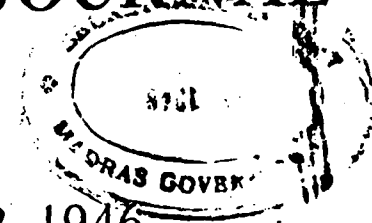


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	Wheat
	Wool (Raw)
	FREIGHTS
	Business Notice

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Tuesday evening.

Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 2nd October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—
Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 1st October 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 2,67,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-8 per cent were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-3 were allotted approximately 81 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-7-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 8th October 1946, at Bombay up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) and up to the close of business on Monday, the 7th October 1946, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 11th October 1946, or on the following working day where Friday is a holiday. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 27th September 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,20,75,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 1st October—

British Conversion (3½ per cent)

2

British War Loan (3½ per cent)

107½

EXCHANGE—

30th September—

Selling. Buying

Telegraphic Transfer

1s. 5½d. 1s. 6½d.

On New York D/D \$100—

Rs. 332½ Rs. 329½

London/New York

\$4-02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 1st October—

Gold (999 fineness), per tola, spot; Rs. 99-2; forward Rs. 93-2.

London, 19th September—

Gold, per fine oz.

18-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—

1st October—

Silver (999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot

Rs. 170-5;

forward Rs. 165-5.

23rd September—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas

Rs. 164

London, 26th September—

Silver, spot, per fine oz.

55½d.

New York, 26th September—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz.

90½ cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 13TH SEPTEMBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 25th September 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	753,76,02,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	319,52,07,000
3. Cash in India:—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	42,69,59,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,55,13,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	88,18,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	80,04,27,000
5. Advances in India	398,57,83,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,47,79,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

	(In Thousands of Rupees.)			
	13-9-46.	8-9-46.	14-9-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	753,70,02	752,67,84	644,71,06	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	319,52,07	319,49,27	253,28,28	102,24,31
3. Total Cash in India	46,92,88	47,93,74	34,34,59	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	80,04,27	79,99,03	113,97,18	25,17,19
5. Advanced in India	398,57,83	395,97,59	252,80,01	101,52,16
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,47,79	20,84,01	13,67,47	3,57,29

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 20TH SEPTEMBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 1st October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	744,16,13,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	319,03,13,000
3. Cash in India:—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	39,14,23,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,39,73,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	71,24,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	80,76,84,000
5. Advances in India	394,62,46,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,03,37,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

	(In Thousands of Rupees.)			
	20-9-46	13-9-46.	21-9-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	744,16,13	753,76,02	645,55,78	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	319,63,13	319,52,07	254,22,33	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	43,25,22	46,92,88	34,16,45	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	80,76,84	80,04,27	106,11,40	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	394,62,46	398,57,83	249,91,95	101,52,16
6. Bills discounted in India	20,03,35	20,47,79	13,32,55	3,57,29

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B. 3062 W. 22-3-47.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 20th September 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	64,23,11,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupce Coin	23,48,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,74,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	496,76,18,000	(a) Internal	..
(2) Government of Burma	8,94,000	(b) External	..
(3) Other Government Accounts	16,72,20,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,78,10,000
(b) Banks	86,84,63,000	Balances held abroad*	530,55,40,000
(c) Others	7,96,32,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	..
Bills Payable	9,47,06,000	Other Loans and Advances	3,42,00,000
Other Liabilities	7,10,16,000	Investments	14,20,54,000
		Other Assets	17,45,12,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	634,95,49,000	TOTAL ASSETS	634,95,49,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 20th September 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	64,23,11,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,194,21,64,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	..	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
Total Notes issued		1,258,44,75,000	Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupce Coin		20,86,28,000
			Government of India Rupce Securities		57,84,13,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,258,44,75,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,258,44,75,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.746 per cent.

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NOTES.

THE ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ORDINANCE, 1946—

The full text of the undermentioned Ordinance has been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 25th September 1946 :—

The Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (Ordinance No. XVIII of 1946).*—An Ordinance to provide for the continuance during a limited period of powers to control the production, supply and distribution of, and trade and commerce in, certain commodities.

The Ordinance extends to the whole of British India. It came into force on the first day of October, 1946.

EMERGENCY PROVISIONS (CONTINUANCE) ORDINANCE, 1946—

The full text of the undermentioned Ordinance has been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 25th September 1946 :—

Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (Ordinance No. XX of 1946).—An Ordinance to provide for the continuance of certain provisions of the Defence of India Act, 1939, and of the Defence of India Rules.

The Ordinance extends to the whole of British India and it applies also—

- to British subjects and servants of the Crown in any part of India;
- to British subjects who are domiciled in any part of India wherever they may be; and
- to, and to persons on, ships and aircrafts registered in British India wherever they may be.

It came into force on the first day of October, 1946.

PROVISIONS OF THE DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES AS MODIFIED AND CONTINUED IN FORCE BY SECTION 2 (READ WITH SCHEDULE) OF THE EMERGENCY PROVISIONS (CONTINUANCE) ORDINANCE, 1946—

The provisions of the Defence of India Rules as modified and continued in force by Section 2 (read with Schedule) of the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), have been published for general information in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 25th September 1946, a copy of which may be seen in the Commercial Library and Reading Room at 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

ALL-INDIA INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES OF FOOD ARTICLES.—

The following Press Note, dated the 23rd September 1946, has been issued by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi :—

The Economic Adviser's All-India index of wholesale prices of Food Articles (Base: last week of August 1939=100) worked out to 254.3 for week ended September 7, 1946, as compared with 254.6 for the previous week and 239.6 for the corresponding week of the previous year.

During the week, group index for 'Cereals' remained unchanged at 281, while 'Pulses' advanced by 3 points to 381 due to further increase in the price of Arhar Dal at Lahore. 'Other Food Articles' declined by 1 point to 193 due to fall in price of Gur.

* Reproduced in full elsewhere in this issue of the Journal.

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

INDIAN—

Berseem Seed.

(JJ-42) A firm in Peshawar City (North-West Frontier Province) desires to be put in touch with purchasers of Berseem Seed (*Trifolium Alexandrinum*).

FOREIGN—

Loofah.

(JJ-43) A firm in London (United Kingdom) desires to be put in touch with exporters in India of Loofahs (a fibrous vegetable growth of the cucumber family commonly used in bathrooms for toilet purposes).

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

CROPS. Madras, week ending 14th September.—Rainfall very heavy in South Kanara; heavy in Madras; moderate in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Chingleput, North Arcot and Malabar; fair in West Godavari, Anantapur, Nellore, Chittoor, Salem and Nilgiris; and light or nil elsewhere. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in East Godavari, Kurnool, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Malabar and Nilgiris and of dry crops in Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Coimbatore and Madura proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in West Godavari, Cuddapah, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and West Coast in progress. Outturn generally fair. Bihar, week ending 23rd September.—Very heavy rain fell in parts of Gaya, Shahabad, Palamau and Singhbhum and light to heavy elsewhere, except in parts of Shahabad where no rain reported. Condition and prospects of standing crops reported fair to good except at places where damaged by floods. Transplanting of *aghani* paddy reported still continuing in Purnea. Harvesting of *bhadosi* crops nearing completion. Punjab, week ending 23rd September.—Weather remained dry except in parts of Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala, Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Jhelum and Rawalpindi districts where rain varying in amount from 0.06" to 3.76" received. Condition of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Top-borer caused some damage to sugarcane crop in Phillaur tahsil of Jullundur district. Bengal, week ending 18th September.—Weather not seasonable everywhere. Excessive rain fell in certain districts. Prospects of standing crops reported generally satisfactory. Transplantation of *aman* paddy and harvesting of *aus* paddy and jute almost complete. Bombay, week ending 20th September.—During week adequate rain in Deccan and parts of west Karnataka and light scattered showers elsewhere in province reported. Drizzling rain affected early paddy in parts of Konkan; elsewhere standing *kharif* crops progressing well. Cotton sowing proceeding in Karnataka. Field operations continued. Harvesting of early *kharif* crops in progress. Rain needed for late paddy in Gujarat. Assam,

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dated 23rd September.—Weather generally seasonable and its effects on crops fair. Prospects and outturn of crops fair. *Central Provinces and Berar*, week ending 21st September.—Weather partly cloudy and partly clear and warm. Light showers of rain received in most parts of province in earlier part of week. Weeding and intercultural operations of *kharif* crops in full swing. Grasshoppers appeared on paddy crop in Dhamtari *tahsil* (Raipur) and causing slight damage to paddy crop in Drug *tahsil* (Drug). Otherwise standing *kharif* crops, on the whole, in fairly satisfactory condition. More rain needed in Chhindwara and Wardha districts. Preparation of land for *rabi* sowing continued throughout province. *United Provinces*, week ending 14th September.—During week under review light showers in most of districts and light rainfall in other districts reported. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops in full swing. Transplantation of late paddy nearing completion. Early *kharif* crops being harvested. Irrigation of *kharif* crops, particularly late paddy, resorted to in some districts where rainfall inadequate. Reports of set-back to crops from lack of rain received from some districts. Damage to crops caused by floods, particularly in low-lying areas, in several districts reported. Condition of standing crops generally satisfactory, except in case of districts where standing crops damaged as result of drought or floods. *Sind*, week ending 27th September.—Rainfall nil. Days and nights cool. Picking of cotton in full swing. All *kharif* crops doing well. Slight red-leaf blight and boll-worm on cotton continuing.

Cotton. Bombay, 26th September.—Displaying irregular tone for greater part of session, forward cotton prices finished considerably easy. Indian Cotton Contract January started around Rs. 445 and eased from Rs. 444-8 to Rs. 443, but thereafter increased by stages in uncertain fashion. Moving up to Rs. 445, it fluctuated between Rs. 445-4 and Rs. 446-4. Again receding to Rs. 444, it advanced from Rs. 445-8 to Rs. 447-8. Subsequently, it moved between Rs. 446 and Rs. 445 and closed at Rs. 444-4.

Jute. Calcutta, 28th September.—Market continues to rule firm but idle. Prices of hessians for all constructions for near and forward positions firmly held at maximum. No business reported. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 60-12 (maximum). Goods unobtainable for any position. All prices at maximum and very firm.

Shellac. Calcutta, 27th September.—T.N. Rs. 160 per B. Maund.

Tea. Thirteenth Tea Sale, Calcutta, 25th September.—8,313 packages of Dust at average price Rs. 1-2-2 sold for consumption in India. Small Dust Sale met very keen demand and prices generally rose by about one anna. Best C.T.C. sorts strongest feature and these showed advances of from 2 to 3 annas per lb. Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

FOREIGN TRADE OF CALCUTTA IN JULY 1946.

THE overseas import trade of Calcutta in private merchandise in July 1946, recorded a further improvement over that of the preceding month (June 1946), the values having increased from Rs. 6-14 crores to Rs. 6-71 crores (exclusive of figures on American Disposals, which covered an amount of Rs. -01 crore).

Exports, including re-exports, however registered a set-back from Rs. 10-29 crores in June 1946 to Rs. 9-94 crores in July 1946.

The values of imports and exports in July 1945 were Rs. 6-23 crores and Rs. 9-31 crores, respectively.

IMPORTS.

A comparison of the values of the principal imports in July 1946 with those of July 1945 is given below, the figures in brackets indicating the increase or decrease as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Machinery and mill work	1,22 (+ 45)
Metals—other than iron and steel	83 (+ 71)
Oils—mineral	65 (-1,47)
Grain, pulse and flour	35 (+ 10)
Tobacco	24 (- 1)
Iron and steel	21 (- 17)
Spices—betelnuts	20 (+ 19)
Instruments—electrical	18 (- 2)
Chemicals and chemical preparations	17 (- 2)
Tea—chests	15 (- 3)
Hardware	14 (+ 7)
Paper and pasteboard	13 (- 28)
Instruments—other than electrical	12 (+ 7)
Salt	12 (+ 2)
Liquors	9 (+ 7)
Drugs and medicines	9 (+ 4)
Provisions and oilman's stores	6 (+ 4)
Woolen goods	3 (+ 1)
Apparel	2 (+ 1)
Building and engineering materials—other kinds	2 (- 4)
Glass and glassware	2 (constant)
Cotton goods	2 (+ 1)
Earthenware	1 (+ 1)
Rubber manufactures	1 (+ 1)
Umbrella and umbrella fittings	1 (+ 1)
Noticeable increase occurred under motor cars	(+Rs. 14 lakhs).

EXPORTS.

The variations in the value of the principal exports of Indian merchandise in July 1946 with those of July 1945 are given below:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Jute manufactures	4,74 (- 4)
Jute, raw	1,30 (+ 46)
Tea	1,11 (- 51)
Lao	1,01 (+ 04)
Mica	30 (+ 22)
Hides and skins, raw	20 (+ 12)
Wool manufactures	18 (+ 15)
Hemp	9 (+ 6)
Seeds—linseed	6 (- 15)
Dyeing and tanning substances	3 (+ 2)
Cotton, raw	3 (+ 2)
Spices—chillies	1 (- 2)
Oils—linseed	1 (constant)

Noticeable increases occurred under coal (+Rs. 11 lakhs), cotton goods and manganese ore (+Rs. 3 lakhs, each) and tobacco, pig iron and turmeric seeds (+Rs. 1 lakh, each).

The bulk of re-exports during July 1946 consisted of raw wool, stationery and spices worth Rs. 4 lakhs, Rs. 1 lakh and Rs. 1 lakh, respectively.

DIRECTION OF EXPORTS.

Linseeds, pig iron, jute twist and yarn and bones for manufacturing purposes were shipped mainly to the United Kingdom; raw cotton and jute manufactures—other sorts to the United States of America; spices—chillies solely to Ceylon; leather to Iraq; hides and skins, lac, manganese ore, mica and hemp to the United Kingdom and the United States of America; tea mainly to the United Kingdom, the United States of America and Canada; coal to Ceylon, Straits Settlements and Burma; rubber manufactures to Ceylon and Hongkong; jute, raw, mainly to the United States of America, the United Kingdom, U.S.S.R., Belgium, France and Germany; gunny bags mainly to Nigeria, Cuba, Java, the United Kingdom, Gold Coast, China, French West Africa, British West Indies and the Union of South Africa; gunny cloth to the United States of America, Canada and the United Kingdom.

REPORT ON THE WORK OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER IN EAST AFRICA, MOMBASA, DURING 1944-45*

BY

SARDAR SAHIB SANGAT SINGH,

Indian Government Trade Commissioner in East Africa, Mombasa.

Foreign Trade.

SECTION (1).—IMPORT TRADE—GENERAL.

THE aggregate value of the import of merchandise into the four East African territories (*viz.*, Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika and Zanzibar) within the scope of this Report rose from £20,408,033 in 1943 to £22,612,567 in 1944, reflecting an improvement of about 11 per cent over last year's trade. An analysis of the separate trade statistics of each territory is given below:—

(i) Kenya and Uganda.

Since Kenya and Uganda are treated as a single unit for customs and statistical purposes, it would be more convenient to discuss the combined trade of these two territories.

The total value of merchandise imported into Kenya and Uganda during the year 1944 was the highest on record. High war-time values of commodities accounted to a large extent for the apparent turnover of goods but in general, prices were not appreciably higher than in 1943 and over-all the volume of consumer goods imported was greater. The value of imports into Kenya and Uganda during each of the four years 1941 to 1944, respectively, together with India's share in the trade are shown in the table below:—

Year.	Total Imports.	Imports from India.	India's Percentage Share.
1941	£ 14,564,062	£ 3,437,505	23.6
1942	13,873,681	2,094,777	21.6
1943	14,581,248	3,791,400	26.0
1944	15,723,837	3,948,306	25.1

It would be observed that, in spite of the more rigid export restrictions imposed in India, she was almost able to maintain her position in the import trade of Kenya and Uganda during the year under review. For purposes of comparison the percentage shares of India's chief rivals in the import trade of these two territories are indicated below:—

Country.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
United Kingdom	20.1	20.1	17.6	22.8
Union of South Africa	6.9	7.4	10.3	13.0
Canada	1.6	1.2	1.8	1.7
Tanganyika Territory	0.2	11.7	0.8	0.8
Iran	13.4	20.9	18.0	10.0
United States of America	8.1	10.3	12.2	13.5

The United Kingdom proportion increased from 17.6 per cent in 1943 to 22.8 in 1944. In the pre-war years the figure was invariably in the neighbourhood of 40 per cent, but owing to war-time restrictions on exports from the U.K. the percentage figure consistently fell until it reached the 1943 figure of 17.6 per cent; 1944 is the first year which had shown an upward trend giving an increase of 5.2 per cent. The Union of South Africa and the U.S.A. also increased their proportions while Iran, owing to

the reduced demand for fuel oil, decreased from 18 per cent to 10 per cent.

The principal items of imports with their values into Kenya and Uganda from India during the years 1942 to 1944, respectively, are shown below:—

Commodity.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	£	£	£
Total Imports	2,994,777	3,791,499	3,948,306
Cotton textiles	1,501,416	2,773,030	2,773,614
Jute bags and sacks	471,034	183,430	567,576
Jute bagging and sacking	71,338	22,189	56,764
Boots and shoes	15,920	11,737	22,410
Leather, dressed	17,171	27,122	18,609
Manufactures of leather	13,051	16,874	30,365
Films, cinematograph, exposed	7,774	10,097	22,676
Betelnuts	7,729	7,267	3,198
Other spices	33,995	25,396	14,651
Cotton yarns	6,477	3,249	194
Cotton thread	18,239	11,580	23,142
Art. silk piecegoods	23,557	11,961	1,790
Matches	7,770	17,186	14,076
Extracts and essences, Food	9	139	2,326
Fruits, dried	3,333	8,084	4,903
Provisions	5,677	9,890	4,974
Tobacco, unmanufactured	12,005	20,019	7,082
Oilseeds	502	1,699	1,699
Seeds, misc. agricultural	671	1,106	2,036
China ware and porcelainware	2,612	5,833	1,143
Tiles	2,017	14,900	40,472
Glassware, domestic and fancy	2,617	1,403	2,384
Mirrors and looking glasses	2,653	140	1,540
Industrial machinery and parts thereof	16,789	12,087	13,067
Mosquito netting	582	5,753	3,613
Rope, cordage and twine	7,921	9,033	6,929
Sail cloth and canvas	11,432	1,523	3,235
Haberdashery (soft) and millinery	7,642	22,286	12,326
Hats and caps	1,937	3,201	3,351
Stockings and hose	7,269	19,638	15,066
Hosiery, other sorts	37,883	53,730	40,623
Wearing apparel	18,090	82,440	34,360
Drugs, medicines and medicinal preparations	7,910	17,613	12,681
Paints, colours and varnishes	1,220	679	3,485
Stationery	3,153	2,874	1,929
Books, printed	3,201	2,440	2,642
Brooms and brushes	1,578	1,209	1,763
Jewellery and imitation jewellery	947	1,197	2,354
Gramophone records	9,551	7,421	6,275
Perfumery, cosmetics, etc.	1,636	554	1,298
Sport goods	3,040	3,194	7,774

*In continuation of the particulars published on pages 553-58 of the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 26th September 1946.

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The import trade in each of the above commodities with India as well as her chief trade rivals is discussed in a separate chapter on "Commodities".

(ii) Tanganyika Territory.

The total imports (exclusive of bullion and specie) increased in value from £4,624,787 in 1943 to £5,639,381 in 1944.

The value of total imports into Tanganyika Territory and India's share in the trade during the years 1941 to 1944, respectively, are indicated in the table below :—

Year.	Total Imports.	Imports from India.	Percentage Share of India.
	£	£	
1941	3,056,497	1,524,474	41.7
1942	3,688,777	1,080,337	45.5
1943	4,624,787	2,183,576	47.2
1944	5,639,381	1,089,725	35.3

More rigid restrictions exercised in India on the export of cotton piecegoods, blankets, apparel and jute sacking was responsible almost entirely for the decrease in her percentage share of the import trade of Tanganyika Territory during the year 1944. In spite of this decline, India still occupied the first place among suppliers of Tanganyika's import requirements.

For purposes of comparison the percentage shares of India's chief rivals in the import trade are indicated below :—

Country.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
United Kingdom	22.7	17.1	15.7	18.6
Kenya and Uganda	10.8	16.2	16.0	16.1
Union of South Africa	3.2	3.8	4.0	7.2
United States of America	5.9	4.6	4.3	0.0

Imports from the United Kingdom showed an increase in value due largely to increased importations of cotton goods, iron and steel manufactures and cement.

Imports from the neighbouring territories of Kenya and Uganda registered a further increase, the major portion of which was accounted for by the increased imports of cigarettes and basic food-stuffs.

The increase in South Africa's share of the trade was made up principally of motor tyres, explosives, wines, machinery and boots and shoes.

The increase in the U.S.A.'s share was due to larger importations of lubricating oil, machinery, railway wagons and motor vehicles.

The principal imports into the Tanganyika Territory from India during the years 1942, 1943 and 1944, respectively, are indicated in the table below :—

Commodity.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	£	£	£
Total Imports	1,680,337	2,183,575	1,989,725
Cotton piecegoods	1,156,895	1,702,638	1,564,378
Cotton blankets	102,031	137,818	103,072
Jute bags and sacks	113,046	84,006	107,739
Heeslan and sacking in the piece	10,780	15,142	5,507
Boots and shoes made principally of rubber and canvas.	1,213	198	30
Boots and shoes, other	6,925	4,151	6,767
Films for bioscopes and cinematographs, exposed.	20,725	13,227	18,085
Leather, dressed	5,812	4,420	5,571
Leather manufactures	3,219	7,816	2,666
Cotton thread	19,103	5,241	21,743
Cotton yarn	1,546	597	281
Sauces, spices and condiments	15,245	10,378	6,235
Art. silk piecegoods	12,065	8,235	641
Stationery (Paper)	3,075	1,554	1,189
Matches	7,782	7,554	6,724
Blankets, woollen	2,637	71	291
Fruits, dried	2,787	4,161	2,550
Cotton waste	491	921	1,008
Seeds, Misc. agricultural	1,717	4,381	8,264
Nails, screws, etc.	2,004	283	1,128
Gramophone records	915	1,049	605
Cordage, rope and twine	5,414	1,898	1,870
Sail cloth and canvas	863	261	970
Tents, tarpaulins and awnings	1,174	1,183	1,703
Haberdashery (soft) and millinery	1,657	718	2,400
Sun-helmets	761	303	2,612
Hats, caps, etc.	660	1,043	1,751
Stockings and socks	1,855	5,274	6,149
Vests and singlets	8,416	9,874	16,416
Cardigans, jerseys and pullovers	12,504	13,084	8,400
Shirts	11,384	21,945	18,500
Wearing apparel	6,278	6,754	2,241
Medicines and drugs	2,718	4,021	5,809
Paints, Colours and varnishes	1,253	2,511	740
Books, printed	1,585	2,811	1,789
Brushes and brooms	377	426	2,070

The import trade in each of the above commodities with India as well as her chief trade rivals is discussed in a separate chapter on "Commodities".

(iii) Zanzibar Protectorate.

Imports into Zanzibar (excluding bullion and specie) during the year 1944 were valued at £1,249,340 as against £1,201,998 in the year 1943.

The percentage shares of India in the import trade of Zanzibar during the four years 1941 to 1944, respectively, are indicated in the table below :—

Year.	Total Imports.	Imports from India.	Percentage Share of India.
	£	£	%
1941	1,037,854	275,473	26.5
1942	1,041,074	280,973	27.2
1943	1,201,998	306,263	25.2
1944	1,249,349	198,064	15.9

The decline in the percentage share of India in the year 1944 is consequent largely on more rigid export restrictions in India necessitated by war-time conditions.

For purposes of comparison, the percentage shares of India's chief rivals in the import trade of Zanzibar are indicated below :—

Country.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
United Kingdom	11.8	8.4	9.7	12.1
Tanganyika Territory	9.0	17.5	12.1	15.1
Kenya Colony	5.4	6.2	8.5	10.9
Union of South Africa	4.0	4.0	5.8	5.8
Iran	3.7	6.4	5.4	3.6

The principal imports into the Zanzibar Protectorate from India during the years 1942, 1943 and 1944, respectively, were as follows :—

Commodity.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	£	£	£
Total Imports	260,973	306,263	198,064
Cotton piecegoods	69,793	131,733	128,156
Cotton blankets and rugs	2,025	3,208	861
Jute bags and sacks	33,988	5,208	15,169
Cinematograph films, exposed	9,109	8,005	10,194
Matches	8,085	9,124	5,433
Onions	1,899	4,805	1,679
Cotton thread	1,401	558	620
Art. silk piecegoods	144	75	11
Rope, cordage and twine	3,448	3,198	1,598
Boots and shoes	1,263	6,153	2,944
Sapats and native sandals	2,022	3,208	1,255
Fruits, dried	850	909	1,654
Spices	9,047	4,513	4,503
Stone manufactures	77	1	198
Shirts	3,386	5,010	561
Singlets	3,350	1,384	160
Haberdashery and millinery	578	924	551
Wearing apparel, other	1,498	2,231	2,369
Drugs and medicines	610	844	846
Leather, dressed	1,141	831	837
Leather manufactures	141	282	166
Books, printed	1,216	480	733
Gramophone records	92	37	182
Straw mats	6,801	6,561	9,606

The import trade in each of the above commodities with India as well as her chief trade rivals is discussed in a separate chapter on "Commodities".

SECTION (2).—EXPORT TRADE—GENERAL.

The aggregate value of exports and re-exports from Kenya, Uganda, Tanganyika and Zanzibar advanced from £21,322,470 in 1943 to £24,985,516 in 1944. Exports of domestic produce of the four territories were valued at £20,752,607 in 1944 as compared with £16,769,795 in 1943. The export trade of (i) Kenya and Uganda, (ii) Tanganyika Territory and (iii) Zanzibar Protectorate, respectively, is discussed separately in the following paragraphs.

(i) Kenya and Uganda.

The value of domestic exports of Kenya and Uganda rose from £9,898,453 in 1943 to £12,439,919 in 1944. There was, however, a slight decline in the re-exports of foreign merchandise from £3,925,742 in 1943 to £3,646,466 in 1944.

Among the domestic exports of Kenya, pyrethrum represented 17 per cent of the total domestic exports from that Colony. Next in order of importance were sisal fibre and tow (14 per cent), coffee (11 per cent), tea (10 per cent), Gold bullion (9 per cent), sodium carbonate (5 per cent), wattle extract (4 per cent), wheat meal and flour (4 per cent), hides (4 per cent), cotton raw (3 per cent), wattle bark (2 per cent), and skins (2 per cent).

Cotton (raw) represented 67 per cent of the total value of domestic exports of Uganda, next in importance being coffee (14 per cent), tobacco and cigarettes (8 per cent), sugar (3 per cent) and tea (1 per cent).

The table below indicates the values of the combined domestic exports from Kenya and Uganda during the years 1941 to 1944, respectively, and India's share in the trade :—

Year.	Total Domestic Exports.	Exports to India.	Percentage Share of India.
	£	£	
1941	10,449,586	4,184,125	40
1942	9,704,743	1,887,110	19
1943	9,898,453	2,203,318	22
1944	12,439,919	5,129,950	41

India was the best customer of Kenya and Uganda's produce with a share of 41 per cent. For purposes of comparison, the percentage shares of the other chief customers of Kenya and Uganda produce during the years 1941 to 1944, respectively, are indicated below :—

Country.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
United Kingdom	14	26	31	16
Union of South Africa	12	13	10	10
Australia	2	4	1	2
Tanganyika Territory	4	6	8	8
U.S.A.	14	13	8	9

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The principal domestic exports of Kenya and Uganda to India during the years 1942, 1943 and 1944, respectively, with their values, are shown below :—

Commodity.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	£ (000).	£ (000).	£ (000).
Total exports	7,887	2,203	5,130
Cotton raw	1,017	1,751	4,756
Sodium carbonate	148	143	141
Pyrethrum	31	112	115
Sisal fibre and tow	67	140	60
Wattle bark	1	18	0

(ii) Tanganyika Territory.

The value of £8,012,377 for domestic exports in 1943 increased by £1,417,812 to £7,430,149 in 1944, an increase of 23.6 per cent.

The table below gives the values of total domestic exports from the Tanganyika Territory during the years 1941 to 1944, respectively, with India's share in the trade :—

Year.	Total Domestic Exports.	Exports to India.	Percentage Share of India.
	£	£	
1941	5,879,800	804,208	10.6
1942	6,981,650	879,393	8.3
1943	8,012,377	470,880	7.8
1944	7,430,149	792,813	10.7

The rise in the value of exports to India was accounted for by increased shipments of cotton, gum arabic and sisal.

For purposes of comparison, the percentage shares of other chief customers of the produce of Tanganyika Territory are indicated in the table below :—

Country.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
United Kingdom	25.7	12.2	23.2	25.5
Kenya and Uganda	27.0	26.0	30.4	25.9
Union of South Africa	24.0	16.0	14.7	13.4
U. S. A.	7.1	27.9	15.6	15.9

Exports to the United Kingdom were valued at £1,898,000 as against £1,394,000 in 1943, and amounted to 25.5 per cent of the total. Sisal shipments were largely responsible for this, but increases were also shown in beeswax, hides, cotton and pyrethrum. Tea, tobacco, cotton seed and camphor exports decreased.

The principal domestic exports from Tanganyika Territory to India during the years 1942, 1943 and 1944, respectively, were as follows :—

Commodity.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	£ (000).	£ (000).	£ (000).
Total exports	579	470	793
Cotton	482	457	469
Gum Copal	3	4	19
Gum Arabic	29	4	82
Sisal	60	..	178
Ivory	..	..	27
Beeswax	..	..	9
Timber	..	..	4
Cashewnuts	1	..	4

(iii) Zanzibar Protectorate.

The domestic exports of Zanzibar registered a slight advance from £850,005 in 1943 to £882,539 in 1944.

The table below shows the domestic exports of Zanzibar for each year during the years 1941, 1942, 1943 and 1944 with India's share in the trade :—

Year.	Total Domestic Exports.	Exports to India.	Percentage Share of India.
	£	£	
1941	1,272,070	314,746	24.7
1942	1,163,770	386,353	33.2
1943	850,005	185,286	21.8
1944	882,539	257,077	29.2

India was the best customer of Zanzibar produce and increased her share from 21.5 per cent in 1943 to 29.2 per cent in 1944.

For purposes of comparison, the percentage shares of the other chief customers of the produce of Zanzibar are indicated below :—

Country.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1944.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
U. K.	8.06	10.80	10.02	8.15
Tanganyika Territory	10.25	7.31	11.10	7.65
U. S. A.	19.09	23.79	11.17	9.15
Kenya Colony	6.14	2.04	7.24	11.64
Palestine	..	12.57	6.70	11.64

The principal commodity exported from Zanzibar to India is clove and value of its exports during the years 1942 to 1944 were :—

	1942.	1943.	1944.
	£	£	£
Total exports	380,353	185,286	257,077
Cloves	380,600	180,397	256,824

Commodities.

This Chapter deals in more detail with commodities which figure prominently in India's export trade with East African territories.

Cotton Textiles.—This group continued to be the most important item of trade imports. During 1944, the value of cotton textiles was £3,186,439 or 20 per cent of all imported goods in the case of Kenya and Uganda, £1,697,510 or 30 per cent in the case of Tanganyika Territory and £202,862 or 16 per cent in the case of Zanzibar Protectorate.

India supplied 87 per cent of the cotton textiles imported into Kenya and Uganda, 92 per cent of those imported into the Tanganyika Territory and 63 per cent of those imported into the Zanzibar Protectorate.

The average value per yard of imported cotton textiles at Mombasa in the year 1944 was Sh. 1/50 cents as against Shs. 1/43 cents in 1943 and Sh. -/73 cents in 1942; cotton blankets showed a value per blanket of Shs. 5/02 cents in 1944 as compared with Shs. 5/50 cents in 1943 and Shs. 3/12 cents in 1942.

The following table shows the average relative unit values per square yard on the basis of a 1939 value of 100 separately for each category of cotton piecegoods imported at Dar-es-Salaam (Tanganyika Territory) during the years 1942 to 1944 :—

Cotton Piecegoods.	1942.	1943.	1944.
Unbleached	302	636	602
Bleached	801	573	541
Dyed	331	619	582
Printed, other	229	501	414
Coloured	230	434	430
Printed Khangas	194	287	334

It may be observed that the control over prices of cloth exported from India which was introduced in the year 1944 had the effect of bringing down the prices to some extent.

(i) IMPORTS INTO KENYA AND UGANDA.

Cotton Piecegoods: Grey unbleached.—Imports from India amounted to 13,648,005 linear yards valued at £895,248 in 1944 as compared with 16,210,474 linear yards valued at £1,047,032 in the year 1943. The United Kingdom was the only other supplier of any importance and imports therefrom amounted to 31,108 linear yards valued at £1,104 in 1944.

Bleached.—Imports from India registered an advance from 2,475,045 linear yards valued at £197,316 in 1943 to 3,143,886 linear yards valued at £260,430 in 1944. The only other important source of supply was the United Kingdom, imports from which amounted to 246,857 linear yards valued at £15,906 in 1944.

Printed (other than Khangas).—Imports from India rose from 3,158,011 linear yards valued at £263,301 in 1943 to 4,146,302 linear yards valued at £385,334 in 1944. Imports from the United Kingdom, which was the only other source of supply, amounted to 325,383 linear yards valued at £26,128 in the year 1944.

Printed Khangas.—Imports from India advanced from 4,566 linear yards valued at £285 in 1943 to 41,806 linear yards valued at £2,705 in 1944. The most important supplier of khangas was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to 168,576 linear yards valued at £11,427 in 1944.

Dyed in the Piece.—Imports from India advanced from 2,082,835 linear yards valued at £168,338 in 1943 to 2,356,357 linear yards valued at £185,405 in 1944. The other important supplier was the United Kingdom and imports therefrom amounted to 1,325,811 linear yards valued at £105,446 in the year 1944.

Coloured.—Imports from India amounted to 10,065,738 linear yards valued at £742,003 in 1944 as against 11,066,859 linear yards valued at £835,463 in the preceding year. The only other important source of supply was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to 108,831 linear yards valued at £11,078 in 1944.

Cotton Blankets.—Imports from India registered an advance from 946,412 blankets valued at £261,205 in 1943 to 1,025,800 blankets valued at £301,589 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the only other supplier which sent 6,191 blankets valued at £3,710 in 1944.

Boots and Shoes.—Imports from India rose from 3,672 dozen pairs valued at £11,737 in 1943 to 4,549 dozen pairs valued at £22,410 in 1944. The Union of South Africa was the second largest supplier, imports therefrom amounting to 2,163 dozen pairs valued at £17,581 in 1944.

Other Manufactures of Leather.—Imports from India advanced in value from £16,874 in 1943 to £30,365 in 1944. The United

Kingdom was the second largest supplier, imports therefrom being valued at £7,725 in 1944.

Leather, dressed.—Imports from India declined from 473 cwts. valued at £27,122 in 1943 to 257 cwts. valued at £18,609 in 1944.

Wheat.—Imports from India were insignificant amounting to only 59 cwts. valued at £86 in 1944. The largest source of imports was the neighbouring territory of Tanganyika which sent 38,928 cwts. valued at £30,013 in 1944.

Wheat Flour.—Of the small imports of wheat flour into Kenya and Uganda amounting to 81 cwts. valued at £136 in 1944, India supplied 79 cwts. valued at £133. Bulk of the requirements in respect of this commodity was met by local production.

Rice.—Imports from India amounted to only 11 cwts. valued at £25 in 1944. Bulk of the supplies of rice came from the neighbouring territory of Tanganyika amounting to 48,899 cwts. valued at £42,491.

Dhall.—Of the small imports of dhall amounting to only 48 cwts. valued at £82, India supplied 32 cwts. valued at £50.

Films, Cinematograph, exposed.—Imports from India amounted to 32,104,000 linear feet valued at £22,676 in 1944 as against 3,288,000 linear feet valued at £10,097 in 1943. The United Kingdom and the U.S.A. were the other principal sources of supply.

Betelnuts.—Imports from India declined from 530 cwts. valued at £7,267 in 1943 to 204 cwts. valued at £3,198 in 1944. Bulk of supplies came from the neighbouring territory of Tanganyika amounting to 764 cwts. valued at £3,114 in 1944.

Spices (other than betelnuts).—Imports from India declined from 5,281 cwts. valued at £25,366 in 1943 to 2,917 cwts. valued at £14,651 in 1944, in sympathy with a decline in the total imports of this commodity.

Cotton Thread.—Imports from India advanced from 32,025 lbs. valued at £11,580 in 1943 to 68,690 lbs. valued at £23,142 in 1944. The most important source of supply was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to 185,571 lbs. valued at £94,390 in 1944.

Cotton Yarns.—Imports from India, which was the only supplier, declined from 22,998 lbs. valued at £3,249 in 1943 to only 1,600 lbs. valued at £194 in 1944.

Jute Bags and Sacks.—Imports from India, which was the only supplier, registered an appreciable advance from 285,636 dozen valued at £183,430 in 1943 to 729,491 dozen valued at £567,576 in 1944.

Jute Bagging and Sacking.—Imports from India, which was the only source of supply, rose from 855,000 linear yards valued at £22,189 in 1943 to 1,979,000 linear yards valued at £56,764 in 1944.

Artificial Silk Piecegoods.—Imports from India declined from 83,507 linear yards valued at £11,961 in 1943 to 10,083 linear yards valued at £1,790 in 1944. Bulk of supplies came from the United Kingdom, amounting to 389,655 linear yards valued at £83,512 in 1944.

Matches.—Imports from India declined from 45,095 gross boxes valued at £17,186 in 1943 to 36,450 gross boxes valued at £14,076 in 1944. The only other important source of supply was the Union of South Africa, imports therefrom amounting to 34,500 gross boxes valued at £15,006 in 1944.

Extracts and Essences, Food.—Imports from India advanced in value from £139 in 1943 to £2,326 in 1944. The United Kingdom and the Union of South Africa were the other chief suppliers, imports therefrom amounting to £6,788 and £583, respectively, in the year 1944.

Fruits, dried.—Imports from India declined from 863 cwts. valued at £8,084 in 1943 to 533 cwts. valued at £4,903 in 1944. The Union of South Africa was the largest supplier, imports therefrom amounting to 5,541 cwts. valued at £28,131 in 1944.

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Provisions.—Imports from India declined in value from £9,890 in 1943 to £4,974 in 1944. Bulk of the supplies came from the neighbouring territory of Tanganyika and the Union of South Africa amounting to £11,818 and £27,519, respectively, in the year 1944. The U.S.A. was also the other source of supply, imports therefrom being valued at £3,598.

Tobacco, unmanufactured.—Imports of unmanufactured tobacco from India amounted to 100,203 lbs. valued at £7,082 in 1944 as against 425,135 lbs. valued at £20,919 in the preceding year. The other chief sources of supply were Southern Rhodesia, Tanganyika and the United States of America.

Oilseeds.—Almost the entire imports were from India amounting to 13 tons valued at £1,699 in the year 1944.

Seeds, miscellaneous, agricultural.—Imports from India advanced from 54 cwt. valued at £1,106 in 1943 to 73 cwt. valued at £2,036 in 1944. The U.S.A., Union of South Africa and Tanganyika Territory were the other chief suppliers of seeds.

Chinaware and Porcelainware.—Imports from India declined from 446 cwt. valued at £5,833 in 1943 to 106 cwt. valued at £1,143 in 1944. The other chief source of supply was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to 471 cwt. valued at £3,221 in 1944. Portugal entered the market for the first time in 1944 with a share of 652 cwt. valued at £5,281.

Tiles.—Imports from India advanced from 776 thousands valued at £14,900 in 1943 to 2,052 thousands valued at £40,472 in 1944.

Glassware, Domestic and Fancy.—Imports from India advanced from 130 cwt. valued at £1,403 in 1943 to 355 cwt. valued at £2,381 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the biggest supplier, imports therefrom amounting to 2,200 cwt. valued at £14,481 in 1944.

Mirrors and Looking Glasses.—Imports from India advanced from 8 cwt. valued at £140 in 1943 to 83 cwt. valued at £1,540 in 1944.

Industrial Machinery and Parts thereof.—Imports from India amounted to 36 tons valued at £13,067 in 1944 as against 41 tons valued at £12,987 in 1943. The United Kingdom was the biggest supplier with a share of 1,264 tons valued at £180,834 in 1944. The Union of South Africa and the U.S.A. were the other sources of supply.

Mosquito Netting.—Imports from India were valued at £3,613 in 1944 as against £5,763 in the preceding year. The United Kingdom was the best supplier, imports therefrom being valued at £19,023 in 1944.

Cordage, Rope and Twine.—Imports from India declined from 3,507 cwt. valued at £9,033 in 1943 to 2,256 cwt. valued at £6,929 in 1944, in common with a decline in the total imports of this commodity. The other source of supply was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to 927 cwt. valued at £5,316 in the year 1944.

Sail Cloth and Canvas.—Imports from India advanced from 11,972 linear yards valued at £1,523 in 1943 to 34,012 linear yards valued at £3,235 in 1944. The biggest supplier was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to 54,134 linear yards valued at £9,501 in 1944.

Haberdashery (soft) and Millinery.—Imports from India declined in value from £22,286 in 1943 to £12,326 in 1944. The other principal supplier was the United Kingdom, imports from which source advanced from £10,938 in 1943 to £21,305 in 1944.

Hats and Caps, etc.—Imports from India increased from 1,397 dozen valued at £3,291 in 1943 to 1,613 dozen valued at £3,351 in 1944. The other chief source of supply was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to 1,845 dozen valued at £7,538 in 1944.

Stockings and Hose.—Imports from India declined from 18,357 dozen pairs valued at £19,638 in 1943 to 14,465 dozen pairs valued

at £15,066 in 1944. Imports from the U.K., which was the other chief supplier, on the other hand, advanced from 582 dozen pairs valued at £470 in 1943 to 17,284 dozen pairs valued at £17,629 in 1944.

Hosiery, other sorts.—Imports from India declined from 40,527 dozen valued at £53,730 in 1943 to 28,125 dozen valued at £40,623 in 1944. There was a corresponding increase in supplies from the United Kingdom, amounting to 10,039 dozen valued at £20,162 in the year 1944.

Wearing Apparel.—Imports from India advanced in value from £32,440 in 1943 to £34,360 in 1944. Imports from the United Kingdom also registered an appreciable increase while those from the U.S.A. suffered decline.

Drugs, Medicines and Medicinal Preparations.—Imports from India declined in value from £17,613 in 1943 to £12,681 in 1944. The other principal sources of supply were the United Kingdom, Union of South Africa and the U.S.A.

Paints, Colours and Varnishes.—Imports from India advanced from 165 cwt. valued at £679 in 1943 to 464 cwt. valued at £3,485 in 1944. Imports from both the U.K. and the Union of South Africa, which were the other chief suppliers, also registered increases.

Stationery.—Imports from India amounted to 138 cwt. valued at £1,829 in 1944 as against 133 cwt. valued at £2,874 in the preceding year. The biggest supplier was the United Kingdom which supplied 5,532 cwt. valued at £72,585 in 1944. The Union of South Africa was another source of supply of comparatively lesser importance with a share of 507 cwt. valued at £5,155.

Books, printed.—Imports from India amounted to 139 cwt. valued at £2,642 in 1944 as against 142 cwt. valued at £2,440 in the preceding year. The U.K. and the U.S.A. were the two largest suppliers of books.

Brooms and Brushes.—Imports from India advanced from 1,704 dozen valued at £1,209 in 1943 to 2,239 dozen valued at £1,763 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the biggest supplier, imports therefrom amounting to 12,286 dozen valued at £11,585 in 1944.

Jewellery and Imitation Jewellery.—Imports from India advanced in value from £1,107 in 1943 to £2,354 in 1944. Imports of jewellery from the Union of South Africa registered a sudden increase from £11 in 1943 to £15,773 in 1944.

Gramophone Records.—Imports from India amounted to 3,312 dozen valued at £6,275 in 1944 as against 4,036 dozen valued at £7,421 in the preceding year.

Perfumery and Cosmetics.—Imports from India advanced in value from £554 in 1943 to £1,298 in 1944. Imports from the United Kingdom, which was the other principal supplier, also registered an appreciable increase from £8,130 in 1943 to £23,924 in 1944.

Sports Goods, Games, etc.—Imports from India advanced in value from £3,194 in 1943 to £7,774 in 1944. Imports from the United Kingdom also registered an increase while supplies from the U.S.A. were nil in 1944 as against £1,973 in 1943.

(ii) IMPORTS INTO THE TANGANYIKA TERRITORY.

Cotton Piecegoods: Grey unbleached.—In sympathy with a decline in the total imports of this category, imports from India also registered a slight reduction from 9,517,037 square yards valued at £568,076 in 1943 to 8,618,860 sq. yards valued at £487,781 in 1944. The only other supplier was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom being in negligible proportion.

Bleached.—In common with the reduction in the total imports, imports from India showed a slight decline from 1,096,495 sq. yards valued at £137,540 in 1943 to 1,412,689 sq. yards valued at £90,643 in 1944. Imports from the United Kingdom, which was the only other source of supply, amounted to 96,812 sq. yards valued at £7,000 in the year 1944.

Printed Khansas.—Imports from India declined from 97,008 sq. yards valued at £4,363 in 1943 to 42,687 sq. yards valued at £2,250 in 1944. Imports from the United Kingdom, on the other hand, advanced from 415,018 sq. yards valued at £18,534 in 1943 to 746,433 sq. yards valued at £38,955 in 1944.

Printed, others.—Imports from India advanced from 2,094,971 sq. yards valued at £134,315 in 1943 to 3,570,581 square yards valued at £190,649 in 1944. The only other important source of supply was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to 27,980 sq. yards valued at £2,389 in the year 1944.

Dyed in the Piece.—Imports from India registered an appreciable advance from 3,671,057 sq. yards valued at £270,940 in 1943 to 6,318,546 sq. yards valued at £465,540 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the other chief source of supply, imports therefrom amounting to 413,393 sq. yards valued at £36,374 in the year 1944.

Coloured.—Imports of coloured piecegoods from India showed a decline from 8,921,776 sq. yards valued at £587,404 in 1943 to 5,027,202 sq. yards valued at £327,515 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the only other supplier with a share of 24,359 sq. yards valued at £3,238 in the year 1944.

Cotton Blankets.—Imports from India declined from 31,634 scores valued at £137,818 in 1943 to 20,614 scores valued at £103,972 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the only other supplier, imports therefrom amounting to 515 scores valued at £3,043 in the year 1944.

Jute Bags and Sacks.—India was the only source of supply, imports therefrom amounting to 136,448 dozen valued at £107,739 in 1944 as compared with 169,297 dozen valued at £84,006 in the preceding year.

Hessian and Sacking in the Piece.—Imports from India, which was the only supplier, declined from 925,515 linear yards valued at £15,142 in 1943 to 231,458 linear yards valued at £5,507 in 1944.

Boots and Shoes made principally of Rubber and Canvas.—India supplied only 8 dozen pairs valued at £30 in 1944 as against 72 dozen pairs valued at £198 in the preceding year. The bulk of imports were from the neighbouring Colony of Kenya where the Bata Shoe Company have a factory for manufacturing such rubber and canvas shoes.

Boots and Shoes, other sorts.—Imports from India amounted to 1,294 dozen pairs valued at £6,767 in 1944 as compared with 1,488 dozen pairs valued at £4,151 in the preceding year.

Films for Bioscopes and Cinematographs, exposed.—Imports from India advanced from 22,19,200 linear feet valued at £13,227 in 1943 to 41,05,500 linear feet valued at £18,085 in 1944. The other important source of supply was the United States of America, imports therefrom amounting to 28,22,800 linear feet valued at £23,554 in the year 1944.

Leather, dressed.—Imports from India amounted to 94 cwt. valued at £5,571 in 1944 as compared with 91 cwt. valued at £4,420 in the preceding year.

Leather Manufactures.—Imports from India advanced in value from £1,816 in 1943 to £2,666 in 1944. The United Kingdom and Kenya Colony were the other sources of supply, imports therefrom amounting to £875 and £1,144, respectively, in the year 1944.

Cotton Thread.—Imports from India advanced from 17,603 lbs. valued at £5,241 in 1943 to 56,502 lbs. valued at £21,743 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the other chief source of supply, imports therefrom amounting to 81,813 lbs. valued at £39,066 in the year 1944.

Cotton Yarn.—Imports from India, which was almost the only supplier, amounted to 2,174 lbs. valued at £281 in 1944 as against 5,041 lbs. valued at £591 in the year 1943.

Sauces, Spices and other Condiments.—Imports from India declined in value from £10,378 in 1943 to £6,235 in 1944.

Artificial Silk Piecegoods.—In common with a reduction in the total imports, imports from India also declined from 51,324 sq. yards valued at £5,235 in 1943 to 5,840 sq. yards valued at £641 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the other important supplier, imports therefrom amounting to 23,885 sq. yards valued at £5,478 in the year 1944.

Stationery (Paper).—Imports from India were valued at £1,189 in 1944 as compared with £1,554 in the preceding year. The United Kingdom and Kenya were the other suppliers, imports therefrom amounting to £19,817 and £4,971, respectively, in the year 1944.

Matches.—Imports from India declined from 22,496 gross boxes valued at £7,554 in 1943 to 17,000 gross boxes valued at £6,724 in 1944. The Union of South Africa was the other chief source of supply, imports therefrom amounting to 15,429 gross boxes valued at £4,208 in the year 1944.

Blankets, woollen.—Imports from India increased from 89 blankets valued at £71 in 1943 to 813 blankets valued at £291 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the principal supplier with a share of 2,384 blankets valued at £2,097 in the year 1944.

Fruits, dried.—Imports from India amounted to 256 cwt. valued at £2,550 in 1944 as compared with 382 cwt. valued at £4,161 in the preceding year. The other chief supplier was the Union of South Africa, imports therefrom amounting to 556 cwt. valued at £3,192 in the year 1944.

Cotton Waste.—Imports from India advanced from 268 cwt. valued at £921 in 1943 to 403 cwt. valued at £1,008 in 1944.

Seeds, miscellaneous, agricultural.—Imports from India increased in value from £4,381 in 1943 to £8,264 in 1944.

Nails, screws, etc.—Imports from India amounted to 10 tons valued at £1,128 in 1944 as against 2 tons valued at £263 in the preceding year. Bulk of imports came from the United Kingdom.

Gramophone Records.—Imports from India amounted to 339 dozen valued at £665 in 1944 as compared with 551 dozen valued at £1,049 in the preceding year.

Cordage, Rope and Twine.—Imports from India amounted to 704 cwt. valued at £1,870 in 1944 as against 709 cwt. valued at £1,808 in the year 1943.

Sail Cloth and Canvas.—Imports from India advanced from 2,208 linear yards valued at £261 in 1943 to 9,084 linear yards valued at £970 in 1944. Bulk of the supplies came from the United Kingdom amounting to 18,925 linear yards valued at £2,089 in the year 1944.

Tents, Tarpaulins and Awnings.—Imports from India advanced in value from £1,183 in 1943 to £1,703 in 1944. The other important source of supply was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to £6,088 in the year 1944.

Haberdashery (soft) and Millinery.—Imports from India rose in value from £718 in 1943 to £2,400 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the other chief supplier, imports therefrom being valued at £2,302 in the year 1944.

Skin Helmets.—Imports from India advanced from 115 dozen valued at £303 in 1943 to 658 dozen valued at £2,612 in 1944.

Hats, Caps, etc.—Imports from India increased from 983 dozen valued at £1,043 in 1943 to 2,746 dozen valued at £1,751 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the other important supplier, imports therefrom amounting to 1,215 dozen valued at £2,861 in the year 1944.

Hosiery—Stockings and Socks.—Imports from India advanced from 5,903 dozen pairs valued at £5,274 in 1943 to 8,341 dozen pairs valued at £6,149 in 1944. The other important source of supply was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to 1,038 dozen pairs valued at £1,138 in 1944.

Vests and Singlets.—Imports from India rose from 9,903 dozen valued at £9,874 in 1943 to 20,123 dozen valued at £16,416 in 1944.

Cardigans, Jerseys and Pullovers.—Imports from India, which was almost the only source of supply, declined from 13,264 dozen



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valued at £13,084 in 1943 to 8,007 dozen valued at £8,400 in 1944.

Shirts.—Imports from India, almost the only source of supply, declined from 15,364 dozen valued at £21,945 in 1943 to 10,988 dozen valued at £18,590 in 1944.

Wearing Apparel.—Imports from India dropped in value from £6,754 in 1943 to £2,241 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the other important source of supply, imports therefrom being valued at £4,157 in the year 1944.

Medicines and Drugs.—Imports from India increased in value from £4,921 in 1943 to £5,809 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the other important source of supply, imports therefrom being valued at £50,043 in the year 1944.

Paints, Colours and Varnishes.—Imports from India declined from 482 cwts. valued at £2,511 in 1943 to 186 cwts. valued at £740 in 1944. The other important source of supply was the United Kingdom, imports therefrom amounting to 3,239 cwts. valued at £15,689 in the year 1944.

Books, printed.—Imports from India were valued at £1,789 in 1944 as against £2,811 in the preceding year. The United Kingdom was the other important supplier, imports therefrom being valued at £2,091 in the year 1944.

Brushes and Brooms.—Imports from India advanced from 1,073 dozen valued at £426 in 1943 to 3,029 dozen valued at £2,070 in 1944. The other important sources of supply were the United Kingdom and Kenya, imports therefrom amounting in value to £2,185 and £4,132, respectively, in the year 1944.

(iii) IMPORTS INTO ZANZIBAR PROTECTORATE.

Cotton Piecegoods: Grey unbleached.—Imports from India advanced from 481,502 linear yards valued at £31,332 in 1942 to 546,545 linear yards valued at £32,161 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the other supplier with a small share of 5,000 linear yards valued at £183 in the year 1944.

Bleached.—Imports from India dropped from 392,510 linear yards valued at £25,643 in 1943 to 225,830 linear yards valued at £15,357 in 1944. Imports from the United Kingdom advanced from 1,835 linear yards valued at £103 in 1943 to 24,478 linear yards valued at £1,822 in 1944. Brazil entered the Zanzibar market for the first time in 1943 with a share of 215,948 linear yards valued at £18,153. The supplies from this country, however, dropped to 145,596 linear yards valued at £16,054 in the year 1944.

Printed (other than Khangas).—Imports from India registered an advance from 176,071 linear yards valued at £9,701 in 1943 to 451,403 linear yards valued at £33,172 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the only other supplier with a share of 35,742 linear yards valued at £2,384 in the year 1944.

Dyed in the Piece.—Imports from India amounted to 243,343 linear yards valued at £16,291 in 1944 as compared with 255,612 linear yards valued at £17,336 in the preceding year. The United Kingdom was the other important supplier with a share of 122,437 linear yards valued at £10,942 in the year 1944.

Coloured.—In common with a decline in the total imports under this category, imports from India also declined from 724,499 linear yards valued at £47,721 in 1943 to 461,478 linear yards valued at £31,175 in 1944. The United Kingdom and Arabia had small shares in the trade.

Cotton Blankets and Rugs.—India was almost the only supplier, imports therefrom declining from 15,757 blankets valued at £3,208 in 1943 to 2,350 blankets valued at £861 in 1944.

Cotton Thread.—Imports from India advanced from 1,350 lbs. valued at £558 in 1943 to 1,720 lbs. valued at £620 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the chief supplier with a share of 4,970 lbs. valued at £2,634 in the year 1944.

Artificial Silk Piecegoods.—Imports from India amounted to only 27 linear yards valued at £11 in 1944 as against 240 linear

yards valued at £75 in the preceding year. The bulk of imports came from the United Kingdom amounting to 7,382 linear yards valued at £1,416 in 1944.

Rope, Cordage and Twine.—Imports from India declined from 1,271 cwts. valued at £3,198 in 1943 to 801 cwts. valued at £1,598 in 1944.

Jute Bags and Sacks.—Imports from India, which was the only supplier, advanced from 7,821 dozen valued at £5,296 in 1943 to 18,251 dozen valued at £15,159 in 1944.

Boots and Shoes.—Imports from India dropped from 1,183 dozen pairs valued at £5,163 in 1943 to 432 dozen pairs valued at £2,944 in 1944.

Sapats and Native Sandals.—In common with a reduction in the total imports of this commodity, imports from India also declined from 2,019 dozen pairs valued at £3,298 in 1943 to 753 dozen pairs valued at £1,255 in 1944.

Matches.—Imports from India decreased from 17,993 gross boxes valued at £9,124 in 1943 to 10,348 gross boxes valued at £5,433 in 1944.

Films for Bioscopes and Cinematographs, exposed.—Imports from India registered a slight increase from 13,32,900 linear feet valued at £8,903 in 1943 to 1,944,300 linear feet valued at £10,194 in 1944. The United States of America was the other important source of supply, imports therefrom amounting to 14,76,000 linear feet valued at £4,417 in the year 1944.

Onions.—Imports from India declined from 3,896 cwts. valued at £4,805 in 1943 to 1,279 cwts. valued at £1,679 in 1944. The bulk of imports came from the neighbouring territory of Tanganyika amounting to 5,620 cwts. valued at £7,914 in the year 1944.

Fruits, dried.—Imports from India increased from 79 cwts. valued at £999 in 1943 to 146 cwts. valued at £1,654 in 1944. Tanganyika Territory was the other supplier with a share of 73 cwts. valued at £209 in the year 1944.

Spices.—Imports from India, which was the only supplier, declined from 1,217 cwts. valued at £4,513 in 1943 to 902 cwts. valued at £4,503 in 1944.

Stone Manufactures.—Imports from India registered a sharp rise from 1 piece valued at £1 in 1943 to 557 pieces valued at £108 in 1944. Imports from the United Kingdom also showed a corresponding increase.

Shirts.—Imports from India dropped from 2,908 dozen valued at £5,010 in 1943 to 273 dozen valued at £561 in 1944.

Singles.—Imports from India amounted to 156 dozen valued at £160 in 1944 against 1,902 dozen valued at £1,884 in the preceding year.

Haberdashery and Millinery.—Imports from India were valued at £551 in 1944 as against £924 in the preceding year.

Wearing Apparel, other sorts.—Imports from India were valued at £2,369 in 1944 as against £2,231 in the preceding year.

Drugs and Medicines.—Imports from India were valued at £846 in 1944 as against £844 in the preceding year. The United Kingdom was the most important supplier with a share of £2,826 in 1944.

Leather, dressed.—Imports from India amounted to 14 cwts. valued at £837 in 1944 as against 8 cwts. valued at £831 in the previous year. Bulk of the imports came from the neighbouring colony of Kenya amounting to 47 cwts. valued at £480 in 1944.

Leather, Manufactures.—Imports from India were valued at £166 in 1944 as compared with £282 in the previous year.

Books, printed.—Imports from India advanced in value from £480 in 1943 to £733 in 1944. The United Kingdom was the other chief supplier, imports therefrom being valued at £1,530 in 1944.

Gramophone Records.—Imports from India advanced in value from £37 in 1943 to £182 in 1944.

Straw Mats.—Imports from India rose in value from £0,561 in 1943 to £9,606 in 1944.

Oct. 3, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.



MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL. Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 30th September—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw) Rs. 56-0-0
per md. loose.

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Boiled) Rs. 53-0-0
per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—Prices in the linseed market have advanced further during the week but trading has been very limited. Available stocks of seeds are very small, and sellers have shown great reserve even at increased prices. No fresh arrivals have been reported recently. Oil mills have been occasionally interested in small ready lots for their immediate requirements, and some business has been reported at the prevailing rates. The forward section has remained inactive.

Bombay, 26th September—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil Rs. 14-12-0
per quarter.

[No stock figures available.]

GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUEs AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE. PROPERTY OF PERSONS OF NEUTRAL COUNTRIES—

The following Press Note, dated the 4th September 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

Consequent on the revocation of the list of "enemy concerns" containing names of persons and firms belonging to neutral countries with whom commercial contact had been prohibited owing to suspected dealings with enemy interests, the Government of India propose to make arrangements for the release of property in India of such persons and firms which at present vests in the Custodian of Enemy Property, Bombay. Applications and enquiries in this regard should be addressed to the Custodian of Enemy Property, Caltex House, Ballard Road, Bombay.

CANCELLATION OF ALL NOTIFICATIONS GRANTING RESTRICTED TRADING PERMITS TO SPECIFIC ENEMY FIRMS IN INDIA PRIOR TO THE NOTIFICATION, DATED THE 22ND JUNE 1946—

The following Notification [No. 93(3)E.T.(A)/46, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

With reference to sub-rules (1) and (3) of rule 104 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that all notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce granting restricted trading permits to specific enemy firms in India prior to its notification No. 93(27)E.T.(A)/42, dated the 22nd June 1946*, shall be cancelled.

ENEMY TRADING: PERMISSION GRANTED FOR EXTENSION OF THE TRADING ACTIVITIES OF THE ENEMY FIRM OF MR. RUDOLF SUSCHITZKI, BOMBAY, TO EGYPT—

The following Notification [No. 93(3)E.T.(A)/46, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

With reference to sub-rules (1) and (3) of rule 104 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to permit the extension of the trading activities of the enemy firm of Mr. Rudolf Suschitzki, Bombay, to Egypt.

INDIAN TEA CONTROL RULES, 1938: AMENDMENT—

A further amendment to the Indian Tea Control Rules, 1938 (see the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 21st July 1938, page 284), has been published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 31st August 1946, under Notification No. 217(4)-Tr.(IER)/43, dated the 31st August 1946, of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce.

CENTRAL EXCISES AND SALT ACT, 1944: REMISSION OF DUTY ON SALT MANUFACTURED IN OR IMPORTED INTO THE PROVINCE OF BOMBAY WHEN SUCH SALT IS USED FOR CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 5-Salt, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenues):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (xvii) of sub-section (2) of section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Finance

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 4th July 1946, page 14.



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Department (Central Revenues), No. 2-Camp/Salt, dated the 9th February 1946*, namely:—

In sub-rule (3) of rule 13 of the said Rules, for words "between the hours of sunrise and sunset" the words "during the normal working hours of the factory on working days" shall be substituted.

CONDITIONS FOR REMISSION OF DUTY ON SALT MANUFACTURED IN OR IMPORTED BY LAND INTO CERTAIN NORTHERN INDIA TERRITORIES WHEN SUCH SALT IS USED FOR CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 6-Salt, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenues):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (xvii) of sub-section (2) of section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues) No. 1-Salt, dated the 12th January 1935*, namely:—

In sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the said Rules, for the words "between the hours of sunrise and sunset", the words "during the normal working hours of the factory or works on working days" shall be substituted.

CONDITIONS FOR REMISSION OF DUTY ON SALT IMPORTED BY LAND INTO ORISSA FOR CERTAIN INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 8-Salt, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenues):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (xvii) of sub-section (2) of section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Rules published with the notification of the Government of India, in the Finance Department (Central Revenues), No. 5-Salt, dated the 4th February 1928†, namely:—

In sub-rule (3) of rule 6 of the said Rules, for the words "between the hours of sunrise and sunset", the words "during the normal working hours of the factory or works on working days", shall be substituted.

* See the notice in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st February 1946, page 300.

† See the notice in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 24th January 1935, page 372.

‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 9th February 1928, page 282.

CERTAIN RULES RELATING TO SALT IN BENGAL: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 7-Salt, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Central Board of Revenue:—

In pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues), No. 3-Salt, dated the 25th March 1939*, and of item No. 25(2) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (XXXII of 1934), the Central Board of Revenue, with the previous sanction of the Central Government, hereby directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the rules published with its notification No. 5-Salt, dated the 25th March 1939*, namely:—

In sub-rule (3) of rule 6 of the said Rules, for the words "between the hours of sunrise and sunset", the words "during the normal working hours of the factory on working days" shall be substituted.

NAME OF INFORMATION AND ARTS DEPARTMENT CHANGED TO INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING DEPARTMENT—

The following is a Resolution (No. 477/46-Public, dated the 12th September 1946) of the Government of India in the Home Department:—

The Governor General in Council is pleased to announce that, with effect from the 10th September 1946, the name of the Information and Arts Department has been changed to Information and Broadcasting Department.

IMPORT LICENCE FOR QUININE SALTS—

The following Press Note, dated the 19th September 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Health:—

The Government of India have decided to reintroduce import licence control in respect of quinine sulphate, quinine bisulphate, quinine hydrochloride and quinine bishydrochloride with immediate effect. Effect has been given to this decision by amending the Open General Licence No. VII† by a Gazette Extraordinary published on September 17, 1946.

Import licences will now be required for all imports of the quinine salts mentioned above. Import licences will be granted subject to certain conditions which can be ascertained from the Import Trade Controllers at ports.

* See the notice in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 30th March 1939, page 1704.
† See pages 27-30 of this issue of the Journal.

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VEGETABLE OIL PRODUCTS (CONTROL) ORDER, 1946: MAXIMUM PRICES OF VEGETABLE OIL PRODUCTS—

The following Notification [No. 6-VP(2)/46, dated the 31st August 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by sub-clause (1) of clause 6 of the Vegetable Oil Products Control Order, 1946, and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Food No. 6-VP(2)/46, dated the 27th July 1946*, I hereby fix as follows the maximum prices at which vegetable oil products may be sold with effect from 1st September 1946:—

Locality of sale.	Maximum price per lb. net of vegetable oil product.		
	When sold by producer or producer's distributing agent in large packs.	When sold by any other person.	
1	2	3	4
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1. Bombay town and suburbs	0 12 3	0 13 0	0 13 9
2. Bombay Province (excluding Bombay town and suburbs), Madras, the Central Provinces and Berar, Coorg and Panth-Piploda.	0 12 3	0 13 0	0 13 9
3. The Punjab, the United Provinces, the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Baluchistan, Delhi and Ajmer.	0 12 6	0 13 3	0 14 0
4. Bengal, Assam, Orissa and Bihar.	0 12 0	0 12 9	0 13 6

NOTE.—"Large packs" are packs (in producer's original sealed container) containing not less than 35 lbs. net of the products.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 15th August 1946, page 321.

II

Description.	Maximum price per pack of vegetable oil product when sold in small packs.	
	Wholesale.	Retail.
Packs other than "Pakav" containing 10 lbs.	Rs. a. p. 9 7 0	Rs. a. p. 9 13 0
Packs other than "Pakav" containing 5 lbs.	4 15 3	5 2 6
Packs other than "Pakav" containing 2 lbs.	2 0 6	2 2 0
Packs other than "Pakav" containing 1 lb.	1 0 6	1 1 3
Packs containing 9 lbs. of "Pakav"	8 13 0	9 2 6
Packs containing 3 lbs. of "Pakav"	3 4 3	3 6 3

NOTE.—The maximum prices specified above under I and II are inclusive of freight but exclusive of octroi, terminal tax and similar other local taxes and also of sales tax.

When any such tax is paid whether by the manufacturer, his distributing agent a wholesaler or a retailer the maximum price as fixed above in respect of any transaction may be increased by an amount equal to the total of the taxes so paid at or before that transaction; and may after the increase be rounded off to the nearest pice.

N. T. MONE,

Vegetable Oil Products Controller for India.

EXPORT OF BLACK PEPPER—

The following Press Note, dated the 25th September 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food:—

The Government of India have decided to allow the export of black pepper by trade from India during October, November and December, 1946, to the following countries to the extent shown below:—

United States of America 2,000 tons; Argentina 280 tons; Brazil 65 tons; Bolivia 8 tons; Chili 56 tons; Columbia 29 tons; Costa Rica 2 tons; Cuba 25 tons; Dominican Republic 8 tons; Ecuador 15 tons; Guatemala 6 tons; Haiti 10 tons; Honduras 4 tons; Mexico 64 tons; Nicaragua 2 tons; Panama 4 tons; Peru 68 tons; El Salvador 4 tons; and Uruguay 20 tons.

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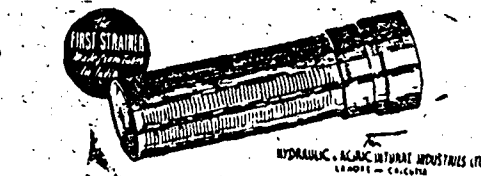
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All parties in receipt of firm orders from traders in the countries concerned, supported by import permits from such of the countries as issue them, should apply to the Chief Director of Purchase, Department of Food, Division III, New Delhi, for export licences. The export licences will be issued on the production of evidence of firm orders and/or import licences, in the strict order of priority of applications as from October 20, 1946.

Information about the parties who hold import licences granted by the U. S. Authorities can be had from the Office of the Commissioner for the United States of America, New Delhi, and the United States Consulates at Bombay and Madras.

INDIAN OILSEEDS COMMITTEE ACT, 1946: APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS TO PERFORM DUTIES OF A COLLECTOR—

The following Notification (No. 3835-Crops/46, dated the 27th August 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture:—

In pursuance of clause (b) of section 2 of the Indian Oilseeds Committee Act, 1946 (IX of 1946), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture No. F. 50-5/46-Crops, dated the 28th June 1946* the Central Government is pleased to appoint each of the officers mentioned in column 1 of the Schedule hereto annexed, to perform within the area mentioned in the corresponding entry in column 2 of the said Schedule, the duties of a Collector under the provisions of the said Act and the rules made thereunder.

The Schedule.

1 Designation of officer.	2 Area within which the duties of Collector are to be performed.
1. Collector of Central Excise, Bombay.	The Province of Bombay and the Central Provinces and Berar;
2. Collector of Central Excise, Madras.	The Provinces of Madras and Coorg;
3. Collector of Central Excise, Calcutta.	The Provinces of Assam, Bengal and Orissa;
4. Collector of Central Excise, Allahabad.	The United Provinces and the Province of Bihar;
5. Collector of Central Excise, Delhi.	The Provinces of the Punjab, North-West Frontier, Baluchistan, Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara.

*See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, page 170.

DESTRUCTIVE INSECTS AND PESTS ACT, 1914: PROVISIONS OF SECTION 4-B TO APPLY IN RESPECT OF ARTICLES WHICH ARE L'KLY TO CARRY THE DESTRUCTIVE INSECT "ICERYA PURCHASI" CONSIGNED FROM ANY PLACE IN BRITISH INDIA TO ANY PLACE IN CERTAIN INDIAN STATES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. F. 3-5/46-P.P., dated the 12th September 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4C of the Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 (II of 1914), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture, No. D. 22-1/46-P., dated the 16th February 1946*, namely:—

In the said notification, for the words "British India" the words "the Province of Madras" shall be substituted.

HOARDING AND PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE, 1943: MAXIMUM SELLING PRICE OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED IMPORTED TOILET REQUISITES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. 22 (87) AP(A)/44, dated the 21st September 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, No. 1/2(54)/45-CG(CS), dated the 9th June 1945†, namely:—

In Part I of the Schedule annexed to the said notification—
I. Item No. 120 relating to "Aqua Velva" shall be omitted.
II. For items Nos. 2, 38, 39 and 133, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
2	Coty Foundation Cream.	Standard	..	22 9 0	2 2 0	24 0 0	2 5 0
38	Coty Face Powder.	Do.	..	19 11 0	1 14 0	21 4 0	2 0 0
39	Coty Talcum Powder.	Do.	..	16 12 0	1 10 0	18 2 0	1 11 0
133	Coty Rouge	Do.	..	11 9 0	1 2 0	12 8 0	1 3 0

*See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 7th March 1946, page 386.

†See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st June 1945, pages 331-33.

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HOARDING AND PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE, 1943: MAXIMUM PRICE OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED ELECTRIC BULBS: CORRIGENDUM—

The following Notification [No. 190(17)-AP(A)/44, dated the 12th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

Corrigendum.—In the schedule appended to notification No. 190(17)-AP(A)/44, dated the 8th June 1946*, in the Department of Industries and Supplies published on page 811, Part I, Section I of Gazette of India, dated the 8th June 1946, for the figures 9 0 0 appearing in column 3 against serial No. 7 read 9 9 0.

HOARDING AND PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE, 1943: REVISED MAXIMUM RETAIL SELLING PRICES OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED FOUNTAIN PENS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 22(81)AP(A)/44, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, No. 1/2(97)/45-CG(CS), dated the 13th October 1945†, namely:—
In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, item No. 21, relating to Eversharp Skyline Plain Cap, shall be deleted.

BRASS AND COPPER CONTROL ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT, CORRIGENDUM—

The following Notification (No. 1066, dated the 5th September 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

Corrigendum.—In sub-clause (e) of clause 4 of the Brass and Copper (Control) Order, 1945, as amended by notification of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies No. 80-M-(166)/45, dated the 25th July 1946‡, the words "manufactured at Moradabad" shall be omitted.

PAPER (PRICES OF IMPORTED PAPER) CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 308-PA(65)/46, dated the 13th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that in each of the notifications of the Government of India

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th June 1946, page 138.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th October 1945, pages 154-55.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 5th September 1946, pages 425-26.

in the Department of Industries and Supplies, No. 308-PA(65)/46, dated the 13th July 1946* and the 8th August 1946† [directing that with effect from the 15th September 1946 certain amendments shall be made in the Paper (Prices of Imported Paper) Control Order, 1944], for the words and figures "15th September 1946" the words and figures "15th October 1946" shall be substituted.

NEWSPAPER CONTROL ORDER, 1946: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. N.P.378/44, dated the 11th September 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Newspaper Control Order, 1946‡:—

For clause 8 of the said Order, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"8. No person shall sell a daily newspaper at a price higher than two annas a copy."

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: RECOVERY OF CERTAIN AMOUNTS—

The following Notification [No. 82-TA/46(1), dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that notwithstanding anything contained in the notification of the Textile Commissioner No. 34-Tex.A(15)2/43, dated the 31st December 1943, a manufacturer who is engaged solely in any process ancillary to the production of cloth and yarn and to whom cloth has been made available by order of the Textile Commissioner through a dealer, may in respect of such latter cloth, recover in addition to the ex-factory price of the processed cloth sold by him a sum not exceeding 3 per cent of the ex-factory price stamped on the grey cloth.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: MARKING AND STAMPING OF CERTAIN CLOTH AND YARN WITH PRICES, ETC.: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 82-TA/46(ii), dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 8th August 1946, pages 278-80.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 5th September 1946, page 425.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st February 1946, page 304.
§ See the extract from the Notification published in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 10th February 1944, pages 135-36.



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shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 34-Tex.-A(15)2/43, dated the 31st December 1943*, namely:—

In sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 of the said notification the following shall be added to clause (ff), namely:—

"In the case of raised blankets the marking may be done on a small piece of cloth securely stuck on the blanket."

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: COTTON CLOTH MARKING AND COTTON YARN MARKING; AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 82-TA/46(iii), dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (c) of clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(8)1/44, dated the 19th February 1944†, namely:—

In the said notification in sub-clause (f) of clause 2 the following shall be added, namely:—

"In the case of raised blankets the markings may be done on a small piece of cloth securely stuck on the blanket."

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DIRECTIONS TO MANUFACTURERS OF YARN REGARDING SALE OR DELIVERY OF YARN, WASTE YARN, ETC.—

The following Notification [No. 83-TA/46, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (1)(b) of clause 18B of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that no manufacturer of yarn shall sell or deliver except in accordance with such conditions as I may hereafter specify,—

(i) yarn, including waste yarn or hard waste, in the form of balls;

(ii) waste yarn or hard waste in lengths exceeding twenty yards.

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: DELEGATION OF POWERS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46(i), dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by sub-clause (e) of clause 2 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order 1946,

I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's notification No. 101-TA/46(ii), dated 20th July 1946*, namely:—

In the table appended to the said notification after entry No. 7 the following entry shall be added, namely:—

"(8) Mr. G. N. Jorath Deputy Assistant Director, Branch Office of the Textile Commissioner, Sholapur British India."

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: GENERAL PERMIT NO. 2: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46(ii), dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of sub-clause (i) of clause 4 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's General Permit No. 2, dated 5th January 1946†, namely:—

In paragraph 2 of the said General Permit for sub-paragraphs (5) and (12), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(5) The Bombay Region:—Comprising the Province of Bombay, Gujarat States and the States of Radhanpur, Idar, Vijayanagar, Satambha, Vaana and Janjira.

(12) The Kolhapur Region:—Comprising all States of Kolhapur and Deccan."

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: DIRECTIONS REGARDING TRANSPORT OF ANY YARN, CLOTH OR APPAREL FROM ANY PLACE IN THE PROVINCE OF ORISSA TO ANY PLACE OUTSIDE THAT PROVINCE: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46(iii), dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 6 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, I hereby direct that the following amendment shall be made in each of the Textile Commissioner's notifications No. 101-TA/46(iii), and No. 101-TA/46(iv), both dated 6th July 1946†, namely:—

In the said notifications after the words "Controller of Supply and Transport, Orissa" the words "or an officer authorised by the latter in this behalf" shall be added.

* See the extract from the Notification published in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 10th February 1944, pages 135-36.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 2nd March 1944, page 230.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 20th August 1946, page 394.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 17th January 1946, pages 82-83.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 16th July 1946, page 184.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (TRANSMISSION BY POST) PROHIBITION ORDER, 1944: EXEMPTION RELATING TO CERTAIN INLAND POSTAL ARTICLES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR—

The following Notification [No. 103-TA/46, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 7 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1944, I hereby exempt from the provisions of clause 3 thereof any inland postal article weighing not more than two pounds offered for transmission by post under Service stamps by or under the authority of the Provincial Textile and Yarn Commissioner, Central Provinces and Berar, or a District Magistrate in that Province, with a certificate from that officer that the transmission is for official purposes, such transmission being from any place in the Central Provinces and Berar to any other place in that Province.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (TRANSMISSION BY POST) PROHIBITION ORDER, 1944: EXEMPTION RELATING TO CERTAIN INLAND POSTAL ARTICLES IN THE PUNJAB—

The following Notification [No. 103-TA/46(i), dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 7 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1944, I hereby exempt from the provisions of clause 3 thereof any inland postal article weighing not more than two pounds offered for transmission by post under Service stamps by or under the authority of the Senior Assistant Secretary to the Government of Punjab, Civil Supplies Department, or a District Magistrate or a Civil Supply officer with a certificate from the respective officer that the transmission is for official purposes, such transmission being from any place in the Province of the Punjab to any other place in that Province.

COTTON CLOTH (CONTROL OF PRINTING) ORDER, 1945: DELEGATION OF POWERS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 64/1-TB/45, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause 15 of the Cotton Cloth (Control of Printing) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made to the Textile Commissioner's notification No. T.C.(37)/45, dated 6th December, 1945*, namely:—

In the table appended to the said notification after entry (12) the following entries shall be added, namely:—

"(13) All Sub-divisional Magistrates in the Province of Orissa.	Do.
(14) All Civil Supply Officers and Assistant Civil Supply Officers in the Province of Orissa.	Do.
(15) All Police Officers not below the rank of Sub-Inspector of Police in the Province of Orissa.	Do.
(16) All Supervisors of Textiles, all Inspectors of Textiles, all Supervisors of Supplies and all Inspectors of Supplies in the Province of Orissa.	Do."

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 3rd January 1946, page 9.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DIRECTIONS REGARDING QUANTITY, MANNER OF PACKING AND MAXIMUM EX-FACTORY AND RETAIL PRICES OF SEWING THREAD OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED COUNTS AND DESCRIPTIONS, ETC.: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. 83 (1)-TA/46, dated the 21st September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of clause 10 and with reference to sub-clause (2) of clause 18F of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. TC(52)/46, dated 13th July 1946*, namely:—

In sub-paragraph (ii) of paragraph 2 of the said notification before the words "the yardage" the words and figures "the number shown in column 1 of the said schedule against each count specified in column 2 thereof and" shall be inserted.

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: DIRECTIONS REGARDING TRANSPORT OF ANY CLOTH OR YARN OR APPAREL OR HOSIERY FROM CERTAIN SPECIFIED PLACES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46, dated the 21st September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 6 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made to the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 101-TA/46(ii), dated the 8th June 1946†, namely:—

In column 2 of the Schedule attached to the said notification for the words "The Secretary, Ahmedabad mill-owners' Association, Lal Darwaja, Ahmedabad" the words "Assistant Director, Branch Office of the Textile Commissioner, Ahmedabad" shall be substituted.

INDIAN COTTON (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN CONTRACTS FROM THE PROVISIONS OF THE ORDER: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 214-TA/45(ii), dated the 21st September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of Clause 5 of the Indian Cotton (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made, with effect from 28th September 1946, in the General Permission No. 214-TA/45(ii), dated the 19th January 1946‡, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said General Permission in the Headings of the different columns the figures and word "1945-46 or" shall be deleted wherever they occur.

DHARMA VIRA, Textile Commr.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 171-73.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 135-36.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 31st January 1946, page 194.

COTTON TEXTILES FUND COMMITTEE: ITS CONSTITUTION, AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. 244/1-TB/44, dated the 12th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 of the Cotton Textiles Fund Ordinance (Ordinance No. XXXIV of 1944), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Resolution of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Civil Supplies No. 244/1-TB/44, dated the 5th March 1945*, namely :—

Add after the existing item 5, "6. One official member to be nominated by Central Government in consultation with the Crown Representative".

Renumber the existing item '6' as '7'.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. 85-TA/46, dated the 21st September 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945† :—

In the said order, in sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph (a) of sub-clause (1) of clause 18A after the words 'licensed dealer' the words 'or is not in possession of a certificate of registration issued' shall be inserted.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: MARKING AND STAMPING OF CERTAIN CLOTH AND YARN WITH PRICES, ETC.: AMENDMENT—

A further amendment to Notification No. 34-Tex. A(15)/2/43, dated the 31st December 1943, of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Civil Supplies (an extract from which appeared in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 10th February 1944, pages 135-36), has been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 2nd September 1946, under Notification No. TC(2)/123/46, dated the 2nd September 1946, of the Department of Industries and Supplies.

INDIAN COTTON (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT TO GENERAL PERMISSION NO. 1, DATED 19TH JANUARY 1946—

The following Press Note, dated the 20th September 1946, has been issued by the Textile Commissioner, Bombay :—

By a Notification published in the *Gazette of India*, dated September 21, 1946, the General Permission, dated January 19, 1946, issued in pursuance of clause 5 of the Indian Cotton (Control) Order, 1945, has been further amended so as to make the Schedule of floor and ceiling prices, annexed thereto, applicable to the 1946-47 season's cottons only, with effect from September 26, 1946. Though the Schedule will not then thus be applicable to the cotton of seasons earlier than 1946-47, the Textile Commissioner will nevertheless have the power under clause 5A of the Indian Cotton (Control) Order, 1945, to direct any person dealing in cotton or holding cotton for sale to sell such cotton or any part thereof to any person at a fair price.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 15th March 1945, page 291.

† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 2nd August 1945, pages 178-81.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT—

The following Press Note, dated the 23rd September 1946, has been issued by the Textile Commissioner, Bombay :—

By a Notification published in the *Gazette of India*, dated 21st September 1946, the Government of India have amended clause 18A of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, the effect of which is that manufacturers are permitted to sell or agree to sell cloth or yarn to any person who, though not a licensed dealer, is in possession of a certificate of registration issued by the Provincial Governments.

The above Press Note is being issued in pursuance of sub-rule 1 of Rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules.

MOTOR CYCLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CYCLES OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKES AND TYPES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 9-LVC(11)/46, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 7 of the Motor Cycles Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 9-LVC(31)/46, dated the 13th July 1946*, namely :—

In the said notification the entries relating to "Royal Enfield motor cycle, W.D. Model, O.H.V. 346, C.C., with Pillion seat, air cleaner and Pannier bags" shall be omitted.

MOTOR CYCLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICE OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CYCLE OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKE AND TYPE—

The following Notification [No. 9-LVC(12)/46, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 7 of the Motor Cycles Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is pleased to specify the maximum retail price of the controlled motor cycle of the make and type described below :—

Make and Type.	Maximum Retail Price.	
	Rs.	
Norman motor cycle, 125 c.c. less shields but with Speedometer.	1,185†	At ports of importation, plus octrol paid, if any, and in the case of motor cycles imported by distributors whose main place of business is away from the ports, plus also transit insurance charges and transportation charges from the port of importation at goods freight rate. †This price supersedes the price of Rs. 1,050/- fixed under War Transport Department Notification No. 9-LVC (8)/46, dated 23rd March 1946.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 25th July 1946, page 175.

CIVIL MOTOR CARS CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CARS OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKES AND TYPES—

The following Notification [No. 9-LVC(29)/46, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department :—

In pursuance of clause 6 of the Civil Motor Cars Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is hereby pleased to specify the maximum retail prices of the controlled motor cars of the makes and types described below :—

Makes and Types.	Maximum Retail Price.	
	Rs.	
Singer, Super Ten, Saloon	8,130*	At main ports of importation, <i>plus</i> octrol paid, if any and in the case of motor cars imported by distributors whose main place of business is away from the main ports, <i>plus</i> also transit insurance charges and transportation charges from the port of importation at goods freight rate if moved by rail or sea, or at rates sanctioned by the Central Government from time to time, if moved by road.
Austin, 8 H.P., fixed head, Deluxe Saloon.	5,890*	
Austin, 10 H.P., fixed head, Deluxe Saloon.	7,070*	
Austin, 12 H.P., fixed head, Deluxe Saloon.	9,860*	
Austin, 16 H.P., fixed head, Deluxe Saloon.	10,660*	
		*These prices supersede the prices of Rs. 7,900/-, Rs. 5,600/-, Rs. 6,680/-, Rs. 8,905/- and Rs. 9,905/- fixed under War Transport Department Notifications Nos. 9-LVC(27)/46, dated 1-6-46, 9-LVC (20)/46-11, dated 8-6-46, 9-LVC(4)/46, dated 23-2-46, 9-LVC (20)/46-11, dated 8-6-46, and 9-LVC(29)/46, dated 3-8-46, respectively.

COMMERCIALLY IMPORTED TRANSPORT MOTOR VEHICLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES OF COMMERCIALLY IMPORTED TRANSPORT MOTOR VEHICLES OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKES AND TYPE—

The following Notification [No. 9-LVC(36)/46, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department :—

In pursuance of clause 6 of the Commercially Imported Transport Motor Vehicles Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is hereby pleased to specify the maximum retail prices of the commercially imported transport motor vehicles of the makes and types described below :—

Makes and Types.	Maximum Retail Price.	
	Rs.	
Bradford 10-Cwt., Van in Primer colour.	5,600	At main ports of importation plus octrol paid, if any, and in the case of transport motor vehicles imported by distributors, whose main place of business is away from the main ports, plus also transit insurance charges from the port of importation at goods freight rate, if moved by rail or sea, or at rates sanctioned by the Central Government from time to time, if moved by road.
Commer Chassals, 2-ton, 163" W.B.	7,205†	
Hillman, 10 H.P. Estate Wagon fitted with (b) 6'00" x 16" tyres and tubes.	7,500†	
Austin, 8 H.P., Delivery Van Painted.	5,000†	
Austin, 10 H.P., Delivery Van Painted.	6,000†	†These prices supersede the prices of Rs. 7,100/-, Rs. 7,375/-, Rs. 4,800/- and Rs. 6,300/- fixed under War Transport Department Notifications Nos. 9-LVC (38) 45-1, dated 4th May 1946, 9-LVC(1)/46, dated 15th June 1946, 9-LVC (20)/46-1, dated 8th June 1946, and 9-LVC(1) 46, dated 23rd February 1946, respectively.

CIVIL MOTOR CARS CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICE OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CAR OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKE AND TYPE—

The following Notification [No. 9-LVC(1)/46, dated the 7th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department :—

In pursuance of clause 6 of the Civil Motor Cars Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is hereby pleased to specify the maximum retail price of the controlled motor car of the make and type described below :—

Make and Type.	Maximum Retail Price.	
	Rs.	
Wolseley 18 h.p., Sliding Head Saloon.	11,020	At main Ports of Importation, plus octrol paid, if any, and in the case of motor cars imported by distributors, whose main place of business is away from the main Ports, plus also transit insurance charges and transportation charges from the Port of Importation at goods freight rate if moved by rail or sea, or at rates sanctioned by the Central Government from time to time, if moved by road.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. 6LPC(34)/46, dated the 20th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944* :—

A. For clause 17 of the said Order, the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

17. The Central Government may by order in writing require any person holding stocks of controlled spare parts—

(a) to furnish to such authority and at such times as may be specified in the order such information relating to controlled spare parts as may be so specified.

(b) not to sell or otherwise dispose of, or offer to sell or otherwise dispose of, such controlled spare parts as may be specified in the order except to such person or class of persons, and subject to such conditions, as may be so specified.

(c) to sell or supply such controlled spare parts as may be specified in the order to such person or class of persons and subject to such conditions as may be so specified; and every person to whom such order relates shall comply therewith."

B. In the Third Schedule annexed to the said Order,—

1. Against Bombay in column 1,—
for the entry "85. Sarosh Motor Works, Ltd., Ahmednagar," the following entry shall be substituted, namely :—

"85. Sarosh Ltd., Ahmednagar".

2. Against the United Provinces in column 1,—

(a) for the entry "30. Warish & Co., Lucknow", the following entry shall be substituted, namely :—

"30. Premier Motors, Lucknow."

(b) after the entry "34. Jaiswal Motors, Allahabad", the following entry shall be inserted in columns 2, 3 & 4, namely :—

"35. Bhargava & Co., Lucknow."

* See the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 11th May 1944, page 156.

COMMERCIALLY IMPORTED TRANSPORT MOTOR VEHICLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICE OF COMMERCIALLY IMPORTED TRANSPORT MOTOR VEHICLE OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKE AND TYPE—

The following Notification [No. 9LVC(1)/46, dated the 21st September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

In pursuance of clause 6 of the Commercially Imported Transport Motor Vehicles Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is hereby pleased to specify the maximum retail price of the commercially imported transport motor vehicle of the make and type described below:—

Make and Type.	Maximum Retail Price.	
	Rs.	
Commer, 3-ton 153" wheel-base Chassis with 24-32 x 6 R.H.S. tyres and tubes, Windscreens, Header Bar and Spare tyre and tube.	7,880	At main Ports of importation, plus octroi paid, if any, and in the case of transport motor vehicles imported by distributors, whose main place of business is away from the main Ports, plus also transit insurance charges from the port of importation at goods freight rate, if moved by rail or sea, or at rates sanctioned by the Central Government from time to time, if moved by road.

MOTOR CYCLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CYCLES OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKES AND TYPE—

The following Notification [No. 9LVC(3)/46, dated the 21st September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 7 of the Motor Cycles Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is pleased to specify the maximum retail prices of the controlled motor cycles of the makes and types described below:—

Makes and Types.	Maximum Retail Price.	
	Rs.	
B.S.A. motor cycle, model C-10-T, 250 c.c. S.V. with Speedometer and air cleaner.	1,710	At Ports of importation, plus octroi paid, if any, and in the case of motor cycles imported by distributors whose main place of business is away from the ports, plus also transit insurance charges and transportation charges from the Port of importation at goods freight rate.
B.S.A. motor cycle, model C-11-T, 250 c.c., O.H.V. with Speedometer and air cleaner.	1,730	
Extra equipment for all types of Panther motor cycles Carrier.	20	
Pillion Footrests	5	

CIVIL MOTOR CARS CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICE OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CARS OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKES AND TYPES—

The following Notification [No. 9LVC(28)/46, dated the 21st September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

In pursuance of clause 6 of the Civil Motor Cars Control Order 1945, the Central Government is hereby pleased to specify the

maximum retail price of the controlled motor cars of the makes and types described below:—

Makes and Types.	Maximum Retail Price.	
	Rs.	
Dodge Custom, "D24C", 4-door, Sedan with Standard equipment and (5) 6-00 x 16 4-ply, tyres and tubes.	10,035	At main Ports of importation, plus octroi paid, if any, and in the case of motor cars imported by distributors, whose main place of business is away from the main Ports, plus also transit insurance charges and transportation charges from the Port of importation at goods freight rate, if moved by rail or sea, or at rates sanctioned by the Central Government from time to time, if moved by road.
Dodge, Kingsway, Special deluxe, "D25C", 4-door, Sedan with Standard equipment and (5) 6-00 x 16 4-ply tyres and tubes.	9,915	
Desto, Custom, "S11C", 4-door, Sedan with Standard equipment and (4) 6-50 x 16 4-ply tyres and tubes.	11,060	The price supercedes the price of Rs. 8,630 fixed under War Transport Department Notification No. 9LVC(28)/46, dated 25th May 1946.
Plymouth, Special deluxe, "P15C", 4-door Sedan with Standard equipment and (5) 6-00 x 16 4-ply tyres and tubes.	9,920	† This price supercedes the price of Rs. 9,235, fixed under War transport Department Notification No. 9LVC(28)/46, dated 25th May 1946.
Wolsley, 8 h.p., Sliding head Saloon.	6,525	
Wolsley, 12 h.p., Sliding head Saloon.	10,500†	
Jaguar, 2½ litre Saloon	15,535	

CIVIL MOTOR TRANSPORT VEHICLES CONTROL ORDER, 1944: CERTAIN EXEMPTIONS—

The following Notification [No. 30LVC (7)/43, dated the 21st September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 17 of the Civil Motor Transport Vehicles Control Order, 1944, the Central Government is pleased to exempt all controlled motor vehicles hitherto disposed of, or which may hereafter be disposed of, through the Directorate General of Disposals, from all the provisions of the said Order.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. WELLWORTHY PISTON RINGS, LTD., LONDON—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain motor vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Wellworthy Piston Rings, Ltd., London, as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 16th September 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(152)/46, dated the 4th September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENTS TO NOTIFICATION NO. 52-LPC(74)/45, DATED 9TH NOVEMBER 1945—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(74)/45, dated the 9th November 1945, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 16th September 1946, under Notification No. 52-LPC(60)/45, dated the 4th September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENTS TO NOTIFICATION NO. 52-LPC(52)/45, DATED 26TH OCTOBER 1945—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(52)/45, dated the 26th October 1945, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 16th September 1946, under Notification No. 52-LPC(58)/45, dated the 6th September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENTS TO NOTIFICATION NO. 52-LPC(1)/45-BATTERIES, DATED 19TH APRIL 1945—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(1)/45-Batteries, dated the 19th April 1945, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 16th September 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(150)/46, dated the 6th September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. BORG WARNER INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION, U.S.A.—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain motor vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Borg Warner International Corporation, U.S.A., as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 16th September 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(166)/46, dated the 10th September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENTS TO NOTIFICATION NO. 52-LPC(74)/45, DATED 9TH NOVEMBER 1945—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(74)/45, dated the 9th November 1945, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 16th September 1946, under Notification No. 52-LPC(74)/45, dated the 13th September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENTS TO NOTIFICATION NO. 52-LPC(52)/45, DATED 26TH OCTOBER 1945—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(52)/45, dated the 26th October 1945, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 3rd September 1946, under Notification No. 52-LPC(62)/45, dated the 28th August 1946, of the Government of India in that Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENTS TO NOTIFICATION NO. 4-LPC(64)/46, DATED 23RD MAY 1946—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 4-LPC(64)/46, dated the 23rd May 1946, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 3rd September 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(64)/46, dated the 28th August 1946, of the Government of India in that Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENT TO NOTIFICATION NO. 4-LPC(39)/46, DATED 10TH MAY 1946—

An amendment to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 4-LPC(39)/46, dated the 10th May 1946, has been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 3rd September 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(39)/46, dated the 28th August 1946, of the Government of India in that Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENTS TO NOTIFICATION NO. 52-LPC(37)/45, DATED 5TH DECEMBER 1945—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(37)/45, dated the 5th December 1945, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 3rd September 1946, under Notification No. 52-LPC(37)/45, dated the 28th August 1946, of the Government of India in that Department.

BIJNOR-CHANDPUR SIAU RAILWAY SURVEY, UNAO-MADHOGUNJ-BALAMAU RAILWAY SURVEY, AND UTRAITIA-SULTANPUR-ZAFRABAD RAILWAY SURVEY—

The Railway Board have sanctioned Traffic Surveys being carried out by the agency of the East Indian Railway Administration in connection with the restoration of the following lines of railway to the broad gauge standard:—

- (1) Bijnor-Chandpur Siau section, a distance of about 22 miles, to be known as Bijnor-Chandpur Siau Railway Survey.
- (2) Unao-Madhogunj-Balamau section, a distance of about 79 miles, to be known as Unao-Madhogunj-Balamau Railway Survey.
- (3) Utraitia-Sultanpur-Zafraabad section, a distance of about 126 miles, to be known as Utraitia-Sultanpur-Zafraabad Railway Survey.

THE ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ORDINANCE, 1946.

THE following is the text of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 25th September 1946:—

ORDINANCE No. XVIII of 1946

AN
ORDINANCE

to provide for the continuance during a limited period of powers to control the production, supply and distribution of, and trade and commerce in, certain commodities.

WHEREAS an emergency has arisen which makes it necessary to provide for the continuance during a limited period of powers to control the production, supply and distribution of, and trade and commerce in, foodstuffs (including edible oilseeds and oils), cotton and woollen textiles, paper (including newsprint), petroleum and petroleum products, spare parts of mechanically propelled vehicles, coal, iron, steel and mica;

AND WHEREAS the Indian Legislature has been empowered by section 2 of the India (Central Government and Legislature) Act, 1946 (9 and 10 Geo. 6, c. 39), to make laws with respect to the matters aforesaid;

AND WHEREAS the Indian Legislature is not in session ;
Now, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 72 of the Government of India Act, as set out in the Ninth Schedule to the Government of India Act, 1935 (26 Geo. 5, c.2), the Governor General is pleased to make and promulgate the following Ordinance :—

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall come into force on the first day of October 1946.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Ordinance, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "essential commodity" means any of the following classes of commodities :—

- (i) foodstuffs,
- (ii) cotton and woollen textiles,
- (iii) paper,
- (iv) petroleum and petroleum products,
- (v) spare parts of mechanically propelled vehicles,
- (vi) coal,
- (vii) iron and steel,
- (viii) mica ;

(b) "food-crops" shall include crops of sugar-cane ;

(c) "foodstuffs" shall include edible oilseeds and oils ;

(d) "notified order" means an order notified in the official Gazette ;

(e) "paper" shall include newsprint ;

(f) "Provincial Government", in relation to a Chief Commissioner's Province, means the Chief Commissioner.

3. *Powers to control production, supply, distribution, etc., of essential commodities.*—(1) The Central Government, so far as it appears to it to be necessary or expedient for maintaining or increasing supplies of any essential commodity, or for securing their equitable distribution and availability at fair prices, may by notified order provide for regulating or prohibiting the production, supply and distribution thereof, and trade and commerce therein ;

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by sub-section (1), an order made thereunder may provide—

(a) for regulating by licences, permits or otherwise the production or manufacture of any essential commodity ;

(b) for bringing under cultivation any waste or arable land, whether appurtenant to a building or not, for the growing thereon of food-crops generally or of specified food-crops, and for otherwise maintaining or increasing the cultivation of food-crops generally, or of specified food-crops ;

(c) for controlling the prices at which any essential commodity may be bought or sold ;

(d) for regulating by licences, permits or otherwise the storage, transport, distribution, disposal, acquisition, use or consumption of any essential commodity ;

(e) for prohibiting the withholding from sale of any essential commodity ordinarily kept for sale ;

(f) for requiring any person holding stock of an essential commodity to sell the whole or a specified part of the stock at such prices and to such persons or class of persons or in such circumstances, as may be specified in the order ;

(g) for regulating or prohibiting any class of commercial or financial transactions relating to food-stuffs or cotton textiles, which in the opinion of the authority making the order are, or if unregulated are likely to be, detrimental to public interest ;

(h) for collecting any information or statistics with a view to regulating or prohibiting any of the aforesaid matters ;

(i) for requiring persons engaged in the production, supply or distribution of, or trade or commerce in, any essential commodity to maintain and produce for inspection such books,

accounts and records relating to their business and to furnish such information relating thereto, as may be specified in the order ;

(j) for any incidental and supplementary matters, including in particular the entering and search of premises, vehicles, vessels and aircraft, the seizure by a person authorised to make such search of any articles in respect of which such person has reason to believe that a contravention of the order has been, is being or is about to be committed, the grant or issue of licences, permits or other documents, and the charging of fees therefor.

(3) An order made under sub-section (1) may confer powers and impose duties upon the Central Government or officers and authorities of the Central Government, notwithstanding that it relates to a matter in respect of which the Provincial Legislature also has power to make laws.

(4) The Central Government, so far as it appears to it to be necessary for maintaining or increasing the production and supply of coal, may by order authorise any person (hereinafter referred to as an authorised controller) to exercise, with respect to any colliery undertaking or any part thereof specified in the order, such functions of control as may be provided by the order ; and so long as an order made under this sub-section is in force with respect to any colliery undertaking or part thereof—

(a) the authorised controller shall exercise his functions in accordance with any instructions given to him by the Central Government, so, however, that he shall not have any power to give any directions inconsistent with the provisions of any Act or other instrument determining the functions of the undertakers except in so far as may be specifically provided by the order ; and

(b) the undertaking or part shall be carried on in accordance with any directions given by the authorised controller in accordance with the provisions of the order, and any person having any functions of management in relation to the undertaking or part shall comply with any such directions.

4. *Delegation of powers.*—The Central Government may by notified order direct that the power to make orders under section 3 shall, in relation to such matters and subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the direction, be exercisable also by—

(a) such officer or authority subordinate to the Central Government, or

(b) such Provincial Government or such officer or authority subordinate to a Provincial Government, as may be specified in the direction.

5. *Continuance in force of existing orders.*—Until other provisions are made under this Ordinance, any order, whether notified or not, made by whatever authority under rule 80-B, or sub-rule (2) or sub-rule (3) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, in respect of any matter specified in section 3, which was in force immediately before the commencement of this Ordinance shall, notwithstanding the expiration of the said rules, continue in force so far as consistent with this Ordinance and be deemed to be an order made under section 3 ; and all appointments made, licences or permits granted and directions issued under any such order and in force immediately before such commencement shall likewise continue in force and be deemed to be made, granted or issued in pursuance of this Ordinance.

6. *Power to issue directions to Provinces.*—The Central Government may give directions to any Provincial Government as to the carrying into execution in the Province of any order made or deemed to be made under section 3.

7. *Effect of orders inconsistent with other enactments.*—Any order made or deemed to be made under section 3 shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any enactment other than this Ordinance or any instrument having effect by virtue of any enactment other than this Ordinance.

8. *Penalties.*—If any person contravenes any order made or deemed to be made under section 3, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both, and if the order so provides, any Court trying such contravention may direct that any property in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the order has been contravened shall be forfeited to His Majesty :

Provided that where the contravention is of an order relating to foodstuffs which contains an express provision in this behalf, the Court shall make such direction, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing it is of opinion that the direction should not be made in respect of the whole, or, as the case may be, a part, of the property.

9. *Special provisions regarding fines.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in section 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), it shall be lawful for any Magistrate of the First Class specially empowered by the Provincial Government in this behalf and for any Presidency Magistrate to pass a sentence of fine exceeding one thousand rupees on any person convicted of contravening an order made or deemed to be made under section 3.

10. *Attempts, etc., to contravene orders.*—Any person who attempts to contravene, or abets a contravention of, any order made or deemed to be made under section 3 shall be deemed to have contravened that order.

11. *Offences by corporations.*—If the person contravening an order made or deemed to be made under section 3 is a company or other body corporate, every director, manager, secretary or other officer or agent thereof shall, unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent such contravention, be deemed to be guilty of such contravention.

12. *False statements.*—If any person—

(i) when required by any order made or deemed to be made under section 3 to make any statement or furnish any information, makes any statement or furnishes any information which is false in any material particular and which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe to be false, or does not believe to be true, or

(ii) makes any such statement as aforesaid in any book, account, record, declaration, return or other document which he is required by any such order to maintain or furnish, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

13. *Burden of proof in certain cases.*—Where any person is prosecuted for contravening any order made or deemed to be made under section 3 which prohibits him from doing an act or being in possession of a thing without lawful authority or without a permit, licence or other document, the burden of proving that he has such authority, permit, licence or other document, shall be on him.

14. *Cognizance of offences.*—No Court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Ordinance except on a report in writing of the facts constituting such offence made by a person who is a public servant as defined in section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (XLV of 1860).

15. *Power to try offences summarily.*—Any magistrate or bench of magistrates empowered for the time being to try in a summary way the offences specified in sub-section (1) of section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), may, on application in this behalf being made by the prosecution, try in accordance with the provisions contained in sections 262 to 265 of the said Code any offence punishable under this Ordinance.

16. *Savings as to orders.*—(1) No order made or deemed to be made in exercise of any power conferred by or under this Ordinance shall be called in question in any Court.

(2) Where an order purports to have been made and signed by an authority in exercise of any power conferred by or under this Ordinance, a Court shall, within the meaning of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (I of 1872), presume that such order was so made by that authority.

17. *Protection of action taken under the Ordinance.*—(1) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of any order made or deemed to be made under section 3.

(2) No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Crown for any damage caused or likely to be caused by anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of any order made or deemed to be made under section 3.

WAVELL,

Viceroy and Governor General.

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS

BRITISH INDIA.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL : OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. VII : AMENDMENTS.

The following Notification (No. 20-ITC/46, dated the 17th September 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 23-ITC/43, dated the 1st July 1943, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Open General Licence No. VII, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 1-ITC/46, dated the 22nd January 1946, as subsequently amended*, and that these amendments be published for general information :—

In the Table annexed to the said Open General Licence—

(1) The following descriptions of goods covered by the entries in the Schedule to the aforesaid notification No. 23-ITC/43, dated the 1st July 1943, shall be added in their respective places according to the Part and the Serial Nos. of the Import Trade Control Schedule, namely :—

Description.	Part.	Serial No. of ITC Schedule.
(1)	(2)	(3)
Bright drawn shaftings	I	16(e)
Iron or steel pipes and tubes and fittings therefor including valves and boiler tubes cut to shape and size	I	17
Tagger Tin plates	I	21
Bolts, and nuts below 1/2" diameter and above 1 1/2" diameter ; Machine screws ; and Machine studs and Coach screws	I	22
Box strappings	I	23
Spring washers	I	25
Wire rope	I	29
Wire 23 G and below and Wire shorts and Rod	I	30
Cobbles	I	31
Wire nails 2" and below	I	34
Iron or steel wire rods coated or uncoated excluding electrodes	I	34
Iron or steel wire chain link fencing, wire staples	I	36

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 199-207.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
Iron or steel forged steel balls	I	38	Component parts (other than rubber fittings being component parts of railway carriages and articles specified in Part I of the Schedule) of Railway materials; as defined in item No. 74 (2) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, namely, such parts only as are essential for the working of the railways and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose;		
Zinc or spelter including zinc scrap in all forms, excluding manufactures thereof	I	44	Provided that articles which do not satisfy this condition shall also be deemed to be component parts of the railway material to which they belong if they are essential to its operation and are imported with it in such quantities as may appear to the Collector of Customs to be reasonable	II	52
Screw with gimlet points	I	54	Dyes derived from coal tar, and coal tar derivatives, used in any dyeing process	III	1B
Rolling rolls for steel works (whether of cast iron, cast steel or forged)	I	55A	Knitting machines (and parts thereof excluding hosiery needles) to be worked by manual labour or which requires for their operation less than one-quarter of one brake horse power	III	6
Locomotive Piston Rods and Motion Parts	I	58	Animals, living, all sorts	IV	1
Iron and steel, and articles made thereof excepting those covered by Parts I, IV and V of the Schedule (and excluding coated and uncoated electrodes, both rod and wire)	II	9	Barks for tanning (excluding wattle bark)	IV	45
Dental amalgam and alloys	II	17	All sorts of animal fats, not otherwise specified (excluding Stearine)	IV	55
The following hand tools:— Blades, Hack-saw, Cutters, Glass, Dressers, Emery wheel; Expanders, tube; Files; Rasps and Saws	II	20(3)	Wax, all sorts not otherwise specified, excluding paraffin wax and dry battery wax, red and black	IV	56
Carborundum crucibles for pit fire furnaces	II	26(3)	Beeswax	IV	59
Carborundum crucibles for tilting furnaces	II	26(4)	Tallow	IV	60
Diesel engines of all types, and component parts thereof	II	30	All sorts of animal oils not otherwise specified	IV	61
Petrol and Kerosene engines of over 50 H.P. excluding automobile units and component parts thereof	II	31	Canned or bottled provisions, not otherwise specified	IV	78
Vertical boilers of all types upto 12 N.H.P.	II	31A	Provisions and oilman's stores and groceries, all sorts not otherwise specified	IV	79
Dry shell type boilers	II	31B	All sorts of food not otherwise specified	IV	80
Motors and generators of any type or design with the exception of motors of capacity 1 H.P. to 30 H.P. and component parts thereof	II	32	Bitters	IV	89
Pneumatic plants consisting of primemovers and auxiliary equipment including parts thereof and portable electric tools of all kinds and parts thereof	II	33	Denatured spirit	IV	90
Compressors air or gas portable or stationary but not being imported as an integral part of any spray painting, a refrigerating or air conditioning equipment or as component parts of any engine	II	33B	China Clay	IV	97
The following Hardware, ironmongery and tools, namely, agricultural implements not otherwise specified and pruning knives	II	36B	Stone prepared as for road metalling	IV	102
The following components parts of Machinery when required for the Railways— Component parts not otherwise specified in the Schedule of machinery as defined in item No. 72 (a) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, namely, such parts only as are essential for the working of the machine or apparatus and have been given for that purpose some special shape or quality which would not be essential for their use for any other purpose; and excluding articles covered by the Machine Tool Control Order, 1941	II	37A	Marble and stone not otherwise specified	IV	103
Provided that the articles which do not satisfy this condition shall also be deemed to be component parts of the machine to which they belong if they are essential to its operation and are imported with it in such quantities as may appear to the Collector of Customs to be reasonable	II	37A	Mineral oil, not included in Item No. 27 (4) or item No. 27 (6) of the first Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, which is suitable for use as an illuminant in wick lamps	IV	105
Coal Tubes and the like conveyances designed for use on light rail track but excluding tapping wagons, if adapted to be worked by manual or animal labour and if made mainly of iron or steel; and component parts thereof made of iron or steel excluding articles specified in Part I of the Schedule	II	49	Mineral Oil:— (a) which has its flashing point at or above two hundred degrees of Fahrenheit. Thermometer, and is ordinarily used for the batching of jute or other fibres; (b) which has its flashing point at or above one hundred and fifty degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer; is not suitable for use as an illuminant in wick lamps, and in such as is not ordinarily used except as fuel or for some sanitary or hygienic purposes	IV	109
			The following articles of paints, colours and painters' materials if packed ready for retail sale:— Titanium di-oxide Lithopone Ultramarine Blue Red pigment dye-stuffs Monstral fast Blue Raw and burnt sienna Raw and burnt Umber Lime Green Lime Yellow Gold Bronze powder Timonex Pigment Naphthone Driers Plumbago and graphite Cinnamon leaf oil	IV	118 122 126

(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
The following Natural Essential Oils, namely:— Almond, bergamot, gajpatti, camphor, lavender, and pepper-mint	IV	129	Wood and timber all sorts, not otherwise specified, including all sorts of ornamental wood, excepting sandalwood, plywood and teak wood	V	42
Essential Oils, Synthetic	IV	130	Wood pulp	V	43
Fireworks specially prepared as danger or distress lights for the use of ships	IV	140	Wool, raw, and wool tops	V	47
Fireworks, not otherwise specified	IV	141	Covered crucibles for glass-making	V	59
Matches, undipped splints and veneers	IV	142	Bort and industrial diamonds	V	60
Firewood	IV	151	Steel helmets	V	62
Silk raw (excluding silk waste and noils, and silk cocoons)	IV	172	Radium	V	62A
Raw Flax	IV	174	The following articles of builders' hardware, namely:— Hinges locks and bolts	V	63
Silk yarn including thrown silk warp and yarn spun from silk waste or noils, but excluding sewing thread	IV	175	Paper cutting machines (Guillotines),		
Cotton sewing thread	IV	181	Paper Drilling machines		
Twist and yarn of flax	IV	183	Paper Punching Machines	V	65
Fabrics, not otherwise specified, containing more than 90% of silk, including such fabrics embroidered with artificial Silk	IV	184	Wire Sticking Machines.		
Woollen carpets, floor rugs, ruffle cloth, shawl cloth, shawls and lohis	IV	205	Type high numbering machines (at parts of paging machines)		
Cotton braids or cords, the following, namely, ghonasi and muktakesis	IV	207	Envelope making machine	V	65
Jute manufactures not other specified	IV	208	Envelope Blank Punching Machines	V	66
Hemp manufactures	IV	210	Automatic Blackout Control Switches	V	71
Tiles other than glass, earthenware or porcelain tiles	IV	236	Stirrup pumps and Trailer pumps		
Earthenware, all sorts not otherwise specified	IV	239	Machinery and component parts thereof meaning machines or parts of machines to be worked by manual or animal labour, and any machines (excluding such as are designed to be used exclusively in industrial processes) which require for their operation less than one-quarter of one brake horse power, not otherwise specified in the schedule and excluding articles covered by the Machine Tool Control Order, 1941	V	72
China and porcelain, all sorts not otherwise specified	IV	240	Water-lifts, sugarmills, sugar centrifuges, sugar pug-mills, oil presses, and parts thereof, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power and pans for boiling sugarcane juice		
Tiles of earthenware and porcelain	IV	242	Ships and other vessels for inland and harbour navigation, including steamers, launches, boats and barges imported entire or in sections		
Glass beads and false pearls, excepting glass bangles	IV	252	Provided that articles of machinery as defined in item No. 72 or No. 72 (3) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, shall when separately imported not be deemed to be included hereunder	V	80
Hardware, ironmongery and tools, all sorts not otherwise specified in this schedule, excluding machine tools, and agricultural implements	IV	275	Light ships	V	90
Buckets of tin or galvanised iron	IV	276	Furniture tackle and apparel, not otherwise described for steam-sailing, rowing and other vessels	V	9
Carriages and carts which are not mechanically propelled, not otherwise specified	IV	298	Bort	V	99
Parts and accessories of carriages and carts which are not mechanically propelled, not otherwise specified, excluding rubber types and tubes, and articles specified in Part I of the schedule	IV	299	Diamonds, industrial, in all forms, including diamond powder	V	104
Brooms	IV	323	Fibreboards, hardboards, insulating boards, excluding vulcanised fibre sheets and plywood	V	105
Brushes all sorts excluding paint and varnish brushes, toilet brushes and brooms	IV	324	Glass substitutes	V	107
Guns, Resins and Lac, all sorts not otherwise specified, excluding oilbalm and frankincense	V	7	Pyrotechnic aluminium powder	V	114
Farinaceous and patent foods, canned or bottled excluding milk foods for infants	V	12	Carbon Black	V	122
Essences containing spirit used for the manufacture of beverages	V	13	(2) The following entries shall be deleted, namely:— Component parts of diesel engines of all types except spare parts for internal combustion engines of road vehicle type	II	30
Gilsonite	V	15	Component parts of Petrol and Kerosene engines of over 50 H.P. excluding automobile units and also excluding spare parts for petrol internal combustion engines of road vehicle type	II	31
All sorts of mineral oils not otherwise specified	V	17	Component parts of motors and generators of any type or design with the exception of those of A.G. 3 face open type motors of capacity 1 H.P. to 25 H.P.	II	32
Kerosene; also any mineral oil other than kerosene and motor spirit which has its flashing point below one hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer, by Abel's close test	V	18	Component parts of Pneumatic Plants consisting of prime movers and auxiliary equipment and portable electric tools of all kinds	II	33
Motor spirit	V	19			
Aluminium powder	V	33			
The following articles of paints, colours and painters' materials if not packed ready for retail sale:— Titanium di-oxide Lithopone Ultramarine Blue Red pigment dyestuffs Monstral fast blue Raw and burnt Sienna Raw and burnt Umber Lime green Lime yellow Gold bronze powder Timonex pigment Naphthone driers	V	34			

(1)	(2)	(3)
Component parts of machinery worked by manual or animal labour and any machines excluding such as are designed to be used exclusively in industrial processes, which require for their operation less than one quarter of one-horse H.P. not otherwise specified in the Schedule, and excluding articles covered by the Machine Tool Control Order, 1941	V	72
Parts of water-lifts, sugar mills, sugar centrifuges, sugar pug-mills, oil presses, when constructed so that they can be worked by manual or animal power and pans for boiling sugar cane juice	V	73
(3) In the list of excepted goods specified under the entry "Chemicals falling under items 28, 28(6) 28(7) and 28(8) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, and drugs and medicine falling under item No. 28(8) of that Schedule in packings upto and inclusive of 28 lbs. for goods in substance, and upto and inclusive of one Winchester quart for goods in liquid but excluding articles specified in any other Serial of the Schedule", after the item "Calcium gluconate the following item shall be added, namely :— "Calcium Lactate"	V	110
(4) In the list of excepted goods specified under the entry "Chemicals in packings exceeding 28 lbs. for chemicals in substance and one Winchester quart for chemicals in liquid and not falling under any other serial of the Schedule" after the item "Calcium Gluconate" the following item shall be added, namely :— "Calcium Lactate"	V	22
(5) For the entry— "Alkaloids extracted from Cinchona Bark including Quinine and alkaloids derived from other sources which are chemically identical with the alkaloids extracted from Cinchona Bark"	IV	114
The following entry shall be substituted, namely :— "Alkaloids extracted from Cinchona Bark including Quinine and alkaloids derived from other sources which are chemically identical with alkaloids extracted from Cinchona Bark except the following, namely :— Quinine sulphate. Quinine bisulphate. Quinine hydrochloride. Quinine bishydrochloride."	IV	114

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS: AMENDMENTS.

The following Notification [No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department

of Commerce, No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945*, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification—

I. In Part A—

(a) Item 19 shall be omitted,

(b) For item 26 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"26. Woollen and worsted manufactures, including woollen and worsted yarn, but excluding hosiery, pashmina shawls, carpets, floor rugs, blankets and cumblies."

II. In Part C—

(a) The following shall be inserted as item 3, namely:—

"3. Instruments, Apparatus and Appliances, and parts thereof, the following:—

Surgical and veterinary instruments, apparatus and appliances excluding surgical dressings."

(b) The following shall be inserted as entry (ix) of item 6, namely:—

"(ix) Molybdenum and molybdenum ores."

III. In Part D, item 48 shall be deleted.

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS: AMENDMENT RELATING TO POLAND.

The following Notification [No. FI(262)-FI/46, dated the 14th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. F.I(65)-F/41, dated the 31st May 1941†, namely:—

In item (ii) of the List annexed to the said notification, after the word "Yugoslavia", the following shall be inserted, namely:—
"Poland".

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS: AMENDMENT RELATING TO THE UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS.

The following Notification [No. 1(299)-FI/46, dated the 21st September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. F. 1(65)-F/41, dated the 31st May 1941†, namely:—

In item (v) of the List annexed to the said notification, for the words "and Siam" the following words shall be substituted, namely:—

"Siam and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics."

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 143-48.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 5th June 1941, page 608.

Oct. 3, 1946.]

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

MADRAS.

14th September.

During the week under report rainfall was very heavy in South Kanara; heavy in Madras; moderate in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Chingleput, North Arcot and Malabar; fair in West Godavari, Anantapur, Nellore, Chittoor, Salem and the Nilgiris; and light or nil elsewhere. Water supply is insufficient in parts of Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Ramnad. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in East Godavari, Kurnool, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Malabar and the Nilgiris and of dry crops in Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Coimbatore and Madras, is proceeding. The standing crops are generally fair. Harvesting of paddy is proceeding in West Godavari, Cuddapah, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and the West Coast; of *ragi* in Cuddapah, Coimbatore and the Nilgiris; and of gingelly in East Godavari, West Godavari and Kistna. The outturn is generally fair.

PUNJAB.

23rd September.

During the week under report the weather remained dry, except in parts of Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala, Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Jhelum and Rawalpindi districts where rain varying in amount from 0.06" to 3.76", was received. The condition of the standing crops is generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Top-borer caused some damage to sugarcane crop in Phillaur *tahsil* of the Jullundur district.

SIND.

28th September.

During the week under report there was no rain. Picking of cotton is in full swing. All *kharif* crops are doing well. Slight red-leaf blight and boll-worm attacks on cotton are continuing.

UNITED PROVINCES.

14th September.

During the week under report there were light showers in most of the districts and light rainfall in the other districts. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops was in full swing. Transplantation of late paddy was nearing completion. Early *kharif* crops were being harvested. Irrigation of *kharif* crops, particularly late paddy, was resorted to in some districts where there had been inadequate rain. Reports of set-back to the crops from lack of rain were received from some districts. Damage was also caused by floods, particularly in low-lying areas, in several districts. Except in the case of districts where damage to the standing crops had occurred as a result of drought or floods, the condition of the standing crops was generally satisfactory.

GENERAL WEATHER SUMMARY.

During the week ended Tuesday last widespread thunder-showers occurred in Mysore on two days and in the Bombay, Deccan and Orissa on one day. Local thundershowers or a few falls of rain also occurred in various parts of the country on some days. At the end of the week the weather was unsettled in the west central Bay of Bengal.

ASSAM.

30th September.

During the week under report the weather was seasonable and its effects on the crops are fair. The prospects and the outturn of crops are generally fair.

BIHAR.

24th September.

During the week under report very heavy rain fell in parts of Gaya, Shahabad, Palamau and Singhbhum while light to heavy rain occurred elsewhere, except in parts of Shahabad where there was no rain. The condition and the prospects of the standing crops were reported to be fair to good, except at places where they have been damaged by floods. Transplanting of *aghani* paddy is reported to be still continuing in Purnea. Harvesting of *bhadoi* crops was nearing completion.

BOMBAY.

28th September.

During the week under report fairly adequate rain fell in the Karnatak, but rainfall was practically absent elsewhere in the province. The standing *kharif* crops are faring well. Field operations and harvesting of early *kharif* crops are in progress. Sowing of *rabi jowar* continued in the Deccan and the Karnatak and has commenced in parts of Gujarat. Sowing of cotton in the Karnatak is nearing completion. Rain is needed for late paddy in north Gujarat and the Konkan.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

21st September.

During the week under report the weather was partly cloudy and partly clear and warm. Light showers of rain were received in most parts of the province in the earlier part of the week. Sowing of *rabi til* and late *jwar* was in progress in the Chanda district and that of gram commenced in parts of the Betul district. Weeding and intercultural operations of *kharif* crops were in full swing. Grasshoppers were reported to have appeared on paddy crop in the Dhamtari *tahsil* (Raipur) and were causing slight damage to paddy and *kodon* crops in the Drug *tahsil* (Drug). Otherwise the standing *kharif* crops are, on the whole, in fairly satisfactory condition. More rain was, however, reported to be needed in the Chhindwara and Wardha districts. Harvesting of *kharif* pulses in parts of the Chhindwara and Nimar districts and of early *kutki* in the Betul and Chhindwara districts was in progress. Harvesting of groundnut at places in the Chhindwara, Akola and Buldana districts and of *urud* and *mung* in parts of the Buldana district has started. Preparation of land for *rabi* sowing continued throughout the province.

CROP FORECASTS.

(ALL-INDIA)

FINAL REVIEW OF THE JUTE CROP FOR THE SEASON 1945-46.

(Dated 28th September 1946.)

The following is taken from the Final Review of the Jute crop in Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Assam and the Indian States of Cooch Behar and Tripura for the season 1945-46, issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal:—

Area.—The finally revised area sown with jute in the Provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Assam and the States of Cooch Behar and Tripura is 2,421,670 acres, representing an increase of 12,730 acres over the Final Forecast of 1945-46.

Yield.—It is now estimated that the crop gave 7,791,070 bales of jute, excluding 200,000 imported from Nepal as estimated by the Director of Agriculture, Bihar. The total yield is now estimated at 7,991,070 bales, inclusive of Nepal, as against 7,165,535 bales, the Final Forecast figures of 1945-46.

The consolidated returns are as follows:—

Province and State.	Area in Acres.			Difference between Revised and Final Forecast of 1945.	Yield in Bales.			Difference between Final Review and Final Forecast of 1945.
	Final Review, 1944-45 crop.	Final Forecast, 1945-46.	Revised, 1945-46.		Final Review, 1944-45.	Final Forecast, 1945-46.	Revised, 1945-46.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bengal	1,694,355	2,017,710	2,017,710	..	5,531,450	6,303,550	6,918,073	+513,123
Cooch Behar	19,500	21,330	20,100	-1,170	34,080	37,010	35,720	-2,100
Tripura	10,000	10,000	10,000	..	20,000	25,000	25,000	..
Bihar	162,900	158,900	158,900	..	230,200	220,000	273,700	+53,700
Orissa	23,900	19,900	19,900	..	14,500*	11,300*	200,000*	+185,300*
Assam	193,300	181,100	105,000	+13,900	48,975	43,875	43,875	..
TOTAL	2,103,955	2,408,940	2,421,670	+12,730	6,203,205	7,165,535	7,991,070	+825,535

* Represents import from Nepal as estimated by the Director of Agriculture, Bihar. Approximate yield per acre 3.22 bales.

Supply and Distribution.

SUPPLY.

Carry-over on 30th June 1945.

	Bales.
Growers	150,235
Mofussil dealers	475,000
Balers and dealers in Calcutta	574,856
I. J. M. A. Mills	2,711,645
Other mills	114,502
Total carry-over	4,026,298
Add 1945 crop	7,991,070
Season's supply	12,017,368

DISTRIBUTION.

