

Report on the Administration
of
Criminal Justice in the
Presidency of Madras
1885

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REPORT

ON

THE ADMINISTRATION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE

IN THE

PRESIDENCY OF MADRAS

IN

1885.

I.—Introductory.

1. In its arrangement, which is new, the present report follows that upon Plan of the Civil Justice for the same year. report.

2. In compliance with para. 1 of G. O., dated 30th January 1886, No. 284, Judicial, all District Magistrates have submitted reports direct to the High Court, in elucidation of their returns relating to crime and the administration of Criminal Justice in 1885. Several of these reports, notably those from North Arcot (16th June), Kistna (18th June), Ganjam (26th June) and Coimbatore (7th July) were received inconveniently late; and most of them, in common with the reports of Sessions Judges, being mere comments on figures, are still wanting in that full investigation of leading features without which, as was remarked last year, a satisfactory review by the High Court is impracticable. District reports.

II.—Courts administering Criminal Justice.

3. The Courts which actually exercised Criminal Jurisdiction during 1885 were Number and description of Courts.

(a.) In the Mufassal—

14,457 Village Magistrates' Courts,
 695 { 135 Third class Magistrates' Courts,
 { 441 Second class do.
 { 119 First class do.
 and 20 Courts of Session.

(b.) At the Presidency Town—

1 Coroner's Court,
 2 Courts of Presidency Magistrates,
 1 Court of the Commissioner of Police
 and The High Court.

4. The number of Village Magistrates who tried cases exceeded the total for 1884 by 830, and ranged in different districts from 2,720 in North Arcot to 4 on the Nilgiris; but their returns are always open to the charge of incompleteness, and no conclusions from comparison with previous years can safely be drawn. Village Magistrates.

5. Of the 695 Magistrates' Courts above-mentioned, 50 were Honorary Benches whose powers varied with those of the presiding Stipendiary Magistrate. The increase of 5 as compared with 1884 was due to the opening of new Benches at Srivilliputtur, Tiruvallur, Bezvada, Hospet and the Shevaroyas. There are no Honorary Benches in the Presidency Town. Honorary Benches.

The number of working days in these Courts varied considerably, the Anantapur Bench having sat on 141 days, while the Cuddalore Bench sat for only 7 days during the year, with the result of leaving its file in arrears.

Special Magistrates. 6. Of the 645 Magistrates sitting singly in the mufassal, 35 were Special Magistrates under Section 14 of the Criminal Procedure Code, of whom 7 possessed first class, 4 second class, and 24 third class powers.

Regular Magistrates. 7. Of the 610 Regular Magisterial Courts thus remaining,

85 were those of 3rd class Subordinate Magistrates,
413 " of 2nd class Subordinate Magistrates,
3 " of Cantonment Magistrates (1st class),
88 " of Sub-divisional Magistrates (do.),
and 21 " of District Magistrates.

District Magistrates. 8. The District Magistrates of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari also exercised the powers of Sessions Judges in the Agency Tracts, and the District Magistrate of the Nilgiris exercised those of an Additional Sessions Judge.

The average number of working days in the Courts of District Magistrates was 55, varying from 144 days in Tinnevely to 8 in South Arcot.

Courts of Session. 9. There was no change in the number or location of the Sessions Courts.

The average number of working days was 68, varying from 148 in Coimbatore and 142 in Bellary, to 22 in North Malabar.

Coroner's Court. 10. No statistical returns showing how the Coroner's Magisterial powers were exercised under Act IV of 1871 are submitted to the High Court.

Presidency Magistrates. 11. To each of the two Presidency Courts, two Magistrates are attached: and in 1885, for the first time, they were graded as the Chief, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Presidency Magistrates respectively.

These Courts sat on 283 days during the year.

High Court. 12. In the High Court, 142 Criminal Benches sat during 1885, 17 for the disposal of Sessions, and 125 for the disposal of Appellate and Revisional work. On the Original Side, there were four Sessions which occupied 17 days. On the Appellate Side, criminal business was transacted exclusively on 26, and along with civil work on 92 days.

III.—The State of Crime.

Appendix Statements. 13. Judicial Statement No. 2, and Special Statements A and B in the Appendix exhibit the state of crime with which the Courts had to deal in 1885.

Increase of crime. 14. There was an increase of crime, the total number of offences returned as true being 190,730 in 1885 as against 179,611 in 1884, or an increase of 6.19 per cent. Details of comparison are given in the following statement:—

	Reported.	Complaints dismissed under Sec. 203.	Struck off as false.	Returned as true.	Brought to trial.	Persons brought to trial.
Offences under the Indian Penal Code	1884... 119,743 1885... 120,743	11,699 12,059	16,025 12,169	89,859 96,405	87,669 89,187	227,123 227,897
Offences under Special and Local Laws.	1884... 91,519 1885... 95,914	1,156 708	1,593 971	89,752 94,235	88,673 93,264	107,130 114,119
Total	1884... 211,262 1885... 216,657	12,855 12,767	17,618 13,160	179,611 190,730	176,342 182,451	334,253 342,016

As stated in para. 2 of last year's report, the figures quoted for 1884, except as regards offences reported, include cases pending at the close of 1883. The comparison which appears is therefore not strictly correct.

15. Taking offences reported, the increase under the Penal Code was 1,000 Offences reported only: and the only variations of any note occurred in those classes of offences which are usually the most numerous, viz.,

	1884.	1885.	
Hurt	9,789	10,188	Penal Code.
Criminal force and assault ...	28,083	33,008	
Theft	23,555	24,463	
Criminal trespass	14,133	13,745	

Offences against life fell from 908 in 1884 to 670 in 1885.

The increase under Special and Local Laws was 4,395, chiefly in offences under

	1884.	1885.	
Abkari Act... ..	2,525	5,287	Special Laws.
Forest do	415	1,646	
Police do	49,347	51,340	
Salt do	6,939	8,941	

On the other hand, there was a decrease in offences reported under

	1884.	1885.
Hackney carriages Act ...	987	699
Municipal Acts	22,093	19,216

There is thus an indication that, while sanitary rules have either been less rigorously enforced or less frequently infringed, increased activity has been exhibited in the working of those Special Acts—Abkari, Forest and Salt, where care is most necessary that injudicious zeal should not be permitted to lead to prosecutions which cannot be supported or to harass the people unnecessarily.

16. Although there was an increase from 211,262 to 216,657 in the total number of offences reported, there was a decrease from 30,473 in 1884 to 25,927 in 1885 in the number of cases dismissed and struck off as false. The number of complaints under the Penal Code dismissed under Section 203 of the Criminal Procedure Code was greater by 360 than in the preceding year: and in 629 cases proceedings under Section 250 were taken against complainants for frivolous and vexatious complaints as against 565 in 1884. It would appear, accordingly, that greater care was exercised by Magistrates in examining complaints before issuing process against accused persons, and that there were really fewer false reports of crime than in 1884.

17. There were still, however, a great many false complaints under the Penal Code. Under Special and Local Laws, as might have been expected, nearly all offences reported were found to have occurred. The proportions of true and false complaints in the last two years were:—

	True.		False.		
	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.	Percentages.
Penal Code	76.42	79.91	23.58	20.09	
Special and Local Laws	97.03	98.25	2.97	1.75	

False reporting occurred chiefly in complaints of offences affecting property where family disputes of a civil nature are constantly being formulated into criminal charges; and was by far most prevalent in Tanjore where the percentage of cases found not to have occurred, out of offences reported, was 40.8. The next worst districts in this respect were South Canara (29.4), Tinnevely (25.3), Malabar (24.7) and Kurnool (23.5). The districts freest from false complaining were Bellary (13.2), Chingleput (12.1), Nellore (11.1) and Nilgiris (5.6).

18. The increase of crime exhibited by the excess of 11,119 in the number of cases returned as true, occurred both in offences under the Penal Code (6,636) Offences returned as true.

and in those under Special and Local Laws (4,483), especially in the former: Here the increase occurred almost entirely in the following offences:—

	1884.	1885.
Criminal force and assault...	26,174	29,207
Theft	13,870	16,259

In the graver crimes there was happily a decrease, namely,

	1884.	1885.
Offences affecting life	628	498
Causing miscarriage, &c.	97	65
Kidnapping, &c.	119	99
Rape and unnatural offences	96	80
Robbery and dacoity	401	389
Forgery	176	140

Offences affecting life.

19. Of the 498 cases affecting life, 103 were cases of murder and 41 of attempts to murder, as compared with 201 and 60, respectively, in 1884. Anantapur was the only district in which an increase occurred (from 6 to 11): and in the following nine districts the decrease in murder was very marked:—

	1884.	1885.		1884.	1885.
Vizagapatam	24	9	Kurnool	9	2
Madura	17	7	North Arcot	11	5
Godavari	13	4	Bellary	10	5
Coimbatore	10	1	Trichinopoly	7	1
Cuddapah	14	6			

Culpable homicide not amounting to murder was committed chiefly in Vizagapatam Agency (8), North Arcot (7) and Ganjam Agency (6). Suicides were most frequent in North Arcot (29), Malabar (23), Godavari (21) and Vizagapatam (19).

Offences against property.

20. The increase in cases of theft (13,870 to 16,259) occurred principally in

Theft.

	1884.	1885.		1884.	1885.
Madura	1,023	1,292	Vizagapatam	627	769
Godavari	765	1,027	South Canara	325	459
Malabar	1,076	1,290	Trichinopoly	618	755
South Arcot	708	879	Nellore	481	591
Chingleput	666	825			

Dacoity and robbery.

Excepting the Nilgiris and the Presidency Town, no district was free from dacoity: but in several districts there were marked variations as compared with the preceding year, namely,

Increase.				Decrease.			
<i>Robbery.</i>		1884.	1885.	<i>Robbery.</i>		1884.	1885.
Tinnevelly	...	13	24	Malabar	...	21	15
Kistna	...	15	21	Bellary	...	19	11
Tanjore	...	11	17	Cuddapah	...	14	10
Madura	...	11	15	Trichinopoly	...	10	7
<i>Dacoity.</i>				<i>Dacoity.</i>			
Madura	...	12	18	Tanjore	...	27	13
Tinnevelly	...	7	13	Trichinopoly	...	24	10
Anantapur	...	8	13	Cuddapah	...	14	4
Bellary	...	11	14	North Arcot	...	9	1
Kurnool	...	...	3	South Arcot	...	10	5
Salem	...	3	6	Godavari	...	7	3

No explanations are given in the District Reports of the increase of robbery and dacoity in Tinnevelly and Madura or of the decrease of dacoity in Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Cuddapah and North Arcot.

21. In forgery, the chief fluctuations were

Decrease.					Increase.				
1884.					1885.				
North Arcot	...	...	10	4	Malabar	...	...	7	19
Coimbatore	...	...	11	3	Madura	...	...	11	17
Godavari	...	...	14	4					
Salem	...	...	13	6					

Forgery.

Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks were most common in Malabar (19), Madura (18) and Vizagapatam (16):

22. Of the 29,207 cases of assault and criminal force, most occurred in Madras (4,644), Malabar (3,730) and Godavari (1,957). Small as the population of the Nilgiris is, there were 345 cases of assault in that district, which is stated to be "generally an incident of drunkenness due in a great measure to indulgence induced by the coolness of the climate."

23. The total number of offences against public tranquillity returned as true rose from 1,517 in 1884 to 1,571 in 1885, the more noticeable variations occurring in

	1884.	1885.
Godavari	59	101
South Arcot	13	50
Trichinopoly	140	170
Cuddapah	125	146

Offences against public tranquillity.

With the exception of that from the Godavari district, the Reports are silent as to the causes of this unsatisfactory increase; but, as in the Godavari, it was probably due to disputes regarding religious processions stimulated by the clashing of the Mohurram and the Dasara festivals in last year.

24. Most of the 9,302 offences against the public health, safety and convenience, were of a petty description. In Tinnevelly, the propensity of the people for gambling resulted in an increase of lottery cases (§ 294 A) from 1 to 5.

25. The increase of 4,483 true cases under Special and Local Laws is attributable rather to the more vigorous working of the Acts than to any increased criminality among the people. The principal district variations are shown below:—

	District Police Act.		Municipal Act.		Salt law.
	1884.	1885.		1884.	1885.
Madras	8,392	9,781	Tanjore	2,861	1,719
Tanjore	3,305	4,271	Malabar	2,500	996
South Arcot	1,644	2,487	Trichinopoly	1,457	1,066
Chingleput	2,000	2,295	Madura	908	1,166
	Abkari law.		Forest law.		Cattle trespass Act.
	1884.	1885.		1884.	1885.
Godavari	253	635	Salem	126	384
Malabar	423	669	Arcot (N.)	59	136
Kistna	121	553	Madura	92	165
			Canara (S.)	5	161
			Godavari	203	276
			Malabar	142	221
			Tinnevelly	...	176

No information is forthcoming to show whether the decrease in Municipal cases in Tanjore, Malabar and Trichinopoly is due to a more general observance of sanitary rules or to laxity of local administration: and the necessity for the large increase of Salt prosecutions in Trichinopoly, Vizagapatam, Tanjore and Madura, and of Forest prosecutions in Salem, South Canara and North Arcot, remains unexplained.

26. Statement B in the Appendix shows, by districts, the number of true cases distinguished according as the offences committed were grave or otherwise, and the ratio of grave crimes to population, those offences being treated as "grave" which are so treated in the Police Statistics, namely, §§ 231 to 263, 302, 303, 307, 311, 337, 363 to 369, 372, 373, 379 to 382, 392 to 398, 449 to 460 of the Penal Code.

Tested by
grave offend-
ers.

Testing the criminality of districts by the prevalence of grave offences only, and omitting the Godavari Agency Tracts, which with a small population averaged one offence for 227 persons, the Town of Madras and the Nilgiris again appear the most criminal of all districts, with one grave crime to 424 and 591 inhabitants, respectively: but 81 per cent. of the grave cases in Madras, and 89 per cent. of those on the Nilgiris, consisted of theft. Next to these districts in order of criminality come Chingleput (1 to 1,082), Madura (1 to 1,158) and Trichinopoly (1 to 1,308), while the least criminal districts were Nellore (1 to 1,756), South Arcot (1 to 1,779), Vizagapatam (1 to 1,783) and the Ganjam Agency Tracts (1 to 3,676).

Criminality
of the Pre-
sidency.

Taking all Districts together, the ratio of grave crimes to population was 1 to 1,479.

Offences
brought to
trial.

27. Comparing the cases brought to trial with those returned as true, the percentages for the last two years compare as follows:—

	1884.	1885.
Penal Code... ..	97.5	92.4
Special and Local Laws ...	98.8	98.9
All offences	98.1	95.6

No statistics are available to show the results of cases brought to trial, the figures in this respect dealing with persons only.

Offences
proved on
trial.

28. The total number of persons under trial during the year was 342,016 as against 334,253 in 1884. The results are summarised below:—

	1884.	1885.
Offences under the Indian Penal Code.	Discharged or acquitted... 166,868 Convicted... 51,446 Percentage convicted ... 24.6	167,550 54,604 24.6
Offences under Special and Local Laws.	Discharged or acquitted... 20,235 Convicted ... 86,220 Percentage convicted ... 81.0	25,066 88,315 77.9

As observed in last year's Report, the percentage of convictions in offences which may be compounded by law was very low—criminal breach of service contracts (8.6), offences relating to marriage (11.2), criminal force and assault (11.7), wrongful confinement (12.1) and hurt (16.7).

In the following classes of offences, the proportion of convictions was high, probably because, in most of them, prosecutions are instituted at the instance of public servants:—

Offences affecting public health, &c.	77.9
Contempts of lawful authority of public servants ...	56.0
Offences relating to weights and measures ...	54.3
Do. coin, &c.	54.2
False evidence and offences against public justice ...	46.2

In the case of more heinous offences, however, the percentages of conviction are not very assuring except in the case of receiving stolen property:—

Receiving stolen property... ..	80.1
Kidnapping, &c.	15.4
Rape	25.2
Robbery and dacoity	29.5
Offences affecting life	37.5
Theft	41.1

29. The following statement compares the preventive and miscellaneous proceedings taken under the Criminal Procedure Code in the last two years:—

	Cases disposed of.		Persons disposed of.		Persons convicted.	
	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.
Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter VI. C. Sec. 435	16	5	34	5	21	4
Proceedings under Chapter VIII to prevent breach of peace	76	107	198	451	165	290
Do. Security for good behaviour	70	66	162	158	57	67
Proceedings against local nuisances, Chapter X ...	233	231	265	371	62	29
Possession, Chapter XII ...	65	68	227	207	27	24
Frivolous or vexatious complaints summarily dealt with under Chapter XX, Sec. 250	565	629	882	734	580	655
Non-attendance of Jurors or Assessors, Chapter XXIII ...	13	27	13	27	9	24
Maintenance, Chap. XXXVI ..	1,211	2,001	2,154	2,005	698	508
Forfeiture of bail or recognizance, Chapter XLII ...	220	263	346	420	304	366

There was a large increase in the number of persons called upon to furnish security to keep the peace. The percentage of persons who were ordered to give security to the total number dealt with is, however, small (64.3). Cuddapah contributed 86, Malabar, 54 and Tanjore, 36 to the total number of 290 persons bound over during the year.

Out of the 655 persons fined for preferring frivolous and vexatious complaints, 246 were in the district of Malabar alone. The average amount recovered as compensation in such cases was Rupees 7.

Of 371 persons called upon to show cause against the removal of local nuisances, &c., only 29 were finally proceeded against.

30. 143 European British subjects involved in 108 cases were under trial during the year. Of these, 12 were charged with serious offences; viz., 2 with offences affecting life, 1 with kidnapping, 7 with theft and 2 with criminal trespass attended with aggravating circumstances: 36 were charged with criminal force or assault, the largest numbers being at Cantonment stations; 51 were accused of breaches of Special laws, as many as 22 of them being dealt with under the Merchant Seamen's Act. The cases of 138 Europeans were disposed of, 78 being convicted and 60 acquitted. Of the convictions, 40 were under Special laws. Of the 12 charged with more serious offences, only 5 were convicted and, in each case, of theft.

31. To recapitulate—the salient features of the year were (1) an increase in the number of offences under the Penal Code, though accompanied by a decrease in grave crime; (2) an increase in offences under Special and Local Laws due probably to increased vigour on the part of the executive; (3) a diminution in the number of false cases; (4) a greater exercise of the powers given by law for the prevention of offences; and (5) a larger amount of compensation given for vexatious complaints. There was no change in the percentage of convictions under the Penal Code, and Madras and the Nilgiris continued to be the most criminal districts in proportion to their population.

Preventive
and miscel-
laneous
measures.

Local nu-
isances.

Crime by
European
British
subjects.

Recapitu-
lation of
salient
features
regarding
state of
crime.

IV.—Business in the Courts.

1.—ALL COURTS TOGETHER.

Statement D. 32. Statement D in the Appendix exhibits in one view the aggregate criminal work of the Presidency, original and appellate, arranged by districts and by classes of Courts.

Original Cases. The total number of original cases before the Courts was 203,993, of which 15,762 (or 7·7 per cent.) were before the Courts of Village Magistrates. Of the balance of 188,231 cases in the Regular Courts, 27,598 were contributed by the Presidency Town, and 160,633 by the Mufassal.

'Appeals. The total number of appeals instituted was 5,861, of which 5,239 were preferred to Magistrates' and Sessions Courts, and 622 to the High Court. The aggregate criminal work of the past 3 years is compared below :—

Comparison for 3 years.	1883	1884	1885	Original cases.	Appeals.	Total.
	...	...	...	183,360	4,787	193,147
	...	...	...	191,024	5,510	196,534
	...	...	...	203,993	5,861	209,854

District contributions. 33. Taking both original cases and appeals together, and excluding the Presidency Town, it is found that the district of Madura contributed the largest proportion of the total criminal work of 1885, viz. 9·7 per cent. Malabar and Tanjore followed with 9·1 and 8·0 per cent. respectively. Four other districts—Godavari, Trichinopoly, Vizagapatam and Chingleput—contributed more than 5 per cent. each. The smallest contributions were from the Nilgiris (1·2), Kurnool (1·6), Anantapur (1·9), South Canara (2·1), Cuddapah (2·8), and Coimbatore (3·8).

Contributions of classes of Courts. 34. The contributions of the various classes of Courts to the aggregate criminal work are exhibited below :—

	Original Cases.	Percentage.	Appeals.	Percentage.
1. Village Magistrates' Courts ...	15,762	7·73	"	"
2. Regular Magistrates' Courts in the mufassal ...	159,484	78·18	4,653	79·39
3. Presidency Magistrates' Courts...	27,531	13·50	"	"
4. Courts of Session ...	1,149	·56	536	10·00
5. High Court ...	67	·03	622	10·61
	203,993	100·00	5,861	100·00

2.—VILLAGE MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

Institutions. 35. There were 15,762 cases received in the year in the Courts of Village Magistrates. The numbers of cases shown as received in North Arcot, Bellary, Cuddapah, Ganjam and Trichinopoly, as compared with the number of Courts in which they are reported to have been filed, show that the returns are still misunderstood in those districts, though it is clear that the number of Village Magistrates who actually tried criminal cases in the year should alone have been shown in Col. 3 of the returns.

