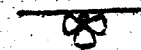


THIRD TOUR
OF
H.E. THE RIGHT HON. THE
LORD PENTLAND,

P.C., G.C.L.E.



VIZAGAPATAM AND GANJAM

THIRD TOUR

OF



H.E. THE RIGHT HON. THE

LORD PENTLAND,

P.C., G.C.I.E.,

Governor of Madras.

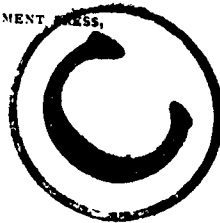
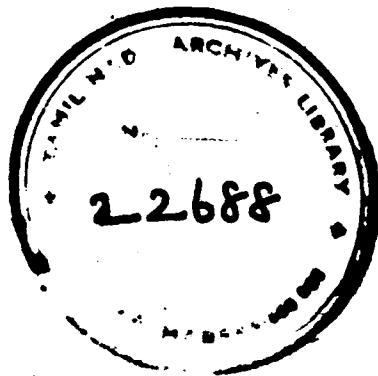
VIZAGAPATAM AND GANJAM.

*November 30th to December 16th,
1913.*

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N13.3:3

MADRAS:
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1914.



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PARTY.

The party accompanying His Excellency consisted of—

1. C. B. COTTERELL, Esq., I.C.S., *Private Secretary.*
 - * 2. Captain CECIL ALLANSON, *Military Secretary.*
 3. Captain R. H. V. CAVENDISH, M.V.O., *Aide-de-Camp.*
-

* Joined the party on the evening of the 7th and left for Madras on the 3th December.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Date.	Day of week.	Town or village.	Place.	Arr. or Dep.	Time.			
					A.M.	P.M.		
1913. Nov. 30.	Sun.	Madras ...	Central Station ...	Dep.	...	6-5		
Dec. 1.	Mon.	Waltair...	Railway Station ...	Arr.	11-40	...		
			Town Hall ...	Dep.	11-45	...		
				Arr.	...	12-15		
			Collector's House...	Dep.	...	12-40		
				Arr.	...	12-50		
					1-30			
					4-30			
					8-0			
Dec. 2.	Tues.	Waltair...	Collector's House...	Dep.	7-30	...		
			Lunatic Asylum ...	Arr.	7-35	...		
				Dep.	8-0	...		
			Central Jail ...	Arr.	8-10	...		
				Dep.	8-30	...		
			Harbour Site Light-house.	Arr.	8-50	...		
			Collector's House...	Dep.	9-20	...		
				Arr.	9-30	...		
					9-40	...		
					11-0	...		
					12	..		
					NOON.			

TIME-TABLE.

Distance in miles.	Remarks.
...	By special train. Departure private.
...	Arrival private.
...	By carriage.
2½	Arrival public. Received and replied to address from the Municipal Council of Vizagapatam.
...	By motor-car.
2½	
...	Lunch.
...	Garden party.
...	Dinner party.
...	By motor-car.
1½	
...	By motor-car.
1½	
...	By motor-car.
3	
...	By motor-car.
3	
...	Breakfast.
...	Deputation from the Vizagapatam District Association.
...	Interviews with—
...	(1) The Kumar Raja of Bobbili.
...	(2) M.R.Ry. A. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu, Pleader and Chairman, Municipal Council of Vizagapatam.
...	(3) M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib T. Balajee Rao Nayudu Garu, Huzur Deputy Collector.
...	(4) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. Narasimharao Pantulu Garu, Treasury Deputy Collector.
...	Lunch.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Date.	Day of week.	Town or village.	Place.	Arr. or Dep.	Time.	
					A.M.	P.M.
1913. Dec. 3.	Wed.	Waltair...	Collector's House...	...	12 NOON.	...
			Raja of Kurupam's House.	Dep. Arr.	...	1-30 4-20 4-40
			Collector's House...	Dep. Arr.	...	5-50 6-10 8-0
Dec. 4.	Thurs.	Waltair...	Collector's House...	Dep.	7-15	...
			Railway Station ...	Arr.	7-30	...
		Vizianag- ram.	Railway Station ...	Dep. Arr.	7-35 8-45	...
			Phul Bagh ...	Dep. Arr.	8-50 9-15	...
					9-30 11-30	...
			Water-works - Ser- vice Reservoir.	Dep. Arr.	...	12-30 1-30 4-0 4-5
			Moti Mahal ...	...	...	8-0
			Phul Bagh ...	Dep. Arr.	...	10-15 10-25

TIME-TABLE.

Distance in miles.	Remarks.
...	Interviews with— (1) M.R.Ry. V. V. Sivavadhani Garu, Subordinate Judge, Vizagapatam. (2) M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib P. Sitamo Pantulu Garu, Retired Deputy Collector. (3) M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur B. Narayanamurty Pantulu Garu, Retired Deputy Collector and Dewan to the Hani Sahiba of Wadhwan. (4) Sri Vikrama Deo Garu, cousin of the Maharaja of Jeypore.
...	Lunch.
...	By motor-car.
1½	His Excellency attended the Raja of Kurupam's Garden party.
...	By motor-car.
1½	Dinner.
...	By motor-car.
...	By special train. Departure private.
...	Arrival private.
...	By carriage.
3	Breakfast.
...	His Excellency received an informal visit from the Raja of Vizianagram.
...	His Excellency visited the Fort.
...	Lunch.
...	By motor-car.
1	Arrival public. Received and replied to address from the Municipal Council of Vizianagram, opened water-works and visited Nellimaria (3 miles).
...	Dinner at Moti Mahal in the Fort, followed by music and fireworks.
...	
2	

VIZAGAPATAM.

Date.	Day of week.	Town or village.	Place.	Arr. or Dep.	Time.	
					A.M.	P.M.
1913. Dec. 6.	Sat.	Vizianag- ram. Ponduru...	Phul Bagh ...	Dep.	6-55	...
			Railway Station ...	Arr.	7-10	...
			Railway Station ...	Dep.	7-15	...
				Arr.	8-22	...
				Dep.	...	3-15

TIME-TABLE.

Distance in miles.	Remarks.
...	By motor-car. Departure private.
3	By special train. Departure private.
...	Duck-shooting.
...	By special train for Chatrapur. Departure private.

Date.	Day of week.	Town or village.	Place.	Arr. or Dep.	Time.	
					A.M.	P.M.
1913. Dec. 9.	Tues.	Chatrapur. Berhampur.	Collector's House... Town Hall ...	Dep. Arr.	7-30 8-20	...
			Sub-Collector's House.	Dep. Arr.	9-15 9-20	...
					9-30 11-0	...
					12-15	...
			Kallikota College...	Dep. Arr.	...	1-30 4-10 4-15
			District Judge's House.	Dep. Arr.	...	5-10 5-15
		Chatrapur.	Collector's House...	Dep. Arr.	...	6-15 7-0 8-0
Dec. 10.	Wed.	Chatrapur. Berhampur.	Collector's House... Jubilee Hospital ... District Jail ...	Dep. Arr. Dep. Arr.	7-30 8-20 9-0 9-5	

Distance in miles.	Remarks.
...	By motor-car.
14	Arrival public. Received and replied to addresses from— (1) Berhampur Municipal Council. (2) Ganjam District Board. (3) Ganjam Landholders' Association. (4) Ganjam District Association. (5) Uriya Samaj, Ganjam.
...	...
1	Breakfast.
...	Interviews with— (1) M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur C. V. Kumaraswami Sastriyar Avargal, District Judge. (2) M.R.Ry. Venkateswarlu Pantulu Garu, Chairman, Municipal Council, Berhampur. (3) M.R.Ry. S. Audinarayana Rao Nayudu Garu, Chairman, Municipal Council, Chicacole.
...	Informal conference with the principal Revenue officials of the district.
...	Lunch.
...	...
1	Laid foundation stone of Uriya Hostel and inspected the College.
...	...
1	M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur C. V. Kumaraswami Sastriyar Avargal's Garden Party.
...	...
14	...
...	Dinner.
...	...
...	By motor-car.
14	...
...	By motor-car.
1	...

Date.	Day of week.	Town or village.	Place.	Arr. or Dep.	Time.	
					A. M.	P. M.
1913. Dec. 10.	Wed.	Berham- pur.	District Jail ...	Dep.	9-30	...
			Sub-Collector's House. .	Arr.	9-35	...
					9-45	...
					11-0	...
					NOON	...
				Dep.	...	1-30
					4-0	...
			Government Hindu Girls' School.	Arr.	...	4-15
				Dep.	...	4-30
			Young Men's Library and Association.	Arr.	...	4-35
				Dep.	...	4-50
			Baptist Mission Industrial School.	Arr.	...	4-55
				Dep.	...	5-12
			Zenana Hospital ...	Arr.	...	5-15
				Dep.	...	5-35
			Collector's House...	Arr.	...	6-20
		Chatrapur.			8-0	...
Dec. 11.	Thurs.	Chatrapur.	Collector's House...	Dep.	7-30	...
			Mrs. Minchin's House.	Arr.	9-15	...
		Russell-konda.		Dep.	9-30	...
			Uniya School ...	Arr.	10-30	...
				Arr.	11-45	...

Distance in miles.	Remarks.
...	By motor-car.
I	Breakfast.
...	Interviews with—
...	(1) M.R.Ry. G. Raghava Rao Pantulu Garu, formerly Chairman, Municipal Council, Berhampur, and Non-official Member, Legislative Council.
...	(2) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur W. L. Venkataramayya Garu, Government Pleader, and Member, District Board.
...	(3) M.R.Ry. P. S. Venkateswarlu Nayudu Garu, Merchant, and Member, Municipal Council, Berhampur.
...	Deputation from the Ganjam District Association.
...	Lunch.
...	His Excellency saw the feeding of the poor by M.R.Ry. P. S. Venkateswarlu Nayudu Garu on the Parade Ground <i>en route</i> .
I	By motor-car.
...	By motor-car.
...	By motor-car.
I	
...	
...	
...	
14	Dinner.
...	
39	By motor-car.
...	Breakfast.
...	By motor-car.
25	

Date.	Day of week.	Town or village.	Place.	Arr. or Dep.	Time.	
					A.M.	P.M.
1913. Dec. 11.	Thurs.	Russell-konda.	Uriya School ...	Dep.	..	12 30
			Reservoir ...	Arr.	...	12-35
			Special Assistant	Dep.	...	1-10
			Agent's House.	Arr.	...	1-15
						1-30
		Aska ...	Mrs. Minchin's	Dep.	...	3-0
			House.	Arr.	...	4-0
		Chatrapur.		Dep.	...	5-0
			Collector's House...	Arr.	...	6-30
						8-0
Dec. 12.	Fri.	Chatrapur.	Collector's House...	Dep.	7-30	...
			Rambha House ...	Arr.	8-45	...
					9-30	...
				Dep.	...	6-15
			Collector's House...	Arr.	...	7-30
						8-0
Dec. 13.	Sat.	Chatrapur.	Collector's House...	Dep.	6-50	...
			Railway Station ...	Arr.	7-0	...
				Dep.	7-5	...
		Parlaki-medi.	Railway Station ...	Arr.	11-35	...
				Dep.	11-40	...
			Raja's College ...	Arr.	11-50	...

Distance in miles.	Remarks.
...	
1	
...	
1	
...	Lunch with Messrs. Henderson and Todd, Settlement Officers. Kondh war dance after lunch.
...	By motor-car.
25	Tea.
...	By motor-car.
39	
...	Dinner.
...	
16	By motor-car.
...	Breakfast.
...	Spent the day on the Chilka Lake.
...	
...	Dinner.
...	
...	
...	By Bengal-Nagpur Railway special train. Departure private.
...	Arrival private.
...	
...	Arrival public. Received and replied to addresses from—
...	(1) Parlakimedi Municipal Council.
...	(2) Chicacole Municipal Council.
...	(3) The Utkal Hitheishini Samaj.
...	Laid the foundation stone of the Morrison extension of the College.

GANJAM.

Date.	Day of week.	Town or village.	Place.	Arr. or Dep.	Time.	
					A.M.	P.M.
1913. Dec. 13.	Sat.	Parlaki-medi.	Raja's College ...	Dep.	12-45	...
			Guest House ...	Arr.	12-50	...
						1-30
			New Palace ...	Dep.	...	4-30
				Arr.	...	4-35
			Guest House ...	Dep.	...	5-15
				Arr.	...	5-20
			Palace ...	Dep.	...	9-30
				Arr.	...	9-40
			Guest House ...	Dep.	...	10-30
				Arr.	...	10-35
Dec. 14.	Sun.	Parlaki-medi.	Guest House ...	...	9-30	...
						1-30 5-0 8-0
Dec. 15.	Mon.	Parlaki-medi.	Guest House ...	Dep.	7-30	...
			Veterinary Hospital.	Arr.	7-31	...
				Dep.	7-40	...
			Hospital ...	Arr.	7-41	...
				Dep.	8-5	...
			Raja's College ...	Arr.	8-10	...
				Dep.	8-50	...
			Uriya Girls' School.	Arr.	8-55	...
				Dep.	9-15	...
			Telugu Girls' School.	Arr.	9-20	...
				Dep.	9-35	...
			Guest House ...	Arr.	9-40	...
					9-45	...
					11-45	...

TIME-TABLE.

Distance in miles.	Remarks.
...	Lunch.
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	Educational Officers' Conference.
...	
...	
...	
...	
1	Reception and fireworks.
...	
1	
...	
...	
...	Breakfast.
...	Lunch.
...	Evening Service at Guest House.
...	Dinner.
...	By motor-car.
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	Breakfast.
...	Interviews with—
...	(1) The Zamindar of Parlakimedi.
...	(2) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma Avargal, Agent and Manager, Parlakimedi estate.
...	(3) M.R.Ry. M. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu Garu, Chairman, Parlakimedi Municipal Council.

GANJAM.

Date.	Day of week.	Town or village.	Place.	Arr. or Dep.	Time.	
					A.M.	P.M.
1913. Dec. 15.	Mon.	Parlaki. medi.	Guest House ...	...	...	12-30
						1-30
			Railway Station ...	Dep.	...	4-30
						6-30
Dec. 16.	Tues.	Madras ...	Central Station ...	Arr.	...	6-30

TIME-TABLE.

Distance in miles.	Remarks.
...	Muhammadan Deputation.
...	Lunch.
...	Garden Party.
...	By special train. Departure private.
...	Arrival private.



CHAPTER I

VIZAGAPATAM.

HIS Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Lord Pentland, P.C., G.C.I.E., accompanied by Mr. C. B. Cotterell, I.C.S., Private Secretary, and Captain R. H. V. Cavendish, M.V.O., Aide-de-Camp, left Madras (Central Station) by a special train at 6-5 P.M., on Sunday, the 30th November, on a tour to Vizagapatam and Ganjam districts. The departure was private. Mr. R. J. M. Mayne, Superintendent, Railway Police, and Mr. H. E. Judd, District Traffic Superintendent, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, travelled in the same train.

Nov. 30,
1913
MADRAS.

Departure.
private.

Mr. A. R. Cumming, I.C.S., Collector of Madras, Mr. P. L. Moore, C.I.E., I.C.S., President, Madras Corporation, Mr. F. D. Bird, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Captain H. Stott, I.M.S., Surgeon to His Excellency, Mr. R. Greenall, General Traffic Manager, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, and a few others were present at the Central Station.

The special train conveying His Excellency and party arrived at Waltair Railway station at 11-40 A.M. the next day. His Excellency's arrival at the station was private. On arrival His Excellency was met by Mr. L. T. Harris, I.C.S.,

Dec. 1,
1913.
WALTAIR.
Arrival
private.

Dec. 1,
1913.

VIZAGA-
PATAM.

Arrival
public.

the Collector, and Mr. C. B. N. Pelly, District Superintendent of Police.

From the station His Excellency and party, accompanied by Mr. Harris, proceeded in an open carriage to the Town Hall, where His Excellency's arrival was public. Mr. Pelly, the District Superintendent of Police, and Mr. W. H. Wright, Assistant Superintendent of Police, rode with the carriage. On arrival, His Excellency was received in a pandal by the Maharaja of Bobbili and Mr. A. L. Hannay, I.C.S., District Judge, and conducted to the hall, in front of which was drawn up a guard-of-honour furnished by the East Coast Volunteer Rifles under the command of Lieutenants Rowan and Fleming. After inspecting the guard-of-honour His Excellency proceeded to the hall on the ground floor of which were present the leading gentlemen of the district. After shaking hands with all of them, His Excellency walked upstairs, where were assembled the Municipal Councillors and other officials and non-officials of the station. After His Excellency had taken his seat, Mr. Harris introduced to him M.R.Ry. A. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu, B.A., Chairman of the Vizagapatam Municipal Council, who read the following address on behalf of the Council:—

Municipal
Address.

"We, the members of the Municipal Council, Vizagapatam, beg to accord a most loyal and cordial welcome to Your Excellency on the occasion of Your Excellency's first visit to our town. We are deeply thankful to Your Excellency for the interest

"manifested by Your Excellency in the welfare of this district, by taking the opportunity to acquaint yourself personally with the condition and the people of this district at an early stage of Your Excellency's regime.

Dec. 1,
1913.
VIZAGA-
PATAM.
Municipal
Address.

"2. Vizagapatam is one of the earliest English Settlements in India and claims intimate relations with the British Throne for over two centuries and a quarter and we beg to express our sincere and loyal devotion to the British Throne and our heartfelt gratitude to Your Excellency's Government for associating the people of this country in a larger measure than before with the administration of the land.

"3. We beg to thank Your Excellency's Government for furthering the cause of female education in this part of the country by establishing a high school for girls in Vizagapatam which is already doing valuable work; for making a liberal grant to the Municipality for the extension of the water-supply to Waltair which will soon be an accomplished fact, for making a generous grant for the sanitary improvement of the town by removing houses from the congested areas and for such other beneficent acts.

Female
Educa-
tion.

Water-
supply.

Sanitary
improve-
ments.

"4. We beg leave to approach Your Excellency with our reiterated prayer for the early accomplishment of the Vizagapatam Harbour scheme, which has been a long-cherished project; to direct measures for the opening up of the extensive Agency tracts, especially the Jeypore Agency, by the construction of a railway line through it which would considerably help the people of this district and add to the material prosperity of the district and this town.

Harbour.

Railway
through
Jeypore
Agency.

Dec. 1,
1913.

VIZAGA-
PATAM.

Municipal
Address.

Course of
instruc-
tion for
Sub-Assist-
ant
Surgeons.

Drainage.

" 5. We earnestly pray that the proposed change with regard to the course of instruction required for the Sub-Assistant Surgeons' grade be dropped, and students be allowed to finish the full course in the local school as hitherto, especially considering the brilliant results produced in the past as well as the facilities afforded to the Telugu students taking up the course in the local school for which the late Maharani Lady Gajapati Rao with the benevolent characteristic of her family provided a spacious and costly building.

" 6. We beg to represent to Your Excellency the great need of an efficient drainage scheme for this town which cannot be carried out without the generous help of Government. We therefore pray that Your Excellency's Government may be pleased to favour us with the necessary grants.

" 7. We once more thank Your Excellency for paying us a visit and beg to express our regret that Lady Pentland could not accompany Your Excellency in this tour.

" Wishing that God Almighty would shower His choicest blessings upon Your Excellency."

After reading the address, the Chairman presented to His Excellency the remaining members of the Municipal Council.

His Excellency then replied to the address as follows:—

" GENTLEMEN,—I thank you for the very cordial welcome you have given me, and for the expressions of your sincere loyalty and devotion to the British Throne.

His Excel-
lency's
reply.

" It is a source of much gratification to me to be able to visit your town and district at this time, and I am looking forward to an interesting and enjoyable stay among you. My only regret is that Lady Pentland is not here to share my pleasure, and I ask you to accept my thanks on her behalf for your kind message, which I will not fail to deliver.

" You have referred in your address to the help which the Government have been able to give you in regard to female education, water-supply and the opening up of congested areas—and I congratulate you on the energy shown by you in pressing for and carrying out important advances in these directions. It will afford me much satisfaction during my stay to see the progress achieved and the improvements which have been carried out. I am glad also on this occasion to be able to tell you that Her Majesty the Queen-Empress has been graciously pleased to grant your request that the Vizagapatam Girls' High School should be called after her the Queen Mary High School for Indian Girls, Vizagapatam.

" You have four requests to make—regarding the harbour project, a railway to Jeypore, a drainage scheme, and the medical college course for Sub-Assistant Surgeons.

" The first two of these are closely connected. The question of a harbour has long been under discussion and engineers are not yet, I understand, agreed on the possibility of successful construction at a reasonable cost. No doubt a harbour will form a very important incentive either to the Railway Company or to a private firm to take up the construction

Dec. 1,
1913.

VIZAGA-
PATAM.

His Excel-
lency's
reply.

Harbour.
Railway.
to Jeypore.

Dec. 1,
1913.
VIZAGAPATAM.

His Excellency's
reply.

"of a railway which will bring to the coast the rich products of the Agency. On the other hand the opening of such a line will greatly strengthen the case for the construction of a harbour. My Government has made and is still making every effort to secure a line from Salur to Jagdalpur and thence to Dantari, and I hope that our efforts will presently bear fruit. You may be confident that the Government are as anxious as you are yourselves to see this project carried to a successful conclusion.

Drainage.

"Now that the improvement of your water-supply and its extension to Waltair has been sanctioned, it is natural that you should turn your thoughts to a further desideratum, namely, a drainage scheme. The first step to be taken is to get approximate estimates and plans prepared and submit them for the scrutiny of the Sanitary Engineer. I can assure you that a suitable proposal will be carefully and sympathetically considered by the Government.

Course of
instruction for
Sub-
Assistant
Surgeons.

"The question of the four year course for Sub- Assistant Surgeons is still under consideration. The Government recognise that there may be inconvenience to some students in having to spend the first two and a half years of their course in the Medical College at Madras, but against this must be set the impossibility under present conditions of giving a satisfactory training in such necessary subjects as chemistry, physiology, anatomy and pathology at the local school. Before proper teaching of these subjects can be undertaken here, very extensive alterations and additions will be required to the existing buildings and equipment, the cost of which seems

"at present to be prohibitive. I may add, however, that if the expense involved by the Madras course, supposing this plan is finally adopted, tends to discourage Telugu students, the Government will be willing to consider favourably special measures to alleviate their difficulties.

"I thank you again, gentlemen, for your very cordial welcome, and also for the basket of beautiful workmanship in which you have enclosed your address, which I shall always value as a memento of my visit to Vizagapatam.

"I have not been in this country long, and it is a pleasure to me now to recognise among the gentlemen who have come to meet me here many faces which are already familiar to me, and it is an additional pleasure to recognise as present here to-day, the Maharaja of Bobbili whose picture is presiding over us on this occasion, and who, I know, is the generous donor of this Town Hall."

His Excellency and party then drove to the Collector's house at Waltair. During their stay there, they were the guests of the Collector.

At 4-30 P.M. His Excellency attended a small garden party given by the Collector, at which a few zamindars and leading gentlemen were present.

In the evening the Collector gave a dinner party to which the principal European residents were invited. After dinner, there was a performance of magic followed by a display of fireworks.

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VIZAGAPATAM.

His Excellency's
reply.

WALTAIR.

Garden
Party.

Dinner
Party.

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1913.
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PATAM.
Lunatic
Asylum.

On Tuesday morning His Excellency and party, accompanied by Mr. Harris and Mr. C. B. N. Pelly, District Superintendent of Police, left for the Lunatic Asylum, arriving there at 7-35 A.M. On arrival His Excellency was received by Major E. M. Illington, I.M.S., District Medical and Sanitary Officer and Superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum, and conducted over the Asylum.

Before 1863 lunatics were housed in the District Jail in the Fort but the inconvenience of the arrangement and the unhealthiness of the building resulted in the formation of a separate institution, and a private house, formerly the Vizagapatam residence of a Raja of Vizianagram, was hired for the purpose.

The present buildings were opened in 1871, and have been gradually improved from time to time. A separate enclosure for women has been constructed, improved warders' lines and separate cottages for well-to-do and caste patients have also been built, and buildings for weaving and pounding have been added. An isolation ward for infectious cases has been constructed and is ready for occupation.

There is accommodation for 96 insanes (79 males and 17 females). The area of the enclosure is about 20 acres.

The Asylum receives Indian patients from the Northern Circars, but since 1892 all criminal insanes have been sent to the Madras Asylum. Private patients are admitted.

The excellence of the site, the spacious compound, the abundance of trees, the amount of farm and garden work available in the grounds and the variety of recreation provided for the inmates, add to the advantages of the Asylum.

The official visitors are the District Magistrate, District Judge, District Superintendent of Police, District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Huzur Deputy Collector, Executive Engineer, Treasury Deputy Collector and the Assistant to the District Medical and Sanitary Officer.

His Excellency recorded the following remarks in the Visitors' Book:—

"I visited the Asylum today: it contained 68 'male and 16 female patients—a total of 84, of which 3 'were under treatment in hospital. The site seems 'cheerful and healthy: the condition of the patients 'bears satisfactory testimony to their careful supervision 'and management by the staff: the buildings are in 'good repair on the whole: and everything was in 'excellent order."

From the Asylum His Excellency motored to the Central Jail where he was received by Mr. J. C. A. Kerr, Acting Superintendent, and taken round the various departments.

There were 596 prisoners at the time of His Excellency's visit.

The jail buildings were originally those now occupied by the District Court. Owing to a severe outbreak of cholera in 1862, the prisoners were moved to the present site and the jail buildings were constructed between 1872 and 1882

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Jail.

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Jail.

beginning with accommodation for 300 prisoners. This being found insufficient on account of the increasing admissions from the Agency tracts, additional construction of 100 cells sanctioned in the first scheme of building operations, together with the present main gate and new office, was begun on 1st February 1907 for which Rs. 1,00,990 was sanctioned. The work was carried out by the Jail Department with prison labour and a saving of Rs. 34,221 or over 35 per cent. of the allotment was effected.

A second scheme of building operations comprising the construction of 95 cells in the close prison, 30 cells in the quarantine, 19 warders' huts, 3 hospital wards and a straight cooking range, kitchen and store-room with enclosure, for which a sum of Rs. 73,450 was sanctioned, was also carried out by prison labour, and a saving of Rs. 26,590 or 36.20 per cent. was realized.

The third scheme of building operations comprises—

- (1) Additional 15 cells in the quarantine.
- (2) Jailors' quarters.
- (3) Six solitary cells.
- (4) Female block of 6 cells with out-houses.
- (5) Civil Debtors' ward.
- (6) Chief Head Warder's quarters.
- (7) Sub-Assistant Surgeon's quarters.
- (8) Under-trial prisoners' ward.

The amount sanctioned for this scheme is Rs. 26,760. The quarters for the Sub-Assistant Surgeon and the under-trial ward are in progress.

The savings effected by employing prison labour are expected to be about 25 per cent.

The jail was raised to the status of a second class central jail with effect from 1st January 1911. At present it has accommodation for 622 prisoners of all classes (males and females). When ready the under-trial ward will provide accommodation for 48 prisoners of the under-trial class who for the time being have to be placed in the Quarantine Association ward. The Civil Debtors' ward is now ready and will accommodate ten civil debtors.

The health of the jail is satisfactory. There have been only three deaths this year up to date, of which one was a case of pneumonia, one of dysentery and one of cellulitis, against fifteen last year.

The principal industries carried on at present are carpentry, blacksmithy, knitting money bags for the treasury, weaving dhurries, bedsheets, cumblies, carpets, towels and convict cloth, also making coir mats and rope and gunny puttah for the manufacture of elephant harness, twisting cotton rope and jute rope and pressing gingelly-oil.

His Excellency made the following remarks in the Visitors' Book :—

"I visited this jail this morning. The health of the prisoners is reported good, and as having improved since the introduction of the new diet. The tendency to adopt a rice diet is said to be likely to increase. I note that a large proportion of the

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Jail.

Health.

Industries.

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PATAM.

Harbour
site.

"prisoners are hillmen. Various small buildings are in process of completion, including an improved kitchen : "many small industries are carried on : and that every-thing is working smoothly reflects credit on those responsible for the control and organization. I was "much pleased with all that I saw."

His Excellency then proceeded to the Harbour site, where he was met by Mr. A. E. Grosholz, Port Officer, who explained the harbour project with the aid of plans and charts.

M.R.Ry. A. Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu, Municipal Chairman, Vizagapatam, was also present.

Deputa-
tion.

At 11 A.M. His Excellency received a deputation from the Vizagapatam District Association consisting of—

- (1) The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. Narasimharaju.
- (2) M.R.Ry. A. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu.
- (3) " G. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu.
- (4) " Sri Vikrama Deo Varma Garu.
- (5) " B. Venkatapati Raju Garu.
- (6) " V. Jagannadham Pantulu Garu.
- (7) " Ati Appadu Pantulu Garu.
- (8) " Antha Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu.
- (9) Dr. C. Mallik.
- (10) M.R.Ry. Ramakrishna Rao Pantulu Garu.
- (11) The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur Narasimheswara Sarma Garu.
- (12) M.R.Ry. D. Sri Rama Sastri Garu.

There were also present Mr. L. T. Harris, the Collector, Mr. M. R. Kharegat, Superintending Engineer, I Circle, Mr. A. S. Laurie, Executive Engineer, and Mr. C. de C. Ransford, Inspector of Schools, I Circle, and Mr. C. B. Cotterell, Private Secretary.

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Deputa-
tion.

After the members of the deputation had been introduced, His Excellency said that he thought the best use they could make of the meeting was to discuss the various subjects in order that he might get to know more about them and understand them better with a view to future study of them. He would not be able to make any definite pronouncements at that time on the points brought forward.

The subjects discussed were—

- (1) The Vizagapatam Harbour.
- (2) The opening up of Jeypore Agency by means of Railways.
- (3) The imposition of an additional cess on land taxes.
- (4) Head-quarters of the Vizagapatam-Godavari Registration district ;
- (5) College course for medical students ;
- (6) Irrigational facilities for Sarvasidhi taluk.
- (7) Election of the Vice-President, District Board, and Presidents of Taluk Boards.
- (8) Extension of elementary education.

As regards the harbour, the deputation said that after His Excellency's pronouncement yesterday and after his inspection of the harbour this morning, they were prepared to leave the Harbour.

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Deputa-
tion.

Railway
to the
Agency.

Land-
cess.

Head-
quarters
of the
Viz.-God.
Regn.
district.

matter in His Excellency's hands, and His Excellency readily promised to bear it in mind.

Similarly as regards a railway to the Agency, His Excellency told the deputation that he had placed the matter before the Chairman of the Railway Board in September last when he was at Simla, and that the Madras Government was quite as anxious as the people of the district to have a railway constructed. He added that Sir Harold Stuart and Mr. Turner, previous Collector of the district, were going into the Agency this month in order to examine the advantages of certain alternative routes especially the route *via* Anantagiri and Padwa to Jeypore.

On the subject of cess, the deputation urged that the cultivators in Vizagapatam district were poor and backward and that any additional cess would have to be borne half by the landholder and half by the cultivator, so that much difficulty would be felt especially by the latter class if further cesses were imposed.

His Excellency replied that the whole question was now under discussion between the district boards of the Presidency and the Government and, when reports from the districts were received by the Government, they would be further fully considered before it was actually decided to take any action.

As regards the location of the head-quarters of the Vizagapatam-Godavari Registration district, His Excellency told the deputation that Cocanada had been decided upon as head-quarters

after consideration and was now actually the head-quarters. It was necessary, therefore, to give a fair trial to this arrangement and meanwhile the objections on the score of expense and inconvenience brought forward would be carefully noted.

The deputation next urged that it was desirable to enable medical students of the Northern Circars to complete their full course of training in their own country. It was pointed out that the students of the Vizagapatam Medical School had so far acquitted themselves with much credit, since, out of 83 students that were prepared for the Sub-Assistant Surgeon's examination, 78 of them passed and many of these secured medals and prizes. The deputation feared that, if they were required to take most of their course in Madras, it would be a great discouragement to Telugu students wishing to study medicine.

His Excellency sympathised with the desire to provide the complete course in the local school but said that he could add little to what he had already said in reply to the Municipal Council's address the day before, namely, that the question was at present largely one of money and that it was not yet possible to give students at the Vizagapatam Medical School the best medical training, whereas such training could be given them in Madras. He fully appreciated, however, their point of view and said that their wish would be borne in mind, if money could in future be obtained or provided for the purpose.