	Estimated.
I. J. M. A. Mills	6,074,864
Outside mills	233,406
Domestic consumption	600,000
Exports	2,189,105
	9,097,375

Estimated carry-over

Estimated carry-over on 30th June 1946.

	Bales.
Growers	81,500
Mofussil dealers	159,000
Balers and dealers in Calcutta	377,010
I. J. M. A. Mills	2,532,420
Other mills	105,500
	3,256,530

9,097,375

2,919,993

FINAL FORECAST OF THE JUTE CROP, 1946.

The following is taken from the Final Forecast of this year's Jute crop in Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Assam and the Indian States of Cooch Behar and Tripura, issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal:—

Consolidated Statement for Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Assam and the States of Cooch Behar and Tripura.

Area.—The revised area of jute in the three other Provinces, two Indian States and the area in Bengal as checked under section 14 of the Jute Regulation Act is 1,880,010 acres, a decrease of 541,660 acres as compared with the Final Review for 1945-46 season.

Yield.—It is estimated that the crop will yield 5,550,465 bales of jute, a decrease of 2,440,605 bales as compared with the last year's yield as shown in the Final Review of 1945-46 season.

The consolidated returns are as follows:—

Province and State.	Area in acres.		Yield in bales of 400 lbs. each.		Yield in bales per acre.	
	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.
Bengal	2,017,710	1,430,985 (Checked.)	(a) 6,848,075	4,481,390	3.39	3.0
Cooch Behar	(a) 20,160	20,825	(a) 35,720	56,553	1.77	2.11
Tripura	10,000	10,000	25,000	25,000	2.5	2.5
Bihar	158,900	144,000	(a) 273,700	250,700	1.72	1.73
Orissa	10,000	23,800	43,875	58,020	2.2	2.44
Assam	(a) 193,300	181,500	(a) 564,100	481,800	2.89	2.61
TOTAL	2,421,670	1,880,010	7,991,070	5,550,465	3.22	2.84

* 200,000 bales is estimated to be imported from Nepal by the Director of Agriculture, Bihar.
(a) Revised.

BENGAL.

[NOTE.—On an average of the five years ending 1944-45, the areas under jute in the Province of Bengal and the Indian States of Cooch Behar and Tripura to which this forecast relates, has represented some 81.6 and 1.5 per cent, respectively, to the total area under jute in India.]

Season.—As reported in the preliminary forecast, the preparatory tillage and sowings commenced generally at normal time, but unusually heavy showers at an early stage held up sowings in some areas and hampered weeding operations adversely affecting the growth in some North and East Bengal districts. Particularly heavy damage was caused to low land areas. Weather conditions improved later on, but some damaged fields appear to have been ploughed down and brought under paddy. The crop in the West Bengal tracts was a good one.

Area.—The area under jute of 1,489,985 acres is the licensed area less the fields for which licenses were issued but which were not sown as disclosed on an examination of the jute lands under section 14 of the Jute Regulation Act.

Outturn.—As in the previous years, the percentage figures are calculated on the basis of the Divisional normals which remain as follows:—

	Bales per acre.
Dacca and Chittagong Divisions	3.7
Rajshahi Division	3.5
Presidency and Burdwan Divisions	3.2

The total yield of the crop is estimated at 4,481,390 bales of 400 lbs. each this year as against 6,848,075 bales (revised) last year.

BIHAR.

[NOTE.—On an average of the five years ending 1944-45, the area under jute to which the Bihar forecast relates, has represented some 7.0 per cent of the total area under jute in India.]

Area.—The final returns of the jute-growing districts in the Province show that the area under jute is 144,900 acres as compared with 158,900 acres last year. The decrease in area is mainly due, as already stated in the preliminary forecast, to greater areas having been put under food crops in Purnea.

Weather condition.—In March light rain fell in all the districts, except Muzaffarpur in which there was no rain. In April, however, rainfall was above the normal everywhere. In May also rainfall was above the normal everywhere. In June rainfall was above the normal in Saharsa and Purnea only and below the normal elsewhere.

Outturn.—The outturns of the crop in Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, Saharsa, Purnea and the Santhal Parganas are estimated at 90, 66, 60, 65, 69, 50 and 67 per cent, respectively, of the normal.

Accordingly the Director of Agriculture, Bihar, estimates that the outturn this year will be 52 per cent of the normal as in the last year. Taking the normal outturn to be 3½ bales per acre the gross outturn of the crop from 144,900 acres is estimated at 250,700 bales as compared with 273,700 bales last year as estimated in the final review of the crop. Adding 200,000 bales to this as probable imports from Nepal, the forecast figure for Bihar comes to 450,700 bales.

ORISSA.

[NOTE.—On an average of the five years ending 1944-45, the area under jute in the territory to which this forecast relates, represents about 0.8 per cent of the total area under jute in India.]

Area.—The crop is mainly grown in district Cuttack. In other two districts, Balasore and Puri, it is cultivated to a small extent. The total area sown is estimated at 23,800 acres against 10,000 acres in the preceding year.

Character of the season.—The weather was favourable in all the jute-growing districts. The condition of the crop was, on the whole, fair.

Outturn.—The total outturn of the Province is estimated at 73 per cent of the normal against 60 per cent in the previous year. On the basis of the 3½ bales as standard yield per acre the gross yield for the Province comes to 58,020 bales against 43,875 bales in the preceding year.

ASSAM.

[NOTE.—On the average of the five years ending 1944-45, the area under jute in Assam to which this forecast relates, has represented some 8.8 per cent of the total area under jute in British India.]

Character of the season.—After the issue of the preliminary forecast, the weather condition improved to some extent, but high flood of July caused considerable damage to the crop, specially in the districts of Cachar, Nowgong and Sibsagar where the condition of the crop is not satisfactory at all. Insects also caused some damage in certain localities.

Area sown.—The total area under the crop as estimated by the Deputy Commissioners comes to 184,500 acres against last year's actual area of 105,000 acres and 173,900 acres shown in the preliminary forecast of this year. The area reported in the preliminary forecast has been revised in all the districts except Goalpara, Sibsagar and Lakhimpur.

Outturn.—The average outturn per acre for the Province has been estimated to be 80 per cent of the normal against 88 per cent (revised on the basis of actual area) of last year. On the basis of the normal yield of 3.3 bales of 400 lbs. each per acre, the total production of the Province is 481,800 bales against 564,100 bales (revised on the basis of actual area) of last year.

SUMMARY OF CROP FORECASTS.

The following is a summary of the Jute forecast relating to the season 1946-47:—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jute—Final.	Practically all jute-growing tracts	Acres 1,880,000	78	Acres 2,422,000	5,550,000 bales	69	7,001,000 bales (b)	Oct. 3, 1946.

The following is a summary of the latest forecasts for the season 1945-46 for crops for which forecasts have not yet been made in the current season:—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cotton—Final (c).	All cotton-growing tracts	Acres 14,480,000	98	Acres 14,843,000	2,142,000 bales	98	3,498,000 bales	June 27, 1946.
Wheat—Second (c).	Punjab, United Provinces, Central Provinces and Berar, Bombay, Sind, Bihar, North-West Frontier Province, Bengal, Delhi, Almer-Marwara, Orissa, Central India, Gwalior, Rajputana, Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore (98 per cent of the total wheat area of India).	31,812,000	102	35,709,000	(a)	..	10,458,000 tons	July 4, 1946.
Castorseed	Practically all castor-growing tracts	1,237,000	84	1,468,000	105,000 tons	80	131,000 tons	Aug. 1, 1946.
Sesamum—Supplementary.	United Provinces, Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Punjab, Almer-Marwara, Sind, Hyderabad, Kota, Bhopal and Baroda (a little over 86 per cent of the total sesamum area of India).	3,003,000	99	3,039,000	387,000 tons	98	393,000 tons	Aug. 8, 1946.
Sugarcane—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Madras, North-West Frontier Province, Assam, Orissa, Central Provinces and Berar, Sind, Delhi, Mysore, Hyderabad, Bhopal, Baroda and Jaora (96 per cent of the total sugarcane area of India).	3,847,000	93	4,164,000	5,387,000 tons	98	5,441,000 tons	Aug. 15, 1946.
Groundnut—Final.	Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda (99 per cent of the total groundnut area of India).	9,843,000	93	10,674,000	3,113,000 tons	81	3,850,000 tons	Aug. 29, 1946.
Rape and Mustard—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bihar, Assam, Sind, North-West Frontier Province, Central Provinces and Berar, Orissa, Bombay, Delhi, Alwar, Hyderabad and Baroda (about 95 per cent of the total rape and mustard area of India).	5,497,000	99	5,580,000	910,000 tons	88	1,034,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Linseed—Final.	Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Kota and Bhopal (a little over 93 per cent of the total linseed area of India).	3,376,000	97	3,465,000	369,000 tons	94	392,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Rice—Final (c).	Bengal, Madras, Bihar, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Assam, Orissa, Bombay, Sind, Punjab, Coorg, Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda and Bhopal (97 per cent of the total rice area of India).	79,895,000	95	84,033,000	20,249,000 tons	93	28,193,000 tons	Sept. 26, 1946.

* Issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

† Including Indian States.

‡ In Rajputana.

§ In Central India.

(a) Not yet available. (b) Includes figures for Nepal. (c) The detailed report will appear in the Indian Trade Journal later.

DATA OF TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY AND RAINFALL FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, THE 1ST OCTOBER 1946.

STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENT- AGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).		RAINFALL.			STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENT- AGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).		RAINFALL.				
	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.		Actual.	Departure from normal.	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.		
ASSAM	Dibrugarh	80	+1	88	0	2.1	—	BOMBAY. Gujarat	Bhuj	83	-1	84	+11	0.1	(f) 10.4	—	
	Tezpur	82	+1	84	-2	0	—		Deesa	83	-2	77	+2	0	(b) 21.0	—	
	Dhubri	81	0	90	+8	1.3	62.5		Ahmedabad	85	0	80	+8	0	(g) 24.8	—	
	Shillong	67	0	60	-10	1.8	55.9	-0.5	Rajkot	82	0	90	+5	0	(g) 20.6	—	
	Silchar	84	+1	88	+1	0.1	—	—	Veraval	79	-1	83	+5	0	22.2	+3.6	
BENGAL	Chittagong	85	+3	77	-9	0.9	85.6	+7.8	Konkan	Bombay	82	+1	88	0	0.3	71.2	+3.9
	Barisal	87	+4	81	-2	0.7	—	—	Honavar	80	—	92	+4	0	(a) 121.5	—	
	Narayanganj	86	+8	74	-9	0.1	53.7	+7.1	Bombay, Deccan	Malegaon	80	0	84	+7	0.9	(d) 14.1	—
	Mymensingh	83	+1	86	0	0.5	67.0	—		Ahmednagar	80	+2	82	+4	0.3	(f) 20.1	—
	Jalpaiguri	81	0	88	-1	0.9	02.1	-12.8		Poona	81	+4	02	+7	0.7	23.0	+2.9
	Darjeeling	04	+5	88	-3	1.1	80.4	-13.4		Eljapur	80	+1	84	+5	0.5	9.8	-3.8
	Berhampore	87	+3	80	-4	2.3	35.00	—		Belgaum	75	+1	06	+6	1.0	(h) 37.5	—
	Calcutta	86	+3	88	+2	0.9	46.3	-1.3	CENTRAL INDIA. Central India, West	Neemuch	81	+1	79	+3	0	(a) 50.9	+22.0
BIHAR AND ORISSA. Orissa	Balasore	83	0	83	-3	2.0	43.0	—		Indore	81	+2	81	+1	0.2	—	—
	Cuttack	85	+1	81	-1	1.3	57.0	+11.7	Central India, East	Sutna	83	+2	79	0	0.5	40.1	0
	Sambalpur	84	+1	84	+2	0.5	06.4	—	CENTRAL PROVINCES.								
Chota Nagpur	Chailasa	85	+3	82	0	0.4	—	—	Berar	Akola	85	+3	74	-2	0	24.6	-3.0
	Ranchi	77	0	75	-4	0.4	38.2	-0.1	Central Provinces, West.	Saugor	80	0	66	-10	0.7	(a) 0.7	—
Bihar	Darbhanga	85	+2	84	+7	0.1	34.0	-8.0		Jubbulpore	82	+2	77	-2	0	51.1	-0.8
	Patna	80	+3	76	-2	3.4	27.3	-13.1		Seoni	79	+1	73	-3	0.2	48.2	+1.4
UNITED PROVINCES. United Provinces, East.	Naya Dumka	84	+2	76	-5	0.4	39.5	—	Central Provinces, East.	Nagpur	84	+2	73	0	0	—	—
	Gorakhpur	81	-3	80	-1	0	—	—		Chanda	83	+1	80	0	0	47.5	+1.5
	Allahabad	85	+2	72	-1	0	—	—		Raipur	83	+2	77	0	0.1	35.0	-11.1
	Bahraich	87	+3	81	+3	0	—	—		Jagdalpur (Bastar)	80	+2	85	0	0.6	(f) 54.2	—
	Lucknow	87	+4	75	-3	0	(a) 22.2	—	HYDRABAD.								
	Jhansi	84	0	74	+4	0	(a) 28.0	—	Hyderabad, North	Nizamabad	83	+2	78	-2	0	29.8	-4.9
	Agra	86	+1	56	-14	0	(b) 17.5	—	Hyderabad, South	Gulbarga	82	+1	74	-6	0.8	20.7	-2.1
	Bareilly	85	+3	65	-15	0	(b) 29.1	—		Hyderabad	81	+1	74	-4	0.1	17.8	-4.4
PUNJAB.										Raichur	82	+1	87	+9	2.3	17.8	-1.3
Punjab, East and North.	Delhi	83	0	54	-14	0	(a) 9.5	—	MYSORE	Bangalore	75	0	94	+8	3.8	21.1	+2.4
	Hissar	85	0	60	-2	0	(a) 27.8	—		Mercara	69	+1	06	+2	3.1	(h) 9.3	—
	Ambala	87	+5	61	-9	0	(f) 27.8	—	MADRAS. Malabar	Cochin	79	-1	82	-4	0.5	89.6	+15.0
	Lahore	86	+2	78	+13	0	13.1	-1.4		Trivandrum	82	+3	87	+2	0.6	35.6	+5.3
	Rawalpindi	84	+5	67	+9	0	(a) 24.8	—	Madras, South-East	Pamban	84	+1	78	-2	0.3	1.5	-0.9
Punjab, South-West	Multan	87	0	69	-2	0	(c) 0.8	—		Negapatam	85	0	82	+5	0.9	(f) 0.0	—
KASHMIR	Srinagar	72	+10	76	-13	0	4.4	-3.4		Colimatore	80	0	82	-3	0.6	(f) 0.6	—
NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PRO- VINCE.	Peshawar	85	+5	59	0	0	(b) 0.3	—		Cuddalore	84	+1	83	+2	1.1	14.1	-0.1
	Dera Ismail Khan	88	+3	66	-3	0	0	—		Salem	82	0	68	+7	2.7	23.5	+3.7
SIND	Jacobabad	87	0	78	+1	0	0.1	-2.2		Madras	85	0	80	+2	1.8	—	—
	Kafachi	83	+2	85	-2	0	—	—	Madras, Deccan	Cuddapah	85	0	73	-1	3.3	(g) 11.3	—
RAJPUTANA. Rajputana, West.	Bikaner	86	-1	62	+17	0	6.7	-2.8		Bellary	81	-1	84	+10	1.9	(i) 7.8	—
	Jodhpur	83	-2	64	-2	0	(f) 8.5	—	Madras Coast, North.	Nellore	87	+1	76	0	0.8	12.9	+1.2
	Ajmer	80	-2	62	+3	0	(a) 18.4	—		Masulipatam	84	0	90	+7	2.9	—	—
	Jaipur	82	-1	64	+3	0	31.4	+10.1		Vizagapatam	84	+1	77	-2	(a) 0.3	—	—
	Kotah	85	0	68	+5	0	(w) 41.2	—	ORISSA. Orissa Coast	Gopalpur	83	-1	83	0	1.7	—	—

(a) Total for 6 days. (b) Total for 121 days. (c) Total for 118 days. (d) Total for 115 days. (e) Total for 109 days. (f) Total for 104 days. (g) Total for 103 days. (h) Total for 102 days. (i) Total for 101 days. (j) Total for 100 days. —Data not available.



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TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from:—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 9d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile Stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Rs. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42 x 28 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from:—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL (SUPPLIES),
NEW DELHI.

Supply of Axle Box Liners.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Railway Stores Directorate), New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Tender No. SR1/880011.—For the supply of 10,390 Nos. of Axle Box Liners made from manganese steel.

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 10 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 21st October 1946.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Director of Supplies, Bombay/Calcutta, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Cawnpore/Karachi/Madras/Lahore, and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

Tenders will be opened on the 22nd October 1946 at 11.30 a.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are in the happy position of being overbooked with orders for our printed Tin-ware in two and multi-colours and in various shapes and sizes. We beg to be excused if we are unable to serve more than our capacity, until our new arrangements will have been completed.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL (INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES),
NEW DELHI.

Supply of Planing Machine.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. SW1/MP/133678/II to reach him on or before the 17th October 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on payment of the tender fee of Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter) for:—

Item No. 1.—One No. 4' x 2' x 2' high speed single belt drive Planing Machine having a table 5'4" long x 20" wide and max. height admissible between tool holder and table 2'0".

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms, which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Metal Polish.

The Deputy Director General (Supplies), Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Tender No. SM-1/RG/1111.—Metal Polish, Liquid, to I.S.D. Specification No. G/Misc/35B and corrigendum No. 1 of July 1935 for supply during the period 1st January 1947 to 31st December 1947.

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 5 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 21st October 1946.

Samples against this tender are required to be submitted to the Director, Government Test House, Alipore, Calcutta, by the 12th October 1946.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Administrative Officer (Purchase Branch),

Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Director of Supplies at Bombay and Calcutta and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Lahore and Madras, and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SY/70881/SG1/A.—Supply of Paint, Anticorrosive, Red, for Ships Bottoms.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SY/70881/SG1/A to reach him on or before the 15th October 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Paint Anticorrosive red for ships bottoms
(packed in 5 gall. drums), to Specn.

No. I. S. D./WEP-108 800 gallons.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, as the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras, Cawnpore, Lahore and Karachi, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SL1/70608.—Supply of Skin, Chamois, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply of the following stores:—

Store.	Quantity.
Item No. 1.—Skins, Chamois, 24" x 24", best quality.	250 Nos.
Item No. 2.—Skins, Chamois, full size	1,000 "
Item No. 3.—Leather, Chamois, 24" x 22"	620 "

Tender forms, wherein full details of tender are set out, may be obtained from the office of the Director General of Industries and

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Supplies, New Delhi, or from the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies, at Calcutta/Madras/Bombay/Cawnpore/Karachi/Lahore on payment of Rs. 5 as tender fee, which will not be refunded under any circumstances.

Tenders should reach the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, not later than 4 p.m. on the 8th October 1946.

The tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors maintained by the late Department of Supply or the present Department of Industries and Supplies must state in their tender the name of their Bankers.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Cotters Split Steel.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. SR-3/69364/2 to reach him on or before the 6th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number full name and address of the remitter), for :—

800 gross Cotters Split Steel	$1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ long.
800 " " " "	$1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "
35 " " " "	$1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ "
65 " " " "	$1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$ "
100 " " " "	$1\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$ "

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SLUP/69367 due by 4 p.m. on 9th October 1946.—
Supply of Washers, Chrome Composite Leather.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply of the following stores :—

Description.	Quantity.
Washers, Chrome Composite Leather, 8" dia., with square holes to suit $1\frac{1}{2}$ " roller shaft, conforming to sealed sample available with the Ordnance Inspection Depot, at Bombay, Madras, Calcutta and Cawnpore.	10,000 lbs.

Tender forms, wherein full details of tender are set out, may be obtained from the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, or from the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies, at Calcutta, Madras/Bombay/Cawnpore/Karachi/Lahore, on payment of Rs. 10 as tender fee, which will not be refunded under any circumstances.

The tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors maintained by the late Supply Department or the present Department must state in their tender the name of their Bankers.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, RAILWAY DEPARTMENT (RAILWAY BOARD).

Tender for Broad and Metre Gauge Coaching Underframes required for Indian Railway for 1947-48 Programme.

1. Tenders are invited from firms in India for the supply of the following I.R.S. Bogie Coaching Underframes without wheels and axles. The underframes are for Indian Railways and are required for delivery from 1st June 1947 to 29th February 1948.

Description and Requirements.	
<i>Broad Gauge—</i>	
I.R.S. Bogie Coaching Underframes	500
<i>Metre Gauge—</i>	
I.R.S. Bogie Coaching Underframes	67

2. Tender documents for the above requirements are obtainable from the Secretary, Railway Board, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 4-8-0 per copy. Copies of drawings for tendering purposes may be obtained from the Chief Controller of Standardization, Central Standards Office for Railways, 'N' Block, Raisina Road, New Delhi, at annas 14 per full size sheet, excluding postage. The total number of contract drawings involved approximates to 36 full size sheets for B.G. underframes and 37 full size sheets for M.G. underframes.

Oct. 3, 1946.]

3. Tenders will be received by the Secretary, Railway Board, up to 4 p.m. on the 29th November 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF FOOD (DIV. III).

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF DIRECTOR OF PURCHASE, MANSINGH ROAD, NEW DELHI.

Tender Enquiry No. E/363.—Supply of Milk Ghee.

Tenders are invited for the supply of Milk Ghee to the Defence Services during the period November 1946 to March 1947 (i) from the markets in the Punjab and the United Provinces (including Indian States therein), Gwalior State and Rajputana States at the Military Ghee Centre, Agra, and (ii) from the markets in Madras Province at the Military Ghee Centre, Bangalore (Kriahnarajapuram). The prices quoted should be for phi-blended at the Centres to the standard indicated in R. I. A. S. C. Specification No. 76 (New Series) for ghee and processed according to instructions issued by the Chief Director of Purchase. Till the ghee is inspected and accepted it will remain at the risk and cost of the contractor.

Applications for tender forms giving full particulars of supply would be received up to 4 p.m. on the 10th October 1946. Separate tender forms will be issued for supplies of ghee at Ghee Centres, Agra and Bangalore, and each application should state whether a tender form is required for supplies of ghee at one or both the Ghee Centres, Agra and Bangalore.

The price of each tender form containing full particulars and the conditions of supply is Rs. 10 which is not refundable. Payment should be made either in cash or by Money Order to the Chief Director of Purchase, Food Department, Jamnagar House, New Delhi, quoting Tender No. E/363 and remitter's full address on the coupon. The tender forms are not transferable.

Tenders must be accompanied by an Earnest Money of Rs. 25,000 in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase by Demand Draft on Reserve Bank of India or Imperial Bank of India. The money will be forfeited in full, should the tenderer resile from his tender or in the event of the tender being accepted fail to furnish security deposit by due date. It will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers but Government shall not be liable for payment of any interest thereon. If the tender is accepted, the Earnest Money may be adjusted towards part payment of security deposit required to be deposited. Tenders without Earnest Money will not be considered.

The successful tenderer will be required to deposit Rs. 2 lacs as security, within a week of the acceptance of the tender. This should be deposited in Currency Notes, Demand Draft on the Imperial Bank of India or Scheduled Bank, or Treasury or Imperial Bank of India receipt, or Promissory Notes at market value, Post-Office Cash and Defence Savings Certificates at conversion value, endorsed in favour of the Controller of Food Accounts.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on 21st October 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

SPC. Enquiry No. 7775-ED-954.—Supply of Underground Varnished Cambric Insulated Cable.

Firms dealing in Wires and Cables are requested to quote their best present day prices and the earliest time of delivery, for the underground Cable specified below :—

Item 1.—25,000 ft. of No. 10 S. W. G. or No. 8 B. & S. Single conductor, varnished cambric insulated, lead covered and Jute-served Underground Cable for 8,000 volts A. C. service.

The conductor shall be of the highest conductivity electrolytic copper. The cable is required for use on series street lighting circuit of 25 cycles. It shall be of the best quality, its manufacture and the materials used for construction fully conforming to the latest B. S. S. or A. I. E. E. standards and it shall be suitable for use in tropical climates.

The cables will be required to be supplied in the longest manufactured lengths, wound on non-returnable wooden reels, suitably lagged and protected against any kind of damage to the cable during shipment or overland transport. They will have to be tested before despatch and test certificates thereof submitted along with the supply. Firms should furnish along with their quotations full specifications and the details of construction of the cable offered together with the following particulars, without which no quotation will be considered :—

1. Overall diameter of cable.
2. Radial thickness of Lead covering.
3. Radial thickness of Jute serving.
4. Radial thickness of Varnished Cambric Insulation.
5. Cross section of conductor in square inches.
6. The dielectric strength of varnished cambric per mil at 25 degrees C. used for the manufacture of the cable before and after cabling.
7. D. C. resistance per 1,000 ft. of conductors at 25 degrees C.
8. D. C. resistance per 1,000 ft. of conductors at 65 degrees C.
9. The insulation resistance of cable in Megohms per 1,000 ft. at 60 degrees F.
10. Length of cable in feet on each reel.
11. Net weight of cable on each reel.
12. Gross weight and size of each reel ready for shipment.

The cable may be supplied from Firms' ready stocks or from incoming consignments or from Firms' panel quota.

Firms' quotations may be submitted in duplicate superscribed as "Quotation for Underground Varnished Insulated Cable".

As the cable is required immediately firms may, if necessary, obtain their quotations from their Principals by cablegram and forward so as to reach the office of the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, Bangalore, not later than 17th October 1946.

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES, PUNJAB.

STORES PURCHASE DEPARTMENT.

Supply of Paints, Enamels, Varnishes, etc.

Sealed tenders superscribed "Tenders for Paints and Enamels" will be received by the Stores Purchase Officer, Punjab, Lahore, up to 2-30 p.m. on the 14th October 1946, for the supply of Paints, Enamels, Varnishes, Distempers, on Rate Contract basis for a period of twelve months from the 1st November 1946. Tenderers are required to quote against Part I of the tender to I.S.D. specifications and against Part II their speciality products.

Copies of tender forms and other details, which are non-transferable, may be had from the office of the Stores Purchase Officer, Punjab, Lahore, on payment of Rs. 3 in cash or by Money Order, which money is not refundable. Each tender must be accompanied by Earnest Money of Rs. 500 which will not be accepted in cash. The Earnest Money may be deposited in Government Treasury, Post Office Savings Bank or any Government recognised bank pledged to the Stores Purchase Officer, Punjab, Lahore, and Deposit Receipt/Pass Book attached to the tender.

Tenders will be opened at 3 p.m. on the 14th October 1946 in the presence of such tenderers who may care to attend.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE
UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 29/E-25.—Supply of Metallic Measuring Tapes and Refills.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 21st October 1946, by the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 22nd October 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain, from the Assistant Stores Purchase Officer, Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars on application.

Tenderers whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender forms and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.		Rate Contract for the period ending 31st March 1947.	
1.	Chesterman's Metallic Measuring Tapes.		100 ft.
2.	Ditto.		50 ft.
3.	Refills for the above		100 ft.
4.	Ditto.		50 ft.

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Tender for Conversion or Exchange of Non-ferrous Metals.

The General Manager, B. A. Railway, Calcutta, invites tenders for conversion or exchange of Non-ferrous Metals.

Necessary tender documents can be had from the Controller of Stores, Information Bureau, 3, Koilaghat Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 3 per each tender, which is not refundable.

Tenders will be opened on the 30th October 1946.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Tender for Repairing Roof Dome of Railway Offices Madras.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Chief Engineer, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, Madras, up to 12 hours on Thursday, the 24th October 1946, for Repairing Roof Dome of Railway Offices, Madras, by means of Gunite.

Tender forms with plan and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest Money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

Value of work is approximately Rupees Twenty thousands.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Tender for Rebuilding Bridges on Belgaum District.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Chief Engineer, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, Madras, up to 12 hours on Tues-

day, the 29th October 1946, for Rebuilding Bridges on Belgaum District.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest Money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

Value of work is approximately Rupees Sixty-six thousands.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 223-S/1/7 (Code Word "CZUBC").—Supply of Baskets, Cooly—Forty Thousand (40,000) Nos., and Gum Arabic—210 Cwts.

Tenders are invited, on a rupee basis, for purchase of the above. Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Monday, the 28th October 1946, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore, at Re. 1 each plus annas 2 for specification, total Re. 1-2-0 (Re. 1-10-0 if to be posted).

Tenders will not be sold after 12-00 hours on the day fixed for their receipt.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 210-S/22/9 (Code Word "CZVBC").—Supply of Barrows, Four-wheeled, Rubber Tyred, Hand, for Carrying Water Mugs on Platforms—215 Nos.

Tenders are invited, on a rupee basis, for purchase of the above. Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Thursday, the 14th November 1946, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore (where any other relative documents can be seen), at Re. 1 each (annas eight if to be posted), plus Re. 1 the cost of relevant drawings.

Firms in the Karachi Area may obtain tender forms and drawings from the office of the District Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Karachi, on cash payment.

Tenders will not be sold after 12-00 hours on the day fixed for their receipt.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 211-S/5/21 (Code Word "CZWBC").—Supply of Wallets or Pouches, for Tokens without Spigot—6,000 Nos.

Tenders are invited, on a rupee basis, for purchase of the above. Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Tuesday, the 29th October 1946, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders

are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway (where any other relative documents can be seen), at Re. 1 each (Re. 1-8-0 if to be posted) plus Re. 1 the cost of relevant drawing.

Tenders will not be sold after 12-00 hours on the day fixed for their receipt.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(M. M. & H. DIRECTORATE)

Tender No. DGD/SR-50196-97/EG-12.—Sale of Information Films, etc.: Extension of Tender Date.

The last date for the receipt of the above tender (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 15th August 1946, page 348) for Information Films and Carton Film Unit has been extended from September 5, 1946, to October 14, 1946.

The purchasers of the tender may further note that the successful tenderers would be under obligation to give copies of the Film "Shantiniketan" to Visva Bharti at the nominal price, i.e., print cost.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(TEXTILE AND LEATHER DIRECTORATE)

Sale of Brass Buckles.

Sealed tenders are invited for purchase of the entire quantity, or a portion thereof of the following quoting for each item separately:—

Store.	Quantity.
1. Buckles Brass 1"	12,000 gross.
2. Buckles Brass 1" with loop	6,000 doz.
3. Buckles Brass 2"	6,000 gross.
4. Buckles Brass 1½"	868 gross (approx.)
5. Buckles Brass 2"	4,000 gross.
6. Buckles Brass Waist Belt 1"	20,000 doz.
7. Buckles Brass 1" with loop	10,000 "
8. Buckles Brass ½"	25,000 "
9. Buckles Brass Waist Belt 2½" male	15,000 "
10. Buckles Brass ½"	10,000 "
11. Buckles Brass Waist Belt 2½" female	15,000 "
12. Buckles Brass 1"	4,000 gross.

Location.—Item No. 4 at Cawnpore and Cossipore; all other items at Chhokri.

Superscribe reference.—Tender No. DGD/TEX-L/SR-10047.

Last date due.—By 4 p.m. on the 9th October 1946.

Offer to remain open for acceptance.—Till 11th November 1946.

Earnest money.—10 per cent of value deposited in Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

Tender forms.—Obtainable from Textile and Leather Directorate, Directorate General of Disposals, New Delhi, at Rs. 8 per set in cash/Money Order (not refundable). Permits to view stores can be had from this office/Regional Commissioners on application. Delivery will be ex-site and removal should be completed within 30 days of issue of sale letter.

Sales are subject to Form Con. 117.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF FOOD
(DIVISION III).OFFICE OF THE CHIEF DIRECTOR OF PURCHASE, JAMNAGAR HOUSE,
NEW DELHI.

Reduction in Prices of Certain Specified Dehydrated Food Articles.

Food Department announce a 25 per cent reduction in prices of following items recently advertised, for a period of one month, i.e., up to the 10th October 1946:—

Yeast Dehydrated, Yeast Dehydrated and Granulated, Hominy Dehydrated, Soup Dehydrated Navy Beans, Soup Dehydrated Pea, Soup Dehydrated Yellow Pea, Soup Bean Dehydrated, Cranberries Dehydrated, Juice Tomato Cocktail Dehydrated, Beans Dehydrated Navy, Beets Dehydrated, Cabbage Dehydrated, Carrot Dehydrated, Onions Dehydrated, Onion Dehydrated Flake, Onion Dehydrated Chips, Peas Dehydrated Yellow, Potatoes Dehydrated White, Potatoes Dehydrated Sweet, Potatoes Dehydrated Julina, Potatoes Dehydrated Shredded, Tomato Cocktail Dehydrated.

Intending purchasers may please apply to the Chief Director of Purchase (Food) in accordance with the terms and conditions of sale already published.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND
SUPPLIES.OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS), SOUTHERN
CIRCLE, UNITED INDIA LIFE BUILDING, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.

Auction Programme.

Name of Depot or Location.	Date.	Time.	Store.	Name of Auctioneer.
Messrs. Buckin- gham & Carnatic Ltd., Madras.	7-10-46	10 a.m.	Surplus Stores—Pigmented Varnish.	Zackria Sons, Ltd., Madras.

NOTE.—(1) For Auction Catalogue and for other particulars, please apply to the Auctioneers indicated.

(2) Inspection can be made at site two days before the date of auction.

OFFICE OF THE EXCISE COMMISSIONER, CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

Tenders for the Supply of Country Spirit in the Seoni Distillery Area in the Central Provinces and Berar.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the exclusive right of wholesale supply of Country Spirit in the undermentioned Seoni distillery area to licensed retail vendors at the bonded warehouses, a list of which will be supplied on application to the Excise Commissioner, Central Provinces and Berar, Nagpur:—

SEONI DISTILLERY AREA.

Names of Districts:—

Chhindwara (5), Mandla (2), Balaghat (1), Raipur (nil), Bilaspur (1), Drug (3), Jubbulpore (2), Chanda (2) and Bhandara (3).

NOTE.—The figures in brackets are the present number of warehouses in each district.

Tenders should be sent in sealed covers superscribed "Tenders for the Supply of Country Spirit" and should reach the Excise Commissioner, Central Provinces and Berar, Nagpur, not later than 15th October 1946. Any further information can be obtained by application to the Excise Commissioner.

—:—

SALE OF FOREST PRODUCE.

The following Notice has been issued by the Divisional Forest Officer, Palamau Division, Daltonganj:—

The Forest Timber Coupes of Palamau Division will be sold by auction in fifty-one lots in the Forest Office at Daltonganj (E.I.R.) from 12 noon to 5 p.m. each day on the 28th and 29th October 1946.

For particulars please apply to the Divisional Forest Officer, Palamau Division, Daltonganj.

The following Notice has been issued by the Divisional Forest Officer, Santhal Parganas Division, Dumka:—

An Auction Sale of Reserved and Protected Forest Coupes of 1946-47 containing *Sal* and other miscellaneous trees and bamboos in the Dumka, Pakaur and Godda Damin Ranges of the district of Santhal Parganas (Santhal Parganas Forest Division) will be held by the Divisional Forest Officer, Santhal Parganas Division, P. O. Dumka (Santhal Parganas), at Katikund on the 21st October 1946 and in the Divisional Forest Office at Dumka on the 22nd and 23rd October 1946—from 11 a.m. to 3 p.m. at Katikund and 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. at Dumka daily.

For further particulars please apply to the Divisional Forest Officer, Santhal Parganas Division, P. O. Dumka (Santhal Parganas).

FINAL STATEMENT SHOWING THE RAISINGS AND DESPATCHES OF COAL FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1946.

(FURNISHED BY THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF MINES IN INDIA.)

Province.	Raisings.	Despatches.
	Tons.	Tons.
ASSAM	26,827	25,732
BALUCHISTAN	6,888	6,627
BENGAL— Darjeeling Raniganj Coalfield	590,997	470,887
BIHAR— Raniganj Coalfield	112,792	85,741
Jharia "	990,262	821,818
Bokaro "	258,330	262,949
Ramgarh "	3,381	2,704
Giridih "	35,295	33,983
Jainty "	1,002	44
Daltonganj "	2,136	2,875
Hutar "	389	
Karainpura "	80,264	75,012
TOTAL FOR BIHAR	1,483,801	1,285,216
ORISSA— Hingir-Rampur (Sambalpur) Coalfield.	6,926	6,095
CENTRAL PROVINCES— Pench Valley Coalfield (Chhindwara). Chanda Coalfield Yeotmal Bilaspur	90,818 19,206 2,134 ..	90,058 16,516 1,702 ..
TOTAL FOR CENTRAL PROVINCES	121,158	108,270
PUNJAB	7,321	7,444
SIND	272	222
GRAND TOTAL	2,244,190	1,910,499

Hard and soft coals despatched from collieries=40,103 tons.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 20th September 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay— 1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay. 2. Gujarat 3. North Deccan 4. East Deccan 5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country.	1,180	1,290	2,400	3,161	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port.	1,069	2,192	4,393	5,564	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat. West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik. Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur. Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Sind— The Province of Sind	(a)	550	..	550	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Bengal— The Province of Bengal	376	105	802	318	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces— 1. Upper Doab 2. Middle Doab 3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand. 4. Rohilkhand 5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	All districts in the Province.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
Punjab— 1. Ambala 2. Jullundur 3. Lahore 4. Rawalpindi 5. Multan 6. Ferozepore	..	30	..	30	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah. Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
TOTAL	..	30	..	30	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
Central Provinces— 1. Jubbulpore 2. Nerbudda 3. Nimar 4. Nagpur 5. Satpura 6. Chhatisgarh	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
Berar— Berar	..	..	..	..	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
Assam— The Province of Assam	..	..	..	..	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
Ajmer-Merwara— Ajmer-Merwara	322	..	399	48	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
Madras— Madras*	1,730	2,985	(b) 7,722	7,799	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
GRAND TOTAL	2,497	5,862	13,316	14,304	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.
* For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 31st August 1946.
(a) Return not yet received.
(b) Includes 2,105 bales not reported before.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 20th September 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State.	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	918	..	1,389
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	(a)	587	..	1,163
Gwalior	..	..	..	..
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	..	..	..	..
Nabha	..	..	..	..
Jind	..	..	..	..
Faridkot	..	..	..	..
Patiala	..	..	..	..
Malerkotla	..	..	..	..
Khairpur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	..	..	..
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	..	..	..	..
Bikaner	..	..	..	..
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..
Jaipur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	..	..	..	..
Central India States—				
Indore	..	..	..	..
Bhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..
Ratlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	..	..	..	..
Barwani	..	..	..	..
Jhabua	..	..	..	..
Dewar, J. B. . . .	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES.	..	..	..	..

(a) Statement not yet received.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 20th September 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Junagadh	..	..	..	..
Dhrangadhra	1,023	..	2,369	..
Morvi	..	..	..	..
Cutch	..	..	..	..
Nawanagar	..	..	..	..
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Gondal	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	..	..	..	..
Limbdi	..	..	..	..
Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Muli	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	..	..	..	..
Katowan	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Paltana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	..	..	..	..
Bantva Majum	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhota Udepur	..	..	..	..
Cambay	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Basasinor	..	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas—				
Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gothda	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Jamkhandi	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savanur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	1,023	..	2,369	..
GRAND TOTAL	1,023	1,503	2,369	2,532

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 20th September 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelles	273	33	(a) 35,979	45,404
Nadarn, Bourbon and Uppam	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	108	766	(b) 84,488	60,994
Karunganni	58	..	(c) 40,540	..
Northerns	520	2,130	5,427	161,357
Westerns	820		60,360	
Mungari	..		534	
Cocanadas	65	58	8,013	9,228
TOTAL	1,730	2,985	231,721	272,983

(a) Includes 705 bales not reported before.

(b) " 1,261 " " " "

(c) " 139 " " " "

Oct. 3, 1946.]

COTTON PRESS RETURNS, 1945-46.

THE following tables show the quantity of cotton pressed, expressed in bales of 400 lbs. each, in British India and Indian States, as far as reported, during the period from 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 31st) of May, 1946, with comparative figures for the corresponding period of the last season:—

I.—BRITISH INDIA.

Province and Division or Block.	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).		Districts included in the block.
	From 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 31st) of May, 1946.	During the corresponding period of last season.	
BOMBAY—			
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay	57,874	25,057	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	149,882	122,289	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals, Broach and Surat.
3. North Deccan	64,614	48,942	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan	38,351	39,940	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	47,782	123,544	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	300,649	334,695	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
SIND—			
The Province of Sind	867,661	435,247	All districts in the Province.
BENGAL—			
The Province of Bengal	12,892	4,972	All districts in the Province.
UNITED PROVINCES—			
1. Upper Doab	4,813	3,801	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh and Musaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	640	1,342	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri and Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	902	309	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur and Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Barilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Nainital, Almora and Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad and Partabgarh.
TOTAL	6,855	6,452	
PUNJAB—			
1. Ambala	82,454	53,454	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal and Ambala.
2. Jullundur	12,965	19,351	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur and Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	83,754	89,171	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala and Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	104,277	100,660	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi and Attock.
5. Multan	615,708	597,877	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Musaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	74,876	76,877	Simsa, Ferozepore and Mianwali.
TOTAL	924,031	937,390	
CENTRAL PROVINCES—			
1. Jabulpore	..	192	Jubbulpore and Sangor.
2. Nerbudda	35,282	23,532	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	75,703	61,036	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	602	80	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat and Bhandara.
5. Satpura	..	..	Chhindwara, Betul and Mandla.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	Drug, Raipur and Bilaspur.
TOTAL	111,680	87,840	
BERAR—			
Berar	376,694	318,349	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana and Yeotmal.
ASSAM—			
The Province of Assam	2,773	2,944	All districts in the Province.
AJMER-MERWARA—			
Ajmer-Merwara	15,514	9,517	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
MADRAS—			
Madras	185,373	233,774	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	2,303,624	2,370,180	

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.
II.—INDIAN STATES.

State	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).		State	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).	
	From 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 31st) of May, 1946.	During the corresponding period of last season.		From 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 31st) of May, 1946.	During the corresponding period of last season.
Hyderabad	192,844	249,538	BOMBAY STATES—		
Baroda	118,452	95,340	Western India States Agency—		
Mysore	9,856	16,551	Bhavnagar	16,806	11,876
Gwalior	22,442	27,312	Junagadh	12,340	15,470
Punjab States—			Dhrangadhra	10,487	11,350
Bahawalpur	160,160	148,036	Morvi	10,663	9,287
Nabha	18,609	27,019	Cutch	2,448	399
Jind	5,880	8,328	Nawanagar	1,251	2,072
Fazidkot	6,816	7,598	Wadhwan	13,558	15,668
Patiala	65,231	105,258	Gondal	..	..
Malerkotla	1,484	4,442	Wankaner	611	689
Khalapur	4,626	2,836	Porbandar	6,154	7,445
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	262,886	304,415	Limbdi	3,741	3,913
Rajputana States—			Radhanpur	3,532	4,086
Mewar	28,610	36,889	Rajkot	..	..
Bikaner	11,407	9,270	Manawadar	10,929	13,235
Jodhpur	..	739	Jaoda	..	633
Tonk	1,168	2,726	Sardargarh	..	..
Jalpur	1,841	551	Mull	..	..
Jhalawat	..	..	Sayla	1,031	2,229
Shahpura	1,599	1,093	Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	1,887	2,046
Kishangarh	..	..	Katosan	1,836	183
Kotah	835	1,366	Lakhtar	1,937	2,349
Bundi	..	..	Palitana	..	..
Idar	9,136	4,505	Maliya	2,141	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	54,596	56,639	Gujarat States Agency—		
Central India States—			Rajputia	22,833	22,850
Indore	60,949	31,880	Chhota Udepur	9,300	9,889
Bhopal	186*	737	Cambay	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	Sachin	..	..
Alipura	..	..	Balsanpor	3,731	4,497
Jaora	1,353	3,269	Pandu Mewas—		
Ratlam	8,905	5,002	Vaktapur	5,100	2,934
Dhar	18,067	11,144	Gothda	4,184	5,756
Barwanl	10,143	6,866	Deccan States Agency—		
Jhabua	3,003	2,904	Kolhapur	..	223
Dewas, J. B.	..	..	Jamkhandl	1,561	3,855
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	97,598	61,802	Sankli	..	..
			Mudhol	45	1,402
			Mira	..	..
			Savarnur	194	972
			TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	146,060	158,053
			GRAND TOTAL	804,824	966,669

* In running bales.

UNPRESSED COTTON RETURNS.

The following statement shows the quantity of unpressed (loose) Indian cotton consumed in mills in India during the month of March 1946 :—
[Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India, and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States.]
(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Province.	CONSUMPTION			
	During March 1946.	During March 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Bombay Province	2,075	2,421	15,101	21,593
Madras Province	13,978	16,293	102,938	118,084
United Provinces	..	57	1,125	661
Central Provinces and Berar	1,460	760	4,766	2,550
Bengal	122	506	3,238	3,666
Punjab and Delhi	1,527	1,607	8,730	10,381
Rest of British India	380	808	2,685	3,850
TOTAL, BRITISH INDIA	19,542	22,452	138,601	156,205
TOTAL, INDIAN STATES	5,604	7,583	29,759	33,589
TOTAL, INDIA	25,146	30,035	168,360	189,794

N.B.—Due to corrections, which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding month.

CONSUMPTION OF INDIAN COTTON (PRESSED AND UNPRESSED) IN MILLS IN INDIA.

(1) British India.

[Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923.]

(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Province.	CONSUMPTION			
	During March 1946.	During March 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Bombay Island	92,619	107,945	702,567	724,305
Ahmedabad	35,113	38,262	260,024	237,886
Bombay Province	149,886	170,596	1,128,483	1,127,440
Madras Province	45,782	50,890	349,395	347,442
United Provinces	27,972	38,555	225,093	249,159
Central Provinces and Berar	12,195	15,321	82,293	99,088
Bengal	10,090	12,022	77,664	79,790
Punjab and Delhi	13,543	15,233	107,666	107,496
Rest of British India	4,127	4,014	31,345	30,644
TOTAL, BRITISH INDIA	263,595	306,461	2,011,939	2,041,039

(2) Indian States.

(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Name of State.	CONSUMPTION			
	During March 1946.	During March 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Hyderabad	4,991	6,107	40,116	41,127
Mysore	6,460	6,075	49,147	41,324
Baroda	7,817	7,243	50,201	47,155
Gwalior	6,514	7,629	49,643	52,081
Indore	12,973	13,168	90,408	83,537
Kathiawar States	6,015	6,517	40,620	40,115
Other Indian States and Pondicherry	12,325	13,082	87,799	90,183
TOTAL, INDIAN STATES	57,095	59,821	407,934	395,522

N.B.—Due to corrections, which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding month.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE PUNJAB FOR THE SEASON 1946-47.

THE following is a list of Cotton Pressing Factories in the Punjab with names of Occupiers and Press Marks allotted to them, corrected up to 1st September 1946:—

Serial No.	Name of Pressing Factory and Location.	Name of Occupiers.	Press Mark.
HISSAR DISTRICT.			
1	Hissar Cotton Mills, Hissar	L. Maha Dev	1-P.
2	Messrs. Behari Lal-Bhanna Ram and Company, Hansi	Messrs. Behari Lal-Bhanna Ram	2-P.
3	Messrs. Jamna Das-Chhabil Das, Hansi	L. Harish Chandar	3-P.
4	The Haroti Cotton Press Company, Ltd., Hansi	R. S. L. Motilal	5-P.
5	Sheikh Ghulam Farid-Mohammad Latif Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Budhlada.	Sheikh Mohammad Latif-Ghulam Farid	7-P.
6	Radha Kishan-Sri Niwas Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Hansi.	Messrs. Radha Kishan Sri Niwas	154-P.
7	B. M. Nathu Ram Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Dabwali.	Messrs. Boota Mal-Nathu Ram	172-P.
8	Messrs. Shikar Chand-Dhanpat Rai Cotton Press, Hansi	Messrs. Shikar Chand-Dhanpat Rai	192-P.
9	Brij Bhushan Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Uklana.	Messrs., Bihari Lal Sita Ram	201-P.
10	Brij Mohan Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Uklana	L. Brij Mohan Lal	202-P. (Not working).
ROHTAK DISTRICT.			
1	Jogi Ram-Janki Parshad, Rohtak	L. Mahabir Parshad	158-P.
GURGAON DISTRICT.			
1	The Upper Indian Press Company, Hodal	The Upper Indian Press Company	10-P.
2	Mirchani Lal Brothers Cotton Ginning Factory and Budha Mal Cotton Press, Hodal.	Lala Balmokand-Bansi Lal	107-P.
KARNAL DISTRICT.			
1	Messrs. Banka Mal-Naranjan Das Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Kaithal.	Messrs. Banka Mal-Lajja Ram & Company	12-P.
2	Rikhi Ram-Kundan Lal, Kaithal	Rikhi Ram-Kundan Lal	13-P.
3	The Krishna Cotton Ginning, Pressing, Ice and Oil Mills, Panipat.	Ballimal-Nawal Kishore	14-P.
4	The West's Patent Press Company, Ltd., Panipat.	The West's Patent Press Company, Ltd.	15-P.
5	Ramjas Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Karnal.	Messrs. Jhandu Lal-Telu Ram	103-P.
AMBALA DISTRICT.			
1	The Hindu Cotton Press Company, Ltd., Ambala City	The Hindu Cotton Press Company, Limited	16-P.
2	The Krishna Cotton Press Company Limited, Ambala.	The Krishna Cotton Press Company, Limited	18-P.
3	The West's Patent Press Company, Limited, Ambala City	The West's Patent Press Company, Limited	19-P.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE PUNJAB FOR THE SEASON 1946-47—contd.

Serial No.	Name of Pressing Factory and Location.	Name of Occupiers.	Press Mark.
LUDHIANA DISTRICT.			
1	Laxmi Ginning and Oil Mills, Khanna	Lakshmi Ginning and Oil Mills	22-P.
2	Kidar Nath-Baij Nath, Khanna	L. Kidar Nath-Baij Nath, etc.	23-P.
3	The Khanna Cotton Baling Press, Khanna	Mehta Brothers Ginning Factory and Partap Ginning Factory, Khanna.	24-P.
4	Messrs. Ghaki Mal-Hukam Chand Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Ludhiana.	Messrs. Ghaki Mal-Hukam Chand, Ludhiana	132-P.
FEROZEPUR DISTRICT.			
1	Messrs. Banka Mal-Naranjan Das, Moga	Messrs. Lekh Ram-Chandu Lal	17-P.
2	Messrs. Kila Chand Dev Chand Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Abohar.	Messrs. Kila Chand Dev Chand	25-P. (The Press already has been removed and another will be installed.)
3	The Punjab Cotton Mills, Abohar	Pt. Ram Narain	26-P.
4	Ram Press Company, Fazilka	Ram Press Company Limited	27-P.
5	West's Patent Press Company, Limited, Fazilka	West's Patent Press Company Limited	29-P.
6	Seth Ganpat Ram Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Giddarbaha.	Seth Kanhya Lal	78-P.
7	Shri Ganesh Cotton Factory, Limited, Abohar	L. Angan Chand	118-P.
8	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Diwan Chand Cotton Ginning, Pressing, Oil-exPELLERS and Ice Factory, Giddarbaha.	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Diwan Chand	120-P.
9	Messrs. Bootamal Nathu Ram Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Muktsar.	Messrs. Nathu Ram Chaman Lal and Ved Parkash	131-P.
10	The Muktsar Press Company, Limited, Muktsar	West's Patent Press Company Limited	141-P.
11	Birla Mill's Ginning and Pressing Factory Limited, Maout Mandi.	Krishan Gopal and Co.	155-P.
12	Messrs. Banka Mal-Madan Gopal, Giddarbaha	Messrs. Banka Mal-Madan Gopal	156-P.
13	The Shri Mahalakshmi Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory Limited, Abohar.	Shri Mahalakshmi Cotton Ginning & Pressing Factory Limited.	169-P.
14	The Om Press Company Limited, Fazilka	The Om Press Company Limited	176-P.
15	R. S. L. Kundan Lal-Munshi Ram Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Abohar.	Messrs. Tek Chand Daulat Ram	177-P.
16	The Asoka Cotton Factory, Fazilka	L. Kishor Chand	191-P.
17	Messrs. Harji Ram-Surja Ram Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Maout Mandi.	Ch. Harji Ram-Surja Ram	194-P.
18	Messrs. Dal Chand-Tulsi Ram Wool and Cotton Factory, Bikaneri Road, Fazilka.	Messrs. Jamal Rai-Nimat Rai	196-P.
19	Messrs. Balwant Singh Prahlad Kumar Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Abohar.	Messrs. Balwant Singh Prahlad Kumar	243-P.
LAHORE DISTRICT.			
1	The Lahore Cotton Mills, Misri Shah, Lahore	S. Hardial Singh, Harbhajan Singh and Jai Ram Singh.	30-P. (No cotton is pressed. Only wool and goat hair, etc., are pressed.)
2	Seth Guranditta Mal-Ram Kishan Dass Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Misri Shah, Lahore.	Guranditta Mal-Ram Kishan Dass	31-P.
3	Messrs. Ghulam Farid Mohd. Saeed Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Kasur.	Messrs. Ghulam Farid Mohd. Saeed	33-P.
4	M. Ghulam Farid and Mohd. Latif Cotton Factory, Kasur	Messrs. Ghulam Farid-Mohd. Latif	34-P.
5	Edulji Dinshaw Ginning and Pressing Factory, Raewind	Messrs. Ghulam Farid Mohd. Latif	36-P.
6	Messrs. Ghulam Farid-Muhammad Saeed Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Pattoki.	M. Ghulam Farid-Muhammad Said	37-P.
7	Messrs. Banka Mal-Naranjan Das, Pattoki	Messrs. Banka Mal-Naranjan Das	38-P.
8	The Japan Cotton Trading Company Limited, Pattoki	Messrs. Baldeo Das-Mahabo Prashad	39-P.
9	Majha Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory and Oil Mills, Pattoki.	Messrs. Dhari Lal-Dina Nath	40-P.
10	Messrs. Ghulam Farid-Mohammad Saeed-Mohammad Aslam Cotton Factory, Kot Radha Kishan.	Messrs. Ghulam Farid-Mohd. Saeed-Mohd. Aslam	42-P.
11	Messrs. Ghaki Mal-Hukam Chand Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory and Oil Mills, Kasur.	Messrs. Ghaki Mal Hukam Chand	47-P.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE PUNJAB FOR THE SEASON 1946-47—contd.

Serial No.	Name of Pressing Factory and Location.	Name of Occupiers.	Press Mark.
LAHORE DISTRICT—contd.			
12	Rai Bahadur Lachhman Dass-Mohan Lal and Sons, Pattoki.	R. B. Lachhman Das-Mohan Lal and Sons	138-P.
13	Messrs. Mohammad Sharif-Nek Ahmad Cotton Factory, Kot Radha Kishen.	Messrs. Mohammad Sharif Nek Ahmad	143-P.
14	Messrs. Madan Mohan-Kishen Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Raewind.	Messrs. Boor Chand Chaman Lal	159-P.
15	R. B. Banarsi Dass Charitable Society's Mills, Misri Shah, Lahore.	Messrs. Gurditta Mal-Hans Raj	160-P. (No cotton is pressed. Only wool is baled.)
16	Rai Bahadur Boota Mal-Behari Lal, Kot Radha Kishen.	L. Bashi Ram-Ram Rakhi	184-P.
17	Messrs. Ghulam Farid-Muhammad Shafi Cotton Pressing Factory, Kasur.	Main Ghulam Farid-Muhammad Shafi	170-P.
18	The Mela Ram Cotton Mills, Lahore.	Rai Bahadur L. Gopal Das	185-P.
19	The Press Union, Kasur.	The Press Union, Kasur	212-P.
20	Messrs. Harkishan Singh and Sons Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Chunian.	Messrs. Harikishan Naim Chand	230-P.
21	The Amritsar Sugar Mills Co., Ltd., Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Pattoki.	The Amritsar Sugar Mills Co., Ltd.	235-P.
22	Ya Ilahi Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Pattoki.	Messrs. Ghulam Farid-Muhammad Bashir-Aftab Ahmad.	241-P.
AMRITSAR DISTRICT.			
1	Messrs. Hira Singh-Gurmukh Singh Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Tarn Taran.	Messrs. Gopal Singh-Hira Singh	48-P.
2	The General Mills Company, Tarn Taran.	Messrs. Jiwan Singh Sardari Lal	82-P.
3	The Amritsar Cotton Mills, Grand Trunk Road, Amritsar.	Messrs. Hira Singh-Harbhajan Singh-Jai Ram Singh	142-P.
4	Messrs. Jawahar Singh and Sons, Butari.	Messrs. Jawahar Singh and Sons	162-P.
5	Messrs. Ishar Singh-Amar Singh Cotton Factory, Tarn Taran.	Messrs. Katha Singh-Amar Singh	178-P.
6	Messrs. Gopal Singh-Hira Singh Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory and Oil Mills, Butari.	S. Gopal Singh-Hira Singh	208-P.
GUJRANWALA DISTRICT.			
1	Dewan Brij Lal Daulat Ram Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Gujranwala.	Dewan Brij Lal Daulat Ram	40-P.
2	Messrs. Parab Dayal Shiv Dass Mall Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Hafizabad.	L. Prabh Dayal-Shiv Das Mall	183-P.
SHEIKHUPURA DISTRICT.			
1	The Ganesh Cotton Factory and Press, Sheikhupura.	Messrs. Gopal Singh-Amolak Ram	28-P.
2	Rai Bahadur Lala Sundar Dass Cotton Factory, Warburton.	Tola Ram Kapur	50-P.
3	Messrs. Prem Singh-Deviditta Mall Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Sangla Hill.	Messrs. Prem Singh-Deviditta Mall	52-P.
4	Onkar Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Sangla Hill.	Messrs. Thakar Das-Kapur Singh	53-P.
5	Chopra Cotton Factory, Nankana Sahib.	Des Raj and Co.	54-P.
6	Razada Mal-Mangat Ram Cotton Factory, Nankana Sahib.	Razada Mal-Mangat Ram	55-P.
7	Desh Cotton Factory, Chuharkana.	Messrs. Nagar Singh Sahibditta	56-P.
8	Sir Ganga Ram and Sons Cotton Factory, Warburton.	Sri Ram and Bros.	130-P.
9	Sh. Mohammad Ismail-Maula Bakhsh Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Sangla Hill.	Sh. Mohammad Ismail-Maula Bakhsh	134-P.
10	Messrs. Sardari Lal-Prem Singh Cotton Factory, Chuharkana.	Messrs. Jamnadas Indar Raj Singh	137-P.
11	Charan Das-Devi Dayal Cotton Factory, Marh Balochan.	Messrs. Tirath Ram and Sons	148-P.
12	Ranjit Cotton Factory and Press, Nankana Sahib.	Messrs. Gurbux Singh-Ranjit Singh	210-P.
13	Messrs. Prem Singh-Devi Ditta Mall Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Nankana Sahib.	Messrs. Prem Singh-Devi Ditta Mall	217-P.
14	Raj Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Sangla Hill.	Messrs. Ram Mal-Ram Labhaya	228-P.
GUJRAT DISTRICT.			
1	Japan Cotton Trading Company, Limited, Mandi Baha-ud-Din.	Messrs. Baldeo Das-Mahabir Parshad	57-P.
2	The Rama Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Mandi Baha-ud-Din.	Hazari Shah-Jagdish Sahai	58-P.
3	The Illahi Cotton Factory, Mandi Baha-ud-Din.	Messrs. Gian Singh-Arjan Singh	136-P.
4	The Bhagat Cotton Factory, Mandi Baha-ud-Din.	L. Hargobind Saidana	139-P.
5	Raj Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Malakwal.	Messrs. Harbhagwan-Hans Raj	140-P.
6	Satnam Cotton Factory and Press, Malakwal.	S. Sampuran Singh, M. L. A.	237-P.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE PUNJAB FOR THE SEASON 1946-47—contd.

Serial No.	Name of Pressing Factory and Location.	Name of Occupiers.	Press Mark.
SHAHPUK DISTRICT.			
1	Puri Cotton Factory, Sargodha.	Messrs. Shamji-Karamsi and Company	59-P.
2	The Japan Cotton Trading Company, Limited, Sargodha.	Messrs. Baldeodas Mahabir Parshad	60-P.
3	Sheikh Ilam Din-Ahmad Din Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Sargodha.	Seth Fateh Chand Virmani	61-P.
4	Ganesh Cotton Factory, Sargodha.	Messrs. Prem Singh-Deviditta Mal	62-P.
5	The Bhalwal Merchants Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Bhalwal.	Messrs. Tirath Das Hem Raj	63-P.
6	The Zamindar Cotton Factory, Bhalwal.	The Zamindar Ginning Company, Limited	64-P.
7	Messrs. Girdhari Lal-Harbans Lal Cotton Factory and Press, Phullarwan.	Messrs. Girdhari Lal-Harbans Lal	65-P.
8	Guru Nanak Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Sillanwali.	Messrs. Moti Ram-Ladha Ram	66-P.
9	The Arjan Cotton Factory and Press, Phullarwan.	Sardar Kesar Singh-Sant Ram	127-P.
10	Lakshmi Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Phullarwan.	Messrs. Gopal Shah-Ghasita Shah	128-P.
11	Jagdish Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Sargodha.	Ram Chand Gulati	146-P.
12	Akal Cotton Factory, Sillanwali.	Messrs. Moti Ram-Ladha Ram	204-P.
13	The Merchants Mohini Flour Mills, Ltd., Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Sargodha.	The Merchants Mohini Flour Mills, Ltd.	205-P.
14	Salmia Cotton Factory, Phullarwan.	Messrs. Jowala Sahai-Harbhagwan	207-P.
15	Ganesh Cotton Factory, Sillanwali.	Sant Singh-Ram Singh	232-P.
16	Messrs. Diwan Chand-Kaura Mal Cotton Press, Sargodha.	Messrs. Dewan Chand-Kaura Mal	234-P.
MONTGOMERY DISTRICT.			
1	The Japan Cotton Trading Company, Ltd., Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Montgomery.	Messrs. Baldeodas Mahabir Parshad	67-P.
2	Messrs. Bishambar Das and Company, Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Montgomery.	Messrs. Bishambar Das and Company	68-P.
3	Rai Bahadur Sir Ganga Ram and Son Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Okara.	Messrs. Sri Ram and Bros.	70-P.
4	Messrs. Fateh Chand-Ram Ditta Mal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Okara.	Lala Sharanpat	71-P.
5	The Krishna Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Okara.	Messrs. Mangal Dass-Mehta and Company	72-P.
6	Messrs. Jai Bhagwan and Company, Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Okara.	Messrs. Nand Lal-Ramesh Chandar of Okara	73-P.
7	Guru Nanak Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Chichawatni.	Bh. Sant Lal-Chanan Dass and Hira Singh	74-P.
8	Maker and Company, Chichawatni.	S. Prem Singh, Maker and Ajit Singh, Kuldeep Singh, sons of Bahadur Singh.	75-P.
9	Dhanpat Mal-Bhagwan Dass, Chichawatni.	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Bhagwan Das	76-P.
10	A. C. Ice and Cotton Factory, Pakpattan.	L. Arjan Das	102-P.
11	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Diwan Chand, Montgomery.	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Diwan Chand	121-P.
12	The Birla Cotton Factory Limited, Okara.	The Birla Cotton Factory, Limited	126-P.
13	The Birla Cotton Factory Limited, Chichawatni.	The Birla Cotton Factory Limited, Bombay	145-P.
14	Messrs. Amarnath Dharambir Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Arifwala.	Messrs. Ralla Ram-Kartar Chand	150-P.
15	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Jawala Das Cotton Factory, Arifwala.	Messrs. Amar Nath Batra and Sons	151-P.
16	The Bikram Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Arifwala.	Ram Gopal-Ram Rikh Das of Arifwala	165-P.
17	Kesho Das-Ram Chand, Wasawewala (North-Western Railway).	Ghaki Mall-Hukam Chand of Kasur	179-P.
18	The Pakpattan Ginning and Manufacturing Company, Limited, Pakpattan.	Messrs. Amal Das-Gopi Chand	187-P.
19	Messrs. Balak Ram and Sons Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Renala Khurd.	L. Sri Ram and Bros.	213-P.
20	Sutlej Cotton Mills, Limited, Okara.	Sutlej Cotton Mills, Limited	240-P.
21	The Mohan Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Okara.	Messrs. Mohan Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory.	242-P.
LYALLPUR DISTRICT.			
1	Sh. Mian Muhammad-Allah Bakhsh Cotton Factory, Lyallpur.	Sheikh Mian Muhammad-Allah Bakhsh	79-P.
2	Trikha Ram and Sons Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Lyallpur.	Messrs. Trikha Ram and Sons	80-P.
3	The Muslim Cotton Factory, Lyallpur.	M. Aziz Ahmad	81-P.
4	Messrs. Jowala Das-Ram Narain Cotton Factory, Lyallpur.	Messrs. Jowala Das-Ram Narain	84-P.
5	Seth Dhanpat Mal-Bhagwan Das, Kamalia.	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Bhagwan Das	85-P.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE PUNJAB FOR THE SEASON 1946-47—contd.

Serial No.	Name of Pressing Factory and Location.	Name of Occupiers.	Press Mark.
LYALLPUR DISTRICT—contd.			
6	Seth Dhanpat Mal-Jawala Das Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Lyallpur.	Seth Dhanpat Mal-Jawala Das	86-P.
7	The Birla Cotton Factory, Limited, Jaranwala	Birla Cotton Factory, Limited	87-P.
8	Messrs. Hari Ram and Company Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Jaranwala.	Messrs. Sri Ram and Bros.	88-P.
9	Seth Dhanpat Mal-Jawala Das Cotton Factory, Jaranwala	Seth Dhanpat Mal-Jawala Das	89-P.
10	Rai Bahadur Harji Mal-Mela Ram, Gojra	Messrs. R. B. Harji Mal and Son	90-P.
11	Inderjit Cotton Factory, Gojra	Jesa Ram Cotton Factory, Gojra	91-P.
12	Messrs. Nanak Chand-Bahadur Chand Cotton Pressing Factory, Chak Jhumra.	Messrs. Nanak Chand-Bahadur Chand	92-P.
13	Messrs. Prem Singh Deviditta Mal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Chak Jhumra.	Messrs. Prem Singh Deviditta Mal	93-P.
14	Messrs. Tirath Ram and Sons, Chak Jhumra	Messrs. Tirath Ram and Sons	94-P.
15	Ganesh Cotton Factory and Press, Tandlianwala	Messrs. Kanwar Raj Nath and Bros.	95-P.
16	The Muslim Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Tandlianwala.	Sheikh Raoof Ahmad-Rashid Ahmad	96-P.
17	Guru Nanak Cotton Factory, Tandlianwala	S. Mohar Singh-Ajaib Singh, sons of Lal Singh	97-P.
18	Sheikh Mohammad Ismail and Sons Cotton Factory and Baling Press, Toba Tek Singh.	Sh. Mohd. Ismail and Sons	98-P.
19	Messrs. Ganga Sahai Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Lyallpur.	Messrs. Sher Singh-Dhani Ram, etc.	99-P.
20	Messrs. Prem Singh-Devi Ditta Mal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Toba Tek Singh.	Messrs. Gurbux Singh-Madan Lal	100-P.
21	Messrs. Prem Singh-Devi Ditta Mal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Lyallpur.	Messrs. Prem Singh-Devi Ditta Mal	115-P.
22	Amolak Industrials, Limited, Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Toba Tek Singh.	Messrs. Ganesh Das and Company	119-P.
23	Messrs. Prem Singh-Devi Ditta Mal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Gojra.	Messrs. Prem Singh-Devi Ditta Mal	122-P.
24	Om Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Gojra	Messrs. Rochi Ram-Sukha Nand	133-P.
25	Riaz Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Lyallpur	Sheikh Mohammad Ismail-Haji Maula Bakhsh	168-P.
26	The Lyallpur Cotton Mills, Lyallpur	The Lyallpur Cotton Mills, Lyallpur	174-P.
27	Madan Cotton Ginning and Press Factory, Pir Mahal, Lyallpur District.	L. Nand Lal	184-P.
28	L. Rochi Ram-Sukha Nand Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Kamalia.	L. Rochi Ram-Sukh Nand	188-P.
29	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Jawala Das Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Darkhana.	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Jowala Das	211-P.
30	Sh. Mohd. Ibrahim Trust Cotton Factory, Jaranwala	Sh. Zahur Ahmad-Fazal Ahmad	218-P.
31	The Bhagwan Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Pir Mahal.	Messrs. Shri Ramdas-Kanwar Lal	220-P.
32	Messrs. Piar Singh-Karam Singh Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Tandlianwala.	Messrs. Piar Singh-Karam Singh	225-P.
33	Seth Narindar Nath-Amar Narh Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, near Shorkot Road (District Lyallpur).	Seth Narindar Nath	226-P.
34	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Bhagwan Das Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Lyallpur.	Messrs. Shiv Ramdas-Kanwar Lal	227-P.
35	Messrs. Rijhu Mal-Bhag Chand, Gojra	Messrs. Rijhu Mal-Bhag Chand	230-P.
JHANG DISTRICT.			
1	Manohar Lal Budhwar and Sons Cotton Factory, Jhang	Messrs. Manohar Lal Budhwar and Sons	101-P.
2	Messrs. Jinda Ram-Chaman Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Jhang.	Messrs. Jinda Ram-Ramditta Mal and Jagat Ram	182-P.
3	Messrs. Mohammad Ismail-Maula Bakhsh Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Chiniot.	Messrs. Rafoq Bros.	186-P.
4	Messrs. Khushabi Ram Ishar Das, Jhang Maghiana	Messrs. Khushabi Ram Ishar Das	200-P.
5	Rama Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Lalian	Messrs. Tirath Ram-Gian Chand	209-P.
6	The Chugh Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Shorkot	Messrs. Ganga Ram-Dewan Chand	233-P.
MULTAN DISTRICT.			
1	Seth Dhanpat Mal-Jowala Das Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Makhdumpur Fohoran.	Seth Dhanpat Mal-Jowala Das	8-P.
2	Messrs. Ram Narain-Bhola Nath Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Mailsi.	Messrs. Ram Narain-Bhola Nath	11-P.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE PUNJAB FOR THE SEASON 1946-47—concl'd.

Serial No.	Name of Pressing Factory and Location.	Name of Occupiers.	Press Mark.
MULTAN DISTRICT—contd.			
3	Guru Nanak Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Multan City.	Messrs. Parma-Nand Harnam Singh	103-P.
4	Dawja Press and Mahara] Ginning Factory, Multan	Messrs. Ghansham Dass-Devi Dass	104-P.
5	Indara Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Mian Channu	S. S. S. Surjan Singh-S. B. Sardar Ujjal Singh	107-P.
6	Zafar Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Mian Channu	Messrs. Maula Bakhsh and Sons	108-P.
7	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Diwan Chand, Mian Channu	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Diwan Chand	109-P.
8	Messrs. Rali Brothers Limited Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Khanewal.	Messrs. Rali Brothers, Limited	110-P.
9	The Jaswant Cotton Factory, Khanewal	Rala Ram-Gurbakhsh Rai	111-P.
10	The British Cotton Growing Association, Punjab, Limited, Khanewal.	The British Cotton Growing Association, Punjab, Limited.	112-P.
11	Roberts Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Jahanian	Lt.-Col. J. L. Allison	113-P.
12	Sheikh Maula Bakhsh and Sons, Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Shujabad.	Sh. Maula Bakhsh and Sons	114-P.
13	Messrs. Hari Chand-Harbans Lal Cotton Ginning Factory, Mian Channu.	Messrs. Hari Chand-Harbans Lal.	123-P.
14	Satish Cotton Factory, Khanewal	Seth Shankar Das-Rup Lal	125-P.
15	The Nili Factories Limited, Burewala	The Nili Factories Limited, Burewala	153-P.
16	Volkart Brothers Ginning and Pressing Factory, Burewala	Messrs. Volkart Brothers	157-P.
17	The Lakshmi Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Vihari	The Vihari Ginnery, Limited	161-P.
18	The Nili Factory, Limited, Vihari	The Nili Factories, Limited	166-P.
19	The Premier Cotton Factory, No. 5, Mian Channu	Sh. Allah Bakhsh-Hamid Ahmad	175-P.
20	Messrs. Shankar Das-Rup Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Jahanian.	Seth Shankar Das-Rup Lal	180-P.
21	Sh. Mohd. Ismail-Maula Bakhsh Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Shamkot.	Messrs. Mohd. Ismail-Maula Bakhsh	181-P.
22	The Moon Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Jahanain	The Jahanian Ginnery, Limited	189-P.
23	Messrs. Chetan Das-Ram Chand Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Kahrur Pacca.	Messrs. Chetan Das-Ram Chand	190-P.
24	The Mailsi Ginnery Limited, Mailsi	The Mailsi Ginnery, Limited	193-P.
25	Messrs. Gurbux Singh-Madan Lal, Burewala	Messrs. Gurbux Singh-Madan Lal	195-P.
26	Messrs. Lakshmi Chand-Mohan Lal Mohata Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Lodhran.	Messrs. Badri Das-Shankar Lal and Shri Lal	198-P.
27	Seth Bhana Ram Cotton Factory, Multan	L. Bhoj Raj	200-P.
28	The Sunder Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Multan City.	Seth Sundar-Das Sahai	203-P.
29	Narankar Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Multan	The Multan Ginnery, Ltd.	214-P.
30	Seth Trikha Ram-Mussaddi Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Abdul Hakim.	L. Dina Nath-Ram Parshad	215-P.
31	Messrs. Jugla Ram-Jai Chand Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Multan City.	Messrs. Shamji Karamsi & Co.	216-P.
32	The Tatipur Factories Limited, Tatipur	The Tatipur Factories, Limited	219-P.
33	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Jawala Das Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Khanewal.	Messrs. Dhanpat Mal-Jowala Das	221-P.
34	Messrs. Gopal Singh-Hira Singh Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Jahanian.	Messrs. Santosh Singh-Gurmukh Singh of Amritsar.	222-P.
35	Seth Dhanpat Mal-Dewan Chand Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Makhdumpur.	Dewan Chand Virmani	223-P.
36	Messrs. Shankar Das-Rup Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Shujabad.	Messrs. Shankar Das-Rup Lal	224-P.
37	Seth Jagan Nath-Ram Sarup Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Khanewal.	Seth Jagan Nath-Ram Sarup	229-P.
38	Messrs. Gurmukh Singh-Behari Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Kacha Khuh.	Messrs. Hira Singh-Gurmukh Singh	231-P.
39	S. P. Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Vihari	Seth Dhanpat Mal-Jowala Dass	238-P.
40	Sri Krishana Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Jahanian.	Seth Rupnarain-Sham Narain	239-P.
MUZAFFARGARH DISTRICT.			
1	Sri Prahlad Company, Ltd., Muzaffargarh	Messrs. Ishar Das and Company, Ltd.	117-P.
DERA GHAZI KHAN DISTRICT.			
1	Seth Aya Ram-Popat Ram Cotton Factory, Dera Ghazi Khan.	Seth Aya Ram-Popat Ram	118-P.

FOREIGN TRADE OF MADRAS IN JULY 1946.

The following statement gives particulars of the foreign sea-borne trade of the Province of Madras during the month of July 1946, as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year:—

Description of Articles.	Unit.	July 1945.		July 1946.		Difference.		Remarks.
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Imports.								
Building and engineering materials—Asphalt.	Tons	5,099	8,12,607	Cwts. 9	175	—5,099	Rs. —8,12,432	Smaller arrivals from Iran and Palestine.
Chemicals and chemical preparations, etc.—Sodium carbonate	Cwts.	22,036	2,03,038	—	—	—22,036	—2,03,038	No imports from the United Kingdom.
Caustic soda	"	20,001	3,72,510	—	—	—20,001	—3,72,510	
Drugs and medicines	Value	..	1,35,532	..	3,40,707	..	+2,05,175	Larger imports from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Dyeing and tanning substances	"	..	4,00,426	..	6,14,415	..	+2,13,989	
Fruits and vegetables—Dried, salted or preserved—Cashewnuts.	Tons	—	—	5,636	13,34,819	+5,636	+13,34,819	Large imports from Portuguese East Africa.
Grain, pulse and flour—Rice in the husk	"	—	—	35,305	95,59,627	+35,305	+95,59,627	Large imports from Burma and Thailand.
Wheat	"	3,863	8,42,954	16,832	50,49,739	+12,969	+42,06,785	Larger imports from the Commonwealth of Australia and Canada.
Instruments, apparatus and appliances and parts thereof.	Value	..	5,13,539	..	7,14,663	..	+2,01,125	Larger imports from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Machinery and millwork—Electrical machinery	"	..	5,95,135	..	7,96,103	..	+2,00,968	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Other sorts of machinery	"	..	1,62,111	..	10,62,640	..	+9,00,529	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Manures (excluding oilcake)	Tons	—	—	7,009	13,82,701	+7,009	+13,82,701	Large arrivals of sulphate of ammonia from the United Kingdom and Canada.
Metals and ores—Aluminium	Cwts.	5,808	4,02,984	10,034	5,84,952	+4,276	+1,81,668	Larger arrivals from Canada.
Iron or steel	Tons	678	1,64,395	848	4,19,346	+170	+2,54,951	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Oil, mineral—Fuel oils—Other fuel oils	Galls.	157,733	39,532	3,495,648	8,83,732	+3,337,915	+8,44,200	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom and Iran.
Lubricating oils—Other lubricating oils	"	333,808	6,81,108	368,122	4,12,707	—15,686	—2,68,401	Smaller importations from the United States of America.
Petroleum, dangerous, etc.—Motor spirit	"	16,097,634	1,63,55,105	2,637,290	15,65,891	—13,460,344	—1,52,89,214	Smaller importations from Iran and no imports from the United States of America.
Paper and pasteboard—Paper—All sorts	Cwts.	9,168	2,80,921	25,568	7,76,020	+16,400	+4,95,099	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States of America.
Provisions and oilmans' stores, etc.—All sorts	Value	..	5,302	..	2,12,978	..	+2,07,676	Large imports from Canada and the United States of America and larger imports from the Commonwealth of Australia.
Spices—Betelnuts	Cwts.	2,167	85,800	11,733	5,55,644	+9,571	+4,69,844	Large importations from the Straits Settlements and larger imports from Ceylon.
Cloves	"	3,363	3,22,600	85	5,057	—3,278	—3,17,543	No imports from Zanzibar and Pemba.
Tea—Chests, entire or in sections—of wood	Value	..	8,71,649	..	3,25,493	..	—5,46,156	Smaller arrivals from the United States of America.
Textiles—Cotton, raw	Tons	—	—	221	6,44,644	+221	+6,44,644	Large imports from Egypt.
Vehicles, etc.—Mechanically propelled vehicles, etc.—Motor cars	No.	—	—	19	4,74,834	+19	+4,74,854	Larger imports from the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States of America.
Motor omnibuses, motor vans and motor lorries—chassis.	"	2	10,553	242	6,62,400	+240	+6,51,842	Larger imports from the United Kingdom and Canada and larger imports from the United States of America.
Other Articles	Value	..	39,91,977	..	60,13,240	..	+20,21,263	
TOTAL IMPORTS	Value	..	2,77,49,782	..	3,43,92,247	..	+66,42,465	

FOREIGN TRADE OF MADRAS IN JULY 1946—contd.

Description of Articles.	Unit.	July 1945.		July 1946.		Difference.		Remarks.
		Quantity.	Value. Rs.	Quantity.	Value. Rs.	Quantity.	Value. Rs.	
Exports.								
Animals, living—Sheep and goats	No.	26,813	8,10,470	1,698	29,251	—25,115	—7,81,219	Smaller exports to Ceylon.
Cow manufactures—Cair yarn	Cwts.	13,086	4,00,971	20,478	6,77,195	+7,395	+2,76,224	Large exports to the United Kingdom, the Union of South Africa and larger exports to the Commonwealth of Australia.
Mats and mattings	"	10,052	6,16,139	22,207	14,12,837	+12,155	+7,96,698	Large exports to the United Kingdom and larger exports to the United States of America and the Commonwealth of Australia.
Fish, dry—Unsalted	"	63,440	30,81,140	29,485	14,28,548	—33,955	—16,54,592	Smaller exports to Ceylon.
Salted	"	179	10,725	5,021	2,95,038	+4,842	+2,84,313	Smaller exports to Ceylon.
Fruits and vegetables—Onions	Tons	111,104	14,04,195	19,488	86,766	—91,616	—13,17,429	Smaller exports to the United States of America.
Fruits, dried, etc.—Cashew kernels	"	1,113	59,24,312	1,139	46,89,361	+26	—12,34,951	The increase in quantity is due to low cost.
Skins, raw—Sheep skins	"	5	8,279	253	9,94,611	+248	+9,86,332	Larger exports to the United Kingdom and larger exports to the Commonwealth of Australia.
Hides, tanned—Cow hides	"	303	12,72,375	635	28,68,316	+332	+15,95,941	Larger exports to the United States of America.
Skins, tanned—Goat skins	"	303	19,66,707	419	31,81,049	+116	+11,94,342	Large exports to the United States of America, the Union of South Africa and France.
Sheep skins	"	69	4,96,728	81	8,13,963	+12	+3,17,235	Larger exports to the Union of South Africa and large exports to Burma, the Straits Settlements and Ceylon.
Other skins	"	1	40,778	9	6,71,093	+8	+6,30,315	Large exports to the United States of America.
Leather, unwrought	Cwts.	9	12,485	590	4,26,903	+581	+4,14,318	Larger exports to the United States of America.
Metals, etc.—Brass wrought	"	855	5,03,300	—	—	—855	—5,03,300	No exports to Ceylon.
Mica, splittings	"	50	12,624	3,625	4,81,694	+3,575	+4,69,070	Larger exports to the United States of America.
Rubber manufactures	Value	..	4,31,735	..	—	..	—4,31,735	No exports to Ceylon and the United Kingdom.
Seeds, non-essential—Groundnuts	Tons	3,908	9,85,030	..	..	—3,908	—9,85,030	No exports to Ceylon and the Union of South Africa.
Linseeds	"	—	—	520	2,41,660	+520	+2,41,660	Large exports to the United Kingdom.
Spices—Chillies	Cwts.	7,038	3,38,387	8,586	6,29,077	+1,548	+2,89,690	Larger shipments to Ceylon.
Tea, black	Lbs.	4,961,074	49,57,136	7,131,273	70,86,531	+2,170,199	+21,29,395	Larger exports to the United Kingdom and large exports to Canada.
Textiles—Cotton, waste	Cwts.	857	11,664	24,530	4,48,048	+23,673	+4,36,384	Larger exports to the United States of America and large exports to the United Kingdom.
Cotton manufactures—Hosiery	Value	..	3,75,302	..	79,251	..	—2,96,051	Smaller shipments to Ceylon.
Cotton piecegoods, white (bleached)	Yds.	197,151	2,97,330	69,194	40,903	—127,957	—2,56,427	Large exports to Burma, Straits Settlements and Algeria.
Cotton piecegoods, coloured, printed or dyed	"	2,327,484	33,14,699	2,476,687	36,36,795	+149,203	+3,22,096	Large exports to Ceylon.
Haberdashery and millinery, other sorts	Value	..	3,44,403	..	52,088	..	—2,92,315	Smaller shipments to Ceylon.
Wool, manufactures, other sorts	Lbs.	50,960	82,422	191,785	3,32,028	+140,825	+2,49,606	Larger shipments to the United Kingdom and larger exports to Egypt and Belgium.
Tobacco unmanufactured	"	538,350	4,65,324	1,621,122	18,11,101	+1,082,772	+13,25,777	
Other Articles	Value	..	81,54,797	..	86,67,701	..	+5,12,904	
TOTAL EXPORTS	Value	..	3,63,79,457	..	4,10,78,808	..	+46,99,351	
Re-exports. .. TOTAL	Value	..	2,11,134	..	8,43,216	..	+6,32,082	
Progressive Totals for the Four Months ending July—								
Imports	Value	..	8,15,83,890	..	8,35,31,352	..	+19,47,462	
Exports	"	..	13,14,68,956	..	15,75,35,302	..	+2,60,66,346	
Re-exports	"	..	9,10,217	..	15,97,057	..	+6,86,840	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS FOR CENTRAL SUGAR FACTORIES* FOR THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 15TH JULY 1946.

(Issued by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, India, under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935.)

CONSOLIDATED FORTNIGHTLY STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS (For Central Sugar Factories)

For the Fortnight ending the 15th July 1946.

On the basis of returns received from factories under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935, the following statements have been compiled, showing the production and stocks of sugar by groups:—

GROUPING OF FACTORIES.

Group Symbol.	Estimated No. of Factories operating in the Group.		No. of Factories in the Group from which returns have been received.		Territories covered.
	Current Season.†	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.‡	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.	
A	8	4	4	4	Kashmir, N.-W.F.P., Punjab and Sind: Kashmir.—Jammu, N.-W.F.P.—Mardan, Punjab.—Lahore, Shahpur, Gujranwala, Ambala and Jullundur, Sind.—Nawabshah. (Including Indian States.) West United Provinces.—Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Meerut, Nainital, Rampur, Etah and Moradabad. (Including Indian States.) Central United Provinces.—Bareilly, Pilibhit, Kheri, Shahjahanpur, Sitapore, Hardoi, Lucknow, Cawnpore, Gonda and Allahabad. (Including Indian States.) Eastern United Provinces.—Barabanki, Bahraich, Jaunpur, Basti and Gorakhpur. (Including Indian States.) Bihar: North Bihar.—Champaran, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga and Purnea. South Bihar.—Bhagalpur, Shahabad, Patna and Gaya. (Including Indian States.) Bengal, Madras, Bombay, Orissa, Assam (including States) and Central India States.
B	23	24	19	21	
C	16	16	15	14	
D	30	29	26	27	
E	29	29	10	23	
F	41	38	32	28	
TOTAL	145	140	115	117	

NOTE.—The percentage cane crushing capacity of these 115 factories is estimated at 82.4, as against 86 for the 117 factories during the corresponding fortnight of the previous season.

* These statements relate to Central Sugar Factories only and not to all sugar factories. For the definition of "Central Sugar Factory" and "Sugar Factory", please see Rule 2 of the Sugar Production Rules, 1935. For complete figures of sugar production, please see the "Monthly Statistics of Production of Certain Selected Industries of India".

† Based on returns for the Second Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1945-46.

‡ Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1944-45.

Consolidated Fortnightly Statement of Sugar Production and Stocks (by Groups) for the Fortnight ending the 15th July 1946.

REPORT NO. XVII (SEASON 1945-46)§.

A.—Stocks.

Group Symbol.	Opening Stock.		Closing Stock.	
	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
A	Mds. 105,506	Mds. 175,465	Mds. 78,808	Mds. 149,014
B	1,417,120	1,809,361	1,230,703	1,622,320
C	1,369,280	2,067,401	1,240,122	1,830,712
D	2,516,087	2,191,086	2,224,827	1,915,260
E	1,196,590	2,046,837	1,007,840	1,889,287
F	1,648,070	1,644,108	1,402,342	1,481,346
TOTAL	8,252,743	9,934,273	7,348,651	8,867,931

B.—Production.

Group Symbol.	Production during the Fortnight (Current Year).						Total Production.	
	Crystal.			Crushed.			Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.		
A	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..
B	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
E	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
F	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

C.—Despatches.

Group Symbol.		Despatches.			Total for Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
		During the Current Fortnight.			
		Crystal.	Crushed.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
A	.	26,617	171	26,788	26,451
B	.	186,417	..	186,417	187,032
C	.	89,138	..	89,158	236,899
D	.	287,260	..	287,260	275,838
E	.	128,741	..	128,741	167,690
F	.	184,610	1,118	185,728	182,750
TOTAL		902,803	1,280	904,082	1,068,359

§ Report No. XVIII was published in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 19th September 1946 (page 535), while Report No. XIX was published in the issue of the Journal dated the 28th September 1946 (page 595).

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS FOR CENTRAL SUGAR FACTORIES* FOR THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 31ST AUGUST 1946.

(Issued by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, India, under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935.)

CONSOLIDATED FORTNIGHTLY STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS (For Central Sugar Factories)

For the Fortnight ending the 31st August 1946.

On the basis of returns received from factories under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935, the following statements have been compiled, showing the production and stocks of sugar by groups:—

GROUPING OF FACTORIES.

Group Symbol.	Estimated No. of Factories operating in the Group.		No. of Factories in the Group from which returns have been received.		Territories covered.
	Current Season.†	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.‡	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.	
A	8	4	3	4	Kashmir, N.-W.F.P., Punjab and Sind: Kashmir.—Jammu, N.-W.F.P.—Mardan, Punjab.—Lahore, Shahpur, Gujranwala, Ambala and Jullundur, Sind.—Nawabshah. (Including Indian States.) West United Provinces.—Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Meerut, Nainital, Rampur, Etah and Moradabad. (Including Indian States.) Central United Provinces.—Bareilly, Pilibhit, Kheri, Shahjahanpur, Sitapore, Hardoi, Lucknow, Cawnpore, Gonda and Allahabad. (Including Indian States.) Eastern United Provinces.—Barabanki, Bahraich, Jaunpur, Basti and Gorakhpur. (Including Indian States.) Bihar: North Bihar.—Champaran, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga and Purnea. South Bihar.—Bhagalpur, Shahabad, Patna and Gaya. (Including Indian States.) Bengal, Madras, Bombay, Orissa, Assam (including States) and Central India States.
B	23	24	20	21	
C	16	16	15	13	
D	30	29	28	26	
E	29	29	26	25	
F	41	38	35	34	
TOTAL	145	140	127	123	

NOTE.—The percentage cane crushing capacity of these 127 factories is estimated at 90, as against 89 for the 123 factories during the corresponding fortnight of the previous season.

* These statements relate to Central Sugar Factories only and not to all sugar factories. For the definition of "Central Sugar Factory" and "Sugar Factory" please see Rule 2 of the Sugar Production Rules, 1935. For complete figures of sugar production, please see the "Monthly Statistics of Production of Certain Selected Industries of India".

† Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1945-46.

‡ Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1944-45.

Consolidated Fortnightly Statement of Sugar Production and Stocks by Groups for the Fortnight ending the 31st August 1946.

REPORT NO. XX (SEASON 1945-46).

A.—Stocks.

Group Symbol.	Opening Stock.		Closing Stock.	
	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
A	Mds. 27,554	Mds. 106,891	Mds. 18,991	Mds. 92,847
B	903,280	1,107,780	822,112	937,154
C	1,088,565	1,140,378	940,367	915,638
D	1,833,515	1,042,778	1,551,092	759,672
E	1,386,378	1,429,049	1,240,639	1,201,447
F	1,223,698	1,363,988	1,050,468	1,215,873
TOTAL	6,552,890	6,100,864	5,620,667	5,122,631

B.—Production.

Group Symbol.	Production during the Fortnight (Current Year).						Total Production.	
	Crystal.			Crushed.			Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.		
A	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..
B	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
E	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
F	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

C.—Despatches.

Despatches.					Total for Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
Group Symbol.	During the Current Fortnight.				
	Crystal.	Crushed.	Total.		
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
A	8,483	80	8,563	14,044	
B	171,168		171,168	170,626	
C	142,198		142,198	224,740	
D	282,063	360	282,423	283,106	
E	145,739		145,780	227,602	
F	171,985	1,147	173,132	148,116	
TOTAL	921,636	1,587	923,223	1,068,233	

RESULTS OF AUCTION TEA SALES IN CALCUTTA.

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

Districts.	FOR CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.							
	SEASON 1946-1947.		SEASON 1945-1946.		SEASON 1945-1946.		SEASON 1945-1946.	
	Sold in Sale No. 13, 25th September.		Sold in Sale No. 13, 25th September 1946.		Sold in Sale No. 14, 26th September.		Sold to Sale No. 14, 26th September 1945.	
	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.
		Ra. A. P.		Ra. A. P.		Ra. A. P.		Ra. A. P.
Assam	..	..	45,279	1 1 11	5,656	0 13 6	263,850	0 14 10
Cachar	..	..	3,010	1 0 1	449	0 11 7	27,605	0 13 2
Sylhet	..	..	7,164	1 0 3	1,709	0 11 8	57,637	0 12 7
Darjeeling	..	..	8,943	1 4 2	562	0 15 0	26,806	1 3 4
Dooars	..	..	45,816	1 0 2	7,566	0 12 5	172,764	0 13 2
Terai	..	..	4,236	1 0 2	109	0 12 1	14,033	0 13 5
Tripura	..	..	973	0 15 9	120	0 8 5	6,420	0 12 4
Chittagong	..	..	140	1 1 7	..	..	2,129	0 12 1
All other places	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Green Tea	..	..	115,561	1 1 2	16,171	0 12 9	571,244	0 14 2
	..	..	3,374	1 6 10	552	1 0 8	23,778	1 1 4
TOTAL	..	..	118,935	1 1 4	16,723	0 12 11	595,022	0 14 4
Dust	..	..	128,872	1 1 3	16,058	0 12 6	468,725	0 15 5

(The above do not include Second-hand Tea, Damaged Tea and Dust.)

Oct. 3, 1946.]

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PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS.

[NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of report.]

BONE MEAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 30th September—

(1) And steamed	Ra. 210
(2) And unsteamed	Ra. 180
(3) 1/4th	Ra. 200

per ton f.a.s.

CEMENT—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 27th September—

Indian Portland f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load) Ra. 60 per ton.

† London, 7th May—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d site, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (6 ton loads and upwards), per ton 57s. 0d.‡

COAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Ra. 13-5
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Ra. 12-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Ra. 11-7
(4) Deshergarh	Ra. 13-5
(5) Poniatl	Ra. 13-5
(6) Raneegunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Ra. 11-7

Per ton F. O. R.

§ Bombay, 13th September—

(1) Deshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Ra. 13-5
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.—	Ra. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Ra. 11-7
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Ra. 14-1

Ready per ton.

|| Bombay, 8th September—

Railborne Coal (Trimmed into Bunkers)	Per ton.
Seaborne Coal (" " ")	Ra. 39-12
	Ra. 65-8

¶ Karachi, 25th September—

First Class Bengal (Trimmed into Bunkers), per ton	Ra. 75 (seaborne).
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COFFEE—

Market Quotations—

** Coimbatore, 21st September—

(1) Plantation "A"	Per cwt.
(2) " "PB"	Ra. 123 to Ra. 124
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Ra. 142 to Ra. 143
(4) Robusta " "	Ra. 99 to Ra. 100
	Ra. 85 to Ra. 86

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.
 * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † The Economist.
 ‡ Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 0d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.

§ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

|| Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.

¶ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

** Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.

COTTON (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise)†		36,084	7,482
Karachi by rail		10,674	3,046
Madras by rail and sea		3,690	3,892
Tuticorin by rail and sea		..	..
Calcutta by rail and river		532	1,092

(ii) From 1st September, 1945, to 22nd August, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales*.)	1945-46.	1944-45.
Into Bombay †		2,429	2,032

(iii) Imports by sea during the three months ending December 1945 (into all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales*.)	Oct., 1945.	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Sept., 1945 to Dec., 1945.
Egypt and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan		1	1	16	21
East Africa‡		2	61	77	140
United States of America		..	..	1	1
Other Countries		..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1945		3	62	94	162
" 1944		24	44	6	104
" 1943		26	29	58	132

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		..	..
" Bombay		..	..
" Karachi		..	5,191
" Madras		..	..
" Tuticorin		..	..

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† The East India Cotton Association's Report for week ending 23rd August 1946.

‡ Kenya Colony, Tanganyika Territory and Uganda Protectorate.

Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(iii) During the three months ending December, 1945 (from all British Indian ports) :—

(In thousands of bales.)*

	Oct., 1945.	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	July to Dec., 1945.
United Kingdom	33	59	58	237
United States of America	17	23	41	134
Brazil	28	7		56
Australia	6		3	9
Other Countries	109	98	116	488
TOTAL, 1945	191	185	216	924
" 1944	95	69	73	444
" 1943	84	125	72	462

(c) Market Quotations—

† Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) European Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Ra. 17-0(n).

(2) Indian Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Ra. 17-0(n).

Calcutta, 25th September—

(1) First, per bale (400 lbs.) { Ra. 87-0 † (n).
Ra. 90-0 † (n).(2) Lightnings " " { Ra. 82-0 † (n).
Ra. 85-0 † (n).

London, 8th, 15th & 22nd August—

Daisee C. & F., per ton £ s. d.
45 0 0**Production.**—The total outturn of jute in season 1945 is estimated at 7,181,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 6,203,000 bales in 1944 (including imports from Nepal).**JUTE BAGS—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

(In thousands of bags.)

	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	1,018	770
Hessian	420	540

(ii) From 1st January to 31st August, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945 :—

(In thousands of bags.)

	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	199,222	157,686
Hessian	54,991	61,377

(b) Market Quotations—

† Calcutta, 27th September—

B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×26½", 6×8", per 100 bags Ra. 86-12 (n) (Ready).

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Exports.

§ Mills.

(n) Nominal.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

(In thousands of yards.)

	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	70	45
Hessian	4,205	9,897

(ii) From 1st January to 31st August, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945 :—

(In thousands of yards.)

	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	18,241	15,142
Hessian	993,495	828,646

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds. Ra. 22-2-0 (Ready)(n).

(2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds. Ra. 29-0-0 (Ready)(n).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—**Calcutta, 30th September—
Groundnut Cake, per md. Ra. 5-10½**OILSEEDS—****CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—**

† Bombay, 13th September—

Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt. Ra. 24-1

London, 12th & 19th September—

Castorseed (Bombay), per ton £ s. d.
47 10 0**COCONUTS—****Market Quotations—**

† Cochin, 14th and 21st September—

Coconuts, per 1,000 Ra. 185

COPRA—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin—

Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs. 14th Sept. 21st Sept.
Ra. 445 Ra. 420

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

§ Govt. control retail rate.

(n) Nominal.

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

(In tons.)

	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports	—	—

(b) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 31st July and 15th and 31st August—

Cotton seed, per Indian Md. Ra. 6-3-0

GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—**

† Bombay, 13th September—

(1) White, Bold, 85% , per cwt. Ra. 37-0
(2) Mixed, 50% , per cwt. —**GROUNDNUTS—****Market Quotations—**

† Madras, 19th and 26th September—

Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs. Ra. 91-1-0

† Bombay, 13th September—

Bombay, Bold, per cwt. Ra. 22-14

London, 18th April—

Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton £ s. d.
38 0 0**LINSEED—****(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

(In tons.)

	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	1	1,744
Bombay, by rail and sea	733	80
Karachi, by rail and river	—	—
Visagapatam, by rail	—	—

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

(In tons.)

	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	—	—
Bombay	—	—
Karachi	—	—
Visagapatam	—	—

* Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—contd.**LINSEED—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—**

* Bombay, 13th September—

(1) Bold, per cwt. Ra. 24-8
(2) Small, per cwt. Ra. 24-1

† Calcutta, 27th September—

Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md. Ra. 20 0 (Ready).

London, 2nd May—

Linseed, Bombay, per ton £ s. d.
46 10 0**RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—****(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

(In tons.)

	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	501	291
Bombay, by rail and sea	6	8
Karachi, by rail and river	13	452

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

(In tons.)

	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	—	—
Bombay	—	—
Karachi	—	1,300

(c) Market Quotations—

† Karachi, 25th September—

Per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately.
Rapeseed—Sind Govt. controlled price ex-godown in Karachi City. Ra. 107-0 (including bags).

* Bombay, 29th June, 1945—

(1) Brown, Cawnpore, per cwt. Ra. 14-7 (n).
(2) Yellow, " " Ra. 23-0 (n).

London 18th April—

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £ s. d.
39 10 0

* Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

(n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 27th September—

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 59-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 58-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 57-8-0

† Madras, 26th September—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 253-8-0
-----------------------------------	-------------

COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

‡ Cochin—

14th September—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	Rs. 658-4 Ready.
	Rs. 660-0 One month.

21st September—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	Rs. 633-0 Ready.
	Rs. 640-0 One month.

GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

‡ Madras, 14th September—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 231
--------------------------------------	---------

OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 27th September—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	Rs. 4-4-3 ‡
	Rs. 4-7-3 ¶
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	Rs. 3-13-6 ‡
	Rs. 4-0-6 ¶

PETROL—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 27th September—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.
-----------------------------	------------------------

RICE (not in husk)—

(b) (i) During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		789	472

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.
 ‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
 § Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce
 || Ex-godown.
 ¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.
 ** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 31st August, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		200,296	26,805

From 1st January to 31st August, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	15,147

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..†

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 27th September—

T. N. per B. maund.	Rs. 160
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London, 12th & 19th September—

T. N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d.
	18 15 0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—**(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea		..	5,545
" Bombay by rail		261	316
" Karachi " "		404	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
A grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
B grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
C grade Rice	Rs. 8-0-0

OCT. 3, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Java.	Mauritius.	Europe.	Other Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..

TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 14th & 21st September—

	1946.	1945.
Indian Factory Made—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	16 7 6 to 17 2 6	16 1 6 to 16 12 0
Balrampur, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	16 14 0	16 8 0
Basti, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 12 0	16 6 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	17 2 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 11 0	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta. (14th Sept. '46)	8,938	(13th Sept. '45)	28,638
Bombay. (15th Aug. ")	65,400	(15th Aug. ")	100,500
Karachi. (6th Sept. ")	27,817	(6th Sept. ")	17,465
Madras. (12th " ")	20,466	(15th " ")	34,680
† Calcutta. (21st " ")	7,731	(22nd " ")	27,934
Karachi. (19th " ")	35,346	(20th " ")	25,983
Madras. (" " ")	18,131	(22nd " ")	35,635

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending 14th September—

	1946.	1945.
Refining—	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
(1) Siewa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..

Eating—

(3) Madras	22 11	11 2
(4) Ahmednagar	14 7	12 11
(5) Lyallpur	23 0	..
(6) Muzaffarnagar	13 0	11 4
(7) Meerut	..	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	..	9 4
(9) Dacca (best quality)	32 0	28 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Calcutta.
 † Kidderpore Docks only.

TEA—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		10,169	17,036

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		270	90
" Chittagong		1,945	..

(ii) During the three months ending December, 1945 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)			
	Oct., 1945.	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	July to Dec., 1945.
United Kingdom .	33,858	33,019	18,967	173,746
Iraq	386	541	..	927
Iran	1,344	354	80	2,424
Canada	5,695	4,986	200	17,927
United States of America	7,248	11,399	5,378	34,804
Australia	5,052	..	2,709	11,658
Other Countries .	2,917	1,769	4,782	14,648
TOTAL, 1945 .	58,500	52,068	32,096	258,333
" 1944 .	51,695	46,551	46,487	201,061
" 1943 .	55,704	45,650	16,366	207,693

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 17th & 18th September—

† Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. Rs. 1-1-9

WHEAT—**(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Indian†.			
Foreign.			
Calcutta		..	1,208
Bombay		..	3,964
Karachi		753	..

* Relating to tea, black.

† See also page 58.

‡ In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—		
Calcutta	—	—
Bombay	—	—
Karachi	—	—

During week ending 31st August, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—		
From Karachi	6,701	16,631

(ii) From 1st April to 31st August, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)			
	1946.		1945.	
	Indian*.	Foreign.	Indian*.	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta	—	47,748	15,971	123,391
Bombay	3,290	—	1,190	—
Karachi	97,431	—	79,844	—

From 1st April to 31st August, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—		
Calcutta	—	—
Bombay	—	—
Karachi	—	—

From 1st April to 31st August, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—		
From Karachi	84,297	40,325

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 31st July and 15th and 31st August—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 27th September—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer for Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—contd.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Rs. 9-11

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1944-45 estimated at 10,458,000 tons, as against 9,741,000 tons in 1943-44.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 25th September—

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Rs. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 27th September—

	Jute		Linseed	
	(50 c. ft.)		(20 cwt.)	
	Plus 15% Surcharge			
	s.	d.	s.	d.
London §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Liverpool §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Dundee §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Glasgow §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)

‡ Bombay, 13th September—

	s.		d.
Cotton (40 c. ft.)—			
United Kingdom ports	102	0	
Antwerp	—	—	
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	—	—	
Trieste, Venice	—	—	
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—			
Linseed, Rape, etc.—			
United Kingdom ports	92	0	
Antwerp	—	—	
Marseilles	—	—	
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	—	—	
Trieste, Venice	—	—	
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—			
Cotton, etc.—			
United Kingdom ports	89	0	
Marseilles	—	—	
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	—	—	
Groundnuts—			
United Kingdom ports	98	0	

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal.

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Telegraphic Address:—

"TEAKTIMBER"

Bombay.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Wednesday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 9th October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 8th October 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 3,64,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-0 per cent were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-3 per cent were allotted approximately 53 per cent. The total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-6-11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 15th October 1946, at Bombay up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) and up to the close of business on Monday, the 14th October 1946, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 18th October 1946. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 4th October 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,26,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 8th October—
British Conversion (3½ per cent) 111½
British War Loan (3½ per cent) 107½

EXCHANGE—

8th October—
Selling. Buying
Telegraphic Transfer 1s. 5½d. 1s. 6½d.
On New York D/D \$100— Rs. 332½ Rs. 329½
London/New York \$4-02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 7th October—
Gold (999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 99-9; forward Rs. 93-1.

London, 3rd October—
Gold, per fine oz. £5-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—
7th October—
Silver (999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 168-8; forward Rs. 162.

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

30th September—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 170

7th October—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 167-8

London, 3rd October—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 55½d.

New York, 3rd October—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 90½ cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 27TH SEPTEMBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 7th October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	748,15,78,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	321,41,83,000
3. Cash in India :—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	37,90,04,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,40,19,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	73,16,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	82,14,55,000
5. Advances in India	391,83,58,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	19,69,72,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	27-9-46.	20-9-46.	28-8-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	748,15,78	744,16,13	644,79,10	124,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	321,41,83	319,63,13	256,71,29	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	42,00,30	43,25,22	33,75,07	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	82,14,55	80,76,84	111,16,65	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	391,83,58	394,62,46	246,79,47	101,62,16
6. Bills Discounted in India	19,69,72	20,03,35	12,86,83	3,67,29



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B. 2062 W. 22-3-47.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 27th September 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	70,23,84,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	19,19,39,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,77,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	486,92,68,000	(a) Internal	..
(2) Government of Burma	1,52,28,000	(b) External	..
(3) Other Government Accounts	15,86,80,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,41,48,000
(b) Banks	86,78,48,000	Balances held abroad*	516,53,81,000
(c) Others	9,88,74,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	..
Bills Payable	9,78,15,000	Other Loans and Advances	21,50,000
Other Liabilities	5,24,60,000	Investments	16,32,43,000
		Other Assets	20,07,61,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	626,01,73,000	TOTAL ASSETS	626,01,73,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 27th September 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	70,23,84,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,187,85,07,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	..	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
Total Notes issued		1,258,08,91,000	Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		20,50,44,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,13,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,258,08,91,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,258,08,91,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.773 per cent.

60% SAVING IN CURRENT

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B. 2062 W. 22-3-47.

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

FOREIGN—

Rice Bran Oil.

(JJ-44) A firm in Port Said (Egypt) desires to be put in touch with exporters of Rice Bran Oil in India.

Silk Cocoons Waste.

(JJ-45) A firm in Tel-Aviv (Palestine) desires to be put in touch with exporters in India of Silk Cocoons Waste.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

Crops. *Malras*, week ending 21st September.—Rainfall moderate in Vizagapatam and Tanjore; fair in East Godavari, West Godavari, Chingleput, Madras, South Arcot, North Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly, Madras, Malabar, South Kanara and Nilgiris; and light or nil elsewhere. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madras, West Coast and Nilgiris and of dry crops in Kistna, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, Coimbatore and Madras proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in Coimbatore, Tanjore, Malabar and South Kanara in progress. Outturn generally fair. *Bihar*, week ending 30th September.—Heavy rain fell in parts of Shahabad, moderate in parts of Shahabad and Purnea and light elsewhere except in Munbhum and parts of Patna, Gaya, Saran, Monghyr, Santal Parganas and Ranchi in which no rain. Condition and prospects of standing crops reported to be fair to good except at places affected by floods. Transplantation of *ajhuni* paddy reported to continue still in Darbhanga. Harvesting of *bhailoi* crops nearing completion. *United Provinces*, week ending 21st September.—There were light showers in a number of districts, light rain in some districts and heavy rain in a few districts. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops in full swing. Harvesting of early *kharif* crops continued. Irrigation of late paddy resorted to in areas where rainfall had been scanty. Standing crops reported adversely affected as a result of drought in some districts. Some damage to crops from floods also reported from a few other districts. Condition of standing crops and prospects

of outturn generally satisfactory except in districts where crops damaged by drought or floods. *Central Provinces*, week ending 28th September.—Weather clear and warm with occasional passing clouds and a sprinkling of rain in scattered tracts of some districts. Sowing of *rabi* crops in general in Saugor and Jubbulpore districts commenced. Weeding and intercultural operations in full swing. Break in rains slightly improved condition of standing *kharif* crops but one or two good showers of rain would be welcome to late variety of paddy. Grasshoppers slightly damaged paddy crops in Drug *tahsil* (Drug) and Dhamtari *tahsil* (Raipur). Standing *kharif* crops on the whole in satisfactory condition. Harvesting of early paddy commenced at places in Saugor, Jubbulpore and Betul districts. Preparation of land for *rabi* sowing continued all over Province. *Punjab*, week ending 30th September.—Weather remained dry except in parts of Kangra and Attock districts, where rain varying in amount from .08" to 1.52" received. Rain badly needed in Shikhpura and Mianwali districts. Condition of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. High winds damaged crops to some extent in Hissar district. *Bombay*, week ending 27th September.—Rain fairly adequate in Karnatak and practically absent elsewhere. Standing *kharif* crops faring well. Field operations and harvesting of early *kharif* crops in progress. Cotton sowing in Karnatak nearing completion. Rain needed for late paddy in north Gujarat and Konkan. *Assam*, dated 27th September.—Weather generally seasonable and its effects on crops fair, except in Manipur where more rain needed. Crop prospects and outturn generally fair. *Bengal*, week ending 25th September.—Weather generally seasonable. Prospects of standing crops reported to be favourable, except in some parts of Hooghly and Midnapur where some damage to *aus* and *aman* paddy crops caused by floods.

Cotton, Bombay, 3rd October.—Forward prices opened with nervous tone and continued to languish for some time. But subsequently fair recovery made. After recording a gain of about Rs. 4, prices sagged at close. Market closed with steady undertone. Indian Cotton Contract January started around Rs. 437 and after easing to Rs. 436-8, moved for some time between Rs. 437 and Rs. 438-4. It then advanced to Rs. 440-8 and fluctuating between Rs. 439-8 and Rs. 439, closed at Rs. 438-12.

Tea, Fourteenth Tea Sale, Calcutta, 30th September.—519 packages Green Tea at average price Rs. 1-4-6 and 11,770 packages other grades at average price Rs. 1-2-1 sold for consumption in India. Leaf teas met very strong demand and prices generally advanced 6 to 9 pies for Broken and Fannings and 1 to 2 annas for Leaf teas and tippy Broken Orange Pekoes. There was good demand for Darjeelings at higher rates. Green Teas irregular and there was no demand for unsorted types.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

FOREIGN TRADE OF BOMBAY IN AUGUST 1946.

The total value of the foreign trade of Bombay for the month of August 1946 amounted to Rs. 16-82 crores, showing a rise of Rs. 10-49 crores over the figure for August 1945. The increase was due to larger arrivals of foreign merchandise and greater shipments of merchandise of Indian and foreign produce. There were no imports and exports of gold, while those of silver recorded an increase.

IMPORTS.

The total value of imports of merchandise for August 1946 amounted to Rs. 11-36 crores, showing a rise of Rs. 6-46 crores over the figure for August 1945. Imports of gold and silver were nil and Rs. 53-55 lakhs, respectively, against Rs. 6,049 and Rs. 22,297 each in August 1945. A comparison of the values of the principal articles with those for August 1945, is given below, the figures in brackets indicating an increase or a decrease, as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Cotton, raw	3,10 (+2,53)
Machinery and millwork	86 (+ 60)
Aniline dyes	78 (+ 42)
Mineral oils	70 (-1,14)
Metals and ores	48 (+ 42)
Instruments, apparatus, etc.	44 (+ 31)
Silk raw and silk cocoons	37 (+ 37)
Chemicals and chemical preparations	33 (+ 21)
Art silk piecegoods	26 (+ 23)
Paper and pasteboard	24 (+ 17)
Drugs and medicines	22 (+ 9)
Motor cars (including motor wagons, etc.)	22 (+ 21)
Art silk yarn	18 (+ 18)
Wool manufactures	14 (+ 8)
Hardware	12 (+ 7)
Spices	12 (+ 12)
Provisions and oilman's stores	8 (+ 5)
Tobacco	8 (+ 7)
Silk manufactures	7 (+ 7)
Fruits—dates	5 (+ 5)
Stationery	5 (+ 4)

Noticeable increases occurred in respect of chemicals and chemical preparations—sodium compounds—borax and caustic soda from the United Kingdom; sulphur and other sorts of chemicals from the United Kingdom and the United States of America; dyeing and tanning substances—naphthols, and bases from the United States of America; and vats—other sorts—powder from the United States of America and Switzerland; instruments, apparatus, etc.—electric lamps—other sorts from Hongkong; electrical goods and apparatus not enumerated and cinema projecting apparatus and parts and accessories from the United Kingdom; machinery—oil-crushing and refining machinery and other sorts of machinery from the United Kingdom and the United States of America; spinning machinery, electrical machinery—others and turbo-generating sets from the United Kingdom; brass—unwrought and copper sheets from the United Kingdom; copper—unwrought—ingots, etc., and zinc and spelter—unwrought from the Commonwealth of Australia; printing paper—white—others from the United States of America; spices—cloves from Aden and Dependencies and Zanzibar and Pemba; cotton, raw, from Kenya Colony, Egypt, Peru and the United States of America; silk, raw and cocoons—other sorts from the United Kingdom and China; art silk yarn from Italy; art silk piecegoods from Italy and the United States of America; and motor cars from the United Kingdom. On the other hand, imports of diesel oils, kerosene oil in bulk and motor spirit from Iran and motor spirit from the Bahrain Islands recorded decreases.

EXPORTS.

Indian produce and manufactures.—The total value of exports of Indian produce and manufactures for August 1946 amounted to Rs. 4-81 crores, showing a rise of Rs. 3-49 crores over the figure for August 1945. Exports of gold and silver were nil and Rs. 6,840 as against Rs. 4,689 and nil, respectively, each in August 1945. The values of some of the important items as compared with those for August 1945, were as under, the figures in brackets indicating an increase or a decrease, as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Cotton manufactures	1,26 (+1,23)
Cotton, raw	1,11 (+1,03)
Seeds	44 (+ 24)
Wool, raw	6 (+ 4)
Hides and skins—tanned	5 (- 5)

Shipments of grain, pulse and flour decreased from 22 tons to nil. Shipments of manganese ore increased from 10,000 tons to 14,200 tons, of seeds from 5,120 tons to 8,083 tons, of cotton, raw, from 911 tons to 6,769 tons, of twist and yarn from 237,540 lbs. to 263,030 lbs. and of wool, raw, from 133,567 lbs. to 628,702 lbs. The increase in the shipment of Indian produce and manufactures was in respect of cotton, raw, to Hongkong and China, cotton piecegoods—(1) grey, (2) white and (3) coloured, printed or dyed to Nigeria, Tanganyika Territory, the Commonwealth of Australia and Iran, and of linseed to the United Kingdom and the Commonwealth of Australia, while skins, tanned or dressed—goat-skins to the United States of America recorded a decrease.

Re-exports.—Re-exports of foreign merchandise amounted to Rs. 11-66 lakhs as against Rs. 9-33 lakhs in August 1945. The increase of Rs. 2-34 lakhs was in respect of provisions and oilman's stores to China and cassia-lignea to Iraq and Iran.

FOREIGN TRADE OF KARACHI IN AUGUST 1946.

The total value of the foreign import trade of the port of Karachi for August 1946 amounted to Rs. 1-55 crores, a decrease of Rs. 1-15 crores, and that of the export trade to Rs. 2-41 crores, a decrease of Rs. 4-27 crores, as compared with the corresponding figures for August 1945. The progressive totals for the five months ending August 1946 reveal a decrease of Rs. 1-48 crores or 15 per cent under imports but an increase of Rs. 6-90 crores or 47 per cent under exports.

Comparative figures of the principal imports and exports for August 1945 and 1946 are given below:—

IMPORTS.

Article.	Unit.	Imports in August 1946.		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) as compared with August 1945.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
			Rs.		Rs.
Oils	Galls.	8,288,584	37,15,143	—5,615,171	—60,54,702
Cotton, raw	Tons	..	..	—2,288	—69,52,409
Woolen goods	Value	..	12,00,125	..	+11,67,091
Vehicles	..	..	7,30,717	..	+4,77,160
Liquors	Galls.	27,213	5,95,363	+19,628	+3,73,378
Machinery and millwork	Value	..	15,33,332	..	+3,06,861
Cotton manufactures	..	..	3,19,965	..	+97,037
Metals and ores	Tons	524	6,65,216	—914	+79,039

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Of all the principal articles of the import trade "oils" and "cotton, raw" were the only commodities that registered a fall during the month. The decline under oils was due chiefly to reduced arrivals of petrol and kerosene from Iran and lubricating oils from the United States of America. The absence of imports of petrol from Bahrain, though partially offset to a small extent by larger imports of fuel oils from Iran and kerosene from Bahrain, also contributed towards it. The decline under cotton, raw, was occasioned by the stoppage of imports of Egyptian cotton which was imported by diversion from Bombay to this port in August 1945. Larger imports of woollen yarn and knitting wool and woollen and worsted piece-goods from the United Kingdom accounted for the improvement under woollen goods. Substantial imports of motor cars from the United Kingdom and the United States of America, and cycles from the United Kingdom during the month as against nil in August 1945 and larger receipts of parts and accessories of cycles from the United Kingdom brought about an increase under vehicles. Heavy imports of brandy from France and Portugal, whisky from Canada and wines from France and Spain as against nil during the corresponding month of last year and larger imports of brandy from the Union of South Africa accounted for the increase under the head 'Liquors'. The increase under machinery and millwork was most noticeable in arrivals of oil engines (other than locomotives) from the United Kingdom and agricultural tractors and parts and mining machinery from the United States of America.

EXPORTS.

Article.	Exports in August 1946.		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) as compared with August 1945.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.
Skins, raw (Foreign)	19	16,79,375	—313	—4,03,39,783
Wool, raw (Indian and Foreign)	753	15,42,717	—1,250	—30,21,795
Rapeseed	..	..	—3,264	—12,57,724
Skins, raw (Indian)	364	21,26,406	—330	—12,33,046
Wheat flour	..	23	—4	—1,341
Cotton, raw	7,731	1,30,66,358	—2,032	—48,02,690
Hides, raw	540	12,23,247	+471	+10,45,247

The decrease in value to the extent of Rs. 4.03 crores under skins, raw (Foreign), was solely due to smaller exports of lamb skins of Iranian and Afghan origin to the United States of America. The contraction under wool, raw (Indian and Foreign), was the result of smaller shipments to the United States of America, though partly offset by increased exports to the United Kingdom. The cessation of shipments of rapeseed was solely due to the ban on the export imposed by the Government. The decline under skins, raw (Indian), was due mainly to curtailed demand for goat and sheep skins by the United States of America. Of the total quantity (7,731 tons) of cotton exported during the month, 6,804 tons were shipped to China, 322 tons to Hong Kong, 293 tons to the United States of America, 196 tons to Canada and 116 tons to the United Kingdom. The total quantity of cotton exported during the five months ending August 1946 amounted to 53,628 tons (300,315 bales) as against 40,083 tons (224,462 bales) during the corresponding period of the previous year. Substantial exports of buffalo hides to Turkey—European and buffalo calf skins to the United States of America as against nil in the corresponding month of last year and larger shipments of cow hides to Turkey—European accounted for the increase under the head "hides, raw."

REPORT OF THE INDIA GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER, TORONTO, FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1946.

Canadian Business Activity.

PRODUCTIVE operations were uneven in May 1946, as compared with the preceding month, the Index of the Physical Volume of Business showing recession of 4.4 per cent thus bringing the index down to 184.3, which during the previous month stood at 192.8.

The general Wholesale Price Index (1926=100) stood at 108.0 in May, a rise of 4 points.

A further advance was recorded in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics cost-of-living index for June 1st, when it was computed at 123.6 (1935-39=100), a rise of 1.6 points over May 1st.

Stocks of Canadian wheat in store or in transit in North America at midnight on May 30th, 1946, totalled 63,853,120 bushels as compared with 282,578,510 bushels on the corresponding date of 1945.

Trade.

(One Rupee equals \$0.3330.)

The following table gives details of Canada's trade with British India during the month of May, as compared with the trade during the previous month and during May 1945. Total trade for the first five months of 1946 is compared with the same period of 1945.

Canada's Trade with British India.

	May 1945.	April 1946.	May 1946.
	\$	\$	\$
Imports	4,400,000	3,553,000	2,430,000
Exports	23,030,000	2,301,000	4,508,000
Total Trade	27,430,000	5,854,000	6,938,000
Balance of Trade in Canada's favour	18,630,000	1,252,000	2,072,000

	First Five Months, 1945.	First Five Months, 1946.
	\$	\$
Imports	16,667,000	13,214,000
Exports	124,210,000	27,378,000
Total Trade	140,877,000	40,592,000
Balance of Trade in Canada's favour	107,543,000	14,164,000

The total value of Canadian exports to British India during the month of May 1946, showed a marked increase over last month, and Canada again regained her favourable balance of trade during the month. The major items of exports were wheat, aluminum bars, ingots and blooms, ammonium sulphate and whisky.

The marked increase in Canadian imports from British India shown during the previous month of April was reversed during the month under review. The major items imported by Canada from India during May were jute fabrics, tea, walnuts and tanned leather.

The following table gives details of the principal items of import during the month of May 1946, as compared with the same month of 1945:—

Canadian Imports from British India.

Commodity.	Unit.	May 1945.		May 1946.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Walnuts, not shelled	Lb.	..	..	224,000	43,008
Walnuts, shelled	"	..	..	520,688	253,840
Cashew nuts, shelled	"	..	..	43,250	25,803
Tea, India, black, direct	"	6,808,023	2,236,588	1,500,030	401,501
Lac, crude, seed, stick and shell.	Cwt.	1,392	55,448	434	18,553
Castor oil, not edible	"	..	..	2,210	35,075
Goat skins and kid skins, raw.	"	2,292	102,920	584	33,028
Leather, tanned, n.o.p.	"	..	22,754	..	209,536
Raw cotton	Lb.	681,755	91,711	840,981	124,250
Jute and jute butts	Cwt.	..	..	6,748	60,870
Yarns, cords, twines of jute, n.o.p.	Lb.	367,306	50,001	..	..
Fabrics, jute, unbleached, n.o.p.	Yd.	18,505,297	1,656,201	7,646,600	672,510
Wool, washed or scoured	Lb.	38,939	16,080	112,113	54,188
Carpets, Ingrain, squares	Sq.ft.	172,020	118,774	180,702	147,634
Carpets, oriental, squares	"	21,312	3,687	32,500	4,377
Mats, hearth rugs and runners.	"	..	..	522	16,281
Kapok	Cwt.	..	..	169,030	31,941
Mat, cut pile of cocoa fibre.	Sq.ft.	93,449	12,571	..	..
Waste for further preparation.	Cwt.	1,008	5,683	3,188	32,302
Waste, garnetted ready for use.	Lb.	..	..	209,346	16,907
Myrobolan extract	Cwt.	..	..	10,235	40,320
Precious stones, not mounted.	"	..	83	..	17,362

Trade Enquiries and Openings.

The more important trade enquiries received and dealt with during the month of May are summarized as follows:—

I.—ENQUIRIES FROM CANADIAN FIRMS.

Carpets and Rugs, Peanuts, Cashew Nuts and Textiles.—A Toronto firm were supplied with names of Indian exporters of the above products. Details of their enquiry were also passed on to India for necessary action.

Precious and Semi-precious Stones.—A Toronto importer was furnished with names of Indian suppliers of precious and semi-precious stones. Details of his enquiry were also forwarded to India for further circulation.

Men's and Ladies' Fine Gloves.—Details of the enquiry of a Toronto firm for men's and ladies' fine gloves of leather and other materials were forwarded to India for circulation among firms likely to be interested.

Carpets, Rugs, Coir Mats and Matting.—A large Edmonton wholesale firm were supplied with names of Indian exporters of carpets, rugs, coir mats and matting. Details of their enquiry were also forwarded to India for necessary action.

Ground Mica.—A Montreal company asked for names of Indian suppliers of ground mica. A list of names was furnished and details of their enquiry, together with samples of the ground mica required,

were forwarded to India for circulation among other suitable firms.

Cotton Piecegoods.—A Montreal firm were supplied with names of Indian exporters of plain cotton piecegoods, both bleached and unbleached. Details of their enquiry were also forwarded to India for further circulation.

Cotton Printed Bedspreads.—Details of the enquiry of a Toronto departmental store for cotton printed bedspreads were forwarded to India for necessary action.

Silk Goods.—A Montreal firm enquired for names of Indian manufacturers and suppliers of silk goods. A list of names was supplied and details of their enquiry forwarded to India for further circulation among other suitable firms.

Leather.—A Stratford firm were furnished with names of Indian suppliers of leather and details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for further necessary action.

Sports Goods.—A Toronto company were supplied with names of Indian exporters of sports goods and details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for further circulation.