	No. of Magistrates.	No. of Cases.
North Arcot ...	2,720	1,170
Bellary ...	1,166	86
Cuddapah ...	408	238
Ganjam ...	1,451	427
Trichinopoly ...	936	393

District contributions. 36. The use made of Village Magistrates varies widely in different districts, the number of complaints in such Courts ranging from 2,334 in Tanjore, 1,875 in Tinnevely and 1,527 in Kistna, to 12 in the Nilgiris, 51 in Kurnool and 86 in Bellary. The chief variations in the past three years are noted below :—

	Increase.	Decrease.
1883. 1884. 1885.	1883. 1884. 1885.	
Ganjam ... 232 251 427	Chingleput ... 818 769 635	
Tanjore ... 1,619 1,788 2,334	Madura ... 1,340 1,660 1,446	
Tinnevely... 1,555 1,749 1,875	Kurnool ... 101 92 51	

The decrease in Kurnool is ascribed to the more favourable season of 1885 as compared with that of the previous year.

37. Including cases pending from the previous year, the number for disposal in 1885 was 15,875, of which, 15,681 were disposed of, leaving 194 pending at the end of the year. The figures for the past three years were as below :—

	Disposed of.	Pending.
1883 ...	13,729	58
1884 ...	15,219	100
1885 ...	15,681	194

38. The total number of persons for trial before these Courts was 24,835, of whom 24,497 were dealt with in the year. The results were as follows :—

	1883.	1884.	1885.	Results.
Discharged ...	7,324	8,796	9,615	
Convicted ...	14,114	14,829	14,882	

39. Of the 14,882 persons convicted in 1885, 10,533 were detained in simple custody and 4,348 were confined in stocks. Punishments.

The remaining one person is stated to have been fined under Section 19 of Regulation IV of 1816 by the Village Magistrate of Ummattur in Malabar district for showing disrespect to the Village Munsif in the course of a civil suit and to have been confined under Section 25 of the said Regulation on his refusal to pay the fine.

The districts in which confinement in stocks was most resorted to were Tanjore (739 persons), Tinnevely (607) and Godavari (385). There are no statistics as to the castes of persons subjected to this punishment.

40. On the administration of justice by this class of Courts, the following remarks are reproduced from District Reports. Opinions of District Magistrates.

The District Magistrate of Tinnevely states :—

"The working of the Village Magistracy is not altogether satisfactory. Complaints are often received that such Magistrates are taking up complaints against persons in whose conviction or degradation they have a personal interest, and sometimes, it is even stated that Calendars are entirely forged, there having been neither complaint nor trial. Neither the existing Regulations nor the Criminal Procedure Code give sufficient power of supervision to District Magistrates in such cases".

The District Magistrate of Trichinopoly states :—

"Many of them are hardly fit to act judicially. I should be inclined to give extended jurisdiction locally and penally (sic) to selected Village Magistrates and allow those unfit to act judicially to confine their attention to Police work".

3.—REGULAR MAGISTRATES' COURTS IN THE MUFASSAL.

A.—Original Jurisdiction.

41. Statements E1 to E7 in the Appendix contain, by districts, details of the work of the several classes of regular Magisterial Courts in the mufassal. The number of cases filed in these Courts is compared for the past three years in the following table :—

	1883.	1884.	1885.
Benchs of Magistrates ...	30,142	30,454	33,444
Special Magistrates ...	892	1,815	1,935
Other Subordinate Magistrates.	116,019	115,590	123,928
District Magistrates ...	157	142	177
	147,210	143,001	159,484

Increase. 42. There has been a continuous increase since 1883 in the total amount of work coming before these Courts. But taking individual districts, it is observed that this steady increase has obtained only in certain districts, while in others there has been a steady decrease, as appears below:—

	Increase.	1883.	1884.	1885.
Bellary ...	...	6,513	7,740	8,201
Chingleput ...	...	7,386	8,311	8,653
Godavari ...	...	7,361	7,886	10,263
Trichinopoly ...	...	7,511	8,600	9,589
Vizagapatam ...	...	6,300	7,292	8,397
	Decrease.			
Tanjore ...	...	14,549	12,597	11,940
Cuddapah ...	...	5,129	5,024	4,748

In the following districts, the increase or decrease, as compared with 1884, was remarkable:—

	Increase.	1884.	1885.
North Arcot ...	...	5,788	7,118
Madura ...	...	12,184	15,593
Nellore ...	...	5,363	6,955
Salem ...	...	4,929	6,369
	Decrease.		
Kistna ...	...	7,238	6,824

43. The increase of 2,990 cases on the files of Benches of Magistrates in the year under review, was contributed chiefly by the marginally noted districts. No explanation of this feature appears in any of the District Reports.

	1884.	1885.
North Arcot ...	53	638
Anantapur ...	373	644
Godavari ...	2,231	2,840
Malabar ...	347	742
Nellore ...	1,151	1,918
Salem ...	391	757
Tinnevely ...	1,192	1,469

Special Magistrates. The slight increase in the work of Special Magistrates' Courts occurred in the Godavari district, the numbers of cases filed in the Narsapur and Coringa Special Magistrates' Courts having risen from 197 and 55 in 1884 to 451 and 155 respectively in 1885.

Other Subordinate Magistrates. Of the 8,338 cases received by the other Subordinate Magistracy in excess of the numbers in 1884, as many as 3,298 were contributed by Madura. The cause of this is not explained, but it is apparently the result of the great increase in complaints of offences affecting public convenience, health, &c. (2,204) and of those under the Salt and Forest Acts. The other districts in which the increase was large were:—

	Increase.	Increase.
Godavari ...	1,472	824
Vizagapatam ...	1,187	796
Salem ...	1,014	744
Nellore ...	...	...
Trichinopoly ...	...	...
North Arcot ...	...	...

District Magistrates. The Court of the District Magistrate of Ganjam where 39 cases were filed as against 8 in 1884, was the only Court of this class which showed any noteworthy increase in 1885.

44. Including 1,628 cases pending at the commencement of the year and cases received by transfer, and excluding those transferred, or in which the accused died or escaped, the number for disposal in the regular mufassal Magisterial Courts was 160,872, of which 158,755 were decided and

	For disposal.
1883 ...	147,148
1884 ...	147,725
1885 ...	160,872

2,117 left pending at the close of the year. The figures below show how the work was distributed among the various classes of Courts, with a comparison for three years.

	Disposed of.			Pending.		
	1883.	1884.	1885.	1883.	1884.	1885.
Benches of Magistrates ...	30,324	30,716	33,316	41	49	124
Special Magistrates ...	919	1,925	1,988	10	30	29
Other Subordinate Magistrates...	114,359	113,358	123,240	1,335	1,543	1,960
District Magistrates ...	158	171	211	2	6	4
	<u>145,760</u>	<u>146,170</u>	<u>158,755</u>	<u>1,388</u>	<u>1,628</u>	<u>2,117</u>

The figures above include cases decided by Superior Magistrates under Section 349, Criminal Procedure Code. But the number of such cases cannot be ascertained, the returns not showing them separately, but only along with cases referred under Section 347.

45. Notwithstanding the increase in the out-turn of work in the year under review in all classes of Courts, there was a slight increase in the percentage of arrears to the work for disposal, viz., 1.31 as against 1.10 per cent. in 1884 and 0.94 in 1883. The arrears were heaviest in Godavari (195 cases or 1.9 per cent. of the total for disposal), Malabar (211) and Madura (183).

46. In the Courts of Benches of Magistrates, the disposals were considerably in excess of those in 1884 in all the seven districts in which an increase in cases filed has already been noticed. In Chingleput and Coimbatore also, there was an increase; while in Kistna, Ganjam and Cuddapah, the Benches did less than in 1884.

Godavari is the only District in which there was a remarkable increase (279) in disposals by Special Magistrates. Malabar, Tanjore and Tinnevely, on the contrary, show a decrease.

In the Courts of other Subordinate Magistrates, there was a large increase in Madura (3,006 cases) and also in Godavari (1,322) and Vizagapatam (1,016). In three other districts—Salem, Trichinopoly and Nellore, the increase in disposals exceeded 900 cases. Almost the whole of the increase was confined to the Courts of inferior Subordinate Magistrates.

The District Magistrates of Madura and Malabar did no original work. The District Magistrate of Ganjam tried 39 cases or 32 more than in 1884; and the District Magistrates of Nilgiris, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Cuddapah and Nellore tried a fair number, ranging from 22 to 16 cases; while in South Canara the number of cases decided by the District Magistrate was only 11, or 24 less than in 1884. In all other Districts, the District Magistrates appear to have taken an insignificant share of original criminal work.

47. The total number of persons for trial and dealt with by the regular Magisterial Courts during the past three years, including the persons standing over for trial at the beginning of each year and excluding those who died or escaped, was as shown below:—

Year	For trial.	Dealt with.	Pending at the end of the year.
1883 ...	278,756	274,399	4,357
1884 ...	286,525	281,236	5,289
1885 ...	309,947	303,619	6,328

Of the 303,619 persons dealt with during the year under review, 3,818 were committed or referred to higher Courts. The results as regards the remainder are

Results.

exhibited below according to the classes of Courts and the powers of the Magistrates by whom they were tried:—

	Discharged.		Convicted.				Percentage of convictions.	
			On regular trial.		On summary trial.			
	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.
Benches of Magistrates...	11,021	12,243	635	2,736	25,069	24,344	70.0	68.9
Special Magistrates ...	1,814	2,389	1,483	1,310	...	...	45.0	34.2
Other Subordinate Magistrates ...	155,027	171,557	79,551	82,480	2,536	2,328	34.6	33.8
District Magistrates ...	187	210	86	183	37	36	39.7	51.1
	168,049	186,384	81,755	86,709	27,642	26,708	39.4	37.8
1st Class Magistrates ...	7,280	7,550	2,924	3,133	2,573	2,435	43.0	42.4
2nd do. do. ...	143,027	158,946	70,765	73,273	12,865	9,340	37.0	34.2
3rd do. do. ...	17,742	19,888	8,066	10,303	12,204	14,933	53.3	55.9
	163,049	186,384	81,755	86,709	27,642	26,708	39.4	37.8

Percentage of convictions.

The proportion of persons convicted was, on the whole, 2 per cent. less than in 1884. There was a falling-off of 20.7 per cent. in Cuddapah, of 12.8 per cent. in Malabar and of 9.3 per cent. in Chingleput. The percentage was highest in Bellary (60.3), Nilgiris (58.9) and Trichinopoly (48.3), and lowest in Coimbatore (26.5), Cuddapah (27.5), Godavari (27.8), Kurnool (29.1) and Salem (30.1). The small proportion in the last named district is reported by the District Magistrate to be due to "want of discretion, if not worse, on the part of the Police" in making arrests.

District variations.

Persons pending.

Of the 6,328 persons pending trial, 620 were in custody and 5,708 were on bail or otherwise at large.

Of these, 58 had been under trial for more than six months.

Punishments.

48. The sentences passed on the persons convicted by these Courts are shown below and the totals compared with those for 1884:—

	Imprisonment.			Forfeiture of property.		Fine.		Whipping.		Orders to give securities under			Dealt with under Special & Civil Acts.	
	Rigorous.		Simple.	Alone.	With other punishments.	Alone.	With other punishments.	Alone.	With other punishments.	\$ 106 P. C.	\$ 107 P. C.	\$ 109 P. C.		
	With solitary confinement.	Without solitary confinement.												
Benches of Magistrates	...	...	70	302	...	...	26,671	16	1	...	7	...	...	36
Special do.	...	...	118	34	...	...	1,156	44	2	3	...	...	...	...
Other Subte. do.	...	121	14,604	2,795	2	8	65,077	3,334	1,296	150	82	147	66	703
District do.	...	1	111	29	...	...	74	55	...	1	...	3	1	...
Total	...	122	14,903	3,160	2	8	92,978	3,499	1,299	154	89	150	67	736
Compare 1884	...	39	13,454	2,892	...	...	90,973	3,330	1,178	137	66	63	57	720

Details of punishments.

49. The number of sentences of solitary confinement increased by 83 as compared with the previous year. Of the 122 sentences of this kind, 46 were in cases referred under Section 349. No solitary confinement was awarded by any Magistrate in the 12 Districts noted in the margin. Referring to this, the District Magistrate of Tinnevely observes "the District Jails being now arranged on the cellular system, the Magistracy are, as a rule, satisfied with sending prisoners concerned in heinous crimes to long terms of imprisonment; but it is probable that a few sentences of this type on Marava old offenders would have an excellent deterrent effect." The highest numbers of sentences of this kind passed were in Madura (36), Ganjam (29) and Malabar (24).

Anantapur.	Kistna.
N. Arcot.	Kurnool.
S. Arcot.	Nellore.
Bellary.	Nilgiris.
Cuddapah.	Salem.
Godavari.	Tinnevely.

The figures below show the details of the terms of imprisonment awarded in the past two years:—

		Rigorous.		Simple.	
		1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.
Not exceeding 15 days ...	...	3,450	3,734	2,371	2,569
Do. 6 months ...	...	9,209	10,414	513	661
Do. 2 years ...	...	856	910	13	9
Exceeding 2 years ...	...	14	9	1	...
* Total ...	...	13,529	15,067	2,898	3,239

In 82 per cent. of the sentences, the imprisonment awarded was rigorous.

Of the 10 persons shown as sentenced to "forfeiture of property," 8 were cases of confiscation under the Forest, Abkari and Arms Acts. Forfeiture of property.

The sentences of fine passed during the past two years are compared below in detail:—

		1884.	1885.
		Rs. 4,00,725	Rs. 2,88,700
Not exceeding 10 Rupees	...	87,638	90,206
" 50 "	...	6,031	5,689
" 100 "	...	460	425
" 500 "	...	167	153
" 1,000 "	...	11	4
Exceeding 1,000 "	...	1	...
	...	94,303	96,477

Although the average fine, namely, Rupees 4 per head, was the same in 1885 as in 1884, there was a decrease in the number of the larger amounts of fine, and this naturally led to a decrease in the total amount imposed in the year. The amounts of fine imposed during the year and the amounts realized and paid in compensation are shown below:—

Imposed.	Realized.	Percentage.	Compensation paid to complainants.	Percentage to realizations.
1884 ... Rs. 4,00,725	Rs. 2,88,700	72.0	Rs. 28,606	9.9
1885 ... ,, 3,94,434	,, 2,97,669	75.4	,, 27,586	9.6

The percentage of realizations was 3 per cent. better than in 1884, showing that on the whole better discretion was exercised in adapting fines to the means of the party fined. It was high in Anantapur (93.1), Trichinopoly (89.7) and Cuddapah (88.5), and low in Ganjam (46.4), Malabar (67.4) and South Arcot (67.7). Including Rupees 6,945 recovered on account of fines imposed in previous years, the total collections from fines in 1885 amounted to Rupees 3,04,614 as against Rupees 2,98,184 in 1884. The proportion of fines paid as compensation was small. There is nothing to show what proportion the sum actually paid bore to the sum awarded on account of compensation. Statement L in the Appendix gives details of fines imposed and realized and of compensation paid in each district.

The details of the sentences of whipping are:—

		1884.	1885.
		453	515
Not exceeding 10 stripes	...	...	...
" 20 "	...	644	709
" 30 "	...	218	229
	...	1,315	1,453

* This table includes 42 and 121 persons respectively ordered to be imprisoned in default of their furnishing security to keep the peace or for good behaviour in 1884 and 1885 respectively.

Of these, 561 were juveniles, 13 of whom were whipped in addition to, and 548 in lieu of, other punishments. This class of punishments was sparingly used in Cuddapah, Kurnool and Anantapur, the number whipped being 6, 11 and 13 respectively.

Of the 306 persons ordered to furnish security for peace or good behaviour, 121 were imprisoned for non-compliance with the order as follows :—

	For peace.	For good behaviour.	
	Simple.	Simple.	Rigorous.
Not exceeding 15 days ...	38	...	...
" 6 months ...	27	12	25
" 1 year ...	1	1	17
	66	13	42

726 of the persons convicted under Special Acts were ordered to fulfil contracts under Act XIII of 1859, and the remaining 10 persons, to pay compensation under Section 22 of Act I of 1871.

50. In awarding punishments, the right of appeal was denied to very few persons by the regular mufassal Magistracy, as the following figures testify :—

	Appealable.		Non-appealable.	
	Regular.	Summary.	Regular.	Summary.
Bench of Magistrates ...	2,736	24,171	...	173
Special Magistrates ...	1,302	...	8	...
Other Subordinate Magistrates ..	81,703	170	777	2,158
District Magistrates ...	166	6	17	30
	85,907	24,347	802	2,361

51. To show the quality of work done, the appealable sentences passed are distributed below according to the powers of Magistrates that passed them, and the number and result of appeals therefrom :—

Appeal Test.		2nd and 3rd Class Magistrates.	1st Class Magistrates.
Number of persons against whom appealable sentences were passed ...	...	107,820	2,434
Number of persons who appealed to Sub-divisional and District Magistrates ...	...	10,644	...
Number of persons whose appeals were decided ...	...	10,360	...
Number of persons whose sentences were confirmed ...	...	6,070	...
Number of appellants to Courts of Session ...	...	...	983
Number of do. whose cases were decided. ...	...	...	902
Number of do. whose sentences were confirmed ...	...	...	628
Sub-divisional and District Magistrates' Courts.	Percentage of appellants to appealable sentences ...	9.9	...
	Percentage of sentences confirmed. ...	58.6	...
Sessions Courts.	Percentage of appellants to appealable sentences ...	...	40.4
	Percentage of sentences confirmed. ...	...	69.6

The average duration of the cases decided by the several classes of Magistrates was as follows :—

	1884.	1885.
Bench of Magistrates ...	1 day.	1½ days.
Special Magistrates ...	4 days.	7 "
Other Subordinate Magistrates ...	6 "	6 "
District Magistrates ...	7 "	9 "

The best averages were shown in the Nilgiris (1 day), Bellary, (3) and Chingleput (3), and the worst in South Canara (9), Tinnevely (9) and Salem (8).

52. Taking promptitude in the examination of witnesses as a further test of the quality of work done, the figures below show that, notwithstanding a large increase in the number of witnesses examined in the several classes of Courts during 1885, there was a reduction of no less than 28 per cent. in the number detained for more than three days as compared with the preceding year.

	Examined.		Detained beyond 3 days.	
	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.
Bench of Magistrates ...	23,665	24,774	663	82
Special Magistrates ...	3,922	4,540	421	198
Other Subordinate Magistrates...	269,688	298,492	21,331	15,897
District Magistrates ...	684	937	79	53
	297,959	328,743	22,494	16,230

The improvement was general and was very marked in the Courts of Bench Magistrates.

The total amount paid to witnesses on account of diet and travelling expenses was Rupees 24,126, or a little over one anna per witness examined. There is nothing to show how many of the witnesses examined were actually dieted. The districts in which the largest amounts were paid were Madura (Rupees 3,459) and Vizagapatam (Rupees 3,431).

53. From the above, it appears that, tested by appropriateness of punishments, results in appeal, promptitude of disposal and non-detention of witnesses, the original work done by the regular Magisterial Courts in the mufassal in 1885 compares favorably with results in the preceding year.

B.—Appellate and Revisional Jurisdiction.

54. Statements G1 and H in the Appendix show the extent and results of proceedings in appeal and revision in each district. The number of appeals instituted in the year

	1883.	1884.	1885.
Sub-divisional (1st Class) Magistrates ...	3,454	4,147	4,201
District Magistrates ...	331	337	362
	3,785	4,484	4,563

was 4,653. The increase as compared with previous years since the introduction of the new Code is due partly to the increase in convictions by Magistrates (113,417 against 109,397 in 1884), and partly, as observed in last report, to the change in the law which prohibits enhancement of sentences on appeal.

The increase in appeals occurred principally in four districts, Malabar (129), Madura (85), Godavari (38) and Tinnevely (36). There was, on the other hand, a decrease in South Arcot (77), North Arcot (55), Cuddapah (51) and Tanjore (45).

55. The number of appeals disposed of and pending during the past three years is shown in the margin.

	Disposed of.			Pending.		
	1883.	1884.	1885.	1883.	1884.	1885.
Sub divisional Magistrates.	3,550	4,153	4,253	161	195	244
District Magistrates ...	263	306	269	16	17	10
	3,816	4,459	4,522	177	212	254

These figures include appeals pending at the beginning of the year and exclude those abated by death or escape of accused persons. The arrears

have slightly increased in the Courts of Sub-divisional Magistrates, especially in Malabar and Salem. The District Magistrates of South Arcot and Madura received and disposed of no appellate work. In Malabar, 74 appeals were received by the District Magistrate, but all except 3 were transferred to other Courts or not proceeded with owing to the death or escape of accused persons. The District Magistrate of Trichinopoly, on the other hand, kept in his own hands all the appellate work (96 appeals) in his Court. The District Magistrates of South Canara and Nellore decided 25 and 23 appeals respectively, though in the former district 16 out of the 42 filed were transferred to other Courts. The work done by other

District Magistrates varied from 19 appeals to one, and, generally speaking, it can hardly be said that they have taken a sufficient share in this class of work.

Average duration.

56. The average duration, in days, of appeals decided was :—

	1884.	1885.
Sub-divisional Magistrates	20	19
District Magistrates	17	13

Appellants concerned and disposed of.

57. The number of appellants concerned in cases received during the year was 10,644. Including 648 persons who awaited trial at the beginning of the year and excluding those who died or escaped, there were 11,132 for trial, of whom 10,360 were disposed of as follows :—

	Disposed of.	Pending.
	1884. 1885.	1884. 1885.
Sub-divisional Magistrates	9,650 9,724	608 757
District Magistrates	704 636	40 15
Total	10,354 10,360	648 772

Results.

