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Report on the Administration
of the Dept. of Salt-
Revenue in the
Presidency of
Fort St. George

1886-87



1888

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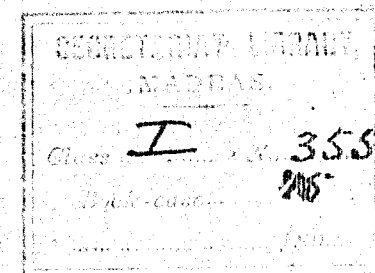
OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF SALT REVENUE

IN THE

PRESIDENCY OF FORT ST. GEORGE,

FOR THE YEAR 1886-87.

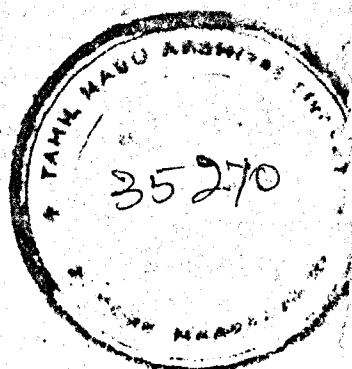


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செப்பனிருபவர் பயர் பதின்
செப்பனிருவதற்காக எடுத்த
செப்பனிருபட்ட நாள் 1996
செப்பனிரு முடிந்த நாள் 1996
சுரீபா. ரகுபதி
மு. பா. ரு.
கைமொப்பம் கைமொப்பம்

(SEPARATE REVENUE).

The Board submit to Government their Report on the Administration of the Sa Revenue in the Madras Presidency and in Orissa for 1886-87.

2. The services of Mr. Bliss were placed at the disposal of the Government of India from April 1, 1886, for employment first as a member of the Finance Committee and, after the dissolution of that Committee, on special duty with the Finance Commissioner with the Government of India until March 13, 1887, on which date the Government of India replaced his services at the disposal of the Government of Madras, when Mr. Bliss obtained furlough to Europe for 20 months. Mr. C. A. Galton, C.S., who was appointed to act for Mr. Bliss during his absence assumed charge of the office of the Commissioner of Salt and Abkari Revenue and Additional Member of the Board of Revenue on the forenoon of April 1, 1886, and held the office until November 13, 1886. He then availed himself of privilege leave for three months and was relieved by Mr. H. Bradley, C.S., who was in charge of the office until November 22, 1886, on which date Mr. Willock, C.S., who was appointed to act for Mr. Galton assumed charge. Mr. Willock remained in charge until February 14, 1887, on which date Mr. Galton resumed charge.

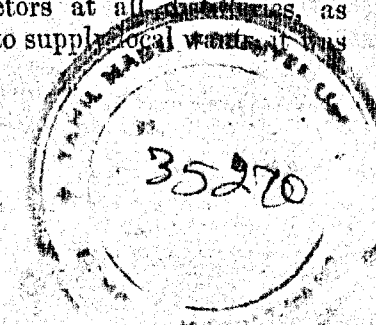
3. Mr. W. Fowler continued to act as Deputy Commissioner of the Northern Division until February 25, 1887, on which date Mr. J. H. Merriman, Deputy Commissioner, who was on his return from furlough posted to the Division assumed charge.

4. Mr. Sneyd continued to hold the office of the Deputy Commissioner of the Central Division throughout the year.

5. Mr. Bryce McMaster continued to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of the Southern Division until January 26, 1887, on which date Mr. Rundall resumed charge.

6. Mr. Bradley continued on special duty with the Commissioner, and Mr. E. L. Millett held the office of the Personal Assistant to the Commissioner throughout the year.

7. The remnant stocks of Excise Salt at the factories in the Kundapur Circle were completely cleared during the year. The Police guards and the Factory establishments therefore were dispensed with and proposals for the revision of the establishments consequent upon the final abolition of the factories in the Circle with the usual proposition statements, one for the abolition of the Police guards and the subordinate factory establishments with effect from 1st April 1887, and the other for the transfer of five and reduction by two in the number of Sub-Inspectors, were submitted before the close of the year. For the distilleries in the Presidency twenty-one Assistant Inspectors have been specially sanctioned, but only fifteen have been as yet entertained; for, though the sanction would cover the employment of officers of the grade of Assistant Inspectors at all distilleries, as those on the West Coast are unimportant and only intended to supply local wants, the



considered that the entertainment of officers of the rank of Assistant Inspectors would be unnecessarily expensive, and it was decided to post five Sub-Inspectors from the abolished factories to supervise them. Proposals for the transfer of the Assistant Inspector employed at Kundapur to the Theethandathanam sub-station of the Vattanam Factory were also submitted. It had been originally intended to work this station as well as the Vattanam Factory with one Assistant Inspector, sales being held on alternate days at each place, but it has since been found necessary to hold sales at both stations daily. The above proposals have been sanctioned by the Local Government since the close of the year.

G.O., dated May 31, 1887,
No. 525, Revenue.

8. Sanction of the Government of India to an annual expenditure of Rs. 924, being the amount of additions to the salaries of one Assistant Inspector and four Sub-Inspectors permanently employed on supervision of fish-curing yards on the West Coast to bring them up to the revised average rates of the respective grades, not included in the sanction conveyed in their letter of the 10th December 1885, No. 511, was sought for and obtained.

G.O., dated November 17,
1886, No. 996, Revenue.

9. The abolition of the Salt Factory at Vaippar having been sanctioned in G.O., dated 7th February 1885, No. 157, Revenue, proposals for the abolition of the establishments allotted to that factory and for the alterations in the Circle establishments entailed thereby, as well as for effecting certain changes in the constitution of the Tinnevely, Tuticorin and Madura Circles, were submitted and sanctioned. On the clearance of the stock of Salt at Vaippar, the Assistant Inspector attached to that factory was transferred to the Mutturagunathapatnam Factory for which no officer of that class had been sanctioned. An addition of one Assistant Inspector has, therefore, been made to the Morekolum Circle.

G.O., dated November 1,
1886, No. 948, Revenue.

10. Some changes were also made in the establishments of the Calingapatam, Vizianagram, Yellamanchili and Balacheruvu Circles consequent upon the re-arrangement of their boundaries, the allocation of the preventive forces for these Circles having been originally made solely with reference to the Salt duties of the Department.

G.O., dated May 3, 1887,
No. 421, Revenue.

11. A few hands attached to the Naupada Circle were transferred to the Ganjam Circle. The Naupada Factory was considerably the stronger in establishments. At the time of the re-organization, it had been allowed a larger number of men for the orderly and for storage and sales in consideration of its being a heavier factory and having more extensive transactions. The position of the two factories has, however, materially changed since they were re-organized. Ganjam has been considerably extended and this has materially added to the duties of its establishments.

G.O., dated June 2, 1887,
No. 535, Revenue.

12. The preventive establishments required for guarding distilleries and excise depôts in the Presidency at a total cost of Rs. 820 a month was sanctioned on the understanding that the full complement for each distillery should be entertained only when absolutely necessary and subject to report at the end of the year.

G.O., dated June 24, 1886,
No. 516, Revenue.

13. As applications were being received for licenses to open warehouses for country spirits in accordance with the rules published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 28th May 1886, as Government Notification No. 182, dated 20th idem, and as it was in some cases found impossible to provide officers for the supervision of them from the existing establishments, the sanction of Government to the entertainment of as many additional Sub-Inspectors with orderlies as might from time to time become necessary was applied for and accorded, subject to a quarterly report and on the understanding that it involved no expenditure whatever on Government. Wherever the existing establishments therefore cannot be spared to supervise a warehouse, the cost will be recovered from the warehouse-keeper under rule 2 of the rules.

G.O., dated November 23,
1886, No. 1025, Revenue.

14. Pending a final decision on the question of the suppression of the manufacture of Earth-Salt in the Native State of Pudukôta, which, it is hoped, will be arrived at before the end of the current year, the sanction of the Government of India was obtained to the continuance for another year, from April 1, 1887, of the additional Preventive Establishment consisting of one Inspector, one clerk and six peons which had been previously sanctioned, temporarily for two years, on account of the heavy work entailed on the staff of the Trichinopoly Circle in this connection. Mr. Bliss' anticipation that work would materially increase were the Inspector able to exercise more supervision has proved correct, as the statistics of offences against the Salt and Abkâri laws, &c., for the last five years show. The latter branch is, of course, a perfectly new one, and the extra work due to it was not contemplated by Mr. Bliss when he submitted his proposal for the Second Circle.

G.O., dated April 27, 1887,
No. 404, Revenue.

15. Sanction was accorded by the Local Government, subject to the confirmation of the Government of India, to the entertainment of an additional establishment consisting of one Sub-Inspector, two petty officers and fourteen peons on account of the extension of the Neidavasal Factory in the Negapatam Division.

G.O., dated June 7, 1887,
No. 556, Revenue.

16. Owing to increase of preventive work year after year the clerical work of the Yellamanchili Circle office was found too heavy for one clerk to perform efficiently. The services of a Sub-Inspector borne on the strength of the Balacheruvu Factory, which had been available for this work in the Yellamanchili Circle for the previous two years, could be spared no longer owing to resumption of manufacture at Balacheruvu. They will, however, be available during the off season, and proposals for the appointment of an additional clerk to this Circle for a period of six months annually were submitted. The sanction of the Local Government, subject to the confirmation of the Government of India, was received after the close of the year.

G.O., dated June 15, 1887,
No. 537, Revenue.

17. Some changes were made in the establishment of the Cuddalore Circle consequent upon the revised arrangement made for the conveyance of letters from the Sub-Factories of Manambadi and Kamblimedu to and from Cuddalore.

G.O., dated January 20,
1887, No. 50, Revenue.

18. Sanction of Government for posting to Nellikuppam a Sub-Inspector as an assistant to the Distillery Officer was obtained as a single officer could not satisfactorily cope with the work which devolved on him owing to the magnitude of Messrs. Parry and Co.'s operations there.

G.O., dated May 25, 1887,
No. 510, Revenue.

19. Sanction for the entertainment of establishments consisting of one Assistant Inspector, one Sub-Inspector, one clerk and a few petty officers and peons required to work the Manakkudi Factory on the coast of the Madura District was obtained during the year.

G.O., dated March 21, 1887,
Mis. No. 1810, Revenue.

20. The boundaries of the Negapatam Circle were made coincident with those of the taluk and sanction was obtained for the entertainment of an Assistant Inspector and a few menials for the more effective supervision of the preventive work in that Circle. Owing to heavy factory work it was found impossible for the Inspector to carry on the preventive work in an efficient manner without the aid of this additional staff.

G.O., dated October 14,
1886, No. 893, Revenue.

21. Sanction of the Secretary of State to the appointment of the Inspectors for the Palghat and Madras Town Circles, mentioned in the last year's report, was received during the year. The Secretary of State, however, took exception to the large expenditure which has recently been incurred in connection with the re-organization of the Salt and Abkâri Department in this Presidency, remarking that the sums sanctioned since 1878, aggregate about Rs. 3,15,000 per annum; he also made a comparison between the cost of administration of the Salt and Abkâri Revenue in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, which he considered as demonstrating, that the revenue in the latter Presidency is realized

G.O., dated October 21,
1886, No. 918, Revenue.

at a much less cost, and he therefore directed that the whole charge (Rs. 43,404) on account of the establishment in question including the cost of employing the two Inspectors (Rs. 7,800) should be reduced so as to bring the total increase of expenditure within the annual sum of Rs. 35,600. Practical effect was given to these instructions by the withdrawal of the Inspectors of the Nilgiris and Madanapalle Circles, the Salt and Abkari work of which during the last three years has been of too light a nature to justify their retention as separate Circles each under an Inspector. Pending the submission of the detailed scheme for their formal abolition the two Circles were placed under the charge of the Inspectors of the Coimbatore and Cuddapah Circles, respectively. The above arrangements leave the total number of Inspectors the same as before, and as no addition has been made to the number of Inspectors in the Rs. 300 and Rs. 350 grades, the cost is not increased by the employment of the Inspectors in the town of Madras and Palghat instead of in the Nilgiris and Madanapalle Circles.

22. The Palghat Circle was actually formed during the year under report, but it was considered desirable to postpone the formation of the Madras Town Circle until a scheme in connection with the Madras Town Abkari could be worked out in detail.

23. Sanction of Government for the transfer of the head-quarters of the Inspector, Kundapur Circle, from Kundapur to Udipi which is more central, was received during the year.

24. The temporary transfer of the head-quarters of the Assistant Commissioner, Chatrapur Division, to Berhampore was sanctioned during the year on the ground that no suitable accommodation could be procured for that officer and his office at Chatrapur.

25. The review of the operations in the Province of Orissa, during the year 1886-87, will be found in Chapter XIV.*

CHAPTER II.—LEGISLATION.

26. No legislation affecting the Department took place during the year under review. The draft of the Consolidated Salt Act, referred to in paragraph 21 of last year's Administration Report as having been submitted by the Commissioner in March 1886, was reviewed by the Board and is now before Government. Rules under Section 27, Clause (e) of the Salt Laws Amendment Act (Madras) I of 1882, were framed by the Local Government during the year for the regulation of export of Salt to British Indian Ports; these rules permit of the removal of Salt from a Salt Factory or Depôt, either on pre-payment of duty or under bond, and subject to the observance of certain conditions, one of which is that the export must be in square-rigged vessels or in steamers of not less than 300 tons burden, concede to the exporter an allowance on the actual wastage, not exceeding 5 per cent. on the whole shipment.

CHAPTER III.—DISTRICT GAZETTED OFFICERS.

27. Mr. J. A. P. Sneyd, Second Grade Assistant Commissioner, and Acting Deputy Commissioner, was confirmed in the latter appointment in consequence of Mr. Willock's reversion to the Land Revenue Department. The other changes under this head are the promotion of one Assistant Commissioner (Mr. Bryce McMaster), from the fourth to the third grade; and the confirmation of Messrs. P. W. N. Farrer and E. R. R. Mainwaring in their acting appointments in the fourth grade of Assistant Commissioner. The appointment of the Assistant Commissioner (for the charge of the Chatrapur Division), mentioned in the last year's Report as vacant, was permanently filled up during the year. The vacancies caused by the deputation or absence on leave of Assistant Commissioners during the year were filled up by promotions of Inspectors.

28. The effect of the changes above referred to was as under :—

Assistant Commissioners.

Grade.	Pay.	STRENGTH ON MARCH 31, 1886.		STRENGTH ON MARCH 31, 1887.	
		Sanctioned.	Actual.	Sanctioned.	Actual.
1st	Rs. 800	2	...	2	...
2nd	700	2	3	2	2
3rd	600	3	1	3	2
4th	500	3	5	3	6
Total ...		10	9	10	10

CHAPTER IV.—SALT FACTORIES AND DEPÔTS.

29. The Excise Factories of Harnad, Angali and Vaderhobli in the Kundapur Circle of the South Canara District, the abolition of which was sanctioned in G.O., dated February 11, 1885, No. 175, Revenue, were actually closed in March 1887. A small quantity of Salt remained in store at the end of that month and this the licensees relinquished to Government as the rent of the godowns would have amounted to more than they would have realized by its sale.

30. The Excise System was extended during the year under review to the following Factories :—

Factories.	Districts.	Salt Divisions.
Nanpada	Ganjam	Chicasole.
Karasa	Vizagapatam	Do.
Kanuparti	Nellore	Nellore.
Vadasamanjeri	Chingleput	Chingleput.
Covelong	Do.	Do.
Tranquebar	Tanjore	Negapatam.
Morekolum	Madura	Tinnevely.
Muturagunâthapatnam	Do.	Do.
Kuttanguli	Tinnevely	Do.

31. Allowing for the above changes, the number of Salt Factories worked on the Excise System was 40, while the remaining 6 continued under Monopoly. A map showing the Factories under the Monopoly System and those under Excise will be found between pages 6 and 7. Proposals were submitted for the extension of the Excise System in the season of 1887 to Chinna Ganjam in the Nellore and Kattumavadi in the Negapatam Divisions, but were negatived by Government as the further extension of that system was not considered advisable pending their orders on the report of the Committee appointed to consider and report upon the quality of Salt.

32. Sanction was accorded during the year to the extension of the Neidavasal Factory in the Negapatam Division on the application of a native firm who undertook to acquire the lands and to execute all the works necessary for the purpose. The additional area brought under cultivation is 58 acres which is estimated to produce 70,000 maunds per annum.

33. Sanction was also obtained to reopen under the Excise System the abandoned pans at Pethankuppam in the South Arcot District. They consist of 92.62 acres and are estimated to produce 72,000 maunds per annum. It has since been decided, however, not to lease out this factory pending the settlement of the question as to the partial revival of monopoly.

34. The area of manufacture at the marginally-noted factories was extended by the assignment of certain adjacent waste lands. The amount realized by the sale of the right to manufacture Salt therein for a term of ten years was Rs. 13,220-8-0, which was carried to the credit of Land Revenue.

	Acre.	Cent.	Amount realized
			Rs. A. P.
Konada	..	53	179 0 0
Kattur	13	97	163 0 0
Vayalur	173	87	7,539 0 0
Athipat	99	64	4,310 0 0
Vallur	16	14	1,030 0 0
Kamblimedu	..	14	7 8 0
Negapatam	6	97	18 0 0
Total ..	311	26	13,220 8 0

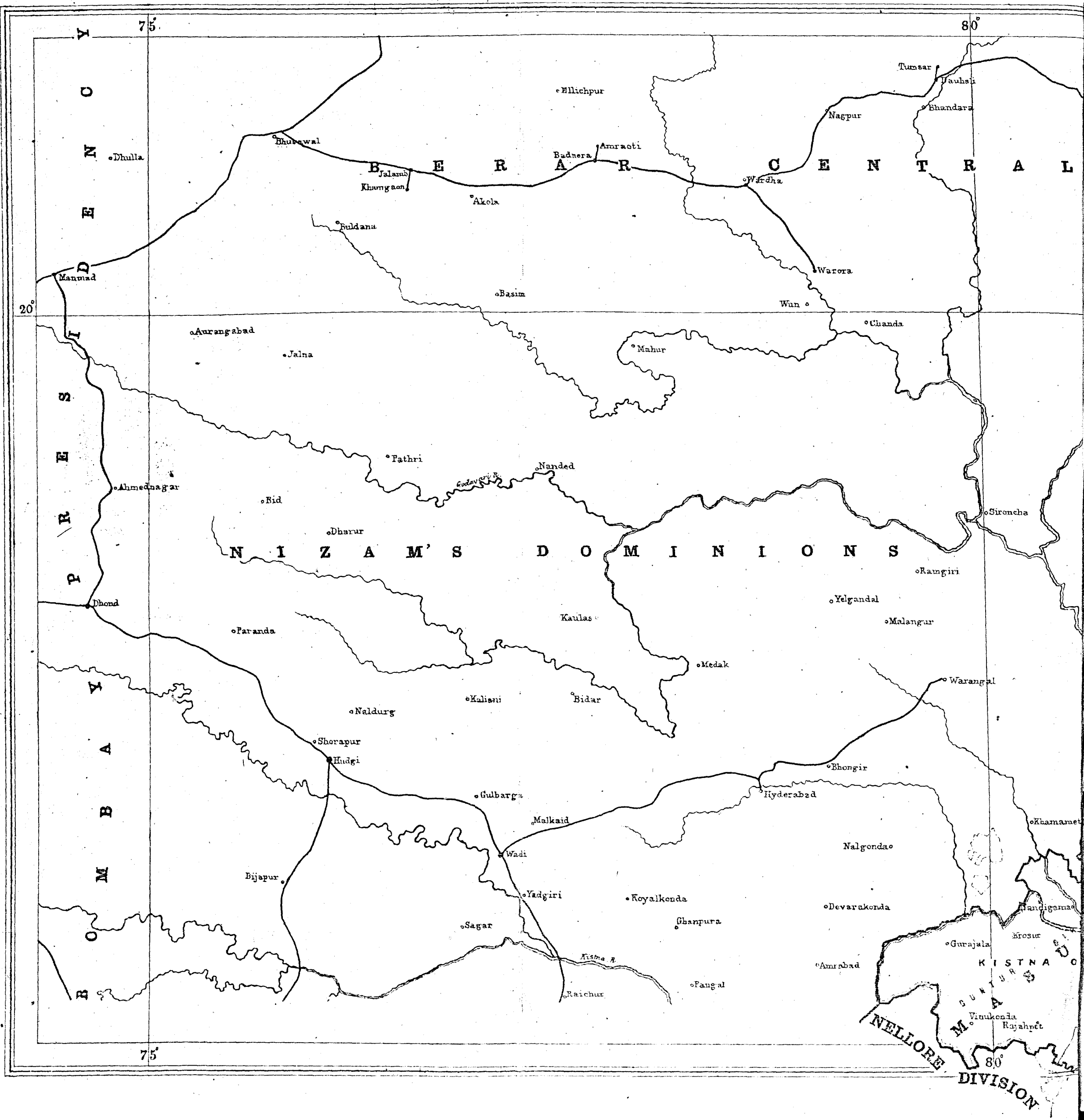
35. The Mutturagunathapatnam Factory which had been practically closed since 1882-83 resumed work in the year under report.

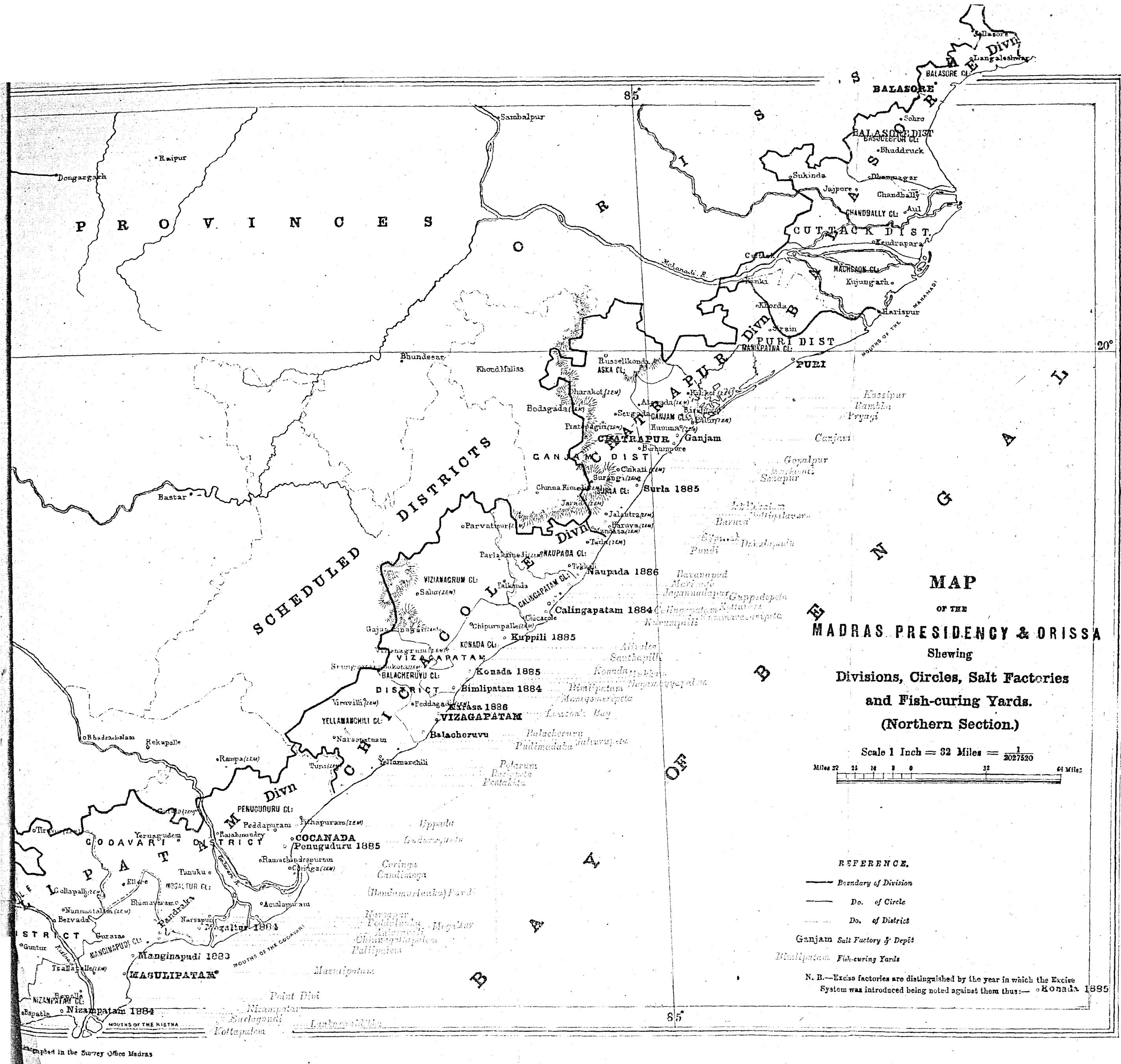
36. Applications continued to be received during the year from persons willing to construct works and reopen old factories on the Excise System. They were invariably rejected as it is not considered advisable to reopen factories the operations at which may be on too small a scale for profitable working and which might create additional claims which it would be difficult to satisfy should it be decided eventually to revert to Monopoly.

CHAPTER V.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Establishments.

37. The following statement shows the sanctioned sub-ordinate establishments with the changes effected during the year:—





Permanent.												TEMPORARY.					Fish-Curing Establishments		Total Number of Hands.		Total cost per mensem.							
Inspectors on Rupees				Sub-Inspectors on Rupees				Abkari Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents on Rupees				Clerks, Shroffs, &c., on Rupees			Subordinates on Rupees		Superintendents on Rupees		Subordinates on Rupees									
		400	350	300	250	175	150	125	70	60	50	40	30	200 to 50	100 and over.	75 to 100	50 to 75	Under 50	Subordinates on Rupees		Subordinates on Rupees		Subordinates on Rupees		Subordinates on Rupees		Subordinates on Rupees	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Strength at the beginning of the year.		8	12	15	21	25	26	28	22	34	50	67	100	3	7	3	19	264	6,012	1	1	1	22	23	24	150	6,957	93,923
Sanctioned during the year.		..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	133	..	..	..	..	7	6	10	161	1,506
Abolished during the year.		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	7	40	..	..	1	15	3	11	84	681	
Strength at the end of the year.		8	12	15	21	26	27	26	22	34	50	68	98	3	7	3	19	259	6,105	1	1	1	31	919	130	140	7,034	94,818

* The Abkari establishments which were employed on the 31st March 1886 in the Madras Deputy Collector's office and in the offices of the Collectors of the Vizagapatam, Malabar, Trichinopoly and Bellary Districts have now been included. Hence the difference between this and the similar statement in the Administration Report for 1885-86.

† Including non-continuous service men employed as line guards during the manufacturing season.

38. The marginal statement shows the number of Inspectors, Assistant Inspectors

Inspectors.		Sanctioned.	Actually employed.
1st grade	.. .. .	8	4
2nd "	.. .. .	12	10
3rd "	.. .. .	15	3
4th "	.. .. .	21	32
Total ..		56	49*

Assistant Inspectors.		Sanctioned.	Actually employed.
1st grade	.. .. .	26	15
2nd "	.. .. .	27	36
3rd "	.. .. .	26	23
Total ..		79	74

Sub-Inspectors.		Sanctioned.	Actually employed.
1st grade	.. .. .	22	12
2nd "	.. .. .	34	33
3rd "	.. .. .	50	41
4th "	.. .. .	68	54
5th "	.. .. .	98	124
Total ..		272	264

*Including Probationary Inspectors.

40. In the Administration Report for 1885-86, it was stated that the Palghat and Madras Town Circles had not been formed pending the sanction of the Secretary of State. This was received during the year.

41. The entertainment of an additional Sub-Inspector and two peons for Bonded warehouses as found necessary was sanctioned during the year on condition of the distillers bearing the cost. Only two such establishments were entertained during the year. These have not been included in the above figures.

42. The following statement shows the alterations of Subordinate Establishments sanctioned during the year:—

Circle or Office.	Authority.	Cause of alterations.	ESTABLISHMENT AFFECTED.			
			Clerks and Shroffs.		Menials.	
			Permanent.	Temporary.	Permanent.	Temporary.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Reductions.						
Tuticorin	G.O., dated November 1, 1886, No. 948, Revenue.	Abolition of the Vaipar Factory and transfer of Schooner "Edith" to the Pearl Fishery Department.	1	..	18	10
Cuddalore	G.O., dated January 20, 1887, No. 56, Revenue.	Introduction of new arrangements for carrying the tappals between the factories.	..	..	..	5
Vattanam	G.O., dated March 21, 1887, Mis. No. 1810, Revenue.	Manakkudi Factory newly opened.	1	..	..	..
North Trichinopoly.	G.O., dated September 1, 1885, No. 988, Revenue.	Expiration of the period for which the Clerk was sanctioned.	..	1	..	..
Town of Madras.	G.O., dated July 6, 1886, No. 555, Revenue.	Abolition of the system of supplying arrack by Government to shopkeepers.	5	..	22	..
Additions.						
Tuticorin	G.O., dated November 1, 1886, No. 948, Revenue.	Increase of Preventive Establishments.	..	..	12	..
Vattanam	G.O., dated March 21, 1887, Mis. No. 1810, Revenue.	Manakkudi Factory newly opened.	2	..	12	7
Negapatam and Vedaraniem.	G.O., dated October 14, 1886, No. 893, Revenue.	Efficient Abkari preventive work in the Negapatam Circle.	..	..	9	..
Presidency	G.O., dated June 24, 1886, No. 516, Revenue.	Distillery guards.	..	..	100	..

43. During the year under report sanction was obtained for the entertainment of seven Superintendents and eight peons for the supervision of five Fish-curing yards newly opened as shown in the margin.

Fish-curing Establishments.
 Batticalavuru—
 G.O., dated August 24, 1886, No. 737, Revenue.
 Kumaravanipeta—
 G.O., dated July 6, 1886, No. 3964, Revenue.
 Gydarugunta—
 G.O., dated February 8, 1887, No. 145, Revenue.
 Pudiappu—
 G.O., dated January 25, 1887, No. 87, Revenue.
 Deria Bahadurgur—
 G.O., dated March 2, 1887, No. 225, Revenue.

Sanction was also obtained for the substitution of departmental petty officers for four non-departmental Superintendents whose supervision was found unsatisfactory. Special temporary establishments of three petty officers and three peons were also sanctioned during the year for three Fish-curing yards in the Chingleput Division which had previously been supervised by the Factory establishments, as the services of the latter at these yards could not be spared during the manufacturing season. Five Superintendents and five peons were abolished during the year by the closing

* G.O., dated 17th November 1886, No. 996, Revenue and
 G.O., dated 2nd March 1887, No. 225, Revenue.

of the yards in the Calicut Division, which were not resorted to by the fishermen. The details of the sanctioned strength of the Combined Salt and Abkari Department, as it stood at the end of 1886-87, will be found in Appendix M.

44. One hundred and eighty-four officers were dismissed during the year, as against two hundred and fifty-eight in the preceding year.

45. Of the total number of officers dismissed, one hundred and eighty-one were menials, twenty-three of whom were dismissed after magisterial conviction for offences committed in their capacity as public servants. The remainder were removed chiefly for such reasons as absence without leave, overstaying leave and insubordination.

46. One Sub-Inspector was dismissed for desertion and continued absence without leave. Two clerks were dismissed, one for absconding, and the other, who was also shroff, for complicity in the abstraction of a bag containing Rs. 410 from the Factory treasury during the packing of a remittance.

47. Minor punishments (suspensions, reductions, &c.) were imposed in 830 cases, as against 798 in the preceding year. They include the case of an Inspector reduced to the grade of Assistant Inspector for inefficiency, mismanagement and general neglect of duty; of an Inspector reduced from the third to the fourth grade for neglect of duty; of an Assistant Inspector reduced for irregularities in the Circle of which he was in charge; of an Assistant Inspector reduced for insubordination; and of an Assistant Inspector suspended for having applied for leave under false pretences. In a large number of instances the suspension and reduction of subordinates were the result of the accumulation of Black Marks awarded for recurring petty offences.

48. One hundred and seventy-four officers, mostly petty officers and peons, resigned their appointments during the year, against three hundred and twelve in the preceding year.

49. A comparative statement of the number of punishments imposed (not of officers punished) in the past and preceding years is subjoined, from which it will be seen that on the whole there was an improvement in this respect, the proportion of punishments of all kinds to total strength having fallen from 15.8 to 14.4 per cent. There was an increase in the minor punishments imposed chiefly in the Chingleput and Arcot Divisions.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF DEPARTMENTAL PUNISHMENTS.

Class.	Year.	Strength.	Dismissed.	Degraded.	Suspended.	Fined.	Total.	Percentage
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors.	1885-86	133	3	4	..	..	7	5.3
	1886-87	135	..	4	..	..	5	3.7
	1885-86	273	3	2	9	1	15	5.5
Sub-Inspectors	1886-87	272	1	..	6	4	11	4.0
	1885-86	244	1	6	6	4	17	6.9
	1886-87	324	2	2	2	5	12	3.7
Clerks and Shroffs	1885-86	6,009	251	134	371	261	1,017	16.9
	1886-87	6,303	181	79	344	392	996	15.6
Menials	1885-86	6,659	258	146	386	266	1,056	15.8
	1886-87	7,034	184	85	353	392	1,014	14.4
	Total ..							

50. During the year fifteen appeals were presented to the Commissioner against punishments imposed by Officers of the Department. The decisions appealed against were revised in four cases only. In the remaining cases the punishments were confirmed.

CHAPTER VI.—SEASON, MANUFACTURE AND STORAGE.

51. The season was most unfavourable for the manufacture of Salt. The total rainfall registered during the year at almost all the Salt Factories on the East Coast of the Presidency was considerably in excess of the quantity registered during the preceding year. Both at the Ganjam and Surlá Factories of the Chatrapur Division manufacture was greatly retarded by untimely rains. The fence round the Factory at Surlá was destroyed by floods. The coverings of the heaps of Monopoly Salt were damaged and the supply channels silted up. Frequent heavy showers in May and in the early part of June seriously interfered with manufacturing operations in the Chicacole Division and virtually put an end to manufacture. The rainfall was particularly heavy in October, and on the 23rd and 24th November a cyclone of great severity swept over the Vizagapatam District and caused serious damage to the works and the coverings of Salt heaps in the Balacheruvu and Konada Circles. The Gazwaka road leading to the Balacheruvu Factory was breached in several places, the floods rising above it. In the Masulipatam Division the rains in May, followed by a heavy fall in June, stopped manufacture in some cases. The rainfall in August was so heavy throughout the Division and the Godáviri freshes so high that the lock at Dowlaishwaram gave way and a considerable portion of the Delta taluks suffered from floods. The rainfall in October was equally heavy. The heavy rains greatly damaged many of the works at all the Factories. Two cyclonic storms, one on the 13th and the other on the 23rd May, visited the Chingleput Factories and manufacture was practically stopped throughout the Division in that month. At most of the Factories in the Nellore Division manufacture was stopped by the heavy rains in May. On the 9th November a severe cyclone visited the Factories of the Nellore Division and the Northern Factories of the Chingleput Division. Several permanent buildings were unroofed and temporary structures levelled to the ground, many trees were uprooted, the bunds, bridges, boats, fences, patrol paths, &c., at several Factories in the two Divisions were seriously injured, and in the May storms large quantities of Salt in the pans, amounting to nearly two lakhs of maunds, ready for scraping and on the drying grounds awaiting storage, were washed away; the coverings of many Salt heaps also suffered severely. In the Factories of the Negapatam Division and in the Vattanam Circle of the Tinnevely Division manufacture was much retarded owing to frequent heavy falls of rain in almost every month of the year and more especially in May and the subsequent months. Considerable damage was done to the works in the Cuddalore and Tranquebar Circles of the Negapatam Division by the cyclone of May. The coverings of Salt heaps were also considerably damaged. A boat transporting 140 maunds of Salt from Vedarniem to Negapatam for storage foundered during the storm in the Vedarniem Canal and the whole of the Salt was lost.

52. The loss of Salt awaiting storage on the drying grounds in the several Divisions is estimated as under:—

Division.	Indian Maunds.
Chatrapur	100
Chicacole	8,207
Masulipatam	11,000
Nellore	84,574
Chingleput	11,074
Negapatam	22,387
Tinnevely	400
Total	1,37,742

The amount of stored Salt lost through the destruction of the coverings of heaps cannot be accurately stated until the heaps are sold. At some of the Excise Factories manufacturing operations were retarded in consequence of the neglect of the licensees to carry out necessary works early in the season.

53. Appendix A shows in detail the quantity of Salt manufactured and stored in each Factory during the year. The total quantity received into store amounted to 48,09,138 against 57,19,961 maunds in the previous year as shown below:—

Divisions.	QUANTITY RECEIVED INTO STORE.		Increase or decrease per cent.
	1885-86.	1886-87.	
	I. MDS.	I. MDS.	
Chatrapur	3,35,945	3,85,632	+ 14.79
Chicacole	2,00,830	2,01,645	+ 00.58
Masulipatam	4,43,890	5,12,284	+ 47.85
Nellore	2,82,256	5,18,774	+ 83.79
Chingleput	2,67,998	1,16,957	- 56.35
Negapatam	4,47,494	3,16,191	- 29.34
Tinnevely	3,82,028	11,65,155	+ 3.36
Calicut	11,27,176	8,07,079	- 56.58
	92,267	3,50,402*	+ 33.85
Total	8,07,079	7,44,816	- 68.54
	41,21,985	48,06,549*	+ 4.47
Grand Total	57,19,961	48,09,138	- 15.92

	I. MDS.
1876-77	75,73,695
1877-78	48,10,078
1878-79	72,26,048*
1879-80	43,02,590*
1880-81	78,21,149*
1881-82	60,87,362*
1882-83	66,99,315*
1883-84	60,24,472*
1884-85	75,78,432*
1885-86	57,19,961*

* Including Excise Salt.

54. The decrease in the output of Government Salt was due to the extension of the Excise System. It was not, however, made up for by the increase under Excise. The net decrease of 9,10,823 maunds was due to the unfavourable character of the season and to entire absence of manufacture at some factories at which the stocks were large. The quantities manufactured in the ten preceding years are noted in the margin.

