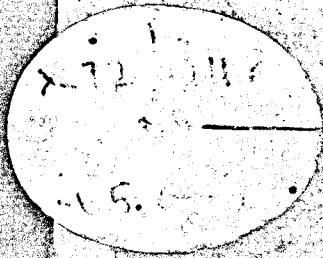


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ON

THE SETTLEMENT

OF

THE LAND REVENUE

OF

THE PROVINCES

OF

THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY,

FOR FASLI 1260 (1859-60.)

MADRAS:

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED FOR THE BOARD OF REVENUE

1861.

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PROCEEDINGS OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Read the following letter from the Secretary to the Board of Revenue:—

Submitting the Board's annual Report on the Settlement and Collection of the Revenue of this Presidency for Fasli 1269, with the usual explanatory statements. (Here enter 16th February 1861, No. 884.)

ORDER THEREON, 22nd April 1861, No. 907.

1. In this letter the Board of Revenue report on the Settlement and Collection of the Revenue for the Fasli year 1269, A. D. 1859-60.

2. The season is described as having been less favorable than that of 1268, in consequence of a general failure of rain after November. It is stated, however, that on the whole it was a

Ganjam.
Vizagapatam.
Nellore.
Madras.

Tinnevely.
Coimbatore.
North Canara.
South Canara.

favorable season in the eight Districts noted in the margin, though below the average in the remaining twelve. The tabular statement of the rain fall shows that in Bellary the quantity was only half of that of the previous year; and in several Districts, especially Kistna, Bellary, and Kurnool, the fall after October was very small.

3. Paragraphs 6 and 7 notice the sanitary state of the country as usual. His Excellency in Council regrets that he is unable to regard the figures attached to paragraph 7, and purporting to show the increase of vaccination in parts of the Madras Presidency, as at all trustworthy. Except in Malabar, the proportion of "successful" to "unsuccessful" is contrary to all experience, and the same care which reduced the figures in the excepted District, might be usefully employed elsewhere.

4. Prices (paragraphs 9 to 11) though in general below those of 1268, were still very remunerative. In three Districts only they ranged higher than in the preceding year, viz., in Kurnool, Malabar, and South Canara; in the last mentioned two Districts the rise exceeded 25 per cent. As regards the tabular statement appended to paragraph 10, the Government would remark that the proper mode of showing the rise of price is not to compare single years, but to take for comparison the average of a few years of medium prices of some time back. Thus the averages of Faslis 1256 to 1260, and of 1261 to 1265, might have been compared with subsequent years. In future Reports this plan should be observed.

5. The extent of land in occupation in the field Ryotwar Districts and parts of Districts (omitting North and South Canara and Malabar), is stated at 16,16,41,496 acres, of which 2,52,282 acres were uncultivated and struck out of the settlement. The area on which the settlement was made was 143,89,214 acres, bearing an assessment of 364,45,710 Rupees.

6. The net extent of land newly taken up in the year, deducting that relinquished or transferred, was 4,73,611 acres; the extent in the preceding year (Fasli 1268) was little less, being 4,59,812 acres. This progressive extension of occupation is gratifying, and indicates a healthy and flourishing condition in the rural population. This increase is noticed by the Board in paragraph 14. In every District, they say, there was an increase both in wet and dry cultivation, excepting only Bellary and South Arcot in the former, and Madras in the latter. It is also gratifying to observe that the extent of land under occupation remitted at the settlement, is greatly less in the year under report than in former years. This object of making the settlement as much as possible on the holding, should be steadily kept in view; though in unfavorable seasons it will still be necessary to depart from it to some extent.

7. It is observed that the area under occupation in Fasli 1268, as given in the present Report (paragraph 12), and in the Report for that year (paragraphs 24 and 25) differs by above a lac of acres. This discrepancy should be explained by the Board; it may possibly be owing to the area of the occupied land in the old Madras or Presidency District, being now newly shown in the returns.

8. It must be pointed out also that a serious error appears in the areas given in the comparative statement No. 5. The figures for Fasli 1269 represent the whole of the land in occupation, while those for Fasli 1268 represent the area taken as the basis of the settlement, excluding the "waste remitted." The heading indicates that the latter is what ought to be shown in the statement, and the figures for Fasli 1269 therefore are wrong. The same error is found in

statement No. 4. The Government are surprised to find such an error in a statement prepared in the Board's Office.

9. Paragraph 14 of the Report exhibits the entire settlement of all the Ryotwar Districts and parts of Districts, including North and South Canara and Malabar. The net result is a decrease of Rupees 7,14,951, in the settlement, notwithstanding the large increase of occupation above noticed. This decrease is owing in part to the reduction of assessment in Nellore, but chiefly to the abolition of the Ulungu system in Tanjore and Tinnevely. The apparent loss from the latter cause is nearly 25 lacs of Rupees; but the Board point out (paragraph 15) that in consequence partly of remissions in past years of the amount of gain by price, and partly of the heavy fall in the price of grain in the year under notice in both the Districts concerned, the loss is in great part only nominal.

10. Paragraphs 17 and 18 of the Board's Proceedings reviewing the "remissions," which are given in detail in statements 6, 7 and 8, do not call for much remark. The Government are gratified however to observe a decided decrease under this head in comparison with previous years, and to receive the Board's assurance that the Collectors are paying attention to the subject.

Paragraph 19. 11. An increase of more than a lac of Rupees appearing under the head of "sundry items" arises from the water tax levied on Inams, &c., in the Godavery and Kistna Districts. The decrease in the only other item considered worthy of remark, viz., "forest revenue" is explained as only apparent. His Excellency in Council is glad to find that the Forest Conservancy is spoken of as increasing in usefulness, and performing its part in adding to the revenues of the country: the amount realized during Fasli 1269 being more than two lacs and eighty-seven thousand Rupees. The primary and chief object of the Department, however, is not revenue but conservative.

12. In paragraph 29 the Board give a statement showing the entire land revenue of Fasli 1269 in comparison with that of the previous year. The result is that there is a net deficiency of Rupees 6,18,231. *
 * Fasli 1268... 411,32,371
 " 1269 ... 405,14,140
 Decrease... 6,18,231
 The larger part of this falling off is in the Ryotwar Districts; notwithstanding the facts already noticed, of a large increase of land in occupation, and a decrease in the occupied land struck out at the settlement. Some of the circumstances which turned the balance against the revenue have been already noticed, in particular the apparent heavy loss of revenue in Tanjore and Tinnevely; to this is to be added the loss under this head of revenue by the restoration of two Zamindaris to the proprietors.

13. In paragraph 26 the Board give a statement of the settled revenue of the ten years preceding Fasli 1269, from which it is seen that that of the last mentioned year exceeds the average by 36½ lac of Rupees. The Board point out also that if the revenue of Fasli 1268 is corrected to suit the circumstances noticed in the preceding paragraph, and also by omitting certain receipts not properly belonging to that year, it will fall short of that of Fasli 1269 by nearly six lacs.

Paragraph 27. 14. An increase of above twenty lacs of Rupees in the "sundry sources of revenue" is divided among all its branches, viz.:-

	Rs.
(1.) Abkari...	1,48,170
(2.) Mohturfa...	19,539
(3.) Salt...	6,46,018
(4.) Sea Customs...	10,76,965
(5.) Sayer...	60,276
(6.) Stamps...	51,406
Total...	20,05,374

More than half the increase, viz 10½ lacs, is in Sea Customs, and is due to the operation of Act VII of 1859.

15. The salt transactions are noticed in paragraphs 29 to 32. The season was favorable for manufacture; and stocks being low at the beginning of the year, it was carried on vigorously, so that the quantity made was 2½ million maunds more than in the preceding year. Deducting increased sales to the extent of Indian maunds 89,581, and wastage, the quantity of salt in store at the end of the Fasli exceeded that remaining at its commencement by Indian maunds 12,34,878.

16. The salt wastage (paragraph 30) calls for some remark. Statement No. 14 shows that the wastage written off under sanction of Government amounts to Indian maunds 6,68,284: and further sanction is requested for writing off 2,35,200 Indian maunds on account of the present Fasli 1269. It is not explained to what years the former figures appertain. In commenting on

this subject in their Order* on last year's (1268) Revenue Report, *8th June 1860, No. 950, the Government remarked on the practice of retaining in the Revenue Department accounts wastage belonging to former years, and requested that

care might be taken to prevent the recurrence of such an irregularity. It is presumed that the 6,68,284 Indian maunds in question, includes the 3,41,881, for which sanction was granted in the Order quoted above. It should be explained to what Faslis the remainder belongs, and also whether there is any more wastage still remaining in the accounts.

17. Agreeably to the present recommendation of the Board, the Governor in Council sanctions the writing off of the wastage of 1269, viz., Indian maunds 2,35,200, the cost price of which appears from enclosure A in statement 14 to be Rupees 36,483. The quantity thus allowed to be written off should be at once removed from the accounts and returns, and should not appear again. The practice above referred to, which the Board also condemned last year, causes great confusion. No reason appears why the accounts of wastage of salt for different Faslis should not be kept as distinct as the arrears of revenue for different years; and the Government desire that this may be done for the future. It is proper, however, that the wastage of every year should be written off after its close, as soon as the sanction of the Government can be obtained. Nothing is gained by retaining it in the accounts; but the Government believe that there is much room for improvement as to the quantity of wastage reported.

18. The net increase in the salt revenue is stated in paragraph 27 at Rupees 6,46,018, but in paragraph 31 it is stated at Rupees 6,80,212. No good reason appears for this discrepancy. The difference consists of extra revenue and refunds of charges; but if these items are given as revenue in one place, they ought to be so in the other. It is of great consequence in revenue accounts that a given term should always signify the same thing; unless this rule is strictly observed, great confusion must result. In future also the cost of salt, as well as the wastage, should be shown separately from Establishment, &c., which latter constitute the real charge of management.

19. The salt charges shown in the present returns are less by Rupees 29,000 than those reported for the previous year, but no inference can be drawn from this fact, because, as stated in paragraph 32, the charges shown are not those of the year under report or of any entire year. It is very desirable that the charges shown in each year's Report should represent those of the year; and the Government trust that the Board will be able to effect this in future years, as they intimate the intention of doing.

20. The statement in paragraph 36 shows the demand on account of all sources of revenue, in comparison with that of the previous year. On the whole there is an increase of 17,55,540 Rupees as shown in the margin. Of the entire demand, being Rupees 536,42,539, the amount realized within the Fasli year was 526,99,147 Rupees. The balance thus outstanding, being Rupees 26,98,932, was reduced by the end of October to Rupees 5,12,908, being 93 per cent. This result is very creditable to all concerned. The balance then outstanding has no doubt been since materially reduced; the Government trust that the Ryotwari balance has been investigated and settled during the Jamabandi of 1270.

21. Paragraphs 40 to 42 of the Board's Report relate to the arrears of former years. These arrears amounted on the 31st October 1860, to Rupees 7,91,553; but this included a balance in Tanjore conditionally remitted in connection with the Ulungu abolition, and of which by far the greater part, if not the whole, will eventually be actually remitted. The amount of this balance is stated by the Board at Rupees 3,63,100, but this seems to be a mistake; for a detailed statement of old arrears obtained from the Board's Office and to be noticed presently, states the entire arrear of Fasli 1268, to which year alone the conditional remission referred, at only Rupees 1,91,986. Of the remaining arrears the sum of Rupees 1,04,592-11-7 is stated to be irrecoverable; and on the Board's recommendation the Governor in Council authorizes the writing off of that amount to "Profit and Loss." The Shrotriya report alluded to in paragraph 41 should be submitted at an early date.

22. As regards the remaining balance the Report is silent as to what years it belongs to, and what means the Board have taken to satisfy themselves that the arrears have in every District been duly investigated. But the Government obtained from the Board the sub-joined Statement of the arrears of Land Revenue not permanently settled, up to October 31st 1860, showing the amount for each District and the years for which due:—

Districts.	Old balance of Fasli 1257.	Fasli 1257.	Fasli 1258.	Fasli 1259.	Fasli 1260.	Fasli 1261.	Fasli 1262.	Fasli 1263.	Fasli 1264.	Fasli 1265.	Fasli 1266.	Fasli 1267.	Fasli 1268.	Total.
Ganjam.....	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Vizagapatam.....	82,458	2,796	2,928	2,999	3,078	2,771	3,430	4,063	4,697	6,150	7,006	9,024	25,422	38,503
Godavery.....														
Kistna.....														
Nellore.....														
Cuddapah.....														
Bellary.....														
Kurnool.....														
Madras.....														
North Arcot.....														
South Arcot.....														
Tanjore.....														
Trichinopoly.....														
Madura.....														
Tinnevely.....														
Coimbatore.....														
Salem.....														
North Canara.....														
South Canara.....														
Malabar.....														
Total.....	85,403	3,404	3,585	5,114	5,399	4,917	5,732	17,637	36,484	59,163	73,973	1,37,812	2,83,577	7,28,499

From Fasli 1228 to 1250.....	Rs. 65,825
" " 1251.....	3,112
" " 1252.....	3,334
" " 1253.....	3,175
" " 1254.....	2,831
" " 1255.....	2,221
" " 1256.....	1,960
* Total.....	82,458

Fasli 1252.....	Rs. 112
" 1253.....	660
" 1254.....	51
" 1255.....	22
" 1256.....	40
+ Total.....	133

Of the entire amount given in this statement, Rupees 88,515 has now been remitted, leaving the actual arrear Rupees 6,29,985, but the remarks on the statement must treat of the whole amount as an arrear, as the particulars cannot be distinguished.

23. It is seen that the arrears extend back for many years; in the Kistna as far back as Fasli 1228 or A. D. 1818; in Tinnevely and Coimbatore as far back as Fasli 1252 or A. D. 1842; in a few other Districts as far back as 1849. In the Districts noted in the margin, the arrears are trifling in amount.* In Vizagapatam there is no arrear prior to Fasli 1267; in South Canara none prior to Fasli 1265; and in Kurnool and Madura none prior to Fasli 1264.

24. It is utterly useless for any good purpose to retain these old arrears in the accounts. They ought to have been investigated and adjusted many years ago, and the Board will now call the special attention of the Collectors to the necessity of their early adjustment. It will probably be found on very slight inquiry that all the arrears of above five years standing may be written off at once; those of more recent date will need closer investigation, but the whole may be completed in a short time if the work is vigorously taken in hand. The Board have just submitted a very complete report from the Collector of Tanjore on the old arrears in that District; and a similar one should be obtained from every District. This settlement of the old arrears is so important, that if in any District it cannot be done otherwise, it will be worth while to employ a Deputy Collector solely on this duty, under the Collector's orders.

The inquiry should embrace arrears under all heads.

25. In reviewing the Reports both of Fasli 1267 and Fasli 1268 the Government dwelt on the importance of an early settlement of all balances; that those fairly due might be promptly recovered, and those irrecoverable for sufficient cause be struck off. The new Law for the recovery of arrears (Act XXXIX of 1858) has much strengthened the hands of Collectors, and it is the desire of Government that the powers thus given should be fully used. It is only necessary then that the Collectors should also follow the rule of investigating every outstanding arrear at the settlement of the Fasli succeeding that to which it belongs, if not before, and take immediate measures for the recovery of such as are not then found to be irrecoverable. It is desirable that the Board should keep their attention steadily directed to this rule; and enforce it in those Districts where it is not now duly followed. If it is rightly followed the evasion of payment where justly due, and the accumulation of old arrears, will be alike impossible.

26. The figures in paragraph 43 of the Board's Report give the entire receipts from all sources. The Government presume, though it is not expressly stated, that the Statement represents the receipts within the year under report, which constitute the actual revenue of the year. The amount exceeds that of the preceding year 1268 by above twenty lacs of Rupees, or £200,000. The revenue of 1268 exceeded that of 1267 by nearly half a million sterling.

27. In paragraph 23 of the Order on the report for Fasli 1268, the Government requested the Board to submit with every future year's Report a statement in a form then given, to show the demand, the receipts, and the charges, under all heads, for a series of years. On the present occasion they have not furnished such a Statement; but they have sent up another instead, showing the same particulars for the single year under notice, for each District. The Government will not object to such a Statement being furnished every year, but they are not prepared to dispense with the other. It will form a useful record of the past, instead of the entire information in the Report being confined, as is now usual, to the single year reported on and the year preceding. The series of years in the Statement should be twenty.

28. The Government are gratified to learn (paragraph 48) that the services of the Deputy Collectors are well spoken of by Collectors, and that the objects contemplated in the creation of that grade have been so fully attained.

(True Extracts.)

(Signed) J. D. BOURDILLON,

Secretary to Government.

From J. D. SIM, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue,
To J. D. BOURDILLON, Esq., Secretary to Government, R. D.

Sir,

1. I am directed by the Board of Revenue to submit their annual Report on the Settlement and Collection of the Revenue of this Presidency for Fasli 1269 (A. D. 1859-60), with the usual explanatory Statements as per accompanying list. A printed volume containing the Reports of the several Collectors is also herewith forwarded.

2. During the year under Report, territorial alterations have been made in some of the Collectorates. The three Districts of Rajahmundry, Masulipatam, and Guntoor, have been formed into the two new Districts of the Godavary and Kistna; Madras has been amalgamated with Chingleput, the united Districts being designated Madras; and Canara has been divided into two Collectorates called North and South Canara. The accounts accompanying this Report have been drawn up, so as to indicate the transactions of the new Districts as correctly as practicable, but as the changes were carried out in the middle of the Fasli, there was some difficulty in their preparation.

3. The Taluqs settled on Ryotwar principles are the same as in Fasli 1268, in all the Provinces except Malabar, in which, under the order of the Board dated 7th May 1860, Cochin ceased to be considered as a separate Taluq. The variations in the number of Ryotwar villages (which alone are entered in the Statement here referred to) are owing chiefly to a more correct arrangement of them; thus, in Vizagapatam there is a decrease of 204 villages, which, though held on various tenures, as Rented, Agraharum, and Mocassa, were erroneously included till last year under the head of Ryotwar. In Tanjore 144 of the resumed Mocassa villages, belonging to the late Raj have been incorporated with those of Government, but these being under Ulungu tenure, are not included in the Statement, which shows only Ryotwar villages.

4. SEASON.—The season is of a less favorable character than the preceding one. It opened well, but after November there was a general failure of rain. On the whole, in the Districts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Nellore, Madras, Tinnevely, Coimbatore, and North and South Canara, the season was favorable; but in the other twelve Districts it was below the average; and in

parts of the Ceded Districts, there was actual drought. The freshes in the Kistna, Cauvery and Coleroon, were unusually high and caused much damage. The highest fresh in the Kistna was 37 feet, at which height, the river remained for several days.

5. The average fall of rain in each District as compared with Fasli 1268, is shown in the margin.

6. In the Provinces, Cholera, Fever and Small pox were prevalent. In Malabar, cholera of a virulent type was fatal in 13,953-out of 16,343 cases reported. In North Canara the Collector notices that Fever has been very prevalent during the last two or three years, and that this disease, for which the division of Hannu has long been notorious, was now showing itself in the comparatively healthy Balaghat Taluq of the District.

Districts.	April to September 1859 inclusive.	October 1859 to March 1860 inclusive.	Total for the whole year.	Total for last Fasli 1268.
Ganjam	48.5	6.9	55.4	40.0
Vizagapatam	31.4	10.0	41.4	23.9
Godavary	26.4	6.7	33.1	29.1
Kistna	23.0	5.1	28.1	28.8
Nellore	19.2	33.4	52.6	38.2
Cuddapah	15.0	12.2	27.2	29.5
Bellary	11.8	2.5	14.3	28.0
Kernool	19.7	1.9	21.6	23.0
Madras	24.6	27.4	52.0	51.1
North Arcot	15.8	13.5	29.3	31.5
South Arcot	25.7	16.8	42.5	52.3
Tanjore	36.6	29.4	66.0	56.4
Tiruchinopoly	27.5	11.5	39.0	46.2
Madura	18.5	14.8	33.3	41.0
Tinnevely	12.4	25.1	37.5	32.9
Coimbatore	19.5	7.3	27.0	25.2
Salem	6.9	1.4	8.3	50.5
North Canara	107.6	17.6	125.2	135.5
South Canara	93.7	15.1	108.8	115.1
Malabar				

* This is clearly erroneous, but the Collector has not been able to correct the mistake.

7. Vaccination is gradually becoming better understood by the people, and its advantages seem to be generally more appreciated. The operations of the Vaccine Department during the year under report in some of the Districts, are shown in the margin. It will be seen that in Malabar, the percentage of successful cases is very small, owing, it is stated, partly to the unfavorable character of the climate, and partly also to the measures adopted for securing greater accuracy in the returns of the Vaccinators.

Districts.	No. of Children vaccinated.	Successful.
Bellary.....	9,523	9,025
Kurnool.....	1,886	1,625
North Arcot.....	14,124	13,761
North Canara.....	5,458	4,796
Malabar.....	19,089	4,224
Coimbatore.....	17,877	16,986
Salem.....	17,937	15,158
Ganjam.....	9,542	Particulars not given in the reports
Madura.....	23,434	
Tinnevely.....	11,457	

8. Cattle suffered much from Murrain in Nellore, Kurnool and Coimbatore, and from want of water and pasturage in the Madura District.

9. Prices continued very remunerative, although lower than in Fasli 1268, in which year they rose to rates unprecedentedly high. The subjoined abstract STATEMENT No. 2, and its enclosure, will show that though they fell from 10 to 16 per cent. in Fasli 1269, they were still (with one exception, Jawary,) considerably above the average prices of the previous ten years; they were also above the commutation rates:—

	Average of 10 years from Fasli 1259 to Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase or decrease in Fasli 1269 on the average of 10 years.	Percent- age of increase or decrease.	Decrease below Fasli 1268.	Percent- age.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Paddy 1st sort per garce.	104	158	141	+ 37	36	17	10
Do. 2d do.	94	143	130	+ 36	38	13	9
Jawary do.	214	183	161	— 53	25	22	12
Pajera do.	117	173	152	+ 35	30	21	12
Raggi do.	113	167	150	+ 37	32	17	10
Horsegram do.	144	219	182	+ 38	26	37	16

10. The decrease below Fasli 1268 was general in all the Districts except Kurnool, South Canara, and Malabar. In Kurnool all descriptions of grain sold at rates slightly higher than those of Fasli 1268; in South Canara and Malabar, the price of Paddy was as much as 29 and 26 per cent. above the preceding year. The subjoined abstract shows the increase in each District in the price of 2d sort Paddy, which is taken as being the staple food of the people:—

Districts.	Fasli 1262.	Fasli 1266.	Fasli 1267.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase or Decrease in Fasli 1269 on Fasli 1268.	Per centage of increase or decrease.
1. Ganjam...	40	66	75	81	76	— 5	6
2. Vizagapatam...	43	83	95	101	89	—12	11
3. Godavery...	52	81	82	85	87	+ 2	2
4. Kistna...	65	94	101	121	105	—16	13
5. Nellore...	64	99	114	140	117	—23	16
6. Cuddapah...	72	117	126	156	149	— 7	4
7. Bellary...	68	95	105	147	139	— 8	5
8. Kurnool...	...	100	118	139	149	+10	7
9. Madras...	61	105	131	142	116	—26	18
10. North Arcot...	48	85	117	133	110	—23	27
11. South Arcot...	60	86	137	156	115	—41	26
12. Tanjore...	53	87	109	161	112	—49	30
13. Trichinopoly...	69	93	121	174	151	—23	13
14. Madura...	70	109	159	168	153	—15	8
15. Tinnevely...	80	131	152	170	137	—33	19
16. Coimbatore...	71	136	180	191	167	—24	12
17. Salem...	59	106	144	173	144	—29	16
18. North Canara...	...	106	122	130	117	—13	10
19. South Canara...	...	106	122	130	168	+38	29
20. Malabar...	75	120	140	164	207	+43	26

11. The general fall is to be attributed to increased production, and less demand for foreign markets.

12. The extent of land in occupation or comprised in the Ryots' holdings was 146,41,496 acres, assessed at 310,85,669 Rupees; which shows an increased net occupancy above the preceding year, of 4,73,641 acres, assessed at 6,15,108 Rupees; but in this acreage the Estates in North and South Canara and Malabar are not included; for, owing to peculiarities of land tenure in those Districts, the extent under occupancy is not known.

Items.	Land.	Assessment.
	Acrea.	RS.
Lands held by the Ryots at the commencement of the year...	141,67,855	304,70,561
Deduct lands given up...	6,09,911	11,86,884
Remainder...	135,57,944	292,83,677
Add lands newly taken up...	10,83,552	18,01,992
Total holdings...	146,41,496	310,85,669
Waste remitted...	2,52,282	6,39,959
Remainder...	143,89,214	304,45,710

Of the above occupancy 2,52,282 acres were left uncultivated under circumstances entitling the holders to remission, and the assessment thereon Rupees 6,39,959 was accordingly remitted.

	Waste Remission.	
	Extent.	Assessment.
	Acrea.	RS.
Fasli 1265	3,12,724	7,91,743
Fasli 1266	3,54,941	8,88,172
Fasli 1267	7,20,083	16,78,709
Fasli 1268	4,24,514	10,01,931
Fasli 1269	2,52,282	6,39,959

13. This item "Waste remitted" was considerably less than in previous years. This result is to be attributed to the more rigid enforcement of the rule which requires the Ryots to pay the full assessment on the whole extent of their holdings (except under certain peculiar circumstances), and which has consequently led to the relinquishment of those lands which could not be advantageously cultivated.

14. The actual cultivation of Fasli 1269, including land left waste under circumstances not entitling the owners to remission, is compared with that of the preceding year in the following abstract:—

Items.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	Acrea.	RS.	Acrea.	RS.	Acrea.	RS.	Acrea.	RS.
Unirrigated.....	106,49,294	133,16,110	113,04,510	139,23,296	6,55,216	6,07,186	.....	.....
Irrigated.....	26,29,300	170,63,079	27,02,142	148,11,557	72,842	.....	.....	2,261,522
Garden.....	3,60,836	16,45,925	3,82,562	17,10,857	21,726	64,932	.....	.....
Total...	136,39,430	320,25,114	143,89,214	304,45,710	6,49,784	.....	.....	15,79,404
2d crop assessd.	.....	8,15,925	.....	7,95,707	.....	.....	.....	20,218
Additional do.	.....	6,00,313	.....	6,49,392	.....	49,079	.....	.....
Total...	.....	334,41,353	.....	318,90,809	.....	.....	.....	15,50,544
N. and S. Canara and Malabar...	.....	39,53,344	.....	39,55,827	.....	2,483	.....	.....
Total.....	.....	373,94,697	.....	358,46,636	.....	.....	.....	15,48,061
Deduct Remissions	.....	45,45,275	.....	39,39,295	.....	.....	.....	7,05,980
Remainder...	.....	328,49,422	.....	320,07,341	.....	.....	.....	8,42,081
Add sundry items	.....	24,11,527	.....	25,38,657	.....	1,27,130	.....	.....
Total.....	.....	352,60,949	.....	345,45,998	.....	.....	.....	7,14,951

As shown above, and in the accompanying Statement No. 4, the occupation of land for cultivation has steadily increased. In every District except the Godavery and Madras, there has been an extension of cultivation in unirrigated lands, and an increase of "wet" cultivation also in all, except in the three Districts of the Godavery, Bellary and South Arcot. In the Godavery District the decrease is only apparent, and is owing to the restoration of the Zemindary of Nedavole, to the former proprietor; in reality there has been an increase in both "dry" and "wet" cultivation, about 20,000 acres of land having been taken up under the annicut in excess of the previous year. In Nellore there appears a decrease of 45,145 Rupees, though there is an increase of "dry" cultivation to the extent of 30,735 acres. This decrease in money is owing to the net assessment only (after deducting the authorized reduction on the old assessment) having properly been entered in this year's Statement.

15. In the irrigated lands, notwithstanding the general increase of cultivation, there will be seen a large decrease of assessment, viz., 25,47,111 Rupees in four Districts; with the exception of Rupees 48,080 in Bellary and South Arcot, the whole of this appertains to Tanjore and Tinnevely. This decrease is the consequence partly of the abandonment of the Ulungu system, and the introduction of the Motafysul mode of settlement into most of the villages of Tanjore, whereby the whole estimated produce has been definitely fixed, and the rate of commutation on it once for all determined instead of varying as formerly with reference to fluctuating prices; and to the introduction into Tinnevely of a similar measure, viz., a fixed, instead of a varying commutation price on the standard produce of the extent actually cultivated. With respect to the large decrease in Tanjore, it is to be observed, that less than half the sum is in reality the true decrease, because, though in last year the whole sum assessable in consequence of the large gain by price was added to the demand, it could not be collected, and Rupees 9,18,808 were remitted by order of Government; the real decrease in Tanjore is, therefore, only 8,71,033 Rupees. It may be further remarked also, that the prices which regulate the demand on the Ulungu system in Tanjore and Tinnevely, fell in the Fasli under review to the extent of 40 per cent. in Tanjore, and 35 per cent. in Tinnevely, and it may, therefore, be safely assumed that a decrease in the revenue of both Districts would have resulted, had the settlement been conducted as usual by taking into account the gain by price over the standard rate. The Collector of Tanjore observes that the financial result of the Motafysul settlement is on the whole advantageous to Government, though at the same time also a relief to the Mirasidars, and that there is not only an increase of nearly 40,000 Rupees in excess of the standard Ulungu of Fasli 1268, but also upwards of 4,000 Rupees in excess of the average Collections actually realized, and brought to account according to the Ulungu for the past twenty years.

16. In the item of Fasuljasty, or second crop assessment (Rupees 7,95,767), there is a net decrease of Rupees 20,218; and in the item of Teervajasty, or revenue from additional assessment on dry lands when irrigated by Government water (Rupees 6,49,392), there is an increase of about 50,000 Rupees.

17. A net decrease of Rupees 7,05,981 occurred in the item of Remissions, which consist as usual of three divisions, Occasional, Fixed, and Deductions from the Demand, chiefly for remuneration to Village Officers, &c. The largest portion of the decrease, viz., Rupees 6,50,006 is in remissions for withered crops comprised in the first of the heads above-mentioned, and is principally in Tanjore, where heavy losses were sustained in Fasli 1268, in consequence of the extremely disastrous character of that year. In several of the other items also there is a considerable diminution of remissions granted under that head. There was an increase of Rupees 33,335 in Cowle remissions in Bellary. In this District a large extent of the

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
Occasional ..	22,45,638	13,98,289
Fixed ..	15,67,182	17,16,566
Deduction of a Sundry nature	7,30,456	7,23,740
	45,43,276	38,39,295

blacklands was brought under cultivation in Fasli 1269 in consequence of the late revision of assessment. This abatement of the demand is in accordance with the rules of that District.

18. The net increase of Rupees 1,96,504 in the second head of Fixed Remissions is chiefly attributable to a general reduction in the assessment recently made in Salem, and to the lowering of the unirrigated rates in South Arcot. The full amount of reduction in Salem is now exhibited under this head, but up to Fasli 1268, a large portion of it being the remission of 12½ per cent. on dry lands, appeared among the occasional remissions. The particular attention of Collectors was drawn to the subject of remissions, and it is manifest from their reports that they have bestowed much care in giving only those that were necessary, and in refusing to sanction any that were not properly claimable. The total sum of remissions of every description allowed by the Collectors, amounting to Rupees 38,39,295 may be accepted as satisfactorily explained. But the Board will have to remark on some of the items when reviewing the Collectors' reports separately. The similar remissions granted in the two previous years amounted

In Fasli 1267 to..... Rupees 54,43,968
 „ 1268 to..... „ 45,45,276

19. The Sundry items which appear as an addition to the Ryotwar revenue, amounted to Rupees 25,38,657 or Rupees 1,27,129 in excess of the demand under STATEMENT No. 9. this head in Fasli 1268—nearly the whole of this increase (Rupees 1,04,278) is the proceeds of the increased water-rates levied on Inams, &c., irrigated by the Godavery and Kistna annicut channels, as sanctioned by Government in their Order, 7th December 1859. The variations in the remaining items call for no special remark, except that of "Forest Revenue" in which there is a net decrease of Rupees 35,563 as exhibited separately in the present statement in accordance with the orders of Government, dated 8th June 1860. This revenue is given in the margin. In

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coimbatore ..	2,17,285	75,565	...	1,41,720
North Canara ..	1,00,300	2,00,374	1,00,074	...
South Canara ..	5,151	11,234	6,083	...
	3,22,736	2,87,173	1,06,157	1,41,720
	Net Decrease.....			35,563

Fasli 1268, the value of Teak timber supplied to the Bombay Dock yards, during the preceding five years was adjusted and credited in the accounts of the Collector of Coimbatore; the absence of any similar credit in the year under review causes the apparent decrease of Rupees 1,41,720 in that District. The increase in North Canara amounting to Rupees 1,00,074, is attributed to the sale during the Fasli of large stocks of wood in store. In reporting the progress made in Forest conservancy, the Collector Mr. Fisher observes that the results which are now manifesting themselves in the realization of a larger amount of revenue, and the more strict preservation of valuable tracts of forest, are very satisfactory.

20. The settlement of "Aumany" villages needs only the remark that the Estate of Chokumputty in Tinnevely, which in Fasli 1268 was under the Collector's management under Aumany, has been made over to the Zemindar.

21. The cultivation of the special products of Sugar cane, Cotton and Indigo, is shown in the margin. There is an increase of about 3,000 acres in the Cane, and a decrease of about 45,000 in Cotton, and of 12,000 acres in Indigo cultivation.

22. The statement of the average assessment per acre of lands cultivated in the assessed Districts has not been prepared in all Districts in strict accordance with the instructions of the Board, and does not in every case correspond with other returns of cultivation. The Collectors' attention will be again directed to the proper preparation of this account.

23. The results of the settlement of the Land revenue under its several tenures are shown in the subjoined abstract, in comparison with Fasli 1268:—

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Permanently settled Estates	49,77,504	50,63,416	85,912	...
Jody of Shrotrium and Inam villages	4,83,124	4,49,666	...	33,458
Rents for more than one year.	2,19,951	2,18,285	...	1,666
Rents for one year...	78,443	69,118	...	9,325
Ryotwar.	352,60,950	346,49,803	...	6,11,147
"Aumany" or division of produce	1,12,399	63,852	...	48,547
Total.....	411,32,371	405,14,140	85,912	7,04,143
			Net decrease.....	6,18,231

24. In the Peishcush of the permanently settled Estates, there is a net increase of Rupees 85,912 arising from a gross increase of Rupees 1,07,347, and a decrease of Rupees 21,436, the particulars of which are given in the margin. The increase consists principally of the "Peishcush" of the Nedadavole and Baharzally Estates in the Godavery, and of the Chockumputty Estate in Tinnevely, which were restored to their respective proprietors in the year under report. In Madras and North Arcot, the decrease is caused by deductions made in the Peishcush of certain Estates as compensation for lands taken for Railway purposes; and in Madras, Rupees 11,023 is the amount of Moturpha compensation, which hitherto it has been the practice to include with the Peishcush in the accounts, but which is now excluded from that item and otherwise shown under recent instructions from the Board.

25. The decrease is large only in the item of "Ryotwar," which has already been explained

26. On the whole the net decrease under the head of Land Revenue, as compared with the previous year, amounts only to Rupees 6,18,231. But it has already been remarked that cultivation is steadily increasing, and when it is considered that the revenues of the Godavery and Tinnevely Districts were affected by the restoration of the Akwade, Rahunge, and Chockumputty Estates to their respective Zemindars, and that large relief was afforded to the Mirasidars of Tanjore and Tinnevely, by allowing them to enjoy all the benefits arising from high prices, the result of the year is, in the Board's opinion, satisfactory. Compared with the preceding ten years there is a large increase, amounting on the average to 36½ lacs. In this series of years the last Fasli (1268) exhibits the largest revenue; but on a fair comparison with even that year, the result of the present one is an increase of nearly six lacs instead of a decrease to that amount, as the following figures show:—

	RS.
Land revenue of Fasli 1268 as entered in the returns.....	411,32,371
DEDUCT.	
Gain by price in Tanjore, added to the demand, but subsequently remitted under the orders of Government.....	9,18,808

Difference between the Peishcush brought to demand in Fasli 1269, and the settled demand included in Fasli 1268 on account of Akwade and Rahunge Divisions restored in Fasli 1269 to the Zemindar of Nedadavole..... 99,018

Difference between do. and do. on account of Chockumputty restored to the Zemindar..... 36,082

Moturpha compensation improperly included in Tinnevely and Madras Districts in Fasli 1268 in the demand of Peishcush, but excluded in Fasli 1269 under the instructions of the Board.... 12,288

Forest revenue realized previous to Fasli 1268, but adjusted in the accounts of that Fasli..... 1,41,720

Net amount to be exhibited as properly the revenue of Fasli 1268 390,17,460

Amount of revenue demand in Fasli 1269... .. 405,14,140

Increase over Fasli 1268... .. 5,96,680

27. The settlement of the sundry sources of Revenue shows a net increase of Rupees 20,05,374.

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Abkarry	28,01,541	29,49,711	1,48,170	...
Moturpha	10,82,791	11,02,330	19,539	...
Salt	53,96,654	65,42,673	6,46,018	...
Sea Customs	14,53,445	25,30,410	10,76,965	...
Frontier duties	1,96,665	2,56,941	60,276	...
Stamps	8,05,247	8,59,553	54,406	...
Total.....	122,36,343	142,41,717	20,05,374	...

28. Of the increase in the "Abkarry," the greatest portion, or Rupees 1,14,965, is in the Town of Madras. The Government are aware that in this District, the Abkarry farm is under the direct management of the Officers of Government; and the progressive increase apparent in the revenue during the last few years reflects credit on the local authorities entrusted with its management. The increase in the Kistna District arises from the transfer of the Military Abkarry farm of the Town of Masulipatam to the Collector, and the increase in Tanjore is occasioned by the higher offer received for the rent of the Abkarry farm of the late Rajah, which was resumed and incorporated with the general revenue of the District in Fasli 1268.

29. The Salt transactions are embodied in the subjoined abstract in comparison with those of Fasli 1268:—

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Quantity in store at the beginning of the Fasli...	Id. Mds. 85,66,702	Id. Mds. 71,09,835	Id. Mds. 14,56,867	Id. Mds. 14,56,867
Do. manufactured during the Fasli.	61,41,603	87,05,586	25,62,583	.....
Total.....	147,07,705	158,13,421	11,05,716	.....
Sales.				
Home consumption.....	26,21,013	26,97,264	76,251	.....
Inland do.	31,30,481	30,83,917	46,564	.....
Export by sea	8,98,680	9,65,727	67,047	.....
Supply to the French Government.....	70,669	63,486	7,183	.....
Total sales	67,20,843	68,10,424	89,581	.....
Remainder.....	79,86,862	90,02,997	10,16,135	.....
Wastage written off under Government sanction..	8,77,027	6,68,284	2,08,743	.....
In store at the close of the Fasli.	71,09,835	83,34,713	12,24,878	.....

The stock on hand at the commencement of the year was small, and there has consequently been much activity in the manufacture of new Salt during the year; the quantity produced was 87,03,586 Indian Maunds being more by 2½ millions of Maunds than the quantity manufactured in the preceding year. The sales of Salt on the whole were in excess of the previous years, but only to a small amount, viz., 89,581 Maunds. But in three Districts* the increase was considerable. In the Godavery, there was an increased demand for exportation to Calcutta; in the Kistna the increase is in the Inland consumption; and in Madras it is attributed to the facilities afforded by the Railway for the conveyance of Salt into the interior, to the increased exportation of Salt to Calcutta on private trade, and to a large supply of Salt sent to Tanjore and South Arcot to meet the deficiency in store in those Districts. That a greater quantity of Salt was not sold during the year in other Districts may be partly accounted for by the small stocks of old Salt in hand.

30. The wastage written off under the sanction of Government is considerably below the quantity written off in Fasli 1268. But as explained in paragraph 52 of the last year's Report, that year included the accumulated wastage of several former Faslis; the quantity of wastage in the present Fasli (1269) amounts to Indian Maunds 2,35,200, the percentage of loss is only 5·21; or 1·24 less than the percentage of last year. In some Districts, however, as in Ganjam and Vizagapatam, the loss is heavier; a cyclone which occurred in those Districts in December having caused considerable damage. The sanction of Government is requested for writing off the wastage of 2,35,200 Maunds above shown.

31. The gross Salt revenue, including extra items and refunds of charges, amounted to Rupees 65,53,936; the charges of every description, amounting to Rupees 9,62,880 being deducted, leaves a net revenue of Rupees 55,91,056; which exceeds that of Fasli 1268 by Rupees 6,80,212.

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Revenue from Salt sales.....	58,96,654	65,42,673	6,46,019	...
Extra revenue and refunds of charges.....	6,220	11,261	5,041	...
Total gross revenue.....	59,02,874	65,53,937	6,51,063	..
Deduct charges...	9,92,029	9,62,880	...	29,149
Net revenue.....	49,10,845	55,91,057	6,80,212	...

The increase is due partly to the enhanced sales, but chiefly to the monopoly price having been raised 2 Annas per Indian Maund, agreeably to the Orders of Government, dated 19th August 1859.

32. The charges show a decrease below Fasli 1268 of Rupees 29,149, though there is an increase in the quantity manufactured of Indian Maunds 25,62,583. The charges in each District were as follows:—

Districts.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Charges.	Percentage on the gross revenue.	Charges.	Percentage on the gross revenue.	Charges.	Percentage on the gross revenue.	Charges.	Percentage on the gross revenue.
1. Ganjam.....	64,664	10	69,154	9	4,490	...	.....	1.
2. Vizagapatam.....	17,098	10	20,294	10	3,196	...	.....	...
3. Godavery.....	58,516	26	15,201	5	.....	...	43,315	21
4. Kistna.....	40,648	8	24,022	3	.....	...	16,626	5
5. Nellore.....	83,980	13	72,861	12	.....	...	11,119	1
6. Madras.....	1,72,352	20	1,38,326	13	.....	...	34,026	7
7. South Arcot.....	30,877	8	56,437	31	25,460	23	.....	...
8. Tanjore.....	53,646	9	41,753	7	.....	...	17,893	2
9. Madura.....	34,939	8	47,608	11	12,669	3	.....	...
10. Tinnevely.....	32,930	9	77,185	18	44,255	9	.....	...
11. North Canara.....	1,84,324	35	2,09,100	35	24,776	..	.....	...
12. South Canara.....	2,12,055	40	190,939	29	.....	...	21,116	11
13. Malabar.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	...
Total.....	9,92,029	17	9,62,880	15	1,14,846	...	1,44,095	...
					Net Decrease...		29,149	

The increase is attributed in part to larger payments to the manufacturers and to charges for freight, &c., for Salt sent from one District to another; the decrease to smaller payments on the same account; and in Malabar to the purchase of less Salt than in the preceding year. It must, however, be remarked that the charges shown in the Statement do not represent the actual charges of the year, as under the present system of audit no charges are allowed to be entered in the accounts before they are finally passed by the Civil Auditor. This is generally done some months after the charges are incurred, and consequently the returns do not exhibit the actual transactions of the year; the Board have it in contemplation to correct these defects as far as circumstances will permit, the duty of auditing the charges having now devolved upon them, under the Orders of Government, dated 5th November 1860, No. 2,047.

33. The increase in the Sea Customs Revenue, amounting to Rupees 10,76,965, is due to the provisions of Act VII of 1859, which were in operation for a longer period in the Fasli under report than in the previous year.

34. The Demand on account of "Extra" revenue amounted to the large sum of Rupees 6,15,039, being Rupees 3,61,872 in excess of Fasli 1268. A sum of Rupees 2,55,682 of this increase occurs in Tanjore, being the Land Revenue of the resumed Mocassa villages of the late Raj, collected and kept in deposit during past years, and brought to the credit of Government under this head only in Fasli 1269.

35. The item "Interest account" does not call for remark, the increase under this head being only Rupees 6,525.

36. The Current Demand from all sources amounted to Rupees 553,98,079, which is Rupees 17,55,540 above the Demand of Fasli 1268. The net increase is the result of a decrease in land to the amount of Rupees 6,18,231, and an increase of Rupees 23,73,771 in the remaining items as shown below :—

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Land revenue...	411,32,371	405,14,140	...	6,18,231
Sundry sources...	122,36,343	142,41,717	20,05,374	...
Extra revenue...	2,53,167	6,15,039	3,61,872	...
Interest account...	20,658	27,183	6,525	...
Total...	536,42,539	553,98,079	23,73,771	6,18,231
	Net	Increase...	17,55,540	

37. Of this Demand, the sum of Rupees 526,99,147 was collected within the Fasli, leaving a balance at its close of Rupees 26,98,932, or Rupees 4.87 per cent. which was further reduced by subsequent collections up to October last, to Rupees 5,12,908, or Rupees .93 per cent. debit to the following items of revenue :—

Land Revenue Peishcush.....	RS. 1,20,684
Land Ryotwar, &c.....	3,55,325
Abkarry.....	3,274
Moturpha.....	13,150
Extra revenue.....	17,654
Interest account.....	2,821
Total.....	5,12,908

38. A Peishcush balance of Rupees 76,534 is due on the Estates of Nedadavole and Baharzally, and will be deducted from the mesne profits which accrued from these Estates while under the management of Government. The remaining balances are in course of settlement: some depend on the disposal of claims to remission; others are mere postponements of payment; one is the debt due by the Bisi of Cannanore, and others are demands on Moottahs which may probably have to be sold in liquidation of the arrears.

39. The balance under the second head consists chiefly of Ryotwary arrears, and the greatest portion of it is in the Districts noted in the margin. The attention of the Collectors will be called to the necessity of immediately collecting these balances, if they have not already been realized.

40. The arrears on account of former years outstanding at the beginning of Fasli 1269 amounted to Rupees 58,01,632, of which Rupees 30,15,016 were collected within the Fasli, and Rupees 17,01,204 were remitted under orders of Government, leaving a balance at the close of the year of Rupees 10,85,412. This was further reduced by subsequent collections and remissions up to 31st October last to Rupees 7,94,333, of which Rupees 6,89,742 are classed either as doubtful or recoverable. In this sum is included Rupees 3,63,101, part of the remission granted by Government in Tanjore, conditionally on the acceptance of the Mirasidars of the proposition of Government to abolish the system of Ulungu, the completion of which in some of the villages was still pending. This being deducted, the net amount will be Rupees 3,26,656, of which the recovery of a large portion is doubtful, and is under-going inquiry, in view to its being recommended for remission. There remains the sum of Rupees 1,04,592-11-7 which after due inquiry is declared to be irrecoverable.

41. This irrecoverable balance consists of the following items:

STATEMENT No. 20.	RS.	A.	P.
Ryotwar, &c.....	88,515	7	7
Abkarry, &c.....	913	7	10
Moturpha.....	3,780	5	2
Extra Revenue and Interest.	11,383	7	0
Total...	1,04,592	11	7

In Nellore there is a balance of Rupees 18,750-9-0 outstanding, against certain Shrotriums which were resumed (the holders having signified their inability to pay the arrears); against Shrotrium villages which the holders consented to take up on the terms offered by Government in their Proceedings, dated 24th December 1859 (viz. remission of all arrears due prior to Fasli 1265); and against other Shrotriums in which lands were taken up for roads or were submerged in beds of tanks. Further particulars in regard to the Shrotrium balances of Nellore will be furnished in a separate communication, which will shortly be submitted; but the Board do not see the necessity of any longer retaining these balances in the accounts, seeing that they are for the most part due on Shrotriums permanently resumed, and have thought it proper to include them with the irrecoverable balances proposed for remission.

42. In the remaining Districts, the Collectors have reported that the arrears recommended by them for remission are really irrecoverable, owing to the usual causes of the death, absence, or poverty of the persons by whom they are due. The Board, therefore, recommend that the sanction of Government may be granted for writing off the entire irrecoverable balance above shown, amounting to Rupees 1,04,592-11-7 to the head of "Profit and Loss."

43. The collections, current and arrear from every source of revenue throughout the Presidency amounted to Rupees 557,14,163, being Rupees 20,13,318 in the aggregate, above those of the previous year.

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Current...	RS. 496,11,960	RS. 526,99,147	RS. 30,87,187	RS. 1,073,869
Arrears...	40,88,885	30,15,016	...	...
Land revenue...	410,54,315	408,16,584	...	2,37,731
Sundry sources...	123,82,080	142,54,891	18,72,811	...
Extra revenue...	2,41,380	6,15,089	3,73,709	...
Interest...	23,070	27,599	4,529	...
Total...	537,00,845	557,14,163	22,51,049	2,37,731
		Net...	20,13,318	.....

The amount outstanding at the beginning of the Fasli under report was much smaller than that due at the commencement of the previous year, which partly accounts for the decrease observable in that item.

44. Coercive process was employed for the realization of the revenue to a greater extent than in last year. Process was issued against 18,188 Ryots, and property to the amount of two lacs was attached; but by far the greater part of the demand was paid up without the adoption of further measures; the amount of property actually sold being only 31,172 Rupees, more than one-half of which was in Tanjore where it was found necessary to have recourse to extreme measures for the recovery of arrears of past years.

45. The charges amounted to 57,48,468 Rupees or 10.3 per cent. on the collections, including refunds of charges of the year. The amount is nearly the same as in the last year, viz:—

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Charges of management...	40,18,398	39,17,327	...	1,01,071
Extra charges...	17,49,277	18,31,141	81,864	..
Total...	57,67,675	57,48,468	81,864	1,01,071
			Net...	19,207

46. The decrease under the head of Management is nominal rather than real, being caused by the salaries of Establishments in some Districts for the last month of the Fasli having been disbursed at the beginning of the ensuing year. The reduction effected by the abolition of Guntur as a separate District, and by the amalgamation of Madras and Chingleput, is also to some extent the cause of the decrease above exhibited. The increase in the extra charges is chiefly in Tinnevely, and is accounted for by the payment to the heir of a deceased Inamdar of the mesne profits of his Inam during its resumption.

47. Statement No. 24 has been prepared in accordance with the wishes of Government in paragraph 23 of their Proceedings, 8th June 1860, No. 950. It shows in one view the Revenue demand of the year, the collections made in the course of it, the balance remaining at its close, and the aggregate charges in all the Districts of the Presidency. In the statement submitted to Government with the Board's Proceedings, 29th June 1860, similar information was furnished for the previous years, from Fasli 1260 to 1268 inclusive; as the present return is confined to a single year only it has been prepared so as to give the details for each District.

48. The Collectors generally make favorable mention of the conduct and services of their subordinates. It is gratifying to the Board, and will not be less so to the Government, to find from their reports that the objects which led to the formation of the grade of Deputy Collectors, have been attained in a very satisfactory degree. The services of these Officers have been valuable and are favorably acknowledged by the Collectors.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE,
Fort St. George,
16th February 1861.

Copy to all Collectors.

(Signed) J. D. SIM,
Secretary.

LIST OF STATEMENTS ACCOMPANYING THE BOARD'S GENERAL REPORT TO GOVERNMENT, ON THE SETTLEMENT OF LAND REVENUE, &c., FOR FASLI 1269.

- No. 1. Statement showing the number of Villages settled and Puttahs issued, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 2. Statement showing the commutation and current prices of Grain, for Fasli 1269.
A in No. 2. List of Bazar prices for Fasli 1269, prepared as per monthly returns.
- No. 3. Statement showing the Ryots' holding at the commencement, and of the subsequent alterations for Fasli 1269.
- No. 4. Statement showing the cultivation and settlement of the Ryotwar Land Revenue, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 5. Comparative Statement of cultivation and settlement of the Ryotwar Land Revenue, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 6. Statement showing the particulars of remissions, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 7. Statement of Shavy or crops dried up, and the remissions given, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 8. Statement of lands held on progressive Cowle, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 9. Statement showing the particulars of sundry items, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 10. Statement showing the cultivation and settlement of the Amani Villages, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 11. Comparative Statement showing the cultivation of Sugar-cane, Cotton and Indigo, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 12. Statement showing the extent of cultivation and average assessment per acre, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 13. Comparative Statement showing the particulars of Moturpha, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 14. Statement showing the receipts and sales of Salt, for Fasli 1269.
A in No. 14. Statement showing the wastage of Salt in the several Salt Districts under this Presidency, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 15. Statement showing the Financial results of Salt transactions, for Fasli 1269.
A in No. 15. Statement showing the duty levied on Salt imported by sea as well as by land.
- No. 16. Statement showing the particulars of current demand of Extra Revenue and Interest account, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 17. Statement showing the Demand of all sources of Revenue, for Fasli 1269.
A in No. 17. Comparative abstract of all sources of Revenue, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 18. Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of all sources of Current Revenue for Fasli 1269.
- No. 19. Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of arrears of all sources of Revenue, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 20. Statement showing the particulars of all sources of Revenue, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 21. Abstract Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of all sources of Revenue Current and Arrears of the whole Presidency, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 22. Statement showing the extent to which coercive process was employed in the collection of the Revenue, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 23. Statement showing the Collections and Charges, for Fasli 1269.
- No. 24. Statement showing the actual Revenue and the Charges incurred in Fasli 1269, in comparison with those of Fasli 1268.

A in No. 2.—List of Bazar prices for Fasli 1269, prepared as per Monthly Returns.

Districts.	Paddy per garce.				Cholam or Javary per Cumbu or Bajira per garce.				Raggy per garce.				Horse-gram per garce.							
	First sort.		Second sort.		Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Average price for 10 years, from Faslis 1259 to 1268.		Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Average price for 10 years, from Faslis 1259 to 1268.		Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.	
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	RS.	RS.
1 Ganjam	64	86	81	59	81	76	106	127	127	99	115	111	81	106	101	94	145	145	RS.	RS.
2 Vizagapatam... ..	77	108	97	71	101	89	96	126	104	79	110	99	84	119	107	99	132	132	RS.	RS.
3 Godavery District ..	81	95	94	74	85	87	93	106	93	70	90	86	83	103	96	109	165	148	RS.	RS.
4 Kistna District ..	106	125	113	98	121	105	135	152	135	98	123	...	105	119	115	114	159	142	RS.	RS.
5 Nellore	109	154	134	97	140	117	128	173	160	79	153	138	112	150	133	140	198	171	RS.	RS.
6 Cuddapah	116	175	167	106	156	149	136	186	197	131	181	190	123	175	186	148	220	211	RS.	RS.
7 Bellary	101	150	162	99	147	139	129	178	185	129	175	184	115	161	169	140	193	184	RS.	RS.
8 Kurnool.	150	158	162	120	139	116	147	212	201	138	217	180	150	199	159	132	169	202	RS.	RS.
9 Madras District ...	96	141	119	88	133	110	128	203	158	123	193	157	120	192	157	198	292	233	RS.	RS.
10 North Arcot	110	174	130	98	156	115	135	195	159	129	188	150	127	185	147	170	243	196	RS.	RS.
11 South Arcot	94	176	125	73	161	112	122	210	218	100	178	129	98	183	124	154	262	207	RS.	RS.
12 Tanjore	105	204	162	93	174	151	133	283	188	129	248	172	118	221	172	140	297	212	RS.	RS.
13 Trichinopoly	109	194	143	103	168	137	98	186	129	101	172	129	103	183	144	129	257	173	RS.	RS.
14 Madura... ..	129	202	156	116	170	137	137	225	158	132	200	145	719	193	155	178	284	143	RS.	RS.
15 Tinnevely... ..	129	222	181	116	191	167	147	254	166	117	200	139	123	213	149	152	254	150	RS.	RS.
16 Coimbatore	110	195	160	99	173	144	124	232	178	109	201	168	109	211	169	127	232	171	RS.	RS.
17 Salem	84	130	117	84	130	117	122	232	132	...	...	...	112	150	140	163	199	175	RS.	RS.
18 North Canara	84	130	117	84	130	117	122	232	132	...	...	...	112	150	209	163	199	201	RS.	RS.
19 South Canara	84	130	117	84	130	117	122	232	132	...	...	...	112	150	217	181	262	214	RS.	RS.
20 Malabar	130	182	227	106	164	207	214	244	194	217	217	243	160	180	217	181	262	214	RS.	RS.
Average	104	158	141	94	143	130	129	184	161	117	173	152	113	167	150	144	219	182	RS.	RS.

No. 3.—Statement showing the Ryots' holdings at the commencement and of the subsequent alteration for Fasli 1269.

Districts.	Ryots' holdings.			
	Dry.		Wet.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	2	3	4	5
	Acres.	Rupces.	Acres.	Rupces.
1 Ganjam	64,047	78,726	1,25,672	3,54,713
2 Vizagapatam	11,811	47,890	13,884	1,14,668
3 Godavery	3,76,386	10,46,150	1,63,246	5,85,106
4 Kistna	12,36,939	17,91,653	1,31,943	5,36,264
5 Nellore	8,32,598	5,51,396	1,36,162	7,04,985
6 Cuddapah	9,49,070	9,29,334	89,691	8,08,892
7 Bellary	17,45,702	11,49,058	1,50,795	6,82,043
8 Kurnool	9,98,297	10,81,295	20,901	1,94,017
9 Madras	1,20,140	1,78,874	2,13,619	9,64,609
10 North Arcot	3,53,704	5,06,453	1,94,901	11,00,896
11 South Arcot	7,79,417	15,22,071	2,48,072	14,70,787
12 Tanjore	2,26,098	2,98,972	6,94,342	35,14,254
13 Trichinopoly	4,75,088	8,65,756	1,44,122	7,02,874
14 Madura	4,29,206	5,77,634	1,23,185	5,25,377
15 Tinnevely	7,07,787	5,75,074	1,49,068	15,78,747
16 Coimbatore	14,12,460	13,18,200	79,054	6,90,784
17 Salem	8,55,508	12,27,023	51,264	4,71,984
Total ..	1,10,56,258	1,37,45,559	27,29,941	1,50,10,000
18 North Canara	..	..	..	..
19 South Canara	..	..	..	..
20 Malabar	..	..	..	..
Total ..	..	..	..	..

Godavery.
Kistna.
Nellore.
Cuddapah.
South Arcot.
Madura.
Trichinopoly.

The entries of assessment for these Districts in columns 3, 5, 7 and 9 will be found to differ from those in columns 35, 37, 39 and 41 of the corresponding Statement of Fasli 1268 as the second crop and additional assessment have been excluded from the former, according to the recent orders of the Board. In Madura also differences will be observed, owing to the transfer of the survey dry lands permanently converted into wet or garden, to their respective new heads this year, under the orders of the Board, dated 27th February 1860. Differences in the Godavery and Kistna Districts are explained by the transactions of the Akevade and Ralingi Divisions, which were made over to the Zemindars in February 1860, having been excluded.

No. 8.—Statement showing the Ryots' holdings at the commencement

Districts.		Ryots' holdings.			
		Garden.		Total.	
		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
		6	7	8	9
		Acres.	Rupces.	Acres.	Rupces.
1	Ganjam.....	1,473	5,225	1,91,193	4,38,664
2	Vizagapatam.....	30	108	25,725	1,62,666
3	Godavery.....	2,941	15,641	5,42,573	16,46,897
4	Kistnah.....	10,599	47,580	13,79,481	23,75,497
5	Nellore.....	19,190	1,05,530	4,87,950	13,61,910
6	Cuddapah.....	44,785	3,88,085	10,83,546	21,26,311
7	Bellary.....	..	..	18,96,497	18,31,101
8	Kurnool.....	17,137	1,12,087	10,36,335	13,87,399
9	Madras.....	2,238	9,023	3,36,017	11,52,506
10	North Arcot.....	..	..	5,48,605	16,07,350
11	South Arcot.....	4,199	24,409	10,31,688	30,17,267
12	Tanjore.....	30,325	1,10,415	9,50,765	39,23,641
13	Trichinopoly.....	37,914	1,05,258	6,39,124	16,73,888
14	Madura.....	25,778	81,949	5,78,169	11,84,960
15	Tinnevely.....	12,924	39,841	8,69,779	21,93,662
16	Coimbatore.....	1,56,307	5,82,412	16,47,821	26,00,396
17	Salem.....	15,816	87,439	9,22,588	17,86,446
	Total..	3,81,656	17,15,002	1,14,67,855	3,04,70,561
18	North Canara.....	..	..	..	..
19	South Canara.....	..	..	..	..
20	Malabar.....	..	..	..	..
	Total..	..	..	..	..

and of the subsequent alterations, for Faslî 1269.

Deduct lands given up.							
Dry.		Wet.		Garden.		Total.	
Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Acres.	Rupces.	Acres.	Rupces.	Acres.	Rupces.	Acres.	Rupces.
2,897	3,355	5,093	12,309	51	191	8,041	15,855
951	3,207	847	6,028	1	4	1,799	9,239
18,724	51,921	12,135	43,707	339	1,820	31,198	97,448
20,009	27,903	14,650	55,110	459	1,580	35,118	84,593
15,150	1,06,547	4,114	21,812	891	4,774	20,155	1,33,133
25,970	19,116	1,738	14,756	1,462	10,025	29,190	43,897
1,28,429	36,277	10,354	42,620	..	..	1,38,783	78,897
32,007	32,603	1,205	9,149	783	5,922	33,995	47,674
2,632	4,456	1,945	19,447	11	66	4,586	23,969
13,290	17,521	2,273	10,760	..	..	15,563	28,281
1,23,285	2,20,891	13,488	68,863	145	798	1,37,018	2,90,552
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
73,917	1,69,672	7,094	43,648	884	7,914	81,895	2,21,234
11,274	13,929	172	1,181	84	287	11,530	15,397
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
22,628	21,123	1,124	6,902	617	2,103	24,369	30,128
31,923	40,199	2,153	13,224	2,595	13,164	36,671	66,587
5,23,186	7,68,720	78,383	3,69,516	8,342	48,648	6,09,911	11,86,884
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

No. 2.—Statement showing the Ryots' holdings at the commencement

Districts.	Remainder.						
	Dry.		Wet.		Garden.		To
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.
1 Ganjam	61,150	75,371	1,20,579	3,42,404	1,422	5,034	1,83,151
2 Vizagapatam..	10,860	44,683	13,037	1,08,640	29	101	23,926
3 Godavery.....	3,57,662	9,94,229	1,51,111	5,41,399	2,602	13,821	5,11,375
4 Kistna.....	12,16,930	17,63,750	1,17,293	4,81,154	10,140	46,000	13,44,363
5 Nellore.....	3,17,448	4,44,849	1,32,048	6,83,173	18,299	1,00,755	4,67,795
6 Cuddapah....	9,23,100	9,10,218	87,953	7,94,136	43,303	3,78,060	10,54,356
7 Bellary.....	16,17,273	11,12,781	1,40,441	6,39,423	..	..	17,57,714
8 Kurnool....	9,66,290	10,48,692	19,696	1,84,868	16,354	1,06,165	10,02,340
9 Madras.....	1,17,508	1,74,418	2,11,696	9,45,162	2,227	8,957	3,31,431
10 North Arcot.	3,40,414	4,88,931	1,92,628	10,90,136	..	..	5,33,042
11 South Arcot.	6,56,032	13,01,186	2,34,584	14,01,924	4,054	23,611	2,94,670
12 Tanjore.....	2,26,098	2,98,972	6,94,342	35,14,251	30,325	1,10,415	9,50,765
13 Trichinopoly.	3,83,171	6,96,084	1,37,028	6,59,226	37,030	97,344	5,57,229
14 Madura	4,17,932	5,63,705	1,23,013	5,24,196	25,694	81,661	5,66,639
15 Tinnevely ..	7,07,787	5,75,074	1,49,068	15,78,747	12,924	39,811	8,69,779
16 Coimbatore ..	13,89,882	12,97,077	77,930	6,92,882	1,55,690	5,80,309	16,23,452
17 Salem.....	8,23,585	11,86,824	49,111	4,58,760	13,221	74,275	8,85,917
Total..	1,05,33,072	1,29,76,839	26,51,558	1,46,40,484	3,73,314	16,66,354	1,35,57,914
18 North Canara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19 South Canara.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 Malabar	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
* Total..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

and of the subsequent alterations, for Fasli 1269.

Tal.	Lands taken up.							
	Dry.		Wet.		Garden.		Total.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.
4,22,809	5,527	6,627	9,389	26,444	123	224	15,039	33,295
1,53,427	1,121	3,063	1,215	9,928	6	23	2,342	13,014
15,49,449	23,566	1,02,547	14,231	63,608	101	809	37,898	1,66,964
22,90,904	80,086	1,45,746	19,000	1,00,900	301	1,170	99,388	2,47,816
12,28,778	39,165	53,672	6,583	36,786	781	4,235	46,529	94,693
20,82,414	27,303	21,070	2,761	23,136	1,407	9,913	31,471	54,119
17,52,204	2,71,756	1,38,626	9,573	39,924	..	..	2,81,329	1,78,550
13,39,725	56,329	48,293	1,529	11,679	714	4,592	58,572	64,564
11,28,537	18,671	23,878	13,190	58,425	166	725	32,027	88,028
15,79,068	38,610	52,152	6,703	35,485	..	..	45,313	87,637
27,26,715	77,706	1,37,555	10,740	57,577	184	1,029	88,629	1,96,161
39,23,641	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14,52,654	63,693	1,75,549	7,399	41,204	1,886	10,631	72,978	2,27,584
11,69,563	73,221	90,910	6,465	29,112	2,110	6,609	81,796	1,26,631
21,93,662	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25,70,268	1,04,162	94,469	1,903	11,298	2,445	9,271	1,08,510	1,15,038
17,19,859	64,753	74,892	15,461	24,233	1,517	8,775	81,731	1,07,000
2,92,83,677	9,45,669	11,74,049	1,26,142	5,69,739	11,741	58,204	10,83,552	18,01,992
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

No. 3.—Statement showing the Ryots' holdings at the commencement

Districts.	Total holdings.						
	Dry.		Wet.		Garden.		To
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.
	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
	Acres.	Rupces.	Acres.	Rupces.	Acres.	Rupces.	Acres.
1 Ganjam.....	66,677	81,998	1,29,968	3,68,848	1,545	5,238	1,98,120
2 Vizagapatam..	11,981	47,745	14,252	1,18,569	35	127	26,268
3 Godavery.....	3,31,228	10,96,776	1,65,342	6,05,007	2,703	14,630	5,49,273
4 Kistna	12,97,016	19,09,496	1,36,294	5,82,054	10,441	47,170	14,43,751
5 Nellore.....	3,56,613	4,98,522	1,38,631	7,19,958	19,080	1,04,990	5,14,321
6 Cuddapah....	9,50,403	9,31,289	90,714	8,17,271	44,710	3,87,973	10,85,827
7 Bellary	18,89,029	12,51,407	1,50,014	6,79,347	..	..	20,39,043
8 Kurnool....	10,22,619	10,96,985	21,225	1,96,547	17,068	1,10,757	10,60,912
9 Madras.....	1,36,179	2,03,296	2,24,886	10,03,587	2,393	9,682	3,62,458
10 North Arcot..	3,79,024	5,41,083	1,99,331	11,25,621	..	..	5,78,355
11 South Arcot..	7,33,738	14,38,735	2,45,323	14,59,501	4,238	24,640	9,83,299
12 Tanjore.....	2,26,098	2,98,972	6,94,342	35,14,251	30,325	1,10,415	9,50,765
13 Trichinopoly..	4,46,864	8,71,633	1,44,427	7,00,430	38,916	1,08,175	6,30,207
14 Madura....	4,91,153	6,54,615	1,29,478	5,53,309	27,804	88,270	6,48,485
15 Tinnevely..	7,07,787	5,75,074	1,49,068	15,78,747	12,924	39,841	8,69,779
16 Coimbatore..	14,93,994	13,91,546	79,833	7,04,180	1,58,135	5,89,580	17,31,962
17 Salem.....	8,88,338	12,61,716	64,572	4,82,993	14,738	83,050	9,67,618
Total..	1,14,78,741	1,41,50,888	27,77,780	1,52,10,223	3,85,055	17,24,558	1,46,41,496
18 North Canara.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19 South Canara.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 Malabar.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

18

and of the subsequent alterations, for Fasli 1269.

[illegible]

No. 3—Statement showing the Royots' holdings at the commencement

Districts.	Remain			
	Dry.		Wet.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	50	51	52	53
	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam.....	66,677	81,998	1,29,968	3,68,848
2 Vizagapatam.....	11,981	47,745	14,252	1,18,569
3 Godavery.....	3,81,228	10,96,776	1,65,342	6,05,007
4 Kistna.....	12,92,687	19,05,143	1,81,614	5,66,427
5 Nellore.....	3,52,427	4,91,655	1,24,534	6,48,814
6 Cuddapah.....	9,44,964	9,24,706	78,967	7,34,727
7 Bellary.....	18,47,934	12,10,021	1,38,187	6,26,451
8 Kurnool.....	10,18,431	10,93,823	20,565	1,90,894
9 Madras.....	90,659	1,36,149	2,08,058	9,24,021
10 North Arcot.....	3,79,021	5,41,079	1,96,514	11,11,840
11 South Arcot.....	7,33,738	14,38,735	2,45,323	14,57,516
12 Tanjore.....	2,26,098	2,98,972	6,94,342	35,14,254
13 Trichinopoly.....	4,14,268	8,18,389	1,39,474	6,61,691
14 Madura.....	4,54,278	6,10,970	1,22,991	5,28,806
15 Tinnevely.....	7,07,787	5,75,074	1,49,068	15,78,747
16 Coimbatore.....	14,93,994	13,91,546	78,371	6,93,954
17 Salem.....	8,88,338	12,60,515	64,572	4,60,991
Total..	1,13,04,510	1,39,23,296	27,02,142	1,48,11,557
18 North Canara.....	..	..	..	..
19 South Canara.....	..	..	..	..
20 Malabar.....	..	..	..	..
Total..	..	..	..	..

and of the subsequent alterations, for Fasli 1269.

der.	Garden.		Total.		Particulars.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Actual Cultivation.	Waste Charged.
	54	55	56	57	58	59
	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1,545	5,258	1,98,190	4,56,104	4,55,558	546	
35	127	26,268	1,66,441	1,64,414	2,027	
2,703	14,630	5,49,273	17,16,413	14,62,402	2,54,011	
10,407	47,054	14,34,708	25,18,624	21,12,090	4,06,534	
18,779	1,03,390	4,95,740	12,43,859	11,95,706	48,153	
44,314	3,85,544	10,68,245	20,44,977	19,41,938	1,03,039	
..	..	19,86,121	18,36,472	17,53,393	88,079	
16,838	1,09,688	10,55,834	13,94,405	13,48,149	46,256	
2,075	8,488	3,00,792	10,88,658	10,82,770	5,888	
..	..	5,75,535	16,52,919	15,74,831	78,088	
4,238	24,640	9,83,299	29,20,891	27,49,455	1,71,436	
30,325	1,10,415	9,50,765	39,23,641	37,76,301	1,47,340	
37,992	1,01,834	5,91,734	15,81,914	15,66,732	15,182	
27,514	87,337	6,04,783	12,27,113	12,10,242	16,870	
12,924	39,811	8,69,779	21,93,662	20,83,014	1,10,648	
1,58,135	5,89,580	17,30,500	26,75,080	25,24,978	1,50,102	
14,738	83,031	9,67,648	18,04,537	17,86,427	18,110	
3,82,562	17,10,857	1,43,89,214	3,04,45,710	2,87,88,401	16,57,309	
..	..	..	10,63,554	..	..	
..	..	..	12,19,990	..	..	
..	..	..	16,72,283	..	..	
..	..	..	3,44,01,537	..	..	

No. 4.—Statement showing the cultivation and settlement

Districts.	Dry.		Wet.		Garden.		To
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.	Rupees.	Acres.
1 Ganjam	66,677	81,998	1,29,968	3,68,848	1,545	5,258	1,98,100
2 Vizagapatam .	11,981	47,745	14,252	1,18,569	35	127	26,268
3 Godavery	3,81,228	10,96,776	1,65,342	6,05,007	2,703	14,630	5,49,273
4 Kistna	12,92,687	19,05,143	1,31,614	5,66,427	10,407	47,054	14,34,708
5 Nellore	3,52,427	4,91,655	1,24,534	6,48,814	18,779	1,03,390	4,95,740
6 Cuddapah	9,44,964	9,24,706	78,967	7,34,727	44,314	3,85,544	10,68,245
7 Bellary	18,47,934	12,10,021	1,38,187	6,26,451	...	...	19,86,121
8 Kurnool	10,18,431	10,93,823	20,565	1,90,894	16,838	1,09,688	10,55,834
9 Madras	90,659	1,36,149	2,08,058	9,44,021	2,075	8,488	3,00,792
10 North Arcot...	3,79,021	5,41,079	1,96,514	11,11,840	...	...	5,75,535
11 South Arcot...	7,33,738	14,38,735	2,45,323	14,57,516	4,238	24,640	9,83,299
12 Tanjore	2,26,098	2,98,972	6,94,342	35,14,254	30,325	1,10,415	9,50,765
13 Trichinopoly ..	4,14,268	8,18,389	1,39,474	6,61,691	37,992	1,01,834	5,91,734
14 Madura	4,54,278	6,10,970	1,22,991	5,28,806	27,514	87,337	6,04,783
15 Tinnevely. ...	7,07,787	5,75,074	1,49,068	15,78,747	12,924	39,841	8,69,779
16 Coimbatore. ...	14,93,994	13,91,546	78,371	6,93,954	1,58,135	5,89,580	17,30,500
17 Salem	8,88,338	12,60,515	64,572	4,60,991	14,738	83,031	9,67,648
Total...	1,13,04,510	1,39,23,296	27,02,142	1,48,11,557	3,82,562	17,10,857	1,43,89,214
18 North Canara.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19 South Canara.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20 Malabar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	1,13,04,510	1,39,23,296	27,02,142	1,48,11,557	3,82,562	17,10,857	1,43,89,214

of the Ryotwar Land Revenue, for Fasli 1269.

Assessment.	Second crop Assessment.	Additional Assessment.	Total.	Deduct remission as per Statement No. 6.	Remainder.	Add Sundry Items as per Statement No. 9.	Total Ryotwar Beiz of current Fasli.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
4,56,104	...	1,637	4,57,741	7,402	4,50,339	85,416	5,35,755
1,66,441	...	...	1,66,441	165	1,66,276	11,602	1,77,878
17,16,413	68,444	1,40,780	19,25,637	75,094	18,50,543	4,25,669	22,76,212
25,18,624	...	28,306	25,46,930	1,96,504	23,50,426	1,29,436	24,79,862
12,43,859	9,348	16,708	12,69,915	42,059	12,27,856	1,93,419	14,21,275
20,44,977	90,922	1,19,174	22,55,073	5,67,702	16,87,371	1,31,017	18,18,388
18,36,472	1,57,112	17,454	20,11,038	2,39,265	17,71,773	1,81,895	19,53,668
13,94,405	34,114	27,948	14,56,467	1,78,454	12,78,013	1,29,759	14,07,772
10,88,658	55,757	13,802	11,58,217	1,84,204	9,74,013	2,61,339	12,35,352
16,52,919	48,422	41,009	17,42,350	1,09,314	16,33,036	78,389	17,11,425
29,20,891	48,201	1,38,331	31,07,423	4,28,369	26,79,054	29,801	27,08,855
39,23,641	9,424	54,073	39,87,138	61,861	39,25,277	97,914	40,23,191
15,81,914	2,26,042	10,196	18,18,152	4,36,209	13,81,943	35,993	14,17,936
12,27,113	47,223	1,499	12,75,835	14,459	12,61,376	39,129	13,00,505
21,93,662	10	...	21,93,672	1,06,806	20,87,866	1,49,655	22,37,521
26,75,080	151	367	26,75,598	4,41,382	22,34,216	1,86,277	24,20,493
18,04,537	537	38,108	18,43,182	3,84,399	14,58,783	95,042	15,53,825
3,04,45,710	7,95,707	6,49,392	3,18,90,809	34,73,148	2,84,17,661	22,61,752	3,06,79,413
...	...	...	10,63,554	1,96,374	8,67,180	2,20,943	10,88,123
...	...	...	12,19,990	1,46,333	10,73,657	46,034	11,19,691
...	...	...	16,72,283	23,440	16,48,843	9,928	16,58,771
3,04,45,710	7,95,707	6,49,392	3,58,46,636	38,39,295	3,20,07,341	25,38,657	3,45,45,998

Amount in Column 16	Godavery.	Kistna.
Collections of the transferred Taluqs, from 1st July to 31st December 1859	22,76,212	24,79,862
ADD	34,269	33,643
Collections of the Relangi and Akiyada Divisions made over to the Zemindar, from July to 31st December 1859	22,41,223	25,13,561
Do. do. in January 1860, to be added to Godavery, to which the Estates were transferred before they were made over to the Zemindar in February 1860	...	67,806
Remainder as per Column 6 of Statement No. 17.	36,529	...
	22,78,452	25,81,426

Comparative Statement of cultivation and settlement

Districts.	Dry.							
	Land.				Assessment.			
	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam.....	64,047	66,677	2,630	..	78,726	81,998	3,272	..
2 Vizagapatam ..	11,811	11,981	170	..	47,890	47,743	..	145
3 Godavery....	4,09,965	3,81,238	..	28,727	11,58,267	10,95,776	..	62,491
4 Kistna.....	12,31,287	12,92,687	58,400	..	17,87,773	19,03,143	1,17,369	..
5 Nellore.....	3,21,692	3,52,427	30,735	..	5,36,800	4,91,655	..	45,145
6 Cuddapah....	9,04,420	9,44,964	40,544	..	9,03,168	9,24,706	21,538	..
7 Bellary.....	17,23,624	18,47,934	1,24,310	..	11,36,263	12,10,021	73,758	..
8 Kurnool	9,73,846	10,18,431	44,585	..	10,60,253	10,93,823	33,570	..
9 Madras.....	95,370	90,659	..	4,711	1,43,658	1,36,149	..	7,509
10 North Arcot..	3,26,645	3,79,021	52,376	..	4,70,744	5,41,079	70,335	..
11 South Arcot..	7,01,094	7,33,733	32,644	..	13,72,867	14,38,735	66,868	..
12 Tanjore.....	2,05,838	2,26,098	20,260	..	2,85,277	2,98,972	13,695	..
13 Trichinopoly.	4,14,247	4,14,268	21	..	7,72,835	8,18,389	45,554	..
14 Madura.....	4,16,545	4,54,278	37,733	..	5,63,780	6,10,970	47,190	..
15 Tinnevely ..	5,85,412	7,07,787	1,22,375	..	4,94,069	5,75,074	81,005	..
16 Coimbatore ..	14,12,460	14,93,994	81,534	..	13,18,201	13,91,546	73,345	..
17 Salem	8,47,997	8,88,338	40,341	..	12,03,237	12,60,515	57,278	..
Total..	1,06,49,294	1,13,04,510	6,55,216	33,448	1,32,16,110	1,39,23,296	7,07,186	1,14,926
		Net increase	6,55,216			Net increase	6,07,186	
18 North Canara	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19 South Canara.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 Malabar....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

In Madura the entries of assessment under the head of last Fasli in Columns 6, 14, 23, 31, 39 and 40, Returns of Fasli 1268. — For explanation, vide remark in Statement No. 3.

of the Ryotwar Land Revenue for Fasli 1269.

	Wet.							
	Land.				Assessment.			
	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1,25,563	1,29,968	4,405	..	3,54,373	3,68,848	14,475	..	
13,884	14,252	368	..	1,14,668	1,18,569	3,901	..	
1,71,258	1,65,342	..	5,916	6,02,072	6,05,007	2,935	..	
1,26,559	1,31,614	5,055	..	5,12,857	5,66,427	53,570	..	
1,17,371	1,24,584	7,163	..	6,14,249	6,48,814	34,565	..	
73,252	78,967	5,715	..	6,90,834	7,34,727	43,893	..	
1,45,817	1,38,187	..	7,630	6,61,669	6,26,451	..	35,218	
18,581	20,565	1,984	..	1,75,674	1,90,894	15,220	..	
1,93,810	2,08,053	14,243	..	8,94,003	9,44,021	50,018	..	
1,90,478	1,96,514	6,036	..	10,79,400	11,11,840	32,440	..	
2,48,005	2,45,323	..	2,682	14,70,377	14,57,516	..	12,861	
6,67,059	6,94,342	27,283	..	53,04,095	55,14,254	..	17,89,841	
1,32,952	1,39,474	6,522	..	6,40,967	6,61,691	20,724	..	
1,20,847	1,22,991	2,144	..	5,15,879	5,28,806	12,927	..	
1,46,109	1,49,068	2,959	..	22,87,938	15,78,747	..	7,09,191	
76,933	78,371	1,438	..	6,83,354	6,93,954	10,600	..	
60,822	64,572	3,750	..	4,60,670	4,60,991	321	..	
26,29,300	27,02,142	39,070	16,228	1,70,63,079	1,48,11,557	2,95,589	25,47,111	
	Net increase..	72,842				Net decrease	22,51,522	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	

and of Land in Columns 2, 10 and 19 will be found to differ from the corresponding figures in the

No

Comparative Statement of cultivation and settlement

Districts.	Garden.							
	Land.				Assessment.			
	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam.....	1,473	1,545	72	..	5,224	5,258	34	..
2 Vizagapatam.....	30	35	5	..	108	127	19	..
3 Godavery District.....	2,934	2,703	..	231	15,625	14,630	..	995
4 Kistna District.....	10,576	10,407	..	169	47,563	47,054	..	454
5 Nellore.....	18,700	18,779	79	..	1,03,652	1,03,390	538	..
6 Cuddapah.....	43,256	44,314	1,058	..	3,76,760	3,85,544	8,784	..
7 Bellary.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8 Kurnool.....	15,868	16,838	970	..	1,05,592	1,09,688	4,096	..
9 Madras.....	1,992	2,075	83	..	8,073	8,488	415	..
10 North Arcot.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11 South Arcot.....	4,199	4,238	39	..	24,408	24,640	232	..
12 Tanjore.....	30,493	30,325	..	168	1,09,710	1,10,415	705	..
13 Trichinopoly.....	33,857	37,992	4,135	..	1,00,156	1,01,834	1,678	..
14 Madura.....	25,371	27,514	2,143	..	80,703	87,337	6,634	..
15 Tinnevely.....	..	12,924	12,924	..	..	39,841	39,841	..
16 Coimbatore.....	1,56,307	1,58,135	1,828	..	5,82,411	5,89,580	7,169	..
17 Salem.....	15,760	14,738	..	1,042	86,795	83,031	..	3,764
Total....	3,60,836	3,82,562	23,336	1,610	16,45,925	17,10,857	70,145	5,213
	Net increase...		21,726		Net increase...		64,932	
18 North Canara.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19 South Canara.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 Malabar.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

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of the Ryotwar Land Revenue for Fasli 1269.

Total.							
Land.				Assessment.			
Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
		Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1,91,033	1,93,190	7,107	..	4,38,323	4,56,104	17,781	..
25,725	26,268	543	..	1,62,666	1,66,441	3,775	..
5,84,157	5,49,273	..	34,884	17,75,965	17,16,413	..	59,552
13,71,422	14,34,708	63,286	..	23,48,140	25,18,624	1,70,484	..
4,57,763	4,95,740	37,977	..	12,53,901	12,43,859	..	10,042
10,20,928	10,68,245	47,317	..	19,70,762	20,44,977	74,215	..
18,69,441	19,86,121	1,16,680	..	17,97,932	18,36,472	38,540	..
10,08,289	10,55,834	47,545	..	13,41,519	13,94,405	52,886	..
2,91,172	3,00,792	9,620	..	10,45,734	10,88,658	4,924	..
5,17,123	5,75,535	58,412	..	15,50,143	16,52,919	1,02,776	..
9,53,298	9,83,299	30,001	..	28,67,152	29,20,391	53,739	..
9,03,390	9,50,765	47,375	..	56,79,082	59,23,641	..	17,55,441
5,81,056	5,91,734	10,678	..	15,13,758	15,81,914	68,156	..
5,62,763	6,04,783	42,020	..	11,60,362	12,27,113	66,751	..
7,31,521	8,69,779	1,38,258	..	27,82,007	21,93,662	..	5,88,345
16,45,709	17,30,500	84,800	..	25,83,966	26,75,080	91,114	..
9,24,599	9,67,648	43,049	..	17,53,702	18,04,537	50,835	..
1,36,39,430	1,43,89,214	7,84,668	34,884	3,20,25,114	3,04,45,710	8,33,976	24,13,880
	Net increase..	6,49,784				Net decrease	15,79,404
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

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No.

Comparative Statement of cultivation and settlement

Districts.	Second Crop Assessment.				Additional Assessment.			
	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.
35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam.....	..	..	..	..	1,222	1,637	415	..
2 Vizagapatam.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 Godavery District.....	74,889	68,444	..	6,445	1,30,811	1,40,780	9,969	..
4 Kistna District.....	..	..	..	..	23,788	28,306	4,518	..
5 Nellore.....	5,951	9,348	3,397	..	15,350	16,708	1,358	..
6 Cuddapah.....	80,671	90,922	10,251	..	1,13,085	1,19,174	6,089	..
7 Bellary.....	1,85,126	1,57,112	..	28,014	11,348	17,454	6,106	..
8 Kurnool.....	37,716	34,114	..	3,602	24,993	27,948	2,955	..
9 Madras.....	68,055	55,757	..	12,298	11,743	13,802	2,059	..
10 North Arcot.....	48,329	48,422	93	..	43,270	41,009	..	2,261
11 South Arcot.....	53,932	48,201	..	5,731	1,24,503	1,38,331	13,828	..
12 Tanjore.....	10,654	9,424	..	1,230	52,161	54,073	1,912	..
13 Trichinopoly.....	1,93,948	2,26,042	32,094	..	5,866	10,196	4,330	..
14 Madura.....	55,933	47,223	..	8,710	1,029	1,499	470	..
15 Tinnevely.....	31	10	..	21	..	..	..	..
16 Coimbatore.....	163	151	..	12	693	367	..	326
17 Salem.....	527	537	10	..	40,451	38,108	..	2,343
Total...	8,15,928	7,95,707	45,845	66,063	6,00,313	6,49,392	54,009	4,930
		Net decrease..	20,218		Net increase..	49,079		
18 North Canara.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19 South Canara.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 Malabar.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

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of the Ryotwar Land Revenue for Fasli 1269.

Total Assessment.				Deduct Remissions.			
Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
		Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.
44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51
Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
4,39,545	4,57,741	18,196	..	2,248	7,402	5,154	..
1,62,666	1,66,441	3,775	..	3,791	165	..	3,626
19,81,665	19,25,637	..	56,028	81,888	75,094	..	6,794
23,71,928	25,46,930	1,75,002	..	2,11,117	1,96,504	..	14,613
12,75,202	12,69,915	..	5,287	1,42,949	42,059	..	1,00,890
21,61,518	22,55,073	90,555	..	5,55,014	5,67,702	12,688	..
19,94,406	20,11,038	16,632	..	2,07,638	2,39,265	31,627	..
14,04,223	14,56,467	52,239	..	1,76,071	1,78,454	2,383	..
11,25,532	11,58,217	32,685	..	1,93,042	1,84,204	..	8,838
16,41,743	17,42,350	1,00,607	..	1,24,401	1,09,314	..	15,087
30,45,537	31,07,423	61,836	..	3,89,741	4,28,369	38,628	..
57,41,897	39,87,138	..	17,54,759	6,33,309	61,861	..	5,76,448
17,13,572	18,18,152	1,04,580	..	4,60,519	4,26,209	..	24,310
12,17,324	12,75,835	58,511	..	15,762	14,459	..	1,303
27,82,038	21,93,672	..	5,88,366	1,65,432	1,06,306	..	59,126
25,84,822	26,75,598	90,776	..	4,51,394	4,41,382	..	10,012
17,94,680	18,43,182	48,502	..	3,47,114	3,84,399	37,285	..
3,34,41,352	3,18,90,809	8,53,896	24,04,440	41,66,430	34,73,148	1,27,765	8,21,017
10,61,443	10,63,554	211	..	2,00,486	1,96,374	..	4,112
12,19,890	12,19,990	100	..	1,47,813	1,46,333	..	1,480
16,72,011	16,72,283	272	..	30,546	23,440	..	7,106
3,73,94,697	3,58,46,636	8,56,379	24,04,440	45,45,276	38,39,295	1,27,765	8,33,746
		15,48,061					7,05,980

NOTE.—Madras which hitherto appeared in the accounts as a separate District having been amalgamated with Chingleput, its Revenue has been included under the head of "Sundry Items." Hence the differences observable between the totals in Columns 44 and 56 of this return and those in Columns 45 and 57 of the similar Statement of Fasli 1268.

No.

Comparative Statement of cultivation and settlement

Districts.	Remainder.			
	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
	52	53	54	55
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam.....	4,37,297	4,50,339	13,042	..
2 Vizagapatam.....	1,58,875	1,66,276	7,401	..
3 Godavery District.....	18,99,778	18,50,543	..	49,235
4 Kistna District.....	21,60,811	23,50,426	1,89,615	..
5 Nellore.....	11,32,253	12,27,856	95,603	..
6 Cuddapah.....	16,09,504	16,87,371	77,867	..
7 Bellary.....	17,86,768	17,71,773	..	14,995
8 Kurnool.....	12,28,157	12,78,013	49,856	..
9 Madras.....	9,32,490	9,74,013	41,523	..
10 North Arcot.....	15,17,342	16,33,036	1,15,694	..
11 South Arcot.....	26,55,846	26,79,054	23,208	..
12 Tanjore.....	51,03,588	39,25,277	..	11,78,311
13 Trichinopoly.....	12,53,053	13,81,943	1,28,890	..
14 Madura.....	12,01,562	12,61,376	59,814	..
15 Tinnevely.....	26,16,606	20,87,366	..	5,29,240
16 Coimbatore.....	21,33,428	22,34,216	1,00,788	..
17 Salem.....	14,47,566	14,58,783	11,217	..
Total..	2,92,74,924	2,84,17,661	9,14,518	17,71,781
18 North Canara.....	8,60,956	8,67,180	6,224	..
19 South Canara.....	10,72,077	10,73,657	1,580	..
20 Malabar.....	16,41,465	16,48,843	7,378	..
Total..	3,28,49,422	3,20,07,341	9,29,700	17,71,781
				8,42,081

of the Ryotwar Land Revenue for Fasli 1269.

Add Sundry Items.				Grand Total.			
Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
		Increase.	Decrease.			Increase.	Decrease.
56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
84,129	85,416	1,287	..	5,21,426	5,35,755	14,329	..
10,458	11,602	1,144	..	1,69,333	1,77,678	8,345	..
2,96,308	4,25,669	1,29,161	..	21,96,286	22,76,212	79,926	..
1,24,942	1,29,436	4,494	..	22,85,753	24,79,862	1,94,109	..
1,94,205	1,93,419	..	786	13,26,458	14,21,275	94,817	..
1,21,833	1,31,017	9,184	..	17,31,337	18,18,388	87,051	..
1,82,401	1,81,895	..	506	19,69,169	19,53,668	..	15,501
1,28,929	1,29,759	830	..	13,57,086	14,07,772	50,686	..
2,50,528	2,61,339	10,811	..	11,63,018	12,35,352	52,334	..
76,073	78,389	2,316	..	15,93,415	17,11,425	1,18,010	..
29,463	29,801	338	..	26,85,309	27,08,555	23,246	..
1,04,880	97,914	..	6,966	52,08,468	40,23,191	..	11,85,277
37,008	35,993	..	1,015	12,90,061	14,17,936	1,27,875	..
44,851	39,129	..	5,722	12,46,413	13,00,505	54,092	..
1,37,928	1,49,655	11,727	..	27,51,534	22,37,021	..	5,17,513
3,33,435	1,86,277	..	1,47,158	24,66,863	24,20,493	..	46,370
94,673	95,042	369	..	15,42,239	15,53,825	11,586	..
22,52,244	22,61,752	1,71,661	1,02,153	3,15,27,168	3,06,79,413	9,16,906	17,64,661
1,19,025	2,20,943	1,01,918	..	9,79,981	10,88,123	1,08,142	..
31,546	46,034	14,588	..	11,03,523	11,19,691	16,168	..
8,812	9,928	1,116	..	16,50,277	16,58,771	8,494	..
24,11,527	25,38,657	2,89,283	1,62,153	3,52,60,949	3,45,45,998	10,49,710	17,64,661
	Increase..	1,27,130				Decrease..	7,14,951

No. 6.—Statement showing the particulars of Remissions of Fasli 1269.

Items.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1		2	3	4	5
		Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Occasional remissions or those granted at the Jamabandi, with reference to the state of the season.	1 Shamilat Bunjer or portion of fields left uncultivated.....	1,65,689	77,535	.....	88,154
	2 Shavi, or withered crops.....	7,34,729	84,723	.....	6,50,006
	3 Palanustum, or loss of produce. ...	15,164	6,688	.....	8,476
	4 Paunyboodthy, } or land overflowed with water.	49,822	14,586	.....	35,236
	5 Payamaly, }	43,190	3,299	.....	9,891
	6 Kowle remissions.....	5,08,397	5,29,196	20,799	.....
	7 Teayazgari, or remissions to privileged classes.....	15,650	11,460	.....	4,190
	8 Teerwa Cummee.....	2,00,628	1,70,351	.....	30,277
	9 Fussul Cummee, or 2nd crop not cultivated.....	1,52,861	1,68,018	15,157	.....
	10 Miscellaneous remissions.....	3,91,508	3,33,133	.....	58,375
	Total...	22,47,638	13,98,989	35,956	8,84,605
				Net decrease.	8,48,649
Fixed remissions.	1 General remissions.....	7,40,878	6,93,758	.....	47,120
	2 Tarum Cummee.....	8,26,304	10,22,808	1,96,504	.....
	Total...	15,67,182	17,16,566	1,96,504	47,120
			Net Inc.	1,49,384	
Items allowed on the collections, or from the entire Beriz of Villages.	1 Share of Shotrium proceeds.....	1,04,017	91,020	.....	12,997
	2 Allowance for Head of Villages and Curnums, &c.	6,23,208	6,29,602	6,394	.....
	3 Ten per cent. remissions allowed to Zemindars.....	3,231	3,118	.....	113
	Total...	7,30,456	7,23,740	6,394	13,110
				Net decrease.	6,716
	Grand Total....	45,45,276	38,39,295	2,38,854	9,44,885
				Net decrease.	7,05,981

No. 7.—Statement of Shavi or crops dried up and the Remissions given, for Fasli 1269.

Districts.	Number of Villages.	Number of Ryots.	Settlement after deducting general remission at the Jamabandi.	Assessment of the Shavi land.	Of which remission granted.	Percentage between columns 5 and 6.	Percentage between columns 4 and 6.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
			Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 Vizagapatam... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3 Godavery District... ..	17	139	17,938	2,528	2,106	83	12
4 Kistna District... ..	51	519	21,839	3,571	2,748	77	13
5 Nellore... ..	36	320	14,138	3,344	1,592	48	11
6 Cuddapah... ..	1	1	129	92	46	50	36
7 Bellary... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8 Kurnool... ..	12	222	9,275	2,643	833	31	9
9 Madras... ..	342	2,939	2,00,716	19,674	7,787	39	4
10 North Arcot... ..	204	1,765	45,607	9,602	1,658	17	3
11 South Arcot... ..	286	2,204	75,787	14,081	8,900	63	12
12 Tanjore... ..	379	2,123	1,31,539	13,340	12,662	95	9
13 Trichinopoly... ..	75	883	33,658	6,682	5,934	89	18
14 Madura... ..	104	1,976	45,944	8,143	3,040	37	7
15 Tinnevely... ..	20	132	6,933	298	298	100	4
16 Coimbatore... ..	12	128	7,729	753	732	98	3
17 Salem... ..	264	1,928	85,932	13,839	5,641	41	6
18 North Canara... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19 South Canara... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20 Malabar... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	1,803	15,279	6,97,164	98,590	53,977	55	8
* The Shavi remissions entered in this Statement for Tanjore appertain only to the field assessed villages. The details of those granted in the other descriptions of villages not having been furnished they are added here in a lump to make the total correspond with the Shavi remissions in Statement No. 6. ...					30,746		
					84,723		

No. 8.—Statement of Lands held on progressive Kōwle, for Fasli 1269.

Districts.	As per last year.				Deduct.										Remainder.		Add new Kowle in this Fasli.				Total.				Deduct.		Net Profit.
	Assessment.		Land assessed with full assessment.		Land abandoned.		Total.				Remainder.		Assessment.		Add second crop and additional assessment.		Total.		Remission on account of waste, &c.		Remission on account of Kowle.						
							Total.																				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21						
	Acre.	Rupees.	Acre.	Rupees.	Acre.	Rs.	Acre.	Rupees.	Acre.	Rupees.	Acre.	Rupees.	Acre.	Rupees.	Rs.	Rupees.	Ru.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.							
1 Ganjam.....	2,187	3,153	146	189	175	232	823	421	1,804	2,732	3,948	6,102	5,812	8,834	..	8,834	..	7,207	7,207	1,027							
2 Vizianpattam.....	1,00,523	2,19,187	28,712	68,935	979	4,198	29,694	61,061	70,829	1,58,076	51,633	1,19,097	1,22,462	2,77,173	..	2,77,173	560	14,450	145,100	1,32,073							
3 Godavary District.....	18,634	37,280	2,703	7,032	147	243	2,832	9,235	10,582	27,952	1,181	2,049	19,963	30,034	438	30,472	2,071	14,903	15,569	16,569							
4 Krishna District.....	1,834	4,721	322	1,531	19	16	4,872	6,566	1,013	3,174	248	2,376	1,261	5,550	204	6,754	903	3,180	4,099	1,655							
5 Nellore.....	1,37,397	1,93,207	4,943	6,951	223	515	4,872	6,566	1,013	3,174	30,370	39,384	1,62,805	2,20,475	948	2,27,423	24,160	216,000	11,423	11,423							
6 Cuddapah.....	5,360	14,507	4,145	4,411	175	301	1,189	2,291	9,635	1,46,631	18	53	9,703	14,109	116	14,109	..	10,578	10,578	3,531							
7 Bellary.....	3,942	7,770	1,014	1,900	175	301	1,189	2,291	2,751	5,488	1,121	3,443	3,872	8,931	..	8,931	..	5,920	5,920	3,127							
8 Kolar.....	42	96	96	96	..	1,754	96	1,891	186	337	903	1,934	1,089	2,231	..	2,231	..	2,217	2,217	34							
10 North Arcot.....	282	2,218	96	137	..	..	420	1,122	8,937	16,160	134	240	4,071	16,400	..	16,400	..	10,024	10,024	6,376							
11 South Arcot.....	4,557	17,282	420	1,122	..	465	850	1,410	2,743	12,646	160	247	2,903	12,893	326	13,219	7,543	3,435	3,435	2,341							
12 Tanjore.....	3,592	14,056	435	943	414	465	1,090	454	1,171	3,516	317	996	1,488	4,506	..	4,506	29	3,219	3,219	1,878							
13 Trichinopoly.....	1,280	3,994	87	395	22	69	109	454	1,171	3,516	437	1,240	2,812	4,806	100	5,108	500	3,374	3,374	1,592							
14 Madras.....	2,580	4,893	175	547	..	1,842	2,676	29,305	4,405	3,846	487	1,240	2,812	4,806	100	5,108	29	5,247	5,247	3,864							
15 Tanjavelly.....	94,855	95,666	25,139	27,454	567	1,842	2,676	29,305	4,405	3,846	487	1,240	2,812	4,806	100	5,108	12,161	42,875	52,098	48,985							
16 Coimbatore.....	68,480	1,37,819	21,322	48,994	153	282	21,361	49,276	69,149	66,260	28,076	28,772	97,225	1,03,808	213	1,04,021	12,161	52,954	52,954	38,064							
17 Salem.....	..	3,574	..	43	..	146	..	3,076	..	10,370	..	1,437	..	11,827	..	3,001	..	3,753	3,753	6,573							
18 North Canara.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,902	..	1,89	..	3,001	..	3,001	..	1,759	1,759	1,242							
19 South Canara.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13,787	..	3,593	12,026	17,380	..	17,380	..	13,719	13,719	3,661							
20 Malabar.....	11,388	15,623	526	870	403	966	924	1,836	10,454	13,787	1,572	3,593	12,026	17,380	..	17,380	..	13,719	13,719	3,661							
Total.....	4,60,721	7,87,821	85,840	1,60,318	3,268	11,000	89,100	1,71,318	3,71,613	6,16,503	1,27,942	2,56,787	4,99,555	8,43,290	2,348	8,45,638	23,763	5,42,915	5,66,678	2,78,909							
Deduct amount entirely omitted in the General Statement of Remissions received from Malabar on which the Board's Return, No. 6, is prepared.																				13,719							
Remainder as per Statement No. 6.....																				5,29,196							

No. 9.—Statement showing the particulars of Sundry Items for Fasli 1269.

Names of Items.	Fasli 1266.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Jodi, or quit-rent on Inams.....	7,45,786	7,69,726	23,940	.....
2 Water tax on Inams, Agraharams, &c., irrigated by the Godavery and Kistna annicuts.....	2,38,065	3,42,343	1,04,278	.....
3 Commutation money on Inams.....	.....	7,836	7,836	.....
4 Quit-rent and ground-rent in Madras proper....	77,891	78,581	690	.....
5 Topadayum, or tax on palmyra and fruit trees...	3,57,772	3,41,665	.....	16,107
6 Quit-rent on Bungalows, &c.....	7,909	13,104	5,295	.....
7 Poolvary, or grass tax.....	2,11,002	1,99,906	.....	11,096
8 Revenue from Coomery and Huckle cultivation in Canara.....	14,269	16,116	1,847	.....
9 Sundry items appertaining to Malabar.....	8,813	9,405	592	.....
10 Curnums' Russums and Nuzzur Russums.....	1,51,296	1,57,640	6,344	.....
11 Revenue from hill villages, &c.....	56,324	61,660	5,336	.....
12 Do. from joint-rent villages.....	58,215	61,650	3,435	.....
13 Government plantations.....	1,666	1,813	147	.....
14 Thaniky Jasti.....	3,787	11,431	7,644	.....
15 Forest revenue.....	3,22,736	2,87,173	.....	35,563
Total.....	22,55,431	23,60,049	1,04,618	62,766
MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS				
Not increase.			1,04,618	.....
1 Tax on Fisheries.....	48,288	63,177	14,889	.....
2 Ferry rent.....	403	410	7	.....
3 Chank rent.....	5,800	5,800	.....	.....
4 Amindivi coir.....	23,307	31,567	8,260	.....
5 Jungle rent, &c.....	24,807	34,552	9,745	.....
6 Shell rent.....	2,711	2,902	191	.....
7 Sundry items.....	50,781	40,200	.....	10,581
Total.....	1,56,097	1,78,608	33,092	10,581
Grand Total.....	24,11,528	25,38,657	2,00,476	73,347
Not increase.			1,27,129	.....

NOTE.—Item No. 4 which hitherto appeared separately under the head of Assessment having been newly brought in this return, a difference of Rupees 77,891 will be observed in the total for Fasli 1268, compared with the Statement for that Fasli.

No. 10.—Statement showing the Cultivation and Settlement of the Amany Villages, for Fasli 1269.

Names of the Districts.	Number of Villages.	Crops Divisible..										Money Putabs.		Garden and Crops assessed with fixed money rent.		Total.		Sundry Items.		Total.		Deduct sundry charges and Inams, &c.		Remainder for the current Fasli.		Last Fasli.		Increase.		Decrease.	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
		Extent of the cultivation.		Deduct Share.		Remaining production.		Gross produce.		Deduct Calvassem, &c		* Remaining produce.		Circular share.		Deduct Curranas Marsh, &c.		Remaining Circular share.		Add resumed Marsh out of cols. 7 and 10.		Total Circular produce.		Value of the produce shown in col. 18.		Extent.		Assessment.			
		Acs.	A.	Acs.	A.	Col.	Col.	Col.	Col.	Col.	Col.	Col.	Col.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
1 Kistna.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 Nellore ..	1	26	5	21	..	27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 Madras ..	7	310	13	327	..	756	125	631	312	15	297	94	391	1,302	415	868	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 South Arcot	4	41	9	32	..	527	21	566	255	..	255	..	255	277	1,066	3,234	27	143	1,125	8,654	14	3,658	200	3,458	200	3,458	3,328	140	..	..	..
5 Tanjore ..	74	7,402	..	7,402	1,26,934	65,270	61,664	61,664	61,664	..	61,664	3,268	64,932	48,503	187	633	1,302	1,914	8,891	51,216	1,864	53,080	2,452	50,648	40,931	9,667	..	..	..	..	..
6 Madura ..	4	653	..	653	4,050	810	3,240	1,620	156	..	1,404	180	1,644	6,151	843	525	1	4	1,437	6,030	69	6,749	345	6,404	4,945	1,459	..	..	..	..	..
7 Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total..	90	8,462,277	8,462,277	8,462,277	1,32,294	66,228	56,066	63,864	171	63,693	3,542	67,235	56,432	2,511	5,260	1,331	2,063	12,277	63,755	3,127	66,882	3,020	63,852	1,12,453	13,147	61,726	..	..	..	..	..
		Net decrease... 45,579																													

Net decrease... 48,579

No. 11.—Comparative Statement showing the cultivation of Sugar-cane, Cotton and Indigo, for Fasli 1269.

Districts.	Sugar-cane.		Cotton.		Indigo.	
	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
1 Ganjam	3,848	2,842	4,086	4,769	...	...
2 Vizagapatam	3,800	4,496	5,110	6,736	452	632
3 Godavery District	3,698	4,370	9,812	12,745	674	189
4 Kistna District	10	...	1,24,846	1,34,138	15,661	16,217
5 Nellore	24	13	11,975	13,204	20,553	27,968
6 Cuddapah	3,923	2,756	36,712	33,367	36,235	27,091
7 Bellary	6,603	8,286	2,42,424	2,85,501	2,751	3,213
8 Kurnool	905	710	1,65,393	1,52,325	25,585	23,773
9 Madras	104	128	...	4	5,716	4,697
10 North Arcot	5,059	6,348	54	55	23,392	21,017
11 South Arcot	1,734	1,878	18,176	33,198	37,555	36,548
12 Tanjore	461	311	1,756	1,036	866	882
13 Trichinopoly	1,543	1,520	5,873	5,796	462	270
14 Madura	177	198	75,818	77,159	32	34
15 Tinnevely	240	254	1,94,890	1,84,325	396	553
16 Coimbatore	1,344	1,614	1,31,711	1,20,086	...	8
17 Salem	1,316	1,420	13,212	15,214	2,160	1,910
18 North Canara	3,236	3,196	...	...	...	...
19 South Canara		564	...	...	...	...
20 Malabar	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	38,025	40,904	10,41,848	9,96,658	1,72,490	1,65,002
Government Lands	24,258	25,232	7,00,462	6,31,359	1,34,410	1,26,813
Inam Lands	4,658	4,959	2,24,177	2,44,129	23,472	23,139
Zemindary Lands	9,109	10,613	1,17,209	1,21,170	14,608	15,050

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No. 12.—Statement showing the extent of cultivation

Districts.	Dry.							
	Extent of cultivation.	Assessment as per survey.	Deduct permanent remission.	Remaining net Beriz.	Average assessment per acre.			
	2	3	4	5	6			
1	Acres.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	R. A. P.			
1 Ganjam...	66,677	81,998	...	81,998	1 3 8			
2 Vizagapatam...	11,981	47,745	...	47,745	3 15 9			
3 Godavery Dist.	3,81,228	10,96,776	2,272	10,94,504	2 13 11			
4 Kistna District.	12,92,687	19,32,962	23,344	19,09,618	1 7 8			
5 Nellore ...	3,47,924	4,85,026	...	4,85,026	1 6 4			
6 Cuddapah ...	9,27,872	9,02,753	2,16,350	6,86,403	0 11 10			
7 Bellary...	18,47,934	12,10,021	...	12,10,021	0 10 5			
8 Kurnool...	10,12,897	10,85,083	81,543	10,03,540	0 15 10			
9 Madras...	90,659	1,36,148	70	1,36,078	1 8 0			
10 North Arcot...	3,62,567	5,16,028	...	5,16,028	1 6 9			
11 South Arcot...	7,33,738	20,90,143	6,51,408	14,38,735	1 15 4			
12 Tanjore...	79,755	94,098	1,661	92,437	1 2 7			
13 Trichinopoly...	4,14,268	8,81,744	63,355	8,18,389	1 13 0			
14 Madura...	4,54,278	6,10,970	...	6,10,970	1 5 6			
15 Tinnevely ..	7,07,787	5,75,074	...	5,75,074	0 13 0			
16 Coimbatore ...	14,93,994	13,91,546	36,921	13,54,625	0 14 6			
17 Salem...	8,88,338	12,60,515	1,15,207	11,45,308	1 4 8			
	1,11,14,584	1,43,98,630	11,92,131	1,32,06,499	1 3 0			

43
and average assessment per acre, for Fasli 1269.

Districts.	Wet.					Garden.							
	Extent of cultivation.	Assessment as per survey.	Deduct permanent remission.	Remaining net Beriz.	Average assessment per acre.	Extent of cultivation.	Assessment as per survey.	Deduct permanent remission.	Remaining net Beriz.	Average assessment per acre.			
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16			
	Acres.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	R. A. P.	Acres.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	R. A. P.			
1	29,968	3,68,848	...	3,68,848	2 13 5	1,545	5,258	...	5,258	3 6 5			
2	14,252	1,18,569	...	1,18,569	8 5 1	35	127	...	127	3 10 0			
3	1,65,342	6,05,007	86	6,04,921	3 10 6	2,703	14,630	...	14,630	5 6 7			
4	1,31,614	5,66,427	2,711	5,63,716	4 4 6	10,407	47,540	116	47,424	4 8 11			
5	1,24,534	6,48,814	...	6,48,814	5 3 4	18,196	1,00,423	...	1,00,423	5 8 4			
6	78,967	7,34,727	1,91,282	5,43,445	6 14 1	41,731	3,67,274	1,13,240	2,54,034	6 1 5			
7	1,38,187	6,26,451	...	6,26,451	4 8 6	...	...	...	...	0 0 0			
8	20,565	1,90,894	30,023	1,60,871	7 13 6	15,940	1,03,857	21,032	82,825	5 3 2			
9	2,08,058	8,44,020	738	8,43,282	4 8 6	2,075	8,489	...	8,489	4 1 5			
10	1,96,514	11,11,840	...	11,11,840	5 10 5	...	...	...	...	0 0 0			
11	2,45,323	19,17,943	4,60,427	14,57,516	5 15 0	4,238	58,314	33,674	24,640	5 13 0			
12	1,95,094	9,85,588	11,954	9,73,634	4 15 10	4,943	17,097	...	17,097	3 7 4			
13	1,39,474	7,75,495	1,13,805	6,61,690	4 11 10	37,992	1,07,263	5,429	1,01,834	2 10 10			
14	1,22,991	5,28,806	...	5,28,806	4 4 10	27,514	87,337	...	87,337	3 2 9			
15	1,49,068	15,78,747	...	15,78,747	10 9 5	12,924	39,841	...	39,841	3 1 4			
16	78,371	6,93,954	77,355	6,16,599	7 13 11	1,58,135	5,89,580	1,01,504	4,88,076	3 1 5			
17	64,572	4,60,990	56,958	4,04,032	6 4 1	14,738	83,031	24,213	58,818	3 15 10			
	22,02,894	1,28,57,120	9,45,339	1,19,11,781	5 6 6	3,53,116	16,30,061	2,99,208	13,30,853	3 12 3			

No. 12.—Statement showing the extent of cultivation and average assessment per acre, for Fasli 1269.—(Continued.)

Districts.		Total.		
		Extent of cultivation.	Assessment as per survey.	Deduct permanent remission.
		17	18	19
		Acres.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1	Ganjam	1,98,190	4,56,104	4,56,104
2	Vizagapatam	26,268	1,66,441	1,66,441
3	Godavery District	5,49,273	17,46,413	2,358
4	Kistna District	14,84,708	25,46,929	26,171
5	Nellore	4,90,654	12,34,263	..
6	Cuddapah	10,48,570	20,04,754	5,20,872
7	Bellary	19,86,121	18,36,472	...
8	Kurnool	10,49,402	13,79,834	1,32,598
9	Madras	3,90,792	10,88,657	808
10	North Arcot	5,59,081	16,27,868	...
11	South Arcot	9,83,299	40,66,400	11,45,509
12	Tanjore	2,79,792	10,96,783	13,615
13	Trichinopoly	5,91,734	17,64,502	1,82,589
14	Madura	6,04,783	12,27,113	...
15	Tinnevely	8,69,779	21,93,662	...
16	Coimbatore	17,30,500	26,75,080	2,15,780
17	Salem	9,67,648	18,04,536	1,96,378
		1,36,70,594	2,68,85,811	24,36,678
				2,64,49,133

No. 13.—Comparative Statement shewing the particulars of Moturpha, for Fasli 1269.

Districts.		Tax on Trade.		Tax on Looms.	
		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
1		2	3	4	5
		Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1	Ganjam	4,088	4,341	1,834	2,280
2	Vizagapatam	4,239	4,305	6,762	6,781
3	Godavery District	3,595	3,811	20,696	20,997
4	Kistna District	12,021	1,577	28,825	29,687
5	Nellore	4,460	4,500	9,933	10,037
6	Cuddapah	53,087	52,458	26,832	26,593
7	Bellary	85,882	85,128	60,022	60,754
8	Kurnool	32,795	32,219	23,417	24,073
9	Madras	4,604	4,634	21,821	22,783
10	North Arcot	15,890	17,051	14,635	14,498
11	South Arcot	13,054	10,354	26,431	26,543
12	Tanjore	...	...	17,570	16,598
13	Trichinopoly	757	763	5,124	5,147
14	Madura	...	...	...	...
15	Tinnevely	12,720	12,896	45,555	46,466
16	Coimbatore	8,409	8,497	16,546	18,805
17	Salem	12,532	12,120	37,286	40,882
18	North Canara	1,895	1,904	...	...
19	South Canara	2,169	2,194	...	...
20	Malabar	11,653	11,885	3,145	3,221
Total ...		2,83,850	2,70,637	3,66,434	3,76,145

No. 13.—Comparative Statement showing the

Districts.	Professional Tax.		Tax on Houses.		Tax on Cattle, Sheep, Goats, &c.	
	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam...	3,180	5,437	4,165	3,856	320	387
2 Vizagapatam ...	15,977	16,169	...	..	...	...
3 Godavery District..	34,824	35,986	8	8	...	...
4 Kistna District ...	9,091	21,351	...	...	...	...
5 Nellore... ..	1,515	1,535	...	...	...	...
6 Cuddapah	8,870	8,737	...	...	13,868	13,879
7 Bellary... ..	40,364	42,190	3,150	3,404	4,758	4,525
8 Kurnool... ..	16,712	16,821	5,222	5,136	19,244	19,627
9 Madras... ..	3,486	3,827	1,975	2,139	118	44
10 North Arcot	...	...	10,503	10,589	1	...
11 South Arcot	...	2,879	2,858	2,884	3,212	3,156
12 Tanjore... ..	...	...	25,214	27,321	...	...
13 Trichinopoly	32	30	...	2	25	18
14 Madura... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
15 Tinnevely... ..	12,443	14,024	24,960	24,488	563	562
16 Coimbatore... ..	14,960	15,406	8,198	8,336	4,374	4,235
17 Salem	15,511	15,025	2,762	2,723	...	...
18 North Canara... ..	1,968	1,971	4,227	4,293	...	...
19 South Canara... ..	2,669	2,680	3,143	3,214	...	...
20 Malabar	14,182	14,587	81,236	81,650	3,221	4,000
Total...	1,95,784	2,18,655	1,77,621	1,80,043	49,704	50,473

particulars of Moturpha, for Fasli 1269.—(Continued.)