Rejected. Confirmed. Varied. Reversed. Quashed. New trial ordered.

Sub-divisional Magistrates	787	4,862	850	3,033	52	140
District Magistrates	80	341	55	157	...	3
Total...	867	5,203	905	3,190	52	143
Compare 1884	794	4,893	953	3,599	6	109
Percentage. { 1884...	7.7	47.2	9.2	34.8	0.1	1.0
1885...	8.4	50.2	8.7	30.8	0.5	1.4

It will be seen that 58½ per cent. of the appellants were wholly unsuccessful, and 8½ per cent. succeeded only partially. The proportion of wholly unsuccessful appellants was highest in Chingleput (76.3), Trichinopoly (73.9), Kistna (66.9) and Vizagapatam (66.2), and lowest in Anantapur (36.5), North Arcot (39.1), South Arcot (42.7) and Nilgiris (44.4).

Revision cases.

58. Statement H in the Appendix shows, by districts, particulars of revision cases before the Regular Mufassal Courts. The number of revision cases received, disposed of and pending appears in the margin. Of the 432 cases received, 349 came up on application and 83 were taken up of the Courts' own motion. How many of the former were on behalf of the complainants is not shown in the returns in all cases, notwithstanding the instructions issued on the subject.

	Received.	Disposed of.	Pending.
Sub-divisional Magistrates	28	23	12
District Magistrates	404	423	12
Total	432	451	12

Persons dealt with.

The number of accused persons before the Courts in revision was 1,141, of whom 1,111 were dealt with and 30 awaited disposal at the end of the year. The results were as follows :—

	Interference declined.	Proceedings quashed.	Committal or enquiry ordered.	Referred to District Magistrate.	Referred to High Court.
Sub-divisional Magistrates	68	...	...	8	...
District Magistrates	739	26	177	...	93
Total	807	26	177	8	93
Compare 1884	482	11	97	7	167

4.—COURTS OF SESSION.

A.—Original Jurisdiction.

Institutions.

59. Statement E8 in the Appendix shows, by districts, the work of Courts of Session. In 1885, 1,149 cases were committed for trial before these Courts, being slightly in excess of the preceding year.

1883	1,159
1884	1,021
1885	1,149

The chief variations in the number of cases committed in the several districts as compared with 1884, are noted below :—

	Increase.		Decrease.
Bellary	35	Ganjam	15
North Arcot...	30	Cuddapah	13
Madura	30	Chingleput...	9
Trichinopoly...	30	Tinnevely	8
Nellore	28		

The increase in Bellary is ascribed to the want of due care on the part of committing Magistrates. Numerous cases of theft by old offenders and of dacoity contributed to the increase in North Arcot, Madura and Trichinopoly. In the last named district, there were 25 commitments of old offenders in 1885 as against only 7 in 1884. The Sessions files in Nellore were swelled by a series of cases of criminal breach of trust against a Karnam, and those of Ganjam, by several cases of fraud in connection with rewards for the killing of wild animals.

60. Including 17 cases pending at the beginning of the year and excluding those in which the accused died or escaped, there were 1,167 for disposal, of which 1,151 were decided and 16 remained pending. In 83 of the cases decided, either the prosecution was withdrawn or suspended, or the accused pleaded guilty or the commitments were quashed by the High Court. Of the remaining 1,068 cases, 440 were tried by Jury and 628 with Assessors. Statement F in the Appendix shows the details by districts. In over 95 per cent. of the cases, the Judges concurred with the verdict of the Jury. In Madura the Judge differed from the Jury in 5 out of 43 cases, but in only two of these cases was reference made under Section 307: In Assessors' cases, the Courts agreed with the opinions of both Assessors in 76 per cent. of the cases: in 19 per cent. they differed from both Assessors: and in 5 per cent. they agreed with one and differed with the other Assessor. The Salem Sessions Judge disagreed with the Assessors in 16 out of 41 cases. Unfortunately only a few of the Sessions Judges' reports contain any notice of the working of the Jury system.

	Decided.	Pending.
1883	1,169	12
1884	1,017	17
1885	1,151	16

61. The number of persons for trial, tried and pending before Sessions Courts during the past three years, including the persons who awaited trial at the beginning of each year and excluding those who died or escaped, is shown below :—

	1883.	1884.	1885.
For trial	2,267	1,990	2,562
Dealt with	2,247	1,964	2,513
Pending	20	26	49

In three districts, the number of persons before the Court exceeded 200 and in nine, it was above 100 :—

Bellary	261	Tinnevely	164	South Malabar...	124
Trichinopoly...	239	Tanjore	163	South Canara	119
Madura	226	North Arcot...	132	Cuddapah	108
Salem	196	Coimbatore	126	Kurnool	104

Of the 49 persons who awaited trial at the close of 1885, 22 were before the Kurnool Court alone.

62. Of the 2,513 persons disposed of, 114 were referred to the High Court under Sections 307 and 374 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and the results, as affecting the remaining 2,399, were as below :—

	Discharged or acquitted.	Convicted.	Percentage of convictions.
1884	943	919	49.4
1885	1,265	1,134	47.3

Proportion of convictions.

Taking the persons sentenced to death by Sessions Judges and referred under Section 374, as persons "convicted", the proportion of convictions in the two years would be 53.9 and 50.3, respectively. In different districts the percentage of convictions varied considerably, as noted below:—

District variations.	High.				Low.			
Madura ...	...	...	...	70.7	Bellary...	...	...	30.9
North Malabar ...	...	...	...	65.0	Kistna ...	...	...	35.4
South Arcot ...	...	...	...	60.2	Salem ..	...	...	37.7
Vizagapatam ...	...	...	...	59.0	Nellore...	...	...	38.1
North Arcot ...	...	...	...	56.8				

The low percentage of convictions in Bellary is stated by the Sessions Judge to be "owing frequently to the want of discretion on the part of committing Magistrates in sending up cases in which there ought not to have been any reasonable expectation of a conviction."

Punishments.

63. The punishments awarded were as below:—

		1884.		1885.	
Transportation.	{ For life ...	...	...	100	110
	{ For a term ...	...	...	37	35
Imprisonment ...	{ Rigorous { with solitary confinement	...	...	28	29
	{ without " ...	...	...	714	908
	{ Simple ...	...	...	26	43
Fine ...	{ Alone ...	...	...	11	1
	{ With other punishments	...	...	52	65
Whipping ...	{ Alone ...	...	...	3	8
	{ With other punishments	...	...	10	4

Imprisonment.

No particulars are available of the terms of transportation. Those of imprisonment were as follows:—

		Rigorous.		Simple.	
		1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.
Not exceeding 15 days	...	...	4	2	13
" 6 months	...	...	115	104	13
" 2 years	...	...	229	203	...
" 7 years	...	...	365	560	...
Exceeding 7 years	...	...	29	68	...

Fines.

		1884.		1885.	
The fines did not exceed	10 Rupees against	5	4	Persons.	
"	50 "	16	26		
"	100 "	19	10		
"	500 "	16	15		
"	1,000 "	7	6		
and were above	1,000 "	...	5		
The amounts imposed were	Rupees	15,094	28,959		
" realized	"	5,685	2,550		
	Percentage	37.6	8.8		

Including Rupees 2,687 recovered on account of fines imposed in previous years, the total collections were Rupees 5,237 as against Rupees 7,517 in 1884; and of this sum, Rupees 558 were awarded to complainants as compensation as compared with Rupees 1,167 in the previous year.

Whipping.

The sentences of whipping were:—

	1884.	1885.
10 stripes and less	1	2
20 "	2	5
30 "	10	5

4 of these persons were juveniles.

64. Of the 1,134 sentences passed by Sessions Courts, 1,102 were appealable. The number and result of appeals therefrom were as below:—

			Appeal test.
Number of persons against whom appealable sentences were passed...	...	1,102	
Number of appellants to High Court ...	...	802	
Number of appellants whose cases were decided...	...	774	
Number of sentences confirmed	...	625	
Percentage of appellants to appealable sentences..	...	72.7	
Percentage of sentences confirmed	...	80.7	

The average duration of cases was 21 days, being highest in Cuddapah (32), Salem, Tinnevely, Chingleput and Coimbatore (29 each) and lowest in Ganjam (16).

65. The number of witnesses examined by Sessions Courts in the year was 8,018 as against 6,435 in the previous year. Of these, 3,676 witnesses, or more than twice the number (1,401) in 1884, were detained at Court for over three days. The districts in which this result was most marked were:—

	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.
Coimbatore ...	197	630	Godavari ...	183
Bellary...	283	654	Kurnool ...	46
Madura ...	93	337	Salem ...	19
Trichinopoly ...	67	275	Tanjore ...	105

In Bellary, Madura and Trichinopoly, the Sessions were unusually heavy; but in Coimbatore, the same reason for unsatisfactory detention did not obtain.

A sum of Rupees 28,595 was paid on account of diet-money, &c., to witnesses, giving an average of about 3½ Rupees per witness examined. The districts in which the largest amounts were paid were Bellary (Rupees 4,536), Coimbatore (Rupees 3,046), Salem (Rupees 1,826) and Cuddapah (Rupees 1,610).

B.—Appellate and Revisional Jurisdiction.

66. The figures in the margin show a steady increase in the appeals instituted in Sessions Courts during the last three years, and it occurred chiefly in South Malabar (32), Madura (24), Tinnevely (23) and Godavari (16).

Including appeals pending at the commencement of the year and excluding those abated by death or escape of persons, the numbers disposed of compare as follows:—

Disposed of.			Pending.		
1883.	1884.	1885.	1883.	1884.	1885.
488	507	563	31	33	53

The increase in arrears occurred chiefly in Bellary (6), Trichinopoly (5) and Kurnool (3).

The average duration of appeals was the same as in 1884, namely, 25 days.

67. The number of appellants in 1885 was 1,025, of whom 902 were disposed of with the following results:—

	Rejected.	Confirmed.	Varied.	Reversed	Quashed.	New trial ordered.	Total disposed of.	Pending.	Appellants concerned and disposed of.
Compare 1884	244	384	93	180	...	1	902	123	
1884	164	333	90	160	1	18	771	49	

The proportion of wholly unsuccessful appellants was highest in Vizagapatam (90.5), North Arcot (89.8), Kistna (82.1) and Ganjam (80.7), and lowest in Bellary (25.6) and Nellore (44.9).

68. The number of revision cases received, disposed of and pending was 279, 276 and 15 respectively. Of those received, 239 came up on application and 40 were taken up of the Courts' own motion.

The number of persons before the Sessions Courts in revision was 700, of whom 675 were dealt with and 25 awaited disposal. The results were as follows:—

	Interference declined.	Proceedings quashed.	Committal or enquiry ordered.	Referred to High Court.
Compare 1884 ...	446	39	96	94
1884	283	3	32	76

5.—PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

Institutions.

	1883.	1884.	1885.
Egmore Court ...	10,137	11,185	11,547
Black Town do....	16,046	15,477	15,984
	26,183	26,662	27,531

69. In 1885, 27,531 cases were received in the two Courts of Presidency Magistrates as detailed in the margin. Most of these were cases under the Municipal and Police Acts, and cases of criminal force and assault.

Disposals.

Including 18 cases pending at the beginning of the year, there were 27,549 for disposal, of which 27,528 were disposed of, leaving 21 cases pending at the close of the year. The average number of cases decided per Magistrate was 20 in the Egmore Court and 28 in the Black Town Court.

	Disposed of.			Pending.		
	1883.	1884.	1885.	1883.	1884.	1885.
Egmore Court ...	10,137	11,186	11,546	2	1	2
Black Town do ...	16,046	15,473	15,982	13	17	19
	26,183	26,659	27,528	15	18	21

Persons for trial, tried and pending.

70. The total number of persons for trial, tried and pending before these Courts during the past three years is shown below :—

	1883.	1884.	1885.
For disposal ...	32,808	33,186	33,967
Dealt with ...	32,743	33,160	33,935
Pending trial ...	65	26	32

Results.

Of the 33,935 persons dealt with in the year, 89 were committed to the High Court, and the results as affecting the rest are shown below :—

			Percentage of convictions	
			1884.	1885.
Discharged or acquitted ...	...	1884. 2,413	1885. 5,237	
Convicted { on regular trial ...	...	172	116	92.7
{ „ summary „ ...	...	30,495	23,493	84.5

The decrease in the proportion of convictions occurred in both Courts and the cause of it is unexplained.

Work of Commissioner of Police.

71. 23 cases affecting 38 persons were received by the Commissioner of Police as a Magistrate under Act VIII of 1867 (Madras). All of them were disposed of by the discharge of the persons concerned.

Punishments.

72. The following punishments were awarded to the persons convicted during the year :—

	1884.	1885.
Rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.	37	17
Do. without „ „	646	649
Simple „ „	59	63
Fine ... { Alone ...	29,504	27,400
{ With other punishments ...	48	105
Whipping ... { Alone ...	211	249
{ With other punishments ...	12	11
Orders to give securities under { \$ 106 ...	30	49
{ „ 107 ...	...	1
„ to fulfil contracts ...	210	230

Imprisonment.

The terms of imprisonment varied as below :—

		Rigorous.		Simple.		
		1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.	
Not exceeding 15 days	...	...	187	146	52	48
„ 6 months	...	...	329	408	7	15
„ 2 years	...	...	167	112	...	...

Fines.

	1884.	1885.
The fines were under 10 Rs. against 29,266 27,328 persons.	247	145
„ 50 „	24	18
„ 100 „	14	14
„ 500 „	1	...
„ 1000 „	...	...

15

The amount imposed was Rupees 31,086, of which Rupees 24,947, or 80 per cent, were recovered, out of which Rupees 858 were paid to complainants as compensation.

Of the persons whipped, 125 received 10 stripes and less.

119	20
and 16	30

Whipping.

96 of them were juveniles.

73. Of the 28,609 sentences noted above, the number appealable was 116, of which 17 were appealed to the High Court. 15 of the appeals were decided, with the result that the sentences were confirmed in 9, i. e. 60 per cent.

74. The number of witnesses examined in these Courts was 12,442 as compared with 13,962 in 1884. The number detained for more than three days was 28 as against 16 in the previous year. No expenses were incurred in the shape of diet or travelling allowances to witnesses.

6.—HIGH COURT.

A.—Original Jurisdiction.

(a.)—Sessions Cases.

Sessions cases.

75. In 1885, 67 cases were committed for trial before the High Court, all having been sent up by the Presidency Magistrates. Of these cases, 43 were cases of theft, house-breaking, and receiving stolen property, against old offenders; 7 related to forgery, and two were cases of murder. There were no cases against European British subjects.

Including 1 case pending at the beginning of the year, there were 68 cases for disposal, and all were disposed of with the following results :—

	Disposed of.	Pending.
1883 ...	74	...
1884 ...	73	1
1885 ...	63	...

Disposals.

Not proceeded with owing to convictions in other cases ...	5
Decided on confessions ...	16
Tried by Common Jury ...	46
„ „ Special „ ...	1
	68

76. The number of persons for trial, tried and pending, during the past 3 years was as follows :—

	1883.	1884.	1885.
For trial ...	87	98	83
Dealt with ...	87	97	83
Pending ...	...	1	...

Persons for trial and tried.

The results of trial were :—

	1884.	1885.
Discharged without trial ...	13	5
Discharged or acquitted on trial ...	15	17
Convicted ...	69	61
Percentage of convictions ...	82.1	78.2

Results.

77. The number of witnesses examined at the Sessions in 1885 was 237 as compared with 402 in the previous year.

78. The average duration of cases from date of commitment to judgment was 28 days as against 31 in 1884.

Average duration of cases.

Cases under
Section 307,
Cr. P. C.

(b.)—Cases under Section 307, Criminal Procedure Code.

79. 16 cases of disagreement between Sessions Judges and Juries were submitted under Section 307, Criminal Procedure Code. In 14 of them, the Jury were for acquittal and the Judge for conviction. With the one case pending from the previous year, there were 17 for disposal, of which 14 were decided and 3 remained pending at the close of the year. In 9 out of the 14 cases decided, the verdict of the Jury was set aside and conviction recorded; in 4, it was upheld, and in the remaining one case, a new trial was ordered.

80. The number of persons concerned in these cases was 46. 30 of them were dealt with in the year, and the results were as follows:—

Persons concerned.	Found guilty by High Court	...	...	...	13
	Verdict of guilty upheld	...	...	...	3
	" not guilty upheld	...	...	...	12
	New trial ordered	...	...	...	2
					<u>30</u>

(c.)—Cases under Section 374, Criminal Procedure Code.

81. 67 cases, in which capital sentences were passed, were submitted by Sessions Judges for confirmation under Section 374, Criminal Procedure Code. The largest number received from any district was 9, sent up by North Arcot. 55 of these cases were disposed of in 1885 and 12 cases were pending at the close of the year.

82. The number of persons concerned in these cases was 78. The cases of 64 of them were disposed of and 14 persons awaited trial at the end of the year. The results as affecting the 64 persons dealt with were as below:—

		1884.	1885.
Persons concerned.	Acquitted	...	...
	Convicted	...	...
	New trial ordered	...	...
		<u>88</u>	<u>64</u>

83. Including the persons found guilty in cases submitted under Sections 307 and 374 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the number convicted was 125, and the sentences passed on them were as follows:—

		1884.	1885.
Punishments.	Death	...	...
	Transportation, { For life	...	...
	{ For a term	...	...
	Rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.	...	...
	" " without	...	...
	Fine, { Alone	...	...
	{ With other punishments	...	...
	Orders to give security under § 106	...	...

Details. Of the 35 sentences of death, 1 was passed at the High Court Sessions and the rest were confirmations of those passed by Sessions Courts. Of the other sentences, 13 of life-transportation and 1 of rigorous imprisonment were passed in commutation of death sentences; and 3 of the former and 13 of the latter, in cases submitted under Section 307.

The terms of rigorous imprisonment awarded were as below:—

		1884.	1885.
	Not exceeding 6 months	...	...
	" 2 years	...	...
	" 7 "	...	...
	Exceeding 7 "	...	...

B.—Appellate and Revisional Jurisdiction.

84. Statements I, J and K in the Appendix give details of the contribution of Appeals, the several districts to the appellate and revisional work of the High Court.

622 appeals were received by the High Court in the year under review. This Institution is the highest number filed within the past seven years, 1880 excepted. These appeals are distributed below

	1883.	1884.	1885.	Nature.
according to their nature:—				
Appeals from persons under sentence of death	51	61	60	
Do. i. e. cases submitted under § 307	16	10	15	
Do. from other convicted persons	421	434	529	
Do. from judgments of acquittal	20	11	18	
	<u>508</u>	<u>516</u>	<u>622</u>	

The appeals under the first head are disposed of along with the cases submitted under Section 374, Criminal Procedure Code, and follow the results therein; and those under the second head are not, in fact, appeals from any sentence actually passed. The results of the disposal of these classes of cases are set forth in paras. 79 to 83 *supra*.

Under the other two heads, there were 63 appeals standing over from 1884. These with the 547 new appeals made

610 for disposal, of which 532 were disposed of and 78 were pending at the close of the year. The results were as below:—

				Cases.		Percentage.		Results.
				1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.	
Appeals from convictions...	{	Rejected summarily	...	170	243	37.86	45.68	
		Sentence confirmed	...	178	157	39.64	29.51	
		„ varied	...	67	86	14.93	16.16	
		„ reversed	...	20	26	4.45	4.89	
		New trial or further enquiry ordered.	...	4	...	.89	...	
„ from acquittal ...	{	Confirmed... ..	...	6	11	1.34	2.07	
		Reversed and { conviction recorded.	...	4	6	.89	1.13	
			new trial ordered ...	...	3	...	.56	
				<u>449</u>	<u>532</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>	

85. The average duration of the appeals was 49 days against 47 days in 1884. Average duration.

86. The number of accused persons concerned in appeals received during the year was 972. Excluding the 112 persons connected with the cases submitted under Sections 374 and 307, and including the 87 persons pending at the beginning of the year, there were 947 for disposal, of whom 824 were disposed of and 123 awaited trial at the close of the year. The results were as below:—

al at the close of the year. The results were as below. —					1884.	1885.	Results.
Appeals from convictions...	{	In cases summarily rejected ...	...	...	223	414	
		Confirmed... ..	...	...	298	220	
		Varied	...	...	126	107	
		Reversed	...	...	38	43	
		New trial ordered	...	...	4	...	
				689	789		
				5	17		
,, from acquittals ...	{	Confirmed	...	...			
		Reversed and conviction record- ed	...	...	4	9	
		New trial ordered	...	...	1	9	
				10	35		
				699	824		

Revision
cases.

87. The following table shows the revision work received :—

	1884.	1885.
Under § 432, Cr. P. C., from the Presidency Magistrates ...	2	1
„ § 435 „ taken up <i>suo motu</i> { for revision of {		
„ § 438 „ reported by {		
Session Judges „ { District Magistrates. 3	54	30
District Magistrates „ { Other Magistrates... 42	12	14
„ § 439 „ on application „ { Other Magistrates... 295	168	21
	52	68
	27	14
	145	173
	800	782

The large decrease in the number of cases taken up *suo motu* and the increase in those reported by Sessions Judges, was in consequence of the order of the High Court, made in December 1884, under which the original and appeal calendars required to be submitted to it were restricted to those of District Magistrates and Sessions Judges.