55. Steam Pumping Machinery was used at Karasa, in the Vizagapatam District, by Messrs. Stuart Hall and Co., and at Manambadi (Porto Novo) in the South Arcot District, by Messrs. Best and Co. of Madras. At Karasa, Messrs. Stuart Hall and Co. commenced work on December 18, 1885, and they brought under cultivation an area of 116.03 acres as compared with 93.05 acres in 1885-86, but no salt was actually collected from the additional area. Salt was first scraped on February 1, 1886, and the scrapings continued up to June 11, 1886. The total quantity of Salt brought into store was only 37,653 maunds as compared with 64,906 maunds in the preceding year. The decrease was entirely due to the unfavourable character of the season as rain continually destroyed the Salt under formation. The period of manufacture lasted about six months during the year against seven months in the preceding year. The cost of salt was about annas 2 and pies 2 per maund. The firm was of course greatly disappointed with the results obtained. They appear desirous to come to terms with other licensees for the irrigation of the whole of the Factory by means of their steam pump and it is hoped that some such arrangement may be made during the ensuing season. The result of the work done at Manambadi by Messrs. Best and Co. during the year was also unsatisfactory. Only 16,674 maunds of Salt were brought into store against 27,024 maunds in the preceding year and the expenditure incurred in working the machinery is reported to have been Rs. 2,131-2-4 as particularized in

* Exclusive of 31,200 maunds manufactured in the season of 1887 but taken into store in 1886-87.

the margin, 6 annas 2 pie per maund of Salt produced, against Rs. 2,615-10-4 or 6 annas 7 pie per maund in the preceding year. Messrs. Best and Co. have excavated 19 brine pits in the 56-cawny plot. They evidently think that it is cheaper to bale the brine than lift it by pump. The whole of the 16-cawny plot as also the greater portion of the 56-cawny plot is at present supplied with brine by means of the steam pump. But the firm appears to contemplate giving up working the pump altogether and depending solely on brine pits. The Assistant Commissioner, Negapatam Division, attributes the unsatisfactory work turned out during the year to bad supervision exercised by their native agent or manager who, it is reported, is far too old to look after the work in an efficient manner. But as remarked by the Deputy Commissioner, Southern Division, the adverse character of the season is undoubtedly answerable for the short outturn of Salt and therefore for the excessive expenditure as compared with the yield of the season.

CHAPTER VII.—PROGRESS OF THE EXCISE SYSTEM.

56. During the year under report the Excise System was extended to the Nampada, Konada, Kanuparti, Vadasamanjeri, Covelong, Tranquebar, Morekolam, Muturagunáthapatnam, and Kuttanguli Factories so that it was in operation in 40 Factories altogether.

57. The quantity of Salt manufactured under the Excise System amounted to 43,37,749, against 41,21,985 maunds, while the number of Factories at which it was in operation was 40 against 31 in the preceding year. The slight increase in the outturn was by no means proportionate to the number of Factories worked under Excise. In the Mogaltur and Talia Circles and in the Nellore and Negapatam Divisions, the licensees delayed the execution of the works which had to be completed by them before permission to manufacture could be given. This delay in the commencement of manufacture coupled with the unfavourableness of the season, seriously affected the outturn of the year.

58. The most noticeable feature of the year was the extraordinary increase in the price of Salt realized by the licensees. The subjoined statement shows the maximum, minimum and average prices realized in each of the East Coast Divisions of the Presidency.

Division.	Maximum price.			Minimum price.			Average price.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Chatrapur	0	3	6	0	3	3	0	3	5-7
Chicacole	0	7	9	0	2	3	0	4	5-6
Masulipatam	0	12	0	0	2	3	0	4	9-5
Nellore	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	3	9-9
Chingleput	0	12	0	0	3	0	0	6	8-2
Negapatam	1	0	0	0	2	6	0	7	1-0
Tinnevely	0	14	1	0	3	0	0	6	1-0
Average	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	5	7-3

In the Chatrapur Division the Excise System was in force only in the Surlá Circle, the Ganjam Factory being worked under monopoly. The licensees of the Surlá Factory sold salt at 3 annas 6 pies and 3 annas 3 pies per maund. Most of the Inland traders preferred Ganjam Salt. The highest prices in the Chicacole Division were obtained at the Konada Factory at which as well as at the adjacent Factories, Bimlipatam and Kuppili, the demand is generally equal to, if not in excess of, the supply. There was a considerable diversion of the trade to Balacheruvu, the only Monopoly Factory in the Division. In the Masulipatam Division all the Factories, except Pandraka, were under the Excise system. The Penugudur licensees entered into an agreement with a capitalist who held the bulk of the stock and was therefore able to raise the average price of Salt at the Factory to over 7 annas 5 pies; 8 annas was a very common price, and he was occasionally able to get as much as 12 annas per maund. There were large stocks at Manginapudi and Nizampatam, and consequently the licensees were unable to charge more than 3 annas 11 pies per maund. In the Nellore Division, there were two Monopoly Factories, Chinna Ganjam and Dugarápatnam. Hence the lowness of

the average price realized by the licensees. At Pakala, Iskapalle and Kanuparti it never fell below 3 annas per maund. At Kistnapatam it varied from 1 pie to 8 annas per maund. About 1,08,000 maunds were sold at rates below 3 annas. These low rates were the result of a temporary difference between the local capitalists and are not likely to recur. In the whole Division 2,56,000 maunds were sold at 3 annas and 1,40,000 maunds were sold at 6 annas. As stocks fell prices rose, till at last they reached a rate of 8 annas per maund at Kistnapatam. In the Chingleput Division the rates at which Salt sold varied from 3 to 12 annas a maund. The high rates that ruled during the greater portion of the year were partly due to the depletion of stocks throughout the Presidency caused by the general stoppage of manufacture by the rainfall of May 1886, which enabled the holders of stocks to raise their rates considerably; and in part to the fact that up to the end of September last the whole of the stock in the Madras Depôt was held by the Madras Salt Trading Company (Limited) which was therefore able to command the market. In check of this monopoly considerable supplies were obtained by other merchants from the Nellore Division at comparatively low rates. After the storage of the Covelong Salt in September, this monopoly was not so complete as the Southern India Merchants Company (Limited) was then in a position to commence sales and about the same time the West Coast became open on the cessation of the South-West Monsoon and Bombay Salt was brought by rail from Beypore as far as Tirupatúr. The effect of this competition was to keep prices at the Madras Salt Depôt at or below 8 annas a maund. In the Tada Circle prices at first were not so high though during the later months of the year they were practically identical with those prevailing at the Madras Salt Depôt. In the Merkanam Circle very high prices were obtained. This Salt is preferred in certain local marts of South Arcot and the quantity available being very small, the licensees were able to realize prices slightly higher than those prevailing at Cuddalore. In the Negapatam Division prices were very high, the stock in almost all the Factories being practically exhausted during the year. The Native firm of Subbiah Pandaram and Co. have a monopoly throughout almost the whole of the Tanjore District. There was therefore no competition and, owing to the scarcity of Salt, this firm was able to realize almost any price they liked to ask for their Salt. This firm is working the whole of the Tranquebar, Negapatam, Vedarniem and Adirampatam Circles (with the exception of a few sets of pans in the Negapatam and Adirampatam Circles), and before the end of the year they will probably own all the pans in the above-mentioned Factories as they can of course afford to undersell any competitors in the Negapatam and Adirampatam Circles. Prices are therefore not likely to fall in this Division. In the Tinnevely Division prices averaged about 6 annas. The highest prices prevailed at Morekolam and Vattanam. At Muturagunáthapatnam the highest rate was 8 annas 3 pies and at the other Factories 8 annas per maund. No doubt these prices were due to some extent to the depletion of stocks in the Negapatam Division. The greater part of the Salt sold at 3 annas per maund was purchased by Government for the Fish-curing supply. In the Morekolam and Vattanam Circles prices were raised by the agents appointed by the licensees. Having no competition these agents raised prices so high that sales began to fall off and a quarrel took place between the licensees and their agents.

59. As stated in the last two reports, the consumer has not derived any advantage in price through the change from Monopoly to Excise. Licensees have everywhere formed themselves into companies or placed themselves in the hands of capitalists with results almost invariably unfavourable to the consumer. The season has been an unfortunate one in many parts, but that the increase of price is not due to that cause alone is evident from the fact that it is universal except in the neighbourhood of large Factories still worked under the Monopoly System. No further extensions of the Excise System have been ordered during the year under review, but the high prices have attracted the attention of the Government of India and the Secretary of State, and a special report has already been submitted on the subject. As the whole question has been very fully dealt with therein, it is unnecessary to discuss it at greater length in this report.

CHAPTER VIII.—STOCKS AND ISSUES.

60. Appendix C shows the quantity of Salt in hand, the quantity received by manufacture, import, &c., and the quantity expended during the year at each Factory, Depôt and Port. An abstract is appended.

Divisions.	STOCK AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR.				RECEIVED INTO STORE DURING THE YEAR.							EXPENDED DURING THE YEAR.							BALANCE.						
	Actual quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.	Total.	3	4	From Manufacturers.	By Importation.	Gain by weighing.	Miscellaneous Receipts.	From Tin-neverly Division.	Total.	11	Home and Inland Consumption.	Supplied for curing fish.	13	14	Sold to Branch Government.	Sent to Negapatam and Calicut Divisions.	Total.	WASTAGE WRITTEN OFF.		Total expended.	Actual quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.	
																				18	19				
GOVERNMENT SALT.																									
Chattrapur ..	3,81,970	5,439	3,87,409	3,85,632	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,85,722	7,73,131	6,05,601	..	..	..	..	..	1,5,09,136	14,187	2	5,23,325	2,40,566	9,240	
Chicacole ..	6,45,001	13,401	6,58,402	..	..	..	..	..	196	..	136	6,58,688	1,59,294	6,216	..	..	..	..	..	6,92,491	22,688	..	1,88,108	4,67,658	2,922
Masulipatam ..	1,88,955	2,057	1,91,042	8,882	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,882	1,99,924	64,151	4,610	..	..	1,480	..	59,811	59,299	..	65,168	1,33,423	1,332	
Nellore ..	4,76,938	14,053	4,90,971	1,16,957	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,16,957	6,07,928	4,25,114	2,712	..	..	..	..	4,28,426	34,205	7	4,62,638	1,35,016	10,275	
Chingleput ..	10,69,165	6,570	10,75,739	..	..	..	..	..	840	..	840	10,76,579	8,63,291	3,617	..	..	42,246	..	4,93,128	83,663	164	10,14,915	36,808	24,828	
Negapatam ..	86,760	907	87,757	..	..	..	..	..	4,662	..	4,662	92,775	32,775	7,095	..	..	12,000	..	1,51,811	5,538	..	57,363	46,321	729	
Tinnevely ..	43,691	21,144	64,835	..	..	..	..	..	1,17,337	..	1,17,337	1,82,492	23,763	12,251	..	..	4,100	..	1,48,915	23,146	..	1,76,161	11,389	642	
Calicut (West Coast).	80,840	1,230	82,070	..	..	..	..	..	3,938	..	1,09,272	1,91,342	..	83,073	..	..	..	..	1,12,001	614	1,713	89,516	1,00,092	1,874	
Total of Govt. Salt.	29,72,414	64,901	30,38,315	5,11,471	5,000	373	1,27,044	1,12,000	7,55,885	27,94,203	20,36,469	1,23,018	..	59,426	1,12,023	23,80,936	1,88,369	..	1,034	25,71,290	11,71,184	..	51,789		
Excise Salt.																									
Chattrapur ..	70,479	1,815	72,294	2,01,645	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,01,645	2,73,923	1,06,842	..	..	..	..	..	1,06,843	3,570	..	1,10,413	1,62,310	1,216	
Chicacole ..	1,03,123	5,108	1,08,231	7,57,462	..	..	..	..	..	..	7,57,462	8,55,686	6,92,204	..	..	..	..	..	6,92,491	19,720	..	4,72,443	1,40,294	13,182	
Masulipatam ..	2,96,911	4,715	3,01,626	5,18,774	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,18,774	8,20,432	4,52,324	..	..	..	..	..	4,52,324	20,119	..	6,58,984	3,41,638	6,351	
Nellore ..	3,67,614	6,720	3,63,334	3,16,191	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,16,191	6,75,631	6,36,672	..	..	..	..	..	6,36,672	23,312	..	11,711	11,711	5,836	
Chingleput ..	1,43,372	27,744	1,71,116	11,65,156	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,65,384	13,24,500	8,72,883	..	..	..	..	..	8,72,883	34,501	..	9,07,384	3,90,073	39,043	
Negapatam ..	3,56,913	16,543	3,73,456	3,81,502	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,82,752	7,22,661	6,55,893	4,599	..	..	..	..	6,60,190	42,286	..	7,02,776	41,185	11,683	
Tinnevely ..	9,05,896	21,005	9,26,901	9,95,950	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,97,018	19,23,919	10,58,633	1,17,337	..	..	..	..	12,06,016	43,473	..	12,49,433	6,42,460	31,976	
Calicut (West Coast).	23,639	1,246	24,885	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24,885	15,503	2,950	..	..	..	..	19,491	3,992	..	23,483	..	1,392	
Total of Excise Salt.	22,57,957	83,896	23,41,853	43,37,789	..	..	655	..	300	..	43,38,575	68,80,628	42,49,884	1,25,096	100	..	..	..	49,46,297	1,90,979	..	48,37,186	17,32,671	1,10,671	
Imported Salt.																									
Duty-paid Salt.																									
Chingleput (Madras).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Calicut (West Coast).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total of Duty-paid Salt.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Duty-bearing Salt.																									
Chicacole ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Chingleput (Madras).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Negapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Calicut (West Coast).	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Total of Duty-bearing Salt.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Grand Total ..	52,31,371	1,48,797	53,80,168	48,49,260	11,05,386	950	1,27,344	1,12,000	61,94,949	1,57,73,117	77,01,739	2,48,114	100	59,426	1,18,150	81,27,529	3,79,339	..	1,934	85,08,802	29,03,856	..	1,62,469		

(a) Spontaneous Salt collected at Pandraka.

(b) Includes 40 maunds of Swamp Salt.

(c) Sold by excise licensees to Government for supply to Fish-curing yard, &c., and included in miscellaneous receipts of Government Salt.

(d) Sent to the Salt Committee.

(e) Sold for use in manufactures at reduced rate.

(f) One maund sent to the Salt Committee.

(g) Six maunds lost by a boatman from whom the value thereof was recovered and ten maunds issued for use in manufactures.

(h) Purchased by Government to be sent to the Salt Committee.

(i) 87 maunds lost in transit the duty on which has been collected from the contractor and one maund sent to the Salt Committee.

(j) Purchased by Government for supply to the French Government at Mahé.

(k) Relinquished to Government, the Factories having been closed.

61. In a still more condensed form the figures are:—

	Actual Stock on hand on April 1, 1886.	Received exclusive of transfers.	EXPENDED.			Actual Stock on hand on April 1, 1887.
			Passed into Consumption.	Wastage written off.	Total.	
	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.
Government Salt	29,73,414	(a), (c) 6,43,888	22,68,933	1,90,294	24,59,227	11,71,185
Excise Salt	22,57,957	(b) 42,12,540	45,20,071	1,90,979	47,11,050	17,32,671
Imported Salt	..	(d) 10,95,386	10,95,386	..	10,95,386	..
Total ..	52,31,371	59,51,814	78,84,390	3,81,273	82,65,663	29,03,856

Division, in consequence of which some of the tracts usually supplied with Salt from the Madras Salt Depot drew their supply from the West Coast.

64. The duty-paid imports amounted to 11,16,530 maunds as per manifests, of which 10,77,958 maunds were from the Bombay Presidency, 20 maunds from Calcutta and 38,552 maunds from Goa. The wastage in transit amounted to 17,349 maunds or 1.55 per cent., and the actual quantity landed to 10,99,181 maunds, of which 2,73,564 maunds were cleared in South Canara, 8,19,979 maunds in Malabar, and 5,000 maunds were purchased by Government for supply to the French Government at Mahé. The remaining 638 maunds were imported into the port of Madras. Details will be found in Appendix D.

65. The duty-bearing imports amounted to 1,205 maunds, of which 1,116 maunds were English Table Salt.

66. In the total quantity of Salt issued, there was an increase of 84,950 maunds as shown below :—

	1885-86.	1886-87.	Increase or Decrease.
	MAUNDS.	MAUNDS.	MAUNDS.
Issued for Home and Inland consumption ...	76,84,154	77,01,739	+ 17,585
Do. Fish-curing ...	1,16,846	1,23,018	+ 6,172
Do. Export ...	24,600	100	— 24,500
Sold to French Government ...	60,088	59,426	— 662
Miscellaneous ...	* 39,891	+ 1,26,246	+ 86,355
Total ...	79,25,579	80,10,529	+ 84,950

67. Omitting the exports and the supply to the French Government and to the fish-curing yards, the combined issues of Government, Excise and Imported Salt for Home and Inland consumption exhibit an increase of 17,585 maunds as detailed below :—

Divisions.	1885-86.	1886-87.	INCREASE OR DECREASE.	
			Quantity.	Per cent.
	MAUNDS.	MAUNDS.	MAUNDS.	
Chatrapur ...	4,19,681	6,12,403	+ 1,92,722	+ 45.92
Chicacole ...	8,79,207	8,51,415	— 27,792	— 3.16
Masulipatam ...	5,42,515	5,06,515	— 36,000	— 6.63
Nellore ...	8,43,679	10,61,386	+ 2,17,707	+ 25.80
Chingleput ...	22,01,835	17,59,866	— 4,41,969	— 20.07
Negapatam ...	9,81,560	6,88,581	— 2,92,979	— 29.84
Tinnevelly ...	8,67,178	11,12,426	+ 2,45,248	+ 28.28
Calicut ...	9,48,499	11,09,147	+ 1,60,648	+ 16.93
Total ...	76,84,154	77,01,739	+ 17,585	+ 0.22

68. The increase in sales in the Chatrapur Division is due chiefly to the depletion of stocks in Orissa. The decrease in Chicacole is ascribed to the late date at which the Brinjaris arrived on account of the heavy monsoon. The decrease in Masulipatam is due chiefly to the high prices demanded by the licensees at Penugudur. The increase in Nellore was due to the large purchases made at Pakala and Kistnapatam by Madras merchants owing to the lowness of stocks in Madras and the consequent enhancement

* Consists of 39,879 maunds of Excise Salt sold to Government for fish-curing purposes and 12 maunds of Salt sent to the Salt Committee.

+ Consists of 125,096 maunds of Excise Salt sold to Government for fish-curing purposes, 93 maunds lost in transit the duty on which has been recovered from the Contractors, 1,038 maunds relinquished to Government, the excise factories in South Canara having been closed, 14 maunds issued for use in manufactures and 5 maunds sent to the Salt Committee.

in the price of Salt at the Madras Depot. The decrease in Chingleput is due, as stated above, to the failure of stocks. The decrease in Negapatam is due partly to the high prices demanded by the licensees and partly to want of stocks at several Factories. The increase in Tinnevelly is ascribed partly to the reduced price at which Salt was sold by the Tuticorin licensees and partly to the increased demand for Tuticorin Salt in the tracts usually supplied from the Tanjore Factories. The increase in the Calicut Division is chiefly in the imports and is accounted for by the demand from Coimbatore, the greater portion of which district is generally supplied from Madras.

69. The sales of Excise Salt increased by 9,37,523 maunds. This is the natural

Sales of Excise Salt.

Divisions.	1885-86.	1886-87.	Difference.
	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.
Chatrapur ...	1,25,881	1,06,842	— 19,039
Chicacole ...	4,03,108	6,92,494	+ 2,89,386
Masulipatam ...	3,55,672	4,52,324	+ 1,18,652
Nellore ...	3,24,470	6,35,672	+ 3,11,202
Chingleput ...	9,86,902	8,72,883	— 1,14,019
Negapatam ...	8,33,717	6,60,489	— 1,73,228
Tinnevelly ...	6,59,822	12,06,010	+ 5,46,188
Calicut ...	39,110	19,491	— 19,619
Total ...	37,08,632	46,46,265	+ 9,37,523

result of the extension of the Excise System. The decrease in Chatrapur was due to the diversion of the trade to Ganjam, the price at which Excise Salt was sold in Surla having been more than 3 annas per maund *ex* duty, that in Chingleput, Negapatam and Calicut was due chiefly to the high prices demanded by the licensees and exhaustion of stocks. 1,25,096 maunds of Excise Salt were purchased by Government from the licensees for supply to the Fish-curing yards in the Chicacole, Negapatam, Tinnevelly and Calicut Divisions, and for the use of the French Government at Karikal. Of this 1,00,000 maunds were sent to the West Coast. There was no export of Salt as the new Rules did not come into force till after the expiration of the year. Moreover export could hardly be expected in a season in which stocks were so low.

70. The quantity of Salt supplied to the French Government during the year was 59,426 maunds as against 60,088 maunds in the previous year. The decrease is trifling and calls for no remark.

71. It will be seen that there was a small increase of 17,585 maunds in the quantity cleared for consumption within the Presidency and in the Territories supplied therefrom. This is the net result of an increase in the sales for consumption beyond the Presidency balanced by a decrease in those for consumption within it as shown in the subjoined statement :—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	MDS.	MDS.
To Central Provinces ...	1,48,297	1,28,216
„ Bengal Presidency ...	1,68,013	3,67,904
„ Nizam's Dominions ...	2,75,304	2,13,050
„ Bombay Presidency ...	574	35
„ Mysore ...	4,29,633	4,18,699
	10,21,821	11,27,904
Madras Presidency ...	66,62,333	65,73,835
Total ...	76,84,154	77,01,739

The decrease in exports to the Nizam's Dominions is due to increased imports of Rail-borne Salt from Bombay, while the increase in sales to the Bengal Presidency is due to the failure of stocks in Puri. The decrease of nearly 90,000 maunds in the sales for consumption within the Presidency can only be ascribed to the high price of Excise Salt. It occurred chiefly in the Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Kistna, Nellore, Chingleput, Madras, Madura, South Canara, Bellary and Anantapur, Cuddapah, Salem, Coimbatore, Nilgiris and Trichinopoly (including Pudukota), Districts.

72. The wastage written off during the year amounted to 3,81,273 maunds, of which 3,79,339 maunds were ordinary, and 1,934 maunds special, wastage. The latter was chiefly wastage discovered in the transit of the Salt supplied to the Fish-curing yards on the West Coast from Tuticorin. Two maunds were lost during transit to the Sonapur Fish-curing yard from Surlá Factory in the Chatrapur Division. Thirty-two maunds of Salt were washed away by a sea wave at the Uppada Fish-curing yard in the Penugudur Circle. Twenty-six maunds were lost while in transit to Surlagundi Fish-curing yard in the Nizampatam Circle. In the Ennore Circle, 125 maunds were swept away by a wave from the Sattankuppam Fish-curing yard during the Cyclone of 9th November. 7 maunds in the Nellore Division and 29 maunds in the Tada Circle were damaged by Cyclone at Fish-curing yards.

73. A detailed statement of ordinary wastage discovered during the year is printed as Appendix E as required by Government in paragraph 6 of their Order of February 14, 1885, No. 186, Revenue. The high wastages were in most cases due to the age of the heaps and to damage caused by storms. A memorandum is annexed to Appendix E, explaining the cause of other abnormal wastages.

74. An excess of 959 maunds was found in 85 heaps during the year. The storers of 21 heaps were punished for carelessness in storage; 56 were passed, the storers' explanations being found satisfactory, and eight cases are still under enquiry. Some allowance must be made for personal and instrumental error in the disposal of excess or wastage found on re-weighment. With the utmost care there must be some difference when Salt is stored with a Grainger's pan scale and sold with a cup scale, and no person could attain *absolutely* identical results if he were to store and sell with the same machine. Much less is it possible when one officer stores and another sells with different kinds of machines. A small percentage for error has therefore to be allowed in passing cases of excess or wastage.

75. To Appendix C is added, as usual, a statement showing the Salt sold for ordinary (Home and Inland) consumption during 1886-87, as compared with the two preceding years.

76. The following abstract shows the total available stock of Salt of all kinds including duty-paid and duty-bearing imports and the quantity issued for consumption, &c., during the past ten years, excluding wastage and double entries owing to transfer of stocks from one Division or Factory to another:—

Wastage written off.
MDS.
Government Salt, 1,90,294
Excise Salt, 1,90,979

Transactions for a series
of years.

STOCKS AND ISSUES OF SALT OF ALL KINDS FOR A SERIES OF YEARS.

Years.	IN HAND AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR.					RECEIPTS.					TOTAL IN HAND AND RECEIVED.				
	Government Salt.	Excise Salt.	Imported Salt.	Total.	Government Salt.	Excise Salt.	Imported Salt.	Total.	Government Salt.	Excise Salt.	Imported Salt.	Total.	Government Salt.	Excise Salt.	Imported Salt.
1876-77	75,19,764	MDS.	22,070	MDS.	75,19,764	MDS.	22,070	MDS.	75,19,764	MDS.	22,070	MDS.	75,19,764	MDS.	22,070
1877-78	82,35,589	..	1,18,082	..	83,53,671	..	1,18,082	..	84,71,753	..	1,18,082	..	85,89,835	..	1,18,082
1878-79	85,16,002	..	1,18,082	..	86,34,084	..	1,18,082	..	87,52,166	..	1,18,082	..	88,70,248	..	1,18,082
1879-80	81,26,397	..	1,18,082	..	82,44,479	..	1,18,082	..	83,62,561	..	1,18,082	..	84,80,643	..	1,18,082
1880-81	81,48,114	..	1,18,082	..	82,66,196	..	1,18,082	..	83,84,278	..	1,18,082	..	85,02,360	..	1,18,082
1881-82	77,54,256	..	1,18,082	..	78,72,338	..	1,18,082	..	79,90,420	..	1,18,082	..	81,08,502	..	1,18,082
1882-83	76,00,015	..	1,18,082	..	77,18,097	..	1,18,082	..	78,36,179	..	1,18,082	..	79,54,261	..	1,18,082
1883-84	74,23,608	..	1,18,082	..	75,41,690	..	1,18,082	..	76,59,772	..	1,18,082	..	77,77,854	..	1,18,082
1884-85	57,32,812	..	1,18,082	..	58,50,894	..	1,18,082	..	59,68,976	..	1,18,082	..	60,87,058	..	1,18,082
1885-86	45,56,956	..	1,18,082	..	46,75,038	..	1,18,082	..	47,93,120	..	1,18,082	..	49,11,202	..	1,18,082
1886-87	23,73,414	..	1,18,082	..	24,91,496	..	1,18,082	..	26,09,578	..	1,18,082	..	27,27,660	..	1,18,082
BALANCE.															
Years.	ISSUES.					BALANCE.					BALANCE.				
	For Home Consumption.	For Fish-curing.	For Inland Consumption.	To French Government.	For Export.	Total.	Government Salt.	Excise Salt.	Imported Salt.	Total.	Government Salt.	Excise Salt.	Imported Salt.	Total.	
1876-77	33,01,959	2,677	31,01,282	56,018	MDS.	31,57,306	MDS.	56,018	MDS.	31,57,306	MDS.	56,018	MDS.	31,57,306	MDS.
1877-78	32,80,871	3,355	35,42,337	55,024	1,53,120	36,95,457	33,55,589	55,024	1,53,120	38,48,579	33,55,589	55,024	1,53,120	39,01,703	33,55,589
1878-79	31,27,201	4,555	35,40,676	55,005	1,48,188	36,95,457	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	38,48,579	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	39,01,703	33,55,589
1879-80	31,63,122	5,653	27,34,591	55,005	1,48,188	36,95,457	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	38,48,579	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	39,01,703	33,55,589
1880-81	33,88,802	5,379	28,54,413	55,005	1,48,188	39,33,994	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	40,82,182	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	41,30,370	33,55,589
1881-82	34,64,447	10,457	31,53,984	55,005	1,48,188	40,82,182	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	42,30,370	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	43,78,558	33,55,589
1882-83	39,27,671	19,011	37,08,660	55,005	1,48,188	44,46,854	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	45,95,042	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	47,43,230	33,55,589
1883-84	74,31,624	(c) 55,225	..	55,005	1,48,188	75,86,812	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	77,34,999	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	78,83,187	33,55,589
1884-85	74,14,876	(c) 55,225	..	55,005	1,48,188	75,69,061	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	77,17,249	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	78,65,437	33,55,589
1885-86	76,84,154	1,18,846	..	55,005	1,48,188	78,02,300	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	79,50,488	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	80,98,676	33,55,589
1886-87	77,01,739	(m) 1,23,125	..	55,005	1,48,188	78,24,864	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	79,73,052	33,55,589	55,005	1,48,188	81,21,240	33,55,589

N.B.—Issues of imported Salt are entered under Home Consumption, its actual destination after it has left the Custom Houses being unascertainable.

* Including 2,329 maunds purchased by Government for supply to the Fish-curing yard at Calicut.

+ Includes Maunds 1,774 exported to Calcutta from Bonded Salt in Malabar. Duty on which must have been collected at that Port.

(a) Includes 9,058 maunds purchased by Government for supply to the French Government and to Fish-curing yards in South Canara and Malabar.

(b) Includes 10 maunds issued under G.O. September 14, 1883, No. 1132, Revenue.

(c) The distinction of Home and Inland Consumption has been abandoned. (Vide Board's Proceedings, No. 1318, dated May 12, 1883).

(d) Includes 6,564 maunds purchased by Government from the Excise Licenses for supply to the Fish-curing yards.

(e) Including 33,879 maunds do. do. do. do. do.

(f) Including 1,25,097 maunds do. do. do. do. do.

(g) Including 3,000 maunds of Duty-paid Salt purchased by Government for supply to French Government at Mahé, do. and also 1,038 maunds relinquished to Government by the licensees in South Canara.

(h) Including 107 maunds issued for use in manufacture and that lost in transit for which Duty has been recovered.

77. Excluding Salt sold for export and Salt supplied to the French Government and for Fish-curing, the actual quantity of Salt of all descriptions passed into consumption during the period of twenty-six years which has elapsed since the rate of duty was first raised to more than one Rupee per maund is given below:—

Year.	Rate of Duty.	Home and Inland Consumption.	Yearly Average.	Remarks.
Fasli Year—	R. A. P.	MAUNDS.	MAUNDS.	
1861-62	1 5 0	58,87,300	63,72,306	Duty raised March 1866.
1862-63		62,17,503		
1863-64		63,94,257		
1864-65		66,88,537		
1865-66		66,73,934		
1866-67	1 8 0	69,95,967	67,28,603	G. I. P. Railway opened to Nagpore. Duty raised October 1869.
1867-68		64,27,669		
1868-69		67,61,975		
1869-70		65,66,841		
1870-71	1 13 0	64,15,050	65,09,308	1871-72 (?) G. I. P. Railway opened to the Kistna River. November, 1871, Population of the Madras Presidency, Mysore and Coorg, 36,953,649.
1871-72		65,63,122		
1872-73		65,06,215		
1873-74	1 13 0	62,76,028	65,09,308	Nizam's State Railway opened October, 1874.
1874-75		66,82,573		
1875-76		65,55,326		
1876-77	2 8 0	61,03,281	63,63,394	1876—78 Famine. Duty raised December 28, 1877.
1877-78		63,23,508		
1878-79		59,67,876		
1879-80		61,97,623		
1880-81		63,41,441		
1881-82	2 0 0	62,07,531	74,59,113	February 1881, Population of the Madras Presidency, Mysore and Coorg, 35,535,313. Duty lowered March 1882.
1882-83		70,63,270		
1883-84		74,31,524		
1884-85		74,14,876		
1885-86		76,84,154		
1886-87		77,01,739		

A diagram showing the fluctuation in the sales of the various Divisions during the past three years is annexed to Appendix C.

CHAPTER IX.—DISTRIBUTION AND CONSUMPTION.

78. Excluding Salt sold for fish-curing to the French Government and for export, the total quantity of Salt available for consumption in the Madras Presidency and in the territories supplied by it amounted to 77,10,007 maunds, including the stocks held at the end of the year in private depôts. The sales in April, May and June of the current official year indicate that the stocks so held cannot have been large either on the East or on the West Coast. The difference, however, between the stocks held by merchants at the end of 1885-86 and at the end of 1886-87 cannot have been so great as to materially affect the question of consumption.

79. The following statement shows in detail the destinations to which, so far as the accounts kept at the Factories and Depôts show, all Salt sold or imported in 1886-87 was transported for consumption.

STATEMENT showing the destination of Salt sold in, or imported into, the several Districts of the Madras Presidency in 1886-87 according to the Depôt Accounts.

DISTRICT OF SALE OR IMPORT.													
Districts declared for.													
1													
	2	3	4	5.	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total.
	Madras.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.
Benjam	2,83,311	84											2,83,395
Vizagapatam	2,08,365	4,12,631											6,80,996
Godavari		3,307	2,89,937	39,471	25,607								3,61,922
Kistna				3,99,471	49,353								4,98,824
Nellore				2,572	2,78,185	112							2,82,711
Chingleput and Madras				22,618	3,17,450	4,59,351							8,01,723
South Arcot						278	75,682						78,186
Tanjore								2,386					4,22,952
Madura								4,25,312	1,35,631	640			4,59,575
Tinnevely								4,392		3,10,552			4,78,063
South Canara										4,78,063			2,88,907
Malabar											2,88,907		8,20,075
Belchery and Anantapur													1,97,028
Nadapah													1,41,391
Kurnool													63,453
North Arcot				1,179	45,228	1,67,098							4,29,430
Madras					63,274	1,01,163							2,45,701
Chingleput, including the Nilgiris					30,378	4,02,668							1,21,161
Tinnevely, including Pudukota						2,18,695							3,15,310
Central Provinces						77,138				640			1,28,218
Bengal Presidency	1,26,352							43,333		1,77,900			8,67,904
Madras's Dominions	3,67,904	2,864					40	1,37,370					39,100
Bombay Presidency				19,912	10,194								2,30,660
Mysore													2,30,660
Total	10,44,932	4,18,886	2,99,937	4,84,823	8,75,569	16,77,438	75,722	6,12,859	1,85,631	9,76,795	2,89,072	8,20,075	77,01,733

and according to Railway Returns.

80. The following is an abstract of the Salt Traffic on the Railways of the Presidency during 1886-87:—

ABSTRACT STATEMENT showing the Salt Traffic on Railways in the Madras Presidency in the year 1886-87.

QUANTITIES CONSIGNED TO																	
Districts sent from.		Chingleput.	North Arcot.	Cuddapah.	Bellary and Anantapur.	Nizam's Dominions.	Bombay Presidency.	Salset.	Mysore Province.	Coimbatore.	Malabar.	South Arcot.	Tanjore.	Trichinopoly.	Madura.	Tinnevely.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.
Chingleput..	3,10,350	3,84,983	1,05,723	2,44,284	11,941		2,10,054	2,46,000	1,57,030	307	3,61,174	6,925			320		20,40,159
North Arcot ..	132	7,372	3,091	2,628	23		422	245	221								14,111
Cuddapah ..			2,023	2,199	278	35											2,672
Bellary and Anantapur ..																	2,824
Salset ..		187					6,011	217	425								6,840
Mysore Province ..		64						2,462									2,626
Coimbatore ..							54,635	4,088	15,250	118							71,489
Malabar ..							28,294		1,58,470	541,879							3,32,721
South Arcot ..	399										26,340						34,555
Tanjore ..												83,369					2,61,125
Trichinopoly ..												1,840					28,470
Madura ..													1,665				13,351
Tinnevely ..														1,56,580			619,333
Bombay ..									8,424			26,112					8,122
Nizam's Dominions ..					59												141
Total ..	3,10,890	3,92,605	1,11,849	2,57,941	12,301	35	2,99,406	2,53,012	3,94,891	1,42,304	3,87,533	1,23,945	2,75,331	3,56,658	1,01,282		31,28,139
Deduct Salt transmitted out of the districts in which there are no Salt sources ..		6,730	649	325			829		56,229				3,682				68,453
Deduct Salt transmitted from one station to another within the district ..		7,372	2,023	2,199	59		6,011	2,462	15,200				24,788				60,174
Balance of Rail-borne Salt remaining for consumption within the districts.	3,10,890	3,78,495	1,09,177	2,55,417	12,242	35	2,92,666	2,50,550	3,23,402	1,42,304	3,87,533	1,23,045	2,49,911	3,56,668	1,01,282		32,99,512

81. The statistics of Land Trade with Foreign and Native States are given below:—

Exports of Salt to Native States in 1886-87.

To	FROM										Total.
	Godavari.	Kistna.	Kurnool.	Cuddapah.	Bellary and Anantapur.	North Arcot.	Coimbatore and Nilgiris.	Salem.	South Canara.	Malabar.	
Mysore ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,272	MDS. 3,717	MDS. 6,422	MDS. 4,854	MDS. 176	MDS. 1,14,602	MDS. 37,106	MDS. 1,68,149
Hyderabad ..	13,815	1,71,838	14,831	..	324	..	..	..	..	..	2,00,808

82. The following results are obtained from the correction of the Factory declarations by the Railway and Land Traffic Returns:—

Corrected Distribution Statement.

Districts in, or from, which salt was sold or sent.

Districts to, or for which salt was sent or declared.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Ganjam ..	MDS. 2,83,311															
Vizagapatnam ..	2,68,366															
Godavari ..			4,12,631													
Kistna ..			3,897													
Nellore ..																
Chingleput ..																
South Arcot ..																
Tanjore ..																
Madura ..																
Tinnevely ..																
South Canara ..																
Malabar ..																
Bellary and Anantapur ..																
Chidambaram ..																
Kurnool ..																
North Arcot ..																
Salem ..																
Coimbatore including the Nilgiris ..																
Trichinopoly including Pudukkottai ..																
Central Provinces ..																
Bengal Presidency ..																
Nizam's Dominions ..																
Bombay Presidency ..																
Mysore ..																
Total ..	10,44,932	4,18,886	2,89,937	4,84,823	25,53,007	75,722	6,12,859	1,35,631	9,70,795	2,89,072	8,20,075	4,366	8,971	14,831	14,831	14,831

Corrected Distribution Statement—continued.

Districts in, or from, which salt was sold, or sent—continued.

Districts to, or for which salt was sent or declared.	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Ganjam ..	MDS. 13,161												
Vizagapatnam ..													
Godavari ..													
Kistna ..													
Nellore ..													
Chingleput ..													
South Arcot ..													
Tanjore ..													
Madura ..													
Tinnevely ..													
South Canara ..													
Malabar ..													
Bellary and Anantapur ..													
Chidambaram ..													
Kurnool ..													
North Arcot ..													
Salem ..													
Coimbatore including the Nilgiris ..													
Trichinopoly including Pudukkottai ..													
Central Provinces ..													
Bengal Presidency ..													
Nizam's Dominions ..													
Bombay Presidency ..													
Mysore ..													
Total ..	13,161	1,005	61,083	3,682	64	82	8,122	78,17,106	1,07,099	77,10,007	8,22	4,29,833	844

Note.—Chingleput to South Arcot.—The Railway figures have been taken as the Factory figures (278 maunds) are not likely to be correct.

2. South Arcot.—In the Cuddalore Circle Returns 40 maunds are entered as declared for Trichinopoly, but the Railway returns show that 182 maunds were actually forwarded. The latter figure has therefore been adopted, and no salt was sent from Merkanam by road.

3. Tanjore.—The Negapatnam Factory declarations for Madura were 3,990 maunds and for Coimbatore 39,023 maunds and none from the Neidavasal Factory, the actual rail consignments from Negapatnam and Shiyali (which is the station from which Neidavasal salt is sent) were to Madura 14,569 maunds and to Coimbatore 53,000 maunds. The quantities declared from other Tanjore factories to Madura were but a few cart-loads and have been omitted. For Trichinopoly the quantity entered in this statement is arrived at by adding together the actual rail-borne consignments from Negapatnam and the quantities declared at other factories from which salt is sent either partly or entirely by road.

