

INTRODUCING
A NEW MEDICINE
SKOOKUM-CHUCK

(From out of our recent B. & T. (American) Consignment)

INDICATIONS AND ACTION

It has strong affinity for skin and mucous membranes—
An anti-Psoric medicine.

It is indicated in Inflammation of middle ear, excess
of uric acid in the blood, Catarrh, Utricularia, Skin affections,
Eczema, Dry Skin, Hay fever, Profuse Coryza and constant
sneezing.

(vide Materia Medica by Boericke)

Available

3x Potency (2 gr. Tablets)

Price: Half an oz. (Phialful) Rs. 1—25
One ounce (do) Rs. 2—00

THE IDEAL TREATMENT FOR DIABETES

A New Medicine for Diabetes prepared according to
the Homoeopathic Pharmacopoea from some rare and
useful Indian herbs. Reduces sugar in urine without causing
any harm.

Composition:

Gymnema Sylvestre, Eugenia Jambolane, Memordica
Muricata, Aegle Marmelos etc.

Dose: One tablet per dose 3 times a day after food.

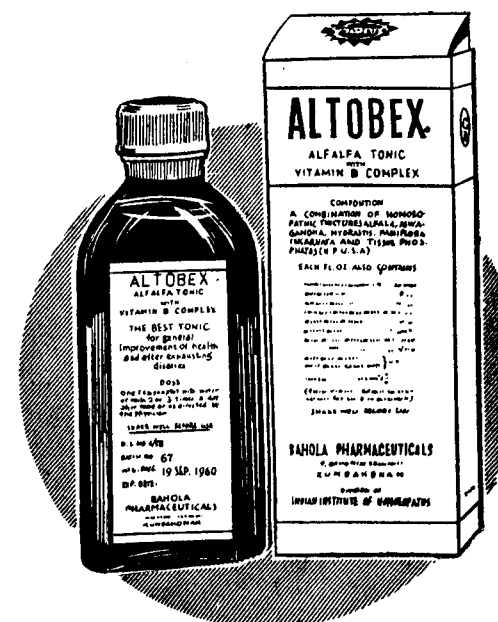
Price: Rs. 3/- per 50 Tablets Packing.

Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Limited,
HOMEO HOUSE
KUMBAKONAM, (S. India)

ALTOBEX



KING OF TONICS



Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.,
KUMBAKONAM.

KENT'S REPERTORY

Published after careful corrections of all the misprints in the SIXTH AMERICAN EDITION, magnificently leather-bound with thumb-index; printing, and get-up is better than all other editions. Price Rs. 65/- with usual discount and one copy (free) of "Essentials of Homoeopathic Philosophy and the Place of Repertory in Homoeopathic Practice" by Dr. B. K. Sarker, M. B. D. M. S.

Other important books:

Anstutz's	—"New, Old & Forgotten Remedies"	Rs. 16-00
Allen's	—"Intermittent Fever"	Rs. 15-00
Blackwood's	—"Materia Medica"	Rs. 12-00
Boericke & Dewey's	—"12 Tissue Remedies"	Rs. 10-50
Boericke's	—"Materia Medica"	Rs. 22-00
Boericke's	—"Principles of Homoeopathy"	Rs. 6-00
Burnett's	—"Vaccinosis"	Rs. 3-00
Cartier's	—"Respiratory Organs"	Rs. 5-50
Conant's	—"Obstetric Mentor"	Rs. 4-00
Doughlass's	—"Skin Diseases"	Rs. 10-00
Kent's	—"Materia Medica"	Rs. 24-00
Lutze's	—"Facial & Sciatic Neuralgias"	Rs. 5-00
Nash's	—"Leaders in Homoeopathic Therapeutics"	Rs. 9-00
Robert's	—"Sensations As If"	Rs. 12-00
Ruddock's	—"Tuberculosis of Lungs"	Rs. 4-00
Small's	—"Manual of Practice"	Rs. 15-00
Shannon's	—"Repertory of Tissue Remedies"	Rs. 12-00
Underwood's	—"Headache"	Rs. 5-00

Hahnemann's "ORGANON OF MEDICINE"

Translated from the 5th Edition with an appendix by R. E. Dudgeon, M. D., with additions & alterations as per 6th Edition translated by Boericke and Foreword by Dr. B. K. Sarker, M. B., D. M. S. ...Rs. 10-00

For full particulars please write to

ECONOMIC HOMOEOPHARMACY

Pharmacutists, Importers, Exporters & Govt. Suppliers

Sole Prop: Dr. SUKUMAR ROY

HEAD OFFICE:

89, Netaji Subhas Road,

CALCUTTA-1

Phone: 22-4781

BONDED LABORATORY:

197/A, Rasba Road,

CALCUTTA-42

Phone: 46-5174

THE HOMOEOPATHY

Managing Editor: Dr. V. R. MURTY

MARCH

1962

CONTENTS

Old Students' Calling!	...	5
Tetanus	...	8
Homoeopathy and Hydro-Therapy	...	12
News & Notes	...	15
To Thinkers of Indian Homoeopathy in the days to come	...	17
Obesity	...	21

PRESS & REGISTRATION OF BOOKS ACT

Registration of Newspapers (Central) Rules, 1956

FORM IV (See Rule 8)

Statement about ownership & other particulars
about HOMOEOPATHY (Monthly)

1. Place of publication ... HOME HOUSE, KUMBAKONAM
2. Periodicity of its publication... MONTHLY
3. Printer's Name ... DR. V. R. MURTY
Nationality ... INDIAN
Address ... 30, BAKTHAPURI ST., KUMBAKONAM
4. Publisher's Name ... DR. V. R. MURTY
Nationality ... INDIAN
Address ... 30, BAKTHAPURI ST., KUMBAKONAM
5. Editor's Name ... DR. V. R. MURTY
Nationality ... INDIAN
Address ... 30, BAKTHAPURI ST., KUMBAKONAM
6. Names and addresses of individuals (1) Dr. V. R. MURTY, 30, Baktha-
who own the newspapers and puri St., Kumbakonam (2) Dr. R.
partners or shareholders holding Jyotirmayam, Srinagar Colony
more than one percent of the Kumbakonam (3) Smt. Lakshmi
total capital Ammal, Gandhinagar, Madras-20.

I, DR. V. R. MURTY hereby declare that the particulars given
above are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Date, 1st March 1962 Signature of Publisher (Sd.) DR. V. R. MURTY

OLD STUDENTS' CONVENTION
OF
THE INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
KUMBAKONAM

AT
Kumbakonam On 28th & 29th April 1962

PROGRAMME

28—4—1962 (Saturday)

From 9 a. m. to 12 noon: Convention of Old Students of
I. I. H. Kumbakonam.

3—00 p. m.: Inauguration of Exhibition.

3—30 p. m. to 5—30 p. m.: Exhibition—Survey of Exhibits.

6—00 p. m. to 8—00 p. m.: Variety entertainments.

29—4—1962 (Sunday)

9—00 a. m. to 12 noon: General Conference.

3—00 p. m. to 5—00 p. m. —do—

Homoeopaths of All-India fame are participating in this conference.

Accommodation for mofussil participants during the conference will be available.

You are cordially invited, because this is a grand, All India Homoeopathic conference ever held.

WELCOME !

WELCOME !!

WELCOME !!!

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
"HOMEO HOUSE" :: KUMBAKONAM

The
HOMOEOPATHY

VOL. XI

MARCH 1962

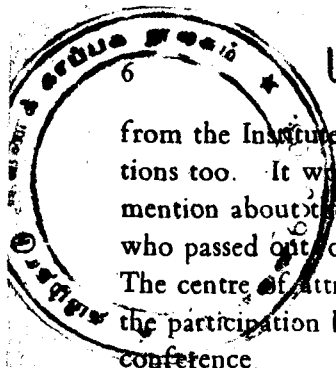
Book 3

OLD STUDENTS' CALLING!

In response to the numerous letters of request from several quarters asking us to arrange a convention of the Homoeopaths passed out from The Indian Institute of Homoeopaths, Kumbakonam, we have decided to hold the first meet of the old students of Indian Institute of Homoeopaths during April this year. Readers are requested to refer to the announcement and programme of the meet published elsewhere in this issue.

It would indeed be a pleasurable opportunity for the old students of the Institute to participate in a conference in which Homoeopaths from all parts of the country will be partaking. It would also be an opportunity for the practising Homoeopaths of one State to discuss and know conditions obtainable in other States pertaining to Homoeopathic practice and laws. It would be an opportunity to discuss many points of interest in Homoeopathy and more particularly the growth and development of Homoeopathy in the whole country in recent times.

Ever since its inception in 1939 The Indian Institute of Homoeopaths has passed out 22,214 students hailing from different parts of the country and abroad. The noteworthy factor is that many of the students who were graduated



44 807

The Homœopathy

from the Institute possessed adequate educational qualifications too. It would be an injustice to truth if we do not mention about the allopathic doctors and the trained nurses who passed out of the Institute in considerable numbers. The centre of attraction of the conference would be, perhaps, the participation by eminent Homœopaths of India, in the conference.

Giving due recognition to the affinity of the old students of the Institute who, indeed, deserve approbation for their enthusiasm and zeal in such a conference, it has been proposed to devote the forenoon session on 28-4-1962 for a meeting exclusively of the old students beginning from 9 a. m. to 12 noon. This is an opportunity for the old students to express, discuss, exchange and know many things about Homœopathy and its development in recent years and in particular may have expert advice on problems relating to their practice.

At 3 p.m. the Homœopathic exhibition will be thrown open. It is an opportunity to see for oneself the process of manufacturing Homœopathic medicines and to know precisely how far our country has progressed in this field. The latest automatic machines and methods employed in the manufacture and packing of Homœopathic medicines can be seen in the Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd., which is a subsidiary of The Indian Institute of Homœopaths.

From 6 p. m. to 8 p. m. there will be variety entertainments, a little time to spend pleasantly. Admission to the Exhibition and variety entertainments, will be extended to outsiders also.

On 29th Sunday at 9 a. m. the general conference begins. Homœopaths of all-India fame and name are participating in the conference. After an interval at 12 noon the conference will be resumed at 3 p. m. lasting till 5 p. m.

March '62

7

Intending participants are requested to intimate to the Indian Institute of Homœopaths sufficiently early, as arrangements for their accommodation and food are to be made, well in advance. It is requested that each old student of the Indian Institute of Homœopaths should contribute at least Rs. 5/- per head towards this convention; higher contributions will be gratefully accepted.

It is hoped that the enthusiasts all over the country will extend their full co-operation and make the convention a complete success.

Just Unpacked!

Latest London Edition of

OAKES,

POCKET MEDICAL DICTIONARY

(Ninth Edition)

Containing about 500 pages and more than six thousand important medical words with correct pronunciation, meanings in easy understandable English. Also illustrated.

Price Rs. 3-80 nP. each

(Charges extra)

Only a limited number of copies available.

Please order for your copy early to avoid disappointment.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

Homeo House :: KUMBAKONAM :: S. India

TETANUS

(By T. Krishnamurthy, H. M. B. S., A. M. I. H.)

Tetanus is one of the most fatal diseases that mankind has become victim to. Normally the end of Tetanus infection is death of the patient unless of course very efficient and timely medical aid is given. Statistics say that about 75% of the cases are fatal and only about 25% of the patients recover, that too if precise medicine is given.

INFECTION: This disease which is also commonly known as Lock Jaw is caused by infection of a bacterium called the *Bacillus Tetani*. These bacilli are microscopic in size and resemble *drumsticks* in shape. These are generally found in intestines of domestic animals like cows, buffaloes etc., and also in the dungs excreted by them. No other place is completely free from them. They are there in the house, in the street and on the skin. Open wounds or scratches on the skin coming in contact with mud, cowdung etc., facilitate infection. Intestinal operation of a patient who has already harboured the bacilli in his alimentary canal is another source of infection. Catguts used for stitching the operated parts, if they are with spores of the bacilli, may also contaminate the adjoining nerve tissues.

CHARACTERISTICS: Two peculiar characteristics of this bacilli are:—

(1) They thrive better in the absence of air. Though wounds

are to be bandaged for protection against tetanus infection, the same bandage, if it is airtight, and the wound it covers has already been infected it may make the bacilli more virulent.

(2) By nature they have an affinity and liking for nerve cells. Their first task after entering the body of the victim, is to reach the nearest nerve cell and start breeding there.

INCUBATION PERIOD: The period varies greatly from patient to patient. It ranges from two days to fifty days. This represents the period between the time of entry of the bacilli through the wound (the initial infection) and the time it enters the nerve cell. Shorter the incubation period the more virulent and fatal is the attack. When once they reach the nerve cell, practically no medicine can easily destroy them. The fact that the patient cannot imagine that he has given accommodation to the bacilli, till they enter the nerve cells, justifies the saying "Prevention is better than cure".

THE TOXIN: The bacilli themselves have little effect on the body. It is the toxic matter they release that cause the disease. Tetanus toxin is water soluble and can spread to the nooks and corners of the body in no time. This is considered to be one of the most powerful toxins. After the toxin is released by the bacilli, it is absorbed by the

lymphatics and taken to the central nervous system in the blood stream. There can be local absorption also in which the toxin directly attacks the surrounding muscles.

SYMPTOMS: Predominant symptoms that develop after the incubation period are, pain in the muscles of the neck, back and hips. Then pain starts in the muscles of the lower jaw making its movements very painful. Pain all over the body follows. All muscles contract with stinging pain which makes the patient's body shrink. There may be frequent spasms of convulsions. After reaching this stage the case generally does not come under control. Death due to tetanus is very painful as the whole nervous system gets shattered paralysing the various organs.

Based on its origin and effect tetanus can be classified into three types.

(1) If the infection is caused externally through any injury or wound, it is called **TRAUMATIC TETANUS**.

(2) If the same is caused without any external injury but by any intestinal operation or by

use of infected catguts for stitching or by such other internal cause it is called **IDIOPATHIC TETANUS**.

(3) When only the lower jaw and the neck are affected and the other parts of the body are spared it is called **TRISMUS TETANUS**. In this type, there will be no convulsions either.

Homoeopathy offers an effective cure for this dreadful ailment. Important among the Homoeopathic medicines are "*Hypericum*" and "*Ledum Pal.*" While "*Ledum*" is more effective as a preventive, "*Hypericum*" gets quick and precise response when prescribed as a remedy. Other medicines which can be used according to the symptoms are Aconite, Opium, Hyoscyamus, Rhustox etc.

Forewarned is forearmed because infection often goes unnoticed and unsuspected. Victim comes to know it only after he is caught fully under its sway. Spread of the tetanus toxin is so quick and nervous reaction to it is so paralysing and fatal that it leaves no time to make any effective medical aid available to the patient.

THE HOMOEOPATHY

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION

		Annual	Single Copy
Inland	Rs.	4-00	6-10
Ceylon	Rs.	5-00	...
All other foreign Countries	sh.	12/-	

(Inclusive of surface postage)

HOMOEOPATHIC AMERICAN GLANDULAR PRODUCTS

The following original glandular products can be supplied by us in 2 gr. Tablets in 3x potency.

SECRETIN: Secretin activates the intestinal pancreatic secretions and stimulates the peristalsis of the intestines and helps to relieve constipation. Useful in digestive insufficiencies and in fermentation and putrefaction.

TESTES: This glandular product gives relief in the cases of senility, neurasthenia, impotency etc., if these are due to the insufficiency of Testicular cells.

PLACENTA: Placental extract can be administered for the increase of the quantity of milk in nursing women, and also for nausea, vomiting etc., which usually occur during pregnancy. Domestic animals usually devour their placenta and it is claimed that it increases the milk.

PROSTATE: Prostate tablets are useful in the cases of neurasthenia, neurosis that follows after the removal of prostatic glands, premature emission and enlargement of prostates in aged.

SPLEEN: Haematopoietic, anaemia, Cirrhosis of the spleen, Loss of weight on account of chronic diseases such as tuberculosis, malaria etc., are the general indications for the use of this glandular remedy.

PAROTID: This is useful in the cases of mumps, Diphtheria and similar infectious fevers and also in ovarian hyperaemia and headaches reflex from ovarian disturbances, dysmenorrhoea and menorrhagia.

THYROID: Muscular weakness, Rheumatoid arthritis, Rickets, Delayed union of fractures, Goitre, Excessive obesity, Mammary tumour, Reducing weight, Anxiety about chest as if constricted, Underdeveloped children, Delayed puberty, undescended testicle in boys are the indications for the use of Thyroid tablets.

PARATHYROID: Loss of weight, dryness of the skin eczema and loss of hair are the general indications that require the administration of this glandular product. When the parathyroid secretion is low, Paralysis agitans and tetany have been observed.

SUPRA-RENAL: This has more useful action in Addison's disease, exophthalmic goitre, rachitis cholera, anaemia and cardiac diseases marked by feeble or irregular pulse and low blood pressure, asthma etc.

THYMUS: A very useful remedy in respiratory infections of children such as dry nervous asthma, whooping cough and severe spasms but little sputum.

PINEAL: This is very useful in the treatment of youngsters of retarded mental development without proper physical defect. Premature mental failure. This has a decided action over the child during early years of puberty controlling sexual and mental development.

PANCREAS: This glandular product acts well in the cases of Diabetes Mellitus and in the disease of pancreas, in lowered systemic resistance, in faulty intestinal digestion and also in low blood pressure.

PITUITARY: Retarded growth of children and youngsters, obesity, amenorrhoea of Stout women with pituitary headache, high blood pressure, prostatitis and other conditions indicative of defective (organic) co-ordination of the ductless glands are complaints. This glandular preparation acts marvellously.

BRAIN: An indicated remedy in disease due to disordered digestive functions, constipation and hepatic torpor. This has been proved very useful after removal of tonsils and adenoids.

CORPUS LEUTEUM: This has been found of great benefit in certain cases of delayed menstruation and amenorrhoea of young girls, tendency of obesity during menopause, nausea at the early months of pregnancy and habitual abortion.

DUODENUM: This is efficacious in diseases due to disordered digestive functions, colic, constipation and hepatic torpor.

MAMMARY: Frequent and profuse menses in young women, uterin fibroid with menorrhagia and metrorrhagia are the leading indications for administering this preparation. It has also been employed for efficient lactation. This should not be used during pregnancy.

ORCHIC: A remedy that is very useful in sterility in the male, premature senility and retarded growth. Also useful in impotency and prostatitis.

OVARIAN: This is of much service in most of the menstrual complaints viz. Amenorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, sex indifference etc.

Available in packings of 60 Tablets at Re. 1—00 each

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
HOMEO HOUSE :: KUMBAKONAM

HOMOEOPATHY AND HYDRO-THERAPY

(By M. DATTATHRIYA)

Water has been from time immemorial used as a hygienic, curative and palliative agent. That it possesses curative and palliative powers has been well established in practice. It is an important auxiliary in the Homoeopathic treatment of some diseases, acute as well as chronic, when it is employed according to the Homoeopathic law or similars. Hahnemann recognised the value of hydro-therapy as one of the other therapeutic measures for the relief of the sick. (Please see Sec. 286-291 of the Organon.) Time was when the allopathic medical profession, wedded to the drug habit as it is, spurned to recognise water, either internally or externally, as a therapeutic agent. The allopaths called hydro-therapy as an unscientific fad; they scoffed at it. But this has now changed. They now appreciate the use of water for curative and palliative purposes. Its use in high fever is quite common, as it not only lowers the temperature but has also a refreshing effect on the patient. Some of the modern treatises on allopathic practice of medicine now published give due value to treatment by hydro-therapy. I am reminded here of what Sir Oliver Lodge says:

"As a scientist of fifty years of study and research, I have come to the conclusion that the things which we have said as impossible

today, become possible tomorrow; and things considered improbable today, become probable tomorrow, and cases considered incurable today by the professional men, may be found to be curable by some other method tomorrow."

How true this is of Hydro-therapy as well as Homoeopathy!

Hot water applications relieve congestion by drawing the blood to the surface—cold water applications reduce congestion by contracting the blood vessels in the part over which the cold water is applied, and so driving the blood away from the congested part. In treating some kinds of congestions or inflammations only hot water should be used. For example, lung congestion; here it draws the blood to the surface. When one is tired and feels the head hot and throbbing, a hot foot bath gives immense relief. When digestion is slow or impaired, a hot water bottle over the stomach increases the flow of gastric juice and thus improve the digestive process. A hot fomentation over the abdomen, in acute diarrhoea with pain in the bowels, alleviates the pain and decreases the frequency of bowel movements. In some cases only cold water has to be used. In high fever continuing for long as in Typhoid fever, sun-stroke etc., cold water

sponging, wet pack or cold bath lowers the temperature. A cold compress applied to the forehead stops nasal bleeding. For bruises a cold compress, or bathing the part in cold water as soon as possible after the injury, contracts the small blood vessels and helps to stop the bleeding. In some cases application of ice is beneficial. In an acute inflammation of the breast an ice bag gives much relief. In case of heart disease with a rapid pulse an ice bag applied to the heart over the breast slows the heart beat and increases its force. In acute appendicitis, an ice bag used over the area of the appendix and hot fomentation to the feet give considerable relief. Thus effects are produced through the nerves connecting the skin with the internal organs; and by stimulating the sluggish blood circulation which in turn activates the cells. The blood thus stimulated courses through the system with increased briskness and force, flushing the capillaries in the tissues, thus cleaning them of the accumulated impurities.

It has been observed by actual blood count that hot applications alternated with cold applications, increase the number of red and white blood cells in active circulation. After several such treatments, a permanent increase in the red as well as white blood cells is found. This increase in the number of white blood cells by alternate hot and cold applications has been the means of saving several lives in such diseases as those relating to infection of blood.

In cold water treatment only water at ordinary temperatures as it comes from the well or the water tap, is to be used. The duration of the application must be regulated by individual conditions and the powers of reaction of the patient. The different kinds of water treatment are: sponging, wet pack and cold bath in febrile conditions; cold shower baths for allergic conditions; hot, tepid or cold sitz baths; cold rubbing sitz baths; wet compresses for inflammation; Wet dressings for wounds, bruises etc.; foot baths; heating compresses; alternate hot and cold baths etc.

Do you make full use of Our Postal Consultation Department

To help in your difficult cases?

You can write to us any time:

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

HOMEOPATH HOUSE
KUMBakonam

THE AGONY OF

ASTHMA

is quickly relieved by
DR. MURTY'S

"GOLDROPS"



INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
KUMBAKONAM

NEWS & NOTES

PRACTITIONERS OF HOMOEOPATHY KERALA BILL TO BE DROPPED

TRIVANDRUM, Feb. 16—An official Bill which was considered by a Select Committee twice was ultimately recommended to be dropped by the Committee.

The Bill is the Travancore-Cochin Medical Practitioners (Amendment) Bill.

It provides for the regulation of qualifications and for registration of practitioners of Homoeopathic and indigenous medicines.

The Bill was introduced in the State Assembly on July 19, 1960 and referred to a Select Committee.

The Select Committee presented its report to the Assembly on June 9, 1961.

The House recommended the Bill to the same Select Committee, on November 17, 1961. The Committee met on February 1, 1962 and decided that the Bill need not be pursued and recommended that it be dropped. The Committee felt that comprehensive legislation on the subject was desirable. It suggested to the Government that necessary steps be taken immediately in that direction.

TREATMENT FOR PARALYSIS USE OF "BIO-CURRENT"

Moscow, Feb. 12

Soviet scientists believe that a method of treating paralysis with

biological currents—body electricity—now being developed in the Ukraine is most promising, the Soviet news agency Tass, said today.

Tass said Ukrainian scientists have developed a "bio-electrostimulator" which transmits bio-currents from a healthy person to a paralysed patient.

The "Donor's" bio-currents are recorded as electrical impulses on magnetic tape, which is used for subsequent treatment. It has been established that the usual nervous impulses are largely restored under the action of bio-currents, normalising the metabolism of the affected limb, Tass added.

Ukrainian specialists believe the new method will also help regulate heart-beats and breathing rates, the agency said—Reuter.

PATIENT SAVED FROM DEATH

SOVIET EXPERIMENT

New Delhi, Feb. 14

Doctors of the Kidney Centre at the Institute of Gematology and Blood Transfusion in Moscow have saved a patient from inevitable death, according to a Tass report received here.

The report adds that Pyotr Yermolayev, whose kidneys stopped functioning as a result of an accident was flown to Moscow in a grave condition. When the doctors were going to join an "artificial kidney" to the

vessels of the patient to eliminate the state of uremia, he was in the state of clinical death.

The patient was brought back to life by means of a method evolved by Soviet scientists headed by Prof. Vladimir Negovsy. A subsequent operation helped to strengthen the results achieved from revival. The patient's cardiac activity returned to normal, breathing became even and blood pressure determined.

Yermolayev's kidneys did not function for sixteen days. He had to undergo three hemodialysis operations before they began to function independently.

Pyotr Yermolryev now feels fine. Within a few days, he is to leave the hospital and will go to a health resort for after-treatment rest.—PTI.

HOMOEOPATHS FELICITATED

Addressing the first convocation of Homoeopaths in the State of Maharashtra in Bombay recently Mr. Homi J. H. Talyerkhan, Maharashtra's Minister for Public Health, Small Savings and Tourism, called upon copomoeopathic doctors to serve the needs of the State and the Country and thus bring more reputation for the Homoeopathic system of medicine. The recent promulgation

and enunciation of the Act for Homoeopathic and Biochemist practitioners, have served as a great fillip to these systems of medicines. Mr. Talyerkhan said with the increasing importance given to Homoeopathic and Biochemic systems of medicine by way of enhanced allocations from Rs. 4 crores in the Second Plan to Rs. 10 crores in the Third Plan and with more opportunities for research Homoeopathy had a glorious future.

Mrs. Talyerkhan distributed diplomas to 22 successful candidates and 22 others were awarded diplomas in absentia.

Dr. S. R. Wadia, President of the Board of Homoeopathic and Biochemic systems of medicine, Government of Maharashtra said that it was the first time in the annals of Homoeopathy in the State of Maharashtra that 11 fully qualified homoeopathic doctors had been brought out by the Bombay Homoeopathic Medical College.

He stated that the aim in starting the shorter course was to overcome the acute dearth of medical men and of extending medical aid to the sick and poor and hoped that these diploma holders would have an ideal opportunity to serve the remote rural areas with their Homoeopathic and Biochemic medicines.

KAPOZIN

Is a Digestive Tonic indicated in all run-down conditions.

TO THINKERS OF INDIAN HOMOEOPATHY IN THE DAYS TO COME

(By an Experienced Herbalist, Calcutta.)

Continued from December 1961 issue

To help minimise drainage in Foreign Exchange by import of medicines of foreign make, may that be allopathic or Homoeopathic, we must attempt to manufacture medicines required in our country as far as practicable. This will help too, to build up national industry providing jobs for growing unemployment. To compete with and to convince the using public, one may find difficulties in keeping the standard and to produce authentic medicines codified in the Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeas which are in use. Raw materials and ingredients for Homoeopathic medicines are in majority, of foreign origin because the Pharmacopoeas are all compiled in foreign lands. An Indian Pharmacopoea for Homoeopathy should be compiled soon. It is a news to Homoeopathy in India, that some State Government has already started investigation in view to find possibility of manufacturing medicines and to establish a Drug Museum, for which the writer has got invitation to cooperate. Also, it is a good news (vide 'News and Notes' of this Journal's last issue) that Government is thinking to control manufacture of Homoeopathic medicines. Indian lovers of Homoeopathy will anxiously watch over the development of this urgent necessity to materi-

alise in near future. Manufacturing enterprises from public sector are to face some difficulty in procuring peculiar ingredients needed. Many such ingredients. I mean, drug-plants and parts of plants which should be used according to Pharmacopoeas, are not available in foreign countries through dealers of those countries. Only experts may find them growing there and only they are to collect them with difficulties in the season of collection. Is it possible for experts from a private public concern to tour round the world collecting drug-plants in small quantity required for manufacturing Homoeopathic Mother Tinctures? In case one is to follow Pharmacopoeas strictly, he is to travel to Kamtschatka (Siberia) for one drug plant namely Rhododendron chrysanthemum to collect leaves and flower buds at the season when the latter are well developed, but not opened, because its habitat and time of gathering affect its efficacy. Possibly, there are no other possibilities of finding other drug plants to collect in Kamtschatka except that one variety and this in maximum 1 to 200 kilograms quantity to suffice world's annual requirement. It is very difficult to contact suitable suppliers for this in that region, to whom reliance can be placed for its due collection. So, also one Drug

collecting expert or experts are to go to Mediterranean isles of a particular region to arrange with the Divers there to procure living Spongia and to someother region for Sepia (a kind of inky secretion in liquid state found in the abdomen of a particular variety of Sea fish), which should be collected and technically dried. World's requirement of thesetwo materials seems to be not over 5 to 10 kg. in one or two years. To collect the drug Hecla Lava, who will go to Mount Hecla and to wait for this volcano to erupt, when the said ash may be collected. Thus, you are to arrange collection of Cina or Sumbul from U. S. S. R.; Hydrastis canadensis etc. from Canada; Ignatia amara from Phillipines; Duboisia from Australia; Pinus lambertiana from Mexico. Piper methysticum from the Society-Friendly-Sandwich islands; from Cuba please arrange for Mygale or Guara or search for Hippomane mancinella in the west Indies. But still, you may not get the drug Lachesis or Letroductus maetans nowhere in South America or Russia where only these are known by the Pharmacopoeal authorities to obtain from. One cannot avoid presenting himself to the bank of the river Magdalana (South America) for the drug Cuaco or to seacoast of Virginia to Mexico for fresh roots of Gelsemium or to climb up to Californian mountains to collect only the fresh leaves of Yerba-santa and to dry them immediately after collection. The drug Dioscorea villosa may be had in

dried condition but to follow the Pharmacopoea one is to go to some unnamed moist locality in U. S. A. during autumn to procure fresh roots of this plant, how much? say 10 kilograms to feed the World laboratories annually. If you want genuine drugs namely Curare, please enter into deep forests of Africa to meet aborigines there and obtain it by preparing with their help. Who will go to Arctic regions to collect the drug Cicutavirosaonly? or to Brazil to collect Jacaranda caroba and Tredecantia drugs or to thickets of Florida in America for fresh undried roots of Apocynum cannabinum? Or living Tarentulas? There are different opinions about the use of raw drugs i. e. fresh leaves of Rhus toxicodendron are to be gathered after Sunset, from the plants before coming to flowers. Some opines it is sufficient to have recently dried leaves. There are different opinions about the parts to be used in various Pharmacopoeas. Actually, there are many such examples for various Homoeopathic items, which need upto date research. Investigation for establishment of efficacy in the drugs which may be conveniently available, should be carried out and those only should be included in a new Pharmacopoea. How hazardous knowledge in botanical items makes a mace of things, can be judged from an example.

