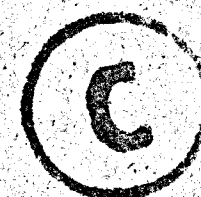


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Admin. Report of Estates
Under the Court of wards
1890-91



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ON THE

ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

ESTATES UNDER THE COURT OF WARDS

IN THE

MADRAS PRESIDENCY,

FOR FASLI 1300 (1890-91).

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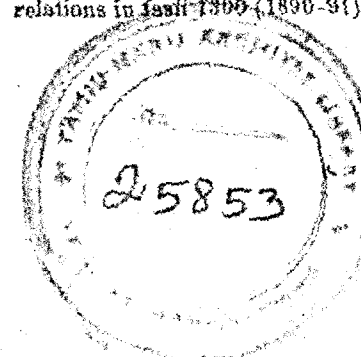
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	PAGE	PARAS.
Number of estates under management	1	1
Estates handed over	1	2
(a) The Kangundi estate	2	3
(b) The Vadapathimangalam estate	2 & 3	4
(c) The Tiruvananjuli estate	3	5
(d) The Tyagasamudram estate	3	6
(e) The Bimbalan estate	3	7
Statement No. I showing the names, &c., of estates under warship	3	9
Season	3 & 4	10
Number of villages	4	11
Holdings	5	12
Cultivation	5	13
Demand of estates	5 & 6	14
Remissions	6	15
Net demand	6 & 7	16
Demand, collection and balance	7, 8 & 9	17 & 18
Current collections	9 & 10	19
Irrecoverable arrears	10	20
Financial condition of estates	10 & 11	21
Comparative statement of total charges	12 & 13	22 & 23
Public works	13, 14 & 15	24
Debts due to the estates	15 & 16	25 & 26
Debts due by the estates	16 & 17	27
Religious and charitable institutions attached to estates	17	28
Financial condition of minor institutions	18	29
Education of the wards	18 & 19	30
Law suits	19	31
Condition of ryots	19—23	32
Isam alienations	23 & 24	33
General remarks	24	34
Conclusion	24	35

APPENDICES.

	PAGE
A. No. I.—Statement showing the ages, &c., of the wards and the period during which the estates have been under management for fasli 1300 (1890-91) ..	25 & 26
B. No. II-A.—Statement showing the number of villages and the proportion of cultivation to holdings in the estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1300 (1890-91) ..	27 & 28
C. No. II-B.—Statement showing the settled demand of the estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1300 (1890-91) ..	29—32
D. No. III.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance of the estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1300 (1890-91) ..	33—35
E. No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the several estates under management in fasli 1300 (1890-91) ..	36—41
F. Enclosure A to Statement No. IV.—Statement showing the expenditure incurred on maramut (works) in the several estates under management in fasli 1300 (1890-91) ..	42 & 43
G. No. V-A.—Statement showing the debts due to the estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1300 (1890-91) ..	44
H. No. V-B.—Statement showing the debts due by the estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1300 (1890-91) ..	45
I. No. VI.—Statement showing the educational progress made by the wards and their relations in fasli 1300 (1890-91) ..	46—51

 செப்பனிருபவர் தாயார்
 செப்பனிருவதற்கான செத்தல்
 கொள்ளப்பட்ட நாள்
 செப்பனிரு முடித்த நாள்
 சம்பந்தமும்
 மு. நாள்
 கையொப்பம்
 சம்பந்தம்
 உத்தரவிடும்
 கையொப்பம்



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REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION
OF
ESTATES UNDER THE COURT OF WARDS
IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY,
FOR FASLI 1300 (1890-91).

Number of estates under management.—There were 53 estates under management at the beginning of the year, of which five, viz., Kangundi in North Arcot, Vadapathimangalam, Tiruvalanjuli and Tyagasamudram in Tanjore and Bimbalan in Malabar, were handed over to their proprietors; while the four estates noted on the margin were taken up during the year. There were thus 52 estates under management at the end of the year. This number includes the Parlákimedi estate, as, though the landed property was in pursuance of the High Court's decree in the suit brought by the Zemindar's son, handed over to him on 1st July 1890, the old zemindar still continues to be a ward of the Court, which retains his personalty amounting in cash and Government promissory notes on the 30th June 1891 to Rs. 1,88,144 and 27,97,000, respectively.

2. *Estates handed over.*—The subjoined statement shows the condition of the five estates above referred to at the time of their restoration as compared with their condition when the Court assumed charge of them.

STATEMENT showing the condition of the estates restored at the time of surrender as contrasted with their condition when they were taken up.

Districts.	Estates.	ANNUAL REVENUE.				BALANCE ON HAND.		Debts recovered during the period the estate was under management.
		When the estate came under management.		When the estate was restored.		When the estate came under management.	When the estate was restored.	
		Current demand.	Current collection.	Current demand.	Current collection.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
North Arcot	Kangundi ..	RS. 85,997	RS. 59,786	RS. 85,677	RS. 85,409	RS. 18,852	RS. 23,811	RS. + 24,334
	Vadapathimangalam.	60,072	57,946	71,040	68,040	13,837	46,642	+ 1,15,937
Tanjore	Tiruvalanjuli ..	7,382	4,866	6,527	3,125	..	283	124
	Tyagasamudram ..	9,066	6,669	7,458	3,923	3,510	56,814	46,902
Malabar	Bimbalan ..	311	311	431	431	..	598	..

Districts.	Estates.	DEBTS PAID OFF DURING THE SAME PERIOD.			Amount expended on Irrigation works.	Amount expended on other permanent improvements.	AGE OF THE PROPRIETOR.		Period for which the estate was under management.
		Principal.	Interest.	Total.			When the estate came under management.	When the estate was restored.	
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
North Arcot	Kangundi ..	RS. 33,026	RS. 2,803	RS. 35,829	RS. 36,382	RS. 39,322	Y. M. 13 10	Y. M. 21 0	Y. M. 7 2
	Vadapathimangalam.	27,971	16,818	44,789	6,943	2,587	11 8	21 0	9 4
Tanjore	Tiruvalanjuli ..	..	..	2,746	250	300	40 10	46 5	5 7
	Tyagasamudram ..	..	..	..	200	550	15 3	21 1	5 10
Malabar	Bimbalan ..	1,950	731	2,681	..	..	26 6	37 0	10 6

* Includes Rs. 15,000, being the nominal value of promissory notes handed over to the proprietor.

† Excludes Rs. 5,140 written off.

‡ Exclusive of debts, mainly advances to tenants, amounting to Rs. 1,00,887, written off.

§ Includes Rs. 44,000, being the nominal value of promissory notes handed over to the proprietor.

|| Excludes Rs. 6,188 written off.

¶ Information as to how much of this represents interest has not been furnished.

3. *The Kangundi estate.*—This estate was under the Court's management for seven years and two months. The current demand shows a slight decrease, which the Collector has not explained. The current collections, however, rose from Rs. 59,786 or 69.5 per cent. to Rs. 85,409 or 99.7 per cent. of the current demand, which is very satisfactory. Debts, amounting to Rs. 24,634, were collected, while debts to the extent of Rs. 35,829 were paid off and Rs. 75,704 were spent on irrigation works and other permanent improvements. The balance in favour of the estate at the time of its restoration was Rs. 23,811 against Rs. 18,852 at the time of assumption of charge. The minor and his younger brother were placed under a European tutor at Madras during the last two years of their wardship. Their educational attainments were however, only moderate, but they visited most of the important places in India and Ceylon.

4. *The Vadapathimangalam estate.*—The Vadapathimangalam estate was under management for nine years and four months. During this period the current demand rose from Rs. 60,072 to Rs. 71,040. Debts, amounting to Rs. 1,15,037, were collected, while a sum of Rs. 1,00,887, consisting mainly of advances to tenants of the estate was written off as irrecoverable. Rs. 44,789, being debts due by the estate were paid during management, Rs. 6,943 were expended on irrigation works and Rs. 2,587 on other permanent improvements. The apparently short expenditure on public works is ascribed to the fact that there are no large irrigation works belonging to the estate requiring any large outlay. Petty maramut works, such as channel repairs, construction and repair of sluices, tunnels, dams, &c., were, however, executed during the period of the Court's management. The cash balance at the credit of the

estate when it was handed over was Rs. 46,642 against Rs. 13,837 at the time the Court assumed charge. The ward was studying privately for the Matriculation examination when the estate was handed over to him.

5. *The Tiruvalanjuli estate.*—This small ryotwari estate was under management for five years and seven months on account of the proprietor's lunacy. The falling off of the current demand from Rs. 7,382 to Rs. 6,527 is stated by the Collector to be due to a fall in the lease-amounts of the ryotwari lands of the estate. Debts, amounting to Rs. 124, were recovered, while debts, amounting to Rs. 2,746, were paid off and a sum of Rs. 550 was spent on irrigation works and other permanent improvements. There was no cash balance at the credit of the estate when it came under the Court, but there was a small cash balance of Rs. 283 when it was restored. The proprietor having been declared by the District Court to be sane and capable of managing his own affairs, the estate was handed over to him on 3rd December 1890.

6. *The Tyagasamudram estate.*—This ryotwari estate was under management for five years and ten months. There has been a gradual fall in the current demand from Rs. 9,066 to Rs. 7,458 during the period of the Court's management. This fall is said to be due partly to unfavorable season and partly to the manager's unsatisfactory work. Debts, amounting to Rs. 46,902, were collected, while debts, amounting to Rs. 6,188, were remitted. The expenditure on public works has been small, viz., Rs. 200 on irrigation works and Rs. 550 on other permanent improvements, and has not been satisfactorily explained. It was probably due to the fact that, as in Vadapathimangalam, there were no large works requiring attention. The cash balance to the credit of the estate when it was restored was Rs. 56,814 against Rs. 3,510, which was all the balance to the credit of the estate when it came into the Court's hands. The eldest ward did not go to any English school, but was studying Sanskrit and Tamil under a private tutor. Though the other wards—four in number—attended school, they did not make much progress in education.

7. *The Bimbalan estate.*—This estate was under management for ten years and six months. During this period the current demand rose from Rs. 311 to Rs. 431; and debts, amounting to Rs. 2,681 on the whole, were paid off. There was also a cash balance of Rs. 598 to the credit of the estate at the time of its restoration, though there was none when the estate was taken up by the Court. The ward, who was a harmless lunatic, died of cholera on the 1st July 1890 at the Calicut asylum and his estate was handed over on 1st December 1890 to the sons of his paternal uncle, who produced a certificate of succession from the Sub-Court of Palghat.

8. No report was received from the Collector of Vizagapatam regarding the Kurupam estate, which was taken under management late in the year. The Collector of Salem does not seem to have taken charge of the Royakota estate, pending the orders of the Court of Wards on his proposals for its management, which reached this office only after the close of the fasli under report. The Collector has, therefore, not reported on it. As in previous years, the Vadamitta estate in the Tinnevely district was managed by the lessee, and no mention is, therefore, made of it either in the report or in statements Nos. II to V.

9. *Statement No. I showing the names, &c., of estates under wardship.*—Statement No. I appended to the report shows the names of the estates under management, the authority under which they were taken up, the sexes of the wards and their disabilities, the period during which the estates have been under the Court, the ages of the wards at the end of the fasli, and the dates on which such of them as are minors will attain their majority. Of the 52 wards, 44 were minors (one being a female), five were incapacitated by sex alone and the remaining three, of whom two were females, by lunacy or imbecility.

10. *Season.*—The season was, on the whole, favorable except in parts of Ganjam, Chingleput, Tanjore, Madras, Tinnevely, Coimbatore and Salem. In Ganjam, the rains were mostly either untimely or inadequate. Owing to the cyclonic rainfall of October 1890, a good deal of land in the Kallikot estate was submerged, and the crops were damaged by disease. In Panaiyur, the season was more unfavorable to

agriculturists than in the previous year, and large remissions had, therefore, to be granted, while the work of collection was very difficult. In Saptur, the south-west monsoon was a failure. The north-east monsoon was good at the beginning, but brought a heavy downpour of rain which caused breaches to many tanks in the northern portion of the estate. In Belgam, there were hailstorms in February 1891, which damaged the sugarcane and gingelly crops to some extent; but the rainfall being copious and timely, the wet and dry crops yielded well. In Mailavaram, the rains were excessive both at the beginning and towards the end, while the crops suffered for want of rain in the interval. In North Arcot, there was a rise in the prices of staple grains owing to failure of crops and insufficiency of rain in the latter part of the year; whilst many cattle died for want of fodder. In Metráthi, the state of the season was very unfavorable; though the aggregate rainfall was unusually high, its distribution was bad. In Anavaratham Pillai's estate and in Erumaipati, the tanks did not receive a sufficient supply of water.

11. *Number of villages.*—Statement II-A shows the number and tenures of the villages in the *proprietary estates* and the extent of holdings and cultivation in all the estates as compared with the figures of the previous year. Parlákimedi being left out of account, there were under management during the year 35 estates held on fixed tenure against 34 in the previous year, the other estates under management consisting of ryotwari lands. The total number of villages in the permanently-settled estates was 2,466, of which 168 belonged to Pithápuram, one of the estates taken up during the year. Deducting these as well as the villages in Telaprole and Etaiyápuram, the returns relating to which were left blank in the report of the preceding year, the total number of villages in the estates which were under management in both faslis was 1,858 against 1,859 in the preceding year, showing a decrease of one, which is the net result of an increase of eight in four estates, and a decrease of nine in four others, as shown below:—

Increase.									
Dhárakót	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Bodogodo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Kallikót	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Singavanam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Total									8
Decrease.									
Sripuram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Kapileswarapuram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Palayavanam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
Yelagiri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Total									9

In Dhárakót, the increase is due to one jirayati village having been hitherto omitted from the accounts by mistake and to another which was hitherto treated as a hamlet of another village having now been classed as a separate village. In Bodogodo and Kallikót, the increase is due to deserted villages, excluded from the accounts last year, having been occupied since. In Singavanam, two villages which were in the enjoyment of a relative of the minor, came into the possession of the estate during the year under report by private negotiation. The decrease in Sripuram is due to the exclusion of a mokhasa village belonging to another proprietor, the quit-rent and land-cess of which had previously been collected by the estate, but are now levied by the Deputy Tahsildar. The decrease in Kapileswarapuram and Yelagiri is only nominal, being due to two villages having been clubbed together and treated as one village on grounds of administrative convenience. In Palayavanam, six villages lying in non-proprietary tracts have now been omitted from the return. Of the 2,466 villages above referred to, 1,475 villages were held on ryotwar or joint-rent tenure, 433 were rented to middlemen, paying rents in money or in kind; 49 were partly ryotwari and partly rented, and the remaining 509 villages were held on favorable rent or free of rent.

12. *Holdings.*—The total area of holdings in all the estates under management was 775,913 acres, of which 708,864 acres or 91·4 per cent. were cultivated. The extent of holdings in the estates which were under management in both the faslis was 348,146 acres in fasli 1300 against 330,279 acres in fasli 1299, showing an increase of 17,867 acres. This is the net result of an increase of 18,964 acres in twenty-five estates counterbalanced by a decrease of 1,097 acres in seven others. The most marked variations occurred in the undermentioned estates:—

Increase.									
									ACS.
Kallikót	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,111
Mailavaram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	296
Kapileswarapuram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	329
Meduru	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	486
Panaiyur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	923
Gandharvakóta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,131
Metráthi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	442
Shulagiri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	305
Yelagiri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	903

Decrease.

N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate									500
------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	-----

In Kallikót, the increase is said to be due to the area of mustajari (rented) and of bunjar (waste) lands having been included for the first time this year. The increase in Mailavaram, Kapileswarapuram and Meduru is due to more lands having been taken up on darkhast than were relinquished. In Panaiyur, the increase is explained to be due partly to the inclusion for the first time during the year under report of the extent of waste lands under amani (direct cultivation) and partly to the inclusion of the area owned by the wards in the villages of Pakkam and Cheyúr for which no accounts were kept in the previous years. The increase in Gandharvakóta is due to waste lands having been brought under cultivation during the year. In Metráthi and Yelagiri, the increase represents the excess discovered in the recent survey. The increase in Shulagiri is only nominal, being due to the transfer of two rented villages to ryotwar or joint-rent tenure. The decrease in Nangavaram Rangaswami Aiyar's estate is due to the sale of certain lands for the liquidation of debts.

13. *Cultivation.*—The extent of actual cultivation in the year under report was 708,864 acres or 91·4 per cent. of the holdings, against 287,183 acres or 86·9 per cent. in the previous year, the increase occurring in most of the estates. The percentage of cultivation to holdings was very low in the undermentioned estates:—

Panaiyur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64·5
Singavanam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40·9
Palayavanam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68·2
Mambarai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	56·2
Metráthi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51·6
Neliyalam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18·7
Kavalpara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	70·4

In Panaiyur, Metráthi and Kavalpara, the low percentage appears to be due to the unfavorable character of the season. The Collector states that in Singavanam the whole extent of the holdings was not brought under cultivation owing to the bad season of fasli 1299 having crippled the resources of the tenants. In Palayavanam, a large portion of the waste is said to be covered with low jungle: the soil is barren: the only irrigation is from rain-fed tanks; and the tenants' resources appear to have been crippled by the bad season of the previous year. In Mambarai, the low percentage is due partly to the poverty of the soil and partly to the ryots cultivating portions of their holdings in alternate years, the other portions being left fallow and also used by them as pasture for their cattle. The low percentage in Neliyalam is not explained, but it appears to be due to the inability of the ryots, as stated in previous years, to take up more land for cultivation.

14. *Demand of estates.*—Statement II-B shows the gross demand of the estates under management, the remissions granted and the net demand. The gross demand of the year amounted to Rs. 27,77,106, of which Rs. 41,565 were remitted, leaving

a net demand of Rs. 27,35,541. The following abstract compares the figures under these heads as regards the estates which were under management in both fasli 1299 and fasli 1300 :—

Fasli.				Gross demand.	Remissions.	Net demand.
				RS.	RS.	RS.
1299	..	..	..	13,62,328	29,942	13,32,386
1300	..	..	..	13,29,696	37,034	12,92,662

15. *Remissions.*—The remissions granted during the year by the jamabandi officers amounted to Rs. 41,565 against Rs. 33,324 in the preceding year, the increase being chiefly due to the unfavorable character of the season. The large items of remission are noticed below :—

In Jarada (4,870), Aska (258), Kallikót (3,884), Kapileswarapuram (611), Panaiyur (3,119), Sáptúr (9,786) and Etaiyápuram (4,476), they were granted chiefly for loss of crop, as the season was altogether unfavorable in those estates. In Mailavaram, Rs. 1,156 were remitted on account of home-farm lands of the estate and the usual deductions from the assessment payable by certain classes of ryots. In Meduru, the remissions were for lands found deficient in the holdings of the ryots and for loss of crop. In Marungápur and Mambarai, they consist chiefly of the assessment on home-farm lands. Those in the Salem estates were the usual cowle remissions.