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tion.

Course of
training
for Sub-
Ass.
Surgeons.

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Deputa-
tion.

Irrigation
in Sarva-
siddhi
taluk.

On the subject of irrigation in Sarvasiddhi taluk the deputation pointed out that the taluk, though it used to be considered one of the best in the district as a grain-producing country, was now certainly one of the worst. Whatever the reason was, the water in the rivers remained only for 24 hours and such water as was possible to get into the channels was so full of sand that the channels quickly silted up. The removal of this silt was not as promptly attended to as it should be. Moreover the channels were at the tail-end of the river and did not get water until late in the season so that transplanting operations were seriously delayed. The remedy suggested was to connect the existing tanks of the taluk or tanks to be newly constructed with channels which took off from the river higher up. The scheme to improve and extend the irrigation under the Kondakarla Ava had been examined and in reply to a question in the last Legislative Council it was stated that its estimated cost, namely, 6 lakhs, was prohibitive. The deputation urged that this might be reconsidered and in calculating the cost of the scheme suggested that the amount of remission which had annually to be granted under the Kondakarla Ava should be allowed for on credit side. Other possible schemes to supplement irrigation facilities were also mentioned and it was requested that a special deputation consisting of a Revenue and an Irrigation officer should be sanctioned to go thoroughly into the question and, if possible, frame proposals for the

improvement of irrigation of the taluk. The Executive Engineer said that several of the schemes mentioned were being investigated but that he was unable to do as much as he wished from lack of staff, and could not personally give the time required for the examination of the question owing to the extent of his charge. He was of opinion that something might be done to improve matters but said that a special staff was required to examine conditions and collect facts. The Superintending Engineer added that a proposal had already been made to divide the district into two divisions for irrigation purposes.

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tion.

His Excellency promised carefully to consider the requests made both for relieving the Executive Engineer either by dividing his district or by giving him extra staff, and for the special party to examine the irrigation possibilities in Sarvasiddhi. He added that possibly the condition of the rivers referred to by the deputation was due in some measure to the destruction of the forests on the hills from which the rivers flowed. He agreed with the deputation that allowances should be made for the amount of revenue remitted under the Kondakarla Ava in calculating the cost of improving the irrigation under that source.

The next request put forward was for the election of the Vice-President of the District Board and of the Presidents of Taluk Boards. The Collector stated that the Vice-President of the District Board was a nominated non-official and the Presidents of two Taluk Boards, namely, Vizagapatam

Extension
of elective
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tion.

*Extension
of elective
franchise.*

and Vizianagram, were also nominated non-officials. The deputation thanked His Excellency for what had already been done in this way to give non-officials a greater voice in the conduct of local affairs, and hoped that, as the results of the experiments already made were known, a further advance might be made by electing, instead of nominating, non-officials who were to be entrusted with local administrative work.

His Excellency said that it was necessary of course in a matter of this kind to go slowly but provided the present experiments were successful and provided qualified men with the necessary leisure were available, he would be glad to see an advance made in the direction of associating the non-official element with the responsibilities of local administration.

*Addi-
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ary
schools.*

The last subject dealt with was the necessity for additional elementary schools in the district. The deputation said that the population of the district was 3 millions and its area 17,000 square miles and that, with reference to these figures, the district was not getting its just proportion of the Provincial grants and that out of more than 11,000 villages there were only about 900 villages with schools. Mr. Ransford pointed out that the figures quoted perhaps hardly gave a correct picture since they included the figures of the Agency, where education was for the present necessarily backward. He said that it was true that out of some 10,000 Agency villages there were schools in only 148; but on the other hand

there were only 155 Agency villages with a population of over 500, so that actually only seven villages of this size in the Agency were without schools, the total result for the villages in the plains being that out of 1,800 odd villages nearly 800 were provided with schools.

His Excellency said that it must be admitted that education must for the present advance slowly in the Agency tracts. It was more important to attend to the improvement of communications, provision of hospitals and the general opening up of the country, and education would come afterwards. Education for the plains portion of the district was perhaps at present more pressing and he promised to look into the facts and into their request for a fair proportion of the grants and equal treatment in the matter of additional schools.

His Excellency expressed himself much obliged to the deputation for the information they had given him on local matters of interest which he said would be of use to him in the future consideration of the subjects discussed.

The deputation thanked His Excellency for the hearing he had given them and especially for the willingness of the Government to allow full discussion of questions such as the land-cess, before a decision was finally made.

The deputation then withdrew.

At 12 noon His Excellency accorded a few private interviews.

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tion.

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Inter-
views.

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PATAM.
Opening
of Edward
VII
Market.

In the afternoon at 4-10 P.M., His Excellency left the Collector's bungalow to open the Edward VII Market, Vizagapatam, which the Kurupam Raja had constructed for the benefit of the townsmen of Vizagapatam. At the entrance to the market, His Excellency was received by the Raja and conducted to a pandal under which were assembled the leading citizens of the town. The Raja, in requesting His Excellency to open the market, made the following statement:—

"It augurs well for the future usefulness of the Edward VII Market, Vizagapatam, constructed to keep the renowned name of His late Imperial Majesty ever green in our minds, that its opening ceremony should be conducted under the distinguished auspices of His Excellency Lord Pentland. Hindu shastras ordain that every person should devote a portion of his income to the amelioration of the condition of his fellow-beings. It is the good fortune of this district that it is provided with many useful institutions by the munificence of the leading zamindars here. Consequently there has not been in this district the same necessity for appealing to Government for their help with regard to every public institution, as has been felt in other districts not so favourably situated. In discharge of religious duty and in pursuance of the noble examples set by my elders, I have in my own humble way thought of contributing my mite to the equipments of this district, for which I have a patriotic love and permanent attachment. In consideration of the pressing and growing wants of this town, I hit upon the idea of presenting it with a public market.

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Opening
of Edward
VII
Market.

"I need not dilate on the reasons that actuated me in the selection of this particular site for the construction of the market. Every one here knows what a hot-bed of disease this part of the town was before the erection of these buildings. The removal of the eye-sore will, I feel, have contributed to some extent to the sanitation by helping to open up one of the most congested areas of this municipality. It is hoped that these buildings will amply serve the purpose for which they were designed, viz., to provide a healthy and decent locality for the vending of articles of daily necessity, the contamination of which by insanitary surroundings leads directly to unhealthiness, if nothing worse. If, in addition, they are also considered to have added in any appreciable degree to the æsthetic aspect of the town, I shall feel all the more rewarded.

"I may mention in this connection that I originally offered for this market only Rs. 15,000. But the cost of the acquisition of this site alone under the Land Acquisition Act and otherwise came up to that amount. Added to this, the Municipal Council revised and re-revised the plans from time to time thereby necessitating an unavoidable delay and increased outlay. The construction of the market, inclusive of the value of the site, has cost me between sixty-five and seventy thousands.

"It is my desire that the net income of the market, after defraying the expenses of the upkeep and necessary improvement of the buildings, should go to form the nucleus of a fund, out of which new institutions of public usefulness should spring up not only in this district, but, if possible, in other important

Dec. 2, 1913. "centres of this Presidency, as funds permit, under the name of 'The Kurupam Charities.' I hope, with the help of Providence, I shall be enabled to develop this idea, and be of some use to my country.

Opening
of Edward
VII
Market.

"It only remains for me to thank Your Excellency for having so graciously complied with my request by your presence here this evening to declare the market open to the public. Your Excellency's condescension in gracing the occasion amidst the multifarious and onerous duties of your exalted position is a sure testimony of the keen interest you take in the welfare of the Presidency entrusted to your kind care.

"I now beg leave to present this key to Your Excellency, with the request that you will be pleased to declare the Edward VII Market open to the public of Vizagapatam."

Before proceeding to open the market, His Excellency made the following speech:—

"RAJA, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—I accept with great pleasure the privilege with which the Raja of Kurupam has honoured me of opening the Edward VII Market. He has himself given us a brief history of the scheme which has ended as such schemes have ended before in costing much more than was originally expected, but the Raja was evidently not to be deterred from his good purpose by the growth of estimates, and has steadfastly faced the increasing expense until today he is able to hand over to the town a market of which Vizagapatam may well be proud. But he has done more than give a market, he has rid the town of a congested and unhealthy

"collection of buildings and in having established the nucleus of a fund which may, it is hoped, be in time a source of continuing beneficence he has a double claim on the gratitude of us all.

"I think I express the feelings of the citizens of Vizagapatam—as I do those of the Government—when I tender him our best thanks for his generous and well-devised gift.

"I have now much pleasure in unlocking these gates, and declaring the Edward VII market to be open."

His Excellency then walked over and unlocked the gate with a silver key presented by the Raja and afterwards inspected the stalls. Before leaving, His Excellency, at the request of the Raja, presented a gold medal to M.R.Ry. V. Lakshminarayana Patro, the Overseer who superintended the construction of the market.

After the opening ceremony was over, His Excellency proceeded to the Civil Hospital and Medical School.

CIVIL HOSPITAL.

This institution was started in 1845. The date of the construction of the present main building is uncertain. All that can be ascertained is that it was before 1857 and that about two-thirds of its cost was raised by public subscription. In 1861 Government reduced its help to a small monthly contribution and it was from that date partly supported by subscriptions. In 1863, Government withdrew its contribution and in response to a special appeal, the then Maharaja

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Hospital.

of Vizianagram endowed this hospital with a donation of Rs. 20,000 and with large subscriptions for several years after. As the work of the hospital and the cost of maintenance steadily increased, the Local Board and the Municipality began in 1875 to contribute towards its upkeep and have since increased their grants to Rs. 600 and Rs. 450, respectively, a month. Several detailed single-bed cottage wards were built from charitable donations including donations by the members of the Hindu Dramatic Association and by the Taluk Boards of the district. Mr. A. V. Jagga Rao has built at his own cost not only a cottage ward but an out-patient department. There are now 85 beds.

The site is central, yet quiet and open. The separate cottage wards are specially convenient for patients needing privacy and are very popular. Cases of a varied and interesting nature seek admission into the hospital and provide suitable material for the purposes of clinical instruction to the students. The hospital draws its patients not only from Vizagapatam but also, especially operation cases, from the adjacent districts. The institution has been recently equipped and fitted with modern appliances from funds raised in commemoration of the late King-Emperor Edward VII. The accommodation provided in the present hospital building is now said to be inadequate and a proposal for its reconstruction and enlargement is now before Government. The daily average number of patients during September 1913 was 124 and the largest number on any

one day has been 138. Overcrowding has been fairly constant. Government have recently increased its contribution to Rs. 2,000. A successful appeal was made to provide funds for the entertainment of three nurses from the sisterhood of St. Joseph, and they have been working in the hospital since January 1913. They are doing excellent work for the hospital and supply a want which was much felt.

MEDICAL SCHOOL.

This institution was opened on 1st July 1902 and began with ten pupils. There are now 81 on the register, of whom 30 are private students. The present school building was constructed by the late Maharani Lady Gajapati Rao and has been open for the last three years. It was handed over to Government by her successor the Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan. The students attend the Civil Hospital for clinical instruction. A hostel is provided by the Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan which accommodates 15 Brahman and 8 non-Brahman students. Up to date 81 pupils have passed out of the school. The school has been fortunate enough to win the Government Gold Medal for the last three years in succession.

His Excellency first inspected the Medical School. On arrival His Excellency was received by Major E. M. Illington, I.M.S., District Medical and Sanitary Officer and Superintendent of the School, and Civil Assistant Surgeon M. K. Verghese and taken round the various classes which were then at work. There were 81 students in the school at the time of His Excellency's visit.

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PATAM
Civil
Hospital.

Medical
School.

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Hospital.

His Excellency then inspected the hospital which is adjoining the school. There were 98 in-patients at the time of inspection.

His Excellency recorded the following remarks in the Visitors' Book of the hospital:—

"I was glad to visit to-day the Medical School
"and this hospital, conveniently adjacent to one another
"and commanding a fine prospect. The hospital is, I
"understand, to be replaced by a more commodious
"building. Even at this time of year, when the pres-
"sure upon its accommodation is, I understand, low,
"the wards were in some cases obviously overcrowded.
"Everything was in good order, which is to the credit
"of a zealous staff, and I trust that both these
"institutions may continue to hold their present high
"place in public esteem."

From the hospital His Excellency walked over to Mrs. A. V. N. College, which is situated in the adjoining compound.

Mrs.
A.V.N.
College.

The institution was started in 1860 by Mr. E. Fane, Collector, Vizagapatam district, Mr. (since Sir) Alexander Grant, Inspector of Schools, Mr. (since Maharaja) G. V. Gajapati Rao, K.C.I.E., and Mr. Chendika Venkataswami Nayudu and was well supported during the time of Collector Mr. D. F. Carmichael. In July 1878, it was made a second-grade college and affiliated to the Madras University under the name of the Hindu College, but about the year 1888, most of the monthly contributions were withdrawn and, as

the financial condition of the institution was very unsatisfactory, the Committee wanted to close the college. However, Mr. Willock, Collector, interested himself in the institution and reorganized the Committee of Management, and in 1890 offered the Principalship to the present incumbent who took charge in April of that year. The strength then was barely 100 and the annual income from all sources, less than Rs. 6,000. In June 1902, Mr. Ankitam Venkatanarasinga Rao bequeathed by will a lakh of rupees for the endowment of a college in his wife's name and Rs. 15,000 for the college building and nominated Mr. Willock, Mr. A. V. Jagga Rao and the Principal as executors of the will. The validity of the will was disputed by Mr. A. V. Narasinga Rao's daughters and was finally established after nearly four years of litigation. At last on 1st April 1909, the bequest was made available for purposes of the college and the Committee of Management of the college, formed by the executors of the will, in consultation with the Government took over the "Hindu College," changed its name into the "Mrs. A.V.N. College" and have since then been managing it.

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Mrs.
A.V.N.
College.

The members of the Committee, at present, are—

TRUSTEES UNDER THE WILL.

- (1) W. A. Willock, Esq.
- (2) Sri A. V. Jagga Rao Garu (Vice-Chairman).
- (3) M.R.Ry. P. T. Srinivasa Ayyangar Avargal, Principal.

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A.V.N.
College.

OTHER MEMBERS.

- (4) L. T. Harris, Esq. (*ex-officio*).
- (5) A. L. Hannay, Esq. (District Judge).
- (6) C. Ransford, Esq. (*ex-officio*).
- (7) M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. Narasimha Rao,
Pantulu Garu.

The funds of the college are treated by Government as "Excluded Local Funds" and the accounts audited yearly by the Inspector of Local Fund Accounts of the Accountant-General's office.

The strength of the college is as follows:—

College department	...	...	192
School department	...	...	587

Total	...		779

and the estimated fee income of the year is Rs. 32,800. Fees are charged strictly at standard rates.

The college main building was begun in 1902 and finished in 1906 and its value is Rs. 50,000. Two asbestos-roofed sheds have been put up at a cost of Rs. 8,000 to increase accommodation. There is another tiled shed worth Rs. 4,000. The value of the gas-producer house is Rs. 1,617 and the expenditure towards gas-plant is Rs. 8,077. Electric plant and a building for the same is under contemplation. Another asbestos-roof shed at an estimated value of Rs. 4,780 is under construction. Besides these and the endowment of Rs. 1,00,000, the value of library, science and

other apparatus and furniture, etc., is about Rs. 30,000.

More than a hundred huts surrounding the college were acquired by private negotiation through the kind help of the former Chairman, Mr. F. C. Parsons, and the site will be levelled and laid out as a play-ground.

The great desideratum of the college is a hostel. There are no buildings in the town fit for the purpose of a hostel. A site has been selected on the hill behind the college and the construction of buildings for a hostel is under consideration.

The Government having sanctioned a special teaching grant to improve the salaries and prospects of teachers, the salaries of the staff have been recently raised and a Provident Fund scheme introduced.

Mechanical training is also given to the students in carpentry, lathework, particularly metal training and fretwork.

On arrival at the college, His Excellency was received by M.R.Ry. P. T. Srinivasa Ayyangar Avargal, the Principal. Mr. C. Ransford, Inspector of Schools, Mr. A. L. Hannay, I.C.S., District Judge, and M.R.Ry. Sri A. V. Jagga Rao Garu, Members of the Committee, were also present. His Excellency was taken round the various classes by the Principal and at 6-40 P.M. left for the Collector's house. Before leaving His Excellency asked for a holiday for the boys of the college.

Dec. 2,
1913.

VIZAGA-
PATAM.

Mrs.
A.V.N.
College.

Dec. 3,
1913.
VIZAGA-
PATAM,
Queen
Mary
High
School
for Indian
Girls.

The number of widows in the school at present who are holding Government scholarships is 31. Of these 26 are Brahmans; with the exception of one widow, who is thirty years of age, their ages range from 10 to 23 years. There are twelve widows studying in the forms. The rest are in the lower classes.

The usual school subjects are taught with the addition of Sanskrit and the vina.

Here His Excellency was received by Miss Thomson, Headmistress, and conducted round the various classes. In some of the classes the girls recited Sanskrit slokas composed in honour of His Excellency's visit. Before leaving the school, M.R.Ry. P. Ramamurti Chetti Garu, a well-wisher of the school, informed His Excellency of the institution by him of a gold medal to be named after His Excellency which would be awarded annually to the best girl in the school; His Excellency commended his generosity.

His Excellency then motored to Sri Goday China Janakayya Girls' School.

Sri Goday
China
Janakay-
ya Girls'
School.

The school was founded in 1867 by Mr. G. L. Narasinga Rao, assisted by his mother-in-law Mrs. Goday Surya Parkasa Rao, herself an educated woman. It was named the Sri Goday Janakayya Caste Girls' School and was inaugurated under the auspices of Mr. D. F. Carmichael, the Collector of the district, and confided to the sisters of Saint Joseph who offered their gratuitous services as teachers.

After the death of the founders, Mrs. Goday Surya Prakasa Rao's nephew, the late Maharaja

G. N. Gajapati Rao, continued to give much personal and pecuniary help to the school.

At present, it is a recognized Lower Secondary school; working on the latest educational lines. The course of studies embraces all the subjects demanded by the Code of Regulations, including English taught in all the classes, needle-work and drawing.

The Hindu custom of girls being prevented from appearing in public after the age of twelve, and thus hindered from continuing their studies gave rise to a female adult school, which was opened under the patronage of the late Maharaja Gajapati Rao's niece, in September 1869. This establishment is still in existence, and two coaches placed at the disposal of these pupils convey them to and from school. Widows receiving monthly scholarships are also admitted.

Both the institutions have now passed into the hands of the Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan, the daughter of the late Maharaja G. N. Gajapati Rao.

On arrival, His Excellency was received by M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur B. Narayanamurti Pantulu Garu, Diwan to the Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan, and Sister Mary Rose, Headmistress. Welcome songs were sung by the children, one of whom afterwards read an address as follows:—

"We, the pupils of Sri Goday China Janakayya Girls' School, beg permission to be allowed to welcome Your Excellency on this your first visit to our school."

Dec. 3,
1913.
VIZAGA-
PATAM.
Sri Goday
China
Janakayya
Girls'
School.

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VIZAGAPATAM.

Dec. 3,
1913.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Sri Goday
China
Janakayya
Girls'
School.

"We are quite proud to be of the favoured few.
"to have such an honour accorded us, as that of
"having in our midst the Representative of His Royal
"Majesty the King of England. We thank you much
"for this great act of condescension and ask that
"you may be pleased to regard favourably our little
"efforts.

"The school to which we are proud to belong
"has done good service to the inhabitants of the town
"of Vizagapatam, for half a century. It owes its exist-
"ence to the noble and generous family of the late Sir
"Gajapati Rao, A7., C.I.E., who spared neither money
"nor labour to encourage female education at a time
"when there was no institute of the kind.

"After the death of this good gentleman, the
"work he had so well begun was continued and it still
"continues as of old, being now in the hands of his worthy
"daughter, the Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan, who takes a
"double interest in it, as it is a memorial of her dear
"father. It is to her that we owe the honour of your
"presence, and we think that we cannot finish better
"than by thanking Your Excellency once more for the
"favour you have accorded us by your presence, and
"by expressing publicly our testimony of gratitude
"and thanks to the noble and generous lady for all
"she has done and still does for us.

"We conclude with three cheers for His Excel-
"lency the Governor of Madras and for the Rani Sahiba
"of Wadhwan."

His Excellency made a short reply as fol-
lows:--

"I am very glad to be here. I think you are quite
"right to be grateful to the Rani Sahiba and her father
"and to all those who are teaching you in the school,
"and making you such happy children. You cannot
"do better, when you get older, than to send your
"own children to school, for that is the thing you
"should do for your children. I think you cannot
"show your gratitude better. I thank you for your
"good wishes and wish you all goodness and happiness
"in your lives."

Dec. 3,
1913.VIZAGA-
PATAM.His Excel-
lency's
reply.Sri Goda
China
Janakayya
Girls'
School.

His Excellency was then conducted through
the various classes which were then at work.
The children of the school were granted a holiday
in honour of His Excellency's visit. There were
235 pupils on the rolls at the time.

His Excellency entered the following remarks
in the Visitors' Book:—

"It has been a pleasure to me to see this well-
"attended and attractive school—a pioneer of its kind
"which bears witness to the foresight and public spirit
"of its founders. To the Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan and
"to the sisters who superintend and teach and to all
"those who share in any degree the happiness of being
"responsible for the good and fruitful work which is
"going on here, I offer my hearty congratulations and
"good wishes for their continued success."

His Excellency afterwards motored to the
Canadian Baptist Mission School.

This school owes its existence to the Rev
E. Porter, one of the first missionaries of the
London Mission, who founded it in 1837. It was

Canadian
Baptist
Mission
School.

Dec. 3,
1913.

VIZAGA-
PATAM.

Canadian
Baptist
Mission
School.

at first an elementary school; but, in 1840, the Rev. John Hay, M.A., of Aberdeen, took over the school and gradually raised its standard.

In January 1878 Mr. D. Lazarus, B.A., was appointed Principal to relieve Dr. Hay of his work in the high school, and has continued from that time.

At the beginning of last year the school was handed over to the Canadian Baptist Mission, who are carrying on the work on the same lines as the London Mission. It is now proposed to put up a new building for the higher classes, and to use the present school for the lower ones.

Mr. A. V. Jagga Rao, a former pupil of the school and the son of a pupil, has most generously placed at the disposal of the Mission free of rent a two-storeyed building adjoining the school; and here all the classes from the Third form downwards are accommodated.

In the triennium ending 31st March 1912, the accounts closed with a deficit of Rs. 2,000. The Mission received from Government a grant of Rs. 1,500 towards the purchase of apparatus; and Rs. 800 for maps and furniture. An additional grant of Rs. 1,500 has been promised this year for science apparatus.

On the 31st March 1913, the strength of the school was 867. The Government have given to the school a grant of Rs. 2,130 for general and special equipment.

On arrival, His Excellency was received by Mr. D. Lazarus, the Principal. There were also

present Rev. W. V. Higgins, Secretary of the Mission, and Mr. Ransford, Inspector of Schools. The strength of the school was 927, of which 851 were present at the time of the visit. His Excellency was conducted through the classes by the Principal and on reaching the drawing class, which is a detached hall, Mr. Lazarus requested His Excellency's permission to name the class after His Excellency, which permission was granted. Before leaving, His Excellency desired the Principal to grant a holiday to the pupils of the school.

His Excellency wrote the following remarks in the Visitors' Book:—

"There seems to be in the management and organization of this school a progressive character and a heartiness which deserve all praise and encouragement. I am pleased with all that I saw: though in some respects more extensive accommodation would make for improvement: and I wish the school and the work of the Parent Mission all success."

At 11 A.M., His Excellency held an informal conference with some of the Revenue officers of the district.

At 12 noon, His Excellency granted a few private interviews.

At 4-40 P.M., His Excellency attended a garden party given by the Kurupam Raja at his residence.

Dec. 3,
1913.

VIZAGA-
PATAM.

Canadian
Baptist
Mission
School.

Revenue
Officers'
Confer-
ence.

Inter-
views.

Raja of
Kurupam's
Garden
Party.

Dec. 4,
1913.
VIZIA-
NAGRAM.

On the 4th December, His Excellency and party left Waltair Railway station at 7-35 A.M. for Vizianagram by special train, arriving at the latter place at 8-45 A.M. Mr. Harris and Mr. Pelly also accompanied His Excellency and party in the same train. On arrival at the station, His Excellency was received by the Raja of Vizianagram. Mr. J. I. Smith, I.C.S., Sub-Collector, Vizianagram, and M.R.Ry. G. Ramachandra Rao Garu, Municipal Chairman, were also present. He then drove straight in an open carriage to the Phul Bagh bungalow which the Raja of Vizianagram had kindly placed at his disposal. At Phul Bagh His Excellency was received by Mr. F. W. R. Robertson, I.C.S., Manager, Vizianagram Estate. During their stay at Vizianagram, His Excellency and party were the guests of the Raja.

Phul
Bagh.

Visit
from the
Raja of
Vizia-
nagram.

At 11 A.M., His Excellency received an informal visit from the Raja of Vizianagram and at 12-30 accompanied by Mr. F. W. R. Robertson, and Captain Cavendish, visited Moti Mahal, the Raja's palace. Here His Excellency was received by the Raja who showed him the Armoury in the first floor and conducted him afterwards to the second floor where the Rani met His Excellency and showed him a collection of family jewels. His Excellency and party then returned to Phul Bagh.

At 4 P.M., His Excellency accompanied by Messrs. Harris and Cotterell and Captain Cavendish, left Phul Bagh and proceeded to the town

to receive an address from the Vizianagram Municipal Council and formally to open the water works. A shamiana had been erected near the service reservoir where were assembled the leading officials and non-officials. On His Excellency's arrival, which was public, he was received by the Raja, Mr. J. I. Smith, I.C.S., Sub-Collector, and M.R.Ry. G. Ramachandra Rao Garu, Municipal Chairman. The Rani with her children was also present watching the proceedings from her closed motor-car. On His Excellency taking his seat on the dais, Mr. Harris introduced to him M.R.Ry. G. Ramachandra Rao Garu, the Municipal Chairman, who read the following address:—

Dec. 4,
1913.
VIZIA-
NAGRAM.

Arrival
public.

"On behalf of the townsmen of this historic city
"of Vizianagram, we, the Chairman and the members
"of the Municipal Council, Vizianagram, beg to offer
"our most sincere and loyal welcome on the occasion
"of Your Excellency's visit to this town. We beg to
"avail ourselves of this opportunity to lay before Your
"Excellency in a very short and brief manner the
"progress of the Municipal Government which the
"town has made during the period of five years
"intervening between Your Excellency's visit and that
"of His Excellency Sir Arthur Lawley. It needs no
"mention that the completion of the water-works is
"the crowning point in the line of progress above
"referred to. Next in importance, and not in point of
"time, is the giving of a local habitation to the
"Municipal dispensary in the present building, the
"construction of which was completed in the year
"1910 with the aid of the liberal grant of Rs. 12,840

Vizia-
nagram
Municipal
Address

Dec. 4, 1913.
VIZIA-NAGRAM.
Vizia-nagram Municipal Address.
Education.

"made from Provincial funds. This institution has supplied a real want in the town and has been of immense service to the public on account of its central situation.

"2. Three schools, namely, a Hindu elementary school, an incomplete secondary school, and another elementary school, were opened very recently for the education of our boys with the aid of the liberal grants that were made by Your Excellency's benign Government, and we beg to offer our most sincere thanks for the same. We venture to submit in this connection that, as this district is one of the backward districts in point of education, it is highly desirable that primary education should be made free in all municipal schools belonging to this town. There is every prospect of the secondary school developing into a high school in a very short time, and it will be then time for us to approach Your Excellency's Government for building and equipment grants.

Congestion.

"3. A few of the highly congested and insanitary portions of the town such as Konisa Veedhi and Golla Veedhi were opened up in the years 1910-11 and 1911-12. The Council hopes that by the enforcement of the rules for town extensions recently sanctioned by Government, decent buildings will spring up very soon in these localities. The Council is going to open and extend very soon the north-western portion of Santapeta called the Relli Veedhi for which a grant of Rs. 50,000 was recently made. This portion of the town is at present occupied by a class of people called Rellis, to use the language of

Dec. 4, 1913.
VIZIA-NAGRAM.
Vizia-nagram Municipal Address.

"the Sanitary Commissioner in his letter, dated 13th March 1912, whose 'mud wall thatched houses are a source of danger from fires to the neighbours' and are a dead block for any further extension on that side of the town. This measure at once provides better housing for the Rellis and relieves the proverbial congestion in Santapeta.

"4. We regret to mention here that along with this picture, we have also got a dark side, and that is our imperfect drainage system. The existing drains do not seem to have been constructed at one time with any system or proper regard to levels. Most of the drains in the northern portion of the town called Santapeta are sewers constructed many years ago with the result that they are almost choked up with earth, and the drainage water follows the natural rule of finding its own level. The Council has attempted at various times to remedy this defect even partially, by opening up some of them and found that any piecemeal work of that kind would not only disturb the present system bad as it is, but would necessitate a large outlay of expenditure. This defect was recognised as early as 1888, and, although a drainage scheme was then actually drawn up by the Sanitary Engineer to Government, it had to be abandoned for want of funds. The matter continued to engage serious attention of successive Chairmen during subsequent years, and every time it was placed before the Government the question of the where-withal stood in the way until at last the Government in their G.O. No. 372, dated 26th February 1904, ordered that the water-supply scheme should have preference to any drainage scheme, in their reply

Drainage.

Dec. 4,
1913.
VIZIA-
NAGRAM.
Vizia-
nagram
Municipal
Address.

"to the Chairman's letter in January of the same year.
"By this time the water-supply scheme has reached
"a certain stage and had to be kept in abeyance until
"the year 1908 when the necessary funds were available
"and the scheme pushed on to completion.

"5. Now that the townsmen have got abundant
"supply of pure and healthy water ready at their doors
"by the generosity of the late Maharani Maharaja
"Kumarika Sahiba and of the Government, a compre-
"hensive drainage scheme for the town has become
"more urgent. The Council took up the matter again
"in April 1913 and requested the Government to instruct
"the Sanitary Engineer to take the preliminary survey
"and levels, and the Government were pleased to
"inform the Council in G.O. No. 105, dated 28th May
"1913, that the inclusion of the scheme in the Sanitary
"Engineer's programme for 1914-15 will be considered
"when the same is drawn up. The question of funds
"has always stared the Council in the face, and we are
"at present financially no better than what we were
"before, the expenditure under several heads having
"necessarily increased in proportion to the improve-
"ments that have been effected. When the scheme is
"matured, the Council finds it a very hard problem to
"solve how to finance it, and we venture to submit that
"the scheme should remain an unaccomplished fact
"unless the Council should be so fortunate as to be
"favoured as liberally as in the case of water-works
"with contributions from the Government, who have
"been so generous in cases of deserving municipalities;
"and by the rulers of the Vizianagram Raj whose
"munificence and generosity contributed not a little to
"the vast improvements and progress of the town.

"6. The question of providing piped supply to
"the inhabitants of this town first sprung up as early
"as 1895 in that large and sympathetic heart of the late
"Maharaja Sir Ananda Gajapati Raj Manya Sultan
"Bahadur, G.C.I.E., whose memory we all cherish with
"feelings of great respect and love. According to the
"inspection notes, dated 31st July 1895, left by the then
"Sanitary Engineer, it would appear that the Maharaja
"conceived of a plan to get water from the Nellimarla
"river, and promised to get an Engineer from England
"to investigate the scheme and if it could be effected
"to contribute Rs. 1½ lakhs towards carrying it out.
"The matter was formally placed by the Council before
"the Government in the month of October of the same
"year, and the Government were pleased to order that
"the scheme should be included in the list of water-
"supply and drainage schemes for the year 1895-96,
"but to our great misfortune, the Maharaja was
"snatched away from us in the same year, and the whole
"question had to be postponed. The question of
"redeeming the promise made by him engaged the
"attention of the Samasthanam authorities as well as
"of the Government till the year 1899 when the
"Government finally ordered that the work must be
"postponed until the present Raja came of age and
"was ready to give such assistance as may be
"needed. The matter thus became well nigh hopeless
"until the late Maharani Maharaja Kumarika Sahiba
"of Vizianagram, the illustrious sister of the illustrious
"brother, came to our assistance and offered to redeem
"the promise made by her brother by contributing from
"her own purse one half of the actual cost which meant
"nearly Rs. 1½ lakhs more than what her brother had

Dec. 4,
1913.
VIZIA-
NAGRAM.
Vizia-
nagram
Municipal
Address.
Water-
supply.