The Homoeopathic drug namely Lobelia inflata does never grow in India. But according to some Pharmacopoea

(N. P. U. S) the local name of this plant is Indian Tobacco. Tobacco plants are abundantly cultivated all over India. Now, if manufacturers make tinctures from Tobacco plants (Botanical species: Nicotiana tabacum Linn.) of India, the due efficacy expected from Lobelia inflata drug can never be obtained. There are many such examples which may be cited to safeguard Homoeopathic interest in our country. Thus, it is found that there are difficulties in obtaining correct, true and authentic ingredients required for manufacturing Homoeopathic medicines, and also expert hands are absolutely needed for procuring the ingredients. The actual users, I mean, the manufacturing concerns which are now engaged in our country to manufacture medicines, have none such expert hands for the present, in their establishments. They are to depend on the suppliers of whom, many are suffering from limitations of various kinds. If the Government or the public wish the medicines to be genuine, there is need to sit for debate. State-owned or a Central Union Laboratory for Homoeopathic medicines may be demanded to be started, which can afford fund, skilled

hands and facilities that needed for the purpose. Due to the fact that individual manufacturer requires negligible quantity of ingredients and also peculiar and un-commercial items, it is impossible for them to import individually or to find exporters of genuine such items in the Dollerland or elsewhere where the drug plants and animal lives are known to exist.

"The Doctor has a duty to the country, to the profession, to the patient, and to himself to keep costs down (and to serve with true panacea). Unnecessary wastes should be avoided."

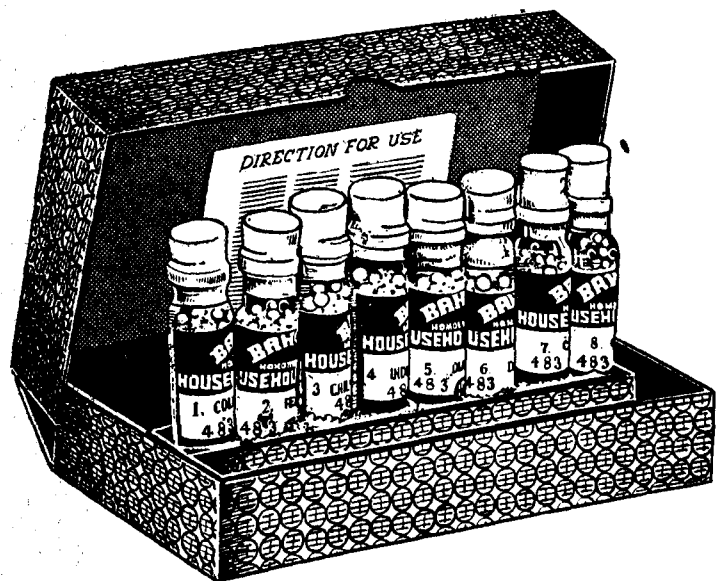
Guy's Hospital Gazette, vol. IXXII.

Homoeopathy could follow the valuable advice and should do particularly in our country where absolute majority of ailing humanity is poverty-stricken and the national economy is feared to suffer from wasting diseases. Learned patrons of this system are to keep constant vigil over use of its medicines to avoid each and every drug to be a 'PLACEBO' (Pharmacologically inactive substance) or reactive to human health.

—Concluded

Copies of
 "HOMOEOPATHY" English and Tamil
 are available
 at all leading Higginbothams Railway Book Stalls.

Bahola House-Hold Remedies



A set of eight remedies for common ailments that beset every house-hold and family. Packed in a neat, handy box with detailed instructions.

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| (1) Cold, Headache etc., | (5) Diarrhoea |
| (2) Fevers | (6) Dysentery |
| (3) Children's ailments | (7) Constipation |
| (4) Indigestion and Colic | (8) Cough |

Price of Small set ... Rs. 3/-
Price of Big set ... Rs. 5/-

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

6, Stringers Street, Homeo House, 4, Manjanakara Street,
MADRAS-1 KUMBAKONAM MADURAI-1

(Also available with all our Stockists)

OBESITY

(BY DR. M. DATTATHRIYA)

Obesity is accumulation of excess fat (neutral fat) in the fat storage depots of the body. Irrespective of the fact whether obesity is unhealthy or not, it is certainly considered unfashionable in modern society. The causes of obesity are many. In some cases the tendency to obesity is found to run in families—natural heredity. In some cases, psychological disturbances cause increased consumption of food, and the gratification derived from food gives satisfaction and relief from troubled thoughts and unsatisfied emotions; and unless some other diversion is found, overeating may continue. In other cases it is pure gluttony which also may be due to mental illness and emotional disorders (neurosis). If by chance one is cured of gluttony, without curing his neurosis, the same emotional feelings that led him to overeat may lead him to some other diversion equally bad or worse, such as drinking, gambling etc. Then again, obesity may be due to failure in digestion and metabolism. For example, Hypothyroidism and Hypogonadism are likely to produce extra fat deposits in the body. Increase in activity of the adrenal cortex also sometimes causes obesity. Hypoglycaemia of diabetic patients caused by administering too much insulin stimulates the appetite causing more intake of food and thus helps obesity. The changes in the endocrine glands also account for obesity at different ages; at puberty; and in women at child birth and at menopause. In these cases, the change in the endocrine glands causes greater intake of calories than required by the body. After middle age fat often accumulates in considerable quantity when the eating habit developed during youth is carried on into middle age and when the expenditure of energy is not so great as in youth.

Insurance statistics reveal that the expectation of life is decreased by one percent below the normal for every pound of weight above the normal. But some scientists say that obesity cannot be held to be the cause of the average earlier death, just as losing weight is no guarantee of increasing one's span of life. But whatever the facts may be, there is no doubt that obesity is not a favourable condition for resisting disease. In fact it may be considered as one of the main causes of ill-health, the incidence of most diseases being greater in the obese persons than in the normal persons. Carrying extra weight throws extra burden on the heart and circulatory system. To supply blood to more flesh and the adipose tissues (it has been estimated that there are about twentyfive miles of blood vessels

in every thirty pounds of adipose tissue), the heart has to work harder. The death rate from Cardio-muscular disease is about 65% greater in obese persons than in normal persons. Obesity also tends towards development of Atherosclerosis (Athero-sclerosis) causing damage to the heart as well as to the blood vessels. It has been estimated that the death rate from Diabetes Mellitus is about 25% more in obese persons than in normal persons.

The treatment of obesity is not so simple as some quack advertisers of patent medicines would like a gullible public to believe. "Reducing pills" or other such remedies are of no use. Most of them contain substances that are harmful; some of them are only vitamin pills. Such allopathic remedies as "Thyroid extract", which speeds up metabolism, and "Amphetamine", which stimulates the central nervous system, leave undesirable side effects. Exercise, rarely if ever, cures obesity. It only redistributes body fat in less conspicuous places. As exercise sharpens the appetite, it only makes you take more calories than can be burned by the body. The only good that exercise does is toning up the muscles, improving the circulation and stimulating the appetite and mind.

Treatment: The question is often asked: Is there any treatment for obesity in Homoeopathy? Of course there are remedies. But they should be aided by restriction of calorie intake and a suitable dietary

which excludes all articles of food and drink which contain excess of starch and saccharine elements. Where however, obesity is due to psychological disturbances, the cure should be through Psychotherapy or by administering Homoeopathic remedies for affections of the mind. The following is a suitable reducing diet, suitable both for simple obesity, as well as for obese patients with Diabetes Mellitus. At first it requires an effort of the will to restrict the choice of food, but the ability to do so steadily improves if you stick to the diet. The improvement observed in following this dietary is remarkable. When Diabetes Mellitus is present, the symptoms usually recede and no sugar is found in the urine. Where a patient has high blood pressure (Hypertension), the blood pressure generally falls to normal, and symptoms of headache disappear. I have found this reducing diet, supplemented by one of the Homoeopathic remedies mentioned by me at the end of this article, causes a loss in weight of 4 to 8 pounds during the first month, and 2 to 4 pounds per month thereafter, until the normal weight is reached. By this method there is no radical loss of weight all on a sudden, and hence it gives the body sufficient time to compensate for the changes taking place in it. It must however be remembered that the essential beginning to a successful treatment is a real desire to lose weight.

Diet: (1) The subject may eat all he desires of the following,

Greens, spinach, lettuce, asparagus, cucumber, beet greens, dandelion greens, celery, tomatoes, brussel sprouts, brinjals, ladies fingers, cabbages, cauliflowers, radishes, snake-gourds, bitter-gourds, ribbed-gourds, pickles (not sweet).

Rice and wheat are farinaceous foods, but at the same time they are the staple foods of Indians. Hence they can be taken sparingly where one does not take meat and fish. It is better to forgo night meals if one is accustomed to take only wheat or rice. But if this is not possible one can take brown bread (wheat bread) or chapathies. Fried wheat purees should not be taken.)

Lean meat, poultry, liver, kidney (cooked without adding flour or bread crumbs, and without thick sauce). Fresh fish (not tinned), except fatty fish as salmon, sardines, eel, trout etc., (boiled or steamed without thick sauce). Fish fried in oil or fat should not be taken.

(2) Of the following articles, not more than the quantity prescribed may be taken:

Not more than four table-spoonfuls of any one of the following vegetables: Pumpkin, carrots, turnips, beets, potatoes (boiled, baked or steamed in skin. Fried, roasted or chips should not be taken).

Dry toasted wheaten (brown) bread (without butter) not more than six thin slices. One or two boiled or poached eggs. One moderate helping of fresh fruit (but not of highly saccharine kind). Bananas or plantains should not be taken.

Clear broth or soup with fat skimmed off in case it is prepared from meat, not more than one cup. Two glasses of butter milk or skimmed milk. Tea or coffee may be taken as desired but without cream or sugar. Saccharine can be used as a sweetening agent if desired.

(3) The following should not be taken: Butter, ghee, fat, oil, sausages, cheese, sugar (in its place saccharin can be used), jam, marmalade, honey, sweets, candy, chocolate, puddings, payasam, pastry, pie, ice-cream, soft drinks, sweetened aerated waters, dried fruits, nuts, cakes, biscuits, cereals, barley, puffed rice, beaten rice, fried rice, corn, lime beans, peas, gravy, fatty food.

Remedies: 1. Calcarea Carbonica: especially for young persons and girls who are fat and flabby.

2. Calcarea Arsenica: especially for women who grow fat at the climacteric.

3. Ferrum: For fat persons with flabby and relaxed muscles.

4. Capsicum: For fat persons, indolent and disinclined to physical exertion.

5. Calatropis: While fat decreases, muscles become firmer and harder.

6. Graphites: For persons with tendency to obesity.

7. For excessive obesity Thyroidinum may be tried.

A tablespoonful of lemon juice in a little water, sweetened with a teaspoonful of honey taken two or three times a day is helpful to reduce obesity and to keep the figure slim.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
(MEDICAL SECTION)

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

We have just now unpacked a shipment of certain very rare nosodes etc. from Messrs. Boericke & Tafel (America).

The following is the list of medicines and potencies:

Tuberculinum AVIARE		Septicaem	30, 200
	30, 200	Staphylococin	30, 200
Anthraxin	30, 200	Sycotic S. (Nosode)	30, 200
Blatta Americana	30, 200	Salvarsan	30, 200
Chapparro Am.	30, 200	Scabies (Nosode)	30, 200
Coryza (Nosode)	30, 200	Syco-Syphillinum	
Dysentery (Nosode)	30, 200, 1M		(Nosode) 1M
Eosin	30, 200	Tributus Terr.	30, 200
Fistula Dent (Nosode)		Upas. Tieut	30, 200
	30, 200	Xerophyl. Tenax	30, 200
Gonorrhin (Nosode)	30, 200		
Hog cholera Blood	30, 200	B. & T. HIGH POTENCIES	
Kali Iod	30, 200	1. Arnica	10M & CM
Malaria Officianalis	30, 200, 1M	2. Baryta Carb.	10M & CM
Melcom Sale	30, 200	3. Calc. Phos.	10M & CM
Natrum Selenium	30, 200	4. Colocynth	10M & CM
Negundium	30, 200, 1M	5. Iodium	10M & CM
Orchitinum	30, 200	6. Pneumococin	10M & CM
Plaguinum	30, 200	7. Syphilinum	10M & CM
Picrotoxin	30, 200	8. Staphylococin	10M & CM
Proteus	30, 200	9. Streptococin	10M & CM
Pneumococin	30, 200, 1M	10. Iyco	
Pyrara	30, 200, 1M		Syphilinum 10M & CM
Psorinum	1M		

For price and other details please write to:

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
(Import)

Homeo House, KUMBAKONAM.

Indian Institute of Homoeopaths
Homeo House :: KUMBAKONAM

We offer the following from a recent consignment received by us from B. & T. America.

30th and 200th potencies of:

Orchitinum	Negundiam
Septicaem	Malaria Off.
Coryza	Arundo Maur.
Staphylococin	Fistula Dent.
Blatta Americana	Sycotic s.
Dysentry	Proteus
Anthraxin	Upas. Tieut.
Plaguinum	Tribulus Terr.
Pyrara	Eosin.
Nat. Selenicum	Aviare.
Picrotoxin.	Hog cholera Blood.
Mel Cum Sale.	Pneumococin.
Xerophyl. Tenax.	Salvarsan
Chapparro Am.	Scabies
Gonorrhin.	Kali Iod.

The following high potencies are also available.

Both 10 M and CM

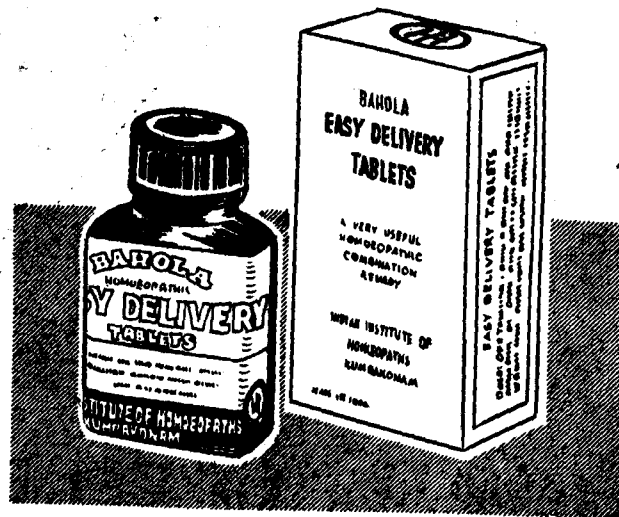
Iodium	Syphilinum
Colocynth	Staphylococin
Arnica	Streptococin
Baryta Carb.	Pneumococin
Calc. Phos.	Syco Syphillinum
	Tuberculinum Bov.

(Will be supplied loose—in Tinctures or Globules)

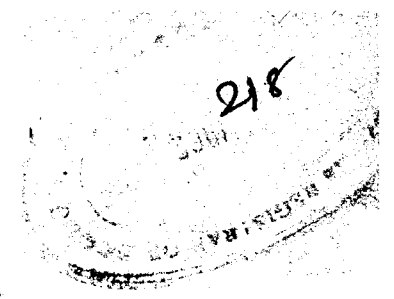
(Prices on request)

BAHOLA
EASY DELIVERY TABLETS

Keeps the lady fit throughout pregnancy and makes
delivery a real pleasure.



INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS,
KUMBakonam.



MAY 1962



CIRRH-BALA
*For the treatment
of Infantile Liver
troubles Etc.,*



INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
HOMEO HOUSE...KUMBakonam

Price: 40 np.

Bahola Household Remedies



A set of eight remedies for common ailments that beset every household and family. Packed in a neat, handy box with detailed instructions.

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| (1) Cold, Headache etc., | (5) Diarrhoea |
| (2) Fevers | (6) Dysentery |
| (3) Children's ailments | (7) Constipation |
| (4) Indigestion and Colic | (8) Cough |

Price of Small set ... Rs. 3/-
Price of Big set ... Rs. 5/-

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

6, Stringers Street, Homeo House, 4, Manjanakara Street,
MADRAS-1 KUMBAKONAM MADURAI-1

(Also available with all our Stockists)

Call Upon Your Nearest

BOERICKE & TAFEL

*Authorized Distributor
for*

COMPLETE & RELIABLE

Stock Of

HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICINES

TINCTURES

DILUTIONS

TABLETS

TRITURATIONS

BIOCHEMIC REMEDIES SUNDRIES

ALFALFA TONIC

Free Catalogs Upon Request

KENT'S REPERTORY

Published after careful corrections of all the misprints in the SIXTH AMERICAN EDITION, magnificently leather-bound with thumb-index; printing, and get-up is better than all other editions. Price Rs. 65/- with usual discount and one copy (free) of "Essentials of Homoeopathic Philosophy and the Place of Repertory in Homoeopathic Practice" by Dr. B. K. Sarker, M. B., D. M. S.

Other important books:

Ansutze's	— "New, Old & Forgotten Remedies"	Rs. 16-00
Allen's	— "Intermittent Fever"	Rs. 15-00
Blackwood's	— "Materia Medica"	Rs. 12-00
Boericke & Dewey's	— "12 Tissue Remedies"	Rs. 10-50
Boericke's	— "Materia Medica"	Rs. 22-00
Boericke's	— "Principles of Homoeopathy"	Rs. 6-00
Burnett's	— "Vaccinosis"	Rs. 3-00
Cartier's	— "Respiratory Organs"	Rs. 5-50
Conant's	— "Obstetric Mentor"	Rs. 4-00
Doughlass's	— "Skin Diseases"	Rs. 10-00
Kent's	— "Materia Medica"	Rs. 24-00
Lutze's	— "Facial & Sciatic Neuralgias"	Rs. 5-00
Nash's	— "Leaders in Homoeopathic Therapeutics"	Rs. 9-00
Robert's	— "Sensations As If"	Rs. 12-00
Ruddock's	— "Tuberculosis of Lungs"	Rs. 4-00
Small's	— "Manual of Practice"	Rs. 15-00
Shannon's	— "Repertory of Tissue Remedies"	Rs. 12-00
Underwood's	— "Headache"	Rs. 5-00

Hahnemann's "ORGANON OF MEDICINE"

Translated from the 5th Edition with an appendix by R. E. Dudgeon, M. D., with additions & alterations as per 6th Edition translated by Boericke and Foreword by Dr. B. K. Sarker, M. B., D. M. S. ...Rs. 10-00

For full particulars please write to

ECONOMIC HOMOEOPHARMACY

Pharmaceuticals, Importers, Exporters & Govt. Suppliers

Sole Prop: Dr. SUKUMAR ROY

HEAD OFFICE:
89, Netaji Subhas Road,
CALCUTTA-1
Phone: 22-4781

BONDED LABORATORY:
197/A, Kasha Road,
CALCUTTA-42
Phone: 46-6174

THE HOMOEOPATHY²¹⁸

Managing Editor: Dr. V. R. MURTY

MAY

1962

CONTENTS

Dr. Rajendra Prasad Appeals for a Homoeopathic College	...	5
Measles	...	9
Quintessence of Homoeopathy	...	15
News & Notes	...	19
The Appeal for a Homoeopathic College	...	22
Homoeopathy in Argentina	...	23
Factors which are hampering the steady growth & progress of Homoeopathic system of treatment	...	27

Baholin is an everready prescription for all neuralgic pains. Harmless to the human system.



BAHOLIN

"Baholin" is a combination of important medicines and is very effective in colds, Headaches, neuralgic pains, early fevers and 'Flu'

DOSE:
ONE TO TWO TABLETS FOR ADULTS

BAHOLA PHARMACEUTICALS
30, BAKTHAPURI ST., KUMBakonam.



EKLITAB

(Homoeopathic Preparation)

This remedy, an excellent combination of indigenous herbs, acts marvellously in all digestive and hepatic disorders at any stage and improves the functions of digestive organs. Chronic indigestion, gastralgia, gastritis, acidity and burning sensation in stomach etc., are relieved by the use of this remedy. Besides being curative for these ailments, this also helps one to recoup health lost due to any of the aforesaid disorders.

Combination: Eclipta Alba Folium, Emblica Phyllanthus and natural yeast.

Dose: One Tablet per dose, 3 times a day; before or after food.

Packing: 50 Tablets in bottles

Price: Rs. 2—50 nP. each

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
(Proprietors: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.)
HOMEOPATH HOUSE :: KUMBAKONAM

The HOMOEOPATHY

VOL. XI

MAY 1962

Book 5

Dr. RAJENDRA PRASAD APPEALS FOR A HOMŒOPATHIC COLLEGE

Elsewhere in this issue, we have taken the privilege of publishing a copy of the appeal issued by Dr. Rajendra Prasad, our President. This appeal is in respect of the efforts to start a Homoeopathic College in Bihar, his home province. It is not our purpose here to assess if the sum of Rs. 50,000/- as being needed to start an efficient institution. It may not be sufficient today and perhaps ten times that amount may be needed. But, the spirit behind the appeal and the person who has issued the appeal must attract the attention of every one in this country. In the appeal, the President has said that, "The Institution is intended to be the first of its kind in the State and the good it is expected to do by supplying it with physicians who will be able to reach the largest and the poorest strata of the residents of the state with the cheap and effective treatment". He also says that the demand should not be considered high compared with the amount spent on education in a sister system of treatment.

We have been writing in these columns time and again that for the people of the state of Madras to get proper Homoeopathic treatment and for the proper and orderly development of this system of medicine which has been doing yeoman service to the people of the State and which is

capable of doing tremendous good, a Government recognised college of Homoeopathy is a "must" and "urgent necessity". We say we want a Government recognised college because we know that in case we ask for a Government Homoeopathic College, we may be asking for something which we may not get so very easily.

Homoeopathy has spread far and wide into even the remotest villages of our State, thanks to the few well conducted postal tuition institutions which are run on proper lines. But of late, we find that this very useful form of dissemination of knowledge among those interested is being prostituted by a few undesirable people. We find that people without education, ability or facilities sign and sell scraps of paper which are supposed to be "Homoeopathic Diplomas".

Latest London Edition of
OAKES'
POCKET MEDICAL DICTIONARY
 (Ninth Edition)

Containing about 500 pages and more than six thousand important medical words with correct pronunciation, meanings in easy understandable English. Also illustrated.

Price Rs. 3-80 nP. each
 (Charges extra)

Only a limited number of copies now available.
 Please order for your copy early to avoid disappointment.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
 Homeo House :: KUMBAKONAM :: S. India

A number of such Homoeopathic diploma mills were functioning in the North a few years ago, but today we find that most of these have closed down. But unfortunately, their counterparts in the South are playing havoc on the ignorance of the people. It is high time that these undesirable elements are shown their place and the State must come forward to suppress such unhealthy exploitation.

We are glad that the Old Boys of the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths have organised a convention of Homoeopaths at Kumbakonam on the 13th and 14th of this month and the State Minister for Health, Hon'ble Srimathi Jothi Vencatachellum is inaugurating the same. We are sure that the Homoeopaths and others who are interested in the great Law of cure who will assemble at the conference will devise ways and means to place Homoeopathy on a very sound and firm footing it deserves. We also feel sure that steps will be taken in this Convention to devise ways and means to start a full-fledged Government recognised Homoeopathic College for the State.

DIARAJ

(Homoeopathic Medicine)

A Medicine for Diabetes prepared according to the Homoeopathic Pharmacopoea from some rare and useful Indian herbs. Reduces sugar in urine without causing any harm.

Composition:

Gymnema Sylvestre, Eugenia Jambolane, Memordica Muricata, Aegle Marmelos etc.

Dose: One tablet per dose 3 times a day after food.

Price: Rs. 3/- per 50 Tablets Packing.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

(Props: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.,)
 KUMBAKONAM (S. India)

BAHOLA BRAND EASY DELIVERY TABLETS

One of the finest uses for which Homoeopathic Medicines are used by all schools of medicine is for EASY DELIVERY.

'BAHOLA' EASY DELIVERY TABLETS, if used during pregnancy, keeps the lady free from so many ailments generally appearing during this period, and also aids in developing a normal pregnancy and normal easy delivery. Even cases in which previous deliveries have been difficult and complicated have benefitted by taking BAHOLA BRAND EASY DELIVERY TABLETS during subsequent deliveries.

DOSE: One Tablet at a time, three times a day throughout pregnancy or at least after the sixth month till delivery, makes delivery a matter of course, (unless there are anatomical impediments.) When labour pains start give two tablets every 15 minutes with a little hot water. The tablets have to be dissolved in water in the mouth and then swallowed.

Packing :
In Bottles of 100 Tablets

Price Rs. 3—00 each bottle

Manufactured by
**INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
KUMBAKONAM**

MEASLES

(BY. M. DATTATHRIYA, H. M. D. S.)

The common vegetable brinjal is in the news. It is reported in a news magazine that brinjal, particularly its seeds, act as a prophylactic for measles. This was discovered after experiments by an Indian scientist, who has found it after tests, to be effective. As there is no proper prophylactic for measles in Allopathy this news will no doubt be hailed by the medical profession of the orthodox school. But this news is not of much significance to Homoeopaths because there are already other proved and effective prophylactics in Homoeopathy for this disease.

Measles. Morbilli or Rebeala is a disease which is common throughout the world. It is an acute, extremely infectious and most common disease occurring in childhood, next to the common cold. Both sexes from birth to old age, are susceptible to the disease, but its incidence is greater during the age period of one to ten, more than half the attacks occurring in the first five years of life, and seven-eighths of all cases occurring in children under ten. The mortality rate is also proportionately higher among children, 70 percent of the mortality occurring in children under three years of age. The disease is more fatal among the poor, probably due to malnutrition. Natural immunity to this disease rarely if ever, occurs.

The disease is more dreaded because of its numerous and dangerous complications, than for the disease itself. The disease is not so general in rural areas where people live scattered and are therefore not likely to catch it from one another. But its early incidence is most pronounced in the poor and crowded localities of big towns and cities. Among the middle class people its incidence is generally delayed to school age. The disease is endemic in towns and cities, and cases are generally numerous from December to March. Epidemics recur with remarkable regularity every two years. It is stated that a special incidence is noticeable once in ten years. There is a fallacious notion among some that infants are immune to measles for the first six months after birth. But it is not so. It is only infants born of mothers who have had measles, that have some immunity for the first three to six months. If the mother has had no measles, the infant is as susceptible to the infection as other children. This is why there is a practice among some to deliberately expose girls to measles infection before marriage so that they may not get the disease during pregnancy. One attack of measles generally confers immunity to the disease for life. Second attacks may occur, but such cases are rare. When a pregnant woman gets measles, the result is abortion.

or premature delivery. If the mother gets the measles during the last few days or weeks of her pregnancy, the infant may also have the rash usually in the same stage as that of the mother. This is termed as congenital measles.

Measles is caused by a specific filtrable virus (*Bariareus morbillorum*). The virus resides in the secretions of the respiratory tract. The infection is caught by coming into contact with droplets of moisture from the nose and the throat of an individual who has it, when he coughs, sneezes, talks or breathes. Even a single breath from a sick person is enough to convey the infection, but the longer the exposure, the greater is the

chance of getting the infection. The incubation period is from 7 to 14 days after exposure. In some cases slight enlargement of the cervical, inguinal and axillary glands may herald the eruption. Koplik's spots on the buccal mucosa may also generally precede the rash by two to four days. The invasion is signalled by catarrh of the respiratory tract. It comes on suddenly by a bad common cold getting worse. The patient feels tired, uncomfortable and feverish. The pulse and respiration become more rapid. The nose runs, the eyes become red, inflamed watery and sensitive to light. A hard and dry or brassy cough develops. Photophobia and diarrhoea may occur. Sometimes there is nosebleed

also. The fever becomes higher each day for three or four days. It is during this period that the disease is most contagious. The cutaneous rash usually appears on the fourth or fifth day, just before which there is sometimes a deceptive remission of the symptoms and full of temperature. Koplik's spots are of great diagnostic value since they can be recognised some three days before the appearance of the rash, after which they disappear. They are small clusters of minute spots of bluish-white tinge sometimes surrounded by bright red areola. These are considered as identical eruption of measles making their appearance in the fauces in the premonitory stage. They can be seen on the inner cheeks and gums about the level of the back teeth. It is by these spots (which can be seen only by careful observation) that one can diagnose measles with certainty. The rash makes its first appearance about the brows and behind and below the ears on the margin of the hair lines. It does not generally appear first on other parts. It then spreads rapidly to the face and body, sometimes after a short interval. On the fifth or sixth day of the attack, it is fully out. It is during this period of two or three days when the rash appears and spreads that the patient is most sick, the temperature is highest and the cough is worst. The tongue is coated, the pulse rate is observed to be disproportionately rapid and the catarrhal symptoms reach their acme. Three may be

slight delirium and insomnia also. In the beginning the rashes look like round, lentil sized red spots, a little raised above the surrounding skin. But as they spread, some of the spots run together making them look like confluent blotches. The redness of the blotches disappears if pressed by the fingers and reappears again after the fingers are removed, from the middle towards the periphery. The skin is moist and exhales a musty smell (measle-smell). Itching or burning sensation may accompany the rash. If the itching sensation is very troublesome and annoying it can be allayed by applying a solution of soda bicarbonate over the rashes. The body can also be sponged with tepid water twice or thrice daily followed by careful drying. This has a soothing effect. The eruption fades in the order of its appearance i.e. in two or three days. When the rash begins to fade the temperature falls by crisis. With the fall of the temperature rapid amelioration of all the symptoms occur if there are no complications. The spots dry up into scabs and skin feels in fine bran-like flakes.