Sundry or Miscellaneous taxes.		Total.		Deduct Curnums fees.		Remainder.	
Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
...	...	13,587	16,301	...	...	13,587	16,301
1,700	1,785	28,678	29,040	...	...	28,678	29,040
2,656	2,313	61,819	63,115	...	...	61,819	63,115
1,385	244	51,322	52,859	972	991	50,350	51,868
232	319	16,140	16,391	7	7	16,133	16,384
7,082	7,010	1,09,739	1,08,677	...	...	1,09,739	1,08,677
3,800	1,892	1,97,976	1,97,893	...	...	1,97,976	1,97,893
...	...	97,390	97,876	...	...	97,390	97,876
489	631	32,493	34,058	507	535	31,986	33,523
2,097	2,119	43,126	44,257	872	886	42,254	43,371
74	71	45,629	45,927	3,154	3,170	42,475	42,757
...	...	42,784	43,919	...	...	42,784	43,919
17	22	5,955	5,982	11	12	5,944	5,970
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
639	729	96,880	99,165	5,559	5,612	91,321	93,553
3,080	3,272	55,567	58,551	...	...	55,567	58,551
929	923	69,020	71,673	2,084	2,075	66,936	69,598
5	5	8,095	8,173	...	...	8,095	8,173
...	...	7,981	8,088	...	...	7,981	8,088
...	...	1,13,437	1,15,343	1,662	1,670	1,11,775	1,13,673
24,225	21,335	10,97,618	11,17,288	14,823	14,958	10,82,790	11,02,330

No. 14.—Statement showing the receipts

Districts.	Balance in hand at the commencement of the Fashi.	Quantity received in Store, in Fashi 1269.			Total including Balance.
		Salt manufactured during the year.	Gain by measure-ment and confiscated salt, &c.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
1 Ganjam	9,61,692	12,07,974	1,074	12,09,048	21,70,710
2 Vizagapatam ...	66,203	2,16,308	7,247	2,23,555	2,89,758
3 Godavery District...	7,84,293	40,800	8,834	49,634	8,33,927
4 Kistna District.....	13,62,575	9,24,524	2,247	9,26,771	22,89,346
5 Nellore... ..	9,62,518	12,04,994	462	12,05,456	21,67,974
6 Madras... ..	11,98,821	11,76,976	4,405	11,81,381	23,80,202
7 South Arcot... ..	1,13,005	4,32,558	533	4,33,091	5,46,096
8 Tanjore... ..	3,20,875	7,56,646	2,926	7,59,572	10,80,447
9 Madura... ..	2,02,869	6,97,306	493	6,97,799	9,00,668
10 Tinnevely	4,23,515	7,85,585	20,015	8,05,600	12,29,115
11 North Canara ...	3,28,827	5,80,858	365	5,81,223	9,10,050
12 South Canara ...	1,17,099	2,58,438	45	2,58,483	3,75,582
13 Malabar... ..	2,67,543	3,71,380	593	3,71,973	6,39,516
Total...	71,09,835	86,54,347	49,239	87,03,586	1,58,13,421

and sales of Salt, for Fashi 1269.

Home consumption.	Inland consumption.	Exportation by Sea.		Sold to French Government.	Total.	Wastage written off under the sanction of Government.	Total.	Balance remaining in Store.
		On Government Indent.	On private Indent.					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.	In. Mds.
1,56,640	5,21,958	...	...	...	6,78,598	41,965	7,20,563	14,50,177
1,69,349	6,790	...	...	...	1,76,139	3,216	1,79,355	1,10,403
2,01,557	32,733	44,722	1,54,740	1,440	4,35,192	36,181	4,71,373	3,62,554
2,08,965	4,46,252	7,200	17,535	...	6,79,952	50,899	7,30,851	15,58,495
1,97,581	3,31,803	1,54,442	59,901	...	7,23,727	1,72,523	8,96,250	12,71,724
1,25,666	8,63,047	1,53,263	1,77,254	...	13,19,230	98,948	14,18,178	9,62,024
1,12,996	47,599	...	...	43,126	2,04,021	25,835	2,29,856	3,16,240
3,70,106	2,02,475	...	...	13,920	5,86,501	47,369	6,33,870	4,46,577
2,81,426	1,05,398	...	...	...	3,86,824	30,000	4,16,824	4,83,844
3,30,765	23,640	2,16,670	...	...	5,71,075	6,789	5,77,864	6,51,251
77,897	2,24,482	...	...	...	3,02,379	93,969	3,96,348	5,13,702
1,22,652	1,10,676	...	...	...	2,33,328	57,302	2,90,630	84,952
3,41,664	1,66,794	...	...	5,000	5,13,458	3,288	5,16,746	1,32,770
26,97,264	30,83,947	5,76,297	3,89,430	63,486	68,10,424	6,68,284	74,78,708	83,34,713

A in No. 14.—Statement showing the wastage of Salt in the several Salt Districts under this Presidency, for Fasli 1269.

Districts.	Contents of the heaps when received.	Outturn of the heaps when sold.	Wastage.	Centage of the wastage on column 2.	Value of the wastage of Salt at the prime cost.	Value of the wastage of Salt at the monopoly price.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	In. Mds. S.	In. Mds. S.	In. Mds. S.	In. Mds. S.	Rups. A. P.	Rupees. A. P.
1 Ganjam....	2,47,405 10	2,33,719 1	13,686 9	5-53	990 13 2	15,396 15 4
2 Vizagapatam ...	84,034 5	78,472 10	5,561 35	6-51	293 12 1	6,227 9 6
3 Godavery Dist.	2,02,801 0	1,93,810 20	8,990 20	4-44	531 6 0	5,469 15 0
4 Kistna District...	3,12,672 21	2,94,234 27	18,437 34	5-89	789 10 8	20,687 14 4
5 Nellore....	6,80,678 36	6,29,954 15	50,724 21	7-45	5,988 2 9	47,708 2 5
6 Madras	4,91,478 13	4,55,390 24	36,677 29	7-31	4,103 15 1	41,262 7 0
7 South Arcot	1,39,281 4	1,35,955 3	3,326 1	2-15	486 13 0	2,983 3 0
Do. supplied to French Govt.	54,501 0	50,325 36	4,175 4	7-26	537 2 0	537 2 0
8 Tanjore....	3,57,526 28	3,49,949 30	7,576 38	2-12	670 13 1	8,524 1 0
9 Madura. ...	1,38,346 8	1,28,219 39	10,126 9	7-54	939 3 4	11,392 0 1
10 Tinnevely ...	1,59,287 11	1,55,823 25	3,463 26	2-17	305 15 0	3,896 10 0
11 North Canara ...	6,12,924 25	5,81,382 14	33,123 21	5-40	4,486 7 5	37,263 15 0
12 South Canara ...	7,28,279 18	6,90,674 33	38,011 5	5-22	15,704 4 0	42,762 8 0
13 Malabar....	3,02,490 33	3,01,172 0	1,318 33	0-43	655 1 0	1,689 11 11
Total...	45,11,707 12	42,79,084 37	2,35,200 5	5-21	36,483 6 7	2,45,802 2 7
On sales of Salt ...			4,278 1	1-96		
On salt cleared for transportation ...			3,237 2	2-10		
On salt delivered into the several Depots ...			1,554 36	1-28		
Loss on Foreign salt bought by weight and sold by measurement ...			28,516 25	12-2		
Loss by wreck of vessels ...			424 21			
			* 38,011 5	5-22		

Financial results of Salt transactions, for Fasli 1269.

Sal.	Extra Revenue.	Refunds of Charges.	Total Gross Revenue.	Deduct Charges.	Net Revenue.	
					Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Rupees A. P.	Rupees A. P.	Rupees A. P.	Rupees A. P.	Rupees A. P.	Rupees A. P.	Rupees A. P.
512 6	61 8	7,36,796 13	69,154 11	5,77,230 10	6,57,642 11	6,57,642 11
2 2 6	41 14	1,94,937 11	20,294 2 8	1,53,660 11 7	1,74,043 8 7	1,74,043 8 7
4 1 9	18 3	2,81,432 15	15,200 12 7	1,63,574 10 6	2,66,232 2 5	2,66,232 2 5
52 6 1	53 2	7,22,060 8 6	24,022 4 8	4,82,482 4 4	6,98,038 3 10	6,98,038 3 10
18 9 0	...	6,16,187 1 1	72,860 14 0	5,48,739 4 11	5,43,326 3 1	5,43,326 3 1
59 14 9	522 2	1,11,03,382 0 10	1,38,326 3 11	6,64,782 10 10	9,65,055 12 11	9,65,055 12 11
59 10 9	77 14	1,83,250 7 11	56,436 13 0	3,63,557 14 2	1,26,813 10 11	1,26,813 10 11
50 5 11	...	6,32,309 6 9	41,753 1 3	5,48,460 7 3	5,90,556 5 6	5,90,556 5 6
13 3 6	202 13	4,23,054 5 6	47,608 1 11	3,71,983 7 1	3,80,446 3 7	3,80,446 3 7
19 0 0	2 7	4,17,516 2 7	77,184 15 0	3,46,739 3 6	3,40,331 3 7	3,40,331 3 7
32 10 10	22 5	3,20,172 11 0	90,371 5 0	2,59,549 13 1	2,59,501 6 0	2,59,501 6 0
71 13 5	7,208 15	2,72,998 15 4	71,18,728 8 8	73,257 11 2	1,54,270 6 11	1,54,270 6 11
13 0 0	14 3	6,44,837 4 10	1,90,938 14 3	3,20,825 13 9	4,53,898 6 7	4,53,898 6 7
13 0 0	8,225 10	5,65,53,936 8	2,9,62,880 2 10	49,10,844 17 0	2,55,61,056 5 4	2,55,61,056 5 4

45369

A in No. 15.—Statement showing the Duty levied on Salt imported by sea as well as by land.

Districts.	Imported by sea.				Imported by land.			
	Quantity.		Duty levied.		Quantity.		Duty levied.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	In. Mds.	S. C.	Rupees.	A. P.	In. Mds.	S. C.	Rupees.	A. P.
North Canara.....	197	30 0	197	12 0	44,872	9 10	44,860	10 8
South Canara.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malabar.....	700	0 0	700	0 0	...	...	...	...
Total...	897	30 0	897	12 0	44,872	9 10	44,860	10 8

No. 16.—Statement showing the particulars of Current Demand of Extra Revenue and Interest account, for Fasli 1269.

Items.		Fasli 1268	Fasli 1269	Increase.	Decrease.	
1		2	3	4	5	
LAND.						
Cultivation after Jumma bundy Settlement		46,999	43,723	...	3,276	
Concealed cultivation		22,263	31,716	9,453	...	
Unclaimed Inams		5,097	5,076	...	21	
Excess Collections		1,366	2,243	877	...	
Fines		30,712	38,001	7,289	...	
Portion of repairs to irrigation works collected from Shrotriumdars, &c. ...		854	827	...	27	
Commission for the sale of distrained property		10,504	10,464	...	40	
Miscellaneous items		88,980	3,48,293	2,59,313	...	
Total...		2,06,775	4,80,343	2,76,932	3,364	Net increase 2,73,568
SUNDRY SOURCES.						
Abkarry		4,363	14,449	10,086	...	
Moturpha		2,876	5,020	2,144	...	
Salt		4,403	3,036	...	1,367	
Stamps		20,529	23,561	3,032	...	
Sea Customs		12,070	88,018	75,948	...	
Sayer		2,151	612	...	1,532	
Total...		46,392	1,34,696	91,210	2,096	Net increase 88,304
Grand Total...		2,53,167	6,15,039	3,68,142	6,720	Net increase 3,61,872
Interest Account.						
Land Revenue		17,997	23,104	5,107	...	
Sundry sources of Revenue		2,661	4,079	1,418	...	
Total...		20,658	27,183	6,525	...	

No. 17.—Statement showing the Demand of all

Land Revenue.								
Districts.	Permanently settled.	Joly of Shetrum and Inam Villages.	Rents for more than one year.	Rents for one year.	Ryotwar.	Anami or Division of produce.	Total.	
							Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam...	4,27,136	13,099	27,220	10,766	5,35,755	..	9,97,368	10,13,976
2 Vizagapatam...	9,76,021	2,042	1,10,953	11,683	1,77,878	..	12,68,754	12,78,582
3 Godavery Dist.	7,02,370	22,233	..	..	22,78,452	..	27,92,227	30,03,053
4 Kistna District.	2,53,431	33,100	15,500	755	25,81,426	..	26,74,636	28,89,212
5 Nellore..	4,20,463	81,390	37,407	400	14,21,275	35	18,65,886	19,60,970
6 Cuddapah...	..	18,251	..	..	18,18,388	..	17,49,598	18,36,639
7 Bellary..	...	1,631	..	..	19,53,668	..	19,70,800	19,55,299
8 Kurnool..	15,199	3,908	..	..	14,07,772	..	13,76,192	14,26,879
9 Madras..	1,09,505	66,222	19,606	..	12,35,352	3,297	13,78,744	14,33,982
10 North Arcot...	5,04,931	25,626	2,196	..	17,11,425	..	21,27,968	22,44,178
11 South Arcot...	8,636	18,655	..	30,414	27,08,855	3,468	27,45,857	27,70,028
12 Tanjore..	31,434	90,313	..	...	40,23,191	50,648	53,86,423	41,95,586
13 Trichinopoly...	50,089	10,263	..	..	14,17,936	..	13,49,895	14,78,288
14 Madura..	7,27,992	10,101	..	..	13,00,505	6,404	20,00,474	20,45,002
15 Tinnevely.....	3,36,028	32,972	..	..	22,37,021	..	31,67,876	26,06,021
16 Coimbatore...	28,020	951	..	..	24,20,493	..	24,95,834	24,48,464
17 Salem..	4,57,161	13,909	..	..	15,53,825	..	20,13,309	20,24,895
18 North Canara..	...	...	..	..	10,88,124	..	9,79,981	10,88,124
19 South Canara...	..	..	..	..	11,19,691	..	11,03,523	11,19,691
20 Malabar	15,000	..	5,398	15,100	16,58,771	..	16,87,026	16,94,269
Total..	50,63,416	4,49,666	2,18,295	69,118	3,46,49,803	63,852	4,11,32,371	4,05,14,140

sources of Revenue, for Fasli 1269.

Land Revenue (Continued)		Sundry sources of Revenue.							
Comparison.		Abkari.	Moturpha.	Salt.	Sea Customs.	Frontier Duties.	Stamps.	Total.	
Increase.	Decrease.							Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
16,601	..	72,796	16,301	7,36,706	85,876	..	18,858	7,70,956	9,30,537
9,828	..	67,119	29,040	1,94,702	29,480	..	20,739	3,38,180	3,41,080
27,10,828	..	1,32,675	63,115	2,81,414	82,621	13,078	31,968	5,09,773	6,04,871
2,14,576	..	96,499	51,868	7,21,982	3,815	..	30,115	6,83,130	9,04,279
95,084	..	36,124	16,384	6,16,045	335	..	25,457	7,08,042	6,94,349
87,041	..	1,03,989	1,03,677	..	..	..	33,195	2,41,435	2,45,861
..	15,501	2,68,525	1,97,893	..	..	..	36,771	4,99,660	5,03,189
50,687	..	1,19,610	27,876	..	..	..	16,525	2,32,193	2,34,011
55,238	..	9,80,925	33,523	11,02,860	17,34,995	..	36,001	27,51,918	38,88,304
1,16,210	..	1,34,350	43,371	..	..	..	38,399	2,14,576	2,16,120
24,171	..	1,35,300	42,757	1,83,170	34,845	66,566	39,700	6,08,901	4,93,338
..	11,00,837	2,23,448	43,919	6,22,250	3,60,470	56,721	93,932	11,74,447	14,15,740
1,23,393	..	26,434	65,970	..	..	..	34,564	62,929	66,938
44,528	..	79,439	..	4,27,693	32,604	202	59,631	5,55,164	5,93,650
..	5,61,855	40,350	93,553	4,17,419	32,654	51,985	50,260	6,20,278	6,86,221
..	46,370	1,23,250	58,551	..	..	..	31,595	2,10,133	2,19,396
11,586	..	1,36,010	63,598	..	..	..	30,246	2,40,430	2,35,854
1,08,143	..	48,444	8,173	3,18,632	22,330	68,119	39,383	4,01,944	5,05,081
16,168	..	39,419	8,038	2,64,972	35,123	..	60,318	3,78,957	4,07,920
7,243	..	85,014	1,13,673	6,44,823	75,262	180	1,35,996	9,43,200	10,51,948
11,96,332	18,14,563	29,49,711	11,02,330	65,42,672	25,30,410	2,56,941	8,59,653	1,22,36,343	1,42,41,717
Net....	6,18,231	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

No. 17.—Statement showing the Demand of

Districts.	Sundry sources of revenue (Continued.)		Extra Revenue.			
	Increase.	Decrease.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	20	21	22	23	24	25
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam.....	1,59,581	..	6,734	10,432	3,698	..
2 Vizagapatam.....	2,900	..	2,475	2,570	95	..
3 Godavery District....	95,098	..	15,330	16,303	973	..
4 Kistna District.....	2,21,149	..	9,118	10,797	1,679	..
5 Nellore.....	..	13,700	5,350	7,124	1,774	..
6 Cuddapah.....	4,426	..	15,983	18,403	2,420	..
7 Bellary.....	3,529	..	63,489	43,746	..	17,743
8 Kurnool.....	1,818	..	11,659	18,484	6,825	..
9 Madras.....	11,36,386	..	24,299	1,04,304	80,005	..
10 North Arcot.....	1,544	..	8,436	13,404	4,968	..
11 South Arcot.....	..	2,05,653	19,598	21,080	1,482	..
12 Tanjore.....	2,41,293	..	25,343	2,81,025	2,55,682	..
13 Trichinopoly.....	4,039	..	2,990	8,974	5,984	..
14 Madura.....	44,486	..	3,141	7,317	4,176	..
15 Tinnevely.....	65,943	..	8,895	17,417	8,522	..
16 Coimbatore.....	3,263	..	5,976	6,278	302	..
17 Salem.....	..	4,576	8,341	7,330	..	1,011
18 North Canara.....	1,03,137	..	8,541	11,106	2,565	..
19 South Canara.....	28,963	..	5,288	3,762	..	1,526
20 Malabar.....	1,11,748	..	2,181	3,183	1,002	..
Total..	22,29,303	2,23,929	2,53,167	6,15,039	3,82,152	20,280
	20,05,374	Net			3,61,872	

sources of Revenue, for Fasli 1269.

Interest account.				Grand Total.			
Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
634	844	210	..	17,75,692	19,55,789	1,80,097	..
265	379	114	..	16,09,674	16,22,611	12,937	..
1,384	1,285	..	99	33,18,714	36,25,514	3,06,800	..
2,509	2,142	..	367	33,69,393	38,06,430	4,37,037	..
1,154	566	..	588	25,80,439	26,63,009	82,570	..
139	152	13	..	20,07,155	21,01,055	93,900	..
395	429	34	..	25,34,344	25,04,663	..	29,681
60	119	59	..	16,20,104	16,79,493	59,389	..
1,530	1,213	..	317	41,56,491	54,27,803	12,71,312	..
98	256	158	..	23,51,078	24,73,958	1,22,880	..
468	363	..	105	34,64,914	32,84,809	..	1,80,105
849	9,674	8,825	..	65,87,062	59,02,025	..	6,81,037
508	726	218	..	14,16,322	15,54,956	1,38,634	..
5,266	2,645	..	2,621	25,64,045	26,54,614	90,569	..
2,029	724	..	1,305	37,99,078	33,16,383	..	4,88,695
284	184	..	100	27,12,227	26,69,322	..	42,905
2,064	1,869	..	195	22,64,144	22,69,948	5,804	..
376	1,331	955	..	13,90,842	16,05,642	2,14,800	..
467	2,133	1,666	..	14,88,235	15,33,506	45,271	..
179	149	..	30	26,32,586	27,32,549	1,19,963	..
20,658	27,183	12,252	5,727	5,36,42,539	5,53,98,079	31,81,963	14,26,423
		6,525				17,55,540	

A in No. 17.—Comparative Abstract of all Sources of Revenue, for Fasli 1269.

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
Permanently settled ...	Rupees 49,77,504	Rupees 50,53,416	Rupees 85,912	Rupees ...
NOT PERMANENTLY SETTLED.				
Jody of Shrotrium and Inam Villages ...	4,83,124	4,49,666	...	33,458
Rents for more than one year ...	2,19,951	2,18,285	...	1,666
Rents for one year ...	78,443	69,118	...	9,325
Ryotwar... ..	3,52,60,950	3,46,49,803	...	6,11,147
Amany or division of produce ...	1,12,339	63,852	...	48,547
Total...	3,61,54,867	3,54,50,724	...	7,04,143
Total Land Revenue...	4,11,32,371	4,05,14,140	85,912	7,04,143
			Net...	6,18,231
Sundry Sources.				
Abkarry	23,01,541	29,49,711	1,48,170	...
Moturpha	10,82,791	11,02,330	19,539	...
Salt... ..	58,96,654	65,42,672	6,46,018	...
Sea Customs	14,53,145	25,30,410	10,76,965	...
Sayer... ..	1,96,665	2,56,941	60,276	...
Stamps	8,05,247	8,59,653	54,406	...
Total Sundry Sources...	1,22,36,343	1,42,41,717	20,05,374	...
Total Land and Sundry Sources...	5,33,68,714	5,47,55,857	20,91,286	7,04,143
			Net...	13,87,143
Extra Revenue.				
Land Revenue	2,06,775	4,80,343	2,73,568	...
Sundry Sources	46,392	1,34,696	88,304	...
Total...	2,53,167	6,15,039	3,61,872	...
Interest account.				
Land Revenue	17,997	23,104	5,107	...
Sundry Sources	2,661	4,079	1,418	...
Total...	20,658	27,183	6,525	...
Grand Total ..	5,36,42,539	5,53,98,079	24,59,683	7,04,143
			Net...	17,55,510

No. 18.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of all Sources of Current Revenue of the whole Presidency, for Fasli 1269.

Districts.	Land Revenue.							
	Permanently settled.					Not permanently settled.		
	Demand.	Collections within the Fasli.	Balance.	Since collected up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.	Demand.	Collections within the Fasli.	Balance.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam.	4,27,136	4,10,839	16,297	16,297	..	5,86,840	5,80,707	6,133
2 Vizagapatam ..	9,76,021	9,73,960	2,061	2,061	..	3,02,561	2,74,700	27,861
3 Godavery Dist.	7,02,370	6,04,015	98,355	16,773	81,582	23,00,685	21,49,934	1,50,751
4 Kistna District	2,53,431	2,50,649	2,782	2,782	..	26,35,781	26,03,237	32,544
5 Nellore.....	4,20,463	4,15,593	4,870	4,254	616	15,40,507	14,36,650	1,03,857
6 Cuddapah....	..	..	..	..	..	18,36,639	17,19,266	1,17,373
7 Bellary.....	..	..	..	..	..	19,55,299	18,91,379	63,920
8 Kurnool	15,199	..	15,199	15,199	..	14,11,680	13,92,278	19,302
9 Madras.....	1,09,505	94,313	15,192	14,745	447	13,24,477	11,66,719	1,57,758
10 North Arcot..	5,04,931	4,84,997	69,934	69,635	299	17,39,247	14,74,778	2,64,469
11 South Arcot..	8,636	7,272	1,364	970	394	27,61,392	25,59,246	2,02,146
12 Tanjore.....	31,434	30,841	593	593	..	41,64,152	38,21,639	3,42,513
13 Trichinopoly..	50,089	48,000	2,089	2,089	..	14,28,199	14,00,603	27,596
14 Madura.....	7,27,992	6,69,653	58,339	44,050	14,289	13,17,010	11,12,037	2,04,973
15 Tinnevely ..	3,36,028	3,09,379	26,649	20,483	6,166	22,69,993	21,71,715	98,278
16 Coimbatore ..	28,020	27,232	788	788	..	24,21,444	23,43,851	77,593
17 Salem	4,57,161	4,28,259	28,902	21,528	7,374	15,67,734	14,73,927	93,807
18 North Canara.	..	..	..	..	..	10,88,124	10,70,683	17,441
19 South Canara.	..	..	..	..	..	11,19,691	10,88,609	31,082
20 Malabar... ..	15,000	5,483	9,517	..	9,517	16,79,269	16,73,426	5,843
Total...	50,63,416	47,10,485	3,52,931	2,32,247	1,20,684	3,54,50,724	3,34,05,484	20,45,240

No. 18.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of al

Districts.	Land Revenue.—(Continued.)					
	Not permanently settled (Continued.)		Total.			
	Subsequent Col- lections up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.	Demand.	Collections within the Fasl.	Balance.	Subsequent Col- lections up to 31st October 1860.
	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam	8,980	2,153	10,13,976	9,91,546	22,430	20,272
2 Vizagapatam	27,768	93	12,78,582	12,46,660	29,922	29,829
3 Godavery District ..	1,02,481	48,270	30,03,055	27,53,949	2,49,106	1,19,254
4 Kistna District	18,080	14,514	28,89,212	28,53,880	35,326	20,812
5 Nellore	78,382	25,475	19,60,970	18,52,243	1,08,727	82,636
6 Cuddapah	1,01,267	16,106	18,36,639	17,19,266	1,17,873	1,01,267
7 Bellary	46,299	17,621	19,55,299	18,91,379	63,920	46,299
8 Kurnool	13,596	5,706	14,26,879	13,92,378	34,501	28,795
9 Madras	1,04,145	53,613	14,33,982	12,61,032	1,72,950	1,18,890
10 North Arcot	2,01,848	62,621	22,44,178	19,09,775	3,34,403	2,71,483
11 South Arcot	1,79,255	22,891	27,70,028	25,66,518	2,03,510	1,80,225
12 Tanjore	2,95,795	46,718	41,95,586	38,52,480	3,43,105	2,96,388
13 Trichinopoly	25,857	1,739	14,78,288	14,48,603	29,685	27,946
14 Maylura	1,92,564	12,409	20,45,002	17,81,690	2,63,312	2,36,614
15 Tinnevely	94,361	3,917	26,06,021	24,81,094	1,24,927	1,14,844
16 Coimbatore	68,829	8,764	24,49,464	23,71,083	78,381	69,617
17 Salem	83,965	9,842	20,24,895	19,02,186	1,22,709	1,05,493
18 North Canara	16,529	912	10,88,124	10,70,683	17,441	16,529
19 South Canara	30,231	851	11,19,691	10,88,609	31,082	30,231
20 Malabar	4,733	1,110	16,91,269	16,78,969	15,860	4,733
Total..	16,89,915	3,55,325	4,05,14,140	3,81,15,969	23,09,171	19,22,162

sources of Current Revenue of the whole Presidency, for Fasl 1269.

Total.	Sundry sources of Revenue.							
	Abkarry.					Moturpha.		
	Balance.	Demand.	Collections within the Fasl.	Balance.	Subsequent col- lections up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.	Demand.	Collections within the Fasl.
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
2,153	72,796	68,140	4,656	4,644	12	16,301	15,800	501
93	67,119	64,809	2,310	2,310	..	29,040	28,681	359
1,29,852	1,32,675	1,26,356	6,319	6,319	..	63,115	59,918	3,197
14,514	96,499	94,487	2,012	2,012	..	51,868	51,566	302
26,491	36,124	35,459	665	665	..	16,384	15,479	905
16,106	1,03,989	98,940	5,049	5,049	..	1,08,677	1,01,430	7,247
17,621	2,68,525	2,55,679	12,846	12,832	14	1,97,893	1,91,922	5,971
5,706	1,19,610	1,09,643	9,967	9,967	..	97,876	95,582	2,294
54,060	9,80,925	9,73,793	7,132	7,132	..	33,523	24,930	8,593
62,920	1,34,350	1,33,571	779	779	..	43,371	30,741	12,630
23,285	1,35,300	1,19,582	15,718	15,718	..	42,757	39,021	3,736
46,718	2,23,448	2,04,641	18,807	18,807	..	43,919	42,689	1,230
1,739	26,434	24,871	1,563	1,563	..	5,970	5,870	100
26,698	79,430	63,992	15,438	13,125	2,313	..	..	..
10,083	40,350	34,220	6,130	6,130	..	93,555	89,884	3,669
8,764	1,23,250	1,13,645	9,605	9,605	..	58,551	51,900	6,651
17,216	1,36,010	1,23,924	12,086	12,086	..	69,598	63,274	4,324
912	48,444	47,008	1,436	1,436	..	8,173	7,517	656
851	39,419	30,024	9,395	8,460	935	8,088	5,874	2,214
10,627	85,014	82,253	2,761	2,761	..	1,13,673	1,13,530	143
4,76,009	29,49,711	28,05,037	1,44,674	1,41,400	3,274	11,02,330	10,37,608	64,722
								51,572

No. 13.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of all

Districts.	Sandry sources							
	Salt.						Sea.	
	Balance.	Demand.	Collections with- in the Fashi.	Balance.	Subsequent col- lections up to 31st Oct. 1869.	Balance.	Demand.	Collections with- in the Fashi.
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam.....	174	7,36,706	7,36,706	..	..	..	85,876	85,876
2 Vizagapatam.....	77	1,94,702	1,94,702	..	..	..	29,480	29,480
3 Godavery District.....	220	2,81,414	2,81,414	..	..	..	82,621	82,621
4 Krishna District.....	74	7,21,982	7,22,982	..	..	..	3,815	3,815
5 Nellore.....	456	6,16,049	6,16,049	..	..	..	335	335
6 Cuddapah.....	1,716	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7 Bellary.....	1,552	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8 Kurnool.....	871	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9 Madras.....	2,675	11,02,860	11,02,860	..	..	..	17,34,995	17,34,995
10 North Arcot.....	2,532	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11 South Arcot.....	509	1,83,170	1,80,361	2,809	2,809	..	34,845	34,815
12 Tanjore.....	271	6,32,250	6,13,145	19,105	19,105	..	3,60,470	3,46,315
13 Trichinopoly.....	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
14 Madura.....	..	4,27,693	4,27,693	..	..	..	32,604	32,604
15 Tinnevely.....	1	4,17,419	4,17,419	..	..	..	32,654	32,654
16 Coimbatore.....	65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17 Salem.....	1,592	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
18 North Canara.....	11	3,18,632	3,18,632	..	..	..	22,330	22,330
19 South Canara.....	350	2,64,972	2,64,972	..	..	..	35,123	35,123
20 Malabar.....	1	6,44,823	6,44,823	..	..	..	75,262	75,262
	13,150	65,42,672	65,20,758	21,914	21,914	..	25,30,410	25,16,255

sources of Current Revenue of the whole Presidency, for Fashi 1869.

of Revenue—(Continued.)

Customs.			Sayer.					Stamps.		
Balance.	Subsequent col- lections up to 31st Oct. 1869.	Balance.	Demand.	Collections with- in the Fashi.	Balance.	Subsequent col- lections up to 31st Oct. 1869.	Balance.	Demand.	Collections with- in the Fashi.	Balance.
34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rs.
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,858	18,858	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20,739	20,739	..
..	..	..	13,078	13,078	..	..	..	31,968	31,968	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30,115	30,115	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25,457	25,457	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	33,195	32,980	215
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	36,771	36,771	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16,525	16,525	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	36,001	36,001	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38,399	38,399	..
..	..	..	66,566	66,566	..	..	..	30,700	30,630	70
14,155	14,155	..	56,721	46,327	10,394	10,394	..	98,932	98,742	190
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34,564	34,564	..
..	..	..	292	292	..	..	..	59,631	59,631	..
..	..	..	51,985	51,958	..	..	..	50,260	50,260	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31,595	31,595	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30,246	30,246	..
..	..	..	68,119	68,119	..	..	..	39,383	39,383	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60,318	60,318	..
..	..	..	180	180	..	..	..	1,35,996	1,35,996	..
14,155	14,155	..	2,56,941	2,46,547	10,394	10,394	..	8,59,653	8,59,178	475

No. 43.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of all

Districts.	Sundry sources			
	Stamps—(Continued)		Total	
	Subsequent col- lections up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.	Demand.	Collections with- in the Fasli.
	45	46	47	48
	Rupces.	Rupces.	Rupces.	Rupces.
1 Ganjam.....	..	..	9,30,537	9,25,330
2 Vizagapatam.....	..	..	3,41,080	3,38,411
3 Godavery District.....	..	..	6,04,871	5,95,355
4 Kistna District.....	..	..	9,04,279	9,01,965
5 Nellore.....	..	..	6,94,349	6,92,779
6 Cuddapah.....	215	..	2,45,861	2,38,350
7 Bellary.....	..	..	5,03,189	4,84,372
8 Kurnool.....	..	..	2,34,011	2,21,750
9 Madras.....	..	..	38,88,304	38,72,579
10 North Arcot.....	..	..	2,16,120	2,02,711
11 South Arcot.....	70	..	4,93,338	4,71,005
12 Tanjore.....	190	..	14,15,740	13,51,850
13 Trichinopoly.....	..	..	66,968	65,305
14 Madura.....	..	..	5,99,650	5,84,212
15 Tinnevely.....	..	..	6,86,221	6,76,422
16 Coimbatore.....	..	..	2,13,596	1,97,140
17 Salem.....	..	..	2,35,854	2,19,444
18 North Canara.....	..	..	5,05,081	5,02,989
19 South Canara.....	..	..	4,07,920	3,96,311
20 Malabar.....	..	..	10,54,948	10,52,044
	475	..	1,42,41,717	1,29,85,383

Sources of Current Revenue of the whole Presidency, for Fasli 1269.

of Revenue.		Total land and sundry sources.						
dry sources.								
Balance.	Subsequent col- lections up to 31st Oct. 1860.	Balance.	Demand.	Collections with- in the Fasli.	Balance.	Subsequent col- lections up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.	Demand.
49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
Rupces.	Rupces.	Rupces.	Rupces.	Rupces.	Rupces.	Rupces.	Rupces.	Rupces.
5,157	4,971	186	19,44,513	19,16,926	27,587	25,248	2,339	10,432
2,669	2,592	77	16,19,662	15,87,071	32,591	32,421	170	2,570
9,516	9,296	220	36,07,926	33,49,304	2,58,622	1,23,550	1,30,072	16,303
2,314	2,240	74	37,93,491	37,55,851	37,640	23,052	14,588	10,797
1,570	1,114	456	26,55,319	25,45,022	1,10,297	88,750	26,547	7,124
12,511	10,795	1,716	20,82,500	19,52,616	1,29,884	1,12,062	17,822	18,403
18,817	17,251	1,566	24,58,488	23,75,751	82,737	63,550	19,187	45,746
12,261	11,390	871	16,60,890	16,14,128	46,762	40,185	6,577	13,484
15,725	13,050	2,675	53,22,286	51,33,611	1,88,675	1,31,940	56,735	1,04,304
13,409	10,877	2,532	24,60,298	21,12,484	3,47,814	2,82,362	65,452	13,404
22,333	21,825	508	32,63,366	30,37,523	2,25,843	2,02,050	23,793	21,080
63,881	63,610	271	56,11,326	52,04,339	4,06,987	3,59,998	46,989	2,81,025
1,663	1,659	4	15,45,256	15,13,908	31,348	29,605	1,743	8,974
15,438	13,125	2,313	26,44,652	23,65,903	2,78,749	2,49,738	29,011	7,317
9,799	9,798	1	32,92,242	31,57,516	1,34,726	1,24,642	10,084	17,417
16,256	16,191	65	26,62,860	25,68,223	94,637	85,808	8,829	6,278
16,410	14,818	1,592	22,60,749	21,21,631	1,39,118	1,20,310	18,808	7,330
2,092	2,081	11	15,93,205	15,73,672	19,533	18,610	923	11,106
11,609	10,324	1,285	15,27,611	14,84,920	42,691	40,555	2,136	3,762
2,904	2,903	1	27,49,217	27,30,955	18,264	7,636	10,628	3,183
2,56,334	2,39,910	16,424	5,47,55,857	5,21,01,352	26,54,505	21,62,072	4,92,433	6,15,039

No. 18.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of all

Districts.	Sundry sources of Revenue—(Continued.)				Interest	
	Extra Revenue.				Demand.	Collections with- in the Fasil,
	Collections with- in the Fasil.	Balance.	Subsequent col- lections up to 31st October 1860.	Balance		
	58	59	60	61		
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1 Ganjam	10,360	72	72	..	844	629
2 Vizagapatam	2,570	..	..	..	379	171
3 Godavery District	16,303	..	..	..	1,285	461
4 Kistna District	10,400	397	249	157	2,142	1,779
5 Nellore.....	6,836	238	101	187	566	542
6 Cuddapah	10,328	8,075	5,767	2,309	152	152
7 Bellary.....	34,614	11,132	6,094	5,038	429	415
8 Kurnool.....	17,439	1,045	487	558	119	119
9 Madras.....	98,293	6,011	2,360	3,651	1,213	723
10 North Arcot.. ..	9,987	3,417	1,142	2,275	256	253
11 South Arcot.. ..	16,982	4,098	2,905	1,193	363	363
12 Tanjore.....	2,79,150	1,873	1,195	680	9,674	9,674
13 Trichinopoly	8,974	..	..	..	726	726
14 Madura	5,683	1,634	739	895	2,645	797
15 Tiranevelly	17,417	..	..	..	724	724
16 Coimbatore	5,899	379	220	159	164	184
17 Salem.....	5,731	1,599	1,075	524	1,869	1,869
18 North Canara	11,071	35	25	10	1,331	1,331
19 South Canara	3,381	381	362	19	2,133	2,133
20 Malabar	3,183	..	..	..	149	149
Total..	574,601	40,438	22,784	17,654	27,183	23,194

Sources of Current Revenue of the whole Presidency, for Fasl 1269.

Account.	Grand Total.					
	Balance.	Subsequent Col- lections up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.	Demand.	Collections within the Fasl.	Balance.
	64	65	66	67	68	69
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
215	213	2	19,55,789	19,27,915	27,874	25,533
208	201	7	16,22,611	15,89,812	32,799	32,622
824	133	691	36,25,514	33,66,063	2,59,446	1,28,683
363	339	24	38,06,430	37,68,030	38,400	23,631
24	..	24	26,63,009	25,52,400	1,10,609	83,851
..	..	..	21,01,055	19,63,096	1,37,959	1,17,829
14	..	14	25,04,663	24,10,780	93,883	69,644
..	..	..	16,79,493	16,31,686	47,807	40,672
490	194	296	54,27,803	52,32,627	1,95,176	1,34,494
3	2	1	24,73,958	21,22,724	3,51,234	2,83,506
..	..	..	32,84,809	30,54,868	2,29,941	2,04,955
..	..	..	59,02,025	54,93,163	4,08,862	3,61,193
..	..	..	15,54,956	15,23,608	31,348	29,605
1,848	86	1,762	26,54,614	23,72,383	2,82,231	2,50,563
..	..	..	33,10,383	31,75,637	1,34,726	1,24,642
..	..	..	26,69,322	25,74,306	95,016	86,028
..	..	..	22,69,948	21,29,231	1,40,717	1,21,385
..	..	..	16,06,642	15,86,074	19,568	18,635
..	..	..	15,33,506	14,90,434	43,072	40,917
..	..	..	27,52,549	27,34,285	18,264	7,636
3,989	1,168	2,821	5,53,98,079	5,26,99,147	26,93,932	21,86,024
						5,12,908

No. 19.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance

Districts.	Land					Not perma	
	Permanently settled.					nently settled.	
	Arrears at the beginning of Fasil.	Collections within the Fasil.	Remissions.	Total.	Balance at the close of Fasil.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasil.	Collections within the Fasil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Ganjam.....	303	303	..	303	..	11,676	5,810
2 Vizagapatam.....	2,421	2,421	..	2,421	..	29,577	28,228
3 Godavery District....	21,783	16,741	..	16,741	5,042	1,08,482	45,417
4 Kistna District.....	960	960	..	960	..	1,74,626	17,447
5 Nellore.....	99,010	96,032	551	96,583	2,427	1,39,561	66,206
6 Cuddapah.....	..	..	..	..	..	1,01,565	94,021
7 Bellary.....	..	..	..	..	..	49,377	25,427
8 Kurnool.....	15,199	15,199	..	15,199	..	21,489	16,390
9 Madras.....	16,769	16,769	..	16,769	..	1,67,260	87,696
10 North Arcot.....	1,01,511	1,01,511	..	1,01,511	..	1,56,057	1,49,956
11 South Arcot.....	1,608	1,608	..	1,608	..	1,45,212	1,33,323
12 Tanjore.....	6,015	4,310	..	4,310	1,705	28,80,346	7,28,194
13 Trichinopoly.....	2,089	2,089	..	2,089	..	70,283	63,595
14 Madurai.....	58,304	58,304	..	58,304	..	2,25,082	2,08,385
15 Tinnevely.....	39,256	39,256	..	39,256	..	2,18,760	1,98,168
16 Coimbatore.....	1,495	1,495	..	1,495	..	80,410	76,727
17 Salem.....	21,400	21,339	..	21,339	61	2,40,978	2,12,392
18 North Canara.....	..	..	..	..	..	94,104	92,661
19 South Canara.....	..	..	..	..	..	50,979	50,686
20 Malabar.....	16,867	16,867	..	16,867	..	8,838	4,632
Total..	4,04,990	3,95,204	551	3,95,755	9,235	49,74,682	23,05,411

of arrears of all Sources of Revenue in Fasil 1269.

Revenue.			Total.				
nently settled.			Total.				
Remissions.	Total.	Balance at the end of the Fasil.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasil.	Collections within the Fasil.	Remissions.	Total.	Balance at the close of the Fasil.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,339	7,149	4,527	11,979	46,113	1,399	7,452	4,527
1,101	29,329	248	31,998	30,649	1,101	31,750	248
22,030	67,447	41,035	1,30,265	62,158	22,030	84,188	46,077
11,373	28,820	1,45,806	1,75,586	18,407	11,373	29,780	1,45,806
32,135	98,341	41,220	2,38,571	1,62,238	32,686	1,94,924	43,647
4,426	98,447	3,118	1,01,565	94,021	4,426	98,447	3,118
10,120	35,547	13,830	49,377	25,427	10,120	35,547	13,830
3,050	19,440	2,049	36,688	31,589	3,050	34,639	2,049
26,519	1,14,215	53,045	1,84,029	1,04,465	26,519	1,30,984	53,045
2,061	1,52,017	4,040	2,57,568	2,51,467	2,061	2,53,528	4,040
6,507	1,39,830	5,382	1,46,820	1,34,931	6,507	1,41,438	5,382
15,00,432	22,28,626	6,51,720	28,86,361	7,32,504	15,00,432	22,32,936	6,53,425
4,488	68,083	2,200	72,372	65,684	4,488	70,172	2,200
6,777	2,15,162	9,920	2,83,386	2,66,689	6,777	2,73,466	9,920
3,319	2,01,487	17,273	2,58,016	2,37,421	3,319	2,40,743	17,273
326	77,053	3,357	81,905	73,222	326	78,548	3,357
17,235	2,29,627	11,351	2,62,378	2,33,731	17,235	2,50,966	11,412
464	93,125	979	94,104	92,661	464	93,125	979
38	50,724	255	50,979	50,686	38	50,724	255
188	4,870	3,988	25,725	21,549	188	21,737	3,988
16,53,928	39,59,339	10,15,343	53,79,672	27,00,615	16,54,479	43,55,094	10,24,578

No. 19.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance

Districts.	Sundry sources						
	Abkarry.					Motur	
	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.	Remissions.	Total.	Balance at the close of Fasli.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Ganjam.....	4,687	4,687	..	4,687	..	1,206	408
2 Vizagapatam.....	799	799	..	799	..	994	325
3 Godavery District..	3,832	3,333	499	3,832	..	1,747	906
4 Kistna District..	..	..	..	..	..	701	337
5 Nellore.....	1,089	1,089	..	1,089	..	2,705	1,086
6 Cuddapah.....	10,002	10,002	..	10,002	..	9,293	7,839
7 Bellary.....	16,644	16,618	..	16,618	26	6,821	3,783
8 Kurnool.....	7,721	7,721	..	7,721	..	3,630	1,939
9 Madras.....	43,758	10,520	19,238	29,758	14,000	5,521	3,636
10 North Arcot.....	1,456	1,456	..	1,456	..	10,810	10,217
11 South Arcot.....	14,532	14,532	..	14,532	..	2,243	2,046
12 Tanjore.....	18,249	17,952	..	17,952	297	761	530
13 Trichinopoly.....	2,174	2,174	..	2,174	..	774	735
14 Madura.....	22,256	22,256	..	22,256	..	..	..
15 Tinnevely.....	8,362	8,362	..	8,362	..	7,323	6,953
16 Coimbatore.....	12,138	9,496	..	9,496	2,642	7,176	7,005
17 Salem.....	14,330	14,330	..	14,330	..	15,143	10,049
18 North Canara.....	10,054	10,054	..	10,054	..	1,879	1,872
19 South Canara.....	8,751	8,721	30	8,751	..	2,145	2,134
20 Malabar.....	1,642	1,583	44	1,627	15	138	69
Total..	2,02,476	1,65,685	19,811	1,85,496	16,980	81,010	61,869

of arrears of all Sources of Revenue, in Fasli 1269.—(Continued.)

pha.			Salt.		Sea Customs.		Sayer.		Stamps.	
Remissions.	Total.	Balance at the close of the Fasli.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
113	521	685	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
392	717	277	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
597	1,503	214	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
51	388	313	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,361	2,447	258	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
522	8,361	932	..	..	..	..	..	..	166	166
1,617	5,400	1,421	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1,117	3,056	574	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
546	4,182	1,339	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
105	10,322	488	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
127	2,173	70	2,184	2,184	..	..	..	..	152	152
..	530	231	17,719	17,719	19,891	19,891	1,307	1,307	98	98
..	735	39	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
184	7,087	236	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
112	7,117	59	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2,734	12,733	2,360	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	1,876	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	2,139	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
55	124	14	..	..	437	437	..	..	..	..
9,592	71,361	9,549	19,903	19,903	20,328	20,328	1,307	1,307	416	416

No. 19.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance

Districts.	Sundry sources						
	Total.					Total Land and	
	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.	Remissions.	Total.	Balance at the close of the Fasli.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.
	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Ganjam.....	5,893	5,095	113	5,208	685	17,872	11,208
2 Vizagapatam....	1,793	1,124	392	1,516	277	33,791	31,773
3 Godavery District	5,579	4,239	1,096	5,335	244	1,35,844	66,397
4 Kistna District ..	761	337	51	388	313	1,76,287	18,744
5 Nellore	3,794	2,175	1,361	3,536	258	2,42,365	1,64,413
6 Cuddapah	19,461	18,007	522	18,529	932	1,21,026	1,12,028
7 Bellary	23,465	20,401	1,617	22,018	1,447	72,842	45,828
8 Kurnool	11,351	9,660	1,117	10,777	574	48,039	41,249
9 Madras	49,279	14,156	19,784	33,940	15,339	2,33,308	1,18,621
10 North Arcot... ..	12,266	11,673	105	11,778	488	2,69,834	2,63,140
11 South Arcot... ..	19,111	18,914	127	19,041	70	1,65,931	1,53,845
12 Tanjore	58,025	57,497	..	57,497	528	29,44,386	7,90,001
13 Trichinopoly... ..	2,948	2,909	..	2,909	39	75,320	68,593
14 Madura	22,256	22,256	..	22,256	..	3,05,642	2,88,945
15 Tinnevely	15,685	15,315	134	15,449	236	2,73,701	2,52,739
16 Coimbatore	19,314	16,501	112	16,613	2,701	1,01,219	94,723
17 Salem	29,473	24,379	2,734	27,113	2,360	2,91,851	2,58,110
18 North Canara. ..	11,933	11,926	4	11,930	3	1,06,037	1,04,587
19 South Canara. ..	10,896	10,855	35	10,890	6	61,875	61,541
20 Malabar	2,217	2,089	99	2,188	29	27,942	23,638
Total..	3,25,440	2,69,508	29,403	2,98,911	26,529	57,05,112	29,70,123

of arrears of all Sources of Revenue in Fasli 1269.

of Revenue—(Continued.)

Sundry Sources of Revenue.			Extra Revenue					Interest account.	
Remissions.	Total.	Balance at the close of the Fasli.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.	Remissions.	Total.	Balance at the close of the Fasli.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.
42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1,452	12,660	5,212	..	..	..	..	..	376	376
1,493	33,266	525	29	29	..	29	..	310	139
23,126	89,523	46,321	1,285	50	..	50	1,235	828	425
11,424	30,168	1,46,119	6,063	1,204	99	1,304	4,760	110	52
34,048	1,98,461	43,904	3,329	626	1,513	2,139	1,190	771	771
4,948	1,16,976	4,050	8,973	6,531	1,462	7,993	980	..	..
11,737	57,565	15,277	10,004	3,821	1,674	5,495	4,509	37	6
4,167	45,416	2,623	4,248	1,421	1,934	3,355	893	6	..
46,303	1,64,924	68,384	24,230	13,957	316	14,273	9,957	15	6
2,165	2,65,305	4,529	4,055	2,754	588	3,342	713	3,415	5
6,634	1,60,479	5,452	8,684	4,220	3,013	7,233	1,451	..	..
15,00,432	22,90,433	6,53,958	4,754	1,769	..	1,769	2,985	126	..
4,488	73,081	2,239	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6,777	2,95,722	9,920	721	296	145	441	280	3,406	2,625
3,453	2,56,192	17,509	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
438	95,161	6,058	538	410	..	410	128	..	..
19,969	2,78,079	13,772	3,649	2,040	531	2,570	1,079	..	..
468	1,05,055	982	1,291	1,112	19	1,131	160	..	..
73	61,614	261	267	248	14	262	5	..	..
287	23,925	4,017	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16,83,882	46,54,095	10,51,107	82,120	40,488	11,307	51,795	30,325	14,400	4,405

No. 19.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of arrears, &c.—(Continued).

Districts.	Interest account.			Grand Total.				
	Remissions.	Total.	Balance at the close of Fasli.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli.	Collections within the Fasli.	Remissions.	Total.	Balance at the close of the Fasli.
	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Ganjam.....	..	376	..	18,248	11,584	1,452	13,036	5,212
2 Vizagapatam.	171	310	..	34,130	31,941	1,664	33,605	525
3 Godavery Dist.	..	425	403	1,37,957	66,872	23,126	89,998	47,959
4 Kistna District	..	52	58	1,82,460	20,000	11,523	31,523	1,50,937
5 Nellore.....	..	771	..	2,46,464	1,65,810	35,560	2,01,370	45,091
6 Cuddapah...	..	..	..	1,29,999	1,18,559	6,416	1,24,969	5,030
7 Bellary.....	..	6	31	82,883	49,655	13,411	63,066	19,817
8 Kurnool....	..	..	6	52,293	42,670	6,101	48,771	3,522
9 Madras.....	..	6	9	2,57,553	1,32,584	46,619	1,79,203	78,350
10 North Arcot..	5,844	5,849	2,566	2,82,304	2,65,899	8,597	2,74,496	7,808
11 South Arcot..	..	..	..	1,74,615	1,58,065	9,647	1,67,712	6,963
12 Tanjore.....	..	..	126	29,49,267	7,91,770	15,00,432	22,92,202	6,57,065
13 Trichinopoly.	..	..	..	75,320	68,593	4,488	73,081	2,239
14 Madura....	..	2,625	781	3,09,769	2,91,866	6,922	2,98,788	10,981
15 Tinnevely ..	..	..	..	2,73,701	2,52,739	3,453	2,56,192	17,509
16 Coimbatore ..	..	..	..	1,01,757	95,133	438	95,571	6,186
17 Salem.....	..	..	..	2,95,500	2,60,150	20,500	2,80,650	14,850
18 North Canara	..	..	..	1,07,328	1,05,699	487	1,06,186	1,142
19 South Canara.	..	..	..	62,142	61,789	87	61,876	266
20 Malabar.....	..	..	..	27,942	23,638	287	23,925	4,017
Total..	6,015	10,420	3,980	58,01,632	30,15,016	17,01,204	47,16,220	10,85,412

No. 20.—Statement showing the particulars of arrears of all Sources of Revenue, for Fasli 1269.

Districts.	Permanently settled.						Not permanently settled.		
	Balance at the close of Fasli 1269.	Subsequent collections and remissions up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.				Balance at the close of Fasli 1269.	Subsequent collections and remissions up to 31st October 1860.	Balance and recoverable doubtful.
			Recoverable and doubtful.	Irrecoverable now proposed for remission.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6		7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	A. P. Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Ganjam...	..	..	..	..	..		4,527	517	3,750
2 Vizagapatam	..	..	..	..	..		248	6	242
3 Godavery District	5,042	7	5,035	..	5,035		41,035	2,582	29,312
4 Kistna District	..	..	..	..	..		1,45,806	957	1,26,967
5 Nellore...	2,427	9	2,418	..	2,418		41,220	3,158	13,769
6 Cuddapah...	..	..	..	..	..		3,118	677	1,449
7 Bellary...	..	..	..	..	..		13,830	604	4,651
8 Kurnool...	..	..	..	..	..		2,049	231	741
9 Madras...	..	..	..	..	..		52,045	5,117	40,344
10 North Arcot...	..	..	..	..	..		4,040	972	2,102
11 South Arcot...	..	..	..	..	..		5,382	109	3,540
12 Tanjore...	1,705	1,690	15	..	15		6,51,720	2,66,664	3,85,056
13 Trichinopoly...	..	..	..	..	..		2,200	3	1,243
14 Madura...	..	..	..	..	..		9,920	2,776	6,121
15 Tinnevely...	..	..	..	..	..		17,273	380	12,608
16 Coimbatore...	..	..	..	..	..		3,357	97	3,260
17 Salem...	61	..	61	..	61		11,351	1,316	3,973
18 North Canara	..	..	..	..	..		979	340	299
19 South Canara	..	..	..	..	..		255	119	130
20 Malabar...	..	..	..	..	..		3,988	269	338
Total	9,235	1,706	7,529	..	7,529		10,15,343	2,86,844	6,39,585

No. 20.—Statement showing the particulars of arrears

Districts.	Not permanently settled—(Continued.)			Abkarri.							
	Balance—(Continued.)			Balance at the close of Fasli 1269.	Subsequent collections and remissions up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.					
	Irrecoverable now proposed for re-mission.	Total.				Recoverable and doubtful.	Irrecoverable now proposed for re-mission.			Total.	
							10	11	12		13	14	15	16
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.
1 Ganjam...	259	12	4	4,010	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 Vizagapatam ...	...	...	...	242	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3 Godavery District ...	9,191	5	6	38,503	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4 Kistna District ...	17,882	1	3	1,44,849	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5 Nellore...	24,293	1	5	38,062	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6 Cuddapah ...	992	0	0	2,441	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7 Bellary...	8,575	4	4	13,226	26	...	...	26	...	...	26
8 Kurnool ...	1,077	6	3	1,818	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9 Madras...	7,583	12	9	47,928	14,000	...	...	14,000	...	...	14,000
10 North Arcot...	876	7	10	3,068	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11 South Arcot...	1,733	3	1	5,273	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12 Tanjore...	...	...	...	3,85,056	297	73	...	224	...	...	224
13 Trichinopoly ...	554	1	5	2,197	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14 Madura ...	1,022	12	10	7,144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15 Tinnevely ...	4,285	1	11	16,893	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16 Coimbatore ...	...	...	...	3,260	2,642	10	...	1,732	900	7 10	2,632
17 Salem ...	6,062	7	10	10,035	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18 North Canara ...	340	0	11	639	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19 South Canara ...	5	8	0	136	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20 Malabar ...	3,380	15	11	3,719	15	...	...	2	13	0 0	15
Total ...	88,515	7	7	7,28,499	16,980	83	...	15,684	913	7 10	16,897

of all Sources of Revenue, for Fasli 1269.

Moturpha.						Extra Revenue and Interest account.					
Balance at the close of Fasli 1269.	Subsequent collections and remissions up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.				Balance at the close of Fasli 1269.	Subsequent collections and remissions up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.			
		Recoverable and doubtful.	Irrecoverable now proposed for re- mission.	Total.	Recoverable and doubtful.			Irrecoverable now proposed for re- mission.	Total.		
17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.		
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.		
685	124	437	123 14 4	561	...	...	...	...	...		
277	19	258	...	258	...	...	...	...	...		
244	11	122	111 6 9	233	1,638	145	1,406	86 11 0	1,493		
313	52	255	510 0	261	4,818	5	4,524	289 6 1	4,813		
258	51	118	88 9 8	207	1,190	12	883	294 10 6	1,178		
932	153	200	578 9 2	779	980	372	260	347 8 0	608		
1,421	126	724	571 6 4	1,295	4,540	265	3,888	386 9 3	4,275		
574	20	80	473 14 10	554	899	149	379	371 8 10	750		
1,339	164	1,175	...	1,175	9,966	222	1,849	7,894 11 1	9,744		
488	29	427	31 15 4	459	3,279	70	3,149	60 0 6	3,209		
70	...	69	0 10 3	70	1,451	6	1,070	374 14 11	1,445		
231	86	145	...	145	3,111	159	2,952	...	2,952		
39	1	37	0 14 0	38	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	1,061	100	161	800 3 1	961		
236	9	190	37 5 11	227	...	...	...	...	...		
59	8	51	...	51	128	3	125	...	125		
2,360	22	589	1,748 12 5	2,338	1,079	59	573	447 0 1	1,020		
3	...	...	2 14 0	3	160	3	128	29 5 8	157		
6	...	6	0 4 0	6	5	...	4	0 15 0	5		
14	1	9	4 2 2	13	...	...	...	...	...		
9,549	876	4,892	3,780 5 2	8,673	31,505	1,570	21,352	11,383 7 0	32,735		

No. 20.—Statement showing the particulars of arrears of all Sources of Revenue, for Fasli 1269

Districts.		Total.					
		Balance at the close of Fasli 1269.	Subsequent collections and remissions up to 31st October 1860.	Balance.			
				Recoverable and doubtful.	Irrecoverable now proposed for re- missions.	Total.	
		27	28	29	30		31
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	A. P.	RS.
1	Ganjam	5,212	641	4,187	383	10 8	4,571
2	Vizagapatam	525	25	500	...	...	500
3	Godavery District ...	47,959	2,695	35,875	9,389	7 3	45,264
4	Kistna District ...	1,50,937	1,014	1,31,746	18,177	0 4	1,49,923
5	Nellore	45,094	3,229	17,189	24,676	5 7	41,865
6	Cuddapah... ..	5,030	1,202	1,910	1,918	1 2	3,828
7	Bellary	19,817	995	9,289	9,533	3 11	18,822
8	Kurnool	3,532	400	1,139	1,922	13 11	3,122
9	Madras	78,350	5,503	57,368	15,478	7 10	72,847
10	North Arcot	7,808	1,072	5,768	963	7 8	6,736
11	South Arcot	6,903	115	4,679	2,108	12 3	6,788
12	Tanjore	6,57,065	2,68,673	3,88,392	...	...	3,88,392
13	Trichinopoly	2,239	4	1,280	954	15 5	2,235
14	Madura	10,981	2,876	6,282	1,822	15 11	8,105
15	Tinnevely	17,509	389	12,798	4,322	7 10	17,121
16	Coimbatore	6,186	118	5,168	900	7 10	6,068
17	Salem	14,850	1,396	5,196	8,258	4 4	13,454
18	North Canara... ..	1,142	343	427	372	4 7	799
19	South Canara... ..	266	119	140	6	11 0	147
20	Malabar	4,017	270	349	3,398	2 1	3,747
Total.....		10,85,412	2,91,079	6,89,742	1,04,592	11 7	7,94,334

No. 21.—Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of all sources of Revenue, Current and Ancients of the whole Presidency, for Fash 1269.

[illegible]

No. 22.—Statement shewing the extent to which coercive process was employed in the collection of the Revenue, in Fasli 1269.

Districts.	Process issued.			Estimated value of property attached.			Property sold.					
	Number of Villages.	Number of Ryots.	Amount of arrears.	Land.	Personal property.	Total.	Land.			Personal property.		
							Esti- mated value.	Value actually sold.	Rupees.	Esti- mated value.	Value actually sold.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1 Ganjam...	8	18	82	...	68	...	...	...	57	...	...	...
2 Vizagapatam...	116	886	17,378	5,254	10,069	15,314	...	...	238	261	238	57
3 Godavery District...	21	83	1,827	26	434	460	...	...	383	416	383	261
4 Kistna District...	246	3,481	21,130	388	13,254	13,642	11	11	174	243	185	416
5 Nellore...	3	13	115	...	137	137	...	...	137	174	137	254
6 Cuddapah...	22	74	1,175	504	653	1,157	...	...	2	2	2	174
7 Bellary...	4	9	162	...	129	129	...	...	64	68	64	2
8 Karnool...	590	3,689	35,108	27,770	11,999	39,769	2,140	2,140	184	267	2,324	68
9 Madras...	637	5,338	25,879	119	1,275	1,394	4	10	73	65	77	2,324
10 North Arcot...	282	3,278	29,180	10,414	17,136	27,550	1,279	2,230	339	418	1,618	75
11 South Arcot...	463	2,781	1,95,973	44,556	51,409	95,965	1,114	1,167	15,237	17,454	16,351	2,678
12 Tanjore...	7	8	272	...	175	175	...	...	227	227	227	18,621
13 Trichinopoly...	17	79	673	533	103	636	498	4,169	103	169	601	227
14 Madura...	12	26	776	189	605	794	189	346	605	850	794	1,278
15 Tinnevely...	3	4	100	39	61	100	...	...	50	74	50	1,193
16 Coimbatore...	70	101	4,783	815	342	1,187	332	957	182	244	514	74
17 Salem...	23	26	697	...	631	631	...	...	631	733	631	1,201
18 North Canara...	12	12	5,008	...	275	275	...	...	253	348	253	723
19 South Canara...	10	22	516	566	239	805	...	...	88	92	88	348
20 Malabar...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92
Total...	2,550	18,188	2,51,989	91,203	1,08,985	2,00,188	5,567	9,047	19,027	22,125	24,594	31,172

No. 23.—Statement shewing the Collections and Charges for Fasli 1269.

DISTRICTS.	Collections from all sources of Revenue, Current and Arrears.	Refunds of Charges.	Total Receipts.	Charges.					
				Amount consisting of Collectors' salary and Establishment and Sadarward, &c.	Per centage.	Amount of extra charges.	Per centage.	Total.	Per centage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1 Ganjam ...	RS. 19,39,499	RS. 703	RS. 19,40,202	RS. 1,72,282	RS. 8.8	RS. 71,853	RS. 3.7	RS. 2,44,135	RS. 12.5
2 Vizagapatam...	16,21,753	245	16,21,998	86,454	5.3	31,873	1.9	1,18,329	7.2
3 Godavery Dt.	34,32,940	879	34,33,819	1,46,785	4.3	35,872	1.0	1,82,657	5.3
4 Kistna District	37,88,030	8,889	37,96,919	2,69,603	7.1	64,518	1.6	3,34,121	8.7
5 Nellore ...	27,18,210	1,238	27,19,448	2,43,591	8.9	63,558	2.3	3,07,149	11.2
6 Cuddapah...	20,81,655	18,784	21,00,439	1,52,959	7.3	17,155	0.8	1,70,114	8.1
7 Bellary...	24,60,435	1,304	24,61,739	2,06,259	8.4	20,016	0.8	2,26,275	9.2
8 Kurnool...	16,74,356	24	16,74,380	1,30,006	7.7	9,139	0.6	1,39,145	8.3
9 Madras	53,65,211	0	53,65,211	3,52,348	6.5	3,94,546	7.3	7,46,894	13.8
10 North Arcot..	23,88,623	1,029	23,89,652	1,46,874	6.2	23,285	0.9	1,70,159	7.1
11 South Arcot...	32,12,933	179	32,13,112	2,12,417	6.6	67,405	2.1	2,79,822	8.7
12 Tanjore...	62,84,933	5,312	62,90,244	4,50,320	7.2	2,51,320	0.4	7,01,640	11.2
13 Trichinopoly..	15,92,201	157	15,92,360	1,02,596	6.5	77,588	4.8	1,80,184	11.3
14 Madura...	26,64,249	853	26,65,102	1,45,467	5.4	48,620	1.8	1,94,087	7.2
15 Tinnevely...	34,28,396	2,162	34,30,558	2,04,594	5.9	1,03,913	3.0	3,08,507	8.9
16 Coimbatore...	26,69,439	847	26,70,286	1,96,063	7.3	20,732	0.8	2,16,795	8.1
17 Salem....	23,89,381	436	23,89,817	1,55,743	6.5	23,644	1.0	1,79,387	7.5
18 North Canara.	16,91,773	189	16,91,962	1,11,339	6.6	1,28,652	7.6	2,39,991	14.2
19 South Canara.	15,52,223	16,207	15,68,430	1,58,220	10.1	1,46,518	9.3	3,04,738	19.4
20 Malabar	27,57,923	148	27,58,071	2,73,407	9.9	2,30,932	8.3	5,04,339	18.2
Total...	5,57,14,163	59,585	5,57,73,748	39,17,327	7.0	18,31,141	3.3	57,48,468	10.3
Fasli 1268...	.....	...	5,38,04,464	40,18,398	7.4	17,49,277	3.2	57,67,675	10.6
Increase...	.....	...	19,69,284	.....	...	81,864	...	.....	...
Decrease...	.....	...	.....	1,01,071	...	.....	...	19,207	...

No. 24.—Statement showing the actual Revenue and the Charges incurred in Fasli 1269.

Districts.	Revenue Demand in all items.				Receipts under all items.				Areas remitted.	Balance remaining.			Charges.	
	Current.	Arrears.	Total.	Rupees.	Current.	Arrears.	Total.	Rupees.		Current.	Arrears.	Total.	Amount.	Percent- age on col. 7.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
1 Ganjam	19,55,789	18,248	19,74,037	19,27,915	11,584	19,39,499	1,452	27,874	5,212	33,086	244,135	12.58		
2 Vizagapatam	16,22,611	34,130	16,56,741	15,89,812	31,941	16,21,753	1,664	32,799	525	33,324	1,18,329	7.03		
3 Godavary District	3,62,514	1,37,957	3,76,471	33,66,068	66,872	34,32,940	23,126	2,59,416	47,939	3,07,405	1,82,657	5.32		
4 Kistna District	38,06,430	1,82,466	39,88,896	37,68,030	20,000	37,88,030	11,523	38,400	1,50,937	1,89,337	8,34,121	8.82		
5 Nellore	26,63,009	2,46,464	29,09,473	25,52,400	1,65,810	27,18,210	35,560	1,10,609	45,094	1,55,703	3,07,149	11.30		
6 Cuddapah	21,01,055	1,29,999	22,31,054	19,63,096	1,18,559	20,81,655	6,410	1,37,959	5,030	1,42,989	1,70,114	8.17		
7 Bellary	25,04,663	82,883	25,87,546	24,10,780	49,655	24,60,435	13,411	93,883	19,817	1,13,700	2,26,275	9.15		
8 Kurnool	16,79,493	52,293	17,31,786	16,31,686	42,670	16,74,356	6,101	47,807	3,522	51,329	1,39,145	8.13		
9 Madras	54,27,803	2,57,353	56,85,156	52,32,627	1,32,584	53,65,211	46,619	1,95,176	78,350	2,73,526	7,46,894	13.92		
10 North Arcot	24,73,958	2,82,304	27,56,262	21,22,724	2,65,899	23,88,623	8,597	3,51,234	7,808	3,59,042	1,70,159	7.12		
11 South Arcot	32,84,809	1,74,615	34,59,424	30,54,868	1,58,065	32,12,933	9,617	2,29,941	6,903	2,36,844	2,79,822	8.71		
12 Tanjore	59,02,025	29,49,267	88,51,292	54,93,163	7,91,770	62,84,933	15,00,432	4,08,862	6,57,065	10,65,927	7,01,640	11.46		
13 Trichinopoly	15,54,956	75,320	16,30,276	15,23,608	68,593	15,92,201	4,488	31,348	2,239	33,587	1,80,184	11.32		
14 Madura	26,54,614	3,09,769	29,64,383	23,72,383	2,91,866	26,64,249	6,922	2,82,231	10,981	2,93,212	1,94,087	7.28		
15 Tinnevely	33,10,383	2,73,701	35,84,084	31,75,657	2,52,739	34,28,396	3,453	1,34,726	17,509	1,52,235	3,08,507	9.00		
16 Coimbatore	26,69,322	1,01,757	27,71,079	25,74,306	95,133	26,69,439	438	95,016	6,186	1,01,202	2,16,795	8.12		
17 Salem	22,69,948	2,95,500	25,65,448	21,29,231	2,60,150	23,89,381	20,500	1,40,717	14,850	1,55,567	1,79,387	7.51		
18 North Canara	16,05,642	1,07,328	17,12,970	15,86,074	1,05,699	16,91,773	487	19,568	1,142	20,710	2,39,991	14.18		
19 South Canara	15,33,506	62,142	15,95,648	14,90,434	61,789	15,52,223	87	43,072	263	43,335	3,04,738	19.63		
20 Malabar	27,52,549	27,942	27,80,491	27,34,385	23,638	27,57,923	287	18,264	4,017	22,281	5,04,339	18.28		
Total	5,53,98,079	58,01,632	6,11,99,711	5,26,99,147	30,15,016	5,57,14,163	17,01,204	36,98,932	10,85,412	47,84,344	57,48,468	10.32		
Fasli 1268	5,36,42,538	62,40,320	5,98,82,858	4,96,11,960	40,88,885	5,37,00,845	3,79,263	40,30,578	17,72,172	58,02,750	57,67,675	10.74		
Increase	17,55,541	.....	13,16,853	30,87,187	.....	20,13,318	13,21,941	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		
Decrease .....	.....	4,38,688	.....	.....	10,73,869	.....	.....	13,31,616	6,86,760	20,18,406	19,207	.....		

SETTLEMENT REPORT ON GANJAM.

I have the honor to report on the results of the Revenue Administration of this District during Fasli 1269 and to submit the usual Statements as per accompanying list of packet.

2. Of the Taluks comprised in the principal division, Ganjam was settled by myself at Russalkonda and the Taluks of Pookakonda, Mohery and Ichapur by Mr. Davidson the Officiating Collector at the four Stations of Purshottapur, Chatterpur, Barhapur and Ichapur. Mr. Morris the Acting Principal Assistant Collector settled a portion of the Wadada Taluk at Narasapur. The settlement was concluded under my instructions by the Sub-Manager Costa Row at Chiescola.

3. The tenures of the villages in the Government Taluks for Fasli 1268 and 69 appear in the margin and an explanation of changes is given below.

Variations in the tenures of Villages, &c.			
VILLAGES.	No. in Fasli 1268.	No. in Fasli 1269.	
Ryotwar,	722	734	
Coasht,	415	420	
Annually rented,	30	26	
Rented for more than one year,	31	42	
Depopulated,	5	6	
Forest,	236	236	
Morera and Fishery,	33	33	
Total	1,503	1,503	

II. RYOTWAR. 4. In Fasli 1268 there were 722 villages under Ryotwar tenure. Of these 10 were rented out (7 for 2 Faslis and 3 for 1 Fasli) the ryots having refused to take them on reasonable terms. 22 Villages have however reverted to ryotwar, viz., 9 from the class under Coasht on joint rent and 13 from the number rented by individuals. One village held as Khas by a Pannatan in Sudar on service tenure in the Guleri Mootah of the Ganjam Taluk was transferred to the list of Jerveti villages the Sirdar having been convicted in case No. 34 of 1858, on the Criminal file of the Assistant Agent's Court and dismissed. The number of ryotwar villages is thus raised to 734.

III. JOINT RENTS. 5. In Fasli 1268 there were 415 villages under Coasht or joint rent system. Of these 9 have reverted to Ryotwar as above explained, one has been entered under the head of Khas, it having been all along erroneously shown as a village under Coasht rent. This village belongs to the Sirdar of Bugada Mootah to whom it was granted as an Enam for the services rendered by him during the time of disturbances in Ganjam Taluk, eight other villages have been entered under the heads of "Annual Rents" and "Rents for more than one year" in consequence of the refusal of the ryots to take them on reasonable terms. Twenty nine other villages have however been added to the number held on joint rent which were hitherto under "Annual Rents" and "Rents for more than one year," thus raising the number of villages under "Coasht or joint rent" to 420.

IV. ANNUAL RENTS. 6. In Fasli 1268 there were 30 villages under the head "Annual Rents." Of these six have reverted to "Ryotwar" and 13 to joint rent at the request of the ryots and four have been rented for more than one year. Twenty villages have however been added to the number under "Annual Rents" so that the number of villages now classed under this head is 26.

V. RENTS FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR. 7. In Fasli 1268 there were 61 villages under the head "Rents for more than one year" of these 15 have reverted to "Coasht or joint Rent," six to "Ryotwar" tenure (at the request of the Ryots) and 11 to the head "Annual Rent," but 13 villages have however been transferred to

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

16. From the above Statement it will appear that the waste land brought under cultivation in the Fasli under review far exceeded that of the preceding one, but of the 3,948 Acres shown as having been taken up in Fasli under notice 139 Acres properly belong to the preceding year, but were not brought to account within that Fasli.

17. 63 Acres of land were given on Kowle in 6 villages of the Gumsur taluk during Fasli 1268, the ryots of those villages having subsequently agreed to include the land in their joint settlement they were deducted from the list of Kowle grants. 115 Acres also were dealt with in the same manner in the Taluk of Poobacoonda, the applicants having abandoned the lands. The following Table shows the various terms on which Kowles were granted :—

No.	PARTICULARS.	No. of years.	Extent in Acres.	Cist.	Kowle Remission.	Collections.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	From Fasli 1266 to 1285 ...	20	100	Rs. 125	Rs. 125	Rs. ...
2	" " 1266 to 1269 ...	4	15	23	6	17
3	" " 1267 to 1286 ...	20	36	22	22	...
4	" " 1267 to 1274 ...	8	120	111	111	...
5	" " 1267 to 1269 ...	3	197	226	58	168
6	" " 1268 to 1287 ...	20	329	384	384	...
7	" " 1268 to 1275 ...	8	652	764	764	...
8	" " 1268 to 1270 ...	3	572	1,321	529	792
9	" " 1269 to 1288 ...	20	1,286	2,138	2,138	...
10	" " 1269 to 1276 ...	8	1,729	2,529	2,529	...
11	" " 1269 to 1271 ...	3	391	802	601	201
12	" " 1269 & 1270 ...	2	9	17	9	8
13	" " 1269 to 1282 ...	14	377	372	372	...
Total...		...	5,813	8,834	7,648	1,186

18. The only points that call for remark refer to cases 9 and 13. The extent of land represented by No. 9 consists of Acres 750 in Poobacoonda, Acres 400 in Moheri and Acres 136 in Wadala, which were given on 20 years Kowle in consequence of the extensive jungle which they comprised and in consideration of the trouble and expence required in reclaiming these tracts. The land referred to in No. 13 is the jungle on both sides of the Aska and Russelleonda road which was given with the view of keeping the sides of road permanently clear of forest.

IX. ACTUAL CULTIVATION. The following table shows the actual cultivation during Fasli 1269:

ITEMS.	DRY.		WET.		GARDEN.		TOTAL.	
	Acres.	Cist.	Acres.	Cist.	Acres.	Cist.	Acres.	Cist.
Ryotwar, ...	66,289	81,692	1,29,760	3,68,608	1,545	5,258	1,97,594	4,55,558
Coasht or joint Rent...	11,049	11,532	19,431	49,154	466	1,354	30,946	62,040
Rents, ...	4,637	7,004	9,922	30,676	99	306	14,649	37,986
Total...	81,975	1,00,228	1,59,113	4,48,438	2,101	6,918	2,43,189	5,55,584

X. WASTE (CHARGED AND REMITTED).

19. From the Enclosure C. of Statement No. 3 it will be found that no waste assessment was remitted and that the cist of waste charged is Rs. 546. This waste is kept for pasturage.

XI. REMISSIONS.

20. From Statement No. 4 it will appear that a Remission of Rupees 7,842-10-8 was granted; of this Rupees 7,647-15-3 are on account of Kowle remission and Rupees 194-11-5 on account of usual remission for Sari.

XII. SUNDRY ITEMS.

21. The increase in the revenue derived from the villages under collective rent amounts to Rupees 13,975 which is owing to the increased offers and the transfer of some of the villages to this head and to the excess of land discovered on measurement in certain holdings, also to the levy of Cist on laik bunjer brought under cultivation, but from this sum are to be deducted Rupees 10,540 on account of decreased rents and the transfer of certain villages from this head and the deficit of land discovered in certain holdings leaving a net increase of Rupees 3,435.

22. The net decrease in Cuttoobadies on Enams is Rupees 44 being Cuttoobadies on certain resumed Enams, but from this are to be deducted Rupees 31 being Cuttoobadies on certain Enams in the Branganachayi estate and in the Mohery Taluk, the Enamdars having been hitherto allowed to enjoy their Enams rent-free through oversight though the lands were properly liable to chouthayi or $\frac{1}{4}$ th share, the net decrease is therefore Rs. 13-8-5 under this head.

23. The increase shown in rent of Government plantations is owing to an enhanced offer made for Orange Gardens in the Surda Taluk.

24. The decrease in fishery is mainly attributable to the amount derived from this Source in Teckely having been carried through an oversight to the credit of Motarfa.

25. There is a decrease in the extent of land cultivated with Sugarcane which is chiefly attributable to the ryots having betaken themselves to the less expensive and less laborious cultivation of Paddy a class of produce which now commands a high price and finds a ready market.

26. There is some increase in the extent of land cultivated with Cotton.

27. No cultivation of Indigo is carried on in this District.

The following Abstract Statement shows the general results of land Revenue Settlement in comparison, with the preceding Fasli :—

	ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.	Per centage.
Not permanent-ly settled.	Permanently settled	4,27,136	4,27,136	...	...	...
	Srotriam, Jodi &c.	13,044	13,099	55	...	...
	Rents for more than one year,	26,214	27,220	1,006	...	...
	Rents for one year	9,547	10,766	1,219	...	...
	Ryotwar	5,21,426	5,35,755	14,329	...	...
	Amadi	...	...	...	...	...
Total...		5,70,231	5,86,840	16,609	...	...
Grand Total...		9,97,367	10,13,976	16,609	...	...

28. The increase in srotriams, Jodi &c. is owing to the Cuttoobadi of a Mokassa village in Gumsur Taluk which had been erroneously classed under joint rent having been now brought under its proper head.

29. The excess in the "Rents for more than one year" is in consequence of the progressive rents of the villages which were rented out in the previous Faslis and of the increased offers made for the villages which have been rented out during the Fasli under review.

30. That in the "Annual Rents" is attributable to the increased offers made for certain villages.

31. The increase in Ryotwar is owing chiefly to the waste lands brought under cultivation, to the discovery of concealed cultivation and to an increase of Cist on certain under assessed lands in the Itchapur Taluk.

32. There is a gross decrease in Abkari which is chiefly owing to the withdrawal of the Regiment lately stationed at Russelconda and to the closing of a licensed shop, Rupees 515, was however gained by the resale of Ganjam farm in consequence of the failure of the former renters to pay their kists leaving a net decrease of Rupees 1,425.

XIV. SUNDRY SOURCES.

Abkari.

Motarfa.—33. There is an apparent increase of Rupees 2,715 in Motarfa, but from this Rupee 2,336 should be deducted being the amount of fishery of the Teckeli estate which was through an oversight included under this head thus leaving an actual increase of Rupees 378.

34. In reference to the remarks contained in para. 18 of the Board's Circular dated the 7th July last, No. 3145 I beg to observe that the details therein required were not obtained from the Taluks nor there was time to obtain them owing to the late period at which the Board's Circular was received. These details will however be given in the future reports. The number of Motarfa pattas has been shown in column 4 of the Statement No. 1 as directed.

Salt.—35. From this Statement it will appear that the Salt in store at the close of the fasli under review exceeded that at its commencement by Indian Maunds 5,16,763, and in the quantity stored during the year there is an increase of Maunds 2,94,138, owing to nearly the whole of the quantity manufactured during the Fasli having been stored within its close in addition to Maunds 4,99,569 manufactured during the preceding Fasli, whereas in former Faslis large quantities were allowed to remain unstored at the close of the Fasli.

36. There is a decrease of 1,28,771 Maunds in the quantity manufactured during the Fasli under review compared with that manufactured in preceding Fasli as shown in the margin, which is owing to the unfavorable nature of the season, cloudy weather and drizzling rain accompanied by strong winds having prevailed during the months of March and April. The scanty rains of May were also sufficient to check the manufacture. The extent of Salt ordered to be manufactured during the Fasli under observation was also reduced in reference to the large quantity on hand. Of the quantity of salt manufactured during the Fasli viz 8,10,798 Indian Maunds 7,08,405 were stored within its close.

37. The quantity of salt entered in column 5 of the Statement comprises the items noted in the margin. Swamp salt was gathered to a trifling extent as an experiment. The whole of the salt viz 270 Maunds was sold to the Brinjaries with a view to give them an opportunity of comparing it with the manufactured salt.

38. The excess in the quantity gained by measurement is partly attributable to the circumstance of a portion of the Salt stored at Ganjam in Fasli 1268 having been sold in the Fasli under review and partly to the different modes observed in measurement.

Swamp Salt...	Mds.
Spontaneous Do.	270
Salt gained by measurement.	1
	803
	1,074

In Fasli 1268...	Mds.
In Do. 1269...	457
	803
Increase.	316

39. There is a decrease of 7,894 Maunds in the home sales which is owing partly to the suspension of sales in the Wommervelly Cotaur from 1st August to 13th September 1859, the Salt of Fasli 1267 having been all sold and the storing of salt newly made in Fasli 1268 not having been completed until 12th September 1859. The departure of the Regiment stationed at Russelconda has also partly diminished the sales, besides which a portion of the Salt purchased for inland consumption has been sold within the District; this decrease is however more than counterbalanced by an increase of 24,304 Maunds in the inland sales, thus showing a net increase of 16,410 Maunds.

40. A large wastage of 12,875 Maunds has occurred at Ganjam and Nowpada Cotaurs. Statement, No. 17. The wastage at Ganjam is partly attributable to the salt manufactured in Fasli 1267 having been sold during the Fasli under notice and partly to bad storing, a recurrence of which is now effectually prevented, and the wastage at Nowpada is mainly attributable to the damage inflicted by the storm of December last as reported in my letter to the Board dated the 18th January 1860, No. 21; the trifling wastage at Wommervelly needs no comment.

41. The increase of 95,638 Rupees in salt sales is mainly owing to the increase of price since September 1859 and partly to increased inland sales. For the variations in the other items of receipt and disbursement see remarks given in the Statement.

42. With regard to the discrepancy noticed in para. 21 of the Board's Circular Proceedings dated the 7th July last No. 3145, I beg to observe that no wastage ordered by Government to be written off is included in the Account Current for June as supposed, and that the balance shown in column 2 of the Statement No. 16 exactly corresponds with the amount given against the item "Quantity actually remaining in store" of the Account Current for June. Under any circumstances the gross balance shown in the Account Current can never agree with that shown in the Statement No. 16 as the former includes the wastage not yet ordered by government to be written off, whereas in the latter the wastage occurring during the Fasli is deducted in column 16.

43. With regard to the observation made in para. 22 of the above Circular, I beg to state that the loss by the change of the equivalent of 120 Maunds lately ordered viz 12,211-18-1, but not 14,814 as was supposed by the Board has been written off in the Accounts of this District as shown in the revised Accounts Current submitted to the Board with my letter dated the 10th February 1859.

44. The particulars required by the Board in para. 23 of the above Circular have been given in the column of remark of the comparative statement of salt collections and charges which accompanies this report.

Sea Customs.—45. The large increase of Rupees 61,922 in Sea Customs is chiefly attributable to the alteration in the rates of duties as per Acts No. VII of 1859 and X of 1860.

Stamps.—46. The increase in the sales of Stamp paper can only be explained by increased litigation.

An Abstract showing the Revenue from both land Revenue and Sundry Sources in comparison with preceding Fasli is shown below:

ITEMS.		Fasli 1263.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage.
1		2	3	4	5	6
Land Revenue.	Permanently settled.	Rs. 4,30,647	Rs. 4,11,142	Rs. ...	Rs. 19,505	...
	Not do. do.	5,76,539	5,86,517	9,978	...	...
	Total...	10,07,186	9,97,659	9,978	19,505	...
Sundry Sources of Revenue.	Abkari, ...	77,388	72,826	...	4,562	...
	Motarfā, ...	17,759	16,208	...	1,551	...
	Salt, ...	6,41,068	7,36,706	95,638	...	...
	Sea Customs, ...	23,954	85,876	61,922	...	...
	Stamps, ...	18,126	18,858	732	...	...
Total...		7,78,295	9,30,474	1,58,292	6,113	...
Grand Total...		17,85,481	19,28,133	1,68,270	25,618	...

47. The decrease under the head Permanently settled is partly owing to the balance at the beginning of the Fasli under review having been smaller than that at the commencement of the preceding year, and partly to the circumstances of there having remained a heavy balance of 15,474-4-6 against the Parlakimidi Estate at the close of the Fasli, with the causes of which the Court of Wards are acquainted, Vide letter dated 26th May 1860 No. 128. This sum has subsequently been recovered in full.

48. The increase under the head not Permanently settled is attributable to increased Revenue demand as detailed in para. 31 of this report.

Vide letter from Board dated 27th January 1860 No. 473. 49. The Decrease in the Abkari Revenue arises partly from the abandonment of Russelleconda as a Military station and partly from the balance at the commencement of the Fasli under notice having been smaller than at the beginning of previous year.

50. For the deficit in Motarfā Vide second cause in the preceding para..

51. The causes for the increase under the heads of Salt, Sea Customs and stamps have already been noticed in paragraphs 41, 45 and 46.

52. There is a decrease of Rupees 1,895 and an increase of Rupees 5,304 under the head of Sevoy Jamah. The decrease is chiefly owing to a falling off in the amount of commission on private estates in consequence of an increased Maramut expenditure in Parlakimidi Estate, to the fines and stoppages made from the pay of Public servants not having been brought to account the Civil Auditor having passed only the net salaries after such deductions were made, to a falling off in sundry small sales and the decrease in the amount of penalties for not using Stamp Paper. The increase is chiefly attributable to the proceeds derived from the sale of the produce of Zufted Enams &c. and of a certain Jerayeti land under dispute between the proprietor of Karakavalasa Estate and the villagers of Sylada in the Wadada Taluk, also from sale of confiscated rum, to the levy of cist on waste cultivation discovered subsequent to the Jamabuldi settle-

ment, to the rental of certain ferries and to the stamp duty recovered from paupers. These items give a net increase of Rupees 3,409 under the head of Sevoy Jama.

53. The increase in the Interest account principally arises from want of punctuality on the part of certain Abkari renters in the payment of their kists.

The following is an abstract Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of each source of current Revenue during Fasli 1269:—

ITEMS.		Demand.	Collections within the Fasli.	Balance.	Percentage.
1		2	3	4	5
Land Revenue.	Permanently settled.	Rs. 4,27,136	Rs. 4,10,839	Rs. 16,297	...
	Not do. do.	5,86,840	5,80,707	6,133	...
	Total...	10,13,976	9,91,546	22,430	...
Extra Sources of Revenue.	Abkari, ...	72,796	68,140	4,656	...
	Motarfā, ...	16,301	15,800	501	...
	Salt, ...	7,36,706	7,36,706	...	...
	Sea Customs, ...	85,876	85,876	...	...
	Stamps, ...	18,858	18,858	...	...
Total...		9,30,537	9,25,380	5,157	...
Extra Revenue		11,135	11,063	72	...
Interest Account...		844	629	215	...
Total...		11,979	11,692	287	...
Grand Total...		19,56,492	19,28,618	27,874	...

54. From the above Statement it will appear that there was a balance of Rupees 27,874 uncollected at the close of Fasli which is owing partly to the last kist of the Parlakimidi Zemindary not having been recovered within the close of Fasli as already explained. A portion of the Peshush of the Jarjunghi Estate has also not been paid up, and there are arrears of rents due from certain renters in consequence of the disagreements between them and their ryots. Time has also been granted to the ryots of Shahapur village in the Pubakonda Taluk in consequence of their village having been destroyed by fire. The collections of Meheri are backward owing to the utter inefficiency of the Tahsildar who has since been reduced, a further cause of arrear is that the last kist of the Abkari revenue falls due on the last day of Fasli; a small portion of the Motarfā revenue has remained uncollected within the close of Fasli, but subsequent collections to the end of August have reduced the outstanding balance of current Revenue to Rupees 5,521 for the recovery of the whole of which measures have been adopted.

The following table shows the Demand Collection and Balance of all Sources of the arrears of Revenue at the close of Fasli 1269.

ITEMS.	Balance at the beginning of the Fasli.	Collection within the Fasli.			Balance at the close of the Fasli.
		Collections.	Remissions.	Total.	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue.					
Permanently settled...	303	303	.....	303	.....
Not Do do.	11,676	5,810	1,339	7,149	4,527
Total...	11,979	6,113	1,339	7,452	4,527
Sundry Sources of Revenue.					
Abkari...	4,687	4,686	.....	4,686	1
Motaria	1,206	408	113	521	685
Total...	5,893	5,094	113	5,207	686
Extra Revenue.					
Extra Revenue...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Interest Account ...	376	376	.....	376	.....
Total...	376	376	.....	376	.....
Grand Total...	18,248	11,583	1,452	13,035	5,213

55. From the above Statement it will appear that there was a balance of Rupees 5,213 uncollected at the close of Fasli 1269, but the subsequent collections to 31st August reduced it to Rupees 4799 nearly all of which sum is due against the Moheri Taluq owing to the carelessness of the Tahsildar who was consequently reduced as reported in my letter of the 9th August 1860 No. 209 I was anxious to enquire into the state of these old balances in Moheri during the last settlement, but absence on sick leave prevented this. I will therefore if necessary address the Board on the subject after the ensuing settlement.

56. The particulars of Enam and Rented villages in each Taluk have been shown in Statement No. 12 as required in paragraph 17 of the Board's Circular dated the 7th July last No 3145.

The following Table shows the particulars of the sum now recommended for remission:—

TALUKS.	Jerayeti.	Fishery.	Cuttoobody.	Total.	Motaria.	Grand Total.
Pabakonda.	RS. A. P. 22 7 6	RS. A. P. 91 0 0	RS. A. P. 0 0 0	RS. A. P. 113 7 6	RS. A. P. 3 8 0	RS. A. P. 116 15 6
Wadada.	49 2 2	0 0 0	97 2 8	146 4 10	120 6 4	266 11 2
Total...	71 9 8	91 0 0	97 2 8	259 12 4	123 14 4	383 19 8
Fasli 1263.	6 13 8	0 0 0	3 8 0	10 5 8	0 4 0	10 9 8
" 1264.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 2 6	1 2 6
" 1265.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	11 10 0	11 10 0
" 1266.	11 10 10	0 0 0	0 0 0	11 10 10	14 3 0	25 13 10
" 1267.	11 11 1	0 0 0	34 3 3	45 14 4	27 9 7	73 7 11
" 1268.	41 6 1	91 0 0	59 7 5	191 13 6	69 1 3	260 14 9
Total...	71 9 8	91 0 0	97 2 8	259 12 4	123 14 4	383 19 8
Deaths.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	13 12 7	13 12 7
Desertion.	22 7 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	22 7 6	33 15 3	56 6 9
Poverty.	13 7 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	13 7 2	33 13 0	47 4 2
Encroached by roads.	0 0 0	0 0 0	15 6 0	15 6 0	0 0 0	15 6 0
Flooded.	22 5 0	0 0 0	1 4 8	23 9 8	0 0 0	23 9 8
Enams resumed.	0 0 0	0 0 0	80 8 6	80 8 6	0 0 0	80 8 6
For houses destroyed by fire.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 8 0	3 8 0
Gist on lands found less than the given extent.	13 6 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	13 6 0	0 0 0	13 6 0
Decrease in Tax on professions.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	38 13 6	38 13 6
Grand Total...	71 9 8	91 0 0	97 2 8	259 12 4	123 14 4	383 19 8

57. The balance of Rupees 116-15-6 due on account of Jerayeti, Fishery and Motaria in the Pubakonda Taluk is owing to a certain party having abandoned the Banjar land which he took on three years. Kowle and deserted the village also to the impoverished state of certain fishermen and a Motaria Ryot whose village was destroyed by fire.

58. The balance due against the Wadada Taluk on account of Jerayeti, Cuttoobadi and Motaria viz, Rupees 266-11-2 arises from the poverty of individual defaulters in seven villages and further to the circumstance of a certain Enam land having been taken up for road-way, and to certain unauthorized Enams having been zifted, also to the death or desertion of a few Motaria Ryots.

59. Under the above explanation I request that the Board will be pleased to obtain the sanction of Government for writing the above sum of Rupees 383-10-8 off the accounts.

60. Coercive process in the collection of Revenue was employed to a very small extent in the Taluks of Gumsur and Moheri as detailed in the following table:—

TALUKS.	No. of vil- lages.	No. of de- faulters.	Amount due.		Estimated value of pro- perty at- tached.	Amount realized by sale.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	Rs.	A. P.
Gumsur,	4	7	156	0 0	156	118	14 8
Moheri,	3	3	35	10 0	37½	38	8 0
Total	7	10	191	10 0	194	237	6 8

The following Table shows the disbursements during the Fasli under review compared with those of the preceding Fasli.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue.				
Collector's Salary, pay of his Establishment and Saderward ...	1,50,168	1,51,594	1,426	.....
Pentage,	4,917	4,667	.....	250
Medical Revenue Charges,	4,534	4,590	56	.....
Extra Charges,	1,59,619	1,60,851	1,482	250
Total...	5,531	5,747	216	.....
Salt.				
Establishment and Saderward,	9,830	9,977	147	.....
Goodivaram paid to Salt Ryots,	51,558	52,623	1,065	.....
Extra charges,	3,276	6,554	3,278	.....
Total...	64,664	69,154	4,490	.....
Sea Customs.				
Establishment and Saderward,	2,375	5,731	3,356	.....
Extra Charges,	28	87	59	.....
Refunds of Duty,	290	13	.....	277
Total..	2,693	5,831	3,415	277
Stamps.				
Salary of Stamp Darogah,	300	390	90	.....
Commission to Venders, ..	3,030	2,162	.....	868
Total..	3,330	2,552	90	868
Grand Total.				
Grand Total...	2,35,837	2,44,135	9,693	1,395
Pay of Establishment,	1,60,502	1,72,282	11,780	.....
Extra Charges, &c., ..	75,335	71,853	.....	3,482

61. The increase in Collector's salaries is owing to the non-disbursement during Fasli 1268 of the salaries of Deputy collectors for the whole of the year.

62. The decrease in Tent allowance is in consequence of a portion of the fixed Tentage of the Principal/Assistant Collector having been disbursed during the Fasli under notice.

63. The trifling increase under Medical Revenue Charges requires no remark.

64. The increase in Extra Charges under Land Revenue is chiefly attributable to the payment of remuneration to additional writers employed in bringing up and examining the arrears of records and to the disbursement of pay of additional Karkuns employed in measuring certain villages during Fasli 1268.

65. The increase in the pay of Salt Establishment &c., arises principally from the pay of a newly created salt Superintendent of Wommervelli having been charged for 2 months during the Fasli under notice.

66. The excess in Salt manufacturers' hire is owing to the disbursement during Fasli under review of a portion of the hire of Salt manufactured due for the preceding year.

67. The increase in salt Extra Charges is referrible to the circumstance of nearly the whole of the quantity of salt manufactured during Fasli 1269 having been stored within the close of the Fasli in addition to a portion of the quantity manufactured during the preceding year.

68. The increase in Sea Custom Charges is owing to the disbursement during Fasli under review of the pay of the increased establishment for a full year, whereas in the preceding Fasli it was charged only for a portion of the year.

69. The decrease under the head of Refunds arises from the circumstance of there having been no necessity for this charge.

70. The decrease in stamp Charges arises from the refunds of stamp duty having been lower than in the preceding year.

71. The new system of village accounts is in full operation excepting in some of the villages of Gumsur and Moheri the Karnams of which are unacquainted with Telugu. They however employ hired Gumastas to assist them in the preparation of the accounts required for presentation in the Taluk Kacharies.

72. The Register of lands acquired by public servants has been nearly completed and will be submitted to the Board in the course of a month.

GANJAM,
Collector's Kachari, Chatterpur,
18th September 1860.

(Signed) G. S. FORBES.

Collector.

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SETTLEMENT REPORT OF VIZAGAPATAM.

Para 1. I do myself the honor to submit the annual report on the land and extra sources of Revenue of this District for Fasli 1269 (1859-60) accompanied by 17 accounts in illustration of the details.

I. VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.

2. The annexed statement shows the villages at which the settlement was made in the Government Estates of this district, under the management of their Officers, Palcondah being on rent to Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.

No.	Taluk.	Villages.
1	Golgondah.....	Komarolu... .. Golgondah. Golgondapett..... Nursepatam.... ..
2	Survasiddy.....	Condakerlah. Polavarum.....

II. VARIATION IN THE NO. AND TENURES OF VILLAGES.

3. Five villages last year under Ryotwar were this year transferred to rent, and 3 villages which were last year under rent and 2 deserted Mokásas, this year reverted to Ryotwar, shewing an increase of two villages in the year under review as particularized below.

No.	Taluk.	Mode of Settlement.	No. of Villages of Fasli 1268.	No. of Villages of Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	Golgondah.....	Ryotwar and Joint Rent... .. Rent for one year... ..	79 104	79 106	... 2	... ...
2	Survasiddy.	Ryotwar.	183 65	185 65	2 ...	... ...
		Total...	248	250	2	...

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

4. On a comparison of this statement with that given in para 7 of the Report for Fasli 1268, it will be observed that there is 1 village less this year under the head of rent; it was by mistake so written last year. The number should have been 102 and not 103, and the mistake, has occurred since Fasli 1266 owing to wrong returns having been received from the Tahsildar of Golgondah; for further explanation, see statement No. 1 accompanying.

5. The marginal statement gives the number and description of Pattas issued in the

Taluku.	Fasli.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1263	1269		
Golgondah.....	652	573	...	79
Survasiddy.....	2,394	2,411	17	...
	3,046	2,984	17	79

Net..... 62

Government two amani Taluks during the two last Faslia, shewing a decrease of 62 on the whole, owing chiefly to the transfer of the 5 villages from Ryotwar to rent referred to in para 3 above. The new system of issuing Pattas, has not yet been adopted in this District, but I have issued instructions that the orders of the Board in this respect shall be in future acted up to.

6. Motarfa Pattas will for the first time be issued this year, unless the tax on professions Act be before that brought into force.

III. SEASON AND SANITARY STATE OF THE DISTRICT.

7. The season generally has been favorable and the crops good. In December, however, the District was visited by a Cyclone which did considerable damage to the Salt stored at Canadah and Coopily. Regarding this a separate report was sent to the Board under date the 19th December last.

8. During the Revenue year the Rain fall has been 35.1 inches throughout the District. The number of persons vaccinated during the year was 8,782 and in last year 8,491 shewing an increase of 291 during the year under review. Dr. Andrews the newly appointed Civil Surgeon whom I addressed on the subject thus writes on the subject of vaccination and the sanitary state of the District. "Having only just assumed medical charge of the Zillah of Vizagapatam, I am unable to say any thing from personal observation of the sanitary state of the District for the past year, but gather from the reports of my predecessor that small pox was prevalent in many parts of the District during the greater part of the year and very severe in the Town of Vizagapatam from January to April 1860. The District does not appear to have been visited by any other epidemic. The benefit of Vaccination seems to be appreciated by the people as there is a gradual increase in the number vaccinated; during the past year 8,491 successful operations have been performed, being an increase of 291 over the corresponding period of the previous year. 81 cases proved unsuccessful. The virus continues very good. The vaccinators appear to have given satisfaction, but require more hearty assistance from the village authorities."

9. The following statement exhibits the average prices per Sicca Garce during the last 5 years of the grains quoted by the Board by which it will be observed that there is a fall in Fasli 1269 in the price of every one of them as compared with that of Fasli 1268.

10. The rates prevailing in the Government Taluks will be found in statement No. 2 herewith submitted.

VIZAGAPATAM.

No.	GRAINS.	Fasli 1265.	Fasli 1266.	Fasli 1267.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Total.	Average.
1	Paddy.. ..	76	88	100	104	92	460	92
2	Jonnalun... ..	95	94	110	125	104	528	106
3	Guntalu or Cumboos... ..	81	86	110	110	99	486	97
4	Horse Gram... ..	98	83	119	132	126	558	112
5	Natcheny or Raggi... ..	86	88	114	119	107	514	103
6	Varagulu... ..	...	...	...	89	81	170	85

11. The measures adopted to ensure the correctness of these returns were those recommended in the Taluk Manual; the daily sales from large villages or towns were got and an average struck at the end of the month, and that average is now entered in the statement of Demand Collection submitted to the Board. If any material difference was observed in the rates of two neighbouring Towns, a reference was made to ascertain the cause.

V. RYOTS HOLDINGS.

12. Lands bearing a sist of Rupees 4,621-11-6 were thrown up by the former holders, but others came forward at the Atkoobadi and took up all but 162 Rupees of the land, fresh lands formerly left uncultivated but bearing a sist of Rupees 1346-5-7 were taken up.

VI. ACTUAL CULTIVATION.

13. The following statement of the actual cultivation of land in the Amani Taluks of Survasiddy and Golgondah shews an increase of Acres 1291 assessed at Rupees 8,399. The cause of the increase is attributable to the favorable season and to the prosperous condition of the Ryots.

Taluku.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Land.	Sist.		Land.	Sist.		Land.	Sist.		Land.	Sist.	
	Acres.	Rs.	A. P.	Acres.	Rs.	A. P.	Acres.	Rs.	A. P.			
Golgondah.....	7,065	38,307	8 6	8,114	44,225	12 1	1,049	5,918	3 7	...	...	...
Survasiddy....	17,205	1,17,707	4 6	17,447	1,20,188	9 4	242	2,481	4 10	...	...	...
Total.....	24,270	1,56,014	13 0	25,561	1,64,414	5 5	1,291	8,399	8 5	...	...	...

VII. WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.

14. Enclosure C of statement No. 3 will give the particulars of the lands so charged, but no remission on this account were either asked for or allowed.

VIII. PARTICULARS OF REMISSION.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Kristnadavipett Karnam.....	125	0	0
Rambilly do.....	40	7	6
	165	7	6

15. The only remission granted in Fasli 1269 were on account of compensation allowed to the Office of Karnam in Kristnadavipett in Golgondah and Rambilly in Survasiddy Taluk, being in the aggregate Rupees. 165-7-6.

IX. SUNDRY ITEMS.

16. The increase under this head as per statement No. 4 is Rupees 1,143. This is caused from increased cultivation in the hill tracts of Golgondah known as "Kondapollu" and "Pullapollu."

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

VIZAGAPATAM.

X EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS AS SUGAR CANE, COTTON AND INDIGO.

17. The annexed statement shows the extent of cultivation of this description.

PRODUCTS.	Fasli 1268.				Fasli 1269				Increase.	
	Land.		Sist.		Land.		Sist.		Land.	Sist.
	Acres.	Rs.	A.	P.	Acres.	Rs.	A.	P.		
Sugar Cane... ..	3,800	49,376	0	4	4,496	56,836	12	6	696	7,461
Cotton... ..	5,110	34,434	10	4	6,736	35,146	2	8	1,626	711
Indigo... ..	452	5,723	13	0	632	5,913	2	0	180	194

XI. GENERAL RESULT of Land Revenue Settlement.

18. The following comparative abstract Statement will explain the general result of land Revenue settlement of the

whole District both Government and proprietary.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.		Decrease.
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	
Peshcush of Estates... ..	9,76,020	13	2	9,76,020	13	2	...	...	...
Srotriam &c. Villages....	2,052	12	0	2,012	4	0	...	10	...
Rents for more than one year.	1,10,958	0	0	1,10,958	0	0	...	...	...
Rents for one year... ..	10,388	11	0	11,683	0	0	1,294	...	...
Ryotwar... ..	1,69,333	8	7	1,77,878	1	1	8,544	...	...
Total...	12,68,753	12	9	12,78,582	2	3	9,828	10	...

Net increase..... 9,828.

XII. SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.

district is herewith appended.

19. A comparative statement of the demand on the Sundry sources of Revenue in force in this District

Items.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.		Decrease.
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	
Abkari... ..	67,119	4	...	67,119	4	...	...	...	...
Motarfá... ..	28,676	14	10	29,039	13	2	363	...	...
Salt... ..	1,70,390	13	8	1,94,702	2	6	24,311	...	...
Sea Custom... ..	48,616	14	9	29,480	5	3	...	19,137	...
Stamps... ..	23,376	4	...	20,788	12	...	...	2,637	...
Total.....	3,38,180	3	3	3,41,080	4	11	24,674	21,774	...

Net Increase..... 2,900.

20. The increase in the Motarfá Revenue is owing to larger sums being offered in this than in the preceding year for the Tom-Tom taxes. The salt increase is owing to greater vigilance in putting down illicit manufacture and to the increased rate charged per Maund.

21. There is a decrease in "Stamps" and "Sea Customs." The former owing to a smaller number of suits being brought in Fasli 1269 than in 1268. The latter to the falling off of the trade at Binlipatam and other ports. The reason for this falling off was reported to the Board in para 4 of my Administration Report dated 4th May last.

22. In 73 heaps of Salt disposed of in Fasli 1267 said to contain Indian Maunds 84,034-4-57 the wastage was Indian Maunds 5,561-34-57 being 6½ per Cent on the quantity stored; the chief part of this wastage occurred at the Cotars of Conada and Kupili and was owing to the Cyclone referred to in para 7 above. A Statement of the heaps where wastage occurred is hereto annexed for the Board's information.

COTARS.	No. of heaps.	Contents of the heaps when stored.		Out turn of the heaps when sold.		Wastage.		Percentage of the wastage in Col. No. 3.
		Ind. Mds.	S. T.	Ind. Mds.	S. T.	Ind. Mds.	S. T.	
Karassa... ..	20	25,200	...	24,745	10	454	30	1 84
Nellimuku... ..	1	343	34-57	331	20	12	14-57	3 59
Conada... ..	31	33,377	10	32,339	...	1,038	10	3 11
Kupili... ..	21	25,113	...	21,056	20	4,056	20	16 15
Total...	73	84,034	4-57	78,472	10	5,561	34-57	6 51

23. I request the Board will obtain the sanction of Government for writing off the wastage as above shown viz. Indian Maunds 5,561-34-57.

XIII. ABSTRACT OF LAND AND SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE. 24. A comparative Statement of Land and sundry sources of Revenue for the two last Faslis is hereto appended, showing an increase on the whole of Rupees 12,728 in Fasli 1269 as compared with that of Fasli 1268.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.		Decrease.
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	
Land Revenue... ..	12,68,753	12	9	12,78,582	2	3	9,828	...	...
Sundry Sources of Revenue... ..	3,38,180	3	3	3,41,080	4	11	2,900	...	...
Total...	16,06,933	...	...	16,19,662	7	2	12,728	...	...

XIV. SEVOY JUMMA AND INTEREST. 25. The Sevoy Jumma Demand in Fasli 1269 was Rupees 2,949-5-10. Particulars of the items comprizing this amount will be found in Statement No. 9. Of this sum the interest demand is Rupees 378-14-10 charged on Motarfá and Jeroyetty Ryots under Act XXXIX of 1858.

XV. DEMAND COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF CURRENT REVENUE. 26. The following statement shows the Demand Collection and Balance of all sources of Current Revenue for Fasli 1269.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

SOURCES			Amount.	
Demand.			Rs.	A. P.
Land Revenue.	12,78,582	2 3		
Sundry Sources.	3,41,030	4 11		
Extra Revenue.	2,570	7 0		
Interest.	378	14 10		
			16,22,611	13
Collection.				
Within the Fasli.	15,89,812	4 3		
Do. to 31st July 1860.	31,928	13 1		
			16,21,741	1 4
Balance.			*870	11 8
Which is distributed thus.				
Peshcush.			483	15 3
Ryotwar &c.			99	10
Abkari.			4	7 3
Mótarfá.			115	6
Extra Revenue and Interest.			167	10 6
			*870	11 8

27. A Statement shewing the Demand Collection and Balance of XVI. ARREARS. arrears is given below amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 34,131-7-8 of which Rupees 31,951-1-3 were collected up to 31st July last and Rupees 1,664-7-11 written off under the sanctions of Government dated 26th September 1859 and 8th June 1860 leaving a balance of Rupees 515-14-6 outstanding at the end of July last.

Particulars of balances outstanding at the beginning of the Fasli.			Amount.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Land Revenue.	31,993	7 0		
Sundry Sources.	1,793	3 5		
Extra Revenue.	29	5 4		
Interest.	310	7 11		
			34,131	7 8
Collection.				
Within the Fasli.	31,941	14 3		
Remission.	1,664	7 11		
Subsequent Collection.	9	3 0		
			33,615	9 2
Balance.			*515	14 6
Ryotwar &c.			247	15
Mótarfá.			267	15 6
			*515	14 6

VIZAGAPATAM.

XVII. ARREARS OF PRECEDING YEARS IRRECOVERABLE.

28. I have no requisitions to make under this head at present. The arrears outstanding up to the end of July last amount to Rupees 515-14-6 particulars of which will be found in Statement No. 13. After full enquiry this year as to the amount recoverable and irrecoverable, I will be in a position to report fully upon the subject in my next Settlement report.

XVIII. COERCIVE PROCESS.

29. Coercive Process was only had recourse to in the case of 18 Ryots who fell in arrears during the year under review to the extent of Rupees 59-8-8 and their property was sold to recover the amount under Act XXXIX of 1858.

30. The following comparative statement will exhibit the charges of collection during the two last years, shewing a decrease in the year under review of Rupees 9,448, particulars of the same will be found in statement No. 14.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase. Decrease.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue.	1,03,172	7 11	87,481	7 5	.....	15,691
Abkari. ....	.....		.....		.....	.....
Mótarfá.	1,959	14	2,569	1 2	609	.....
Salt.	17,098	3 5	20,294	2 8	3,196	.....
Sea Customs.	2,517	11	3,347	9 10	830	.....
Stamps.	3,028	8	4,636	8	1,608	.....
Total.	1,27,776	12 4	1,18,328	13 1	6,243	15,691

Net decrease... 9,448

XX. VILLAGE ACCOUNTS.

31. I have no remarks to offer on this head. The new forms are in full force in all the Ryotwar villages of the Government Estates.

XXI. LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.

32. Only three Public Servants have acquired Lands during Fasli 1269 but not by purchase but by succession. These lands are of trifling value, the whole yielding only Rupees 328 a year.

33. The settlement of the Government Taluks was this year almost wholly conducted in a most able manner by Captain Owen SUBORDINATE SERVANTS. In his memos on the Settlement, he comments as follows on the conduct and qualifications of the Subordinate Officers of both Taluks.

"The Tahsildar's department at Nursepatam is thoroughly inefficient Golgondah. "from the decided incapacity of the Tahsildar S. Vencataramdoos and the consequent want of due arrangements and proper exercise of authority regarding those under him. There is no regularity in the performance of duty from the Tahsildar downwards and very frequent warnings seem to be of no avail."

"The Jamadar of Peons not receiving due support from the Tahsildar he has the greatest difficulty in carrying on his duty and every public servant seems to do as he likes failing proper supervisions."

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

"The Head Peshcar not having any immediate responsibility is inattentive to his duties, otherwise he seems a man well capable of performing work required. The 2nd Peshcar M. Kristniah is an efficient and hard working man."

34. The fact of the incompetency of the Tahsildar of Golgondah was reported to Government and they authorized his removal should I consider it necessary, but I do not now propose doing so till the new Taluk arrangements come in force.

"The Tahsildar of Survasiddi N. Narrainrow is an energetic active minded man and appears to be a good Public servant, and the Head Peshcar P. Sashagerrirrow seems a hard working man and well acquainted with his duties."

VIZAGAPATAM, }
18th August, 1860. }

(Signed) EDWARD FANE,
Collector and Agent to the Governor.

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Statements Nos. 5 and 6 and B of Frontier duties are blank.

(Signed) G. FANE,
Collector and Agent to the Governor.

SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

GODAVERY.

I have the honor to submit my report on the settlement of the land and sundry sources of Revenue of this District for Fasli 1269 together with the usual Statements drawn up according to the instructions contained in the Board's communications noted in the margin. Copy of the Sub-Collector's report is also forwarded.

* 2nd September 1859.
7th July 1860.

2. This Statement shows that the settlement of the 4 Taluks and the Gutala Division, hitherto comprising the Sub-Collectorate was made by the Sub-Collector, that of the Taluk of Pentapad and Chintalapudi as well as a portion of the Ellore Taluk, by the Deputy Collector Yerrangunta Chidambararao, and the remaining ten Taluks, with two small Divisions by myself. The Jamabundi of a portion of the Ellore Taluk had been made by the Head Assistant Collector of the late Masulipatam District before it was determined to transfer the whole Taluk to the Godavery District.

The Motarfa settlement of the Coringa and Tuni Divisions was made by myself and that of Relangi and Akwid by the Sub-Collector. New Motarfa pattas were only given to parties newly assessed or when some change had taken place in the amount of tax. The District being still under Joint rents the observations of the Board of the 16th August 1860 do not apply as no individual pattas for land Revenue are distributed except in one or two villages.

3. The total number of villages remained unaltered but 12 villages hitherto rented to single individuals were transferred to joint rent, the renters not wishing to renew their engagements, while 103 Mokasa villages of the Totapalli estate have been transferred to the head of "Estates" in possession of their proprietors a certain sum having been fixed as Peshkash on this estate under the orders of Government dated 10th October 1859. the holder having been relieved of the condition of service under which the estate had hitherto been held.