Dec. 4,
1913.

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NAGRAM.
Vizia-
nagram
Municipal
Address.

"promised, and thus acquired an everlasting place in the hearts of the people who have nothing for her memory except feelings of deep love, gratitude and respect. The Government were then pleased to contribute the remaining half as ordered in their G.O. No. 1945 M., dated 29th November 1899, and as a result of the combined help of the late Maharani and of the Government we have now a completed system of water-works. We beg leave here to avail ourselves of this opportunity to express our deep sense of obligation and feelings of gratitude for the generous help extended to this municipality by the Government for procuring this great boon of water-supply. It was the cherished wish of the late Maharani that the water-works should be opened by Your Excellency soon after your arrival in India. Alas! She did not live to see her last wish realised, and suddenly departed from this world in the month of December 1912, leaving the people to fulfil her wishes. We venture to submit that Your Excellency's presence to-day to open the water-works completes the water-supply scheme and marks an era of health and happiness in the history of this town. In conclusion, we beg leave to be permitted to express our heartfelt wishes for Your Excellency's happiness and prosperity."

After the Chairman had introduced the remaining members of the Council, His Excellency replied to the address as follows:—

"GENTLEMEN,—I count myself fortunate in being able to visit your famous town in what is practically my first touring season and I thank you sincerely for the cordial and loyal welcome you have offered me. I have been deeply interested to hear of the struggles

"and victories of your municipality and of all that you have been able to do for the advancement of education and sanitation and for the provision of medical relief. In particular I appreciate the important work you have undertaken in the opening out of congested areas, and trust that what has already been done, together with the large operations which are now to be carried out, will secure not only more healthy and agreeable conditions for the Gollas, Rellis, and others directly affected, but will generally add to the amenities of life in your town. I am looking forward with pleasure to this opportunity of seeing your town and what is being done in it and of visiting some of your institutions."

"You have made two requests to me in your address. The first is that elementary education should be provided free in your municipal schools and the second is that Government should help you with a drainage scheme. I will ask you to bear in mind first that free education depends necessarily on the funds available and secondly that as besides board and municipal schools there are a number of aided schools which also depend very largely on fees, it is only fair to treat all these classes of schools as far as possible alike in this respect. This being so, it is the policy of the Government to advance free elementary education by the reduction and remission of fees, so far as funds permit, not to localities or to any particular class of schools, but to backward classes. The list of backward classes so benefited has lately been increased by about 80 per cent. and while, therefore, I cannot undertake to meet your wishes in the

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1913.
VIZIA-
NAGRAM.
His
Excellency's
reply.

Free
Elementary
Education.

His
Excellency's
reply.

Dec. 4,
1913.

VIZIA-
NAGRAM.

His
Excel-
lency's
reply.

Drainage.

"way which you propose, you will, I am sure, recognize
"that the Government are in principle in sympathy
"with your desire that the benefits of education should
"be as widely extended as possible.

"As regards your second request, it is natural that
"you should wish to follow up your water-supply newly
"provided, with a drainage scheme. This is of almost
"equal importance for the health of your townspeople
"and I sympathise with your desire to provide it. The
"initial step to take is to prepare a scheme and
"submit it for the scrutiny of the Sanitary Engineer
"and I can assure you that after that officer has
"approved it, the Government will be very willing to
"consider it and render you whatever assistance they
"are able.

"The circumstances attending my visit to Vizian-
"nagram are not, I regret to say, free from an element
"of sadness. I do not forget that an invitation to come
"here and perform the ceremony which I am shortly
"going to perform of opening the water-works, was
"expressed to me personally by the late Maharani to
"whose high and generous qualities you have so
"feelingly borne witness in your address, and whom I
"am proud to be able to claim as a friend. It was in
"December of last year that she invited me to come
"here and it would have added very much to the
"pleasure I now feel had it been possible for me to
"accept that invitation and to open while she was still
"amongst us the water-works which are to bear her
"name and which are provided by means of a munificent
"gift from her private purse. It is, however, a source
"of gratification to me as it must be to you all that the

"present Raja, on whose kind invitation I am now
"here, has worthily emulated the generosity of the late
"Maharani, and has himself added the large sum still
"required after the Maharani's death to complete the
"cost of the work.
"I thank you once again for your very kind wel-
"come, and I will now proceed to declare the Appala
"Kondayamba Water-works to be open."

His Excellency then proceeded to the reservoir
and formally opened it. Afterwards His Excel-
lency and party motored to the headworks at
Nellimarla and after inspecting it returned to
Phul Bagh at 5-30 P.M.

The Raja of Vizianagram gave a dinner party
at Moti Mahal at 8 P.M., which His Excellency and
party attended.

After dinner, His Excellency witnessed a
dance by the Savaras followed by a display of
fireworks. The Raja's band was in attendance.

On the morning of 5th December His Excel-
lency, accompanied by Messrs. Harris and
Cotterell and Captain Cavendish, visited the
Gosha Hospital.

The founder is the late Maharaja Maharaja
Kumarika Sahiba of Vizianagram. The building
was begun in 1904 and opened by His Excel-
lency Lord Ampthill on 23rd February 1905.
The original cost of the building with its equip-
ments was Rs. 40,120. Subsequently about
Rs. 15,000 were spent for the construction of
quarters for the Lady Doctor and the nurse, and
of outhouses.

Dec. 5,
1913.

VIZIA-
NAGRAM.

Gosha
Hospital.

Accom-
modation.

Establish-
ment.

The hospital is intended for caste and gosha women, and children. Its situation is very favourable being near the main road leading to Phul Bhag. The site is well drained and spacious, and enclosed by a stone wall.

The hospital has 18 beds.

A Lady Doctor on Rs. 120 is in charge of the hospital with the following staff :—

One nurse on Rs. 25.

Midwife on Rs. 5.

Day peon on Rs. 5.

Two ward attendants on Rs. 4.

One cook on Rs. 4.

Three malies on Rs. 3.

One toti on Rs. 2-8-0.

One ward cooly on Rs. 3-8-0.

Night watcher on Rs. 3.

Gate peon on Rs. 3.

The subjoined table gives the figures :—

Fasli.	Out- patients.	In- patients.	Opera- tions.	Mid- wifery.
1318	8,629	129	167	69
1319	20,497	195	185	162
1320	18,576	146	317	72

Fasli 1320 represents the period from 1st July 1910 to 30th June 1911.

The establishment cost is Rs. 188. The average annual dietary, medicine and other charges are Rs. 319, Rs. 494 and Rs. 263, respectively.

The hospital is visited by the District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Vizagapatam.

Patients
treated.

Expendi-
ture.

Inspe-
ction.

The founder continued to be the manager till her death and met the entire charge from her private fortune. In her will, dated 14th December 1911, she provided one lakh of rupees for the maintenance of the hospital and handed the amount to the trustee who agreed to pay interest at 5 per cent. per annum. The annual income is thus Rs. 5,000. The present Rani is now looking after the management of the institution.

One midwife was dismissed for neglect of duty in fasli 1320. The predecessor of the present Lady Doctor was dismissed for a similar reason. The present incumbent has the L.M.S. qualification.

Here His Excellency was received by the Rani of Vizianagram and conducted round the various wards by Miss Cammiade, the Superintendent. His Excellency wrote the following remarks in the Visitors' Book :—

"It is a happiness to me to know the deep interest in the welfare of this attractive Gosha Hospital of the Rani of Vizianagram, under whose guidance I have had the good fortune to see it to day.

"Its well-planned buildings and pleasant surroundings are the result of much thought and tender care. And I trust that they may keep ever fragrant within them the memory of their founder and of her generous sympathy with suffering, the late Maharani Maharaja "Kumarika Sahiba of Vizianagram."

From the Gosha Hospital, His Excellency and party motored to the Maharaja's College.

Dec. 5,
1913.

VIZIA-
NAGRAM.

Gosha
Hospital.

Dis-
pense.

Dec. 5,
1913.

VIZIA-
NAGRAM.
Maha-
raja's
College.

*Early his-
tory of the
institu-
tion.*

This institution was founded in 1857 by His Highness Sir Vijayaramaraj, K.C.S.I., adoptive grandfather of the present Raja. It was at first divided into two branches to overcome the prejudices of caste—one for Brahmans and Kshatriyas and the other for boys of other castes. These two branches were amalgamated in 1859. As the Maharaja's object was to encourage English education, instruction given in the school was at first practically free. He gave scholarships to the more deserving among the students and free boarding to a large number of them. He placed the school under the management of the Inspector of Schools of the Northern Circars, and gave him a free hand in the matter of expenditure. As the Maharaja took keen interest in the school, it made rapid progress and became a high school in 1868, about nine years after it was opened, and a second-grade college in 1879.

Sir Vijayaramaraj died in that year but his son Sir Anandaraj, G.C.I.E., took an equally keen interest in the college, and raised its standard to the B.A. degree examination in 1883, first in Mathematics and Philosophy and later in Advanced Chemistry and Languages, Sanskrit and Telugu.

*Accom-
modation.*

When the B.A. class was first opened, a new building containing 16 rooms and two halls was constructed at a cost of several thousands of rupees. This building was opened in 1883 by Sir Mountstuart Elphinstone Grant Duff. In the course of the following ten years there was such an increase in the strength of the institution that

it became necessary to extend the building again at a cost of about Rs. 36,000. Lord Wenlock who visited the college in 1894 laid the corner stone in the portion which was then under construction. The late Maharaja died in 1897.

To provide accommodation for the growing numbers in the School and College departments, three new halls have been built within the last six years, one of which is fitted up as a laboratory for the students of the High School department. Owing to a further increase in the strength, some of the lower classes about 300 strong have had to be moved very recently into another building. The present strength of the institution is about 1,320.

In order to meet the requirements of the new University Regulations a chemical laboratory has been built at a cost of about Rs. 4,500 and it has been fitted up at a cost of about Rs. 10,000. Separate seats are provided for 36 Chemistry students and 24 seats are provided for Physics students, studying for the Intermediate and B.A. examinations. The High School laboratory referred to above provides separate seats for 32 pupils studying Chemistry and Physics. Arrangements have been made for supplying gas to the chemical and physical laboratories of the college at a cost of about Rs. 13,600 and the students will be working with gas in a few weeks' time. It may be added that as there is not sufficient accommodation in the existing chemical and physical laboratories, it is proposed to extend both the laboratory

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1913.

VIZIA-
NAGRAM.
Maha-
raja's
College.
*Accommo-
dation.*

*Labora-
tories.*

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VIZIANAGRAM.
Maha-
raja's
College.

buildings at a cost of about Rs. 31,000. Plans and estimates have been prepared and an application for a grant has been submitted to the Director of Public Instruction. The Government have been pleased to contribute half the cost of the recent improvements both with regard to accommodation and equipment of the laboratories.

*Teaching
staff.*

The teaching staff of the Secondary department consists of the headmaster, twenty-nine assistant masters, two drawing masters, one Sanskrit pandit, three Telugu pandits, one writing master and three gymnastic instructors; and the teaching staff of the College department consists of the Principal, two chief lecturers, seven lecturers, one tutor and two pandits. Of these, seven are Masters of Arts and three are Graduates.

Library.

The library is in charge of a wholetime librarian. It contains about 6,500 volumes bearing on English Language and Literature, Philosophy, History, Mathematics, Science, Sanskrit and Telugu. Besides books in the general library, books on special subjects are placed in lecture rooms for the convenience of lecturers and students studying for University examinations.

*Income
and ex-
penditure.*

The average income of the institution for the last three years is about Rs. 33,400 and the average expenditure is about Rs. 50,800. The estimated income for the current fasli year is about Rs. 50,000 and the estimated gross expenditure is about Rs. 63,000. As regards both

strength and income, the current year is a record year. Dec. 5, 1913.

The want of a hostel for the college has been long felt and the remarkable increase in the strength of the institution during the last four years has made it almost a necessity. The Raja has offered Rs. 15,000 for this purpose and an application for a grant towards the cost of its construction has been submitted to the Director of Public Instruction. VIZIANAGRAM. Maha-
raja's
College.
Hostel.

At the college His Excellency was received by the Raja of Vizianagram and M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. Ramanuja Achariyar Avargal, the Principal. Mr. C. Ransford, Inspector of Schools, and Mr. F. W. R. Robertson, I.C.S., Manager, Vizianagram estate, were also present. His Excellency was conducted round the classes by the Principal. In the College library were assembled the pandits and students of the Sanskrit College headed by M.R.Ry. Mahamahopadhyaya T. Subbarayudu Sastri Garu. Some of the Sanskrit students chanted some vedic hymns and recitations.

His Excellency recorded the following remarks in the Visitors' Book of the college:—

"I am much pleased with all that I have seen of "this college, of its scholars, and of its staff. To grow "is to live: it is now admirably housed and well "equipped: and the pressure upon its accommodation "and the desire for improvements of all kinds, I take "to be signs of healthy growth and public approval.

"Its high place among the colleges of the Presidency must be a source of pride to the town and to

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NAGRAM.
Maha-
raja's
College.

"the district, and especially to the Raja of Vizianagram, "to whose family it owes an abiding sense of gratitude, "I trust that it may long continue its successful career."

The following remarks were recorded by His Excellency in the Visitors' Book of the Sanskrit College:—

"It has been a great pleasure to me to meet "Mahamahopadhyaya Tata Subbarayudu Sastri Garu "the Head Pandit, and his colleagues of the staff, and "to listen to some of their pupils: and I heartily wish "well to the Sanskrit College and its work."

Police
Central
Recruits'
School.

His Excellency then motored to the Police Central Recruits' School, where His Excellency was received by Mr. Pelly, the District Superintendent of Police, and M.R.Ry. R. S. Krishnaswami Ayyar, the Principal. His Excellency inspected the recruits on parade and went round the school and Recruits' quarters and then returned to Phul Bagh.

This school was opened on 1st May 1909 for the purpose of training recruits for the districts of Ganjam, Jeypore, Vizagapatam, Godavari, Kistna, Guntur and the Madras Railway Police.

Pending the opening of another school at Anantapur, Nellore district recruits are also trained here.

Constab.
1909.

The school is under the supervision of a Principal of the rank of a Deputy Superintendent who runs the school under the direction and control of the Superintendent of Police, Vizagapatam.

To train the recruits in drill, the staff consists of one European Inspector, one European Sergeant and seven Head Constables, one of whom is also the gymnasium and jujitsu instructor.

To train the men in law, there is an Indian Inspector with eight Sub-Inspectors under him.

Instruction is given in two languages—Uriya and Telugu.

The necessary complement of clerk, armourer, bugler and menial staff has been provided.

The sanctioned maximum strength of the school is 270. *Strength.*

Till 31st December 1912, 1,715 recruits have been trained and sent back to the various districts. It is expected that the total number turned out trained in the current year will be about 480, which is about the usual average.

The course of training is six months only.

The school is located in the military buildings vacated some time ago by the Palamcottah Light Infantry. These old buildings have been considerably improved and added to and quarters for the staff have also been provided at a cost of Rs. 32,000. *Buildings.*

Additional improvements at a cost of Rs. 14,000 are under execution.

The construction of staff quarters and kitchens for recruits at a cost of Rs. 22,000 has been sanctioned by Government and is awaiting execution.

Estimate for further quarters required for the school staff and for the laying of the water pipes

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NAGRAM.
Police
Central
Recruits'
School.
Staff.

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VIZIA-
NAGRAM.
Police
Central
Recruits'
School.
Hospital.

and bathing cisterns for recruits at a total cost of Rs. 25,000 are under preparation.

There is a hospital attached to the school. It is under the management of a Resident Medical Officer of the grade of a Sub-Assistant Surgeon, and contains 15 beds.

The average daily number of in-patients is seven, but in the months of July, August and September, the number often goes to nearly twenty owing to the prevalence of malaria and other fevers.

Improvements to the hospital building at a cost of Rs. 8,800 are under execution.

Messing
of re-
cruits.

There is no hostel system, but a number of hotels in the cantonment under private management have been recognised by the Principal and frequently inspected by the staff.

On the average, about 100 men mess in these hotels. The rest of the men prefer to cook their own food, for which purpose a few kitchens are already in existence. Government have recently sanctioned the construction of twenty additional kitchens at a cost of Rs. 6,600.

Savings
Bank.

A savings bank for the benefit of the recruits is run in the school under the control of the Principal.

Recrea-
tion.

Government have sanctioned an annual expenditure of Rs. 500 for games.

Periodical
inspec-
tion.

In addition to the annual inspection of the school by the Inspector-General of Police, the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Northern Range, inspects the school once in every four

months and the Superintendent of Police, Vizagapatam, once in every quarter.

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His Excellency recorded the following remarks in the Visitors' Book:—

VIZIA-
NAGRAM.

"I have been glad to have an opportunity of seeing this school; the appearance of the men on parade was entirely satisfactory; continuous extension and improvement of the buildings is going on; the site (and distribution) of the various blocks is unhampered by lack of space; and everything was found in good order: of 260 recruits, 229 were on parade. I was much pleased with all that I saw of them and of the staff of the school.

Police
Central
Recruits'
School.

"When funds permit, the sleeping blocks now built of mud and requiring costly annual repairs may, with advantage, be replaced by more solidly built houses."

At 11 A.M., His Excellency met informally the Educational officers of the district and at 12 noon granted a few private interviews.

Educa-
tional
Officers'
Confer-
ence.
Inter-
views.

In the afternoon at 4-30 P.M., His Excellency visited the Government Hindu Girls' school.

Govern-
ment
Hindu
Girls'
School.

The school was established by Government on the 4th of November 1912 with 30 pupils on the rolls. The strength of the school in the various classes on 20th October 1913 is 190 as shown thus:—

VI standard	...	3	II standard	...	35
V	"	15	I	"	33
IV	"	23	Infant A	...	30
III	"	30	Infant B	...	21

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NAGRAM.
Govern-
ment.
Hindu
Girls'
School.
Staff

Besides the Government school there are two girls' schools managed by the Missionaries and an aided girls' school.

The school consists of eight teachers (two women and six men). The Headmaster on Rs. 40 holds a Trained Teachers' certificate of the Upper Secondary grade. Four of the others are Lower Secondary trained teachers drawing Rs. 25, Rs. 20, Rs. 15 and Rs. 12. The other three are primary teachers on Rs. 12, Rs. 10 and Rs. 10. In addition a music teacher on Rs. 15 and a tailor on Rs. 10 are attached to the institution whose services have been respectively provided by the Raja and Mr. Kotamrazu Sanyasiraju, an Honorary Bench Magistrate of this place.

Accommo-
dation.

The school is located in a building for which a rent of Rs. 20 is paid. A permanent building is required.

Apparatus.

Besides the school apparatus supplied by Government, the Samasthanam presented to the school, on 20th September 1913, two harmoniums and two sewing machines, and Sri U. V. V. Gopalaram Garu, the proprietor of Gopalapur estate, presented two violins.

Subjects.

The teaching of English was introduced into the school in August 1913.

School-
fees.

The scale of school-fees in the school is—
Pies 3 for Infant standard; Pies 6 for standards I to IV; Anna 1 for standards V to VII.

Prize-
giving.

The final annual prize-giving was held on 20th September 1913 and the local gentlemen contributed Rs. 100 in addition to the Govern-
ment grant of Rs. 25.

There were five visits to the school by private gentlemen and the Hon'ble Mr. P. S. Sivaswami Ayyar, who visited the school in September 1913, wrote thus:—

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NAGRAM.
Govern-
ment
Hindu
Girls'
School.

"I was very pleased to see the Government Girls' School this afternoon. Considering the fact that the school came into existence only in November 1912, the strength of the school (165) is very gratifying. It is hopeful augury for the future of female education in this country that the provision of means and facilities for the education of girls are so keenly appreciated everywhere."

Here His Excellency was received by M.R.Ry. P. Narayana Rao Nayudu Garu, District Munsif, M.R.Ry. S. Kameswara Rao Pantulu, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Girls' Schools, and M.R.Ry. K. Sanyasiraju Pantulu Garu, landholder, and conducted through the classes. Opportunity was taken of His Excellency's visit to announce a number of gifts to the school by its well-wishers. His Excellency remarked as follows in the Visitors' Book:—

"I have greatly enjoyed my visit to this school, and I trust that it has before it a long career in bringing happiness and good to the girls of Vizianagram, and to those who are working for their education."

His Excellency afterwards proceeded to the Hammick Hostel site where, in a pandal, His Excellency was received by the Raja. On taking his seat on the dais, Mr. F. W. R. Robertson read the following speech on behalf of the Raja:—

Laying
Founda-
tion stone
of Ham-
mick
Hostel.

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VIZIA-
NAGRAM.
Laying
Founda-
tion stone
of Ham-
mick
Hostel.

"The idea of constructing a hostel for my college at Vizianagram is as old as the latter days of my lamented brother the Maharaja Sir Ananda Gajapatiraj. It was, I think in October 1894, that Lord Wenlock visited the college as Governor of Madras. The students took that opportunity to give expression to their long-felt need of a healthy habitation and whole-some boarding. The facilities which the late Maharaja had offered were then as they are now attracting a large number of students from the neighbouring districts of Ganjam, Godavari and Kistna, and the need of a boarding house on a scale commensurate with the importance of the Maharaja's College became increasingly manifest. My brother, a most enlightened prince of his day, spared no pains or money to increase the usefulness of an institution founded by his father and developed by himself. Indeed the maintenance of this college was but a part of the numerous ambitious schemes for the benefit of education which always found a place next to his capacious heart. Among his dearly cherished schemes was the raising of this college to the status of a University all its own for the Telugu country and the building of a University town in the cantonment. In response to the appeal of the students, Maharaja Ananda Gajapati, with his wonted munificence, promised to endow the college with a hostel. But alas! the promise was not destined to be fulfilled in his life-time, nor in the unsettled state of the Samasthanam affairs consequent on his untimely demise and a series of bad years which followed, was it possible for the administration to carry it out. It is a melancholy satisfaction for me that as his humble successor it

"has fallen to my lot to redeem my beloved brother's promise, and accordingly and with a view to extend the usefulness of the college, I announced to the Principal in the beginning of this year my intention to build a hostel. My intention could not have been accomplished but would have been obliged at least to wait some time but for the generous contribution of half the cost of the building by Your Excellency's Government, and I take this opportunity of tendering to Your Excellency my most sincere thanks for the contribution.

"While working out the details of the scheme it struck me that I could avail myself of this opportunity of giving public expression to my sense of gratitude to Sir Murray Hammick for the help I received from him while acting as Governor of Madras in laying out the present scheme for the administration of my estates. Sir Murray Hammick not only inspired me with the idea and worked out the details, but bore down all opposition at various stages of its progress with an anxious care and personal devotion for which I and my Samasthanam can never be too grateful. I had for some time past been desirous of commemorating his association with the scheme by erecting a memorial at Vizianagram in his name and I was very happy when he signified his consent to my proposal. It is by a happy coincidence that he is now in this country, though I should have been very much happier if he could be at this function now, and I am sure that more than with my gratitude to him which is a matter of course, Sir Murray will be pleased to hear that the arrangement he took such pains to bring into

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NAGRAM.
Laying
Founda-
tion stone
of Ham-
mick
Hostel.

"existence is already bearing the best fruit expected of
"it and bids fair to do lasting good to the Samasthanam.

"Lastly, I consider it a happy augury for the
"success of the hostel that Your Excellency should
"have so graciously consented to lay its foundation.
"and I hope as I confidently expect that the institution
"will, when completed, be all that I intend it to be, an
"instrument for the physical and moral, as the Maha-
"raja's College is for the intellectual, uplifting of the
"students seeking admission into it.

"Your Excellency, I shall esteem it a great favour
"if you will be pleased to lay the foundation stone of
"the Hammick Hostel."

In compliance with the Raja's request, His
Excellency formally laid the foundation stone.
Before doing so His Excellency spoke as
follows:—

"RAJA OF VIZIANAGRAM, LADIES AND GENTLE-
"MEN,—I have listened with interest to the history of
"the college as traced by the Raja and have realised
"how closely connected the institution is with the
"Vizianagram family and how lovingly and carefully
"each head of the family in turn has watched its
"interests and helped it forward from stage to stage.

"It was founded in 1857 by His Highness
"Maharaja Sir Viziamraj, the father of the late Maha-
"raja. In nine years it became a high school and its
"founder lived just long enough to see it a second-grade
"college eleven years later. Five years after his death,
"in the time of his successor the late Maharaja, it
"reached the standing of a first-grade college, and it is
"now the good fortune of the present Raja, on which I

"beg to congratulate him, to have been able to meet a
"development which has for some time been required
"by providing for the construction of a hostel, thus
"fulfilling the promise made by his predecessor
"Maharaja Sir Ananda Gajapatiraj.

"No one can appreciate better than I the Raja's
"wish to associate with the hostel which he is provid-
"ing the name of my predecessor in office Sir Murray
"Hammick. In Sir Murray the Vizianagram estate,
"the Vizianagram family and the Vizianagram Raja have
"always had a true friend, and it would give added
"pleasure to all of us as I know it would to Sir Murray
"himself had it been possible for him to be present
"here today. It will be a pleasure to me to convey to
"him personally when he comes to Madras in February
"the warmth of regard with which his name has been
"received here this evening.

"Before proceeding to lay the foundation stone,
"I wish to thank the Raja for the honour he has done
"me in asking me to undertake this duty, and to offer
"my cordial hope for the complete fulfilment of his
"intentions regarding its future usefulness with my best
"wishes for the success of the Hammick Hostel."

His Excellency and party then motored to the
Phul Bagh.

On the morning of the 6th December, His
Excellency and party, which also included Messrs.
Harris, Pelly and Ransford, left Vizianagram by
special train for Ponduru, where they spent the
morning shooting. The Raja of Vizianagram,
who had made arrangements for His Excellency's

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VIZIA-
NAGRAM.
Laying
Founda-
tion stone
of Ham-
mick
Hostel.

Dec. 6,
1913.

Depart-
ure,
Ponduru.

APPENDIX (VIZAGAPATAM).

LIST OF PERSONS PRESENTED TO HIS EXCELLENCY.

WALTAIR RAILWAY STATION.

Mr. L. T. Harris, I.C.S., Collector.
Mr. C. B. N. Pelly, District Superintendent of Police.

MONDAY,
Dec. 1,
1913.
11-40 A.M.

VIZAGAPATAM TOWN HALL.

12-15 P.M.

The Maharaja of Bobbili, G.C.I.E.
Mr. A. L. Hannay, I.C.S., District Judge.
Mr. A. W. Lushington.
Lieut.-Col. P. B. Arbuthnot.
Mr. F. A. Dene.
Mr. M. Kharegat.
Major E. M. Illington, I.M.S.
Lieut. A. E. Grosholz.
Mr. E. R. Murray.
Mr. C. B. N. Pelly.
Mr. A. S. Laurie.
Bishop Clerc.
Captain Manby.
Lieut. Rowan.
„ Fleming.
The Kumar Raja of Jeypore.
The Raja of Kurupam.
Sri A. V. Jugga Rao.
The Zamindar of Salur.
M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur B. Narasimhamurti Pantulu
Garu.

MONDAY. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. Narasimha Rao Pantulu
Dec. 1, Garu.

1913. " Rao Sahib P. Sita Rao Pantulu Garu.
12-15 P.M. " Rao Sahib T. Balaji Rao Nayudu Garu.
" V. V. Sivavadhani Garu.
" V. Lakshminarasimham Pantulu Garu.
" Ramakrishnayya Pantulu Garu.
" T. Sitaramayya Pantulu Garu.
" T. Sama Rao Garu.
" A. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu.
" B. Suryanarayana Sastri Garu.
" Sri Vikrama Deo Garu.
" B. Venkatapati Raju Garu.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. Narasimha Raju.

" B. N. Sarma.

M.R.Ry. S. Gnanaprakasam Pillai Avargal.

MEMBERS OF THE VIZAGAPATAM MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

M.R.Ry. A. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu.
" Rao Sahib T. Balaji Rao Nayudu Garu.
Major E. M. Illington, I.M.S.
Mr. P. B. Arbuthnot.
Abdul Salaam Sahib Bahadur.
M.R.Ry. G. V. G. Ramayya Chetti Garu.
" S. V. Ramayya Garu.
" D. Srirama Sastri Garu.
" T. V. Srinivasa Rao Garu.
" S. G. Ganapati Pillai Garu.
" B. Venkatapatiraju Garu.
" T. Mangayya Chetti Garu.
" T. Sankarayya Garu.

M.R.Ry. M. Kammayya Pantulu Garu.
Mirza Hasan Ali Isphan Sahib Bahadur.

MONDAY.

Dec. 1,
1913.

4-30 P.M.

GARDEN PARTY.

1. The Maharaja of Bobbili.
2. The Kumar Raja of Jeypore.
3. The Raja of Kurupam.
4. The Kumar Raja of Bobbili.
5. Kumar Raja Ramakrishna Ranga Rao of Bobbili.
6. The Zamindar of Salur.
7. The Proprietor of Shermuhammadpuram (Sri A. V. Jugga Rao).
8. The Zamindar of Belagam (Janardana Thatraj Bahadur).
9. Bhavannarayana Thatraj Bahadur (brother of the Zamindar of Belagam).
10. Sri Vikrama Deo (cousin of the Maharaja of Jeypore).
11. M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur B. Narayanamurti Pantulu Garu.
12. " Rao Bahadur K. Narasimha Rao Pantulu Garu.
13. " Rao Sahib T. Balaji Rao Nayudu Garu.
14. Mr. A. L. Hannay, District and Sessions Judge.
15. Mr. C. B. N. Pelly, Superintendent of Police.
16. Mr. P. B. Arbuthnot, District Board Engineer.

COLLECTOR'S DINNER PARTY.

3 P.M.

1. Mr. A. L. Hannay, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge.
2. Mrs. Hannay.
3. Mr. A. W. Lushington, Conservator of Forests.

- MONDAY.
Dec. 1,
1913.
8 P.M.
4. Mrs. Lushington.
 5. Mr. F. A. Dene, Deputy Inspector-General of Police.
 6. Mrs. Dene.
 7. Mr. R. W. Kite, Deputy Commissioner of Salt and Abkari.
 8. Mrs. Kite.
 9. Mr. M. R. Kharegat, Superintending Engineer.
 10. Major E. M. Illington, I.M.S., District Medical and Sanitary Officer.
 11. Lieut.-Col. P. B. Arbuthnot, Officer Commanding East Coast Volunteer Rifles.
 12. Captain Manby, Adjutant, East Coast Volunteer Rifles.
 13. Mrs. Manby.
 14. Mr. R. J. M. Maynē.
 15. Lieut. A. E. Grosholz, Port Officer.
 16. Mrs. Grosholz.
 17. Mr. C. Ransford, Inspector of Schools, Northern Range.
 18. Mrs. Ransford.
 19. Mr. E. R. Murray, District Forest Officer.
 20. Mr. C. B. N. Pelly, Superintendent of Police.

TUESDAY.
Dec. 2,
1913.
7-35 A.M.

LUNATIC ASYLUM.

- Major E. M. Illington, I.M.S., District Medical and Sanitary Officer, and Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum.

8-10 A.M.

CENTRAL JAIL.

1. Mr. C. A. Kerr, Superintendent, Central Jail.

HARBOUR SITE--LIGHT-HOUSE.

TUESDAY.
Dec. 2,
1913.
8-50 A.M.

1. Lieut. A. E. Grosholz, Port Officer.
2. M.R.Ry. A. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu, Municipal Chairman.

DEPUTATION OF THE DISTRICT ASSOCIATION, VIZAGAPATAM. 11 A.M.