Measles should always be treated as a serious disease to guard against its numerous possible complications. If the patient continues to have fever for more than two or three days after the eruption has completely come out, or if the temperature rises again a day or two after it had reached normal, or if the patient complains of pain in the

PLACENTA

B & T PREPARATION

A Homoeopathic Glandular Product of AMERICA

Recommended for administration for the increase of milk in nursing women. Also for nausea or vomiting which usually occurs during pregnancy

Available:

In 2 gr. tablets in 3x potency

INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
"Homeo House" — KUMBAKONAM

ALL INDIA HOMŒOPATHIC CONVENTION

*under the auspices of the
OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION*

of the
**INDIAN INSTITUTE OF
HOMŒOPATHS,**
KUMBakonam

At Town High School Building and Grounds,
Kumbakonam,
on 13—5—'62 & 14—5—'62.

Smt. JOTHI VENCATACHELLUM
Health Minister, Madras State,
inaugurates.

Dr. DILIPSINGH
Principal, Chandrapur Homœopathic College,
Chanda, Maharashtra State,
presides.

Prominent Homœopaths from all over India participate
in the Convention.

All are invited to attend.

NOTE: A large number of individual invitations are being posted. However, Old Boys of the Institute, friends and well wishers are requested to accept this as a personal invitation and attend the Convention. Our Special buses will be waiting at Kumbakonam Railway Station from the morning of 13—5—62 to take the delegates to the Convention grounds.

ear, chest or abdomen; complication is to be suspected. The following are some of the complications:

Laryngitis appearing during the invasive stage which may persist and be complicated by laryngeal ulceration and oedema of the glottis. Bronchitis present during the eruption stage which may lead to broncho-pneumonia. It is generally due to secondary pneumococcal infection. Infantile mortality due to this is very common unless proper Homœopathic treatment is given. Lobar pneumonia. Rheumatic arthritis. In weak children, conjunctivitis may lead to ulceration of cornea. Stomatitis may some times give rise to ulceration of mouth. Otitis media is another complication. Suppuration may lead to chronic ear disease in children. If mastoid inflammation occurs it may lead to deafness, enlargement and inflammation of lymph glands. Cutaneous affections. Measles may also activate pre-existing tubercular lesions.

The following further facts relating to this disease may be of interest to readers. It is not necessary to darken the room of the patient. If the light annoys the patient, as it usually does, he may wear dark glasses. Light is inimical to the measles virus which it destroys. Things in contact with the measles patient, including toys in the case of children, will be free from measles virus if they are exposed to light and air for a few hours. An individual who has had

measles does not carry with him its infecting virus as the virus is short lived. The old belief that fomites carry the measles virus has now been exploded. The infection is rarely passed on by fomites or utensils. Room and furniture also do not retain the virus for more than a short period. It is sufficient if the room is cleaned and well ventilated for an hour or so throwing the windows open. During the incubation period, an individual does not convey infection. It is only when the first symptoms of the disease commence that an individual is contagious. This contagious period is seven to eight days. Measles involves also the inner parts of the body such as the bronchial tubes, tonsils etc. The catarrhal symptoms and cough are due to this.

Prophylactics: The allopathic immunising agents for measles are gamma globulin and convalescent serum. But the immunity conferred by these is only for about two to four weeks. These, unlike Homœopathic prophylactics, are costly and are not easily available to common people. Vaccination is being tried experimentally but it is not yet available for general use. The Homœopathic Prophylactics are Morbillinum, Pulsatilla and Aconite. I have been using Pulsatilla 30 and Aconite 30 (One dose of Pulsatilla in the morning and one dose of Aconite 30 in the evening) and have found them effective. These are to be given from one week to ten days or till the infection period is over.

CURATIVE TREATMENT

For the early Fever: Aconite.
In mild cases no other medicines are generally necessary. In the early stage and to facilitate eruption and to abbreviate the precursory stage: Bryonia; Gelsemium; Pulsatilla; Veratrum Vir.

For Restlessness and Sleeplessness: Coffea 30.

For Receding eruption: Antim Tart. Arsenicum; Belladonna; Bryonia; Carbo Veg; Gelsemium; Pulsatilla; Veratrum Vir

Pulmonary symptoms: Bryonia; Phosphorus; Sulphur

Catarrhal affections: Antim Tart; Bryonia; Chamomilla; Drosera; Ignatia; Nux Vomica; Sulphur

For Cough: Aconite; Ailanthus; Belladonna; Cina; Drosera; Ipecacuanha; Kali Bic.; Nux Vom; according to symptoms.

Diarrhoea: China; Mercurius; Pulsatilla

Otitis and Otarrhoea: Cactus; Carbo Veg; Colchicum; Mercurius; Nitric Ac Pulsatilla.

For Eyes: Euphrasia; Pulsatilla.

FOR COMPLICATIONS
AND SEQUILAE

Cough and affections of the throat and chest: Arsenic; Bryonia; Carbo Veg; Causticum; Drosera; Heper; Kali Bic; Phosphorus; Spongia; Sulphur; according to symptoms.

Diarrhoea: China; Pulsatilla; Sulphur.

Inflammatory: Affections of the eyes: Mercurius Cor; Aconite; Belladonna; Sulphur

Affections of the ear: Hep Sul; Mercurius; Pulsatilla; Silicea; Sulphur

Swelling of the glands: Arnica; Dulcamara; Calc. Carb; Lycopodium; Mer. Iod; Mercurius.

Tenderness of skin: Mercurius.

Skin affections: Arsenicum; Sulphur; Iod.

Constipation: Opium.

Ulceration of the mouth: Mercurius Cor.

Patients who complain that they have never been well since an attack of measles should be given Morbillinum 200 two times once a week. To eliminate the toxin of measles in the body, give Belladonna 30 later.

QUINTESSENCE OF HOMŒOPATHY

(K. R. V.)

The quintessence of Homœopathy lies in its singularly unique conception of Disease and Treatment. Disease, according to Homœopathy, is a state of imbalance in the human body due to a particular hypersensitiveness or allergy to a particular agent, whether microbial or chemical. Administering a remedial agent (in infinitesimal quantity) capable of acting in a similar way as the causative agent is the method employed in treatment. 'Similia Similibus Curantur' is the key-note of Homœopathy which places this system of medicine far above all other systems in the World. It is only a true Homœopath who can understand the underlying principles of this great Science of healing and identify it as the only safe and sane system.

The question is often asked: 'Why are drugs which cause symptoms similar to those of the patient in state of disease, administered in treatment? Why is it that the drugs which cause the very symptoms and condition on a healthy person are given when the person is found to be suffering from that disease?' Such a seemingly irrational therapy has baffled the Medical World ever since Dr Samuel Hahnemann placed emphasis on 'Similia Similibus Curantur'. This outstandingly characteristic principle of treatment of Homœopathy has not only bewildered the orthodox medical world, but has also set them thinking about

its is peculiar and queer method of therapy. The principle underlying the therapy is not difficult to comprehend nor is it new to the Medical world. The principle of 'Similars' is by no means new. The great Hippocrates said: "Another therapeutics is as follows: An illness is caused; so by agent similar to the Disease the patient recovers".

In the year 1796, Jenner in England confirmed the same principles of this therapy by discovering the vaccine for small-pox. Although the technique of its use differs from that of Homœopathy, its principle is, undoubtedly Homœopathic. Allopaths who employ the prophylaxis either in vaccination of child or immunising it against any other forms of diseases, are, in truth, confirming the very conclusions of Hahnemann and obeying the Homœopathic injunctions.

All of us, at all times are surrounded by several disease-carrying germs and microbes capable of killing us with their various forms of diseases in one single moment, IF, the Vital Force in us, which acts as a permanent power of resistance against the host of microbes in and around us, FAILED. We are exposed to several hideous diseases all the time as we are ever surrounded by microbial agents which can cause diseases that man can name on Earth.

THE HOMŒOPATHY

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION

	Annual	Single Copy
Inland	Rs. 4-00	6-40
Ceylon	Rs. 5-00	...
All other foreign Countries	sh. 12/-	...

(Inclusive of surface postage)

But there is a permanent Life Force, to call it more aptly the Vital Force which puts up a steady resistance against these microbes and saves us from many a horrible disease. Recent findings have established the truth that everyone of us is affected in a slight, imperceptible degree by some or many diseases and all of us can be said to be suffering from Tuberculosis, Diphtheria, Cholera and host of other diseases but in too minute a form and degree. The diseases are not able to assert themselves in our system as our power of resistance has been stronger than the onslaught of the disease-carrying germs. It is only when the power of resistance to a particular disease diminishes, in

an individual that he falls a victim to the particular disease. Everyone of us has a particular allergy or hypersensitiveness to a particular disease to which we fall an easy prey when the allergy or the sensitiveness is more pronounced at times and the Vital Force is weakened or impaired to resist the attack. It is when the Vital Force is weakened or impaired, that help is needed. Help is needed to get strength, to recuperate the impaired Vital Force so that it can resist and strike the intruder.

If causation of disease is associated with sensitivity and allergy one can find it a reasonable explanation as to why one falls a victim to a disease when

SKOOKUM-CHUCK 3x

(B & T Homoeopathic Preparation)

This is an anti-Psoric medicine and has strong affinity for skin and mucous membranes.

It is indicated in Inflammation of middle ear, excess of uric acid in the blood, Catarrh, Urticaria, Skin affections, Eczema, Dry Skin, Hay fever, Profuse Coryza and constant sneezing.

Available in 2 gr. Tablets

Packing: $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. bottle Rs. 1—25

1 oz. bottle Rs. 2—00

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

(Props: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.,)

KUMBAKONAM

another escapes from it when both are exposed to the same disease environments. It is clear now that in the case of the individual who has fallen a victim to the disease, the allergy is pronounced and the power of resistance has been impaired or it may be that the power of resistance is not adequate at the time of the attack, and so the causative agent had gained the upper hand over the individual. But in the case of the individual who has escaped from the infection he had been putting up a steady and strong resistance against the infection; to say it in other words, the power of resistance in this individual was strong and adequate to withstand and ward off the infection, the allergy to the disease being less pronounced. Thus the individual who fell a victim to the infection was not fully immune and in the latter individual who escaped the infection there was total immunisation. If then disease is caused by loss of immunity, immunity can naturally be expected to cure. The process to bring this about is on the lines of desensitisation or out and out immunisation. Homoeopathic therapy acts on sick people, making them immune to that particular disease for which they are treated. The patients are cured of their diseases due to a similitude of the remedial agents and the causative agents. Thus Homoeopathic treatment is combined therapy of cure-cum-prophylaxis. In Homoeopathy, a single drug is selected after carefully studying

the symptoms of the patients and that drug is capable of effecting a complete and permanent cure. It is said that Homoeopathic medicine if accurately dispensed, is capable of bringing in permanent cure and the individual when once homoeopathically treated for a particular disease, rarely contracts that disease any further. That shows how far the drug selected acts as a curative and prophylactic agent. Herein lies the secret and greatness of Homoeopathy. Homoeopathy cures and also provides prophylaxis, against any further attacks. It keeps the individual desensitised, non-allergic to that particular disease for which he has been treated.

The explanation of a remedial agent capable of producing similar symptoms of a patient suffering from a disease acting as a positive prophylaxis is rational and will be accepted as a reasonable therapy of prophylaxis. The vaccine therapy substantiates this theory. But that part of Homoeopathic therapy which postulates the administering of a drug, producing similar symptoms of the disease for which the individual is treated for curing the disease, is not commonly understood by all. It may sound paradoxical or even irrational to advocate the administering of drug to a patient which will cause similar symptoms of the very disease from which the patient is suffering. Does this not cause aggravation of the disease and more often danger and hazard to life? To those who are not familiar and conversant with the laws of Homoeo-

pathy this therapy may sound not only irrational but also totally absurd. The secret of the Homoeopathic drug action in the cure of a disease besides providing prophylaxis based on the

principle of 'Similars' is a mystery for the orthodox medical world. It may sound strange, queer, or incredible but it is a theory and a therapy which has stood the test of time.

AN OINTMENT FOR EVERY OCCASION

AESCULUS	... for Blind Piles
APIS	... for Stings of Insects; inflammations
ARNICA	... for Bruises, Blows, Sprains, Corns.
BELLADONNA	... In place of Belladonna Plasters.
BRYONIA	... for Rheumatism, hot, shiny, red. Swellings of joints.
CALENDULA	... for Torn and jagged Wounds; Burns; warts or nails cut close.
CANTHARIS	... in Burns where Skin is unbroken.
GRAPHITES	... Eczema, Herpes Zoster, Sores between toes.
HAMAMELIS	... Bleeding Piles.
HYDRASTIS	... Sores of all sorts; Rodent Ulcers
PHYTOLACCA	... All mammary inflammations.
RHUS TOX	... Glandular Swellings; Rheumatism.
SULPHUR	... All Skin affections.
THUJA	... Warts and fungus growths; dressing in Gonorrhoea.

Each available in $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Tins at 0-75 np. each

Also

KINGONG

The King of Ointments

in $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Tins @ Re. 1 each

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

Homeo House

::

KUMBAKONAM

Madras Office: G. Stringers St, G. T. MADRAS-1

Madurai Office: 4, Manjanakara St., MADURAI

NEWS & NOTES

207TH BIRTHDAY OF DR. SAMUEL HAHNEMANN

Under the auspices of the Homoeo Medical Association. Tirunelveli, the 207th Birthday of Dr Samuel Hahnemann was celebrated on 15-4-62 at Tuticorin at The Nellai Homoeo Institute. Dr. S. H. Iyadurai Pillai, presided. Free medical treatment was given to patients who attended that day.

* * *

The 207th Birthday of Dr. Samuel Hahnemann was celebrated in the Kolar District Homoeopathic Association's Hall at K. G. F. on 10th April 1962, at 4-30 p. m.

Dr K. Nagarathinam presided and several Doctors spoke. Dr. T. S. S. Pillai, Secretary of the above Association, gave a brief history of the Association and its activities. He further thanked the Health Minister of the previous Cabinet of the Govt. of Mysore, for having got the Mysore Homoeopathic Medical Practitioners Bill passed in the Mysore Legislative Assembly, and the president of the Indian Union for his kind assent for the same.

The meeting terminated with vote of thanks proposed by Dr. M. Janakiraman.

BRITAIN TESTS NEW DRUG IN FIGHT AGAINST SMALL POX

A new anti-smallpox drug, experimentally found effective

in animals, is receiving its first clinical trials on a patient isolated in a hospital in Yorkshire, England.

"If he results from the use of this anti-viral agent in man are as good as those already obtained in mice, its discovery should be one of the greatest advances in the control of smallpox since vaccination was introduced", writes the medical correspondent of *The Guardian*.

The patient who is the first to be experimentally treated is Dr. Norman Ainley, pathologist at the Bradford Royal Infirmary, who performed an autopsy on the body of a Pakistani girl who died from smallpox recently. The correspondent states that he understood that the new treatment was offered first to the doctor-patient as being more likely to succeed in his case as no rash had yet appeared.

The decision to try the drug-manufactured by Burroughs, Wellcome & Co., London-came after promising Laboratory experiments conducted by Dr J. Bauer and Dr P. W. Sadler "in collaboration with Professor Allan Downie, of the Department of Bacteriology at the University of Liverpool, to which we owe most of our recent knowledge of the various pox viruses.

These workers, the report goes on, injected a milk strain of the smallpox virus into the brains of specially bred mice, and either

then or six hours later gave some of the animals a small dose of the new drug under the skin. Similarly inoculated animals left without treatment acted as controls on the experiment

"According to the Scientists' report published in the *Lancet* (British medical journal) 50 out of 80 untreated animals died within a few days... Of the 118 mice protected by the drug, 108 survived without apparent ill-effects", the correspondent writes.

He suggests that to indicate whether compound 33-the anti-viral agent-has a useful place in the treatment of smallpox, it will be necessary to conduct large-scale controlled clinical trials in which the drug is given to every alternate case entering hospital. Results from the compound would then be compared with those in cases not receiving the drug.

"It seems probable that the first trial of that kind will be performed in some country like India, where thousands of small-pox cases still occur every year," the correspondent writes".

★ ★ ★

RURAL MEDICAL RELIEF SCHEME

Calcutta: The West Bengal Government has received poor response from doctors in the districts to the rural medical

relief scheme. A survey of doctors in the district was recently undertaken by the Government.

Not more than seven doctors in a district have so far applied for subsidy under the scheme.

The poor response, according to the spokesman of the State Health Directorate, might indicate the apathy of the majority of district doctors to work under the scheme on a subsidy when they have satisfactory private practice.

★ ★ ★

THERAPY OF OBESITY

In ancient Greece stout people were denied civil rights. Yet it must be considered that obesity is not always the consequence of gluttony. Hereditary and constitutional influences, differences in the food utilization, as well as the temperament play a role. No cause has as yet been found for the adiposity which is characteristic for certain animals and hence "natural". There is probably something to influence the effect of hexokinase, which activates the degradation of glucose and other hexoses.

For the treatment, appetite curbing drugs are used now on a large scale, and not less than 3.5 thousand million tablets containing them are said to have been consumed in the U. S. A. in 1960. Also stomach fillers, such as cellulose derivatives are

popular, although the feeling of satiety does not depend solely on a full stomach. Laxatives, taken regularly, are almost always harmless, but do not solve the problem completely. A strong laxative effect is shown by a number of whetting agents, but due to their toxic effect, they are useless. Hormones are known to be effective, yet there are many failures. The already mentioned appetite curbers are

still the most promising means at our disposal. But, giving effect to partly dangerous side reactions, they should not be taken without medical supervision.

Obese individuals contain much less water than lean ones and planful therapy must take this fact in regard.

- The Pharmacist

PROSTATE

(B & T PREPARATION)

A Homoeopathic Glandular Product AMERICAN

Prostate tablets are useful in cases of neurasthenia, neurosis that follow after the removal of prostatic glands, premature emission and enlargement of prostates in aged

Available :

In 2 gr. tablets in 3x potency

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
HOMEO HOUSE :: KUMBAKONAM

The Appeal For a Homoeopathic College

BY. DR. RAJENDRA PRASAD, President of India

"Homœopathy as a system of treating diseases has been gaining popularity in India both on account of its efficacy and cheapness. It has been long felt that, in order to make a supply of efficient practitioners well-versed in the theory and practice of Homœopathy available to the public, an institution which could give theoretical instruction and practical training to persons desirous of taking up Homœopathy as their profession was absolutely necessary. A scheme has accordingly been devised by some prominent persons to start a College of Homœopathy in Patna and a Public meeting was held on the 19th April 1941 which adopted a resolution approving of the proposal. Efforts are now afoot and it is hoped that, with public support, it will be possible to establish the institution at an early date and thus remove this longfelt want. Funds are needed for this and the organisers and sponsors of the scheme appeal to the generous public to support it with their contributions. It is estimated that a sum of Rs. 50,000/- is needed for starting an efficient institution. When it is remembered that the institution is intended to be the first of its kind in the State and the good it is expected to do by supplying it with physicians who will be able to reach the largest and the poorest strata of the residents of the State with their cheap and effective treatment, the demand will not be considered high as compared with the amount now being spent on education in a sister system of treatment and it is hoped that the State will soon make it possible for the organisers to start the institution on a sound footing."

-Bihar State Homoeopathic Journal Jun '61

BOOKS ON HOMŒOPATHY

A new consignment has just arrived of many rare and classical books on Homœopathy and Biochemistry by famous foreign and Indian authors.
Detailed list will be sent on request.

Apply to

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMŒOPATHS
HOMEOPATH HOUSE — KUMBAKONAM

HOMŒOPATHY IN ARGENTINA

by Dr. JACOBO GRINGAUZ, M. P.

Personal Physician to H. E. the President of Argentina

Ladies and Gentlemen,

This is my most difficult task. I never had to make a speech in English I never did it and I suppose you will excuse me all the faults in my English.

It is truly amazing to find in so far distant a country such friendship and such comprehension among Homœopaths. I have been at the hospital and have seen what you are doing and I told the doctors there that we are speaking the same language. That means that Homœopathy has developed comprehension about the necessity of working not on a basis of face but on a scientific basis. We should take measures to make all things that are peculiar to our discipline comprehensive or understandable to all physicians, who will approach us, if we are able to find a common language with them. To find a common language does not mean in any way to take steps backward in Homœopathy, but to free our minds of some prejudices, to free our minds from some established rules, which are not the real laws but mere rules to work. I think that we need to establish our Homœopathy on a clinical basis. It is no longer possible to work as before ignoring totally the importance of diagnosis and saying we treat cases with no diagnosis and making from that absence of diagnosis a key or a

significant characteristic of Homœopathy. With no diagnosis we cannot spread Homœopathy we cannot approach other physicians and we will not leave anything behind us.

In our country, I am making in a private clinic an experiment since 10 years which I will relate to you. All the patients that come in the clinic have to go through three departments. The first is the questioning, which is made by a homœopathic physician according to our peculiarities of questioning. Afterwards he has to go to the Diagnosis Department where another Physician, who is specially trained in semiology and in diagnosis, asks further questions but for the sake of diagnosis only and makes a thorough somatic examination of the patient. The third step is through the dietological section in order to know how is his regime, what he is his occupation and living conditions) and what are his eating habits. The diagnosis department makes all necessary examinations, X-Ray, electrocardiography and other necessary things to arrive at a diagnosis. The first physician who has made the Homœopathic questioning will pick up all the characteristic symptoms of the patient and after wards he will also take into consideration some characteristic signs of the patient found

through the somatic examination and we repertorise the case by means of the Kent's *Repertory*. After the patient has been examined in this way i. e. after having a diagnosis if possible and after getting directions about diet then I see the patient. I question him further and give him the prescription. Moreover the patient takes along a little booklet containing a resume of his history, diagnosis, directions about diet, and all the X-Ray findings and the laboratory findings and the prescription that he should get dispensed and the way he must take the remedy. That means that the booklet has a common language for all physicians. The only difference is that on the first page he will

find the name of a Homoeopathic remedy, which may be he does not know of if he is an allopath. I see the patient on all his subsequent visits. That means that team work does not interfere in any way with the personal relationship between the physician and the patient. When in the evolution of that case a new situation appears and it becomes necessary to review or to confirm the diagnosis I send him for another examination to the Diagnosis Section. That means that team work aims at obtaining a history, a record for the physician who will follow that patient, as is necessary in other systems of medicine. All our physicians are full-time workers in our Institute. That

BAHOLA KOOLOIL TO KEEP YOU COOL AND FIT

Regular use of this Medicated Oil keeps the system not only cool and sound but also keeps away head-aches, burning of the eyes etc.

Price:

Rs. 2-25 per bottle of 4 oz.

**INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS**

(Prop: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd)

"HOMEIO HOUSE"

KUMBAKONAM

means that they have no private practice at all. My experience after so many years of such way of working is that there is no other possibility of spreading Homoeopathy among physicians if it is not by such a way. Therefore, I stress that in the Hospital you have now at New Delhi, you have the opportunity and possibility to make such an experiment. This is in relation to my clinic.

In Argentine, Homoeopathy is not officially recognized. We have our Homoeopathic Association constituted only of qualified physicians. That Association has been in existence for the last 20 years. We are conducting Postgraduate Courses of two years. In that Postgraduate Course they learn about clinical semiology in relation to Homoeopathic Materia Medica and the lectures are made in some cases with patients, who are questioned in front of the trainee physicians (clinical training).

The Pharmacy—the Homoeopathic Pharmacy is widespread

and we have very good ones. In our Capital, Buenos Aires, which is a very widespread city with four million inhabitants, we have at least one hundred of those pharmacies. Kentian Homoeopaths are not in large number as all over the world. May be we are thirty. We have all kinds of homoeopaths as in all other countries. But homoeopathy is well recognized by the people. In general our patients are well-to-do persons. Poor patients are being treated by homoeopathy in some private clinics which have a large clientele and are popular (out-patient type of practice).

I do not know if I have answered all your questions. But I am sweating because of the difficulty of speaking in English. So you must allow me to finish and tell you how grateful I am for your reception. I will never forget it.

Au revoir.

—*Journal of Homoeopathic Medicine*

Copies of
"HOMOEOPATHY" English and Tamil
are available
at all leading Higginbothams Railway Book Stalls.



HOMOCORD

(HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICINE)

Indicated in the following conditions:—

1. Symptoms in the heart due to nervous conditions.
2. When the heart is affected due to septic infections in other organs, such as septic tonsillitis etc.
3. Heart upsets due to excesses, such as smoking coffee, tea certain drugs, etc.
4. During menopause, and in old age.
5. In fact in any condition when the efficiency of the heart is below par.

This is a very useful pick-up when symptoms of palpitation, hard breathing, faintness and mild or severe chest pains occur.

COMBINATION: Cactus Crataegus Oxy., Valeriana, Camphor., Strophanthus., Iodide of Gold.

DOSE: 15 drops with a little water or sugar, three times a day, or as oftener as the physician directs.

PACKING: Put up in 30 ml. bottles with separate dropper and direction in carton

Price Rs. 4/-Per bottle.

BAHOLA PHARMACEUTICALS

Distributed by:—

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
KUMBAKONAM & BRANCHES

Factors which are hampering the steady growth & progress of Homoeopathic system of treatment

Dr P. L. SARIN, H. M. D. S. (Bih) H. M. D. (Cal) F. I. H. (K.M.) New Delhi.

Homoeopathy is not only a Scientific system of treatment, philosophically sound and logically convincing, but it is also the most natural way of curing the patients. Because of the efficacy of this healing art and its cheapness to suit admirably even the poor masses, it has already done wonder in engulfing the entire world within a short period of one and a half century since its discovery by the great master, 'Samuel Hahnemann'. But still it appears to lag behind the so called Allopathic system of treatment that occupies the dominant place in all the countries.

The factors that are hampering the steady progress of Homoeopathy are manifold. It is high time that we should join heads to analyse these factors and find out ways and means to solve the pressing problems in the matter concerned in our Motherland.

The first and the foremost obstacle in its way is that our National Government is not keen enough to accord recognition to this superb system, although it is becoming more and more popular in our country. This is partly due to the lack of public pressure and to a great extent, due to the vested interests of the people at the helm of affairs. Unless we get patronage and due encouragement at the hands of our National

Government we cannot expect better outcome of our efforts in the achievement of our cherished goal.

Again if we analyse the reasons for the lack of public pressure on our Government for recognition of this system of treatment, we come to the conclusion that it is mainly due to the lack of proper education in the masses of our country. No doubt, the masses are becoming more and more Homoeopathic minded, day by day, and they have got faith in its effectiveness, still most of them appear to have only superficial knowledge of this system. They, being ignorant of the basic nature of this system, create doubts for themselves in their minds. Moreover, as our masses have been under the influence of the so called Allopathic system of treatment for long, they now find it somewhat difficult to understand the implications of our Homoeopathic system which does not believe in suppression of a disease, that is generally misconceived as cure. In Allopathy, mere physical or organic symptoms are deemed sufficient to cure a patient, while in Homoeopathic system there is more stress on Mental symptoms, particularly in chronic cases, and a patient finds it embarrassing to answer such questions which, to him, appear irrelevant. This is all due to lack of knowledge

with regard to the basic character of this system.

For the propagation of any new truth and its acceptance by the masses, the most essential condition is to turn out an appreciable number of persons who have realised this truth and are adapt in the practice thereof. This equally applies to this great truth of Homœopathy and it involves establishment of a sufficient number of teaching institutions which will turn out experts in the science and Art of Homœopathy. Again a sufficient number of Homœopathic Hospitals would be required, where the efficacy of this system of treatment will be put to test.

All this will be possible only when we get due recognition and encouragement at the hands of our Government and also when we can bring out a good number of selfless workers in the field of action. It is not so easy for a regular day to day practitioner of Homœopathy to impart necessary education to his patients in this regard and to convince them. Rather it will not be advisable to do so. So we have to devise some broader and more effective means to educate the masses in this direction to achieve our cherished goal to spread this system all over, and to make it still more popular.

BAHOLA EYE DROPS



For Relief of Eye Strain,
Conjunctivitis, Irritation,
Inflammation etc.

Price :

Rs 2-00 per Bottle of 15 c. c.

BAHOLA EAR DROPS



For all Ear Aches - Irritation
and Pain. It is an Antiseptic
and a Safe Cleaning Agent.

Price :

Rs. 2-00 per Bottle of 15 c. c.

INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
"HOMEO HOUSE" KUMBAKONAM

Edited, Printed & Published by Dr. V. R. MURTY, at the HOMOEOPATHY
Press, Homeo House, Kumbakonam.