16. *Net demand.*—Excluding the estates which were not under management in both the years, as also those for which figures were not available, the demand of fasli 1300 shows a decrease of Rs. 39,724 on that of the previous year, which is the net result of an increase of Rs. 48,905 in twenty-two estates counterbalanced by a decrease of Rs. 88,629 in twenty-two others. The important variations are explained below :—

STATEMENT showing the net demand of estates under management during faslis 1299 and 1300.

Name of estate.	Fasli 1299.	Fasli 1300.	Difference.	Explanation of increase or decrease.
Jarada	RS. 22,529	RS. 17,875	— 4,654	Decrease due to the grant of large remissions during the year.
Dhárakót	74,599	81,520	+ 6,921	Increase due to increased rentals obtained on some villages and to lands in certain other villages having been measured and given on individual pattas.
Aska	10,211	11,260	+ 1,049	Increase due to less remissions than in the previous year and to increase in the rental of two villages.
Kallikót	3,23,601	3,17,356	— 6,245	Decrease due to the grant of large remissions and to decrease in rentals owing to loss of crop.
Belgám	42,305	39,977	— 2,328	Decrease due to a larger extent of land having been left waste during the year owing to relinquishments made by certain ryots.
Tangellamúdi	33,563	28,679	— 4,884	Decrease due to short crop and to the last year's figure having included the sale-proceeds of previous year's grain in store.
Mailavaram	24,244	22,635	— 1,609	Decrease appears to be due to the last year's figure including certain items unconnected with land.
Kapileswarapuram	1,23,732	1,00,334	— 23,398	Decrease chiefly due to the omission of water-tax from the estate demand, the Government having taken up its collection.
Meduru	1,26,861	99,534	— 27,327	Decrease chiefly due to the omission of water-tax from the estate demand, the Government having taken up its collection.
Ukkadai	29,356	25,955	— 3,401	Decrease due to variation in the price of paddy.
Gandharvakóta	36,450	38,628	+ 2,378	Increase due to the larger extent under cultivation this year.
Mathur	7,999	6,991	— 1,008	Decrease due partly to the low rate at which grain rents were valued and partly to the short outturn of the amani lands.

Statement showing the net demand of estates under management during faslis 1299 and 1300—*cont.*

Name of estate.	Fasli 1299.	Fasli 1300.	Difference.	Explanation of increase or decrease.
Singavanam	RS. 2,548	RS. 13,832	+ 11,284	Increase mainly due to the improved character of the season, the low demand of the previous fasli having been due to the total failure of the north-east monsoon and to want of ryots to cultivate the lands.
Palayavanam	5,193	6,714	+ 1,521	Increase due to increased extent under cultivation.
Edamandal	21,260	17,993	— 3,267	Decrease due to the low commutation rate at which grain rents were calculated.
N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate ..	30,779	25,509	— 5,270	Decrease due to sale of lands and to the change in cultivation from plantain to paddy in the case of some wet lands.
Sáptúr	43,350	60,450	+ 17,100	Increase due to the high price at which the paddy was sold and to the fact that on this basis the assessment on wet lands left waste on account of ryots' neglect was charged.
Anavaradham Pillai's estate ..	2,021	1,646	— 1,275	Decrease due to the unfavorable character of the season.
Neliyalam	8,719	7,274	— 1,445	Decrease due to the exclusion of certain fictitious items of jenmabogum and to the failure of the coffee crop in Wynaad.
Yelagiri	16,658	19,428	+ 2,770	Increase chiefly due to the increase in the extent of holdings brought to light by the recent survey.

The net demand was nearly nine and half lakhs in Pithápuram. It exceeded three lakhs in Etaiyápuram and Kallikót; one lakh in Kapileswarapuram and Telaprole; three-fourths of a lakh in Dhárakót and Meduru; half a lakh in Marungápur and Sáptúr; a quarter of a lakh in seven estates and Rs. 10,000 in eighteen others.

17. *Demand, collection and balance.*—Statement III shows the demand, collection and balance of the estates under management during the year. The arrear demand shown against some estates in column 3 of this statement differs from the outstanding balance of fasli 1299 as entered in the statement appended to the previous year's report. The differences are due, in the case of the estates in Tanjore, to certain miscellaneous items omitted last year having been included this year, and in others either to error in the previous year's return or to rounding of fractions. The arrear demand at the beginning of the year amounted to Rs. 27,99,541, of which Rs. 5,13,687 were collected (including an excess collection of Rs. 6 in the Metráthi estate) and Rs. 2,41,929 remitted, leaving a balance of Rs. 20,43,931 or 73 per cent. of the demand against 69.2 per cent. in the previous year. In three estates, the balance was *nil*, and in three others, practically so. In fourteen estates, it was below 25 per cent.; in ten others, it was between 25 and 50 per cent.; and in the marginally-noted estates, it was above 50 per cent.

The Collector reports that the manager of the Bodogodo estate has been ordered to take stringent measures for the collection of the recoverable portion of the arrears in that estate and promises a separate report regarding the irrecoverable portion. The submission of this report should be expedited. In Kurla and Aska the large outstanding arrear balances were chiefly due to the neglect of the manager who had charge of both estates. His services have since, on the restoration of the former estate, been dispensed with. Aska has been placed under the Deputy Tahsildar of that place who has been directed to pay particular attention to this subject. The large arrears in the Chápurupalle estate are due to the remissness of the late manager, who

was the son-in-law of the proprietrix and who has since been removed from the post, the estate being placed under the Deputy Tahsildar. The Collector has promised shortly a separate report regarding the outstanding arrears in Belgám. As the estate has recently been, with some others, placed under the supervision of a well-paid Manager, the Court trusts that the next report will show a better state of things. In Tangellamúdi, the major portion of the arrears consists of items that are either irrecoverable or are involved in disputes. In Pithápuram, the bulk of the arrears which go so far back as fasli 1253 is reported to be irrecoverable. The Collector is requested to expedite the further report on the subject promised by him. In the three Kistna estates, a large portion of the arrears is involved in disputes and cannot be recovered until the pending suits are disposed of, while orders have been issued to the managers to take prompt measures for recovering the remaining portion of the arrears. As stated in the last report, almost the whole balance in Timmajammal's estate had been collected by Patchamiah, the previous holder of the estate, and misappropriated by him. He was lodged in the Civil Jail, but was illegally released by the Superintendent, against whom a suit for damages has since been filed and is now pending. Of the balance shown against Gandharvakóta, about Rs. 20,528 is covered by debt bonds and Court decrees and about Rs. 18,850 is reported to be irrecoverable. In Marungápur, a suit has already been filed for the recovery of a large portion of the arrears and steps are being taken to adjust the remainder. The Collector has not explained why no portion of the arrears outstanding in B. Chockalingam Pillai's estate, small as they are, has been collected. The greater portion of the arrears in Sáptúr has either been collected since the close of the fasli or is in course of collection. The balance against Etaiyápuram is reported to be mostly time-barred and irrecoverable, and the Collector has promised a separate report on the subject. This should be expedited. In Neliyalam, a large portion of the outstanding arrear balance has been ordered to be written off, but the necessary adjustments do not seem to have been made in the accounts before the close of the fasli. Of the balance of Rs. 2,617 in Yelagiri, Rs. 1,242 are irrecoverable and steps have been taken to recover the rest.

18. The remarks made above have reference to the arrear balance as it stood at the end of the year. The subjoined statement shows the percentage of the arrear balance to the arrear demand, after deducting subsequent collections and remissions as also the amounts now recommended for remission and adverted to in paragraph 20 *infra* :—

STATEMENT showing the percentage of the arrear balance to the arrear demand and the amounts recommended for remission.

Estates.	PERCENTAGE TO THE DEMAND.		
	Of balance after deducting subsequent collections.	Of amounts recommended for remission.	Of the balance.
Jarada	20.5	..	20.5
Dhárakót	39.1	..	39.1
Bodogóo	57.9	..	57.9
Kurla	59.5	..	59.5
Aska	54.5	..	54.5
Kallikót	48.2	..	48.2
Chidikada	9.2	..	9.2
Sripuram	1.5	..	1.5
Chipurupalle	71.2	..	71.2
Appikonda	13.7	..	13.7
Belgám	69.1	..	69.1
Lakkavaram	10.0	..	10.0
Tangellamúdi	55.5	6.7	48.8
Pithápuram	90.4	..	90.4
Mailavaram	29.6	..	29.6
Kapileswarapuram	57.3	..	57.3
Meduru	80.3	..	80.3
Telaprole	87.3	..	87.3
Timmajammal's estate	98.2	..	98.2
Panaiyur	27.6	..	27.6
Ukkadai	14.1	..	14.1

Statement showing the percentage of the arrear balance to the arrear demand and the amounts recommended for remission—*cont.*

Estates.	PERCENTAGE TO THE DEMAND		
	Of balance after deducting subsequent collections.	Of amounts recommended for remission.	Of the balance.
Gandharvakóta	56.4	..	56.4
Mathur	21.2	..	21.2
Singavanam	36.3	..	36.3
Palayavanam	35.7	..	35.7
Edamanal	18.2	..	18.2
Karuvalakarai	22.5	..	22.5
Peramur	15.9	..	15.9
N. Duraiswami Aiyar's estate	29.8	..	29.8
Marangapuri	57.0	..	57.0
N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate	12.4	..	12.4
Singam Aiyangar's estate	7.2	..	7.2
Chockalingam Pillai's estate	100.0	..	100.0
Sáptúr	18.6	..	18.6
Vadagarai	34.5	..	34.5
Mambarai	13.6	..	13.6
Etaiyápuram	74.8	..	74.8
Neliyalam	66.3	13.1	53.2
Shulagiri	25.5	4.9	20.6
Yelagiri	42.9	13.2	29.7
B. Sarvotama Rao's estate	4.9	..	4.9
K. Puttamma's estate	20.7	..	20.7
Kavalpara	21.5	..	21.5

It will be seen from the above statement that the percentage of balance is heavy in many estates.

* Lakkavaram.
Panaiyur.

Etaiyápuram.

required by paragraph 4 of Court's Proceedings, dated 24th January 1880, No. 119.

† Kurla.
Aska.
Kallikót.
Belgám.
Tangellamúdi.
Pithápuram.
Kapileswarapuram.
Meduru.
Telaprole.
Ukkadai.

Gandharvakóta.
Mathur.
Singavanam.
Peramur.
N. Duraiswami
Aiyar's estate.
Sáptúr.
Vadagarai.
Yelagiri.
Kavalpara.

(1) recoverable, (2) doubtful of recovery or (3) irrecoverable, and what action has been taken to adjust the outstanding arrears. All Collectors are requested to furnish similar information in their administration reports in future.

19. *Current collections.*—The total current demand for the year amounted to Rs. 27,37,514, of which Rs. 22,43,170 were collected and Rs. 209 remitted, leaving a balance of Rs. 4,94,135 or 18.1 per cent. of the demand at the end of the year against 24.5 per cent. in the previous year. There was no balance in two estates; in five estates, it was less than 5 per cent.; in twenty-four others, it was between 5 and 20 per cent; while in eight estates, it was between 20 and 35 per cent. In the marginally-noted nine estates, the balance exceeded 35 per cent.

The balance in Jarada appears to be due to the unfavorable character of the season. As reported last year, the large balance in Chipurupalle was due to the remissness of the manager who, as already observed, has since been removed. In Telaprole, the balance was due to the litigation above referred to. In Panaiyur, it was

due to the unfavorable character of the season. Part of the balance in Ukkadai is covered by Court's decrees and steps have been taken to collect the amounts while the remainder is due by porakudies (cultivating tenants), from whom the amounts can be collected only gradually as their circumstances improve. The greater portion of the heavy balance in Singavanam has been reduced by subsequent collections, while that in Palayavanam is covered by processes. In Nangavaram Rangaswami Aiyar's estate, the balance has been somewhat reduced by subsequent collections and the manager has been instructed to collect the remainder at an early date. In Neliyalam, steps were being taken to collect the balance.

	RS.
* Kapileswarapuram	4,513
Pulicherla	89
Marangapuri	17
N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate. ...	13
Neliyalam	7,316
Erumaipati	2
Shulagiri	522
Yelagiri	646
Total	13,118

20. *Irrecoverable arrears.*—Of the total balance—arrears and current—at the close of the year, amounting to Rs. 25,38,066, Rs. 13,118 * have since been ordered by the Court to be written off the accounts, while Rs. 3,513 are recommended by Collectors for remission in their reports for the reasons stated below:—

STATEMENT showing the amounts recommended for remission.

Estates.	Poverty, death or desertion of ryots.	Barred by limitation.	Rent disallowed by Courts.	Erroneous demand.	Other causes.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Tangellamudi	119 6 0	20 8 2	397 11 4	17 2 5	106 12 8	661 8 7
Neliyalam	278 0 0	.. ..	.. ..	878 0 0	993 0 0	2,149 0 0
Shulagiri	0 8 0	5 8 1	.. ..	.. ..	100 13 6	106 13 7
Yelagiri	126 9 3	42 0 8	2 13 6	.. ..	424 3 10	595 11 3
Total	524 7 3	68 0 11	400 8 10	895 2 5	1,624 14 0	3,513 1 5

The items appearing in column 3 of the above statement against Tangellamudi and Yelagiri became barred during the time of the late proprietors: that against Shulagiri is the assessment due on certain subsequent inams, the resumption of which is barred. Of the amount shown under "Other causes" against Tangellamudi, Rs. 7-12-8 is classed as irrecoverable owing to deficiency in the extent of lands, Rs. 21-5-9 is not covered by the execution of pattas and muchilikas, and the balance consists chiefly of collections made before the Court assumed charge of the estate but not brought to account or claims set off but not adjusted: that against Shulagiri (Rs. 100-13-6) is the amount of assessment imposed on a rent-free inam for faslis 1297 and 1298; while that against Yelagiri (Rs. 424-3-10) represents the arrears due by cultivators of certain home-farm lands, which could not be recovered by a suit in the absence of proof of the relation of landlord and tenant.

In regard to the irrecoverable arrears of Neliyalam, no orders are now called for, as the ward is dead and the estate has since been ordered to be handed over to his rightful heirs. Excluding therefore the amount shown against that estate, sanction is hereby accorded for writing off Rs. 1,364-1-5 from the accounts.

21. *Financial condition of estates.*—Statement No. IV shows the financial condition of the several estates under management during the year. The differences between the closing balance of fasli 1299 as given in the previous year's report and the opening balance of fasli 1300 are due in Kallikót, Meduru, Ayyanna's estate and in the South Canara estates to the inclusion of the value of grain on hand in the previous year and Dhárakót to the rounding of fractions. In Kapileswarapuram, Panaiyur and Anavaratham Pillai's estate, the difference is due to the adoption of correct figures. In the estates in Tanjore, the difference under grain balance is due, as usual, to the different commutation rates adopted in the two years. The amounts shown under "Other items" against the estates in Ganjam consist chiefly of deposits of renters,

refunds of taccavi (advances for cultivation), &c. In Appikonda the profits derived from salt and indigo business are shown under this item. In the estates of Tanjore, this item is mainly made up of deposits. In Kavalpara and Vadagarai, the malikhana allowances drawn are included.

The total cash receipts of the year amounted to Rs. 33,72,205. Adding to this Rs. 9,41,333—the cash balance at the beginning of the year—the total available assets were Rs. 43,13,538, of which Rs. 31,06,517 were expended, including Rs. 2,27,898 invested in pro-notes. The cash balance at the end of the year was Rs. 12,07,021. Adding to this the value of grain on hand and of Government securities, the balance to the credit of the estates was Rs. 55,62,223.

The charges entered in column 26 of the statement include the following unusual items:—

	RS.		RS.
Parlakimedi—		Pithápuram—	
Payment to the young zemindar ...	43,564	Special advances	25,713
Dhárakót—		Purchase of property such as houses, &c.	15,816
Cost of a coach and a pony	1,003	Medical charges	3,220
Minor's pilgrimage to Pooree	850		44,749
	1,853	Kapileswarapuram—	
Bodogodo—		Balance of marriage expenses ...	904
Law charges	1,205	Survey charges	4,549
Kurla—		Cost of building sites purchased ...	6,768
Cost of bulls and coach	325		12,221
Portion of expenditure on minor's marriage	500	Meduru—	
	825	Survey charges	7,646
Aska—		Cost of building sites purchased ...	11,756
Expenditure on the marriage of two grand-daughters of the late proprietor	4,000		19,402
Kallikót—		Peramur—	
Minor's tour charges	2,678	Funeral charges of the late ward ...	1,005
Cost of horses, livery, &c.	4,175	Singam Aiyangar's estate—	
Cost of a landau and harness	2,850	Marriage expenses	1,079
	9,703	Sáptúr—	
Appikonda—		Law charges	25,129
Fees for examining mercantile accounts	650	Anavaratham Pillai's estate—	
Marriage of the minors	3,000	Payment on account of arrears of melwaram	2,302
	3,650	Etaiyápuram—	
Chiparupalle—		Amount paid to the Koilpati Spinning Company	70,400
Marriage of the fourth daughter of the proprietrix	2,000	Metráthi—	
Belgám—		Survey charges	3,096
Law charges	3,514	Shulagiri—	
Expenses connected with the adoption of a boy	1,650	Marriage of the ward's sister ...	4,000
	5,164	Yelagiri—	
Lakkavaram—		Survey charges	7,276
Minor's marriage expenses	6,000	Kavalpara—	
Tangellamudi—		Cost of 2 elephants	3,000
Law charges	1,529	Cost of a house and compound ...	5,030
Arrear salaries	1,748		8,030
	3,277		

22. *Comparative statement of total charges.*—The total charges of the year are compared below with those of the preceding fasli in the case of those estates which were under management in both the years, the items referred to in paragraph 8 of Government Order, dated 15th August 1890, No. 662, Revenue, being left out of account:—

COMPARATIVE statement of total charges of the estates under management.