1. The Hon'ble Mr. C. V. S. Narasimharaju, B.A., B.L.
2. M.R.Ry. A. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu, B.A., President of the Vizagapatam District Association.
3. " G. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu, B.A., B.L., High Court Vakil.
4. " Sri Vikrama Deo Varma Garu, cousin of the Maharaja of Jeypore.
5. " B. Venkatapati Raju Garu, B.A., B.L., Vice-President, Vizagapatam District Association.
6. " V. Jagannadham Pantulu Garu, B.A., B.L., High Court Vakil.
7. " Ati Appadu Pantulu Garu, Diwan to the Raja of Kurupam.
8. " Mantha Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu, B.A., Vakil and Vice-President, Vizagapatam District Association.
9. Dr. C. Mallik.
10. M.R.Ry. M. Ramakrishna Rao Pantulu Garu, Proprietor, Allipur estate.
11. The Hon'ble Mr. B. N. Sarma.
12. M.R.Ry. D. Srirama Sastri Garu, B.A., M.L., Secretary, Vizagapatam District Association.

- TUESDAY.
Dec. 2,
1913.
11 A.M.
13. Mr. C. Ransford, Inspector of Schools.
 14. Mr. M. R. Kharegat, Superintending Engineer.
 15. Mr. A. S. Laurie, Executive Engineer, Vizagapatam Division.

12 NOON.

INTERVIEWS.

1. The Kumar Raja of Bobbili.
2. M.R.Ry. Akella Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu, Chairman, Municipal Council, Vizagapatam.
3. " Rao Sahib T. Balaji Rao Nayudu Garu, Huzur Deputy Collector.
4. " Rao Bahadur K. Narasimha Rao Pantulu Garu, Treasury Deputy Collector.

4-20 P.M.

EDWARD VII MARKET.

- The Raja of Kurupam.
The Kumar Raja of Jeypore.
The Zamindar of Belagam.
" Salur.
" Parvatipur.
Mr. A. L. Hannay, I.C.S.
Mr. F. A. Dene.
The Hon'ble Mr. B. N. Sarma.
" C. V. S. Narasimha Raju.
M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur B. Narayanamurti Pantulu Garu.
" V. V. Sivasubham Garu.
" G. Suryanarayana Sastri Garu.
" A. Appada Pantulu Garu.
" A. Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu.

M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib P. Balaji Rao Nayudu Garu.
Bishop Clerc.

TUESDAY.
Dec. 2,
1913.

4-55 P.M.

CIVIL HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1. Major E. M. Illington, I.M.S., District Medical and Sanitary Officer.
2. Civil Assistant Surgeon Mr. M. K. Verghese, Assistant to the District Medical and Sanitary Officer and First Instructor, Medical School.
3. Civil Assistant Surgeon U. Ganapati Rao, Second Instructor, Medical School.
4. Civil Assistant Surgeon D. Krishnayya, Third Instructor, Medical School.
5. Civil Assistant Surgeon K. Sitarama Ayyangar, Fourth Instructor, Medical School.
6. Civil Assistant Surgeon S. Venkatasubba Rao, Fifth Instructor, Medical School.

MRS. A. V. N. COLLEGE.

5-20 P.M.

1. The College Committee.
2. M.R.Ry. S. Krishnaswami Ayyar, B.A., L.T., Vice-Principal.
3. " C. Lakshminarasimham Nayudu, B.A., L.T., Headmaster of the School Department.

DISTRICT JUDGE'S DINNER PARTY.

8 P.M.

1. Mr. L. T. Harris, I.C.S.
2. Mrs. Harris.
3. Mr. A. W. Lushington.
4. Mrs. Lushington.
5. Mr. F. A. Dene.
6. Mrs. Dene.

- TUESDAY.
Dec. 2,
1913.
7. Captain Manby.
 8. Mrs. Manby.
 9. Miss Sanderson.

WEDNES-
DAY.

Dec. 3,
1913.
7-45 A.M.

ST. ALOYSIUS' HIGH SCHOOL.

1. The Rt. Rev. Dr. J. M. Clerc, Bishop.
2. The Rev. Fr. J. H. Contat, Principal.
3. " J. B. Gonthier.
4. " C. Semellaz.
5. " J. Degeneve.
6. " V. Dematraz.
7. " J. Coroman.
8. " J. Rey.
9. Brother E. Maillard.
10. " P. Chauffat.

8-20 A.M.

QUEEN MARY HIGH SCHOOL FOR INDIAN GIRLS.

Miss Thompson, Headmistress.

8-45 A.M.

SRI GODAY CHINA JANAKAYYA GIRLS' SCHOOL.

1. M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur B. Narayanamurti Pantulu Garu, Diwan to the Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan.
2. Sister Mary Rose, Headmistress.

9-10 A.M.

CANADIAN BAPTIST MISSION HIGH SCHOOL.

1. Mr. D. Lazarus, B.A., Principal.
2. Rev. W. V. Higgins.

11 A.M.

REVENUE OFFICERS' CONFERENCE.

1. Mr. R. F. B. L. Guppy, I.C.S., Divisional Officer, Narasapatam.

2. Mr. J. I. Smith, I.C.S., Divisional Officer, Vizianagram.
3. M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib T. Balaji Rao Nayudu Garu, Divisional Officer, Vizagapatam.
4. " T. Sitaramayya Pantulu Garu, Divisional Officer, Parvatipur.
5. " S. Kutumba Rao Pantulu Garu, Tahsildar, Palkonda.
6. " C. Chalapati Pantulu, B.A., Tahsildar, Sarvasiddhi.
7. " J. Simhadri Rao Pantulu, Tahsildar, Golconda.

WEDNES-
DAY.

Dec. 3,
1913.
11 A.M.

INTERVIEWS.

12 NOON.

1. M.R.Ry. V. V. Sivavadhani Garu, Subordinate Judge, Vizagapatam.
2. " Rao Sahib P. Sita Rao Pantulu Garu Retired Deputy Collector.
3. " Diwan Bahadur B. Narayanamurti Pantulu Garu, Retired Deputy Collector and Diwan to the Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan.
4. Sri Vikrama Deo Garu, cousin of the Maharaja of Jeypore.

LUNCHEON, COLLECTOR'S BUNGALOW.

1-30 P.M.

1. Mr. Bowen, District Engineer, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway.
2. Mrs. Bowen.
3. Miss Bowen.
4. Miss Thompson, Headmistress, Queen Mary High School for Indian Girls.

THURS-
DAY.

Dec. 4,
1913.
8 P.M.

RAJA'S DINNER PARTY.

1. Mr. C. B. N. Pelly.
2. Mr. L. T. Harris.
3. Mr. R. W. Kite.
4. Mr. P. B. Arbuthnot.
5. Mr. J. I. Smith.
6. Mr. R. S. Lecky.
7. Mr. C. Wallace.
8. Mr. Brounger.
9. Mr. A. Rowan.
10. Mr. T. G. Croley.
11. Mr. A. S. Laurie.
12. Major E. M. Illington.
13. Mr. F. W. R. Robertson
14. Mr. C. Ransford.
15. Father Voisin.
16. Mr. Wright.
17. Mr. A. Foster.
18. Mr. H. G. Nettlefield.
19. Mr. H. Wallace.
20. Mr. Morley Lewis.

FRIDAY.

Dec. 5,
1913.
7-40 A.M.

GOSHA HOSPITAL.

1. The Rani of Vizianagram.
2. Miss Cammiade, Lady Superintendent.
3. Mrs. Noronha.

8-15 A.M.

MAHARAJA'S COLLEGE.

1. The Raja of Vizianagram.
2. Mr. F. W. R. Robertson, Trustee.
3. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. Ramanuja Achariyar,
Avargal, M.A., B.L., F.M.U., Principal.

4. Mahamahopadyaya Tata Subbarayudu Sastri Garu, FRIDAY.
Head Pandit, Sanskrit College. Dec. 5,
1913.
9-10. A.M.

POLICE SCHOOL.

1. Mr. C. B. N. Pelly, Superintendent of Police.
2. M.R.Ry. R. S. Krishnaswami Ayyar Avargal,
Principal.

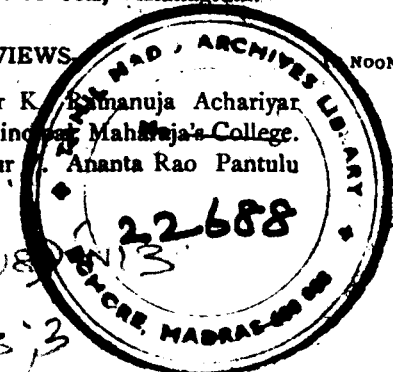
EDUCATIONAL OFFICERS' CONFERENCE.

11 A.M.

1. Mr. C. Ransford, Inspector of Schools.
2. M.R.Ry. V. Narasimharayudu Garu, Assistant
Inspector of Schools.
3. " Rao Bahadur K. Ramanuja Achariyar
Avargal, Principal, Maharaja's College,
Vizianagram.
4. " V. Narayanamurti Pantulu Garu, Sub-
Assistant Inspector of Schools, Parvati-
pur.
5. " Muhammad Abdul Salaam Sahib, Sub-
Assistant Inspector of Muhammadan
Schools, Ganjam, Vizagapatam and
Godavari districts.
6. " K. Sudarsana Rao Pantulu Garu, Sub-
Assistant Inspector of Schools, Vizianagram.

INTERVIEWS.

1. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. Ramanuja Achariyar
Avargal, Principal, Maharaja's College.
2. " Diwan Bahadur Ananta Rao Pantulu
Garu.



FRIDAY,
Dec. 5,
1913.
12 NOON.

3. M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib Gidugi Venkata Ramamurti Pantulu Garu, Tutor to the children of the Raja of Vizianagram.
4. „ M. Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu, Vice-President, Taluk Board, Vizianagram.
5. Rev. W. V. Higgins.

4-30 P.M.

GOVERNMENT HINDU GIRLS' SCHOOL.

1. M.R.Ry. K. Sitaramayya Pantulu Garu, Headmaster.
2. „ P. Narayana Rao Nayudu Garu, District Munsif.
3. „ K. Sanyasiraju Pantulu Garu.

5 P.M.

HAMMICK HOSTEL SITE.

1. The Raja of Vizianagram.
2. Mr. F. W. R. Robertson, I.C.S., Trustee.
3. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. Ramanuja Achariya: Avargal, Principal, Maharaja's College.
4. Mr. H. Wallace, Estate Engineer.

SATUR-
DAY.
Dec. 6,
1913.
8-22 A.M.

PONDURU DUCK-SHOOT.

1. The Raja of Vizianagram.
2. Mr. F. W. R. Robertson, I.C.S.
3. Mr. J. I. Smith, I.C.S.
4. Mr. P. B. Arbuthnot.
5. Mr. H. Wallace.
6. Mr. C. Wallace.
7. Mr. R. S. Lecky.
8. Mr. A. S. Laurie.
9. Mr. Wright.
10. Mr. H. G. Nettlefield.

11. Mr. A. L. Hannay, I.C.S.
12. Mr. C. B. N. Pelly.
13. Mr. L. T. Harris, I.C.S.

SATUR-
DAY.
Dec. 6,
1913.
8-22 A.M.

CHAPTER II.

GANJAM.

THE special train conveying His Excellency and party arrived at Chatrapur at 7-5 P.M., where he was met by Mr. N. Macmichael, I.C.S., Collector, and Mr. W. E. Lonsdale, District Superintendent of Police. From the railway station His Excellency motored to the Collector's House.

Dec. 6,
1913.
CHATRA-
PUR.
Arrival
Private.

On the next day (Sunday) His Excellency attended Evening Service.

Dec. 7,
1913.

On the morning of the 8th December His Excellency and party, accompanied by Mr. Macmichael, Collector, and Mr. Lonsdale, District Superintendent of Police, left for the Collector's office at 7-30 A.M.

Evening
Service.
Dec. 8,
1913.

After the deadly fever epidemic in Ganjam in 1815, the Collector's Office was located in Berham-pur till 1835. In 1831, however, the Collector Mr. Eden took up his residence in Chatrapur, and in 1835 a sum of Rs. 5,000 was sanctioned by Government for the erection of public offices for the Collector. The present buildings are inadequate in all respects. They are damp, badly lighted and badly ventilated. The Court-room was completely wrecked by the cyclone in October 1909 and had to be levelled to the ground. Since then, the Collector has had to hold his office

Collector's
office.

Dec. 8,
1913.

CHATRA-
PUR,
Collector's
office.

and Court in his own house - a most inconvenient arrangement. Preliminary plans and estimates are now being prepared for a new office building which it is proposed to locate on the high ground to the south-west of the Collector's compound. The question of a new Collector's office has now been under correspondence with the Board of Revenue for about four years.

On arrival at the office, the Collector introduced to His Excellency M.R.Ry. J. Venkanna Pantulu Garu, Treasury Deputy Collector, and M.R.Ry. M. Venkanna Nayudu Garu, Head-quarters Deputy Collector, and afterwards conducted him through the various departments and the record room.

Hospital.

His Excellency then proceeded to inspect the hospital. Here His Excellency was received by Mr. T. J. Gibson, L.M. & S., L.R.F.P.S., Acting Civil Surgeon, who conducted him round the various wards.

The Chatrapur Hospital is under the management of the Taluk Board, Chatrapur. Two in-patient wards with six beds in each for males and females were built in 1905-1906, and the hospital was opened for in-patients in October 1906 but was closed in June 1907 under the orders of Government in G.O. No. 610 L., dated 10th May 1907. The want of a hospital with accommodation for in-patients was greatly felt and the District Board in its resolution No. 9, dated 25th April 1908, moved Government to reconsider the above order. Government accordingly in G.O. Mis. No. 1479 L., dated 5th November 1908, sanctioned the opening of the in-patient wards, and they were

opened from 1st April 1909. The dispensary building consists of an office-room, clerk's room, store-room, prescribing and dispensing rooms, waiting room and dressing rooms and it is connected with the in-patient wards by a covered passage. There is a kitchen and a general store-room in a separate building. Attached to the hospital is the Police hospital which consists of two wards with six beds in each and a contagious shed with two beds. The attendance of patients during the last seven years is as follows:—

	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.
Total No.	8,156	11,824	14,707	15,064	18,822	14,561	2,825
Average daily attendance.	39.42	58.93	79.97	77.62	105.61	72.92	64.64

His Excellency recorded the following remarks in the Visitors' Book:—

"I have been glad to visit this hospital and to find everything in good order. The new operating room will be a welcome addition to the accommodation. There is every sign of care on the part of the staff."

From the hospital His Excellency motored to the Girls' School, where he was received by M.R.Ry. S. Kameswara Rao Pantulu, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Ganjam and Vizagapatam Girls' Range.

This institution which originally was a Board Result school was taken over by Government

Dec. 8,
1913.
CHATRA-
PUR,
Hospital.

108

GANJAM.

Dec 8,
1913.
CHATRA-
PUR
Girls'
School.

in the year 1885. It had at that time 46 pupils on the rolls in four classes and a staff of two teachers consisting of a master and a sewing instructor. At present the school has 141 pupils on the rolls in six classes and a staff of five teachers consisting of one headmaster and four assistants.

Until June 1913 the school was located in a rented building. The Government acquired the present building and extended its southern wing in 1912-13. No fees are at present collected from the pupils. The subjects taught in the school are vernacular, arithmetic, geography and nature lessons, health, and home management, drawing, sewing, knitting and music. Drill and kolattam provide the pupils with physical exercise.

To encourage attendance the Government allot Rs. 6 annually for prizes.

His Excellency remarked as follows in the Visitors' Book.

"It has given me much pleasure to pay a visit to this school and to find such a good attendance and singing. I am glad to hear of one girl continuing her studies if arrangements can be made for her to go to Rajahmundry."

Onslow
Institu-
tion.

After the inspection of the Girls' School was over, His Excellency visited the Onslow Institution. On arrival at the school, His Excellency was received by the Rev. C. E. Sell, Chaplain of Waltair and Member of the Committee of Management. Mr. Ransford, Inspector of Schools, was also present.

On the 24th February 1854, the late A. P. Onslow, Esq., I.C.S., then Collector of Ganjam, bequeathed, by a deed of trust, a house which was then the Collector's residence and some landed property in and about Chatrapur, for the establishment of a school at Chatrapur. The Lord Bishop and the Archdeacon of Madras were appointed trustees. Mr. Onslow's house was on the same site as the present Collector's house.

In pursuance of the trust deed, the school building was constructed at a cost of about Rs. 3,200, of which Rs. 1,000 was contributed by Government. The school was opened in the middle of 1857. It was visited for the first time by the Lord Bishop in December 1857, and by the Director of Public Instruction in 1858. The strength of the school at the time was 52, and the monthly income from fees was only Rs. 5-5-0.

This was the first Anglo-Vernacular school in the district.

Owing to the difficulty of securing qualified teachers, a large surplus balance had accumulated by 1863. It was spent in building another house at a cost of Rs. 4,500 under the supervision of G. S. Forbes, Esq., I.C.S., the Collector of the district, in 1863, and its rent was fixed at Rs. 40 per month. This house was unfortunately allowed to fall into disrepair and was sold to Government in 1905 for Rs. 2,000 and is now the Assistant Collector's residence; the money was spent in building a separate house for the Headmaster.

Dec. 8,
1913.
CHATRA-
PUR
Onslow
Institu-
tion
History.

Endow-
ment.

Dec. 8,
1913.
CHATRA-
PUB.

Onslow
Institu-
tion.

Endow-
ment.

The house and land left by the donor were also disposed of and the sale-proceeds were invested in Government paper. The endowment now amounts to Rs. 12,400. In addition to this there is another investment of Rs. 2,200 raised by subscriptions by the friends and well-wishers of G. S. Forbes, Esq., which is also invested in Government paper. The interest on this and the rent of a garden left by Mr. Forbes himself are devoted to scholarships which bear his name.

The actual receipts for the last official year 1912-13 were Rs. 4,089 3-7 and the expenditure was Rs. 4,355-15 4. The deficit balance of Rs. 266 11 9 was met from the opening balance of Rs. 1,336-9-5 for the year.

Manage-
ment.

The school used to be under the management of the successive Chaplains at Berhampur, of whom the Rev. W. B. Ottley appears to have evinced a great deal of interest in its affairs. Since the year 1904 the management has been in the hands of the Collector of the district. There is a Committee of Management which consists of the Chaplain and the Lay Trustees of Chatrapur and Berhampur, but it is seldom found necessary to hold meetings.

Strength.

The school teaches classes from the Third standard to the Third form. The present strength is 166, which is distributed as follows :-

Third form 32. Second form 25. First form 39; Fourth class 35 and Third class 35. The average monthly income from fees is about Rs. 200.

The staff consists of a teacher for each class, a pandit, a drawing master and a gymnastic teacher who also teaches scripture.

Dec. 8,
1913.
CHATRA-
PUB.

After the inspection of the Onslow Institution, His Excellency and party motored to the Collector's house.

Onslow
Institution

After breakfast His Excellency accorded a few private interviews.

Inter-
views,

At 12-30 P.M., His Excellency received a deputation from the Chatrapur inhabitants, consisting of the following gentlemen :-

Deputa-
tion from
the inha-
bitants of
Chatrapur
taluk.

- (1) M.R.Ry. T. Venkatakrishnayya Pantulu Garu, B.A., B.L., Vice-President, District Board, Ganjam.
- (2) M.R.Ry. A. Sitaramayya Pantulu Garu, Landholder and Pleader.
- (3) M.R.Ry. K. Papayya Pantulu Garu, Retired Deputy Tahsildar and Agent, Tekkali estate.
- (4) M.R.Ry. Ranganatha Panda Garu, Landholder, Rajapuram.

Mr. Macmichael, the Collector, Mr. C. de St. C. Ransford, Inspector of Schools, and Mr. Cotterell, Private Secretary, were also present.

The first subject introduced was the question of raising the incomplete secondary school in Chatrapur to the grade of a high school. The deputation urged that most of the inhabitants of Chatrapur were officials who required secondary education for their children and that there was no other district head-quarters in the Presidency

High
School
for Chat-
rapur.

Dec. 8, 1913. CHATRAPUR. Deputation from the inhabitants of Chatrapur taluk. High School for Chatrapur.

which was without a secondary school. It had been estimated that the extra recurring expense involved would be about Rs. 3,000 a year. The Collector thought that the District Board would be willing to subscribe towards this since, if the present school were not endowed, they would certainly have to meet a considerable portion of its cost. The Inspector pointed out that one of the chief wants of the school was the want of provision for Uriya teaching throughout with the result that the school was of little use for Uriya children. The highest form in the present school, namely, the third form was the only one in which the teaching was in English. The deputation added that it had been argued against raising the grade of the school that there was a secondary school in Berhampur to which Chatrapur children might be sent. They urged, however, that it was just as expensive and otherwise undesirable to send their children 13 miles away to Berhampur as it was to send them to Parlakimedi and more distant places.

His Excellency promised that the arguments produced by the deputation would receive careful consideration in the Educational department.

Collector's head-quarters. The second subject introduced was the change of head-quarters of the Collector. The deputation understood that His Excellency was being approached to move the Collector's head-quarters from Chatrapur to Berhampur. They pointed out that if it was considered necessary that the District Judge and the Collector should be at the

same station, Chatrapur was more convenient, since it was more healthy and allowed more room for expansion. Land also was cheaper in Chatrapur than in Berhampur. The Collector moved his headquarters from Ganjam to Berhampur in 1815 owing to the extreme unhealthiness of the former place. In 1831, however, he left Berhampur for Chatrapur owing to its greater healthiness. Chatrapur has accordingly been the headquarters of the district for more than 80 years and to change the headquarters now would be to involve not only an unwarrantable loss to Chatrapur in the shape of depreciation of the value of property but also very considerable expense to Government. If the Collector's headquarters were changed, it would be necessary to move also the District Police Superintendent, the reserve police, the Forest Officer and the Assistant Collector; and further the District Board, which had recently provided new offices for its Engineer, would also be involved in the expense of establishing itself in a new place. Finally it was pointed out that, if the Collector moved to Berhampur, it would be necessary to redistribute the divisional charges which had only recently been rearranged. It was necessary that the headquarters Divisional Officer should have a light charge since he had to perform a number of routine duties connected with the Collector's office. It would not be possible for him to undertake the administration of the present Berhampur division. There was, at present, a desire to attach a number of villages in

Dec. 8, 1913. CHATRAPUR. Deputation from the inhabitants of Chatrapur taluk.

Dec. 8,
1913.
CHATRA-
PUR.
Deputa-
tion from
the in-
habitants
of Chatra-
pur taluk.

the Chatrapur division to Berhampur; but, so far from its being possible to grant this desire, it would be necessary on the other hand to transfer a considerable number of Berhampur villages to Chatrapur.

His Excellency recognized that serious considerations were involved in the proposal which would certainly not be adopted without the fullest consideration of both sides of the question.

At 1 P.M., His Excellency accorded an interview to Mr. A. M. Clark, Acting Agent, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, and Mr. H. G. Mearns, Traffic Superintendent of the same Railway.

At 4-30 P.M., His Excellency attended a Garden Party given by the Collector to which the principal officials and non-officials including the principal Zamindars in the district were invited. The band of the East Coast Volunteer Rifles was in attendance.

Dinner
Party.
At 8 P.M., the Collector gave a dinner party, to which several European ladies and gentlemen were invited.

Dec. 9,
1913.
BERHAM-
PUR.
Arrival
public.
On the morning of Tuesday, the 9th December, His Excellency and party including Messrs. Macmichael and Lonsdale motored to Berhampur Town Hall, arriving at 8-20. His Excellency's arrival at the Town Hall was public. At the entrance to the Hall, His Excellency was received by the Hon'ble the Raja of Dharakota, M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur C. V. Kumaraswami Sastri Avargal, District Judge, and Mr. R. W. Davies, I.C.S., Sub-Collector. He then inspected the

guard-of-honour which was furnished by the Reserve Police and proceeded to the Hall. Dec. 9,
1913.
BERHAM-
PUR.
On taking his seat on the dais, Mr. Macmichael introduced to His Excellency, M.R.Ry. P. Venkateswarulu Pantulu Garu, Chairman of the Berhampur Municipal Council, who read the following address:—

"We, the Chairman and members of the Municipal Council of Berhampur, beg leave to offer to Your Excellency our most cordial welcome, on this auspicious occasion of Your Excellency's visit to this town. Berham-
pur
Municipal
Address,

"2. We welcome Your Excellency as the representative of our Most Gracious King-Emperor for whom we, in common with all our fellow-countrymen, entertain not only the deepest loyalty but also feelings of personal attachment and affection, for, India has recognised in him all the highest qualities of wisdom and nobility that our sages have taught to look for in the Sovereign.

"3. We rejoice to think that it has been the singular good fortune of this Presidency to which we belong, and hope to continue to belong, to have been placed under the control of a liberal Statesman who recently held the high office of a Cabinet Minister. Your Excellency's distinguished career inspires in us the hope that municipal bodies, under Your Excellency's sympathetic rule, will receive every encouragement and support in the enlargement of their functions and resources, and a relaxation of outside control on the lines indicated in the recommendations of the Decentralization Commission.

Dec. 9,
1913.

BERHAM-
PUR.

Berham-
pur.
Municipal
Address.

Sanita-
tion.
Educa-
tion.

Drainage.

" 4. The present possible resources of a municipality are utterly inadequate for its growing responsibilities and the difficulty is more markedly felt in the matter of public sanitation and medical relief. We beg to express our sense of deep gratitude for the liberal grant to our municipality of over a lakh of rupees for sanitation and for educational buildings, for this year, and we feel hopeful that under the generous policy of annual grants for sanitary, medical and educational purposes, this municipality, receiving its due share of such grants, will in a few years be able to show marked advancement in these directions.

" 5. This town suffered last year rather severely from an epidemic of cholera, but thanks to the scheme of water-supply munificently aided by Government, we have no such visitation this year. There is no regular system of drainage for the town and with the opening of the water-works, the need for a proper system of drainage is becoming greater than ever before. Government has been pleased to allot funds for this purpose from the year 1916-17, and the scheme cannot be finished before the end of 1920. We earnestly pray that the commencement of the drainage works may be advanced, so that work may be begun next year if possible.

" 6. We beg leave to submit that in the carrying out of schemes for water-supply and drainage works, Municipal Councils may be granted powers of supervision and co-operation so as to secure the speedy completion of the works and facilitate the effecting of such smaller changes and additions in the original

" plans, as will invariably be found necessary, in order to minimise the inconveniences and defects that become apparent in the actual working of every scheme.

" 7. The street survey of this town was finished only recently and the town plans have not been yet finally printed. Recently a Government Order, dated 9th August 1913, has been communicated directing a town survey of this and certain other municipalities. We respectfully beg to submit that the expenditure which this municipality will have to incur on roads for the next two or three years and again after the completion of drainage works, will render it unable to meet the proportionate cost of the projected survey. We therefore humbly pray that the survey operations may be postponed for at least five years to come.

" 8. We crave leave to represent that the policy of granting funds to Taluk and District Boards for purposes of making roads may be extended to municipalities as well, for all commercial traffic through the mufassal is generally attracted to municipal towns.

" 9. This ancient and important town, the capital of the district, is naturally desirous that its importance and prosperity should increase in all possible ways. The Office of the Collector of the district is at present situated at Chatrapur, which, but for the offices located in it, is a place of singular significance. We, as representing the people of this town, beg to entertain and give expression to a pardonable ambition that the head of the district should be in our midst. The location of the Collectorate offices

Dec. 9,
1913.
BERHAM-
PUR

Berham-
pur
Municipal
Address.
Street sur-
vey of
Berham-
pur.

Roads.

Location
of the
district
head-
quarters.

Dec. 9,
1913.

BERHAM-
PUR.

Berham-
pur
Municipal
Address.

*Location
of the
district
head-
quarters.*

"in this town will not only enhance its importance and
"improve the resources of the municipality but will
"also place the Collectorate somewhat nearer the
"centre of the district and will enable the Collector to
"be more closely in touch with educated public opinion
"and with the commercial life of the district, which is
"largely centered in our town. We understand there are
"now before Government proposals for public build-
"ings at Chatrapur on a large scale and we respectfully
"pray that before such proposals are carried out public
"opinion may be consulted as to the desirability of
"locating the Collectorate offices in our town.

"In conclusion, we beg to thank Your Excellency
"for affording us this opportunity of welcoming Your
"Excellency into our midst and of making known our
"sentiments and our wants. We sincerely pray that
"the Almighty, the Giver of all good, may grant unto
"Your Excellency and Lady Pentland long life,
"continued health and prosperity."

After the address was read, the Chairman
introduced to His Excellency the remaining
members of the Council.

The Collector next introduced M.R.Ry. T. Ven-
katakrisnayya Pantulu Garu, Vice-President
of the Ganjam District Board, who read the
following address:—

Ganjam
District
Board's
Address.

"We, the members of the Ganjam District Board
"representing the landed interests, merchants and pro-
"fessional classes of the district, beg to offer to Your
"Excellency a most hearty welcome to our district.

"2. We are glad to be able to report that the
"district has for some years past enjoyed immunity from
"famine and pestilence and the ryot population have
"on the whole lived happily and had no cause for
"serious discontent.

"3. We beg to express on this occasion our feel-
"ings of profound gratitude for the liberal help the Dis-
"trict Board has received from the Provincial Govern-
"ment in recent years in the shape of grants for roads
"and medical buildings and education and sanitation.
"We feel that, in the absence of these liberal grants,
"the District Board would have found itself unable,
"from its own resources, to do much for the furtherance
"of these useful objects.

"4. While we are deeply thankful to Your Excel-
"lency's Government for the liberal aid we have
"received, we venture, with a view to deriving the full
"benefits of these grants, to suggest that a modification
"in the system of making them is very desirable. At
"present the Board is not in a position to know
"beforehand whether and to what extent an addition
"to their income can be expected in a particular year
"and is unable, therefore, either to consider schemes
"requiring continuous expenditure or to employ the
"agency for carrying them out in the most economical
"manner possible. We shall be glad, therefore, of an
"arrangement, either permanent or to last for a fixed
"term of years, under which the Board will have an
"assured addition to its income.

"We are anxious, in particular, in regard to the
"increased recurring expenditure which, thanks to liberal
"Government aid, the Local Boards have been in a

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Ganjam
District
Board's
Address.

*Grants for
roads,
medical
buildings,
education
and
sanitation.*

*System of
making
grants.*

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PUR.* Ganjam District Board's Address. *Elective franchise.*

"position to incur on elementary education. The Boards will be unable to meet it unaided and will be relieved by an assurance that these recurring grants will be made regular and certain.

"5. We are thankful to Your Excellency's Government for throwing open for election half the number of seats on the Taluk Boards in the district and for introducing the elective principle into one union. We are hopeful that these steps will be justified by the results.

"6. We beg to avail ourselves of this opportunity of placing before Your Excellency some of our more keenly-felt wants—

Establishment of a model Agricultural Farm.

"(i) Your Excellency's predecessor, Sir Arthur Lawley, agreed with us that the establishment of a model Government Agricultural Farm in the district is most desirable and assured us that its institution is only a matter of time. Nearly five years have passed since then and our district still continues to be without the advantage of such a useful institution. We pray that speedy arrangements may be made to supply this want.

Veterinary Hospital.

"(ii) The Veterinary Hospital maintained by the District Board at Berhampur was opened in 1909 and is proving itself useful. But several buildings and certain equipment are required to make the institution complete, and we propose, since the District Board funds are inadequate, to approach Government with a request for a grant for these requirements and beg that Your Excellency will be pleased to consider our request favourably.

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PUR.* Ganjam District Board's Address. *Construction of a bridge across the Mahanadi.*

"(iii) We have recently submitted to Government an application for a half-grant for the construction of a bridge across the Mahanadi near Aska. The project, which we consider will be very useful, is likely to cost Rs. 1,75,000 and cannot be undertaken by the Board without Government aid. We pray that our application may be granted.

"7. We are indebted to Your Excellency for your kindness in paying the district a visit so early in your term of office, for we feel sure that this will go a long way towards mitigating the natural disadvantage we are under of being far away from the head-quarters of the Province and that thereby our interests will be carefully watched and our wants sympathetically considered.

"8. We beg to assure Your Excellency of our steadfast loyalty and devotion to our august Sovereign and beloved King-Emperor and to wish Your Excellency and Lady Pentland long life and continued prosperity."

The Vice-President then introduced the remaining members of the District Board.

Next, the Collector introduced the Hon'ble the Raja of Dharakota, who read the following address of the Ganjam Landholders' Association, and afterwards presented the remaining

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Associa-
tion's
Address.

members of the Association who formed the deputation :—

"We, the members of the Landholders' Association, Ganjam district, most respectfully beg to offer our hearty welcome to Your Excellency and Lady Pentland on this auspicious occasion of your visit to this backward district in the northernmost corner of the Presidency.