ALTOBEX



ALFALFA TONIC
(Homoeopathic)
WITH VITAMIN B COMPLEX

The famous Homoeopathic ALFALFA TONIC is now being prepared in our Air-conditioned Laboratory, fortified with Vitamin B Complex. Besides a combination of Homoeopathic Tinctures of Alfalfa, Avena Sativa, Aswagandha, Hydrastis, Passiflora Incarnata and Tissue Phosphates, Vitamin B Complex has been added, proportionately.

This is a most palatable and highly nutritive Tonic, indicated in all wasting diseases, sleeplessness, anaemia, loss of appetite, indigestion and as quick recuperative after influenza and other acute diseases.

A great body-builder after serious illness and also during pregnancy and after delivery.

Directions: A teaspoonful 2 to 3 times a day after food or as directed by the physician.

Price: Rs. 3-50 per bottle of 4 oz.
(Packing and Postage extra).

Manufactured by:

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
(Prop: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.)
HOMEO HOUSE KUMBAKONAM

BAHOLA BIO-COMPLEX TABLETS

BIO-CHEMIC COMBINATION TABLETS

No. 1 ANAEMIA	No. 16 NERVOUS
No. 2 ASTHMA	EXHAUSTION
No. 3 COLIC	No. 17 PILES
No. 4 CONSTIPATION	No. 18 PYORRHOEA
No. 5 CORYZA AND COLD	No. 19 RHEUMATISM
No. 6 COUGH	No. 20 SKIN DISEASES
No. 7 DIABETES	No. 21 TEETHING
No. 8 DIARRHOEA	TROUBLES
No. 9 DYSENTERY	No. 22 SCROFULA
No. 10 ENLARGED TONSILS	No. 23 TOOTHACHE
No. 11 FEVER	No. 24 TONIC
No. 12 HEADACHE	No. 25 INDIGESTION
No. 13 LEUCORRHOEA	No. 26 EASY BIRTH
No. 14 MEASLES	No. 27 VITALITY
No. 15 MENSTRUATION	No. 28 GENERAL TONIC
TROUBLES	

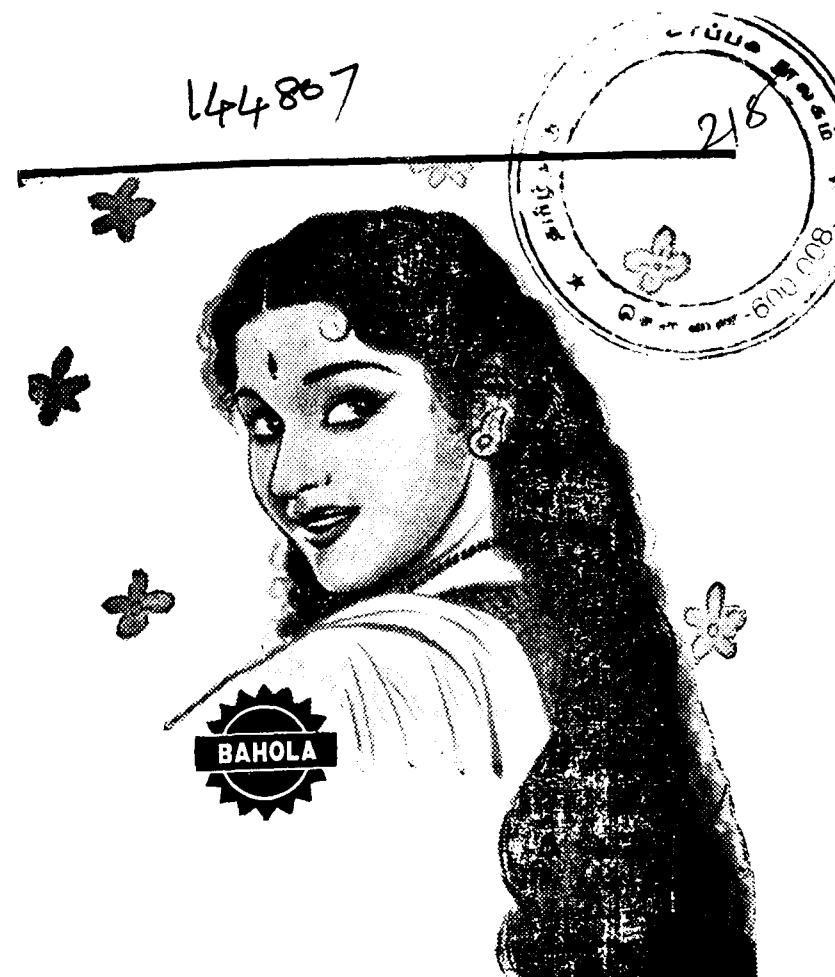
These preparations are the composition of important Bio-Chemic Medicines needed for the particular complaint. Each medicine is packed in a nice plastic box.

Price — Rs. 1-20 per box of 20 grms.

BAHOLA PHARMACEUTICALS
PRIVATE LIMITED
KUMBAKONAM — S. INDIA

Ask for descriptive Booklet, sent free by :-

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS,
MADRAS-1 :: KUMBAKONAM :: MADURAI-1



BAHOLA ARNICATED OIL

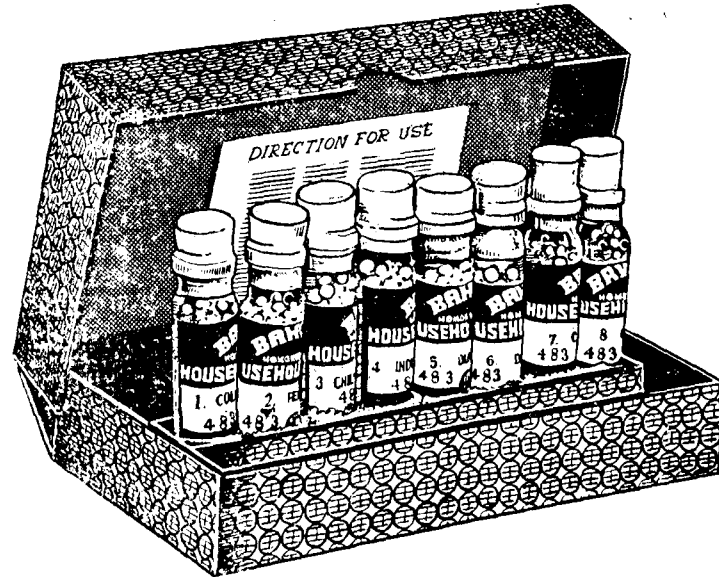
An excellent Hair Tonic with Arnica and other herbs.

Stops hair falling - invigorates hair roots
removes Dandruff and promotes growth
of healthy luxurious hair

Mildly scented to suit even the connoisseur's taste

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
6, Stringers St. Homeo House 4 Manjanakara St.
MADRAS-1, KUMBAKONAM MADURAI-1

Bahola Household Remedies



A set of eight remedies for common ailments that beset every household and family. Packed in a neat, handy box with detailed instructions.

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| (1) Cold, Headache etc., | (5) Diarrhoea |
| (2) Fevers | (6) Dysentery |
| (3) Children's ailments | (7) Constipation |
| (4) Indigestion and Colic | (8) Cough |

Price of Small set	...	Rs. 3/-
Price of Big set	...	Rs. 5/-

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

6, Stringers Street, MADRAS-1	Homeo House, KUMBAKONAM	4, Manjanakara Street, MADURAI-1
----------------------------------	----------------------------	-------------------------------------

(Also available with all our Stockists)

THE HOMOEOPATHY

Managing Editor: Dr. V. R. MURTY

APRIL

1962

CONTENTS

Help us to Serve Better	...	5
The Frequently Dramatic Effectiveness of the Infinitesimal Dose	...	9
A Plea for Homoeopathy	...	16
That Elusive Common Cold	...	19
News & Notes	..	26

PERSONAL CLASSES

We have decided to hold two personal classes in Tamil this year for the convenience of the students.

The 28th Personal Class in Tamil will be conducted from 30—4—1962 to 12—5—1962.

The 29th Personal Class in Tamil will be conducted from 16—5—1962 to 29—5—1962.

Please write for details to:

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
"Homeo House" :: KUMBAKONAM.

KENT'S REPERTORY

Published after careful corrections of all the misprints in the SIXTH AMERICAN EDITION, magnificently leather-bound with thumb-index; printing, and get-up is better than all other editions. Price Rs. 65/- with usual discount and one copy (free) of "Essentials of Homoeopathic Philosophy and the Place of Repertory in Homoeopathic Practice" by Dr. B. K. Sarker, M. B., D. M. S.

Other important books:

Anstutz's	"New, Old & Forgotten Remedies"	Rs. 16--00
Allen's	"Intermittent Fever"	Rs. 15--00
Blackwood's	—"Materia Medica"	Rs. 12--00
Boericke & Dewey's	"12 Tissue Remedies"	Rs. 10--50
Boericke's	—"Materia Medica"	Rs. 22--00
Boericke's	—"Principles of Homoeopathy"	Rs. 6--00
Burnett's	—"Vaccinosis"	Rs. 3--00
Cartier's	—"Respiratory Organs"	Rs. 5--50
Conant's	—"Osteotropic Mentor"	Rs. 4--00
Doughlass's	"Skin Diseases"	Rs. 10--00
Kent's	—"Materia Medica"	Rs. 24--00
Lutze's	—"Facial & Sciatic Neuralgias"	Rs. 5--00
Nash's	—"Leaders in Homoeopathic Therapeutics"	Rs. 9--00
Robert's	"Sensations As If"	Rs. 12--00
Ruddock's	—"Tuberculosis of Lungs"	Rs. 4--00
Small's	—"Manual of Practice"	Rs. 15--00
Shannon's	—"Repertory of Tissue Remedies"	Rs. 12--00
Underwood's	—"Headache"	Rs. 5--00

Hahnemann's "ORGANON OF MEDICINE"

Translated from the 5th Edition with an appendix by R. E. Dudgeon, M. D., with additions & alterations as per 6th Edition translated by Boericke and Foreword by Dr. B. K. Sarker, M. B., D. M. S. ...Rs. 10--00

For full particulars please write to

ECONOMIC HOMOEOPHARMACY

Pharmacentists, Importers, Exporters & Govt. Suppliers

Sole Prop: Dr. SUKUMAR ROY

HEAD OFFICE:

89, Netaji Subhas Road,
CALCUTTA-1
Phone: 22-4731

BONDED LABORATORY:

197/A, Kasba Road,
CALCUTTA-42
Phone: 46-6174

The HOMOEOPATHY

VOL. XI

APRIL 1962

Book 4

HELP US TO SERVE BETTER

The third general elections are now over and as expected, the Congress has come out with full majority in all the states of our Country. New cabinets have been formed in all the states and in Madras, we find almost all the old ministers are continuing in office except, of course, with a few exceptions.

As Homoeopaths, we are greatly interested in matters of Health and we are pleased to find that the talented and cultured Mrs. Jothi Vencatachellum fills that portfolio. We are pleased to welcome her as the Minister in charge of Health (which includes Homoeopathy also) and we hope that under her able leadership our State will be greatly benefited in matters of Health and we also trust that Homoeopathy will get its proper place in this State within the next five years of her office.

The Rural Medical Service problem remains as difficult today as it was when we became a free nation fifteen years ago. Our popular governments are trying their utmost, somehow or other, to give at least minimum medical aid to all the people, no matter, whether they live in the towns or in the rural areas. But unfortunately, it has not been possible so far to achieve this. We have been writing in these columns time and again that Homoeopathy, if properly encouraged and aided, will deliver the goods and we appeal to the hon'ble Minister to approach Homoeopathy with a sympathetic attitude and unprejudiced views not only in the interests of the poor, but also in the interests

of Homoeopathy. We can assure her that she will find enormous possibilities of doing good to the people with the aid of Homoeopathy.

In fact, when the late lamented Sri T. Prakasam was the Chief Minister of our State, vigorous steps were taken to give Homoeopathy its proper place in the Health services of our State and certain investigations were made by appointing an honorary Director of Homoeopathic Medicine and an elaborate report was submitted to government. In this report, it was said that steps were recommended to regulate the practice and teaching of Homoeopathy in this State and to harness that system of medicine for service to the people. Unfortunately before any action could be taken on this report, by the government, the government had to go out and naturally, the report of the honorary Director was put in cold storage.

The later Health Ministers have, no doubt, been sympathetic towards Homoeopathy, but they have not been able to do much, probably on account of vested interests interfering. Mr. Manickavelu, who has just relinquished office as Health

ANNOUNCEMENT

OLD STUDENTS' CONVENTION CHANGE IN DATES

The Old Students' Convention will be held
on **13th and 14th May, 1962** instead
of 28th and 29th April, 1962
as announced earlier.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
HOMEOPATH HOUSE KUMBAKONAM

April '62

Minister of the State was taking a keen interest in the development of Homoeopathy in this State at every one of the conferences and gatherings he attended, he promised his support and that of his government to Homoeopathy for its proper development. With this in mind, we are told, that a committee of officials was appointed a couple of years ago and also that a report was submitted to the government by the said committee. If our information is correct, we are told the report of the Committee happens to be such that, if accepted, it may not help towards the proper growth of Homoeopathy in this State, nor the government could accept some of the fantastic propositions recommended therein! Naturally we expect that this report will also share the fate of its predecessor of the Prakasam Ministry although for different reasons.

All that we have been telling all the while and which we wish to reiterate now also is that the State must help Homoeopathy to develop as a separate entity without its being mixed up with any other "pathy" because the principles under which the Homoeopathic system is based are entirely different from the basic principles of any other system of medicine.

We wish that our present Health Minister and the Cabinet as a whole would give this their serious consideration, understand the basic principles of this great art of healing and do something as speedily as possible to make use of Homoeopathy for the benefit of the people of our State.

Homoeopathy is the ideal system of medicine for a poor country like ours and if, as we have said already, it is properly developed and used, it is capable of doing tremendous good to the people of our country.

Copies of
"HOMOEOPATHY" English and Tamil
are available
at all leading Higginbothams Railway Book Stalls.

ALL INDIA HOMŒOPATHIC CONVENTION

under the auspices
of the

**INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMŒOPATHS
OLD STUDENTS ASSOCIATION**

at

Murty Gardens, Srinagar Colony, Kumbakonam

ON the 13th AND 14th MAY '62.

Smt. JOTHI VENCATACHELLUM

(Minister for Health, Madras State)

will inaugurate the Convention

Dr. DILIPSINGH

(Principal, Chandrapur Homoeopathic College, Chanda M. S.)

will preside.

Dr. Sukumar Roy, (Prop: M/s. Economic Homeo Pharmacy, Calcutta), **Dr. M. L. Agrawal** of Jaipur and other prominent Homoeopaths will address the gathering.

On 13—5—1962 there will be variety entertainments of music and dance.

Arrangements are being made to provide accommodation and food for the delegates attending the Convention.

All Homoeopaths are requested to participate in this unique All India Convention and make it a complete success. Liberal cash contributions are also earnestly solicited.

Please write for full details to:

Dr. V. R. MURTY

Indian Institute of Homoeopaths, Homeo House, Kumbakonam.

THE FREQUENTLY DRAMATIC EFFECTIVENESS OF THE INFINITESIMAL DOSE

(A. Dwight Smith, M. D.)

We hear constantly about the powerful, new drugs that are being developed and how they are doing so much for suffering humanity. These drugs are produced mostly by the great pharmaceutical houses which spend a large amount of money in their development and then spend a great deal more in detailing them to the physicians. The experimental work and the cost of introducing these preparations make them very expensive.

Then, after all this expensive development, what is the final result? Recently a well-known southern California medical college held a postgraduate course in Los Angeles. One of the teachers from the college gave a paper about the many new drugs that have revolutionized the practice of modern medicine. He said that 80 per cent of the drugs in use now were not known ten years ago and that there are something like 500 new drugs being introduced in this country every year. He qualified this statement by saying that many of these are old drugs in new packages and many are the same drugs under different trade names. One thing that he failed to say is that in another ten years 80 per cent of these drugs will have been discarded as useless or too dangerous to use. This, then, is the so-called scientific, modern, medicine of today.

Is Homoeopathy following a similar course of experimentation? How about the homoeopathic drugs that were proven over a hundred years ago? Have they been discarded as worthless or too dangerous? I have never heard of any such remedy that has been proven and used according to the homoeopathic Law of Similars that has ever been discarded. Everything that was brought out in provings of homoeopathic remedies 100 years ago is just as reliable today. They have been added to but nothing has been taken away from them. It is true that Homoeopathy is not bringing out 500 new remedies per year, but the ones that are introduced are here to stay, if proven according to the homoeopathic plan, and will be just as dependable 100 years from now as today. They are proven in accordance with a real scientific law and a scientific law does not change from year to year. It should not be difficult for any thinking person to decide which one of these two systems is the real scientific medicine, even though Homoeopathy is very much in the minority today. It does not have sensational, often misleading publicity in the popular magazines as the modern synthetic drugs proponents do.

In writing this paper, I wish to bring out some of the dramatic results that every homoeopathic

physician sees frequently with the higher potencies and at times even with the low potencies. I do not believe that there is any other system of practice that can give these results. Many times I have put young babies with evening colic to sleep in ten minutes with high potency *Lycopodium*. It only takes one such incident to convince a skeptical parent of the value of Homoeopathy. A young mother whom I had confined twice, and who has had homoeopathic care practically all her life, told me that when she was first married her husband said that these homoeopathic physicians are quacks. Now, after about five years' experience with homoeopathic care for his family, he thinks Homoeopathy is really wonderful.

One instance of a quick response—within three minutes—was in the case of a woman who had run a fish fin under her finger nail. It happened in the middle of the afternoon and by midnight the pain had become so unbearable that she felt she had to have medical help immediately. As soon as I reached her, I gave her *Ledum palustre* 10 M and within three minutes the throbbing had ceased, and at the end of ten minutes she was entirely free of pain. It was like a miracle to her. I have used *Ledum* many times since with the same gratifying results. *Ledum* has been doing this for 80 years or more. Would modern medicine expect to stop a pain under a finger nail by putting a few sugar pellets in the patient's mouth? No, modern

medicine would have nothing better to offer than an opiate, and a hypodermic of morphine would not give permanent relief, as *Ledum* did.

Another swift response in an acute condition occurred in the case of a Negro, who had been shot through one lung. The next morning when I saw him at the hospital, he was in a marked state of collapse with weak, rapid pulse, dyspnoea and dullness throughout the injured side of the chest, and in a terminal state. The surgeon said that the case was hopeless, that he had absolutely no chance of recovery. He had the anxiety, fear and restlessness of *Arsenicum album*, but it was in the winter and his bed was between two windows, which he wanted wide open, though he had only a sheet over him. This ruled out the *Arsenicum album* and I decided to give him *Secale cornutum*. At the moment I had it only in the 6th centesimal potency, which I put in a glass of water and ordered some given every hour. When I returned three hours later, expecting to find him dead, he showed marked improvement with much less dyspnoea, a much stronger pulse and a marked change for the better in every way. I knew his improvement had commenced within minutes after his first dose, because the nurse had charted a marked change for the better when she gave him his second dose at the end of the first hour. His improvement continued and the man was able to leave the hospital within two weeks.

One of the most recent demonstrations of the quick, favourable action of a homoeopathic remedy occurred in the case of a man, aged 80, who had undergone two operations in rapid succession, the first a prostatectomy and the second a herniotomy. He was receiving post-operative care from his surgeon, who was not a homoeopath. Following his surgery he had developed a severe case of hiccoughs which were weakening him and posed a threat to his recovery. The doctor and nurses were unable to ameliorate them and the nurses finally told his wife it was something he was going to have to put up with. Because of all the "dope" he was being given at the hospital, we could use only a low potency remedy and so he was given *Lycopodium* 6x, which gave quick relief, with cessation of the hiccoughs. As soon as he was home, his wife requested that all regular medicine be stopped (and he had a bagful). He was then given *Lycopodium* 10M, which gave a marked improvement in all his complaints.

Another example of speedy action to a remedy used homoeopathically is the response seen in the treatment of severe hemorrhages. So many times I have seen severe epistaxis stopped in a few minutes by the properly selected remedy. If the blood is bright red, the most frequently indicated remedy, in my experience, is *Ipecac*. In controlling thin, very dark or black, non-coagulating hemorrhage, Dr. Harry Farrington has told of such a case in an

DR. MURTY'S

GOLDROPS for ASTHMA

"GOLDROPS" has specific action on any form and variety of ASTHMA be it nervous, bronchial or otherwise. It gives immediate relief to distressed breathing.

A GREAT BOON TO SUFFERERS FROM ASTHMA

PRICE:

1 oz. Bottle with dropper in Carton Rs. 3-75

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

HOMEOPATH HOUSE

::

KUMBAKONAM

KAPOZIN

A tonic par excellence in palatable powder form, prepared from selected drugs, according to Homoeopathic Principles.

KAPOZIN: improves appetite, digestion and assimilation, thus enriching blood. Increases weight and tones the system.

Is indicated in all run-down conditions and in convalescence as a general "pick-me-up".

DOSE:

FOR ADULTS: Two flat spoonfuls per dose, taken with water three times a day fifteen minutes before food.

FOR CHILDREN: From 3 to 12 years. One flat spoonful as above.

A Spoon for correct dose in each packing of 4 oz.

Price Rs. 3/-

**INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS**
HOMEOPATH HOUSE :: KUMBAKONAM

eleven-year-old, who was convalescing from scarlet fever and had profuse bleeding of black blood from the nose. He administered *Crotalus horridus* in high potency and in five minutes the bleeding was nearly stopped, in ten minutes completely controlled.

These dramatic responses are not so common in chronic diseases, but every homoeopathic physician does see instances of quick, almost miraculous results at times. Recently a little 26 months old girl was brought to our office late in the evening with severe dyspnea. She had a history of good health up until six months before when a physician had given her penicillin for a slight diarrhoea. Following this she became violently sick and was taken to the Los Angeles General Hospital for ten days, where a diagnosis was made of erythema multiforme. Before coming to us, she had been in the General Hospital three times, twice on the critical list. She had severe dyspnea with very difficult breathing but none of the signs of a true asthma. This child came into the office fearful and labouring for breath, but *Pulsatilla* 10M had her smiling and breathing much easier when she left the office. By morning she was very much improved and went on to complete recovery. I have been in touch with her mother a number of times since who reports she has remained in good health.

Another instance of a quick response in a chronic condition

occurred in a case of longstanding migraine in a woman, aged 50, who had had severe, incapacitating attacks for 30 years at least. One dose of *Pulsatilla* 10M stopped her headache in less than two hours and she never had a recurrence.

Another recent case that comes to mind is that of P. T., aged 39, who was a nervous type of individual and under a heavy emotional strain managing a new business which he had just taken over. He complained of severe aching in the arms and legs at night so that he could not sleep. He was given *Pulsatilla* 10M in the late afternoon and I heard no more from him until about ten days later when he told me that powder surely did wonders for him, as he had slept well the night after I gave him the powder and every night since with no more aching of the limbs.

Homoeopathy has always been outstanding in the treatment of mental cases. I am reminded of one such case, a man whose mind became a complete blank as he was recovering from scarlet fever. He was running around his neighbourhood, not knowing what he was doing. His physician wanted to send him to an insane asylum. With his doctor's consent I gave him *Hyoscyamus* 10M and the following morning his mind was entirely clear and normal. This is just one instance out of many that could be used to illustrate the remarkable effects possible with homoeopathic prescribing in some mental disorders.

A few days ago I was talking about the quick action of homoeopathic remedies with a Los Angeles homoeopathic dermatologist and he told me of an experience he had had. A regular physician in the building where he had his office asked him if he could help him with his son who had herpes zoster. He said that he had tried everything that he knew of with no improvement. The dermatologist gave him a bottle of homoeopathic tablets to give to his son. The next day the father asked him if it was a narcotic that he had given him, as his son's pain was all gone and he was feeling fine. This doctor felt that nothing but an opiate could work so quickly. I asked this dermatologist if he had given him *Ranunculus bulbosus* and he said that it was *Ranunculus bulbosus* 3x. This is another example of the almost magical action of the homoeopathic remedy, this one in low potency.

In these pages I have been trying to show you that the homoeopathic remedy in many cases can act very quickly, in fact almost instantaneously and miraculously, in some cases. However, it is only a small percentage of our cases that respond so dramatically. It is hoped that

some day there will be a method of prescribing more accurately, so that this will happen in most cases.

I also want to stress the fact that Homoeopathy is not necessarily slow. In the cases that seem to respond so slowly, the patients are usually considered practically hopeless from the standpoint of modern medical practice, and it takes time to bring order out of such chaos. In these complicated, long-standing chronic cases, what is required is not a single remedy but a series of remedies, no single one of which can of itself effect a cure, but each one contributes its bit, until the cumulative action results in cure.

I should also like to stress the importance of the truth that the more a physician burns the midnight electricity in studying his homoeopathic materia medica, repertory and philosophy, the more dramatic and outstanding his results will be. I feel that a great many more physicians would practise Homoeopathy if it did not take so much study and hard work to practise it successfully. Any successful homoeopath will tell you that the results are worth the effort.

—Journal of the American
Institute of Homoeopathy

THE HOMOEOPATHY

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION

	Annual	Single Copy
Inland	Rs. 4-00	0-40
Ceylon	Rs. 5-00	...
All other foreign Countries	Rs. 12/-	...

(Inclusive of surface postage)



EKLITAB

(Homoeopathic Preparation)

This remedy, an excellent combination of indigenous herbs, acts marvellously in all digestive and hepatic disorders at any stage and improves the functions of digestive organs. Chronic indigestion, gastralgia, gastritis, acidity and burning sensation in stomach etc., are relieved by the use of this remedy. Besides being curative for these ailments, this also helps one to recoup health lost due to any of the aforesaid disorders.

Combination: Eclipta Alba Folium, Emblica
Phyllanthus and natural yeast.

Dose: One Tablet per dose, 3 times a day;
before or after food.

Packing: 50 Tablets in bottles

Price: 2-50 each

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

(Proprietors: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.)
HOMEOPH HOUSE :: KUMBakonam

A PLEA FOR HOMOEOPATHY

Dr. V. N. Krishna Rao M. A., B. L., A. M. I. H.

Most cases come to the Homoeopaths when diseases have run a chronic course and after Allopathic medication in massive doses has produced its reward in additional symptoms. This is a pity. A true understanding of Homoeopathy would show that when diseases (symptoms) are tackled in their acute stage by Homoeopathy, they need never run into the chronic.

Every disease produces its symptoms. Nay, diseases are no more than the symptoms produced. There is a mechanism in Nature by which the human system tends to throw out the disease by producing the opposite of the symptoms produced by the disease itself. This is what we call Reaction. When the body's natural powers of reaction are good, in most cases the body is able to throw out the disease by itself. When people fall ill and recover without medication, this is what happens. And this is what happens in villages which have not yet been invaded by the Allopaths.

It is the tampering with acute disease symptoms by Allopathic medicines that, in most cases, paves the way for chronic diseases. The Allopathic medication in effect suppresses the disease symptoms in the system, when this is done the body has no need to produce opposite reaction to throw out the disease. The organism's reactive powers are not used; the vital force

gradually sinks away and the suppressed symptoms gradually gain strength and appear in the form of chronic diseases.

It was truly said by Southey that Man creates the evils he endures. Never was this saying truer than in the matter of health. There are possibly more instances and cases of sickness to-day than in ancient times although modern towns abound in clinics, nursing homes and hospitals, not to speak of the innumerable practitioners of Modern Medicine.

Homoeopathic medicines act by rousing the body's reactive powers. In its pathogenesis, every drug has a primary and a secondary action. The latter corresponds to the reactive powers of the body. For instance, Opium produces constipation in its primary action; the secondary action is diarrhoea. Sleep is its primary action; wakefulness, its secondary. Antimony Tart, among other symptoms, produces copious mucus secretion, particularly of the respiratory tract. This is its primary action and when the same is administered in a minute dose (say the 200th potency) to a person suffering from Broncho-pneumonia with rattling in the chest, other symptoms corresponding, the secondary action of the drug corresponds to the reaction of the body. The disease is consequently thrown out in an

amazingly short time. Homoeopathic medicine has thus helped Nature to cure the disease. The cure is permanent and the bodily powers are unimpaired, nay, increased. The tendency of the patient to fall ill once again becomes lessened on the same principles of vaccination. It would be interesting to note what the Concise Universal Encyclopaedia Edited by J. A. Hammerton has to say about Homoeopathy. "The term Homoeopathy and the scientific investigation on which it is based are due to Samuel Hahnemann (1755—1843) who was the first to think of the possibility of using the virus of a disease as a remedy. This led to vaccination, inoculation and serum treatment. In many ways the discoveries of Hahnemann have profoundly influenced the medical practice of the present day".

Today, from rabies to polio, from typhoid to tuberculosis, there is a vaccine for the preventive inoculation against any disease. This is nothing more than the Homoeopathic inducement of the disease by means of the virus and the consequent rousing of the body's reactive powers. But, when it comes to a question of the treatment of actual diseases, the prevailing medical practice makes a complete *volte face* and uses the allopathic method of suppressing the symptoms by massive and injurious medication.

What we need in India is not the invasion of the villages by the allopaths, but the recognition of Homoeopathy and the appointment of qualified Homoeopathic medical practitioners to run rural clinics. There is no better way of preserving people's health.

DIARAJ

(Homoeopathic Medicine)

A Medicine for Diabetes prepared according to the Homoeopathic Pharmacopoea from some rare and useful Indian herbs. Reduces sugar in urine without causing any harm.

Composition:

Gymnema Sylvestre, Eugenia Jambolane. Memordica Muricata, Aegle Marmelos etc.