4. Madura.—The Madura District supply is arrived at by adding together the rail-borne consignments from Chingleput, South Arcot, Tanjore and Tinnevely and Madura District sales. As regards the consignments from Tinnevely to Madura the Railway figures have been taken for salt sent to Trichinopoly.

5. Tinnevely.—The Railway figures have been taken for salt sent to Trichinopoly.

6. Cuddalore.—7,950 maunds were sent by the Madras Irrigation Canal to Nizam's Dominions must be the portion of salt declared from Nellore to Nizam's Dominions and to the Kistna District. The 10,194 maunds declared from Nellore for Nizam's Dominions have therefore been omitted and the remainder from that declared for Kistna District.

83. The resulting rates of consumption cannot, however, be accepted for individual districts without considerable modifications.

84. Of the Salt declared in the Ganjam District for consumption within the District but little eventually passes into the interior, though portions of Vizagapatam (Palkonda and Gunupur) draw their supplies from the Southern Factories of Ganjam. The Salt thus declared in the year under report amounted to 2,83,311 maunds against 2,90,699 maunds in the preceding year. Making the necessary allowance for the portions of Vizagapatam referred to above and adding 84 maunds sold in the latter District for Ganjam, the rate of consumption arrived at is 12.31 lbs.* per head compared with 12.69 lbs.† in 1885-86. The decrease appears to be due to depletion of stocks at Calingapatam and to the high prices charged by the Excise licensees.

85. In the sales for Orissa there was a large increase of 1,99,891 maunds due to the failure of manufacture in Puri. There was a decrease of 22,945 maunds in the sales for the Central Provinces which may be ascribed to high prices demanded by the Excise licensees of Surlá.

CONSUMPTION IN VIZAGAPATAM.
(a) ESTIMATE OF SALT EXPORTED FROM VIZAGAPATAM.

Via the Párvatipur Route.		MDS.
Salt sold in Ganjam for		
Párvatipur		1,81,982
Gunupur		10,659
Pálkonda		41,609
Total		2,34,250
Deduct—		
For consumption of Ráyaghadda, † Pálkonda and ‡ Gunupur, or 245,680 persons at 10 lbs. per head		29,856
Net		2,04,344

Via the Sálur Route.		MDS.
Ganjam and Vizagapatam sales for Sálur		1,32,634
Do. do. for Jeypore		4,102
Total		1,36,736
Deduct—		
For consumption of † Sálur, or 40,233 persons at 12 lbs. per head		5,867
Net		1,30,869

Via the Southern Route.		MDS.
Salt sold in Vizagapatam for		
Srungavarapukóta		1,08,147
Madugole		23,977
Narsipatam		37,000
Total		1,69,124
Deduct—		
For consumption of Srungavarapukóta (1,26,610), Madugole (about 40,000) and Narsipatam (about 70,000) at 12 lbs. per head		34,504
Net		1,34,620

		MDS.
Exported by the Párvatipur Route		2,04,344
Do. Sálur		1,30,869
Do. Southern		1,34,620
Total		4,69,833

A balance of 2,32,680 maunds, including the quantity allowed for in arriving at the rate of consumption in Ganjam, is thus left available for the consumption of the district exclusive of Jeypore above the Gháts. This gives a rate of consumption of 9.13 lb. (b) per head against 11.05 † in the preceding year. The rise in the price of Excise Salt may account for part of this decrease, but it cannot explain the difference of 1.92 lbs. above arrived at.

* It is estimated that half the population of Pálkonda and Gunupur use Ganjam Salt only.
Population of Ganjam 1,749,604
Do. † Pálkonda and ‡ Gunupur, or 177,060 persons at 10 lbs. per head 21,517
Total consumption maunds 2,83,395 — 21,517 = 2,61,878
Consumption per head lbs. 12.31.

† Calculated on the system now adopted.

Population—	
Vizagapatam District	24,85,141
Deduct—	
For Jeypore above gháts	93,502
Nowrangpore	1,16,117
Jeypore	1,57,171
Koraput	22,558
Malkangiri	3,89,348
	20,95,793
Consumption per head	9.13

The estimate of the export to the Central Provinces is higher by about 44,000 maunds than the quantity arrived in at last year's report and by about 1,00,000 maunds than that given in the report for 1884-85. The imports of Rail-borne Salt into the Central Provinces from the Bombay side in 1885-86 were greater than those in 1884-85 by about 24,000 maunds, while in the year under report there was a decrease of 42,000 maunds as compared with the preceding year. Considering the high prices and depletion of stocks there appears to be no reason why the exports from the East Coast in 1886-87 should be put at a higher figure than the average of the preceding three years, i.e., 3,97,992 maunds or 4,00,000 in round figures. It is also estimated that a quantity of 27,664 maunds declared for Vizagapatam passed into the Godávári District owing to the high prices charged by the licensees of the latter District. Several marts dependent upon the Penugudur and Mogaltur Factories were supplied either from the Factories in Kistna and Nellore or from the Vizagapatam Factories. The

Salt declared for consumption in the Tuni and Pittápur Divisions and the Peddápur Taluk of the Godávári District amounted to only 530 maunds against 28,194 maunds in the preceding year. If these deductions are made, the resulting consumption would be 10.79 lbs. per head against 11.05 in the preceding year.

These figures are probably as nearly correct as possible. There are no Traffic Registration stations in the Vizagapatam District. It is only recently* that arrangements have been made for registering the trade on the roads leading to the Central Provinces and until the trade statistics are available, the estimate of exports from the District must be taken with considerable reservation.

87. The Land Trade Returns show that 1,85,653 maunds of Salt were sent across the frontier into the Nizam's Dominions from the Godávári and Kistna Districts, but do not take into account the trade with the Central Provinces up the Godávári river and across the Rumpa country. The facilities

† Kistna and Godávári sales for Rajahmundry town and taluk	43,343
Deduct—	
For consumption of Bhadrachalam, Répalle and Rajahmundry taluks or for 166,852 persons at 12 lbs. per head	24,332
Net	19,011

‡ Quantity available for consumption in Godávári	3,48,107
Kistna	3,42,261
	6,90,368
Deduct exports to central Provinces and Rumpa	44,011
	6,46,357

Population	3,339,992
Consumption per head	15.92

for cheap transport which the Canal system offers render declarations as to destination of but little value except in the cases of markets on the river itself above the head locks. It is estimated that 19,011 † maunds passed up the Godávári to the Central Provinces. The Rumpa trade may be estimated at 25,000 maunds at least. This would make the total quantity available for local use in the two Districts 6,46,357 ‡ maunds equivalent to a consumption of 15.92 lbs. per head against 16.89 lbs. estimated in the previous year. If the quantity declared for consumption in Vizagapatam but estimated to have passed into consumption in Godávári is also taken into account, the resulting consumption per head would be 16.60 lbs.

		1886-87.	1885-86.
§ Salt sold in Godávári and Kistna and in the two Northern Factories of Nellore		MDS.	MDS.
Exports to Hyderabad and Chingleput as per Land Trade Returns and Factory declarations		12,11,664	11,60,205
		3,65,337	3,11,839
		15,76,327	14,72,044
Population		4,081,753	

88. Taking Godávári, Kistna, North Nellore, and the Cumbum and Márkápúr as one group, the rate arrived at for this tract is 17.06 lbs. § per head against 16.90 lbs. in 1885-86.

Consumption in the four Northern Districts taken together.

1886-87	MDS.	22,38,578
1885-86	MDS.	21,31,008
		1,07,570

89. Taking the four Northern Districts together, the rate of consumption arrived at is 13.86 lbs. per head against 14.15 lbs. in the previous year. The total sales in these Districts increased by 1,07,570 maunds in the year under report. The sales for consumption in them and in Orissa increased, while those for the Nizam's Dominions and the Central Provinces decreased as shown below:—

Year.	Four Northern Districts.	Orissa.	Central Provinces.	Nizam's Dominions.
1885-86	MDS. 10,70,772	MDS. 1,68,013	MDS. 6,49,178	MDS. 2,41,655
1886-87	MDS. 10,86,525	MDS. 3,67,904	MDS. 5,72,227	MDS. 1,85,653
Difference	+ 15,753	+ 1,99,891	- 76,951	- 56,002

	1885-86.	1886-87.
The quantity available for consumption in the four Northern Districts amounted to	MDS. 10,70,772	MDS. 10,86,525
Add Salt received from Nellore District for consumption in the four Northern Districts	MDS. 1,65,343	MDS. 1,24,223
Total	MDS. 12,36,115	MDS. 12,10,748

There was thus a decrease of over 25,000 maunds in the quantity available for consumption. The imports into the Nizam's Dominions from the Bombay side appear to have increased during the year by 80,000 maunds as compared with 1885-86, while the exports from the Madras Presidency decreased by 62,200 maunds. The Resident in Hyderabad has been requested to obtain statistics of the traffic registered at the Nizam's Customs Stations during the past few years. But these are not yet to hand.

Consumption of the Presidency including Mysore and Coorg.

90. The consumption in the whole Presidency including the Native States and Mysore and Coorg appears to have been as shown below:—

Total sales of the Presidency including rail-borne imports from Bombay	MDS. 77,10,007
Deduct—	
Salt sent beyond the Presidency from the four Northern Districts according to the above calculations	MDS. 11,25,784
Salt sent to the Nizam's Dominions from Chingleput, Bellary and Anantapur, Cuddapah and Kurnool	MDS. 27,397
Salt sent from Bellary and Anantapur to the Bombay Presidency.	MDS. 35
Total	MDS. 11,53,216
Net	MDS. 65,56,791

for 35,145,965 persons.

This gives a rate of consumption of Rs. 15.35 lbs. against 15.43 lbs. arrived at for the preceding year by a similar method.

Consumption in Mysore,

91. The total quantity of Salt sent to Mysore was 4,18,699 maunds (as shown below) against 4,29,633 maunds in 1885-86:—

Sent by rail	MDS. 2,50,550
Sent by land according to Land Trade Returns from the Frontier Districts	MDS. 1,68,149
Total	MDS. 4,18,699

This gives a rate of 8.22 lbs. against 8.44 lbs. in 1885-86. The difference may be ascribed to the high prices of the Rail-borne Salt from Madras. As stated in paragraph 88 of last year's report, special enquiries were made in the year under report regarding the imports into Coorg from South Canara and Malabar. The quantities exported from each District are reported to be 1,258 and 45,100 maunds, respectively. This will give a consumption of 21.39 lbs.* per head of the total population of Coorg. Taking Mysore and Coorg together the rate comes to 8.76 lbs. per head. Arrangements are under consideration for the registration of traffic with Coorg (*vide* Board's Proceedings, No. 340, dated 27th July 1887, Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture).

Consumption in South Canara and Malabar.

Quantity	MDS. 1,74,470	South Canara.	Malabar.
Population	MDS. 959,514	MDS. 2,365,035	MDS. 2,365,035
		LBS. 14.96	LBS. 20.61
Quantity	MDS. 1,74,470	1886-87.	1885-86.
Population	MDS. 959,514	MDS. 2,365,035	MDS. 2,365,035
		LBS. 18.98	LBS. 19.07
Quantity	MDS. 1,74,470	South Canara.	Malabar.
Deduct	MDS. 1,258	MDS. 1,258	MDS. 1,258
Net	MDS. 1,73,212	MDS. 1,73,212	MDS. 1,73,212
Population	MDS. 959,514	MDS. 2,365,035	MDS. 2,365,035
		LBS. 14.85	LBS. 19.04
South Canara and Malabar	MDS. 7,20,664	Quantity.	Population.
Coorg	MDS. 46,353	MDS. 3,324,549	MDS. 178,283
		LBS. 18.01	LBS. 18.1
		MDS. 7,67,022	MDS. 2,592,832

and of Malabar 19.04 lbs. The rate of consumption in Malabar, South Canara and Coorg taken together is 18.01 against 18.1 lbs. in the preceding year.

93. Excluding the quantities sent to Mysore and Coorg and the quantity sent out of the Presidency from the four Northern Districts and from Chingleput, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Kurnool, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore and South Canara, the consumption of the Madras Presidency, including the Native States comprised within it, amounted to 60,91,734 maunds. This gives a rate of 16.28 lbs. per head as compared with 16.47 lbs. in 1885-86.

94. Excluding the Native States also and making an allowance of 50,000 maunds for their consumption, the resulting rate for the Presidency was 16.33 lbs. against 16.52 lbs. per head in the previous year.

95. Excluding the four Northern and the two West Coast Districts, Mysore and Coorg, and the Native States within the Presidency, the rate of licit consumption in the remaining area was 16.97 lbs. against 16.94 lbs. per head in 1885-86. Allowing for increase of population at the rate of 7.95 per mille per annum adopted in the Census Report, the rate of consumption for this group amounted to 16.31 lbs. against 16.42 lbs. per head in the preceding year.

Excluding also the Native States.	Quantity.	Population.
As per preceding paragraph	60,91,734	30,781,283
Deduct for Sandar, Banganapalle and Pudukota.	50,000	10,532
		30,770,751
* Total deduction	50,000	343,413
Net	60,41,734	30,427,338
and excluding also the four Northern and the two West Coast Districts.	Quantity.	Population.
Deduct for four Northern Districts	60,41,734	30,427,338
Two West Coast Districts	12,10,748	71,85,389
	7,20,664	3,324,549
	19,31,412	10,509,938
Net	41,10,322	19,927,392
Add increase of population at 7.95 per mille from 1882 to 1886		804,829
		20,732,221

Consumption in the Southern Division.

	Quantity in Column 26 of the Statement.	Population.
Chingleput	2,77,745	981,381
South Arcot	4,31,091	1,84,738
Tanjore	4,66,901	2,130,333
Madura	4,18,933	2,168,680
Tinnevely	4,58,744	1,699,747
North Arcot	4,12,731	1,817,814
Salem	2,92,456	1,590,595
Coimbatore	2,18,548	1,657,690
Trichinopoly	2,71,337	1,617,163
Total	34,08,491	15,337,188
Deduct for Pudukota ..	43,913	392,127
	33,64,578	15,085,061

96. For the group formed by the Districts marginally noted and lying within a triangle, the northern boundary of which lies some fifty miles to the north of the Madras Railway, the rate of consumption per head arrived at as in previous years is 18.35 lbs. as against 18.51 lbs. in 1885-86. The general decrease in consumption must be set down to depletion of stocks and the rise in the price of Excise Salt, as there was nothing either in the season or in the condition of the people to account for it.

97. As desired by Government in paragraph 18 of their Order, September 24, 1886, No. 829, Revenue, a statement is subjoined showing the Salt sent by rail to the Ceded and other Inland Districts for a series of years :—

	Bellary and Anantapur.	Cuddapah.	North Arcot.	* Salem.	Coimbatore.	Trichinopoly.
	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.
1878-79	88,333	71,392	2,86,415	2,36,132	2,22,284	1,04,702
1879-80	1,32,146	1,05,160	3,51,237	2,22,204	2,71,358	1,12,804
1880-81	1,72,146	1,06,878	2,90,899	2,50,951	2,93,012	1,12,655
1881-82	1,70,084	1,04,131	2,80,405	2,11,059	2,82,116	1,18,758
1882-83	2,20,340	1,11,471	3,11,974	1,91,036	3,24,148	1,86,551
1883-84	2,65,766	1,17,355	3,23,399	2,04,648	3,38,083	2,30,204
1884-85	2,63,034	1,13,560	3,92,793	2,51,813	3,28,017	3,04,000
1885-86	2,73,884	1,19,393	3,92,984	2,96,604	3,47,416	3,43,432
1886-87	2,55,417	1,09,177	3,78,495	2,92,666	3,28,402	2,49,911

In the year under report there was a serious decrease in the rail-borne consignments to Trichinopoly which was due chiefly to the exhaustion of stocks in the Negapatam Division. The other Districts also show a decrease which is sufficiently accounted for by the increase in the price of Excise Salt.

CHAPTER X.—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

Receipts.

98. The total receipts of Salt Revenue under all heads amounted to Rs. 1,37,58,758 as detailed below :—

Divisions.	RECEIVED FOR SALT SOLD				Customs Duty.	Excise Duty.	Miscellaneous Receipts.	Total.
	For Home and Inland Consumption.		To the French Government.	For Fish-curing.				
	Duty.	Cost Price.	Cost Price.	Cost Price.				
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Chatrapur	10,11,125	94,551	..	1,744	..	2,13,684	1,911	19,23,045
Chicacole	3,18,468	29,851	..	2,569	14	13,64,608	8,873	17,44,223
Masulipatam	1,12,502	12,981	99	2,517	..	7,73,398	3,629	9,05,426
Nellore	8,96,040	84,924	..	1,348	..	11,66,163	3,101	21,51,566
Chingleput (Madras)	14,07,538	84,451	2,748	1,379	2,168	22,57,837	40,481	38,36,552
Negapatam	77,508	7,266	900	3,457	7	16,46,086	19,031	17,54,245
Tinnevely	47,526	4,456	..	6,408	20	18,64,855	12,223	19,35,488
Calicut	..	..	1,513	61,509	202	31,006	7,473	1,02,003
Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	..	432	432
Commissioner and Deputy Commissioners	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,778	6,778
Total ..	38,70,947	3,18,480	5,580	81,331	2,411	93,77,627	1,02,402	137,58,758

Decrease in	Rs.
Receipts for Salt sold for Home and Inland consumption ..	50,94,758
Receipts for Salt sold to French Government ..	3,582

99. Compared with the receipts of 1885-86, there was a net decrease of Rs. 7,23,514, or 4.99 per cent. The decrease was in the items noted in the margin. Under the first of these it was due to the extension of the Excise System. The decrease under sales to French Government was due to the value of Salt supplied to the French Government at Pondicherry in 1886-87 not having been realized within the year.

100. The increase in Excise duty was due to the extension of the Excise System. The increase under Miscellaneous Receipts was due to an adjustment of Rs. 4,420 communicated by the Accountant-General on account of previous years and to the recovery of Rs. 4,905 from Messrs. Best and Co. on account of establishment charges in excess of 5 per cent. on the duty collected in 1884-85 and 1885-86 at Manambadi. That under sales for fish-curing was due to the development of the industry.

101. Of the total receipts Rs. 68,41,298 were realized on account of Government Salt sold and Excise Salt removed on cash payment and Rs. 68,08,999* on account of Salt issued on credit both before and during the year.

102. The quantity issued on credit is noted below.—

Divisions.	MDS.	RS.
Masulipatam	1,58,231	3,16,492
Nellore	3,48,171	7,09,951
Chingleput	16,72,281	33,44,901
Negapatam	4,62,001	9,24,100
Tinnevely	7,36,542	14,73,084
Total	33,77,226†	67,68,498

Of the above sum, Rs. 37,67,803 were collected within the year and Rs. 30,00,695 were outstanding at its close. Rs. 30,41,196 were realized on account of Salt issued in the preceding year. Credit transactions decreased during the year by 88,542 maunds. The decrease occurred in the Chingleput and Negapatam Divisions. In the former Division it was due to the high prices demanded for Excise Salt at the Madras Depot and in the latter to the want of sufficient stocks.

Comparison with previous years.

103. The following abstract shows the Salt Revenue of the Presidency for 1886-87 as compared with that of previous years.

Divisions.	Average of five years, 1879-80 to 1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	Difference between 1885-86 and 1886-87.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Chatrapur	28,23,258	27,03,960	8,97,808	13,23,045	+ 425,237
Chicacole	..	..	18,56,241	17,44,223	- 1,11,018
Masulipatam	17,59,278	14,27,429	12,76,829	9,05,426	- 3,71,403
Nellore	12,78,559	13,11,903	15,53,790	21,51,566	+ 5,97,776
Chingleput (Madras) ..	38,24,202	42,00,215	52,75,687	38,36,552	- 14,39,035
Negapatam	27,41,800	20,67,315	18,34,149	17,54,245	- 79,904
Tinnevely	18,71,891	19,42,720	16,57,082	19,35,488	+ 2,78,406
Calicut	4,73,426	1,44,672	1,31,335	1,02,003	- 29,332
Arcot	..	..	314	432	+ 118
Commissioner and Deputy Commissioners	1,506	181	137	6,778	+ 5,641
Total	147,73,920	137,98,795	144,82,272	137,58,758	- 7,23,514

The increase in the Chatrapur Division was due to the increased demand from Puri owing to the failure of stocks there. The increase in Nellore and the decrease in Chingleput were due to the large purchases made by the Madras merchants in the former division owing to the high prices demanded by the licensees at the Madras Depot. The increase in Tinnevely was the result of larger sales due partly to the reduction of the selling price of salt by the Tuticorin licensees and partly to the tracts formerly supplied from the Tanjore Factories having been supplied from Tinnevely in the year

* Exclusive of Rs. 3,648 paid by the French Government.

† Exclusive of 54,246 maunds (Rs. 9,317) supplied to the French Government.

under report. The decrease in Chicacole was due to the late arrival of the Brinjaries and to the extension of the Excise System, owing to which the sale price of salt—3 annas per maund under the Monopoly System—is no longer credited to Government. The decrease in Masulipatam was due to the increased sales of Excise Salt and to diversion of the trade to the Vizagapatam Factories owing to high prices charged by the Mogaltur and Penugudur licensees. The decrease in Negapatam was due to the want of stocks at several factories and that in the Calicut Division was due to the exhaustion of stocks of Excise Salt owing to the abolition of the Kundapur Factories.

104. Adding the duty levied in Bombay on salt imported into this Presidency, and deducting the duty collected here on salt exported by sea to the Bombay and Bengal Presidencies, the comparison stands as follows:—

Years.	REVENUE REALIZED				Total.	Deduct duty on exports to Bombay and Bengal Presidencies.	Net Revenue.
	In Madras.	In Bombay.	In Goa.	In Calcutta.			
1878-79	Rs. 146,32,145	Rs. 12,47,193	Rs. ..	Rs. ..	Rs. 158,79,338	Rs. ..	Rs. 158,79,338
1879-80	157,33,395	9,94,410	..	..	167,27,805	42,125	166,85,710
1880-81	150,43,359	12,94,115	30,830	..	163,68,304	55,365	163,12,939
1881-82	147,22,165	12,10,537	84,380	..	160,24,582	4,175	160,20,407
1882-83	139,08,525	14,13,376	85,060	..	154,06,961	1,508	154,05,453
1883-84	133,65,159	15,95,036	1,14,945	..	150,75,141	50,162	150,24,979
1884-85	137,98,795	16,92,378	59,134	..	155,50,307	264	155,50,043
1885-86	144,82,272	17,49,022	80,650	12	163,11,956	1,148	163,10,808
1886-87	137,58,756	21,21,914	76,408	40	159,57,120	270	159,56,850

105. There was thus a decrease of Rs. 63,557, or of 0.39 per cent. in the Salt Revenue of this Presidency as compared with 1881-82, at the end of which year there was a reduction of 20 per cent. in the rate of duty. This decrease is, however, more than covered by the increase since then of outstandings on account of credit sales.

106. Including the Abkari charges and the pay and contingencies of the establishments employed in Orissa, the total charges amounted to Rs. 16,23,806 as compared with Rs. 16,44,412 in 1885-86. Details according to divisions are given in Appendix F.

Of this, Rs. 2,35,668 are debitable to Excise and Rs. 84,662 represent the charges due to the transfer of the Salt Administration of Orissa to this Presidency. Deducting these, the net charges debitable to the Madras Salt Department amount to Rs. 13,03,476 which compares as follows with those of the preceding two years.

Items.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.
Establishments.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Permanent	8,24,605	7,99,615	8,08,640
Temporary	38,544	36,029	39,843
Boat	167	54	44
Contingencies.			
Travelling Allowances	39,956	43,567	53,404
Office and Revenue contingencies, including Service Postage, Telegrams, cost of export of Salt and other Miscellaneous Items	88,736	94,937	1,94,391
Rewards	18,753	21,572	21,502
Petty construction and repairs	67,331	55,400	55,099
Purchase of Salt manufacturers' share	4,30,490	1,47,438	82,337
Conveying and storing Salt	81,201	25,808	19,013
Petty works for the Manufacture and storage of Salt	30,241	19,829	15,031
Cost and repair of Salt-weighting Machines	2,698	26,355	2,390
Miscellaneous	9,822	5,104	17,732
Total	16,32,599	12,75,208	13,03,476
Add cost of Salt Police	6,078	2,237	159
Grand Total	16,38,677	12,77,445	13,03,635

107. Compared with 1885-86, the cost of the Department increased by Rs. 28,268 if the cost of the Salt Police is excluded, and by Rs. 26,190 if it is included. This net result is made up of an increase of Rs. 1,09,221 under Office and Revenue contingencies and of Rs. 6,829 under establishments balanced by a decrease of Rs. 87,782 in petty construction and repairs and in charges connected with the manufacture of salt under the Monopoly System. The increase under Office and Revenue contingencies was due to the payment of compensation (Rs. 1,00,547) to the Kundapur licensees for the suppression of salt manufacture and to increased expenditure on account of travelling allowance as after the passing of The Madras Abkari Act I, 1886, officers had to be on tour more frequently and for a greater part of the year. The increase under establishments was due to the employment at the fish-curing yards of the revised scale of establishments sanctioned in G.O., January 16, 1886, No. 32, Revenue, and to the establishments sanctioned on account of the addition of Abkari to Salt duties having been employed throughout the year instead for only a portion of it as in the preceding year.

108. The total expenditure on works amounted to Rs. 70,180 against Rs. 75,229 in the previous year, exclusive of the amount (Rs. 24,540) expended on works executed by the department on behalf of the licensees and recovered from them in the shape of excise cess.

109. A table is appended showing the expenditure on works for a series of years:

	Works for petty Construction and Repairs.	Works for " Manufacture and Storage.	Total.
1878-79	Rs. 42,461	Rs. 87,509	Rs. 1,29,970
1879-80	29,280	40,732	70,012
1880-81	37,051	50,033	87,084
1881-82	58,395	58,096	1,16,491
1882-83	86,329	52,890	1,39,219
1883-84	1,08,780	38,724	1,47,504
1884-85	67,381	30,241	97,622
1885-86	55,400	19,829	75,229
1886-87	55,099	15,081	70,180

110. The expenditure in each division on each class of works is shown in Appendix G. An abstract is subjoined:—

Classification.	New works.	Repairs.	Total.
I.—Works for Revenue and General Purposes—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
A—Roads including Compensation for Land.	2,245 5 0	1,607 10 7	3,852 15 7
B—Other Works.			
Compensation	1,876 9 1	..	1,876 9 1
Protective works, such as hedges, Guard-houses, &c.	2,820 0 9	6,305 12 3	9,125 13 0
Offices and Lines	20,026 6 7	11,196 14 9	31,223 5 4
Boats	1,614 1 7	3,546 4 2	5,160 5 9
Other works for Public convenience	851 12 11	375 7 11	1,227 4 10
Sundry Works	553 3 4	2,079 3 7	2,632 6 11
Total, Other Works	27,742 2 3	23,503 10 8	51,245 12 11
Total works for Revenue and General Purposes	29,987 7 3	25,111 5 3	55,098 12 6

Classification.	New works.			Repairs.			Total.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
II.—Works for the manufacture and Storage of Salt—									
Irrigation Channels (brine supply), including opening Bars ...	815	5	6	4,329	3	4	5,144	8	10
Platforms and Drying Grounds ...	158	11	0	1,399	14	0	1,558	9	0
Protective Works ...	804	0	0	5,286	2	0	6,090	2	0
Store Sheds and Gollahs ...	971	14	2	1,037	6	5	2,009	4	7
Sundry Works ...	160	4	7	117	15	5	278	4	0
Total works for the Manufacture and Storage of Salt ...	2,910	3	3	12,170	9	2	15,080	12	5
Grand Total ...	32,897	10	6	37,281	14	5	70,179	8	11

111. The proportion borne by the charges to the receipts of the department and the net Revenue realised during the year as compared with the results obtained in the preceding eight years are given below:—

Years.	Rate of Duty.	Receipts. (a)	Charges. (b).	Percentage of Charges to Receipts.	Net Revenue.
		RS.	RS.		RS.
1878-79 ...	Rs. 2-8-0	1,58,79,338	15,88,412	10-00	1,42,90,926
1879-80 ...		1,66,85,710	11,72,757	7-02	1,55,12,953
1880-81 ...		1,69,12,939	16,54,579	9-78	1,52,58,360
1881-82 ...	Rs. 2-8-0 to March 10, afterwards Rs. 2.	1,60,20,407	15,75,656	9-83	1,44,44,751
1882-83 ...		1,54,05,453	16,82,913	10-92	1,37,22,540
1883-84 ...	Rs. 2.	1,55,14,979	16,49,132	10-62	1,38,65,847
1884-85 ...		1,55,50,043	16,38,676	10-53	1,39,11,367
1885-86 ...		1,63,10,898	12,77,445	7-83	1,50,33,363
1886-87 ...		1,59,56,850	13,03,635	8-17	1,46,53,215

(a) Taking credit for Salt duty levied in Bombay.

(b) Including the cost of Police Guards.

Manufacturing and Revenue Receipts and Charges separated.

112. The Manufacturing and Revenue Receipts and Charges of the year compare as follows:—

	Receipts.	Charges.	Percentage of Charges to Receipts.
	RS.	RS.	
Revenue ...	1,32,55,168	11,66,923	8-80
Manufacture ...	5,03,590	1,36,553	27-11
Total ...	1,37,58,758	13,03,476	

113. The subjoined statement exhibits the cost of the Government Salt sold at the Ganjam and Chinna Ganjam Factories of the Chatrapur and Nellore Divisions respectively. There was no manufacture during the year at the other Monopoly Factories:—

Items.	Ganjam.	Chinna Ganjam.	Total.
	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.
Quantity manufactured ...	3,85,632	1,16,957	5,02,589
Gain by weighment ...	89	...	89
Total ...	3,85,721	1,16,957	5,02,678
Deduct wastage ...	16,772	14,838	31,610
Net quantity ...	3,68,949	1,02,119	4,71,068
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Land Assessment ...	191 0 0	17 4 0	208 4 0
Payment to manufacturers ...	35,349 9 7	9,507 12 0	44,857 5 7
Works for Salt manufacture and storage. (Interest... Repairs...)	1,035 12 11 765 15 11	592 0 0 40 4 0	1,627 12 11 806 3 11
Conveying and storing Salt ...	876 6 6	436 6 1	1,312 12 7
Net Miscellaneous expenditure on other heads including Salt Weighing Machines.	638 12 7	193 3 7	832 0 2
Total ...	38,857 9 6	10,786 13 8	49,644 7 2
Cost per maund of net quantity above shown as brought into store ...	0 1 8-2	0 1 8-2	0 1 8-2
Number of maunds of Salt sold .. Maunds...	4,96,025 0 0	2,68,320 0 0	7,64,345 0 0
A cost of the same ...	52,185 15 5	28,229 8 0	80,415 7 5
B Average period of Storage of the same, years and months ...	0 7 0	1 5 0	...
C Interest on cost at 4 per cent. ... Rs.	1,217 10 9	1,599 10 8	2,817 5 5
Total cost of Salt sold (Lines A and C) Rs.	53,403 10 2	29,829 2 8	83,232 12 10
Cost per maund of Salt sold ... Rs.	0 1 8-6	0 1 9-3	0 1 8-9

CHAPTER XI—QUALITY OF SALT.

114. Appendix H shows the result of all the analyses which have been made since chemical tests have been applied. Appendix I is an abstract of the results of the analysis of three samples of the Salt of 1886 from each Factory as compared with the results for previous years.

115. The following is an abstract of Appendix I:—

Constituents.	1876.	1883.	1884.		1885.		1886.	
			Monopoly.	Excise.	Monopoly.	Excise.	Monopoly.	Excise.
Sodium Chloride ..	93-5	92-5	92-9	92-9	93-9	92-7	94-9	92-6
Magnesium Salts ..	2-9	2-5	2-1	1-9	2-6	3-2	1-7	2-8
Calcium Salts ..	1-6	2-2	2-2	2-3	2-1	2-3	1-9	2-5
Insoluble matter ..	2-1	1-9	2-2	2-2	8	1-2	9	1-7

From this a steady improvement since 1883 is apparent in Monopoly Salt, the proportion of sodium chloride, and that of each of the impurities showing a marked diminution. There is also a distinct advance as compared with the sample of 1876. On the other hand Excise Salt shows no improvement. But as there were only two Factories, Ganjam and Chinna Ganjam, being worked under the Monopoly System in 1886-87, Pandraka Salt which is of the nature of Spontaneous Salt being excluded, and it is impossible to judge of the real quality of the Excise Salt put upon the market from this statement, another average has been calculated by multiplying the results of

the analyses of the average specimens of Salt from each Factory by the quantity of Salt manufactured at it. The result works out as shown in the following statement:—

		Insoluble matter.		Sodium Chloride.	Magnesium Chloride.	Calcium Chloride.	Magnesium Sulphate.	Calcium Sulphate.	Unaccounted for.
		Inorganic.	Organic.						
1885-86	Monopoly ..	0.609	0.137	94.027	2.280	0.353	0.501	1.404	0.389
	Excise ..	1.145	0.118	91.820	2.987	0.056	0.860	2.400	0.614
1886-87	Monopoly ..	0.656	0.282	95.232	2.016	0.134	0.208	1.232	0.240
	Excise ..	1.411	0.144	91.928	2.633	0.763	0.359	2.163	0.599

These figures indicate a marked improvement in Monopoly Salt, whereas under Excise, although there is some improvement, it is much less perceptible.

116. On the whole there has been an improvement in the Northern Factories. The calcium products, however, generally show a tendency to increase. In the Chatrapur Division, the Surlá Excise Salt analyzes well, but it is not in favour with the Trade, which, though the licensees charged little more than the Monopoly rate, has been diverted from Surlá to Ganjam. In the Chicacole Division, the Salt shows improvement and the licensees who are trying to produce a better quality have set apart beds for the disposal of bitters at every Factory except Konada. In the Masulipatam Division, better Salt was produced at Penuguduru and Mogaltur; on the other hand, the Manginapudi and Nizampatam Salts deteriorated. In the Nellore Division, the licensees were induced to destroy 990 maunds at Kistnapatam and 175 maunds at Pakala which had been scraped from over-dense brine; but, owing to the scarcity of Salt and the high prices obtainable at Madras, they could be induced to destroy only those particular unstored heaps from which the samples, the chemical analysis of which was unsatisfactory, were taken.

117. In the Chingleput Factories and those south of Madras with one or two exceptions, there has been a decrease in the proportion of sodium chloride and an increase in impurity. In the Negapatam Division, the Salt of Cuddalore, Kumbli-medu, Neidavasfil and Tranquebar is very inferior. It is reported that this will continue to be the case unless Salt officers are invested with power to reject dirty Salt or Salt of a bad quality similar to that formerly vested in them under the Monopoly System. In the Tinnevely Division, the only factory the Salt of which gave a satisfactory analysis was Morekolam. The Vattanam and Theethandathanam Salts were very bad, and the Kayalpatnam Salt gave the worst results in the Presidency.

118. The only reason that can be assigned for the difference between the Salt of the Northern and that of the Southern Factories is that the stocks in the south were very low and this led to the manufacturers scraping any stuff that could be secured: such was the demand that it was sold off almost as soon as stored. On the whole then the Monopoly Salt of 1886-87 is better than that of 1885-86; the Excise Salt of 1886-87 in the Northern Factories is better and in the Southern Factories worse than that of 1885-86.

CHAPTER XII.—MEASURES FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE REVENUE.

Offences against the Salt Laws reported.

119. The following statement shows the number of cases reported and persons arrested with the manner in which they were disposed of during the year:—

DISPOSAL BY THE OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT.														
Released by Department.														
Division or Circle.	Pending on April 1, 1886, and since reported up to March 31, 1887.		I		II		III		IV		Total released after warning.		Sent for trial.	
	Cases.	Persons.	Infant persons, pregnant women and children.		For possessing less than one seer of Contraband Salt or less than five seers of Salt-earth for the first time.		On proof of ignorance or inadvertence.		For want of proof.		Total released after warning.		Sent for trial.	
			Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.
1.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Chatrapur	289	171	5	5	49	49	1	1	1	1	56	56	109	109
Chicacole	9,889	3,419	54	54	1,243	1,247	2	2	(c) 29	(c) 29	1,328	1,332	1,978	1,981
Masulipatam	959	455	11	11	202	206	5	5	11	12	229	234	201	209
Nellore	131	47	..	..	16	17	..	..	4	4	20	21	26	26
Chingleput	1,860	987	37	40	129	131	1	1	21	21	188	193	763	765
Negapatam	6,630	4,090	168	168	866	867	2	2	(d) 33	(d) 33	1,069	1,176	2,835	2,847
Tinnevelly	4,624	2,094	44	44	689	689	9	9	(e) 37	(e) 37	779	779	1,269	1,271
Arcot	1,897	596	15	15	111	112	1	1	(f) 14	(f) 14	141	143	412	415
Calicut	6,112	3,412	99	125	924	944	9	9	(g) 33	(g) 41	1,065	1,119	2,104	2,159
Total ..	32,391	15,271	433	492	4,329	4,362	30	30	183	299	4,875	5,063	9,687	9,778
DISPOSAL BY THE OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT—cont.														
Division or Circle.	Undeclared scrapings of Salt-earth registered from Dec. 31, 1886, to Dec. 31, 1886, written off.		Total disposed of.		Balance remaining for disposal on March 31, 1887.		Pending trial on April 1, 1886, and since sent for trial up to March 31, 1887.		Convicted.		Acquitted.		Balance remaining for disposal on March 31, 1887.	
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.
1.	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Chatrapur	67	232	165	67	6	150	150	118	118	2	2	30	30	30
Chicacole	4,708	8,014	3,313	1,875	106	2,381	2,412	1,868	1,868	27	27	(a) 507	(a) 507	(a) 507
Masulipatam	213	643	443	316	12	250	258	186	190	26	26	33	33	33
Nellore	42	88	47	43	..	26	26	21	21	9	9	3	3	3
Chingleput	334	1,275	948	585	39	867	871	779	782	20	20	68	68	68
Negapatam	2,006	6,910	4,023	720	67	3,042	3,054	2,639	2,559	19	19	(b) 483	(b) 475	(b) 475
Tinnevelly	1,936	3,884	2,056	640	38	1,466	1,474	1,235	1,239	6	9	226	226	226
Arcot	1,189	1,739	558	158	38	483	491	420	423	4	4	64	64	64
Calicut	2,227	5,396	3,278	719	134	2,271	2,233	1,776	1,821	23	27	472	472	485
Total ..	12,719	27,281	14,831	5,110	449	10,941	11,069	8,931	9,021	128	140	1,871	1,871	1,897

120. Of the persons dealt with 5,053 or about a third were released departmentally. Of these 4,262 or 84.3 per cent. were released for the possession of Salt or Salt-earth for the first time.