Estates.	Fasli 1299.	Fasli 1300.	Remarks.
	RS.	RS.	
Jarada	33,477	21,501	Decrease due to a large expenditure on account of the minor's sister's marriage, some funeral charges and seed-grain advances in fasli 1299.
Dhārákót	83,884	69,660	Decrease mainly due to the payment of the arrears of Government demand in the previous year.
Bodogodo	24,785	20,516	Decrease mainly due to the payment of the arrears of Government demand in the previous year.
Kurla	20,911	19,493	Decrease due to a large expenditure on account of marriage and seed-grain advances in the previous fasli.
Aska	16,053	21,796	Increase due to increased expenditure under maramut and to the payment of Rs. 4,000 to the late proprietor's daughter for the marriage of her first two daughters.
Kallikót	2,09,220	2,62,138	Increase due to increased expenditure under maramut, to a large payment on account of arrears of land-cess and Government commission and to the increased cost of education and maintenance of the minors owing to their removal to Madras.
Chidikada	31,806	29,463	Decrease due to the payment of arrears of land-cess in fasli 1299 and to the absence of any pilgrimage charges.
Sripuram	19,992	18,250	Decrease due to a smaller expenditure under maramut.
Chipurupalle	7,328	8,396	Increase due chiefly to the expenses connected with the marriage of the ward's fourth daughter.
Appikonda	10,209	28,084	Increase due to increased expenditure under maramut, to the marriage of the minors and to the grant of a loan of Rs. 11,500 to the Pusurla family.
Belgām	23,357	35,298	Increase due to a large expenditure under maramut, to the expenditure on the adoption of a boy and to the payment of arrears of peshkash and Government commission.
Lakkavaram	13,930	20,042	Increase due to the large expenditure on the marriage of the minor.
Tangellamūdi	15,501	20,880	Increase due to a larger expenditure under establishment charges and maramut.
Mailavaram	17,263	23,956	Increase due to larger expenditure under public works and to the payment of arrears of land-cess and Government commission.
Kapileswarapuram	73,821	1,07,354	Increase due to purchase of house-sites and to larger expenditure on maramut and on maintenance, &c., of the minor.
Meduru	1,30,645	1,47,601	Increase due mainly to purchase of house-sites.
V. U. Ayyanna's estate	518	725	Increase due mainly to the estate having been under management only for a portion of the previous fasli.
Timmajammal's do.	3,228	3,863	Increase due mainly to the payment of the Governess' salary during the whole of the fasli.
Pulicherla	10,044	9,437	Decrease due to the absence of arrear payment of salaries to old servants and of medical charges as in the previous year.
Panaiyur	15,384	16,609	Increase due to increased maintenance allowance and a larger payment on account of Government commission.
Ukkadai	38,829	41,974	Increase due chiefly to larger maramut expenditure.
Gandharvakōta	23,270	39,577	Increase mainly due to the payment of the arrears of peshkash and land-cess.
Mathur	7,572	7,147	Decrease due to smaller deposits and smaller advances for cultivation purposes.
Singavanam	20,867	9,741	Decrease due to non-payment of peshkash and to less adjustment on account of deposits.
Palayavanam	9,506	5,944	Decrease due to smaller payment on account of peshkash and deposits.
Edamanal	23,435	23,413	Decrease is small and does not call for explanation.
Karuvakalai	2,969	2,894	Decrease due to less adjustment on account of deposits.
Peramur	10,552	9,621	Decrease due chiefly to the large expenditure on the marriage of the ward in the previous fasli.
N. Duraiswami Aiyar's estate	40,544	15,349	Decrease chiefly due to lands having been purchased in fasli 1299.
Marangupuri	42,296	41,083	Decrease due to smaller expenditure under maramut.
N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate	18,043	13,050	Decrease due mainly to non-payment of a portion of the Government assessment.
Singam Aiyangar's estate	6,544	8,489	Increase due mainly to the expenditure on the marriage of the ward's sister.
Sāptūr	62,753	99,310	Increase due to a larger expenditure under maramut and law charges.
Vadagarai	6,070	7,521	Increase due to a larger expenditure under maramut and maintenance and education of the wards.
Maimbarai	3,715	3,944	Increase due to a larger expenditure under maramut and to the payment of arrears of Government commission.
Anavaratham Pillai's estate	1,500	4,324	Increase due to increased expenditure under law charges.

Comparative statement of total charges of the estates under management—cont.

Estates.	Fasli 1299.	Fasli 1300.	Remarks.
	RS.	RS.	
Metrāthi	4,515	7,468	Increase due to the payment of the cost of demarcation and survey.
Neliyalam	8,905	8,707	Decrease due to a smaller expenditure under "Allowance to the ward" on account of his death early in the fasli.
Erumaipati	13,771	14,702	Increase due to a larger expenditure under maramut.
Shulagiri	14,355	20,935	Increase due to increased expenditure under maramut and to the expenditure of Rs. 4,000 on the marriage of the eldest daughter of the Rani.
Yelagiri	15,493	19,422	Increase due to the payment of the cost of demarcation and survey.
B. Sarvotama Row's estate	3,514	4,405	Increase due to a large expenditure under ceremonies on account of the death of a member of the family.
K. Puttamma's estate	10,266	11,067	Increase due to increased expenditure under maramut.
Kavalpara	29,719	42,295	Increase due mainly to payment of Kanom (advances made to a proprietor of lands on receiving them on lease at a stipulated rent) &c., under decrees and to the purchase of a house and compound and of two elephants.

23. Column 33 of statement IV shows the percentage of establishment charges and Government commission to the *normal* receipts, calculated according to the instructions in paragraph 9 of Government Order, dated the 15th August 1890, No. 662, Revenue. In the estates noted below the cost of management exceeds 12 per cent. :—

* Bodogodo	14.7	* Palayavanam	23.8
* Chīpuupalle	15.3	* Karuvakalai	17.7
* Appikonda	21.5	* Marangupuri	12.8
* Lakkavaram	12.8	* Singam Aiyangar's estate	23.4
* Tangellamūdi	16.4	* Chockalingam Pillai's estate	14.4
* Kapileswarapuram	11.1	* Sāptūr	25.2
* Meduru	19.6	* Vadagarai	13.4
* Telaprolē	14.2	* Anavaratham Pillai's estate	28.5
* Timmajammal's estate	17.9	* Neliyalam	15.5
* Pulicherla	22.4	* Shulagiri	12.4
* Panaiyur	19.4	* Yelagiri	16.1
* Gandharvakōta	12.7	* B. Sarvotama Row's estate	12.4
* Mathur	13.8	* K. Puttamma's estate	20.0
* Singavanam	15.6	* Kavalpara	13.7

Taking all the estates together, the percentage of establishment charges and Government commission to the total *normal* receipts, as above calculated, is 10.1 against 8.3 last year. The slight increase is apparently due partly to the levy during the year under report of Government commission for faslis 1299 and 1300 and partly to the enhancement of the rate of commission with effect from the 1st July 1890.

The Collectors of the districts concerned have been asked in paragraph 4 of Court's Proceedings, dated the 20th February 1892, No. 570, to report whether any and, if so, what reductions are possible in the charges of management in the case of the estates noted above which are marked with asterisks. It must, however, be remembered that the circumstances of estates differ very much, and that especially in the smaller ones, it is impossible to keep the charges down to a fixed percentage, without harm to the estate itself.

24. *Public Works.*—Enclosure A to statement No. IV shows the amounts sanctioned for and expended on public works in the several estates under management. The total allotment was Rs. 2,57,981, of which Rs. 1,75,802 or 68.1 per cent. was spent against 47.8 per cent. in the previous year. The expenditure is classified below.

	Fasli 1299.	Fasli 1300.
	RS.	RS.
Irrigation works	67,565	1,02,462
Buildings	29,762	41,558
Communications	25,211	13,200
Total	1,22,538	1,57,220
Establishment	14,844	18,582
	1,37,382	1,75,802
Expenditure for which no details are available	283	...
	1,37,665	1,75,802

The expenditure on public works, viz., Rs. 1,75,802, amounted to 5.7 per cent. of the total expenditure of the estates. Excluding from the latter debts repaid and the amounts invested in promissory notes, the proportion rises to 7.2 per cent. against 6.8 per cent. in the previous year.

In the seven estates noted on the margin the expenditure is shown as having exceeded the allotment. This has not been explained. In two estates, Srīpuram and Vadagarai, the entire allotment was utilized, while in 12 it was over 75 per cent. of the allotment. In 13 estates the proportion ranged between 75 and 50 per cent., while in the marginally-noted 8 estates it was below 50 per cent. In

Jarada.	Panaiyur.
Aska.	Singavanam.
Chidikada.	Palayavanam.
Lakkavaram.	
Pithāpuram	32.6
Telaprole	15.2
Peramur	24.5
Marangāpuri	4.5
Erumaipati	45.3
Shulagiri	48.6
Yelagiri	35.5
Kavalpara	39.8

Metrāthi no portion of the allotment of Rs. 1,685 was utilized at all. In Timmajammal's estate and Pulicherla no expenditure was incurred owing to shortness of funds, while in the undermentioned 3 estates, no expenditure on public works was found necessary during the year :—

1. V. U. Ayyanna's estate.
2. B. Chockalingam Pillai's estate.
3. B. Sarvotama Rao's estate.

The cause of the short expenditure in the estates referred to above is briefly given below :—

In Pithāpuram works costing Rs. 10,031 were executed, but the amount was not adjusted within the fasli owing to want of sanction on proper bills. The short expenditure in Telaprole is due partly to the late submission of the estimates by the tanadars and partly to the want of a professional agency. As the latter want has since been supplied, the Court looks for better progress in future. In Peramur provision was made for the repair of the estate house, but the work was not carried out on account of the death of the senior ward, while a well for the repairs of which Rs. 400 were provided, could not be repaired as it was full of water throughout the fasli. No satisfactory explanation has been given for the short expenditure in Marangāpuri and the absence of expenditure in Metrāthi. The short expenditure in Erumaipati and Shulagiri was due to the difficulty experienced in getting contractors to take up the works, as also in procuring labour and materials; while that in Yelagiri was due to the works having been kept in abeyance pending the final disposal of the question as to whether the investigation of the irrigation works of the estate should be entrusted to the Tank Restoration Party. The short outlay in Kavalpara was due to the omission of the contractor to finish the dispensary building entrusted to him on the recommendation of the District Board Engineer.

The following statement exhibits the outlay compared with the grants for 90-91 in the several estates in which the works were entrusted to the Public Works department :—

Estate.	Original grant.	Revised grant.	Outlay.	Remarks.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Aska	13,530	2,645	2,420	Taken from the Administration Report furnished by the Public Works Department.
logodo	4,920	5,535	5,431	
Arakot	7,380	7,072	6,988	
Arakot and Tarlipet	4,797	4,945	4,963	
Arakot and Chakipalle	2,460	5,961	5,958	
Kalikot and Atagadā	45,510	33,825	36,932	Taken from the reports of Collectors.
Idikada	8,045	2,960	7,189	
Lakkavaram	...	397	1,540	
Erumaipati	...	590	796	

It is observed that in the case of Kurla and Tarlipet, Kalikot and Atagadā, Idikada, Lakkavaram and Erumaipati, the outlay exceeds the revised grants. The Collectors concerned are requested to ascertain and report the cause thereof.

25. *Debts due to estates.*—Statement V-A shows the debts due to the several estates under management. The total debts outstanding at the beginning of the fasli amounted to Rs. 17,03,939. Including those newly contracted or brought to account, as also the interest that accrued during the year, the total sum due was

	RS.
Mathur	80
N. Duraiswami Aiyar's estate	420
N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate	1,010
Yelagiri	280
Total	1,790

Rs. 18,08,747, of which Rs. 1,98,038 were collected within the year and Rupees 40,749 written off, leaving a balance of Rs. 15,69,960 at the end of the year distributed among 38 estates. Of this amount, Rs. 1,790 * have been ordered to be written off since the close of the year. The outstanding balances are large in the following estates :—

Estate.	Outstanding balances.	Estate.	Outstanding balances.
	RS.		RS.
Aska	32,507	Gandharvakota	26,948
Kalikot	1,18,11	Singavanam	14,765
Appikonda	46,731	Palayavanam	11,407
Belgām	18,622	Singam Aiyangar's estate	19,106
Pithāpuram	40,142	Chockalingam Pillai's estate	31,687
Kapileswarapuram	64,905	Saptūr	25,672
Meduru	3,81,115	Etaiyapuram	1,58,546
Telaprole	2,87,477	Nehiyalam	26,989
Ukkadai	31,105	K. Puttamma's estate	1,69,714

Steps are being taken to collect the debts due to Aska. No explanation has been given for the large amount outstanding in Kalikot or for that in Palayavanam. Most of the debts due to Appikonda are either recoverable by instalments or are covered by mortgage of lands, &c, while those due to the Belgām estate are covered by Court's decrees, the execution of which has been held in abeyance by the Civil Court pending the decision of the appeal in the Belgām partition case. Accurate information as to the debts actually due to Pithāpuram is reported to be not available yet and a separate report on the subject, which has been promised, is awaited. A portion of the debt outstanding in Kapileswarapuram had not fallen due, and steps had been taken for the recovery of the remainder. In Meduru fresh bonds were taken during the year for rents due from the ryots and this has raised the balance considerably. About two-thirds of this balance is due only next year and steps have been taken for the collection of the remainder. In Telaprole about half of the outstanding debts have been collected since the close of the fasli. In Ukkadai one-half of the amount still due is reported to be irrecoverable, being due under a Court's decree by persons who have no

property, while the rest is being collected: the Collector is requested to submit the statement of irrecoverable debts at an early date.. It is stated that in Gandharvakōta almost all the debtors are the tenants of the estate in poor circumstances; that if legal steps be taken against them and their lands brought to sale, they will be deprived of their limited means of livelihood and agricultural stock, and that the estate itself will then have to purchase them and find tenants for them. The greater portion of the debts in Singavanam is due by persons who have no property. A portion of the debts due to Singam Aiyangar's and Chockalingam Pillai's estates has since been collected, and steps are being taken to recover the remainder. It is stated that most of the debts in Sāptūr are due on bonds executed to the late Zemindar by his tenants, and that, owing to the unfavorable character of the season, only a small portion thereof was collected during the year. In Etaiyāpuram Rs. 34,080 is due on seven villages and some other real property mortgaged with possession, while Rs. 70,500 covered by documents have not yet fallen due. Steps were being taken to collect the remainder. In Nelryalam a portion is reported to be irrecoverable, and steps were being taken for the recovery of the remainder. The Collector of South Canara having reported that correct figures were not available for K. Puttamma's estate, the previous year's figures have been adopted pending further report promised by the Collector. It is to be observed that the wards of the two last mentioned estates are dead and their estates will shortly leave the Court's hands.

26. *Irrecoverable debts.*—Sanction is hereby accorded for writing off the accounts of the Yelagiri estate the sum of Rs. 359-4-2 for the reasons noted below:—

Rs. 107-13-0 due on a bond, but disallowed by the Civil Courts.

Rs. 251-7-2 due by a judgment-debtor who possesses no property to be proceeded against.

27. *Debts due by the estates.*—Statement V-B. shows the debts due by the estates under the Court's management. The amount due at the beginning of the fasli was Rs. 21,20,121. Adding Rs. 13,658, being debts contracted and newly brought to account, as also Rs. 1,04,002 on account of interest that accrued due during the year, the total sum was Rs. 22,37,781. Of this sum, debts amounting to Rs. 4,43,616 were paid off and Rs. 763 were struck off. Thus there was a balance of Rs. 17,93,402 at the end of the year due by 22 estates. In two estates the sums outstanding were small, less than Rs. 1,000, and six estates were cleared of all debts during the year. The outstanding balances were large in the following estates:—

Estates.	Outstanding balances.	Estates.	Outstanding balances.
	RS.		RS.
Kallikōt	36,781	Gandharvakōta	2,56,020
Tangellamūdi	1,06,820	Singavanam	1,30,966
Pithāpuram	6,97,971	Palayavanam	2,38,332
Telaprole	39,683	Edamanal	71,218
Pulicherla	39,917	N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate.	73,237
Panaiyur	15,048	Shulagiri	23,095

Almost the whole of the debt due by the Kallikōt and Telaprole estates has since been paid off. In Tangellamūdi the bulk of the debt is due to the ward's natural father, the Rajah of Venkatagiri. The Court has been advised not to pay any of the personal debts of the late Rani except under decrees of Civil Courts. In Pithāpuram more than two-thirds of the amount is due to the Bank of Madras and to the Rajah of Venkatagiri. The remainder is due to several creditors in small sums which were paid off at the commencement of fasli 1301 from a loan taken from the Bank at a lower rate of interest. The portion of Pulicherla left in charge of the Court of Wards consisting of the remaining two payakuts (sub-divisions) is under attachment for decrees of Civil Courts. The balance shown against Panaiyur will be paid off as funds accrue. In Gandharvakōta a sum of Rs. 14,649 has since been paid; Rs. 1,02,938 represents the amount for which certain villages have been mortgaged with possession; and the balance will be paid off when funds are available. No payments were made in liquidation of the debts due by the Singavanam estate for want of funds. Eight of the estate

villages sold in execution of the decrees in O.S. Nos. 85 of 1882 and 21 of 1883 on the file of the Sub-Court, Tanjore, have been purchased by the judgment-creditor for Rs. 79,000. There still remains a debt of Rs. 51,966, which, in the present financial condition of the estate, it is not possible to discharge. No portion of the debts due by the Palayavanam estate was paid during the year under report owing to want of funds, and a further report on the subject, promised by the Collector, is awaited. For liquidating the most pressing debts of the Edamanal estate, certain lands and house-sites were sold for Rs. 28,000 and odd. With this amount, the Collector has since paid a portion of the outstanding debts and has promised to utilise the balance in the most advantageous manner possible. Out of the debts due by Nangavaram Rangaswami Aiyar's estate, a portion has since been adjusted and arrangements are being made to raise a loan from a European firm at a favorable rate of interest to pay off the remainder. The amount shown against Shulagiri is the unliquidated balance of the sum of Rs. 35,000 borrowed from Government and will be paid off in yearly instalments as agreed upon.

28. *Religious and charitable institutions attached to estates.*—The subjoined statement shows the demand, collection and balance of the religious and charitable institutions attached to the Peramur, Marungāpuri, B. Chockalingam Pillai's, Sāptūr, Etaiyāpuram and Kavalpara estates:—

STATEMENT showing the demand, collection and balance of the religious and charitable institutions attached to estates under management of the Court of Wards.