Dose: One tablet per dose 3 times a day after food.

Price: Rs. 3/- per 50 Tablets Packing.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

(Props: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.,
KUMBAKONAM (S. India))

GUARD YOUR FAMILY'S HEALTH
WITH
THE 25 H. P. P. Specifics
(Dr. Murty's Homoeopathic Poly-Pharmaceutical
Specifics for all diseases)

THE IDEAL FAMILY MEDICAL CHEST

containing
READY TO USE REMEDIES

against

Children's Illnesses: Colds and Coughs, Indigestion, Vomiting, Colic, Flatulence, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Constipation, Whooping Cough, Tonsillitis, Liver Complaints, Skin diseases, etc.

Ladies' Complaints: Menstrual disorders, Leucorrhoea, Hysteria, etc.

Men's Ailments: Lumbago, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Diabetes etc.,

General Diseases: Such as, Malaria, Nephritis, Dropsy, impotency, paralysis, epilepsy, etc.

Each Bottle of H. P. P. Specifics costs Re. ONE only
Teak-wood Box to contain 24 Specifics Rs. 2-50 nP.
(Sales Tax, Packing and forwarding charges extra)

For further particulars, please contact :

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS,
MADRAS — KUMBAKONAM — MADURAI

THAT ELUSIVE COMMON COLD

M. DATTATHRIYA H. M. D. S.

Of the diseases of the upper respiratory tract, the common cold is the most illustrious example, because it is certainly the most common infection that afflicts and annoys mankind from infancy to old age. It has been estimated that cold outnumbers other diseases by 25 to 1. Cold in the head, cold in the nose, catarrh rhinitis, coryza are all synonymous words used to describe the common cold. If along with the nose, the throat is also infected, the disease is called nasopharyngitis. Then there are diseases such as pharyngitis when the throat is red and sore laryngitis with hoarse voice and barking cough when the disease is located in the larynx; and trachitis when the windpipe is involved with an irritating cough. All these are generally a result of the common cold or a complication of the common cold. Sometimes, however, each of these may be due to separate infections.

Common cold is an inflammatory process affecting the upper respiratory tract in which the air sinuses and tubes may also be involved. It is caused by one of several viruses. Scientists are still engaged in research in an attempt to find out exactly which viruses cause colds. But till now all that they know is that the colds are caused by viruses and that they are spread from person to person. Suscep-

tibility to cold is universal. It tends to diminish with age, but shows much variation from individual to individual and even in the same individual it shows variations under different conditions. Infants in arms do not get colds so frequently because they are not exposed to infection by contact with people who have colds, and not because they are immune to colds. Colds become more frequent in children when they are old enough to go to school where they mingle together in class rooms or the play grounds. Children who have respiratory allergy are more susceptible to frequent colds and acute respiratory infections because they are more sensitive to the viruses which cause the cold, and bacteria which cause the complications. No one develops immunity to colds, and if at all an immunity is developed it is only temporary and does not last beyond a few weeks. The infective agent is air-borne and is spread by droplets of mucous (fine spray) expelled from the nose and nasopharynx by sneezing, talking and coughing. The portal entry is the nasal and pharyngeal mucosa and sometimes the conjunctival sac. The inflammation starts from the nose, throat or larynx and spreads to other parts, and sometimes into the sinuses where it may produce suppuration. The early symptoms soon get aggravated, the

mucous membrane of the nose gets swollen and causes obstruction to nasal breathing. When a person with cold sneezes, coughs or talks, he scatters cold virus in droplets into the air around him. These droplets when inhaled at close range infect those around him. It happened to me once when I was caught unawares while examining the throat of a child. It suddenly coughed, spraying my face with droplets of infected mucus, and within twelve hours I actually caught a cold. The infection is also indirectly transmitted by handkerchiefs, utensils, drinking cups and glasses and articles soiled by the discharges of patients having colds. When you know that you are exposed to infection in a

company keep your mouth shut as far as possible. The incubation period is from 12 to 72 hours. This period is shortened if the body is chilled or exposed to wet. The infection is most catching the first day. But by the fourth or fifth day, and in any case after the sixth day the virus may not be transferable to others.

The first warning signal of a cold is a dry irritating feeling or stuffiness in the nose or back of the throat. It commences with lassitude, a sense of weight and pressure in the head, sneezing, watery eyes, and obstruction of one or both nostrils with a profuse discharge, at first mucoid but which within 10 to 12 hours becomes mucopurulent. Taste

SODHARI FOR LADIES' COMPLAINTS

Acts well in Amenorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Metrorrhagia, Menorrhoea, Leucorrhoea etc.

Also a good medicine against habitual abortions especially at third or fourth month.

PRICE: Rs 3/- for 1 oz. Bottle with dropper.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
Homeo House :: Kumbakonam

and smell may also be impaired. When the cold is more severe the above symptoms are followed by cough, hoarseness, sore throat, tenderness and swelling of nostrils, soreness and aching of limbs, fatigue, more or less fever, loss of appetite etc. If the condition of the constitution is vigorous, or if judicious treatment is resorted to by taking suitable Homoeopathic remedies, the symptoms soon subside. In other cases, or if neglected, the complaint may assume the form of Bronchitis, Broncho-pneumonia, Pneumonia, Quinsy etc. In a few cases pulmonary tuberculosis may follow a neglected cold. Often the morbid process may also spread from the mucous membrane to the epidermis inflaming the nose wings and upper lip, or cause erysipelatos inflammation of the face. It may spread upwards into the frontal sinuses, or through the lachrymal duct to the lachrymal sac and conjunctiva, or affect the eustachian tubes causing affections of the ears such as ringing in the ears or temporary deafness etc. Charles Dickens has described the symptoms of common cold in one of his writings in his inimitable style, as follows:

"I am at the moment deaf in the ears, hoarse in the throat, red in the nose, green in the gills, damp in the eyes, twitchings in the joints and fractions in temper from a most intolerant and oppressive common cold." It may be emphasised here that many infectious diseases begin with the symptoms of a common

cold. For example Diphtheria, Measles, Chicken pox, Whooping Cough, Meningitis, Influenza and several other diseases seem like a common cold at the commencement. If there is much constitutional disturbance, if the person affected is frail and old, if the patient suffers from pulmonary disease, diabetes mellitus or nephritis, the cold must be taken seriously, a competent Homoeopathic Physician consulted and the patient must rest in bed until he is free from the cold.

There are many other factors besides the presence of the virus in catching cold. The general predisposing causes are exposure to draughts of cold air; wet footwear or clothing; insufficient clothing when the body is cooling after being heated; perspiring and then getting chilled; damp beds; passing from heated rooms to cold rooms or into open air; frequenting stuffy; ill-ventilated and crowded rooms and theatres. Over-fatigue, mal-nutrition or illness may also weaken the power of the body's resistance to infection. Weather also plays its part. Cold weather does not induce a cold as commonly believed. It is the change in weather from warm to sudden cold that causes cold.

There are many cold "cures" and "preventives" advertised by commercial firms in the shape of pills, capsules, powders, syrups etc. Do not have faith in such highly advertised methods of cold prevention and cure. These contain drugs which are

generally not tolerated by all. Some persons may be allergic to one or more of the drugs used in them. Some of them are of questionable value. Some of the nose drops contain oil which is drawn into the lungs setting up lipoid pneumonia. Antihistamines so much advertised as the panacea for all allergic diseases including colds often suppress the symptoms of a cold, but they do not prevent or cure it. I have seen some children who, after treatment with antihistamine drugs, were sicker than they were before using them. In a few cases the children had pneumonia. The fact that the drugs had suppressed the cold symptoms had made the parents believe that the children were cured. Ointments and liniments

which are now advertised even on the radio and the screen contain drugs like Camphor and Eucalyptal; though they may help to relieve nasal congestion and the irritability of the larynx and trachea temporarily, they do not prevent or cure cold. Cough syrup may be helpful to dilute the mucus and relieve the cough; but this too does not cure. There is no special vaccine or serum for the prevention of colds. The so-called "cold vaccines" are made of various bacteria which infect the nose and throat. They are not made of the viruses that cause the cold. They do not therefore help to develop an immunity to colds. Removal of tonsils and adenoid does not prevent children from catching

SKOOKUM-CHUCK 3x

(B & T Homoeopathic Preparation)

This is an anti-Psoric medicine and has strong affinity for skin and mucous membranes.

It is indicated in Inflammation of middle ear, excess of uric acid in the blood, Catarrh, Urticaria, Skin affections, Eczema, Dry Skin, Hay fever, Profuse Coryza and constant sneezing.

Available in 2 gr. Tablets

Packing: $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. bottle Rs. 1-25

1 oz. bottle Rs. 2-00

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

(Props: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.,)

KUMBAKONAM

frequent colds. On the other hand, when these are removed cough and bronchitis more generally result from cold.

Sometime back I was called on to treat a child of twelve years for cold. The child had a predisposition to catch cold without any apparent cause. It was so allergic to cold that for at least ten months in the year it was afflicted with cold. About seven or eight Allopathic doctors including E. N. T. specialists had tried to cure the child of the cold. It was given cold vaccine, treated with sulphur and antibiotic drugs, antihistamines, overdosed with vitamins, exposed to ultra violet rays etc; all without success. Relief if obtained was only temporary lasting for a week or two. Except for the frequent cold, the child was normal in other respects. It had no sinus trouble and its tonsils and adenoid were normal. The parents wanted to try Homoeopathy as a last resort. I gave it Bacillinum 30, 200 and 1000 and then Natrum Mur 12 for two months at two doses a day. It is now free from its habitual cold.

The common household Ayurvedic remedy for an ordinary common cold in India is to give to the patient a warm decoction of cinnamon bark, black pepper and dry ginger sweetened with a little honey at the beginning of an attack. It is generally given at night and the patient made to go to bed immediately after taking the decoction and cover himself

with a blanket to induce sweating. Next morning he is generally free from cold.

It is easy to arrest the cold at the initial stage by the use of appropriate Homoeopathic remedies. The superiority of Homoeopathy is that it is able to meet the disease in its incipient stages as well as in all its later developments too. It cures safely, pleasantly and surely all the varieties of affections. The following are some of the Homoeopathic remedies useful for common cold. These must be used according to the symptoms, referring to the materia medica where there is any doubt.

In the early stage Camphor 6x generally arrests the progress of the cold. Natrum Mur 30 or Ferrum Phos 30 are also effective. If there is feverishness Aconite 30 may be given.

In the first stage with running of nose during the day and stoppage of it during night Nux Vomica 30 is helpful. When the nose is dry and obstructed with headache Bryonia 30 may be given.

In the second stage, i. e. running of nose Mercurius, Allium Cepa, Sepia and Arsenicum 30 may be given. If there is cough also Justicia Adathoda 30 may be given.

In the third stage when there is yellow or green discharge Pulsatilla or Sulphur 30 may be given.

Other remedies are Aesculus hip; Ammonium Mur; Anacardium; Antimonium Tart; Argentum Nit; Baryta carb; Belladonna; Bromium; Calcarea Carb;

Causticum; Chamomilla; China;
Colchicum; Dioscorea; Drosera;
Eucalyptus; Eupatorium; Euph-
rasia; Gelsimium; Hepar;
Hydrastis; Kali Bichrom; Kali
Mur; Lycopodium; Mercurius;
Sabadilla; Sambucus; Silicea;
Sulphur.

For disposition to take cold:
Bell; Calc; Coff; Dulc; Nitr.
ac; Nux V; Puls; Rhus; Sil.

Snufflis of infants: Ammon
Carb; Chamomilla; Nux Vom;
Pulsatilla; Sambucus.

*When one is liable to be affected
by cold air:* Bry; Calc;
Carbo V; Cham; Merc; Rhus.

If cold weather brings in cold:
Aloe; Ars; Baryta Carb; Bell;
Calc; Camph; Caps; Dulc;
Nux m; Nux V; Sabad.

*For sensitiveness to draughts of
air:* Acon; Anac; Belladonna;
Calc; Cham; Chin; Sil.

For sensitiveness to cold air:
Carbo V; Merc; Nitr ac.

*For sensitiveness to damp
weather:* Bry; Sil.

*For sensitiveness to every change
of weather:* Calc; Carbo V;
Dulc; Merc; Veratr.

*For tendency to catch cold
frequently:* Bacilinum fol-
lowed by Natrum Mur 12 for
two months.

SECRETIN

Glandular Homoeopathic product
(PREPARED FROM B & T ORIGINAL)

Activates the intestinal pancreatic secretions
and stimulates the peristalsis of the
intestines and helps to relieve constipation.

Available:

In 2 gr. tablets in 3x potencies

Price : 60 Tablets Re. 1-00.

INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
Homeo House KUMBAKONAM

RARE HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICINES AND NOSODES

We offer the following from a recent consignment
received by us from B. & T. America.

30th and 200th potencies of:

Orchitinum	Negundiam
Septicaem	Malaria Off.
Coryza	Arundo Maur.
Staphylococcin	Fistula Dent.
Blatta Americana	Sycotic s.
Dysentery	Proteus
Anthraxin	Upas. Tieut.
Plaguinum	Tribulus Terr.
Pyrara	Eosin.
Nat. Selenicum	Aviare.
Picrotoxin.	Hog cholera Blood.
Mel Cum Sale.	Pneumococcin.
Xerophyl. Tenax.	Salversan
Chapparro Am.	Scabies
Gonorrhin.	Kali Iod.

The following high potencies are also available.

Both 10 M and CM

Iodium	Syphilinum
Colocynth	Staphylococcin
Arnica	Streptococcin
Baryta Carb.	Pneumococcin
Calc. Phos.	Syco Syphilinum
	Tuberculinum Bov.

For particulars please contact:

Indian Institute of Homoeopaths
Homeo House :: KUMBAKONAM

NEWS & NOTES

ANAESTHESIA BY ELECTRICITY

Doctors can now put a person to sleep for an operation just by applying an electric current. An electrode is applied to each temple of the patient after pre-operation sedative has been given. The patient slips into "slumber" at about 50 milliamperes. When the subject awakes there is no recollection of pain of the operation nor is there any sign of nausea or other disturbances. The come-back to consciousness is remarkably quick as the patient is able to recover consciousness within a minute after taking off the electrode. There are also no harmful effects on the heart or brain.

A NAIL IN THE HEART

A Lithuanian surgeon has removed a nail from the heart of a man who himself drove it in 20 years ago in a desperate attempt to end his life and foil Nazi torturers, it was reported in Moscow on Feb 24. Tass said the man, Vintas Maurukas, resolved to kill himself after he was thrown into jail and tortured when the Nazis occupied his country. He hammered a nail pulled from his planked prison bed into his chest where he felt his heart beat, but it only reached the covering of the heart. He carried the nail in his heart until a surgeon in the Lithuanian capital of Vilna extracted it some days ago.

SMOKERS' DILEMMA

Despite the widely known evil effects of smoking, there does not seem to be any perceptible decrease in this age-long indulgence. Umpteen reports have been published, several treatises on the subject have been written, many an exhortation has been tried, but the trend for smoking has not registered any the least decline. On the contrary we hear of many and more tobacco factories boosting up their production every year and there are more smokers all over the world. Tobacco from very early times has been a popular stimulant in almost all countries of the world. Although an ephemeral stimulant the after-effects of its continued use, have posed a problem in the medical field, showing alarming increase in death rates especially among cigarette smokers. Pipe or cigar smokers are said to be less affected than the cigarette smokers. In 1959 the Royal College of Physicians, England set up a committee specially to conduct researches in the after-effects of smoking and submit a report. After thorough and exhaustive study, deliberations and experiments for three years, the committee have now released the report; "Death rates from lung cancer increase steeply with increasing consumption of cigarettes". The report added; "smoking is a cause of lung cancer though there are other causes as air pollution and substances met in a few occupations.

None of these is of such general importance as smoking if the habit ceased, the number of deaths caused by lung cancer should fall steeply in the course of time. Those who give up smoking have a reduced death rate'. The report said that the composition of tobacco smoke is complex. About 300 compounds have been identified in it. Pipes and cigars, have been found to be less severe in doing harm. Cigarettes when smoked fast, burnt at a higher temperature. It has been assessed that 90 per cent of the nicotine in cigarettes are absorbed while smokers inhaled the smoke. The heart, the blood vessels, the digestive tract and the kidneys are parts affected by the nicotine. The report further said that smoking could cause bronchitis too, besides causing lung cancer. Smoking might also aid the development of

pulmonary tuberculosis especially among middle aged people. Frequent cases of cancer heart diseases have been reported fatal among cigarette smokers. Smoking is said to delay healing gastric and duodenal ulcers, besides playing a part in causing arterial disease.

Just a week after the publication in papers of the report of the medical committee in England which frightened the public and drove the smokers mad as how to give up smoking, came the anti-smoking pills which have proved effective in stopping the craving for smoking. The normal course for a smoker is 15 to 30 tablets. These are tablets of buffered *Lobeline* which is obtained from the *lobelia* plant and has similar properties to nicotine. These pills are said to possess properties which kill the desire to smoke.

TESTES

HOMOEOPATHIC GLANDULAR PRODUCT
(PREPARED FROM B & T ORIGINAL)

Gives relief in cases of Senility, Neurasthenis, Impotency etc., if these are due to the insufficiency of Testicular cells.

Available in 2 gr. tablets in 3x potency

price : 60 Tablets Re. 1-00

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
HOMEO HOUSE :: KUMBAKONAM

AN OINTMENT FOR EVERY OCCASION

AESCULUS	...	for Blind Piles.
APIS	...	for Stings of Insects; inflammations
ARNICA	...	for Bruises, Blows, Sprains, Corns.
BELLADONNA	...	In place of Belladonna Plasters.
BRYONIA	...	for Rheumatism, hot, shiny, red. Swellings of joints.
CALENDULA	...	for Torn and jagged Wounds; Burns; warts or nails cut close.
CANTHARIS	...	in Burns where Skin is unbroken.
GRAPHITES	...	Eczema, Herpes Zoster, Sores between toes.
HAMAMELIS	...	Bleeding Piles.
HYDRASTIS	...	Sores of all sorts; Rodent Ulcers.
PHYTOLACCA	...	All mammary inflammations.
RHUS TOX	...	Glandular Swellings: Rheumatism.
SULPHUR	...	All Skin affections.
THUJA	...	Warts and fungus growths; dressing in Gonorrhoea.

Each available in $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Tins at 0-75 nP. each

Also

KINGONG

The King of Ointments

in $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Tins @ Re. 1 each

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

Homeo House

::

KUMBAKONAM

Madras Office: 6, Stringers St., G. T. MADRAS-1

Madurai Office: 4, Manjanakara St., MADURAI

ALTOBEX



KING OF TONICS



INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

(Props: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Limited)

KUMBAKONAM

Regd. No. M 5070

Homoeopathic Liniment

for Sprains, Pains, Swellings, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica etc.

NOT TO BE RUBBED—Gently apply and the pain vanishes in no time



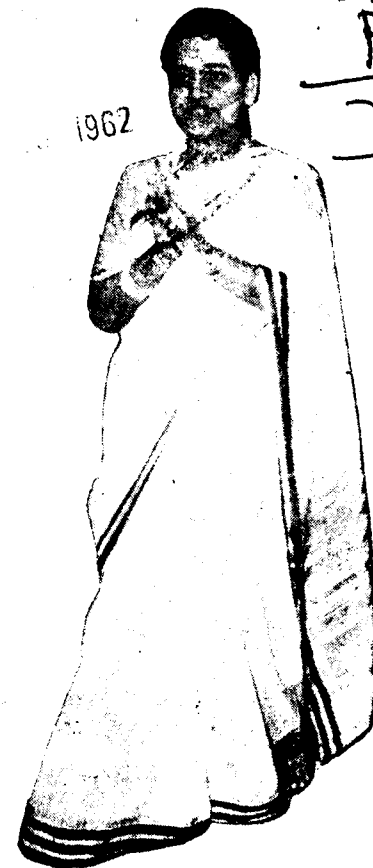
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

(Props: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Limited)

KUMBAKONAM & BRANCHES

HOMOEOPATHY

JUNE 1962



Srimathi JOTHI VENCATACHELLUM

The Hon'ble Minister for Health, Madras State who inaugurated
The All India Homoeopathic Convention, on 13th May 1962.

BAHOLA

MONTHLY
JOURNAL OF THE
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

BAHOLA HOMOEOPATHIC LINIMENT

An Excellent External Application for all Aches, Pains, Sprains, Swellings, Backache, Lumbago, Sciatica, bee stings etc.

(Contains only Homoeopathic Remedies)

DIRECTIONS:

Apply with a clean cloth or cotton on the affected parts. Need not be rubbed in; may be used twice or three times a day for quick & marvellous results.

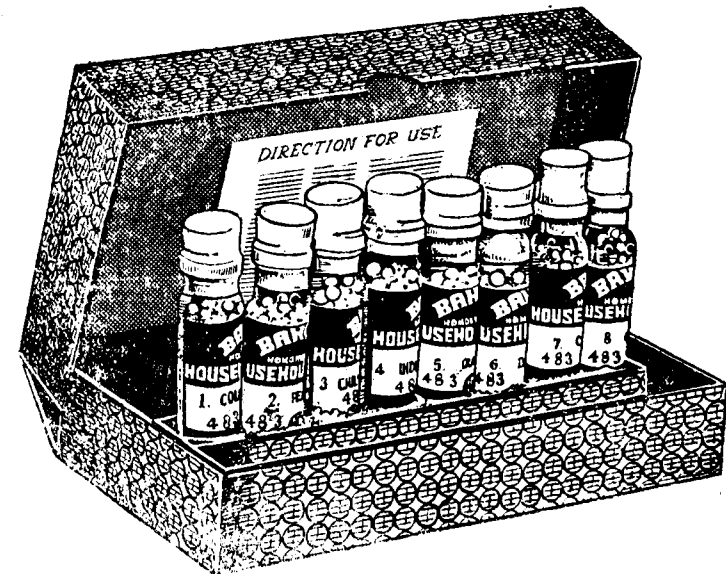
Price per bottle of 50 cc. Rs. 2-75 np.

Available at:

Indian Institute of Homoeopaths
KUMBAKONAM

& ALL BRANCHES AND STOCKISTS

Bahola Household Remedies



A set of eight remedies for common ailments that beset every household and family. Packed in a neat, handy box with detailed instructions.

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| (1) Cold, Headache etc., | (5) Diarrhoea |
| (2) Fevers | (6) Dysentery |
| (3) Children's ailments | (7) Constipation |
| (4) Indigestion and Colic | (8) Cough |

Price of Small set	...	Rs. 3/-
Price of Big set	...	Rs. 5/-

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

6. Stringers Street,
MADRAS-1

Homeo House,
KUMBAKONAM

4, Manjanakara Street,
MADURAI-1

(Also available with all our Stockists)

KENT'S REPERTORY

Published after careful corrections of all the misprints in the SIXTH AMERICAN EDITION, magnificently leather-bound with thumb-index; printing, and get-up is better than all other editions. Price Rs. 65/- with usual discount and one copy (free) of "Essentials of Homoeopathic Philosophy and the Place of Repertory in Homoeopathic Practice" by Dr. B. K. Sarker, M. B. D. M. S.

Other important books:

Ansetze's	—"New, Old & Forgotten Remedies"	Rs. 16-00
Allen's	—"Intermittent Fever"	Rs. 15-00
Blackwood's	—"Materia Medica"	Rs. 12-00
Boericke & Dewey's	—"12 Tissue Remedies"	Rs. 10-50
Boericke's	—"Materia Medica"	Rs. 22-00
Boericke's	—"Principles of Homoeopathy"	Rs. 6-00
Burnett's	—"Vaccinosis"	Rs. 3-00
Cartier's	—"Respiratory Organs"	Rs. 5-50
Conant's	—"Obstetric Mentor"	Rs. 4-00
Doughlass's	—"Skin Diseases"	Rs. 10-00
Kent's	—"Materia Medica"	Rs. 24-00
Lutze's	—"Facial & Sciatic Neuralgias"	Rs. 5-00
Nash's	—"Leaders in Homoeopathic Therapeutics"	Rs. 9-00
Robert's	—"Sensations As If"	Rs. 12-00
Ruddock's	—"Tuberculosis of Lungs"	Rs. 4-00
Small's	—"Manual of Practice"	Rs. 15-00
Shannon's	—"Repertory of Tissue Remedies"	Rs. 12-00
Underwood's	—"Headache"	Rs. 5-00

Hahnemann's "ORGANON OF MEDICINE"

Translated from the 5th Edition with an appendix by R. E. Dudgeon, M. D., with additions & alterations as per 6th Edition translated by Boericke and Foreword by Dr. B. K. Sarker, M. B., D. M. S. ...Rs. 10-00

For full particulars please write to

ECONOMIC HOMEO PHARMACY

Pharmacutists, Importers, Exporters & Govt. Suppliers

Sole Prop: Dr. SUKUMAR ROY

HEAD OFFICE:

89, Netaji Subhas Road,
CALCUTTA-1
Phone: 22-4731

BONDED LABORATORY:

197/A, Kasba Road,
CALCUTTA-42
Phone: 46-6174

THE HOMOEOPATHY

Managing Editor: Dr. V. R. MURTY

JUNE

1962

CONTENTS

The Homoeopathic College	...	5
The All India Homoeopathic Convention	...	9
Welcome Address by Dr. V. R. Murty	...	19
Speech by the Hon'ble Minister,		
Smt. Jothi Vencatachellum	...	39
Presidential Address by Dr. Dilip Singh	...	43
Speech by Shri R. Guruswamy	...	51
Speech by Dr. Sukumar Roy	...	55
Resolutions	...	61
Convention Echoes	...	65
News & Notes	...	67
Facilities in Rural Areas	...	69
Homoeopathy	...	71

ALL INDIA HOMOEOPATHIC CONVENTION KUMBAKONAM

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths Old Boys' Association, the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths and on my own behalf I hereby convey my heartfelt thanks to all who co-operated with us in making the Convention a great success. We are indeed grateful to every one.

16-5-62

DR. V. R. MURTY

Message Received from
Dr. S. RADHAKRISHNAN



VICE-PRESIDENT
INDIA

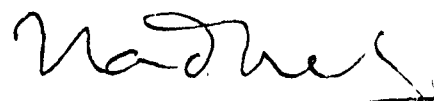
NEW DELHI
May 10, 1962.

Dear Shri Murty,

Thank you for your letter.

I send my best wishes for
the success of your function.

Yours sincerely,


(S. Radhakrishnan)

Dr. V. R. Murty,
Homeo House,
Kumbakonam
(Madras State)

The HOMOEOPATHY

VOL. XI

JUNE 1962

Book 6

THE HOMOEOPATHIC COLLEGE

A vista of bright future for Homoeopathy is opened up as a result of the All India Homoeopathic Convention held last month at Kumbakonam, under the auspices of the Old Boys' Association of the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths. It is an augury of bright days to come for the Homoeopaths of our State with prospects of orderly dissemination of Homoeopathic knowledge and practice of the system with an amount of austerity.

It was only in the fitness of things that the Hon'ble Minister for Health of the State, Srimathi Jothi Vencatachellum, who inaugurated the Convention, asked Dr. V. R. Murty to start a Homoeopathic College in the State. The Hon'ble Minister was all praise for Homoeopathy and promised all support from the Government in this connection. A full report of the speech of the Hon'ble Minister at the Convention is published elsewhere in this issue.

It is gratifying to note that Dr. V. R. Murty who has been guiding the Homoeopaths of the State all these years has taken up the matter in right earnest. It is understood that a special meeting is being convened this month at Madras mainly to chart out solid programmes for setting up the college early.

It has been rightly suggested at this hour that the proposed Homoeopathic College may be so set up as to be suitable for the training of Homoeopaths for serving in the villages, in view of the dearth of doctors to serve in the rural areas. It is an already accepted fact that the problem of providing adequate medical practitioners to the villages will remain unsolved for many years to come, as it had remained unsolved all these years. The reason is that the medical graduates of modern medicine are not coming forward to opt service in the villages after a study in the Medical Colleges for 5 years and 7 years, because the villages do not proffer any charm or prospects of lucrative practice. As such, the problem of providing medical service in the villages can be best solved if the proposed Homoeopathic College can turn out the medical personnel in sufficient numbers to serve in the villages. Students seeking admission in the college should have average educational standard, and we can expect to train and turn out adequate number of such hands to meet the demand of the rural areas and thus solve the problem of medical relief in the villages on a permanent basis. This would enable a large number of students of ordinary means also to take up Homoeopathic College study.

A course of study for three years on Homoeopathy is considered sufficient to prepare the Homoeopaths and make them fit to serve in the rural areas. The minimum educational qualification should be S. S. L. C. standard. Another important point that has to be borne in mind is that only pure Homoeopathy should be taught in this College and there should not be any combined study of the other systems. Such a college would prove useful not only to the Homoeopaths as a whole but also to the entire state in solving firstly the problem of medical service in the villages.

It is also opined that if such a college is founded in collaboration with any of the Institutions such as Gandhiniketan Ashram or any Institutions which do social service, it would be possible to obtain a condition conducive to promote efficient service in the villages. This is possible because the back-ground of any social service institutions invariably is one of service, and a bent of mind for voluntary service in any places, especially in the rural areas is easy to obtain in such an atmosphere. This, however, is only a suggestion.

Under the able leadership and guidance of Dr. V. R. Murty and the active co-operation of the enthusiasts all over the State, we hope the Homoeopathic College would come into being in the very near future.

We, the office bearers of the Old Boys' Association, of the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths, Kumbakonam, thank all those who had co-operated with us in making the Convention a success held under the auspices of the Old Boys' Association of the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths, Kumbakonam, on the 13th and 14th May 1962.