4. The season was not so favorable as in the previous year, It promised well at the commencement and the cultivation of the early dry crops as well as those of black paddy, went on rapidly. The rains in July were deficient in the northern part of the District but a fine fall towards the end of August enabled the Ryots to complete the planting out, of the principal rice crops in the upper Taluks. The cultivation of this crop in the Taluks under the influence of the Ancient channels was carried on with the usual activity. The yield of the early dry crops was fair though that of gingely-oil seed was not in some parts very good owing to unseasonable winds. The crops of black paddy were injured from want of a seasonable fall of rain. The principal rice crop in the upper Taluks suffered from want of rain in October and November and the crop, both of the Delta and upper Taluks, suffered a good deal from blight and the ravages of grubs. The out-turn was generally by no means equal to that of the previous year, and in some parts the crop was decidedly deficient. The crops of Sugar-cane, Tobacco, Cholum pulse and other dry grains yielded fairly.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

The summer rice cultivation (Dalva), as well as that of the second gingely seed crop, was, as usual, commenced in January and carried on with rapidity by the help of the Anicut irrigation. The former suffered from deficient irrigation, consequent on the unprecedentedly low state of the river. In some tracts the crop failed altogether and the yield, where the crop was harvested, was generally but indifferent. The gingely seed crop also failed partially from the same cause.

MONTHS.						Inches.	Tenths.
1859.	May	...	...	...	...	1	12
	June	...	...	...	...	5	4
	July	...	...	...	...	6	7
	August	...	...	...	...	7	7
	September	...	...	...	...	3	7
	October	...	...	...	...	4	5
	November	...	...	...	...	1	7
	December	...	...	...	...	...	3
1860.	January	...	...	...	...	...	16
	February	...	...	...	...	...	...
	March	...	...	...	...	...	1
	April	...	...	...	...	...	6
Total...						32	67

5. The FALL OF RAIN. marginal abstract is drawn up from the Rain Registers which are kept at each Taluk and division station. Separate registers have been kept by European Officers at Cocanada, Rajah-

mundry and Narsapur. The total average fall is slightly in excess of that in Fasli 1268.

SANATORY CONDITION.

* Cholera...	1,515
Small pox...	684
Fever &c. ...	4,236
	6,435
Cattle...	15,764

6. The District was not on the whole so healthy as in the previous year. The deaths* from Cholera and Fever were more numerous. Small Pox was more or less prevalent but the mortality from this disease was less than in the preceding year. The loss in cattle exceeded that of the previous Fasli.

7. The number of persons vaccinated in the year under report was 13,428, somewhat less than in the previous year, but care has been taken not to hold out inducements to enter a large number of operations than were actually performed. 10,285 operations were returned as successful and 3,143 the reverse.

Statement No. 2.

Species.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1 Paddy 1st sort ...	Rs. 95	Rs. 93	...	2
2 Do. 2d do. ...	87	86	...	1
3 Chohum ...	105	97	...	11
4 Sujalu ...	91	86	...	5
5 Horse gram ...	153	144	...	9
6 Nutcheny ...	103	97	...	6
7 Gingely oil seeds ...	294	253	...	41
8 Ulanda ...	223	272	...	0

8. There was but little variation in the two Faslis in the price of paddy. The price of Ulanda rose considerably and a large decrease is apparent in that of gingely seed, the former is owing chiefly to diminished production, while the latter is attributed to the limited demand for exportation by sea. Larger production caused some fall in the prices of chohum and horse gram.

RYOTS HOLDINGS.
Enclosure B.
Statement No. 3.

9. The extent of land newly taken up amounting according to the existing accounts, to Acres 37,898 bearing an Assessment of

GODAVARY.

	Acres.	Acres.
Ryots holdings of Fasli 1263 ..	5,42,573	Rs. 16,46,897
Deduct land given up in Fasli 1269,	31,193	97,448
Add lands taken up in Fasli 1269,...	5,11,375	15,49,449
Total holdings of Fasli 1269 ..	5,49,273	17,16,412

Rs. 1,66,964 exceeds the lands given up by Acres 6,700 with an Assessment of Rs. 69,516. The reasons given generally for the relinquishment of land are deaths, desertion and poverty—but, as I have mentioned in previous reports, these reasons are, under the joint renting system, not altogether to be depended upon. The total extent of land under occupation in the year under Report amounted to Acres 5,19,273 assessed at Rupees 17,16,412.

10. The following comparative Abstract shows the lands agreed for distinguishing, as regards wet and garden, the different sources of irrigation for the Fasli under Report.

ITEMS.		FASLI 1268.		FASLI 1269.		COMPARISON.	
		Acres.	Total Assessment.	Acres.	Total Assessment.	Increase.	Decrease
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
Dry, Islands, ...		2,03,051	Rs. 7,23,218	2,95,213	Rs. 7,02,589	Rs. ...	Rs. 20,629
Total...		3,15,813	8,41,263	3,08,250	8,34,984	...	6,279
Particulars of Irrigation.	Ancient Sources.	Wet...	82,600	3,76,137	90,110	3,97,851	21,714
		Dry into Wet	55,066	2,89,343	66,677	3,74,220	84,877
		Gardens...	420	3,239	414	3,238	...
		Dry into do. ...	2,397	18,939	2,531	19,574	1,044
		Wet into do. ...	14	81	73	362	281
		Total...	1,40,497	6,87,790	1,59,805	7,95,645	1,07,855
	Other Sources.	Wet ...	80,011	2,77,691	75,155	2,74,818	2,873
		Dry into Wet	2,706	5,532	3,518	6,756	1,224
		Gardens...	2,522	12,788	2,289	11,909	830
		Dry into do. ...	404	2,206	252	1,512	694
		Wet into do. ...	621	8,029	4	13	8,016
		Total...	86,264	3,06,247	81,218	2,95,008	11,239
		Total...	2,26,761	9,94,037	2,41,023	10,90,653	15,616
		Grand Total...	5,42,574	18,35,300	5,49,273	19,25,637	90,337

11. The decrease under the head of "Dry" is owing to lands hitherto classed as such having been brought under irrigation from the Anicut, while the increase under "Islands" is mainly in consequence of higher offers having been obtained for such tracts. There is an increase of Rs. 1,07,855 in the assessment of lands irrigated from the Anicut channels. This is partly from the reason just given, partly to the higher rate of water tax imposed on dry lands converted into wet at 3 Rupees per Acre under orders of Government of the 7th December last, and partly to the increase in the rents consequent on the improved condition of the villages. The decrease of Rupees 11,239 in the

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SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

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Assessment of lands under other sources than the Anicut is chiefly in consequence of "Wet" having been converted into "Garden" in consequence of Anicut irrigation being available.

Actual Cultivation.

12. The extent of actual cultivation for the year under report was, according to the village accounts, Acres 3,85,674 bearing an assessment of Rupees 14,62,401 exclusive of waste charged or acres 5,360, and Rupees 83,932 in assessment, above the preceding Fasli. The increase is chiefly in dry converted into wet as already explained.

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.
Extent...	3,80,314	3,85,674	5,360
Assessment...	15,86,949	16,70,881	83,932

Waste Charged and Remitted.

13. The lands left waste have been entered under the head of "Waste charged" as, under the joint renting system, remissions on such ground are, except under very peculiar circumstances inadmissible.

REMISSION.
Statement No. 4.

14. The following is a comparative Abstract of the results shown in the remission Statement :—

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Occasional ...	34,995	15,723	...	19,272
Customary or General remissions...	59,609	59,370	...	239
Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	...
Total...	94,604	75,093	...	19,511

15. The large decrease of Rupees 19,272 under "Occasional" was chiefly owing to such large remissions on account of withered crops, and for lands left waste, not having been required in the year under report. Large remissions were necessary in some of the transferred Estates in Fasli 1268.

SUNDRY ITEMS.

16. It will be observed from the particulars of the sundry items given on the back of the Statement just referred to, that there is on the whole an increase under this head of as much as Rupees 1,10,662. This is mainly in the items noted in the margin, the water having been more extensively made use of and the rate per Acre, for dry land converted into wet, having been raised from two to three Rupees per acre, the latter being the rate fixed in the order of Government already referred to. The aggregate amount has also been increased

In Government Villages	Enams.	Rs. 93,374
In Zemindary and Proprietary Estates.	Agraharum..	750
	Zirati.	13,224
	Enams.	1,051
		1,03,395

by the receipt of certain sums paid by the holders in commutation of the quit-rent assessed on their Enams under the operation of the Enam Commission.

Statement No. 7.

17. A larger extent of land has been planted with Sugar-cane and cotton in the year under report. In Indigo the falling off is considerable owing it is said to the want of rain at the proper season. This crop has however never yet been cultivated to any extent in this Province.

Items.	1268.	1269.	Difference.
Sugar-cane ...	3,696	4,370	+672
Cotton ...	9,812	12,745	+2,933
Indigo ...	674	189	-7,455

GODAVERY.

GENERAL RESULTS OF LAND REVENUE.

18. The following Abstract shows the general result of the Land Revenue for Faslis 1268 and 1269 compared.

ITEMS.	FASLI 1268.		FASLI 1269.		DIFFERENCE.	
	Number of Villages.	Amount.	Number of Villages.	Amount.	Number of Villages.	Amount.
Permanently settled, ...	634	Rs. 6,20,762	737	Rs. 7,02,370	103	Rs. 81,608
Quit rent and Srotriam, ...	84	19,480	84	22,233	...	2,753
Rents for more than one year, ...	21	4,504	21	3,076	...	1,428
Rents for one year, ...	954	20,24,653	954	22,53,034	...	2,28,381
Ryotwar, ...	3	16,294	3	22,342	...	6,048
Total, ...	1,696	23,55,633	1,791	30,03,055	103	3,17,362

19. The net increase of Rupees 81,608 under the head of "Permanently Settled" is the result of a gross increase of Rupees 87,442 and a gross decrease of Rs. 5,834. Rupees 4,334 from November 1859. the former arises partly from the new imposition of Peishkash on the Totapalli Estate under the orders of Government of the 10th October 1859, and partly from that* of the Nidadavol and Baharzhalli Estates which have been restored* to the Zemindar under orders of Government dated 21st January 1860 being included. The gross decrease is chiefly in consequence of the deduction† of Motarfah compensation from the Peishkash and from the balance on estates in the transferred taluks outstanding at the end of December 1859 being less† than the sum remaining at the same period of the preceding year. The increase† in the quit rent on Srotriams, &c., and decrease in the rents for more than one year, arose in the transferred taluks, and the figures in the

Items.	Quit rent on Srotriams.			Rents for more than one year.		
	1268.	1269.	Difference.	1268.	1269.	Difference.
Entire demand of the transferred tract, ...	23,783	30,355	+6,572	5,498	3,914	-1,584
Collections of do. from 1st July to 31st December 1859, ...	11,672	15,491	+3,819	994	638	-1,556
Remainder included in the Demand, ...	12,111	14,864	+2,753	4,504	3,076	-1,428

increase in the extent of land brought under Anicut irrigation, and partly to the introduction of the higher rate of water cess. The increase of Rupees 6,048 under Ryotwar is owing to higher offers having been obtained for the numerous Islands belonging to the village of Rajahmundry one of the few villages at present under that tenure in the district.

REMISSION OF ASSESSMENT.

20. The officers of the new Survey and settlement Departments have been at full work during the year and I trust sufficient progress has been made to admit of the introduction of the new

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

rates of Assessment, in a part at least of the District, at no distant date. Mean time the joint rent system of necessity continues.

SUNDRY SOURCES OF
REVENUE.

21. The particulars of the Sundry Sources of Revenue in comparison with the preceding year are given below:—

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Abkari,	1,32,675	1,32,675	...	...
Motarfā,	61,787	63,115	1,328	...
Salt,	2,22,049	2,81,414	59,365	...
Sea-Customs,	54,645	82,621	27,976	...
Frontier duty (Sayer,)	7,866	13,078	5,212	...
Stamp,	30,751	31,968	1,217*	...
Total... ..	5,09,773	6,04,871	95,098	...

Motarfā.

	Rs.
On Firewood,	187
On Sellers of sundry articles,	165
Tax on looms,	308
On Shops &c.,	227
On Donies,	418
On Gunny weavers,	429
On Fishermen,	196
Fruit and vegetable sellers,	146
Cotton beaters,	165
Syrangs, Jascars &c., Employed on boats and Donies,	179
Keepers of horses, bandies, and bullocks for hire,	268
Granaries,	146

22. The increase of Rupees 1,328 in the Motarfā is the result of a gross increase of Rupees 2,475 and a gross decrease of Rupees 1,147. The former is principally in the items shown in the margin attributable to the improvement in the trades and occupations referred to. The decrease is chiefly in the classes entered in the margin.

23. The accompanying Statements Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6 exhibit the details of the salt transactions. The receipts during the year, including the balance on hand at the commencement of the Fasli, was Indian Maunds 8,33,926. From this the sales &c., within the Fasli, amounting to Indian Maunds 4,71,373, being deducted, there remained a balance at the close of the Fasli of Indian Maunds 3,62,553 inclusive of wastage, viz. Indian Maunds 8,390-20. I request the sanction of the Board for writing off the latter in the accounts with reference to the remarks given in Statement No. 4.

24. The comparative Abstract on the back of this Statement will show the increase and decrease in each item. No salt was received into store during the year as no manufacture took place in Fasli 1268 the quantity on hand being more than sufficient for two years supply. Of the quantity manufactured* during the year under report, Indian Maunds 40,800 were received into store within the Fasli, the storing of the remainder is in progress.

* Rough Estimate Indian Maunds 4,69,000.

•GODAVERY.

25. The increase in the Home consumption is attributed partly to the increased demand and partly to the sales in the tract transferred from the late Masulipatam District, having, in the year under report, been included under the head of Home Consumption. Salt for inland consumption must under the late orders regarding Ravanās be carried at once out of the District and therefore is not, as was formerly the case, sold within the District, thus apparently reducing the Home sales.

* 120,340.

26. The increased demand for exportation to Calcutta is the cause of the increase* under the head of exportation by sea.

27. The total amount of Salt collections entered in Statement No. 6 will, when compared with those entries in Statements Nos. 11 and 14, as also in the demand collection and balance accounts, exhibits a difference of Rupees 2,625. This is owing to the value of 17,500 Maunds of salt, originally shipped, for export to Calcutta on account of private trade on the ship "Brierly Hill," having been subsequently refunded to the shipper, the salt in question having been purchased on Government account by the Collector of the Tanjore District under the orders of the Board*. This salt was transferred to the head "supplied to other Districts" in the salt account current for the month of February last, while the money refunded was not deducted from the monthly demand collection and balance accounts.

28. The salt under the head "supplied to other Districts" was that exported to the Tanjore District under orders from the Board, and that transferred to this head as above detailed.

29. As the price of the salt supplied for the Depôt at Manikdeo-kuntā and to the District Engineer for sale at Badrachalam during the Fasli had not been received before the close of the Fasli, the salt so supplied is included* in the balance remaining at the end of the year under report.

30. The comparative statement No. 6, shows the collections and charges. Explanation of the cause of the fluctuations in each item is given in the column of remarks. The salt received into store in each month is paid for at the beginning of the following month. No delay is allowed to take place. In the year under report it so happened that there was no salt to pay for.

Statement No. 3.

31. The quantity of salt gained by measurement in the Fasli under report was as much as Indian Maunds 8,834. The excess of wastage which occurred in the salt manufacture in Fasli 1,266, was severely commented upon by me and in order to guard against undue wastage the servants, there is reason to think, were in some cases too liberal in their measurements when receiving the salt into store. I have no reason to believe that the excess was stored with any fraudulent intent, or the surplus would not have been brought to account.

Sea Customs.

* Rs. 27,976.

32. The increase* in the Sea Customs is chiefly in the exports owing to the increase of duty under Act VII of 1859.

Frontier duties.

33. The increase of Rupees 5,212 in the land customs duties is, as in last year, in consequence of a large quantity of gingely seed being taken to Yanam for shipment, principally to France.

TOTAL DEMAND OF LAND
AND SUNDRY SOURCES OF
REVENUE.

34. The entire demand in the year under report on account of all sources of Revenue, excepting Extra Revenue, was Rupees 36,07,926 or Rupees 4,12,460 above the preceding year as shown in the following statement:—

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

ITEMS.		Fasli 1268	Fasli 1269	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue	...	26,85,683	30,03,055	3,17,362	...
Sundry Sources	...	5,09,773	6,04,871	95,098	...
Total...		31,95,456	36,07,926	4,12,460	...
Extra Revenue	Extra Revenue	15,330	16,303	973	...
	Interest	1,384	1,285	...	99
Total...		16,714	17,588	874	...
Grand Total of all Sources...		32,12,180	36,25,514	4,13,334	...

Statement No. 9.

Items.		1268.	1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Extra Revenue.	Land.....	14,774	15,021	248	...
	Sundry Sources.....	556	1,283	725	...
Total...		15,330	16,303	973	...
Interest.	Land.....	653	852	199	...
	Sundry Sources.....	731	433	...	298
Total...		1,384	1,285	...	99
Total...		16,714	17,588	874	...

of which was not ascertained till after the close of the Fasli, having in the preceding year been included in the Extra Revenue, such not being the case in the year under report. The net increase of Rupees 725, under the head of sundry sources, is owing to the sale proceeds of smuggled arrack, hitherto held in deposit, having been included under this head in Fasli 1269.

INTEREST

*Rs. 200.

*Rs. 291.

period under report.

Statement No. 11.

DEMAND, COLLECTION
AND BALANCE OF ALL
SOURCES OF REVENUE.

37. The balance of the current demand, after deducting the subsequent collections up to the end of August, amounts to Rupees 1,46,449. Of the Peishkash balance of Rupees 83,595 detailed in Statement No. 12 a large portion, viz., Rupees 80,377, is outstanding on the estates transferred from the late Masulipatam District of which Rupees 76,534 on account of those of Nidadavol and Baharzhalli, will be credited from the amount of meane profits payable to the Zamindar, Rupees 3,039 are against the Tangellannudi estate pending the disposal of a complaint made by the holder that he has suffered loss from certain tanks in his estate having been cut through in forming the Ellore canal. The

35. The marginal abstract is prepared from the statement showing the particulars of Extra Revenue. The net increase of Rupees 248 under the head of land is the result of a gross increase of Rupees 4,112, principally owing to the amount on account of fines realized in the Revenue Department, hitherto held in deposit, having been credited to the proper head in the year under report, while the gross decrease of Rupees 3,864 is occasioned by collections on resumed Enams* and certain sums on account of water tax on proprietary Estates, the demand on account

Relangi Akuvud.

of which was not ascertained till after the close of the Fasli, having in the preceding year been included in the Extra Revenue, such not being the case in the year under report. The net increase of Rupees 725, under the head of sundry sources, is owing to the sale proceeds of smuggled arrack, hitherto held in deposit, having been included under this head in Fasli 1269.

36. The increase* in the Land Revenue is owing to there being larger arrears on Zamindary &c. estates, while the decrease* in the sundry sources is attributable to the Abkari renters having been more punctual in the payments of their instalments in the

37. The balance of the current demand, after deducting the subsequent collections up to the end of August, amounts to Rupees 1,46,449. Of the Peishkash balance of Rupees 83,595 detailed in Statement No. 12 a large portion, viz., Rupees 80,377, is outstanding on the estates transferred from the late Masulipatam District of which Rupees 76,534 on account of those of Nidadavol and Baharzhalli, will be credited from the amount of meane profits payable to the Zamindar, Rupees 3,039 are against the Tangellannudi estate pending the disposal of a complaint made by the holder that he has suffered loss from certain tanks in his estate having been cut through in forming the Ellore canal. The

GODAVERY.

Sunganagudem.....	46
Narayanpuram.....	168
Duddapudi.....	21
Vasantayada.....	480
Malakacherla.....	85
Timmaganudem.....	4
	804

remainder Rupees 804, exhibited as due from the estates noted in the margin, has been paid into the Treasury of the Krishna District and will be adjusted in the accounts of the present Month. Of the sum of Rs. 3,218 outstanding on the remaining Estates, Rs. 721 are against Billumilli and Byanagudem on account of a certain bund not having been repaired, and Rupees 225 are due by the Bommar Estate the holder of which has a claim to remission in consequence of a channel having been dug which is now under investigation. The estates of Nadavapalli and Krapa have been brought under attachment on account of a balance of Rupees 926* and Rupees 782 respectively, while a sum of Rupees 227 is outstanding on the Estate of Vella attached under orders of the Civil Court. The remaining balance will be realized shortly.

38. The Land Revenue balance outstanding on the 1st September 1860 amounting to Rupees 61,179 is to some extent owing to the partial failure of crops

Water tax on Government lands and proprietary Estates.....	25,563
Do. on Enams.....	13,017
	38,580
Joint rent demand	22,599
	61,179

in parts of the District. In a portion of the Amlapur and Kapavaram Taluks, not yet brought under the influence of the Anicut irrigation, a succession of very indifferent seasons has been experienced, which is one of the main causes of the joint rent balance outstanding. A considerable portion of the total demand yet unrealized will still, I hope, be shortly brought to account. A further sum of Rupees 4,334 has been collected up to the 20th instant. The balances outstanding under the heads of Abkari, Motarfa and interest will shortly be realized.

ARREARS.

Statement No. 13.

39. The arrears for years previous to Fasli 1269 outstanding on the 1st September amounted under all heads to Rupees 46,082 as here shown:

Items.	Permanently settled.			Not Permanently settled.			Abkari.			Motarfa.			Extra Revenue.			Interest account.			Total.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Recoverable...	...	...	...	15,636	8	6	...	...	...	124	0	8	1,100	15	9	273	0	3	17,134	9	2
Doubtful...	5,042	2	4	14,468	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	1	9	...	...	...	19,557	10	6
Irrecoverable...	...	...	...	9,191	5	6	...	...	...	111	6	9	86	11	0	...	...	...	9,389	7	3
Total...	5,042	2	4	39,296	4	5	...	...	...	235	7	5	1,234	12	6	273	0	3	46,081	10	11

The recoverable portion will, I hope, be realized on an early date. Of the doubtful balance

Billumilli...	2,340
Byanagudem Bham	901,602
Bommar	594

Rupees 5,042-2-6, under the head of "Permanently settled," is chiefly outstanding on the 3 Estates noted in the margin for reasons given in para. 37 of this report. The remainder, viz. Rupees 14,515-8-2, will be more fully investigated into during the coming Jamabandi, and be finally disposed of and reported upon.

40. The several Faslis to which the irrecoverable balance of Rupees 9,389-7-3 belongs are shown below:—

FASLIS.	Not Perma- nently settled.			Motarfa.			Extra Re- venue.			Total.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1261	3	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	0
1263	40	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	0	0
1264	17	9	3	...	...	...	54	8	0	72	1	3
1265	73	7	8	...	...	...	31	8	0	104	15	8
1266	686	5	6	4	4	6	...	...	...	690	10	0
1267	3,508	6	2	42	0	0	...	...	...	3,550	6	2
1268	4,862	4	11	65	2	3	0	11	0	4,928	2	2
Total . . .	9,191	5	6	111	6	9	86	11	0	9,389	7	3

ITEMS.	Not Perma- nently settled.		Motarfa.		Extra Revenue.				Total.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Land.		Abkari.		Rs.	A. P.
Ryots.					Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.		
Due by deceased ...	197	9 7	10	2 0	...	...	...	...	207	11 7
" Absconded ...	200	7 10	37	9 0	...	...	...	...	238	9 10
" Poor ...	5,000	5 2	60	11 9	...	...	...	...	5,064	2 0
" Lands occupied by channels and em- bankments ...	1,190	5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,190	5 0
" Land submerged ...	176	6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	176	6 0
" Water tax included in the demand but land since ascer- tained not to have been irrigated ...	604	12 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	604	12 3
" Lands washed away by the river ...	132	14 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	132	14 5
" Other causes ...	1,688	8 2	...	...	86	0 0	0	11 0	1,775	3 2
Total ...	9,191	5 6	111	6 9	86	0 0	0	11 0	9,389	7 3

These sums have after due enquiry been ascertained to be wholly irrecoverable for the reasons particularized in the margin. I recommend that sanction may be granted for writing off the amount viz., Rupees 9,389-7-3.

COERCIVE PROCESS.

Enclosure A in No. 13.

41. The extent to which it was found necessary to resort to coercive process in the realization of the Revenue in the year under report is exhibited in this statement. Notices were issued against 886 Ryots by whom an aggregate arrear of Rupees 17,578 was due, but property to the value of Rs. 261 only was actually sold within the Fasli.

COLLECTION AND CHARGES.

Statement No. 14.

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Difference.
Arrears	71,095	62,158	-9,537
Current	25,78,771	27,79,336	+1,91,565
Total Land Revenue	26,50,466	28,32,494	+1,82,028
Sundry Sources ...	5,16,423	6,01,325	+84,897
Total ...	31,66,889	34,33,819	+2,66,925

42. There is a decrease of Rupees 9,537 in the collections of arrears owing to there having been smaller arrears to collect, while the increase of Rupees 1,91,565 in the current collections is partly in consequence of the increase in the amount of water tax and partly to the enhancement of rents.

CHARGES.

Particulars.	Charges of Fasli 1268.	Charges of Fasli 1269.	Increase or Decrease.
Management	1,57,034	1,46,785	-10,249
Extra Charges	76,675	35,872	-40,803
Total	2,33,7	1,82,657	-51,052

43. The decrease in the first item of charge is the result of a gross decrease of Rupees 15,749 owing chiefly to the salaries of the Huzur and taluk Establishments for the month of May 1860 not having been disbursed till July and a gross increase of Rupees 5,500 principally occasioned by the disbursement of the salaries to the Deputy Collectors in the year under report, though it is also partly owing to the salaries of the Head Assistant Collector having in the preceding year been debited from April to June only, while the same was debited from July to April in the year under report.

44. There is a decrease of Rupees 40,803 in the extra charges, the result of a Gross decrease of Rupees 50,494 and a gross increase of Rupees 9,691. No salt was paid for in the Fasli under report and no payments were made on account of Motarfa compensation, the amount having been deducted from the Peishkash under orders of the Board dated 31st May 1860. The gross increase is partly in the Law Charges attributed to the payment of costs to the Plaintiff appellant Wuppalapati Jogi Jagannadaraz in suit No. 89 of 1856 Sudr Courts

file, and partly in the items noted in the margin. The increase in Salt is principally owing to the increase in the Charges for exportation. The increase in the Extra revenue under land is chiefly owing to the disbursement of the salaries of Captain Stoddard when employed on special duty, and his establishment under this head for two months in accordance with the instructions of the Accountant General. Larger refunds of stamp duty were made in the Fasli under report hence the increase in Stamp Charges.

WORKING OF THE NEW
SYSTEM OF THE VILLAGE
AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.

45. It appeared from the enquiry at the Jamabandi that the Karnams in some instances still failed to pay the necessary attention to the preparation of the accounts in the new forms but such notice was taken of the neglect as will, I trust, secure the correct preparation of these accounts for the future. The Register A. has been prepared for nearly all the villages.

46. The Taluk accounts have been prepared in the new forms from the beginning of Fasli 1268. Enquiry in the course of the settlement showed that they had generally been kept with tolerable accuracy.

REGISTER OF LANDS AC-
QUIRED BY PUBLIC SER-
VANTS.

47. The following statement shows the lands held by Public servants who entered the service in the year under report:—

Names.	Offices.	Extent.			Assessment.	
		Acos.	C.	V.	Rs.	A. P.
K. Kondalroydu	Police Javohnivis of Ellore	10	24	5	8	0 0
V. Subaraidu	Taluq tapal overseer of Relangi	13	12	0	19	10 8
D. Narsanna	Police Javohnivis of Akivid	92	24	0	64	0 0
D. Sitapatiras	Revenue gumasta of Do	54	0	0	56	4 0
G. Appakondur	Motarfa shroff of Do	2	6	0	1	5 4
T. Narsimharao	Sub-Officer of Guttanadivi	13	8	0	36	0 0
T. Bapanna	Samutdar of Amlapuram Taluq	12	0	0	20	0 0
K. Venkatasubbarao	English Clerk in the Collector's Office	32	0	0	86	0 0
Total		229	34	5	291	4 0

These lands have not been obtained by gift, or purchase but have been inherited by the present holders. The instructions contained in the Board's Circular dated 28th August 1849 have been strictly attended to.

48. With reference to para. 11 of the Board's Circular dated 7th July 1860, No. 3,145, I

* No. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 8.

NOTE.—The Collections for the whole month of January and for eight days in February only, of the Akvid and Relangi Taluks have been included in the Demand Collection and Balance Statement.

3—10 and 11.

January to the end of June for the whole Godavery District.

49. It gives me pleasure to acknowledge the assistance I have received from my subordinates. The Sub-Collector Mr. Vans Agnew joined the District in December and I am much indebted to him for the ready and valuable aid he has afforded me. My Assistant Mr. Horsley was appointed to officiate in the higher grade in the month of March 1860, since which time he has had Revenue and Magisterial charge of two Taluks, has conducted the Magisterial work of several others,—and has afforded me very useful assistance throughout the year. He was also for some time in charge of the Salt Department. With the merits of the 3d class Deputy Collector Yerragunta Chidambarrao, a revenue officer of long and varied experience, the Board are already acquainted. He joined the District at the close of 1859 and, in charge of the Ellore, Chintalapudi and Pentapad taluks, has fully sustained the high character he had already earned. Kadambari Jagannadham, the Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury, joined in January. His unremitting attention to the various duties which devolve on him, and the careful manner in which he has discharged them are very much to be commended.

(Signed) A. PURVIS,

Collector.

GODAVERY DISTRICT COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
RAJAHMUNDRY,
28th September 1860.

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(Signed) A. PURVIS,

Collector.

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

I have the honor to submit my report on the settlement for Fasli 1269 of the Sub-division and to forward the usual accounts. The subjoined Statement shows the stations at which the settlement was made and the time occupied about it. All the Taluks were settled by myself within the end of March, and within their own limits with the exception of the Relangi Division, the Motarfa of which was settled at Taunku, the two Kasbas being proximate and the villages much intermingled. As usual, joint rent Land Revenue Pattas were distributed. In the first five Taluks Motarfa Pattas were given only to new traders and to those the amount of whose Sist underwent alteration. In the last two Divisions which were recently transferred from the late Masulipatam District, fresh Pattas were distributed to all the Motarfa ryots.

* TALUKS.	Stations.	Number of days for each Taluk.	Number of Pattas distributed.	
			Revenue.	Motarfa.
1	2	3	4	5
1 Mogultur...	Nursapur...	30	69	1,413
2 Nudi...	Srungavruksham.	13	88	530
3 Taunku...	Taunku...	13	68	431
4 Tadimalla...	Chagallu...	8	46	569
5 Gutala...	Tallapudi...	2	7	273
6 Relangi...	Taunku...	5	0	1,083
7 Akvid...	Akvid...	4	0	303
		75	278	4,593

2. The subjoined Statement indicates the number of villages and their tenure as compared with the preceding Fasli. No change has occurred, but the joint renting of ten villages on the expiration of the single rent leases on which they were previously held.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
Joint rent...	255	265	10	...
Whole rent...	23	13	...	10
Total.....	278	278	10	10
Agraharams ...	16	16	...	...
Grand Total	294	294	10	10

3. The season under review was rather below the average. The outturn of dry crops was certainly good, as also that of the wet in localities favorably situated in respect to irrigation, but—

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

the season was almost unprecedentedly dry, the river was unusually low, and generally the Sub-division was but partially and insufficiently irrigated. On the whole, I do not consider

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.	
	Attacked.	Died.	Attacked.	Died.
Cholera...	1,219	773	764	573
Small pox...	1,802	514	720	164
Fever...	1,998	74	2,067	785
Total...	5,019	2,035	3,551	1,522

NUMBER OF CHILDREN VACCINATED.

Fasli 1268...	3,246
" 1269...	3,863
Increase...	617

TALUKS.		Fasli 1269.			Fasli 1268.
		From April to September 1859.	From October 1859 to March 1860.	Total.	"
1		2	3	4	5
		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1	Mogaltur...	23½	13	36½	38½
2	Nudi...	28	7	35	37½
3	Taunku...	27	2½	29½	32
4	Tadimalla...	32½	4	36½	31½
	Average...	27½	6½	34½	35

4. Prices were somewhat less remunerative than in the preceding Fasli as shown below. The falling off in gingely seed was owing to its increased production and a slight abatement in the demand owing, I believe, to the war in Europe

NAMES OF GRAINS.		Price of Madras Garce.		Increase.	Decrease.
		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.		
1		2	3	4	5
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Paddy...	94	90	...	4
2	Do. 2nd Do.	86	83	...	3
3	Cholam...	108	101	...	7
4	Raggy...	98	95	...	3
5	Horse gram...	151	150	...	1
6	Gingely seed...	392	256	...	46
7	Salt...	15 6	167	11	...

5. The annexed Statement shows the ryot's holdings and the extent of land cultivated in the Fasli under review compared with that preceding.

Description.		Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Comparison between Columns 3 and 5.	
		Land.	Sist.	Land.	Sist.	Increase.	Decrease.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
		Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dittum...	Ryots holding of last year...	1,57,236	5,23,108	1,58,745	5,29,748	6,670	...
Deduct...	Lands relinquished...	13,855	50,273	7,637	26,313	...	23,962
Add...	Lands newly taken up...	1,41,378	4,72,833	1,51,108	5,03,465	30,632	...
	Remainder...	17,367	56,945	9,896	38,761	...	18,184
	Total...	1,58,745	5,29,778	1,60,914	5,42,226	12,448	...
	Water tax...	...	40,574	...	42,897	2,323	...
	Grand Total...	1,58,745	5,70,352	1,60,914	5,85,123	12,771	...
Particulars.							
Cultivation	By Dry Ancient water...	14,565	70,644	12,558	65,379	...	5,265
	Lanka...	62	1,093	58	1,298	205	...
	Wet...	31,411	1,28,205	31,784	1,34,828	6,623	...
	Dry converted into wet...	25,262	1,16,021	30,551	1,41,968	25,947	...
	Gardens...	309	3,530	306	2,521	...	9
	Dry converted into Gardens...	1,010	7,947	1,100	8,324	377	...
	Total...	72,625	3,26,440	76,386	3,54,318	33,152	5,274
	Other sources of irrigation...	43,666	1,64,415	44,504	1,48,066	...	16,409
	Grand Total...	1,21,231	4,90,855	1,21,190	5,02,324	33,152	21,683
Waste...	Cabolyat waste including Samlat Banjar...	37,514	79,497	39,724	82,799	4,582	1,280

6. The decrease of Rupees 21,683 in the items described as "dry" and "other sources of irrigation" is only apparent, the lands therein referred to being for the most part included in the increase of Rupees 25,947 under the head of "dry converted into wet."

7. The increase in the extent of waste (Acres 2,210) chiefly in the Taluk of Undi and Tadimalla is attributable to failure of rain and insufficient irrigation.

8. It will be observed from the annexed Statement that the total amount of remission was less than in Fasli 1268 by Rupees 1,589. Of the increase of Rupees 140 under the heading "Occasional" Rupees 132 were remitted for lunka lands washed away by the river and eight Rupees for Coconut trees that had perished. That of Rupees 14 under the heading "customary" arose from the necessary provision made for two Pettanadars and a Shroff whose services were found to be wholly uncompensated.

ITEMS.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1		2	3	4	5
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Occasional...	1,386	225	140	1,301
2	Customary...	29,727	29,299	14	442
	Total...	31,113	29,524	154	1,743
	Net...				1,589

9. A comparative Statement of the cultivation of Sugar-cane, cotton and Indigo is appended. The increase in cotton shows that success has attended its cultivation. Cane planting has made little progress and is not popular, while the only experiment in Indigo turned out a failure.

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1 Sugar-cane	158	176	18	...
2 Cotton	1,547	2,382	835	...
3 Indigo	22	3	...	19
Total	1,727	2,561	833	19

10. The following Statement gives at one view the demand, on account of all branches of Land Revenue and exhibits a net increase of Rupees 79,693 arising from a gross increase of Rupees 82,980 and a small decrease of Rupees 3,287 in comparison with the results of the previous year.

Items.	Fasli 1268.				Fasli 1269.				Comparison between columns 5 & 9.	
	Land.	Demand.			Land.	Demand.			Increase.	Decrease.
		Sist.	Tirwajasti.	Total.		Sist.	Tirwajasti.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Amrahams.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dry	78,769	2,21,772	7,936	2,35,708	75,724	2,10,617	6,726	2,17,343	...	18,365
Lanka	2,472	28,731	219	28,950	2,654	29,954	136	30,090	1,140	...
Dry converted into wet	25,676	1,01,166	16,258	1,17,424	30,791	1,23,358	19,113	1,42,501	25,077	...
Do. Garden	1,131	7,128	1,570	8,698	1,183	7,326	1,425	8,751	53	...
Total	1,08,048	3,64,797	25,983	3,78,009	1,10,357	3,71,215	27,406	3,98,685	20,676	18,365
Wet	50,103	1,00,937	14,336	1,15,333	49,958	1,00,908	15,207	1,16,115	6,782	...
Gardens	594	3,984	255	4,239	599	4,033	290	4,323	84	...
Total	1,58,745	5,29,778	40,574	5,70,352	1,60,914	5,42,226	42,897	5,85,128	33,136	18,365
Deduct remissions	...	31,113	...	31,113	...	29,524	...	29,524	...	1,589
Remainder	1,58,745	4,98,665	40,574	5,39,239	1,60,914	52,702	42,897	5,55,599	16,360	...
Add ready money collections	...	23,300	15,759	39,059	...	23,304	74,157	97,461	58,402	...
Enam commutation	...	...	...	...	...	1,868	...	1,868	...	...
Sotriana Aggrahams	...	6,005	5,652	11,657	...	6,005	2,365	8,370	...	3,287
Tirwajasti on Proprietary Estates	...	...	37,636	37,636	...	...	44,046	44,046	6,350	...
Grand Total	1,58,745	5,27,970	89,681	6,27,651	1,60,914	5,43,870	1,63,465	7,07,344	82,980	3,287
Net	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	79,693	...
Viz Sist	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,909	...
Tirwajasti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63,784	...

11. The increase of Rupees 58,402 under the head of Ready Money Collections "represents the difference between the Tirwajasti levied on Enam lands prior to the Fasli under review at the rate imposed by Mr. Taylor and the levy of the same at a fixed rate per acre in accordance with the order of Government dated the 7th December 1859. The decrease of Rupees 3,287 observable under the head of Aggrahams" is attributable to Tirwajasti having been levied at 10 per cent on the "Armarakum Sist in lieu of at a fixed acreage as in the preceding Fasli. The

Fasli 1,269-5,27,970
 " 1,269-5,43,870
 Increase 15,902

area irrigated was almost the same in both Faslis. The increase of Rupees 15,909 in the land revenue is owing to the demand having been slightly raised on villages whose generally improved condition warranted such augmentation, and to the assessment of Ashalminah lands brought under cultivation. The other items of increase and decrease call for no remarks.

12. The subjoined Statement shows the demand of Motarfa compared with that of the preceding Fasli. The increase of Rupees 618 was raised partly from new traders and partly upon the extended trade of old ones. Rupees 77 was outstanding under this head at the close of the Fasli.

TALUKS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Mogaltur	5,608	6,037	429	...
2 Nudi	1,402	1,509	107	...
3 Tauruku	2,737	2,769	32	...
4 Tadimalla	1,895	1,906	101	...
5 Gutala	1,351	1,369	18	...
6 Relangi	1,411	1,377	...	34
7 Akivid	382	347	...	35
Total	14,606	15,314	687	69
Net	...	...	618	...

13. The subjoined Statement shows the demand, collection and balance of the Current Land Revenue. Measures have been adopted for the realization of the outstanding balance of Rupees 3,462 under the head of "Joint rent" and the result will be given in my report on the Current Fasli. The large amount of Rupees 22,896 outstanding under the head of Tirwajasti is owing to the late period at which the demand especially in the Akivid Division, was made. It will be speedily collected.

TALUKS.	Demand for Fasli 1269.	COLLECTIONS.			BALANCE.			Per centage.
		Within the Fasli.	Subsequent Col- lections to the end of July.	Total.	Joint Rent.	Tirra Jasty.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1 Mogaltur...	2,05,819	1,99,776	8,518	1,99,294	1,559	4,966	6,525	3 2 8
2 Nudi...	1,89342	1,86,577	696	1,87,273	366	1,703	2,069	1 1 6
3 Tauruku...	2,34,266	2,33,358	231	2,33,589	667	10	677	0 4 7
4 Tadimalla...	37,236	36,366	...	36,366	870	...	870	2 5 5
5 Gutala...	10	10	...	10	...	...	...	...
6 Relangi...	14,523	5,475	9,118	14,523	...	...	...	...
7 Akivid...	26,978	8,463	1,398	9,861	...	16,217	16,217	62 2 11
Total...	7,07,344	6,61,025	19,961	6,80,986	3,462	22,896	26,358	3 11 7

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

14. The arrears outstanding at the end of the Fasli 1268 amounted to Rupees 21,122, of which 8,148 Rupees were subsequently realized, and Rupees 6,152 were written off as irrecoverable under the orders of Government noted in the margin leaving a balance of Rupees 6,822. The particulars of this sum under the heads "recoverable" "doubtful" and "irrecoverable" as ascertained on enquiry during the past Jumabundy are exhibited in the following Statement:--

FASLIS.	Balance at the end of July 1860.	Recoverable.	IRRECOVERABLE.					Doubtful.
			By Deaths.	By Desertion.	By Poverty.	By other causes.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1263	40	...	...	...	40	...	40	...
1264	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1265	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	89
1266	327	...	...	...	...	327	327	...
1267	1,050	135	...	...	156	224	380	535
1268	5,316	422	32	...	452	763	1,247	3,647
Total	6,822	557	32	...	648	1,314	1,994	4,271

Measures have been adopted for the speedy realization of the arrears of Rupees 557 classed as "recoverable" of the amount entered under the head "doubtful" Rupees 4,271 will be enquired into at the ensuing Settlement and the result communicated in my next report. The collection of the sum of Rupees 1,994 classed as irrecoverable, I consider to be quite hopeless and beg to suggest that the sanction of Government may be obtained for writing it off the accounts.

15. There was little occasion to resort to coercive measures in realizing the Revenue, Property worth Rupees 507 was zifted, but only $\frac{1}{39}$ of it sold.
16. The working of the new system of Taluk and village accounts was satisfactory.
17. Having joined the District very shortly before commencing the settlement under report, I have pleasure in acknowledging the assistance which his thorough knowledge of all matters connected with the Revenue administration of the Sub-division enabled my Sarristadar Kákulanarapu Seshia Pantulu to render me, and the fact of the completion of the accounts so as to enable me to submit my report at this unusually early date is one which entitles the several Tásildars together with their subordinates to considerable credit.
18. With reference to the Circular order of the Board of Revenue dated 6th July 1854, I have the honor to state that the Sub-Collector resided within the limits of the Sub-division during 9 months of the Fasli.

GODÁVERY, SUB COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.
Nursapur, 27th August, 1860. } (Signed) J. VANS AGNEW,
Sub Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT
OF
KISTNA DISTRICT.

I have the honor to submit the usual report on the settlement of the Kistna District for Fasli 1269-1859 & 60, together with the 14 usual accounts in the prescribed forms. I took charge of the District only on the 27th August last, and finding that the report in hand is due, I hasten to submit it.

2. The present report comprehends the whole of the late Guntoor District, and that portion of the late Masulipatam District which was amalgamated with it on 15th December 1859 under the orders of the Government dated 4th November 1859. The orders of the Board have been duly attended to in the preparation of these accounts. The total collections of the 2 original districts up to 31st December 1859 have been credited to this District, and the collections made from 1st January 1860 in the transferred Taluks have been credited to the Godavery District.

3. These changes rendered the preparation of accounts very difficult, and the addition of so many Taluks has greatly increased the work in every Department. The absence of the Sub Collector* also at the time of the Jumabundi, caused much inconvenience. The head assistant collector was sent on 2d January 1860 to do the Jumabundi of Gudivada Taluk and from thence he proceeded to settle that portion of the Ellore Taluk which remained attached to the Kistna District up to the end of February last. From Ellore, he went to the Palnad Taluks. †During this time, he had no separate charge of any Taluk. On Mr. Chase's departure, Mr. Melville was placed in charge of the Sub division, when he settled Repalli, and Bapatla Taluks, he was relieved by Mr. Reid on the 2d June last, and then proceeded to his Head Quarters at Bezoarah. Up to that time, the 11 Taluks noted in the margin were under the collector's immediate

- | | |
|--|---|
| charge, and of these, 9 were settled by him... | 9 |
| By the Sub Collector Mr. Chase before he left the District... | 5 |
| By the acting Head Assistant Collector Mr. Melville... | 5 |
| By the Deputy collector C. Venkatarao before he went to the Godavery District... | 3 |
- * He took leave on 19th March 1860.
† 1. Dachepalli.
2. Tumurucodu.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

KISTNA DISTRICT.

2

Officers.	Taluks.	Stations at which the settlement was made.	Days occupied in the settlement.	Total Period.
Collector.	1 Bandar....	Bandar....	6	1-23
	2 Divi....	Avinigadda....	3	
	3 Pedana....	Bandar....	3	
	4 Bezoarah....	Bezoarah....	10	
	5 Nandigam....	Nandigam....	7	
	6 Jaggiahpetta....	Jaggiahpetta....	6	
	7 Tirvoor....	Bezoarah....	1	
	8 Tenalli....	Tenalli....	7	
	9 Mangalagiri....	Mangalagiri....	10	
Sub-Collector.	10 Prattipad....	Prattipad....	2	0-11
	11 Ponnur....	Chabrole....	3	
	12 Guntoor....	Guntoor....	12	
	13 Kurapad....	Kosur....	2	
	14 Kondavid....	Kondavid....	2	1-17
Asst. Collector.	15 Gudivada....	Gudivada Ellore and Ramachandra apparaopetta....	12	
	16 Tumurukota....	Guzala....	5	
	17 Dachepalli....	Dachepalli....	4	
	18 Repalli....	Repalli....	11	
	19 Bapatla....	Bapatla....	15	
By Collector.	20 Martur....	Chilakalurpett Martur....	8	0-20
	21 Narsaraopett....	Narsaraopett....	6	
	22 Vinukonda....	Vinukonda....	6	
				4-11
* TALUKS.			No. of Ryots.	
1	Bandar....		2,129	
2	Divi....		3,858	
3	Pedana....		1,303	
4	Bezoarah....		3,104	
5	Nandigam....		4,202	
6	Jaggiahpett....		1,887	
7	Tirvoor....		186	
8	Gudivada....		6,103	
			22,772	
9	Tenalli....		2,300	
10	Mangalagiri....		2,600	
11	Tumurukota....		254	
12	Dachepalli....		1,378	
13	Martur....		968	
14	Narsaraopett....		2,149	
15	Vinukonda....		1,209	
16	Prattipad....		435	
17	Ponnur....		4,194	
18	Guntoor....		1,701	
19	Kurapad....		1,706	
20	Kondavid....		801	
21	Repalli....		3,011	
22	Bapatla....		5,715	
	Pattas of last year not renewed....		28,421	
			67,378	
	Total....		95,799	
	Grand Total....		1,18,571	

The stations at which Pattas were issued are detailed in the statement noted in the margin.

4. In the Masulipatam portion, the settlement having been made under the joint Rent system, only one Patta was issued for the ensuing year to each Village, and no individual Pattas were distributed. The number entered in the marginal* statement is therefore merely the number of ryots in the Villages where remissions were given, or additions made to the amarakani cist of the Ryots. A statement was prepared showing what amount ought to be paid by each ryot, and was affixed in some conspicuous place in the village. The recent orders of the Board regarding the issue of Pattas was duly attended to in the last Jambundi in the Ryotwari district of guntoor, and there will, I hope, be a large decrease on the next occasion.

5. There were before the close of the fasli, and after the amalgamation of the two districts, 22 Taluks in the Kistna District, only a few variations have taken place during the year under review in the number of villages, and the tenures under which they are held. The

Tirvoor Police Taluk contains only one revenue Village viz. Chanubanda, but as it is very far from the station of any revenue Tahsildar, it is placed under the charge of the Police amgen of Tirvoor Taluk. Of the said 22, fourteen Taluks comprising the late

Guntoor District, and Kykalur, and Bhujabalapatam mutahs of Gudivada Taluk in the Masulipatam portion are under the Ryotwari, and the whole of the remaining portion of the Masulipatam District under the joint rents. The result of the settlement of the year under report compared with that of fasli 1268 is

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ryotwari Villages....	874	874	..	..
Joint rent do....	482	480	1	3
Villages settled on sharing System....	1	..	..	1
Rents for one year....	1	1	..	..
Rents for more than one year....	33	36	4	1
Villages where there is no Revenue....	5	5	..	..
Total Seri....	1,396	1,396	5	5
Kattubadi Mekassa and Aggraharams....	204	204	..	..
Surva Mekassa and Aggraharams....	17	17	..	..
Grand Total....	1,617	1,617	5	5

shown in the margin. The 3 joint rent villages of Veyenaka, Vurivi and Jangalapalli, and Anamanapudi in Gudivada Taluk which was under the asara tenure, have been leased out on whole rents, the ryots not having assented to continue the former tenures. Consequently a decrease is observable under the heads of joint and asara tenures, and an increase under the head of whole rent villages. The Village of Ilaparru, which was under the

whole rent for the last 8 years, was given on joint rent to the ryots of the village, the term of the former rent having expired.

SEASON. 6. The season was on the whole tolerably favorable. There was but little rain before the 15th of July. During August and September, the fall was tolerably favorable in October and November again, it was very scanty. The supply from the Anicut so far as it went was very beneficial in the Taluks under its influence.

7. The want of rain in the early part of the season had a very unfavorable effect upon the Poonassa crops. The staple Jonna crops however, and others which were sown after the rain on the 16th July succeeded better, and as a general rule, the out-turn was good. The tanks in Divi, and some other Delta Taluks having received a good supply from the Kistna freshes early in the year, the wet cultivation under them was very extensive. The crops were at first very promising, but owing to the partial failure of rain in October, and November, and the deficiency of water in the tanks at that season, they suffered in some places. They were also affected in some places by blight, and by unfavorable winds just at the time the ear was forming. From these causes, the produce was not very good. The dry paddy crops also such as Velvadam, Jihua, and Budama have suffered much from the total absence of rains just at the time they were coming in to ear, and there was some loss of produce in consequence. Owing to the very high freshes of the Kistna River, the embankment was breached; and a large extent of country in Tenalli, and Repalli Taluks was swamped, the young paddy was washed away, and the Poonassa crops also were damaged. After the subsidence of the water the lands swamped were again tilled, and other crops were cultivated. The Pyra crops such as black grain, horsegram, Bengal gram &c. suffered for want of sufficient rains in the early part of their cultivation, and in some places, the return was not so good as was expected. In the Prattipad Taluk wheat was cultivated, but was blighted to a certain extent. The tobacco, Chillies, Turmeric &c. garden products gave a plentiful return. In the Bapatla, and other Taluks, Chayroot, Natcheny, and other crops of a similar description, to which the season proved favorable, yielded a good return. The menty crop which was cultivated to some extent in Repalli Taluk suffered by the rains which fell in the month of November. In some places, it was affected by blight, and the produce was scanty.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

8. The highest fresh of the Kistna in the year under report was 37 feet. It remained at that height from 25th to 30th July. The tanks in the Divi Taluk depend solely on these freshes, and having received a full supply, the cultivation under them was carried on to a greater extent than in the last year. In some Villages such as Machavaram, and Chodavaram in Divi Taluk, the tanks breached, and the water was lost. Consequently all the land that might have been cultivated was not brought under the plough. In some Villages in the western taluks, the tanks which were dependent on Hill streams, and local rains only, did not receive full supply, and others did not receive any at all in time consequently the lands under them are

Wet land cultivated.					
Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.	
Acres.	Cist.	Acres.	Cist.	Acres.	Cist.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
98,199	4,34,811	1,10,918	5,08,058	12,719	73,247

waste. In all the Delta Taluks, the crops were raised very early. Some channels did not receive water at all and the lands under them were also left Banjer. Notwithstanding all this there was an increase in the extent of cultivation above that of the preceding year as shown in the margin.

* PER DAY.

In Fasli 1267...	A.	P.	that the wages paid on account of transplantation were
" 1268...	1	6	very high in the year under report compared with faslis
" 1269...	2	8	1267 and 1268.

9. From the marginal* note, it will be observed

SANITARY CONDITION.

10. The sanitary condition of the District was very bad during the year under report. Cholera raged fiercely in this town, and in the neighbouring Taluks in the early part of the season. Small pox too prevailed more or less during the whole year. Jungle fever also appeared in certain places. Much attention has been paid to vaccination. The returns of the vaccinators are scrutinized by the Taluk servants before submission to the Collector for final orders. Thasildars too have been directed to explain to the people the benefits of vaccination. Notwithstanding all this, the people do not seem alive to its advantages. Endeavours were made by Mr. Knox to establish municipal institutions in the Town of Masulipatam, but without success as reported to the Board on the 25th June last.

Prices.

GRAINS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
	Rs.	Rs.
Paddy 1st sort...	117	119
Do. 2d Do...	112	112
Jonnala...	131	131
Sajjala...	117	115
Horse gram...	141	140
Natcheny...	104	106
Voregala...	94	101

11. The average price of grains for the entire district are shown in the margin. It will be observed that they were somewhat higher in the year under report, but do not call for any special notice. A Register is kept in each Taluk in which the prices in the market are entered daily. An abstract showing the average is submitted every month to the Huzzur.

DITTAM OR THE RYOTS' HOLDINGS.

12. The subjoined statement shows the extent of land taken up and cultivated in the joint rent and ryotwari Villages as well as the cist thereof.

KISTNA DISTRICT.

5

Particulars.	ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
		Land.	Cist.	Land.	Cist.	Land.	Cist.	Land.	Cist.
Under the occupancy of the Ryots...	Dry...	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
	Wet...	12,34,287	18,11,201	12,92,687	19,92,962	58,400	1,21,761	...	...
	Wet...	1,26,559	5,12,857	1,31,614	5,66,427	5,055	53,570	...	...
	Total...	10,576	47,870	10,407	47,510	...	...	169	330
Total.....		13,71,422	23,71,928	14,34,708	25,46,929	63,286	1,75,001	...	...
		(Net increase.)							
Cultivation...	Dry...	9,94,479	15,76,001	9,84,711	15,88,444	...	12,443	10,362	...
	Wet...	98,199	4,34,811	1,10,920	5,08,058	12,722	73,247	...	...
	Total...	9,999	45,455	9,395	43,894	...	...	605	1,561
Total.....		11,02,677	20,66,267	11,04,432	21,40,396	1,755	84,129	...	...

From this it will be observed that there is a net increase of Rupees 1,75,001. Of this, Rupees 28,008 is an increase of cist on Government Seri lands in the joint rent Villages of the Masulipatam portion on account of Tirwajasti. Total increase of water tax for each Village is added to joint khat, and apportioned by the ryots to all the lands in the Village. The whole Ayakat in the Village being rented out, there is no increase in land in the joint rent Villages. The increase in the Guntur portion is Rupees 1,46,993. As Ryots appeared to be taking up land without due discrimination, the Collector issued orders to warn Tahsildars against encouraging them to occupy more than they could properly manage. Subsequently the District Engineer having intimated that the supply of water would not be sufficient for any further increase of cultivation, orders were issued to prohibit Ryots from preparing more land for irrigation. That this was a wise precaution was shown by the subsequent complaints of want of water in many Villages. The practice of the District Engineer was to allow full flow of water to each Taluk for one day in seven. It was found however that by this arrangement the more distant lands of the Taluk received none at all, and at Mr. Knox's suggestion therefore water was allowed for two days in every 15 to each Taluk instead of 1 in 7.

ACTUAL CULTIVATION.

13. The actual extent of wet cultivation is 12,719 acres more than in last year. This increase is chiefly in Delta Taluks, and for the most part in lands under the Anicut. The area of dry cultivation is 10,361 acres less than in last year owing to want of rain, but the increase of rupees 12,443 of Cist under the head of dry cultivation is owing to the water rate, included in the joint khats having been apportioned to the dry lands, as well as to the wet by the ryots themselves at the Amarakani. In the totakal or garden cultivation, there was a decrease of 605 acres. Of this, some portion was included under the head of dry by the ryots of joint rent villages. In Guntur some acres were converted into wet, and the remainder were not cultivated for want of rain.

14. In the shore villages and islands of the kollair lake, the dry lands are usually settled upon Dittam, while the wet lands are assessed according to the classification after they are cultivated. From the marginal statement, it will be observed that there was a small increase of 33 acres

Items.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.	
	Land.	Cist.	Land.	Cist.
Dry and Bagayct...	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Wet...	1,140	1,913	1,173	1,967
	4,764	17,311	4,327	14,057
Total	5,904	19,224	5,500	16,024

in the dry cultivation, and a decrease of acres 437 in the wet. These lands are cultivated by the ryots of other villages after they have cultivated fully their own lands. Owing to the failure of seasonable rains in the season under report, ryots did not as usual resort to these lands where cultivation is carried on with great trouble and expense there being

neither houses nor good water, and the locality being much infested with mosquitoes.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

TIRWAJASTI.

15. Under the orders of Government dated 7th December 1859, the dry converted into wet during the year in the whole Masulipatam portion of the Delta was assessed at Rs. 3. Dry crops irrigated as well as dry or black paddy crops were charged at Rs. 1-12 per acre for this year agreeably to the last years practice. The rule was made applicable to the seri, as well as Inam lands including mokkasas, and aggraharam Villages, but only $\frac{2}{3}$ rd of the water rate has been charged as usual to the ancient Zemindaries in the Masulipatam District. In the Guntoor portion, the usual rules have been observed. In the Mangalagiri, and Tenalli Taluks, dry land converted into wet is usually charged with dry cist only for the 1st year, and from the 2nd up to the 5th year the charge is increased in Arithmetical progression till it rises to 4 Rupees besides the dry cist. In the Ponnur and Bapatla Taluks, the dry converted into wet is charged with wet cist on 1 or 2 years' progressive Kowle according to the Collector's discretion. In the Repalli Taluk, the dry lands pay the wet cist in the first year without deduction. As regards dry crops irrigated Rs. 2 per acre were charged in the Tenalli, and Repalli Taluks as in the last year on all dry paddy lands. In the Ponnur, Mangalagiri, and Bapatla Taluks, the dry crops were charged at one rupee per acre. The lands cultivated with dry paddy and said to derive benefit by percolation from the adjoining wet fields, were charged at one rupee per acre. In the Bandar, Gudivada, and Pedana Taluks in the Masulipatam portion, the joint khats were increased at discretion on account of the benefits of steady irrigation to usual wet lands. The

	Rs.
Bandar District...	52,276
Guntoor Do.	1,67,715
Total.....	2,19,991

amount of that increase is included in the water rate, and credited to the Anicut. The water rate charged at Rs 3 per acre on dry converted into wet in the joint rent Villages is included in the joint rent khats. A comparative Tirwajasti account for the late Masulipatam and Guntoor Districts is herewith forwarded. The total Tirwajasti in the Guntoor portion is fixed as usual by deducting the average cist of the last 10 years up to fasli 1263 from the current year's demand. The balance is fixed as the amount of Tirwajasti for the year.

WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.

	Rs.
Poonjah waste...	4,469
Nunjah Do.	15,627
Total.....	20,096

of rain in the early part of the season, and deficiency of water in tanks which depend entirely on the Hill streams and local rains.

REMISSIONS.

17. In the settlement of Repalli and Bapatla, a large proportion of the wet Banjer was in the first instance included; the settlement therefore was subjected to re-enquiry and modification by Mr. Knox in June, but notwithstanding considerable remissions were then

TALUKS.	Demand	Remissions given by the Hd. Assistant Collector.	Remission given by Mr. Knox.	Total Remissions.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Repalli...	9,507	1,467	1,890	3,357
Bapatla.	8,407	1,733	1,065	2,798
Total...	17,914	3,200	2,955	6,155

granted, there has still been much difficulty in realizing the demand. The Tahsildars of Mangalagiri, and Martur were deputed to assist in the collection, but I much regret that some attachments, and sales of property have been found necessary. These defalcations are partly attributable to the demand of cist from the holders of the Garvu Banjer or the uncultivated portions of the sandy tracts, fully reported on by the Collector in his letter to the Board dated 12th

KISTNA DISTRICT.

July 1860 No. 146, and partly to the wet Banjer said to have been left waste by the ryots' negligence, and which could not be remitted under the orders of the Board. The ryots stated they did not get water in time for cultivation, but the Tahsildars said there was time to cultivate though the season had far advanced. After satisfying himself as to when the water was supplied by enquiry, and reference to the rain registers, Mr. Knox included the banjer in the settlement in all cases in which he agreed with the Tahsildars.

* 18th June 1859 No. 806.
† 8th August 1859 No. 3061.
12th March 1860.

18. In the year under report, the greatest possible care has been taken in dealing with every item of remission and the orders* of the Government and of the Board† have

ITEMS.	Remissions given in Fasli 1263.	Remissions given in Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Kowle remissions..	1,17,235	1,44,550	27,315	..
2 Banjer.	48,458	12,202	..	36,256
3 Loss of produce on wet lands. .	6,468	2,628	..	3,840
4 Shavi in wet lands....	3,410	2,748	..	662
5 On account of repairs of wells } for Jarib lands. }	23	18	..	5
Remissions for channel lands.	17	.....	..	17
Total additional remissions.	1,75,611	1,62,146	27,315	40,780
6 Usual remission... ..	35,506	34,358	..	1,148
	2,11,117	1,96,504	27,315	41,928

Net Decrease... 14,613

been duly attended to. As shown in the marginal statement the total amount including the Kowle and the usual remissions is Rupees 1,96,504 being less than the amount granted in the preceding year by Rs. 14,613-0-0.

No. 1. In the late Guntoor District the sum of Rs. 117,335 was deducted last year on account of Taragati, and in this year Rs. 144,550 was deducted on the same account, addi-

tional land having been taken up on progressive Kowle before the order prohibiting the system, except in special cases, was received, there was therefore an increase in the remission of this item of Rs. 27,315 above that of the last year.

No. 2. The total amount of partial Banjer remitted during the Jamabandi of the year under report was Rs. 12,202 being Rs. 36,256 less than the amount given in the preceding

	Rs.
Banjer...	12,202
Shavi...	2,628
Loss of produce...	2,748
Total Rs...	17,578

year. Of these Rs. 12,202 Nunjah waste amounted to Rupees 10,692 & only Rs. 1,510 were given for Poonjah waste. No remissions were given for the latter in the settlement before the order of the Board dated 12th March was received-subsequently this as well as the 3d & 4th items in the statement Viz Nunjah Shavi and loss of produce in Nunjah lands were remitted where it

Faslis.	Wet Banjer charged.	Wet Banjer remitted.	Shavi & loss of crop.	Remission for dry Banjer.	Total Remission.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1268.	78,046	46,418	9,878	2,040	58,336
1269.	58,369	10,692	5,376	1,510	17,578

was indispensably necessary. The total remission on given during the settlement of the current was as shown in the marginal statement less than $\frac{1}{2}$ of the amount given in last year. Particular attention was paid during the settlement as to whether the Banjer, shavi, or loss of crop were the results of deficiency of water, or of the ryots' negligence, when the latter was found to be the cause, nothing was given. The Registers showing the quantity of water received into the tanks were examined at the Jamabandi, and it was only when there was clear proof that

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Names of Taluks in which the remissions were given.		Amount of Remission.	
		Rs.	Rs.
Masulipatam.	Bandar....	2,342	
	Pedana....	2,275	
	Divi....	595	
	Gudiyada....	1,261	
	Bajvada....	874	
	Nandigama....	19	
	Juggiahpett....	9	
	Tirwoor....	177	
Guntoor Portion.			7,552
	Prattipad....	17	
	Mangalagherri....	49	
	Bapatla....	3,694	
	Ponnur....	906	
	Ponnur....	4	
	Martoor....	3,357	
	Repalli....	291	
	Tenalli....	357	
	Guntoor....	93	
	Kurapad....	843	
	Narsaraopet....	433	
	Vinucunda....		10,044
Total..			17,596

In the Tenalli Taluk Rs. 1765 Vandra remission was discontinued under the rules in force during the settlement of that Taluk by Mr. Knox.

19. The Government demand on the Villages of Kaialur and Bhoojabalapatam Mootahs having decreased, the usual deduction (which is a percentage of Rupees 5 on the demand) for the karnams under the head of Bad Inams, shows a decrease in the year under review of Rs. 34.

LAND REVENUE,
Sundry items, Vide Enclosure in Statement No. 4.

No. 1 Tirucjasti on Kattubadi Inams.

No. 2 Kattubadi or subsequent Inams continued on certain conditions.

22. The decrease of Rupees 121 is owing to the Inams having been included in the joint rent. They were resumed in last year, but the cist was included in the ready money collections, as the Inams were given up after the joint rent khats were tendered for Fasli 1268. In Fasli 1269 their cist is included in the joint rents.

No. 4 Tax levied on grain yielded in the Dry and wet Inams.

24. In the year under report the increase on account of Tirwajasti &c. on Inams is Rupees 3,432. This is owing not only to dry Inams having been converted into wet, but also to the progressive increase of water rate in this year. A great many more of the mamul Dasabhagam Inams were also cultivated this year than last all these causes contributed to the increase in this item. More Inams than in last year have also been converted under the Tanks in the old sub division Taluks not under the Anicut into wet, and charged accordingly.

no water had been received in any tanks that remission was given for the waste land under it. The remissions given for each Taluk are noted in the margin nothing was remitted during the current year for Government seri lands taken up for channels. Under the head of "Usual remissions" are entered those given for mokassa aggraharams. This year the Dowle or the joint rent of these villages increased by Rs. 651-0-0. Owing to the increase of cultivation-Consequently there is an increase in the amount of deductions made for the benefit of the mokassadars.

20. There was an increase of Rupees 79 on account of Tirwajasti on dry converted into wet.

21. The decrease of Rupees 94 compared with the amount of last year in this item is owing to the Inams having been resumed.

23. There was a decrease of Rupees 31 as compared with last year on account of Putlakharchu of Dry and wet Inam lands in Guntoor District.

KISTNA DISTRICT.

25. Topes containing Mangoe, Tamarind, Wood No. 6 Tax on topes, and fruit trees. apple trees &c. have been leased out for higher sums in the year under report than in the last year. The soapnut Jungle in Repalli Taluk has been rented out this year tho' it was not in the last year consequently there is an increase in this item of Rs. 1610.

No. 7. Tax on Palmyra Trees.

* Board's order dated 16th March 1859.

No. 9.

27. Calls for no remarks.

No. 10 small Dates.

28. No proposals having been received for the rent of the date branches in Bandar and other Taluks in this year, the dates also in Patta and Inam lands having been made over to the owners of those lands, there was a decrease of Rupees 178 in this item.

No. 11 Spontaneous chayroot.

29. In consequence of want of seasonable rains, the chayroot in Bapatla, and Repalli Taluks, did not grow well, it was not therefore rented out at all in Repalli Taluk, and only partly rented out in Bapatla. Hence the decrease in this item amounting to Rs. 3,456.

No. 12 & 13 Toomma trees and fishery.

30. In the rents of Toomma trees and of fishery, there was a decrease of Rupees 15 and 62 respectively, the proposals tendered having been lower than in the last year.

No. 14 Soap Nuts.

31. There was an increase of Rs. 1,142 in the sales of Soap Nuts produced in the Jungles of korukellu mootah in Masulipatam District.

No. 15 Grazing tax &c. on Jungles and Hills. &c. in the Jungles and Hills in the Guntoor portion have been higher in this year than in the last by Rupees 2,799. This item, as well as the Poolari tax on the pasturage in the Kollair Islands was entered in last year under the head of "Local Funds." In the year under review, it was ordered to be entered under the head "Land Revenue." Hence there is an increase of Rupees 2,799.

Vide order of Board of Revenue dated 17th March 1860, No. 1374.

33. I regret that this item has not been finally disposed of as yet. In the Noozed estate, the Tahsildar reported that the Goomastahs deputed to survey the lands watered, under his superintendence had concealed some irrigation. The matter is now under investigation by the acting Head Assistant Collector, and the result will be reported to the Board. The amount now fixed is Rupees 6,035, should the deduction of one third regarding which I have separately addressed the Board, be allowed, this will be reduced to nearly Rs. 4,000 a sum less by Rs. 1,372 than was collected last year. The cultivated area is nearly the same, but the rate has been reduced from Rs. 3½ to Rs. 3 per acre.

Fasli 1268... Acres. 2102

Order of Government December 1859.

No. 17 Quit rent on Inams.

34. There is an increase of Rupees 5,503 on account of quit rent &c. on Inam lands as per margin. The Inam enquiry has been completed in the Masulipatam portion, and in the Guntoor portion it is nearly finished. The demand

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Quit rent on Government estates...	Rs. 2,205	on account of Quit rent of Inams situated in
Do. on Zemindari do.	55	Bandar, Pedana and Divi Taluks for which final
Consolidation money...	3,243	accounts were received before the close of the
Total...	5,503	Fasli has been entered in the Demand, but the

statement of the quit rent on the Inam lands, in the Gudivada and other Taluks not having been received before the end of the Fasli, the collections are entered as the demand. The future collections of this item will of course be credited to sevoy Jamah.

No. 20. 35. Needs no remarks.

No. 21 Quit rent on houses under grant. 36. There was an increase of Rupees 8 on account of quit rent fixed on Government lands occupied by dwelling houses agreeably to the rules of Government dated 5th August 1859 No. 1053.—

SPECIAL PRODUCTS.

37. There is no sugar cane grown in the District. Cotton was cultivated to some extent in Bezorah and Nandigam Taluks, and the season proved favorable to it. In the Palnad Taluks, as well as Kondavid, its cultivation was extensively carried on as usual. The Cottonseed received in the year 1859 was distributed to the Ryots, but the reports received show that in many places it did not germinate at all, and in others did not thrive well. In one Village however called karlapudi in the Taluk of Mangalagiri, 80 plants grew well and produced.

INDIGO.

Fasli...	1268	15,661
"	1269	16,217
Increase...		556

38 There was an increase in the extent of Indigo cultivation by acres 556 above that of the last year, but owing to want of rains, the crop in Tumurukota, and Bapatla Taluks where it was most cultivated, suffered.

Comparative Statement of Land Revenue.

ITEMS.	Last Fasli 1268.	Current Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
Permanently Settled.	2,53,241 11 10	2,53,430 9 10	189	...
Not Permanently Settled.				
Jodi Srotirani, Inam Villages. ...	39,157 ... 9	38,099 14 7	...	1,057
Rents for more than one year. ...	11,247 12 2	15,500 2 3	4,252	...
Rents for one year. ...	233	755	522	...
Ryotwar and Joint Rents.	23,70,689 6 11	23,81,426 5 5	2,10,737	...
Amani or division of Produce. ...	67 4	...	...	67 4
Total...	24,21,394 7 10	26,35,781 6 3	2,14,387	...
Grand Total...	26,74,636 3	28,89,212 ... 1	2,14,576	...

KISTNA DISTRICT.

The foregoing statement exhibits the demand of the different items of "Land Revenue" in the Government Taluks which amounts to Rupees 26,35,781-6-3 being an increase of Rs. 2,14,387 over the demand of Fasli 1268 Viz.

* Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Rs.	A. P.
97,670	1,13,369	15,699		
In the Kistna district.	1,98,688			
In the Taluks transferred to Godavery District up to 31st December 1859.	*15,699			
Total.....	2,14,387			
Particulars.				
1 Demand on the Ryotwar and joint rent Villages....	23,50,425	11	7	
2 Sundry ready money Collections including Tirwajasti. .	1,29,435	12	10	
3 Sist on whole rent Villages.	14,686	10	6	
4 Kattubady &c., on Mokkhasas and Aggraharans including Tirwajasti.	27,864	1	7	
Total Kistna District.....	25,22,412	4	6	
Demand Collected up to 31st December on the Villages transferred to the Godavery District....	1,13,369	1	9	
Total Land Revenue.....	26,35,781	6	3	

No revision of Assessment has taken place during the year under report. The settlement party is working in the District.

SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Abkari.	75,266	96,498	21,232	.....
2 Motarfa.	50,381	51,868	1,487	.....
3 Salt.	5,23,061	7,21,983	1,98,922	.....
4 Sea Custom.	6,256	3,815	.....	2,441
5 Stamps.	28,167	30,115	1,948	.....
Total...	6,83,131	9,04,279	2,23,589	.....
Deduct Decrease....			2,441	
Net Increase....			2,21,148	

39. The marginal statement will exhibit the demand of the current year as compared with that of the last year on account of the Abkari, Motarfa, Salt, Sea Customs, and stamps.

40. This branch of revenue of the Masulipatam District was leased out for a term of 5 years from Fasli 1268 to 1272 at an annual rent of Rupees 47,000 agreeably to the sanction of Government dated 25th May 1858.

Abkari. A claim for remission of a portion of the rent from Fasli 1270 has been made, and will be reported on separately. The renter Rajah Bhoojangarao having died, the farm has been transferred to his eldest widow. The management is conducted on the whole satisfactorily. The Guntoor Abkari farm was rented out from Fasli 1269 to 1273 at an annual rental of Rupees 35,500. Of this Rupees 543-6-8 is deducted every year on account of tax on Palmyra trees, and credited to Land Revenue. But the Palmyra trees on Patta lands and Inams having been conferred on the ryots, a sum of Rupees 5,000 was remitted under the orders of Government. Thus the amount of rent is now Rupees 29,956-9-4 per annum.

41. The Military abkari farm of the Bandar Town formerly under the Commissary General was transferred to the Collector and Magistrate in December 1859. The rent was approved by the Commissary General for faslis 1269 and 1270 at Rupees 33,500 per year. The kists since the transfer, amount to Rupees 19,041-10-8 which have all been paid. The abkari demand on the whole District amounts to Rupees 96,498-4-0 the increase is Rupees 21,232. This is attributable to the transfer of the Military* farm to the Collector, and to the increase† in the rent of the Guntoor District.

Rupees.
* 19,542
† 1,690
Total.....
21,232

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Rs. 42. It will be observ-
 Demand on the Kistna District upto 31st December 1859..... 1,465
 Do. in the transferred Taluks upto 31st December 1859.... 22
 Total... .. 1,487

MOTARFA. ed that there is an
 increase in this item of Rupees
 1487 as per margin.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Trade.	1,241	1,577	336	.....
Looms... ..	28,825	29,687	862	.....
Professional tax.	21,078	21,351	273	.....
Sundry taxes... ..	181	194	13	.....
Total....	51,325	52,809	1,484	.....
Deduct Karnam's fees....	972	991	19	.....
Remainder Kistna District....	50,353	51,818	1,465	.....
Add Collections up to 31st December in the } Taluks transferred to Godavary District..... }	28	50	22	.....
Total....	50,381	51,868	1,487	.....

Salt. 43. The annual salt accounts have been prepared according to the prescribed forms, and are herewith submitted.

The Salt on hand at the commencement of the year, viz.		Ind. Md.
In Store.	13,11,676	
Wastage not Sanctioned.	28,270	
The salt produced within the year including the increase in the heaps sold by measurement.	13,39,946	
Total....	22,66,716	
Deduct Expenditure.		
Home Consumption.	2,08,965	
Inland Consumption... { In other Districts... ..	12,021	
{ In the Nizam's Country.	4,34,231	
Exported by Sea... ..	24,735	
Wastage written off up to the end of Fasli 1268....	6,70,932	
	28,270	
Remaining in Store.....	7,08,222	
Particulars.		
In Store.	15,40,057	
Wastage to be Sanctioned... ..	18,438	
Total....	15,58,495	

KISTNA DISTRICT.

In this year the contract system has been newly introduced in the Pondra Kotaur, and

Fasli.	Indian Maunds.
1266.....	51,458
1267.....	76,862
1268.....	103,851
1269.....	2,16,049

has worked exceedingly well, the manufacture being as shown in the margin, larger than the highest previous year's manufacture. There was an increase in the Home and Inland consumptions of Rs. 51,041, and Rupees 1,44,170 respectively, the exportation by Sea being Rs. 3,710 making in all Rs. 1,98,921, or nearly 2 Lacs. This increase is partly owing to the rise in price of 2 Annas per Maund from August 1859, which produced

Rupees 77,653, and partly to increased purchases by Brinjaries to the amount of Rupees 1,11,558, and to the export by Sea to Chittagong and Calcutta.

ITEMS.	Collection of Fasli 1268.	Collection of Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Export... ..	6,066	1,964	.....	4,102
Import.	195	1,851	1,656	.....
Total..	6,261	3,815	.....	2,446

ARTICLES.	Export.	Import..
	Rupees.	Rupees.
Paddy, Jonnalu &c.....	78,509	1,64,914
Lamp Oil Seed and Jingly Oil Seed... ..	1,90,586	.....
Lentils &c.....	4,60,822	10,425
Gruff goods.....	4,61,150	8,95,599
Sugar.....	.....	11,052
Total... ..	11,80,567	9,91,990
Fasli 1268... ..	10,78,607	7,86,273
Increase... ..	1,02,260	2,05,717

SEA CUSTOMS. 44. There is a decrease of Rs. 2,446 in the year under review attributable to a diminution in the exports to Foreign Ports, though there is an increase in the District as shown in the marginal statement.

45. The revenue derived from stamp papers has increased by Rupees 1,948. I cannot say whether this increase is attributable to the increase in the number or rise in the value of suits in the courts.

Comparative Statement of Land Revenue and Sundry Sources.

ITEMS.	Last Fasli 1268.	Present Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.
Land Revenue (Vide para 33.)	26,74,636 3 5	28,89,212 0 1	2,14,576	.....
Sundry Sources of Revenue. { Abkari... ..	75,266 2 6	96,498 4 0	21,232	.....
{ Motarfa... ..	50,381 9 6	51,868 3 11	1,487	.....
{ Salt... ..	5,23,061 0 7	7,21,982 6 1	1,98,921	.....
{ Sea Customs... ..	6,255 13 1	3,814 12 9	.....	2,441
{ Stamps... ..	28,166 12 0	30,115 4 0	1,948	.....
	6,83,131 5 8	9,04,278 14 9	2,21,147	.....
	33,57,767 9 4	37,93,490 14 10	4,35,723	.....
Extra Revenue. { Land Revenue... ..	5,708 9 2	8,874 1 8	3,166	.....
{ Sundry Sources of Revenue... ..	3,408 10 5	1,923 0 10	.....	1,486
Total..	9,117 3 7	10,797 2 6	1,680	.....
Interest Account. { Land Revenue... ..	2,376 5 3	2,054 13 0	.....	322
{ Sundry Sources of Revenue... ..	132 12 6	87 2 4	.....	45
Total... ..	2,509 1 9	2,141 15 4	.....	367
Grand Total...	33,69,393 14 8	38,06,430 0 8	4,37,036	.....

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

REMARKS ON THE SEVOY JAMA

Boards Proceedings dated 9th Decr. 1853 No. 4564.

† Fasli...	Rupees.
1268...	1,379
1269...	2,550
Increase...	1,171

Rupees 1,171. In this year, there has been a decrease of Rupees 361 in the amount of sale proceeds of the Kistna Islands in Tenalli and other Taluks. Under the abkari heading there is a decrease of Rupees 1,174, no fees having been collected by or on account of the Government for cutting Palmyra trees either in the Zemindary Estates or in the Patta, and Inam

† Fasli...	Rupees.
1268...	2,509
1269...	2,142
Decrease...	367

lands. The amount of penalties paid in the courts having been transferred from the extra revenue to judicial receipts under the orders of the Accountant General, there is a decrease of Rupees 364 in this item. The small variations in the interest account, and other sundry items call for no special remarks.

46. The amount under the head of Salaries of Public servants was held in deposit from many years, but no claimants having appeared, it was ordered† to be credited to Government under the head of extra Revenue.

This item amounts to Rupees 2,248. The fines levied in the office of the Deputy Director of the Revenue settlement, and in the survey Department, as well as the fines imposed on Village servants &c. by the Collector, and his assistants amount to Rupees 2,550 the increase being

KISTNA DISTRICT.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.					Fasli 1269.					Comparison between Columns 2 and 3.		
	Demand.	Collecti- on within the Fasli.	Balance.	Demand.	Collecti- on within the Fasli.	Balance.	Subse- quent col- lection up to August.	Balance.	Increase.	Decrease.	Percent- age.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
Permanently settled...	2,49,134	2,48,298	836	2,48,886	2,46,104	2,782	2,639	143	...	248	...	9	9
Government estates...	23,23,724	23,05,117	18,607	23,22,413	24,89,869	32,544	16,631	15,913	1,98,689	...	...	...	...
Total...	25,72,858	25,53,415	19,443	27,71,299	27,35,973	35,326	19,270	16,056	1,98,441	...	...	...	...
Salt...	5,23,061	5,23,061	...	7,21,982	7,21,982	...	...	...	1,98,921	...	...	38	38
Abkari...	75,266	75,266	...	96,498	94,486	2,012	2,009	3	21,232	...	...	28	28
Notaria...	50,353	49,976	377	51,818	51,516	302	210	92	1,465	...	...	3	3
Stamps...	26,222	26,222	...	28,242	28,242	...	...	...	2,026	...	...	8	8
Sea Customs...	6,256	6,256	...	3,815	3,815	...	...	...	...	2,441	...	39	39
Total...	6,81,158	6,80,781	377	9,02,355	9,00,041	2,314	2,219	95	2,21,197	...	...	32	32
Grand Total...	32,54,016	32,34,196	19,820	36,73,654	36,36,014	37,640	21,489	16,151	4,19,638	...	...	13	13
Extra Revenue...	8,803	8,538	265	10,687	10,289	398	233	165	1,884	...	...	22	22
Interest account...	2,507	2,452	55	2,137	1,775	362	318	44	...	370	...	14	14
Total...	32,65,326	32,45,186	20,140	38,86,478	38,48,078	38,400	22,040	10,360	4,21,152	...	...	13	13
Collections of the taluks transferred to the Godavari District up to 31st Decem-ber 1859...	1,04,068	1,04,068	...	1,19,952	1,19,952	...	...	...	15,884	...	...	15	15
Grand Total...	33,69,394	33,49,254	20,140	38,06,430	37,68,030	38,400	22,040	16,360	4,37,032	...	...	13	13

47. The marginal abstract statement will exhibit the Demand, Collection and Balance of Land Revenue, and sundry sources in comparison with the last year. The total demand of this District is Rupees 38,06,430 of this Rupees 37,68,030 was collected with the fasli leaving a balance of Rupees 38,400. Of this last Rupees 2,782 was due on the Davercotta, Rayavaram, and Chittigudoor estates at the end of the Fasli, but has been collected since. The balance on Government Taluks at the close of the Fasli was Rupees 32,544. Of this Rupees 16,630 has been since collected leaving a balance of Rupees 15,914.

Out of the proposed sum of Rupees 4,301, Rupees 213 have been since collected, and Rs. 23 have been transferred to the Quit rent on Inams. Hence the remaining sum of Rupees 4,065 only being deducted there remains a balance of Rupees

18,162 as particularized, below in the Talukwar statement.

vide letter from Mr. Knox dated 12th July 1860 No. 146.
and Proceeding of the Board dated 15th August 1860 No. 3745.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

49. The amount of quit rent due on Inams recommended to be struck off is Rupees 4215 as noted in the margin—Certain Inams whose holders died, and deserted were resumed long ago; and some Inamdars relinquished their Inams from various causes. The arrears of Kāttubadi due up to the time of resumption have to be remitted. Some Inams are entered in the names of Inamdars who have never made their appearance. Some of them have died, and others have left the country. Notices were issued to the effect that if did not make their appearance within a certain time, their Inams would be resumed. These Inams have been under the Government management, and the Cist realized from them when cultivated, held under deposit. As the arrears of Quit rent were increasing, Mr. Knox ordered them to be resumed, and I request the orders of the Board to write off the balance which remains after crediting to Government the deposits on account of Inam kattubadi. Again there were some Inams the sites of which were not known. In the survey made in Fasli 1259, they were not recognized. In Fasli 1267, Mr. Fraser ordered that these nominal Inams should be struck out from the accounts. The amount of arrears due up to that time has to be remitted.

IRRECOVERABLE.

TALUKS.	Amount.
	Rs.
1 Jaggiapett...	3,027
2 Nandigam...	71
3 Bezwadu...	762
4 Tumurukota...	355
Total.....	4,215

50. In the Chavendra estate a sum of Rupees 252-7-5 was fixed as water rate for dry land converted into wet in fasli 1268. The Zemindar objected to pay it on the ground that those lands had been under irrigation since fasli 1232. This was enquired into by Mr. Knox who was of opinion that it should be remitted. I therefore request the sanction of the board that the amount in question may be written off in the accounts,

TIRUWASTI.

51. The small amount of irrecoverable balances is due by persons dead or deserted.

IRRECOVERABLE MÓTARFÁ.

IRRECOVERABLE EXTRA REVENUE.

	Rs.
1 Maramut Nissaf...	137
2 Fines...	16
3 Subsequent cultivation...	91
4 Mohatads pay...	45
Total...	289

52. This consists of the items specified in the margin. The 1st item is due for faslis 1262, 63 and 65 by Ryots in Bandar Taluk. It was payable by whole Villages, and its collection is now hopeless, owing to the impoverished condition of the Ryots. The second item was fines imposed by the Collector on Ryots for not attending the Jamabandi settlement in fasli 1264. One of the ryots who had to pay 2 Rupees is dead, and the rest are extremely poor. The 3rd item is due for faslis 1260, 65, 66, 67, and 68. The late crops which were cultivated after the settlement was completed did not yield a good outturn, and the demand which was not remitted has fallen into arrears. The ryots are very poor, and cannot pay the amount. The 4th item is the salary of a mohatad of Gongulagoonta Village in Tumurukodu Taluk. He was in the receipt of the cist of a Village of seri land, Rupees 15 and odd per year, which was always entered in the sevoy Jama accounts, and remitted. This has not been done for the last 3 faslis 1266, 67 and 68.

DOUBTFUL BALANCES.

53. Of the sum of Rupees 1,22,751 entered under the head "Doubtful," the chief item is the arrears amounting to Rupees 1,13,300, on account of quitrent on Inam lands, and aggraharams in the Guntoor District. The Inamdars say that the Zemindars unjustly raised the amount of quit rent, and on this plea, they have refused for the last 10

KISTNA DISTRICT.

years to pay the rent. The state of these balances has been fully brought to the notice of the Board by the Officiating Collector of Guntoor Mr. Dykes in his letter of 30th September 1859 No. 123. The remaining part of the doubtful balances amounting to Rupees 9,451, is due chiefly to Ryotwar, and Inam quit rent.

54. In the year immediately under notice, process of distress in the realization of revenue was enforced to the amount of Rupees 416, in 21 Villages of 5 Taluks, the number of ryots being 83, no lands were sold. In the preceding year, the amount of property sold was only Rupees 20. No one has been incarcerated during the year under report.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Collections...	33,98,731	37,96,919	3,98,188
Charges.....	3,28,348	3,34,121	5,773

55. The particulars of items of charges are given in statement No. 14, and the variations are explained as follows.

Nos. 1 & 2. Notwithstanding a considerable decrease which should have resulted from the abolition of the late Guntoor District from 15th December 1860, and from the Salaries of the Head, and Deputy Sarristadars' post having been done away with, there is an increase of Rupees 26,170, in the charges in consequence of the Salaries of Covenanted Officers appointed to this District which were disbursed in other Districts, having been included in the Charges of the District as per instructions from the Accountant General dated 16th August 1860 the Salaries of the Deputy Collectors newly appointed, as well as of extra Establishment of the late Masulipatam District for some months of Fasli 1268, which were actually charged in this year, conduce to the increase.

No. 3. The Huzzur Saderward not having been charged owing to the absorption of Guntoor Collectorate, has caused this decrease.

No. 4. This decrease is ascribable to the amount of contingent Bills for certain months not having been adjusted within the close of the year under report.

No. 5. The Tent allowances of the Civil Officers of the late Guntoor District having ceased by the amalgamation, produces this decrease.

No. 6. This trifling decrease calls for no remark.

No. 7. Increase is owing to the costs amounting to Rupees 4,080 incurred in the suit regarding the Vissannapett estate, and to Rupees 800 in certain other suits.

No. 8. Insignificant.

Nos. 9 & 10. As per sanctions of Government dated 10th March and 23rd June, Rs. 4,811-15-1 was paid to Brizzimohandoss and Rupees 2,715 was paid to the Vullur Zemindar on account of lands occupied by irrigation channels. Hence the increase.

No. 11. An ordinary charge.

No. 12. The increase arises from the transfer of the military abkari establishment from December 1859.

Nos. 13 to 17. Call for no remarks.

No. 18. This increase is mainly attributable to the Mótarfá remissions usually given to the Zemindars in 1268 having been charged in the accounts in this year after audit.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF KISTNA DISTRICT.

No. 19. This decrease is produced by the abolition of the Guntoor Huzzoor Establishment.

No. 20. Needs no remark.

No. 21. The cost for thatching salt heaps estimated for fasli 1268 having been charged to this year has caused this increase.

No. 22. The salt manufacturer's share in this fasli not having been as yet debited to the actual charges is the cause of the decrease.

No. 28. Owing to a greater number of suits having been withdrawn by the parties, the refunds of stamp duty are greater.

56. Much attention has been paid to the working of new system of Village, and Taluk accounts. The Thasildars have been strictly enjoined to examine accounts whenever they visited a Village, and to see that the Zilladars tested the correctness of the cultivation accounts &c. During the Jamabandi, the accounts of each Village according to custom were examined by the Sarristadar, and by the Collector himself, and if any arrears appeared, the Karnams were fined, and measures were taken to get them prepared without delay.

57. There are only 2 servants in the late Guntoor District who have seri lands in their occupation. The extent of land is 5 Acres and 30 Guntas, and the cist is Rupees 12-11-8.

58. Having only joined the District late in August, I am unable to speak personally of the exertions of the different Officers employed in the settlement. Mr. Chase the Sub-Collector left in March, and Mr. Reid the present acting Sub-Collector did not join till towards the close of the Fasli. The charge of the Sub-Division for a considerable time, and a great deal of the settlement therefore devolved upon Mr. Melville the acting Head Assistant. Mr. D' Conceciao had charge of the salt, and S. Narniengar of the Treasury. The preparation of the accounts, and the management of the details of the settlement devolved upon D. Purushotamaya, the Head Sarristadar. Mr. Knox made favorable mention of the services of all these Officers before leaving the District.

(Signed) G. THORNHILL,

Acting Collector

KISTNA DISTRICT,
Collector's Kacheri at Masulipatam,
6th October 1860.

SETTLEMENT REPORT
OF
NELLORE.

With reference to your Circular, dated 2nd September 1859, and the subsequent Proceedings of the 7th July last, I have the honor to submit my Annual Report on the Settlement of the Land and Extra Sources of Revenue of this District for Fasli 1269, together with the prescribed number of Statements contained in the accompanying List and the Report of the Officiating Sub-Collector Mr. Whiteside.

2. Of the Taluks composing the Principal Division of this District, eight were settled by myself and two by the Head Assistant Collector, and the whole of the six Taluks forming the Sub-Division were settled by Mr. Minchip, the Sub-Collector. The villages at which the Settlement was conducted, and the period taken up in settling the different Taluks are embodied in Statement, No. 1. The Taluk of Tummalatalpuru alone was settled in Mulumudi, a village of the Nellore Taluk in consequence of the prevalence of ague in the Taluk itself.

VARIATIONS IN THE
NUMBER AND TENURES OF
VILLAGES WITH REMARKS
ON THE NUMBER OF PATTAS
THAT MAY NOT HAVE BEEN
RENEWED.

3. The number of villages in this District remains the same as in Fasli 1268, and the various modes of their Settlement are given below:—

	As per last Fasli 1268.	As per present Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Smalley's Surveyed villages,	86	86	"	"
Smalley's Mucta,	381	381	"	"
Traver's do.	127	127	"	"
Stonehouse's Settlement in Udayagiri,	67	67	"	"
Under Rent for one year,	2	1	0	1
Do. for 3 years,	55	56	1	0
Amari or Division of produce,	1	1	"	"
Srotriams,	262	262	"	"
Amarams,	18	18	"	"
Kattubadi,	8	8	"	"
Sarva Enam,	19	19	"	"
Zemindari,	777	777	"	"
Palayams,	22	22	"	"
Total...	1,825	1,825	1	1

Of the two villages "rented for one year" in Fasli 1268, one having been in the present settled under three years rent, there occurs an increase of one village under the latter head and a corresponding decrease in those rented for one year. The fourth para. of the Proceedings dated 2nd September 1859, requires that the number of Pattas not renewed should invariably be added to the total of renewed Pattas; but in consequence of the reductions effected in the

rates of Dry Assessment in conformity to the Orders of the Board of Revenue and of certain changes in the Wet cultivation caused by the nature of the season, the Ryetwar Pattas were for the present Fasli renewed without exception. It has therefore been impossible to carry out the Board's orders in this respect for the year under report, and though the same causes do not

which is similarly 3½ per Cent of last year's Revenue. The remaining Rs. 85,113 is the amount of reductions made in the Dry Assessment thus brought to account in accordance to the Board's Orders of the 9th November 1859, and which will now be finally written off

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

The increased assessment of Rupees 94,692 appearing in the item of Lands newly taken up is owing partly to a large extent of Waste lands included in the Ryots' Holdings being brought to account and partly to fields relinquished in the present Fasli being taken up again by Ryots as already stated; and the details of which are given in the margin as ordered by the Board in para. 6 of their Proceedings dated 9th November 1859.

Items.	Acres.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Dry...	8,02,697	4,96,042	0	3,05,738	4,40,446	0	0	55,596	0
Wet...	1,12,812	5,91,837	0	1,16,208	6,08,565	0	0	0	0
Garden...	16,39	1,00,333	0	17,838	98,319	0	0	2,114	0
Total	4,23,748	11,88,212	0	4,42,834	11,47,290	0	0	57,710	0
Additional Assessment and second Crop	...	21,300	0	26,056	0	0	0	0	0
	4,23,748	12,09,512	0	4,42,834	11,73,286	0	0	57,710	0
								36,206	0

7. The actual cultivation is exhibited in Enclosure B, to Statement No. 3, and an Abstract is entered in the margin. The enhanced cultivation in the items of Dry and Wet, observable in this Statement is due to the favorable character of the Season; and the decrease in the Dry Assessment is, as already explained, the result of the reduction in rates. The decrease in the item of Garden is owing in part to the failure of water where irrigated from Tanks, partly to the destruction of Wells by floods. The increase in the aggregate additional and second crop Assessment is owing to Dry lands having been converted into Wet and Garden, by the assistance of water from Government Sources of irrigation and to the cultivation of a second crop in more of the Wet lands than last year. A Statement exhibiting the cultivation for the last 10 years is entered below, which shows that the cultivation for the present Fasli has exceeded the average for the last 10 years to the extent of Rupees 1,45,819; the Dry Assessment therein entered being exclusive of Remissions, which were made

and are deducted from Fasli 1265, but inclusive of the waste charged.

NELLORE.

Fasli.		Rs.	A.	P.
1259		11,90,128	...	...
Do.	1260	11,85,400	...	...
Do.	1261	12,55,863	...	...
Do.	1262	12,33,863	...	...
Do.	1263	8,91,325	...	...
Do.	1264	10,91,507	...	...
Do.	1265	11,27,788	...	...
Do.	1266	11,99,750	...	...
Do.	1267	9,63,791	...	...
Do.	1268	11,91,244	...	...
Total...		112,40,959	...	...
Average...		11,24,096	...	...
Fasli 1269...		12,69,915	...	...
Increase Rupees...		1,45,819	...	...

WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.
Rs.
Waste remitted..... 79,611
,, charged..... 75,743
Total... 155,354

8. Under the 2 Items of Waste charged and remitted an aggregate amount of 1,55,354 is entered in Enclosure B, to Statement No. 3 for fasli, (1269,) and of this, the sum of Rupees 75,743 belongs to the Item of waste charged. The details of which are compared below with similar charges in the previous Fasli.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dry ...	37,522	50,523	13,001
Wet...	5,991	20,902	14,911
Garden...	1,671	4,318	2,647
Total..	45,184	75,743	30,559

This Statement, it will be observed, exhibits an increase in the Item of waste charged over last Fasli of Rupees 30,559, which is the result of carrying out strictly the orders of Government, as conveyed in their Proceedings under dates the 25th July 1859 and 10th March of 1860, Revenue Department No. 364. And from the classes on which these charges have fallen and the other details elicited by the close inquiry made, there can be no doubt that the change of system can be carried out with perfect safety, as well as justice. The waste remitted is shown in Enclosure B, to Statement No. 3 to have been Rupees 79,611, which is likewise compared below with the Remissions similarly given last year.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dry ...	14,596	6,867	7,729
Wet...	90,735	71,144	19,591
Garden...	2,677	1,600	1,077
Total..	1,08,008	79,611	28,397

The remissions in the present Fasli are below the preceding by Rupees 28,397, and as directed in Paragraph 16 of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 7th July 1860, the several Items under which these Remissions have been granted are duly shown in a foot note to Enclosure B, to Statement No. 3.

1. Where the Ryots had failed to render proper assistance to the D. P. W. and the Tanks had breached in consequence, a portion of the waste was carried to account, and has swelled the Item of waste charged. But where no fault was found to be attached to the Ryots or the total amount of waste would have been too heavy a fine, remissions were made as well as where a full supply had not been received, in the Tank or Channel, and the Item of Rupees 56,596 shows the extent to which remissions were made on these grounds. Rupees 17,936 is the amount as shown in the Margin* to which remissions were granted for submerged waste both wet and dry and chiefly in the beds of Tanks. And in all these cases the relinquishment of the Land was made an indispensable condition. And it was the carrying out of this order both for waste and cultivated and the making the requisite inquiries as to whether the Land really was submerged and for how long that has delayed the closing of the accounts and the commencing to prepare this Report. Under the Item "Waste for various reasons." I have classed a variety of claims for remissions both in Wet, and Dry and Garden for which the Items given by the Board, were not strictly applicable. The total sum under this head for all 3 classes of Land was Rupees 3,251 and the reasons may be briefly described as Lands rendered unfit for cultivation by excavations for Roads, Tank, Bunds &c., injured by floods &c. and in some cases held by Insolvent Ryot. There are also remissions on account of boundary disputes and to a certain extent in the Sub-division for pasture land, regarding which Mr. Whiteside at present Officiating in the Sub-division will be written to.

	Rs.
Nunjah Waste for want of water	56,596
* Nunjah submerged	12,939
Poonjah do.	4,997
Total	17,936

	Rs.
Nunjah Waste for various reasons	1,409
Poonjah do.	1,445
Garden do.	406
Total	3,251

(2.) I have also ventured to enter in the same foot-note another item for "Fouti Farari" or "dead and deserted," though not one of the Items given by the Board, and the sum remitted on the waste lands under this head, it will be observed was Rupees 686.

	Rupees.
Garden Waste for want of water.	365
Do. from being inundated.	777
Total	1,142

3. The amount of the remissions to be shown, and shown in Statement No. 4 is Rupees 42,059 and this sum compared with last year shows a decrease of Rupees 1,00,889, which, however, is only nominal, for Rupees 83,958, the remissions granted during Fasli 1269 in the rates of Dry Assessment being deducted, the actual decrease in remissions below those of last Fasli is only Rupees 16,931. The particulars of the Item of remissions can be easily understood by a reference to the Statement here under entered :-

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Portions of Fields left waste i.e. Stalakammi or Shamilat Banjar,	20,506	20,887	381	...
Withered crops i.e. Shavi,	5,169	1,592	...	3,577
Lands submerged after cultivation i.e. Panibudthi,	2,842	4,515	1,673	...
Reduction on Lands cultivated with an inferior crop i.e. Tirva kammi,	10,144	1,491	...	8,653
Discretionary Remissions,	1,921	289	...	1,632
Crops washed away by floods i.e. Payamali,	24	417	393	...
Kowle Remissions,	18,348	12,832	...	5,516
Reductions of Assessment,	83,958	...	...	83,958
Salary of the village Munsiff of Tammavaram,	1,42,912	42,023	2,447	1,03,336
	36	36	...	...
Total	1,42,948	42,059	2,447	1,03,336
		Net Decrease...		1,00,889

(1.) There is an increase of 381 Rupees in the remissions on portions of Fields left waste i.e. Stalakammi or Shamilat Banjar over the last Fasli, and the details of this Item have been given in a foot note to Statement No. 4 in accordance to Para. 16 of the Board's Proceedings of the 7th July 1860.

(2.) The Orders of Government marginally quoted* communicated with the Board's Proceedings dated 9th November 1859 Para. 10 enjoin the discontinuance of remissions in the cases of Shamilat Banjar, Panibudthi, Payamali &c., but the heavy rains of the Fasli under review rendered the indulgence necessary with respect to Shamilat Banjar. In many cases, Lands had been swept over by heavy floods and the Assessment on the portions of Fields thus rendered incapable of cultivation, was remitted under this head, which also includes, in Wet lands, portions of Fields, left uncultivated for want of water, and Lands of both classes taken up by excavation for tank bunds, Roads, &c. Where however on portions of numbers, the crops only had been destroyed by breached Tanks and by the spread of the back water, and by similar reasons the Assessment thereon has been remitted under the head of Payamali and remissions of Assessment were also granted for portions of Fields submerged in the beds of Tanks and a few other items.

(3.) The remission on account of Shavi or withered crops was granted according to the practice of the District for Wet lands only, and the amount under this head fell short of that of the last Fasli by Rupees 3,578 as exhibited in the margin.* Such items as Choura and seed destroyed which had been hitherto remitted, under the general head of Shavi find no place in the remissions for Fasli 1269 in conformity to the Orders of Government and the Remissions for Shavi were only confined to such crops as had perished clearly from causes beyond the control of the Ryots. These remissions amounted to Rupees 1,591, as particularized in Statement, No. 5.

(4.) The Remissions on account of crops submerged, exceed those of the last Fasli by Rupees 1,673. This might be expected from the Season.* And the remissions were granted after proper inquiries, in those cases only, where the cultivation was proved to have been destroyed by excess of water in Tanks, without any fault of the Ryots, and when a second cultivation was known to be impossible.

(5.) The Remissions in the item of Tirva kammi exhibit a decrease of Rupees 8,653 below those of the last Fasli. The total amount under this head is only Rupees 1,491, and I am sorry it was still necessary to give it a place in the accounts. However, it would not have done in many cases to change suddenly the system pursued hitherto. The Ryots had not had time to throw up the Land if disinclined to cultivate it according to the class in which it was originally entered in the accounts. And where the impossibility of obtaining a supply of water was fully proved, I granted remissions to the extent stated above.

(6.) The amount remitted under the head of "Discretionary Remissions" was very inconsiderable, being only Rupees 289. It was allowed in two cases. Where the Ryots of certain Government villages having availed themselves of the irrigation of Tanks in the Zemindari villages, on payment of a certain sum, and it was thought nothing, but just to make a corresponding remission in their Assessment, and the indulgence was also extended to certain cases, where Tirvakammi was refused, but to levy the regular Assessment in full would have been inexpedient.

(7.) The allowance of remissions for Payamali is contrary to the instructions contained in the 10th Para. of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue under date the 9th November 1859,

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

but the heavy rains having swept away portions of the crops, whether by the breaching of Tanks or from inundation of the river and these losses not having been caused in any way by the neglect of the Ryots, remissions were granted as per orders* received subsequently amounting to Rupees 417, which is in excess of those of the preceding Fasli by Rupees 393.

(8.) With reference to Lands taken up on Kowle the instructions embodied in the Proceedings, marginally* mentioned, have been strictly followed. The Kowle remissions in the last Fasli were Rupees 18,348, and in this only amounted to Rupees 12,832. The Kowle Lands for the Fasli under review consist of those granted in the past Faslis, those given anterior to the orders of Government on this subject and after their receipt, a very limited extent of Land handed over subsequently in strict conformity with the conditions contained in them. The particulars of the Waste land so occupied is shown in the margin.

* Para. 2 of Proceedings dated 16th October 1859.

	Acres.
Land lying waste	95
above 5 years	210
Do. above 10 years	487
Do. immemorial	389
Jungle	1,181
Total	1,181

(9.) Reductions having been effected in the rates of Dry Assessment, according to the 5th Para. of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue, dated 5th November 1859, there is a decrease under the head of Taram Remission.

(10.) With reference to the items of remission above referred to, I beg to observe that the Proceedings dated 12th March 1860, modifying the former orders prohibitory of remissions, having only reached me when the Jamabandi of the Principal Division with the exception of three Taluks, had been closed, instructions had to be sent to the Tahasildars to institute the requisite inquiries into those items, and the granting of remissions did not come to a close at the time of the settlement as required by Para. 2 of the Proceedings of the Board, dated 23rd May 1860, No. 2494. Indeed, Shavi Remissions can never apparently be disposed of much before the end of April. And this year owing to the late date at which the inquiries were commenced and the remissions granted, it was not practicable to send the Settlement Report prior to the close of August as directed in the Proceedings quoted in the margin,* although the Jamabandi of the whole of the Principal Division in other respects had been conducted before the end of April.

* Para. 2 Proceedings dated 7th July 1859.

10. The particulars of sundry items are exhibited at the back of Statement No. 4. There is a decrease of Rupees 2,810 in the item of Pullari and Grass Tax, which is attributable in part to loss of cattle, in part to the remission of Pullari in localities, where the Waste Lands had been brought under cultivation and assessed at the Taram Rates. In the Item of Palmyra and Fruit trees, there appears a decrease of 219 Rupees, which is the result of no applications having been forth coming and the rules laid down, by the Regulation noted in the margin,* on the subject of Topes standing in Ryots Holdings having been brought into operation. The decrease of Rupees 118, in the attached Khandrigas is owing to the cultivation in them having been ill-conducted. The increase in the item of Enam Jodi-Astabagam, Chaturbhagam, and Stalakarnam's Rums, has been the result of a favourable Season, and extended cultivation.

(1.) In the Items of Jungle Chayaroot and Firewood, there happens an increase from the circumstance of there having increased offers.

EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED WITH SUGAR-CANE, COTTON AND INDIGO.

11. Statement No. 7 is intended to show to what extent, the cultivation of Sugar-cane, Cotton and Indigo is carried on in the year under review. From the abstract Statement in the margin,* it will be seen that the culture of the two latter articles is on the increase, Cotton being one of the staples of the District and the prices of both

	Fasli 1268	Fasli 1269	Increase	Decrease
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
*Sugar-cane	24	13	...	11
Cotton	11,975	13,104	1,129	...
Indigo	29,553	27,968	7,415	...
Total	32,552	41,085	8,544	11

articles being equally high and remunerative to the producer.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT OF THE GENERAL RESULT OF THE LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT COMPARED WITH THE PRECEDING FASLI.

12. In accordance with the Circular quoted in the margin,* an Abstract Statement showing the Land Revenue Demands of the present and past Faslis compared is appended below :—

*No. 3,461 dated 2d September 1859 Paragraph 17 Col. 11.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268	Fasli 1269	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ryots' Holdings...	13,61,910	13,23,470	...	38,440
Entire Waste fields remitted	1,08,008	79,611	...	28,397
Remainder...	12,53,902	12,43,859	...	10,043
Particulars of Remainder.				
Actual Cultivation	11,83,212	11,47,230	...	40,982
Waste charged and Shamilat Banjar	65,690	96,629	3,939	...
Second Crop Assessment or Fassal Jasti	12,53,902	12,43,859	30,939	40,982
Additional Do. or Tirva Jasti	5,951	9,348	3,397	...
Remissions as per No. 4	15,349	16,709	1,359	...
Sundry items as per No. 4	12,75,202	12,69,915	35,695	40,982
Remainder	1,42,945	42,059	...	1,00,889
Total as given in No. 3	11,32,254	12,27,856	95,602	...
Net Increase	1,94,205	1,93,419	...	786
As per Statement No. 10	13,26,459	14,21,275	95,602	786
Amāni	30	35	5	...
One year's Rent	680	400	...	280
Three years' Rent	36,635	37,407	772	...
Srotiam	81,620	81,390	...	230
Peshcush	4,20,462	4,20,462	...	...
Total Land Revenue	5,39,427	5,39,694	777	510
Net Increase	18,65,886	19,60,969	95,593	510

(1.) The increase in the Demand over that of last Fasli is partly the result of the reduction in the rates of Dry, Wet and Garden Assessment. But it must not be forgotten that with this reduction, the prices of Grain have risen very considerably. For several years past, prices have stood above the commutation and this favorable state of affairs has been accompanied by an outlay on Public Works, which wholly inadequate though it be to meet the wants of the District, has nevertheless been a great advance on the old system. It has tended to raise the rates of labour and good wages have given good markets.

* Dated 9th November 1859,
Para. 2.

† Talamatti according to
the old. Nellore according to
the New Division of the Dis-
trict.

(3) * Of the two Villages, which had been under one year's Rent in the last Fasli, as per Statement No. 10, one, the Village of Gonupalli having been let, for the present year under three year's Rent, there is a decrease of 280 Rupees in the former head.

Fasli.	Villages.	Demand.
1268	54	36,635
1269	55	37,407
Increase...	1	772

(4) The increase of 772 Rupees under the head of 3 years' Rent is the consequence of enhanced offers having been made as shown in the margin.*

(5) The decrease of 230 Rupees under the head of Srottriam Jodi was occasioned by a reduction as per marginal* Proceedings in the Quit Rent of the Srottriam Villages of Rends Hissala Vaviletipadu and Kissa Vaviletipadu in consequence of certain fields pertaining to them having been, it was declared, rendered uncultivable by improvements to the Tank of the Government Village of Vavveru.

SUNDY SOURCES OF REVENUE.				
* ITEMS.	Fasli 1268	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Abkari...	36,124	36,124	...	...
2 Motarfa ...	16,134	16,384	250	...
3 Salt...	6,32,720	6,16,187	...	16,533
4 Sea Customs	680	335	...	345
5 Frontier Duties...	...	...	...	...
6 Stamps	22,502	25,457	2,955	...
	7,08,160	6,94,487	3,205	16,678
		Net Decrease...		13,673

SUNDY SOURCES OF REVENUE.—13.
A comparative State-
ment exhibiting the
difference between
the last and present
Fasli in the Demands
for the six items
known as Sundry
Sources of Revenue
is entered in the
margin.

(1) There is an increase of Rupees 250 in the Motarfa Revenue, the particulars of which are shown in Statement No. 8, and it arose from this Tax being levied with reference to the state of merchandize.

(2) The increase of Rupees 2,955 in Stamps is owing to the large sale of Stamps of high price.

(3) Statement No. 10, exhibits a net decrease of Rs. 16,533 under the head of Salt, and an Abstract of it is entered below :—

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Home Consumption.	2,03,799	2,19,507	15,708	...
Inland Consumption.	3,97,662	3,67,399	...	30,272
Foreign Consumption.	31,239	29,151	...	2,088
	6,32,610	6,16,048	1,798	32,360
Extra Revenue.	110	139	29	...
Total...	6,32,720	6,16,187	15,827	32,360
		Net Decrease...		16,513
Decrease in sales below Fasli 1268.	...	...	...	71,053
Increase by the enhancement of Rates.	...	...	...	57,573

Net Decrease.. 10,443

(4) It must be understood however that were it not for the enhancement of the rates to the amount of Rupees 57,514, there would occur a decrease of Rupees 74,074 in the collections below the preceding Fasli; but I must also observe, that a sum of Rupees 12,964, collected in Fasli 1267 from the 16th to the 30th June 1858, which were included in the collections of Fasli 1268, being deducted from the amount of decrease, the actual decrease would prove to be only Rupees 61,083. This decrease chiefly occurs in the item of Inland consumption, and may be localized without much research. In Padarti there has been a decrease of Rupees 26,652, which is the result of the Bringarries, who, two years ago, deserted Chinna Ganjam having since returned to that Depot. In Tada, there is a decrease of Rupees 11,205 and this is attributable to the Railway.

(5) The decrease in the item of Sea Customs is attributable to the exportation of Goods to France, which had been carried on a large scale in the preceding Fasli at the port of Kotabatom, having fallen this year, and an increase of three Rupees having occurred from the augmented importation of gair from Karikal. The result is a net decrease 345 Rupees in the Sea Customs duties.

14. An Abstract Statement showing the Revenue from Land and Sundry Sources in comparison with the preceding Fasli is here under entered. The amounts given in this Statement correspond with the totals of Land Revenue and Sundry Sources contained in Enclosure A. to Statement No. 10.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Peshcush...	4,20,462	4,20,462	...	...
Srottriams...	78,669	78,439	...	230
Amarams...	2,624	2,624	...	...
Kattubadis...	327	327	...	...
	81,820	81,390	...	230
3 years' Rent	36,635	37,407	772	...
1 year's Rent	680	409	...	280
Ryotwar	13,26,459	14,21,275	94,816	...
Amari	30	35	5	...
Total Land Revenue.....	18,65,896	19,60,969	95,073	519
Abkari.	36,124	36,124	...	...
Motarfa	16,134	16,384	25	...
Salt	6,32,720	6,16,187	...	16,533
Sea Customs	680	335	...	345
Frontier Duties	...	...	...	...
Stamps	22,502	25,457	2,955	...
	7,08,160	6,94,487	3,205	16,678
Total Land and Sundry Sources.....	25,74,046	26,55,466	81,410	17,328
		Net increase...		51,410

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	De-crease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sevoy Jumma.....	5,281	6,986	1,705	...
Interest.....	1,154	666	...	588
Total.....	6,435	7,552	1,705	588

REMARKS ON THE SEVOY JUMMA AND INTEREST.—15. In the items of Extra Revenue and Interest exhibited in the margin,* there occurs a net increase of Rupees 1,117, according to the entries in Statement No. 9, which is the result chiefly of the large "collections after the Settlement"

and of a large amount, which had hitherto been kept in Deposit in the gross, having been in the present Fasli brought to account under proper heads. There is also a decrease under a few heads, the particulars of which are given in Statement No. 9.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

D. C. AND B. OF ALL SOURCES OF REVENUE.—16. The Demand, Collection and Balance of all sources of Revenue, as exhibited in Statement No. 11, are entered below :—

ITEMS.	Fasli 1269 Demand.	Collections up to the end of June.	Subsequent collections up to the end of August.	Total collections.	Balance.
1 Land Revenue	Rs. 19,60,969	Rs. 18,52,243	Rs. 65,493	Rs. 19,17,741	Rs. 43,228
2 Sundry Sources of Revenue	6,94,487	6,92,917	969	6,93,885	601
Total	26,55,456	25,45,160	66,467	26,11,627	43,829
3 Extra Revenue...	6,986	6,697	73	6,770	216
4 Interest...	660	542	...	542	24
Total	26,63,008	25,52,399	66,540	26,18,839	44,069

The per centage of balance on the demand being... .. Rupees 1 10 6

The particulars of the balance, which are given in Statement No. 11 are briefly reviewed below :—

1st. There is a balance of Rupees 2,307 under the head of "Permanently Settled," which is due from the Zamindari of Muttiyalapadu and the palem of Vudathawar and Chittetiwar.