Raw Cotton.—A Montreal importer was furnished with names of Indian exporters of raw cotton. Details of his enquiry were also forwarded to India for further necessary action.

Cotton Piecegoods, Cocoa Mats and Matting, Carpets and Rugs.—Names of Indian exporters of the above-named products were forwarded to a Vancouver firm. Details of their enquiry were also passed on to India for necessary action.

Carpets and Rugs.—A Toronto firm were furnished with names of Indian suppliers of carpets and rugs. Details of their enquiry were also forwarded to India for further circulation among other suitable firms.

Cotton Textiles.—A Montreal company were supplied with names of Indian exporters of cotton textiles with whom they might communicate regarding the import of cotton shirting materials. Details of their enquiry were also forwarded to India for further necessary action.

Carpets and Rugs.—Names of Indian exporters of carpets and rugs were furnished to a Lachine firm. Details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for further circulation.

II.—ENQUIRIES FROM INDIAN FIRMS.

Cutlery, Handicraft and Gift Articles.—A Sialkot City firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of cutlery, handicraft and gift articles.

Sports Goods.—A list of names of Canadian importers of sports goods was furnished to a Sialkot City exporter.

Brassware, Carpets and Rugs.—A Calcutta exporter was supplied with names of Canadian importers of brassware, carpets and rugs.

Crude Drugs, Dry Fruits, Kashmiri Goods, Carpets and Indian Raw Products.—Names of Canadian importers of the above-mentioned Indian products were supplied to an Amritsar firm.

Tea and Lac.—A list of names of Canadian importers of tea and lac was furnished to a Karachi exporter.

Cotton Waste, Vegetable Oils and Oil Seeds, Soapstone and Graphite, and Woollen Cloth.—A list of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products was furnished to an Indore company.

Sporting Goods.—A Sialkot City exporter was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of sports goods.

Carpets and Rugs.—Names of Canadian importers of carpets and rugs were supplied to a Karachi company.

Sporting Goods.—A Sialkot company interested in exporting sporting goods was furnished with names of interested Canadian importers.

Sporting Goods.—A list of names of Canadian importers of sporting goods was forwarded to a Sialkot City company.

Sporting Goods.—Names of Canadian importers of sporting goods were also supplied to another Sialkot City firm.

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Sporting Goods.—A Sialkot City exporter of sporting goods was furnished with names of Canadian importers of the same.

Sporting Goods.—An exporter of sporting goods from Sialkot City was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers.

Carpets and Rugs.—A Benares firm of carpets and rugs exporters was supplied with a list of names of interested Canadian importers.

Gift and Novelty Articles.—A Sialkot City firm was forwarded names of Canadian importers of gift and novelty articles.

Pipes.—A list of names of Canadian dealers in pipes was forwarded to a Simla company.

Tobacco and Cigars.—Names of Canadian dealers in and importers of tobacco and cigars were passed on to a Trichinopoly firm.

Cotton Waste.—A Bombay firm was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of cotton waste.

Jute Manufactures.—A Calcutta company was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of jute manufactures.

Sporting Goods.—A list of names of Canadian importers of sporting goods was passed on to a Sialkot City firm.

Carpets and Rugs.—Names of Canadian importers of carpets and rugs were furnished to a Karachi firm.

Raw Cotton.—A Bombay company was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of raw cotton.

Raw Wool.—A Bihar firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of raw wool.

Precious and Semi-precious Stones.—A Bombay company was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Sports Goods and Toys.—A list of names of departmental stores and importers likely to be interested in the above-named Indian goods was supplied to a Lahore firm.

Raw Jute.—A Calcutta company was forwarded a list of names of Canadian importers of raw jute.

Silver and E.P.N.S. Goods, Presentation Goods, Trophies, etc.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products was forwarded to a Sialkot City firm.

Coir Mats and Matting.—A Cochin firm was given names of Canadian importers of the above Indian products.

Lace Goods.—A Palakol company of lace goods exporters was furnished with a list of names of interested Canadian importers.

Mica.—A Giridih company was given a list of names of Canadian importers of mica.

Toys.—A Dehra Dun firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of toys.

Shark Liver Oil.—A list of names of Canadian importers of fish oils and cod liver oil was furnished to a Karachi firm interested in the export of shark liver oil.

Carpets and Spices.—Names of Canadian importers of carpets and spices were supplied to a Calcutta company.

Furs.—A Delhi firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of furs.

Vegetable Oils and Oil Seeds, Groundnuts, and Dried Fruits, Wool and Kapok.—A firm in Karachi was furnished with names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Brushes.—A list of names of Canadian importers of brushes was supplied to a Lucknow company.

Mango Chutney and Curry Powder, Almond Oil, Perfumery and Woollen Carpets.—A Cawnpore firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Ivory and Horn Goods, Screw Pine Articles with Embroidered Designs, Semi-mechanical Toys, Sago, Tamarind, Pepper, Turmeric, Palm Fibre and Nux Vomica.—A firm in Trivandrum, S. India, was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Pepper, Cardamoms, Cinnamon, Groundnuts, Cashew Nuts, Coffee, Linseed and Castor Seed.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian goods was forwarded to a Bombay firm.

Raw Cotton, Kapok, Carpets and Myrobalans.—A Hathras firm interested in the export of the above-named Indian products was furnished with a list of names of interested Canadian importers.

Cotton, Cotton Waste, Kapok and Rags.—Names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products were supplied to a Bombay firm.

Woollen Carpets and Numdahs, Ivoryware, Sandalwood and Walnut Wood Boxes, Brassware, Silver Filigree Goods, Kashmir Embroidered Goods and Benares Sarees.—A firm in Bombay was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Oil Seeds, Ivory, Brass and other Curios, Raw Wool, Groundnuts, Pepper and Spices.—A Delhi firm was furnished with names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods named above.

Ladders.—A list of names of Canadian importers of ladders was forwarded to a Bombay company.

Surgical Metallic Instruments, Sports Requisites, Numdah Rugs, Piled Carpets, Floor Coverings, E.P.N.S. Presentation Articles, Fancy Leather Goods, Coir Mats and Matting.—A Sialkot City firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Lace Goods.—A list of names of Canadian importers of lace goods was supplied to a Madras firm.

Raw Materials and Semi-manufactured Goods.—Names of Canadian general importers were supplied to a Bombay firm interested in exporting various Indian goods coming under the above classifications.

Mica, Talc, Cotton Waste, Raw Wool, Shellac, Ores, Myrobalans, Kapok, Nux Vomica, Hemp, Beeswax and Sliced Mango.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products was supplied to a Calcutta company.

Raw Cotton, Spices, Herbs, Seeds and General Produce.—A Bombay company was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above Indian products.

Raw Hides and Skins, Tanned Hides and Skins, and Finished Leather.—A firm in Bombay was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian products listed above.

Coir Mats and Matting, Leather Goods, Cashew Nuts, Spices and Nux Vomica.—A Trichur firm was given a list of Canadian business organizations interested in the import of the above-named Indian products.

Ivory and Bison Horn Curios, Sports Goods and Carpets.—Names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods listed above were supplied to a Karachi firm.

Sporting Goods, Cutlery, E.P.N.S. Goods and Presentation Articles, Embroidered Numdah Rugs, Carpets, Druggets, Coir Mats and Matting, Ivory and Horn Goods.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named goods was furnished to a Sialkot City firm.

Coir Mats and Matting, and Woollen Druggets.—An Alleppey firm of exporters of coir mats and matting, and woollen druggets was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the same.

Brassware, Handicraft Articles, Carpets and Tea and Machine Tools.—A Calcutta firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of brassware, handicraft articles, carpets and tea, and Canadian manufacturers of machine tools.

Crude Drugs, Musk, Curios and Medicinal Preparations.—An Amritsar exporter of crude drugs, musk and curios, and importer of medicinal preparations was furnished with a list of names of interested importers and manufacturers.

Spices, Myrobalans, Seeds, Paper and Paper Products.—A list of names of Canadian importers of spices, myrobalans and seeds, and Canadian manufacturers of paper and paper products was supplied to a Bombay company.

General Imports, Safety Glass.—Names of Canadian general importers of Indian products as well as names of Canadian manufacturers of safety glass were forwarded to a New Delhi firm.

REPORT OF THE INDIA GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER, NEW YORK, FOR THE MONTHS OF MAY, JUNE AND JULY 1946.

General Economic Situation.

It is not easy to convey an adequate impression of the extent to which the domestic economy of this country was dependent on the continuation intact of the OPA legislation as it was under existing sanction, up to 30th June 1946, or modification or elimination of all OPA controls thereafter. Agricultural commodities, processed food, the whole range of manufacturing production and wages of labour were all intimately bound up with this matter. As on 1st July 1946, there was absolutely no price control in this country. The Governor of New York State invoked local legislation which had been passed a year ago to meet emergent conditions in the event of lapsing of federal legislation and clamped rent control throughout the State on residential and business premises. Rents were frozen at existing levels. Meanwhile, Administration leaders in the Congress battled to have a new Price Control Bill voted by the Congress, such as would be acceptable to the President. Three weeks later this Bill was passed and the President accepted it, as something which could be worked in the reasonable belief that it will prevent inflation. In the interim period there were many demonstrations and much lobbying for and against price control legislation at all. There were mild, or not so mild, public demonstrations in favour of Buyers' strikes. These demonstrations did not have any appreciable effect on the general public. Between June 15th and July 15th prices of Food rose 13.8 per cent and the general cost of living rose as much as 5½ per cent, an unprecedented phenomenon.

Now that a new OPA Bill has been passed, the price adjustments for a whole range of goods are being worked out progressively and quickly. For the present, organised Labour has withdrawn threats of wage increases. There is good reason to think that American business is about to enjoy many months of the greatest activity since the end of the war. Substantial gains in Industries, such as textiles, shoes, paper and building materials, have contributed strongly to the last few weeks' upswing. The price increases now allowed will stimulate production and sales.

The British Loan.

In manufacturing and exporting circles interested in developing trade with India the passing of the loan has induced a feeling of optimism. There is an air of expectancy that the Indian market will open out soon for export of American products, particularly heavy plant and machinery. There seems to be little misgiving on the score that this machinery may not be exactly suited for India's conditions where labour is still cheap and plentiful, and equally little doubt on the score that the high price of the American product may act as a break on prospective Indian buyers who may be afraid of over capitalising their enterprises.

Commodities.

1. JUTE AND BURLAP.

People of this country were seriously exercised about continuance of export quotas on Raw Jute and Jute Goods and the prospect of diminishing supplies owing to diversion of a certain acreage from Jute to Rice cultivation. In regard to the U.S., the demand for Raw Jute was well over 100,000 tons and for Jute Goods well over 300,000 tons. The Government of India have announced new quotas for the first six months of the current jute year starting 26th June 1946. The quota for the United States is 30,000 tons of Raw Jute and 126,000 tons of Jute Goods. The reaction of

Industry and Trade to this quota has been generally favourable. Indeed, even now, the more thinking people amongst Jute and Burlap importers and Bag manufacturers are appreciative of India's contribution because of their knowledge of the serious food situation in the country. So far as other countries in the Western Hemisphere are concerned, sufficient time has not elapsed to permit of positive reactions becoming known. So far only Cuba and Mexico have protested against the inadequacy of the allocation.

2. RAW COTTON.

The Government of India established a quantitative limitation of 850,000 bales on export of raw cotton to the United States during the year ending August 31st, 1946. Lately, there have been rumours that an absolute embargo has been imposed on export. Under existing orders there was an absolute embargo only on cotton stapling 13/16" and over. There has been no further development in this country in regard to restrictions on import of rough and harsh cotton of less than 3/4" staple. Little is known about the census submitted by the Treasury in regard to end-use of rough and harsh cotton imported into this country from India. At present this type of cotton is admitted free of duty and without any quantitative restriction for the purpose of manufacturing blankets and blanketing. Both on account of scarcity of other raw material and price advantage of the Indian product this type of cotton has entered into many uses other than those authorised for free import.

3. HEMP.

Sunn Hemp Fibre is used in this country for paper manufacture and oakum manufacture. The inventories of paper manufacturers are satisfactory, while those of oakum manufacturers have been completely exhausted. For the current year, the Government of India established a quota of 3,000 tons but export licenses were to be issued only after the first of July.

Some importers have been very critical of the total embargo placed on export of old hemp rope cuttings. They have been informed that embargo has been imposed in order to conserve this raw material for the Indian paper manufacturing industry. Some of the importers who made contracts in India for this raw material many months ago are not satisfied with the explanation.

4. BONES.

In April last the Government of India abolished export control on crushed bones.

5. WOOL.

Orders of the Government of India announcing decontrol of exports of gray and black wools and abolition of the "established export" principle in regard to export of white and yellow wools have been received here with great satisfaction.

6. SHELLAC.

While the U.S. Shellac Importers' Association was sharply divided on the advisability of lifting the Indian export price control, the sudden decision of the Government of India to abolish this control did not evoke hostile criticism from any quarter. Since the lifting of the control, apparently trade is moving smoothly if absence of complaint is good evidence. In this field, synthetic substitutes have secured a firm foothold to an appreciable extent in the manufacture of gramophone records. It is unlikely that this ground will be regained by Shellac. The Radio Corporation of America, the largest manufacturers of gramophone records, have definitely gone for the synthetic substitutes. It is certain that manufacturers of synthetic substitutes are spending large sums of

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money to raise the efficiency ratio of substitutes and to effect price economies. Importers of the natural product have generally adopted a policy of "wait and see". This is not restricting their current operations because the demand for the natural product is still keen and the volume of the demand will take care of all the supplies that India can make during the next two or three years.

Imports from India.

Numerous enquiries have been made from this office in regard to the possibility of developing imports from India. Over 50 per cent of these enquiries pertain to industrial raw materials like Jute and Jute Goods, Raw Cotton, Shellac and Bone. Despite the fact that India is progressively pursuing a policy of decontrol, supplies have not become available in such volume as to hold out prospects of successful trading to newcomers. The existing trade in most industrial raw materials is firmly held by shippers on the Indian side and importers and agents on the U.S.A. side. Even so, every effort is made by this office to put suitable parties in touch with Indian principals. The same policy is pursued in respect of industrial raw materials of lesser importance like coir yarn. The remaining 50 per cent enquiries pertain to a wide variety of finished goods, e.g., carpets, druggets, coir mats, numdahs, sports goods, silks, embroideries, ivoryware, etc. In quite a few cases, ex-soldiers returned from India having tentatively developed connections, come to this office for advice as to the method of operation. In other cases, parties seek advice of this office in regard to the method of approach of agents they have sent or propose to send out to India to survey the situation.

In regard to the latter category of goods, before trade can develop on a substantial scale, Indian manufacturers must adapt their production to styles and fashion tastes acceptable in this country. Therefore, whenever local parties have been put in connection with Indian firms, advice has been given invariably that, in the first instance, representative samples may be imported to secure a meeting of minds on the nature of bulk supplies and terms of trading. In this connection it is hoped that bi-lateral negotiations for tariff concessions will proceed smoothly and apace so that positive results may be achieved.

REPORT OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR IRAN, TEHRAN, FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1946.

General.

The reaction of political unrest in Iran has been discouraging upon commercial enterprise. There has been only a little activity in the business circles induced by the agreement between the Central Government and the Azerbaijan Government.

Other matters of general interest are as follows:—

(a) *Floods*.—Contrary winds, the unusual high tides and spate in the river—all combined to cause extensive flooding in the area around Abadan, and between Khorramshahr and Ahwaz. Reports indicate that, quite apart from damage to crops and property, etc., at least Rials 70 million worth of stores purchased from the U. S. Army Disposals Organisation may have been entirely ruined by the floods. The waters have since subsided substantially, and the situation is now returning to normal.

(b) The Tudeh Party, with other workers and labour organisations, such as the Hizb-i-Iran, the United Central Workers' Council, the Engineers' Club and the Engineers' Syndicate, have formed a society known as the Society for Protection of Home Industries. It might, in the course of time, bring pressure on the Central Government for protective legislation in the shape of import tariffs.

(c) Plans for the piping of drinking water throughout the capital are now going forward, and the work might be completed in about two years time.

(d) Weekly postal service by air has been established between Tehran and Meshed.

(e) The Iranian Press has impressed the desirability of strengthening trade, economic and cultural relations with Russia. It is likely that economic negotiations with Russia will start soon.

(f) *Release of Sugar from the Customs Houses*.—A copy of translation of news item regarding release of sugar which has been lying in the Customs Houses since the 8th December 1945, as published in the Daily *Ittefaat* of the 4th July 1946, is given below:—

The Council of Ministers in their session of the 27th Khordad 1325 (17.6.1946), in accordance with the proposition of the Ministry of Finance approved that the sugar belonging to merchants which has already been in the Customs warehouses on the 8th December 1945, and which is still lying there, may be released from the customs against payment of Rials 5 per kilo, as Government Trade Profit, in addition to import taxes and duties. The storage fee levied on this sugar will be in accordance with the provisions of Article 106 of the Imports and Exports Regulations, but the provisions of the note appended to this article will not be applicable in the case of this sugar.

(g) The export of goods from Iran (after meeting customs and foreign exchange formalities) has been rendered free, and no special licence is required except in cases of certain categories of goods. In this connection translation of an extract from the Daily *Paras* Agency News Bulletin, dated the 18th June 1946, is given below:—

Upon the proposal of the Ministry of Commerce and Industries the Council of Ministers approved that:

The export of goods from Iran (after meeting customs and foreign exchange formalities) has been rendered free and no special licence is required except in the case of the following three categories of goods:

(A) The export of these goods is forbidden unless special permit is obtained for them in each case:—

- (1) Arms and munitions.
- (2) Gold and silver in the form of ingots, coins and articles made of these with the exception of passenger's ornaments.
- (3) Wheat, barley, rice and their respective flours.
- (4) Raw cow and buffalo skins.
- (5) Butter, animal fat and tallow (except lard).
- (6) Raw jute.
- (7) Livestock (sheep, goat, ewe, cow, buffalo, horse, camel, donkey and mule).
- (8) Foreign manufactured cotton piecegoods, sugar and tea.

(B) The export of these goods is under Government monopoly and/or the exclusive right to export them has been granted by the Government to certain Institutes:—

- (1) Opium and its derivatives. This is in the monopoly of the Ministry of Finance and the Tobacco and Opium Monopoly Administration.
- (2) Tobacco and its derivatives.
- (3) Fishing products of the Caspian Sea. This is in the monopoly of the Irano-Soviet Fishing Company and free of all undertakings in cash or kind.
- (4) Petroleum products. This is at the disposal of the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company and free of all undertakings in cash or kind.

(C) Export of these goods is subject to the special conditions detailed below:—

(1) Export of livestock and animal products is subject to sanitary certificate issued by the Iranian Veterinary Department, unless these are exported to countries where they do not ask for such certificates.

(2) Export of palm trees, young and big fruit trees, tobacco, beet and jute seeds, and timber is subject to the previous approval of the Ministry of Agriculture.

(3) Export of ancient relics is subject to the approval of the Ministry of Education.

With effect from the date of issue of this Decree, Article 7 of the Import, Export and Foreign Exchange Regulations, Appendices 1 to 5 attached thereto, and all decrees in conflict with this decree are hereby cancelled. Naturally the export of domestic tea requires certificate from the Ministry of Commerce and Industries and similarly, for the export of domestic cotton piecegoods and sugar, certificate from the Ministry of Commerce and Industry is required.

Agriculture.—Reports are uniformly satisfactory, and it seems fairly certain that there will be a bumper crop in Iran this year.

Cereals.—Iran has not so far done anything substantial to relieve the famine situation in India. Export licences have been issued for France and Greece, but only a negligible quantity of foodstuffs has been exported, except, of course, from Azerbaijan to Russia. A good deal of the stocks of grain lying in silos is said to be in a poor condition.

In accordance with the resolution of the Cabinet, the Minister of Commerce and Industry has been authorised to allow the export of ten thousand tons of rice and fifty thousand tons of barley. The British Embassy, Tehran, has taken up the question of exports to India out of the quantities of rice and barley mentioned above, with the Government of Iran.

Textiles.—Prices of textiles have varied a good deal during the month. Reports from East Persia indicate hardening of prices of Indian piecegoods generally on account of Government of India's orders that millowners should not manufacture any cloth for export before 1st August 1946. In western Iran—Hamadan and Kermanshah—prices have been slightly weaker. In the Tehran bazaar the market for piecegoods remained active and prices tended upwards. Russian sales have been small, but the range of goods offered has been somewhat surprising. Certain quantities of fine count cotton piecegoods (poplins, woven stripes, cambrics and shirtings) have been sold in the Tehran market at reasonable prices.

Trade.

(a) The market has remained dull with money still very tight. Trade between the capital and Azerbaijan province has not developed as rapidly as was anticipated at the time of the official announcement of the settlement of the Azerbaijan question. Foreign exchange has been in poor demand.

(b) *Foreign Trade of Iran*.—The latest figures available are for the period 21st March 1945 to 20th January 1946 (10 months).

During the period referred to, India ranked first among the suppliers of fish (the only supplier), tea, dry and fresh fruits, spices, wheat and wheat flour, rice and paddy (the only supplier), cereals and legumen, fruits and oilseeds, grasses and seeds of industrial and medicinal value, granulated and lump sugar (first in quantity and second in value), lamp oil (the only supplier), goat and sheep leather (first in quantity and second in value), pure cotton piecegoods (first in quantity and second in value), yarn and other piecegoods and dresses and ready-made clothing (in both cases in quantity only), glassware (first in value and second in quantity), articles

made of non-precious metals, other vehicles and spare parts thereof (in both cases in quantity only). India had a substantial share in the supply of "other kinds of gums and plant extracts", cement "other food materials", flavours and attar, resin and solid vehicle tyres, cotton, articles made of stone and other minerals, iron and steel tools, and electric machinery and spare parts. There was, however, a decline in the quantity of imports of tea. India's share during the period 21-11 to 20-12-1945 was 834,681 kilos valued at Rials 25,307,074 as compared with 29,261 kilos valued at Rials 2,068,726 during the period 22-12-45 to 20-1-46. The imports of spices and cotton piecegoods showed a substantial increase as compared with the period 21-11 to 20-12-45.

India maintained a high position among the importers of Iranian goods during the period 22-12-45 to 20-1-46. She ranked first among the importers of pistachio and shelled pistachio, saffron, red rose, grasses and seeds of industrial and medicinal value (in value only), asafoetida, and gum of wild almond. She had a substantial share in the imports of shelled almonds, cuminseeds, gum tragacanth, raw skin, wool and carpets of all kinds.

Trade Enquiries.

A very large number of enquiries from exporters in India were received during the month and dealt with expeditiously. These related to export from India of:—

Brass and gold plated ladies' ornaments, artistic woodwares, spices, dyes and chemicals, drugs and medicines, electrical goods, soaps, lace, embroidery, footwear and leather goods, surgical dressings, woollen blankets and tweeds, cutlery, sports goods, hosiery, liver oil, cement, tea, paints, building materials, non-ferrous metals, glassware, textiles, miscellaneous stores and general merchandise—all sorts, etc.

Enquiries received during the month from importers in Iran related to:—

Import into Iran of tea, sugar, textiles, yarns and threads, motor vehicles and bicycles, rubber products, stationery, door and window fittings, cutlery, sundries and general merchandise, etc.

Apart from introductions of suitable importers and exporters in Iran to Indian firms and vice versa, names of Iranian trade journals and newspapers, etc., and addresses of their publishers, together with the rates of subscription and advertisements in these papers, were duly supplied to the Indian enquirers. Information on exchange rates in force in Iran and prevailing market prices of certain goods was supplied, and publicity on behalf of Indian exporters of repute was given by means of distributing their catalogues and price lists and exhibition of samples, etc.

General Credit Position.

The Bank discount rate remains unaltered at 9 per cent per annum, whilst the bazaar rate has again fluctuated between 12 and 24 per cent. According to Bank reports, most transactions are being settled in cash.

Rates.

Black & Bourne—Tehran.

Dollar—Drafts.	Rls. 37-50—39-00 per dollar.
Dollar—Notes.	Rls. 38-00—38-50 per dollar.
Iraq Dinar Notes.	Rls. 132-00—133-00 per Iraq Dinar.
Sterling Notes.	Rls. 130-00—132-00 per £ sterling.
Sterling Drafts.	Rls. 130-00—137-50 per £ sterling.
Baghdad rate for [Rial] Notes.	Rls. 130-50 (12th June 1946).

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REPORT ON THE WORK OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER IN AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND, SYDNEY, DURING 1944-45

BY

V. C. VIJAYA RAGHAVAN, Esq.

INTRODUCTION.

This report covers the work done by the Indian Government Trade Commissioner in Australia and New Zealand during the period of twelve months ended 31st March, 1945, and is the fourth annual report to be issued from this office.

As far as India's trade with Australia and New Zealand was concerned, it was again handicapped through Governmental restrictions and, consequently, the scope for private enterprise and initiative in the field of commerce and industry continued to be confined to a very narrow field. In these abnormal circumstances, little could be done by way of publicity. A few lectures were delivered during the year on economic subjects, and visits were paid to trade centres. Although the future prospects of India's trade with Australia and New Zealand are quite reassuring, I would again like to emphasise that Indian business methods leave considerable room for improvement. It is of the greatest importance that the overseas buyer should have the fullest confidence in the business integrity of the Indian exporter. Cases have again been brought to my notice in which goods shipped did not correspond, in regard to quality, with the original sample sent to the buyer. In other cases, samples sent from India were very often far from adequate. Complaints have also been made of the inadequate attention paid to packing. Several complaints on the delay in receiving replies from Indian firms have also been brought to my notice; this is most regrettable and exasperating, as time is the essence of commercial transactions.

Competitors, old and new, would appear in due course to challenge India's position in the Australian market. The production of substitute materials and the introduction of new methods of manufacture would tend to bring about revolutionary

changes in the direction and volume of trade. The greatest vigilance would, therefore, have to be exercised in order to maintain and, if possible, to improve the position which India has won during the period of the war. Every country has its own characteristic tastes and peculiarities in regard to the commodities which it consumes, and the producer who has studied these special requirements and has embodied them in his products, will naturally secure the business. It is suggested, therefore, that Indian manufacturers and exporters should devote particular attention to intensive study of the market conditions in Australia and New Zealand and take steps to meet the changing conditions and demands of the consumer. The shape of post-war trade and economic collaboration now begins to loom more distinctly and it behoves the Indian manufacturers and exporters to prepare. They should play their part by maintaining the highest standards of quality and by labelling and packaging export goods according to the requirements of particular markets.

TRADE OF INDIA WITH AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The following table summarizes the percentage share of the United Kingdom, United States of America and India in Australia's external trade during 1944-45, as compared with 1938-39, a pre-war year:—

	Exports.		Imports.	
	1938-39.	1944-45 (9 months).	1938-39.	1944-45 (9 months).
United Kingdom	54.4	34.1	41.6	31.8
United States	8.0	18.8	15.1	39.1
India	7.8	17.7	3.9	8.5
All Empire Countries	13.4	28.9	15.0	11.6
All Foreign Countries	27.6	8.5	25.3	9.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Australia's Trade with India.

The following table shows the value of imports of Indian origin into Australia during each of the last five years, arranged according to classes:—

IMPORTS FROM INDIA.

(Value in £ Sterling.)

Item No.	Classes of Goods.	Year ended 30th June.					Year ended 31st March.	
		1938-39.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1943-44.	1944-45.
I.	Foodstuffs, Animal Origin	236	1,470	1,804	6,983	3,589	5,540	3,089
II.	Foodstuffs, Vegetable Origin	170,059	317,443	1,164,795	1,891,111	1,735,311	1,510,296	1,404,715
III.	Spirituuous Liquors	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
IV.	Tobacco, etc.	..	..	19	117,556	19,445	22,367	1,953
V.	Live Animals	1,674	294	38	..	..	..	106
VI.	Animal Substances, etc.	185,016	134,076	1,210,020	192,741	215,681	183,069	295,296
VII.	Vegetable Substances	438,748	1,451,451	1,578,011	1,864,291	1,609,301	7,661,585	1,865,238
VIII.	Apparel, Textiles, Yarns	1,975,956	4,910,943	7,914,535	10,830,846	15,263,843	15,613,250	10,964,187



R 92903 W. 31-1-47.

"PUBLICITY SYNDICATE."

IMPORTS FROM INDIA—contd. (Value in £ Sterling.)

Item No.	Classes of Goods.	Year ended 30th June.					Year ended 31st March.	
		1938-39.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1943-44.	1944-45.
IX.	Oils, Fats, Waxes	2,849	69,040	45,918	107,253	47,324	92,559	204,180
X.	Paints and Varnishes	..	..	311	..	85	85	5,754
XI.	Stones, Minerals and Ore	8,415	19,833	13,740	29,801	105,563	97,878	34,745
XII.	Machinery and Metal Manufactures.	..	..	5,403	6,907	453,872	453,000	8,143
XIII.	Rubber and Leather	8,091	9,481	13,534	2,187	811,628	812,720	40,913
XIV.	Wood and Wicker	1,340	2,381	3,496	1,241	7,120	6,460	3,254
XV.	Earthenware, Cements, etc.	..	..	8,398	3,447	2,635	2,634	3,360
XVI.	Paper and Stationery	..	..	3,296	88	1,123	1,031	11,079
XVII.	Jewellery, Timepieces and Fancy Goods.	8,552	10,515	6,641	4,676	5,886	4,206	4,485
XVIII.	Optical, Surgical and Scientific Instruments.	..	..	10,941	46,309	6,549	7,006	3,132
XIX.	Drugs, Chemicals and Fertilizers	6,199	33,497	43,882	54,035	51,555	54,641	42,358
XX.	Miscellaneous	63,164	51,719	56,480	164,325	404,282	407,837	87,283
XXI.	Bullion and Specie	f. n. a.	f. n. a.	f. n. a.	f. n. a.	..	..	..
		2,870,297	7,011,522	11,083,262	15,324,697	20,744,792	20,936,173	14,988,670

In the following table the exports from Australia to India are shown according to the same classification as for imports:—

EXPORTS TO INDIA.

(Value in £ Australian.)

Item No.	Classes of Goods.	Year ended 30th June.					Year ended 31st March.	
		1938-39.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1943-44.	1944-45.
I.	Foodstuffs, Animal origin	70,137	618,585	1,034,668	571,268	2,387,220	1,359,500	3,865,820
II.	Foodstuffs, Vegetable origin	1,009,633	342,543	657,852	1,745,114	3,180,910	2,032,098	7,797,560
III.	Spirituuous Liquors	3,762	254,172	151,751	108,117	145,221	137,313	150,330
IV.	Tobacco, etc.	..	..	414	6,566	282	6,445	288
V.	Live Animals	56,676	28,300	6,170	..	3	3	1,955
VI.	Animal Substances, etc.	160,337	736,779	1,110,679	1,306,517	1,869,101	1,781,196	1,528,373
VII.	Vegetable Substances	1,100	1,578	1,114	59	115	59	489
VIII.	Apparel, Textiles, Yarns	1,682	110,216	1,078,123	1,717,364	1,306,773	2,154,218	282,883
IX.	Oils, Fats, Waxes	99,029	133,587	240,941	160,161	191,163	167,213	161,336
X.	Paints and Varnishes	772	1,685	2,506	10,409	4,118	3,912	1,120
XI.	Stones, Minerals and Ore	3,852	1,773	1,313	250	22	22	8,968
XII.	Machinery and Metal Manufactures.	401,229	405,607	662,392	512,287	840,933	646,062	1,761,625
XIII.	Rubber and Leather	413	90,497	208,584	10,768	8,098	7,773	41,680
XIV.	Wood and Wicker	53	11,288	2,046	378	87	109	813
XV.	Earthenware, Cements, etc.	..	..	2,617	492	420	320	75,542
XVI.	Paper and Stationery	928	5,290	42,712	46,023	10,031	13,490	14,559
XVII.	Jewellery, Timepieces and Fancy Goods.	800	8,912	8,631	593	547	401	1,027
XVIII.	Optical, Surgical and Scientific Instruments.	..	..	6,358	7,971	3,508	3,086	1,531
XIX.	Drugs, Chemicals and Fertilizers	3,855	48,527	67,339	37,738	73,653	58,573	100,544
XX.	Miscellaneous	25,438	105,565	592,017	527,269	424,894	453,316	630,369
XXI.	Bullion and Specie	23,633	52	430,317	..	..	..	..
		1,963,229	2,873,956	7,124,234	6,769,246	10,456,720	8,825,009	16,426,811

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Imports from India.—Australia's total imports from British India during the year ended 31st March 1945, were valued at £14,988,676, a decrease of £5,947,497 as compared with the value for the previous year. As compared with the pre-war year 1938-39, ended 30th June, there was an increase of over £12 million. The details of the import trade are dealt with in the chapter relating to "Commodities".

Exports to India.—The total exports of Australian goods to India during the year ended 31st March 1945, valued at £A. 16,426,811, showed a remarkable increase over the value for the previous year, which amounted to £A. 8,825,009. There was a spectacular increase in the exports of goods classified under

"Foodstuffs of Animal and Vegetable Origin". The exports of products in this category alone amounted to £A. 11,663,380 during 1944-45, as compared with £A. 3,391,598 in 1943-44. The principal single items included in this category were butter, cheese, honey, dehydrated mutton, processed meats, tinned meats, milk and cream, biscuits, wheat, wheat flour, jams and fruit jellies. Noteworthy increases were also recorded in the exports of commodities included in the following categories:— "Metals, Metal Manufactures and Machinery"; "Earthenware, Cements, China, Glass and Stoneware"; "Drugs, Chemicals and Fertilizers"; and "Miscellaneous" (principally Arms). A detailed itemized list of the commodities exported to India is not readily available for publication.

AUSTRALIA'S BALANCE OF TRADE WITH INDIA.

[Value in £ Sterling (000).]

	Total Imports.		Percentage Share of India.	Total Exports.		Percentage Share of India.	Balance of Trade (in favour of India).
	All Countries.	India.		All Countries.	India.		
Twelve Months ended 30th June—							
1938-39	102,166	2,870	2.76	112,201	1,572	1.40	1,298
1940-41	111,917	7,011	6.29	125,365	2,290	1.83	4,712
1941-42	152,005	11,083	7.24	134,927	5,527	4.09	5,556
1942-43	211,534	14,863	7.0	100,245	5,586	5.7	9,277
1943-44	210,253	20,751	9.9	117,111	8,102	6.9	12,640
Twelve Months ended 31st March—							
1943-44	229,607	20,936	9.1	111,269	7,060	6.3	12,870
1944-45	181,504	14,989	8.3	121,868	13,141	10.8	1,848
Nine Months ended 31st March—							
1943-44	172,974	17,476	10.1	83,162	5,542	6.7	11,934
1944-45	140,253	11,720	8.4	87,919	10,318	11.7	1,402

Of particular interest is the striking increase in the exports of Australian goods to India in recent years. While imports from India during the period under review show a marked decrease from the previous year, the balance of trade continues to be in favour of India, although this figure has contracted from £12,870,000 in 1943-44 to £1,848,000 during 1944-45.

* To be published in a later issue of the Journal.



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New Zealand's Trade with India.

The following table gives the comparative values of the Dominion's trade with India:—

(Value in £.N.Z.)

	Exports to India.	Imports from India.	Balance in favour of India.
Year ended 31st December—			
1939	145,548	705,088	+559,540
1940	770,511	1,432,431	+655,920
1941	1,039,756	1,360,336	+320,580
1942	871,078	1,813,867	+942,789
1943	2,564,386	2,922,541	+358,155
1944	4,068,326	3,262,314	—806,012
Year ended 31st March—			
1943	956,887	1,858,686	+901,799
1944	3,170,481	3,481,047	+310,566
1945	3,930,468	3,417,875	—512,593

The outstanding feature of the Dominion's trade with India during the calendar year 1944 has been the record total of exports, the aggregate value being £ 4,068,326, an increase of almost 60 per cent above the total for 1943. The imports from India also recorded a slight increase during the calendar year 1944 as compared with 1943, the value for 1944 being 11.6 per cent greater than that for 1943. For the first time in recent years of India's trade with the Dominion, the balance of trade has shifted during the period under review in favour of New Zealand.

NEW ZEALAND'S EXPORTS TO INDIA.

Comparative values of the Dominion's principal exports to India during the last three years are tabulated below:—

(Value in £.N.Z.)

Commodities.	Year ended 31st March.		
	1943.	1944.	1945.
Milk, dried	87,841	10,083	361,700
Biscuits	35,750	479,597	14,726
Oats	..	209,517	17,045
Wool	742,788	615,574	160,551
Tallow	23,144	18,605	18,756
Apparel	..	36,520	..
Nails and Tacks	..	31,453	98,203
Hardware	..	33,600	57,814

NEW ZEALAND'S EXPORTS TO INDIA—contd.

(Value in £.N.Z.)

Commodities.	Year ended 31st March.		
	1943.	1944.	1945.
Concrete Mixers	..	26,145	31,428
Ordnance Stores	..	1,275,317	2,157,815
Infants' and Invalids' Foods	..	..	4,755
Confectionery	..	..	31,012
Provisions	..	..	69,696
Wireless Sets	..	125,840	33,000
Insulators	..	..	54,904
Industrial Machinery	..	..	70,249
Earthenware	..	..	13,220
Firefighting Appliances	..	86,165	52,420
Wires, all kinds	..	25,245	..
Wall Board	..	74,447	22,599
Electrical Apparatus	..	..	99,000
Dehydrated Meat	..	..	67,200
Valves	..	..	49,700
Brushware	..	..	46,875
Pipes, all kinds	..	..	5,916
Re-exports	..	..	208,587
Other items	..	..	203,297
TOTAL EXPORTS .	956,887	3,170,481	3,950,468

It will be observed that the exports during the year ended 31st March, 1945, have registered a marked increase over the exports during the similar period in 1943 and 1944. The largest increase was recorded in the export of goods under item "Ordnance Stores". The exports of goods under this category increased in value from £ 1,275,317 during 1943-44 to £ 2,157,815 in 1944-45. It will be observed that during the years 1943-44 and 1944-45, the Dominion exported to India several commodities which normally do not feature in the export trade with India. Amongst the items of normal exports, there has been a large increase in the shipment of dried milk to India during 1944-45. The exports of oats and wool during 1944-45 have registered a considerable fall.

IMPORTS FROM INDIA INTO NEW ZEALAND.

The following statement shows the comparative values of the imports into New Zealand of goods of Indian origin during the last three years:—

(Value in £.N.Z.)

Commodities.	Year ended 31st March.		
	1943.	1944.	1945.
Isinglass	2,441	6,791	5,264
Capors, curry powder, etc.	914	1,987	..
Grain and Pulse, unprepared	7,032	4,620	4,491
Nuts	28,714	66,735	41,212
Spices	31,007	27,234	19,110
Coffee, raw	3,789	1,793	..
Tea	19,787	42,203	183,987

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IMPORTS FROM INDIA INTO NEW ZEALAND—contd.

(Value in £. N.Z.)

Commodities.	Year ended 31st March.		
	1943.	1944.	1945.
Engineers' Waste	18,582	16,769	7,422
Fibres, Hemp and Jute	19,380		7,059
Shellac	23,003	23,933	9,156
Tanning Materials	603	7,166	7,120
Coir, Jute and Hemp Yarn	9,444	87,919	6,900
Minor Articles for Apparel	3,754	9,052	6,150
Draperies, laces and ribbons.	46	8	13,496
Carpets and Matting	13,910	179,986	274,179
Cotton Piecegoods	761,006	501,531	1,008,599
Jute Piecegoods	219,093	249,458	194,382
Cornsacks	229,917	414,629	240,340
Woolpacks	146,294	251,847	108,109
Other Sacks	96,601	410,269	802,741
Vegetable Oils	43,402	32,671	45,013
Cotton Yarn	52,936	44,398	8,768
Raw Cotton	7,901	22,620	9,019
Cotton Tickings	15,144	8,546	9,517
Sporting Requisites	999	2,812	16,876
Brushmakers' materials	6,140	21,929	6,708
Ordnance Stores, etc.	16,888	876,557	122,489
Other Items	79,957	187,575	259,968
TOTAL IMPORTS	1,858,686	3,481,047	3,417,875

The total imports into New Zealand of goods of Indian origin during the years ended 31st March, 1945, have recorded a fall of £ 63,172, as compared with the corresponding period of the previous year. The chief single category under which the largest fall was recorded was "Ordnance Stores, etc.". Imports of goods under this category fell from £ 876,557 in 1943-44 to £ 122,489 during 1944-45.

The principal commodities imported in larger quantities during the period under review were the following:—

Tea; draperies, laces and ribbons; carpets and matting; cotton piecegoods; sacks other than cornsacks and woolpacks; vegetable oils and sporting requisites.

The commodities imported in smaller quantities were:—Curry powder; nuts and spices; engineers' waste; shellac; coir; jute and hemp yarns; jute piecegoods; cornsacks; woolpacks; cotton yarn; raw cotton and brushmakers' materials.

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

During the year under review, several enquiries were received from firms in India who were interested in finding openings for their products in Australia and New Zealand. A large number of enquiries were also received from business houses in Australia and New Zealand seeking supplies of various commodities from India. Enquiries for exports from Australia and New Zealand, except in special cases of enquiries for capital goods, were passed on to the authorities in Australia and New Zealand for necessary attention.

Enquiries from Indian firms continued to be confined largely to the pre-war items of exports from India and there were very limited enquiries in which new lines of trade could be developed. Names of leading commercial papers and periodicals in Australia and New Zealand were passed on to several enquirers in India who had expressed a desire to advertise. Among the commodities for which firms in India sought openings in Australia and New Zealand were:—

Ajwan oil, art silk goods, beeswax, brushware, carpets, and other types of floor coverings, chemicals, coir yarns and manufactures, cotton (raw), cotton textiles, cotton rags, waste and yarn, crude drugs and herbs, curios and fancy goods, cutlery, dried fruits, edible nuts, electrical goods and appliances, essential oils, fibres, furnishing fabrics, goat hair and goat skins, gums, gunnies, hessians and other jute manufactures, jute webbings, hides and skins, hosiery, Indian produce, imitation jewellery, kapok, lace goods, leather goods, myrobalans, oils and oilseeds, paints, papier maché articles, precious stones, shellac, spices and condiments, sports goods, surgical and veterinary instruments and appliances, tanning extracts, tapestries, tobacco, tools, towels, wood carvings and yarns.

Firms in Australia and New Zealand made enquiries relating to supplies from India of the following commodities:—

Artificial silk goods, basic chemicals, bed ticking, braids, bristles, brushware, building materials, buttons, calico, canes and rattans, carpets and rugs, coir goods, cosmetics, cotton liners, cotton textiles, cotton tape, cotton waste and rags, crochet, embroidery and lace goods, dental supplies and materials, drugs, electrical goods and appliances, engineering goods, fibres, floor coverings, furnishing fabrics, glass containers and glassware, hardware, hoods and capo lines, imitation jewellery, jute yarns, leather goods, metals, mica, monazite, myrobalan extract, nux vomica, oils and oilseeds, paints, plywood, proprietary medicines, potassium nitrate, rosary beads and crucifixes, skins, sporting goods and requisites, straw goods, tapestries, tools, towels and toys.

[N.B.—Further particulars will be published in later issues of the Indian Trade Journal.]

MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.
Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 7th October—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 57-0-0
per md. loose.	
Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 53-0-0
per md. loose.	

Summary of Market Conditions.—Further advances have been recorded in the linseed market during the week due to the acute shortage of supplies, and trading has been negligible. Arrivals into this centre have been very scarce and ready stocks almost non-existent. The local oil mills have been less keen to buy small ready lots at the increasing prices demanded by sellers and very little business has been reported.

Bombay, 1st October—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 14-10-0
per quarter.	

[No stock figures available this week.]

NOTE ON THE PRODUCTION OF SUGAR DIRECTLY FROM CANE IN MODERN FACTORIES IN INDIA DURING THE SEASON 1945-46

BY

D. K. BRAHMA, Esq., B.Sc. (GLAS.), Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

I.—Introduction.

THE output of sugar directly from cane in season 1945-46 was even less than in 1944-45, the production being 0.4 lakh tons against 9.5 lakh tons in the previous season. The main reasons for the disappointing production were cane shortage, the cane crop being adversely affected due to the failure of winter rains, and the shortness of the working season. A large number of factories also did not work during the season. Of 164 factories existing in India, as many as 18 factories failed to work in 1945-46. The average number of days worked by factories was only 96 in the United Provinces and 79 in Bihar.

The recovery of sugar was 10.00 per cent for the United Provinces, 10.49 per cent for Bihar and 10.00 per cent for the whole country. The working season extended roughly from December to March.

II.—Number of Factories Operating.

In season 1945-46, only 145 factories worked out of a total of 164 factories existing in India. 18 factories did not operate and one has been excluded since it is a small experimental factory for training students, with a nominal output.

Table I shows the distribution according to Provinces of cane factories operating in the past three seasons:—

TABLE I.—Distribution of Factories According to Provinces.

Serial No.	Provinces.	NUMBER OF FACTORIES.		
		Season 1945-46.	Season 1944-45.	Season 1943-44.
1	United Provinces	67	67	70
2	Bihar	29	29	31
3	Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces.	3	3	2
4	Madras	11	11	12
5	Bombay	10	10	10
6	Bengal	7	4	6
7	Orissa	1	1	2
8	Indian States	17	16	18
	TOTAL	145	140	151

III.—Duration of Season.

The distribution of factories according to dates of commencement of season is shown in Table II:—

TABLE II.—Dates of Commencement of Cane Crushing in the Seasons 1944-45 and 1945-46.

Date of Starting.	NUMBER OF FACTORIES.				NUMBER OF FACTORIES.			
	Season 1945-46.				Season 1944-45.			
	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	Total for India.	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	Total for India.
Before 4th October	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	1
4th to 31st October	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	1
1st to 7th November	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	1
8th to 14th November	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
15th to 21st November	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
22nd to 28th November	16	..	..	16	..	..	..	..
29th November to 5th December	10	6	..	16	20	1	..	21
6th to 12th December	15	3	10	28	17	1	..	18
13th to 19th December	10	..	..	10	11	..	..	11
20th to 26th December	4	..	..	4	4	..	..	4
27th December to 2nd January	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3rd to 9th January	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	1
10th to 16th January	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
17th to 23rd January	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
24th to 30th January	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
After 30th January	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	67	29	40	145	67	29	44	140

The distribution of factories according to dates of closing of season is shown in Table III:—

TABLE III.—Dates of Closing of Seasons 1944-45 and 1945-46.

Date of Closing.	NUMBER OF FACTORIES.				NUMBER OF FACTORIES.			
	Season 1945-46.				Season 1944-45.			
	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	Total for India.	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	Total for India.
Before 18th February	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
18th February to 3rd March	4	3	..	7	..	..	..	..
4th to 17th March	21	9	..	30	13	6	..	19
18th to 24th March	10	..	..	10	11	..	..	11
25th to 31st March	11	7	..	18	13	10	..	23
1st to 7th April	7	..	..	7	10	4	..	14
8th to 14th April	7	..	..	7	10	..	..	10
15th to 21st April	1	..	..	1	6	..	..	6
22nd to 28th April	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
29th April to 5th May	3	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
6th to 12th May	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13th to 19th May	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20th to 26th May	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
After 26th May	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	67	29	49	145	67	29	44	140

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The maximum number of days worked by any factory, the minimum number of days worked by any factory and the mean number of days worked by factories in the United Provinces, Bihar and in the rest of India in the seasons 1945-46 and 1944-45 are shown in Table IV :—

TABLE IV.—Number of Days of Actual Working of Factories during the Cane Crushing Seasons 1945-46 and 1944-45.

Particulars.	NUMBER OF DAYS OF ACTUAL WORKING:							
	Season 1945-46.				Season 1944-45.			
	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	Total for India.	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	Total for India.
Maximum number of days worked by any factory.	146	122	185	185	134	120	232	232
Minimum number of days worked by any factory.	37	53	21	21	33	46	21	21
Mean number of days worked by factories.	96	79	96	93	98	78	111	98

In the United Provinces the crushing season extended from the last week of November to the middle of April and in Bihar from the middle of December to the end of March. The length of season

in these provinces was nearly the same as in the last season, but in the rest of India it was shorter.

TABLE V.—Number of Days of Actual Crushing in Seasons 1945-46 and 1944-45.

Number of Working Days.	Season 1945-46.				Season 1944-45.			
	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	Total for India.	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	Total for India.
180 and over	..	..	2	2	..	..	2	2
160 to 170	..	..	3	3	..	..	3	3
150 to 159	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	1
140 to 149	3	..	2	5	1	..	2	3
130 to 139	..	..	2	2	3	..	6	8
120 to 129	8	1	3	12	6	1	7	14
110 to 119	7	..	3	10	8	..	3	11
100 to 109	12	2	5	19	15	1	6	22
80 to 99	31	10	7	48	24	11	5	40
60 to 79	9	10	0	19	0	14	4	27
59 and below	2	6	11	19	1	2	6	9
TOTAL	67	20	43	145	67	20	44	140

IV.—Capacities of Factories.

The maximum quantity of cane crushed by any factory, the minimum quantity of cane crushed by any factory and the mean quantity of cane crushed by factories in the United Provinces, Bihar and the rest of India are shown in Table VI :—

TABLE VI.—Quantity of Cane Crushed by Factories in 1945-46 and 1944-45.

Particulars.	QUANTITY OF CANE CRUSHED.							
	Season 1945-46.				Season 1944-45.			
	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	All-India.	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	All-India.
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
Maximum crushed by any factory	190,200	101,800	257,200	257,200	206,800	99,500	235,000	225,000
Minimum crushed by any factory	2,500	25,100	1,800	1,800	18,700	29,700	3,000	225,000
Average quantity crushed by factories	76,300	58,000	52,300	64,500	77,400	54,800	58,400	66,400

The maximum, minimum and average actual capacities of factories (tons of cane crushed per day for actual working) during the seasons 1945-46 and 1944-45 are given below :—

TABLE VII.—Cane Crushed per Day in Factories during Seasons 1945-46 and 1944-45.

Particulars.	CANES CRUSHED PER DAY.							
	Season 1945-46.				Season 1944-45.			
	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	All-India.	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	All-India.
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
Maximum for any factory	1,927	1,061	1,850	1,927	1,940	984	1,757	1,940
Minimum for any factory	68	448	39	39	283	459	32	32
Average	796	737	544	697	793	699	524	681

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V.—Sugar Production.

The production of sugar directly from cane in India totalled 944,800 tons in the season 1945-46 against 953,500 tons in 1944-45 and 1,216,400 tons in 1943-44. The production in 1945-46 is 91 per cent less than in 1944-45.

Tables VIII to XII show the quantities of cane crushed and sugar and molasses produced in seasons 1945-46 and 1944-45 in the various Provinces and States :—

TABLE VIII.—Production of Sugar and Molasses in the United Provinces.

Particulars.	1945-46.	1944-45.
Number of factories worked	67	67
Cane crushed	5,113,300	5,185,900
Sugar produced	515,900	528,900
Molasses produced	176,500	174,800
Recovery of sugar per cent cane	10.09	10.20
Recovery of molasses per cent cane	3.45	3.37

TABLE IX.—Production of Sugar and Molasses in Bihar.

Particulars.	1945-46.	1944-45.
Number of factories worked	29	29
Cane crushed	1,683,000	1,588,600
Sugar produced	176,600	169,900
Molasses produced	59,900	53,900
Recovery of sugar per cent cane	10.49	10.69
Recovery of molasses per cent cane	3.56	3.39

TABLE X.—Production of Sugar and Molasses in Bombay, Madras, Punjab and North-West Frontier Province.

Particulars.	1945-46.			1944-45.		
	Bombay.	Madras.	Punjab and North-West Frontier Province.	Bombay.	Madras.	Punjab and North-West Frontier Province.
Number of factories worked	10	11	3	10	10	2
Cane crushed	660,200	549,200	115,400	694,200	510,400	125,100
Sugar produced	72,400	49,200	10,400	74,900	46,500	12,300
Molasses produced	28,400	23,300	3,900	27,300	20,000	3,700
Recovery of sugar per cent cane	10.97	8.96	9.01	10.79	9.11	9.83
Recovery of molasses per cent cane	4.0	4.24	3.38	3.93	4.09	2.96

TABLE XI.—Production of Sugar and Molasses in Bengal, Indian States and Orissa.

Particulars.	1945-46.			1944-45.		
	Bengal.	Indian States.	Orissa.	Bengal.	Indian States.	Orissa.
Number of factories worked	7	17	1	4	16	1
Cane crushed	244,200	973,300	20,900	123,100	1,091,600	24,400
Sugar produced	22,600	95,600	2,100	12,000	106,400	2,600
Molasses produced	9,900	37,500	1,000	4,900	41,600	1,200
Recovery of sugar per cent cane	9.25	9.82	10.05	9.75	9.75	10.65
Recovery of molasses per cent cane	4.05	3.85	4.78	3.98	3.81	4.02



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TABLE XII.—Total Production of Sugar and Molasses in India.

Particulars.	1945-46.	1944-45.
Number of factories worked	145	140
Cane crushed Tons	9,359,500	9,343,300
Sugar produced "	944,800	953,500
Molasses produced "	338,200	328,300
Recovery of sugar per cent cane	10.09	10.21
Recovery of molasses per cent cane	3.62	3.51

The recoveries of sugar per cent cane for factories in the different tracts during the seasons 1945-46 and 1944-45 were as shown in Table XIII:—

TABLE XIII.—Percentage Recoveries of Sugar from Cane.

Particulars.	RECOVERY OF SUGAR FROM CANE.							
	1945-46.				1944-45.			
	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	All-India.	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	All-India.
Maximum for any factory	11.21	11.79	12.28	12.28	11.31	11.84	11.65	11.84
Minimum for any factory	7.84	8.93	6.01	6.01	8.47	9.0	6.93	8.93
For the tract as a whole	10.09	10.49	9.84	10.09	10.20	10.69	9.92	10.21

The highest recovery for the season was 12.28 per cent against 11.84 per cent in the preceding season. The average extraction for the whole country was 10.09 per cent as against 10.21 per cent in the previous season. The recoveries decreased by 0.11 per cent in the United Provinces, 0.20 per cent in Bihar and in the rest of India by 0.08 per cent.

The distribution of factories according to recoveries of sugar per cent cane was as shown in Table XIV:—

TABLE XIV.—Recovery of Sugar.

Recovery of Sugar per cent Cane.	NUMBER OF FACTORIES HAVING THE GIVEN LIMIT OF RECOVERY.							
	1945-46.				1944-45.			
	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	All-India.	United Provinces.	Bihar.	All other Provinces.	All-India.
11 and higher	2	8	8	18	2	12	8	20
10.5 to 10.9	7	8	4	19	7	10	5	22
10 to 10.4	30	9	4	43	30	10	5	45
9.5 to 9.9	22	4	7	33	24	2	3	29
9 to 9.4	1	1	2	4	1	2	2	5
8.5 to 8.9	4	1	4	9	4	1	4	9
8 to 8.4	1	1	4	6	1	1	4	6
7.5 to 7.9	1	1	5	7	1	1	5	7
7 to 7.4	1	1	5	7	1	1	5	7
6 to 6.9	1	1	5	7	1	1	5	7
5 to 5.9	1	1	5	7	1	1	5	7
Below 5	1	1	5	7	1	1	5	7
TOTAL	67	29	49	145	67	29	44	140

The recoveries of sugar from cane during seasons 1942-43 to 1945-46 for the different tracts are given in Table XV:—

TABLE XV.—Recoveries of Sugar from Cane during the Seasons 1942-43 to 1945-46.

Provinces.	Recovery of Sugar per cent Cane.			
	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1945-46.
United Provinces	10.16	9.92	10.20	10.09
Bihar	10.93	10.53	10.60	10.49
Other Provinces	9.95	9.94	9.92	9.84
All-India	10.28	10.02	10.21	10.09

The following table shows the number of factories working, the total quantities of cane crushed and sugar produced and the recoveries during the past ten seasons:—

TABLE XVI.—Production of Sugar Directly from Cane in Modern Factories in India during the Seasons 1936-37 to 1945-46.

Season.	Number of Factories producing Sugar direct from Cane.	Cane Crushed.	Sugar Produced.	Percentage Recovery for India.
		Tons	Tons	
1936-37	137	11,087,200	1,111,400	9.80
1937-38	136	9,916,400	930,700	9.39
1938-39	139	7,004,800	680,800	9.72
1939-40	145	18,131,700	1,241,700	6.85
1940-41	148	11,200,900	1,093,400	9.76
1941-42	150	8,028,300	778,100	9.69
1942-43	150	10,418,600	1,070,700	10.28
1943-44	151	12,137,900	1,216,400	10.02
1944-45	140	9,343,300	953,500	10.21
1945-46	145	9,359,500	944,800	10.09

VI.—Conclusion.

The production of sugar in India for the two consecutive seasons has fallen short of the minimum requirements of the country. With all efforts to maximise the production, the production of white sugar directly from cane amounted to only 9.5 lakh tons in the season 1944-45 and 9.4 lakh tons in 1945-46. The quantity of sugar in stock with factories and at the markets on 1st November 1945, was about one lakh tons. These stocks added to the current production will not be sufficient for the country's consumption and the quotas allotted to the provinces for civil domestic consumption have had to be tightened up further this year. There will practically be no stock available in the beginning of the coming season to fall upon if production again lags behind requirements in 1946-47. It is, therefore, necessary that all possible steps should be taken to ensure adequate supply of cane to factories for maximising production of sugar in the coming season.



BOOKS OF REFERENCE.

The following publication has been received and may be seen in the Commercial Library attached to the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta:—

U. K. and Parliamentary Publications—

Bulletin of the Imperial Institute, London.—A Record of Progress relating to Agricultural, Mineral and other Industries, with special reference to the Utilisation of the Raw Materials of the Dominions, India and the Colonies—Vol. XLIV, No. 1 (January-March 1946).

GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUEs AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

COTTON TEXTILES (RAW MATERIALS AND STORES) CONTROL ORDER, 1946—

The following Press Note, dated the 30th September 1946, has been issued by the Textile Commissioner, Bombay:—

The Central Government have by a notification published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 28th September 1946, issued the Cotton Textiles (Raw Materials and Stores) Control Order, 1946, under rule 81(2) of the Defence of India Rules. This Order consolidates the Cotton Textiles Dyes and Chemicals Control Order, 1945, the Starch Control Order, 1945, the Hydrosulphite of Soda Control Order, 1945, and the Textile Industry (Miscellaneous Articles) Control Order, 1945.

The articles to which the new Order applies are contained in Schedule 'A' to the Order and relate to Cotton Card Clothing, Card Clothing Sundries, Bobbins for use on Textile machines other than jute and hemp, Shuttles for use in Textile machines other than jute and hemp, imported Tallow, Dyes derived from Coal Tar, Hydrosulphite of Soda and Starch.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: CERTAIN SPECIFIED OFFICERS AUTHORISED TO DISCHARGE THE FUNCTION OF SPECIFYING THE PERSONS TO WHOM CLOTH OR YARN MAY BE SOLD OR DELIVERED: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 84TA/46, dated the 20th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause 21 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, and with the sanction of the Central Government, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's

Notification No. T.C.(13)1/44, dated the 16th December 1944*, namely:—

In the table appended to the said notification after entry No. 4, the following entries shall be added, namely:—

- " 5. Mr. A. S. E. Iyer, Additional Director.
6. Mr. M. G. Gupte, Deputy Director.
7. Mr. Abdul Majid, Assistant Director.
8. Mr. Sohan Singh, Assistant Director."

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: PROCEDURE FOR MARKING OF MAXIMUM PRICES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT WHICH CLOTH OR YARN IMPORTED FROM OUTSIDE INDIA MAY BE SOLD, ETC.: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 83(2)TA/46, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (b) and (c) of Clause 10 and Clause 10A, of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Textile Commissioner No. T.C. (12)/44, dated the 14th October 1944†, namely:—

In paragraph 4 of the said notification after sub-paragraph (3) the following sub-paragraph shall be inserted, namely:—

" 3A. Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-paragraphs (2) and (3) above where the cost to the importer of any consignment of sewing thread of a specific description or variety is the same or proportionately the same as in the immediately previous landed cost certificate issued by the Controller in respect of the said description or variety, it shall be sufficient for the importer to report to the Controller the arrival of the said consignment of sewing thread of the said description or variety together with a true and accurate declaration that the cost thereof to the importer is the same or proportionately the same as in the said previous specified landed cost certificate.

If the "Controller" does not within three weeks of receipt by him of the said report determine afresh the landed cost of the reported consignment, or intimate to the importer his intention to do so, or demand the samples or documents mentioned in sub-paragraph (3) above or make any other enquiry with the importer, the landed cost of the reported consignment shall be deemed to have been determined and certified by the Controller in accordance with the said previous certificate and in such case it shall not be necessary for the Controller to issue a fresh certificate as in sub-paragraph (5) below."

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 28th December 1944, pages 382-83.
† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 26th October 1944, pages 101-05.

RESERVED

COTTON CLOTH (CONTROL OF PRINTING) ORDER, 1945: DELEGATION OF POWERS—

The following Notification [No. 64TB/45, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 15 of the Cotton Cloth (Control of Printing) Order, 1945, I hereby authorise the Controller of Supply and Transport, Cuttack, to perform, within the Province of Orissa, all the functions of the Textile Commissioner under clause 14 of the said Order.

DHARMA VIRA, *Textile Commr.*

IRON AND STEEL (CONTROL OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1941: REVISED MAXIMUM PRICES OF IRON AND STEEL: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. P-13(134), dated the 25th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

The following notification by the Iron & Steel Controller under Clause 11B of the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, is published for general information:—

Amendment.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (1) of Clause 11B, of the Iron & Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, the Controller is pleased to notify the following amendments to the Notification No. SEC-I P-9, dated the 23rd March 1946* :—

(i) In the Schedule of Base Prices—

(a) Delete the words 'and producers other than registered producers' occurring in the heading of Column II and insert a full stop after the word 'Stockholders'.

(b) Insert the word 'Registered' after the words 'persons other than' occurring in Column III.

(ii) General Conditions—

(a) Substitute the following for the existing Part II:—

PART II.—SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR SALES BY CONTROLLED STOCKHOLDERS.

1. The rates shown in Column II above apply to all sales by Controlled Stockholders and are subject to the place extra given in the Freight (Place Extras) List No. 1 of 1945, for the place in which the stockyard is situated.

2. All sales by Controlled Stockholders are ex-yard or F.O.R. siding. No extra charge is admissible when delivery is made ex-yard or F.O.R. siding or into Workshops adjoining Stockholder's Yard. Where delivery is undertaken by a Controlled Stockholder at the request of the buyer, delivery charges shall

not, except by special arrangements between the stockholder and buyer, exceed the following rates:—

	Per ton.
Calcutta & Bombay	Rs. 6-4-0
Cawnpore	" 4-0-0
Lahore	" 5-0-0
Madras	" 4-8-0
Vizianagram	" 3-0-0
Jullundur	" 4-0-0
Karachi	" 3-8-0

3. The rates in Column II above are for cash sales. The question of credit facilities will be a matter for negotiation between the customer and the Controlled Stockholders.

4. Octroi, sales or other taxes incurred in the process of delivery of materials will be borne by customers.

5. The base prices in Column II above are for sizes and lengths available in stock. Customers requiring material cut to lengths or sizes not available in stock will be required to pay cutting and wastage charges agreed between customers and the stockholders.

(b) Insert the word 'Registered' after the words 'all persons other than' occurring in the heading and body of Part III.

The above amendments will apply to all deliveries effected on and after the 1st October 1946.

E. G. SPOONER,
Iron and Steel Controller.

ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ORDINANCE, 1946, TO APPLY TO BRITISH BALUCHISTAN—

The following Notification [No. 202-Pt., dated the 25th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the External Affairs Department:—

In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 95 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General in his discretion is pleased to direct that the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XVIII of 1946)*, shall apply to British Baluchistan.

EMERGENCY PROVISIONS (CONTINUANCE) ORDINANCE, 1946, TO APPLY TO BRITISH BALUCHISTAN—

The following Notification [No. 264-Pt., dated the 25th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the External Affairs Department:—

In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 95 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General in his discretion is pleased to direct that the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946)†, shall apply to British Baluchistan.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd October 1946, pages 25-27.
† See the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd October 1946, page 5.



ALL NON-FERROUS METALS
THE INDIAN SMELTING & REFINING CO., LTD.
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ON I. S. D., A. H. Q. & RAILWAY LISTS.

B. 2944 W. 23-11-46.

**CENTRAL POWER CONTROL BOARD ABOLISHED—**

The following Press Note, dated the 30th September 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Works, Mines and Power:—

The Central Electricity Power Control Board which was set up by the Government of India in February, 1942, with the consent of the Provincial Governments will cease to function from 1st October 1946. This Board was established during the war to administer some of the Electricity Control Orders issued by the Government of India, Provincial Governments and the Chief Commissioners. From now on, the functions of this Board will be performed by the Provincial Governments or the Central Government in respect of centrally administered areas, under the Emergency (Provisions) Continuance Ordinance, 1946*, which provides for the continuance of the various Electricity Control Orders issued under Rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules.

INDIAN CENTRAL COCONUT COMMITTEE: RECENT DECISIONS—

The following Press Note, dated the 3rd October 1946, has been issued by the Secretary, Indian Central Coconut Committee, Ernakulam:—

The Indian Central Coconut Committee, at its meetings held from the 30th September to the 2nd October, under the presidency of Sir Herbert Stewart, Vice-Chairman, Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, among other things, decided—

(1) to extend by one year the Travancore scheme for the investigation of the root and leaf diseases of the coconut tree;

(2) to set up at a cost of about Rs. 12 lakhs two Central Research Stations, one at Kasaragod (S. Kanara) and the other at Kayamkulam (Travancore), and to proceed with the work expeditiously;

(3) to approve of, with suitable modifications, schemes to establish Regional Coconut Research Stations in Travancore, Cochin and Orissa and to contribute 50 p.c. of the recurring expenditure of these stations; and

(4) to set up a special Sub-Committee to report whether the proposed Technological Laboratory of the Committee should be a separate institution or an adjunct to one of the Central Research Stations.

MOTOR CYCLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICE OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CYCLE OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKE AND TYPE—

The following Notification [No. 9LVC(19)/46, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 7 of the Motor Cycles Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is pleased to

* See the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd October 1946, page 5.

specify the maximum retail price of the controlled motor cycle of the make and type described below:—

Make and Type.	Maximum Retail Price.	
James, Auto cycle, 98 c.c.	Rs. 830*	At ports of importation plus octroi paid, if any, and in the case of motor cycles imported by distributors, whose main place of business is away from the ports, plus also transit insurance charges and transportation charges from the port of importation at goods freight rate.
		*This price supersedes the price of Rs. 745 fixed under War Transport Department Notification No. 8 LVC (62)/45, dated 2-2-46.

CIVIL MOTOR CARS CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICE OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CARS OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKES AND TYPES: CORRIGENDUM—

The following Notification [No. 9LVC(34)/46, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

Corrigendum.—Substitute the following for the last item in War Transport Department Notification No. 9LVC(34)/46-II, dated 27th July 1946†:—

"Chrysler Windsor, C-38-W, 4-door, Sedan with standard equipment and (4) 6-50×15 tyres and tubes Rs. 11,380".

COMMERCIALLY IMPORTED TRANSPORT MOTOR VEHICLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES OF COMMERCIALLY IMPORTED TRANSPORT VEHICLES OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKES AND TYPES—

The following Notification [No. 9LVC(34)/46, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

In pursuance of clause 6 of the Commercially Imported Transport Motor Vehicles Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is hereby pleased to specify the maximum retail prices of the

† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 15th August 1946, page 331.

ARJUNA

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commercially imported transport motor vehicles of the makes and types described below :—

Makes and Types.	Maximum Retail Price.	
Bedford, 30 Cwt. Truck Chassis, 120" W. B., Model KZ fitted with (4) 32 x 6 10-ply Tyres Single Rear and with Oil Bath Air Cleaner and Mechanical Tyre Pump.	Rs. 9,870	At main ports of importation, plus octroi paid, if any, and in the case of transport motor vehicles imported by distributors, whose main place of business is away from the main ports, plus two transit insurance charges from the port of importation at goods freight rate, if moved by rail or sea, or at rates sanctioned by the Central Government from time to time, if moved by road.
Bedford Bus Chassis 164" W. B. Model OB fitted with (2) 7-50 x 20 10-ply Tyres Front and (4) 8-25 x 20 Tyres Dual Rear.	8,125	
Cumner, 25 Cwt., 122" W.B. Chassis with tyres and tubes, wind-screens, header bars and spare tyre and tube.	6,025*	
Morris, 5 Cwt., Van	5,875	*This price supersedes the price of Rs. 5,510 fixed under War Transport Department Notification No. 9-LVC (38)/15-1, dated 26th January 1946.
Morris, 10 Cwt., Van	7,845	
Morris Commercial, ECV 13/3R Chassis.	8,340	
Fargo, FK 4-60 180" W. B. Truck Chassis with standard equipment and (6) 32 x 6 10-ply tyres and tubes.	6,830	

CIVIL MOTOR CARS CONTROL ORDER, 1945; MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CARS OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKES AND TYPES—

The following Notification [No. 9-LVC(12)/40, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department :—

In pursuance of clause 6 of the Civil Motor Cars Control Order, 1945; the Central Government is hereby pleased to specify the maximum retail prices of the controlled motor cars of the makes and types described below :—

Makes and Types.	Maximum Retail Price.	
Renault, 8 h.p. Saloon with cloth upholstery, lamps, tools and horn.	Rs. 6,320	At main ports of importation, plus octroi paid, if any, and in the case of motor cars imported by distributors, whose main place of business is away from the main ports, plus two transit insurance charges from the port of importation at goods freight rate, if moved by rail or sea, or at rates sanctioned by the Central Government from time to time, if moved by road.
Morris, 8 h.p., 4-door Sliding head Saloon.	6,555†	
Morris, 8 h.p., 2-door Fixed head Saloon.	6,060†	
Morris, 8 h.p., 2-door Sliding head Saloon.	6,160†	

† These prices supersede the prices of Rs. 6,045, Rs. 5,525 and Rs. 5,700 fixed under War Transport Dept. Notification Nos. 9-LVC (34)/45-II, dated 27-7-46, 9-LVC (2)/46, dated 9-2-46, and 9-LVC (2)/46, dated 9-2-46, respectively.

Makes and Types.	Maximum Retail Price.	
Standard, 8 h.p. Tourer	Rs. 5,845*	
Standard, 8 h.p., Deluxe Saloon.	6,745*	*These prices supersede the prices of Rs. 5,540, Rs. 5,400 and Rs. 8,040 fixed under War Transport Department Notification Nos. 9-LVC(13)/46, dated 6-4-46, 9-LVC (4)/46, dated 23-2-46, and 9-LVC(13)/46, dated 6-1-46, respectively.
Standard, 14 h.p. Deluxe Saloon.	9,100*	
Packard, Six Clipper Touring Sedan, Right-hand drive, Model 1662	10,935	
Extra equipment for Packard Cars.		
Over drive	585	
Radio VAG Antena	450	
Radio ROT Antena	400	
DeSoto, Diplomat, Special Deluxe, "SP.15.C" 4-door, Sedan with standard equipment and (5) 8-00 x 16 4-ply tyres and tubes.	9,065†	†These prices supersede the prices of Rs. 8,825 and Rs. 11,360 fixed under War Transport Department Notification No. 9-LVC (34)/45-II, dated 27-7-46.
Extra for Extreme Duty Springs and Oversized shock absorbers and Stone shields.	85	
Chrysler Windsor, C-38-W, 4-door Sedan with standard equipment and (4) 8-50 x 16 4-ply tyres and tubes.	12,330†	
Extra for Oversized Shock absorbers and Stone shields.	45	
Chrysler New Yorker, C-38-N, 4-door Sedan with standard equipment and (4) 7-00 x 16 4-ply tyres and tubes.	11,070	

RAILWAY EARNINGS—

Approximate Earnings of Period.—The total approximate gross earnings of the Budget lines for the period (10 days) ending 20th August 1946 (14th period), amounted to Rs. 5.29 lakhs. This is :—

(a) Rs. 35 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 1.04 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.



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Testers, Repairers & Manufacturers of Weighing Machines.

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B. 3076 W. 22-6-47.

Cumulative Earnings from the Beginning of the Financial Year.—The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 20th August 1946 amount to Rs. 80.46 crores. This is :—

(a) Rs. 9.64 crores less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 12.22 crores more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

The following are the up-to-date approximate gross earnings of Budget lines from 1st April 1946 as compared with the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year and 1943-44 :—

Railways.	Up to 10th August 1945.	Up to 20th August 1945.	Up to 20th August 1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year as compared with previous year.
	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)
B. A.	6.23	13.03	7.63	—5.40
B. N.	6.43	8.15	7.06	—1.00
B. D. & C. I.	7.45	8.35	9.02	+0.67
E. I.	12.73	17.74	13.68	—4.06
G. I. P.	11.33	12.69	12.53	—0.16
M. & S. M.	5.24	7.24	7.20	+0.04
N. W.	12.27	14.23	14.03	—0.20
Oudh Tirhut	2.53	3.28	2.64	—0.64
S. I.	3.72	4.98	5.44	+0.46
Other Railways	32	41	34	—7
TOTAL	63.24	90.10	80.46	—9.04

WAGON LOADINGS—

Comparisons of Figures of Wagon Loadings on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded during the period (10 days) ending 20th August :—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	118,822	109,887	—8,935
Metre gauge	71,196	69,741	—1,455

(b) Total number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded from 1st April to 20th August :—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	1,839,381	1,770,553	—68,828
Metre gauge	1,125,313	901,652	—223,661

(c) Details of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded on broad and metre gauges and the total loading on both gauges from 1st April to 20th August :—

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
			Per cent.

I.—Broad Gauge.			Per cent.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	379,173	385,471	+1.66
(ii) Grains and pulses	196,791	135,553	—31.1
(iii) Oil seeds	38,279	27,289	—28.7
(iv) Cotton	20,672	24,187	+17.0
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	172,004	167,028	—2.9
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	981,462	888,827	—9.5
(vii) Home line stores and materials	127,000	142,198	+12.0
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., M. T., & G. I. P. Railways.	66,240	76,799	+15.9

II.—Metre Gauge.			Per cent.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	64,366	71,421	+11.0
(ii) Grains and pulses	110,950	123,633	+11.4
(iii) Oil seeds	33,287	24,991	—24.9
(iv) Cotton	18,015	20,524	+13.9
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	123,309	147,437	+19.6
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	689,184	440,967	—36.0
(vii) Home line stores and materials	86,202	72,683	—15.7

III.—Total (Broad and Metre Gauges).			Per cent.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	443,539	456,892	+3.01
(ii) Grains and pulses	247,741	259,186	+4.62
(iii) Oil seeds	69,566	52,280	—24.8
(iv) Cotton	44,687	44,711	+0.05
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	295,313	314,461	+6.48
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,650,646	1,329,794	—19.4
(vii) Home line stores and materials	213,202	214,881	+0.79

* Included in item (vii).

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B. 2886 W. 7-11-46.

TONNAGE LIFTED ON CLASS I RAILWAYS—

Comparisons of Figures of 'Tonnage lifted' on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of Tons lifted during the period (20 days) ending 20th August :—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	1,829,857	1,697,779	Per cent. —7.21
Metre gauge	495,980	411,172	—17.1

(b) Number of Tons lifted from 1st April to 20th August :—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	27,958,448	26,954,449	Per cent. —3.63
Metre gauge	8,062,981	6,212,507	—23.0

EXPORT TRADE CONTROL—A BRIEF INTRODUCTION.

(Received from the Chief Controller of Exports, New Delhi.)

ENQUIRIES are often received from Chambers, Associations, Firms and individual exporters asking for detailed information about the regulations relating to export control. It has not been found possible within the short space of a letter to furnish detailed information on the subject. For full information reference should be made to the local Export Trade Controller or to the Manual on Export Trade Control. Copies of the Manual can be had from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

The following note is only a brief introduction to the subject, but no part of it should be considered as authoritative interpretation of any regulations.

2. A list of articles subject to control is given in the schedule to the Commerce Department Notification No. 91-CW(1)/45, of 3rd November 1945. A revised copy of this Notification was published on 27th April 1946*. Copies of this Notification and subsequent amendments can be purchased from the local Export Trade Controller or the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. It is important to note that commodities not scheduled therein do not require any export licence and can be shipped without reference to the export control authorities.

3. The Notification, it will be observed, is divided into four parts and the authorities to whom applications for export should be made are indicated in the superscript of each part. The following comments may be of use to the public :—

PART "A".

4. This includes articles the supply position of which is very tight and, therefore, no export licences are granted as a rule.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 143-48.

PART "B".

5. Exports of food items are severely restricted. Commercial exports of grains, pulses and flour, vegetable product, fodder, bran and pollard, sugar including molasses are prohibited. Cattle and poultry are also prohibited for export but a very small quota has been set apart for goat and sheep to Ceylon which depends on India entirely for her supplies. Small quotas have also been set apart for onions, garlic, fresh vegetables and fresh and dry fruits to the neighbouring countries but export of other kinds of fruits and vegetables is not allowed. Factories are permitted to export fruit products up to 10 per cent of their production; other miscellaneous items of provisions and oilman stores are allowed to go up to the 1941-42 level except pickles, chutneys and vinegar which are permitted to go freely. Dry fish is permitted to go in limited quantities from the various ports. All spices, except pepper and chillies, have been decontrolled but chillies are permitted to go in restricted quantities. Export of pepper is centrally controlled by the Food Department and is regulated by a special procedure. The position detailed above is not static but is constantly changing.

PART "C".

6. Articles which are important from the point of view of Government supplies are grouped in this part and most of the items included therein are such in which there was no appreciable export trade in the past and, therefore, applications for the export of limited quantities are considered by the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies on merits. Intending applicants would be well advised to state whether they are past exporters or manufacturers of the commodity applied for or have fulfilled any contracts with that Department during the period of War.

PART "D".

7. From the point of view of India's export trade the commodities mentioned in this part are most important. Items in other parts are constantly reviewed and transferred to this part as and when supply conditions permit. The necessity of meeting the essential minimum requirements of countries dependent on India for their supplies, as also the need for developing new or maintaining old export markets are the main factors governing the regulations of trade in commodities included in this part. These can be grouped under the following categories :—

8. Commodities for which applicants are allotted export quotas with reference to their previous exports during a particular basic period are called Quota items. They are, such as, apparels, glue-stock, hides and skins, paints, oilseeds, oils, footwear, cotton, waxes, textiles, soap, etc. The quota period is generally 3 years ending March 1939/41 in the case of exports to Europe/Far East and 1941-42, in the case of other destinations. Intending exporters should, therefore, apply to the Export Trade Controllers at the port of export for export licences for these commodities, only if they have exports to their credit during the appropriate basic period supported by full documentary evidence.

Oct. 10, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

9. Commodities for which applications are considered on individual merits without insistence on exports during any basic period usually comprise articles the production of which has been developed during the war period and which are either surplus to internal requirements or for which export markets should be found to develop the nascent industries. Chemicals and chemical preparations, drugs and medicines, instruments, apparatus and appliances, lamps, matches, are instances of the kind. In respect of such commodities applications should be submitted to the Export Trade Controllers stating the extent of production in the past year, the quantity consumed internally, previous exports (if any), and the extent to which demands for their products exist in overseas markets.

10. Commodities, the supply position of which is found to be so tight as to warrant a total prohibition on exports for the time being, are reviewed periodically and restrictions reimposed or relaxed, wherever possible.

11. With a view to stimulating export trade, a large number of commodities are being decontrolled periodically. Lists of commodities thus decontrolled are published in the Indian Trade Journal. The last list was published in the Indian Trade Journal of the 20th June 1946. A Supplementary list is given below. The list is neither exhaustive nor anything contained in it should be construed to override the provision of the Export Control Notification No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945, as amended from time to time.

N.B.—It should be noted that commodities, for which licences are issued, are for indigenous products only and that imported varieties are not allowed as a rule, unless specifically indicated otherwise.

Items in Part A of the Notification.

1. Arms, ammunition and military stores (including explosives and fulminate of mercury), other than those covered by licences issued under the Indian Arms Act.
2. Chlorinated hydrocarbons.
3. Dimethyl sulphate.
4. Sodium Nitrite.
5. Toluol (Toluene).
6. Glass Substitute.
7. Cameras of Indian manufacture.
8. Electrical installations accessories of Indian manufacture.
9. Electrical insulating materials of all sorts of Indian manufacture other than those required for use on motor vehicles.
10. Electric lighting accessories and fittings of Indian manufactures other than those required for use on motor vehicles.
11. Razors.
12. Roofing felts and associated joining materials.
13. Woollen hosiery, blankets, Pashmina shawls and cumblies.
14. Pyrethrum flowers and extracts thereof, also insecticides containing pyrethrum flowers or its extracts.

Part C.

1. Bristles Pig.
2. Aircraft and parts of Aircraft, special Aircraft materials.
3. Rubber manufactures excluding tyres and tubes, fabric, rain-coats and hospital sheeting.
4. The following tools of Indian manufacture :—
 - (1) Metal working tools hand or machine operated.
 - (2) Wood working tools hand or machine operated.
 - (3) Hand tools of all description.

Part D.

1. Abrasives, manufactured, including grinding wheels, emery paper and powder and sand paper of Indian manufacture.
2. Agar-agar.
3. Articles made wholly or mainly of plastic materials.

4. Manufacture of Pig Bristles.
5. Fire-clay, Tiles and bricks.
6. Acetone.
7. Acetic Acid.
8. Hydrochloric Acid.
9. Nitric Acid.
10. Oxalic Acid.
11. Sulphuric Acid.
12. Aluminous sulphate (including chrome alum and all forms of alum).
13. Hydrogen peroxide.
14. Iodine.
15. Magnesium sulphate.
16. Oleic Acid.
17. Potassium and potassium compounds, excluding Potassium Nitrate.
18. Salts and other compounds of arsenic, chromium, copper, lead molybdenum, nickel, platinum, radium, tin and zinc other than lithopone and cadmium lithopone.
19. Selenium oxide.
20. Sodium bicarbonate.
21. Sodium bichromate.
22. Cigarettes, all sorts.
23. Coffee.
24. Cutlery all sorts including forks and spoons.
25. Diamonds precious and semi-precious stones, also pearls set or unset.
26. Drugs and medicines :—
 - Adrenaline Hydrochloridum, Aether, Aether Anaestheticus, Barii Sulphus, Caffeina and its salts, Calcii Sulphas, Cantharidis, Chloroformum, Creta, Extratum Hepatis, Lfquidum, Ferri Sulphas, Kaolinum, Morphina and its salt, Oleum Anethi, Oleum Euclypti, Oleum Hydnocarp, Sodii Sulphas Acidus, Zinci Sulphas, Santonium, Musk, Culchicum corn Podophyllum Root.
27. Cashewnuts.
28. Porcelain ware.
29. Glass and glassware all sorts, including glass sheets, excluding glass bottles of crown cork pattern.
30. Horns and hooves including piece and tips thereof.
31. Gramophones.
32. Lamps and parts thereof all sorts, excluding hurricane lamps.
33. Leather manufactures all sorts, excluding footwear.
34. Liquors all sorts, excluding beer.
35. Essential oils all sorts including lemon oil, bitter orange oil, sweet orange oil and Tangerine oil.
36. Patent Photographic developers, fixers, and photographic materials not specifically mentioned in the Export Control Notification.
37. Requisites for games and sports of all sorts.
38. Toilet requisites excluding soaps, washing powders, shaving cream, cups and sticks.
39. Spices—Cinnamon.
40. Polishes and compositions containing lead or zinc.

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS.

BRITISH INDIA.

SEA CUSTOMS ACT, 1878: PROHIBITION ON IMPORT AND EXPORT TRADE WITH THE UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA: AMENDMENTS.

The following Notification [No. 2-C(7)/46, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 2-C (6)/46(1), dated the 17th July 1946*, namely:—

In the said Notification—

(1) In the proviso to clause (a)—

(i) in sub-clause (i) before the words "personal effects" the words "bona-fide" shall be inserted;

(ii) in sub-clause (iii) after the word "Government" the word "or" shall be inserted;

(iii) after sub-clause (iii) the following sub-clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(iv) to newspapers and magazines".

(2) to clause (b) the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that the foregoing prohibition shall not apply—

(i) to goods which are the bona-fide personal effects of passengers, or

(ii) to newspapers, magazines and Government of India publicity material".

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL.

2nd October.

During the week under report the weather was generally seasonable. The prospects of the standing crops are reported to be, on the whole, satisfactory. Harvesting of jute and *aus* paddy is almost complete.

ASSAM.

7th October.

During the week under report the weather was seasonable and its effects on the crops are fair. The prospects and the outturn of crops are fair to good.

BIHAR.

1st October.

During the week under report heavy rain fell in certain parts of Shahabad, moderate rain in other parts of Shahabad and in Purnea, and light rain at all the remaining places, except in Manbhum and parts of Patna, Gaya, Saran, Monghyr, the Santal Parganas and Ranchi in which there was no rain. The condition and the prospects of the standing crops were reported to be fair to good, except at places affected by floods. Transplanting of *aghani* paddy was reported to be still continuing in Darbhanga. Harvesting of *bladoi* crops was nearing completion.

BOMBAY.

6th October.

During the week under report there was heavy rain in parts of the north Deccan and adequate rain in the Karnatak, while light local showers occurred elsewhere in the Province. The standing *khari* crops and the *rabi* crops are faring well. Harvesting of early *khari* crops and sowing of *rabi jowar* continued. Sowing of cotton in the Karnatak has been completed. Rain is needed in Gujarat, particularly for late paddy.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

28th September.

During the week under report the weather was clear and warm with occasional passing clouds. A few cents of rain were received

in scattered tracts of some districts. Sowing of *rabi til* and late *juar* in the Chanda district and that of gram in the Betul district was in progress. Sowing of gram in the Mandla district and that of *rabi* crops in general in the Saugor and Jabulpore districts have commenced. Weeding and intercultural operations were in full swing. The break in the rains slightly improved the condition of the standing *khari* crops but one or two good showers of rain would be welcome for *juar* on light soils and to the late variety of paddy. Grasshoppers have slightly damaged the paddy crop in the Drug *tahsil* (Drug) and Dhamtari *tahsil* (Raipur). Insects were reported to be causing damage to *juar* at places in the Chanda district. The standing *khari* crops are, on the whole, in satisfactory condition. Harvesting of maize and minor pulses in parts of the Jabulpore and Nagpur divisions and in the Buldana district and that of groundnut in the Nimar, Chhindwara, Wardha, Nagpur, Akola, Buldana and Yeotmal districts was in progress. Harvesting of early paddy commenced at places in the Saugor, Jabulpore and Betul districts. Preparation of land for *rabi* sowing continued all over the Province.

MADRAS.

21st September.

During the week under report rainfall was moderate in Vizagapatnam and Tanjore; fair in East Godavari, West Godavari, Chingleput, Madura, South Arcot, North Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly, Madras, Malabar, South Kanara and the Nilgiris; and light or nil elsewhere. Water supply is insufficient in parts of West Godavari, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Ramnad and Tinnevely. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Vizagapatnam, Kurnool, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura, the West Coast and the Nilgiris and of dry crops in Kistna, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, Coimbatore and Madura, is proceeding. The standing crops are generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in Coimbatore, Tanjore, Malabar and South Kanara of *rabi* in Vizagapatnam, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Ramnad and the Nilgiris; of gingelly, in East Godavari, Kistna and South Arcot; and of groundnut in South Arcot and Madura, continued. The outturn is generally fair.

PUNJAB.

30th September.

During the week under report the weather remained dry, except in parts of the Kangra and Attock districts, where rain varying in amount from 0.08" to 1.52" was received. Rain is badly needed in the Sheikhupura and Mianwali districts. The condition of the standing crops is generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. High winds have damaged the crops to some extent in the Hissar district.

UNITED PROVINCES.

21st September.

During the week under report there were light showers in a number of districts, light rain in some districts and heavy rain in a few districts. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops was in full swing. Harvesting of early *khari* crops continued. Irrigation of late paddy was resorted to in areas where the rainfall had been scanty. Reports regarding the standing crops having been adversely affected as a result of drought, were received from some districts. Some damage to the crops from floods was also reported from a few other districts. The condition of the standing crops and the prospects of outturn were generally satisfactory, except in the districts where damage to the crops had been caused by drought or floods.

SUMMARY OF CROP FORECASTS.

The following is a summary of the Jute forecast relating to the season 1946-47:—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jute*—Final.	Practically all jute-growing tracts	Acres 1,880,000	78	Acres 2,422,000	5,550,000 bales (b)	69	7,001,000 bales (b)	Oct. 3, 1946.

The following is a summary of the latest forecasts for the season 1945-46 for crops for which forecasts have not yet been made in the current season:—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cotton—Final (c).	All cotton-growing tracts	Acres 14,480,000	98	Acres 14,843,000	2,442,000 bales	98	3,498,000 bales	June 27, 1946.
Wheat—Second (c).	Punjab, United Provinces, Central Provinces and Berar, Bombay, Sind, Bihar, North-West Frontier Province, Bengal, Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara, Orissa, Central India, Gwalior, Rajputana, Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore (98 per cent of the total wheat area of India).	84,812,000	102	35,709,000	(a)	..	10,458,000 tons	July 4, 1946.
Castorseed	Practically all castor-growing tracts	1,237,000	84	1,498,000	108,000 tons	80	131,000 tons	Aug. 1, 1946.
Sesamum—Supplementary.	United Provinces, Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Punjab, Ajmer-Merwara, Sind, Hyderabad, Kotah, Bhopal and Baroda (a little over 89 per cent of the total sesamum area of India).	8,903,000	99	8,939,000	387,000 tons	93	893,000 tons	Aug. 8, 1946.
Sugarcane—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Madras, North-West Frontier Province, Assam, Orissa, Central Provinces and Berar, Sind, Delhi, Mysore, Hyderabad, Bhopal, Baroda and Jaora (96 per cent of the total sugarcane area of India).	3,847,000	93	4,154,000	5,337,000 tons	98	5,481,000 tons	Aug. 15, 1946.
Groundnut—Final.	Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda (99 per cent of the total groundnut area of India).	9,848,000	93	10,574,000	3,113,000 tons	81	3,866,000 tons	Aug. 29, 1946.
Rape and Mustard—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bengal, Bihar, Assam, Sind, North-West Frontier Province, Central Provinces and Berar, Orissa, Bombay, Delhi, Alwar, Hyderabad and Baroda (about 95 per cent of the total rape and mustard area of India).	5,497,000	99	5,580,000	910,000 tons	88	1,034,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Linseed—Final.	Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Kotah and Bhopal (a little over 93 per cent of the total linseed area of India).	3,370,000	97	3,465,000	360,000 tons	94	392,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Rice—Final (c).	Bengal, Madras, Bihar, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Assam, Orissa, Bombay, Sind, Punjab, Coorg, Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda and Bhopal (97 per cent of the total rice area of India).	79,885,000	95	83,933,000	26,249,000 tons	93	28,183,000 tons	Sept. 26, 1946.

* Issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

(a) Not yet available. (b) Includes figures for Nepal. (c) The detailed report will appear in the *Indian Trade Journal* later.

† Including Indian States.

‡ In Rajputana.

§ In Central India.

**DATA OF TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY AND RAINFALL FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY,
THE 8TH OCTOBER 1946.**

STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENT- AGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).		RAINFALL.		
	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.
ASSAM							
Dibrugarh	78	-1	89	+2	(b) 170	(g) 74.7	—
Tezpur	80	-1	87	+2	(a) 222	(f) 49.8	—
Dhubri	78	-3	90	+4	50	73.1	+2.7
Shillong	65	-2	83	+5	24.1	80.0	+21.9
Silchar	80	-2	89	+3	8.5	69.5	—
BENGAL							
Chittagong	80	-1	90	+5	6.0	91.7	+11.9
Barisal	83	0	85	+3	11.5	73.5	—
Narayanganj	83	-1	83	+2	7.5	62.0	—
Mymensingh	80	-2	93	+8	9.6	67.5	—
Jalpaiguri	79	-2	83	-6	0.5	93.2	-13.6
Darjeeling	60	+1	83	-7	0.7	100.2	-4.4
Berhampore	82	-2	73	-9	8.9	46.8	+4.5
Calcutta	80	-3	91	+6	2.8	49.1	+0.3
BIHAR AND ORISSA.							
Orissa	81	-3	81	-4	1.3	38.9	-6.3
Balaspore	81	-3	81	-4	1.4	59.3	+11.9
Cuttack	81	-1	88	+8	0.3	66.7	+9.1
Sambalpur	81	-1	88	+8	0.5	42.2	+0.3
CHOTA NAGPUR							
Chaibasa	80	-2	87	+6	0.5	41.2	-6.8
Ranchi	75	-2	93	+18	2.1	41.2	-6.8
BIHAR							
Darbhanga	83	0	80	+5	0	34.1	-9.3
Patna	82	+1	78	+3	0.5	27.8	-13.4
UNITED PROVINCES.							
United Provinces, East.	80	-2	87	+7	1.3	41.6	-6.1
Gorakhpur	82	-1	86	+6	1.3	—	—
Allahabad	82	-1	84	+8	1.3	—	—
Bahraich	84	+1	92	+15	5.1	—	—
Lucknow	82	-1	88	+11	4.0	26.2	—
UNITED PROVINCES, West.							
Jhansi	83	-1	83	+18	(a) 0	28.0	—
Agra	83	-1	82	+18	(b) 0	17.5	—
Bareilly	82	-0	79	+1	0.5	29.8	—
PUNJAB.							
Punjab, East and North.	83	-1	72	+6	0.1	(c) 19.5	—
Hissar	84	0	73	+13	(d) 0	28.2	—
Ambala	83	+2	80	+13	0.4	13.1	-1.5
Lahore	86	+4	80	+18	(e) 0	24.8	—
Rawalpindi	83	+6	65	+7	(f) 0	0.8	—
Punjab, South-West							
Multan	90	+5	59	-10	0	0.8	—
KASHMIR							
Srinagar	70	+10	76	-13	0.7	5.1	-3.1
NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.							
Peshawar	83	+5	70	+12	0	—	—
Dera Ismail Khan	87	+4	74	+8	(g) 0	0.3	—
SIND							
Jacobabad	83	+2	64	-4	0	0.1	-2.2
Karachi	84	+2	90	+5	0	—	—
RAJPUTANA.							
Rajputana, West.	88	+1	66	+5	0	9.7	-2.8
Bikaner	87	+2	61	0	0	8.5	—
Jodhpur	82	0	63	+8	0	18.4	—
Rajputana, East.							
Ajmer	82	-1	69	+13	1.3	32.7	+11.2
Jaipur	85	0	69	+11	0	41.2	—
Kotah							
BOMBAY.							
Gujarat							
Bhuj	85	+1	84	+14	0	10.4	—
Deesa	86	+2	81	+10	0	21.0	—
Ahmedabad	87	+1	74	+1	0	25.8	—
Rajkot	86	+3	90	+7	0	20.6	—
Veraval	82	+2	90	+11	0	22.2	+3.6
Bombay	83	+1	87	0	0.4	71.6	+3.5
Honavar	79	—	94	+7	2.9	124.4	—
Malegaon	80	-1	80	+5	1.3	15.4	—
Ahmednagar	81	+3	75	0	0	20.1	—
Poona	80	+2	88	+3	0.2	23.2	+2.0
Bijapur	81	+2	83	+5	0	9.8	-5.0
Belgaum	75	+1	97	+8	1.6	30.1	—
Neemuch	70	-1	77	+6	1.4	52.3	+23.2
Indore	75	-3	81	+7	0	—	—
Sutna	80	0	81	+5	0.2	40.3	-0.7
AKOLA							
Akola	81	+2	72	0	0	24.6	-3.6
Saugor	78	-1	79	+8	1.7	—	—
Jubbulpore	80	+1	84	+6	0.3	51.4	-1.1
Seoni	78	0	84	+2	0	48.2	+0.7
Nagpur	84	+2	78	+8	0	—	—
Chanda	82	0	79	+1	0.1	47.0	+1.1
Balpur	82	0	90	+16	0	35.0	-11.7
Jagdalpur (Bastar)	80	+2	89	+5	(h) 8.6	57.8	—
HYDRABAD.							
Hyderabad, North	84	+3	69	-7	0	29.8	-5.3
Hyderabad, South	83	+2	81	+5	1.1	21.6	-1.5
Gulbarga	83	+2	78	+1	0.6	18.4	-4.4
Hyderabad	82	0	87	+12	2.0	19.8	+0.2
Rajchur	74	-1	93	+8	1.5	22.6	+1.3
Bangalore	68	-1	91	-2	2.1	98.4	—
MERCARA							
Mercara	81	+1	84	-1	0.8	80.4	+13.6
Cochin	81	+2	89	+3	0.3	85.7	+4.0
TRIVANDRUM							
Pamban	83	-1	81	+1	0	1.5	-1.3
Negapatam	85	+1	82	+4	0.7	—	—
Colombatore	80	0	81	-3	0.0	7.5	—
Cuddalore	83	0	90	+8	1.9	16.0	+1.0
Salem	82	0	85	+5	2.9	26.4	+5.0
MADRAS							
Madras	84	-1	84	+5	1.1	—	—
Cuddapah	84	-1	75	+11	0.4	12.3	—
Bellary	81	-1	85	+11	0.9	8.7	—
Nellore	87	+2	81	+5	0.1	13.9	+0.6
MASSULIPATAM							
Massulipatam	82	-3	87	+5	0.3	—	—
Visagapatam	83	0	82	+4	0.5	—	—
ORISSA.							
Orissa Coast	81	-2	91	+9	2.9	31.8	+2.4
Gopalpur							

(a) Total for 1 day. (b) Total for 123 days. (c) Total for 124 days. (d) Total for 125 days. (e) Total for 126 days. (f) Total for 127 days. (g) Total for 128 days. (h) Total for 129 days. (i) Total for 130 days. (j) Total for 131 days. (k) Total for 132 days. (l) Total for 133 days. (m) Total for 134 days. (n) Total for 135 days. (o) Total for 136 days. (p) Total for 137 days. (q) Total for 138 days. (r) Total for 139 days. (s) Total for 140 days. (t) Total for 141 days. (u) Total for 142 days. (v) Total for 143 days. (w) Total for 144 days. (x) Total for 145 days. (y) Total for 146 days. (z) Total for 147 days. (aa) Total for 148 days. (ab) Total for 149 days. (ac) Total for 150 days. (ad) Total for 151 days. (ae) Total for 152 days. (af) Total for 153 days. (ag) Total for 154 days. (ah) Total for 155 days. (ai) Total for 156 days. (aj) Total for 157 days. (ak) Total for 158 days. (al) Total for 159 days. (am) Total for 160 days. (an) Total for 161 days. (ao) Total for 162 days. 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ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are in the happy position of being overbooked with orders for our printed Tin-ware in two and multi-colours and in various shapes and sizes. We beg to be excused if we are unable to serve more than our capacity, until our new arrangements will have been completed.

BOMBAY TIN PRINTERS,
221-23, Thakurdwar Rd.,
BOMBAY, 2.

B. 2079 W. 30-6-47.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SHI/70090/2RWP/(46).—Supply of Cast Iron Rain Water Pipes : Extension of Tender Date.

It is notified that the last date for the receipt of the above tender, the call for which appeared in the issues of the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 12th September 1946 (page 481) and 19th September 1946 (page 526), has been extended from 3rd October 1946 to 23rd October 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Quick Set Level, Sight Rules, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (SB-1 Section), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SBI/72409/111 for the following stores required by the E. I. R. at Calcutta:—

Item No.	Description of Articles.	No. or Quantity.
1	Quick set Level (Watts' High way if available)	6 Nos.
2	Sight Rules 18" (Alidade), Mark 11 B.	6 "
3	Tacheometer Staff	6 "
4	Stadia Computer (Watts)	10 "

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 2 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the D.-G. (I. & S.), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitters full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 7th November 1946 (4 p.m.). Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Directors of Supplies at Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore, and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Washers Steel Spring.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SBI/71365/IV to reach him on or before the 31st October 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 2 only (not refundable), per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for Washers Steel Spring Girder Section "Grover" or "Amross" for Bolts of 3/4" dia. — 843 gross, generally to I. R. S. Specn. No. H-20-37 with Corr. No. 1 of April 1938, required by the D. C. O. S., E. I. Railway, Alambagh.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Madras, and Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Country Fire Bricks.

The Deputy Director General of Supplies (Section SFI), New Delhi, invites Tender No. SFI/70186/1/46 on prescribed forms for supply of 199,304 Nos. Firebricks, Country, of 3 different sizes to I. S. D. Specification G/Misc./38B as per Drawing No. D.S.(M) J.M.P., Drg. No. 43240/62-107 and I.S.D. No. 2472/1 to meet the requirements of the E. I. Railway.

Price of the tender forms, etc., is Rs. 6 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Chief Registration Officer must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of Regional Directors of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tenders should reach the office of the Director General of Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, by the 29th October 1946.

LEATHER OUR SPECIALITY
EASTERN TANNERIES LIMITED

Manufacturers of:

Sole, Harness and Chrome Leather, CAWNPORE.

B. 2001 W. 0-1-47.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Crucible Plumbago.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SN2/70498/II to reach him on or before the 28th October 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for Crucible Plumbago No. 80—160 lbs. capacity, required for the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, Calcutta.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender form. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore/Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender Notice No. SZI/4541/4.—Supply of Bottles, Test Tubes, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SZI/4541/4 to reach him by 4 p.m. on 29th October 1946 and remain open for acceptance up to 30th November 1946, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number and address of the remitter), for the following stores:—

Article.	Specification.	Quantity.
Beaker with Spout 100 ml.	Med/IGS/164 (a)	540 Nos.
Dropper eye without test	Med/IGS/400	4,700 "
Bottles media N.M. 6 oz.	Med/IGS/660(a)	190 "
Screw capped.		
Bottles media N.M. 2 oz.	Do.	1,970 "
Bottles media N.M. 1 oz.	Do.	5,370 "
Bottles Vaccine 10.Ml amber	Med/IGS/231	580 "
Funnel Glass Plain 4 in.	Med/IGS/81(b)	900 "
Test Tube 6 in. x 3/4 in. rimless	Med/IGS/111(d)	5,500 doz.
Test Tube 4 in. x 1/2"	Do.	900 "
Test Tube 6" x 5/8"	Med/IGS/111(d)	378 "
Bottles clear round W.M. 6 oz.	Med/IGS/398(d)	8,010 Nos.
Bottles amber round N.M. 8 oz.	Do.	10,020 "
Rod Glass Stirring	Med/IGS/513	1,922 "
Tubing Glass exterior diam.	Med/IGS/132(a)	474 lbs.
7 mm.		
Bottles blue N.M. for poison	Med/IGS/398(d)	1,000 Nos.
1 oz.		
Bottles blue W. M. for poisons	Med/IGS/398/398(d)	4,500 "
4 oz.		

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Samples against the tender are required to be submitted to the C. I. S. & C., D. C. I. M. S., Cawnpore, by 29th October 1946. Tender forms are also available from and Drug/Specs. governing supply can be seen at the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Cawnpore/Lahore/Karachi/Madras.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, CENTRAL STATIONERY OFFICE, CALCUTTA.

Tender Notice for Rate Contract.—Supply of Miscellaneous Stores, etc., during 1947-48.

Sealed tenders are invited by the Controller of Printing and Stationery, India, for supply during the financial year 1947-48 of the undermentioned classes of stores. Tenders will be received by the Deputy Controller, Stationery (to whom all enquiries should be addressed), at 3, Church Lane, Calcutta, up to 12 o'clock noon on the dates mentioned in the last column against each head of tender.

Particulars of various articles grouped under each tender head in column 2 of the table below and the price of tender form for each group may be had free on application from the Deputy Controller, Stationery, Calcutta. The tender form with conditions of tender and specifications of stores will be supplied to the tenderers on payment of the requisite fees for each group of tenders.

No correspondence or reference in respect of any tender should be made prior to the dates mentioned against each in column 3.

Serial No.	Description of Tenders.	Date on which Tender Forms will be available from C. S. O.	Date for Submission of Tenders at C.S.O.
1	Heliotype ammonia process sensitised paper, similar to Ozalid or Azo print paper and its developer.	25-10-46	26-11-46
2	Dazo paper and tracing cloth or similar, with developers.	25-10-46	26-11-46
3	(i) Photostat paper, grade "O" or similar, with fixer and developer. (ii) Koda trace standard and extra heavy or similar.	25-10-46	26-11-46
4	Ferro-gallic cloth, sensitised.	25-10-46	26-11-46
5	Railway tickets, blank and printed.	28-10-46	28-11-46
6	Wood shavings, straw caps and Saw dust.	29-10-46	30-11-46
7	India Rubber Pad	29-10-46	30-11-46
8	Cabinets and card index system	28-10-46	28-11-46
9	Cutting, ruling, printing, punching and perforating of index and guide cards.	30-10-46	30-11-46
10	Correcting fluid of stencils	31-10-46	4-12-46
11	Wire files	31-10-46	4-12-46

N.B.—Tenders must be submitted by 12 noon on the dates given in column 4 or they will be liable to be refused.

THE GLAMAT LAMP PROTECTOR

AFFORDS PROTECTION AGAINST LAMP THEFTS—RECORDS DATE ON WHICH LAMPS WERE PUT INTO SERVICE.

JOSEPH'S ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED. P. O. BOX 243 BOMBAY. P. O. BOX 61 CALCUTTA.

B. 2996 W. 12-1-47.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7788.—Supply of Gunny Bags.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, United India Buildings, Bangalore City, for the supply of Gunny Bags of the following descriptions to the Government Departments of Mysore:—

1. Gunny Bags of close texture, well stitched and fit to bag food grains like *ragi*.
 2. Gunny Bags of ordinary texture.
 3. Gunny Bags for bagging rough articles like charcoal.
- Gunny bags of all the varieties and sizes that tenderers can supply may be quoted. The prices to be quoted should be per 100 bags for delivery at Bangalore and f.o.r. any other Railway Station in the State and should hold good for a period of 6 months from the date of letting the contract. The contract will be deemed to be limited to the number actually drawn by the several Government Departments of Mysore.

Two sample bags for each variety and size that tenderers quote may be submitted along with their quotations for purposes of inspection and selection. Quotations submitted without samples will not be considered.

Withdrawal of quotation after it is accepted or failure to make supplies within the specified time or according to specifications will entail cancellations of the order and purchases being made at the expense of the defaulting contractor in addition to the levy of a penalty of 3 per cent of the value of the order as and by way of liquidated damages.

Sealed tenders should be submitted on or before the 12th October 1946.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 33/E-29.—Supply of Coal Tar.

Sealed tenders will be received up to 3 p.m. on the 28th October 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at 3 p.m. on the 29th October 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars, on payment of Rs. 2 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender forms and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Coal Tar . . . Rate Contract for the period ending 31st March 1947.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 34.—Supply of Hardware Articles.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 30th October 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 31st October 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars, on payment of Rs. 5 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender forms and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Names of Articles.

Phowrahs, G. I. buckets, Galvanized washers flat and Limpet, Kudallies, Pick axes, point and chisel garden weeding forks, Garden hoes and stone breaking hammers.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE, MADRAS.

Supply of Leather Polish for the Malabar Special Police.

Sealed tenders are invited for the supply of superior Leather Polish for boots and leather accoutrements as shown below:—

Name of Article.	Quantity required.
(1) Black Polish . . .	24,780 (twenty-four thousand seven hundred and eighty) 2 oz. tins.
(2) Brown Polish . . .	8,260 (eight thousand two hundred and sixty) 2 oz. tins.

Supply should be made direct to the Commandant, Malabar Special Police, Malappuram. Term of delivery is f.o.r. Feroke Railway Station, South Indian Railway. The successful tenderer will have to furnish a security deposit equal to 10 per cent of the total value of the goods to be purchased and to sign an agreement. Supply should be completed within 4 months from the date of receipt of the order.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tender for the Supply of Black and Brown Polish for the Malabar Special Police", addressed to Sri M. Krishna Menon, B.A., I.P., Additional Assistant Inspector-General of Police, Madras 4, in sealed covers and should reach him with samples before 4 p.m. on the 30th October 1946.

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Tender for Construction of a Road Over-bridge over the Main Line near Nangi Station.

Sealed tenders are invited for construction of a Road Over-bridge over the Main line near Nangi Station on the Budgo-Budge Branch consisting of masonry abutments and R. C. Decking.

Contractors with experience in re-inforced concrete work may purchase tender documents from the office of the Executive Engineer, B. A. Railway, Sealdah, between 10.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Bengal Time) from 14th to 18th October 1946 on payment of an unrefundable sum of Rs. 2. Tenders will be opened at 11 a.m. (Bengal Time) on the 19th October 1946.

Plan for the work may be seen in the office of the Executive Engineer, B. A. Railway, Sealdah, at the time of purchasing tender.

Oct. 10, 1946.]

BENGAL AND ASSAM RAILWAY.

Tender for Conversion or Exchange of Non-ferrous Metals.

The General Manager, B. A. Railway, Calcutta, invites tenders for conversion or exchange of Non-ferrous Metals.

Necessary tender documents can be had from the Controller of Stores, Information Bureau, 3, Koilaghat Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 3 per each tender, which is not refundable.

Tenders will be opened on the 30th October 1946.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Supply of 22,900 Volts, 3 Phase, 50 Cycle Switchgear for Parcel Works Sub-station.

The General Manager, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of 22,000 Volts, 3 phase, 50 cycle Switchgear for Parcel Works Sub-station.

Copies of the Tender with General Conditions, Specification and drawings can be had from the office of the Railway's Controller of Stores at Gijstore Lane, Lower Parcel, Bombay No. 13, on payment of Rs. 4 per copy, which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal order and postage stamps will not be accepted.

Tenders must be submitted on the tenderer's own form and the envelopes enclosing them must be sealed and endorsed "Tender for the Supply of 22,000 Volts Switchgear for Parcel Works Sub-station". Tenders submitted by hand must be placed in the Box provided for their reception in the office of the Secretary to the General Manager. Tenders submitted through the post must be despatched under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 2,500 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money before the time fixed for opening the tender without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made *wholly in cash* on which no interest will be allowed and the Governor General in Council reserves the right to confiscate this cash deposit should the successful tenderer fail to put in the Security Deposit required by the terms and conditions of the tender.

Tenders not complying with any of the conditions as specified will not be considered.

Tenders must be submitted by 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on Wednesday, the 15th January 1947.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Tender for Improvements to Bridge No. 453 between Santamagalur and Munumaka, Guntakal District.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, for improvements to Bridge No. 453 at mile 460/6-7 between Santamagalur and Munumaka, Guntakal District, up to 12 hours on Thursday, the 31st October 1946.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

Value of work is approximately Rs. 30,000.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Tender for Maintenance Contract of Certain Sub-divisions on the Board Gauge System.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Chief Engineer M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, up to 12 hours on Tuesday, the 15th October 1946, for the maintenance contract for each of the following Sub-divisions on the Broad Gauge system of this Railway:—

Sub-Division.	From	To
Gooty	Yerraguntla (excl.)	Raichur (incl.).
Bezwada (South)	Ulavapadu (excl.)	Bezwada (incl.), including Guntur, Tenali-R o p a l l i branches and the M. G. Line from Bezwada to Tadepalli.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest Money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

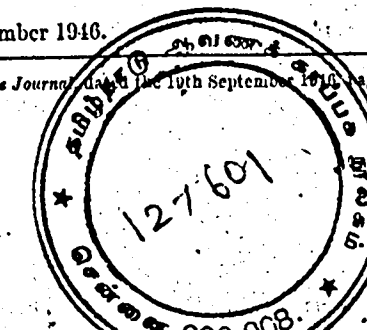
(C. P. M. DIRECTORATE)

Tender No. DGD/CPM/Generals-19.—Sale of Centrifugal Pumps, Reconditioned Engines, etc.: Extension of Tender Date.

The last date for the receipt of the above tender for stores located at Angus Camp, Calcutta*, has been extended from 25th September 1946 to 24th October 1946 and offers shall remain open up to the 23rd November 1946.

* See the Indian Trade Journal dated the 10th September 1946, pages 527-28.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS), SOUTHERN CIRCLE, UNITED INDIA LIFE BUILDING, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.

Auction Programme.

Name of Depot or Location.	Date.	Time.	Store.	Name of Auctioneer.
M. T. B. Depot, Avadi.	11-10-46, 12-10-46 and if necessary 13-10-46.	10 a.m.	U/S M. T. Vehicles—Chev., Ford and other motor vehicles, 3 ton, 30 cwt. 15 cwt. Jeeps, Motor Cycles, M.T. Parts, etc.	Messrs. Murray & Co., Madras.
Vehicles Park, Agram, Cambridge Road, Bangalore.	15, 16 and 17-10-46.	10 a.m.	Surplus M. T. Vehicles.	Messrs. Frank A. B. A. M., Bangalore.
S. S. D., Coimbatore.	16-10-46	10 a.m.	Salvage Stores.	Messrs. Frank A. B. A. M., Bangalore.
S. S. D., Ulsoor, Bangalore.	18-10-46, 19-10-46	10 a.m.	Salvage Stores.	Messrs. Frank A. B. A. M., Bangalore.
S. S. D., Almadi, Avadi.	21-10-46, 22-10-46	10 a.m.	Salvage Stores.	Messrs. Zackria Sons, Madras.
M. T. B. Depot, Agram, Bangalore.	28-10-46, 29-10-46	10 a.m.	U/S M. T. Vehicles—Chev., Ford and other Motor vehicles 3 ton, 30 cwt. 15 cwt. Jeeps, Motor Cycles, M.T. Parts, etc.	Messrs. Frank A. B. A. M., Bangalore.

NOTE.—(1) The main items generally put up for auction at the various depots, except where otherwise stipulated, are Aero-Scrap, Ferrous and Non-ferrous articles, Ferrous scrap, Tentage, Cotton and Woollen Clothing, Blankets, Cotton and Woollen Rags, Containers, and many other useful articles unserviceable to the Army.

(2) Motor Vehicles put up for auction are not serviceable ones of the sort which can be driven away from the Depot.

(3) For Auction Catalogue and for other particulars, please apply to the auctioneers indicated.

(4) Inspection can be made at site two days before the date of auction.

OFFICE OF THE EXCISE COMMISSIONER, CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

Tenders for the Supply of Country Spirit in the Seoni Distillery Area in the Central Provinces and Berar.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the exclusive right of wholesale supply of Country Spirit in the undermentioned Seoni distillery area to licensed retail vendors at the bonded warehouses,

a list of which will be supplied on application to the Excise Commissioner, Central Provinces and Berar, Nagpur:—

SEONI DISTILLERY AREA.

Names of Districts:—

Chhindwara (5), Mandla (2), Balaghat (1), Raipur (nil), Bilaspur (1), Drug (3), Jabulpore (2), Chanda (2) and Bhandara (3).

NOTE.—The figures in brackets are the present number of warehouses in each district.

Tenders should be sent in sealed covers superscribed "Tender, for the Supply of Country Spirit" and should reach the Excise Commissioner, Central Provinces and Berar, Nagpur, not later than 15th October 1946. Any further information can be obtained by application to the Excise Commissioner.

SALE OF FOREST PRODUCE.

The following Notice has been issued by the Divisional Forest Officer, Dhalbhum Division, Chaibassa:—

An Auction Sale of the following number of Coppice Coupes containing poles and firewood and other forest produce will be held on the date and at the place noted below:—

62 Coppice Coupes of Upper and Boat Office at Ghataila, B. N. Lower Subarnarekha Ranges and Railway, Singhbhum, on 21st a few lot of other minor produce. and 22nd October 1946.

12 Coppice Coupes of Tundi Range Local Board Inspection Bungalow and a few lot of other minor produce. at Tundi—23 miles north of Dhanbad, E. I. R.—on the 28th October 1946.

For details please apply to the Divisional Forest Officer, Dhalbhum Division, Chaibassa.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Sale of Oil Burning Steam Locomotives.

Two Oil Burning Steam Locomotives, 2'6" gauge, capable of hauling a maximum load of 35 tons on the level at a speed of up to 8 miles per hour are available for sale.

Detailed particulars may be had on application to the Controller of Stores, Empress Road, Lahore.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 27th September 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	1,179	1,901	3,587	5,062	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat.
2. Gujarat	..	14	7	18	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
3. North Deccan	..	262	..	539	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
4. East Deccan	676	1,573	3,325	4,689	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country.	389	1,716	1,808	3,895	
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port.	1,005	3,576	5,308	0,140	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Sind	1,657	3,693	1,657	4,143	
Bengal—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Bengal	205	93	1,007	411	
United Provinces—					Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Musaffarnagar.
1. Upper Doab	..	..	..	..	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	..	..	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia; Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Punjab—					Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
1. Ambala	..	..	..	30	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
2. Jullundur	..	..	..	..	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
3. Lahore	..	..	..	..	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
4. Rawalpindi	..	..	..	..	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
5. Multan	..	..	..	..	Sialma, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
6. Ferozepore	..	60	..	60	
TOTAL	..	60	..	60	
Central Provinces—					Jubbulpore, Saugor.
1. Jubbulpore	..	..	..	..	Hoshangabad.
2. Nerbudda	..	..	..	..	Nimar.
3. Nimar	..	..	..	..	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
4. Nagpur	..	..	..	..	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
5. Satpura	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	..	..	
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Berar—					Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Berar	..	..	..	..	
Assam—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Assam	..	..	..	..	
Ajmer-Merwara—					The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Ajmer-Merwara	100	..	508	43	
Madras—					The whole of the Province.
Madras*	2,831	3,942	(a) 10,787	11,748	
GRAND TOTAL	5,807	11,271	19,357	25,575	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.
* For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 1st August 1946.
(a) Includes 234 bales not reported before.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 27th September 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	221	..	1,590
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	(a)	264	371	1,427
Gwalior	(a)	125	..	125
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	..	..	..	..
Nabha	..	..	..	..
Jind	..	..	..	..
Faridkot	..	..	..	..
Patiala	..	..	..	..
Malerkotla	..	..	..	..
Khairpur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	..	..	..
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	..	..	..	..
Bikaner	..	..	..	..
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..
Jaipur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	..	..	..	..
Central India States—				
Indore	..	..	..	..
Bhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Allpura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..
Ratlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	..	..	..	..
Barwani	..	..	..	..
Jhabua	..	..	..	..
Dewar, J. B.	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	..	..	..	..

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 27th September 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Junagadh	..	..	..	..
Dhrangadhra	841	..	3,210	..
Morvi	..	..	..	..
Cutch	..	..	..	..
Nawanagar	..	..	..	..
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Gondal	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	..	..	..	..
Limbdi	..	..	..	..
Radhapur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Nardargarh	..	..	..	..
Muli	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	..	..	..	..
Katowan	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	..	..	..	..
Bantva Majmu	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhotu Udepur	..	..	..	..
Samby	..	..	..	..
Bachin	..	..	..	..
Belasinor	..	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas—				
Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gothda	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Jamkhadi	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savanur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	841	..	3,210	..
GRAND TOTAL	841	610	3,581	3,148

(a) Statement not yet received.

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 27th September 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelles	..	..	..	..
Nadarn, Bourbon and Uppam	305	312	36,374	45,716
Cambodias	1,041	..	..	..
Karunganni	140	372	(a) 85,743	67,360
Northern	238	..	40,080	..
Western	1,017	054	57,377	154,411
Mangari	..	..	5,665	..
Cocanadas	..	211	57,377	..
TOTAL	2,831	3,049	234,786	276,932

(a) Includes 234 bales not reported before.

UNPRESSED COTTON RETURNS.

THE following statement shows the quantity of unpressed (loose) Indian cotton consumed in mills in India during the month of June 1946:—

[Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India, and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States.]

(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Province.	CONSUMPTION			
	During June 1946.	During June 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Bombay Province	2,287	2,484	21,368	29,151
Madras Province	15,857	20,628	149,591	171,145
United Provinces	147	38	1,125	780
Central Provinces and Berar	140	275	6,536	3,862
Bengal	955	459	3,672	5,088
Punjab and Delhi	414	1,328	11,575	15,074
Rest of British India	..	1,002	4,474	6,756
TOTAL, BRITISH INDIA	19,800	26,208	198,341	231,836
TOTAL, INDIAN STATES	2,426	5,056	40,592	49,489
TOTAL, INDIA	22,226	31,264	238,933	281,325

N.B.—Due to corrections, which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding month.

CONSUMPTION OF INDIAN COTTON (PRESSED AND UNPRESSED) IN MILLS IN INDIA.

(1) British India.

[Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923.]

(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Province.	CONSUMPTION			
	During June 1946.	During June 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Bombay Island	73,075	98,124	946,807	1,024,692
Ahmedabad	28,220	34,356	350,567	334,735
Bombay Province	121,955	156,835	1,519,985	1,595,601
Madras Province	39,909	52,537	481,702	499,471
United Provinces	28,251	29,367	315,080	346,894
Central Provinces and Berar	12,145	14,601	126,968	141,973
Bengal	10,159	11,037	108,983	113,603
Punjab and Delhi	13,740	15,028	147,842	151,264
Rest of British India	4,450	4,792	45,153	42,986
TOTAL, BRITISH INDIA	230,609	284,107	2,745,773	2,891,652

(2) Indian States.

(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Name of State.	CONSUMPTION			
	During June 1946.	During June 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Hyderabad	5,700	5,869	57,093	59,285
Mysore	6,245	6,523	66,936	59,714
Baroda	6,158	7,139	69,652	68,252
Gwalior	6,048	6,020	67,474	71,220
Indore	6,759	13,821	119,171	125,322
Kathiawar States	5,362	6,331	58,281	65,053
Other Indian States and Pondicherry	9,500	12,955	119,337	129,900
TOTAL, INDIAN STATES	45,772	58,658	557,944	578,746

N.B.—Due to corrections, which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding month.

FOREIGN TRADE OF MADRAS IN AUGUST 1946.

The following statement gives particulars of the foreign sea-borne trade of the Province of Madras during the month of August 1946, as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year:—

Description of Articles.	Unit.	August 1945.		August 1946.		Difference.		Remarks.
		Quantity.	Value. Rs.	Quantity.	Value. Rs.	Quantity.	Value. Rs.	
Imports.								
Cutlery—Razors—Safety Blades	Gross	—	—	24,867	2,03,158	+24,867	+2,03,158	Large imports from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Drugs and medicines	Value	..	1,60,872	..	8,71,228	..	+2,10,356	Larger imports from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Dyeing and tanning substances—Barks for tanning.	Cwts.	53,008	4,66,960	17,982	3,59,551	—35,026	—3,07,409	Smaller arrivals from the Union of South Africa.
Fruits and vegetables, dried, etc.—Cashewnuts.	Tons	—	—	2,980	13,78,446	+2,980	+13,78,446	Large imports from Portuguese East Africa.
Grains, etc.—Rice in the husk.	"	—	—	23,670	58,88,117	+23,670	+58,88,117	Large imports from Burma.
Wheat	"	1,286	2,80,535	31,648	86,70,825	+30,362	+83,90,290	Large imports from the Commonwealth of Australia and Canada and larger imports from the United States of America.
Instruments, etc.—Wireless apparatus—Complete wireless receivers.	No.	5	580	2,144	3,29,039	+2,139	+3,28,449	Larger imports from the United Kingdom.
Instruments of all kinds.	Value	..	4,39,632	..	11,76,556	..	+7,36,924	Larger imports from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Machinery and millwork—Electrical machinery	"	..	5,86,751	..	11,04,866	..	+5,16,135	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom
Textile machinery	"	..	2,37,616	..	6,80,792	..	+4,43,176	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom
Other sorts of machinery	"	..	3,86,916	..	6,10,244	..	+2,23,328	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Manures (excluding oilcake)	Tons	912	1,39,717	4,996	10,92,196	+4,084	+9,52,479	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Metals and ores—Aluminium	Cwts.	31	3,741	2,625	2,86,313	+2,494	+2,82,572	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Brass	"	822	74,104	15,357	7,39,111	+14,535	+6,65,007	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Copper	"	106	7,603	4,829	3,67,059	+4,723	+3,59,456	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Oils, mineral—Fuel oils—Diesel oils	Galls.	2,129,376	10,14,746	498,460	1,44,712	—1,630,916	—8,73,034	Smaller importations from Iran.
Other fuel oils	"	1,637,128	3,85,742	682,297	1,73,148	—854,831	—2,12,594	Smaller importations from Iran.
Kerosene, in bulk	"	1,805,358	12,21,128	1,697,261	9,06,922	—108,097	—3,14,204	Smaller importations from Iran and the United States of America.
Petroleum, dangerous, etc.—Motor spirit	"	10,257,826	1,17,15,924	146,310	91,087	—10,111,516	—1,16,24,837	Smaller importations from Iran and the United States of America.
Spices—Cloves	Cwts.	781	78,125	4,731	4,28,846	+3,950	+3,50,721	Larger importations from Zanzibar and Pemba.
Textiles—Cotton, raw	Tons	—	—	13	40,150	+13	+40,150	Larger arrivals from Egypt.
Toilet requisites (not specified elsewhere)	Value	..	86,856	..	2,89,810	..	+2,02,954	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Vehicles (excluding locomotives, etc., for railways)	No.	325	22,269	2,737	2,72,272	+2,412	+2,50,003	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Cycles imported entire or in sections	"	1	1,582	205	8,48,586	+204	+8,47,004	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States of America.
Motor cars (including taxi-cabs)	"	..	40,83,925	..	66,69,601	..	+26,05,676	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Other Articles	Value	..	2,13,77,332	..	3,29,19,655	..	+1,15,42,323	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
TOTAL IMPORTS								

FOREIGN TRADE OF MADRAS IN AUGUST 1946—contd.