District.	Estate.	Endowment.	DEMAND.			COLLECTIONS AND REMISSIONS.
			Arrears.	Current.	Total.	Arrears.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Trichinopoly ..	Peramur ..	Musiri chattram	RS. 128	RS. 426	RS. 554	RS. 50
	Marungāpuri ..	Devastanam	1,784	10,820	12,604	1,619
	Do. ..	Uranis	* 194	714	908	186
	B. Chockalingam Pillai's estate.	Trust property	546	409	955	..
Madura ..	Sāptūr	Devastanam	428	2,074	2,502	280
	Do.	Chattram	..	286	286	..
Tinnevelly ..	Etaiyāpuram ..	Devastanams	26,043	33,305	59,348	6,572
	Do.	Chattrams	4,634	5,055	9,689	1,324
Malabar ..	Kavalpara ..	Tiruchengōd devasam ..	* 2,582	1,083	3,665	182

District.	Estate.	Endowment.	COLLECTIONS AND REMISSIONS—cont.		BALANCE.			Percentage of balance to demand.
			Current.	Total.	Arrears.	Current.	Total.	
Trichinopoly ..	Peramur ..	Musiri chattram	RS. 370	RS. 420	RS. 78	RS. 50	RS. 134	24.2
	Marungāpuri ..	Devastanam	8,318	9,937	165	2,502	2,667	21.2
	Do. ..	Uranis	547	733	8	167	175	19.3
	B. Chockalingam Pillai's estate.	Trust property	304	304	546	105	651	68.2
Madura ..	Sāptūr	Devastanam	1,891	2,171	148	183	331	13.2
	Do.	Chattram	285	285	..	1	1	.3
Tinnevelly ..	Etaiyāpuram ..	Devastanams	24,545	31,117	19,471	8,760	28,231	47.6
	Do.	Chattrams	4,370	5,694	3,310	685	3,995	41.2
Malabar ..	Kavalpara ..	Tiruchengōd devasam ..	737	919	2,400	346	2,746	74.9

* Difference apparently due to rounding of fractions.

No explanation has been given of the large balances in Etaiyāpuram and in B. Chockalingam Pillai's estates. The high percentage in Tiruchengōd devasam is due, as stated in the previous year's report, to the disputes among the co-trustees, who would not agree among themselves as to the arrangement to be made for the management of the property.

29. *Financial condition of minor institutions.*—The financial condition of the minor institutions referred to above is shown below:—

STATEMENT showing the financial condition of the minor institutions attached to estates under management of the Court of Wards

District.	Estate.	Endowment.	Opening balance.	Receipts.	Total.	Charges.	Closing balance.	Remarks.
			RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Trichinopoly.	Peramur ..	Musiri chattram.	144	521	665	581	84	Exclusive of paddy on hand, kalams 80.
	Marungápurí ..	Devastanam ..	9,078	9,979	19,057	9,381	9,676	
	Do. ..	Uranis ..	740	678	1,418	275	1,143	
	B. Chockalingam Pillai's estate.	Trust property ..	252	11	263	110	153	Exclusive of paddy on hand, kalams 436, to the value of Rs. 443.
Madura ..	Sáptúr ..	Devastanam ..	2,727	2,442	5,169	4,414	755	Exclusive of paddy on hand worth Rs. 154.
	Do. ..	Chattram ..	103	287	390	370	20	Exclusive of paddy on hand worth Rs. 219.
Tinnevely ..	Etaiyápuram ..	Devastanam ..	9,143	36,570	45,713	28,407	17,306	
Malabar ..	Do. ..	Chattrams ..	690	5,211	5,901	2,609	3,292	
	Kavalpara ..	Tiruchengód devasum.	424	928	1,352	957	395	Exclusive of grain on hand of the value of Rs. 176-10-2.

30. *Education of the wards.*—Statement No. VI shows the educational progress of the wards and of such of their relations as were receiving instruction during the year under report. The total number included in the list is 60, of whom 53 were males and seven females. Of the minors who were under Mr. Taylor at Parlákimedi, the Jarada ward was sent to the Native College at Berhampore; the Dhárákót minor was placed under a separate Native tutor—a graduate of the local University—while the Kallikót minors were, as stated in the last report, removed to Madras and placed under Mr. Potts along with the Kapileswarapuram minor. Their conduct and progress have been reported to be satisfactory. The Mathur minor was studying in the Senior B.A. class of the Presidency College at the end of the fasli and has since passed the Language Branch of the B.A. Degree examination in the second class and is now working at the Science Laboratory of the Agricultural College at Saidápet. The

Bodogodo ..	1	elder minor of Nangavaram Duraiswami
Kurla ..	1	Aiyar's estate having passed the F.A.
Tangellamúdi ..	1	examination in December 1890, is study-
Palyavanam ..	1	ing in the local S.P.G. College for the
Marungápurí ..	1	B.A. Degree. The marginally-noted
N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate ..	1	wards were receiving instruction under
Sáptúr ..	1	private tutors. Of the rest, 11 were
Mambarai ..	3	reading in High School classes and the
Vádimitta ..	1	remaining 26 in Middle School and
Etaiyápuram ..	1	Primary classes. The conduct and
B. Sarvotama Row's estate ..	1	progress of almost all the minors are
	13	reported to have been satisfactory.
	—	The Gandharvakóta minor, who had been
	—	unfavorably reported on by the Principal

of St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly, has since the close of the fasli been removed to Madras and placed under the charge of a retired Native educational officer, Rao Bahadur M.R.Ry. P. Vijiarunga Mudaliar Avargal.

Minor B. Sarvotama Rao was instructed in Revenue Law and Accounts during the year, and it is stated that arrangements will shortly be made to similarly instruct the minors of Srípura, Mathur and Ukkadai.

Of the female wards, the proprietrix of Aska is being taught by a private tutor, whom she pays from her own allowance. Timmajammal has, it is reported, made

perceptible progress in her studies under her governess Miss Mary Connolly. The sisters of the Pithápuram, Pulicherla and Marungápurí wards were studying at home under private tutors. As reported in the previous faslis, the Kavalpara Nethiyar gave up her studies in 1881. She can read and write Malayalam well. Her young daughter has passed the Second Standard examination and has been promoted to the Third Standard class.

31. *Suits.*—The Bobbili zemindar instituted a suit during the year to recover the Chidikada estate as reversioner; it is still pending in the District Court of Vizagapatam. In execution of the decree in O.S. No. 14 of 1888 on the file of the same court, since affirmed by the High Court on appeal, the estates of Ungarada, Kintali and Mantena have, since the close of the fasli under report, come into the possession of the Court of Wards on behalf of the Srípura minor. The applications to the High Court referred to in the previous report regarding the certificate of heirship to the personal property left by the late Tangellamúdi Rani have since been decided, the Pithápuram Raja being declared to be the heir in respect of such property. The adopted son of the late Pithápuram Raja has filed a suit in the Godáviri District Court impugning the legitimacy of the Court's ward and claiming the estate: the suit is still pending. The suit by Kapileswarapuram against the late Raja Simhadri Appa Rao was compromised during the year, while that against the zemindar of Gannavaram, referred to in the previous report, was decided in favour of the Court's ward. The appeals in the Belgám and Sáptúr suits are still pending in the High Court. The High Court has remanded for disposal on its merits a suit by Sri Raja Papamma Rao, zemindar of Nidadavól, claiming the recovery of the Tangellamúdi estate on the ground that it was separated from her estate as a maintenance grant and that on the death of its last male owner it should have reverted to her.

32. *Condition of ryots—Gonjam District—Jarada.*—The loss of crop which resulted from the unfavorable character of the season during the year under report is said to have told heavily upon the ryots who have not yet recovered from the effects of the late famine. The average rent paid by ryots of this estate is Rs. 1-15-6 per acre of dry land and Rs. 5-13-9 per acre of wet land. No recourse was had to the Rent Recovery Act or to civil suits for the realization of the demand.

Dhárákót.—The ryots are gradually recovering from the effects of the famine of fasli 1298. Rent per acre of wet is Rs. 5-4-0 and of dry land is Rs. 2-2-2. Rs. 6,830-9-5 were recovered by processes under the Rent Recovery Act. No recourse was had to Civil courts.

Bodogodo.—The ryots have not as yet fully recovered from the effects of the famine of fasli 1298. They paid Rs. 11-4 per acre of dry land and Rs. 2-9-7 per acre of wet land. Rs. 945-13-3 was collected by recourse to the Rent Recovery Act. There was, however, no recourse to Civil courts.

Kurla and Tarlipet.—The ryots are generally very poor and have not yet recovered from the effects of the famine of fasli 1298. They paid Rs. 4-8-0 per acre of dry and Rs. 6-12-0 per acre of wet land in Kurla and 2 per acre of dry and 3-12-0 per acre of wet land in Tarlipet. Information as to the extent to which recourse was had to the Rent Recovery Act, &c., has not been furnished.

Aska.—The ryots are poor and have not yet recovered fully from the effects of the late famine of fasli 1298. Rs. 5-8-0 and Rs. 6-2-0 are the rates paid by them per acre of dry and wet lands in Aska, and Rs. 4 and 5, respectively, in Chakipalle. No recourse was had either to the Rent Recovery Act or to Civil courts for the realization of the demand.

Kallikót.—The ryots are poorer than those in the adjoining Government taluks. Annas 13-10 and Rs. 5-7-2 are the rates paid by ryots per acre of dry and wet lands in Kallikót and Rs. 1-3-9 and Rs. 4-7-5 in Atagadá, respectively. A sum of Rs. 7,876 was collected under the Rent Recovery Act and Rs. 7,048 by civil suits.

Vizagapatam estates.—There has been no change in the condition of the ryots in this district. The average rents per

	Dry.			Wet.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Sripuram ...	2	3	10	8	8	6
Appikonda ...	5	7	0	8	14	0
Belgám ...	1	12	8	10	10	2
Chidikada ...	3	5	2	10	11	5
Chipurupalle ...	2	10	0	7	10	0

acre of dry and wet lands are shown in the margin. No recourse was had to the Civil or Revenue courts in Sripuram and Appikonda. In Belgám, however, a suit was filed in the Civil courts to recover Rs. 100; but the suit was dismissed and the appeal is pending. Fourteen summary suits involving Rs. 465-15-7 were filed in Revenue courts; of these, five were withdrawn, six were decided in favour of the estate, and the remaining three were pending. Distraints were issued to recover Rs. 197-3-2, which was, however, recovered before the sale of the distrained property. Nine suits under the Rent Act in Chidikada and two civil suits in Chipurupalle were filed during the year; but the amounts involved have not been reported.

Godavari District—Lakkavaram.—The circumstances of the tenants are similar to those of the ryots in the adjoining Government villages. The rents paid by them ranged from Rs. 2-8-0 to 3 per acre for wet lands and from annas 4 to annas 12 for dry lands.

Tangellamidi.—The condition of the ryots of this estate is as good as that of the adjoining Government ryots. The average rents paid by ryots per acre of dry and wet lands are, respectively, Rs. 1-15-5 and Rs. 7-0-10. Forty-one processes were issued for arrears of rent, but these arrears were paid before the property was proceeded against. Only one civil suit for the recovery of Rs. 18 was filed, but it was dismissed as it appeared that the amount had been collected by a karnam previously.

Pithápuram.—The rates for dry vary from Rs. 2-2-0 per acre to Rs. 7 per acre, for wet from Rs. 3-10-0 to Rs. 8-6-0, and for lankas from Rs. 40 to Rs. 41-10-0. The rents in the central delta are the highest and are considerably higher in the principal villages than the rates charged by Government on similar lands. The tenants do not claim any right of occupancy. There is no such fixity of tenure as would induce a tenant to make improvements to his land. No information has been given as to the extent to which recourse was had to the Rent Recovery Act or to civil suits for the realization of the demand.

Kistna District—Mailavaram.—The ryots are generally in good circumstances and their condition does not differ from that of the ryots of adjoining Government tracts. There are no complaints of over-assessment. No information has been furnished as to rates of rent or as to how far recourse was had to the Revenue Act or Civil courts for the recovery of rents.

Kapileswarapuram.—The ryots of this estate have been enjoying the same privileges as those in Government villages, unlike the ryots in the neighbouring estates who “are still obliged to undergo some difficulties.” All the enhancements imposed during recent years on dry lands and the enhancements on wet lands irrigated by Government channels have been entirely removed. Interest also is charged on the arrears from the year following and not from the date on which the kist falls due. The estate also is well supplied with canal water and the ryots are said to be prosperous and less litigious than their neighbours. Owing to railway extension the produce of the estate is finding a good market, and the ryots are becoming richer year by year. There are several rates of assessment prevailing in this estate, viz., for dry from Rs. 8-14-8 to As. 12-3, for wet from Rs. 12-8-0 to Rs. 2-15-0, and for gardens from Rs. 29-10-7 to Rs. 1-12-3, while in the adjoining Government taluks the dry rates vary from As. 8 to Rs. 3, wet rates from Rs. 2-8-0 to Rs. 7 and garden lands pay dry rates only. No information as to recourse to Rent Act has been furnished.

Meduru.—The ryots were much pressed by the imposition of enhanced rates during the lifetime of the late zemindar. Unauthorised enhancements have, however, since been done away with and the tenants are in a better position than the ryots of the neighbouring estates.

Telaprola.—The dry rates vary from As. 5-6 to Rs. 7-14-0 and wet from Rs. 1-7-10 to Rs. 15-2-0. The ryots of the estate are said to be very troublesome and litigious. Those in deltaic villages are in a prosperous condition.

Bellary District—Ayyanna's estate.—The tenants of the estate are in a prosperous condition. No information has been given as to how far the Rent Act was availed of.

North Arcot District—Timmajammal's estate.—The ryots have no occupancy rights and their condition is still backward.

Pulicherla.—The condition of the ryots in this estate is fair. The tenants have occupancy rights and their lands have been paimashed (measured) and assessment fixed; but in most cases the assessment is rather heavy and it is on this account that the ryots are not in as good circumstances as could be desired. No information has been given as to the extent to which the Rent Recovery Act was availed of.

Chingleput District—Panaiyur.—The ryots are generally poor. They suffered much from the unfavorable character of the season in the preceding year, and the season in the year under report showed no improvement. A sum of Rs. 3,000 was recovered under the Rent Recovery Act. The rates of rent prevailing in this estate range from Rs. 3-8-0 to Rs. 6 per acre of wet land and Rs. 1-5-0 to Rs. 1-12-0 per acre of dry land.

Tanjore District—Ukkadai.—The tenants are generally poor. There was no necessity to have recourse to civil suits or to proceed under Act VIII of 1865.

Gandharvakóta.—Most of the ryots are poor labourers. The average rent paid by them is reported to be Rs. 1-5-5 per acre of dry and Rs. 2-5-9 per acre of wet lands. The average rent paid in the adjacent Government villages is Rs. 2-14-6 and Rs. 1-10-6 per acre of wet and dry lands, respectively. During the year under report Rs. 890 and Rs. 2,190 were recovered by coercive process under Rent Recovery Act and by means of civil suits respectively.

Mathur.—The tenants are generally poor.

Singavanam.—The ryots of this estate are very poor, possessing little or no moveables beyond a limited number of cattle. Some of them are reported to have emigrated to Colombo and other places in quest of employment. This is a common occurrence among the lower classes of Patukóta taluk. The rent per acre of dry and wet lands was, respectively, Rs. 1-4-0 and Rs. 8-4-10 against As. 5-3 and Rs. 3-15-6 in adjacent Government tracts. There was no occasion to have recourse to the Rent Recovery Act or to civil suits.

Palayavanam.—The ryots are generally poor and depend upon each year's outturn for their maintenance. Owing to two successive bad years, some are reported to have emigrated to Ceylon and other places. The rates of rent per acre of dry and wet lands were, respectively, Rs. 1-0-9 and Rs. 5-0-7 against Rs. 1-0-7 and Rs. 5-3-7 in adjacent Government villages. Rs. 1,000 were recovered by summary suits and Rs. 200 by civil suits.

Edamanal.—The tenants are generally poor.

Karuvalakarai.—The tenants of this estate also are generally poor. There was no necessity to go to court or to take steps under the Rent Recovery Act for the realization of the dues to the estate.

Trichinopoly estates.—The average rents paid by ryots in *Marungápur* per acre of wet and dry lands is Rs. 2-10-4 and Rs. 1-2-7, respectively. The lands of the ryotwari estates are leased out in auction. No recourse was had to the Rent Recovery

Act either in Peramur or in B. Chockalingam Pillai's estate. In N. Duraiswami Aiyar's estate, 18 suits involving Rs. 1,146-14-3, in Marungápurí, 110 suits involving Rs. 1,063-0-9, in N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate one suit involving Rs. 162-8-0, and in Singam Aiyangar's estate 14 suits involving Rs. 113-11-0 were filed. No recourse was had to the Civil courts except in N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate where one suit was filed for Rs. 130-5-0.

Madura District—Sáptúr.—The condition of the ryots of this estate is said to be improving. The average rent paid by each ryot per acre is Rs. 2-8-0. Recourse was had to the Rent Recovery Act and civil suits for the realization of about 6 per cent. of the demand.

Vadagarai.—No recourse was had to the Rent Recovery Act for the realization of the demand.

Mambarai.—The condition of the ryots is fair. The estate (other than home-farm lands) consists of dry lands only with an average assessment of Rs. 1-4-10. Three-fifths of the demand was realised without recourse to any coercive process at all and the remainder on issue of demand notices. There was no recourse to summary or civil suits.

Tinnevely District—Anavaratham Pillai's estate.—The estate is ryotwari and the condition of the tenants, who are tenants-at-will, is fairly satisfactory.

Etaiyápuram.—The ryots of this estate are better off than the neighbouring Government ryots. The dry assessment is lighter than in Government tracts. The soil is generally good and the dry pannai (home-farm) lands fetch as much as Rs. 5 to Rs. 8-8-0 per acre. The wet and garden rates are high. The property of 632 defaulters had to be distrained, but the number whose property was actually sold was only 100.

Coimbatore District—Metráthi.—The ryots are generally as well off as those in the adjoining Government villages. No recourse was had either to the Rent Recovery Act or to civil suits for the realization of the demand. The average rent paid by the tenants was Rs. 1-2-0 per acre and by the lessee of home-farm lands Rs. 1-11-0.