Disposals and results. 88. Including a case pending from the previous year, there were 2 cases from Presidency Magistrates, of which one was disposed of and the other was pending. The particulars as to the other cases appear below :—

	Pending from 1884.	For disposal.	Disposed of.				Total.	Pending at end of 1885.
			Quashed.	Varied.	Not interfered with.	Enquiry ordered.		
Under § 435...	21	86	11	17	51	5	84	2
„ 438 reported by								
Sessions Judges ...	5	108	31	16	41	12	100	8
District Magistrates.	16	324	116	52	70	27	265	59
„ 439 ...	42	297	26	10	192	18	246	51
Total...	84	815	184	95	354	62	695	120
Compare 1884...	97	895	229	122	415	45	811	84

On the whole, in 51 per cent. of the cases decided, the proceedings of the Courts below were not interfered with. In 59 per cent. of the cases reported by Sessions Judges and in 73 per cent. of those reported by District Magistrates, the proceedings were quashed or otherwise disturbed. The proportion of interference with Lower Courts' orders in cases in which revision was applied for by parties was naturally low, being only 22 per cent.

Results
affecting
different
classes of
Courts.

89. The said results are exhibited below according to the Courts whose orders were the subject of revision :—

	Quashed.	Varied.	Not interfered with.	Enquiry ordered.	Total.
Presidency Magistrates...	3	...	7	1	11
Other Subordinate Magistrates ...	169	79	248	58	554
District Magistrates ...	4	1	21	1	27
Sessions Courts ...	8	15	78	2	103
Total...	184	95	354	62	695
Compare 1884 ...	229	122	415	45	811

90. The number of persons concerned in the cases for revision was 1,786. Of these, 1,520 were dealt with as shown below and 266 were pending. Persons concerned.

	Persons.		Percentage.		Results.
	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.	
Application rejected summarily ...	147	293	10.0	19.6	
Proceedings not interfered with...	708	524	47.7	34.5	
Sentence or order quashed or set aside ...	382	396	25.8	26.0	
„ varied { enhanced ...	24	24	1.6	1.6	
„ { reduced or altered. ...	141	121	9.5	8.0	
New trial or further enquiry ordered. ...	81	157	5.4	10.3	
	1,483	1,520	100.0	100.0	

91. In the further exercise of its powers of superintendence and revision, the High Court received 922 Calendars of Sessions trials and 290 of trials by District Magistrates; also 516 of appeals heard by Sessions Judges and 509 of appeals heard by District Magistrates, making a total of 2,237, as compared with 9,236 cases in 1884. The decrease was entirely in Magisterial Calendars and is due to the rule of confining submission of Calendars to those of District Magistrates and Sessions Judges. Including 1,217 Calendars standing over from the previous year, there were 3,454 for disposal, of which 3,310 were recorded on perusal and in 54, records of the Courts below were called for. There remained, at the close of the year, 90 Calendars for perusal. Calendars of original trials and appeals supervised.

92. To recapitulate—the salient features of 1885 in the business done by Criminal Courts were, (a) in the case of the Magistracy, an increase in the quantity of work done by all classes of Courts, qualified by the small share taken by District Magistrates of both original and appellate work; better discrimination in awarding punishments, as evidenced by the higher percentage of fines realised and the percentage of confirmation on appeal; and greater promptitude in the examination of witnesses, and in the disposal of cases: (b) in the Sessions Courts, the very small proportion of fines realised, the increased number of witnesses detained for more than 3 days and the reduced percentage of capital sentences confirmed on reference to the High Court as compared with the preceding year, counterbalanced, however, by an improved percentage of confirmation in appeals generally: and (c) in the High Court, an increase in the number of appeals and a decrease in the number of criminal revision cases consequent on the abrogation of the rule requiring submission of Calendars by all Subordinate Magistrates. Recapitulation of chief features in the business of Courts during 1885.

V.—Miscellaneous.

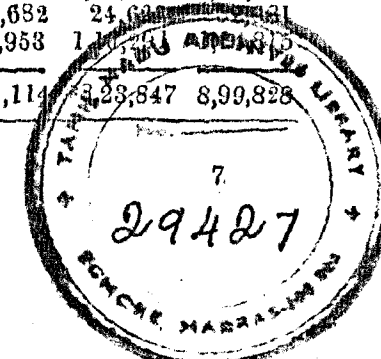
93. Statement M in the Appendix shows, according to districts, the receipts and charges of all Criminal Courts. The net result was a deficit of Rupees 8,99,828. As in the case of Civil Justice, the charges on account of salaries and contingencies of judicial officers engaged in the administration of Criminal Justice have been calculated with reference to the proportion of time estimated to have been devoted by them to criminal work. The details are given below :— Receipts and charges. Generally.

	Receipts.		Charges.	
	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.
Court fees ...	1,58,043	1,60,073		
Fines ...	3,48,851	3,34,903	Salaries and contin- gencies ...	12,81,401
Other items ...	21,541	22,310	Refunds ...	39,874
			Compensation ...	31,007
Total ...	5,28,435	5,17,286	Total ...	13,52,282

Taking the classes of Courts separately, the receipts and charges compare as follows :— By classes of Courts.

	Receipts.		Charges.		Deficit.	
	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.	1884.	1885.
Regular Magistrates' Courts ...	4,66,835	4,68,028	9,75,509	10,19,284	5,08,674	5,51,256
Sessions Courts. ...	17,254	13,119	1,97,513	2,14,193	1,80,259	2,01,076
Presidency Magistrates' Courts.	42,966	35,001	67,589	67,682	24,623	32,681
High Court ...	1,380	1,188	1,11,671	1,15,953	1,10,291	1,14,765
Total...	*5,28,435	5,17,286	*13,52,282	14,17,114	8,23,847	8,99,828

* Revised figures.



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The figures above show a large deficit, especially in the Courts of Regular Magistrates. It seems doubtful if the charges of those Courts, as shown in their returns, are correctly calculated with reference to the proportion of time occupied by criminal work. Taking the inferior Subordinate Magistrates' Courts by themselves, there was a large surplus of receipts.

Effect of rules issued. 94. The only rules of any importance affecting the procedure of Courts subordinate to the High Court, which came into force during the year were those relating to the submission of Calendars, passed in December 1884. These rules provide for the discontinuance of the submission to the High Court of the Original and Appellate Judgments, Orders, Registers of Summary Trials, &c., of all 1st Class Magistrates except District Magistrates, and for the scrutiny of their proceedings by District Magistrates and Sessions Judges. This has resulted, as observed elsewhere, in considerable relief to the revision work of the High Court.

Simplification of returns. 95. The forms of periodical statistical returns have also been simplified, and the submission of monthly returns of work of all Magistrates by District Magistrates to Sessions Judges has been dispensed with.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, }
MADRAS, 16th October 1886. }

H. T. ROSS,
Registrar,
Appellate Side.

APPENDIX.

I.—Imperial Statements.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 2, PART 1.—(CRIMINAL.)
Statement of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each class of offence in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCE.	NUMBER OF CASES.					NUMBER OF PERSONS.				
	Number of Offences reported.	Complaints rejected under Sec. 203, Cr. Pro. Code.	Cases struck off as false.	Returned as true.	Brought to trial during the year.	Under trial during the year, includ- ing pend- ing from previous years.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Remaining under trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
UNDER THE INDIAN PENAL CODE.										
Offences against the State, Chap. VI...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to the Army and Navy, Chap. VII...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences against the public tranquillity " VIII...	1,389	142	226	1,571	1,512	13,737	8,084	4,733	2	918
Offences by or relating to public servants " IX...	108	18	6	84	83	129	81	39	...	9
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chap. X...	2,251	43	37	2,171	2,167	3,027	1,299	1,656	...	72
False evidence and offences against public justice, " XI...	1,004	44	53	907	886	1,489	734	631	...	124
Offences relating to coin and Government stamps " XII...	179	3	29	147	142	192	88	104	...	...
Offences relating to weights and measures, " XIII...	240	7	6	227	223	280	121	144	...	15
Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals, Chap. XIV...	9,702	167	233	9,302	9,203	12,481	2,726	9,655	...	100
Offences relating to religion, Chap. XV...	110	13	10	87	85	370	253	113	1	3
Offences affecting life...	670	50	122	498	464	1,240	735	441	9	55
Offences affecting life...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Causing miscarriage, injuries to unborn children, exposure of infants and the concealment of births...	117	23	29	65	56	121	60	50	...	11
Hurt...	10,185	711	675	8,799	8,389	25,100	20,449	4,105	...	547
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement...	2,623	427	245	1,951	1,902	5,721	4,884	676	...	161
Criminal force and assault...	33,008	2,324	1,477	20,207	25,340	67,839	59,336	7,861	10	631
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and forced labour...	175	38	38	99	95	246	192	35	...	19
Rape...	124	18	30	76	63	144	104	35	...	5
Unnatural offences...	7	...	3	4	4	6	3	3	...	...

Thrift...	24,463	2,947	6,257	16,259	15,200	25,164	20,067	14,016	7	374
Extortion...	479	98	43	333	332	1,123	987	92	...	43
Robbery and dacoity...	832	124	319	939	357	1,736	1,182	406	4	54
Criminal misappropriation of property...	656	70	48	559	550	1,201	804	368	...	29
Criminal breach of trust...	3,221	657	422	2,142	2,073	3,118	2,403	579	1	135
Receiving stolen property...	657	12	54	591	590	847	328	495	...	24
Cheating...	1,214	363	70	811	756	1,385	1,112	197	2	74
Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property...	186	16	15	155	154	712	412	152	...	148
Mischief...	8,103	1,158	634	6,311	6,090	18,327	15,479	2,250	5	593
Criminal trespass...	13,745	1,968	1,910	9,867	9,003	24,425	19,167	4,656	15	587
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks, Chap. XVIII...	260	73	22	165	162	18,454	532	41	2	109
Criminal breach of contracts of service, Chap. XIX...	23	3	...	26	25	58	53	5	...	...
Offences relating to marriage, Chap. XX...	872	157	55	680	631	1,394	1,197	151	...	46
Defamation, Chap. XXI...	537	117	6	414	361	925	807	90	...	23
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance, Chap. XXII...	2,954	256	110	2,618	2,259	4,678	3,872	735	...	71
Total...	1,207,743	12,059	12,189	96,495	89,187	2,27,897	1,67,550	51,604	58	5,695
UNDER SPECIAL AND LOCAL LAWS.										
<i>Code of Criminal Procedure.</i>										
Security for keeping the peace (Sections 107, 108 and 119)...	79	...	...	79	78	321	136	151	...	34
Security for good behaviour (Sections 109 and 110)...	70	...	...	70	70	188	93	67	1	27
<i>Other laws—relating to.</i>										
Abkari, Act III of 1864 and V of 1879...	5,287	209	202	4,788	4,629	6,250	1,634	4,195	5	116
Arms and Ammunitions, Act XXXI of 1869 and XI of 1878...	322	6	9	307	305	416	81	303	...	32
Army, Act I of 1881...	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...
Boundary, Act XXVIII of 1869...	47	3	...	44	44	96	66	27	...	3
Canal and Ferry, Act I of 1870...	11	...	1	10	10	33	33	...	...	...
Cantonments, Act I of 1866...	594	...	12	582	582	646	51	595	...	...

JUDICIAL STATEMENT NO. 2, PART 1.—(CRIMINAL.)—Continued.
Statement of offences reported and of persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each class of offence in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCE.	NUMBER OF CASES.					NUMBER OF PERSONS.				
	Number of Offences reported.	Complaints rejected under Section 203, Cr. P. C.	Cases struck off as false.	Returned as true.	Brought to trial during the year.	Under trial during the year including from previous years.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Remaining under trial.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Cattle Disease, Act II of 1863	2	...	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...
Cattle Trespass, Act I of 1871, and Pound, Act I of 1871	2,943	174	103	2,663	2,584	8,230	7,026	1,079	1	174
Christian Marriages, Act XV of 1872, Section 68	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
Code of Civil Procedure, Act XIV of 1882	60	2	7	51	49	95	68	24	...	8
Coerce Stealing Prevention, Act VIII of 1878	22	...	...	22	22	43	6	37	...	...
Compulsory Labor, Act I of 1858	16	...	...	16	16	53	31	22	...	...
Contagious Diseases, Act XIV of 1863	46	...	...	46	46	46	6	40	...	...
Contract, Act XIII of 1859	2,829	175	52	2,601	2,158	3,676	2,647	989	...	40
Coroners, Act IV of 1871	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...
Emigration, Act VII of 1871	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...
Forest, Act V of 1882 (Madras)	1,646	13	23	1,610	1,583	5,012	2,002	2,934	...	86
Game and Fish, Act II of 1879	4	...	...	4	4	7	5	2	...	...
Hackney and Stage Carriages, Act III of 1879	699	...	...	699	699	699	22	677	...	...
Jails, Act V of 1869 (Madras)	39	...	...	39	39	44	16	28	...	...
Local Funds, Act IV of 1871	112	...	2	110	110	379	294	85	...	...
Merchants Shipping, Act I of 1859 and VII of 1880	31	...	...	31	31	67	26	29	...	2
Municipalities, Act III of 1871 and Act IV of 1884	19,216	32	92	19,092	19,074	19,575	5,741	13,769	7	53
Mutiny, Act VII of 1867	1	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...
Native Passengers' Shipping, Act VIII of 1876	3	...	...	3	3	3	...	3	...	...

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Opium, Act I of 1873	202	19	13	170	169	241	88	142	...	11
Petroleum	3	...	...	3	3	3	...	3	...	...
Police, Act XXIV of 1859. { By Policemen	11,621	7	38	11,576	11,567	12,235	1,632	10,587	...	16
Police, Act XXIV of 1859. { By others	29,432	31	242	29,159	29,038	29,942	1,733	28,162	2	45
Police (Town), Act VIII of 1867 (Madras)	10,287	15	31	10,241	10,241	14,899	641	14,254	...	4
Ports, Acts IV of 1842, XXII of 1855 and XII of 1876	40	...	2	38	33	54	19	35	...	...
Post Office, Act XIV of 1866	16	1	...	15	14	15	5	10	...	...
Printing Presses, Act XXV of 1867	3	1	...	2	2	3	...	3	...	...
Railways, Act IV of 1879	1,015	9	23	993	979	1,186	199	972	2	13
Receiving Soldiers' Necessaries, Act VII of 1879	6	...	...	6	6	7	1	6	...	...
Registration, Act III of 1877	21	...	...	21	21	61	15	39	...	7
Salt, Act I of 1862 (Madras)	8,941	2	25	8,914	8,814	9,172	323	8,811	...	38
Ship Registration, Act X of 1841	1	...	...	1	1	2	2	...	...	...
Stamp, Act I of 1879	228	7	...	221	218	273	39	223	...	11
Telegraph, Act I of 1876	1	...	1	...	...	2	2	...	...	...
Tolls, Act V of 1884	2	...	...	2	2	3	3	...	...	...
Treasure Trove, Act VI of 1878	11	1	3	7	7	24	8	16	...	...
Vagrancy, Act IX of 1874	1	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...
Total	95,914	708	971	94,235	93,264	1,14,119	25,066	88,315	18	720
Grand Total	2,16,657	12,767	13,160	1,90,730	1,82,451	3,42,016	1,32,616	1,42,919	76	6,405

Note.—This Statement does not include cases and persons before some of the Courts in Vizagapatam Agency from which Return No. II has not been received. Hence the total in Col. 7 of this Statement does not agree with the total of Col. 2 minus that of Col. 7 in Statement No. IV.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 2.

Statement showing the general result of the trial of European British

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCE.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ACCUSED AND BROUGHT BEFORE A MAGISTRATE.							PERSONS WHOSE CASES WERE													
	Remaining at the close of the previous year.	WITHIN THE YEAR.					Total	Died, escaped or transferred to other Provinces.	Number actually brought to trial.	BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES AND OTHER FIRST CLASS MAGIS- TRATES.						BY COURTS OF SESSION.					
		On complaint, Sec. 101 (a), C. P. C.	On Police report, Sec. 191 (b) of the Code.	By Magistrate <i>suo motu</i> , Sec. 191 (c) of the Code.	On transfer from an- other Province.	Received by transfer under Sec. 451 B of the Code.				Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Com- MIT- TED.	To Court of Session.	To High Court.	Transferred by order under Sec. 451 B of the Code.	Total omitted entries in Cols. 10 and 15.	Received by transfer under Sec. 451 B of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or dischar- ged.	Transferred to High Court under Sec. 449 of the Code.	Total exclusive of Col. 17.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
Offences by or relating to public servants, Chap. IX ...		1				1		1			1				1						
Offences against the human body, Chap. XVI.	Offences affecting life ...		2			2		2			2				2						
	Hurt ...	12	2			14		14		9	4				13						
	Wrongful restraint...	1				1		1		1					1						
	Criminal force or assault...	1	32	3		36		36		13	22				35						
	Kidnapping or ab- duction...		1			1		1				1			1			1		1	
Offences against property, Chap. XVII.	Theft ...		2	5		7		7		5	2				7						
	Criminal breach of trust...		2	2		4		4		1	3				4						
	Mischief ...		6	1		7		7		4	2				6						
	Criminal trespass...		6	2		8		8		3	3	2			8			2		2	
Offences relating to documents, Chap. XVIII ...		1				1		1				1			1			1		1	
Offences relating to marriage, Chap. XX ...		1				1		1			1				1						
Defamation, Chap. XXI ...		2				2	1	1			1				1						
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance, Chap. XXII ...		8				8		8		2	6				8						
Offences under Special and Local laws. ...		35	15	2		52	1	51		40	9				49						
Total ...	1	110	82	2		145	2	143		78	56	4			133			4		4	

PART 2.—(CRIMINAL.)

Subjects in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

DISPOSED OF.													SUBSIDIARY TABLE.										
By High Court.			TOTAL FOR ALL COURTS.					NUMBER OF CASES.			Number of persons who applied to the High Court for an order under Sec. 456 of the Code.	Of those entered in Col. 5, number who applied under Sec. 2, Act. 111 of 1884, for transfer or committal of their cases.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court under Sec. 526 of the Code for transfer of their cases.										
Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Total.	Number of persons under trial at the close of the year.	Brought to trial.	Disposed of.	Pending.														
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36									
...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	Of the total number of persons shown in	Of cases shown in Col. 30.									
...	...	...	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...			Col. 16.	Col. 21.							
...	...	...	9	4	13	1	9	8	1	...	...	...	Cols. 21 & 24.	Disposed of by Magistrates.									
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	Disposed of by Sessions Judges.										
...	...	...	13	22	35	1	28	27	1	...	...	...											
...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...											
...	...	...	5	2	7	...	5	5	...	...	...	...											
...	...	...	1	3	4	...	3	3	...	...	...	...											
...	...	...	4	2	6	1	4	3	1	...	...	...											
...	...	...	3	5	8	...	7	7	...	...	...	...											
...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...											
...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...											
...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...											
...	...	...	2	6	8	...	8	8	...	...	...	...											
...	...	...	49	9	40	2	36	34	2	...	...	...											
...	...	...	78	60	138	5	108	103	5	...	...	...											
													Of the total number of persons shown in		Of cases shown in Col. 30.								
													Col. 16.	Col. 21.	Cols. 21 & 24.	Disposed of by Magistrates.	Disposed of by Sessions Judges.						
													Number who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, Section 451 A (1) of the Code.	Number who did not so claim.	Number of those in Column 35 (1) whose cases were transferred under Section 451 B of the Code.	Number who claimed a mixed number of assessors, Section 451 (2) of the Code.	Number who did not so claim.	Number who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, Section 451 (1) of the Code.	Number who did not so claim.	Being European British Subjects.	Other than European British Subjects.	Being European British Subjects.	Other than European British Subjects.
													(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
													1	52	...	1	...	2	...	100	...	3	...

JUDICIAL STATEMENT NO. 3.—(CRIMINAL.)

Statement of Miscellaneous Proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

NATURE OF PROCEEDINGS.	Total number of cases before the Courts during the year.	Number of persons concerned.	Number of persons discharged.	Number of persons convicted.	Remarks.
	1	2	3	4	5
1. Proceedings against witnesses under Chap. VI C, Section 485...	5	5	1	4	
2. Proceedings under Chap. VIII to prevent breach of the peace...	109	435	155	230	
3. Proceedings under Chap. VIII.—Security for good behaviour...	70	185	86	67	
4. Proceedings against local nuisances, Chap. X ...	278	455	163	23	
5. Possession, Chap. XII ...	72	212	51	24	
6. Frivolous or vexatious complaints summarily dealt with under Chap. XX, Sec. 250 ...	629	734	71	655	
7. Non-attendance of Jurors or Assessors, Chap. XXIII ...	27	27	2	24	
8. Maintenance, Chapter XXXVI ...	2,061	2,065	630	508	
9. Forfeiture of bail or recognizance under Chapter XLII ...	265	423	40	365	
Total...	3,516	4,531	1,199	1,967	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT NO. 4.—(CRIMINAL.)