"2. Your Excellency, our association was specially formed to create mutual goodwill and friendship among its members, to study and investigate the problems which affect the landholders of this district, to denounce anarchy, sedition and lawlessness, and to work in co-operation with the Madras Landholders' Association to which it is affiliated.

"3. We beg to place before Your Excellency the fact that Ganjam zamindaris have a special history and customs of their own and have their land tenures different to those in southern zamindaris: the landed interests of Ganjam were not adequately represented at the discussion of the Madras Estates Land Act in the Madras Council as pointed out in our previous addresses. Thus, the peculiar land tenures of Ganjam zamindaris based on immemorial custom have been seriously disturbed by the working of the Madras Land Act involving much litigation and strained feelings between the landlords and tenants, and we pray that Your Excellency's Government may give sympathetic consideration to the amendments of the Act that may be proposed by the association.

"4. We beg to state what was already moved in the Council regarding the evil of irregular and

"insufficient supply of water allowed to the lands under the Rushikulya project and general poverty of the ryot population affected by the Rushikulya system, and we pray that Your Excellency may be graciously pleased to order the relaxation of the new rules regarding water-rates.

"5. While thanking Your Excellency's Government for nominating a representative of the Uriya community on the Madras Legislative Council, we beg to reiterate the request in paragraph 5 of our address of welcome presented to Your Excellency on the occasion of Your Excellency's arrival in Madras, which is, that Your Excellency may be pleased to grant a separate electorate for the Uriya community who form a minority and who cannot compete for a seat in the Legislative Council with the enlightened and influential peoples of the south.

"6. We beg leave to express our gratitude for the beneficent measure of Your Excellency's Government recognising Uriya as the Court language of the Goomsur division and the establishment of a Government High School at Russellkonda and pray for the extension of the measure to the other divisions of the district.

"7. We beg leave to take this opportunity of pointing out that there is a widespread feeling among the Uriyas here of the dismemberment of the Uriya race under different Governments, and the existing socialities between Orissa and Ganjam landholders make us the loss of solidarity feel rather keenly and pray that the question of the reunion of Uriya-speaking

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holders'
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tion's
Address.

"tracts may receive sympathetic consideration from
"Your Excellency's Government.

"8. We thank Your Excellency for the opportu-
"nity so kindly provided to us for representing our
"grievances and for receiving this address and again
"offer Your Excellency our most hearty thanks.

"9. In conclusion, we fervently pray to the Dis-
"penser of all Good that He may bestow on Your
"Excellency and Lady Pentland His choicest blessings."

After the address of the Landholders' Associa-
tion was read, the Collector introduced M.R.Ry.
V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu, who read the follow-
ing address on behalf of the Ganjam District
Association:—

"We, the members of the Ganjam District
"Association, heartily and respectfully welcome Your
"Excellency to our district. We consider ourselves
"extremely fortunate that so early in Your Excellency's
"régimé, we are favoured with a visit though we are
"situate at one end of the Presidency. It would have
"considerably enhanced our pleasure, had Her Excel-
"lency Lady Pentland accompanied Your Excellency
"and graced the occasion with her presence.

"2. The Berhampur Association which was
"started about a generation ago merged into this
"association in the year 1906 and we have been
"doing work in our own humble way to interpret the
"action of the rulers to the ruled and to represent
"the grievances of the people to the authorities. We
"take this opportunity of approaching Your Excellency
"and placing before Your Excellency for favourable

"consideration some of the wants, the satisfaction of
"which will conduce to the well-being of the people.

"3. While we are conscious of the benefits which
"have accrued to this district by the introduction of
"the Rushikulya system, we feel bound to bring to
"Your Excellency's notice some of the defects which
"have been experienced in its practical working. The
"supply, unlike that of the Godavari and the Kistna,
"is generally of a precarious nature. Under existing
"conditions, water is not available to save seed-beds
"from withering and to transplant in time. We,
"therefore, respectfully beg to suggest that the present
"reservoirs of Russellkonda and Surada may be supple-
"mented by the construction of one or more reservoirs
"in suitable places.

"4. We feel very much concerned at the attempt
"to invest District Boards with powers to raise the
"land-cess to two annas in the rupee. The district
"having been recently resettled and considerable in-
"crease in land revenue and land-cess having resulted
"thereby, we feel there is no necessity for any such
"legislation, so far as this district is concerned, and
"we apprehend strongly that any such investiture will
"work considerable hardship.

"5. The most important portions of the district
"as Russellkonda, Chicacole and Calingapatam are
"not served by railways and we feel sure that con-
"struction of railways to those parts will result in the
"increase of commerce, prosperity, general advance-
"ment of these tracts. The question has lain dormant
"for a long time and we approach Your Excellency in

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Associa-
tion's
Address.

"the sincere hope that these projects will be an
"accomplished fact in the near future.

"6. The towns of Berhampur and Chicacole have,
"for long, been famous for their weaving industries,
"but, of late, we discern signs of rapid decay for want
"of proper guidance and encouragement and a large
"population subsisting on the said industries had
"already migrated to other presidencies. The location
"of a weaving school under Government management
"and equipped on modern lines under the guidance of
"trained men will, we feel confident, revive these dying
"industries and prove a real blessing to the people.

"7. While we feel thankful to the Government for
"having given non-official Presidents to several Taluk
"Boards in the Northern Circars, we cannot help
"expressing our regret that the Taluk Boards of this
"district are denied this privilege. We fervently pray
"that Your Excellency may be pleased to extend to our
"district this privilege at no distant date.

"8. We respectfully urge upon Your Excellency's
"notice the importance and necessity of opening an
"agricultural station in a suitable centre in this district.
"We may be permitted to state that the hope held
"out by His Excellency Sir Arthur Lawley during his
"visit to this district on this subject still remains
"unrealized.

"9. We beg to request that Your Excellency may
"be pleased to convey to His Most Gracious Majesty
"the King-Emperor our feelings of loyalty and attach-
"ment to the Throne. In conclusion, we hope that Your
"Excellency's visit will be full of happy memories and
"Your Excellency will carry kind remembrances of us

"and trust that this visit will confer lasting benefits
"on the people and conduce to their happiness and
"prosperity."

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Mr. Jogayya Pantulu then introduced the
remaining members of the deputation to His
Excellency.

The last of the addresses was that of the
Uriya Samaj, which was read by M.R.Ry. Ganesh
Mahapatro Garu, who introduced the other
members of the deputation—

"We, the members of the Uriya Samaj, Ganjam,
"humbly beg to offer Your Excellency a most hearty
"welcome on this auspicious occasion of Your Excel-
"lency's visit to our district.

Uriya
Samaj's
Address.

"2. We beg to take this opportunity of expressing
"our feelings of deep gratitude to Your Excellency for
"recognising Uriya as the sole Court language of the
"Courts in the Goomsur division, a measure calculated
"to give impetus to the revival of Uriya as an official
"language in the district, while removing the ineffective-
"ness of previous orders on the subject, and thereby
"remedying a great grievance of the people, and we
"fervently pray that the same beneficent measure may,
"as far as practicable, be extended to the other divisions
"of the district.

"3. While thanking Your Excellency's Government
"for the provision made for the establishment of a high
"school at Russellkonda, we hope and pray that Your
"Excellency's Government will be pleased to give effect
"to their declared policy to connect it with the model
"High school scheme. We humbly beg to bring to
"Your Excellency's notice that in the Chatrapur taluk,

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Address.

"there is no provision as yet to impart secondary
"education to Uriya students, and we pray that at least
"one Lower Secondary school may be established either
"at Kodala or Royarani or Purushottapur to meet the
"wants of the Uriya population, while a similar institu-
"tion might be opened at Surada.

"4. While thanking Your Excellency for following
"the policy of nominating a representative of the Uriya
"community on the Provincial Legislative Council; we
"pray that a special electorate for the Uriyas of Ganjam
"and Jeypore Agency of Vizagapatam may be granted
"on the basis of Muhammadan electorates.

"5. We beg leave to point out that Uriyas have not
"yet been appointed to higher posts in the Provincial
"Civil Service and special services, such as Deputy
"Collectors, Munsifs, Deputy Superintendents of Police
"and Circle Inspectors of Police, and we hope and
"pray that the benign Government may be pleased to
"appoint some qualified Uriyas to higher posts in the
"district by special nomination.

"6. We beg to lay before Your Excellency the
"difficulty of obtaining locally trained Uriya teachers,
"there being no provision for training Uriya teachers
"of the Elementary, Higher or Secondary grade in
"any of the training institutions in the Presidency, we
"pray that Your Excellency will be graciously pleased
"to order that the status of the Government Training
"School at Berhampur be raised to meet the wants of
"the Uriya community.

"7. In view of the agricultural backwardness of the
"people of these parts, we pray that Government may

"be pleased to order that an experimental farm be
"opened in the Goomsur division.

"8. We most respectfully beg to state that the
"Uriyas who form a large majority of the population of
"the Ganjam district and Vizagapatam Agency and
"who have a separate history and literature of their
"own, and in manners, customs and language so
"different to those of the people in other parts of the
"Presidency, who are always labouring under several
"disabilities on account of their separation from the
"adjacent Orissa division, cherish the hope that the
"benign Government may yet see their way to unite all
"the Uriya-speaking tracts under one Government as
"a healthy administrative reform, under Your Excel-
"lency's auspicious regime.

"9. We are fully confident that there will be steady
"progress and prosperity of the millions committed
"to Your Excellency's charge, and we most heartily
"thank Your Excellency for giving us the privilege of
"presenting our address, and pray that Almighty God
"may shower His choicest blessings on Your Excel-
"lency and Lady Pentland."

His Excellency then made a joint reply to all
the addresses as follows:—

"GENTLEMEN,—In several of the addresses which
"have just been presented to me you have referred to
"this district in modest terms as being far away and in
"a corner of the Presidency, but let me tell you that
"its agricultural importance, its special features and
"its natural advantages of climate and scenery were
"impressed upon me early in my term of office, and it
"gives me the greater pleasure to be here to-day and to

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lency's
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reply.

" have this early opportunity of personally acquainting
" myself with your needs and aspirations and with the
" conditions of your district.

" I thank you, gentlemen, for the warmth of your
" welcome to me, and for your expressions of loyalty to
" the Throne, which I will gladly undertake to see
" conveyed to His Majesty the King-Emperor.

" You have dealt with a large number of subjects
" in your addresses, and I will endeavour to be as brief
" in my replies as is consistent with giving you such
" information and advice as I am able.

" During this year and last the Government have
" been able to give large grants for education, sanita-
" tion, medical buildings and other purposes both to
" the Municipality and to the District Board, and for
" these your addresses have expressed your grateful
" acknowledgments. The District Board, however, in
" its address points out what it represents to be an
" inconvenience in the system, namely, that local bodies
" do not know beforehand what addition to expect to
" their incomes, and cannot therefore frame their bud-
" gets with accuracy nor carry out extensive works with
" the same economy which they could contrive if they
" had fuller knowledge of the amounts to be available.
" The Board asks for either a permanent settlement or,
" if that is not possible, at least a fixed settlement for a
" term of years. I recognize the possibility of incon-
" venience, and sympathize much with the request of the
" Board, but there are many difficulties in the way of
" granting what is asked—difficulties into which I need
" not perhaps now enter. I am ready, however, to
" promise a careful examination of the whole subject,

" and can assure you of my own desire to find a solution. Dec. 9,
" Meanwhile something can be done by the local 1913.
" bodies to render matters easier if they will keep ready BERHAM-
" their proposals under different budget heads in the PUR.
" order of their importance or urgency, so that, when His Excel-
" money for any purpose becomes available, it may be lency's
" applied without loss of time. reply.

" A request has been made for a grant for certain
" additional buildings and equipment for the Veterinary
" Hospital. The site of this hospital together with
" certain buildings was originally made over by Govern-
" ment to the District Board, and the institution has
" since been maintained by the latter body. I understand
" that the Board's accounts for last year closed with a
" general balance of over 2 lakhs, of which nearly 1½
" lakhs was available for general purposes. So, perhaps,
" the Board will find itself after all in a position to
" carry out the desired improvements. If not, the
" Government will be very willing to consider their
" request for a grant.

" I am glad to learn that you are anxious to deve-
" lop your railway communications, as it is plain that at
" any rate the north-western portions of the district are
" not well served. But as the lines to be constructed
" would at first at least be of the nature of branch or
" feeder lines, the matter is one which lies largely in
" your own hands and may be greatly advanced by your
" own efforts. The Government have now obtained
" permission for District Boards to borrow money for
" railways on very reasonable terms, and, if you choose
" to take advantage of these, there appears to me no rea-
" son why in a few years you should not be able to open

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"a railway to Russellkonda or Gopalpur or whatever other line you select. It is perhaps to be regretted that you have not, as some other districts have, an accumulated capital in the shape of railway cess, but this can, if you wish, be corrected in the course of time.

"I am glad to hear of the freedom of this town during the current year from the scourge of cholera from which it has suffered so often and so severely in the past, and I sympathize with your desire to supplement the new water-supply by a drainage scheme. The investigation of this scheme on the spot has been completed and the Sanitary Engineer hopes to submit proposals next year for the consideration of Government.

"A number of requests regarding Uriyas are put forward by the Uriya Samaj, the Landholders' Association and the District Association.

"The first is for increased provision of secondary education and of secondary training for Uriyas. It is true that in the Chatrapur division there is only one secondary school, incomplete, but there are secondary schools for Uriyas within reach at Aska, Dharakota and Berhampur. If, however, the District Board and the Director of Public Instruction are satisfied as to the necessity of another school, or if a private agency will open such a school, Government will consider sympathetically the question of helping it with a subsidy. As regards secondary training for Uriya teachers, there has not up to now been a great demand for such training, but its importance is manifest and I will consult the Director of Public Instruction on the matter and obtain his views.

"The next requests are for a separate electorate and for better appointments. The request for a separate electorate has been made twice before and twice rejected chiefly on account of the small numbers concerned. The Government have, however, since 1910, seen that an Uriya representative has been nominated to the Council. As for higher appointments the difficulty so far has been to find men whose educational and other qualifications fit them for such posts. The Government are ready to do all in their power to encourage Uriyas in the public services when it is possible to do so.

"I am glad to know that the recognition of Uriya as the sole Court language of the Goomsur division is appreciated, but there are, I understand, a large number of Telugu people in the other divisions of the district. On that ground I am doubtful whether it would be fair to extend this provision further.

"The question of transferring to another province the Uriya-speaking tracts of this Presidency is one that was decided in 1912 by the Government of India after full consideration. Unless conditions change and unless new arguments of weight are produced, I can hold out no hopes to you of the question being reopened.

"The question of moving the head-quarters of the Collector from Chatrapur to Berhampur has also been raised before. It is urged by the municipality, on material and administrative grounds, that it would increase the business activity of the town, and at the same time bring the Collector into closer touch with educated public opinion and with the commercial life

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" of the district. While I sympathize with this town's
" wish to improve its business activities, we must all
" admit that the claims of Chatrapur and of existing
" arrangements must also be considered ; perhaps the
" chief difficulty is one of expense. The Collector's
" moving will necessitate the transfer of the District
" Forest Officer, the Police Superintendent and the
" Assistant Collector, and will also involve the District
" Board in the expense of moving its own offices. It
" will further, I am told, be necessary to rearrange divi-
" sional charges as Berhampur is too heavy for a head-
" quarter division. These considerations point to the
" conclusion that the Government would hardly be
" justified in incurring this expense and inconvenience,
" and that before agreeing to do so they would require
" to be convinced that substantial and general benefit
" would be gained. Chatrapur is only 13 miles from
" Berhampur ; they are connected by road and rail ;
" and it is not suggested that the Collector is at present
" out of touch with public opinion or with the commer-
" cial life of the district.

" As regards the town survey it has been arranged
" to consult the municipality before taking further
" steps.

" As to the request of the municipality to extend
" to municipalities the system which is adopted in the
" case of District and Taluk Boards of granting funds
" for purposes of making roads, my answer is that the
" Government cannot give a general undertaking of the
" kind, but will be prepared to consider on its merits
" each case in which a municipality applies for a grant
" for such a purpose.

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His Excel-
lency's
reply.
" The request of the District Board for a grant of
" half the cost of a bridge across the Mahanadi river
" near Aska is now under consideration. The Govern-
" ment are awaiting a detailed estimate ; meanwhile the
" data furnished by the President of the District Board
" as regards the approximate cost are undergoing
" technical scrutiny, and I hope in view of the import-
" ance of this bridge that it will be found possible
" when this scrutiny is completed to find the money to
" provide the half grant—amounting to about seven-
" eighths of a lakh—which is applied for.

" I share your wish to have an agricultural farm in
" Ganjam, and wish I were able to hold out some hopes
" of this being possible within a reasonable time. The
" difficulty which was felt at the time of Sir Arthur
" Lawley's visit to you is still in the way. The claims
" of all localities have to be considered, and in the
" case of the two farms opened since 1908 and one
" now about to be opened it has been found necessary
" to give preference to the claims of other districts.
" Further development now depends on our being able
" to increase our staff, but when it becomes possible to
" open more farms, Ganjam's request shall, I promise
" you, have full consideration.

" On the subject of election of Taluk Board
" Presidents I may remind you that the system is at
" present being tried as an experiment. If the experi-
" ment succeeds and as more men who have the
" leisure as well as the capabilities required become
" available, it will be a satisfaction to the Government
" to be able to extend it.

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His Excel-
lency's
reply.

"The question of a weaving school in the North-
ern Circars was discussed when Sir Murray Hammick
visited Vizagapatam last year, and it was stated by
him that it would be better to await the results of the
establishment of the weaving school at Madura before
considering the question of opening a school in the
north, and that meanwhile a peripatetic weaving party
would go round and demonstrate to the weavers the
advantages of improved looms and better methods.
Such a party has now been formed and I will enquire
whether it can visit the weaving centres of this district
in the near future.

"The District Association is greatly concerned at
the attempt to invest District Boards with powers to
raise the land-cess to two annas in the rupee. I am
not sure that I should be right in saying that such an
attempt is being made, since at present the matter
has advanced no further than asking District Boards
to submit their views. It seems to me that the final
question of whether or not to raise the land-cess is
one which every district can best settle for itself, con-
sidering for itself whether the communal advantages
—agricultural and commercial, moral and physical—
of improved means of communications, education,
sanitation and other improvements, outweigh the
individual benefits of having to pay less in taxes.
That question, however, is not now under discussion.
What is to be settled now is whether districts should
have the power of taxing themselves a little more
for communal purposes, or not. Before this is
decided full opportunities for consideration and
discussion will be afforded to the public.

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His Excel-
lency's
reply.

"The request of the Landholders' Association to
relax the new rules regarding water-rates is not very
explicit. The question of modifying the system of
differential water-rates is however now under the
consideration of Government, and if the Association
will send in a memorial stating clearly what it is to
which they object in the rules, and why, their repre-
sentations will be carefully and sympathetically
considered. As regards the District Association's
complaint of defects in the working of the Rushikulya
system it is reported that the defects are not due to
insufficient reservoir capacity or supply, which is said
to be sufficient for the present extent of the system.
Supplementary reservoirs are only required if it is
desired to extend the area at present commanded.
Steps are now being taken independently to remedy
the defects, and it is hoped to accomplish this
with success.

"The last point with which I have to deal refers
to the Estates Land Act. It is said that immemorial
customs have been disturbed, resulting in much liti-
gation and in strained feelings between landlord and
tenant. Here again a more explicit statement of
the case is necessary before it is possible to give
you a reply and this will no doubt be forthcoming
when any amendments which the Landholders' Asso-
ciation are considering are brought forward. I can
confidently promise that the Association's request
for sympathetic consideration by the Government of
such amendments will be readily granted.

"I am afraid, gentlemen, that I have detained you
a long time, but the points raised are of great interest

Dec. 9, 1913. "to me as they doubtless are to you, and I shall take
 BERHAM- "all opportunities which may present themselves of
 PUR. "making a further study of them as my tour in your
 His Excel- "district proceeds. I now thank you again for your
 lency's "very gratifying welcome to me, and also for the very
 reply. "beautiful caskets in which you have enclosed your
 - "addresses. These I shall always value as pleasing
 "mementoes of my visit to Ganjam district."

Inter- After replying to the addresses, His Excellency
 views. left the Town Hall for the Sub-Collector's house,
 where, after breakfast, he accorded a few private
 interviews.

Revenue At 12-15 P.M., His Excellency held an informal
 Officers' conference with the principal Revenue officials
 Confer- of the district.

Kallikota At 4-15 P.M., His Excellency visited the
 College. Kallikota College.

History. This institution was first established as a
 Government Zilla school in 1856, and was in 1879
 raised by Government to a second-grade college.
 Till the middle of 1888 it continued a Government
 institution. Before abolishing it, in pursuance of
 the policy recommended by the Education
 Commission, the Government asked the local
 municipality to undertake the management, but
 the municipality appears to have declined.
 However, at the suggestion of Mr. Horsfall, then
 Collector of the district, the principal residents
 of the town submitted a memorial to Government
 praying that the management be entrusted to
 them. This was done, and in 1888 the college
 was reaffiliated under the name of the Native
 College, Berhampur.

Dec. 9, 1913. In the year 1894 the Raja of Kallikota and
 BERHAM- Atagada made over one lakh of rupees, in
 PUR. Government promissory-notes, as an endowment
 fund for the college. The endowment yields an
 Kallikota annual interest of Rs. 3,500. In grateful acknowl-
 College. edgment of the Raja's liberality, the college
 Endow- was given its present name, the Kallikota college.
 ment. According to the terms of the registered trust
 deed executed by him in 1896 the District Board
 of Ganjam and the Raja of Kallikota and Atagada,
 for the time being, are trustees. The general
 management of the college is vested in a com-
 mittee consisting of the Raja of Kallikota and
 Atagada, the President, District Board, the Sub-
 Collector, the Principal of the college, three
 members nominated by the Raja of Kallikota and
 five members elected by the Managing Committee.

The building which is occupied by the Upper *Building.*
 Secondary department belongs to Government.
 The buildings occupied by the College and
 Lower Secondary departments belong to the
 management.

The local Victoria Memorial Committee con- *Hostel.*
 structed a hostel out of funds raised by public
 subscriptions, and handed it over to the college
 authorities to be worked in connection with the
 college. The hostel consists of two rows of rooms
 facing each other. There is accommodation
 for 32 students. There are two kitchens and
 dining halls, one for Telugus and the other for
 Uriyas. The hostel is practically self-supporting.
 No member of the college staff resides on
 the premises, but the Principal resides at a short

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Kallikota
College.

Finance.

distance from the college and visits the hostel frequently.

Besides the Raja's endowment of one lakh of rupees the District Board gives annually Rs. 400 being the proceeds of the endowment made by the late Rao Sahib T. Sivaramayya Pantulu Garu of Chatrapur. There is also a sum of Rs. 1,000 in $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Government promissory-notes; and from another endowment, of which the District Board is trustee, two monthly scholarships are provided, one of Rs. 5 for the first-year University class and another of Rs. 6 for the second-year University class. This fund was instituted in honour of Mr. J. G. Horsfall, a former Collector.

Reading
Room.

The reading room is supplied with the "Fort St. George Gazette," the "Educational Review," the "Teacher," "Collegian" "Geographical Teacher," "Modern Language Teaching," "Modern Language Review," "Saturday Journal," "Nature," the "Sanskrit Journal," "Chatterbox" and "Chamber's Journal."

Literary
Associations.

There are seven Literary Associations attached to the college and open to the pupils of the various classes, under the presidency of one of the members of the staff.

Games.

Tennis, badminton, cricket, rounders and hockey and foot-ball are regularly played. There is a tennis cup instituted by H. D. Taylor, Esq., I.C.S., to be competed for by this college and the Raja's College, Parlakimedi, and a foot-ball cup instituted in honour of J. G. D. Partridge, Esq., I.C.S., to be competed for by this college, the

Raja's College, Parlakimedi, and the Municipal High School, Chicacole, and the Chalapati Rao cricket cup founded by Mr. M. Gangarazu in memory of his father who was for many years actively interested in the college.

The staff of the college consists of the Principal M.R.Ry. K. Ganapati Ayyar Avargal, B.A., L.T., a lecturer on each of the four subjects, mathematics, science, logic and history, 29 assistant masters, three Telugu pandits, one Sanskrit pandit, two Uriya pandits, one Hindustani munshi, one drawing master and two gymnastic instructors.

The strength of the college is at present 1,100; in 1888 it was only 150.

On arrival at the college, His Excellency was met by the Managing Committee of the college and conducted to a pandal at the site of the new Uriya hostel. On His Excellency taking his seat on the dais, the Vice-President of the Committee, M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur W. L. Venkataramayya Garu, made the following speech requesting His Excellency to lay the foundation stone of the new hostel:—

"YOUR EXCELLENCY,—On behalf of the Managing Committee, the Teaching staff and the students and "pupils of the Kallikota College, I beg to offer Your Excellency a cordial welcome, and tender our heartiest thanks for honouring the college with a visit.

"The Kallikota College is an experiment in local self-government; and I venture to think it is not altogether an unsuccessful experiment. We have endeavoured to work on the principle, the cardinal

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Staff.

Strength.

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"principle of all municipal institutions, that there can be
"no self-rule without self-help; that it is idle to expect
"subsidies from Imperial or Provincial revenues for a
"primarily local institution until and unless all local
"sources of income have been tapped; that, properly
"speaking, State grants should be merely to supple-
"ment, and that too, only in proportion as communities
"or individuals realise that the responsibility is primarily
"theirs to support schemes primarily conducing to the
"benefit of their own locality.

"During the quarter of a century since the year 1888,
"when this institution was handed over by Government
"to a private committee, its record has been one of
"remarkable expansion in every direction. In 1888 we
"had only one building, the central block. Today we
"have five for class rooms, besides a hostel, and the
"three buildings in other parts of the town. In 1888
"the number on our rolls was about 150: by 1909 it
"rose to about 800: today it is a little over 1,100.
"In 1892 our fee income was Rs. 4,000; in 1899 it
"had risen to Rs. 16,000; now it is Rs. 28,000. Our
"annual income from all sources was Rs. 50,000 last
"year. The immovable property of the college is
"worth about half a lakh, while the library, science
"apparatus, furniture and other belongings may be
"valued at Rs. 25,000.

"The administration of such an institution is by no
"means a light thing: and we realise the gravity of our
"responsibilities remembering that of necessity the
"influences of the college, whether for good or ill,
"are not confined to the limits of our town or district,
"and that, in its ultimate result, our task is of imperial
"import, to help in moulding the character and shaping

"the destiny of thousands of future citizens of this great
"empire. We beg to assure Your Excellency that we
"are proud to have some share in the great and glori-
"ous work of empire-building, towards which so many
"agencies have to contribute. In the discharge of our
"onerous duties we have always received help and
"sympathy on all sides, which we gladly take this
"opportunity to acknowledge thankfully.

"To our President Mr. N. Macmichael, I.C.S., we
"owe a debt of gratitude for ungrudgingly giving us his
"valuable time and his wise advice. In him we find,
"added to the best traditions of the distinguished
"service to which he belongs, the keenest interest in
"matters educational, and a real desire to help in every
"movement that makes for true progress in education.

"In our Principal we have a distinguished Graduate
"of the 'Cambridge of South India,' who has during
"a strenuous service of nearly a quarter of a century
"thrown himself whole-heartedly into the work, and
"contributed, more than almost any other single indi-
"vidual, towards bringing the college up to its present
"proud position amongst aided institutions. He is
"ably assisted by the Vice-Principal, lecturers, masters
"and pandits who are, as a body, highly qualified and
"trained men, proud of the college and determined to
"do their best to the boys and youths committed to
"their care.

"Then again we owe a debt that never can be
"repaid, except by the undying gratitude of generations,
"to the various benefactors of the college, and first
"and foremost to the late Raja of Kallikota and
"Atagada for his princely endowment of one lakh of
"rupees, which has given the college a stability and

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"status possessed by few other colleges. The Raja of Dharakota and the Zamindar of Serugada have given us a Science laboratory and a wing of the Lower Secondary school building. Others have given us the hostel and money endowments. Thus the people of the district generally and the landed aristocracy in particular have recognised that the college is worthy of their support, and have realised their own responsibilities.

"We have to acknowledge, with sincere gratitude, the sympathetic treatment we have always received from Government, and we beg to convey our grateful thanks for liberal grants for teaching, buildings, science apparatus, and library equipment. Much as we appreciate this monetary help, I beg to assure Your Excellency, we appreciate yet more the approval of our college that is implied by these grants. The enhanced teaching grant sanctioned last year has enabled us to raise the salaries of our establishment, and thus carry into effect a much-needed reform which for want of funds had to lie over.

"Our scheme for salaries involves yearly increments to all teachers who are fully qualified; and this means that our financial burden will grow heavier each year. We therefore venture to hope that the teaching grant will be continued to us at least on the same scale as now.

"We beg also that liberal grants may be sanctioned by Your Excellency's Government towards the building of the new Uriya Students' Hostel, and the improvement of the old Victoria Memorial Hostel. One pressing need at present is for two or three fountains on our premises connected with the

"Municipal water-works. They are needed for our laboratory work and for the use of the pupils and the boarders in the hostel.

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"I beg leave now to draw Your Excellency's kind attention to the proposed Uriya Students' Hostel. It will accommodate 40 boarders in ten good-sized rooms. It is hoped a teacher will reside on the premises as warden. The building will be two-storeyed, the living rooms and common room forming three sides of a square, and the kitchens and out-houses the fourth side. In the centre will be an open quadrangle for ventilation and recreation. The Peddakimedi Zamindar has most generously given us Rs. 10,000 for the building, which is a gift by him to commemorate the Coronation of our beloved and Gracious King-Emperor and we gratefully accept it as meeting a much-felt want.

"The donor is a loyal, wealthy and influential Uriya Zamindar belonging to perhaps the most ancient and aristocratic Kshatriya house in the district, the Gajapati family of the Gangetic line. He is well known as a liberal patron of Sanskrit learning; and, that he is moving with the times, is apparent from his handsome contributions to the cause of modern education. The committee is already beholden to him for the gift of the building at the westernmost end of our premises. Built by him at a cost of Rs. 5,000 and originally intended for the boys of zamindari families, it now accommodates some of our overflowing classes. He has started a George V Lower Secondary school at his own headquarters and erected a fine building for it at a cost of

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"Rs. 8,000. Our popular and much respected Collector
"laid its foundation stone two years ago, and opened
"the building two months ago with a notable speech
"full of sound advice to our landed aristocracy, with
"regard to education in particular. He has opened
"a Girls' primary school named after our Queen-
"Empress. We beg to tender our heartiest thanks to
"the Zamindar of Peddakimedi for the generous gift
"of this 'George V Uriya Students' Hostel,' and we are
"proud that Your Excellency will lay its foundation
"stone. We trust and believe that not only on the
"foundation, well and truly laid, will be reared a
"material edifice worthy of being associated with the
"name of our august Sovereign, but that the moral and
"intellectual influences of this hostel will, in coming
"years, be of the purest and most elevating kind,
"making for the building up of noble and loyal citizens
"worthy of the Empire.

"I beg to request Your Excellency to lay the
"foundation stone of the 'George V Uriya Students'
"Hostel,' and once more I would express our heart-
"felt pleasure at Your Excellency's visit to our college,
"and our sincerest thanks for giving us the opportunity
"of placing before Your Excellency a brief report of
"our work and our wants.

"We wish Your Excellency and Lady Pentland
"long life, health and prosperity."

In complying with the request, His Excellency
spoke as follows:—

His Excel-
lency's
Speech.

"GENTLEMEN,—Let me first thank you for the
"cordial welcome which you have offered me, and let

"me express the pleasure I feel in being able to meet
"you all here on this occasion.

"We have heard the interesting account of the
"college which Mr. Venkataramayya has just given;
"and you must have been deeply struck, as I was, with
"the remarkable strides which the institution has made
"since it was founded as a Government school in 1856.
"It was handed over as a second-grade college in 1888
"to a committee of management consisting of officials
"and non-officials and now provides education for over
"1,100 students in its two departments—school and
"college—and enjoys an annual income of half a lakh.