Description of Articles.	Unit.	August 1945.		August 1946.		Difference.		Remarks.
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Exports.								
Animals living—Sheep and goats	No.	6,131	2,14,605	2,078,060	2,01,626	—6,131	—2,14,605	No exports to Ceylon.
Building, etc.—Tiles	"	—	—	—	—	+2,078,060	+2,01,626	Large exports to Burma, Ceylon and the Straits Settlements.
Coffee	Cwts.	1,760	1,66,600	5,556	4,53,866	+3,796	+2,87,266	Large exports to the F. M. States.
Coin manufactured—	"	50,637	13,00,826	35,758	10,66,927	—14,879	—2,33,899	Smaller exports to the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Coin yarn	"	15,097	8,56,721	34,213	24,67,747	+19,116	+16,11,026	Larger exports to the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Coin made and mottings	"	375	1,79,612	1,232	9,90,524	+857	+8,10,912	Larger exports to the United Kingdom and the United States of America and large exports to Netherlands, Belgium, France and Spain.
Fibre for brushes and brooms	Tons	—	—	—	—	—	—	Smaller exports to Ceylon.
Fish, dry—	"	—	—	—	—	—	—	Larger exports to Ceylon.
Unsalted	Cwts.	42,496	24,59,487	3,097	1,80,722	—39,399	—22,78,765	Smaller exports to Ceylon.
Salted	"	188	11,160	4,472	2,53,329	+4,286	+3,89,369	Smaller exports to Ceylon.
Fresh vegetables—Onions	"	54,010	7,66,986	40,493	2,53,926	—15,517	—13,84,022	Smaller exports to the United States of America.
Fruits, dried, etc.—Cashew kernels	Tons	1,125	60,78,559	1,079	44,93,937	—46	—	Smaller exports to the United States of America.
Hides and skins, raw—Sheep skins	"	20	47,177	171	6,00,202	+151	+5,53,025	Smaller exports to Ceylon.
Leather—	"	—	—	—	—	—	—	Larger shipments to the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Tanned buffalo hides	"	—	—	67	3,47,083	+67	+3,47,083	Large shipments to the United Kingdom, Burma and the United States of America.
Tanned cow hides	"	—	—	607	23,38,688	+607	+23,38,688	Large shipments to the United Kingdom, Burma and the United States of America.
Tanned buff calf skins	"	—	—	76	4,35,814	+76	+4,35,814	Large shipments to the United Kingdom, Burma and the United States of America.
Tanned cow calf skins	"	—	—	44	3,40,455	+44	+3,40,455	Large shipments to the United Kingdom, Burma and the United States of America.
Tanned goat skins	"	—	—	531	51,02,671	+531	+51,02,671	Large shipments to the United Kingdom, Burma and the United States of America.
Tanned sheep skins	"	2	12,510	37	4,08,977	+35	+3,96,467	Large shipments to the United Kingdom, Burma and the United States of America.
Tanned other skins	"	—	—	14	5,93,069	+14	+5,93,069	Large shipments to the United Kingdom, Burma and the United States of America.
Metals, Ores and Minerals—Ferro Manganese	"	—	—	10,900	4,32,526	+10,900	+4,32,526	Large shipments to the United States of America.
Mica—Blocks	Cwts.	21	6,566	589	3,16,172	+568	+3,09,586	Larger exports to the United Kingdom and large exports to Burma.
Oil, vegetable—Non-essential—Groundnut	Value	918	42,151	14,000	8,24,600	+13,082	+7,82,449	Large exports to Burma.
Rubber—Manufactures	Tons	—	4,38,163	—	847	—	—4,37,316	Smaller exports to the United Kingdom and no exports to Ceylon.
Seeds—Non-essential—Groundnuts	Tons	12,322	35,06,263	—	—	—12,322	—35,06,263	No exports to the United Kingdom, the Union of South Africa and France.
Spices—	"	—	—	—	—	—	—	Larger shipments to Sweden and large shipments to Norway and Denmark.
Cardamoms	Cwts.	1,413	2,52,207	1,717	5,74,401	+304	+3,22,194	No exports to the United Kingdom.
Pepper	Lib.	20,000	13,30,000	920	66,100	—19,080	—12,63,900	Larger exports to the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Tea—Black	"	2,604,270	25,73,205	6,193,308	51,84,738	+2,589,038	+26,11,533	Larger exports to the United States of America.
Textiles—	"	—	—	—	—	—	—	Larger exports to the United States of America and the Commonwealth of Australia.
Cotton waste	Cwts.	18,673	3,42,012	20,767	6,80,401	+2,094	+3,38,389	Large shipments to Commonwealth of Australia.
Twist and yarn	Lib.	18,400	20,163	248,211	3,04,347	+223,811	+2,84,184	Large shipments to Madagasc.
Piscigoods—grey (unbleached)	Yds.	159,777	91,627	1,425,374	5,91,402	+1,265,597	+4,99,775	Smaller exports to Ceylon and no exports to the Commonwealth of Australia.
Piscigoods, coloured, printed or dyed	"	1,675,253	25,61,779	1,039,829	16,84,718	—635,424	—8,67,061	Smaller exports to Ceylon.
Hemp—raw	Value	—	2,86,799	14,555	23,608	+14,555	+13,024	Large shipments to the United Kingdom.
Tobacco, unmanufactured	Cwts.	—	—	4,017,366	30,26,472	+4,017,366	+30,26,472	U. S. R., Egypt and Belgium.
Postal Articles	Value	—	4,42,833	—	7,21,184	—	+2,78,351	Larger exports to Ceylon and large exports to Mauritius.
Other articles	"	—	33,61,090	—	39,22,849	—	+5,61,759	—
TOTAL EXPORTS		Value.	2,72,91,121	Value.	3,99,54,152	Value.	+1,26,63,031	—
Re-exports.		Value	1,83,243	Value	1,98,390	Value.	+15,147	—
Progressive Totals for the Five Months ending August—		Value	10,29,61,232	Value	11,64,51,007	Value.	+1,34,89,785	—
Imports	"	—	15,87,60,077	—	19,74,89,464	—	+3,87,29,387	—
Exports	"	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Re-exports	"	—	10,98,460	—	17,95,447	—	+7,01,987	—

RESULTS OF AUCTION TEA SALES IN CALCUTTA.

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

FOR CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.

Districts.	SEASON 1946-1947.				SEASON 1945-1946.				SEASON 1945-1946.			
	Sold in Sale No. 14, 30th September.		Sold to Sale No. 14, 30th September 1946.		Sold in Sale No. 15, 2nd and 3rd October.		Sold to Sale No. 15, 3rd October 1945.		Sold to Sale No. 14, 30th September 1946.		Sold to Sale No. 15, 3rd October 1945.	
	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.
Assam	6,509	Rs. 1 2 6	51,788	Rs. 1 2 0	5,640	Rs. 0 12 11	65,362	Rs. 0 14 9	263,850	Rs. 0 14 10	263,850	Rs. 0 14 10
Cachar	108	1 0 8	3,118	1 0 1	582	0 11 0	4,328	0 11 11	27,605	0 13 2	27,605	0 13 2
Sylhet	2,038	1 0 11	9,202	1 0 4	1,714	0 10 8	18,789	0 11 10	57,661	0 12 7	57,661	0 12 7
Darjeeling	1,103	1 3 9	10,046	1 4 1	212	0 14 10	9,981	1 3 3	28,808	1 3 4	28,808	1 3 4
Dooars	1,613	1 1 2	47,429	1 0 2	4,112	0 12 2	66,374	0 13 3	172,784	0 13 2	172,784	0 13 2
Total	399	1 1 5	4,835	1 0 3	473	0 10 10	2,403	0 12 1	14,033	0 13 5	14,033	0 13 5
Tripura	..	..	973	0 15 9	..	..	442	0 9 11	6,420	0 12 4	6,420	0 12 4
Chittagong	..	..	140	1 1 7	195	0 11 6	380	0 11 11	2,129	0 12 1	2,129	0 12 1
All other places	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Green Tea	11,770	1 2 1	127,331	1 1 3	12,928	0 12 3	166,057	0 14 0	571,268	0 14 2	571,268	0 14 2
TOTAL	12,289	1 2 3	131,224	1 1 5	13,541	0 12 4	171,826	0 14 1	595,046	0 14 4	595,046	0 14 4
Dust	..	..	128,872	1 1 3	13,471	0 12 8	164,289	0 14 7	463,725	0 15 5	463,725	0 15 5

(The above do not include Second-hand Tea, Damaged Tea and Dust.)

PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS.

[NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of report.]

BONE MEAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 30th September—

(1) And steamed	Rs. 210
(2) And unsteamed	Rs. 180
(3) 1/2 th	Rs. 200

per ton f.a.s.

CEMENT—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 27th September—

Indian Portland f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load) Rs. 60 per ton.

London, 7th May—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d site, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (6 ton loads and upwards), per ton 57s. 0d.

COAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Per ton F. O. R.
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Rs. 12-5
(4) Deshergarh	Rs. 11-7
(5) Poniat	Rs. 13-5
(6) Raneegunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7

Bombay, 13th September—

(1) Deshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Ready per ton.
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Rs. 11-7
	Rs. 14-1

Bombay, 30th September—

Railborne Coal (Trimmed into Bunkers)	Per ton.
Seaborne Coal (" " ")	Rs. 39-12
	Rs. 65-8

Karachi, 25th September—

First Class Bengal (Trimmed into Bunkers), per ton	Rs. 75 (seaborne).
--	--------------------

COFFEE—

Market Quotations—

Coimbatore—

28th September—

(1) Plantation "A"	Per cwt.
(2) "PB"	Rs. 123 to Rs. 124
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 142 to Rs. 143
(4) Robusta	Rs. 99 to Rs. 100
	Rs. 86 to Rs. 87

5th October—

(1) Plantation "A"	Rs. 123 to Rs. 124
(2) "PB"	Rs. 143 to Rs. 144
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 99 to Rs. 100
(4) Robusta	Rs. 85 to Rs. 86

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.

Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

The Economist.

Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.

Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.

Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.

COTTON (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*.)	
	1946.	1945.
Imports into—		
Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise)†	36,084	7,482
Karachi by rail	8,613	3,797
Madras by rail and sea	3,875	566
Tuticorin by rail and sea	..	..
Calcutta by rail and river	1,002	2,033

(ii) From 1st September, 1945 to 22nd August, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales*.)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Into Bombay §	2,429	2,032

(iii) Imports by sea during the three months ending December 1945 (into all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales*.)			
	Oct., 1945.	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Sept., 1945 to Dec., 1945.
Egypt and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan	1	1	16	21
East Africa‡	2	61	77	140
United States of America	..	..	1	1
Other Countries	..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1945	3	62	94	162
" 1944	24	44	6	104
" 1943	26	28	58	132

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	..	36,303
" Karachi	..	1,680
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Figures relate to week ending 22nd August, vide East India Cotton Association's Report for week ending 23rd August, 1946.

‡ Kenya Colony, Tanganyika Territory and Uganda Protectorate.

§ The East India Cotton Association's Report for week ending 23rd August, 1946.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.

(b) Exports—contd.

(ii) From 1st September, 1945 to 31st August, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales *)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta		5
" Bombay	369	54
" Karachi	609	342
" Madras	1	2
" Tuticorin		

(iii) During the three months ending December, 1945 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *)			
	Oct., 1945.	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Sept., 1945 to Dec., 1945.
United Kingdom	30	18	10	58
U. S. A.	8	19	29	56
Australia	1			2
Other Countries	3	49	16	68
TOTAL, 1945	42	86	55	187
" 1944	14	18	15	82
" 1943	40	22	10	91

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay—

Indian Cotton Contract, 23rd Aug. 28th Aug.
per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 403 (Sept.) Rs. 407 (Sept.).

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,442,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,498,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta		11	11
Bombay		636	636
Karachi	5	18	23
Madras		108	108

(ii) From 1st January to 7th September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	9,665	9,685
Bombay	3	62,885	62,888
Karachi	41	7,161	7,202
Madras		8,932	8,932

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta			55		40	
Bombay			16		52	1
Karachi						
Madras						

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 6th September—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	per lb.	
(2) Domestic 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.		
(3) Chaddars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.		
(4) Dhories (up to ¼" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs.		
(5) Dhories (Calcutta, P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.		2 4 0

† Manchester, 19th July—

Price Index of cloth 241
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta			
Bombay		1,075	1,075
Karachi		198	198
Madras		620	620

(ii) From 1st January to 7th September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	33,198	33,241
Bombay		271,031	271,031
Karachi		5,108	5,108
Madras		24,420	24,420

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta		10
Bombay		
Madras		

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 6th September—

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Yarn, No. 10½, per lb.	1	1 9
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, "		
† Manchester, 19th July—		
Price index of American yarn	241	
" Egyptian "	229	
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)		

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta		
Bombay	28	
Madras		

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

Cow Hides—

† Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Agra (North-Western)			} per 20 lbs.
(2) Darbhanga			
(3) Patna			
(4) Salted cows, Dacca	Ra. 17-8 to Ra. 18-8		

Buffalo Hides—

† Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Arsenic, Framed			} per 20 lbs.
(2) " Commons	Ra. 13-0 to Ra. 15-0		

Goat Skins—

† Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Ra. 270 to Ra. 300
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Ra. 180 " Ra. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—

Market Quotations—

† Madras, 26th September—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—				
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to	2 4 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 6 6		1 8 0	
(3) Sheep skins "	5 10 0		7 0 0	
(4) Goat skins "	4 8 0		5 5 0	

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 27th September—

Pig Iron—

Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Ra. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Ra. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Ra. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Ra. 98

† London, 7th May—

Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£ 8 3 0
Steel, rails, heavy " "	15 7 0

JUTE (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	35	67
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer	46	108
TOTAL	81	175

(ii) From 1st July to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	393	517
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer	319	635
TOTAL	712	1,152

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	16	91

(ii) From 1st July to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	309	303

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(iii) During the three months ending December, 1945 (from all British Indian ports):—

(In thousands of bales.)*

	Oct., 1945.	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	July to Dec., 1945.
United Kingdom	33	59	50	237
United States of America	17	23	41	134
Brazil	26	7	..	56
Australia	6	..	3	9
Other Countries	109	96	116	488
Total, 1945	191	185	216	924
1944	95	69	73	444
1943	84	125	72	482

(c) Market Quotations—

† Calcutta, 27th September—

- (1) European Jute Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Ra. 17-0 (n).
 (2) Indian Jute Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Ra. 17-0 (n).

Calcutta, 25th September—

- (1) First, per bale (400 lbs.) { Ra. 87-0 ‡ (n).
 Ra. 90-0 ‡ (n).
 (2) Lightnings „ „ { Ra. 82-0 ‡ (n).
 Ra. 85-0 ‡ (n).

London, 8th, 15th & 22nd August—

Daisies C. & F., per ton £ s. d.
45 0 0

Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1946 is estimated at 5,550,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 7,991,000 bales in 1945 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

(In thousands of bags.)

	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	2,360	16,318
Hessian	562	8,672

(ii) From 1st January to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

(In thousands of bags.)

	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	201,582	174,004
Hessian	55,553	70,049

(b) Market Quotations—

† Calcutta, 27th September—

B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×26½", 6×8", per 100 bags Ra. 66-12 (n) (Ready).

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Exports.

§ Mills.

(n) Nominal.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

(In thousands of yards.)

	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	40	625
Hessian	4,514	103,769

(ii) From 1st January to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

(In thousands of yards.)

	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	18,231	15,787
Hessian	993,009	934,415

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 27th September—

- (1) Hessian cloth, 8" oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds. Ra. 22-2-0 (Ready)(n).
 (2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds. Ra. 20-0-0 (Ready)(n).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—**Calcutta, 30th September—
Groundnut Cake, per md. Ra. 5-10½**OILSEEDS—****CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—**

† Bombay, 13th September—

Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt. Ra. 24-1

London, 26th September and 3rd October—

Castorseed (Bombay), per ton £ s. d.
47 0 0**COCONUTS—****Market Quotations—**

† Cochin, 14th and 21st September—

Coconuts, per 1,000 Ra. 185

COPRA—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin—

Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs. 14th Sept. 21st Sept.
Ra. 445 Ra. 420

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

§ Govt. control retail rate.

(n) Nominal.

Oct. 10, 1946.]

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

(In tons.)

	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports	..	..

(b) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 31st August—

Cotton seed, per Indian Md. Ra. 6-3-0

GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—**

† Bombay, 13th September—

- (1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt. Ra. 37-0
 (2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt. ..

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations—**

‡ Madras, 26th September—

Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs. Ra. 91-1-0

† Bombay, 13th September—

Bombay, Bold, per cwt. Ra. 22-14

London, 18th April—

Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton £ s. d.
38 0 0**LINSEED—****(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

(In tons.)

	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	..	1,015
Bombay, by rail and sea	2,946	22
Karachi, by rail and river	..	..
Vizagapatam, by rail	..	39

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

(In tons.)

	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	3,547
Bombay	2,500	..
Karachi	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	..

* Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—contd.**LINSEED—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—**

* Bombay, 13th September—

- (1) Bold, per cwt. Ra. 24-6
 (2) Small, per cwt. Ra. 24-1

† Calcutta, 27th September—

Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md. Ra. 20-0 (Ready).

London, 2nd May—

Linseed, Bombay, per ton £ s. d.
46 10 0**RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—****(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

(In tons.)

	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	438	248
Bombay, by rail and sea	21	45
Karachi, by rail and river	..	173

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

(In tons.)

	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	1,175

(c) Market Quotations—

‡ Karachi, 25th September—

Per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately.

Rapeseed—Crop 1945-46 (including bags) Ra. 107-0½

* Bombay, 29th June, 1945—

- (1) Brown, Cawnpore, per cwt. Ra. 18-0 (n).
 (2) Yellow, „ „ Ra. 23-0 (n).

London, 18th April—

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £ s. d.
39 10 0

* Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Sind Fort. controlled price ex-godown in Karachi City.

(n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—

CASTOR OIL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 27th September—

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Ra. 59-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Ra. 58-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Ra. 57-9-0

† Madras, 26th September—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Ra. 253-8-0
-----------------------------------	-------------

COCONUT OIL—

Market Quotations—

‡ Cochin —

14th September—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	Ra. 656-4 Ready.
	Ra. 660-0 One month.

21st September—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	Ra. 635-0 Ready.
	Ra. 640-0 One month.

GROUNDNUT OIL—

Market Quotations—

§ Madras, 28th September—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Ra. 229
--------------------------------------	---------

OILS (MINERAL)—

KEROSENE OIL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 27th September—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ Ra. 4-4-3 ||
	{ Ra. 4-7-3 ¶
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	{ Ra. 3-13-6 ||
	{ Ra. 4-0-6 ¶

PETROL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 27th September—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Ra. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.
-----------------------------	------------------------

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		1,620	181

- * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.
 ‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
 § Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.
 || Ex-godown.
 ¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.
 ** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	1
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		201,916	26,986

From 1st January to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	15,147

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..†

SHELLAC—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 27th September—

T. N. per B. maund	Ra. 160
London—	26th Sept. 3rd Oct.
T. N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d. £ s. d.
	18 12 0 18 7 6

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—

(a) Despatches—

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined.	(In cwt.)
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea	111	1,464
" Bombay by rail	223	952
" Karachi " "	..	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
* A grade Rice	Ra. 23-12-0
* B grade Rice	Ra. 13-12-0
* C grade Rice	Ra. 8-12-0

Oct. 10, 1946.]

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Java.	Refined. (In cwt.)	Mauritius.	Other Europe. Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..

TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Cawnpore, 21st September—

	1946.	1945.
	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 16 7 6 to 17 2 6	{ 16 1 6 to 16 12 6
Balrampur, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	16 14 0	16 8 0
Basti, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	16 12 0	16 6 0
Mathwah, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	17 2 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	16 11 0	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta. (21st Sept. '46)	7,731	(22nd Sept. '45)	27,934
Bombay. (15th Aug. ")	65,400	(15th Aug. ")	100,500
Karachi. (19th Sept. ")	35,346	(20th Sept. ")	25,983
Madras. (19th " ")	18,131	(22nd " ")	35,635

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending:—

	14th Sept. 1946.	14th Sept. 1945.	21st Sept. 1946.	21st Sept. 1945.
	Ra. A.	Ra. A.	Ra. A.	Ra. A.
Refining—				
(1) Sawa Bazar	..	..	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..	..	..
Eating—				
(3) Madras	22 11.	11 2	19 12	11 2
(4) Ahmednagar	14 7	12 11	14 7	12 5
(5) Lyalpur	23 0	..	23 0	12 0
(6) Muzaffarnagar	13 0	11 4	..	10 12
(7) Meerut	..	9 4	18 8	9 4
(8) Bhagapur (second quality)	32 0	28 0	33 0	25 0
(9) Dacca (best quality)	..	..	..	..

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

† Kidderpore Docks only.

TEA—

(a) Arrivals—

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		12,872	15,075

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		367	26,154
" Chittagong		1,757	..

(ii) During the three months ending December, 1945 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)			
	Oct., 1945.	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	July to Dec., 1945.
United Kingdom .	33,858	33,019	18,967	173,745
Iraq	386	541	..	927
Iran	1,344	354	66	2,424
Canada	5,695	4,986	200	17,927
United States. of America	7,248	11,399	5,378	34,904
Australia	5,052	..	2,709	11,658
Other Countries . .	2,917	1,769	4,782	14,848
TOTAL, 1945 . . .	58,500	52,068	32,066	256,333
" 1944	61,695	46,551	46,487	261,061
" 1943	55,704	45,650	16,366	207,993

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 17th & 18th September—

a = Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. . . . Ra. 1-1-9

WHEAT—

(a) Imports and Exports—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

		(In tons.)			
		1946.		1945.	
		Indian†.	Foreign.	Indian†.	Foreign.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	959	10,156
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	161	..	375	..

* Relating to tea, black.

† In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta			
Bombay			
Karachi			

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		12,979	

(ii) From 1st April to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Indian* Foreign.			
Calcutta		47,748	16,930
Bombay		3,290	1,190
Karachi		97,592	80,219

From 1st April to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta			
Bombay			
Karachi			

From 1st April to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		97,276	40,325

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 31st August—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 27th September—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mda., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—conold.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyalpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur . . . Ra. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1944-45 is estimated at 10,458,000 tons, as against 9,741,000 tons in 1943-44.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 25th September—

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality . . . Ra. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 27th September—

	Jute (50 c. ft.) Plus 15% Surchargo.	Linseed (20 cwt.)
London §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Liverpool §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Dundee §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Glasgow §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	

‡ Bombay, 13th September—

	Cotton (40 c. ft.)—	United Kingdom ports
Antwerp		102 0
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		
Trieste, Venice		
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—		
Linseed, Rape, etc.—		
United Kingdom ports		92 0
Antwerp		
Marseilles		
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		
Trieste, Venice		
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—		
Cotton, etc.—		
United Kingdom ports		89 0
Marseilles		
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		
Groundnuts—		
United Kingdom ports		98 0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal

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(Continued on page 120.)

(Continued on page 120.)

For all your TIMBER requirements please always refer to—

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Telegraphic Address: "TEAKTIMBER" Bombay.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Wednesday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 16th October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 15th October 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 3,85,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-6 per cent were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-3 per cent were allotted approximately 49 per cent. The total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-6-11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 22nd October 1946, at Bombay up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) and up to the close of business on Monday, the 21st October 1946, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment at all centres except Karachi on Saturday, the 26th October 1946 and at Karachi on the 28th October 1946. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 11th October 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,40,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

ASSAM GOVERNMENT TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 15th October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 50,00,000 of three months' Government of Assam Treasury Bills will be received up to 11 a.m. on Monday, the 21st October 1946, at the Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta and Bombay. Successful tenderers will be required to make payment and take up their bills on Saturday, the 26th October 1946. Other conditions are as usual.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 16th October—

British Conversion (3½ per cent) 112½
British War Loan (3½ per cent) 107½

EXCHANGE—

15th October—

Telegraphic Transfer 1s. 5½d. 1s. 6½d.
On New York D/D \$100— Rs. 332½ Rs. 329½
London/New York \$4-02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 15th October—

Gold (-999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 100-8; forward (new delivery) Rs. 93-3.

London, 9th October—

Gold, per fine oz. £8-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—

15th October—

Silver (-999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 167; forward (new delivery) Rs. 158-4.

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

14th October—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 160

London, 9th October—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 53½d.

New York, 9th October—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 90½ cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 4TH OCTOBER 1946—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 14th October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	749,18,97,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	320,67,54,000
3. Cash in India :—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	35,60,16,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,12,82,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	71,08,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	78,70,68,000
5. Advances in India	391,53,17,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	19,14,08,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	4-10-46.	27-9-46.	5-10-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	749,18,97	748,15,78	649,73,09	134,36,40
2. Time Liabilities in India	320,67,54	321,41,83	256,99,04	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	39,44,04	42,09,39	33,50,61	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	78,70,68	82,14,55	112,60,94	25,17,11
5. Advances in India	391,53,17	391,83,58	249,80,01	101,52,11
6. Bills Discounted in India	19,14,08	19,69,72	13,03,57	3,57,21

Oct. 17, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

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MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 4th October 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	62,43,72,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	17,32,000†
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,66,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	471,93,48,000	(a) Internal	—
(2) Government of Burma	1,27,50,000	(b) External	—
(3) Other Government Accounts	23,12,35,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,00,64,000
(b) Banks	84,93,47,000	Balances held abroad*	511,40,27,000
(c) Others	11,35,06,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	36,00,000
Bills Payable	9,35,21,000	Other Loans and Advances	9,00,000
Other Liabilities	5,52,69,000	Investments	16,35,43,000
		Other Assets	24,66,62,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	617,50,66,000	TOTAL ASSETS	617,50,66,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

†The figure "Rs. 19,19,29,000" shown against "Rupee Coin" on page 69 of last week's issue of the *Indian Trade Journal* has since been corrected to read "Rs. 19,29,000".

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 11th October 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	62,43,72,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,195,53,96,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	—	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
Total Notes issued		1,257,97,68,000	Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		20,39,21,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities.		57,84,13,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		—
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,257,97,68,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,257,97,68,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.781 per cent.



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B. 3062 W. 22-3-47.

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Business Notice

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TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

INDIAN—

Slag Wool (Mineral Wool or Glass Wool).

(JJ-46) A firm in Lahore (Punjab) enquires for suppliers of Slag Wool (Mineral Wool or Glass Wool) in India.

FOREIGN—

Canes and Rattans.

(JJ-47) A correspondent in Beyrouth (Syria) desires to be put in touch with exporters of Canes and Rattans in India.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

CROPS. Bihar, week ending 7th October.—Rainfall moderate in parts of Santal Parganas, Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Palamau and light elsewhere except in parts of Saran, Champaran, Monghyr, Bhagalpur and Saharsa where no rain reported. Condition and prospects of standing crops reported fair to good except at places where damaged by floods. Transplanting of *aghani* paddy over. Harvesting of *bhadoi* crops nearing completion. Orissa, week ending 30th September.—During week under report rainfall light to moderate in all places except at Kendrapara, Angul, Sambalpur and Nawarangpur where no rain reported. Harvesting of autumn paddy and jute in Cuttack and Balasore districts in progress. Harvesting of paddy in Sambalpur district continued. *Laghu sarada* paddy in ears in Cuttack and Puri districts. Weeding and transplantation of *guru sarada* paddy in Puri district and weeding of *sarada* paddy in Balasore district going on. Paddy damaged by floods in many areas in Balasore district. Standing crops, including paddy, sugarcane and tobacco, generally thriving. Punjab, week ending 7th October.—Weather remained dry except in parts of Karnal, Ambala, Simla, Kangra, Jullundur, Ludhiana, Gurdaspur and Gujrat districts, where rain varying in amount from 0.04" to 5.22" received. Rain badly needed in Hissar and Mianwali districts. Condition of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated

Oct. 17, 1946.]

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areas. Hailstorm damaged crops in a few villages of Ajnala *tahsil* of Amritsar district. Bombay, week ending 11th October.—Heavy rain during week in most parts of Karnatak and occasional showers in Konkan reported. No rain elsewhere. Standing *kharif* crops faring well. Harvesting of *kharif* crops continued. Weeding and interculturating progressing. Sowing of winter crops commenced in favoured areas of Deccan and Karnatak. Rains needed in Gujarat for late paddy sowing and winter crops in Konkan. Sind, week ending 6th October.—Rainfall nil. Days and nights cool. Picking of cotton in full swing. Paddy ready for harvest. Harvesting of certain minor crops started. Slight attack of red-leaf blight and boll-worm on cotton continuing. United Provinces, week ending 28th September.—During week under report practically no rain except for light showers in a few districts reported. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops in full swing. Harvesting of early *kharif* crops in progress. Irrigation of late paddy and sugarcane done in areas where rainfall insufficient. Standing crops reported adversely affected by drought in some districts. In a few other districts crops reported damaged by floods. Rain urgently needed in a number of districts where rainfall scanty. Except in districts where crops damaged by drought or floods, condition of standing crops and prospects of outturn reported generally satisfactory. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 5th October.—Weather continued clear and warm with occasional passing clouds. Light showers of rain received in parts of many districts. Paddy crop in Murwara *tahsil* (Jubbulpore) and *kharif* crops in Wardha district showing signs of withering for want of adequate moisture in soil. Otherwise standing *kharif* crops in satisfactory condition, though one or two good showers of rain, if received early, will do immense good to them, especially to cotton on light soils and to late variety of paddy. Harvesting of early paddy in Sangor, Jubbulpore and Betul districts in progress. Preparation of land for *rabi* sowing in full swing. Sowing of *rabi* crops commenced in Nagpur and Jubbulpore divisions and in Balaghat, Drug and Akola districts. Sowing of wheat also started at places in Betul and Wardha districts. Assam, dated 14th October.—Unusual heavy rainfall during week resulted in local floods. Damage to crops anticipated in some districts.

Cotton. Bombay, 10th October.—After opening considerably weak, futures cotton prices displayed throughout session quietly steady tone. Gradual improvement registered during course of day's business. Indian Cotton Contract January started around Rs. 434-8, and after fluctuating between Rs. 433-12 and Rs. 434-8, it sagged to Rs. 433-8. It rose to Rs. 434-12, then hovered around Rs. 435-12 and then rose further to Rs. 436-12. For long while it varied between Rs. 435-8 and Rs. 437. Rate then touched Rs. 438 and closed at Rs. 437-4.

Jute. Calcutta, 12th October.—Firm with mill business reported in Lightnings and Dundee Daisee 2/3 at Rs. 115 per bale. Hessians 40-10 oz. quoted at Rs. 32-4 ready for internal consumption

"B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 77 ready for internal consumption. Mills not sellers at present. Small local transactions reported.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. Madras, 10th October:—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to 2 4 0
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 8 0	to 1 8 6
Sheep skins, per lb.	6 0 0	to 7 0 0
Goat skins, per lb.	4 12 0	to 5 8 0
Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.		

MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 14th October—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 58-0-0
	per md. loose.
Linseed oil, Up-country Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 53-0-0
	per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—There has been no material change in the linseed market during the week, local stocks being scarce and no arrivals of any significance having reached this centre. Sellers with limited stocks in hand have been reserved. The local oil mills, who were the principal buyers, have been purchasing small ready lots on a hand-to-mouth basis at the prevailing high prices.

Bombay, 10th October—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 15-8-0
	per quarter.

[No stock figures are available.]

IMPORT OF BRANDY, BURGUNDY AND BORDEAUX FROM FRANCE.

—With reference to the notice on the above subject published on page 116 of the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 18th July 1946, information has been received that negotiations with France have now been completed and for brandy a price of 124/- per case of f. o. b. agreed to. A reasonable margin over and above this figure is suggested for areas such as India to cover increased shipping and packing costs.

IT PAYS TO USE THE GENUINE

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GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUES AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

INDIAN TARIFF BOARD: APPLICATIONS FROM MORE INDUSTRIES FOR PROTECTION—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 11th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In addition to the claims from certain industries already referred to the Tariff Board, the Government of India have decided to forward to the Board applications received from the following industries, namely:—

Belting, Steel Belt Lacing, Dry Battery, Oleic Acid, Stearic Acid, Super Phosphate, Ferro-Silicon, Alloy Tool and Special Steel and Pickers.

Firms or persons interested in any of these industries or in industries dependent on the use of these articles, who desire that their views should be considered by the Tariff Board, should address their representations to the Secretary to the Board, Caltex House, Ballard Estate, Bombay 1.

QUARANTINE RESTRICTIONS ON CARPETS IN AUSTRALIA REMOVED—

The following Press Note has been issued:—

Quarantine restrictions on carpets imported from India into Australia have been discontinued, according to an advice received from the Director General of Health, Canberra. The necessity for fumigation of carpets before shipment from India to Australia is, therefore, now removed.

ADVISORY PLANNING BOARD TO BE APPOINTED—

The following Press Note has been issued:—

The Government of India, it is understood, are to appoint an Advisory Planning Board, consisting of both official and non-official members to review the planning that has so far been done by Government and also other plans and proposals for planning.

The Board is expected to make recommendations in the light of this review for the co-ordination and improvement of planning and also to advise on objectives and priorities and to make suggestions regarding the future machinery of planning.

The work of this Board will be of a temporary character and it should be completed within two or three months. It is possible that the Board will then give place to or become absorbed in some wider and more permanent organization. The first meeting of the Board will probably be held early in November.

CENTRAL EXCISES AND SALT ACT, 1944: FIXATION OF TARIFF VALUES FOR THE PURPOSE OF LEVYING EXCISE DUTY ON AERO-TYRES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. 10-Central Excises, dated the 28th September 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Finance Department (Revenue Division) Notification No. 8-Central Excises, dated the 27th July 1946*, namely:—

In column 1 of the Table in the said notification for the entry "12.00" the entry "12.50" shall be substituted.

QUANTITY OF PAPER THAT MAY BE SOLD, ETC., BY CERTAIN SPECIFIED FIRMS—

The following Order [No. 300-PA(8)/46, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of the order of the Government of India in the late Department of Supply No. SS/200(266), dated the 28th October 1944, the Central Government is pleased to make the following order:—

1. The quantity of paper that may be sold, agreed to be sold, or otherwise disposed of by any firm specified in the Schedule annexed to this order in any quarter otherwise than under the terms of and in accordance with the contract between such firm and the Central Government shall not without the general or special permission in writing of the Director General, Industries and Supplies or an officer authorised by him to act in his behalf exceed such percentage of the total quantity of paper manufactured by such firm during the preceding quarter as may be specified in this behalf by order in writing by the said Director General.

Note.—For the purpose of this order, (a) "quarter" shall mean a period of three months commencing on the first day of January, April, July or October.

(b) "paper" shall mean and include any variety specified in Schedule I of the Paper Control (Production) Order, 1945, and any variety which any such firm is permitted by the Director General, Industries and Supplies, to manufacture in pursuance of section 4 of the said Order.

2. Any firm specified in the Schedule annexed to this order shall comply with such directions as may be given to it from time to time by the Director General, Industries and Supplies or by an officer authorised by him in this behalf regarding delivery of paper to be made by such firm under its contract with the Central Government.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 29th August 1946, page 393.

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SCHEDULE.

The Bengal Paper Mills Co., Ltd., Calcutta.
The Shree Gopal Paper Mills, Ltd., Calcutta.
The Orient Paper Mills, Ltd., Calcutta.
The Upper India Couper Paper Mills Co., Ltd., Lucknow.
The Gujrat Paper Mills, Ltd., Barajadi.
The Rohas Industries, Ltd., Dalmianagar, Bihar.
The Deccan Paper Mills Co., Ltd., Poona.
The Titagur Paper Mills Co., Ltd., Calcutta.
The Star Paper Mills Co., Ltd., Calcutta.
The India Paper Pulp Co., Ltd., Calcutta.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (TRANSMISSION BY POST PROHIBITION ORDER, 1946: EXEMPTION RELATING TO CERTAIN INLAND POSTAL ARTICLES IN CERTAIN SPECIFIED PROVINCES—

The following Notification [No. 103/1-TA/46(i), dated the 1st October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 7 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1946, I hereby exempt from the provisions of clause 3 thereof any inland postal article weighing not more than 2 lbs. offered for transmission by post under service stamps by or under the authority of any Officer specified in column (2) of the schedule below with a certificate from that officer that the transmission is for official purposes, such transmission being from any place in the Province mentioned in column (3) of the schedule below against that Officer to any other place in that Province.

SCHEDULE.

S. No. (1)	Officer. (2)	Province. (3)
(1)	The Provincial Textile and Yarn Commissioner, Central Provinces and Berar, or any District Magistrate in that Province	The Central Provinces and Berar.
(2)	The Senior Assistant Secretary to the Government of Punjab, Civil Supplies Department, or any District Magistrate or any Civil Supply Officer in the Province of Punjab	Punjab.
(3)	The Additional Director of Civil Supplies (Enforcement), Bombay, or any District Magistrate in the Province of Bombay	Bombay.
(4)	Any District Enforcement Officer in Bengal	Bengal.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (TRANSMISSION BY POST) PROHIBITION ORDER, 1946: EXEMPTION RELATING TO CERTAIN SPECIFIED INLAND POSTAL ARTICLES—

The following Notification [No. 103/1-TA/46(ii), dated the 1st October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 7 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order 1946, I hereby exempt the inland postal articles specified in the schedule below from the provisions of clause 3 of the said Order.

SCHEDULE.

1. All inland postal articles containing *jari* goods when declared as such by the sender of the parcel;

Explanation:—The expression "Jari goods" includes cloth, which has been interwoven with gold or silver thread, real or imitation, and containing not less than 60 per cent of such gold or silver thread by weight or articles prepared from such cloth.

2. Trade samples of cloth or yarn sent by Book Post with open ends; provided (a) any one package does not exceed $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. gross weight, and (b) any one sample in the package may be of the full width of the cloth from selvedge to selvedge but not exceeding 18" in length in the opposite direction;

3. All inland postal articles posted by or addressed to the members of His Majesty's forces in India;

4. All inland postal articles addressed to the British Minister in Nepal or to the members of the staff of the British Legation in Nepal;

5. All inland postal articles containing shipment samples of standard cloth when declared as such and despatched by a cotton textile mill to any Provincial or State Officer in India;

6. All inland postal articles containing badges and labels made from cloth.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (TRANSMISSION BY POST) PROHIBITION ORDER, 1946: DELEGATION OF POWERS IN RESPECT OF EXEMPTIONS RELATING TO INLAND POSTAL ARTICLES—

The following Notification [No. 103/1-TA/46(iii), dated the 1st October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 7 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1946, I hereby authorise each of the Officers specified in column (2) of the table below to exempt by special order from the provisions of clause 3 of the said Order any inland postal article or class of

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inland postal articles posted from any post office within the area specified against them in column (3) of the table.

TABLE.

S. No. (1)	Officer. (2)	Area. (3)
(1)	The Provincial Textile Commissioner, Madras	The Province of Madras.
(2)	Mr. A. S. E. Iyer, Additional Director (Transport), Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay	The whole of British India.
(3)	Mr. M. Ahmadullah, Director (Cloth), Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay	The whole of British India.
(4)	The Secretary to the Government of United Provinces, Department of Civil Supplies, Lucknow	United Provinces.
(5)	The Director of Textiles and the Additional Director of Textiles, Bengal	The Province of Bengal.
(6)	The Provincial Textile Commissioner, Assam	The Province of Assam.

DHARMA VIRA, Textile Commr.

PURCHASES OF FENTS FROM THE AHMEDABAD MARKET—

The following Press Note, dated the 11th October 1946, has been issued by the Textile Commissioner, Bombay:—

The Textile Commissioner to the Government of India desires to warn all Provincial buyers and/or their commission agents in Bombay who have been advised to procure their bales of fents from the Ahmedabad market against their Purchase Authorities for the months of March and April, that if they do not complete the purchases from the Ahmedabad market before the 25th of October 1946, by presenting the Purchase Authorities along with the schedules of purchases made under those Purchase Authorities for the scrutiny of the Office of the Textile Commissioner at Ahmedabad, they would not be supplied with the quantities of fents mentioned therein and to that extent the Purchase Authorities would be cancelled.

Refrigerating Equipments and Parts.

The Ice Machinery Mart,

18/2, McLeod Road, Lahore.

B. 2925 W. 26-12-46.

BRASS AND COPPER (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification (No. 1185, dated the 26th September 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Brass and Copper (Control) Order, 1945* :—

In clause 4 of the said Order,

(1) the provisos in sub-clause (b) and sub-clause (c) shall be omitted;

(2) to sub-clause (a) the following shall be added, namely:—

“Provided that in the case of hand-made brass or copper utensils which are tinned one anna per lb. may be charged in addition and in the case of copper utensils which are tinned on both sides according to usual practice two annas per lb. may be charged in addition;

Provided further that the ceiling prices referred to above shall not be applicable to hand-made brass or copper artware or E.P.N.S. utensils.”

NOTE.—“Artware utensils” means a utensil at least half the surface of which is covered by lacquer work, chisello work, engraving work, repousse work, cut work or such other work as may be recognised by order in writing for the purposes of this sub-clause by an officer authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf.

VEGETABLE OIL PRODUCTS (CONTROL) ORDER, 1946: MAXIMUM PRICES OF VEGETABLE OIL PRODUCTS—

The following Notification [No. 6-VP(2)/46, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food:—

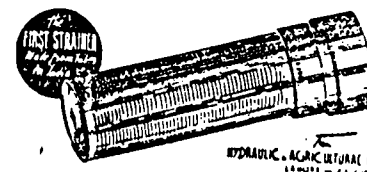
In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by sub-clause (1) of clause 6 of the Vegetable Oil Products Control Order, 1946, and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Food No. 6-VP(2)/46, dated the 31st August

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th October 1945, pages 161-65.

ARJUNA

THE BRASS TUBEWELL

Strainer



B. 3065 W8. 5-12-46.

Hydraulic and Agricultural Industries, Ltd., Lahore and Calcutta.

1946*, I hereby fix as follows the maximum prices at which vegetable oil products may be sold with effect from 1st October 1946:—

Locality of sale	Maximum price per lb. net of vegetable oil product		
	When sold by producer or producer's distributing agent in large packs	When sold by any other person	
	2	In large packs 3	Loose in small quantities 4
1			
1. Bombay town and suburbs	Rs. A. P. 0 11 3	Rs. A. P. 0 12 0	Rs. A. P. 0 12 9
2. Bombay Province (excluding Bombay town and suburbs), Madras, the Central Provinces and Berar, Coorg and Panth-Piploda.	0 11 6	0 12 3	0 13 0
3. The Punjab, the United Provinces, the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Baluchistan, Delhi and Ajmer.	0 12 6	0 13 3	0 14 0
4. Bengal, Assam, Orissa and Bihar.	0 12 3	0 13 0	0 13 9

NOTE.—“Large packs” are packs (in producer's original sealed container) containing not less than 35 lbs. net of the products.

Description	Maximum price per pack of vegetable oil product when sold in small packs	
	Wholesale	Retail
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Packs other than “Pakav” containing 10 lbs.	9 7 0	9 13 0
Packs other than “Pakav” containing 5 lbs.	4 15 3	5 2 6
Packs other than “Pakav” containing 2 lbs.	2 0 6	2 2 0
Packs other than “Pakav” containing 1 lb.	1 0 6	1 1 3
Packs containing 9 lbs. of “Pakav”	8 12 0	9 2 6
Packs containing 3 lbs. of “Pakav”	3 4 3	3 6 3

NOTE.—The maximum prices specified above under I and II are inclusive of freight but exclusive of octroi, terminal tax and similar other local taxes and also of sales tax.

When any such tax is paid whether by the manufacturer, his distributing agent a wholesaler or a retailer the maximum price as fixed above in respect of any transaction may be increased by an amount equal to the total of the taxes so paid at or before that transaction, and may after the increase be rounded off to the nearest pice.

N. T. MONE,

Vegetable Oil Products Controller for India.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 3rd October 1946, page 17.

DRAFT OF THE INDIAN BOILER REGULATIONS, 1946—

The draft of certain regulations which the Central Boilers Board proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (V of 1923), has been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 3rd October 1946, under Notification No. EL-II/304(1), dated the 27th September 1946, of the Government of India in the Department of Works, Mines and Power (Central Boilers Board) for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st February 1947, and any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Boilers Board. Such objections or suggestions should be addressed to the Secretary, Central Boilers Board, Works, Mines and Power Department, New Delhi.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF “FORD” 8 AND 10 H.P. CAR PARTS—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of “Ford” 8 and 10 H.P. car parts as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 9th October 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(148)/46, dated the 23rd August 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENT TO NOTIFICATION NO. 52-LPC(1)/45-BATTERIES DATED 19TH APRIL 1945—

An amendment to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(1)/45-Batteries, dated the 19th April 1945, has been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 30th September 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(150)/46, dated the 23rd September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENT TO NOTIFICATION NO. 4-LPC(153)/46, DATED 16TH AUGUST 1946—

An amendment to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 4-LPC(153)/46, dated the 16th August 1946, has been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 30th September 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(153)/46, dated the 23rd September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

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MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN PARTS MANUFACTURED BY THE MANHATTAN RUBBER MANU- FACTURING DIVISION OF ALLIED ASBESTOS AND RUBBER CO. (EX.) INC., U.S.A.—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (I) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain parts manufactured by the Manhattan Rubber Manufacturing Division of Allied Asbestos and Rubber Co. (Ex.) Inc., U.S.A., as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 30th September 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(184)/46, dated the 23rd September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN "CARLTON" AUTOMOBILE LAMP BULBS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. CARLTON LAMP CORPORATION, NEWARK, NEW JERSEY, U. S. A.—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (I) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain "Carlton" automobile lamp bulbs manufactured by Messrs. Carlton Lamp Corporation, Newark, New Jersey, U.S.A., as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 30th September 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(173)/46, dated the 25th September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

SUMMARY OF EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1946 AND WORKING EXPENSES FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1946 OF CLASS I RAILWAYS—BUDGET LINES—

The total approximate gross earnings of the Budget lines for the month of August 1946 amount to Rs. 15.89 crores, i.e., Rs. 1.98 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding month of the previous year and Rs. 2.48 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding month of 1943-44. Compared with the last year, coaching earnings decreased by about Rs. 68 lakhs and goods earnings by about Rs. 1.04 lakhs during the month.

The decrease under coaching earnings is mainly due to less military specials, passengers, luggage and parcels, coaching traffic and adjustments in August 1945. Earnings from goods showed a general decrease in all commodities except Coal, Ore, Iron, Rice, Food Grains and Railway Materials. Military Stores, Sugar, Cotton, Mineral Oil, Metals, Lime Stone and E. I. Railway diverted trains and General Goods showed decreases of about Rs. 10, Rs. 4, Rs. 2, Rs. 4, Re. 1, Re. 1, Re. 1, and Rs. 1.16 lakhs, respectively.

The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 31st August 1946 amount to Rs. 86.11 crores, and are less by Rs. 10.25 crores when compared with the actuals for the same period of last year and more by Rs. 12.95 crores in comparison with the corresponding period of 1943-44. Details are as follows:—

Railways.	Up to 31st August 1945.	Up to 31st August 1946.	Up to 31st August 1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year as com- pared with previous year.
	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)
B. A.	6.68	13.82	7.97	—5.85
B. N.	6.88	8.71	7.94	—77
B., B. & C. I.	8.02	8.91	9.65	+74
E. I.	13.52	18.77	14.06	—4.11
G. I. P.	12.16	13.71	13.52	—19
M. & S. M.	5.64	7.79	7.79	—
N. W.	13.17	15.31	15.80	+29
Oudh Tirhut	2.70	3.51	3.04	—47
S. I.	4.04	5.39	5.58	+17
Other Railways	35	44	38	—6
TOTAL	73.16	96.36	86.11	—10.25

During the month, the number of wagons loaded with goods traffic decreased by 12.2 per cent on the broad gauge and 21.2 per cent on the metre gauge as compared with 1945. From 1st April to 31st August 1946, the number of wagons loaded decreased by 3.74 per cent on the broad gauge and 20.5 per cent on the metre gauge. The details are given under "Wagon Loadings" below.

Working Expenses.—The approximate ordinary working expenses including suspense but excluding appropriation to and from the depreciation reserve fund, of Budget lines from 1st April to 31st July 1946, are more by Rs. 2.96 lakhs than the actuals for same period of last year. The increase is on all railways except the B.A. and other railways.

The approximate ordinary working expenses including suspense but excluding appropriation to and from the depreciation reserve fund, of Budget lines from 1st April 1945 to 31st March 1946 are more by Rs. 20.98 lakhs than the actuals for the same period of last year. The increase is on all railways except the M. & S. M., O. T. and S. I. Railways.

TONNAGE LIFTED ON CLASS I RAILWAYS—

Comparisons of Figures of Tonnage Lifted on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of Tons lifted during the month of August:—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	5,819,827	5,257,482	—9.66
Metre gauge	1,634,746	1,227,309	—24.9

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B. 3013 W. 19-1-47.

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FOR EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL
THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. LTD. OF ENGLAND.

B. 2886 W. 7-11-46.

(b) Number of Tons lifted from 1st April to 31st August:—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	30,038,648	28,737,137	Per cent. —4.33
Metre gauge	8,650,072	6,668,374	—23.9

WAGON LOADINGS—

Comparisons of Figures of Wagon Loadings on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded during the month of August:—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	386,662	339,678	Per cent. —12.2
Metre gauge	222,281	175,009	—21.2

(b) Total number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded from 1st April to 31st August:—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	1,950,231	1,886,050	Per cent. —3.74
Metre gauge	1,205,135	958,104	—20.5

(c) Details of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded on broad and metre gauges and the total from 1st April to 31st August:—

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
I.—Broad Gauge.			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	405,378	413,008	Per cent. +1.90
(ii) Grains and pulses	143,424	143,081	—0.24
(iii) Oil seeds	37,310	28,962	—22.4
(iv) Cotton	27,862	25,841	—7.22
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	185,071	177,906	—3.87
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,025,981	943,950	—7.99
(vii) Home line stores and materials	134,313	153,212	+14.1
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., E. I. and G. I. P. Railways.	70,778	83,473	+17.9

* Included in item (viii).

WAGON LOADINGS—contd.

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
II.—Metre Gauge.			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	69,158	76,771	Per cent. +11.0
(ii) Grains and pulses	117,540	130,964	+11.4
(iii) Oil seeds	35,463	26,654	—24.8
(iv) Cotton	19,278	21,598	+12.0
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	135,535	156,321	+17.1
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	736,583	467,759	—36.5
(vii) Home line stores and materials.	93,688	78,039	—16.6

III.—Total (Broad and Metre Gauges).

(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	474,536	489,809	+3.23
(ii) Grains and pulses	260,973	274,045	+5.01
(iii) Oil seeds	72,773	55,616	—23.6
(iv) Cotton	47,130	47,437	+0.65
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	318,606	334,227	+4.90
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,762,444	1,411,700	—19.9
(vii) Home line stores and materials.	227,904	231,251	+1.47

JUTE (EXPORT CONTROL) ORDER, 1946.

The following Notification [No. 57-C(30)/46, dated the 1st October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (Ordinance No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to make the following Order:—

1. (i) This Order may be called the Jute (Export Control) Order, 1946.

(ii) It extends to the whole of British India.

(iii) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "export" means to take out of British India by land, sea or air to any place outside India;

(b) "Licensing Officer" means the Jute Shipments Co-ordinator appointed by the Central Government and includes any other officer authorised by the Central Government to perform all or any of the functions of the Licensing Officer under this Order.

3. (1) No person shall export raw jute of any quality specified in the First Schedule to this Order, or manufactured jute goods of any quality specified in the Second Schedule to this Order, except under a licence issued by the Licensing Officer.

(2) The Licensing Officer may prescribe the form or forms in which applications for a licence under this clause shall be made.



B. 2908 W. 31-1-47.

"PUBLICITY SYNDICATE."

(3) The Licensing Officer may in his discretion refuse to grant a licence to any person and his decision shall be final.

(4) The Licensing Officer may specify in the licence the conditions, if any, under which it is issued and the licensee shall comply with those conditions.

4. (1) No licence shall be granted by the Licensing Officer under clause 3 unless he is satisfied—

(a) in respect of any raw jute to be exported, that the price at which it has been or is being sold by the applicant for the licence is not less than the minimum price, and not more than the maximum price, determined in accordance with the provisions of the First Schedule to this Order;

(b) in respect of any manufactured jute goods, to be exported that the price at which they have been or are being sold by the applicant for the licence is not more than the maximum price, determined in accordance with the provisions of the Second Schedule to this Order; and

(c) in respect of any raw jute or jute goods to be exported, that the commission, if any, to be paid or payable, to the shipping agent does not exceed 2½ per cent of the price at which the raw jute or jute goods have been sold by the applicant for the licence and that the commission, if any, to be paid or payable to the selling agent abroad does not exceed 1 per cent of that price.

(2) The applicant for a licence under clause 3 shall make a declaration as to price for the purposes of sub-clause (1) of this clause and produce such documents in support thereof as may be required by the Licensing Officer.

5. All consignments of manufactured goods intended for export shall be supplied in bales bound with iron hoops.

6. If any person holding a licence under clause 3 has supplied incorrect information in his application, if he contravenes any condition of the licence, or if the Licensing Officer is satisfied that he is not a fit person to hold the licence, the Licensing Officer may, without prejudice to any other action which may be taken against him, cancel or suspend his licence.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

[See clauses 3(1) and 4(1)(a).]

Maximum and Minimum Prices for Raw Jute.

Quality.	Maximum Price.	Minimum Price.
1	2	3
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	Per bale.	Per bale.
Dundee First	125 0 0	114 0 0
Dundee Lightnings	115 0 0	104 0 0
Dundee Hearts	105 0 0	94 0 0
Reds	100 0 0	89 0 0
Mill Firsts	90 0 0	79 0 0
Mill Lightnings	85 0 0	74 0 0
Mill Hearts	80 0 0	68 0 0
Export Firsts	87 0 0	76 0 0
Export Lightnings	82 0 0	71 0 0
Export Hearts	77 0 0	65 0 0
Top Grade Decca Tossa 2/3	125 0 0	110 0 0
Dacca Tossa 4's	115 0 0	100 0 0
Dundee Tossa Short Group 2/3	110 0 0	95 0 0
Do. 4	96 0 0	85 0 0
Dundee Tossa 2/3	96 0 0	86 0 0
Do. 4	91 0 0	80 0 0
Output Tossa 2/3	89 0 0	78 0 0
Do. 4	80 0 0	69 0 0

Maximum and Minimum Prices for Raw Jute—contd.

Quality.	Maximum Price.	Minimum Price.
1	2	3
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	Per bale.	Per bale.
Dundee Daisee Short Group	96 0 0	85 0 0
Do. Long Group	86 0 0	75 0 0
Do. 2/3 Group	88 0 0	77 0 0
Do. 4	82 0 0	70 0 0
Output Daisee 2/3	81 0 0	69 0 0
Do. 4	75 0 0	62 0 0
Tossa Cuttings	42 0 0	36 0 0
Cuttings M. C.	42 0 0	36 0 0
Do. N. C.	43 0 0	37 0 0
S. M. Rejections	65 0 0	55 0 0
H. J. Rejections	63 0 0	53 0 0
Ropes	66 0 0	56 0 0
	Per maund.	Per maund.
White* Jat—Tops	19 0 0	17 0 0
White* Jat Middles	17 0 0	15 0 0
White* Jat Bottoms	14 0 0	12 0 0
White* District Tops	18 8 0	16 8 0
White* District Middles	16 8 0	14 8 0
White* District Bottoms	13 8 0	11 8 0
White* Jungli Tops	18 0 0	16 0 0
White* Jungli Middles	16 0 0	14 0 0
White* Jungli Bottoms	13 0 0	11 0 0

* Tossa—8 annas per maund extra.

NOTES.—1. All the above prices are for delivery free alongside ship in the Port of Calcutta or for delivery free at mills in Calcutta.

2. "Bale" means pucca bale of 400 lbs. packing.

3. Where the price per maund is given, goods may be supplied in kacha packing.

4. "Bottom Grades" shall include 10 per cent of X Grade.

5. If qualities and/or marks and/or descriptions of jute other than those specified above are purchased, the price to be paid shall be determined on the basis of the prices specified above.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

[See clauses 3(1) and 4(1)(b).]

Maximum Prices of Manufactured Jute Goods sold for Export.

(NOTE.—The prices given below are—

(i) for goods of average standard Calcutta quality;

(ii) for delivery free alongside ship in the Port of Calcutta or free on rail mill siding;

(iii) nett and inclusive of brokerage.)

(1) *Hessian Cloth*—

	40"-50"		Basis price for 40"		Over 64"	
	Per 100 Yds.	Ton-nage.	Per 100 Yds.	Ton-nage.	Per 100 Yds.	Ton-nage.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.
(a) <i>Light</i> —						
5 oz/40"	14 12 0	1,057	15 7 0	1,107	16 2 0	1,156
5½ oz/40"	16 2 0	1,051	16 14 0	1,100	17 10 0	1,149
6 oz/40"	17 6 0	1,038	18 3 0	1,086	19 0 0	1,135
6½ oz/40"	18 10 0	1,027	19 8 0	1,075	20 8 0	1,123
7 oz/40"	19 15 0	1,021	20 14 0	1,069	21 13 0	1,117
7½ oz/40"	21 4 0	1,016	22 4 0	1,063	23 4 0	1,111
8 oz/40"	22 2 0	991	23 2 0	1,036	24 2 0	1,081
8½ oz/40"	23 4 0	980	24 5 0	1,025	25 8 0	1,070
9 oz/40"	24 6 0	971	25 8 0	1,015	26 10 0	1,060
(b) <i>Heavier</i> —						
9½ oz/40"	26 12 0	1,009	27 11 0	1,044	28 10 0	1,081
10 oz/40"	28 0 0	1,003	29 0 0	1,039	30 0 0	1,075
10½ oz/40"	29 0 0	990	30 0 0	1,024	31 0 0	1,059
11 oz/40"	30 0 0	977	31 2 0	1,014	32 4 0	1,051
11½ oz/40"	31 2 0	970	32 4 0	1,005	33 6 0	1,040
12 oz/40"	32 8 0	970	33 12 0	1,008	35 0 0	1,045
12½ oz/40"						
above		970				
45" 11 oz/45"	30 14 0	1,006	(1,000 or 2,000 packing).	1,008		1,045

Under 40" 1 anna per inch penalty.

(2) Charges for Stripping, Shotting, Finish and Packing—

(a) Red stripe in Plate Wrapper Cloth, no extra charge.

(b) Each extra shot—8 annas per 100 yds.

(c) Double calendaring 4 annas per 100 yards.

Double chesting

(d) Cropping—8 annas per 100 yards.

(e) Mangling—8 annas per 100 yards.

(b) to (e) for 40" and above, calculated on 40" basis; under 40" calculated on width of cloth.

(f) Packing—widths up to 45" (except 45"—11 oz./45") and weights up to 10½ oz./40"—2 annas per 100 yards extra for 1000 packing.

(3) *Hessian Bags*.—To be calculated on the cloth prices (with 3" for cutting) plus sewing charges as follows:—

	Rs. A. P.
	Per 100 bags.
Overhead dry	0 8 0
Herakles	0 8 0
Overhead tar	1 0 0 (except Cotton packs).
Cotton packs (tar)	2 0 0
Union Jute	1 8 0
Safety Jute	1 8 0
Union Cotton	3 0 0

(4) *D. W. Tarpaulin and Jute Canvas*—

Plate quality 40" to 48" 22 oz/48" } Rs. 64-8-0 per 100 yds.—basis
10×13 under 40" 1 anna per inch } for 48" = Rs. 1,051 per ton.
penalty.

	Rs.
	Per ton
36" to 48", 14×15—	
16 oz/36"—Rs. 55-13-0 basis per 100 sq. yds.	1,250
17 oz/36"—Rs. 59-4-0 basis per 100 sq. yds.	1,249
18 oz/36"—Rs. 62-12-0 basis per 100 sq. yds.	1,249
19 oz/36"—Rs. 66-4-0 basis per 100 sq. yds.	1,249
20 oz/36"—Rs. 69-12-0 basis per 100 sq. yds.	1,250

under 36" 1 anna per inch penalty.

37"—18 oz/37"—16×18—Rs. 65-4-0 per 100 yds. basis = Rs. 1,299 per ton.

under 37"—1 anna per inch penalty.

Sewing charges as for Hessian Bags.

(5) *Heavy Goods*—

(a) *Double Warps*—

	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
	Per ton	Per 100 bag
E. Bags 40×28" hd. 1½ lbs.	685	53 8 0
D. W. Salts 45×26" hd. 1½ lbs.	723	56 8 0
Light Cees 40×28" hd. 2 lbs.	700	62 8 0
Heavy Cees 40×28" hd. 2½ lbs.	675	67 12 0
Flours 56×28" hd. 2½ lbs.	708	79 0 0
Cements 29×20" hd. on selv. 20 oz.	676	37 12 0

(without valve)

rising 6 annas on the basis for each ½" in the width below standard.

Cut sizes standard width and sizes over standard: no change in basis.

Pockets (600 square inches and under) Re. 1 extra on basis (excluding above).

(b) *D. Cloth*—on above tonnages for Double Warps.

(c) *Twills*—

	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
	Per ton	Per 100 bags
Bees 44×26½" hd. 2 lbs.	711	63 8 0
Bees 44×26½" hd. 2½ lbs.	665	66 12 0
L'pools 44×26" hd. 2½ lbs.	675	75 6 0
Sacks 41×23" hd. 2½ lbs.	675	67 12 0
A. Twills 44×26½" hd. 2½ lbs.	678	79 8 0
A. Twills above 2½ lbs.	678	..
Sugars 48×28" hd. 2½ lbs. (dry)	690	77 0 0
Sugars 48×28" hd. 2½ lbs. (tar)	699	78 0 0
Grains 60×30" hd. 3½ lbs. (tar)	696	101 0 0
Grains 60×30" hd. 5 lbs (tar)	676	151 0 0
Cubans 48×29" hd. 2½ lbs.	726	81 0 0
Ore Pockets 30×20" selv. 24 oz. (dry)	687	46 0 0
Ore Pockets 30×20" selv. 28 oz. (dry)	678	53 0 0
Cement 29×20" hd. selv. 22½ oz.	685	43 0 0

(without valve)

Cements 29×20" hd. selv. 24 oz. Rs. 678 per ton. Rs. 45/6/- per 100 bags (without valve).

rising 6 annas on the basis for each half inch in the width below standard.

Cut sizes standard width and sizes over standard; no change in basis.

Pockets—(600 square inches and under) Re. 1 extra on basis (excluding above).

(d) *Wool Packs*—

	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
	Per ton	per pack
Packs 54×27×27" hd. 11½ lbs.	672	3 6 0
11½ lbs.	672	3 7 1½
12 lbs.	672	3 9 6

Loose tops 3 pies per pack extra.

Sizes under 54" in proportion.

(e) *Twilled Sacking*.

	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
	Per ton	Per 100 yds.
27"-14 oz. 6×8 striped or plain	670	26 3 0
27"-16 oz. 6×8 striped or plain	666	29 12 0
27"-18 oz. 8×8 striped or plain	675	30 2 0
22"-13 oz. 8×8 striped or plain	705	25 9 0
30"-15 oz. 7×9/8 striped or plain	726	30 6 0
30" 17 oz. 7×9/8 striped or plain	717	34 0 0
26½/29" L'pool Cloth striped or plain	675	29 13 0

basis for 2 6½

Other Sacking—on above tonnages for Twills.

(f) *Narrow Oslo or Fine Twill Sacking*—

	Rs.
	Per ton
9 porters	1,100
10 porters	1,160
12 porters	1,160

(g) *Bags made of above sackings*—on corresponding tonnages plus sewing charges for Heavy Goods—

(h) *Sewing charges for Heavy Goods*—(where not included in basis price).

	Rs. A. P.
	Per 100 bags.
Overhead dry	0 8 0
Overhead dry (twice sewn)	1 0 0
Herakles	0 8 0
Overhead tar	1 0 0
Safety (jute twine)	1 8 0
Splay sewing (hand or machine)	3 0 0
Bates Valve	1 0 0
Sewn on valve	1 8 0



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—LET US QUOTE FOR YOUR PUMP REQUIREMENTS—

(i) *Packing; D. W. & Twill Bags*—

Packing under standard—to be calculated on loose price Rs. 3 per bale to be deducted to give loose price: Rs. 3 per bale (under standard packing) to be added.

(6) *Branding*—

Basis Rs. 1-8 per 100 bags one side simple brand in black.

Basis Rs. 3 per 100 bags one side simple brand in other colours.

(7) *Twine*—

	Rs. Per ton	Rs. A. P.	
(i) 3/5 ply Ordinary Sack- ing Twine	709	26 0 0	per md. in bales of 5/10 mds.
(ii) 3/5 ply Pucca 12 lb.	736	27 0 0	Per md.
(iii) 3/5 ply 12/16 lbs. Sack- ing Weft	777	28 8 0	
(iv) 3/5 ply 8/16 lbs. Sack- ing Warp	845	31 0 0	
(v) 3/5 ply 8/16 lbs. Hessian Warp	927	34 0 0	Above 16 lbs. 0-8-0 less per maund.
(vi) 3/5 ply 8/16 lbs. Super- rior Hess	1,009	37 0 0	
(vii) 3/5 ply 8/16 lbs. Tossa Hess	1,036	38 0 0	

(ii) to (vii)—in bales of 450 lbs. and above; under 450 lbs. 8 annas per maund extra.

COTTON TEXTILES (RAW MATERIALS AND STORES) ORDER, 1946.

THE following Notification [No. TB.17(1)/46, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to make the following order:—

1. (a) This Order may be called the Cotton Textiles (Raw Materials and Stores) Order, 1946;

(b) It extends to the whole of British India;

(c) It shall come into force at once.

2. The Orders specified in Schedule B are hereby repealed;

Provided that any order made, notification issued, or anything done under any of the said repealed Orders shall be deemed to have been made, issued or done under the corresponding provisions of this Order.

3. In this Order—

(a) "scheduled article" means any article specified in Schedule A;

(b) "starch" means starch made from wheat, rice, maize, Jowar or any other foodgrain or from tapioca or from potatoes and includes derivatives of starch and any modified form starch so made;

(c) "Textile Commissioner" means the Textile Commissioner appointed by the Central Government and includes any officer authorised by him to exercise all or any of the powers of the Textile Commissioner under this Order;

(d) the expression "offer to sell" shall be deemed to include a reference to an intimation by a person of the price proposed by him for a sale of an article, made by the publication of a price list by exposing the article for sale in association with or bearing a mark indicating price, by the furnishing of a quotation or otherwise howsoever.

4. No person shall manufacture starch other than starch made from tapioca except under and in accordance with the terms of a licence granted by the Textile Commissioner.

5. (1) Every importer of a scheduled article shall within 15 days of the date of the arrival of the consignment containing such article furnish to the Textile Commissioner the following information in respect of the consignment—

(a) description and quantity of each of the articles included in the consignment;

(b) the landed cost of each item together with invoices and all other documents evidencing the price, buying commission, insurance premium, freight, customs duty, landing and clearing charges paid up to the deposit of the consignment in the consignee's warehouse or other place of storage.

(2) No importer shall sell or otherwise dispose of any such scheduled article imported by him except in accordance with the instructions given to him by the Textile Commissioner; provided that if the importer does not receive any such instructions from the Textile Commissioner within 30 days of the receipt by the Textile Commissioner of the information submitted under sub-clause (1), the importer may, subject to the provisions of clauses 6 and 7, dispose of the consignment.

6. No person shall sell or dispose of any scheduled article except under and in accordance with—

(a) a seller's licence granted to him by the Textile Commissioner;

(b) a direction given to him by the Textile Commissioner under clause 8.

7. No person shall purchase or otherwise acquire any scheduled article except under and in accordance with a buyer's licence granted by the Textile Commissioner.

8. The Textile Commissioner may by order in writing require any importer of or dealer in any scheduled article to sell to such person as may be specified in the Order such quantities of the scheduled article and (in the case of a scheduled article of which the maximum prices have not been fixed under clause 9) at such price, as may be specified in the Order.

9. (1) The Textile Commissioner may by notification in the *Gazette of India* fix the maximum prices or rate at which any scheduled article may be sold;

(2) No person shall sell or offer to sell a scheduled article at a price exceeding the maximum price specified under sub-clause (1).

10. (1) The Textile Commissioner may direct any person carrying on the business of producing or selling any scheduled article to mark such articles exposed or intended for sale with the sale price thereof, or to exhibit in his premises a price list of articles held by him for sale; and may further give directions as to the manner in which such directions aforesaid shall be carried out.

(2) The Textile Commissioner may by order published in the *Gazette of India* issue a direction of the nature specified in sub-clause (1) generally to all persons carrying on the business of producing or selling any scheduled article or any class of such persons.

11. The Textile Commissioner may, with a view to securing compliance with this Order—

(a) require any person to give any information in his possession with respect to any business carried on by that or any other person;

(b) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other documents belonging to or under the control of any person;

(c) enter and search, or authorise any person to enter and search, and seize or authorise any person to seize any article in respect of which he has reason to believe that a contravention of this Order has been committed and any other article in the premises which he has reason to believe has been or is intended to be used in connection with such contravention.

12. (1) The Textile Commissioner may by an order in writing direct any person who carries on the business of producing or selling a scheduled article—

(a) to maintain such records of his purchases, sales, contracts, or other matters connected with his undertaking or business, and in such form and manner as may be specified in the Order;

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(b) to submit to such authority returns or statements in such forms and containing such information relating to his undertaking or business and at such times as may be specified in the Order;

(2) The Textile Commissioner may by general order published in the *Gazette of India* issue a direction of the nature specified in sub-clause (1) generally to any class of persons referred to therein.

13. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, if the Textile Commissioner so directs by an order published in the *Gazette of India*, such of the provisions thereof as he may therein specify shall cease to apply within such area during such period and in relation to such scheduled article as he may specify.

14. (1) Applications for licences under this Order shall be made in such form as the Textile Commissioner may prescribe;

(2) The Textile Commissioner may in his discretion and without assigning any reason refuse to grant a licence to any person and his decision shall be final;

(3) The Textile Commissioner may specify in the licence the conditions if any under which it is issued and the licensee shall comply with those conditions;

(4) The fees for the grant of a licence shall be such as the Textile Commissioner may prescribe by a notification in the official Gazette;

(5) Subject to the provisions of sub-clause (6) the licence shall be valid for the period specified therein and may be renewed;

(6) If the holder of a licence has supplied incorrect information in his application or in any return submitted by him or if he contravenes any condition of the licence, or if at any time the Textile Commissioner is satisfied that for any other reason the licensee is not a fit person to hold the licence, the Textile Commissioner may in his discretion and without prejudice to any other action which may be taken against the licensee, cancel or suspend his licence, and the order of the Textile Commissioner shall be final.

15. No person shall, with intent to evade the provisions of this Order, refuse to give any information lawfully demanded from him under clause 10, or conceal, destroy, mutilate, or deface any book or other document kept by him in the course of his business.

16. No prosecution for the contravention of any of the provisions of this order shall be instituted without the previous sanction of the Textile Commissioner.

17. Any Court trying a contravention of any of the provisions of this Order may without prejudice to any other sentence which it may pass, direct that any article or articles in respect of which it is satisfied that the Order has been contravened shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

SCHEDULE A.

1. Cotton Card Clothing and Card Clothing Sundries.
For Flat Cards:—

1. Cylinder Fillet.
2. Doffer Fillet.
3. Sets of Tops.
4. Stripping Fillet.
5. Burnishing Fillet.
6. Hand Stripping Cards.
7. Waltons Brushes.
8. Spiral Strips.
9. Philipsons Sheets.
10. Philipsons Top Clearer Strips.
11. Ashworths Top Clearer Strips.
12. Ashworths Dirt Roller Fillet.
13. Rhodes Stripping Fillet.
14. Lickerin Wire.
15. Blued Steel Wire for Roving Waste openers.
16. Card Tacks.
17. Raising Fillet.

For Waste and Wadding Cards:—

18. Cylinder Fillet.
19. Doffer Fillet.
20. Roller Fillet.
21. Clearer Fillet.
22. Fancy Fillet.
23. Under Clearer Fillet.
24. Fancy Stripper Fillet.
25. Humbug Fillet.
26. Feed Roller Fillet.
27. Lickerin Fillet.
28. All other Card Clothing and Sundries.

II. *Bobbins for use on Textile Machines other than Jute and Hemp.*

1. Slubbing Tubes.
2. Roving Tubes.
3. Ring Rabbeth.
4. Ring Weft Pirns (including Universal and Wadia Pirns).
5. Ring Doubler Bobbins.
6. Warper Bobbins.
7. Paper Tubes and Cones.

III. *Shuttles for use in Textile Looms other than Jute and Hemp.*

1. Shuttles for Looms (Ordinary).
2. Shuttles for Looms (Automatic).

IV. *Imported Tallor.*

V. *Dyes derived from Coal-tar.*

VI. *Hydrosulphite of Soda.*

VII. *Starch.*

SCHEDULE B.

(1) The Cotton Textiles (Dyes and Chemicals) Control Order, 1945*.

(2) The Starch Control Order, 1945†.

(3) The Hydrosulphite of Soda (Control) Order, 1945‡.

(4) The Textile Industry (Miscellaneous Articles) Control Order, 1945§.

Factories (Control of Dismantling) ORDER, 1946.

THE following Notification [No. 80-TA/46, dated the 1st October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

Whereas it appears to the Central Government to be necessary and expedient so to do for maintaining and increasing supplies of an essential commodity, namely, cotton textiles:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946, the Central Government is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Order may be called the Factories (Control of Dismantling) Order, 1946.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall come into force on the first day of October 1946.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Order, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "to dismantle" a factory means to remove from its position the machinery or part of the machinery of the factory, where

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 26th July 1945, pages 144-46.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 16th August 1945, pages 255-56.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 16th August 1945, page 256.
§ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 16th August 1945, pages 258-59.



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by such removal the factory is rendered wholly or partly useless for its purpose; but does not include any temporary removal of the machinery or part of the machinery for purposes such as adjustment, cleaning and repairs;

(b) "factory" means a factory as defined in clause (j) of section 2 of the Factories Act, 1934 (XXV of 1934), but includes also any premises which were at any time whether before or after the commencement of this Order a factory as so defined, which is engaged in the manufacture of cotton textile goods or in the ginning or pressing of cotton;

(c) "Machinery" has the meaning assigned to that word in clause (k) of section 2 of the Factories Act, 1934 (XXV of 1934).

3. *Dismantling a Factory.*—No person shall, without the written permission of the Textile Commissioner or Joint Textile Commissioner, dismantle any factory or remove from a factory any spare parts kept for maintaining the machinery of the factory in order.

4. *Procedure for applications for and grant of permission.*—(1) Any person desiring to dismantle any factory or to remove from a factory any spare parts kept for maintaining the machinery of the factory in order may apply in writing to the Textile Commissioner or Joint Textile Commissioner for the permission required by Clause 3 of this Order.

(2) In such application the applicant shall state correctly the following particulars, namely:—

- (i) Name and address of the factory which it is desired to dismantle or from which it is desired to remove spare parts,
- (ii) Products manufactured in the factory,
- (iii) Details of the machinery concerned,
- (iv) Place to which it is proposed to move the machinery or spare parts,

(v) Full reasons for making the application,
(vi) Such further particulars as the Officer referred to in sub-clause (1) may, by general or special order, require.

(3) On receipt of an application under sub-clause (1), the officer referred to in the said sub-clause shall, after making such enquiry, if any, as may be considered necessary, either reject the application or grant in writing the permission sought:

Provided that in any doubtful case he may submit the application for the orders of the Central Government.

(4) If the officer referred to rejects an application, he shall inform the applicant without delay.

(5) Where the Officer referred to rejects an application, the applicant may, within thirty days from the receipt of the order rejecting the application, present an appeal to the Central Government, addressed to the Secretary, Industries and Supplies Department.

5. The orders of the Central Government passed on an appeal made to it under sub-clause (5) of Clause 4 shall be final.

6. *Powers of entry, examination, taking evidence, etc.*—(1) If the Textile Commissioner or Joint Textile Commissioner has reason to believe that any person has contravened any of the provisions of Clause 3, he or an officer authorised in writing by the Textile Commissioner in this behalf may—

(a) enter with such assistants (if any), being persons in the service of the Crown as he thinks fit, any place;

(b) make such examination of the place and of any machinery, books or documents therein and take on the spot or otherwise such evidence of any person as he may deem necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Order; and

(c) exercise such other powers as may be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Order:

Provided that no one shall be required under this clause to answer any question or give any evidence tending to criminate himself.

(2) Whoever wilfully obstructs the officer referred to in sub-clause (1) in the exercise of any power conferred by that sub-clause, or fails to produce on demand any book or document in his custody or to comply with any demand for information, or knowingly or recklessly makes to such officer a statement false in a material particular shall be deemed to have contravened the provisions of this Order.

7. The officer referred to in sub-clause (1) of Clause 6 may exercise the powers under that sub-clause at any reasonable time by day or night, but not so as unreasonably to impede or obstruct the work being carried on in the place.

8. The occupant of any place entered in exercise of the powers conferred under sub-clause (1) of Clause 6 or some person in his behalf, shall in every case be permitted to accompany the officer while he is exercising his powers under the said sub-clause, and shall upon request be entitled to receive a copy of any evidence recorded in pursuance of that sub-clause.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (TRANSMISSION BY POST) PROHIBITION ORDER, 1946.

The following Notification [No. 103/1-TA/46, dated the 1st October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946, the Central Government is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1946.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. In this Order, "cloth" means any kind of cloth manufactured either wholly or partly from cotton and includes garments or other articles of personal or domestic use (other than used or old garments) made wholly or principally from cloth,

"yarn" means any kind of yarn manufactured either wholly or partly from cotton; and "Inland postal article" has the same meaning as in the Indian Post Office Act, 1898.

3. No inland postal article containing, otherwise than as outside covering, any cloth or yarn shall be received at or despatched from, any post office in British India; and no person shall deliver or cause to be delivered any such postal article for transmission by post to any place within or outside British India.

Provided that this clause shall not apply to the despatch or receipt by post of cloth or yarn by any of the authorities mentioned in the Schedule to this Order.

4. Any Officer in charge of a post office may detain, open and examine any inland postal article in course of transmission by post which he reasonably suspects to contain, otherwise than as outside covering, any cloth or yarn.

5. If a postal article detained and examined under clause 4 is found to contain, otherwise than as outside covering, any cloth or yarn, the Officer examining it shall send it through the Post Office of despatch to the District Magistrate of the District in which that post office is situated (or, if that post office is situated in a Presidency-town, to the Commissioner of Police) together with any information regarding the sender of the postal article that may be available.

6. Any Court trying a contravention of clause 3 of this Order may without prejudice to any other sentence which it may pass, direct that any postal article in respect of which it is satisfied that clause 3 has been contravened shall be forfeited to His Majesty.

Oct. 17, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

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7. The Textile Commissioner, Bombay, or any other Officer authorised by him in this behalf may, by general or special order, exempt any inland postal article or class of inland postal articles from the provisions of clause 3.

SCHEDULE.

Authorities empowered to despatch or receive cotton cloth or yarn by post:—

1. The Textile Commissioner, Bombay.
2. Indian Central Cotton Committee's Technological Laboratory, Bombay.
3. Chief Inspector of Cotton Textiles, Bombay and Branches including I.C.T. Laboratories, Ahmedabad and IGS Out station Laboratories, Madras.
4. Controllers of Inspection, Bombay, Madras, Calcutta and Lahore, and Officers subordinate to them.
5. General Headquarters, New Delhi.
6. Chief Inspector of Stores and Clothing, Cawnpore.
7. Chairman, Textile Control Board, Sir Vithaldas Chambers, 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

EXPORT TRADE CONTROL—A BRIEF INTRODUCTION.

(Received from the Chief Controller of Exports, New Delhi.)

ENQUIRIES are often received from Chambers, Associations, Firms and individual exporters asking for detailed information about the regulations relating to export control. It has not been found possible within the short space of a letter to furnish detailed information on the subject. For full information reference should be made to the local Export Trade Controller or to the Manual on Export Trade Control. Copies of the Manual can be had from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

The following note is only a brief introduction to the subject, but no part of it should be considered as authoritative interpretation of any regulations.

2. A list of articles subject to control is given in the schedule to the Commerce Department Notification No. 91-CW(1)/45, of 3rd November 1945. A revised copy of this Notification was published on 27th April 1946*. Copies of this Notification and subsequent amendments can be purchased from the local Export Trade Controller or the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. It is important to note that commodities not scheduled therein do not require any export licence and can be shipped without reference to the export control authorities.

3. The Notification, it will be observed, is divided into four parts and the authorities to whom applications for export should be made are indicated in the superscript of each part. The following comments may be of use to the public:—

PART "A".

4. This includes articles the supply position of which is very tight and, therefore, no export licences are granted as a rule.

PART "B".

5. Exports of food items are severely restricted. Commercial exports of grains, pulses and flour, vegetable product, fodder, bran and pollard, sugar including molasses are prohibited. Cattle and poultry are also prohibited for export but a very small quota has been set apart for goat and sheep to Ceylon which depends on India entirely for her supplies. Small quotas have also been set apart for onions, garlic, fresh vegetables and fresh and dry fruits to the neighbouring countries but export of other kinds of

fruits and vegetables is not allowed. Factories are permitted to export fruit products up to 10 per cent of their production; other miscellaneous items of provisions and oilman stores are allowed to go up to the 1941-42 level except pickles, chutneys and vinegar which are permitted to go freely. Dry fish is permitted to go in limited quantities from the various ports. Allspices, except pepper and chillies, have been decontrolled but chillies are permitted to go in restricted quantities. Export of pepper is centrally controlled by the Food Department and it is regulated by a special procedure. The position detailed above is not static but is constantly changing.

PART "C".

6. Articles which are important from the point of view of Government supplies are grouped in this part and most of the items included therein are such in which there was no appreciable export trade in the past and, therefore, applications for the export of limited quantities are considered by the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies on merits. *Intending applicants would be well advised to state whether they are past exporters or manufacturers of the commodity applied for or have fulfilled any contracts with that Department during the period of War.*

PART "D".

7. From the point of view of India's export trade the commodities mentioned in this part are most important. Items in other parts are constantly reviewed and transferred to this part as and when supply conditions permit. The necessity of meeting the essential minimum requirements of countries dependent on India for their supplies, as also the need for developing new or maintaining old export markets are the main factors governing the regulations of trade in commodities included in this part. These can be grouped under the following categories:—

8. Commodities for which applicants are allotted export quotas with reference to their previous exports during a particular basic period are called Quota items. They are, such as, apparels, glue-stock, hides and skins, paints, oilseeds, oils, footwear, cotton, waxes, textiles, soap, etc. The quota period is generally 3 years ending March 1939/41 in the case of exports to Europe/Far East and 1941-42 in the case of other destinations. Intending exporters should, therefore, apply to the Export Trade Controllers at the port of export for export licences for these commodities, only if they have exports to their credit during the appropriate basic period supported by full documentary evidence.

9. Commodities for which applications are considered on individual merits without insistence on exports during any basic period usually comprise articles the production of which has been developed during the war period and which are either surplus to internal requirements or for which export markets should be found to develop the nascent industries. Chemicals and chemical preparations, drugs and medicines, instruments, apparatus and appliances, lamps, matches, are instances of the kind. In respect of such commodities applications should be submitted to the Export Trade Controllers stating the extent of production in the past year, the quantity consumed internally, previous exports (if any), and the extent to which demands for their products exist in overseas markets.

10. Commodities, the supply position of which is found to be so tight as to warrant a total prohibition on exports for the time being, are reviewed periodically and restrictions reimposed or relaxed, wherever possible.

11. With a view to stimulating export trade, a large number of commodities are being decontrolled periodically. Lists of commodities thus decontrolled are published in the *Indian Trade Journal*. The last list was published in the *Indian Trade Journal*.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 143-48.

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of the 20th June 1946. A Supplementary list is given below. The list is neither exhaustive nor anything contained in it should be construed to override the provision of the Export Control Notification No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945, as amended from time to time.

N.B.—It should be noted that commodities, for which licences are issued, are for indigenous products only and that imported varieties are not allowed as a rule, unless specifically indicated otherwise.

Items in Part A of the Notification.

- Arms, ammunition and military stores (including explosives and fulminate of mercury), other than those covered by licences issued under the Indian Arms Act.
- Chlorinated hydrocarbons.
- Dimethyl sulphate.
- Sodium Nitrite.
- Toluol (Toluene).
- Glass Substitute.
- Cameras of Indian manufacture.
- Electrical Installations accessories of Indian manufacture.
- Electrical insulating materials of all sorts of Indian manufacture other than those required for use on motor vehicles.
- Electric lighting accessories and fittings of Indian manufactures other than those required for use on motor vehicles.
- Razors.
- Roofing felts and associated joining materials.
- Woollen hosiery, blankets, Pashmina shawls and cumblies.
- Pyrethrum flowers and extracts thereof, also insecticides containing pyrethrum flowers or its extracts.

Part C.

- Bristles Pig.
- Aircraft and parts of Aircraft, special Aircraft materials.
- Rubber manufactures excluding tyres and tubes, fabric, rain-coats and hospital sheeting.
- The following tools of Indian manufacture:—
 - (1) Metal working tools hand or machine operated.
 - (2) Wood working tools hand or machine operated.
 - (3) Hand tools of all description.

Part D.

- Abrasives, manufactured, including grinding wheels, emery paper and powder and sand paper of Indian manufacture.
- Agar-agar.
- Articles made wholly or mainly of plastic materials.
- Manufacture of Pig Bristles.
- Fire-clay, Tiles and bricks.
- Acetone.
- Acetic Acid.
- Hydrochloric Acid.

- Nitric Acid.
- Oxalic Acid.
- Sulphuric Acid.
- Aluminous sulphate (including chrome alum and all forms of alum).
- Hydrogen peroxide.
- Iodine.
- Magnesium sulphate.
- Oleic Acid.
- Potassium and potassium compounds, excluding Potassium Nitrate.
- Salts and other compounds of arsenic, chromium, copper, lead molybdenum, nickel, platinum, radium, tin and zinc other than lithopone and cadmium lithopone.
- Selenium oxide.
- Sodium bicarbonate.
- Sodium bichromate.
- Cigarettes, all sorts.
- Coffee.
- Cutlery all sorts including forks and spoons.
- Diamonds precious and semi-precious stones, also pearls set or unset.
- Drugs and medicines:—
 - Adrenalinae Hydrochloridum, Aether, Aether Anaestheticus.
 - Barii Sulphus, Caffeina and its salts, Calcii Sulphas, Cantharidis, Chloroformum, Creta, Extratum Hapatidis, Liquidum.
 - Ferri Sulphas, Kaolinum, Morphine and its salt, Oleum Anethi, Oleum Eucalapti, Oleum Hydnocarp, Sodii Sulphas Acidus, Zinci Sulphas, Santonium, Musk, Culechicum corn, Podophyllum Root.
- Cashewnuts.
- Porcelain ware.
- Glass and glassware all sorts, including glass sheets, excluding glass bottles of crown cork pattern.
- Horns and hooves including piece and tips thereof.
- Gramophones.
- Lamps and parts thereof all sorts, excluding hurricane lamps.
- Leather manufactures all sorts, excluding footwear.
- Liquors all sorts, excluding beer.
- Essential oils all sorts including lemon oil, bitter orange oil, sweet orange oil and Tangerine oil.
- Patent Photographic developers, fixers, and photographic materials not specifically mentioned in the Export Control Notification.
- Requisites for games and sports of all sorts.
- Toilet requisites excluding soaps, washing powders, shaving cream, cups and sticks.
- Spices—Cinnamon.
- Polishes and compositions containing lead or zinc.

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TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS.

BRITISH INDIA.

INDIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF (TWENTY-SIXTH ISSUE).

Amendment Slip.

(Dated 9th October 1946.)

THE passing of the Indian Finance Act, 1946, the Indian Oilseeds Committee Act, 1946, and the Protective Duties Continuation Act, 1946, and the issue of some Notifications by the Government of India necessitate a number of amendments to the Indian Customs Tariff (Twenty-Sixth Issue) and these are indicated below:—

1. On pages 4, 8, 9, 12, 14, 15, 22 and 31, for the entries relating to the rates of duties in Columns 4, 5, 6 and 7 against Items Nos. 9(5), 22(3), 22(5) (b), 27(4), 27(5), 29, 29(1), 46(3), 61(2), 61(3), 62(1) and 62(2), the following should be substituted:—

Item No.	Standard rate of duty.	Preferential rate of duty if the article is the produce or manufacture of		
		The United Kingdom.	A British Colony.	Burma.
9(5)	Five annas per pound . . . . .	....	Four annas and six pies per pound.	20 per cent ad valorem.
22(3)(a)	Rs. 19-11 per Imperial gallon . . . .	....	....	The rate at which excise duty is leviable at the place of importation plus one-half of the total duty.
(b)	Rs. 11-4 per Imperial gallon . . . .	....	....	
22(5)(b) (i)	Rs. 48 per Imperial gallon	Rs. 43-3½ per Imperial gallon	Rs. 43-3½ per Imperial gallon	
(b)(ii)	Rs. 34-12½ per Imperial gallon of the strength of London proof.	Rs. 31-3½ per Imperial gallon of the strength of London proof.	Rs. 31-3½ per Imperial gallon of the strength of London proof.	
27(4)	Three annas per Imperial gallon . . . .	....	....	....
27(5)	Three annas per Imperial gallon . . . .	....	....	....
29	Three pies per linear foot . . . . .	....	....	5 per cent ad valorem.
29(1)	Four annas per linear foot . . . . .	....	....	20 per cent ad valorem.
46(3)	Two annas per pound . . . . .	....	....	Free.
61(2)	Eight annas per ounce . . . . .	....	....	....
61(3)	Rs. 25 per tola of 180 grains fine . . . .	....	....	....
62(1)	Eight annas per ounce . . . . .	....	....	....
62(2)	Rs. 25 per tola of 180 grains fine . . . .	....	....	....

2. In Items Nos. 10(1), 11(1), 17, 28(5), 43, 44, 44(1), 46, 46(1), 47, 47(1), 47(6), 48, 48(1), 48(3), 48(4), 48(5), 48(7), 48(9), 48(10), 49(5), 51(2), 51(3), 61(5), 63(2), 63(3), 63(6), 63(9), 63(10), 63(12), 63(15), 63(17), 63(19), 63(20), 63(21), 63(25), 63(27) and 74 of the First Schedule—Import Tariff, in the last column for the figure "1946" the entry "1947" should be substituted.

3. The following footnote should be inserted against Item No. 11(1) on page 4:—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Revenue Division), Notification No. 3-Customs, dated the 15th June 1946, wheat flour is exempt from payment of the customs duty leviable thereon for a period of six months from the date thereof."

4. The following footnote should be inserted against Item No. 13 on page 5:—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues), Notification No. 1-Customs, dated the 9th March 1946, tanning extracts required for the tanning industry are exempt from payment of the customs duty leviable thereon."

5. The existing footnote shown against sub-item (b) of Item No. 22(5) on page 9 should be substituted by the following :—

"If the duty is levied under proviso (a) to Item No. 22(5), the alternative *ad valorem* rates should be 24 per cent and 36 per cent, respectively."

6. The following footnote should be inserted against Item No. 27(3) on page 12 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues), Notification No. 1-Customs, dated the 9th March 1946, mineral oils, white and half-white, for the manufacture of insecticides are exempt from payment of the customs duty leviable thereon."

7. In the footnote to Item No. 27(6) on page 12, for the figure "15" the figure "12" should be substituted.

8. The following additional footnote should be inserted against Item No. 28 on page 13 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Revenue Division), Notification No. 7-Customs, dated the 6th July 1946, Paludrine powder and tablets are exempt from payment of the customs duty leviable thereon."

9. The following additional footnote should be inserted against sub-item (a)(2) to Item No. 34(4) on page 19 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Revenue Division), Notifications Nos. 4-Central Excises and 5-Central Excises, dated the 11th and 13th May 1946, respectively, the rates of excise duty, with effect from the 1st August 1946, on matches in containers containing on an average fifty matches shall be as noted below :—

I. When manufactured in a factory whose daily output exceeds 100 gross of containers Rs. 1-12-0 per gross of containers.

II. When manufactured in a factory whose daily output does not exceed 100 gross of containers Rs. 1-11-3 per gross of containers."

10. The existing footnote to sub-item (a)(4) to Item No. 34(4) on page 19 should be substituted by the following :—

"The rate of excise duty on the 1st January, 1946, and until the 31st July, 1946, is 8 annas for every 1,440 matches or fraction thereof. But under Government of India, Finance Department (Revenue Division), Notifications Nos. 4-Central Excises and 5-Central Excises, dated the 11th and 13th May, 1946, respectively, the rates of excise duty, effective from the 1st August, 1946, shall be 8 annas for every 1,440 matches or part thereof, when manufactured in a factory whose daily output exceeds 100 gross of containers, and 7 annas and 9 pies for every 1,440 matches or part thereof, when manufactured in a factory whose daily output does not exceed 100 gross of containers."

11. The following footnote should be inserted against Item No. 40 on page 21 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues), Notification No. 1-Customs, dated the 9th March, 1946, Wooden blocks, cut to shape and size, for shuttle and bobbin manufacture, and wood for the manufacture of pencils are exempt from payment of the customs duty leviable thereon."

12. The existing footnote (marked†) shown against Item No. 46(3) on page 22 should be deleted.

13. The following footnote should be shown against Item No. 46(3) on page 22 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues), Notification No. 3-Camp-Customs, dated the 23rd February, 1946, cotton grown in the States of Las Bela and Kalat and imported therefrom by sea into British India is exempt from payment of the customs duty leviable thereon."

14. The following footnote should be inserted against Item No. 46(4) on page 22 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues), Notification No. 1-Customs, dated the 9th March, 1946, Manila hemp, raw, is exempt from payment of the customs duty leviable thereon."

15. The following footnote should be inserted against Item No. 56 on page 28 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues), Notification No. 1-Customs, dated the 9th March, 1946, fittings for umbrellas, parasols and sunshades are exempt from payment of so much of the customs duty leviable thereon as is in excess of 15 per cent *ad valorem*."

16. In column 3 of Items Nos. 61(3) and 62(2) on page 31, the word 'Revenue' should be inserted.

17. The following footnote should be shown against Items Nos. 61(2), 61(3), 62(1) and 62(2) on page 31 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Revenue Division), Notification No. 11-Customs, dated the 12th August, 1946, articles assessable under Items Nos. 61(2), 61(3), 62(1) and 62(2) are exempt from payment of one-half of the customs duty leviable thereon."

18. The following additional footnote should be shown against Item No. 70(1) on page 43 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues), Notification No. 1-Customs, dated the 9th March, 1946, pig lead and copper, unwrought, are exempt from the payment of the customs duty leviable thereon."

19. The following additional footnote should be shown against Item No. 87 on page 54 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues), Notification No. 25-Customs, dated the 15th December, 1945, charcoal imported by sea into British India from the Las Bela State is exempt from the payment of the customs duty leviable thereon."

20. The following further footnote should be inserted against Item No. 87 on page 54 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues), Notification No. 1-Customs, dated the 9th March, 1946, celluloid, raw, for the manufacture of dressing combs; asbestos, raw, including fibre; raw materials other than glass bulbs, required for the manufacture of electric lamps; Bristles for brush making, Dum nuts for the manufacture of buttons and Carbon black for the manufacture of printing ink and black paint are exempt from the payment of the customs duty leviable thereon."

21. On page 56, the entry (i) shown below Item No. 1-Kerosene should be substituted by the following :—

"(i) is made from petroleum as defined in section 2 of the Petroleum Act, 1934 (XXX of 1934), and "

22. The following footnote should be inserted against sub-items (1), (2) and (4) of Item No. 2 on page 56 :—

"Under Government of India, Finance Department (Revenue Division), Notifications Nos. 4-Central Excises and 5-Central Excises, dated the 11th and 13th May 1946, respectively, matches of the description specified below are exempt, with effect from the 1st August, 1946, from so much of the excise duty leviable thereon as is in excess of the duty calculated at the rates specified below :—

I. Matches manufactured in a factory whose daily output exceeds one hundred gross of containers—
(i) if in containers containing on an average fifty matches Rs. 1-12-0 per gross of containers.
(ii) if not in containers as aforesaid Rs. 0-8-0 for every 1,440 matches or part thereof.
II. Matches manufactured in a factory whose daily output does not exceed one hundred gross of containers—
(i) if in containers containing on an average fifty matches Rs. 1-11-3 per gross of containers.
(ii) if not in containers as aforesaid Rs. 0-7-9 for every 1,440 matches or part thereof."

23. The entry "15 annas per Imperial gallon" against Item No. 4 in the third column on page 56 should be substituted by the words "12 annas per Imperial gallon".

24. The entry "2 annas per lb" against Item No. 12 on page 58 should be substituted by the words "1 anna per lb."

25. On page 58 after Item No. 17 the following new item should be inserted :—

18	Oils extracted from oilseeds crushed in any mill in British India'	1 anna per maund.
	N.B.—The term 'Oilseeds' does not include 'coconuts'.	

26. On page 58 the following footnote should be inserted against the new Item No. 18 :—

"This duty was imposed from the 18th April 1946, under the Indian Oilseeds Committee Act, 1946."

27. In the third column against Item No. 1-Tea on page 59, for the words "Re. 1-4 per 100 lbs." the words "Re. 1-0 per 100 lbs." should be substituted.

28. On page 61 the following note should be inserted under sub-head (xiv)—seeds to Item No. 6 :—

N.B.—In addition with effect from the 18th April 1946, a cess at the rate of two annas per maund is leviable under the Indian Oilseeds Committee Act, 1946, on all oilseeds, exported out of British India to a destination outside India. The term 'Oilseeds', as defined in this Act, does not include 'Coconuts'.

29. On page 61 the following new item should be inserted below Item No. 7 :—

8	Mica in whatever state	2½ per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .
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30. On page 61 the following footnote should be shown against the new Item No. 8 :—

"Under Government of India, Department of Labour, Notification No. LMW 5(4), dated the 11th June 1946, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1946 (XXII of 1946), the duty is levied, with effect from the 20th July 1946, until the 1st April 1947, on all mica, in whatever state, exported from British India."

31. For the existing heads and values under the head 'Tariff Values' under each sub-head under Item No. 6 on pages 59 to 61, the following heads and values should be substituted, with effect from the 10th July 1946 :—

Serial No. in the Schedule to the Act. 1	Name of Article 2	Per. 3	Tariff Value. 4
			Rs. A. P.
(i)	Bones— Bones, broken or crushed (including bone grist but excluding bone meal or bone manure) .	Cwt.	5 0 0
(iii)	Butter	Lb.	1 12 0
(iv)	Cereals, other than rice and wheat— Bajri Barley Jowar Maize	Cwt. " " "	10 8 0 10 0 0 10 8 0 10 8 0
(vi)	Fibre— For brushes, all kinds	Cwt.	25 0 0
(viii)	Fruits— Almonds in the shell Almonds without shell Cashew kernels Coconuts Raisins, all kinds Tamarind Walnut in the shell Walnut kernel	Cwt. " " Thousand Cwt. " " "	77 0 0 205 0 0 150 0 0 90 0 0 55 0 0 17 0 0 55 0 0 80 0 0

Serial No. in the Schedule to the Act. 1	Name of Article. 2	Per. 3	Tariff Value. 4
			Rs. A. P.
(ix)	Ghee Ghee substitute including vegetable ghee and hydrogenated edible oil and fat mixtures	Indian Md. Cwt.	155 0 0 60 0 0
(x)	Hides, raw— Buffalo hides (excluding calf skins)— (i) Arsenicated (ii) Salted Cow hides (excluding calf skins)— (i) Arsenicated (ii) Salted	Lb. " Lb. "	0 8 6 0 7 0 0 10 0 0 8 0
(xi)	Manures— Manures of animal origin, all kinds (excluding bone meal or bone manure) Bone meal or bone manure	Cwt. "	4 12 0 4 8 0
(xii)	Oilcakes— Groundnut oilcakes Groundnut oilcake meal Linsced oilcakes Oilcakes other kinds	Ton " " "	63 0 0 70 0 0 65 0 0 65 0 0
(xiii)	Pulses— Dal, all kinds Pulses, all kinds	Cwt. "	21 8 0 16 8 0
(xiv)	Seeds— Ajwan Aniseed Castor seed Celery seed Coriander seed Cotton seed Fenugreek seed Groundnuts, decorticated Linsced Mustard and rape seeds Niger seed Til (Sesamum)	Cwt. " " " " " " " " " " " "	25 0 0 25 0 0 16 0 0 52 0 0 35 0 0 7 8 0 17 0 0 15 0 0 17 0 0 19 0 0 21 0 0 27 0 0
(xv)	Skins, raw— Goat skins (excluding kid skins) Sheep skins (excluding lamb skins)	Piece "	1 0 0 1 10 0
(xvi)	Spices— Chillies, dry Ginger, dry Pepper, black Turmeric	Cwt. " " "	42 0 0 50 0 0 60 0 0 23 0 0
(xvii)	Tobacco, unmanufactured— Flue cured Non-flue cured Chewing, bidi, cheroot and cigar tobacco	Lb. " "	1 1 0 0 9 0 0 11 0
(xviii)	Vegetable— Garlic Onions Potatoes	Cwt. " "	25 0 0 7 0 0 16 0 0
(xix)	Wheat, all kinds	Cwt.	13 0 0
(xx)	Wheat flour— Wheat atta Wheat flour and suji	Cwt. "	15 0 0 16 8 0

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BRITISH INDIA—contd.

CLEARANCE FOR HOME CONSUMPTION OF CONSIGNMENTS OF QUININE SALTS IMPORTED INTO BRITISH INDIA.

The following Notification [No. F.7-16/46-D, dated the 30th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Health:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (5) of Rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government hereby imposes the following conditions on the clearance for home consumption of all consignments of quinine sulphate, quinine bisulphate, quinine hydrochloride or quinine bihydrochloride imported into British India whether or not such import is covered by an open general licence or a special licence under the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 23-1.T.C./43, dated the 1st July, 1943* :—

The clearance of the consignment is subject to the conditions—

(1) that 60 per cent of the quantity imported shall be handed over to the Deputy Assistant Director (General Medical Stores), Medical Store Depot at Madras, Bombay, Calcutta or Lahore, as the case may be, for which the importer will be paid by the Central Government at landed cost plus 7½ per cent thereof, or the maximum wholesale price mentioned in (3) below;

(2) that the remaining 40 per cent of the quantity imported may at the discretion of the importer be handed over to the same authorities and on the same terms, as those specified in (1) above, or alternatively be disposed of by sale, through the usual trade channels or directly, to such institutions or individuals as may from time to time be approved by the Central Government and

(3) that where any part of the consignment is sold to any institution or individual under (2) above, the sale price shall not exceed the following maxima :—

	Wholesale. Rs.	Retail Rs.
Quinine Sulphate & Bisulphate	40 8 0 per lb.	53 0 0 per lb.
Quinine Hydrochloride	61 14 0 per lb.	68 12 0 per lb.
Quinine Bihydrochloride	68 8 0 per lb.	76 2 0 per lb.

INDIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF GUIDE (THIRD EDITION): CORRECTION
List No. 23, Slip No. 1.

The following Amendment Slip to the "Indian Customs Tariff Guide" (Third Edition) has been issued by the Central Board of Revenue under date of 18th September 1946 :—

Correction List No. 23, Slip No. 1.

Insert the following entries on pages 31 and 68, respectively :—

" Forks and spoons—			
Plated with gold or silver	61(8)	..	C.B.R. D. Dis. No. 502- Cus. 1/46, of 18th September 1946."
Others	71	..	
" Spoons and forks—			
Plated with gold or silver	61(8)	..	C.B.R. D. Dis. No. 502- Cus. 1/46, of 18th September 1946."
Others	71	..	

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages, 178-190.

AUSTRALIA.

TARIFF DECISIONS.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 8th June 1946 :—

The following decisions regarding the application of the Australian Customs Tariff are among those issued by the Department of Trade and Customs :—

(Only items of interest to India are given below.)

Goods.	Classification and Duty under the British Preferential Tariff.	
	Tariff Item No.	Rate of Duty.
Books : Periodicals devoted wholly or mainly to articles of a literary, educational or entertainment nature, but which incorporate a section relating to fashions, reference being made to the Australian Agent from whom the patterns relating to such fashions may be obtained	339	Free
Oils : Soya bean : For use in the manufacture of synthetic resin	229 (1)	5d. per gallon.
Piece Goods : Card cloth for use in the manufacture of card clothing, under security	404	Free
Wire : Brass, in the form of angle wire, for use in the manufacture of card clothing, under security	404	Free
Iron and Steel : steel, of gauges finer than 15 gauge (I. S. W. G.) for use in the manufacture of card clothing, under security	404	Free

CANADA.

VALUATION FOR DUTY PURPOSES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 8th June 1946 :—

H. M. Senior Trade Commissioner at Ottawa has forwarded a copy of Appraisers Bulletin Misc. No. 38, issued by the Department of National Revenue and dated April 25, 1946, which states that the fixed valuations for duty purposes established under authority of Section 43 of the Customs Act on the following commodities are cancelled, effective on and after May 1, 1946 :—

Lime; Women's and Children's clothing; Cotton and Artificial Silk fabrics; Pot cleaners; Electric lighting fixtures; Lamps and shades; Knitting machine needles; Wire rope; Cotton wiping rags; Fringes, tassels, etc.; Umbrellas; Thumb tacks and furniture nails; Sheet rubber goods; Wood lead pencils; Cooperage-keg stock; Wool jersey cloth and cotton stockinette; Wicker furniture; Rubber footwear; Bedspreads; Towel and terry cloth; Ribbons; Elastics.

CEYLON.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 8th June 1946 :—

The Board of Trade have received copies of orders, dated April 16, 1946, which provide for the following amendments to the list of goods the importation of which into Ceylon is restricted or prohibited [see *Board of Trade Journal*, November 22, 1941 (pages 321-325)*, and subsequent notices] :—

Goods the importation of which from all sources is prohibited.

The following items are deleted :—

- 24. Citronella oil.
- 50. Monkeys.
- 51. Gold coin.

Goods the importation of which from all sources is prohibited except under licence.

The following items are inserted :—

- 31c. Citronella oil.
- 163a. Monkeys.
- 163b. Gold coin.

Open General Licence No. 4 (Applicable to British Empire except Canada and Newfoundland).

The following items are inserted :—

- Exercise books in paper covers.
- Paper, packing and wrapping : Old newspapers.

CHINA.

CUSTOMS TARIFF.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 8th June 1946 :—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of Chinese Customs Notification No. 41, dated March 27, 1946, which notifies that the prohibition into China of the articles designated as luxury goods in Schedule B annexed to the Temporary Foreign Trade Regulations promulgated on March 1, 1946 (see notice in the *Board of Trade Journal* of April 20, 1946, page 471), has been relaxed to the extent of permitting passengers to carry in their baggage such articles as are necessary for immediate use, actually owned by the passengers concerned, and already in their use and not for sale. A warning has been added that articles carried in excess of the amount allowed for legitimate personal requirements will be confiscated.

The term "silk" in Schedule B includes rayon, nylon and artificial silk; the term "perfumery" includes perfumes and scented toilet water; the term "cosmetics" includes face powder, rouge, lipstick, eyebrow pencils, eyelash and eyelid dyes, nail polish and nail polish remover; the term "games" includes playing cards.

COLOMBIA.

IMPORT LICENCE REGULATIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 22nd June 1946 :—

The Board of Trade have now received a translation of the text of Resolution No. 156 promulgated on February 20 which modifies the import licensing regulations. [See also notices in the *Board of Trade Journal* of April 6, 1946 (page 409), and September 22, 1945 (page 466).]

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 5th March 1942, pages 589-90, and subsequent notices.

As from March 1, scientific and technical equipment and their spares are included in the list of goods in the Preferential Group for which import licences can be issued without limitation and the former Group One is divided into Group One and Group One bis. Group One comprises constructional materials, raw materials for industry and essential materials for agriculture and cattle raising distinct from those incorporated in the Preferential Group; Group One bis contains the remaining articles previously included in the former first group.

The monthly quotas assigned to import licences corresponding to Groups two, three and four will be equivalent to 15 per cent of the purchases of gold and foreign exchange effected by the Bank of the Republic in the preceding month, and will be distributed as from the month of March as follows :—

For Group Two, 6 per cent.

For Group Three, 5 per cent.

For Group Four, 4 per cent.

Translations of the Resolution and an amended classified list (in English) of the Customs Tariff items and the category assigned to each item may be seen at the Export Promotion Department, 35, Old Queen Street, London, S.W.1.

VALIDITY OF IMPORT LICENCES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 22nd June 1946 :—

With reference to the notice in the *Board of Trade Journal* of May 18 (page 634) regarding the validity of Colombian import licences, the Board of Trade have now received a translation of Resolution 157 which was published on May 1.

The Resolution, which reduces the validity of import licences from one year to six months for licences issued on and after May 1, states that the period of validity cannot be extended.

The Resolution also provides that as from May 1, the issue of import licences will be effected in accordance with the numbering of the deposit receipts issued by the Stabilization Fund. The Exchange Control office will regulate the issue of these licences.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS ON TYRES AND TUBES REMOVED.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 22nd June 1946 :—

The Commercial Secretary to H. M. Embassy at Bogota reports the issue of a Decree (No. 1204), dated April 15 and published in the "Diario Oficial" dated April 29, which removed the restrictions on the importation of tyres and tubes into Colombia, as from April 1. Importation may be effected by the Department of Credit for Agriculture, Industry and Mining and by persons who submit to the conditions fixed by the decree for the distribution and sale of these articles.

FIJI.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 8th June 1946 :—

The *Fiji Royal Gazette* Supplement of February 8, 1946, contains a copy of a notice which grants open leave and licence with effect from January 31, 1946, in respect of the following goods :—

Goods defined in Schedule I to the Customs Duties Ordinance, 1928, items numbered as follows :—

71—Flour, including seconds, thirds and fourths, but not including self-raising and similar flours;

72—Sharps and pollard.

SUDAN.

IMPORT LICENCES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 8th June 1946 :—

The Sudan Government have now advised the Board of Trade that import licences are no longer required to cover the import of goods from the sterling area into the Sudan except in the case of the following items :—

Cereals and cereal products.

Sugar and manufactures containing sugar.

Coffee.

Tea.

Vegetable oils and oil seeds, fats and soaps.

Fertilizers.

Animal feeding stuffs.

Citric and tartaric acid.

Cocoa, cocoa beans and all cocoa products.

Dairy and poultry products.

Essential oils.

Fish; salted cod, haddock, hake, cusk, pollock, saithe and ling and all canned fish.

Dried fruit.

Hops and hop products.

Meat.

Edible nuts.

Pulses.

Field crop seeds.

Spices.

Vitamin "A" oils.

Hides and leather.

Jute and jute manufactures.

Timber.

Sisal.

Crude natural rubber, dry rubber and latex and reclaimed rubber.

Tin.

Newsprint.

Potatoes.

Crown corks.

Caustic soda.

Rubber tyres and tubes.

D.D.T.

Quinine, quinine substitutes and all other anti-malarials.

Surgical dental goods.

Cotton wool, bandages, lint and gauze.

Sulphonamides.

Penicillin, insulin, sera and vaccines.

Matches.

Whisky, Scotch.

Cotton yarn and textiles, made up or in the piece, excluding haberdashery, oilcloth.

Coal and coke.

Lead solder.

SWEDEN.

REVISED IMPORT RESTRICTION.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 8th June 1946 :—

The Board of Trade has received a copy of the Swedish Decree (No. 133) of July 31, 1945 (No. 582), according to which the following goods no longer require an import licence from the State Trade Commission :—non-edible roots not specially mentioned, other than lily of the valley roots and roots of rice—including gladioli tubers, also flower bulbs, rhizomes and tubers and stems of flowers, not specially mentioned; living plants, other than those classified under Nos. 92-94. The Decree came into force on April 17, 1946.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Details of changes in Customs Regulations, etc., are published regularly in the *Board of Trade Journal*. The particulars are too lengthy for publication here, but the headings of the items and the dates on which they appeared in the Journal are given for purposes of reference :—

13th July 1946.

ARGENTINA.—Nationalization of Bagging Material.

BRAZIL.—Exemptions from Customs Duties.

CANADA.—Import Control on Wool Yarns and Fabrics. Customs Tariff.

NEW ZEALAND.—Marking of Footwear.

PORTUGAL.—Customs Tariff Modifications.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—Tariff Classification.

VENEZUELA.—Customs Tariff Modifications. Preserves and Preparations. Consular Invoices.

20th July 1946.

ARGENTINA.—Materials for Manufacture of Inner Tubes of Synthetic Rubber Exempt from Customs Duties. Nationalization of Bagging Material.

AUSTRALIA.—Tariff Board Enquiry.

BELGIUM.—Import and Export Restrictions.

ECUADOR.—Imports of Motor Vehicles, Tyres and Tubes.

TURKEY.—Trade with Turkey: Import Regulations.

27th July 1946.

AUSTRALIA.—Tariff Decisions. Intermediate Duties.

BRAZIL.—Extension of Exemption from Customs Duties on Imported Cement.

BRITISH GUIANA.—Customs Tariff Modifications.

BURMA.—Import Control.

CEYLON.—Import Restrictions.

CYPRUS.—Duty-free Importation of Special Boiling Point Benzene.

EGYPT.—Relaxation of Import Controls.

IRE.—Suspension of Certain Import Duties. Suspension of Certain Import Quotas.

GREECE.—Modifications of Import List.

NIIGERIA.—Customs Tariff Modifications.

SWEDEN.—Revised Import Restriction. Rope Texture.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.—Withdrawal of Special Duties on Certain Iron and Steel Products, and Suspension of Operation of Certain Relative Regulations.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

ASSAM.

14th October.

During the week under report unusual heavy rainfall resulted in local floods. Damage to crops is anticipated in some districts.

BIHAR.

8th October.

During the week under report moderate rain fell in parts of the Santal Parganas, Hazaribagh, Ranchi and Palamau and light rain at all the remaining places except in parts of Saran, Champaran, Monghyr, Bhagalpur and Saharsa where there was no rain. The condition and the prospects of the standing crops were reported to be fair to good except at places where they have been damaged by floods. Transplanting of *aghani* paddy is over. Harvesting of *bhadoi* crops was nearing completion.

BOMBAY.

12th October.

During the week under report heavy rain fell in most parts of the Karnatak while there were occasional showers in the Konkan. There was no rain elsewhere in the Province. The standing *kharif* crops are faring well. Harvesting of *kharif* crops and sowing of *rabi jowar* continued. Weeding and interculturing operations are progressing. Sowing of winter crops has commenced in the favoured areas of the Deccan and the Karnatak. Rains are needed in Gujarat for sowing of late paddy and for winter crops and in the Konkan for *nagli*.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

5th October.

During the week under report the weather continued to be clear and warm with occasional passing clouds. Light showers of rain were received in parts of many districts. Paddy crop in the Murwara *tahsil* (Jubbulpore) and *kharif* crops in the Wardha district were showing signs of withering for want of adequate moisture in the soil. Otherwise the standing *kharif* crops are in satisfactory condition though one or two good showers of rain, if received early, will do immense good to them, especially to *juar* and cotton on light soils and to late variety of paddy. Harvesting of minor pulses in parts of the Jubbulpore and Nagpur divisions and in the Buldana district; of early paddy in the Saugor, Jubbulpore and Betul districts; and of groundnut in parts of Berar and in the Nimar, Chhindwara and Wardha districts, was in progress. Preparation of land for *rabi* sowing was in full swing. Sowing of *rabi* crops, such as gram, linseed and *lakh*, has commenced in the Nagpur and Jubbulpore divisions and in the Balaghat, Drug and Akola districts. Sowing of wheat also started at places in the Betul and Wardha districts.

ORISSA.

30th September.

During the week under report rainfall was light to moderate in all places except at Kendrapara, Angul, Sambalpur and Nawarangpur where there was no rain. Harvesting of autumn paddy and jute in the Cuttack and Balasore districts was in progress. Harvesting of *biali*, *mandia*, maize and *til* in the Puri district and that of paddy in the Sambalpur district continued. *Laghu sarada* paddy was in ears in the Cuttack and Puri districts. Weeding and transplantation of *guru sarada* paddy in the Puri district and weeding of *sarada* paddy in the Balasore district were going on. Paddy

has been damaged by floods in many areas in the Balasore district. The standing crops, viz., paddy, sugarcane, *mung*, groundnut, tobacco and *til*, were generally thriving.

PUNJAB.

7th October.

During the week under report the weather remained dry except in parts of Karnal, Ambala, Simla, Kangra, Jullundur, Ludhiana, Gurdaspur and Gujrat districts, where rain varying in amount from 0.04" to 5.22" was received. Rain is badly needed in Hissar and Mianwali districts. The condition of the standing crops is generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Hailstorm damaged crops in a few villages of Ajnala *tahsil* of the Amritsar district.

SIND.

12th October.

During the week under report there was no rain. Picking of cotton is in full swing. Slight attack of red-leaf blight and boll-worm on cotton still continues. Harvesting of *bajri* and *jowar* is continuing. A slight attack of long and grain smuts on *jowar* is reported in some places.

UNITED PROVINCES.

28th September.

During the week under report there was practically no rain, except for light showers in a few districts. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops was in full swing and sowing of gram had commenced in some districts. Harvesting of early *kharif* crops was in progress. Irrigation of late paddy and sugarcane was done in areas where rainfall had been insufficient. Reports regarding the standing crops having been adversely affected by drought were received from some districts. In a few other districts, damage to the crop was caused by floods. Rain was urgently needed in a number of districts where the rainfall had been scanty. Except in the districts where damage to crops was caused by drought or floods, the condition of the standing crops and the prospects of outturn were reported to be generally satisfactory.

CROP FORECAST.

(ALL-INDIA)

SUMMARY OF ALL-INDIA THIRD WHEAT FORECAST, 1945-46.

(Calcutta, 15th October 1946.)

	1945-46.	1944-45 (Corresponding)	Decrease (—).	REMARKS.
Wheat—			Per cent.	
Area (acres)	34,705,000	35,034,000*	—1	The forecast relates generally to the period up to the latter half of March 1946.
Yield (tons)	8,067,000	10,500,000*	—15	The crop has been adversely affected by lack of winter rains and its general condition is reported to be fair only.

* Revised.

CROP FORECAST.

(ALL-INDIA)

FIRST WHEAT FORECAST, 1945-46.

(Calcutta, June 22, 1946.)

This forecast is based on reports received from provinces and States, which comprise 98 per cent of the total wheat acreage in India. The returns relate to all the important wheat-growing areas in India except Kashmir. The information contained in this report relates to the period up to the end of December 1945, or the beginning of January 1946.

The total area sown is estimated at 34,538,000 acres, as against 33,620,000 acres (revised) at the corresponding time last year, or an increase of 3 per cent.

The season so far has been marked by insufficient winter rains, particularly in the Punjab and the United Provinces. The prospects of the crop largely depend on future rains which are badly needed.

The detailed figures for the provinces and States are given below:—

First Forecast.

Provinces and States	1945-46	1944-45	Increase (+) or Decrease (—)
	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)	(1,000 acres)
Punjab *	11,834	11,547	+287
United Provinces (†)	8,180	7,783	+397
Central Provinces and Berar (‡)	2,833	2,785	+48
Bombay †	2,030	2,351	—321
Sind (c)	1,470	1,546	—76
Bihar	1,209	1,232	—23
North-West Frontier Province.	1,115	1,114	+1
Bengal	191	171	+20
Delhi	66	51	+15
Ajmer-Merwara	23	22	+1
Orissa	7	7	..
Central India	2,226	2,095	+131
Gwalior	1,564	1,269	+295
Rajputana	1,615	(d) 1,480	+135
Hyderabad	77	(d) 68	+9
Baroda	93	(d) 95	..
Mysore	3	4	—1
TOTAL	34,538	(d) 33,620	+918

The provincial reports are summarised below. The figures in brackets following the name of each province or State indicate the average percentage of wheat area in that tract to the total area under wheat in India based on the figures for the five years ending 1943-44.

Punjab (33 per cent).—The area sown up to the end of December 1945, is estimated at 11,834,000 acres (1,455,000 acres being in the Indian States*), as against 11,547,000 acres, the corresponding area of last year, or an increase of 2 per cent. The rainfall in July was generally sufficient, while that in August was generally average or above average, except in parts of fourteen

* Including Indian States comprised in the Punjab States Residency (excluding Khairpur State) and also Bilaspur State of the Punjab Hill States Agency.

† Including Indian States comprised in the Western India States Agency, Gujarat States Agency and the Kolhapur and the Deccan States Agency.

(a) Including Rampur State.

(b) Including five States comprised in the Chhattisgarh States Agency.

(c) Including Khairpur State.

(d) Revised.

districts where it was below the average. In September, the rainfall was much above the average in Ambala and Jullundur divisions but light to moderate elsewhere. Except for light showers in parts of some districts, the weather during the months of October, November and December remained practically dry. Climatic conditions were thus favourable for sowings. The supplies of canal water were also adequate. The condition of the standing crop is reported to be 93 per cent of the normal. Rain is, however, badly wanted for future development.

United Provinces (22.7 per cent).—The area sown is estimated at 8,180,000 acres (114,000 acres being in the Rampur State), as against 7,783,000 acres, the corresponding area of last year. The increase is chiefly attributed to the "Grow more food crops" campaign and prevalent high prices of foodgrains. There was liberal rain throughout the province in the first week of September 1945, followed by heavy rain in a majority of the districts during the second and third weeks and generally light rain in the fourth week. Light to heavy rain was received in most of the districts during the first three weeks of October, while light showers were received in a number of districts during the fourth week. Except for light showers in the eastern and southern parts during the fourth week of December, the months of November and December were practically rainless. Sowings generally commenced in time. Germination is reported to be satisfactory on the whole. Some damage to the crop by frost is reported from the Meerut district, while absence of winter rain has been harmful all over the province. The prospects of the crop largely depend on the character of the season in the immediate future.

Central Provinces and Berar (8.5 per cent).—The area sown is estimated at 2,833,000 acres (78,000 acres being in five States comprised in the Chhattisgarh States Agency), as against 2,785,000 acres at the corresponding period last year. The increase is attributed to favourable conditions at sowing time and also to "Grow more food" campaign. Germination was successful everywhere. Prolonged drought and absence of winter showers have adversely affected the standing crop. Cold wave and frost in the first half of January last caused slight damage to the crop in the northern districts. The condition of the crop is reported to be fairly satisfactory, but prospects largely depend on winter showers which are badly needed.

Bombay (5.5 per cent).—The information is incomplete. The area sown up to 10th January 1946, is estimated at 2,030,000 acres (444,000 acres being in the Indian States†), which is 14 per cent below the corresponding area of last year. The decrease is attributed to unfavourable season at sowing time. The crop has progressed satisfactorily in Gujarat but its growth has been stunted in the Deccan and the Karnatak for want of subsequent rains in October-November. The crop is, however, reported to be free from pest or disease, except for a slight attack by rust in part of the eastern Karnatak.

Sind (4.1 per cent).—The area sown up to the end of December 1945, is reported to be 1,470,000 acres (89,000 acres being in the Khairpur State), as against 1,546,000 acres, the corresponding area of last year. The condition of the crop is reported to be good so far.

Bihar (3.5 per cent).—The area sown is estimated at 1,209,000 acres, as against 1,232,000 acres at the corresponding time last year. Weather conditions have been generally favourable and the condition of the crop is reported to be fair.

North-West Frontier Province (2.9 per cent).—The area sown up to the end of December 1945, is estimated at 1,115,000 acres, as against 1,114,000 acres, the corresponding area of last

† Vide footnote † in left hand col.

year. The condition of the standing crop is reported to be average. Rain is, however, urgently needed.

Bengal (0.5 per cent).—The area sown is estimated at 191,000 acres, as against 171,000 acres at the corresponding time last year. Sowings generally commenced in time. The condition of the crop is reported to be fair.

Delhi (0.1 per cent).—The area sown is estimated at 66,000 acres, as against 51,000 acres, the corresponding area of last year. The increase in area is attributed to favourable season and adequate supply of canal water. The general condition of the irrigated crop is average, while that of unirrigated variety below average.

Ajmer-Merwara (0.1 per cent).—The area sown is reported to be 23,000 acres, as against 22,000 acres at the corresponding time last year.

Orissa (0.01 per cent).—The area sown is reported to be 7,000 acres, which is practically the same as at the corresponding period last year.

Central India (5.9 per cent).—The total area sown is estimated at 2,226,000 acres, as against 2,095,000 acres, the corresponding area of last year. The detailed figures, according to the different Agencies, are as follows:—

	1945-46	1944-45
	Acres	Acres
Indore and Rewa	844,000	754,000
Bhopal	768,000	770,000
Bundelkhand	330,000	292,000
Malwa *	284,000	279,000
TOTAL	2,226,000	2,095,000

* Including the British tract of Panth Piploda.