121. The number of cases dealt with, the number of persons arrested and the number of undetected scrapings show decreases of 3.5, 3.3, and 4.3 per cent. respectively. The number of persons sent for trial shows an increase of 123 or 1.2 per cent. The decrease in the number of offences may possibly imply that the maximum has been reached; or it may be due to the Abkari duties newly imposed upon the Department owing to which the officers have been unable to devote so much time to Salt offences. The annexed statement shows the difference in each division:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
Chatrapur	2,114	109
Chicacole	317	1,981
Masulipatam	12	209
Nellore	775	26
Chingleput	2,158	755
Nagapatam	1,634	2,847
Tinnevelly	589	1,277
Arcot	2,056	415
Calicut		2,159

122. The figures for the Chatrapur and Chicacole Divisions show little change on the whole.

123. The North of Ganjam and the South of Vizagapatam show satisfactory decreases, but there has been an increase in offences in the Circles comprising the South of Ganjam and the North and interior of Vizagapatam. The decrease in the Masulipatam Division noticed in the last report continues. Guntur is the only Circle which shows a slight increase.

124. In the Nellore Division there has been a slight increase. In the Chingleput Division as a whole and its Circles individually there is little change, and in the Nagapatam Division generally there was an increase of crime probably to be attributed to the high price of Salt. In the Tinnevelly Division, Morekolam Circle alone shows an increase, there being a considerable decrease of detection in Vattanam and Madura Circles. The decrease in the Arcot Division is chiefly in Vellore where there was an unusual increase in the previous year and Tirukoilur which was for the greater part of the year in charge of an incompetent Inspector who has since been reduced. In the Calicut Division, the Trichinopoly, Tellicherry, Mangalore and Kundapur Circles showed increases.

125. Of the 15,271 persons whose cases were dealt with, 5,053 were released and 9,778 sent for trial, the cases of 440 being left pending. Only 213 cases in which 329 persons were involved were released under heads III and IV (ignorance and want of proof). Thus, of the whole number of persons whose cases were disposed of, amounting to nearly 15,000, only 2.2 per cent. were arrested for cases in which the evidence was considered by the Inspectors insufficient warrant their being sent for trial. The Board are satisfied that there are no grounds for considering that the Inspectors abuse their powers of release, and it must be conceded that it would not be safe to entrust these powers to officers of the grade of those who usually make arrests.

126. Of the persons sent for trial 140 were acquitted against 243 in the previous year. The percentage of cases acquitted was 1.4, the lowest that has been recorded.

127. The quantities of contraband articles dealt with are shown in the annexed statement. Fish cured with Salt-earth and Salt-earth show considerable increases, there being corresponding decreases under Earth-salt, Spontaneous Salt and Salt.

Quantity recovered.

Divisions.	Salt.	Spontaneous Salt.	Earth-Salt.	Salt-Earth.	Saltpetre.	Brine.	Fish cured with Salt-earth.
	MDS. S. T.	MDS. S. T.	MDS. S. T.	MDS. S. T.	MDS. S. T.	MDS. S. T.	MDS. S. T.
Chatrapur ..	1 30 37	..	1 34 17	82 14 4	..	1 35 26	1 6 70
Chicacole ..	0 12 20	0 0 2	31 2 8	1,064 23 76	..	55 1 55	161 21 30
Masulipatam ..	0 27 31	12 26 1	3 33 34	111 5 79	0 28 22	8 36 70	8 0 0
Nellore ..	..	2 20 20	..	15 37 60	..	0 14 0	..
Chingleput ..	2 6 59	10 30 79	18 8 29	280 19 3	..	10 8 49	..
Nagapatam ..	4 27 30	0 34 59	309 6 29	2,420 26 35	..	57 30 57	1,616 34 0
Tinnevelly ..	0 4 0	20 22 32	88 16 42	118 2 68	2 26 0	36 25 31	3 30 0
Arcot ..	..	..	69 38 81	190 33 56	..	17 39 79	..
Calicut ..	0 0 25	0 2 43	105 35 66	537 22 19	1 12 50	90 34 10	..
Total ..	3 28 42	47 16 76	628 16 46	4,821 26 0	4 26 77	325 26 57	1,791 22 20

128. Appendix J shows the average duration of cases up to the time of their final disposal by the officers of the Department. There is a slight increase in the general average, but not more than may be accounted for by the extra Abkari duties imposed upon Inspectors. These officers having two sets of cases to dispose of have to consider the convenience of more people and it is undoubtedly better that a case should lie over a day or two longer than that a man should be summoned to an inconvenient distance from his home. There are no great changes in any of the divisions except Arcot, which shows a much worse average than in the previous year and Calicut which shows considerable improvement. The figures for the former are spoiled by the Tirukoilur Circle, the Inspector in charge of which was reduced among other things for delays in disposing of his cases. The Calicut Division is altogether exceptional, the delays in the West Coast Circles are generally for the convenience of the parties who are rarely called upon to attend the Inspector's Office during the monsoon.

129. Appendix K (classification of offences) calls for no remark.

130. The Government in reviewing previous reports have remarked upon the wide divergence in the prevalence of illicit practices in different Divisions, pointing especially to Nellore and Chicacole both Coast Divisions in which the number of cases dealt with are 131 and 9,889 respectively. This can only be accounted for by the difference in the habits of the people. In the Nellore District there were no fewer than 25 Factories in 1856 while in the Vizagapatam District there were but 6. The inhabitants of Nellore having licit Salt within easy reach and there being no swamps in the District bearing comparison with the Chipurupalle, Vatada and other Swamps in Vizagapatam never contracted the habit of using illicit Salt. Although the number of Factories in Nellore has been reduced, communications are so much improved that there is still no difficulty in obtaining licit Salt. On the other hand, in Vizagapatam the Salt-earth Swamps were more numerous than in Nellore while Factories were fewer, hence the people have contracted a habit of using illicit Salt, which is most difficult to eradicate. A similar fact is noticed in the Madura District. The saline survey of the District shows that it is full of Salt-earth tracts while the Divisions of the Melur, Shivaganga and Tirupatur Sub-Magistrates are the only parts of the District in which Salt cases are common:

131. The annexed statement shows the number of hands employed on purely preventive work and their sanctioned cost for the year 1886-87 and the number of cases reported and persons arrested in each division:—

Divisions.	Inspectors.	Assistant Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Clerks.	Petty Officers.	Peons.	Total strength.	Cost per Annum.	REPORTED DURING THE YEAR.	
									Cases.	Persons.
Chatrapur ..	1	..	3	1	8	62	75	11,508	235	170
Chicacole ..	2	..	8	2	55	334	401	45,498	7,441	3,355
Masulipatam ..	1	..	6	1	44	273	324	34,170	750	436
Nellore ..	1	..	8	1	38	256	304	33,888	104	45
Chingleput ..	..	..	3	..	21	132	156	14,880	1,763	987
Negapatam ..	1	1	5	2	33	237	279	31,572	5,924	4,043
Tinnevely ..	2	..	14	3	40	301	360	45,444	3,658	2,056
Arcot ..	7	..	43	10	92	667	819	1,15,452	1,460	543
Calicut ..	8	1	40	16	101	619	794	1,25,496	4,570	3,059
Total ..	23	2	135	36	432	2,881	3,509	4,60,818	25,935	14,674

No portion of the pay of Inspectors, Assistant Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors in Factory Circles employed in supervising both Factory and preventive operations is included in this statement. These officers are employed on both Salt and Abkari duties. The necessity for the establishments maintained in the different divisions cannot be judged of merely by the number of cases dealt with, as in parts of the country where breaches of the Salt laws are not numerous, it is still advisable to maintain an adequate force for preventive purposes.

CHAPTER XIII.—MISCELLANEOUS.*

132. 2,598 heaps were stored and 3,746 sold during the year. Of the heaps stored 236 were tested immediately after storage. Of the total number of heaps sold 2,560 were reweighed. 107.3 per cent. of the heaps stored and 74.47 per cent. of the heaps sold were tested during the year. Some of the heaps were tested both by restorage and by check weighment. Hence the ratio is in excess of 100. The proportion tested by officers of each grade is noted in the margin. Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors personally stored 440 heaps or 16.9 per cent. of the total number of heaps stored.

Check of storage by re-weighment of heaps.	
	PER CENT.
Assistant Commissioners ..	2.6
Inspectors ..	26.9
Assistant Inspectors ..	77.8
Total ..	107.3

133. On the whole there has been a considerable increase in the fish-curing operations as will be seen from the statement in the margin showing the results in each Division for the last three years. In the Chatrapur, Nellore, Chingleput and Tinnevely Divisions there has been a falling off which is ascribed to the season having been unfavourable during the greater part of the year, but this has been more than made up for by the increase in the remaining Divisions. 1,23,018 maunds of Salt, realizing Rs. 81,331, were sold during the year against 1,16,846 maunds and Rs. 77,044 in the preceding year. There was thus an increase of over 5 per cent. in the Salt sold and in the realizations. Deducting from the realizations the cost of the Salt and the expenditure incurred on account of buildings, establishments and contingencies, amounting to Rs. 70,611, there was a clear profit of over Rs. 10,000. There was an increase of Rs. 4,000 in the expenditure as compared with the preceding year which was due to the entertainment of the revised scale of establishments sanctioned in the order of Government marginally noted, to the purchase of a large quantity of Excise Salt for supply to the fish-curing yards, and to the expansion of fish-curing operations generally. The total number of yards at the beginning of the year was 135. Seven * new yards were opened during the year,

Divisions.	WEIGHT OF FISH CURED.		
	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.
Chatrapur ..	MDS. 25,962	MDS. 23,433	MDS. 23,354
Chicacole ..	51,700	48,825	56,310
Masulipatam ..	16,936	22,116	23,279
Nellore ..	12,528	23,104	21,964
Chingleput ..	19,640	25,254	24,814
Negapatam ..	31,441	32,690	35,755
Tinnevely ..	50,185	75,358	73,846
Calicut ..	3,38,994	4,93,013	5,07,482
Total ..	6,47,386	7,43,793	8,26,804
Tons ..	20,108	27,396	30,373

G.O., dated 16th January 1886, No. 32, Revenue. * Batticalavuru. Kamuravanipeta. Sethabavachatram. Pudizppu. Nagamayyapalem. Gudaragusta. Shiroor.

making the total at the end of the year 142. Of these only one, the Shiroor yard in the Calicut Division, was not resorted to by the fishermen.

134. The experiments in fish-curing conducted departmentally, so far as they have gone, have been satisfactory. More than 365 maunds of fish were cured at a cost of Rs. 835; a similar sum has been realized by the sale of a portion of the cured fish. The financial results cannot, however, be accurately stated as a considerable quantity of the fish cured remained unsold in the Masulipatam and Nellore Divisions. The greatest difficulty is experienced every where in purchasing fish for the purpose. Wherever the fish-curing industry has been established merchants have sprung up who make advances to the fishermen who are bound to make over to them all the fish caught. The fishermen are thus precluded from selling to the Officers of this Department and the merchants suspicious of the intentions of Government refuse to do so except at prohibitive prices.

135. During the year under report 2,434 Factories for the manufacture of Crude Saltpetre and 47 Refineries were worked against 2,146 Crude Saltpetre operations. Factories and 45 Refineries in the preceding year. The care with which licenses are issued in localities in which the proportion of Salt in the nitrous soil is large and the supervision exercised over the working of the Saltpetre Works and Refineries prove conclusively that the increase in the number of licenses granted is due to the development of the industry.

136. The receipts on account of license fees, fines, &c., amounted to Rs. 3,370-7-9, and the expenditure, which consists wholly of the pay of the Amins employed for the supervision of the Refineries, to Rs. 5,110-1-4 against Rs. 3,203-6-0 and Rs. 5,151-4-9, respectively, in the preceding year. The excess expenditure incurred over the receipts was more than made up by 16,382 maunds of edible Salt educed in the Refineries being prevented from passing into consumption without the payment of duty.

137. The subjoined table shows the quantities of Refined Saltpetre and of Salt produced in the Refineries during the last two years and also the proportion borne by these substances to the Crude Saltpetre expended during these periods:—

Divisions.	Circles.	Crude Saltpetre expended.	Refined Saltpetre produced.	Salt educed.	PERCENTAGE OF OUTPUT.	
					Of Refined to Crude Saltpetre expended.	Of Salt to Crude Saltpetre expended.
Masulipatam	Mogaltur ..	MDS. 257	MDS. 109	MDS. 71	42.41	27.62
	..	1885-86 .. 175	103	25	58.85	14.28
	Guntur ..	1885-86 .. 3,849	1,399	940	36.34	24.42
Nellore	..	1886-87 .. 3,085	1,265	755	41.65	24.47
	..	1885-86 .. 2,377	840	1,043	35.33	43.87
	Kanuparti ..	1886-87 .. 1,513	452	699	29.87	46.20
Negapatam	..	1885-86 .. 264	80	70	30.30	26.51
	Tanjore ..	1886-87 .. 1,289	516	489	40.03	37.93
	..	1885-86 .. 3,855	1,614	1,413	41.86	36.65
Tinnevely	..	1885-86 .. 102	174	92	43.28	22.88
	Calicut ..	1886-87 .. 80	53	19	66.25	23.75
	..	1885-86 .. 19,676	8,475	7,360	43.29	37.59
Calicut	..	1886-87 .. 22,077	9,248	8,395	41.89	38.02
	..	1885-86 .. 9,446	4,087	3,586	43.26	37.95
	Trichinopoly ..	1886-87 .. 11,852	5,127	4,033	43.15	33.94
Arcot	..	1885-86 .. 697	301	201	43.13	28.83
	Bellary ..	1886-87 .. 2,707	595	965	21.97	35.64
	Cuddapah ..	1885-86 .. 277	56	78	20.60	28.78
Total	..	1885-86 .. 38,157	15,981	13,852	41.88	36.50
	..	1886-87 .. 45,651	18,533	16,382	40.60	35.89

138. It will be observed that the percentages of Refined Saltpetre and Salt produced out of the Crude Saltpetre expended in both years continued similar contrary to the estimates made by the Salt Commission.

139. Of the Salt educed in the Refineries, 3,183 maunds were purchased by Government for supply to the Fish-curing yards on the West Coast while none was purchased

in the preceding year. The Ponani Gollah having been burnt down in December 1886, Tuticorin Salt could not be imported until the re-erection of the buildings; and the stock on hand having then almost run out, educed Salt was used by the curers. With the exception of this small quantity the whole of the Salt educed during the year was destroyed.

140. Educud Salt has been found upon Chemical examination to contain about 50 per cent. of Sodium Chloride against 93.505 found by the Salt Commission to be contained in the ordinary alimentary Salt. It could not, therefore, be excised, without danger to the Revenue, at a price under Rs. 1-1 per maund and with the cost of storage, carriage, &c., could scarcely be sold in any quantity under Rs. 1-4 per maund, at which price it is doubtful whether it would be in any demand with tanners and others who may wish to use it in their business. Special rules would have to be passed and special orders obtained from the Government of India reducing the duty before this could be done. It seems unnecessary to go up to the Government of India for sanction as the rules for the duty-free issue of Salt for use in manufactures meet all requirements.

Lands acquired by Public Servants.

Records.

Service Books.

141. Appendix L shows the lands acquired by the officers of the Department during the year.

142. The records of the Department are reported to be in good order.

143. The Service Books have been written up and completed in accordance with the Standing Orders.

CHAPTER XIV.—ORISSA.

144. In paragraph 14 of the last Administration Report of the Madras Salt Department it was stated that draft Notifications extending the Indian Salt Act (XII of 1882) to Orissa and prescribing rules thereunder had been forwarded for submission to the Bengal and Supreme Governments. It was supposed that the existing rules as to *Rowanahs* under the Bengal Salt Act would still remain in force in Orissa, as the introduction of Act XII of 1882 would not *ipso facto* affect their applicability to that Province. But the Government of India objected to the simultaneous working of the two Acts and the rules framed under them on the ground that the introduction of the one would render the other inoperative and returned the rules with the request that fresh draft Rules and Notifications under Act XII of 1882 should be submitted to completely take the place of the existing rules under the Bengal Salt Act of 1864, and enable the administration of the Salt Department in Orissa to be carried on without interruption and inconvenience, until such time as special legislation might be deemed advisable. The rules were accordingly revised and the following amended Notifications were prepared and submitted in January last:—

- I. Extending the Indian Salt Act (XII of 1882) to Orissa;
- II. Prescribing rules under that Act for the regulation of manufacture, storage, sale, &c., of salt;
- III. Vesting the Departmental Officers employed in that Province with certain powers under the Act; and
- IV. Providing for appeals against orders of Assistant and Deputy Commissioners.

The orders of the Government of India are still awaited.

145. In the absence of any definite instructions from higher authority the Officers of this Department employed in Orissa, having no legal position of their own, were directed to continue to work under the orders of Collectors during the year under report. The position was anomalous and unsatisfactory for the exact position of the officers of this Department was not defined and diversity of opinion existed as to what the relations of the Revenue authorities with the Salt officers were intended to be.

This was of course a hindrance to progress and the record of the past year cannot be expected to show much advance. Matters still remain in the same position and the responsibility of this Department is still undefined. It is hoped, however, that before the year expires the requisite powers will have been conferred and that a complete transfer of control will have been effected. The only changes affecting the system of Salt Administration which were introduced during the year were the following:—

- (a) The improvement of the system of storage and weighing of Salt.
- (b) The removal of duty-paid Salt from Golahs (Ware-houses) in bags instead of in bulk.
- (c) The discontinuance of night manufacture.
- (d) The systematic inspections of arangs (works) by the Inspectors and their Assistants during the manufacturing season.
- (e) The institution of preliminary inquiries about illicit Salt manufacture.

Pending the orders of Government regarding the powers of Departmental Officers, it was arranged with the Commissioner of Orissa that the Salt Outpost Police should be placed under the orders of the Officers of this Department so far as Salt crime was concerned, though, owing to some misunderstanding this arrangement was not properly carried out. Inspectors were directed while going round to be careful to visit, as far as possible, and note all scrapings of Salt-earth and removals of Spontaneous Salt and report them to the Police with a view to the necessary action being taken for the detection and punishment of offenders. It is reported that except in rare instances none of the Salt Police Outpost establishment ever patrolled the Salt tracts, for which they had been specially appointed.

146. The quantities of Salt which nominally remained in store at the several Golahs in Orissa on the dates on which the several Inspectors assumed charge were actually reweighed, with the result that in some cases quantities in excess of the recorded stored contents were discovered, and in others abnormally high and low wastages were found. The results of these reweighments were communicated to the Collectors concerned in view to the penal clauses of the Rules being enforced against the bonders.

147. In consequence of the transfer of the Salt Administration of the Province to the Madras Salt Commissioner, two Officers, one for the Balasore and the other for the Chatrapur Divisions, were sanctioned as mentioned in the last year's Administration Report of the Madras Salt Department. They belong to the general body of Assistant Commissioners of the Madras Salt Department.

148. There was but one change under this head. The appointment of the Assistant Commissioner (for the Chatrapur Division) mentioned in the last year's report as vacant was permanently filled up during the year. The effect of the change above referred to was as under:—

Grade.	Pay.	STRENGTH, MARCH 31, 1886.		STRENGTH, MARCH 31, 1887.	
		Sanctioned.	Actual.	Sanctioned.	Actual.
1st ...	Rs. 800	1	...	1	...
2nd ...	700	...	1	...	1
3rd ...	600	...	...	...	1
4th ...	500	1	...	1	...
Total ...		2	1	2	2

Number of Salt Works.

149. The number of Arangs worked in 1886-87 in the Balasore Division was 19 against 38 in the preceding year, as shown below:—

Circles.	No. WORKED IN	
	1885-86.	1886-87.
Balasore	7	4
Basudebpur	19	8
Chandbally	4	2
Machgaon	8	5
Total	38	19

150. This decrease appears to be due to the licensees having been in some doubt as to the attitude which the Madras Salt Department would adopt towards them with regard to the system of Salt manufacture; in the Manikpatna Circle there was practically no manufacture at all owing to misapprehension on the part of the manufacturers as to the condition on which they would be allowed to work their pans.

The Collector of Puri reports:—

"The decrease is due entirely to the partial transfer of the Department to Madras. The well paid Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors took the place of the badly paid Darogas and the change put a stop to the procedure established by the Darogas of allowing a number of illegal practices such as storing more Salt than was entered in the Registers, under which the low-paid local Agents of the bonders and the Darogas compensated themselves for the hardships they endured in being compelled to live and work in the midst of unhealthy marshes."

The Commissioner of Orissa says in his Annual Report:—

"The whole system of manufacture as carried on in this District was based on lax principles detrimental to the interest of the Revenue. The Preventive Police Guards were insufficient to check malpractices and the mode of transporting and storing Salt was equally defective to guard against fraud and smuggling, was carried on in consequence in almost every warehouse and Salt Work. These defects came to my notice in the early part of the year and measures were taken in consultation with the Madras Officers to prevent them. A few conditions calculated to protect the Revenue were proposed strengthening the preventive guards and introducing better regulations for the transport and storage of Salt under the sanction of the Madras Salt Commissioner and the Board of Revenue. The improvements so introduced had the desired effect, but as they materially affected the prospect of making illicit profit at the sacrifice of Government Revenue by the bonders most of them refused to manufacture Salt and resigned their licenses. Of the eight licenses so resigned the contractors have been called upon in five cases to pay a fine of rupees four hundred each for breach of the terms of agreements executed by them."

151. The following statement shows the sanctioned subordinate establishments:—

Circles.	Inspectors.	Assistant Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Clerks on		Petty Officers on				Peons on			Total Cost per annum.	Remarks.
				Rs. 30.	Rs. 25.	Rs. 15.	Rs. 12.	Rs. 10.	Rs. 9.	Rs. 8.	Rs. 7.	Rs. 6.		
Balasore	1	1	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	2	3	4	Rs. 6,876	Average rate of pay of an— Inspector, Rs. 207. Assistant Inspector, Rs. 150. Sub-Inspector, Rs. 43.
Basudebpur	1	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	3	4	5	8,928	
Chandbally	1	1	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	12	..	..	7,260	
Machgaon	1	2	..	1	1	..	1	..	2	8	3	5	9,684	
Manikpatna	1	2	6	1	..	..	..	1	..	3	3	21	12,912	
Total	5	8	6	5	3	..	2	2	2	28	15	35	45,660	

152. The above establishments are exclusive of the Sudr establishments retained in the Collector's offices for the compilation of the returns and the conduct of the correspondence connected with Salt manufacture. The Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, enquired what reductions were rendered possible by the transfer of the Salt Administration to the Commissioner of Salt Revenue, Madras. It was stated in reply that until complete control in all Salt matters was transferred to the officers of the Madras Salt Department it would not be possible to arrange for the submission of all the returns

now rendered by Collectors. The Board did not think it desirable to make any change in the system of returns furnished until Act XII of 1882 was introduced into Orissa Division. The above establishments are also exclusive of the *arang* and warehouse establishments, which are classed as temporary and the strength of which varies each year according to the number of works that may be licensed.

153. The quantity of Salt manufactured and received into store during the year amounted to 66,482 maunds against 4,47,267 maunds in the previous year as shown below:—

Districts.		Description.	1885-86.	1886-87.
Balasore	Panga ...	1. MDS. 83,999	35,471	
Cuttack	Do. ...	46,225	24,728	
Puri	Karkatch ...	3,17,043	6,283	
Total ... {		Panga ... 1,30,224	60,199	
		Karkatch ... 3,17,043	6,283	
Grand Total ...		...	4,47,267	66,482

154. In the Balasore and Cuttack Districts 60,199 maunds of *Panga* salt were made as against 1,30,224 maunds and in the Puri District 6,283 maunds of *Karkatch* Salt as against 3,17,043 maunds in the previous year. The decline, in both cases, was chiefly due to the proposed introduction of the Madras System worked by the officers of the Madras Salt Department which excited distrust. In the Puri District this distrust has been partially overcome in the current year, and it is hoped that it will eventually disappear altogether when the licensees realize that the system is really far more favourable to profitable manufacture than that under which they have hitherto worked. With regard to the prospects of *Panga* manufacture in the other two Districts it must die a natural death when the new Rules come into force as it is not a paying concern to an honest manufacturer. As matters stand at present Liverpool Salt which is superior in quality to, and cheaper in price than, the locally produced article has already almost driven the latter out of the market. There seems to be no reason to apprehend that the cessation of *Panga* manufacture will be productive of any hardships to those who have been engaged in the industry as there is ample employment for them on agricultural operations. It is questionable whether *Karkatch* manufacture can ever be profitably carried on north of Astrang. During the current year an experiment on a small scale was made at Mundhamalong near the mouth of the Dhamra river but it was brought to an untimely end by the cyclone which swept over Orissa on the 25th May 1887. This portion of the Coast line is peculiarly subject to such visitations and on this ground as well as from the fact that continuous fair weather is not to be depended upon in this latitude and the season for salt manufacture is very short, the locality would appear not to be at all well suited for *Karkatch* works. It is stated that cyclones do not visit the Chilka Lake, a circumstance favorable to the salt industry, if it is a fact. The two Districts of Balasore and Cuttack will therefore have to depend upon imported Salt.

155. The average wastage in transit of Salt from the Arangs to the Golahs was about the same as usual, viz., 2.5 per cent. In the Basudebpur Circle, however, it was as high as 4.23 per cent. This was due to the defective arrangements made by the licensees to protect their Salt from the weather.

156. The transport operations were conducted either by the Inspectors or their Assistants. This supervision by the superior agency coupled with the system of bagging and sealing the bags before removal of Salt from the Arangs rendered the detection of abstractions during transit certain. The extreme unwillingness and delay on the part of the licensees to commence transport under the new system under the immediate eye of the Circle Officers tended to

confirm the current report that the Pass Officers used to give such generous weight at the Arangs that there was ample room for large quantities of Salt to be abstracted during transit. It appears that the licensees thought that the Circle Officers would not really come to the Arangs to conduct transport operations in the height of the South-west monsoon and that if they delayed long enough the work would again be undertaken by the Pass Officers as usual. They were, however, disappointed in their expectations; for towards the end of October the Collector of Balasore ordered the destruction of 1,215 maunds of Salt in the Basudebpur Circle owing to protracted delay on the part of the licensees in transport and storage. The cooly manufacturers are reported to be pleased with the change of affairs as they obtain credit for the full quantity produced by them. These men are paid on the actual quantity weighed out for transport; so a fraudulent licensee gained in two ways by inducing the Pass-Officers to record false weightments at the Arangs (works) prior to transport.

157. The subjoined statement shows the quantity of Salt in hand, the quantity received by manufacture, imports, &c., and the quantity expended during the year in each district of Orissa Division as compared with the figures of the preceding year :—

Districts.	STOCK AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR.				Received into store during the year.	EXPENDED.		BALANCE.			
	In bond.	In arangs.	Total.	For Home and Inland consumption.		Wastage written off.	Total.	In bond.	In arangs.	Total.	
EXCISE SALT.											
Balasore	MDS. 73,948	MDS. 60,272	MDS. 1,24,220	MDS. 84,090*	MDS. 1,05,798	MDS. 43,238	MDS. 22,375	MDS. 1,29,083	MDS. 63,058	MDS. 16,178	MDS. 79,286
	63,098	16,178	79,236	35,471	43,238	16,331	16,331	61,563	53,139	9	63,149
Cuttack	MDS. 27,412	MDS. 8,253	MDS. 35,665	MDS. 34,728†	MDS. 34,932	MDS. 5,183	MDS. 5,183	MDS. 39,248	MDS. 27,412	MDS. 8,253	MDS. 35,665
	27,412	8,253	35,665	34,728†	34,932	5,183	5,183	39,248	27,002	436	27,438
Puri	MDS. 2,63,317	MDS. 25	MDS. 2,63,342	MDS. 3,17,013	MDS. 3,22,371	MDS. 3,22,371	MDS. 3,22,371	MDS. 3,31,020	MDS. 2,52,363	MDS. ..	MDS. 2,52,363
	2,52,303	..	2,52,303	6,238†	1,64,647‡	9,405	9,405	1,74,052	84,594	..	84,594
	3,66,908	55,225	4,22,133	4,47,367	4,70,614	31,737	31,737	5,02,351	2,42,833	24,431	3,67,264
Total	3,42,833	24,431	3,67,264	66,482	2,35,657	32,909	32,909	2,68,566	1,64,735	445	1,65,182
DUTY-BEARING SALT.											
Balasore	MDS. 259	MDS. ..	MDS. 259	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 259	MDS. ..	MDS. 259
	259	..	259	..	..	..	..	..	259	..	259
Cuttack	MDS. 6,595	MDS. ..	MDS. 6,595	MDS. ..	MDS. 6,480	MDS. 115	MDS. 115	MDS. 6,595	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..
	6,595	..	6,595	..	6,480	115	115	6,595	..	..	..
Total	6,854	..	6,854	..	6,480	115	115	6,595	259	..	259
	259	..	259	..	..	..	..	..	259	..	259
DUTY-PAID SALT.											
Balasore	MDS. 48,565	MDS. ..	MDS. 48,565	MDS. 48,565	MDS. 48,565	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 48,565	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..
	48,565	..	48,565	48,565	48,565	..	..	48,565	..	..	..
Cuttack	MDS. 1,43,397	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,43,397	MDS. 1,43,397	MDS. 1,43,397	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,43,397	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..
	1,43,397	..	1,43,397	1,43,397	1,43,397	..	..	1,43,397	..	..	..
Total	48,565	..	48,565	48,565	48,565	..	..	48,565	..	..	..
	1,43,397	..	1,43,397	1,43,397	1,43,397	..	..	1,43,397	..	..	..
Balasore	MDS. 4,28,937	MDS. 55,225	MDS. 4,84,162	MDS. 4,95,932	MDS. 5,25,659	MDS. 31,852	MDS. 31,852	MDS. 5,57,511	MDS. 3,43,092	MDS. 24,431	MDS. 3,67,523
	4,28,937	55,225	4,84,162	4,95,932	5,25,659	31,852	31,852	5,57,511	3,43,092	24,431	3,67,523
Cuttack	MDS. 2,09,879	MDS. 3,43,092	MDS. 5,52,971	MDS. 2,09,879	MDS. 3,79,054	MDS. 32,909	MDS. 32,909	MDS. 4,11,963	MDS. 1,64,994	MDS. 445	MDS. 1,65,439
	2,09,879	3,43,092	5,52,971	2,09,879	3,79,054	32,909	32,909	4,11,963	1,64,994	445	1,65,439
Grand Total	3,73,762	55,225	4,28,987	4,95,932	5,25,659	31,852	31,852	5,57,511	3,43,092	24,431	3,67,523
	3,43,092	24,431	3,67,523	2,09,879	3,79,054	32,909	32,909	4,11,963	1,64,994	445	1,65,439

* Including 100 maunds on which duty has been refunded.

† Includes 124 maunds found in excess on clearance of gola.

‡ Includes 267 maunds do. do.

§ Exclusive of the excess deficiency of maunds 249 seers 5 on which penalty duty amounting to Rs. 499 was levied.

	Duty on imported Salt.	Duty on excise salt.	Rowannah fees.	Miscellaneous Receipts.	Total.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Balasore ..	1885-86 ..	2,18,045 0 0	1,327 12 0	916 8 8	2,20,289 4 8
	1886-87 ..	86,477 0 0	1,500 0 0	2,227 0 5	90,204 0 5
Cuttack ..	1885-86 ..	69,073 0 0	581 4 0	1 8 0	82,616 4 0
	1886-87 ..	55,546 8 0	1,012 0 0	..	56,558 8 0
Pooree ..	1885-86 ..	6,58,749 0 0	675 4 0	130 7 6	6,59,554 11 6
	1886-87 ..	3,29,793 8 0	356 12 0	11,550 1 2	3,41,700 5 2
Total ..	1885-86 ..	9,45,867 0 0	2,584 4 0	1,048 8 2	9,62,460 4 2
	1886-87 ..	4,71,817 0 0	2,868 12 0	13,777 1 7	4,88,462 13 7

Compared with the receipts of 1885-86, there was a net decrease of Rs. 4,73,997-6-7 or very nearly 50 per cent. The decrease was in duty on excise Salt and was due to the smaller quantity of Salt sold. The decrease in the sales has been explained in paragraph 158 above. The increase under Rowannah fees was due to the fact that in consequence of the very large importations of Liverpool Salt a larger number of protective documents for the retail sale of the Salt within the Districts of Balasore and Cuttack was required; that under Miscellaneous Receipts was due to the recovery from the licensees of the cost of the establishments employed at certain arangs during the season of 1884-85 in Balasore and Puri, as the duty upon the outturn of Salt in them was less than twenty times the cost of the establishments and to the inclusion, in the figures of 1886-87, of the contributions on account of the pay of gola daroga, moharir and the Supervisor of Astrang (Rs. 2,802-5-2), a penalty of Rs. 1,000 for not manufacturing Salt and the price paid for, and duty levied upon, confiscated Salt (Rs.2,906.)

166. The total charges of the year amounted to Rs. 84,662-11-0 against 37,577-8-5 in the preceding year. These figures are exclusive of the cost of the Patrol establishments and out-post Police which are met by the Police from Provincial Funds. There was a decrease of about Rs. 16,500 in the year under report in the charges incurred by the Collectors on account of Sudr and Preventive establishments as compared with the preceding year. This was due to the reduction in the number of standard works (i.e., works

the duty on the outturn of which was more than twenty times the cost of establishments) in Balasore and Cuttack, to the Sudr establishments of the Balasore Collectorate having been dispensed with from 1st April 1886, to the reduction in Golah establishments, the services of the Daroghas having been replaced by those of Assistant Inspectors, and to the comparatively small expenditure on Arang establishments in Puri as there was little or no manufacture in that District.

167. The portion of general establishment and contingent charges of the Madras Salt Department chargeable to Orissa amounted to Rs. 77,246-5-10 against Rupees 13,606-12-10 in the preceding year. The increase of Rs. 63,638-9-0 was due to the sanctioned establishments having been entertained during the whole year, to the provision of boats and of quarters for officers at a cost of Rs. 7,084 and to the payment of travelling and tentage allowances. In the preceding year the establishments were entertained only in January 1886. The details of the total charges are subjoined:—

	RS. A. P.
Salaries of the Assistant Commissioners ..	14,860 0 0
House-rent to do. do. ..	1,868 7 9
Salary of the Inspectors ..	20,163 8 8
„ of the Assistant Inspectors ..	12,421 15 11
„ of the Sub-Inspectors ..	653 11 4
Pay of Clerks ..	6,339 6 4
Servants and Guards ..	6,272 4 1
Temporary Establishment ..	5,231 2 0
Travelling Allowances ..	6,127 15 4
Service Postage ..	652 7 6
„ Telegrams ..	378 0 0

	RS. A. P.
Petty Construction and Repairs ..	7,084 7 6
Rents, Rates and Taxes ..	88 0 0
Miscellaneous Revenue, Contingencies ..	2,996 4 1
Cost and repair of Salt Weighing Machines ..	35 0 6
Total ..	84,662 11 0

168. The officers of the department had no legal powers under the Salt Act in force in the Lower Provinces of Bengal. They had therefore to content themselves with furnishing information to the Police. The number of cases instituted for offences against the Salt laws in each district and the classification under the several sections of the Act and rules, which were infringed, are given in the following tables, which were obtained from the Commissioner of Orissa.

ABSTRACT Statement of cases instituted and brought to trial under the Salt laws in Orissa Division in 1886-87 as compared with the results of the previous year.

District.	1885-86.							
	Number of cases left pending at the close of the previous year.	Number of cases instituted during the year.	Total number of cases brought to trial.	Number of cases in which convictions were obtained.	Number of cases in which defendants were acquitted.	Total number of cases disposed of.	Number of cases left pending at the close of the year.	Number of persons apprehended.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Balasore ..	..	100	100	99	1	100	..	117
Cuttack ..	..	101	101	95	6	101	..	135
Pooree ..	..	25	25	20	5	25	..	25

District.	1886-87.									
	Number of cases left pending at the close of the previous year.	Number of cases instituted during the year.	Total number of cases brought to trial.	Number of cases in which convictions were obtained.	Number of cases in which defendants were acquitted.	Total number of cases disposed of.	Number of cases left pending at the close of the year.	Number of persons apprehended.	Increase of cases.	Decrease of cases.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Balasore ..	..	52	52	42	10	52	..	54	..	48
Cuttack ..	..	110	110	109	1	110	..	111	9	..
Pooree ..	..	23	23	22	1	23	..	32	..	2

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STATEMENT of cases prosecuted under and the number of persons implicated in offences against the Salt Act and Rule in the saliferous Districts of Orissa during the years 1885-86 and 1886-87.

CHAP. XIV.]		52		[ORISSA.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
		1885-86.										1886-87.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
Description of cases.		District.		1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16		17		18		19		20		21		22																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
				Close of the previous year.		Number of cases instituted during the year.		Total number of cases.		Number of persons apprehended.		Number of persons convicted.		Number of persons acquitted.		Number of cases pending at the close of the year.		Amount realized.		Amount disbursed to informers and apprehenders.						Number of cases pending at the close of the previous year.		Number of cases instituted during the year.		Total number of cases.		Number of persons apprehended.		Number of persons convicted.		Number of persons acquitted.		Number of cases pending at the close of the year.		Amount realized.		Amount disbursed to informers and apprehenders.		Increase of cases.		Decrease of cases.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
				..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..		..	

169. The total number of cases instituted was 185 with 197 persons against 226 with 277 persons in the previous year. Of these 138 cases with 148 persons were arrests under Section 5 of Act VII of 1864 against 164 cases with 204 persons in 1885-86. The decrease occurred in Balasore where only 23 and 5 cases were apprehended under Sections 5 and 22 against 65 and 14 in the preceding year. There was a corresponding decrease in the number of persons dealt with. This is attributed by the Collector to the prosperous condition of the people consequent on the bumper harvest they had. He, however, suspects that there were more cases of smuggling than were detected by the Police. 173 cases were convicted and 12 acquitted against 214 convictions and 12 acquittals in 1885-86.

170. The total realizations from fines, and forfeitures amounted to Rs. 1,014-4-7, the greater portion of which was disbursed as rewards to informers and apprehenders.

171. The quantity of Salt released during the year exceeded that released during 1885-86, by 1040 maunds. The ratio of the quantity released to the quantity attached was 98.95 per cent. This high proportion was due to the release of 1,041 maunds in one case in the Puri District for evading payment of duty which resulted in an acquittal.

172. The subjoined statement shows the number of seizures and the number of unsuccessful searches made by the Police in the year under review :—

	NUMBER OF SEIZURES.		NUMBER OF UNSUCCESSFUL SEARCHES.	
	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.
Balasore ...	72	34	...	...
Cuttack ...	94	104	...	1
Pooree ...	25	23	5	1
Total ...	191	161	5	2

It will be seen that the proportion of unsuccessful searches to seizures is satisfactory and that in Balasore there were no unsuccessful searches at all.

173. The Assistant Inspectors who were placed in charge of the warehouses were directed to re-weigh the Salt in all the golahs in order that the exact quantity in store in them might be ascertained. In 13 golahs excess amounting to 2,584 maunds and in 29 a deficiency of 13,333 maunds were discovered. Of the excess 368 maunds were allowed to the bonders and the remainder confiscated. Penalty duty on the deficiencies in excess of the authorized allowance for wastage has been levied in most of the cases and steps are being taken for its realization as regards the others.

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APPENDICES.

APPENDIX A.

STATEMENT of Dittam, Manufacture and Storage in the Presidency of Madras for the year 1886-87.