The demand against the two latter Estates being payable from the Russums or Fees, which are collected by Government in connection with the Land Revenue, necessary steps have been adopted for their early collection, and arrangements have been made also for the speedy payment of the balance outstanding against Muttiyalapadu. The balance of Peshkash Rupees 659 due from the Pallayagar of Gangulavaru having been still unpaid, orders have been issued for the attachment of the village in question.

2d. With reference to the balance of Rupees 10,706 outstanding against Srotriams, the requisite arrangements have been made for its realization; and a separate Report will be forwarded on these balances.

3d. The balance of Rupees 275, in the items of 3 years' Rent, will be soon realized.

4th. There is a Ryotwar balance of Rupees 29,905, which bears a per centage rates of Rupees 2-1-8 to the demand. Measures have been taken for the speedy collection of the above balance and particular attention will be paid to the realization of this item during the coming settlement.

5th. The balance of Rupees 600 under the head of Motaria and of Rupees 216 in the item of Extra Revenue will be soon levied together with the balance under the head of Land Revenue.

6th. The requisite steps have been taken for the speedy realization of the balance of Rupees 24 in the item of interest due by the Zamindar of Venkatagheri.

17. Statement No. 13 exhibits, Fasliwar, the old balances still outstanding with particulars; an Abstract of which is shown below :—

DEMAND, COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF ARREARS.

ITEMS.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Peeshkash...	99,000 15 9	550 9 0	98,459 6 9	98,032 6 2	711 11	96,040 2 1	2,419 4 8	
Srotriams...	40,378 5 11	...	40,378 5 11	11,996 6 9	1,502 12 7	13,498 3 4	26,880 2 7	
Rents for 3 years...	8,553 0 6	1,673 8 2	6,879 8 4	6,274 7 7	...	6,274 7 7	605 0 9	
Rents for 1 year	902 8 7	...	902 8 7	73 7 11	...	73 7 11	823 0 8	
Ryotwar...	86,633 11 8	29,395 0 7	57,238 11 1	40,687 11 4	294 3 11	46,931 15 3	10,356 11 10	
Stalakarans...	2,972 12 2	1,064 8 1	1,906 4 1	1,117 10 3	20 8 2	1,138 2 5	708 1 8	
Division of produce	120 6 0	...	120 6 0	57 7 2	...	57 7 2	62 14 10	
Total Land Revenue Balance...	2,38,573 12 7	32,685 9 10	2,05,885 2 9	1,62,238 9 2	1,825 4 7	1,64,063 13 9	41,821 5 0	
Alkari...	1,088 9 0	...	1,088 9 0	1,088 9 0	...	1,088 9 0	...	
Motaria...	2,705 1 3	1,361 2 8	1,343 14 7	1,086 2 0	5 4 2	1,031 6 2	252 8 5	
Servey Jamma...	3,328 12 1	1,518 7 8	1,815 4 5	625 11 2	...	625 11 2	1,189 9 3	
Interest...	770 14 5	...	770 14 5	770 14 5	...	770 14 5	...	
Total Sundry...	7,893 4 9	2,574 10 4	5,018 10 5	3,671 4 7	5 4 2	3,576 8 9	1,442 1 8	
Grand Total...	2,46,464 1 4	35,560 4 2	2,10,903 13 2	1,55,809 13 9	1,820 8 9	1,67,640 6 6	43,263 6 8	

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

* 19th July 1859 No. 2827
 31st October 1859 No. 3990
 21st January 1860 No. 264
 16th June 1860 No. 2857

* RECOMMENDATION REGARDING THE IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS FOR REMISSION.

The sum of Rupees 35,560-4-2 shown in Column *3 as remitted in Fasli 1269, was remitted according to the Proceedings of the Board noted in the margin.*

18. The Balance, Rupees 43,263-6-8 shown in Column 3, as the total balance outstanding at the close of August may be classed from inquiries made at the time of the last Settlement and subsequently as follows:—

ITEMS.	Balances outstanding at the close of August last.		Recoverable.		Doubtful.		Irrecoverable.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Peshkash.....	2,419	4 8	46	5 6	2,372	15 2	...	...
Srotriams.....	25,880	2 7	3,319	0 0	5,139	0 11	18,422	1 6
Rents for 3 years.....	605	0 9	25	8 9	...	...	579	8 0
Rents for 1 year.....	829	0 8	829	0 8	...	...	...	...
Ryotwar.....	10,256	11 10	5,385	8 7	115	13 1	4,725	5 2
Stalakarnams.....	768	1 8	141	8 1	120	1 3	506	8 4
Division of produce.....	62	14 10	8	8 7	...	...	53	9 3
Total Land Revenue Balance.....	41,821	5 0	9,750	5 2	7,777	14 5	24,293	1 5
Abkari.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Motarf.....	252	8 6	163	14 9	...	...	88	9 8
Sevoy Jamina.....	1,189	9 3	894	14 9	...	...	294	19 6
Total Sundry Balance.....	1,442	1 8	1,058	13 6	...	...	383	4 2
Grand Total.....	43,263	6 8	10,809	2 8	7,777	14 5	24,676	5 7

(1.) Measures have been taken for the collection of the amount of Rupees 10,809-2-8 appearing under the Head "Recoverable."

Paliums.	Fasli 1267.		Fasli 1269.		Total.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
* Urtawar.....	1,448	8 6	...	...	1,448	8 6
Chittetiwar.....	699	13 5	224	9 3	924	6 8
Total.....	2,148	5 11	224	9 3	2,372	15 2

(3.) This Peshkash balance is due from the Urtawar and Chittetiwar Paligars; and it is possible that the collections on account of their Russums, for the past Fasli will eventually leave a surplus available for the liquidation of the arrears in question. If this however, should not prove to be the case, this arrear will be specially reported on in submitting the Report on these Paliputs, called for in the Proceedings of Government under date 10th July 1860 No. 1135. A sum of Rupees 5,259-2-2, included in the above head is outstanding on Srotriams as shown in the Margin* and refers chiefly to lands taken up for Roads, Canals, beds of Tanks, unproductiveness of soil &c. These cases being still under trial and unsettled, the balance is for present included under the above head and will be disposed of in the final report, which I hope to submit shortly, in accordance

* No. 1762.
 † No. 89.

to the orders* of Government under date the 24th December 1859 and para. 4 of my Report† of the 21st June last.

* Rs. A. P.
 145 13 1

(4.) The Ryotwar balance under the Head of "Doubtful" consists of boundary disputes and other items not yet settled.

Faslies.	Ayen.		Stalakarnams.		Other Items.		Total.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
1263	2	7 7	...	...	...	...	2	7 7
64	170	1 11	1	11 2	...	...	171	13 1
65	5,019	1 4	69	1 0	25	1 2	5,113	3 6
66	4,893	5 3	94	1 2	70	6 5	5,057	12 10
67	4,961	2 10	97	11 0	23	1 10	5,081	15 8
69	3,375	14 9	65	15 0	12	11 5	3,454	9 2
Total	18,422	1 8	328	7 4	131	4 10	18,881	13 10

	Rs.	A. P.
Tallapudi.....	87	12 10
Bandapalli.....	393	13 7
Narikellapalli.....	632	6 3
Devarapalem.....	330	14 0
Anantapuram.....	1,133	2 0
Ramachendrapuram.....	210	7 8
Nagamambapuram.....	432	0 0
Venkanapuram.....	374	10 6
Ahmapadu.....	2,749	11 7
Pallapohi.....	2,628	4 6
Yerrapalli.....	682	11 0
Pachedu Khandriga.....	535	14 11
Turpu yarraballi.....	2,011	8 3
Dubagunta.....	410	3 6
Mannangadinna.....	813	13 3
Narayanapuram.....	559	9 0
Allimadugu.....	519	15 7
Petturi Chemartivari Khandriga.....	514	4 0
Total	14,851	2 5

(5.) IRRECOVERABLE.—
 The particulars of the Srotriam balance that forms so large a part of the amount set down as "Irrecoverable" are shown in the Margin.* An inquiry having been instituted on the subject of Srotriam Balance under the Proceedings of the Board dated 24th December 1859 No. 1,762 the proprietors of the Srotriams noted in the Margin* signified their inability to pay the arrears, and their Srotriams 18, in number, have been consequently resumed, leaving a balance outstanding against them as shown in the Margin of Rupees 14,851-2-5. From the State-

Srotriam Balance Report dated 21st June last, it would appear that 12 Srotriams only had to be finally resumed; but I beg now to explain that the Proprietors of Addepalli and Munalapudi Srotriams having subsequently paid their arrears and the Proprietors of Gundlapalem having agreed to pay by instalments, of those 12 Srotriams, these 3 Srotriams were returned to the Proprietors; and the number of Srotriams shown in my letter was thus reduced to 9. On the other hand, the Proprietors of Tallapudi, Nagamambapuram and Dubagunta Srotriams having in the first instance promised to pay and the Proprietors of 6 other Srotriams viz. 1 Narikellapalli, 2 Turpu yarraballi, 3 Mannangadinna, 4 Narayanapuram, 5 Allimadugu and 6 Petturi Chimartivari Khandriga, not enquired into at the time of my report, having subsequently, stated that they could not pay the arrears, their Srotriams have been necessarily resumed, and thus the total number of Srotriams finally resumed in the year under notice is 18 in addition to Tummagunta formerly resumed,* on which again there is a balance of Rs. 1,127-12-8 due for Fasli 1265, which added to the balance against the Srotriams resumed this year, makes a total of Rs. 15,078-15-1. The holders of the Srotriams marginally noted* having, in pursuance of clause 1st para. 16 of the Proceedings of Government under date the 24th December last, expressed their willingness to be put in possession of their Srotriams, provided that the arrears prior to Fasli 1265 be written off, the Srotriams have been put in their possession and these arrears Rupees 2,388-11-10 have been included under the head Irrecoverable. The arrears

* Under the orders of Government dated 25th November 1856.

	Rs.	A. P.
Gollapalem.....	1,107	5 10
Vogurapadu.....	478	3 0
Nagulavaram.....	803	3 0
Total.....	2,388	11 10

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

	Fasli 1267.		Fasli 1268.		Total.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Rendo Hissala Vaviletipadu.....	154	1 10	154	1 10	308	3 8
Hissa Vaviletipadu.....	80	0 0	81	13 5	161	13 5
Total.....	234	1 10	235	15 3	470	1 1

There is a balance of Rupees 44-1-10 on Anupallipadu Srotriam for Fasli 1265 included under this head, which was recommended by my Predecessor Mr. Elton to be remitted, and has similarly been entered as Irrecoverable. And adding together these several items

19. Srotriams permanently attached.....	15,973	15	1
3. Srotriams made over to the Proprietors remitting old Balances.....	2,388	11	10
Hissa Vaviletipadu and Rendo Hissala Vaviletipadu.....	470	1	1
Land occupied by Krishnapatnam Road of Anupallipadu Village.....	44	1	10
Total Rupees.....	18,881	13	10

have been so entered after close enquiry.

FASLIS.	Rents for 3 Years.		Ryotwar.		Government State-karnams.		Dowl Izafa.		Division of Produce.		Motafai.		Total.								
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.							
1255	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	15	2	...	...	...	12	15	5						
1256	...	...	...	...	0	0	6	...	1	0	...	...	0	1	6						
1257	...	...	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	1						
1258	...	...	42	15	7	...	...	0	7	...	...	...	42	0	2						
1259	...	...	54	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	1	7						
1260	...	...	34	2	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	2	7						
1261	...	...	106	1	9	7	12	7	...	...	...	...	113	14	4						
1262	...	...	232	8	11	7	1	1	...	...	...	...	239	10	10						
1263	...	...	90	9	9	...	...	75	13	10	...	...	166	7	2						
1264	...	...	226	1	2	8	1	5	...	...	3	2	237	4	10						
1265	...	...	300	8	1	0	7	5	39	11	7	...	347	5	6						
1266	...	47	14	7	521	12	4	4	...	...	6	10	5	347	5	6					
1267	...	531	9	5	324	4	6	14	2	9	59	9	3	639	3	9					
1268	...	...	2,789	2	10	136	0	1	44	8	9	...	68	4	10	3,038	0	6			
	579	8	0	4,725	6	2	178	1	0	294	10	6	59	9	3	88	9	8	5,925	12	7

(6.) The sum of Rupees 579-8-0 included in the above balance under the head of "Rents for three years" is outstanding on Ramasagaram, a rented village of the Saidapuru Taluk. This village was rented out in 1854-55 to the Ryots at an enhancement of 31 per cent. and the first 2 years Rents were paid all but Rupees 47-14-7. In the following year, however, viz. 1857 the Tank was breached and heavy arrears were the result, of which Rupees 531-9-5 were outstanding, when I made the Jamabandi of the Taluk last December. The village had been unlucky. Their Tank in 1859 had been again breached just before I went there and, on my visiting it, I found it in a deplorable condition, and nearly empty. The village is poverty stricken. The Rent had been raised more from private feelings than with reference to the

out-standing on Rendo Hissala Vaviletipadu and Hissa Vaviletipadu Srotriams of Rupees 470-1-1 having been ordered to be written off under the Orders of Government dated 28th April 1860, No. 675 have also been included under the above head.

as shown in the Margin* makes a gross total of Rs. 18,881-13-10, including Russams for writing off which I beg to recommend that the requisite sanction be duly obtained. The Ryotwar Balances under the head Irrecoverable are shown below, and

NELLORE.

assets. When subsequently let in Fasli 1263, the rent had fallen 56 per cent. and although there is property to meet the balance in part, still its collection, it appeared to me, would seriously impair the scanty resources of the village, which had to bear the additional loss of the Wet crop, of the year under report. And, under these circumstances, I directed the Tasildar to suspend collections, and now request that the Board will be pleased to recommend the total

	Rs.	A. P.
Death	112	9 10
Absconded	259	3 8
Poverty	1,115	7 6
Other Reasons	3,858	15 7
Total	5,346	4 7

balance viz. Rupees 579-8-0 for Remission. The other items of the Total amount entered as irrecoverable are shown in the margin.* the amount appearing under the first three heads calls for no special remark. That, however, under the fourth head, demands some explanation, which I give below:—

1st. There is a balance of Rupees 1,030-1-7 on boundary disputes spread over a period of 10 years as shown in the margin. Of this sum, most part consists

Boundary Disputes.		Rs.	A. P.
1257	3	0	11
1258	42	15	7
1259	54	1	7
1260	34	2	7
1261	98	4	4
1262	226	14	0
1263	163	3	3
1264	152	3	3
1265	134	7	11
1266	120	12	2
Total	1,030	1	7

of disputes between detached Zemindari or Srotriam villages and Government villages, where the disputed boundary not having been settled up to the time, the collections have either not been made at all, on the debated land or have been realized by the Zamindar &c. In other cases, the balance is really only nominal. Two villages claim the Land. Both enter it in their accounts but one only pays; and the dispute not being settled, the entry in the accounts of the other village stands over as a balance

I regret much that it has not been in my power to dispose of all these cases myself. But I have not had the time, and now think it better to leave them to be disposed of by the Settlement Officers, who, with the aid of the Survey Department, will be able to dispose of them more satisfactorily. And, as in whatever way, these cases may be finally settled, it will not, I presume, where judgment is given in favor of Government, be deemed, advisable, to collect more than three years' arrears; I beg to recommend that the balance up to Fasli 1266 under this head, with a small remission made this year for special reasons at the Jamabandi of Rupees 61-0-4 making a total of Rupees 1,094-1-11, as shown in the margin, may be recommended for Remission.

2ndly. There is a balance of Rupees 157-11-4 outstanding on 5 Khandrigas which are under the management of Government, after having been attached for Arrears of Revenue and are irrecoverable, in consequence of the actual out turn falling short of the Jodi. I propose to report on this subject hereafter as the Khandrigas, it seems to me, should come under the same rules as the Srotriams.

3rdly. Rupees 74-3-6, is a balance due on Enams left waste from the desertion of Enamdar's from the unproductiveness of the soil, and from the poverty of the Holders, which have, I find been usually admitted, as grounds for Remissions in this District and were duly ascertained at the last Settlement. And, for this year, I beg to recommend may be written off.

4thly. Maniems of some of the village servants having become unprofitable and unfit for cultivation, and other lands having been cultivated by them instead, the collection of the Assessment on these Lands has been suspended and is classed now according to custom as irrecoverable.

5thly. There is a balance of Rupees 884-14-1 on account of Kanchas and Pullari accrued from Fasli 1261. It arises chiefly from loss of cattle and some pasture lands being under dispute and also is swollen by remissions usually allowed as regards Pullari, to certain classes whose shares are entered as "irrecoverable."

6thly. Rupees 314-5-6 is the balance on some villages in the Udayagiri Taluk, being the difference between the higher rates the villagers paid previous and after the orders of Govern-

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

ment in Fasli 1266, assessing at Rupees 15-10-0 each Gortu of Garden land irrigated by Wells situated on the immediate bank of the River. An inquiry was instituted by the Head Assistant Collector on the subject, and it having been found with reference to those orders that this balance should have been remitted, it has been entered accordingly as irrecoverable.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Shavi.....	147	14	7
Fasli jasti.....	264	7	1
Tirva jasti.....	417	1	7
Vendra &c.....	829	7	3

7thly. Rupees 827-7-3 comprise the ordinary items noted in the Margin,* which ought to have been remitted before the closing of the Jamabandi accounts, but not having been thus settled, have now been classed as irrecoverable.

8thly. Rupees 59-9-3 is a balance on Bhinavaram in the Udayagiri Taluk for Fasli 1266. This village was attached in the above Fasli. But as the Government sanctioned some reduction in the rates of Garden lands for Fasli 1265 and the villagers had paid the whole of their Assessment for that year previous to the date of the receipt of the above sum was ordered to be suspended by the late Collector from subsequent collections and has been now classed under the head irrecoverable.

EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE PROCESS WAS EMPLOYED IN THE COLLECTION OF THE REVENUE.

Divisions.	Landed Property.	Personal Property.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Principal Division.....	84	8,815	8,899
Sub-division.....	304	4,439	4,743
Total...	388	13,754	13,642

CHARGES.

20. Statement No. 14 is intended to show the collections and charges with the rate at which the latter fall upon the Revenue in this District; and an abstract statement is given at the bottom of the above statement in pursuance of para. 15 of the Board's Proceedings marginally noted.*

Items.	Fasli 1262.	Fasli 1269.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sibbandi and Saderward.....	2,57,724	2,43,591	14,133
Extra Charges.....	72,166	63,559	8,604
Total...	3,29,887	3,07,150	22,737

The items of these Charges are as per Margin.* The decrease in the former item arises from Mr. Elton, the Collector, being on leave, and the Salary of the Sub-Collector not being drawn from this Treasury, as he was employed in other Districts, as also from the places of several Tahsildars and others being vacant and from the cost of paper supplied to Karnams not being entered in the accounts within the close of the Fasli under report. The excess of charges incurred by the augmentation of Deputy Collectors is nearly compensated by the reduction of the number and of the salaries of the Saristadars. The decrease in the latter item must be chiefly attributed to the charges of the manufacture of Salt and of its carriage being not entered in the accounts within the close of Fasli as sanction had not been obtained by that time. The increase in the Refunds of Stamps is accounted for by the disbursements having been entered under proper heads throughout the year.

WORKING OF THE NEW SYSTEM OF VILLAGE AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.

21. The Village as well as Taluk accounts are prepared according to the forms furnished by the Board of Revenue and measures have been taken during the settlement time to make the Karnams prepare their accounts systematically. The Registers A.

19. The actual value of property attached for the arrears of Revenue is noted in the Margin. Of this amount, a portion of a field and valued at Rs. 11 and personal property to the amount of Rupees 243 only have been put up to sale as yet. The particulars of the property zuffed are exhibited in Enclosures to statement No. 13.

and B. have been prepared and cursorily examined in every Taluk of the Principal Division, with the exception of Saidapuru. The preparation of these accounts according to the New Manual has been found to be of great use in this District. But as the Assessment on dry land has been entered in those accounts according to the former rates instead of revised ones, it was my intention that the requisite steps should be taken to get them prepared afresh as soon as sanction is obtained for paper with reference to my Estimate* now, however, as the Survey and settlement of the District is to be at once taken in hand, it does not seem advisable to prepare fresh accounts, and my Estimate for the coming year will be modified accordingly.

22. Four of the Government Servants in this District have acquired Lands to a small extent on Pattas at ordinary rates of Assessment. But I propose to report on this question subsequently as further explanations have yet to be received.

23. When I took charge of the District in October last, I found Mr. Whiteside in charge of the Sub-division. But, Mr. Minchin, the Sub-Collector reverted to his confirmed appointment in time to conduct the Jamabandi of the Sub-division and, as it is probable, from Mr. Minchin's standing in the service, that he will not again be called on to resume a Subordinate Post, it is, I think, my duty to place on Record, the high opinion I entertain of the Administrative skill displayed by him in the management of the Sub-division of this District. It has been Mr. Minchin's good fortune much to his own credit, to have collected around him several native officials of unimpeached integrity, high educational attainments, and great industry. And that, during the many years, Mr. Minchin has been in charge, the Ryots of the Sub-division, have greatly benefitted by the combined exertions of Mr. Minchin and his Subordinates cannot, I believe, admit of a doubt. And it is, with sincere pleasure, that I perform what I consider my duty, and bring these gratifying circumstances to the favorable notice of the Board.

24. Mr. Whiteside is now again in charge of the Sub-division. Since Mr. Minchin left the District, I have been deprived of the Services of the Deputy Collector in charge of Salt of the Deputy Collector attached to this District with reference to the Zamindaries, and, for many months of my Saristadar, who has been dangerously ill, it has therefore been necessary for me to ask Mr. Whiteside's aid for much more than the duties specially attached to the Sub-division. And here again, I have to place on record with much pleasure the thanks I owe to Mr. Whiteside for the cordial co-operation, which he has afforded me. He has discharged with great efficiency not only his own duties as officiating Sub-collector, but also till recently, the greater part of the Magisterial duties devolving on the Head Assistant Collector.

25. The conduct of Mr. Subbarayulu Nayudu, Deputy Collector and Magistrate, I have been obliged already to report* upon. I am glad now to state that since his return from leave, Mr. Subbarayulu Nayudu has shown himself more attentive to his duties, and will, I trust by continuing to display the same zeal, enable me hereafter to send in a further report more favorable than I have been able to make as yet.

26. Mr. Cornelius Pillé the Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury is a most efficient Officer, in his special Department, and fully equal to the important and responsible duties that devolve on him. I have had occasion to comment on delays in the transaction of business, that I considered, might have been avoided; and I have been pleased to observe subsequently that those remarks have been attended to.

27. With Mr. Narayanaswami Mudeli, Deputy Collector in charge of the Salt, I have no fault to find. He is a zealous, honest, hardworking Officer, in whom, I have full confidence and to whose upright character and well directed efforts, I took for a steady improvement in the Salt Revenue and quality of Salt supplied to the consumers. His absence on special duty

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SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

has been a matter of great regret to me. And it is with equal pleasure I hear, that he is shortly to return to the District.

28. I have mentioned above, that Báru Venkata Ráo, my Saristadar, has been for many months dangerously ill. Fortunately for me, his sickness did not attack him till after the Jamabandi had been concluded, and to his zealous co-operation during his Jamabandi, I gladly bear witness. Called on to carry out the Orders of Government on the subject of Remissions in a District, with which I was entirely unacquainted, I could but anticipate considerable difficulties. Remissions had always been given in Nellore to a large amount, and not only was the old system to be abandoned, but the Jamabandi of the whole of the Principal Division was to fall on one Saristadar instead of four. That the Orders of Government were rigidly adhered to, and the Jamabandi closed by the 1st of April, I owe to the influence and unceasing exertions of Báru Venkata Ráo, who fully deserves that I should bring his conduct thus fully to the favorable notice of the Board.

29. In the general constitution and members of the whole Revenue Establishment of the District, great changes have been made. Many old servants have withdrawn from active employment, amongst whom, I may with propriety specially refer to Mr. Thomas Ward* senior, whose services, extending over a period of 54 years, had been acknowledged by Government by a special personal grant of Rupees 20. And many others, it has been necessary to throw out of employ consequent on the introduction of the New Police. Thus altered and modified, it would be premature for me to express any opinion as yet, as to general efficiency. Several new servants of promise, have been introduced. With those who have been retained, as a general rule, I am well pleased. And I look forward with confidence to being able to report next year, should the task devolve on me, that the New Scale of Establishments has been successfully introduced and as regards the Principal Division may be considered by the Board as fully equal to the work.

30. Mr. Whiteside, it will be observed, speaks well of his late Saristadar, Gópálaya, since appointed Deputy Collector in the Inám Commission; whose merits are thus too well attested to need further comment from me and to whom I specially referred in speaking of the Subordinates of unimpeachable integrity by whom Mr. Minchin had succeeded in surrounding himself in the Sub-division. Mr. Whiteside further speaks favorable of P. Venkatakrishnama Náyudu, his new Saristadar, who will, I trust, follow the good example set him by his immediate Predecessor in that post.

PODALAKURU,
13th October, 1860.

(Signed) J. W. B. DYKES.

Collector.

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

I have the honor to forward the usual annual Report on the Settlement and collection of the revenues of the Sub-Division for Fasli 1269 (A. D. 1859-60) together with explanatory Statements drawn up in the prescribed form.

2. The Settlement for the Fasli under Report was conducted by Mr. Minchin in the villages entered in col. 5 of Statement, No. I.

3. The number of villages in the Division and the nature of tenure under which they are held, are identical with those in the previous Fasli, and all the villages except the Srotriam are settled upon pure Ryotwar principles.

Kavali.
Baddepudi.
Davangudur.
Ongole.
Inamanamallur.
Chendalur.

4. Out of the six Taluks noted in the margin, comprising the Sub-division, the only ones in which the wet cultivation is carried on to a considerable extent, are Kavali and Baddepudi, the produce raised in others being almost wholly dry.

5. The principal sources of irrigation are, as reported in previous years, tanks mainly dependent upon the local fall of rain.

6. The general statistical returns of population, agricultural stock, &c., were forwarded for Fasli 1266, and these being quinquennial, will not be again due till Fasli 1271. There have been no fluctuations of great moment to call for special notice. The number of pattas in the Fasli under report, all of which were renewed, exceeds that in the preceding one, by 886, which is partly to be ascribed to the Sub-division of joint pattas at the request of the ryots themselves, and partly to the creation of new ones, the ryots having taken up a considerable extent of land hitherto uncultivated in consequence of the reduction of assessment, and the enhanced and remunerative prices that prevailed.

7. The season of Fasli 1269 opened very favorably, as will be seen from the sub-joined Statement, which exhibits the quantity of rain that fell in the northern and southern Kasba Stations of the Division.

Month.	Ongole.			Ramapatam.		
	M.	I.	T.	M.	I.	T.
July 1859,	10	8	3	11	4	1
August "	7	2	1	4	0	0
September "	4	0	1	2	7	0
October "	0	3	0	0	4	0
November "	4	6	0	31	5	0
December "	5	7	0	1	6	0
January 1860,	0	0	0	0	0	0
February "	0	0	0	0	0	0
March "	0	0	0	0	0	0
April "	4	4	0	0	0	0
May "	0	0	0	0	0	0
June "	3	0	6	3	0	0

8. The scanty rain which fell in the month of May (Fasli 1268) though not of much use for purposes of cultivation, helped in the supply of pasture for cattle and drinking water in the tanks during the hot months; as also in ploughing lands to a certain extent in preparation for the early dry sowings.

9. Thus aided, the quantity of rain which fell in July, the beginning of the season under consideration, being in a great measure general and sufficient, led to extensive cultivation both in dry and wet lands. The early dry or "poonassa" cultivation in the Northern Taluks and the early wet or "Car" cultivation in the Southern ones were vigorously carried on, which under the copious falls in August, the crops in question thrived remarkably well and gave the ryots a good return notwithstanding the small quantity of rain in the succeeding month owing to which the crops on Garapa or rocky soils and wet crops on lands unfed by tanks were not quite so successful as they would otherwise have been.

10. The heavy falls in August which nearly filled the tanks in the Northern Taluks likewise offered an opportunity of sowing extensively the second series of dry crops known as "Mooduru" such as Jona, Indigo, Amcothaloo, &c., which thrived successfully, except in some few places.

11. Comparatively a small quantity of rain having fallen in the Southern Taluk of Baddepudi, and none at all in Kavali, in the month of September, both the early dry and wet cultivation in those Taluks proved to a certain extent failures. Still the ryots encouraged by the prospect of the approaching N. E. Monsoon, which set in at the commencement of November made extensive preparations for the later wet and dry crops, such as Pyra, Jona, &c., of the former, and Codavary of the latter, which by the heavy falls experienced in the month of November thrived remarkably well and yielded more than an ordinary out-turn, whilst the same description of crops, particularly the wet, which was extensively raised in the Northern Ta-

luks though in general favorable, was not, on the whole so successful as in the South, owing to the comparatively small quantity of rain which fell therein the month adverted to.

12. The heavy falls in this month having breached some of the smaller tanks in the Southern Taluks, they were immediately repaired, and but little water lost.

13. The seasonable rain fall in December was very advantageous to the latter wet crops of "Peshanum" and "Codavary" which turned out very well as also those crops on dry lands.

14. Thus the wet cultivation, this year, has yielded a very good return, while the dry has been particularly successful with the exception of Indigo, which has been to a certain extent a failure.

15. It will be seen that the fall of rain was in general sufficient, and so seasonable as to compensate to some extent for the rather scanty supply of water in the later portion of the season, and the ryots thus did not experience much loss.

16. The sanitary condition of the division, though generally satisfactory, was not so good as in the preceding Fasli, cholera, ague and small pox appeared in all the Taluks, and did some damage, although, not to any very remarkable degree. Notwithstanding the sufficiency of pasture and water for the cattle, Murrain broke out amongst them, particularly in the Northern Taluks, and was attended with a greater amount of mortality than in the preceding year.

17. The average prices of the different grains as shown in Statement, No. 11, are still higher than the commutation rates originally fixed, though it has fallen in a perceptible degree below the rates that obtained in the preceding Fasli particularly in the 1st and 2nd sort of paddy and horse gram.

The out-turn of the year, under report, would, no doubt have more than met the actual demand, and thus have still lowered the prices, had there not been large exports to Bengal and other places, which continued to keep them at a high standard.

18. Statement No. 3. gives the Dittum, or the total holding of the ryots, exclusive of the remission deducted from the ayen Beriz during and after the settlement.

ITEMS.	Extent Fasli 1268.	Assessment Fasli 1269.	Extent Fasli 1269.	Assessment Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dry,...	1,71,819	3,13,781	1,81,484	2,80,607	...	33,174
Wet, ...	20,672	1,20,644	21,630	124,660	4,016	...
Garden, ...	5,811	29,212	5,640	28,428	...	784

19. From the annexed comparative Statement of actual cultivation in Faslis 1268 and 1269, it will be found that the extent of land cultivated under the heads of dry and wet in the year under consideration is greater than in the preceding one. But it will likewise be seen that the assessment upon dry cultivation is considerably below that in last year. This apparent decrease is, in reality nominal, for the Reyayet, remissions granted in pursuance of the orders of the Board of Revenue under date the 18th August 1855, were in last year, first included under the gross assessment upon dry lands, and afterwards remitted under "Moonasal," or optional remissions; while in the year under report, the "Reyayet" alluded to, was at once deducted from the Taram Assessment itself, the remainder only being charged in accordance with the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 9th November 1859. Thus deducting the amount of "Reyayet" Rupees 51,563-4-0 from the gross Assessment upon dry dittum Rupees 3,36,137 of the preceding Fasli and comparing the result with that in the present Fasli Rupees 3,01,986 there is an actual increase of Rupees 17,412 under the head of dry in the year under report.

20. The actual cultivation in wet lands does not call for any special remark. The original Assessment thereon having been lately reduced, the cultivation under this head will naturally increase year by year unless prevented by an extremely unpropitious season.

21. The decrease of Rupees 784 under the head of Garden lands has mainly occurred in cultivation under wells for want of sufficient supply.

22. The aggregate waste charged to the Ryot under the different heads of Dry, Wet and Garden lands after the necessary remission was made for Wet Banjar in extreme cases on account of deficiency of supply, will be seen in the subjoined Statement:—

ITEMS.	Extent Fasli 1268.	Assessment Fasli 1268.	Extent Fasli 1269.	Assessment Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dry...	15,502	22,003	16,869	21,186	...	817
Wet...	402	1,882	440	2,147	265	...
Garden...	138	729	215	1,059	321	...

23. The increase of Rupees 586 under this Item over the preceding Fasli is entirely the waste charged on account of Wet and Garden lands, the Ryots having neglected to cultivate.

24. The decrease under the head dry, as exhibited in the above Abstract is only nominal for the reasons stated in para. 19. On the contrary an actual increase of upwards of Rs. 2,000 will be found, when the amount entered in column 5 under this head, is compared with that entered in column 3, deducting therefrom the "Reyayet" included, which amounts to upwards of Rupees 3,000.

25. The amount of remission granted this year under the head Sukti or withered crops being greater only by Rupees 4-1-0 than that in last year, calls for no remark. The total amount under this head absolutely considered is a great deal less than what would have been if the Ryots had not been previously informed that no remissions would be granted under any circumstances on account of "Sukti," which induced many of them to remove the withered crops from off the ground, and thereby deprived themselves of the benefit they would otherwise have shared.

26. The remission under the head "Payamali" is only Rupees. 5-14-9, and is too trifling to call for special mention.

27. The major portion of the remission under the head "Panibudthi" or lands inundated, was granted to the village of Caredu in the Baddepudi Taluk, where 53 acres of land in the bed of the tank, assessed at Rupees 173-6-0, were completely flooded and destroyed by the rain in July after the crops had sprouted.

28. No remission was granted under "Teerwa Camuni," the Wet or Garden lands cultivated with dry produce, having been charged with full Assessment.

29. The considerable decrease of Rupees 1,069-9-7, in the amount of Kowle remissions is partly owing to the comparatively small number of Kowles granted in the year under review, and partly to several of those that had been granted, having advanced, so as to pay the full Assessment.

30. No Sugar Cane is cultivated in the Division for reasons set forth in the previous reports. The falling off in the cultivation of Cotton is hardly worth notice, it may be attributed to the comparatively small quantity of rain during the middle of the season in the Northern Taluks. The considerable increase of Rupees 9,022-14-7, under Indigo Cultivation is only commensurate with the augmented demand from Madras.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

31. An Abstract of the Statement, No. 7, is appended hereto to facilitate reference.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Sugar cane.	...	...	...	...
Cotton.	3,365	3,139	..	226
Indigo.	22,714	31,737	9,023	...

32. As regards the Sundry Items, there is a considerable falling off in Poollary of upwards of Rupees 3,500, and it is caused by the Ryots having included, the pasturages, in their Patta holdings, with a view to prevent their passing into other hands. In such cases, the Taram Assessment being levied, "Poollary" is of course remitted; and the form of tax known as "Amanut" Sist has been realized with greater facility.

33. The trade in firewood from the jungles in the Baddephudi and Kavali Taluks has of late years greatly increased, and in consequence of the very high prices, that now obtain in Madras is extremely lucrative to the merchants engaged in it. The increase of Rupees 812-0-10 in this item is comparatively small this year, but my attention being attracted to extensive frauds that I find have prevailed in the cutting and sale of firewood, I am now instituting strict enquiries into the matter, of the result of which, I shall inform you in a separate communication. I have no doubt that if properly managed and attended to, the Revenue derived from the renting of the jungles, will form an important item in the accounts of the above mentioned Taluks.

34. Under other Sundry Items in the rent of Cheyroot &c., and Inam Jody an increase will be found. That, in the former, is attributable to an increase competition and that, in the latter, to a greater extent of wet cultivation having been carried on in the Inam Villages, and the consequent less amount of remission on account of waste.

35. Statement, No. 10, exhibits the general result of the year under consideration. The total land and Extra Revenue therein shown, give a net increase of Rupees 22,106-5-11, over the preceding Fasli 1268, which is not so much attributable to the superior nature of the season under review, as to the great reduction of Assessment upon Wet lands, and the enhanced and remunerative prices that have obtained for the last five years, and the consequent improved condition of the agricultural classes, who have, in some cases, increased their cultivation to a large extent in spite of even an insufficient supply of water.

36. Out of the Ryotwar demand of Rupees 5,20,906-7-2, upon the Sub-division, the amount realized up to 30th June is Rs. 5,05,521-14-6, leaving a balance of Rs. 15,384-8-8, the major portion of which, Rupees 9,805-10-10, was outstanding against the Kavali Taluk. A sum of Rupees 13,037-6-10, has since been collected, and the balance on the 31st July is only Rupees 2,347-1-10. This leaves a percentage of Rupees 0-7-2½, upon the total demand of the year, which though greater than in the preceding, falls short of the percentage of balance in 1267, when it was computed up to the 10th of August.

37. The collections of Srotriam Jodi have not, comparatively speaking, been as regular as those in Government villages for want of such facilities as are afforded in the latter. Out of the Srotriam demand of Rupees 18,020-15-8, the collections up to 31st July amounted to Rs. 16,514-11-6, leaving a balance of Rupees 1,506-4-2.

38. The other items of Revenue, call for no special remark.

39. The whole demand therefore for the Fasli under report including Land and Extra Sources is Rupees 5,74,210-7-3. The collections out of that sum, up to 30th June amount to Rupees 5,54,725-14-10, leaving a balance of Rupees 19,484-8-6, the major portion of which

has since been collected, the balance outstanding on the 31st July being only R. 4,178-14-3, which bears a percentage of Rupees 0-11-7½ upon the aggregate demand.

40. Statement No. 13, shows the balance of past Faslis upon the Division. The balance that remained upon the six Taluks exclusive of remissions Rupees 2,391-15-9, granted under the orders of the Board, is Rupees 16,086-13-7. Deducting therefrom the amount since collected Rupees 6,581-0-10, the arrears now outstanding against the Division are Rupees 9,505-12-9. Out of this amount again the sum entered as recoverable is Rupees 1,926-15-7, whilst almost the remainder being irrecoverable.

41. The enclosure to the Statement alluded to in the preceding Para. shows the extent of coercive process employed in the realization of Government dues. Though the demands issued in the present Fasli appear to be considerably more than in the preceding, the property actually attached falls short of that in last year, while the amount realized by actual sale is only about the 20th portion of the property attached, the ryots in most cases having paid these arrears before it was put up to auction.

42. With the exception of the period during which Mr. Minchin had the charge of the Civil Court at Masulipatam, he has resided within the limits of the Division.

43. My Report is submitted somewhat later than it would have been, owing to the delay experienced in getting in the accounts from the Kavali Taluk, and their being found incorrect in several particulars, and also, by the very sweeping reductions that have lately been made in the Sub-division Establishment, (the services of three Gumastas and two Javabnesses having been dispensed with) whereby the work to be done by the remaining Kacheri Servants is almost doubled. Some inconvenience was experienced in the removal of Gopalaya, the late Sub-division Sarristadar, to be Head Manager in the Cuddapah District, and his two next successors having only held the post for short periods of time. My present Sarristadar Venkata-kristnamah Naidu has only been with me about two months, he is now making himself thoroughly acquainted with the business of the Sub-division, and will, I have no doubt prove as valuable a Servant of Government as his predecessor, Gopalaya.

(Signed) W. S. WHITESIDE,

Officiating Sub-Collector.

NELLORE, SUB-COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
RAMAPATAM,
24th August 1860.

SETTLEMENT REPORT
OF
CUDDAPAH.

1. I have the honor to submit the Settlement Report of Fasli 1269.

2. The Settlement was commenced by the 2nd Class Deputy Collector on the 5th January, and completed by the Offg. Collector at Madanapalli on the 12th June 1860. The particulars are given in Statement No. 1.

3. On receiving charge of the District from Mr. Fraser, late Acting Collector on the 20th March, I found that he had by that time, only settled one Taluk. My subsequent settlement of two other Taluks accounts for the delay in the completion of the settlement, which was further protracted by my required presence at the unexpired examination.

4. There was no variation in the number and tenure of Villages. The transfer of 603 villages to Kurnool in Fasli 1268, accounts for the difference between this Statement, and that in Column 17 of Quinquennial Statement submitted to the Board in Fasli 1266. The number of unexpired pattas was 60,196; of renewed 65,000; the last chiefly owing to changes in holdings; when simple alterations in amount of land resigned, or taken up, in future occur, the suggestion of the Board in Proceedings No. 3,330 of 21st July 1860, will be carried out. Out of 56,119 Motarfá pattas, 50,064 were not renewed. The renewal of 6,055 originated in the deaths or other changes among the pattadars.

5. The season opened favourably, but after cultivation had commenced, great drought was experienced, particularly, in the Southern or Balaghaut Taluks as remarked by the Sub Collector. It was, on the whole, a better season than the preceding. A very heavy fall of rain in the North East Monsoon on the 18th November fully supplied the Tanks of the Eastern and Centre Taluks of the Principal Division, in the former several Tanks were breached but this rain did not much affect the Southern Taluks in which there was a lamentable scarcity of water, the result of which is exhibited in the less than half Crops recorded by the Sub Collector.

6. The average of the dry Crops enumerated in the margin, in black soils was $\frac{3}{4}$ in $\frac{1}{4}$ red and other soils from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ of a full Crop. The produce of wet lands dependent on Tanks and channels was below $\frac{3}{4}$ with the exception of Sugar cane and Indigo, which exceeded that average. The produce of garden lands was below $\frac{3}{4}$ of a full crop.

7. There was an improvement generally in the sanitary state of the District, but fever was very rife and fatal among natives in the Chitvel Taluk, Cholera was rare, and prevailed chiefly in Dúvúr Taluk.

8. A decrease, 1,942, appears in the vaccination returns to which I have given my attention. The number of cases, and percentage of deaths, from small Pox, were less in Fasli 1269 than in the preceding.

9. The losses of Cattle in the Sub Division from want of pasture, and in the Principal Division from disease, were double, being 16,000 in Fasli 1,269 against 8,000 in Fasli 1,268.

VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.
Statement No. 1.

VARIATIONS IN THE NUMBER AND TENURE OF VILLAGES.

No. 15.

SEASON AND SANITARY STATE OF THE DISTRICT.

- * Chitta Jonna....
- Cotton....
- Bengal Gram....
- Wheat....
- Indigo....
- † Sujja... Oil seeds.
- Arika... Horse Gram.
- Korra... Red Gram.
- Cholum... Green Gram.
- Raggy... Black Gram.

Fasli 1268.....	13,520.
„ 1269.....	11,578.
Decrease.....	1,942.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

PRICES OF GRAIN AND THE MEASURES TAKEN TO ENSURE THE ACCURACY OF THESE RETURNS.
Statement No. 2.

Cent, owing to a short crop. The Statement No. 2 of commutation and current prices of grains has been prepared, the first from the old records and the last from the retail prices, obtained in one and often in two places in each Taluk, as requested, by the Board in Proceeding No. 3,611 6th August 1860 para 5.

RYOTS HOLDINGS,
Enclosure B. Statement No. 3.

10,222 from the better prospects of the season. The Board's order directing the exclusion from the enclosure to the Statement, of Teervajasti and Fasaljasti has been attended to.

ACTUAL CULTIVATION,
Enclosure A. Statement No. 3.

Note.
This last item should be more properly credited to "extra Revenue" but it has been the custom to enter it as above.

WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.
Enclosure C Statement No. 3.

† 89,007.
* 9,558.
A 4,474.

14. The large increase in the first item arises from the carrying out of the principle that ryots are to pay for land which they keep in their pattas.

PARTICULARS OF REMISSIONS
Enclosure B. Statement No. 3.

causes satisfactory to the settlement Officers, 2-½ per Cent is for garden land on account of deficient water, and disrepair of the wells. The rest 90 per Cent, is for wet land not sown from want of water. These remissions were made after proper enquiry and verification. They are much less than in the preceding Fasli, viz. Rs. 91,556 against Rupees 1,55,550* partly from the season being slightly more favorable, and from their being granted, not at the discretion of the Karnams and recommendation of the Tahsildars, but upon a fixed scale, giving full remission when the amount of waste was above 50 per Cent. of the holding, and restricting the boon when the waste was under 10 per Cent of the same. Sugar Cane, and the like, fallow lands, were not admitted to any remission.

Statement No. 4.

mission, and consequently, the full cultivation of the land.

17. The remission on shavy or withered crop was a trifle—Rupees 46, Payamali or land washed away, Rupees 594 against Rupees 145 of the preceding Fasli; crop submerged in Tanks Rs. 175, against Rs. 95 in the preceding Fasli.

18. The increase in the fixed remissions was due to the larger cultivation.

Fasli.	Acres.	Assesst.
1268.....	327.....	1,907
1269.....	248.....	2,376
	79	469
	Decrease,	Increase.

10. The prices of wet grain has slightly declined from increased production and importation, and want of demand, as also of gram among the dry grain, with that exception, the price of dry grain has risen from 5 to 10 per

exception, the price of dry grain has risen from 5 to 10 per

11. Land assessed at Rupees 43,897 was relinquished, and other land assessed at 54,119 was taken up, shewing an increase of cultivation over the preceding year of Rupees

10,222 from the better prospects of the season. The Board's order directing the exclusion from the enclosure to the Statement, of Teervajasti and Fasaljasti has been attended to.

12. The actual cultivation shows an increase of acres 47,317 assessed at Rupees 74,215, due to the encouragement of high prices, and partly owing to an increase of waste charged. An increase in Teervajasti and Fasaljasti, Rupees

16,340, is owing to the causes above given. The increase of Rupees 9,184 in "Sundry Items" comprehends land brought to account after the settlement.

13. The remission of Rupees 91,556 was made on account of the state of the season. The waste charged Rupees 1,03,039 includes land uncultivated by the neglect of the Ryots pasture* land and reduced assessments as per margin.

15. The remission of Rs. 91,556, was on whole numbers of lands unavoidably waste from want of water &c. 7 per Cent of the above is for dry land, not sown, and remitted for

causes satisfactory to the settlement Officers, 2-½ per Cent is for garden land on account of deficient water, and disrepair of the wells. The rest 90 per Cent, is for wet land not sown from want of water. These remissions were made after proper enquiry and verification. They are much less than in the preceding Fasli, viz. Rs. 91,556 against Rupees 1,55,550* partly from the season being slightly more favorable, and from their being granted, not at the discretion of the Karnams and recommendation of the Tahsildars, but upon a fixed scale, giving full remission when the amount of waste was above 50 per Cent. of the holding, and restricting the boon when the waste was under 10 per Cent of the same. Sugar Cane, and the like, fallow lands, were not admitted to any remission.

16. Rupees 16,341. decrease in shamilat banjer, or portions left waste, arose from the prohibition of the re-

mission, and consequently, the full cultivation of the land.

17. The remission on shavy or withered crop was a trifle—Rupees 46, Payamali or land washed away, Rupees 594 against Rupees 145 of the preceding Fasli; crop submerged in Tanks Rs. 175, against Rs. 95 in the preceding Fasli.

18. The increase in the fixed remissions was due to the larger cultivation.

19. The slight decrease in land, 79 Acres, and increase in assessment of Rupees 469 of land held under progressive Kowle, are from higher assessed lands being taken on this tenure and of remissions under this head, from the same cause.

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Particulars of SUNDRY ITEMS.

20. The sundry items have already been remarked on in para 12.

EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS, SUCH AS SUGAR CANE, COTTON, AND INDIGO.

Statement No. 7.

Fasli.	Acres.	Assesst.
1268... ..	3,923... ..	27,062
69... ..	2,756... ..	21,782
Decrease... ..	1,167... ..	5,280
Cotton.		
1268... ..	36,712... ..	56,289
69... ..	33,367... ..	53,998
Decrease... ..	3,345... ..	2,291
Indigo.		
1268... ..	36,235... ..	1,43,549
69... ..	27,091... ..	1,21,264
Decrease... ..	9,144... ..	22,285

Assessment.	Rupees.
Land taken up for cultivation on half assessment.	27,331
	92,955
Fasli.	Acres.
1268	5,867
1269	6,664

GENERAL RESULTS OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT AND ALSO THE RESULTS OF REVISED ASSESSMENT.

Enclosure A Statement No. 10.

22. The abstract Statement of general results of land revenue settlement shows a net increase of Rupees 87,040 which has been already explained. There is no general revision of assessment in this District, but land lying waste for 10 years and upwards, is granted on half the gross assessment, equal to a reduction of 10 per Cent. on dry, wet, and garden dependent on Tank and Channels, and of 17 per Cent, on garden dependent on wells, of the net assessment. The result is shown in the margin.

23. I. The abkari being leased for 5 years ending next Fasli, shows, of course, no variation.

II. There is a net decrease of Rupees 1,062 in Motarf from the failure of persons liable thereto.

III. Stamps show an increase of Rs. 5,489 from an increase of litigation.

24. Enclosure C to statement 10, prepared in accordance with the Board's orders, shows lands affected by permanent remissions, and 2d those unaffected by them.

REVENUE FROM BOTH LAND REVENUE AND SUNDRY SOURCES IN COMPARISON WITH THE PRECEDING FASLI.

25. Enclosure A in No. 10 shows an increase of Revenue from all sources of Rupees 93,899.

REMARKS ON THE SEVOY JAMA AND INTEREST.

Statement No. 9.

26. In Sevoy-jama there is a net increase of Rupees 2,433, the only item requiring remark, is maramut Taffrick, or contribution from rent free lands to repairs of irrigation works, viz. Rupees 2,356. Last years Taffrick, having been omitted from the settlement Report, has been brought to account, together with the current collections.

DEMAND, COLLECTION, AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF REVENUE.

Statement No. 11.

27. Of the current demand, under all heads, for Fasli 1268 of Rupees 21,01,954, Rupees 19,03,096 were collected within the Fasli, leaving a balance of Rupees 1,97,958 at the close of the same. Subsequent collections of Rupees 94,902 reduced the balance at the end of August to

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Rupees 43,056 or 2 per Cent. of the demand, one-eighth of which is anticipated to be irrecoverable. The rest will be soon collected.

28. The Collections within the Fasli, this year, exceed those of last year by Rupees 75,528.

29. The Collection of arrears, which at the commencement of Fasli 1269, stood at Rupees... 1,29,999 Collected within the Fasli... 1,18,558 Remitted... 6,410 1,24,968

leaving a balance of Rupees... 5,030 at the close of the Fasli, reduced by subsequent collections up to the end of August, viz, Rupees 599 to a net balance of Rupees 4,431. There is an improvement in this Fasli, in the collection of the arrears, viz. of Rupees 24,636 above last Fasli.

30. The Fasliwar items of the said balance of Rupees 4,431 is given in statement No. 13. The non Collection of these small items, extending over 8 Faslis, shows carelessness on the part of the Tahsildars for which they have been reprehended. Of the above balance, Rs. 1,918, were classed by the settlement Officers in Fasli 1269 as irrecoverable.

31. The details are given in enclosure B of No. 13; and I beg that they may be written off the accounts.

32. Statement No. 12 has a column opened to show the number of srothiam Villages.

33. 13 cases of coercive process involving a demand of Rupees 115 were necessitated this Fasli, being an increase of 9 over last Fasli. The balances were recovered by the attachment of personal property to the amount of Rupees 174, the balance being returned to the defaulters.

34. The increase of Rupees 15,325 in salary of Collectors, arose from the introduction of uncovenanted Agency, and from a larger amount of Deputation allowance being

charged. The decrease Rupees 14,212 in Házur and District Establishment is owing to the salaries of the whole revenue Establishment for many having been kept in abeyance up to the end of the Fasli, by the order of the Civil Auditor.

35. The increase in stamp charges of Rs. 1,417, was owing to the larger amount of commission charged, and duty refunded. The gross collections of Fasli 1269 are Rupees 21,00,439 and the gross charge of the collections is Rupees 1,70,114 or 8 per Cent.

36. The new system of Village and Taluk accounts has now been fully introduced, but their working is still imperfect. Mr. Fraser in his last report mentioned that "it had been represented to the Board that the A Register is superfluous in this District." This appeared to have been the opinion of the late Collector Mr. Murray. Its introduction, however, was ordered by the Board, and tho' some minor difficulties attended its preparation yet its value is indubitable in facilitating the preparation of future settlement accounts. No progress had been made in the preparation of this account up to the beginning of this year 1860, but by dint of stringent orders and unremitting attention, it is now

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on the verge of completion. The conversion of the old survey assessment of contaroy Pagodas into the present currency involved considerable amount of labor. I caused a thorough inspection of the accounts of several Taluks to be made by my Sarristadar, and the result showed that many were not kept in the prescribed form. The necessary corrections were made, and in order to secure a uniformity in the cash accounts the cash Gumashtas have been summoned for instruction to the head station. The subject is engaging my best attention.

REGISTER OF LAND ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.

37. As the statement of lands acquired by Public servants in Fasli 1268 was not inserted in last settlement report I enter it here with that of Fasli 1269.

Statement of lands acquired by Public Servants.

Fasli.	Number of Officers.	Extent.	Assessment.
		Acres.	Rs.
1268.	46	847	2,482
1269.	15	187	713
Total...	61	1,034	3,195

REMARKS ON THE CONDUCT OF THE SUBORDINATE OFFICERS.

38. I desire to express my acknowledgment of the able assistance I have received from my Acting Sub Collector Mr. Molony and Acting Head Assistant Mr. McQuhae whose administration of their several charges has been very satisfactory.

The 2d Class Deputy Collector Rayappa has performed his duties which are no light ones, comprehending the transfer of Railway lands, and preparation of accounts, in addition to his other duties, with much zeal and ability.

The late 4th Class Deputy Collector Annarow who has been removed from this District to another Department is entitled to fororable mention, but he failed as a Deputy magistrate.

Mr. T. G. Ward 4th Class Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury incurred some animadversion from the Board in consequence of not having fully mastered the duties of his Office, but I have reason to hope that in a short time he will perform the same to the full satisfaction of his superiors.

The Sub Collector's report is herewith enclosed.

Some details of remission and Demand Collection Balance No. 12 are wanting in its figured statements, which are however given in the body of the report, but I do not think it necessary to delay its transmission on that account.

A. WEDDERBURN,
Officiating Collector.

CUDDAPAH,
Collector's Office,
14th September, 1860.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

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I have the honor to submit herewith the annual Settlement Report for Fasli 1269 with Statements..

Statement No. 1.

Gurramkonda, from 12th January to 8th February 1860.
Royachoti, from 10th February to 6th March 1860.
Kadiri, from 27th do. to 9th April 1860.

No. of Pattas not renewed.
Land Revenue... .. 14,413
Motarfá... .. 18,430

3. The whole of the Fasli was spent by me at various places within the limits of the division with the exception of 3 days in December, during which I was engaged at Cuddapah on a Committee for the Examination of Assistants.

4. The commencement of the Fasli was generally favorable, and the dry cultivation was commenced with every prospect of a good season. In the month of August a heavy fall of rain, which was pretty general over the Division, partially filled the Tanks and the 1st wet Crop was sown. From that time till the close of the Fasli there was a deficiency of rain except in a few localities, where some showers fell in November. The most favored part of the Sub Division was that lying near the range of the Pálkonda hills to the east, where heavy rain fell at the same time that the floods occurred at the other side of the range. The crops of all descriptions have suffered very severely from drought, and a great deal of dry land intended for the cultivation of horse—

QUANTITY OF RAIN, Inches.

Madanapalli... .. 19
Gurramkonda... .. 15
Kadiri... .. 16
Royachoti... .. 24

much damaged. The crops on lands under spring channels and wells have suffered from

TALUKS.	No. of Tanks filled.		
	Entirely.	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$
Madanapalli	31	69	150
Gurramkonda... ..	25	23	47
Kadiri... ..	1	4	17
Royachoti... ..	113	160	206

blight as well as the dry crops, owing to deficiency of water for irrigation. In the months of April and May violent storms of hail, lasting but a few minutes, burst over some villages in the Talúks of Royachoti and Madanapalli and did some damage in shaking the grain out of the ear then ready for cutting. The marginal statement exhibits the supply of water reported to have been received by the Tanks, and the rain fall at the Cusbah stations. The produce of the year has been computed at $\frac{2}{3}$ ths of a full crop.

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5. The sanitary state of the Division has been good.—There has been no Cholera, and but little small pox or severe fever during the Fasli. The cattle have suffered in some places from want of pasture, but there has been no epidemic disease.

PRICES OF GRAIN PER GARCE.

	Last Fasli	Present Fasli	Increase	Decrease
Paddy 1st sort...165	150	"	15	
Do. 2d do...153	138	"	15	
Cholum... ..199	200	1		
Sujalo... ..189	201	12		
Horse Gram...209	199	"	10	
Raggy... ..188	203	15		
Aurikalu... ..146	144	"	2	

6. The annexed statement No. 2 shows the prices of grain during the Fasli. The comparative statement in the margin exhibits the difference in prices between last fasli and the fasli now under report. The cause of the decrease in the price of paddy is the decreased demand.—The consumption of rice is almost wholly local, and in consequence of the inability of the mass of the poorer classes to afford rice, a fall in the price has followed a more limited consumption. The same reason accounts for the rise in the price of dry grains more especially of raggy which has taken the place of rice as the staple of consumption of the poorer classes. The importation of horse-gram from other Quarters has caused a fall in the price of that article.

Statement No. 3.

7. I. The result of an increase of Rs. 41,479 in the Talúks of Madanapalli, Gurramkonda, and Royachoti, and a decrease of 871 Rs. in that of Kadiri, as shown in Statement No. 3, gives a net increase of Rs. 40,608 in the Beriz of the Division. The principal cause of this result is extended cultivation as will be seen by enclosure A.—a decrease in the amount of remissions granted in consequence of the orders of the Board of Revenue on the subject has also contributed.

II. The large increase under the heads of dry, wet, and garden in enclosure A, is owing principally to the quantity of waste land that has been charged in this Fasli, also to an extensive cultivation of fresh lands, and to a considerable quantity of land having been cultivated by the ryots who concluded that assessment would be charged if it lay fallow. The decrease under the head of additional assessment is owing to the exemption from Teerwajasty and Fussuljasty of lands lying under tanks and channels constructed at the expense of private individuals, and those under irrigation works without an Ayacut repaired at expense of private individuals, as per instructions of the Board of Revenue. The increase in second crop assessment of 3,294 Rs. is attributable to extended 2d crop cultivation under some of the tanks which filled in November.

III. Lands to the extent of 10,890 Acres, bearing an assessment of 8,187 Rupees, have been relinquished during the Fasli. The causes of this land being thrown up are three—viz. Unproductiveness, the discouragement of cultivation in the beds of tanks, and deaths or absconding of ryots. Lands have however been taken up out of the Ayacut waste to the extent of 13,519 acres, bearing assessment of 15,951 Rs., or nearly double the value of the lands relinquished.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

WASTE REMITTED.

Waste under tanks which received no water...	51,962
Waste under do which received of a partial supply...	16,157
Lands left waste under irrigation Works out of repair...	1,347
Waste from want of sufficient water in spring channels...	4,545
Poor land which does not bear cropping yearly...	137
Lands, occupied for sand pits, and washed away...	51
Do. of deceased ryots &c...	922
Do. under attachment of Civil Courts...	193
Large numbers which cannot be cultivated at once...	186
Lands of ryots imprisoned in Jail...	18
Total...	75,518

WASTE CHARGED.

Lands left waste altho' sufficient water was forthcoming in tanks &c.	17,019
Waste for purpose of grass plots for cattle...	7,046
Lands occupied by building houses...	61
Do. taken up on reduction of assessment, but left waste in breach of agreement...	1,303
Lands left waste which were granted for Kowle...	194
Dry, wet, and garden lands left waste without sufficient cause...	21,975
Waste from no cause...	9,073
Total...	56,671

* REMISSION.

Lands (under Tanks not filled) partly left waste the other portion having been cultivated by the help of water from neighbouring wells...	227
Lands (under tanks partially filled) left waste from want of water.	48
Lands under irrigation works out of repair...	24
Do. Left waste from want of water...	9
Do. Occupied by roads &c...	16
Portions of fields of deceased and deserted ryots left waste...	152
Lands attached by courts...	2
Total...	478

crops washed away as no such case occurred.

II. There is a decrease of 29 Rupees under the head of Bunjer Kowle the land having been entered under its proper head when the term of Kowle has expired.

III. The cause of the decrease of 209 Rupees under the head of 1-3rd sundry remissions is, that some land at Pedda Tippasamudram in the Taluk of Madanapalli, on which this remission is usually granted in proportion to the cultivation, has been entirely left waste in this fasli owing to want of water in the Tank.

IV. The increase under the heads 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13 and 14 is attributable partly to extended cultivation partly to the quantity of waste charged.

9. I. The settlement of the Taluks of Gurrunkonda and Royachoty having been conducted this fasli earlier than usual, the Teerwajasty collected on subsequent cultivation has been entered under Tankijasty hence the increase of Rupees 1,911 in that item.

II. The increase of Rs. 26 in Jody Inams is owing to the increase in the cultivation of lands liable to Jody.

III. There is a decrease of 92 Rupees in Inamaty. Teerwajasty which does not call for remark.

IV. There is an increase of 307 Rupees under the head of Inamaty Tuffrick owing to the subrenting of Inam lands.

The reasons for remissions,

having been granted on whole numbers of waste, amounting to Rs. 75,518 and for charging waste amounting to Rs. 56,671, are given in the margin.

8. I. An item of 478 Rupees remission, in the remission statement No. 4, granted on portions of fields left waste, is explained in detail in the * margin. All the remaining portions of fields left waste have been charged as there appeared no sufficient grounds for granting remissions: another cause of the decrease of 13,891 Rupees under this head is that some numbers only partly cultivated last Fasli, and of which the waste was remitted have been fully cultivated this year. No remission has been granted for

CUDDAPAH.

V. The increase of 4½ Rupees in tope rent is the result of competition for fresh leases where the terms of the old ones have expired.

VI. The great demand for timber has caused an increase in the amount collected on trees both for private and for railway purposes. The permission to cut teak has been lately withheld as there is some danger of the jungles being exhausted.

Statement No. 6.

10. This statement calls for no remarks.

Statement No. 7.

DECREASE IN CULTIVATION OF.

	Acres.
Cotton...	229
Indigo...	420
Sugar Cane...	1,249

11. The marginal statement exhibits the decrease in the cultivation of Sugar cane, Cotton, and Indigo. The high prices of grain have had the effect of throwing other cultivation out of favour.

12. This statement is prepared in detail as per instructions of the Board of Revenue, dated 7th July 1860.—The greatest increase is in the amount collected from retail dealers in sundry articles. These are principally retail grain dealers whom the present high prices have attracted to this branch of trade to the detriment of others. The cloth merchants and Boarding-house keepers especially are reported to have changed to retail grain dealers; hence the decrease opposite those branches. The increase of 144 Rupees in the Tax on cattle, sheep &c. is the result of stricter examination by the public servants. The other items of increase and decrease being small call for no remark.

Statement No. 9.

13. I. The small amount of excess collections, is due to the exactness of the payments made by the ryots.

II. The amount of concealed cultivation discovered on examination by public servants in consequence of information given to that effect exceeds that of last Fasli by 442 Rupees.

III. There having been no serious cases disposed of under Regulation IX of 1822, and no large fines inflicted a decrease of 1,196 Rs. appears under the head of Revenue fines.

IV. A greater number of punishments both of suspension and dismissal having been incurred by the Village servants almost entirely in consequence of culpable negligence or complicity with offenders in Police cases, the collections on Inams enjoyed by them is 398 Rupees in excess of that in last Fasli.

V. The amount of Maramut Tuffrick not entered in the accounts of last year, in consequence of the delay experienced in getting returns from the Taluks, having been included in this Fasli, accounts for the increase of 2,213 Rupees under that head.

VI. There is considerable increase in the amount realized by the sale of dry and unproductive trees, chiefly in consequence of the sale by Auction of some mango trees of that description in my office, when the competition was sharp owing to the size of the trees and their value for making solid-bandy wheels. The trees in question were situated near Madanapalli.

Statement No. 10.

14. The explanation of almost all the items in this Statement, has been given above. The increase in the sale of Stamps is owing to increased litigation.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF CUDDAPAH.

No. 11. 15. Of the balance of 77,509 Rupees outstanding at the end of the Fasli 31,886 Rupees has since been realized, the remainder will speedily be collected. The reason of the balance being so large is the unwillingness of the ryots to pay for the waste charged, and the settlement of the Madanapalli Taluk, in which the largest balances appear, having been made at the close of the Fasli.

16. Of the old arrears of 52,383 Rupees the sum of 51,867 Rupees has been collected* during the Fasli leaving 516 Rupees then due; of this, 12 Rupees have since been collected, and the remainder will be so without delay.

Statement No. 13. 17. The recoverable amount of Rs. 178-12-3 will be realized as early as possible. The amount of Rs. 50-23-10 entered as doubtful is due on a village of Royachoti Taluk. The Tahsildar has been ordered to proceed to the Village and to ascertain the individuals from whom this amount is due; when it will be collected if possible.

18. Enquiries were made personally at the time of settlement into the sum of Rupees 273-15-3 entered in Col 11: and as there appears no hope of its recovery, I beg to recommend that sanction be obtained for writing off this sum from the account.

19. No coercive process was found necessary during the year.

20. I am happy to be able to give a favorable report of the conduct and diligence of my Saristadar Nárán Ráu the more commendable as he had to contend against a very serious attack of illness in the middle of the settlement,

CUDDAPAH,
Sub. Collector's Office Madanapalli.
27th August, 1860.

J. B. MOLONY,
Acting Sub Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF BELLARY.

I have the honor to submit my report on the Janabandi Settlement of this District for Fasli 1269; accompanied by the accounts (as per annexed list) which have been prepared agreeably to the instructions contained in the Board's Circulars of 16th July 1858, 2nd September 1859, and 7th July 1860.

2. The accompanying Statement No. 1 shews the different Taluks, settled by myself, the Sub Collector, Head Assistant Collector, and the Deputy Collectors; as also the places at which the Settlement was conducted.

3. I personally settled seven Taluks, viz. Kampli, Kudligi, Harponhalli, Huvinhadagali, Adoni, Gullem and Rayadrug.

4. Mr. J. C. St. Clair, the Acting Head Assistant Collector, settled the 3 Taluks of Bellary, Gutti and Yadaki.

5. The late Sub Collector, Mr. Brecks, was appointed to act for the Sub Judge of Bellary, while he was engaged in the Settlement of the Taluk of Anantapur. The unfinished portion of this Taluk, as also the Taluks of Kodikonda, and Madakasira were settled by Sasahigiri Rau, 4th Class Deputy Collector, who was in charge of the Sub Division, till relieved by the late Acting Sub Collector, Mr. Reid, who conducted the Settlement of the Taluk of Penkonda.

6. The Settlement of the 2 Taluks of Tadpatri, and Dharmavaram was made by the 1st Class Deputy Collector, Strinivasa Rau.

7. The number of Villages in this District, according to Statement No. 1, is shown below.

VARIATIONS IN THE NUMBER OF VILLAGES &c.	As per accounts of last year.....	2,464
	Add small Villages, in Harponhalli, and 2 in Kudligi, which were entirely waste, but have now been brought under cultivation.	3
	Total.....	2,467

The tenures of none of these have been altered.

SEASON. 8. The rain-fall in Fasli 1269 was less by 8 inches than that of Fasli 1268. The early rains, which fell throughout the District, in the Month of May of Fasli 1268, admitted of the sowing of dry, and wet Crops, which however, in consequence of a failure of rain until July, (when the fall was scanty) suffered considerably; and from a deficient supply of water, some lands under tanks were left uncultivated.

9. Moreover the later rains failed; and although after the fall of some slight showers during three or four days in the latter part of November, a small extent of dry land was sown, the out-turn was scanty.

10. The lands, under wells and channels, which contained water, were cultivated; and yielded an ordinary Crop. Speaking generally, the ryots may be said to have reaped the half, or $\frac{1}{2}$ of a good Crop in the dry lands cultivated by them.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

11. Owing to the high prices of grain, which ruled throughout the year, there has been no obstacle to the punctual payment of the Government dues.

12. Annexed is a comparative statement of the rain-fall in the last, and present year.

RAIN FALL		Situation of the Taluks.	Early rains.		Later rains.		Total.	
			Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
Early rains....	Later rains....	In 3 Northern Taluks...	7	5	7	8	10	2
May....	September....	In 5 Southern do.	10	0	9	9	10	7
June....	October....	In 4 Eastern do.	5	9	10	6	6	4
July....	November....	In 4 Western do.	6	2	8	0	14	6
August....	December....	Average.. ..	7	4	9	1	13	6
			4	9	1	13	6	4
			1	21	0	13	2	

13. The following statement exhibits the supply of water received by the Tanks, during the current and the two preceding Faslis.

Particulars of the supply of water.	Fasli 1267.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.
Tanks that received a full supply....	89	611	68
Do. 3 quarters Do.	81	114	88
Do. half Do.	82	96	187
Do. a quarter and less than a quarter....	653	72	472
Total.....	905	893	815
Do. no. supply of water whatever....	98	110	188
Total....	1,003	1,003	1,003

SANITARY STATE OF THE DISTRICT.

14. In the Month of July, Cholera prevailed in the Taluks of Anantapur, Yadaki, Tadapatri and Madakasira; and the number of deaths reported is given marginally.

15. The Cattle were free from disease; but some died through scarcity of forage.

16. Subjoined is a statement, furnished by the Garrison Surgeon of Bellary, shewing the vaccine operations in this District during the Fasli under report, compared with the last year.

Fasli.	Number Vaccinated.	Of which No. failed.	Number Operated.
1268....	8,555	477	8,078
1269....	9,523	498	9,025

This exhibits an increase of nearly a thousand cases above the preceding Fasli; which is satisfactory.

BELLARY.

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PRICES OF GRAIN.

17. The prices of grain, as exhibited in Statement No. 2 were higher by 1 to 7 per cent, than in the preceding Fasli, which may be ascribed to the failure of rain, and the consequent deficiency of produce. In order to ascertain the correct prices of grain, arrangements have been made in conformity to the instructions contained in the Circular of the Board of Revenue, dated 11th October 1859, No. 4,103. At the Kasha town of each Taluk, and at 9 other market places (25 places in all) a native subordinate enters the actual prices at which grain has been sold to merchants &c. or offered for sale in the Bazar. An extract from this Register is sent to the Huzur twice a month; and the average is entered in the Monthly Return submitted to the Board. In the Taluk Returns, the number of seers of 84 Tolas, per rupee, is entered; and a table of conversion has been prepared to reduce these seers, first to the seer of 80 Tolas, and then to the Madras garce at the rate of 4,960 seers to a garce.

18. The following is a Memo showing the prices at which the principal grains were sold in the last 2 Faslis.

Names of Grain.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Difference.	Per centage.
Paddy 1st Sort per Garce....	Rs. 157	Rs. 155	Rs. -2	1 4
Do do do	144	141	-3	0 1
Cholam.	175	188	+13	7 7
Sajjalu.	179	190	+11	6 3
Horse Gram.	189	188	-1	0 8
Ragi.	158	168	+10	6 5

DIETAM OR RYOTS HOLDINGS.

19. The liberty, which the cultivators possessed in Fasli 1269 to relinquish land, up to the end of November, and the late revision of the assessment, have induced the ryots to extend their holdings considerably.

20. The rules laid down by Government under date the 26th. September 1859, were observed in most cases in granting Kowles for black lands.

21. The liberty of giving up "Appanam"* lands not having been conceded to the Reddis, such lands have been included according to the usual holdings. On the whole it will be observed, that there has been an increase of occupancy in the Fasli under review of 4,43,327 acres in "Dry;" and a decrease of 781 acres in the "Irrigated;" as shewn in enclosure B of Statement No. 3; and more fully explained in the following para.

22. Subjoined is a comparative statement of lands occupied by the ryots in Fasli 1268 and 1269, according to enclosure B of No. 3.

	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Acres.	Assess-ment.	Acres.	Assess-ment.	Acres.	Assess-ment.	Acres.	Assess-ment.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Dry Land....	17,45,702	11,49,058	18,89,029	12,51,406	1,43,327	1,02,348	...	...
Irrigated....	1,50,795	6,82,043	1,50,014	6,79,347	...	...	781	2,696
	19,96,497	18,31,101	20,39,043	19,30,753	1,43,327	1,02,348	781	2,696
Tirva Jasti or Extra Assessment...	6	11,348		17,454		6,106		...
Fasli jasti or 2nd Crop Do.		1,85,126		1,57,111		...		28,015

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

23. A considerable extent of Dry land has been taken up in this year, in consequence of the late revision of assessment. In the 5 Taluks of Bellary, Adoni, Gullem Rayadrug and Gutti, 25,400 acres of blackland, bearing an assessment of Rs. 38,610, were taken upon Kowle tenure; and the net demand, after deducting the Kowle remissions &c. amounts to about 1105 Rupees, which will increase gradually as the Kowle term expires.

24. In the irrigated lands, 781 acres, assessed at Rupees 2,696, which the ryots did not wish to retain, have been given up from the holdings of the last Fasli; and there has been a decrease of Rupees 28,015 in the item of "2nd Crop Assessment," owing to failure of a supply of water in the Tanks.

ACTUAL CULTIVATION. 25. In obedience to the instructions of Government, contained in their order of 18th June 1859, which accompanied the Board's Circular, No. 3061, of 8th August, prescribing that all land in the Ryot's patta is to be paid for, and that the rule is to be relaxed only in the case of irrigated lands, left waste from indubitable failure of water, no remission was at first granted for "waste;" but on the submission of a report to the Board, explaining the grounds on which remission for lands in the ryot's occupancy, left unsown, was considered necessary, authority was granted to me in their Proceedings of the 24th February last, No. 970, to grant remissions; and I have accordingly granted them to such an extent as appeared absolutely necessary.

26. Below is given a comparative abstract taken from Statement No. 3; which has been prepared in accordance with the instructions contained in the 4th para of the Board's Circular, dated 2nd September 1859, No. 3467; shewing the extent of land actually under cultivation, exclusive of the "Kabulati" banjar remitted as above explained.

* Land accepted by a ryot; but left uncultivated by him.

Items.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Acres.	Assessment including Extra and 2nd crop Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment including Extra and 2nd crop Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
Dry Land...	17,19,942	Rs. 11,34,349	18,42,742	Rs. 12,07,469	1,22,800	Rs. 73,120	...	...
Irrigated: Tank...	69,760	4,07,985	58,845	3,29,300	...	...	10,915	78,685
Channel...	37,394	2,50,820	40,340	2,65,051	2,946	14,231	...	...
Well...	42,345	2,01,252	44,194	2,09,218	1,849	7,966	...	...
	1,40,499	8,60,057	1,43,379	8,03,569	4,795	22,197	10,915	78,685
Total...	18,69,441	19,94,406	19,86,121	20,11,038	1,27,595	95,317	10,915	78,685

* WASTE REMITTED TO THE RYOTS.

27. Particulars of the waste, remitted to the ryots in this District during the last few Faslis, are as follow.

Fasli.	Dry Assessment.	Irrigated Assessment.	Total.
Fasli 1264...	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
" 65...	2,51,755	1,53,520	4,05,275
" 66...	78,354	58,953	1,37,307
" 67...	56,937	49,637	1,06,574
" 68...	37,541	98,133	1,25,674
" 69...	12,796	20,374	33,170
	41,385	52,896	94,281

BELLARY.

5

28. This head of remission has, it will be observed, gradually decreased; owing to the liberty conceded to the ryots of relinquishing whatever lands they are not inclined to retain; but in the year under review, a considerable extent of land, entered in the ryot's holding, having been left unsown, owing to the deficiency of the rains, the remission under this head has necessarily increased. A portion of this remission was granted to the Reddis for "Appanam" lands, left waste by them through poverty. It may safely be expected, that this item of remission will disappear when the season is favorable, and the "Appanam" restrictions are removed.

29. The amount of assessment of waste land, charged to the ryots, and Reddis in Fasli 1269, is Rupees 83,079, being an excess of Rupees 32,259, over that to the ryots and Reddis of the preceding Fasli. This was charged to ryots who had left unsown portions of entire fields; paying full assessment, in order to cultivate Kowle lands; and to Reddis, who have left waste, the usual extent of their Appanam lands. One half of this amount belongs to the ryots and the other half to the Reddis.

PARTICULARS OF REMISSION. 30. The different items of remissions are shewn in full, in statement No. 4; they have been classed, as usual, under 3 heads, as shewn in the annexed Memo.

Item.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison	
			Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Occasional remissions...	1,83,916	2,15,999	32,083	...
2 Fixed Do. ...	17,866	17,864	...	2
3 Deductions for payment to Village Officers &c....	5,856	5,412	...	444
Total...	2,07,638	2,39,275	32,083	446

Net.....31,637

31. In the Kowle, and Srotiam remissions, there has been an increase of Rupees 32,840, and 190, respectively; making a total of Rs. 33,030 in excess of last year's amount; but on the other hand, there has been a decrease of Rs. 1,393 in other remissions; whence results a net increase of Rs. 31,637, as shewn above.

32. There has been a decrease of 757 Rupees under this head, owing to remissions not having been found necessary this year on account of crops damaged and inundated.

Kowle Remission.

33. Subjoined is a comparative statement of Kowle remissions.

Description of Kowles.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.	Decrease.
	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.		
Land taken upon Kowle as per last year's account.	1,37,397	Rs. 1,93,206				
Deduct waste remitted and Kowle expired.	4,972	6,566				
Remaining.	1,32,425	1,86,640				
Land taken up in the current year.	30,370	39,835				
Total land held on Kowle for this Fasli.	1,62,895	2,26,475				
			Acres.	Assessment.	Rs.	Rs.
Permanent Kowle.....			1,28,167	1,81,419	1,56,019	2,18,280
Other Do....			9,230	12,668	6,876	9,142
Total...			1,37,397	1,94,087	1,62,895	2,27,422

Net... 33,335.

Extra Assessment 447
2nd crop Do. 500
Total...2,27,422

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

34. This increase is owing to Black lands, which required a considerable expenditure of labor, having been extensively cultivated, in consequence of the revision of assessment. A large amount of Permanent Kowle remissions was granted according to the rules, this year, in the Taluks of Bellary, Adoni, Gullem, Gutti, and Rayadrug. In other Taluks, the amount is trifling.

* Fixed remission.

Deductions for payment to village Officers, &c.

* Fixed deductions granted from the assessment of the land held by this class of village servants for services rendered by them.

* Water distributors.

35. There has been no variation in the amount of remissions granted under this head as compared with the last year.

36. The deductions, made during the year under review, are below the amount of the previous year, by Rupees 441. This is attributable, 1st to a decrease of 227 Rupees under the head of "Kandachar" remissions, owing to a number of these servants having resigned this year.

2ndly. To the deductions, granted to Niragantis* &c in certain villages, where there is no Inam, having been less in this year by Rs. 34, than in the previous one.

& 3dly. To a less sum having been expended for the pay of Amani Mutsaddis, in consequence of restoration to Office this year of many of the mirasi Reddis.

PARTICULARS OF SUNDRY ITEMS.

37. The miscellaneous receipts, as particularized on the back of statement No. 4, are shown in the annexed statement.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Collections on Inams...	1,71,515	1,71,497	.....	18
2 Do. Of Quit rent on Bangalows...	743	749	6	.....
3 Do. On old Topes...	6,555	5,750	.....	835
4 Do. On Government New Topes.	1,423	1,636	213	.....
5 Sundry items...	2,135	2,263	128	.....
Total...	1,82,401	1,81,895	547	853

Net.....506

Fasli 1269	Difference
*Jodi...1,52,616	—142
Nirasargi. 7,749	—754
Tafrik... 11,132	+878
1,71,497	— 18

38. The component items, included under the head of Inam, are particularized in the margin.* Although there is a slight decrease of Rupees 142 in the item of Jodi, or Quit Rent, yet the full amount demandable on the land has been imposed, as directed in Extract minutes consultation, dated 2nd June 1857, para 33. The subject of Jodi will be considered in all it's bearings, and disposed of during the Inam enquiry.

39. The decrease of Nirasargi, or water rate, viz; Rupees 754, is owing to a less extent of dry land having been cultivated with wet crops from want of water; while the increase of Tafrik,* viz Rupees 878, is attributable to dry Inam lands having been more extensively cultivated in this year than in the preceding one.

40. There has been a slight increase of quit rent on Bangalows which needs no explanation.

41. The decrease of Rupees 835 in the collections on old topes is owing to the trees situated in the Patta, and Inam lands, having been made over to their respective holders free of tax, as directed in extract minutes consultation of 17th september 1858.

BELLARY.

42. The increase under the head of new topes is owing to the trees having yielded well.
43. The increase of 128 Rupees in sundry items is owing to an increased rent having been offered for pasture ground, Fishery &c.

44. The annexed memo exhibits the extent of land cultivated with sugar cane, cotton, and Indigo, during the year under review, as compared with the previous year.

PRODUCTS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Sugar Cane...	6,603	8,286	1,683	.....
Cotton...	2,42,424	2,85,501	43,077	.....
Indigo...	2,751	3,213	462	.....

A seasonable rain-fall at the beginning of the Fasli, and high prices obtained for cotton, and Indigo, have encouraged the ryots to extend the cultivation of these products.

GENERAL RESULT. Of Land Revenue.

45. I annex an abstract statement shewing the result of Land Revenue settlement in comparison with the preceding year.

ITEM.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue...	17,86,768	17,71,773	.....	14,995
Sundry items ..	1,84,032	1,83,526	.....	506
Total...	19,70,800	19,55,299	.....	15,501

46. The Land Revenue of Fasli 1269 amounts to Rupees 19,55,299; of this, Rupees 18,91,379 were collected within the Fasli; and Rs. 29,217 by the end of July, leaving a balance of Rupees 34,703; of which it is expected that about 14,000 Rs. will not be realized owing to poverty &c of the ryots.

Sundry sources of Revenue.

47. I now proceed to report on the extra sources of revenue of this district.

Abkari.

48. The Abkari farm of this District having been rented out upto fasli 1270, there has been no notable variation in it's revenue; which is as follows.

Fasli 1268	Fasli 1269	Difference.
2,68,537	2,68,525	—12

Rupees 2,63,137 were collected by the end of July, and the balance will be duly collected.

Mutarfa.

49. The revenue derived under this head is of 2 kinds, viz; the "visabadi" or tax imposed upon merchants under Regulation IV of 1818; and the "Baghir Visabadi" or tax on trades, and professions. A comparative abstract of this revenue, taken from statement No. 8, is given below.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Visabadi... ..	85,882	85,127	.....	755
Baghir Visabadi... ..	1,12,094	1,12,766	672	.....
Total...	1,97,976	1,97,893	672	755

Net..... 83

50. The small net decrease does not call for explanation. Out of the revenue of Fasli 1269, amounting to Rupees 1,97,893, about 600 Rupees may probably be irrecoverable.

Stamps.

51. The stamp Revenue for the year, under report, is Rupees 36,771, shewing an increase of Rupees 3,625 over the preceding year; owing to all the Munsifs' Courts in the District having been open throughout the year; which was not the case in Fasli 1268.

52. I subjoin a comparative statement of the Revenue from both, Land and Sundry sources, for Faslis 1268 and 1269.

ITEM.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue... ..	19,70,800	19,55,299	.....	15,501
Abkari... ..	2,68,537	2,68,525	.....	12
Motarfah... ..	1,97,977	1,97,893	.....	84
Stamps... ..	33,146	36,771	3,625	.....
Total...	24,70,460	24,58,488	3,625	15,597
Extra Revenue and Interest... ..	63,884	46,175	.....	17,709
Total...	25,34,344	25,04,663	3,625	33,306

Net... 29,681

53. The differences existing in this Abstract having already been accounted for under the respective heads, no further explanation is needed here.

Siva Jama or Extra Revenue.

54. The extra Revenue of the year, under report, amounting to Rupees 46,175, shews a net decrease of Rupees 17,709. There has been a gross decrease of Rupees 30,060 in the sale proceeds of Government plantations; in consequence of a small number of Topes having been sold, and a gross increase of Rupees 12,351 in the Land Revenue, comprising the Assessment of lands cultivated after the settlement, and that of concealed cultivation, and various other items which have been transferred from deposit to the credit of this head. The latter sum being deducted from the former, leaves the net decrease shewn above.

DEMAND COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF CURRENT REVENUE.

55. The demand for Fasli 1269, of all sources of Revenue, as shewn in statement No. 11 is Rupees 25,04,663. Of this, Rupees 24,10,781 were collected within the Fasli, as shewn in the subjoined comparative Abstract of Collections for Faslis 1268 and 1269.

Item.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.		
	Demand.	Collection.	Balance.	Demand.	Collection.	Balance.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue... ..	19,70,800	19,35,001	35,796	19,55,299	18,91,379	63,920
Extra Sources of Revenue... ..	4,99,660	4,78,603	21,057	5,03,189	4,84,373	18,816
Total...	24,70,460	24,13,607	56,853	24,58,488	23,75,752	82,736
Sevaijama or Extra Revenue... ..	63,884	56,358	7,526	46,175	35,029	11,146
Total...	25,34,344	24,69,965	64,379	25,04,663	24,10,781	93,882

56. Of the balance of Rupees 93,882, which remained at the end of Fasli 1269, Rupees 42,278 were collected by the end of July, leaving Rupees 51,604 uncollected as follows.

Land Revenue... ..	34,703
Motarfah... ..	3,558
Abkari... ..	5,388
Extra Revenue... ..	7,955

Total..... 51,604

57. It is expected that about Rupees 36,000 can be collected; and the balance of Rupees 15,604 may be considered irrecoverable, as it chiefly consists of the Jodi, or Quit rent, charged agreeably to the instructions contained in para 33 of extract Minutes Consultation, dated 2nd June 1857; and of the amount of Land Revenue, Motarfah &c. which may not be realized, in consequence of the unfavorable season of Fasli 1269.

58. Statement No. 13 exhibits the outstanding balances of DEMAND COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF ARREARS. arrears; which up to the 30 June last amounted to Rupees 19,817 as entered in Col. 7 of the said statement. Of this, Rupees 324 were collected by the end of July, and the amount that may probably be realized hereafter, including the amount doubtful of recovery viz. Rupees 9,960, being deducted, leaves a balance of Rupees 9,533, which must be remitted.

59. From enquiries made during the settlement of Fasli 1269, this balance consisting chiefly of the amount of full Jodi imposed on Inam lands &c. in consequence of the revision of Assessment, and the Assessment of the lands held by the poor ryots &c. appeared to be really irrecoverable; I request therefore the Board will be pleased to obtain the necessary sanction for writing off the same from the accounts, as per annexed statement.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Items.	Total amount of Revenue for Fasli 1268.	Amount of the irrecoverable balance recommended for remission.	Percentage of Column 3 on Column 2.	Particulars for Column 5.									
				Waste.		Death or desertion.		Poverty.		Jodi or Quit Rent.		From Other Causes.	
				Individuals.	Amount.	Individuals.	Amount.	Individuals.	Amount.	Individuals.	Amount.	Individuals.	Amount.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Land Revenue.....	19,70,800	8,575	7...	453	22	144	50	379	408	7,108	81	891	
Motarfā.....	1,97,977	571	6...	...	163	409	60	150	...	...	6	12	
Sirai Jama or Extra Revenue.	63,884	387	8...	...	8	118	13	61	...	...	8	208	
Total...	22,32,661	9,533	7...	453	198	671	123	590	468	7,108	95	1,111	

60. A sum of Rupees* 36-0-9 had been collected of the amount of arrears of Fasli 1267, sanctioned for remission viz. Rs. 6,995. This amount had been erroneously carried to the credit of the respective heads in the Taluk accounts, instead of being brought under the head of extra revenue, as directed in the 11th para of the Board's circular, dated 16th July 1858. This mistake was discovered, and a sum of Rs. 23-13-0 has been adjusted in the statement of Demand, Collection and Balance up to the end of June last. It was not possible to adjust the remainder, viz. Rupees 12-3-9, as it was too late. But I have taken precautions to prevent a recurrence of such an error.

EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE PROCESS WAS EMPLOYED IN THE COLLECTION OF THE REVENUE.

61. The following statement shews the extent to which it was necessary to resort to coercive process in the Collection of the Revenue during the year under report.

Taluks.	Amount of balance which was due.		Amount of property attached.	Property eventually rescued.			Property sold.		
	No. of ryots.	Amount of balance.		No. of ryots.	Balance Rupees.	Value of property Rs.	No. of ryots.	Balance Rupees.	Value of property Rs.
Bellary.....	68	1,131	1,105	68	1,131	1,105	...	...	...
Harpanhalli.....	3	22	30	3	22	30	...	...	...
Kudlighi.....	1	20	20	1	20	20	...	...	...
Huvinhadgaii.....	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	1
Raidrāg.....	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	1
Total....	74	1,175	1,157	72	1,173	1,155	2	2	2

62. No revenue defalcation has happened in this District during the Fasli under report.

CHARGES. 63. Statement No. 14 shews the gross collections made in Fasli 1269 to have been Rupees 24,61,749; and the charges attendant thereon Rupees 2,26,274, or Rupees 9-3-8 per cent. The charges of collection of the net amount of Land Revenue (19,56,086) are Rupees 2,20,476 or Rupees 11-4-1 per cent. As the Abkari, Motarfā and Extra Revenue were collected by the Revenue Servants, it reduces the percentage to Rupees 9-3-8.

64. The Revenue derived from stamps is Rupees 36,771, and the charge amounts to Rupees 5,500, or Rupees 15-12-5 per cent.

Fasli 1268.....2,33,251
 „ 1269.....2,22,466
 Difference..... 10,785*

65. There is a net decrease of Rs. 10,785* in the charges of Fasli 1269, as compared with the preceding year, which may be attributed to the reduction of Huzur (Fixed as well as additional) Establishment, in the year under report.

WORKING OF THE NEW SYSTEM OF VILLAGE AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.

66. It has been ascertained that the accounts of all the Villages have been prepared in conformity to the new forms sanctioned by Government; those (few in number) which were found incorrect have been completed, and the karnams have been duly cautioned. The preparation of the Register according to the revised form is in progress. The 15 Gumastas, sanctioned for writing this account, have finished the first and second Copies, and on the completion of the 3rd copy, I will address the Board for instructions as to their disposal. It will be necessary to lodge one copy of this Register with the Village Karnams.

67. As regards the Taluk accounts all the forms prescribed in the Government Manual are in force.

68. In extract Minutes consultation dated 28th February 1859, para, 14, it was directed, that pattas held by those ryots whose holdings remain unaltered according to the preceding year, need not be renewed for Fasli 1269. During the settlement of the year under report, I ordered the ryots to produce their pattas for the preceding year; and the same pattas were reissued to those ryots, whose holdings remained according to the preceding year, with a note inserted in them to the effect that the same patta is to stand good for Fasli 1270. As this system was newly introduced in this year, it was not observed to the full extent. Arrangements will however be made to effect this change thoroughly in Fasli 1270.

69. Being doubtful whether it would be advisable in regard to unchanged holdings to insert a note in the pattas for the preceding year, to the effect that the same is to stand good for the current Fasli, or whether it will suffice to ascertain from the accounts that no increase or decrease has taken place in the holdings, I request the instructions of the Board on the above point.

70. I beg to state that no Inams, or ready money allowances, granted for the support of Pagodas &c., have escheated to Government in this District during the year under review.

71. There exists no difference between the amount of Revenue entered in statement No. 10, and that entered in the statement of Demand Collection Balance, submitted to the Board for the closing Month of June of Fasli 1269.

72. It has been reported to me, that a portion of the balances of arrears, outstanding on account of former Faslis, cannot be realized. But the matter will be enquired into shortly, and any portion of the balance which may appear to be really irrecoverable will be recommended for remission.

REMARKS ON THE CONDUCT OF THE SUBORDINATE OFFICERS.

73. I have much pleasure in recording my very favorable opinion of the manner in which my subordinate covenanted Officers, the Deputy Collectors, and the Sarristadar have executed the duties devolving upon them.

(Signed) A. HATHAWAY,
 Collector.

BELLARY,
 18th August 1860. }

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

I have the honor to submit my report regarding the settlement of the Land Revenue of the five Taluks of the Sub-Division for Fasli 1269. As I was not myself engaged in the settlement of any of these Taluks my remarks are based upon such information as my office records and Sarristadar have afforded me.

2. The settlement of the five Taluks was conducted by four gentlemen between the months of November 1859 and February 1860. The Acting Sub Collector Mr. Brecks settled 15 villages of the Anantapoor Taluk in one day and as he was then appointed Acting Sub Judge of Bellary, he was relieved by the Deputy Collector Sashagirri Row, who completed the settlement of the remaining villages of Anantapoor, and that of the Taluks of Codicondah, and Madacasera, by the middle of January 1860; and that of Darmavarum was during the same time completed by Deputy Collector Streenevas Row. The settlement of Panoogondah Taluk was completed by Acting Sub Collector Mr. Reid, at the end of February.

The settlement of all these Taluks was made at their Cusbah Stations, as particularized in Statement No. 1.

Names of the European or Native Officers who conducted the Jamabundi.	Names of the Taluks.	Number of Villages.	Land Revenue paid.	Period occupied for settlement of each Taluk.	Date of commencement and completion of the Jamabundi.
1	2	3	4	5	6
J. W. Brecks Esq., Acting Sub-Collector...	Anantapoor. ...	15	597	1	15th November 1859.
P. Sashagirri Row, Deputy Collector when in temporary Charge...	Anantapoor. ...	107	5,704	17	From 26th November 1859. to 18th January 1860.
	Codicondah... ..	88	5,171	11	
	Madacasera... ..	159	5,870	16	
		354	16,745	44	
D. Streenevas Row, Dy Collector...	Darmavarum. ...	194	6,548	49	From 14th December 1859. to 31st January 1860.
J. W. Reid Esq., Acting Sub-Collector...	Panoogondah....	116	6,111	15	From 2nd to 16th February.
		679	30,001		

3. In the Sub Division there are 1,020 hamlets attached to 708 large villages, of which 679 are Ryotwar, and 26 are fixed Jodi, Sarva Inam Jaghere &c. The number and tenure of these villages do not vary from the statement of the last report.

4. The following abstract shews the difference between Pattas, and number of Ryots in Fasli 1268. and 69.

ITEMS.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
				Increase.	Decrease.
Ryots.	Resident Ryots.	24,836	25,340	504	.....
	Payacary Ryots.	3,538	3,813	275	.....
		28,374	29,153	779	.....
Pattas.	Ryotwar.	28,374	29,153	779	.....
	Joint Pattas.	780	848	68	.....
		29,154	30,001	847	.....
Retained pattas of the last Fasli.			4,010		
Renewed pattas.			25,991		

In these Taluks in every year new Pattas are required, because when the tanks receive a sufficient supply, the lands under them are extensively cultivated, while when there is no water in the tanks, a great extent of land is left waste. Notwithstanding in Anantapoorum and Darmavarum Taluks the Ryots of the villages which are not entirely dependant on tanks, but on wells, have retained their holdings consequently 4,010 Pattas of the last year have been retained and the advantages derived by Ryots thereby, are as follows.

1st. Ryots are saved from the trouble of coming and going to the place where the Jamabundy is held.

2nd. Although the Ryots retained the same holdings as in the last year, still by giving new Pattas every year, some of the ignorant Ryots are apt to suspect that the village authorities have made alterations in their pattas, and they are now free from such apprehensions.

3rd. This arrangement also contributed in a great measure to lessen the work of the Karnams, and facilitated the completion of the Jamabundy.

The increase of pattas in this Fasli, is owing to the Ryots having taken up the lands which they had given up in the last Fasli, for want of water.

Season.

5. The character of the season, from the reasons here under shown, was on the whole unfavorable for agricultural purposes, as in the last fasli. Though there was no rain for Moon-gary Crops, in Anantapoor Taluk, still in consequence of a moderate fall of rain in the other four taluks the usual seeds were sown and owing to heavy rain in the month of July a great extent of land was brought under cultivation, and the Crops were for some time thriving, but owing to the subsequent failure of rain the yield was not so favorable as was anticipated. There was a fall of rain however in the months of August and September, and the Hingary Crop, viz. horse gram, corraloo, &c. was sown and this also from want of rain, yielded a scanty produce.

For wet lands, the rains of May last did not prove any material advantage, subsequently the tanks and pools for the most part received a sufficient supply, and some tanks having re-

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

ceived a moderate supply of water during the rains in July and August, the lands under them were cultivated for Cartik Crop, but the supply of water on the whole being inadequate, the out turn was not very favorable.

A few ryots cultivated a portion of lands under large Tanks, Nallas, and Wells, from the water that remained during Vysak season, but the generality were not so fortunate, from want of water.

The high prices of grain enabled the ryots to pay their kists without much difficulty.

6. The following Statement shows the supply of water in the tanks, and exhibits also the extent of cultivation under them, in comparison with the last fasli.

Fasli.	Total number of tanks.	Supply of Water.							Cultivation.		
		Received full supply.	Received $\frac{3}{4}$ supply.	Received $\frac{1}{2}$ supply.	Received more than $\frac{1}{4}$ supply.	Received less than $\frac{1}{4}$ supply.	Total number of tanks received supply.	Number of tanks received no supply.	Acres.	Assessment.	Demand.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
											Rs.
65	628	209	156	109	82	24	580	48	42,217	3,39,930	2,54,343
68	628	450	69	49	22	..	590	38	50,532	2,88,634	2,88,634
69	628	29	46	118	224	116	533	95	41,813	2,22,196	2,22,196

From the above it will be observed, that there was a very much smaller supply of water in fasli 1269, than in fasli 1268, and consequently a much smaller area under cultivation, in the former, than in the latter fasli. In the fasli 1265 there was a very large supply of water, but when the extent of cultivation and the amount of Revenue of that fasli is taken into consideration, it appears that though there was but a small supply of water in the year under review, still owing to the high prices of grain, cultivation was carried on to a larger extent, in hopes of future rains. The decrease of the Revenue is in a great measure attributable to the reduction of assessment, and also to the decrease of Fasiljasty, in consequence of the second Crop not being cultivated, as in fasli 1265.

7. In the Pennar and Chitteravatee Rivers there were not more than 4 freshes in Fasli 1269, and even by these freshes the water not being above a yard in depth, there was not sufficient water in the Channels dependant upon these rivers, in Anantapoor, Panugondah, and Darmavarum taluks, consequently cultivation was greatly impeded.

By the succeeding paras it will appear that the cultivation under nallas is much greater in the present fasli, than in the last so that I need not mention the causes here.

8. Though cholera was prevalent in all the taluks of the Sub Division, with the exception of Darmavarum, from the commencement of the fasli, yet as you will observe by the following Abstract that of the total number of 477 persons attacked with the disease, in 15 villages only 275, or 58 per cent, fell victims to it.

The season was otherwise healthy.

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Taluks.	Villages.	Number of persons attacked with the disease.	Number of persons recovered.	Number of persons died.	Percent.
Anantapoor.....	8	321	154	167	52
Panungondah.....	3	85	11	24	68
Codicondah.....	1	25	3	22	88
Mudacasera.....	3	96	34	62	64
	15	477	202	275	58

9. Subjoined is the vaccination Statement for the Fasli under report.

Taluks.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Successful.	Unsuccessful.
1 Anantapoor... ..	706	670	36
2 Panungondah... ..	491	487	4
3 Codicondah... ..	380	380	.....
4 Mudacasera... ..	702	660	42
5 Darmavarum... ..	650	639	11
	2,929	2,836	93

I am informed that the vaccination has produced the desired effect. No case of small pox having occurred, while it was very prevalent in the previous faslis.

10. The following is an Abstract of the prices of the principal grains as compared with that of the last fasli.

ARTICLES.	Amount of Rupees for 1268.	Amount of Rupees for 1269.	Comparison.		
			Increase.	Decrease.	Percentage.
					Rs. A. P.
Paddy 1st sort.	157	147	...	10	6 6 0
Do. 2nd do.	145	133	...	12	8 4 0
Jonaloo or Cholum.	195	181	...	14	7 3 0
Suzzaloo.....	191	179	...	15	7 12 0
Horse Gram... ..	193	177	...	20	8 5 0
Ragalbe.	187	175	...	3	11 0
Hareekaloo.	165	144	...	14	8 4 0

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SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

The prices are obtained by the lists forwarded monthly to this office by the Tahsildars, which were furnished to them by Merchants. The figures in the above Abstract are the yearly averages of these Monthly taluk returns.

Owing to the limited demand for Export, prices of grain were not so high as in the last fasli, still the prices of this year, when compared to those of previous faslis up to 1267, are much enhanced. High prices of course caused much deprivation and misery to the poorer classes of non-cultivators.

11. The following Abstract exhibits the entire holdings of the ryots, and that of land taken up, and relinquished, in faslis 1268-69.

Faslis.	Dry.		Wet.		Entire holdings.	
	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
1268	3,92,550	1,03,993	83,719	3,05,541	4,76,269	4,69,534
1269	4,23,315	1,17,566	82,432	3,00,632	5,05,747	4,78,198
Net.....	30,765	13,573	1,287	4,909	29,478	8,664
Decrease.....	95,646	22,027	2,402	30,568	1,03,048	52,595
Increase.....	1,26,411	5,600	6,115	25,650	1,32,526	61,250

The main cause of relinquishing the lands bearing an assessment of Rs. 52,595 is the failure of rain. The time fixed for relinquishing, and taking up, lands being allowed to extend to the end of November 1859, and there being an insufficient fall of rain up to that date, the poor ryots relinquished that portion of wet waste lands, which they knew by experience could not be cultivated even if there were rain in future, and cultivated red, instead of black soils. The lands bearing an assessment of the above mentioned sum have been therefore relinquished. The causes of increase in column 6 are set forth in the following para.

12. To compare fasli 1269 with fasli 1268 the following Abstract of the actual cultivation has been prepared.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Comparison.			
	Acres.	Assessment of Rupees and Fasli jasty.	Acres.	Assessment of Rupees and Fasli jasty.	Increase.		Decrease.	
					Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Dry lands...	3,80,180	1,00,396	4,16,443	1,15,447	36,263	15,051	...	...
Under Tanks...	50,532	2,88,634	41,813	2,22,196	...	...	8,719	66,438
Do. Nallas...	13,184	67,875	13,888	71,063	704	3,188	...	...
Do. Wells...	19,680	1,04,587	20,848	1,10,863	1,168	6,276	...	...
Total.....	83,396	4,61,096	76,549	4,04,122	1,827	9,474	8,719	66,438
Grand Total...	4,63,576	5,61,492	4,92,992	5,19,569	29,416	...	...	41,923

BELLARY.

The favorable sowing season for the Moongary Crops, the reduction of assessment under Nallas, and wells, and the remunerative prices of grains of all sorts, account for the increase in these three columns, while the failure of water in the tanks causes the decrease in the other column.

13. By the following abstract it will be observed that the demand for waste charged, is 27,682, and this amount not only exceeds that of last fasli by 15,151, but is quite unprecedented in former faslis.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
Waste charged on Ryots.....	3,182	7,391	4,209	...
Reddies appanum.....	9,349	20,291	10,942	...
	12,531	27,682	15,151	...

I may attribute this increase to two causes.

1st Although freedom is permitted to Ryots to take up and relinquish lands, yet fearing that their rights will be lost by their giving Rázínámas for the portion relinquished, they have retained the whole extent in their pattas, consequently waste is charged.

2nd Appanum waste is charged in all cases wherein the Reddies' emoluments are in excess of the salaries fixed for their services, and on some Reddies for failing to cultivate their lands though possessing sufficient means to do so.

14. The subjoined abstract shews a remission of Rs. 37,507 in the Caboolaty waste and when compared with the last fasli there is an increase of Rs. 24,146 which is to be attributed to the unfavorable season.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
Dry Lands...	2,804	1,262	.....	1,542
Under Tanks...	8,873	35,089	26,216	.....
Do. Nallas...	691	721	30	.....
Do. Wells...	993	435	.....	558
Total...	10,557	36,245	26,246	558
Grand Total...	13,861	37,507	26,246	2,100

Nct. 24,146

Of this waste there was remitted in the proportion of $\frac{1}{3}$ of Ryots' waste, and $\frac{1}{3}$ of reddie. Remission is granted to lands laid waste from want of water, and for lands retained in hopes of future rains (with the sanction of the Board*) to ryots, and to some poor reddie who are not permitted to relinquish their appanum lands at pleasure.

* 24th February 1860.
No. 979.

15. Statement No. 4 exhibits the particulars of remissions of Rs. 7,729 granted in fasli 1269, from unavoidable causes.

The causes are specified below.

Kowle remissions an account of lands under Kowle tenure..... 379
Dasavandum remissions to certain lands cultivated under Shamlat
Dasavandum tanks, and including Srottriam remissions for lands cultivated in Srottriam villages, and Cateobady remissions..... 6,716
Remissions granted to village servants, who have neither sufficient Inams, nor the customary fees... .. 634

7,729

That a decrease of Rs. 947 has taken place compared with the remissions of the preceding fasli, may be attributed to the deficiency of cultivation.

16. The reasons for increase, and decrease in sundry items of Revenue entered in enclosure of Statement No. 4, are here enumerated.

The decrease in the item of Jodi, is caused by some of the village servants abandoning their Inams in consequence of not being able to pay the turwar or full Jodi.

The following abstract shows the extent of such Inams abandoned.

NAMES OF THE TALUKS.	Number of Villages.	Number of Persons Abandoned their Inams.	Abandoned Inams by giving Razidama.					Amount of Jodi paid in the fali 1268, according to Tur- war.
			Total Assessment.	Amount of land laid waste 1269.	Amount of land cultivated 1269.			
					Assessment.	Product.	Total.	
Panugondah.	3	4	23	11	12	4	16	56
Codicondah.	2	2	11	11	...	...	...	6
Darmavarum.	5	6	74	61	13	..	13	79
Total...	10	12	108	83	25	4	29	141

Thus the Jodi being more than the assessment of the Inam lands they were obliged to abandon them.

Rs. 1,342. There was not sufficient supply of water in tanks, consequently very little water was available for Inamdars, hence a decrease in Neersarigi.

137. Extensive Inam lands were brought under cultivation both by ryots who cultivated Government land, and others, hence an increase in Inam Tafareek.

258. Reasons for decrease in Sundry small farms.

1st Some of the old topes, and isolated trees, situated in the patta lands of ryots in Darmavarum taluk, have been made over to them, on condition of paying the land Revenue (in accordance with the Order of Government dated 17th September 1858.)

2nd Babul trees did not bear well, therefore there is a decrease under this head. Mango and Tamarind trees yielded good Crops, hence an increase... .. 73

17. With regard to No. 6 and its enclosure, B, agreeably to the orders of Government dated 26th September 1859 Kowle is granted on careful enquiry during the time of Jagnabundy, therefore there was only an increase of acres 32, and assessment Rs. 108, and if to this Kowle be added the lands which remained in Kowle tenure in the last fasli, the assessment on Kowle lands will be Rs. 435, and fasli Jasty Rs. 204, making an aggregate amount of Rs. 639. Of payamoly Kowle of last fasli, there remained Rs. 76 but there is no increase in this item.

18. The following abstract exhibits the relative extent of Sugarcane, cotton, &c. in faslis 1268, and 69.

	Sugarcane.		Cotton.		Indigo.	
	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
Fasli 1268.	1,111	9,571	5,946	1,863	677	495
1269.	1,267	10,574	7,300	2,323	440	267
Increase.	156	1,003	1,354	460	.....	.....
Decrease... ..	.....	.. ..	.....	.....	237	228

1. The increase in Sugarcane cultivation, may be ascribed to a sufficient quantity of water in tanks in the months of April, and May, at which time Sugarcane cultivation is carried on.

2. The increase in cotton cultivation, is owing to a favorable season in the months of August, and September, and to the remunerative prices of this article.

3. Indigo is not much cultivated in the Sub Division, but less than usual was grown in this fasli.

19. The following abstract shows the particulars of Land Revenue which is entered in the 8th column of the statement, No. 10, as compared with the last fasli.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
Jodi of Srottrium and Inam Villages... ..	426	426	...	...
Ryotwar... ..	5,91,615	5,49,108	...	42,507
Total.....	5,92,041	5,49,534	...	42,507

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

The deficiency of rain accounts for the decrease and needs no further explanation.

20. There is a difference of Rs. 1,807 in the columns from 9 to 12 of statement No. 10 regarding the Extra sources of Revenue, and other sources in comparison with the preceding fasli.

The following abstract shows the difference.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
Abkari... ..	70,150	70,150	...	...
Mótarfá.	40,382	40,599	217	...
Stamp paper.	7,224	8,814	1,590	...
Total.....	1,17,756	1,19,563	1,807	...

The increase has chiefly arisen in three following items.

- 1 Visbady..... 53
- 2 Baghirvisbady..... 164
- 3 The increase under stamp paper is the result of a greater number of suits in the year under review..... 1590

1807

21. The following abstract shows the increase and decrease under several heads entered in enclosure A of statement No. 10.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
Revenue.				
Land Revenue... ..	5,92,011	5,49,534	.....	42,507
Sundry Revenue... ..	1,17,756	1,19,563	1,807	.....
Total...	7,09,797	6,69,097	1,807	42,507
Extra Revenue including interest.	7,999	14,596	6,597	.....
Sale proceeds from Government plantation.	4,525	817	.....	* 3,708
Total...	7,22,321	6,84,510	8,404	46,215

Net 37,811

I have explained in the preceding paras* the increase and decrease in land and extra sources of Revenue and by the following abstract the extra Revenue will be understood.

*19 and 20.

22. The following is an abstract of statement No. 9 shewing the Sevoy jamah and interest in comparison with the last fasli.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
Sevoy Jamah.				
Land Revenue... ..	Rs. 7,926	Rs. 14,488	Rs. 6,562	.....
Sundry Sources of Revenue... ..	55	104	49	.....
Total...	7,981	14,592	6,611	.....
Interest.				
Revenue... ..	.....	1	1	.....
Sundry Revenue... ..	18	3	.....	15
Total...	18	4	1	15
Sale proceeds from Government Plantation. ..	4,525	817	.....	3,708
Total...	12,524	15,413	6,612	3,723

Net..... 2,889

The increase of 6,611 Rs. in Sevoy jamah has chiefly arisen from the following causes.

Detection of suppressed cultivation in certain lands tilled in the

Vysak season, subsequent to jamabundy of fasli 1,268—69... 5,162

Revenue fines.. .. 429

Extra cultivation in excess of Bariz... .. 62

Amount of lapsed Inams having been brought to account... .. 134

Sale of dry trees in old, and new plantations, and of palmyra

trees for circar buildings... .. 326

Sale of old records... .. 449

Increase in the Mótarfá. 49

6,611

Decrease.

The regular payment of the kists.. .. 14

Sale proceeds of government plantations... .. 3,708

3,722

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

23. The Subjoined abstract shews the Demand, collection and Balance of the fasli under report entered in statement No. 11.

ITEMS.	Demand of Fasli. 1269.	Collection.			Balance.			Percentage.
		Amount collected within the Fasli.	Subsequent Collection.	Total.	Amount recoverable.	Irrecoverable.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Land Revenue...	5,49,534	5,39,003	4,434	5,43,437	1,449	4,648	6,097	Rs. A. P.
Sundry sources of Revenue.								
Abkari...	70,150	69,537	613	70,150	...	...	...	...
Motarfā...	40,599	39,825	573	40,401	142	56	198	0 7 0
Stamp paper...	8,814	8,814	..	8,814	...	...	...	...
Total....	1,19,563	1,18,176	1,189	1,19,365	142	56	198	0 3 0
Gaand Total...	6,69,097	6,57,179	5,623	6,62,802	1,591	4,704	6,295	0 15 0
Extra Revenue...	15,409	14,604	523	15,127	255	27	282	1 14 0
Interest...	4	4	...	4	..	...	..	..
Total....	6,84,510	6,71,787	6,146	6,77,933	1,846	4,731	6,577	0 15 0

24. The next abstract shews the balance and Collection of arrears.

ITEMS.	Balance standing at the commencement of the Fasli 1269.	Collection.			Balance.		
		Amount collected within the Fasli including the amount written off.	Subsequent collection.	Total.	Recoverable.	Irrecoverable.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Land Revenue...	12,585	7,963	2	7,965	53	4,567	4,620
Motarfā...	645	615	...	615	...	30	30
Total.....	13,230	8,578	2	8,580	53	4,597	4,650
Extra Revenue...	2,053	1,843	10	1,853	67	135	202
Grand Total.....	15,283	10,421	12	10,433	120	4,732	4,852

25. The following abstract shews the arrears which I recommend to be written off, as the amount appears to have been found to be irrecoverable upon enquires instituted by the officers who conducted the Jamabundy of the fasli under review.

Fasli.	TALUKS.	Land Revenue.	Motarfā,	Extra Revenue.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1267.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	Anantapoor...	...	.....	42 1 6	42 1 6
	Codicondah...	...	.....	16 1 3	16 1 3
		.....	.....	58 2 9	58 2 9
1268.	Anantapoor...	1,191 0 0	2 2 0	11 1 0	1,204 3 0
	Panugondah...	531 13 0	8 11 8	...	540 8 8
	Codicoudah...	449 11 8	4 6 0	45 2 3	499 3 11
	Madacasera...	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Darmavarum...	2,394 7 8	14 8 0	21 2 11	2,430 2 7
	Total...	4,567 0 4	29 11 8	77 6 2	4,674 2 2
	Grand Total...	4,567 0 4	29 11 8	135 8 11	4,732 4 11

R. A. P.

Causes for the above irrecoverable Balance.

Some ryots died, some absconded and some are paupers... 346 11 7
 By Submersion of Crops... 27 14 0
 Increased Jody charged on the poorer classes of village Police
 and Revenue servants... 4,357 11 4

4,732 4 11

The statement shewing the above mentioned sum has already been forwarded to the Collector's Office.

26. The annexed is an abstract shewing the property sequestrated and sold by Auction for arrears of revenue, in fasli 1269.

Name of Taluk.	Amount of arrears due.	Value of property sequestrated.	Sold by auction.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Madacasera..	21 14 4	21 14 4	23 4 0

27. I am informed that the village and taluk accounts of fasli 1268 were examined during the Jamabundy, and found to be correctly kept.