"The Vice-President has explained to us the
"principle of self-help and reliance upon local support,
"which the committee have endeavoured to apply in
"their administration of the college. That principle
"deserves all praise, and you will, I am sure, join me
"in congratulating the committee on the generous
"response which has been given to their efforts as is
"shown by the willingness with which the public and
"especially the leading aristocracy have come forward
"with help. The college takes its name from the
"Raja of Kallikota who, in 1894, endowed it with the
"sum of a lakh of rupees. For gifts and money
"endowments it is indebted to a number of others,
"particularly to the Raja of Dharakota and the
"Zamindar of Serugada of whose valuable contributions
"to it we have just heard.

"It is now my pleasing duty, a duty with which
"the committee have honoured me and one which I am
"proud to undertake, to lay the foundation stone of a
"further extension of the college in commemoration of

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His Excel-
lency's
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lency's
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"the Coronation of King George V, which comes from
"the generosity of the Peddakimedi Zamindar.

"The college has now a hostel which accom-
modates 32 students—16 Uriyas and 16 Telugus—and
"the present extension is to take the shape of another
"hostel for Uriyas with room for 40 boarders.

"I congratulate the college warmly upon their
"good fortune in receiving this handsome gift. And I
"venture to congratulate the donor on his happiness in
"giving it and upon his strong and practical desire to
"advance the education and welfare of his fellow
"Uriyas.

"Before I proceed to lay the foundation stone I
"have the pleasure of announcing to you a still further
"donation by the Zamindar of Peddakimedi on behalf
"of education. This is the foundation of two scholar-
ships with an endowment of Rs. 5,000 in the inter-
mediate classes of this college with which he has been
"kind enough to wish to associate my name—I may
"say that it affords me the greatest pleasure to grant
"his request—; in addition an endowment of Rs. 2,000
"for a scholarship in the Matriculation class in the
"name of your Collector Mr. Macmichael; all the
"scholarships to be for Uriya students.

"I will now fulfil the duty which has been en-
trusted to me of laying the foundation stone of the
"George V Uriya Hostel."

After His Excellency had laid the foundation
stone of the Uriya Hostel, he inspected the college
and the hostel. His Excellency made the follow-
ing remarks in the Visitors' Book :—

"It is highly satisfactory to find that this college,
"which has grown from small beginnings and owes

"much to the public spirit and generosity of the late
"Raja of Kallikota and other zamindars and leading
"gentlemen of the district, shows every sign of vigour
"and health.

"The best guarantee for its future is that its
"management should continue as now to keep abreast
"of the times. I am much pleased with all that I
"have seen of the college, its scholars, and its staff,
"during my short visit."

His Excellency then proceeded to the house
of M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur C. V. Kumaraswami
Sastriyar Avargal, District Judge, to attend a
garden party given by him.

From the garden party, His Excellency mo-
tored back to the Collector's house at Chatrapur.

On the next morning, His Excellency again
motored to Berhampur, where his first visit was to
the Jubilee Hospital.

The Jubilee Hospital was opened on 27th
February 1893. The building was erected at a
cost of Rs. 25,000 out of which Rs. 10,000 were
contributed by the Zamindar of Parlakimedi,
the balance being met by public subscriptions.
There is a funded capital of Rs. 2,000 with the
Accountant-General.

The hospital consists of four blocks of
buildings separated by a quadrangular enclosure,
the blocks being connected by covered passages.
Three of these blocks comprise wards for the
accommodation of males (two wards) and females
(one ward). The fourth block contains the office,

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Garden
Party.

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Jubilee
Hospital.

Accommo-
dation.

Dec. 10, 1913. **BERHAM-PUR.** Jubilee Hospital. *Accommodation.* out-patient room and dispensary. To the north-east of the main buildings lie the cook-house and vaccination depot in separate blocks. To the north-west are two blocks of buildings for store rooms for medicines, bedding, etc. To the south-west new buildings comprising an operation theatre and caste ward for six males and six females were constructed during 1905 and presented to the municipality as a gift by the Zamindar of Dharakota. To the south-west of the Dharakota ward a caste ward of two beds with kitchen attached was given to the hospital by the late Mr. Digumurti Venkataramayya Pantulu in 1911. To the south-east of the office block, the European and Eurasian ward with two beds is in course of construction, a gift to the municipality by Mrs. Cooke.

Statistics. During 1911, 650 in-patients and 29,007 out-patients and during 1912, 662 in-patients and 28,665 out-patients were treated.

Staff. The staff consists of one Assistant Surgeon, one Lady Apothecary, two Sub-Assistant Surgeons, one clerk, one midwife, two male compounders, one peon, one cook, three male ward coolies, two female ward coolies, one waterman, two male toties, one female toty, one dhobi. The hospital is under the management of the Berhampur Municipal Council.

On arrival at the hospital, His Excellency was received by M.R.Ry. T. R. Lakshmanaperumal Pillai Avargal, L.M. & S., Acting District Medical and Sanitary Officer, and M.R.Ry P. Venkateswarulu Pantulu Garu, Municipal

Chairman, who conducted His Excellency round the wards. Dec. 10, 1913.

His Excellency made the following remarks in the Visitors' Book of the hospital:—

"I am glad to have seen this hospital. Some **BERHAM-PUR.** Jubilee Hospital. "slight extension of the out-patients' accommodation "seems desirable. With that exception the buildings "seem well-planned: and the hospital is evidently "doing good work for the town and surrounding "country which cannot fail to be more and more "appreciated as time goes on: and thoroughly deserves "a continuance of the generous support to which it "owes its construction. I found everything in good "order and I am favourably impressed by the management and staff."

From the hospital His Excellency motored to the District Jail.

The District Jail was built in the year 1862, under the supervision of Captain C. G. Phillipps, S.C., the Executive Engineer. Overseer Kamarazu, who was in charge of the works, was subsequently convicted and sentenced to be hanged for murder and while awaiting sentence in this jail committed suicide by drowning in one of the wells inside the jail. The jail proper covers an area of 5'04 acres and is built on the radiating block system. Five blocks radiate from a central tower. Twenty-four cells were built during 1912 in place of one block which had been condemned. East of the tower are the kitchen, civil debtors' ward, hospital, separate solitary confinement and condemned cells. The **District Jail.** *History.*

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PUR.

District
Jail

Accommo-
dation.

Present
Strength.

How
employed.

female ward is a separate enclosure to the south of these. There is a separate block in front of the main gate in which newly admitted prisoners undergo a period of quarantine. A new rag-grinding shed was erected in 1908.

The jail can accommodate 177 male and 15 female prisoners. Besides these the quarantine ward and the hospital ward can accommodate 44 and 20 prisoners respectively.

On 7th November 1913 there were 190 prisoners in the jail, of whom 5 were females.

Most of the prisoners are employed in preparing dietary articles, cooking, sanitation and gardening, while others are employed in weaving cotton goods and pressing oil which are the main industries of this jail. There is only one workshop.

Since the conversion of the Hill Jail at Russellkonda into a sub-jail, convicts from the hill tracts have been sent to this jail.

His Excellency was received on arrival by M.R.Ry. T. R. Lakshmanaperumal Pillai Avargal, L. M. & S., Acting Superintendent, and Mr. C. B. A. Franks, Jailor, and non-official visitors, and taken round the jail by the Acting Superintendent. The articles manufactured by the convicts were exhibited.

His Excellency made the following remarks in the Visitors' Book :—

"I found 168 prisoners in this jail, of whom about 40 were said to be hillmen. The jail accommodates a total of 256. Everything seems to be working smoothly and in good order. I note that there is no

"difficulty in disposing of the articles manufactured in the jail and I was glad to have the opportunity of meeting the two non-official visitors whose co-operation is welcomed. The condition of the jail reflects credit on the staff."

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District
Jail.

After the inspection of the District Jail, His Excellency motored to the Sub-Collector's house.

At 11 A.M. His Excellency accorded a few private interviews.

Inter-
views.

At 12 noon His Excellency received a deputation from the Ganjam District Association consisting of the following gentlemen :—

Deputa-
tion from
the Gan-
jam
District
Associa-
tion.

1. M.R.Ry. G. Raghava Rao Pantulu Garu.
2. " N. Ramanujaswami Pantulu Garu.
3. " A. P. Patro Garu.
4. " T. Pattabhiramayya Pantulu Garu.
5. " V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu.

Mr. Macmichael, the Collector, Mr. A. W. Robert, the Executive Engineer, and Mr. Cotterell, the Private Secretary, were also present.

The first subject brought forward was the Rushikulya system. The deputation said that the supply of water was precarious, especially at the end of the system, when the monsoon failed and that water was in consequence received too late for ryots' purposes. They suggested first that water-rate should be reduced, secondly that the supply should be supplemented by the construction of new reservoirs. The Executive Engineer stated that there was no fixed date for opening the reservoir but that it was necessary to wait for the monsoon to break. By themselves the

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tion from
the Gan-
jam
District
Associa-
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reservoirs could only irrigate the system for one month; their real use was to supplement the supply in the rivers. The Collector added that at the time of resettlement of the district it had been recognized that lands far away from the main channels and lands at the tail-end of the system should not pay the same rates as lands easily commanded and accordingly the system had been divided into three classes, the first class of lands near the main channels, the second class of lands not so near and the third class of lands at the end of the system.

His Excellency remarked that the Rushikulya system did not pretend to give to all lands first-class supply and that the points to be considered therefore were: first whether it was desirable to improve the system while keeping the area unchanged, secondly whether it was desirable to extend the irrigated area.

The deputation said that what they wanted was to have a better and more certain supply of water to the present ayacut. They did not appear to be aware of the division of the ayacut into three classes as explained by the Collector, and admitted that the rates charged were low but said that the reason was that in Ganjam less water was required to irrigate wet crops owing to the even distribution of rainfall. The Executive Engineer explained that the chief reason why the supply at the end of the channels was sometimes late was that owing to the nature of the soil from which the banks were constructed, breaches and

leakages were frequent when water was first let into the channels. Steps were now being taken to remedy this state of things and at the same time a proposal was being examined to raise the Goomsur anicut and convert it into a regulator. These improvements would cost some Rs. 80,000.

His Excellency thought that it would be well to see the effect of these improvements.

The next point had to do with the imposition of water-rate. It was stated that lands not commanded by the Rushikulya system which received water from it, were noted down in the accounts of the karnam for the imposition of water-rate, but owing to the accounts being sent to the taluk office and sometimes to the Divisional office before the tax was actually imposed, the ryots were often faced with the demand for water-tax three or four months after the water had actually been used. In the case of water irregularly taken for irrigation, it had recently been ordered that the intimation of the imposition should be given at once to the ryot concerned. The Collector agreed to make the experiment of extending this to the cases under discussion.

The next subject was the differential water-rate. Rates, it was stated, were now calculated on the taram of the land and on the class of the water source. This resulted in high charges for the production of wet crops on dry lands. The deputation wished to revert to the old system under which the charge was made with reference

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tion from
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tion from
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tion.

solely to the class of water source and not with reference to the taram. The Collector entirely agreed with the deputation and His Excellency promised to have the matter considered.

The next point was the redistribution of taluks. It was pointed out that the village of Hingili had been included in the Chatrapur taluk in the redistribution, but while it is only 15 miles from Berhampur, it is not less than 28 miles from Chatrapur. The redistribution was made in 1912 and His Excellency agreed with the Collector that it was rather early to make any further alteration now. It was promised that the total effect of redistribution should be watched and that if sufficient cases of inconvenience seemed to exist the matter should be reconsidered.

The next subject was the recent order that from next year Uriya should be the sole Court language of the Goomsur division. The deputation said that most of the vakils at Aska were Telugus, that the clients wished to employ the senior vakils who were all Telugus and that it would involve much hardship if plaints, written statements, etc., had in future to be prepared in Uriya. The deputation said that the change was too sudden and that some time should be allowed before it took effect. His Excellency thought that, as about 95 per cent. of the registered documents in Goomsur were in Uriya, it was clearly desirable that the language of the Court should be Uriya and that the order under discussion was the only way to give the Uriya a fair chance in Goomsur division, since, as

long as Telugu was also allowed to be a Court language, Uriya would stand little chance. As regards the suddenness of the change, he thought that whenever the change was introduced the effect would be much the same.

The last point dealt with was the fact that the Tahsildar of Chatrapur taluk exercised also magisterial powers. Government had said that at present there was not enough magisterial work for the employment of a Stationary Magistrate, but the deputation wished to urge that the question should not be decided on the ground of whether there was sufficient work or not for a full time Magistrate but rather as a question of principle.

His Excellency agreed that the ideal course was to be guided by principle, but he thought that in this case it would be well to wait and see how the existing system worked before deciding to make any change.

In the afternoon at 4-15 His Excellency left the Sub-Collector's house for the Hindu Girls' School, halting *en route* at the parade ground for a few minutes to see the feeding of the poor by M.R.Ry. P. S. Venkateswarlu Nayudu Garu.

This school was established in 1884. It has six standards. The strength of the school is at present 166. The staff consists of a headmaster and five assistants.

On arrival, His Excellency was received by M.R.Ry. S. Kameswara Rao Pantulu, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Ganjam and

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Deputa-
tion from
the Gan-
jam
District
Associa-
tion.

Hindu
Girls'
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Girls'
School.

Vizagapatam Girls' Range, and conducted round the classes.

His Excellency made the following remarks in the Visitors' Book:—

"I have been glad to pay a visit to this school and to find that it has every sign of prosperity: it is particularly reassuring to observe that the parents of some of the children and some local gentlemen take an interest in its welfare."

From the Girls' school His Excellency proceeded to the Young Men's Library and Association.

Young
Men's
Library
and As-
sociation.

The Library and the Association which is named after the King-Emperor were the work of the late Mr. Digumarti Viswanadha Rao Pantulu and other young men of Berhampur. It was the late Mr. Viswanadha Rao who first conceived the idea of an association and Mr. Viswanadha Rao's father the late Mr. D. V. Ramayya Pantulu paid Rs. 1,200 for the cost of building the hall of the association. The building was opened in December 1911 by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Sadasiva Ayyar. The site for the association building was given by Mr. A. P. Patro. The public of Berhampur have made liberal donations for the library.

The object of this association as stated in its second anniversary report is as follows:—

"To create a love for reading general books, to hold competitive examinations in essay-writing and to provide a reading room where young men can spend their leisure hours with pleasure and profit and where

"they can exchange with one another their ideas of literary and kindred subjects under the guidance of some teachers or other educated gentlemen."

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Young
Men's
Library
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sociation.

The strength of the association at present is about 125; most of the members are students and the rest of them consist of officers, pleaders, landholders, clerks, etc.

The library subscribes for the "Modern Review," "Andhra Patrica," "The Statesman" and other papers. Some of the gentlemen of the town place their newspapers, journals and magazines at its disposal for reading.

There are about 1,200 books, English and Telugu, of which about 800 were presented by the public.

His Excellency was received by M.R.Ry. V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu, President of the Association, who showed him the library and the reading room.

His Excellency next visited the Baptist Mission Industrial School.

In the year 1900 the Central Provinces Government requested the Baptist Missionary Society to receive and care for a number of orphans who had been left destitute after the famine of 1899-1900. The mission being willing to undertake the work, 50 girls and 28 boys were handed over to the missionaries in Sambalpur and conveyed by them to Berhampur in November 1900. Here mud houses were provided for them and arrangements made for giving them an elementary education. The following year 15 more boys were

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Mission
Industrial
School.

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Mission
Industrial
School.

sent, and another 15 in the two succeeding years. At the same time a number of orphans were being cared for by the Missionaries in Cuttack, and in April 1904 it was decided to make Berhampur the head-quarters for boys and Cuttack the head-quarters for girls. Accordingly all the girls from Berhampur were transferred to Cuttack, and the boys from Cuttack were sent to Berhampur. Gradually the original mud houses were replaced by brick buildings, and at the time of the cyclone in 1909 only one of the mud houses remained. This was badly damaged in the cyclone and was replaced by a brick house. The premises now consist of three dormitories for boys of different ages, one dining room, one cook room, one sick room and one store room. The orphanage is under the direct supervision of the missionary in charge, and an Indian house father is employed to give special attention to the comfort and welfare of the boys. A sweeper and dhobi form the remainder of the staff.

In 1907 an epidemic of cholera broke out in the orphanage. There were 23 seizures, but only 4 deaths. Deaths from other causes were frequent in the early years of the orphanage, but good housing and feeding have made such a great difference to the health of the boys that sickness of any kind is now rare. Many of the original inmates of the institution have become self-supporting and left the institution. Several have married and are now respected and useful members of the community. Destitute boys have been admitted from time to time, and at present

the number being cared for is 41. A grant towards the support of five of these is received from the Central Provinces Government. A few are partly supporting themselves by what they earn in the Industrial school; the remainder are wholly supported from mission funds. The total cost of the buildings was Rs. 4,485.

The Industrial school was begun in 1904, the necessity for it being that a number of the orphans had attained an age when they should begin to earn their own living. Work was started by teaching carpentry to a few boys in an out-house, and when it was seen that the plan was likely to be successful a special building was erected. After a little while the trades of weaving, blacksmithing, bootmaking and tailoring were introduced, with separate workshops for each trade. After an extended trial it was thought desirable for various reasons to abandon the attempt to teach tailoring and bootmaking and to concentrate on carpentry, weaving and blacksmithing, which has since been done. The carpentry department proved the most successful and it became necessary to add to the quadrangular building which had been built by erecting a thatched shed and a store for timber. In the cyclone of 1909 these two latter structures were destroyed and were replaced by an airy brick structure having a wooden floor and containing one room with appliances for instruction in drawing and a larger room containing benches and tools for practical training in carpentry. The cost of this building and its equipment was Rs. 3,263.

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School.

Work in weaving was commenced with the ordinary type of country loom, but in 1912 these looms were replaced by a set of modern automatic handlooms costing about Rs. 1,000. Most of the clothing required for the orphanage is woven here, and a good demand exists for dusters, table-linen, towels, etc., which are made here.

For the year 1911 and 1912 a teaching grant of Rs. 650 was received from the Madras Government, but it has been found impracticable to comply with the conditions which must be observed by schools receiving such aid, and Government recognition has had to be relinquished. The staff consists of a clerk, teacher of carpentry, weaving master and peon. Seventeen students are receiving instruction.

His Excellency was received by the Superintendent the Rev. P. L. Cross, who took him round the workshops.

The Zenana Hospital of the Baptist Missionary Society was then visited.

Zenana
Hospital.

The Mission Hospital was built by the Baptist Zenana Missionary Society of England and was opened on 15th March 1907.

The hospital is a one-storeyed building built in a square. The north side contains the Midwifery ward and Doctor's office, south side the Theatre and Dispensary, east side two private wards and one medical ward, and west side one surgical and one eye ward. To the west side of the hospital is the cook-house and store-room,

and west of this block lie small rooms, used by the caste patients as kitchens, etc.

The hospital contains thirty beds, and only women and children are admitted. The average yearly number of in-patients is 260 and of out-patients 22,000.

The staff consists of one Lady Doctor (M.D.), one Nursing Superintendent, one Indian female dispenser, two trained Indian nurses, four probationer nurses, one mali, one cook, one dhobi and two sweepers.

His Excellency was received by Miss Stanford of the Baptist Zenana Mission staff and was conducted round the hospital by Mrs. Armstrong Hopkins, M.D.

His Excellency made the following remarks in the Visitors' Book :—

"It has been a pleasure to me to visit this hospital, which must be of great benefit to the town and surrounding district. The buildings seem well designed for their purpose, the wards well-ventilated and the patients have the advantage of the care of a larger staff of nurses than in some similar hospitals. The increase in the attendance testifies to the growing confidence of the public in the hospital which is no doubt very gratifying as well as very creditable to the management and to the staff."

On Thursday, the 11th December, His Excellency, accompanied by Messrs. Macmichael, Cotterell and Lonsdale and Captains Allanson and Cavendish, motored to Russellkonda, halting at Aska for breakfast with Mrs. Minchin. At

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PUR.
Zenana
Hospital.

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1913.

RUSSELL-
KONDA

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1913.
RUSSELL-
KONDA.
Uriya
School.

Russellkonda His Excellency visited the Uriya School where he was received by Mr. G Green, Revenue Divisional Officer, and Mr. C Ransford, Inspector of Schools, and conducted through the classes.

From 1879 to 1884 the school was a Government institution with the Lower Fourth class as the highest class. The scale of the teaching staff was as follows :—

Headmaster on Rs. 40 per mensem.

First Assistant on Rs. 30 "

Second Assistant on Rs. 20 "

Third Assistant on Rs. 15 "

Peon on Rs. 5 per mensem.

In the year 1884, the school was handed over to the Local Board under G.O. No. 1869, Financial, dated 13th August 1884, on condition that the Government would pay the net cost to the Board. This system continued till the end of 1889-90. In the year 1884 the Upper Fourth class was opened. During the management of the Taluk Board, one assistant master, one Uriya pandit, one gymnastic instructor, one drawing teacher and a watcher have been sanctioned in addition to the former staff.

During the current year a Fourth form class has been opened and in the next two years, Fifth and Sixth forms will also be opened. Government have promised a recurring subsidy to meet the cost of salaries of additional teachers (one on Rs. 100, Supervising Headmaster; one on Rs. 80, teacher for Sixth form; one on Rs. 70,

teacher for Fifth form; and one on Rs. 60, teacher for Fourth form) plus contingencies and also a sum to erect a new high school fitted with apparatus. Out of the teachers (one on Rs. 100 and one on Rs. 60) sanctioned for the current year, one on Rs. 100 has been appointed. An Uriya graduate is required for the post on Rs. 60 which has not yet been filled up as no qualified man has been found.

From the Uriya School, His Excellency motored to the Russellkonda reservoir, where Mr. A. W. Robert, the Executive Engineer, explained the Rushikulya irrigation system.

From the reservoir, His Excellency and party motored to the Special Assistant Agent's house, where, after lunch, they witnessed a Kondh dance. His Excellency and party returned in the evening to Chatrapur, having tea at Aska with Mrs. Minchin.

On the morning of the 12th December, His Excellency, accompanied by Messrs. Macmichael, Cotterell and Lonsdale and Captains Allanson and Cavendish, motored from Chatrapur at 7-30 A.M. on a visit to Rambha. At the palace, His Excellency and party were received by Mr. O. Dods-worth, Manager of the Kallikota estate, and after breakfast left for a cruise on the Chilka lake, and a shoot on the further shore. His Excellency and party returned to Chatrapur at 7-30 P.M.

On the 13th December, His Excellency, accompanied by Messrs. Cotterell, Macmichael and Lonsdale and Captain Cavendish, left Chatrapur

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RUSSELL-
KONDA.
Uriya
School.

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1913.
RAMBHA.
Chilka
Lake.

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1913.

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PARLAKI-
MEDL.

at 7-5 A.M. by special train for Parlakimedi. Mr. H. G. Mearns, District Traffic Superintendent, and Mr. H. M. Wilson, Assistant Railway Engineer, travelled in the same train along with Mr. R. J. M. Mayne, Superintendent, Railway Police. Captain Allanson, Military Secretary, travelled in the special train as far as Naupada and thence proceeded to Madras. His Excellency and party arrived at Parlakimedi Railway station at 11-35 A.M., where His Excellency was received by the Zamindar of Parlakimedi and Mr. C. E. Cotton, his Private Secretary. From the Railway station His Excellency proceeded to the Raja's College, where His Excellency's arrival was public. A guard-of honour was provided by the local police and the band of the Raja of Vizianagram was in attendance. After inspecting the guard-of-honour, His Excellency proceeded to the College Hall. On taking his seat on the dais, the Collector introduced to His Excellency M.R.Ry. M. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu Garu, Chairman, Parlakimedi Municipal Council, who read the following address :-

Arrival
public.
Guard-of-
honour.

Parlaki-
medi
Municipal
Council's
Address.

"We the Chairman and Councillors of the Municipal Council, Parlakimedi, beg to offer our most cordial and respectful greetings to Your Excellency both on our behalf and on behalf of all our fellow-townsmen, on this occasion of Your Excellency's gracious visit to our town. We also beg to welcome Your Excellency as the exalted representative of our august Sovereign His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor and beg to assure Your Excellency that in

"our loyalty and devotion to the British Throne, we are second to none in the Province over which Your Excellency presides.

"2. We beg to express our sincere gratitude to Your Excellency's Government for the liberality with which subsidies have been granted to us for medical, sanitary and educational purposes. We hope to effect, before long, some desirable improvements in those directions. Our small town is, however, rapidly growing both in importance and extent and we fear that we cannot sufficiently safeguard the health of the town without a better water-supply and an efficient system of drainage. The preliminary investigation of these schemes has, with the permission of Your Excellency's Government, been already set on foot. Though our resources are very slender, we earnestly trust and hope that with the kindness of the Government and the liberality of our enlightened and public-spirited zamindar who has already assured us of his keen interest in the improvement of the town, these two pressing wants of our town shall be provided for us at no distant date. We beg to approach Your Excellency with the humble prayer that Your Excellency's Government would be pleased to accord to us a substantial grant for the water-supply and drainage schemes and save the municipality from raising any loan and thus throwing a heavy burden on the tax-payer.

"3. We beg to approach Your Excellency with the prayer that the number of Councillors be increased to 16 and that Your Excellency's Government be pleased to grant us the right of electing half the number of Councillors and our Chairman.

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PARLA-
KIMEDI,

Parlaki-
medi
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Council's
Address.

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KIMEDI.

"We once more beg to offer Your Excellency a hearty and loyal welcome and pray that you may be blessed with long life, health and prosperity."

After the address was read, the Chairman introduced the remaining members of the Council. The Collector then introduced M.R.Ry. S. Audinarayana Rao Nayudu Garu, Chairman, Municipal Council, Chicacole, who read the following address:—

Chicacole
Municipal
Council's
Address.

"We, the Chairman and members of the Municipal Council, Chicacole, respectfully beg to present our humble address and offer a cordial welcome to Your Excellency on your visit to this district.

"2. We beg leave to give expression to our feelings of loyalty to the Crown and its representatives in India. We wish to reiterate once again that the providential escape of our beloved Viceroy and Governor-General of India, from the dastardly attempt made on his life in December last, filled us with great joy. The all-merciful God spared his noble life for the good and benefit of this country.

"3. Chicacole was formerly the seat of a Foudjadar under the Muhammadan rule and in recent times the chief town of a district. It was the centre of great inland traffic until the introduction of the East Coast Railway. Since then it has been gradually declining in commercial importance being at a distance from railway communication. Representations on previous occasions were made to Your Excellency's predecessors, showing the necessity for the construction of a branch line from Chicacole Road station to the seaport town of Calingapatam via Chicacole, a distance of about twenty miles. Calingapatam is

"pronounced to be the safest port in the district and has a salt factory. Srikurmam and Arasavelly are important holy places on or near the proposed line to which thousands of pilgrims resort. We strongly believe that this line when constructed would not be unprofitable. A large tract of rice-producing country will be opened up if the line is extended to Gunupur in the Vizagapatam district. We, therefore, humbly pray that Your Excellency will be pleased to recommend the construction of the proposed line to the Government of India.

"4. We are highly thankful for the munificent grant which Your Excellency's Government was pleased to make for the supply of drinking-water for our town and the Council hopes to reap its benefits ere long. We also feel grateful to Your Excellency's Government for this and other sanitary grants made towards promoting the health and comfort of the townspeople and hope to receive several more in the near future.

"5. Your Excellency's Government was pleased to place the Public Works Department building adjoining the Municipal High school for the use of the High school classes, but the said building as well as the present school building are very old and ill-adapted for the purpose for which they are intended. They need thorough alterations and extensions on a large scale to satisfy the present educational requirements. This can be carried out only at a considerable cost which our municipality can ill-afford on account of its limited resources. The High school is a popular institution attracting a growing number of students year after year. We therefore beg to request that

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MEDIL.Chicacole
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Municipal
Council's
Address.

"Your Excellency may be pleased to provide us with
"adequate funds towards the construction of a good
"school building.

"6. Our town is situated on the bank of the
"Langulya river which empties itself into the sea only
"three miles away from it. On account of its peculiar
"situation, the town is liable to be inundated and
"greatly damaged in times of floods, which have of late
"unfortunately become very frequent. The floods of
"the year 1905 did great havoc and those of the year
"1911 threatened to do considerable damage. The
"town or a portion of it is always in imminent peril of
"being inundated. Some work of protection calcu-
"lated to ward off the danger, is, we respectfully sub-
"mit, an absolute and urgent necessity. The Council
"addressed the Collector of Ganjam on the subject and
"he has asked us to apply for a special grant from the
"Government. We therefore humbly request Your
"Excellency to be pleased to order an investigation and
"give us in the near future some substantial protection
"from the impending danger.

"7. The Municipal hospital is at present ill-
"housed. The building formerly belonged to the Mili-
"tary department and is an old one. This requires
"complete reconstruction which the municipality is
"not in a position to undertake. We fear, we are in-
"denting too much on Government funds, but necessity
"justifies and emboldens us to ask of Your Excellency's
"liberal Government a grant for the construction of a
"good and commodious hospital according to the
"standard design.

"8. We beg permission to add that the administra-
"tion of our municipality is being favourably reviewed

"year after year. This bears testimony to the satis-
"factory way in which the elective franchise granted to
"us is exercised. We therefore humbly pray that Your
"Excellency's Government may be pleased to extend
"the franchise by increasing the number of elective
"seats by two.

"9. We thank Your Excellency for the patient
"hearing accorded to us. We pray that the Almighty
"may bestow on Your Excellency and Lady Pentland
"long life and prosperity."

The Chairman then introduced the remaining
members of the Council.

Next the Collector introduced M.R.Ry. Neela-
mani Poricha Garu, who read the following
address on behalf of the Utkal Hitheishini Samaj:

"We, the members of the Utkal Hitheishini
"Samaj, a local Uriya Association, most humbly beg to
"offer Your Excellency our heartfelt and respectful
"welcome on this happy and auspicious occasion of
"Your Excellency's visit to our town.

"2. The object of our Samaj which has been in
"existence for thirty years now is the improvement of the
"Uriya community in the Madras Presidency. While
"we work on, with this object, in our humble way, we
"yield to none in our loyalty and devotion to His
"Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor and to the British
"Raj.

"3. Refraining ourselves from making any refer-
"ence here to the movement carried on to secure the
"amalgamation of this part of the Madras Presidency
"with Orissa, and without repeating the grievances we
"have in common with others of the town, we beg to
"approach Your Excellency only with a few simple

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Council's
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Utkal
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Samaj's
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MEDIL.Utkal
Hithei-
shini
Samaj's
Address.

"requests on behalf of the humble community that
"represent.

"4. While we are deeply grateful for all that t
"benign British Government has already done by way
"of scholarships, reduced rates of fees and other faciliti
"ties for enabling Uriyas to reap the benefits of English
"education, we would respectfully beseech Your Excel-
"lency, if it be possible, to increase the number and
"value of the Government scholarships awarded to stu-
"dents in collegiate classes. These scholarships were
"fixed years ago when the community was just beginning
"to avail itself of higher education and when prices
"were very much lower. Hence we have ventured to
"approach Your Excellency with this prayer which we
"beg to assure Your Excellency is a real and pressing
"one.

"5. With a view to enable the Uriya townsmen
"to secure better representation on their behalf in the
"local Municipal Council, we pray that the Govern-
"ment be pleased to order that at least half the number
"of the nominated Councillors may be selected from
"amongst the Uriyas.

"6. Lastly, we beg to submit that there is no
"adequate representation of the Uriyas on the Chica-
"cole Taluk Board. We fear that, as the Board is now
"constituted, there is little scope for the introduction
"of a larger Uriya element in it. Parlakimedi is the
"largest of the taluks comprising the Chicacole Taluk
"Board and we understand that it will be still further
"extended by the addition of some portion of the
"Agency. Situated as our taluk is at the tail end of
"the present Taluk Board's jurisdiction, our affairs
"often fail to receive the attention and consideration

"they deserve. For these reasons and in order to give
"an adequate voice to the Uriyas in the management
"of the local affairs, we pray that Parlakimedi may be
"given a separate Taluk Board, as was the case some
"years ago.

"In conclusion, we beg once more to thank Your
"Excellency for paying this visit to our town and we
"pray the Almighty to render the term of Your Excel-
"lency's *regime* an epoch of progress and prosperity to
"us all."

After the address, a few of the members of
the Samaj who were present were introduced to
His Excellency.