Gwalior (4 per cent).—The area sown is approximately estimated at 1,564,000 acres, as against 1,269,000 acres, the corresponding area of last year. Sowings commenced generally in time. The germination and growth of the crop are reported to be good.

Rajputana (3.9 per cent).—The total area sown is reported to be 1,615,000 acres, as against 1,480,000 acres (revised) at the corresponding time last year. The detailed figures for the States are as follows:—

States	1945-46	1944-45
	Acres	Acres
Bikaner	153,394	95,566
Sirohi	42,000	43,500
Idar	21,940	23,891
Vijaynagar	2,000	1,620
Alwar	48,013	45,969
Jaipur	82,065	90,284
Kishangarh	4,179	8,674
Shahpura	9,375	9,655
Tonk	141,098	142,602
Jaisalmer	3,100	4,327
Palanpur	14,448	11,972
Marwar	419,158	391,315
Banswara	27,235	24,724
Dungarpur	7,500	9,930
Kushalgarh	4,745	3,500
Mewar	172,500	171,741
Partabgarh	74,822	65,882
Bharatpur	31,110	32,400
Bundi	91,576	71,986
Dholpur	16,222	16,722
Jhalawar	31,259	22,441
Karauli	8,224	8,770
Kotah	209,644	185,773
TOTAL	1,615,416	(a) 1,480,334

(a) Revised

Hyderabad (2.8 per cent).—The total area sown is estimated at 77,000 acres, as against 68,000 acres, the corresponding revised area of last year. The condition of the crop is reported to be satisfactory on the whole.

Baroda (0.2 per cent).—The area sown is estimated at 95,000 acres, which is practically the same as the corresponding area (revised) of last year.

Mysore (0.01 per cent).—The area sown is reported to be 3,000 acres, as against 4,000 acres at the corresponding period of last year. Sowings have been generally successful and germination is reported to be fair on the whole.

Rainfall 1st September to 31st October.—The table below shows the total rainfall in the months of September and October 1945, in the wheat-growing provinces and States as furnished by the Director General of Observatories:—

Provinces and States	Mean actual rainfall 1st September to 31st October 1945	Mean actual rainfall 1st September to 31st October 1944	Mean normal rainfall 1st September to 31st October
	Inches	Inches	Inches
Punjab	12.05	4.69	4.25
United Provinces	13.89	9.62	9.48
Central Provinces and Berar	15.83	4.71	7.29
Bombay	7.83	9.82	9.46
Sind	19.08	12.11	12.02
Bihar	16.30	13.04	7.70
Orissa	10.05	1.21	4.47
North-West Frontier Province	5.34	11.87	8.58
Bengal	0.07	0.05	0.54
Central India	18.12	10.76	11.20
Rajputana	15.26	8.45	10.83
Hyderabad	23.85	12.83	14.85
Mysore	0.38	1.31	0.80
Baroda	20.90	14.50	16.03
Central India	8.81	6.52	8.94
Rajputana	10.95	5.62	9.12
Hyderabad	3.31	0.38	1.26
Mysore	6.14	1.65	4.67
Baroda	9.32	10.16	10.07
Central India	10.65	12.66	9.38
Hyderabad	7.57	12.95	12.00

Wheat in Foreign Countries.—From information available in this Department, it appears that the estimates of the wheat crop of the United States of America for 1946 are placed at 70,901,000 acres and 1,033,139,000 bushels (or 27,673,000 tons), as compared with 64,740,000 acres and 1,123,143,000 bushels (or 30,084,000 tons) in 1945. The area and yield of the Canadian wheat crop of 1946 are estimated at 25,900,000 acres and 440,567,000 bushels (or 11,801,000 tons), as against 23,414,000 acres and 305,912,000 bushels (or 8,194,000 tons) in 1945. The yield of the Australian wheat crop for 1945-46 is estimated at 144,260,000 bushels (or 3,864,000 tons), as against 52,068,000 bushels (or 1,395,000 tons) in the preceding season. The yield of the wheat crop of Argentina for 1945-46 season is placed at 3,844,000 tons, as against 4,021,000 tons in 1944-45.

DATA OF TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY AND RAINFALL FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, THE 15TH OCTOBER 1946.

STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENTAGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).		RAINFALL.			STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENTAGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).		RAINFALL.		
	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.		Actual.	Departure from normal.	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
ASSAM	Dibrugarh	80	+2	83	-2	0.5	(g) 75.1	Bombay.	Bhuj	84	0	85	+23	0	(a) 10.4
	Tezpur	80	+1	81	+3	2.1	51.9		Deesa	87	+4	69	+9	0	(b) 21.0
	Dhubri	78	-1	88	+3	0.5	73.6		Ahmedabad	85	-1	74	+11	0	(c) 24.8
	Shillong	84	0	80	-16	1.7	81.7		Rajkot	85	+2	80	+13	0	(d) 20.6
	Bilchar	80	-1	93	+8	2.4	(f) 71.9		Veraval	81	0	89	+21	0	(e) 22.2
BENGAL	Chittagong	81	0	84	0	0.6	(a) 11.3	Konkan	Bombay	84	+1	80	+2	0.1	(b) 71.7
	Barisal	82	+1	85	+5	1.2	(d) 70.3		Honavar	81	-1	88	+6	0.7	(c) 12.1
	Narayanganj	82	0	79	0	2.0	(e) 64.1	Bombay, Deccan	Malegaon	81	+1	74	+8	0	(d) 15.4
	Mymensingh	80	-1	87	+4	0.3	(f) 67.8		Ahmednagar	80	+2	81	+12	0.3	(e) 20.4
	Jalpaiguri	79	0	87	+1	1.5	94.7		Poona	81	+3	80	0	0.7	(f) 23.0
	Darjeeling	57	+1	65	+8	1.2	101.4		Bijapur	82	+3	69	-3	0.7	(g) 10.5
	Berhampore	83	+1	80	-1	1.3	48.0		Belgaum	76	+1	96	+11	0.5	(a) 30.6
BHAR AND ORISSA.	Calcutta	82	+1	85	+1	0	49.1	Central India, West	Noemuch	81	+2	77	+22	0	(b) 52.3
Orissa	Balasore	81	0	81	-2	0.2	39.1		Indore	79	+2	70	+14	0.1	(c) —
	Cuttack	85	+2	80	-2	0	59.3	Central India, East	Sutna	80	+2	83	+12	0.5	(d) 40.8
	Sambalpur	83	+1	85	+3	0.2	66.9	Central Provinces, West	Akola	84	+4	63	0	0	(e) 24.6
Chota Nagpur	Chalchala	81	+1	80	+7	1.0	43.2		Sangor	79	+2	73	+13	0	(f) —
	Ranchi	75	-1	83	+9	0.7	41.9		Jubbulpore	80	+3	77	+2	0	(g) 61.4
	Darbhanga	82	+1	80	+14	0.4	34.5		Seoni	78	+2	75	+8	0	(a) 48.2
Bihar	Patna	82	0	82	+9	1.2	29.0		Nagpur	83	+3	70	+6	0.1	(b) —
	Naya Dumka	81	+1	79	+1	3.7	45.3	Central Provinces, East	Chanda	82	+2	75	-1	0.6	(c) 49.2
UNITED PROVINCES.	Gorakhpur	81	0	86	+7	2.0	—		Kalpur	83	+3	86	+12	0	(d) 35.0
United Provinces, East.	Allahabad	81	0	84	+18	0.2	—		Jagdalpur (Bastar)	77	0	83	0	0	(e) 37.8
	Bahraich	81	0	80	+12	3.2	(a) 29.1	HYDERABAD.	Nizamabad	83	+4	73	0	0	(b) 29.8
	Lucknow	79	-1	87	+10	1.0	(c) 28.0	Hyderabad, North	Gulbarga	83	+2	69	-1	0.2	(c) 22.0
United Provinces, West.	Jhansi	82	0	74	-17	0	(d) 17.5	Hyderabad, South	Hyderabad	82	+3	72	-3	0	(e) 18.4
	Agra	83	+1	73	-17	0	(f) 33.9		Rajchur	81	-1	70	-4	2.3	(f) 22.1
	Bareilly	77	-2	82	+6	4.3	(g) 33.9	MYSORE	Bangalore	74	0	91	+7	2.8	(a) 25.4
PUNJAB.	Delhi	79	-2	79	+10	0.2	(b) 10.3		Mercara	70	+1	85	-0	1.3	(b) 09.7
Punjab, East and North.	Hissar	79	-2	81	+24	0.8	(c) 20.0	MADRAS.	Cochin	81	0	86	+1	1.7	(c) 91.1
	Amritsar	77	-1	80	+20	0.8	(d) 13.3	Madras, North.	Trivandrum	80	+1	93	+5	4.7	(d) 40.6
	Lahore	77	-2	80	+20	0.2	(e) 25.6		Pamban	83	0	82	0	0.3	(e) 1.8
	Rawalpindi	72	-2	77	+19	0.8	(f) 0.8	Madras, South-East	Negapatnam	84	+1	86	+4	0.1	(f) —
Punjab, South-West.	Multan	83	+1	73	+9	0	(g) 0.8		Colimbatore	81	+1	86	+2	3.3	(g) 10.8
KASHMIR	Srinagar	58	+1	87	-3	0.7	5.8		Cuddalore	93	0	84	0	0	(a) 16.0
NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.	Peshawar	75	0	81	+24	0	(b) 0.8		Salem	82	+1	58	+6	3.9	(b) 29.9
	Dera Ismail Khan	79	0	70	+12	0.5	(c) 0.1		Madras	85	+2	83	+1	0	(c) —
SIND	Jacobabad	85	+2	57	-3	0	(d) 0.1	Madras, Deccan	Cuddapah	86	+2	66	-10	0	(d) 12.2
	Karachi	64	+2	90	+7	0	(e) 0.1		Bellary	80	-1	80	+7	3.4	(e) 12.1
RAJPUTANA.	Bikaner	86	+1	59	+8	0.1	(f) 6.8	Madras, Coast.	Nellore	87	+3	81	0	0	(f) 13.0
Rajputana, West.	Jodhpur	85	+1	61	+7	0	(g) 8.6		Masulipatnam	85	+2	86	+2	0	(g) —
	Ajmer	82	+3	55	+5	0.4	(a) 18.8		Vizagapatnam	84	+1	77	+1	0.7	(a) —
Rajputana, East.	Jaipur	81	0	64	-17	0	(b) 32.7	ORISSA.	Gopalpur	83	+2	85	+4	0.7	(b) 32.5
	Kotah	85	+2	67	+14	0	(c) 41.2	Orissa Coast							(c) 0

(a) Total for 6 days. (g) Total for 134 days. (h) Total for 130 days. (i) Total for 122 days. (j) Total for 116 days.
 (d) " " 137 " (f) " " 135 " (i) " " 129 " (k) " " 121 "
 (e) " " 136 " (g) " " 132 " (j) " " 128 " (l) " " 120 "
 (f) " " 135 " (h) " " 131 " (k) " " 127 " (m) " " 119 "



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TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from:—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 9d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile Stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Re. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42×28 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from:—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL, INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Advertised Tenders of the Industries and Supplies Department.

In order to enable tendering firms to determine whether they are in a position to submit tenders in connection with any demand advertised by the Supplies Organization of the Industries and Supplies Department, the following arrangement has been introduced:—

Simultaneously with the issue of the advertisement or as soon thereafter as possible when the forms are ready for issue, a copy of each tender advertised, without drawings, will be placed on the Notice Boards of the undermentioned Offices, for perusal by suppliers' representatives who may be interested:—

- Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi.
- Director of Supplies at Calcutta and Bombay.
- Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Lahore and Madras.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Enamels and Varnishes, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SG1/RC-1127(B) to reach him on or before the 19th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be

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Store.—Various kinds of Enamels and Varnishes both Natural and Synthetic and Bituminous Solution, Liquid Driers, Leather Reviver, Cellulose Lacquers, Roofing Compound, and Paint Remover, etc., to I.S.D. Specifications on yearly/six-monthly contract basis commencing from 1st January 1947 to 31st December 1947 for Railways and other indentors.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras, Cawnpore, Lahore and Karachi, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Staples Lashing Rivetting, etc.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. SR3/68322/2 to reach him on or before 3 p.m. on 18th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 7 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

5,740	Nos.	Staples Lashing Rivetting	No. 1.
110,054	"	Do.	No. 4.
7,135	"	Do.	No. 5.
12,335	"	Staples Lashing Special	No. 1.
815	"	Do.	No. 2.
1,970	"	Do.	No. 3.
4,353	"	Do.	No. 4.
18,085	"	Staples Lashing with Plate Single	1/4"×2 5/8".
44,800	"	Do.	1/4"×3 1/2".
41,035	"	Do.	1/4"×4 1/2".
4,900	"	Staples Lashing with plate double	1/4"×3" long.
65,663	"	Do.	1/4"×3 1/4" long.
44,893	"	Do.	1/4"×4".
30,982	lbs.	Staples Steel Wire Galvd.	3/4"×13 S.W.G.
1,975	"	Do.	2 1/4"×7 S.W.G.
50	cwts.	Do.	3"×1 1/4".

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Varnish Shellac.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SY/65527/SG-1/(B-2) to reach him on or before the 8th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter), for:—

Store.—Varnish Shellac to Specn. No. I.M. 2644(a), packed in 3 gallon or 1 gallon drums of galvanised sheets.

The material is required at Chheoki.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras, Cawnpore, Lahore and Karachi, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Urinal Trays, Bodies and Covers.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SP1/68343/III/46 to reach him on the 22nd November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Urinal Trays—1,700 Nos. | } As per Drawing
No. I.M. 2339(a). |
| 2. Urinal Bodies—2,600 " | |
| 3. Urinal Covers—2,100 " | |

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore/Karachi/Cawnpore and Madras, on payment for tender fees direct to them.

Drawing governing supply of the stores is available for exhibition with Regional Offices of the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies and may be seen by the prospective tenderers.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS.

For Bridges, Steel Frame Buildings, etc.

BOMBAY & MADRAS.

B. 2977 W. 31-12-46.

BROWN

PYROMETERS, FLOWMETERS, AUTOMATIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL, PRESSURE AND VACUUM GAUGES, C.O. METERS, REMOTE VALVE CONTROL, ETC.

JOSEPH'S ENGINEERING CO. LTD

BOMBAY P.O. BOX 243
CALCUTTA P.O. BOX 64

B. 2998 W. 12-1-47.

LEATHER OUR SPECIALITY EASTERN TANNERIES LIMITED

Manufacturers of :

Sole, Harness and Chrome Leather, CAWNPORE.

B. 2001 W. 9-1-47.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Machinery.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SW1/MP/134802/IB/II* to reach him on or before the 9th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on payment of the tender fee of Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Item No. 16.—One No. "Thomas Robinson Type RF/T" or similar Motor Driven Mortiser Chain and Hollow Chisel Grinder complete with independent motor drive to suit 400 volts 3 phase 50 cycles A.C. Supply.

Item No. 17.—One No. "Thomas Robinson Type SQ/T" or similar Lap Grinder for Band Saws up to 12" wide complete with motor and starter to suit 400 volts 3 phase 50 cycles A.C. Supply.

Item No. 57.—One No. "Thomas Robinson Type VX/T" or similar Belt Driven Planing and Machining Machine capable for admitting timbers 15" wide×6" thick.

Item No. 58.—One No. "Thomas Robinson Type SZ" size 'O' or similar Planing and Thicknessing Machine with four rotary side cutter heads complete with motor and starter to suit 500 volts D.C. Supply or 400/440 volts 3 phase 50 cycles A.C. Supply.

Item No. 59.—One No. "Thomas Robinson Type SC/E" or similar Motor Driven Electric Tenoner for tenoning, scribbing, crosscutting and trenching suitable to accommodate timber 24"×6" complete with motor and starter to suit 500 volts D.C. Supply.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms, which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL (INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES), NEW DELHI.

Supply of Lathes.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SW1/71385/W21* to reach him on or before the 9th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 3

(not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

One No.—belt driven 6" centre hollow spindle sliding surfacing and screwcutting all geared head gap bed Lathe.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies at Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

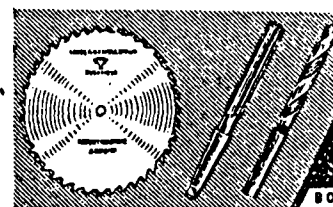
Supply of Electric Fans.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites tenders to reach him on or before the 15th November 1946 for the supply of Electric Fans, ceiling and table, alternating and direct current, on Rate Contract basis, for a period of six months commencing on or about the 1st December 1946, ex-Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Delhi Stocks :—

Description of Fans.	I.S.D. (Saleable) Specn. which will govern supply.	Tender No.	Price of Tender Forms per set.	Tenders receivable up to
A.C. Ceiling Fans	H-48 F.	SE 1/RC/1128/III.	Rs. 10	15th November 1946.
D.C. Ceiling Fans	H-55 G. (Correction No. 1 of September 1936).	SE 1/RC/1120/III.	10	15th November 1946.
A.C. and D.C. Table Fans.	H-65 D for A.C. and H-64 D for D.C. fans.	SE 1/RC/1130/III.	8	15th November 1946.

Price of tender forms, etc., is as given above against each tender (not refundable). The priced tender forms may be obtained, on cash payment or by Money Order quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon, from the Director of Administration and Co-ordination, Office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi/Lahore/Madras/Cawnpore, respectively.

Samples of fans offered against these tenders should be submitted (unless fans of exactly the same type and design have proved satisfactory on test carried out at the Government Test House, Alipore, Calcutta, since 1st September 1939) for test at tenderer's expense to the Superintendent, Government Test House, Alipore, Calcutta, freight paid, stating that these are to be tested against



MOSS & GAMBLE BROS. LTD. SHEFFIELD
WOODWORKING & METAL CUTTING TOOLS, BAND SAWS,
CIRCULAR SAWS, PIT SAWS, REAMERS, CUTTERS, DRILLS.
SOLE SELLING AGENTS: KAYCEE INDUSTRIES LIMITED
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, KARACHI, LAHORE, MADRAS, NEW DELHI, SHIKHARABAD (U.P.)

B. 3097 W. 22-6-47

Oct. 17, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

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the above tender. These samples should reach the above-named officer by the date mentioned below :—

For A.C. and D.C. Ceiling Fans . . . 30th October 1946.
For A.C. and D.C. Table Fans . . . 30th October 1946.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Industries and Supplies Department Contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender Notice No. P/SCI/69995 (A).—Supply of Soap, Hard.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. P/SCI/69995(A)* to reach him by 4 p.m. on the 5th November 1946 and remain open for acceptance up to the 30th November 1946, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 8 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order, or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number and address of the remitter), for the following store :—

Store.	Particulars.	Quantity.
Soap, Hard .	Specn. No. I.S.D., G.O.P. 60/C (saleable, to be obtained from the Manager of Government Publications of the area, in payment of annas eight each.)	1,683 cwt.

Firms black-listed will not be supplied with tender forms. Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Samples against the tender are required to be submitted to the Director, Government Test House, Alipore, Calcutta, so as to reach him by the 31st October 1946 positively.

Tender forms are also available from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay/Karachi/Madras/Lahore/Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7788.—Supply of Gunny Bags : Extension of Tender Date.

It is notified that the last date for the receipt of the above tender, the call for which appeared in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 10th October 1946 (page 100), has been extended from 12th October 1946 to 26th October 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF TRAVANCORE.

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL STORES, TRIVANDRUM.

Supply of 4000 KVA Transformers.

Scaled tenders, in duplicate, superscribed "Tender for 4000 KVA Transformers" are invited for some 4000 KVA Transformers required for the Sub-station at Alwaye. The tenders should

be addressed to the Controller, Government Central Stores, Trivandrum, and should reach him not later than 1-30 p.m. on Wednesday, the 5th February 1947. Late tenders will not be considered on any account. The tenders should be in the prescribed form which can be had from the Electrical Engineer to Government, Trivandrum, on payment in cash of Rs. 7 per set consisting of the Specifications and the General Conditions of Contract. Intending tenderers are particularly requested to apply to the Electrical Engineer to Government direct for the tender forms.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Annual Contract Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Rexine Reviver.

Scaled tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 12th November 1946 at 12 noon :—

Tender No. SP/C/GB10/RI/1366A/47.—For supply of 1,343 gallons Rexine Reviver.

Tender form with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores' office, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Scaled tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Annual Contract Items Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Casing Capping and Boards Teakwood.

Scaled tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, before 12 noon on the 19th November 1946 :—

Tender No. SP/D/HD/RI/1917.—For the supply of "Casing Capping and Boards Teakwood".

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy, to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Drawings Nos. 11031/94-72 and 4518/53SD may be purchased from the office of the Chief Electrical Engineer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, at Rs. 3 per one copy of both drawings on production of Treasurer's receipt.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order. No refund is permissible.

Scaled tenders delivered by hand should be presented to the General Manager's office for registration and then put into the tender box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.**Tender for Repairing Roof Dome of Railway Offices, Madras.**

Sealed tenders will be received by the Chief Engineer, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, Madras, up to 12 hours on Thursday, the 24th October 1946, for Repairing Roof Dome of Railway Offices, Madras, by means of Gunite.

Tender forms with plan and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest Money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

Value of work is approximately Rupees Twenty thousands.

—:—

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.**Tender for Rebuilding Bridges on Belgaum District.**

Sealed tenders will be received by the Chief Engineer, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, Madras, up to 12 hours on Tuesday, the 29th October 1946, for Rebuilding Bridges on Belgaum District.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest Money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

Value of work is approximately Rupees Sixty-six thousands.

—:—

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.**Tender No. 211-S/5/21 (Code "CZWBC").—Supply of Wallets or Pouches (Leather) for Neale's Tokens without Spigot—6,000 Nos.**

Tenders are invited, on a rupee basis, for the purchase of the above.

Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Tuesday, the 29th October 1946, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tender forms with relative drawing can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway (where any other relative documents can be seen), at Re. 1 each (Re. 1-8-0 if to be posted) plus Re. 1 the cost of drawing.

Tenders will not be sold after 12-00 hours on the day fixed for their receipt.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS), SOUTHERN CIRCLE, UNITED INDIA LIFE BUILDING, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.

Auction Programme.

The following additional auctions will be held during the month of October 1946:—

Name of Depot or Location.	Date.	Time.	Store.	Name of Auctioneer.
Messrs. Union and Co's premises, Mount Road, Madras.	22-10-46	11 a.m.	FORD-Prefect 10 H.P. Saloon-1939 Model Car (Quantity one).	Messrs. Zackria Sons, Ltd., Madras.
Ghi Heating Centre, Krishnarajapuram, Bangalore.	30-10-46	10 a.m.	Unserviceable Ghi Tins.	Messrs. Frank Abraham, Bangalore.

NOTE.—(1) For other particulars please apply to the auctioneers indicated.
(2) Inspection can be made at site two days before the date of auction.

—:—

OFFICE OF THE EXCISE COMMISSIONER, CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.**Tenders for the Supply of Country Spirit in the Seoni Distillery Area in the Central Provinces and Berar: Extension of Tender Date.**

The last date for the receipt of tenders for the supply of Country Spirit in the Seoni Distillery Area in the Central Provinces and Berar* is extended from 15th October 1946 to 31st October 1946.

—:—

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.**Supply of Lime, Slaked or Hydrated.**

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, before 12 noon on the 20th November, 1946:—

Tender No. GM.1/16/KG/40.—For the supply of 555 tons of Lime Slaked or Hydrated for Water Softening Plants.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 3 per copy to the Cashier, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

* See the issues of the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 26th September 1946 (page 584) and 3rd October 1946 (page 42).

REGISTRATIONS ACCEPTED UNDER THE CAPITAL GOODS REGISTRATION SCHEME.

The following statements have been received from the Chief Controller of Imports (Capital Goods Branch), New Delhi:—

I.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Iron and Steel Industry.		
1. The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur.	38,000	Expansion.
2. Ditto	28,100	
3. Messrs. Burn & Co., Ltd., Howrah, for The Howrah Iron Works, Ltd.	95,000	
4. Messrs. Mukund Iron & Steel Works, Ltd., Bombay, per Messrs. Associated B. M. T. Makers, Ltd., Calcutta.	14,080	
5. Ditto	14,080	
6. Ditto	14,080	
7. The National Steel Works, Ltd., Lahore.	1,00,000	
TOTAL	3,03,400	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	1,64,10,019	
GRAND TOTAL	1,67,10,419	
Non-ferrous Metal Industry.		
1. The Mayur Metal Works, Morvi	15,013	Expansion.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,03,202	
GRAND TOTAL	63,08,305	
Machine Tool Industry.		
1. The Crompton England Co. (Madras), Ltd., Madras.	52,570 c.i.f.	Replacement.
2. Messrs. Alfred Herbert (India), Ltd., Calcutta, for The Jodhpur Railway, Jodhpur.	12,865	
3. Messrs. Alfred Herbert (India), Ltd., Calcutta, for The Indian Bobbin Co., Ltd., Clutterbuckgunj.	14,135	
4. Messrs. Hindustan Flywoods, Cannanore.	50,333	
5. Messrs. Associated B. M. T. Makers, Ltd., Calcutta, for Messrs. N. V. Purshotam, Bombay.	11,733	Expansion.
6. The Mysore Kirloskar, Ltd., Harihar, Mysore State, per Messrs. Associated B. M. T. Makers, Ltd., Calcutta.	22,800	
7. Messrs. N. V. Purshotam, Bombay, for Messrs. Associated B. M. T. Makers, Ltd., Calcutta.	12,733	
8. Messrs. Alfred Herbert (India), Ltd., Calcutta, for The Indian Standard Metal Co., Bombay.	12,735	
9. Messrs. Alfred Herbert (India), Ltd., Calcutta, for Messrs. Vaidarataw & Co., Ltd.	24,560	New industrial undertaking.
TOTAL	2,20,464	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	86,80,236	
GRAND TOTAL	89,00,700	

1. Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Electrical Power Machinery Industry.		
1. Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., for Messrs. Okara Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Okara.	26,400	Replacement.
2. Messrs. Volkart Bros., Lahore, for Messrs. Ambala Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Ambala.	36,000	
3. Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., Lahore, for Messrs. Muree Electric Supply Co.	12,000	
4. The Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Ltd., Calcutta.	45,502	Expansion.
5. Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., Managing Agents, Messrs. Mirlees Blacket & Day, Ltd., for The Sylhet Electric Supply Co., Sylhet.	69,800	
6. Ditto for The Habiganj Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Habiganj.	33,493	
7. Messrs. Swiss Locomotive and Machine Works, Bombay, for The Dhulla Electric Supply Co., Dhulla C.P.	39,300	
8. Messrs. Swiss Locomotive and Machine Works, Bombay, for The Mandasaur Power House, Gwalior.	27,988	
9. Ditto	79,500	
10. Messrs. Johnson and Phillips, Ltd., Bombay, for The Department of Electricity and Telephone, Baroda.	40,000	
11. Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., for Messrs. Fehalkaranji Electric Supply Co., Ltd.	25,087	
12. Ditto for Messrs. Jasurup Nejnath Bhety & Sons, Khandwa.	70,033	
13. The Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, Bangalore City.	1,50,000	
14. The General Electric Co. (India), Ltd., Calcutta.	1,40,667	Stock and Sale.
15. The Champion Electric Engineering Works, Delhi.	93,333	New industrial undertaking.
TOTAL	9,04,383	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	95,51,634	
GRAND TOTAL	1,04,56,017	
Electrical Equipment Industry.		
1. The Calcutta Electric Mfg. Co., Ltd., Calcutta, per Messrs. Associated B. M. T. Makers, Ltd., Calcutta.	13,267	Expansion.
2. Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., Bombay, for Messrs. Fateh Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Deesa.	34,466	
3. Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., Bombay, for The Palitana State Electric Works, Palitana.	34,466	
4. Messrs. Volkart Bros., Lahore, for Messrs. Modi Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Bhatinda, Patiala State.	33,333	
TOTAL	1,15,532	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,18,20,827	
GRAND TOTAL	2,19,36,359	

I.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Ship-building Industry.		
1. The Mogul Lines, Ltd., Managing Agents, Messrs. Turner Morrison & Co., Ltd., Bombay.	32,000	Replacement.
2. Messrs. Shaparia Dock & Steel Co., Ltd., Bombay.	1,76,000	Expansion.
TOTAL	2,08,000	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	7,64,535	
GRAND TOTAL	9,72,535	
Road Building Industry.		
1. Messrs. Heatly & Gresham, Ltd., Madras, for The Chief Engineer, Bangalore.	1,16,000	Expansion.
2. Messrs. Tractors (India), Ltd., Calcutta, for The Chief Engineer, P. W. D., Bihar (Patna).	57,250	
3. Ditto for The P. W. D. Works, Assam.	1,30,608	
TOTAL	3,03,918	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	15,45,453	
GRAND TOTAL	18,49,309	
Cotton Textile Industry.		
1. The New Victoria Mills, Ltd., Cawnpore.	2,54,000	Replacement.
2. Messrs. Elgin Mills Co., Ltd., Cawnpore.	10,00,000	
3. The Alagappa Textiles (Cochin), Ltd., Alagappanagar (Cochin State).	2,46,667	
4. The Colaba Land & Mill Co., Ltd., Bombay.	4,42,666	
5. The Krishna Rajendra Mills, Ltd., Mysore.	27,333	
6. The New Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., Bombay.	6,81,866	
7. Messrs. Binny & Co. (Madras), Ltd., Managing Agents, The Buckingham and Carnatic Co., Ltd., Madras.	46,340 c.i.f.	
8. The Pankaja Mills, Ltd., Coimbatore.	2,60,000	
9. Bangadaya Cotton Mills, Ltd., Panlhati (24-Parganas).	2,00,000	
10. The Asarwa Mills, Ltd., Ahmedabad.	1,01,333	
11. The Ahmedabad Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Ahmedabad.	1,06,666	
12. Messrs. Maheshwari Mills, Ltd., Ahmedabad.	3,00,000	
13. Messrs. Moradabad Spinning and Weaving Mills Co., Ltd., Moradabad.	13,33,333	
14. The Cochin Textiles, Cochin State.	4,66,667	

I.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Cotton Textile Industry—contd.		
15. The Ashoka Mills, Ltd., Ahmedabad.	52,773	Expansion.
16. The Ananta Mills, Ltd., Ahmedabad.	1,57,333	
17. Shri Krishna Weaving Mills, Bangalore City.	31,000	
18. Messrs. Bengal Cotton Mills, Ltd., Calcutta.	40,100	
19. The Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Bombay.	89,000 c.i.f.	
20. The Chandra Sekhar Bharti Weaving Mills, Rajapalayan (S. India).	60,000 c.i.f.	
21. The Vikram Mills, Ltd., Ahmedabad.	1,01,600	
22. Messrs. Volkart Bros., Bombay, for The Elphinstone Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., Bombay.	20,200	
23. Messrs. Lakshmi Ratan Cotton Mills Co., Ltd., Cawnpore.	4,66,000	
24. Messrs. Kamla Mills, Ltd., Bombay.	5,60,000	
25. Messrs. Radha Krishna Mills, Ltd., Coimbatore.	1,32,000	
26. Messrs. Shree Vivekananda Mills, Ltd., Ahmedabad.	1,84,411	
27. The Swadeshi Cotton Mills Co., Ltd., Cawnpore.	2,00,666	
28. The Raza Textiles, Ltd., Rampur State.	64,733	
TOTAL	77,15,559	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	13,89,72,259	
GRAND TOTAL	14,66,87,818	
Rayon Industry.		
1. The Ambika Silk Mills Co., Ltd., Bombay.	1,07,403	Replacement.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,68,00,917	
GRAND TOTAL	2,69,14,320	
Jute Mill Industry.		
1. Messrs. Duncan Bros. & Co., Ltd., Managing Agents, The Anglo India Jute Mill Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	35,285	Replacement.
2. Messrs. Khardah Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	43,905 c.i.f.	
3. Messrs. Duncan Bros. & Co., Ltd., Managing Agents, The Anglo India Jute Mill Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	30,737 c.i.f.	
4. Messrs. Thomas Duff & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	1,34,700 c.i.f.	
5. Messrs. Khardah Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	43,404 c.i.f.	
6. Messrs. Birla Jute Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Managing Agents, Messrs. Birla Bros., Ltd.	47,692 c.i.f.	

(Oct. 17, 1946.)

I.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Jute Mill Industry—contd.		
7. Messrs. Bird & Co., Calcutta, for The Auckland Jute Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	49,301 c.i.f.	
8. Ditto for The Dalhousie Jute Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	42,251 c.i.f.	
9. Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	1,89,735 c.i.f.	
10. Messrs. McLeod & Co., Ltd., Managing Agents, The Presidency Jute Mill Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	2,03,584 c.i.f.	
11. The Baranagar Jute Factory Co., Ltd., The Bally Jute Co., Ltd., Agents and Managing Agents, Messrs. George Henderson & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	85,856 c.i.f.	
12. Messrs. McLeod & Co., Ltd., Managing Agents, The Eastern Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	4,62,506 c.i.f.	
TOTAL	13,74,166	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	1,91,20,680	
GRAND TOTAL	2,04,94,846	
Other Textile Industries.		
1. The Prabhat Silk & Cotton Mills, Ltd., Surat.	51,000 c.i.f.	Expansion.
2. Messrs. Sheikh Sadiq Hassan, Chairman, Messrs. Amritsar Swadeshi Woollen Mills, Ltd., Amritsar.	40,00,000	New industrial undertaking.
TOTAL	40,51,000	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,30,68,460	
GRAND TOTAL	2,71,19,460	
Hosiery Industry.		
1. The Panipat Woollen Mills, Khairat (Amballa).	2,00,009	Expansion.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	22,39,766	
GRAND TOTAL	24,39,766	
Chemical Industry.		
1. The Oriental Gas Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	40,533	Expansion.
2. The Eastern Chemical Co. (India), Bombay.	65,233	New industrial undertaking.
TOTAL	1,05,866	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	1,76,19,401	
GRAND TOTAL	1,76,25,267	

I.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Scientific Apparatus and Surgical Instruments Industry.		
1. The Oriental Science Apparatus Workshop, Amballa Cantt., for Messrs. Associated B. M. T. Makers, Ltd.	11,655	Expansion.
TOTAL	11,655	
Drugs and Pharmaceutical Chemicals.		
1. Messrs. W. T. Surren & Co., Bombay, for Messrs. Tiddinton Chemical Factory, Ltd., Bombay.	42,000	Expansion.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	7,74,800	
GRAND TOTAL	8,16,800	
Paper and Board Pulp Industry.		
1. Messrs. Titaghar Paper Mills Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	58,320	Expansion.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,06,76,166	
GRAND TOTAL	2,07,34,486	
Cement Industry.		
1. Messrs. Heatly & Gresham, Ltd., Bombay, for Messrs. Dalmia Cement, Ltd., Lahore.	28,000	Replacement.
2. Messrs. Dalmia Cements, Ltd., Lahore.	44,000 c.i.f.	
3. Messrs. Associated Cement Co., Ltd., Bombay.	1,62,500 c.i.f.	
TOTAL	2,34,500	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	3,00,11,559	
GRAND TOTAL	3,02,46,059	
Leather Industry.		
1. The Cawnpore Tannery, Ltd., Cawnpore.	1,09,755	Expansion.
2. The Chrome Leather Co., Ltd., Chromepet (S. India).	62,420 c.i.f.	Replacement.
TOTAL	1,62,184	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	50,15,565	
GRAND TOTAL	51,77,749	

I.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
Cinema Industry.	Rs.	
1. Messrs. Aurora Film Corporation, Ltd., Calcutta.	32,000	Replacement.
2. Messrs. Film Service, Tollygunj, Calcutta.	26,800	Expansion.
TOTAL	58,800	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	16,80,250	
GRAND TOTAL	17,39,050	
Glass and Refractories Industry.		
1. The Bhargava Glass Factory, Kharsa (Distt. Amritsar).	93,333	Replacement.
2. Messrs. Ogale Glass Works, Ltd., Ogalevadi (Distt. Satara).	11,890	Expansion.
3. Messrs. Sodepore Glass Works, Ltd., Calcutta.	95,255 c.i.f.	
4. Ditto	62,973 c.i.f.	
TOTAL	2,63,361	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	29,71,242	
GRAND TOTAL	32,34,603	
Match Industry.		
1. The Western India Match Co., Ltd., Bombay.	3,000 c.i.f.	Expansion.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	13,53,514	
GRAND TOTAL	13,56,514	
Celluloid and Plastic Industry.		
1. Messrs. Alfred Herbert (India), Ltd., Calcutta, for The New Era Manufacturing Co., Palghat.	28,070	Expansion.
2. The Alembic Chemical Works Co., Ltd., Baroda.	19,866	New industrial undertaking.
TOTAL	47,936	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	4,08,338	
GRAND TOTAL	5,14,272	

I.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
Agricultural Machinery Industry.	Rs.	
1. Messrs. Pashabhai Patel & Co., for The Nizam Sugar Factory.	25,000	Replacement.
2. Messrs. William Jacks & Co., Ltd., for The Director of Agriculture, Poona.	39,000	Expansion.
3. Messrs. Tractors (India), Ltd., Calcutta.	26,000	New undertaking.
4. Messrs. Pashabhai Patel & Co., Bombay, for The Baroda State Agriculture Deptt.	1,05,000	
5. The Director Agriculture, Calcutta.	39,430	
TOTAL	2,34,436	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	21,19,217	
GRAND TOTAL	23,53,733	
Dairy Machinery.		
1. Messrs. Edward Kaverter, Ltd., Aligarh.	38,026	Replacement.
2. Ditto	65,333	
3. The United Dairies, Ltd., New Delhi	1,60,000	Expansion.
4. Messrs. Jessop & Co., Ltd., Calcutta, for The New Government Dairy Farm at Haridwar.	32,000	New undertaking.
TOTAL	2,95,359	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	1,33,332	
GRAND TOTAL	4,28,691	
Fertiliser Industry.		
1. The Chief Technical Adviser, Fertiliser Project, for The British Steel Piling Co., Bombay.	45,863 c.i.f.	Expansion.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	30,000	
GRAND TOTAL	75,863	
Edible Oil Industries.		
1. The General Electric Co. (India), Ltd., Calcutta, for Messrs. Vanaspathi Industries, Ltd., Ghaziabad.	41,333	Replacement.
2. The Dillwar Syndicate, Ltd., Junagadh (Kathliwar).	5,33,333	New undertaking.
3. Messrs. Sayee Co., Coimbatore	2,00,000	

I.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
Edible Oil Industries—contd.	Rs.	
4. Messrs. Dillwar Syndicate Ltd., Junagadh.	85,600	
5. Messrs. Marshall Sons & Co. (India), Ltd., Madras, for The Bhuvangiri Oil Mills, Ltd., Bhuvangiri.	48,000	
6. The Prime Minister, Bhawpur State	2,13,333	
TOTAL	11,21,590	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,70,80,600	
GRAND TOTAL	2,88,11,199	
Food and Drink Industry.		
1. Messrs. Duncan Stratton & Co., Ltd., Bombay, for The Sind Flour Mill Co., Ltd., Karachi.	52,307	Replacement.
2. Ditto for Messrs. Durrani & Co., Ltd., Ambala Cantt.	64,706	Expansion.
TOTAL	1,17,013	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	59,07,444	
GRAND TOTAL	60,84,457	
Sugar Machinery Industry.		
1. Messrs. Anand Sugar Mills Co., Ltd., Rohana Kalan.	2,25,080	Replacement.
2. Ditto	4,84,500	
3. The Mysore Sugar Co., Ltd., Bangalore City.	1,03,000	
4. The Upper India Sugar Mills, Ltd., Khatuli P. O. (Distt. Muzaffarnagar).	1,03,740	
5. The Ganesh Flour Mills, Ltd., Anand Sugar Factory, Anand (Moradabad).	9,33,333	Expansion.
6. Messrs. L. H. Sugar Factories & Oil Mills, Ltd., Kashipur.	36,973	
7. The Dhampur Sugar Mills, Ltd., Dhampur.	40,666	
8. Messrs. Jagdish Sugar Mills, Ltd., Padrauna (Distt. Gorakhpur).	2,60,680	
9. Messrs. Keshar Sugar Works, Ltd., Bombay.	53,000	
TOTAL	22,53,032	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,08,11,979	
GRAND TOTAL	3,18,65,011	

I.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
Air Conditioning and Refrigerating Machinery.	Rs.	
1. The Goaland Ice Association, Ltd., Rajbari, Distt. Faridpore.	44,000	Expansion.
2. Messrs. Economy Engineering Co., Bombay, for Messrs. Akal Ice Factory, Rawalpindi.	39,000	New Undertaking.
3. Messrs. R.C. Shah & Co., Bombay	79,626	
TOTAL	1,62,626	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	40,93,221	
GRAND TOTAL	42,55,847	
Mining Machinery.		
1. The Campton Reef Gold Mines of India, Ltd., Campton Reef (S. India).	47,866	Replacement.
2. Andrew Yule & Co., Ltd., Managing Agents, The Bengal Coal Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	80,000	Expansion.
3. Messrs. Dariba Copper Mines, Lahore.	2,13,333	
TOTAL	3,41,199	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	89,82,747	
GRAND TOTAL	93,23,946	
Printing Machinery.		
1. The Pioneer, Ltd., Lucknow.	2,33,333	Replacement.
2. The Statesman, Ltd., Calcutta.	65,000 c.i.f.	
3. The Bihar Journals, Ltd., Patna	6,68,666	
4. Messrs. Navajvan Karyala, Ahmedabad.	45,000 c.i.f.	
TOTAL	10,09,999	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	99,03,557	
GRAND TOTAL	1,09,13,556	
Miscellaneous Industries.		
1. Messrs. Rampur Maize Products, Ltd., (Rampur State).	40,000	Replacement.
2. The Imperial Tobacco Co. of India, Ltd., Calcutta.	80,000	
3. The Goodyear Tyre & Rubber Co. (India), Ltd., Calcutta.	2,56,666	

I.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 16th April 1946 to 30th April 1946—concl'd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Miscellaneous Industries—cont'd.		
4. Messrs. Volkart Bros. for The Bengal Enamel Works, Ltd., Calcutta.	53,000	Expansion.
5. Messrs. Radio Lamp Works, Lahore.	35,000	
6. The Oriental Export Agency, Ltd., Calcutta.	1,00,000	
7. Messrs. Madan Chand Nenechand, Calcutta.	2,50,000 c.i.f.	
8. Messrs. Heatly & Gresham, Ltd., Calcutta, for Messrs. Maulvi Mohd. Ali Co. The Manager, Chooinsall Noonmati Tea Estate, Assam.	17,533	
9. Messrs. Satyen Buxy & Co., Calcutta	30,000	
TOTAL	8,62,100	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,86,90,168	
GRAND TOTAL	2,95,52,365	

II.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from the 1st May 1946 to 15th May 1946.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Iron and Steel Industry.		
1. The Steel Corporation of Bengal, Ltd., Calcutta.	1,19,000	Replacement.
2. Ditto	49,300	
3. Ditto	40,600 c.i.f.	
4. The New Standard Engineering Co., Ltd., Bombay.	59,333	Expansion.
5. Messrs. Machine Tools (India), Ltd., Calcutta, for Messrs. Mukund Iron & Steel Works, Ltd., Bombay.	46,666	
TOTAL	3,08,899	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	1,67,19,419	
GRAND TOTAL	1,70,28,318	
Machine Tool Industry.		
1. Messrs. Alfred Herbert (India), Ltd., Calcutta, for The Star Engineering Works, Bombay.	18,065	Expansion.
2. Ditto for The Engineer & Harbour Master, Port Blair.	51,240	
3. Messrs. Associated B.M.T. Makers, Ltd., Calcutta, for The Chief Mechanical Engineers, Jodhpur Rly.	18,666	
4. Ditto	16,866	

II.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from the 1st May 1946 to 15th May 1946—cont'd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Machine Tool Industry—cont'd.		
5. Messrs. Balmer Lawrie & Co., Ltd., Calcutta, for The Crown Engineering Works, Lahore.	23,000	
6. Ditto for Messrs. Bharat Tool Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Bombay.	11,500	
7. Messrs. William Jacks & Co., Ltd., Karachi.	27,250	
8. Messrs. Heatly & Gresham, Ltd., Bombay.	50,675	Stock and Sale.
9. Ditto	12,500	
10. Ditto	28,007	
TOTAL	2,58,669	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	89,09,700	
GRAND TOTAL	91,68,369	
Electric Power Industry.		
1. Messrs. Octavius Steel & Co., Ltd., Calcutta, for The Shahajampur Electric Supply Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	90,218	Replacement.
2. Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., Lahore, for The Mura Electric Supply Co.	52,000	
3. Messrs. Reyrolle & Co., Ltd., Calcutta	1,94,000 c.i.f.	Expansion.
4. The Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Ltd., Calcutta.	2,12,400	
5. The Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Ltd., for The Coimbatore Generating Station, Calcutta.	36,000	
6. Ditto for The Supdt. Engineering Govt. of Bengal.	45,667	New Undertaking.
7. Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., for The Phalodi Electricity Co., Ltd., Jodhpur.	34,587	
8. The British Insulated Callender's Cable, Ltd., Bombay, for the C.P. Govt.	50,000	
TOTAL	7,12,867	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	1,04,50,017	
GRAND TOTAL	1,11,62,884	
Electrical Equipment Industry.		
1. Messrs. Aluminium Industries, Ltd., Travancore.	2,62,873	New Undertaking.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,19,36,359	
GRAND TOTAL	2,21,99,232	

II.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 1st May 1946 to 15th May 1946—cont'd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Cotton Textile Industry.		
1. Messrs. Mattur, Platt, Ltd., Bombay, for Messrs. Nandlal Bhandari Mills, Ltd., Indore.	80,000	Replacement.
2. The Ruby Mills, Ltd., Bombay	39,000	
3. Messrs. Johnson & Phillips, Ltd., Bombay, for Messrs. Simplex Mills, Ltd., Bombay.	44,500	
4. The Aaron Spinning & Weaving Mills, Ltd., Pappinissari.	60,000	
5. The Asarwa Mills, Ltd., Bombay	1,00,666	
6. The Hind Mills Co., Ltd., Ujjain (C.P.).	1,33,333	
7. The Burhanpur Textile Mills, Ltd., Burhanpur.	2,68,000 c.i.f.	
8. The Ahmedabad New Cotton Mills Co., Ltd., Ahmedabad.	61,333	
9. The New Manerckchowk Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd., Ahmedabad.	3,93,333	
10. Messrs. Shree Sayaji Mills Co., Ltd., Baroda.	17,16,000	
11. The Dombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Bombay.	21,00,000	
12. The Dawn Mills Co., Ltd., Bombay	6,80,946	
13. The Ahmedabad Jaya Bhart Cotton Mills, Ltd., Ahmedabad.	61,333 c.i.f.	Expansion.
14. The Kanika Mills, Ltd., Bombay	4,26,666	
15. The Sri Venkatesa Mills, Ltd., Uda-malpet (Coimbatore).	40,000	
16. The Bhalakia Mills Co., Ltd., Ahmedabad.	50,000	
17. The Moon Mills, Ltd., Bombay	1,00,666	
18. The Bhart Khand Textile Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Ahmedabad.	1,06,666	
19. Messrs. Associated B. M. T. Makers, Ltd., Calcutta, for The Textile Machinery Corporation, Ltd., Calcutta.	19,400	
20. The Aryodaya Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., Ahmedabad.	2,13,333	

II.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 1st May 1946 to 15th May 1946—cont'd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Cotton Textile Industry—cont'd.		
21. The Delhi Cloth and General Mills, Co., Delhi.	33,333	
22. The Partap Spinning and Weaving and Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Amalner.	1,15,000	New Undertaking.
TOTAL	67,59,508	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	14,66,87,818	
GRAND TOTAL	15,34,47,326	
Jute Mill Industry.		
1. Messrs. W. H. Brady & Co., Ltd., Calcutta, for The Kenkinara Jute Co., Ltd., Bengal.	25,278	Replacement.
2. The Howrah Mills Co., Ltd., Managing Agents, Messrs. Jardine Skinner & Co., Calcutta.	33,324	
3. The Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing Co., Ltd., and The Fort William Jute Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	1,51,008 c.i.f.	
4. The Gillanders Arbuthnot & Co., Calcutta.	67,600 c.i.f.	
5. The English Electric Co., Ltd., for The Auckland Jute Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	70,800	Expansion.
TOTAL	3,48,070	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,94,94,846	
GRAND TOTAL	2,98,42,916	
Other Textile Industries.		
1. The New India Embroidery Mills, Ltd., Chhacharta.	3,75,000	Expansion.
2. Messrs. Shree Karan Singh Woollen Mills, Ltd., Srinagar.	18,107	
3. The India Woollen Mills, Bombay	25,386	
TOTAL	4,18,493	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,71,19,460	
GRAND TOTAL	2,75,37,953	

II.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 1st May 1946 to 15th May 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Hosiery Industry.		
1. The Common Wealth Trust, Ltd., Calicut, Malabar.	39,240	Replacement.
2. Messrs. Luxmi Vijay Hosiery Mills, Ahmedabad.	44,000	Expansion.
TOTAL	83,240	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	24,39,766	
GRAND TOTAL	25,23,006	
Chemical Industry.		
1. The Ahmedabad Manufacturing & Calico Printing Co., Ltd., Ahmedabad.	15,00,000	Replacement.
2. The Delhi Cloth and General Mills Co., Ltd., Delhi.	13,33,333	New Undertaking.
TOTAL	28,33,333	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	1,76,25,267	
GRAND TOTAL	2,04,58,600	
Cement Industry.		
1. Messrs. Dalmia Cement, Ltd., Lahore	34,150 c.i.f.	Replacement.
2. The Associated Cement Co., Ltd., Bombay.	60,666	Expansion.
TOTAL	94,816	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	3,02,46,059	
GRAND TOTAL	3,03,40,875	
Leather Industry.		
1. The India Leather Works, Calcutta.	38,000	Replacement.
2. The Maharaja Shoe Co., Agra.	6,66,666	Expansion.
TOTAL	7,04,666	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	51,77,749	
GRAND TOTAL	58,82,415	

II.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 1st May 1946 to 15th May 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Soap Industry.		
1. Messrs. T. S. R. Murty, Vizianagram	37,281	New Undertaking.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	47,07,002	
GRAND TOTAL	48,35,243	
Cinema Industry.		
1. Messrs. Vijay Pictures, Ltd., Delhi	44,000	Replacement.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	17,39,050	
GRAND TOTAL	17,83,050	
Glass and Refractories Industry.		
1. Messrs. Somany Glass Works, Ltd., Calcutta.	3,00,000	Expansion.
2. Messrs. K. B. Ahmed Aladin & Co., Hyderabad.	2,51,000	New Undertaking.
TOTAL	5,51,000	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	32,34,603	
GRAND TOTAL	37,86,203	
Ceramic Industry.		
1. The Mysore Stoneware Pipe and Potteries, Ltd., Bangalore City.	1,03,333	Expansion.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	8,77,644	
GRAND TOTAL	10,70,977	
Agricultural Machinery.		
1. Messrs. Pashabhai Patel & Co., Bombay, for The Belvandi Sugar Farm, Belvandi.	29,333	Expansion.
2. Messrs. Volkart Bros., Bombay, for The Chief Engineer, P. W. D., Punjab.	41,333	New Undertaking.
TOTAL	70,666	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	23,53,733	
GRAND TOTAL	24,24,399	

Oct. 17, 1946.]

II.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 1st May 1946 to 15th May 1946—contd.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Tea Machinery Industry.		
1. Messrs. Planters' Stores and Agency Co., Ltd., Calcutta, for Messrs. Mazdehn Tea Co., Ltd.	32,310	Replacement.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	23,60,391	
GRAND TOTAL	24,01,701	
Edible Oil Industry.		
1. The Metal Box Co. of India, Ltd., Calcutta.	1,52,000	Replacement.
2. Ditto	2,25,000	
3. Messrs. Marshall Sons & Co. (India), Ltd., Bombay, for The Akbar Manufacturing and Press Co., Ltd., Bombay.	25,333	Expansion.
4. The East Asiatic Co. (India), Ltd., Madras.	20,500	New Undertaking.
5. Messrs. F. S. Kerr & Co., Ltd., Bombay.	25,000	
6. Messrs. Shree Bhagwan of Messrs. Seindia Vegetable Products, Delhi, for Messrs. Start Vegetable Fibre Factory, Gwalior.	3,44,400	
7. Messrs. Volkart Bros., Madras, for Messrs. Sudarsan Oil Mills, Katpadi.	3,28,570	
TOTAL	11,20,803	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,88,11,109	
GRAND TOTAL	2,99,32,002	
Food and Drink Industry.		
1. Messrs. Marshall Sons & Co. (India), Ltd., Calcutta, for Shree Shiv Shakti Rice, Dal and Oil Mills, Calcutta.	98,015	New Undertaking.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	60,84,457	
GRAND TOTAL	61,82,472	
Sugar Mill Machinery.		
1. Messrs. Diwan Sugar Mills, P. O. Shakhotti Tand (District Meerut).	1,00,007	Expansion.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	3,18,05,011	
GRAND TOTAL	3,19,71,078	

II.—Statement of Applications Accepted for Registration under the Capital Goods Scheme from 1st May 1946 to 15th May 1946—concl.

Industry and Name of Applicant.	F.O.B. Value.	Purpose.
	Rs.	
Air Conditioning and Refrigerating Industry.		
1. The Prag Distilled Water Ice Factory, Ajmer.	30,000 c.i.f.	Replacement.
2. The Hindusthan Gas Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	2,53,333	New Undertaking.
TOTAL	2,83,333	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	42,55,847	
GRAND TOTAL	45,39,180	
Mining Industry.		
1. Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co., Ltd., Calcutta, Managing Agents, The Bengal Coal Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	86,667	New Undertaking.
PREVIOUS TOTAL	83,23,946	
GRAND TOTAL	84,10,613	
Printing Machinery.		
1. The Nationalist, Calcutta	45,000 c.i.f.	Expansion.
2. The Mohammadi, Calcutta	25,000	
TOTAL	70,000	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	1,00,13,556	
GRAND TOTAL	1,00,83,556	
Miscellaneous Industries.		
1. Messrs. Gidrey Phillips India, Ltd., Calcutta.	40,000	Expansion.
2. Messrs. Super Cleaners	50,000 c.i.f.	
3. The Travancore Rubber Works, Trivandrum.	4,32,000	
4. The Eastern Tissues, Ltd., Calcutta	12,00,000	
5. The Maple Tobacco Co. (India), Ltd., Bombay, for Messrs. Volkart Bros. Ltd.	1,60,000	
6. Mr. S. N. Sen, Bharat Paints, Colours and Varnish Works, Ltd.	75,000 c.i.f.	
7. The Dunlop Rubber Co. (India) Ltd., Calcutta.	1,60,000	
8. Messrs. Munnalal Pasari & Sons, Satna (C. I.).	80,000	New Undertaking.
9. Messrs. S. Zoraster & Co., Ltd., Jaipur.	4,06,666	
TOTAL	26,03,666	
PREVIOUS TOTAL	2,95,52,363	
GRAND TOTAL	3,21,56,031	

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 4th October 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED*		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	927	1,375	4,514	6,437	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	6	5	13	23	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan	201	156	3,726	695	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan	601	464	2,467	5,152	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country.		1,845		5,740	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port.	808	2,470	6,206	11,010	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					
The Province of Sind	5,138	10,619	8,705	14,762	All districts in the Province.
Bengal—					
The Province of Bengal	210	126	1,217	537	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces—					
1. Upper Doab	..	..	..	..	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	..	..	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Malopuri, Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	..	..	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia; Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
Punjab—					
1. Ambala	..	..	..	30	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
2. Jullundur	..	..	..	..	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	..	..	..	..	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	..	..	..	..	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
5. Multan	..	..	..	..	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	..	..	..	60	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	..	..	..	90	
Central Provinces—					
1. Jabulpore	..	..	..	..	Jabulpore, Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	..	..	..	..	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	..	..	..	..	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	..	..	..	..	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
5. Satpura	..	..	..	..	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
6. Chhatisgarh	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Berar—					
Berar	..	..	..	..	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Assam—					
The Province of Assam	..	..	..	..	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara—					
Ajmer-Merwara	..	..	508	43	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras—					
Madras*	1,980	4,392	(a)12,902	18,140	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	8,145	17,607	27,628	43,182	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.
 * For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 31st August 1946.
 (a) Includes 126 bales not reported before.

OCT. 17, 1946.]

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 4th October 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	587	..	2,177
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	(a)	579	1,090	2,006
Gwalior	(a)	..	..	125
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	..	..	..	..
Nabha	..	..	..	..
Jind	..	..	..	..
Faridkot	..	..	..	..
Patiala	..	..	..	..
Malerkotla	..	..	..	..
Khairpur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	..	..	..
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	..	..	..	..
Bikaner	..	..	..	..
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..
Jalpur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	..	..	..	..
Central India States—				
Indore	..	..	..	..
Bhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..
Hatlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	..	..	..	..
Barwani	..	..	..	..
Jhabua	..	..	..	..
Dewar, J. B.	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	..	..	..	..

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 4th October 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Junagadh	..	..	..	..
Dhrangadhra	885	..	4,095	..
Morvi	..	..	..	..
Cutch	..	..	..	..
Nawanagar	..	..	..	..
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Gondal	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	..	..	..	..
Limbdi	..	..	..	..
Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mull	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	..	..	..	..
Katosan	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	..	..	..	..
Devra Majmu	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhoti Udepur	..	..	..	..
Cambar	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Dalsinor	..	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas—				
Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gothda	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Jamkhandi	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savanur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	885	..	4,095	..
GRAND TOTAL	885	1,166	5,185	4,308

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 4th October 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelly	188	..	36,562	45,716
Nadam, Bourbon and Uppam	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	1,020	747	(a)96,861	68,113
Karungannul	197	..	(b)40,905	..
Northerns	359	3,645	6,024	1,58,056
Jhabua	225	..	57,602	..
Mungari	..	..	534	..
Cocanadas	..	..	8,013	9,439
TOTAL	1,980	4,392	236,901	281,324

(a) Includes 98 bales not reported before.
 (b) " 28 " " " "

INDEX NUMBERS OF WHOLESALE PRICES IN CALCUTTA BY GROUPS OF ARTICLES.

(PRICES IN JULY 1914=100.)

Period.	FOODGRAINS.			Sugar.	Tea.	Other Food Articles.	Oil-Seed.	Oil, mustard.	TEXTILES				Other Textiles (Wool and Silk).	Hides and Skins.	Metals.	Other raw and manu- factured articles.	Building materials (Timber).	All commodities.
	Cereals.	Pulses.							Jute, raw.	Jute manu- factures.	Cotton, raw.	Cotton manu- factures.						
Number of items included	8	6	5*	3	9	2	2	3	4	2	7*	2	3	6	8	1	72	
1914 End of July	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
1936 Annual Average	79	77	121	125	109	101	69	50	64	69	111	94	70	101	63	108	91	
1937 "	77	89	102	144	125	115	75	56	67	69	117	126	81	144	92	117	102	
1938 "	72	88	132	130	109	106	77	49	62	67	106	83	64	140	91	124	95	
1939 "	86	99	164	142	125	106	81	80	102	75	106	110	67	147	95	123	108	
1940 "	99	101	157	149	146	106	78	79	107	87	122	146	72	176	115	127	120	
1941 "	112	105	145	202	178	103	78	77	137	77	170	188	74	209	126	132	139	
1942 "	157	162	208	241	208	143	85(a)	77	137	98	146	86	273	147	185	185	185	
1943 "	396	373	319	166	537	270	216(b)	123	188	174	215	97	820	202	307	307	307	
1944 "	244	312	331	112	574	238	224	122	198	140	204	104	298	318	288	288	288	
1945 "	235	273	315	172	527	280	206	117	197	149	245	112	232	313	289	289	289	
1942 January	112	127	157	263	216	108	75	79	149	72	180	86	258	144	136	155	155	
February	114	122	164	248	217	100	80	72	140	73	171	86	264	145	141	153	153	
March	115	127	177	222	213	100	70	70	141	70	190	82	258	140	141	153	153	
April	118	120	198	228	228	104	80	68	117	70	140	84	258	146	141	157	157	
May	126	127	200	246	286	121	80	67	123	79	154	87	258	140	141	159	159	
June	154	151	210	250	294	146	82	72	126	90	169	87	263	141	141	182	182	
July	163	151	220	197	289	162	95	60	126	102	170	85	280	147	141	182	182	
August	174	166	215	179	352	167	97	67	123	100	186	82	275	148	141	192	192	
September	177	186	261	189	349	161	105	76	129	108	162	82	273	146	141	198	198	
October	185	196	231	265	355	166	105	85	147	120	183	89	291	149	141	209	209	
November	220	226	231	305	371	186	105	107	166	127	194	91	296	156	141	227	227	
December	250	241	231	293	411	190	98	159	142	142	171	92	302	159	141	238	238	
1943 January	280	238	258	299	434	196	125	175	143	143	194	95	322	159	141	250	250	
February	286	280	280	246	444	178	149	110	147	152	204	98	331	162	141	253	253	
March	334	300	298	189	457	189	148	122	166	166	246	100	331	170	141	272	272	
April	375	307	280	180	503	222	180	144	184	185	257	98	339	183	141	293	293	
May	478	374	311	192	545	281	197	147	195	199	262	95	354	183	141	325	325	
June	447	365	329	130	565	272	192	134	193	199	220	95	342	190	141	319	319	
July	498	303	365	130	580	284	207	129	190	183	194	95	332	207	141	332	332	
August	572	449	355	106	579	323	239	113	194	176	194	95	297	211	141	345	345	
September	630	450	375	137	582	341	273	119	195	186	202	95	301	236	141	349	349	
October	424(c)	484	344	123	588	319	245	108	199	178	202	98	298	236	141	334	334	
November	517	453	319	120	588	310	220	114	197	162	202	101	303	240	141	314	314	
December	262	395	334	120	578	295	237	110	198	161	202	101	301	240	141	301	301	
1944 January	234	302	341	118	589	269	241	121	199	155	202	101	301	254	141	297	297	
February	245	372	413	100	589	298	236	121	199	151	195	103	303	259	141	300	300	
March	247	353	424	109	570	301	232	120	199	141	195	103	295	277	141	300	300	
April	243	319	352	126	563	317	232	123	200	141	195	103	295	277	141	297	297	
May	241	296	305	112	566	312	232	126	200	141	201	103	295	295	141	292	292	
June	241	308	311	113	579	301	232	122	200	138	200	103	295	337	141	300	300	
July	241	305	319	115	579	285	213	125	200	137	202	103	299	331	141	299	299	
August	241	294	321	104	586	273	213	124	200	136	200	103	299	340	141	298	298	
September	249(d)	301	324	102	580	280	213	124	196	159	200	103	299	347	141	301	301	
October	240	268	290	106	580	275	213	118	195	158	202	104	297	356	141	297	297	
November	249	276	288	114	578	280	213	117	191	151	219	100	297	364	141	299	299	
December	249	275	288	121	575	277	213	117	196	155	235	109	290	371	141	301	301	
1945 January	242	261	288	127	566	282	219	117	196	140	236	110	301	361	141	299	299	
February	240	273	288	154	575	280	232	117	198	144	228	112	301	343	141	299	299	
March	240	269	288	212	570	318	232	117	199	146	231	112	301	389	141	306	306	
April	238	274	303	214	547	305	232	118	200	141	231	112	301	318	141	296	296	
May	238	267	298	212	547	304	232	117	197	144	232	112	301	302	141	287	287	
June	238	261	303	142	522	292	232	117	196	143	232	112	301	302	141	287	287	
July	238	258	314	164	513	254	183	117	198	148	232	112	299	296	141	281	281	
August	238	263	311	169	515	259	183	118	199	148	248	112	299	296	141	283	283	
September	227	273	322	151	495	256	183	117	199	156	239	112	295	301	141	279	279	
October	227	273	334	147	497	260	183	117	193	148	248	112	295	301	141	280	280	
November	227	280	334	162	492	273	183	117	195	156	248	116	294	287	141	277	277	
December	227	293	401	196	489	273	183	117	192	164	302	110	294	287	141	283	283	
1946 January	227	302	401	179	487	283	187	118	185	184	302	116	294	284	141	284	284	
February	227	407	401	193	504	290	187	126	200	189	312	117	294	286	141	299	299	
March	227	368	353	217	513	295	213	127	200	188	371	116	294	314	141	302	302	
April	229	373	348	220	520	339	213	126	200	188	334	116	297	311	141	304	304	
May	229	381	394	197	543	344	213	132	200	186	357	116	297	316	141	313	313	
June	229	391	389	193	565	344	213	132	200	187	370	116	297	316	141	313	313	
July	229	387	368	253	578	346	213	134	200	198	383	156	298	317	141	327	327	
August	229	395	368	257	586	341	243	134	200	195	355	171	197	302	141	329	329	
September	229	410	374	229	603	361	275	134	200	198	360	171	197	318	141	334	334	

COTTON (RAW)—contd.

(b) Exports—contd.

(ii) From 1st September to 14th September 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	36	..
Karachi	5	2
Madras	..	..
Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending December, 1945 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *)			
	Oct., 1945.	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Sept., 1945 to Dec., 1945.
United Kingdom	30	18	10	58
U. S. A.	8	19	29	56
Australia	1	..	..	2
Other Countries	3	49	16	68
TOTAL, 1945	42	86	55	187
" 1944	14	18	15	82
" 1943	40	22	10	91

(c) Market Quotations—

†Bombay—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs.	27th Sept. Rs. 445 (Jan. '47).	4th Oct. Rs. 441 (Jan. '47).	11th Oct. Rs. 438 (Jan. '47).
Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,442,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,498,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.			

COTTON PIECEGOODS—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 14th September, 1946:—

	Foreign Tons.	Indian Tons.	TOTAL Tons.
Calcutta	..†	11†	11†
Bombay	..	1,491	1,491
Karachi	..	145	145
Madras	..	164	164

(ii) From 1st January to 14th September, 1946:—

	Foreign Tons.	Indian Tons.	TOTAL Tons.
Calcutta	20†	9,665†	9,685†
Bombay	3	64,376	64,379
Karachi	41	7,306	7,347
Madras	..	9,096	9,096

* 1 bale=400 lbs.
† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
‡ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GRAY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	5	..	17	..	32	6
Bombay	..	..	57	..	49	1
Karachi	..	..	..	9	13	44
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

*Bombay, 4th October—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs. per lb.	..
(2) Domestic 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs. "	..
(3) Chaddars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs. "	..
(4) Dhories (up to ¼" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs. "	..
(5) Dhories (Calcutta, ¼" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs. "	2 4 0

†Manchester, 19th July—

Price Index of cloth	244
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 14th September, 1946:—

	Foreign Cwts.	Indian Cwts.	TOTAL Cwts.
Calcutta	..†	..†	..†
Bombay	..	7,318	7,318
Karachi	..	32	32
Madras	..	340	340

(ii) From 1st January to 14th September, 1946:—

	Foreign Cwts.	Indian Cwts.	TOTAL Cwts.
Calcutta	43†	33,198†	33,241†
Bombay	..	278,349	278,349
Karachi	..	5,140	5,140
Madras	..	24,760	24,760

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	1	7
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.
‡ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.

(c) Market Quotations—

*Bombay, 4th October—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½, per lb.	1 1 9
(2) Yarn, No. 20s. "	..
†Manchester, 19th July—	
Price index of American yarn	241
" " Egyptian "	229
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

Cow Hides—

‡Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..
(2) Darbhanges	..	..
(3) Patnas	..	..
(4) Salted cows, Dacca	Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 18-8	per 20 lbs.

Buffalo Hides—

‡Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Arsenic, Framed	..	..
(2) " Commons	Rs. 13-0 to Rs. 15-0	per 20 lbs.

Goat Skins—

‡Calcutta, 27th September—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 270 to Rs. 300
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Rs. 180 " Rs. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—

Market Quotations—

‡Madras—

3rd October—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—				
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to	2 4 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 8 6	"	1 8 0	
(3) Sheep skins "	5 10 0	"	7 0 0	
(4) Goat skins "	4 8 0	"	5 5 0	

10th October—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—				
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to	2 4 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 8 0	"	1 8 6	
(3) Sheep skins "	6 0 0	"	7 0 0	
(4) Goat skins "	4 12 0	"	5 8 0	

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 27th September—

Fig Iron—

Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Rs. 98

†London, 7th May—

Fig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£ s. d.
Steel, rails, heavy " "	15 7 0

JUTE (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta‡ by rail, river and sea	35	67
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	46	108
TOTAL	81	175

(ii) From 1st July to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta‡ by rail, river and sea	393	517
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	319	635
TOTAL	712	1,152

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.

Exports by sea—

From Calcutta and Chittagong	11	5
------------------------------	----	---

(ii) From 1st July to 14th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.

Exports by sea—

From Calcutta and Chittagong	320	308
------------------------------	-----	-----

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 27th September—**

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 59-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 58-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 57-8-0

† Madras, 3rd & 10th October—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 254
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COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—****‡ Cochin —**

14th September—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	{ Rs. 656-4 Ready. Rs. 660-0 One month.
---	--

21st September—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	{ Rs. 635-0 Ready. Rs. 640-0 One month.
---	--

GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—****‡ Madras—**

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	5th Oct. | 12th Oct. Rs. 230 | Rs. 240.
--	--

OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 27th September—**

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ Rs. 4-4-3 | Rs. 4-7-3 |
Kerosene (Inferior) " " " "	{ Rs. 3-13-6 | Rs. 4-0-8 |

PETROL—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 27th September—**

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.
---------------------------------------	------------------------

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		1,620	181

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.
‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.
|| Ex-godown.
¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.
** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—child.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		201,916	26,986

From 1st January to 14th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	15,147

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 27th September—**

(1) Seta, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..†

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 27th September—**

T. N. per B. maund	Rs. 160
------------------------------	---------

London—

	3rd Oct.	10th Oct.
T. N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d. 18 7 0	£ s. d. 18 5 0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—**(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea		111†	1,464†
" Bombay by rail		469	432
" Karachi " "		..	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
* A' grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
* B' grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
* C' grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0
† Relates to week ending 7th September 1946.	

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Java.	Manri-tius.	Europe.	Other Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—*** Cawnpore, 28th September—**

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 16 7 6 to 17 2 6	{ 16 1 6 to 16 12 6
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 14 0	16 8 0
Bastl, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 12 0	16 6 0
Markowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	17 2 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 11 0	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

	(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)	28th Sept. '46	29th Sept. '45
† Calcutta. (28th Sept. '46) 3,990			20,252
Bombay . (15th Aug. ") 65,400			100,500
Karachi . (28th Sept. ") 36,116			20,563
Madras . (26th " ") 20,479			35,097

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending:—

	21st Sept. 1946.	10th Sept. 1945.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siswa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..

Eating—

	19 12	11 2	20 9	11 2
(3) Madras	14 7	12 5	14 7	12 0
(4) Ahmednagar	23 0	12 0	20 0	13 0
(5) Lyallpur	..	10 12	..	11 0
(6) Muzaffarnagar	..	..	..	9 6
(7) Meerut	..	..	..	9 0
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	18 8	9 4	..	9 0
(9) Dacca (best quality)	33 0	25 0	33 0	24 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

† Kidderpore Docks only.

TEA—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 7th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		12,872	15,075

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		289	239
" Chittagong		..	..

(ii) During the three months ending December, 1945 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)			
	Oct., 1945.	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	July to Dec., 1945.
United Kingdom .	33,858	33,019	18,967	173,745
Iraq	386	541	..	927
Iran	1,344	354	60	2,424
Canada	5,695	4,986	200	17,927
United States of America	7,248	11,399	5,378	34,804
Australia	5,052	..	2,709	11,658
Other Countries .	2,917	1,769	4,782	14,848
TOTAL, 1945 .	56,500	52,068	32,096	256,333
" 1944 .	51,695	46,551	46,487	261,061
" 1943 .	55,704	45,650	16,366	207,993

(c) Market Quotations—**Calcutta, 30th September—**Sale Average—
For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. Rs. 1-2-3**WHEAT—****(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

		(In tons.)			
		1946.		1945.	
		Indian†.	Foreign.	Indian†.	Foreign.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	. .	..†	..†	959†	10,156†
Bombay	. .	..	..	1,577	..
Karachi	. .	42	..	297	..

* Relating to tea, black.

† In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

‡ Relates to week ending 7th September 1946.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	—	—	—
Bombay	—	—	—
Karachi	—	—	—

During week ending 14th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		3,496	2,970

(ii) From 1st April to 14th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Calcutta	Indian*. Foreign.	47,748\$ 16,930\$	133,547\$
Bombay		3,290 —	2,767 —
Karachi		97,634 —	80,516 —

From 1st April to 14th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	—	—	—
Bombay	—	—	—
Karachi	—	—	—

From 1st April to 14th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		100,772	43,295

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 15th September—

Wheat, per Ind. Md. †

Karachi, 4th October—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately) ‡

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

§ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

WHEAT—conold.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Rs. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1945-46 is now estimated at 8,967,000 tons, as against 10,458,000 tons in 1944-45.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 2nd & 9th October—

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Rs. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 27th September—

	Jute (50 c. ft.)	Linseed (20 cwt.)
	Plus 15% Surchargo.	
London \$	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Liverpool \$	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Dundee \$	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Glasgow \$	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	

‡ Bombay, 27th September & 4th & 11th October—

	Cotton (40 c. ft.)—	United Kingdom ports	Antwerp	Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	Trieste, Venice
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—					
Linseed, Rap., etc.—					
United Kingdom ports		93 0			
Antwerp					
Marseilles					
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn					
Trieste, Venice					
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—					
Cotton, etc.—					
United Kingdom ports		89 0			
Marseilles					
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn					
Groundnuts—					
United Kingdom ports		98 0			

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(a) Nominal.

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For all your TIMBER requirements please always refer to:—

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MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Wednesday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 22nd October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 22nd October 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 3,20,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99.14-6 per cent were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99.14-3 per cent were allotted approximately 62 per cent. The total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-7-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 29th October 1946, at Bombay up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) and up to the close of business on Monday, the 28th October 1946, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 1st November 1946. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 18th October 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 5,40,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

ASSAM GOVERNMENT TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 22nd October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 50,00,000 of three months' Assam Government Treasury Bills were opened on Monday, the 21st October 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 1,50,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99.14-3 per cent were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 50,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-7-0 per cent per annum.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 22nd October—

British Conversion (3½ per cent) 113½
British War Loan (3½ per cent) 108½

EXCHANGE—

22nd October—

Telegraphic Transfer Selling Buying
On New York D/D \$100— Rs. 332½ Rs. 329½
London/New York \$4-02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 22nd October—

Gold (999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 100-4; forward Rs. 92-3.

London, 18th October—

Gold, per fine oz. £8-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—

22nd October—

Silver (999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 162-8; forward Rs. 151-12.

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

21st October—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 160

London, 18th October—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 55½d.

New York, 18th October—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 90½ cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 11TH OCTOBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 21st October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	758,28,80,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	322,53,83,000
3. Cash in India :—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	37,59,82,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,24,03,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	70,60,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	70,72,68,000
5. Advances in India	392,49,90,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,14,23,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	11-10-46.	4-10-46.	12-10-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	758,28,86	749,18,97	655,42,95	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	322,53,83	320,07,54	260,85,75	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	41,54,45	39,44,04	34,73,07	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	70,72,68	78,70,68	98,50,68	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	392,49,90	391,53,17	250,03,05	101,52,16
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,14,23	19,14,08	13,15,31	8,57,29

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 11th October 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	57,43,59,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	21,27,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,93,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	474,90,71,000	(a) Internal	—
(2) Government of Burma	95,48,000	(b) External	—
(3) Other Government Accounts	21,35,34,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	1,90,65,000
(b) Banks	73,57,48,000	Balances held abroad*	510,92,82,000
(c) Others	12,92,12,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	19,00,000
Bills Payable	9,09,31,000	Other Loans and Advances	3,32,00,000
Other Liabilities	5,67,75,000	Investments	16,35,89,000
		Other Assets	19,01,04,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	609,38,19,000	TOTAL ASSETS	609,38,19,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 11th October 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	57,43,59,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,200,37,00,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	—	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
Total Notes Issued		1,257,80,59,000	Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		20,22,12,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities.		57,84,13,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		—
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,257,80,59,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,257,80,59,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.794 per cent.

INDIA D.C. ROHTAS D.C. RANJIT A.C. ON I.S.D. FOR THE LAST 20 YRS. GUARANTEED FOR 2 YRS.

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Business Notice

NOTES.

INDIAN CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE REVENUE—

The total gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue, excluding Salt Revenue, collected in British India during the month of August 1946, amounted to Rs. 5,08 lakhs, as compared with Rs. 6,56 lakhs in July 1946, and Rs. 10,15 lakhs in August 1945. The total gross Central Excise duties on motor spirit, kerosene, sugar, matches, etc., amounted to Rs. 1,66 lakhs in August 1946, as compared with Rs. 3,16 lakhs in July 1946, and Rs. 3,62 lakhs in August 1945. The grand total of gross Customs and Central Excise Revenue realised in the five months ended August 1946, was Rs. 44,57 lakhs as compared with Rs. 72,29 lakhs during the same period of the preceding year. Of this amount, import duties accounted for Rs. 28,56 lakhs, export duties for Rs. 1,56 lakhs, land customs and miscellaneous for Rs. 44 lakhs and central excise duties for Rs. 14,01 lakhs. Comparing the figures for the five months ended August 1946, with those for the corresponding period of the preceding year, there were increases under import duties on betelnuts, motor vehicles, metals other than iron and steel, silver and block tin, cotton fabrics, wireless reception instruments and apparatus, artificial silk fabrics, raw silk, spices, cinematograph films, silver bullion, coin, sheets, plates and other manufactures, dyes derived from coal-tar and coal-tar derivatives, toys, games and sports goods, artificial silk yarn and thread, wheat and wheat flour, railway plant and rolling stock, silk fabrics and cotton yarn and thread, under export duties on jute, raw and manufactured, and agricultural produce other than jute, rice and coffee and under excise duties on coffee and vegetable product. On the other hand, import duties on motor spirit, tobacco, kerosene oil, iron and steel, machinery, liquors, electric lighting bulbs, batching, fuel and lubricating oils and raw cotton, export duty on rice, land customs receipts and excise duties on tobacco, sugar, matches, motor spirit, tyres, betelnuts, tea, steel ingots and kerosene showed decreases.

ALL-INDIA INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES OF FOOD ARTICLES—

The following Press Note, dated the 7th October 1946, has been issued by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi:—

The Economic Adviser's All-India index of wholesale prices of Food Articles (Base: last week of August 1939=100) worked out to 253.7 for the week ended September 21, 1946, as compared with 254.2 for the previous week and 237.2 for the corresponding week of the previous year.

The main feature of the week under review was the drop in the price of 'Arhar Dal' at Lahore Market from Rs. 22 to Rs. 19.12-0 per maund; in consequence, the group index for 'Pulses' declined by 17 points to 362. However, 'Cereals' group remained unchanged at 281, while the third group 'Other Food Articles' advanced by 1 point to 194.

AVAILABILITY OF POTATOES FROM EAST AFRICA—

Information has been received from the Director of Produce Disposals, East African Production and Supply Council, Nairobi, to the effect that 5,000 tons of potatoes are available for export from East Africa to India, through commercial channels. Importers in India may take up the offer, if it suits them.

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

INDIAN—

Juniper Oil.

(JJ-48) A firm in Quetta desires to be put in touch with purchasers in India of Juniper Oil.

FOREIGN—

Cotton Work Gloves.

(JJ-49) A firm in Vancouver (Canada) desires to be put in touch with manufacturers of Cotton Work Gloves in India.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

Crops. Madras, week ending 5th October.—Rainfall heavy in Chingleput, North Arcot, Salem, Tanjore, Malabar and South Kanara; moderate in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Madras, South Arcot, Chittoor, Trichinopoly and Nilgiris; fair in Coimbatore, Madras and Ramnad; and nil in Tinnevely. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Ramnad, West Godavari and Nilgiris and of dry crops in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly, Coimbatore, Madras and Ramnad proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara in progress. Outturn generally fair. Bihar, week ending 14th October.—Rainfall moderate in Bhagalpur and parts of Shahabad, Palamau and Singhbhum and light elsewhere, except in parts of Saran and Ranchi where no rain reported. Condition and prospects of standing crops reported fair to good except at places affected by floods. Harvesting of *bauloi* crops nearing completion. Ploughing of fields for sowing of *rabi* crops commenced. Orissa, week ending 14th October.—During week under report rainfall light to moderate at all places, except Cuttack, Angul, Koraput and Nawrangpur where no rain reported. Harvesting of autumn paddy in Sambalpur, Balasore and Puri districts going on. Weeding of winter paddy in Puri district in progress. Standing crops, including sugarcane, winter paddy and tobacco, generally thriving. Prospect of paddy crops not good on account of excessive rainfall in Cuttack district. Damage to winter paddy crop by insects in Balasore district reported. More rain needed in Ganjam district for paddy crops. Punjab, week ending 14th October.—Rainfall varying in amount from 0.03" to 3.90", received in parts of all districts, except Montgomery and Muzaffargarh. It proved beneficial to standing crops and *rabi* sowings. Condition of standing crops, including sugarcane and cotton, generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 12th October.—Weather remained clear and warm with occasional clouds followed by light rain in parts of many districts. These showers proved beneficial to late-sown paddy in Jabulpore and Bilaspur districts.

More rain urgently needed for cotton on light soils and late variety of paddy. Kharif crops in general in Wardha district reported showing signs of withering owing to lack of moisture in soil. Standing kharif crops otherwise in satisfactory condition. Harvesting of early paddy in progress in parts of many districts. Picking of cotton commenced at places in Wardha district. Preparation of land for *rabi* sowing still continued in some districts. Sowing of certain minor *rabi* crops in progress or commenced all over Province. Sowing of wheat continued in Betul district and started in Buldana. Sind, week ending 11th October.—Rainfall nil. Days warm and nights cool with dew-fall during early morning hours. Picking of cotton in full swing. Slight attack of red-leaf blight and boll-worm continues. Bengal, week ending 9th October. Weather generally cloudy and cyclonic. Excessive rains and light wind during week caused some damage to standing crops in some districts of Province. United Provinces, week ending 5th October.—During week no rain in some districts, light showers in a number of districts, and rainfall from 1" to 3" in others reported. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops continued and sowing of some *rabi* crops in progress in several districts. Harvesting of early kharif crops going on. Irrigation of sugarcane and late paddy resorted to in several districts where rainfall scanty. Standing crops reported to be adversely affected by drought and floods in some districts. Rain urgently needed in several districts where rainfall insufficient. Condition of standing crops and prospects of outturn continued, on the whole, satisfactory except in areas affected by drought or floods. Bombay, week ending 18th October.—Fairly adequate showers during week in Kanatak and few local showers in parts of north Konkan and places of Deccan. Elsewhere rain absent. Standing crops progressing fairly satisfactorily. Weeding and intercultural operations continued. Harvesting of kharif crops and sowing of *rabi* crops in favoured localities continued. Immediate rains needed in Gujarat for late paddy and *rabi* crops.

Intermediate Crop Reports. Punjab: Cotton.—Good rains improved condition of cotton from 98 to 99 per cent of normal. Sugarcane.—Good rain improved condition of sugarcane from 99 to 101 per cent of normal.

Cotton. Bombay, 17th October.—Futures rates exhibited reactionary improvement after showing initial easiness. Indian Cotton Contract January started at Rs. 440 and showed somewhat sagging tendency. It fluctuated between Rs. 439.8 and Rs. 433.8, gradually rose to Rs. 441 and hovered between Rs. 441.8 and Rs. 440.8. Later on, it slowly rose to Rs. 443.12 after which it hovered for sometime around Rs. 443. It continued to improve thereafter from Rs. 443.8 to Rs. 444.8 and closed at Rs. 443.4.

Jute. Calcutta, 19th October.—Firm but business scarce. Hessians '40-10' oz. quoted at Rs. 35.12 ready for internal consumption. 'B. Twills' quoted at Rs. 85 ready. Export prices fixed by Central Government at Rs. 28 for 40-10 oz. and Rs. 66-12 for B. Twills. Mills not sellers at present. Small local transactions reported. Market very firm.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. Madras, 17th October:—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0 to	2 5 0
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 8 0 to	1 12 0
Sheep skins, per lb.	6 0 0 to	7 0 0
Goat skins, per lb.	4 12 0 to	5 12 0

Shellac. Calcutta, 18th October.—T. N. Rs. 145 per B. Maund. Tea. Fifteenth Tea Sale, Calcutta, 15th and 16th October.—476 packages Green Tea at average price Re. 1.5-10, 4,859 packages other sorts at average price Re. 1.2-9 and 15,130 packages Dust at average price Re. 1.3-1 sold for consumption in India. Market opened strong, about 6 pies dearer for Broken, but eased towards end to prices little above valuations. Leaf grades strongest



KENT VENTURI METERS

George Kent Limited were the original British makers of the Venturi Meter and developed this instrument to its present fine standard of accuracy. Kent Venturi Meters are in use in most of the important Waterworks of the world. Kent's works at Luton are the largest in the Empire devoted to the manufacture of industrial instruments.

FULL PARTICULARS FROM
WH. BRADY & CO. LTD.
Bombay, Calcutta, Madras,
Canton, Ahmedabad.

GEORGE KENT, LIMITED.

LONDON AND LUTON

RESERVED

features and from 1 to 2 annas per lb. dearer. Darjeelings sold well and above valuations. Fine grades of sorted Green Teas from 2 to 4 annas dearer; unsorted lots sold at about valuations. Market for Dusts opened about 6 pies dearer, strengthened as sale progressed and closed 9 pies to 1 anna per lb. dearer. Good Assams strongest features of sale and these advanced from 1 to 1½ annas. Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

SEA-BORNE TRADE OF THE PROVINCE OF BOMBAY, 1945-46.

General Summary.

As was to be expected, the termination of the war in Europe early in the year and later the end of hostilities in the Far East as a consequence of the unconditional surrender of Japan, had a notable influence on the Foreign Trade of the Province. For sometime the shortage of essential imported articles, one of the causes of inflation in the country, had been keenly felt. The Hydari Mission which visited the United Kingdom in January 1945, was successful in arranging for the export of large quantities of consumer goods from that country. The Import Trade Control Regulations were relaxed from time to time so as to admit of the import of certain varieties of consumer goods from sterling areas without licence. The full effect of these measures began to show itself only towards the latter part of the year when consequent on the end of the war the United Kingdom decided to launch an export drive.

With a view to reviving and re-building India's export trade and to take advantage of the opportunity to develop new markets presented by the end of the war, the Government of India considerably liberalised its export trade control policy. As a result of this and the opening of trade with the liberated countries in Europe and the Far East, exports which had declined during last year increased materially. The improvement noticed last year in imports was well maintained and was accelerated by arrivals of capital plant and machinery needed for India's post-war development schemes. Both manufacturing costs and prices of Indian raw material continued to be generally high.

The foreign trade of Bombay further advanced by Rs. 29.66 crores (19 per cent) during the year 1945-46. The total value of imports increased by Rs. 19.82 crores (18 per cent), of exports by Rs. 9.52 crores (21 per cent) and of re-exports by Rs. 33.00 lakhs (51 per cent).

The share of foreign countries in the total trade was 42.62 per cent as compared with 37.38 per cent of that of the United Kingdom and the Empire combined. The share of the United Kingdom and Empire in the export trade was substantially higher than that of the non-Empire countries, viz., nearly half of the total.

Exports of raw materials increased by 93 per cent, while those of manufactured articles decreased by 79 per cent.

The aggregate value of the foreign trade of the Province of Bombay amounted to Rs. 194.01 crores as against Rs. 168.73 crores in the preceding year, the value of merchandise being Rs. 181.89 crores as against Rs. 155.23 crores and that of treasure being Rs. 9.12 crores as against Rs. 13.50 crores in the preceding year.

IMPORT TRADE.

The value of imports on private account into the Province of Bombay totalled Rs. 97.42 crores showing an increase over last year of Rs. 9.81 crores or 11 per cent. The value of private treasure (gold and silver) was Rs. 51.73 lakhs against Rs. 16.18 lakhs last year. The principal articles which contributed to the improvement were dyes derived from coal tar, machinery and

millwork, postal articles unspecified, instruments, apparatus, etc., drugs and medicines, metals and ores, paper and pasteboard, wool manufactures (including yarn and knitting wool), artificial silk, fruits and vegetables, seeds, liquors, cotton manufactures, hardware, building and engineering materials, stationery, gums and resins, clocks and watches, bobbins, toilet requisites, paints and painters' materials, leather and manufactures of leather, cycles and parts thereof, books and printed matter, tallow and stearine, glass and glassware, apparel, haberdashery and millinery, earthenware and porcelain, brushes and brooms, cotton fents, wool and timber, arms, ammunition, etc., silk manufactures (including silk yarn), toys and requisites for games, soap, furniture and cabinetware, animals—living, grain, pulse and flour, boots and shoes, sugar, coal and coke and rubber. The articles which showed noticeable decreases were cotton raw, oils, chemicals, precious stones and pearls, wool raw, tobacco, spices, provisions, etc., belting for machinery, cotton twist and yarn, staple fibre yarn, tea and motor cars, motor cycles (including omnibuses and parts).

EXPORT TRADE.

The total value of exports, including re-exports, of merchandise on account of private account amounted to Rs. 54.96 crores, showing a rise of Rs. 9.91 crores or 22 per cent.

Exports of treasure (gold and silver) advanced from Rs. 14.15 lakhs to Rs. 59.26 lakhs, the value of gold exported being Rs. 49.95 lakhs as against Rs. 5.57 lakhs last year.

Exports of foreign merchandise advanced from Rs. 62.91 lakhs to Rs. 94.49 lakhs, following larger shipments of cotton manufactures, wool manufactures, hardware, gums and resins, other textiles—manufactured, sugar, fish, instruments, apparatus, etc., spices, silk manufactures, fruits and vegetables, dyeing and tanning substances, cotton raw and oils.

Exports of Indian produce and manufactures increased from Rs. 44.42 crores to Rs. 51.02 crores showing an increase of Rs. 9.60 crores or nearly 22 per cent. This followed larger shipments of cotton raw, postal articles, seeds, spices, fruits and vegetables, oils, gums and resins, myrobalams, jewellery, etc., wood and timber, provisions and oilman's stores, leather, wool raw, grain, pulse and flour, manures, tobacco, and bristles. There was a decrease in exports of cotton twist and yarn, cotton manufactures, hides and skins—raw, wool manufactures, metals and ores, jute manufactures and dyeing and tanning substances (excluding myrobalams).

COASTING TRADE.

The total value of coasting trade in private merchandise increased from Rs. 76.82 crores to Rs. 86.70 crores or by 12.88 per cent. Imports (Indian produce) increased from Rs. 35.75 crores to Rs. 45.55 crores or by 27 per cent. The principal articles which contributed to the increase were cotton raw, all other articles manufactured, tea, jute manufactures, coal, coke, etc., oils, vegetable—non-essential, fish, coconuts, seeds, cotton twist and yarn, spices, coir manufactured, metals, wheat, fodder and bran, coffee, cardage and rope, ghee, drugs, building and engineering materials, myrobalams, all other articles—unmanufactured, cotton piecegoods and hardware. Imports of tobacco, paper and pasteboard, rice not in the husk, wool raw, hides—tanned, grain, pulse and flour, chemicals, sandalwood, sugar, mats and mattings and teak wood were smaller as compared with the preceding year. Imports of foreign merchandise also increased from Rs. 3.29 crores to Rs. 5.65 crores or by 59 per cent. The articles which contributed to the increase were cotton raw, oils—mineral, fruits dried, liquors, other textiles, raw, and coal tar dyes. Imports of machinery and millwork, metals and ores, chemicals, hardware and drugs and medicines recorded decreases.

Exports of Indian produce declined from Rs. 30.29 crores to Rs. 28.28 crores or by 6.6 per cent, following smaller shipments of cotton manufactures (piecegoods), cotton raw, seeds, cotton twist and yarn, grain, pulse and flour, wood and timber, chemicals sugar, tobacco—manufactured, oils, drugs and medicines, hides—tanned, and beedi leaves. Exports of apparel, provisions—other sorts, spices, metals and ores, salt, tobacco—unmanufactured, fruits and vegetables, tea, fish, hardware, myrobalams, manures, gums and resins and matches recorded increases.

Exports of foreign merchandise declined from Rs. 7.48 crores to Rs. 7.23 crores or by 3 per cent. Decreases were noticed in the shipments of metals and ores, coal tar dyes, all other articles of merchandise—unmanufactured, cotton piecegoods and carriages and carts, etc. Shipments of cotton raw, kerosene, fruits—dried, etc., hardware, machinery and millwork and other textiles—manufactured showed increases.

PRICES.

The average declared prices of all the commodities (except copper, sugar, cotton twist and yarn, cotton piecegoods, silk raw and woollen piecegoods on import side, and rice, linseed, rapeseed, flaxseed, cotton seed and wool raw on export side) were lower than those in the previous year, both on the import and export side.

DISTRIBUTION.

Of the total foreign trade in merchandise on private account, the proportion borne to the total by the trade with British Empire was 57.38 per cent. The preceding year's figure was 53.30 per cent. The share of the United Kingdom increased from 17.45 per cent to 23.65 per cent, but that of Iran decreased from 16.08 per cent to 10.22 per cent. The share of America increased from 9.54 per cent to 11.40 per cent.

REPORT OF THE INDIAN TRADE COMMISSIONER, LONDON, FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1946.

Trade Enquiries.

Hides and Skins.—An enquiry was received for names of exporters in India of buffalo, cow and ox hides on behalf of a firm in Turkey and the appropriate action was taken.

Rubber.—A firm in Chile who desired to purchase rubber tyres manufactured in India were supplied with a list of exporters in India through the medium of an importer in this country.

Canes.—All varieties of bamboo canes was the subject of an enquiry received from a firm in Ireland, who were supplied with a list of exporters in India.

Ramie Fibre.—A United Kingdom firm enquired whether the production of ramie fibre was being resumed in Assam as it was thought that opportunities for development of this industry were available both in this country and in Europe. This enquiry was referred to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, for information.

Hair.—A further enquiry was received for the names of exporters in India of cow and horse hair, which were supplied.

Miscellaneous.—Suitable action was also taken on the enquiries received on the following commodities:—Cascia, chemicals, crude drugs, carpets, cotton waste, coir yarn and fibre, hides and skins, kyanite, gums, lemon grass oil, mica powder, minerals, spices, seeds, soapstone, wool and walnuts.

Prices of Principal Indian Commodities.

The following are the prices for the principal Indian commodities for the months of April, May and June 1946:—

Commodity.	Month 1946.	Highest.	Lowest.	Difference.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Jute, Daisee	April . . .	42 0 0	41 0 0	1 0 0
	May . . .	44 10 0	42 0 0	2 10 0
	June . . .	45 0 0	44 10 0	0 10 0
Linseed	April . . .	46 10 0	40 10 0	6 0 0
	May . . .	46 10 0	46 10 0	Nil
	June . . .	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
Rapeseed	April . . .	39 10 0	39 10 0	Nil
	May . . .	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
	June . . .	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
Groundnuts	April . . .	38 0 0	38 0 0	Nil
	May . . .	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
	June . . .	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
Castorseed	April . . .	36 0 0	36 0 0	Nil
	May . . .	43 10 0	43 10 0	Nil
	June . . .	43 10 0	43 10 0	Nil

MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 21st October—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw) Rs. 53-0-0 per md. loose.

Linseed oil, Up-country Mills (Boiled) Rs. 53-0-0 per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—There has been no change in the linseed market during the week. Conditions have been stagnant, and prices have shown little movement. Very limited quantities are reported to have reached this centre from Bengal or C. P. districts. Though some supplies were still in the hands of local stockists, they do not appear to have been keen to release any quantities. Oil mills have only been interested in small ready quantities from time to time. Odd lots are reported to have changed hands at the prevailing prices. There have been no enquiries from any other quarters.

Bombay, 16th October—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil Rs. 15-6-0 per quarter.

[No stock figures are available.]

BLANKETS AND MOLESKINS
FOR THE PRINTING TRADE
GANNON DUNKERLEY & CO. LTD.
BOMBAY CALCUTTA MADRAS BANGALORE AHMEDABAD

B. 2997 W. 4-1-47.

INDIAN ENAMEL WORKS LTD.
GREAT SOCIAL BLDG. SIR P. MINTA ROAD FORT BOMBAY

B. 3104 W. 5-7-47.

III.—Number of Grades Produced by Factories.

Table II gives the number of factories which produced one, two, three or more grades of sugar in the season 1945-46 and 1944-45. The number of grades produced this season has been comparatively larger even to an extent that one factory has produced nineteen grades. The production of a larger number of grades may be due to more accurate grading of sugars in terms of I.S.S. numbers. This season, the number of factories producing sugars of three and four grades has considerably increased.

TABLE II.

No. of Grades.	1945-46.		1944-45.	
	No. of Factories.	Percentage of Factories.	No. of Factories.	Percentage of Factories.
One Grade	15	12.30	16	12.50
Two Grades	15	12.30	18	14.06
Three Grades	24	19.67	18	14.06
Four Grades	24	19.67	17	13.28
Five Grades	10	8.20	18	14.06
Six Grades	9	7.38	7	5.47
Seven Grades	5	4.10	12	9.38
Eight Grades	8	6.56	10	7.81
Nine Grades	3	2.45	4	3.14
Ten Grades	3	2.45	1	0.78
Eleven Grades	..	..	3	2.34
Twelve Grades	2	1.64	..	..
Thirteen Grades	1	0.82	1	0.78
Fourteen Grades	..	..	1	0.78
Fifteen Grades	..	..	1	0.78
Sixteen Grades	..	..	..	..
Seventeen Grades	1	0.82	1	0.78
Eighteen Grades	..	..	..	..
Nineteen Grades	1	0.82	..	..
TOTAL	122	100.00	128	100.00

IV.—Commercial Qualities.

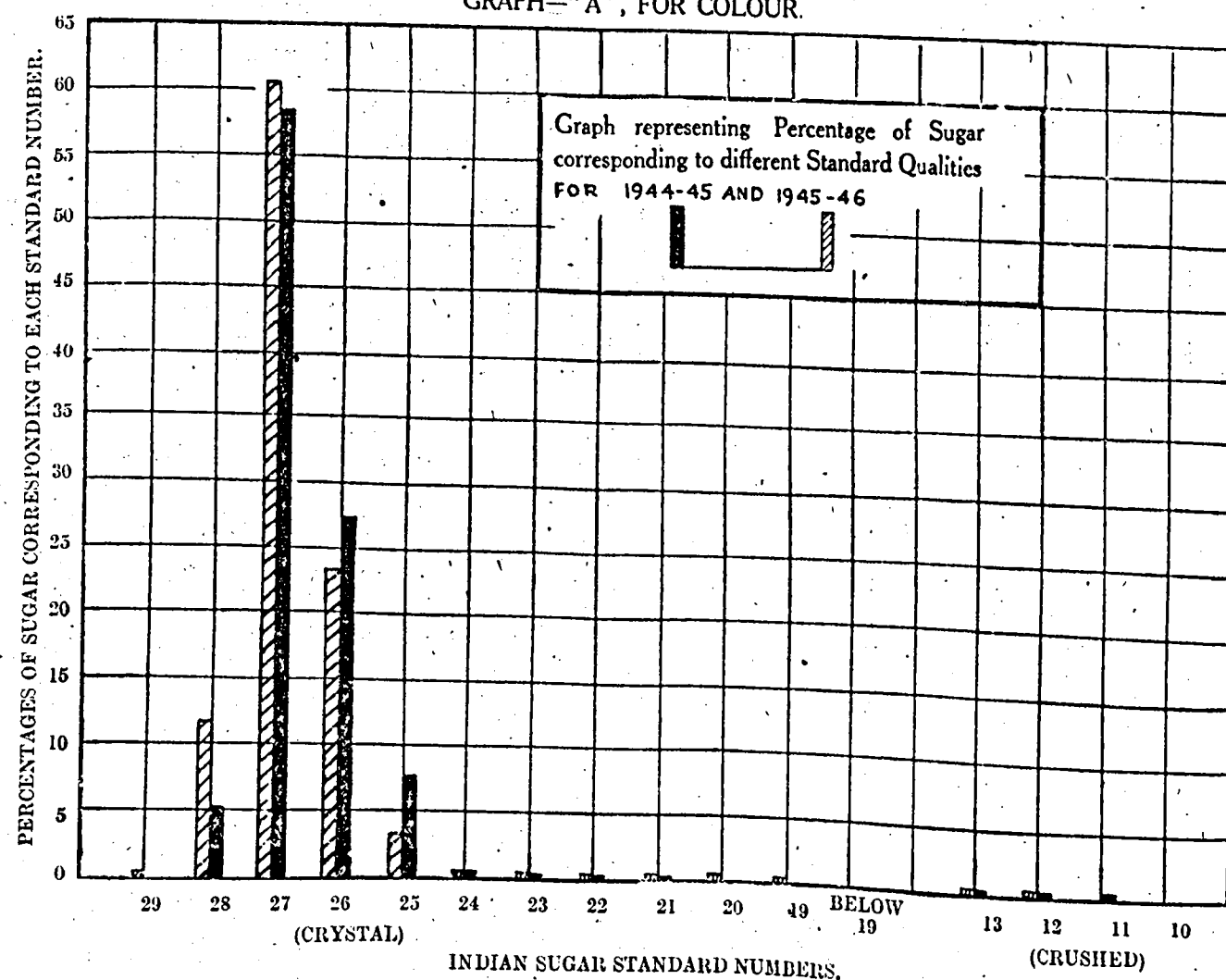
The commercial quality designations appear to be fading into insignificance now as the standard qualities in terms of I.S.S. numbers are getting better known.

V.—Conclusion.

It is gratifying to note that there has been steady improvement in the quality of sugar produced this season over the last season in as much as there has been increased production of sugar corresponding to colour 27 and grain size D. Like last year, the most common quality was 27E, whose percentage production has increased this year.

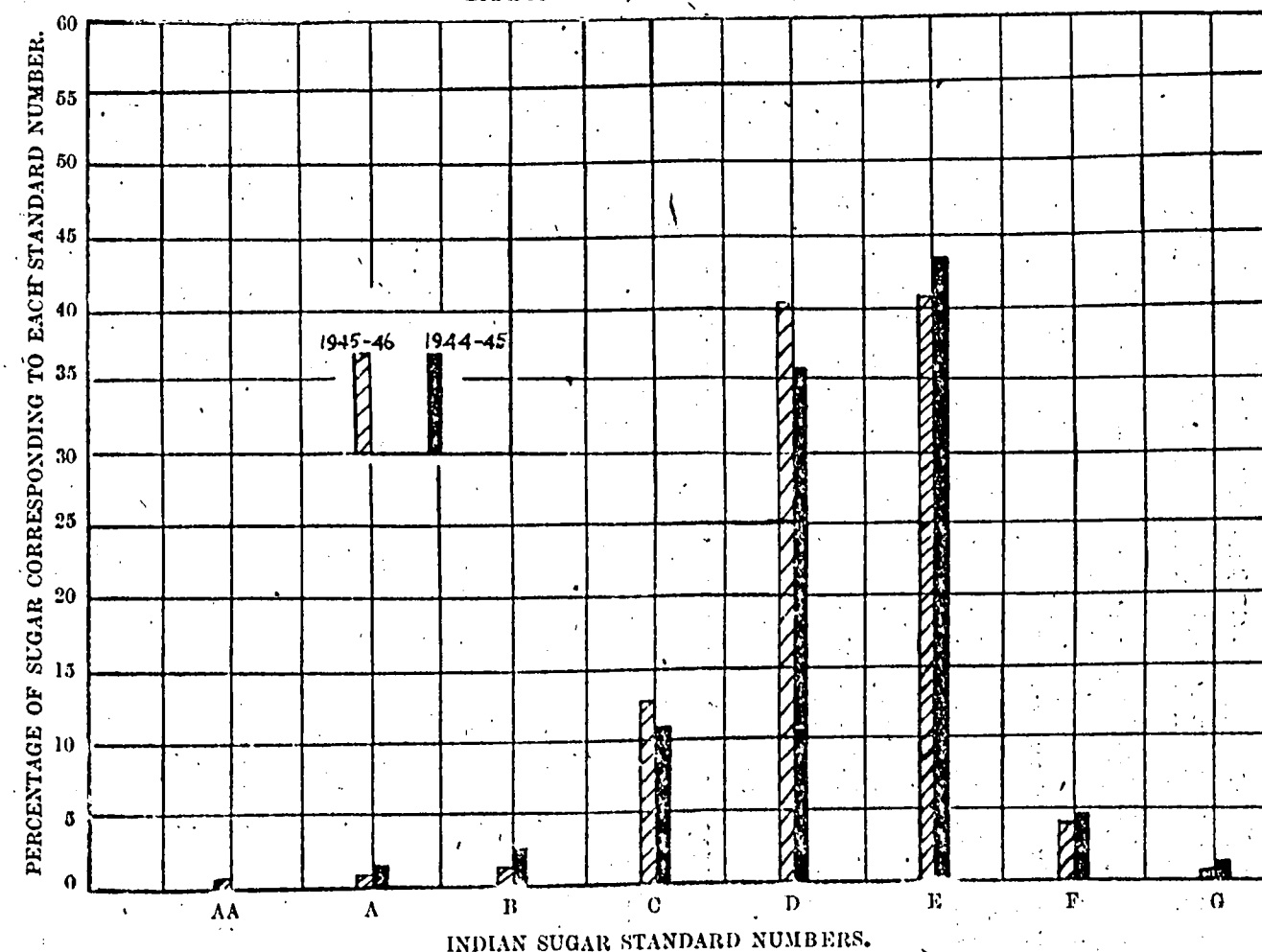
Although the percentage of factories producing three and four grades has increased this year as compared to last year, individual factories in many cases have continued to record far too many grades. This may not be intentional but appears to be the result of insufficient attention paid to the production of a uniform quality throughout the season. It is to be emphasized that factories should, with the help of Indian Sugar Standards, confine their production to as few uniform grades as possible.

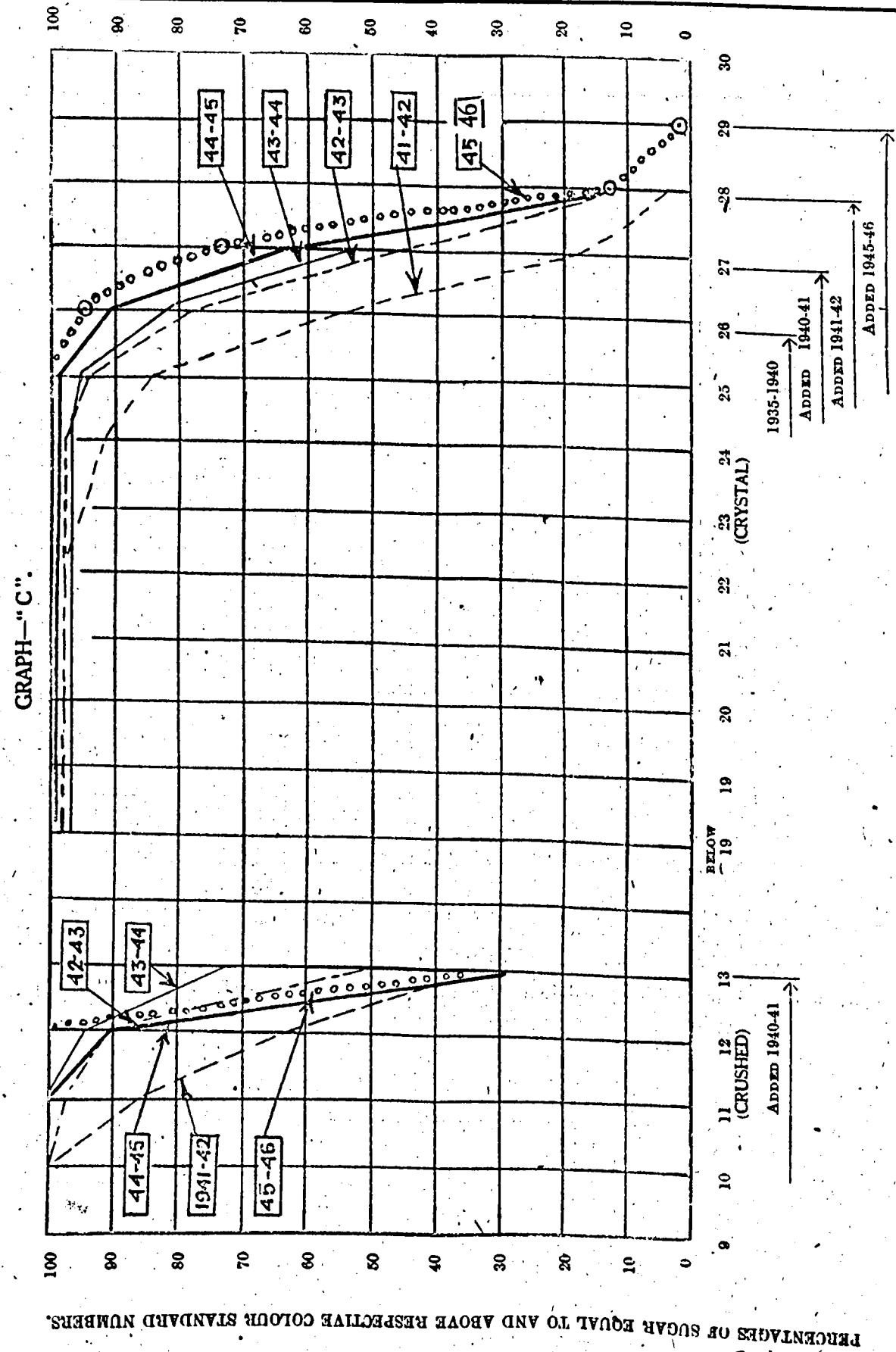
GRAPH—"A", FOR COLOUR.



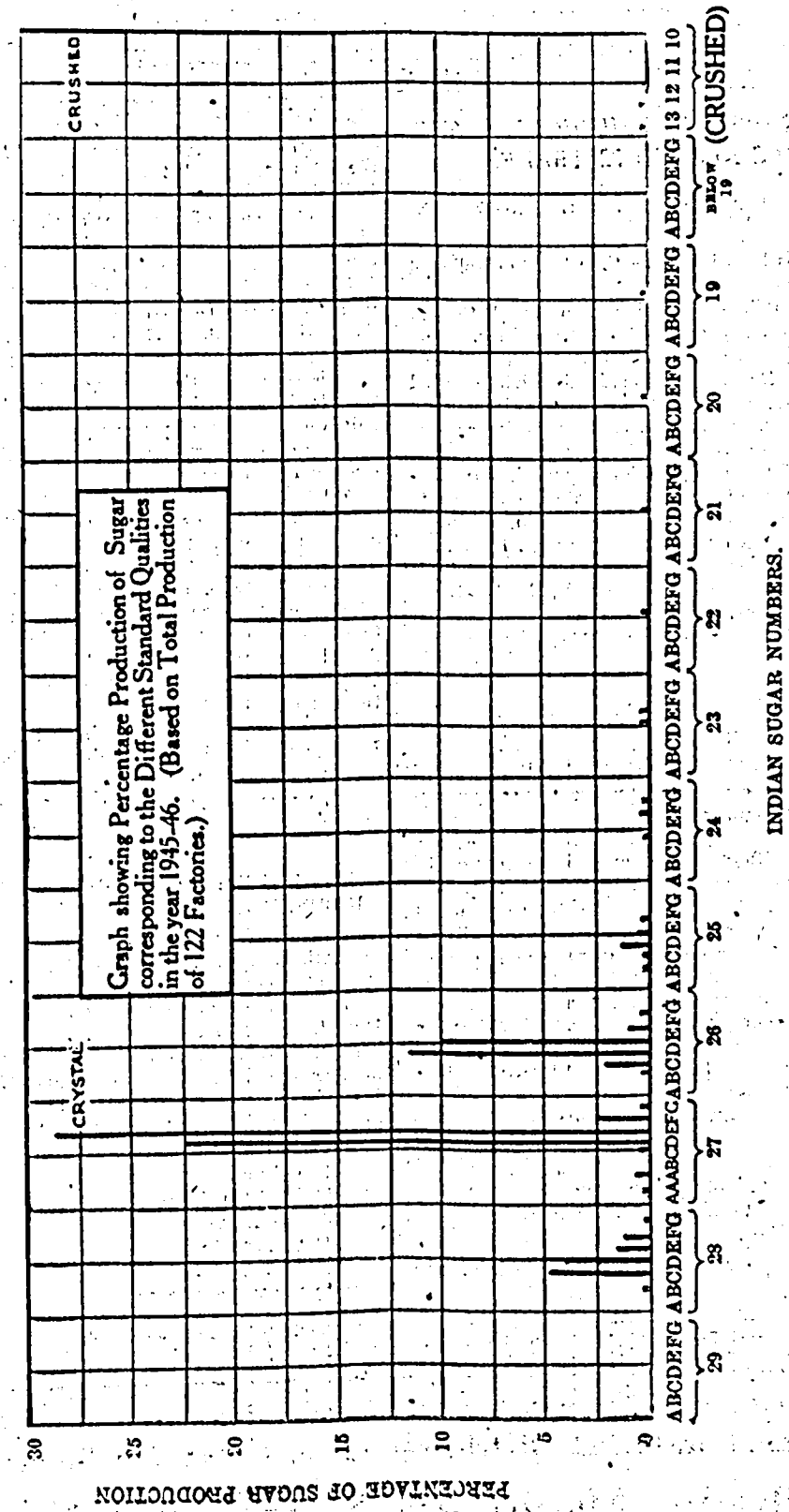
Oct. 24, 1946.]

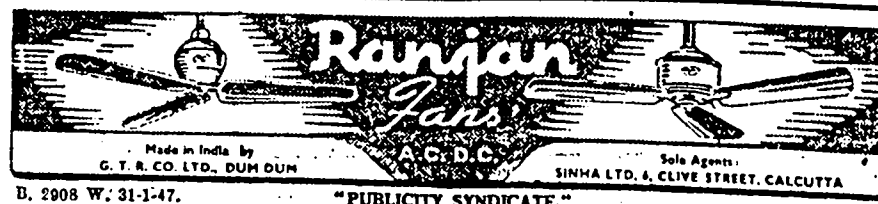
GRAPH—"B", FOR GRAIN SIZE.





GRAPH—"D".





GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUEES AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

REVALIDATION OF LICENCES FOR IMPORTS FROM NON-STERLING AREA COUNTRIES—

The following Notice has been issued by the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi:—

It was announced by a Public Notice issued in May 1946 that all licences issued for import of goods other than foodstuffs from countries outside the sterling area were automatically revalidated to cover shipment up to 31st December 1946 only if initially granted to cover shipment in July-December 1945 or January-June 1946. In pursuance of the present liberalised licensing policy it has now been decided also to revalidate automatically to cover shipments up to 31st December 1946, all licences issued initially for the January-June 1945 shipping period for imports of goods falling under Parts I to V of the Schedule annexed to the Commerce Department Notification No. 23-ITC/43, dated the 1st July 1943*, from non-sterling countries except licences for machine tools, vegetable seeds and such foodstuffs as are subject to allocation by the International Emergency Food Council. Importers need not therefore apply for formal revalidation of such licences to the licensing authority.

PRIVATE TRADE WITH HUNGARY—

The following Notification [No. 120 (31)-E. T. (B)/45, dated the 12th October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In pursuance of clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 120 (31)-E. T. (B)/45, dated the 12th January 1946†, the Central Government is pleased to authorise persons and concerns in British India to trade within Hungary subject to the existing export, import and financial regulations in force in this country, with the Hungarian State or with any individual or body of persons (whether corporate or unincorporate) carrying on business therein provided that nothing in this notification shall authorise:—

- the performance of any contract of insurance or reinsurance entered into with, or for the benefit of, any such person before the date of this notification;
- the payment of any bill of exchange payable in British India and drawn before the date of this notification to or for the benefit of, any such person;—
- the encashment of any coupons by or on behalf of any such person.

PRIVATE TRADE WITH AUSTRIA—

The following Notification [No. 120 (6)-E. T. (B)/46, dated the 12th October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In pursuance of clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 120 (6)-E. T. (B)/46, dated the 2nd March 1946*, the Central Government is pleased to authorise persons and concerns in British India to trade within Austria subject to the existing export, import and financial regulations in force in this country, with the Austrian State or with any individual or body of persons (whether corporate or unincorporate) carrying on business therein, provided that nothing in this notification shall authorise:—

- the performance of any contract of insurance or reinsurance entered into with, or for the benefit of, any such person before the date of this notification;
- the entry into of any agreement or contract of reinsurance with any body of persons (whether corporate or unincorporate) whose Registered Office is shown by the Register of the Austrian Commercial Court to be in Austria but whose Head Office is outside Austria in territory which is being treated as enemy territory for purposes of the enemy trading and enemy property regulations of the Defence of India Rules;
- the payment of any bill of exchange payable in British India and drawn before the date of this notification to, or for the benefit of, any such person;
- the encashment of any coupons by or on behalf of any such person.

TARIFF BOARD: ENQUIRY IN RESPECT OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES—

The following is a Resolution [No. 218-T.(55)/45, dated the 12th October 1946] of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In pursuance of paragraphs 2 and 7 of their Resolution in the Department of Commerce, No. 218-T. (55)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945†, and paragraph 4 of their Resolution bearing the same number dated the 16th February 1946‡, the Government of India have decided to refer to the Tariff Board for investigation applications for assistance or protection received from the following industries:—

- (1) Belting;
- (2) Steel Belt lacing;
- (3) Dry Battery;
- (4) Oleic acid;
- (5) Stearic acid;
- (6) Super-phosphate;

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 14th March 1946, page 445.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 15th November 1945, pages 294-95.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 28th February 1946, page 338.

Parts, Equipments and Gases for Refrigerating Plants including Refrigerators and Air Conditioners
The Ice Machinery Mart 18/2, McLeod Road LAHORE.

B. 2925 W. 29-12-46.

SERVED

- (7) Ferro-silicon;
- (8) Alloy tool & special steel, and
- (9) Pickers.

2. In conducting the enquiries, the Board will be guided by the principles laid down in paragraph 5 of the Resolution dated the 3rd November 1945, referred to in paragraph 1 above.

3. Firms or persons interested in any of these industries or in industries dependent on the use of these articles, who desire that their views should be considered by the Tariff Board, should address their representations to the Secretary to the Board, Caltex House, Ballard Estate, Bombay 1.

EXPORT OF "JUTE UNION COTTON CLOTH" TO BE REGULATED—

The following Press Note dated the 15th October 1946, has been issued by the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India, Bombay:—

All manufacturers of "Jute Union Cotton Cloth" are hereby informed that the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India, has decided to regulate, in accordance with the regulations applicable to export of cotton piecegoods, the export of such cloth, for it is 'cloth' as defined in the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945.

No manufacturer engaged in the production of "Jute Cotton Union Cloth" shall sell the cloth for export without duly stamping it in accordance with the Commerce Department's notification, dated 22nd June 1946.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945. GENERAL PERMISSION REGARDING SALE OR DELIVERY OF CLOTH AND YARN: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 83/1-TA/46, dated the 13th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (1) of clause 18A of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. TCS.I/18A, dated the 14th May 1946*, namely:—

In the said notification after proviso (ii) the following new proviso shall be added, namely:—
"(iii) The manufacturers in the Municipal Borough of Ahmedabad may pool together the total cloth which they are permitted to sell to their respective employees under paragraph (3) and may from shops approved by the Provincial Textile Controller, Bombay, out of such pool, sell to the employees in quantities indicated in the said paragraph."

DHARMA VIRA, Textile Commr.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 194-95.

CANCELLATION OF NOTIFICATION, DATED 6TH NOVEMBER 1945, REGARDING DELEGATION OF POWERS UNDER THE INDIAN COCONUT COMMITTEE ACT, 1944—

The following Notification [No. F. 48-36/46-Crops, dated the 28th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture:—

In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Indian Coconut Committee Act, 1944 (X of 1944), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture, No. F. 17-4/45-R, dated the 6th November 1945*, shall be cancelled.

FRUIT PRODUCTS CONTROL ORDER, 1946: EXTENSION OF TIME-LIMIT IN REGARD TO THE STAMPING OF FRUIT PRODUCTS—

The following Notification [No. F.P.16/9/46-D, dated the 30th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture:—

The Central Government is pleased to extend the time-limit in regard to the stamping of fruit products prescribed in sub-clause (2c) of Clause 11 of the Fruit Products Control Order, 1946, published in Government of India, Department of Agriculture Notification No. 10-7/46-Fr., dated the 14th June 1946†, up to and including the 30th November 1946.

TOBACCO GRADING AND MARKING, RULES, 1937: AMENDMENT—

A further amendment to the Tobacco Grading and Marking Rules, 1937‡, has been published in Part I (Section 1) of the Gazette of India, dated the 12th October 1946, under Notification No. 3-1/46-Co., dated the 3rd October 1946, of the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture.

TOBACCO GRADING AND MARKING RULES, 1937: DRAFT AMENDMENT—

The draft of a further amendment to the Tobacco Grading and Marking Rules, 1937, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1937 (I of 1937), has been published in Part I (Section 1) of the Gazette of India, dated the 12th October 1946, under Notification No. F. 3-4/46-Co., dated the 2nd October 1946, of the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st November 1946, and any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 22nd November 1945, page 346.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 4th July 1946, pages 23-25.
‡ See the notice in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th March 1937, page 1486.

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MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS: ADDITIONS TO PRICE LIST OF PEDRICK PISTON RINGS—

The following Press Note, dated the 4th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

The Government of India have made certain additions to the price list of Pedrick Piston rings manufactured by Messrs. Wilkening Manufacturing Co., U. S. A., which was published in a *Gazette of India Extraordinary* on 27th August 1946. The prices of the additional items are published in a *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 30th September 1946 (which is obtainable, on payment, from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi).

NEW PRICE OF MOTOR VEHICLE BATTERY—

The following Press Note, dated the 8th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

The Government of India have announced an amendment to the price list for batteries which was published on April 24, 1945. The new price shall take effect from October 14, 1946.

It is published in a *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated September 30, 1946, obtainable on payment from the Manager, Central Publication Branch, Civil Lines, Delhi.

"CARLTON" AUTOMOBILE LAMP BULBS: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICE FIXED—

The following Press Note, dated the 4th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

The Government of India have fixed the maximum retail sale prices of certain "Carlton" automobile lamp bulbs manufactured by Messrs. Carlton Lamp Corporation, Newark, New Jersey, U. S. A. These prices will take effect from 14th October 1946.

With the fixation of specific prices of these motor vehicle spare parts by notification published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated 30th September 1946, the privilege of selling these articles at the corresponding price of a General Motors or Ford or Chrysler or Federal or Studebaker or Reo product, interchangeable with them, is automatically cancelled with effect from 14th October 1946, and no one will, thereafter, be permitted to sell the articles specified in the above notification at prices exceeding the approved notified prices. The price lists are obtainable, on payment, from the Manager, Central Publication Branch, Civil Lines, Delhi.

MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY THE MANHATTAN RUBBER MANUFACTURING DIVISION OF ALLIED ASBESTOS AND RUBBER CO. (EX.) INC., U. S. A.—

The following Press Note, dated the 4th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

The Government of India have fixed the maximum retail sale prices of certain motor vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Manhattan Rubber Manufacturing Division of Allied Asbestos & Rubber Co. (Ex.) Inc., (U. S. A.).

With the fixation of specific prices of these motor vehicle spare parts by notification published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 30th September 1946, the privilege of selling these articles at the corresponding price of a General Motors or Ford or Chrysler or Studebaker or Reo or Federal Product, interchangeable with them, is automatically cancelled and no one will be permitted thereafter to sell the articles specified in the above notification at prices exceeding the approved notified prices. The price lists are obtainable, on payment, from the Manager, Central Publication Branch, Delhi.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENTS TO NOTIFICATION NO. 52-LPC(1)/45-BATTERIES, DATED 19TH APRIL 1945, REGARDING MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF BATTERIES, ETC.—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(1)/45-Batteries, dated the 19th April 1945*, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 10th October 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(150)/46, dated the 7th October 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. SEALED POWER CORPORATION, U. S. A.—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause 1 of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain motor vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Sealed Power Corporation, U.S.A., as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 15th October 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(182)/46, dated the 10th October 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 3rd May 1945, pages 139-40.

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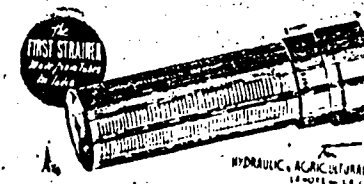
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MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE BRAKE LININGS AND CLUTCH FACINGS MANUFACTURED IN THE U. K.: AMENDMENTS—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(81)/45, dated the 7th January 1946*, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 15th October 1946, under Notification No. 52-LPC(81)/45, dated the 10th October 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

AHMADNAGAR-SHEOGAON RAILWAY SURVEY—

The Railway Board have sanctioned a traffic survey being carried out by the Agency of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Administration for a line of railway on the Broad Gauge from Ahmadnagar to Sheogaon, a distance of about 45 miles. The survey will be known as "Ahmadnagar-Sheogaon Railway Survey".