28. The subjoined is an abstract of the statement prepared according to Board's order dated 29th August 1849, shewing the extent of land acquired by public servants in fasli 1269.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

ITEMS.		Number of individuals.	Land acquired prior to employment.				Land acquired in Fasli 1269, after employment.			
			Circar.		Inam.		Circar.		Inam.	
			Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
Huzar.	Old servants...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	New servants employed...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Taluk.	Old servants...	...	...	...	...	...	59	83	...	...
	New servants employed...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	59	83	...	...
Grand Total.....		...	...	...	...	...	59	83	...	...

29. Not having made the settlement myself I am unable to record any opinion regarding the conduct and qualifications of the Sub Division Saristadar Cadiri Sashagirri Row during the Jamabundy, but I have been much indebted in the drawing up of this report to his lucid statements and able explanations of the causes of the different fluctuations in the revenue during the fasli under review.

(Signed) E. W. FOORD.

Sub Collector.

30th August, 1860.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF KURNOOL.

I have the honor to forward the annual Jamabandi Statements prescribed in the Circulars of August 7th and 23d 1859.

2. The Settlement of each Taluk was in general conducted at some village, within its boundaries, but that of Nandikotkoor Taluk was completed at Kalwa in the Pannium Taluk, owing to a scarcity of water in Nandikotkoor, and to the village of Kalwa being conveniently adjacent to the villages of that Taluk. A few villages of Doopad were also settled at Cumbum owing to their vicinity to that place.

3. There is no variation in the number and tenure of villages from the preceding Fasli, and it was found necessary to renew all the Pattas, as they had not previously been issued according to the prescribed form.

4. The season was not favourable. The rains under the South West Monsoon were partial, and generally scanty, while the North East Monsoon failed altogether. The Tanks in consequence received only a supply of water for the first crop, and the second crop was either not attempted, or withered from want of water. The large Tank of Cumbum alone, contained sufficient water from the previous season, to allow of the usual cultivation throughout the year.

5. The dry crops also suffered from the want of rain in the Taluks of Cumbum, Doopad, and Panchapalem and in some of the villages in the latter Taluk no later cultivation was able to be carried on. In the rest of the District however the state of the dry cultivation was satisfactory, and remunerated the Ryots.

6. The sanitary state of the people was good, but much disease was prevalent amongst cattle, and great loss was suffered in this respect. There was very little small pox reported in the District during the Fasli under review, but there was also a slight falling off in the operations of the vaccinators. The people of these parts were until recently exceedingly hostile to the measure, and on the appearance of a Government Vaccinator it was not unusual for all the children of a village to be at once carried away to the Hills. Efforts have been made to modify this feeling amongst the population, but it is evident that the labours of the department are not so successful as in some other Districts. Appended is a Statement shewing the result of its operations for the year.

STATION.	Under one year of age.			Above one year of age.			Total.		
	Number vaccinated.	Successful.	Failure.	Number vaccinated.	Successful.	Failure.	Number vaccinated.	Successful.	Failure.
Kurnool.....	317	265	52	1,563	1,360	203	1,880	1,625	255

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

2

7. The prices of grain have been very high, and have increased even beyond the high prices of the preceding Fasli. The causes for this increase, which is apparently general, must be attributed to much besides the somewhat scanty outturn of the crops. The deficiency in these will in no way account for the phenomenon. I would account for it chiefly by the increase in the available currency, and consequent lowering of the previous un-natural value of coin, and also to the increased prosperity of the Ryots which has followed from that fact, as well as from improved administration. The Ryots are not now generally dependant on Soukars for the payment of their kists, they are no longer forced to sacrifice their grain to meet the Government demand, but are able to sell it at their own time and to the best advantage. There is nothing therefore to check the natural rise in prices, caused partly by an increased demand, and partly by the lower value of coin.

8. In the original Taluks of the District there is no fixed assessment, and consequently no commutation price. Such must doubtless exist for the Taluks transferred from Cuddapah and Bellary, but it is not known in the office, and I do not think it worth while to detain this report to obtain that information from the Collectors of those Districts. There is no doubt that in every Taluk the high prices of grain has more than compensated the Ryots for a partial deficiency in the crop.

9. Enclosure B in Statement 3 exhibits the particulars of Ryots' holdings. A total extent of 32,995 acres was thrown up, the assessment on which amounted to Rupees 40,690; this sum differs by Rs. 6,934 from the amount entered in Column: 9 of the Statement, and is accounted for by reductions to that extent having been granted in certain over assessed lands in the original Taluks of Kurnool, according to the system in force in the District. The remission was in fact nominal, as the amount had been previously remitted yearly; but was allowed to continue in the accounts.

10. Fresh land to the extent of 58,572 acres, paying a Revenue of Rs. 64,561 was taken up, so that after deducting the amount of waste remitted there was a net increase of Rupees 16,890 on the holdings for the previous year, which considering the unfavourable nature of the season must be considered a satisfactory result, and is attributable to the high prices of produce, and demand for the same stimulating the desire on the part of the Ryots to obtain possession of land.

11. There was an increase of 26,256 acres of actual cultivation over the preceding year, an amount that would have been far surpassed but for the unfavorable nature of the season,

12. Enclosure C. in Statement 3 exhibits the particulars of waste charged and remitted. The subject has been fully explained in my letter of 6th July last No. 98, and the remissions granted have received the sanction of the Board. The waste remitted as entered in enclosure B. No. 3, amounts to Rupees 9,884-14-2, and the Shamlat Banjar entered in Statement 4 amounts to Rs. 1,742-7-5, making a total of Rs. 11,627-5-7. In the accounts previously submitted to the Board, the Banjar remissions amounted to Rupees 11,005, and the difference of Rs. 622-5-7 arises from the usual one-third and one-fourth remissions granted in the Taluks transferred from Cuddapah having been deducted in the former account, and the actual demand against the Ryots having been alone entered as a remission for waste. In the present statements the whole assessment on the waste is entered.

13. Statement 4 exhibits the particulars of all remissions. The items of Shamlat Banjar, Paniboodthy, Paymaly, and Shavi have already been fully explained in my letter of 6th July last No. 98. The difference in the amount for Paniboodthy as now entered and that contained in the statement previously submitted arises from the same cause as explained in the case of Shamlat Banjar.

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14. The item of Rs. 2,217 entered as Tirva Kammy, does not answer to the remission generally known by that name. It is the amount of relief granted to the holders of over assessed land, according to the custom of the District, and this sum will in the current Fasli be deducted permanently from the demand, and not appears in future as a remission in the accounts. The Board are acquainted with the state of things which renders this reduction of over assessment, at the discretion of the local officers, necessary in Kurnool until a general assessment be carried out.

15. The item of Kowle remission is caused by former grants having still to run out, only 18 acres have been granted on such terms during the Fasli under review, as shown in Statement 6, which were made over previous to the publication of the Government order objecting to this practice. The permanent Kowle entered in Statement 6, refers to a system in force apparently only in the Bellary District, by which land is granted for five years on a pepper corn rate, and the full assessment is then charged. The name is consequently not properly applicable.

16. The item of Pymash Kammy amounting to Rupees 1,101-15-11, is a remission granted on land entered in the original accounts, but which has been found on measurement not to be in existence. I would suggest that this amount should in future be deducted from the Ayakat, and not continue to figure yearly as a remission.

17. The permanent remissions are all granted under different names in the Taluks transferred from Cuddapah, and the increase is accounted for by the increase of cultivation. These, and the customary remissions require no remark.

18. The Sundry Items are shown in statement 4. The decrease in the Jodi of village service Inams is on account of remission for waste, which has received the sanction of the Board. The increase and decrease in the succeeding items require little explanation, owing to the scarcity of water, the irrigation of Inams was slightly less than usual, and the Tirvajasty fell in proportion. The increase in the rent of topes was larger with the exception of those for Palmyra trees, which according to the orders of the Board were made over to the owners of the land in which they were situated, instead of being rented out for Government. The gain previously from this source was very trifling.

19. The extent of land cultivated with special products is shown in Statement 7. In Sugar-cane there is a decrease of about 200 acres in extent, of which 85 acres is in Government land, with an increase however of nearly Rupees 3,000 on the assessment. In Cotton and Indigo there is also a slight decrease in the total extent of the cultivation, as well as of the assessment on the same. The following comparative Statement shows the decrease of cultivation in all these products as compared with the preceding Fasli.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1269.			Fasli 1268.			Decrease.
	Extent.		Assessment.	Extent.		Assessment.	
	Acres.	Rs.	A. P.	Acres.	Rs.	A. P.	Acres.
Sugar-cane	710	14,209	8 11	905	11,684	7 7	195
Cotton	1,52,325	1,31,293	13 5	1,65,393	1,60,231	1 5	13,068
Indigo... ..	23,773	56,435	14 7	25,585	74,274	3 2	1,812

With the exception of Indigo, which is grown entirely for exportation, the other products are raised in

this District solely for Local consumption, and the cultivation of Cotton though extensive is not carefully attended to, and it is almost universally mixed with grain crops sown simultaneously in the field.

20. In Statement 3 is shown a comparison of the whole Land Revenue for this year, with that of the preceding, which exhibits a net increase of Rupees 50,637. The chief increase, Rupees 14,738, found in the Taluk of Panchapalem, in spite of that Taluk having suffered most severely by the failure of rain, and I think this fact may fairly be attributed to the revision of the assessment which was then carried out in Fasli 1267. That revision caused a decrease in the existing cultivation of Fasli 1268 of Rupees 18,120, and fresh land to the value of about Rupees 13,000 was taken up in the same year. If the increase in the Fasli under review be added to that amount it shows an actual gain of Revenue of about Rupees 9,000 in this one Taluk in the third year after remitting assessment to the extent of Rupees 18,000.

21. No revision of assessment has taken place in the rest of the District, where it is perhaps more necessary than it was in Bellary, and I trust the success of the measure in the Taluk of Panchapalem may encourage its extension more especially to the original Taluks of Kurnool.

22. The particulars of Motarfa are shown in No. 8, and require no particular remark. There is no change in the Abkari, and there is an increase in the sale of stamps to the extent of Rupees 1,231 which was to be expected to follow on the fuller working of the recently constituted Courts.

23. The following abstract Statement shows the whole Revenue, including Sundry Sources, as compared with the preceding Fasli, and exhibits a total increase of Rupees 52,504.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue	13,76,192	4	11	14,26,879	0	8	50,636	11	9
Sundry Sources	2,32,193	0	2	2,34,010	12	4	1,817	12	2
Total...	16,08,385	5	1	16,60,889	13	6	52,504	7	11

24. The Statement No. 11, exhibits the amount of Sovey Jamma, and Interest. It has not hitherto been the practice to charge Interest in this District regularly on arrears of land Revenue.

25. Enclosure A in the same Statement shows the D. C. B. in abstract of all sources of current Revenue and arrears. The Balance in the Cumbam Taluk is entered at Rupees 26,975, but this includes the whole permanently settled arrear of Rupees 15,193-7-1 which has since been paid by the Zemindar of Venkatagerry. The Balance still due however in this and the other transferred Taluks is larger than in the original Taluks of Kurnool, but measures will be taken for its speedy collection where possible.

26. An examination was made at the Jamabandi into the outstanding arrears of former Faslis, and Statement No. 13 exhibits the amounts under the different Faslis, and heads of Revenue which are recommended for final remission as irrecoverable, to the total amount of Rupees 1,922-13-11.

27. Enclosure A in the same Statement shows that coercive process was had recourse to, to a very limited extent, only four processes being issued, and property sold to the value of Rupees 68-4-4.

28. The charges, as exhibited in Statement 15 requires no remark.

29. The new system of village and Taluk accounts has now been universally introduced and, with a few exceptions is worked satisfactorily by the Karnams.

30. The accompanying Statement shows the extent of land held by public servants, and calls for no particular comment.

PARTICULARS.	Number of individuals.	CIRCAR LAND.				INAM LAND.				TOTAL.			
		Extent of Land.		Amount of Assessment.		Extent of Land.		Amount of Assessment.		Extent of Land.		Amount of Assessment.	
		Acres.	O. A.	Rs.	A. P.	Acres.	O. A.	Rs.	A. P.	Acres.	O. A.	Rs.	A. P.
Huzar Servants	13	118	17	4½	410	3	6	53½	10	4½	274	15	1
Taluk Servants	54	531	2	5½	1,103	2	10	1,623	28	1	2,155	4	5
Total...	67	649	19	10	1,513	6	4	2,172	38	5½	2,430	2	6

31. The Board are aware that I have joined the District at too recent a period for any remarks of mine on the conduct of the Subordinate officers to carry weight: I therefore postpone recording any thing on the subject until at a future period a more suitable opportunity be afforded me for the purpose.

KURNOOL, COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
22nd September 1860.

(Signed) JAMES INNES MINCHIN,
Acting Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT
OF
MADRAS.

PARA 1. Agreeably with the instructions contained in the Board's Circulars of the 2d September 1859 N^o. 3167, and 7th July 1860, N^o. 3145, I have the honor to submit herewith * 18 in number the accompanying statements* relative to the settlement of the Land and Extra sources of Revenue of this district, for the past Fasli 1269-1859-60

VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE. 2. The villages at which the settlement of the several Talúks was effected, and the period it occupied, are given in Statement No. 1 Prior to the departure of the late Collector, Mr. Shubrick, on the 13th March, he settled the Saidápet Talúk, and was about to settle that of Tripórúr also, at the same station, having previously ordered the preparation of the settlement accounts at Saidápet. The Officiating Collector, Mr. Ellis, having meanwhile, assumed charge of his office, the settlement of that and the 5 other Talúks entered marginally† devolved on him, while that of the Uttramalúr and Kanjiveram Talúks was assigned to Mr. Nisbet, who acted for the head assistant Collector at Chingleput. The settlement of the remaining 2 Talúks, viz. Náyér and Madras, was conducted by myself.

VARIATIONS IN THE NUMBER AND TENURES OF VILLAGES, WITH REMARKS ON THE NUMBER OF PATTÁS, NOT RENEWED.

† Vide para 3. Mr. Boysons' letter to Government 27th July 1859, No. 1328, Communicated with Government Proceedings 30th July 1859, No. 453.

3. The number of villages held under various tenures is 2,382, or 1 Village only in excess of those of last year, which was occasioned consequent on the purchase on behalf of Government in 1859† of Sir James Home's Gardens, which were the property of the late Nabob of the Karnatic. These villages are held by the different modes of settlement shewn in the following Abstract.

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ryotwár... ..	1,672	1,671	...	1
Amáni... ..	3	7	4	...
Rents for one, and more than one year.	30	28	...	2
Srótíam.... ..	316	316	...	...
Zemindárf... ..	360	360	..	...
• • • • •	2,381	2,382	4	3

The increase of 4 villages under the head of Amāni is attributable to the reversion to that head of 3 villages which were held on rent in the last year, and to the purchase by Government, of the Garden mentioned in the preceding Para, which is entered as forming a Village in the accounts. A neighbouring large Garden called the Roshan Baugh was purchased from the Estate of the late Nabob in 1857 and this also forms a village in our accounts. As the Gardens adjoin each other, they will be entered as one village in future. A corresponding decrease of 3 villages will consequently be seen under the head of "Villages rented for one, and more than one year," and in the Ryotwar Villages by the cause mentioned in the concluding part of para. 4.

4. The number of Pattas issued in the year under report is 85,929, or 150 in excess of

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Madras.....	53,753	53,356	....	397
Chingleput...	32,026	32,573	547	.....
Total...	85,779	85,929	150	.....

that of last year, as may be seen from the margin.* Agreeably to the suggestions contained in the concluding part of para 18 of the Board's circular of the 7th July last, No. 3,145, the number of Motarfa Pattas issued in Fasli 1269

is entered below the total of Land Revenue Pattas in Column 4 of Statement No. 1. The only permanent Patta appertaining to this District is that issued for 30 years, under the instructions of the Board dated 10th September 1859, No. 3,595, to Gulam Rājākhān, Mirāssidār of Pūttūr in the Saidāpet Tālūk.

5. Referring to the 14th para of the Board's Circular of the 7th July 1860, No. 3,145 directing attention to their previous Circular of the 23rd May No. 2404, requiring me to notice in the settlement report the number of Pattas not renewed, and to state at the same time how far this change of practice is acceptable to the Ryots, I beg to state that the Board's latter Proceedings, with the Government Proceedings of the 7th Idem, No. 721, have been received at this office only on the 4th June 1860, and too late to be acted upon in the Fasli under report. I will however endeavour to carry out, as far as possible, these instructions in the approaching settlement, and communicate the result in my report for Fasli 1270, as required in the 3rd para of the Board's Circular of the 16th August 1860, No. 3756.

6. The season was not quite so favorable for agricultural pursuits as in the preceding year. The South West monsoon, which generally sets in in May, June and July, and on which the early agricultural operations mainly depend, proved exceedingly scanty. The North East monsoon set in heavily towards the close of October and continued, with breaks, until December filling all the Tanks in the District, whereby the Nunjah cultivation was carried on much in advance of the preceding year. The freshes in the Pālār, Chēyār, Arni and Kortillār Rivers, though not quite so abundant as in Fasli 1268, benefitted proportionately the Villages on their borders.

7. The District was visited with fever, small pox, and Cholera, which latter commenced, as often happens, with the great festival at Kanjiveram in May, and prevailed throughout the District with such virulence, that many fatal cases occurred, especially in the Chingleput and Southern Tālūks, in which entire Villages were temporarily deserted. I omit mention of Madras itself, where, as the Board are aware, the disease raged in a very unusual degree. murrain also prevailed extensively among the Cattle, and seemed to be governed by some in-explicable laws; for, some Village herds were quite healthy, though surrounded by others almost swept away by sickness.

8. The Vaccinators are attentive in their duties, and continue to operate with success, owing to frequent supervision by the Zillah Surgeon, and the verification of the vaccination Returns by the Tālūk authorities. One Vaccinator was, however, dismissed for general neglect.

9. The Dispensary at Chingleput is also a great boon to the public, and the resort to it is on the increase, as may be gathered from the Returns of patients published in the District Gazette from time to time.

10. The prices of grain are given in Statement No. 2. The average price of paddy was 119 Rs. per garce, which is about 50 per cent beyond the commutation rate fixed at the Survey; but in comparison with the prices which ruled in Fasli 1268, it was 38 per cent below the profits which the Ryots then derived as shewn in the margin.* The prices of Dry grain will, on comparison with last year's Statement, be observed to be likewise lower. This falling off in the price must be attributed to the extensive importation of grain from Arracan and other ports into Madras. As regards the accuracy of the monthly price Returns furnished to the Board, on which the present rates are calculated, it must be observed that they are correct, so far as the measures in use in the different Towns have been reduced to the common standard which obtains in Madras. The prices given in this Statement are the retail rates to the consumer, and not the wholesale prices at which the merchants purchase their supplies from the Ryots, which latter it is evidently the object of the Board to secure, as expressed in the 3d Para of their Proceedings of the 6th August last, No. 3,613. But as these Proceedings were received after the expiration of the past Fasli, the instructions contained in them can only be duly attended to in my future reports.

	Rs.	
Commutation price. 78 per garce.		
Fasli 1268...	70 or 80½	Increase over commu-
Fasli 1269...	41 or 51½	tation rate.
Difference...	38	

11. The holdings of the Ryots, at the beginning of the Fasli comprising the lands cultivated in the preceding year, inclusive of the waste remitted, amounted to 3,36,017 Acres, assessed at Rs. 11,52,506-1-2. Of this, 4,536 Acres assessed at Rs. 23,965-11-3 were relinquished, and 32,027 Acres of waste land assessed at Rs. 83,028. As. 8. P. 9. were newly taken up; the total holdings being 3,63,458 Acres assessed at Rs. 12,16,565. As. 14. P. 8.

12. The Dry lands relinquished were mostly cultivated with Varagu, a dry grain, in the preceding year, and were consequently laid fallow in the year under report, a privilege which, I may mention with reference to the Board's Proceedings 6th August 1860, No. 3,613, Para 4, extends to one year only. The wet and garden lands left waste have been uncultivated, partly from a deficiency of water, and partly from the inability of their owners.

13. Statement No. 3 exhibits the cultivation and settlement of the Ryotwar Villages. The abstract A, attached to this Statement, which is a comparison of the cultivation and settlement, shows a slight decrease of Rupees 7,509 in the Dry cultivation, and an equally slight increase of Rs 50,433 in the wet and garden cultivation; but on looking at the 2d Crop assessment, there is a decrease of Rupees 12,298, while Teervajasti or additional assessment presents a small increase of Rupees 2,059. There is also an increase of Rupees 15,230, under sundry Items, which, with the small extent of remissions granted in the year under review, has raised the land revenue to Rupees 12,35,351. As. 10. P. 5. or Rupees 56,753 in excess of the Demand under the head of Ryotwar, in the preceding Fasli. The particulars of the increase of Rupees 15,230, will be noticed when explaining the entries in Statement No. 4, under the head of Sundry Items.

14. The average assessment per Acre, on the extent of the cultivation, is given in enclosure B to Statement No. 10. On Dry land it is Rs. 1 A. 8, on wet Rs. 4 A. 8 P. 6, and on Garden Rupees 4 A. 1 P. 5. With the exception of the Garden land, the average rates on Dry and Wet are lower than those of the past Fasli.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF .

WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED, WITH REASONS.

15. From the enclosure C to Statement No. 3, showing Talukwar the particulars of the Ryots' holding under the heads of Dry, Wet and Garden-land it will be observed that the waste remitted is Acres 62,666 at an assessment of 1,27,907 Rupees, and that charged is Acres 3,061 taxed at Rs. 5,887, as no sufficient grounds were shewn for the remission of the latter sum. The former amount is the assessment on the Kabulati Bunjer retained by the Ryots. The instructions in reference to like remissions, contained in the 7th para of the Board's Circular of the 8th August 1859, No. 3061; will be strictly acted upon from the year 1860-61, as directed in the 3rd para of the Government proceedings of the 25th July 1859, No. 992.

PARTICULARS OF REMISSIONS.

16. The remissions granted, under the several heads in the last and in the present year, are given in Statement No. 4. The total remission in the previous fasli amounted to Rupees 1,93,042 A. 7 P. 3, and that granted in fasli under report is Rupees 1,84,204 A. 9 P. 4. The increase is Rupees 18,042 against a decrease of Rupees 26,880. The net decrease therefore is Rupees 8,838.

17. The remissions under the head of Chikadpuludi or land ploughed, but not sown, amounted to Rupees 15,460 in Fasli 1268, and in the present fasli to Rupees 6,387. The decrease is Rs. 9,073.

18. This is one of the remissions disallowed by the 3rd para of the Board's Circular of the 8th August 1859 No. 3061, but I thought it right to concede it on entire fields. Kabulati waste having been remitted, it was but fair to treat Chikadpuludi in the same manner, for, in the former case the lands had not been broken up, but in the latter had been brought into order in expectation of rain, which was not granted, and much labor had been expended in vain. These remissions will however altogether disappear from the accounts for the future, except that under the head of Patta waste for want of water, which can alone be granted in accordance with the spirit of the 5th para of the amended orders of Government of the 12th March 1860, No. 1245.

* Vide Remark in Statement No. 4.

19. The remission under the head of *Stalakammi amounted to Rupees 12,035 in the past fasli, and is merely 360 Rs. in the present. Though remission under this head is prohibited by the Board's Circular of the 8th August 1859, No. 3061, the present trifling concession was rendered necessary in a very few cases, wherein portions of fields were laid waste from clearly unavoidable causes.

20. A small amount of remission has also been granted in the year under review, under the heads of †Panibudthi and †Poyamalli, under the amended instructions in para 2 of the Board's Proceedings of the 12th March 1860, No. 1245.

21. The remissions under the head of Nunjah Shavi have also been granted to the amount of Rs. 7,786, and exceeds by Rs. 6,283 the amount granted in the preceding year.

22. The increased remission of Rs. 2,062 occurred under the head of Fassal Commi.

23. The increase of Rupees 7,562 under the head of Mérahs to Government Village servants is commensurate with the increased extent of cultivation. The other Items of remission are of ordinary character, varying with the extent of cultivation, and do not call for special remarks.

24. Statement No. 5 exhibits the extent of crops which perished in the several Taluks, embracing an assessment of Rs. 19,674, though the sum actually remitted amounted to only Rs. 7,786. It had been usual in this district to disallow remission when the loss sustained was within 10 per cent., of the demand, and to grant it in full, when above that proportion. I thought it more equitable, however, to reject all claims within 10 per cent., and to admit only those in excess of that rate, i. e. Shavi to the amount of 15 per cent., received a deduction of 5 per cent.

25. Withered crops were mostly found in the South Western portions of the District,

MADRAS.

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as the rain had chiefly fallen along the sea board, and the early representations respecting it were unheeded in consequence of the orders of the Government, prohibiting all remissions.

26. When the amended instructions to grant it arrived late in the season, we had to verify, as we best could, the statements of Shavi which had been previously sent in. The accounts submitted from the Taluks having, however, undergone a rigorous scrutiny both in the Huzur and Sub-Collector's Offices, the amount first claimed was much reduced, and it may reasonably be hoped that the indulgence was shown only in cases entitled to it. About 9 per cent., of the Ryots received remission under this head, and the amount deducted was about 4 per cent., of the settled demand against them.

27. The demand under the head of Sundry Items amounted in Fasli 1268 to Rupees 2,46,108 A. 9 P. 10, and in that of 1269 to Rupees 2,61,338 A. 8 P. 7, the increase is Rupees 15,287, against a decrease of Rupees 57, the net increase being thus 15,230 Rupees. This increase has resulted partly from the enhanced rent of the 3rd portion of the Strihorrikottah Jungle, in which item alone the increase amounts to Rupees 7,200 in comparison with the past year's rent, and partly from the commuted value of Mérahs payable to the Government Village servants, the increase in this item being Rs. 7,349, commensurate with the extended cultivation carried on in the year under report.

28. Under "Quit Rent," in Madras proper, included under the head of sundry items, there is also a net increase of Rupees 1,256 over the last year's demand, and a decrease of Rs. 581, in that of ground rent, the net increase being thus Rupees 676.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Land hitherto unassessed...	1,032	10	11
Rent increased in renewing certificates...	7	6	10
Substitution of ground rate for Kani rate, and Subdivisions of lands...	106	12	1
Excess land assessed...	59	6	7
Increased valuation of buildings in Black Town...	59	0	11
Lands hitherto entered as waste...	193	6	8
Redemption of Quit Rent...	165	10	0
Rent increased to the usual rate on holdings hitherto held conditionally...	293	7	11
Increase in gramasamudayem...	10	8	5
Increase...	1,928	6	4
Deductions.			
Decreased valuation of buildings in Black Town...	17	10	6
Consolidation of several certificates into one...	28	6	6
Reduction of ground rate into Kani rate, and of Quit Rent on certain lands &c...	93	8	10
Remission on lands taken for public purposes...	33	0	6
Quit Rent on lands in the Nungambakam Tank bed, transferred to Chingleput as being out of the Supreme Court's limits...	76	4	3
Quit Rent on lands in the Egmore Tank bed, which reverted to Government as unoccupied and on which Quit Rent was not paid...	405	10	3
Exemption of Quit Rent during the lifetime of Her Highness, the *Nabob Begum, on certain ground occupied by her, as per M. of C. 25th November, 1858...	13	3	9
Remission of Quit Rent on land in Tondiarpett given to Government by a defaulter...	2	8	0
Total deducted...	672	4	7
Net increase...	1,256	1	9

29. The real increase under the head of Quit Rent is Rs. 1,928 A. 6 P. 4, as particularized in the *margin. But deducting from this Rupees 672, A. 4 P. 7, which it was found necessary to reduce in the different items specified, the net increase is Rupees 1,256-A. 1 P. 9 as shown in the preceding para.

30. The decrease of Rs. 581 under the head of ground rent is attributable to the transfer to the Railway Company, of a certain tract of Government land situated at Royapuram under instructions of Government dated 14th August 1858, No. 444, which was in the previous year occupied by them as their timber yard, and paid a ground rent of Rupees 1,080; but this deficiency was partly made up by an increased rent of 499 Rupees in other quarters. The slight increase and decrease, under the other heads of Sundry Items, do not require special notice.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

31. Statement No. 6 exhibits the extent of land held on progressive Kowle in the current Fasli, which amounts to 3,058 Acres, assessed at Rupees 7,536. As. 4. P. 5, inclusive of Fasaljasti and Teervajasti. Excluding the remission granted under this head, viz. Rupees 4,741. As. 14. P. 3, the actual demand is only Rupees 2,794. As. 6. P. 2. The sum will be found to exceed by Rupees 1,047. As. 8. P. 5. the last year's demand.

32. In the present Fasli 1269, 128 Acres, assessed at Rupees 766 A. 5 P. 6 were planted with sugarcane, both in the Government and Srotriam villages against 104 Acres in the preceding Fasli assessed at Rupees 817 A. 1 P. 6. Four acres only were cultivated with Cotton, and there was none last year, but the soil of the District not being suitable to this product, the growth of it will always be trifling.

33. The extent of land cultivated with Indigo in Fasli 1268 was acres 5,716 assessed at Rupees 15,386 A. 1 P. 1, and in the Current Fasli Acres 4,697 assessed at Rupees 13,402 A. 3 P. 5. The decrease is Acres 1,019, assessed at Rupees 1,983 A. 13 P. 8, which is attributable to the deficiency of rain in the latter part of the year.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT OF GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT COMPARED WITH THE PRECEDING YEAR. ALSO RESULTS OF REVISION IF ANY HAS TAKEN PLACE IN THE DISTRICT.

*ITEMS.	Last Fasli.	Current Fasli.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs.
Permanently settled...	1,09,778 7 0	1,09,504 10 11	...	273
Jodi of Srotriam and Inam Villages...	66,360 13 0	66,221 14 3	...	139
Rents for more than one year...	13,205 15 0	19,605 15 0	6,400	...
Rents for one year...	4,965 0 0	...	...	4,965
Ryotwar...	11,78,698 2 0	12,35,351 10 5	56,754	...
Amani or Division of Produce...	1,402 2 3	3,297 5 1	1,895	...
Total Land Revenue...	13,74,310 7 3	14,33,981 7 8	65,049	5,377

35. It will be seen that the total land revenue in Fasli 1268 was Rupees 13,74,310 A. 7 P. 3 and in the Fasli under review Rs. 14,33,981 A. 7 P. 8. The increase is Rs. 65,049 against a decrease of Rupees 5,377, the net increase being Rupees 59,672. The decrease of Rupees 273 and 139, under the heads of Permanently settled and Srotriam Villages respectively,

* 9th July 1859, No. 372.
Board's Proceedings to Government.
10th June 1859 No. 2199.
17th November 1859, No. 1563.
Board's order 21st November 1859, No. 4773.
5th March 1860, No. 120.
Board's order received 12th March 1860, No. 1221.

36. As regards the increase of Rupees 56,754 under the head of Ryotwar, I have already explained in Para 13 of this report, that it was occasioned by diminished remissions in the year under report, and by the slight increase under the head of wet and garden cultivation. The increase of Rupees 1,895 under that of Amani or Division of produce, has resulted

34. Statement No. 10 provides for the Demand of all sources of Revenue in Fasli 1269, as compared with the preceding; but for facility of reference, an Abstract is given in the margin.*

increase of Rupees 6,400, under the head of Jodi of Srotriam and Inam Villages, were consequent on the deductions made in the Peishkash of certain proprietors, agreeably with the sanction of Government dated as per margin,* their lands having been included in the Railway and Northern Canal. The

MADRAS.

from the transfer of 3 of the villages held on rents for one year, as already stated and from the proceeds of the produce of Home's gardens having been included under the head of Amani.

37. As stated in my report of the 25th July 1860 No. 276, the question of the revision of assessment will be taken in hand very shortly.

SONDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.

* ITEMS.	Last Fasli.	Current Fasli.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Abkari...	8,65,969	9,80,925	1,14,955	...
Motarfā...	31,986	33,525	1,537	...
Salt...	8,36,696	11,02,860	2,66,164	...
Sea Customs...	...	...	...	...
Sair...	...	...	...	...
Stamps...	30,871	30,000	6,129	...
Total sundry sources of Revenue...	17,65,513	21,53,308	3,87,795	...

38. This Statement explains also the settlement of the sundry sources of revenue. The fluctuations observable in them may easily be seen from the entries in the *margin.

Abkari. 39. The Abkari farm of the late Chingleput District leased for 5 years from Fasli 1266, till 1270, both inclusive, at Rupees 92,650 per annum. There is an increase of Rupees 1,14,965 as shown in the margin* under this head, at Madras alone.

No.	ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Colombu Arrack...	2,12,643 14 6	3,16,020 6 1	1,03,377	...
2	Puttah Do. ...	2,53,434 10 10	2,85,173 5 11	1,739	...
3	Toddy...	2,75,154 11 8	2,85,273 14 5	10,119	...
4	Brandy retailed at the 4 Cirkar shops for medicinal purposes...	1,806 12 ...	1,806 12 ...	...	90
		7,73,309 14 ...	8,88,274 6 5	1,15,055	90
				Net Increase...	1,14,965

lower classes having received better wages, from the great demand for labor which has existed. The increase under the heads of Puttah Arrack and Toddy is owing to vigilant superintendence on the part of the Abkari Department. Deducting a decrease of Rupees 90, at the 4 Cirkar Shops established for medicinal purposes, from the increase of Rupees 1,15,055, there is a clear increase of Rupees 1,14,965, under this head. The Abkari at Madras has been rising for several years, and as it is only at the Presidency that this source of revenue is kept under direct management. I think that it deserves separate notice, instead of being clubbed in the general Report with the entire Abkari revenue. It now amounts to a large sum, and as this would not have been collected but for the good management of the superintendent and his establishment, some expression of approval of their exertions might be recorded.

Motarfā.

40. The increase of Rs. 1,537 under the head of Motarfā was mainly occasioned by an increased number of Looms having been established at Kanjiviram and other Towns.

Salt.

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Madras...	6,55,140	8,78,694	2,23,494	...
Chingleput...	1,81,555	2,24,225	42,670	...
			Rs. 2,66,164	

† TAKEN BY RAIL.

	Rupees.
Fasli 1268.	2,58,528
Fasli 1269.	4,12,869
Increase Rs...	1,54,341

41. The Salt Revenue presents the large increase of Rupees 2,66,164 over the last year's Demand as shown in the *margin. The increase of Rupees 2,23,494 at the Madras Kottars, is chiefly attributable to the great facilities afforded to the wholesale dealers in the conveyance of salt by the Railway into the interior, which traffic was this year much developed, to the increased exportation of salt to Calcutta on private Trade, added also to a large supply granted under the instructions of the Board dated 12th and 8th October 1859, to the Tanjore and Cuddalore Districts, in which the store had run short. The Madras salt establishment deserve special credit for the

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

manner in which the operations of the year have been conducted. The manufacture was the largest on records, having been about 14 lacs of Indian Maunds, of which about 12 lacs were brought into store before the monsoon, notwithstanding that work was twice almost suspended from the prevalence of cholera: the boatmen twice fled from their boats, and were recalled after many days with much difficulty. The unprecedented store could not have been accomplished, save by the strenuous exertions of all connected with the department. The increase of 42,670 Rupees in the late Chingleput Kottars occurred chiefly at the 4 Southern Pans of the district, consequent on the absence of salt at the adjoining Pans of Merkanam in South Arcot. The falling off of 31,160 Rupees in the Covelong sales is caused by lesser exportation by Sea, and in consequence of a limited manufacture, arising from the unfavorable nature of the season. The small stock in hand was sold off. The Northern pans of Pungolam and Sunapagunta also shew a decrease; but these Kottars being in an extreme corner of the District, have not, I fear commanded much attention from the authorities, and for this reason, I have recommended their transfer to the Nellore District, to one of the chief Depôts of which they are adjacent.

Sea Custom and Frontier duties.

42. No Sea Customs nor frontier duties are levied in this District.

Stamps.

43. Under the head of stamps there is an increase of Rupees 5,129 occasioned by increased litigation.—

DEMAND UNDER LAND AND SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.

44. The Demand, under Land and Sundry Sources of Revenue, is Rupees 36,19,066 in Fasli 1269, while in the preceding one it was Rupees 31,70,087. The increase is Rupees 4,64,737 against a decrease of Rupees 15,758, the net increase being Rupees 4,48,979 due to causes already explained.

45. Statement No. 9 exhibits in detail the Extra Revenue and Interest account. The Demand under the former in Fasli 1268 was Rupees 28,734-0-10, and in Fasli 1269 Rupees 30,563-6-10, or a difference of Rupees 1,829, brought about by the following causes. The increase of Rupees 10,381, under Abkari, Extra Revenue, arises from the retention under Amany of the Arrack shop at the Mount, which was not rented, as usual, in consequence of a combination among those attending the auction. This was so for fortunate for the Government, and detrimental to the renters, as it enabled us to discover the real value of the shop, and to demand increased offers at the renting out for the current Fasli.

46. There was an increase also, in the fees payable on granting certificates for land at Madras, and 442 Rupees were this year newly collected as fees on the warrants issued for distraint of property. This course is sanctioned by the Act; but was not enforced before, and it has resulted in the more speedy realization of our Madras land revenue demand.

47. There is an increase of Rupees 1,238 in the assessment of Pagoda lands in which no services were performed, and which item formerly appeared in the Taluk accounts alone; but which under the instructions of the Board of Revenue dated 27th March 1860 No. 1546 was duly embodied with the demand.

48. The decrease of Rupees 12,966 was occasioned mainly by the limited extent of cultivation carried on after the settlement of Fasli 1269, owing to a deficiency in the supply of water which caused a decrease in Nunjah of Rupees 11,594. That of Rupees 405, under the head of Fines collected in the Abkari Department is only a nominal decrease, the fines levied in the year under review continuing still in Deposit.

49. The Muttadars and Srotiyadars having punctually discharged their Peishkush, there is a net decrease of Rupees 317, under the head of interest, in comparison with the past Fasli.

50. The demand, collection and balance of all sources of Revenue, current and arrears are given in statement No. 11. The current demand, of

DEMAND, COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF CURRENT REVENUE.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Zemindars...	446	11	8
Srotiyadars...	1,349	3	3
Rents for more than one year.	1,535	0	6
Amani Villages...	389	2	2
	3,720	1	7

account of Land Revenue is Rupees 14,33,981-7-8; of which Rupees 12,61,031-10-9, or 88 per cent, were collected within the Fasli, leaving a balance uncollected of Rupees 1,72,949-12-11 or 12 per Cent, which was further reduced on the 31st October last to Rupees 54,059-4-11 or 4 percent. Of this, Rupees 50,339-3-4 are outstanding against Ryotwar Villages, while the remaining balance of Rupees 3,720-1-7 is due as marginally exhibited.

DEMAND COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF ARREARS.

* Government Proceeding dated 6th August, No. 1055.
Do. Do. 26th September No. 1361.
Do. Do. 8th June No. 950.

51. The arrears outstanding under all heads, at the beginning of the Fasli, are Rupees 2,57,553-8-2, of which Rupees 1,32,533-8-0 were realized within it, leaving a balance of Rupees 1,24,020-0-2 uncollected. Deducting from this Rupees 46,619-2-1, remitted under the sanction of Government noted as per margin* there was a balance of Rs. 78,350-14-1, which was further reduced on the 31st October last to Rupees 72,847-11-2. In this sum, is included, the Abkari balance of Rupees 14,000 entered in column 13 of statement No. 11, and ordered by the Board, in their Proceedings of the 20th May 1858, to be held in abeyance. Deducting this Item, the remainder will be Rupees 58,847-11-2. Of this, Rupees 36,513-12-6 consists of the old balance of the late Madras Collectorate, while the remaining balance of Rupees 22,333-14-8 belongs to the late Chingleput District.

52. The arrears in Madras proper are purposely retained to a large figure. As the Government have remarked, on a review of the settlement of the previous year, that the keeping of so large a balance was "discreditable" to my management, it is necessary that I should say a few words with respect to that observation, which I believe was recorded without full information as to the system of Land Revenue at the Presidency.

53. This has not for its realization the same security as in the Provinces, Viz. the land itself, and is only collected by distraint of moveable property. The demand too can only be enforced within 6 years; so that it has been considered preferable to retain all arrears in the accounts, meanwhile collecting what we can, until it is absorbed by the expiration of the period within which the collection is limited.

54. In the Provinces, the land might be sold and the resources of the defaulter called upon to the utmost, after which the balance against him might be written off; but this "ultima-ratio" cannot be resorted to in Madras. The defaulter could, without much difficulty, evade the demand for 2 years by shutting his doors on the approach of the distraining officer; and might escape altogether by a little obstinacy, if the arrear account beyond 2 years was to be closed; and though this would save much trouble to all concerned in the collection, the Government would sacrifice much of its dues. There is good reason, then, for the arrears at Madras appearing so large, and none for supposing, from that fact alone, that the management was imperfect.

55. The balance, under the head of Srotiam within the Fasli, amounts to Rupees 8,806-11-5, which was reduced on the 31st October last to Rupees 1,600-12-2, which will be shortly collected.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

56. Statement No. 12 contains the particulars of the Demand, collection and Balance, against the Muttallars. Of the current balance of Rupees 15,192-2-0, they have discharged up to the 31st October 1860, Rupees 14,745-6-4, leaving the trifling amount unpaid of Rupees 446-11-8, which will also be recovered forthwith.

57. Under the head of rents, there was a balance of Rupees 6,735-10-1, which was reduced up to 31st October last to Rupees 2,482-12-1. The Tahsildars have been required to recover this amount at once.

58. The particulars of the old balances are given in statement No. 13, and show a remainder of Rupees 72,847-11-2. I beg to submit a separate statement A, for a portion of the above balance, amounting to Rupees 15,478-7-10, accruing in Madras itself, and which I consider irrecoverable for the reasons assigned opposite to each item, and request the sanction of Government for writing off the same from the public accounts.

59. As regards the enquiry ordered by the Board and Government relative to the old balance in the Proceedings *marginally noted, I regret to state that I was not able to carry on the enquiry, having assumed charge of the united District, only after the settlement of all the Taluks, save one, had been effected. As a thorough investigation into the state of the old balances is necessary, which can alone satisfactorily be done at the time of the settlement, when the Ryots, the Pattamaniyams and the Taluk officials appear before me, and when I shall be enabled to pronounce an opinion regarding the recovery or otherwise of the arrears, I will make a minute enquiry on the subject in the settlement of the current Fasli, and report the result soon after its completion.

60. Enclosure A to statement No. 13, explains the extent to which coercive process was resorted to in Fasli 1269. The estimated value of property attached was Rupees 39,769 or Rupees 849 less than in the preceding year, of which property valued at Rs. 2,323-15-10 was sold for Rs. 3,425-5-9. The balance due by the defaulters, in the other instances, was liquidated by them prior to the date of proposed sale.

61. The particulars of Collections and Charges, under the various heads of revenue, are given in Statement No. 14, and I will only here briefly notice the fluctuations in those items in which they have not been already explained. The collections amounted to Rupees 35,56,474-13-8, and the charges to Rupees 5,72,916-7-8, leaving a surplus of Rupees 29,83,558-6-0 to the credit of Government. The per centage of charges to receipts is 16 per cent. in the current year, while it was 17 in the last.

62. The decrease in the Collection of Arrears of Land Revenue Rupees 11,054, is commensurate with the amount of arrears which remained to be collected at the commencement of the Fasli. The slight decrease of Rupees 14, 950, in the Current Collections of Land Revenue

requires no particular remark, as it will be observed that the collections within the Fasli nearly approximate those of the year preceding, which was known to be a very favorable one.

63. The increase of Rupees 10,714, under the head of charges in the Salaries of Collectors &c., has arisen from the salary of the Deputy Collectors, as per subjoined statement, having been debited in the accounts of Fasli 1268, for only one month, while in Fasli 1269, the charge was incurred for the whole year. The Sub Collector's salary is likewise debited for one month in Fasli 1269, which was not the case in the preceding year.

SALARY.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.		Remarks.
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	
Salary of Mr. C. J. Shubrick..	28,000	...	21,000	...	...	...	7,000	...	
Do. Mr. B. Cunliffe...	28,000	...	28,000	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. Offg. Colr. Mr. R. S. }									
Ellis Salary..... 1,166 10 8 }									
Deputation allowance. 698 14 10 }			1,865 9 6		1,865 9 6		...	...	
Salary of Hd. Asst. Mr. G. B. }	7,311 10 8		4,400	...	...	...	2,911 10 8		
Do. }									
Salary of Act. Hd. Asst. Mr. W. }	1,580 10 4		...	...	...	...	1,580 10 4		
Do. C. Singh. }									
Salary of Act. Hd. Asst. Mr. C. }	496 12 5		660	...	163 3 7		...	...	
Do. G. Plumer. }									
Salary of Act. Colr. Mr. A. W. }	...		881 1 9		881 1 9		...	...	
Do. Sullivan. }									
Salary of Asst. Colr. Mr. W. }	...		1,750	...	1,750		...	...	
Do. Nisbut. }									
Salary of Deputy Colr. Mr. J. }	...		5,435 7 9		5,435 7 9		...	...	
Do. D. Jordan. }									
Salary of Dept. Colr. Tholasinga }	*324 3 1		750	...	425 12 11		...	...	* This is the difference between the salary which he drew as head Sirastadar of the North Arcot district Rs. 350 and his pay of Rs. 500 as 2nd class Dept. Collector of Chingleput during the period he was detained under the instructions of government in that district.
Chetti being the difference of Rs. 150 per mensem. }									
Salary of Dept. Colr. Mr. A. Smith. }	745 2 7		4,200	...	3,454 13 5		...	...	
Do. V. Rungasami Iyengar. ... }	548 6 2		3,100	...	2,551 9 10		...	...	
Do. C. Teeroovengada Charri. }	...		250	...	250		...	...	
Added as per Accountant General's Memo dated 16th Augt. and 6th September 1860, being Collector's Salary adjusted in his Books. }	67,003 13 3		72,292 3		16,777 10 9		11,492 5		
	67,006 13 3		77,721 3 6		22,206 11 3		11,492 5		
					Deduct.....		11,492 5		
					Net Increase.....		10,714 6 3		

64. The decrease of Rupees 5,707, under the head of Huzur and District Establishment, was occasioned by the abolition of the Head Seristadarship of this District, on the Sirastadar's promotion as Deputy Collector, and by the abolition of the post of one of the Native Record Keepers attached to the Huzur under the sanction of Government accorded to the reduction effected by Mr. Brecks in the Huzur establishment. The salary of the whole establishment, for May last, was also not debited within the Fasli, in consequence of the objections taken to it by the Civil Auditor, pending the authority of the Supreme Government for the amalgamation of the two districts. The decrease of Rupees 1,614, under the head of Saderward, is ascribable to a great portion of the

charges incurred under this head in Fasli 1269, having been adjusted in Fasli 1268, whereas such was not the case in the year under review. The increase of Rupees 216, under the head of Tent allowance, is owing to its reception by the Officiating Collector and Acting Head Assistant, Mr. Nisbet. The increase of Rupees 157, under the head of law charges, has arisen from the increased expenditure of Stamp papers in the defence of Government suits by the Government Pleader at the Sudr Court. The decrease of Rupees 1,726, in the Items of Refunds of revenue charges, was occasioned by no such refund having been made in the year under review. The decrease of Rs. 2,139, in the item of Huzur and District Establishments, under the head of Abkari, has arisen partly from the abolition of certain hands attached to the Abkari Department of the late Chingleput district, and partly from the pay due to the Abkari servants at Madras for May last having been paid out of the advance fund, as directed by the Civil Auditor and admitted after the Fasli. The increase of Rs. 4,328, in the item of extra charges under Abkari, is attributable to the enhanced rate at which Jaggery and firewood were purchased for the distillation of Pattah Arrack. The decrease of Rs. 3,289, in the item of Huzur and district establishment under salt, has originated from the pay of the Salt Superintendent in Fasli 1268, having been charged for 10 months, and omitted subsequently, as his place was filled by a Deputy Collector specially entrusted with that Department, and whose salary falls within that of Collector's Salary and Commission. The decrease, in the Items of Salt Extra charges, Manufacturers' share and compensation, are owing to these charges not having been debited within the Fasli, the Civil Auditor having passed them only after its conclusion. The increase of Rupees 981, under the head of Stamp Charges, is consequent on the increased sales of Stamps in Fasli 1269, by which the Vender's commission was augmented in proportion.

WORKING OF THE NEW SYSTEM OF VILLAGE AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.

cadjan in the first instance.

A BRIEF REFERENCE TO THE REGISTER OF LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.

previous year, Fasli 1268, will be prepared and kept in the Office, and embodied with the District Registers of such lands.

Mr. R. S. Ellis, C. B.
Mr. J. D. Jordon.
Mr. A. Smith.
V. Rungasamy Iyengar.

68. Mr. Ellis conducted, as Officiating Collector, nearly the entire settlement of the year. Of his efficiency I need not speak; but his hearty co-operation calls for my warmest thanks.

69. Mr. Jordon, in addition to his Treasury work, relieves me from enquiry into the Magisterial cases which come up to the Huzur Office, and these are neither few nor unimportant. To the great satisfaction also of the claimants he has disposed of numerous cases under Act

65. With regard to these accounts, there is not much to remark. The forms furnished are strictly followed, and the use of paper is gaining ground among the village Karnams, though the accounts are roughly prepared on

66. Agreeably to the instructions contained in the 3rd para of the Government Proceedings, communicated with the Board's circular of the 23rd May 1860, No. 372, Registers of lands acquired by Public Servants in the

67. I consider myself fortunate in the Gentlemen associated with me in the administration of this District.

XIII of 1859 (Breach of Contract), an enactment which can be most usefully brought into operation in the vicinity of a large town like Madras.

70. Mr. Smith has also been busily and efficiently engaged during the year. As stated in Para 41 of this report, the operations in the Salt Department have been peculiarly heavy, and these have placed upon him a commensurate degree of labor and responsibility. In addition to his work at the Madras Cotiaurs, he took up at the amalgamation of the two Districts, the superintendence of the salt affairs of Chingleput, and would, in my opinion, be but fitly rewarded, if promoted to an higher grade, in consequence of the increased duties devolving upon him.

V. Rungasamy Iyengar, with much credit to himself, conducted the duties at Madras, entirely to my satisfaction, and with very little assistance from me.

72. In the Huzur Establishment, the late amalgamation and reconstruction of the office caused some confusion, as duties have been imposed, of necessity, upon certain servants which they have not hitherto performed, and with which they were not conversant, though all have, I believe, studiously endeavoured to perform their work.

73. It is only due to him* to mention especially the Sirastadar, whose intimate acquaintance with the somewhat intricate tenures of the district, his readiness to impart that knowledge, and his general attention to his duties have so greatly assisted me.

74. I regret that this report has been forwarded at a late date, though no efforts have been spared in this office to expedite it.

75. Owing to the anticipated amalgamation of the Taluks, in which it was certain many of the servants would be thrown out of employ, there was a want of co-operation among the subordinates, which the uncertain tenure of office naturally created. The accounts were received, therefore, very late and hence the delay in the submission of this report.

(Signed) B. CUNLIFFE,

Collector.

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	73

* Sub Collector.
† Deputy Collector.
‡ Sarristadar.

(Signed) B. CUNLIFFE,

Collector.

MADRAS DISTRICT,
Collector's Kacheri Saidapet
November 1860.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF NORTH ARCOT.

PRELIMINARY.

I have the honor to submit the annual report on the settlement of the land and extra sources of Revenue of this District for the past Fasli 1269, A. D. 1859-60, with the several Statements and accounts there with connected drawn up in the prescribed form.

2. Of the 8 Taluks which formed until lately the SETTLEMENT OF TALUKS. Principal Division, 5 were settled by myself and 3 by my Deputy Narasimha Pantalu. The Jamabandi of the 5 Subdivisional taluks was made by the acting Sub Collector Mr. Elliott.

3. The settlement of the principal Division opened on the 16th January with the Jamabandi of the Kaveripauk Taluk and closed with that of the Taluk of Palmanair on the 9th June.

4. The Jamabandi of the 3 Taluks settled by Deputy Collector Narasimha Pantalu was completed between the 15th March and 31st May, and that of the Sub-division between the 22nd February and 3rd May.

5. The actual number of days spent in the settlement of each Taluk is particularized in Statement No. 1. The Taluks were settled within their respective limits.

Board's Pro. 12th March 1860.
No. 1245.

No Remissions were granted in Kaveripak and Sholingher in Nunjah waste.

6. The settlement of the Taluks of Kaveripauk and Sholingher had been completed prior to receipt of the orders of the 10th March No. 304, and in them therefore, no remissions were granted on Nunjah waste; except in the cases of 3 Villages of the former taluk, where owing to heavy loss sustained from inundation, indulgence was specially solicited in my letter of the 31st January last No. 27. That corner of the division had in fact been more favored than other parts of it, and with some trifling exceptions which my notes taken in the spot enable me to provide for, there was no reasonable call for a more extended application of the new rule.

7. The settlement of the Taluks of Chendragheri, Chittoor and Palmanair, where the fall of rain had been more scanty, was conducted on the principles laid down in the order to which I have just been alluding.

8. The acting Sub Collector does not appear, so far as I can gather, to have availed himself at first of the discretion allowed to him under this order, and numerous petitions poured in on me for relief. At my request, (in reply to a reference made by the acting Sub Collector on a subsequent occasion) therefore, as already reported in para 3 of my letter to the Board dated 9th June 1860 No. 131, that officer brought these claims under reconsideration, and modified his accounts on the results of the fresh enquiry thus found necessary.

9. It has been the practice of the district, to include in the Sevoy Jama, all returns of cultivation made subsequent to the settlement of the particular Taluk concerned. The settlement however in which I am reporting commenced so unusually early, that to relieve this account and secure the ryots from the exaction and rapacity of others, supplemental pattas were distributed for such holdings, or portions of holdings; the dues thereon being summed up in the regular accounts.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

4

EXTENT OF LAND IN ACTUAL OCCUPATION.

	Acres.	Assessment.
Wet...	5,703	35,485
Dry...	53,910	52,152
Total...	45,313	87,637
Wet...	4,490	24,726
Dry...	23,320	34,630
Total...	29,750	59,356

TOTAL EXTENT OF LAND IN THE OCCUPATION OF RYOTS.

reference an abstract of this statement is subjoined.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Comparison.			
	Extent.		Assessment.	Extent.		Assessment.	Increase.		Decrease.	
	Acres.	Rs.		Acres.	Rs.		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
Actual cultivation.	5,17,123	15,50,143	8 0	5,75,535	16,52,919	4 11	58,412	1,02,776	...	...
2d Crop assessment.	.....	48,329	4	.....	48,422	5 11	...	93	...	...
Additional Assessment.	.....	43,269	13 8	.....	41,008	11 11	...	...	...	2,261
Total...	5,17,123	16,41,742	10	5,75,535	17,42,350	6 9	...	1,00,607	...	...
Deduct remission...	.....	1,24,401	5	.....	1,09,314	11	...	.....	...	15,087
Remaining....	5,17,123	15,17,341	5 5	.....	16,33,035	11 9	...	1,15,691	...	...
And sundry items...	.....	76,073	6 4	.....	78,389	7 8	...	2,316	...	...
Total...	.....	15,93,414	11 9	.....	17,11,425	8 5	...	1,18,010	...	...

These figures as you will observe are highly satisfactory, and show that in wet and dry crop lands there was an increase of cultivation as compared with the previous year, of acres 6,036 and acres 52,376 respectively, bearing an aggregate assessment of Rupees 1,02,776. These results cannot, under the circumstances already explained, be ascribed to peculiarities of season, but are solely due to the stimulus given to industry and enterprise, by the general reduction of the assessment, the non-interference with the profits derived from private improvements, the increased facilities of transport, the removal of all limitations as to extent of holdings and remunerative prices.

18. Enclosure C. of statement No. 3. gives the extent of waste land remitted and

WASTE LAND REMITTED AND CHARGED.

charged to the Ryots. The remissions in Nunjah waste amount to Rupees 13,781, and those in Poonjah waste to the trifling sum of Rupees 5. The general ground of indulgence was failure of water, but some additional explanation is given, as the details come under comment further in the report. The aggregate assessment in both Nunjah and Poonjah waste was Rupees 91,873, of which 13,786 Rupees being 15 per cent were remitted. The charge for waste, you will find is some 4½ per cent in the aggregate assessment of all the holdings of the District cultivated and uncultivated.

REMISSION.

Fasli.	Rs.
1,268	1,24,401
1,269	1,09,315
Decrease.....	15,087

Remissions on account of land inundated.

21. No remissions were granted last year under the head of Shavi, and the deductions allowed under the discretion recently accorded amount for the season under review to Rupees 1,658 only. This class of remission was, I may observe, entirely confined to the Sub Division and was granted most largely in the Taluks of Polur and Tirvatur. The Sub Collector explains in para 7 of his report, the principles on which he determined these remissions.

Boganashti.

Nunjah and Poonjah waste.

Principles on which remissions were given in the items of Boganashti and waste.

22. Rupees 399 were remitted on Boganashti or loss of 2nd crop a sum less by Rupees 15,564 than that allowed on this account in the previous year.

23. The remissions under the head of Nunjah and Poonjah waste amount to Rupees 13,786, and fall below those of Fasli 1268 by Rupees 43,420.

24. In determining the propriety of remissions under the 2 items of "Boganashti" and "waste," I was guided by the spirit of the instructions conveyed in the Boards Proceedings of the 8th August, and made a very guarded use of the discretion allowed to me in the subsequent order of the 12th March 1860. No indulgence was granted except in cases of well ascertained distress arising out of causes over which the claimant had no control. This district I felt was more favorably circumstanced than those out of whose necessities the new rule arose and there was therefore the stronger call upon myself and subordinates to guard against unsettling by a lax exercise of discretion all that had been done towards developing that better system which the former of these orders contemplates. I took the opportunity when circulating the order of the 12th March to my subordinates to point out to them what I conceived to be its spirit and scope with reference to local peculiarities and previous instructions.

Kowle in Satiavedu Taluk.

this tenure which is very small is exhibited in Statement No. 6.

Land taken up by P. W. D. for gravel pits.

call for more than passing remark.

19. The deductions from the cultivation and demand are shewn in statement No. 4. The total amount of remissions in the year under report was Rupees 1,09,315 against Rupees 1,24,401 in the preceding Fasli.

20. Rupees 1,435 were remitted last year under the head munakada (land inundated) but for the season of which I now speak, no deductions were granted in this item.

22. Rupees 399 were remitted on Boganashti or loss of 2nd crop a sum less by Rupees 15,564 than that allowed on this account in the previous year.

23. The remissions under the head of Nunjah and Poonjah waste amount to Rupees 13,786, and fall below those of Fasli 1268 by Rupees 43,420.

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guarded use of the discretion allowed to me in the subsequent order of the 12th March 1860. No indulgence was granted except in cases of well ascertained distress arising out of causes over which the claimant had no control. This district I felt was more favorably circumstanced than those out of whose necessities the new rule arose and there was therefore the stronger call upon myself and subordinates to guard against unsettling by a lax exercise of discretion all that had been done towards developing that better system which the former of these orders contemplates. I took the opportunity when circulating the order of the 12th March to my subordinates to point out to them what I conceived to be its spirit and scope with reference to local peculiarities and previous instructions.

25. The expiration of a Kowle in the Satiavedu taluk explains a trifling decrease of Rupees 24 under that item of remission. The total extent of land held under

26. A remission of Rupees 48 granted by the Sub Collector in some cultivable land taken up for gravel pits by the Public Works Department is too trifling to

Kondapalliam Village.

27. The moiety of the beriz of the frontier village of Kondapalliam in the Sholinghur taluk annually remitted to the Zamindar of Karvetnagar was for the year under report Rupees 209 being Rupees 11 less than what was placed to his credit on this account in the previous Fasli.

Bilmakta Riyayet.

28. Under the head of "Bilmakta Riyayet", there is an increase of Rupees 4, the total amount of remissions of this denomination being Rupees 6,500.

Dasabandum Remissions.

29. The Dasabandum remissions amount to Rupees 1,057. The small increase of Rs. 24 is ascribable to extended cultivation.

30. The items "Damashai Inam" "and mera" show an increase of Rupees 202. The

DAMASHAI INAM & MERA.

net deductions on this account during the Fasli under review were Rupees 99,441. As explained in para 27 of my last report, the value of the Tinda Kani mera having depreciated considerably owing to the general reduction of the assessment, it was decided to calculate the dues of this kind payable in 1,268 to Kurnams and

Board's Proceedings, 21st March 1859.

Monigars on the Beriz of Fasli 1,262, as having been the best average year of those immediately preceding the revision. The same principle was extended to the Fasli of which I now speak under instructions contained in the Boards Proceedings of the 23d December 1859.

SUNDRY ITEMS OF REVENUE.

31. Appended to statement No. 4 will be found the particulars of sundry items of revenue. The variations in these seem to call for brief explanation.

Hill Villages.

32. The increase of Rs. 48 in the revenue derived from Hill villages is due to extended cultivation. These hill farms are chiefly to be found in the taluks of Polur and Vellore but the assessment not being collected in the extent of land but according to the number of ploughs required for their tillage, the revenue is entered among "sundry items."

Mamandur Paliam.

33. The revenue of the resumed Mamandur Paliam shows an increase of Rupees 175 being Rupees 55 in excess of that realized in fasli 1268. This Paliam which lies in the wild and unhealthy tract north of the sacred hill range of Tirupati has never been surveyed and the tax is levied on the description of crop cultivated. The Kadapa railroad will soon pass through the heart of it and will no doubt rapidly develop the resources of an almost virgin soil.

Inam Jodi.

34. There is a net increase of Rupees 42 in the Inam Jodi of the taluks of Chittur and Chendragheri attributable likewise to increased cultivation in the lands which pay these dues.

Maniem Bogajasti and Dasabandam Jodi.

* Maniem Bogajasti... .. 32
Dasabandam Jodi... .. 94

126

35. Under the heads of Maniem Bhogajasti and Dasabandam Jodi there is a decrease of Rupees 126* owing to the failure of the means of irrigation.

Motarfa Village Servants.

36. A small excess of Rupees 13 under the item of "payment to the Motarfa village servants" is attributable to a proportionate increase in the revenue derived from this tax.

Kaval Kandayem.

37. Under the head of "Kaval Kandayem" there is a decrease of Rupees 19 which is explained by the unfavorable state of the season in the Hill tracts of the Polur taluk already adverted to.

Topadayam.

38. Under the rent of fruit gardens, palmyra topes &c. we have an increase of Rupees 257, the out-turn of the Tamarind tree having been generally above the average.

Fishery.

39. The increase of Rupees 2,046 in the item "tank fisheries" is explained by the fact that many tanks were so low owing to the failure of rain that the privilege of fishing them was eagerly and liberally competed for.

SUGAR CANE COTTON AND INDIGO.

40. Statement No. 7 shows the extent of land cultivated with sugar cane, cotton, and Indigo during the fasli under review. In the subjoined table are compared the results of the year under review with those of that preceding it.

FASLI.	Sugar Cane.		Cotton.		Indigo.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
1268.	5,059	41,169	54	101	23,392	58,379
1269.	6,348	53,011	55	120	21,017	59,364
Increase.....	1,289	11,842	1	19	.....	985
Decrease. ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,375	.....

41. Notwithstanding the failure of rain in the Chendrageri and Palmaner taluks, where the sugar cane is most largely and successfully cultivated, the out-turn as compared with that of Fasli 1268 is greatly in favor of the year under review. In Fasli 1,268 there were under this valuable crop 5,059, acres assessed at Rs. 41,169. In the year of which I am speaking the extent as the statement shews was 6,348 acres bearing Rs. 53,011, being a net increase to the revenue of Rupees 11,842. Our accounts do not include the Kongondi returns which have never been sent altho repeatedly called for.

42. Cotton is as yet in little favor as a crop in this district the soil being the people say not suited to its remunerative production. The little that is grown is to be found in the north eastern corner of the district and is generally intermixed with other dry grains. The specimens I have seen were certainly not very encouraging.

43. In Indigo there is some falling off as regards the extent of land under the crop. The revenue however dependent on it is higher than that of the previous year from the same source by Rs. 985 which would seem to indicate that a better description of land was being turned to account in this way. In this article the market was it is said inactive and prices uncertain.

44. The Board will observe that these figures do not correspond with those given in the administration report but when that was written my information was necessarily very incomplete, and the returns since received from the Poligars and other quarters have tended to disturb former calculations.

GENERAL FISCAL RESULTS.

45. The subjoined statement exhibits the general fiscal results as compared with those of the previous fasli.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

HEAD OF REVENUE.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Comparison.		Net.	
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Increase.	Decrease.	Increase.	Decrease.
Total cultivation including Boga jasti... ..	16,41,742	10 5	17,42,350	6 9	.....	.....	1,00,607	.....
<i>Deduct.</i>								
Occasional Remissions.								
Chikal Puldi... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stala Kamani... ..	.....	.....	1,658	5 1	1,658	.....	.....	.....
Shavi... ..	1,434	9 2	.....	.....	.....	1,434	.....	.....
Panipudthi or lands flooded... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Paimali or cultivation destroyed by inundation... ..	12	3 5	.....	.....	.....	12	.....	.....
Produce of cultivation destroyed by elephants in the jungles of Polur Taluk... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boganshti or deduction for 2nd Crop uncultivated in two crops lands... ..	15,963	5 2	899	7 8	.....	15,564	.....	.....
Lands excavated for supply of earth in road repair... ..	.....	.....	48	8 6	48	.....	.....	.....
Kowle for Banjar land... ..	23	15 7	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	.....
Tirwa of Patticat land taken up as sites for houses... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	17,434	1 4	2,106	5 3	1,706	17,034	.....	15,328
Customary Remissions.								
Bilmakta Riyayat... ..	6,496	1 4	6,500	2 6	4	.....	.....	.....
Tirwa Kamini... ..	2	3 8	2	3 8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dasabandam remission... ..	1,033	12 0	1,057	5 10	24	.....	.....	.....
	7,532	1 0	7,559	12 0	28	.....	28	.....
Total.....	24,966	2 4	9,666	1 3	1,734	17,034	.....	15,300
Remaining.....	16,16,776	8 1	17,32,684	5 6	.....	.....	1,15,908	.....
<i>Add.</i>								
Revenue from Hill Villages... ..	1,400	5 6	1,448	5 6	48	.....	.....	.....
Do. from Amani Villages in the Maniandur Paliam not assessed... ..	120	2 8	175	4 7	55	.....	.....	.....
Amount of rent paid by C. Ramasawmi Chettiar and others for land held by them on Kowle... ..	500	0 0	500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
Inam Jodi... ..	25,991	8 2	26,033	0 2	42	.....	.....	.....
Dasabandam Jodi... ..	3,231	11 6	3,137	2 9	95	.....	.....	.....
Inam Bhoganshti... ..	10,403	9 8	10,371	12 8	32	.....	.....	.....
Kaval Kandayam... ..	2,799	3 4	2,780	15 6	18	.....	.....	.....
Tank Fishery... ..	5,921	4 3	7,967	4 8	2,046	.....	.....	.....
Topa a am... ..	24,833	8 1	25,090	0 8	257	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	75,201	5 2	77,504	4 6	2,448	145	2,303	.....
Grand Total.....	16,91,977	13 3	18,10,188	10 0	.....	.....	1,18,211	.....
<i>Deduct.</i>								
Damashe Inam and Mera... ..	99,241	11 2	99,444	1 5	203	.....	.....	.....
Moiety of the Beriz of the village of Kondapalliam... ..	193	7 6	204	8 4	11	.....	.....	.....
	99,435	2 8	99,648	9 9	214	.....	214	.....
Remaining.....	15,92,542	10 7	17,10,540	0 3	1,17,997	.....	.....	.....
Add money allowance to Motarf village Maniagars &c... ..	872	1 2	885	3 2	13	.....	.....	.....
	15,93,414	11 9	17,11,425	3 5	1,18,010	.....	.....	1,18,010

NORTH ARCOT.

The steady improvement in the revenue represented by these figures proves beyond a question that the measures of relief and reform introduced of late years are gradually but surely working out the results expected from them.

46. In the subjoined table the particulars of sundry sources of Revenue are compared with those of Fasli 1268. The general results are satisfactory and do not call for comment.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Comparison.	
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5		
Abkari... ..	Rs. 1,34,350	.....	Rs. 1,34,350	.....	.....	.....
Motarf... ..	39,445	4 2	40,597	5 4	1,152	.....
Visabadi... ..	2,809	2	2,774	10	.....	35
Total...	42,254	6 2	43,371	15 4	1,152	35
Stamps... ..	37,971	4	38,298	13	428	.....
Total...	2,14,575	10 2	2,16,120	12 4	1,580	35

47. The total revenue from land and sundry sources compared with that of the previous year will be found summed up in the following statement.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Comparison.	
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5		
Land { Permanently Settled... ..	5,96,811	3	5,04,930	11 2	.....	1,880
Revenue { Not Permanently Settled... ..	16,21,156	13 5	17,39,247	11 1	1,18,090	.....
Total...	21,27,968	.....	22,44,176	12 1	1,16,210	.....
Sundry Sources of Revenue.						
Abkari... ..	1,34,350	.....	1,34,350	.....	.....	.....
Motarf... ..	39,445	4 2	40,597	5 4	1,152	.....
Visabadi... ..	2,809	2	2,774	10	.....	35
Total...	42,254	6 2	43,371	15 4	1,152	35
Stamp... ..	37,971	4	38,298	13	428	.....
	2,14,575	10 2	2,16,120	12 4	1,580	35
Extra { Land Revenue... ..	7,720	8 9	10,281	6 2	2,560	.....
Revenue { Sundry Items... ..	715	7 8	3,123	2 1	2,408	.....
	8,436	5	13,404	8 3	4,968	.....
Interest { Land Revenue... ..	95	7 8	255	15 10	160	.....
Account { Sundry Sources of Revenue... ..	210	10	.....	.....	.....	2
	98	2 6	255	15 10	160	2
	23,51,077	13 6	24,73,959	6	1,24,798	1,917
Road Fund... ..	32,328	2 10	34,664	8 2	2,336	.....
	23,83,406	4	25,08,623	8 8	1,25,217	.....

DEMAND COLLECTION AND BALANCE. 53. The annexed statement exhibits the demand collection and balance of all sources of current Revenue.

for the preceding fall
had accrued on the
was the year before.

50. The particulars of Sivoi Jama and interest accounts are given in statement No. 9.

is

49. The amount of interest charged during the fasti under review is Rupees 256 being Rupees 160 in excess of that

for the preceding fasli. This increase is explained by the circumstance that the interest which had accrued on the Peshkash, payable by the Zamindars and Paliagars was remitted later than it was the year before.

50. The particulars of Sivoi Jama and interest accounts given in statement No. 9.

is

Items.	Total Demand.		Collections during the Fash.		Remaining.		Subsequent Collections up to 31st July. 1860.		Remaining Balance.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Land { Permanently Settled. ...	5,04,930	11 2	4,31,926	12 3	69,933	14 11	69,193	2	740	14 9
Revenue. { Not Permanently Settled. ...	17,39,247	11	14,74,776	10 9	2,64,470	6 2	63,872	5 8	2,00,598	...
	22,44,177	12	11,09,773	7 ...	3,34,404	5 1	1,33,065	5 10	2,01,338	13 3
Sundry { Abkari. ...	4,34,350	...	1,33,570	13 4	779	2 8	779	2 8	.....	.....
Sources of { Mótark. ...	43,371	15 4	39,741	6 2	12,630	9 2	4,548	1 1	8,032	8 1
Revenue* { Stamp. ...	38,393	13 ..	38,393	13 ..	.....	...	.....	...	.....	...
	2,16,120	12 4	2,02,711	...	13,409	11 10	5,327	3 9	8,052	8 1
	24,60,298	8	521,12,484	7 6	3,47,814	...	1,33,392	9 7	2,09,421	7 4
Extra { Land. ...	10,281	6 2	9,985	7 11	295	14 3	148	3 11	147	10 4
Revenue. { Sundry Items. ...	3,123	2 1	.....	.....	3,123	2 1	351	1 6	3,087	6 7
	13,404	8 3	9,985	7 11	3,419	...	183	15 5	3,235	...
	255	13 10	253	4 3	211	9	.....	.....	211	9
Interest { Land. ...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	...
Account. { Sundry Items. ...	253	15 10	253	4 1	211	9	.....	...	211	9
	24,73,959	...	621,92,723	3 6	3,51,235	13 ...	1,38,576	9 ...	2,12,659	4

54. The arrear of Rupees 740-14-9 under the head of "Permanently settled" is due by some Poligars. Of this Rupees 442 have been already recovered and the balance which is due by the Poligar of Tumba is in process of realization. With respect to the other arrears exhibited in the foregoing statement some have been collected during the current month (August) and prompt measures have been adopted to realize those yet outstanding.

ARREARS OF LAND REVENUE.

FASLIS.	Arrears outstanding at the beginning of Fasil 1269.			Collected and Remitted in the Fasil 1269.			Total.	Remaining.	Since collected up to 31st July 1860.	Remaining Balance.					
	Collected.		Remitted.	Total.		Recoverable.				Doubtful.	Irrecoverable.	Total.			
	Rs.	A.P.		Rs.	A.P.								Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11					
1258.	Rs. 2515 9	.....	.....	.....	Rs. 2515 9	.....	.....	Rs. 2515 9	.....	Rs. 2515 9	.....	.....	Rs. 2515 9	.....	.....
1259.	81 1 8	.....	.....	.....	81 1 8	.....	.....	81 1 8	.....	81 1 8	.....	.....	81 1 8	.....	.....
1260.	65 11 7	.....	.....	.....	65 11 7	.....	.....	65 11 7	.....	65 11 7	.....	.....	65 11 7	.....	.....
1261.	48 2 4	.....	.....	.....	33 8 4	.....	.....	33 8 4	.....	33 8 4	.....	.....	33 8 4	.....	.....
1262.	165 9 4	.....	.....	.....	150 1 4	.....	.....	150 1 4	.....	150 1 4	.....	.....	150 1 4	.....	.....
1263.	91 3 10	.....	.....	.....	45 8 1	.....	.....	45 8 1	.....	45 8 1	.....	.....	45 8 1	.....	.....
1264.	708 11 4	.....	.....	.....	146 3 1	.....	.....	146 3 1	.....	146 3 1	.....	.....	146 3 1	.....	.....
1265.	846 ... 2	.....	.....	.....	441 3 5	.....	.....	441 3 5	.....	441 3 5	.....	.....	441 3 5	.....	.....
1266.	1431 3 7	.....	.....	.....	290 ... 10	.....	.....	290 ... 10	.....	290 ... 10	.....	.....	290 ... 10	.....	.....
1267.	1545 4 ...	.....	.....	.....	1278 3 2	.....	.....	1278 3 2	.....	1278 3 2	.....	.....	1278 3 2	.....	.....
1268.	252,558 10 3	251,076 2 6	...	251,076 2 6	1,482 7 9	510 7	1,351 15 4	...	121 13 10	1,476 13 2	...	...	121 13 10	1,476 13 2	...
Total...	2,57,567 9 10	2,51,466 11 8	2,060 13 2	2,53,527 8 10	4,040 1 ...	26 6 6	2,954 5 2	882 13 6	876 7 10	4,913 10 6	...	...	882 13 6	876 7 10	4,913 10 6

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

56. Of the outstanding arrears shown in column 8 of the foregoing statement an item of Rupees 200 is due by one Mr. Livery who had lately a small indigo farm which it would appear did not succeed as he suddenly left it in 1856; and has not since been heard of. I have however ascertained that he has a small bungalow at Lattéri, the materials of which have been valued at Rupees 147. In the hope of being able to dispose of it to better advantage to some of the Railway officials, I have advertised it for sale and should no purchaser come forward within a reasonable time shall then direct the materials to be sold and place the proceeds to the credit of the arrear. The other items of arrears do not appear to call for remark and will I hope be shortly realized under the measures already adopted. A considerable number of the items of arrears shown in column 9 remain you will observe, on the accounts pending the settlement of boundary disputes. With reference to the arrears in column 10 I must observe that their recovery is from a variety of causes hopeless. I beg therefore to recommend that sanction be obtained to include the amount under the head of "Remissions"—The particulars of these arrears are shown below.

NORTH ARCOT.

ITEMS.	1263.	1264.	1265.	1266.	1267.	1268.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Amount of arrears which owing to boundary disputes were assessed in both the villages to which they are alleged to belong but of which after the settlement of the dispute, the assessment improperly raised in one was deducted from the total amount.....	...	...	1 14 9	1 2 5	14 1 3	...	17 2 5
Amount of Jodi on Manian lands which on default of payment by the Manigudars were resumed and the Jodi deducted from the amount....	9 14 3	9 6...	6 3 4	20 14 8	27 14...	...	73 10 3
Amount of tax (levied on unproductive trees) deducted from the amount...	...	...	...	...	8...	...	8...
Jodi fixed on service Inams but deducted by reason of the Inams being insufficient for the service...	...	...	...	...	2 9	...	2 9
Amount of assessment raised on Inams through over sight by a village officer under erroneous impression that the land was Patikat and deducted from the account. ...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8
Over payment on a Poonjah land and subsequently refunded.....	...	...	...	...	34 12 3	...	34 12 3
Amount of Jodi on a shrotriam land paid in full inclusive of a piece which was afterwards ascertained to have been taken up for Railway purposes and ultimately deducted...	...	...	...	...	105 5 9	...	227 5 7
Amount of Chouthi or 1/4 of assessment on a Dasabandan Inam payable to the Inamdar deducted because improperly carried to Government credit. ...	...	...	...	...	25 9 1	...	25 9 1
Amount included by mistake under the head of cultivated land and subsequently deducted...	...	...	...	...	17 9 10	...	17 9 10

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

ITEMS.	1263.	1264.	1265.	1266.	1267.	1268.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Assessment raised on sites of houses built by Taluars and Totis and afterwards refused because not justly leviable.	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
Assessment on site of a hut and small garden formerly owned by one Mr. Walker, of the Engineer and deducted as the party has disappeared.	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
Water tax improperly raised on a private tank.	...	...	...	9	72	...	81
Tax on a public Tope improperly raised and therefore deducted.	...	...	...	...	65	...	65
Amount of an over assessment made by a village officer.	...	...	...	...	80	...	80
Amount realized under the head of Ain and improperly credited to interest.	...	6	14	...	...	...	6
Amount collected and embezzled by a Moniagar who afterwards absconded leaving no assets of any kind.	...	143	14	...	...	...	143
Amount outstanding against deceased ryots without heirs or assets.	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
Amount outstanding against ryots who have absconded leaving no property.	...	...	...	...	1	7	1
Amount outstanding against indigent ryots.	...	1	6	2	21	...	25
Cash allowance payable to a Mótara village servant included by mistake in the accounts.	...	...	...	...	14	...	14
Tax on lands taken up for District roads improperly included in the accounts.	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
Total...	9	14	161	8	7	1830	876

NORTH ARCOT.

57. The subjoined table shows the arrears of Motarfa outstanding at the beginning of the fasli with subsequent collections.

Fasli.	Arrears at the beginning of Fasli 1269.	Collected and remitted within the Fasli.			Remaining.	Since collected up to 31st July 1869.	Remaining.		
		Collected.	Remitted.	Total.			Recoverable.	Irrecoverable.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.
1263	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1264	28 15 9	3 10	25 5 9	28 15 9	...	...	...	...	...
1265	48 8 6	...	48 8 6	48 8 6	...	...	...	...	...
1266	40 10 4	10 11	29 12 4	40 10 4	...	...	...	...	...
1267	167 14 7	67 10 10	...	67 10 10	100 3 9	...	68 4 5	31 15 4	100 3 9
1268	10,522 14 8	10,134 14 4	...	10,134 14 4	388 ... 4	14 7 2	373 9 2	...	373 9 2
Total...	10,809 13 10	10,217 1 2	104 8 7	10,321 9 9	488 4 1	14 7 2	441 13 7	31 15 4	473 12 11

Measures have been taken to collect the items of arrears entered in column 8 of the foregoing statement. The sums entered in column 9 relate to the following items which have been outstanding since fasli. 1267.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Amount outstanding against ryots who have deserted...	25	12	11
Do. improperly included in the accounts under the head of Devasthanam ceremonies...	6	0	3
Do. outstanding against deceased ryots without heirs or property...	2	2	5
Do. outstanding against poor ryots...	0	15	9
Total ..	31	15	4

Sanction is solicited to write off this amount.

DEMAND
COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF SIVOI
JAMA.

58. The demand collection and balance of Sivoi Jama and interest account are shown below.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

ITEMS.	Balance at the beginning of Fasli 1269 vide statement No. 12.	Collected and remitted during the Fasli.			Remaining.	Remaining balance.			
		Collected.	Remitted.	Total.		Recoverable.	Doubtful.	Irrecoverable.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	11
Savoi jama ...	4,054/10/11	2,752/12/5	587/8/3	3,341/4/8	713/6/2	624/2/8	...	60/0/6	684/3/2
Interest...	8,419/15/4	4/10/5	5,814/4/2	5,818/14/7	2,566/0/9	2,180/6/8	435/10/1	...	2,566/0/9
Total....	12,469/10/3	2,758/6/10	6,401/12/5	9,190/3/3	3,279/7/0	2,754/9/4	435/10/1	60/0/6	3,250/3/11

The arrears given in column 8 opposite the head "Savoi Jama" are in process of collection. Of the interest shown in Column 8 the sum of Rupees 2,127 is due by the Zamindar of Karvetinagram to whom a khat has been sent urging its early adjustment. The sum of Rupees 435 exhibited in Column 9 is due by the Zamindar of Kalanastri who has been called upon to show reason why he withholds payment. The items of Rupees 60-0-6 shown in column 10 I beg permission to write off the account as it is irrecoverable. The particulars of this item are these.

ITEMS.	1,266.	1,267.	Total.
Waste lands inadvertently included under the head of cultivated ones after the Jamabandi settlement....	14/1	10	15
Amount payable to moniagars appointed vice others	...	43	43
dismissed and incorrectly included in the accounts...	...	...	...
Amount outstanding against ryots who have deserted...	7...	...	7...
Total....	6	53	60

COERCIVE MEASURES TO COLLECT REVENUE.

59. The extent to which coercive measures have been employed in the collection of the Revenue is detailed in enclosure A of statement No. 13 of which I subjoin an abstract. The property that really changed hands was exceedingly trifling.

Items.	Process issued.			Estimated amount of property attached.	Property sold.	
	No. of Villages.	No. of Ryots.	Amount of arrears.		Estimated value.	Sale proceeds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Collector's Division...	409	2,227	5,975	883	54	52
Sub Collector's Division...	228	3,371	22,904	511	23	23
Total....	637	5,598	28,879	1,394	77	75

GROSS COLLECTION AND CHARGES. 60. The particulars of the gross collections and charges of the district for the fasli under review are exhibited under the several heads statement No. 14. From this you will find that the charges were 7 per Cent or $1\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent less than those incurred in the realization of the revenue of the preceding year.

NEW FORMS OF TALUK AND VILLAGE ACCOUNTS. 61. The new forms of Taluk and village accounts have been adopted throughout the District and are gradually becoming more useful as the details of the system get mastered by the karnams.

62. No lands are reported to have been acquired by public servants during the fasli.

63. I beg to enclose Mr. Elliott's report which I leave to speak for itself.

FINALE.

64. To my subordinates covenanted and uncovenanted my best acknowledgements are due for the cheerful manner in which they have discharged their allotted duties. Although Mr. Leman has had no separate revenue charge he has rendered me very material assistance in the disposal of Magisterial and other miscellaneous business. Mr. Locke has had charge under local arrangement of the Treasury and account department a position for which his method and general business habits and qualifications admirably fit him. Of my other Deputy Collector Narasimha Pantulu I have already had occasion more than once to speak in highly favorable terms. In the absence of a Head Assistant, Narasimha Pantulu has had that officer's as well as his own charge to manage. I consider myself fortunate in having secured the services of so intelligent and indefatigable an officer as my present Sarristadar C. Purushottama Raw.—His position hitherto has been one of considerable difficulty and has afforded me all the fuller opportunity of satisfying myself in regard to his efficiency and trust worthiness as a Government servant.

J. D. ROBINSON.

Acting Collector.

NORTH ARCOT,
Collector's Office,
CHITTUR, 31st August, 1860.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF SUB-COLLECTORATE.

I have the honor to submit my report on the annual settlement of the Sub Division of north Arcot for fasli 1269. The report is not accompanied by the prescribed statements, which, owing to the recent abolition of the accountants of the Sub Collector's office, cannot be prepared without some delay. Besides, the accounts from which they are to be compiled, have not all been received yet from the Taluks, and some of those that have come do not afford information on several points, of which a Jamabundi report is expected to speak. The deficiency of the necessary information, added to the want of time to supply it, has rendered this report less minute in detail and less complete than it otherwise would be.

2. The operations of settlement commenced on the 22d February last and were concluded on the 3d of May. The places where they were conducted in each Taluk, and the time occupied for the same and the number of pattas distributed are all specified below.

TALUKS.	Number of Villages.	Number of land revenue pattas distributed.	Stations where the Jamabundi was made.	Period occupied for the settlement of each Taluks.
1	2	3	4	5
Vellore... ..	189	16,033	Konavittum... ..	22
Trivattoor... ..	265	12,732	Trivattoor... ..	10
Arcot... ..	143	10,543	Arcot... ..	14
Wandavash... ..	228	10,029	Wandavash... ..	5
Poloor... ..	194	12,647	Velloor... ..	10

3. The season of the past fasli 1269 was not favorable in the Sub Division. The fall of rain throughout the year was scanty and insufficient, being only 63 Measures and 4 Inches or less than in fasli 1268. The freshes in the Paular and Cheyar were scarce. Many of the Tanks were but partially supplied, while others received a supply of so small a quantity after long intervals, as not to be of much use. In several Villages the wells also were dried up and water for domestic purposes was obtained with great difficulty. The result of this deficiency of water was, that the yield of the dry and wet crops in several places considerably decreased and much of the rest of the crops became withered and much land which was formerly cultivated remained untilled.

4. The ryots of Poloor, Trivattoor, and Wandivash referred to the above facts at the Jamabundi of those Taluks and craved remission for their tarus* and Shavi† but as remission was not allowable under the orders of Government dated 18th June 1859 and the Circular instructions of the Acting Collector under date the 2d February last, their request was refused; but from the enquiries made at that time, as it appeared to me that many of the Ryots were considerable sufferers, I consented to bring their case to the notice of the higher authorities and with this

† Lands left uncultivated.

* Withered crops.

view called for correct information, which was not then forthcoming, respecting their

Shavi* and their profits and losses arising from the whole of their cultivation in the year under report.

5. Soon after this, the Boards order of 12th March No. 2445, authorizing the local officers to grant remissions in cases where they may be indispensably necessary, reached me at Arcot, at the Jamabundi of that taluk: but here also the information, I required, was wanting and was not soon to be obtained. I therefore resolved to complete the Jamabundi without waiting for that information and to dispose of all claims for remission at once, and on due consideration, after collecting the requisite information from all the Taluks together. In the meantime, as you considered that further local enquiries either by myself or by my Sarristadar were necessary, they have accordingly been instituted and I was satisfied that deficiency of rain in the past fasli had a very injurious effect on the cultivation and crops of the Subdivision and that the losses from Shavi, Tarus and short produce were heavy and that without some relief, the Ryots would not be able to bear the same.

6. Under this conviction and seeing how much the sufferings of the Ryots have been increased by the continued failure of rain which deprived them of their dry produce in the current year 1860, I authorized remissions to be granted as particularized below.

TALUKS.	No. of Villages to which remission was granted.	No. of Pattadars to whom remission was granted.	Beriz of the Pattadars.	Loss of the Pattadars from land left uncultivated and withered crops and Boganasty.	Remission for lands left uncultivated.	Remission for withered wet crops.	Remission for Boganasty or 2nd crop not cultivated.	Total of remissions.	Percentage of loss remitted.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Poloor... ..	63	670	8,180 0 1	4,607 10 7	1,840 6 6	741 14 8	...	2,582 5 2	56 2
Trivattoor... ..	60	610	9,611 13 2	4,922 5 0	2,039 8 8	567 8 1	...	2,606 11 9	...
Wandivash... ..	64	278	3,571 2 4	1,850 5 11	933 5 3	116 4 7	...	1,049 9 10	...
Arcot... ..	51	295	2,184 4 8	2,073 12 6	993 6 1	139 3 4	131 5 11	1,263 15 4	...
Vellore... ..	9	...	...	...	509 11 11	94 6 5	107 5 10	1,011 8 2	...
* Total.....	249	1,853	23,550 4 3	13,454 2 0	6,666 1 5	1,659 5 1	238 11 9	8,564 2 3	...

7. It will be seen from the foregoing memo that the total amount of loss on account of lands left uncultivated, withered crops and Boganasty or second crops on 2 crop land not raised is Rupees 13,454-2-0 and that the remission granted amounts to Rupees 8,564-2-3 or 56-2-0 per Cent of the loss. Liberal as this may appear, its liberality is lessened when it is considered that the ryots had other losses from short produce, from dry lands left uncultivated and withered dry crops for which no allowance is made. The amount determined to be remitted in such case was calculated in the following manner. The Beriz of a ryot according to his actual cultivation and his losses, from Tarus and Shavi being ascertained, the profit

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

he must have derived from the present high prices, was deducted from the amount of his loss and the balance which was regarded to represent his bonafide loss was granted to him as the amount of remission. If the loss includes Gayur hazar Shavi or crops withered but not present on the field, then a further reduction of 10 Annas in the Rupee, in the amount of such Shavi was made and the rest was remitted. The advantage derived from high prices, was 9-8-0 per Cent at Poloor 15-10-0 at Trivattoor 17-3-0 at Wundiwash and 29-11-0 at Arcot. The Poloor rate appearing to be too advantageous to the ryot in calculating the amount of his remission, I thought it proper to use the Trivattoor rate of 15-10-0 per Cent in its stead. As stated before the amount of profit from high prices calculated at the above rates, was deducted from the sum of loss and the remainder was granted as remission in all the Taluks except Velloor where either one half, one third or one fourth of the loss was remitted as appeared necessary from the circumstances of the claimant.

8. Remission was granted only to those ryots whose circumstances appeared such as to render the relief necessary, it was not extended to any of those whose lands had means of irrigation from river Channels or wells even if there was a deficiency of water; for with their wells and river Channels they were regarded to be possessed of the means of cultivation. I beg here to add that the total loss from Shavi and Tarus in all the Taluks of the Sub Division is not less than Rupees 63,874. If to this is added the loss from short produce and from Peonjah Shavi which will not be much less than the amount of Nunjah Shavi, it will be seen that the amount of remission granted was very small in comparison with the amount of actual loss and that relief was denied when the loss sustained fell below a certain Standard.

9. The subjoined memo exhibits the dry and wet cultivation in the last two years.

Particulars.	Fasli 1268*		Fasli 1269.		Increase.	Decrease.
	Extent.	Assessment including 2d Crop.	Extent.	Assessment.		
Dry.....	1,41,497	2,37,198	1,68,622	2,76,533	59,335	....
Wet.....	87,048	5,31,387	90,164	5,50,450	19,063	....
Total....	2,28,545	7,68,585	2,58,786	8,26,983	58,398	....

10. From this memo it will be seen that notwithstanding the unfavorableness of the season which led to much lands formerly cultivated being left waste, a good deal of other lands to the extent shewn in the margin having been newly taken up, ploughed and sown, but from insufficiency of water they appear to have yielded scarcely.

11. The gross demand of the year under report was exclusive of the Road Fund, Rs. 8,16,230-10-5 which exceeds the demand of the preceding year by Rupees 53,995. The particulars of this demand are given below.

NORTH ARCOT.

Land Revenue..	...	...	...	...	...	8,26,984	10	7
Deduct remissions...	...	...	...	...	...	52,594	7	5
Remaining...	...	...	...	...	...	7,74,390	3	2
Add								
Sundry Items...	...	...	...	...	...	19,862	15	6
Motarfā ...	...	...	...	...	...	15,736	15	11
Srotrium Jodi...	...	...	...	...	...	6,240	7	10
Total...	...	...	...	...	...	8,16,230	10	5
Add								
Road Fund...	...	...	...	...	...	16,414	0	10
Grand Total...	...	...	...	...	...	8,32,644	11	3

12. Of this amount, Rupees 6,90,277-14-5 were collected within the fasli. The balance was Rupees 142,366-12-10 of which, Rs. 17,836-1-1 having been subsequently recovered, the amount still remaining to be realized is Rs. 1,24,530-11-9, necessary measures are being adopted for the early recovery of this sum.

13. In collecting the above large sum, no legal measures have been adopted in any case yet in the Sub Division; but it is feared that it will have to be taken hereafter in some cases.

14. The Motarfā Revenue of Fasli 1269 shews an increase of Rupees 566 over that of the preceding year which has originated through the addition of Rupees 700-11-0 obtained from taxes nearly imposed in the year under report on the commissariat Bazar at Vellore.

15. The sanitary state of the Sub Division was more favorable than in fasli 1268 neither cholera nor fever nor ague made its appearance in any part of it.

16. Cattle also was free from disease and a very few deaths were reported among them.

17. The prices of grain during the fasli under report are exhibited in the annexed statement in comparison with the Commutation rates. They were higher than in fasli 1268 but how much higher cannot be stated from want of that information in the Taluk return.

TALUK.	Commutation price converted to Rs. and Madras garce of 3200 measures of 120 Rs. Weight.		Merchants whole sale prices in Fasli 1269.									
			Paddy.				Dry Grain.					
			Wet land.	Dry land.	1st Sort.	2d Sort.	Cholum or Jonnaloo.	Cumboo or Sujjaloo.	Horse Gram.	Raggy.	Harack. or Varagoo.	
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Vellore...	87	8	...	...	120	3 11	116	10 2	151	4 5	152	8
Trivattoor...	87	8	...	...	108	11 8	86	11 1	...	...	218	3 2
Arcot...	87	8	...	...	119	15 1	109	0 0	166	3	148	12 2
Wundiwash...	87	8	...	...	108	2 4	97	12 1	...	...	238	11 5
Poloor...	87	8	...	...	101	10 5	89	15 9	165	5 4	134	1 2

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF NORTH ARCOT.

18. The cultivation of Indigo, Cotton and Sugarcane during the past fasli was to the following extent.

Indigo.				Cotton.				Sugarcane.			
Acres.		Assessment.		Acres.		Assessment.		Acres.		Assessment.	
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.
1918	3776	8	1	9	21	1	1	641	4,342	6	7

19. The result of the Azmash of villages by the Taluk authorities to test the correctness of the accounts of their cultivation being unimportant does not require to be noticed here.

20. The local roads in the Sub Division are in the worst possible condition either for traffic or travelling. The road from Arnee to Arcot has been sanctioned to be repaired as a feeder to the Railway, but nothing has as yet been done towards its improvement a new line of road from Pullicondah to Canniembady is progressing very creditably but the other roads are nearly impassible and the fact may be accounted for, as they are supposed to be in a transition state from old into new roads. It would have been of the greatest advantage to the Sub Division had some more lines of road been opened, there being only the road from Pullicondah to Canniembady before mentioned, and from Chitterachavady on the Arnee road to Poloor, now under construction, as new roads; as Chaitput is now included in the Sub Division I would urgently suggest the advisability of opening roads thence to Wandiwash Arnee and Poloor and another line connecting those three places with themselves.

21. With regard to the Taluk official subordinates I have had no reason to be dissatisfied with any of them excepting the Tahsildar of Poloor Taluk who showed himself most apathetic and careless in the discharge of his official duties and unwilling to interest himself in the affairs of his Taluk. As he is entitled from his period of service to a pension I have directed him to apply for it. The Tahsildar of Trivatoor showed himself an able and energetic official.

22. With regard to the Servants on the Sub Collector's own Establishment they have one and all given entire satisfaction.

23. Chittumbra Moodeley the Sarristadar only joined the office in January last and although the Revenue work was at first new to him, by his own natural ability and former good education he very soon fell into the routine of business and has been of the greatest service to me and has led me to form a high opinion of his integrity and Zeal as a Public officer.

NORTH ARCOT.
Sub Collector's Office, Vellore 5th.
July 1866.

(Signed) E. F. ELIOTT.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF SOUTH ARCOT.

I have the honor to submit the annual settlement report for the past fasli 1269 accompanied by the usual statements exhibiting all details.

2. A reference to statement No. 1 will show that the settlement operations were commenced on the 27th of February and concluded on the 14th of May. Of the 13 Taluks forming the District six were settled by the acting Sub Collector, one by Deputy Collector Tiruvankata Charry, and the remaining six by myself.

- 1 Chetput.
- 2 Buvanagiri.
- 3 Yelkasanapur.
- 4 Manargudi.

3. The settlement was conducted in every case at the Kasba station except in the Taluks named in the margin, where the towns selected were chosen with a view to position and convenience.

4. It is unnecessary for me to remark on the retention or otherwise of pattas, as the practice of issuing pattas every year has been invariably followed in this District. It may be proper however to notice that I propose for the future to continue "Amani Villages" under that head whether the cultivation in them is dry or otherwise. The practice hitherto has been to transfer them to the head of Ryotwar when cultivated with Poonjah and the consequence a constant change in their denomination and transfer in the accounts resulting in an inconvenience which my plan of continuing them always as amani obviates.

5. The season upon the whole was not unfavorable. Abundant rain fell in April and May enabling the cultivators of dry land to commence operations early and there was sufficient moisture with moderate freshes in the rivers in July and August to mature their crops. The North West Monsoon set in about the middle of October and was heavy on the Coast causing copious freshes in the Vellaur, Penar, Colleroon and Guddelum. It failed however in a great measure in the western Taluks and the consequence was that the cultivation there, which draws irrigation from Tanks dependent on local rains, largely perished. This monsoon had entirely broken at the end of November, and little rains fell afterwards in any part of the District.

6. The sanitary state of the District during the fasli under report was most satisfactory; no Cholera or other epidemic disease prevailed in any part of it, and Murrain, which frequently commits considerable ravages among the Agricultural stock, appeared in only a very few Villages. The action of the Vaccination Department was more extended than usual, no less than 9844 persons availed themselves of it. With this announcement before me I am disposed to believe that the people are gradually laying aside their objections and will soon learn that Vaccination is a real safeguard to them.

7. The prices of nearly every description of grain have fallen considerably as is shown in statement No. 2. I attribute this to the fact that Salem and Tanjore have ceased to draw supplies from this District almost entirely and that the exports to Ceylon have fallen off.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

8. I shall now proceed to offer my observations upon the result of the settlement.

No. 1

ITEMS.	Extent.	Assessment.
Holdings of the previous year...	10,31,688	30,17,267
Deduct land given up...	1,37,018	2,90,552
Remainder...	8,94,670	27,26,715
Lands taken up...	88,629	1,96,161
Total holdings...	9,83,299	29,22,876
Portion of teerwah on waste remitted...		1,985
Remainder...	9,83,299	29,20,891
Particulars.		
Actual cultivation.....	9,05,066	27,49,455
Waste charged...	78,233	1,71,436

vanced demonstrated they could not employ to advantage. The annexed Statement No. 2 specifies the acreage thus thrown up. It is almost entirely Poonjah and the reason it was not cultivated is to be found in my remark regarding the scarcity of rain at the end of the year in the western taluks.

No. 2

Details for bonafide relinquishment.	Dry.		Wet.		Garden.		Total.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	Acre.	Rs.	Acre.	Rs.	Acre.	Rs.	Acre.	Rs.
Land resigned in fixed period.	81,602	1,40,966	13,341	67,807	143	785	95,089	2,09,558
Land resigned in the settlement...	41,606	79,490	60	497	...	...	41,666	79,997
Land given up for Roads, &c.	177	435	84	649	2	13	263	1,097
	1,23,385	2,20,891	13,425	68,863	145	798	1,37,018	2,90,552

9. The actual cultivation during the Fasli is shown in the margin. By deducting it from the extent of the holdings, it will appear that acres 78,233 with an assessment of Rupees 1,73,421 were left waste exclusive of shamalat Banjar or portions of fields lying uncultivated. In this amount is included all waste land whether charged or remitted. It will be observed it is less than nine per Cent of the Holdings, a very satisfactory result in comparison with former years.

10. The following abstract statement shows the details of the whole extent of waste charged and remitted. It appears that nearly nine tenths of the area comprising acres 66,382 at an assessment of Rupees 1,14,872 is unirrigated, and that the greater part of this is

SOUTH ARCOT.

3

1 Tindevanam... "Podoogal" or land left purposely fallow. Two thirds of
2 Villapuram... the land appear in the Taluks named in the margin where
3 Chedunbrum... the north west monsoon failed and the remainder is distribu-
4 Vridachellum... ted among the other eight taluks.
5 Buvanagiri...

ITEMS.	Total Waste.		Waste Remitted.		Waste Charged.	
	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
Dry. - - - - -	66,382	1,14,872	...	...	66,382	1,14,872
Wet. - - - - -	11,481	56,480	...	1,985	11,481	54,495
Garden. - - - - -	370	2,069	...	...	370	2,069
Total...	78,233	1,73,421	...	1,985	78,233	1,71,436

11. It will be observed that 11,481 acres of irrigated land with an assessment of Rupees 56,480 appear under the head of waste. Remissions on part of this, to the extent of Rupees 1,985, I found absolutely necessary; as the failure to cultivate was not owing to fault on the part of the ryots but was entailed by a deficiency of water.

12. It is very satisfactory to ob-

FASLI.	Teerwah remitted on Fallow.	Teerwah remitted on Putcut for other Reasons.
1265. - - - - -	59,621	42,291
1266. - - - - -	1,72,968	44,601
1267. - - - - -	1,99,487	2,49,420
1268. - - - - -	1,50,170	46,893
1269. - - - - -	.....	1,985

serve the advance that has been made as regards remission on "Putcut waste." This item has been gradually reduced from year to year as shown in the margin; and I hope may soon cease altogether. Enclosure B of Statement No. 3 will exhibit to what a large extent has been enforced the obligation of a ryot to pay for the whole amount of his holding.

13. It will be observed by enclosure A in statement No. 3, that the total extent of land of all descriptions utilized in the the year under report was 9,83,299 acres with an assessment of Rupees 29,20,890 exclusive of Fasal (2nd crop) and teerwah (Kusser or water cess) jastee and inclusive of the amount charged on lands left uncultivated, being a net increase of 30,001 acres assessed at Rupees 53,737. The increase, it should be stated, is under the head "dry cultivation."

UNIRRIGATED LAND.

1269.....	7,33,738	14,38,735
1268.....	7,01,094	13,72,367
Increase.....	32,644	66,368

14. I shall proceed however to treat each description of land separately contrasting it with the similar description in the previous year. The increase of Acres 32,644, with an assessment of Rupees 66,368, appears as I have already stated under the head of unirrigated land and is chiefly attributable to the retention in the Pattas of fallow and to extended cultivation.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

IRRIGATED LANDS.

1268.....	2,48,005	14,70,377
1269.....	2,45,324	14,57,516
Decrease....	2,681	12,861

only in the western Taluks where a large quantity of this description of land was resigned.

Chetput,
Trinomallay,
Trikalur,
Villapooram,

	Acres.	Assessment.
Lower anicut.....	43,195	2,82,640
Vellaur Do.....	11,997	62,766
Poniar.....	29,579	1,78,554
Guddelum.....	5,364	46,375
Ragavien channel.....	4,815	26,397
Yerravandy anicut.....	864	4,268
	95,844	6,01,000

15. Although under this head a small decrease of

Acres 2681 with an assessment of Rupees 12,861 appears on a comparison with the former Fasli, a reference to the subjoined talukwar table will show that this has taken place

probably from the fear that the supply of water would not be sufficient for its due cultivation. It may not be out of place for me here to observe that of the whole extent of Irrigated land in the District 95,844 Acres, assessed at Rs. 6,01,000, were dependent for Irrigation on permanent sources as particularized in the margin

No.	TALUKS.	1268.		1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
		Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
1	Chetput...	26,744	1,43,564	25,967	1,40,287	..	..	777	3,277
2	Tindivanam...	27,339	1,38,685	27,251	1,38,376	..	..	88	309
3	Trinomallay...	14,610	71,340	12,247	59,393	..	..	2,363	11,947
4	Villapuram...	26,065	1,43,541	25,730	1,41,706	..	..	335	1,835
5	Trikalur...	20,453	1,11,771	20,101	1,09,111	..	..	352	2,660
6	Trevady...	15,141	97,750	15,208	97,851	67	101	..	..
7	Cuddalore...	7,288	56,932	7,331	57,162	43	230	..	..
8	Chittambaram...	21,439	1,51,032	21,621	1,52,991	182	1,959	..	..
9	Manargudi...	22,316	1,84,377	22,315	1,84,551	..	174	1	..
10	Kallakurchi...	15,297	92,398	15,666	93,865	369	1,467	..	..
11	Yellavanasur...	20,550	1,14,457	20,506	1,14,472	..	15	44	..
12	Vridachellum...	8,700	46,818	8,952	48,146	252	1,328	..	..
13	Buvanagiri...	22,065	1,17,712	22,429	1,19,602	364	1,890	..	..
	Total...	2,48,005	14,70,377	2,45,324	14,57,516	1,277	7,161	3,958	20,025

Net Increase... 2,681 12,861

SOUTH ARCOT.

5

FASLI JASTEE OR SECOND CROP TAX.

1268.	53,931	11-2
1269.	48,200	8-9
Decrease.	5,731	2-5

water supply was by no means abundant.

TEERWAH JASTEE.

1268... ..	1,24,502	9	10
1269... ..	1,38,331	8	1
Increase... ..	13,828	14	3

A. 14 P. 3 under this head of Revenue. The advance is attributable to the growing desire to raise wet Crops in preference to dry wherever practicable.

13. The statement in the margin draws a comparison between the remissions (arranged

REMISSIONS Statement No. 4.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Occasional...	51,073 12 8	85,942 15 9	34,869 3 1	..
Fixed...	1,27,435 3 5	1,30,088 0 4	2,652 12 11	..
Deduction for the payment of village officers &c...	2,11,232 6 1	2,12,337 9 0	1,105 2 11	..
Total.....	3,89,741 6 2	4,28,368 9 1	38,627 2 11	..

posed under orders of Government dated 28th September 1859, in compliance with the views of Mr. McDonell the late acting Collector which were supported by the Board. The remainder of this remission, or Rs. 8900, was remission on withered Crops.

19. This latter remission, a reference to statement No. 5, will explain, occurred on

SHAVY REMISSION.

Board's Proceedings 8th August 1859.

If the percentage of loss falls below 10-25 per cent. from 11 to 50-56 Do. from 51 to 75-75 Do. Above 75 full remission has been granted.

tions set down in the margin.

SUNDRY ITEMS.

1269-	29,809	15	10
1268-	29,463	0	5
Increase-	346	15	5

Crops,	Extent, Acres.
Sugar Cane-	1,878
Cotton-	33,198
Indigo-	36,548
Gingely oil Seeds-	32,184
Ground Nut-	2,987
	1,07,095

which we have had during the last two years. The Indigo Crop requires a supply of rain in the

16. A comparison of this Item of Revenue for the year under report with the similar Item in the previous year shows a decrease of Rupees 5,731-2-5 owing, I apprehend, to the fact of very few second Crops having been raised in the western taluks, more particularly in that of Kallakurchy, where, as pointed out in para 5, the

17. The water rate or additional assessment on dry lands when irrigated from a Government source, termed "Teerwah Jastee" has on the other hand been considerably augmented there being an increase as shown in the margin, of no less an amount than Rupees 13,828

under three heads; in this Fasli and the remissions in Fasli 1268. The fluctuation under the two latter heads is small and does not call for remark. The remission under the head "Occasional" is considerably larger than usual. The reason of this is that it includes Rs. 77,042-9-4, the difference between the hitherto assessment on dry land and the lighter assessment recently imposed

20. The revenue under this head, shows an advance. The improvement however on each item is so slight, as to call for no special remark.

21. The amount of land in this District cultivated with special products has always been large owing to the early introduction of European enterprise in the culture of sugar and Indigo. For the year under report as shown in the margin it was acres 1,07,095 which I regret to observe is a slight falling off in comparison with the previous years. This I ascribe entirely to the unfavorable seasons for indigo

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

months of December and January such as a reference to the season reports will show has not been obtained in this District either in 1858 or 1859. This drought however has had one favorable result. It has induced experiments in raising Indigo on irrigated land and the manufacture direct from the green leaf already makes progress. On the whole I am induced to believe that the cultivation of all the marginally noted description of crops is becoming daily more popular.

22. The settlement of the Amani villages calls for no remark.

AMANI VILLAGES.

23. The following general abstract statement of the land revenue of the year shows a net Revenue of Rupees 27,70,028-8-7 being an increase over the previous year (the highest on record) rupees 24,171-1-3. This is the more satisfactory when it is remembered that in the year under report an additional relief, by a reduction in the Poonjah rates; which I have explained above; of Rupees 77,042-9-4 has been afforded. The ultimate effect of this additional reduction of assessment can hardly be judged of by this year's result, for it was not published in the District until 14th October 1859 a date almost too late to enable the Ryots to take full advantage of it by extending their holdings. I have little doubt, however, that it will tend to extension of cultivation.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
Muttah... ..	8,636	4 1	8,636	4 1	...	...	...	...
Ryotwar... ..	26,85,309	7 2	27,08,854	15 11	23,545	8 9	...	...
Amani... ..	3,328	7 6	3,467	12 1	139	4 7	...	...
Rent for one year... ..	30,007	18 3	30,414	5 10	406	8 7	...	...
Srotrium jodi &c... ..	18,575	7 4	18,655	2 8	79	11 4	...	...
Total....	27,45,857	7 4	27,70,028	8 7	24,171	1 3	...	...

EXTRA REVENUE.

Abkari.

1268... .. 1,35,300 0 0

1269... .. 1,35,300 0 0

Mótarfá.

1268... .. 42,475 2 2

1269... .. 42,757 0 3

Increase... .. 281 14 1

Salt.

1268... .. 3,94,346 3 1

1269... .. 1,83,169 10 9

Decrease... .. 2,11,176 8 4

It will be observed that the decrease in the amount of sales is very considerable at each of the Pans. The reason for this is as follows. In January 1857 there was supply of salt which Mr. Taylor the Collector thought would prove sufficient for two years and accordingly he limited the manufacture to a small amount particularly in the Merkanum pans. In 1858 however the demand was very great and before the end of that year the salt in hand had become extremely diminished. It was necessary at once to make up the deficiency and exertions were directed to this object, but the season in 1859 was so unfavorable for manufacture that they proved ineffectual.

24. I shall now proceed to remark on the various items of Extra Revenue. That derived from the Abkari contract which as the Board are aware, is leased for a period of five years, shows of course no change. The lease terminates on the 30th June next.

25. A slight increase is observable under the head of Mótarfá. It is not sufficient to call for remark.

26. The subjoined tabular statement exhibits the particulars of the revenue derived from the Salt Monopoly, amounting to Rupees 1,83,170. It includes the sum, realized by the sale of salt imported from Madras.

No.	Salt Pans.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	Merkanum... ..	3,37,252	1,12,288	.....	2,24,964
2	Ttagavelly... ..	11,644	6,311	.....	5,333
3	Killay... ..	19,499	3,974	.....	15,525
4	Cuddalore... ..	25,951	12,018	.....	13,933
5	Madras Salt... ..	.....	48,579	48,579	.....
	Total...	3,94,346	1,83,170	48,579	2,59,755

Net..... 2,11,176

27. Of the following two statements, the one will show the particulars of Home and Inland consumption, as well as the quantity supplied to the French Government, and that exported to other places by sea, and the other will exhibit the net quantity in store up to 1st July in the present year. The quantity measured and brought into store since that date amounts to 3,60,007 and the quantity remaining unmeasured is estimated at 89,295 I. M. This gives a total of 1,43,605 Maunds in excess of the manufacture of any former year, and I have every reason to believe that the stock on hand will be sufficient for the consumption of two years unless some such increased demand as that in the Fasli 1268 should occur.

No. 2.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	I. M.	I. M.	I. M.	I. M.
Home consumption... ..	89,545	1,12,997	23,452	...
Inland Do.	2,89,466	47,899	...	2,41,567
Exportation by sea... ..	65,500	...	...	65,500
French Government... ..	43,099	50,326	7,227	...
Total...	4,87,610	2,11,222	30,679	3,07,067

Net Increase... 2,76,388

No. 3.

PARTICULARS.	Quantity.		
	Md.	S.	Ch.
Stock on hand on the 1st July 1859.	91,369	38	2
Manufactured from 1st July 1859 to 30th June 1860.	4,33,091	33	14
	Mds.	S.	Ch.
Deduct quantity sold in Fasli 1269.	2,11,221	22	3½
Deduct Wastage.... ..	7,501	5	1½
	2,18,722	27	5
Net quantity in Store on the 1st July 1860.	3,08,73	4	11

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

28. Of the statements connected with the Salt transactions which accompany the report, that numbered 4 exhibits 7501 Maunds as the Salt wastage of the year which is valued at Rupees 3,520-5-0. This amount I have the honor to request that I may be permitted to strike out of the accounts under this head. It will be observed that the wastage has been 3-34-0 per cent of the quantity in store a percentage slightly in excess of that of the previous year though considered under the average percentage of the last five years.

29. The collection under the head of Sea Customs, exclusive of extra Revenue amount to Rupees 34,845-6-7 being Rupees 13,849-8-3 in excess of those of the previous fasli. The details of these collections and the ports, at which they were collected are shown in the statement marked A which accompanies the report in accordance with the instructions contained in the Board's Circular under date July 7th 1860. An increase is observable in the duty derived from nearly all descriptions of articles whether exported or imported, attributable not to any increase in the quantity of the articles but to the higher rate of duty levied under Act VII of 1859. There is however a large decrease in the exports of grain to Ceylon and of Gingely seed to Europe. This is owing in the first case to a cessation of demand. The quantity of Gingely exported was small because little was raised. This crop is sown generally with Indigo but at all events depends on the seasons which influence the latter product and which were, as I have stated, the reverse of favorable. Among the imports also Palmirah rafters exhibits a falling off. I assign this to a ready and more convenient market being found for them at Negapatam and elsewhere.