Nilgiri District—Neliyalam.—The ryots are generally in reduced circumstances owing to the partial failure of crops during the last three years. They are said to complain of the high rate of assessment imposed at the recent settlement in addition to the jenmabhogam payable to the proprietor. No proceedings were taken under the Rent Recovery Act to recover rents, nor were any civil suits filed for this purpose. The average rent per acre of wet and dry is Rs. 1-2-1 and Rs. 1-2-0, respectively.

Salem District—Erumaipati.—The ryots are reported to be better off than their neighbours in other proprietary estates though the assessment is heavy. The average rents per acre on wet, garden and dry lands are as under:—

	Average paimash rent.			Average cowle rent.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Wet	8	14	1	6	9	4
Garden	6	3	0	4	15	0
Dry	1	11	2	1	6	2

The ryots are very litigious and irregular in paying their kists. Immoveable property was attached in fifteen cases and moveable property was proceeded against in sixteen cases, but in all but one the rents were paid up before the property was actually brought to sale.

Shulagiri.—The average rent per acre of land in this estate amounts to Rs. 1-12-0 in the case of dry lands and to Rs. 3-12-0 in the case of wet lands. The average dry rate is higher than the average rate of adjoining Government lands, but the average wet rate is lower. No suits were filed in the Civil courts for recovery of rent. Twenty-nine notices of attachment were issued for recovery of rent amounting to Rs. 568, but eventually property was distrained only in twelve cases in respect of a

sum of Rs. 286. Application for sale of distrained property was made, and sale ordered in five cases involving Rs. 119, but the rents were paid up before the property was actually sold.

Yelagiri.—The ryots are said to consist of two classes:—

(1) Pallies, who are contented and peaceful, and (2) Reddies, who are troublesome and litigious. The average rent per acre of wet land is Rs. 6-2-5 and of dry land Rs. 1-6-5. By the recent survey the incidence of land-tax per head of population has been raised to Rs. 1-8-6 from Rs. 1-4-11 in the previous fasli. The average size of holdings was acres 7.31 during the year. In 93 cases involving an arrear of Rs. 2,411 moveable property was proceeded against during the year, but eventually property was brought to sale only in one instance for Rs. 18. In eight cases, involving an arrear of Rs. 95, land was proceeded against, but Rs. 44 was collected before the sale. In some cases the lands, when brought to sale, had to be purchased on behalf of the estate for want of bidders.

South Canara District—B. Sarvotama Rao's estate.—The condition of the ryots does not differ in any way from that of the ryots of adjoining estates.

K. Puttamma's estate.—The condition of ryots was fairly good as in previous years. The Rent Recovery Act was had recourse to only in one case.

Malabar District—Kavalpara.—The condition of the tenants, most of whom are in poor circumstances, compares favorably with that of the tenantry of other janmis. It is reported that the rents paid by ryots per acre of wet and dry lands cannot be fixed separately. The Rent Recovery Act has been a dead letter in this district. Only two suits, involving Rs. 143-6-3, were instituted and they were decided in favour of the estate.

33. *Inam alienations.*—The revised statement of alienations called for in Government Order, dated 29th May 1888, Mis. No. 3094, Revenue, was submitted to Government with Court's Proceedings, dated 14th July 1891, No. 1800. Parlákimedi and Royakota being left out of account, there were 34 proprietary estates under management at the close of the year. The inquiry as regards the inams subsequent to the permanent settlement in

Jarada, Sriipuram, Lakkavaram, Panaiyur. the ten estates noted on the margin has
Gandharvakóta, Singavanam, Vadimitta, already been completed and the results
Metráthi, Erumaipati and Shulagiri. have been embodied in the Court's

Proceedings above quoted. In the Kurla estate, since handed over, the inquiry was the Court regrets to observe, not completed. Reports on alienations in Tangellamúdi and Mambarai have been received and will shortly be disposed of. The Collector concerned state that the inquiry as regards the alienations in Dharakót, Bodogodo, Aska, Kallikót, Telaprole, Sáptúr, Etaiyápuram and Yelagiri is progressing. No information on the point has been furnished in the Collectors' administration reports in regard to the undermentioned estates:—

Chidikada, Chipurupalle, Appikonda, Belgám, Kurapám, Pithápuram, Kapiles-warapuram, Mailavaram, Meduru, Timmajammal's estate, Pulicherla, Palayavanar and Marungápurí.

The Court notes, however, that the inquiry into alienations in Chidikada has been allowed to lie over pending decision of the suit by the Bobbili Raja referred to in paragraph 31 *supra*. The Collector of Vizagapatam is requested to expedite the further information regarding alienations in Chipurupalle called for in Court's Proceedings, dated 28th January 1890, No. 240. Steps have been taken to set aside the alienations in Timmajammal's estate made by the ward's mother.

The attention of the Collectors concerned will be drawn to paragraph 4 of Government Order, dated 19th September 1883, No. 1149, Revenue, communicated with Court's Proceedings, dated 9th January 1884, No. 44, directing the submission of reports on alienations within one year of assumption of charge of estates.

34. *General remarks.*—The Collector of Kistna reports that the karnams of the zemindari estates under management in his district are growing insubordinate and the efficiency of administration cannot be secured until these karnams are brought under

35. *Conclusion.*—The Court regrets the delay of three months in the submission of this report. It is due mainly to the Collectors' reports not having been received in time and to inaccuracies in the statements forwarded by certain Collectors necessitating references back to districts.

No. I.—Statement showing the ages, &c., of the wards and the period during which the estates have been under management for fasli 1300 (1890-91).

Districts.	Estates.	Government Orders by which the estates came under the management of the Court of Wards.	Sexes of the wards.	Disabilities.	The period during which the estates have been under management.	Agos of the wards at the end of the fasli.	Dates on which the wards will attain majority.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Ganjam ..	Parlatimedi *	No. 1279, dated 22nd June 1830	Male	Imbecility	YS. MS.	YS. MS. DYS.	
	Jarada ..	2454, " 19th July 1880	Do.	Minority	60 11	61 0 0	4th May 1892.
	Dhārakōt ..	" 149, " 6th February 1885	Do.	Do.	10 11	20 1 26	7th October 1896.
	Bodogodo ..	" 1026, " 11th September 1885	Do.	Do.	6 5	15 8 23	15th March 1906.
	Kurā + ..	" 610, " 22nd July 1886	Do.	Do.	5 9	6 3 16	13th November 1891.
Vizagapatam ..	Aska ..	" 782, " 6th September 1886	Female	Sex	4 11	20 7 18	
	Kalkōt ..	" 1035, " 4th November 1887	Female	Minority	4 10	28 0 0	
	Chāikāda ..	" 2930, " 25th September 1877	Female	Sex	3 8	13 9 10	20th January 1893.
	Sripuram ..	" 2449, " 5th " 1878	Male	Minority	13 9	51 6 28	
	Chuprupalle ..	" 510, " 12th May 1882	Female	Sex	12 10	16 10 5	26th August 1895.
Godāvari ..	Apekhonda ..	" 337, " 12th " 1885	Male	Minority	9 2	53 0 0	
	Baigān + ..	" 191, " 14th March 1889	Female	Sex	5 2	14 5 20	11th January 1898.
	Kurupām ..	" 128, " 15th February 1891	Female	Sex	2 4	28 0 0	
	Lakkavaram ..	" 2291, " 15th December 1879	Male	Minority	0 4	13 9 25	5th September 1898.
	Tangellamēdi ..	" 834, " 15th October 1890	Do.	Do.	11 7	11 8 15	25th April 1897.
Kistna ..	Pithapuram ..	" 678, " 12th August 1890	Do.	Do.	1 9	5 8 26	16th October 1900.
	Mallavaram ..	" 902, " 15th September 1887	Do.	Do.	0 10	17 5 16	5th " 1906.
	Kapileswarapuram ..	" 903, " 15th " "	Do.	Do.	3 8	17 9 21	13th January 1895.
	Mutturu ..	" 179, " 1st March 1888	Do.	Do.	3 7	4 3 23	9th September 1894.
	Talaprole ..	" 347, " 18th May 1890	Do.	Do.	3 4	1 10 0	8th March 1908.
Bellary ..	Venkatapur Uppara Ayyanna's estate.	" 699, " 13th August 1880	Do.	Do.	1 6	5 8 0	31st August 1910.
	Trunajamal's estate	" 299, " 10th March 1885	Female	Do.	1 8	5 8 0	1st November 1900.
	Palicharla ..	" 711, " 22nd July 1887	Male	Do.	6 4	12 3 20	11th March 1900.
	Panajur ..	" 238, " 4th March 1887	Do.	Do.	3 11	16 9 0	21st September 1895.
	Ukkundi ..	" 471, " 12th July 1879	Do.	Do.	4 4	18 4 20	14th February 1894.
Ranjore ..	Gandharvakōta ..	" 493, " 9th March 1881	Do.	Do.	11 10	18 11 15	16th July 1893.
	Mathur ..	" 1292, " 20th November 1882	Do.	Do.	10 4	17 6 20	11th December 1894.
	Singavanam ..	" 159, " 1st February 1884	Do.	Do.	8 6	19 10 24	6th September 1892.
	Palayavanam ..	" 485, " 16th May 1887	Do.	Do.	7 5	18 2 15	15th April 1894.
	Edamaral ..	" 809, " 21st November 1886	Do.	Do.	4 1	8 3 4	27th March 1904.
Trichinopoly ..	Karuvallakari ..	" 637, " 27th July 1889	Do.	Do.	2 7	11 10 6	25th August 1900.
	Peranur & ..	" 2985, " 30th Nov. 1868	Do.	Do.	1 10	5 11 16	15th " 1906.
	N. Duraiswami Aiyar's estate	" 5931, " 25th Sept. 1890	Do.	Do.	22 7	18 1 16	15th May 1891.
	Maragupuri ..	" 1545, " 15th November 1880	Do.	Do.	10 4	15 6 23	8th December 1896.
		" 163, " 22nd February 1888	Do.	Do.	3 3	6 23	8th November 1905.

† The proprietrix has since adopted a son who has been placed under the care of the Court of Wards. ‡ The imbecile ward died during the fasli and the estate continues under the Court of Wards on behalf of his minor son.

* The immovable property attached to the estate has been handed over to the ward's eldest son.
† Since handed over.

* The immovable property
† Since handed over

No. I.—Statement showing the ages, &c., of the wards and the period during which the estates have been under management for fasli 1300—*cont.*

[illegible]

* The ward having died on 13th September 1891, the estate has since been handed over to his uncle.

* The ward having died on 13th September 1899.
† Will shortly be handed over to the next heir.

Since handed over.

++ ♂ Since hanged.
Since dead.

No. II-A.--Statement showing the number of villages and the proportion of cultivation to holdings in the estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1305 (1890-91).

[illegible]

The difference is not explained by the Collector.

§ The difference is not explained by the fact that the women deserted villages included a woman deserted village.

* Includes the area of rented villages not shown last year.

* Includes the area of rented

* Includes the area of rented villages not shown last year.
† This is the correct figure.
‡ Correct figures are not available, as the karnams keep no cultivation accounts.

No. II-A.—Statement showing the number of villages and the proportion of cultivation to holdings in the estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1300 (1890-91)—*cont.*

Districts.	Estates.	NUMBER OF VILLAGES.					FASLI 1299.			FASLI 1300.		
		Ryotwari or joint-rent.	Rented to middlemen whether paying rent in money or kind.	Partly ryotwari and partly shroetrim.	Inam or shroetrim.	Total.	Holdings.	Actual cultivation.	Percentage of cultivation to holdings.	Holdings.	Actual cultivation.	Percentage of cultivation to holdings.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Madura ..	Saptur ..	17	..	..	2	19	ACS. 21,975	ACS. 18,414	83.7	ACS. 22,085	ACS. 18,309	82.9
..	Vadugari ..	..	..	..	..	..	+ 477	412	88.4	.. 481	394	81.9
..	Mambani ..	3	..	..	..	3	4,093	2,327	56.8	4,078	2,290	56.2
..	Vadimitta ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	Anavaratham Pillai's estate	..	..	..	..	..	+ 210	+ 182	86.6	.. 213	.. 177	83.1
Tinnevely ..	Etayadapuram ..	300	23	..	58	381	..	..	..	273,062	266,604	97.6
..	Madurai ..	1	..	..	..	1	5,960	4,177	70.1	6,402	3,306	51.6
..	Nelivadam ..	..	..	..	..	..	+ 7,511	+ 1,298	18.6	7,511	1,411	18.7
..	Erumapatti ..	12	..	..	1	13	7,074	6,287	88.9	7,070	6,080	85.9
..	Sholagiri ..	50	..	..	49	139	6,453	5,481	84.9	6,758	5,863	86.8
..	Yelagiri ..	12	..	..	..	13	6,947	6,915	99.5	7,850	7,780	99.1
..	Rockota ..	..	..	..	..	..	.. 300	.. 302	100	.. 302	.. 302	100
..	B. Sarvottama Rao's estate	..	..	..	..	..	.. 948	.. 946	99.7	.. 954	.. 954	100
South Canara ..	K. Puttanma's estate	..	..	..	..	..	16,626	11,715	70.4	16,626	11,715	70.4
..	Kavalpara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar ..	Total ..	1,475	433	49	509	2,465	330,279	287,183	86.9	775,918	708,864	91.4

† This is the correct figure.

No. II-B.—Statement showing the settled demand of the Estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1300 (1890-91).

Districts.		LAND REVENUE.										Other items.		Total.
		Estates.		Dry.		Wet.		Total.		Assessment.				
				Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.					
f.		2.		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10			
		ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	ACS.	RS.	RS.	RS.			
Ganjam ..	Parlakimedi ..	686	1,352	2,856	16,731	3,642	18,083	18,083	18,083	18,083	18,083			
	Jarada ..	3,213	6,867	7,419	38,946	45,813	25,440	25,440	25,440	25,440	25,440			
	Dhārakōṭ ..	3,016	2,184	4,747	12,337	7,783	14,461	5,463	5,463	5,463	5,463			
	Rodogodo ..	476	1,643	931	5,718	1,407	7,361	1,835	1,835	1,835	1,835			
	Kurā ..	442	2,213	1,181	7,099	1,623	9,303	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100			
Vizagapatnam ..	Aska ..	10,769	13,286	46,021	2,05,347	56,780	2,18,633	2,18,633	2,18,633	2,18,633	2,18,633			
	Kalikōṭ ..	820	2,724	1,383	14,835	2,203	17,649	17,649	17,649	17,649	17,649			
	Chidikada ..	1,273	2,952	1,653	11,824	2,925	24,776	6,746	6,746	6,746	6,746			
	Sipuran ..	2,420	6,320	56	352	302	1,305	1,305	1,305	1,305	1,305			
	Chipurupalle ..	254	953	48	352	302	1,305	1,305	1,305	1,305	1,305			
Godāvari ..	Appikonda ..	764	1,365	3,135	33,129	3,899	34,494	34,494	34,494	34,494	34,494			
	Belgām ..	53	196	315	881	368	1,077	7,185	7,185	7,185	7,185			
	Lakkavaram ..	1,943	3,307	2,534	16,563	4,477	19,860	19,860	19,860	19,860	19,860			
	Tungelhamēdi ..	53,715	3,01,816	74,053	4,74,789	127,768	7,76,605	7,76,605	7,76,605	7,76,605	7,76,605			
	Pithāpuram ..	7,951	7,990	1,337	4,449	9,288	12,838	8,982	8,982	8,982	8,982			
Kistna ..	Mailavaram ..	15,985	31,946	7,515	40,912	23,504	72,858	870	870	870	870			
	Kapileswarapuram ..	17,328	39,820	7,549	31,068	24,777	70,828	568	568	568	568			
	Neduru ..	17,729	39,864	8,416	45,363	26,145	84,227	870	870	870	870			
	Telaprole ..	22	36	36	471	58	699	699	699	699	699			
	Venkāṭapur Uppara Ayyanna's estate ..	1,124	2,548	85	471	1,219	3,019	3,019	3,019	3,019	3,019			
Bellary ..	Timmajamāl's estate ..	471	1,684	390	4,722	821	6,406	6,406	6,406	6,406	6,406			
	Pulicherla ..	3,010	4,811	1,040	5,336	4,030	10,147	10,147	10,147	10,147	10,147			
	Panaiyur ..	991	2,180	1,530	2,921	2,921	25,179	25,179	25,179	25,179	25,179			
	Ukkadai ..	17,587	21,180	5,660	11,447	23,147	32,597	32,597	32,597	32,597	32,597			
	Ghandarvakōḷa ..	114	501	615	615	615	6,946	6,946	6,946	6,946	6,946			
Tanjore ..	Madhur ..	219	272	994	8,305	1,213	8,577	8,577	8,577	8,577	8,577			
	Singavanam ..	753	826	856	4,340	1,612	5,166	5,166	5,166	5,166	5,166			
	Palayavanam ..	492	1,034	1,034	192	1,526	17,330	17,330	17,330	17,330	17,330			
	Edamāl ..	44	148	398	2,449	2,449	11,378	11,378	11,378	11,378	11,378			
	Karuvālakarai ..	2,051	1,032	1,032	4,069	4,069	21,125	21,125	21,125	21,125	21,125			
Trichinopoly ..	Peramur ..	3,037	33,397	6,317	16,723	35,638	50,720	50,720	50,720	50,720	50,720			
	N. Duraiswamy Aiyar's estate ..	29,281	6,317	6,317	16,723	35,638	50,720	50,720	50,720	50,720	50,720			
	Marangapuri ..	3,388	1,328	4,716	975	7,434	25,155	25,155	25,155	25,155	25,155			
	N. Rangaswamy Aiyar's estate ..	654	321	792	792	792	7,434	7,434	7,434	7,434	7,434			
	Singam Aiyangur's estate ..	81	711	711	792	792	7,434	7,434	7,434	7,434	7,434			
		Chockalingum Pillar's estate ..								11,178				

• The difference between the figures in column 11 of statement No. 11-A and these figures is due to the former representing the total area under the holding of ryots and the latter only the area under the money-rent system corresponding with the assessments entered in column 8.

money-rent system corresponding with the assessments entered in Column 0.
 † The entries in columns 3 to 8 of this statement against these two estates have been made with reference to the actual cultivation, and the Collector has not yet forwarded the revised figures called for.
 • (a) This figure differs from the figure in II-A and the Collector will be requested to explain.

(c) This figure differs from the figure in II-A and the Collector will be requested to explain.