His Excellency then made the following joint
reply to all the three addresses :-

"GENTLEMEN, —I am very glad that it has been
"possible for me to extend my tour in Ganjam to the
"town of Parlakimedi, and sincerely wish that it were
"possible to pay a visit also to Chicacole. I desire,
"however, to thank the Chicacole deputation for their
"courtesy in coming here to greet me and lay their
"wants before me, and I take this opportunity of assur-
"ing them that my attention will be none the less
"carefully bestowed on their representations for that
"reason, than if I had had the pleasure of visiting their
"town and personally learning something of its history
"and its present circumstances. I thank you, gentle-
"men, for the kindness of your welcome, which I will
"convey also to Lady Pentland.

"It has caused me much satisfaction to receive
"your thanks for the subsidies which Government have
"been able to grant, and I trust that the assistance

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lency's
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"medical, sanitary and educational.

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His Excel-
lency's
Reply.

Water-
supply.

Drainage.

"Coming now to the needs which are still un-
"supplied, the first request of the Parlakimedi Council
"is for assistance in the matter of providing the town
"with water-supply and drainage systems. I can well
"understand your desire to bring about these important
"sanitary improvements and am glad to know, and
"to be able to tell you, that their investigation is now
"in progress. As soon as you have obtained the
"approval of the sanitary authorities to your proposals,
"the Government will be ready to give them careful
"and sympathetic consideration.

Elective
franchise.

"Both the Parlakimedi and the Chicacole
"Municipal Councils put forward requests for an
"increased proportion of elected members. The
"Government have good reports of the administration
"of both these councils, and will gladly consider their
"requests when next the question of representation on
"local boards comes under consideration.

"The Parlakimedi Council further asks that its
"members should be raised from 12 to 16 and that it
"should be allowed to elect its chairman. These
"requests were submitted to Government in August last
"as resolutions passed by a public meeting and the
"reply then was that Government would consider them
"when the Council itself moved in the matter. If,
"therefore, the Council wishes now to put them for-
"ward and will address Government formally on the
"subject, Government will be willing to consider them.

Railways.

"The Chicacole Council brings forward the
"important subject of railway construction. It is

"unfortunate for them that when the East Coast Railway
"was built, whether on account of their own objections
"or for some other reason, it left them on one side.
"Your desire now for a railway through Chicacole and
"on to Calingapatam is natural and has my sympathy.
"The line is a feeder line and as such is not, I fear,
"likely to find place in the Government of India
"programme and so secure a share of what is termed
"programme money.' It may well, however, be built
"by the District Board if the Council can persuade
"them that it will be remunerative. The Government
"has recently obtained important concessions of a
"financial character which will make it comparatively
"easy for District Boards to finance feeder lines in
"their districts, and it lies with you to endeavour to con-
"vince the Ganjam District Board of the advantage
"of financing the particular line in which you are
"interested.

"Other representations from Chicacole are con-
"cerned with the necessity of a new hospital and a new
"high school building, and with the danger in which
"the town stands from floods. This last question,
"I am advised, is primarily one for the Council itself,
"since the danger does not arise on account of any
"irrigation or other public work. If, however, the
"Council finds itself unable to undertake the examina-
"tion and provision of a protective scheme, Govern-
"ment will, I feel sure, consider carefully any request
"which they make for assistance.

"In their administration report of last year the
"Council referred to the want of proper accommoda-
"tion for the High school and was then asked to

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MEDIL

His Excel-
lency's
Reply.

Railways.

Danger
from
floods.

Accom-
modation
for the
High
School.

Dec. 13, 1913. "address Government separately on the subject. The
 PARLAKI- "High school itself is in a fairly satisfactory financial
 MEDI. "condition, but the Council is not apparently in a
 His Excel- "position to undertake the provision of better accom-
 lency's "modation, and Government accordingly await their
 Reply. "formal representations on the subject.

New "As regards a new hospital, Government have
 Hospital. "been asked to contribute Rs. 30,000 towards its
 "construction. This application has been referred to
 "the Surgeon-General and, on receipt of his reply,
 "Government will be glad to give their careful
 "consideration to the proposal.

Scholar- "The Utkal Hitheishini Samaj asks for an
 ships for "increase in the number and value of scholarships
 Uriyas. "awarded to students in college classes. Until a short
 "time ago the number of scholarships of this kind was
 "24, but this has very recently been raised to 38 at a
 "cost of Rs. 10,000 in the current year. In awarding
 "these Government will, I can assure you, give full
 "consideration to the claims of Uriyas.

Separate "The last request made is for a separate Taluk
 Taluk Board for "Board for Parlakimedi. It is represented that the
 Parlaki- "taluk is a large one likely to become still larger by
 medi. "the addition of some Agency country, that it is at the
 "tail end of the present Chicacole Taluk Board's juris-
 "diction, and that consequently the affairs of the taluk
 "do not receive the attention and consideration they
 "deserve. I can reassure the Utkal Samaj on one
 "point, namely, that there is at present no proposal
 "before Government to increase the size of the
 "Parlakimedi taluk. For the rest, this taluk had a
 "Taluk Board of its own until about 17 years ago, and

Dec. 13, 1913. "it was then amalgamated with the Chicacole Board,
 "for the sake of administrative convenience. I do not
 PARLAKI- "know whether the Collector thinks that the same reason
 MEDI. "against separation still holds good, but in any case
 His Ex- "I will ask him to examine your complaint of
 cellency's "in-attention and lack of consideration of the affairs of
 reply. "the taluk and, if necessary, make proposals to remove
 "any disabilities from which it may be found to be
 "suffering. I may add that much can probably be
 "done in this direction by energetic action on the part
 "of the taluk representatives who now sit on the
 "Chicacole Board."

"Gentlemen, I thank you again for your wel-
 "come and I shall always value as remembrances of
 "my visit to this division the beautiful caskets in which
 "you have presented your addresses."

His Excellency afterwards proceeded to lay
 the foundation stone of the Morrison Extension
 of the Raja's College.

Parlaki-
 medi
 Raja's
 College.
 History.

The college began as a primary school in
 1857. In course of time it became a Zamindari
 Grant-in-aid Taluk school and in 1878 it
 was raised to the standard of a first-grade
 middle school with a strength of 70 boys. In
 1884 the school was recognised as a first-grade
 high school. The present building was erected
 in 1894. In 1896 the school became a second-
 grade college and was affiliated to the Univer-
 sity of Madras.

The college was under the management of
 the Court of Wards from 1905 till April 1913
 when the Zamindar came of age and took over

Manag-
 ment.

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PARLAKI-
MEDI.
Parlaki-
medi
Raja's
College.

the management. During this period of management by the Court of Wards considerable additions were made to the buildings, and chemical and physical laboratories were fully furnished and equipped.

Strength.

The strength of the college is now 1,072.

Hostel.

A hostel was built during the late management by the Court of Wards and provides lodging for 78 and board for 87 boys.

Staff

The staff of the college consists of the Principal, Mr. E. Winckler, B.A., Fellow of the University of Madras, a lecturer in each of the subjects, mathematics, science, logic, and history, 22 assistant teachers, 2 Telugu pandits, 2 Sanskrit pandits, 2 Uriya pandits, 2 drawing masters, 2 gymnastic instructors, 1 commercial teacher and 1 carpentry instructor.

The Zamindar of Parlakimedi made the following speech requesting His Excellency to lay the foundation stone of the Morrison Extension:—

"YOUR EXCELLENCY,—Before I formally request you, Sir, to lay the foundation stone of the building which is to occupy this site, I beg leave to acquaint Your Excellency with a brief history of this institution since its inauguration as a primary school in the year 1857.

"At that time, and during the ensuing decade, the attempts to impart education on Western lines to the people of this locality met with scant success. The unhealthiness of the climate, the difficulties of

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MEDI.
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medi
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College.

"communication and the indifference of the people themselves, combined to retard, if not altogether to nullify, the labours of those who sought to enlighten the rising generation of Parlakimedi.

"In 1867, indeed, the school would have been abolished had not the efforts of Messrs. Wigram and Grigg, of the Civil Service, led to the strengthening of its Managing Committee and the reorganization of its finances. Yet, though these efforts were not unavailing—for the institution was shortly established as a Zamindari Grant-in-aid Taluk school—progress was very slow: and it was not until the appointment of Mr. Taylor, my father's tutor, to the Committee of Management that there dawned an era of real prosperity. Scholarships and prizes were instituted, trained teachers were employed, rules and regulations were laid down and, in 1878, the establishment was raised to the standard of a first-grade middle school with a strength of 70 students. During the next few years, advance was steady along the path of progress, until, in 1884, the school was recognised as a first-grade high school. In 1886, when the strength of the school had risen to 143, the Court of Wards, at the instance of my grandfather, refused the Government grant-in-aid and since that date, my predecessors and myself have made ourselves responsible for the support and maintenance of the institution.

"The present building was erected in 1894 and, in the following year, 350 students were on the rolls. In 1896 the school was raised to a second-grade college and affiliated to the University of Madras.

"I will not weary you, Sir, with a detailed record of the 17 years which have elapsed since then. That

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 Parlaki-medi Raja's College.

"they have been years of progress and prosperity,
 "Your Excellency will understand, when I inform you
 "that to-day 1,072 students are receiving education at
 "the Raja's College, that a hostel provides lodging
 "for 78 and board for 87 boys, and that laboratories,
 "furnished and equipped for the study of Chemistry
 "and Physics, are now in being.

"But, Sir, the existing accommodation is wholly
 "inadequate to the requirements of the school, and I
 "decided, in April last, to mark the occasion of my
 "assuming charge of this estate, by making such
 "structural additions as should ensure the comfort and
 "convenience of the students and the staff and thus
 "conduce to the higher efficiency of the institution.
 "I may add that, as a tribute of my affection for the
 "revered master under whom I worked at Newington
 "and to whom I owe so great a debt, the new building
 "will be known, by his permission, as the MORRISON
 "EXTENSION.

"Your Excellency—I hold it to be of happy augury
 "that you, who have the cause of education so closely
 "at heart, have graciously consented to perform this
 "ceremony to-day; and I cannot conclude these few
 "remarks without expressing my respectful thanks for
 "the honour which Your Excellency has conferred,
 "both upon myself and upon the people of Parlakimedi,
 "in finding time, amidst your arduous duties, to visit
 "my estate. It is my sole regret, Sir, that Her Excel-
 "lency Lady Pentland was unable to accompany you
 "on this occasion.

"I now request that Your Excellency will be
 "pleased to lay the stone."

In complying with the request, His Excellency spoke as follows:—

"ZAMINDAR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—The
 "Zamindar has given us a very interesting account of
 "the growth of the college from a primary school in
 "1857 to a second-grade college with 1,072 students
 "at the present time. He dwelt on the vicissitudes
 "through which it passed in 1867 when, but for the
 "efforts of Messrs. Wigram and Grigg, it would have
 "disappeared altogether. Evidently the desire for
 "education in those days had not acquired in this
 "district the strength which it now happily possesses
 "and of which the present size and popularity of the
 "college are sufficient evidence.

"One fact which emerges clearly from the
 "college's history is the great debt it owes to the
 "Zamindar's family. Since 1890 the Parlakimedi
 "Zamindar has made himself entirely responsible for
 "its finances, and it would occupy a considerable time
 "were I to enumerate the details of grants made and
 "scholarships instituted by him since that time.

"It must be a source of gratification to all of you
 "that the present Zamindar, so soon after his receiving
 "charge of his estate, has thus shown in a practical
 "manner his wish to identify himself with the policy of
 "his predecessors. I congratulate him on the gene-
 "rosity and wisdom of his gift and I congratulate the
 "college on receiving from him a further important
 "extension of the buildings which the rapidly increas-
 "ing numbers have made necessary: this extension, I
 "trust, while adding as intended by the donor to the
 "comfort and convenience of the staff, will remove the

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 His Excellency's speech.

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kimedi
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His Ex-
cellency's
speech.

"inadequacy of accommodation by which the efficiency of the college is said to be affected.

"It is appropriate and commendable that the Zamindar wishes to associate with his gift the name of the Principal of the institution where he received his own education : and I sympathise with him in his desire to make a public acknowledgment of the personal debt of gratitude which he owes to Mr. Morrison, the head of Newington, for his tuition and training.

"I wish also to thank the Zamindar on behalf of Lady Pentland for the kind expressions he has used regarding her, and for the honour he has done me in asking me to perform the duty of laying the foundation stone of the Raja's College Morrison Extension. This duty, I am most happy to accept, and will now proceed to perform."

From the college His Excellency proceeded to the Guest House, where he resided during his stay at Parlakimedi. At Parlakimedi His Excellency was the guest of the Zamindar.

In the afternoon, His Excellency visited the new palace under construction. Here His Excellency was received by the Zamindar and M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma, Agent and Manager, Parlakimedi Estate, and conducted round the building.

At 6 P.M., His Excellency informally met the Educational officers of the district.

Educa-
tional
Officers'
Confer-
ence.

At 9-30 P.M., His Excellency left the Guest House for the Palace where the Zamindar held a reception. On arrival, His Excellency was received by the Zamindar and conducted to the Durbar Hall, where Mr. Cotton presented to His Excellency Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma, Mrs. Winckler, Mr. Audinarayana Rao Nayudu and Miss Harrison. After witnessing the fireworks, His Excellency returned to the Guest House at 10-35 P.M.

On Sunday evening, the 14th December, His Excellency attended Divine Service conducted at the Guest House by Rev. C. E. Sell of Waltair.

On the morning of Monday, the 15th December, His Excellency, accompanied by Messrs. Macmichael, Cotterell and Ransford and Captain Cavendish, first visited the Veterinary Hospital.

The hospital was built out of the Estate funds during the management of the Court of Wards. It was opened on the 27th July 1912

1. Veterinary Assistant.
2. An attendant.
3. Waterman.

with the establishment noted in the margin, and in August of this year a compounder and sweeper were added to the staff. It is fairly well equipped in the matter of accommodation and appliances, every recommendation of the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, in these respects having been fully complied with.

Treatment at the hospital is free for all animals except that those admitted as in-patients

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PARLAKI-
MEDJ,
Recep-
tion.

Dec. 14,
1913.
Evening
Service.

Dec. 15,
1913.

Veterinary
Hospital.

Dec. 15, 1913. are fed by the owners themselves according to the Veterinary Assistant's instructions.

PARLAKI-MEDI. The institution is beginning to be appreciated and the number of cases treated has been steadily increasing of late. The total number of admissions from August to October 1912 was 51 and the average daily attendance 4.9; this year for the same period the figures are 207 and 15'3.

Veterinary Hospital.

The Veterinary Assistant also regularly attends the two cattle markets in the estate at the rate of one every week, in order to treat any sick animals brought there and also to advertise the existence of the hospital.

The total number of animals treated in the markets during the period May to October 1913 was 348.

His Excellency was received, on arrival, by the Zamindar of Parlakimedi and Mr. A. E. Cotton and conducted round the hospital by M.R.Ry. A. L. V. Somayajulu Garu, the Veterinary Assistant in charge.

His Excellency recorded the following remarks in the Visitors' Book :—

"I am glad to know that this humane and beneficent institution is becoming more and more widely appreciated and that its work and influence extend to the markets in the district and is spreading knowledge among the people. It is a pleasure to me to have seen it and to have the opportunity of offering my hearty good wishes for its continued success."

His Excellency and party, including the Zamindar and Mr. Cotton, next visited the Municipal Hospital.

The hospital was opened in 1864 under the control of the Chicacole Taluk Board and was taken over by the municipality in 1886 when this town was made a municipality.

The hospital consists of two main blocks of buildings separated by an open space of ground.

The first block which faces the south is the out-patients' department in which are located the consulting room, dispensary, operation room and the male and female dressing rooms. This was constructed in May 1909 at a cost of Rs. 3,420 met solely from Municipal funds as the old dispensary, now demolished, was insufficient and had no operation room.

The second block lies behind the first and consists of a male and a female ward, office room, and two store rooms.

At the east end of these two blocks and separated from them by a vacant space are the kitchen and the latrine.

In addition there are also an infectious shed and a dead-house situated at some distance to the south.

To the west of the in-patient ward there is a building used as quarters for the Civil Apothecary. It was formerly Police In-patient ward and was handed over by Government to the municipality.

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PARLAKI-MEDI.

Municipal Hospital.

Dec. 15, 1913.	Year.	In-patients.	Out-patients.	Total.
PARLAKI-MEDI.	1886-87	149	7,841	8,090
Municipal	1896-97	177	17,110	17,287
Hospital.	1906-07	237	28,502	28,539
	1912-13	273	36,149	36,422

The staff consists of one Civil Apothecary, one Sub-Assistant Surgeon, two male compounders, one clerk, one midwife, one surgery attendant, one male ward attendant, one female ward attendant, one waterman, one peon, one cook, one male toty, one female toty and one dhobi.

On arrival, His Excellency was received by the Municipal Chairman M.R.Ry. M. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu Garu and conducted round the buildings by the Civil Apothecary Mr. Pereira.

His Excellency made the following remarks in the Visitors' Book :—

"It has given me much pleasure to visit this hospital and to find it well-equipped, everything in good order and the necessary improvements sanctioned. Its work is increasing as shown by the records of attendance of out-patients and its accommodation is adequate for the wants of the district. This is all highly satisfactory."

From the Hospital, His Excellency and party motored to the Raja's College. Here His Excellency was received by the Zamindar and Mr. Cotton and conducted by Mr. E. Winckler, the Principal, round the classes and the library.

His Excellency made the following remarks in the Visitors' Book :—

"This college may, I trust, long continue to be a source of ever-widening usefulness and good influence, and of pride to Parlakimedi. It is well-managed and directed, well-equipped with buildings and with playing and recreation grounds and every care will now be taken to keep it abreast of the advancing requirements of education."

Leaving the College, His Excellency motored to the Uriya Girls' School.

This institution, previously a result school under private management, was taken over by the Court of Wards, on behalf of the then Zamindar of Parlakimedi, in 1882. At this date there were 30 pupils on the rolls—in two classes and one teacher.

The present building was erected in 1885. As it is now not large enough to accommodate the children, more land has been acquired and additional buildings are shortly to be constructed.

From 1885 until August of the present year the school was managed by a committee but, since the month above mentioned, when the committee was dissolved, the management has been in the hands of M.R.Ry. N. P. Patnaik, who was appointed Superintendent by the present Zamindar.

The institution is still a lower elementary school but, by slow stages, the number of pupils on the rolls has risen to 182.

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1913.

PARLAKI-MEDI.
Raja's
College.

Uriya
Girls'
School.

Dec. 15,
1913.

PARLAKI-
MEDI

Uriya
Girls'
School.

No fees are levied and all the pupils are supplied with books, slates, etc., by the Zamindar, who also gives annual presents of clothes and jewellery to encourage attendance.

The Zamindar receives no grants from Government.

The teaching staff consists of the Headmaster, four assistant teachers, a music master, sewing teacher and kindergarten teacher.

The subjects taught are the vernacular, arithmetic, domestic economy, health and home management, sewing, knitting and music. Drill and the kolatam provide the pupils with physical exercise.

His Excellency was received at the school by M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma Avargal, Agent and Manager, Parlakimedi Estate, and was conducted round the buildings by the Superintendent, M.R.Ry. N. P. Patnaik.

His Excellency entered the following remarks in the Visitors' Book :—

"It has been a pleasure to visit this school, and to know that the necessary extensions of buildings and play-grounds are approved. The school seems well-managed, and shows every sign of vigour. A very attractive and promising school."

His Excellency then visited the Telugu Girls' School.

This institution, previously a result school under private management, was taken over by the Court of Wards, on behalf of the then Zamindar of Parlakimedi, in 1882. At this date there

Telugu
Girls'
School.

were 28 pupils on the rolls—in four classes—and a staff of three teachers.

The present building was erected in 1885. From 1885, until August of the present year, the school was managed by a committee but since then, when the committee was dissolved, the management has been in the hands of M.R.Ry. G. V. Sitapati Pantulu, who was appointed Superintendent by the present Zamindar.

The institution is still a lower elementary school but, by slow stages, the number of pupils on the rolls have risen to 167.

No fees are levied and all the pupils are supplied with books, slates, etc., by the Zamindar, who also gives annual presents of clothes and jewellery to encourage attendance.

The Zamindar receives no grants from Government.

The teaching staff consists of the Headmaster, four assistant teachers, a music master, sewing teacher and kindergarten teacher.

The subjects taught are the vernacular, arithmetic, domestic economy, health and home management, sewing, knitting and music. Drill and the kolatam provide the pupils with physical exercise.

His Excellency was received on arrival by M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma Avargal, Agent and Manager, Parlakimedi Estate, and was conducted round the building by the Superintendent.

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MEDI.

Telugu
Girls'
School.

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PARLAKI-
MEDI.

Telugu
Girls'
School.

Inter-
views

Muham-
madan
Deputa-
tion.

His Excellency made the following remarks in the Visitors' Book :—

"This is an excellent school, doing good work which is evidently much appreciated, and I wish it all 'success.'"

His Excellency and party afterwards returned to the Guest House.

At 11 45 A.M., His Excellency accorded a few private interviews.

At 12 30 P.M., His Excellency received a deputation of Muhammadans of Ganjam district consisting of—

S. Imam Ali Sahib Bahadur.

Muhammad Sahib Bahadur.

Muhammad Husain Sahib Bahadur.

Mr. Macmichael, the Collector, Mr. Ransford, the Inspector of Schools, and Mr. Cotterell, the Private Secretary, were also present.

Education was the first subject discussed and the deputation urged that more scholarships for Muhammadans were required. They said that at present only two Muhammadan boys had scholarships at Chicacole and only five at Berhampur. His Excellency said that the question was one which applied throughout the Presidency and that Government were doing everything that they could for the education of Muhammadans and were glad to do it. It was necessary, however, that there should be a corresponding effort on the part of the community and he was glad to see that in recent years Muhammadans had made considerable progress in the matter of education, both school and college, especially in Ganjam district.

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1913.

PARLAKI-
MEDI.

Muham-
madan
Deputa-
tion.

The deputation then raised the question of employment of Muhammadans in the public services. His Excellency said that this must depend largely upon the education and progress of the community. At present there were five Muhammadan clerks employed under the Ganjam Collectorate, but of these two were not properly qualified and had to be exempted from the examination rules.

Finally the deputation dealt with the subject of representation of the Muhammadan community on Local Boards and Municipal Councils. They said that there was only one Muhammadan among the nominated members of the Parlakimedi Municipal Council and none on the Berhampur Council. It was pointed out that the Muhammadan population of Parlakimedi was about 400 out of some 18,000 total population, while at Berhampur the figure was about 1,100 out of 40,000. Accordingly in Parlakimedi the Muhammadans seemed to have at least a full proportion, while at Berhampur it was stated by the Collector that there were two Muhammadans among the elected members of the Council so that there had been no need to add any nominated members since the community had already considerably more than its proportion of seats. Nominations were made after the result of the elections was known so that it was always possible in case no Muhammadans were elected to secure representation by nomination.

His Excellency thought that it would be better not to have a hard and fast rule that any specified

Dec. 15, 1913. PARLAKI-MEDI. Muhammadan Deputation.

number of nominated seats should be reserved for Muhammadans since it was likely that such a rule might adversely affect the chances of Muhammadans in the elections.

The deputation then urged that the Berhampur Taluk Board had no Muhammadan representatives at all, but it was pointed out by the Collector that the Board was then considerably under strength, that the elections had not yet taken place and that if no Muhammadan secured election, the Collector would consider the necessity of nominating one to the Board.

His Excellency said that the Government were anxious to support the community and promote its interests and that the chief factor in the case was education. He congratulated them on the progress they were making in this direction and hoped that their efforts would be unremitted and would continue to gain the increasing success which it had done in recent years.

Garden Party.

At 4-30 P.M., the Zamindar of Parlakimedi gave a garden party, which His Excellency attended.

Departure private.

Dec. 16, 1913. MADRAS.

Arrival private.

His Excellency left Parlakimedi for Madras at 6-30 P.M. by special train, the departure from Parlakimedi and arrival at Madras at 6-30 P.M. the next day both being private. Mr. R. J. M. Mayne, Superintendent, Railway Police, travelled in charge of the train.

The Zamindar of Parlakimedi and a few other officials and non-officials were present at the station to see His Excellency off. Messrs.

Macmichael and Lonsdale took leave of His Excellency at the station.

On arrival at the Madras Central Station, His Excellency was met by Captain Allanson, Military Secretary, Captain the Hon'ble Coulson Fellowes, Aide-de-Camp, Mr. A. R. Cumming, I.C.S., the Collector of Madras, Mr. P. L. Moore, C.I.E., I.C.S., President of the Madras Corporation, Mr. Armitage, Commissioner of Police, and a few other officials. After shaking hands with those present, His Excellency motored to Government House, Madras.

Dec. 16, 1913. MADRAS. Arrival private.

APPENDIX (GANJAM).

LIST OF PERSONS PRESENTED TO HIS
EXCELLENCY.SATUR-
DAY.Dec. 6,
1913.

7-5 P.M.

SUNDAY.

Dec. 7,
1913.

8 P.M.

CHATRAPUR RAILWAY STATION.

1. Mr. N. Macmichael, I.C.S., Collector of Ganjam.
2. „ W. E. Lonsdale, District Superintendent of Police, Ganjam.

DINNER PARTY, COLLECTOR'S HOUSE.

1. The Rev. C. E. Sell.
2. Mr. W. E. Lonsdale, Superintendent of Police.
3. Mr. A. A. F. Minchin, District Forest Officer.
4. Mr. L. H. Arndt, Assistant Collector.
5. Mr. R. W. Davies, Sub-Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.

1. M.R.Ry. J. Venkanna Pantulu Garu. Treasury Deputy Collector.
2. „ M. Venkanna Nayudu Garu, Head-quarters Deputy Collector.

7-41 A.M.

HOSPITAL.

Mr. T. J. Gibson, Acting Civil Surgeon.

7-57 A.M.

GOVERNMENT GIRLS' SCHOOL.

M.R.Ry. S. Kameswara Rao Pantulu, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools.

ONSLOW INSTITUTION.

MONDAY.

1. The Rev. C. E. Sell, Chaplain, Waltair.
2. Mr. De St. C. Ransford, Inspector of Schools.

Dec. 8,
1913.
8-25 A.M.

INTERVIEWS.

11-0 A.M.

1. The Hon'ble the Raja of Dharakota.
2. M.R.Ry. T. Venkatakrishnayya Pantulu Garu, Vice-President, District Board.
3. Mr. G. H. Welchman, Special Forest Officer, Parlakimedi Maliahs.
4. Mr. A. Fletcher, Gopalpur.

DEPUTATION OF THE INHABITANTS OF
CHATRAPUR TALUK.

12-30 P.M.

1. M.R.Ry. K. Paupayya Pantulu Garu.
2. „ A. Sitaramayya Pantulu Garu.
3. „ T. Venkatakrishnayya Pantulu Garu.
4. „ Raghunadha Panda Garu.

GARDEN PARTY.

4-30 P.M.

1. The Maharaja of Bobbili.
2. M.R.Ry. M. Venkanna Nayudu Garu.
3. R. W. Davies, Esq., I.C.S.
4. J. W. Bhore, Esq., I.C.S.
5. Mr. E. W. K. Green.
6. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur W. L. Venkataramayya Garu and Mrs. Venkataramayya.
7. Mr. O. Dodsworth and Mrs. Dodsworth.
8. M.R.Ry. Sri Krishna Chendra Gajapati Narayana Deo Garu.

- MONDAY,
Dec. 8,
1913.
4-30 P.M.
9. M.R.Ry. T. Venkatakrishnayya Pantulu Garu.
 10. „ Sri Sobha Chendra Singh Deo Garu.
 11. „ Rao Sahib Sangiseti Venkatanarayana Nayudu Garu.
 12. „ A. Gurumurti Nayudu Garu.
 13. „ Sri Radhamohana Rajendra Deo Garu.
 14. „ Jagannadha Padhi Khadanga Garu.
 15. The Hon'ble Raja Sri Madhana Mohana Simha Deo Garu, Zamindar of Dharakota.
 16. M.R.Ry. S. Venkatanarasu Pantulu Garu.
 17. „ Saminani Audinarayana Nayudu Garu.
 18. „ Paidighantani Sitaramaswami Pantulu Garu.
 19. „ B. Dakshinamurti Pantulu Garu.
 20. „ T. V. Kondala Rao Pantulu Garu.
 21. „ Hari Hara Panda Garu.
 22. „ P. Venkateswarulu Pantulu Garu.
 23. Sowdagar Muhammad Abdul Aziz Sahib Bahadur.
 24. M.R.Ry. Nalla Sivayya Garu.
 25. „ Koka Babu Rao Nayudu Garu.
 26. Babu Joddu Gopal Benerzea.
 27. M.R.Ry. V. Narasimha Chetti Garu.
 28. Saiyid Jamal Sahib Bahadur.
 29. M.R.Ry. V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu.
 30. „ G. Raghava Rao Pantulu Garu.
 31. „ A. Sitaramayya Chetti Garu.
 32. Mr. Daniel Mahant.
 33. M.R.Ry. Vydyaratno Gopala Acharya Garu.
 34. „ P. S. Venkateswarulu Nayudu Garu.
 35. „ C. Tiruvengadaswami Nayudu Garu.
 36. „ B. Sankara Sastri Garu.
 37. Muhammad Yusuf Sahib Bahadur.

38. M.R.Ry. Baru Narayanappa Pantulu Garu.
39. Haidar Khan Sahib Bahadur.
40. M.R.Ry. V. Latchanna Pantulu Garu.
41. „ T. Viswanadha Sastri Garu.
42. „ Gudivada Varadarajulu Chetti Garu.
43. „ Mangu Venkata Ranganatham Pantulu Garu.
44. „ Bontha Appa Rao Pantulu Garu.
45. „ Ippli Appanna Chetti Garu.
46. „ K. Venkatanarasayya Nayudu Garu.
47. „ Baru Rama Rao Pantulu Garu.
48. „ Mangu Venkata Reddi Pantulu Garu.
49. „ M. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu Garu.
50. „ V. Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu.
51. „ Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma Avargal.
52. Muhammad Abdul Gaffur Sahib Bahadur.
53. M.R.Ry. Lakshminarayana Adhikari Garu.
54. „ K. V. Swami Garu.
55. „ L. Kanakachalam Pantulu Garu.
56. „ Kamanna Bhukta Garu.
57. „ Nilamoni Poricha Garu.
58. Mr. A. G. Bradley.
59. Mr. L. Clift.
60. Mr. G. F. Gibson.
61. Mr. C. A. Henderson.
62. M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur C. V. Kumaraswami Sastri Avargal.
63. Mr. W. E. Lonsdale.
64. Mr. R. H. L. Lushington.
65. M.R.Ry. K. S. Lakshminarasu Ayyar.
66. Mr. S. C. Majundar.
67. M.R.Ry. N. Narasimham Pantulu Garu.

MONDAY,
Dec. 8,
1913.
4-30 P.M.

MONDAY.
Dec. 8,
1913.
4-30 P.M.

68. Mr. G. O. Pothan.
69. M.R.Ry. P. N. Satagopa Nayudu Garu.
70. " Z. Sitaramayya Pantulu Garu.
71. " J. Venkanna Pantulu Garu.
72. Mr. J. S. Wilkes and Mrs. Wilkes.
73. Mr. L. H. Arndt.
74. Mr. A. W. Robert.
75. M.R.Ry. Babu S. Palit.
76. Mr. E. A. Crampton.
77. M.R.Ry. P. Krishnaswami Chetti Garu.
78. " P. Rama Rao Pantulu Garu.
79. " Koka Sambasiva Rao Nayudu Garu.
80. Mr. A. H. A. Todd.
81. M.R.Ry. T. Jivaji Rao Garu and Mrs. Jivaji Rao.
82. " S. Kodandaramayya Nayudu Garu.
83. " J. Venkatanarayana Nayudu Garu.
84. " R. Panchapakesa Ayyar.
85. Mr. A. A. F. Minchin.
86. Mr. T. J. Gibson.
87. M.R.Ry. L. Ramaswami Nayudu Garu.
88. Abdul Rahiman Sahib Bahadur.
89. Muhammad Fasihuddin Sahib Bahadur.
90. M.R.Ry. Nalam Padmanabham Chetti Garu.
91. " Sribatso Panigrahi.
92. " Marella Gangaraju Pantulu Garu.
93. " Angara Venkata Ramadoss Pantulu Garu.
94. Mr. G. H. Welchman and Mrs. Welchman.
95. S. Imamali Sahib Bahadur.
96. M.R.Ry. N. Ramanujaswami Pantulu Garu.
97. " T. Pattabhiraniyaya Pantulu Garu.