30. That item of Revenue termed "Sayer" being the frontier duty levied on articles exported and imported between this District and the French Territory, amounts for the year under review as particularized in Statement B to Rupees 66,565-9-5 a sum less by 11,148-2-9 than the sum derived from the same source in the previous year. This falling off is to be chiefly attributed to the decrease in the export of Gingely oil seed alluded to in the preceding para, no less than Rupees 10,000 being the difference between the duty levied on this article in Fasli 1268 and that levied in Fasli 1269. Among the imports also there is a large decrease under the head of Wines and Spirituous liquors which I ascribe in a great measure to the enhanced duty charged under Act VII of 1859, frequently amounting to as much as 66 per Cent on the price of the more cheap descriptions of Wines.

31. An advance of Rupees 2,540-9-0 as marginally noted appears in the stamp Revenue. This branch has for the last few years been steadily rising in consequence of increasing prosperity and therefore of subjects of litigation.

32. The following abstract tabular statement will show, at one view, the Revenue derived in the year under report both from Land and sundry sources, contrasted with that of the previous year. It appears from it that the outturn of the year from all branches of Revenue amounted to Rupees 32,84,809 being a net decrease of Rupees 1,80,103-12-4. The falling off is owing almost entirely to the diminution in the Revenue derived from salt as with the exception of the frontier duty there is an increase under every other head.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1268...	20,995	14	4
1269...	34,845	6	7
Increase...	13,849	8	3

	Rs.	A.	P.
1268...	77,713	12	2
1269...	66,565	9	5
Decrease...	11,148	2	9

	Rs.	A.	P.
1268...	28,159	7	0
1269...	30,700	0	0
Increase...	2,540	9	0

SOUTH ARCOT.

No.	ITEMS.	Settlement of Fasli 1268.	Settlement of Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	Land Revenue...	27,45,857 7	42,70,028 8 7	24,171 1 3	.....
2	Salt Revenue..	3,91,316 3 1	1,83,169 10 9	.....	2,11,176 8 4
3	Frontier Customs...	77,713 12 2	66,565 9 5	.....	11,148 2 9
4	Sea Customs....	20,995 14 4	34,815 6 7	13,849 8 3	.....
5	Abkari...	1,35,300	1,35,300	.....	.....
6	Motarfā...	42,475 2 2	42,757 3	281 14 1	.....
7	Stamps...	28,159 7	30,700	2,540 9	.....
	Total...	6,98,990 6 9	4,93,337 11	16,671 15 4	2,22,324 11 1
	Extra Revenue....	20,065 2 3	21,413 5	1,377 14 2	.....
	Grand Total...	34,64,913	432,84,809 4	42,220 14 9	2,22,324 11 1

Net decrease... 1,80,103 12 4

33. The current demand for the year was Rupees 32,84,809-4-0 of which Rupees 20,54,868-4-10 was collected within the Fasli, leaving a balance of Rupees 2,29,940-15-2 or only seven per cent of the whole demand, uncollected. Of this balance, the sum of Rupees 90,732-5-11 has been since realized and the remainder Rupees 1,39,208-9-3 is now gradually coming in. Deduct from this Rs. 1,815-4-1 the arrears in the villages transferred to North Arcot & the net balance outstanding is Rs. 1,37,393-5-2.

34. It will be observed, by the statement attached, that the accumulated arrears of Revenue from Fasli 1264 to 1268 amount to Rs. 6,902-13-2. Of these Rs. 72. A. 15. P. 2. have been realized and Rupees 4,721-1-2 are said to be recoverable and will be collected with as much speed as possible, the balance Rs. 2,108. A. 12. P. 2. I request permission to write off, as the Tahsildars who have scrutinized each item report that it is in vain to keep it longer on the books.

ITEMS.	Land Revenue Arrear.	Sevoy Jum-mah Arrear.	Motarfā Arrear.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Arrear on the 1st July 1859. ...	1,46,819 9	8,684 7 1	2,242 13 7	1,57,746 13 8
Deduct.				
Actual Collection. ...	1,34,931 3 5	4,220 7 7	2,015 7 11	1,41,196 11 11
Amount Remitted. ...	6,506 11 4	3,013 7 6	127 1 9	9,647 4 7
Total...	1,41,437 14 9	7,933 8 1	2,172 9 8	1,50,814 11 0
Net arrear outstanding on the 1st July 1860. ...	5,381 10 3	1,450 15	70 3 11	6,902 13 2

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

COERCIVE MEASURES.

	Attached.	Fasli.
	Fasli.	1269
Real...	7,670	10,414
Personal 32,505	...	17,136
	40,175	27,550

	Sold.	
Real...	5	2,230
Personal	870	448
	875	2,678

* 1268.....	60,332.....	15.....	2
1269.....	66,641.....	15.....	5
Increase...	6,309.....	0.....	3
† 1268.....	127,387.....	2.....	4
1269.....	117,768.....	13.....	10
Decrease...	9,618.....	4.....	6

talúks and the purchase of paper

† 1268.....	5,616.....	13.....	6
1269.....	8,685.....	7.....	4
Increase.....	3,068.....	9.....	10
§ 1268.....	4,247.....	8.....	4
1269.....	30,632.....	6.....	1
Increase.....	26,404.....	13.....	9

37. There cannot be two opinions as to the advantage which will be eventually derived from the new system of talúk and village accounts, especially the former, but difficulty is still experienced in inducing the Karnams to prepare their accounts on paper instead of Kadjans, no inconsiderable reason for this, is their want of means for procuring pens and ink. The pending revision of village Establishment and consequent employment of a superior description of persons will however soon obviate all drawbacks.

SUB COLLECTOR.

The Sub Collector's settlement report is herewith forwarded. In paras 17 to 23 he dwells at some length on the subject of Remissions. Mr. Dalyell was in charge of the District when I joined it in December last. He has given much aid. Not only did he perform the work of his own Division but he assisted me, by settling two talúks in the Collector's Division. In my intercourse with him I have found him extremely zealous and he has on all occasions shewn an acquaintance with the District. I have not anticipated his comparatively short residence in it would have enabled him to acquire. I have every reason for stating that he has been of great use to me.

ASSISTANTS.

39. The late acting Head assistant Mr. Kindersly was appointed to the Tanjore District before the settlement and Mr. Hutchins who has lately succeeded to his office had not had sufficient experience to be entrusted with the settlement of a talúk, though he aided me by investigating claims to remission in the Trivandy Talúk. He has now the Revenue and Magisterial charges of the Head Assistant's Division and will after a little further experience I do not doubt become a useful & efficient public Officer.

DEPUTIES.

40. Mr. Deputy Collector Underwood accompanied the Sub Collector in his settlement tour and was of great use in relieving him of part of the details of the magisterial duties and in the investigation of Petty Revenue cases at the settlement.

41. Deputy Collector Theroovengadacharry having had considerable experience in the District was deputed to perform the settlement of the Chedumbrum Talúk and is now in

35. The statement at the side shows the extent to which coercive measures were adopted in the Fasli under review as compared with the previous Fasli. It will be observed that the amount for which they were found necessary is less, but that the sales were more numerous than in 1268. I assign this to the season which caused the Indigo, a crop on which much dependance is placed, to perish. The statement which enters into all particulars relative to coercive measures is appended to this report.

36. The particulars of all charges are shown in statement No. 14, while under the head of minor Revenue charges, that termed "Collectors salary" shows an increase in consequence of the creation of Deputy Collectors,* that described as "Huzúr and District servants" shows a more than corresponding decrease owing to the reduction of the salaries of the Head and Sub division Sarristadars. The construction of the survey Boundary Pillars in the southern part of the village accounts, the expense of which has hitherto appeared under the head of advance, has caused an increase of Rupees 3,068-9-10 in the extra Revenue charges. Under the general head of salt charges also, a large increase has taken place under the minor head of Kádiwarum consequent on the purchase of 56,186 maunds of Madras Salt.

SOUTH ARCOT.

charge of the Treasury where from his intimate knowledge of all Revenue business he is of material service. Deputy Collector Mohamed Esuffsahib who has been appointed to the charge of the salt in this District joined his appointment in May and at once proceeded to the salt Pans at Murcanum. He was then quite unacquainted with any of the details connected with the salt Department but very soon became perfectly conversant with them and now performs his duties in a very satisfactory manner.

42. The merits of my late Sarristadar Davasecamany Pillay have been so frequently brought to the notice of the Board that it is almost superfluous for me to mention that I have received his cordial assistance and that I concur in the opinion expressed of him by my predecessor. I am glad to find that the Sub Collector speaks in high terms of his late Sarristadar Tolasinga Moodeliar.

SOUTH ARCOT,
Collector's Kachari.
Cuddalore, 27th September 1860.

(Signed) H. WOOD.

Collector.

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

I have the honor to forward my Report upon the settlement of the four Talúks forming the Sub Division for the past Fasli, with the usual statements numbered 1 to 10 giving detailed information on the subject.

2. Though in accordance with your wishes I made the settlement of the Talúks of Villapuram and Cuddalore I have not included those Talúks in the statements, as the whole of the accounts connected with them have been submitted direct to your office by the respective Tahsildars.

3. I commenced the distribution of Pattas at Kallacurchi on the 27th of February, and concluded the settlement of the six Talúks at Cuddalore on 14th May.

4. The settlement of each Talúk was made at the kasbah town, with the exception of Buvanagherri, and Yellavanásur, which were settled at Kurinjapadi, and Tiruvannálúr, the one being the most central town in the Talúk and the other being as conveniently situated in this respect, as the kasbah.

5. The season though on the whole not an unfavorable one has disappointed the cultivators, as though the fall of rain was copious in the early part of it, the latter part was unusually dry, the consequences have been a considerable failure in dry Crops, which are dependent upon the rains usual in April and May, and also in second Crop Paddy for which there was frequently not sufficient water, and many of those also who, in consequence of the liberal reduction of assessment, had made offers for lands in the early part of the season, refused to accept it, when about to be made over to them, in consequence of the want of rain.

HEALTH.

6. The Sub Division has been peculiarly healthy during the Fasli, Cholera not having prevailed in any part of it, and though occasional cases of small pox appeared, it was by no means general. The usual epidemic among cattle apparently, is not upon the increase, though it showed itself in several places as in former years.

PRICES.

7. The average prices of grain in the principal towns is shown in statement No. 2, and it appears from the marginal statement that they are considerably lower than last year, which may be ascribed in part to a favorable harvest, but is principally to be attributed to the increase in cultivation.

Description of grain.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Per garce.	Per garce.		
	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.
Paddy.	169 3 1	131 14 3	...	37 4 10
Dry grain.	162 14 7	120 14 6	...	42 ... 1

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

HOLDINGS.

8. The marginal statement shows that the holdings for the past:

LAND HOLDINGS.

Items.	Poonjah.			Kanjah.			Garden.			Total.		
	Land.	Teerwah.		Land.	Teerwah.		Land.	Teerwah.		Land.	Teerwah.	
		Acres.	Rs. A.P.		Acres.	Rs. A.P.		Acres.	Rs. A.P.		Acres.	Rs. A.P.
Ryots holdings... 4 ...	2,87,252	619,226	7 6	60,563	8,71,673	5 6	1,671	9,130	15 8	3,55,586	10,00,039	12 8
Deduct land given up...	49,657	1,05,217	13 6	1,902	10,099	6 11	54	295	4 8	51,613	1,15,612	9 1
Remainder...	2,37,595	5,14,008	10 ...	58,761	3,61,575	14 7	1,617	8,835	11 ...	3,03,973	8,84,420	3 7
Land taken up.	36,250	73,114	6 4	2,751	14,543	9 2	80	428	9 8	39,091	88,386	9 9
Total holdings...	2,73,815	5,87,123	4 ...	67,552	3,76,419	8 4	1,697	9,264	4 8	3,43,064	9,72,806	13 4
Waste reutilised ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	334	8 11	...	...	.....	.....	334	8 11
Remainder...	2,73,815	5,87,123	4 ...	67,552	3,76,054	5 ...	1,697	9,264	4 8	3,43,064	9,72,472	4 5
<i>Particulars of the above.</i>												
Actual Cultivation,	2,52,676	5,45,117	.....	63,520	3,57,753	4 3	1,572	8,576	1 4	3,17,973	9,11,478	5 7
Waste charged... ..	21,139	42,006	4 ...	3,526	18,269	11 2	125	688	3 4	25,090	60,938	14 10

"Lands Resigned."

Faslis.	Land.	Teerwah.	
	Acres.	Rs.	A. P.
1268.	18,407	42,779	5 4
1269.	51,613	1,15,612	9 1
Increase.	32,206	72,833	8 0
Decrease. ... ..	.....	.....	.....

Lands taken up.

Easli.	Land taken up	Assessment.	
		Rs.	A/P
1269.	Acres. 28,188	80,073	14 10
1269.	39,091	88,386	9 9
Increase.	10,903	8,312	10 11
Decrease. ... ..	.....	.....	.....

amount of land resigned in this fashion appears very large when compared with any former year, but this is merely the result of permission having been given to resign Fallow lands up to the date of the settlement as a special concession for that year only, in consideration of much land having been taken up under the assurance that the usual remission on these descriptions of land would be given.

confirmation that this increase in the resignation of land is not caused either by the unfavorable season or by a diminution of the demand for land, will be obtained by a comparison of the quantity of land taken up in the faslis 1263 and 1269 for it will be seen that no less than 10,903 additional acres were taken up in the latter year bearing an assessment of Rupees 8,312-10-11.

"Fasli amounted to 3,55,586 acres of land at an assessment of Rupees 10,00,032-12-8, of this however 51,613 acres assessed at Rupees 1,15,612-9-1 were resigned leaving a balance of 8,84,420-3-7 to which must be added the land taken up during the year, amounting to 39,091 acres at Rupees 88,386 which gives a total of 3,43,064 acres as the actual holdings for the year under Report with an assessment of Rupees 9,72,806-13-4 being a decrease in comparison with the holdings of the previous year of 12,522 acres with an assessment of Rupees 27,225-15-4, but in consequence of the large remissions on waste land given last year, the actual amount of the settlement was less by Rs. 76,308-10-9 than that of the present year.

SOUTH ARCOT.

Fasli.	Land. ^a	Teerwah.		
	Acres.	Rs.	A.	P.
*1268... ..	2,95,318	8,58,262	13	2
1269	3,17,974	9,11,478	5	7
Increase... ..	22,656	53,215	8	5
Decrease... ..	....	....	....	....

11. The actual cultivation of the Fash compared with the previous one shows an increase of above 22,000 acres chiefly owing to the additional lands taken up as shown in the last para.

12. It will be seen from statement 3 enclosure C, that the "waste charged" amounts to 25090 acres with an assessment of above Rupees 60,993-14-10 being a very slight variation from last year, when 25,521 acres paid Rupees 65,126-11-10.

13. The same statement gives a very satisfactory report of the remission for waste land and proves that the gradual abolition of the remissions on what is called "Putent waste" has

- * 1^o Chokankolai.
2 Kambliemedie.
3 Melapapanapathi.
4 Melputhi.
5 Kosappadi.

14. Remission for portions of a holding left waste, in the old sense, may now therefore be said finally to have disappeared from the South Arcot Hoookumnamah. Indeed, the rule seemed to be so thoroughly understood, thanks to its gradual introduction that in the six taluks settled by me I am doubtful if as many as 60 applications for a remission of the sort were received.

15. The additional assessment for a second Crop termed Fazal Jasti shows a decrease owing to second Crops having been rarely cultivated in conse-

ITEMS.	Fasli 1208.			Fasli 1209.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Fazal Jastee.....	17,941	15	8	14,946	5	0	.....	.....	.....	3,095	10	8
Teerwa Jastee...	32,297	5	6	37,272	8	3	4,975	2	9	.....	.....	.....

REMISSION.

Statement No. 4.

REMISSION.
Statement No. 4.

16. In spite of the stringent application of the late orders of Government in regard to remissions a glance at the gross remission of the year will shew an increase of nearly Rupees 25,000 under this general head but when it is divided into the two classes of ordinary and occasional remissions, the true state of the case will appear, and a reference to statement No. 4 will shew that while the former were increased by Rupees 36,769-6-4 owing to the additional relief given under orders of Government 28th September 1859, the latter were reduced by Rupees 12,214-4-3. The great decrease appearing under the head of Patent waste remission, though from the failure of rain there was an increase under the head of remission for withered Crops.

Statement No. 5.

Statement No. 5. 17. The shavi remission amounting to Rupees 3,896-2-4 being in fact (with the exception of the small sums before alluded to in para 13, as having been remitted on land left waste for want of water) the only occasional remission granted, and indeed two of the Taluqs, Kallakurchi and Buvanaguri, were settled without giving any remission of the description, the permissive order of Government under dated 10th March 1860 not having reached me.

18. For my own satisfaction however and in order to judge of the effect upon the people of a strict adhesion to the orders expressed in Government Proceedings. June 18th and July 25th of 1859, I kept a private list of all cases of withered crops, which was afterwards acted upon

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

SOUTH ARCOT.

15

14. in giving remission, in order to place the ryots of these Taluks in the same position as those of the other four, which were settled after the shavi remission was authorized.

19. From these and other observation I am led to believe that the desire expressed by Government of abolishing all remissions might without difficulty and without any great hardship be carried out. Had this been done in the present year, it would have borne very hardly upon only 280 persons, for after a careful investigation it was found necessary to grant full remission to that number only and of them nearly half were holders of Pattas under Rupees 5 in value.

20. It is true that remission were granted to 1,000 persons for withered crops, but nearly three fourths of this number suffered loss only of half or a quarter of the produce of their land.

21. The abolition of all remissions could not fail in the long run to benefit the people for those of them who of late years have been enabled to take up an acre or two of land, thanks to the present low assessment could not afford to run the risk of an occasional bad season, and would consequently, to their own advantage as well as that of their neighbours return to their former position of labourers.

22. It is possible that a slight decrease in the Revenue might be the result of a withdrawal of such a large number of Pattadars, but the improvement in the cultivation of the land which could not fail to be the result of its being in the hands of those only who could afford to treat it fairly, and the consequent additional facility of collection would very nearly compensate any loss that might occur, while the additional labour in the market would soon enable the men of substance to increase their holdings, and eventually the revenue would not only be larger, but would be very much more easily collected, than it is at present.

23. Such is the demand for land in this District, among respectable and wealthy persons resident in it as well as in other parts of the country that I cannot help believing that it is in a peculiarly favorable position for an attempt to be made at amending the great defect of the Ryotwar system the prevalence of small holdings. The abolition of all remissions could not fail to be a step at least in this direction and if it were united to modification of the existing rules with reference to the acceptance of offers for land, which are now some what complicated by the recognition of the Ulkudi right, would I think go far towards securing this desirable object.

Statement No. 6.

24. With the exception of private and public Topes there are no lands in the Sub-Division held on Progressive Kowle, a reference to Statement No. 6 shews that the Revenue, under this head, in the present year amounts to Rupees 868-7-2 being a very slight variation from that derived from the same source in the previous Fasli.

25. The sundry Items show an increase of Rupees 476-8-1, and the latter part of Statement No. 4 will show that it occurs almost entirely under the head of "Tree tax," where an increase will always appear in a year like the present, the want of rain at its close being peculiarly favorable to a large crop from mango and Tamorind trees. The late orders 8th February 1859 seem as yet to have hardly affected this head of revenue though the Ryots have in several cases elected to pay the assessment of the land rather than the tree tax.

Statement, No. 7.

26. It is very satisfactory to observe such a considerable increase as that shewn in the margin in the extent of land cultivated with special products the greatest increase is in the quantity of land taken up for the growth of cotton for which there has been an unusually large demand, though a

Description of Crops.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Cotton.	Acres. 16,967	Acres. 32,175	Acres. 15,208	.....
Indigo.	8,765	10,015	1,250	.....
Ground nut.	908	958	42	.....
Sugar Cane.	1,195	1,311	116	.....
Total.	27,835	44,461	16,626	.....

considerable increase also appears in the quantity of land cultivated with Sugar cane. If proper attention is paid to the irrigation work, especially the spring channels, which from their giving a supply of water even in years like the present when there was a failure of rain at the proper season are the life of this latter description of cultivation we may fairly look to its being extended in future years.

27. In the one Statement are exhibited the particulars of Matarfa Revenue and the variation in comparison with last year is no more than reasonably be expected from the ordinary changes in social life which must take place every twelve months and in the other the particulars of Extra Revenue which call for no remark.

28. The settlement of the year which is shewn in Statement 10 with its enclosures is upon the whole most satisfactory showing that the only item of Revenue which appears to have decreased to any degree is that derived from Salt this is to be ascribed to the very unfavorable weathers at the time of salt manufacture which rendered it most difficult either to manufacture it or to preserve it when manufactured. It may appear strange that there should be an increase of above 25,000 Rupees in the Land Revenue though the holdings were considerably less than in the former year but a reference to enclosure B attached to Statement No. 3 exhibiting the quantity of land on which waste remission was given in that year will at once explain it. The total amount Revenue of all description derived from the Sub Division was Rupees 9,59,533-10-3 being a net increase over that Fasli 1268 of Rupees 20,314.

29. The Statement entered in the margin will shew the net demand and collection as well as the outstanding balance for the Fasli under review. The total Land Revenue was Rs. 9,06,367-0-1 out of which the sum of Rs. 8,30,955-13-6 was collected within the Fasli leaving a balance of Rupees 75,411-2-7 and of this sum Rupees 11,701-0-6 has since been realized, and the remainder Rs. 63,710-2-1 is in the course of collection.

Taluks.	Items.	Demand.	Collection within the Fasli.	Balance.	Subsequent collection up to the date of this Report.	Arrears outstanding.
1	Buvanagiri. Land Revenue. Matarfa. Extra Revenue. Total.	2,24,357 71 6 5,758 1,008 2,31,124	1,92,899 0 1 5,314 459 2,02,672	24,478 7 5 443 549 25,471	920 9 6 55 4 0 989	23,557 13 1 388 2 7 24,470
2	Virdachellum. Land Revenue. Matarfa. Extra Revenue. Total.	2,59,863 13 9 4,980 1,993 2,66,783	2,46,703 12 4 4,358 879 2,42,941	19,166 1 5 622 1,113 20,841	4,257 4 1 167 61 4,485	14,848 13 4 454 1 0 15,355
3	Yellavaneur. Land Revenue. Matarfa. Extra Revenue. Total.	2,00,912 7 5 2,102 476 2,03,491	1,74,610 13 1 1,445 243 1,76,209	26,301 9 6 656 233 27,191	3,100 0 4 104 11 3,276	23,201 9 2 491 15 7 23,912
4	Kullakurichi. Land Revenue. Matarfa. Extra Revenue. Total.	2,21,287 8 5 3,432 1,002 2,25,721	2,12,742 3 2 3,410 635 2,19,788	5,545 0 3 21 367 5,933	3,423 2 3 21 49 3,493	2,121 14 0 318 2,439
	Total. Land Revenue. Matarfa. Extra Revenue. Grand Total.	9,06,367 0 1 16,273 4,481 9,27,122	8,30,955 13 6 14,529 2,218 8,47,703	75,411 2 7 1,743 2,263 79,418	11,701 0 6 408 12 9 12,236	63,710 2 1 1,334 13 9 67,181

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF SOUTH ARCOT.

30. The balance at present outstanding certainly appears somewhat large and is a little in excess of that at this period in former years, but allowances must be made for the transition state in which our Taluk establishments have been in consequence of the amalgamation of one Taluk with another and the general reduction of establishments. It is hardly to be expected that officers who were quite uncertain of their tenure of appointments would perform their duties with zeal. In addition to this the present state of the law with reference to the sale of Ryots' Lands has the effect of delaying the collection of the land tax for every Ryot is perfectly aware that he will have ample time allowed him after an attachment has taken place.

31. Mr. Deputy Collector Underwood, as you are aware, was directed to accompany me in my Settlement tour and afforded me considerable assistance in the disposal of claims for remissions, as well as by relieving me of a great part of the details of the magisterial duties of the Division, and I should fail in my duty to a very valuable public Servant were I to conclude my report without bringing to your notice, and placing on record, the high sense I entertain of the integrity and ability of my late Sarristadar Talasingha Mudeliar I have always received his cordial co-operation and assistance and am sincerely glad that his services have been recognized by Government in his late appointment to a Deputy Collectorate.

(Signed.) R. A. DALYELL,

Acting Sub Collector.

SOUTH ARCOT,
Sub Collector's Cutchery.
Cuddalore, 21st July 1860.

SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

TANJORE.

I have the honor to submit the following Report on the Settlement of the Land and Extra sources of Revenue of this District for Fasli 1269 (1859-60) with the usual explanatory Statements.

2. The settlement of the Field assessed Taluqs was made at the stations and by the officers named below.

Names of the Officers.	Name of the Talug.	Stations where the Jamabundy was made.
W. M. Cadell, Esq., Collector.	Trivadi.....	Vallam. Tanjore. Orettanad.
	Kivalur.....	Negapatam.
	Myaveram.....	Myaveram.
	Kuttalam.....	Trivadutorai.
G. L. Morris, Esq., Sub Collector.....	Combaconam.....	Combaconam.
	Seally.....	Kaveripatam.
	Erallam.....	Seally.
F. M. Kindersley, Esq., Head Assistant Collector.....	Nannilam.....	Kolmangudi.
W. H. Kerr, Esq., Special Assistant Collector.....	Pattukottai.....	Trimarugal. Pattukottai.

3. The changes in the tenures of the Villages during the Fasli are specified below.

I. Olungu villages depending on current prices under
rent in Fasli 1268.....

1554

DEDUCT.

Villages commuted into Mottafysal in Fasli 1269 under
the orders of Government.....

1483

Do. which came under Amāni in do.

14

—1497

Remainder.....

57

Add one Village, under the Olungu tenure and lately a
Mokasā village but under the order of Government of
5th December 1859 incorporated with Government
villages.....

1

Total.....

58

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

TANJORE.

3

II. Olungu rent unaffected by Current prices under rent in Fasli 1268.....	170
Deduct villages commuted into Mottafysal Settlement in Fasli 1269.....	1
Remainder.....	169
Add Mokásá villages resumed and incorporated with the Government villages in Fasli 1269.....	82
	251
III. Grain rented villages under rent in Fasli 1268.....	6
Add Mokásá villages incorporated with Government villages in Fasli 1269.....	33
	39
IV. Amáni in Fasli 1268.....	46
Deduct villages commuted into Mottafysal settlement in Fasli 1269.....	13
Remainder.....	33
Add villages which came under Amáni in Fasli 1269.....	
From Olungu rent.....	14
From fixed Grain rent.....	4
From the resumed Mokásá villages.....	23
	71
V. Gross rent villages under rent in Fasli 1268.....	721
Rented for one year in do.....	540
Olungu villages commuted to Mottafysal in Fasli 1269.....	1483
Do. unaffected by prices commuted to do. in do.....	1
Amáni villages commuted to do. in do.....	13
	2758
VI. Field Assessed Villages.....	1813
Total Government Villages.....	4998
VII. Shrótiam Inám and Mótariá Villages as per last year.....	1477
Deduct villages converted into Taraf villages in Fasli 1269.....	143
Remainder.....	1334
Grand Total.....	6332

4. As noted above out of the Villages hitherto held under the Olungu tenure, 1497 Villages have been commuted to a Mottafysal settlement and 144 of the resumed Mokásá villages have been incorporated with those of Government;—hence the changes in the number of villages held under each tenure. Of the 74 villages under Amáni in the year under report, 51 are Government villages and the remaining 23 the resumed Mokásá villages. In the case of the former it being under contemplation to bring them under a Mottafysal settlement, no offers were received for renting them and in the latter villages, many of them are small gardens and have long been under Amáni;—every endeavour is, however, being made to rent them in the current Fasli.

5. The total number of Pattás of the villages under the Ryotwari settlement is 38701, of which there was no occasion to renew only 13,689.

SEASON. 6. The Season was, on the whole, favorable. The South-West Monsoon commenced early and seasonable rains fell during the months of May, June, July, and August. The freshes in the Rivers were also favorable and agricultural operations were carried on early and with vigour. During the interval between the two Monsoons, or in Sept. there were also heavy showers which proved of essential service both to the standing Crops and to cultivation operations in general. The North-East Monsoon set in in the latter part of October and continued favorable during November and the early part of December. The entire failure of rain in the latter part of December and in January was, however, much felt; and in consequence the outturn of the Samba Peshanám crops was by no means so good as was expected; this is also in part attributed to the storm and the excessive fall of Rain which occurred at the end of April 1859 and which is considered to have been prejudicial to the fertility of the soil.

RAIN FALL.

	Fasli 1268. Inches.	Fasli 1269. Inches.
July.....	2.76	3.96
August.....	1.81	7.94
September.....	2.88	6.10
October.....	9.61	7.80
November.....	21.38	14.56
December.....	.18	1.92
January.....	5.10	.37
February.....	.89	.15
March.....	1.54	1.83
April.....	18.88	.43
May.....	.80	.16
June.....	.80	3.19
Total.....	66.63	48.41

7. The Rain fall during the year under report, as compared with that of the last Fasli 1268, is shewn in the margin: it will be seen that during the latter half of the Fasli the season has been peculiarly dry; on the whole, however, although the quantity of Rain was less than that of the preceding year it may be said to have been seasonable.

SANATORY STATE OF THE DISTRICT.

8. The Sanatory condition of the District was, on the whole, unfavorable but not so bad as in the preceding year. Cholera made its appearance much later than usual, and latterly was very fatal. The mortality was, however, not nearly so great as in the preceding year, as will be seen from the marginal Statement.

Small pox likewise prevailed in a few places. Vaccination is, I trust, gradually becoming better understood and its advantages more generally appreciated. Much, however, remains to be done in this way; but in conjunction with the medical officers every opportunity is taken of making its advantages widely and extensively known, and in my opinion this cannot be more effectually done than by periodical tours, say twice a year, by the medical officers.

9. The average price of Paddy per kalam, as per the retail accounts of village sales, is noted in the margin. The prices in last year had risen to a rate altogether

	For a Kalam of Paddy.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
Standard price.....	0	7	8½
Commutation price of 1268.....	1	4	8½
Do. of 1269.....	6	12	4½
Decrease below Fasli 1269.....	40	14	5
Increase above the Standard.....	60	34	0

unprecedented, and it will be seen that they are still much in excess of the standard commutation rate of the District. The demand for grain from Madura and other Western Districts, which raised the price in Fasli 1268, was not so extensive in the past Fasli; every endeavour is being made to ensure correctness in the preparation of Price returns and the subject will not be lost sight of.

10. The subjoined Statement exhibits the Dittam and actual cultivation, with the Bóriz, the waste charged to the Ryots, and amount of remission granted respectively in Faslis 1268 and 1269.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Item.	No. of Villages and Gardens.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Difference.		Remarks.
		Increase.		Decrease.		Bériz.		
		Extent.	Bériz.	Extent.	Bériz.	Extent.	Bériz.	
1 Standard or Gross Dittam.	4,998	9,55,674	60,09,748	9,97,104	Rs. 41,40,172	Acres. 41,430	Rs. 18,59,576	
2 Deduct Gross waste.	...	1,15,858	3,98,991	1,06,301	2,51,590	...	1,47,401	
3 Cultivation.	...	8,39,816	56,10,757	8,90,803	38,88,582	50,987	17,22,175	
4 <i>Cabulaty Buzjer</i> charged against the Ryots.	...	69,006	1,70,892	68,853	1,47,340	...	23,552	
5 Total.....	...	9,08,822	57,81,649	9,59,656	40,35,922	50,834	17,45,727	
6 <i>Nattural</i> or <i>Sati</i>	...	42,159	3,65,366	7,769	32,742	...	3,32,624	
7 Short Produce.	...	...	2,59,929	...	10,986	...	2,48,943	
8 <i>Caste</i> remission	...	1,951	14,284	132	10,033	...	1,819	
9 <i>Stalla Kammi</i>	...	5,644	10,295	4,899	8,429	...	4,259	
10 Total Remission.....	...	49,754	6,49,874	12,800	62,182	...	1,866	
11 Increase of <i>Dittam</i>	...	...	11,565	...	321	...	5,87,692	
12 Net.....	...	42,754	6,38,309	12,300	61,861	...	11,244	
13 Remainder.....	...	8,59,068	51,43,310	9,46,856	39,74,061	87,788	5,76,448	
							...	11,69,279

TANJORE.

5

11. The increase in the Dittam and in the extent of cultivation has arisen partly from the favorable nature of the season and partly from the incorporation of the resumed Mokásá villages; while the decrease in the Bériz on the same items has been caused by the conversion of the Olungu villages into a Mottafysal settlement. The decrease in the waste as well as in several other items of Remission is also doubtless attributable to the same causes.

* Waste.	1,04,250
Withered Crops.	32,741
Short Produce.	10,985
Stalla Kammi.	8,430
Kowl Remission.	10,025

Deduct increase of out-turn in Amani villages above the standard.	321
Remainder.....	1,66,110
Fasli 1268.	8,66,408
Decrease.....	7,00,298

† Fasli 1264.	1,04,083
" 1265.	1,84,858
" 1266.	1,40,772
" 1267.	3,60,315
" 1268.	8,66,408
Total.....	16,56,486
Average.....	3,31,287

12. The amount of Remission allowed on account of waste withered, crops, &c. as noted in the margin,* it will be seen, is much less than that in the last Fasli and also below the average amount of previous five† Faslís. The subject of remissions generally has attracted much of my attention as well as that of my Sub Collector, Mr. Morris; those given in the Fasli under report have been carefully gone into and in the Fasli which has now commenced, I trust that they will be even more carefully scrutinized. In a District like this and where the Assessment is so light, there appears to me no reason why there should be any remission excepting of course in extraordinary and exceptional seasons.

13. The aggregate amount of Remission the several grounds on which granted and the number of villages in which they have been granted, are shewn in detail in the following statement.

Items.	No. of Villages.	As per standard Bériz.	Remission.				Centage of Column 3 and 7	Remarks.
			Waste.	Withered Crop.	Short produce.	Total.		
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
One year rent.	230	2,56,895	42,742	16,933	2,576	62,251	22	
Olungu rent.	46	58,992	23,437	3,146	8,409	34,992	59	
Do unaffected by current price.	6	405	199	.....	.....	199	40	
Wet. Total... ..	332	3,46,292	66,378	20,079	10,985	97,442	28	
Increase of Outturn. ... ..			.....	.....	.....	321		
Net... ..			.....	.....	.....	97,121		
Dry.			2,651	.....	Stalla Commc.	2,851		
Field. {Wet.			24,487	12,662	5,930	43,079		
Assessed.. {Dry.			10,634	.....	2,500	13,034		
Total... ..			35,021	12,662	8,430	56,113		
Kowl Remission. ....			.....	.....	.....	10,025		
Grand Total.....			1,04,250	32,741	19,415	1,66,110		

14. With respect to the Sundry items of Revenue on referring to Statement No. 4, it will be seen that there is an increase of Rs. 8,140 in the several sundry items of revenue derived from the Mokásá villages resumed in this year while there is a large decrease of Rs. 16,061 in the Tree Tax, &c. The decrease in the latter of Rupees 6,966 is owing principally to the trees grown on Taraff lands being exempted from Tétrwá under the orders of Government marginally noted.

15. The following Statement shows the extent of cultivation of these products during Fasli 1268 and 1269. These products, as the

SUGAR CANE, COTTON AND INDIGO CULTIVATION.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Board are aware, are cultivated but to a very limited extent in this District and the decrease in the Fasli under report is owing to the almost entire want of rain during the latter half of the Fasli.

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Sugar Cane.....	460	310	.....	150
Cotton.....	1,756	1,036	.....	720
Indigo.....	866	881	15	.....
Total.....	3,082	2,227	15	870
			Net...	855

16. A general comparative Statement of the result of the settlement of Land Revenue for the two Faslis 1268 and 1269 is here under subjoined.

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Poliaput... ..	31,434	31,434	...	...	
Shrotriam... ..	1,05,540	90,313	...	15,227	
One year rent.. ..	40,88,833	28,14,533	...	12,74,300	
Field assessed.. ..	11,19,635	12,08,657	89,022	...	
Amáni... ..	40,981	50,649	9,668	...	
Total..	53,86,423	41,95,586	98,690	12,89,527	
			Net.	11,90,837	

17. The decrease in the Shrotriam Revenue is chiefly owing to the 4 fixed grain—rented villages having been converted into Taraff villages under the recent orders of Government and the large decrease under one year's Rent has been caused by the conversion of the Olunga villages into Mottafysal.

18. The increase in the Ryotwar and Amáni Revenue has been caused from the increased area under cultivation owing to the favorable nature of the season. The net decrease from the causes above explained, it will be seen, is thus Rupees 11,90,837 but, as the Board will not fail to observe, this is, to a great extent, nominal nearly $\frac{1}{4}$ of the gain by price in the Olunga villages having been altogether foregone under the orders of Government 22d July 1859, No. 979.

REVISION OF ASSESSMENT.

* 20th July 1860.

19. With respect to this subject I would take leave to refer the Board to my report* on the conversion of the Olunga villages into Mottafysal system, under the orders of Government. The result of that Revision I may, however, briefly state as follows. Out of the Total number of 1669 villages hitherto held under Olunga in this District, 1592 villages were commuted to Mottafysal, of these, the new settlement took effect in 1,555 villages within the Fasli under report, while in the remaining 37 it will commence with the current Fasli 1270. Thus there remain only 77 villages remaining to be settled. The financial result of the settlement is, on the whole, advantageous to the Government though, at the same time, also a relief to the Mirásdars, and it will

Standard Olunga Beriz of Fasli 1268.....	Rs. 13,44,105
Beriz according to the new settlement.....	13,83,745
Average of 20 years actual collection from Fasli 1249 to 1268.....	13,79,036
Increase above the Standard of Fasli 1268...	39,640
Do. above the average of 20 years.....	4,709

be seen from the marginal statement that there is not only an increase of nearly 40,000 Rs. in excess of the Standard Olunga of Fasli 1268 but also upwards of 4,000 Rs. in excess of the average collections actually realized and brought to account according to the Olunga for the past 20 years. I have every hope that the Board will accept the result of the settlement as most favorable and satisfactory.

SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.

	Rs.
Fasli 1268.....	11,74,447
" 1269.....	14,15,740
Increase.....	2,41,293

20. The Revenue from Sundry sources exhibits an increase of Rs. 2,41,293 over that of the preceding year. The causes for this increase are noted below in respect to the several heads comprising this branch of Revenue.

ABKARI.

Fasli 1268.....	2,14,602
" 1269.....	2,23,443
Increase.....	8,846

21. The increase under this head has arisen chiefly from the Abkari belonging to his Highness the late Rájá of Tanjore having been resumed and incorporated with the general revenue of the District. The highest offer was made by the general renter of the District to whom it was made over till the end of Fasli 1270 for Rupees 21,000 when the whole Abkari Revenue of the District will be offered to public competition under the orders of Government.

MOTARFA.

Fasli 1268.....	42,784
" 1269.....	43,919
Increase.....	1,135

22. This item of Revenue consists of the house and loom taxes, and the increase in the proceeds of this source, has arisen from the Collection of House tax in the resumed Mokásá villages of the late Tanjore Raj during the year under report.

SALT.

	Rs.
Fasli 1268.....	6,43,875
" 1269.....	6,32,250
Decrease.....	11,625

23. The decrease under this source of Revenue has been caused chiefly owing to the want of sufficient stock in store for sale during the months of December, January, February and March. Further the salt imported at a considerable expense from other Districts, did not, owing to its inferior quality, meet with a ready sale and it will be found from the following Statement that the decrease has arisen both in the inland sales and in the export by Sea.

Item.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Home Consumption... ..	3,91,937	4,07,641	15,704	...
Inland Do.	2,33,012	2,23,028	...	9,984
Export by Sea.	17,332	...	...	17,332
Supplied to French Government... ..	1,594	1,581	...	13
Total..	6,43,875	6,32,250	15,704	27,329
			Net...	11,625

* During the past two years, owing to the unfavorable nature of the season, it was found impossible to make up our stock sufficient for the average of 2 years consumption. However every endeavour is being made in this year to manufacture salt to the full extent of Dittam and in order to secure this a liberal rate of Kudiwaram at 12 Rupees per garce has also been temporarily granted under the orders of the Board of Revenue dated 13th June 1860 No. 2803.

SEA CUSTOMS.

	Rs.
Fasli 1268.....	1,60,348
" 1269.....	3,60,470
Increase.....	1,99,622

24. The marked improvement in the receipts from this source is owing to the introduction of the new Tariff and has arisen, it will be seen, both from exports and imports. The construction of the Great Southern of India Railway will I doubt not also contribute to render this branch of our Revenue still more flourishing.

FRONTIER.

	Rs.
Fasli 1268.....	20,857
" 1269.....	56,721
Increase.....	35,864

25. The same remark is applicable to this item also and the increase has been caused chiefly from the collection of duty by the French Government on paddy and rice imported at Karrikál.

STAMPS.

Fasli 1268.....	91,481
" 1269.....	98,932
Increase.....	7,451

26. The increase under this head has arisen from the increased sale of stamps both in the additional Munsiffs' Courts lately established in this District and in the other Courts. The net Revenue from stamps alone is not far short of a lakh of Rupees.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

27. Combining the Land and Extra sources of Revenue, the aggregate demand of the year under report amounts to Rupees 59,02,025, showing a net decrease of Rupees 6,85,037 below that of Fasli 1268 as shewn below.

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Poliaput	31,434	31,434	...	...
Jodi on Shrotriam	1,05,540	90,331	...	15,227
One year rented	40,88,833	28,14,533	...	12,74,300
Ryotwar	11,19,635	12,08,657	89,022	...
Amami	40,981	50,649	9,668	...
Total	53,86,423	41,95,586	98,690	12,89,527
Abkari	2,14,602	2,23,448	8,846	...
Motarfā	42,784	43,919	1,135	...
Salt	6,43,875	6,32,250	...	11,625
Sea Customs	1,60,548	3,60,470	1,99,622	...
Sayer	20,857	56,721	35,864	...
Stamp	91,481	98,932	7,451	...
Total	11,74,447	14,15,740	2,52,918	11,625
Total of Land and Sundry sources	65,60,870	56,11,326	3,51,608	13,01,152
Add Extra Revenue	26,192	2,90,699	2,64,507	...
Grand Total	65,87,062	59,02,025	6,16,115	13,01,152
			Net	6,85,037

EXTRA REVENUE OR SEVOY JAMMA AND INTEREST. 28. The increase in this item has risen chiefly from the land Revenue of the resumed Mokāśā villages of the Tanjore Raj which had been collected and kept in deposit during past Faslis having been recently brought to the credit of Government in Fasli 1269.

29. Of the aggregate demand of Rupees 59,02,025 on account of the year under report, Rupees 54,93,163 was collected within the close of Fasli and Rupees 3,29,316 subsequently leaving a balance of Rupees 79,546 outstanding as shown below.

Items.	Total Demand.	Collection within the Fasli.	Balance.	Subsequent Collection up to 10th August.	Remainder.	Remarks
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Poliaput permanently settled	31,434	30,844	590	...	...	
Jodi on Shrotriam	90,313	83,671	6,642	4,985	1,677	
Rent for one year	28,14,533	25,38,975	2,75,558	2,12,138	63,420	
Ryotwar	12,08,657	11,03,439	45,218	39,338	5,880	
Amami or Division of Produce	50,640	35,554	15,086	7,536	7,550	
Total not permanently settled	41,64,152	38,21,639	3,42,513	2,54,277	78,236	
Total Land Revenue	41,95,586	38,52,480	3,43,106	2,64,870	78,236	
Abkari	2,23,448	2,04,641	18,807	18,807	...	
Motarfā	43,919	42,689	1,230	825	407	
Salt	6,32,250	6,13,145	19,105	19,105	...	
Sea Customs	3,60,470	3,46,315	14,155	14,155	...	
Sayer	56,721	45,327	10,394	10,364	30	
Stamps	98,932	98,742	190	190	...	
Total Sundry Sources of Revenue	14,15,740	13,51,859	63,881	63,444	437	
Total Land and Sundry Sources of Revenue	56,11,326	52,04,339	4,06,987	3,28,314	78,673	
Extra Revenue	2,90,699	2,58,824	1,875	1,002	873	
Grand Total	59,02,025	54,93,163	4,08,862	3,29,316	79,546	

TANJORE.

ARREARS.

30. The particulars of arrears are shown in the Statement No. 13. They amount to Rupees 6,53,425, of which Rupees 3,63,101 will, as already sanctioned conditionally by Government, have to be written off the accounts as soon as the settlement of the remaining Olungu villages into Mottafysal is completed. The net arrears amount therefore to Rs. 2,90,324; the greater part of which being irrecoverable, a separate report on the subject with the necessary explanations will be submitted shortly and the recoverable portion of the arrears is in course of collection.

VALUE OF PROPERTY SOLD.

31. Act No. 39 of 1858 was fully brought into operation in the current year, and the realization of Revenue by the sale of the property under that enactment has been consequently greater than in the preceding year as shown in the margin. This law was had recourse to entirely in the recovery of the arrears of past years in which the season had been unfavorable, and the collections of the current year have been realized with greater punctuality doubtless owing in a great measure to the more favorable nature of the season.

RECEIPTS AND CHARGES. 32. The Receipts and Charges in comparison with the last Fasli 1268 are shown in the subjoined Abstract; it will be seen that there is an increase of Rs. 3,70,847 in the receipts in this year, while the charges are nearly equal to those of the preceding Fasli.

Fasli.	Receipts.	Charges.	Percentage.
1268	59,13,978	7,01,178	11.85
1269	62,84,825	7,01,640	11.16
Difference	3,70,847	462	...

RECEIPTS.

Land Revenue. 33. This decrease in the Land Revenue Collection is owing to the collection of a large amount of recoverable arrears having been made during the last Fasli.

Extra Revenue.

34. The increase in this item has arisen from the amount of Revenue which had accrued in the resumed Mokāśā villages during past Faslis having been now brought to the credit of Government.

Abkari.

35. The decrease under this head is caused by the new system of accounts, under which the collections of the 13 months have been entered in the last year while the current year comprises those of only 12 months.

Salt.

36. The decrease in this source of Revenue is owing partly to the deficiency in the stock of Salt and partly to the change in system of bringing the collections to account as already explained.

Sea Customs.

37. The increase in the Sea Customs, and Frontier Chouky Collections has arisen from the increased rate of duty under the new Tariff as already stated.

CHARGES.

Salary of Collector's &c. 38. The increase arose from the disbursement of salary to two Deputy Collectors for the whole and for a 3d for part of the current Fasli while in the last, only two have drawn their salaries for 2½ months.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Huzur and District Establishments.

Rs. 25,648

39. The decrease is owing partly to the abolition of the office of Head Sarristadár and partly to part of the amount of Pay Abstract of the District Establishments for May, having been disbursed in the beginning of the ensuing Fasli 1270.

Extra Charges.

Rs. 34,133

40. The increase is chiefly owing to a large amount of the arrears of allowance due to certain Pagoda and charitable Institutions for 2 years having been disbursed in this Fasli after obtaining the necessary audit of the Civil Auditor for the same.

SALT.

Rs. 32,466

41. The decrease is owing to the reduced quantity of Salt manufactured in the last Fasli caused by the heavy rains and gale in the month of April of that year.

SALT.

Rs. 15,736

42. This increase has arisen from the charges incurred on account of Imports of Salt from other Districts.

SEA CUSTOMS.

Rs. 5,160

43. This increase has been occasioned by the purchase of a Building for the use of the Sea Custom Office at Negapatam.

44. The fluctuations in the remaining items of Receipts and Charges being of a trifling nature call for no special remark.

45. With reference to the Village and Taluk accounts; I have to state here briefly that the new forms are introduced and brought into operation throughout the District with the exception of a very few villages to which no separate Karnams are attached. Most of the Karnams in this District are now thoroughly acquainted with the new system of accounts and arrangements are being made for completing the whole of the remaining accounts at an early date.

46. The Register of the lands purchased by Public Servants is regularly kept both in the Taluks and Huzur; but in the general reduction of the Revenue and Police establishments, many of them have been recently thrown out of employment and consequently a new revised Register for those who are actually now in the Public service is necessary; in its preparation every attention will be paid to the instructions of the Government on the subject. The extent of land actually purchased and that acquired by inheritance by Public Servants during Faslis 1268 and 1269 is, however, noted in the margin.

Fasli	Acquired by purchase.	Acquired by inheritance.	Total.
1268	Acres. 234	Acres. 94	Acres. 328
1269	46	56	102
Decrease	188	38	226

47. I cannot conclude this report without bringing to the notice of the Board the admirable manner in which the Sub Collector, Mr. MORRIS, has conducted the duties of his office, and the high state of efficiency of the Taluks comprising his charge. The Sarristadár of my office, Rajagopalachariar, has, as the Board are aware, only lately joined; but from the experience I have had of his abilities and work as a Tahsildar, I am confident he will make a useful and efficient Public servant in the position he now holds.

(Signed) W. M. CADELL,

Collector.

TANJORE,
20th August, 1860.

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

1. I do myself the honor to submit the annual report on the settlement of the Land and Extra Sources of Revenue in the Sub-Division of Tanjore for Fasli 1269 (A. D. 1859-60) together with 8 explanatory statements and their enclosures prepared in the prescribed form.

The Settlement was commenced on the 19th March and concluded on the 20th May 1860. The Stations at which the Settlement of each Taluk was made and the date on which the distribution of Puttahs took place are particularized in the following statement.

Taluks.	Stations where the Jamabandi was made.	The dates on which the distribution of Puttahs took place.
Mayaveram...	Kasba Mayaveram...	6th April 1860.
Kuttalam...	Thiruvaduthurai...	19th & 20th March "
Kumbakonam...	Kasba Kumbakonam...	22nd do "
Shiali...	Kasba Shiali...	7th May "
Peralam...	Kaveripatnam...	From 14th to 20th May "
	Kolmangudi...	2nd April "

2. The number of villages under each description of Settlement prevailing in my division is shown below.

		No. of villages.
Olungu rented affected by prices as per last year's account...	441	
Deduct villages converted into gross rented...	435	
Do. came under Amani...	2	
Remaining...		4
Olungu rented unaffected by prices...		79
Gross rented in Fasli 1268...	458	
Add Olungu rented in the last and gross rented in this year...	435	
Add under Amani in last and gross rented in this year...	1	894
Under Amani in Fasli 1268...	5	
Deduct villages brought to gross rented...	1	
Remaining...	4	
Add Olungu rented in the last and under Amani in this year...	2	6
One year rented...		184
Field assessed...		919
Mokasa in the last and brought under Taraff in this year...		34
Srotriam &c. as per last year's Account...	128	
Deduct Mokasa villages in the last and brought under Taraff Assessment in this year...	34	
Remaining: Srotriam...	14	
Surwa Manium...	67	
Money rented...	6	
Grain rented...	1	
Mokasa...	6	
Villages which were omitted in last and brought to account in this year	94	
Motarfa...	1	
Suthapal...	1	96
Total...		2,216

The total number of Olungu rented villages in last year was 441, of which 435 have been converted into gross rented and 2 came under Amani owing to short produce, and consequently the number of Amani villages for the Fasli under report was 6.

3,373. Puttahs as noted in foot-note under column 5 of the Statement No. 1 were not renewed in the year under report, as no change had taken place in the extent or Assessment of ryots holdings since the previous year.

3. The season on the whole was decidedly a favorable one. From the month of July to December the rain fell exceedingly favorably and seasonably, and in the latter months was so heavy that though no rain has fallen during the remainder of the Fasli, yet the Nanjai Cultivation as a general rule turned out remarkably well. For the dry and garden Crops certainly a little rain in March would have been seasonable, but on the whole the harvest was very good.

I subjoin a table shewing the quantity of rain which fell in each month according to the Guages kept in the Taluk.

July...	4½
August...	9
September...	5½
October...	8
November...	15
December...	1½
January...	1
February...	"
March...	"
April...	"
May...	"
June...	3½

The sanitary condition of the people in the Division has been very good, there having been only a very few cases of Cholera and small Pox.

The Vaccinators in the Sub-Division have been performing their duty satisfactorily, and the number vaccinated by them during the year is 5,456.

4. Prices though much below those of the preceding year were still in advance of the Standard as shown in the following Statement.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Standard.....	.....	7	7
Commutation rate of the present years. ....	.....	11	10
Excess above the standard.....	.....	4	3
Centage.....	55½	0	0

5. The following statement shews the gross dittam or land in occupation in the various description of Tenure for Fasli 1269 as compared with the preceding one.

	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Land.	Beriz.	Land.	Beriz.	Land.	Beriz.	Land.	Beriz.
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Dry...	46,758	67,438	46,875	67,849	117	410	...	...
Wet...	2,67,818	19,59,788	2,72,737	14,58,876	4,919	...	...	5,00,911
Garden...	17,882	67,390	17,864	67,461	...	71	18	...
Total...	3,22,458	20,94,617	3,37,476	15,94,186	5,036	481	18	5,00,911

The increase in the Dry and Garden lands is to be attributed to more lands having been brought into cultivation in Fasli 1269 than in Fasli 1268, and the decrease in the Beriz in Nanjai to the fall in prices in the Olungu rented villages, although there was an increase in the total amount cultivated.

6. The total extent of actual cultivation, exclusive of the waste charged and the waste for which remission was allowed, is shown in the following table in comparison with that of the preceding year.

	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Land.	Beriz.	Land.	Beriz.	Land.	Beriz.	Land.	Beriz.
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Dry...	36,068	52,675	36,764	54,863	696	2,188	...	...
Wet...	2,63,556	19,29,059	2,68,205	14,84,644	4,649	...	...	4,94,416
Garden...	15,370	57,330	15,404	58,021	34	695	...	...
Total.....	3,14,994	20,39,070	3,20,373	15,47,528	5,379	2,873	...	4,94,416

The decrease in the Beriz and the increase in the extent of Nanjai cultivation is only nominal, as it arises from a diminution in the Olungu demand with reference to the current prices, and from the conversion of 436 Olungu rented villages into that of Mottafysal, in which a small extent of Paimashjasti only has been brought to account and from the additional cultivation during the Fasli. The Nanjai and Garden cultivation both in the extent and in the Beriz show an increase owing to the more favorable season.

7. The subjoined Statement shews the waste charged and waste remitted during the Fasli under report in comparison with Fasli 1268.

	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Land.	Beriz.	Land.	Beriz.	Land.	Beriz.	Land.	Beriz.
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Waste charged.								
Dry...	10,107	13,916	10,108	12,967	1	...	...	949
Wet...	1,558	17,000	2,141	12,995	583	...	...	4,011
Garden...	2,511	10,052	2,460	9,439	...	...	51	613
Total...	14,176	40,974	14,709	35,401	533	...	51	5,573
Waste remitted.								
Dry...	583	847	3	18	...	...	580	829
Wet...	2,704	13,721	2,391	11,237	...	...	313	2,484
Garden...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1
Total...	3,288	14,569	2,394	11,255	...	...	894	3,314

The amount of waste charged as shown in the above statement was assessed on ryots who failed to cultivate their lands through negligence, whilst the remission on waste land was granted under the usual rules for fallow land and for lands which are not capable of cultivation owing to the influx of Salt water into the river Upanar in Shiali Taluk and to similar reasons in other Taluks.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

8. The following Abstract Statement exhibits the remission granted in the ryotwar and Olangu rent &c. villages according to the new classification as compared with Fasli 1268.

		Last Fasli.	Present Fasli.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Occasional Remissions.	Shavi or Withered Crops...	91,782	7,112	.....	84,620
	Stalakammi...	2,207	1,577	.....	630
	Kowl...	126	54	.....	72
	Decrease in the produce...	56,005	1,704	.....	54,301
Fixed Remissions...		.....	.....	.....	.....
Total....		1,50,070	10,447	.....	1,39,623

The amount of remission on the whole is much less than that of former years, which is attributable partly to the more favorable character of the season, and partly to the strict observance of the late Government Order that remission was not to be granted unless a case of either drought or inundation could be clearly substantiated.

9. The item of remissions of Sundry items, requires no particular remark as no remission was granted under this head.

10. The following gives a comparative view of the extent of land cultivated with Sugar Cane, Cotton and Indigo in Fasli 1268 and 1269.

	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Land.	Tirvai.	Land.	Tirvai.	Land.	Tirvai.	Land.	Tirvai.
Sugar Cane...	279	2,620	235	1,338	...	...	124	782
Cotton...	276	379	160	229	...	...	116	150
Indigo...	115	125	67	86	...	...	48	39

The decrease in the extent of Sugar Cane cultivation does not seem to require any particular notice, but that in the cultivation of Cotton and Indigo was simply owing to the long drought at the end of the Fasli under report.

11. The general result of the Settlement of the Land and Extra. Sources of Revenue for Fasli 1269 as compared with Fasli 1268 will be found in the following Statement.

	No. of Villages.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue	Olangu Rent, &c...	1,161	14,68,307	10,69,153	...	3,99,154	
	Ryotwar...	919	4,87,283	5,24,874	37,591		
	Amani...	6	10,073	7,966	...	2,107	
	Mokas in the last and under Taraff in this year...	34	363	15,113	14,750	...	56
	Srotriam Jodi...	...	9,667	9,611	...	...	...
Total...		...	19,75,693	16,26,717	52,941	4,01,317	
Sundry Sources	Abkari...	...	1,23,400	1,23,400	...	...	...
	Motarfa...	...	18,100	17,904	...	196	
	Total...	...	1,41,500	1,41,304	...	196	
Grand Total...		...	21,17,193	17,68,022	52,941	4,01,512	

Net Decrease... 3,49,171

TANJORE.

15

Although there has been additional cultivation in the Olangu rented villages, &c. in the year under review, yet from the fall in prices there has been on the whole a decrease in the Beriz.

A similar reason may be assigned for the decrease in Amani villages.

The decrease under the head of Srotriam, &c. has arisen partly from the low prices obtained for the usual grain rent, and partly for the water tax levied on Punjai land converted into Nanjai being less than in the preceding year.

The decrease in the Motarfa having been particularized under that head calls for no special remark.

The increase in the item of Ryotwar is attributable to the more favorable season, and that under the head of Mokas villages has been owing to 34 villages having been brought to Taraff Assessment.

12. The item of Motarfa in the Division comprises only the house and loom taxes. The house tax exhibits an increase of Rupees 142-15-8 caused by the additional number of houses built, whilst the loom tax shows a decrease of Rupees 338-14-3 owing to the looms not having been worked so extensively in the year under report as in the preceding one.

	Last Fasli.	Present Fasli.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tax on Looms.....	8,860	8,521	...	339
Tax on Houses.....	9,240	9,383	143	...
Total...	18,100	17,904	143	339

13. The subjoined Statement shews the Revenue from both Land and Sundry Sources for Fasli 1269 in comparison with the preceding one.

	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269	Increase.	Decrease
Land Revenue...	19,75,693	16,26,716	.....	3,48,977
Abkari...	1,23,400	1,23,400	.....	.....
Motarfa...	18,100	17,904	.....	196
Total...	1,41,500	1,41,304	.....	196
Grand Total...	21,17,193	17,68,020	.....	3,49,173

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

14. The items of Sevoy Jama and Interest require no remark, as the accounts of them are not kept in my office.

15. The annexed Statement shows the Demand Collection and Balance of all Sources of Revenue for Fasli 1269.

Items.	Total demand.		Collection within the Fasli.		Balance.		Subsequent Collections.		Remainder.	
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.
Land Revenue.....	16,26,716	14 5	15,49,759	13 10	76,957	0 7	25,942	9 7	51,014	7 0
Abkari.....	1,23,400	0 0	1,05,569	0 0	17,831	0 0	7,547	0 0	10,284	0 0
Motarf.....	17,904	8 6	17,887	8 5	17	0 1	...	...	17	0 1
Total...	1,41,304	8 6	1,23,456	8 5	17,848	0 1	7,547	0 0	10,301	0 1
Grand Total...	17,68,021	6 11	16,73,216	6 3	94,805	0 8	33,489	9 7	61,315	7 1

Of the total demand of Rupees 17,68,021-6-11 the sum of Rupees 16,73,216-6-3 has been realized within the Fasli, and since its close a further sum of Rs. 33,489-9-7 has been collected; thus making a total of Rs. 17,06,705-15-10: the balance remaining is Rs. 61,315-7-1 or $3\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent on the entire demand.

Strict orders have been sent to the Tahsildars to collect the balances which are remaining in their respective Taluks, and as the whole amount is fairly due, I am determined that it shall be realized without delay.

16. The total outstanding arrears on account of previous Faslis, deducting the amount which had been stopped in the last and written off in this year on account of the selling price in the Olungu rented villages, amounted at the beginning of Fasli under report to Rupees 3,34,901-12-3 of which Rupees 2,15,082-14-4 has been recovered during the year but Rupees 1,19,818-14-4 still remained unrealized on the 1st instant as shewn in the following Statement.

Fasli.	Balance.		Irrecoverable.		Recoverable.		Amount to be deducted on account of selling prices.		Total of Columns 3, 4 and 5.	
1	2		3		4		5		6	
	Rs.	As. P.	Rs.	As. P.	Rs.	As. P.	Rs.	As. P.	Rs.	As. P.
1263	5,368	6 6	1,112	6	4,254	...	...	...	5,368	6 6
1264	8,628	13 8	2,567	11 1	6,061	2 7	...	...	8,628	13 8
1265	4,281	6 10	923	12 8	3,357	10 2	...	...	4,281	6 10
1266	12,570	14 4	6,121	7 2	6,449	7 2	...	...	12,570	14 4
1267	22,490	9 9	9,853	11 3	12,636	14 6	...	...	22,490	9 9
1268	66,480	11 3	...	...	9,174	4 8	57,306	6 7	66,480	11 3
Total...	1,19,818	14 4	20,579	...	41,933	7 7	57,306	6 7	1,19,818	14 4

From this 1,19,818-14-4, the sum of 57,306-6-7 is to be deducted on account of selling prices, thus leaving a balance of Rupees 62,512-7-9. From this balance again, 20,579-0-2 is to be written off as irrecoverable, making a remainder of 41,933-7-7: out of this 41,933-7-7 Yadasts have been sent by me to you requesting the orders of the Board of Revenue for selling the immovable property of the defaulters thereof to the amount of Rupees 26,067 But no answers have as yet been received; there is consequently only an actual balance of 15,866-7-7 to be collected by the Tahsildars, and this sum, I need not add, I will see is realized as soon as possible.

17. With regard to the balance classed as irrecoverable, I beg to state that it has already been recommended for remission, but no orders have as yet been received.

TANJORE.

18. The following Statement exhibits the extent to which landed and personal property was sold for the recovery of arrears of Revenue.

Items.	No. of Villages.	No. of Defaulters.	Arrears due.	Estimated value of property attached.		Total.
				Land.	Personal.	
Arrears for which coercive measures were adopted ..	259	1,321	63,223	26,822	52,047	58,869
Arrears paid on attachment...	175	943	25,104	224	25,123	25,350
Value of the property actually sold...	20	69	4,005	581	2,589	3,520
Total.....	195	1,912	29,109	755	28,115	28,870
Balance.....	64	809	34,114	26,067	3,952	29,939

19. The statement of charges is not furnished as these accounts are kept in your office for the whole District.

20. Almost all the new system of accounts both Village and Taluk have been brought into practice in my Division, and with the exception of the A Register, are found most useful.

21. The annexed Statement shews the quantity of land acquired by Public Servants.

Taluks where Servants are employed.	No. of Servants.	Land.						Remarks.
		Extent.		Assessment.				
		Acres.	G.	Rs.	As.	P.		
Kuttalam	4	12	6	58	7	9	Obtained by inheritance prior to entertainment in the Public Service, one Do. two by purchase subsequent to entertainment in the Public Service.	
Kumbakonam	3	49	19	172	13	1		
Valangamaa.....	2	29	36	179	14	0		
Peralam....	2	51	1	161	10	1		
Total.....	11	142	22	572	12	11	Do.	

22. I have had reason on the whole to be satisfied with the conduct of the Public Servants in my Sub-Division during the past year.

(Signed) G. LEE MORRIS,
Sub Collector.

10th July 1860.

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SETTLEMENT REPORT OF TRICHINOPOLY.

23rd August... .. 1856
16th July... .. 1858
24 September... .. 1859
12th March... .. 1860
27th April... .. 1860
7th July... .. 1860

I have the honor to report on the land and extra sources of Revenue of this District for fasli 1269 and to submit herewith the required statements prepared in conformity with the orders of the Board noted in the margin.

2. I labor under the disadvantage of being new to the District having joined it after the Jammabundy had been completed.

3. The Settlement commenced in February and was brought to completion in the middle of April. The Taluks of Conaud, Vittikatty, Moosery, Lalgoody and Torriore were settled by the Collector Mr. Bird. Manapara, by the Assistant Collector Mr. Hannyngton. Soondarum Pillay General Deputy conducted the Settlement of Arialore, Volcondapurum and Wodiarpoliem, the distribution of pattas was made, at places previously selected, the convenience of the Ryots being duly considered. My letter of the 22d of June will explain why the settlement of two, or more taluks was conducted in one and the same locality.

Names of the Officers.	Names of the Taluks.	Total number of Villages.	Number of Land Revenue Pattas distributed.	Stations where Jammabundy was held.	Time occupied for the settlement of each Taluk.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Mr. J. Bird Collector.	Conaud.....	161	7,583	Jambookaiswaram..	{ From 4th to 5th April, and from 16th to 17th.
	Vittikatty.....	63	3,184	Moosery.....	From 2nd to 3rd of April.
	Moosery.....	55	4,357	Do.	{ From 1st February to 24th March.
	Lalgoody.....	235	12,335	Jambookaiswaram..	From 6th to 14th April.
	Torriore.....	144	18,447	Torriore.....	From 26th to 30th March.
Dept. Collec- tor Soonda- rum Pillay.	Oodiarpoliem....	225	13,079	{ Iayencenda..... } { Sholapooram... }	From 18th to 21st April.
	Arrealore....	229	18,670	Arrealore.....	From 12th to 14th April.
	Volcondapurum..	136	16,016	Perambaloor.....	From 25th to 28th April.
Mr. Hannyng- ton Assistant Collector.	Manapara.....	52	5,051	Moosery.....	From 9th to 11th April.
		1,280	97,712		

4. A comparison with the list for last fasli shews an increase in the number of villages in the District, this arises from several hamlets in Torriore and Volcondapurum (18 in the former

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

21st March 1858 No. 3192.
18th February 1859.—

and 9 in the latter), being now classed as Villages. A Village, named Kandamungahum formerly included as belonging to Toriore was in this Fasli transferred to Lalgooty; this alteration was made under the instructions of the Board.

5. The orders of the Board, regarding the introduction of permanent pattas, cannot for the present be carried out in this District, until the Survey and Assessment now in progress here, be completed. At present the tax varies on the description of crop grown, and a Ryot has perfect liberty to select what cultivation he pleases.

6. The season was not on the whole a favorable one. In July the fall of rain was heavy and the freshes in the Coleroon and Cavery were unusually high, causing many breaches and a large amount of damage. Considerable tracts of cultivation were destroyed; further the monsoon set in late, and in the months of August and September we had not the usual average of water in the rivers, thus in consequence of there not being a sufficiency of water in one season, the crops which came to maturity did not yield so good an out-turn as would have been the case under more favorable circumstances.

7. Vaccination appears to be less disagreeable to the people, parents bring their children to be vaccinated more freely than before, the district was not visited by small pox during the season under report.

8. To man and beast, it may be said to have been a healthy season, Cholera appeared in a few villages, but did not spread—forage was abundant and the Cattle thrived.

9. The statement annexed shews the prices of grain, in comparison with those of the previous fasli. Also the commutation rates—prices fell, but not sufficiently low to be in any way injurious to the cultivation. Grain came in freely from the Tanjore District and but little of the grain grown in this District, was exported, this operated favorably in keeping down prices; the price of Car and Sumbah Pesanum fell 43-9-7, and 42-2-5 per Cent respectively.

GRAIN.		Commutation price in the terms originally fixed.		Price in Fasli 1268.		Price in Fasli 1269.		Increase between the commutation & the price of Fasli 1268.		Decrease between the prices of 1268 & 1269.		Percentage.
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.
Paddy.	Shumbah per Garce.	74	3 6	189	7 10	145	14 3	71	10 9	43	9 7	23
	Car, Do...	66	3 0	169	7 9	127	5 4	61	2 4	42	2 5	25
Other grains.	Cholum	...	...	217	7 4	181	6 9	...	...	36	0 7	16
	Cumboo	...	...	203	3 9	154	8 7	...	...	48	11 2	24
	Gram	...	...	273	13 6	193	0 3	...	...	80	13 3	30
	Raggi	...	...	197	8 2	153	5 4	...	...	43	14 10	22
	Varagoo	...	...	139	13 5	83	11 4	...	...	56	2 1	40

10. Land to the extent of 23,827 Acres was thrown up by the Ryots and remission was allowed on 33,473 Acres.

On account of waste, making a total of 62,300 Acres.

Lands newly taken up amounted to 72,978 Acres, the season opened well and the Ryots seemed generally desirous to extend their cultivation.

11. The statement below will shew the extent of cultivation and the increase of land Revenue; this increase of 1,28,890-10-7 is no doubt owing to the impetus given by the recent reduction* in the assessment on the land.

TRICHINOPOLY.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Acres.	Assessment.		Acres.	Assessment.		Acres.	Assessment.		Acres.	Assessment.	
		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
Dry...	4,03,716	7,56,121	1 2	4,14,268	8,13,389	5 4	7,552	62,268	4 2	...	...	...
Wet...	1,32,952	6,40,966	12 4	1,34,981	6,45,521	7 4	2,029	4,554	11	...	...	...
Garden...	32,022	87,742	10 1	32,713	91,517	15 0	688	3,775	4 11	...	...	...
Dry converted into wet & garden...	7,581	16,514	8 4	7,888	16,923	6 3	357	408	13 11	...	...	...
Garden do. do. into wet...	1,832	12,419	5 0	1,884	9,561	7 3	52	...	...	...	2,851	13 9
Total.....	5,81,026	15,13,753	4 11	5,91,734	15,81,913	9 2	10,678	71,007	2	...	2,851	13 9
2d Crop assessment ...	...	1,93,947	7 4	...	2,26,012	2 8	...	32,064	13 4	...	...	...
Additional assessment.	...	5,865	13 11	...	16,196	5 4	...	4,330	7 5	...	...	...
Total.....	...	17,13,571	10 2	...	18,18,152	1 2	...	1,07,432	4 9	...	2,851	13 9
Deduct remission ...	...	4,60,518	12 8	...	4,36,208	9 1	...	...	...	...	24,310	3 7
Balance.....	...	12,53,052	13 6	...	13,81,943	8 1	...	1,28,890	10 7	...	...	...
Add Sundry Items ...	...	36,495	12 1	...	35,992	9 5	...	...	...	...	503	2 8
Total.....	...	12,89,548	9 7	...	14,17,936	1 6	...	1,28,887	7 11	...	...	...

15,182-9-2 was brought to account on Caboola bunjer lands while 98,324-14 due on 88,473 Acres of waste land was remitted under the instructions of the Board, marginally noted; the amount of land resigned and that newly taken up by the Ryots during the fasli under review is entered in the enclosure B as per orders of the Board.

12. The Board direct that the original assessment of both the Wet and dry lands be entered in the Enclosure B but as the assessment in this district varies with the description of crop grown, the first crop assessment on wet land and the actual assessment on the produce of the dry lands has been entered.

13. As per instructions of the Board conveyed in para 15 of their proceedings dated the 7th of July 1860 I will make arrangements that from the present fasli a Ryot's previous holding shall be the basis of his next years pattas adding any lands he may take up and striking out any he may formally relinquish under the restrictions in force; the extent of waste land deducted is given in the annexed memo, and a talukwar statement marked C prepared according to clause 6 para 4 of the Board's proceedings dated the 2d of September last is submitted, it forms an enclosure to Statement No. 3.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

	Dry.			Wet.			Garden.			Total.		
	Acres.	Assessment.		Acres.	Assessment.		Acres.	Assessment.		Acres.	Assessment.	
Ryots Holdings....	4,06,716	Rs. 7,56,121	A.P. 1 2	1,37,242	Rs. 6,60,008	A.P. 15 10	37,098	Rs. 97,628	A.P. 3 11	5,81,056	Rs. 15,13,758	A.P. 4 11
Lands given up....	23,545	60,030	13 2	214	782	13 6	68	284	5 11	23,827	91,104	0 7
Remaining....	3,83,171	6,96,084	4 0	1,37,028	6,59,226	2 4	37,030	97,343	14 0	5,57,229	14,52,654	4 4
Lands taken up....	63,693	1,75,548	9 1	7,399	41,204	1 7	1,886	10,831	8 6	72,978	2,27,584	3 2
Total....	4,46,864	8,71,632	13 1	1,44,427	7,00,430	3 11	38,916	1,08,175	6 6	6,30,207	16,80,238	7 6
Deduct Waste....	32,596	53,243	7 9	4,953	38,739	12 4	924	6,341	10 3	38,473	98,324	14 4
Remaining....	4,14,268	8,18,389	5 4	1,39,474	6,61,690	7 7	37,992	1,01,833	12 3	5,91,734	15,81,913	3 2
Actual cultivation....	4,09,990	8,11,928	7 5	1,37,197	6,53,442	13 2	37,822	1,01,359	11 5	5,85,018	16,66,781	10 0
Waste charged....	4,269	6,460	13 11	2,277	8,247	10 5	170	474	0 10	6,716	15,182	2 2

14. The following statement shows that the remission granted this year falls short of the sum allowed in the previous year by 24,310-3-7.

ITEMS.	Particulars.	Decrease.			Increase.			Fasli 1209.			Fasli 1208.		
		Rs.	A.P.		Rs.	A.P.		Rs.	A.P.		Rs.	A.P.	
Occasional.	Shavy or withered Crops.	25,139	15	...	...	...	...	5,933	14	6	31,073	13	0
	Pant Pudthi...	35,523	9	1	...	...	...	882	11	10	36,406	4	11
	Painali.	4,109	2	7	...	...	...	1,159	10	3	5,268	12	10
	Shanlat Bunjur...	20,994	9	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,994	9	3
	Thaladi Kurni.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,08,053	6	7	78,021	3	4
Remission.	Remission granted for dry Villages.	85,767	3	11	...	...	...	1,16,025	11	2	1,71,764	11	10
	Remission on Kowle.	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,09,119	6	11	2,76,469	13	4
Total.	General Remission...	1,224	12	6	...	...	...	10,978	2	6	12,202	15	...
		1,224	12	6	...	...	...	3,20,097	9	5	3,88,672	12	4
		...	...	...	...	...	...	81	4	6	4,60,518	12	8
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TRICHINOPOLY.

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15. The cause of the remission for withered crops (Shavy) on lands inundated (Paymaly) and lands flooded in tank beds (Panyoodty) has been already explained. Statement No. 5 contains all particulars.

16. According to clause 4 para 6 of the Board's letter dated 2d of September last, all katts of large extent have been sub divided and the sub divisions numbered, therefore shamlat bunjer does not now come under the head of remission. The cultivation in the dry villages exceeded that of the previous fasli, so in proportion the usual reyayat or remission allowed on lands taken on rent was greater and amounted in the fasli under review to Rs. 32,619-9-7.

17. In remission on lands held on progressive Kowle there is a decrease of Rs. 1,224 As, 12 P. 6.

18. It was found necessary at the time of Jamabundy to remit the tax on certain lands dependent for irrigation on the Poonary Channel as no means were adopted for ensuring them the requisite supply of water. Under the peculiar circumstances of the case the Ryots were permitted to retain these lands in their several pattas, these lands were, therefore necessarily inserted in Statement No. 4 the details of this Thargevar or progressive Kowle, will be found below.

ITEMS.	Dry.			Wet.			Garden.			Total.		
	Acres.	Assessment.		Acres.	Assessment.		Acres.	Assessment.		Acres.	Assessment.	
Fasli 1268....	1,278	1,559	10 0	2,314	12,497	12 9	...	...	...	3,592	14,057	6 9
Deduct. { Lands fully charged.	410	791	12 3	25	153	8 3	...	...	...	435	945	4 6
{ Do. forsaken ...	414	466	1 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	414	466	1 8
	824	1,257	3 11	25	153	8 3	...	...	...	849	1,411	6 2
Remaining....	454	301	12 1	2,289	12,344	4 6	...	...	...	2,743	12,646	0 7
Lands taken upon Kowle ...	147	205	15 2	13	40	9 4	...	...	...	160	246	8 6
Total.....	601	507	11 3	2,302	12,384	13 10	...	...	...	2,903	12,892	9 1
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	6 9
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	295	7 7
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,219	7 5
Deduct Kowle Remission...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,978	2 6
Net Revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,241	4 11

19. The failure of the Monsoon is the cause of the increase in remission, under the head of Thalady cummy, the ryots being unable to raise a 2nd crop, the increase this year was Rs. 30,032-3-3.

20. In accordance with the Board's instructions the Istmerah Jody or quit rent of Inam land is entered in statement No. 10 instead of in the enclosure to No. 4 while Jungle rent is transferred to that of statement No. 4; this will cause an apparent difference payment for jungle rent ceased last December, thus there is a decrease of a half years rent amounting to 750 Rs.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Manay Poroopoo.....	6,323	1	1	6,311	13	11				8	2	2
Arasa Poroopoo....	488	3	4	500	4	1	12		9			
Patta varutti....	119	3	9	119	3	9						
Aratta manay Poroopoo.	257	3	4	257	13	11		10	7			
Chadurbagum....	193	5	1	193	5	1						
Nada Neervary Neer Casur.	4,278	1	5	4,416	15	9	138	14	4			
Revenue from Hill Villages....	1,712	9	9	1,705	3					7	6	9
Rent of Fruit Trees....	7,346	14	4	7,463	9	5	116	11	1			
Manayvary.	3,359		8	3,358	13	4					3	4
Gross Rent....	7,457	8	11	7,453		6				4	8	5
Rent of Palmirah trees....	45	3	4							45	3	4
Padoogai Rent....	6	7	1	6	7	1						
Aricuttu Padoogai land....	87	1	9	87	1	9						
Tope Rent....	165			165								
Padoogai Poroopoo.	31	14		59	9	7	27	11	7			
Neeranikkum....	444	6	11	444	6	11						
Rent of Hills....	1,653			1,653								
Naganadasamy Pagoda.		2	7		2	7						
Sale proceeds of Reeds....	57	12		57	12							
Tank Fishery.	612	4	4	628	10	4	16	6				
Rent of River Islands....	309			309								
Do. of Rattans.	6	7		6	7							
Do. of wild Canes.	33	10		33	10							
Do. of Corah....	5			5								
Quit rent on the house of Balagooroomoortty Chetty, } in the Fort....	2	5	2	2	5	2						
Tax on Salt Petre.		14	3		14	3						
Jungle Rent....	1,500			750						750		
	36,495	12	1	35,992	9	5	312	6	4	815	9	

Net Decrease.....503 2 8

TRICHINOPOLY.

Fasli.	Extent of Cane Cultivation.	Extent of Cotton Cultivation.	Extent of Indigo Cultivation.
1268.	Acres. 1,543	Acres. 5,573	Acres. 462
1269.	1,520	5,796	270
Decrease...	23	77	192

21. In the margin is shown a comparison with the previous fasli of the extent of land cultivated with Sugar Cane, Cotton and Indigo, the falling off in Indigo is to be attributed to the want of rain.

22. A comparative statement is appended shewing the land Revenue Settlement for this and the preceding Faslis.

	ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.			Decrease.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Land.....	Permanently Settled.....	50,088	9	2	50,088	9	2						
Revenue..	Jody of Srotriam Villages..	10,257	7	11	10,263	3	10	5	13	11			
	Ryotwar.....	12,89,548	9	7	14,17,936	1	6	1,28,387	7	11			
		13,49,894	10	8	14,78,288		6	1,28,393	5	10			

23. There is a large increase in Ryotwar this is to be attributed to the season opening favorably and cultivation in the dry taluks was carried on briskly.

24. A statement exhibiting the items of Revenue from sundry sources for this and the previous fasli is appended.

	ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.			Decrease.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Sundry...	Abkari.	26,434			26,434								
Revenue..	Motarfah.	5,944	4	9	5,970	2	1	25	13	4			
	Stamps.	30,550	12		34,563	8		4,012	12				
		62,929			66,967	10	1	4,038	9	4			

the variation is small, and does not call for remark.

25. The Memorandum given below shews the amount of land Revenue and Extra Revenue as compared with that of the fasli preceding.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue.	13,49,894	10	8	14,78,288		6	1,28,393	5	10			
Extra Revenue.	62,929			66,967	10	1	4,038		4			
	14,12,823	11	8	15,45,255	10	7	1,32,431	15	2			

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

26. The amount of outstanding arrear collected within the fasli under review being greater than that collected in the previous fasli, the amount of interest is greater. Statement No. 9 gives all particulars.

27. Of the amount of Revenue recommended to be written off, 106 Rs. have been since collected and credited in the land revenue item of the Demand statement; this sum has been now entered under the head of extra Revenue by orders of the Board this will cause a discrepancy in the demand statement.

ITEM.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.
Extra Revenue...	2,989 10 6	9,079 9 3	6,089 14 9	...
Interest Account...	508 2 1	726 7 4	218 5 3	...
	3,497 12 7	9,806 0 7	6,308 4 0	...

28. The Demand collection and Balance of all items of Revenue is given below.

Fasli.	ITEMS.	Balance of Fasli 1269.	Collections up to the end of July.	Balance.*
		Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Item, Amount,
1269.	Land Revenue...	14,78,288 0 6	14,70,790 5 7	Iyen Srotiam... 265 10 3 Ryotwar..... 7,229 0 8 7,497 10 11
	Sundry Revenue...	66,967 10 1	66,256 15 6	Abkari... 693 0 0 Mótarfá..... 17 10 7 710 10 7
	Extra Revenue...	9,079 9 3	9,079 9 3	...
	Interest Account...	726 7 4	726 7 4	...
		15,55,061 11	215,46,853 5 8	8,208 5 6

29. The total Revenue for this fasli amounts to 15,55,061-11-2 of which 15,46,853-5-8 were collected within the 31st of July last, the remainder is in due course of collection.

30. Below is given a statement of demand collection and balance of the arrears accruing in preceding Faslis; the difference in the demand statement of the sum of Rs. 106-3-5 has been explained.

TRICHINOPOLY.

ITEMS.	Demand at the beginning of the Fasli 1269.		Collections.						Balance.		
			Collection up to the end of July.		Amount sanctioned by Government for remissions dated 2nd September 1859.		Total.		Item.	Amount.	
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.		Rs.	A.P.
Land Revenue... ..	72,371	15 5	65,577	13 2	4,593	14 8	70,171	11 10	Ryotwar....	2,200	3 7
Sundry Revenue... ..	2,947	12 1	2,909	8 1	...	...	2,909	8 1	Molarfa....	38	4 0
	75,319	1 6	68,487	5 3	4,593	14 8	73,081	3 11	...	2,238	7 7
Extra Revenue... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest Account... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	75,319	11 6	68,487	5 3	4,593	14 8	73,081	3 11	...	2,238	7 7

31. The figures below represent the amount, recoverable, irrecoverable, and doubtful of recovery.

ITEM.	Fasli.	Balance.						Total.					
		Recover- able.		Doubtful.		Irrecover- able.							
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.				
Land Revenue.....	1,262	...	...	...	...	77	4	7	77	4	7		
	1,264	..	...	...	...	5	7	9	5	7	9		
	1,265	...	...	...	7	6	6	5	11	7	5		
	1,266	91	3	11	...	...	131	4	1	222	8	...	
	1,267	...	...	...	235	7	10	105	1	5	338	9	3
	1,268	13	3	3	905	11	8	629	15	8	1,548	14	7
		104	7	2	1141	11	...	954	1	5	2,200	3	7
	1,267	7	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	7	5	3	
	1,263	30	...	9	...	...	...	14	...	30	14	9	
		37	6	...	...	...	...	14	...	38	4	...	
	141	13	2	1141	11	...	954	15	5	2,238	7	7	

32. As required by the Board in their proceedings dated the 27th of April No. 2056 para 13 an explanation of previous years' arrears of Revenue is given below.

33. At the commencement of Fasli 1269 the outstanding balance on account of the principal and sundry items of Revenue was Rs. 75,319-11-6. After deducting from this the amount collected and remitted, there remained a sum of Rs. 2,238-7-7; the amount sanctioned to be written off last fasli was 4,593-14-8, of this sum Rs. 106 As. 0 P. 5 was collected and carried to the Sevoy Jummah account, therefore the sum of Rs. 4,487- As. 14 P. 3 only was written off.

34. I now request sanction to write off the undermentioned Sums.

Land Revenue...	954 1 5
Mótarfá...	0 14 0

Total... 954 15 5

35. Some of these defaulters have absconded, others have no means of paying, and some portion of the amount due, is owing to the same charge having by a clerical error been twice entered in the accounts.

Remission sanctioned on the 26th of September 1859... 1,911 0 5
Do. do. on the 8th of June 1860... 2,682 14 3

Total... 4,593 14 8

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

[illegible][illegible]

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

36. I do not know of any instance where personal violence in the collection of the Revenue was resorted to; the subjoined statement shows how easily the Revenue was collected.

Notice served.				Amount Paid.				Remaining.				Balance made good by sale of properties.		
Individuals.		Amount.		Individuals.		Amount.		Individuals.		Amount.				
	Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.			
1,037	12,371	14	1	1,029	12,099	10	9	8	272	3	4	226	12	2

37. The Gross collections in the fasli amounted to 15,92,498 and the disbursements 1,80,183, giving a percentage of 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

38. All accounts are prepared according to the revised forms.

39. Subjoined is an abstract statement of lands purchased by Government Servants in this District.

ITEMS.	Acres.	Assessment.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Wet Land	306	1,561	11	5
Dry Land.	267	272	3	10
Garden.....	64	147	12	10
	737	1,981	12	1

40. The entry in the margin gives the number of wells sunk this year by the Ryots at their own expense and the extent of land cultivated under them. Since Fasli 1262 when the new rules regarding wells came into force 2,314 wells have been newly sunk.

41. Mr. Bird before leaving the District told me that he had every reason to be satisfied with the conduct of his subordinates.

A. E. R. McDONELL, Esq.
Officiating Collector.

TRICHINOPOLY,
Collector's Office.
27th August, 1860.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF MADURA.

I have the honor to submit the annual report* on the settlement of the land and extra sources of revenue of this District for the past Fasli 1269 A. D. 1859-60 together with the prescribed statements as per separate list and the report of the Sub Collector for his Division.

2. I joined the District in May 1860, when the Settlement of Melūr, one of the 3 Taluks under the Collector's management, had been commenced by Rama Row, the 4th Class Deputy Collector under the instructions of Mr. Ames the Sub Collector in charge, leaving 2 Taluks for me which I settled in June, but as the Pattas of a Village in the Tirumangalom Taluk could not be got ready for distribution at the time of the settlement, they were subsequently distributed by the Tahsildar.

3. Having thus settled the Principal Division, I took upon myself, in order to obviate delay, the settlement of the Tenkarrai Taluk belonging to the Sub Division, which was settled by me, with exception of one village, the Pattas of which not being ready at the time, were afterwards distributed by the Sub Collector.

4. One village belonging to the Aiyampulli Taluk being close to Tadikombū has been usually under the management of the Tadikombū Tahsildar and settled at Dindigal, for the convenience of the Ryots. This village has since been attached to the latter Taluk.

5. The statement No. 1 will shew the several places, at which the pattas were distributed.

6. It will be seen from the statement that as far it was practicable, every Taluk was settled within its own limits, and the aggregate number of the Pattas not renewed in this District is 33,969 but with reference to Para 14 of the Board's Circular dated the 7th July last, I beg to state that this change of practice was in many instances disliked by the Ryots, who are generally a set of ignorant and illiterate people, who cannot at once be convinced of the advantages of the permanent over the yearly Patta, the former making their title as permanent in form, as in reality; but I hope that they will be gradually accustomed to and readily accept of, this useful and desirable change.

7. The Board's Circular of the 23d May last No. 2,494 regarding the alterations to be inserted in the previous year's Patta, where slight changes in the holdings have taken place, having been received so late as in June, could not generally be carried out in this District in the Fasli under review, however only 10 Pattas were accordingly altered in the Nilakota Taluk

* Para 6. as mentioned* by the Sub Collector.

8. The season on the whole was less favorable than in the preceding year. The first portion of it was decidedly good. The rains in April and May were followed by seasonable falls in June and July and the successive freshes in the River Vaigai, coupled with remunerative prices, gave a great stimulus to cultivation. A much larger breadth of land than in the last year was brought under the plough. The falls of rain from August to October were of much advantage to the standing crops but heavy falls in November injured them a good deal. From November to June with the exception of some slight showers no rain fell, causing a failure of crops to a greater extent than in last year. This failure also seriously impeded the agricultural operations for the 2d crop and it caused a falling off in the outturn of the 1st crop.

9. But the Sub Collector makes a rather favorable report of the season in his Division with the exception of Tadikombu, in which he says, it failed to a great extent.

10. The Table of the Monthly falls of rain is annexed.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Fasli 1268.												Fasli 1269.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
Taluk.	April 1859.			May.			June.			July.			August.			September.			October.			November.			December.			January 1860.			February.			March.			April.			May.			June.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.	Measure.	Inches.	Falls.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											

MADURA.

11. With reference to Para 9 of the Sub Collector's report, I beg to observe that the rain gauge kept in the Dindigal Taluk Cachari is the one authorized in 1852 while that set up in the Sub Collector's Bangalow compound is of the improved pattern received from England and supplied with the Proceedings of the Chief Engineer D. P. W. dated the 20th November 1857. The former differs from the latter in form, the peon in charge, I find, does not understand how to read the marks on the measuring glass which has I think caused the discrepancy in the quantity of rain falls remarked by the Sub Collector.

12. I have therefore, under the instructions of the Board, contained in Para 9 of their Proceedings dated the 8th May last No. 2,247, desired the Sub Collector to use the old copper gauge, distributed in 1852 as is done in my office until it is gradually displaced by the new pattern, as the improved form of receiver is found to succeed.

13. A virulent fever followed by Cholera, prevailed to a great extent, the ravages of the former were greater in the Taluks, near the Hills.

14. Cattle suffered much for want of water and pasturage.

15. Though vaccination is still viewed with superstitious dread in some localities, yet it is generally making good progress. The number of Children vaccinated during the year under reference is 23,494.

16. The Dresser attached to my Establishment was with me during the Settlement tour and made himself useful in rendering medical aid to the Ryots as well as to the Public servants. While in Madura he also had charge of the Military Hospital and was employed once a week in vaccination.

17. Prices though generally lower than in the previous year were still remunerative to the Ryots being 120 per Cent above the commutation Standard. Measures have been frequently taken to ensure the accuracy of these returns by examining the returns of sales furnished by the shop keepers but it would seem from the report of the Sub Collector, that the difference in price of the same kinds of grains in adjacent Taluks, arises from neglect of classifying the sorts, instructions regarding this, have been issued and it is hoped that the returns may in future be obtained more accurately.

18. The early commencement of the cultivation season and consequent extension of cultivation having furnished employment for laborers, there was a decrease in the emigration to Ceylon as shewn in the margin, to which the greater cheapness of living this year also, in some measure contributed.

19. From the marginal abstract, it will be observed that the holdings of the Ryots at the close of the Fasli under notice amounted to 6,48,435 Acres being an increase of 70,266 Acres over the extent held by them at its commencement. The increase is mainly attributable to less* land being relinquished this year; the Ryots for fear of being charged under the recent orders gave up last year all the lands which they could not profitably retain waste paying tax; notwithstanding this, it will be seen below that the Ryots still hold waste the large amount of 16,874 Acres. The auspicious beginning of the season was also a secondary cause. This gratifying result further shews the satisfactory progress of the new system.

20. I annex a short statement of the different descriptions of cultivation in the year under review. The actual cultivation amounted to 5,87,912 Acres which is in excess of Fasli 68, by 29, 672 Acres which was the highest year on record.

RYOTS HOLDINGS,		Enclosure B. to Statement No. 3.		Acres.	
Holding at the commencement of Fasli 1269...	...	...	...	5,78,169	...
Deduct given up...	...	...	...	11,530	...
Balance...	...	...	...	5,66,639	...
Add newly taken up...	...	...	...	81,796	...
Total holding at the close of the above Fasli...	...	...	...	6,48,435	...
* Fasli 1268...	...	...	...	1,22,575	...
" 1269...	...	...	...	11,530	...
Decrease...	...	...	...	1,11,045	...

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Items.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.	
	Land.	Tax.	Land.	Tax.	Land.	Tax.
	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.
Dry.	4,15,977	5,62,904	4,53,497	6,09,767	37,520	46,863
Wet... ..	1,20,847	5,71,812	1,22,991	5,76,029	2,144	4,217
Garden... ..	25,290	80,402	27,426	87,010	2,136	6,608
Dry converted into wet and Garden.	569	1,842	781	2,629	212	787
Garden converted into Wet.	81	364	88	390	7	26
Total...	5,62,763	12,17,924	6,04,783	12,75,837	42,020	58,511

* Particulars.

	Actual cultivation	Waste charged	Total
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Fasli 1268.....	5,58,240	4,523	5,62,763
Fasli 1269.....	5,87,912	16,871	6,04,783
Increase... ..	29,672	12,348	42,020

WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED, WITH REASONS.

21. In declining with claims for remission on account of waste and withered crops, I used my discretion in accordance with the principles of the Government order, dated the 10th March last, combined with a consideration of the means of the ryots and the rules hitherto observed in this District. Every claim was enquired into and the validity of the grounds on which it was based ascertained.

22. The lands which were left waste through the neglect of the holders were charged, while in cases where they were satisfactorily proved to have been left waste from causes beyond the control of the holders, remissions were allowed. Fallows for Poonjah were allowed in cases where it was found, the land had become exhausted.

23. Garden waste was remitted to a small extent on being fully satisfied that the supplying wells were useless.

24. The Sub Collector remitted Nunjah and Garden fallows, in some instances, as they were so retained in order to restore the fertility of the soil according to the custom prevailing in Fasli 1268. I consider that Nunjah and Garden fallow are not required, the water fertilizes the ground; from Fasli 70 the practice will be discontinued.

25. In the Sub Division Rs. 520-11-3 were remitted on kararnama waste, owing to the agreements to cultivate having been executed after the season of cultivation had passed, this item should not have been included in this Fasli.

26. Remission also was granted on 1,254 Acres the tax on which amounted to Rs. 1,532, in consequence either of the owners having died without heirs or of their having left persons incapable of carrying on the cultivation, also in consequence of desertion of the ryots.

27. The total extent of waste charged was 16,871 Acres while that remitted was 43,652 Acres, the particulars of which are detailed in the foot note appended to B enclosure to statement No. 3.

PARTICULARS OF REMISSIONS, Statement No. 5.

28. Remission was granted for Nunjah withered Crops, to the amount of Rs. 3,040-5-4 which exceeds similar remissions of last year by Rs. 963-13-7. The subjoined statement shows the

MADURA.

5

* particulars of this remission.

Number of Villages in which the Crops withered... .. 104

The number of cultivators whose Crops failed... .. 1,976

	Land.	Tax.
	Kanics. A. 16ths	Rs. A. P.
Extent of land on which the Crops were reported to have failed...	2,047 4 2	9,014 12 4
Deduct extent discovered by examination to have been productive..	183 12 2	871 6 7

Remainder Shavi... .. 1,863- 8-0

Deduct.

Amount disallowed on account of gain by price... .. 3,971- 2-9

Tax charged on the withered Crop not found standing at the time of examination... .. 1,131-13-8

5,103- 0-5

Balance remissions granted as per Statement No. 5... ..

3,040- 5-4

Principal Division... .. 2,478-10-0

Sub Division... .. 561-11-4

* Statement No. 4.

29. The next item to be noticed is the Kowle remissions which amount to Rupees, 3,290-4-3 or Rupees 297 above that of the previous year. I beg to observe that Para 16 of the Government

Proceedings dated 11th May 1859 No. 648 was received from the Board in the middle of October, when the season for taking up lands for cultivation was nearly over; in consequence the rules therein contained were not fully enforced in the Fasli under review. The increase in this item was therefore the result of the increased extent of land, taken on favorable Kowle tenure during the year; care will be taken to adhere strictly to the Rules from the current Fasli.

30. The item of Teerwa Kammi or remission of part of the full tax allowed on the highly taxed lands, cultivated with inferior kinds of produce, requires some special remark. At the Settlement, when questioned, as to their having raised inferior sorts of cultivation, the general plea of the Ryots was the want of sufficient water. They prefer cultivating inferior grains, as such is effected at a less expense and results in greater profit to them. In many cases their reasons were utterly groundless, as the account of the water supply in the Tanks shewed that the reservoirs contained water enough for the cultivation of the superior products and so I charged them the proper tax of the lands. Hence the decrease in the remission under this head.

SUNDRY ITEMS, Statement No. 4.

31. The revenue under this head amounts to Rs. 39,128-15-0 being a net decrease of Rupees 5,722 below Fasli 1268.

32. The decrease chiefly occurred in the tax on the Topes, which have under the orders of the Board of Revenue dated 7th February 1859, been charged with land instead of tree tax in Fasli 1268.

	Acres.	
Extent of land occupied by 1,057, Topes charged this year with land tax... ..	801	
Land tax on Do.	1,532 7 3	
Tree tax collected on Do. in last year... ..	6,303 3 10	
Deficit... ..	4,740 12 7	

33. The change thus effected this year involves a sacrifice of revenue amounting to Rupees 4,740-12-7 as shewn in the margin.

34. The increase in the grass tax is also attributable to the favorable commencement of the season. The offers made for grass land, were few and the revenue derived from the item was Rupees 5,466-11-9 as shewn below.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

1/4 tax on 1-5th of the Ryots holding...	4,528 15 10
Grass tax on lands taken on Darkast...	72 7 7
Do. on do. without do.	863 2 4
Do. levied according to Custom...	2 2 0

Total... 5,466 11 9

Statement No. 7,
EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED
WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS AS
SUGAR CANE &c.

	Acres.
Fasli 1268..	75,813
Fasli 1269..	77,159
Increase...	1,341

35. The year under review being favorable for the cultivation of Cotton, their was increase in the extent of land cultivated with that product as shown in the margin but the Crops when just sprouting were much damaged by the heavy rains of November and subsequently suffered for want of slight rain in January. The produce was therefore indifferent in quality and quantity, the yield being 1/2th the average harvest, but the scantiness of produce did not proportionally enhance the market price of product as it ranged in this year only from Rs. 17-12-5 to Rs. 20-11-10 per Candy which is little more than the rates prevailing in Fasli 1268 which varied from Rupees 14-13-0 to Rs. 17-12-5.

36. There is a slight increase in the cultivation of Sugar Cane and Indigo.

GENERAL RESULT OF THE
LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT.

37. The particulars of the settlement of the land revenue having been given in the foregoing paras, I now beg to show its general results including Peshcush by the following abstract, the net increase being Rupees 44,528 above the settlement of the previous year.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Peshcush....	7,39,014	7,27,992	.....	11,022
Quit rent of Srotriam Villages.	10,101	10,101	.....	.....
Rents for more than one year. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rents for one year. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ryotwar....	12,46,413	13,00,504	54,091	.....
Amani or Division of Produce...	4,945	6,404	1,459	.....
Total...	20,00,473	20,45,001	55,550	11,022

Net... 44,528

38. The decrease in the Peshcush proceeds from the amount of the Mótarfá revenue having been deducted this year from the permanent Peshcush under the instructions contained in Para 15 of the Boards Proceedings dated the 2d September 1859.

39. Notwithstanding the vicissitudes of the season, the increase in the Ryotwar Villages is very gratifying. It is owing to 3 causes viz. good rains at the commencement of the cultivating season, remunerative prices throughout the year, and the reduction of the assessment.

40. The small increase in the Amani is to be ascribed to the larger amount of produce falling to the Government share owing to extended cultivation consequent on the favorable commencement of the season which more than compensated for the fall in price this year.

MADURA.

41. The settlement of the Sundry Sources of revenue amounts to Rupees 5,99,650-6-5 and exceeds that of the last year by Rs.44,487. The particulars of this revenue are shown in the following Statement.

Items.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
Abkari....	79,299	79,430	131	.....
Mótarfá. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Salt... ..	4,06,635	4,27,693	21,058	.....
Sea Customs.	19,261	32,603	13,342	.....
Sayer.	192	292	100	.....
Stamps.	49,775	59,631	9,856	.....
Total...	5,55,162	5,99,649	44,487	.....

42. The increase in abkari arises from competition at the resale of the rent of the Tirumungalam Taluk which had been resumed from the inability of the late renter to act up to the terms of his contract.

43. The increase in Salt is owing to the addition to the price of 2 annas per Maund.

44. The particulars of Salt transactions are as follows.

Particulars.	Fasli 1263.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Indian Mds. S.	Indian Mds. S.	Indian Mds. S.	Indian Mds. S.
Quantity in Store at the beginning of the Fasli.	4,67,184 36	2,32,230 23	.....	2,34,954 13
Quantity Manufactured during the Fasli..	2,31,234 30	6,97,306 8	4,66,071 18	.....
Gain by Measurement...	354 28	493 3	138 15	.....
Total...	2,31,589 18	6,97,799 11	4,66,209 33	.....
Grand Total...	6,98,774 14	9,80,029 34	4,66,209 33	2,34,954 13
Deduct Sales....	4,18,013 4	3,86,823 30	.....	31,189 14
Remainder...	2,80,761 10	5,43,206 4	2,62,444 34	.....
Wastage written off under the Sanction of Government....	48,530 27	30,000 8	.....	18,530 19
Balance.....	2,32,230 23	5,13,205 36	2,80,975 13	.....
Wastage of Fasli 1269, to be struck off...	.....	10,126 9	.....	.....
Balance on hand.....	.....	5,03,079 27	.....	.....

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

45. Appended is a statement exhibiting the detail of home and Inland Consumption as well as the Quantity imported from Tinnevely.

Sales.	Quantity consumed in Fasli 1268.		Do. in Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.		Quantity of Tinnevely Salt consumed in Madura in Fasli 1269.	
	Maunds.	S.	Maunds.	S.	Maunds.	S.	Maunds.	S.	Maunds.	S.
Home consumption...	2,94,036	23	2,81,426	10	.....	.....	12,610	13	12,056	.....
<i>Inland Consumption.</i>										
Coimbatore...	102,594	15	89,308	5	.....	5	13,286	10	.....	.....
Trichinopoly...	420	.....	928	5	508	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Salem...	11,681	10	9,125	25	.....	.....	2,555	25	.....	.....
Tanjore...	330	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	330	.....	.....	.....
Tinnevely...	7,390	36	5,199	15	.....	.....	2,191	21	.....	.....
Poodookotta...	1,886	10	836	10	.....	.....	1,050	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,23,976	21	1,05,397	20	508	5	19,087	6	.....	.....
Grand Total.....	4,18,013	4	3,86,823	30	508	5	31,097	19	.....	.....
					Net		31,189	14		

46. From the above abstract it will be perceived that there had been satisfactory increase in the manufacture. The cause of the falling off in the sales is owing to there being little salt on hand owing to the manufacture of the 2 preceding Faslis having been below the average and the requirements of the District.

To Board 21st December 1857.
From Do. 8th April 1858.
To Do. 7th May 1858.

47. With reference to para 22 of the Boards Circular dated 7th July last. I beg to draw the attention of the Board to the marginal correspondence, from which it is apparent that the loss by the change of the equivalent of 120 Indian Maunds was written off the account under the orders of the Board.

48. The levy of enhanced duties on the articles of import under Acts VII of 1859 and X of 1860. causes the increase in the Sea Custom Revenue.

49. The trifling increase in Sayer was occasioned by the same causes.

50. With reference to para 19 of the Boards Circular dated the 7th July last I beg to send herewith 2 statements marked A and B containing the detailed information in regard to Sea Customs and Sayer.

51. The increase in stamps is to be ascribed to a greater demand for Judicial purpose.

ABSTRACT SHEWING THE TOTAL LAND REVENUE.

52. Annexed is an abstract statement shewing the revenue derived from all sources of revenue compared with the Settlement of the previous Fasli.

MADURA.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue...	20,00,473	20,45,001	44,528	.....
Sundry Sources of Revenue...	5,55,162	5,99,649	44,487	.....
Total.....	25,55,635	26,44,650	89,015	.....
Extra Revenue...	8,406	9,961	1,555	.....
Grand Total.....	25,64,041	26,54,611	90,570	.....

53. From the short abstract, it will be seen that the revenue of the year under notice is the largest on record. Exceeding the revenue of the former year, Fasli 1268, which was the highest by Rupees 90,570.

REMARKS ON THE SEVOY JAMA AND INTEREST. 54. The small increase under the head "Extra Revenue" is owing to a larger amount of tax on lands cultivated after the close of the yearly accounts, having been brought to the accounts of the year under review.

55. The interest charged on the outstanding balance this year was less than $\frac{1}{2}$ the sum brought to account last year.

DEMAND COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF CURRENT REVENUE. 56. Following is the statement of the demand, collection and balance of the year under notice.

TALUKS.	Demand.		Collections within the Fasli.		Subsequent Collections to the end of August 1860.		Balance.	
Madakulam..	2,08,028	8 0	1,59,718	13 1	38,396	10 5	9,913	0 6
Terumangalam..	2,92,553	3 6	2,33,289	5 3	60,388	5 5	8,875	8 10
Melur..	2,55,862	13 10	2,15,057	7 9	38,467	13 7	2,337	8 6
	7,56,444	9 4	5,98,065	10 1	1,37,252	13 5	21,125	1 10
Tadikombu...	1,68,401	3 3	1,65,322	5 10	2,823	2 2	255	11 3
Iyampully...	1,44,762	3 0	1,24,516	12 5	19,994	5 6	251	1 1
Tenkarai..	1,86,946	0 4	1,76,950	10 11	9,808	10 1	186	11 4
Nalakottai...	54,052	4 3	44,032	1 5	9,973	10 5	46	8 5
Total...	5,54,161	10 10	5,10,821	14 7	42,599	12 2	740	0 1
	13,10,606	4 2	11,08,887	8 8	1,79,852	9 7	21,866	1 11
Sillanendul &c., Villages..	6,403	12 3	3,149	10 2	3,253	11 1	.....	7 0
Total...	13,17,010	0 5	11,12,037	2 10	1,83,106	4 8	21,866	8 11
Zemindaries..	7,27,992	4 3	6,69,653	7 9	38,327	7 8	20,011*	4 10
Grand Total...	20,45,002	4 8	17,81,690	10 7	2,21,433	12 4	41,877	13 9

Particulars.

Velliagundum Zemindary..... 942 14 8
Cunniwady do. 19,068 6 2

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

57. The bulk of the Ryotwar balance will be seen to occur in the Madakolum and Tirumangalum Taluks. For the recovery of the greater portion of it, the property of the defaulters has been attached, the whole of which will not however be ultimately found necessary to sell, as before resorting to that measure, the balance will mostly be liquidated.

58. The remaining portion of the balance scattered over the other Taluks in small sums is under collection.

59. Of the Zemindari balance, a large demand stands against Cunnivady, the Ryots of which suffered a severe loss this year by fever. The Zemindar of the estate applied for 2 months time for the payment of the balance, which was accordingly granted, and the time having expired, its realization is shortly expected.

60. A period of 15 days was allowed also to the Zemindar of Valligoondum with a strict order, that if he fail to pay his balance within the time, measures will at once be taken to attach a portion of estate for the satisfaction of the arrears. The time thus granted him is also drawing to a close. I hope that his balance will soon be paid.

61. The balance in Abkari up to the end of August amounts to Rs. 7,364 which has since been paid by Hundies in favor of the Sub Treasurer.

DEMAND COLLECTION AND
BALANCE OF ARREARS.

62. I append a statement of the old balances outstanding at the end of August, 1860.

AYEN.	Recoverable.			Doubtful.			Irrecoverable to be recom- mended for re- mission.		
Fasli 1264...	162	13	10	...	...	...	4	6	3
" 1265...	711	3	11	89	12	3	171	6	0
" 1266...	656	0	3	144	9	11	20	0	9
" 1267...	1,732	5	2	206	8	9	300	7	0
" 1268...	2,899	7	6	268	13	5	326	8	10
	6,191	14	8	709	12	4	1,022	12	10

63. A strict scrutiny was made into the arrears during the time of Settlement and measures have been adopted for the early realization of the recoverable portion of the balance, the greater portion of which is outstanding in the Madakolum and Tirumangalum Taluks, which is reported to be owing to the succession of adverse season for the 4 years prior to Fasli 1268, and the consequent loss sustained by the Ryots. But in the short time I have been in the District, I have seen sufficient to convince me that these arrears are mostly owing to the incapacity and partiality of the Tahsildars of Madakolum and Tirumangalum; 5,000 Rs. of the outstanding old arrears are in their Taluks and it will be seen that in the present Fasli the greater part of the arrears are in their Taluks. I have done all I can by orders and threats in person and in writing, but have failed to stir them to activity. I believe, the only way to bring them to do their duty would be to reduce them from 1st to 2nd Class Tahsildars.

64. The doubtful balance is connected with the complaints of excess measurements &c which are under investigation and will I trust soon be disposed of.

RECOMMENDATION IN REGARD
TO THE IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS
FOR REMISSION WITH AN ABSTRACT
OF THE FASLIS AND HEADS OF
REVENUE TO WHICH THEY BELONG.

65. The irrecoverable Balance composes the under mentioned items.

Tax on the lands of which the Crops were subsequently proved to have been destroyed by flood. 217 4
Excess tax charged on Nunjah Mail poonjah thro inadvertance... 52 2 1

Carried over. 269 7

MADURA.

Brought forward. 269 7 2

Tax on the trees standing on the cultivated lands, which has been discontinued...	3	10	6
Do. on do. in the backyards do...	146	4	3
Difference between the tree and land tax, the former being discontinued in favor of the latter...	55	7	0
Tax improperly charged on waste lands...	328	11	5
Water rate erroneously charged for Inam land cultivated by means of private water..	18	10	2
Tax charged on the deficit found in the survey extent of lands by subsequent measurement...	8	4	9
Do. erroneously charged on certain Inam land	10	8	10
Do. due by insolvent Ryots...	143	12	0
Do. by deserting do...	3	14	11
Do. by the deceased do leaving no property...	10	5	10
Do. charged by mistake twice on the same extent of land...	3	9	6
Excess tax charged on certain land thro' the inadvertance of the karnam...	5	8	2
Tax charged on the lands within a disputed boundary and entered in the accounts of 2 Villages...	14	10	3
Total...	1,022	12	10

66. I request sanction for striking off this sum.

67. The old arrears under Sevoy Jumma are classed in the following abstract.

LAND REVENUE.	Recoverable.			Doubtful.			Irrecoverable.		
Fasli 1264...	9	10	6	...	...	...	10	6	...
" 1265...	25	10	2	...	...	...	23	0	0
" 1266...	60	11	4	...	...	...	3	11	0
" 1267...	58	5	0	...	...	...	6	8	6
" 1268...	45	12	10	...	...	...	4	8	0
	200	11	10	...	...	...	38	6	0

Interest.

Land Revenue.

Fasli... 1268...	19	13	4	...	...	...	761	13	1
							800	3	1

68. The irrecoverable balance is recommended to be written off under the following circumstances.

Excess demand entered by mistake in the account...	4	2	6
Amount due by poor Ryots &c...	13	4	0
Do. by deceased do...	18	7	6
Do. by deserting do...	2	8	0
Interest improperly charged on the balance of Fasli 1268 due by the Ramnad Zemindar...	761	13	1

Total... 800 3 1

69. The increase in the demand consequent on the more extensive cultivation this year, is the cause of the large increase in the collection of current Revenue, and the decrease in the collection of the arrears is owing to the arrears outstanding at the commencement of this Fasli being less than in the last.

150

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

12

Enclosure A to Statement No. 13,
EXTENT TO WHICH COER-
CIVE PROCESS WAS EMPLOYED IN
THE COLLECTION OF THE RE-
VENUE.

paid to the parties concerned.

CHARGES COLLECTOR'S SALARY
AND DEPUTATION ALLOWANCE
Decrease... .. 9,139 5 8.

while it was paid him for 5 months and 7 days in Fasli 1268.

HUZUR AND DISTRICT ESTABLISH-
MENT.

Decrease... .. 6,774 11 11

in this Fasli causes the decrease.

SADERWARD.

Increase... .. 2,053 0 3

EXTRA REVENUE CHARGES.

Increase... .. 1,043 2 7

for conveying records on the circuit as well as the value of Medicine purchased this year owing to the prevalence of fever.

LAW CHARGES.

Increase... .. 1,353 11 6

the increase.

REFUNDS OF REVENUE CHARGES.

their permanent Peshcush this year, under orders of the Board of Revenue as stated in para 39.

SALT CHARGES.

Increase... .. 12,669 7 5

being charged this year in consequence of the increase in the manufacture of Salt.

From the Saderward being paid in this Fasli for 14 months against 11 months in the last year.

And from the charges incurred for repairing Brass measuring Mercals in this year while none were repaired last Fasli.

STAMP CHARGES.

Decrease... .. 353 6 5

bursed to them in the last year under the order of the Board.

WORKING OF THE NEW SYSTEM

OF VILLAGE AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.

ad they purposely defer writing them, and have fined several for want of punctual transmission of the returns. But the repeated punishment and reprimands have not generally any appreciable effect on their conduct as they have a confidence that though they lose their place, it will of course be conferred upon a member of the Family. I beg therefore to take this opportunity of informing the Board that in my opinion nothing short of the confiscation of the Infams and the

70. It will be observed from this Enclosure that coercive process was had recourse to, for the recovery of but Rupees 673 being the balance outstanding against 79 Ryots, whose property attached for its satisfaction fetched a price of Rs. 1,278 and the surplus obtained above the arrears was

71. This decrease results chiefly from the deputation allowance to the Acting Sub Collector being charged for only one month in Fasli 1269 for 8 months in fasli 1268 and none being disbursed to the Acting Collector in fasli 1269

72. The pay of the Collector's and Sub Collectors Huzur Establishment being charged in the year under reference for 11 months and 8 days instead of 12 months in the last year and the rate of Sarristadar's pay being reduced from November in this Fasli causes the decrease.

73. The increase under this head is occasioned by the payment of saderward for 14 months this year instead of 11 months in the last Fasli.

74. The increase in this Item proceeds principally from the increased amount of Batta paid to the Servants on Circuit and the increase in the hire for the carts engaged for conveying records on the circuit as well as the value of Medicine purchased this year owing to the prevalence of fever.

75. The disbursements of fees to the Vakcels in Suits Nos. 1 of 1,856, and 9 of 1,857 on the file of the Civil Court of Madras is the principal cause of

76. This decrease is owing to the compensation for the resumed Matarfa in the Zemindaries appearing under this head up to last Fasli 1268 being deducted from their permanent Peshcush this year, under orders of the Board of Revenue as stated in para 39.