[illegible]

No. II-B.—Statement showing the settled demand of the Estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.														
Districts.	Estates.	MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE.						Total of columns 10 and 15.	Deduct remissions.	Net revenue.	Net demand for fasli 1999.	Difference.		
		Jodi or quit-rent on inam.	Land-cess.	Water-rate and second-ary assessment.	Other items.	Total.								
		11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		
Ganjum	Parlakinedi		330			4,662	22,745	4,870	17,875	22,529	4,654			
	Jarda	1,395	2,361		5,029	10,374	74,399	7	81,520	74,399	6,921			
	Dharakot	2,884	651		4,401	6,747	26,661		26,661	25,886	775			
	Roderode	651	1,295		867	1,585	10,781		10,781	10,250	531			
	Kurdi	268	470			1,115	11,518	258	11,260	10,211	1,049			
	Aska	269	461		385	37,938	3,212,440	3,23,601	3,217,556	3,23,601	6,246			
	Kallikot	15,941	16,162		5,855	22,782	22,650	132	22,782	22,650	132			
	Chitkoda	351	935	70	3,877	4,381	19,157	161	19,157	18,908	161			
	Chitgram	182	701	1,655	1,497	1,939	8,685	836	8,669	8,830	816			
	Chitrapalle	893	278	35	1,497	1,939	8,685	836	8,669	8,830	816			
Vizagapatam	Appikonda	30	146		8,031	8,207	9,612		9,612	9,512	2,328			
	Belgam	2,610	2,169		704	5,483	39,977		39,977	42,305	2,328			
	Khrupam		226	50	8,469	4,974	13,236		13,236	13,393	357			
	Lakkavaram	1,229	831	14	8,555	8,810	28,679		28,679	33,563	4,884			
	Tangellamadi	17,022	31,435	68,787	45,809	1,05,093	94,268		94,268					
	Pithapuram	158	128	545	1,199	2,379	23,791	1,156	22,635	24,244	1,609			
	Mailavaram	9,109	2,560	13,892	13,892	27,317	1,00,945	611	1,00,334	1,23,732	23,398			
	Kupitewarapuram	12,345	2,391	396	28,416	28,416	99,812	278	99,534	1,26,861	27,327			
	Meerun	10,919	2,806	87	25,233	39,045	1,24,142	55	1,24,087					
	Telaprole		22	87	22	22	4,335	784	4,335	784	63			
Bellary	Venkatarup	240	236	846	1,316	4,335	13,092	865	12,737	3,805	530			
	Timma jammal's estate	332	711	1,689	2,519	1,196	13,092	865	12,737	12,944	207			
	Puifcherla	2,877	319	12,989	12,989	23,136	20,017	3,119	20,017	19,326	691			
	Panaiyur	94	64	712	776	25,955	29,356		29,356	29,356	3,401			
	Utkadai		1,247	4,668	6,491	38,898	36,450		38,898	36,450	2,378			
	Ghandarvakota		222		45	6,391	7,999		7,999	7,999	1,098			
	Mathur		158		45	6,391	7,999		7,999	7,999	1,098			
	Singavaram	432	125	63	4,465	5,259	13,882	12,882	12,882	11,284	11,284			
	Palayavaram	24	125		1,115	1,548	6,714	5,193	6,714	5,193	1,521			
	Edanaval				663	17,993	17,993		17,993	21,863	3,267			
Tanjore	Karuvakurai				27	2,700	2,700		2,700	2,863	163			
	Perunur				263	11,643	11,643		11,643	11,584	39			
	N. Duraiswamy Aiyar's estate	99	2	369	67	21,563	21,563		21,563	22,022	469			
	Marangupuri			757	7,198	61,626	61,626		61,626	61,237	389			
	N. Venkateswamy Aiyar's estate			242	82	25,509	25,509		25,509	30,779	5,270			
	Trichinopoly.													

No. III.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance of the Estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.

Districts.	Estates.	BALANCE AT THE CLOSE OF THE FASLI.				PERCENTAGE OF BALANCE TO DEMAND.				AMOUNT SUBSEQUENTLY COLLECTED AND REMITTED.				Balance.
		Arrears.		Current.	Total.	Arrears.		Current.	Total.	Arrears.		Current.	Total.	
		10	11			12	13			14	15				16	17	18	19
Ganjum ..	Parakimedi ..	2,492	6,644	9,136	20.8	37.2	30.6	..	34	2,289	2,323	6,813		
	Jarada ..	17,222	4,501	21,723	39.7	5.5	17.4	..	245	979	1,224	20,409		
	Dharakoti ..	12,093	5,016	17,109	60.5	18.8	36.7	..	508	1,756	2,264	14,845		
	Bodogodo ..	7,591	2,440	10,031	60.1	22.6	42.9	..	78	214	292	9,739		
	Kuria ..	4,831	1,962	6,793	54.8	17.4	33.8	..	21	855	876	9,717		
	Aska ..	2,35,502	35,720	2,74,322	48.4	11.2	33.8	..	996	9,998	10,994	2,63,328		
Vizagapatnam ..	Kallikoti ..	829	2,587	3,416	9.3	11.3	10.8	..	..	946	946	2,470		
	Chidkida ..	47	2,594	2,641	1.6	18.3	11.9	..	..	1,823	1,823	818		
	Sripuram ..	6,948	5,477	12,425	73.5	63.2	68.5	..	212	1,739	1,971	10,454		
	Chipurupalle ..	883	1,855	2,738	14.4	19.5	17.5	..	42	224	256	2,472		
	Apikonda ..	15,564	8,588	24,152	72.4	21.5	39.3	..	704	1,123	1,827	22,325		
	Belgan ..	132	1,125	1,257	11.1	8.5	8.7	..	13	1,028	1,041	216		
Godavari ..	Lakkavaram ..	5,461	4,925	10,386	55.5	17.2	26.9	..	1	1,569	1,570	8,816		
	Tangellamdi ..	8,69,887	1,63,183	10,33,070	90.4	17.3	54.2	..	58,802	58,802	9,74,268			
	Pithapuram ..	361	838	1,199	35.5	16.6	39.3	..	78	170	248	590		
Kistna ..	Madhavaram ..	61,008	16,637	77,645	62.8	16.6	39.3	..	5,348	2,889	8,337	69,308		
	Kapilswarapuram ..	1,48,298	30,892	1,79,190	82.1	31.0	63.9	..	3,280	6,959	9,239	1,69,951		
	Meduru ..	2,76,471	50,953	3,27,429	88.6	41.1	75.1	..	4,001	10,737	14,829	3,12,601		
Bellary ..	Tenaprole ..	1,542	..	1,542	98.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,542		
	Timmajammal's estate ..	89	104	193	1.2	..	..	..	..	63	152	41		
	Pulicherla ..	3,616	8,920	12,536	30.7	44.5	39.4	..	358	2,756	3,114	9,422		
North Arcot ..	Panaiyur ..	6,330	10,261	16,591	20.9	39.5	29.6	..	2,062	3,296	5,358	11,233		
	Ukkalai ..	46,339	5,168	51,507	57.1	13.3	42.9	..	524	330	854	50,853		
	Gandharvakola ..	77	431	508	21.3	6.2	6.9	..	..	30	478	..		
Tanjore ..	Matur ..	1,801	7,577	9,378	47.6	57.0	54.9	..	425	7,697	7,932	1,716		
	Singavanam ..	2,115	3,826	5,941	38.5	57.1	48.7	..	152	506	658	5,293		
	Palayavanam ..	2,352	4,945	6,297	34.7	27.5	28.8	..	644	98	742	5,555		
Trichinopoly ..	Edamandal ..	21	522	543	22.6	19.2	19.4	..	..	..	..	543		
	Karuvakalai ..	278	1,485	1,763	16.0	12.8	13.2	..	..	330	330	..		
	Peranur ..	1,783	6,345	8,128	29.9	29.4	29.5	..	..	2,120	2,120	6,008		
Madura ..	N. Duraiswamy Aiyar's estate ..	6,526	7,722	14,248	57.3	29.4	29.5	..	30	5,230	5,260	8,988		
	Marungapur ..	1,471	10,435	11,906	14.6	40.9	33.4	..	223	2,402	2,625	9,281		
	N. Rangaswamy Aiyar's estate ..	256	2,052	2,308	8.5	27.1	21.8	..	38	404	442	1,866		
Saptar ..	Singam Aiyangar's estate ..	445	1,386	1,831	10.0	11.1	14.1	..	131	1,700	1,700	5,554		
	Chockalingam Pillai's estate ..	7,818	8,651	16,479	50.8	14.3	33.0	..	4,953	6,972	10,925	1,700		
	Saptar ..	789	1,494	2,283	34.6	32.2	33.0	..	197	302	398	1,975		
Vadagarai ..	Vadagarai ..	545	614	1,159	21.3	11.2	14.4	..	..	302	490	660		
	Mamburai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		

No. III.—Statement showing the demand, collection and balance of the Estates under the management of the Court of Wards for fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.

Districts.	Estates.	DEMAND.				COLLECTION.				Amount written off.
		Arrears.		Current.		Arrears.		Current.		
		3	4	5	Total.	6	7	8	9	
1	2									
Tinnevely	Vadimitta ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..
	Anavaratham Pillai's estate	100	1,646	1,746	1,688	100	1,588	1,688	1,688	294
	Etaiyapuram ..	3,67,507	3,63,626	7,31,133	91,255	91,255	3,13,591	4,01,846	7,099	1,749
	Mettrathi ..	977	7,760	8,737	3,763	3,763	4,080	7,843	16,361	302
	Nelivalam ..	16,366	17,223	23,640	1,419	1,419	14,942	16,361	19,487	102
	Erumaipati ..	1,723	15,197	16,920	21,826	19,680	18,513	15,943	15,943	842
	Shulagiri ..	2,146	19,428	23,959	4,507	4,507	11,103	23,859	23,859	445
	Yelagiri ..	4,531	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Royakota ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	B. Saravaram Rao's estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Canara	K. Puttamma's estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kavalpara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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Tinnevely	Vadimitta ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..	RS. ..
	Anavaratham Pillai's estate	58	3,26,287	3,26,345	3.3	3.3	1,109	14,910	16,019	7
	Etaiyapuram ..	50,035	1,350	51,385	17.4	17.4	709	709	1,019	3,10,258
	Mettrathi ..	3,704	14,048	17,752	59.4	59.4	255	257	257	14,048
	Nelivalam ..	2,146	15,197	16,920	1.7	1.7	1,003	1,003	1,525	712
	Erumaipati ..	4,531	19,428	23,959	5.9	5.9	673	673	3,238	3,238
	Shulagiri ..	..	..	..	23.5	23.5	..	..	..	..
	Yelagiri ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Royakota ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	B. Saravaram Rao's estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore	K. Puttamma's estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kavalpara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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Salem	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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South Canara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
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CASH RECEIPTS IN FASLI 1300.

* The difference between this and column 8 of statement III is due to the latter including grain collections.
 † The Collector has not furnished satisfactory explanation for the difference.
 ‡ The difference between this and column 8 of statement III is due to the latter including advance collections.

No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the several estates under management in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—*cont.*

[illegible]

No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the several estates under management in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.

Districts.	Estates.	CHARGES—cont.				BALANCE TO THE CREDIT OF THE ESTATE AT THE END OF FASLI 1300.				Percentage of establishment charges as compared with Government Commission to the normal receipts.
		Invested in Government securities.		Other miscellaneous disbursements.		Total charges.		Government securities.		Increase or decrease as compared with the opening balance.
		25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Ganjam	Parlakimedi ..	..	44,557	1,09,150	27,97,000	1,58,144	..	29,85,144	16,688	6.5
	Jarada ..	..	4,372	22,401	..	860	..	1,107	1,107	11.4
	Dhirkoti ..	..	16,724	1,16,663	..	8,954	..	8,954	866	7.9
	Bodogodo ..	..	5,005	20,516	..	1,561	..	17,761	11,099	14.7
Vizagapatam	Karla ..	841	1,421	30,334	2,400	1,436	..	35,436	2,470	9.4
	Aska ..	1,366	5,295	23,162	50,300	2,600	..	52,000	140	9.3
	Kalikoti ..	93,866	46,401	3,38,704	1,17,200	1,28,124	8,538	2,53,862	1,02,071	7.8
	Chidkeda ..	1,576	5,763	31,039	43,100	4,385	..	47,485	844	7.8
Godavari	Sripuram ..	11,603	2,035	29,853	19,800	3,692	..	23,492	1,395	11.6
	Chipurupalle ..	..	2,152	8,396	..	1,128	..	1,528	813	15.3
	Appikondan ..	..	16,616	23,074	..	8,468	..	8,468	8,984	21.5
	Belgen ..	..	8,487	46,968	..	90	..	90	2,309	11.9
Kistna	Kurupam ..	1,787	7,394	21,961	50,800	8,617	..	59,417	2,576	12.8
	Lakkavaram ..	..	6,826	28,409	..	24,486	2,784	27,270	1,087	16.4
	Tangellamudi ..	..	99,840	8,59,950	..	1,04,128	80	1,04,178	82,894	6.9
	Pitlapuram ..	6,281	4,399	30,237	37,100	8,265	7,329	52,694	3,772	10.9
Dellary	Malavaram ..	29,911	23,235	1,37,275	344,700	31,334	..	3,76,234	4,416	14.1
	Kapleswarapuram ..	..	78,819	1,47,628	1,35,600	1,57,505	21	2,93,126	18,408	19.6
	Meduru ..	..	24,622	1,00,147	12,000	52,392	..	64,392	38,087	14.2
	Telepore ..	3,880	85	4,605	3,700	563	..	4,263	1,803	7.7
North Arcot	Venkatarup Uppara Ayyanna's estate ..	..	607	15,878	..	9,787	..	9,787	5,995	17.9
	Tinnajannal's estate ..	..	906	20,999	..	8,214	..	8,214	2,683	22.4
	Pulichiria ..	..	5,467	17,905	..	2,515	3,179	7,704	1,389	19.4
	Panaiyur ..	19,968	26,984	61,942	35,000	14,691	..	52,870	12,581	6.0
Chingleput	Ukkadai ..	..	10,724	92,033	..	16,478	1,243	17,721	8,829	12.7
	Gandharvakota ..	..	625	7,147	..	3,246	302	3,548	820	13.8
	Madhur ..	..	7,409	12,966	..	182	1,310	1,492	194	15.6
	Singavanam ..	..	3,802	6,944	..	188	4,398	4,586	28	23.8
Tanjore	Palayavanam ..	..	13,926	29,763	..	16,728	11	16,739	146	6.1
	Edamandal ..	..	1,266	2,804	..	2,518	197	2,716	146	9.2
	Karvalakurai ..	2,837	1,663	12,458	75,300	12,504	..	87,804	5,069	9.3
	Pepanur ..	..	1,221	15,319	..	5,437	..	5,437	3,638	12.3
Trichinopoly	N. Duraiswami Aiyar's estate ..	..	4,925	53,197	..	17,153	..	17,153	7,983	..

No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the several estates under management in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.

		AMOUNT TO THE CREDIT OF THE ESTATE AT THE BEGINNING OF FASLI 1300.				CASH RECEIPTS IN FASLI 1300.							
Districts.	Estates.	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Other items.	Total.
		Govern- ment securities.	Cash.	Value of grain on hand.	Total.	Land and miscel- laneous revenue.	Interest on Gov- ernment securities.	Debits recovered.	Sale- proceeds of grain.	Amount realized by the sale of houses, land, jewels, (Govern- ment secu- rities, &c.	Amount borrowed.		
1	2	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Trichinopoly—cont.	N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate	..	20,866	..	20,866	+ 22,187	..	918	..	8,718	..	1,627	33,450
	Singam Aiyangar's estate	..	14,896	..	14,896	3,275	..	23,942	..	..	..	215	33,433
	Chokalingum Pillai's estate	..	3,816	..	3,816	681	..	1,446	868	489	..	1,360	4,844
	Sapkor	1,47,500	43,174	10,804	2,01,478	* 41,854	6,769	657	8,777	31,568	..	3,843	93,468
Madura	Vaduguri	5,600	13,150	1,134	19,734	* 3,880	224	..	1,644	101	..	..	5,748
	Mamuturai	..	2,242	..	2,242	+ 6,531	..	..	..	..	..	742	7,274
	Vadumitta	..	1,330	..	1,480	* 179	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,452
	Anavarathan Pillai's estate	2,13,500	65,889	9,673	2,89,053	* 3,40,015	..	30	904	16	2,300	23	4,12,700
Tinnevely	Elayapuram	..	6,920	..	9,920	7,099	..	34,366	10,363	19,789	..	7,567	4,12,700
	Mettrathi	..	3,000	..	3,000	7,843	5,764	1,227	..	..	..	29	7,128
	Nalivalam	..	11,517	..	33,317	7,843	5,764	1,227	..	3,000	..	468	18,392
	Prunapadi	..	8,794	..	18,794	16,361	538	..	..	..	..	542	17,441
Nilgiris	Shulagiri	10,000	13,065	..	13,065	19,487	..	..	..	..	..	258	19,785
	Yelagiri	..	6,435	..	6,435	15,943	..	1,090	..	39	..	526	17,598
	Boychota	..	1,238	384	1,622	2,335	267	..	..	..	..	..	4,849
	B. Narayana Rao's estate	6,800	26,487	2,188	28,675	* 3,827	369	5,304	9,442	481	..	78	19,870
South Canara	K. Puttanna's estate	..	15,835	3,641	1,15,576	* 22,250	3,624	..	3,899	113	..	10,235	40,121
	Kavalpara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	Total	41,07,800	9,41,333	69,379	51,18,712	25,37,155	1,40,909	1,34,530	1,37,471	1,97,096	10,192	1,54,852	33,72,205

* The difference between this and column 8 of statement III is due to the latter including grain collections.
† The difference between this and column 8 of statement III is due to the latter including advance collections.