Statement showing the general result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various Classes in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

CLASS OF COURTS.												Remarks.	
1	2	PERSONS WHOSE CASES WERE DISPOSED OF.						8	9	10	11		12
		Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Discharged or acquitted.	CONVICTED.		Committed or referred.							
				On Regular Trial.	On Summary Trial.								
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
Village officers	24,835	...	9,015	14,862	...	...	338	15,681	...	...	...	...	
{ Special Magistrates under § 14, C. P. C. ... Honorary Magistrates sitting singly ...	3,790	1	2,369	1,410	...	16	94	1,988	7	4,540	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates. { Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly ... Benches of Magistrates ...	2,65,235	61	1,71,357	81,761	2,325	3,725	6,006	1,22,686	6	2,97,743	...	...	
District and Divisional Magistrates—Cases referred under Sections 347 & 349, Criminal Procedure Code	39,557	7	12,248	2,736	24,344	3	219	38,316	1	24,774	...	...	
Chief Magistrates of Districts	1,044	...	212	783	3	42	4	591	6	764	...	...	
Presidency Magistrates	391	1	198	119	36	32	5	174	11	922	...	...	
Courts of Session	33,967	...	5,237	116	28,403	80	432	27,528	...	12,442	...	...	
{ Original Jurisdiction ... Under Section 307, Criminal Procedure Code ...	2,568	6	1,265	1,134	...	114	49	1,151	21	8,018	...	...	
Superior Court. { Do. 374 do. ...	83	...	22	61	...	...	...	68	...	237	...	...	
Total...	46	...	12	16	...	* 2	16	14	...	...	...	...	
	78	...	12	48	...	* 4	14	55	...	...	...	...	
	3,71,594	76	2,02,547	1,02,966	55,201	4,027	6,777	2,03,252	...	3,40,440	...	...	

* In the case of these persons new trial was ordered.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 5, PART I.—(CRIMINAL.)
Statement showing the punishments inflicted by the various Criminal Tribunals in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

PERSONS SENTENCED TO										DETAILS OF PUNISHMENT.																Number of boys whose sentences were commuted to detention in a Reformatory School.		
IMPRISONMENT.					FINE.					IMPRISONMENT.					WHIPPING.						Number of boys whose sentences were commuted to detention in a Reformatory School.							
Death.	Transportation.	Penal servitude.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Forfeiture of Property.	Fine.	Whipping.	Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace, or surties for good behavior.	Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behavior.	Rs. 10 and under.	Rs. 50 and under.	Rs. 100 and under.	Rs. 500 and under.	Rs. 1,000 and under.	Above Rs. 1,000	Total amount of Fines imposed during the year.	Total amount of Fines realized during the year.	Amount paid by way of compensation.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.		2 years and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.	10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Village officers	...	...	...	...	14,832	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(Spl. Magtes. under Sec. 14, C. P. C.	...	...	...	118	34	...	1,200	5	...	...	1,166	32	...	2	...	...	3,357	2,089	351	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Honorary Magistrates sitting singly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates sitting singly	...	...	...	14,066	2,772	10	63,301	1,375	293	54	62,322	6,446	400	130	3	...	2,797,757	26,081	5,667	10,689	418	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bench of Magistrates	...	...	...	70	302	...	26,687	1	7	...	26,613	73	1	...	...	...	19,354	886	331	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District and Divisional Magistrates—Cases referred under Sections 347 & 349, C. P. C.	...	...	...	677	38	...	185	72	2	...	52	94	21	17	1	...	10,151	2,481	33	30	213	467	5	...	...	...	...	...
Chief Magistrates of Districts	...	...	...	74	14	...	104	...	4	1	53	44	3	4	...	...	2,088	1,903	225	12	43	34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Presidency Magistrates' Courts	...	...	...	663	63	...	27,505	260	50	...	27,328	145	18	14	...	...	31,056	21,947	858	194	424	112	...	...	...	...	...	...
Courts of Session	...	...	...	937	43	...	66	12	...	...	4	26	10	15	6	...	28,659	5,237	558	16	128	208	569	...	...	...	...	...
(Original Jurisdiction	...	...	...	56	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Court ...	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Under Section 307, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
374, " "	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.	35	165	...	16,608	18,143	401,24,048	1,725	4,357	53	1,17,838	5,860	453	182	10	5	...	4,54,479	3,34,798	29,002	6,513	11,636	1,249	619	68	642	833	250	...

* Of these, 4,348 were confined in stocks.

† Of these, 139 persons were ordered under § 106, Cr. P. C. to furnish securities in addition to other punishment.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 5.

PART 2.

Showing Whippings inflicted under Sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864, in lieu of other Punishments, in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

OFFENCES FOR WHICH AWARDED.	NUMBER OF STRIPES AWARDED.													Remarks.
	5 and under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15.		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.		Total.	
	First Conviction.	Second or subse- quent Conviction.	First Conviction.	Second or subse- quent Conviction.	First Conviction.	Second or subse- quent Conviction.	First Conviction.	Second or subse- quent Conviction.	First Conviction.	Second or subse- quent Conviction.	First Conviction.	Second or subse- quent Conviction.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<i>In lieu of other Punishments.</i>														
(Sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864)														
1. Theft, as de- fined in.	Sec. 378, I. P. C.	70	...	274	12	280	11	135	14	50	6	28	11	891
	Sec. 380, "	11	...	102	3	85	3	56	3	38	3	10	1	315
	Sec. 381, "	13	...	21	...	40	1	16	1	5	...	4	...	101
	Sec. 382, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Extortion, as defined in.	Sec. 388, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sec. 389, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen pro- perty, as defined in.	Sec. 411, "	2	...	5	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	11
	Sec. 412, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Lurking house-tres- pass, as defined in Section 443 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in Section 444 ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	3
6. House-breaking, as de- fined in Section 445	...	11	...	11	5	17	1	6	1	1	1	3	...	57
7. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446	...	3	...	25	1	16	1	22	...	8	...	4	6	86
8. Offence under Section 14, Act III, 1880.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Offence under Section 30, Act I, 1866	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	110	...	439	21	440	17	237	19	103	10	50	18	1,464

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 5.

PART 3.

Showing Whippings inflicted, in addition to other Punishments, Sections 3 and 4, Act VI, 1864, in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

OFFENCES FOR WHICH AWARDED.	NUMBER OF STRIPES.						Total.	Remarks.
	5 and under.	6 to 10.	11 to 15.	16 to 20.	21 to 25.	26 to 30.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<i>In addition to other Punishments.</i>								
<i>(Sections 3 and 4).</i>								
A.—SECTION 3.								
1. Theft, as defined in { Section 378, I. P. C.	1	8	24	32	7	23	95	
Section 380, "	...	3	4	13	5	10	35	
Section 381, "	...	1	2	2	1	...	6	
Section 382, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Extortion, as defined in { Section 388, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 389, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in { Section 411, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 412, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in Section 443 ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	
5. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in Section 444 ...	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	
6. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445 ...	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	
7. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446 ...	...	1	1	4	1	7	14	
8. Offences under Section 14, Act III, 1880.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
B.—SECTION 4.								
1. False evidence, as defined in { Section 193, I. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 194, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 195, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. False charge of unnatural offence, as defined in Sections 211 & 377, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Assault, as defined in Section 354, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Rape, as defined in Section 375, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Unnatural offence, as defined in Section 377, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6. Robbery, as defined in Section 390, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7. Dacoity, as defined in Section 391, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Attempt at robbery, as defined in Section 393, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Hurt in committing robbery, as defined in Section 394, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10. Receiving stolen property, as defined in Section 413, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 457, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 463, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 466, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 467, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 468, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 469, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in { Section 457, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 463, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 466, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 467, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 468, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 469, "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in Section 443 ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	
13. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in Section 444 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445 ...	...	...	1	...	...	1	2	
15. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446 ...	...	...	1	2	6	...	9	
Total ...	1	19	35	58	21	41	169	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 5.

PART 4.

Showing Whippings inflicted under Section 5, Act VI, 1864, on Juveniles for offences other than those specified in Parts 2 and 3, in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

OFFENCE.	STRIPES.														Total.	Remarks.
	5 & under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15.		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.					
	First Conviction.	Subsequent Conviction.	First Conviction.	Subsequent Conviction.	First Conviction.	Subsequent Conviction.	First Conviction.	Subsequent Conviction.	First Conviction.	Subsequent Conviction.	First Conviction.	Subsequent Conviction.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
Under Section 193, I. P. C.	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		
" " 224 " ...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2		
" " 249 " ...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	5		
" " 232 " ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		
" " 290 " ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2		
" " 296 " ...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3		
" " 323 " ...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5		
" " 324 " ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		
" " 325 " ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		
" " 326 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		
" " 331 " ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		
" " 352 " ...	3	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6		
" " 403 " ...	1	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6		
" " 406 " ...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2		
" " 417 " ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		
" " 426 " ...	6	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9		
" " 429 " ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	4		
" " 430 " ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		
" " 454 " ...	...	...	8	...	4	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	16		
" " 457 " ...	1	...	2	...	1	...	4	...	3	...	...	...	...	11		
" " 500 " ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		
Secs. 44 & 45, Act IV of 1879	4	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	8		
Sec. 35 " V of 1882	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3		
" 9 " IX of 1878	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		
Total...	24	...	28	6	16	...	11	...	7	...	...	...	...	92		

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 5.

PART 5.

Showing relative number of times Whipping was awarded as compared with other Punishments
in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

Punishments.	Number.	Remarks.
1	2	3
1. Total number of whippings awarded.	1,725	
2. Total number of other punishments.	1,44,055	
Percentage of Whipping.	1:20	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 6.—(CRIMINAL.)

Statement showing the result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

TRIBUNALS.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.														Remarks.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
APPEALS.		Total number of Appeals for Revision before the Courts.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Appeals or Applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.	Sentence enhanced.	Sentence reduced or otherwise altered.	Sentence reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial or further inquiry ordered.	Referred for revision to the High Court.	Pending trial.	Average number of days during which each appeal lasted.		
To Chief Magistrates of Districts*	...	11,176	44	867	5,203	...	905	3,190	52	143	...	772	19		
" Courts of Session ...	...	1,025	...	214	334	...	93	180	...	1	...	123	25		
" { by persons convicted " Superior Court } by Government from judgments of acquittal ...	...	909	...	414	220	...	107	48	...	...	...	120	50		
	...	38	...	...	17	...	...	9	...	9	...	3			
Total...		13,148	44	1,525	5,824	...	1,105	3,427	52	153	...	1,018	...		
REVISION.															
By Chief Magistrates of Districts	...	1,065	...	735	4	...	...	...	26	177	93	30	20		
" Courts of Session ...	...	700	...	348	98	...	...	1	38	96	94	25	24		
" Superior Court ...	...	1,786	...	1,299	524	24	121	...	386	157	...	266	...		
Total...		3,551	...	1,381	626	24	121	1	460	430	187	321	...		
Grand Total...		16,699	44	2,906	6,450	24	1,226	3,428	519	583	187	1,339	...		

* Or other Magistrates authorized to hear Appeals under Section 407, C. P. C.

+ Persons concerned in cases under Sections 307 and 374, C. P. C. are excluded, as they are separately shown in Statement No. 4.

Note.—Persons in cases taken up for Revision of the Court's own motion are also included.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 13.—(CRIMINAL.)
Statement showing use of Juries and Assessors in Criminal Courts in the Province of Madras, in the year 1885.

CLASSES OF COURTS IN WHICH JURORS OR ASSESSORS ARE EMPLOYED.	Established or Average Number of Jury or Assessors in each case, and pre- scribed qualifications.	Number of Cases tried by Jury.	Number of Cases tried with Assessors.	JURY TRIALS.						ASSESSORS' TRIALS.			Remarks.
				Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.		Cases in which the Judge did not approve of the verdict.		NUMBER OF PERSONS, OF THE VERDICT IN RESPECT TO WHOM THE JUDGE DISAPPROVED.	Number of Cases in which Judge agreed with Assessors.	NUMBER OF CASES IN WHICH JUDGE DIFFERED FROM			
				Wholly.	Partially.	One Assessor.	Both Assessors.						
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Magistrates' Courts under Chapter X, Criminal Pro- cedure Code	5	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Act III. of 1884	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Courts of Session { Jurors { Assessors...	+5 +2	440 ...	...	420 ...	13 ...	7 ...	42 ...	4 ...	...	...	...	114	
High Court, Original Cri- minal Jurisdiction ... { Jurors { Assessors...	9	47	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total...	...	490	623	470	13	7	42	4	452	27	114	...	

* Exclusive of 36 Cases in which no opinion was taken.

+ Qualifications as described in Sections 319 and 320 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1882).

APPENDIX.

II.—Special Statements.

A.—Statement showing the number of offences of the different classes under as true in each District

DISTRICTS.	Against the State.		Relating to Army and Navy.		Against public tranquillity.		By or relating to public servants.		Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants.		False evidence and against public justice.		Relating to Coin and Government Stamps.		Relating to weights and measures.		Affecting public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals.		Relating to religion.	
	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.
1	2	3	4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11			
Arcot (North) ...			34	32	8	5	73	70	56	54	12	12	25	23	239	227	1	1		
Do. (South) ...			51	50	2	2	170	163	43	41	8	6	3	3	169	161	4	4		
Anantapur ...			44	35	5	...	126	125	36	33	3	2	3	2	84	82	1	1		
Bellary ...			37	36	6	0	236	236	21	21	5	4	4	4	126	125	4	4		
Canara (South) ...			131	72	1	1	57	56	20	14	3	3	14	14	45	32	1	...		
Chingleput ...			45	40	3	1	105	98	25	20	3	3	9	6	820	796	3	1		
{ Coimbatore ...			156	110	2	2	109	103	29	28	4	4	9	9	130	127	3	2		
{ Nilgiris ...			11	10	...	...	5	5	9	9	1	1	2	2	50	50	1	1		
Cuddapah ...			153	146	5	4	146	142	26	23	13	7	7	7	165	160	5	3		
Ganjam ...			43	40	3	3	73	65	35	35	7	6	11	9	796	776	1	...		
Do. (Agency)...			3	3	...	...	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	6	4	...	...		
Godavari ...			120	101	11	6	131	123	52	50	4	4	43	42	271	233	8	6		
Do. (Agency)...			3	3	...	...	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	14	13	...	...		
Kistna ...			43	31	4	3	135	130	52	45	10	6	4	4	549	494	8	8		
Kurnool ...			97	70	1	1	24	23	20	20	14	8	2	2	54	50	2	2		
Madura ...			242	192	13	9	141	134	117	98	18	15	32	32	3,610	3,504	14	9		
Malabar ...			57	53	4	3	119	114	66	55	16	15	4	3	171	153	6	6		
Nellore ...			39	38	3	3	40	39	42	39	6	4	9	8	645	636	4	3		
Salem ...			41	39	4	4	49	49	31	22	5	5	5	3	220	211	13	12		
Tanjore ...			154	117	21	21	169	165	39	34	1	1	24	24	249	223	6	3		
Tinnevely ...			164	133	1	...	61	58	69	65	13	12	7	7	170	154	17	15		
Trichinopoly ...			205	170	4	2	76	73	49	42	9	9	8	8	382	369	5	3		
Vizagapatam ...			46	40	2	1	43	43	23	26	8	8	13	13	531	567	3	3		
Do. (Agency)...			...	...	3	3	...	...	11	10	5	5	...	...	4	4	...	...		
Madras ...			10	10	2	2	155	154	26	21	9	5	1	1	152	151	...	...		
Total ...			1,939	1,571	108	84	2,251	2,171	1,004	907	179	147	240	227	9,702	9,302	110	87		

the Indian Penal Code and the Special and Local Laws reported and returned during the year 1885.

Affecting human body.																					
Life.		Other offenses.		Affecting property.		Relating to documents and to trade or property marks.		Criminal breach of contract of service.		Relating to marriage.		Defamation.		Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance.		Under Special and Local laws.		Total.			
Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.	Reported.	True.		
12	13	14		15		16	17	18		19		20		21							
56	51	2,023	1,843	2,547	1,909	5	5	...	...	45	39	23	17	191	176	2,244	2,218	7,582	6,682		
17	14	2,000	1,865	2,474	1,669	8	5	7	7	37	31	23	14	172	166	3,997	3,978	9,185	8,384		
22	19	635	614	1,059	760	2	1	...	...	5	5	9	8	54	53	1,591	1,588	3,729	3,323		
25	16	817	746	1,244	971	6	6	...	...	15	15	1	1	153	152	5,897	5,871	8,597	8,214		
32	21	1,032	901	1,862	1,144	10	7	2	2	13	8	20	13	96	69	1,294	1,254	4,633	8,611		
24	19	1,412	1,253	1,735	1,458	10	7	...	...	22	14	45	34	209	179	4,325	4,253	8,795	8,182		
18	16	2,300	2,090	2,552	1,916	7	3	...	...	22	19	17	17	25	20	1,463	1,426	6,846	5,692		
5	5	374	360	238	218	1	1	1	1	5	4	8	3	59	57	1,362	1,350	2,132	2,077		
29	20	1,719	1,570	2,116	1,502	9	7	...	...	24	20	11	9	157	148	983	964	5,603	4,732		
27	24	1,380	1,157	2,807	1,990	7	3	1	1	32	30	20	15	146	130	1,948	1,854	7,294	6,138		
9	7	46	30	123	85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	7	7	201	143		
58	29	3,553	3,264	3,240	2,293	8	4	1	1	38	26	46	42	97	89	4,178	4,055	11,889	10,370		
5	5	53	50	82	70	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	15	14	51	47	230	209		
43	22	1,937	1,629	2,556	1,703	7	6	1	1	14	12	11	6	104	94	2,973	2,863	8,456	7,062		
18	14	1,348	1,205	1,338	830	9	7	2	2	12	10	3	2	41	39	639	616	3,624	2,901		
36	21	2,539	2,181	4,879	3,178	33	18	...	...	62	49	10	7	54	42	6,867	6,755	18,667	16,244		
45	36	5,150	4,305	4,816	3,120	27	19	1	1	45	28	21	16	165	126	6,408	5,969	17,121	14,022		
25	21	1,748	1,646	1,721	1,337	6	4	...	...	20	17	16	15	314	295	3,265	3,225	7,903	7,350		
23	21	1,971	1,841	2,314	1,797	12	9	5	3	73	62	42	26	129	113	2,056	2,028	7,043	6,305		
29	20	2,940	1,898	4,000	2,030	24	12	2	2	86	33	35	25	101	43	7,751	7,581	15,691	12,272		
30	21	1,430	1,166	2,360	1,641	13	10	...	...	19	13	4	2	20	12	2,051	1,987	6,479	5,296		
16	13	1,474	1,240	2,545	1,624	15	5	1	...	53	33	12	6	46	40	6,225	6,184	11,125	9,821		
31	23	2,242	2,072	2,335	1,338	25	16	3	3	144	129	33	18	88	77	3,620	3,500	9,200	8,382		
29	25	259	142	654	503	7	2	...	...	23	8	1	1	1	...	30	21	1,027	724		
18	15	5,780	5,133	1,939	1,606	9	8	2	2	55	54	125	106	543	480	24,789	24,646	33,615	32,394		
670	498	46,242	40,201	53,616	37,417	260	165	29	26	872	660	537	414	2,984	2,618	35,914	34,235	216,657	1,90,720		

B.—Statement showing the number of offences returned as true in each District and the ratio of grave offences to population in 1885.

DISTRICTS.	Population.	Offences returned as true.			Ratio of grave offences to population.	Remarks.
		Under I. P. C.		Under Special and Local Laws.		
		Grave offences.	Others.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Arcot (North)	18,17,814	1,085	3,879	2,218	1 to 1,675	
Do. (South)	18,14,738	1,020	3,386	3,078	„ 1,779	
Bellary	13,36,696	456	1,887	5,871	„ 1,405	
Anantapur		495	1,245	1,533		
Canara (South)...	9,59,514	535	1,772	1,254	„ 1,640	
Chingleput	9,81,381	907	3,022	4,253	„ 1,082	
Coimbatore	16,57,690	1,030	3,436	1,426	„ 1,609	
Cuddapah	11,21,033	646	3,122	964	„ 1,735	
Ganjam	15,03,301	891	3,303	1,854	„ 1,637	
Do. (Agency)	2,46,303	67	69	7	„ 3,876	
Godavari	17,80,613	1,206	5,109	4,055	„ 1,476	
Do. (Agency)	10,899	43	114	47	„ 227	
Kistna... ..	15,43,430	937	3,262	2,863	„ 1,652	
Kurnool	7,09,305	495	1,790	616	„ 1,433	
Madura	21,63,630	1,573	7,616	6,755	„ 1,158	
Malabar	23,65,035	1,602	6,451	5,969	„ 1,476	
Nellore	12,20,236	695	3,430	3,225	„ 1,756	
Nilgiris	91,034	154	573	1,350	„ 591	
Salem	15,99,595	917	3,360	2,023	„ 1,744	
Tanjore	21,30,333	1,399	3,232	7,531	„ 1,523	
Tinnevelly	16,99,747	1,026	2,283	1,987	„ 1,656	
Trichinopoly	12,15,033	929	2,703	6,184	„ 1,303	
Vizagapatam	17,90,463	1,004	3,378	3,500	„ 1,783	
Do. (Agency)	6,94,673	444	239	21	„ 1,594	
Madras	4,05,843	957	6,791	24,646	„ 424	
Total...	80,868,504	20,868	75,627	94,235	1 to 1,479	

C.—Statement showing the number of Persons concerned in the Cases disposed of under the Miscellaneous Provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code in each District in 1885.