77. The increase under this head arises from the following causes.

From the increased amount of Kudivarum being charged this year in consequence of the increase in the manufacture of Salt.

From the Saderward being paid in this Fasli for 14 months against 11 months in the last year.

And from the charges incurred for repairing Brass measuring Mercals in this year while none were repaired last Fasli.

78. The small decrease under this head was occasioned by the fixed pay drawn by the stamp venders from September in this Fasli being less than the commission disbursed to them in the last year under the order of the Board.

79. I have discovered that in some Villages the accounts are not written out regularly from month to month and that unless the Karnams are constantly checked they purposely defer writing them, and have fined several for want of punctual transmission of the returns. But the repeated punishment and reprimands have not generally any appreciable effect on their conduct as they have a confidence that though they lose their place, it will of course be conferred upon a member of the Family. I beg therefore to take this opportunity of informing the Board that in my opinion nothing short of the confiscation of the Infams and the

making of the situation not hereditary and substituting monthly payments will ever secure accuracy in preparation and regularity of transmission of the village accounts, which are the basis of all the accounts in the Huzur.

A BRIEF REFERENCE TO THE
REGISTER OF LANDS ACQUIRED
BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.

80. With reference to the Circular of the Board under date the 13th August 1859 I beg to annex a short abstract showing the lands acquired by the public servants during the Fasli under notice.

NAMES OF THE PUBLIC SERVANTS &c.,	Extent acquired.		Mode of Acquisition.	Whether with the permission of the Collector or not.
	Acres.	A.		
Stroenegasaier Sarristadar of the Collector's Huzur...	10...		By Purchase	With the permission of the Collector.
Narayana Row Tahsildar of Terumungalum Taluk...	2...		Do.	
Gopaula Row Do. Dindigal Taluk...	5...		Do.	
	8...		By Mortgage.	
Ramaswamien Revenue Roysum of the Madakolum Taluk...	2...		By Purchase.	
Stroenevassien Police Ameen of Camoodhi...	12...		By Mortgage.	
Total.....	39...			

81. Mr. Ames the Sub Collector has managed the Sub Division entirely to my satisfaction and with much benefit to the revenue, and by his firmness and tact was enabled to overcome a troublesome opposition of some of the Ryots, not to take pattas or to pay for waste which they had hitherto been allowed to hold free of tax at their pleasure; with much labor and by personal intercourse, he induced them to give way and thus the recent orders of Government have been fully introduced into the Sub Division, peaceably submitted to and nearly the whole of the tax charged on the waste has been collected.

82. Mr. Thomas, the Acting Head Assistant has been chiefly engaged in magisterial and Police duties, he has now the Police and revenue charge of 2 Taluks, Tirumungalum and Periakolum; he has been exceedingly active in moving about his Taluks and is indifatigable in his work.

83. Mr. Hayes, the 2nd Class Deputy Magistrate, has Magisterial charge of the large Zemindaries of Ramnad and Shevagungah, and disposes of all revenue suits which arise in these Zemindaries. Mr. Hayes is very accessible and popular and promises to be a very valuable Magisterial Servant; he has inaugurated great changes and improvements in and about the Town of Ramnad and has induced the manager of the Zemindari and the Town's people to subscribe 20,000 Rupees towards draining and clearing the Town and laying out new streets and repairing roads, the whole of which work is now in a state of satisfactory progress. Mr. Hayes has also been successful in the capture of some notorious robbers and I hope will be able to ensure their conviction.

84. Ram Row, 4th Class Deputy Collector, when I first arrived in May was in charge of the Magisterial and Revenue duties of 3 of the Ayen Taluks, Madakolum, Tirumungalum and Mayloire; he is popular amongst his Country Men, is well known and respected in the District, and I think his decisions generally give satisfaction, he settled the Taluk of Mailore satisfactorily, he is now in charge of the Salt and Sea Customs both of which Departments will I am sure benefit by his immediate supervision.

85. Sahagiri Row 4th Class Deputy Collector is in charge of the Treasury payment.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

of Pensioners, prepares and submits the periodical returns and has Magisterial charge of the Town of Madura; during the short time he has been here, I have every reason to be much pleased with the way in which he conducts his duties.

86. Streeneevassa Iyer the Sarristadar has given me great assistance, in making the Settlement and also in all other revenue matters and Law Suits referred to him for preparation for report &c.; he is a very able man, hardworking and has a good knowledge of English and the Regulations.

87. I have no personal knowledge of the Sub Collector's Sarristadar, but that officer speaks very highly of him.

Arupukotai Madura,
19th September, 1860.

(Signed) J. H. LEVINGE.

Collector.

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

1. I have the honor to submit herewith the report of the settlement of the Sub Division for fasli 1269 together with statements Nos. 1 to 7 and 9 to 14 and their enclosures according to the forms prescribed by Government in the year 1856.

2. The reasons for the late commencement and conclusion of the Statement No. 1. Jammabundi were as follows.

3. I was away on an acting appointment during February and part of March and on reassuming charge of the Sub Collectorate had almost immediately to take charge of the District from which I was relieved on the 7th May. The Jammabundi was commenced at Dindigul on the 14th May and concluded at Vadakarai on 30th June. Some delay was experienced by the refusal of the inhabitants of about 40 villages in the Ayempully Taluk to take their Pattas, and the Pattas of all the Tenkarai Taluk excepting the village of Vadakarai were given by yourself as an assistance to me and to ensure the completion of the Jammabundi by the close of the Fasli. Want of time was also the principal reason for my not distributing Pattas at more places in the Taluks; there was also the risk of my Katcheri being disabled by fever which was extremely prevalent at the time. The proceedings of the Board dated 23rd May 1860 reached me too late to be carried out in the Tadikombu and Ayempully Taluks—10 Pattas were slightly altered in Nelakotai.

4. The people do not, as far as I can ascertain, like the system of not renewing Pattas, but their objections are of a groundless nature. They like a fresh Patta because paper is a perishable article and think a Patta dated the year before a more valid proof in cases of disputed occupation than one 4 or 5 years old. The answer to both objections is easy; any man on producing a ragged torn Patta should be allowed to renew it. In the second case the Patta of 4 or 5 years standing should be considered to prove his claim. The Pattas of the village of Kurumbapatti were given at Dindigul altho' it belonged to Ayempully Taluk; this was done for the convenience of the people; the village being only 2 miles from Dindigul—It has since been transferred to the Tadikombu Taluk.

5. There has been no variation in the number and tenure of villages.

6. The season has been on the whole favorable though of an exceptionable character. In the early part of the Fasli rain was sufficient for Poonjah cultivation generally, and in the Taluks of Tenkarai, Ayempully, and Nelakotai the rain in November was sufficient for Nunjah cultivation; it failed however in Tadikombu Taluk to a great extent and Nunjah cultivation there suffered greatly. The failure was remarkable in the Ramgiri Division. This failure affected to some extent the cultivation of horsegram and the lateness of the North East monsoon also in some places caused inferior kinds of rice to be preferred for cultivation. The outturn of Nunjah was good in Tenkarai and generally in Ayempully and Nelakotai Taluks, but poor in Tadikombu. The Poonjah outturn was generally but moderate from the irregularity of the rain fall.

The entire failure of rain in April and May prevented almost all Kodai cultivation and considerably injured such as was raised; water in wells too was low in some places and its deficiency affected the garden outturn; drinking water also was scarce in some places.

7. It has been a remarkable year for fever though the proportion of mortality is not very great; nearly three thousand persons are returned as died of fever. In Tadikombu it was so prevalent as to prevent the cultivation of some garden land. Cholera has appeared only in 7 villages viz. Periakolam, Tamarakolam, Makayankottai, Dindigul, Sengoorichi, Marnut and Poodukottai.

8. 7,500 persons have been vaccinated during Fasli 1269 being a slight increase on the numbers of last year. The prejudice against the operation is on the decrease.

9. A statement of the rain fall according to the different guages is given below,

MONTHS.	Dindigul Sub-Collector's Bungalow.		Tadikombu.			Ayempully.			Tenkarai.			Nellucottai.		
1	2		3			4			5			6		
	Meas.	Inch.	Meas.	In.	Parts.	Meas.	In.	Parts.	Meas.	In.	Parts.	Meas.	In.	Parts.
1859.														
July...	1	25	2	1	8	...	2	8	8	4	...	2	5	7
August...	3	85	6	4	...	2	3	6	4	4	...	12	5	1
September...	4	97	9	7	2	6	6	1	5	6	...	11	...	1
October...	3	83	7	1	5	2	...	1	1	7	...	6	5	8
November...	7	30	14	3	...	8	5	2	25	4	...	18	5	5
December...	8	7	1	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	5
1860.														
January...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
February...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3	...	...	...	...
March...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	5	...
April...	...	27	...	2	7	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	5	4
May...	3	71	4	5	...	4	2	...	5	7	...	3	4	7
June...	1	29	2	5	2	...	5	9	...	2	...	1	3	5
Total.....	34	54	48	7	3	23	1	7	60	3	...	61	3	...

The difference between the guage in my compound and that of the Taluk Katcheri is to me unintelligible. The copper guage and stick of 8 inches are used in the taluk. My guage is measured in a glass which is marked as containing $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch in 50 parts. I cannot find any letter in my office which explains the difference. My guage shews about half that of the Taluk. The fall at Dindigul in November last by no means represents the fall of the Taluk—10 miles north of Dindigul it was very scanty.

Statement No. II.

10. The decrease in the price of grain for this Fasli as compared with the last is given below.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

DESCRIPTION OF GRAIN.	Fasli. 1268.	Fasli. 1269.	Decrease.	Percentage.
Paddy 1st. sort... ..	182	127	55	30
Paddy 2nd. sort... ..	153	112	41	27
Cholam... ..	195	117	78	40
Cumbu... ..	163	107	56	34
Horse Gram... ..	247	138	109	44
Ragi... ..	173	111	62	36

The cause of the decrease is as follows. Fash 1267 was a year of great scarcity and altho' Fash 1268 was a good year yet large exportations of grain were made to Trichinopoly and Tanjore where much damage was done by floods. This year the exportation being much diminished and the year itself being of an average character following a good year, prices have gone down.

11. There are two kinds of cholam in the Sub Division one grown on garden land another on Poonjah. The great difference between the Nelakóttai price and that of the other Taluks appears to be caused by the Nelakottai people taking the price of Poonjah cholam whereas the other Taluk authorities have taken the price of garden Cholam. Care will be taken in future to ensure uniformity in this return. The return of the price of Varagu in Nelakottia is doubtful being exactly half the price quoted in Tadikomabu. It has not a great sale in Nelakottai and the price quoted must be that of previous months given in by the grain merchants. The returns are compiled in the Taluk according to the statements of these men. Care will be taken in future to have the probability of these statements enquired into. The general further decrease of prices in Tenkarai is attributable to the favorable nature of the season in that Taluk.

12. The Ryots have given up within the prescribed time lands to the extent of 13,619 Rupees and taken up new lands to the extent of 71,000 Rupees; this is the result of the explanation given to the Ryots that lands not given up will be liable to charge and is a good earnest of the progress of the new system.

13. The abstract statement of actual cultivation in comparison with that of the former year is given below. The reasons for the decrease in Nunjah in Tadikombu have been explained in my remarks on the season—With this exception the failure of rain in April and May only has prevented the year being a very successful one.

Taluka.	Fashi 1263.				Fashi 1269.				Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent.		Assessment.		Extent.		Assessment.		Extent.	Assessment.	Extent.	Assessment.
	Acres.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Acres.	Rs.	A.P.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9				
Tadicomba...	82,105	92,517	1	83,630	91,883	7	4	1,525	2,366	.....	.....	.....
Ayempully...	41,822	59,995	9	46,064	44,241	11	2	4,242	4,246	.....	.....	.....
Tenkarai...	59,555	76,439	8	70,802	91,132	5	11	11,247	14,693	.....	.....	.....
Nellacottai...	26,593	30,521	4	28,339	32,340	15	2	1,746	1,819	.....	.....	.....
Total...	2,10,075	2,39,473	15	2,28,835	2,62,598	7	7	18,760	23,124	.....	.....	.....
Tadicomba...	9,824	33,182	2	8,053	31,767	10	0	.....	.....	1,771	.....	6,414
Ayempully...	11,354	56,170	14	12,457	59,066	1	4	603	2,895	.....	.....	.....
Tenkarai...	16,790	79,906	15	17,839	84,397	0	11	1,019	4,490	.....	.....	.....
Nellacottai...	2,955	14,110	12	3,036	14,234	0	7	81	123	.....	.....	.....
Total...	41,423	1,58,370	13	41,385	1,89,464	12	10	1,733	7,508	1,771	.....	6,414
Tadicomba...	7,533	34,839	7	7,530	24,849	6	1	.....	10	.....	.....	.....
Ayempully...	10,336	50,396	5	11,256	33,063	2	4	920	2,707	.....	.....	.....
Tenkarai...	1,993	6,726	11	2,016	6,827	13	10	23	101	.....	.....	.....
Nellacottai...	1,962	6,850	.....	1,978	7,732	6	10	16	43	.....	.....	.....
Total...	21,824	68,551	9	22,780	71,412	13	1	959	2,861	.....	.....	.....
Tadicomba...	99,462	1,55,538	10	99,213	1,51,500	7	5	.....	.....	249	.....	4,038
Ayempully...	64,012	1,36,462	12	69,777	1,30,310	14	10	5,765	9,848	.....	.....	.....
Tenkarai...	78,338	1,63,073	3	90,657	1,82,357	4	8	12,319	10,284	.....	.....	.....
Nellacottai...	31,510	51,321	11	33,353	53,307	6	7	1,843	1,985	.....	.....	.....
Total...	2,73,322	4,96,396	61	2,93,000	5,23,476	11	6	10,927	31,147	249	.....	4,038

Net... 19,679 25,079

*Statement No. III.
Enclosures B. and C.*

14. The foot note appended to enclosure B gives the several heads under which waste has been remitted.

The 1st item was principally given in Tadicombu Taluk the remainder divided amongst the remaining Taluks being under 1,000 Rupees.

The trifling remissions given for inundated Poonjah and garden land were I thought warranted by the spirit of Government order of 10th March 1860 altho' not

expressly mentioned. Some of the land was forbidden to be cultivated being within the water-spread of tanks; others were silted over with gravel and sand or cut through by torrents.

Items 3, 4, 5, & 6 explain themselves.

Item 7 was carefully enquired into and remission granted on my being satisfied with the reasons recorded.

15. The particulars of waste charged are shewn in the abstract given below. It amounts to about two fifths of the total of land left waste.

ITEMS.	Lands taken on Karanamah.			Valavanadi or lands left waste around the hedges inside.			Lands allowed to be fallow for Fasli 1268 on condition of cultivating them in Fasli 1269, and left waste in the latter.			Lands left waste by neglect of Ryots without sufficient cause.			Total.	
	Extent.	Assessment.		Extent.	Assessment.		Extent.	Assessment.		Extent.	Assessment.		Extent.	Assessment.
1	2	3		4	5		6	7		8	9		10	11
	Acres.	Rs. A. P.		Acres.	Rs. A. P.		Acres.	Rs. A. P.		Acres.	Rs. A. P.		Acres.	Rs. A. P.
Dry...	1,753	2,036 9	...	1,392	1,607 2 1	...	2,162	2,165 10 6	...	4,353	4,694 13 2	...	10,260	10,504 2 11
Wet...	812	2,905 8 6	...	3	5 15 9	...	237	625 9 8	...	574	1,873 14 6	...	1,030	5,620 11 5
Garden...	63	203 15 7	...	153	491 1 4	...	43	139 4 9	...	753	2,324 10 1	...	1,012	3,155 15 6
	2,628	5,149 1 1	...	1,548	2,104 3 2	...	2,442	3,130 8 7	...	5,280	8,899 5 9	...	12,598	19,283 2 7

The 1st and 3rd headings explain themselves. The 2nd heading is a new charge, and authorized by the Collector, and in my opinion a reasonable one.

The 4th heading was charged in accordance with the order of Government dated 10th March 1860 in the endeavour to carry out that part of it which adheres to the spirit of the order of the 18th June 1860. The general plea put forth for remission was want of vigour in the land and in a few instances precarious rain fall, but in all cases it was found difficult to ascertain the truth. I went most carefully over the remission Lists and questioned the Karnams and Nattangars about most of the cases. I found many instances where the proportion left waste was unreasonable and I charged the ryots with a third, one half, or one quarter as the case might be. Portions of holdings were also charged when the situation and nature of the soil did not warrant it's lying waste so soon after it's having lain fallow. The plea of want of rain was in most cases inadmissible. These principles were applied to tolerably large Pattadars only, the very poor men getting full remission. In the Ayenpully Taluk it raised much discontent. The inhabitants of 40 villages refused their Pattas and held out for three days giving me much trouble. No concession was made to them and they at last gave in.

16. The reasons for the discontent was that the ryots of the Sub-Division are constantly leaving land waste to take up new land; they gained by it when full remission was allowed as they reverted to their waste lands and got better crops from the rest the land had had.

17. Valavanadi or edges of fields left waste were also taxed for the first time, and all Karanamahs strictly enforced.

18. In Nelakottai the holdings were almost all too small to be taxed and remission was much more freely given. In Tadikombu the principle was partly introduced last year and no open objections were raised.

Statement No. IV.

Item 7. Only 2 Kowles were given during the Fasli and the periods of many have expired.

19. Remission for Nuzjah Shavi will be noticed in the next statement.

Item No. 9 was sanctioned by the Collector in Fasli 1268 and recommended as a permanence by the former Sub Collector. A separate letter on the subject will now be submitted.

Item No. 10 should have been altered in the Ayakat last year. It will be attended to as soon as possible.

20. It has been found impossible at such short notice to separate portions of waste and fallow Poonjah fields and enter them in this statement. They have been unavoidably included in enclosure B in statement No. 3. They have never been separated up to this time in the Remission Lists produced at the Jammabundi by the Karnams. Separate Headings will in future be prepared. The Taluk accounts were for the most part prepared when the Circular order of the Board of the 7th July 1860 reached this office.

Item No. 1.

SUNDRY ITEMS,
Enclosure.

The increase is owing to the addition made to the Quit Rent of Ramianpatti in Ayenpully Taluk by the Board of Revenue in their order dated 9th May 1860.

Item No. 2.

The great decrease in this Item of Revenue is owing to the substitution of land tax for tree tax and yearly rents on topes. In the Tadikombu and Nelakottai Taluks the rules of Government for the Madura District published in the proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 7th February 1859, have been fully carried out with a few exceptions where the lease of the topes has not expired. The tax has in most cases been permanently settled. In a few cases it is imposed for one year subject to revision and confirmation. In Ayenpully Taluk the enquiries were more backward and the topes that paid tree tax have been assessed with land tax for one year subject to revision. For Fasli 1269, topes previously rented at a yearly rent were not again let, but the produce kept in deposit till the former owners could be discovered. Finding that I had no time to make these enquiries for the Fasli under review I have caused the land tax to be made good out of the value of the produce and the topes will be made over after due enquiry as soon as I can complete it. The remainder of the produce has been carried to account as an extra source of Revenue. I understand you carried out the same arrangement in Tenkarai. The following statement shews the number of topes on which land tax has been imposed.

No. of Topes.	Extent.	Assessment imposed in Fasli 1,269		Revenue of Fasli 1,268		Decrease.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
848	659	1,289	9 2	5,259	0 4	3,969	7 2

Item No. 3.

The increase is owing to the increase of cultivation generally.

Statement, No. V.

21. The abstract given below gives further detail of the Shavi remission and reasons for withholding it in many cases. It will be seen that the amount disallowed under the rule of Nirak Kasar is very heavy for the Fasli under review.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Particulars.	Amount.	
	Rs.	A. P.
Gross amount of wet cultivation of ryots whose crops withered...	4330	12 8
Deduct crops which yielded...	2383	0 9
Remainder withered crops as reported by the village Officers...	1947	11 11
Amount of shavi disallowed by the inspecting Officers...	77	5 2
Balance...	1870	6 8
Deduct amount rejected in the Huzur under the following circumstances.		
1. Neglect of ryots to irrigate from wells situated in or close to wet lands...	114	14 6
2. Manipidy or short produce the yield of which was found to be more than the fixed quantity of 30 measures per Cawny...	36	8 6
3. Stula Cummi or portions of fields withered which were less than $\frac{1}{2}$ Cawny each field.	8	7 10
4. Crops whose withered state was not proved...	411	0 6
	570	45 4
Remainder as entered in Statement No. 5...	1299	7 4
Deduct crops on which $\frac{1}{2}$ tax was levied the assertion of ryots that their crops totally perished not having been fully borne out by the rain accounts tho' they showed that the supply to the tank had not been full...		
Do. amount charged for Nirruk-kasir on the profit accruing to ryots from the present increased prices of grain above the commutation rates...	63	8 1
	674	3 11
	737	12 0
Balance Remitted.....	561	11 4

22. There has been a slight increase in sugar cane cultivation. Indigo has been cultivated to a small extent by Mr. Fondclair only. Cotton cultivation shews a great increase owing to timely rainfall in November.

Statement, No. X.
Enclosure A.

23. This shews first the result of land revenue settlement for Fasli 1269, as compared with Fasli 1268 viz., an increase of Rs. 35,768. Of this 13,000 is increase on the amount charged on waste land last year.

2ndly. Comparison of Sundry sources of Revenue. Frontier duties shew an increase of 190 Rs. owing to increase of traffic, stamps a decrease of Rs. 435 owing to a decrease of litigation.

3rdly. Comparison of both land Revenue and Sundry sources shewing a net increase of Rs. 35,433.

Statement, No. IX

24. This exhibits the Demand of Sevoy Jamma Items and interest for Fasli 1269.

Statements, No. XI & XII.

25. Out of the balance of Rs. 75,854, of the current revenue due at the close of the Fasli about 20,000 Rs. was owing by the Kannivadi Zemindar to whom more time has been granted. Subsequent collections up to 20th August have reduced the balance to Rs. 22,143. Measures will be taken to collect the remainder without delay.

26. The arrears have been very satisfactorily collected being reduced from Rs. 50,000 to about Rs. 2,000 as the statement will shew.

27. Arrears recommended for remission.

FASLI.	Taluku.	Village.	Names of Defaulters.	Arrears due by them.	
				Rs.	A. P.
1267	Tadicombu....	Veeranampatty ...	Periyanamby Iyengar & 8 others ...	132	2 4
	Ayempully....	Palani... ..	Paluniyandi... ..	117	6 0
	Tenkarai....	Melmangalum ...	Narasimma Iyen... ..	5	8 2
	Do	Pappayempatty ...	Kolandavalen... ..	16	6 0
			Total.....	271	6 6

Item, No. 1. This arrear was ordered to be remitted by the late Collector Mr. Clarke, in an order dated January 27th 1860, on an appeal from the decision of the former Sub Collector. The Karnamah only bound the defaulters to pay when there was sufficient water. The want of water was considered proved.

Item, No. 2. This is due by a former contractor for fish rent; the fish failed in the unfavorable Fasli 1267, the roof of his house has been sold and he has nothing left but the ground on which his house stood to sell which would reduce him to utter poverty.

Item, No. 3. This is an over charge made by the Karnam by mistake.

Item, No. 4. This was ordered to be remitted by Collector in an order dated 6th August 1860. The bullocks zufted died under zuft and the defaulter has no further property.

Statement No. XIII, Enclosure A. 28. Coercive process has been employed in only 2 cases and for arrears of a very small amount.

29. The new system of village accounts is progressing. The Register of Fields Form A is in course of preparation, and every effort is being made to induce the Karnams to complete them.

30. An abstract statement of the lands acquired by public servants during the Fasli under review is entered below.

Land where situated.	Taluk.	Village.	Names of public Servants.	Office.	Land acquired.		When acquired and whether prior or subsequent to employment in the public service.	By what means acquired.	Nature of interest possessed by such servant in such landed property.
					Extent.	Assessment.			
					Gr. Sqft.	Rs. A. P.			
Tadicombu.			Gopal Row.	Tahsildar of Tadicombu.	1 225	...	Subsequent to public employ 27th March 1859.	Mortgage.	The land is occupied by a dwelling house in each instance.
Do.			Mootosamy Iyen.	Gomasta in Do.	1 25	...	Do. 11th Oct. 1859.	Do.	
Tenkarai.			Apparao Pillai.	Do. in Madacolum.	2	...	Do. 12th March 1860.	Sale.	Coodevarem.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF MADURA.

31. 294 Wells and 4 Tanks have been dug in the sub division in the Fasli under review under the exemption from extra assessment which is allowed when Poonjah lands are thus improved at the cost of the Ryots.

32. 5 Topes have been planted under the rules of 1848, and 4 given up shewing a net increase of one.

33. I have to acknowledge the great assistance rendered to me in effecting the settlement by my Sarristadar Ramaswami Iyen.; His knowledge of the District and untiring application to business having been of the greatest value to me in a District of which I have had no previous experience.

DINDIGAL,
1st September, 1860.

C. H. AMES,
Sub Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF TINNEVELLY.

I have the honor to submit the following report upon the settlement of the Land and Extra-sources of Revenue of this District for Fasli 1269 A. D. 1859-60, and to forward prepared according to the instructions contained in a Memo from the Secretary to Government dated the 23rd August 1856, the set of Annual Statement accounts Nos. 1 to 14, and one number in addition as required in Extracts from the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 16th July and 22d November 1858, and 4 Statements showing the transactions in the Salt Department during the Fasli under report, as well as two other Statements A and B prepared according to the instructions contained in para 19 of the Proceedings of the Board of Revenue dated 7th July 1860 No. 3,145, making in all 21 Statements.

VILLAGES AT WHICH
SETTLEMENT WAS
MADE.

2. The Settlement throughout the entire District was made by myself, and the places where the Jummahbundy Kacherri was held in each of the 13 Taluks are shown in the Statement annexed.

No. 1.

Statement showing the places where the settlement of the Taluks was made.

Names of the European Officers.	Taluks.	Stations where the Jummahbundy was made.
Collector's Division. Sub Division. Mr. SILVER Collector.	1. Nelliambalam... ..	Huzzur Kacherri.
	2. Vidugramam... ..	Sevanadiancolam.
	3. Panchamahl... ..	Cusbah Trichendoor.
	4. Streevygoontam... ..	Poodoocoody.
	5. Sauttoor... ..	Kovilpatty.
	6. Ottapidaram... ..	Kytaur.
	7. Sankerninarcovil... ..	Vasoodavanalloor.
	8. Streevilyputtur... ..	Cusbah Streevilyputtur.
	9. Tencausy... ..	Nannagaram.
	1. Sharenmadavy... ..	Cusbah Sharenmadavy.
	2. Bremmadasem... ..	Ambasamoodram.
	3. Nanganary... ..	Cusbah Nanganary.
	4. Vulliyoor... ..	Panagoody.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

VARIATION IN THE
NUMBER AND TENURE
OF VILLAGES.

3. The following Statement No. 2 exhibits the several descriptions of villages in the District compared with those in the previous year.

No. 2.

Denomination of Villages.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
<i>Nunjah</i> (Wet) Olungu Villages... ..	937	943	6.	...
Do. Pottam Villages paying a favorable Assessment fixed in grain.	22	21	.....	1
Do. Poroopoo Do. Do. fixed in money... ..	5	4	.....	1
<i>Poonjah</i> (Dry) Villages... ..	127	123	.....	4
<i>Taram</i> (Ryotwar) Villages... ..	4	4	.....	.....
<i>Amani</i> (Division of Produce) Villages... ..	18	.....	.....	18
Cuttoogoottah Villages... ..	78	78	...	.....
Inam Villages... ..	74	73	.....	1
Mótarfá Villages... ..	30	30	.....	.....
Total Circar Villages.....	1,295	1,276	Net Decrease	19
Zemindary Villages.....	816½	835½	19	.....
Grand Total.....	2,111½	2,111½	.....	.....

4. The increase of 6 Villages under the head of *Nunjah* (Wet) Olungu, was caused by one Pottom* and one Poroopoo† Village having reverted to Ayen by the death of the holders, and by 4 *Poonjah* (Dry) Villages having been brought under that head, in consequence of their having been converted into *Nunjah* (Wet) in the Fasli under review. The decrease of 18 Villages under the head of *Amani* and of one Village under that of Inam, is owing to those Villages which comprised the estate of Chockumputty having been made over to the Proprietor under the sanction of Government dated 4th August 1859. The increase under the head of Zemindary Villages is attributable to the above cause.

* Paying favorable assessment fixed in grain.

† Paying favorable assessment fixed in money.

TINNEVELLY.

SEASON AND SANITARY
STATE OF THE DISTRICT.

5. It will be observed from the Periodical reports on the state of the Season submitted from this office monthly, and from

the official year report forwarded on the 15th May 1860, that the Season was very favorable for cultivation. This will be best observed from the Table given in the Margin which compared with the preceding Fasli exhibits the total extent of wet cultivation during the Carr and Peshanam Seasons, and the three sources of Irrigation in this District, viz. the Chief River Tambrapoorney. Minor rivers, and Rainfed Tanks, and the extent which suffered either from entire or partial failure of crops. The increase of cultivation over Fasli 1268 amounts to 13,065 acres as shown in the above Table, that the two years may be fairly compared together, the cultivation in *Amani* Villages made over to the Proprietor in the year under report, has been deducted from the cultivation of Fasli 1268. The extent of wet land which suffered from failure of crops during the Fasli under consideration, amounts only to 139 acres or 4,385 acres below that of last year.

Actual Wet Cultivation in Olungu and Taram Villages inclusive.

Sources of Irrigation.	1	Fasli 1268.				Fasli 1269.				Difference between columns 4 and 5.				Failure of crops.			
		Total extent of cultivation including villages.	Deduct cultivation from in amount.	Remaining cultivation.	Extent of cultivation.	Total extent of cultivation.	Deduct cultivation from in amount.	Remaining cultivation.	Extent of cultivation.	Increase.	Decrease.	Fasli 1268 ex-manual.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.	acres.	acres.
		acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
		32,643	1,890	34,533	22,871	35,244	2,601	37,845	465	2,601	465	2,553	35	19	85	2,808	754
		24,526	1,698	26,224	22,871	26,224	11,077	15,147	318	15,147	318	2,946	85	186	239	3,861	167
		68,707	1,928	70,635	68,092	72,466	6,553	79,019	...	6,553	...	99	32	99	261	96	96
		51,496	3,353	54,849	51,119	57,456	11,247	68,703	...	11,247	...	578	54	578	524	3,035	3,035
		50,414	3,111	53,525	49,877	53,525	3,397	57,922	...	3,397	...	313	104	313	850	850	850
		33,565	744	34,309	33,851	34,309	6,203	40,512	...	6,203	...	532	32	532	500	500	500
		1,35,775	9,804	1,45,579	1,43,188	1,45,579	19,065	1,64,644	...	19,065	...	4,324	139	4,324	4,324	4,324	4,324
		84,139	5,013	89,152	84,139	89,152	5,013	94,165	...	5,013	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		74,940	45,493	120,433	73,490	120,433	46,943	127,376	...	46,943	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		2,04,572	5,757	2,10,329	2,11,930	2,10,329	19,065	2,29,394	...	19,065	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Grand Total															

CARR.
NUNJAH (WET) CULTIVATION OR EARLY CROP.

6. At the commencement of the Carr Cultivation in May 1859, the South west Monsoon set in abundantly. The Main River Tambrapoorney and the minor Streams received a full supply of water, and there was consequently an increase of cultivation of 2,601 acres under the River Tambrapoorney. The trifling decrease of cultivation under the Minors and Rain fed Tanks, is owing to the rains which fell from the month of June, having been confined to the Hills and adjacent country. There was no deficiency in the yield of the crops. Only 85 acres of land suffered from failure of crops under the River Tambrapoorney, and this was owing to the crops having been inundated by water.

7. Though the North East Monsoon did not commence favorably in October, torrents of rain fell in the month of November, and as there was rain subsequently from time to time, the Rivers and Rainfed Tanks received an abundant supply of water, and the total cultivation under

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

the three sources of irrigation above mentioned, was 11,247 acres in excess of the previous year, but the yield it has been reported was not good, owing to a blight to which the crops were subject, from excess of rain at one time. The extent of land which suffered from failure of crops in the above season, amounts to 54 acres, or 524 acres below that of last year.

POONJAH OR DRY CULTIVATION:

	Acres.
Fasli 1268 exclusive of Amani.....	5,80,117
Fasli..... 1269	6,10,249
Increase.....	30,132

GARDEN CULTIVATION.

	Acres.
Fasli 1268 exclusive of Amani.....	11,812
Fasli..... 1269	10,578
Decrease.....	1,234

10. The sanitary condition of the District was on the whole good, though there were occasional outbreaks of Cholera. Fever prevailed in all parts of the District, especially in the Villages along the foot of the hills. The number of Children vaccinated during the year under report amounts to 11,457, or 201 below that of Fasli 1268. But the cases of small pox were very few, as compared with those of the previous year. As the people are now aware of the advantages afforded by vaccination, their prejudices against it are gradually disappearing. There was some mortality among cattle.

11. The subjoined statement No. 3 shows the Settlement prices of the year, both Carr and Peshamani inclusive, in comparison with those of the previous year.

No. 3.				
Fasli.	Carr.	Peshaman.	Total average.	
1268.....	4 11 6½	3 14 9½	4	3 1½
1269.....	2 11 4½	2 11 4½	2	11 4½
Decrease.....	2 0 1½	1 3 5½	1	7 8½

The Settlement up to last Fasli was made with reference to the current selling prices of the year, and rose and fell according to the market rates. The settlement of Fasli 1269 has, on the other hand, been made with reference to the fixed Olunga Standard rates, agreeably to the instructions contained in the Board's Proceedings dated 25th November 1859, and the commutation rates of the year fell short of those of the previous year, by an average of Rs. 1-7-8½ as shown in the above statement.

The Ryots have enjoyed all the advantages arising from the high current selling prices, and the collection of the revenue has been made without the slightest difficulty.

8. The Season for Poonjah having been favorable, dry cultivation was made on an extended scale, as will be seen from the Statement in the Margin, and the increase over the actual cultivation of Fasli 1268, stands at 30,132 acres. The harvest yielded a good outturn.

9. As wet and dry cultivation was made on an extended scale, the Ryots were somewhat backward with regard to garden cultivation, which shows a decrease of 1234 acres below that of Fasli 1268.

PRICES OF GRAIN.

No. 3 A.

Fasli.	Paddy 1st sort per Garce.		•Paddy 2nd sort per Garce.		Colum per Garce.		Cumboo per Garce.		Horsegram per Garce.		Raggy per Garce.		Varagoo per Garce.								
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.							
1268...	194	11	...	169	15	4	237	11	1	191	...	3	277	...	11	177	...	3	135	6	2
1269...	137	1	5	134	14	1	152	15	2	139	...	10	197	5	9	133	14	3	94	3	6
Increase...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Decrease...	57	9	7	35	1	3	84	11	11	51	15	5	79	11	2	43	2	...	41	2	8

field, and in others, a single field subdivided into many. The Ryots cultivate the lands according to their pleasure without any regularity, and it has not hitherto been usual to enter them in the accounts after a systematic measurement. Under these circumstances it will be impossible to ascertain accurately the holdings of each Ryot before a general survey and classification of lands takes place. Besides there are many Pangovaly Villages in this District, and the lands in them are cultivated both by the shareholders and Piracoodies (Tenants), and the gross cultivation thus raised is entered in the Patta of each Shareholder, proportionate to the share held by him in the Village. The lands entered in the Patta of each Ryot for Fasli 1268, and those newly cultivated by him in Fasli 1269, have been entered in the Patta for the latter Fasli, and if this course is continued for some years, the entire extent in the occupancy of each Ryot can be ascertained. During the settlement of Fasli 1269, the Karnams were ordered that from Fasli 1270, the lands in the actual occupation of each Ryot, should be correctly measured and brought to account.

14. The Land Revenue Beriz of Fasli 1269 inclusive of the tax on Poonjah and Bagayet "on actual cultivation," amounted to Rupees 20,81,221-5-2 being Rupees 6,78,652-14-10 less than that of the previous year as shown in the subjoined statement No. 4. This refers to the Beriz on "actual cultivation," and does not include assessment on waste.

TINNEVELLY.

12. The prices at which the several descriptions of grain were sold during the year under report, are shown in the margin as compared with the previous year.

The prices given in the margin are considered to be tolerably correct, as they have been ascertained in the manner explained in a letter from this office dated 3d March 1860. The falling off in the prices of Fasli 1269 is attributed to the favorable character of the season.

13. On the receipt of the Board's Proceedings dated 8th August 1859, the

lands entered in the Patta of each Ryot for Fasli 1268 which is the highest of the last 4 years on record were taken as the holding of each Ryot, for the purpose of carrying out the instructions contained in the above Proceedings, as well as in the Proceedings of the Board dated 12 March 1860, regarding the grant of remissions. The Board in para 15 of their Proceedings of 7th July last No. 3,145, observe that in some Districts the land actually cultivated by the Ryots is taken as their holding; that this is incorrect, that the holdings should include all land in the occupancy of the Ryots, and that if it has been the practice not to enter the entire extent in occupancy as the holding, care should be taken that it is done for the future. Here I would observe that in this District, the Nunjah (Wet) and Poonjah (Dry) lands have in many instances lost their original forms. In some instances, several fields have been formed into one entire

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

TINNEVELLY.

No. 4.

1	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Difference between Columns 4 and 5.	
	Total cultivation including Beriz, Oungu, Taram and Amani.		Deduct the cultivation of the main Villages.	Remainder.		Total cultivation including Beriz, Oungu and Taram.	Increase.	Decrease.
	2	3		4	5			
Extent of land cultivated... Oungu.	1st Crop..... Acres.....	3,788	1,22,898	1,33,177	10,279	...	...	...
	2nd Crop..... do.	1,691	62,292	64,704	2,412	...	...	...
	Total.....	5,479	1,85,190	1,97,881	12,691	...	...	...
	Particulars. { Carr..... Acres..... Peshanum..... do.	1,800	61,712	63,669	1,957	...	...	...
Total of Melwaram in Grain Cottahs..... Price per Grain Cottah..... Rupees.....	5,23,375	5 57	37 5,13,438	15 24	5,45,663	19 34	32,175	4 1
								
								
								
Extent of land cultivated... Bottom.	1st Crop..... Acres.....	39,593	21,55,295	9 14,80,281	11 3	6,74,953	5 6	...
	2nd Crop..... do. ....	.....	6,478	.....	6,580	107	...	...
	Total.....	.....	2,600	.....	2,849	249	...	...
	Particulars. { Carr..... Acres..... Peshanum..... do. ....	.....	9,073	.....	9,429	356	...	...
Total of Melwaram Grain..... Price per Grain Cottah..... Rupees.....	3,235	.....	3,235	.....	3,578	343	...	...
	5,838	.....	5,838	.....	5,851	13	...	...
	14,780	.....	14,780	.....	15,377	597	18 1	...
								
Beriz thereof Rupees..... Nunjah.	4 7 14	.....	4 7 14	.....	4 7 14	.....	.....	.....
	65,721	15 6	65,721	15 6	41,109	15 9	24,611	15 9

Extent of land cultivated... Taram.	1st Crop..... Acres.....	2,326	710	2,326	710	2,349	23	...	...
	2nd Crop..... do.	3,066	955	3,066	955	3,117	51	...	...
	Total.....	935	2,131	935	2,131	829	157	...	...
	Particulars. { Carr..... Acres..... Peshanum..... do.	2,131	.....	2,131	.....	2,288	157	...	...
Beriz thereof Rupees.....	8,087	.....	8,087	.....	8,406	319	8 5	...	...
								...	...
								...	...
								...	...
Extent of land cultivated... Taram.	1st Crop..... Acres.....	1,075	411	1,075	411	1,099	24	...	...
	2nd Crop..... do.	1,486	6,011	1,486	6,011	1,453	33	...	...
	Total.....	6,011	6,011	6,011	6,011	6,141	130	5 8	...
	Particulars. { Carr..... Acres..... Peshanum..... do.	6,011	.....	6,011	.....	6,141	130	...	...
Beriz thereof Rupees.....	1,80,560	.....	1,80,560	.....	1,43,205	10,433	...	...	...
	67,784	.....	67,784	.....	68,675	2,632	...	...	...
	2,04,294	.....	2,04,294	.....	2,11,880	13,065	...	...	...
							...	...	...
Total extent of cultivation..... Total Beriz Rupees.....	22,74,648	11 6	22,74,648	11 6	22,74,648	11 6	6,99,115	7 8	...
								...	...
Number of Acres cultivated... Beriz thereof Rupees.....	5,97,904	.....	5,97,904	.....	6,10,249	30,132	...	...	...
	4,96,621	8 10	4,96,621	8 10	5,10,635	23,915	10	...	...
							...	...	...
							...	...	...
Number of Acres cultivated... Beriz thereof Rupees.....	12,585	.....	12,585	.....	10,578	1,930	...	...	...
	39,743	7 4	39,743	7 4	34,616	5,127	...	...	...
							...	...	...
							...	...	...
Ready money assessment..... Total land cultivated Wet, Dry and Garden 1st Crop Acres.....	252	6 10	252	6 10	.....	.....	...	...	...
	7,47,049	.....	7,47,049	.....	7,64,032	39,331	...	...	...
							...	...	...
	23,11,266	2 6	23,11,266	2 6	20,81,221	2,295	...	...	...
Total amount of Beriz Rupees..... Nunjah.							6,78,652	14 10	...
								...	...

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9

LANDS PAYING A FAVORABLE
ASSESSMENT FIXED IN GRAIN.

LANDS PAYING A FAVORABLE
ASSESSMENT FIXED IN MONEY.

18. Notwithstanding the decrease of 57 acres in the cultivation of 2d crop under the head of Tarum, 24 acres having been cultivated for the 1st crop in excess of the previous year and charged with full teerwah, there has been an increase in revenue of Rupees 130-5-3 under that head.

POONJAH.

GARDEN.

TINNEVELLY.

9.

	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.		Decrease.			
	Land.	Assessment.		Land.	Assessment.		Land.	Assessment.				
	Aores.	Rs.	A.P.	Acres.	Rs.	A.P.	Acres.	Rs.	A.P.			
Waste charged. { Nunjah..... { Poonjah.... { Bagayet. ...	6,692	21,148	0	4	1,06,324	1,10,647	10 10	99,632	89,499	10	6	
Waste remitted. Do.,.....	225	1,015	7	11	339	1,803	14	3	114	788	6	4
	6,917				1,06,663							
1st Crop.....	6,820	1st Crop...			1,02,747							
2nd Do.,.....	97	2nd Do.,...			916							

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

No. 6. Remissions.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Comparison.	
	Total Remissions.	Deduct Amount.	Remaining.	Total Remissions.	Deduct Amount.	Remaining.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.
1. Remission on account of drought...	56,361 7 11	...	56,361 7 11	298 4 3	...	298 4 3	...	...
2. Do. on Panyboodhy...	256 0 5	...	256 0 5	379 3 3	...	379 3 3	...	...
3. Do. on account of salubrious Kowle...	3,656 3 2	...	3,656 3 2	3,594 1 8	...	3,594 1 8	...	...
4. Half teerwah on high level Nunjah lands cultivated by means of water raised by manual labor...	9,054 1 2	66 8 0	8,987 9 2	7,481 1 6	...	7,481 1 6	...	...
5. Remission on portions of waste lands included in progressive Kowle...	160 12 8	...	160 12 8	...	...	...	...	...
6. Do. on Do. taken up but left waste by proprietors under moochillahs given by them promising to pay the assessment thereon on condition of their Tanks &c being repaired...	81 14 3	...	81 14 3	...	...	...	...	...
7. Do. on Do. taken up but left waste either by Proprietors or Darkastars under moochillahs executed by them...	772 13 0	...	772 13 0	...	...	...	...	...
8. Do. of 1/2 teerwah on waste in Fasli 1268 but left waste in Fasli 1269...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Do. on Do. cultivated in Fasli 1268 but left waste on account of submission of water...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Do. on Do. left waste on account of submission of water...	1,015 7 11	...	1,015 7 11	...	...	...	...	...
11. Ready money Inams...	70,343 4 7	66 8 0	70,276 12 7	13,556 14 11	...	13,556 14 11	...	...
12. Manams in grain...	24,311 5 0	3,145 8 6	21,165 12 6	21,364 10 7	...	21,364 10 7	...	...
13. Shatrubhagan, Pancham Hissa &c Reayyet...	8,086 0 5	...	8,086 0 5	5,083 4 9	...	5,083 4 9	...	...
14. Remission of 1/2 and 3/4 teerwah on lands cultivated by Mirasidars of Bramin Caste...	31,296 11 8	...	31,296 11 8	34,861 0 3	...	34,861 0 3	...	...
15. Do. of 1/2 teerwah on srotriam lands...	6,906 15 9	...	6,906 15 9	8,805 4 4	...	8,805 4 4	...	...
16. Arthamanien or remission of moiety of the full assessment...	7,278 0 2	...	7,278 0 2	7,807 9 5	...	7,807 9 5	...	...
17. Tripany...	12,338 9 5	271 4 7	12,067 4 10	10,306 12 6	...	10,306 12 6	...	...
18. Oodengand or Thorn trees...	8,354 2 5	...	8,354 2 5	4,520 8 5	...	4,520 8 5	...	...
19. Topes...	98,571 12 10	3,416 13 1	95,154 15 9	92,749 8 5	...	92,749 8 5	...	...
20. Desacivil Jody &c on detached Inam lands...	1,68,915 1 5	3,483 5 1	1,65,431 12 4	1,06,306 7 4	...	1,06,306 7 4	...	...
21. Quit rent...	11,128 5 5	...	11,128 5 5	158 15 0	...	158 15 0	...	...
Total miscellaneous deductions from sundry items of revenue...	2,916 7 7	159 12 5	2,756 11 2	2,756 11 2	...	2,756 11 2	...	...
Total of Occasional and Customary...	21,047 15 3	...	21,047 15 3	20,976 4 6	...	20,976 4 6	...	...
Total of Occasional and Customary...	15 12 4	...	15 12 4	15 12 4	...	15 12 4	...	...
Total of Occasional and Customary...	...	...	...	48 2 5	...	48 2 5	...	...
Total of Occasional and Customary...	23,992 0 7	159 12 5	23,832 4 2	23,014 12 8	...	23,014 12 8	...	...
Total of Occasional and Customary...	1,286 4 8	159 12 5	1,126 11 11	1,199 9 6	...	1,199 9 6	...	...
Total of Occasional and Customary...	22,755 11 11	...	22,755 11 11	21,816 3 2	...	21,816 3 2	...	...
Total of Occasional and Customary...	1,92,907 2 0	3,643 1 6	1,89,264 0 6	1,89,321 4 0	...	1,89,321 4 0	...	...

TINNEVELLY.

PARTICULARS OF REMISSIONS.

23. The deductions made from the beriz of Nunjah, Poonjah and bagayet as well as from Sundry Items, amount to Rupees 1,293,321-4-0 in the year under report or Rupees 59,942-12-6 below those of the previous year. The Board will observe that both in charging assessment on waste lands left uncultivated without sufficient cause, as shewn in the previous para, and in the grant of remissions, the views of the Board and Government have been carefully attended to, and the introduction of a moderate fixed instead of a sliding scale, in commuting the grain assessment on the wet lands, has greatly aided me in effecting this.

PARTICULARS OF SUNDRY ITEMS.

24. The revenue derived from the several sundry Items during the year under notice is exhibited in the margin in comparison with the previous year. Of the net increase of Rupees 10,910-3-5 Rupees 4,735-2-4 is the amount of tax levied on lands occupied by houses, under the orders of the Board of Revenue dated

No. 7.

Sundry Sources } Fasli 1268 Fasli 1269 Increase.
Tope Taudbund &c. } 1,61,760-1-7 1,72,670-5-0 10,910-3-5

6th June 1859, Rupees 4,042-11-1 is the amount of increase in the Fish rent over Fasli 1,268 and Rupees 1,852-14-5 in the amount of tax on certain trees brought to account in Fasli 1269, as productive. The remaining increase is chiefly owing to advantageous offers for renting reeds and thorn bushes.

No. 8

FASLI.	Cotton.		Indigo.		Sugar cane.	
	Extent of cultivation.	Teerwah.	Extent of cultivation.	Teerwah.	Extent of cultivation.	Teerwah.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Acres.	Rs. A. P.	Acres.	Rs. A. P.	Acres.	Rs. A. P.
Fasli 1268...	1,94,890	1,91,084 15 8	396	688 2 3	240	3,609 ... 1
Fasli 1269...	1,84,325	1,74,951 15 1	553	610 ... 5	254	2,276 9 ...
Increase...	...	...	157	...	14	...
Decrease...	10,565	16,133 ... 7	...	78 1 10	...	1,332 7 1

25. From the above statement it will be seen that there was a decrease both in extent of the cultivation of Cotton and of revenue there from, to the extent of 10,565, acres, and Rupees 16,133-0-7, respectively. This is to be attributed to want of sufficient rain at the commencement of the cultivating season, and to a superabundance of rain in November, rendering the cultivation impracticable in some places, as well as to the want of seasonable rains afterwards. The increase under the head of Indigo is attributable to this product having been raised to a larger extent on dry lands. The increase of cultivation of Sugar cane has occurred chiefly in the Poliput Villages; but decrease in revenue is to be attributed to the commutation of the Melwarem* according to the Olungu standard rates. The price paid by the European merchants for the first sort of Cotton, ranged from Rupees 83 to 90 per Candy, or Rupees 5 and 6, in excess of that obtaining in the previous year. The price of the 2d sort was Rupees 75 a Candy.

26. From the statement in the margin it will be seen that an increase in the export of cotton to the extent of Candies 14,255 has resulted during the past year. This is chiefly owing to a large quantity of Cotton purchased by the merchants in Fasli 1268 and retained to the close of that Fasli, having been

AN ABSTRACT STATEMENT SHOWING THE GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT IN COMPARISON WITH THE PRECEDING YEAR.

27. The total net land revenue of Fasli 1269 will be seen from the marginal statement to be Rs. 26,06,021-14-3 or

No. 9 Land Revenue.

No. 10.

EXTRA SOURCES OF REVENUE.

28. The increase of Rupees 2,231-14-9, under Item No. 2 in the above Statement is chiefly owing to an increase in the number of Looms and cotton godowns, charged with teerwah during the year under report. This increase of Rupees 37,976-7-9 under Item No. 3 is attributable to a large exportation of Salt by Sea, and to the price of Salt having been increased, agreeably to the Notification published in the Fort Saint George Gazette of the 19th August 1859. The increase of Rupees 12,475-13-11 under Item No. 4 is owing to the enhanced rates of duties levied under Act VII. of 1859 and to the large importation of Liquor and piece goods, during the year under report. The increase of Rupees 5,950-4-3 under Item No. 5, has resulted chiefly from the working of Act. VII. of 1859. The increase of Rupees 7,308-12-0 under Item No. 6, is ascribable to a greater demand for stamps of high value, during the year under consideration.

No. 11.

	Beriz of Fasli 1268.			Beriz of Fasli 1269.			Increase.			Decrease.		
1	2			3			4			5		
Land Revenue.....	31,67,875	14	11	26,06,021	14	3	...	...	...	5,61,854	...	...
Extra Revenue.....	6,20,277	14	9	686,221	3	5	65,943	4	8	...	...	...
Total...	37,88,153	13	8	32,92,243	1	8	..	...	...	4,95,910	12	...

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

No. 12.

Sevoy Jummah and Interest.

Items.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
1	2		3		4		5	
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.
Sevoy. { Land Revenue...	4,285	6 7	11,335	3 4	7,049	12 9	...	...
Jummah. { Extra Revenue ...	4,610	...	6,082	4 8	1,472	4 7	...	...
Total...	8,895	6 8	17,417	8 ...	8,522	1 4	...	...
Interest. { Land Revenue ...	2,027	9 11	716	15 5	...	...	1,310	10 6
{ Extra Revenue. ...	114	9	710	5	511	8	...	...
Total ...	2,029	8 8	724	9 10	...	...	1,304	14 10
Grand Total...	10,924	15 4	18,142	1 10	7,217	2 6	...	...

REMARKS ON THE SEVOY JUMMAH AND INTEREST. 30. The increase of Rupees 8,522-1-4 in the amount of Sevoy Jummah, is owing to greater receipts under this head. The Items composing the above increase are shewn in the separate Statement No. 9, with the packet. The decrease, of Rupees 1,310-10-6 in the amount of interest on Land Revenue is attributable to the Peshcush on the several Zemindaries having been paid with greater punctuality in the year under notice, than in the previous year.

No. 13.

Demand Collection and Balance of all Sources of current revenue.

Items.	Demand of Fasli 1269.		Collections up to the end of the Fasli or 30th June 1860.		Balance.		Collections made up to the end of July.		Balance.	
1	2		3		4		5		6	
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.
Land Revenue...	26,06,021	14	32,48,109	4	1,24,927	13 7	1,03,106	2 8	21,821	10 11
Abkari...	40,350	...	34,219	8	6,130	8	4,184	...	1,946	8
Mótarfá ...	93,552	7 1	89,883	12 3	3,668	10 10	3,413	8 4	255	2 6
Salt...	4,17,419	...	4,17,419	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sea Customs ...	32,654	6 2	32,654	6 2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sair ...	51,985	2 2	51,985	2 2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stamp...	50,260	4	50,260	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	6,86,221	3 5	6,76,422	7	9,799	2 10	7,597	8 4	2,201	10 6
Sevoy Jummah...	17,417	8	17,417	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest...	724	9 10	724	9 10	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total...	33,10,385	3	33,17,558	3 1	1,34,727	5	1,10,703	11	24,023	5 5

TINNEVELLY.

DEMAND COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF CURRENT REVENUE.

Alagapury.....	66	14	9
Sivaghiry.....	6,500	0	0
Maniatchy.....	1,268	4	3
Vadimittah.....	1,121	4	3
Singampatty.....	2,383	15	0
Paryoor.....	1,357	4	8

12,697 10 11

9,124 as well as of that under the head of Extra Revenue.

31. Of the small balance of Rupees 21,821-10-11 under the head of Land Revenue in the above statement Rupees 12,697-10-11 is the balance outstanding against certain Poligars noted in the margin. The Estate of Paryoor having been transferred to Madura, the amount of balance against that Estate should be realized by the Collector of that District. The necessary measures have been adopted for the collection of the remaining balance against other estates, and of the Ayen balance of Rupees

No. 14.

Demand Collection and Balance of arrears of former Faslis.

ITEMS.	Arrears at the commencement of Fasli 1268.		Collections including remission up to the end of June 1860.		Balance.		Collections made in the month of July.		Balance.	
1	2		3		4		5		6	
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.
Land Revenue...	2,58,016	10 5	2,40,743	1 ...	17,273	9 5	54	2 8	17,219	6 9
Abkari...	8,362	...	8,362	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mótarfá...	7,322	8 2	7,086	10 2	235	14 ...	...	...	235	14 ...
Total...	15,684	8 2	15,448	10 2	235	14 ...	...	...	235	14 ...
	2,73,701	2 7	2,56,191	11 2	17,509	7 5	54	2 8	17,455	4 9

32. From the balance of Rupees 17,455-4-9 shown in the D. C. & B. OF ARREARS. above statement deducting Rupees 11,491-8-2 considered as a doubtful balance, in consequence of certain lands being under dispute between the Zemindary and Ayen Villages, and Rupees 4,322-7-10 recommended in the subsequent para for remission, the remainder stands at Rupees 1,641-4-9, for the realization of which measures have been adopted.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

RECOMMENDATION IN REGARD TO
THE IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS FOR
REMISSION &C.

Faslis.	Rs.	As.	Ps.
1,253	90	11	1
1,254	61	15	1
1,255	48	15	6
1,256	46	4	10
1,257	46	4	9
1,258	51	4	1
1,259	52	6	9
1,260	50	11	11
1,261	46	7	10
1,262	47	15	2
1,263	50	1	4
1,264	65	12	1
1,265	116	2	2
1,266	98	11	0
1,267	262	10	0
1,268	3,148	12	4
	4,285	1	11

Extra Revenue.	Rs.	As.	Ps.
1,264	4	12	7
1,265	2	14	6
1,267	5	15	9
1,268	23	11	1
	37	5	11
	4,322	7	10

the then holders... .. 24-1-5

Amount being the difference between the full teerwah charged on certain Topes and Palmyrahs favorably assessed in the Village of ~~C~~apatam in the Panchamal Division, on the ground that they passed out of the family to which they were originally granted, and the $\frac{1}{2}$ of the tax subsequently levied on the same, under the orders of the Board dated 1st March 1860... .. 1,005-2-2

Certain lands charged with teerwah having, on measurement of the same, made on a complaint from the Land owner, been found to have fallen below the extent charged, the teerwah on the excess must be remitted... .. 55-6-1

Value of excess quantity of grain erroneously added to the 7 years average melwarem of the Village of Aroomoogamangalam in Tenkary Taluk and which excess has hitherto been remitted under the sanction of Government... .. 203-12-0

Amount of teerwah charged on certain Palmyrahs as productive, but subsequently remitted in consequence of the trees having been shown to be unproductive... .. 68-6-1

Amount of teerwah charged on certain lands which the Ryots had agreed to bring under cultivation should a Tank be repaired at the Public expense, but subsequently remitted as it was found that the lands were left uncultivated in consequence of the sluice constructed in the Tank having been choked up with deposits of sand... .. 1,567-1-0

Amount of the teerwah on certain lands formerly in dispute between the Government and the Kollangondan Zemindary, but now decided on enquiry to belong to the latter... .. 1,151-6-0

33. The balance on account of arrears of Land and Sundry Sources of Revenue remaining unadjusted on the 31st July 1860, and amounting to Rupees 4,322-7-10 as exhibited in Column 11 of the accompanying Statement No. 13, being composed of the Items hereunder particularized, I have the honor to request that the sanction of Government may be obtained for writing off the same to Profit and Loss in the accounts.

Particulars of the Balance.

Amount being the difference between the Sevaram rate charged on certain Pottom and Porooppoo lands, on the grounds that they were alienated by the Proprietors to other parties, and the Pottom and Porooppoo teerwah subsequently ordered to be levied on the lands, it having been ascertained that the holders of the lands were in the possession of the same, previous to the receipt of the Board's Circular dated 13th July 1848 which restricted the continuance of the Pottom and Porooppoo tenures to the lives of

Certain waste lands were charged with teerwah under a moochilkali executed by the Ryots in 1850, but these Ryots having complained that teerwah was unjustly charged on waste lands in Fasli 1263, notwithstanding the amount expended by Government in repairing their Tank had already been reimbursed, an enquiry was held, and as it was found that only a sum of Rupees 42-6-11 was required to make good the amount of the estimate for repairing the Tank, it was collected out of the teerwah charged, and the remainder is recommended to be remitted... 94-4-10

Certain Porooppoo lands enjoyed by Neeranickums, for the services rendered by them, suffered from drought in Fasli 1,264, and the Neeranickums object to pay the teerwah due on the lands. As these persons gave their services without deriving any benefit from their Maniem during the said Fasli, it is recommended that the amount due by them be remitted... .. 17-6-4

Amount of teerwah on certain lands due by certain individuals whose impoverished circumstances render them unable to pay... .. 65-11-10

Amount of teerwah on certain Perumbut lands, due by certain individuals, who are reported to have died... .. 19-14-0

Amount of teerwah on certain lands due by certain individuals, who are reported to have through poverty emigrated to Colombo and other places... .. 12-10-2

4,285-1-11

Arrears on account of Extra Revenue.

Amount being the Môtarfâ tax due by certain individuals who are reported to be impoverished and consequently unable to pay their tax... .. 4-2-10

Amount being the Môtarfâ tax due by certain individuals reported to have through poverty emigrated to Colombo and other places... .. 14-14-6

Do being Do due by certain persons reported to have died... .. 8-13-0

Do of an Inam erroneously included in the Môtarfâ Beriz instead of being deducted as usual... .. 9-7-7

37-5-11

Total amount recommended for remission... .. 4,322-7-10

34. The Board will observe from the accompanying statement No. 22 that the wastage of salt that occurred in Fasli 1,269 amounts to 3,463 I. Maunds 26 $\frac{1}{2}$ Seers valued at Rupees 305-15 at 10 Rupees per garce, or Rupees 3,896-10 at the monopoly price of 135 Rupees per one garce and 24 Maricals and I request that sanction may be granted to write it off the accounts.

35. The extent to which coercive process was employed in the collection of the arrears of former Faslis, is shown in the enclosure A to the accompanying statement No. 13 from which it will be observed that property, both personal and real, of the estimated value of Rupees 793-2-3 was sold by auction for Rupees 1,195-11-3 of this sum, Rupees 375-0-3 being the amount in excess of the arrears and interest payable on the same, was, after deducting charges of Rupees 8-9-4 attendant on the sequestration and sale of property, returned to the parties. No property was sold in satisfaction of the current balance, in the year under report, Fasli 1269.

36. The increase in the margin is owing partly to the salary of the Collector having been disbursed for 8 months during the year under report, while no charges on this account were incurred during the previous year, and also to the amount of Coodivaram paid to the Salt Ryots having been greater in Fasli 1269 than in Fasli 1268, in consequence of Salt having been manufactured on an extended scale, as also to the increase in the charges incurred in the exportation of Salt by Sea, as well as to the payment to the heir of a deceased Inamdar Custory Subadar, under the orders of Government dated 14th April 1859, of

CHARGES.
Fasli 1263... 2,12,838-1-8
Fasli 1269... 3,08,507-2-11
Increase... 95,669-1-3

the mesne profits of the Inam which accrued while it was under resumption, and to the value of papers purchased for the preparation of the Village accounts in Faslis 1266 and 1267, having been charged in the accounts in Fasli 1269.

WORKING OF THE NEW SYSTEM OF VILLAGE AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.

forms is found to have greatly simplified the accounts both in the Taluks and Villages.

A BRIEF REFERENCE TO THE REGISTER OF LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.

REMARKS ON THE CONDUCT OF THE SUBORDINATE OFFICERS.

The Head Assistant Mr. Garstin has just past his examination, and been placed in charge of the ordinary Revenue and Police details of two Taluks. I employed him in the beginning of the year, in superintending the shipment of Salt to the Western Coast, in conducting which business he was very useful.

REMARKS ON THE INTRODUCTION OF THE NEW SYSTEM OF COMMUTING THE GRAIN ASSESSMENT ON THE WET LANDS ACCORDING TO THE OLUNGU STANDARD RATES.

Mayne and Mr. Levinge, that I need not recapitulate it here. The abolishing this system and

Difference.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.
What the Beriz would have been if made according to the current selling price.	11 11 11	500,356	2	31,06,378	10 2	6,86,221	3 5	18,142	1 10
Beriz of Fasli 1269 according to the Olungu standard rates.	14 3	20,96,021	3 5	6,86,221	3 5	18,142	1 10	33,10,385	3 6
Land Revenue Beriz...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Extra Revenue...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sevoy Jummah and Interest account...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

37. The Taluk and Village accounts are kept in the forms prescribed by the Board. The Village Servants, having acquired some experience during the last 3 years, prepare the accounts in the new forms with ease and facility. The introduction of these

38. Three of the Public servants have previous to the receipt of the orders of the Board dated 17th January 1860, acquired some lands by division of ancestral property, and they have been registered in their names.

39. The two Deputy Collectors in this District, Vencata Raw and Mr. Wright, have taken up their duties so recently, that I have not yet had sufficient opportunity of forming an estimate of their capabilities, and defer reporting on the same, till next year.

40. Before closing this Report I would beg to offer a few remarks on the introduction of the new system of commuting the grain assessment on the wet lands in Tinnevely, according to the Olungu standard rates, instead of the current selling prices, in the Settlement of the year I have had under review. The system, according to which what was termed the Jummahbundy price was determined, has been so clearly explained to the Board by Mr.

introducing a moderate fixed commutation rate, instead of an ever varying one, has been a very great boon to the people. That it has given, and will continue to give a strong impetus to extended cultivation is undoubted, for the Nunjah assessment in Tinnevely was too high. The Government took a grain assessment estimated as equal to half the produce on the wet lands, and that too commuted at the market selling prices of the year, now the Ryot pays at a moderate fixed rate, and derives the benefit of the difference between that and the market price of the year. In addressing the Board on the 19th December 1859, I made a rough calculation that with reference to the current selling prices of the year, the regulating the assessment according to the Village Olungu standard rates, would shew a difference of between five and six lacs of Rupees. I did not calculate the difference would exceed that sum. To determine this point, I ordered that the usual periodical returns of prices should be sent to me as usual, upon which I fixed the Jummahbundy price, as I would have done in any former year, and calculating the assessment with this price for the commutation rate, I found the difference between what the assessment would have been if regulated by it, as compared with Olungu standard rates, a little to exceed five lacs of rupees, as shewn in the margin, and the prices of the year under report were high.

AN ABSTRACT STATEMENT SHOWING THE TOTAL BERIZ OF THE DISTRICT FOR FASLI 1269 IN COMPARISON WITH THE BERIZ OF THE 5 YEARS PRECEDING IT.

with the beriz of the 5 years preceding it.

41. In conclusion I have the honor to annex a statement of the total beriz of the District for the year under report Fasli 1269, in comparison

FASLIS.	Amount of Beriz.		
	Rs.	A.	P.
1264... ..	29,66,266	5	7
1265.	30,76,647	3	10
1266... ..	30,00,246	0	3
1267.	33,88,352	10	6
1268... ..	37,99,078	13	0
Total...	162,30,591	1	2
Average of 5 years...	32,46,118	3	5
1269... ..	33,10,385	3	6
Increase...	64,267	0	1

(Signed) J. SILVER,
Collector.

TINNEVELLY,
31st August 1860.

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SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

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SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

COIMBATORE.

I have the honor to forward the usual Statements of the Revenue Settlement of this District for Fasli 1269.

2. The re-arrangement of Taluks according to Mr. Pelly's proposition sanctioned by Government, having taken place in Fasli 1270, the accounts now rendered are drawn out upon the old scale.

3. The Settlement was commenced by the middle of January, and completed in June 1860, the last having been the Collegal Taluk, which on account of the unhealthy nature of its climate, cannot safely be visited by a European Officer or by the Native Cutcherry before the setting in of the south-west monsoon in June.

4. The Settlement of 3 Taluks was conducted by myself, and the rest by my Subordinates. Mr. Carr, in addition to the two Taluks allotted to him, carried on the Jamabundi of one of the Taluks forming the Sub-division, when he was temporarily placed in charge of it during the absence of Mr. Roberts on other duty. The names of places at which the Settlement was made, and those of the officers who conducted it, are detailed in Statement No. 1.

II. VARIATIONS IN THE NUMBER AND TENURES OF VILLAGES WITH REMARKS ON THE NUMBER OF PATTAS THAT WERE NOT RENEWED.

Paras. 5 to 11.

5. There has been a slight variation in the number of villages and hamlets in the year under review, as shown in the following Memorandum; caused by the desertion of some and the re-occupancy of others—these villages are small both in point of revenue as well as population and situated in unhealthy or inconvenient localities.

TENURE.	Cultivated or deserted.	No. of Villages.				No. of Hamlets.				Total.			
		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Ryotwar...	Cultivated ...	1,504	1,502	2	4	4,865	4,868	3	6	6,369	11	15	
	Deserted...	20	31	3	1	0	0	0	0	23	31	3	1
Srotriam and Jaghire...	Cultivated...	10	10	0	0	10	10	0	0	20	20	0	0
	Deserted...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poliput...	Cultivated...	50	50	0	0	113	113	0	0	163	163	0	0
	Deserted...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	Cultivated...	1,564	1,562	2	4	4,988	4,991	3	6	6,552	6,553	11	10
	Deserted...	29	31	3	1	0	0	0	0	29	31	3	1
	Total...	1,593	1,593	5	5	4,988	4,991	3	6	6,581	6,584	14	11

Deduct Decrease... 11

Net Increase ... 3

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

IV. PRICES OF GRAIN AND THE MEASURES TAKEN TO ENSURE ACCURACY OF THESE RETURNS.
Paras. 18 to 22.

ITEMS.	Description of grain.	Commutation rate per garce.	Price in 1263 per garce.	Increase.	Per Centage.	Price in 1263.	Increase.	Decrease.	Per Centage.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Wet Paddy	1st Sort.....		180 1 5						
	2nd Sort.....		166 5 1						
	Average.....	88 13 8	173 3 2	84 5 7	94 14 10	203 0 4		25 13 1	14 11 0
	Cholum.....		166 7 11	91 11 6	122 10 6	246 5 2		89 0 4	52 7 5
Dry Drygrain	Cumboo.....		137 1 2	62 4 9	85 4 10	199 10 8		53 9 16	28 1 9
	Horse gram.....	74 12 5	150 11 11	75 15 6	101 9 6	249 5 3		98 12 4	39 9 4
	Raggi.....		147 6 5	72 10 0	97 2 0	199 10 6		52 4 1	26 2 9
	Varagoo.....		125 10 2	59 14 10	68 9 4	171 4 11		43 10 5	26 10 4

19. The price of Cotton wool was nearly the same as in 1263, and there has been no fluctuation in it to any perceptible degree.

20. In para. 3 of their Proceedings No. 3167 circulated under date the 2d September 1859, the Board wish to be informed of the places at which the wholesale and retail prices were taken, and what measures have been adopted to ensure accuracy in the price returns. It will appear from

para. 2 of my letter* to the Board No. 169 that in calculating the average price in this office, the prices of the 14 Cusball Towns are taken into calculation, and not of a few particular towns only; and that retail prices only are shown in the Statements furnished to the Board as being more correct than the wholesale ones. The price returns are furnished by Tahsildars, under whose immediate superintendence they are drawn out upon information furnished by merchants; and the correctness of this information is ascertained by careful enquiries occasionally instituted by the Taluk Officers; the price returns submitted to the Board may be considered accurate.

21. It will seem however that the average price exhibited in Statement No. 2, differs to some extent from that to be obtained from a calculation of the average rates set down in the returns transmitted to the Board in every month as indicated in the margin. As regards Paddy and Horsegram, the difference arises from the exclusion of the fractional parts of a Rupee less than 8 Annas, but in other cases it has been caused by a difference in the mode of striking the average, which is elucidated in the following Table with reference to "Varagoo".

Description of Grain.	Calculation of the average rate shown in monthly returns.	Average rate shown in Statement No. 2.	Increase.	Decrease.
Paddy 1st sort,...	181	180	...	1
Do. 2d sort,...	167	166	...	1
Cholum,...	166	156	...	...
Cumboo,...	139	137	...	2
Horsegram,...	150	151	...	...
Raghee,...	149	147	...	2
Varagoo,...	131	126	...	5

ence in the mode of striking the average, which is elucidated in the following Table with reference to "Varagoo".

18. The price of grain fall below that of the previous year, the difference varying between 14-11-0 and 39-9-4 per cent as exhibited in the Statement below.

COIMBATORE.

MONTHS.		Danaiencotta.	Pullachy.	Pulladom.	Dharapuram.	Chackraghi.	Total.	Average.
1		2.	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	July ...	177	133	...	116	110	539	134
2	August ...	177	117	...	116	102	512	128
3	September ...	177	112	...	...	104	393	131
4	October ...	189	102	...	...	99	390	130
5	November ...	200	100	...	...	108	408	136
6	December... ..	201	101	114	...	80	496	124
7	January ...	187	100	...	...	85	372	124
8	February ...	173	131	...	...	104	408	136
9	March ...	160	166	...	...	106	432	144
10	April ...	160	133	...	...	91	384	128
11	May ...	160	133	...	...	91	384	128
12	June ...	160	133	...	...	106	399	133
Total...		2,121	1,461	114	232	1,186		1,576
Average ...		177	122	114	116	99		131

22. The more correct mode of obtaining the average per garce of "Varagoo" would be to sum up the averages in Columns 2 to 6, and again to strike an average therefrom which would give 126 Rupees as shown in Statement No. 2, and not 131 Rupees as exhibited in Column 8 of the Memorandum which must be considered incorrect, because it has fictitiously been raised by a 12 months average instead of one and two months, which was actually the case.

V. RYOTS' HOLDINGS WITH CAUSES FOR THE ABANDONMENT OR TAKING UP LANDS.
Paras 23 to 35.

2. There has been a considerable increase in the holdings of the ryots in this year from extended cultivation as will appear from enclosure B. in Statement No. 3, the net increase being 84,141 acres bearing an Assessment Rupees 84,910.

24. Lands of all description given up, amount to 24,369 acres assessed at Rupees 30,128 the details of which are given in the following Statement as briefly as possible:—

ITEMS.	Dry.			Wet.			Garden.			Total.		
	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of settlement Rupees.	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Given up on Razeenamali	17,811	17,221	15,813	971	6,192	1,306	407	1,521	897	19,189	24,734	19,016
by death of holders	622	582	558	1	7	...	7	18	12	630	607	577
by desertion of do	2,191	1,153	1,592	44	166	...	20	66	36	2,255	1,955	1,528
owing to reduced circumstances of do...	1,004	691	658	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,004	691	668
Total...	21,628	20,247	19,651	1,016	6,365	1,313	434	1,405	945	23,078	28,017	21,999
Taken up by roads &c...	380	348	243	98	469	407	46	157	126	524	974	778
Included in Enam ...	6	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	8	8
Converted into Dry...	...	...	...	1	4	...	4	380	323	95	384	327
Converted into Garden...	96	108	104	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	108	104
Converted into Wet...	108	119	113	...	...	...	38	141	118	146	260	231
Deficiency in re-measurement. ...	410	293	248	9	64	55	5	19	16	424	376	319
Grand Total...	22,028	21,123	20,369	1,124	6,903	1,779	617	2,102	1,528	24,369	30,127	23,672

Other Decrease, such as remission on waste &c. &c. 11,288

Total Decrease..... 34,964

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

25. Nos. 1 and 4 consist of land given up either from its unfitness for cultivation, or from incapacity to hold it whilst Nos. 2 and 3 are casualties of Annual occurrence.

26. No. 5 comprises lands taken up for roads, railway, village site &c., which have been included in Porampoke.

27. No. 6 is land alienated to Village Taljar in lieu of his Enam resumed for public purposes in the Coimbatore Taluk. Under the late orders of Government, all the Enam lands of Village watchers will be resumed wherever the new Police system has been introduced; but in doing so, the claims of those who have acquired a right to the land either by the excavation of a well or other improvement at private cost, will be duly taken into consideration.

28. Some of the Garden and Wet lands incapable of irrigation, were reclassified as Poonjah and these constitute No. 7.

29. Dry lands converted into Gardens by means of water raised from channels or other works constructed at the expense of Government, as well as those appropriated to wet cultivation have been transferred to their appropriated heads of Garden and Nunjah and form Nos. 8 and 9.

30. No. 10 is an item of usual occurrence, and requires no comment in granting remission for land found deficient in quantity below the extent entered in the Survey register, the provisions contained in the rule communicated in the Board's Proceedings are strictly carried out.

31. The increase in the ryots, holdings is explained in the annexed Statement inclusive of "Fasil Jasty, Tirva Jasty &c.," amounting altogether to Rupees 1,00,788.

COIMBATORE.

ITEMS.	DRY.			WET.			GARDEN.			TOTAL.		
	Number of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	Number of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	Number of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	Number of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1 Waste brought under cultivation, do.	1,01,629	92,800	71,076	1,431	9,185	5,566	2,331	8,997	6,479	1,05,411	1,10,892	83,121
2 Porampoke, do.	1,383	1,137	1,075	130	812	697	16	56	48	1,529	2,005	1,820
3 Transferred from Enam, do.	...	...	...	2	27	18	...	...	...	2	27	18
4 Excess found on remeasurement...	1,055	444	317	175	461	75	...	11	7	1,232	916	399
5 Fasil Jasty, &c., do.	...	...	712	...	...	7,780	...	...	1,161	...	...	2,658
6 Progressive Cowle Increase, do.	...	...	12,306	...	...	779	...	...	45	...	...	13,180
7 Tirva Jasty, do.	...	...	11,177	...	...	14,704	...	...	641	...	...	26,522
8 Transferred from Poonjah, do.	...	...	...	110	496	431	96	237	260	206	793	691
9 Do. from Garden, do.	94	87	87	35	317	259	...	...	...	129	404	346
10 Do. from Nunjah, do.	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1
Total...	1,04,162	94,469	96,751	1,903	11,298	30,309	2,445	9,271	8,691	1,08,510	1,15,038	1,35,757
Add & Remission resumed..											1	1
Deduct Decrease as per Statement in para. 24...											Total...	1,35,752
Net Increase...											34,964	1,00,788

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32. Nos. 1 and 2 are lands brought under cultivation from waste and Porumpoke and therefore need no explanation.

33. No. 3 was Inam owned by a Bramin in the Coimbatore Taluk, who being unable to pay the Annual quit rent due upon it, gave it up and it was accordingly carried to account.

34. No. 4 is the increase in fields discovered above the quantity shown in the Survey Registers.

35. Nos. 5 to 10 are items of annual occurrence requiring no elucidation.

VI. ACTUAL CULTIVATION. 36. The extent of land actually under cultivation in this year, amounts to 15,50,074 Acres; paying a revenue of Rupees 21,64,880, which exceeds the cultivation of the past Fasli by 79,971 Acres or about 5 per cent. The subjoined Memorandum exhibits the increase under each description of land in comparison with the result of 1268.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.		
	Number of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	Number of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	Number of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Dry...	12,38,702	11,30,896	10,86,794	13,15,623	12,49,403	11,52,613	76,921	68,507	65,820
Wet...	76,930	6,83,320	5,33,233	78,334	6,93,676	5,50,826	1,404	10,356	17,586
Garden...	1,54,471	5,75,262	4,55,485	1,56,117	5,81,899	4,61,986	1,646	6,617	6,501
Total.....	14,70,103	24,39,498	20,75,518	15,50,074	25,24,978	21,65,425	79,971	85,480	89,907
Deduct $\frac{1}{2}$ remission..			546	Deduct $\frac{1}{2}$ remission..			545		
Net amount.....			20,74,972	Net amount.....			21,64,880		

VII. WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED WITH REASONS.
Paras. 37 to 40.

27. The quantity of waste lands of all description charged this year exceeds that of the preceding Fasli by 4,829 Acres, as exhibited in the Annexed Abstract :—

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Net Increase.			Net Decrease.		
	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	No. of Acres.	Sundry Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	Net of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Full rent... { Dry... Wet... Garden... }	37,228 3 854	27,302 33 3,452	27,224 28 2,876	51,257 37 1,065	39,812 278 4,136	39,588 186 3,165	14,026 34 211	12,510 245 684	12,364 158 289	.....	.....	.....
Pasture at 4th... { Dry... Garden... }	38,085	30,787	30,128	52,859	44,226	42,939	14,274	13,439	12,811	.....	.....	.....
	1,36,530	1,10,003	27,410	1,27,114	1,02,331	25,503	.....	.....	.....	9,416	7,672	1,907
	982	3,677	918	953	3,545	894	.....	.....	.....	29	132	24
	1,37,512	1,13,680	28,328	1,28,067	1,05,876	26,397	.....	.....	.....	9,445	7,804	1,931
Total... { Dry... Wet... Garden... }	1,73,758 3 1,836	1,37,305 33 7,129	54,634 28 3,794	1,78,371 37 2,018	1,42,143 278 7,681	65,091 186 4,059	4,613 34 182	4,898 245 552	10,457 158 265	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,75,597	1,44,467	58,456	1,80,426	1,50,102	69,336	4,829	5,635	10,880	.....	.....	.....

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

38. The comparatively favorable nature of the early season and the high prices of grain in the year under report, enabled the ryots to retain more lands for eventual cultivation, which accounts for the increased charge on waste. A large extent held on grass tenure in Fusly 1268 was brought under cultivation this year, and has therefore caused a corresponding deficiency under that head.

39. Remissions on waste were less than those in 1268 as explained below:—

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Decrease.		
	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	Amount of Settlement Rupees.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Waste... ..	1,915	14,725	11,690	1,462	10,226	8,465	453	4,499	3,225
Ploughed but not sown...	206	1,706	1,388	...	...	...	206	1,706	1,388
Total...	2,121	16,431	13,078	1,462	10,226	8,465	659	6,205	4,613

40. This remission was necessarily made on lands left uncultivated from causes over which the ryots had no control. The lands at the extreme points of irrigation under certain Tanks and under the Amravutty channels were not brought under cultivation from want of water, and was therefore exempted from demand for the Fasli under report on a distinct understanding that this indulgence should not be considered a permanent one.

VIII. PARTICULARS OF

REMISSION.

Paras 41 to 49.

41. The particulars of remissions of all description are as follow which show a decrease of Rupees 13,361.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268. Rupees.	Fasli 1269. Rupees.	Net Increase.	Net Decrease.
1 Remission for failure of produce ...	5,327	732	...	4,595
2 „ on 2 crop lands cultivated with 1 crop...	37,762	36,830	...	932
3 „ of $\frac{1}{4}$ th and $\frac{1}{8}$ th to Bramins &c. ...	546	545	...	1
4 Reduction of Assessment... { Dry	35,584	36,920	1,336	...
Wet	76,068	77,355	1,287	...
Garden	99,543	1,01,505	1,962	...
	2,11,195	2,15,780	4,585	...
5 Kowle remission... { Dry	49,772	51,558	1,786	...
Wet... ..	5,798	4,558	...	1,240
Garden	477	355	...	122
	56,047	56,471	424	...
6 Grass remission... { Dry	80,650	75,011	...	5,639
Garden	1,554	1,475	...	79
	82,204	76,486	...	5,718
7 Remission on Gardens re-classed as Poonjah 1st Class but paying ordinary Poonjah Assessment; the maximum rate fixed to be collected eventually	11,018	10,582	...	436
8 Remission on gardens of which the Assessment was reduced by $\frac{1}{4}$ rd now cultivated as Poonjah and paid for accordingly the maximum rent to be paid eventually.	21,981	20,338	...	1,643
9 Nunjah cultivated as Poonjah and Garden produce and paid for as such.	28,666	23,618	...	5,048
Total.....	4,54,746	4,41,382	...	13,364

COIMBATORE.

42. The remissions for failure of produce on wet lands amount to Rupees 732 only, and were really necessary from causes explained in para 40 of this report.

43. The remission on two crop land cultivated with one crop, is an item known to the Board.

44. The usual remission of $\frac{1}{4}$ th and $\frac{1}{8}$ th to Bramins and Mahomedans who cultivate their land with their own stock, remains nearly the same as in 1268. It is now about $\frac{1}{8}$ th of what it was in 1268, and will no doubt disappear in due course.

45. The reduction of assessment shows an increase of 4,585 Rupees, it is a fictitious item and unnecessarily swells the amount of remissions. When waste lands of which the Assessment was reduced are cultivated, they are properly considered as an increase and carried to account accordingly; but the difference between the existing demand and the old rate of taxation is needlessly exhibited in the accounts as remission. It is a revenue given up long ago, and there is no advantage in its retention, and I would therefore repeat my recommendation that it be expunged from the accounts.

46. A large extent of land in heavy Jungles was taken up this year for cultivation on progressive Kowle tenure, which accounts for the increase in Kowle remissions on dry lands. In wet and gardens, there has been a decrease consequent on the transfer, to the head of full rent, of those which were paying a reduced demand according to the terms of the Kowle. The orders of Government regarding the grant of Kowle communicated in the Board's Circular No. 4,078 of the 10th October 1859, are carried out in this District to the utmost practicable extent.

47. In grass remission is a decrease of Rupees 5,718 caused by the cultivation and transfer, to the head of full rent, of pasture lands, which in late years paid a favorable rate of Assessment.

48. Old waste Gardens of which the wells were entirely choked up or out of order, were either re-classed as Poonjah assessed at the highest rate of that class, or had their Assessments reduced by $\frac{1}{4}$ rd; even these modified rates cannot be exacted before the restoration of the wells lying useless, and therefore the lands are permitted to be occupied for the growth of dry grains on payment of the ordinary rate of assessment, the difference between this and the old rate as now modified being shown as a remission, which forms Nos. 7 and 8. This difference will disappear with the restoration of the wells which will, I trust, take place in the course of a few years.

49. With reference to No. 9, I would remark that some wet lands were, from want of water, appropriated* to Poonjah and Garden culture, and were paid for accordingly, and the difference between this payment and the Nunjah rate necessarily forms an item of remission.

IX. PARTICULARS OF SUN-
DRY ITEMS.
Paras. 50 to 64.

50. The revenue derived from Sundry Items in 1269, amount to 1,86,277 or 1,47,158 less than the revenue of last year vide below:—

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

ITEMS,		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.	
1		2	3	4	5	
1	Revenue derived from Hills... ..	192	325	133	...	
2	Fish rent... ..	776	782	6	...	
3	Tax on, and rent and sales of, Palmiras.	12,580	13,010	430	...	
4	Tax on Fruit Trees... ..	1,982	1,949	...	33	
5	Tax on improvement of Inam of Village Sibbendy.	2	103	105	...	
6	Pasturage tax... ..	78,828	70,993	..	7,835	
7	Sales of Sandalwood &c. {	Sales of Sandal wood... ..	6,504	5,470	..	1,034
		Do. of Jungle wood... ..	641	2,383	1,742	...
		Do. of Teak wood... ..	6,469	683	...	5,786
		Forest Revenue... ..	2,03,671	67,029	...	1,36,642
		2,17,285	75,565	...	1,41,720	
8	Jodi or quit rent on Inam... ..	17,100	17,091	...	0	
9	Quit rent on the Neilgherries &c... ..	4,623	5,543	920	9	
10	Quit rent commutation... ..	...	807	807	...	
11	Fees for making out plans... ..	67	104	37	...	
Total.....		21,790	23,545	1,755	...	
Grand Total...		3,33,435	1,86,277	...	1,47,158	

51. The revenue derived from Hills comprises the rent on lands on the Talinjee Hills in Chackragiri Taluk, these lands were not assessed and are rented to various parties. Some ryots of the plains, and others of the scanty and poor Hill Tribes, whom, it has been long an effort, to improve and bring forward. The amount of rent offered has been more this year than last, which accounts for the increase observable. The Sub-Collector has been requested to have the lands roughly measured and assessed with reference to their quality, in view to the discontinuance of the system hitherto observed.

52. The increase in Fish rent is small; produced by competition.

53. The increased sale of unproductive Palmiras on Government land for building purposes, as well as the rent of certain land and trees hitherto unoccupied explains the cause of the increase in item No. 3.

54. The tax on Fruit Trees shows a deficiency of 33 Rupees from the remission of demand on unproductive ones, and on Trees on waste lands taken up for cultivation.

55. The Inam lands of Village Sibbendy, which consisted of dry land, were temporarily converted into wet cultivation by the use of Government water, and hence a Tirwa Jasty was charged as laid down in para. 7 of the notes on the Ryotwar Rules.

56. The deficiency of 7,825 Rupees in pasture has been caused by the cultivation and transfer to the head of full rent, of a proportionate quantity of grass lands.

57. The Sandalwood, which accumulated in Fasli's 1266 and 1267 was sold in last year, whereas the quantity collected in 1268 alone was disposed of in the Fasli under review, which would account for the decrease of 1,034 Rupees.

58. A large supply of Jungle wood was cut this year for building purposes on payment of the prescribed fee, hence the increase.

59. The sales of Teakwood were very limited, and therefore show a diminution of Rupees 5,786.

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60. There is a considerable deficiency in forest revenue produced by the adjustment, in the accounts of last year, of the value of Teak Timber supplied to the Bombay Dockyard during the preceding few years, which has not been the case in the one under report.

61. In quit rent on Inam there is a deficiency of 9 Rupees, for explanation vide para. 33 of this report.

62. The amount of quit rent on buildings and other grounds on the Neilgherries and elsewhere exceeds that of Fasli 1268 in the sum of 920 Rupees; from extended occupancy of land for building purposes. The several stations at which it was levied are indicated in the subjoined Memorandum.

STATIONS.		Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Coimbatore in the Taluk of the same name ..		302	302	...
Metapoliem in Danaikencottah ..		9	9	...
Neilgherries.....	Ootacamund ..	2,906	2,950	44
	Kootagherry ..	379	873	494
	Conoor ..	756	1,109	353
	Wellington ..	271	300	29
		3,312	5,232	920
		4,623	5,513	920

63. A few of the proprietors of landed property on the Neilgherries converted it into free hold by the payment of the prescribed amount under the orders of Government communicated in their Proceedings No. 1,053 of the 5th August 1859, which forms the item No. 10.

64. The fees paid for making out plans of landed properties on the Hills exceed the fees in 1268 by Rupees 37, which requires no explanation.

X. EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS AS SUGAR-CANE INDIGO AND COTTON.
Paras. 65 to 68.

65. The culture of Sugar-cane and Cotton is noted below :—

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.	No. of Acres.	Survey Assessment Rupees.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Sugar-cane...	Dry...	40	57	40	57	..	...	...
	Wet...	1,115	7,946	897	6,987	...	218	959
	Garden...	189	587	677	2,249	488	1,662	...
		1,344	8,590	1,614	9,293	270	703	...
Cotton.....	Dry ..	1,25,647	1,37,987	1,17,908	1,42,334	...	4,347	7,739
	Wet ...	449	3,251	282	2,861	...	...	167
	Garden...	8,615	5,532	1,896	7,058	...	3,719	1,474
		1,31,711	1,49,770	1,20,086	1,52,253	..	2,483	11,625
Indigo.....Dry.....	...	...	8	3	8	3	...	...
Total.....	1,33,055	1,58,360	1,21,708	1,61,549	...	3,189	11,347	...

66. The cultivation of Sugar-cane has increased by 270 acres consequent on an increase in the demand for Jaggery.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

67. The extent of Cotton culture falls short of that of the preceding Fasli by 11,625 acres. It is attributable chiefly to the high price of grain which meets with a ready market and the cultivation of which is more profitable to the grower.

68. Indigo has for the first time been cultivated this year, and Coffee continues to increase as noted marginally.* It is reported that Indigo has failed both from want of rain as well as experience in the process of cultivation.

* Total extent of land for Coffee cultivation 6,500 acres.

XI. ABSTRACT STATEMENT SHOWING THE GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT IN COMPARISON WITH THE PRECEDING YEAR, AND ALSO THE RESULT OF THE REVISION OF ASSESSMENT.

Paras. 69 to 71.

69. An abstract Statement showing the general result of the Land Revenue Settlement for 1269 in comparison with that of 1268 is annexed. The increase in land is Rupees 1,00,788, but this has been more than counterbalanced by a deficiency in Forest revenue and resulted in a net decrease of Rupees 46,370.

ITEMS.	1	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.			Decrease.		
		Number of Acres.	Survey Assess-ment Rupees.	Amount of Set-tlement Rupees.	Number of Acres.	Survey Assess-ment Rupees.	Amount of Set-tlement Rupees.	Number of Acres.	Survey Assess-ment Rupees.	Amount of Set-tlement Rupees.	Number of Acres.	Survey Assess-ment Rupees.	Amount of Set-tlement Rupees.
Dry...	14,12,460	13,18,201	11,41,427	14,93,994	13,91,546	12,17,704	81,534	73,345	76,277	17,745	6,766	1,00,788	1,47,158
Wet...	79,054	6,99,784	5,33,267	78,371	6,93,955	5,51,012	1,58,135	1,828	7,168	1,00,788	1,00,788	1,00,788	1,00,788
Garden...	1,56,307	5,82,412	4,59,280	1,58,135	5,89,580	4,65,046	1,828	7,168	1,828	7,168	1,828	7,168	1,828
Deduct i and g remissions,	16,47,821	26,00,397	21,33,974	17,30,500	26,75,081	22,34,702	82,679	74,684	1,00,788	1,00,788	1,00,788	1,00,788	1,00,788
Net Revenue,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Add ready money collections,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Srotriam Jodi, &c.,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Polipute Peishcash,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

70. The revenue of this year, although less than that of the preceding one as pointed out

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above, is still in excess of the average revenue of the past 10 years by Rupees 1,41,331 this would have been greater had it not been for a succession of bad seasons during the past few years.

* 71. The reduction of assessment on dry and wet lands was too small to lead to any considerable increase whilst the revision of demand as regards garden was made with the object rather of maintaining existing revenue as reported in my previous communications. The following Statement shows the revenue of this year as compared with that of the Fasli preceding that in which the revision has taken place the difference between the two cannot be taken as the increase produced by the revision although it has had its effect to a certain extent. For further explanation, I beg leave to refer to my letters* noted marginally.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Revenue of Fasli 1269 Rs.	Increase Rupees.
	Total Revenue Rupees.	Deduct amount of re-amount of as-amount of as-amount of as-amount of as-	Net Revenue Rupees.		
1	2	3	4	5	6
Dry...	11,01,797	...	11,01,797	11,86,860	85,063
Wet...	5,26,140	...	5,26,140	5,51,012	24,872
Gardens reclassified as Poonjah...	17,995	1,669	16,326	30,844	14,518
Other Gardens...	5,33,297	48,677	4,84,620	4,66,046	1,426
	5,51,292	70,346	4,80,946	4,96,890	15,944
Total...	21,79,229	70,366	21,08,863	22,34,762	1,25,879
Deduct reduction...				...	70,346
Net Increase ..				...	55,533

XII. SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.

Paras. 72 to 75.

72. The revenue derived from Sundry Sources amounts to Rupees 2,13,395 or Rupees 3,263 more than the revenue of the past year as shown in the subjoined Statement :-

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268. Rupees.	Fasli 1269. Rupees.	Net.	
			Increase. Rupees.	Decrease. Rupees.
1	2	3	4	5
Abkari...	1,23,930	1,23,250	...	680
Motarf.				
Tax on trade...	8,409	8,417	88	...
Tax on looms...	16,546	18,805	2,259	...
Tax on professions...	14,560	15,406	446	...
Tax on houses...	8,198	8,336	138	...
Tax on cattle...	4,373	4,235	...	138
Miscellaneous taxes...	3,080	3,271	191	...
Total...	55,566	58,550	2,984	...
Stamp...	30,636	31,595	959	...
Grand Total...	2,10,132	2,13,395	3,263	...

73. The resale of the Abkari Farm of the Kongayam Taluk consequent on the failure of the original Renter to make good the amount of the monthly instalment due to Government, has caused the decrease pointed out.

74. The augmentation of petty trade, the return to their homes of weavers who deserted their Villages in previous years, as well as the establishment of some new looms and shops have produced the increase of Rupees 2,984 under the head of Motarfa. The deficiency in the tax on Cattle is owing to a heavy loss from murrain.

75. In Stamp Revenue is an increase of Rs. 959 arising from increased Law Suits.

XIII. ABSTRACT SHEWING
THE REVENUE FROM BOTH
LAND AND SUNDRY SOURCES
IN COMPARISON WITH
THE PRECEDING FASLI.

76. The following is an abstract showing the Revenue from both the land and Sundry sources in comparison with the preceding Fasli.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268. Rupees.	Fasli 1269. Rupees.	Net.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5
Land Revenue...	21,95,834	24,49,464	...	46,370
Sundry Sources...	2,10,132	2,13,395	3,263	...
	27,05,966	26,62,859	...	43,107
Extra Revenue...	5,976	6,278	302	...
Interest.....	284	184	...	100
Total.....	27,12,226	26,69,321	...	42,905

XIV. REMARKS ON THE
SEVOY JAMAH AND IN-
TEREST.
Paras. 77 and 78.

77. The Emoluments of Village watchers which were carried to account during the period the offices were vacant, and the sale of useless records and of the stones of some old ruined Tanks have produced the increase in the Item of Extra Revenue.

XV. DEMAND, COLLEC-
TION AND BALANCE OF ALL
SOURCES OF CURRENT RE-
VENUE.
Paras. 79 to 81.

78. The decrease in interest has been caused by the punctual realization of Kists, and by the adjustment of the old arrears of advances formerly made for the purchase of Tobacco.

79. An Abstract Statement of the demand collection and balance of all sources of current Revenue is annexed—it would appear that the balance still outstanding is rather small being about 8 annas per cent, for the recovery of which measures have been adopted.

Items.	Demand for Fasli 1269. Rs.	Collection within the Fasli. Rs.	Balance.	Since re- covered to the 31st Aug. 1860.	Still due Rs.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Land.					
Poliput, Peishcush,....	28,020	27,233	787	787	...
Srotriam Jodee, ...	951	951	...	...	...
Ryotwar, ...	24,20,493	23,42,899	77,594	63,905	13,689
	24,49,464	23,74,083	78,381	64,692	13,689
Sundry sources.—Land.					
Abkari, ...	1,23,250	1,13,616	9,604	9,604	...
Motarfa, ...	58,551	51,900	6,651	6,410	241
Stamp, ..	31,595	31,515	...	...	...
	2,13,396	1,97,141	16,255	16,014	241
Extra Revenue, ...	6,278	5,899	379	204	175
Interest, ...	184	184	...	...	...
Total...	26,69,322	25,74,307	95,015	80,910	14,105

Amount of balance outstanding in the Taluks besides Neilgherries, 6,412 0 0 80. I think it neces-

In the Neilgherry Taluk.

Quit rent on the properties of Europeans.

Ootacamund, ...	2,877 5 6
Kotagherry, ...	873 8 9
Coonoor, ...	1,109 4 6
Wellington, ...	199 12 0

Due by Europeans and Patta Lands ... 5,059 14 9

1,032 1 11

6,092 0 0

12,504 0 0

August 1860, No. 1429, and Rupees 1,460-7-11 require to be remitted, thus reducing the balance to be actually collected to Rupees 12,504.*

81. The sum of 1,460-7-11 referred to, is on wet lands under the Nunjah Pugalur Channel in the Caroor Taluk where the crops failed to a considerable extent to the serious loss of the ryots, the absence of timely repair was the cause of this disaster, as will be seen from the accompanying copy of letter from the Sub-Collector. This sum might have been deducted from the demand itself with the previous permission of the Board of Revenue, which in fact was applied for by Mr. Roberts, but as a reference to the Board would have prevented the winding up of the accounts pending the receipt of their instructions and consequently delayed the transmission of the demand, Collection and balance Statement, the amount was necessarily included in the accounts, in view to their eventual remission. Of the sum entered in the Sub-Collector's letter alluded to, 27-3-0 were since recovered, leaving the net amount to be remitted at Rupees 1,460-7-11.

XVI. DEMAND, COLLEC-
TION AND BALANCE OF AR-
REARS.

Paras. 82 to 84.

82. The subjoined Memorandum exhibits the arrears at the commencement of the Fasli under review, the recoveries since made, and the balance yet to be disposed of. Fasliwar particulars are omitted here for the sake of brevity as these details are fully given in Statement No. 13.

Items.	Arrears at the commencement of 1,269.	Collections, &c.			Balance.	Subsequent collections to the 31st August 1860.	Balance.
		Collection.	Remission.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Poliput Peishcush, Srotiam, Jodee, &c....	1,496	1,496	...	1,496	...	...	...
Ryotwar, ...	47	47	...	47	...	...	...
	80,362	76,679	326	77,005	3,357	4	3,353
	81,905	78,222	326	78,548	3,357	4	3,353
Abkari, ...	12,139	9,496	...	9,496	2,643	...	2,643
Motarfa, ...	7,175	7,005	112	7,117	58	2	56
	19,314	16,501	112	16,613	2,701	2	2,699
Extra Revenue, ...	538	410	...	410	128	3	125
Total...	1,01,757	95,133	438	95,571	6,186	9	6,177

Arrears outstanding in the Taluks besides Neilgherries..... 3,127 3 2

Quit rent on the properties of Europeans.
Ootacamund, ... 510 4 10
Kootagherry, ... 49 3 10
Conoor, ... 536 6 3
Wellington, ... 256 13 2

Due by Europeans on Patta lands 1,376 12 1
1,474 9 6

Due by Natives... 2,851 5 7
90 2 3

Motarfa, &c., outstanding in the Neilgherry Taluk,..... 2,941 7 10
103 9 10

6,177 4 10*

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are now transferred to the head doubtful as the defaulters are dead, and further enquiries are necessary, and that Rupees 500-7-10 considered doubtful have since been deemed hopeless and classed accordingly.

XVII. RECOMMENDATION IN REGARD TO THE IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS FOR REMISSION.

85. This sum is due by the late Renter of the Abkari Farm of Pulladom, it has been since resold and purchased by another individual, the defaulter having been unable to pay the amount, it was recommended to be struck off, and I now beg to repeat the recommendation in order that this item may be finally disposed of.

ITEM	Fasli.	Due by parties dead.	Due by parties who deserted their villages.	Due by parties in reduced circumstances.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Abkari.....	1266	...	...	116 3 0	116 3 0
	1267	...	...	784 4 10	784 4 10
Total...	...	...	...	900 7 10	900 7 10

86. The arrears of land Revenue and Motarfa the remission of which was sanctioned by Government, amounted to Rupees 450-6-6 of which 12-9-2/3 having since been realized, the residue viz. 437-13-4 was only struck off the accounts. In para. 14 of their Circular (Section VI) the Board direct that the collections which may have been made subsequent to the recommendation for remission should be brought to account under the head of "Extra Revenue" but in the present instance this was not done through oversight. Care will be taken to avoid a similar omission in future.

87. So far as regards the Taluks under the charge of myself and of my Assistants, no coercive process was employed in the collection of Revenue. Extreme measures are not adopted in this District and the exceptions to this general rule are very few. The Sub-Collector states that for the arrears of the present Fasli, no property has yet been sold though some is now under distraint and attachment. Every effort will be made to avoid the sale of it as far as practicable. The whole Revenue of this District has been for many years, with very trifling exception, realized without sales. A fact in itself satisfactory and creditable both to Government and the people.

XX. CHARGES.

Paras. 88 to 92.

88. The charges appertaining to the year under consideration are given below, they exhibit a decrease of Rupees 11,321 below those of Fasli 1268 or about 5 per cent.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Net Increase.	Net Decrease.
1 Collector's Salaries...	59,321	59,463	142	...
2 Huzoor and District Establishment...	1,43,685	1,28,862	...	14,823
3 Saderward...	4,092	4,081	...	11
4 Extra Charges...	21,018	24,389	3,371	...
Total.....	2,28,116	2,16,795	...	11,321

Entry in Statement No. 2. ...	52,806	14	0
Add adjustment since made under orders of the Accountant General...	5,660	4	8
Refunds. ...	388	14	3
Deputation allowance. ...	606	7	3
	59,462	8	2
Or in round figures...	59,463	0	0

89. The increase in Collector's Salaries is too small to require notice, this entry differs from that in the Comparative Statement of charges No. 2, submitted to the Board with the demand, Collection and balance Statement for June 1860, the cause of which is explained in the margin.

90. In the charges for Huzoor and District Establishment, there is a deficit of Rs. 14,823 arising from payments having been made only for 11 months instead of 12 as in 1268, the Salary Bill for May 1860, not having been audited and returned in time to admit of the disbursement within the Fasli, this item also varies with the amount shown in the Statement referred to in the preceding para. from the fact that in the one the refunds and the pay of Forest Establishment are included; whereas these are excluded from the other.

91. The decrease in Saderward charges is insignificant, being only Rupees 11.

Charges as shown in Statement No. 2...	14,740	14	0
Refunds...	21	6	9
Adjustment since made...	336	12	6
Tent allowance...	4,959	9	10
Stamp charges...	3,656	12	6
Medical Revenue charges...	673	10	7
	24,389	2	2

92. The extra revenue charges show an increase of Rupees 3,371 and are composed of the different sums noted in the margin, the increase has been occasioned from the adjustment in the accounts of the expenditure incurred in capturing Elephants in 1857, for

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

XXI. WORKING OF THE
NEW SYSTEM OF VILLAGE
AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.

93. The new forms of Village and Talook accounts have been introduced throughout the whole District and are attended to accordingly. These accounts appear generally well adopted and on this subject I beg to refer to Mr. Cherry's letter No. 13, dated 21st January 1859.

XXII. BRIEF REFERENCE
TO THE REGISTER OF
LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUB-
LIC SERVANTS.

94. A concise abstract shewing the extent of land acquired by Public Servants in this year is annexed as compared with the last; the details thereof being given in No. 15. The only questionable case is that of the land held by the Tahsildar of Dhara-
puram which will be enquired into and disposed of.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.			Fasli 1269.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	No. of Acres.	Assessment Rs.	Settlement Rs.	No. of Acres.	Assessment Rs.	Settlement Rs.	No. of Acres.	Assessment Rs.	Settlement Rs.	No. of Acres.	Assessment Rs.	Settlement Rs.
Poonjah	17	23	22	48	47	27	31	24	5	..	..	..
Nunjah	27	224	224	13	108	87	..	..	..	14	116	137
Garden	5	24	23	5	17	17	..	..	..	..	7	6
	49	271	269	66	172	131	17	..	..	..	99	138

XXIII. SUB-COL-
LECTOR'S REPORT.

95. The report of the Sub-Collector on the Settlement of the Taluks under his charge is transmitted herewith.

XXIV. REMARKS ON THE
CONDUCT OF SUBORDINATE
OFFICERS.

96. I need scarcely say that from Mr. Roberts, I have received cordial and efficient co-operation, on all points, and I may fairly add the same of the Head Assistant and Assistant Collectors Mr. Carr and Mr. Irvine. The Deputy Collector Cooppa Rao conducts carefully and creditably the Cash, Press and Dawk Departments giving me other occasional assistance. The other (new) Deputy Devasikamany Pillay joined the District in August last, and seems to have actively entered on his duty.

(Signed) S. B. THOMAS,
(Collector.)

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(Signed) E. B. THOMAS,
Collector.

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

N. B.—This report is divided into Paras. cor- responding with number of Headings furnished by the Board.

Fasli 1268.....	6,99,355	11	8
" 1269.....	7,19,036	4	4
..... Increase...	28,680	8	8
Average settlement of last 10 years	7,17,376	11	3
Increase	1,659	9	1

I have the honor to submit the Jamma- bundy report and Statements of the Sub-division for Fasli 1269, from which you will observe an increase of Rs. 28,680-8-8 upon beriz of the past Fasli and of Rupees 1,659-9-1 on average of past 10 years.

VILLAGES AT WHICH THE
SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.

The settlement of the Kangayam Taluk was conducted at Kangayam by Mr. Carr during my absence (from 7th November to 31st March) as Acting Postmaster General, and that of the 3 other Taluks, at their respective Kusbas, by myself.

2. The villages and Hamlets of the Sub-division, 255 and 1801 in number, remain with- out alteration as last year, and are wholly ryotwary. The 13 villages and 68 Hamlets belonging to the several Poliputs in Sub-division (one in the Caroor Taluk and 5 in Chakkaragiri) also remain unchanged.

By Statement below given you will perceive the whole number of pattas both Ayen and Motarfa in each of the 4 Taluks of Sub-division, also how many were confirmed without alteration and how many distributed.

Those not requiring alteration were simply confirmed and only new ones given when holdings were enlarged or decreased. This has been the practice, I am informed, of the District for some 8 years past and has never met with any objection or opposition.

Taluks.	Total number of Pattas.			Number of Pattas without alteration.			Number of Pattas distributed.		
	Ayen.	Motarfa.	Total.	Ayen.	Motarfa.	Total.	Ayen.	Motarfa.	Total.
Dharapuram,	9,367	2,336	11,703	7,438	2,030	9,468	1,929	306	2,235
Kangayam,	11,574	2,007	13,581	9,772	1,631	11,403	1,802	376	2,178
Caroor,	18,135	4,076	22,211	15,175	3,489	18,664	2,960	587	3,547
Chakkaragiri,	11,558	4,036	15,594	9,412	3,368	12,780	2,146	668	2,814
Total ..	50,634	12,455	63,089	41,797	10,518	52,315	8,837	1,937	10,774

3. Although during the usual monsoon seasons of 1269 there was not the usual nor a sufficient fall of rain, still the showers which occurred at intervals while the land was under cultivation enabled the ryots to cultivate to a certain extent, more largely than of late years. But as rain failed just before harvest

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

time, in the greater part of Chakkaragiri and Kongayam Taluks the Poonjah crops realized were perhaps on an average one quarter short, while there were but half crops in Taluks of Caroor and Dharapuram. In garden lands the ryots succeeded in realizing fair average crops. With regard to the Wet cultivation of the 4 Taluks, the Ambiravati furnishes our principal supply of water, and in the three Taluks of Chakkaragiri, Dharapuram and Kongayam which it reaches earliest, there was no deficiency, so that full average crops were gathered: but in the Caroor Taluk, the last supplied, the water fell short, and as there was, moreover, less rain here than in any of the other Taluks, the wet cultivation suffered accordingly, in some places returning but three quarters or half crops, in some so low as quarter or one eighth crops, while for the same reason other crops withered altogether, and other land was left waste it being impossible to bring it under cultivation at all. The Cavery furnishes water for but a few villages, in Caroor Taluk of the Sub-division. This cultivation depends upon three channels and was fully successful under the two supplying Vangaland Nerur where full crops were harvested, but I regret to say that owing to the very defective state of the Nunjah, Pugalur channel, the crops dependent on it have in a great measure failed, and the ryots have suffered considerable loss. The clearing and charge of this channel is, you are aware, in the hands of the Department of Public Works, and as I have fully stated my opinion as to responsibility of those to whom the above heavy losses may be traced, in my letter to you No. 52 of the 26th June, it is needless for me further to discuss the matter here; I would therefore beg leave to refer you to the letter in question, together with Statement accompanying it, and would now merely repeat my request that you will be good enough to recommend to the Board to sanction the remission of Rupees 1,487-10-11, to the five villages which have suffered, and which I have urged for the reasons stated in detail in my letter. The Tasildar has been instructed to withhold the collection of this amount till further orders. The supply of water to the various tanks has not fallen short in the Chakkaragiri Taluk, where the greater number of them are situated, so that the cultivation under them has this year been seemingly quite successful. But, for want of rain, the tanks in Caroor Taluk did not fill during the Season and all land dependent on them remained waste, excepting where there was the additional aid of wells. By the subjoined Rain-table it will be seen that the fall of rain during the year was both partial and insufficient.

Months.	Dharapuram 41 Villages.		Kongayam 42 Villages.		Caroor 83 Villages.		Chakkaragiri 89 Villages.	
	No. of villages in which ploughing rain fell.	No. of Measures falling in each month.	No. of villages in which ploughing rain fell.	No. of Measures falling in each month.	No. of villages in which ploughing rain fell.	No. of Measures falling in each month.	No. of villages in which ploughing rain fell.	No. of Measures falling in each month.
April.	41	5 3/4	42	5 1/2	82	11	89	7 1/2
May.	34	4 1/4	25	4 1/4	54	6 1/4	21	1 1/4
June.	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
July.	32	1	8	1 1/4	32	...	40	...
August.	40	2 1/4	41	6 1/2	42	12 1/4	...	...
September.	18	1 4/4	41	3 60	72	4 88	89	2 80
October.	8	...	...	...	41	...	89	...
November.	41	5 61	42	5 50	3	6 41	89	2 10
December.	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
January.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
February.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
March.	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

COIMBATORE.

23

SANITARY STATE OF SUB-DIVISION.

VACCINATION.

I am grateful to state that with exception of 16 deaths in Caroor Taluk from Cholera, no virulent disease has attacked any other portion of the Sub-division, so that I am enabled to report very favorably on sanitary condition of the people during past year. The valuable Services of Government vaccinators are becoming more and more appreciated among all classes, and I have endeavored to ensure the co-operation of the village Moneagars on this point. They are occasionally reported as holding back and affording no assistance, while they again bring counter charges against the vaccinators. I would respectfully take the opportunity to mention that until a higher rate of pay than 7 Rs. monthly is granted to the vaccinators, it can scarcely be expected that the needful amount of care and energy will be devoted to their business. No accounts are furnished to this Office, so that I am unable to state how many have been vaccinated during past Fasli.

PRICES OF GRAIN.

4. On comparing, see Statement given below, the prices of grain during Faslis 68 and 69, it will be observed that though prices during Fasli under report have fallen below those of the previous Fasli, they are still far beyond what are usual in a favorable season. The rates here given are prepared from daily accounts of selling prices at the Kasba and other principal towns in the Division, which accounts are made up by Taluk servants and carefully checked by the Tasildars. No. 2, Statement will show how far present prices exceed those of original survey.

Names of grains.	Price of Fasli 1268 per garce.			Price of Fasli 1269 per garce.			Comparison.	
							Increase.	Decrease.
Paddy	196	1	4	171	8	9	...	24 8 7
Cholam	234	1	6	158	14	6	...	75 3 0
Cambu	181	6	0	134	15	7	...	46 6 5
Ragi	183	5	9	129	14	6	...	53 7 3
Horse gram	243	14	2	149	13	8	...	94 0 6

RYOTS' HOLDINGS.

5. Putcat lands assessed at Rupees 3,680-12-4 have been given up during present Fasli principally owing to the, of late years habitual, failure of rain and also to poverty or because the land itself had greatly deteriorated and been exhausted by too frequent Crops, on the other hand, land assessed at Rupees 28,876-11-6, has been taken up on Durkhast, or in some cases in lieu of impoverished land given up. The particulars of above are furnished in enclosure B. of Statement No 3, which accompanies.

ACTUAL CULTIVATION.

6. The actual cultivation of present Fasli is also detailed in above mentioned Enclosure B.

WASTE CHARGED AND REMITTED.

7. Enclosure C. of same Statement gives amount of remissions allowed for waste Land during the late Jammabundy; each case was investigated by itself, no such remission being granted where lands were either carelessly or wilfully left waste, but only when proved, or good reason to believe, that there was no fault on part of the ryots and that rain, or other water, had failed.

PARTICULARS OF REMISSIONS.

8. A few brief remarks are here added in explanation of certain items entered in Statement No. 4.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

1st. As to item of "Fixed Remissions" this includes cases where the usual tarum has been lowered, on sanction received, and the excess of Rupees 1,869-9-3 during present Fasli is the amount remitted on certain lands which have come into cultivation during present year on reduced tarums.

2nd. Rupees 351 have been remitted on wet lands where the crops have failed, as proved after careful enquiry and inspection of withered crops, for want of water and from no fault of the roots.

3rd. Rupees 4,363-6-7 have been remitted as usual on Bhoganashtam, where one crop only has been realized from 2 crop land, and tax on 2nd crop consequently returned.

4th. As 'Kowle Remission' are entered amounts excused according to the terms of existing Progressive Kowles, after deducting payment of amount of tax leviable, the total being Rupees 2,094-5-6.

5th. Rupees 51,323-5-2 are entered as 'Tirwah Cummi', and represent amount excused on land allowed to be held by ryots as Panjomhissa i. e. on one-fourth tax for pasture; also that on garden land taxed only Poonjah, and on wet land taxed either as garden or Poonjah, in each case deducting the sums due and paid (viz. 25 per cent.) on such land, which have been duly brought to account.