Divisions.	Factories.	Dittam.	Outturn according to Estimate.	Loss on Weigh-ment.	Reject- ed.	Destroy- ed by rain.	Gain on Weigh-ment.	Actually stored.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
GOVERNMENT SALT.									
Chatrapur ..	Ganjam	MDS. Unlimited.	MDS. 4,12,540	MDS. 22,123	MDS. 4,785	..	..	MDS. 3,85,632	
Nellore ..	Chinna Ganjam ..	1,50,000	1,55,600	..	..	39,200	557	1,16,957	
	Dugarápatnam ..	20,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Total ..	1,70,000	1,55,600	..	..	39,200	557	1,16,957	
TOTAL OF GOVERN- MENT SALT.		..	5,68,140	22,123	4,785	39,200	557	5,02,689	
EXCISE SALT.									
Chatrapur ..	Surlá	..	1,82,390	..	..	100	19,355	2,01,645	
Chicacole.	Nanpada	..	2,74,973	7,032	..	4,531	..	2,63,410	
	Calingapatam ..	..	1,68,904	..	..	300	5,488	1,74,692	
	Kuppili	..	52,100	1,502	..	..	..	50,298	
	Konada	..	62,253	..	..	61	726	62,918	
	Bimlipatam ..	..	75,546	..	..	..	401	75,947	
	Karasa	..	1,29,556	..	..	3,315	4,516	1,30,757	
Total ..		..	7,63,332	8,834	..	8,207	11,131	7,57,422	
Masuli- patam.	Pennuguduru ..	..	1,84,255	..	..	5,400	1,015	1,79,870	
	Mogaltur	..	62,105	2,561	..	..	..	59,544	
	Manginapudi ..	..	2,30,610	9,212	..	600	..	2,20,798	
	Nizampatam ..	..	68,255	4,693	..	5,000	..	58,562	
Total ..		..	5,45,225	16,466	..	11,000	1,015	5,18,774	
Nellore.	Kanuparti	..	85,785	3,275	..	7,440	..	75,070	
	Pekala	..	1,07,500	..	175	33,611	..	73,714	
	Iskapalle	..	23,633	..	..	3,823	..	19,810	
	Kistinapatam ..	..	1,49,369	282	990	500	..	1,47,597	
Total ..		..	3,66,267	3,557	1,165	45,374	..	3,16,191	
Chingleput.	Tada	..	45,987	..	25	..	1,719	47,681	
	Kattur	..	1,48,960	7,569	760	8,520	..	1,32,111	
	Vayalur	..	1,39,489	..	..	..	2,251	1,71,740	
	Pulidiwak	..	1,19,780	..	..	..	15,052	1,34,832	
	Attipat	..	2,17,910	6,250	556	1,720	..	2,09,884	
	Vallur	..	2,23,880	..	..	..	6,340	2,39,220	
	Vadasamanjeri ..	..	26,681	..	..	164	3,269	23,786	
	Covelong	..	1,88,305	175	..	588	..	1,87,543	
	Cheyúr	..	12,965	..	..	85	1,213	14,093	
	Merkanam	..	5,769	..	..	..	1,991	7,760	
Total ..		..	11,69,729	13,994	1,341	11,074	31,835	11,65,155	
Negapatam.	Cuddalore	..	45,892	..	..	350	99	45,641	
	Manambadi	..	17,335	581	..	80	..	16,674	
	Neldavasal	..	35,299	..	..	6,000	4,640	33,939	
	Tranquebar	..	30,530	..	..	600	2,891 (a)	32,821	
	Negapatam	..	84,958	..	..	13,100	3,185	75,043	
	Vedarniam	..	1,49,747	9,185	..	1,757	..	(b) 1,38,805	
	Thambikkanalla- vankottai.	..	142	66	..	..	..	(c) 76	
	Adirampatnam ..	..	5,560	..	..	500	2,343	7,403	
Total ..		..	3,69,463	9,832	..	22,387	13,158	3,50,402	
Tinnevely.	Vattanam	..	27,766	488	..	..	..	27,278	
	Morekulam	..	46,635	5,693	..	..	..	40,937	
	Muturagunátha- patnam	..	43,748	4,496	..	400	..	38,852	
	Arasadi	..	1,39,132	1,657	..	..	..	1,36,275	
	Levingepuram ..	..	4,54,524	15,291	..	..	..	4,39,233	
	Káyalpatnam ..	..	2,96,551	179	..	..	..	2,96,472	
Total ..		..	10,25,271	28,009	..	400	98	9,96,960	
TOTAL OF EXCISE SALT		..	44,11,897	80,692	2,506	98,542	76,592	43,06,549	
Grand Total ..		..	49,79,837	1,02,815	7,291	1,37,742	77,149	48,09,138	

(a) Exclusive of 1,200 maunds
 (b) " of 27,600 " } manufactured in 1887 but taken into store in 1886-87.
 (c) " of 2,400 "

APPEN

STATEMENT showing the Quantities of Excise-manufactured Salt sold in the Presidency

Divisions.	Factories.	At Pie 1 per maund.		At Pies 6 per maund.		At Anna 1 per maund.	
		Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Chattrapur	Surla	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chicacole	Naupada	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Calingapatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kuppili	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Konada	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Birilipatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Karasa	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Masulipatam	Penuguduru	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mogaltur	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manginapudi	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nizampatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	Kanuparti	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pakala	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tekapalle	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kistnapatam	24	0 2 0	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	24	0 2 0	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	Tada	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Cheyur	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Merkanam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Negapatam	Cuddalore	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manambadi	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Neidavasul	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tranquebar	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Negapatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vedarnam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Thambikkunallavan- kottai	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Adirampatnam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	Vattanam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Morekolam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Muturagunathapat- nam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Arasadi	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Levingepuram	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kayalpatnam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kuttanguli	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Calicut	Harnad	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Angali	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vaderhobli	..	..	144	4 8 0	553	34 7 0
	Total ..	..	..	144	4 8 0	553	34 7 0
	Grand Total ..	24	0 2 0	144	4 8 0	553	34 7 0

DIX B.

of Madras and the Prices realized for it by the Licensees in the year 1886-87.

At Anna 1-10 per maund.		At Annas 2 per maund.		At Annas 2-3 per maund.		At Annas 2-6 per maund.		At Annas 2-8 per maund.	
Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	93	13 1 3	360	56 4 0	..	..
..	..	..	..	93	13 1 3	360	56 4 0	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	80	11 4 0	2,111	329 13 6	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	80	11 4 0	2,111	329 13 6	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,440	165 0 0	1,440	180 0 0	..	..	..	..	1,04,929	17,488 2 8
1,440	165 0 0	1,440	180 0 0	..	..	..	..	1,04,929	17,488 2 8
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	17,111	2,673 9 6	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	17,111	2,673 9 6	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	151	23 9 6	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	151	23 9 6	..	..
1,440	165 0 0	1,440	180 0 0	173	24 5 3	19,733	3,083 4 6	1,04,929	17,488 2 8

Statement showing the Quantities of Excise-manufactured Salt sold in the Presidency

Divisions.	Factories.	At Annas 3-7 per maund.		At Annas 3-7½ per maund.		At Annas 3-8 per maund.	
		Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.
		35	36	37	38	39	40
Chatrapur ..	Surlá ..	..	Rs. A. P.	..	Rs. A. P.	..	Rs. A. P.
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chicacole	Naupada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Calingapatam ..	..	..	854	193 7 9	..	..
	Kuppili ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Konada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bimlipatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Karasa ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	854	193 7 9	..	..
Masulipatam ..	Penuguderu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mogaltur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manginapudi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nizampatam ..	131	29 5 5	..	..	11,039	2,529 12 4
	Total ..	131	29 5 5	..	..	11,039	2,529 12 4
Nellore ..	Kanuparti ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pákala ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Iskapalle ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kistnapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	Tada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Cheyér ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Markanum ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nagapatam	Cuddalore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manambadi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Neidavasal ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tranquebar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nagapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vedarniam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Thambikkannallavan-kottai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Adirampatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	Vattanam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Morekolum ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Muturagunáthapatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Arasadi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Levingepuram ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Káyalpatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kuttanguli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Calicut ..	Harnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Angali ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vaderhobli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Grand Total ..	131	29 5 5	854	193 7 9	11,039	2,529 12 4

of Madras and the Prices realized for it by the Licensees in the year 1886-87—*cont.*

[illegible]

Statement showing the Quantities of Excise-manufactured Salt sold in the Presidency

Divisions.	Factories.	At Annas 5-1 per maund.		At Annas 5-3 per maund.		At Annas 5-5 per maund.	
		Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.
		67	68	69	70	71	72
Chattrapur ..	Surla	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chicacole ..	Naupada	..	..	45,583	14,956 14 9	18,687	6,326 5 3
	Calingapatam	..	..	14,977	4,914 5 3	..	..
	Kuppili	..	..	4,625	1,517 9 3	..	..
	Konada	..	..	8,472	2,779 14 0	..	..
	Bimlipatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
Masulipatam ..	Karasa	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	73,657	24,168 11 3	18,687	6,326 5 3
Masulipatam ..	Penuguduru	..	..	5,054	1,658 5 6	..	..
	Mogaltur	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manginapudi	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nizampatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore ..	Total ..	..	..	5,054	1,658 5 6	..	..
	Kanuparti	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pakula	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Iskapalle	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kistnapatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tada	62,753	19,937 2 5	..	..	..	..
	Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Cheyur	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Merkanam	..	..	..	..	..	..
Negapatam ..	Total ..	62,753	19,937 2 5	..	..	..	..
	Cuddalore	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manambadi	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Neidavasal	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tranquebar	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Negapatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vedarnam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Thambikkannallavan- kottai	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Adirampatnam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely ..	Vattanam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Morekolum	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Muturagunathapat- nam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Arasadi	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Levingepuram	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kayalpatnam	..	..	..	..	..	..
Calicut ..	Kuttanguli	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Harnad	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Angali	..	..	..	..	..	..
Calicut ..	Vaderhobli	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total ..		62,753	19,937 2 5	78,711	25,927 0 9	18,687	6,326 5 3

of Madras and the Prices realized for it by the Licensees in the year 1886-87—cont.

At Annas 5-6 per maund.		At Annas 5-7 per maund.		At Annas 5-7½ per maund.		At Annas 5-8 per maund.		At Annas 5-9 per maund.	
Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.
73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82
..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3,106	1,067 11 0	..	..	2,252	791 11 6	..	..	7,476	2,686 11 0
3,153	1,065 9 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	305	109 9 9
981	337 3 6	..	..	..	..	..	..	7,367	2,647 8 3
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7,245	2,490 7 6	..	..	2,252	791 11 6	..	..	15,148	5,443 13 0
2,160	742 8 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2,160	742 8 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3,234	1,111 11 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3,234	1,111 11 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43,955	15,706 5 3
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43,955	15,796 5 3
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4,230	1,454 6 0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3,223	1,107 14 6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
73,339	25,210 4 6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,512	519 12 0	190	66 4 10	..	..	177	62 11 0	64	23 0 0
82,304	28,292 0 0	190	66 4 10	..	..	177	62 11 0	64	23 0 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
94,943	32,636 10 6	190	66 4 10	2,252	791 11 6	177	62 11 0	59,167	21,263 2 3

Statement showing the Quantities of Excise-manufactured Salt sold in the Presidency

Divisions.	Factories.	At Annas 5-10 per maund.		At Annas 6 per maund.		At Annas 6-1 per maund.	
		Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.
		83	84	85	86	87	88
Chattrapur	Surla	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chicacole	Naupada	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Calingapatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kuppili	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Konada	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bimlipatam	..	..	1,012	379 8 0	..	..
	Karasa	..	..	..	..	..	..
Masulipatam	Total ..	..	..	1,012	379 8 0	..	..
	Penuguduru	..	..	6,688	2,508 0 0	..	..
Masulipatam	Mogaltur	..	..	4,314	1,617 12 0	..	..
	Manginapudi	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nizampatam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	11,002	4,125 12 0	..	..
Nellore	Kanuparti	..	..	262	98 4 0	..	..
	Pakala	..	..	72,711	27,266 10 0	..	..
	Iskapalle	..	..	1,837	688 14 0	..	..
	Kistnapatam	..	..	66,073	24,777 6 0	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	1,40,883	52,831 2 0	..	..
Chingleput	Tada	..	..	12,412	4,654 8 0	..	..
	Madras	..	..	73,999	27,749 10 0	..	..
	Cheydr	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Merkanam	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	86,411	32,404 2 0	..	..
Negapatam	Cuddalore	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manambadi	..	..	14,427	5,410 2 0	..	..
	Neidavasal	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tranquebar	..	..	900	337 8 0	..	..
	Negapatam	..	..	49,354	18,607 12 0	..	..
	Vedarniam	..	..	448	168 0 0	..	..
	Thambikkanallavan-kottai	..	..	67,020	25,132 8 0	..	..
	Adirampatnam	206	75 1 8	1,407	527 10 0	..	..
	Total ..	206	75 1 8	1,33,556	50,083 8 0	..	..
Tinnevelly	Vattanam	..	..	3,710	1,391 4 0	..	..
	Morekolum	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Muturagunathapatnam	..	..	8,929	3,348 6 0	..	..
	Arasadi	..	..	80,430	30,161 4 0	..	..
	Levingepuram	..	..	3,22,176	1,20,816 0 0	69,990	26,610 12 6
	Kayalpatnam	..	..	85,242	31,965 12 0	..	..
	Kuttanguli	..	..	11,519	4,469 10 0	..	..
Calicut	Total ..	..	..	5,12,406	1,92,152 4 0	69,990	26,610 12 6
	Grand Total ..	206	75 1 8	8,85,722	3,22,145 12 0	69,990	26,610 12 6

of Madras and the Prices realized for it by the Licensees in the year 1886-87—cont.

At Annas 6-2 per maund.		At Annas 6-3 per maund.		At Annas 6-6 per maund.		At Annas 6-8 per maund.		At Annas 6-9 per maund.	
Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.
89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2,121	817 7 6	1,983	774 9 9	..	..	..	..	243	102 8 3
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2,121	817 7 6	1,983	774 9 9	..	..	..	..	243	102 8 3
..	..	..	..	806	327 7 0	..	..	395	166 10 3
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	806	327 7 0	..	..	395	166 10 3
..	..	..	..	238	96 11 0	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	238	96 11 0	..	..	..	..
..	..	2,760	1,078 2 0	2,10,409	85,478 10 6	..	..	104	43 14 0
..	..	10,151	3,965 3 9	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	12,911	5,043 5 9	2,10,409	85,478 10 6	..	..	104	43 14 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	25,571	9,988 10 9	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	22,037	8,952 8 6	80	33 5 4	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	2,775	1,127 5 6	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	6,074	2,467 9 0	..	..	..	..
..	..	25,571	9,988 10 9	30,886	12,547 7 0	80	33 5 4	..	..
..	..	..	..	814	330 11 0	..	..	200	84 6 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4,746	28,808 5 6	1,18,778	46,397 10 6	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4,746	28,808 5 8	1,18,778	46,397 10 6	814	330 11 0	..	..	200	84 6 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	400	162 8 0	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	400	162 8 0	..	..	..	..
1,867	29,625 13 2	1,59,243	62,204 4 9	2,43,553	98,943 6 6	80	33 5 4	942	397 6 6

Statement showing the Quantities of Excise-manufactured Salt sold in the Presidency

Divisions.	Factories.	At Annas 9 per maund.		At Annas 9-6 per maund.		At Annas 10 per maund.	
		Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.
		115	116	117	118	119	120
			Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.
Chatrapur ..	Surlá ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chicacolé ..	Naupada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Calingapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kuppili ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Konada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bimlipatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Karasa ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Masulipatam ..	Penugudur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mogaltur ..	40	22 8 0	..	..	82	51 4 0
	Manginapudi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nizampatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	40	22 8 0	..	..	82	51 4 0
Nellore ..	Kanuparti ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pákala ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Iskapalle ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kistnapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	Tada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madras ..	800	450 0 0	..	..	..	..
	Cheyúr ..	52	29 4 0	..	..	34	21 4 0
	Merkanam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	852	479 4 0	..	..	34	21 4 0
Negapatam ..	Cuddalore ..	..	..	..	..	10,391	6,494 6 0
	Manambadi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Neidavasal ..	..	..	..	..	582	363 12 0
	Tranquebar ..	..	..	..	..	540	337 8 0
	Negapatam ..	20,894	11,752 14 0	..	..	18,933	11,833 2 0
	Vedarnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Thambikkanallavan- kottai ..	..	..	..	..	10,148	6,342 8 0
	Adirampatnam ..	1,279	719 7 0	..	..	1,142	713 12 0
	Total ..	22,173	12,472 5 0	..	..	41,736	26,085 0 0
Tinnevely ..	Vattanam ..	..	..	..	..	2,531	1,581 14 0
	Morekolum ..	22,223	12,500 7 0	1,765	1,047 15 6	6,494	4,058 12 0
	Muturagunáthapat- nam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Arasadi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lovingopuram ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Káyalpatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kuttanguli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	22,223	12,500 7 0	1,765	1,047 15 6	9,025	5,640 10 0
Calicut ..	Harnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Angali ..	975	548 7 0	..	..	..	..
	Vaderhobli ..	30	16 14 0	..	..	25	15 10 0
	Total ..	1,005	565 5 0	..	..	25	15 10 0
	Grand Total ..	46,293	26,039 13 0	1,765	4,047 15 6	50,902	31,813 12 0

of Madras and the Prices realized for it by the Licensees in the year 1886-87—*cont.*

[illegible]

Statement showing the Quantities of Excise-manufactured Salt sold in the Presidency

Divisions.	Factories.	At Annas 13 per maund.		At Annas 14 per maund.		At Annas 14-1 per maund.	
		Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.
		131	132	133	134	135	136
Chattrapur ..	Surlá ..	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chicacole ..	Naupada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Calingapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kuppili ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Konada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bimlipatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Karasa ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Masulipatam ..	Penuguduru ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mogaltur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manginapudi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nizampatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore ..	Kanuparti ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pakala ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Iskapalle ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kistnapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	Tada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Choyúr ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Merkanam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Negapatam ..	Cuddalore ..	255	207 3 0	10,135	8,868 2 0	..	..
	Manambadi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Neidavasal ..	..	..	5,660	4,952 8 0	..	..
	Tranquebar ..	..	..	14,510	12,596 4 0	..	..
	Negapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vedarnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tham bikkanallavan-kottai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Adirampatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	255	207 3 0	30,305	26,516 14 0	..	..
Tinnevely ..	Vattanam ..	2,445	1,986 9 0	1,681	1,470 14 0	300	264 1 0
	Morekolum ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Muturagunáthapatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Arasadi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Levingepuram ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Káyalpatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kuttanguli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Calicut ..	Harnad ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Angali ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vaderhobli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total ..		2,700	2,193 12 0	31,986	27,987 12 0	300	264 1 0

of Madras and the Prices realized for it by the Licensees in the year 1886-87—concluded.

At Annas 14-2 per maund.		At Annas 14-4 per maund.		At Rupee 1 per maund.		Total.		Average rate of sale per maund.
Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	Mds.	Amount.	
137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	
..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	..	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,06,842	23,243 1 3	0 3 5-7
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,06,842	23,243 1 3	0 3 5-7
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,85,606	48,201 8 0	0 4 1-8
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,99,709	57,168 1 1	0 4 6-9
..	..	..	..	..	..	49,429	15,837 2 2	0 5 1-6
..	..	..	..	..	..	95,558	27,636 9 11	0 4 7-5
..	..	..	..	..	..	71,619	21,864 5 10	0 4 10-6
..	..	..	..	..	..	90,573	22,686 10 6	0 4 0-0
..	..	..	..	..	..	6,92,494	1,93,394 5 6	0 4 5-6
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,52,383	70,898 7 6	0 7 5-3
..	..	..	..	..	..	99,350	25,051 5 0	0 4 0-4
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,60,599	30,091 1 3	0 2 4-9
..	..	..	..	..	..	39,992	9,449 5 10	0 3 9-3
..	..	..	..	..	..	4,52,324	1,35,490 3 7	0 4 9-5
..	..	..	..	..	..	73,312	14,684 12 0	0 3 2-4
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,46,206	62,015 11 6	0 4 0-3
..	..	..	..	..	..	57,436	15,308 5 0	0 4 3-1
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,58,718	60,035 9 10	0 3 8-5
..	..	..	..	..	..	6,35,672	1,52,044 6 4	0 3 9-9
..	..	..	..	..	..	71,217	26,009 3 0	0 5 10-1
..	..	..	..	..	..	7,88,716	3,29,219 7 2	0 6 8-1
..	..	..	..	..	..	12,398	9,232 12 0	0 11 10-9
..	..	..	..	..	..	552	414 0 0	0 12 0-0
..	..	..	..	..	..	8,72,883	3,64,875 6 2	0 6 8-2
..	..	..	..	..	..	44,025	30,290 5 6	0 11 0-1
..	..	..	..	70	70 0 0	32,053	14,818 2 0	0 7 4
..	..	..	..	..	..	65,093	35,270 4 3	0 8 8
150	132 13 0	390	353 7 0	..	..	32,140	23,713 15 0	0 11 10
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,32,743	1,01,875 14 7	0 7 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	91,018	28,108 2 0	0 4 11
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,15,640	43,320 13 6	0 11 10-9
..	..	..	..	..	..	47,690	12,294 6 0	0 12 0-0
150	132 13 0	390	353 7 0	70	70 0 0	6,60,402	2,93,691 14 10	0 7 1
..	..	..	..	..	..	59,653	26,072 11 0	0 7 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	35,286	19,808 15 3	0 9 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	19,389	7,827 15 3	0 6 6
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,36,500	41,201 4 0	0 4 11
..	..	..	..	..	..	6,43,786	2,28,572 8 2	0 5 8
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,99,477	1,30,973 6 10	0 7 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	11,919	4,469 10 0	0 6 0
..	..	..	..	..	..	12,06,010	4,58,926 6 6	0 6 1
..	..	..	..	..	..	558	260 2 0	0 7 5-5
..	..	..	..	..	..	4,006	1,999 11 0	0 7 11-8
..	..	..	..	..	..	13,889	6,350 0 6	0 7 3-7
..	..	..	..	..	..	18,453	8,609 13 6	0 7 5-5
150	132 13 0	390	353 7 0	70	70 0 0	46,45,080	16,30,275 9 8	0 5 7-3

APPENDIX C.
STATEMENT OF Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87.

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	STOCK AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR.					RECEIVED INTO STORE DURING THE YEAR.										Total in hand and received.	
		Actual Quantity in Store.		Wastage remaining to be written off.	Total.	Received from Manufacturers.	By Importation.	From other Divisions.	From other Factories and Depôts.	Swamp and Spontaneous Salt.	Gain by Weighment.	Sample Salt.	Confiscated Salt.	Total.				
		1	2												3	4		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
																		15
GOVERNMENT SALT.																		
East Coast.																		
Chattrapur	Ganjam	MDS. 2,48,080	MDS. 5,278	MDS. 1,38,890	MDS. 161	1,39,051	MDS. 3,55,632	..	..	..	..	89	(a) 1	..	MDS. 3,85,721	MDS. 6,34,079		
	Surla	1,38,890	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1,39,062		
	Total ..	3,81,970	5,439	3,87,409	..	3,87,409	3,85,632	..	..	..	..	89	1	..	3,85,722	7,73,131		
	Naupada	3,54,025	10,644	3,64,669	..	3,64,669	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	3,64,674	
Chicacole	Calingapatam	2,921	..	2,921	..	2,921	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,921		
	Kuppili	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Konada	.. 92	.. 66	.. 158	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,622	1,780		
	Bimlipatam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,780	
Masulipatam	Karasa	1,20,690	1,417	1,22,107	..	1,22,107	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,22,108		
	Balacharuru	1,67,363	1,274	1,68,637	..	1,68,637	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,68,637		
	Total ..	6,45,091	13,401	6,58,492	..	6,58,492	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,622	6,60,120		
	Penuguduru	27,345	210	27,555	..	27,555	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27,555		
Nellore	Mogalur	1,19,465	1,624	1,21,089	..	1,21,089	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	240	1,21,329		
	Pandurata	19,967	253	20,220	..	20,220	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,882	29,102		
	Manginapudi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	450	3,008		
	Nizampatam	19,620	..	19,620	..	19,620	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19,620		
Chingleput	Total ..	1,88,955	2,087	1,91,042	..	1,91,042	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	690	2,00,614		
	Chinna Ganjam	1,66,235	5,600	1,71,835	..	1,71,835	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,88,792		
	Kanuparti	2,04,287	3,967	2,08,254	..	2,08,254	1,16,957	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,16,957	2,08,254		
	Patala	14,069	1,386	15,405	..	15,405	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15,405		
Chingleput	Iskapalle	10,449	844	11,293	..	11,293	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,293		
	Kisnapatam	69,305	1,075	71,281	..	71,281	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	71,281		
	Dugurazpatnam	12,593	310	12,903	..	12,903	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	234	13,137		
	Total ..	4,76,938	14,033	4,90,971	..	4,90,971	1,16,957	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	234	6,08,162		
Chingleput	Tada	30,425	1,398	31,823	..	31,823	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31,823		
	Attipat	23,536	1,045	24,581	..	24,581	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24,581		
	Madras Depot	10,12,873	3,699	10,16,572	..	10,16,572	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(d) 800	10,17,412		
	Total ..	1,08,000	5,278	1,13,278	..	1,13,278	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	840	10,17,412	

(a) Excise salt purchased to be sent to Salt Committee as sample.

(b) Salt manufactured under the Prize Rules.

(c) Includes 190 maunds of Excise salt purchased for supply to Fish-curing yards.

(d) Salt issued to be supplied to the French Government in 1886-87 but returned into store in 1886-87 as being inferior in quality.

STATEMENT OF Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87—cont.

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	EXPENDED DURING THE YEAR.										BALANCE.	
		Home and Inland Consumption.	Supplied for curing Fish.	Export by Sea.	Sold to the French Government.	Sent to other Divisions.	Sent to other Factories and Depôts.	Total.	Wastage written off.		Total Expended.	Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.
									Ordinary.	Special.			
		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
GOVERNMENT SALT—cont. <i>East Coast—cont.</i>													
Chattrapur	Ganjam	MDS. 4,94,548	MDS. 1,477	MDS. 2,097	MDS. 1,080	MDS. 1,080	MDS. 1,080	MDS. 1,080	MDS. 1,080	MDS. 1,080	MDS. 1,080	MDS. 1,080	MDS. 1,080
	Surla	11,013	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	5,05,561	3,574	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chicacole	Naupada	47,214	1,686	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalingapatam	..	1,469	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kuppili	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Konada	..	1,470	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bimlipatam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Karasa	9,568	189	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Balacharuru	1,02,422	1,402	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	1,59,204	6,210	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Penuguduru	..	2,314	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Masulipatam	Mogalur	38,204	794	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pandurata	9,717	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Manginapudi	..	478	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nizampatam	..	994	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	54,190	4,540	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	China Ganjam	2,68,245	75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	Kanuparti	1,06,538	119	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pakala	10,948	968	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Iskapalle	7,602	410	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kisnapatam	21,235	287	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dugurazpatnam	11,246	883	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	4,25,714	2,712	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingelput	Tada	11,211	1,357	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Attipat	13,796	1,775	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madras Depot	8,60,264	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

(e) Excise salt purchased and sent to Salt Committee as sample.

(f) Sold for drying purposes.

Statement of Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87—cont.

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	STOCK AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR.				RECEIVED INTO STORE DURING THE YEAR.										Total in hand and received.
		Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.	Total.	Received from Manufacturers.	By Importation.	From other Divisions.	From other Factories and Depôts.	Swamp and Spontaneous Salt.	Gain by Weightment.	Sample Salt.	Confiscated Salt.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
GOVERNMENT SALT—cont.																
East Coast—cont.																
Chingleput—cont.	Covelong	MDS. 1,053	MDS. 428	MDS. 1,481	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,481		
	Cheyôr	MDS. 608	MDS. ..	MDS. 608	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 608		
	Merkanam	MDS. 374	MDS. ..	MDS. 374	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 374		
	Total ..	10,60,169	6,570	10,75,739	..	..	..	..	..	..	40	800	840	10,75,739		
	Cuddalore	MDS. 26	MDS. ..	MDS. 26	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 191	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 217		
	Munambadi	MDS. 14	MDS. ..	MDS. 14	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 168	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 168		
	Nedavassal	MDS. 3	MDS. 103	MDS. 106	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 442	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 442		
	Tranquebar	MDS. 6,829	MDS. 146	MDS. 6,975	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 150	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 7,125		
	Negapatnam	MDS. 50	MDS. ..	MDS. 50	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 12,000	MDS. 971	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 12,971		
	Vedarur	MDS. 39,130	MDS. ..	MDS. 39,130	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,190	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 40,320		
Negapatnam	Thambikkannallavankottai	MDS. 1,238	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,238	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 228	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,466		
	Adirampattanam	MDS. 83	MDS. ..	MDS. 83	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 2,412	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 2,495		
	Kattumavadi	MDS. 39,387	MDS. 748	MDS. 40,135	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 50	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 40,185		
	Total ..	86,760	997	87,757	..	..	12,000	(a) 5,802	..	..	..	..	17,802	1,05,559		
	Vattanam	MDS. 9,541	MDS. 2,511	MDS. 12,052	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 3,144	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 12,052		
	Morekolum	MDS. 27,010	MDS. 784	MDS. 27,794	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,230	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 30,938		
	Mutragundthapattanam	MDS. 415	MDS. 914	MDS. 6,085	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 50,200	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 7,315		
	Veippar	MDS. 11	MDS. ..	MDS. 11	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 63,196	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 925		
	Arasadi	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 50,200	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 50,200		
	Levingepuram	MDS. 289	MDS. 9,468	MDS. 9,757	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 63,196	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 72,953		
Tinnevely	Kayalpattanam	MDS. 180	MDS. 391	MDS. 571	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,501	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 2,072		
	Kuttanguli	MDS. 6,235	MDS. 1,416	MDS. 7,651	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 7,651		
	Total ..	43,691	21,144	64,835	..	..	12,000	(b) 1,19,271	..	..	..	..	1,19,271	1,84,106		
Total of East Coast ..		28,92,574	63,671	29,56,245	5,02,589	..	12,000	1,27,619	8,882	89	42	805	6,52,026	36,08,271		

(a) Of this 4,599 maunds were purchased from the Excise licenses for supply to fish-curing yards, and 63 maunds were erroneously omitted in the previous returns.
 (b) Includes 1,17,357 maunds purchased by Government, 1,00,000 maunds for supply to the fish-curing yards in the Calicut division, 12,000 maunds for the use of the French Government at Karikal and 5,337 maunds for supply to the fish-curing yards in the division.

Statement of Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87—cont.

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	EXPENDED DURING THE YEAR.										BALANCE.		
		Home and Inland Consumption.	Supplied for curing Fish.	Export by Sea.	Sold to the French Government.	Sent to other Divisions.	Sent to other Factories and Depôts.	Total.	Wastage written off.		Total Expended.	Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.	
									Ordinary.	Special.				
		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
GOVERNMENT SALT—cont.														
East Coast—cont.														
Chingleput—cont.	Corelong	MDS. ..	MDS. 304	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 304	MDS. 1,049	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,353	MDS. 128	MDS. ..	
	Cheyur	MDS. ..	MDS. 24	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 157	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 24	MDS. 484	MDS. ..	
	Merkanam	MDS. ..	MDS. 157	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 157	MDS. 217	MDS. ..	
	Total ..	8,86,261	3,617	..	42,246	..	4	9,31,128	83,663	154	10,14,945	36,808	24,826	
Negapatnam	Cuddalore	MDS. ..	MDS. 164	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 164	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 164	MDS. 63	MDS. ..	
	Masambadi	MDS. ..	MDS. 149	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 149	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 149	MDS. 33	MDS. ..	
	Nedavassal	MDS. ..	MDS. 294	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 294	MDS. 103	MDS. ..	MDS. 397	MDS. 155	MDS. ..	
	Tranquebar	MDS. ..	MDS. 510	MDS. ..	MDS. 6,000	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 6,510	MDS. 418	MDS. ..	MDS. 6,928	MDS. 125	MDS. 72	
	Negapatnam	MDS. ..	MDS. 849	MDS. ..	MDS. 6,000	MDS. ..	MDS. 36	MDS. 6,855	MDS. 391	MDS. ..	MDS. 7,246	MDS. 5,818	MDS. 279	
	Vedarur	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,924	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	(a) 14	MDS. 1,938	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 2,329	MDS. 37,991	MDS. 375	
	Thambikkannallavankottai	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	(a) 1,091	MDS. 1,091	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,091	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	
	Adirampattanam	MDS. ..	MDS. 2,210	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 2,210	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 2,210	MDS. 285	MDS. ..	
	Kattumavadi	MDS. ..	MDS. 936	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 936	MDS. 4,607	MDS. ..	MDS. 38,317	MDS. 1,868	MDS. ..	
	Total ..	32,775	7,036	..	12,000	..	(a) 1,141	62,951	5,558	..	58,509	46,324	726	
Tinnevely	Vattanam	MDS. ..	MDS. 354	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,885	MDS. 2,511	MDS. ..	MDS. 4,396	MDS. 7,656	MDS. 411	
	Morekolum	MDS. 31	MDS. 4,713	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	(a) 85	MDS. 1,500	MDS. 1,786	MDS. ..	MDS. 30,316	MDS. 211	MDS. ..	
	Mutragunthapattanam	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,602	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,602	MDS. 5,914	MDS. ..	MDS. 7,516	MDS. 43	MDS. ..	
	Veippar	MDS. ..	MDS. 11	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 11	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 50,300	MDS. 925	MDS. ..	
	Arasadi	MDS. ..	MDS. 200	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 60,200	MDS. 9,458	MDS. ..	MDS. 72,678	MDS. 217	MDS. ..	
	Levingepuram	MDS. ..	MDS. 890	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 330	MDS. 63,220	MDS. 2,458	MDS. ..	MDS. 65,678	MDS. 217	MDS. ..	
	Kayalpattanam	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,464	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,464	MDS. 391	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,855	MDS. 2,957	MDS. 231	
	Kuttanguli	MDS. ..	MDS. 3,017	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 3,017	MDS. 1,416	MDS. ..	MDS. 4,433	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	
	Total ..	23,763	12,251	..	..	1,12,000	1,915	1,49,929	22,146	..	1,72,075	11,389	642	
	Total of East Coast ..	20,86,469	39,945	..	65,326	1,12,000	5,417	22,99,157	1,87,746	221	24,87,124	10,71,183	49,964	

(a) Includes one maund sent to Salt Committee as sample.

Statement of Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87—cont.

Divisions.		STOCK AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR.				RECEIVED INTO STORE DURING THE YEAR.										Total in hand and received.
		Factories, Depôts and Ports.	Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.	Total.	Received from Manufacturers.	By Importation.	From other Divisions.	From other Factories and Depôts.	Swamp and Spontaneous Salt.	Gain by Weightment.	Sample Salt.	Confiscated Salt.	Total.		
1	2														3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
GOVERNMENT SALT—cont.																
West Coast.																
Calicut ..	Vaderhobi ..	..	..	..	MDS. 4,364	..	..	..	MDS. 14,000	..	..	..	MDS. 1,038	..	MDS. 1,038	
	Coondapoor Depôt ..	..	..	..	MDS. 272	..	..	..	MDS. 6,000	..	..	..	MDS. 85	..	MDS. 26,671	
	Mangalore do. ..	..	..	..	MDS. 217	..	..	..	MDS. 23,000	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 25,662	
	Tellicherry do. ..	..	..	..	MDS. 224	..	..	..	MDS. 15,000	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 6,000	
	Calicut do. ..	..	..	..	MDS. 40	..	..	..	MDS. 27,000	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 28,003	
	Beyrore do. ..	..	..	..	MDS. 209	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 45,590	
	Ponani do. ..	..	..	..	MDS. 268	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 27,299	
Total of West Coast ..		..	..	..	MDS. 82,070	..	..	..	MDS. 1,00,000	..	..	..	MDS. 8,988	..	MDS. 26,208	
Total of GOVERNMENT SALT ..		..	..	..	MDS. 30,38,315	..	..	..	MDS. 1,12,000	..	..	..	MDS. 1,36,607	..	MDS. 43,974	
EXCISE SALT.																
East Coast.																
Chatrapur ..	Surlâ ..	..	..	..	MDS. 70,479	..	..	..	MDS. 2,01,645	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 1,96,312	
	Nanpada ..	..	..	..	MDS. 3,298	..	..	..	MDS. 2,63,410	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 2,73,939	
	Calangapatam ..	..	..	..	MDS. 430	..	..	..	MDS. 1,74,092	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 2,63,413	
	Kuppili ..	..	..	..	MDS. 698	..	..	..	MDS. 60,298	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 2,39,104	
	Konada ..	..	..	..	MDS. 682	..	..	..	MDS. 62,918	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 60,298	
	Bimlipatam ..	..	..	..	MDS. 562	..	..	..	MDS. 75,947	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 62,014	
	Karasa ..	..	..	..	MDS. 562	..	..	..	MDS. 75,947	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 62,918	
Masulipatam ..	Total ..	..	..	..	MDS. 1,03,123	..	..	..	MDS. 1,30,757	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 76,669	
	Penuguduru ..	..	..	..	MDS. 6,108	..	..	..	MDS. 7,57,422	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 1,30,757	
	Mogalur ..	..	..	..	MDS. 2,181	..	..	..	MDS. 17,812	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 8,65,696	
	Manginapudi ..	..	..	..	MDS. 768	..	..	..	MDS. 59,544	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 59,544	
	Nizampatam ..	..	..	..	MDS. 1,671	..	..	..	MDS. 1,77,174	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 1,13,712	
	Total ..	..	..	..	MDS. 95	..	..	..	MDS. 2,20,798	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 3,97,974	
	Total ..	..	..	..	MDS. 4,715	..	..	..	MDS. 58,562	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 58,562	
Total ..		..	..	..	MDS. 2,96,941	..	..	..	MDS. 5,18,774	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 8,26,482	

(c) 2,950 maunds of Excise salt were purchased by Government for Fish-curing yards.

(d) Discovered on restorage of a heap.

(e) Relinquished by the Excise licensees as the factories in South Canara were closed.

Statement of Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87—cont.

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	EXPENDED DURING THE YEAR.										BALANCE.	
		Home and Inland Consumption.	Supplied for curing Fish.	Export by Sea.	Sold to the Government.	Sent to other Divisions.	Sent to other Factories and Depôts.	Total.	Wastage written off.		Total Expended.	Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.
									Ordinary.	Special.			
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		
GOVERNMENT SALT—cont.													
West Coast—cont.													
Calicut ..	Vaderhobi .. Coondapoor Depôt .. Mangalore do. .. Tellicherry do. .. Calicut do. .. Beyrore do. .. Ponani do. .. Total of West Coast .. Total of GOVERNMENT SALT ..	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.
Chattrapur ..	Surlâ ..	1,06,842	..	..	..	..	..	1,06,843	3,570	..	1,10,413	1,62,310	1,216
Chicacole ..	Nanpada .. Calangapatam .. Kuppili .. Konada .. Bimlipatam .. Karasa .. Total ..	MDS. .. 1,85,606 .. 1,99,709 .. 48,329 .. 95,558 .. 71,429 .. 90,573 .. 6,92,204 ..	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.
Manulipatam ..	Pennaguduru .. Mogalur .. Manginapudi .. Nizampatam .. Total ..	MDS. .. 1,52,383 .. 99,350 .. 1,60,599 .. 39,992 .. 4,52,324 ..	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.