We also earnestly solicit the active co-operation of all Homoeopaths in our endeavour to promote the cause of Homoeopathy in our State.

Dr. R. Mookappa Chettiar,
Vice-President

Dr. K. V. Swamy
President.

Dr. E. Shahul Hameed,
Dr. M. Kalyanasundaram.

} Joint Secretaries

OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION OF THE
INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
KUMBAKONAM



EASY DELIVERY TABLETS

One of the finest uses for which Homoeopathic Medicines are used by all schools of medicine is for EASY DELIVERY.

'BAHOLA' EASY DELIVERY TABLETS, if used during pregnancy, keep the lady free from so many ailments generally appearing during this period, and also aid in developing a normal pregnancy and normal easy delivery. Even cases in which previous deliveries have been difficult and complicated have benefitted by taking BAHOLA BRAND EASY DELIVERY TABLETS during subsequent deliveries.

DOSE: One Tablet at a time, three times a day throughout pregnancy or at least after the sixth month till delivery, makes delivery a matter of course, (unless there are anatomical impediments.) When labour pains start give two tablets every 15 minutes with a little hot water. The tablets have to be dissolved in water in the mouth and then swallowed.

Packing :
In Bottles of 100 Tablets

Price Rs. 3—00 each bottle

**INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
KUMBAKONAM**



THE ALL INDIA HOMOEOPATHIC CONVENTION KUMBAKONAM

13th & 14th May 1962

The rich melody of the "Nadaswaram" filled the air and neighbourhood of the grand Convention 'pandal' on the morning of the Convention day. As though without any special arrangement with Nature, the weather was very, very pleasant and the cool breeze that sailed aloft kept away the warmth of the summer sun.

At the stroke of nine, the 'pandal' was packed to capacity. All were agog for the arrival of the Hon'ble Minister to inaugurate the Convention, and rightly as expected Srimathi Jothi

Venkatachellum, Minister for Health, accompanied by Dr. V. R. Murty, Managing Director, Indian Institute of Homoeopaths Kumbakonam, Dr. Dilip Singh, the President, Dr. Sukumar Roy, Sri Guruswamy and others arrived and took their seats in the dais.

After prayer by Kumari Prema, Dr. V. R. Murty welcomed the gathering. In the course of his speech he spoke at length on the immediate necessity for setting up a Homoeopathic Board in the State of Madras and for the establish-

ment of a Homoeopathic College with a Hospital attached to it in the State. He also emphasized on the importance and need for bringing uniformity of rules regarding Homoeopathy in all the States, which today are at great variance. He further requested the Government of Madras to consider the immense scope of Homoeopathy in the service to the people. At every pause of Dr. V. R. Murty's speech which was in eloquent English, Dr. E. Shahul Hameed, the Organising Secretary of the Convention gave Tamil rendering of the speech.

The Hon'ble Minister, declaring the Convention open addressed the gathering in fluent and eloquent English. She was happy that our country had taken long strides in the development of Homoeopathy. She also referred to the earlier action taken by the Madras Ministry in promoting Homoeopathy in the State. She promised full support of the Government in encouraging this system of medicine which has proved widely popular throughout the country. The Hon'ble Minister asked Dr. V. R. Murty to start a Homoeopathic College and she assured him all support from the Government. She also deplored the malpractice of some bogus institutions which merely existed for making easy money by issuing worthless diplomas without even giving any training on the subject. The Hon'ble Minister suggested as a remedial measure to bring in suitable legislation which would put an

end to such malpractices. She also said that she was already aware of the efficacy of this system.

Then Shri Guruswamy, Secretary of the Gandhiniketan Ashram, Kallupatti, Madurai District, unveiled the portrait of Mahatma Gandhi and delivered a short but lively speech on his experience with Homoeopathy. He said that he found Homoeopathy to be a convenient system of Medicine for the people of our countryside.

Then it was Dr. Sukumar Roy's opportunity to unveil the portrait of Dr. Hahnemann, the Master. He traced the history of Homoeopathy in India and the Acts and legislations that controlled its destiny in our land. He stressed the importance of unity among Homoeopaths in order to achieve solidarity and power to this system. He expressed his hope that Homoeopathy would flourish as a full-fledged system of medicine in the near future.

Dr. K. V. Swamy, on behalf of the Old Students of the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths, Kumbakonam and the Tamil Nad Homoeopathic Practitioners, presented a welcome address to the Hon'ble Minister, Smt. Jothi Vencatachellum. Dr. R. Jyotirmayam, Director, Indian Institute of Homoeopaths Kumbakonam, presented a set of books on Homoeopathy. Dr. Dattathriya of Madurai, presented an address to Dr. V. R. Murty on behalf of the Old Boys of the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths, Kumbakonam.

Several messages of goodwill and greetings received from well-wishers were read at the Convention by Dr. K. V. Swamy. Messages were received from Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, the President of India, Dr. P. Subbarayan, Governor of Maharashtra, Srimathi Padmaja Naidu, Governor of Bengal, Shri Bishnu Ram Mehdi, Governor of Madras, Shri K. Kamaraj, Chief Minister of Madras, Srimathi Soundaram Ramachandran, Dy. Minister for Education, Shri Bhaktavatsalam, Finance Minister (Madras State), Shri Bhoovarahan, Minister for information, Mr. S. M. A. Majid, Minister for Municipal Administration, Shri Kanakaratnam Retired Auditor General, Ceylon and others.

It was then the President, Dr. Dilip Singh's opportunity to give the presidential address. In his summing up Dr. Dilip Singh pointed out that although all the other States had advanced considerably in promoting Homoeopathy, Madras State had not completed even the preliminaries viz., setting up a Homoeopathic Board and establishing a Homoeopathic College. He urged the need for the founding of a Homoeopathic college in the State without further loss of time. With

the concluding remarks of the President, the convention retired for lunch. The Indian Institute of Homoeopaths had made adequate arrangements for providing free meals to all the participants of the convention on the two days. The meals were served at Homeo House and a special bus was also placed at the disposal of the delegates for conveyance from the Convention pandal to Homeo House at meal time.

The evening session of the Convention was resumed at 3 sharp. It was a free time when delegates who wanted to speak on the subject of Homoeopathy, were offered opportunity. Messrs. Dr. M. R. Ramaswamy Iyengar, Dr. K. S. Venkatesayya, Dr. Swamy Sundarananda, Dr. Markandan, Dr. Vanniaraj and Dr. Arunachalam, read papers which were highly interesting and instructive. At about 4-30 the gathering relaxed for tea, specially arranged by Dr. Sukumar Roy of Calcutta. No sooner was tea-time over, than the gathering were again in their seats.

Then it was time for business. The Old Boys' Association of the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths was formed and the

Copies of
"The HOMOEOPATHY" English and Tamil
are available
at all leading Higginbothams Railway Book Stalls.

Office-bearers were made:

Dr. K. V. Swamy, President.
Dr. Mookappachettiar

Vice President

Dr. E. Shahul Hameed and
Dr. M. Kalyanasundaram

Joint Secretaries

MEMBERS

Dr. P. K. Thiruvengadam
Dr. R. Mohan Trichy
Dr. R. Gopalan. Vedaranyam
Dr. A. Narayanaswamy
Dr. M. S. Kanakasabai
Dr. P. Mehboob Sahib and
Dr. Venkatesaiah

The highlight of the evening was yet to come and it came all too soon. Kumari Vasantha, the talented artiste of Kumbakonam gave a delightful performance of Bharatanatyam. Her

graceful and exquisite dance recitals were highly appreciated.

The second day of the Convention was as bright as the previous one. After a brief but enlightening exposition of an interesting aspect of Homoeopathic diagnosis by Dr. N Tirumurthy of Madras, the Convention went to the next business of passing resolutions. A few but important resolutions were passed.

Last, but not the least, Dr. V. R. Murty took up the opportunity to propose the vote of thanks. In his characteristically exhilarating way of touching people in their hearts, he thanked everyone without exception who had done their part well for the success of the Convention. appointment of the following

BAHOLA EYE DROPS



For Relief of Eye Strain,
Conjunctivitis, Irritation,
Inflammation etc.

Price :

Rs. 2-00 per Bottle of 15 c. c.

BAHOLA EAR DROPS



For all Ear Aches - Irritation
and Pain. It is an Antiseptic
and a Safe Cleaning Agent

Price :

Rs. 2-00 per Bottle of 15 c. c.

INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
"HOMEIO HOUSE" KUMBAKONAM



The Hon'ble Minister being received by Dr. V. R. Murty at the Convention venue



Reception accorded to The Hon'ble Minister Smt. Jothi Vencatachellum



Dr. V. R. Murty leading the Hon'ble Minister to the dais



Welcome Address being presented to the Hon'ble Minister by Dr. K. V. Swamy on behalf of the Old Students of The Indian Institute of Homoeopaths, Kumbakonam.



The Programme of Prayer



Shri R. Guruswamy, Secretary, All India Homoeopathic Convention, Kumbakonam, addressing the gathering after unveiling the portrait of Mahatma Gandhi.



Dr. V. R. Murty discussing a matter with the Hon'ble Minister.



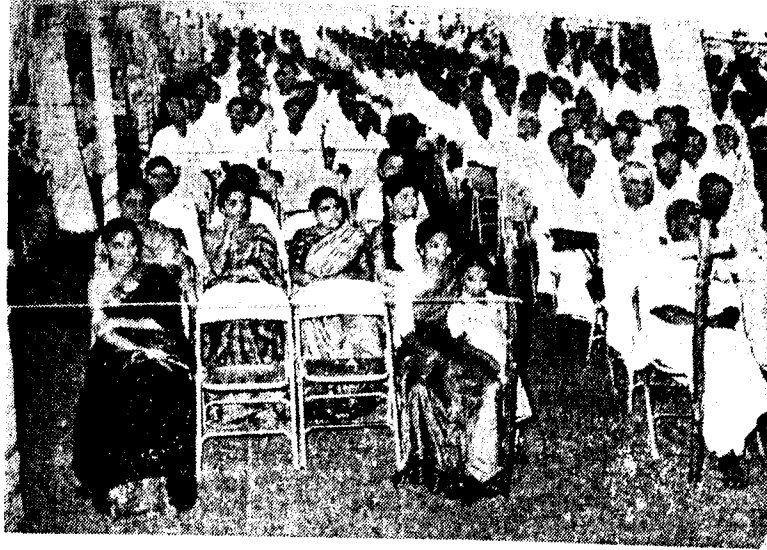
A view of the audience listening to the speeches in rapt attention



Dr. R. Jyotirmayam presenting a set of books on Homoeopathy to the Hon'ble Minister



A view of women delegates who attended the Convention
3



Another view of the women delegates who attended the Convention



A view of the gathering at the Convention watching the proceedings



Dr. V. R. MURTY DELIVERING THE WELCOME ADDRESS

Mr President, Hon'ble Minister, Friends and Comrades.

On behalf of the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths Old Boys' Association, the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths and on my own behalf, I welcome you all to this unique Convention this morning. The Indian Institute of Homoeopaths has been functioning for the last 23 years and I have the proud privilege of being its Founder and the Chief Executive all these years. It was nearly 30 years ago, that I qualified myself as a Homoeopath and set up practice in a small village in this District. Homoeopathy was very little known to the public in those days and the people took advantage of my services not because I was a Homoeopath, because they knew nothing of it, but because I was a doctor. I found then, that with my knowledge of Homoeopathy, I was able to do tremendous service to the people of the villages. Medical aid was not easily available and so they came to me even though I was a new doctor. They found I was useful in times of need. After



EKLITAB

(Homoeopathic Preparation)

This remedy, an excellent combination of indigenous herbs, acts marvellously in all digestive and hepatic disorders at any stage and improves the functions of digestive organs. Chronic indigestion, gastralgia, gastritis, acidity and burning sensation in stomach etc., are relieved by the use of this remedy. Besides being curative for these ailments, this also helps one to recoup health lost due to any of the aforesaid disorders.

Combination: Eclipta Alba Folium, Emblica Phyllanthus and natural yeast.

Dose: One Tablet per dose, 3 times a day; before or after food.

Packing: 50 Tablets in bottles

Price: Rs. 2—50 each

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
(Proprietors: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.)
HOMEO HOUSE :: KUMBAKONAM

have always been organised by some local associations or groups of people. But this Convention has been arranged by an Association of the Old Boys of a single Institute which has the honour of having trained so many workers for the last 23 years. And when the Convention is arranged by my students, I have to associate with them and take the responsibility of leading them so that the object of such a Convention will be truly fulfilled.

As soon as we decided about the Convention, we thought of the Health Minister of the State to inaugurate the same and we approached the Honble Minister, explained the circumstances and requested her presence at our function. We know that having taken up office only recently, she is likely to be very busy and still we approached her. She was so kind to accept our invitation and she is now in our midst today. We are grateful to her for her sympathy towards our cause and for her presence here to inaugurate the Convention and on behalf of all of us, I extend a very hearty welcome to the Minister.

We approached Dr. Dilip Singh, the Principal of the Chandrapur Homoeopathic College run under the auspices of the Chandrapur Homoeopathy Education Society to preside over this Conference and to guide us in our deliberations. We knew that this is the time when examinations take place in all Colleges and as Principal, he could not leave the station and his College work now. Still, on account of the great regard he has for the Institute and the work that it is doing agreed although with very great personal inconvenience to go over to Kumbakonam to preside over our Convention. We extend a warm welcome to Dr. Dilip Singh, the President.

Homoeopathy is a system of medicine based on non-violence. I mean to say that the cures effected by Homoeopathy are mild, gentle and permanent and anything non-violent, you will agree, will only be mild and gentle. Homoeopathy is based on the law of Similars which is a law as true as the law of Gravitation which will never change under any circumstance whatsoever. We all

know that only truth will not change. All others may change and therefore it is, we call the Homoeopathic System as the system of 'Truth and non-violence'. Truth and non-violence were the *manthrams* of our dear father of the Nation, Mahatma Gandhi and during his life time when somebody went and asked Mahatmaji his opinion about the Homoeopathic System of Medicine, he said 'Homoeopathy will not fail in the same way as my truth and non-violence will never fail'. That was the regard of our Mahatmaji towards this system. We thought that it would be proper and necessary that a portrait of Mahatmaji must be in the Conference so that we could draw inspiration from it and to unveil the portrait, we could think of no other person than my dear friend Mr. Guruswami who is living for all that Mahatmaji stood for. On behalf of all of us, I extend a very hearty welcome to Mr. Guruswami, the Secretary of the Gandhi Niketan Ashram, Kallupatti, who will presently unveil the portrait of Mahatma Gandhi.

My friend Dr. Sukumar Roy is here all the way from Calcutta and he has agreed to unveil the portrait of our Master, Dr. Samuel Hahnemann. Dr. Sukumar Roy and myself are connected with each other through Homoeopathy for the last nearly 20 years and we consider ourselves not only as brothers in the Homoeopathic field, but we have developed an intimacy and love for each other as true brothers. Therefore it would be inopportune for me to say much about Dr. Sukumar Roy. However, this much I can say and that is that Dr. Sukumar Roy is connected with Homoeopathy for the last two generations. He is running a very big and most up-to-date Homoeopathic Pharmacy in Calcutta and his pharmacy is the foremost one in India today catering to the needs of Homoeopaths all over India and the East. On behalf of all of us, I extend a very warm welcome to Dr. Sukumar Roy.

I also extend our warm welcome to the numerous delegates and other friends who have come from far and near and the public who are assembled here at our invitation. I wish to assure every one of you that your

presence here in such large numbers is a source of great strength to us in our work and endeavour.

Homoeopathy as a system of medicine capable of doing great service to the people of this country has already been proved beyond any doubt whatsoever. Being a system of medicine that is capable of doing only good, it is, in fact, welcomed by the people who understand the fundamental law of this great science. For the last nearly hundred years many people have been resorting to Homoeopathic treatment in this country. Nowadays we find more and more people resorting to it.

In spite of our having successfully completed two Five Year Plans and our being in the midst of the Third Five Year Plan and in spite of the fact that large amounts are spent in our plans for medical service, we find still a lot to be done. We do not consider our medical Service as adequate to our people. Another factor which is causing anxiety to everyone is the acute scarcity of medical aid in the rural areas of our country. The practitioners of the Allopathic System of Medicine, we are told, are reluctant to settle and serve in the rural areas and therefore, the problem of medical aid in the villages has not been satisfactorily solved so far. We find today that it is Homoeopathy that has spread to the villages and gives the much needed medical aid to our rural population. When I say that this Institute has trained nearly 24,000 Homoeopathic workers, there must be many more trained by other Institutions and I put the total in the whole country as about 5 lacs. The Homoeopathy Enquiry Committee's Report of 1949 has said there were 3 lacs persons in the whole country then. And therefore, these nearly 5 lacs of workers are the ones that actually solve the rural medical problem today to a certain extent.

Allopathic medicine is very costly and naturally, it has to be so on account of the enormous outlay that has got to be put into it. Again, the courses of studies are long drawn and costly. Treatment by Allopathic system has become so

Call Upon Your Nearest

BOERICKE & TAFEL

*Authorized Distributor
for*

COMPLETE & RELIABLE

Stock Of

HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICINES

TINCTURES

DILUTIONS

TABLETS

TRITURATIONS

BIOCHEMIC REMEDIES SUNDRIES.

ALFALFA TONIC

Free Catalogs Upon Request

costly that our people, especially in the rural areas, are neither able to get medical aid, nor are they able to meet the cost if they can get it and it will at once be clear that the State cannot undertake to give free medical aid to everyone and in every place. Even if it wished for it, it is not so very simple.

It is in this background that Homoeopathy has got to be considered and utilised for the benefit of the people of our country. The fact that Homoeopathic treatment is comparatively cheaper than other systems of medicine has to be taken into consideration also. Therefore, we consider it our duty to impress upon the Government the necessity to appreciate the comparative merits of each system of medicine impartially in the context of our Urban and Rural medical requirements and to provide for all of them taking part in the amelioration of the condition of the masses of our country. No doubt, our task is an uphill one; for whenever any question arises of Governmental support, recognition or consultation in respect of medical service, the matter has, for the sake of Governmental procedure, to be referred to its own Medical Departments and the Indian Medical Council who are orthodox practitioners of Allopathy alone. The Departments concerned are so fully staffed with acknowledged allopaths that any question relating to a system other than allopathy, is perforce considered with a bias. It is time therefore that professional Homoeopaths should ask for a Parliamentary Committee consisting of enlightened laymen and practitioners of this system alone to consider and to decide what must be done for this system to give it its legitimate place in Government's plans and policies. This is only a suggestion of mine. It is up to you gathered here to discuss the desirability of such a step.

I have mentioned about things being referred occasionally to Indian Medical Council also. May I say that this is another of our step-mothers? It is a known fact that the Indian Medical Council, constituted as it is at present, does not consist of representatives of any system other than allopathy. To ensure that the views of the Council are

dispassionate with regard to all systems, we must see that all systems are adequately and properly represented on the council. If, for any reason, representation cannot be had for other systems in the Indian Medical Council, we should suggest the possibility of a different Medical Council of same status and footing to safeguard the interests of the other systems.

In spite of these difficulties and lack of proper encouragement, the growth of Homoeopathy in India has been phenomenal. It is now more than half a century since Homoeopathy came to hold its own. For the past few decades interest in the system has steadily increased and we have now quite a number of institutions dedicated to the training in Homoeopathy. Some of these which are outside Madras State are recognised by Government and aided by it.

Now, turning our attention to the State of Madras alone, we feel happy that the State has recognised the system as one useful to the people. But beyond doing this, nothing else has been done so far either to encourage this or to place the teaching and practice of the system on a sound footing. Madras has always a renown for the sobriety and farsightedness with which all its laws are enacted. Probably, we are right in not yet passing any laws in regard to Homoeopathy because we find that the States that have done so, have not done it in a uniform manner. The Laws and Rules about Homoeopathy vary from State to State and there is absolutely no uniformity at all in this respect and this is a great stumbling block to the orderly progress and development of Homoeopathy in this country.

When the Madras Government takes up this matter, it is necessary to see that the Laws and Rules to be framed are not only free from the errors of similar Laws elsewhere, but that they emphatically vouchsafe for the progress of the system and its steady expansion. To make sure that this is done, it will be necessary for us to suggest the inclusion of authorised representatives of the profession in the Committee. In any case, even before the Madras Government takes up

the question, I think that we who have assembled here must impress upon the Government the necessity of the Central Government taking up the matter on an All India level so that Laws and Rules in respect of Homoeopathy would be uniform for the whole of India as this alone will enable Homoeopathy to develop uniformly in all the States.

As a rough estimate, I can say that there are about 30,000 to 40,000 Homoeopaths practising in the Madras State. If an authoritative survey of these practitioners is made, we will find that most of these have had their coaching and training from private institutions. The part played by these practitioners and the institutes that coached them can never be under-rated. But this cannot go on for all times. We must have full fledged colleges.

In order to impress upon the Powers that be about the necessity for a Homoeopathic College in each State, I have pleasure in referring to an appeal issued by no less a person than the President of the Indian Union, Dr. Rajendra Prasad in June last year. This appeal has been published in the Bihar State Homoeopathic Journal, the official organ of the Bihar State Board of Homoeopathic Medicine, Patna. This is what Dr. Rajendra Prasad says:

"Homoeopathy as a system of treating diseases has been gaining popularity in India both on account of its efficacy and cheapness. It has been long felt that, in order to make a supply of efficient practitioners well-versed in the theory and practice of Homoeopathy available to the public, an institution which could give theoretical instruction and practical training to persons desirous of taking up Homoeopathy as their profession was absolutely necessary. A scheme has accordingly been devised by some prominent persons to start a College of Homoeopathy in Patna and a public meeting was held on the 19th April 1941 which adopted a resolution approving of the proposal. Efforts are now afoot and it is hoped that, with public support, it will be possible to establish the institution at an early date and thus remove this longfelt want."

GUARD YOUR FAMILY'S HEALTH
WITH
THE 25 H. P. P. Specifics

(Dr. Murty's Homoeopathic Poly-Pharmaceutical
Specifics for all diseases)

THE IDEAL FAMILY MEDICAL CHEST

containing
READY TO USE REMEDIES

against

Children's Illnesses: Colds and Coughs, Indigestion, Vomiting,
Colic, Flatulence, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Constipation,
Whooping Cough, Tonsillitis, Liver Complaints, Skin
diseases, etc.

Ladies' Complaints: Menstrual disorders, Leucorrhoea
Hysteria, etc.

Men's Ailments: Lumbago, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Diabetes
etc.,

General Diseases: Such as, Malaria, Nephritis, Dropsy,
impotency, paralysis, epilepsy, etc.

Each Bottle of H. P. P. Specifics costs Re. ONE only
Teak-wood Box to contain 24 Specifics Rs. 2-50 nP.
(Sales Tax, Packing and forwarding charges extra)

For further particulars, please contact :

**INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS,
MADRAS — KUMBAKONAM — MADURAI**

June '62

Funds are needed for this and the organisers and sponsors of the Scheme appeal to the generous public to support it with their contributions. It is estimated that a sum of Rs. 50,000/- is needed for starting an efficient institution. When it is remembered that the institution is intended to be the first of its kind in the State and the good it is expected to do by supplying it with physicians who will be able to reach the largest and the poorest strata of the residents of the State with their cheap and effective treatment, the demand will not be considered high as compared with the amount now being spent on education in a sister system of treatment and it is hoped that the State will soon make it possible for the organisers to start the Institution on a sound footing".

While talking of starting of new Colleges and schools, I must refer to one fact. It is not impossible to find one or two philanthropists willing to help in starting a college or two if the Government finds itself unable to do so. We may even collect funds and start a college. But such philanthropy can only help to start. We have seen from experience that it becomes at times difficult to maintain institutions started so magnanimously

It will therefore be more appropriate to utilise the services of Institutions already existing, take advantage of their experience and specify new standards to work up to. That would be an effective and practical thing in solving the problem

As I said before, only the private institutions have been doing the useful service of training persons interested in this branch of medicine. While there are a few well conducted Institutions of which we may be proud, we also find here and there bogus institutions which exploit the ignorant and bring the very system into disrepute. This is an anomaly which we would do well to remove. Such bogus enterprise becomes possible only on account of our not having Laws and Rules to go by.

According to the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations Act and Rules, it is necessary for one to get himself registered in the Collectorates of the districts in which he resides as a Homoeopathic practitioner. Only those that are so registered are authorised to possess and dispense spirituous homoeopathic preparations. When these rules came into force a few years ago, those that were practising then as Homoeopathic Physicians got themselves registered on the strength of the certificates they had obtained from the institutions from which they got themselves trained. This went on very well for some time. But later on, we find that certain unscrupulous persons have started issuing bogus diplomas to all and sundry without proper training or examination and it is said that somehow or other such persons also got their names registered in the Collectorates.

When we find this anomaly in the matter of getting registration in the collectorates we also find that registration is refused for cases where it is absolutely necessary. There are many educated people in other walks of life who have taken up the study of Homoeopathy as a hobby and many such persons are sometimes persons holding high positions. They not only have a very sound knowledge of

SRI K. KAMARAJ,

Chief Minister of Madras, writes:

"I am glad that the All India Homoeopathic Convention is to be held at Kumbakonam on the 13th and 14th May 1962. I send you my message of good wishes on this auspicious occasion for the success of the Convention and to have the best Homoeopathic service done to the public".

—Translated from the message
received in Tamil.

the Science, but they also do philanthropic work during their spare hours by distributing medicines free and otherwise to the needy. These cannot be considered as professional homoeopaths, but still their services cannot be under-estimated. Such persons are not able to get registration as a homoeopathic physician, nor would they wish to apply for registration. But at the same time, without registration they cannot obtain spirituous Homoeopathic preparations and the useful work they do is hampered.

In order to avoid persons who have no need or use to get registered and in order to see that only those that are *bonafide* practitioners are registered, I suggest that the registration in the Collectorates should be restricted to persons who are *bonafide* whole-time practitioners and allowed to obtain and possess at least 200 c.c. of each spirituous Homoeopathic preparation. This will also enable the Government to keep a correct list of *bonafide* whole-time practitioners in the State. At the same time anyone of the public interested in Homoeopathy must be enabled to possess small quantities—say up to 10 c.c. of each spirituous Homoeopathic preparation without any let or hindrance. This is absolutely essential as there are many who are not actual practitioners but nonetheless use only Homoeopathic medicines for themselves and their families and prescribe them to their friends and do some charitable work.

While I am on this subject, I wish to mention that the rules are vague in certain respects in that they refer to only "spirituous Homoeopathic preparations" without defining the spirit contents. All the preparations in Homoeopathy which contain spirit are classed under the restricted category. A number of Homoeopathic tonics are in use for quite a long time now and some of them contain less than 10% spirit and this spirit is there in them only as preservatives. To consider these also on a par with other Homoeopathic preparations containing a high percentage of spirit is not proper and according to the dosage of these tonics the quantity prescribed to be in possession of a

BAHOLA BIO-COMPLEX TABLETS

BIO-CHEMIC COMBINATION TABLETS

No. 1 ANAEMIA	No. 16 NERVOUS
No. 2 ASTHMA	EXHAUSTION
No. 3 COLIC	No. 17 PILES
No. 4 CONSTIPATION	No. 18 PYORRHOEA
No. 5 CORYZA AND COLD	No. 19 RHEUMATISM
No. 6 COUGH	No. 20 SKIN DISEASES
No. 7 DIABETES	No. 21 TEETHING
No. 8 DIARRHOEA	TROUBLES
No. 9 DYSENTERY	No. 22 SCROFULA
No. 10 ENLARGED TONSILS	No. 23 TOOTHACHE
No. 11 FEVER	No. 24 TONIC
No. 12 HEADACHE	No. 25 INDIGESTION
No. 13 LEUCORRHOEA	No. 26 EASY BIRTH
No. 14 MEASLES	No. 27 VITALITY
No. 15 MENSTRUATION	No. 28 GENERAL TONIC
TROUBLES	

These preparations are the composition of important Bio-Chemic Medicines needed for the particular complaint. Each medicine is packed in a nice plastic box.

Price — Rs. 1-20 per box of 20 grms.

BAHOLA PHARMACEUTICALS

PRIVATE LIMITED

KUMBAKONAM — S. INDIA

Ask for descriptive Booklet, sent free by :-

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS,
MADRAS-1 :: KUMBAKONAM :: MADURAI-1

practitioner namely 2 ozs, will be sufficient for one or two patients for one or two days. It may be necessary to prescribe tonics for at least a week's or fortnight's use to a patient. The same position obtains in respect of certain mother tinctures also which are frequently used by homoeopaths. I, therefore, urge for the removal of the homoeopathic tonics and mother tinctures from the restricted list. These cannot certainly be misused as their spirit contents are very low.

In the past, homoeopathic medicines were imported on a large scale from America and Germany. But, well organised pharmacies with highly qualified personnel have come to be established in India now and today we manufacture almost the entire needs of the homoeopathic and bio-chemic medicines of our country. We also export some quantity and earn foreign exchange. Here again, we find some people exploiting the situation and putting into the market spurious and sub-standard preparations. I understand there is a move to bring homoeopathic medicines also under the control of the Drugs Act and I welcome this move and the sooner it comes it will be better for us all whether pharmacist, doctor, or patient. We now use homoeopathic medicines in the form of injections also and I had occasion to see certain samples of homoeopathic injections manufactured by a certain firm. When tested, it was found to be "non-sterile" and such sub-standard preparations, misbranded items and spurious drugs must not be allowed to be offered to the public in the name of homoeopathy.