DISTRICTS.	Proceedings against witnesses, Chapter XXV, Section 453.	Proceedings to prevent breach of the peace, Chapter VIII.	Security for good behaviour, Chapter VIII.	Proceedings against local Nuisances, Chapter X.	Possession, Chapter XII.	Frivolous or vexatious complaints, Chapter XX, Section 259.	Non-attendance of Jurors or Assessors, Chapter XXIII, Section 332.	Maintenance, Chapter XXXVI.	Forfeiture of bail or recognizance, Chapter XLII, Section 514.	Total.
	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.	Persons.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Arcot (North) ...	...	...	...	8	8	1	34	...	36	15
Do. (South) ...	...	...	11	1	0	1	12	...	46	19
Anantapur ...	...	...	8	19	...	3	7	...	10	28
Bellary ...	...	...	18	2	1	2	1	...	10	2
Canara (South) ...	...	...	23	...	5	10	6	1	10	6
Chingleput ...	...	...	...	...	...	3	13	2	78	14
Coimbatore ...	...	...	8	1	...	1	22	...	55	17
Nilgiris ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	13	1
Cuddapah ...	...	...	102	22	1	1	15	...	22	17
Ganjam ...	...	...	12	...	46	...	11	2	54	3
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Godavari ...	...	...	6	14	1	1	37	5	77	53
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Kistna ...	...	...	...	21	149	1	39	2	29	13
Kurnool ...	...	1	6	26	1	...	2	...	25	25
Madara ...	...	...	45	8	62	11	52	...	40	64
Malabar ...	...	1	60	3	6	1	285	6	79	32
Nellore ...	...	2	...	1	2	1	6	...	9	1
Salem ...	...	...	15	2	3	...	58	...	88	14
Tanjore ...	...	...	65	4	0	7	44	4	84	36
Tinnevely ...	...	...	12	16	61	18	7	3	22	7
Trichinopoly ...	...	...	1	2	5	6	11	2	90	44
Vizagapatam ...	...	...	3	6	...	...	6	...	171	...
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	2	...
Madras ...	...	...	51	1	...	...	63	...	953	9
Total...	5	431	158	371	63	734	27	2,005	420	4,130

D.—Statement showing the relative contribution of the several Districts of the Presidency to the aggregate number of Cases of the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.			APPEALS.		Total of Cases and Appeals.	Percentage to Total.	Remarks.
	Before Village Magistrates' Courts.	Before Regular Courts.	Total.	To Magistrates' and Sessions Judges' Courts.	To High Court.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Madara ...	1,446	15,693	17,139	473	79	17,691	9.71	
Malabar ...	623	15,231	15,909	704	51	16,664	9.14	
Tanjore ...	2,334	11,996	14,330	226	45	14,601	8.01	
Godavari ...	1,020	10,311	11,331	341	25	11,697	6.42	
Do. (Agency) ...	4	214	218	5	2	225	.12	
Trichinopoly ...	393	9,667	10,060	233	59	10,352	5.68	
Chingleput ...	635	8,695	9,330	172	20	9,522	5.22	
Vizagapatam ...	404	8,438	8,842	207	25	9,074	4.98	
Do. (Agency) ...	16	1,337	1,353	27	6	1,386	.76	
Arcot (South) ...	400	8,201	8,781	252	19	9,052	4.97	
Arcot (North) ...	1,170	7,201	8,371	258	44	8,673	4.76	
Kistna ...	1,527	6,854	8,381	220	11	8,612	4.72	
Bellary ...	86	8,301	8,387	139	23	8,549	4.69	
Salem ...	1,357	6,382	7,739	295	36	8,070	4.43	
Nellore ...	576	7,002	7,578	173	19	7,770	4.26	
Ganjam ...	427	7,075	7,502	185	16	7,703	4.23	
Do. (Agency) ...	...	197	197	...	1	198	.11	
Tinnevelly ...	1,875	5,325	7,200	460	41	7,701	4.23	
Coimbatore ...	690	5,971	6,661	279	35	6,975	3.83	
Cuddapah ...	238	4,796	5,034	186	31	5,251	2.88	
Canara (South) ...	195	3,463	3,663	150	5	3,818	2.10	
Anantapur ...	188	3,243	3,436	126	...	3,562	1.96	
Kurnool ...	51	2,798	2,849	116	10	2,975	1.63	
Nilgiris ...	12	2,022	2,104	12	2	2,118	1.16	
Total...	15,762	1,60,633	1,76,395	5,239	605	1,82,239	100.00	
Average per District ...	751	7,619	8,400	249	29	8,678	...	
Madras ...	...	27,598	27,598	...	17	27,615	...	
Grand Total...	15,762	1,88,231	2,03,993	5,239	622	2,09,554	...	

E1.—Statement exhibiting, by Districts, the number of Cases and Persons received, disposed of and pending and the results of trial, in the Courts of Bench Magistrates, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.			PERSONS.								NUMBER OF WITNESSES.	
	Instituted.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Under trial.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	In custody.	Not in custody.	Number per cent. convicted of the persons in Cols. 6 and 7.	Examined.	Detained beyond three days.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Arcot (North) ...	633	636	2	639	94	543	...	...	...	2	85.24	684	...
Do. (South) ...	2,133	2,153	5	2,309	296	1,987	...	...	...	26	87.03	1,810	...
Anantapur ...	644	634	10	672	102	560	...	...	...	10	84.59	393	...
Bellary ...	4,356	4,354	...	4,555	598	3,954	3	...	...	...	86.86	479	...
Canara (South)...	429	428	...	695	263	427	...	...	...	...	61.44	382	...
Chingleput ...	2,120	2,118	...	2,431	677	1,754	...	...	...	...	72.15	2,253	15
Coimbatore ...	711	700	2	844	126	712	...	...	...	6	84.96	649	...
Nilgiris ...	98	98	...	130	77	53	...	...	...	...	40.77	87	3
Cuddapah ...	423	426	...	645	367	278	...	...	...	...	43.10	555	...
Ganjam ...	142	142	...	267	179	88	...	...	...	...	32.56	261	...
Godavari ...	2,849	2,820	29	3,585	1,765	1,771	...	...	...	40	50.08	1,045	...
Kistna ...	1,791	1,793	...	2,156	938	1,218	...	...	...	...	56.49	2,038	2
Kurnool ...	231	231	...	313	87	226	...	...	...	...	72.20	145	6
Madura ...	3,169	3,168	1	3,723	1,484	2,243	...	...	...	1	60.18	3,556	...
Malabar ...	742	712	30	1,269	754	463	...	...	...	52	33.04	800	...
Nellore ...	1,918	1,898	9	2,123	403	1,715	...	...	...	10	80.97	1,208	...
Salem ...	757	738	9	979	79	883	...	...	4	13	91.79	980	10
Tanjore ...	5,229	5,223	12	5,799	1,119	4,655	...	...	...	25	80.62	1,419	45
Tinnevelly ...	1,469	1,467	9	1,782	697	1,075	...	1	...	9	60.67	1,472	1
Trichinopoly ...	2,339	2,327	6	2,684	849	1,817	...	6	...	12	68.15	2,609	...
Vizagapatam ...	1,251	1,250	...	1,947	1,239	653	...	...	...	...	33.80	959	...
Ganjam (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Godavari (Do.) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam (Do.) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	33,444	33,316	124	39,537	12,248	27,080	3	7	4	215	68.85	24,774	82

E2.—Statement exhibiting, by Districts, the number of Cases and Persons received, disposed of and pending and the results of trial, in the Courts of Special Magistrates, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.			PERSONS.								NUMBER OF WITNESSES.	
	Instituted.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Under trial.	DISPOSED OF.				PENDING.		Number per cent. convicted of the persons in Cols. 6 and 7.	Examined.	Detained beyond three days.
					Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	In custody.	Not in custody.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Arcot (North) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. (South) ...	670	716	16	1,755	1,247	439	16	1	1	51	26.04	2,441	87
Anantapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bellary ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Canara (South)...	7	7	...	20	13	7	...	...	...	...	35.00	12	2
Chingleput ...	42	42	...	42	8	34	...	...	...	...	80.95	42	...
Coimbatore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nilgiris ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ganjam ...	63	63	...	83	23	60	...	...	...	...	72.29	118	...
Godavari ...	616	605	10	1,306	666	239	...	...	...	41	23.69	1,393	106
Kistna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kurnool ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madura ...	239	234	...	235	54	181	...	...	...	...	77.02	184	...
Malabar ...	111	113	2	121	9	112	...	...	...	...	92.56	77	...
Nellore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salem...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore ...	125	146	1	161	46	114	...	...	...	1	70.13	213	3
Tinnevely ...	62	62	...	67	3	64	...	...	...	...	95.52	60	...
Trichinopoly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ganjam (Agency)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Godavari (Do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam (Do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	1,935	1,988	29	3,790	2,369	1,310	16	1	1	93	35.61	4,540	198

E3.—Statement exhibiting, by Districts, the number of Cases and Persons received, disposed of and pending and the results of trial, in the Courts of Stipendiary Subordinate Magistrates (other than Joint, Assistant, Deputy and Cantonment Magistrates), for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.			PERSONS.								NUMBER OF WITNESSES.	
	Instituted.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Under trial.	DISPOSED OF.				PENDING.		Number per cent. convicted of the persons in Cols. 6 and 7.	Examined.	Detained beyond three days.
					Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	In custody.	Not in custody.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Arcot (North) ...	6,199	6,177	37	12,785	8,920	3,547	195	4	8	111	28.45	17,638	980
Do. (South) ...	5,262	5,221	81	11,713	7,842	3,414	144	3	30	280	30.33	12,335	219
Anantapur ...	2,497	2,443	73	5,347	3,084	1,849	132	...	18	265	37.43	6,846	210
Bellary ...	3,697	3,633	48	6,419	3,607	2,528	155	...	10	119	41.20	8,254	226
Canara (South) ...	2,875	2,793	89	6,112	4,133	1,671	121	2	9	176	28.79	7,674	392
Chingleput ...	5,444	5,421	52	11,150	7,023	3,845	55	5	36	186	35.37	10,956	729
Coimbatore ...	5,069	4,942	118	13,002	9,628	2,758	225	2	32	357	22.26	12,077	732
Nilgiris ...	1,831	1,826	2	2,378	926	1,439	11	...	...	2	60.84	1,606	15
Cuddapah ...	4,157	4,077	78	10,563	7,579	2,611	98	1	19	235	23.62	12,803	352
Ganjam ...	6,626	6,568	77	15,380	9,830	5,177	114	...	19	240	34.49	15,004	935
Godavari ...	6,575	6,486	145	16,597	12,239	3,722	118	...	68	450	23.31	18,030	1,839
Kistna ...	4,602	4,838	85	11,254	7,763	3,161	82	5	31	206	28.92	14,669	1,600
Kurnool ...	2,361	2,472	15	5,803	4,176	1,495	100	...	2	30	26.36	8,147	540
Madara ...	11,889	11,620	177	20,493	10,777	8,748	387	3	35	533	44.80	22,212	217
Malabar ...	13,650	13,171	150	24,166	15,609	7,941	278	1	45	292	33.72	17,054	603
Nellore ...	4,823	4,963	53	11,215	8,045	2,914	140	1	14	101	26.59	13,906	1,258
Salem ...	5,332	5,267	94	14,721	10,551	3,746	187	...	9	228	26.20	16,055	476
Tanjore ...	6,373	6,360	141	13,542	8,509	4,376	186	8	63	400	33.06	16,246	793
Tinnevely ...	3,529	3,459	99	9,355	6,339	2,493	202	...	33	238	28.23	11,526	169
Trichinopoly ...	6,914	6,760	49	13,111	7,203	5,422	277	5	16	183	42.93	14,406	1,515
Vizagapatam ...	6,929	6,836	82	13,865	8,439	5,132	118	...	18	103	37.68	15,315	838
Ganjam (Agency)	177	181	1	593	348	232	12	...	1	...	40.00	724	27
Godavari (Do.)...	201	199	4	527	362	139	8	...	...	18	27.74	575	...
Vizagapatam (Do.)	1,246	1,183	19	2,802	1,442	1,179	137	...	13	31	44.93	2,941	123
Total...	118,463	116,956	1,760	252,333	164,435	79,533	3,482	40	529	4,859	32.60	277,189	14,779

E4.—Statement exhibiting, by Districts, the number of Cases and Persons received, disposed of and pending and the results of trial, in the Courts of Deputy Magistrates, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.			PERSONS.								NUMBER OF WITNESSES.	
	Instituted.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Under trial.	DISPOSED OF.				PENDING.		Number per cent. convicted of the persons in Cols. 6 and 7.	Examined.	Detained beyond three days.
					Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	In custody.	Not in custody.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Arcot (North) ...	129	135	4	324	232	81	4	...	3	4	25·87	557	17
Do. (South) ...	103	122	5	257	162	78	12	...	...	5	32·50	798	4
Anantapur ...	64	75	6	251	158	49	20	...	...	24	23·18	352	109
Bellary ...	70	97	2	221	86	84	38	...	...	13	49·41	530	10
Canara (South) ...	81	106	5	312	225	59	9	...	...	19	20·62	332	...
Chingleput ...	77	82	1	185	140	44	...	...	...	1	23·91	221	...
Coimbatore ...	61	55	8	281	136	66	...	...	...	79	32·67	301	74
Nilgiris ...	38	41	2	51	23	28	...	...	...	2	53·06	154	...
Cuddapah ...	72	85	1	180	73	105	1	...	...	1	58·98	269	55
Ganjam ...	105	102	8	225	117	92	5	...	7	4	44·02	512	...
Godavari ...	147	175	6	430	309	104	...	...	7	10	25·30	847	...
Kistna ...	54	52	3	98	47	45	...	...	4	2	48·35	816	...
Kurnool ...	116	107	4	306	170	106	16	...	1	4	37·19	502	10
Madura ...	119	130	2	276	163	100	2	...	1	1	40·07	445	69
Malabar ...	224	260	18	733	418	274	5	...	1	35	39·59	768	16
Nellore ...	121	124	8	271	142	84	...	...	1	44	37·25	543	...
Salem ...	107	145	4	353	250	69	18	...	5	2	21·20	563	36
Tanjore ...	101	121	8	475	307	123	1	...	12	32	28·60	675	107
Tinnevely ...	100	94	11	218	110	59	5	...	7	37	33·73	506	...
Trichinopoly ...	294	643	1	879	304	574	...	...	1	...	65·37	658	46
Vizagapatam ...	49	78	...	131	68	63	...	...	...	...	48·00	426	17
Ganjam (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Godavari (Do.) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam (Do.) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total..	2,235	2,898	107	6,457	3,658	2,294	136	...	50	319	38·54	10,275	570

E5.—Statement exhibiting, by Districts, the number of Cases and Persons received, disposed of and pending and the results of trial, in the Courts of Assistant Collectors as Magistrates, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.			PERSONS.								NUMBER OF WITNESSES.	
	Instituted.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Under trial.	DISPOSED OF.				PENDING.		Number per cent. convicted of the persons in Cols. 6 and 7.	Examined.	Detained beyond three days.
					Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	In custody.	Not in custody.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Arcot (North) ...	74	79	1	111	54	54	...	...	...	3	50·00	226	...
Do. (South) ...	42	47	4	89	51	33	1	...	1	3	39·29	217	10
Anantapur ...	39	45	1	127	71	39	12	...	...	5	35·45	251	18
Bellary ...	72	76	3	119	54	48	11	1	1	4	47·06	249	6
Canara (South) ...	33	35	...	96	78	18	...	...	...	...	18·75	170	...
Chingleput ...	13	13	...	42	37	5	...	...	...	...	11·90	70	...
Coimbatore ...	3	35	...	95	50	40	5	...	...	...	44·44	170	7
Nilgiris ...	97	99	...	153	81	66	6	...	...	...	44·90	228	5
Cuddapah ...	35	47	2	167	107	56	...	...	...	4	34·36	249	20
Ganjam ...	35	42	8	85	23	43	...	...	4	15	65·15	182	4
Godavari ...	31	31	1	63	47	14	...	...	...	2	22·95	147	3
Kistna ...	128	124	7	452	360	83	...	1	1	7	18·74	343	57
Kurnool ...	40	40	3	145	87	25	2	...	...	31	22·32	324	9
Madura ...	111	132	3	392	181	182	1	1	2	25	50·14	616	...
Malabar ...	179	214	11	471	208	204	31	...	2	26	50·73	635	...
Nellore ...	15	17	...	39	23	11	5	...	...	...	32·35	65	...
Salem ...	88	85	3	235	139	55	24	...	2	15	28·35	390	5
Tanjore ...	70	97	5	288	187	73	7	...	6	15	28·08	484	77
Tinnevely ...	36	47	2	186	137	32	1	2	...	14	18·93	216	5
Trichinopoly ...	33	44	2	78	43	29	4	...	...	2	40·28	187	4
Vizagapatam ...	92	85	...	182	92	90	...	...	...	...	49·45	349	...
Ganjam (Agency) ...	14	9	1	39	3	18	...	16	2	...	85·71	24	...
Godavari (Do.) ...	7	6	...	9	5	4	...	...	...	...	44·44	26	...
Vizagapatam (Do.) ...	65	84	2	141	33	101	...	...	6	1	75·37	233	20
<i>Cantonments.</i>													
Chingleput ...	935	933	...	1,232	386	838	8	...	...	...	68·46	1,723	44
Malabar ...	247	247	...	332	149	183	...	...	...	...	55·12	461	...
Total...	2,534	2,713	59	5,368	2,686	2,344	118	21	27	172	46·60	8,245	294

E6.—Statement exhibiting, by Districts, the number of Cases and Persons received, disposed of and pending and the results of trial, in the Courts of Joint Magistrates, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.			PERSONS.								NUMBER OF WITNESSES.	
	Instituted.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Under trial.	DISPOSED OF.				PENDING.		Number per cent. convicted of the persons in Cols. 6 and 7.	Examined.	Detained beyond three days.
					Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	In custody.	Not in custody.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Arcot (North) ...	75	66	...	112	50	62	...	...	...	...	55.35	132	16
Do. (South) ...	30	23	7	39	15	16	...	...	6	2	51.61	107	...
Anantapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bellary ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Canara (South)...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chingleput ...	26	34	...	69	47	22	...	...	...	...	31.83	97	...
Coimbatore ...	50	69	1	161	103	51	6	...	...	1	33.11	265	11
Nilgiris ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah ...	43	41	...	142	84	56	2	...	...	...	40.00	257	23
Ganjam ...	21	29	...	65	15	49	1	...	...	...	76.56	127	...
Godavari ...	39	37	4	79	40	19	4	...	1	6	27.94	247	52
Kistna... ..	46	45	2	110	76	26	5	...	2	1	25.43	173	30
Kurnool ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madura ...	65	59	...	106	47	59	...	...	...	...	55.66	95	10
Malabar ...	46	52	...	85	27	56	2	...	...	...	67.46	130	...
Nellore ...	65	74	1	103	43	58	2	...	...	5	57.42	227	31
Salem ...	25	30	2	69	47	14	5	...	...	3	22.95	160	33
Tanjore ...	39	46	3	104	76	24	...	...	...	4	24.00	293	12
Tinnevely ...	60	57	5	131	43	64	1	...	...	23	59.81	234	...
Trichinopoly ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam ...	66	63	...	115	56	56	3	...	...	...	50.00	184	31
Ganjam (Agency)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Godavari (Do.) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam (Do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	696	733	25	1,495	778	632	31	...	9	45	44.82	2,783	254

E7.—Statement exhibiting, by Districts, the number of Cases and Persons received, disposed of and pending and the results of trial, in the Courts of District Magistrates, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.			PERSONS.								NUMBER OF WITNESSES.	
	Instituted.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Under trial.	DISPOSED OF.				PENDING.		Number per cent. convicted of the persons in Cols. 6 and 7.	Examined.	Detained beyond three days.
					Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	In custody.	Not in custody.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Arcot (North) ...	3	3	...	42	16	26	...	...	...	...	61.90	70	...
Do. (South) ...	7	4	3	7	1	3	...	...	...	3	75.00	17	...
Anantapur ...	4	6	...	10	6	4	...	...	...	...	88.88	15	7
Bellary ...	6	5	...	8	1	7	...	...	...	...	87.50	10	...
Canara (South) ...	6	11	...	19	4	15	...	...	...	...	78.90	33	...
Chingleput ...	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	100.00	4	...
Coimbatore ...	14	21	...	37	21	15	1	...	...	...	41.66	101	5
Nilgiris ...	23	22	...	26	8	14	4	...	...	...	63.63	89	...
Cuddapah ...	13	19	1	48	20	18	8	...	...	2	47.36	167	2
Ganjam ...	39	35	...	100	60	21	19	...	...	...	25.92	107	...
Godavari ...	11	11	...	15	8	7	...	...	...	...	46.66	85	9
Kistna ...	3	3	...	10	7	3	...	...	...	...	30.00	38	...
Kurnool ...	9	10	...	23	10	12	...	1	...	...	54.54	72	18
Madura ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malabar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nellore ...	8	16	...	45	12	33	...	...	...	...	73.33	41	12
Salem ...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	100.00	...	...
Tanjore ...	3	4	...	12	8	4	...	...	...	...	33.33	40	...
Tinnevely ...	7	8	...	22	16	6	...	...	...	...	27.27	15	...
Trichinopoly ...	9	21	...	23	9	19	...	...	...	...	67.85	25	...
Vizagapatam ...	10	6	...	13	3	10	...	...	...	...	76.92	8	...
Ganjam (Agency)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Godavari (Do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam (Do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	177	211	4	467	210	219	32	1	...	5	51.05	937	53