(a) Quantity lost by a boatman, the value having been recovered from him.

(b) Issued for use in manufactures.

(c) Excise Salt purchased and sent to Salt Committee as sample.

(d) Excise Salt purchased for supply to Fish-curing yards.

Statement of Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87—cont.

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	STOCK AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR.					RECEIVED INTO STORE DURING THE YEAR.										Total in hand and received.
		Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.	Total.	Received from Manufacturers.	By Importation.	From other Divisions.	From other Factories and Depôts.	Swamp and Spontaneous Salt.	Gain by Weightment.	Sample Salt.	Confiscated Salt.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15			
Nellore ..	Kanuparti ..	MDS. 1,86,569	MDS. 3,192	MDS. 1,89,761	MDS. 75,070	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 75,076	75,076		
	Pakala ..	.. 39,317	.. 632	.. 39,949	.. 78,714	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 78,714	2,63,475		
	Iskapalle ..	.. 1,31,728	.. 1,896	.. 1,33,624	.. 1,47,597	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 19,810	59,759		
	Kistnapatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 1,47,597	2,81,221		
	Total ..	3,57,614	5,720	3,63,334	3,16,191	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	MDS. 3,16,197	6,79,531	
Chingleput ..	Tada ..	.. 32,278	.. 389	.. 32,667	.. 47,681	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 47,681	80,348		
	Madras Depôt ..	.. 1,11,094	.. 27,355	.. 1,38,449	.. 10,95,621	..	..	..	..	..	(b) 229	..	..	MDS. 10,95,850	12,34,299		
	Cheyir ..	..	..	..	.. 14,093	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 14,093	14,093		
	Morkan ..	..	..	..	.. 7,760	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 7,760	7,760		
	Total ..	1,43,372	27,744	1,71,116	11,65,155	..	..	..	..	..	229	..	..	..	MDS. 11,65,384	13,36,500	
Negapatnam ..	Cuddalore ..	.. 82	.. 1,471	.. 1,553	.. 45,641	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 45,641	47,194		
	Mannabadi ..	.. 16,728	.. 12	.. 16,740	.. 16,674	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 16,674	33,714		
	Nedavasil ..	.. 34,603	.. 2,372	.. 36,975	.. 33,939	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	MDS. 33,943	70,918		
	Tranquebar ..	..	..	..	.. 34,021	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 34,021	34,021		
	Negapatnam ..	.. 7,122	.. 6,763	.. 13,885	.. 2,31,848	..	..	..	..	..	283	..	..	MDS. 2,32,131	2,46,016		
Tinnevely ..	Vedarnam ..	.. 2,894	.. 2,894	.. 1,00,656	.. 9,600	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 9,600	1,10,256		
	Thambikarallavankottai ..	.. 1,38,914	.. 1,410	.. 1,40,324	.. 2,476	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 2,476	1,42,800		
	Adirampatnam ..	.. 61,702	.. 1,621	.. 63,323	.. 7,403	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	MDS. 7,404	70,727		
	Total ..	3,56,913	16,543	3,73,456	3,81,602	..	..	..	..	..	288	..	300	..	MDS. 3,82,190	7,55,646	
	Vattanam ..	.. 49,511	.. 788	.. 50,299	.. 27,278	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 27,278	77,577	
Tinnevely ..	Morkolum ..	..	..	..	.. 40,937	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 40,937	40,937		
	Muturuguthapatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 38,852	38,852		
	Arasadi ..	.. 89,925	.. 712	.. 90,638	.. 1,36,275	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 1,36,275	2,26,913		
	Levingapuram ..	.. 6,74,970	.. 17,717	.. 6,92,687	.. 4,39,233	..	..	..	..	..	46	..	..	MDS. 4,39,279	11,31,966		
	Kayalpatnam ..	.. 91,489	.. 1,788	.. 93,277	.. 2,96,472	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	MDS. 2,96,484	3,89,761		
Tinnevely ..	Kuttanguli ..	..	..	..	.. 17,913	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	MDS. 17,913	17,913		
	Total ..	9,05,896	21,005	9,26,901	9,96,960	..	..	..	..	..	58	..	..	MDS. 9,97,018	19,23,919		
	Total of East Coast ..	22,34,338	82,650	23,16,988	43,37,749	..	..	..	..	..	585	..	300	..	MDS. 43,38,675	66,55,663	

(a) Of this 1,56,865 maunds was Vadarnam salt.

(b) Includes 80 maunds discovered on restorage of two heaps.

(c) Omitted in the previous year by the Circle Officer.

Statement of Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87—cont.

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	EXPENDED DURING THE YEAR.										BALANCE.	
		Home and Inland Consumption.	Supplied for curing Fish.	Export by Sea.	Sold to the French Government.	Sent to other Divisions.	Sent to other Factories and Depôts.	Total.	Wastage written off.		Total Expended.	Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.
		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	Ordinary.	Special.	25	26	27
Nellore ..	Kanuparti ..	MDS. 73,312	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	..	..	MDS. 73,312	MDS. 1,404	..	MDS. 74,716	MDS. 2,57,473	MDS. 360
	Pakala ..	.. 2,46,206	..	..	..	..	..	.. 2,46,206	.. 11,267	..	.. 2,57,473	.. 2,632	.. 3,370
	Iskapalle ..	.. 57,436	..	..	..	..	..	.. 57,436	.. 2,261	..	.. 59,697	.. 12,079	.. 62
	Kistnapatnam ..	.. 2,58,718	..	..	..	..	..	.. 2,58,718	.. 8,389	..	.. 2,67,098	.. 2,044	.. 2,044
	Total ..	6,35,672	..	..	..	..	..	6,35,672	23,312	..	6,58,984	14,711	5,836
Chingleput ..	Tada ..	.. 71,217	..	..	..	..	..	.. 71,217	.. 1,068	..	.. 72,285	.. 5,220	.. 2,843
	Madras Depôt ..	.. 7,88,716	..	..	..	..	..	.. 7,88,716	.. 83,433	..	.. 8,72,149	.. 3,76,101	.. 36,049
	Cheyir ..	.. 12,398	..	..	..	..	..	.. 12,398	..	..	.. 12,398	.. 1,547	.. 148
	Morkan ..	.. 8,72,883	..	..	..	..	..	.. 8,72,883	.. 34,501	..	.. 9,07,384	.. 7,205	.. 3
	Total ..	43,834	..	..	..	..	..	44,025	2,087	..	46,062	..	39,043
Negapatnam ..	Mannabadi ..	.. 31,885	..	..	..	..	..	.. 31,885	.. 846	..	.. 32,899	.. 164	.. 1,132
	Nedavasil ..	.. 64,651	..	..	..	..	..	.. 64,651	.. 5,215	..	.. 70,308	.. 90	.. 651
	Tranquebar ..	.. 31,990	..	..	..	..	..	.. 31,990	.. 464	..	.. 32,604	.. 1,309	.. 620
	Negapatnam ..	.. 2,31,785	..	..	..	..	..	.. 2,32,744	.. 8,567	..	.. 2,41,311	.. 3,498	.. 108
	Vedarnam ..	.. 91,018	..	..	..	..	..	.. 91,055	.. 12,414	..	.. 1,03,519	.. 1,375	.. 1,277
Tinnevely ..	Thambikarallavankottai ..	.. 1,15,412	..	..	..	..	..	.. 1,15,640	.. 8,923	..	.. 1,24,563	.. 12,724	.. 5,513
	Adirampatnam ..	.. 45,228	..	..	..	..	..	.. 47,690	.. 3,820	..	.. 51,510	.. 18,108	.. 1,109
	Total ..	6,55,803	..	..	..	..	..	6,60,400	42,286	..	7,02,776	41,185	11,685
	Vattanam ..	.. 59,653	..	..	..	..	..	.. 59,653	.. 2,786	..	.. 62,439	.. 14,752	.. 386
	Morkolum ..	.. 33,972	..	..	..	..	..	.. 33,286	.. 43	..	.. 33,329	.. 5,083	.. 525
Tinnevely ..	Muturuguthapatnam ..	.. 18,243	..	..	..	..	..	.. 19,389	..	..	.. 19,389	.. 19,023	.. 440
	Arasadi ..	.. 86,800	..	..	..	..	..	.. 1,36,500	.. 3,510	..	.. 1,40,010	.. 81,492	.. 5,411
	Levingepuram ..	.. 5,80,590	..	..	..	..	..	.. 6,74,256	.. 20,470	..	.. 6,94,726	.. 4,38,138	.. 19,572
	Kayalpatnam ..	.. 2,97,976	..	..	..	..	..	.. 2,99,477	.. 6,664	..	.. 3,06,141	.. 78,104	.. 5,456
	Kuttanguli ..	.. 11,919	..	..	..	..	..	.. 11,919	..	..	.. 11,919	.. 5,808	.. 186
Tinnevely ..	Total ..	10,88,653	..	..	..	..	..	12,06,010	43,473	..	12,49,483	6,42,400	31,976
	Total of East Coast ..	45,01,381	..	..	..	..	..	46,26,716	1,86,987	..	48,13,703	17,32,671	1,09,289

(a) Purchased by Government for supply to Fish-curing yards.

(b) 958 maunds purchased for supply to Fish-curing yards and 1 maund sent to Salt Committee as sample.

(c) Lost while in transit, duty having been collected thereon.

Statement of Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87.—cont.

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	STOCK AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR.				RECEIVED INTO STORE DURING THE YEAR.										Total in hand and received.
		Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.	Total.	Received from Manufacturers.	By Importation.	From other Divisions.	From other Factories and Depôts.	Swamp and Spontaneous Salt.	Gain by Weightment.	Sample Salt.	Confiscated Salt.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
Calicut ..	Harnad ..	MDS. 4,954	MDS. 868	MDS. 5,822	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 6,822		
	Angali ..	MDS. 4,866	MDS. 378	MDS. 5,244	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 6,244		
	Vaderhobli ..	MDS. 13,799	MDS. ..	MDS. 13,799	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 4,396	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 18,195		
	Total of West Coast ..	23,619	1,246	24,865	..	..	..	4,396	..	..	..	..	4,396	29,261		
	Total of Excise Salt ..	22,57,957	83,896	23,41,853	43,37,749	..	..	4,396	40	586	..	300	43,43,071	66,84,924		
EXCISE SALT—cont.																
West Coast.																
Chingleput ..	Madras ..	638	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	638		
	Bairdur ..	3,979	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,979		
	Gangoli ..	27,080	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27,080		
	Hangerkatta ..	35,481	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35,481		
	Malpe ..	9,889	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,889		
Calicut..	Mulki ..	10,087	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,087		
	Mangalore ..	1,87,048	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,87,048		
	Cannanore ..	69,421	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	69,421		
	Tellicherry ..	1,30,064	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,30,064		
	Badagara ..	19,286	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19,286		
	Quilandi ..	5,471	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,471		
	Calicut ..	1,76,703	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,76,703		
	Beymore ..	1,76,410	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,76,410		
	Ponani ..	2,32,992	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,32,992		
	Cochin ..	14,632	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14,632		
	Total ..	10,98,543	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,98,543			
	Total of Duty-paid Salt ..	10,99,181	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,99,181			

Statement of Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87.—cont.

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	EXPENDED DURING THE YEAR.										BALANCE.	
		Home and Inland Consumption.	Supplied for curing Fish.	Export by Sea.	Sold to the French Government.	Sent to other Divisions.	Sent to other Factories and Depôts.	Total.	Wastage written off.		Total Expended.	Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.
									Ordinary.	Special.			
		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
EXCISE SALT—cont.													
West Coast—cont.													
Calicut	Harnad	MDS. 558	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 4,396	MDS. 4,954	MDS. 868	MDS. ..	MDS. 5,822	MDS. ..	MDS. 235
	Angali	MDS. 4,096	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 3,988	MDS. 4,006	MDS. 1,003	MDS. ..	MDS. 5,009	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,147
	Vaderhobli	MDS. 10,939	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	(a) 3,988	MDS. 14,827	MDS. 2,121	MDS. ..	MDS. 17,048	MDS. ..	MDS. 1,382
	Total of West Coast ..	15,503	..	..	..	..	8,384	23,887	3,992	..	27,879	..	1,382
	Total of Excise Salt ..	45,19,884	..	100	..	..	1,30,619	46,50,603	1,90,979	..	48,41,582	17,32,671	1,10,671
IMPORTED SALT—cont.													
Duty-paid Salt—cont.													
Chingleput	Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	638	..	..	638	..	..
	Bairdur	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,979	..	..	3,979	..	..
	Gangoli	..	..	..	..	..	..	27,080	..	..	27,080	..	..
	Hangerkatta	..	..	..	..	..	..	35,481	..	..	35,481	..	..
	Malpe	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,889	..	..	9,889	..	..
	Mulki	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,087	..	..	10,087	..	..
	Mangalore	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,87,048	..	..	1,87,048	..	..
	Cannanore	..	..	..	..	..	..	69,421	..	..	69,421	..	..
	Tellicherry	..	..	..	..	..	(b) 6,000	1,30,064	..	..	1,30,064	..	..
	Badagara	..	..	..	..	..	..	19,286	..	..	19,286	..	..
	Quilandi	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,471	..	..	5,471	..	..
	Calicut	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,76,703	..	..	1,76,703	..	..
	Beymore	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,76,410	..	..	1,76,410	..	..
	Ponani	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,32,992	..	..	2,32,992	..	..
Cochin	..	..	..	..	..	..	14,632	..	..	14,632	..	..	
	Total ..	10,98,543	..	..	..	..	5,000	10,98,543	..	..	10,98,543	..	..
	Total of Duty-paid Salt ..	10,99,181	..	..	..	..	5,000	10,99,181	..	..	10,99,181	..	..

(a) 2,950 maunds purchased by Government for supply to Fish-curing yards and 1,938 maunds relinquished to Government by the licensees.
 (b) Purchased by Government for the use of the French Government at Malé.

Statement of Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87—cont.

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	STOCK AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR.				RECEIVED INTO STORE DURING THE YEAR.										Total in hand and received.
		Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.	Total.	Received from Manufacturers.	By Importation.	From other Divisions.	From other Factories and Depôts.	Swamp and Spontaneous Salt.	Gain by Weighment.	Sample Salt.	Confiscated Salt.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
IMPORTED SALT—cont.																
Duty-bearing Salt.																
Chicacole	Bimlipatam	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	
Chingleput	Madras	..	..	..	..	1,084	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,084	..	1,084	
Negapatam	At certain Customs Houses	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	
Tinnevely	Do.	..	..	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	10	
Calicut	Mulki	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	
	Mangalore	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	
	Cannanore	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	
	Badagara	..	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	9	
	Calicut	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	6	
	Beyport	..	..	..	..	77	..	..	..	..	..	..	77	..	77	
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	101	..	..	..	..	..	..	101	..	101	
	Total of Duty-bearing Salt ..	..	..	..	..	1,205	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,205	..	1,205	
	Total of Imported Salt ..	..	..	..	..	11,00,386	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,00,386	..	11,00,386	
	Grand Total ..	52,31,371	1,48,797	53,80,168	48,40,338	11,05,386	1,12,000	(a) 1,41,003	8,922	959	(b) 42	(c) 1,105	62,09,755	11,00,386	1,16,89,923	

(a) Includes an adjustment of 63 maunds on account of omission in previous accounts, 1,033 maunds relinquished to Government by the licensees at Vadderhobli and 1,25,093 maunds purchased by Government for supply to fish-curing yards, &c.

(b) Includes 1 maund manufactured under the Prize Rules and 1 maund of Excise salt purchased by Government to be sent to Salt Committee as sample.

(c) Includes 800 maunds issued to the French Government at Pondicherry, but returned into store as being inferior in quality and 300 maunds being an adjustment on account of previous year.

Statement of Stocks and Issues of Salt in the Presidency of Madras in the year 1886-87—(concluded).

Divisions.	Factories, Depôts and Ports.	EXPENDED DURING THE YEAR.										BALANCE.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																		
		Home and Inland Consumption.		Supplied for curing Fish.	Export by Sea.	Sold to the French Govern- ment.	Sent to other Divisions.	Sent to other Factories and Depôts.	Total.	Wastage written off.		Total Expended.	Actual Quantity in Store.	Wastage remaining to be written off.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
		16	17							18	19				20	21	22	Ordinary.	Special.	23	24	25	26	27																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
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(a) Includes 1,25,093 maunds of Excise salt sold to Government for fish-curing purposes, &c.; 5 maunds to be sent to Salt Committee as sample; 93 maunds lost in transit for which the value has been recovered from the contractor; 5,000 maunds of duty-paid salt purchased by Government for supply to the French Government at Mahé; 14 maunds issued for use in manufactures; and 1,038 maunds relinquished to Government by the licensees at Vadderhobli.

ENCLOSURE TO APPENDIX C.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing the Quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland Consumption, its Price per Maund, and the Proceeds realized from the Sale in the several Divisions of the Madras Presidency for the official years ending 31st March 1885, 31st March 1886, and 31st March 1887, respectively.

Divisions.	FROM 1st APRIL 1884 TO 31st MARCH 1885.				FROM 1st APRIL 1885 TO 31st MARCH 1886.				FROM 1st APRIL 1886 TO 31st MARCH 1887.				Remarks.
	Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.	Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.	Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.	Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
Chatrapur	MDS. S. T. 4,43,643 0 0	RS. A. P. 2 3 0	9,70,469 1 0	MDS. S. T. 2,93,800 0 0	RS. A. P. 2 3 0	6,42,637 8 0	MDS. S. T. 5,06,561 9 10	RS. A. P. from 2 2 3 to 2 3 2	11,05,676 9 4	RS. A. P. from 2 2 3 to 2 3 2	2,13,684 0 0	Excise salt.	
	..	..	..	1,25,881 0 0	..	2,51,762 0 0	1,06,842 0 0	..	2,13,684 0 0	..	1,743 7 9	Supplied for curing fish.	
	4,067 20 0	from 0 6 0 to 0 8 0	1,978 7 9	3,637 0 0	and 0 8 0	1,753 2 0	3,573 30 0	..	1,743 7 9	..	13,21,104 0 11	Excise salt.	
Total ..	4,47,710 20 0	..	9,72,447 8 9	4,23,318 0 0	..	8,96,202 10 0	6,15,976 39 10	..	13,21,104 0 11	..	10,29,035 3 11	Excise salt.	
Chicacole	MDS. S. T. 5,81,409 24 0	RS. A. P. 2 3 0	12,71,833 8 0	4,76,320 0 0	RS. A. P. 2 3 0	10,41,850 0 0	1,59,204 10 0	RS. A. P. from 2 3 0 to 2 3 0	3,48,259 4 9	RS. A. P. from 2 3 0 to 2 3 0	13,84,408 0 0	Excise salt.	
	2,26,068 0 0	from 0 6 0 to 0 10 0	4,52,136 0 0	4,02,883 0 0	..	8,05,766 0 0	6,92,204 0 0	..	13,84,408 0 0	..	2,968 9 5	Supplied for curing fish.	
	5,441 35 0	..	2,637 5 8	5,109 25 0	..	2,473 11 0	6,216 6 0	..	2,968 9 5	..	14 6 6	Duty-bearing im-ports.	
Total ..	8,12,920 14 0	..	17,26,658 9 8	8,84,316 13 60	..	18,50,197 2 5	8,57,631 24 10	..	17,35,650 4 8	..	1,21,869 14 2	Excise salt.	
Masulipatam	MDS. S. T. 3,61,063 2 40	RS. A. P. 2 3 0	7,89,825 7 2	2,06,843 0 0	RS. A. P. from 2 1 1 to 2 3 3	4,51,680 15 1	5,191 0 0	RS. A. P. from 2 1 1 to 2 1 5	1,21,869 14 2	RS. A. P. from 2 1 1 to 2 1 5	9,04,648 0 0	Excise salt.	
	44,515 0 0	..	96,449 2 8	3,35,672 0 0	..	6,71,344 0 0	4,52,324 0 0	..	9,04,648 0 0	..	2,517 5 9	Supplied for curing fish.	
	2,40,376 0 0	from 0 6 0 to 0 14 0	4,80,752 0 0	4,461 15 0	..	2,473 9 5	4,539 30 0	..	2,517 5 9	..	10,29,035 3 11	Excise salt.	
Total ..	6,49,049 13 40	..	13,68,682 2 7	5,46,976 15 0	..	11,25,498 8 6	6,11,054 30 0	..	10,29,035 3 11	..			

Comparative Statement showing the Quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland Consumption, its Price per Maund, and the Proceeds realized from the Sale in the several Divisions of the Madras Presidency, &c.—continued.

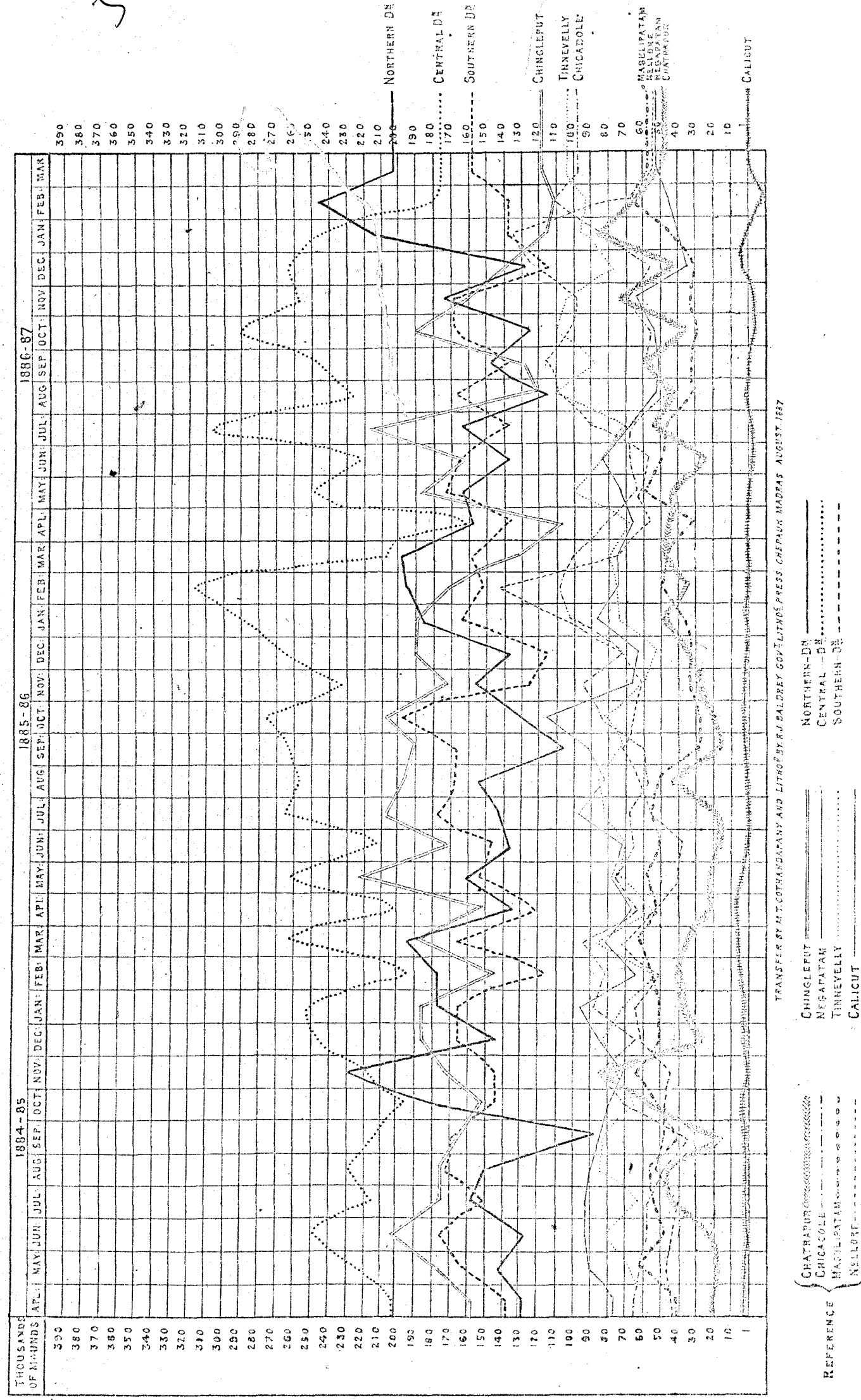
Divisions.	FROM 1st APRIL 1884 TO 31st MARCH 1885.				FROM 1st APRIL 1885 TO 31st MARCH 1886.				FROM 1st APRIL 1886 TO 31st MARCH 1887.				Remarks.
	Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.	Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.	Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.	Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
Nellore ..	MDS. S. T. 3,52,951 0 0	RS. A. P. 2 3 0	7,72,080 5 0	5,19,209 0 0	RS. A. P. from 2 2 1 to 2 5 7	11,36,796 1 10	4,25,714 0 0	RS. A. P. from 2 2 1 to 2 5 6	9,32,204 6 10	RS. A. P. from 2 2 1 to 2 5 6	12,71,344 0 0	Excise salt.	
	2,68,486 0 0	..	5,38,972 0 0	3,24,470 0 0	..	6,48,940 0 0	6,35,672 0 0	..	12,71,344 0 0	..	1,348 2 9	Supplied for curing fish.	
	1,402 24 40	from 0 6 0 to 0 8 0	695 15 9	2,678 4 0	..	1,327 14 3	2,712 20 0	..	1,348 2 9	..	22,04,896 9 7	Excise salt.	
Total ..	6,22,839 24 40	..	13,09,748 4 9	8,46,357 4 0	..	17,87,064 0 1	10,94,098 20 0	..	22,04,896 9 7	..	18,54,931 10 5	Excise salt.	
Chingleput	MDS. S. T. 20,30,617 0 0	RS. A. P. 2 3 0	44,41,974 11 0	12,13,303 5 0	RS. A. P. from 2 2 1 to 2 3 0	23,15,180 1 5	8,85,261 10 0	RS. A. P. from 2 2 1 to 2 3 0	18,54,931 10 5	RS. A. P. from 2 2 1 to 2 3 0	17,46,766 0 0	Excise salt.	
	57,633 0 0	..	1,15,266 0 0	9,86,902 0 0	..	19,73,804 0 0	8,72,883 0 0	..	17,46,766 0 0	..	1,378 12 9	Supplied for curing fish.	
	2,867 30 0	from 0 6 0 to 0 8 0	1,031 8 3	3,519 20 0	..	1,351 10 9	3,616 15 0	..	1,378 12 9	..	2,167 12 1	Duty-bearing im-ports.	
Total ..	20,92,010 28 71	..	45,60,103 9 8	1,055 36 22	..	2,119 3 8	1,033 32 64	..	2,167 12 1	..	30,04,304 3 1	Excise salt.	
Negapatam	MDS. S. T. 7,98,967 15 4	RS. A. P. 2 3 0	17,47,741 2 3	1,75,827 0 0	RS. A. P. from 2 3 0 to 2 3 0	3,84,621 9 0	32,775 0 0	RS. A. P. from 2 3 0 to 2 3 0	71,695 5 0	RS. A. P. from 2 3 0 to 2 3 0	13,11,606 0 0	Excise salt.	
	2,06,718 1 0	..	4,13,436 0 10	8,05,722 27 0	..	16,11,445 5 7	6,55,803 0 0	..	13,11,606 0 0	..	3,456 3 7	Supplied for curing fish.	
	6,507 30 40	from 0 6 0 to 0 10 0	3,035 14 6	6,340 34 68	..	3,029 2 0	7,035 20 0	..	3,456 3 7	..	6 13 4	Duty-bearing im-ports.	
Total ..	10,12,202 28 79	..	21,64,232 4 0	9,87,900 13 60	..	19,99,115 10 6	6,95,616 36 0	..	21,64,232 4 0	..	51,981 9 0	Excise salt.	
Tinnevely	MDS. S. T. 3,11,447 0 0	RS. A. P. from 2 0 2 to 2 6 0	6,72,671 15 8	2,38,162 20 0	RS. A. P. from 2 3 0 to 2 3 0	5,20,958 9 6	23,763 0 0	RS. A. P. from 2 3 0 to 2 3 0	51,981 9 0	RS. A. P. from 2 3 0 to 2 3 0	21,77,306 0 0	Excise salt.	
	5,65,569 0 0	..	11,31,138 0 0	3,629,022 0 0	..	12,58,044 0 0	10,88,653 0 0	..	21,77,306 0 0	..			

Comparative Statement showing the Quantity of Salt sold for Home and Inland Consumption, its Price per Maund, and the Proceeds realized from the Sale in the several Divisions of the Madras Presidency, &c.—concluded.

Divisions.	From 1st April 1884 to 31st March 1885.				From 1st April 1885 to 31st March 1886.				From 1st April 1886 to 31st March 1887.				Remarks.
	Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.		Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.		Quantity.	Rate per Indian Maund.	Amount.		
1	2	3	4		5	6	7		8	9	10	11	
Tinnevely—cont.	MDS. S. T.	RS. A. P. from	RS. A. P.		MDS. S. T.	RS. A. P. from	RS. A. P.		MDS. S. T.	RS. A. P. from	RS. A. P.		
	10,577 8 0	0 6 0	6,923 13 6		16,117 8 0	0 6 0	9,457 13 10		12,250 37 0	0 6 0	6,408 1 0		Supplied for curing fish.
Total ..	5 34 63	0 12 0	11 11 10		4 27 48	0 10 0	9 5 10		10 6 12	0 10 0	20 4 11		Duty-bearing im-ports.
	8,87,699 2 63	..	18,09,645 9 0		8,83,296 15 48	..	17,87,469 13 2		11,24,677 3 12	..	22,35,715 14 11		
Calicut ..	310 0 0	2 6 0	736 4 0		..	..	..		..	..	..		Supplied to Amindivi Islands.
	48,431 0 0	2 0 0	96,862 0 0		33,650 0 0	0 8 0	67,300 0 0		15,503 0 0	0 8 0	31,006 0 0		Excise Salt.
Total sales for Home and Inland Consumption	55,334 24 0	0 8 0	40,295 12 11		74,983 5 57	0 12 0	56,169 11 2		83,072 27 40	0 12 0	61,408 13 3		Supplied for curing fish.
	8 12 58	2 0 0	16 10 5		81 22 6	2 0 0	163 1 10		100 39 15	2 0 0	202 0 3		Duty-bearing im-ports.
Total Sales ..	1,04,033 36 58	..	1,37,910 11 4		1,08,714 27 63	..	1,23,632 13 0		98,676 26 55	..	92,716 13 6		
	65,38,204 2 44	..	139,90,243 9 7		67,63,157 12 0	..	142,82,280 2 5		66,06,353 29 10	..	135,26,446 11 2		
Total Duty-bearing Imports.	89,394 23 0	..	57,354 7 1		1,16,846 32 45	..	77,036 10 5		1,23,017 25 40	..	81,329 8 3		
	66,27,598 25 44	..	140,47,598 0 8		68,85,004 4 45	..	143,59,316 12 10		67,29,371 14 50	..	136,67,776 3 5		
Grand Total ..	917 23 67	..	1,830 11 1		1,155 26 57	..	2,318 12 8		1,205 22 21	..	2,411 6 1		
	66,28,516 9 31	..	140,49,428 11 9		68,86,159 31 22	..	143,61,635 9 6		67,30,576 36 71	..	136,10,187 8 6		A portion of this is still outstanding under the credit system and will be realized during the current year.

N.B.—Duty-paid imports of 8,75,756 maunds in 1884-85, 9,14,872 maunds in 1885-86, and 10,99,181 maunds in 1886-87 are not included in the above figures.

DIAGRAM OF SALES FOR EACH DIVISION FOR THE PAST THREE YEARS SHOWING TOTAL SALES IN CHARGES OF DY COMMISSIONERS. NORTHERN, CENTRAL, AND SOUTHERN DIVISIONS.



APPENDIX D.

STATEMENT showing Duty-paid Salt imported and cleared in the Madras Presidency in 1886-87.

Divisions.	Ports.	AS PER MANIFESTS FROM				Total as per Manifests.	WASTAGE DISCOVERED.		Actual Quantity imported.
		Bombay.	North Canara.	Goa.	Calcutta.		Quantity.	Centage.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Chingleput.	Madras	MDS. 618	MDS. ..	MDS. ..	MDS. 20	MDS. 638	MDS. ..	..	MDS. 638
	Baindur	..	2,818	1,194	..	4,012	33	0.82	3,979
Calicut.	Gangoli	15,253	5,540	6,668	..	27,461	381	1.38	27,080
	Hangerkatta ..	12,458	926	22,484	..	35,868	387	1.07	35,481
	Malpe	3,371	2,302	4,282	..	9,955	66	0.66	9,889
	Mulki	6,791	827	3,624	..	10,242	155	1.51	10,087
	Mangalore ..	1,89,815	..	300	..	1,90,115	3,067	1.61	1,87,048
	Cannanore ..	70,494	..	..	..	70,494	1,073	1.52	69,421
	Tellicherry ..	1,31,085	..	..	..	1,31,085	1,021	0.77	1,30,064
	Badagara ..	19,755	..	..	..	19,755	469	2.37	19,286
	Quilandi ..	5,555	..	..	..	5,555	84	1.51	5,471
	Calicut	1,79,738	..	..	..	1,79,738	3,035	1.68	1,76,703
	Beyepore ..	1,80,472	..	..	..	1,80,472	4,062	2.25	1,76,410
	Ponani	2,36,325	..	..	..	2,36,325	3,333	1.41	2,32,992
	Cochin	14,815	..	..	..	14,815	183	1.23	14,632
	Total ..	10,64,927	12,413	38,552	..	11,15,892	17,349	1.55	10,98,543
	Presidency Total..	10,65,545	12,413	38,552	20	11,16,530	17,349	1.55	10,99,181

APPENDIX E.]

Circles.	Total Number of Heaps sold.	Year in which stored.	HEAPS IN WHICH WASTAGE OCCURRED.						HEAPS IN WHICH EXCESS OCCURRED.				Total Stored Contents.	Net Difference, + or -.	Centage of Net Difference.	VALUE OF NET DIFFERENCE.	
			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Wastage.	Centage of Wastage.			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Excess.	Centage of Excess.				At Prime cost.	At Monopoly price.
						Maximum.	Minimum.	Average.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

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[WASTAGE AND EXCESS.]

Chicacole Division.

Expenditure	66	1986-87	66	1,55,602	6,093	6-91	1-04	3-91	..	..	1,55,602	6,093	3-91	..
Excise ..	14	1984-85	..	33,600	1,985	6-87	4-45	5-90	..	..	..	..	..	..
	7	1985-86	..	16,800	464	4-25	0-87	2-76	..	..	..	..	..	..
Monopoly ..	21	..	..	50,400	2,449	..	..	4-85	..	..	50,400	2,449	4-85	459
Total ..	87	..	..	2,06,002	8,542	..	..	4-14	..	..	2,06,002	8,542	4-14	17,543

(c) In one heap the out-turn was equal to the Stored Contents.

Statement showing the Particulars of Ordinary Wastage of Salt, and of the Excess of Salt, found in Heaps sold in the Madras Presidency in the year 1886-87—*cont.*

Chicacole Division—cont.

	1885-86	1886-87	MRS.	MDS.	7-5	3-83	5-40	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	MDS.	RS.	RS.
Calingapatam ..	66	1885-86	66	79,054	4,276	7-83	0-16	3-35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	116	1886-87	116	1,36,963	4,595	7-83	0-16	3-35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Excise ..	182	..	182	2,16,022	8,871	..	..	4-10	..	..	..	..	..	..	17,712
Monopoly ..	1	1883-84	1	2,400	198	8-25	8-25	8-25	..	..	..	..	..	37	433
Total ..	183	..	183	2,18,422	9,069	..	..	4-15	..	..	..	..	..	37	18,175
Konada ..	36	1885-86	36	42,832	2,223	11-0	3-58	5-19	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	154	1886-87	153	1,80,015	7,169	14-08	0-16	3-98	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Excise ..	190	..	189	2,22,847	9,392	..	..	4-21	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,784
Balaheruvu-Excise ..	40	1886-87	40	89,957	3,444	9-5	0-75	3-82	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,888
	6	1882-83	6	7,200	594	9-3	6-75	8-25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	40	1883-84	40	48,000	3,815	14-75	5-3	7-94	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	24	1884-85	24	57,600	4,747	16-83	5-0	8-24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	5	1885-86	5	12,000	406	5-5	1-0	3-38	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Monopoly ..	75	..	75	1,24,800	9,562	..	..	7-66	..	..	..	..	..	1,793	20,917
Total ..	115	..	115	2,14,757	13,006	..	..	6-05	..	..	..	..	..	1,793	27,805
Total Excise ..	478	..	477	6,54,438	27,800	..	..	4-03	..	..	..	..	..	2,289	55,600
Total Monopoly ..	97	..	97	1,77,600	12,209	..	..	6-87	..	..	..	..	..	2,289	26,707
Grand Total ..	(a) 575	..	574	8,32,038	40,009	..	..	4-61	..	..	..	..	..	2,289	82,367

(a) In one heap the out-turn was equal to the Stored Contents.

Circles.	Total Number of Heaps sold.	Year in which stored.	HEAPS IN WHICH WASTAGE OCCURRED.						HEAPS IN WHICH EXCESS OCCURRED.				Total stored Contents.	Net Difference, + or -.	Centage of Net Difference.	VALUE OF NET DIFFERENCE.	
			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Waste.	Centage of Wastage.			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Excess.	Centage of Excess.				At Prime cost.	At Monopoly price.
						Maximum.	Minimum.	Average.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Nizampatam	6 36 4	1884-85 .. 1885-86 .. 1886-87 ..	6 36 4	6,706 42,218 4,800	624 2,917 243	10-83 11 0 6-5	4-83 4 0 4-83	9-30 6-90 6-06	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
Excise Monopoly	46 7	.. 1891-92 ..	46 7	53,724 8,400	3,784 1,112	.. ..	.. ..	7-04 13-23	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	53,724 8,400	.. ..	3,784 1,112	7 04 13-23	7,568 2,433
Total ..	53	..	53	62,124	4,896	..	..	7-88	..	..	..	..	62,124	..	4,896	7-88	10,001
Total Excise ..	286	..	286	4,44,925	21,755	..	..	4-89	1	1,200	2	0-16	4,45,495	..	21,753	4-88	43,506
Total Monopoly ..	33	..	33	58,082	4,545	..	..	7-82	..	..	..	..	55,082	..	4,545	7-82	9,943
Grand Total ..	319	..	318	5,02,307	26,300	..	..	5-23	1	1,200	2	0-16	5,03,507	..	26,298	5-22	53,449

Nellore Division.																			
Kanuparti— Excise	35	1886-87	..	34	74,598	1,764	8-50	1-25	2-36	1	472	6	1-27	75,070	—	1,753	2-34	..	3,516
	13	1882-83	..	13	15,600	2,084	15-3	7-83	13-35	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	9	1883-84	..	9	10,800	1,180	11-50	9-16	10-92	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	71	1884-85	..	71	1,02,000	8,685	12-16	8-51	8-51	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	77	1885-86	..	77	1,57,200	10,309	11-08	1-58	6-55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	51	1886-87	..	51	1,16,957	3,296	3-95	0-38	2-31	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Monopoly	221	..	..	221	4,02,557	25,551	..	..	6-34	..	..	..	..	4,02,557	—	25,554	6-34	4,792	55,500
Total ..	256	..	..	256	4,77,155	27,318	..	..	5-72	1	472	6	1-27	4,77,627	—	27,312	5-71	4,792	59,416

Statement showing the Particulars of Ordinary Wastage of Salt, and of the Excess of Salt, found in Heaps sold in the Madras Presidency in the year 1886-87—cont.