RAILWAY EARNINGS—

Approximate Earnings of Period.—The total approximate gross earnings of the Budget lines for the period (10 days) ending 10th September 1946 (16th period) amounted to Rs. 5,09 lakhs. This is:—

- Rs. 64 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and
- Rs. 44 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

Cumulative Earnings from the Beginning of the Financial Year.—The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 10th September 1946 amount to Rs. 91.86 crores. This is:—

- Rs. 10.23 crores less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and
- Rs. 14.05 crores more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

The following are the up-to-date approximate gross earnings of Budget lines from 1st April 1946 as compared with the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year and 1943-44:—

Railways.	Up to 10th Sept. 1943.	Up to 10th Sept. 1945.	Up to 10th Sept. 1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year as compared with previous year.
	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)
B. A.	7.14	14.56	8.38	+11.64
B. N.	7.32	9.22	8.37	+8.95
B. D. & C. I.	6.40	9.41	10.28	+3.88
E. I.	14.11	20.00	15.51	+5.89
G. I. P.	12.02	14.00	14.60	+2.58
M. & S. M.	6.01	8.28	8.35	+2.34
N. W.	13.04	16.07	16.05	+3.01
Oudh Tirhut	2.85	3.08	3.38	+0.53
S. I.	4.36	5.74	5.79	+1.43
Other Railways	37	47	42	+5
TOTAL	77.81	1,02.09	91.86	+10.23

* See the notice in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 24th January 1946, page 132.

WAGON LOADINGS—

Comparisons of Figures of Wagon Loadings on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded during the period (10 days) ending 10th September:—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	121,514	108,196	Per cent. —11.0
Metre gauge	65,697	51,138	—22.1

(b) Total Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded from 1st April to 10th September:—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	2,081,428	1,905,040	Per cent. —8.5
Metre gauge	1,270,822	1,010,852	—20.5

(c) Details of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded on broad and metre gauges and the total loading on both gauges from 1st April to 10th September:—

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	433,783	440,500	+1.53
(ii) Grains and pulses	151,300	150,513	—0.52
(iii) Oil seeds	39,321	39,571	+0.63
(iv) Cotton	28,878	27,090	—6.19
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	198,073	188,514	—4.57
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,088,274	995,604	—8.52
(vii) Home line stores and materials	142,790	162,230	+13.6
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., E. I. and G. I. P. Railways.	75,304	88,901	+17.3

I.—Broad Gauge.			
			Per cent.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	433,783	440,500	+1.53
(ii) Grains and pulses	151,300	150,513	—0.52
(iii) Oil seeds	39,321	39,571	+0.63
(iv) Cotton	28,878	27,090	—6.19
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	198,073	188,514	—4.57
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,088,274	995,604	—8.52
(vii) Home line stores and materials	142,790	162,230	+13.6
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., E. I. and G. I. P. Railways.	75,304	88,901	+17.3

II.—Metre Gauge.			
			Per cent.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	73,385	81,145	+10.6
(ii) Grains and pulses	123,267	138,686	+12.4
(iii) Oil seeds	39,321	39,571	+0.63
(iv) Cotton	28,878	27,090	—6.19
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	142,480	164,801	+15.7
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	774,322	492,431	—36.4
(vii) Home line stores and materials	98,740	82,708	—16.1

III.—Total (Broad and Metre Gauges).			
			Per cent.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	507,168	521,645	+2.86
(ii) Grains and pulses	274,567	289,199	+5.29
(iii) Oil seeds	77,642	79,142	+1.93
(iv) Cotton	49,266	49,014	—0.51
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	340,553	353,315	+3.73
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,862,596	1,488,035	—20.1
(vii) Home line stores and materials	241,530	245,028	+1.44

* Included in item (vii).



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TONNAGE LIFTED ON CLASS I RAILWAYS—

Comparisons of Figures of Tonnage Lifted on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of Tons lifted during the period (10 days) ending 10th September:—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	1,883,574	1,624,197	Per cent. —13.8
Metro gauge	491,250	344,033	—28.5

(b) Number of Tons lifted from 1st April to 10th September:—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	31,922,222	30,374,116	Per cent. —4.85
Metro gauge	9,111,325	6,023,670	—24.0

CONSOLIDATION OF IMPORT LICENSING REGULATIONS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

THE following is an extract from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 15th June 1946:—

The many changes in Import Licensing Regulations made during and since the war are brought up to date and shown in comprehensive form in a new Notice to Importers (No. 188) issued by the Import Licensing Department of the Board of Trade.

The position at present is that under the Import of Goods (Control) Orders, 1940, as amended, no goods, other than goods consigned from the Channel Islands, may be imported into the United Kingdom except under the authority of a licence granted by the Board of Trade. The exemption for goods consigned from the Channel Islands does not include arms and ammunition, dyes and dyestuffs and plumage.

It is pointed out, however, that a separate licence is not required for any goods covered by an Open General Licence issued by the Board of Trade and these goods may be imported without application to the Import Licensing Department. An Open General Licence has been issued in respect of a wide range of goods consigned from any country shown in an appendix given later in this article (Appendix I) and, subject to certain conditions, goods consigned from any part of the British Empire (Appendix II); goods imported from Eire (Appendix III), and from other specified countries (Appendix IV), and postage stamps (Appendix V).

With the exception of goods which require separate transshipment licences (shown in Appendix VI), licences are not required for goods which are imported and entered with the Customs for exportation after transit through the United Kingdom, or by way of transshipment. This concession is subject to such conditions

as to security for the exportation of goods as the Commissioners of Customs and Excise may impose.

APPLICATIONS FOR LICENCES.

Applications for copies of the notice (Notice to Importers No. 188) and for licences should in general be addressed to the Import Licensing Department, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1, or in the case of certain raw materials to the respective Ministry of Supply Control, to the Ministry of Food in respect of foodstuffs and essential oils, and to certain other Government Departments in respect of certain other goods. If an importer is in any doubt he should address his application to the Import Licensing Department.

Forms of application may be obtained from the Import Licensing Department or from any Collector of Customs and Excise. Special forms should be used for applications to import machinery and for transshipment and transit applications.

Reference is made in the notice to the sterling area which is defined as including any part of His Majesty's dominions except Canada and Newfoundland; any British protectorate; any country or territory under His Majesty's protection or suzerainty; any territory in respect of which a mandate on behalf of the League of Nations has been accepted by His Majesty's Government and is being exercised by the Government of any part of His Majesty's dominions, Egypt, the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Iraq, Iceland and the Faroe Islands.

With regard to payment for imports it is emphasized that the issue of an import licence in no way implies that the licence holder is likely to receive permission to make payment otherwise than in the currency of the country of origin of the goods to be imported, or in sterling payable to that country in the manner prescribed by the Exchange Control. Importers who require to make payment in any other way should explain their reasons when applying for an import licence. If they fail to do this, they may find that the Banks have no authority to make an exception to the general rule.

Importers are warned that they should not arrange to ship any goods to the United Kingdom until they have obtained a licence or have ascertained definitely that a licence will be granted or that a separate licence is not required, and that the grant of an import licence is not a guarantee that shipping space will be provided.

When a loss in transit occurs importers should in all cases inform the Import Licensing Department that goods dispatched to them from abroad which are covered by licences have been lost in transit to this country. The Department will then give consideration to the question whether permission may be given for the importation of further goods to replace those lost.

As a concession, licences will not be required for goods imported in the following circumstances:—

Bona fide trade samples provided that the Officer of Customs and Excise at the place of importation is satisfied that the quantities are not excessive in relation to the nature of the goods concerned. This concession is normally limited to one reasonable



B. 2903 W. 31-1-47.

"PUBLICITY SYNDICATE."

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B. 2886 W. 7-11-46.

sample of each type or variety of goods. In cases of doubt the importer should make application to the Import Licensing Department before shipping.

Goods returned in the same state as exported. Goods, excluding diamonds (other than rough diamonds) mounted or unmounted, and jewellery containing diamonds manufactured or produced in the United Kingdom which, after being exported to a country within the sterling area, are returned to the United Kingdom in the same state as that in which they were exported. Eligibility for this concession must in each case be established to the satisfaction of the Officer of Customs and Excise at the place of importation.

Goods imported for repair and re-export. "Repair" for this purpose includes cleaning, polishing, overhaul (including replacement of minor parts) designed to restore the goods to their original condition.

Eligibility for this concession must in each case be established to the satisfaction of the Officer of Customs and Excise at the place of importation. On exportation, in cases where the production of an export licence would normally be necessary, export will be allowed without licence provided that the Officer of Customs and Excise is satisfied as to the identity of the article exported with that imported under this concession.

Personal or household effects of crews or passengers by sea or air provided these are duly declared and produced to the Officer of Customs and Excise at the port of importation and that it is established to his satisfaction:—

- that they are not being imported as merchandise or for sale but are intended for the personal or household use of the member of the crew or passenger; and
- that the quantities are reasonable. In the case of foodstuffs the concession is limited as follows:—
 - persons arriving from Eire: 7 lb. in all. No one foodstuff to exceed 2 lb.
 - persons arriving from other countries: 25 lb. in all. No one foodstuff to exceed 5 lb.

Gifts addressed to individuals in this country provided that they satisfy the following conditions:—

- they must be bona fide unsolicited gifts and must not be imported as merchandise or for sale;
- they must be clearly marked as gifts;
- they must not be sent more often than once a month; and
- the weight must not exceed 11 lb. gross or include more than 7 lb. of foodstuffs and no one foodstuff may exceed 2 lb.

Gifts cannot be regarded as "unsolicited" when they are the result of communication sent by the recipients. In this connection attention is drawn to the provisions of the Rationing Order, 1942 (S.R. & O. 1472) and the Consumer Rationing (Consolidation) Order, 1944 (S.R. & O. 800), which make it an offence to obtain or attempt to obtain any rationed goods from abroad.

The above concessions do not relieve goods from liability to any appropriate Customs duty and/or Purchase Tax, nor do they apply to arms and ammunition, plumage, or to articles subject to special prohibition or restriction, e.g., dangerous drugs.

In general, goods not covered by an Open General Licence or by one of the concessions set out in paragraph 11 above are, in the absence of a valid import licence, deemed to be prohibited goods and are liable to forfeiture under the Customs Acts. These Acts also provide heavy penalties for smuggling, false declarations, evasion of prohibitions, and against persons dealing with prohibited goods.

The attention of importers is directed to the fact that Import Licensing Regulations, and the list of goods which may be imported under Open General Licence, are subject to alteration; the position set out in this Notice is a summary of the regulations in force on May 22, 1946. Changes are announced in Notices to Importers issued from time to time by the Import Licensing Department.

APPENDIX I.

Goods which can be imported without separate licences from any country.

Animal ivory, raw, whether whole tusks or sections of tusks, not cut to shape or in any way prepared, treated or worked.

Bauxite.

Books, printed, and other printed matter for reading purposes, music, catalogues, trade lists, advertising material, manuscripts, typescripts, and like products of duplicating machines, imported as a single copy through the post.

(N.B.—A package may not contain more than one article.)

Coal, including lignite.

Coke and manufactured solid fuel, excluding petroleum coke and pitch coke.

Designs, architectural or engineering.

Diamonds, rough.

Drugs and the like, raw or simply prepared, the following:—

Aconite.

Areca Nuts.

Asafoetida.

Buchu.

Camomile Flowers.

Cascarilla Bark.

Cassia Fiatula Pods.

Chiretta.

Colocynth pulp or apples.

Croton Seeds.

Eucalyptus Red Gum.

Euphorbia Gum.

Indian Rhubarb root.

Ispagula.

Kamala.

Kino.

Kola Nuts.

Nux Vomica.

Papain.

Tinnevely Senna Pods and Leaves.

Strophanthus Kombe.

Strophanthus Gratus.

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Earth colours, dry, the following :—

Ochres, Siennas and Umbers.

Felspar, including China stone.

Film, cinematograph, exposed of a width of 1½ inches only.

Film scrap and waste.

Fireclay.

Fish, fresh (other than frozen) except salmon, grilse and trout.

Flint, unground.

Fluorspar.

Furskins, undressed, not including goat, kid, calf, sheep and lamb skins.

Gold bullion.

Gold coin.

Gold ores, concentrates and residues.

Gums and resins, the following :—

Arabic, Kauri, Myrrh, Olibanum, Sandrac, Tragacanth.

Gypsum, unburnt, including alabastrer.

Hydrographic charts.

Ilmenite.

Kelp.

Kyanite.

Maps and plans.

Monazite sand.

Newspapers.

Nickel ores, concentrates, residues and matte.

Pandermite.

Peat moss, peat moss litter, dust or mould, granulated peat and peat fuel or tailings.

Press photographs.

Quassia.

Rafaelite.

Raffia.

Seaweed, raw, unground, dried or bleached (not further prepared or treated).

Shellfish, fresh or boiled (not being in airtight containers), the following :—

Prawns.

Mussels.

Shrimps.

Cockles.

Winkles.

Sillimanite.

Silk worm gut, untrimmed, natural in hanks or bundles.

Slag, other than basic.

Wool and animal hair, raw, whether cleaned, scoured or carbonized, or not, the following :—

Alpaca, vicuna, llama, camel, goat (excluding mohair (Angora goats' hair)), rabbit.

APPENDIX II.

Goods which can be imported without separate licences if consigned from any part of the British Empire, subject to the condition, except as respects Palestine and Transjordan, that a claim to Imperial Preference is established in respect of any duty of Customs to which the goods as a whole may be liable on importation into the United Kingdom.

Animals, Live, quadruped.

Books (excluding periodicals, magazines and the like) for reading purposes, printed and published in the British Empire.

Crude cobalt-iron-copper alloy.

Flower bulbs, corms and tubers, excepting anemones.

Periodicals, magazines, music, catalogues, trade lists, advertising material, manuscripts, typescripts and like products of duplicating machines.

Precious and semi-precious stones, and pearls, not drilled, mounted or set, excluding cut diamonds.

Tin, in blocks ingots, bars and slabs.

Wool and animal hair, raw, whether cleaned, scoured or carbonized or not, the following :—

Mohair (Angora goats' hair).

APPENDIX III.

Goods which can be imported without separate licences if consigned from Eire.

Agricultural implements other than hand tools.

Agricultural machinery and parts (new and unused) thereof.

Agricultural and vegetable seeds except cereal seeds and grass seeds.

Animal hair, raw, other than wool of sheep and lambs.

Beer.

Bog ore.

Buttermilk.

Cement, calcareous, ground and unground.

Clay.

Compressed gases.

Cordage, cables, rope and twine of vegetable fibre, including waste pieces and worn-out lengths.

Cotton waste.

Dairy machinery and parts (new and unused) thereof.

Fish, including shellfish, whether fresh or preserved, except salmon, grilse and trout.

Flax, flax tow and flax waste, but not including flax straw.

Hydrocarbon oils.

Iron pyrites, including cupreous pyrites.

Jute manufactures, the following :—

Thread, yarn, bags and sacks.

Linen manufactures, the following :—

Manufactures of linen returned to the United Kingdom after embroidery in Eire without further charge in form or character.

Yarn and thread.

Malt.

Milk, fresh, including sterilized, homogenized or peptonized and skimmed liquid milk.

Paints and painters' materials, the following :—

Distempers, whether dry or not.

Dry earth colours.

Paint, painters' enamels, lacquers, frits, vitreous enamels and varnishes.

Pigments and extenders, whether dry or with oil or other medium, including metallic powders (except aluminium powder) but not including barytes.

Plants, roots and tubers commonly used for cultivation of vegetables, but not including seed onions (including shallots) and seed potatoes.

Printed paper matter of all kinds except books* for reading purposes, wallpaper, diaries, calendars, picture post cards and greeting cards.

Religious emblems, rosaries and other like aids to private devotions, not being articles for resale.

Road vehicles of all kinds.

Rock crystal quartz.

Sand, ground or unground.

Toys, shown by means of a certificate issued by the Eireann Department of Supplies to have been made under the auspices of the Gaeltacht Services Branch of the Eireann Department of Lands.

Wood and timber, in the round, hewn or square sawn, but not further manufactured than by subjecting to one or more of the following processes, that is to say, planing or dressing, tonguing and grooving or other jointing, profiling or chamfering.

Yeast, whether dead or live.

APPENDIX V.

Postage Stamps.

Postage stamps and similar articles of philatelic interest may be imported without separate licences, subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that they are consigned from the sterling area (see paragraph 5), or

(b) that if consigned from any other country, they are imported as part of a transaction, in which either no consideration of any kind is involved, or in which no consideration other than an export of postage stamps or similar articles of philatelic interest has been or will be given.

The export of such stamps or other articles to countries outside the sterling area remains prohibited except with the permission of the British Philatelic Association Ltd., acting for the Board of Trade. Persons who desire to enter into Bärter transactions of the above kind

* See Appendix II.

must make application to the British Philatelic Association Ltd. 3, Berners Street, London, W.1. The Association will require to be satisfied that the postage stamps or similar articles of philatelic interest which it is proposed to export are in exchange for an equivalent value of such articles already imported.

The import of postage stamps and similar from other than the sterling area is still prohibited, except as at (b) above. Any such stamps and other articles imported illegally will be subject to forfeiture and no foreign exchange will be provided for the purchase of them in any circumstances.

APPENDIX VI.

Goods which require separate Transhipment licences.

Animal Feeding Stuffs: Oil cakes and meals (all types) and mixed feed.

Cocoa: Cocoa beans, cocoa butter, unsweetened chocolate cover-ture.

Dairy Products: Butter and condensed milk.

Fats and Oils: All fats and oils (edible and non-edible), including shortening and margarine; all oil-bearing seeds: soap.

Fruits: Dried fruits only (i.e., dates, figs, apples, apricots, raisins and currants, peaches, pears and prunes).

Edible Nuts:

Meat: Fresh, frozen, pickled, salted, smoked, canned and dehydrated meat (excluding fresh and frozen poultry, game, rabbits and venison).

Pulses: Dry beans, peas, lentils.

Sugar: Sugar (raw and refined).

Hides, skins and Leather: Hides, undressed. Leather, dressed and undressed, including scrap and waste. Skins, undressed (including goat, kid, calf, sheep and lamb skins, but not including reptile skins, Persian lamb skins, and other fur-skins).

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION.

BRITISH INDIA.

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS: AMENDMENTS.

The following Notification [No. 91-C.W.(1) 45, dated the 12th October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules as continued in force by the Emergency



ESSENTIAL OILS AND ESSENCES
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Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 91-C. W. (1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945*, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification—

I. In Part A, after item 4 the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

"4A. Bone meal".

II. In Part D—

(a) In item 8, the following words shall be omitted, namely:—
"and bone meal".

(b) For item 40, the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

"40 Manures, other than—(i) chemical manures and (ii) horn and hoof meal".

(c) In item 63—

(i) after entry (ii) the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"(iia) Bimli jute".

(ii) For entry (iv), the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"(iv) cotton raw, cotton waste, and cotton linters and pickings".

UNITED KINGDOM.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 189; PRECIOUS AND SEMI-PRECIOUS STONES, AND PEARLS: AMENDMENT OF OPEN GENERAL LICENCE.

The following Notice, dated the 14th June 1946, has been issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1:—

In April 1945, the Board of Trade announced in Notice to Importers No. 163†, that "Precious and semi-precious stones and pearls, not drilled, mounted or set, excluding cut diamonds" consigned from the British Empire could be imported under an Open General Licence.

This Open General Licence has now been amended to limit the above heading to

"Rough precious and semi-precious stones" consigned from the British Empire.

As a consequence, individual licences to import cut precious and semi-precious stones and all pearls consigned from the British Empire (as from elsewhere), will be necessary as from the 18th June 1946.

Applications for licences should be made on the appropriate form, copies of which can be obtained from the Import Licensing Department, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 143-148.

† Published in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st June 1945, pages 345-47.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 195: GALL-NUTS AND SHELLAC: ISSUE OF OPEN GENERAL LICENCE.

The following Notice, dated the 27th July 1946, has been issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1:—

The Board of Trade announce that, with effect from 30th July 1946, they have granted an Open General Licence for the import of Gall-nuts and Shellac consigned from any country. As a consequence, separate licences to import these materials will not be required.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 197: PERIODICALS CONSIGNED FROM THE BRITISH EMPIRE: AMENDMENT OF OPEN GENERAL LICENCE.

The following Notice, dated the 17th August 1946, has been issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1:—

The Notice to Importers No. 188* announced the grant of an Open General Licence for the import of the following goods consigned from British Empire sources:—"Periodicals, magazines, music catalogues, trade lists, advertising material, manuscripts, type-scripts and like products of duplicating machines", and of the following goods consigned from Eire:—"Printed paper matter of all kinds except books for reading purposes, wallpaper, diaries, calendars, picture postcards and greeting cards".

The Open General Licence has now been amended so as to exclude as from 20th August 1946, periodicals and magazines consigned from any part of the British Commonwealth.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Details of changes in Customs Regulations, etc., are published regularly in the *Board of Trade Journal*. The particulars are too lengthy for publication here, but the headings of the items and the dates on which they appeared in the Journal are given for purposes of reference:—

3rd August 1946.

CEYLON.—Import Restrictions.
COSTA RICA.—Payments for Imports.
CUBA.—Suspension of Customs Duties and Consular Fees on Certain Machinery, Equipment and Tools.
EIRE.—Importation of Tomatoes.
GUATEMALA.—Customs Tariff Modification.
NEW ZEALAND.—Amendments to Import Regulations. Import Licensing—Tenth Period.
NORWAY.—Changes in Customs Tariff.
PERU.—Import Licences.
SWITZERLAND.—Tariff Modifications. Import Duty on Bananas.
TRINIDAD.—Customs Tariff Modifications.
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—Import Control.

* Published in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 1st August 1946, pages 213-40.

10th August 1946.

CANADA.—Customs Tariff. Use of Metal Containers and Closures.

NIGERIA.—Revised Customs Tariff.

PERU.—Sale of Pharmaceutical Products.

SIERRA LEONE.—Customs Tariff Amendments.

SWEDEN.—Revised Import Restriction.

SWITZERLAND.—Removal of Restrictions.

17th August 1946.

ARGENTINA.—Customs Duties on Absorbent Gauzes and Bandages.

CANADA.—Budget for 1946: Customs Tariff Amendments.

NEW ZEALAND.—Import Licensing—Tenth Period.

ST. LUCIA.—Customs Tariff Modifications.

SOUTHERN RHODESIA.—Rebate of Customs Duty.

SWITZERLAND.—Revised Rates of Turnover Tax.

24th August 1946.

CEYLON.—Import Restrictions.

CHINA.—Customs Tariff.

EIRE.—Importation of Sugar Prohibited.

JAMAICA.—Customs Tariff Modifications.

PORTUGUESE COLONIES (MOZAMBIQUE).—Customs Tariff Modifications.

SOUTHERN RHODESIA.—Customs Tariff Modifications.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.—Certificates of Essentiality. Merchandise Marks Act.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—Simplification of Clothing. Excise Tax on Coal. Tariff Classification.

VENEZUELA.—Consular Invoices.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL.

9th October.

During the week under report the weather was generally cloudy and cyclonic. Excessive rains and high winds caused some damage to the standing crops in some districts of the Province.

ASSAM.

21st October.

During the week under report heavy rainfall was reported from many districts. Nowgong has been overflooded and the crops are damaged. The *rabi* crops have also been affected by rain in Sibsaigar. Damage by insects is reported from the Goalpara and Kamrup districts. The prospects and the outturn of crops are bad.

BIHAR.

15th October.

During the week under report moderate rain fell in Bhagalpur and in parts of Shahabad, Palamau and Singhbhum, while light rain occurred at certain other places except in parts of Saran and Ranchi in which there was no rain. The condition and the prospects of the standing crops were reported to be fair to good except at places affected by floods. Harvesting of *bhadoi* crops was nearing completion. Ploughing of fields for sowing of *rabi* crops has commenced.

BOMBAY.

19th October.

During the week under report there were fairly adequate showers in the Karnatak with a few local falls in parts of the north Konkan and at places in the Deccan. There was no rain elsewhere in the Province. The standing crops are progressing fairly satisfactorily. Weeding and interculturing operations continued. Harvesting of *kharif* crops and sowing of *rabi* crops in the favoured areas continued. Immediate rains are needed in Gujarat for late paddy and *rabi* crops.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

12th October.

During the week under report the weather remained clear and warm with occasional clouds followed by light rain in parts of many districts. These showers proved beneficial to late-sown paddy in the Jubbulpore and Bilaspur districts. More rain is, however, needed urgently for cotton and *juar* crops on light soils and for the late variety of paddy. *Kharif* crops in general in the Wardha district and *juar* on poor-soils in Nagpur and in Berar were reported to be showing signs of withering owing to lack of moisture in the soil. If no rain is received within a week or so it is apprehended that the outturn of *juar* will be much below normal. The standing *kharif* crops are otherwise in satisfactory condition. Harvesting of early paddy, groundnut and pulses was in progress in parts of many districts. Picking of cotton commenced at places in the Wardha district. Preparation of land for *rabi* sowing still continued in some districts. Sowings of *rabi* crops, such as linseed, gram, *masur*, *lakh* and peas, were either in progress or commenced all over the Province. Sowing of wheat continued in the Betul district and started in Buldana.

MADRAS.

5th October.

During the week under report rainfall was heavy in Chingleput, North Arcot, Salem, Tanjore, Malabar and South Kanara; moderate

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RESERVED

In Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Madras, South Arcot, Chittoor, Trichinopoly and the Nilgiris; fair in Coimbatore, Madura and Ramnad; and nil in Tinnevely. Water supply is insufficient in parts of West Godavari, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad and Tinnevely. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, West Coast and the Nilgiris and of dry crops in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly, Coimbatore, Madura and Ramnad is proceeding. The standing crops are generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara; of *ragi* in Vizagapatam, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Ramnad and the Nilgiris, of gingelly in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna and Salem; and of groundnut in West Godavari, South Arcot, Coimbatore and Salem, continued. The outturn is generally fair.

ORISSA.

14th October.

During the week under report the rainfall was light to moderate at all places except Cuttack, Angul, Koraput and Nawrangpur where there was no rain. Harvesting of autumn paddy in the Sambalpur and Balasore districts and of autumn paddy and *ragi* in the Puri district was going on. Weeding of winter paddy in the Puri district was in progress. Sowing of horsegram in the Cuttack district; of blackgram and horsegram in the Balasore district; and of brinjals, potatoes and cabbages in the Sambalpur district, commenced. The standing crops, viz., sugarcane, winter paddy, groundnut, chillies, redgram, blackgram, betel, vegetables, *ragi*, *sama*, *niger*, *vooda*, tobacco and sesamum, were generally thriving. The prospects of paddy crops were not good on account of excessive rainfall in the Cuttack district. Damage to winter paddy crops by insects in the Balasore district was reported. More rain was required for paddy crop in the Ganjam district.

PUNJAB.

14th October.

During the week under report rainfall, varying in amount from 0.03" to 3.90", was received in parts of all the reporting districts except Montgomery and Muzaffargarh. It proved beneficial to the standing crops and *rabi* sowings. The condition of the standing crops (sugarcane, cotton, millets, pulses, fodder, etc.) is generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas.

SIND.

19th October.

During the week under report there was no rain. Picking of cotton is in full swing. A slight attack of red-leaf blight and bollworm continues. Harvesting of paddy, *jowar*, and *bajri* is in progress. A slight attack of stem-borer in *jowar* is reported.

UNITED PROVINCES.

5th October.

During the week under report there was no rain in some districts, light showers in a number of districts and rainfall from 1" to 3" in others. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops continued and the sowing of some *rabi* crops, particularly gram, was in progress in several districts. Harvesting of early *kharif* crops was also in progress. Irrigation of sugarcane and late paddy was resorted to in several districts where the rainfall had been scanty. Reports about the standing crops having been adversely affected by drought and floods, were received from some districts. Rain was urgently needed in several districts where the rainfall had been insufficient. The condition of standing crops and the prospects of outturn continued to be, on the whole, satisfactory except in the areas affected by drought or floods.

GENERAL WEATHER SUMMARY.

Weather in India during the week ended Tuesday last was marked by the existence of a depression in the Bay of Bengal, which later weakened into a trough of low pressure off the Orissa-Circars coast. Widespread rain or thunder-rain occurred in north-east India, Orissa and along the Coromandel coast on two days, and in Bengal, east Bengal, Malabar and along the north Madras and south Malabar coasts on one day. Local thundershowers or a few falls also occurred in various parts of the country on some days.

INTERMEDIATE CROP REPORTS.

FIRST INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE COTTON CROP OF THE PUNJAB, 1946.

Good rains have improved the condition of the cotton crop from 98 to 99 per cent of the normal.

FIRST INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE SUGARCANE CROP OF THE PUNJAB, 1946.

Good rains have improved the condition of the sugarcane crop from 99 to 101 per cent of the normal.

CROP FORECASTS.

(ALL-INDIA)

FINAL COTTON FORECAST, 1945-46: REVISED FIGURES.

CONSEQUENT on the revision of the estimates of area and yield of the cotton crop of the Madras Province for 1945-46; as a result of issue of an additional forecast report on the crop by the Secretary to the Commissioner of Civil Supplies, Board of Revenue, Madras, after the issue of the Fifth (April) Cotton Forecast of the Province, 1945-46, and on the receipt of a revised estimate of the production of the crop in Sind for the 1944-45 season, the all-India figures, published in the "Final Cotton Forecast, 1945-46" (vide page 169 of the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 27th June 1946), stand revised, as shown below:—

Final Cotton Forecast, 1945-46: Corrigendum.

First Table

	For	Read
All-India	14,480,000 acres and 3,442,000 bales	14,478,000 acres and 3,438,000 bales
Trade Description—		
Others	4,482,000 acres and 720,000 bales	4,480,000 acres and 716,000 bales

Second Table—Trade Descriptions.

	1945-46	1944-45
Descriptions of Cotton—	For	Read
Southerns—		
Westerns	767,000 acres	766,000 acres
White and Red Northern	85,000 acres	84,000 acres
Warangal and Cocanadas	119,000 acres	118,000 acres
Total, Southern	1,923,000 acres	1,920,000 acres
Tinnevellics (including	549,000 acres	550,000 acres
Karungannies)	and 122,000 bales	and 118,000 bales
GRAND TOTAL	14,480,000 acres and 3,442,000 bales	14,478,000 acres and 3,438,000 bales
Americans—		
Sind-American		368,000 bales
Total, Americans		1,174,000 bales
GRAND TOTAL		3,498,000 bales

(INDIAN—PROVINCIAL)

FIRST FORECAST OF THE GINGER CROP IN THE MADRAS PROVINCE, 1946.

The area under ginger up to 25th August 1946 is estimated at 11,400 acres in Malabar and 800 acres in South Kanara, as against 11,900 acres in Malabar and 700 acres in South Kanara estimated for the corresponding period of the previous year. The condition of the crop is reported to be fair and the yield per acre is expected to be normal.

The wholesale price of pepper per imperial maund of 82 2/7 lbs. or 3,200 tolas as reported from important market centres on 14th September 1946 was Rs. 76-6-0 in Mangalore, Rs. 72-15-0 in Tellichery and Rs. 72-8-0 in Calicut. When compared with the prices given in the final forecast report for 1945-46 (i.e., on 19th January 1946), these prices reveal a rise of about 63 per cent in Mangalore and Tellichery and 55 per cent in Calicut.

FIRST FORECAST OF THE PEPPER CROP IN THE MADRAS PROVINCE, 1946.

The area under pepper up to 25th August 1946 in the districts of Malabar and South Kanara is estimated at 99,300 acres (90,300 acres in Malabar and 9,000 acres in South Kanara), as against 99,700 acres (90,800 acres in Malabar and 8,900 acres in South Kanara) estimated for the corresponding period of the previous year. The condition of the crop is fair and the yield per acre is expected to be normal.

FINAL FORECAST OF THE SENNA CROP OF THE MADRAS PROVINCE, 1945-46.

The area sown with the senna crop in 1945-46 in the Tinnevely district is estimated at 1,150 acres, as against the corresponding estimate of 600 acres in the previous year. The cultivation of the crop in the Ramnad district is negligible.

The yield per acre in the Tinnevely district is expected to be 90 per cent of the normal as in the previous year. On this basis the yield is estimated at 281 tons of senna leaves and 51 tons of senna pods, as against the corresponding estimate of 120 tons of senna leaves and 20 tons of senna pods during the previous year.

DYES

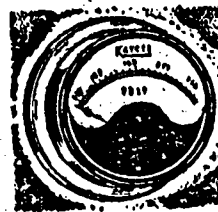
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B. 8097 W. 22-6-47.

DATA OF TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY AND RAINFALL FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY,
THE 22ND OCTOBER 1946.*

	STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENT- AGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).		RAINFALL.					STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENT- AGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).		RAINFALL.			
		Actual.	Departure from normal.	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.	Actual.			Departure from normal.	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.		
ASSAM.	Dibrugarh .	76	0	90	+5	3.2	(g) 78.3	—		BOMBAY.	Bhuj .								
	Tezpur .	76	-1	93	+8	2.7	(y) 54.5	—		Gujarat.	Deesa .								
	Dhubri .	76	-1	92	+7	6.1	79.7	+6.9			Ahmedabad .								
	Shillong .	63	+1	83	+9	3.8	(d) 83.5	—			Rajkot .								
	Silchar .	79	-2	92	+7	2.6	(f) 74.5	—			Veraval .								
BENGAL.	Chittagong .	80	0	86	+2	4.5	98.9	+14.7		Konkan	Bombay .								
	Barisal .	80	-1	88	+8	5.3	(g) 82.0	—			Karwar .								
	Narayanganj .	80	-2	87	+6	8.0	(d) 72.1	—		Bombay, Deccan	Malegaon .								
	Mymensingh .	78	-3	92	+9	7.3	(e) 75.1	—			Ahmednagar .								
	Jalpaiguri .	76	-2	87	+2	6.0	(d) 100.6	-8.8			Poona .								
	Darjeeling .	57	+2	89	+7	3.5	(d) 103.9	—			Bijapur .								
	Berhampore .	79	-2	85	+4	4.2	(d) 52.3	+7.0			Belgaum .								
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Calcutta .	90	-1	94	+10	5.3	54.5	+3.3		CENTRAL INDIA.	Nemuch .								
Orissa .	Balasore .	77	-3	92	+10	8.7	47.9	-1.4		Central India, West.	Indore .	76	-1	72	+11	0	—	—	—
	Cuttack .	79	-3	91	+9	4.3	(d) 64.5	+13.1		Central India, East.	Sutna .								
	Samtulpur .	79	-1	89	+9	1.4	(d) 64.3	—		CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Akola .								
Chota Nagpur .	Chalissa .	79	-1	87	+6	0.7	(d) 43.8	—		Berar .	Saugor .	77	-1	67	+11	0	—	—	—
	Ranchi .	73	-2	87	+17	2.2	(d) 44.1	—		Central Provinces, West.	Jubbulpore .								
Bihar .	Darbhanga .	77	-3	82	+6	0.8	(d) 35.3	-0.3			Seoni .								
	Patna .	79	-1	77	+4	2.7	(d) 32.6	—			Nagpur .	80	+1	64	0	0	—	—	—
UNITED PROVINCES, East.	Naya Dumka .	79	0	83	+7	0.1	(d) 45.3	—		Central Provinces, East.	Chanda .								
	Gorakhpur .	78	-1	90	+11	0.9	—	—			Raipur .								
	Allahabad .	79	-1	87	+21	0.1	—	—			Jagdalpur (Bastar) .								
	Bahraich .	81	+2	84	+8	0.1	—	—		HYDRABAD.	Nizamabad .								
	Lucknow .									Hyderabad, North.	Gulbarga .								
United Provinces, West.	Jhansi .									Hyderabad, South.	Hyderabad .								
	Agra .										Rajchur .								
PUNJAB.	Barilly .									MYSORE.	Bangalore .								
Punjab, East and North.	Delhi .	80	0	75	+17	(a) 0	—	—			Mercara .								
	Hissar .									MADRAS.	Cochin .								
	Ambala .									Malabar .	Trivandrum .								
	Lahore .										Pamban .								
	Rawalpindi .									Madras, South-East.	Negapatam .	81	-1	82	-1	1.0	—	—	—
Punjab, South-West.	Multan .										Colombatore .								
KASHMIR .	Srinagar .										Cuddalore .								
NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.	Peshawar .	75	+3	72	+15	0	—	—			Salem .								
	Dera Ismail Khan .										Madras .	80	-2	85	+1	2.6	—	—	—
SIND .	Jacobabad .										Cuddapah .								
	Karachi .	83	+2	92	+11	0	—	—		Madras, Deccan .	Bellary .								
RAJPUTANA.	Dikaner .										Nellore .								
Rajputana, West.	Jodhpur .									Madras, Coast, North.	Masulipatam .	82	0	87	+3	0.3	—	—	—
	Ajmer .										Vizagapatam .	81	-1	86	+11	2.7	—	—	—
Rajputana, East.	Jaipur .										Gopalpur .	79	-2	94	+13	9.3	+7.3	—	—
	Kotah .																		

* As far as available.
(a) Total for 1 day. (f) Total for 111 days.
(b) " " 2 days. (g) " " 140 "
(d) " " 143 " (h) " " 122 "



(MADE TO B.S. SPECIFICATION AND APPROVED BY I.S.D.)

Ammeters, Voltmeters, Milliamper, Millivolt & Galvano Meters
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TRANSFORMERS up to 150 K.V. & X-Ray Equipments.

Research Dept. — Unique of its kind.

RADON HOUSE, 89, KALIGHAT ROAD, CALCUTTA. Ph.—South 1896.

B. 3134 WS. 20-3-47.

TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from:—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 9d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile Stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Re. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42×28 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from:—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES,
6, ESPLANADE EAST, CALCUTTA.

Telegraphic Address of the Director of Supplies, Industries and Supplies Department, Calcutta.

It is notified for information of all concerned that 'DEVSUPCAL' has been registered with the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department as the abbreviated telegraphic address of the Director of Supplies, Industries and Supplies Department, Calcutta.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Arsenic Copper Rod.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SN2/69695/11 to reach him on or before the 14th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter) for Arsenic Copper Rod required for the Controller of Stores, M. & S.M. Railway, Perambur.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore and Lahore on payment of tender fee direct to them.

MACHINERY, SMALL TOOLS AND METALS.

Large stocks held

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ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are in the happy position of being overbooked with orders for our printed Tin-ware in two and multi-colours and in various shapes and sizes. We beg to be excused if we are unable to serve more than our capacity, until our new arrangements will have been completed.

BOMBAY TIN PRINTERS,
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BOMBAY, 2.

B. 3079 W. 30-6-47.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Rakes Steel Ballast.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. (P)SW3/70040/III* to reach him on or before the 14th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 7 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for Rakes Steel Ballast, 4 Prong, 13,000 Nos., as per Drawing No. IRS(Y)Y81 ALT-1 and IRS Specn. No. Y-3-41. The stores are required to be consigned to Howrah.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore/Karachi/Madras and Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Lathe.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SW1/69396/W21* to reach him on or before the 11th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

One belt driven 6½" centre sliding, surfacing and screw cutting Lathe, with variable speed Headstock.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Magnesii Sulphas, B. P.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SZ-1/18* to reach him on or before the 14th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter) for:—

Magnesii Sulphas B. P. (P. V. No. 01452).....3,783 cwts. 3 qrs. 20 lbs. required at M. S. D., Madras, packed in double gunny bags lined inside with craft paper, weight of each bag not to exceed a maund.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

The forms are also obtainable from the regional offices of the Director General of Industries and Supplies on payment of tender fee direct to them.

The firms already black-listed will not be supplied with the tender form.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SE2/72457/I.—Supply of Insulators.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply of the following stores to the P. & T. Department at Alipore, Calcutta:—

Description.	Quantity.
Insulators J. P. No. 5 (Oil), conforming to I.S.D. Specification No. H-76-C (saleable)	500,000 Nos.

Tender forms, wherein full details of tenders are set out, may be obtained from the office of the Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, or from the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies, at Calcutta/Bombay/Madras/Cawnpore/Karachi/Lahore, on payment of Rs. 10 as tender fee, which will not be refunded under any circumstances.

Tenders should reach the office of the Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, not later than 4 p.m. on the 25th November 1946.

The tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors maintained by the late Department of Supply or the present Department of Industries and Supplies, must state in their tender the name of their Bankers. Firms already black-listed by the office of the Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

LEATHER OUR SPECIALITY
EASTERN TANNERIES LIMITED

Manufacturers of:

Sole, Harness and Chrome Leather, CAWNPORE.

B. 2901 W. 9-1-47.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SE2/72565/I.—Supply of Conduit Pipes, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for the following stores required for the B. B. and C. I. Railway at Bombay so as to reach him on or before the 7th November 1946, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order, or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter):—

Item No.	Description of Stores.	Specn.	Unit.	Quantity.
1	Ref. Hd-337-21—Tubes Conduit Solid Drawn Heavy gauge (screwed) electric thread enamelled or galvanised 1½" ext. dia.	B.S.S. No. 31 & G.E.C.'s Cat. C-1056 or similar.	Ft.	3,280 Ft.
2	Ref. Hd-337-20—do- or galvanised 1" bore	Ditto G.E.C. Cat. C-1055 or similar.	"	20,080 "
3	Ref. Hd-NS—do- ½" bore	"	"	6,100 "
4	Ref. Hd-333-4—Couplers Solid Screwed (Malleable Iron) for 1½" Conduit or similar.	Ditto G.E.C. Cat. C-4006 or similar.	No.	320 Nos.
5	Ref. No. Hd-333-3—do- for 1" conduit.	Ditto G.E.C. Cat. No. C-4005, or similar.	"	3,200 "
6	Ref. Hd-NS—do- for ½" conduit.	"	"	1,000 "
7	Ref. Hd-NS—Check Nuts for 1½" bore conduit.	"	"	320 "
8	Ref. Hd-NS—do- 1" do-	"	"	3,200 "
9	Ref. No. Hd-NS—do- ½" do-	"	"	1,000 "

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the office of the Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them. Tender forms are also available from the following officers on payment of tender fee direct to them:—

- (1) The Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay.
(2) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras/Karachi/Lahore/Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Fire Extinguishers, Foam Type, with Refills, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SPI/70832/1/46* to reach him on or before the 25th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be

paid in cash, by Money Order, or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter), for:—

Fire Extinguishers, Foam Type, with Refills, 40 gallon capacity, complete with hoses and all necessary fittings and mounted on hand-drawn chassis with all metal wheels (Minimax or equal) to I.S.D. Specn. No. G/Misc/30-B as far as applicable.

Stores are required at Samastipur Stores Siding.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Madras and Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD)

Tender for Broad and Metre Gauge Coaching Underframes required for Indian Railways for 1947-48 Programme.

1. Tenders are invited from firms in India for the supply of the following I.R.S. 4-wheeled Coaching Underframes without wheels and axles. The underframes are for Indian Railways and are required for delivery from 1st April 1947 to 29th February 1948.

Description and Requirements.

Broad gauge—
I. R. S. 4-wheeled Coaching Underframes.....114

Metre gauge—
I. R. S. 4-wheeled Coaching Underframes.....100

2. Tender documents for the above requirements are obtainable from the Secretary, Railway Board, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 4-8-0 per copy. Copies of drawings for tendering purposes may be obtained from the Chief Controller of Standardization, Central Standards Office for Railways, 'N' Block, Raisina Road, New Delhi, at annas fourteen per full size sheet, excluding postage. The total number of contract drawings involved approximates to 19 full size sheets for B.G. underframes and 18 full size sheets for M.G. underframes.

3. Tenders will be received by the Secretary, Railway Board, up to 4 p.m. on the 12th of December, 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

CHIEF MINISTER'S DEPARTMENT—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Tender for Winter Liveries.

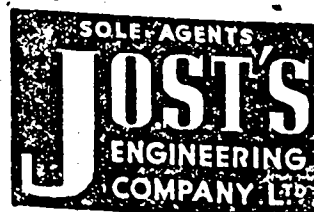
Tenders are invited for the supply of liveries, as noted below, to the menials in the various departments of the Bengal Secretariat and certain other offices located in Writers' Buildings and in other parts of Calcutta including some offices under the Central Government. The articles will be required during the period between November 1946 and September 1947.

E. H. T. INSULATORS

BY

THE CANADIAN PORCELAIN Co., Ltd.

B. 2995 W. 12-1-47.



2. Tenders should be addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Chief Minister's (Establishments) Department, in sealed covers marked "Tenders for Winter Liveries" and must reach the Chief Minister's (Establishments) Department on or before the 31st October 1946.

3. Name of the menials and the date of supply of liveries should be marked on the livery with indelible ink. The livery should be made to cut and should be fitted with detachable buttons that should last two years.

4. The rate shall be inclusive of delivery charge and shall remain in force for the whole of the period mentioned in paragraph 1 above.

5. Liveries shall have to be supplied within ten days from the date of order.

6. The selected contractor shall have to deposit in cash a security of Rs. 100 and to enter into a formal agreement for the supply of liveries.

7. No tender which is not accompanied by a receipt from the Accountant of the Bengal Secretariat showing deposit of the security money will be considered. In the case of unsuccessful tenders, the security deposit will be refunded within ten days of the acceptance of the tender. The security deposit of the successful tenders will be refunded on completion of the supply according to the terms of the agreement.

8. There is no standard form for the submission of tender.

9. Government do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender or any tender or to give explanation for such action. The final acceptance of the tenders rests with the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Chief Minister's (Establishments) Department.

The requirements as approximately estimated are stated below but the quantity actually required for supply will not be limited to the quantity herein stated. It may be 10 per cent above the estimate.

- | | |
|---|-------------------------|
| 1. Jamadars of Hon'ble Ministers, etc. | 40 sets. |
| Each set consists of— | |
| A. One red broad cloth chapkan with gold trimmings and jute flannel linings. | |
| B. One red cummerband with genuine gold braid. | |
| C. One headband with genuine gold braid. | |
| D. One tassel for pugrees with genuine gold braid. | |
| E. One blue-black serge pyjama. | |
| F. One red kulla with gold set. | |
| G. Dagger tassel | 15 " |
| 2. Liveries of Orderlies of Hon'ble Ministers, etc., and Jamadars of Secretaries. | 47 " |
| Each set consists of— | |
| A. One red broad cloth or serge chapkan with out trimming but with jute flannel lining. | |
| B. One red headband without trimmings. | |
| C. One red cummerband without trimmings. | |
| D. One red kulla (for Jamadar of Secretaries). | |
| E. One blue-black serge pyjama. | |
| 3. Liveries of other Orderlies and Messenger Peons, etc. | 214 " |
| Each set consists of— | |
| A. One khaki serge chapkan without trimmings but with linings. | |
| B. One khaki cummerband without trimmings. | |
| C. One headband without trimmings. | |
| D. One red kulla (for Naib Jamadars). | |
| 4. Nainsook pugrees | 618 yds. (9 yds. each). |

Details of pattern of liveries required can be obtained from the Registrar, Chief Minister's Department, Government of Bengal, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7900.—Supply of 30" Steel Pipes required for Chamaraajagar Water Works.

5,400 ft. of 30" Steel Pipes of the following specification are required in the above connection :—

30" diam. Steel Pipes, each 24 feet long, to convey filtered water under a working head of 950 feet; to be supplied either with flanged ends and bolts, nuts and Rubber or other Gasket joints or with other suitably designed ends and jointing arrangements to withstand the above working head. The thickness of plate to be $\frac{1}{8}$ " for this head. The pipes to be suitably protected against corrosion, by proper anti-corrosive paints and packing, etc.

Tenderers should intimate their best present price per R. ft. of the above steel pipes for delivery f.o.r. Bangalore City and the time within which they would supply them at this end if an order is immediately placed. It should be noted that the supply of the steel pipes is required to be completed by the 30th September 1947, at the latest.

Firms' quotations may be sent so as to reach the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, Bangalore, on or before the 15th November 1946.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 36/E.21.—Supply of Water Carts and Sanitary Carts.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon of 18th November 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 19th November 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars, on payment of Rs. 4 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Sanitary and Road Watering Carts	Rate Contract for the period ending 30th June 1947.
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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 35/E.36.—Supply of Barbed Wire of Sorts and Sizes.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 11th November 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Store Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 12th November 1946.

Oct. 24, 1946.]

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars, on payment of Rs. 4 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Barbed Wire, of sorts and sizes.	Rate Contract for the period ending 30th June 1947.
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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 37.—Supply of Steel Racks and Admirals.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 14th November 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Store Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 15th November 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars, on payment of Rs. 2 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Steel Racks and Admirals	Rate Contract for the period ending 31st May 1947.
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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 38.—Supply of Woven Wire Fencing.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 15th November 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Store Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 16th November 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars.

Tenderers whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Woven Wire Fencing	Rate Contract for the period ending 31st May 1947.
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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 39.—Supply of Brass Door Fittings.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon of 22nd November 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 23rd November 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars, on payment of Rs. 2 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Brass Door Fittings	Rate Contract for the period ending 31st May 1947.
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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 40.—Supply of Electric Materials.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon of 28th November 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 29th November 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars, on payment of Rs. 10 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Electric Materials	Quantity Contract for the period ending 31st May 1947.
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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 41.—Supply of Manual Training Tools.

Sealed tenders will be received up to 3 p.m. on the 18th November 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at 3 p.m. on the 19th November 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars, on payment of Rs. 2 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Manual Training Tools of various descriptions (containing 107 items). Rate Contract for the period from December 1, 1946, to November 30, 1947.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

Supply of Disinfectants, etc.

Tenders are invited in duplicate for the following and will be received by the 2nd Deputy Executive Officer on the date noted for each, up to 1-30 p.m. Each tender in duplicate must be enclosed in a sealed cover and superscribed "Tender for.....". For specifications and tender forms please apply to the Keeper of Records. Price Rs. 2 per set.

- (1) Supply and delivery of Disinfectants during the year 1946-47.
- (2) Shifting the Refuse Platform at Chingrihatia to Dhappa Emergency area.

Tenders for 1 will be opened on the 30th October and for 2 on the 15th November 1946. The rates quoted in the tenders for the above will remain open for acceptance for 3 months.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

Supply of Miscellaneous Stores.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, at his Office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay No. 10, up to 1 p.m. (Standard Time) on Monday, the 18th November 1946, for the supply, during the calendar year 1947, of Miscellaneous Stores, viz.:—Lubricants, Iron Castings, Firewood, Glass Sheets, Carbide of Calcium, Mineral Turpentine, Linseed Oils, Coir and Sisal Ropes, Cotton Waste, Mattiwood, Poonwood, Vellapine and other timbers.

Full conditions and particulars are embodied in the forms of tender and schedule, which may be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores at Rs. 5 per copy.

Tender forms will not be sent per V.P.P.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Supply of Hill Potatoes and Pure Ghee.

Sealed tenders for the following commodities are invited. These will be received in the office of the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, Jamalpur, by 12 noon of 29th October 1946 accompanied by receipt of security deposit amounting to Rs. 500 and samples one seer. For terms and conditions please obtain tender form on any working day from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer's office, E. I. Railway, Jamalpur, on payment of Re. 1 for each form.

- (1) Hill Potatoes up to 100 mds. daily. The supply will have to be made on and from 8th November 1946.

(2) Ghee Pure (AGMARK). 400 mds. (Green or Red seal). Supplies will have to be completed by 21st November 1946.

Rates to be quoted f.o.r. JMP in both cases. Cost of containers to be quoted separately.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Supply of Sand.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 28th October 1946 for the supply of 50,000 c.ft. to 1 lac c. ft. good quality Sand from selected stations in Asansol Division up to the 31st March 1947.

Tender form and all particulars may be obtained till the 26th October 1946, from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash, which sum will not be refunded.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Conversion of Argada Flag Station into a Crossing Station.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 28th October 1946 for the conversion of Argada Flag Station into a Crossing station as per D.S./ASN/Drg. No. 42-46.

Tender form and all particulars may be obtained till the 26th October 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash, which sum will not be refunded.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Vacuum Gauges.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on or before 12 noon on the 18th November 1946:—

Tender No. SP/F/EVB/VB/210.—For the supply of 1,000 Nos. Vacuum Gauges.

Tender form with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, direct by Money Order. Once these documents are issued, no refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Tender for Improvements to Bridge No. 453 between Santamagalur and Munumaka, Guntakal District.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, for improvements to Bridge No. 453 at mile 460/6-7 between Santamagalur and Munumaka, Guntakal District, up to 12 hours on Thursday, the 31st October 1946.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

Value of work is approximately Rs. 30,000.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 211-S/5/16 (Code Word "CADDN").—Supply of Cage Guards Small for Single Light Fitting—16,500 Nos.

Tenders are invited, on a rupee basis, for purchase of the above.

Tender must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Tuesday, the 26th November 1946, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore (where any other relative documents can be seen), at Re. 1 each (Re. 1-8-0 if to be posted) plus annas 8 the cost of relative drawing on and from the 25th October 1946, between 14 and 16 hours.

Tenders will not be sold on the day fixed for their receipt.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 212-S/2/28 (Code Word "CZYBC").—Supply of Beaters, Steel, for Plate Layers—7,400 Nos.

Tenders are invited, on a rupee basis, for the purchase of the above.

Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Headquarters Office, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Monday, the 9th December 1946, and will be opened at 11 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore (where any other relative documents can be seen), at Re. 1 each local and Re. 1-8-0 if to be posted, exclusive of the cost of I. R. S. Drawing and specification which can be had against payment from the Central Standards Office for Railways, New Delhi, and the Manager of Government Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

Firms in the Karachi Area can have the tender forms from the District Controller of Stores, N. W. Railway, Karachi Cantonment.

Tenders will not be sold on the day fixed for their return.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS), SOUTHERN CIRCLE, UNITED INDIA LIFE BUILDING, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.

Sale of Salvage and Surplus Stores.

An Auction Sale will be held at the Naval Stores Depot, Chromepet, Madras, at 10 a.m. on the 28th and 29th October 1946 to dispose of Salvage Stores, such as Ferrous, Rubber, Canvas, etc., and Surplus Stores, such as Hardware, Electrical, Mechanical, Chemicals, etc.

For Auction Catalogue and other particulars please apply to the Auctioneers, Messrs. Chari & Co., 740, Triplicane High Road, Madras.

OFFICE OF THE EXCISE COMMISSIONER, CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

Tenders for the Supply of Country Spirit in the Seoni Distillery Area in the Central Provinces and Berar: Extension of Tender Date.

The last date for the receipt of tenders for the supply of Country Spirit in the Seoni Distillery Area in the Central Provinces and Berar* is extended from 15th October 1946 to 31st October 1946.

*See the issues of the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 26th September 1946 (page 584) and 3rd October 1946 (page 42).

SALE OF FOREST PRODUCE.

The following Notice has been issued by the Divisional Forest Officer, Monghyr Division, Monghyr:—

Five selection coupes of Chakai Range in Monghyr Division, 1946-47, will be sold by auction commencing at 12 noon on the 18th November 1946, at the Forest Range Office at Jhajha (E. I. Railway).

For further particulars please apply to the Divisional Forest Officer, Monghyr Division, Monghyr.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Sale of Empty Tins, Gunny Bags, etc.

Sealed tenders are invited by the Deputy General Manager (Grainshop), E. I. Railway, Calcutta, from the intending purchasers of the following:—

1.	4,000 (more or less)	Do.	Empty tins.
2.	20,000	Do.	Empty gunny bags.
3.	150	Do.	Empty tea chests and packing cases.
4.	95	Do.	Empty oil drums (galvanised sheet, cylindrical and plain 10 gals. capacity) Ex-Howrah Grain Depot. (Items 1 to 4).
5.	745	Do.	Empty tins.
6.	68	Do.	Empty tea chests and soap boxes. Ex-Lillooah Grain shop (items 1 to 6).

Inspection may be made at site with a permit from the Deputy General Manager (Grainshop), E. I. Railway, Calcutta (105, Clive Street, Calcutta).

Tenders must be dropped in the locked Box in the office of the Deputy General Manager (GS), E. I. R., Calcutta, by 23th October 1946.

Earnest money of Rs. 500 is required to be deposited with the Treasurer, E. I. R., Calcutta, before submission of tenders. Earnest Money will be refunded in case of unsuccessful tenderers.

For particulars, please apply to the Deputy General Manager (GS), East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Spring Steel Washers.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SBI/71723/IV to reach him on or before the 18th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 2 only (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for Washers required for B. A. Rly. at Saidpur:—

Washers, steel, spring, single coil, girder Section Grovers

patent, $\frac{1}{2}$ ", to I.R.S. Specn. No. H-20-37 with Corr.

No. 1 of April, 1938 37,600 Nos. per gross.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already back-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES,
NEW DELHI.

Supply of Cocks, C. I., Gravity, for Lower Class Latrine Comp., etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Railway Stores Directorate), New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below :—

Tender No. SRI/70649/I.

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	Cocks, C.I., gravity, for lower class latrine comp. with plugs and nipples, to I.R.S. Drg. No. CA 440 alt. 6.	1,455 Nos.
2	Cocks, push, for wash-hand basin for upper class lavatory, to I.R.S. Drg. No. CA/543 alt. 3.	600 Nos.
3	Cotters, M.S., flat, with 1" thick chain and eye plate for wagon door, to B. A. Rly's. Drg. No. E/9438/6 fig. N.	3,100 Nos.
4	Cotters, M.S., half round, with chain and eye plate, for wagon door with rivet holes, to C.E.'s sketch 11/45 C.W.	1,300 Nos.

Price of tender form, etc., is Rs. 5 per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 18th November 1946.

Applicants not already on the lists of Approved Contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Director of Supplies, Bombay/Calcutta, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras/Cawnpore/Karachi/Lahore, and may be obtained by the tenderers from these officers on payment of tender fees direct to the officer concerned.

Tenders will be opened on the 19th November 1946 at 11-30 a.m.

PROVISIONAL STATEMENT SHOWING THE RAISINGS AND DESPATCHES OF COAL FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1946.

(FURNISHED BY THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF MINES IN INDIA.)

Province.	Raisings.	Despatches.
	Tons.	Tons.
ASSAM	24,166	23,616
BALUCHISTAN	10,056	9,422
BENGAL— Darjeeling Raniganj Coalfield	444,889	300,999
BIHAR— Raniganj Coalfield	83,254	75,821
Jharia "	953,715	651,676
Bokaro "	264,676	233,800
Bamgarh "	2,095	1,149
Giridih "	41,338	30,440
Jainty "	137	37
Daltonganj "	1,858	669
Hutar "	440	..
Karanpura "	72,148	67,583
TOTAL FOR BIHAR	1,424,661	1,081,084
ORISSA— Hingir-Rampur (Sambalpur) Coalfield.	7,690	6,826
CENTRAL PROVINCES— Pench Valley Coalfield (Chhindwara).	92,629	84,186
Chanda Coalfield	10,972	8,453
Yeotmal "	1,594	1,121
Bilaspur "	..	..
TOTAL FOR CENTRAL PROVINCES	105,195	93,760
PUNJAB	12,556	10,768
SIND	15	602
GRAND TOTAL	2,029,228	1,587,078

Hard and soft coke despatched from collieries = 60,241 tons.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

1.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 11th October 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay— 1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay. 2. Gujarat 3. North Deccan 4. East Deccan 5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	(a)	1,121 7 152 865 1,216	4,314 13 .. 3,726 2,167	7,558 30 847 6,917 6,956	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay. Ahmedabad, Kalra, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat. West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik. Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur. Poona, Satara, Ratangiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	..	2,249	6,206	13,950	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind— The Province of Sind	13,144	15,077	19,939	29,839	All districts in the Province.
Bengal— The Province of Bengal	278	121	1,405	658	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces— 1. Upper Doab 2. Middle Doab 3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand 4. Rohilkhand 5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar. Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah. Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jaunpur, Hamirpur, Banda. Haridol, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal. Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rao Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Punjab— 1. Ambala 2. Jullundur 3. Lahore 4. Rawalpindi 5. Multan 6. Ferozepore	..	..	..	..	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala. Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana. Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura, Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock. Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan. Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	..	..	..	90	
Central Provinces— 1. Jabulpore 2. Nerbudda 3. Nimar 4. Nagpur 5. Satpura 6. Chhatisgarh	..	..	..	..	Jubbulpore, Saugor. Hoshangabad. Nimar. Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara. Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla. Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Berar— Berar	..	..	..	..	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Assam— The Province of Assam	..	..	..	..	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara— Ajmer-Merwara	32	6	540	49	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras— Madras	1,858	4,755	(b) 14,014	20,805	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	15,312	22,199	43,094	65,381	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Provinces.
*For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 31st August 1946.
(a) Return not yet received.
Includes 164 bales not reported before.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 11th October 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	No. of Bales Pressed		No. of Bales Pressed	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	637	..	2,814
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	(a)	957	1,080	2,063
Gwalior	(a)	..	..	125
Punjab States— Bahawalpur	..	..	..	..
Nabha	..	..	..	..
Jind	..	..	..	..
Faridkot	..	..	..	..
Patiala	..	..	..	..
Malerkotla	..	..	..	..
Khatipur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES .	..	..	..	..
Rajputana States— Mewar	..	..	..	..
Dikhaner	..	..	..	..
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..
Jaipur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotab	..	..	..	..
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	..	..	..	..
Central India States—	..	..	..	..
Indore	..	..	..	..
Dhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..
Ratlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	..	..	..	..
Barwani	..	..	..	..
Jhabua	..	..	..	..
Dewas, J. B.	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES.	..	..	..	..

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 11th October 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	No. of Bales Pressed		No. of Bales Pressed	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES— Western India States Agency— Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Junagadh	..	..	..	..
Dhrangadhra	639	..	4,734	..
Morvi	..	..	..	..
Cutch	..	..	..	..
Nawanagar	..	..	..	..
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Gondal	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	..	..	..	..
Limbdi	..	..	..	..
Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mull	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station). . .	..	..	..	..
Katosan	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	..	..	..	..
Bantva Majum . . .	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency— Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhotu Udepur . . .	..	..	..	..
Cambay	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Dahisar	..	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas— Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gothda	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency— Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Jamkhadi	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savanur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES .	639	..	4,734	..
GRAND TOTAL	639	1,594	5,824	5,902

(a) Statement not yet received.

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 11th October 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	No. of Bales Pressed		No. of Bales Pressed	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelly	239	70	36,301	45,786
Nadam, Bourbon and Uppam	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	1,206	1,622	(a) 88,221	69,735
Karunganni	6	..	40,911	..
Northerns	..	2,993	6,024	..
Westerns	..	..	(b) 57,802	161,049
Mungari	..	..	634	..
Cocanadas	407	70	8,420	9,509
TOTAL	1,858	4,755	239,173	286,079

(a) Includes 154 bales not reported before.
(b) " 280 " " " " "

COTTON GINNING AND PRESSING FACTORIES IN ASSAM FOR THE SEASON 1946-47.

THE following is a list of Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories in Assam with the names of Owners and particulars of Marks allotted to each for the season 1946-47 :—

Serial No.	Name of Factory.	Postal Address.	Name of Owner.	Press Mark.
1	Bhararia Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory	Dhubri	Balabagash Ramchandra	1A-44
2	Krishna Cotton Ginning Mills	Mankachar . . .	Ramsahaymull Brijlall	3A-41
3	Onkar Cotton Mills	Salmaria South .	Onkermall Jwalaprasad	4A
4	Ram Cotton Mills	Mankachar . . .	Messrs. Chaturbhuj Mangalchand . . .	N/L

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN SIND FOR THE SEASON 1946-47.

THE following is a list of Cotton Pressing Factories in sind with the names of Owners and particulars of Press Marks allotted to each for the season 1946-47.

Serial No.	Name of Cotton Pressing Factory.	Name of Owner or Person-in-Charge.	Location.	Number assigned to Press.
Karachi District.				
1	Sind Press Factory	Attorney :—Beaumont & Co. David Sassoon Bldg.	Karachi	1-S
2	Edujee Dinshaw Cotton Factory	Messrs. Edujee Dinshaw	Do.	2-S
3	Taybee Press Co.	Messrs. Soobhoy Karamji & Sons	Do.	18-S
4	Ralli Brothers Cotton Press	Messrs. Ralli Brothers, Ltd.	Do.	29-S
Hyderabad District.				
1	Edujee Dinshaw Press	Messrs. Edujee Dinshaw	Hyderabad	3-S
2	Vishindas Cotton Press	Seth Karamchand Sādhumal	Do.	4-S
3	Thakur Jethanand Sobhrajmal	Seth Dewandas Taurmal	Fulelli Hyderabad .	26-S
4	Hyderabad Cotton Press, Mukhtipritandas garden.	Mr. P. H. Gidwani	Hyderabad	32-S
5	Sekseria Oil Mills	Messrs. Sekseria Oil Mills	Do.	42-S
6	Ajoomal Press	Seth Ajoomal Lilaram	Tando-Jam	16-S
7	Seoomal Assumal	Seth Seoomal Assumal	Do.	23-S
8	Seth Rewachand Menghraj, C. G. Factory .	Seth Rewachand Menghraj	Do.	52-S
9	Seth Chetumal Bulchand	Seth Chetumal Bulchand	Tando Allahyar . .	30-S
10	Seth Dhanpatmal Dewachand	Seth Dhanpatmal Dewachand	Do.	31-S
11	Guru Nanik Press	Mr. Jodhasing Sarupsingh	Tando Md. Khan . .	35-S
12	Seth Shewaram Rewachand C. G. & P. Factory	Seth Shewaram Rewachand	Matli	49-S
13	Seth Ajoomal Jagatrai	Seth Ajoomal Jagatrai	Tando Allahyar . .	50-S
Thar-Parkar District.				
1	Ralli Brothers	Messrs. Ralli Brothers	Mirpurkhas	5-S
2	Pahloomal Motiram	Seth Pahloomal Motiram	Do.	6-S
3	Ajoomal Jagatrai	Seth Ajoomal Jagatrai	Do.	7-S
4	Volkert Brothers, G. & P. Factory	Messrs. Volkert Brothers	Do.	19-S
5	Ramchand Manjimal	Seth Ramchand Manjimal	Do.	44-S
6	Seth Jeramdas Naumal	Seth Jeramdas Naumal	Jamesabad	25-S
7	Sind Factories	Mr. L. Hira Narain	Jhudo	21-S
8	Seth Devidas Durgadas	Seth Devidas Durgadas	Do.	55-S
9	Seth Kishinchand Chellaram and Sons . .	Messrs. Kishinchand Chellaram and Sons	Pithoro	24-S
10	Seth Basumal Wadhmal	Seth Basumal Wadhmal	Do.	54-S
11	Bachraj Factories, Ltd.	Madhudas. V. Ashar	Digiri	28-S
12	Naraindas Rajaram	Naraindas Rajaram & Co.	Tando-Jan-Md. . . .	36-S
13	Sind Ginning and Pressing Factory	M. N. Syndicate	Kunri	45-S

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN SIND FOR THE SEASON 1946-47—*contd.*

Serial No.	Name of Cotton Pressing Factory.	Name of Owner or Person-in-Charge.	Location.	Number assigned to Press.
Nawabshah District.				
1	Ralli Brothers	Messrs. Ralli Brothers, Ltd.	Nawabshah	13-S
2	Bharomal Thaumal	Seth Bharomal Thaumal	Do.	15-S
3	Madandas Alimchand	Seth Madandas Alimchand	Do.	20-S
4	Lalchand Nenumal C. G. & P. Factory	Seth Shankarlal Ruplal	Do.	51-S
5	Basantlal Banarsilal	Seth Basantlal Banarsilal	Jhol	27-S
6	Manghanmal Wadhmal	Seth Manghanmal Wadhmal	Tando-Adam	8-S
7	Ralli Brothers	Messrs. Ralli Brothers, Ltd.	Do.	12-S
8	Metharam Wadhmal C. G. & P. Factory	Seth Metharam Wadhmal	Do.	48-S
9	Madandas Alimchand	Seth Madandas Alimchand	Do.	53-S
10	Pritamdas Jethanad	Seth Ajoomal Bojomal	Shahdampur	9-S
11	Harchandmal Dayaldas	Seth Harchandmal Dayaldas	Do.	10-S
12	Manghanmal Chugomal	Seth Manghanmal Chugomal	Do.	47-S
13	Choithram Bhagchand	Pitamber. P. Mahta	Patoyon	33-S
14	Jethanand Sobhraj	Seth Dolhnomal	Padidan	38-S
15	Bhagchand Rijumal	Mr. Dharamdas B. V.	Mahrabpur	39-S
16	Madandas Alimchand	Seth Rupchand Hotchand	Bharia Road	40-S
17	Punjab Sind Farm Ltd.	Messrs. Punjab Sind Farm Ltd.	Kazi Ahmed	17-S
Sukkur District.				
1	Dwarkadas Brothers	Messrs. Dwarkadas Brothers	Sukkur	14-S
2	Nebhandas Teckchand	Seth Tikamdas Verhomal	Shikarpur	15-S
3	Tulsidas Sugnomal	Seth Pokardas Kanayalal (Leses)	Do.	41-S
4	Gopal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory	Seth Kanayalal Dwarkadas	Do.	43-S
5	Reti Cotton Pressing Factory	N. Nanadlal	Reti	22-S
6	Teckchand Ghanshamdas	Seth Teckchand	Dahrki	34-S
7	Sugnichand Dharamdas	Seth Sugnichand Dharamdas	Begmanji	46-S
Upper Sind Frontier.				
1	B. D. Patel & Co., Patel Mills	B. D. Patel & Co.	Jacobabad	37-S

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE UNITED PROVINCES, 1946-47.

The following is a list of the Factories, with Names of Owners, Registered Lessees and Postal Address, together with the Special Mark required to be used under section 4 of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925:—

Name of Pressing Factory.	Name of Owner.	Name of Registered Lessee.	Postal Address of Pressing Factory.	District.	Special Mark.
Radha Krishna Sinhania Ginning, Pressing, Ouland Dal Mills, Karwi, United Provinces.	Radha Krishna Sinhania, Cawnpore	..	Karwi, United Provinces	Banda	1 U.
Messrs. Jugal Kishore Mukat Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing, Factory, Khurja, United Provinces.	Jugal Kishore Mukat Lal	..	Railway City Station Road, Khurja, United Provinces.	Bulandshahr	2 U.
Kila Chand Deva Chand & Co., Ltd., Cotton Press, Dobai, United Provinces.	Messrs. Kila Chand Deva Chand & Co., Ltd.	..	Railway Station Road, Dobai, United Provinces.	Bulandshahr	3 U.
Seth Nandlal Kilachand Cotton Press, Aligarh, United Provinces.	Seth Nandlal Kilachand	..	Ghuryabagh, Aligarh, United Provinces.	Aligarh	4 U.
The Prem Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Ujhani, United Provinces.	The Prem Spinning and Weaving Mills Co., Ltd.	..	Mohalla Cobbaganj, Ujhani, United Provinces.	Budaun	5 U.
Hira Lal Chunni Lal and Gulab Chand Ginning and Pressing Factory, Harduaganj, United Provinces.	Hira Lal Chunni Lal and Gulab Chand	..	Harduaganj, United Provinces.	Aligarh	6 U.
West's Patent Press Company, Limited, Hathras, United Provinces.	West's Patent Press Co., Ltd.	..	Near Madhugarhi, Hathras, United Provinces.	Do.	10 U.
West's Patent Press Co., Ltd., Ganj Dundwara, United Provinces.	Ditto	..	Near Railway Station, Ganj Dundwara, United Provinces.	Etah.	12 U.
West's Patent Press Co., Ltd., Chandausi, United Provinces.	Ditto	..	Near Railway Goods-shed, Chandausi, United Provinces.	Moradabad	13 U.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE UNITED PROVINCES, 1946-47—*contd.*

Name of Pressing Factory.	Name of Owner.	Name of Registered Lessee.	Postal Address of Pressing Factory.	District.	Special Mark.
Juggilal Kamlapat Pressing Factory, Etawah, United Provinces.	Sir Padmapat Singhania	..	Pakka Bagh Road, Etawah, United Provinces.	Etawah	20 U.
Banko Behari Lal Madan Behari Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Madhoganj, United Provinces.	Lala Madan Behari Lal	..	Madhoganj, United Provinces.	Hardoi	21 U.
Sri Mohan Ginning and Pressing Oil Mills & Co., Kaimganj, United Provinces.	Parmānand Ramcharan Lal Shanti Bai Shyam Narain.	..	Mohalla Chiloli, Kaimganj, United Provinces.	Farrukhabad	22 U.
Sri Ram Mahadeo Pershad Cotton Press Factory, Cawnpore, United Provinces.	Lala Din Dayal	..	Mohalla Harrisganj, Cawnpore, United Provinces.	Cawnpore	23 U.
Juggilal Kamlapat Ginning and Pressing Factory, Cawnpore, United Provinces.	Juggilal Kamlapat	J. N. Cocolas & Co., Ltd.	Post Box No. 12, Cawnpore, United Provinces.	Do.	24 U.
Sri Krishna Ginning and Pressing Mills, Cawnpore, United Provinces.	Moti Lal Bhagirth Mal	..	Mohalla Bhannarapurwa, Cawnpore, United Provinces.	Do.	25 U.
Cocolas Factories, Pokhrayan, United Provinces.	J. N. Cocolas & Co., Ltd.	..	Pokhrayan, United Provinces.	Do.	26 U.
The Balmukund 48 Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Hathras, United Provinces.	Lala Balmukund	..	Mursan Gate, Hathras, United Provinces.	Aligarh	31 U.
The Balmukund Cotton Press, Aligarh, United Provinces.	Ditto	..	Delhi Darwaza, Aligarh, United Provinces.	Do.	32 U.
Pooranchand & Co., Ginning and Pressing Department, Agra, United Provinces.	Pooranchand & Co., Lala Ram Babu Proprietor.	..	Belanganj, Gausala Lane, Agra, United Provinces.	Agra	33 U.
National Industries, Oil mills, Essential oil distillery, Rice, Dal and flour mills, Saraimiran, U. P.	Raj Narain Kapoor	..	Sarai Miran C/o. Manaun Lal Ram Narain, Kanauj.	Farrukhabad	35 U.
Bankamal Madan Gopal Cotton Press, Kashipur, United Provinces.	Bankamal Madangopal	..	Kashipur, United Provinces	Naini Tal	36 U.
Minjimal Gillumal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Hathras, United Provinces.	Seth Madan Gopal, minor son of late S. Kashi Nath Bagla.	..	Mursan Gate, Hathras, United Provinces.	Aligarh	39 U.
The Sekaria Cotton Ginning and Manufacturing Co., Ginning and Pressing Factory.	Mr. Shubh Karan Sekaria of Agra	..	Pathwari, Belanganj, Agra, United Provinces.	Agra	41 U.
The Kosi Ginning and Pressing Factory, Kosi Kalan, Muttra, United Provinces.	The Cawnpore Commercial Corporation Ltd., Cawnpore.	..	Kosi Kalan, Muttra, United Provinces.	Muttra	44 U.
Gorakhrām Sadhurām Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Khurja, United Provinces.	Kanhiya Lal Gori Shankar	..	Khurja, United Provinces	Bulandshahr	49 U.
The Kuber Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Dobai, United Provinces.	Babu Raj Narain	..	Dobai, United Provinces	Do.	50 U.
Seth Tara Chand Cotton Factory, Hapur, United Provinces.	Seth Tara Chand Modi of Hapur	..	Pacca Bagh, Hapur, United Provinces.	Meerut	51 U.
Messrs. Gorakhrām Sadhurām Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Hapur, United Provinces.	1. Seth Gouri Shanker Goenka 2. Seth Manna Lal Goenka 3. Seth Ratan Lal Goenka 4. Madho Prasad Goenka	..	Garhmukteshar Road, Hapur, United Provinces.	Do.	52 U.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE UNITED PROVINCES, 1946-47—concl'd.

Name of Pressing Factory.	Name of Owner.	Name of Registered Lessee.	Postal Address of Pressing Factory.	Dressing.	Special Mark.
The Gamudia Ginning and Pressing Factory, Auraiya, United Provinces.	Gamudia Factoris, Ltd.	..	Auraiya, United Provinces	Etawah	54 U.
Mahali Ram Lachman Das Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Chandausi, United Provinces.	Saraj Mal Babu Mal	..	Jasai Gate, Chandausi, United Provinces.	Moradabad	55 U.
Messrs. Bankamal Niranjan-das Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Muttra, United Provinces.	Niranjandas	..	Muttra, United Provinces	Muttra	57 U.
Govind Ram Sikseria Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Muttra, United Provinces.	Govind Ram Sikseria	..	Shahganj Gate, Muttra, United Provinces.	Do.	58 U.
Ramchand Harcharan Das, Ginning and Pressing Factory, Gobardhan, United Provinces.	(1) Harcharan Das (2) Balmukund. (3) Chuni Lal. (4) Gulab Chand.	Messrs. Sahiram Daulatram, Gobardhan.	Gobardhan, United Provinces.	Do.	59 U.
Amolak Chand Mewa Ram Factory, Khurja, United Provinces.	Shanti Lal	..	Magdamganj, Khurja, United Provinces.	Bulandshahr	63 U.
The Cawnpore Hydraulic Press, Cawnpore, United Provinces.	Radha Krishna Sinhania	..	Cooperganj, Cawnpore	Cawnpore	64 U.
Mahali Ram Lachman Das Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Devai, United Provinces.	Babu Lal	..	Mandi Hardeo, United Provinces.	Bulandshahr	65 U.
Mahali Ram Lachman Das Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Khurja, United Provinces.	Ditto	Mahali Ram Lachman Das.	Khurja, United Provinces	Do.	66 U.
Jogi Ram Rai Bahadur Janki Prasad Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory No. 3.	Lala Shiam Lal	Rai Bahadur Lala Janki Prasad.	Ditto	Do.	67 U.
Bankeylal Ram Prasad Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Hathras, United Provinces.	Bankeylal Ram Khiloni, minor under the guardianship of Musammat Har Piri.	..	Chanwar Gate, Hathras, United Provinces.	Do.	76 U.
The Makkhan Lal Sirati Lal Cotton Press, Aligarh, United Provinces.	Sheo Prasad	..	Ghudia Bagh, Aligarh, United Provinces.	Do.	77 U.
Ilahi Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Aligarh, United Provinces.	Messrs. Shankar Das Rup Lal of Karachi.	..	Ditto	Do.	78 U.
Gopal Rai Govind Ram Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Aligarh, United Provinces.	Messrs. Jagan Nath Prasad Niranjan Lal, B.A., L.L.B., Kallash Chandra and Lala Gauri Shankar of Hathras.	..	Delhi Gate, Aligarh, United Provinces.	Do.	79 U.
Messrs. Behari Lal Chiddan Lal Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Jahangirabad, district Bulandshahr, United Provinces.	L. Gopal Swarup	..	Jahangirabad, District Bulandshahr.	Bulandshahr	80 U.
The Asharfi Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Sikandrabad, district Bulandshahr, United Provinces.	Musammat Asharfi Devi, wife of Lala Mukat Lal of Khurja.	..	Sikandrabad, District Bulandshahr, United Provinces.	Do.	81 U.
Chaturbhoj Ram Narain and Co., Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Kosi Kalan, district Muttra.	Messrs. Chaturbhoj Ram Narain	..	Kosi Kalan, district Muttra	Muttra	80 U.

LIST OF COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE PUNJAB FOR THE SEASON 1946-47.

The following supplements the list of Cotton Pressing Factories in the Punjab for the season 1946-47 appearing on pages 48 to 53 of the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd October, 1946 :—

Name of Pressing Factory and Location.	Name of Occupiers.	Press mark.
Messrs. Bhagirath Mal Gaja Nand Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factory, Duniyapur, District, Multan.	Messrs. Bhagirath Mal Gaja Nand	244-P.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS FOR CENTRAL SUGAR FACTORIES* FOR THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 15TH SEPTEMBER 1946.

(Issued by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, India, under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935.)

CONSOLIDATED FORTNIGHTLY STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS (For Central Sugar Factories)

For the Fortnight ending the 15th September 1946.

On the basis of returns received from factories under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935, the following statements have been compiled, showing the production and stocks of sugar by groups:—

GROUPING OF FACTORIES.

Group Symbol.	Estimated No. of Factories operating in the Group.		No. of Factories in the Group from which returns have been received.		Territories covered.
	Current Season.†	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.‡	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.	
A	6	4	5	4	Kashmir, N.W.F.P., Punjab and Sind: Kashmir.—Jammu. N.W.F.P.—Mardan. Punjab.—Lahore, Shahpur, Gujranwala, Ambala and Jullundur. Sind.—Nawabshah. (Including Indian States.) West United Provinces.—Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Meerut, Nainital, Rampur, Etah and Moradabad. (Including Indian States.) Central United Provinces.—Bareilly, Pilibhit, Kheri, Shahjahanpur, Sitapore, Hardoi, Lucknow, Cawnpore, Gonda and Allahabad. (Including States.) Eastern United Provinces.—Barrackpore, Bahraich, Jaunpur, Basti and Gorakhpur. (Including States.) Bihar: North Bihar.—Champan, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga and Purnea. South Bihar.—Bhagalpur, Shahabad, Patna and Gaya. (Including Indian States.) Bengal, Madras, Bombay, Orissa, Assam (including States) and Central India States.
B	23	24	22	21	
C	16	16	12	13	
D	30	29	29	27	
E	29	29	27	27	
F	41	38	32	33	
TOTAL	145	140	127	125	

NOTE.—The percentage cane crushing capacity of these 127 factories is estimated at 89 as against 90 for the 125 factories during the corresponding fortnight of the previous season.

*These statements relate to Central Sugar Factories only and not to all sugar factories. For the definition of "Central Sugar Factory" and "Sugar Factory", please see Rule 2 of the Sugar Production Rules, 1935. For complete figures of sugar production, please see the "Monthly Statistics of Production of Certain Selected Industries of India".

†Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1945-46.

‡Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1944-45.

Consolidated Fortnightly Statement of Sugar Production and Stocks (by Groups) for the Fortnight ending the 15th September 1946.

REPORT No. XXI (SEASON 1945-46).

A.—Stocks.

Group Symbol.	Opening Stock.		Closing Stock.	
	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
A	Mds. 30,726	Mds. 92,847	Mds. 19,274	Mds. 77,835
B	932,078	977,183	749,727	845,127
C	804,405	1,006,193	679,949	786,597
D	1,610,724	715,685	1,394,996	482,985
E	1,244,164	1,329,665	1,147,774	1,074,235
F	970,229	1,097,495	836,088	948,503
TOTAL	5,632,326	5,219,008	4,827,808	4,213,282

B.—Production.

Group Symbol.	Production during the Fortnight (Current Year).						Total Production.	
	Crystal.			Crushed.			Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.		
A	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..
B	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
E	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
F	7,836	..	..	..	..	..	7,836	11,693
TOTAL	7,836	..	..	..	..	..	7,836	11,693

C.—Despatches.

Group Symbol.	Despatches.			Total for Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	During the Current Fortnight.			
	Crystal.	Crushed.	Total.	
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
A	11,328	124	11,452	15,012
B	182,351	..	182,351	134,056
C	124,456	..	124,456	219,596
D	213,745	1,983	215,728	232,700
E	136,390	..	136,390	255,430
F	141,967	10	141,977	180,625
TOTAL	610,237	2,117	612,354	1,017,419

RESULTS OF AUCTION TEA SALES IN CALCUTTA.

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

Districts.	FOR CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.					
	SEASON 1946-1947.			SEASON 1945-1946.		
	Sold in Sale No. 15, 15th and 16th October.		Average Price per lb.	Sold in Sale No. 15, 16th October 1946.		Average Price per lb.
	Packages.	Ra. A. P.		Packages.	Ra. A. P.	
Assam	3,496	1 2 11		55,284	1 2 0	
Cachar	180	1 2 1		3,298	1 0 2	
Sylhet	482	1 1 3		9,684	1 0 5	
Darjeeling	475	1 4 1		10,521	1 4 1	
Dooars	..	..		47,429	1 0 2	
Teral	183	1 1 6		4,818	1 0 4	
Tripura	28	0 14 3		1,001	0 15 9	
Chittagong	15	1 6 0		155	1 2 0	
All other places	..	..		..	..	
Green Tea	4,859	1 2 9		132,190	1 1 3	
..	476	1 5 10		4,369	1 6 5	
TOTAL	5,335	1 3 1		136,559	1 1 5	
Dust	15,130	1 3 1		144,002	1 1 6	
..	..	..		16,065	0 12 8	
..	..	..		180,354	0 14 5	

(The above do not include Second-hand Tea, Damaged Tea and Dust.)

PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS.

[NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of reports.]

BONE MEAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 21st October—

(1) 1/2 and steamed	Ra. 210
(2) 1/2 and unsteamed	Ra. 180
(3) 1/4 th	Ra. 200

per ton f.a.s.

CEMENT—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 18th October—

Indian Portland f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load) Ra. 60 per ton.

†London, 7th May—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d site, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (8 ton loads and upwards), per ton 57s. 0d.†

COAL—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 18th October—

Per ton F. O. R.

(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Ra. 13-5
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Ra. 12-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Ra. 11-7
(4) Deshergarh	Ra. 13-5
(5) Ponati	Ra. 13-5
(6) Raneegunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Ra. 11-7

‡Bombay, 18th October—

Ready per ton.

(1) Deshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Ra. 13-5
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Ra. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Ra. 11-7
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Ra. 14-1

§Bombay, 30th September—

Per ton

Railborne Coal (Trimmed into Bunkers)	Ra. 39-12
Seaborne Coal (" " ")	Ra. 65-8

¶Karachi, 16th October—

Per ton

First Class Bengal (Trimmed into Bunkers), per ton	Ra. 70 (seaborne).
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COFFEE—

Market Quotations—

**Coimbatore—

12th October—

Per cwt.

(1) Plantation "A"	Ra. 115 to Rs. 116
(2) " " "PB"	Ra. 134 to Rs. 135
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Ra. 90 to Rs. 100
(4) Robusta " "	Ra. 85 to Rs. 86

19th October—

Rs. 123 to Rs. 124

(1) Plantation "A"	Ra. 143 to Rs. 144
(2) " " "PB"	Ra. 100 to Rs. 101
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Ra. 84 to Rs. 85
(4) Robusta " "	

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.

§ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

¶ Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.

** Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

* Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.

COTTON (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

(In bales*.)

	1946.	1945.
Imports into—		
Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise)†	43,381	23,471
Karachi by rail	13,978	7,364
Madras by rail and sea	2,453	554
Tuticorin by rail and sea	..	62
Calcutta by rail and river	398	1,338

(ii) From 1st September to 19th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

(In thousands of bales*.)

	1946.	1945.
Into Bombay	62	43

(iii) Imports by sea during the three months ending January, 1946 (into all British Indian ports):—

(In thousands of bales*.)

	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Sept. to Jan., 1946.
Egypt and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan	1	16	7	28
East Africa‡	61	77	12	152
United States of America	..	1	..	1
Other Countries	..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1945	62	94	19	181
" 1944	44	6	24	104
" 1943	28	58	26	132

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

(In bales*.)

	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	..	..
" Karachi	..	1,355
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† The East India Cotton Association's Report for week ending 20th September, 1946.

‡ Kenya Colony, Tanganyika Territory and Uganda Protectorate.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.

(b) Exports—contd.

(ii) From 1st September, to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	36	..
" Karachi	5	3
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *.)			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Jan. 1946.
United Kingdom	18	10	7	65
U. S. A.	19	29	31	80
Australia	..	..	..	2
Other Countries	49	16	28	96
TOTAL, 1945-46	86	55	66	253
" 1944-45	18	15	11	93
" 1942-44	22	10	13	104

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 18th October—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 443 (Jan. '47)

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,438,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,580,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	333	333
Bombay	..	1,450	1,450
Karachi	..	24	24
Madras	..	220	220

(ii) From 1st January to 21st September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20†	9,685†	9,685†
Bombay	3	65,826	65,829
Karachi	41	7,330	7,371
Madras	..	9,316	9,316

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	..	..	3	..	5	3
Bombay	..	..	11	..	18	78
Karachi	..	..	32	..	902	..
Madras	..	..	4	..	10	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 18th October—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	per lb.	..
(2) Domestic 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.	"	..
(3) Chaddars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	"	..
(4) Dhories (up to ½" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs.	"	..
(5) Dhories (Calcutta, ½" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	"	2 4 0

† Manchester, 16th August—

Price Index of cloth	244
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	327	327
Bombay	..	9,110	9,110
Karachi	..	..	..
Madras	..	720	720

(ii) From 1st January to 21st September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43†	33,198†	33,241†
Bombay	..	287,459	287,459
Karachi	..	5,140	5,140
Madras	..	25,480	25,480

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	3
Madras	..	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 18th October—

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	..	1 1 9
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, "	..	..
† Manchester, 16th August—		
Price index of American yarn	241	
" Egyptian "	229	
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)		

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	7	79
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

Cow Hides—

† Calcutta, 18th October—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..
(2) Darbhanga	..	..
(3) Patnas	..	..
(4) Salted cows, Daccas	Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 18-8	

Buffalo Hides—

† Calcutta, 18th October—

(1) Arsenic, Framed	..	..
(2) " Commons	Rs. 13-0 to Rs. 15-0	

Goat Skins—

† Calcutta, 18th October—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 270 to Rs. 300	
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Rs. 180 " Rs. 220	

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—

Market Quotations—

* Madras—

10th October—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—				
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to	2 4 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 8 0	"	1 8 0	
(3) Sheep skins "	6 0 0	"	7 0 0	
(4) Goat skins "	4 12 0	"	5 8 0	

17th October—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—				
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to	2 5 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 8 0	"	1 12 0	
(3) Sheep skins "	6 0 0	"	7 0 0	
(4) Goat skins "	4 12 0	"	5 12 0	

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 18th October—

Pig Iron—		
Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104	
" No. 2 " " "	Rs. 102	
" No. 3 " " "	Rs. 100	
" No. 4 " " "	Rs. 98	
† London, 7th May—		
Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£ s. d.	
Steel, rails, heavy " "	15 7 0	

JUTE (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta‡ by rail, river and sea	31	77
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	80	100
TOTAL	117	177

(ii) From 1st July to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta‡ by rail, river and sea	393	517
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	319	635
TOTAL	712	1,152

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.

Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	23	14

(ii) From 1st July to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	343	322

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(iii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales.)*			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	July '45 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom	59	56	43	280
United States of America	23	41	66	200
Brazil	7	..	..	56
Australia	..	3	1	10
Other Countries	96	116	93	581
TOTAL, 1945-46	185	216	203	1,127
" 1944-45	69	73	105	549
" 1943-44	125	72	119	581

(c) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 18th October—**

(1) European Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 28 0
 (2) Indian Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 27-0
 ‡ Calcutta—

(1) Firsts, per bale (400 lbs.)	{ Rs. 117-0 ‡ (n). Rs. 120-0 § (n). }	{ Rs. .. Rs. .. }
(2) Lightnings ..	{ Rs. 112-0 ‡ (n). Rs. 115-0 § (n). }	{ Rs. 113-0 ‡ Rs. 118-0 § }

	16th Oct.	22nd Oct.
(1) Firsts, per bale (400 lbs.)	{ Rs. 123-0 ‡ Rs. 130-0 § }	{ Rs. 135-0 ‡ Rs. 140-0 § }
(2) Lightnings ..	{ Rs. 120-0 ‡ Rs. 126-0 § }	{ Rs. 130-0 ‡ Rs. 130-0 § }

London, 8th, 15th & 22nd August—

Daisee C. & F., per ton	£ s. d. 45 0 0
-------------------------	-------------------

Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1946 is estimated at 5,550,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 7,991,000 bales in 1945 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	1,624	902
Hessian	220	873

(ii) From 1st January to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	205,148	175,540
Hessian	56,253	70,953

(b) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 18th October—**

B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×26½", 6×8", per 100 bags Rs. 81-0 (Ready).

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Exports.

§ Mills.

¶ Supplied by Messrs. Landale & Morgan.

(n) Nominal.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	100	569
Hessian	5,014	3,510

(ii) From 1st January to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	18,456	16,336
Hessian	1,015,264	938,137

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 18th October—**

(1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds.	Ra. 27-3 (Ready).
(2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds.	Ra. 35-12 (Ready).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—**

Calcutta, 21st October—
 Groundnut Cake, per md. Ra. 5-10½

OILSEEDS—**CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—**

† Bombay, 18th October—
 Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt. Rs. 24-0
 London, 17th October—
 Castorseed (Bombay), per ton £ s. d.
 47 0 0

COCONUTS—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin, 28th September—
 Coconuts, per 1,000 Ra. 185

COPRA—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin, 28th September—
 Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs. Ra. 430

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

§ Govt. control retail rate.

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports	..	..

(b) Market Quotations—*** Bombay, 15th September—**

Cotton seed, per Indian Md. Ra. 6-3-0

GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—****† Bombay, 18th October—**

(1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt. Rs. 35-0
 (2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt.

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations—****† Madras, 17th October—**

Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs. Rs. 91-1-0

† Bombay, 18th October—

Khandesh, per cwt. Rs. 23-10

London, 18th April—

Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton £ s. d.
38 0 0**LINSEED—****(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	..	1,328
Bombay, by rail and sea	794	438
Karachi, by rail and river	..	..
Vizagapatam, by rail	..	1,004

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	..

* Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—contd.**LINSEED—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—***** Bombay, 18th October—**

(1) Bold, per cwt. Rs. 23-14
 (2) Small, per cwt. Rs. 23-9

† Calcutta, 18th October—

Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md. Ra. 21-0 (Ready).

London, 2nd May—

Linseed, Bombay, per ton £ s. d.
46 10 0**RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—****(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	21	551
Bombay, by rail and sea	..	50
Karachi, by rail and river	417	282

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**† Karachi, 16th October—**

Per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately.
 Rapeseed and/or Toria (including bags) Rs. 107-0½

*** Bombay, 29th June, 1945—**

(1) Brown, Cawapore, per cwt. Rs. 18-0 (n).
 (2) Yellow, " " " " " Rs. 23-0 (n).

London, 18th April—

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £ s. d.
39 10 0

* Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Sind Govt. controlled price ex-godown in Karachi City.

(n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 18th October—

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 60-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 59-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 58-8-0

† Madras, 17th October—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 263
-----------------------------------	---------

COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin, 28th September—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (854 lbs.).	Rs. 632-8 Ready. Rs. 635-0 One month.
---	--

GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

‡ Madras, 19th October—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 240 (n).
--------------------------------------	--------------

OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 18th October—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ Rs. 4-4-3 || Rs. 4-7-3 ||
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	{ Rs. 3-13-6 || Rs. 4-0-6 ||

PETROL—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 18th October—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.
-----------------------------	------------------------

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		2,376	497

- * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
- † Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.
- ‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
- § Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.
- || Ex-godown.
- ¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.
- ** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.
- (n) Nominal.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		201,916	26,986

From 1st January to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	15,147

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 18th October—

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..†

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 18th October—

T. N. per B. maund	Rs. 145
--------------------	---------

London, 17th October—

T. N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d. 18 5 0
------------------------	-------------------

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—**(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined.	(In cwt.)
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea	820	734
" Bombay by rail	3,376	328
" Karachi " "	..	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
A* grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
B* grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
C* grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

Oct. 24, 1946.]

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined.	(In cwt.)	
	JAVA.	Mauri-tins.	Other Countries. TOTAL.
Imports into—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..

TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Cawnpore, 28th September—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 10 7 6 to 16 1 6 17 2 6 to 16 12 6	
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 14 0	16 8 0
Basti, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 12 0	16 6 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	17 2 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 11 0	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta, (28th Sept. '46)	3,990	(29th Sept. '45)	29,252
Bombay, (15th Aug. ")	65,400	(15th Aug. ")	100,500
Karachi, (28th Sept. ")	30,116	(27th Sept. ")	26,563
Madras, (26th " ")	20,479	(29th " ")	35,097

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending:—

	5th Oct.	12th Oct.
	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siawa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..

Eating—

(3) Madras	20 9	11 11	20 9	11 11
(4) Ahmednagar	14 7	12 0	14 7	12 0
(5) Lyallpur	..	11 12	..	11 12
(6) Muzaffarnagar	..	..	..	..
(7) Meerut	..	9 0	18 8	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	..	23 0	33 0	20 0
(9) Dacca (best quality)	33 0	23 0	33 0	20 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

† Kilderspore Docks only.

TEA—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		3,831	15,860

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		380	428
" Chittagong		3,634	..

(ii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	July '45 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom .	33,010	18,067	27,182	200,927
Iraq . . .	541	..	..	927
Iran . . .	354	60	60	2,484
Canada . . .	4,986	200	..	17,927
United States of America . . .	11,399	5,378	10,315	45,119
Australia . . .	..	2,709	2,119	13,777
Other Countries .	1,769	4,782	2,012	16,860
TOTAL, 1945-46 .	52,068	32,096	41,688	298,021
" 1944-45 .	46,551	46,487	40,963	302,014
" 1943-44 .	45,650	16,366	27,831	235,824

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 15th & 16th October—

† Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. Rs. 1-3-1

WHEAT—**(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)			
	1946.		1945.	
	Indian†.	Foreign.	Indian†.	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta	..	5,000	4,201	18,107
Bombay	..	..	1,255	..
Karachi	..	..	237	..

* Relating to tea, black.

† See also page 212.

‡ In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.**(a) Imports and Exports—contd.**

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta		—	—
Bombay		—	—
Karachi		—	—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		—	—

(ii) From 1st April to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Calcutta	Indian*, Foreign:	47,745§	16,930§
Bombay	Indian*, Foreign:	3,290	4,022
Karachi	Indian*, Foreign:	97,634	80,753

From 1st April to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta		—	—
Bombay		—	—
Karachi		—	—

From 1st April to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		100,772	43,295

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 15th September—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 11th October—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mda., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13.1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

§ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

WHEAT—concl.**(b) Market Quotations—contd.**

Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Rs. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1945-46 is now estimated at 8,967,000 tons, as against 10,458,000 tons in 1944-45.

WOOL (RAW)—**Market Quotations—**

* **Karachi, 16th October—**

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Rs. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† **Calcutta, 18th October—**

	Jute (50 c. ft.)	Linseed (20 cwt.)
	Plus 15% Surchage.	
London §	80 0(n) 01 3(n)	
Liverpool §	80 0(n) 01 3(n)	
Dundee §	80 0(n) 01 3(n)	
Glasgow §	80 0(n) 01 3(n)	

‡ **Bombay, 18th October—**

Cotton (40 c. ft.)—		
United Kingdom ports	102 0	
Antwerp	—	
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	—	
Trieste, Venice	—	
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—		
Linseed, Rape, etc.—		
United Kingdom ports	92 0	
Antwerp	—	
Marseilles	—	
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	—	
Trieste, Venice	—	
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—		
Cotton, etc.—		
United Kingdom ports	89 0	
Marseilles	—	
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	—	
Groundnuts—		
United Kingdom ports	98 0	

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal.

GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.

Cement
Indian "Swastika"
per ton F.O.R.
(Calcutta).

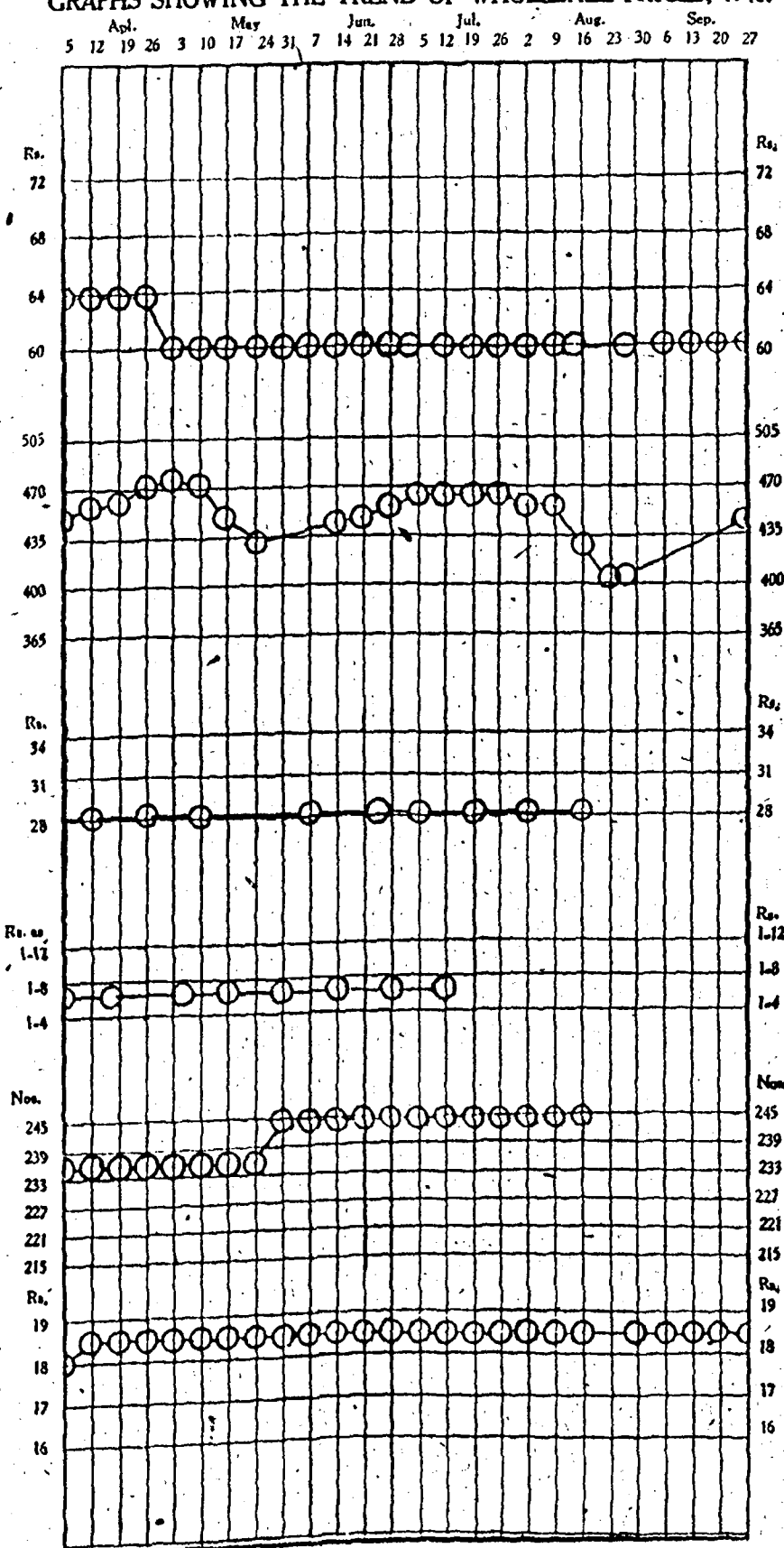
Cotton Raw
Indian Cotton Con-
tract, based on Fine
M. G. Jarilla—per
Candy of 784 lbs.
(Bombay).

Cotton—Grey
Domestic s
50" x 40 yds. x 19 &
lbs. per piece.
(Bombay).

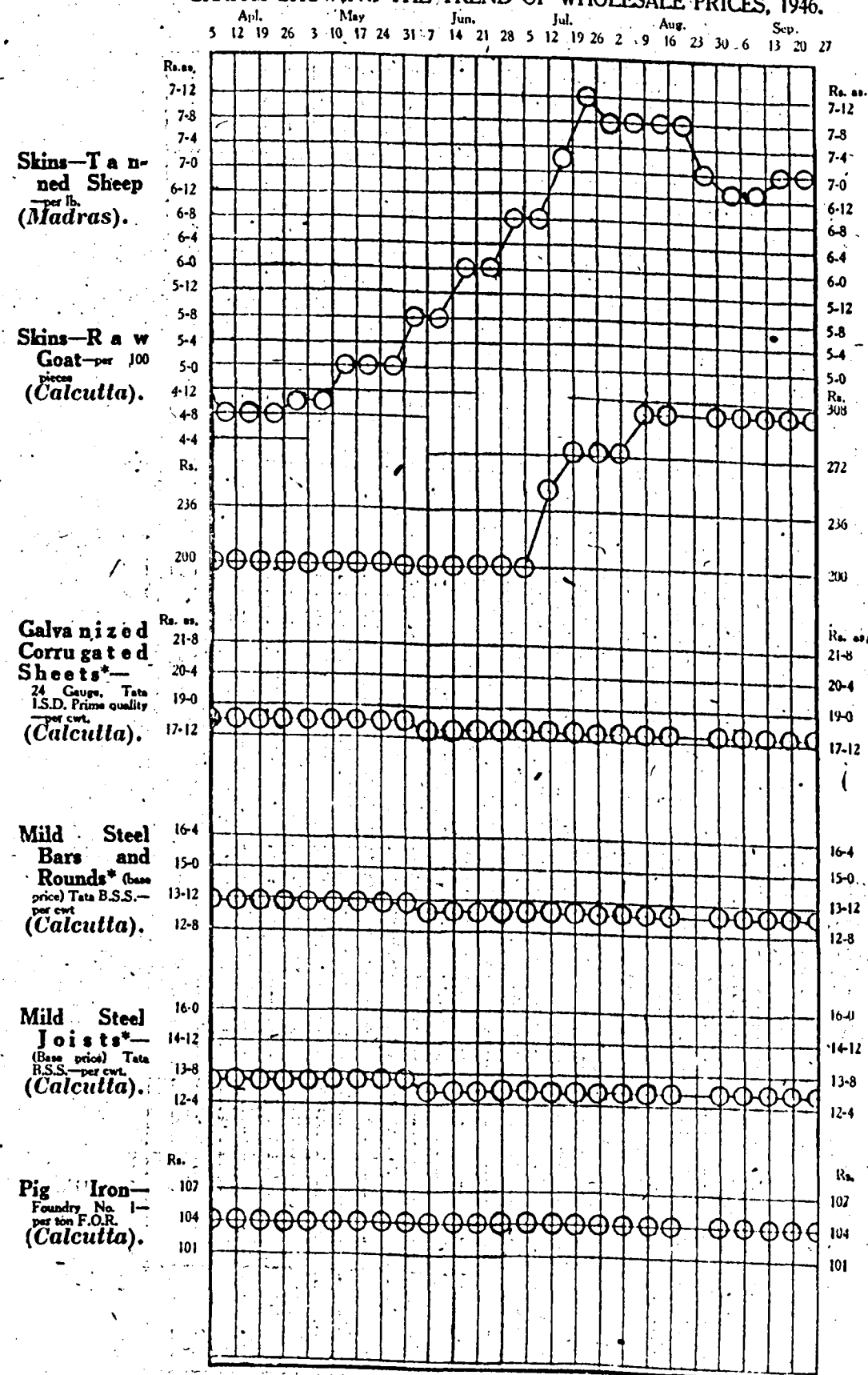
Grey Dhories, Rs. 12
(up to 15" nakhli
border) 32" x 9"
yds. x 11 lbs.
per lb.
(Bombay).

Cloth Index No.
Base—100
average price, 1938.
(Manchester).

Hides—Salted
(Cows) Dacca—per
20 lbs.
(Calcutta).

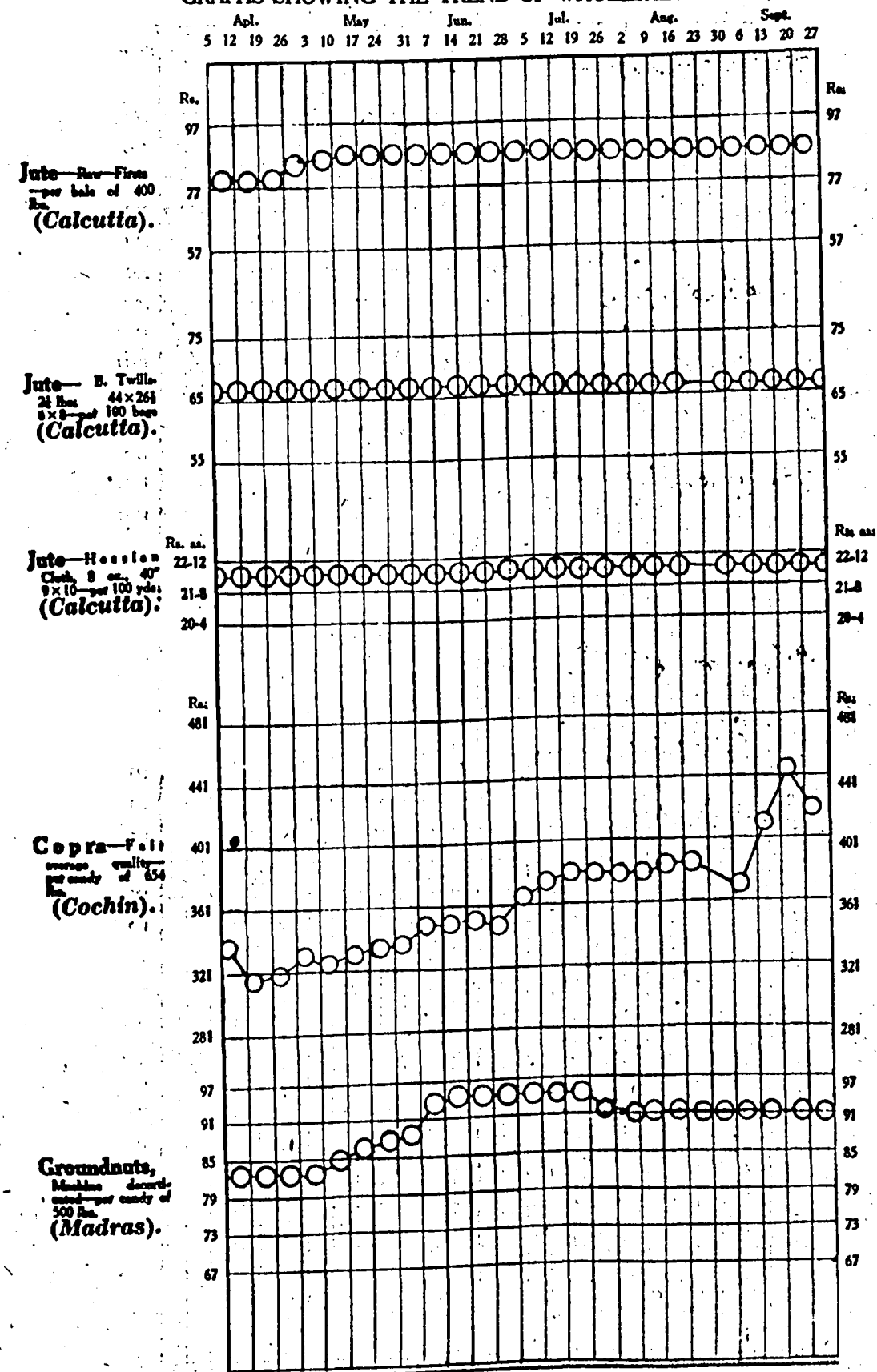


GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.

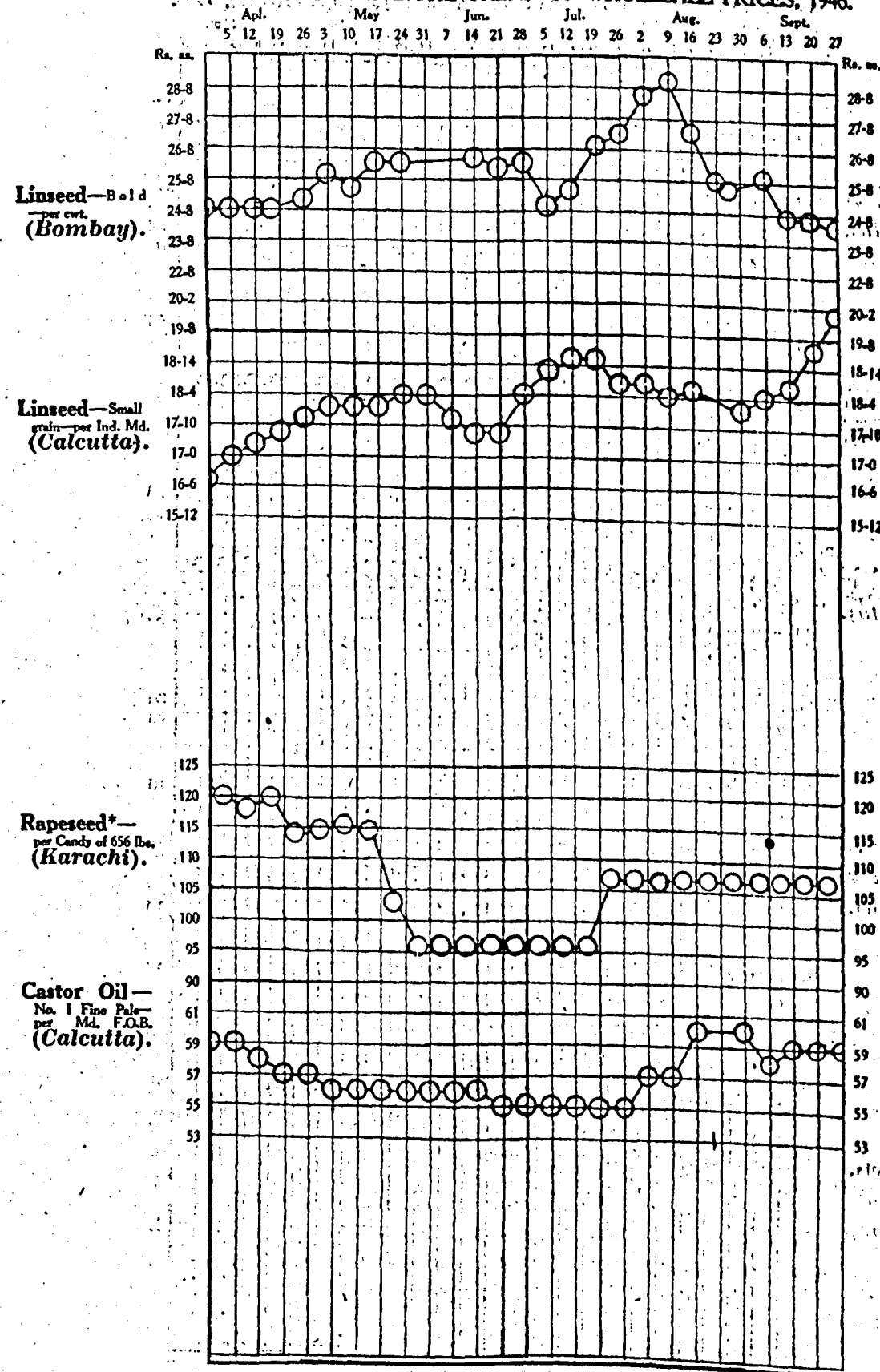


*Subject to a reduction of Rs. 7-8-0 per ton for cash ex-yard delivery till 31st May, 1946.

GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.

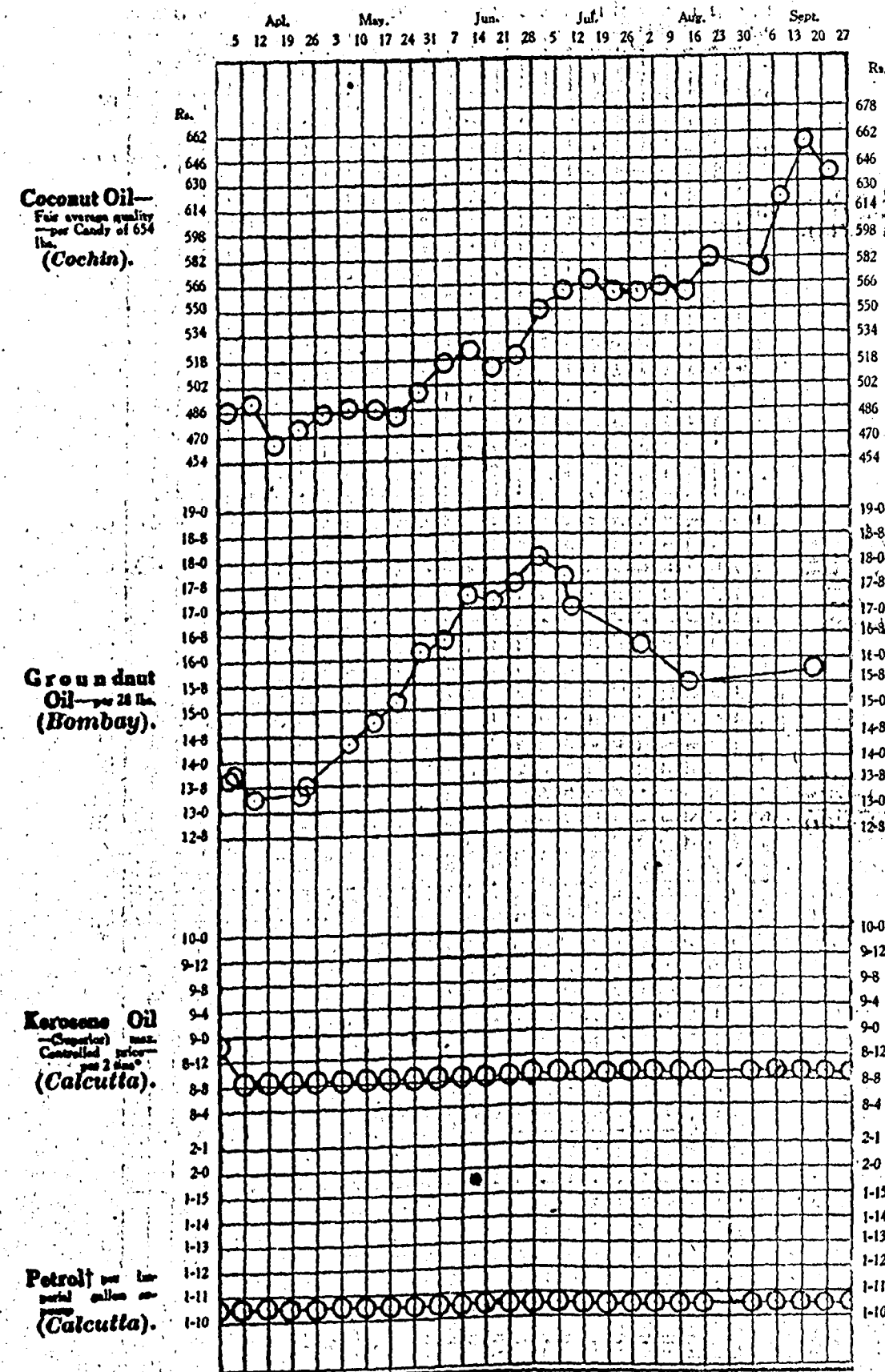


GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



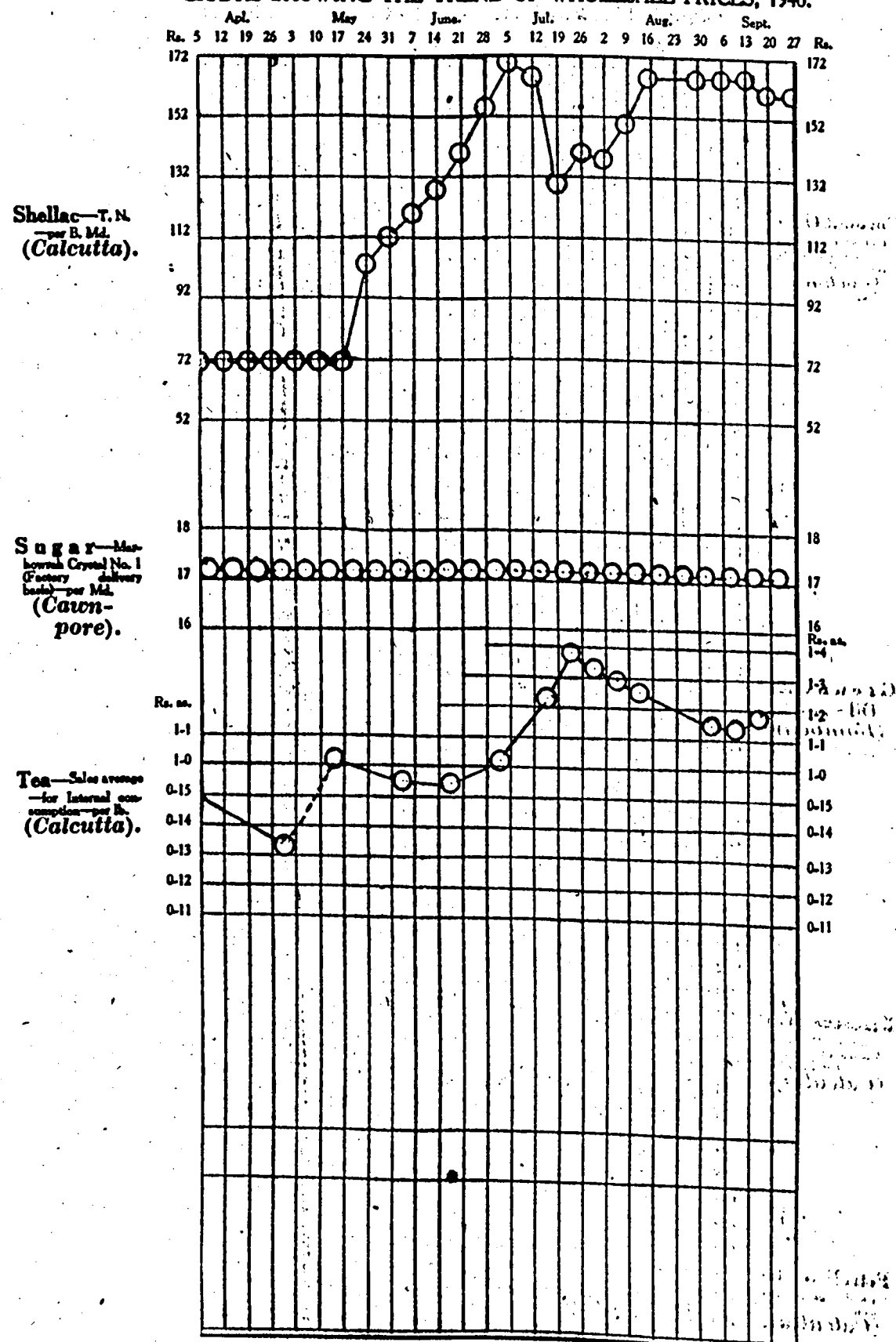
* From May 29 to July 17, Govt. Controlled price in producing areas, and since July 24, ex-godown in Karachi City.

GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



* Agents' selling price to dealers, ex-godown.
† Retail. Includes Sales Tax.

GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



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Bombay.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Wednesday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 29th October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 29th October 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 2,54,50,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-6 per cent were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-3 per cent were allotted approximately 77 per cent. The total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-6-11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) on Monday, the 4th November 1946, at all the centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 8th November 1946. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 25th October 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,20,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 29th October—
British Conversion (3½ per cent) 114½
British War Loan (3½ per cent) 107½

EXCHANGE—

23rd October—
Telegraphic Transfer Selling. Buying.
On New York D/D \$100— 1s. 5½d. 1s. 6½d.
London/New York Rs. 332½ Rs. 329½
\$4-02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 28th October—
Gold (-999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 99-4; forward
Rs. 88-8.

London, 28th October—
Gold, per fine oz. 18-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—

28th October—
Silver (-999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 161;
forward Rs. 150.

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

21st October—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 160

London, 25th October—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 55½d.

New York, 25th October—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 90½ cents,

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 11TH OCTOBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 21st October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	758,28,86,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	322,53,83,000
3. Cash in India :—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	37,59,82,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,24,93,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	70,60,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	70,72,68,000
5. Advances in India	392,49,99,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,14,23,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.
(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	11-10-46.	4-10-46.	12-10-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	758,28,86	749,18,97	658,42,95	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	322,53,83	320,67,54	260,85,75	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	41,54,45	39,44,04	34,73,97	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	70,72,68	78,70,68	98,50,36	25,17,10
5. Advances in India	392,49,90	391,53,17	250,93,05	101,52,16
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,14,23	19,14,98	13,15,31	3,57,29

Oct. 31, 1946.]

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.
RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 13th October 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	61,27,51,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	19,31,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,76,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	463,30,91,000	(a) Internal	..
(2) Government of Burma	73,44,000	(b) External	..
(3) Other Government Accounts	21,89,34,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	1,90,65,000
(b) Banks	83,33,28,000	Balances held abroad*	504,81,10,000
(c) Others	10,08,74,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	17,00,000
Bills Payable	9,44,20,000	Other Loans and Advances	28,50,000
Other Liabilities	5,95,18,000	Investments	16,46,12,000
		Other Assets	19,63,14,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	604,75,09,000	TOTAL ASSETS	604,75,09,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 13th October 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	61,27,51,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,197,24,72,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
Total Notes issued		1,258,52,23,000	(b) Held outside India	..	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
			Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		20,93,76,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,13,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,258,52,23,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,258,52,23,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93-74 per cent.

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B. 3062 W. 22-3-47.

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

INDIAN—

Fire Extinguishers.

(JJ-50) A Government Department in Kabul (Afghanistan) desires to be put in touch with suppliers in India of Fire Extinguishers of various sizes intended for use in Machine Shops.

Grease and Tallow.