ES.—Statement exhibiting, by Districts, the number of Cases and Persons received, disposed of and pending and the results of trial, in the Courts of Session, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.			PERSONS								NUMBER OF WITNESSES.	
	Received by commitment or on reference.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Under trial.	Disposed of.				PENDING.		Number per cent. convicted of the persons in Cols. 6 and 7.	Examined.	Detained beyond three days.
					Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	In custody.	Not in custody.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Arcot (North) ...	83	82	...	181	51	67	13	...	...	...	56.78	437	177
Do. (South) ...	44	39	1	91	35	53	1	...	2	...	60.23	305	102
Bellary ...	100	99	1	261	172	77	5	1	6	...	30.92	876	654
Canara (South) ...	37	37	...	119	62	57	...	...	...	...	47.90	220	62
Chingleput ...	37	42	...	50	20	20	1	...	...	...	40.82	224	63
{ Coimbatore ...	60	59	1	126	60	41	19	...	6	...	40.59	527	630
{ Nilgiris ...	5	5	...	9	4	5	...	...	...	...	55.55	32	...
Cuddapah ...	48	57	...	123	63	49	11	...	...	...	43.75	343	204
Ganjam ...	44	44	...	75	40	31	4	...	...	...	43.66	401	154
Godavari ...	43	45	...	76	39	31	6	...	...	...	44.29	360	183
Kistna ...	30	31	...	49	31	17	1	...	...	...	35.42	173	9
Kurnool ...	41	33	7	104	42	31	6	3	22	...	42.47	309	178
Madura ...	100	101	...	227	65	157	5	...	...	...	70.72	733	337
Malabar (North)...	21	20	...	26	8	17	1	...	...	...	68.00	131	...
Do. (South) ...	61	59	2	124	51	61	10	...	2	...	54.46	321	...
Nellore ...	47	47	...	85	52	32	1	...	...	...	38.09	251	4
Salem... ..	73	73	...	196	119	72	5	...	...	...	37.70	538	150
Tanjore ...	56	55	...	162	92	69	1	...	...	...	42.86	420	226
Tinnevelly ...	62	62	...	164	87	69	6	2	...	...	44.23	432	210
Trichinopoly ...	78	80	1	242	112	115	11	...	4	...	50.66	576	275
Vizagapatam ...	41	44	1	66	25	36	4	...	1	...	59.02	256	45
Ganjam (Agency) ...	6	6	...	10	4	5	1	...	...	...	55.55	25	...
Godavari (Do.) ...	6	6	...	8	3	4	1	...	...	...	57.14	32	13
Vizagapatam (Do.) ...	26	25	2	44	19	18	1	...	6	...	48.65	96	...
Total...	1,149	1,151	16	2,568	1,265	1,134	114	6	49	...	47.27	8,018	3,676

F.—Statement showing, by Districts, the results of trial by Jury and with Assessors in the Courts of Session for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	JURY TRIALS.										ASSESSORS' TRIALS.					Remarks.	
	1	2	3	4	5	No. of Cases tried.				No. of Cases in which the Court agreed with Assessors.	No. of Cases in which Court differed from						
						Prescribed qualifications.	Established or average number of jurors or assessors in each case.	No. of cases tried by Jury.			No. of cases tried with Assessors.		Majority of Assessors.	All Assessors.	Total.		Grand Total.
								Wholly.	Partially.		Total.	In which the Court approved of the verdict.					
Arcoot (North)	...	5 Jurs. & 2 Assrs.	...	33	41	32	1	...	...	...	28	2	...	11	13	41	
Do. (South)	...	Do. do.	...	18	17	18	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	2	2	16	
Bellary	...	Do. do.	...	37	60	37	...	...	...	57	...	...	...	3	3	60	
Canara (South)	...	Do. do.	...	30	27	10	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	4	4	24	
Chingleput	...	5 Jurs. & 3 Assrs.	...	22	14	22	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	2	2	11	
Combatore	...	5 Jurs. & 2 Assrs.	...	19	38	16	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	13	13	38	
Nilgiris	...	Do. do.	...	1	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	
Gudalaph	...	Do. do.	...	19	38	17	...	...	...	27	...	...	...	4	4	30	
Ganjam	...	Do. do.	...	11	30	10	...	...	...	21	...	...	...	1	1	5	
Do. (Agency)	...	2 Assrs.	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	29	
Godavari	...	5 Jurs. & 2 Assrs.	...	15	29	14	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	6	
Do. (Agency)	...	Do. do.	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	21	
Kistna...	...	5 Jurs. & 3 Assrs.	...	4	21	4	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	6	
Kurnool	...	Do. do.	...	13	20	12	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	20	
Madura	...	5 Jurs. & 2 Assrs.	...	43	53	38	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	46	
Malabar (North)	...	Do. do.	...	6	11	6	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	11	
Do. (South)	...	Do. do.	...	28	23	27	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	23	
Nellore	...	Do. do.	...	6	24	6	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	17	
Salem	...	Do. do.	...	31	42	29	...	...	...	45	...	...	...	...	...	41	
Tanjore	...	Do. do.	...	33	19	23	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	18	
Tinnevely	...	Do. do.	...	28	31	28	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	26	
Tiruchopoly	...	Do. do.	...	48	23	45	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	23	
Vizagapatam	...	Do. do.	...	15	29	15	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	28	
Do. (Agency)	...	2 Assrs.	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	24	
				440	628	420	13	7	20	440	4	4	452	1	113	141	538

G1.—Statement comparing, by Districts, the number of Appeals and Persons received, disposed of and pending and the mode of disposal, in the Courts of Magistrates, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	APPEALS.						PERSONS.								
	District Magistrates.			Other 1st Class Magistrates.			Number in respect of whom appealable sentences or orders were passed by 2nd and 3rd Class Magistrates.	Number appealing.	Disposed of.						
	Received.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Received.	Disposed of.	Pending.			Sentence or order.				New trial ordered.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Pending.
									Confirmed.	Reduced or otherwise modified.	Reversed or proceedings quashed.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Arcoot (North)	...	5	2	3	222	215	8	4,100	559	196	62	236	7	...	46
Do. (South)	...	...	...	...	232	226	20	5,853	516	212	51	227	6	...	71
Anantapur	...	1	1	...	125	126	3	2,408	272	110	12	178	1	...	7
Bellary	...	3	3	...	105	110	2	6,482	195	95	28	82	4	...	2
Canara (South)	...	42	25	1	96	108	6	2,104	338	157	43	115	14	43	14
Chingleput	...	2	1	...	154	157	6	5,633	307	257	7	73	...	...	25
Coimbatore	...	25	19	6	225	223	4	3,470	631	410	37	161	...	...	26
Nilgiris	...	5	5	...	4	3	1	1,493	10	4	2	3	...	...	1
Cuddapah	...	9	6	...	153	153	11	2,905	436	236	40	136	6	...	27
Ganjam	...	17	16	...	150	151	21	5,265	445	236	32	117	20	...	72
Godavari	...	3	3	...	302	299	10	5,786	691	429	48	171	85	...	17
Kistna	...	9	9	...	187	175	5	4,379	378	243	31	87	2	...	5
Kurnool	...	14	14	...	96	97	5	1,721	295	176	39	93	5	...	13
Madura	...	...	...	...	414	402	28	11,170	1,041	603	91	281	15	...	114
Malabar	...	74	3	...	540	528	23	8,361	1,154	618	112	246	6	...	53
Nellore	...	24	23	...	124	134	9	4,629	305	155	34	134	...	...	33
Salem	...	4	4	...	262	240	33	4,629	517	291	48	160	...	...	57
Tanjore	...	2	2	...	201	197	12	9,139	566	304	34	213	11	1	57
Tinnevely	...	22	19	...	385	383	21	3,638	1,043	622	104	295	8	...	80
Trichinopoly	...	82	96	...	130	134	4	7,280	624	501	10	167	...	...	14
Vizagapatam	...	19	18	...	158	166	12	5,825	283	190	34	60	3	...	38
Ganjam (Agency)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	232	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Godavari (Do.)	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	139	16	16	...	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam (Do.)	...	...	...	...	22	22	...	1,179	22	9	6	7	...	...	...
Total...	362	269	10	429	425	244	1,07,820	10,644	6,070	905	3,242	143	44	...	772

G2.—Statement comparing, by Districts, the number of Appeals and Persons received, disposed of and pending and the mode of disposal, in the Courts of Session, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	APPEALS.				PERSONS.							
	Received.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Number in respect of whom appealable sentences or orders were passed by 1st Class Magistrates.	Number appealing.	DISPOSED OF.						Pending.
						Sentence or order.			New trial ordered.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.		
						Confirmed.	Reduced or otherwise modified.	Reversed or proceedings quashed.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Arcoot (North) ...	31	29	2	181	55	1	3	...	...	...	7	
Do. (South) ...	20	20	1	78	22	15	1	6	...	...	1	
Bellary ...	31	25	8	130	59	11	10	22	...	...	18	
Canara (South) ...	12	14	...	47	17	18	1	3	...	...	...	
Chingleput ...	16	19	...	63	18	10	2	8	1	...	...	
{ Coimbatore ...	29	27	6	123	55	37	1	9	...	...	13	
{ Nilgiris ...	3	3	...	37	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	
Cuddapah ...	24	21	2	172	56	27	10	7	...	...	11	
Ganjam ...	18	17	1	190	32	21	2	3	...	...	6	
Godavari ...	36	37	2	99	42	23	4	16	...	...	2	
Kistna ...	24	22	3	66	28	23	1	4	...	...	3	
Kurnool ...	6	3	3	53	15	2	...	2	...	...	11	
Madara ...	59	58	2	218	78	63	5	9	...	...	2	
Malabar (North) ...	22	19	2	169	35	23	3	2	...	...	2	
Do. (South) ...	68	66	5		104	71	6	22	...	...	8	
Nellore ...	25	24	1	83	50	22	12	15	...	...	1	
Salem ...	29	31	2	114	54	27	6	12	...	...	19	
Tanjore ...	23	24	2	184	76	51	11	20	...	...	2	
Tinnevely ...	53	52	2	129	66	66	14	5	...	...	2	
Trichinopoly ...	21	15	6	70	36	18	1	6	...	...	8	
Vizagapatam ...	30	31	3	135	43	38	1	3	...	...	7	
Ganjam (Agency) ...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Godavari (Do.) ...	1	1	...	4	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	
Vizagapatam (Do.) ...	5	5	...	75	5	4	1	...	...	...	...	
Total...	586	563	53	2,434	983	628	93	180	1	...	123	

H.—Statement showing, by Districts, the number of Revision Cases received, disposed of and pending and the Persons concerned therein, with their results, in the Courts of District Magistrates and Courts of Session, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	DISTRICT MAGISTRATES' COURTS.										COURTS OF SESSION.									
	CASES.					PERSONS.					CASES.					PERSONS.				
	Received.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Received.	Orders not interfered with.	Proceedings quashed or further enquiry ordered.	Referred.	Otherwise.	Pending.	Total.	Received.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Received.	Orders not interfered with.	Proceedings quashed or further enquiry ordered.	Referred.	Otherwise.	Pending.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	30	279	276	15	638	446	135	34	..	..	25
Arco (North)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (South)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anantapur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Canara (South)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Canjan	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar (North)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (South)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (Agency)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	404	423	12	1,054	733	203	93	..	30	279	276	15	638	446	135	34	..	..	..	25

APPENDIX.

I.—Statement showing, by Districts, the number and result of Appeals to the High Court, for the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.										PERSONS.														
	In cases summarily rejected.	CONVICTION.				ACQUITTAL.			VERDICT OF JURY.			In cases summarily rejected.	CONVICTION.				ACQUITTAL.			VERDICT OF JURY.					
		Confirmed.	Sentence.		Reversed and remanded.	Confirmed &c, as regards some appellants.	Confirmed.	Reversed and new trial ordered.	Reversed, conviction recorded and sentence passed.	Upheld.	Modified.		Set aside.	Confirmed.	Reversed and new trial ordered.	Reversed, conviction recorded and sentence passed.	Upheld.	Modified.	Set aside.						
			Varied.	Reversed.																					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Arco (North)	13	16	7	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	41	21	19	7	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (South)	10	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	16	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	6	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	18	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Canara (South)	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	9	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coimbatore	8	12	3	2	..	1	1	3	..	..	..	1	28	6	15	7	2	..	3	9	..	..	..	..	..
Nilgiris	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	4	4	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	8	3	9	1	..	2	7	1	..	1	1	..	25	58	4	16	4	..	11	..	..	3	2	..	..
Ganjan	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	13	2	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (Agency)	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	12	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Godavari	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (Agency)	3	4	2	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	10	3	6	6	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kistna	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	7	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	68	67	33	13	2	..	..	..	6	1	..	..	..
Madara	36	20	8	..	..	2	7	9	..	..	..	1	9	35	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Malabar (North)	6	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	41	14	3	7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (South)	23	12	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	18	3	9	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nellore	11	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	37	23	15	4	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Salem	19	10	4	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	47	15	33	24	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore	11	17	16	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	37	17	11	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevely	23	14	8	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	54	39	25	3	3	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	..
Trichinopoly	25	16	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	23	17	8	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam	11	7	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. (Agency)	1	2	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	6	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	6	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	243	157	77	26	..	9	11	3	6	4	1	9	546	414	220	107	48	..	17	9	9	13	2	15	854

APPENDIX.

J.—Statement exhibiting, by Districts, the mode of disposal of the sentences of death referred for confirmation under Section 374 of the Criminal Procedure Code, in the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	CASES.						PERSONS.					
	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed and acquittal ordered.	Confirmed &c., as regards some of the appellants.	Reversed and new trial ordered.	Total.	Confirmed.	Commuted to transportation.	Commuted to rigorous imprisonment.	Reversed and acquittal ordered.	Reversed and new trial ordered.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Arcot (North)	...	4	...	2	...	6	4	...	...	4	...	8
Do. (South)	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
Bellary	...	4	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	4
Canara (South)	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
Chingleput	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
Coimbatore	...	1	1	2	...	4	1	1	1	2	...	5
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	5	1	1	...	7	5	1	...	1	...	7
Ganjam	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2
Do. (Agency)	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
Godavari	...	...	1	2	...	4	...	1	...	2	1	4
Do. (Agency)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kistna	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
Kurnool	...	2	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2
Madura	...	2	1	...	1	4	3	2	...	...	...	5
Malabar (North)	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
Do. (South)	...	2	1	...	...	3	4	1	...	...	...	5
Nellore	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
Salem	...	1	2	...	...	3	1	2	...	...	...	3
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tinnevely	...	...	...	1	1	2	1	...	...	2	2	5
Trichinopoly	...	...	1	1	...	2	...	1	...	1	...	2
Vizagapatam	...	1	2	...	1	4	1	2	...	...	1	4
Do. (Agency).	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1
Total...	30	11	8	3	3	55	34	13	1	12	4	64

K.—Statement showing, by Districts, the results of Cases referred under Section 438, Criminal Procedure Code, by Sessions Judges and District Magistrates, in the year 1885.

DISTRICTS.	REPORTED BY SESSIONS JUDGES.					REPORTED BY DISTRICT MAGISTRATES.					Remarks.
	Quashed.	New trial or enquiry ordered.	Modified.	Not interfered with.	Total disposed of.	Quashed.	New trial or enquiry ordered.	Modified.	Not interfered with.	Total disposed of.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Arcot (North) ...	...	1	2	2	5	4	...	1	4	9	
Do. (South) ...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	3	3	10	
Anantapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	13	2	1	3	19	
Bellary...	...	...	...	1	1	5	...	4	1	10	
Canara (South) ...	...	1	...	1	2	5	...	2	2	9	
Chingleput ...	2	...	...	3	5	6	2	6	9	23	
Coimbatore ...	1	...	...	...	1	2	...	1	1	4	
Nilgiris ...	1	...	...	1	2	1	4	1	1	7	
Cuddapah ...	5	1	7	11	24	6	2	7	5	20	
Ganjam ...	2	1	...	2	5	8	2	2	...	12	
Do. (Agency) ...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
Godavari ...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	5	9	
Do. (Agency) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kistna...	4	3	2	2	11	15	...	9	16	40	
Kurnool ...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	
Madura ...	2	...	1	6	9	8	2	3	1	14	
Malabar (North) ...	...	...	...	1	1	4	4	1	1	10	
Do. (South) ...	5	1	...	4	10	...	...	...	...	...	
Nellore ...	...	...	2	...	2	8	3	2	7	20	
Salem ...	2	...	1	3	6	3	1	2	2	8	
Tanjore ...	3	1	1	4	9	4	1	3	3	11	
Tinnevely ...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	5	
Trichinopoly ...	...	2	...	...	2	10	2	...	5	17	
Vizagapatam ...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	1	5	
Do. (Agency) ...	3	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	
Total...	31	12	16	41	100	116	27	52	70	265	

L.—Statement showing the amount of fines imposed in the exercise of Original Jurisdiction, the amount realized, and the amount paid as compensation, in the year 1885.

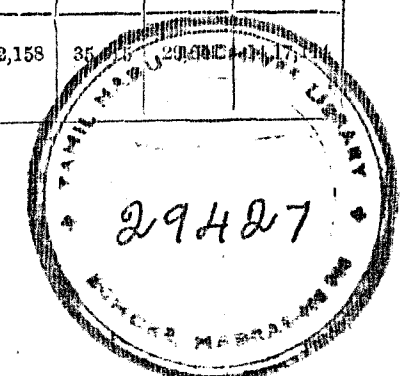
DISTRICTS,	COURTS OF MAGISTRATES.			COURTS OF SESSION.		
	Imposed.	Realized.	Paid as compensation.	Imposed.	Realized.	Paid as compensation.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Arcot (North) ...	13,878	11,152	620	1,131	779	100
Do. (South) ...	15,497	10,704	592	...	...	...
Anantapur ...	5,802	5,535	331	...	...	...
Bellary ...	17,285	12,591	323	1,655	155	...
Canara (South) ...	14,053	12,142	2,707	1,380	105	...
Chingleput ...	12,409	10,955	418	...	...	...
Coimbatore ...	15,852	11,377	518	545	245	...
Nilgiris ...	3,341	2,889	502	...	...	...
Cuddapah ...	15,178	13,560	605	4,000	...	...
Ganjam ...	31,195	16,793	2,188	25	25	...
Godavari ...	24,205	20,867	3,065	1,000	...	...
Kistna ...	19,351	14,385	1,902	2,750	625	...
Kurnool ...	12,177	9,702	658	100	...	...
Madura ...	34,866	30,918	834	10,650	450	...
Malabar ...	47,694	32,664	4,956	400	133	...
Nellore ...	12,708	10,374	903	100	181	...
Salem ...	18,038	12,990	1,685	1,450	249	199
Tanjore ...	17,972	14,456	656	200	200	250
Tinnevely ...	17,530	13,744	1,329	20	188	...
Trichinopoly ...	20,815	18,725	1,320	3,550	214	...
Vizagapatam ...	20,475	14,514	1,104	...	1,685	...
Ganjam (Agency) ...	641	408	34	...	...	...
Godavari (Do.) ...	501	426	37	...	...	...
Vizagapatam (Do.) ...	2,963	2,673	284	...	3	...
Madras ...	31,066	24,947	858	...	...	...
Total...	4,25,520	*3,29,561	28,444	28,959	*5,237	558

* These include also the amounts realized out of the fines imposed during the previous years.

M.—Statement showing, by Districts, the Judicial receipts and charges of Criminal Courts for 1885.

DISTRICTS,	RECEIPTS.				CHARGES.			
	Court Fees	Fines.	Others.	Total.	Salaries and contingencies.	Refunds.	Compensation.	Total.
Arcot (North) ...	7,317	11,847	1,166	20,330	45,175	1,892	919	47,986
Do. (South) ...	7,216	10,704	63	17,983	53,525	1,332	592	55,449
Anantapur ...	2,568	5,535	353	8,456	27,216	1,329	331	28,876
Bellary ...	2,725	12,746	1,444	16,925	55,985	288	323	56,601
Canara (South) ...	4,844	12,233	292	17,369	43,757	2,750	2,707	49,223
Chingleput ...	5,656	11,553	395	17,604	46,599	1,072	418	48,089
Coimbatore ...	7,085	11,622	348	19,055	83,416	1,611	518	85,545
Cuddapah ...	6,571	13,560	749	20,880	59,045	923	605	60,579
Ganjam ...	4,932	15,551	128	20,611	49,001	1,141	2,183	52,330
Godavari ...	11,716	20,259	1,340	33,315	69,105	2,563	2,845	74,518
Kistna ...	7,223	14,167	631	22,021	51,735	1,611	1,902	55,248
Kurnool ...	3,853	9,762	204	13,819	35,535	1,123	653	37,316
Madura ...	12,536	31,239	678	44,453	56,142	4,965	819	61,926
Malabar ...	19,370	34,200	1,575	55,145	1,01,977	2,576	5,517	1,10,070
Nellore ...	7,632	10,770	415	18,817	43,887	1,220	903	46,010
Nilgiris ...	1,363	2,894	103	4,357	17,096	...	475	17,571
Salem ...	9,112	13,240	264	22,616	57,887	627	2,092	60,606
Tanjore ...	10,214	14,709	444	25,367	59,902	1,297	906	62,105
Tinnevely ...	9,860	13,945	521	23,826	82,132	2,463	1,339	85,939
Trichinopoly ...	7,562	19,121	887	27,570	51,257	1,031	1,321	53,600
Vizagapatam ...	7,446	16,195	255	23,896	48,190	944	1,004	50,138
Ganjam (Agency) ...	39	376	24	439	9,552	...	54	9,666
Godavari (do.) ...	1,269	561	95	2,325	3,638	75	56	3,819
Vizagapatam (do.) ...	664	2,547	557	3,768	19,956	80	284	20,323
Total...	1,59,180	3,09,736	13,231	4,81,147	11,71,760	32,038	23,781	12,33,479
Presidency Magistrates' Courts...	755	23,167	9,079	35,001	64,445	2,377	860	67,682
High Court...	1,133	...	...	1,133	1,15,953	...	...	1,15,953
Grand Total...	1,60,073	3,34,903	22,310	5,17,286	13,52,158	35,415	24,641	13,87,414

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31st DECEMBER 1886, No. 3416, JUDICIAL.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

READ—the following paper:—

From the Registrar of the High Court, Appellate Side, Madras, dated 18th October 1886, No. 2832.