MONDAY.
Dec. 8,
1913.
4-30 P.M.

98. M.R.Ry. A. P. Patro Garu.
99. " K. Ganapati Ayyar Avargal.
100. " V. Kameswara Rao Nayudu Garu.
101. " K. V. Ranganathaswami Pantulu Garu.
102. " N. Ramamurti Pantulu Garu.
103. The son and the brother of the Zamindar of Mandasa.
104. The Zamindar of Jarada.
105. The Zamindar of Bodogoda.
106. The Zamindar of Peddakimedi.
107. The Zamindar of Chikata.
108. The Zamindar of Tekkali.
109. Sri Brundavana Chandra Hari Chendana Jagad Devu, Proprietor of Patha Tekkali.
110. Mr. L. K. Fearon.
111. Mr. E. D. Atkins.
112. Mr. E. C. Ward.
113. Mr. W. G. Baldrey.
114. Mr. W. A. Harry and Mrs. Harry.
115. Miss Stanford.
116. Miss Wells.
117. Mrs. Armstrong-Hopkins.
118. Rev. P. L. Cross.
119. Mrs. Cross.
120. Rev. J. T. Stevens.
121. Mr. G. R. Leonard and Mrs. Leonard.
122. Mr. T. Samson and Mrs. Samson.
123. Mrs. Minchin.
124. Miss Ottmann.
125. Miss Thatcher.
126. Rev. J. I. Macdonald.

- MONDAY.
Dec. 8,
1913.
4-30 P.M.
127. Mrs. Macdonald.
 128. Mr. A. E. Cotton and Mrs. Cotton.
 129. Mr. C. W. Voss.
 130. Mr. E. Winckler, Mrs. Winckler and Miss Winckler.
 131. Mrs. Herbert Winckler.
 132. Rev. Mr. Glendinning and Mrs. Glendinning.
 133. Rev. Mr. Freeman and Mrs. Freeman.
 134. Miss Harrison.
 135. Rev. C. E. Sell.
 136. Rev. Mr. Barss.
 137. Mrs. Barss.
 138. Rev. Mr. Archibald.
 139. Miss Archibald.
 140. Mrs. Kilner.
 141. Rev. A. M. Cyrille.
 142. Rev. Mr. Milman.
 143. Mrs. Milman.

8 P.M.

DINNER PARTY.

1. Mr. A. E. Cotton.
2. Mrs. Cotton.
3. Mr. W. A. Harry.
4. Mrs. Harry.
5. Mr. A. G. Bradley.
6. Mrs. Bradley.
7. Mr. C. Ransford.

TUESDAY.

Dec. 9,
1913.
8-20 A.M.

BERHAMPUR TOWN HALL.

1. M.R.Ry Diwan Bahadur, C. V. Kumaraswami Sastri Avargal, District Judge.
2. The Zamindar of Chikata.

3. The Zamindar of Mandasa.
4. The Zamindar of Tekkali.
5. M.R.Ry. K. Ganapati Ayyar Avargal.

TUESDAY,
Dec. 9,
1913.
8-20 A.M.

MEMBERS OF THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL,
BERHAMPUR.

1. M.R.Ry. P. Venkateswarulu Pantulu Garu.
2. Mr. R. W. Davies.
3. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur W. L. Venkataramayya Garu.
4. Mr. A. W. Robert.
5. Sowdagar Muhammad Abdul Aziz Sahib Bahadur.
6. M.R.Ry. Nalla Sivayya Garu.
7. „ Koka Babu Rao Nayudu Garu.
8. „ Babu Joddu Gopal Banerjee.
9. „ V. Narasimha Chetti Garu.
10. Saiyid Jamal Sahib Bahadur.
11. M.R.Ry. V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu.
12. „ G. Raghava Rao-Pantulu Garu.
13. „ A. Sitaramayya Chetti Garu.
14. Mr. Daniel Mahant.
15. M.R.Ry. Vaidiaratna Gopala Acharya Garu.
16. „ P. S. Venkateswarulu Nayudu Garu.
17. „ C. Tiruvengadaswami Nayudu Garu.

MEMBERS OF GANJAM DISTRICT BOARD.

1. M.R.Ry. M. Venkanna Nayudu Garu.
2. Mr. R. W. Davies.
3. Mr. J. W. Bhore.
4. Mr. E. W. K. Green.
5. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur W. L. Venkataramayya Garu.
6. Mr. O. Dodsworth.

- TUESDAY,
Dec. 9,
1913.
8-20 A.M.
7. M.R.Ry. Sri Krishna Chendra Gajapati Narayana Deo Garu.
 8. " T. Venkatakrishnayya Pantulu Garu.
 9. " Sri Sobha Chendra Singh Deo Garu.
 10. " Rao Sahib Sangiseti Venkatanarayana Nayudu Garu.
 11. " A. Gurumurti Nayudu Garu.
 12. " Sri Radhamohana Rajendra Deo Garu.
 13. " Jagannadha Padhi Khadanga Garu.
 14. The Hon'ble Raja Sri Madhana Mohana Simha Deo Garu.
 15. M.R.Ry. S. Venkatanarasu Pantulu Garu.
 16. " Saminani Audinarayana Nayudu Garu.
 17. " Paidighantam Sitaramaswami Pantulu Garu.
 18. " B. Dakshnamurti Pantulu Garu.
 19. " T. V. Kondala Rao Pantulu Garu.
 20. " Hari Hara Panda Garu.

MEMBERS OF THE GANJAM LANDHOLDERS' ASSOCIATION.

1. The Hon'ble Raja Sri Madhana Mohana Simha Deo Garu, Zamindar of Dharakota.
2. M.R.Ry. Sri Sobha Chendra Singh Deo Garu.
3. " Sri Radhamohana Rajendra Deo Garu.
4. " Sri Vasudeva Rajamani Raja Deo Garu.
5. " Ganesh Mahapatro Garu.

MEMBERS OF THE GANJAM DISTRICT ASSOCIATION.

1. M.R.Ry. V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu.
2. " Rao Bahadur P. Gopala Rao Patrudu Garu.

- TUESDAY
Dec 9,
1913.
8-20 A.M.
3. M.R.Ry. Sripada Sundarama Sastri Garu.
 4. " T. V. Narasinga Rao Pantulu Garu.
 5. " K. V. Ranganadhaswami Pantulu Garu.
 6. " M. Krishnamurti Pantulu Garu.
 7. " Babu J. N. Bannerzea.

MEMBERS OF THE URIYA SAMAJ, GANJAM.

1. The Hon'ble the Raja of Dharakota.
2. Mr. Daniel Mahanti.
3. M.R.Ry. Hari Hara Panda.
4. " Ganesh Mahapatro.
5. " Tarinicharn Ruth.
6. " Gorachand Patnaik.

INTERVIEWS.

11 A.M.

1. M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur C. V. Kumaraswami Sastriyar.
2. " P. Venkateswarulu Pantulu Garu.
3. " S. Audinarayana Rao Nayudu Garu.

INFORMAL CONFERENCE WITH THE PRINCIPAL REVENUE OFFICIALS OF THE DISTRICT.

12-15 P.M.

1. Mr. R. W. Davies.
2. Mr. J. W. Bhore.
3. Mr. E. W. K. Green.
4. M.R.Ry. M. Venkanna Nayudu Garu.
5. Mr. C. A. Henderson.
6. Mr. A. H. A. Todd.

KALLIKOTA COLLEGE.

4-15 P.M.

1. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur W. L. Venkataramayya Garu, Vice-President of the Managing Committee and Government Pleader.

TUESDAY,
Dec. 9,
1913.
4-15 P.M.

2. M.R.Ry. K. Ganapati Ayyar Avargal, Principal.
3. The Zamindar of Peddakimedi.
4. M.R.Ry. G. Raghava Rao Pantulu Garu.
5. " N. Ramanujaswami Pantulu Garu.
6. " V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu.
7. " P. Venkateswarulu Pantulu Garu.
8. Mr. Daniel Mahanti.
9. M.R.Ry. T. Venkatakrishnayya Pantulu Garu.
10. Mr. O. Dodsworth.
11. M.R.Ry. T. S. Muttuswami Ayyar Avargal.

5-15 P.M.

GARDEN PARTY, JUDGE'S HOUSE.

1. The Maharaja of Bobbili.
2. Gazetted Officers and their wives.
3. The Zamindars of Mandasa, Chikati, Peddakimedi and Parlakimedi.
4. The Raja of Dharakota.
5. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur W. L. Venkataramayya Garu.
6. Mrs. Venkataramayya.
7. M.R.Ry. G. Raghava Rao Pantulu Garu.
8. " N. Ramanujaswami Pantulu Garu.
9. " C. Surya Rao Pantulu Garu.
10. " P. Venkateswarulu Pantulu Garu.
11. " T. Pattabhiramayya Pantulu Garu.
12. " B. L. Mitra Garu.
13. " K. S. Ganapati Ayyar.
14. " V. Kameswara Rao Nayudu Garu, Ex-Member of the Legislative Council.
15. " Nalam Bhimaraju Chetti Garu.
16. " V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu.

TUESDAY,
Dec. 9,
1913.
5-15 P.M.

17. M.R.Ry. A. P. Patro Garu.
18. " Vaidyaratna Gopala Acharya Garu.
19. " C. Tiruvengadaswami Nayudu Garu.
20. " K. V. Eanganadhaswami Garu.
21. Mr. Abdul Rahiman Sahib Bahadur.
22. Mr. Sowdagar Abdul Aziz Sahib.
23. M.R.Ry. T. Venkatakrishnayya Pantulu Garu.
24. Mrs. Minchin.
25. Mr. L. Cross.
26. Mrs. L. Cross.
27. The Senior Lady Doctor, Zenana Hospital.
28. M.R.Ry. N. Ramamurti Pantulu Garu.
29. " A. Gurumurti Nayudu Garu.

DINNER PARTY.

8 P.M.

1. Mr. J. W. Bhore, I.C.S.
2. Mr. C. A. Henderson, I.C.S.
3. Mr. R. H. L. Lushington.
4. Mr. A. H. A. Todd, I.C.S.
5. Mr. A. W. Robert.
6. Mr. E. W. K. Green.

JUBILEE HOSPITAL, BERHAMPUR.

WEDNES-
DAY.

1. M.R.Ry. T. R. Lakshmanaperumal Pillai Avargal, L.M.S., Acting District Medical and Sanitary Officer.
2. Mr. G. O. Pothan, Assistant Surgeon.
3. M.R.Ry. V. Venkateswarulu Pantulu Garu.

DEC. 10,
1913.
8 20 A.M.

WEDNES-
DAY.Dec. 10,
1913
9-5 A.M.

DISTRICT JAIL.

1. M.R.Ry. T. R. Lakshmanaperumal Pillai Avl.,
L.M.S., District Medical and Sanitary
Officer, and Acting Superintendent.
2. Mr. C. B. A. Franks, Jailor.
3. M.R.Ry. Daniel Mahanti, } Non-official Visitors
4. „ Narasinga Rao, }

11 A.M.

INTERVIEWS.

1. M.R.Ry. G. Raghava Rao Pantulu Garu.
2. „ Rao Bahadur W. L. Venkataramayya Garu.
3. „ P. S. Venkateswarulu Nayudu Garu.

12 NOON

DEPUTATION FROM THE GANJAM DISTRICT
ASSOCIATION.

1. M.R.Ry. G. Raghava Rao Pantulu Garu.
2. „ N. Ramanujaswami Pantulu Garu.
3. „ A. P. Patro Garu.
4. „ T. Pattabhiramayya Pantulu Garu.
5. „ V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu.

4-5 P.M.

FEEDING OF THE POOR ON THE PARADE
GROUND.

1. M.R.Ry. P. S. Venkateswarulu Nayudu Garu.

4-15 P.M.

GOVERNMENT HINDU GIRLS' SCHOOL.

M.R.Ry. S. Kameswara Rao Pantulu, Sub-Assistant
Inspector of Schools.

YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY AND ASSOCIATION.

WEDNES-
DAY.Dec. 10,
1913.
4-35 P.M.

1. M.R.Ry. V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu.
2. „ K. Ramanurti Pantulu Garu.
3. „ Diwan Bahadur C. V. Kumaraswami
Sastri Avargal.
4. „ G. Raghava Rao Pantulu Garu.
5. „ A. P. Patro Garu.
6. „ K. Ganapati Ayyar Avargal.

BAPTIST MISSION INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

4-55 P.M.

1. The Rev. P. L. Cross.
2. Mrs. P. L. Cross.
3. The Rev. J. T. Stevens.
4. The Rev. E. R. Lazarus.

ZENANA HOSPITAL.

5-15 P.M.

1. Miss Stanford.
2. Miss wells.
3. Mrs. Armstrong-Hopkins, M.D.

DINNER PARTY.

8 P.M.

1. Mr. O. Dodsworth.
2. Mrs. Dodsworth.
3. Mr. G. H. Welchman.
4. Mrs. Welchman.
5. Mr. G. R. Leonard.
6. Mrs. Leonard.
7. Major S. A. Ruzzak, I.M.S.

ASKA BREAKFAST PARTY.

THURS-
DAY.Dec. 11,
1913.
9-30 A.M.

1. Mrs. Minchin.
2. Mr. T. Samson.
3. Mrs. Samson.

SATUR- DAY, Dec. 13, 1913. 12-35 P.M.	LAYING FOUNDATION STONE.
	1. The Zamindar of Parlakimedi.
	2. Mr. J. W. Bhore.
	3. Mrs. Bhore.
	4. Mr. W. E. Lonsdale.
	5. Mr. L. Clift.
	6. Rev. C. Sell (Chaplain).
	7. Mrs. Sell.
	8. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. Venkataramana Sarma Avargal.
	9. Mr. A. E. Cotton.
	10. Mrs. Cotton.
	11. Mr. C. W. Voss.
	12. Mr. E. Winckler.
	13. Mrs. Winckler.
	14. Miss Winckler.
	15. Mrs. Herbert Winckler.
	16. Rev. Mr. Glendinning.
	17. Mrs. Glendinning.
	18. The Rev. Mr. Freeman.
	19. Mrs. Freeman.
	20. Miss Harrison.
	21. Mr. E. H. Muller.
	22. M.R.Ry. V. Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu.
	23. " S. Appa Rao Pantulu Garu.
	24. " R. Jagannadha Rao Nayudu Garu.
	25. Mr. M. J. Pereira.
	26. Mr. Philemon Mahanti.
	27. M.R.Ry. M. Venkatanarayana Sarma.
	28. " Bonabasi Patnaik.
	29. " T. R. Raghunatha Rao Garu.
	30. " T. S. Muthukrishna Ayyar.

	SATUR- DAY, Dec. 13, 1913. 12-35 P.M.
31. M.R.Ry. P. Jagannadhaswami Pantulu Garu.	
32. " G. V. Sitapati Pantulu Garu.	
33. " V. V. Ramanayya Pantulu.	
34. " B. K. Dwaipayana Rao Pantulu Garu.	
35. " I. Kanakachalam Pantulu Garu.	
36. " G. Narasinga Rao Garu.	
37. " M. Jagannadham Garu.	
38. " M. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu Garu.	
39. " K. V. Swami Chetti Garu.	
40. " P. Sitaramaswami Pantulu Garu.	
41. Sowdagar Abdul Gaffur Sahib Bahadur.	
42. M.R.Ry. Kamanna Panda Garu.	
43. " Nilamoni Poricha Garu.	
44. " Lakshminarayana Adhikari Garu.	
45. " B. Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu.	
46. Muhammad Hussain Sahib Bahadur.	
47. M.R.Ry. Nityananda Bissoyi Garu.	

LUNCH.

1-30 P.M.

1. Mr. A. E. Cotton.
2. Mrs. Cotton.

NEW PALACE.

4-35 P.M.

1. The Zamindar of Parlakimedi.
2. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma Avargal.

EDUCATIONAL OFFICERS' CONFERENCE.

6 P.M.

1. Mr. N. Macmichael, I.C.S.
2. " C. DE. St. C. Ransford.
3. " J. W. Bhore, I.C.S., Sub-Collector, Chicacole.
4. " E. Winckler, Principal, Raja's College.
5. M.R.Ry. M. Parvatesam, Sub-Assistant Inspector of
Schools, Russelkonda.

SATUR-
DAY.
Dec. 13,
1913.

DINNER PARTY.

1. Mr. J. W. Bhore.
2. Mrs. Bhore.
3. Mr. W. E. Lonsdale.
4. „ I. Clift.
5. The Rev. Mr. C. Sell.
6. Mrs. Sell.
7. Mr. A. E. Cotton.
8. Mrs. Cotton.
9. Mr. C. W. Voss.
10. „ E. Winckler.
11. Mrs. Winckler.
12. Miss Winckler.
13. Mrs. Herbert Winckler.
14. The Rev. Mr. Glendinning.
15. Mrs. Glendinning.
16. The Rev. Mr. Freeman.
17. Mrs. Freeman.
18. Miss Harrison.

9-35 P.M.

RECEPTION AT THE PALACE.

1. The Zamindar.
2. Mr. J. W. Bhore.
3. Mrs. Bhore.
4. Mr. W. E. Lonsdale.
5. „ I. Clift.
6. Rev. Mr. C. Sell.
7. Mrs. Sell.
8. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. Venkataramana Sarma
Avargal.
9. Mr. A. E. Cotton.
10. Mrs. Cotton.

SATUR-
DAY.
Dec. 13,
1913.
9-35 P.M.

11. Mr. C. W. Voss.
12. Mr. E. Winckler.
13. Mrs. Winckler.
14. Miss Winckler.
15. Mrs. Herbert Winckler.
16. The Rev. Mr. Glendinning.
17. Mrs. Glendinning.
18. The Rev. Mr. Freeman.
19. Mrs. Freeman.
20. Miss Harrison.
21. Mr. E. H. Muller.
22. M.R.Ry. Y. Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu.
23. „ S. Appa Rao Pantulu Garu.
24. „ R. Jagannadha Rao Nayudu Garu.
25. Mr. M. J. Pereira.
26. Mr. Philemon Mahanti.
27. M.R.Ry. M. Venkatanarayana Sarma Garu.
28. „ Bonabasi Patnaik Garu.
29. „ T. R. Raghunatha Rao Garu.
30. „ T. S. Muttukrishna Ayyar.
31. „ P. Jagannadhaswami Pantulu Garu.
32. „ G. V. Sitapati Pantulu Garu.
33. „ V. V. Ramanayya Pantulu Garu.
34. „ B. K. Dwaipayana Rao Pantulu Garu.
35. „ I. Kanakachalam Pantulu Garu.
36. „ G. Narasinga Rao Garu.
37. „ M. Jagannadham Garu.
38. „ M. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu Garu.
39. „ K. V. Swami Chetti Garu.
40. „ P. Sitaramaswami Pantulu Garu.
41. Sowdagar Abdul Gaffur Sahib Bahadur.
42. M.R.Ry. Kamanna Panda Garu.

- SATUR-
DAY.
Dec. 13,
1913.
9-35 P.M.
43. M.R.Ry. Nilamoni Poricha Garu.
 44. „ Lakshminarayana Adhikari Garu.
 45. „ B. Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu.
 46. Muhammad Husain Sahib Bahadur.
 47. M.R.Ry. Nityananda Bissoyi Garu.

SUNDAY.
Dec. 14,
1913.
8 P.M.

DINNER PARTY.

1. Mr. J. W. Bhore.
2. Mrs. Bhore.
3. Mr. W. E. Lonsdale.
4. „ L. Clift.
5. Rev. Mr. C. Sell.
6. Mrs. Sell.
7. Mr. A. E. Cotton.
8. Mrs. Cotton.
9. Mr. C. W. Voss.

MONDAY,
Dec. 15,
1913.
7-30 A.M.

VETERINARY HOSPITAL.

1. The Zamindar of Parlākimedi.
2. Mr. A. E. Cotton.
3. M.R.Ry. A. L. N. Somayajulu, Veterinary Assistant.

7-41 A.M.

MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL.

1. M.R.Ry. M. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu Garu, Municipal Chairman.
2. Mr. M. J. Pereira, Civil Apothecary.

8-10 A.M.

RAJA'S COLLEGE.

1. The Zamindar of Parlākimedi.
2. Mr. E. Winckler, Principal.
3. „ A. E. Cotton, Secretary to the Zamindar.

URIYA GIRLS' SCHOOL.

- MONDAY,
Dec. 15,
1913.
8-55 A.M.
1. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma Avargal, Agent and Manager.

TELUGU GIRLS' SCHOOL.

- 9-20 A.M.
1. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma Avargal, Agent and Manager.

INTERVIEWS.

11-45 A.M.

1. The Zamindar of Parlākimedi.
2. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma Avargal, Agent and Manager, Parlākimedi Estate.
3. M.R.Ry. M. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu Garu, Chairman, Municipal Council, Parlākimedi.

MUHAMMADAN DEPUTATION.

12-30 P.M.

1. S. Imam Ali Sahib Bahadur.
2. Muhammad Fasihuddin Sahib Bahadur.
3. Muhammad Husain Sahib Bahadur.

GARDEN PARTY.

4-30 P.M.

1. The Zamindar of Parlākimedi.
2. Mr. J. W. Bhore.
3. Mrs. Bhore.
4. Mr. W. E. Lonsdale.
5. „ L. Clift.
6. Rev. Mr. C. Sell.
7. Mrs. Sell.
8. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur B. S. V. Sarma Avargal.
9. Mr. A. E. Cotton.
10. Mrs. Cotton.

- MONDAY.
Dec. 15,
1913.
4-30 P.M.
11. Mr. C. W. Voss.
 12. „ E. Winckler.
 13. Mrs. Winckler.
 14. Miss Winckler.
 15. Mrs. Herbert Winckler.
 16. The Rev. Mr. Glendinning.
 17. Mrs. Glendinning.
 18. The Rev. Mr. Freeman.
 19. Mrs. Freeman.
 20. Miss Harrison.
 21. Mr. E. H. Muller.
 22. M.R.Ry. V. Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu.
 23. „ S. Appa Rao Pantulu Garu.
 24. „ R. Jagannadha Rao Nayudu Garu.
 25. Mr. M. J. Pereira.
 26. „ Philemon Mahanti.
 27. M.R.Ry. M. Venkatanarayana Sarma.
 28. „ Bonobasi Patnaik.
 29. „ T. R. Raghunatha Rao.
 30. „ T. S. Muttukrishna Ayyar.
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 32. „ G. V. Sitapati Pantulu.
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office.

and Court in his own house - a most inconvenient arrangement. Preliminary plans and estimates are now being prepared for a new office building which it is proposed to locate on the high ground to the south-west of the Collector's compound. The question of a new Collector's office has now been under correspondence with the Board of Revenue for about four years.

On arrival at the office, the Collector introduced to His Excellency M.R.Ry. J. Venkanna Pantulu Garu, Treasury Deputy Collector, and M.R.Ry. M. Venkanna Nayudu Garu, Head-quarters Deputy Collector, and afterwards conducted him through the various departments and the record room.

Hospital.

His Excellency then proceeded to inspect the hospital. Here His Excellency was received by Mr. T. J. Gibson, L.M. & S., L.R.F.P.S., Acting Civil Surgeon, who conducted him round the various wards.

The Chatrapur Hospital is under the management of the Taluk Board, Chatrapur. Two in-patient wards with six beds in each for males and females were built in 1905-1906, and the hospital was opened for in-patients in October 1906 but was closed in June 1907 under the orders of Government in G.O. No. 610 L., dated 10th May 1907. The want of a hospital with accommodation for in-patients was greatly felt and the District Board in its resolution No. 9, dated 25th April 1908, moved Government to reconsider the above order. Government accordingly in G.O. Mis. No. 1479 L., dated 5th November 1908, sanctioned the opening of the in-patient wards, and they were

opened from 1st April 1909. The dispensary building consists of an office-room, clerk's room, store-room, prescribing and dispensing rooms, waiting room and dressing rooms and it is connected with the in-patient wards by a covered passage. There is a kitchen and a general store-room in a separate building. Attached to the hospital is the Police hospital which consists of two wards with six beds in each and a contagious shed with two beds. The attendance of patients during the last seven years is as follows:—

	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.
Total No.	8,156	11,824	14,707	15,064	18,822	14,561	2,825
Average daily attendance.	39.42	58.93	79.97	77.62	105.61	72.92	64.64

His Excellency recorded the following remarks in the Visitors' Book:—

"I have been glad to visit this hospital and to find everything in good order. The new operating room will be a welcome addition to the accommodation. There is every sign of care on the part of the staff."

From the hospital His Excellency motored to the Girls' School, where he was received by M.R.Ry. S. Kameswara Rao Pantulu, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Ganjam and Vizagapatam Girls' Range.

This institution which originally was a Board Result school was taken over by Government

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in the year 1885. It had at that time 46 pupils on the rolls in four classes and a staff of two teachers consisting of a master and a sewing instructor. At present the school has 141 pupils on the rolls in six classes and a staff of five teachers consisting of one headmaster and four assistants.

Until June 1913 the school was located in a rented building. The Government acquired the present building and extended its southern wing in 1912-13. No fees are at present collected from the pupils. The subjects taught in the school are vernacular, arithmetic, geography and nature lessons, health, and home management, drawing, sewing, knitting and music. Drill and kolattam provide the pupils with physical exercise.

To encourage attendance the Government allot Rs. 6 annually for prizes.

His Excellency remarked as follows in the Visitors' Book.

"It has given me much pleasure to pay a visit to this school and to find such a good attendance and singing. I am glad to hear of one girl continuing her studies if arrangements can be made for her to go to Rajahmundry."

Onslow
Institu-
tion.

After the inspection of the Girls' School was over, His Excellency visited the Onslow Institution. On arrival at the school, His Excellency was received by the Rev. C. E. Sell, Chaplain of Waltair and Member of the Committee of Management. Mr. Ransford, Inspector of Schools, was also present.

On the 24th February 1854, the late A. P. Onslow, Esq., I.C.S., then Collector of Ganjam, bequeathed, by a deed of trust, a house which was then the Collector's residence and some landed property in and about Chatrapur, for the establishment of a school at Chatrapur. The Lord Bishop and the Archdeacon of Madras were appointed trustees. Mr. Onslow's house was on the same site as the present Collector's house.

In pursuance of the trust deed, the school building was constructed at a cost of about Rs. 3,200, of which Rs. 1,000 was contributed by Government. The school was opened in the middle of 1857. It was visited for the first time by the Lord Bishop in December 1857, and by the Director of Public Instruction in 1858. The strength of the school at the time was 52, and the monthly income from fees was only Rs. 5-5-0.

This was the first Anglo-Vernacular school in the district.

Owing to the difficulty of securing qualified teachers, a large surplus balance had accumulated by 1863. It was spent in building another house at a cost of Rs. 4,500 under the supervision of G. S. Forbes, Esq., I.C.S., the Collector of the district, in 1863, and its rent was fixed at Rs. 40 per month. This house was unfortunately allowed to fall into disrepair and was sold to Government in 1905 for Rs. 2,000 and is now the Assistant Collector's residence; the money was spent in building a separate house for the Headmaster.

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ment.

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Ganjam
Land-
holders'
Associa-
tion's
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members of the Association who formed the deputation :—

"We, the members of the Landholders' Association, Ganjam district, most respectfully beg to offer our hearty welcome to Your Excellency and Lady Pentland on this auspicious occasion of your visit to this backward district in the northernmost corner of the Presidency.

"2. Your Excellency, our association was specially formed to create mutual goodwill and friendship among its members, to study and investigate the problems which affect the landholders of this district, to denounce anarchy, sedition and lawlessness, and to work in co-operation with the Madras Landholders' Association to which it is affiliated.

"3. We beg to place before Your Excellency the fact that Ganjam zamindaris have a special history and customs of their own and have their land tenures different to those in southern zamindaris: the landed interests of Ganjam were not adequately represented at the discussion of the Madras Estates Land Act in the Madras Council as pointed out in our previous addresses. Thus, the peculiar land tenures of Ganjam zamindaris based on immemorial custom have been seriously disturbed by the working of the Madras Land Act involving much litigation and strained feelings between the landlords and tenants, and we pray that Your Excellency's Government may give sympathetic consideration to the amendments of the Act that may be proposed by the association.

"4. We beg to state what was already moved in the Council regarding the evil of irregular and

"insufficient supply of water allowed to the lands under the Rushikulya project and general poverty of the ryot population affected by the Rushikulya system, and we pray that Your Excellency may be graciously pleased to order the relaxation of the new rules regarding water-rates.

"5. While thanking Your Excellency's Government for nominating a representative of the Uriya community on the Madras Legislative Council, we beg to reiterate the request in paragraph 5 of our address of welcome presented to Your Excellency on the occasion of Your Excellency's arrival in Madras, which is, that Your Excellency may be pleased to grant a separate electorate for the Uriya community who form a minority and who cannot compete for a seat in the Legislative Council with the enlightened and influential peoples of the south.

"6. We beg leave to express our gratitude for the beneficent measure of Your Excellency's Government recognising Uriya as the Court language of the Goomsur division and the establishment of a Government High School at Russellkonda and pray for the extension of the measure to the other divisions of the district.

"7. We beg leave to take this opportunity of pointing out that there is a widespread feeling among the Uriyas here of the dismemberment of the Uriya race under different Governments, and the existing socialities between Orissa and Ganjam landholders make us the loss of solidarity feel rather keenly and pray that the question of the reunion of Uriya-speaking

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"tracts may receive sympathetic consideration from
"Your Excellency's Government.

"8. We thank Your Excellency for the opportu-
"nity so kindly provided to us for representing our
"grievances and for receiving this address and again
"offer Your Excellency our most hearty thanks.

"9. In conclusion, we fervently pray to the Dis-
"penser of all Good that He may bestow on Your
"Excellency and Lady Pentland His choicest blessings."

After the address of the Landholders' Associa-
tion was read, the Collector introduced M.R.Ry.
V. V. Jogayya Pantulu Garu, who read the follow-
ing address on behalf of the Ganjam District
Association:—

"We, the members of the Ganjam District
"Association, heartily and respectfully welcome Your
"Excellency to our district. We consider ourselves
"extremely fortunate that so early in Your Excellency's
"régimé, we are favoured with a visit though we are
"situate at one end of the Presidency. It would have
"considerably enhanced our pleasure, had Her Excel-
"lency Lady Pentland accompanied Your Excellency
"and graced the occasion with her presence.

"2. The Berhampur Association which was
"started about a generation ago merged into this
"association in the year 1906 and we have been
"doing work in our own humble way to interpret the
"action of the rulers to the ruled and to represent
"the grievances of the people to the authorities. We
"take this opportunity of approaching Your Excellency
"and placing before Your Excellency for favourable

"consideration some of the wants, the satisfaction of
"which will conduce to the well-being of the people.

"3. While we are conscious of the benefits which
"have accrued to this district by the introduction of
"the Rushikulya system, we feel bound to bring to
"Your Excellency's notice some of the defects which
"have been experienced in its practical working. The
"supply, unlike that of the Godavari and the Kistna,
"is generally of a precarious nature. Under existing
"conditions, water is not available to save seed-beds
"from withering and to transplant in time. We,
"therefore, respectfully beg to suggest that the present
"reservoirs of Russellkonda and Surada may be supple-
"mented by the construction of one or more reservoirs
"in suitable places.

"4. We feel very much concerned at the attempt
"to invest District Boards with powers to raise the
"land-cess to two annas in the rupee. The district
"having been recently resettled and considerable in-
"crease in land revenue and land-cess having resulted
"thereby, we feel there is no necessity for any such
"legislation, so far as this district is concerned, and
"we apprehend strongly that any such investiture will
"work considerable hardship.

"5. The most important portions of the district
"as Russellkonda, Chicacole and Calingapatam are
"not served by railways and we feel sure that con-
"struction of railways to those parts will result in the
"increase of commerce, prosperity, general advance-
"ment of these tracts. The question has lain dormant
"for a long time and we approach Your Excellency in

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