22

No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the several estates under management in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—*cont.*

Districts.	Estates.	CHARGES.										Allowance to the other members of the wards' family.	Repayment of debts.
		Cash balance and receipts, total of columns 4 and 14.	Establishment for management and contingencies.	Maramut expenditure.	Government demand.			Government commission for management.	Total management, works and Government demand.	Maintenance and education of the wards.			
		15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		
Trichinopoly— <i>cont.</i>	N. Rangaswami Iyer's estate	Rs. 54,316	Rs. 1,453	Rs. 1,646	Rs. ..	Rs. 4,912	Rs. 982	Rs. 8,993	Rs. 1,769	Rs. 1,308	Rs. 39,685		
	Singam Aiyangar's estate	47,329	1,015	298	..	1,306	979	3,293	1,660	84	..		
	Chockalingum Pillai's estate	8,660	354	..	..	2,616	65	3,035	288	120	..		
	Saptar ..	1,36,642	13,845	30,877	8,812	2,978	1,621	58,133	1,636	3,820	..		
Madura ..	Vadagarai ..	18,898	525	900	..	2,303	246	3,974	2,403	602	..		
	Mambur ..	9,616	554	140	..	338	285	2,897	100	550	..		
	Vadimitta ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,637		
Tinnevely ..	Anavaratham Pillai's estate	4,782	248	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Elaiyapuram ..	4,78,580	29,013	2,448	88,442	19,874	2,531	1,43,308	28,548	1,000	319		
	Metrahi ..	14,048	287	..	1,966	402	287	2,942	695	600	368		
Coimbatore ..	Neliyalan ..	29,819	1,732	424	..	216	463	2,835	115	583	..		
Nilgiris ..	Erumpati ..	26,235	1,168	1,216	8,698	567	651	12,300	800	..	..		
	Shulagiri ..	32,851	1,728	3,281	9,499	740	740	12,167	576	2,917	3,000		
Salem ..	Yelagiri ..	24,033	1,776	337	5,885	744	876	9,617	150	1,272	..		
	Royakota ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	B. Sarvotama Rao's estate	6,177	433	..	..	1,731	169	2,333	669	112	..		
South Canara ..	K. Puttamma's estate	46,357	2,018	1,286	..	3,046	802	7,152	70	..	2,000		
Malabar ..	Kavalpara ..	55,956	4,378	1,863	..	3,681	1,142	11,064	8,909	737	..		
	Total ..	43,13,538	2,37,043	2,27,621	6,43,167	3,08,498	62,507	14,78,776	2,06,971	63,391	4,45,841		

No. IV.—Financial statement of receipts and charges of the several estates under management in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—*cont.*

Districts.	Estates.	CHARGES— <i>cont.</i>										Increase or decrease as compared with the opening balance.	Percentage of establishment charges and Government commission to the normal receipts.
		Invested in Government securities.	Other miscellaneous disbursements.	Total charges.	Government securities.	Cash.	Value of grain on hand.	Total.					
		25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33			
Trichinopoly— <i>cont.</i>	N. Rangaswami Aiyar's estate	Rs. ..	Rs. 980	Rs. 52,745	Rs. ..	Rs. 1,571	Rs. ..	Rs. 1,571	Rs. 19,295	Rs. 10-2			
	Singam Aiyangar's estate	..	3,147	8,489	..	38,840	..	38,840	23,944	33-4			
	Chockalingum Pillai's estate	..	500	3,913	..	4,717	10,440	15,157	10,478	14-4			
Madura ..	Saptar ..	22,449	36,312	1,21,759	1,39,100	14,883	17,699	1,11,642	29,886	25-2			
	Vadagarai ..	105	542	7,626	5,600	11,272	2,528	19,400	384	13-4			
	Mambur ..	..	457	5,641	..	3,975	..	3,975	1,733	11-5			
	Vadimitta ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Tinnevely ..	Anavaratham Pillai's estate	..	2,472	4,643	..	139	712	851	629	28-5			
	Elaiyapuram ..	..	1,03,661	2,76,885	2,17,000	2,01,695	2,295	4,20,990	1,31,937	8-7			
	Metrahi ..	..	3,231	7,468	3,000	6,580	..	9,580	340	3-1			
Coimbatore ..	Neliyalan ..	..	5,174	8,707	18,800	21,112	..	39,912	6,995	16-5			
Nilgiris ..	Erumpati ..	..	1,602	22,470	17,500	3,765	..	21,265	2,471	10-4			
	Shulagiri ..	7,768	5,285	24,435	..	8,416	..	8,416	4,650	12-4			
Salem ..	Yelagiri ..	..	8,383	19,422	..	4,611	..	4,611	1,824	16-1			
	Royakota ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..			
	B. Sarvotama Rao's estate	..	1,291	4,510	6,900	1,667	..	8,953	441	12-4			
South Canara ..	K. Puttamma's estate	105	3,845	33,049	19,200	13,308	..	32,530	3,855	20-0			
Malabar ..	Kavalpara ..	3,573	22,185	45,588	99,500	10,088	..	1,11,197	4,379	13-7			
	Total ..	2,27,868	6,82,640	31,06,617	42,86,000	12,07,021	70,202	55,62,223	4,43,511	10-1			

ENCLOSURE A to Statement No. IV.—Showing the expenditure incurred on Maramut (works) in the several estates under management in fasli 1300 (1890-91).

Districts.	Estates.	Irrigation works.		Buildings.		Communi- cations.	Establish- ments.	Total expenditure.	Allotment in the budget.	Percentage of expenditure to allotment.
		New works.	Repairs.	New works.	Repairs.					
Ganjam	Parlakimedi	Rs. 708	Rs. 1,504	Rs. 897	Rs. 22	Rs. 357	Rs. 769	Rs. 4,257	Rs. 3,145	50.6
	Jarada	323	2,252	1,263	624	515	930	5,907	11,680	50.2
	Dhadrakot	66	1,181	403	918	..	479	3,047	6,070	91.9
	Bodogodo	1,811	1,205	810	367	..	813	5,106	5,557	67.0
	Kurila	60	3,830	224	224	970	6,423	41,270	61,580	100.
	Aska	2,489	24,243	5,807	1,358	..	1,361	8,185	7,541	92.3
	Kalikot	5,828	936	..	..	..	..	..	..	66.0
	Chidikada	..	680	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sripuram	..	138	..	300	..	..	..	..	..
	Chipurupalle	..	230	..	666	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam	Appikonda	..	2,433	..	..	..	..	..	4,701	..
	Belgan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kurepam	..	196	1,540	86	..	..	1,822	750	87.8
	Lakkavaram	..	723	1,584	36	..	..	2,343	2,568	32.6
Godavari	Tangellamodi	..	663	..	6,531	376	3,337	10,510	33,440	30.6
	Pithapuram	..	1,201	..	1,458	567	240	3,465	4,000	86.6
	Mallavaram	..	11,268	..	959	553	285	13,065	19,347	67.5
	Kapleswarapuram	..	6,519	..	389	100	30	7,264	7,377	98.5
Kistna	Meduru	226	1,003	..	94	..	..	1,097	7,230	15.2
	Telaprole	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Venkatasapur Uppara Ayyanna's estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tinnajammal's estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	Pulcheria	2,345	308	1,358	138	..	..	2,791	1,200	67.0
	Panaiyur	700	551	269	555	..	..	2,613	3,899	89.2
	Ukkada	..	144	..	678	..	..	1,338	1,568	89.2
	Gandharvakota	598	..	..	75	..	..	817	1,023	79.5
Chingleput	Mathur	..	90	..	409	..	..	409	100	..
	Singavanam	..	716	..	279	..	..	995	1,024	97.1
	Palayavanam	..	..	..	74	..	..	125	125	59.2
	Edamahal	..	..	..	70	..	..	184	750	24.5
Tanjore	Karvalakara	..	..	..	..	114	..	3,943	4,480	88.0
	Pennar	100	131	..	2,902	810	..	3,189	4,204	4.5
	N. Duraiswami Aiyar's estate	..	110	..	39	..	..	1,616	2,500	65.8
	Maringupuri	..	373	..	88	..	..	298	505	59.0
Trichinopoly	Singam Aiyangar's estate	..	110	..	..	100	..	30,877	33,700	91.6
	Chockalingam Pillai's estate	..	19,118	..	2,697	7,214	1,918	900	900	100.
	Saptir	253	47	32	568	..	..	140	200	70.
	Vadagarai	..	140	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madura	Vadonitta	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Membarai	..	85	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Anayartham	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pillai's estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	Etayapuram	70	..	142	1,059	381	796	2,448	2,587	94.6
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

* The difference between this figure and that entered in column 17 of Statement IV is explained to be due to the latter including the expenditure incurred in previous faslis and adjusted during the fasli and to the former representing only the cost of work done during the fasli.
 † Works costing Rs. 10,031 appear to have been executed, but not adjusted within the fasli.
 ‡ Rs. 400 have been spent on account of incomplete works of fasli 1299.

Enclosure A to Statement No. IV.—Showing the expenditure incurred on Maramut (works) in the several estates under management, &c.—cont.

Districts.	Estates.	IRRIGATION WORKS.		BUILDINGS.		Communi- cations.	Establish- ments.	Total expenditure.	Allotment in the budget.	Percentage of expenditure to allotment.
		New works.	Repairs.	New works.	Repairs.					
Coimbatore	Matrabhi	Rs. ..	Rs. ..	Rs. ..	Rs. 291	Rs. 133	Rs. ..	Rs. 424	Rs. 1,655	53.
	Nolliyalam	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,216	2,684	45.3
	Erumanpatti	210	854	..	354	100	152	3,281	6,750	48.6
	Shulagiri	..	143	..	194	..	..	337	950	35.5
Salem	Yelagiri	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Royakota	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	B. Sarvotama Rao's estate	..	100	..	569	..	29	1,286	1,371	93.8
	K. Puttamma's estate	555	31	..	1,689	137	..	1,863	4,670	39.8
South Canara	Kavalpara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total		16,322	89,140	14,138	27,320	13,200	18,582	1,75,802	2,57,981	68.1

No. VI.—Statement showing the Educational progress

Districts.	Names of estates.	Names of the Wards.	Age at the end of the fasli.	AGE AND ATTAINMENTS WHEN TAKEN UNDER THE COURT.		Date when first put under tuition.	Class and school in which the Ward was reading during the year.	Number of school days.	Number of days the Ward attended school.
				Years.	Class for which fit.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ganjam.	Jarada ..	Sri Raghunatha Samanthuraya Deo.	20	9	..	15th June 1883.	First form, Native College, Berhampore.	195	169
	Dhárakót.	Sri Madana Mohana Simha Deo.	15	9	..	28th May 1885.	III class, private tuition.	149	142
	Bodogodo.	Sri Kesora Chandra Simha Deo.	6	..	..	16th Mar. 1890.	Under the tuition of the guardian.	360	240
	Kurla...	1. Tripasur Venkata Kondal Row.	20	15	IV Lower..	Jan. 1887.	V and VI classes, Native College, Berhampore.	195	181
		2. Tripasur Venkata Narasinga Row.	18	13	Do ..	Do.	VI class, Native College, Berhampore.	195	10
		3. Tripasur Venkata Jagannadha Row.	16	11	Lower and Upper Primary.	Do.	IV Lower and IV Upper classes, Native College, Berhampore.	193	11
		4. Tripasur Venkata Rama Row.	8	..	..	..	Private school at home, IV standard.	302	2
	Aeka ..	Tripasur Sandramma.	28	..	..	..	..	..	..

made by the Wards and their Relations in fasli 1300 (1890-91).

Subjects studied in the year.	RESULTS OF THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION.				General remarks.
	English language.	Mathematics.	History and Geography.	Vernacular.	
11	12	13	14	15	16
Marden's Third Reader. Geography—Asia. Arithmetic—Simple Rules. Sanskrit.	Was sick, and did not attend the examination.				Attendance, pretty fair; handwriting, good; general behaviour, good.
New Royal Reader, No. II, 53 pages. Arithmetic—Compound Rules, G.C.M., L.C.M., and easy problems. Geography—The World and the Madras Presidency, finished, and Asia commenced. Uriya—(Prose) Hitopadesu, Part II, finished; Sakuntala, 20 pages. (Poetry) Nalacharita, 240 lines; Radhanadharay's Grammar, 30 pages.	English Reader, very fair; Reading, fair; Dictation, very fair; Translation and speaking, fair.	Good ..	Geography, fair.	Prose and Poetry, good; Grammar, fair; Dictation, very good.	Attendance, very good; handwriting, English, fair; Uriya, very fair; general behaviour, very satisfactory.
A little portion in Uriya Primer. Multiplication tables in Uriya.	..	..	..	..	General behaviour, good.
1. Selections in Poetry and Prose (V Class). 2. English Manual of Grammar. 3. Euclid and Algebra. 4. History of India and English History. 5. Physics and Chemistry. 6. Vernacular — Matriculation text.	$\frac{48}{140}$	$\frac{32}{120}$	$\frac{37}{120}$	$\frac{37}{120}$	Attendance, good; handwriting, poor; general behaviour, good.
Matriculation Text-book for 1890. Physics and Chemistry; Euclid and Algebra; English and Indian History and Geography.	Appeared for the Matriculation Examination.				Attendance, good; handwriting, poor; general behaviour, good. (The ward did not study in the first term of the year.)
Barrow's Fourth Reader. Bradshaw's Fifth Reader. Vernacular—Nalacharitra. Venkayya's Grammar. History of India. Geography—Asia.	$\frac{43}{140}$	$\frac{41}{120}$	$\frac{11}{120}$	$\frac{26}{120}$	Attendance, good; handwriting, pretty fair; general behaviour, good.
English—First Book. Arithmetic—G.C.M., L.C.M. and Fractions. Sinclair's History of India. Geography of the Madras Presidency. Hygiene. Telugu—Poetry and Grammar.	..	..	..	..	Very attentive and regular in his studies; general behaviour, good.
.....	..	..	..	..	The Proprietrix was illiterate when the estate was taken under the Court's management. It is reported that she is being taught by a private tutor whom she pays from her towji (allowance).

No. VI.—Statement showing the Educational progress

Districts.	Names of estates.	Names of the Wards.	Age at the end of the fasli.	AGE AND ATTAINMENTS WHEN TAKEN UNDER THE COURT.		Date when first put under tuition.	Class and school in which the Ward was reading during the year.	Number of school days.	Number of days the Ward attended school.
				Years.	Class for which fit.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ganjam—cont.	Kallikót.	Sri Hari Hara Mar-daraja Deo.	19	16	..	July 1888.	Private tuition.	77	77
		Sri Brajaraja Deo.	15	10	..	Do. ..	Do. ..	77	77
Vizaga-patam.	Sripuram.	Sri Raja Inuganti Raja Gopalarayaningaru.	16	4	..	28th Apr. 1879.	Lower IV and Upper IV classes, Hindu College, Vizagapa-tam.	208	152
		I. Mindi Ramajogi Garu.	14	9	I Class	10th Apr. 1880.	III class, Municipal High School, Bimlipa-tam.	209	181

made by the Wards and their Relations in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.

Subjects studied in the year.	RESULTS OF THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION.				General remarks.
	English language.	Mathe-matics.	History and Geography.	Vernacular.	
11	12	13	14	15	16
Whole of Garthwaite's English First Book. Arithmetic—Simple Rules.	Reading and dictation, fair; translation, very fair.	..	..	..	Under Mr. Potts' private tuition at Madras. Uriya translation, fair; conduct, very good; and general behaviour, all that could be desired.
Whole of Garthwaite's English First Book. Arithmetic—Simple Rules.	Reading, pretty good; writing, fair; translation, fair.	..	..	..	Under Mr. Potts' private tuition at Madras. Uriya translation, middling; behaviour, very good.
From July to December 1890.					
1. Barrow's Fourth Reader—5 Lessons. Manual of English Grammar, pages 25—59. MacMordie's English Composition, pages 6—12.	77 180	84 200	65 120	23 155	Attendance, unsatisfactory; handwriting, general style, good, but unsettled; general behaviour, good; progress in mathematics and vernacular, bad.
2. Translation (Shanmukharam, Part II), Lessons 8—15. Sabdamanjari, pages 10—20. Sanskrit Poetry—Raghuvamsha, verses 20—50, 1 canto. Grammar — Bhandarkar's First Book, Lessons 8—15.					
3. Indian History (Sinclair's smaller book), pages 40—73. Geography (Duncan's Primer), Europe, pages 30—68.					
4. Arithmetic—Practice and Miscellaneous Problems. Algebra—Addition, Subtraction and Multiplication. Geometry—Book I, Propositions 2 to 4.					
From January to June 1891.					
1. English Prose—Royal Fifth Reader—5 Lessons. Poetry. Manual of English Grammar, pages 1—80. MacMordie's English Composition, pages 1—20.					Attendance and general behaviour, good.
2. Translation (Shanmukharam, Part III), 15 exercises. Sanskrit Poetry—Raghuvamsha, 50 verses, 1 canto. Sabdamanjari, pages 1—25. Bhandarkar's Sanskrit First Book, 1—25 lessons.					
3. Indian History—(Sinclair's smaller), pages 1—120. Geography (Duncan's Primer) Africa, America and Oceania. Arithmetic—To the end of simple proportion. Algebra—Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division. Geometry—First Book, Propositions I—XXXII.					
1. English—Marden's Third Reader, pages 1—30. Grammatical Primer, pages 1—40.	34 72	15 40	25 60	35 66	
2. Vernacular—Nalacharitam, 1—50 verses. Grammar—Venkayya's, pages 1—20.					
3. History—Sinclair's Indian; History—(Telugu). The British Period. Geography—Duncan's Europe (Telugu). The whole.					
4. Arithmetic—Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.					

No. VI.—Statement showing the Educational progress

Districts.	Names of estates.	Names of the Wards.	Age at the end of the fasli.	AGE AND ATTAINMENTS WHEN TAKEN UNDER THE COURT.		Date when first put under tuition.	Class and school in which the Ward was reading during the year.	Number of school days.	Number of days the Ward attended school.
				Years.	Class for which fit.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Vizagapatam—cont.	Appikon-da—cont.	2. Mindi Sri Ramachandram Garu.	13	8	Preparatory class.	15th July 1882.	III class, Municipal High School, Bimlipatam.	209	200
		3. Mindi Subramanyam Garu.	10	5	Not of school-going age.	January 1885.	I Town School, Bimlipatam.	227	165
	Lakka-varam.	Sri Rajah Mantri-pragada Bhujanga Row Garu.	15	3	..	10th Oct. 1880.	V class, Mission school, Ellore.	182	16
Godavari	Tangel-lamudi.	Sri Rajah Velugoti Govinda Krishna Yachendralu Garu.	11	10	I Class ..	9th April 1890.	II class (private tuition).	213	2
	Pithapuram.	Sri Rajah Row Venkataramanayamma Garu.	5	4	..	23rd Oct. 1890.	Private tuition.	..	..

made by the Wards and their Relations in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.