ABSTRACT.—Forwarding copies of the Report on the Administration of Criminal Justice for 1885.

ORDER—dated 31st December 1886, No. 3416, Judicial.

The arrangement of the Report on the Administration of Criminal Justice in 1885 is the same as that which has already been approved by Government in the case of the Civil Justice Report of the same year. The Government observe with regret that the majority of the reports submitted by District Magistrates, in compliance with the instructions contained in paragraph 1 of G.O., dated 30th January 1886, No. 284, Judicial, were unsatisfactory. The attention of the District Magistrates of North Arcot, Kistna, Ganjam, and Coimbatore will be drawn to the delay that occurred in the submission of their reports.

2. The returns show an increase both in the total number of cases reported and in the number returned as true, the figures being as under:—

	1884.	1885.
Number of cases reported	211,262	216,657
Do. returned as true	179,611	190,730

Of the 190,730 cases returned as true, 182,451, or 95·6 per cent., were brought to trial. The percentage in 1884 was 93·1.

3. Appendix B is new, and appears to have been drawn up in accordance with the suggestion made in paragraph 3 of the review upon the Report for 1884. It shows that the ratio of grave offences to population was for the whole Presidency 1 to 1,479. The ratio was highest in the Godáviri Agency (1 to 227), where the population is small. Then come Madras (1 to 424) and Nilgiris (1 to 591). It is stated, however, in paragraph 26 of the Report that 81 per cent. of the grave cases in Madras and 89 per cent. of those in the Nilgiris consisted of theft. Grave crime was lightest in the Ganjam Agency (1 to 3,676), Vizagapatam (1 to 1,783), South Arcot (1 to 1,779), Nellore (1 to 1,756), Salem (1 to 1,744), and Cuddapah (1 to 1,735).

4. It is observed that the statistics given in paragraph 15 of the Report regarding the number of cases under the various heads of crime that occurred in 1884 differ from those given in the Criminal Justice Report for that year. It is presumed that the former relate to those offences only which were actually reported in 1884, but it is not clear how these were obtained, and the matter should have been briefly noticed in the Report. The offences which were most numerous were, as in the previous year, criminal force and assault (33,008), theft (24,463), criminal trespass (13,745), hurt (10,188), and mischief (8,103). There were 103 cases of murder as compared with 201 in 1884. The largest number of such cases again occurred in Vizagapatam (9),

but this was a great improvement upon the previous year when no less than 24 murders were reported in that district. Theft was most common in Malabar and Madura, as was the case in 1884. There was a very large increase—from 765 to 1,027—in the number of cases of theft that occurred in the Godavari district. His Excellency the Governor in Council notices with satisfaction that there was a decrease in grave crime generally throughout the Presidency.

5. There were 95,914 offences under Special and Local laws, and of this number 94,235 were returned as true. Of the number of cases reported, 41,053, or 42·8 per cent., were offences under the District Police Act; 19,216, or 20 per cent., under Municipal Acts; and 10,287, or 10·7 per cent., under the Madras Town Police Act. The High Court notices the increase in offences under the Abkari, Forest, Police, and Salt Acts, and the decrease in the number of offences under the Hackney Carriages Act and the Municipal Acts, and states that these facts indicate "that while sanitary rules have either been less rigorously enforced or less frequently infringed, increased activity has been exhibited in the working of those special Acts—Abkari, Forest, and Salt—where care is most necessary that injudicious zeal should not be permitted to lead to prosecutions which cannot be supported or to harass the people unnecessarily." Upon this the Government would observe that if the increase in the number of offences against the Police Acts—the majority of which are offences against sanitation—be also considered, the decrease in the number of infringements of sanitary rules cannot have been great, for there were nearly 30,000 offences by others than policemen punishable under section 48 of the Mofussil Police Act, as against under 25,000 in 1884; and further that, although it is true that greater activity has been exhibited in the working of the Abkari, Forest, and Salt Acts, the figures by no means prove that the prosecutions under those Acts were due to injudicious zeal; for, of the 15,864 cases reported, 15,310, or 96 per cent., were returned as true, and of the 20,189 persons who were tried for offences punishable under those Acts, 15,930, or 78 per cent., were convicted. It is noticed, however, that while nearly all the reported offences punishable under the Forest Act were returned as true, of the 4,926 persons who were tried for those offences, as many as 2,002 were acquitted or discharged. This matter will receive further attention in the Revenue Department.

6. The report contains no statement similar to that given in paragraph 5 of the Report for 1884, showing for each class of crime what percentage of reported cases were true. It should be given in future reports. Of the offences punishable under the Penal Code which were reported during the year, 79·91 per cent. were returned as true; the percentage in the case of offences punishable under Special and Local laws was 98·25, while for all offences together the percentage was 88·03. The corresponding figures in 1884 were 76·42, 97·03, and 82·8 per cent. The improvement that has taken place is matter for congratulation, but His Excellency in Council observes with great regret that the proportion of false charges of theft and analogous offences is enormous. Out of 24,463 complaints of theft, no less than 8,204 were rejected or struck off as false, while, as regards the most serious crimes of robbery and dacoity, the proportion is even greater, 443 out of 832. The corresponding figures for criminal breach of trust are 1,079 out of 3,221, and for criminal trespass 3,878 out of 13,745. False complaints were most common in Tanjore, where only 59·2 per cent. of the cases reported were returned as true. The two western districts and Tinnevely and Kurnool were also bad in this respect. In Bellary, Chingleput, and Nellore false complaints were comparatively few, while in the Nilgiris only 5·6 per cent. of the cases reported were struck off as false.

7. The total number of persons under trial during the year was 342,016, or 1 in every 90 of population, as compared with 334,253 persons, or 1 in every 92 of population in 1884. The following table gives the results of the trials of the above persons:—

	Indian Penal Code.	Special and Local laws.	Total.
(1) Number brought to trial ..	227,897	114,119	342,016
(2) Do. acquitted or discharged ..	167,550	25,066	192,616
(3) Do. convicted ..	54,604	88,315	142,919
(4) Percentage of 3 on total of 2 and 3 ..	24·6	77·9	42·6

The percentages in 1884 were 24·6, 81·0, and 42·9 respectively. The following is a table of the percentages in 1884 and 1885 in the case of those heinous offences in which the percentage was small:—

	1884.	1885.
Rape ..	7·4	25·2
Offences relating to documents ..	10·2	7·2
Extortion ..	10·6	8·3
Kidnapping ..	12·4	15·4

The figures are not encouraging.

8. Turning now to the miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code, it is observed that there was a considerable increase in the number of persons called upon to furnish security to keep the peace. This was probably due to the Dusserah and Mohurram festivals having fallen together in 1885.

There were 655 persons fined for preferring frivolous or vexatious complaints, and 246, or 37·5 per cent., of these belong to the Malabar district. These figures are surprising, and the District Magistrate should make a careful and detailed examination of them. Any inclination to abuse the power of fining a complainant given by section 250 of the code should be promptly suppressed.

There is some error in the number of maintenance cases shown as disposed of in 1884—1,211 cases involving 2,154 persons. The figures in Judicial Statement No. 3 for that year are 2,194 cases as against 2,216 persons, but it is difficult to understand how the number of persons can differ from the number of cases.

The number of European British subjects actually brought to trial in 1885 was 143.* Of this number, 93 could have

* Judicial Statement No. 2, Part II. claimed a mixed jury under section 451 (a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, but

only one did so. One person claimed to be tried by a mixed number of assessors, and two by a mixed jury under section 451 (1) of the code.

9. The number of original criminal cases before the courts was 203,993, and of appeals 5,861. There has been a steady increase under both heads during the last few years. Excluding the district of Madras, the courts in the Madura district have the largest proportion of criminal work, namely, 9·7 per cent. of the total number of cases that came before the courts in the interior. Malabar (9·1 per cent.) and Tanjore (8·0 per cent.) come next. Criminal work was lightest in the Nilgiris (1·2), Kurnool (1·6), and Anantapur (1·9).

10. *Village Magistrates' Courts.*—The number of cases received in the courts of Village Magistrates during the year was 15,762, and the number pending from the previous year was 100, making the total number for disposal 15,862. The total number is given in paragraph 37 of the report as 15,875. This should be corrected or explained. The number of cases disposed of was 15,681, leaving 181 cases pending at the close of the year. There has been a noticeable increase in late years in the number of cases pending before Village Magistrates. As the procedure is or should be of the most summary character, the Government consider that this state of things is unsatisfactory, and direct the attention of District Magistrates to the matter. The District Magistrate of Trichinopoly states that many of the Village Magistrates in his district are "hardly fit to act judicially." The remedy for this rests with the District Magistrate himself, who, in his capacity of Collector, should appoint to the posts of Village Magistrates only such persons as are fitted to perform the duties.

11. *Courts of Regular Magistrates.*—The number of cases filed in each of the several classes of courts of Regular Magistrates is shown below:—

	Cases.	Persons dealt with.
Bench of Magistrates ..	33,444	39,557
Special Magistrates ..	1,935	3,790
Stipendiary Magistrates (other than District or Special Magistrates) ..	123,928	266,203
District Magistrates ..	177	467

There has been an increase in the number of cases filed in each class of court, but while the increase has in some districts been continuous from 1883, in Tanjore and Cuddapah there has been a steady decrease. In Tanjore, however, the decrease is not

the result of a diminution in the number of cases reported,* and indicates that there has been a considerable increase in the number of cases returned as false, rather than any decrease in the actual

crime of the district. There was an increase of 2,990 in the number of cases filed in the courts of Bench Magistrates. The number of such cases was highest in the

Tanjore, Bellary, and Madura districts.† The number of cases pending before Bench Magistrates at the end of the year shows a tendency to increase, the figures being as under:—

	1883	1884	1885	Cases disposed of.	Pending.
1883	..	..	..	30,324	41
1884	..	..	..	30,716	49
1885	..	..	..	33,316	124

The number of such cases remaining undisposed of was large in Malabar (30) and Godáviri (29).

12. The work done by the various classes of Stipendiary Magistrates, other than Special and District Magistrates, is shown in the following table:—

	Cases filed.	Cases disposed of.	Pending.
Sub-Magistrates	1884 .. 108,489	106,489	1,392
	1885 .. 118,463	116,956	1,769
Deputy Magistrates	1884 .. 2,101	2,637	79
	1885 .. 2,235	2,838	107
Assistant and Head	1884 .. 2,244	2,360	58
Assistant Magistrates.	1885 .. 1,352	1,533	59
Joint Magistrates	1884 .. 408	533	9
	1885 .. 696	733	25
Cantonment Magis-	1884 .. 1,345	1,339	5
trates.	1885 .. 1,182	1,160	..

The arrears were heaviest in the Godáviri, Malabar, and Madura districts. The number of cases disposed of by District Magistrates was 211 as compared with 171 in 1884. The District Magistrates of Madura and Malabar tried no cases, and those of Chingleput and Salem only one each. The District Magistrate of Ganjam disposed of as many as 39 cases.

13. The number of persons convicted by Magistrates was 113,417 as compared with 109,397 in 1884. Of this number 92,978, or 82 per cent., were punished with fine only, the corresponding figure for 1884 being 90,978, or 83 per cent. 18,306 persons were sentenced to imprisonment, but the term exceeded six months in 928 cases only. In 82 per cent. of the sentences, the imprisonment awarded was rigorous. There were 122 sentences of imprisonment with solitary confinement as compared with 39 in 1884. The number of persons sentenced to whipping only rose from 1,178 to 1,299; 548 of these were juveniles. The number of persons who appealed, and whose appeals were decided during the year, was 11,262. In the case of 6,698 of these, the sentences were confirmed.

14. The amount of the fines imposed by Magistrates during the year was lower than in 1884, but the proportion realized was better:—

	1883.	1884.	1885.
Imposed ..	RS. 4,95,056	RS. 4,00,725	RS. 3,91,434
Recovered ..	.. 3,06,295	.. 2,88,700	.. 2,97,669
Percentage ..	.. 62	.. 72	.. 75

These figures are satisfactory as showing that Magistrates have exercised greater discretion in awarding this kind of punishment. An examination of the 96,447 sentences of fine shows that in 90,206 cases the fines did not exceed Rs. 10, and that they exceeded Rs. 50 in 582 cases only.

15. The number of witnesses examined was 328,743, and of these only 16,230, or 4.9 per cent., were detained for more than three days. The percentage in 1884 was 7½, and His Excellency the Governor in Council notices the improvement with much satisfaction.

16. *Courts of Session.*—During the three years previous to 1885, the original criminal work of Courts of Session showed a steady tendency to decrease, but in 1885 the number of cases was slightly in excess of that for the preceding year.* The increase was greatest in Bellary, where it

is ascribed to "want of due care on the part of committing Magistrates." This matter should receive the attention of the District Magistrates of Bellary and Anantapur. The number of persons under trial in Courts of Session was 2,568; of these 1,265 were acquitted or discharged and 1,134 convicted. The percentage of convictions on total of convictions and acquittals is 47.3 as compared with 49.4 in 1884. The percentage was again lowest in the Bellary district (30.9), where, on the other hand, the percentage of convictions by Magistrates was 60.3, the highest in the Presidency. This point was noticed in paragraph 19 of the review of the Report for 1884, and the Government expect that the returns for 1886 will exhibit some improvement.

In the 440 cases tried by jury, the Court approved of the verdict in 420. The Sessions Judge of Madura, however, disagreed with 5 out of 43 verdicts.

There was a marked increase in the number of long sentences of rigorous imprisonment, which is the more remarkable when the decrease of grave crime is considered:—

	No. of sentences.	
	1884.	1885.
Exceeding two years, but not exceeding seven years...	365	560
Exceeding seven years ..	29	68

The amount of fines imposed rose from Rs. 15,094 to Rs. 28,959, but the amount realized fell from Rs. 5,683 to Rs. 2,550, or only 8.8 per cent. of the amount imposed. This is unsatisfactory.

There were 1,102 appealable sentences passed by Sessions Courts, and appeals were preferred in 72.7 per cent. of these cases, with the result that 80.7 per cent. of the sentences appealed against were confirmed. There was a very large increase†

† 1884 .. 1,401
1885 .. 3,676
in the number of witnesses who were detained for more than three days. The number was highest in Bellary (654), and the explanation given is that the Sessions were unusually heavy. It is observed, however, that the number of cases disposed of was two less than in Madura, where the number of witnesses detained for more than three days was only 337. In Malabar, North and South, and in the Courts of the Agents in Ganjam and Vizagapatam, no witnesses were detained for more than three days.

17. *Appellate work in the Interior.*—The number of appeals instituted during the year was 5,239. There has been a steady increase of late years:—

	1883.	1884.	1885.
In Sub-divisional Magistrates' Courts ..	3,454	4,147	4,291
„ District Magistrates' Courts ..	334	337	362
„ Courts of Session ..	491	510	586
Total ..	4,279	4,994	5,239

The number of appeals disposed of was 5,085; in 1880 the number was only 2,995. The number of appeals disposed of by Courts of Session was 563, the largest numbers

being in South Malabar (66) and Madura (58). Among District Magistrates, the District Magistrate of Trichinopoly again had the heaviest appellate work (96 cases). No appeals were filed in the Courts of the District Magistrates of South Arcot and Madura. The High Court does not consider that District Magistrates generally have taken a sufficient share in appellate work, but although it is certainly desirable that District Magistrates should decide the more important appeals, the Government does not wish that much of their time should be occupied in hearing petty cases, for the efficient disposal of which there are other competent officers. The number of appeals disposed of by Sub-divisional Magistrates was 4,253.

The results of appeals are shown by persons instead of by cases. They are given in the following table:—

	Wholly unsuccessful.	Successful.	Varied.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial ordered.
Magistrates' Courts ..	58.6 per cent.	30.8 per cent.	8.7 per cent.	0.5 per cent.	1.4 per cent.
Courts of Session ..	42.6 ..	27.0 ..	10.3 ..	..	1 ..

The number of appeals pending at the end of the year was 307. Arrears were large in the Sub-divisional Magistrates' Courts of Salem, Madura, Malabar, Ganjam, Tinnevely, and South Arcot, and in the Sessions Courts of Bellary, Coimbatore, and Trichinopoly. The average duration of each appeal was 25 days in Courts of Session, 13 days in Courts of District Magistrates, and 19 days in Courts of Sub-divisional Magistrates. These figures show an improvement upon the results of 1884.

18. *Presidency Magistrates' Courts.*—The number of cases instituted in the Courts of Presidency Magistrates increased from 26,662 to 27,531. The total number for disposal was 27,549, all of which were disposed of except 21. There was a noticeable decline—from 92.7 to 84.5—in the percentage of convictions. This matter should receive the attention of the Commissioner of Police. Of the total convictions only 116 were on regular trial, while 28,493 were summary. Of the 28,609 persons convicted, 27,400 were punished with fine only; the total number of sentences of fine alone and with other punishment was 27,505, and in the case of 27,328 of these the fines did not exceed Rs. 10.

19. *High Court—Original Jurisdiction.*—There was a slight decline in the number of cases committed for trial before the High Court, and a very considerable decline in the number of witnesses examined.* There was an improvement in the average duration of cases. All the cases were disposed of during the year.

	Cases.	Witnesses.
* 1884	74	402
1885	67	237

Appellate Jurisdiction.—The number of appeals to the High Court was 622. This exceeds by 36 the number of appeals before all the Courts of Sessions, and was greater than in any of the preceding five years † except 1880, the figures of which year were swollen by 227 extra appeals from decisions in connection with the

Rumpu disturbances. The cause of the increase is not stated.

Out of the above number, however, there were 60 appeals from persons under sentence of death, whose cases would in any case have been dealt with under section 374 of the Criminal Procedure Code, and there were 15 appeals in cases which had also been submitted under section 307 of the code. The number of other cases, together with the cases pending from 1884, was 610, of which 532 were disposed of. This is a considerable advance upon the number disposed of (449) in 1884. In 77 per cent. of the cases, the appellants were wholly unsuccessful. The proportion of appeals summarily rejected has greatly increased, but on the other hand there has also been a slight increase in the percentage of sentences finally varied or reversed. The inference is that the Court has been less disposed to give lengthy consideration to cases for which there was no good foundation and which must have been ultimately dismissed. These remarks apply also to the Revision work of the Court.

There were 20 appeals from acquittals disposed of in 1885. In 11 cases the order of acquittal was confirmed, in 6 cases convictions were recorded, and in 3 cases

new trials were ordered. Fourteen cases in which Sessions Judges differed from the juries were disposed of, the verdict of the jury being upheld in 4 of them. The number of persons sentenced to death was 35 as compared with 58 in 1884. The number of cases taken up by the High Court *suo motu* or brought before it by petition or otherwise, for revision, declined from 800 to 732. The decrease is largely due to the fact that, since December 1884, the calendars of First-class Magistrates other than District Magistrates have not been submitted to the High Court. In consequence of this change, the number of cases reported by Sessions Judges and District Magistrates has increased from 340 to 411, while only 65 cases were taken up by the Court *suo motu* as against 234 in 1884. In 59 per cent. of the cases sent up by Sessions Judges and in 73 per cent. of those reported by District Magistrates, the orders were quashed or otherwise disturbed. The High Court received 2,237 calendars for perusal as compared with 9,236 in 1884. This decrease is also due to the change referred to above.

20. To sum up, the leading features in the administration of criminal justice in 1885 were (1) an increase in both reported and true crime, but a decrease in offences of a grave nature notwithstanding a considerable increase in ordinary thefts; (2) an increase in the number of offences under Special and Local laws, accompanied by a decline in the proportion ending in convictions; (3) an increase in the number of persons called upon to furnish security to keep the peace; (4) an increase in the number of cases disposed of, and an improvement in the proportion of reported cases which were brought to trial during the year; and (5) an improvement in the quality of the work done as evidenced by the results of appeals. These results are, on the whole, satisfactory.

(True Extract.)

H. E. STOKES,
Ag. Chief Secretary.

To the Honorable the Judges of the High Court, with C.L.
 „ the Revenue Department.
 „ all Sessions Judges.
 „ all District Magistrates.
 „ the Inspector-General of Police.
 „ „ of Jails.
 „ „ of Registration.
 „ the Chief Presidency Magistrate.
 „ the Editors' table.

Ed. T. O'Connor.

Govt. of (1886) Madras.

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