	4	716	99.4	..	93	485	138	716	46.3	55	34	..	164	716	321	395	716	
6	Koelani circle	956	880	40	30	956	..	950	100	..	27	485	438	950	72.8	41	26	..	157	950	332	568	950	
7	Kolattoor circle	1051	964	24	63	1051	..	1051	100	..	86	578	387	1051	80.6	61	35	..	153	1051	412	639	1051	
8	Odayalipatti circle	874	848	31	23	874	..	874	100	..	9	567	298	874	59.8	81	38	..	157	874	298	576	874	
9	Viraimalai circle	900	752	71	77	880	20	900	97.7	2.2	42	465	393	900	63.1	26	26	..	167	900	462	438	900	
	Total	8313	7723	240	341	8022	291	8313	98.4	3.5	521	4907	2385	8313	62.54	513	305	..	1241	8313	3353	4460	8313	
	Total for Fasli 1309	7772	7205	215	352	7434	388	7772	95.6	4.4	503	4584	2685	7772	60.85	345	196	..	1195	7772	3620	4152	7772	

STATEMENT XXII—(Para. 167 of report.)

Annual return of the Town Hospital for Fasli 1310 (1900-1901.)

NUMBER OF BEDS AVAILABLE:—30.

IN-AND OUT-PATIENTS TREATED FOR THE VARIOUS DISEASES WITH THEIR RESULTS.

DISEASES.	IN-PATIENTS.					OUT-PATIENTS.			Total In- and Out-Patients.
	Total treated.	Number cured.	Number relieved.	Number discharged otherwise.	Died.	Remaining.	Attended in person.	Attended by proxies.	
GENERAL DISEASES.									
Small-pox	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20
Cholera	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20
Dysentery	27	19	..	..	8	..	..	..	539
Malarial fevers	13	10	1	1	1	..	..	..	2022
Primary syphilis	3	5	2	..	..	..	..	..	62
Secondary syphilis	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	11
Gonorrhoea	8	6	1	1	..	..	..	..	126
Scurvy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Worms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	981
Debility and Anæmia	69	53	8	5	1	2	..	..	425
Rheumatic affections	26	24	1	1	..	..	..	..	1037
Tubercular affections	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	7
Leprosy	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
All other general diseases	16	8	3	2	3	..	..	..	688
LOCAL DISEASES.									
Diseases of the nervous system	12	2	6	4	..	..	..	..	613
Do. eye	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	796
Do. ear	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1583
Do. nose	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	70
Do. circulatory system	5	..	4	1	1	..	..	..	87
Lungs (diseases of)	10	3	5	1	1	..	..	..	135
Other diseases of the respiratory system	13	10	1	2	..	..	..	..	976
Diarrhoea	7	3	..	1	3	..	..	..	208
Dyspepsia	17	14	2	..	1	..	..	..	468
Diseases of liver	10	8	5	4	2	..	..	..	123
Other diseases of the digestive system	11	6	4	1	..	..	..	..	5382
Spleen (diseases of)	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2
Other diseases of the lymphatic system	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	122
Goitre	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Diseases of the urinary system	7	5	2	..	..	..	..	..	277
Soft chancre	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	16
Other diseases of the generative system	8	7	1	..	..	..	..	..	642
Diseases of the organs of locomotion	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	72
Do. connective tissue	12	9	1	..	1	1	..	..	495
Ulcers	36	25	3	5	2	1	..	..	3359
Other diseases of the skin	16	15	1	..	..	..	..	..	3011
All other local diseases	4	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	114
General injuries	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	59
Local injuries	16	8	2	3	2	1	..	..	745
Poisons	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22
Not diagnosed	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41
Total	870	248	58	33	26	5	..	..	25340
									25710

STATEMENT XXII—continued.

Town Hospital—Surgical Operations.

The total number of operations performed during the period ... 472

Classes and Sexes of Patients with the daily average.

—	Europeans. (a)			Eurasians. (b)			Mahome- dans. (c)			Hindus. (d)			Other classes. (e)			Total. a, b, c, d and e.			Daily average.				
	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	Total.	M.	W.	C.	Total.
In ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	15	10	4	214	75	15	25	9	2	255	94	21	370	14.2	5.9	9.7	21.09
Out ...	1	1	...	41	55	26	872	455	651	18097	4578	4357	532	333	341	14543	5422	5375	25340	77.76	33.63	25.98	137.37
Total...	2	1	...	41	55	26	887	465	655	18311	4653	4372	557	342	343	14798	5516	5396	25710	91.96	39.53	26.95	158.46

STATEMENT XXIII—(Paras. 168 and 169 of report).

Annual return of the Dispensaries in the State for Faski 1310 (1900-1901).

OUT-PATIENTS TREATED FOR THE VARIOUS DISEASES:

DISEASES.		Number treated.							
		Women and children dispensary, Pudukkottai.	Karambakudi.	Alangudi.	Keculanil.	Tirunelveli.	Ponnamaravati.	Kolattor.	Viralimalai.
GENERAL DISEASES.	Small-pox ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
	Cholera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...
	Dysentery ...	140	19	41	45	129	17	78	23
	Malarial fevers ...	220	2129	1042	353	732	598	651	238
	Primary syphilis ...	...	2	6	...	2	...	20	...
	Secondary syphilis ...	23	25	9	24	65	8	7	1
	Gonorrhœa ...	2	21	30	26	67	13	16	3
	Scurvy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Worms ...	183	29	95	197	166	22	72	47
	Debility and Anæmia ...	153	9	159	34	45	14	29	33
	Rheumatic affections ...	245	649	689	363	613	161	326	188
	Tubercular affections ...	8	...	3	3	3	...	1	...
	Leprosy ...	6	...	5	...	1	...	2	...
	All other general diseases ...	296	44	480	57	147	102	14	15
	Diseases of the nervous system ...	121	142	281	103	231	85	251	88
	Do. eye ...	139	503	360	324	432	462	300	233
	Do. ear ...	309	499	545	263	479	424	436	193
LOCAL DISEASES.	Do. nose ...	32	2	53	15	4	4	10	1
	Do. circulatory system ...	16	...	8	4	1	4	...	...
	Lungs (diseases of) ...	9	1	...	...	15	1	3	...
	Other diseases of the respiratory system ...	243	53	328	8	223	74	153	109
	Diarrhœa ...	179	24	31	75	172	51	76	63
	Dyspepsia ...	205	21	609	27	681	27	94	97
	Diseases of liver ...	17	21	4	1	1	23	4	47
	Other diseases of the digestive system ...	482	510	637	329	476	613	734	390
	Spleen (diseases of) ...	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
	Other diseases of the lymphatic system ...	26	4	2	1	7	10	6	...
	Goitre ...	1	...	5	...	...	...	...	...
	Diseases of the urinary system ...	9	18	40	16	38	48	43	37
	Soft chancre ...	...	3	...	2	38	8	3	3
	Other diseases of the generative system ...	229	22	23	26	47	18	31	18
	Diseases of the organs of locomotion ...	53	3	1	4	4	10	...	5
	Do. connective tissue ...	92	109	72	104	69	143	161	41
	Ulcers ...	28	117	802	300	1128	1758	884	613
	Other diseases of the skin ...	475	659	1116	711	1017	540	645	314
	All other local diseases ...	...	6	...	...	51	47	91	19
	General injuries ...	21	...	48	35	2	1	12	3
	Local injuries ...	157	143	619	389	508	132	322	77
	Poisons ...	5	...	...	4	13	9	1	...
	Not diagnosed ...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...
Total ...		4472	7124	8298	4680	7379	5458	5502	2901

STATEMENT XXIII—continued.

Surgical Operations.

	No.
Women and children dispensary, Pudukkottai.	73
Karambakudi	161
Alangudi	185
Keelanilai	166
Trimiem	287
Ponnamaravati	53
Kolattoor	125
Viralimalai	37

Classes and Sexes of Patients with the daily average.

Names of the dispensaries.	Europeans. (a)			Eurasians. (b)			Mahomedans. (c)			Hindus. (d)			Other classes. (e)			TOTAL a, b, c, d and e.			Daily average.			
	M. W. C.			M. W. C.			M. W. C.			M. W. C.			M. W. C.			M. W. C.			M. W. C. Total.			
	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	M.	W.	C.	Total.
Women and children dispensary, Pudukkottai.	...	5	7	...	...	...	...	40	18	...	...	...	...	143	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karambakudi	...	...	...	...	...	...	247	69	144	...	...	...	775	489	411	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alangudi	...	...	...	...	...	...	233	113	216	...	...	...	480	305	165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Keelanilai	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	8	4	...	...	...	97	42	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trimiem	...	...	...	...	...	...	226	73	117	...	...	...	372	190	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ponnamaravati	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	4	3	...	...	...	1261	268	265	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kolattoor	...	2	...	...	...	...	216	91	207	...	...	...	212	183	143	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Viralimalai	...	4	...	...	...	...	18	...	36	...	...	...	68	52	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

STATEMENT XXIV—(Para. 173 of report).

Statement showing the number of schools of various grades and of the pupils under instruction—Fasli 1310 (1900—1901).

Class and Grades of Institutions.	No. of Schools.	No. of pupils.
<i>Government Institutions.</i>		
The College	1	747
The Vani Vilasa Vedasastra Patasala	1	39
The Sirkar Town Girls' school	1	231
Anglo-Vernacular Lower Secondary schools	6	67
Do. Primary schools	2	126
Vernacular Lower Secondary schools for boys	2	2
Do. do. for girls	2	4
Vernacular Primary schools for boys	16	816
Do. do. for girls	12	403
Total	43	2437
<i>Aided Institutions.</i>		
Anglo-Vernacular Lower Secondary schools	1	57
Vernacular Primary schools	10	288
Do. Lower Secondary schools	...	...
Do. Primary schools for boys	178	4759
Do. do. for girls	9	314
Total	198	5368
<i>Unaided Institutions.</i>		
Vernacular Primary schools for boys	36	831
Do. do. for girls	2	38
Special schools (Vedic schools etc.)	6	70
Total	44	939
Grand Total	285	8744
Total for Fasli 1309	310	9131

NOTE:—The Sree Martanda Industrial School is not included in the statistics herein given.



Photo zingo Survey Office
RUDUKKOTTAI

V 21194, 8 KNOD MAP
OF THE
PUDUKKOTTAI STATE
SHOWING TALUKS, ROADS, PRINCIPAL
STREAMS & TANKS, CHIEF TOWNS & VILLAGES &
WITH PROPOSED RAILWAY LINE

Scale 1 inch = 4 Miles.

32088

REFERENCE.

- P Police Station.
- Telegraph Station.
- Post Office.
- Sub-Registrar Office.
- Towns & Villages.
- Taluk Headquarters.
- Matted Road.
- Fair Weather Road.
- Proposed Road.
- Existing Railway line.
- Proposed Railway line.
- Rivers & Streams.
- Important Lakes & Tanks.
- G.T. Station.
- Rock.
- Completed in Survey.
- In Progress.

Photo Zinco Survey Office
PUDUKKOTTAI