(JJ-51) A local firm desires to be put in touch with manufacturers of Grease and Tallow in India.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

CROPS. Bengal, week ending 18th October.—Weather generally seasonable. Prospects of standing crops reported, on the whole, satisfactory. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops in progress in some districts. *Bombay*, week ending 25th October.—Rainfall during week insufficient in Karnatak and practically absent elsewhere. Immediate rain needed for crops in Gujarat and for late varieties in Konkan. Otherwise condition of crop fairly satisfactory. *Kharif* harvest and *rabi* sowing progressing. *United Provinces*, week ending 12th October.—Light showers in fifteen districts, rainfall from 1" to 2" in seven districts and above 2" in nine districts reported. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops continued. Sowing of *rabi* crops in progress and *kharif* crops being harvested. Irrigation of paddy and sugarcane done in some districts where rainfall insufficient. Standing crops reported suffered from drought in one district. Condition of standing crops and prospects of outturn continued, on the whole, satisfactory except in areas affected by drought or floods. *Assam*, dated 21st October.—Heavy rainfall reported from many districts. Nowgong over-flooded and crops reported damaged. *Rabi* crops also affected by rain in Sibsagar. Insects damage reported from Goalpara and Kamrup. Prospects and outturn of crops bad.

Cotton. *Bombay*, 22nd October.—Forward prices exhibited throughout session tendency to fluctuate within narrow limits. Fluctuations numerous but limited within narrow range. Under-cotton remained well maintained. Indian Cotton Contract January

starting around Rs. 445-8, eased to Rs. 443-8. Thereafter it fluctuated between Rs. 443-12 and Rs. 444-8. Improving gradually subsequently, it moved between Rs. 444-12 and Rs. 443-12. It then continued to rise and varied between Rs. 444-12 and Rs. 445-12. Towards close small fall occurred and rate closed at Rs. 445.

Jute. Calcutta, 26th October.—Business on basis of Firsts and Dundee Daisce at Rs. 165 and Rs. 155, respectively, reported. Hessians of 40" 10 oz. quoted at Rs. 38-12 ready. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 92 ready.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. Madras, 24th October:—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to 2 5 0
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 8 0	to 1 12 0
Sheep skins, per lb.	8 0 0	to 7 0 0
Goat skins, per lb.	4 12 0	to 6 0 0

Shellac. Calcutta, 25th October.—T. N. Rs. 150 per B. Maund.

Tea. Sixteenth Tea Sale, Calcutta, 21st and 22nd October.—467 packages Green Tea at average price Re. 1-5-2, 11,002 packages other sorts at average price Re. 1-2-2 and 10,284 packages Dust at average price Re. 1-2-9 sold for consumption in India. Common and medium Broken grades of leaf from 3 to 6 pies easier than last week; but leaf grades in strong demand and dearer, while commonest sorts and teas for price also firmer. Green teas again sold well except for few unsorted lines. Market for Dusts generally declined by from 3 to 6 pies except for best C. T. C. Assams which dearer.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

ALL-INDIA INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES OF FOOD ARTICLES.

—The following Press Note, dated the 14th October 1946, has been issued by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi:—

The Economic Adviser's All-India index of wholesale prices of Food Articles (Base: last week of August 1939=100) worked out to 253.6 for the week ended September 28, 1946, as compared with 252.9 (revised) for the previous week and 230.2 for the corresponding week of the previous year.

During the week, the group index for 'Pulses' advanced by 15 points to 377 as a result of Dal Arhar recovering to its former price level of Rs. 22 per maund at Lahore Market. The group index for 'Cereals' continued to remain unchanged at 281, while the third group 'Other Food Articles' declined by about a point from 192 (revised) to 191.

The average index for September 1946 was 253.6 as compared with 252.4 for the previous month and 238.2 for the corresponding month of last year.

FOREIGN TRADE OF CALCUTTA IN AUGUST 1946.

THE overseas import trade of Calcutta in private merchandise in August 1946 recorded a great set-back in comparison with the preceding month, viz., July 1946, the values having decreased from Rs. 6.71 crores to Rs. 2.75 crores. No American Disposal goods were imported during the month under review.

Exports, including re-exports, also registered a further set-back from Rs. 9.94 crores in July 1946 to Rs. 9.77 crores in August 1946.

The values of imports and exports in August 1945 were Rs. 11.44 crores and Rs. 10.27 crores, respectively.

IMPORTS.

A comparison of the values of the principal imports in August 1946 with those of August 1945 is given below, the figures in brackets indicating the increase or decrease as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Machinery and millwork	55 (—37)
Metals, other than iron and steel	41 (+10)
Oils, mineral	19 (—5.42)
Chemicals and chemical preparations	15 (—8)
Tea chests	9 (constant)
Spices, betelnuts	8 (+6)
Paper and pasteboard	7 (—28)
Hardware	6 (constant)
Instruments, electrical	6 (—22)
Instruments, other than electrical	6 (constant)
Liquors	5 (+2)
Provisions	5 (constant)
Iron and steel	4 (—16)
Drugs and medicines	3 (+1)
Apparel	1 (constant)
Building and engineering materials other than cement	1 (—10)
Cotton goods	1 (—1)
Woollen goods	1 (—1)
Tobacco	1 (—13)
Glass and glassware	1 (constant)

Noticeable decreases also occurred under grain, pulse and flour (—Rs. 1.05 lakhs), salt (—Rs. 34 lakhs), umbrella and umbrella fittings and earthenware (—Rs. 1 lakh each). The increase is also noticed under motor cars (+Rs. 3 lakhs), building and engineering materials—cement and rubber manufactures (+Rs. 1 lakh each).

EXPORTS.

The variations in the value of the principal exports of Indian merchandise in August 1946 with those of August 1945 are given below:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Jute manufactures	4.35 (—64)
Tea	1.66 (—1.02)
Lac	95 (+64)
Jute, raw	72 (—18)
Hides and skins, raw	28 (+18)
Mica	21 (+10)
Woollen goods	8 (+4)
Tobacco	8 (+7)
Spices and chillies	3 (+1)
Coal	3 (+2)
Dyeing and tanning substances	2 (constant)
Hemp	2 (—2)
Manganese ore	2 (constant)

Noticeable decreases occurred under grain, pulse and flour (—Rs. 53 lakhs), linseed (—Rs. 12 lakhs) and linseed oil (—Rs. 2 lakhs) and increases under cotton goods, manures and betelnuts (+Rs. 1 lakh each).

The bulk of re-exports consisted of lumber, metal—sheets and plates, raw wool, engineering materials, oil—mineral and medical stores worth Rs. 22 lakhs, Rs. 15 lakhs, Rs. 12 lakhs, Rs. 8 lakhs Rs. 6 lakhs and Rs. 4 lakhs, respectively.

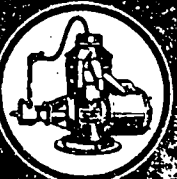
DIRECTION OF EXPORTS.

Rope, fish, fruits and vegetables, glass and glassware, hardware, betelnuts, stationery and cigarettes were shipped solely to Burma; linseed and hemp to the United Kingdom; chillies to Ceylon; kapok to the Commonwealth of Australia; sheep skins to France; buffalo hides to Turkey; leather to Czechoslovakia; bones for manufacturing purpose to the United Kingdom and Belgium; coal to Ceylon and Straits Settlements; myrobalans to Belgium and Netherlands; mica and hides and skins—others to the United Kingdom and the United States of America; manganese ore to Norway and the United States of America; paraffin wax to Ceylon and Egypt; hosiery to Ceylon and Burma; jute twist and yarn to the United Kingdom and Argentine Republic; jute canvas to Denmark and Java; tobacco, unmanufactured, to Burma and Hong-kong; cow hides to the United Kingdom, Turkey and Czechoslovakia; goat skins to the United States of America, Netherlands and the United Kingdom; rubber manufactures to French Indo-China, Burma and Ceylon; woollen carpets to the United Kingdom, the Commonwealth of Australia and Denmark; lac to the United Kingdom, Burma, Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia; Philippines, the United States of America, Brazil and Argentine; tea mainly to the United Kingdom, Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the United States of America and Chile; jute, raw, mainly to the United Kingdom, Belgium, France, the United States of America, Brazil, Chile and Argentine; gunny bags mainly to the United Kingdom, Burma, Straits Settlements, Rhodesia, Kenya, British West India Islands, the Commonwealth of Australia, Denmark, Celebes, Philippines, China, Egypt, French Morocco, Cuba, Porto Rico, Chile and Peru; gunny cloth to the United Kingdom, Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, Turkey Asiatic, Philippines, the United States of America, Uruguay and Argentine Republic.

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MARITIME TRADE OF SIND, 1945-46.

General Summary.

With the advent of peace after nearly six years of total war it was not unnatural to expect an upward development in the foreign and coasting trade of this province.

The total sea-borne trade of the Province of Sind during 1945-46 amounted to Rs. 126.31 crores, thus registering an increase of Rs. 19.14 crores or 17.9 per cent by comparison with the previous year. The value of the foreign trade amounted to Rs. 70.93 crores, an increase of Rs. 10.77 crores or 17.8 per cent, while the value of the coasting trade was Rs. 55.37 crores, an increase of Rs. 8.37 crores or 17.8 per cent.

Foreign Trade.

IMPORTS.

General Review of Import Trade.—The total value of private merchandise imported into the Province of Sind from foreign countries was Rs. 22.28 crores, an improvement of Rs. 1.99 crores or 10 per cent as compared with the previous year. The increase under merchandise occurred under most of the main heads but the principal articles contributing towards it were cotton, raw (+Rs. 88 lakhs), machinery and mill-work (+Rs. 76.83 lakhs), woollen yarn and manufactures (+Rs. 68.10 lakhs), metals and ores (+Rs. 45.69 lakhs), articles imported by post (+Rs. 31.24 lakhs), vehicles (+Rs. 29.88 lakhs), instruments and apparatus (+Rs. 25.46 lakhs), liquors (+Rs. 24.92 lakhs), paper and pasteboard (+Rs. 20.94 lakhs), artificial yarn and manufactures (+Rs. 19.75 lakhs), cotton yarn and manufactures (+Rs. 17.66 lakhs), asphalt (+Rs. 16.59 lakhs), dyeing and tanning substances (+Rs. 10.29 lakhs), toilet requisites (+Rs. 10.08 lakhs) and wool, raw (+Rs. 8.96 lakhs). Imports of oils (—Rs. 3,48.24 lakhs), on the other hand, showed a substantial decrease; chemicals (—Rs. 0.33 lakh), copra (—Rs. 4.32 lakhs) and tobacco (—Rs. 0.81 lakh) also decreased.

EXPORTS.

General Review of Export Trade.—The export trade in private merchandise (Indian and foreign) from the Province of Sind to foreign countries amounted to Rs. 33.69 crores, an increase of Rs. 8.19 crores or 32 per cent, and that in private treasure (silver) was Rs. 9 lakhs, a decrease of Rs. 9.85 lakhs or 52 per cent. The increase under merchandise occurred principally in exports of cotton, raw (+Rs. 3.41 crores), hides and skins, raw (+Rs. 2.94 crores), wool, raw (+Rs. 1.59 crores), machinery (+Rs. 53.15 lakhs), wool manufactures (+Rs. 67.58 lakhs) and seeds (+Rs. 33.94 lakhs). Despatches of mica (—Rs. 1.25 crores), jute, raw, and manufactures (—Rs. 43.41 lakhs), grain, pulse and flour (—Rs. 25.79 lakhs), cotton manufactures (—Rs. 6.09 lakhs), sugar (—Rs. 4.11 lakhs) and chromite (—Rs. 2.10 lakhs) registered a decline.

Coasting Trade.

Imports.—The value of imports of private merchandise (Indian and foreign) in the coasting trade amounted to Rs. 14.75 crores, an increase of Rs. 86.95 lakhs or 6 per cent. The principal articles responsible for this increase were oils, mineral—other kinds, apparel, gunny bags, coal, spices, provisions, groundnuts, soap and fruits and vegetables. On the other hand, decreases occurred in the arrival of cotton coloured and grey piecegoods, copra, cigarettes, hardware and cotton twist and yarn.

Exports.—The value of exports of private merchandise (Indian and foreign) in the coasting trade came to Rs. 39.95 crores, an increase of Rs. 7.14 crores or 21 per cent. The increase under merchandise occurred chiefly under cotton, raw, but dry fruit, seeds, fish and salt also contributed towards it. Decreases occurred under grain, pulse and flour, machinery and mill work and fodder, bran and pollards.

REPORT OF THE INDIA GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER, TORONTO, FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1946.

Canadian Business Activity.

PRODUCTIVE operations, as reported by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, receded to a somewhat lower position in June, 1946, than in the preceding month, the index of the Physical Volume of Business (1935-39=100) declining 2.9 per cent from 184.3 in May to 178.9. The standing in June was lower than in any other month in recent years.

The general wholesale Price Index (1926=100) stood at 109.1 in June, a gain of 0.5 points.

Another increase was recorded in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics cost-of-living index at July 2nd, 1946, when it was computed at 125.1 (1935-39=100) as compared with 123.6 at June 2nd.

Stocks of Canadian wheat in store or in transit in North America at midnight on June 27th, 1946, totalled 47,003,931 bushels as compared with 254,375,770 bushels on June 29th, 1945.

Trade.

(One Rupee equals \$0.3330.)

The following table gives details of Canada's trade with British India during the month of June, as compared with the trade during the previous month and during June, 1945. Total trade for the first six months of 1946 is compared with the same period of 1945.

Canada's Trade with British India.

	June 1945.	May 1946.	June 1946.
	\$	\$	\$
Imports	876,000	2,436,000	1,918,000
Exports	41,730,000	4,508,000	4,143,000
Total Trade	42,606,000	6,944,000	6,061,000
Balance of Trade in Canada's Favour	40,854,000	2,072,000	2,105,000

	First Six Months, 1945.	First Six Months, 1946.
	\$	\$
Imports	17,544,000	15,162,000
Exports	165,940,000	31,520,000
Total Trade	183,484,000	46,682,000
Balance of Trade in Canada's Favour	149,308,000	16,358,000

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B. 2997 W. 4-1-47.

Oct. 31, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

233

The total value of Canadian exports to British India during the month of June, 1946, showed a light recession from the total of the previous month. However, the balance of trade in Canada's favour recorded an increase. The major items of export were wheat, autos, both freight and passenger, auto parts, and guns, rifles and other firearms.

The total value of Canadian imports from British India during June, 1946, showed a further recession. The major items imported by Canada from India during June were jute fabrics, walnuts, cashew nuts, carpets and raw cotton. The following table gives details of the principal items of import during the month of June as compared with those of the same month of 1945:—

Canadian Imports from British India.

Commodity.	Unit.	June 1945.		June 1946.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
			\$		\$
Walnuts, not shelled	Lb.	..	..	167,055	27,109.
Walnuts, shelled	..	..	..	372,077	151,616
Cashew nuts, shelled	..	5,000	2,989	223,100	131,091
Tea, India, black, direct	..	401,475	223,370	..	..
Lac, crude, seed, stick and shell	Cwt.	408	17,350	829	38,350
Goat skins and kid skins, raw	..	..	..	273	14,534
Leather, tanned, n.o.p.	..	..	194,103	..	40,895
Raw cotton	Lb.	797	137	568,718	99,093
Jute and jute butts	Cwt.	..	..	9,735	96,690
Fabrics, jute, unbleached, n.o.p.	Yd.	1,160,000	115,892	10,622,221	982,019
Bags, sacks of hemp, linen, jute	..	..	216,531	..	50,124
Carpets, Ingrain, squares	Sq. ft.	18,000	3,998	74,330	11,390
Carpets, oriental, squares	..	19,297	13,075	151,025	125,541
Kapok	Cwt.	802	22,954	..	..
Vegetable fibre, n.o.p.	..	151	2,171	..	12,108
Coir and coir yarn	..	1,118	10,031	890	10,200
Mica and manufactures, n.o.p.	..	..	11,045	..	13,758
Myrobalan extract	Cwt.	3,682	11,895	4,945	14,600
Radiun	..	..	..	..	13,350
Balls, all kinds, n.o.p. for exports	..	..	575	..	11,387

Trade Enquiries and Openings.

The more important trade enquiries received and dealt with during the month of June are summarized as follows:—

I.—ENQUIRIES FROM CANADIAN FIRMS.

Cheesecloth and Stockinette Bags.—A Toronto factory interested in suppliers of cheesecloth and stockinette bags were supplied with a list of names of Indian cotton mills. Details of their enquiry were also passed on to India for circulation.

Leather, Brassware, Silverware, Handicraft Articles and Rugs.—A St. Vital, Manitoba, importer was furnished with names of exporters of the above-named Indian products and details of his enquiry were also forwarded to India for further circulation.

Cotton Piecegoods, Silk Goods and Lace Goods.—Details of the enquiry of a Toronto firm for cotton piecegoods, silk goods and lace goods were passed on to India. A list of names of Indian exporters of these goods was also furnished to the Toronto enquirer.

Lace Goods.—A Montreal importer was supplied with a list of names of Indian exporters of lace goods, and details of his enquiry were forwarded to India for circulation.

Cocoa Mats and Matting.—A list of names of Indian suppliers of cocoa mats and matting was passed on to a Montreal firm. Their enquiry was also forwarded to India for circulation among other interested exporters.

Carpets and Rugs.—A Toronto firm asked for names of Indian exporters of carpets and rugs. A list of names was supplied and details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for circulation.

Lace Goods.—Names of Indian exporters of lace goods were furnished to a Toronto company. Details of their enquiry were also passed on to India for circulation among other interested firms.

Hides and Skins.—A Toronto firm were given a list of names of Indian exporters of hides and skins. Details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for circulation among other interested firms.

Brassware.—A Montreal firm were supplied with a list of names of Indian exporters of brassware. Details of their enquiry were passed on to India for further circulation.

Jute Goods, Cutlery, Surgical Instruments.—A list of names of Indian exporters of the above-mentioned goods was supplied to a Montreal firm. Details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for circulation among other suitable exporters.

Nut, Spices, Chutney, Condiments, Food Products.—A Victoria firm were given a list of names of Indian exporters of the goods named above, and details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for the further necessary action.

Calcutta Canes.—A large Vancouver department store were forwarded a list of names of Indian exporters of Calcutta cane. Details of their enquiry were also forwarded to India for circulation.

Cotton Goods.—A list of names of Indian exporters of cotton goods was furnished to a Vancouver firm. Details of their enquiry were also forwarded to India.

II.—ENQUIRIES FROM INDIAN FIRMS.

Sports Goods, Carpets, Coir Mats and Matting, Indian Crude Drugs, Raw Wool, Shellac, Kashmir Handicrafts, Minerals, Honey, Cutlery and Surgical Instruments.—A New Delhi firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-listed Indian goods.

Sports Goods, Carpets, Coir Mats and Matting, Gunny Bags and Hessians, Kashmir Noelties, Raw Drugs and Herbs, Raw Minerals, Spices, Dried Fruits and Ropes.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products was forwarded to a Delhi firm.

Crude Drugs, Vegetable Oils, Oil Seeds, Spices, Cutlery, Sports Goods, Leather Goods, Toys, Textiles, Toiletries.—Names of Canadian importers of the goods mentioned above were passed on to a Bombay company.

Talc Powder, Graphite Powder, China Clay.—A Calcutta firm was given a list of names of Canadian importers of the above Indian goods.

Coir and coir Products, Nut Vomica, Spices, Drugs, Seeds, Oil Seeds, Gums, Myrobalans, Essential Oils (Lemongrass Oil and Chaulmogra Oil).—A list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian products named above was passed on to a Calcutta firm.

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Crochet Goods, Laces, Carpets, Reptile Skins, Goat Skins and Sheep Skins.—A Madras firm of exporters was given a list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods named above.

Shark Liver Oil.—A Karachi manufacturer of shark liver oil was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of fish oils and cod liver oil.

Woollen Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Coir Mats and Matting.—A New Delhi exporting firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the products listed above.

Goat and Sheep Skins, Turmeric and Indian Produce.—A Madras firm was furnished with names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods named above.

Leather Goods.—A list of names of Canadian importers of leather goods was passed on to a Cawnpore company.

Leather Goods.—A Bombay firm was furnished with names of Canadian importers of leather goods.

Spices.—A list of names of Canadian importers of spices was supplied to a Bombay firm.

Sports Goods and Cutlery.—A Sialkot City firm was given names of Canadian importers of sports goods and cutlery.

Ornamental Brassware, Ivory Goods and Carpets.—A New Delhi firm of exporters was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above Indian goods, as well as the rates of duty payable on their importation into Canada.

Lace Goods.—A West Godavari manufacturer was supplied with names of Canadian importers of lace goods.

Seeds, Spices, Senna Leaves, Henna Powder, Raw Drugs, Kapok, Cotton Waste, Rattan, Coir Mats and Matting, and Woollen Carpets.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products was supplied to a Calcutta firm.

Carpets, Rugs, Numdahs, Furs, Brass, Enamelware, Woollen Carved Articles, Papier Mâché Goods, Curios, Antiques and Musk.—Names of Canadian importers of the Indian products listed above were passed on to a Lahore firm.

Hides, Skins, Wool, Animal Hair, Reptile, Crocodile and Lizard Skins, Raw and Tanned Furskins, Leather, Jute, Jute Manufactures, Spices and Seeds.—A Calcutta firm was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-listed Indian products.

Tamarind Seeds and Myrobalans.—A list of names of Canadian importers of tamarind seeds and myrobalans was forwarded to a Calcutta firm.

Oil Seeds, Spices, Celery Seeds, Crude Drugs, Dried Fruits, Henna Leaves and Powder.—Names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods listed above were passed on to a Karachi exporter.

Cashew Nuts, Ground Nuts and Tobacco.—A Parchoor firm was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of cashew nuts, ground nuts and tobacco.

Spices and Crude Drugs.—A Madras firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of spices and crude drugs.

Enamelled Brassware, Artware, Ivory, Sandalwood and Ebony Goods, Stainless and E. P. N. S. Cutlery, Tableware, Sterling Silver and Presentation Articles, Glassware, Woollen Shawls and Farrukabad Prints, and Surgical Goods.—A Calcutta firm was furnished with names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods named above.

Gums, Spices, Dried Fruits, Preserved Foods, Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Bone, Horn and Hoof Meals, Bone Sinews and Crushed Bones, Imitation Gold and Silver Threads and Rugs.—A Delhi firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods listed above.

Carpets, Rugs and Druggets of Wool, Jute Cloth and Bags, Coir Mats and Matting, Coir Ropes and String, Papier Mâché, Ivory, Marble and Novelty Goods, Turmeric, Myrobalan, Chillies, Cumin Seed, Aniseed, Onions, Tamarind, Cocanut, Ground Nuts, Linseed, Rape Seed and other oils, Nux Vomica, Pig Iron, Scrap Iron and

Indian Minerals.—A Calcutta firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian products listed above.

Oil Seeds, Oil Cakes, Drugs, Seeds, Spices, Hemp, Myrobalans and Gums.—A Bombay firm was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian products listed above.

Cotton Waste, Jute, Spices, Woollen Carpets, Brassware, Raw Tobacco, Dried Fruits, Shellac, Herbs, Raw Hides and Skins, and Bedroom Slippers.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods listed above was supplied to a Delhi firm.

Embroidered Table Covers, Bedspreads, Embroidery Materials, Floor Coverings, Shawls, Chip Turquoise, Walnut Wood Carving and Papier Mâché Lacquerware.—A Srinagar firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian firm interested in importing the above-listed Indian goods.

Sporting Goods.—Names of Canadian importers of sporting goods were forwarded to a Sialkot City firm.

Woollen Carpets.—A list of names of Canadian importers of woollen carpets was passed on to a Karachi firm.

Surgical, Dental and Veterinary Instruments and Cutlery.—A Sialkot City firm was given names of Canadian importers interested in the Indian manufactures listed above.

Sporting and Athletic Goods, Carpets and Numdah Rugs.—Names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods mentioned above were supplied to a Sialkot City firm.

Carpets and Rugs.—A Delhi company was furnished with names of Canadian importers of carpets and rugs.

Brassware and E. P. N. S. Goods.—A Moradabad firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of brassware and E. P. N. S. goods.

Gums.—A list of names of Canadian importers of gums was supplied to a Udaipur firm.

Spices, Turmeric, Hides and Skins, Musk, Beeswax, Condiments, Coir, Coir Products and Bristles.—Names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products were supplied to a Calcutta firm.

Ornamental Brassware.—A list of names of Canadian importers of ornamental brassware was furnished to a Moradabad firm.

Minerals, Cotton and Cotton Waste, Textile Picegoods, Woollen Carpets, Gums, Oil Seeds, Spices, Myrobalans, Cosmetics, Soaps and Raw Hides.—An Indore firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods listed above.

Goat Hair.—A list of names of Canadian importers of goat hair was furnished to a Peshawar City firm.

Raw Drugs, Flooring Fabrics, Essential Oil Seeds, Oils and Oil Cakes, Coir, Coir Products, Hand-made Indian Lace Goods, Spices and Dried Fruits.—A Karachi firm was furnished with names of Canadian importers of the Indian products named above.

Jute Goods.—A Calcutta firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of jute goods.

Carpets and Rugs, Ivory Curios, Spices, Gums and Essential Oils.—A Bombay firm was given a list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods listed above.

Medicinal Herbs, Hides and Skins, Tea, Handicraft Articles, Carpets and Rugs.—A Calcutta firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Sporting Goods.—A Sialkot City firm was furnished with names of Canadian importers of sporting goods.

Bamboo Articles.—Names of Canadian importers of Indian bamboo articles were forwarded to a Raipur firm.

Novelties, Handicraft, Silver and Gift Articles, Lace Goods, Bamboo Poles, Chicks and Ladders, Silks, Linens, Textiles, Gold Fringe and Silver Braid.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products was supplied to a New Delhi firm.

Textiles.—A list of names of Canadian importers of textiles was passed on to a Bombay firm.



Textiles, Foodstuffs, Vegetable Oils, Oil Seeds and General Merchandise.—A Chapra (Saran) firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Drugs, Seeds, Ivoryware and Carpets.—An Amritsar firm was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Brocades, Scarves, Shawls, Tablecovers and Embroidered Handbags.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products was forwarded to a Benares firm.

Bamboos, Canes, Rattan and Bamboo Mats.—A Cochin firm was provided with names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Hosiery, Buttons and Embroidery Thread.—A Delhi company was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of hosiery buttons and embroidery thread.

Kashmir Art Goods.—A Srinagar, Kashmir, firm was furnished with names of Canadian importers of Kashmir art goods.

Drugs and Herbs.—An Amritsar firm was supplied with names and addresses of Canadian importers of drugs and herbs.

Myrobalans, Carpets, Kapok, Spices and General Produce.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-listed Indian products was supplied to a Calcutta firm.

Lizard Skins, Jute Webbing, Cotton Rags and Coir Matting.—A Calcutta firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Precious, Semi-precious and Synthetic Stones, Carpets and Ivory Goods.—A Kishangarh firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods listed above.

Seeds, Spices, Myrobalans, Vegetable Oil Cakes, Jute, Jute Products, Hemp, Hemp Products, Coir, Coir Products, Sports Goods, Raw Cotton, Cotton Waste, Cotton Textiles, Hides, Skins, Leather, Leather Goods, Kapok and Hosiery.—A Bombay firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods listed above.

Bristles.—A list of names of Canadian importers of bristles was forwarded to a Cawnpore firm.

Cutlery and Electroplating Materials.—A list of names of Canadian importers of cutlery as well as Canadian manufacturers of electroplating materials was supplied to an Aligarh firm.

Raw Produce, Crude Drugs, Herbs and Nuts; Radios, Refrigerators, Fountain Pens and Typewriters.—Names of Canadian importers of the Indian products mentioned above, along with names of Canadian manufacturers and suppliers of radios, refrigerators, fountain pens and typewriters, were supplied to an Amritsar firm.

Brassware and E. P. N. S. ware; Non-ferrous Metals, Fountain Pens, Papers and Lead Pencils.—A list of names of Canadian importers of brassware and E. P. N. S. ware and Canadian manufacturers and suppliers of the Canadian manufactured goods mentioned above was furnished to a Moradabad firm.

Spices and Sports Goods; Dyes and Colours.—An Amritsar firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of spices and sports goods, along with names of Canadian manufacturers and suppliers of dyes and colours.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUEs AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

EXPORT OF STORES BY INDIVIDUALS AND FIRMS RETURNING TO BURMA—

The following Press Note, dated the 12th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

According to the procedure announced by the Government of India on the 21st May 1946, any individual or firm returning to Burma and requiring to export *bona fide* office equipment sufficient for three months has to apply to the Chief Controller of Exports, New Delhi, through the Government of Burma Representative in Calcutta producing as evidence the relevant letter from the Government of Burma permitting the entry into Burma.

This procedure has now been changed. It has now been decided that applications of the nature referred to above should be made to the Chief Controller of Exports, New Delhi, through the Secretary to the Government of India, Commonwealth Relations Department, New Delhi, and not through the Government of Burma Representative in Calcutta.

—:—

PRIVATE TRADE WITH HUNGARY—

The following Press Note has been issued:—

Facilities for private trade with Hungary have now been restored, according to a notification published in the *Gazette of India*, dated October 12, 1946*. Persons and concerns in India can, therefore, resume business with persons and concerns in Hungary, subject to the export, import and financial regulations at present in force.

Money and property derived from future trading transactions with Hungary is also exempted from the control of the British Indian Custodian, but this exemption does not apply to Hungarian money and property already subject to such control.

—:—

PRIVATE TRADE WITH AUSTRIA—

The following Press Note, dated the 12th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

It is notified for general information that the Government of India have authorised* persons and concerns in British India to trade with the Austrian State and persons and concerns carrying on business in Austria, subject to the export, import and financial regulations at present in force.

Money and property derived from future trading transactions with Austria are exempted from the control of the British Indian Custodian, but this exemption does not apply to Austrian money

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 24th October 1946, page 184.

Refrigerating Equipments and Parts.

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and property already subject to control and income arising there from.

Traders are advised that before finally entering into commitments they should satisfy themselves that their Austrian customers have the necessary permission from the appropriate authorities of the Austrian Government to export from or import into Austria and to acquire the necessary exchange with which to pay for the imports.

FOOD PARCELS—

The following Press Note, dated the 12th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food :—

The Government of India have recently revised the rules regarding food parcels. In doing so, they have had regard to the food position in India, which still necessitates prohibition of the export of articles commonly consumed in India, and also to the interests of indigenous food industries and the disposal of surplus American Army Stores. Ordinary parcels are still severely restricted. Gift parcels, however, may be sent without export licences, provided the overall weight of the parcel does not exceed five pounds. For full details, members of the public should apply to their nearest Post Office.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE FOR TRAVEL—

The following Press Note, dated the 20th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department :—

The Government of India have decided that, with effect from the 25th October 1946, all applications for foreign exchange for travel abroad for purposes connected with trade, commerce and industry, health, education (University, College or School), technical training, cultural pursuits and pleasure will be addressed to the local branch or office of the Reserve Bank either direct or through the applicant's bankers, and not to the Government of India. The Reserve Bank have been delegated full powers to deal with such applications within the framework of the policy laid down by Government. Applications for such travel, received by the Government of India on or after the 15th October 1946, will be returned to the applicant for resubmission to the branch or office of the Reserve Bank of the area where he resides.

REVISED PRICES OF IMPORTED PAPER TO TAKE EFFECT FROM NOVEMBER, 15—

The following Press Note, dated the 13th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

The revised ceiling prices of different varieties of imported paper published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 13th July 1946 and 8th August 1946, were to come into force on the 15th August 1946, but their operation was postponed first to 15th September 1946 and then to 15th October 1946, as certain representations which had been received in this connection required detailed examination. For this purpose some further information was called for from the principal importing firms, but as complete particulars have not yet been furnished by them the Government of India have decided to further postpone the operation of the revised ceiling prices by one month, i.e., from 15th October 1946 to 15th November 1946.

ALLOCATIONS OF TEXTILE MACHINERY—

The following Press Note, dated the 16th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

Allocations of textile machinery for import under the textile expansion plan approved by the Government of India on May 4, 1946, are now practically complete.

The Government of India requested the Provincial Governments to nominate promoters to take up the quotas of new spindles and looms made under the textile expansion plan. The Central Government have no intention of interfering with the selection of promoters made by the Provincial Governments nor of entertaining appeals by disappointed applicants.

It is emphasised that the Central Government have no reserve quotas to allot over and above the quotas allocated to the Provinces. The textile expansion plan is an interim plan covering three to five years. It is not intended to add to the spindleage provided for therein either by way of a second plan or otherwise until there are improved prospects of securing textile machinery either through Indian manufacture or from abroad. For the purpose of exploring such prospects a Textile Machinery Delegation sponsored by the Government of India will leave India on or about October 16, 1946, and will visit the U. K., U. S. A. and the Continent.

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COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: CERTAIN EXEMPTIONS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 81/2-TA/46, dated the 25th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 15 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(4)1/44, dated the 22nd January 1944*, namely :—

In the table appended to the said notification in column 2 against entry No. 5 of the words "The provisions of sub-clause (1) of clause 13 and" shall be deleted.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: COTTON CLOTH MARKING AND COTTON YARN MARKING: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 81/3-TA/46, dated the 25th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In pursuance of clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(6)1/44, dated the 10th February 1944†, namely :—

In clause 7 of the said notification after the word 'cloth' the words 'or sewing thread or sewing thread yarn' shall be added.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: MARKING AND STAMPING OF CERTAIN CLOTH AND YARN WITH PRICES, ETC.: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 82-TA/46, dated the 25th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In pursuance of clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 34-Tex.A(15)2/43, dated the 31st December 1943‡, namely :—

In sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 4 of the said notification after clause (b) the following new clause shall be added:

"(c) Nothing in this sub-paragraph shall apply to sewing thread or sewing thread yarn."

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 27th January 1944, page 82.
† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 2nd March 1944, page 230.
‡ See the extract from the Notification published in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 10th February 1944, pages 135-36.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DELEGATION OF POWERS: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. 84-TA/46, dated the 25th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 21 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, and with the sanction of the Central Government, I hereby direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 34-Tex.A(15)3/43, dated the 30th December 1943*, namely :—

In the said Notification—

(i) in entry No. (iii) after the words "Sub-Inspector" the words "Chief Textile Inspectors, Textile Inspectors and Yarn Inspectors working under District Magistrates" shall be inserted;
(ii) in entry No. (xiii) after the words "Civil Supplies Inspector" the words "Civil Supplies Officers, Hissar, Montgomery, Lahore and the Textile Control Officer, Amritsar" shall be added.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DELEGATION OF POWERS—

The following Notification [No. 84-TA/46(i), dated the 25th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 21 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, and with the sanction of the Central Government, I hereby authorise Mr. M. Sulaiman Sait, Director (Yarn) in the Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay, to discharge on my behalf the functions of the Textile Commissioner to grant special permission under clause 18F of the said Order.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DIRECTIONS TO DEALERS IMPORTING FOREIGN CLOTH INTO INDIA REGARDING SALE AND DELIVERY, ETC.: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 83/2-TA/46, dated the 5th October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by paragraphs (b) and (c) of sub-clause (1) of clause 18-B of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made to the Notification of the Textile Commissioner No. TC(12)7/45, dated 25th August 1945†:—

In paragraph 4 of the said Notification after item No. (4) the following shall be added, namely :—

"5 Embroidered cloth."

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 13th January 1944, page 26.
† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 6th September 1945, pages 370-77.

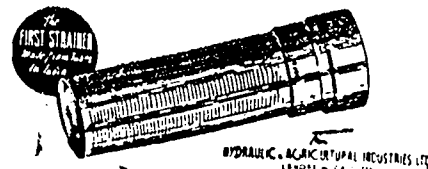


B. 2908 W. 31-1-47.

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B. 3065 WS. 5-12-46.

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FOR
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INDIA

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946, AS APPLIED TO THE CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION OF BANGALORE: DELEGATION OF POWERS—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46, dated the 12th October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause 2(e) of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, I hereby authorise each of the officers mentioned below to discharge on my behalf within the said Station the functions of the Textile Commissioner specified in sub-clauses (a), (b) and (c) of clause 8 of the said Order:—

(1) The Controller of Civil Supplies, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

(2) Deputy Controller of Civil Supplies, Assistant Controller of Civil Supplies, Additional Assistant Controller of Civil Supplies, Supervisor of Textile Inspectors, Textile Inspectors, and Inspectors of Civil Supplies, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

(3) Any Police officer not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: DELEGATION OF POWERS—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46(i), dated the 12th October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of sub-clause (e) of clause 2 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946 and in supersession of the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 101-TA/46(i), dated 9th March 1946*, I hereby authorise each of the officers specified in column (2) of the table below to exercise on my behalf the power to issue special transport permits under clause 3 authorising the transport of cloth or apparel from any place within the zone (within the meaning of General Permit No. 1) specified in the corresponding entry in column (3).

TABLE.

S. No. 1	Name and Designation. 2	Zone. 3
1	Mr. M. Ahmadullah, Director (Cloth), Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.	All Zones.
2	Mr. A. S. E. Iyer, Additional Director (Transport), Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.	Do.
3	Mr. M. A. Mehkri, Assistant Director, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.	Do.
4	Provincial Textile Commissioner and Joint Provincial Textile Commissioner, Madras.	South Zone (Deficit).

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 28th March 1946, pages 520-21.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DIRECTIONS REGARDING QUANTITY, MANNER OF PACKING AND MAXIMUM EX-FACTORY AND RETAIL PRICES OF SEWING THREAD OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED COUNTS AND DESCRIPTIONS, ETC.: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. 85/3-TA/46, dated the 11th September 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of clause 10 and with reference to sub-clause (2) of clause 18F of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(52)/46, dated 13th July 1946*, namely:—

In the said Notification—

I. In Schedule I—

(i) column numbers 1 to 9 shall be renumbered as column numbers 2 to 10 respectively;

(ii) before column No. 2 so renumbered the following column shall be inserted, namely:—

Serial No.

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14

II. In clauses (a), (b) and (c) of sub-paragraph (i) of paragraph 2, for the figures '1', '2', '7' and '9' the figures '2', '3', '8' and '10' shall respectively be substituted.

III. In sub-paragraph (ii) of paragraph 2 for the figure '7' the figure '8' shall be substituted.

IV. In sub-paragraph (iii) of paragraph 2 for the word and figure 'column 9' the word and figure 'column 10' shall be substituted.

V. In paragraph 3 for the word and figure "column 1" the word and figure "column 2" shall be substituted.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 171-73.



B. 2908 WS. 31-1-47.

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B. 3076 WS. 22-3-47.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DIRECTIONS REGARDING QUANTITY, MANNER OF PACKING AND MAXIMUM EX-FACTORY AND RETAIL PRICES OF SEWING THREAD OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED COUNTS AND DESCRIPTIONS, ETC.: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 85/3-TA/46(i), dated the 19th September 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of clause 10 and with reference to sub-clause (2) of clause 18F of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(52)/46, dated the 13th July 1946 (see the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 171-73), namely:—

In the said Notification—

(i) in Schedule I after Serial No. 14, the following shall be added:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
								Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
15	40A	2/28s	Indian	170	160	Bleached	Tubes	100	6 15 0
							"	500	21 1 0
							Balls	100	5 2 0
							"	200	9 5 0
16	40A	2/28s	"	170	160	Direct dyed	Tubes	450	18 3 6
							"	100	7 4 3
							"	500	22 10 9
							Balls	100	5 7 3
							"	200	9 15 3
17	40A	2/28s	"	170	160	Sulphur Black dyed	Tubes	450	19 10 9
							"	100	7 6 9
							"	500	23 7 9
							Balls	100	5 9 9
							"	200	10 4 6
							"	450	20 6 3

(ii) to Schedule II the following entries shall be added:

1	2	3	4	5	
				Rs. a. p.	
2/28s	Indian	170	160	Bleached	19 15 0
2/28s	.. . . .	170	160	Direct dyed	22 7 0
2/28s	.. . . .	170	160	Sulphur Black dyed	23 11 0

*DHARMA VIRA, Textile Commr.

NEW PRICES OF MOTOR VEHICLE BATTERIES—

The following Press Note, dated the 12th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

The Government of India have announced certain amendments to the price lists of batteries which were published on April 24, 1945, and September 16, 1946. The new prices shall take effect from October 25, 1946.

These new prices are published in a Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated October 10, 1946, obtainable on payment from the Manager, Central Publications Branch, Civil Lines, Delhi.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. SEALED POWER CORPORATION, U.S.A.—

The following Press Note, dated the 19th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

The Government of India have fixed the maximum retail sale prices of certain motor vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Sealed Power Corporation, U. S. A. These prices will take effect from October 30, 1946.

THE WATER SUPPLY SPECIALISTS LTD.

MISSION ROW EXTENSION

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B. 3066 WS. 5-12-46.

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FOR EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL

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B. 2886 W. 7-11-46.

With the fixation of specific prices of these motor vehicle spare parts by notification published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated October 15, 1946, the privilege of selling these articles at the corresponding price of a General Motors or Ford or Chrysler or Studebaker or Reo or Federal product, interchangeable with them, is automatically cancelled with effect from October 30, 1946, and no one will, thereafter, be permitted to sell the articles specified in the above notification at prices exceeding the approved notified prices. The price lists are obtainable, on payment, from the Manager, Central Publications Branch, Delhi.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL.

16th October.

During the week under report the weather was generally seasonable. The prospects of the standing crops are reported to be, on the whole, satisfactory. Preparation of lands for *rabi* crops was in progress in some districts.

ASSAM.

28th October.

During the week under report heavy rainfall affected the standing crops in Sylhet, Goalpara, Kamrup and Manipur. The weather in other districts is generally seasonable and its effects on the crops are fair. The prospects and the outturn of crops are generally fair, except in the rain-affected and flooded areas in Nowgong.

BIHAR.

22nd October.

During the week under report moderate rain fell in Champaran and parts of Patna, Shahabad, Purnea and the Santal Parganas, while light rain occurred at certain places except in parts of Bhagalpur, Ranchi and Manbhum where there was no rain. The condition and the prospects of the standing crops were reported to be fair to good except at places affected by floods. Harvesting of *bhadai*

crops was nearing completion. Ploughing of fields and sowing of *rabi* crops continue.

BOMBAY.

26th October.

Rainfall during the week was insufficient in the Karnatak and practically absent elsewhere in the Province. Immediate rain is needed for crops in Gujarat and for late varieties in the Konkan. Otherwise the condition of the crops is fairly satisfactory. Harvesting of *kharif* crops and sowing of *rabi* crops are progressing.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

19th October.

During the week under report the weather was clear and warm though nights were pleasantly cool. Dew has commenced to fall in a few districts. Standing *kharif* crops in light soils in the Wardha district, paddy in light soils in the Raipur district and *juar* on poor soils in the Nagpur and Berar districts were reported to be deteriorating on account of continued drought. Otherwise the standing *kharif* crops are, on the whole, in satisfactory condition but require one or two good showers badly. Harvesting of early paddy, groundnut and other minor *kharif* crops was in progress. Picking of cotton continued at places in the Wardha district. Sowing of *rabi* crops was in progress all over the Province.

UNITED PROVINCES.

12th October.

Out of 31 districts from where reports were received during the week under report, there were light showers in 15 districts, rainfall from 1" to 2" in 7 districts and above 2" in 9 districts. Preparation of land for *rabi* crops continued. Sowing of *rabi* crops was in progress and *kharif* crops were being harvested. Irrigation of paddy and sugarcane was done in some districts where rainfall had been insufficient. The standing crops were reported to have suffered from drought in one district. The condition of the standing crops and the prospects of outturn continued to be, on the whole, satisfactory except in areas affected by drought or floods.

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B. 3051 WS. 21-11-46.

SUMMARY OF CROP FORECASTS.

The following is a summary of the Jute forecast relating to the season 1946-47 :—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Percent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Estimated Outturn	Percent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jute—Final.	Practically all jute-growing tracts	Acres 1,880,000	78	Acres 2,422,000	5,550,000 bales (b)	69	7,991,000 bales (b)	Oct. 3, 1946.

The following is a summary of the latest forecasts for the season 1945-46 for crops for which forecasts have not yet been made in the current season :—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Percent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Estimated Outturn	Percent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cotton—Final (c).	All cotton-growing tracts	Acres 14,480,000	98	Acres 14,843,000	2,442,000 bales	98	3,493,000 bales	June 27, 1946.
Wheat—Second (c).	Punjab, United Provinces, Central Provinces and Berar, Bombay, Sindh, Bihar, North-West Frontier Province, Bengal, Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara, Orissa, Central India, Gwalior, Rajputana, Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore (98 per cent of the total wheat area of India).	34,812,000	102	35,709,000	(a)	..	10,458,000 tons	July 4, 1946.
Castorseed	Practically all castor-growing tracts	1,237,000	84	1,468,000	105,000 tons	80	131,000 tons	Aug. 1, 1946.
Sesamum—Supplementary.	United Provinces, Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Punjab, Ajmer-Merwara, Sindh, Hyderabad, Kotah, Bhopal and Baroda (a little over 86 per cent of the total sesamum area of India).	3,903,000	99	3,939,000	387,000 tons	98	393,000 tons	Aug. 8, 1946.
Sugarcane—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Madras, North-West Frontier Province, Assam, Orissa, Central Provinces and Berar, Sindh, Delhi, Mysore, Hyderabad, Bhopal, Baroda and Jaora (96 per cent of the total sugarcane area of India).	3,847,000	93	4,154,000	5,337,000 tons	98	5,481,000 tons	Aug. 15, 1946.
Groundnut—Final.	Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda (99 per cent of the total groundnut area of India).	9,848,000	93	10,574,000	3,113,000 tons	81	3,856,000 tons	Aug. 29, 1946.
Rape and Mustard—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bengal, Bihar, Assam, Sindh, North-West Frontier Province, Central Provinces and Berar, Orissa, Bombay, Delhi, Alwar, Hyderabad and Baroda (about 95 per cent of the total rape and mustard area of India).	5,497,000	99	5,580,000	910,000 tons	88	1,034,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Linseed—Final.	Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Kotah and Bhopal (a little over 93 per cent of the total linseed area of India).	3,376,000	97	3,465,000	369,000 tons	94	392,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Rice—Final (c).	Bengal, Madras, Bihar, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Assam, Orissa, Bombay, Sindh, Punjab, Coorg, Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda and Bhopal (97 per cent of the total rice area of India).	79,885,000	95	83,933,000	26,249,000 tons	93	28,183,000 tons	Sept. 26, 1946.

* Issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.
(a) Not yet available. (b) Includes figures for Nepal. (c) The detailed report will appear in the *Indian Trade Journal* later.

† Including Indian States.

‡ In Rajputana.

§ In Central India.

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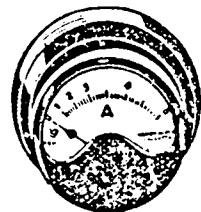


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TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from:—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 9d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile Stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Re. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42×23 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from:—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Telegraphic Addresses Registered for the Regional Supply Offices.

The following telegraphic addresses have been registered for the Regional Supply Offices of the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies:—

Office.	Address.
Director of Supplies, Calcutta	DEVSUTCAL
Director of Supplies, Bombay	DEVSUP
Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi	DEVSUP
Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore	DEVSUP
Deputy Director of Supplies, Cawnpore	DEVSUP
Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras	DEVSUP

FOR SANITARY AND DRAINAGE INSTALLATIONS.

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B. 2977 W. 5-12-46.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are in the happy position of being overbooked with orders for our printed Tin-ware in two and multi-colours and in various shapes and sizes. We beg to be excused if we are unable to serve more than our capacity, until our new arrangements will have been completed.

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B. 3079 W. 30-6-47.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Brushes, of Sorts.

The Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. SM-2/49 to reach him on or before the 14th November 1946 (4 p.m.) for the following kinds of Brushes:—

	Quantity.
Brushes, Tar long handle	7,125
Brushes, Foundry Found	3,303
Brushes, Varnish or enamel flat	7,250
Brushes, White Wash, fibre 9 oz.	2,250

Price of tender form is Rs. 5 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order, quoting the tender number and remitter's full address.

Tender forms can also be obtained from the Director of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Electric Hoist.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SB-1/131847/II to reach him on or before the 15th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

- 1 Ton Electric Hoist with swivel hook for 15 ft. max. lift, Morris or similar, suitable for 400 volts, 3 phase, 50 cycles, A.C. supply ground controlled and complete with overhead continuous runway.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi/Madras and Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL (INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES), NEW DELHI.

Supply of Manganese Steel Liners: Extension of Tender Date.

The opening date of Tender No. SRI/68601/I invited by the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, for the supply of Manganese Steel Liners to the Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, is hereby extended to the 18th November 1946 in lieu of 22nd October 1946. Firms should, therefore, submit quotation accordingly. Tenders will be received by the Deputy Director General (Supplies) up to the 17th November 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

Tender for Broad and Metre Gauge Coaching Underframes required for Indian Railways for 1947-48 Programme.

1. Tenders are invited from firms in India for the supply of the following I.R.S. 4-wheeled Coaching Underframes without wheels and axles. The underframes are for Indian Railways and are required for delivery from 1st April 1947 to 29th February 1948.

Description and Requirements.

- Broad gauge—
I. R. S. 4-wheeled Coaching Underframes.....114
- Metre gauge—
I. R. S. 4-wheeled Coaching Underframes.....100

2. Tender documents for the above requirements are obtainable from the Secretary, Railway Board, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 4-8-0 per copy. Copies of drawings for tendering purposes may be obtained from the Chief Controller of Standardization, Central Standards Office for Railways, 'N' Block, Raisina Road, New Delhi, at annas fourteen per full size sheet, excluding postage. The total number of contract drawings involved approximates to 19 full size sheets for B.G. underframes and 18 full size sheets for M.G. underframes.

3. Tenders will be received by the Secretary, Railway Board, up to 4 p.m. on the 12th of December 1946.

**CRYPTON BATTERY
CHARGING EQUIPMENT.**
VALVE & METAL RECTIFIERS.

B. 2996 W. 12-1-47.

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ENGINEERING
COMPANY LIMITED
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CALCUTTA P.O. BOX 84

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Manufacturers of :

Sole, Harness and Chrome Leather, CAWNPORE.

B. 2001 W. 9-1-47.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE. STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7878—E. D. 955.—Supply of Bare Copper Conductors required for Normal Works and Electrification of Madhugiri, Chennagiri, Pavgada, etc.

Firms dealing in Copper Conductors are requested to quote their best present-day prices and the earliest time of delivery for the following :—

Item 1.—1.3 Tons/16 miles—No. 10 B. & S. or 12 S. W. G. solid bare hard-drawn copper wire, weighing not less than 177 lbs. per mile, the resistance being not more than 5.26 ohms per mile at 25 degrees C. and having a minimum ultimate strength of 550 lbs.

Item 2.—80 Tons/427 miles approx. No. 6 B. & S. or 8 S. W. G. solid bare hard-drawn copper wire, weighing not less than 413 lbs. per mile and resistance not more than 2.192 ohms per mile at 25 degrees C. and having a minimum ultimate strength of 1,280 lbs.

Item 3.—5 Tons/18 miles No. 4 B. & S. or 5 S. W. G. solid bare hard-drawn copper wire, weighing not less than 551 lbs. per mile, resistance not more than 1.34 ohms per mile and having a minimum ultimate strength of 1,943 lbs.

Item 4.—31 Tons/77 miles No. 2 B. & S. or 3 S. W. G. solid bare hard-drawn copper wire, weighing not less than 995 lbs. per mile, resistance not more than .893 ohms per mile at 25 degrees C. and having a minimum ultimate strength of 2,875 lbs.

Item 5.—37 Tons/50 miles No. 1/0 B. & S. or 1/0 S. W. G. solid bare hard-drawn copper wire, weighing not less than 1,644 lbs. per mile, resistance not more than .5396 ohms per mile at 25 degrees C. and having a minimum ultimate strength of 4,488 lbs.

Item 6.—34.5 Tons/40 miles No. 2/0 B. & S. or 2/0 S. W. G. standard bare hard-drawn copper wire, weighing not less than 1,936 lbs. per mile, resistance not more than .443 ohms per mile and having a minimum ultimate strength of 5,430 lbs.

Item 7.—1 Ton/1 mile (approx.) No. 3/0 B. & S. or 4/0 S. W. G. standard bare copper wire, weighing not less than 2,668 lbs. per mile, minimum number of strands 7, maximum resistance at 25 degrees C. 0.348 ohms per mile, and having a minimum ultimate strength of 7,363 lbs.

Item 8.—150 Nos. Twisting Sleeves for Joints suitable for 2/0 B. & S. copper wire of above item No. 6.

Item 9.—100 Nos. Twisting Sleeves for Joints suitable for 1/0 B. & S. copper wire of above item No. 5.

Item 10.—25 Nos. Twisting Sleeves for Joints suitable for 4 B. & S. copper wire of above item No. 3.

Item 11.—500 Nos. Twisting Sleeves for Joints suitable for 6 B. & S. copper wire of above item No. 2.

The above wires should be smooth and free from inequalities and defects. They should fully conform to the printed specifications EL.1—1941 for copper wire enclosed and wires should be supplied in standard lengths.

The prices should be for delivery F. O. R. Madras and/or Bangalore.

Quotations should be submitted, in duplicate, superscribed as "Quotations for Bare Copper Conductors for Normal Works and Electrification of Madhugiri, Chennagiri, Pavgada, etc." and must reach the office of the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, Bangalore, on or before the 23th November 1946.

—:—

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Supply of Burmah Teak Squares, etc.

The General Manager, B. A. Railway, Calcutta, invites tenders for supplies of 500 tons Burmah Teak Squares and 500 tons Andaman or Burmah Padouk Squares.

Necessary tender documents can be had from the Stores Information Bureau, No. 3, Koilaghat Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 3 per tender, which is not refundable.

Tenders will be opened at 11 a.m. (Bengal Time) on the 18th November 1946.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Tender for Construction of P. W. Inspectors' Office, Stores, Workshop and Staff Quarters at Barkakana.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 15th November 1946 for construction of P. W. Inspectors' Office, Stores, Workshop and Staff quarters at Barkakana.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till the 14th November 1946, from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash, which sum will not be returned.

Oct. 31, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

245

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI. (TEXTILES AND LEATHER DIRECTORATE.)

Sale of Flannelette Rolls.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of the entire quantity or portion thereof of the following stores, in serviceable (new) condition, located at Ordnance Depot, Balijan, Railway Station Chabua, Assam, quoting rates ex-site per roll of dozen yards :—

Flannelette Rolls, 4' wide × 12 yds.
long 9,439,920 dozen yds.

Superscribe reference Tender No.—DGD/Tex.-C/10791.

Last date for submission of tender.—By 4 p.m. on the 23rd November 1946.

Offers to remain open for acceptance till.—23rd December 1946.

Tender forms.—Obtainable from the Cashier, Directorate General of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 8 (not refundable).

Earnest Money.—10 per cent of the price quoted deposited in Imperial/Reserve Bank/ Government Treasury in favour of Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, or a "Deposit at Call" upon a scheduled Bank for equivalent amount. No cheques will be accepted.

Samples.—Samples of the material may be seen at the offices of the Directorate General of Disposals, Regional/Deputy Regional Commissioners of Disposals, Calcutta, Bombay, Cawnpore, Lahore, Karachi and Madras, or at site on issue of a permit from any of the above offices.

Sales are subject to conditions laid down in Form Con. 117 and goods will be sold without guarantee of condition.

—:—

SALE OF FOREST PRODUCE.

The following Notice has been issued by the Divisional Forest Officer, Kolhan Division, Chaibassa :—

The Annual Auction of the Coupes of the Kolhan Forest Division for the year 1946-47 will be held at the Kolhan Forest Office, Chaibassa, on the 14th and 15th November 1946 at 11 a.m. 36,961 trees of sizes ranging from 12" to 28" and over in diameter, 1,838 acres of Coppice Coupes and the right of collection and removal of myrabolans, sonari bark, broom and fodder grass for three years will be put up to auction in about 92 lots.

For further particulars please apply to the Divisional Forest Officer, Kolhan Division, Chaibassa.

—:—

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Tender for Conversion or Exchange of Non-ferrous Metals: Extension of Opening Date of Tender.

The opening date of General Manager's Tender No. G/EWM/85/43 of 46 for Conversion or Exchange of Non-ferrous Metals has been postponed to 15th November 1946.

FINAL STATEMENT SHOWING THE RAISINGS AND DESPATCHES OF COAL FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1946.

(FURNISHED BY THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF MINES IN INDIA.)

Province.	Raisings.	Despatches.
	Tons.	Tons.
ASSAM	24,166	23,616
BALUCHISTAN	10,138	9,465
BENGAL— Darjeeling Raniganj Coalfield	630,310	529,296
BIHAR— Raniganj Coalfield	93,230	80,491
Jharia	1,041,116	720,105
Bokaro	264,776	253,800
Ramgarh	3,795	3,831
Giridih	41,338	30,449
Jainty	2,086	355
Daltonganj	1,858	569
Hutar	440	..
Karaupura	72,148	67,583
TOTAL FOR BIHAR	1,520,787	1,157,183
ORISSA— Hingir-Rampur (Sambalpur) Coalfield.	7,090	6,826
CENTRAL PROVINCES— Pench Valley Coalfield (Chhind- wara).	99,710	90,538
Chanda Coalfield	16,663	13,127
Yeotmal	1,594	1,121
Bilaspur	..	..
TOTAL FOR CENTRAL PROVINCES	117,967	104,786
PUNJAB	12,653	10,812
SIND	15	602
GRAND TOTAL	2,323,726	1,842,586

Hard and soft coke despatched from collieries=63,656 tons.



ELECTRIC LIFTS AND HOISTS

MADE BY: PICKERINGS LIMITED · ENGLAND.
Sole Selling Agents: KAYCEE INDUSTRIES LTD.
BOMBAY · CALCUTTA · KARACHI · LAHORE · MADRAS · NEW DELHI · CAWNPORE · AHMEDABAD.

B. 3097 W. 22-6-47.



B. 3016 W. 31-1-47.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(ii) From 1st September to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	36	..
" Karachi	5	3
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *)			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom	18	10	7	65
U. S. A.	19	29	31	80
Australia	..	..	..	2
Other Countries	49	16	28	96
TOTAL, 1945-46	86	55	66	253
" 1944-45	18	15	11	93
" 1943-44	22	10	13	104

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 18th October—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 443 (Jan. '47).
Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,438,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,580,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—**(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	333	333
Bombay	..	1,450	1,450
Karachi	..	24	24
Madras	..	220	220

(ii) From 1st January to 21st September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20†	9,665†	9,685†
Bombay	3	65,826	65,829
Karachi	41	7,330	7,371
Madras	..	9,316	9,316

* 1 bale=400 lbs.
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 ‡ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	..	..	3	..	5	3
Bombay	..	..	11	..	18	78
Karachi	..	..	32	..	902	..
Madras	..	..	4	..	10	..

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 18th October—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	..	..
(2) Domestics 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.	..	..
(3) Chaddars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	..	..
(4) Dhooties (up to ½" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs.	..	..
(5) Dhooties (Calcutta, ½" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	2	4 0

† Manchester, 16th August—

Price Index of cloth	244
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1933.)	

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—**(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	327	327
Bombay	..	9,110	9,110
Karachi	..	..	..
Madras	..	720	720

(ii) From 1st January to 21st September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43†	33,108†	33,241†
Bombay	..	287,459	287,459
Karachi	..	5,140	5,140
Madras	..	25,480	25,480

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Madras	3	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
 † F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.
 ‡ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.**(c) Market Quotations—**

* Bombay, 18th October—

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	1	1 9
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, ..	..	..
† Manchester, 16th August—		
Price index of American yarn	241	
" " " Egyptian "	220	
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)		

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	7	79
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—**Market Quotations—****Cow Hides—**

† Calcutta, 18th October—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..	} per 20 lbs.
(2) Darbhanges	..	..	
(3) Patnas	..	..	
(4) Salted cows, Daccas	Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 18-8		

Buffalo Hides—

† Calcutta, 18th October—

(1) Arsenic, Framed	..	..	} per 20 lbs.
(2) " Commons	Rs. 13-0 to Rs. 15-0		

Goat Skins—

† Calcutta, 18th October—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 270 to Rs. 300
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Rs. 180 " Rs. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—**Market Quotations—**

§ Madras—

10th October—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—				
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to	2 4 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 8 0	"	1 8 0	
(3) Sheep skins "	6 0 0	"	7 0 0	
(4) Goat skins "	4 12 0	"	5 8 0	

17th October—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—				
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to	2 5 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 8 0	"	1 12 0	
(3) Sheep skins "	6 0 0	"	7 0 0	
(4) Goat skins "	4 12 0	"	5 12 0	

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 18th October—

Pig Iron—		
Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	..	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " "	..	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " "	..	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " "	..	Rs. 98
† London, 7th May—		
Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	..	£ s. d.
Steel, rails, heavy " "	..	15 7 0

JUTE (RAW)—**(a) Arrivals—**

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta§ by rail, river and sea	31	77
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	83	100
TOTAL	117	177

(ii) From 1st July to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta§ by rail, river and sea	393	517
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	319	635
TOTAL	712	1,152

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	23	14

(ii) From 1st July to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	343	322

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports**—contd.

(iii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales.*)			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	July '45 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom	59	53	43	280
United States of America	23	41	66	200
Brazil	7	..	..	56
Australia	..	3	1	10
Other Countries	56	116	93	591
TOTAL, 1945-46	185	216	203	1,127
" 1944-45	89	73	105	549
" 1943-44	125	72	110	581

(c) Market Quotations—

† Calcutta, 18th October—

- (1) European Jut Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 28-0
 (2) Indian Jut Middles (landed Calcutta) per md. Rs. 27-0

‡ Calcutta—

	1st Oct.	2nd Oct.
(1) Firsts, per bale (400 lbs.)	Ra. 117-0 (n). Rs. 120-0 (n).	Ra. .. Rs. ..
(2) Lightnings ..	Ra. 112-0 (n). Rs. 115-0 (n).	Ra. 113-0 (n). Rs. 118-0 (n).

	16th Oct.	22nd Oct.
(1) Firsts, per bale (400 lbs.)	Ra. 123-0 (n). Rs. 130-0 (n).	Ra. 135-0 (n). Rs. 140-0 (n).
(2) Lightnings ..	Ra. 120-0 (n). Rs. 126-0 (n).	Ra. 130-0 (n). Rs. 136-0 (n).

London, 8th, 15th & 22nd August—

Dalree C. & F., per ton	£ s. d. 45 0 0
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Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1946 is estimated at 5,550,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 7,991,000 bales in 1945 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea**—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	1,624	902
Hessian	220	873

(ii) From 1st January to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	205,148	175,540
Hessian	56,253	70,953

(b) Market Quotations—

† Calcutta, 18th October—

- B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×26½", 8×8", per 100 bags Rs. 81-0 (Ready).

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Exports.

§ Mills.

¶ Supplied by Messrs. Landale & Morgan.

(n) Nominal.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea**—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	100	569
Hessian	5,014	3,510

(ii) From 1st January to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	18,456	16,336
Hessian	1,015,264	938,137

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 18th October—

- (1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds. Rs. 27-8 (Ready).
 (2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds. Rs. 35-12 (Ready).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE**—**Market Quotations**—

Calcutta, 21st October—	
Groundnut Cake, per md.	Ra. 5-10

OILSEEDS—**CASTOR SEED**—**Market Quotations**—

† Bombay, 18th October—	
Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt.	Ra. 24-0
London, 17th October—	
Castorseed (Bombay), per ton	£ s. d. 47 0 0

COCONUTS—**Market Quotations**—

† Cochin, 28th September—	
Coconuts, per 1,000	Ra. 185

COPRA—**Market Quotations**—

† Cochin, 28th September—	
Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs.	Ra. 430

- * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 ‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
 § Govt. control retail rate.

OCT. 31, 1946.]

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED**—**(a) Exports by sea**—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports	..	..

(b) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 15th September—

- Cotton seed, per Indian Md. Rs. 6-3-0

GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations**—

† Bombay, 18th October—

- (1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt. Rs. 35-0
 (2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt. ..

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations**—

† Madras, 17th October—	
Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs.	Ra. 91-1-0
† Bombay, 18th October—	
Khandesh, per cwt.	Ra. 23-10
London, 18th April—	
Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton	£ s. d. 38 0 0

LINSEED—**(a) Arrivals**—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	..	1,328
Bombay, by rail and sea	794	438
Karachi, by rail and river	..	..
Vizagapatam, by rail	..	1,004

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	..

* Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—contd.**LINSEED**—contd.**(c) Market Quotations**—

* Bombay, 18th October—

- (1) Bold, per cwt. Rs. 23-14
 (2) Small, per cwt. Rs. 23-9

† Calcutta, 18th October—

- Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md. Ra. 21-0 (Ready).

London, 2nd May—

- Linseed, Bombay, per ton £ s. d.
46 10 0

RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—**(a) Arrivals**—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	21	551
Bombay, by rail and sea	..	50
Karachi, by rail and river	417	282

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

† Karachi, 16th October—

- Per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately.

- Rapeseed and/or Toria (including bags) Rs. 107-0½

* Bombay, 29th June, 1945—

- (1) Brown, Cawnpore, per cwt. Rs. 18-0 (n).
 (2) Yellow, " " Rs. 23-0 (n).

London, 18th April—

- Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £ s. d.
39 10 0

* Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Sind Govt. controlled price ex-godown in Karachi City.

(n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—

CASTOR OIL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 18th October—

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 60-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 59-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 58-9-0

† Madras, 17th October—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 263
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COCONUT OIL—

Market Quotations—

‡ Cochin, 28th September—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	Rs. 632-8 Ready.
	Rs. 635-0 One month.

GROUNDNUT OIL—

Market Quotations—

‡ Madras, 19th October—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 240 (n).
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OILS (MINERAL)—

KEROSENE OIL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 18th October—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	Rs. 4-4-3
	Rs. 4-7-3 ¶
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	Rs. 3-13-6 ||
	Rs. 4-0-6 ¶

PETROL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 18th October—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.
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RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		2,376	497

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras

‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.

|| Ex-godown.

¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.

** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

(n) Nominal.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		201,916	26,986

From 1st January to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	15,147

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 18th October—

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..†

SHELLAC—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 18th October—

T. N. per B. maund	Rs. 145
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London, 17th October—

T. N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d.
	18 5 0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—

(a) Despatches—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea		820	734
" Bombay by rail		3,376	328
" Karachi " "		..	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
* A' grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
* B' grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
* C' grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Java.	Refined. (In cwt.)	Mauritius.	Other Europe. Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 28th September—

	1946.	1945.
Indian Factory Made—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	16 7 6	16 1 6
	to	to
	17 2 6	16 12 6
Balrampur, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	16 14 0	16 8 0
Basti, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	16 12 0	16 6 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	17 2 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	16 11 0	16 8 0
Ross, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta, (28th Sept. '46)	3,990	(29th Sept. '45)	20,252
Bombay (15th Aug. ")	65,400	(15th Aug. ")	100,500
Karachi (28th Sept. ")	36,116	(27th Sept. ")	26,563
Madras (26th " ")	20,470	(20th " ")	35,097

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending:—

	5th Oct. 1946.	12th Oct. 1946.	5th Oct. 1945.	12th Oct. 1945.
Refining—	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
(1) Siswa Bazar	..	..	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..	..	..
Eating—				
(3) Madras	20 9 11	20 9 11	14 7 12	14 7 12
(4) Ahmednagar	14 7 12	14 7 12	24 0	24 0
(5) Lyallpur	..	..	11 12	11 12
(6) Muzaffarnagar	..	..	9 0	9 0
(7) Meerut	..	..	18 8	18 8
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	..	..	33 0	33 0
(9) Dacca (best quality)	..	..	23 0	20 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Calcutta.

† Kidderpore Docks only.

TEA—

(a) Arrivals—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		3,631	15,860

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		380	428
" Chittagong		3,634	..

(ii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	July '45 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom .	33,019	18,967	27,182	200,927
Iraq	541	..	..	927
Iran	354	60	60	2,484
Canada	4,986	200	..	17,927
United States of America	11,399	5,378	10,315	45,119
Australia	..	2,709	2,119	13,777
Other Countries .	1,769	4,782	2,012	16,860
TOTAL, 1945-46 .	52,008	32,096	41,688	298,021
.. 1944-45	46,551	46,487	40,983	302,014
.. 1943-44	45,650	16,366	27,831	235,824

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 16th & 16th October—

Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. Rs. 1-3-1

WHEAT—

(a) Imports and Exports—

(i) During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Calcutta		5,000	4,201
Bombay		..	1,255
Karachi		..	237

* Relating to tea, black.

† In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta		—	—
Bombay		—	—
Karachi		—	—

During week ending 21st September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		—	—

(ii) From 1st April to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Calcutta	Indian*. Foreign.	Indian*. Foreign.	Indian*. Foreign.
Bombay	3,290	4,022	—
Karachi	97,634	80,753	—

From 1st April to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta		—	—
Bombay		—	—
Karachi		—	—

From 1st April to 21st September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		100,772	43,295

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 15th September—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 11th October—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 8 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

§ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

WHEAT—contd.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Ra. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1945-46 is now estimated at 8,967,000 tons, as against 10,458,000 tons in 1944-45.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 16th October—

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Ra. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 18th October—

	Jute (50 c. ft.) Plus 15% Surchargo.	Linseed (20 cwt.)
London §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Liverpool §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Dundee §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Glasgow §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	

‡ Bombay, 18th October—

	a. d.
Cotton (40 c. ft.)—	
United Kingdom ports	102 0
Antwerp	—
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	—
Trieste, Venice	—

Seed (16 cwt. and over)—

	a. d.
Linseed, Rape, etc.—	
United Kingdom ports	92 0
Antwerp	—
Marseilles	—
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	—
Trieste, Venice	—

Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—

	a. d.
Cotton, etc.—	
United Kingdom ports	89 0
Marseilles	—
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	—

Groundnuts—

	a. d.
United Kingdom ports	98 0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotation.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal

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B. 2098 W. 21-1-47.

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Telegraphic Address: "TEAKTIMBER" Bombay.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Monday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 5th November 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Monday, the 4th November 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 30,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 per cent were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 20,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-7-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) on Tuesday, the 12th November 1946, at Bombay, and up to the close of business on Monday, the 11th November 1946, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 15th November 1946. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 1st November 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,81,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 4th November—
British Conversion (3½ per cent) 114½
British War Loan (3½ per cent) 107½

EXCHANGE—

23rd October—
Telegraphic Transfer Selling. Buying.
On New York D/D \$100— 1s. 5½d. 1s. 6¼d.
London/New York Rs. 332½ Rs. 329½
\$4-02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 4th November—
Gold (-999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 98; forward
Rs. 86-4.

London, 25th October—
Gold, per fine oz. £8-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—
4th November—
Silver (-999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 159;
forward Rs. 146-8.

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

28th October—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Ra. 101

London, 1st November—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 55½d.

New York, 1st November—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 90½ cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 18TH OCTOBER 1946—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 30th October 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	742,00,26,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	324,48,03,000
3. Cash in India :—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	36,99,81,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,18,49,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	72,18,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	78,89,44,000
5. Advances in India	388,90,17,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,88,90,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	18-10-46.	11-10-46.	19-10-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	742,00,26	758,28,86	658,10,74	134,30,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	324,48,03	322,53,83	262,36,29	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	40,90,48	41,54,45	35,92,40	6,09,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	78,89,44	70,72,68	111,62,73	25,17,10
5. Advances in India	388,90,17	392,49,90	249,93,02	101,52,16
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,88,90	20,14,23	13,30,40	3,57,20

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 25th October 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Assets.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	63,53,64,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	24,23,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	2,00,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	448,46,00,000	(a) Internal	—
(2) Government of Burma	48,68,000	(b) External	—
(3) Other Government Accounts	23,74,25,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	1,80,66,000
(b) Banks	84,63,88,000	Balances held abroad*	495,61,53,000
(c) Others	12,84,69,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	—
Bills Payable	7,95,10,000	Other Loans and Advances	32,50,000
Other Liabilities	12,77,95,000	Investments	16,47,39,000
		Other Assets	22,88,60,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	600,00,55,000	TOTAL ASSETS	600,00,55,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 25th October 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	Assets.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	63,53,64,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,195,17,51,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
Total Notes Issued		1,258,71,15,000	(b) Held outside India	—	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
			Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		21,12,68,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,13,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		—
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,258,71,15,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,258,71,15,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.726 per cent.

INDIA D.C. ROHTAS D.C. RANJIT A.C. ON I.S.D. FOR THE LAST 20 YRS. GUARANTEED FOR 2 YRS.

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D. 8062 W. 22-3-47.

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

FOREIGN—

Leather Cloth and Artificial Leather.

(JJ-52) A correspondent in Alexandria (Egypt) enquires for suppliers of Leather Cloth and Artificial Leather in India.

Nickelled Brass Slide Fasteners and Zips.

(JJ-53) A correspondent in Alexandria (Egypt) enquires for suppliers of Nickelled Brass Slide Fasteners and Zips in India.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

Crops. Madras, week ending 12th October.—Rainfall heavy in Nilgiris; moderate in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Chittoor, North Arcot, Salem, Malabar, Madura and South Kanara, fair in Anantapur, Nellore, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Ramnad; and nil elsewhere. Sowing and transplantation of paddy in Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, West Coast and Nilgiris and of dry crops in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madura and Ramnad proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara in progress. Outturn generally fair. **Orissa**, week ending 21st October.—Rainfall heavy at Balasore, Puri, Khurda, Chhatrapur and Koraput and light to moderate at other places except Jajpur, Navapara, P'ulbani and Nawrangpur where no rain reported. Harvesting of autumn paddy in Balasore district and of mal paddy in Sambalpur district in progress. Sowing of rabi crops in Cuttack district commenced. Standing crops, including sugarcane, winter paddy and tobacco, generally thriving. Winter paddy deteriorated on account of much rainfall in Cuttack district. Damage to winter paddy crop by insects in Balasore district reported. Rain required for paddy crop in Ghumsar taluk in Ganjam district. **Sind**, week ending 27th October.—Rainfall nil. Days warm and nights cool. Cotton picking continued. Slight attack of red-leaf blight and boll-worm continues. Harvesting of paddy in progress. **Bengal**, week ending 23rd October.—Weather not seasonable everywhere. Excessive rain in some districts reported. Prospects of standing crops reported generally satisfactory. Some damage to aman and early rabi crops reported and preparation of lands for sowing of rabi crops being delayed in a few districts due to excessive rains.

Cotton. Bombay, 25th October.—Price fluctuating throughout session restricted within narrow limits. Indian Cotton Contract

January started around Rs. 460-8 and after moving up to Rs. 461-8, it sagged from Rs. 460-12 to Rs. 460-4 and then from Rs. 460 to Rs. 459-8. Towards close it improved a little and closed at Rs. 460. **Jute.** Calcutta, 30th October.—Steady but idle. No business reported. Hessians 40" 10 oz. quoted at Rs. 41-4 ready. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 98 ready. Market easier. Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

FOREIGN TRADE OF BOMBAY IN SEPTEMBER 1946.

The total value of the foreign trade of Bombay for the month of September 1946 amounted to Rs. 15-84 crores, showing a rise of Rs. 8-46 crores over the figure for September 1945. The increase was due to larger arrivals of foreign merchandise and greater shipments of merchandise of foreign produce. Imports of gold and silver and exports of silver recorded an increase.

IMPORTS.

The total value of imports of merchandise for September 1946 amounted to Rs. 13-10 crores, showing a rise of Rs. 8-15 crores over the figure for September 1945. Imports of gold and silver were Rs. 15-94 lakhs and Rs. 26-14 lakhs, respectively, as against Rs. 50 lakhs and nil each in September 1945. A comparison of the values of the principal articles with those for September 1945, is given below, the figures in brackets indicating an increase or a decrease, as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Cotton, raw	3.12 (+ 3.12)
Mineral oils	97 (— 98)
Machinery and millwork	96 (+ 59)
Silk, raw	64 (+ 64)
Metals and ores	57 (+ 44)
Instruments, apparatus, etc.	50 (+ 30)
Art silk piecegoods	50 (+ 43)
Motor cars (including motor wagons, etc.)	50 (+ 49)
Chemicals and chemical preparations	32 (+ 15)
Paper and pasteboard	29 (+ 16)
Wool manufactures	29 (+ 24)
Art silk yarn	28 (+ 25)
Precious stones and pearls—unset	25 (+ 9)
Drugs and medicines	24 (+ 13)
Silk manufactures	18 (+ 16)
Hardware	14 (+ 8)
Liquors	12 (+ 8)
Cotton—other manufactures	11 (+ 9)
Stationery	6 (— 12)
Glass and glassware	6 (+ 3)
Provisions and oilman's stores	6 (+ 5)
Fruits—Almonds	5 (+ 5)
Spices	4 (+ 3)

Noticeable increases occurred in respect of cotton, raw, from Kenya Colony, Egypt and Peru; cotton spinning machinery, weaving machinery, other sorts of machinery, prime-movers—other than locomotives—others, electrical machinery—others, switch gear and boilers from the United Kingdom; silk, raw, and cocoons—other sorts from the United Kingdom and China; metals—brass—unwrought and yellow metal sheets from the United Kingdom; copper—unwrought—tiles, etc., from the Union of South Africa and the United States of America and other sorts from Portuguese East Africa; copper—wrought—sheets from the United Kingdom; instruments—electrical goods and apparatus not enumerated.

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photographic—all others, instruments—other kinds, and complete wireless receivers from the United Kingdom and raw films from the United Kingdom and Belgium; motor cars, etc., from the United Kingdom, Canada and the United States of America and chassis from the United Kingdom and the United States of America and parts of mechanically propelled vehicles from the United Kingdom; piecegoods made entirely of art silk from the United Kingdom, the United States of America and Italy; art silk yarn from Italy and Netherlands; silk piecegoods—others and goods of silk mixed with other materials from China; woollen worsted piecegoods from the United Kingdom; packing and wrapping paper—other sorts from Norway and the United States of America; white printing paper—other sorts from the United Kingdom, Norway and the United States of America; writing paper—other sorts from the United Kingdom and Norway; chemicals—disinfectants—others, sodium hydrosulphite and other sorts of chemicals from the United Kingdom and other sorts of drugs and medicines from the United Kingdom and Switzerland. On the other hand, imports of diesel oil from Iran and motor spirit from Iran and Bahrein Islands, and stationery—other sorts from the United Kingdom recorded decreases.

EXPORTS.

Indian produce and manufactures.—The total value of export of Indian produce and manufactures for September 1946 amounted to Rs. 2-12 crores, showing a decrease of Rs. 16-21 lakhs over the figure for September 1945. Exports of gold and silver were nil and Rs. 6,610 as against Rs. 10-42 lakhs and nil, respectively, each in September 1945. The values of some of the important items as compared with those for September 1945, were as under, the figures in brackets indicating an increase or a decrease, as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Cotton manufactures	61 (— 59)
Seeds	28 (+ 10)
Metals and ores	9 (+ 9)
Hides and skins—tanned	7 (+ 7)
Cotton, raw	4 (+ 4)
Wool, raw	3 (+ 3)
Cotton twist and yarn	Rs. 31,491 (— 10)

Shipments of manganese ore increased from nil to 20,365 tons, of seeds from 4,629 tons to 5,358 tons, of cotton, raw, from nil to 263 tons and of wool, raw, from nil to 292,907 lbs. Shipments of cotton twist and yarn decreased from 912,400 lbs. to 49,100 lbs. The decrease in the shipment of Indian produce and manufactures was in respect of cotton piecegoods—(1) grey to Iraq and Abyssinia, (2) white to Aden and Dependencies and Egypt, and (3) coloured, printed or dyed to Iraq, and twist and yarn to Palestine, Iraq and Abyssinia, while castor seeds to the United Kingdom and the Commonwealth of Australia recorded an increase.

Re-exports.—Re-exports of foreign merchandise amounted to Rs. 17-10 lakhs as against Rs. 3-70 lakhs in September 1945. The increase of Rs. 13-40 lakhs was in respect of spices—cloves to the Straits Settlements, hardware to China and other sorts of drugs and medicines to the Federated Malay States.

FOREIGN TRADE OF KARACHI IN SEPTEMBER 1946.

The total value of the foreign import trade of the port of Karachi for September 1946 amounted to Rs. 2-30 crores, a decrease of Rs. 41 lakhs, and that of the export trade to Rs. 1-82 crores, an increase of Rs. 25 lakhs, as compared with the figures for September 1945. The progressive totals for the six months ending September 1946 reveal a decrease of Rs. 1-89 crores or 15 per cent under imports but an increase of Rs. 7-16 crores or 44 per cent under exports.

Comparative figures of the principal imports and exports for September 1945 and 1946 are given below:—

IMPORTS.

Article.	Unit.	Imports in September 1946.		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) as compared with September 1945.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
			Rs.		Rs.
Oils	Galls.	7,823,119	43,52,363	—13,335,953	—93,53,750
Cotton, raw	Tons	..	..	—534	—15,35,973
Machinery and millwork	Value	..	19,00,232	..	—6,55,259
Wool, raw	Tons	..	..	—188,133	—5,30,254
Woollen goods	Value	..	25,05,450	..	+23,72,198
Vehicles	..	..	13,29,124	..	+11,42,207
Cotton manufactures	..	..	11,48,066	..	+9,44,765
Metals and ores	Tons	1,463	13,23,938	—719	+4,77,533
Liquors	Galls.	24,462	6,70,962	+1,149	+1,53,644

The decline under oils was due chiefly to the absence of imports of petrol from Iran and smaller arrivals of fuel oils and kerosene from the same country. Curtailed imports of lubricating oils from the U. S. A. and petrol from Bahrein, though partially offset to a certain extent by substantial imports of kerosene from Bahrein, also contributed to this decline. Absence of imports of American and Egyptian cotton accounted for the decline under "Cotton, raw". The decrease under machinery and millwork was most noticeable in importations of agricultural tractors and parts, machine tools and mining machinery from the U. S. A., but partly offset by larger imports of prime-movers from the U. K. and other sorts of machinery from both the U. K. and the U. S. A. Lack of imports of wool, raw, from the Commonwealth of Australia brought about a fall under that commodity. Larger imports of woollen yarn and knitting wool and woollen and worsted piecegoods from the U. K. and substantial imports of woollen blankets and rugs from Italy, the pre-war supplier, were responsible for the improvement under woollen goods. Heavy imports of motor cars from the U. K. and France and of motor omnibuses, vans and lorries from the U. K. and the U. S. A. as against nil in September 1945 and larger receipts of cycles and parts from the U. K. accounted for the increase under "Vehicles". The expansion in respect of cotton manufactures was due mainly to heavy imports of cotton coloured, printed or dyed goods from Mexico during the month as against nil in the corresponding month of the previous year. The increase in value under metals and ores was noticeable in imports of steel bars, nails and washers and metals unenumerated from the U. K.

EXPORTS.

Article.	Exports in September 1946.		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) as compared with September 1945.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.
Skins, raw (Indian)	1,034	27,08,390	+951	+22,49,000
Cotton, raw	1,755	25,44,093	+1,180	+18,95,066
Hides, raw	532	13,99,000	+439	+11,37,420
Skins, raw (Foreign)	42	62,05,996	+5	+1,54,974
Wheat flour	3	1,430	+2	+945
Wool, raw (Indian and Foreign)	500	13,00,877	—1,915	—30,71,367
Rapeseed	..	..	—1,175	—4,70,000

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12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

The improvement under skins, raw (Indian), occurred mainly owing to heavy shipments of goat and sheep skins to the U. S. A. Exports to Sweden, the new customer, of goat and sheep skins worth Rs. 1.22 lakhs also contributed to the above increase. Of the total quantity (1,755 tons) of cotton exported during the month 1,058 tons were shipped to the Continent, 607 tons to the U. S. A., 54 tons to the U. K. and 36 tons to China. The total quantity of cotton exported during the six months ending September 1946 amounted to 55,383 tons (310,143 bales) as against 40,652 tons (227,648 bales) during the corresponding period of the previous year. The increase under hides, raw, was due to substantial exports of buffalo and cow hides to Turkey—European and other Continental ports, Syria being conspicuous now for her absence in trade of this article. Smaller shipments to the U. S. A. and absence of demand from the U. K. brought about a fall under "Wool, raw". The contraction under rapeseed was solely due to the ban on export imposed by the Government of India.

REPORT OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER IN AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND, SYDNEY, FOR THE MONTHS OF OCTOBER, NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 1945.

Economic Conditions.

AUSTRALIA.

New Tariff Principles.

A SYSTEM of temporary protection for some Australian industries, by agreement with Britain, has been recommended by the Tariff Board in its annual report which was tabled in Parliament.

The report declared that the fixing of tariffs on the basis of production costs would be impossible in the early post-war years. Conditions governing manufacturing costs in Britain and Australia had been drastically changed during the war. Equally drastic changes could be expected as the two countries adapted themselves to peace conditions. "Whatever the outcome of future international discussions, alterations in the British preferential tariff are still governed by the requirements of the Ottawa Agreement", the report stated.

"Some temporary agreement might be reached by consultation between the Australian and British Governments to protect worthwhile Australian industries until reviews can be made under the Ottawa principle. The greatest discrimination should be exercised in dealing with industries developed during the war which may require abnormally high protection to survive the return to peace conditions. High protection may be justified temporarily for industries not fully developed which show good prospects of reducing their costs so that lower protection will be possible in a few years. It may be necessary to burden the community permanently with high protection for industries essential to national security which promise exceptional social benefits." It was stated that Australia would not forgo Empire preference lightly.

Creation of Bank Credit for Home-building.

Funds for the actual building of homes would be provided by the creation of the Commonwealth Bank Credit, said the Minister for Post-War Reconstruction at the debate on the second reading of the Commonwealth and States Housing Agreement Bill.

Export Wool Price Reduced.

The export selling price of Australian wool has been reduced by 6 per cent as from 1st November 1945, with a re-adjustment

also in the price to be paid by Australian manufacturers. The reduction was probably due to falling freight, insurance and other charges, which had been abnormal when the selling prices were fixed. The change would make no difference to the prices paid to growers. These were fixed by appraisalment on a scale agreed to at the beginning of the season. In announcing the revised prices, the Central Wool Committee said they had been fixed by agreement between the Commonwealth and British Governments. All wool not invoiced on November 1 would be subject to the reduction.

All prices, the committee said, had been brought to an ex-store basis in accordance with the decisions at the recent conference in London. In addition to the ex-store price, buyers would be required to pay a delivery charge of 1d. Aust. per lb. The revised prices were less than the present United Kingdom export issue prices, and represented an overall reduction of approximately 6 per cent.

Big Barley Crop.

Because of bountiful rains, the barley crop this season will be 6,000,000 bushels, compared with only 2,000,000 from last year's drought-stricken crop.

It is expected that, when the beer from the new crop is coming forward, some fairly substantial easing of present restrictions will be possible.

Rise in Prices of Primary Products.

Prices of primary products in Australia, compared with the average over three years ended June 1939, rose 27.2 per cent to August 1944 and 29.4 per cent to August 1945.

An official return issued recently shows that export prices to August 1945, compared with the same base period, rose by 33.8 per cent and wholesale prices by 41.9 per cent. Company shares on stock exchange showed a rise of 2.9 per cent to August 1944, and a rise of 8 per cent to August 1945.

Food Prospects.

The effect of industrial upheavals, coal shortage, and manpower difficulties on food supply prospects for the summer were discussed recently by authorities. The position at present is:—

Sugar.—The Colonial Sugar Refining Co., Ltd., stated that the summer demand might not be supplied fully. Industrial troubles, coal shortage, and inadequate manpower reduced refinery production during the year by more than 60,000 tons and is sufficient to meet the retail trade requirements for four months. The company had been unable to supply the winter demand for sugar by Empire and Allied forces, and by civilian customers in New South Wales, Victoria and Tasmania. The British Ministry of Food also wanted more sugar than was now in prospect.

Milk.—The Minister for Health said that he hoped that rationing of milk would not be necessary. The possibility of rationing if good rain did not fall was suggested by the General Secretary of the Milk Zone Dairymen's Council.

Meat.—In Melbourne, the Minister for Trade and Customs told a delegation from the Meat and Allied Trades' Federation of Australia that he could not abolish meat rationing at present because of a world shortage of meat.

Eggs.—The Commonwealth Director-General of Agriculture said in Melbourne that Australia's commercial production of eggs for 1945-46 should reach the record of 115,000,000 dozen.

Wheat.—Because of a dry September and October, Australia's wheat yield for the forthcoming season was now estimated at between 120,000,000 and 130,000,000 bushels. Earlier in the year it had been thought the harvest would reach 160,000,000 bushels.

British Survey on Australia.

In a survey of British post-war trade prospects in Australia prepared by His Majesty's Senior Trade Commissioner in Australia, emphasis is laid on the changed character of Australia's import needs, following the establishment of new industries during the war. Much will depend on the competitive ability of these industries, says the report, and more perhaps on the detailed application of any international agreement that may be reached with regard to the general lowering of trade barriers and the promotion of economic advancement throughout the world. Development of local industries will certainly intensify competition with the United Kingdom. The fact that Australian interests have undertaken many new forms of manufacture to satisfy war needs will doubtless encourage them to expect extension of protection of these new products in the post-war years. Many newly-established interests already are being safeguarded by various means. The United States will be a keener competitor with the United Kingdom over a wider range of imports than before the war. There will be urgent demand for equipment and plant generally in the transition period after the war, but even here, as in the case of consumer goods, Australia cannot allow unrestricted importation. If hopes of the development of export trade by the newly-established Australian secondary industries are realised, the picture of the United Kingdom's export trade to Australia may completely change in the nature of the goods supplied by the United Kingdom, and not necessarily in the sum total of the trade. Given general prosperity, soundly based import trade may be expected to revive, but it may conceivably be in classes of goods different from those supplied before the war. There was no need to be unduly pessimistic about possibilities provided always that Australia remained prosperous, and produces external income corresponding at least with that enjoyed in good pre-war years.

Wheat Outlook.

The new wheat crop for all States is expected to reach no less than nearly 135,000,000 bushels compared with last season's 52,000,000 bushels. The New South Wales yield should be in the vicinity of 53,600,000 bushels with production from the other States estimated as follows:—Victoria, 32,500,000 bushels; South Australia, 20,700,000 bushels; West Australia, 20,500,000 bushels; and Queensland, 7,500,000 bushels. A substantial quantity of this wheat is to be turned into flour and sent abroad while 30,000,000 bushels will be made available for stock feed.

Last year little more than 17,000,000 bushels of wheat were harvested in New South Wales, while the new crop at nearly 54,000,000 bushels is larger than that of the whole of the Commonwealth for last year. It compares favourably with the average of less than 52,000,000 bushels for the ten years to 1944.

The Commonwealth Government, in announcing a proposed new wheat stabilisation scheme, intends to put it before the States for approval. In a five-year plan to the 1949-50 season, growers are to be guaranteed 5/2 per bushel f.o.b. for all wheat marketed in Australia and 5/2 per bushel f.o.b. bagged for all f.a.q. wheat exported during the period.

The intention is to provide a guaranteed export price for five years, to review it within five years and, after any necessary adjustment, to extend the period and to have permanently a guaranteed price for a reasonable term ahead. If export prices are in excess of the guaranteed price, a stabilisation quota for sixty per cent of the excess will be utilised to meet deficiencies when export prices are below it.

The object of the scheme is to bring production into line with the markets available, with a central organisation handling the disposal of the Australian wheat crops.

NEW ZEALAND.

Record Exports.

The record figure of £86,840,000 was attained in the value of New Zealand exports measured in New Zealand currency for the year ended June 30, according to the latest trade returns. The past year's result exceeded the previous peak figure reached in the 1942 production year by £12,801,000.

At the same time imports have shown a further decline to £67,736,000 for the 12 months, a reduction of £29,949,000 on the 1944 record total. The trading result for the production year, therefore, was a surplus of exports of £19,104,000.

New Zealand Import Bans Eased.

A wider range of imports will be permitted in 1946. The licensing schedule for 1946 follows closely the procedure of previous years, but new allocations have been granted for a number of items, including organs, pianos, lawn mowers, vacuum cleaners, and motor cycles from the United Kingdom.

Allocations have been increased for carpets, linoleum, china-ware, sporting requisites, and bicycles from the United Kingdom. Licences for sporting requisites and lawn mowers may alternatively be used for imports from Australia.

The allocation for books from the United Kingdom and Australia has been increased.

Licences may be granted for the import of materials used in the manufacture of such goods as radio sets, refrigerators, and washing machines, the production of which was suspended during the war.

Plastics Industry.

An exhibition of plastic manufactures to illustrate the part played by the plastics industry in New Zealand during the war and the type of goods which can be produced for civilian requirements was opened at the rooms of the Auckland Manufacturers' Association.

There is a surprisingly wide range of plastic articles for civilian use on exhibition. They include door knobs, knitting needles, buttons, egg-beaters and other kitchen utensils, lipstick containers, ash trays and ornaments, combs made from perspex, toothbrush handles, bath plugs, electric-power switches and plugs, handles for furniture, and many other household goods and fittings.

Also of interest is a display of plastic dolls' heads, in which a Hamilton firm has built up a considerable export trade to Australia. The heads are well made and are very natural in appearance. Exhibits which may cause some surprise to members of the public who are not acquainted with the activities of the industry are telephone sets, which have been supplied to the Post and Telegraph Department as replacements for some years, radio cabinets, radio dial indicators, propelling pencils, inkwells and tips for umbrella spokes.

Footwear Manufacture.

Children's footwear production shows a marked increase in the 1943-44 survey of the New Zealand footwear manufacturing industry. Compared with the previous 12 months, the production of children's footwear in 1943-44 increased by 140 per cent or 492,945 pairs, and the value by 89 per cent or £159,406. There were recessions, however, in the numbers and values of other principal products; with the exception of slippers and canvas and rubber shoes, which showed a higher value.

During the year, the value of total output rose by 6.6 per cent to £3,528,535 from £3,308,681 in the previous year. There was an increase of 4.7 per cent to £1,520,865 in added value; while



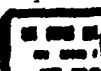
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the cost of materials used rose by 8.1 per cent to £2,007,670. The number of employees was 4,518, an increase of five only, and their wages totalled £1,071,463.

Of all leather used in the industry, leather produced in New Zealand represented 81 per cent, costing £1,144,681, with only £267,482 worth being imported. Other materials used in the manufacture were valued at £595,507.

Production again reached high figures. Some 2,292,233 pairs of adult footwear valued at £2,255,500 were made, while children's wear, including sandals, totalled 845,572 pairs valued at £339,399. Adults' sandals totalled 221,795 pairs at a value of £109,320. Slipper, canvas and rubber shoe production accounted for 1,956,763 pairs of a value of £502,422.

Timber Industry during the War.

There are nearly 8,000 men engaged in timber production in New Zealand. By working longer hours, the output was increased over the pre-war production level at 315,000,000 feet in 1937-38 to 350,000,000 feet in 1944-45.

Rimu, matai, totara and white pine comprised most of the timber produced, but the volume of exotic timber being milled is steadily rising. *Pinus insignis* production increased from 56,000,000 feet in 1941-42 to 85,000,000 feet in 1944-45. Practically the whole of this yield has been used in the box-and case-making industry, and in addition some 15,000,000 feet of *rimu* and *matai* have been required to meet the needs of boxmakers for export containers for the armed forces in the Pacific. After meeting the dairy industry's needs for butter boxes and cheese crates, and for tallow casks, more than one-third of the total production was absorbed.

In order to ensure the importation of 12,000,000 feet of hard, woods required for power and telegraph poles and other purposes, a similar quantity of softwoods has to be exported. This exchange of timber is between New Zealand and Australia by agreement. The State Forest Service has indicated that a further 100,000,000 feet of timber is urgently required to be produced in New Zealand. This increase, it is reported, could be achieved if suitable plant, manpower, housing and transport facilities were made available.

Trade Enquiries.

I.—FROM AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Carpets.—A firm in Melbourne was furnished with a list of firms in India handling exports of carpets, raw cotton and cotton waste.

Cigars.—A firm in Sydney was furnished with a list of manufacturers of cigars in India.

Dental Supplies.—Names and addresses of suppliers in India of dental goods were passed on to a firm in New South Wales.

Fancy Goods.—Names and addresses of suppliers in India of fancy goods, precious stones and jewellery were passed on to a Melbourne firm. Another firm in Melbourne was furnished with a list of suppliers in India of handbags, jewellery, precious stones, fancy goods and novelties, skins, sports and travel goods, hardware and musical instruments.

Fibres, Oils, Spices.—Names and addresses of suppliers in India of bristles and fibres, chemicals and drugs, cotton yarn, essential oils, tanning materials, talc and vegetable oils were passed on to a firm in Auckland.

Goat Skins.—Names and addresses of suppliers in India of goat skins and goat hair were passed on to two firms.

Indian Goods.—A firm in Sydney and another enquirer in Melbourne were furnished with lists of suppliers of Indian goods in general.

Lace Goods and Novelties.—Names of suppliers in India of lace goods and novelties were passed on to a Melbourne firm.

Mica.—Information regarding manufacturers in India of Mica was passed on to two Sydney firms.

Musical Instruments.—An enquiring firm in Sydney was given names of manufacturers in India of various types of musical instruments.

Myrobalans.—Names of suppliers in India of myrobalans were forwarded to a Sydney firm.

Oakwood.—An enquiry from a Sydney firm to contact suppliers in India of oakwood was forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, for necessary attention.

Reinforcing Steel.—An enquiry from a New Zealand firm to contact manufacturers in India of reinforcing steel was forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, for appropriate circulation.

Rolled Steel Sheets.—An enquiry from a Sydney firm to contact suppliers in India of rolled steel sheets for the manufacture of barrels was forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, for necessary attention.

Sesamum.—An enquirer in Sydney was furnished with a list of suppliers in India of sesamum seed.

Shellac.—A firm in Brisbane was furnished with a list of suppliers of shellac.

Soap Nuts.—Names of exporters in India of soap nuts were forwarded to a Sydney firm.

Wines and Spirits.—Names and addresses of wine and spirit merchants in India were passed on to a Sydney firm of exporters.

Wool.—An importer in Sydney and a firm in Melbourne were furnished with names and addresses of suppliers of carpet wool in India.

II.—FROM INDIA.

Artware.—A firm in Hoshiarpur was furnished with names and addresses of firms in Australia and New Zealand handling artware.

Names of likely importers in Australia of artware, carpets, cutlery and leather goods were passed on to a Bombay firm.

Brushes.—A firm in Bombay was furnished with names and addresses of likely importers in Australia of brushes, cutlery and novelty goods.

Bukram Cloth.—Names of likely importers were given to firm in Amritsar.

Buttons.—Names and addresses of Australian firms interested in buttons were passed on to an enquirer in Amritsar.

Canvas.—A firm in Calcutta was given names of Australian firms handling canvas.

Carpets.—Several firms in Amritsar, Bhudohi, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi and Lahore were given names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand of carpets and other types of floor coverings from India.

Cashew Nuts.—Names of likely importers in Australia of cashew nuts were passed on to a firm in Irinjalakuda, Quilon.

Cigars.—Names and addresses of likely importers in Australia of cigars were forwarded to a firm in Cocanada.

Coir Goods.—Several firms in Alleppey and Bombay were furnished with names and addresses of likely importers in Australia of coir manufactures.

Cotton and Cotton Waste.—Several firms in Bombay and Karachi were furnished with necessary information relating to the import into Australia of raw cotton from India. Names and addresses of dealers in cotton waste were also passed on to enquirers in Bombay.

Cutlery and Enamelware.—A firm in Calcutta was given names of likely importers in Australia of cutlery and enamelware. Names and addresses of likely importers of electrical appliances and padlocks were passed on to a firm in Quadian.

Electrical Appliances.—Names and addresses of selected Australian firms handling domestic electrical appliances were forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta.

Fancy Goods.—Names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand of fancy brassware were passed on to a firm in Moradabad and another in Lahore.

Names and addresses of dealers in ivory goods were passed to a firm in Delhi and another in Bombay.

Furs and Skins.—A firm in Delhi was given names and addresses of selected firms in Australia and New Zealand handling furs and skins, wool and hair. Two firms in Lahore and another in Multan City were given similar information.

Gunny Bags.—Names and addresses of dealers in Australia of second-hand gunny bags were forwarded, on request, to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta.

Hurricane Lanterns.—Names of likely Australian importers were passed on to a firm in Ogalowadi.

Indian Produce Goods—

(i) A firm in Bangalore City was furnished with the names and addresses of likely importers in Australia of condiments, seeds and nuts, sandalwood oil, shellac, mica and silk.

(ii) Firms in Ahmedabad, Bombay (3), Calcutta (4), Cocanada, Coimbatore, Karachi, Kottayam, Lahore, Madras, Madras and Sialkot City were furnished with names of firms in Australia and New Zealand interested in the import of Indian produce goods.

(iii) Several other firms in Bombay, Calcutta and Karachi were supplied with names of Australian firms interested in general imports from India.

(iv) A firm in Amritsar was given names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand of carpets, embroidery goods, essential oils, fancy goods, musk and palmyra fibre.

(v) Names and addresses of selected firms in Australia handling jute, mica, shellac and tea were passed on to a firm in Calcutta. Another firm in Calcutta was given names of importers of linseed, myrobalans, nuts and shellac.

Jute Goods.—Names and addresses of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand were forwarded to two firms in Calcutta.

Leather Goods.—Names of Australian firms handling tanned leather goods were passed on to a Calcutta firm.

Mica.—Several firms in Gudur and other firms in Calcutta were given names and addresses of selected firms in Australia and New Zealand handling imports of mica.

Mineral Ores.—Names of likely importers were passed on to a firm in Chaibasa and another in Calcutta.

Musical Instruments.—Names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand were forwarded to two firms in Sialkot City.

Oils and Oilseeds.—A firm in Bombay and another in Cocanada were given names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand of oils and oilseeds. Names of likely importers of oils and oilseeds and hides and skins were forwarded to a firm in Bombay. A firm in Calcutta was given names and addresses of likely importers in Australia of linseed oil.

Pharmaceutical Preparations.—Names and addresses of Australian firms interested in handling imports of pharmaceutical preparations were passed on to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta.

Precious Stones.—Four firms in Jaipur City and another in Amritsar were given names and addresses of firms in Australia and New Zealand handling precious and semi-precious stones.

Rags and Ropes.—Names and addresses of likely importers in Australia of rags, ropes and shoe materials were passed on to a firm in Calcutta.

Saltpetre.—Names of likely importers in Australia were passed on to a firm in Calcutta.

Silk Fabrics.—Names and addresses of likely importers were passed on to a firm in Bangalore City.

Spices.—Names and addresses of likely importers in Australia of cardamoms and other Malabar produce were passed on to a firm in Kottayam. A firm in Bombay was given a list of likely importers of black pepper and raw cotton in Australia. A list of curry powder importers in Australia was passed on to a firm in Madras. A firm in Dooli (Ajmer) was given names and addresses of likely importers in Australia of condiments and oils. A list of dealers of spices in Australia was passed on to a Bombay firm.

Sports Goods.—Eight firms in Sialkot City, three firms in Lahore and one firm in Amritsar were furnished with names of importers in Australia and New Zealand of sports requisites. A firm in Madras was given names of firms in Australia and New Zealand interested in the handling of art jewellery and sports goods from India.

Stationery Goods.—A firm in Lahore was given names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand of stationery goods and allied lines.

Surgical Instruments.—Names and addresses of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand of surgical and veterinary instruments and appliances were passed on to three firms in Sialkot City.

Talcum Powder.—A firm in Calcutta was given names of selected firms in Australia handling the import of talcum powder.

Toys.—A firm in Ferozepore City was given names and addresses of likely importers in Australia of toys.

Wool.—A firm in Amritsar was furnished with names of selected firms in Australia interested in the import of wool from India.

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REPORT ON THE WORK OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER IN AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND, SYDNEY, DURING 1944-45*

BY

V. C. VIJAYA RAGHAVAN, ESQ.

COMMODITIES.

Cotton Piecegoods.

(The Australian Official Year runs from 1st July to 30th June.)

IMPORTS INTO AUSTRALIA.

Canvas and Duck.

	Quantity in Sq. Yds. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
United Kingdom	7,336	5,974	4,736	6,011	8,509	4,401	458	489	498	677	1,040	587
Canada	222	471	181	21	34	28	19	38	19	2	4	4
India	753	5,499	5,143	4,858	6,102	1,922	26	278	304	426	612	153
Japan	3,504	3,159	235	2412	7,747	1,630	123	140	14	..	..	..
U.S.A.	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	212	..	..	..	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	28	271	973	179
Other Countries	359	446	6	2	..	..	18	36	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	12,174	15,549	10,513	13,304	22,392	7,981	644	981	863	1,376	2,629	928

Calico for Bag Making.

	Quantity in Sq. Yds. (000).				Value in £ Sterling (000).			
	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
United Kingdom	149	25	213	242	5	..	6	11
India	2,062	1,163	672	405	56	32	29	17
Japan	2,388	..	..	..	36	..	..	..
U.S.A.	..	..	409	..	..	..	12	..
Ceylon	..	58	..	..	..	2	..	..
TOTAL	4,599	1,251	1,294	647	97	34.5	47	28

Grey, Unbleached.

	Quantity in Sq. Yds. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
United Kingdom	10,206	8,541	6,616	5,955	5,417	4,603	321	372	319	217	198	193
Canada	4,622	2,891	1,932	276	151	120	253	173	159	23	18	24
India	1,033	7,464	19,563	30,195	17,106	9,385	21	145	574	1,248	1,035	531
Japan	9,456	4,728	591	..	..	..	127	78	12	..	..	..
U.S.A.	30	334	3,796	3,433	3,803	5,930	2	23	303	311	457	545
Other Countries	2,315	169	1,885	53	..	..	33	4	26	2	..	..
TOTAL	27,174	24,127	34,388	39,918	26,477	20,038	757	795	1,393	1,801	1,706	1,293

* In continuation of the particulars published on pages 78-82 of the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 10th October 1946.

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White, Bleached.

	Quantity in Sq. Yds. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
United Kingdom	26,108	24,646	17,702	13,374	13,551	17,819	810	960	742	674	758	1,005
India	1,251	5,421	9,959	16,155	10,888	3,123	31	139	357	859	756	206
Japan	7,112	3,168	..	..	..	..	130	77	..	..	..	..
U.S.A.	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	177	1,710	5,758	3,164	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	9	74	625	263
Other Countries	3,373	516	566	4	4	..	64	31	74	..	..	..
TOTAL	37,888	33,756	28,404	31,243	30,201	24,106	1,036	1,207	1,182	1,607	2,139	1,464

Dyed or Coloured Woven, etc.

	Quantity in Sq. Yds. (000).				Value in £ Sterling (000).			
	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Dyed or Coloured woven Canvas Drills, Duck, Dungarees and Jeans weighing more than 6 oz. per sq. yd., but less than 18 oz. per sq. yd.—	946	8,885	3,890	4,966	65	534	303	447
United Kingdom	..	..	400	..	..	..	43	..
Canada	..	..	19,047	2,481	24	522	1,604	288
India	467	6,745	3,578	6,499	..	138	299	526
U.S.A.	..	2,161	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	1,413	17,793	26,915	13,946	89	1,194	2,249	1,261

Of a Type used in the Manufacture of Shirts, etc.

	Quantity in Sq. Yds. (000).				Value in £ Sterling (000).			
	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Of a type used in the manufacture of shirts; undyed for use in the manufacture of leather cloth, rubber cloth, undyed sheets, etc., etc.—	4,843	3,080	5,713	6,151	269	177	403	436
United Kingdom	12,193	5,888	21,841	1,886	602	311	1,286	124
India	..	2,849	8,502	8,044	..	150	422	501
U.S.A.	..	..	..	..	11	1	..	..
Other Countries	349	16	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	17,391	11,833	36,056	16,081	872	639	2,111	1,061

Printed, Dyed or Coloured, n. e. i.

	Quantity in Sq. Yds. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
United Kingdom	85,102	71,409	55,742	23,476	18,329	29,122	2,855	3,030	2,719	1,435	1,318	1,899
Canada	1,856	757	734	87	..	75	64	26	27	5	..	8
India	607	3,163	12,487	14,087	14,201	13,642	13	102	523	516	1,271	1,127
Japan	16,339	6,745	770	..	..	..	333	157	21	..	..	..
U.S.A.	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	378	1,614	12,041	61,041	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	25	81	822	5,735
Other Countries	3,464	747	130	12	3	..	161	39	10	1	..	..
TOTAL	107,368	82,821	70,241	39,176	44,574	103,880	3,426	3,354	3,325	2,338	3,411	8,769



B. 2003 W. 21-1-47.

"PUBLICITY SYNDICATE."

IMPORTS INTO NEW ZEALAND.

Cotton Piecegoods, Woven.

	Quantity in Sq. Yds. (000).						Value in £.N.Z. (000).					
	Year ended 31st December.				Year ended 31st March.		Year ended 31st December.				Year ended 31st March.	
	1940	1941	1942	1943	1943-44	1944-45	1940	1941	1942	1943	1943-44	1944-45
United Kingdom	28,700	33,969	19,428	26,862	29,349	31,358	1,844	2,396	1,703	2,827	3,004	3,045
Canada	131	191	274	2,640	1,750	750	13	28	32	184	148	53
India	621	2,388	7,303	7,565	5,317	12,482	32	177	630	631	502	1,009
U. S. A.	114	188	206	4,611	7,171	6,201	6	27	24	755	1,061	684
Other Countries	6,510	2,380	181	314	118	90	185	78	24	17	16	9
TOTAL	36,076	39,116	27,392	41,092	43,705	50,881	2,080	2,705	2,413	4,414	4,731	4,800

The total imports into Australia of goods in the category of "Textiles" improved in value from £21,431,000 in the nine months' period ended 31st March 1944, to £22,981,000 during the corresponding period of 1944-45.

The value of imports of canvas and duck, and cotton and linen piecegoods increased from £11,984,000 in the nine months ended 31st March 1944, to £14,507,000 in the similar period of 1944-45.

Imports of cotton piecegoods into the Commonwealth are classified principally under the following heads:—

1. Canvas and Duck.
2. Calico for bag making.
3. Grey unbleached, n.e.i.
4. White bleached, n.e.i.
5. Dyed or Coloured woven, Canvas Drills, Duck, Dungarees and Jeans, weighing more than 6 ounces per square yard, but less than 18 ounces per square yard.
6. Of a type used in the manufacture of shirts, for use as pocketing in the manufacture of outer clothing; undyed, whether bleached or unbleached, for use in the manufacture of leather cloth, rubber cloth, and other waterproof cloth; undyed sheetings, etc.
7. Printed, Dyed, or Coloured, n.e.i.

The outstanding feature of the cotton textile trade during the year under review was again the larger imports of piecegoods from the United States, whose share increased from £2,652,000 in the first nine months of 1943-44 to £7,739,000 during the nine months period ended 31st March 1945. The following figure will give an idea of the trade in cotton piecegoods during the period under review:—

Canvas and Duck.—The value of the total imports under this head fell from £2,328,000 in the first nine months of 1943-44, to £928,000 during the similar period of 1944-45. India's share dropped from £517,000 to £158,000, the share of the United Kingdom from £870,000 to £587,000 and that of the United States from £938,000 to £179,000.

Calico for Bag Making.—Imports in this class declined from 948,000 square yards valued at £32,000 during the first nine months of 1943-44 to 647,000 square yards valued at £28,000 in the similar period of 1944-45. The bulk of the imports was from India.

Grey Unbleached.—The total imports in this class declined from 21,829,000 square yards valued at £1,397,000 in the first nine months of 1943-44, to 20,038,000 square yards valued at £1,293,000 during the same period of 1944-45. While imports from the United Kingdom and the United States increased from £144,000 and £335,000 to £193,000 and £545,000, respectively, the shipments from India declined from £912,000 to £531,000.

White Bleached.—The total imports in this category were valued at £1,464,000 in 1944-45, as compared with £1,792,000 during the first nine months of 1943-44. While the imports from the United Kingdom registered a considerable increase (from £538,000 in 1943-44 to £1,005,000 in 1944-45), the shipments from India fell from £639,000 to £208,000 and those from the United States fell from £617,000 to £253,000.

Dyed or Coloured Woven, etc.—Imports in this category also dropped from £1,943,000 in 1943-44 (nine months) to £1,261,000 in 1944-45 (nine months). Although imports from the United Kingdom and the United States recorded substantial increases, the imports from India registered a noteworthy decline, viz., from £1,447,000 in 1943-44 (nine months) to £288,000 in the nine months' period ended 31st March 1945.

Of a Type used for Shirting, etc.—The total imports of goods in this class were valued at £1,061,000 in 1944-45 (nine months), as compared with £1,463,000 in 1943-44 (nine months). While imports from the United Kingdom and the United States registered increases, there was a substantial drop in the imports from India, viz., from £990,000 in 1943-44 (nine months) to £124,000 in 1944-45 (nine months).

Printed, Dyed or Coloured, n.e.i.—The increase in the total imports of cotton textiles to Australia during the period under review was mainly contributed by the substantial increase in the total imports of goods under this category. The total imports increased from 30,084,000 square yards valued at £2,419,000 in the first nine months of 1943-44 to 103,880,000 square yards valued at £8,769,000 in the similar period of 1944-45. The imports from the United States recorded a remarkable increase, viz., from £351,000 in 1943-44 (nine months) to £5,735,000 during 1944-45 (nine months). Imports from the United Kingdom increased from £1,040,000 to £1,899,000 and those from India registered a slight increase, viz., from £1,028,000 to £1,127,000. It will be observed that this is the only class of cotton piecegoods where a slight increase was registered in the shipments from India during the period under review.

As far as New Zealand is concerned, the total imports of woven cotton piecegoods during the year ended 31st March 1945, valued at £4,800,000, registered a slight increase of £69,000 as compared with the 1943-44 figures. The imports from India advanced from £502,000 in 1943-44 to £1,009,000 in 1944-45, and was mainly contributed by the remarkable figure of £685,000 which was the value of imports of cotton piecegoods from India during the month of March 1945. Imports from the United Kingdom hardly indicated any marked variation in the year under review. Shipments from the United States have, however, registered a marked fall.

It will be observed that the earlier promise of an expanding market for Indian cotton piecegoods in Australia has not been maintained. The imports of cotton piecegoods from India, during the period under review, have registered a fall, mainly contributed by the restrictions imposed in India on exports to Australia, reports of profiteering by Indian exporters and the non-competitive prices quoted for Indian textiles. The price control instituted by agreement between the authorities in India and Australia brought down prices to a reasonable level but, even so, there was a preference for British and American manufactures on account of better quality. In May 1944, a further step in the stabilisation of prices of textiles was taken by the gazettal of an Order by the Commonwealth

Prices Commissioner, fixing selling prices for 319 lines of cotton materials manufactured in India.

It must again be emphasised that the retention of the market in textiles will largely depend on the extent to which the Indian manufacturer will satisfy the special requirements of the Australian market in variety, quality, finish and prices. Goods of inferior quality are resented and create a prejudice against the country of manufacture. Unfortunately, a substantial proportion of imports from India has again not been above criticism of this nature. Complaints were also frequently heard about the insufficient attention paid to packing.

Jute and Jute Manufactures.

Imports into Australia.

	Quantity (000).						Value in £. Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.				1944-45 (Nine Months).		1939-40.				1944-45 (Nine Months).	
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Jute Fibre—												
India	52	58	66	44	96	61	99	106	209	98	261	169
TOTAL	52	58	66	44	96	62	99	106	209	98	261	170
Hessians, Brattice Cloth, Jute Piecegoods—												
United Kingdom	6,787	5,221	3,531	2,739	2,186	1,320	163	159	100	98	85	55
India	47,922	42,112	55,129	49,170	71,858	32,822	829	672	1,104	984	2,430	978
Other Countries	440	33	..	20	..	..	8	1	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	55,158	47,366	59,660	51,929	74,044	34,142	1,000	832	1,204	1,082	2,515	1,033
Bags, Sacks—												
Bran, Chaffs and Compressed Fodder—												
United Kingdom	..	4	1	10	13	..	..	2	1	4	7	..
India	303	625	396	694	472	536	116	220	194	264	267	304
Other Countries	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	303	631	397	704	485	536	116	222	195	268	274	304
Corn and Flour—												
United Kingdom	14	9	11	2	19	13	6	3	5	2	13	9
India	4,964	4,587	6,490	4,584	2,495	3,328	1,985	1,748	2,668	2,234	1,602	2,785
Other Countries	4	49	4	..	..	..	1	19	18	..	..	..
TOTAL	4,982	4,645	6,505	4,586	2,514	3,841	1,992	1,770	2,691	2,236	1,615	2,794
Gunny, Potato, Onion and Coal—												
India	24	52	244	2,134	493	48	7	10	33	316	90	26
Other Countries	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	24	53	244	2,134	493	48	7	10	33	316	90	26
Wool Packs—												
United Kingdom	1	3	..	..	1	..	1	7	..	..	2	..
India	520	654	262	375	364	287	820	974	504	858	1,056	951
Other Countries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	521	657	262	375	365	287	821	982	504	858	1,058	951



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Jute and Jute Manufactures—contd.
Imports into New Zealand.

	Quantity.						Value in £.N.Z.					
	Year ended 31st December.			Year ended 31st March.			Year ended 31st December.			Year ended 31st March.		
	1940	1941	1942	1943	1943-44	1944-45	1940	1941	1942	1943	1943-44	1944-45
Jute Fibre, Raw— Cwt.												
India	4,691	1,065	17,643	Nil	Nil	2,488	9,203	2,068	23,029	Nil	Nil	7,059
TOTAL	4,691	1,065	17,643	..	..	2,488	9,203	2,068	23,029	..	..	7,059
							£.N.Z.	£.N.Z.	£.N.Z.	£.N.Z.	£.N.Z.	£.N.Z.
							(000).	(000).	(000).	(000).	(000).	(000).
Jute Bag— (Bags, Cornsacks, Woolpacks) Doz. (000)												
India	1,629	1,294	904	902	1,147	1,513	800	611	502	856	1,069	1,156
Other Countries	2	39	3	1	..	..	1	4	2	1	1	..
TOTAL	1,631	1,333	907	903	1,147	1,513	801	615	504	857	1,070	1,156
Jute Cloth— (Jute, hemp and hessian)												
India	..	..	..	..	..	..	236	184	242	253	249	194
Other Countries	..	..	..	..	..	..	33	42	17	34	35	32
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	..	..	269	226	249	287	284	226
Jute Twist and Yarn— Lbs. (000)												
India	66	268	90	2,530	2,338	197	1	7	3	92	88	7
Other Countries	246	375	107	69	23	20	9	16	4	2	1	1
TOTAL	312	643	197	2,599	2,411	217	10	23	7	94	89	8

The imports into Australia of jute goods continued to be under the control of the Commonwealth Jute Buyer. The jute plan has been in operation since 1940 and resulted in adequate supplies of jute goods (woolpacks, cornsacks, chaff bags), hessian and piecegoods and of raw jute being always available to Australian users throughout the war period. The central buying plan enabled an average landed cost to be determined for each year. Complete satisfaction with the plan has been expressed by importers, distributors and users. During the period under review, there was a noteworthy fall in the imports into the Commonwealth of "Hessians, brattice cloth, jute piecegoods". In the category of "Bags and sacks", the imports of bran, corn and flour bags registered an increase as compared with imports during 1943-44. It is reported that sufficient stocks are held to provide for all requirements. As far as New Zealand is concerned, while an increase was registered in the imports of jute bags and sacks, the value of imports of jute cloth recorded a decline. During 1944-45, New Zealand imported raw jute fibre valued at £7,059 (imports during 1943-44: Nil).

Australian Flax.—For many years before the war, efforts had been made to stimulate the production of flax. The introduction of a bounty during 1930 for a period of five years had the immediate effect of increasing the area, but progress was not maintained. It was not until 1938-39 that a further attempt was made to re-establish the industry on a sound footing. An area of 1,362 acres was planted in that year. With the advent of war, external supplies of flax failed and production was rapidly expanded under a contract system with a fixed price for flax. Small quantities of flax have even been exported from Australia during the past four years.

The area planted and the production of flax straw in Australia is shown in the following table:—

	Area in Acres	Production (Tons of straw)
1939-40	2,160	2,487
1940-41	19,912	16,904
1941-42	54,576	65,106
1942-43	58,740	47,511
1943-44	55,031	62,461
1944-45 (a)	60,158	28,957

(a) Preliminary figures subject to revision.

Fibre and tow produced is being sold to the Government of the United Kingdom at prices already arranged. Other manufactures consisted of flax canvas, fire hose, cordage and webbing for military equipment.

Phormium Tenax in New Zealand.—Production this year, as compared with the last two years, has been as follows:—

	1944-45	1943-44	1942-43
Fibre	4,797	5,141	3,371
Tow	775	711	784
Stripper slips	127	115	69
TOTAL	5,699	5,967	4,224

There has been a slight decrease in production during the year under review, due to the fact that labour has been withdrawn from mills to some extent for military purposes. The whole of the production of tow, fibre and stripper slips has been utilized for the production of woolpacks, and of ropes for the Services.

Linen Flax in New Zealand.—During the past year there has been a decline in production, due partly to the closing of the Seddon and Leeston factories and partly to the shortage of crop at a number of centres, necessitating a curtailment of operations.

Production figures, compared with the previous year, are as follows:—

	Fibre.	Tow.	Seed.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
1943-44	1,899	1,103	3,964
1944-45	1,431	759	2,534

The total values of products, compared with the previous year, are as follows:—

	Fibre.	Tow.	Seed.	Other Products.
	£	£	£	£
1943-44	447,194	75,537	84,969	18,721
1944-45	354,809	55,741	49,206	16,901

The labour complement on 31st March 1944, comprised 723 males and 207 female workers, or a total of 930. By 31st March 1945, this had been reduced to 517 males and 102 females, or a total of 619.

In the 1943-44 season an area of 9,854 acres of flax was sown, of which 6,857 acres were accepted for fibre, yielding 11,259 tons of crop and purchased at a cost of £82,687. In the previous season, 1942-43, from an area of 21,849 acres, 17,487 acres were accepted and yielded 33,500 tons of crop. A substantial portion of this crop was, however, carried over for processing in the factory year of 1944-45.

In the 1944-45 season an area of 12,599 acres was sown, of which an area of 8,417 acres was harvested for fibre. This crop is expected to yield 17,182 tons of straw. The season promised to be one of the most favourable yet experienced, but hail prior to harvest and heavy rain and floods during harvest ruined much of the crop in Canterbury. In the Washdyke and Makikihi districts less than one-half of the crop was saved. On the other hand, favourable conditions were experienced in Otago and Southland, with the exception of Tapanui, and some excellent crops have been harvested in the Winton and Otautau districts.

Production figures for the year 1945-46 are expected to be:—

	Tons.
Fibre	1,223
Tow	606
Seed	1,826

The arrangement with the British Government for the growing of linen flax terminated on 30th November 1945, but all linen flax produced up to 30th November 1946, will be accepted by the British Ministry of Supply. It is anticipated that by the end of this period the industry in New Zealand will have produced in linen flax and tow fibre 10,301 tons, to a value of £1,808,787.

The production of seed in the same period will amount to 15,472 tons, to a value of £357,988. Altogether, since the industry commenced, the value of all production will reach £2,230,923.

It is proposed to carry on seven factories for the production of fibre and tow to supply the linen flax spinning and weaving industries in New Zealand and retain in employment approximately 400 workers.

Raw Cotton.

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £. Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
IMPORTS INTO AUSTRALIA.												
India	9,151	22,216	15,525	14,583	5,279	6,582	332	632	467	619	243	282
Congo Belgian	..	..	3,311	5,950	..	1,081	..	..	109	209	..	43
Egypt	73	919	5,479	2,728	1,684	4,348	2	35	235	150	105	259
Brazil	..	..	2,562	1,289	..	..	..	..	81	59	..	..
U. S. A.	8,495	8,045	80	525	13,663	9,289	271	255	3	29	732	498
Other Countries	107	2,653	5,002	4,556	179	164	2	88	181	148	9	9
TOTAL	17,826	33,853	31,959	29,634	20,805	21,464	507	1,010	1,076	1,214	1,089	1,091

The importation of raw cotton into the Commonwealth continued to be subject to Administrative control, and the purchase and distribution of all raw cotton imported into Australia rested with the Commonwealth Government. Imports of raw cotton from India registered an increase, as compared with 1943-44. There has been a noteworthy decline in the imports from the United States, but larger supplies were obtained from Egypt. Imports of Indian raw cotton into New Zealand declined in value from £22,620 in 1943-44 to £9,019 in the year ended 31st March, 1945. India was the sole supplier of raw cotton to the Dominion.



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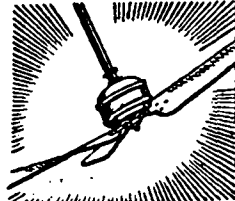
	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £. Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
IMPORTS INTO AUSTRALIA.												
<i>Single Ply 50's or finer—</i>												
India	1	8	122	191	1,209	1,566	106	253	207	171	243	310
United Kingdom	1,069	1,492	1,038	904	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Countries	3	..	..	36	..	..	..	..	..	11	..	..
TOTAL	1,073	1,500	1,160	1,131	1,210	1,566	160	253	232	229	243	310
All Other Cotton Yarn—												
India	25	520	984	3,085	2,007	3,069	1	23	78	291	304	439
United Kingdom	757	986	840	1,124	314	661	70	97	113	154	50	123
Other Countries	45	..	5	713	549	222	2	..	1	115	68	37
TOTAL	827	1,506	1,829	4,929	2,870	3,952	79	125	192	560	422	599
Mercerised—												
India	..	..	263	87	7	8	..	..	41	19	1	1
United Kingdom	..	..	776	681	832	985	..	..	187	182	228	292
Other Countries	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
TOTAL	..	..	1,044	768	839	993	..	..	229	201	229	293

The imports of cotton yarn from India into the Commonwealth recorded a slight increase during the period under review. There has, however, been a fall in the offtake by New Zealand. Imports during 1944-45 were valued at £8,708, as compared with £44,398 in 1943-44 and £52,936 during 1942-43.