Circles.	Total Number of Heaps sold.	Year in which stored.	HEAPS IN WHICH WASTAGE OCCURRED.				HEAPS IN WHICH EXCESS OCCURRED.				Total stored Contents.	Net Difference, + or -.	Centage of Net Difference.	VALUE OF NET DIFFERENCE.			
			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Wastage.	Centage of Wastage.			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.				Amount of Excess.	Centage of Excess.	At Prime cost.	At Monopoly price.
						Maximum.	Minimum.	Average.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Isknapalle	17	1884-85	17	38,978	MDS.	8.41	4.75	6.38	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	100	1885-86	100	1,96,122	8,971	8.25	1.70	4.57	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	48	1886-87	48	88,724	1,674	3.08	0.3	1.83	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
				3,23,824	13,136	12.6	8.5	4.05	..	..	..	..	..	3,23,824	13,136	4.05	..
Excise .. Monopoly	19	1883-84	19	22,800	2,276	..	..	9.98	..	..	..	..	..	22,800	2,276	9.98	..
	184	..	184	3,46,624	15,412	..	..	4.44	..	..	..	..	..	3,46,624	15,412	4.44	..
	13	1884-85	13	31,200	1,413	6.41	2.54	4.52	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	46	1885-86	46	1,10,400	4,405	7.58	0.83	4.04	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistnapatnam ..	51	1886-87	51	1,21,650	2,650	4.04	0.20	2.17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	110	..	110	2,63,250	8,528	..	..	3.23	..	..	..	..	..	2,63,250	8,528	3.23	..
	21	1882-83	21	25,200	2,036	10.16	6.58	8.97	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	6	1884-85	6	6,000	551	7.0	5.08	5.85	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Excise ..	32	..	32	38,400	2,617	..	..	6.81	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	142	..	142	3,01,650	11,145	..	..	3.69	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	310	..	309	6,01,672	23,428	..	..	3.51	1	472	6	1.27	..	6,02,144	23,422	3.53	..
	272	..	272	4,63,757	30,447	..	..	6.86	..	..	..	..	..	4,63,757	30,447	6.86	..
Monopoly	582	..	581	11,25,429	53,875	..	..	4.78	1	472	5	1.27	..	11,25,901	53,869	4.78	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Nellore Division—cont.

Statement showing the Particulars of Ordinary Wastage of Salt, and of the Excess of Salt, found in Heaps sold in the Madras Presidency in the year 1886-87—cont.

Circles.	Total Number of Heaps sold.	Year in which stored.	HEAPS IN WHICH WASTAGE OCCURRED.						HEAPS IN WHICH EXCESS OCCURRED.				Total stored Contents.	Net Difference, + or -.	Centage of Net Difference.	VALUE OF NET DIFFERENCE.	
			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Wastage.	Centage of Wastage.			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Excess.	Centage of Excess.				At Prime cost.	At Monopoly price.
						Maximum.	Minimum.	Average.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Chingput Division.																	
Tada	7	1884-85	7	MDS. 15,600	MDS. 824	6.33	2.16	5.28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	17	1885-86	17	20,136	776	11.25	1.16	3.85	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	36	1886-87	36	41,085	1,892	9.18	2.16	4.50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Excise Monopoly	60		59	76,821	3,492	..	..	4.51	..	..	..	..	76,821	— 3,102	4.64	..	6,984
	7	1882-83	7	16,800	1,681	14.3	7.33	9.70	..	..	..	..	16,800	— 1,631	9.70	..	3,568
Total ..	67		66	93,621	5,123	..	..	5.47	..	..	..	..	93,621	— 5,123	5.47	..	10,552
Ennore— Monopoly	8	1883-84	8	19,200	3,710	21.79	17.33	19.32	..	..	7. ..	..	19,200	— 3,710	19.32	..	8,116
Madras.. .. .	26	1885-86	36	1,25,448	5,911	18.01	0.5	4.71	..	25,200	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	207	1886-87	200	6,86,607	36,216	13.1	0.1	5.27	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Excise	243		236	8,12,655	42,127	..	..	5.18	7	25,200	149	0.59	8,37,555	— 41,978	5.01	..	83,950
	25	1883-84	25	90,003	13,221	20.80	9.5	14.68	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	258	1884-85	258	8,60,224	71,592	23.1	0.4	9.01	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	13	1885-86	13	46,800	4,190	13.61	4.5	8.95	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Monopoly	296		296	9,97,027	95,003	..	..	9.52	..	..	..	..	9,97,027	— 95,003	9.52	17,613	2,07,819
	539		532	18,09,082	1,37,130	..	..	7.68	7	25,200	149	0.59	18,34,282	— 1,36,981	7.46	17,813	2,91,775
Corelong— Monopoly	1	1878-79	1	2,400	621	25.87	25.87	25.87	..	..	..	..	2,400	— 621	25.87	116	1,358
Mortuam— Excise	12	1886-87	12	11,823	151	4.22	0.16	1.27	..	..	..	..	11,823	— 151	1.27	..	302
Total Excise ..	315		307	9,00,699	45,770	..	..	5.08	7	25,200	149	0.59	9,25,899	— 45,621	4.92	..	91,242
Total Monopoly ..	312		312	10,35,427	1,00,965	..	..	9.75	..	..	..	..	10,35,427	— 1,00,965	9.75	18,931	2,80,861
Grand Total ..	(a) 627		619	19,36,126	1,46,735	..	..	7.57	7	25,200	149	0.59	19,61,326	— 1,46,586	7.47	18,931	3,12,103

Chingleput Division.

(a) In one heap the outturn was equal to the Stored Contents.

Statement showing the Particulars of Ordinary Wastage of Salt, and of the Excess of Salt, found in Heaps sold in the Madras Presidency in the year 1886-87—cont.

Circles.	Total Number of Heaps sold.	Year in which stored.	HEAPS IN WHICH WASTAGE OCCURRED..					HEAPS IN WHICH EXCESS OCCURRED.				Total stored Contents.	Net Difference, + or -.	Centage of Net Difference.	VALUE OF NET DIFFERENCE.			
			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Wastage.	Centage of Wastage.			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Excess.				Centage of Excess.	At Prime cost.	At Monopoly price.	
						Maximum.	Minimum.	Average.										
Negapatam Division.																		
Cuddalore .. {	11	1885-86	11	MDS. 22,800	MDS. 977	2-45	6-08	4-28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	42	1886-87	42	61,115	2,206	0-25	8-68	3-60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Excise ..	53	..	53	83,915	3,183	..	..	3-79	..	..	..	..	83,915	- 3,183	3-79	..	6,366
Tanquebar .. {	36	1885-86	36	41,526	2,689	3-6	14-58	6-23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	56	1886-87	55	60,531	1,346	0-3	6-41	2-22	1	1,200	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Excise ..	92	..	91	1,02,067	3,935	..	..	3-85	1	1,200	4	..	1,03,267	- 3,931	3-80	..	7,862
Monopoly .. {	6	1885-86	6	7,200	344	3-6	6-0	4-7	..	..	..	..	..	7,200	- 344	4-7	..	763
	Total ..	98	..	97	1,09,267	4,279	..	..	3-91	1	1,200	4	..	1,10,467	- 4,275	3-86	..	8,615
	Negapatam .. {	4	1885-86	4	7,200	210	1-54	5-58	2-91	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Excise .. {	127	1886-87	99	1,72,493	2,871	0-08	7-3	1-66	27	58,800	283	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Excise ..	131	..	103	1,79,693	3,081	..	..	1-71	27	58,800	283	..	2,38,493	- 2,798	1-17	..	5,996
	Monopoly ..	7	1886-87	7	5,837	155	1-25	4-76	2-65	..	..	..	..	5,837	- 135	2-65	..	339
Total .. {	138	..	110	1,85,530	3,236	..	..	1-74	27	58,800	283	..	2,44,330	- 2,953	1-20	..	5,935	
	Vedarniam .. {	52	1884-85	52	87,550	10,335	3-75	27-5	11-80	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Excise ..	6	1885-86	6	12,000	543	5-37	6-37	3-75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Excise .. {	2	1886-87	2	2,400	17	0-3	1-08	0-70	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Excise ..	59	..	59	1,01,950	10,895	..	..	10-68	..	..	..	..	1,01,950	- 10,895	10-68	..	21,790
	Monopoly ..	1	1879-80	1	2,400	391	16-29	16-29	16-29	..	..	..	..	2,400	- 391	16-29	..	855
Total .. {	60	..	60	1,04,350	11,286	..	..	10-81	..	..	..	..	1,04,350	- 11,286	10-81	..	73	22,646

Statement showing the Particulars of Ordinary Wastage of Salt, and of the Excess of Salt, found in Heaps sold in the Madras Presidency in the year 1886-87—cont.

Circles.	Total Number of Heaps sold.		Year in which stored.	HEAPS IN WHICH WASTAGE OCCURRED.					HEAPS IN WHICH EXCESS OCCURRED.					Total stored Contents.	Net Difference, + or -.	Centage of Net Difference.	VALUE OF NET DIFFERENCE.	
	1	2		Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Wastage.	Centage of Wastage.			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Excess.	Centage of Excess.				At Prime cost.	At Monopoly price.
							Maximum.	Minimum.	Average.									
Negapatam Division—cont.																		
Adirampatnam ..	50	1884-85	50	MDS. 1,18,576	MDS. 17.08	5.00	10.90	..	..	MDS. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	36	1885-86	36	62,192	9.72	0.5	5.34	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	11	1886-87	8	7,327	2.41	0.16	1.11	..	403	..	1	..	24	..	..	..	..	
Excise ..	97	..	94	1,88,095	16,334	..	8.68	1	403	1	24	..	..	1,88,498	- 16,333	8.66	32,066	
Monopoly ..	1	1882-83	1	2,400	375	15.62	15.62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	31	1884-85	31	37,200	3,859	6.91	10.37	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	32	..	32	39,600	4,234	..	10.69	..	..	..	..	..	..	39,600	- 4,234	10.69	9,262	
Total ..	129	..	126	2,27,695	20,568	..	9.03	1	403	1	0.24	..	..	2,28,098	- 20,567	9.01	41,928	
	432	..	400	6,55,720	37,428	..	5.70	29	60,403	288	0.47	..	..	7,16,123	- 37,140	5.18	74,280	
	46	..	46	55,037	6,124	..	9.31	..	..	..	..	..	..	55,037	- 6,124	9.31	11,209	
Grand Total ..	(a) 478	..	446	7,10,757	42,552	..	5.98	29	60,403	288	0.47	..	..	7,71,160	- 42,264	5.48	85,489	
Timoreely Division.																		
Vattanam ..	3	1884-85	3	7,200	380	5.6	4.75	5.27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	31	1885-86	31	43,940	1,775	7.5	1.58	4.03	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	12	1886-87	12	13,355	229	6.55	0.03	1.71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Excise ..	46	..	46	64,495	2,384	..	..	3.69	..	..	..	..	..	64,495	- 2,384	3.69	4,768	
Morekolum—Excise ..	37	1886-87	37	49,304	1,008	5.58	0.3	2.04	..	..	..	..	..	49,304	- 1,008	2.04	2,016	
	2	1884-85	2	2,400	336	16.58	11.41	14.00	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	14	1885-86	14	33,600	1,077	4.95	0.5	3.20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Monopoly ..	16	..	16	36,000	1,413	..	..	3.92	..	..	..	..	..	36,000	- 1,413	3.92	3,091	
	53	..	53	85,304	2,421	..	..	2.83	..	..	..	..	..	85,304	- 2,421	2.83	5,107	
	Total ..																	

(c) In three heaps the outturn was equal to the Stored Contents.

Statement showing the Particulars of Ordinary Wastage of Salt, and of the Excess of Salt, found in Heaps sold in the Madras Presidency in the year 1886-87—cont.

Circles.	Total Number of Heaps sold.	Year in which stored.	HEAPS IN WHICH WASTAGE OCCURRED.						HEAPS IN WHICH EXCESS OCCURRED.				Total stored Contents.	Net Difference, + or -.	VALUE OF NET DIFFERENCE.		
			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Wastage.	Centage of Wastage.		Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Excess.	Centage of Excess.	At Prime cost.			At Monopoly price.		
						Maximum.	Minimum.									Average.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Tinnevely Division—cont.																	
Tuticorin	39	1882-83	39	50,400	6,137	20.0	5.83	12.17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	18	1883-84	18	24,000	2,091	16.6	5.20	8.71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	167	1884-85	167	2,67,400	19,190	13.16	2.83	7.17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	171	1885-86	169	2,33,008	8,594	11.0	0.16	3.68	1	2,400	8	..	..	..	..	..	..
	183	1886-87	175	2,30,483	4,522	5.6	0.16	1.96	6	8,400	38	..	..	..	..	..	..
Excise	578	..	568	8,05,296	40,534	..	..	5.03	7	10,300	46	..	8,16,096	..	40,488	..	80,976
Kāyalpatnam	39	1885-86	39	93,600	5,697	9.75	2.5	6.08	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	91	1886-87	88	2,11,200	4,685	5.16	0.16	2.19	2	4,800	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
Excise	130	..	127	3,04,800	10,332	..	..	3.38	2	4,800	12	..	3,09,600	..	10,320	..	20,640
Kuttangali—Excise	4	1886-87	4	9,600	186	2.0	1.75	1.93	..	..	..	..	9,600	..	186	..	372
Monopoly	1	1882-83	1	2,400	116	4.83	4.83	4.83	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1	1883-84	1	2,400	115	4.79	4.79	4.79	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	2	..	2	4,800	231	..	..	4.81	..	..	..	..	4,800	..	231	43	505
Total	6	..	6	14,400	417	..	..	2.89	..	..	..	..	14,400	..	417	43	877
Total Excise	795	..	782	12,33,495	54,414	..	..	4.41	9	15,600	58	..	12,49,095	..	54,385	..	1,08,772
Total Monopoly	18	..	18	40,800	1,614	..	..	4.02	..	..	..	..	40,800	..	1,614	308	3,696
Grand Total	(a) 813	..	800	12,74,295	56,028	..	..	4.40	9	15,600	58	..	12,89,895	..	56,030	308	1,12,368

(a) In four heaps the outturn was equal to the Stored Contents.

Statement showing the Particulars of Ordinary Wastage of Salt, and of the Excess of Salt, found in Heaps sold in the Madras Presidency in the year 1886-87—concluded.

Circles.	Total Number of Heaps sold.	Year in which stored.	HEAPS IN WHICH WASTAGE OCCURRED.				HEAPS IN WHICH EXCESS OCCURRED.				Total stored Contents.	Net Difference, + or -.	VALUE OF NET DIFFERENCE.				
			Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Wastage.	Average.	Number of Heaps.	Stored Contents.	Amount of Excess.	Centage of Excess.			At Prime cost.	At Monopoly price.			
															Maximum.	Minimum.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Calicut Division.																	
Kundapur	6	1881-82	5	5,190	729	16.13	11.0	14.04	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	3	1882-83	3	1,901	266	14.1	8.2	13.99	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	11	1883-84	11	10,529	974	11.7	6.39	9.25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	17	1884-85	17	19,049	2,159	16.6	7.16	11.33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Excise	36	..	36	36,669	4,128	..	..	..	..	4,200	85	2.02	36,669	4,128	11.25	..	8,266
Monopoly	7	1885-86	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	4,200	85	2.02	4,200	+	2.02	16	186
Total	43	..	36	36,669	4,128	..	..	..	7	4,200	85	2.02	40,869	-	9.89	16	8,076
Mangalore	1	1883-84	1	2,379	65	2.52	2.52	2.52	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	3	1884-85	3	3,695	11	0.62	0.62	0.29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	2	1886-87	2	3,787	62	1.66	0.25	1.37	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	6	..	6	10,061	128	..	..	1.27	..	..	..	..	..	10,061	-	1.27	24
Monopoly	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tellicherry	2	1885-86	2	11,990	36	0.3	0.28	0.30	..	3,411	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	4	1886-87	3	11,978	19	0.19	0.12	0.16	1	3,411	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	6	..	5	23,968	65	..	..	..	1	3,411	3	..	27,379	-	52	10	114
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Monopoly	2	1884-85	2	3,989	336	9.80	5.10	8.12	..	20,243	186	..	..	..	..	..	..
	17	1885-86	4	10,644	168	2.06	0.06	1.97	13	3,636	10	..	..	..	..	..	..
	8	1886-87	6	10,727	147	3.29	0.47	1.37	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	12	25,360	651	..	..	..	15	23,879	196	..	49,239	-	455	86	995
Monopoly	27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	36	..	36	36,669	4,128	..	..	..	..	31,490	284	..	36,669	-	4,128	11.25	8,266
	46	..	23	69,389	834	..	..	..	23	..	..	..	90,879	-	660	103	1,203
	82	..	59	96,058	4,962	..	..	..	23	31,490	284	..	1,27,648	-	4,678	103	9,459
Grand Total	2,701	..	2,645	47,81,087	2,17,724	..	..	..	47	1,02,875	503	0.48	48,33,962	-	2,17,221	4.49	4,34,442
	1,045	..	1,009	23,85,101	1,17,376	..	..	..	35	51,825	373	0.64	24,42,926	-	1,73,383	7.09	3,79,277
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	82	1,60,700	876	0.54	72,76,888	-	3,90,604	6.36	8,13,719
	(a) 3,746	..	3,654	71,16,188	3,91,480	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

(a) In ten heaps the outturn was equal to the Stored Contents.

ENCLOSURE TO APPENDIX E.
Memorandum explaining the cause of serious Wastages discovered in the Heaps out-turned in the year 1886-87.

Division.	Circle.	Year in which the Salt was stored.	Number of Heaps in which wastage occurred.	PERCENTAGE OF WASTAGE.			Explanation.
				Maxi- mum.	Mini- mum.	Average.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Chattrapur	Ganjam— Monopoly Naupada—	1883-84 ..	1	3-95	3-95	3-95	Cause of low wastage under inquiry.
Chitacolo	Monopoly Balachernu—	1884-85 ..	14	6-87	4-45	5-90	Minimum wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who has been dismissed.
	Monopoly	1885-86 ..	7	4-25	0-87	2-76	Minimum wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who has been punished.
	Monopoly	1884-85 ..	24	16-83	5-0	8-24	Maximum wastage due to the heap having been damaged by rain.
	Manginapudi—	1884-85 ..					
	Monopoly	1884-85 ..	6	5-5	1-75	3-29	Low wastage due to the quality of the Salt.
	Monopoly	1885-87 ..	4	12-16	2-75	7-64	Maximum wastage due to the heap having been damaged by heavy rain and the minimum due to the heap having been re-stored.
	Nizampatam—	1884-85 ..	6	10-83	4-83	9-30	Maximum wastage due to the heap having been under sale for a long time during rainy weather.
	Excise ..	1885-86 ..	35	11-0	4-0	6-30	Maximum wastage due to the heap having been damaged by rain.
	Kanuparti—	1886-87 ..	4	5-5	4-83	5-06	Do.
	Monopoly	1882-83 ..	13	15-3	7-83	12-35	Maximum wastage due to age and to the heap having been damaged by cyclone.
	Monopoly	1883-84 ..	9	11-50	9-16	10-92	Do.
	Monopoly	1884-85 ..	71	12-16	3-41	8-51	Maximum wastage due to the heap having been damaged by rain.
	Monopoly	1885-86 ..	77	11-08	1-58	6-55	Minimum wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who has been punished.
	Iskanalle—	1885-86 ..					
	Excise ..	1885-86 ..	100	8-25	1-70	4-57	Maximum and minimum wastages due to carelessness of the storing officers who have been punished.
	Monopoly ..	1885-84 ..	19	12-6	8-5	9-98	Maximum wastage due to age and to the heap having been under sale for a long time.
	Kistnapatam—	1884-85 ..	13	6-41	2-54	4-52	Minimum wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who has been punished.
	Excise ..	1885-86 ..	46	7-58	0-83	4-04	Minimum wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who was warned.
	Monopoly	1882-83 ..	21	10-16	6-58	8-07	Minimum wastage due to carelessness of the storer who has retired from service.
	Monopoly	1884-85 ..	5	7-0	5-08	5-85	Do.
	Monopoly	1885-86 ..	6	5-3	2-3	3-19	Minimum wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who was warned.
	Tada—	1884-85 ..	7	6-33	2-16	5-28	Minimum wastage due to a mistake in recording the out-turn of the heap.
	Excise ..	1885-86 ..	17	11-25	1-16	3-85	Maximum ..
	Monopoly	1886-87 ..	35	9-18	2-16	4-60	Minimum wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who has been punished.
	Monopoly	1883-84 ..	8	21-79	17-33	19-32	Maximum wastage due to the heap having been damaged by the cyclone of November 1886.
	Madras—	1886-87 ..					
	Excise ..	1886-87 ..	200	13-1	0-1	5-27	High wastages due partly to the age of the heaps and partly to the heaps having passed through two severe monsoons.
							Cause of maximum wastage under inquiry.

Memorandum explaining the cause of serious Wastages discovered in the Heaps out-turned in the year 1886-87—continued.

Division.	Circle.	Year in which the Salt was stored.	Number of Heaps in which wastage occurred.	PERCENTAGE OF WASTAGE.			Explanation.
				Maxi- mum.	Mini- mum.	Average.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Madras—continued.	1883-84 ..	25	20-80	9-5	14-68	Maximum wastage due to the age of the heaps and to their having been damaged by rain and cyclones.
	Monopoly	1884-85 ..	258	22-1	0-4	9-01	Cause of maximum wastage under inquiry.
	Nagapatam—	1885-86 ..	13	13-61	4-5	8-95	Minimum wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who is no longer in the Department.
	Excise ..	1885-86 ..	4	5-58	1-54	2-31	Maximum wastage ..
	Vedarniam—	1884-85 ..	62	27-5	3-75	11-80	High wastages throughout the Division are due to the heaps having been damaged by heavy rains and cyclones.
	Excise ..	1885-87 ..	2	1-08	0-3	0-70	
	Adirampatnam—	1884-85 ..	50	17-08	5-00	10-90	
	Excise ..	1882-83 ..	1	15-62	15-62	15-62	
	Monopoly	1884-85 ..	31	14-45	6-91	10-37	
	Morekolum—	1884-85 ..	..	..	..	..	
	Monopoly	1884-85 ..	2	10-58	11-41	14-00	High wastages due to the quality of the Salt and to damage caused by rain.
	Tuticorin—	1885-86 ..	14	4-95	0-5	3-20	Minimum wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who has been punished.
	Excise ..	1882-83 ..	39	20-0	5-83	12-17	Maximum wastage due partly to age and partly to carelessness of the storing officer who has been warned. Minimum wastage low and due to carelessness on the part of the storing officer who has been reprimanded.
	Excise ..	1885-86 ..	169	11-0	0-16	3-68	Maximum wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who is no longer in the Department.
	Kuttanguli—	1882-83 ..	1	4-83	4-83	4-83	Minimum wastage passed with a warning to the storer.
	Monopoly	1883-84 ..	1	4-79	4-79	4-79	Low wastages due to the nature of salt which was brought from Tuticorin where it had already remained in store for a long time.
	Kundapur—	1881-82 ..	5	16-13	11-0	14-04	Minimum wastage low. Under inquiry.
	Excise ..	1882-83 ..	3	14-1	8-2	13-99	Do.
	Excise ..	1884-85 ..	17	16-6	7-16	11-33	Maximum wastage due to the heap having been once reweighed while at Harnad and afterwards removed and re-stored at Vacherobli and to its having passed through three rainy seasons.
	Mangalore—	1883-84 ..	1	2-52	2-52	2-52	Low wastage due to carelessness of the storing officer who has been warned.
	Monopoly	1884-85 ..	3	0-62	0-03	-29	Low wastage due to the quality of the salt.
	Calicut—	1884-85 ..	2	9-80	5-10	8-42	Maximum wastage due to the quality of the salt and to damage by fire at Ponani.

APPENDIX F.
STATEMENT of Expenditure in the Salt Department, Madras Presidency, during the year 1886-87.

Divisions.	Com- missioner.	Deputy Commissioners.	Assistant Commissioners.	House Rent to Assistant Commissioners.	Inspectors.	Assistant Inspectors.	Sub- Inspectors.	Clerks.	Servants and Guards.	Boat Establish- ment.	Temporary Establishment.	Travelling and Tents Allowances.
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Balasore ..	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Chattapour ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chitacole ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Masulipatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Negapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Calicut ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arcoot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Central Office ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deputy Commissioner, Northern Division ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deputy Commissioner, Central Division ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deputy Commissioner, Southern Division ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	35,553 10 3	80,727 14 11	6,041 14 8	1,39,920 9 1	1,42,931 8 4	1,11,565 10 1	87,160 1 7	3,98,333 0 8	73 0 7	44,374 7 7	69,048 0 5	2,433 4 9
												2,065 11 10
												2,605 9 7

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[EXPENDITURE.]

Divisions.	Service Postage.	Service Telegrams.	Rewards	Destroying Spontaneous Salt.	Petty Con- struction and Repairs.	Rents, Rates and Taxes.	Miscellaneous.	Gathering for Manufacture Spontaneous Salt.	Petty Works for Manufacture and Storage.	Conveying and Storing Salt.	Purchases of Salt Manufacturers' share.	Cost and Re- pair of Salt Weighing Machines.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
Balasore ..	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Chattapour ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chitacole ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Masulipatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Negapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Calicut ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arcoot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Central Office ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deputy Commissioner, Northern Division ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deputy Commissioner, Central Division ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deputy Commissioner, Southern Division ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	12,020 12 3	43,042 4 9	35 2 5	64,891 10 9	3,136 10 9	9,23,155 7 6	485 8 15	15,080 12 5	19,012 11 0	82,336 15 11	2,435 0 10	17,246 8 8	16,23,806 7 10	3,20,330
														2,35,688
														84,662
														3,20,330
														13,03,476

(a) Medical Establishment. (b) Rs. 6,000 pay, of Personal Assistant and the rest being the salary of the officer on special duty.

Deduct amount chargeable to Excise ..

Orissa ..

Net Salt ..

APPENDIX G.

STATEMENT of Expenditure upon works in the Salt Department, in the Madras Presidency in 1886-87.

Classification.	Chattapour.	Chitacole.	Masulipatam.	Nellore.	Chingleput.	Negapatam.	Tinnevely.	Calicut.	Deputy Com- missioner, Central Division.	Central Office.	Total.
I.—WORKS FOR REVENUE AND GENERAL PURPOSES.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Roads including Compensation.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Works ..	741 12 6	906 2 8	..	..	..	337 5 10	200 0 0	..	..	..	2,245 5 0
Repairs ..	..	165 4 6	..	..	..	80 0 0	..	..	..	..	1,667 10 7
Total, Roads including Compensation ..	741 12 6	1,091 7 2	..	..	..	477 5 10	200 0 0	..	..	..	3,862 15 7
Other Works.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Compensation ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Protective works, such as hedges, &c. ..	81 11 1	60 0 9	..	..	..	251 9 1	1,325 0 0	..	..	..	1,876 9 1
Offices and lines ..	474 3 0	1,508 6 2	1,417 1 8	1,511 4 10	1,508 9 2	768 9 0	180 3 6	15 0 0	..	..	2,820 9 9
Boats ..	..	..	259 4 6	301 10 0	973 3 1	7,474 11 1	7,940 11 10	..	..	..	20,036 6 7
Other works for public convenience ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,614 1 7
Sundry Works ..	84 2 4	61 0 0	161 7 7	54 13 11	75 7 7	375 15 10	123 0 0	246 12 0	..	..	851 12 11
Total, New Works ..	640 0 5	1,684 6 2	1,856 13 9	2,373 12 9	2,768 8 10	8,879 13 0	9,278 15 4	281 12 0	..	..	27,742 2 3
Protective works such as hedges, &c. ..	62 0 0	227 8 1	370 10 0	446 8 3	4,730 3 3	418 10 4	20 0 0	30 4 4	..	..	6,305 12 3
Offices and lines ..	80 0 0	1,364 0 8	571 0 8	644 15 11	6,160 4 1	1,329 11 1	1,018 14 3	28 0 1	..	..	11,196 14 9
Boats ..	27 10 8	64 2 5	..	679 10 2	2,483 6 7	178 0 0	54 3 9	109 2 7	..	..	3,616 4 2
Other works for public convenience ..	15 0 0	30 0 0	..	19 15 0	294 10 10	187 6 2	15 14 1	450 14 7	..	..	375 7 11
Sundry works ..	35 0 0	108 0 0	193 9 0	43 5 0	674 14 5	..	64 0 0	450 14 7	..	..	2,079 3 7
Total, Repairs ..	219 10 8	1,793 11 2	1,135 3 8	1,834 6 4	14,293 7 2	2,113 11 7	1,173 0 1	618 5 7	..	..	23,503 10 8
Total, Other works ..	850 11 1	3,478 1 4	2,992 1 5	4,208 3 1	17,060 0 0	10,993 8 7	10,451 15 5	880 1 7	..	..	51,245 12 11
Total Works for Revenue and General purposes ..	1,601 7 7	4,569 8 6	2,992 1 5	4,328 3 1	18,282 6 1	11,470 14 5	10,651 15 5	880 1 7	..	..	55,098 12 6

Statement of Expenditure upon works in the Salt Department, &c.—continued.

Classification.	Chattrapur.	Chicacole.	Masulipatam.	Nellore.	Chingleput.	Nagapatam.	Tinnevely.	Calicut.	Deputy Commissioner, Central Division.	Central Office.	Total.
II.—WORKS FOR THE MANUFACTURE AND STORAGE OF SALT.											
Compensation for land ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Irrigation Channels, (brine supply) including opening bars ..	..	678 1 6	..	..	..	137 4 0	..	..	..	..	815 5 6
Platforms and drying grounds ..	..	13 2 0	..	..	..	145 0 0	..	..	..	..	158 11 0
Protective Works ..	..	200 0 0	..	..	..	604 0 0	..	..	..	..	804 0 0
Store sheds and Gollahs ..	..	19 10 0	..	47 2 8	152 1 6	15 0 0	30 0 0	708 0 0	..	..	971 14 2
Sundry works ..	..	..	..	..	100 4 7	..	..	..	..	..	160 4 7
Total, New Works ..	..	710 13 6	200 0 0	47 2 8	312 6 1	901 13 0	30 0 0	708 0 0	..	..	2,910 3 3
Irrigation channels (brine supply) including opening bars ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Platforms and drying grounds ..	508 15 11	27 0 0	..	..	3,699 4 8	..	93 14 9	..	..	..	4,329 3 4
Protective works ..	240 0 0	317 5 4	..	..	1,399 14 0	6 6 0	..	..	..	..	1,399 14 0
Store sheds and Gollahs ..	17 0 0	63 14 1	126 7 4	24 0 0	4,722 6 8	65 0 0	..	688 12 0	..	..	5,286 2 0
Sundry works ..	..	..	..	..	162 5 0	..	..	..	..	..	1,037 6 5
Total, Repairs ..	765 15 11	408 3 5	126 7 4	24 0 0	10,101 13 9	61 6 0	93 14 9	688 12 0	..	..	12,170 9 2
Total, WORKS FOR MANUFACTURE AND STORAGE OF SALT ..	765 15 11	1,119 0 11	326 7 4	71 2 8	10,414 3 10	963 3 0	123 14 9	1,296 12 0	..	..	15,080 12 5
Grand Total ..	2,367 7 0	5,688 9 5	3,318 8 9	4,399 5 9	28,696 9 11	12,434 1 5	10,775 14 2	2,176 13 7	16 0 0	306 2 5	76,179 8 11

APPENDIX H.
Comparative tabulation of the results of analyses of samples of Salt manufactured at the several factories in the Madras Presidency.

Factories.	SODIUM CHLORIDE.										MAGNESIUM SALTS.											
	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Ganjam ..	95.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.0	91.6	95.4	95.6	2.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.1	2.2	1.8	2.3
Bachervu ..	96.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.4	94.4	..	90.8	2.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.6	1.5	..	0.9
Pandara ..	91.2	..	..	..	..	..	93.1	94.0	92.1	94.1	94.2	1.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.7	1.4	..	2.3
China Ganjam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	94.0	92.6	91.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.7	2.1	..	2.7
Dugaripatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	94.5	..	94.0	92.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.0	..	..
Kuttunavadi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.8	92.1	90.5	94.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.7	..	..
Sarla ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.6	94.8	..	91.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.1	..	..
Naupada ..	92.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.6	..	..	92.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.9	..	..
Calingapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.9	92.3	..	91.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.9	..	..
Kuppili ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	91.6	92.7	..	92.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.8	..	..
Konada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	92.8	93.8	..	93.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.6	..	..
Karasa ..	95.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	93.5	93.6	93.5	92.5	3.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.5	..	..
Pennacuduru ..	92.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	94.4	92.8	94.3	92.2	2.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.6	..	..
Mogalur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.4	..	93.1	92.2	92.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.0	..	..
Manginapudi ..	93.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	92.6	94.3	92.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.5	..	..
Nizampatam ..	94.7	..	..	..	..	92.1	..	95.1	92.6	94.1	95.4	2.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.3	..	..
Takala ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	92.9	92.6	95.0	95.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.3	..	..
Iskapalle ..	97.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	92.6	95.7	95.4	95.4	2.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.6	..	..
Kistnapatam ..	94.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	92.6	93.4	92.2	92.4	3.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.0	..	..
Tada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	91.1	..	93.1	92.2	92.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.1	..	..
Kattur ..	94.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	92.8	93.7	91.4	93.7	3.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.4	..	..
Vayalur ..	93.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	92.8	94.1	94.1	94.1	2.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4.0	..	..
Pulidivak ..	93.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	92.7	91.0	95.8	95.8	2.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.6	..	..
Attipat ..	92.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.4	91.5	93.9	93.9	3.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.0	..	..
Vallur ..	91.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	92.4	92.3	92.0	92.0	3.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.9	..	..
Vadasamanjeri ..	..	..	93.2	..	..	..	..	..	93.2	93.2	93.8	..	..	1.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Covelong ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	93.8	93.8	93.8	2.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cheyur ..	93.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.6	90.6	90.6	3.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Merkanam ..	91.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	91.1	..	91.1	3.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chinnampet ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	91.0	91.0	87.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddalore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.9	..	91.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kudikadu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kamblesadu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Manavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Manumbadi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	93.1	95.5	94.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Neduvassal ..	95.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	86.6	85.1	97.9	94.3	4.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	4.8	1.3	..	..
Tranquebar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	89.2	91.9	..	87.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.3	..	..
Nagapatam ..	87.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	90.8	..	91.9	92.4	3.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.8	..	..

* Sub-factories. † Results of analyses of samples received from the Madras D.pot. Note.—Figures in headed type relate to the analyses of excise salt.

Comparative tabulation of the results of analyses of samples of Salt manufactured at the several factories in the Madras Presidency—continued.

Factories.	CALCIUM SALTS.												DIET.											
	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.		
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45		
Ganjam ..	1.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.8	2.4	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.9	..	..	..	..	..	2.2	3.1	1.1	0.6		
Balacheryu ..	0.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.3	1.7	..	..	0.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.1	1.9	..	..		
Pandhaka ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.6	..	5.4	..	4.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.1	10.6	..	..			
Chinna Ganjam ..	1.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.0	2.3	2.0	2.9	2.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.6	1.5	1.3	..		
Dugazapatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.4	2.7	3.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.6	1.6	1.3	..		
Kattunavadi ..	..	..	..	..	..	1.3	..	..	2.6	2.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.3	..	1.8	2.0	2.6	1.7		
Suria ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4.1	1.5	..	0.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.8	2.2	..	..		
Nanpada ..	1.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	4.3	0.9	2.5	1.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.8	2.2	..	..		
Calingspatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.5	2.2	..	..		
Kuppili ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.3	1.5	..	..		
Konada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.8	2.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.1	2.6	..	..		
Bimlipatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.9	1.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.4	3.1	..	..		
Karasa ..	1.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.2	2.3	2.0	0.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.9	2.5	..	..		
Penguduru ..	1.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.2	2.3	2.2	1.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.0	0.9	0.8	1.1		
Mogalur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.5	2.2	2.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.0	1.6	1.4	..		
Manginapudi ..	1.0	..	..	..	..	1.6	3.1	..	3.7	1.4	2.5	2.6	..	..	..	..	..	1.8	4.5	1.9	0.9			
Nizampatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.2	1.2	2.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.9	2.1	1.0	1.2		
Kanuparti ..	1.1	..	..	..	..	1.6	..	1.1	1.6	1.6	1.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.6	1.6	0.8	0.8		
Pakala ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.6	1.8	1.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.2	2.1	1.0	0.5		
Iskappalle ..	0.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.0	1.5	1.0	0.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.6	1.2	1.9	0.5		
Kistapattam ..	1.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.4	1.8	2.7	0.9	..	..	..	..	..	1.0	2.4	0.8	1.5			
Tada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.3	..	1.8	1.8	2.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.9	1.4	1.9	1.3		
Kattur ..	0.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.4	..	..	2.7	1.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.0	..	1.9	1.3		
Vayalur ..	1.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.3	..	2.2	2.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.3	..	1.0	1.9		
Pulidivak ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.7	..	2.6	2.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.6	1.0		
Attipat ..	1.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.8	..	2.7	2.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.2	1.8	0.6	1.0		
Vallur ..	1.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.3	..	3.5	1.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.7	..	0.8	1.1		
Vadasamanjeri ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.8	1.1		
Covelong ..	1.5	..	1.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.4	2.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.3	1.0		
Cheytr ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.4		
Morkanam ..	3.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.0		
Chunampot ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.5	3.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.4		
Cuddalore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.3	..	..	3.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.5	..		
Kudikadai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Kambliroodu ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Manavari ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.0		
Manabadi ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.7	2.4	1.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.6	1.1		
Neidavasali ..	2.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.9	3.6	..	7.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6.3	8.5	..	1.1		
Tanquebar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.5	2.5	2.5	6.3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.0	..	4.2		
Negapatnam ..	2.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.7	..	2.5	3.0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.4	..	2.1	2.9		

† Results of analyses of samples received from the Madras Depot.
 Note.—Figures in leaded type relate to the analyses of excise salt.

* Sub-factories.

Comparative tabulation of the results of analyses of samples of Salt manufactured at the several factories in the Madras Presidency—continued.