6th. Rupees 1,410-8-8 have been remitted on account of Nunjah waste i. e. lands held by ryots on Patta, which from no fault on their part, but actually from failure of water, &c., have not been cultivated.

9. These are also detailed in Statement No. 4. Rupees 133 is an increase on the bidding by Malasars for the cultivation in villages at foot of Animalies, and an increase from tax on trees of Rupees 26-1-0 arises from some few young trees on waste Peramboke lands having come into bearing, and a tax, being for first time levied on trees situated on lands hitherto cultivated but now left waste.

2nd. There is a decrease of Rupees 2,695-7-4 on Paravupillu or Paravugrass rent, much of such land having been brought into cultivation and some few fields having been relinquished.

3rd. The Jodigi Rents on Inam lands and the contract for fish in tanks remain the same as last year.

SUGAR-CANE CULTIVATION. 10. Two comparative Statements of Sugar-cane and Cotton cultivation during past and present Faslis are subjoined. As to former, in the Chakkaragiri Taluk, where there was no deficiency of water, 113-5-2 Acres more than during past year were cultivated, but in Caroor Taluk there was a decrease of Acres 203-10-0 and of 4-5-3 Acres in Dharapuram Taluk. In the Caroor Taluk especially owing to paucity of water in Ambiravati, to failure of rain; and the high price of paddy, there was a prospect of realizing almost as much profit on rice as on Sugar-cane, and without nearly as much trouble, and the Sugar-cane cultivation has decreased accordingly. The decrease in Dharapuram Taluk is too small to require special comment. As to Cotton: there an increase in the Caroor and a falling off in Dharapuram and Chakkaragiri owing to a fall of rain during past year and the ryots cultivating only according to their convenience. With the exception of one village in the Caroor Taluk where there are 7-10-1 Acres there is no cultivation of Indigo in the Sub-division.

COTTON. Statement of country Sugar-cane cultivation.

INDIGO.

TALUK.	Fasli 1268. Acres.	Fasli 1269. Acres.	Increase Acres.	Decrease Acres.
Dharapuram	1214 2	8 3	113 0 0	4 5 3
Chakkaragiri	4514 0	159 3 2	0 5 2	...
Caroor	261 9 2	57 13 2	...	203 10 0
Kangayam	...	...	...	...
	320 6 0	225 11 3	113 5 2	207 15 3

Cotton Cultivation Statement.

TALUKS.	Indian or country Cotton.		American Cotton.	
	Fasli 1268 Acres.	Fasli 1269 Acres.	Fasli 1268 Acres.	Fasli 1269 Acres.
Dharapuram,	4,557 3 0	4,155 1 0	...	...
Kangayam,	1,494 0 2	1,541 1 1	20,963 14 1	25,095 14 1
Caroor,	7,227 13 3	8,389 1 3	...	...
Chakkaragiri,	20,546 15 1	17,629 3 1	...	...
Total	33,826 0 2	31,714 7 1	20,963 14 1	25,095 14 1
Increase	...	...	...	4,132 0 0
Decrease	...	2,111 9 1	...	...

GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT. 11. The abstract Statement subjoined gives general result of land Revenue Settlement in comparison with last year.

1st. It will be observed that there is an increase on 3 Items of Wet, Dry and Garden cultivation to extent of Rs. 31,413-1-2, which is owing, especially, to grass land having been brought into cultivation, and more land taken up on Durkhast.

2nd. There is on the whole an increase on receipts from Kowles, owing to some new Kowles having been granted and others now paying higher rates; while the decrease exhibited arises from some Kowles now having reached maturity and such payments being entered in the regular Ayen accounts. Again in the three Taluks of Dharapuram Chakkaragiri and Caroor 3 holders of Kowles have abandoned their lands, either from death, poverty or desertion. From this cause Poonjah Acres 76-7-0 and 2-9-0 Acres of Nunjah, which latter had moreover been rendered worthless by a sand-drift, have been left waste: in all acres 79. On full enquiry it was found impossible to realize the contract tax on above, and these Kowles being therefore cancelled led to a portion of decrease in question.

3rd. Rupees 233-6-11 is also shown as a decrease owing to a further extent of Panjam Hissa or Ayen grass land being brought into cultivation.

4th. On Nunjah land held on Poonjah or on garden tax, and on garden land held on Poonjah tax there is a decrease of Rupees 655-3-7 owing to some portions of such land being now held on full tax.

5th. The remission for Nunjah Shavi has been explained in 2nd part of 8th Para.

6th. The 9th Para. explains particulars of sundry items.

7th. There has been no alteration of tarums in Sub-division during present Fasli.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Acres.	Settlement. Rs. A.P.	Acres.	Settlement. Rs. A.P.	Acres.	Settlement. Rs. A.P.	Acres.	Settlement. Rs. A.P.
Poonjah, ...	3,03,986	4 3 3,03,833	4 3 3,24,497	8 7 20,571	26,604	0 0 4,296	...	...
Garden, ...	36,018	7 0 1,24,981	37,472	2 0 1,29,271	1,453	11 0 4,296	...	...
Nunjah, ...	24,911	7 3 1,82,241	26,077	7 0 1,88,786	1,165	15 1 6,515	...	...
Total...	4,54,916	3 2 6,11,058	4,84,139	13 5 6,42,471	29,223	10 1 31,413	...	...
Poonjah, ...	2,502	10 3 623	9 1 1,063	15 11 3,711	1,031	14 2 440	...	...
Garden, ...	28,15	1 42 6 7	26,13	3 37 11 2	...	...	...	...
Nunjah, ...	103	14 2 134	90	9 1 158	...	...	...	...
Total...	2,635	8 2 800	3,032	2 1 1,259	...	...	...	...
Poonjah, ...	70,918	14 2 13,057	7 0 12,153	1 5 285	...	...	...	...
Garden, ...	306	2 1 305	2 3 285	15 11 ...	...	...	...	...
Total...	71,225	0 3 13,392	8 3 12,439	1 4 ...	...	...	...	...
Nunjahland paying Poonjah and Garden rent, Bag Poonjah, Remission for Nunjah Shavi, ...	859	10 3 1,339	13 11 1,028	11 9 3,724	...	...	...	...
Poonjah, ...	4,205	14 2 4,977	6 3 3,817	2 11 ...	...	...	...	...
Garden, ...	239	5 3 ...	50 15 3 ...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	4,67,407	14 0 3,17,546	12 5 4,89,888	5 0 3,37,024	9 11 22,480	7 0 20,077	13 6 3,919	0 3 6,267
Sundry sources of Revenue, ...	5,34,081	11 8 6,30,659	5 5 5,58,427	8 1 43,830	24,355	12 2 30,264	1 5 30,264	1 5 30,264
Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Net increase...27,778 9 4

12. The entries in Statement given below (after para. 13), of revenue from Abkari and stamp duties are based, as to former, on amount of the contract and as to the latter on proceeds of sales. The increase of Rupees 952-13-7 on Motarfa is a regular increase in number of weavers and other trades. Statement No. 8 furnishes particulars of the same.

LAND REVENUE AND
SUNDY SOURCES COMPARED
WITH LAST YEAR.

13. The annexed Abstract Statement shows the revenue from both land and sundry sources as compared with that of the past year.

ITEMS.	Beriz of Fasli 1268.		Beriz of Fasli 1269.		Comparison.	
					Increase.	Decrease.
Land Revenue. ...	6,77,025	15 7	7,04,755	10 8	27,727	11 1
Motarfa, ...	13,329	12 1	14,282	9 8	952	13 7
Poliput, ...	9,160	4 10	9,160	4 10	...	...
Abkari, ...	18,350	0 0	17,678	0 0	...	680 0 0
Stamp, ...	6,347	0 0	6,606	0 0	259	0 0
Sivoy Jumma, ...	3,039	13 5	2,558	14 1	...	480 13 4
	7,27,252	13 11	7,55,031	7 3	28,939	8 8
					1,160	15 4

Net Increase...27,778 9 4

Sevoy Jumma.

14. Statement No. 9 shows particulars of Extra Revenue and Interest. The principal items are Rs. 1,140-15-6 for Sevoy Jumma of land revenue, and Rs. 1,034-2-11, fines to Revenue servants: the former is owing to concealed cultivation being brought to light, and partly to some accidental omissions from Jummaabundy accounts, and the latter to carelessness of Peons and village servants. The other items are trifling and of ordinary occurrence.

15. Below is given a Statement of Demand, Collection and Balance of Current Revenue. In the Dhārapuram Taluk alone was the full demand collected within the Fasli, for which the Tasildar deserves commendation. The only balance now existing in Chakkaragiri Taluk is a portion of the Malasar contract, and orders have been given to use every exertion in collecting the balances of Caroor and Kāngayam Taluks, always excepting the sum of Rupees* 1,487-10-11, mentioned in Para. 3, and recommended for remission.

Names of the Taluks.	Settlement of Fasli 1269.	Collection within the end of Fasli.	Balance.	Subsequent Collection.	Balance.
Dharaparam, ...	1,53,803	13 10	1,53,803	13 10	...
Kāngayam, ...	1,28,423	15 0	1,20,270	14 7	2,153 0 5
Caroor, ...	2,28,126	2 9	2,14,420	7 9	13,705 11 0
Chakkaragiri, ...	1,94,399	11 1	1,91,270	4 11	3,129 6 2
Total...	7,04,753	10 3	6,85,765	9 1	18,988 1 7
Poliput Peishenshi...	9,160	4 10	8,872	12 10	787 8 0
Total...	7,13,913	15 6	6,94,183	5 11	19,775 9 7
Motarfa, ...	11,282	9 8	12,171	9 3	1,111 0 5
					943 0 5
					168 0 0

16. Demand Collection and Balance of arrears are given in accompanying Statement.

D. C & B. OF ARREARS.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF COIMBATORE.

Items.	Fasli.	Balance up to Fasli 1268.	Collection during Fasli 1269.	Balance.	Subsequent Collection.	Remission.	Total.	Balance recoverable.
Ayen.	1266 ...	14 15 8	...	14 15 8	...	14 15 8	14 15 8	...
	1267 ...	166 5 11	...	158 12 2	...	7 5 2	7 5 2	151 7 1
	1268 ...	10,715 8 4	10,624 1 8	91 6 8	...	...	...	91 6 8
		10,896 13 11	10,631 11 4	265 2 7	...	22 4 10	22 4 10	242 13 9
Notarfa.	1267 ...	3 4 11	...	3 4 11	...	3 4 11	3 4 11	...
	1268 ...	532 0 4	521 0 0	11 0 4	2 3 5	...	2 3 5	8 12 11
		535 5 3	521 0 0	14 5 3	2 3 5	3 4 11	5 8 4	8 12 11

251-10 8

17. The Tasildars of Kangayam and Caroor have also received fresh and strict orders on immediate collection of above balance.

COERCION IN COLLECTING REVENUE.

18. The moveable property of three ryots in Caroor Taluk and one in Kangayam was distrained and sold, to amount of Rupees 69-9-10, for arrears of Fasli 68. For arrears of present Fasli, no property has yet been sold, though some is now under distraint and attachment.

CHARGES.

19. The head of Charges pertains more especially to your own office.

WORKING OF NEW ACCOUNTS.

20. I hear no complaints of new system of Taluk and Village accounts, which appear to work very well and to supply all needful information.

LAND ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.

21. The Dhárápúram Tasildar Venkatasubaya, reports the purchase by him, for Rupees 25, of garden land 1-14-2 Acres, and of 7-10-1 Acres of Peonjah in village of chittarávutām páliam, which purchase has been made and entered in the name of his son Venkat Ráu.

SUB-ORDINATE OFFICERS.

22. I have the pleasure again to bear testimony to the worth and good services of the Sub-division Sarristadar Annaji, Rau, who appears to enjoy the confidence of the people.

Udumalakottah,
Sub-Collectors Office 1st Sept. 1860.

(Signed) C. A. ROBERTS,
Sub-Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT
OF
SALEM.

I have the honor to transmit the usual Settlement Report for Fasli 1269—1859-60 with the prescribed accounts.

SETTLEMENT.

* Attur.
Salem.
Razipur.
Umair.
and Taggarekatta.

+ Tirupatur.

VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.

2. With reference to the standing orders of the Board, dated the 3d October 1853, the Settlement of the Sub-Division was made on this occasion by Mr. Knox, who also settled four of his own Taluks. The Sub-Collector, Mr. Smith, settled five of the Taluks belonging to the Collector's Division, and the Deputy Collector, Goolam Russool Saib, the remaining one.†

3. A few villages belonging to be Denkenkotta Taluk were settled at Usúr, owing to some of the Ryots having failed to attend at the time of Settlement. The other Taluks were each settled at places within the Taluks.

NUMBER AND TENURE OF VILLAGES.

4. The total number of villages was 2,709. The total number of Land Revenue pattas distributed was 1,36,641. The number of unrenewed pattas was 45,026. The number of pattas distributed on account of Motarfa was 5,622. The number unrenewed was 32,609. Pattas were unrenewed in so many cases consequent on the general reduction made on all the higher classes of land. The Ryots are satisfied to retain the old patta when no change is made in the holding.

5. In conformity with the Board's Proceedings under date the 9th November 1859, No. 4577, the four villages noted in the margin have been transferred from the Kistnagiri Taluk, to make the limits of the two Taluks more compact.

SEASON.

6. The season, on the whole, proved less favorable than that of the past year. Heavy rains fell during the months of July and August. In September and October the falls were partial only. From November to the close of the Fasli there was little or no rain. The tanks received a fair supply in the months of July and August, but not an adequate supply to meet the wants of the year. The fall of rain throughout the year is shown in the margin.*

	Inches	Tenths	hund-
			redths.
1859 July.....	1	4	0
" August....	0	3	9
" September..	0	2	3
" October....	1	1	2
" November..	0	2	4
" December..	0	0	1
1860 January..	0	0	0
" February...	0	0	0
" March.....	0	6	0
" April.....	0	0	4
" May.....	0	3	3
" June.....	1	4	0

SANITARY STATE.

8. Choleŕa prevailed to some extent in the Taluks of Salem Razipur, Tirupatur, Dharmapuri, and Namakkal, in the months of May and June. Fever and ague were prevalent during the year through the greater portion of the District. The cattle suffered from sickness to some extent.

SETTLEMENT REPORT.

VACCINATION.

9. The total number of persons vaccinated during the year was 17,937.* Of this number, 15,158 were said to be successful and 2,779 unsuccessful.

PRICES OF GRAIN.

10. There was a partial fall in prices compared with the past year. This is ascribed to some decrease in the demand from neighbouring Districts, and to a large importation of grain from other Districts. The following Table shows the price of some of the staple products compared with the past year.

SPECIES.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.	se.
1	2		3		4	5
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	Rs.
Paddy 1st sort ...	195	6 6	160	13 2	...	34
Do. 2nd do. ...	173	4 9	143	8 8	...	30
Cholam or Jonnaloo ...	229	8 8	181	2 6	...	48
Cumboo ...	201	1 6	163	1 11	...	38
Horsegram ...	232	7 8	171	9 2	...	60
Raggy ...	210	15 11	169	10 7	...	41
Varagoo ...	132	5 11	105	3 4	...	27

RYOTS HOLDING.

11. The quantity of occupied land at the commencement of the Fasli was acres 9,24,599, assessed at Rupees 17,53,701-12-0, inclusive of permanent remission, and remissions on "waste charged." The land thrown up by the Ryots during the Fasli was acres 26,096, assessed at Rupees 36,614-12-3. The remaining land was acres 8,98,503, assessed at Rupees 17,17,086-15-9. The lands taken up afresh during the Fasli was acres 79,720, bearing an Assessment of Rupees 1,40,644-5-5, showing a decrease compared with the past year of acres 254 assessed at Rupees 7,055-3-8.

In the preceding year.
Fresh land Acres 79,974
Assessment Rs. 1,47,699

12. The total holding of the Ryots during the Fasli amounted to acres 9,78,223, assessed at Rupees 18,57,731-5-2. Of this, acres 10,575, assessed at Rupees 62,636-13-4, constitute the item showed in enclosure B to Statement No. 3 as "waste remitted;" and acres 17,029, assessed at Rupees 18,109-12-3 as "waste charged."

ACTUAL CULTIVATION.

13. The extent of actual cultivation was acres 9,50,619, assessed at Rupees 17,76,984-11-7. If to this be added acres 17,029, assessed at Rupees 18,109-12-3, on account of "waste charged," the total amounts to acres 9,67,648, assessed at Rupees 17,95,094-9-10, after deducting Rupees 23,222-12-2, the amount of partial remissions on lands entered under the head of "waste charged," and included in the Assessment column (No. 9.) opposite to item "waste remitted."

WASTE CHARGED AND
WASTE REMITTED.

14. The uncultivated extent of land left waste was acres 23,445, assessed at Rupees 52,255-7-10, of which acres 17,029, assessed at Rupees 41,332-8-5, left waste from want of rain, was charged to the Ryots and included in their pattas, exclusive of partial remissions to the extent of Rupees 23,222-12-2; which shows an increase under this item of "remissions" of Rupees 5,734, compared with the same item in the preceding year.

15. The extent of waste remitted and removed from the Pattas was acres 6,416, assessed at Rupees 10,922-15-5, as shown in the note to Enclosure B, Statement No. 3.

PARTICULARS OF REMISSIONS.

16. The remissions for the year under review amount to Rupees 3,98,180-13-4. Of this the fixed remission was Rupees 3,68,921-7-2, and the occasional remission, Rupees 29,256-6-3, the particulars of which two items are as follows:—

* ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
1	2		3		4		5	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
OCCASIONAL REMISSIONS.								
At 12½ per cent. on Poonjah,	69,636	4 10	...	...	...	...	69,636	4 10
Shavi (Nanjah) Paney Roadthy, Boganusty Inundation.....	2,351	7 1	5,929	4 5	3,577	13 4	...	...
A reduction of 12½ per cent. on Poonjah lands of the Usur Taluk for short crop.....	4,988	4 5	104	5 8	...	...	5,088	14 9
Khaboolat Banjar.....	17,458	6 4	23,222	12 2	5,764	5 10	...	...
Total.....	93,544	6 8	29,256	6 3	...	...	64,288	0 5
FIXED REMISSIONS.								
Kowle Remissions.....	88,376	2 0	89,540	6 1	...	...	23,835	11 11
General reduction in Assessment.....	41,362	8 2	1,37,839	14 3	1,46,471	6 1	...	...
Subandy, &c.....	1,23,529	14 2	1,21,544	2 10	...	...	2,260	11 4
Total.....	3,47,113	15 0	3,58,180	13 5	51,066	14 5	...	...

17. In this abstract there is a decrease of Rupees 64,288-0-5, under the head of Occasional Remissions, and an increase of Rupees 1,15,351-14-10, under the head of Fixed Remissions. The increase is chiefly owing to a general reduction in the Assessment, amounting to Rupees 1,37,839-14-3. The decrease represents the temporary remission of 12½ per cent. granted last year on dry land to the extent of Rupees 69,636-4-10. The decrease of Rupees 26,394-6-3 is owing to the recent restriction laid on the grant of land on Kowle tenure, under the orders of Government dated 11th May 1859.

18. The decrease of Rupees 800-15-7, under the head of "Sookavasey" is owing to the orders of Government abolishing the remissions hitherto granted to Bramins and Mahomedans under this head.

19. The remissions under the head of "Khaboolat Banjar" amount to Rs. 23,222-12-2 which is an increase of Rs. 5,734-5-10 above the same remission in the past year. This increase was chiefly on account of Nanjah lands left waste for want of water. This want of water was owing entirely to natural causes.

20. The remissions granted for Shavi amounted to Rupees 5,641-11-1, showing an increase of Rupees 3,650-3-9 above that of the past Fasli. The remissions under this head, which did not in any case exceed 62½ per cent, were regulated on the principle laid down in the Board's Proceedings dated 8th August 1859, No. 3061, Para. 3.

SETTLEMENT REPORT.

SUNDRY ITEMS.

21. The Revenue, under the head of Sundry Items amounted to Rupees 95,044-5-7, which shows an increase of Rupees 371-9-2 compared with the same item in the last Fasli.

22. The decrease, under the head of Enam Jodi, was owing to certain Enams having reverted to Government. The large decrease under the head of Palmira trees was owing to a recent order* exempting Palmira trees situated in Ryots' holdings and included in their Pattas, from any tax. The entire decrease under the respective heads of "Grazing Tax on Cattle, Battagay, Royapalloovary or rents on pasture land," is owing to those sources of revenue having been abolished under the orders of Government, conveyed in Extract Minutes of Consultation, dated 27th March, 1858.

23. A sum of Rupees 1,951-14-6 was shown in last year's return under the head of "certain resumed emoluments." This item, which was referred to in para. 16 of the last year's report, disappears from this year's accounts, the collections under this head having been excluded from the Ryots Pattas, with reference to the Proceedings of Government, dated 10th January 1860, No. 72.

24. The increase, under the head of "Hill rents" and "Tamarind trees," is owing to an increase in the rent paid for such farms.

CULTIVATION OF SPECIAL PRODUCTS.

25. The following table shows in a comparative form the extent of Sugar-cane, Cotton, and Indigo, cultivated in the present Fasli.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Comparison.	
	Extent.	Extent.	Increase.	Decrease.
			Extent.	Extent.
1	2	3	4	5
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Sugar-cane...	1,316	1,420	104	...
Cotton...	18,212	15,214	2,998	...
Indigo ...	2,160	1,910	...	250
Total...	16,688	18,544	2,106	250

26. The cultivation of cotton has been more extensive in this than in the past Fasli by acres 2,002. There is also a slight increase in Sugar-cane, but a decrease in Indigo of acres 250, assessed at Rupees 1,570-15-3.

SALEM.

GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE.

27. An abstract, shewing the general result of the Land Revenue Settlement in the year under review, is shown below:—

ITEMS.	Beriz of Fasli 1268.		Beriz of Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
1	2		3		4		5	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Poonjah ...	11,81,478	13 5	12,34,763	5 4	53,284	7 11	...	...
Nunjah ...	4,61,171	7 8	4,78,186	12 3	17,015	4 7	...	...
Garden ...	77,751	6 9	76,858	4 9	...	...	893	2 0
Poonjah converted into Nunjah and Garden ...	61,229	1 5	58,211	2 3	...	...	3,017	15 2
Garden converted into Nunjah ...	13,049	6 9	8,942	8 10	...	...	4,106	13 11
Total...	17,94,680	4 0	18,56,962	1 5	62,281	13 5	...	...
Deduct as per No. 4....	3,47,113	15 0	3,98,180	13 5	51,066	14 5	...	...
Balance ...	14,47,566	5 0	14,58,781	4 0	11,214	15 0	...	...
Sundry Items as per No. 4...	91,672	12 5	95,044	5 7	371	9 2	...	...
As per No. 3. Total...	15,42,239	1 5	15,53,825	9 7	11,586	8 2	...	...
Sroghiam Jodi ...	13,908	14 11	13,908	14 11	...	...	...	...
Permanently Settled ...	4,57,161	2 3	4,57,161	2 3	...	...	...	...
Total Land Revenue...	20,13,309	2 7	20,24,895	10 9	11,586	8 2	...	...

28. The total amount of the land revenue in this Fasli was Rupees 20,24,895-10-9 which is an increase of Rs. 11,586-8-2 over that of the past year. This increase in the cultivation was chiefly owing to the immediate prospect of a reduction in the Assessment.

RESULT OF THE REVISION OF ASSESSMENT.

29. The following abstract shews the general result of the Revision of Assessment effected in the District during the year.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

ITEMS.	1	LAST FASLI.					CURRENT FASLI.				
		Acres.	Assessment.	Reductions.	Balance.	Average per Acre.	Acres.	Assessment.	Reductions.	Balance.	Average per Acre.
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Poonjah ...	...	8,35,212	11,81,479	1,628	11,79,851	1 6 8					
Nunjah ...	...	60,822	4,60,670	18,640	4,42,030	7 4 3					
Garden ...	...	14,329	77,726	19,671	58,055	4 0 10					
Total...		9,10,370	17,19,875	39,939	16,79,936	1 13 6					
Poonjah converted into wet and Garden ...	...	12,778	24,758	9	24,749	1 15 0					
Garden converted into Nunjah...	...	1,451	9,069	1,420	7,649	5 4 5					
Total...		14,229	33,827	1,429	32,398	2 4 5					
Grand Total...		9,24,599	17,53,702	41,368	17,12,334	1 13 8					

SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.

30. The Sundry Sources of Revenue for the year amounted to Rupees 2,35,854-10-1, which is Rupees 4,575-11-3 below that of last year. The particulars are as follows.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.	Fasli 1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Abkari. ...	1,36,010	1,36,010	...	...
Motarfa. ...	66,935	69,598	2,663	...
Stamps. ...	37,485	30,246	...	7,239
Total...	2,40,430	2,35,854	...	4,576

The increase in the Motarfa was occasioned by an increase in the No. of Looms, consequent on an increased demand for cotton cloth.

LAND REVENUE AND SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.

31. The following abstract shows the revenue for the year under report from both land and sundry sources in a comparative form.

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Land Revenue.....	20,13,309	2 7	20,24,895	10 9	11,586	8 2	...	...
Sundry Sources of Revenue.....	2,40,430	5 4	2,35,854	10 1	...	...	4,575	11 3
Total...	22,53,739	7 11	22,60,750	4 10	11,586	8 2	4,575	11 3
Net Increase.....					7,010	12 11		

SEVOY JAMA AND INTEREST.

32. The demand for the year on account of Sevoy Jama and Interest amounted to Rupees 9,198-0-0 which is Rupees 1,206-12-3 below that of the past year. The particulars are as follows :—

ITEMS.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
SEVOY JAMA.								
Land Revenue.....	8,239	1 11	7,156	10 3	...	...	1,082	7 8
Sundry Sources of Revenue.....	101	5 5	172	9 0	71	3 7	...	...
Total...	8,340	7 4	7,329	3 3	...	...	1,011	4 1
INTEREST.								
Land Revenue.....	1,763	2 2	1,499	4 5	...	...	263	13 9
Sundry Sources of Revenue.....	301	2 9	369	8 4	68	5 7	...	...
Total...	2,064	4 11	1,868	12 9	...	...	195	8 2
Grand Total...	10,404	12 3	9,198	...	...	...	1,206	12 3

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

DEMAND, COLLECTION AND
BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF
CURRENT REVENUE.

33. The following abstract shows the Demand, Collection, and Balance, for all sources of Current Revenue.

ITEMS.		Total Demand.		Balance of end of Fashi.		Balance of Collection of July of Fashi 1270.		Percentage of columns 2 and 3.		Percentage of columns 2 and 4.	
1-		2		3		4		5		6	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Land Revenue.	Permanently Settled ...	4,57,161	2 3	28,901	14 0	9,591	13 9	6	3 11	2	1 6
	Srotiam Jodi ...	13,908	14 11	5,090	9 3	2,814	13 2	36	9 6	20	5 9
	Ryotwar ...	15,53,825	9 7	88,716	6 8	12,909	4 4	6	0 0	1	0 0
	Total...	20,24,895	10 9	1,22,708	13 11	25,315	15 3	6	0 0	1	4 0
Sundry Sources.	Abkari ...	1,36,610	0 0	12,086	6 4	80	0 0	9	0 0	0	1 0
	Motaria ...	69,598	2 1	4,323	15 2	2,057	3 9	6	0 0	3	0 9
	Stamp... ..	80,246	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	2,35,854	10 1	16,410	5 6	2,143	3 9	7	0 0	1	0 0
Extra Revenue ...		7,329	3 3	1,597	14 10	873	1 4	22	0 0	12	0 0
Interest ...		1,868	12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total...		22,69,948	4 10	1,40,717	2 3	28,332	4 4	6	0 0	1	4 0

34. The balance at the close of the year against Moottahs was Rupees 28,901-14-0. The collections up to August have reduced this balance to Rupees 9,591-13-9. The two small balances one of Rupees 30 against the Allagapoor Moottah, and one of Rupees 3-13-9 against the Mahandramungalam Moottah, were accounted for in para. 30 of last year's report. The report therein promised will be submitted at an early date. There is an outstanding balance against the Davastanum Moottah, amounting to Rupees 2,037-7-11. This balance will be recovered by a sale of part of the Moottah. The small balance of Rupees 12-7-1 against the Helagum Moottah is on account of an Enam which reverted to Government. The balance of Rupees 1,145-1-2 against the Annadanaputty Moottah is on account of land taken up for the Railway. A report regarding these two sums will be made shortly. The remaining balance belongs to certain Moottahs, noted in the *margin, which have been placed under attachment.

35. The outstanding balance against Jodi and Srotiam villages, amounted to Rupees 5,090-9-3 up to the end of June. The whole of these arrears are due from the Agraharums shewn in Statement No. 12. The collections made up to the end of August reduce the balance against the Agraharums to Rupees 2,814-13-2. For the recovery of this sum the Agraharums in arrears have been attached.

* Pootagaram.
Trealum.
Papaputty.
Valampetty.
Senkerydurg.
Anundoor.
Razipat.

36. The outstanding current balance up to the end of August, under the three heads of Ryotwar; Motaria, and Sevoy Jama, amounted to Rupees 15,839-9-5. Of this, Rupees 13,104-2-4 is considered recoverable, and the remainder, Rupees, 2,735-7-1 irrecoverable. Regarding the latter sum careful inquiry will be made at the next settlement. The subjoined statement shows the Demand Collection, and Balance on account of arrears.

STATEMENT showing the particulars of arrears in the District of Salem.

ITEMS.	Balance at the beginning of Fashi 1268.		Remission.		Actual Collec- tion within the Fashi.		Collections up to 31st August 1890.		Total.		Balance.		Recoverable.		Irrecoverable.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Land Revenue.																
Permanently Settled.	21,400	8 9	...	...	21,330	8 6	...	...	21,330	8 6	61	0 8	61	0 8	...	...
Srotiam Jodi &c.	2723	14 8	...	...	2,733	14 8	...	...	2,733	14 8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ryotwar	2,38,254	0 2	17,235	0 4	2,09,667	14 1	564	4 2	2,27,867	3 0	10,866	13 2	4,321	5 4	6,062	7 10
Total...	2,62,378	7 7	17,235	0 9	2,33,731	5 8	964	4 2	2,51,930	10 2	10,447	13 5	4,385	5 7	6,062	7 10
Sundry Sources of Revenue.																
Abkari	14,321	14 4	...	...	14,321	14 4	...	...	14,321	14 4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Motaria	15,143	3 6	2,734	2 8	10,049	0 7	7	7 4	12,750	10 7	2,352	8 11	603	12 6	1,748	12 5
Total...	29,473	1 10	2,734	2 8	24,378	14 11	7	7 4	27,190	8 11	2,352	8 11	603	12 6	1,748	12 5
Extra Revenue.																
Land	3,511	1 1	618	5 7	1,579	6 10	7	2 7	2,498	15 0	1,012	2 1	572	13 2	433	4 11
Motaria	137	8 11	12	4 7	67	8 4	1	0 0	80	7 11	57	1 0	43	5 10	13	11 2
Total...	3,648	10 0	580	10 2	2,040	10 2	8	2 7	2,579	6 11	1,069	3 1	622	3 0	447	3 1
Grand Total...	2,95,500	3 5	20,493	7	2,60,150	14 4	975	14 1	2,81,630	10 0	13,869	9 5	5,611	5 1	8,258	4 4

37. The amount of arrears shown in column 7, viz. Rupees 61-0-3, is the balance outstanding against the Allagapoorum and the Mahandramangalam Moottahs for Faslis 1267 and 1268. The arrears against the former Moottah are on account of lands taken up for the erection of the new Jail and Court houses at Salem. The arrears against Mahandramangalam are on account of an Enam which has reverted to Government. A report in regard to these cases will be submitted at an early date.

38. The balance outstanding against "Ryotwar" amounted at the end of August to Rupees 10,386-13-2; of which, Rupees 4,324-5-4 is considered recoverable, and Rupees 6,062-7-10 irrecoverable,—against Motarfa to Rupees 2,352-8-11, of which, Rupees 603-12-6 is recoverable, and Rupees 1,748-12-5 irrecoverable,—against Sevoy Jama, to Rupees 1,069-3-1, of which, Rupees 622-3-0 is recoverable, and Rupees 447-0-1 irrecoverable.

39. The following abstract shows the sum which it was proposed in last year's report to remit, the amount since collected, and the amount written off the accounts, according to the sanction of Government conveyed in their Proceedings of the 26th September 1859, and the 8th June 1860.

ITEM.	Amount recommended for remission in last Fasil.		Amount since collected.		Amount written off the accounts.		Balance.	
1	2		3		4		5	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Land Revenue ...	16,940	2 8	...	...	16,940	2 8	...	...
Motarfa ...	2,735	11 10	1 9 2		2,734	2 8	...	...
Extra Land Revenue ...	524	14 11	6 9 4		518	5 7	...	...
Do. Motarfa ...	14	10 7	2 6 0		12	4 7	...	...
	20,215	8 0	A. 10 8 6		20,204	15 6	...	...
Hill Revenue ...	294	14 1	...	...	294	14 1	...	...
Total...	20,510	6 1	10 8 6		20,499	13 7	...	...

A. This sum should have been brought to account under the head of "Extra Revenue," as required in the concluding para. of the Board's Proceedings, dated 2nd September, 1859. No. 3467. It was brought by mistake into "Ain."

ARREARS RECOMMENDED FOR REMISSION.

40. The following abstract shows the irrecoverable arrears which I now recommend should be remitted, with an abstract of the Faslis and the several heads of revenue to which they belong.

FASLI.	Ryotwar.		Motarfa.		Sevoy Jama.		Total.	
1	2		3		4		5	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
1260 ...	49	11 2	4	0 0	...	...	53	11 2
1261 ...	98	10 10	19	12 4	8	13 11	127	5 1
1262 ...	35	8 6	14	7 4	22	11 0	72	1 8
1263 ...	49	12 9	41	8 3	11	3 0	102	8 0
1264 ...	164	2 2	57	11 7	118	5 11	340	3 8
1265 ...	457	15 3	161	8 2	56	5 8	675	13 1
1266 ...	203	7 4	15	8 8	27	2 3	246	2 3
1267 ...	287	15 0	15	12 0	46	15 8	350	8 8
1268 ...	4,715	6 10	1,418	8 1	155	15 10	6,289	14 9
Total...	6,062	7 10	1,748	12 5	447	0 1	8,258	4 4

41. I request that the sanction of Government may be obtained for writing off the accounts the above mentioned sum, viz. Rupees 8,258-4-4. With reference to para. 8 of the Board's Proceedings of the 16th June last, No. 2857, I beg to state that inquiries were instituted at the last Jamabandi in regard to the old arrears. In the present statement, the arrears shown in each year up to Fasil 1265 inclusive, contain all the balances outstanding for those Faslis. In the remaining Faslis, commencing from 1266, the account excludes certain balances which are still considered recoverable. I purpose immediately making further inquiries in regard to these items.

COERCIVE PROCESS.

42. The number of cases in which Coercive Process was employed in the year was 101. The revenue collected by that process amounted to Rupees 1201, out of an aggregate arrear of Rupees 1,788, which is more than in the preceding year by Rupees 752.

CHARGES.

43. The charges incurred during the year amounted to Rupees 1,79,387-1-3, which shows a decrease of Rupees 9237-0-0 below that of the past year. The decrease of Rupees 7,635, under the head of "Collector's Salary, &c." was owing to the temporary absence of the Officer holding the permanent appointment. The decrease of Rupees 6,086, under the head of "Huzoor and District Establishment," was owing to the accidental circumstance that the pay for the month of May was not disbursed in June. The decrease of Rupees 36, under the head of "Law Charges," was owing to a decrease in the number of suits filed against the revenue Officers. An increase of Rupees 2,069-9-8, under the head of "Saderward," and of Rupees 2,382-7-10 under the head of "Extra Revenue Charges, not chargeable to any particular source of revenue," was owing to the disbursement in the present year of arrears appertaining to the past year. The increase of Rupees 243, under the head "Medical Revenue Charges," was owing to an effective 2d Apothecary having been attached in place of the Pensioned Apothecary who was performing the duty, and to the addition of a Dresser in the Revenue Survey Department.

WORKING OF THE NEW SYSTEM OF VILLAGE AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.

44. As stated in the last year's report, the new forms of Village and Taluk accounts were introduced in Faslis 1267 and 1268. The accounts kept by the Carnums and the Taluk officials were examined and checked during the time of Settlement, and several Carnums whose accounts were in arrears were in some cases fined, in others reprimanded. Considerable progress has been made in the preparation of the Survey Register, which will probably be completed by the end of current Fasil 1270.

REGISTER OF LAND HELD BY PUBLIC SERVANTS. 45. A register of land acquired by Public Servants is kept in the Office. The extent of land occupied by the Public Servants in this District will be stated in my next report.

REMARKS ON THE CONDUCT OF SUBORDINATE OFFICERS. Having rejoined the District at the end of the year, I am unable to give any particulars under this head.

SALEM COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
Usur, 4th October 1860.

(Signed) H. A. BRETT,
Collector.

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SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

NORTH CANARA.

I have the honor to submit my report on the Land revenue and that derived from extra sources in this District, in fasli, 1269-1859-60.

2. The Province of Canara was divided into the Collectorates of North and South Canara in December 1859, and the seven Taluks appertaining to this District were settled by the undermentioned officers.

3. Supa and part of Yellapur by the Collector Mr. Levinge. The remaining portion of Yellapur and the Taluks of Sonda and Bilghi by the Acting Head Assistant Collector Mr. Webster, and the three Payenghat Taluks of Ankola, Honore and Kundapur by Deputy Collector Surapa.

VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.

4. The Villages at which the various Taluk settlements were made are given in statement No. 1.

VARIATIONS IN THE NUMBER & TENURE OF VILLAGES &c.

5. No alteration in tenure occurred, but statement No. 1 exhibits one village in excess of the number entered in the previous year, land having been taken up for cultivation in Kodarabi, a Kulnasht village in Sonda.

6. The orders of the Board regarding Pattas No. 2494, dated 23d May 1860, were received so long after the settlement had been made that effect can only be given to them in the current Fasli.

7. The number of Motarfa Pattas issued will be found noted at the foot of Statement No. 1, as required by para 18 of the Board's orders of the 7th July last.

SEASON.

8. Though the rain was not deficient in quantity, it was rather unseasonable, and the first crop suffered. The second rice crop and sugar cane produce were however good, and speaking generally, the season was rather favorable than otherwise.

9. The following table gives the rain fall during the year.

Months.	Quantity of Rain that fell in Balaghat Taluks.		Quantity of Rain that fell in Payenghat Taluks.	
	1268.	1269.	1268.	1269.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
April and May	11	5	27	3
June	10	10	37	37
July	31	38	50	41
August	20	18	19	23
September to December	12	10	20	16
Total	84	76	153	120

Net Increase..... 41

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

SANITARY STATE OF THE DISTRICT.

Fasli	Deaths from cholera.	From small pox.	From fever.
1268.....	139	337	165
1269.....	817	131	370
	Increase. 678	Decrease. 206	Increase. 205

Net increase from all 3 causes... 677

In Fasli.	Decrease.
1268. 1269.	
1,723 1,364	369

Fasli.	Number of vaccination.	Successful.
1268... ..	8,772	5,968
1269... ..	5,458	4,796
Decrease...	1,284	1,172

Estimated population... 1,53,395

13. The subject has I think always received the earnest attention of the medical and revenue officers, but the returns cannot in my opinion be depended on.

Statement No. 2.

Species.	Wholesale average prices.	Average commutation prices.
1 Jecra, or 1st sort rice...	Rs. 372	A.P. 8 0
2 " 2d sort ditto...	323	8 0
3 " 3d sort ditto...	302	10 8
4 Paddy...	118	4 0
5 Coconut, per 1,000...	26	0 0
6 Betelnut, per Kandy...	60	18 4
7 Pepper, per ditto...	92	0 0
8 Cardamoms, per ditto...	849	4 0

commutation prices on which the land beriz was fixed.

CULTIVATION.

15. As no detailed accounts of Cultivation can be furnished from this District, and no information is obtainable as to the quantities of garden produce which find a market in the interior, the Sea Customs returns, and the increase of tax on newly assessed lands are the only available data for estimating the progress of agriculture in this District. They are however of little value, as the one exhibits only part of the produce exported, and the other affords little or no means of estimating the improvements effected in the private estates of which so large a portion of the District is composed. No information is procurable as to the quantity of garden produce sent into the interior, where most of the betelnut, pepper, and cardamoms raised in the District, find a market.

16. As however the value of land rises every year, and applications for waste are more numerous than ever, there can be no doubt that the amount of labor and capital expended in agricultural pursuits increase annually.

10. All the Taluks, except Bilghi, suffered more or less from cholera, and deaths from fever were unusually numerous; but those from small pox were far below the number recorded in the previous fasli. It would appear that fever has been very prevalent during the last two or three years, both above and below the Ghats, and that the disease for which the Magani of Hannar has long been notorious, is now showing itself in the comparatively healthy Taluks of the Balaghat division of this district.

11. The loss of cattle from murrain is below that experienced in fasli 1268 but only one Taluk out of seven has been partially free from the disease during the year under report.

12. The vaccination returns show a decided falling off when compared with those of previous year, and a marvellous proportion of successful operations, considering that the climate of the western Coast is known to be so unfavorable to the operator.

14. It will be seen from the marginal statement that prices continued to rise during the year under report, although they had previously reached a point scarcely before attained, and a reference to statement 2 will show that the value of almost all agricultural produce is double that of the

NORTH CANARA.

EXPORT OF RICE BY SEA.

Fasli 1268.	1269.	Increase.
Corges. 9,842	Corges. 11,662	Corges. 1,820
Percentage ...	18	

Fasli.	Increase.
1268 1269	
Corges. 4641 Corges. 5670	Corges. 1029
Percentage... ..	22

	Garce.	Marcahs.
In Fasli 1268....	2,547	67
Do. 1269....	4,735	320
Increase....	2,188	253
Percentage....	85	338

17. The exports of rice and paddy by sea were more extensive in the year under review than in that preceding it, the demand from Malabar* having been very extensive. Indeed the people of that District appear to be our best customers, the quantity of North canara produce consumed by them being greater than that which finds its way into the Goanese Territory by both land and Sea routes.

18. With the sanction of the Board the highest rate usually paid, was offered for all good salt that the manufacturers could deliver, and the season having been particularly favorable, a very large quantity of salt was manufactured. The out turn was larger perhaps than in any previous year, and nearly double that obtained from the pans in any season during the passed two or three years.

19. As compared with the previous Fasli, the increase amounts to upwards of 85 per cent.

20. This is not so much to be attributed to the higher rates paid to the manufacturers, as to the extreme favorableness of the season, as compared with those which immediately preceded it; but the liberal price paid induced the manufacturers to take full advantage of the long season they enjoyed.

21. But one item of remissions seems to call for any remark. I allude to those granted where the holdings of individuals would not bear the full amount of the Kadecm beriz, and were measured and re-assessed at the rates now in force for hossagumy lands.

22. Thirty one wurgs or estates have been measured and re-assessed, beriz to the amount of Rs. 1,115-8-6 having been reduced to Rupees 699-4-0 and Rupees 416 4-6 remitted.

23. This course is only taken where absolute necessity for revision exists, and the applicant submits to the examination of all lands in his possession, whether consisting of one or more wurgs.

24. The number of acres under this cultivation during the past fasli was 3196, being 443 acres in excess of the number so cropped in the previous fasli.

25. This cultivation is extending itself more and more every year, and the Mauritius cane is fast coming into favor with the ryots.

COMPARATIVE AND GENERAL RESULT OF THE LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT.

Statement No. 10, Enclosure A.

ITEMS.	Fasli.				Increase.	Decrease.
	1268.	1269.				
	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.	Rs. A.P.		
1 Land Revenue...	8,60,955 12 1	8,67,179 13 5	6,224 1 4			
2 Quit Rent...	73 5 6	73 5 6				
3 Cumery Hukle...	11,903 6 7	13,364 11 10	1,461 6 3			
4 Sundry Farms...	6,557 5 8	6,837 15 8	280 10 0			
5 Ready money Items...	192 12 11	293 4 9	100 7 10			
6 Forest...	1,00,300 9 10	2,00,374 3 7	1,00,073 9 9			
Total...	9,79,993 4 7	10,88,123 7 9	1,08,140 3 2			

26. The marginal abstract statement gives the result of land revenue in comparison with the preceding year, the net increase being Rupees 1,08,140-3-2 of this amount, Rs. 6,224-1-4 is due to land revenue proper. Rs. 1,842-8-1 to items composed of Cumery, sundry farms &c., and Rs. 1,00,073-9-9 to Forest revenue.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

27. The first item calls for no remark. The second however results more from severe measures used for the suppression of unauthorized Cumery than to the extension of that species of cultivation, double teerva having been levied in all cases in which it was carried on without permission.

28. The large increase in Forest income, Rupees 1,00,073-9-9, is attributable to the sale during the year under report, of large stocks of wood in store. The progress made in Forest conservancy, the results of which are now manifesting themselves in the production of a large amount of revenue, and the more strict preservation of valuable tracts of Forest, is very satisfactory, and the increase in other items, though not large, represents a gradual improvement, in the position of the ryot, testified year by year, which promises steady development in agricultural enterprise.

29. I have lately stated in a letter to the Board that the revision of the settlement after the close of the Jumma-bundy was unknown in this District, but in the year under report, I found it necessary to revise some orders issued by deputy Collector Sarapa, who in a few instances had allowed remissions for deficiency of produce and waste, uncalled for by any peculiarity of circumstances.

30. The sum so re-assessed only amounted to Rupees 79-8-0, and mention of the fact seems to be sufficient.

SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.

ITEMS.	Fasli.						Increase.		Decrease.	
	1268.		1269.							
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.		
1 Abkari... ..	48,443	12 10	48,443	12 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	
2 Motarfa... ..	8,095	9 11	8,173	6 3	77	12 9	.....	.....	.....	
3 Salt... ..	2,58,463	2 6	3,18,632	9 3	60,169	6 9	.....	.....	.....	
4 Sea Customs... ..	9,331	6 11	22,330	1 1	12,998	10 2	.....	.....	.....	
5 Sayer... ..	43,647	13 4	68,118	10 10	24,470	13 6	.....	.....	.....	
6 Stamps... ..	33,960	8 6	39,382	13 6	5,422	5	.....	.....	.....	
Total... ..	4,01,942	6 11	5,05,081	1 1	1,03,139	0 2	.....	.....	1	

Net increase Rupees 1,03,139 0 1

posed of farms leased for a series of years, and therefore not at present subject to fluctuation; the other Motarfa, a source of revenue which never can be elastic, pending the settlement of the question raised regarding this tax.

33. The four following items which complete the list designated under the above general head call for remark, and will be commented on in the order in which they stand.

Salt.

Total sales in 1268...	Indian Mds.
1269...	2,58,492
Increase in 1269...	2,84,124
Inland consumption in 1268...	25,602
1269...	1,79,527
Increase in 1269...	2,31,987
	52,460

Sea Customs.

Fasli.		Increase.
1268.	1269.	
4,04,180	4,79,041	74,861

34. The large increase here observable is owing partly to the price of salt at the Government Kotars having been raised from Rupees 120 to Rupees 135 per Garce, and partly to increased demand for this article of general consumption, in the interior.

35. Here the increase is almost entirely due to the higher rates of duty now levied on exports and imports to and from foreign countries, and it is satisfactory to observe that trade has not apparently been checked to any great extent, as exports are slightly in excess of those reported in fasli 1268.

31. The Marginally figured statement shows the results of the year, under the head sundry sources of revenue, compared with those obtained in the preceding Fasli.

32. It exhibits a very considerable increase in all but two items, one (Abkari) being com-

NORTH CANARA.

Fasli.		Increase.
1268.	1269.	
Corges.	Corges.	Corges.
6,598	8,156	1,563

Percentage..... 23

Fasli.		Increase.
1268.	1269.	
Corges.	Corges.	Corges.
3,249	3,503	257

Percentage... 8

36. On comparing the quantities of rice shipped for foreign and Indian Ports during the two years under comparison, it will be found that the exports free of duty are about 23 per cent in excess of those of last year, whilst those to foreign Ports on which duty at the new rates was levied, are only about 8 per cent above the exports of Fasli 1268.

SAYER.

Fasli.		Increase.
1268.	1269.	
Corges.	Corges.	Corges.
1,744	2,454	710

Percentage.. .. 41

STAMPS.

37. It must be observed however that prices have been very high, and that as regards the small supplies of rice shipped for Arabia in the year under comparison, the higher rates of duty combined with high prices, have raised the value of our produce to a point which has necessarily continued to circumscribe the demand for it in that market.

COMPARATIVE GENERAL REVENUE FROM BOTH LAND REVENUE AND SUNDRY SOURCES.

38. The chief exports to Goa are rice and paddy, and the chief import salt. As compared with the previous fasli, the export trade of that under report has increased, and the return traffic decreased, but the present rates of duty have raised the sayer revenue considerably.

Items.	Fasli.				Increase.		Decrease.	
	1268.		1269.		Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.
	Rs.	A.P.	Rs.	A.P.				
1 Ryotwar....	9,79,989	4 7	10,88,123	7 9	1,08,140	3 2	.....	.....
2 Abkari....	48,443	12 10	48,443	12 9	.....	.....	.....	1
3 Motarfa....	8,095	9 11	8,173	6 8	77	12 9	.....	.....
4 Salt....	2,58,463	2 6	3,18,632	9 3	60,169	6 9	.....	.....
5 Sea Customs....	9,331	6 11	22,330	1 1	12,998	10 2	.....	.....
6 Sayer....	43,647	13 4	68,118	10 10	24,470	13 6	.....	.....
7 Stamps....	33,960	8 6	39,382	13 6	5,422	5	.....	.....
8 Sundry Sources....	8,544	2 11	11,100	2 1	2,556	15 2	.....	.....
9 Interest....	376	6	1,331	6 4	955	5 10	.....	.....
Total..	13,90,842	14	16,05,642	6 3	2,14,799	8 4	.....	1

Net Increase Rupees..... 2,14,799 8 3

SEVOY JUMMA AND INTEREST.

Statement No. 9.

Item No. 1 Assessment on lands taken up for new cultivation up to 1268... .. Rs. 6,024-12-4

Do. do up to 1269... .. 6,575-5-1

Increase fasli 1269... .. 550-9-9

39. The increase under this head is attributable to the number of suits filed in December 1859, with a view to escaping the provisions of act VIII. of 1859 which only came into force in January last.

40. The subjoined Abstract of all sources of revenue, compared with the previous fasli, exhibits an increase under every head, except Abkari, amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 2,14,799-8-3. The items have been commented on already under the different heads, and I have only to remark on the total increase of revenue exhibited as satisfactorily showing the steady and continued development of the resources of the district.

41. The marginal statement does not as far as amount goes, call for any remark but the item is important as indicating the rate at which applications for waste land pour, in.

1919

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

6

42. At the commencement of the past Fasli, there were 1807 cases of land, on which a beriz of 5875 had been proposed, pending in the office. Of these, 206 were disposed of during the year, whilst 656 cases, the aggregate proposed beriz on which was Rs. 1,832, came up for examination during that period. Though the delay which occurs in finally assessing these lands seldom causes any loss to Government, or inconvenience to the Ryot, it is nevertheless very desirable that these hussagamy cases should be cleared off as quickly as possible, and every endeavour made to dispose of them as they are referred by the divisional officers.

43. My attention has been directed to the subject, but the late changes have been unfavorable to progress. I hope however to see this portion of the duty of my office carried on with greater expedition in future.

COLLECTIONS.

44. The marginal statement shows that out of a total demand, amounting to Rupees 17,12,968, only Rs. 20,710 remained outstanding at the close of the fasli. This

Items.	Demand.	Collection including Remission.	Balance on the 30th June 1860.
Land.....	10,88,123	10,70,653	17,440
Current Arrears.....	94,105	93,125	979
	11,82,227	11,63,808	18,419
Extra Sources.....	5,05,081	5,02,989	2,092
Current Arrears.....	11,932	11,939	7
	5,17,013	5,14,919	2,094
Extra Revenue and Interest.....	12,437	12,401	36
Current Arrears.....	1,291	1,139	161
	13,728	13,531	197
Total.....	17,12,968	16,92,258	20,710

amount has been reduced by subsequent collections, up to the end of August to Rs. 2,692.

45. This result has not been attained by any amount of pressure, though the re-arrangement of the Taluqs made it desirable to complete the collections as far as possible within the Fasli. This I was in a great measure enabled to effect without trouble, owing to the high prices obtainable for produce

of all kinds, and the prosperous state of the agricultural classes.

COLLECTION OF ARREARS.

Items.	Demand.	Collection up to 31st August.	Balance.
Arrears of 1269.....	19,568	17,878	1,689
Arrears previous to Do....	1,142	138	1,003
	20,710	18,016	2,692

46. These amounted at the end of the Fasli under report to Rupees 1,142, as shown in the margin. Of this amount Rs. 138-4-10 has been since recovered. On the 31st August the total of arrears, old and current, outstanding were Rupees 2,692-15-10. Of this sum, Rupees 1,003-12-6, are arrears of former years, as exhibited in statement No. 12, Rupees 631-7-11, being recoverable, and

doubtful and Rupees 372-4-7 recommended for remission under circumstances stated below.

RECOMMENDATION FOR REMISSION OF OLD IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS. Rs. 200-6-4*

Particulars of the amount recommended for Remission.

Land Revenue.			Forest Revenue.			Sevoy Kist.			Motarfa.			Total.		
Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
216	4	5	123	12	6	29	5	8	214	...	...	372	4	7

uncollected, pending the disposal of the case.

Rupees 10-13-9. 49. The defaulter in this instance was incarcerated by order of the Sub Collector but released after the expiration of six months in 1858. It turned out that

he possessed property by the sale of which the arrear might have been liquidated, and that sufficient enquiry was not made before the man was confined for the arrear due.

50. Having suffered this imprisonment and been released after the expiration of six months, though the arrear was not liquidated, it appears to me that no further claim for the amount can be made, as he did not conceal his property, which would have been sold in satisfaction of the demand against him, had sufficient enquiry been made before he was arrested. I therefore recommend that the sum of Rupees 10-13-9 be written off the accounts.

Rupees 1-15-11 51. This is a Comeri arrear for fasli 1267 which by some inadvertence was not included in the recommendation for remission under this head, made in the settlement report for fasli 1268. Sanction has been already obtained for writing off those remissions, and this being irrecoverable should now be similarly treated.

Rupees 3-0-5 52. Is a similar arrear for Fasli 1268.

Rupees 29-5-8 53. Is Sevoy Kist arrear for Faslis 1262 to 1268 both inclusive. This is accumulated assessment on certain land reported as Hossagamy, but subsequently found to be already included in three wurgs and made over to a Devastan by the Proprietors. The fact that this land belonged to the estates of the Proprietors above alluded to, being proved by reference to the old revenue accounts, it is clear that the late assessment was uncalled for, and should therefore be struck off.

Rupees 123-12-6 54. This amount is composed of three items appertaining to the Forest Department.

55. In one instance possession was not given to a purchaser of the full quantity of wood bought, and he objected to pay for more than was actually delivered to him.

56. These missing logs were, it is believed, stolen by Arabs from an exposed point on the Coast, where these people were in the habit of landing and felling stunted teak growing near the shore.

57. This led to all such trees being cut down by the conservancy Department with a view to their being sold, and the temptation to these depredators removed.

58. In consequence of some delay occurring in delivering the logs felled, another opportunity occurred for stealing a portion of those already sold, and hence the refusal of the merchant to pay the full purchase amount, and the necessity for recommending the remission of the arrear amounting to Rupees 63-6-11

Rupees 60-0-0 59. The next item is the result of a clerical error in a bill of sale, Rs. 660 having been written for 600, a mistake only subsequently discovered.

Rupees 0-5-7 60. The 3d item is a small amount payable by the Engineer Department in Sind, but objected to on account of deficient measurement when paying by bill for a large amount of Timber purchased for government purposes.

61. Permission to include it in the above amounts recommended for remission is requested in order to avoid further correspondence about so very trifling a sum..

Rupees 2-14-0 62. Is arrears of Motarfa tax due from ten persons who cannot be found.

63. Coercive process was only had recourse to in 26 cases in which the arrears of land revenue aggregated Rupees 697-1-4. Personal property of sufficient value to cover these arrears was attached and sold.

EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE PROCESS WAS EMPLOYED IN THE COLLECTION OF LAND REVENUE.

CHARGES.

64. It will be observed that in statement XIV., Columns 2, 4 and 5 are blank, as the charges for fasli 1268 cannot be given in consequence of the difficulty experienced in the South Canara Kachéri in distinguishing those for this district for that period. I must therefore leave the subject for disposal in the Board's office where the necessary comparison can alone be made, and abstain from making remarks which are unsupported by the account furnished and might prove in some respects erroneous.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF NORTH CANARA.

65. It has already been stated in the report for last year, that but few of the village accounts originally furnished were applicable to this District; and I believe that the set submitted for the consideration of the Board in March 1859, are still before them.

66. The Taluk accounts are worked with the tolerable accuracy, and forwarded punctually, and any difficulties encountered during the year in furnishing periodical returns and accounts to the offices at the Presidency, have arisen chiefly from the inexperience of my own office servants, who have of course, in many instances, had no previous acquaintance with their duties.

67. After the formation of this district, orders were issued for the preparation of returns of all lands possessed by the servants in Huzur and Taluk Establishments, but I regret to say that they have been but imperfectly complied with up to this moment.

68. As many servants in the Huzur and most of those in the Taluks are landed proprietors, or have an interest in the property of others, the preparation of the Register in this district, is not so simple a task as it is elsewhere, but I must admit that it ought to have been completed, and stringent measures have been taken to procure at an early date the returns repeatedly called for and long over due.

69. Mr. A. M. Webster Head Assistant Collector has been in charge of the Balaghat division since I joined the district in April last, and has conducted his duties in the most satisfactory manner.

70. From the Deputy collectors Sarapaiya and Mr. J. Bull, I have received much aid, particularly from the latter who in addition to his own duties, which are light during the monsoon, has undertaken those of Sarapaiya laid aside for some months past by severe illness.

71. Mr. Mascarenhas, my Saristadar, has exhibited much industry in the performance of work new to him, and still more so to most of the servants over whom he has been placed.

72. The detailed information in regard to Sea Customs and Sayer, called for by the Boards' Circular No. 3145 dated 7th July last, is given in statements No. 17 and 18, marked A. and B.

NORTH CANARA,
Collector's Office Honore,
25th September, 1860.

(Signed.) W. FISHER.

Collector.

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SETTLEMENT REPORT

OF

SOUTH CANARA.

1. I have the honor to submit the usual report on the Land and Extra sources of Revenue of this District, for the past fasli 1269 A. D. 1859 1860 and to forward the prescribed tabular statements as noted in the margin.

*2. The instructions of the Board contained in the Circular dated the 7th July last No. 3145, prescribing the manner in which the accounts of the new Districts of North and South Canara should be drawn up, have been duly attended to in the preparation of the statements now submitted.

3. I joined the District on the 20th April 1860, when the settlement of all the Taluks was completed, with the exception of that of Mangalore.

VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.

Statement No. 1.

* Bekal and Putur.

† Bâreur Udipi and Bantwal.

During my absence on leave, in April and May, this Taluk was settled by Mr. Williams, the acting Head Assistant in charge, in addition to 2 others* previously disposed of by him. The settlement of three other Taluks was conducted by Mr. Fisher before he left the District for Honore. The Jamabandi was commenced on the 31st January, and completed by the 7th May following. The change contemplated by the Board's Circular dated 23rd May 1860, in the grant of Pattas will come into operation in this District in the current fasli, as stated in my letter of the 22nd June 1860 No. 94.

Months.	Inland Taluks.		Coast Taluks.	
	1268.	1269.	1268.	1269.
April...	Inches. 1	Inches. 8	Inches. 2	Inches. 7
May...	26	1	27	1
June...	37	35	23	36
July...	47	45	42	36
August...	12	24	17	22
September...	23	13	14	11
October...	11	9	10	9
November...	12	6	2	2
December...	...	1	...	...
Inches...	169	142	137	124

SEASON. 4. As regards the rain fall the season was an average one. There was an unusual and heavy storm in April, followed by a deficiency of rain in May, but on the whole the rice crop of the year under report was a better one than in the previous fasli. The garden produce of Cocoa, Betelnut and cane was also larger.

FASLI.	Deaths from Cholera.	Small Pox.	Fever.
1268. ...	1,488	111	127
1269. ...	2,300	409	119
Increase...	812	298	Dec. 8

Death in Cattle

1268. ...	6,181
1269. ...	375
Decrease...	5,806

and thence spread gradually throughout the district, the mortality on the whole, being unusually large; small pox also was severe, but the number of deaths from fever shows a decrease. Cattle were healthy.

SANITARY STATE OF THE DISTRICT. 5. Cholera was very severe in the year under report. It originated at Subramanya in Buntwal at the time of a Hindu festival, to which people from all directions resort,

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

6. The returns of vaccination show a considerable falling off in the number of cases, as compared with the three previous years. I think the pay of the vaccinators is too low in this district, considering the cost of living ;

FASLI	No. Vaccinated.
1266.	7,967
1267.	6,164
1268.	7,278
1269.	5,643

and that it should in no case be below 10 Rupees a month. The returns I believe to be as untrustworthy, and the people as prejudiced against vaccination, as in other districts with which I am acquainted.

PRICES.
Statement No. 2.

8. The return of prices for the year under report is compiled from those taken in the Taluk cusbahs in conformity to instructions contained in the manual of the revised forms of Taluk accounts; the form therein given having been observed in this District for the first time from the commencement of the fasli now reported upon.

IMPORTS FROM MYSORE AND COORG.

	Ind. Md.
1268.	19,958
1269.	32,342
Increase....	12,384

EXPORTS BY SEA.

	Ind. Md.
1268.	6,85,547
1269.	6,45,337
Decrease....	31,210

EXPORT OF COFFEE.

	Ind. Md.
1268.	51,251
1269.	74,760
Increase....	23,506

Particulars.	1268.	1269.	Increase.
Betelnut Candies...	7,555	9,248	1,693
Pepper " ...	268	350	62
Cardamoms " ...	17	21	4
Prices.			
Betelnut per Candy...	64	78	14
Pepper " ...	69	84	15
Cardamom " ...		763	

12. The crop of coconuts was also good, and prices were in advance of the previous year, notwithstanding increased importations from Malabar to supply the wants of this District.

Particulars.	1268.	1269.
Cocconut No.	4,54,150	6,80,580
Kernel Do Cands.	841	659
Exports.		
Cocconut No.	30,610	2,13,350
Kernel Do Cands.	39	160
Oil " ...	23	51
Prices.		
Cocconut percent	Rs. 24	Rs. 27

EXPORTS BY SEA. 11. That the crops of Betelnut, Pepper and Cardamoms were good, as above stated, is shown by the Trade return, which exhibits an increase of export under each head.

IMPORTS FROM MALABAR. 13. The marginal entries show the outturn of both Imports, Exports and prices of this species of produce.

SOUTH CANARA.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1268.	1,348	4	11
1269.	1,671	10	3
Increase....	343	5	4

CULTIVATION. 14. The Board are aware that there are no survey accounts in this District, to enable us to show the actual extent of cultivation. I can however state that it is on the increase, as appears from the increase in the Government demand.

REMISSION.
Statement No. 4.

15. The amount under the head of Permanent Remissions is the same in the 2 faslis under comparison. Under that of "Temporary," the Board will find a very small increase in 3 items, altogether amounting to Rupees 62. The decrease which is comparatively large, shews that so much has been an addition to the Revenue.

SUNDRY ITEMS
Statement No. 4.

	Rs.
1268.	31,446
1269.	46,033
Increase....	14,587

16. The whole of the increase under the head of "Sundry Items" amounts to Rupees 14,587. It arises chiefly from forest Revenue and the late proceeds of coir purchased by Government from the Amandevi Islanders. The former item shews an excess over last year of Rupees 6,084; of which Rupees 3,108, properly speaking, belong to North Canara. This amount is the proceeds of timber from North Canara sold to the Nizam's Government. The value was remitted to Mangalore in the month of January; and as it has been taken credit for in the accounts of this District forwarded to the Accountant General, I include it here. The remainder of the increase, Rupees 2,964 is due to an excess on the sale

Fasli.	
1268.	517
1269.	701
Increase....	184

of licenses for sandalwood oil stills, which were put to open competition instead of being granted as formerly at 2 Rupees per Still. The increase in the sale of coir above last year, amounts to Rupees 8,261; and this is attributable to 181 candies having been supplied to the Dock yard at Calcutta in the year under report in excess of the previous one, to meet which there was a sufficiency of stock in hand.

17. As regards the increase of Rupees 229 apparent under Coomery cultivation, it does not arise from any unrestricted permission to cut the jungle; but from a slight relaxation of the rules shewn to the people living by means of this cultivation in consequence of the high prices of grain and the distress they were thereby put to. Where the permitted limits were exceeded, the extent in excess was made liable to double the regular assessment. The cultivation so carried out is given in the subjoined statement.

YEAR.	Under Permission.		Without Permission.		Produce of 1st year's Cultivation.		Sundry Cultivation.	Total.	
	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
1268.	686	Rs. 378	714	Rs. 607	30	Rs. 15	61	1,430	1,061
1269.	744	438	864	761	60	30	61	1,668	1,290

FASLI.	Bekal Taluk.		Other Taluks.		Total.	
	No. of Ryots.	Acres cultivated.	Ryots.	Acres.	Ryots.	Acres.
1268.	116	3,674	187	489	303	4,163
1269.	134	2,278	226	558	360	2,836

18. The wurg coomerics on the coomery cultivation attached to private estates is given in the marginal statement, distinguishing such as appertains to the Taluk of Bekal where it is more extensive than in other portions of the District.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Facili.	Extent of Cultivation	Deduct exempt Assessment as within the Ryots holdings.	Remainder	Amount of Assessment.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.
1268.	3,652	707	2,945	1,303
1269.	4,190	986	3,204	1,461

Statement No. 6. A & B.

EXTATES.	Total Amount of Instalments due.	Realized	Remaining.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Old... ..	11	11	.....
New... ..	478	453	25
Rupees...	489	464	25

EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS.

Export by sea.

FASIS.	Home Produce.
	Cands.
1268.	323
1269.	410
Increase....	87

SETTLEMENT, Statement No. 3.

	Rs.
1268.	11,03,624
1269.	11,19,691
Increase.....	16,167

* Rupees 14,587.

ITEMS.	1268.	1269.	Increase.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Rent of Mangalore.	13,705	17,661	3,956
" Udupi.	4,400	6,974	2,574
			6,530

24. Motaria and stamps require no particular remark: in both there is an increase but not to any large amount.

25. The salt Revenue shews an excess of Rupees 9,732, but it must be observed that the actual sales fall short of those of the previous year by Ind. Maunds 19,009; 15,164 being in sales for home consumption, and 3,845 for the inland trade. This arises from an insufficiency of stock in our kotars at the beginning of the season in 1859, and again at the close of that in 1860; of which the Board and Government have been informed. Had it not been for such unavoidable deficiency, the salt revenue would have shown a very considerable

Rs. 1-2 per Maund.

* Rupees 1-42 per Maund.
Government 22nd August 1856.
Revenue Board 10th March 1860 No. 1241.

by these increased prices, the out-turn showing an excess of Rupees 9,732 over that of the previous year.

19. The Huckle or dry cultivation shows a small increase.

The out turn of the year under report is exhibited in the margin.

20. These statements exhibit the outturn of the instalments of land-rent to be brought up in the year under report; and it is satisfactory to remark that they have been fully realized, with the exception of the small sum of Rupees 25, which was allowed to be withheld for various reasons.

21. The cultivation of cane is on the increase; an indication of which is the gradual increase in the export of the Jaggery produced from it. The prices obtained during the year were also remunerative.

22. The land Revenue settlement of the year under report shews an increase of Rs. 16,167 over the past; of which Rupees 1,580 are under the head Ryot-war and the remaining sum of Rupees 14,587 from the Forest and Amindevi Revenue included in the head of Sandry Items. The particulars of this increase* have been entered in para 16.

23. The revenue of the Abkari farm exhibits an increase of Rs. 6,459; which arises chiefly from the favorable rents obtained for the Taluks of Mangalore and Udupi, as shewn in the margin, from brisk competition among the bidders.

SOUTH CANARA.

26. Annexed is an abstract statement of the sales of salt.

Particulars.	1268.	1269.	Decrease.
	Ind. Md.	Ind. Md.	Ind. Md.
Sales for Home Consumption.	1,37,816	1,22,652	15,164
Do. for Inland do.	1,14,521	1,10,676	3,845
	2,52,337	2,33,328	19,009
Imported on duty....	1,690	.....	1,690
	2,54,027	2,33,328	20,699

27. The Sea Customs exhibit a large increase of nearly Rupees 12,000, arising from the increased duties under the operation of Act No. VII. of 1859; by which the duty on the export of grain was raised from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 Annas per Indian Maund, and the import duties from 5 and $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 20 and 10 per Cent., these 2 latter rates being subsequently reduced to the uniform rate of 10 per Cent. These changes came into operation at the close of April 1859 when trade was at an end for that season. The altered additional rates had therefore no practical effect till the month of October 1859. The increase would have appeared still larger, had the rice trade with the Arabian coast not fallen off as shown in para 9. Coffee, an article which paid an export duty before, has now become free, and by this exemption a reduction of nearly 5000 Rupees has occurred.

28. The subjoined statement shows the principal articles of trade and the duty levied during the year under report.

ARTICLES.	Duty levied in 1268.	1269.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Rice and Paddy... ..	10,614	26,332	15,718	.....
Salt....	1,479	.....	.....	1,479
Coffee....	6,428	1,498	.....	4,930
Betelnut....	1,748	1,947	199	.....
Pepper....	236	228	.....	8
Sandalwood.	11	.....	.....	11
Cardamoms....	95	27	.....	68
Sundries....	2,588	5,090	2,502	.....
Total....	23,199	35,122	11,923	6,496*

*Net Increase... 11,923

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Statement No. 10.

	Rs.
1268.	14,88,220
1269.	15,33,506
Increase...	45,286

ABSTRACT OF LAND AND OTHER SOURCES OF REVENUE.

29. From the foregoing paras it will be seen that the General revenue of the District exhibits an increase of Rupees 45,286, as shewn in the margin, over the out-turn of the previous year.

30. The variations in the several items, composing this head of Extra Revenue are not of such magnitude as to require particular explanation, except under the head of salt, in which

there is a net decrease of Rupees, 1,468. This arises from there being no fines to be levied from Salt contractors, and carried to the credit of Government as in last year. It is here to be remarked that the items of extra revenue in the Salt Department, which were included in the ordinary Revenue of Salt in the previous year, have been this year accounted for separately under the head of "Sevoy Jummah" or "Extra Revenue" as directed in the Board's Circular dated 7th July 1860, No. 3145.

INTEREST.

31. The Interest Account in the same statement (No. 9) exhibits a comparatively large excess in land revenue. This arises from the operation of Act XXXIX of 1853 under which interest is regularly collected on arrears of Kists. The sum of Rs. 838 appearing in the Salt Department were levied as interest on certain Demands against a contractor for delivery of Goa Salt, which was payable by him in consequence of his failure to fulfil his engagement, and whose case was reported to the Board under date the 27th October 1858 and, finally disposed of by order of Government dated 12th January 1859, No. 57.

Statement No. 11.

Items.	Demand.	Collections including Remission.	Balance on the 30th June 1860.
LAND.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Current...	11,19,891	10,88,639	31,082
Arrears...	50,979	50,724	255
Sundry Sources.			
Current...	4,07,920	3,95,311	11,609
Arrears...	10,896	10,896	6
Total.	15,89,486	15,46,534	42,952
Subsequent Collections to 31st July 1860.			
Land.			Balance.
Current...		25,881	5,201
Arrears...		110	145
Sundry Sources.			
Current...		4,774	6,835
Arrears...			6

DEMAND, COLLECTIONS AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF CURRENT REVENUE.

32. It is satisfactory to remark that the demand of land revenue was collected with great ease and punctuality during the year under report. It shews an advance of Rupees 35,818 in the current Demand over the result of the previous fasli. This is to be attributed to the profitable market found by the Ryots for their agricultural products.

33. The increase would have appeared still larger, had it not been for the fact that under the changes made in the previous Fasli in the mode of keeping the Taluk Accounts, by which the collections from the 16th June 1858 and 30th June 1859 came into the Accounts of that Fasli; where as the receipts of the year under report represent the transactions of only 12 months, or from 1st July 1859 to 30th June 1860.

SOUTH CANARA.

	Rupees.
1268.	89,190
1269.	62,142
Decrease....	27,048

34. The decrease in the recoveries of arrears is nominal, the outstanding balance* itself having been comparatively small at the beginning of the year.

IRRECOVERABLE ARREARS.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue...	5	8	0
Motorfa...	0	4	0
Extra Revenue...	0	15	0
	6	11	0

35. Of the outstanding arrears a sum of Rs. 6-11-0 is recommended for remission, as irrecoverable. The smallness of the amount will require no particular explanation.

COERCIVE PROCESS EMPLOYED IN THE COLLECTION OF REVENUE.

Statement No. 13.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
* Land...	1265...	3	2	0		
	1266...	2	2	4		
	1267...	46	3	8		
	1268...	93	7	0		
Motorfa...	1265 to 1267 at 9-7...	1	12	9	144	13
Extra Revenue...	1268...	4	11	6	6	8
					4	15
					156	6
† Motorfa...	1265...	0	9	7		
	1266...	0	9	7		
	1267...	0	9	7		
Land...	1265...	3	2	0	2	6
	1266...	2	2	4		
	1267...	3	2	0		
	1268...	3	2	0		
					11	8
					13	14

36. The extent to which coercive processes were resorted to for the recovery of Revenue has been slight the value of personal property distrained and sold being no more than Rupees 314. At the end of July the outstanding balance of arrears of all descriptions was only Rupees 156-6-3. The balance appertains to the faslis noted in the margin.* The old balances of fasli† which is recoverable by the sale of land, will be adjusted this year, the orders of the Board for the sale of one small plot of land having been already received, and the sale of another in the Udupi Taluk having been recommended under date the 16th August 1860. When these 2 cases are disposed of, the old arrears will be cleared from the accounts.

CHARGES.
Statement No. 14.

37. The several charges exhibited for the fasli under report are calculated as directed in the Board's Circular dated 7th July last No. 3145, i-e, those incurred on account of the Huzur Establishment &c. from 1st July to 31st December 1859, are included among the charges for the district of South Canara for the whole fasli. The expenditure of the previous fasli, however, shown for the sake of comparison, has been exhibited for the whole Canara District; as an attempt to divide it for the two separate districts would, from the mode in which the accounts were kept before February 1859, delay the early transmission of the settlement report most materially.

38. The comparison of charges for the two faslis thus prepared necessarily shows a decrease in all the items of expenditure, except that connected with the Ameen-devi Coir, which appertains to South Canara alone. I therefore think that no other explanation is necessary as regards the apparent diminution. It is however necessary to say something as regards the large expenditure connected with the purchase of salt, as

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

Description.	Quantity in Ind. Md.	Average Rate Per 120 Md.	Value in.
Bombay Salt.	1,02,198	Rs. 45 1/2	Rs. 46,841
Eastern Coast.	1,32,981	48 6 10 1/2	53,668
Goa Salt.	5,003	46 ...	1,918
	2,40,182	...	1,02,427

depended in some degree, it has become necessary to procure the whole supply by purchases of foreign produce at enhanced rates, while the requirement was large, the contractors for the supply of Bombay and Tinnevely salt failed in their agreement to deliver the full quantity required, as reported to the Board on the 30th April last, and from this failure it became necessary to restrict the sales about the end of April to home consumption only.

Fasli.	Candies.	Mooras of Rice.	Value Rupees.	In Cash Rupees.	Total.
1268.	636	4,846 1/2 @ Rs. 113 8 6	13,666	3,240	16,306
1269.	636	4,851 @ Rs. 154 2 11	17,808	3,241	21,049
			Excess....		4,743

enhanced prices paid for Rice issued to the Islanders at a fixed rate, Government bearing the additional cost above it. A report is due to the Board whether the old arrangement in regard to the delivery of the coir to Government alone is to be still continued, and I hope to take up the subject for disposal at an early date.

WORKING OF NEW VILLAGE AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.

40. As stated by Mr. Fisher in the Report of the previous year the new system of Taluk accounts was introduced in this District in February 1859 in that year and after experience of the period that has elapsed, it may be affirmed that the new forms are simple generally understood by the servants and have ensured both punctuality in despatch and correctness in preparation of accounts.

To Board 25th March 1859.
of the Board, are still before them.

LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.

42. Landed property is now acquired by Native public Servants without the previous sanction of the Collector under the provisions of the Board's Circular dated the 28th January 1860 No. 372 which prescribes that they should deliver a register of similar

shown in the margin. The Board are aware from previous reports, that there has been great deficiency of Stock in this district, and that from failures in the home manufacture i. e. in North Canara, on which the sales of this district

39. There is an increase of Rupees 4,516 in the purchase price of Ameendevi Coir. This does not arise from any excess in the receipt of the article from the Islands; but from the en-

SOUTH CANARA.

acquisitions once in the year on or before 15th January. Mr. Fisher having reported in his letter of the 8th February 1860 to the end of June 1859 I propose to report again on the subject in January 1861.

43. As I was not in the District during the conduct of any part of the settlement, comment from me on the mode in which the Subordinate Officers did their duty is precluded.

Fasli.	Unadjusted balance at the beginning of the Fasli	Deduct amount recovered or remitted.	Balance.
Up to Fasli 1268...	Rs. 314 1 0	Rs. 220 15 10	Rs. 92 11 2
Fasli 1269...	15 0 0	...	15 0 0
	328 11 0	220 15 10	107 11 2

220. 15. 10. were remitted as irrecoverable under authority of Government dated 7th February 1860 No. 192. Of the unadjusted balance Rupees 36. 10. 1. have been recovered and are now held in deposit. This amount will be written back in the accounts of the current Fasli and measures taken for the adjustment of the remaining sum of Rupees 71. 1. 1. at an early period.

	Ind: Md.	S.	T.
On Salt cleared for sale...	4,278	1	28
On ditto transported...	3,237	1	78
Loss on Salt delivered along side the Vessels...	1,554	36	17
Ditto on Salt delivered by weight at 120 Md. per Garce and its sale by measure at 424 marcahs per Garce...	28,516	25	...
Ditto by wreck of Vessels...	424	21	10
	38,011	5	53

46. With reference to para 22d of the Board's Circular dated 7th July last No. 3,145 observing that 3,436 Ind: Maunds being loss, by the change of equivalent of 120 Maunds is still continued in the accounts of this District. I beg to refer the Board to Mr. Fisher's letter of the 21st January 1857 and the account which accompanied it. This will show that the loss arising from the above cause amounting to Ind: Mds. 56,993 S. 2. T. 53. was written off the accounts in the month of December 1856, in Fasli 1266, Ind: Maunds 3,436. 37. 27 being omitted from such adjustment as it appertained to a quantity in store on the 30th September 1855, and already included in the wastage statement sanctioned for Fasli 1265.

COLLECTOR'S KACHERI,
MANGALORE,
15th September 1860.

(Signed) J. FRASER,
Collector.

N. B.—I think that it will be satisfactory to the Board to have before them a Statement showing how the Demand Collection and Balance for the first 6 months of the Fasli on Canara as it then was, have been separated for the two new Districts of North and South Canara. With this view I beg to forward the accompanying account marked A distinguishing the transactions of these two Districts. Those of this District will be found to tally with the settlement returns accompanying this Report.

(Signed) J. FRASER,
Collector.

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(Signed) J. FRASER,
Collector.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF MALABAR.

No. 1 to 19.
2nd September 1859 No. ... 3,467
7th May 1860... " " " " 2,223
7th July " " " " " " 3,145

I have the honor to transmit herewith the statements connected with the settlement of the Land and Extra sources of Revenue for Fasli 1269 A. D. 1859-60, prepared in accordance with the instructions contained in the Board's Circulars and proceedings marginally indicated.

VILLAGES AT WHICH THE SETTLEMENT WAS MADE.

Pattas was made.

2. Statement No. 1 exhibits the mode of division of the 16 Taluks for Jamabundi purposes,—the Villages at which and the Officers by whom, the distribution of the

VARIATIONS IN THE NUMBER AND TENURE OF VILLAGES, WITH REMARKS ON THE NUMBER OF PATTAS NOT RENEWED.

3. The total number of Villages is 433, and they are all as the Board are aware, under Ryotwary tenure.

No. 2494.

4. 51,948 Pattas, of which 34,200 appertained to Land and 17,748 to Abkari and Motarfá Revenue, were issued. The Board's Circular dated 23 May last was received when the distribution of the Pattas had been almost completed, their instructions, therefore, that the Pattas need not be renewed where slight changes only in the holdings had taken place, could not be fully attended to this year.

SEASON AND SANITARY STATE OF THE DISTRICT.

I. Cts.
Average of 5 years ending
with 1858... " " " " 95 23
Fall in 1858... " " " " 107 90
Do. in 1859... " " " " 112 90

5. The South West Monsoon commenced about the end of April 1859; the fall of Rain shews an excess of 5 Inches over the preceding year and of I. 17 Cts. 67 over the average of the last 5 years. The season was, on the whole, good; the first crop turned out above the average, but the second crop was less satisfactory, owing to the scantiness of the after rains.

FASLI.	Cholera.			Small Pox.		
	No. of Cases.	Died.	Recovered.	No. of Cases.	Died.	Recovered.
In Fasli 65....	500	368	132	3,004	1,676	1,328
" 66....	228	117	111	10,489	2,768	7,721
" 67....	4,731	3,257	1,474	14,607	7,879	6,728
" 68....	1,097	900	197	2,577	650	1,927
" 69....	16,343	13,953	2,390	1,621	499	1,122

6. As regards the Sanitary state of the District, I cannot speak at all favorably. Cholera of a virulent type raged throughout the Province for about six months and despite all possible efforts used to check its ravages, the number of deaths was 13,053 above those of Fasli 1268. Small pox prevailed to a less extent than in the previous year. The marginal Statement shews the extent and result of vaccination opera-

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

tion. The apparent great number of unsuccessful cases in Fasli 1269 is, I think, accounted for

FASLI.	Number Vaccinated.	Successful.	Unsuccessful.
In 1857-58 ...	21,010	16,175	4,865
1858-59 ...	19,877	15,076	4,801
1859-60 ...	19,089	4,224	14,865

by the fact that a stricter supervision over the vaccinators has been exercised and many doubtful cases excluded from the head of "Successful." The inhabitants are proverbially averse to vaccination and little trust can be placed in the agency of Native Vaccinators; besides which the percentage of cases of vaccination, which fail in this Province from the nature of the climate, is very high.

PRICES OF GRAIN.
Statement No. 2.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Fasli 1269...	197	9	1
" 1268...	145	14	3
Average of 5 years ending with 1268...	129	11	5

7. The wholesale prices of Grain in 1269 was 35 per Cent

above the high prices which obtained in 1268 and 52 per Cent over the average of the last 5 years.

Adverted to in para 7 of the Board's Proceedings dated 7th May 1860, No. 2,223.

8. The difference apparent between the average prices of the different kinds of Grain shewn in the statement No. 2 for Fasli 1268 and those in the Monthly Returns, is attributable solely to the fact that the former embrace the average prices of all Taluks while the latter include those only of principal Towns.

9. Due instructions were issued on the receipt of the Board's Proceedings dated 17th September 1859 for the correct conversion, to the Madras standard measure, of the different Grain measures used in this district, in framing the price returns of each Fasli, and their accuracy is, as directed, tested in the Huzur Office by the Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury.

RYOT'S HOLDINGS.

10. The quantity of new lands taken up and old lands relinquished, has been very limited this year.

11. In para : 9 of their Proceedings dated 7th May last, the Board direct that lands taken up by the Railway should be included in the item "Lands given up" in the Enclosure B of Statement No. 3. This enclosure as the Board are aware, is not applicable to Malabar.

ACTUAL CULTIVATION.

- 1 Upland Paddy.
2 Hill Paddy.
3 Oil Seed.

12. The cultivation assessed to Revenue consists of the Dry, Wet and Garden lands. The first comprises the 1 Modom 2 Ponom and 3 Ellu crops but the season having proved unfavorable for their cultivation a smaller extent of land than usual was brought under the plough, and the result has been a decrease of Rupees 7,687, as shewn in the subjoined comparative Abstract.

	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent in Acres.	Assessment.	Extent in Acres.	Assessment.	In Acres.	In Assessment.	In Acres.	In Assessment.
Modom or Upland Paddy...	46,357	Rs. 31,670 8 10	40,030	Rs. 28,718 2 4	...	...	6,327	2,952
Ponom or Hill Paddy...	23,861	14,745 0 6	20,198	12,928 12 10	...	...	3,663	1,817
Ellu or Oil Seed...	32,465	18,741 7 3	31,118	15,823 5 10	...	...	1,347	2,918
	1,02,683	65,157 0 7	91,346	57,470 5 0	...	...	11,337	7,687

MALABAR.

13. Of the wet cultivation there are no accounts to shew its "Extent," and the Colupin for its entry in Statement No. 3 is necessarily left blank. In the beginning of Fasli 1269.

	Rs.	A.	P.
The demand on account of wet lands amounted to...	14,39,824	12	6
Add Resumption of Remission...	7,569	10	1
New cultivation...	8,400	1	8
	15,969	11	9

Deduct Remissions in this Fasli...	11,55,794	8	3
	2,916	5	7

Net recoverable Jama...	11,52,878	2	6
Ditto of Fasli 1263...	11,39,824	12	6

Increase Rupees..... 13,053 6 0

* * This excess arises partly from the resumption of remissions and partly from the imposition of assessment on extra lands in the Vetatnad and Calicut Taluks which have been brought to light this year with the aid of the Aallava Paimash accounts lately translated.

14. The third item, Gardens, shews likewise an increase of Rs. 2,011 As. 9 P. 7 as follows.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Recoverable Jama in 1269...	4,36,483	2	6
Add, Tax on new gardens...	1,611	2	3
Ditto on old gardens...	180	8	8
Resumption of Remissions...	1,445	1	11
	3,236	12	10

Deduct, Remissions...	4,39,719	15	4
	1,225	3	3

Net recoverable Beriz...	4,38,491	12	1
Ditto of Fasli 1268...	4,36,483	2	6

Increase Rupees..... 2,011 9 7

15. 1,420 Acres of waste land, yielding a Revenue of Rupees 2,601 have been assessed in the Fasli. On the other hand Rs. 1,112 have been remitted on account of lands laid fallow owing partly to the impoverished condition of the owners, and partly to the fact that lands taken on Kowle had turned out unprofitable and were consequently thrown up by the Ryots.

16. During the Fasli, 1,500 Acres of waste land have been taken up on Kowle for wet cultivation; there are 290 Kowles and they will eventually yield a Revenue of about 3,488 Rupees.

17. Irrespective of the above, 1,036 Kowles were issued for waste land intended for conversion into Gardens; their aggregate area amounts to 3,266 acres. The amount of assessment, however, cannot be determined until the plantations become productive.

18. By the accompanying Statement No. 4 it will be observed that the remissions granted on account of cultivation and Gardens amounted to only Rs. 4,141 A. 8 P. 10 against Rs 9,862, A. 4 in Fasli 1268. This decrease is to be accounted for chiefly by the very small remission allowed for crops withered or otherwise partially destroyed, as the prices which obtained for Paddy were so high and favorable to the cultivation.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

PARTICULARS OF SUNDRY ITEMS.

19. Under this head there is a net increase of Rupees 1,116, attributable to the proceeds of the sale of Bamboos, and stamp money realized on Trees felled from the Government Forests, having been greater than in the previous year. The decrease of Rs. 576 against the item "Gold washings" is due to its having been found necessary to remit the Rent of the Farm at Nilambur in consequence of the washings having been given up owing to the Curumbaras, who alone understood the process, having abandoned the work for the more profitable occupation to be had under the Planters in the adjoining Taluk of Wynad.

EXTENT OF LAND CULTIVATED WITH SPECIAL PRODUCTS, AS SUGAR CANE, COTTON AND INDIGO.

20. Special products are cultivated to a very limited extent in this District, and are not, therefore, assessed to Revenue.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT SHEWING THE GENERAL RESULT OF LAND REVENUE SETTLEMENT.

21. The following abstract shows the general result of the land Revenue settlement as compared with that of the preceding year.

ITEMS.	Settlement of Fasli 1268.		Settlement of Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Nunjah (Wet Lands)...	11,39,824	12 6	11,52,878	2 8	13,053	6 2		
Poonjah (Dry Do.)...	65,157	0 7	57,470	5 0			7,686	11 7
Total...	12,04,981	13 1	12,10,348	7 8	13,053	6 2	7,686	11 7
Gardens...	4,36,483	2 6	4,38,494	12 1	2,011	9 7		
Sundry Items...	8,811	14 0	9,927	1 11	1,115	3 11		
Total Ryotwar...	16,50,276	13 7	16,58,770	5 8	16,180	3 8	7,686	11 7
Permanently settled...	15,000	0 11	15,000	0 11				
Rents for more than 1 year...	6,649	5 10	5,398	2 11			1,251	2 11
Rents...	15,100	0 0	15,100	0 0				
Total...	36,749	6 9	35,498	3 10			1,251	2 11
Grand Total...	16,87,026	4 4	16,94,268	9 6	16,180	3 8	8,937	14 6

Net Increase... 7,242 5 2

22. In two Taluks, Calicut and Vetutnad, an examination of the lands and their assessment has taken place, as mentioned above, in para: 13, and resulted in disclosing an excess of Revenue amounting to Rs. 3,746.

MALABAR.

23. Statement No. 10 exhibits a net increase SUNDY SOURCES OF REVENUE. in the items composing Sundry Sources of Revenue, amounting to Rs. 1,11,749; they are briefly as follows.

24. This item indicates a net decrease of Rs. 1,348, owing partly to want ABKARI. of competition in the sale of the farm of the Ernad Taluk this source of Revenue is in a transitive state in Malabar and the decrease of the Fasli under review has been made good in the current year.

MOTARFA.

Net Increase... Rs. 1,899

25. The excess under this head is owing to a large number of Bandies, Houses and Shops having been brought under assessment.

SALT.

Net Increase... Rs. 1,12,045
In 1269... 5,14,125
,, 1268... 4,04,118
Increase... 50,007

26. Statement Nos. 14 to 17, exhibit the transactions in salt. The large increase in this branch of Revenue is accounted for by the enhanced sales; as well as the price of this Article having, under the orders of Government dated 19th August 1859, been raised by 2 Annas on the I. Mds.

27. In consequence of the short produce of salt in Bombay and the great demand for it, the quantity purchased fell considerably short of that bought in the previous year; and to this may be ascribed the decrease of Rupees 22,580 in the charges on this account, notwithstanding the very high prices paid for it. The net Revenue derived from salt amounts to Rs. 4,84,025 against Rs. 3,20,826, the result of 1268. The charges bear a per centage of Rs. 25 when contrasted with the gross collections.

SEA CUSTOMS.

Decrease... Rs. 3,812

28. The decrease here noticed is mainly attributable to the abolition of Export duty on Coffee and to there having been no importation of Tobacco since the introduction of Act No. X of 1860. The percentage which the total charges (Rs. 19,336) bear to the Gross Collections (Rs. 76,820) is 25 Rupees.

FRONTIER DUTIES.

Decrease... Rs. 173

29. The fluctuation under this head, being small, does not seem to require any remark.

STAMPS.

Increase... Rs. 3,138

30. This branch of Revenue continues on the increase, the result of a steady augmentation of business in the Civil side of the different Courts in the Province. The charges bear a proportion of 12 per Cent to the Collection.

ABSTRACT SHEWING THE REVENUE FROM BOTH LAND AND SUNDRY SOURCES IN COMPARISON WITH THE PRECEDING FASLI.

as compared with previous Fasli.

31. By the subjoined Abstract it will be observed that the result of the Revenue Administration of this district in 1269 is a net increase of Rs. 1,19,964

Items.	Fasli 1268.		Fasli 1269.		Increase.		Decrease.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	Rs.	
1 Land Revenue... ..	16,87,026	4 4	16,94,268	9 6	7,242	....	
2 Sundry sources of Revenue... ..	9,43,199	9 0	10,54,948	2 8	1,11,749	...	
Total Land and Sundry sources...	26,30,225	13 4	27,49,216	12 2	1,18,991	.....	
3 Extra Revenue... ..	2,181	1 3	3,183	13 0	1,003	....	
4 Interest account... ..	178	14 6	148	13 7	....	30	
Total...	2,359	15 9	3,332	10 7	1,003	30	
Grand Total	26,32,585	13 1	27,52,549	6 9	1,19,964	30	

Net Increase..... 1,19,964

REMARKS ON THE SIVAI JAMA AND INTEREST.

32. The former of these items exhibits an increase of Rupees 1,003, arising chiefly from a large quantity of smuggled Tobacco having been confiscated and sold during the year. The fluctuation under the latter head is so trifling that it needs no remark.

DEMAND COLLECTION AND BALANCE OF ALL SOURCES OF CURRENT REVENUE.

33. The following comparative Abstract Statement exhibits the Demand Collection and Balance of all sources of Revenue in the present and past year.

Items.	Demand.		Collection.		Balance at the end of the Fasli.		Percentage.		Balance after deducting subsequent collections.		Percentage.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Fasli 1268. Land Revenue... ..	16,87,026	4 4	16,67,148	10 11	19,877	9 5	1 2	...	17,027	3 6	1	...
Sundry sources of Revenue...	9,43,199	9 0	9,41,101	14 10	2,097	10 2	..	4	75	10 8	...	...
Extra Revenue....	2,359	15 9	2,359	15 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	26,32,585	13 1	26,10,610	9 6	21,975	3 7	...	13	17,102	14 2	...	10
Fasli 1269. Land Revenue... ..	16,94,268	9 6	16,78,908	10 9	15,359	14 9	...	14	12,646	8 4	...	12
Sundry sources of Revenue...	10,54,948	2 8	10,52,043	15 10	2,904	2 10	...	4	65	2 6	...	...
Extra Revenue....	3,332	10 7	3,332	10 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	27,52,549	6 9	27,34,285	5 2	18,264	1 7	...	10	12,711	10 10	...	7
Increase... ..	1,19,963	9 8	1,23,674	11 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Decrease... ..	...	...	...	...	3,711	2 0	...	...	4,391	3 4	...	...

Of the balance on account of land Revenue at the year, Rs. 2,713 was realized up to 31st July, leaving a residue of Rs. 12,646, which embraces a sum of Rs. 9,517 due by the Bibi of Cannanore, Rs. 792 by the contractor of the Gold washing farm in Wynad, and Rupees 2,337 by Sundry Ryots.

34. A Statement of Demand collection and balance of arrears is appended.

Items.	Land Revenue.		Sundry Sources of Revenue.		Total.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Balance at the commencement of the Fasli....	25,725	2 8	2,217	4 1	27,942	6 9
Amount Collected within ditto....	21,549	3 10	2,089	2 1	23,638	5 11
Remitted as per Sanction of Government dated } 26th September 1859 and 8th June 1860. }	187	9	98	14 9	286	7 9
	21,736	12 10	2,188	...	23,924	13 8
Balance at the close of the Fasli...	3,988	5 10	29	3 3	4,017	9 1
Deduct Subsequent Collection....	8	3 6	...	4 7	8	8 1
Balance on the 31st July 1860...	3,980	2 4	28	14 8	4,009	1

35. Out of the arrears outstanding on the 31st July viz. Rupees 4,009 A. 1 P. 0 Rs. 603 A. 4 P. 2 may be considered as recoverable, Rs. 7 A. 10 P. 9 as doubtful and Rs. 3,398 A. 2 P. 1 as irrecoverable. The Faslis and heads of Revenue to which the latter belong are given in the following Abstract, and I solicit sanction for expunging these items from the balance sheet.

FASLI.	Land Revenue.		Abkari.		Mótarfá.		Total.	
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
1263.	204	...	...	...	...	...	204	...
1264.	359	2 4	...	...	...	...	359	2 4
1265.	648	3 10	...	...	...	...	648	3 10
1266.	657	...	...	...	...	...	657	...
1267.	667	12 6	...	...	...	...	667	12 6
1268.	814	13 3	13	...	4	2 2	861	15 5
Total...	3,380*	15 11	13	...	4	2 2	3,398	2 1

* Inclusive of arrears on account of the Gold washings of Wynad.
Vide Board's Proceedings. 28th March 1860.—No. 1562.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

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EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE PROCESS WAS EMPLOYED IN THE COLLECTION OF REVENUE.

36. In three cases only it was found necessary to sell property for arrears of Revenue, amounting in the aggregate to Rupees 92, and no instance of confinement of Revenue Defaulters occurred during the year.

37. The Revenue charges and their rate of percentage to the collections are shewn in statement No. 14.

The total charges are Rupees 4,74,213 or Rupees 35,502 below the previous year, when it amounted to Rs. 5,10,015.

WORKING OF THE NEW SYSTEM OF VILLAGE AND TALUK ACCOUNTS.

38. Such of the forms of the new Village and Taluk accounts as are applicable to this district have been introduced and are working satisfactorily.

REGISTER OF LANDS ACQUIRED BY PUBLIC SERVANTS.

39. During the year under report no land was obtained by public servants.

REMARKS ON THE CONDUCT OF THE SUBORDINATE OFFICERS.

40. The covenanted Officers in the district have rendered the most hearty and valuable aid. The uncovenanted Deputy Collectors have fulfilled the expectations entertained regarding them; all have been industrious, and so far as I can judge, the people seem well satisfied with the way in which their interests have been dealt with by them. Mr. Stuart has a difficult position in Wynad, but he has exhibited tact and judgment in dealing with the cases brought before him.—Canaren has brought his experience into play with his usual zeal and ability.—Mr. Bates the Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury has exhibited his usual attention to the discharge of his duties, in which he is thoroughly well versed. Since his absence on leave for a period of 3 months, Mr. Richardson Deputy Collector, has been in charge of the Treasury and has shown that attention to his duties which my knowledge of him previous to his entering the public service, led me to expect. My Sarristadar gives his undivided attention to his duties and has exhibited that good judgment which I expected of him. The other ministerial servants of my office have had much to do, and have done it cheerfully and well. With the Tahsildars generally I have had reason to be satisfied.

Dated 27th July 1860.

The Sub Collector's report on the Taluks forming his Division is herewith submitted as appendix A.

CALICUT, }
22d August, 1860.

(Signed) P. GRANT,
Collector.

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(Signed) P. GRANT.

Collector.

SUB-COLLECTORATE.

I have the honor to submit my report on the annual settlement of the Sub Division for Fasli 1269 A. D. 1859-60, accompanied with usual statements prepared according to the prescribed form.

- The total number of new pattas distributed, amounts to 13,961, of which 6,185 were land revenue pattas. The particulars under this head, are shown in statement No. 1.
- Villages at which the settlement was made *Vide enclosure A in No. 1.*
- There have been no variations in the number and tenure of the villages in the Sub Division during the Fasli under review. Of the total number of pattas 1,26,953-1,12,992, have been left unaltered.
- The season has, on the whole, been a very favorable one. The rain-fall was abundant and seasonable. In the Taluks of Choughat and Kootnad, where the crops often suffer from floods, the ryots succeeded this year in getting in their harvest without loss. A large sum granted as remission on this account in the preceding fasli, has, in consequence, this year, been brought to the credit of Government.
- The sanitary state of the district during the fasli, has, I regret to say, been by no means satisfactory. No less than 4,302 persons have fallen victims to Cholera and 495 to small.

Taluks.	Cholera.	Small pox.	Total No. of deaths.
1 Palghat...	166	4	170
2 Temelpurath...	91	...	91
3 Nedunganad...	568	10	578
4 Kootnad...	1,768	182	1,978
5 Choughat.....	1,681	299	1,980
	4,302	495	4,797

pox. The coast taluks, Kootnad and Choughat, as usual, suffered most, as will be seen from the talukwar statement in the margin. The unvarying fish diet of the dwellers on the sea board and the filthy state of the villages, account, in a measure for this. In some of the large towns, however, such as Ponany, the spread of disease may, I think, in a great measure, be attributed to the system of intermural interment, which is carried on to an alarming extent, and the wonder is that the effects are no worse than they are. In Ponany several of the most densely populated thoroughfares wind in and out amongst graves, the depth of which is rarely more than 2½ or 3 feet, whilst in the immediate vicinity are the wells from which all the drinking water of the population is taken. I hope to be able to effect some improvement on this state of things shortly, but the matter is one that requires to be approached with caution, as the Moplas are suicidally prejudiced in favor of the existing state of things and jealous beyond measure of interference. However, I trust, by the exercise of a little tact and discretion, to effect some amelioration this year without risking the chance of a disturbance. Should I fail, I shall be prepared to recommend that the present system be peremptorily prohibited. Government having signified their willingness to purchase and enclose ground for the purposes of extra mural interment, I shall feel no hesitation in recommending such a course being adopted.

7. Statement No. 2 exhibits the commutation and current prices of Paddy, the staple product of the Sub Division. A glance at this table, will account for the ryots of Malabar being the thriving, prosperous individuals they are. The price of this staple has still an upward tendency, the average for fasli 1269, being Rupees 196 A. 5 P. 1 per garce for first quality, against 175 A. 3 P. 9 which was its average value in fasli 1268.

Yelloo or oilseed is also grown to a considerable extent. There is a decrease in its price this fasli of Rupees 8 A. 10 P. 11 as compared with that obtained for it in fasli 1268. The average prices quoted, are calculated from the returns furnished periodically from the taluks, which are framed upon the prices actually obtaining in the principal markets. I think that, on the whole, their accuracy may be relied on.

8. With the exception of lands assessed at Rs. 248 A. 11 P. 8 taken up for the railway, no permanently assessed holdings have been abandoned. Lands taken on Kowle and which

* Rupees 415 A. 4 P. 5.
Vide Statement No. 6.

should this year have paid Revenue to the extent marginally* noted, have been thrown up owing in some instances to the sterility of the soil and in others to the Kowledars not having sufficient capital to carry out the improvement necessary to make the soil remunerative. This subject is noticed below in the explanatory remarks on the particulars of remissions. Kowles for periods varying from one to twelve years have been granted for 491 acres. 306 acres of this, are for wet cultivation, and will yield a revenue of Rupees 685 A. 10 P. 4 when the Kowles fall in; 185 acres have been granted for cocoanut plantations, and the trees will be assessed as they come into bearing.

ACTUAL CULTIVATION.

9. With the exception of the old Hinduvee Allayū Paimash deposited in the Huzoor records, the translation of which has only recently been begun, there is no account to show the exact extent of wet land permanently assessed. The columns appropriated for this entry in statement No. 3, have, therefore, been left blank. The garden lands are at present in the same state; but accounts, with reference to the extent of their holdings, are now in course of preparation.

* Vide Statement No. 3. The beriz of the wet lands for Fasli 1269, was Rupees 5,07,881*
(1) Enclosure A in No. 3. A. 8 P. 6 which is in excess of the collections of the preceding
(2) do. do. do. Fasli by (1) 944. The garden lands also show an increase of Rs.
(3) do. do. do. (2) 186—The extent of the dry land cultivation this year, is less

by 2,038 acres than the area cultivated in fasli 1268, and the revenue under this head, is less by Rupees (3) 1,769, in consequence. The causes of increase and decrease will be commented on below. In enclosure B to statement No. 3, lands assessed at Rupees 248 A. 11 P. 8, taken up for the Railway, are entered under the head of "lands given up," and this amount has been excluded from statement No. 4 as directed in Para 9 of the Board's Proceedings dated 7th May 1860.

10. Statement No. 4 shows the particulars of remissions. From the total amount Rs. 8, 971 A. 15 P. 9, have to be deducted, (1) the items Rupees 5, 617 A. 12 P. 6, being the permanent remissions as they stood at the commencement of the fasli, and (2) Rupees 2,236 A. 7 P. 11, customary remissions on account of Pagodas, Mosques &c., leaving a balance of Rupees 1,117 A. 11 P. 4, requiring explanation which I now proceed to offer.

(A.) Of the amount noted in the margin, Rupees 417 A. 11 P. 11, is the assessment which came due this fasli on lands taken on Kowle and thrown up by the Ryots as unprofitable. As, after careful enquiry, it appeared that in these particular instances there was more or less truth in the statement, the amount was remitted and the Kowle cancelled. Numbers of similar applications, where it was manifest that the ryots intended to defraud Government of its just dues, were rejected. A very loose system with regard to Kowles, has hitherto prevailed. Kowles have been granted indiscriminately for long periods to any one who chose to apply for them, and after making all they could out of the lands for the period for which they were held rent free, the Kowledars have been in the habit of throwing them up on the plea of their not being remunerative just as the Government demand fell due. This has been put a stop to, and unless very good reason is shown, the Kowledar is made to abide by the terms of his agreement—i.e. no Kowle is cancelled at a late period unless the holder is prepared to pay one year's full assessment for the whole extent of land for which he originally tendered. This is only having a fair regard to the interests of Government, and cannot be looked on by the ryots as a hardship, for they can easily ascertain within the first year or two of their Kowle whether the land is likely to repay their outlay, and in most cases this could be ascertained before the tender is made.

(B.) This item is temporary remission granted on Kowle lands
Rupees 28 A. 15 P. 8 for one year where it was satisfactorily shown that the ryots had been

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Rupees 105 A. 5⁰ P. 8

Rupees 17 A. 15 P. 0

Rupees 4 A. 7 P. 11

(1) *Runces* 143 A.7 P. 2

(2) *Rupees* 399 A. 12 P. 8

Vide Statement No. 7.

These figures do not tally with those set down in para 9. The sums there entered show the increase of revenue consequent on actual extension of cultivation. Those entered here show the increase of the land revenue for justi 1269 over 1268 including remissions granted in the latter year brought to account in the justi under review.

12. The accounts show a net increase in the land Revenue for fasli 69 as compared with the preceding year of Rs. 3,436 A. 13 P. 6. This is owing partly to Kowles falling in and Pulliyal lands being permanently assessed but principally to large remissions granted last year in the Choughaut Taluk to the cultivators of the Poonjah Kole crops having this year been brought to account. Remissions for partial damage sustained by these crops have, in my opinion, been too freely granted hitherto. Owing to the land being sub-

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13. I trust it will not be considered foreign to the subject of this report, if I again ask your attention to the suggestion put forward in my letter to your address, dated 16th November No. 159-1859 that certain dry grains and other products which now pay no tax should be moderately assessed. In your reply you were pleased to express your concurrence with my views as to the propriety of their being assessed, but stated that you deemed it expedient to wait for the Revenue Survey, the operations of which were at that time expected to extend at an early date to this district. As, however, it appears likely that some time may elapse before the survey is commenced in Malabar, I would again suggest that Plantain gardens, Samay and Cholum should be taxed. I omit the other dry grains as also sugar-cane and cotton as they are cultivated to a very limited extent. The Plantain is a very remunerative crop and largely cultivated in the Sub Division. Cholum is also largely cultivated on the borders of the Coimbatore District in the Temmelpuram Taluk. The Tahsildar reports about 2,000 acres at a rough estimate as having been cultivated in fasli 1269. The people are perfectly willing to be taxed for this product, being anxious to obtain pattas for the land so cultivated. The assessment would be a very simple matter. I would propose the same rates as those levied on the same description of land in the adjoining Taluk of Polachy in the Coimbatore District, liable of course to modifications when the survey reaches Malabar. With regard, however, to the assessment to be levied on the Plantain gardens I should like a little time for consideration before giving an opinion.

АВКАРИ.

Increase.

[illegible]

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF

	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Brought forward.</i>			
Remissions brought to account.	846	10	3
Rent of Abkari farm in Choughaut....	3,100	0	0
Remission brought to account of Abkari farm in Palghat Cantonment....	50	0	0
	4,104	2	3
<i>Decrease.</i>			
By death and desertion of rate payers....	430	8	0
By reduction of rates....	7	0	0
Temporary remission on account of poverty, unproductive trees &c....	530	13	4
Entire remission of knife and still tax in Chowghaut Taluk...	2,413	4	0
	3,381	9	1

(B.) The remission of knife and still tax in Choughaut is consequent upon the Abkari having been farmed out from the commencement of fasli 1269. There is an increase of Revenue under this head in the said Taluk of Rupees 686 A. 8. P. 0 This was the first experiment of an Abkari farm in the Subdivision and parties were in consequence rather chary of bidding. When the present lease expires, which it does at the end of 1271, I anticipate a much larger addition to the Revenue. The whole Abkari of the Subdivision has since been farmed out under Regulation I. of 1820 and the report for 1270 will, I am confident, justify my recommendation of the measure.

(C.) Under this head there appears a gross increase of Rupees 2,909 A. 4 P. 10, from which has to be deducted Rupees 1,642 A. 7 P. 11, decrease, leaving a net balance in favor of this year's revenue of Rupees 1,266 A. 12 P. 11. The particulars are shown below.

	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Increase.</i>			
Tax on houses....	282	7	1
Increased rates....	1	6	10
Concealed Revenue brought to account....	15	2	3
Remissions granted last year and brought to account....	412	8	9
Sundry items. { Sundry taxes....	1,327	9	2
{ Increased rates....	6	13	9
{ Concealed Revenue....	0	9	2
{ Remissions brought to account....	862	11	9
Gross increase....	2,909	4	10

In the item "Sundry taxes" is included an increase of Rupees 660 A. 1 P. 1 imposed on bandies plying for hire and Rupees 104, imposed on the axes of wood cutters who last year were not charged with Motarfá at all.

MALABAR.

15

	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Decrease.</i>			
House-owners, dead or deserted...	186	10	9
Reductions in rates...	22	10	8
Excess collection relinquished...	7	11	5
Temporary remissions...	255	1	6
Sundry items. { Rate payers, dead or deserted...	745	4	2
{ Reduction in rates...	10	13	7
{ Excess collection relinquished...	0	13	9
{ Temporary remissions...	413	6	1
Gross Decrease...	1,642	7	11

The temporary remissions were granted to really indigent parties unable to pay the tax. With regard to the item Rs. 745 A. 4 P. 2 on account of the death or desertion of the rate payers I have strong doubts as to its correctness but we are almost entirely dependent upon the village subordinates for information of this kind. It shall have my attention in future.

- SALT. (D.) The Sub Collector has nothing to do with this Monopoly.
- SEA CUSTOMS (E.) Under the Collector.
- FRONTIER DUTIES (F.) None in the subdivision.
- STAMPS (G.) Under the Collector.

Vide Statement No. 10 15. Enclosure A in statement No. 10 shows a net increase in the revenue derived from land and sundry sources for the fasli under review of Rupees 69,384 A. 0 P. 3. Exclusive of salt, Stamps and Customs which are under the control of the Collector the net increase for fasli 1269 amounts to Rupees 5,480 A. 8 P. 1 a result satisfactory so far as it goes but not what it ought to be. If we have but a moderately good season, I hope to be able to record a considerable improvement on this when reporting on fasli 1270.

Statement No. 9. 16. This statement shows the particulars of Extra Revenue and interest for fasli 1269 and a comparison with the preceding fasli shows a net increase of Rupees 75 A. 0 P. 6.

The only item which appears to call for remark is Rupees 100 A. 10 P. 9 a portion of this is the assessment levied on Kowle lands thrown up. Cancellation of the Kowles in these instances has refused unless one year's assessment was paid up, for the reasons specified in Para 10. (A.) The other portion is the difference which, on examination, was found to exist between some of the village Goshwar and Isumwar accounts (the latter being in excess of the former) and which has been brought to account.

17. (A.) This statement shows a balance at the end of the fasli of Rupees 268 A. 9 P. 8 which subsequent collections have reduced to Rupees 128 A. 13 P. 6. The principal portion of this balance was in the Choughaut Taluk as will be seen on reference to enclosure A in No. 11

(B.) The same enclosure shows the arrears outstanding at the end of the fasli to have amounted to Rupees 671 A. 15 P. 1 which minus Rupees 257 A. 13 P. 7 since collected or remitted with the sanction of the Board leaves a balance of arrears amounting to Rupees 414 A. 1 P. 6.

SETTLEMENT REPORT OF MALABAR.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Palghat...	3	9	4
Choughaut...	71	1	3
Kootnad...	52	2	10
	126	13	5

18. I have the honor to request that irrecoverable arrears amounting to Rupees 126 A. 13 P. 5 may be written off the accounts. The items and the reasons for remission will be found in the particular statement of arrears forwarded herewith.

EXTENT TO WHICH COERCIVE
PROCESS WAS HAD RECOURSE TO.

19. In the Kootnad Taluk property valued at Rupees 135 A. 5 P. 1 was attached and released immediately the demand was paid.

In Choughaut Taluk it was found necessary to sell property to the amount of Rupees 16 A. 5 P. 0 in order to realize the assessment due by two ryots.

CHARGES.

20. The charges in the subdivision for fasli 1269 amounted to Rs. 79,896 A. 14 P. 3 or 12 per cent on the receipts.

N. B. The above includes Land Revenue, Abkari, Mótarfá and small farms only.

* Nedunganad.
Choughaut.
Kootnad.

21. I regret that I am unable to report as favorably as usual on the conduct of the subordinate officers. I refer particularly to the Tahsildars of the Taluks marginally* noted,

none of whom have given me satisfaction during the fasli. The Kootnad Tahsildar has, by the orders of the Board, conveyed in their Proceedings dated 3rd July 1860, No. 3,047, been removed from his office of Tahsildar. With regard to the other two it would perhaps be difficult to bring home any specific charge against them but the records of my office show that they have been apathetic and negligent in the discharge of their duties, involving thereby a large increase of work both in my office and their own.

Naraniah, my Sarristadar, joined me in April of this year and has only assisted me in the settlement of one Taluk. Immediately on his arrival he threw himself heartily into his work and has in every way been of the greatest assistance to me. Indeed without his help business would have been sadly retarded, as, at the busiest time of the year, my head and 2nd Clerks were unfortunately taken ill and I found it impossible adequately to supply their places. Naraniah however cheerfully undertook their duties in addition to his own and afforded me valuable aid when I stood most in need of it.

I am gratified in being also able to report favorably of all the other Subordinates in the Sub Division.

(Signed) H. E. SULLIVAN,

Sub Collector.

Sub Collector's Office,
PALGHAT.
July 27th 1860.

செப்பனுவதற்காக எடுத்த
கொளப்பபட்ட
பென்மாதம் 1750 வருடம்
செப்பனிட முடித்த
பென்மாதம் 1550 வருடம்
சுராய்ச்சி உதவியாளன்
கையொப்பம்