I have so far said enough about the problems of Homoeopathy in this State and I have come to the final one.

Earlier in this speech, I mentioned about the desirability of having a single standard for all India in the matter of the teaching and practice of the system of Homoeopathy. I said that although Colleges have been established in the various States, they do not conform to any single standard. But over here we do not have any Homoeopathic College. A State-aided College in the State is an urgent necessity and this Convention will request the Government to help

start one as early as possible both in the interests of Homoeopathy and the people of the State.

But before a full-fledged college comes into being, I think the State can take some effective preliminary steps in this connection. What we want immediately is a Board for Homoeopathy and the Government must appoint such a Board which must have the responsibility of fixing up the standards required and the curriculum. The Board must also have the power to conduct examinations and grant diplomas to successful candidates. The existing Institutes may be allowed to train students and send them for the Government examination. Only those that obtain this Government Diploma must be allowed to practise for profit in the State with reciprocal arrangements with other States. This procedure will not only raise the Standard of teaching and practice, but also enhance the prestige of the system and practitioners. And when such a Board is created by Government, it must be seen that it comprises of only Homoeopaths and people interested in Homoeopathy. We do not want an Allopathic Board to decide the fate of Homoeopathy.

The question of the status of the existing practitioners comes in our view. Those that have already studied this Science and are in actual practice on the date the Board comes into existence must be allowed to continue their work with all benefits and privileges of a physician and this was what was vouchsafed in 1916 when the Indian Medical Act was passed in that year in respect of Allopathy. Homoeopaths must be allowed the same privileges when the Government takes up Homoeopathy for being placed on a sound footing.

I am glad to find in yesterday's paper the announcement of the Government of India appointing Dr. K. G. Saxena as Honorary Adviser in Homoeopathy in the Ministry of Health. I am sure those assembled in this Convention will be happy to hear this and would welcome this gesture on the part of the Government of India. Dr. Saxena is a pure Homoeopath and he has been the

Honorary Homoeopathic Physician to the President of India all these years. I wish to suggest that the Madras Government should take steps to appoint an Honorary Adviser to the Ministry of Health in this State so that he may advise the Minister on matters pertaining to the development of the Homoeopathic System in this State. At the same time, I wish to suggest that such Honorary Adviser should be drawn from among the pure full-time Homoeopaths practising in this State and not from the small group of Allopaths who practise Homoeopathy also.

Ladies and Gentlemen, I have taken too much of your time. I have brought before you the various matters that have got to be discussed in this Convention and decisions taken and I am sure you will all give them your earnest consideration. I once more extend to every one of you our hearty and sincere welcome to this historic town and to this Convention.

BAHOLA KOOLOIL TO KEEP YOU COOL AND FIT

Regular use of this Medicated Oil keeps the system
not only cool and sound but also keeps
away head-aches, burning of the eyes etc.

Price:

Rs. 2-25 per bottle of 4 oz.

INDIAN
INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

(Prod: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd)

"HOMEO HOUSE"

KUMBAKONAM

ALTOBEX

ALFALFA TONIC
(Homoeopathic)
WITH VITAMIN B COMPLEX



The famous Homoeopathic ALFALFA TONIC is now being prepared in our Air conditioned Laboratory, fortified with Vitamin B Complex. Besides a combination of Homoeopathic Tinctures of Alfalfa, Avena Sativa, Aswagandha, Hydrastis, Passiflora Incarnata and Tissue Phosphates, Vitamin B Complex has been added, proportionately.

This is a most palatable and highly nutritive Tonic, indicated in all wasting diseases, sleeplessness, anaemia, loss of appetite, indigestion and as quick recuperative after influenza and other acute diseases.

A great body-builder after serious illness and also during pregnancy and after delivery.

Directions: A teaspoonful 2 to 3 times a day after food or as directed by the physician.

Price: Rs. 3-50 per bottle of 4 oz.
(Packing and Postage extra).

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
(Prop: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.)
HOMEO HOUSE KUMBAKONAM



The Speech by the Hon'ble Minister for Health Smt. JOTHI VENCATACHELLUM

Dr. Singh, President of the Convention, Dr. Roy, Sri Guruswami and Dr. Murty, Friends Delegates of the Homœopathic Convention, Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am in a dilemma now whether to speak in English or in Tamil. But Dr. Murty says that I can speak in English and it will be translated in Tamil. I am rather too happy to be present here this morning in this meeting of the All India Homœopathic Convention. I have been minutely watching the welcome address read by Dr. Murty. The main grievance in it seems to be that while all the other States have recognised the Homœopathic system, it is only our

State which has not done so. He has also very discreetly mentioned that I have taken up office very recently and I think he gave me an excuse and also time to think over the matter at my convenience. I am quite aware that the Homœopathic system of Medicine is being encouraged by many kinds of people. In the year 199, the Government felt the necessity that this should be enacted into Law for which reason a Committee was formed. In the year 1950, the Committee under the chairmanship of Dr. Umapathy Mudaliar a doctor holding a degree in the Allopathic system of medicine, but who practised the Homœopathic system of

medicine also and Dr. Maruthi Rao, the Assistant Director of Medical services was also one of the members and Dr A. N. Subbaraman recently retired Dean of the Kilpauk Medical College was the third member. The Committee's recommendations were in the form of a bill which was referred to the Law Department and the Law Department felt the necessity to go through the bill in detail so that we may try our best to enact it into a Law.

We are happy to know that an Honorary Adviser on Homoeopathic Medicine has been appointed in the Centre. I am sure that since he was the Honorary Homoeopathic Medical Officer to the President of India, he had

the first opportunity to become the Honorary Medical Adviser to the Government of India. I am sure if and when our Government feels the necessity of appointing an Honorary Medical Adviser in Homoeopathy, we may also do it. According to our old Medical Act of 1914, it will be rather difficult for us to bring a separate legislation for Homoeopathy or the integrated System of Medicine. As it is, from what I feel at the present moment, the Government are finding it rather difficult to settle the immediate problem of the G. C. I. M. Students. When our Government started the G. C. I. M. Course in the Kilpauk Medical College it was only for the Indian System of Medicine. Anyway, I can only

SKOOKUM-CHUCK 3x

(B & T Homoeopathic Preparation)

This is an anti-Psoric medicine and has strong affinity for skin and mucous membranes.

It is indicated in Inflammation of middle ear, excess of uric acid in the blood, Catarrh, Utricularia, Skin affections, Eczema, Dry Skin, Hay fever, Profuse Coryza and constant sneezing.

Available in 2 gr. Tablets

Packing: $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. bottle Rs. 1—25

1 oz. bottle Rs. 2—00

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

(Props: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.,)

KUMBAKONAM

say at this Convention in the interests of all the doctors who have trained themselves, specialised themselves and are practising at the moment the Homoeopathic system of Medicine and also the general public who have great faith in it, in the interests of all of them, I am sure I will look into the problem as to how it could be solved. In one paragraph of the speech I am given to understand that the other State Governments have recognised the system and have their own colleges. It is not possible to start a College without at least 50 students and I was happy to learn that the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths started by Dr. Murty has trained nearly 23 000 students. But if a college as a private enterprise by the philanthropic public of our State is started I hope for the maintenance of it, it will be possible for the Government to subsidise. The Government always feels whether they can take up any particular system of medicine, with the experience we have at the moment with the G. C. I. M. students when the Indian Medical College was converted into an Integrated system, but later on they refused to learn the Indian System of Medicine. So, after starting the college, should any difficulty arise, it will not be possible for the Government to maintain it. So, in the interests of the people and in the interests of the system of Homoeopathy, I only feel and request the private enterprise to start a college in which, I am sure the Government will of course, give help.

We know that the system was started some 150 years ago by a German Doctor Hahnemann and I feel proud that India has taken the greatest interest in developing it. I am also tempted to point out here that the private people have started Homoeopathic Institutions and started issuing diplomas. We also see every day in the papers that the Homoeopathic training is given in a few months time. That was the main reason for which there is objection even for entertaining and registering the genuine doctors who have trained themselves well in the Homoeopathic system. But at this Convention, I only request you all to find out the ways and means as to how this could be solved. With all your experiences, I am sure you will be able to solve the problem better than my own self. With regard to the Drugs Act a mention was made. The practitioners of this system should also get themselves registered and it would also be better in the interests of the medicine to maintain the quality of the medicine to bring it under the drugs Act. With all that was expressed in the speech about the cheapness of the medicines, and the efficacy of the medicines, it is needless for us to think of the rural areas alone so far as this system of medicine is concerned, but even in the Cities many of the people are interested in getting themselves treated with this system of medicine. I am sure with all the efficient management of Dr. Murty who has been conducting the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths for the

past 23 years. I am sure it will be better for him to take the responsibility also for starting a college (Cheers). And I am sure that if any Committee is formed and when the Adviser is appointed it would not be an Allopath. I can definitely say it would not be so. (Cheers). Of course, in the Committee that was formed by the Government, all the three were Allopathic doctors. The Chairman was a very eminent doctor in Homœopathy than in Allopathy. So, under the circumstances, I expect Dr. Murty to solve this problem too. (Cheers).

Dr. Dilip Singh, who is here, has told me that his college was started some 10 years ago and many hundreds of students have passed out and this year he is having about 80 students. The course for this system in his college is also 3 years, two years for theory and one year for practice.

But I am only feeling that the so-called bogus diplomas which are being given by private people calling themselves Homœopaths should be avoided. If you can solve this problem also, it would be welcome.

I know many women who have taken as a hobby the practice of this system. But I am not quite sure that the postal

tuition is really giving the required knowledge. When the college comes into existence it will be necessary for the students to appear before a Board of Examiners. It will be the responsibility of the Government to appoint the members of the Board. I can only request once again, Dr. Murty to put all his efforts for finding a solution to the various problems that are facing us today and to solve the problems on behalf of the Government too and to give the best of suggestions as to how best we could solve the problems and how quickly we could find a way to get rid of all the bogus diplomas that are in existence today and how to solve the various problems of Homœopaths. I am sure that the private enterprise will be of very great help to the Government and unless a legislation is passed it will not be possible for me to say anything further at the moment. However, I am sure something good will turn out as a result of this All India Homœopathic Convention.

I once again thank Dr. Murty and one and all present here and with pleasure I inaugurate this Convention.

[From the tape-recording
of the speech]

THE HOMOEOPATHY

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION

	Annual	Single Copy
Inland	Rs. 1- 00	6-10
Ceylon	Rs. 5- 00	...
All other foreign Countries	sh. 12/-	...

(Inclusive of surface postage)



**Dr. Dilip Singh, the President delivering the
PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS**

*Hon'ble Minister, Dr. Murty,
Dr. Sukumar Roy, Friends
and Comrades :*

When Dr. Murty and the organisers of this Convention approached me to take up the Presidential Chair of this All India Convention, I was a bit reluctant to take up such a great responsibility even though I considered that this was a unique honour afforded to me. For quite a number of years now, I have been a humble worker in the cause of Homœopathy in this country and I have taken up the onerous responsibility of running a full-fledged Homœopathic College in the Maharashtra State under the auspices of the Chandrapur Homœo-

pathic Education Society. The Convention, coming as it does, in the middle of May when the annual examinations of our College take place, was another factor which weighed very heavily upon my decision because this is the time when I cannot easily leave my headquarters. However, certain other factors had also to be taken into consideration and I could not refuse the request of Dr. Murty and this Institute which I consider my own and hence, I accepted the invitation.

I know Dr. Murty for quite a number of years now. He has been almost a zealous missionary of Homœopathy. He has been conducting, single-handed, an

Institution of a very big magnitude and he has trained so far more than 24,000 Homœopaths spread not only all over the country but also in distant foreign countries. For the spread of Homœopathy in this country Dr. Murty and the Indian Institute of Homœopaths have played a very good and noble part. You may go to any corner of this great land and the mention of the name 'Indian Institute of Homœopaths' and 'Dr Murty' will elicit warm enthusiasm as the Institute is very well known for its noble work which is being carried on in a systematic manner for more than 20 years. Therefore, any Homœopath in the country who has got the good of Homœopathy in his heart, will

certainly admire and hold in high esteem this Institute and Dr. Murty. This is a great factor one cannot ignore.

I am happy to-day to see before me the large gathering of the followers of Homœopathy. It is really a great privilege and pleasure for me to be in your midst and say a few words on this occasion. I have very great appreciation for the affection and affinity you have shown to your parent Institute by congregating here in large numbers and taking part in the deliberations. I thank you most warmly for the great honour you have done me.

Homœopathy has grown in this country and has spread far and wide rendering great service

SODHARI FOR LADIES' COMPLAINTS

Acts well in Amenorrhœa, Dysmenorrhœa, Metrorrhagia, Menorrhœa, Leucorrhœa etc.

Also a good medicine against habitual abortions especially at third or fourth month.

PRICE: Rs. 3/- for 1 oz. Bottle with dropper.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMŒOPATHS
Homeo House :: Kumbakonam

to the people for nearly one century now. This, Homœopathy has achieved not by the support of Government, but by the enthusiasm of great workers and by the sheer merit of the system itself. Hence, I would be absolutely correct if I say that the system developed in this country by itself. It is only quite recently that the Government at the Centre has taken cognisance of the great merits of this truly great system, and following this, the various State Governments who are after all, responsible for the health of the people within their own States, tried to do something for Homœopathy. Various State Governments have recognised the system and have enacted Laws, apparently to develop this system and place it on a rational footing. I am surprised to hear that the Madras Government has not yet taken even the meagre methods adopted by other Governments like Bengal, Uttar Pradesh, Bombay, Maharashtra, etc., and I cannot understand as to why this must be so.

Homœopathy has great potentialities for the cure of diseases and this is the one system which is capable of curing any chronic disease without leaving any hangover. In this great land of ours the medical aid given to people, especially in the rural areas, is so poor that it can be at once said that it is practically nil. Allopathy which enjoys State aid and protection with all its paraphernalia is not able to give to all the people all the needs of medical service. It is

only on account of this, it is absolutely necessary that Homœopathy must be developed on proper lines so that it can be made use of to do immense good to the people of our country.

For the last so many years, various Conferences and Conventions have been held in various places in our country and all relevant information in respect of Homœopathy have been placed before the public as well as in the hands of the Government. Even though we can congratulate ourselves on the little achievements and benefits we have had from the various Governments, we have not had our due share in this respect. This Convention perhaps, will have the potentiality of achieving the objects which have not been achieved so far by the earlier Conferences of Homœopaths. If our deliberations are really worthy and weighty and if we can place concrete proposals before the Government, we can no doubt, achieve what is legitimately due to us as Homœopaths.

This Convention is being inaugurated by the Hon'ble Minister of Health of this great State and the Health Minister being a lady is an additional advantage in that it is only the mothers that can understand the problems of the children. I have no doubt that this will turn out to be the first step in establishing the rightful position of Homœopathy at least in this State and from there to other States also if we are fortunate

THE PIMPLESET FOR PIMPLES

Pimples on the face are a source of great trouble and they resist almost all treatment. The causes of this troublesome complaint are varied and complicated. For the last twenty years we have been constantly endeavouring to perfect a treatment which will eradicate the causes quickly and leave a smooth, healthy skin on the face.

After elaborate research and clinical trials we are now able to offer our

PIMPLESET

consisting of two remedies (1) a liquid medicine for oral use and (2) a salve for external use.

All you have to do is to take 8 drops of the liquid mixed with $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. pure water 3 times a day before food daily, and apply the "Salve" to the face twice a day, once half an hour before the daily bath and again at bed time.

This does the trick and you find your face smooth and healthy within barely one month and in some cases very much earlier.

(Price of one set Rs. 6—25)

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

HOMEO HOUSE

..

KUMBAKONAM

enough to place the full facts before the Powers that be and convince them of the necessity of encouraging this great system of medicine and doing it properly.

The most important and funny feature that strikes me most is the anomalous way in which the Rules, Regulations and Laws governing Homœopathic practice have been passed in the various States in our country. The Central Government has allowed the State Governments full freedom in the matter of developing the Homœopathic system of Medicine in the States. We find that almost all the States have recognised this system and have taken some steps to regulate the teaching and practice of Homœopathy. It is surprising that the State of Madras has not kept pace with other states of the country in respect of development and progress of Homœopathy. While other states such as U. P., Maharashtra, Bengal etc., have made phenomenal progress in promoting Homœopathy in their respective States, the State of Madras, inspite of many potentialities has not made any progress in this respect. The State of Kerala for example has advanced considerably in promoting Homœopathy in that State. It is high time that the state of Madras too kept pace with the other States in this respect.

I referred to the varying standards, rules and regulations in respect of Homœopathic practice in the various States. The main reason for this sorrow-

ful state of affairs has to be attributed to the step-motherly attitude taken by those in power towards Homœopathy. Even those in power in fact, have no apathy or antipathy for this system of medicine. Most of them do not actually know what Homœopathy is capable of doing in the matter of medical relief when compared with the other systems of medicine. But it is the interference by vested interests of Allopathy who are ever watchful to dwarf Homœopathy whenever they get an opportunity and belittle its importance so that Homœopathy will not come to the forefront and jeopardize their position. That has been responsible for this system of medicine to have to stay in the rear. It is a pity that any matter pertaining to Homœopathic Legislation is invariably referred to the promoters of Modern Medicine who are diametrically opposite to Homœopathy and keenly interested in arresting the growth and development of this system in our country. Such being the case, the prospects of Homœopathy gaining its rightful place along with other systems of medicine are bound to be gloomy. But we, who are full-fledged Homœopaths can little afford to drudge under these conditions any longer. We have to devise ways and means to emancipate ourselves from this tyranny and thralldom.

For this, as a preliminary measure and step, Homœopaths of all the States should join together and take deputations to

the Government for an All India Homoeopathic Council. All matters pertaining to Homoeopathy will have to be referred to this Council for advice, opinion and legislation. This Council should consist of members selected and sent up by the Homoeopathic Boards in each State. At this juncture, I have to point out that no Homoeopathic Board has been set up so far in the State of Madras to regulate matters pertaining to Homoeopathy. This has to be done at the earliest.

At present, there is no orderly regulation of Homoeopathic teaching in the various States and there is no uniformity in the standards of the courses that are

conducted by the various Homoeopathic Institutions in the States. A uniform standard of imparting Homoeopathic courses in all the States is quite essential to ensure uniformity of Legislation of Homoeopathic Practice on an All India level. In the States of Maharashtra, Bombay, Bengal and Andhra, Homoeopathic Boards have been set up and not only State Homoeopathic Colleges are imparting Homoeopathic courses, but the services of qualified Homoeopaths trained by these Colleges are to some extent, utilised in the State Medical services. But it is surprising to me as to why the State of Madras which is considered to be the most prosperous and well-ruled State and

which is ahead of others in all spheres of activities, has not advanced in this direction. I have great regard for the people, of the South, because they abound in intelligence, creative thinking and constructive policies. It is high time that the State of Madras too kept pace with the progress made in the Homoeopathic field by the sister States.

We are sure that a system of medicine that has been proving its worth and value for the past one and a half centuries will be given its due place in the medical services of the country. We believe that the authorities at the helm will consider the case of Homoeopathy without any bias and allow the Homoeopathic system to be of service to the nation in a great measure. If all the Homoeopaths will take a vow today that they will endeavour and persevere in their attempts to restore Homoeopathy to its rightful place in the country, I am sure that the day will not be far off when Homoeopathy will flourish as a full-fledged system in the country. I believe to some extent, that a proper approach to the authorities has not been made or that it may be that we have not removed the crux on the way that always plays a hindrance to our progress.

I wish to state here before you, my considered views in respect of the development of Homoeopathy in this country. Homoeopathy, as a system of medicine, is capable of serving the people

in a very great measure and that it is the ideal system suited for our country is now more than an accepted fact. Under the circumstances, it is necessary that the Government, which is a Socialist one, must come forward to develop this on proper lines so that it will serve the people better. The Central Government must see that each one of the States has a full-fledged Homoeopathic College with a Hospital attached to it and the State must take up this matter in right earnest here and now to see that they maintain the hospital and college in the Public Sector. Only when these come into being we can see to the uniform and orderly development of this great system of medicine.

Homoeopathy is a system based on a fundamental philosophy quite different from any other system of medicine so far known and as such, it is absolutely necessary that it must be developed on its own merits without being mixed up with or connected with any other system of medicine. The idea of certain States to have only a postgraduate training in Homoeopathy for graduates of the modern system of medicine is absolutely unworkable because for one to practise Homoeopathy, he will have to forget what he has already learnt of Allopathy, this, on account of the fact that Homoeopathy cannot be practised with the background of Allopathy.

We must also remember the other needs of this great system

DIARAJ

(Homoeopathic Medicine)

A Medicine for Diabetes prepared according to the Homoeopathic Pharmacopoea from some rare and useful Indian herbs. Reduces sugar in urine without causing any harm.

Composition:

Gymnema Sylvestre, Eugenia Jambolane, Memordica Muricata, Aegle Marmelos etc.

Dose: One tablet per dose 3 times a day.

Price: Rs. 3/- per 50 Tablets Packing.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

(Props: Bahola Pharmaceuticals Private Ltd.)
KUMBAKONAM (S. India)

of medicine. A Homoeopathy Drug Research Laboratory is an absolute necessity in our country. Without research no Science progresses. I appeal to the Central Government to establish here and now a well-organised Homoeopathic Research Laboratory.

We must grow and cultivate all kinds of medicinal herbs and study the differences between the plants of the same kind grown in different climates and conditions. With this must be attached a Drug Proving Society also and only these will give the proper fillip to the orderly and proper development of this system on the most scientific lines. The importance of drug

proving in Homoeopathy is well known to all of us and the absolute necessity of a systematic drug proving is a must.

I, therefore, appeal to one and all of you here who are assembled from far and near of our great country to give your weighty thoughts to the various matters raised by me. Unless we put our shoulders together and act as one man, it will be impossible for us to achieve the success that we are dreaming of. I expect, Ladies and Gentlemen, that this Convention will devise ways and means of bringing home to the various Governments in our country the vital needs of Homoeopathy and to develop it as it should be.

Latest London Edition of
OAKES'
POCKET MEDICAL DICTIONARY
 (Ninth Edition)

Containing about 500 pages and more than six thousand important medical words with correct pronunciation, meanings in easy understandable English. Also illustrated.

Price Rs. 3-80 nP. each
 (Charges extra)

Only a limited number of copies now available.
 Please order for your copy early to avoid disappointment.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
 Homeo House :: KUMBAKONAM :: S. India

Sri R. GURUSWAMY
 Secretary,
 Gandhi Niketan Ashram,
 Kallupatti,
 unveiling the portrait
 of
MAHATMA GANDHI



When I was at Paramakudy on a piece of business I was approached by Dr. V. R. Murty with a request to participate in this convention. I do not have much knowledge or experience in Homoeopathy. But being a staunch follower of Gandhiji, I accepted this invitation as I would get an opportunity of unveiling the portrait of Mahatmaji. Further a teacher in our Ashram at Kallupatti had undergone training in Homoeopathy under Dr. V. R. Murty. Last year Dr. V. R. Murty had arranged free Homoeopathic Medical Service at Kallupatti and about 3,000 inhabitants of our place received free medical treatment for the various diseases. With his team of expert Homoeo Doctors (both

male and female) and ample stock of medicines brought for the express purpose of giving free medical aid, Dr. V. R. Murty camped at Kallupatti for three days at our Gandhiniketan Ashram. There is an underlying unity between Gandhian principles and Homoeopathy. Like Gandhian principles Homoeopathic medicines are manufactured basing on the Truth of Love and non-violence. The modern medicine is suitable only for the rich people. It is highly expensive. It is not within the reach of the ordinary people. I have been in the villages for the last 16 to 17 years. In my village if there be a small hospital no medicines would be available in that hospital; or the doctors may not be available.

There are 500 inmates in our Gandhiniketan Ashram. There are graduates. There are gazetted officers. There are staff also. In emergency we have to go to Madurai for medical aid as no relief is available within near reach in our place. It is needless to say anything about the large number of people who live in the villages as my own lot is deplorable. They should be provided free medical aid. Their plight is pitiable. They do not know what to do when they are attacked by diseases. They run to the doctors. Sometimes they do not get the doctors. In villages the Vaidas give some medicines of some roots or some powder. They act in a reckless manner when they fall ill and they are not in a position to do anything correctly and methodically. So, Homoeopathy is a boon to the villagers who are left without any medical relief, because the Homoeopathic medicines are inexpensive. The Homoeopathic doctors need not study for 7 years and 5 years. When I was in Virudhunagar, some Nadars who had returned from a business tour of Calcutta told me that I could keep Homoeopathic medicines in the villages. But then I knew nothing of Homoeo-

pathy. They said it was sufficient if we kept 10 to 20 medicines for Homoeopathic treatment. It was enough if we knew the names of the medicines for treatment for particular ailments. For the villages it would be a great thing. Now I understand what our Mahatma Gandhiji was worrying about all his life.

His anxiety was centred in the village. His concern was the welfare and well-being of the villagers. All our projects and plans are futile if the benefits of these do not reach the remote villagers. Recently I called on our Chief Minister. His main concern also was centered in the remote villages. His anxiety is how best to serve the villagers. He expressed great concern for even to amend the rules and laws suitably if necessary so that the villagers might be benefitted.

It will take many years for the medical College in our country to come into existence in large numbers and the doctors to infiltrate into the villages and give medical aid to the inhabitants. At present there are several reasons for such a state of affairs not existing at present. In the villages there are no convenient bungalows

for the doctors. There are no modern hotels. There are no cinema theatres. There is no society. The village is thus unsuited for the doctors to practise. For those who have studied for 5 years in the Medical College, it would be a difficult task to live in the villages. But the Government are trying to send these medical graduates to the villages to serve by making rural medical service compulsory. But real service is possible only if the doctors go voluntarily. There must be a real mind and inclination to do service. Under compulsion the service will not be sincere and they will do it with stress and strain and that too not for long.

Homoeopathy is a great thing in the villages. It is a medical aid that is within easy reach of the poor. In my mind the thing that strikes me most is the proposal by Dr. Rajendra Prasad who recommended a college of Homoeopathy. This is necessary to spread the Homoeopathic knowledge in a methodical

manner. Today somebody puts a board in the name of Homoeopathy but if one steps in, one can find that he is neither a Homoeopath nor an Allopath but keeps a few medicines of the different 'pathies.' It is high time that such state of affairs is rooted out. People should have the confidence that the Homoeopathic Medical Practitioners are giving pure Homoeopathic medicines only. People should have the confidence of getting real medical relief if Homoeopaths are approached for treatment. If Dr. V. R. Murty makes up his mind he can send as many Homoeopaths as are needed for service in rural areas. I am not competent to advise on matters regarding the running of colleges and universities. I belong to the village and I request the Government to do everything methodically but as quickly as possible. Thanking you all and Dr. V. R. Murty once again for having given me this opportunity of unveiling the portrait of Mahatma Gandhiji, I conclude my speech.

KAPOZIN

Is a Digestive Tonic indicated in all run-down conditions.

TONSILO

*Specific treatment for enlarged & septic Tonsils
without operation*

The Tonsils are two glands intended for the protection of the individual against invasions of disease germs. When any specific disease virus tries to enter the organism, the *Tonsils* attract the disease; arresting their entry into more important regions. While holding the disease in check they naturally get diseased. Thus it will be seen that what a police station is for a town or country, *Tonsils* are for the body.

When we find the *Tonsils* diseased, what is the rational treatment? Would we destroy our Police Station because a bad character is lodged there? Surely we will not! *Tonsillectomy*, i. e. the entire removal of diseased *Tonsils* is like destroying the Police Station of the town. By this the body is deprived of its natural protection. It becomes a town without Police.

The Tonsils may be diseased in many ways. For every one of the affections in the *Tonsils*, immediate operation was being suggested. But Medical Authorities all over the world now agree that the removal of the *Tonsils* is not only not beneficial but sometimes harmful to the patient.

"**Tonsillo**" is the latest treatment, without operation, for all diseased conditions of the *Tonsils*. Being a Poly-Pharmaceutical Homoeopathic product, specially blended and prepared, it is absolutely harmless and cures the condition, *mildly, gently and permanently*.

"**Tonsillo**" is indicated in *Acute Parenchymatous Tonsillitis*, *Acute Follicular Tonsillitis*, *Quinsy (Peri Tonsillar Abscess)*, *Chronic Enlargement of Tonsils* and also in some cases of *Adenoids*. This may be given both for children and adults.

Dose: Adults: 1 Tablet three times a day one hour before food. The tablet is to be slowly chewed. For children below 12 years, $\frac{1}{2}$ tablet per dose three times a day in the same manner.

Manufactured by

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
HOMEO HOUSE :: KUMBAKONAM



Dr. SUKUMAR ROY
of Calcutta,
unveiling the portrait
of
Dr. SAMUEL
HAHNEMANN

Honourable Minister, the President Brothers and Sisters,

In the name of "Homoeopathy—the Saving Grace for the suffering humanity, let me at the beginning pay my respectful homage to our Great Master Samuel Hahnemann, the Rebel, the Reformer and the Father of Experimental Pharmacology, who lived to see his labours crowned with wonderful success, and brought health and happiness to generations of men.