Factories.	SODIUM CHLORIDE.												MAGNESIUM SALTS.											
	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		
1																								
Vedarnem	92.2	..	94.2	..	..	..	..	..	94.1	..	94.7	3.2	..	1.1	..	..	..	1.0	..	0.6	..	1.6		
{ Adirupattanam	94.7	..	..	..	..	..	96.2	..	..	..	94.7	3.0	..	..	..	..	..	1.4	..	..	..	0.5		
{ Magillankottai *	..	..	..	..	..	..	94.7	..	91.9	..	94.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.6	..	0.8		
Thambikkanallavankottai.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	94.5	93.8	..	91.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.8	..	1.3	..	4.3		
{ Vattanam	..	..	..	..	..	..	95.4	..	..	94.9	91.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.9	..	..	..	5.5		
{ Theethandathanam *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.6		
{ Manakkudi	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	95.7	95.5	1.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.8	..	..	1.6		
Morekottam	95.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	94.1	94.7	95.7	95.5	1.5	0.9	..	..	..	..	..	2.2	..	1.8	2.8		
Muturugundthapattanam	95.7	96.6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	93.9	3.5	..	..	..	0.8	..	..	..	..	..	6.0		
Arasudi	94.2	..	..	..	96.8	..	..	..	93.6	..	91.2	..	..	..	..	1.6	..	..	..	..	..	7.2		
{ Levingepuram	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	93.7	..	89.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.4		
{ Tuticorin *	94.7	..	..	..	94.0	..	..	..	93.5	..	89.8	3.6	..	..	0.6	1.1	..	..	..	..	..	6.6		
{ Sevandiakolam *	95.5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	93.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Kayalpatnam	91.6	..	..	94.9	..	..	..	..	90.6	88.0	84.8	6.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10.0		
Kuttanguli	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	91.9	93.2	91.6	90.7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6.0		

* Sub-factories.
 Note.—Figures in leaded type relate to the analyses of excise salt.

[illegible]

* Sub-factories.

[illegible]

APPENDIX J.

STATEMENT showing the duration of Cases pending at the close of 1886-87, and the average duration of Cases disposed of during the year by the Salt Department, Madras Presidency.

Divisions.	Circles.	PENDING CASES.					AVERAGE DURATION OF CASES DISPOSED OF.			
		Under two weeks.	Under one month.	Under three months.	Over three months.	Total.	Inclusive of exceptional Cases.		Exclusive of exceptional Cases.	
		Number of Cases.	Average.	Number of Cases.	Average.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Chatrapur ..	Ganjam ..	PER- SONS.	PERSONS.	PERSONS.	PERSONS.	PERSONS.		DAYS.		DAYS.
	Surla ..	..	..	..	..	6	21	4	21	4
	Aska ..	..	..	..	..	6	142	12	142	12
	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	5	2	5
	Total ..	..	..	..	6	6	165	11	165	11
Chicacole ..	Naupada ..	..	..	..	..	..	216	2	216	2
	Calingapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	499	6	499	6
	Konada ..	3	..	2	5	10	(a) 690	17	679	14
	Balacheruvu ..	19	..	1	1	21	136	3	136	3
	Vizianagrum ..	10	6	2	..	18	67	14	67	14
Masulipatam ..	Yellamanehili ..	23	2	9	18	57	(b) 1,678	9	1,678	9
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	60	8	14	24	106	3,286	10	3,275	9
Nellore ..	Ponuguduru ..	..	..	..	..	..	94	26	89	21
	Mogaltur ..	5	..	1	..	6	143	9	137	7
	Manginapudi ..	..	..	..	..	..	75	5	75	5
	Nizampatam ..	2	3	..	1	6	76	8	57	5
	Guntur ..	..	..	..	..	..	42	12	41	6
Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	7	3	1	1	12	430	12	399	9
Negapatam ..	Kanuparti ..	..	..	..	..	..	25	2	25	2
	Iskapalle ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1
	Kistnapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	19	9	17	7
	Cumbum ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	66	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	46	6	43	4
Tinnevely ..	Tada ..	..	..	..	..	..	137	2	137	2
	Ennore ..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	3	1
	Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Covelong ..	..	..	..	..	..	96	4	96	4
	Merkanam ..	33	3	1	2	39	705	8	705	8
Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	33	3	1	2	39	941	6	941	6
Tinnevely ..	Cuddalore ..	1	2	7	9	19	896	16	890	15
	Tranquebar ..	1	2	1	6	10	565	11	557	7
	Negapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	2	7	2	7
	Vedarnam ..	2	..	..	..	..	150	2	149	2
	Adirampatnam ..	..	3	1	1	5	737	12	727	8
Tinnevely ..	Tanjore ..	1	4	17	9	31	1,561	11	1,545	10
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	5	11	26	25	67	(c) 3,901	12	3,870	10
Tinnevely ..	Vattanam ..	..	..	..	7	7	862	14	857	12
	Morekolum ..	8	7	..	1	16	255	9	255	9
	Tuticorin ..	..	..	..	..	..	6	3	6	3
	Kayalpatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	3	18	3	18
	Kuttanguli ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1
Tinnevely ..	Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	9	8	9	8
	Madura ..	1	10	..	4	15	850	19	880	19
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	9	17	..	12	38	(d) 2,016	15	2,011	14

(a) Exclusive of 14 cases (with 14 persons) which were written off as the accused absconded, died, &c.

(b) Do. of 6 (with 6 do.) do. do.

(c) Exclusive of 3 cases (with 3 persons) which were written off as the accused absconded, died, &c., 2 in Cuddalore and 1 in Adirampatnam.

(d) Exclusive of 32 cases (with 32 persons) do. do. do. 10 in Madura and 22 in Vattanam.

Statement showing the duration of Cases pending at the close of 1886-87, and the average duration of Cases disposed of during the year by the Salt Department, Madras Presidency—continued.

Divisions.	Circles.	PENDING CASES.					AVERAGE DURATION OF CASES DISPOSED OF.			
		Under two weeks.	Under one month.	Under three months.	Over three months.	Total.	Inclusive of exceptional Cases.		Exclusive of exceptional Cases.	
		Number of Cases.	Average.	Number of Cases.	Average.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Arcot ..	Bellary ..	PER- SONS.	PERSONS.	PERSONS.	PERSONS.	PERSONS.		DAYS.		DAYS.
	Anantapur ..	..	..	6	10	16	18	19	13	4
	Cuddapah ..	..	..	3	..	3	8	28	7	19
	Madanapalle ..	..	..	..	..	..	12	31	12	31
	Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	21	1	21
Calicut ..	Vellore ..	2	..	..	..	2	5	5	5	5
	Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	147	3	147	3
	Tirukoilur ..	9	1	5	2	17	(e) 360	40	328	18
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	11	1	14	12	38	561	29	513	14
Calicut ..	Coimbatore ..	..	1	2	..	3	(f) 23	33	20	29
	Calicut ..	2	3	2	6	13	52	34	49	26
	Tellicherry ..	6	11	3	7	27	155	45	155	45
	Mangalore ..	6	8	8	14	36	(g) 137	59	132	53
	Kundapur ..	6	3	3	7	19	(h) 138	59	23	39
Calicut ..	Trichinopoly ..	10	..	5	21	36	(i) 2,648	22	2,663	18
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	30	26	23	55	134	3,153	27	2,942	21
Grand Total ..		155	69	79	137	440	14,489	16	14,169	12

(e) Exclusive of 2 cases (with 2 persons) which were written off as the accused absconded, died, &c.

(f) Do. of 3 do. (with 4 do.) do. do.

(g) Exclusive of 8 cases with 14 persons which were written off as the accused absconded, died, &c.

(h) Excluding 4 cases with 4 persons which were written off as the accused died, &c.

(i) Excluding 1 case with 1 person which was written off as the accused died.

APPENDIX K.

STATEMENT showing the classification of Offences against the Salt Laws and disposal of Offenders during the year 1886-87.

Divisions and Circles.	I. POSSESSION OF ILLEGITIMATELY MANUFACTURED SALT.		II. POSSESSION OF SPONTANEOUS OR SWAMP SALT.		III. POSSESSION OF EARTH SALT.		IV. POSSESSION OF SALT EARTH.		V. CURING FISH WITH ILLEGIT SALT.		VI. POSSESSION OF BRINE.	
	Released by Department.	Sent for Trial.	Released by Department.	Sent for Trial.	Released by Department.	Sent for Trial.	Released by Department.	Sent for Trial.	Released by Department.	Sent for Trial.	Released by Department.	Sent for Trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Chattrapur Division	1	7	1	2	6	13	20	84	10	1	7	4
Chicacole do.	13	..	34	30	18	78	737	1,342	45	87	510	470
Masulipatam do.	..	..	17	8	23	25	72	81	31	48	53	13
Nellore do.	..	..	5	24	..	..	137	11	..	6	..	1
Chingleput do.	..	..	10	7	21	80	506	594	11	24	15	4
Nagapatam do.	..	..	17	65	405	1,319	147	1,366	107	47	141	48
Timaveilly do.	..	..	..	..	2	765	..	332	10	28	94	75
Belary Circle	..	..	..	..	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur do.	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	1	..	..	1	..
Cuddapah do.	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	4	..	..	..	..
Madanapalle do.	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
Kurnool do.	..	..	..	..	24	33	5	58	..	..	10	12
Vellore do.	..	..	..	..	54	134	23	130	..	..	11	12
Tirukolār do.	..	..	..	..	2	2	8	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore Circle	..	..	..	..	..	1	47	6	..	..	..	..
Calicut do.	..	..	..	..	4	4	40	119	..	..	34	97
Tellicherry do.	..	..	..	..	..	5	31	71	1	..	9	23
Mangalore do.	..	..	1	3	..	2	88	430	5	..	14	7
Kundapur do.	..	..	..	..	673	1,139	..	..	..	..	91	49
Trichinopoly do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	14	7	85	139	1,715	3,665	1,887	4,702	223	243	991	748

Statement showing the classification of Offences against the Salt Laws and disposal of Offenders during the year 1886-87—continued.

Divisions and Circles.	VII. POSSESSION OF CONTRABAND SALT.				VIII. OFFENCES AGAINST THE SALT-PETRE RULES.				IX. OTHER OFFENCES AGAINST THE SALT LAWS.		TOTAL.			
	Illicitly removed from a Factory.		Illicitly imported by Land.		Illicitly imported by Sea.		Other Offences.		Released by De- partment.	Sent for Trial.				
	Released by De- partment.	Sent for Trial.	Released by De- partment.	Sent for Trial.	Released by De- partment.	Sent for Trial.	Released by De- partment.	Sent for Trial.						
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
Chattrapur Division	1	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	109
Chicacole do.	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,881
Masulipatam do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	209
Nellore do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26
Chingleput do.	..	..	4	28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	755
Nagapattinam do.	..	..	4	60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,847
Tinnevely do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,277
Belary Circle	..	1	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Anantapur do.	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6
Cuddapah do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7
Madanapalle do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Kurnool do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Vellore do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Tiruchendur do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Coimbatore do.	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Calicut do.	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Tellicherry do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Mangalore do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Kundapur do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Trichinopoly do.	..	..	20	106	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,776
Calicut Division.	1	10	28	224	..	..	2	8	7	15	20	17	4,973	9,778
Total ..	1	10	28	224	..	..	2	8	7	15	20	17	4,973	9,778

(a) Exclusive of 20 Persons.
 Do. of 3 do.
 Do. of 32 do.
 Do. of 2 do.
 Do. of 4 do.
 Do. of 14 do.
 Do. of 4 do.
 Do. of 1 do.

written off as the offenders absconded, died &c.

98
 4679
 5053

APPENDIX L.

STATEMENT showing the Landed Property acquired by the Officers of the Madras Salt Department above the Grade of Peon in 1886-87.

Division.	Name.	Rank.	RYOTWARI LAND.		ZEMINDARI LAND.		INAM LAND.		TOTAL.		Remarks.
			Area.	Assessment payable to Government.	Area.	Assessment payable to Zemindari.	Area.	Quit-rent payable to Government or Zemindari.	A. C.	Rs. A. P.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chingleput	T. Rajagopala Chetty	Clerk	21 49	70 3 0	..	..	..	..	21 49	70 3 0	By inheritance.
Do.	V. Ramasami Aiyar	Shroff	0 25	1 10 0	..	..	..	..	0 25	1 10 0	By purchase.
Negapatam	Govinda Row	Clerk	1 99	12 0 0	..	..	..	..	1 99	12 0 0	Do.
Do.	Ramachandra Iyer	Shroff	0 49	2 6 9	..	..	..	..	0 49	2 6 9	Do.
Arcoot	P. V. Seshagiri Row	Sub-Inspector	0 64	4 6 0	..	..	..	..	0 64	4 6 0	Do.

APPENDIX M.

STATEMENT showing the sanctioned strength of the Establishments of the Salt and Abkari Department, Madras Presidency (including Orissa) on the 31st March 1887.

ESTABLISHMENTS of the Commissioner, Deputy and Assistant Commissioners.

Divisions and Offices.	CLERKS AND ACCOUNTANTS ON RUPEES																MENIALS ON RUPEES					Cost per annum.
	150 to 200.	100 to 150.	100.	85	80	75	70	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	8	7	6	5		
	2.	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
1																						23
Balasore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	..	Rs. 2,268
Chitrapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	2	1	3	2	1	1	..	2,268
Chitacole ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	2	1	3	2	1	1	(d) 8	2,928
Masulipatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	3	2	1	..	2,448	
Nellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	3	2	1	..	2,268	
Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	1	3	2	1	..	2,508	
Negapatam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	1	3	2	1	..	2,508	
Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	1	3	2	1	..	3,588	
Arcoot (b) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	6	1	3	2	1	..	8,808	
Calicut (c) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	4	..	17	..	2	3	2	26	..	24,642	
Central Office ..	(d) 1	(e) 2	..	..	..	2	1	3	1	..	5	2	7	1	1	2	6	7	1	1	1	3,252
Deputy Commissioner, Northern Division ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	3	3	1	1	1	3,252
Deputy Commissioner, Southern Division ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	3	3	1	1	1	3,252
Deputy Commissioner, Central Division ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	2	3	1	1	1	3,252
Total ..	1	2	6	1	1	2	11	6	1	4	5	16	10	34	16	2	22	46	36	39	12	68,498

(a) Abkari establishment in the Vizagapatam District.

(b) Includes 1 clerk on Rs. 30, 1 on Rs. 20 and 5 on Rs. 15 entertained in the Bellary District for Abkari work.

(c) Includes 3 clerks on Rs. 30, 15 on Rs. 20 and 25 Peons on Rs. 6 entertained in the Trichinopoly, South Canara and Malabar Districts for Abkari work.

(d) Cost taken at the average rate of Rs. 187½.

(e) Do. do. Rs. 137½.

ESTABLISHMENTS of the Circles.

Divisions.		Circles.	Inspectors.	Assistant Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Cost per annum.	Factory Establishments.														
							Clerks on Rupees						Shroffs on Rupees				Jamadars on Rupees		Duffadars on Rupees		
							50	40	35	30	25	20	15	25	20	15	10	15	12	10	9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
Balasure ..	Balasure ..	1	1	..	rs. 5,472	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Basudepur ..	1	2	..	7,272	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Chandally ..	1	1	..	5,472	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	
	Machgon ..	1	2	..	7,272	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Total ..	4	6	..	25,498	..	..	..	4	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	
Chatrapur ..	Manikpatna ..	1	2	6	10,368	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	
	Ganjam ..	1	1	5	8,052	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	5	
	Aska ..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Suria ..	1	1	..	6,504	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	
	Total ..	3	4	13	24,924	..	..	..	1	..	2	3	..	..	2	..	1	2	7	8	
Chitacole ..	Naupada ..	1	1	4	7,536	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	1	1	1	1	4	4	
	Calingapatam ..	1	1	3	7,020	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	..	1	2	3	
	Konada ..	1	3	3	10,620	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	1	3	6	6	6	
	Baharavru ..	1	2	5	9,852	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	6	6	
	Vizianagrum ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Ellamanchilli ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Total ..	4	7	15	35,028	..	..	..	..	..	4	7	..	..	3	3	3	6	17	19	
Masulipatam ..	Penuguduru ..	1	1	4	7,536	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	..	..	1	1	1	1	4	5	
	Mogalur ..	1	1	2	6,504	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	1	1	1	4	1	
	Manginapudi ..	1	2	4	9,336	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	1	2	4	4	1	
	Nizampatam ..	1	1	2	6,504	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	2	1	
	Guntur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Total ..	4	5	12	29,880	..	..	..	..	2	4	5	..	..	2	..	3	4	12	11	
Nellore ..	Kanuparti ..	1	2	5	9,852	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	1	1	2	4	4	
	Iskapatle ..	1	2	4	9,336	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	1	1	2	3	4	
	Kistnapatam ..	1	2	3	8,820	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	2	2	3	
	Cumbum ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
	Total ..	3	6	12	28,008	..	..	..	..	..	3	6	..	..	..	3	3	6	9	11	

Establishments of the Circles—continued.

[illegible]

(a) Eighteen of these are for three months in the year.

(a) Eighteen of these are for three months
(b) Temporary for six months annually.

Establishments of the Circles—continued.

[illegible]

(a) Abkari establishment transferred from the office of the Deputy Collector for the Town of Madras.
(b) Engine driver for steam launch.

Establishments of the Circles—continued.

FACTORY ESTABLISHMENTS—cont.													PREVENTIVE ESTABLISHMENTS.														Grand Total.		
Divisions.	Circles.	Peons on Rupees						Cost per annum.	Inspectors.	Assistant Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Clerks, Shroffs, &c., on Rupees										Peons.			Cost per annum.				
		Permanent.		Temporary for six months.								Rupees	Duffadars on Rupees	Duffadars on Rupees	Peons.								Cost per annum.						
		8	7	6	5	8	7								6	50	35	30	25	20	15	14		12		15		12	10	9	8	7	6
		22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
Chingleput	Tada ..	2	4	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ennore ..	9	22	65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madras ..	4	12	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madras Town (a) ..	6	16	32	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Covelong ..	(b) 1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Merkam ..	3	9	62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Negapatam	Total ..	25	64	190	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Cuddalore ..	3	8	43	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tranquebar ..	2	4	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Negapatam ..	2	5	21	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vedarthem ..	2	6	28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Adirampatnam ..	4	11	46	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	13	34	159	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vattanam ..	3	6	23	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Morelani ..	3	10	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tuticorin ..	6	12	27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalyanam ..	2	5	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arcot ..	Kutungal ..	1	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madurai ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	14	37	77	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kurnool ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Bellary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	Anantapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Cuddapah ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

(a) Abkari establishment transferred from the office of the Deputy Collector for the Town of Madras.

(b) Fireman for steam launch.
(c) Boatmen for seven months annually

(c) Payment for seven months annually.

(e) Includes one Superintendent on Rs. 200 monthly and one Assistant Superintendent on Rs. 100 monthly. Temporary for six months annually.

Establishments of the Circles—continued.

FACTORY ESTABLISHMENTS.																						
Divisions.	Circles.	Inspectors.	Assistant Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Cost per annum.	Clerks on Rupees						Shroffs on Rupees						Jemadars on Rupees		Dumadars on Rupees		
						50	40	35	30	25	20	15	25	20	15	10	15	12	10	15	12	10
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
Arcot—cont.	Madanapalle	..	..	..	RS.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Salem	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Vellore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Tirukolur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Calicut ..	Kundapur	..	1	..	1,800	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..		
	Mangalore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Tellicherry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Calicut	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Palghat	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Coimbatore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	North Trichinopoly	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	South do.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Total	..	1	..	1,800	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	
Grand Total ..	Grand Total	32	55	125	2,31,004	1	2	2	7	11	28	41	1	17	18	29	57	104	121	121		
	Saltpetre Amins	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	For Distilleries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	Central Office	..	..	3	1,548	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Presidency Total ..	Presidency Total	32	55	128	2,32,552	1	2	2	7	11	28	41	1	17	18	29	57	104	121	121		

Establishments of the Circles—concluded.

Divisions.		FACTORY ESTABLISHMENTS—cont.															PREVENTIVE ESTABLISHMENTS—cont.																						
		Peons on Rupees															Clerks, Shroffs &c., on Rupees															Peons.						Cost per annum.	Grand Total.
		Permanent.					Temporary for six months.					Inspectors.	Assistant Inspectors.	50					50					Rupees on Duffadars on			Rs.												
		8	7	6	5	4	8	7	6	5	4			3	2	1	50	35	30	25	20	15	14	12	15	12		10	9	8	7	6	45	46	47	48			
		22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	Rs.									
Arcot—cont.	Madanapalle ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	4	4	13	44	27	11,904	20,304									
	Salem ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	2	3	9	28	20	12,300	20,880									
	Vellore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	3	4	12	40	28	15,432	15,192									
	Tirukollur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	3	14	32	26	12,696	21,936										
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	43	..	..	8	2	..	..	..	..	..	17	19	28	28	112	349	206	1,18,452	1,18,452									
Calicut ..	Kundapur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	4	5	16	54	12	18,656	20,304										
	Mangalore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	4	5	6	18	64	16	29,680	20,880									
	Tellicherry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	4	6	12	59	12	15,192	15,192										
	Calicut ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	4	5	6	7	22	86	12	21,936	21,936										
	Palghat ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	2	5	18	..	9,360	9,360										
	Coimbatore ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	3	4	14	42	27	16,008	16,008										
	Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	8	2,520	2,520										
	North Trichinopoly ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	3	6,060	6,060										
	South ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4	4	5	20	44	51	17,484	17,484									
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	1	43	..	1	8	5	2	..	..	..	..	21	22	26	32	112	377	130	1,25,496	1,29,744									
Grand Total ..		110	228	823	10	3	..	343	1,86,792	24	2	138	1	1	24	9	3	38	1	4	72	75	136	150	517	1,388	1,060	4,83,450	9,51,246										
Saltpetre Amins ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,624	6,624										
For Distilleries ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50,328	50,328										
Central Office ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,548	1,548										
Presidency Total ..		110	228	823	10	3	..	843	1,86,792	24	23	142	1	1	24	9	3	38	1	4	92	117	136	150	538	1,456	1,053	5,40,402	10,09,746										

* Includes one Superintendent on Rs. 200 and two Assistant Superintendents on Rs. 100 and Rs. 50.

N.B.—The pay of Inspectors, Assistant Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors has been taken at the average rates of Rs. 306, Rs. 150 and Rs. 43 respectively.

ESTABLISHMENTS at the Fish-curing yards.

[illegible]

Establishments at the Fish-curing yards—continued.

[illegible]

1. *Introduction*
 2. *Methodology*
 3. *Results*
 4. *Discussion*
 5. *Conclusion*
 6. *References*
 7. *Appendix*
 8. *Index*
 9. *Glossary*
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APPENDIX M. 126 ESTABLISHMENTS.

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APPENDIX M] 127 [ESTABLISHMENT

Establishments at the Fish-curing yards—continued.

[illegible]

Establishments at the Fish-curing yards—continued.

[illegible]

Establishments at the Fish-curing yards—concluded.

Divisions.	Circles.	Yards.	SUPERINTENDENTS.												PEONS.										Cost annum. per																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
			Assistant Inspector.		Sub-Inspectors.		For 12 months on Rupees						Six months on Rupees		Seven months on Rs. 9.		For 12 months on Rupees				Eight months on Rupees.		Seven months on Rs. 7.				Six months on Rupees																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
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(True Extract.)

(True Copy.)

(Signed) HERBERT BRADLEY,
Acting Secretary.(Signed) EDMUND MILLETT,
Assistant Secretary.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department.

Copy to the Deputy and Assistant Commissioners of Salt and Abkari Revenue.

F.O., 13TH AUG. 1888, Nos. 564, 564A, R.D.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.
REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

READ—Proceedings of the Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue), dated 28th August 1887, No. 421.

ABSTRACT.—Submitting to Government Administration Report of the Salt Department for the year 1886-87.

ORDER—dated 13th August 1888, No. 564, Revenue.

Separate Revenue, No. 122.

Salt.

With the Proceedings read above, the Board of Revenue submit a very full report on the administration of the Salt Department during the year 1886-87, accompanied by excellent maps illustra-

tive of the progress of the excise system. The Government will notice briefly the more salient points connected with the operations of the Department.

2. *Administrative changes.*—The principal administrative changes carried out during the year were the abolition of the Nilgiri and Madanapalle Salt circles, the Salt and Abkari work in connection with which was found insufficient to justify their retention as separate circles. On the other hand, the Palghat Circle was newly constituted in connection with abkari arrangements made in Malabar and, more especially, the experimental introduction of the tree-tapping system. Sanction was also obtained for the constitution of the Madras Town as a separate circle, but the measure was not carried out till after the expiration of the year.

3. *Legislation.*—The Bill to consolidate and amend the Salt law, to which reference was made in the last year's report, has since been revised and brought forward in the local Legislative Council.

4. *Punishments awarded to Establishments, &c.*—With reference to the statistics furnished in paragraph 49 of the report, the Government note with pleasure that there was a decrease in the punishments imposed on the subordinate establishments, and more especially in the number of dismissals and degradations. In the Chingleput and Arcot divisions, however, there appears to have been an increase in the number of minor punishments, as compared with the previous year.

5. *Factories and Depôts.*—The number of factories on the East Coast (those on the West Coast having all been closed) was 46, out of which 40, or 9 more than in the previous year, were worked under the excise system, the remaining 6 being continued under monopoly. Manufacture was carried on during the year in all the Excise factories, and in 2 out of the 6 Monopoly factories; in the remaining factories manufacture was suspended in view to the disposal of the Government stocks on hand and the eventual introduction of the excise system. Proposals made by the Commissioner during the year for a further extension of the excise system were, however, disallowed by Government, it having been considered undesirable to bring any more factories under excise until the committee appointed in the beginning of 1886 to suggest measures for the improvement of the quality of salt, had reported their opinion in regard to the operation of the excise system.

6. *Season, manufacture and storage.*—The season in 1885-86 was unfavorable for salt manufacture, but that of 1886-87 was simply disastrous. Manufacture throughout the East Coast was continually retarded by heavy rains and cyclones which did considerable damage to Salt works, especially in the Chicacole, Nellore and Chingleput divisions. Large quantities of salt lying on the drying grounds appear also to have been destroyed by the rains. The total quantity of salt manufactured and received into store was only 48,09,138 maunds against 57,19,961 maunds in 1885-86, and 75,78,432 maunds in 1884-85.

7. *Employment of Steam pumps in the manufacture of Salt.*—In paragraph 55 of the report, the Board have given the results of the working of the steam pumps employed by Messrs. Stuart, Hall and Co. at Karasa and Messrs. Best and Co. at Manambádi in connection with salt manufacture, but the experiments appear to have been made under very unfavorable conditions owing to the extremely adverse nature of the season. The salt manufactured by Messrs. Stuart, Hall and Co. is reported to have cost 2 annas 2 pies per maund, and that by Messrs. Best and Co. 2 annas 1 pie per maund. The latter firm has since relinquished the lease of the Manambádi factory to Government. The Government will be glad to receive, at the end of the present manufacturing season, a special report on the further results obtained by these firms by the employment of steam pumps. A similar report should be submitted also regarding Dr. Dhanakoti Raju's undertaking to manufacture salt of superior quality at Káyalpatnam.

8. *Stocks and Issues.*—Exclusive of the wastage remaining to be written off, the stock of salt on hand at the several factories at the end of 1885-86 (52,31,371 maunds) was the smallest within the last 10 years and was sufficient only for 9 months' consumption. Adding to this quantity the salt manufactured and imported during the year, the total quantity available for consumption within the year was 115,75,117 maunds against 137,62,222 maunds in the previous year. The clearances amounted to 81,27,529 maunds and the wastage to 3,81,273 maunds, leaving at the end of the year a balance of stock (exclusive of the wastage remaining to be written off) of 29,03,856 maunds, or a quantity not sufficient for 5 months' consumption. In the Negapatam division, the stock was sufficient for consumption for little more than a month and in Chingleput and Nellore for little more than two months.

9. *Wastage.*—Particulars regarding the wastage that occurred in the salt heaps sold during the year in the several depôts are given in Appendix E. The total wastage amounted on an average to 5.5 per cent. of the quantity stored against 5.13 per cent. in the previous year. The cases in which the

Cases of high wastage.		
Year of storage.	Name of factory.	Percentage of wastage.
1882-83	Tuticorin excise	20.0
1883-84	Ennore monopoly	21.79
	Madras do.	20.80
1884-85	Vedarniam excise	27.5
	Tranquebar do.	14.58
1886-87	Konada do.	14.08
	Madras do.	13.16
Cases of low wastage.		
1883-84	Manginapudi excise	1.3
1884-85	Mangalore monopoly	.03
1885-86	Calicut do.	.06
	Tuticorin excise	.16

in connection with storage operations can be prevented only by constant testing of heaps by the superior officers of the Department, and the Government regret to note that there was a falling off in the percentage of heaps tested by Assistant Commissioners, as shown by the figures noted in the margin. It is not stated whether any heaps were reweighed by Deputy Commissioners. The percentage of heaps tested by Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors shows, however, an increase.

	Percentage.	
	1885-86.	1886-87.
Assistant Commissioners	3.1	2.6
Inspectors	24.9	26.9
Assistant Inspectors	70.4	77.8

10. *Salt cleared for Home and Inland consumption and rate of consumption.*—Excluding salt issued to the French Government, for export by sea and for fish-curing purposes, the quantity cleared during the year for consumption within the Presidency and the territories supplied by it amounted to 77,10,007 maunds, against 76,84,155 in the previous year. The quantity sent outside the Presidency is estimated by

To—	1885-86.	1886-87.
	MDS.	MDS.
Orissa	1,68,013	3,67,304
Central Provinces	6,49,178	5,72,227
Nizam's Dominions	2,75,304	2,13,050
Mysore	4,29,633	4,18,699
Bombay Presidency	574	35
Total	15,22,702	15,71,915

the Board at 15,71,915 maunds against 15,22,702 maunds in the preceding year, leaving 61,38,092 maunds against 61,61,453 maunds for consumption within the Presidency, and the small decrease of 23,361 maunds is attributed to the depletion of stocks in the factories on the East Coast and the enhancement of the price of salt. The rates of consumption per head of the population during the year have been worked out by the Board to be for the whole Presidency 16.33 lb. against 16.52 lb. in 1885-86. The Board have in Chapter IX of their report fully explained the data on which their calculations are based, and though some uncertainty must attach to them owing to the conjectural character of the estimates made in regard to export of salt by land routes from Vizagapatam to the Central Provinces, the results have been carefully worked out and may probably be taken to be as reliable as the nature of the case admits.

11. *Receipts and Charges.*—The following statement shows the receipts and charges, distributed under the main heads, as compared with those of the previous year:—

Duty—	Receipts.		Difference.
	1885-86.	1886-87.	
	RS.	RS.	RS.
On Monopoly issues	83,46,496	38,70,947	
Excise	50,18,286	93,77,627	
Imports	2,320	2,411	
Total	133,67,102	132,50,985	— 1,16,117
Cost price—			
On Monopoly issues	9,37,689	3,18,480	
Exports	...	...	
Issues to the French Government	9,142	5,560	
Issues for fish-curing	77,044	81,331	
Total	10,23,875	4,05,371	— 6,18,504
Miscellaneous receipts	91,295	1,02,402	+ 11,107
Total	144,82,272	137,58,758	— 7,23,514
Charges.			
Provision of salt	1,72,746	1,01,350	
Works for manufacture and storage	19,829	15,081	
Supervision and establishment including travelling allowances	8,81,502	8,96,090	
Revenue contingencies	94,937	1,94,391	
Petty construction and repairs.	55,400	55,099	
Other miscellaneous items	53,031	41,624	
Total	12,77,445	13,03,635	+ 26,190

The receipts shown above are cash receipts alone and, in order to arrive at the correct financial results of the year, it is necessary to make adjustments, as shown

below, on account of credit sales and the duty realized in Bombay and elsewhere on salt imported therefrom and in Madras on salt exported to other provinces :—

	1885-86. RS.	1886-87. RS.	
Receipts as shown above ...	144,82,272	137,58,758	
Deduct value of salt realized in the year on account of salt sold on credit in the previous year ...	30,61,385	30,41,196	
Remainder ...	114,20,887	107,17,562	
Add value of salt sold during the year which remained unrealized at the end of the year ...	30,41,196	30,00,695	
	144,62,083	137,18,257	
Add duty realized in Bombay, Goa and Calcutta on exports to this Presidency ...	18,29,684	21,98,362	
	162,91,767	159,16,619	
Deduct duty levied in Madras on exports to Bombay and Bengal ...	1,148	270	
Net Revenue ...	162,90,619	159,16,349	— 3,74,270
Charges ...	12,77,445	13,03,635	+ 26,190
Percentage ...	7.84	8.2	

There was thus a decrease of about 3½ lakhs of rupees in the revenue due mainly to diminished receipts on account of cost price, arising from the substitution of the excise for the monopoly system.

12. *Credit system.*—The quantity of salt issued under the credit system exhibits a slight decrease, being 33,77,226 maunds against 34,65,768 maunds in 1885-86. It is observed that no credits are issued in the factories in the Chicacole division. The reason for this should be explained.

13. *The operation of the Excise system.*—In the review of the report for the year 1885-86, it was stated that the excise system which had recently been introduced had not benefited the consumer, but it was hoped that after the system had been some time in operation, competition among the manufacturers would ensue and result in a decrease of prices. Owing, however, to the extremely unfavorable character of the season and the depletion of the stocks in several of the factories on the East Coast, the evils noticed became intensified and the average price of excise salt at the factories rose from 4 annas 4½ pies to 5 annas 7½ pies. The Government have recently made a full report to the Government of India on the working of the excise system, on the causes which have given rise to the present evils, and on the remedial measures to be adopted in connection with them, and it is therefore unnecessary to say more on the subject at present.

14. *Quality of Salt.*—The Board have made comments in Chapter XI of the report on the quality of salt turned out in Monopoly and Excise factories, and on a comparison of the average quality of monopoly and excise salt, as shown by the analyses made by the Chemical Examiner, have arrived at the conclusion that there has been a marked improvement in monopoly salt, whereas in excise salt, though there is a slight advance, it is much less perceptible. The comparison instituted, however, of averages of excise and monopoly salt in the several years is not correct, for, as pointed out in G.O., dated 12th April 1888, No. 255, many of the monopoly factories which produced salt of inferior quality in earlier years have since been brought under the excise system. The only two factories worked under the monopoly system in 1886-87 were Ganjam and Chinna Ganjam and the salt produced in these factories

taken individually do not show any material advance in quality as compared with the results obtained in 1876 by the Salt Commission. Comparing the results of the several years in the Chingleput factories which produce more than one-third of the total outturn for the whole Presidency, a considerable improvement is noticeable; and on the other hand, in the Madura and Tinnevely factories there has been a deterioration. 4,785 maunds, out of a total outturn of 4,12,540, were rejected at the monopoly factory of Ganjam on account of its bad quality. No salt was rejected at Chinna Ganjam. The excise licensees at the factories of Cuddalore, Kamblimedu, Neidavasal, Tranquebar, Vattanam and Káyalpatnam, where the worst salts were produced, could not be induced to reject any portion of the salt manufactured. The season of 1886 having been disastrous for salt manufacture and the stocks and outturn very low, any kind of salt that could be obtained, whether good or bad, appears to have been scraped by the manufacturers, and this in a great measure accounts for the deterioration in the average quality of salt under the excise system in the year under review. The deterioration in the quality of salt at Káyalpatnam during successive years is, however, most marked. The committee appointed in 1886 to suggest measures to be taken to improve the quality of salt in Monopoly and Excise factories have submitted their report and this has been forwarded to the Government of India with the opinion of this Government as to how far it would be practicable to adopt their recommendations.

15. *Preventive Agency.*—The working of the preventive agency appears on the whole to have been satisfactory. There was a decrease in the number of persons arrested, in the number of persons departmentally released, in the number of undetected scrapings of salt-earth written off, and in the number of acquittals by Magistrates. The Government have frequently urged on the Commissioner the necessity for careful supervision of the proceedings of the subordinate officers of the Salt Department in connection with

	1885-86.	1886-87.	Difference.
Number of persons arrested, &c.	15,937	15,271	— 666
Number of persons released departmentally ...	5,683	5,053	— 630
Number sent to Magistrates for trial ...	9,655	9,778	+ 123
Number convicted ...	9,145	9,921	— 124
Number acquitted ...	243	140	— 103
Number of undetected scrapings.	13,294	12,719	— 575

departmental releases and they are glad to note the statement in paragraph 125 of the report that the Board are satisfied that the Inspectors generally do not abuse their powers in this respect. The class of cases which call for particular scrutiny are those in which the persons arrested are released for want of proof. The number of persons classified under this head, exclusive of those who died before inquiry, was 219 (or 1.4 per cent. of the total number of persons arrested) against 246 in the previous year. There was considerable improvement also in the expedition with which the persons arrested under the Salt laws were disposed of departmentally. The delay (29 days) in the disposal of cases in the Arcot division,

	1885-86.	1886-87.
Total number of cases disposed of ...	14,941	14,489
Average duration of each case ...	15 days	16 days
Average duration of each case excluding exceptional cases ...	13 days	12 days
Number of cases pending at the close of the year—		
Under 1 month ...	356	224
Under 3 months ...	84	79
Over 3 months ...	132	137
Total ...	572	440

however, appears to have been excessive, but the Board have taken due notice of the conduct of the officer concerned.

16. In paragraph 131 of the report, the Board have given particulars of the cost of establishment maintained for purely preventive work in the several divisions and the number of persons arrested for salt offences. As observed in the review of the report for 1885-86, the work turned out in the Ndlore division was very small and an establishment costing Rs. 33,888 was maintained to arrest 45 persons. The number of undetected scrapings was only 42 and the number of offences dealt with appears also to have been smaller than in any other division. The strength of the preventive establishments maintained should have some relation to the nature of the tracts to be

guarded, and if, as appears to be the case, illicit dealings in the Nellore division, the Board should, as pointed out in the marginally-noted orders of Government, report on the question of reducing the establishments with reference to actual requirements.

17. *Fish-curing operations*—Fish-curing operations show a progressive development, the quantity of fish cured during the year being 50,373 tons against 27,396 in 1885-86, and 20,108 tons in 1884-85. The progress is specially noticeable in the Calicut division.

18. *Saltpetre industry*.—There was an increase in the number of licenses* taken

* Year.	Number of factories for the manufacture of crude saltpetre.	Number of saltpetre refineries.	Crude saltpetre extracted.	Refined saltpetre produced.	Edible salt produced.
1885-86 ..	2,146	45	MDS. 33,157	MDS. 15,981	MDS. 13,852
1886-87 ..	2,434	47	45,651	18,533	16,382

out for the manufacture and refining of saltpetre and in the quantity of refined saltpetre produced. The Government agree with the Board in considering that there is at present no neces-

sity for excising salt produced in the refinement of crude saltpetre.

19. The chapter of the report relating to the administration of the Salt Department in Orissa should be communicated to the Board of Revenue, Bengal, if this has not already been done.

(True Extract.)

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

To the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue.

No. 564-A, Revenue.

Copy to the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce.

(Signed) C. A. GALTON,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

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