Subjects studied in the year.	RESULTS OF THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION.				General remarks.
	English language.	Mathematics.	History and Geography.	Vernacular.	
11	12	13	14	15	16
1. English—Marden's Third Reader, pages 1-30. Grammatical Primer, pages 1-40. 2. Vernacular—Nalacharithram, 1-50 verses. Grammar—Venkayya's, pages 1-20. 3. History—Sinclair's Indian History (Telugu). The British Period. Geography—Duncan's Europe (Telugu). The whole. 4. Arithmetic—Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.	25 72	15 40	27 60	23 68	Attendance and general behaviour good.
1. English—Whole of Garthwaite's First Book. 2. Vernacular Prose—Mr. Joss' Second Book. Poetry—Nithimanjari, 1-40 verses. Grammar—Seshayya's, pages 1-16. 3. History—Sinclair's Indian History (Telugu), pages 1-40. Geography—Madras Presidency, pages 1-47. 4. Arithmetic—Venkatesubbarow's first four rules.	14 50	10 56	11 20	23 60	Do. do.
1. English—Matriculation Text Book for 1891. Bain's English Grammar. 2. Telugu—Uttara Ramayanam. History of Kuslavulu. Harischandrapakyanam. Chinnayya Suri's Grammar. 3. History—Sinclair's Indian and English Histories. Manual of Geography. Arithmetic, Algebra and Geometry. Physics and Chemistry.	517 885	576 1235	404 905	142 260	The Principal of the School remarks as follows:— I am well satisfied with the way in which the student's work in school has been carried on. His place in the class is always a high one.
English—Garthwaite's Second Reader, first 30 pages. Royal Reader No. II, first 29 pages. Grammatical Primer, first 23 pages. Geography—(Telugu) Duncan's—Asia. History—(Telugu) Sinclair's, first 43 pages. Arithmetic—G.C.M., L.C.M., Vulgar Fractions and easy problems.	101 200	73 100	56 100	136 268	Conduct, good: progress, satisfactory.
English—Alphabet and some words in Vocabulary. Arithmetic—Numeration and Notation (up to a limited extent). Telugu—Alphabet, spelling and names.	..	..	..	..	....

No. VI.—Statement showing the Educational progress

Districts.	Names of estates.	Names of the Wards.	Age at the end of the fasli.	AGE AND ATTAINMENTS WHEN TAKEN UNDER THE COURT.		Date when first put under tuition.	Class and school in which the Ward was reading during the year.	Number of school days.	Number of days the Ward attended school.
				Years.	Class for which fit.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Kistna..	Mailavaram.	1. Rajah Suranani Venkata Purushothama Jagannatha Gopal Row Bahadur.	17	13	III Class ..	August 1888.	Upper IV class, Noble College, Masulipatam.	185	147
		2. Rajah Suranani Venkata Papayya Row Bahadur.	15	12	I Class ..	Do. ..	Lower IV class, Noble College, Masulipatam.	185	184
		3. Rajah Suranani Venkata Narayana Row Bahadur.	14	10	Do. ..	October 1888.	III class, Noble College, Masulipatam.	77	78
North Arcot.	Kapiles-warapuram.	Rajah Vekata Rangayya Appa Row Bahadur.	17	14	III Class ..	1888 ..	Upper IV class and Form IV, Pachchapah's College.	126	112
	Timmajiammal's estate.	Timmajiammal ..	12	8	I Standard.	20th December 1887.	Private tuition.	..	..
	Pulicherla.	1. Venkatachन्द्रappa Nayani Varu.	16	13	III Standard (I Class).	20th January 1888.	IV Standard, Local Fund Primary School, Chittoor.	243	92
		2. Kadiramma ..	12	8	..	..	..	..	..

made by the Wards and their Relations in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.

Subjects studied in the year.	RESULTS OF THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION.				General remarks.
	English language.	Mathematics.	History and Geography.	Vernacular.	
11	12	13	14	15	16
English—Fifth Reader. Manual of Grammar and General English. Arithmetic—Decimal Fractions, Proportion, Interest, &c. Algebra—First four rules. Geometry—First Book. Sanskrit—Bombay First Book with some slokas of its latter part and Sabdamanjari. Indian History—Mogul and British periods. Manual of Geography and Duncan's Indian Geography. Psalms, Old and New Testament stories in the Bible.	86 200	66 200	32. 100	44 100	....
English—Fifth Reader. Manual of Grammar (Orthography and Etymology). Arithmetic—Vulgar and Decimal Fractions, Practice and some problems. Algebra—Addition and Subtraction. Geometry—Book I, Proposition 1 to 16. Indian History—Hindu and Muhammadan periods. Manual of Geography (Europe). Duncan's Indian Geography (Madras Presidency). Sanskrit—Raghuvamsum, Sabdamanjari and Calcutta First Book. Bible.	51 200	24 100	38 100	44 100	....
English—Fourth Reader. Grammatical Primer. Arithmetic—Vulgar Fractions and some problems. Indian History (Telugu). Duncan's Geography (Asia). Telugu—Nalacharitam Panchatantram, Venkayya's Grammar and Vibaktichandrika. Bible.	The minor was admitted into the 3rd class in the latter part of January 1891, and hence had no annual examination.				....
Middle School and Matriculation Text-books.	58 120	74 120	50 125	45 120	Under Mr. Potts' tuition at Madras. Conduct, very good.
English—First Book. Telugu Poetry. Seshayya's Grammar. Telugu Geography—Madras Presidency. Arithmetic—Simple and Compound Rules. Needlework.	..	..	..	..	Under Miss Mary Connolly's private tuition at Ranipet. Telugu handwriting, good; conduct, good.
Telugu—Third Reader. Poetry and Grammar. History. Geography. Arithmetic. English—Second Reader.	The ward appeared for the Primary School Examination and passed in the optional subjects, viz., History and Geography only.				Very irregular in his attendance; handwriting, fair; general behaviour, reported to be not satisfactory.
..	..	..	..	..	Reading at home under a private tutor.

No. VI.—Statement showing the Educational progress

Districts.	Names of estates.	Names of the Wards.	Age at the end of the fasli.	AGE AND ATTAINMENTS WHEN TAKEN UNDER THE COURT.		Date when first put under tuition.	Class and school in which the Ward was reading during the year.	Number of school days.	Number of days the Ward attended school.
				Years.	Class for which fit.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Chingleput.	Panaiyur.	1. C. T. Kalappa Mudaliar.	18	14	IV Lower or 2nd Form.	25th September 1887.	V and VI classes, Native High School, Mylapore, and Wesleyan College, Rayapet.	194	164
		2. C. T. Arumuga Mudaliar.	16	12	II Class ..	Do.	III and IV forms, do.	194	163
	Ukkadai.	Annasawmi Tevar.	19	7	..	..	IV Upper class (III form), St. Peter's College, Tanjore.	168	131
	Gandharvakota.	Suryanarayana Pandarathar.	17	7	Elementary.	19th Aug. 1881.	I Form, St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly.	197	121
Tanjore.	Mathur.	M. S. Natarajan..	19	11	III Class ..	28th Jan. 1880.	Junior and Senior B.A. classes, Presidency College.	141	127
	Singavanam.	Dorai Rajah alias Servai Vijja Raghunatha Aiyarappa Meikan Gopalar.	18	10	II Standard.	November 1884.	Lower Secondary class, St. Peter's College, Tanjore.	142	105

made by the Wards and their Relations in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.

Subjects studied in the year.	RESULTS OF THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION.				General remarks.
	English language.	Mathematics.	History and Geography.	Vernacular.	
11	12	13	14	15	16
.....	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	The ward is very intelligent, but unfortunately has no tendency to sit and read.
.....	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{3}{5}$	The junior ward possesses no natural endowments, but is a little more steady.
Text-books prescribed for the Middle School Examination.	Did not appear for the examination.				Attendance, regular; conduct, uniformly good. The ward has been taking greater interest in his studies than in former years.
English, Tamil, Arithmetic, History and Geography.	$\frac{11}{110}$	Absent.	$\frac{3}{70}$	$\frac{28}{80}$	The Manager of the College states as follows:— “The conduct of the minor is quite unsatisfactory. He is very irregular in attending the class. His application is not at all good. He keeps bad company. He never comes to sleep in the room allotted to him within the precincts of the college. He absents himself without permission during the examinations. Never listens to the advice and directions of his guardian.”
English, Sanskrit and Chemistry.	$\frac{105}{200}$	Chemistry. 39 180	..	$\frac{42}{120}$	Conduct, good.
English—1. Bradshaw's Fifth Reader, in Prose 1—50 pages, in Poetry 110—125 pages. 2. Manual of Grammar, Etymology and first 20 rules in syntax. Tamil—The whole of Anthology No. II and Mahalinga Iyer's Grammar. Arithmetic—Problems in Arithmetic, chapters 1 to 18. Mathematics—The first 36 propositions in Euclid. From the beginning to the end of L. C. M. in Algebra. History and Geography—Sinclair's Indian History. Duncan's Geography—Asia and Europe.	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	Attendance, satisfactory; handwriting, good; general behaviour, satisfactory.

No. VI.—Statement showing the Educational progress

Districts.	Names of estates.	Names of the Wards.	Age at the end of the fasli.	AGE AND ATTAINMENTS WHEN TAKEN UNDER THE COURT.		Date when first put under tuition.	Class and school in which the Ward was reading during the year.	Number of school days.	Number of days the Ward attended school.
				Years.	Class for which fit.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Tanjore —cont.	Palaya- vanam.	Andavaraya Vana- gamudi Pan- darathar.	8	4	I Standard.	16th Mar. 1888.	..	..	..
	Edama- nal.	1. Vija Ragha- valu Naidu.	11	9	I Class ..	7th Mar. 1887.	IV and V standard classes, Town High School, Kumbakō- nam.	195	185
		2. Muthukrishna Naidu.	9	6	II Standard.	7th Mar. 1887.	III and IV standard classes, Town High School, Kumbakō- nam.	205	191
	Karuva- lakarai.	Vallal alias Suri Chetty.	5	4	..	1st July 1890.	A.V. School at Karu- valakamai.	..	..
	Peramur.	Prasanna Venkatesa Iyer.	18	17	VI Class ..	Jan. 1882.	VI class, S.P.G. College.	160	112
	N. Du- raiswami Aiyar's estate.	1. N. D. Lakshmi- narayana Aiyar.	15	4	..	26th Jan. 1882.	VIII and IX classes, S.P.G. College.	148	140
		2. N. D. Subha- rama Aiyar.	11	..	..	7th June 1886.	III class and II Form, S.P.G. College.	177	145
	Marun- gapuri.	1. Krishna Vijaya Puchayya Na- yakar.	6	3	..	1890 ..	..	..	..
		2. Rukmaniammal.	13	10	..	..	..	..	..
	N. Ran- gaswami Aiyar's estate.	1. N. R. Annadurai Aiyar.	16	13	IV Lower.	1883 ..	VI class, S.P.G. College.	160	155
Trichi- nopoly.	N. Ran- gaswami Aiyar's estate.	2. N. R. Nataraja Aiyar.	8	5	..	..	..	..	..
		1. Srinivasa Aiyar- gar.	16	13	V Class ..	1882 ..	VI class, S.P.G. College.	164	142
	Singam Aiyar- gar's estate.	2. Rangasawmi Aiyangar.	15	12	Do. ..	1883 ..	Do. ..	164	142
		B. Chocka- lingan Pillai's estate.	10	9	II Class ..	Not known.	III class, S.P.G. College, Trichinopoly.	..	..
	Saptūr ..	Ramasawmi Ka- mayya Nayakar.	10	6	..	1st Jan. 1887.	III class, private tuition.	295	278
	Madura.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

made by the Wards and their Relations in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.

Subjects studied in the year.	RESULTS OF THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION.				General remarks.
	English language.	Mathe- matics.	History and Geography.	Vernacular.	
11	12	13	14	15	16
Tamil—Nulatharam, Part I, and 15 lessons, in Nulatharam, Part II.	..	..	..	..	General behaviour, good. The ward is studying under a private tutor.
Arithmetic—Simple Additions and Subtractions.	..	..	..	..	..
English, Arithmetic, History and Geography and Tamil.	$\frac{62}{70}$	$\frac{20}{30}$	$\frac{26}{45}$	$\frac{35}{45}$	Attendance, regular; behaviour, good.
English, Arithmetic, History and Geography and Tamil.	$\frac{25}{40}$	$\frac{2}{50}$	$\frac{32}{50}$	$\frac{28}{40}$	Attendance, regular; behaviour, good.
Tamil Alphabet and Spelling-book.	..	..	..	..	....
Text-books for the Matriculation Examination.	$\frac{7}{30}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{18}{65}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	....
....	$\frac{54}{95}$	Science $\frac{9}{35}$	..	$\frac{9}{24}$	....
....	$\frac{5}{28}$	$\frac{7}{20}$	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	....
....	..	..	..	..	The ward is studying under a private tutor.
....	..	..	..	..	Do.
....	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{10}$	$\frac{22}{65}$	$\frac{29}{80}$	....
....	..	..	..	..	The ward is studying under a private tutor.
....	$\frac{41}{120}$	$\frac{19}{60}$	$\frac{3}{18}$	$\frac{9}{40}$	....
....	$\frac{53}{120}$	$\frac{29}{60}$	$\frac{23}{65}$	$\frac{41}{80}$	....
....	..	..	..	..	The ward joined the college only recently.
English—Garthwaite's Second Book, pages 15-138. Marsden's Third Book, pages 61-76. Elements of English Grammar, pages 1-24. Arithmetic—Down to Vulgar Fractions. Geography—Madras Presidency and Asia, pages 1-12. History of India (Tamil), pages 27-84. Tamil—Third Reader, Anthology, Parts I and II, and Pope's Grammar No. I (pages 86).	..	..	..	..	Attendance, good; hand-writing, improving; and general behaviour, good.

No. VI.—Statement showing the Educational progress

Districts.	Names of estates.	Names of the Wards.	Age at the end of the fasli.	AGE AND ATTAINMENTS WHEN TAKEN UNDER THE COURT.		Date when first put under tuition.	Class and school in which the Ward was reading during the year.	Number of school days.	Number of days the Ward attended school.
				Years.	Class for which fit.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10.
Madura—cont.	Vadagarai.	V. Ramabadra Naick.	17	8	..	24th Sept. 1880.	VI class, Native College, Madura.	200	176
	Mambarai.	1. Venkatrama Naick.	11	9	..	..	III standard.	..	..
		2. Parasurama Naick.	9	7	..	..	I standard.	..	..
		3. Malla Bommi Naick.	7	5	..	..	Infant standard.	..	..
	Vadimitta.	Ponnusami Moniyagar.	13	2	..	1st Jan. 1884.	III Class.	261	261
Tinnevely.	Anavaram Pillai's estate.	Sivasubramania Pillai.	13	12	Lower IV Class.	1887	Lower IV class, Church Mission School, Tinnevely.	170	95
	Etaiyapuram.	Jagaveera Rama Venkateswara Ettappayan.	12	11	III Class	1888	III class (private tuition).	213	189
Coimbatore.	Metrañhi.	Venkata Rangasawmi Nathama Nayakar.	10	2	..	26th Sept. 1887.	II class, Board Primary School, Udumalpet.	135	105
	Shulagiri.	Sriman Masti Mummadi Ramachandra Raja Garu.	9	..	..	27th Jan. 1887.	II Standard class, Local Fund Primary School, Shulagiri.	268	185
Salem ..	Yelagiri.	I. Muni Papi Reddi.	16	12	V Standard.	21st Sept. 1887.	III and IV forms, Church of Scotland Mission High School, Vellore.	165	106

made by the Wards and their Relations in fasli 1300 (1890-91)—cont.

Subjects studied in the year.	RESULTS OF THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION.				
	English language.	Mathe-matics.	History and Geography.	Vernacular.	
11	12	13	14	15	16
....	The minor appeared for the Matriculation of December 1890, but failed to				
English, Tamil, Arithmetic and Geography.	14 40	8 30			
Tamil and Arithmetic.				10 18	
Do.		18			Under a private tutor.
English—1—60. Grammatical Primer. Arithmetic—Fractions and Decimals. History—India, pages 1—120. Geography—Europe. Tamil—Anthology, Part II, 35 stanzas. Mahalingier's—Grammar, 100 rules.	100	24 50	45 120 History 23 Geogra- 60 phy.	15 35 Grammar 20 30 Text.	
	20 100	16 160	19 110	17 100	Attendance, poor; handwriting, fair; general behaviour at school, satisfactory; but he is reported to be inattentive and his behaviour out of school is said to be unsatisfactory.
English—Third Reader, pages 30—40. Aesop's fables—Pages 1—9. Grammatical Primer—pages 22—37. Selections in English Poetry—64 lines. Arithmetic—to the end of Decimals and Simple Rule of Three. History and Geography—Indian History pages 40—59. Duncan's Asia, pages 33—58. Tamil—Fourth Reader, pages 34—62. Anthology, Part II, stanzas 33—63. Grammar—Verbs and a part of participles. Sanskrit—Bashamanjari, pages 1—41.	19 35	25 36	22 32	15 27 Tamil 15 20 Sanskrit.	Attendance, good; behaviour, decent; handwriting, poor; and general progress, fair.
Tamil—Vulatharam, Part II, pages 1—60. Anthology, Part I, 20 lines. Arithmetic—Addition, Subtraction and Multiplication.					Attendance, fair; hand improving; general behaviour, good.
Telugu—First Reader, Part II. Arithmetic. Geography.		5 30		13 20	
....	17 120	18 120	8 80	8 40	Passed the Middle School Examination. Conduct, good; handwriting, middling.

No. VI.—Statement showing the Educational progress

Names of the Wards.	Age at the end of the last.	AGE AND ATTAINMENTS WHEN TAKEN UNDER THE COURT.		Date when first put under tuition.	Class and school in which the Ward was reading during the year.	Number of school days.	Number of days the Ward attended school.
		Years.	Class for which fit.				
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Canara. Rao's estate.		4	Alphabet Class.	1st April	II standard, Municipal Hindu Primary School, Tirupatūr.	267	200
Malabar. { Kavalpara.	1. Parvathi Nethiar (mother of Nos. 2 and 3).	25	Was under a M. S. yalam, 1872, but discontinued her studies in 1881.				
	2. Kavalpara Nayar named Kuman Raman.	9	I Standard.	Dec. 1886.	IV standard, Kavalpara Primary School, Kavalpara. Canceled from February 1891.	176	152
	3. Narayani Nethiar.	7	Infant Standard.	Dec. 1888.	II standard, Primary School, Kavalpara.	257	155

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