Today, it is with unique pleasure and a deep sense of fraternal feeling towards you all that I stand before this august gathering with the privilege of addressing today's function of the All India Homoeopathic Convention under the auspices of the Old Students of the Indian Institute of Homoeopaths. I come from a city where Homoeopathy was first introduced by

Babu Rajendra Lal Dutt of hallowed memory. I come from a city where took place the dramatic conversion of Dr. Mahendra Lal Sircar, M.D., D.L.C.I.E., who became the high-priest of Homoeopathy and spread its glory far and wide. I come from a city where the celebrities of Homoeopathy like Dr. Berigny, Dr. Salzar, Dr. P. C. Majumder, Dr. D. N. Roy, Dr. Younan, Dr. S. K. Nag, Dr. J. N. Majumder, Dr. Baridbaran Mukherji, Dr. T. N. Palit and a host of other talented Homoeopathic physicians practised this healing art with great credit and success. I come from a city where exist pioneer Homoeopathic Institutions and foremost Homoeopathic Pharmacists and Manufacturing Chemists. I come from a city wherefrom Homoeopathy has spread to all parts of India and where its votaries are doing yeoman service for the good of the suffer-

ring humanity. I consider myself doubly privileged to invoke the blessings of our past stalwarts and carry a message of faith, hope and goodwill from the Homoeopaths of Bengal to all our friends and colleagues of the South. And for this splendid opportunity I cannot give enough thanks to our dear friend, Dr. Murty, who is an institution by himself and the guiding spirit of this organisation.

It is really a pleasant opportunity for you, all the old students of the Institute, to participate in such a conference in which Homoeopaths from all parts of the country have assembled here to discuss the many points of interest in Homoeopathy and more particularly the growth and development of Homoeopathy in our country in recent times. And it would also be an opportunity for you, all the practising Homoeopaths of one State, to discuss and know the conditions in other States pertaining to Homoeopathic practice and teaching.

I take this opportunity to point out to you the several milestones in the progress of Homoeopathy in the country since our independence. Perhaps you are all aware of the Homoeopathic Enquiry Committee and its report (1949); the third Health Ministers' Conference accepting the H. E. C. Report (1950); the resolution of the Indian Medical Council adopting the modern medicine as the only officially recognised medicine in India and recommending the

introduction of Homoeopathy only at the post-graduate level (April 1952); the protest on the said resolution by the Homoeopathic State Faculty and Council West Bengal, the All India Institute of Homoeopathy and by the Homoeopathic profession at large, and the non-acceptance of that resolution by the Government of India (June 1952). Planning Commission's recommendations regarding Homoeopathy under the First Five Year Plan as submitted by the representatives of the Homoeopathic Profession (1952); the formation of an Ad Hoc Committee on Homoeopathy with D. G. H. S. as Chairman (1952); the formation of an Advisory Body on Research Schemes on Homoeopathy (1955); conversion of the Ad Hoc Committee to an Homoeopathic Advisory Body and a Technical and Scientific Homoeopathic Sub-committee. Under the First and Second Five Year Plan periods, several Homoeopathic institutions in West Bengal, U. P., Andhra and Kerala received Central grants-in-aid for upgrading the existing institutions and carrying on Homoeopathic Research work. In the meantime, legislative enactments regarding Homoeopathy have been passed in Bombay, U. P., Bihar, Andhra, Travancore-Cochin (now constituted as Kerala), Assam, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh, Delhi etc. But in the absence of a legislative enactment on an all-India basis and the constitution of a Central Homoeopathic Council there is no proper co-ordination in the workings of the different

States; and difficulties regarding reciprocity of registration of Homoeopathic practitioners still exist and hamper administrative work of the different State Boards to a great extent

In the context of the present confusing and anomalous situation we, the Homoeopaths, should not lose heart or throw up the sponge. Tradition, authority, sectarianism and dogmatism are great obstacles on the way. But obstacles and difficulties are there, meant to be overcome. Strifes and dissensions, discords and disunities may hamper our progress for the time being but they are nonetheless signs of life's activities. It is a good augury that the Homoeopathic profession is shaking off its age-long slumber and becoming more and more conscious of its duties and obligations, its rights and privileges as well as of its shortcomings and practical difficulties.

To gain popular support we must have fully equipped hospitals, both general and special, to prove that Homoeopathy can cure all sorts of curable dynamic disease-conditions and that it extends its therapeutic sphere far into the region of ailments which are commonly known as "Surgical". To carry conviction to the "intelligentsia" and the scientifically minded section of our people we must present Homoeopathy in its proper perspective, both scientific and historical. We must explain to them the distinctive features of Homoeopathic Philosophy, its

distinctive qualitative-synoptic, experimental approach to the study of diseases and drugs. We must explain to them the apparently paradoxical nature of the Homoeopathic Law of Cure; we must advance scientific proofs for the justification of the use of drugs in infinitesimal doses, Homoeopathic potencies, as they are called. We must explain to them why Homoeopathy justifiably deviates from the path of causal medicine, still the essential features of modern medicine. We must explain to them that to know the cause, nature and course of diseases is not of necessity to know how to cure it—it may be a necessary preliminary step but it is nothing more. We must show them how Homoeopathic concepts are on a par with the most advanced concepts in Physics, Chemistry and Biology. We must point out how modern medicine is fast approaching the fundamental tenets of Homoeopathy discovered over a century and a half ago. As science is nothing but knowledge reduced to laws and embodied in systems, Homoeopathy, with the discovery of a therapeutic law, has raised Therapeutics to an independent scientific level in which different elements constituting knowledge of physiology, pathology, medicine and pharmacology find a scope of infinite progress without detriment to its integrity as a whole. That is why Homoeopathy is never reduced to therapeutic sterility as is often the case in the Allopathic system of medicine. We the Homoeopathic pharmacists, must manufacture genuine

homoeopathic drugs and must try to be as much independent of foreign pharmacists and foreign supply of homoeopathic drugs. In short, we, the practising homoeopaths, must be well grounded in the fundamentals of the science and art of Homoeopathy. We must possess a fair share of general culture and education in the fundamentals of natural science, logic, philosophy, psychology and biology—so that we can easily command respect and confidence amongst our clientele.

In this connection I like to stress particularly for your attention the fact that the future of Homoeopathy rests on the proper solution of the problem

of training in Homoeopathy. It will be solved if we can devise a way of imparting teaching whereby a complete Homoeopathic physician might be turned out who will be able to hold his own in every field of medical practice. Hence we advocate a graded course of training in Homoeopathic institutions. From the academic point of view, this graded course is particularly desirable, as intensive teaching in Homoeopathic Philosophy and Homoeopathic Materia Medica with minimum working knowledge of the auxiliary sciences can be imparted in the basic (licentiate) standard of teaching. An integration of the homoeopathic and modern

medicine can be effectively accomplished in the next higher grade i.e., graduate course. Those who are desirous of acquiring the maximum amount of knowledge in matters medical with Homoeopathy as a speciality, may go up for a post-graduate course of study to secure degrees like M.D., M.S., M.O. etc. in Homoeopathy. Lack of enthusiasm for constructive work on the part of the Homoeopathic profession, the apathy and to some extent, a rather step-motherly attitude of the Government and hesitancy on the part of the public at large to accept Homoeopathy—are the three great obstacles to the spread of this system in the country. If we can make proper arrangements for training in Homoeopathy, turn out fully qualified complete Homoeopathic physicians and not merely Homoeopathic prescribers, and establish fully equipped general and special hospitals, this vicious circle will be broken and we may then aspire to achieve victory in our battle for the cause of Homoeopathy and suffering humanity.

In this gathering of practising physicians it might appear presumptuous on my part to talk about the physician's duties and obligations to the sick, the State and the Society. And more so as I have devoted my life to the manufacture of Homoeopathic medicines rather than practising this noble Art. Still common-sense and humanitarian considerations prompt me to remark that any system of medicine

comprises chiefly the relationship between the doctor and the patient and this relationship is very special one. The doctor's role is to be the servant of the patient. It matters not who his patient is, what position he occupies in society or which class, creed or nationality he belongs to. The doctor's duty is to restore him to health, to cure and to mitigate his sufferings. The sick man's interest is the first concern of the doctor, and if necessary, doctor's own convenience must be sacrificed to that of his patient. The relationship between the doctor and the patient must be based on mutual confidence and trust if it is to be of any service. That is why the medical profession is considered to be one of the noblest professions in all ages and climes.

With or without Government recognition Homoeopathy has come to stay in our country. But in the present socio-political structure Government recognition carries with it some prestige and active assistance, financial and otherwise, which go a long way to help the development of Homoeopathy. I am sorry to note that the State of Madras has not yet passed any legislative enactment regarding Homoeopathy. But I believe that under the able leadership of the present Health Minister of this State, very soon Homoeopathy will get its proper place with Government recognition. And I should add here that in Madras Dr. Murty is playing a great role in the field of Homoeopathy. I am

DR MURTY'S GOLDROPS for ASTHMA

"GOLDROPS" has specific action on any form and variety of ASTHMA be it nervous, bronchial or otherwise. It gives immediate relief to distressed breathing.

A GREAT BOON TO SUFFERERS FROM ASTHMA

PRICE:

1 oz. Bottle with dropper in Carton Rs. 3-75

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

HOMEO HOUSE

::

KUMBAKONAM

very glad to know this Indian Institute of Homoeopaths—a creation of his genius, his indefatigable energy and his profound love for and faith in Homoeopathy—during its service of 23 years has turned out more than twenty-two thousand students hailing from different parts of the country and abroad. I congratulate all of you who have come out successful and heartily wish you a brilliant professional career and a life of signal service to humanity. And I conclude with the memorable

words of our immortal Dunham: "And at the close of long and busy careers, may you have the pleasant consciousness, not only that you have made some permanent additions to the common stock of knowledge for the common good, but also that many men and women have been the happier for your lives."

Again in the name of HAHNE-MANN and HOMOEOPATHY, I thank you all from the core of my heart for your patient and kind hearing of what I had to tell you today.

AN OINTMENT FOR EVERY OCCASION

AESCULUS	... for Blind Piles
APIS	... for Stings of Insects; inflammations
ARNICA	... for Bruises, Blows, Sprains, Corns.
BELLADONNA	... In place of Belladonna Plasters.
BRYONIA	... for Rheumatism, hot, shiny, red. Swellings of joints.
CALENDULA	... for Torn and jagged Wounds; Burns; warts or nails cut close.
CANTHARIS	... in Burns where Skin is unbroken.
GRAPHITES	... Eczema, Herpes Zoster, Sores between toes.
HAMAMELIS	... Bleeding Piles.
HYDRASTIS	... Sores of all sorts; Rodent Ulcers.
PHYTOLACCA	... All mammary inflammations.
RHUS TOX	... Glandular Swellings; Rheumatism.
SULPHUR	... All Skin affections.
THUJA	... Warts and fungus growths; dressing in Gonorrhoea.

Each available in $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Tins at 0-75 n.p. each

Also

KINGONG

The King of Ointments

in $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Tins @ Re. 1 each

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS

Homeo House

::

KUMBAKONAM

Madras Office: 6, Stringers St., G. T. MADRAS 1

Madurai Office: 4, Manjanakara St., MADURAI

The following resolutions were passed at the
ALL INDIA HOMOEOPATHIC CONVENTION
held under the auspices of
The Old Boy's Association of the
Indian Institute of Homœopaths
at Kumbakonam
on the 13th and 14th May 1962

1. This Convention congratulates Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, on his being elected as the President of India and wishes him a long life.

2. This Convention expresses its gratitude to Mrs. Jothi Vencatachellum, the Hon'ble Minister for Health, Government of Madras, for inaugurating this Convention.

3. This Convention thanks the Government of India for appointing Dr. K. G. Saxena as the Honorary Adviser to the Government and requests the State Governments to create similar appointments, honorary or paid, to advise them on Homœopathy.

4. This Convention requests the Government of India to constitute a Central Council of Homœopathy on the lines of the Indian Medical Association.

5. This Convention requests the Central Government

to ensure uniformity of Laws pertaining to Homœopathy in all the States

6. This Convention requests the Central Government to appoint a Committee consisting of Homœopathic Practitioners, Parliament Members and laymen to consider and recommend the status of Homœopathy in Government plans and policies.

7. This Convention requests the Central Government to make arrangements at least in the Third Plan for a Homœopathic Drug Research Laboratory with a Drug Proving Society and a Herbarium attached to it.

8. This Convention, with a view to regulate the teaching and practice of Homœopathy in this State, requests the Government of Madras.

(a) To enact legislation to regulate the teaching and practice of Homœopathy in this State.

(b) To appoint a Board to control Homoeopathic Education and practice in this State, and

(c) To start a State Homoeopathic College and Hospital.

9 In view of the yeoman service Homoeopaths are at present doing in this State in the mitigation and cure of diseases this Convention requests the Government to recognise and register all existing Homoeopathic Practitioners with all privileges enjoyed by Practitioners of other systems of medicine.

10. This Convention requests the Government of Madras to ensure that full-time Homoeopathic Practitioners are enabled to obtain and possess at least 200 c.c. of each spirituous Homoeopathic preparation under the M. &

T. P. Act & Rules. Others interested in the practice of Homoeopathy, not as a profession, but for their families and friends, should be permitted to possess and use small quantities, say, upto 10 c. c. of each spirituous preparation without any registration in the Collectorates as at present.

11. This Convention requests the Government of Madras to remove Homoeopathic tonics and Homoeopathic mother tinctures from the restricted list as these contain only a very low percentage of spirit.

12. This Convention requests the Madras Government to open free Homoeopathic dispensaries in all the villages of the Panchayats and to appoint Homoeopathic Practitioners in those dispensaries,

BOOKS

ON

HOMOEOPATHY and BIOCHEMISTRY

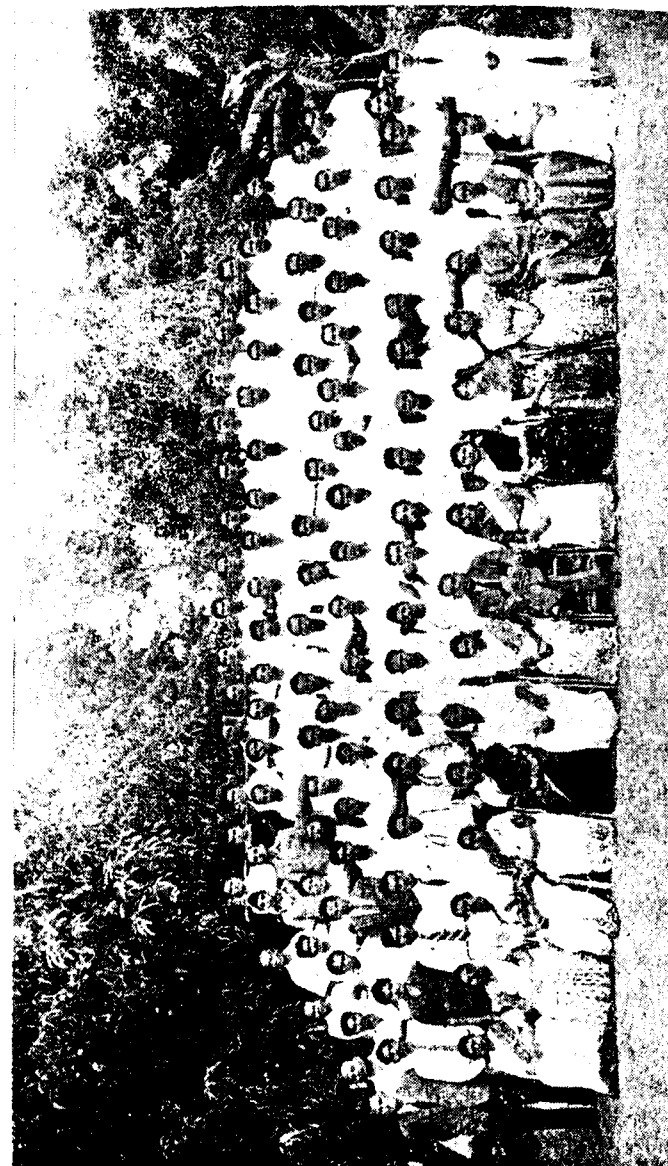
by

famous foreign and Indian authors.

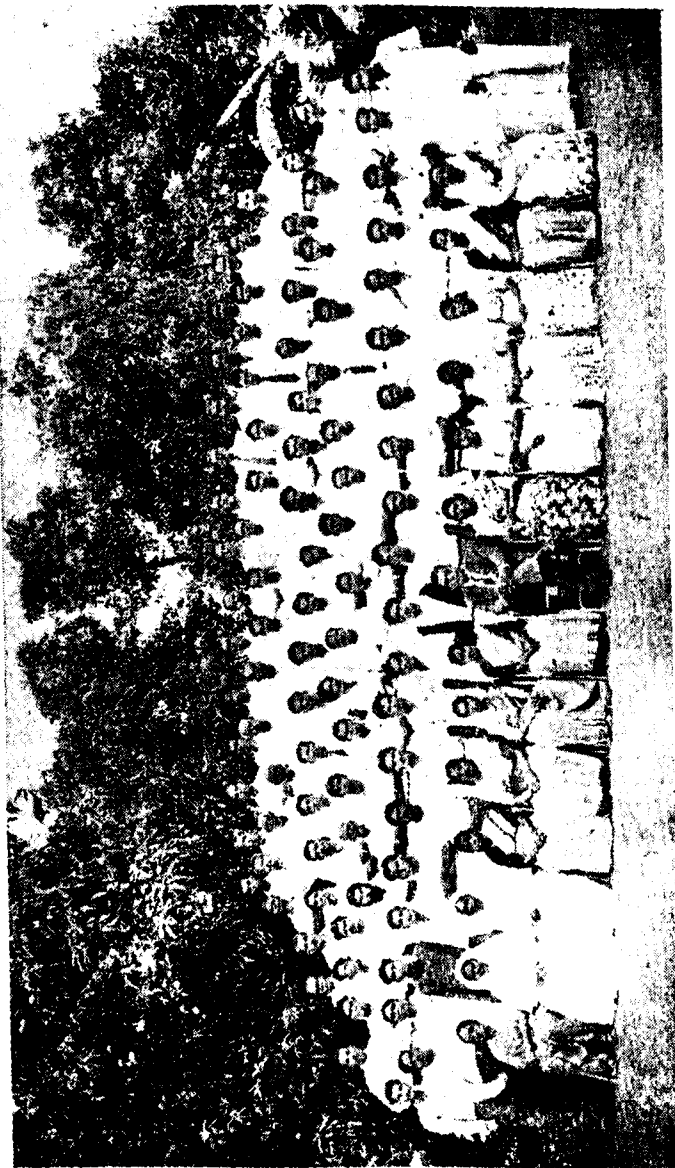
Detailed list will be sent on request.

Apply to

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
HOMEOPATH HOUSE — KUMBakonam



Group photo of the students, with our Managing Director, who participated in our 28th Personal Class held at Homeo House, Kumbakonam in May, 1962.



Group photo of the students, with our Managing Director, who participated in our 29th Personal Class held at Homeo House, Kumbakonam in May, 1962

CONVENTION ECHOES!

Villager: Why is it that the principal of a Government Homœopathic College of Maharashtra State has come all the way to preside over the Convention?

Homœopath returned from the Convention: Pretty! Don't you know that this is an All India Homœopathic Convention and Homœopaths from all other States also are to participate in this Convention? People from Bombay, Calcutta, Gujerat, Kerala and other places have attended the Convention—Why? People have come all the way from Malaya to participate.

V: If people from all over India had attended the convention, I think, it would have been a fairly big gathering. I don't know how the large number of visitors to the Convention were provided accommodation facilities.

H: They were accommodated in the spacious halls of the Town High School, Kumbakonam. Well, the convention had arranged a special bus and it was stationed at the Railway Station to bring all the visitors to the convention venue.

V: I see. I think the large number of visitors would have raided the hotels in gangs at meal time and would have made a big scramble.

H: No—No There lies the point. The Indian Institute of Homœopaths had made adequate and elaborate arrangements to provide free meals to all the participants of the convention on the two days of the convention. Special bus again came into play and plied from the convention pandal to the Homœo House at meal time where meals were served.

V: Oh! That's fine. So, they had all the amenities?

H: Not only that — The Convention on the whole was a great success. Do you know that several messages of greetings were received from high personalities? Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, President of India, Shri K. Kamaraj the Chief Minister of Madras, Dr. P. Subbarayan, the Governor of Maharashtra, Shri Bishnu Ram Mehdi, the Governor of Madras, Srimathi Padmaja Naidu, Governor of West Bengal were among the many who sent messages on the occasion. As I told you at the

outset, this was an All India Homoeopathic Convention and I believe this convention is going to prove a great landmark in the annals of Homoeopathic activities in our country.

V: That may be. But do you think that anything tangible would come out of this convention?

H: Yes, I hope so, this time. Because the Minister for Health, who inaugurated the convention, said much in praise of Homoeopathy and she even asked Dr. V. R. Murty, the Managing Director of Indian Institute of Homoeopaths, Kumbakonam, to start immediately a Homoeopathic College in the State and she promised him all support from the Government.

V: It is a good thing that the Health Minister herself had inaugurated the Convention and taken an active part in the deliberations.

H: Yes, Yes—that is one of the advantages. The Minister for Health can do things now especially when she has promised to do. And what

more: A Homoeopathic College is being founded by Dr V. R. Murty in our State.

V: Oh! That would be capital for the Homoeopaths of our State!

H: Yes, indeed. I understand that the Homoeopathic College that is to come will not be like the Medical Colleges of Modern Medicine. It would be a college where pure Homoeopathy will be taught with such suitable curriculum that would equip and prepare the students to serve in the rural areas. The rural areas where the medical practitioners of modern medicine dread to tread, badly need medical men now. A large number of such adequately trained homoeopaths in this college would solve the problem.

H: Where exactly are they going to establish the College?

V: Not yet decided. No plans have yet been drawn. Everything is in the preliminary stage. But one thing is sure, the college will come into being in the very near future.

HAHNEMANN DAY CELEBRATED

by Madras Homoeopaths

The Hahnemann Day was celebrated at Madras on the 24th April at 10, Shafee Md., Road, under the auspices of the All India Homoeopathic Medical Association, Madras.

In the unavoidable absence of Smt. Jothi Vencatachellum, Health Minister, Mrs. Ameen Khaleeli presided.

Prof. S. A. W. Bukhari, Principal, New College while welcoming the Chairman and other guests, said that all those systems of medicine which helped mankind in combating disease, should be encouraged. He said it was folly on the part of the protagonists of one system of medicine to claim all superiority to their system alone. He pointed out that all systems of medicines were beneficial to mankind.

Dr. P. Natarajan dwelt at length on the life of Hahnemann and explained the efficacy of the treatment of diseases on the Homoeopathic system. He hoped that Homoeopathic doctors would concentrate their knowledge in diagnosing and treating the

diseases carefully which would induce the people to have more confidence in them and become popular.

Dr. K. L. Narasimhamurthy, Dr. William and Dr. Subramaniam, who spoke, emphasised the need for proper treatment by Homoeopaths.

Mrs. Ameen Khaleeli who presided thanked the organisers for the celebration of the Day and hoped the Association would produce able and popular medical men specialised in Homoeopathy to relieve the suffering humanity.

She said this system of medicine was the real friend of the poor and in these days when costs of medicines and drugs are becoming unbearable, more and more Homoeopathic trained men and women should come out to treat the poor with the help of their cheap but efficient drugs. She wished the Association, conducted so ably under the Presidentship of the popular Doctor Mrs. Rahmath-Unissa Begum, all success.

Mr. Ikram Mahmood, Secretary of the Association proposed a hearty vote of thanks.

—Conservative



HOMOCORD

(HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICINE)

Indicated in the following conditions:—

1. Symptoms in the heart due to nervous conditions.
2. When the heart is affected due to septic infections in other organs, such as septic tonsillitis etc.
3. Heart upsets due to excesses, such as smoking coffee, tea certain drugs, etc.
4. During menopause, and in old age.
5. In fact in any condition when the efficiency of the heart is below par.

This is a very useful pick-up when symptoms of palpitation, hard breathing, faintness and mild or severe chest pains occur.

COMBINATION: Cactus Crataegus Oxy., Valeriana. Camphor., Strophanthus., Iodide of Gold.

DOSE: 15 drops with a little water or sugar, three times a day, or as oftener as the physician directs.

PACKING: Put up in 30 ml. bottles with separate dropper and direction in carton.

Price Rs. 4/- Per bottle.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
KUMBAKONAM & BRANCHES

June '62

69

FACILITIES IN RURAL AREAS

Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, acting Governor of Mysore called for an organised effort to spread Homœopathic medicine in rural areas.

felt the Government should take more interest to develop this branch of medicine.

It was efficacious and cheap and therefore it was in a better position to serve the rural needs, he said while inaugurating the convocation of the Hahnemannian College of Homœopathy medicine and Hospital at the Bowring Institute, Bangalore.

Mr. Pakwasa urged the homœopathic doctors to settle in the villages and make their medical science an integral part of rural life.

He spoke about the progress made for the development of Homœopathy in Maharashtra and said a college at a cost of over Rs 5 lakhs was built at Bombay and it would be opened in June, this year. Steps are being taken to increase the bed strength in the Government Homœopathic Hospital in Bombay.

Mr. Pakwasa also wanted that women should come forward to train themselves as Homœopathic doctors. He

The acting Governor also distributed degrees to the 36 candidates who passed the Examination, including four women and honorary degrees to five practising doctors. Mr. R. M. Patel, Home Minister who presided expressed Mysore Government's desire to help development of Homœopathy and Ayurveda.

He was of the view that all the four systems, Ayurveda, Unani, Allopathy and Homœopathy had a useful role to play. They must co-exist and serve the people. Mr. Patel who initiated the legislation about five years ago, urged for the development of Homœopathy on the basis of constant research. It was not enough if it confined to mere "bookish knowledge" he remarked

However, the passing of Mysore Homœopathic Practitioners Act in 1961 was a landmark indicating the recent studies made by this branch of medical science in the State as well as the widespread interest and support it had secured

from the public. But it was obvious, he remarked that the progress and potentialities of the Homœopathic system had not adequately impressed the Government.

Mr. Ramachandra Rao referred to the history of Homœopathy especially in the country and said it started its career here about 180 years ago under patronage of Maharaja Ranjit Singh of Punjab. In Mysore, the first centre was started by Dr. Muller in 1879 at Mangalore. Today 12 of the Indian States had recognised this system and had set up boards for its development.

Steps should be taken to establish independent Boards with the best available talent, for Homœopathy, Ayurveda, Unani systems with adequate financial resources for development as well as research.

He suggested the work of these boards should be co-ordinated at Government level with the existing health and medical services, without the subordination of any one system to the other. Their progress and development should be periodically assessed by an independent body and their future work outlined.

P Y L E T

Bleeding piles, Haemorrhoids and fistula generally do not yield to treatment but on the other hand they are the most troublesome.

"PYLET" Tablets are the outcome of a peculiar combination of Homœopathic medicines and Tissue Salts. A number of cases left as hopeless, have radically benefitted. The regular use of PYLET definitely postpones operations.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF HOMOEOPATHS
Homeo House :: Kumbakonam

HOMOEOPATHY

By Dr. P. L. SARIN, Homœopath, New Delhi.

Homœopathy is now universally acknowledged as a scientific and most convenient system of treatment. It has made wonderful progress in a comparatively short period of one-and-a-half century since its discovery. Masses in countries like India are becoming more and more inclined to accept this system, day by day. This is mainly due to the growing faith in the minds of the general public on the efficacy of this mode of treatment in the cure of acute as well as chronic cases and also because of its cheapness to suit the poorest class. With the coming in of new and quick acting Homœopathic medicines, even the old notion that "there is no immediate relief for acute troubles in Homœopathy" is fast disappearing.

In spite of all these encouraging factors, it is noticeable that this system is still lagging behind the so-called Allopathic system of treatment that occupies the dominant place even today. If we seriously ponder over the subject and analyse the causes that are hampering the progress of Homœopathy, we find that this is to a great extent, on account of the lack of due care and encouragement at the hands of our National Government. Unless this system is treated at par with the Allopathic system of treatment and until we get the

patronage of our National Government, we cannot expect better results.

There is now no doubt that masses in India are gradually becoming more and more Homœopathic minded and the authorities at the helm of affairs must have also realised this fact. It is, therefore, high time that proper attention is given to it by the authorities concerned in the interests of general welfare of the people.

The first and the foremost step that should be taken by our National Government is to issue immediate instructions to the effect that all those Homœopathic Practitioners who got their Degrees or Diplomas from Government Registered Colleges of any State must be registered, without hesitation, by the Registration Boards of the respective States where they are practising. It is understood that some of the States' Registration Boards have even decided to register those practitioners who have got merely 10 years experience. So, it is not understood why those people who have got a regular degree or diploma from a registered Government College should be deprived of this privilege. This is a great handicap which is being experienced by many sincere and capable workers in the field of Homœopathy. If it is not deemed advisable to register

such degree or diploma holders for future, then the Government must start their own Homœopathic colleges and hospitals in every State. But till that time this facility of registration must be extended to all those who have got regular degrees or diplomas who deserve this,

We can impress upon our National Government to adopt a liberal and sympathetic attitude towards Homœopathy and the desired goal can be achieved only if all the Homœopaths in India get united and work hard towards this end.

OMKAR

This is a combination of Ptychotis, Spirits Camphor, and a few other drugs, purified and blended under scientific methods.

Indication: Indigestion, flatulence colic, acidity, eructation, diarrhoea, with or without pain. In fact this is specific in all complaints of digestion and alimentation.

Dose: 10 drops per dose mixed with $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. of water 3 times a day or as often as required every $\frac{1}{2}$ hour. May be safely administered even to infants, in smaller doses.

Indian

Institute of Homoeopaths

Homeo. House

::

Kumbakonam

Edited, Printed & Published by Dr. V. R. MURTY, at the Homœopathy Press, Homeo House, Kumbakonam.