Cotton Waste.

Imports into Australia.

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £. Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Cotton Spinners' Waste—												
India	975	1,408	887	1,510	879	405	26	37	23	62	26	12
Other Countries	123	87	..	..	..	..	2	3	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	1,098	1,495	887	1,510	879	405	28	40	23	62	26	12
Engine Cleaning Waste—												
United Kingdom	1,213	1,413	505	219	442	87	21	10	10	6	9	2
India	187	1,508	1,190	175	1	..	3	26	30	4	3	..
Other Countries	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	1,405	2,911	1,695	394	443	87	24	36	40	10	12	2



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Cotton Waste—contd.
Imports into New Zealand.

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £.N.Z.					
	Year ended 31st December.			Year ended 31st March.			Year ended 31st December.			Year ended 31st March.		
	1940	1941	1942	1943	1943-44	1944-45	1940	1941	1942	1943	1943-44	1944-45
Engineer's Waste—												
India	1,935	1,793	7,155	6,197	5,749	2,753	3,904	4,304	19,020	17,649	16,769	7,422
Other Countries	6,109	5,125	3,109	2,232	1,719	2,267	18,555	17,365	11,600	8,463	6,849	11,035
TOTAL	8,044	6,918	10,264	8,429	7,468	5,020	22,459	21,669	30,620	26,112	23,618	16,457

The importation of cotton waste into the Commonwealth was subject to Administrative Control. Owing to the existence of accumulated stocks, imports were restricted and there has been a fall in the imports of cotton spinner's waste from India—the sole supplier of this commodity to the Commonwealth. The imports of engineer's waste into New Zealand from India also declined from £16,769 in 1943-44 to £7,422 during 1944-45.

Kapok.
Imports into Australia.

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £. Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
India	..	76	134	1,290	8	682	..	1	3	74	..	45
Netherlands East Indies	8,270	7,601	7,306	30	..	..	181	160	169	2	..	..
Other Countries	156	18	..	..	45	..	5	..	..	..	3.2	..
TOTAL	8,426	7,695	7,440	1,329	53	682	186	161	172	76	3.8	45

During the period under review, India was the only supplier of Kapok to the Commonwealth. A certain amount of hesitancy still exists here to the free usage of Indian Kapok due to its objectionable odour. If the Indian produce is packed with more caution and treated in a way which would remove the odour, a keen demand would be maintained, even when the Java produce re-appears in the Australian market.

Floor and other Coverings.

Imports into Australia.

	Quantity in Sq. Yds. (000).						Value in £. Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Carpets and Carpeting—												
United Kingdom	3,508	2,222	2,083	128	1.4	18	1,250	964	961	76	1	7
India	61	156	715	71	..	5	21	54	176	22	..	2
Other Countries	693	62	5	1	2.3	3	125	15	2	1	1	1
TOTAL	4,265	2,440	2,803	200	3.7	26	1,396	1,033	1,139	99	2	10
Coir Mats and Matting—												
United Kingdom	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	37	67	4	4	10
India	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	37	67	4	4	10



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Floor and other Coverings—contd.
Imports into New Zealand.

	Value in £ N. Z. (000).					
	Year ended 31st December.			Year ended 31st March.		
	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1943-44.	1944-45.
Carpets and Matting—						
United Kingdom	395	302	200	59	19	38
India	8	7	9	98	274	130
Other Countries	2	2	1	1	..	..
TOTAL	405	311	210	158	293	218

Imports into the Commonwealth of carpets and other floor coverings were on the restricted list. In normal times, the principal supplier of floor coverings to Australia was the United Kingdom. These imports began to dwindle at the commencement of the war and were subsequently replaced to a certain extent by supplies from India. During the short time that Indian floor coverings have been in the Australian market, they were well received, both on account of their prices, qualities and designs. There is a bright future for this trade if the exporters and manufacturers in India take measures to study the special requirements of the Australian market and see that they are met. All kinds of Indian floor coverings, with the exception of Durries, will find a ready and large sale in Australia. The most popular types are the medium quality woollen pile carpets from Mirzapur, Benares and Madras. The demand for Amritsar and Agra carpets is rather limited. Numdahs and Gubbahs from Kashmir have been sold here but the demand for them also appears to be very limited.

During the year under review, New Zealand recorded larger supplies of Indian carpets and mattings. The value of imports increased from £179,986 in 1943-44 to £274,179 during 1944-45.

Coffee.
Imports into Australia.

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Coffee, raw and kiln dried—												
British East Africa	1,943	2,114	958	12,532	5,338	3,404	40	40	20	519	190	115
India	639	234	496	439	119	..	20	6	14	20	8	..
Arabia	258	108	96	71	239	..	9	4	3	3	12	..
New Caledonia	..	620	3,336	390	..	..	..	10	73	9	..	..
Tanganyika	..	..	138	4,444	770	4,036	..	..	4	150	30	163
Netherlands East Indies	2,496	3,542	2,827	..	..	..	31	47	54	..	..	..
Congo Belgian	..	..	533	6,424	1,709	2,875	..	..	10	178	68	107
Other Countries	1,436	1,378	834	1,951	1,612	1,209	40	30	20	76	40	28
TOTAL	6,822	7,996	9,218	26,251	9,877	11,524	140	137	198	955	348	413

Imports into New Zealand.

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £ N.Z. (000).					
	Year ended 31st December.			Year ended 31st March.			Year ended 31st December.			Year ended 31st March.		
	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1943-44.	1944-45.
British East Africa	253	405	439	792	439	..	6	9	15	33	23	..
India	189	161	126	4	16	..	7	6	5	1	2	..
Other Countries	455	302	1,123	983	1,091	368	10	10	36	43	50	13
TOTAL	897	868	1,688	1,779	1,546	368	23	25	56	77	75	13

During the period under review, no coffee was imported into Australia or New Zealand from India. The principal suppliers to the Commonwealth were Tanganyika, British East Africa, Belgian Congo and New Hebrides. The imports of coffee into the Commonwealth continue to be under the control of the Coffee Control Board.

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Tea.
Imports into Australia.

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Ceylon	9,116	6,510	5,784	29,997	22,585	23,604	599	456	643	2,457	1,798	2,000
India	4,495	1,594	9,865	17,922	20,367	8,427	284	105	896	1,481	1,439	649
Netherlands East Indies	34,878	40,636	28,547	486	..	..	1,935	2,291	2,365	33	..	..
Other Countries	11,707	571	426	2	7	..	159	28	21	..	1	..
TOTAL	50,196	49,411	44,622	48,407	42,959	32,031	2,877	2,880	3,915	3,971	3,288	2,649

Imports into New Zealand.

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £ N.Z. (000).					
	Year ended 31st December.			Year ended 31st March.			Year ended 31st December.			Year ended 31st March.		
	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1943-44.	1944-45.	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.	1943-44.	1944-45.
Ceylon	10,758	11,969	17,536	4,508	4,273	8,884	918	1,376	2,221	431	403	976
India	816	950	783	331	463	1,974	66	106	86	31	42	13
Other Countries	234	266	6	..	..	..	19	17	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	11,808	13,185	18,325	4,902	4,736	10,858	1,003	1,499	2,307	462	445	1,159

A noteworthy decline was recorded in the imports into the Commonwealth of Indian tea during the period under review. India's share fell from 45.4 per cent in 1943-44 to 24.5 per cent in the nine months period ended 31st March, 1945. During the same periods, Ceylon's share increased from 54.6 per cent to 75.5 per cent. The bulk of the imports into New Zealand continued to be from Ceylon. India's share in the Dominion increased from 9.4 per cent in 1943-44 to 16 per cent in 1944-45.

Seeds.
Imports into Australia.

	Quantity in Cents.				Value in £ Sterling (000).			
	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Seeds : Hemp and Rape, and mixtures n.e.i., excluding such seeds for bird food—								
United Kingdom	..	..	35	11	..	..	..	..
India	29,375	115,034	23,871	40,335	15.6	90	31.8	58
New Zealand	1,977	137	1,245	1,587	7.6	1	2.2	4
Other Countries	232	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	31,584	115,171	25,151	41,933	23.9	91	34.2	62

	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Linseed—												
India	766	767	838	722	602	721	543	507	557	683	761	875
Argentina	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
China	32	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..
Other Countries	8	3	51	4	..	..	8	4	38	4	..	..
TOTAL	808	770	889	726	602	721	564	511	595	687	761	875

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*Seeds—contd.**Imports into Australia—contd.*

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
<i>Other Seeds—</i>												
United Kingdom . . .	214	857	5	6	67	14	4	15	..	..	4	1
India	4,738	7,362	9,913	14,296	10,502	7,231	33	45	66	143	160	89
New Zealand	843	3,658	1,416	1,619	2,973	3,163	47	106	51	66	77	132
Other Countries . . .	2,715	1,550	1,752	67	90	32	30	25	16	3	7	4
TOTAL	8,510	13,427	13,086	15,988	13,632	10,440	114	191	133	212	248	226

India has retained her position as the sole supplier of linseed and the principal supplier of other types of seeds to the Commonwealth. Imports from India of linseed improved in value from £ 761,000 during 1943-44 to £875,000 during the nine months ended March, 1945.

*Shellac.**Imports into Australia.*

	Quantity in Cwt. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
India	9	11	21	13	6.6	3	37	48	110	121	64	3
Other Countries . . .	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	1	..	..	..
TOTAL	10	11	21	13	6.6	3	39	50	111	121	64	3

Although the monopoly for the supply of Shellac to Australia and New Zealand rested with India, imports have been very much on the low side. Imports into Australia fell in value from £ 64,000 in 1943-44 to £ 3,000 during the nine months period ended March, 1945. Imports into New Zealand also declined in value from £ 23,933 during 1943-44 to £ 9,156 in the year ended March, 1945.

*Tanning Substances.**Imports into Australia.*

	Quantity in Cwt. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
<i>Myrobalans, etc.—</i>												
United Kingdom . . .	3	1	..	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	..	..
India	43	22	34	15	24	8.5	14	9	11	6	12	5.8
Other Countries . . .	9	..	..	1	..	..	14	..	1	1	..	..
TOTAL	55	23	34	16	24	8.5	31	11	12	7	12	5.8
<i>Extract (other than Wattle Bark)—</i>												
India	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	22	20	15	2.2	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	19	19	21	.9
Other Countries . . .	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	9	..	..	7.4	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	8	..	..	8.0
TOTAL	..	..	31	20	15	9.6	..	..	27	19	21	8.9

Under tanning substances, practically the entire imports into the Commonwealth of myrobalans were from India. Imports of tanner's bates were principally from the United Kingdom and wattle bark extract was the monopoly of the Union of South Africa. The supplies of tanning materials for New Zealand was provided by the Union of South Africa and the United States. The bulk of imports from India into New Zealand were valued at £ 7,120 in the year ended March, 1945, as compared with £ 7,166 during 1943-44.

*Nuts, Edible.**Imports into Australia.*

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
<i>Kernels (other than Almonds), Paste and Meal—</i>												
India	1,206	1,279	1,236	1,651	560	1,120	41	42	47	21	8	13
Brazil	250	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..
China	429	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..
Other Countries . . .	383	91	3	..	..	..	15	2	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	2,268	1,370	1,239	1,651	560	1,120	77	44	47	21	8	13
<i>Peanuts, Shelled and Unshelled—</i>												
India	7,735	14,323	16,620	12,135	9,787	6,612	47	70	111	97	133	85
Other Countries . . .	40	18	114	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
TOTAL	7,775	14,341	16,734	12,135	9,787	6,612	47	70	112	97	133	85

Imports into the Commonwealth of edible nuts (excluding cocoanuts) continued to be almost entirely from India. Ceylon supplied the bulk of cocoanuts. The imports of Indian peanuts have been maintained. Nuts valued at £ 19,100 were imported from India into New Zealand during the period under review, as compared with imports valued at £ 27,234 during 1943-44.

*Spices.**Imports into Australia.*

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
<i>Curry, Manufactured—</i>												
India	254	167	255	177	64	112	16	11	17	8	3	5
Other Countries . . .	2	..	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	256	167	255	179	64	112	17	11	17	8	3	5
<i>Other Spices—</i>												
British East Africa . .	187	156	200	818	f.n.a.	205	7	6	7	35	f.n.a.	7
West Indies (British) .	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	402	f.n.a.	..	..	..	..	27	f.n.a.
British Borneo	558	621	527	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	7	7	8	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	f.n.a.
Ceylon	333	363	406	238	f.n.a.	222	4	5	8	14	f.n.a.	14
India	477	844	1,254	4,581	1,385	1,262	7	10	16	95	53	60
British Malaya	1,934	2,077	2,077	..	..	..	35	32	39	..	..	..
Africa, Portuguese East	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	f.n.a.	326	f.n.a.	..	..	..	..	13	..
Other Countries	648	308	455	74	22	759	13	9	16	3	2	32
TOTAL	4,137	4,369	4,919	5,711	2,135	2,448	73	69	94	147	95	113

*Spices—contd.**Imports into New Zealand.*

	Value in £ N.Z.				
	Year ended 31st December.			Year ended 31st March.	
	1941.	1942.	1943.	1943-44.	1944-45.
<i>Capers, Curry Powder, etc.</i>	138	716	340	1,987	Nil
<i>Spices, Unground</i>	3,080	19,515	36,083	27,234	19,110

The principal suppliers to the Commonwealth of Spices, *viz.*, cardamon, chillies, cinnamon, pepper, cloves, etc., were West-Indies, British East Africa, India, Ceylon and Portuguese East Africa. The entire supply of Curry Powder for the Australian market came from India. India supplied pepper valued at £37,635 during the nine months ended March, 1945, as compared with £39,116 during the year ended June, 1944. Dry unground ginger valued at £14,895 was also imported into Australia during the nine months ended March, 1945. The imports from India of curry powder and other spices into New Zealand recorded a fall.

*Hair And Fibre.**Imports into Australia.*

	Quantity in Cwt.				Value in £ Sterling.			
	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
<i>Bristles, horsehair drafts—</i>								
United Kingdom	13	1	11	1	1,947	280	3,511	42
India	350	7	213	469	21,387	1,691	30,103	65,526
China	877	39	20	..	108,581	5,004	5,413	65,526
Other Countries	125	..	22	138	7,672	..	7,147	10,660
TOTAL	1,365	47	266	608	139,587	7,035	46,174	82,228
<i>Hair, other—</i>								
India	11,914	2,860	3,447	2,065	10,038	3,970	5,172	21,645
Other Countries	375	125	115	167	12,025	408	427	13,831
TOTAL	12,319	2,985	3,562	2,232	22,063	4,468	5,599	35,476

Imports into Australia of hair and fibre continued to be under "Administrative Control". During the period under review, larger supplies of bristles, horsehair drafts and hair were shipped from India. Goat hair is used extensively in making various types of brushes, furniture polishing mops, etc. There is a keen demand for Indian goat hair in Australia if it is properly combed, washed, sterilised and dressed. Hair and bristle from India, on account of the poor quality of the dressing and treatment, etc., have earned a reputation of being unhygienic and of an objectionable odour, and unless these factors are overcome Indian goat hair and bristles will not be acceptable to the trade.

*Goat Skins.**Imports into Australia.*

	Quantity in Cwt. (000).						Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
India	13	7	f.n.a.	11.8	11.1	f.n.a.	174	86	134	171	177	138
Other Countries	1	1	f.n.a.	2	5	f.n.a.	3	10	22	4	8	13
TOTAL	14	8	..	12	11.6	..	177	96	156	175	185	151

The bulk of the imports of Goat Skins into Australia continued to be supplied by India. A certain amount of dissatisfaction has been expressed here in regard to the quality of goat skins from India. Provided, however, necessary steps are taken to improve the quality and grade of Indian goat skins, Australia will provide a stable market for this commodity. Australia requires a good quality skin and is prepared to pay the price for it.

*Tobacco, Unmanufactured.**Imports into Australia.*

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).					Value in £ Sterling (000).				
	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Rhodesia	440	1,333	1,284	1,730	301	31	138	126	174	22
U. S. A.	5,055	9,023	12,565	30,264	21,535	323	493	1,037	3,896	2,862
Cuba	53	10	15	107	28	5	1	2	17	9
India	..	..	2,517	302	..	..	..	118	19	..
Other Countries	1,335	754	7	969	92	84	41	..	107	12
TOTAL	6,883	11,120	16,389	33,372	21,956	443	673	1,283	4,213	2,905

No Indian tobacco was imported into the Commonwealth during the period under review. The bulk of Australia's requirements was met by the United States of America. Local manufacturers are disinclined to buy from India, as they appear to be a small coterie of buyers who have definite trade ties with exporters and growers in the U. S. A., Rhodesia and Canada.

Miscellaneous Items of Imports into Australia.

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).				Value in £ Sterling (000).			
	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
<i>Paraffin—</i>								
India	924	2,417	1,918	2,363	19	60	29	57
U. S. A.	..	4,018	5,447	1,678	..	71	96	32
Other Countries	11,907	3	2	9	219	..	..	1
TOTAL	12,921	6,438	7,367	4,042	237	131	135	90

Miscellaneous Items of Imports into Australia—contd.

	Value in £ Sterling (000).					
	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Crude Drugs—						
United Kingdom	1	1	3	7	4	3
Canada	3	2	2	1.3	..	..
India	2	9	8	6	9	7
U. S. A.	6	10	11	4.4	2	4
Other Countries	22	19	12	6	4	6
TOTAL	34	41	36	13	19	20

	Quantity in Lbs. (000).				Value in £ Sterling (000).			
	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Cash Yarn—								
Ceylon	414	204	167	49	3	2	3	1
India	1,927	1,672	2,210	1,753	17	20	33	40
Other Countries	175	12	54	..	1	..	1	..
TOTAL	2,516	1,888	2,431	1,807	21	22	37	41

	Value in £ Sterling (000).			
	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45 (Nine Months).
Towels and Towelling—				
United Kingdom	513	231	117	105
India	105	111	123	24
Other Countries	..	11	29	90
TOTAL	618	353	269	219
Blankets and Blanketing—				
United Kingdom	103	40	28	24
Canada	5	2	6	0
India	19	92	36	15
Other Countries	..	2	5	5
TOTAL	127	136	75	50

Nov. 7, 1946.]



MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 23th October—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw) Rs. 58-0-0
per md. loose.

Linseed oil, Up-country Mills (Boiled) Rs. 53-0-0
per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—Unchanged conditions have prevailed in the linseed market during the week and trading has been on a small scale. A few occasional lots have been arriving at this centre from the Central Provinces and these have been absorbed by the local oil mills at the prevailing rates.

Bombay, 29th October—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil Rs. 15-14-0
per quarter.

[No stock figures are available.]

BOOKS OF REFERENCE.

STATISTICAL PUBLICATIONS—

The following publication has been issued by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, India :—

Accounts relating to the Inland (Rail and River-borne) Trade of India for July, 1944. (Price Rs. 4 or 6s. 6d.) The statistics contained in these accounts relate to the inland trade of India carried by the railways and the steamer services and represent the movement of the trade into and from a province, taken as a whole or a chief port or ports, the trade of which is registered separately from that of the trade of the province in which such port or ports may be situated. The trade dealt with in these accounts thus falls into one or other of the following categories :—(i) the trade of a province with other provinces, (ii) the trade of a chief port or other ports with the province in which such port or ports are situated and (iii) the trade of a chief port or other ports with other provinces and ports—the statistics being given separately in respect of 22 principal trade blocks, namely, (1) 12 blocks representing the British provinces, (2) 5 representing the principal port towns, and (3) 5 representing principal Indian States.

Copies of the above publication are obtainable from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, from the Government of India Book Depot, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta, and also from the agents for the sale of India Government publications a list of whom can be obtained on application to the Manager.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUEs AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

REVALIDATION OF IMPORT LICENCES—

The following Notice has been issued by the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi :—

It has been decided to revalidate automatically all licences valid for shipment in July/December 1946 but issued for previous shipping periods, with the exception of those for (1) Foodstuffs which are included in the Reserved Commodity List and subject to allocation by the International Emergency Food Council, (2) Salt and (3) items covered by the Machine Tool Control Order, 1941, to cover shipment in the period January/June 1947. Licences initially issued for July/December 1946 are valid for shipment in the current period as well as in the next period January/June 1947.

2. Licences for imports of foodstuffs subject to allocation by the International Emergency Food Council will be automatically revalidated to cover shipment in the period January/June 1947 only if initially granted during the periods January/June 1946 and made valid for shipment in July/December 1946.

3. The validity of all other import licences will terminate at the conclusion of the current shipping period unless (1) individually revalidated on application made before the 31st January 1947 to the licensing authority concerned stating the ground on which revalidation is desired and (ii) shipment of the goods covered by them has been effected before the 1st January 1947.

4. C. G. P. W. licences will be revalidated for whichever period the licence holders desire, if they produce satisfactory evidence that they have placed firm orders on the suppliers who cannot ship the goods before that particular period in accordance with a separate Press Note issued in August 1946.

JUTE (EXPORT CONTROL) ORDER, 1946, CANCELLED—

The following Notification [No. 57-C(30)/46, dated the 23rd October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (Ordinance No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to cancel the Jute (Export Control) Order, 1946, published with Commerce Department Notification No. 57-C(30)/45, dated the 1st October 1946.*

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 17th October 1946, pages 227-28.

LEADERS IN INDIAN INDUSTRY



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 COTTON AND TEXTILES • JUTE • IRON AND STEEL
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MILLIONS
OF RUPEES
CAPITAL &
THOUSANDS
OF WORKERS

ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ORDINANCE, 1946: DELEGATION OF POWERS IN RELATION TO FOOD-STUFFS—

The following Notification [No. Py. 603 (2) 1, dated the 21st October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XVIII of 1946)*, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the powers conferred on it by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Ordinance

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 3rd October 1946, pages 25-27.

SUGAR AND SUGAR PRODUCTS CONTROL ORDER, 1946: FIXATION OF PRICES OF SUGAR—

The following Notification [No. 20-SC(32)/46, dated the 23rd October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food :—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by sub-clause (1) of Clause 6 of the Sugar and Sugar Products Control Order, 1946, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Food No. 20-SC (32)/46, dated the 5th March 1946†, I, N. T. Mone, Sugar Controller for India, fix the prices of sugar as follows with effect from the date of this notification.

1. For the sugar produced by all Vacuum-pan sugar factories in British India other than those situated in the provinces of the Punjab and the N. W. F. P. :—

(a) Price per maund of crystal sugar for sale ex-factory according to grade, shall be as given in the table below :—

	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
AA	20 14 6	21 0 6	21 4 6	21 6 0	21 8 0	21 9 6	21 11 8	21 13 0	21 15 0
A	20 12 0	20 14 0	21 0 0	21 1 6	21 3 6	21 5 0	21 7 0	21 8 6	21 10 6
B	20 10 0	20 12 0	20 14 0	20 15 6	21 1 6	21 3 0	21 5 0	21 6 6	21 8 6
C	20 8 6	20 10 6	20 12 6	20 14 0	20 15 6	21 1 6	21 3 6	21 5 0	21 7 0
D	20 7 0	20 9 0	20 11 0	20 12 6	20 14 6	21 0 0	21 2 0	21 3 6	21 5 6
E	20 6 0	20 8 0	20 10 0	20 11 6	20 13 6	20 15 0	21 1 0	21 2 6	21 4 6
F	20 5 0	20 7 0	20 9 0	20 10 6	20 12 6	20 14 0	21 0 0	21 1 6	21 3 6
G									

(b) Price per maund of crushed sugar, for sale ex-factory according to grade, shall be as given below :—

Grade.	Price per maund.
13	21 3 0
12	21 0 0
11	20 14 0

(c) Price per maund of refined sugar for sale ex-factory according to the grade, shall be as given in the table below :—

Grain Size.	27	28	29
AA	Rs. A. P. 22 5 0	Rs. A. P. 22 7 0	Rs. A. P. 22 9 0
A	22 3 0	22 5 0	22 7 0
B	22 1 0	22 3 0	22 5 0
C	21 15 0	22 1 0	22 3 0
D	21 13 0	21 15 0	22 1 0
E	21 12 0	21 14 0	22 0 0
F	21 11 0	21 13 0	21 15 0
G	21 10 0	21 12 0	21 14 0

† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st March 1946, pages 479-80.



ALL NON-FERROUS METALS

THE INDIAN SMELTING & REFINING CO., LTD.

BOMBAY.

ON I. S. D., A. H. Q. & RAILWAY LISTS.

B. 1944 W. 23-11-46.



2. For the sugar produced by all vacuum-pan sugar factories situated in the provinces of the Punjab and the N. W. F. P. :—
(a) Price per maund of crystal sugar for sale according to grade, shall be as given in the table below :—

	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
AA	24 0 6	24 2 6	24 4 6	24 6 0	24 8 0	24 10 0	24 11 6	24 13 6	24 15 0
A	23 14 0	24 0 0	24 2 0	24 3 6	24 5 6	24 7 0	24 9 0	24 10 6	24 12 6
B	23 12 0	23 14 0	24 0 0	24 1 6	24 3 6	24 5 0	24 7 0	24 8 6	24 10 6
C	23 10 6	23 12 6	23 14 6	24 0 0	24 1 6	24 3 6	24 5 6	24 7 0	24 9 0
D	23 9 0	23 11 0	23 13 0	23 14 6	24 0 6	24 2 0	24 4 0	24 5 6	24 7 6
E	23 8 0	23 10 0	23 12 0	23 13 6	23 15 6	24 1 0	24 3 0	24 4 6	24 6 6
F	23 7 0	23 9 0	23 11 0	23 12 6	23 14 6	24 0 0	24 2 0	24 3 6	24 5 6
G									

(b) Price per maund of crushed sugar, for sale ex-factory according to grade, shall be as given below :—

Grade.	Price per maund.
13	Rs. A. P. 24 5 0
12	24 2 0
11	24 0 0

(c) Price per maund of refined sugar for sale ex-factory according to the grade, shall be as given in the table below :—

Grain Size.	27	28	29
AA	Rs. A. P. 25 7 0	Rs. A. P. 25 9 0	Rs. A. P. 25 11 0
A	25 5 0	25 7 0	25 9 0
B	25 3 0	25 5 0	25 7 0
C	25 1 0	25 3 0	25 5 0
D	24 15 0	25 1 0	25 3 0
E	24 14 0	25 0 0	25 2 0
F	24 13 0	24 15 0	25 1 0
G	24 12 0	24 14 0	25 0 0

Explanations.—(1) The grades mentioned above shall be according to the standards prescribed by the Bureau of Sugar Standards of the Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore, and the grading will be done according to the instructions issued by the Bureau of Sugar Standards from time to time.

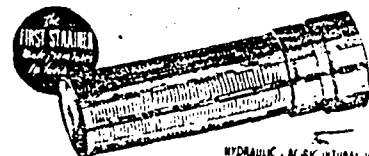
(2) "Refined Sugar" means sugar manufactured by re-melting ordinary sugar in water, and by suitably treating and filtering the solution and recovering sugar therefrom after boiling in vacuum-pans the resulting sugar having colour not lower than Indian Sugar Standard No. 27, and being sufficiently pure to satisfy the following test, namely :—

The specific conductivity determined at 35°C and multiplied by 10⁶ of a solution prepared by dissolving 5 grams of the sugar in conductivity water and making up to 100 ccs., should not exceed 15, after deducting the value for the specific conductivity, at the same temperature and multiplied by 10⁶ of the conductivity water used.

N. T. MONE,
Sugar Controller for India

ARJUNA

THE BRASS TUBEWELL

Strainer

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AGRICULTURAL
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SUGAR (TEMPORARY EXCISE DUTY) ORDINANCE, 1946, TO APPLY TO BRITISH BALUCHISTAN—

The following Notification (No. 301-Pt., dated the 26th October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the External Affairs Department:—

In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 95 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General in his discretion is pleased to direct that the Sugar (Temporary Excise Duty) Ordinance, 1946 (Ordinance No. XXV of 1946)*, shall apply to British Baluchistan, subject to the following modification, namely:—

For sub-section (3) of Section 1, the following shall be substituted:—

"(3) It shall come into force in British Baluchistan on the 26th October 1946, and all references to the commencement of this Ordinance shall as respects British Baluchistan be construed accordingly."

ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ORDINANCE, 1946, TO APPLY TO THE TRIBAL AREAS BEYOND THE WESTERN AND NORTHERN BOUNDARIES OF THE NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—

The following Notification (No. 292 Pt., dated the 19th October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the External Affairs Department:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 313 of the Government of India Act, 1935, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XVIII of 1946)†, shall apply to the Tribal Areas beyond the western and northern boundaries of the North-West Frontier Province in so far as the same may be applicable and subject to any amendments to which it is for the time being subject in British India and subject to the following modification, namely:—

In the said Ordinance, for sub-section (3) of section 1, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(3) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the first day of October 1946."

Provided that—

- (1) all references in the said Ordinance to the Central or Provincial Government shall be construed as references respectively to the Governor General in Council and the Agent to the Governor General exercising jurisdiction in the said Tribal Areas;
- (2) any Court or authority may construe the provisions of the said Ordinance with such modifications not affecting the substance as may be necessary or proper to adapt it to the matter before that Court or authority.

* See pages 284-286.

† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 3rd October 1946, pages 25-27.

IRON AND STEEL (CONTROL OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1941: REVISED MAXIMUM PRICES OF IRON AND STEEL: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification (No. SEC-P-12, dated the 18th October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-Clause I of Clause 11-B, of the Iron and Steel (Control of Production and Distribution) Order, 1941, the Controller is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Freight (Place Extras) List No. 1 of 1945, published with the Notification of the Government of India, No. S.E.C.-1/P-4, dated the 23rd June 1945*, in the Gazette of India, dated the 30th June 1945:—

Delete the following entries:—

(a) Ballygunge Jn.—2/4/-.

(b) Lillooah—2/4/-.

(c) Wadala—3/12/-.

Add the following:—

(a) Under Bombay—Wadala.

(b) Under Calcutta—Ballygunge and Lillooah.

NEWSPRINT CONTROL: MAXIMUM PRICES OF NEWSPRINT—

The following Notification (No. N-113/43, dated the 23rd October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XVIII of 1946), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies No. N-113/43, dated the 6th January 1945†, the Central Government is pleased to direct that no person shall sell newsprint—

(a) if in reels, at a price higher than 5 annas per lb. at any customs port or 5½ annas per lb. at any other place;

(b) if in sheets, at a price higher than 6 annas per lb. at any customs port or 6½ annas per lb. at any other place; and

(c) if any other form at a price higher than 3 annas per lb.:

Provided that an extra charge of 1 anna per lb. may be made in any case falling within (a) or (b) if the newsprint has been imported from any part of Europe.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 12th July 1945, pages 31-48.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 18th January 1945, page 66.

Nov. 7, 1946.]

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MOTOR SPIRIT RATIONING ORDER, 1941: AMENDMENT—

A further amendment to the Motor Spirit Rationing Order, 1941*, has been published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated the 19th October 1946, under Notification No. 1-PR(6)/45-III, dated the 18th October 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN "COMMER" VEHICLE SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. ROOTES LTD., LONDON, U. K.—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain "Commer" vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Rootes Ltd., London, U. K., as detailed in the Schedule published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated the 23rd October 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(187)/46, dated the 15th October 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 1-LPC(12)/46, dated the 21st October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XVIII of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944†, namely:—

In the Third Schedule annexed to the said Order, to the entries relating to "Bombay", the following entry shall be added, namely:

"88. H. F. Higgins (Eastern) Ltd., Bombay."

* See the notice in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 7th August 1941, page 353.
† See the notice in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 11th May 1944, page 156.

RAILWAY EARNINGS—

Approximate Earnings of Period.—The total approximate gross earnings of the Budget lines for the period (10 days) ending 20th September 1946 (17th period), amounted to Rs. 5,19 lakhs. This is:—

(a) Rs. 93 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 42 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

Cumulative Earnings from the Beginning of the Financial Year.—The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 20th September 1946 amount to Rs. 97.05 crores. This is:—

(a) Rs. 11.16 crores less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 14.47 crores more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

The following are the up-to-date approximate gross earnings of Budget lines from 1st April 1946 as compared with the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year and 1943-44:—

Railways.	Up to 10th Sept. 1943.	Up to 10th Sept. 1946.	Up to 10th Sept. 1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year as compared with previous year.
	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)
B. A.	7.65	15.25	8.87	—6.38
B. N.	7.81	9.78	8.81	—97
B. D. & C. I.	8.99	9.98	10.78	+80
E. I.	15.24	21.40	16.51	—4.89
G. I. P.	13.72	15.63	15.65	+2
M. & S. M.	6.39	8.70	8.84	+5
N. W.	14.71	16.92	17.60	+88
Oudh Tirhut	3.00	3.88	3.55	—33
S. I.	4.68	6.00	5.99	—10
Other Railways	30	49	45	—4
TOTAL	82.58	1,08.21	97.05	—11.16

CALCUTTA MADRAS CANNING ETC. **THE GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY (INDIA) LTD.** **BOMBAY LAHORE KARACHI ETC.**

THE NAME THAT'S A GUARANTEE

G. E. C.

FOR EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. LTD. OF ENGLAND.

B. 2886 W. 7-11-46.

WAGON LOADINGS—*Comparisons of Figures of Wagon Loadings on Class I Railways.*

(a) Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded during the period (10 days) ending 20th September :—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	124,960	114,770	Per cent. —8.15
Metre gauge	68,396	54,670	—20.1

(b) Total Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded from 1st April to 20th September :—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	2,206,448	2,109,705	Per cent. —4.38
Metre gauge	1,339,218	1,005,286	—20.5

(c) Details of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded on broad and metre gauges and the total loading on both gauges from 1st April to 20th September :—

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	450,683	465,269	+1.22
(ii) Grains and pulses	160,184	158,505	—1.05
(iii) Oil seeds	41,330	32,104	—22.3
(iv) Cotton	30,248	28,655	—5.27
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	208,979	199,171	—4.69
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,153,832	1,054,435	—8.61
(vii) Home line stores and materials	152,192	171,568	+12.7
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., E. I., & G. I. P. Railways.	80,344	94,140	+17.2

I.—Broad Gauge.

Per cent.

(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	450,683	465,269	+1.22
(ii) Grains and pulses	160,184	158,505	—1.05
(iii) Oil seeds	41,330	32,104	—22.3
(iv) Cotton	30,248	28,655	—5.27
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	208,979	199,171	—4.69
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,153,832	1,054,435	—8.61
(vii) Home line stores and materials	152,192	171,568	+12.7
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., E. I., & G. I. P. Railways.	80,344	94,140	+17.2

II.—Metre Gauge.

(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	77,742	85,987	+10.6
(ii) Grains and pulses	129,641	145,570	+12.3
(iii) Oil seeds	40,900	29,773	—27.2
(iv) Cotton	21,431	24,376	+13.7
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	151,614	172,237	+13.6
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	814,473	618,622	—26.3
(vii) Home line stores and materials	103,417	88,741	—14.2

* Included in item (vi)

WAGON LOADINGS—contd.

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
III.—Total (Broad and Metre Gauges).			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	537,425	551,236	+2.57
(ii) Grains and pulses	289,825	304,075	+4.92
(iii) Oil seeds	82,230	61,877	—24.3
(iv) Cotton	51,679	53,031	+2.62
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	360,593	371,408	+3.00
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,964,305	1,573,057	—20.1
(vii) Home line stores and materials	255,609	280,307	+9.84

TONNAGE LIFTED ON CLASS I RAILWAYS—*Comparisons of Figures of 'Tonnage Lifted' on Class I Railways.*

(a) Number of Tons lifted during the period (10 days) ending 20th September :—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	1,916,947	1,841,658	Per cent. —3.93
Metre gauge	603,605	366,372	—27.3

(b) Number of Tons lifted from 1st April to 20th September :—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	33,839,169	32,212,398	Per cent. —4.81
Metre gauge	9,614,933	7,284,570	—24.2

SUGAR (TEMPORARY EXCISE DUTY) ORDINANCE, 1946.

THE following is the text of the Sugar (Temporary Excise Duty) Ordinance, 1946, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 23rd October 1946 :—

ORDINANCE No. XXV OF 1946

AN

ORDINANCE

to impose a temporary duty of excise on certain sugar produced in British India.

WHEREAS an emergency has arisen which makes it necessary to impose a temporary duty of excise on certain sugar produced in British India ;

AND WHEREAS the Indian Legislature is not in session ;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 72 of the Government of India Act, as set out in the Ninth

Nov. 7, 1946.]

Schedule to the Government of India Act, 1935 (26 Geo. 5, c. 2), the Governor General is pleased to make and promulgate the following Ordinance :—

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Sugar (Temporary Excise Duty) Ordinance, 1946.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Definitions.*—In this Ordinance, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "Assessing Officer" and "Circle Officer" mean, respectively, any officer appointed by the Provincial Government or by the Collector of Central Excise having jurisdiction in the area to exercise the powers of an Assessing Officer or a Circle Officer under this Ordinance ;

(b) "Assistant Collector" means an Assistant Collector of Central Excise and includes any officer specially authorised by the Central Board of Revenue or by the Provincial Government to exercise in any specified area all or any of the powers of the Assistant Collector for the purposes of this Ordinance ;

(c) "factory" means any premises wherein or within the precincts of which the production of sugar or any process connected with the production of sugar is being or has been carried on with the aid of power on any day of the twelve months preceding the date of the commencement of this Ordinance ;

(d) "sugar" means any form of sugar containing more than ninety per cent of sucrose but excludes the following :—

(i) Khandasari sugar, that is to say, sugar in the manufacture of which neither a vacuum pan nor a vacuum evaporator is employed ;

(ii) Palmyra sugar, that is to say, sugar manufactured from jaggery obtained by boiling the juice of the palmyra palm ;

(e) "wholesale dealer" means any person who buys or sells sugar wholesale and includes a broker or commission agent who in addition to making contracts for the sale or purchase of sugar for others, stocks sugar belonging to others as an agent for the purpose of sale.

3. *Imposition of duty.*—A duty of excise shall be levied, and shall be payable to the Central Government, on all sugar produced in any factory in British India before the commencement of this Ordinance and owned or possessed at the commencement of this Ordinance by an owner of a factory or by a wholesale dealer, at the rate of four rupees and four annas per standard maund.

4. *Disclosure of stocks.*—Every person owning or possessing sugar liable to the duty imposed by section 3 shall, within seven days of the date of the commencement of this Ordinance submit to the Assessing Officer having jurisdiction in the area a full account in writing, containing the particulars entered in Form A set out in the Schedule and verified in the manner indicated in that form, of all sugar in his ownership or possession on the date of the commencement of this Ordinance, and shall specify therein the place where such sugar is stored and, if it is in transit from one place to another, the date, place and manner of despatch, its destination, the name and address of the consignee, and the date on which it is expected to reach such destination.

5. *Assessment and payment of duty.*—(1) On receipt of the return referred to in section 4 and after such further enquiry, if any, as he may think necessary, the Assessing Officer shall assess the

duty payable on the sugar. If no return is submitted within the period specified in section 4, the Circle Officer, or, if the sum assessed exceeds two hundred rupees, the Assistant Collector, may at any time make a summary assessment of the duty on such information as may be available to him.

(2) The amount so assessed shall be communicated in writing to the person owning or possessing the sugar with the particulars contained in Form B as set out in the Schedule ; and that person shall within ten days of such communication, unless he obtains permission under sub-section (3) to pay by instalments, pay it into the local Treasury or any other Treasury approved by the Assessing Officer.

(3) Such payment may, with the permission of the Assessing Officer obtained when the assessment is communicated under sub-section (2), be made in instalments not more than three in number, of which, when three instalments are allowed, the first shall be not less than one-third of the total amount due and shall be paid within ten days of such communication, and the second shall be not less than one-half of the balance due and shall be paid within thirty days thereafter, and the third shall be paid within a further period of thirty days ; and, when two instalments are allowed, the first shall be not less than one-half of the total amount due and shall be paid within thirty days of such communication and the second shall be paid within a further period of thirty days.

6. *Recovery of duty with penalty.*—If the duty payable under section 3 is not paid in full within the period allowed or if any instalment is not paid in full by the time fixed by section 5, the Circle Officer, or, if the deficit exceeds one hundred rupees, the Assistant Collector may, in lieu of the amount left unpaid, recover any sum not exceeding double the amount left unpaid.

7. *Mode of recovery of duty.*—When default is made in the payment of any duty payable under section 3, or when any sum is to be recovered under section 6 the Assistant Collector may prepare a certificate signed by him specifying the amount due from the person liable to pay the same and send it to the Collector of the district in which such person resides or conducts his business and the said Collector, on receipt of such certificate, shall proceed to recover from the said person the amount specified therein as if it were an arrear of land revenue.

8. *Power to obtain information.*—An Assessing Officer or any person authorised in writing in this behalf by an Assistant Collector may at all reasonable times enter any place in which he has reason to believe that sugar liable to the duty imposed by section 3 is kept, and may inspect such place and may require any person found therein who is for the time being in charge thereof to produce to him and allow him to examine such accounts, books or other documents as may relate to the business carried on in such place and to furnish to him such information as he may require for the purpose of ascertaining whether or what sugar liable to duty is kept in such place or is elsewhere in the ownership or possession of the owner of such place.

9. *Disposal of sugar liable to duty.*—No person owning or possessing sugar liable to the duty imposed by section 3 shall, except so far as he may be allowed by the Assessing Officer, sell or otherwise dispose of any sugar until the order of assessment under section 5 has been communicated to him and until he holds a release order signed by the officer making the assessment.

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to sugar sold retail in quantities not exceeding two pounds to one person at one time.

10. *Offences and penalties.*—Whoever commits any of the following offences, namely :—

(a) fails to supply the information required by section 4 or under section 8 or (unless with a reasonable belief, the burden of proving which shall be upon him, that

the information supplied by him is true) supplies false information,
 (b) evades the payment of any duty payable by him under this Ordinance,
 (c) obstructs any Assessing Officer or other authorised person in the exercise of his powers under section 8,
 (d) contravenes the provisions of section 9,
 (e) attempts to commit, or abets the commission of, the offences mentioned in the foregoing clauses of this section,

shall, for every such offence, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both, and where the offence is committed, attempted or abetted in respect of sugar liable to duty under section 3 such fine may extend to five times the duty leviable on the sugar in respect of which the offence is committed, attempted or abetted.

11. *Power of Courts to order forfeiture.*—Any Court trying an offence under this Ordinance may order the forfeiture to His Majesty of any sugar in respect of which the Court is satisfied that an offence under this Ordinance has been committed, and may also order the forfeiture of any receptacles, packages or coverings in which such sugar is contained and the animals, vehicles, vessels or other conveyances used in carrying the sugar:

Provided that in ordering forfeiture under this section the Court shall give the owner of the goods an option to pay in lieu of forfeiture such fine as the Court thinks fit.

12. *Appeals.*—(1) Any person aggrieved by any decision or order passed under section 5 or section 6 may, within one month from the date of such decision or order, appeal therefrom to the Collector of Central Excise; but no such appeal shall be considered until the amount demanded under section 5 or 6, if payable at the time, has been deposited.

(2) The Collector of Central Excise may thereupon make such further inquiry and pass such order as he thinks fit, confirming, altering or annulling the decision or order appealed against; and if the money deposited by the person making the appeal exceeds the amount directed by the Collector of Central Excise to be paid, the money deposited in excess of such amount shall be refunded.

(3) Every order passed in appeal under this section shall, subject to the power of revision conferred by section 13, be final.

13. *Revision by the Central Board of Revenue.*—The Central Board of Revenue may, on the application of any aggrieved person, reverse or modify any decision or order made under section 5, 6 or 12.

14. *Copy of Order to be filed.*—Every appeal or application for revision shall be accompanied by a copy of the decision or order by which the appellant or applicant, as the case may be, is aggrieved.

15. *Power to grant exemption and relaxation.*—(1) The Central Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, exempt any sugar generally or in any specified area, from the whole or any part of the duty leviable thereon under this Ordinance.

(2) The Central Board of Revenue may, by special order in any particular case, exempt any sugar from the payment of the duty in circumstances of an exceptional nature.

16. *Bar of legal proceedings.*—No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything in good faith done or intended to be done under this Ordinance.

17. *Saving of other laws.*—Nothing in this Ordinance shall affect the levy of duty on sugar under the Central Excise and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), and the provisions of the said Act shall have no application to the levy of duty under this Ordinance.

THE SCHEDULE.

[See sections 4 and 5 (2).]

FORM A.

PARTICULARS TO BE CONTAINED IN ACCOUNT RENDERED UNDER SECTION 4.

I/We of owner of factory

doing business as a wholesale dealer and holding licence No. hereby declare that the following stocks of sugar were held by me/us on the October, 194 :—

Place of storage. If any quantities are in transit, state hereunder the date, place and manner of despatch of each consignment, the name and address of the consignee and the date on which it is expected to reach such destination.	Number of bags.	Average weight of contents of bags in maunds and seers.	Total quantity.		Remarks.
			Mds.	Seers.	

1. I/We hereby declare the above particulars to be true.

2. I/We wish to pay the sum leviable hereon in instalments.

Date Signature of factory owner or other stockholder

FORM B.

PARTICULARS TO BE CONTAINED IN COMMUNICATION OF ASSESSMENT UNDER SECTION 5.

To of owner of factory

doing business as a wholesale dealer and holding licence No. Duty on maunds of sugar owned or possessed by you on the has been assessed at Rs.

You are required to pay the whole of this amount before the day of 194 .

You are permitted to pay this amount in two/three instalments.

Date Signature Assessing Officer.

WAVELL,
Viceroy and Governor General.

INDIAN TARIFF ACT (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 1946.

The following is the text of the Indian Tariff Act (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 23rd October 1946:—

ORDINANCE No. XXVI of 1946

AN

ORDINANCE

Further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1934.

WHEREAS an emergency has arisen which makes it necessary to provide for the enhancement of export duty on raw jute and jute goods exported from British India by sea;

AND, WHEREAS, the Indian legislature is not in session;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 72 of the Government of India Act, as set out in the Ninth Schedule to the Government of India Act, 1935 (26 Geo. 5, c. 2), the Governor General is pleased to make and promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Indian Tariff Act (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Amendment of Second Schedule, Act XXXII of 1934.*—In the Second Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, for the entries 1 and 2 the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

“JUTE other than Bimlipatam Jute

1. RAW JUTE—

(1) Cuttings Bale of 400 lbs. 4 8 0

(2) All other descriptions Bale of 400 lbs. 15 0 0

JUTE MANUFACTURES,

when not in actual use as coverings, receptacles or bindings, for other goods—

(1) Sacking (cloth bags, twist, yarn, rope and twine) Ton of 2,240 lbs. 50 0 0

(2) Hessians and all other descriptions of jute manufactures not otherwise specified Ton of 2,240 lbs. 80 0 0”

WAVELL,

Viceroy and Governor General.

INDIAN TARIFF ACT (SECOND AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 1946.

The following is the text of the Indian Tariff Act (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 26th October 1946:—

ORDINANCE No. XXVII of 1946

AN

ORDINANCE

Further to amend the Indian Tariff Act, 1934.

WHEREAS an emergency has arisen which makes it necessary to impose an export duty on raw cotton;

AND WHEREAS the Indian Legislature is not in session;

NOW, THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 72 of the Government of India Act, as set out in the Ninth Schedule to the Government of India Act, 1935 (26 Geo. 5, c. 2), the Governor General is pleased to make and promulgate the following Ordinance:—

1. *Short title, extent and commencement.*—(1) This Ordinance may be called the Indian Tariff Act (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1946.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

2. *Amendment of Second Schedule to Act XXXII of 1934.*—In the Second Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, after Item 2 the following Item shall be inserted, namely:—

“3. RAW COTTON Bale of 400 lbs. At such rate not exceeding seventy-five rupees per bale as the Central Government by notification in the official Gazette may from time to time determine.”

WAVELL,

Viceroy and Governor General.

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS.

BRITISH INDIA.

EXPORT DUTY ON RAW COTTON.

The following Notification [No. 341-T(1)/46, dated the 26th October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon it by section 2 of the Indian Tariff Act (Second Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, read with section 2 (1) of the Indian Tariff Act (No. XXXII of 1934), the Central Government is pleased to declare that the rate of duty on raw cotton exported from British India to a place outside India shall be Rs. 20 per bale of 400 lbs.

SEA CUSTOMS ACT, 1878: CERTAIN SPECIFIED ARTICLES WHOLLY OR PARTLY EXEMPTED FROM CUSTOMS DUTY: AMENDMENT.

The following Notification (No. 15-Customs, dated the 15th October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues), No. 1-Customs, dated the 9th March 1946*, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification, for the entries against Serial numbers 1 and 11 in Column 2, the following entries shall be substituted, respectively, namely:—

“Wood for the manufacture of shuttles and bobbins”
and

“Raw materials and component parts, other than glass bulbs, required for the manufacture of electric lamps, such as:—

- (i) Lamp caps.
- (ii) Filament wires.
- (iii) Leading-in-wires.
- (iv) Molybdenum wires and rods.
- (v) Glass tubings and rods.
- (vi) Mandrel wires made of steel or any other suitable material.
- (vii) Forming gas.
- (viii) Nitrogen gas.
- (ix) Rare gases like Argon, Aron, and Krypton.
- (x) Bakelite capping or basing cement.
- (xi) Stamping paste and acid.
- (xii) Phosphorus Pentoxide.
- (xiii) Red Phosphorus.”

SEA CUSTOMS ACT, 1878: PROHIBITION ON TAKING OUT OF BRITISH INDIA OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MINERALS.

The following Notification (No. 16-Customs, dated the 15th October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to prohibit the taking out of British India to any place outside India of the following minerals, namely:—

(1) Quartz—embracing only transparent water-clear crystals or pieces of quartz of a variety that is suitable for piezo-electric use, of the following two types:—

Facetted—showing at least two natural but not parallel faces.
Irregular—lumps or masses of transparent clear quartz of over 1/4 lb. in weight.

Classifications: Hyaline Crystal, Colourless or slightly and uniformly coloured—

Class ‘A’.—Showing, as a whole, 60 per cent to 100 per cent of its volume suitable for piezo-electric purposes.

Class ‘B’.—Showing, as a whole 45 per cent to 60 per cent of its volume suitable for piezo-electric purposes.

Class ‘C’.—Showing, as a whole, 30 per cent to 45 per cent of its volume suitable for piezo-electric purposes.

Class ‘D’.—Showing to the naked eye at least 50 per cent of its volume absolutely free from defects.

(2) *Ilmenite* in the form of “black sand” consisting of 40 per cent and over by weight of ilmenite grains and having a specific gravity of over 3.75.

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS: AMENDMENTS.

The following Notification [No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 26th October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84, of the Defence of India Rules as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945*, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification—

I. In Part A—

(a) In item 8, after entry (ii) the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

“(iii) Penicillin”

(b) For item 12, the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

“12. Raw and Pickled Sheep skins other than those known as Amritsar Papras.”

(c) For item 14, the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

“14. (i) All vegetable tanned leather produced from Buffalo hides, Katsis or Buffalo calves weighing 8 lbs. or over per skin with the exception of—

(1) Heavy vegetable tanned buffalo leather weighing over 16 lbs. per side or over 32 lbs. per hide; and

(2) East India Tanned Buffalo leather weighing below 12 lbs. or over 32 lbs. per hide.

(ii) Chrome Tanned Sole leather weighing up to 16 lbs. per side or 32 lbs. per hide.

II. In Part D—

(a) For item 31, the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

“31. Hides and Skins, Raw, the following:—

(1) Buffalo hides, raw.

(2) Cow hides, raw.

(3) Buffalo Calf skins, raw.

(4) Cow Calf skins, raw.

(5) Raw Sheep skins known as Amritsar Papras.”

(b) For item 31A, the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

“31A. (i). All classes of vegetable tanned leather produced from cow hides or kips (other than those known as East India Tanned Cow or Cow Calves) weighing 8 lbs. and over as hide and 4 lbs. and over as side.

(ii) East India Tanned Cow and Cow Calves.

(iii) East India Tanned Buffalo Calves weighing below 4 lbs. per skin.

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(iv) All Chrome tanned upper leather produced from cow or buffalo hides or calf skins.

(v) Vegetable tanned and Chrome tanned sheep skins.”

(c) For item 38, the following item shall be substituted, namely:—

“38. Leather manufactures the following:—
Ladies' and Men's Footwear.”

CENTRAL EXCISES AND SALT ACT, 1944: EXEMPTION FROM DUTY LEVIABLE ON SALT MANUFACTURED IN THE PROVINCE OF MADRAS AND EXPORTED BY SEA OR LAND TO THE STATES OF TRAVANCORE AND COCHIN.

The following Notification (No. 9-Salt, dated the 15th October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (xvii) of sub-section (2) of section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), and in supersession of the notifications of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues), Nos. 6-Salt and 7-Salt, dated the 7th March 1942, the Central Government is pleased to exempt from the payment of the duty leviable under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, salt manufactured in the Province of Madras, and exported by sea or by land to the States of Travancore and Cochin, subject to the following rules, namely:—

RULE

General

(1) The salt shall be carried in sealed bags and weighed on arrival.

(2) No allowance shall be made for wastage in transit. Single duty at the rate in force in British India shall be levied on all short deliveries, the duty so collected being credited to the State concerned.

(Exports by sea)

(3) Where salt is exported by sea—

(i) the procedure laid down in the Madras Salt Transport Rules, 1943, shall be followed except that the duty shall not be pre-paid by the exporter who shall execute a bond for an amount equal to single duty, and

(ii) the salt shall not be landed at any place other than the specified destination in the State.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL.

23rd October.

During the week under report the weather was not seasonable everywhere. There was excessive rain in some districts. The prospects of the standing crops are reported to be generally satisfactory. Some damage to *aman* and early *rabi* crops was caused and preparation of lands for sowing of *rabi* crops was being delayed in a few districts, due to excessive rains.

MADRAS.

12th October.

During the week under report rainfall was heavy in the Nilgiris; moderate in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Chittoor, North Arcot, Salem, Malabar, Madras and South Kanara; and fair in Anantapur, Nellore, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Ramnad. Water supply is insufficient in parts of West Godavari, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Trichinopoly, Ramnad and Tinnevely. Sowing and transplantation of paddy in Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Ramnad, West Coast and the Nilgiris; and of dry crops in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madras and Ramnad, is proceeding. The standing crops are generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara; of *ragi* in Vizagapatam, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore and the Nilgiris; of gingelly in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna and Salem; and of groundnut in West Godavari, Kistna, South Arcot and Salem, continued. The outturn is generally fair.

ORISSA.

21st October.

During the week under report the rainfall was heavy at Balasore, Puri, Khurda, Chhatrapur and Koraput and light to moderate at other places except Jajpur, Nawapara, Phulbani and Nawrangpur where there was no rain. Harvesting of autumn paddy in the Balasore district and of *mal* paddy in the Sambalpur district was in progress. Sowing of *rabi* in the Cuttack district; of horsegram, blackgram and mustard in the Puri district; and of brinjals, potatoes and cabbages in the Sambalpur district, commenced. The standing crops, viz., sugarcane, winter paddy, horsegram, blackgram, mustard, *til*, groundnut, chillies, redgram, betel, vegetables, *ragi*, *sama*, *voda*, tobacco and *jowar*, were generally thriving. Winter paddy deteriorated on account of much rainfall in the Cuttack district. Damage to winter paddy crop and fodder by insects in the Balasore district was reported. Rain was required for paddy crop in Ghumsar taluk in the Ganjam district.

SIND.

28th October.

During the week under report there was no rain. Picking of cotton was going on. A slight attack of red-leaf blight and boll-worm continues. Harvesting of paddy, *jowar* and *bajri* is in progress. A slight attack of stem-borer in *jowar* is reported in some places.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st March 1946, page 487.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 143-48.

SUMMARY OF CROP FORECASTS.

The following is a summary of the Jute forecast relating to the season 1946-47 :—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jute*—Final.	Practically all jute-growing tracts	Acres 1,880,000	78	Acres 2,422,000	5,550,000 bales (b)	69	7,991,000 bales (b)	Oct. 3, 1946.

The following is a summary of the latest forecasts for the season 1945-46 for crops for which forecasts have not yet been made in the current season :—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cotton—Final(c).	All cotton-growing tracts	Acres 14,478,000	98	Acres 14,843,000	2,434,000 bales	98	3,580,000 bales	June 27, 1946.
Castorseed	Practically all castor-growing tracts	1,237,000	84	1,468,000	105,000 tons	80	131,000 tons	Aug. 1, 1946.
Sesamum—Supplementary.	United Provinces, Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Punjab, Ajmer-Merwara, Sind, Hyderabad, Kotah, Bhopal and Baroda (a little over 86 per cent of the total sesamum area of India).	3,903,000	99	3,939,000	387,000 tons	98	393,000 tons	Aug. 8, 1946.
Sugarcane—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Madras, North-West Frontier Province, Assam, Orissa, Central Provinces and Berar, Sind, Delhi, Mysore, Hyderabad, Bhopal, Baroda and Jaora (96 per cent of the total sugarcane area of India).	3,847,000	93	4,154,000	5,387,000 tons	98	5,431,000 tons	Aug. 15, 1946.
Groundnut—Final.	Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda (99 per cent of the total groundnut area of India).	9,848,000	93	10,574,000	3,113,000 tons	81	3,856,000 tons	Aug. 29, 1946.
Rape and Mustard—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bengal, Bihar, Assam, Sind, North-West Frontier Province, Central Provinces and Berar, Orissa, Bombay, Delhi, Alwar, Hyderabad and Baroda (about 95 per cent of the total rape and mustard area of India).	5,497,000	92	5,580,000	910,000 tons	88	1,034,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Linseed—Final.	Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Kotah and Bhopal (a little over 93 per cent of the total linseed area of India).	3,376,000	97	3,465,000	369,000 tons	94	392,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Rice—Final (c).	Bengal, Madras, Bihar, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Assam, Orissa, Bombay, Sind, Punjab, Coorg, Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda and Bhopal (97 per cent of the total rice area of India).	79,885,000	95	83,033,000	28,249,000 tons	93	28,183,000 tons	Sept. 26, 1946.
Wheat—Third (c)	Punjab, United Provinces, Central Provinces and Berar, Bombay, Sind, Bihar, North-West Frontier Province, Bengal, Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara, Orissa, Central India, Gwalior, Rajputana, Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore (98 per cent of the total wheat area of India).	34,705,000	90	35,709,000	8,967,000 tons	85	10,458,000 tons	Oct. 17, 1946.

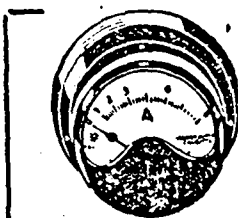
* Issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal. † Including Indian States. ‡ In Rajputana. § In Central India.
(a) Not yet available. (b) Includes figures for Nepal. (c) The detailed report will appear in the Indian Trade Journal later.

DATA OF TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY AND RAINFALL FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, THE 29TH OCTOBER 1946.*

	STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENT- AGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).	RAINFALL.						STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENT- AGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).	RAINFALL.				
		Actual.	Departure from normal.		Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.			Actual.	Departure from normal.		Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.
ASSAM	Dibrugarh . . .	77	+2	84	-1	(c)	(j)	78.5	—	BOMBAY.	Bhuj . . .								
	Tezpur . . .	76	-1	86	+1	(a)	(y)	2.0	—	Gujarat . . .	Deesa . . .								
	Dhubri . . .	76	-1	92	+8	(a)	(d)	0	—		Ahmedabad . . .								
	Shillong . . .	60	-1	84	+11	(b)	(f)	1.4	—		Rajkot . . .								
	Silchar . . .	75	-4	93	+8	(b)	(h)	1.0	—		Veraval . . .								
BENGAL	Chittagong . . .	77	-2	88	+3	(b)	(i)	1.3	—	Konkan . . .	Bombay . . .								
	Barisal . . .	78	-2	78	-3	(b)	(j)	0.1	—		Karwar . . .								
	Narayanaganj . . .	79	-2	85	+5	(c)	(k)	1.9	—	Bombay, Deccan . . .	Malegaon . . .								
	Mymensingh . . .	78	-1	85	+2	(b)	(l)	0.7	—		Ahmednagar . . .								
	Jalpaiguri . . .	77	0	84	-1	(b)	(m)	0.0	—		Poona . . .								
	Darjeeling . . .	55	+1	92	+12	(a)	(n)	0.9	—		Bijapur . . .								
	Berhampore . . .	80	0	77	-3	(b)	(o)	0	—		Belgaum . . .								
	Calcutta . . .	79	-1	91	+9	(a)	(p)	34.5	—	CENTRAL INDIA.	Neemuch . . .								
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Baharore . . .	80	0	80	0	(a)	(q)	47.9	—	Central India, West . . .	Indore . . .	76	+1	60	+1	(c)	0	—	—
Orissa . . .	Cuttack . . .	83	+2	85	+4	(a)	(r)	63.5	—	Central India, East . . .	Sutna . . .								
	Sambalpur . . .	79	+1	83	+4	(b)	(s)	68.3	—	CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Akola . . .								
Chota Nagpur	Chalchasa . . .	79	+1	80	+2	(b)	(t)	43.8	—	Berar . . .	Saugor . . .	79	+2	49	-4	(b)	0	—	—
	Ranchi . . .	73	-1	80	+13	(b)	(u)	44.6	—	Central Provinces, West . . .	Jubbulpore . . .								
	Darbhanga . . .	78	-1	84	+0	(c)	(v)	35.3	—		Seoni . . .								
Bihar . . .	Patna . . .	81	+2	78	+6	(b)	(w)	32.0	—		Nagpur . . .	80	+2	54	-9	(a)	0	—	—
	Naya Dumka . . .	78	0	93	+10	(b)	(x)	45.5	—		Chanda . . .								
UNITED PROVINCES.	Gorakhpur . . .	79	+1	84	+7	(a)	(y)	0	—	Central Provinces, East . . .	Raipur . . .								
United Provinces, East.	Allahabad . . .	80	+3	77	+12	(b)	(z)	0	—		Jagdalpur (Bastar) . . .								
	Bahraich . . .	81	+4	80	+12	(b)	(aa)	0	—										
	Lucknow . . .									HYDERABAD.									
	Jhansi . . .									Hyderabad, North . . .	Nizamabad . . .								
	Agra . . .									Hyderabad, South . . .	Gulbarga . . .								
	Barilly . . .										Hyderabad . . .								
United Provinces, West.	Delhi . . .	78	0	61	+5	(a)	0	—	—		Raichur . . .								
PUNJAB.	Hissar . . .									MISORE.	Bangalore . . .								
Punjab, East and North.	Ambala . . .										Mercara . . .								
	Lahore . . .									MADRAS.	Cochin . . .								
	Rawalpindi . . .									Malabar . . .	Trivandrum . . .								
	Multan . . .										Pamban . . .								
Punjab, South-West	Brinagar . . .									Madras, South-East . . .	Negapatnam . . .	83	+1	93	+9	(a)	1.0	—	—
KASHMIR . . .	Peshawar . . .	75	+4	69	+12	(a)	0	—	—		Colombatore . . .								
NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.	Dera Ismail Khan . . .										Cuddalore . . .								
	Jacobabad . . .										Salem . . .								
SIIND . . .	Karachi . . .	81	+1	91	+13	(c)	0	—	—	Madras . . .	Madras . . .	82	+1	93	+8	(b)	1.9	—	—
	Bikaner . . .									Madras, Deccan . . .	Cuddapah . . .								
RAJPUTANA.	Jodhpur . . .										Bellary . . .								
Rajputana, West . . .	Ajmer . . .									Madras, Coast, North . . .	Nellore . . .								
	Jalpur . . .										Masulipatnam . . .	83	+2	83	0	(a)	0	—	—
Rajputana, East . . .	Kotah . . .										Vizagapatnam . . .	82	0	75	+2	(a)	0	—	—
											Gopalpur . . .	81	+1	87	+7	(b)	0	(g)	41.8

*As far as available.

* As far as available.
(a) Total for 6 days. (f) Total for 118 days.
(b) " " 5 " (g) " " 147 "
(c) " " 4 " (h) " " 140 "
(d) " " 150 " (i) " " 145 "
(e) " " 119 " (j) " " 144 "
(f) " " 129 "



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TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from:—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 9d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile Stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Re. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42 x 28 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from:—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Telegraphic Addresses Registered for the Regional Supply Offices.

The following telegraphic addresses have been registered for the Regional Supply Offices of the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies:—

Office.	Address.
Director of Supplies, Calcutta	DEVSUPCAL
Director of Supplies, Bombay	DEVSUP
Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi	DEVSUP
Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore	DEVSUP
Deputy Director of Supplies, Cawnpore	DEVSUP
Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras	DEVSUP

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Crucible Plumbago*.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SN2/70193/11 to reach him on or before the 20th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for Crucible Plumbago, size No. 80—160 lbs. capacity, required by the Controller of Stores, F. I. Railway, Calcutta.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender form which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore/Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

[*N.B.—The previous tender notice on the subject published in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 10th October 1946 (page 99), is cancelled.]

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are in the happy position of being overbooked with orders for our printed Tin-ware in two and multi-colours and in various shapes and sizes. We beg to be excused if we are unable to serve more than our capacity, until our new arrangements will have been completed.

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B. 3079 W. 30-6-47.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Insulating Materials.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SE2/RC/1131/111 to reach him on or before the 29th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for the supply of Insulating Materials for the period 1st January 1947 to 31st December 1947.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies, must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the office of the Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, are not eligible for submission of quotations and tender forms will not be issued to them.

Tender forms are also available from the following officers on payment of tender fee direct to them:—

- (1) The Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
- (2) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras, Karachi and Lahore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Copper Tubes Seamless for Smoke Box and Steam Pipes.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SN-2/73043/Gr-1 to reach him on or before the 25th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order, or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for Copper Tubes Seamless for smoke box and steam pipes, required for the Controller of Stores, B. & C. I. Railway, Mahalakshmi, Bombay.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors, must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender form which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore on payment of tender fee direct to them.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 43/E/61.—Supply of Petromax Lanterns (Kerosine).

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 9th December 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 10th December 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Petromax Lanterns (Kerosine)	Rate Contract for the period ending 30th June 1947.
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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 42/IX. A. 1 (D).—Supply of Miscellaneous Articles.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 26th November 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 27th November 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars, on payment of Rs. 3 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Names of Articles.

(1) Steel Tanks	Quantity Contract for the period ending 31st May 1947.
(2) Iron Gages	
(3) Small Rakes	
(4) Ballast Rakes	

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B. 2996 W. 18-1-47.

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B. 2901 W. 9-1-47.

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Tender for Sinking of Tube Well at Narkuldanga.

Scaled tenders are invited for sinking of 10" dia. Tube Well at Narkuldanga to an approximate depth of 400 ft. including 60' of 12" pipe and on 12×10 reducing socket.

Contractors having experience and all equipments including casing pipes for this kind of work may purchase tender document from the office of the Executive Engineer, B. A. Railway, Sealdah, between 10-30 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Bengal Time) from 12th to 15th November 1946 on payment of an unrefundable sum of Rs. 2.

Tenders will be opened at 11 a.m. (Bengal Time) on the 16th November 1946.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Shank 1'-1" dia. Head Short Case complete with Case Inside, Nuts and Cotters.

Scaled tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 27th November 1946 at 12 noon:—

Tender No. SP/P/EB1/BU-154.—For the supply of 2,346 Nos. Shank 1'-1" dia. head short case complete with case inside, nuts and cotters.

Tender forms and drawings can be obtained from the under-noted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same:—

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 2 per copy from the Controller of Stores' office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

(b) Deputy C.M.E., Lillooah's Drg. Nos. BU61 126 and 154 at annas 8 per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender forms to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawings to the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Scaled tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Case Outside for Short Case Buffer.

Scaled tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 28th November 1946 at 12 noon:—

Tender No. SP/F/EB1/BU-69.—For the supply of 2,606 Nos. Case outside for short case buffer.

Tender forms and drawings can be obtained from the under-noted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same:—

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 2 per copy from the Controller of Stores' office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

(b) Deputy C.M.E., Lillooah's Drg. No. BU69 at annas 8 per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender forms to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawings to the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Scaled tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Pad Locks.

Scaled tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on or before 12 noon on the 25th November 1946:—

Tender No. S/SP/B/RI/19.—For the supply of Pad Lock, G.I., 2½".

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy, to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, direct by Money Order. Once these documents are issued, no refund is permissible.

Scaled tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

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THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Washer Buffering.

Scaled tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 26th November 1946 at 12 noon:—

Tender No. SP/F/EB1/W-364.—For supply of 3,660 Nos. Washer Buffering.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, direct by Money Order. Once these documents are issued, no refund is permissible.

Scaled tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Buffer Plunger.

Scaled tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 27th November 1946 at 12 noon:—

Tender No. SP/F/EB1/BU-124.—For the supply of 5,090 Nos. Buffer Plunger W-358 complete with spindle, plug, washers, nuts and cotters.

Tender forms and drawings can be obtained from the under-noted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same:—

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 2 per copy from the Controller of Stores' office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

(b) Deputy C.M.E., Lillooah's Drg. No. BU-124 at annas 8 per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender forms to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawings to the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Scaled tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Buffer Case Outside.

Scaled tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 25th November 1946 at 12 noon:—

Tender No. SP/F/EB1/BU77.—For the supply of 3,120 Nos. Buffer Case outside.

Tender forms and drawings can be obtained from the under-noted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same:—

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 2 per copy from the Controller of Stores' office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

(b) Deputy C.M.E., Lillooah's Drg. No. BU-77 at annas 8 per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender forms to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawings to the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Scaled tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Tender for Works on the P. P. Link from Chainage 170 to 205.

Scaled tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 16th November 1946, for works on the P. P. Link from chainage 170 to 205.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till the 15th November 1946, at the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash which will not be returned.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Sale of Empty Tins, Gunny Bags, etc.

Scaled tenders are invited by the Deputy General Manager (Grainshop), E. I. Railway, Calcutta, from the intending purchasers of the following:—

1.	4,000 (more or less)	Empty tins.
2.	20,000 (ditto)	Empty gunny bags.
3.	150 (ditto)	Empty tea chests and packing cases.
4.	95 (ditto)	Empty oil drums (galvanised sheet cylindrical and plain 10 gals. capacity). Ex-Howrah Grain Depot (items 1 to 4).
5.	745 (ditto)	Empty tins.
6.	68 (ditto)	Empty tea chests and soap boxes. Ex-Lillooah Grainshop. (Items 5 to 6).

Inspection may be made at site with a permit from the Deputy General Manager (Grainshop), E. I. Railway, Calcutta (105, Clive Street, Calcutta).

Tenders must be dropped in the locked box in the office of the Deputy General Manager (GS), E. I. R., Calcutta, by the 11th November 1946.

Earnest money of Rs. 500 is required to be deposited with the Treasurer, E. I. R., Calcutta, before submission of tenders. Earnest money will be refunded in case of unsuccessful tenders.

For particulars, please apply to the Deputy General Manager (GS), East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 18th October 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	1,294	1,420	6,844	8,978	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	..	..	13	30	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan	..	86	..	933	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nashik.
4. East Deccan	204	1,478	4,496	7,495	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country.	662	1,343	4,039	8,299	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dhawar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port.	866	2,907	8,543	16,757	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					
The Province of Sind	13,796	14,250	33,735	44,089	All districts in the Province.
Bengal—					
The Province of Bengal	(a)	60	1,495	713	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces—					
1. Upper Doab	..	..	..	..	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	..	..	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	..	..	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaan, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bera Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Punjab—					
1. Ambala	..	25	..	55	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
2. Jullundur	..	..	..	..	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	..	..	..	..	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	..	..	..	..	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
5. Multan	..	..	..	..	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	175	152	175	212	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	175	177	175	267	
Central Provinces—					
1. Jabulpore	..	..	..	..	Jabulpore, Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	..	..	..	..	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	..	..	..	..	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	..	..	..	..	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Jalgaon, Bhambla.
5. Satpura	..	..	..	..	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
6. Chhatgarh	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Berar—					
Berar	..	..	..	..	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Assam—					
The Province of Assam	..	..	..	..	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara—					
Ajmer-Merwara	121	22	661	71	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras—					
Madras*	3,101	2,848	(b) 19,510	23,743	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	18,059	20,264	64,124	85,645	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.
 * For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 31st August 1946.
 (a) Return not yet received.
 (b) Includes 1,495 bales not reported before.

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COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 18th October 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	1,207	..	4,021
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	(a)	227	1,441	3,100
Gwalior	(a)	..	..	123
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	..	..	..	..
Nabha	..	..	..	..
Jind	..	..	..	..
Faridkot	..	..	..	..
Patiala	..	..	..	..
Malerkotla	..	..	..	..
Khalapur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	..	..	..
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	..	..	..	..
Bikaner	..	..	..	..
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..
Jalpur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	..	..	..	..
Central India States—				
Indore	..	..	..	..
Bhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Juara	..	..	..	..
Ratlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	..	..	..	..
Burhan	..	..	..	..
Jhabua	..	..	..	..
Dewar, J. E.	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	..	..	..	..

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 18th October 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Junagadh	..	..	..	..
Dhrangadhra	995	..	3,639	..
Morvi	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	..	..	..	..
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Wankanor	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	..	..	..	..
Limdi	..	..	..	..
Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mull	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	..	..	..	..
Katoolan	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	..	..	..	..
Hantva Majmu	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhota Udepur	..	..	..	..
Cambay	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Balsamor	..	..	..	..
Pandh Mewar—				
Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gohta	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Jamkhadi	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savapur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	995	..	5,639	..
GRAND TOTAL	995	1,434	7,080	7,336

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 18th October 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Thunvelles	416	257	37,247	46,043
Nadam, Bourbon and Uppam	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	1,478	1,001	89,897	70,736
Karunganni	63	..	40,974	..
Northerns	..	1,590	8,024	162,639
Westerns	983	..	(a) 39,947	..
Mungari	41	..	(b) 968	..
Cocanadas	92	..	8,612	9,509
TOTAL	3,101	2,848	243,769	288,927

(a) Includes 1,102 bales not reported before.
 (b) " 393 " " " "

COTTON PRESS RETURNS, 1945-46.

The following tables show the quantity of cotton pressed, expressed in bales of 400 lbs. each, in British India and Indian States, as far as reported, during the period from 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 28th) of June, 1946, with comparative figures for the corresponding period of the last season:—

I.—BRITISH INDIA.

Province and Division or Block.	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).		Districts included in the block.
	From 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 28th) of June, 1946.	During the corresponding period of last season.	
BOMBAY—			
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay	64,781	28,623	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	163,685	137,898	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals, Broach and Surat.
3. North Deccan	65,156	49,484	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan	41,824	50,470	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	52,862	139,195	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	323,527	377,047	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
SIND—			
The Province of Sind	367,661	436,424	All districts in the Province.
BENGAL—			
The Province of Bengal	15,821	6,031	All districts in the Province.
UNITED PROVINCES—			
1. Upper Doab	4,813	3,801	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh and Musaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	840	1,342	Mottra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri and Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	902	309	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur and Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Nainital, Almora and Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad and Farrukhabad.
TOTAL	6,353	6,452	
PUNJAB—			
1. Ambala	33,556	54,312	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal and Ambala.
2. Jullundur	12,965	19,351	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur and Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	85,768	92,175	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala and Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	104,277	100,834	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi and Attock.
5. Multan	619,723	602,370	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Musaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	74,974	80,236	Simla, Ferozepore and Milanwali.
TOTAL	931,263	949,278	
CENTRAL PROVINCES—			
1. Jabulpore	..	..	Jabulpore and Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	3	192	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	35,282	23,532	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	76,141	64,326	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat and Bhandara.
5. Satpura	692	80	Chhindwara, Betul and Mandla.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	Drug, Raipur and Bilaspur.
TOTAL	112,118	88,130	
BHAR—			
Berar	379,614	322,196	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana and Yavatmal.
ASSAM—			
The Province of Assam	2,812	3,082	All districts in the Province.
AJMER-MERWARA—			
Ajmer-Merwara	17,318	11,094	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
MADRAS—			
Madras	223,083	287,910	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	2,379,567	2,486,644	

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COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.
II.—INDIAN STATES.

State.	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).		State.	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).	
	From 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 28th) of June, 1946.	During the corresponding period of last season.		From 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 28th) of June, 1946.	During the corresponding period of last season.
Hyderabad	198,107	259,004	BOMBAY STATES—		
Borada	120,169	105,943	Western India States Agency—		
Gwalior	22,569	30,249	Janagadh	15,202	24,429
Punjab States—			Dhrangadhra	15,606	16,616
Bahawalpur	160,150	151,433	Morvi	16,402	13,114
Nabha	18,699	27,019	Cutch	2,448	475
Jind	5,880	8,326	Nawanagar	1,822	3,523
Jind	6,816	7,598	Wadhwan	20,455	25,687
Faridkot	65,408	105,258	Gondal	..	..
Patiala	1,484	4,442	Wankaner	1,208	639
Malerkotla	4,626	2,836	Porbandar	6,626	12,627
Rahpur	..	..	Limbdi	6,660	3,013
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	263,063	306,912	Radhanpur	7,666	7,221
Rajputana States—			Rajkot	..	..
Mewar	29,733	40,183	Manawadar	13,787	21,171
Rikaner	11,407	10,928	Jasdan	..	633
Jodhpur	..	1,034	Sardargarh	..	..
Tonk	1,168	2,726	Mull	..	..
Jalpur	1,913	551	Sayla	2,487	3,107
Jhalawar	..	..	Eastern Kathiawar Agency	3,686	3,702
Shahpura	1,599	1,597	(Wadhwan Civil Station).		
Kishangarh	2,708	..	Katosan	1,987	690
Kotah	833	1,366	Lakhtar	4,453	4,734
Bundi	..	..	Palitana	..	..
Idar	9,136	4,505	Naliya	2,805	1,547
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	58,499	62,890	Bantva Majum	2,631	..
Central India States—			Gujarat States Agency—	22,823	22,850
Indore	62,322	33,359	Rajppla	9,300	9,680
Bhopal	188*	737	Chhota Udepur	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	Cambay	..	..
Alipura	..	..	Sachin	..	..
Jaora	1,353	3,269	Balsamor	3,731	4,407
Ratlam	3,005	5,287	Pandu Mewar—		
Dhar	18,067	11,196	Vaktapur	5,700	2,934
Barwani	10,143	6,866	Gothia	4,184	6,002
Jhabua	3,093	2,604	Deccan States Agency—		
Dewas, J. E.	..	..	Kolhapur	..	228
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	90,071	63,618	Jamkhandi	1,816	4,248
			Bangli	..	114
			Mudhol	240	1,771
			Mira	..	..
			Savanur	355	1,491
			TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	100,759	209,266
			GRAND TOTAL	962,833	1,059,626

* In running bales.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN AJMER-MERWARA FOR THE SEASON 1946-47.

Serial No. allotted to Factory.	Sub-division.	Name of Factory and Owners.
1 J	Ajmer	Hydraulic Cotton Press; Rai Bahadur Seth Champalal Ramswarup of Beawar.
2 J	Kekri	Kekri Press Company, Ltd., Kekri; West Patent Press Company, Ltd., Etawah.
3 J	Kekri	Shatrunjaya Manik Factory; Rajkumar Sardar Singh of Shahpura.
4 J	Kekri	The Ajmer-Merwara Cotton Press Company, Kekri; S. Ramrichpal Striya of Ajmer, Keshodas Pansari of Bombay, Baghmalsan of Chand Mal, Ajmer, and Mubib Bhanwarlal Kasliwal of Kekri having equal shares.
5 J	Kekri	Haraoti Cotton Press Company, Ltd.; Rai Bahadur Seth Champalal Ramswarup, of Beawar.
6 J	Beawar	(Deleted as the Press has ceased working.)
7 J	Beawar	Holme Cotton Factory, Bari; Thakur Narain Singh of Masuda.
8 J	Beawar	The West Patent Press Co., Ltd., Beawar; The West Patent Press Co., Ltd., Aligarh.
9 J	Beawar	New Cotton Press, Beawar; Deokaran Das Ram Kumar, Beawar.
10 J	Beawar	Hydraulic Cotton Press, Beawar; Rai Bahadur Seth Champalal Ramswarup of Beawar.
11 J		(Deleted as the Press has ceased working.)
12 J		(Deleted as the Press has been sold and taken away to Hanai.)
13 J	Beawar	Khim Raj Rathli Press, Beawar; Khim Raj Rathli Press, Beawar.
14 J	Beawar	Rajputana Cotton Press Co., Ltd., Beawar.
15 J		(Deleted as the Press came into liquidation and sold.)
16 J	Beawar	Maha Laxmi Press, Mills Co., Ltd.; The Maha Laxmi Mills, Beawar.
17 J		(Deleted as the Press has ceased working.)

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR FOR THE SEASON 1946-47.

The following are lists of Cotton Pressing Factories, together with names of Occupiers or Lessees and Special Marks allotted to them in the Central Provinces and Berar, for the season 1946-47, as furnished by the Director of Industries:—

I.—CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Special Mark and Place.	Name of Factory.	Name of Occupier or Lessee, if any.
(1)	(2)	(3)
1 C Harda	Seth Baijnath Shrinath Press Factory	Seth Baijnath Shrinath.
2 C Do.	Visanji Velji Cotton Press Factory	Gokuldas Kanji.
3 C Do.	Nerbudda Press Factory	K. B. Sorabji Kerawala.
4 C Do.	Kilachand Deochand & Co. Press Factory	Virji Bhawanji Shah.
5 C Do.	Rameshwar Vallabhdass Press Factory	Rameshwardas Vallabhdass.
6 C Khirkiya	Shrinath Anantlal Press Factory	Chunnilal Nathmal.
7 C Khandwa	Seth Chunnilal Nathmal Press Factory	Bansilal Gokul Prasad Tiwari.
8 C Do.	Seth Radhakisan Jaikisan Press Factory	N. S. Keswala.
9 C Do.	Nimar Manufacturing Press Factory	Seth Fareokh E. Bharoocha.
10 C Do.	Akbar Manufacturing Company's Press Factory	M. S. Hirji Umersey & Co.
11 C Do.	Gokuldas Cullianjee Press Factory	Seth Sorabjee Framjee.
12 C Do.	United Press Factory	Ballabdas Ishwardas Agarwal.
13 C Pandhara	Shri Venkateshwar Press Factory	Seth Abdullahai Fida Ali.
14 C Burhanpur	Seth Abdullahai Fida Ali Press Factory	Seth Gopaladas Thakurdas.
15 C Do.	Shri Krishna Press Factory	Messrs. Akbar Manufacturing Company, Limited.
16 C Do.	Akbar Manufacturing Company's Press Factory	Abdullahai Fida Ali.
17 C Do.	Abdulla Bhai Fida Ali Press Factory	Kisandas Nagindas.
18 C Do.	Kisandas Thakurlal Press Factory	Gokuldas Kanji.
19 C Bir	Visanji Velji and Company's Press Factory	Umersey Jewat.
20 C Nimarkhed	Chandul Ganeshram Press Factory	Central India Spinning, Weaving and Manufacturing Company, Limited.
21 C Wardha	Empress Mills Press Factory	Seth Bachraj Jamanlal.
22 C Do.	Bachraj Factories, Limited, Press Factory	Jankidas Narsingdas Mohta.
23 C Do.	R. B. Narsingdas Mohta Press Factory	Gamadia Press, Ltd.
24 C Do.	Gamadia Press Factory	Sadhuram Tularam.
25 C Do.	Wardha Gin and Press Company's Press Factory	Seth Bansilal Kochar.
26 C Do.	Bansilal Kochar Press Factory	Gopaladas Mohta.
27 C Do.	R. S. Reckchand Gopaladas Mohta Press Factory	

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR FOR THE SEASON 1946-47—contd.
I.—CENTRAL PROVINCES—contd.

Special Mark and Place.	Name of Factory.	Name of Occupier or Lessee, if any.
(1)	(2)	(3)
28 C Pulgaon	Removed.	
29 C Do.	Do.	
30 C Do.	Prayagdas Narsingdas Press Factory	Jankidas Narsingdas.
31 C Do.	Motiram Fatechand alias Pulgaon Press Factory	Motiram Fatechand.
32 C Sindi	Removed.	
33 C Do.	Ramdayal Shookaran Press Factory	Shookaran and others.
34 C Hinganghat	R. S. Reckchand Mohta Press Factory	Seth Mathuradas Mohta.
35 C Do.	R. B. Bansilal Abirchand Half Press Factory	R. B. Narsingdas Daga & Sons.
36 C Do.	Bikamchand Laxmichand Tuck Compound Press Factory	R. S. Lule.
37 C Do.	D. B. Bulakhidas Gopaladas Press Factory	Seth Gopaladas Mohta.
38 C Do.	Empress Mills Press Factory	Central India Spinning, Weaving and Manufacturing Company, Limited.
39 C Do.	Removed.	
40 C Arvi	Jainarayan Ganeshram Press Factory	Jainarayan Ganeshram.
41 C Do.	Bachraj Factories, Limited, Press Factory	Bachraj Factories, Limited.
42 C Do.	Removed.	
43 C Do.	R. B. Ramratan Ganeshdas Press Factory	R. B. Ramratan Ganeshdas.
44 C Do.	Narayandas Badridas Press Factory	Narsingdas Badridas.
45 C Do.	Khushalchand Bulakhidas Press Factory	Bulakhidas Jajoo.
46 C Nagpur	Removed.	
47 C Do.	Vinayak Ramchandra Press Factory	Hindustan Oil Mill Company.
48 C Do.	Gamadia Press Factory	K. Keshwala.
49 C Do.	Nagpur District Cotton Ginning and Pressing Syndicate Press Factory.	Hon'ble Sir M. B. Dadabhoy and Partners.
50 C Do.	Ralli Brothers' Press Factory	Messrs. Ralli Brothers.
51 C Do.	Ranjit Press Factory	Jathabhai Hirji & Co.
52 C Do.	Volkart Brothers United Press Factory	Volkart Brothers.
53 C Saoner	Nagpur District Cotton Ginning and Pressing Syndicate Press Factory.	Hon'ble Sir M. B. Dadabhoy and others.
54 C Do.	Seth Girdharilal Kanhaiyalal Press Factory	Seth Girdharilal Kanhaiyalal.
55 C Katol	Arjun Khimji and Company's Press Factory	Tikamchand Tokarshi.
56 C Do.	Removed.	
57 C Do.	Messrs. Ruitiya Press Factories	Lalbai Trust (Harmukh Rai Gopiram).
58 C Chanda	Khandesh Spinning and Weaving Mills Press Factory.	Madholal Sindho.
59 C Warora	Empress Mills Press Factory	Central India Spinning, Weaving and Manufacturing Company, Limited.
60 C Do.	Prayagdas Narsingdas Press Factory	Jamadas Narsingdas.
61 C Do.	Gamadia Press Factory	Gamadia Factories, Limited.
62 C Do.	R. B. Bansilal Abirchand Press Factory	R. B. Bansilal Abirchand and M. M. Dadabhoy.
63 C Pandhurna	Removed.	
64 C Chhindwara	Bengal-Nagpur Cotton Company's Half Press Factory.	Bengal-Nagpur Cotton Company, Limited.
65 C Pulgaon	The Pulgaon Cotton Mills, Limited	The Pulgaon Cotton Mills, Limited.
66 C Pandhurna	Kekatpurey Press Factory	Gangadhar Rao and others.
67 C Burhanpur	Burhanpur Tapti Mills Press Factory	P. N. Mehta and Sons.
68 C Khandwa	Bhagchand Kailaschand Press Factory	Bhagchand Sont.
69 C Piparia	Removed.	
70 C Burhanpur (Lalbagh).	Do.	
71 C Harsud	Shree Durga Press Factory	Ramkishan Jankilal.
72 C Burhanpur	Mohammad Ali Essabhooy Press Factory	Hasan Ali Saraf Ali.
73 C Wardha	Removed.	
74 C Nimarkhed	Do.	
75 C Khandwa	Jiwanji Aurajee Press Factory	Hasanjee Jiwanji.
76 C Do.	Gamadia's Press Factory	Gamadia Factories, Limited.
77 C Khirkiya	Seth Sunderlal Ramkisan Press Factory	Lessee—Kilachand Deochand.
78 C Badud (Nimar)	Nandlal Bhandari Press Factory	K. Bhandari.
79 C Bir (Nimar)	Chunnilal Nathmal Press Factory	Chunnilal Nathmal.
80 C Chanda	Removed.	
81 C Do.	Pukhraj Kochar Press Factory	Pukhraj Kochar.
82 C Nagpur	The Empress Mills Press Factory	Central India Spinning, Weaving and Manufacturing Company, Limited.
83 C Burhanpur	Removed.	
84 C Do.	Shah Jadhavji Kanji	Shah Jadhavji Kanji.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR FOR THE SEASON 1946-47—contd.
II.—BERAR.

Special Mark and Place. (1)	Name of Factory. (2)	Name of Occupier or Lessee, if any. (3)
1 K Akola	Sawatram Ramprasad Mills Press Factory	Sawatram Ramprasad Mills Company, Limited.
2 K Do.	R. S. Reckchand Gopaladas Mohita Mills Press Factory	Seth Gopaladas Mohita, M. L. A.
3 K Do.	Ralli Brothers' Press Factory	C. A. Sassadis.
4 K Do.	Mulraj Khatav and Company Press Factory	Seth Amarsingh Damodarrao Mulraj.
5 K Do.	Removed.	
6 K Do.	Do.	
7 K Do.	New East India Press Company's Press Factory	B. L. Desai.
8 K Do.	Removed.	
9 K Do.	Gamadia's Press Factory	N. J. Gamadia.
10 K Do.	Ganeshdas Gulabchand Press Factory	Gopal Damodhar.
11 K Do.	Padamsey Hirjee Nersey Press Factory	Padamsey Hirjee Nersey.
12 K Do.	Removed.	
13 K Do.	Do.	
14 K Do.	Baxiram Rudmal Press Factory	Gajdhar Rudmal.
15 K Murtizapur	Dinshaw Fardoonji Press Factory	R. P. Master.
16 K Do.	Removed.	
17 K Do.	New East India Press Company's Press Factory	B. L. Desai.
18 K Do.	Jeshoda Factories, Limited, Press Factory	Jethabhai Kalyanji.
19 K Do.	Removed.	
20 K Akot	The Akot Cotton Gin and Press Company, Limited, Press Factory.	V. J. Varde and Company, Bombay.
21 K Do.	New Akot Cotton Gin and Press Company's Press Factory	Pannalal Hirralal—Lessee.
22 K Do.	Seth Baxiram Rudmal Press Factory	Gajadharji Rudmal.
23 K Do.	Narsee Nagsee Press Factory	Raichand Ramji.
24 K Do.	Lalji Patel Kashinath Appa and Company's Press Factory	S. B. Deshpande.
25 K Karanja	Mulji Jetha Press Factory	Chaturbhuj Gowardhan Das.
26 K Do.	Ramji Kanao Company's Press Factory	Ramji Kanao and Company.
27 K Do.	New East India Press Company, Limited, Press Factory	Damji Chapsi.
28 K Do.	Removed.	
29 K Do.	Do.	
30 K Balapur	Deokisonji Dwarkadasji Press Factory	D. Dwarkadasji.
31 K Basim	Gajadhar Hirralal Press Factory	Baxiram Rudmal.
32 K Do.	Removed.	
33 K Do.	Basim Press Factory	Naurangrai Bansidhar.
34 K Do.	New East India Press Company's Press Factory	Messrs. New East India Press Co. Ltd.
35 K Telhara	Tolhara Cotton Company's Press Factory	Telhara Cotton Company, Ltd.
36 K Do.	Anusaya Trust Press Factory	Anusaya Trust.
37 K Amraoti	Shrikrishna Press Factory	U. P. Pandit.
38 K Do.	Ralli Brothers' Press Factory	C. A. Sassadis.
39 K Do.	Jafferji Mulla Heptullabhai Press Factory	Hussainbhai Sk. Yusuf Ali.
40 K Do.	Removed.	
41 K Do.	Toyo Pressing Factory	Toyo Menka Kaisha, Limited.
42 K Do.	Thakurdas Ballabhdas Press Factory	Ballabhdas Thakurdas.
43 K Do.	Bachhraj Factories	Keshow Deoji Nivatia.
44 K Do.	Messrs. Japan Cotton Trading Company's Press Factory	Messrs. Japan Cotton Trading Company.
45 K Do.	Eastern Cotton Trading Company's Press Factory	Eastern Cotton Trading Company.
46 K Do.	Nemani Press Factory	S. S. Nemani.
47 K Do.	Joharmal Balmukund Press Factory	Ramchandra Balmukund Bajar.
48 K Do.	Volkarts Brothers Press Factory	Volkarts Brothers.
49 K Do.	Removed.	
50 K Anjansingi	Laxminarayan Debulal Press Factory	Rambhau Baijraj.
51 K Chandur	Murarka Press Factory	Murarka.
52 K Do.	Rai Bahadur Chandrabhan Bansilal Daga Press Factory.	Seth Bansilal Daga Magniram Kaluram.
53 K Dhamangaon	Shriram Shaligram Press Factory	Purshottamdas Labhchand.
54 K Do.	Nemani Press Factory	Surajmal Sheonarayan Nemani.
55 K Do.	Dinshaw Pestonji Jainawala Press Factory	Dinshaw Pestonji.
56 K Ellichpur	Kilachand Deochand Press Factory	Kilachand Deochand and Company.
57 K Do.	Shri Pandurang Press Factory	Shri Pandurang Press and Company.
58 K Do.	Gamadia's Press Factory	Gamadia Factories, Limited.
59 K Banosa	Harnandrai Surajmal Press Factory	Navnitlal Mahabirprasad.
60 K Do.	Jagannath Deorao Press Factory	Seth Jagannath Deorao.
61 K Do.	Surat City Press Company, Limited, Press Factory	Narandas Rajaram and Company.
62 K Anjangaon	Shri Shadwad Press Factory	R. S. Motisangai and N. Pasusa.
63 K Do.	Messrs. Jamnadas Gokuldas Dossa Press Factory	Manilal Nathaji Bhai.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR FOR THE SEASON 1946-47—contd.
II.—BERAR—contd.

Special Mark and Place. (1)	Name of Factory. (2)	Name of Occupier or Lessee, if any. (3)
64 K Kapustalni	Removed.	
65 K Malkapur	B. P. Saoji Press Factory No. I	S. A. Tambat.
66 K Do.	Premasukhdas Rathi Press Factory	C. S. Rathi.
67 K Do.	Mathuradas Mannalal Lakhani Press Factory No. II	V. M. Lakhani.
68 K Nandura	Chunnimal Nathmal Press Factory	Raghunath Mithalal.
69 K Do.	Radhakisan Toshnival Press Factory	Radhakisan Laxminarayan.
70 K Khangaon	Jeshraj Shriram Press Factory	Lessee M. S. Dehiprasad and Company.
71 K Do.	Arjun Khemji Gin and Press Company, Limited	Arjun Khemji Gin and Press Company, Limited.
72 K Do.	Messrs. Jashraj Indrasingh Press Factory	Nawalkishor Mohita.
73 K Do.	Shree Factory, Ltd., Press Factory, Limited	D. D. Bhaya.
74 K Do.	Messrs. Manchera Pallonji Ferozshah, etc., Mistry Press Factory.	Manchera Pallonji Ferozshah.
75 K Do.	Volkarts Brothers Press Factory	J. L. Hurschier.
76 K Do.	R. C. Jall Press Factory	R. C. Jall.
77 K Do.	Messrs. Ralli Brothers' Press Factory	C. A. Sassadis.
78 K Do.	Natwarlal Kabra Press Factory	N. V. Hingwe.
79 K Do.	Bachhraj Factories, Ltd., Press Factory	Keshodeoji Nivatia.
80 K Do.	Khangaon Cotton Press Company's Press Factory	Messrs. A. B. Cursetji.
81 K Telhara	Removed.	
82 K Khangaon	The India Factories, Limited, Press Factory	Seth Anandilal Potdar.
83 K Shegaon	R. B. Hardatrai Rampratap Press Factory	R. B. Hardatrai Rampratap.
84 K Do.	R. B. Narsing Jankidas Mohita Press Factory	Balchand Ramrichpal.
85 K Do.	Removed.	
86 K Do.	Puranmal Manilal Press Factory	Puranmal Manilal.
87 K Do.	Shah Valji Ladha Press Factory	Seth Valji Ladha and Company.
88 K Jalgaon	Indian Cotton Company, Limited, Press Factory	Haji Sulemanji Usuf Ali.
89 K Do.	Sheolal Shaligram Press Factory	S. M. Mundra.
90 K Yeotmal	Gamadia Press Factory	H. H. Chinoy.
91 K Do.	Ranchhodas Gangji and Company's Press Factory.	Seth Ranchhodas Gangji Laxmidas and Company.
92 K Do.	Empress Mills Press Factory	Central India Spinning, Weaving and Manufacturing Company, Limited, Nagpur.
93 K Do.	Arjun Khimji and Company's Press Factory	Bhanji Deoji.
94 K Do.	Gulabchand Champalal Press Factory	G. C. Bajaj.

COTTON PRESSING FACTORIES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR FOR THE SEASON 1946-47—(concl'd.)

II.—BERAR—concl'd.

Special Mark and Place. (1)	Name of Factory. (2)	Name of Occupier or Lessee, if any. (3)
95 K Yeotmal	Removed.	
96 K Do.	Prahlad Mahadeo Press Factory	Prahlad Mahadeo Ruikar.
97 K Runza	Runza Press Factory	Seth Baxiram Rudmal, Akola.
98 K Darwha	Ramchandra Narayan Admane Press Factory	Mahadeo Waman Admane.
99 K Do.	Vishnu Press Factory	Vithaldas Haridas.
100 K Do.	Removed.	
101 K Digras	Valji Ladha Press Factory	Valji Ladha.
102 K Pusad	Seth Gokuldas Dossa Press Factory	Ramji Meghii.
103 K Pusad	Narsi Nagasi Press Factory	Jainaklal R. Lalane.
104 K Pandharkawada	Bhagwandas Harikisandas Press Factory	D. Hanumandas.
105 K Do.	Shree Kailas Press Factory	J. S. Tambkanwala.
106 K Do.	Tulshan Press Factory	Gokulprasad Singhania.
107 K Do.	Gorakhram Sadhuram Press Factory	Gorakhram Sadhuram
108 K Ghatanji	Birla Press Factory	Ramjidas Joharmal Rungta.
109 K Do.	Gokuldas Dossa and Company's Press Factory	R. S. Dube.
110 K Wun	Jeshoda Factories, Limited, Press Factory No. I	Jethabhai Kalyanji.
111 K Do.	Jeshoda Factories, Limited, Press Factory No. II	Jethabhai Kalyanji.
112 K Do.	Rai Bahadur Prayagdas Narsingdas Press Factory	Seth Jankidas Narsingdas.
113 K Do.	Hari Govind Damle Press Factory	Hari Govind and Company.
114 K Umerkhed	Jeshoda Factories, Limited, Press Factory	Jethabhai Kalyanji.
115 K Mehkar	Narayanlal Bansilal Press Factory	Narayanlal Bansilal.
116 K Warud	Jeshoda Factories Limited, Press Factory	Jeshoda Factories, Limited.
117 K Digras	Vishnu Press Factory	Virsanji Sons and Company Limited.
118 K Deolgaon Raja	Narayandas Chunnilal Press Factory	Tharabai, wife of Motilal Chunnilal.
119 K Warud	Arjun Khimji Gin and Press Company, Limited, Press Factory.	Arjun Khimji Gin and Press Company, Limited
120 K Chikhali	Rampratap Ramdeo Press Factory	Radhakisan Gopikisan.
121 K Deolgaon Raja	The New Gin and Press Factories Press Factory	Padamji Pestonji and Company.
122 K Warud	Kilachand Deochand & Co. Press Factory	Kilachand Deochand and Company.
123 K Amraoti	Edulji Framji Dhotiwala Press Factory	N. D. Dhotiwala.
124 K Malegaon Jahagir.	Shivechandrai Jhunjhunwala Press Factory	Shivechandrai Rameshwar.
125 K Shegaon	Removed.	
126 K Warud	Dadabhoy Cotton Press Factory	Sir M. B. Dadabhoy, Kt., K.C.I.E., and Company.
127 K Darwha (Motibagh).	Removed.	
128 K Digras	Messrs. Krishnaji Khanduji Patel Press Factory	K. K. Patel.
129 K Pusad	Kasturchand Daga Cotton Press Factory	Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy and R. B. Bansilal Abirchand.
130 K Akola	Khemraj Shriram Press Factory	Khemraj Shriram Press Company.
131 K Darwha	Removed.	
132 K Akot	Khimraj Damodardas Press Factory	Nathmal Premnukhladas.
133 K Karanja	Removed.	
134 K Do.	Narendra Press Factory	Rukhadas Chavare.
135 K Malkapur	B. P. Saoji Press Factory No. 11	B. G. Saoji and T. N. Patil.
136 K Do.	Mathuradas Mannalal Lakhani Press Factory	Mathuradas Mannalal Lakhani.
137 K Khamgaon	Cancelled.	
138 K Do.	Seth Ebrahimibhai Sk. Yusuf Ali Kathawala Pressing Factory.	Seth Ebrahimibhai Sk. Yusuf Ali Kathawala.
139 K Do.	Khamgaon Press Factory	Gopaldas Mohta.
140 K Do.	Abdullahbhai Fida Ali Press Factory	Abdulla Bhai Fida Ali.

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PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS.

(NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of report.)

BONE MEAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 21st October—

(1) And steamed	Rs. 210
(2) And unsteamed	Rs. 180
(3) And	Rs. 200

per ton f.a.s.

CEMENT—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 23rd October—

Indian Portland f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load) Rs. 60 per ton.

† London, 7th May—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d site, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (6 ton loads and upwards), per ton 57s. 0d.†

COAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 25th October—

	Per ton F. O. R.
(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Rs. 13-5
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Rs. 12-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7
(4) Deshergarh	Rs. 13-5
(5) Ponati	Rs. 13-5
(6) Raneegunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7

† Bombay, 18th October—

	Ready per ton.
(1) Deshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Rs. 11-7
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Rs. 14-1

† Bombay, 30th September—

	Per ton.
Railborne Coal (Trimmed into Bunkers)	Rs. 39-12
Seaborne Coal (" " ")	Rs. 65-8

† Karachi, 16th October—

First Class Bengal (Trimmed into Bunkers), per ton	Rs. 70 (seaborne).
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COFFEE—

Market Quotations—

Coimbatore, 26th October—

	Per cwt.
(1) Plantation "A"	Rs. 122 to Rs. 123
(2) " " "B"	Rs. 142 to Rs. 143
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 99 to Rs. 100
(4) Robusta " " "	Rs. 84 to Rs. 85

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

† Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

† Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.

† Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

** Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.

COTTON (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise)†		17,801	16,874
Karachi by rail		24,842	4,194
Madras by rail and sea		3,556	1,411
Tuticorin by rail and sea		..	45
Calcutta by rail and river		386	711

(ii) From 1st September to 26th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales*.)	1946.	1945.
Into Bombay		80	60

(iii) Imports by sea during the three months ending January, 1946 (into all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales*.)	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Jan., 1946.
Egypt and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan		1	16	7	28
East Africa†		61	77	12	152
United States of America		..	1	..	1
Other Countries		..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1945		62	94	19	181
" 1944		44	6	24	104
" 1943		28	58	26	132

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		..	..
" Bombay		1,691	..
" Karachi		5,236	151
" Madras		..	..
" Tuticorin		..	..

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† The East India Cotton Association's Report for week ending 27th September, 1946.

† Kenya Colony, Tanganyika Territory and Uganda Protectorate.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.

(b) Exports—contd.

(ii) From 1st September to 28th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	38	..
" Karachi	10	3
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *.)			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom	18	10	7	65
U. S. A.	19	29	31	90
Australia	..	..	..	2
Other Countries	49	16	28	96
TOTAL, 1945-46	86	55	66	253
" 1944-45	18	15	11	93
" 1943-44	22	10	13	104

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 18th October—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 443 (Jan. '47).

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,438,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,580,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	249	249
Bombay	2	1,620	1,622
Karachi	..	63	63
Madras	..	240	240

(ii) From 1st January to 28th September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20†	9,665†	9,685†
Bombay	5	37,446	67,451
Karachi	41	7,393	7,434
Madras	..	9,556	9,556

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	..	..	5	..	14	..
Bombay	..	..	35	1	28	33
Karachi	..	..	36	..	59	79
Madras	..	..	3	1	21	1

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 18th October—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	..	..
(2) Domestic 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.	..	..
(3) Chadars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	..	..
(4) Dhories (up to ¼" nakhi border) 32"×0 yds. of 1½ lbs.	..	..
(5) Dhories (Calcutta, ¼" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	2	4 0

† Manchester, 16th August—

Price Index of cloth	244
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1933.)	

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	900	900
Bombay	..	6,599	6,599
Karachi	..	3	3
Madras	..	2,460	2,460

(ii) From 1st January to 28th September, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43†	33,108†	33,241†
Bombay	..	291,058	291,058
Karachi	..	5,143	5,143
Madras	..	27,940	27,940

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 18th October—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	..
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, ..	1 1 9

† Manchester, 16th August—

Price index of American yarn	241
" " " Egyptian "	229
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	42	272
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

Cow Hides—

‡ Calcutta, 25th October—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..
(2) Darbhanga	..	..
(3) Patnas	..	..
(4) Salted cows, Daccas	Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 18-8	per 20 lbs.

Buffalo Hides—

‡ Calcutta, 25th October—

(1) Arsonic, Framed	..	..
(2) " Commons	Rs. 13-0 to Rs. 15-0	per 20 lbs.

Goat Skins—

‡ Calcutta, 25th October—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 270 to Rs. 300
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Rs. 180 " Rs. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—

Market Quotations—

‡ Madras 24th October—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Tanned—		
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0 to	2 5 0
(2) Buff hides "	1 8 0 "	1 12 0
(3) Sheep skins "	6 0 0 "	7 0 0
(4) Goat skins "	4 12 0 "	6 0 0

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 25th October—

Pig Iron—

Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Rs. 98

† London, 7th May—

Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£ s. d.
Steel, rails, heavy " "	5 3 0
	15 7 0

JUTE (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta§ by rail, river and sea	55	80
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	74	82
TOTAL	129	162

(ii) From 1st July to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta§ by rail, river and sea	393	517
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	319	635
TOTAL	712	1,152

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	26	32

(ii) From 1st July to 28th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	360	354

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—

CASTOR OIL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 25th October—

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 80-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 59-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 58-8-0

† Madras, 24th October—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 253
---	---------

COCONUT OIL—

Market Quotations—

‡ Cochin, 19th October—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	{ Rs. 640-0 Ready. Rs. 632-8 One month.
---	--

GROUNDNUT OIL—

Market Quotations—

‡ Madras, 19th October—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 240 (n).
--	--------------

OILS (MINERAL)—

KEROSENE OIL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 25th October—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ Rs. 4-4-3 || Rs. 4-7-3 ¶
Kerosene (Inferior) " " " "	{ Rs. 3-13-6 || Rs. 4-0-6 ¶

PETROL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 25th October—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.
---------------------------------------	------------------------

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		4,046	268

- * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
- † Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.
- ‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
- § Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.
- || Ex-godown.
- ¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.
- ** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.
- (n) Nominal.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	7,076
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		201,916	26,980

From 1st January to 28th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	22,223

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 25th October—

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..†

SHELLAC—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 25th October—

T. N. per B. maund	Rs. 150
------------------------------	---------

London, 24th October—

T. N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d. 18 5 0
--------------------------------	-------------------

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—

(a) Despatches—

During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined.	(In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea			788	44
" Bombay by rail			1,770	..
" Karachi " "			..	10

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
* A' grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
* B' grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
* C' grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

01 1946:—		Refined. (In cwt.)				
		Java.	Mauri-	Europe.	Other	TOTAL.
Imports into—			tius.		Countries.	
Calcutta	.	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	.	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	.	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	.	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1946	.	..	..	..	..	..
" 1945	.	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Cawnpore, 5th and 19th October—

	1946	1945.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 16 7 6 to 16 1 6 17 2 6 to 16 12 0	
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 14 0	16 8 0
Baati, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 12 0	16 8 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	17 2 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 11 0	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta, (5th Oct. '46) 7,489	(6th Oct. '45) 20,703
Bombay (15th Aug. ") 65,400	(15th Aug. ") 100,500
Karachi (28th Sept. ") 36,116	(27th Sept. ") 26,563
Madras (3rd Oct. ") 21,807	(6th Oct. ") 31,488
† Calcutta (12th Oct. '46) 8,754	(12th Oct. '45) 31,104
Karachi (10th " ") 27,757	(11th " ") 20,827
Madras (" " ") 20,447	(13th " ") 28,568
† Calcutta (10th Oct. '46) 7,235	(20th Oct. '45) 32,080
Karachi (15th " ") 27,265	(18th " ") 21,801
Madras (17th " ") 17,206	(20th " ") 27,082

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending 19th October:—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siwa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..
Eating—		
(3) Madras	20 9	11 11
(4) Ahmednagar	14 7	12 0
(5) Lyallpur	23 0	14 12
(6) Muzaffarnagar	..	11 8
(7) Meerut	..	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	..	9 0
(9) Dacca (best quality)	30 0	18 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.
† Kidderpore Docks only.

TEA—

(a) Arrivals—

During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		5,932	16,075

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		14,201	794
" Chittagong		..	..

(ii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	July '45 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom	33,019	18,967	27,182	200,927
Iraq	541	..	..	927
Iran	354	60	60	2,484
Canada	4,986	200	..	17,927
United States of America	11,399	5,378	10,315	45,119
Australia	..	2,709	2,119	13,777
Other Countries	1,769	4,782	2,012	16,860
TOTAL, 1945-46	52,068	32,096	41,688	298,021
" 1944-45	46,551	46,487	40,953	302,014
" 1943-44	45,050	16,368	27,831	235,824

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 21st & 22nd October—

† Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. Rs. 1-2-4

WHEAT—

(a) Imports and Exports—

(i) During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)			
	1946.		1945.	
	Indian†.	Foreign.	Indian†.	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta	23	..	2,834	7,482
Bombay	..	..	..	..
Karachi	22	..	70	..

* Relating to tea, black.
† In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—		
Calcutta	—	—
Bombay	—	—
Karachi	—	—

During week ending 28th September, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—		
From Karachi	619	60

(ii) From 1st April to 28th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)			
	1946.		1945.	
	Indian*.	Foreign.	Indian*.	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta	47,748§	16,930§	133,547§	—
Bombay	3,290	—	4,022	—
Karachi	97,656	—	80,823	—

From 1st April to 28th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—		
Calcutta	—	—
Bombay	—	—
Karachi	—	—

From 1st April to 28th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—		
From Karachi	101,391	43,355

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 15th September—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 18th October—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

§ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

WHEAT—contd.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Ra. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1945-46 is now estimated at 8,967,000 tons, as against 10,458,000 tons in 1944-45.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 16th October—

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Ra. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 25th October—

	Jute (50 c. ft.) Plus 15% Surchage.		Linseed (30 cwt.) Plus 15% Surchage.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.
London §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Liverpool §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Dundee §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Glasgow §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)

‡ Bombay, 18th October—

Cotton (40 c. ft.)—				
United Kingdom ports			s.	d.
Antwerp			102	0
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn			—	—
Trieste, Venice			—	—
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—				
Linseed, Rape, etc.—				
United Kingdom ports			92	0
Antwerp			—	—
Marseilles			—	—
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn			—	—
Trieste, Venice			—	—
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—				
Cotton, etc.—				
United Kingdom ports			89	0
Marseilles			—	—
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn			—	—
Groundnuts—				
United Kingdom ports			98	0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal.

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For all your TIMBER requirements please always refer to:—

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who are specialists in manufacturing wooden packing Cases, Crates, wooden handles and other Timber made articles, and who have huge stocks of all kinds of timber, Bamboos, Scaffolding, Mundhas, etc. They are yearly CONTRACTORS to Bombay Port Trust, Bombay Municipality, Railways and Government Departments, and SUPPLIERS to Military, prominent Firms and Mills.

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1-2, Victoria Road, Mazagon, Bombay, 10.

Telegraphic Address: "TEAKTIMBER" Bombay.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Wednesday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 13th November 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 12th November 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 81,50,000. Tenders at Rs. 99.14-3 per cent and above were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 36,50,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0.6-5 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) on Tuesday, the 19th November 1946, at Bombay and up to the close of business on Monday, the 18th November 1946, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 22nd November 1946. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 8th November 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,75,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 11th November—

British Conversion (3½ per cent) £
British War Loan (3½ per cent) 115
107½

EXCHANGE—

11th November—

Telegraphic Transfer Selling. Buying.
On New York D/D \$100— 1s. 5½d. 1s. 6½d.
London/New York Rs. 332½ Rs. 329½
\$4.02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 12th November—

Gold (-999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 100-8; forward (new delivery) Rs. 87-12.

London, 25th October—

Gold, per fine oz. £8-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—

12th November—

Silver (-999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 155 to Rs. 155-8; forward (new delivery) Rs. 147-2.

4th November—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 155-8

11th November—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 151-8

London, 8th November—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 55½d.

New York, 8th November—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 90½ cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 25TH OCTOBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 4th November 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	736,55,31,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	324,51,15,000
3. Cash in India :—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	35,76,65,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,95,17,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	70,59,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	83,61,69,000
5. Advances in India	402,66,68,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,37,97,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.
(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	23-10-46.	18-10-46.	26-10-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	736,55,31	742,00,26	658,40,68	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	324,51,15	324,48,03	264,88,93	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	39,42,41	40,90,48	35,45,74	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	83,61,69	78,89,44	111,70,67	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	402,66,68	388,90,17	247,99,07	101,52,16
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,37,97	20,88,90	13,46,41	3,57,29

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 1ST NOVEMBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 12th November 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	740,66,98,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	323,30,31,000
3. Cash in India :—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	38,51,67,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,00,37,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	71,59,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	74,53,40,000
5. Advances in India	408,42,38,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	21,89,47,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.
(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	1-11-46	25-10-46.	2-11-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	740,66,98	736,55,31	662,77,40	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	323,36,31	324,51,15	265,10,88	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	42,23,63	39,42,41	33,31,33	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	74,53,40	83,61,69	104,71,09	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	408,42,38	402,66,68	252,38,93	101,52,16
6. Bills discounted in India	21,89,47	20,37,97	14,16,83	3,57,29

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 1st November 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Assets.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	64,49,23,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	17,63,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	2,09,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	451,21,16,000	(a) Internal	—
(2) Government of Burma	47,02,000	(b) External	—
(3) Other Government Accounts	23,31,03,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	1,80,66,000
(b) Banks	79,56,01,000	Balances held abroad*	489,77,26,000
(c) Others	12,48,68,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	—
Bills Payable	6,88,64,000	Other Loans and Advances	41,75,000
Other Liabilities	12,16,58,000	Investments	18,44,15,000
		Other Assets	22,96,33,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	596,09,12,000	TOTAL ASSETS	596,09,12,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 1st November 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	Assets.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	64,49,23,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,194,58,54,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	—	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
Total Notes issued		1,259,07,77,000	Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		21,49,30,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,13,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		—
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,259,07,77,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,259,07,77,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities : 93.699 per cent.

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TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

FOREIGN—

Buttons.

(JJ-54) A firm in Los Angeles (California) desires to be put in touch with exporters in India of Ornamental or Fancy Buttons made of metal, stone, wood or fabric.

Loofah.

(JJ-55) A firm in London (United Kingdom) desires to be put in touch with exporters in India of Loofahs (a fibrous vegetable growth of the cucumber family commonly used in bathrooms for toilet purposes).

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

CROPS. Madras, week ending 26th October.—Rainfall heavy in Vizagapatam, Madura and Nilgiris; moderate in Chingleput. South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara; fair in East Godavari, Chittoor and Tanjore; and light or nil elsewhere. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Vizagapatam, West Godavari, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chinglept, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, West Coast and Nilgiris and of dry crops in East Godavari, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madura and Ramnad proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura, Malabar and South Kanara in progress. Outturn generally fair. Bihar, week ending 28th October.—Moderate to heavy rain fell everywhere except in Darbhanga, Ranchi, Palamau, Singhbhum and parts of Patna, Gaya, Shahabad, Monghyr, Saharsa and Hazaribagh where there was light rainfall. Condition and prospects of standing crops reported fair on the whole. Ploughing of fields and sowing of rabi crops continued, though delayed at places by recent rains. Orissa, week ending 28th October.—Rainfall light to moderate in all places except Cuttack, Angul, Khurda, Sambalpur district, Koraput and Rayaghad where no

Nov. 14, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

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MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.
Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 11th November—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 58-0-0
per md. loose.	
Linseed oil, Up-country Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 55-0-0
per md. loose.	

Summary of Market Conditions.—There has been very little change in the linseed market during the week. Firm prices have been maintained and trading has been negligible. Small lots have been reaching this centre at intervals but local stocks have been very limited and sellers reserved. The oil mills have shown some interest in ready goods and small business has been reported at the prevailing rates. The forward section has remained inactive.

Bombay, 7th November—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 16-4-0
per quarter.	

(No stock figures available this week.)

BOOKS OF REFERENCE.

STATISTICAL PUBLICATIONS—

The following publications have been issued by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, India:—

(1) *Trade at Stations Adjacent to Land-Frontier Routes for January 1944.* (Price Rs. 4-14 or 7s. 9d.) This publication contains statements of (i) Rail-borne trade in selected articles at stations adjacent to Land Frontier routes of India proper, (ii) Trade passing between India and Afghanistan and (iii) Trade passing between India and Iran.

(2) *Accounts relating to the Coasting Trade and Navigation of British India for July 1944.* (Price Rs. 3-4 or 5s. 3d.) This publication contains statistical tables showing the coastal trade registered at the British Indian ports, i.e., the trade of ports with one another and with Indian ports not British for the month of July and the four months April to July 1944, as compared with the corresponding periods of the preceding two years.

(3) *Monthly Statement of Wholesale Prices of Certain Selected Articles at Various Centres in India, June 1945* (Nos. 4-6 of 1945). (Price As. 12 or 1s.) This issue incorporates also the figures for the months of April and May 1945, for which there were no separate issues, as also those for the last month of the preceding four quarters.

Copies of the above publications are obtainable from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, from the Government of India, Book Depot, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta, and also from the agents for the sale of India Government publications a list of whom can be obtained on application to the Manager.

rain reported. Harvesting of autumn paddy in Balasore and Sambalpur districts and of light paddy in Ganjam district in progress. Standing crops, including late winter paddy, sugarcane and tobacco, generally thriving. Damage to winter paddy crops by insect pests in Balasore district reported. More rain needed for dry lands in Koraput district. Punjab, week ending 28th October.—Weather remained dry except in parts of Gurgaon and Rawalpindi districts where light rain varying in amount from 0.07" to 0.05" received. Rain badly needed in Mianwali district. Condition and expected yield of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 26th October.—Weather clear and warm with occasional passing clouds in east and south of Province. Light shower of rain received at Dhamtari and Mahasamund (Raipur) and at Mungali (Bilaspur). Standing kharif crops on light soils in Wardha district showing signs of withering owing to continued dry weather. Late variety of paddy in irrigated areas reported satisfactory in Raipur district. Otherwise standing kharif crops in fairly satisfactory condition, but good showers of rain urgently needed to check deterioration, especially of late variety of paddy. Harvesting of paddy all over Province in progress. Picking of cotton started in all important cotton growing districts. Sowing of rabi crops in full swing throughout Province. Bengal, week ending 30th October.—Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops generally favourable. Sowing of rabi crops in progress. Bombay, week ending 1st November.—No rain during week reported. Crop condition fairly satisfactory but immediate rain needed throughout Province for rabi crops. Rabi sowing progressing in northern areas and nearing completion in southern areas. Harvesting of kharif crops continued. Cotton picking commenced in Deccan. Assam, dated 4th November.—Weather generally seasonable and its effects on crops fair. Prospects and outturn of crops fair to good except in flooded area in Nowgong.

Cotton. Bombay, 7th November.—Showing improvement during early period of session futures cotton prices maintained for sometime steadier feeling but subsequently developed easier attitude on scattered general selling. Indian Cotton Contract January started at Rs. 460 and after improving from Rs. 460-4 to Rs. 460-6, rate eased from Rs. 459-12 to Rs. 459-8. Thereafter, it fluctuated between Rs. 459-12 and Rs. 460-4. Towards close it sagged and touched Rs. 458-4 at which it closed.

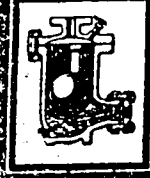
Jute. Calcutta, 8th November.—Unchanged. Further business reported with shippers in Export Firsts at Rs. 180 and Outport Tossa 2/3 at Rs. 170 November. Hessian 40" 10 oz. quoted at Rs. 44-12 ready. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 103 ready. Market steady.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. Madras, 7th November:—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0 to	2 5 0
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 12 0 to	1 14 0
Sheep skins, per lb.	6 0 0 to	7 4 0
Goat skins, per lb.	5 0 0 to	6 0 0

Shellac. Calcutta, 8th November.—T. N. Rs. 143 per B. Maund. Tea. Seventeenth Tea Sale, Calcutta, 29th and 30th October:—780 packages Green Tea at average price Rs. 1-5-11, 9,819 packages other sorts at average price Rs. 1-1-6 and 15,962 packages Dust at average price Rs. 1-1-10 sold for consumption in India. All grades of black leaf tea easier by some 3 pices; but Green teas maintained last week's prices and bolder types often dearer. Market for Dusts opened 6 pices easier and declined towards end to show one anna decline for all kinds except best Assams and Commonest sorts which were firm.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.



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GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUE'S AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: LICENCES FOR IMPORT OF BEER AND WHISKY FROM CANADA—

The following Notice, dated the 9th November 1946, has been issued by the Import Trade Controller, Custom House, Calcutta:—

Importers of "Beer" and "Whisky" from Canada are informed that quantities available to this port for the period July/December, 1946, will be distributed to established importers and also to newcomers. Importers are therefore requested to furnish to the Office of the Import Trade Controller, Custom House, Calcutta, immediately the Numbers and Dates of licences, if any, granted to them by the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi, during the periods July/December, 1945, and January/June, 1946, for the import of the goods referred to above. They are also requested to furnish the quantities in Imperial Gallons covered by such licences and the quantities imported so far against them.

2. This information should immediately be furnished together with application in the proper form for licence, supported by documentary evidence of definite offer of supply so as to reach the Office of the Import Trade Controller, Custom House, Calcutta, not later than the 18th November 1946.

ENEMY TRADING: DIRECTIONS REGARDING TRANSACTIONS WITH HUNGARY—

The following Notification [No. 102(34)-E.T.(A)/46, dated the 2nd November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1), read with sub-rule (3A) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 72(1)-Tr.(W)/39, dated the 2nd November 1939*, No. 49(23)-Tr.(W)/40, dated the 6th June 1940†, No. 49(23)-Tr.(W)/40, dated the 25th June 1940‡, and No. 120(2)-E.T.(A)/41, dated the 8th December 1941§, and sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Enemy Property (Custody and Registration) Order, 1939, shall not, in respect of any transactions entered into on or after the 12th October 1946 under an authority given generally or specially by the Central Government, apply to:—

(a) any money which would but for the existence of a state of war become payable on or after the 12th October 1946, to, or for the benefit of, any person resident in, or of any body of persons constituted or incorporated in Hungary;

(b) any property which on or after the 12th October 1946 comes into the ownership of any such person or body of persons as aforesaid;

(c) any money or property to which the provisions of the said notifications and Order referred to above would apply only because any such person or body of persons as aforesaid became resident or commenced or recommenced to carry on business in Hungary on or after the 12th October 1946.

ENEMY TRADING: DIRECTIONS REGARDING TRANSACTIONS WITH AUSTRIA—

The following Notification [No. 76(16)-E.T.(A)/46, dated the 2nd November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1), read with sub-rule (3A) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 72(1)-Tr.(W)/39, dated the 2nd November 1939*, No. 49(23)-Tr.(W)/40, dated the 6th June 1940†, No. 49(23)-Tr.(W)/40, dated the 25th June 1940‡, and No. 120(2)-E.T.(A)/41, dated the 8th December 1941§, and sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Enemy Property (Custody and Registration) Order, 1939, shall not, in respect of any transactions entered into on or after the 12th October 1946 under an authority given generally or specially by the Central Government, apply to:—

(a) any money which would but for the existence of a state of war become payable on or after the 12th October 1946, to, or for the benefit of any person resident in, or of any body of persons constituted or incorporated in Austria;

(b) any property which on or after the 12th October 1946 comes into the ownership of any such person or body of persons as aforesaid;

(c) any money or property to which the provisions of the said notifications and Order referred to above would apply only because any such person or body of persons as aforesaid became resident or commenced or recommenced to carry on business in Austria on or after the 12th October 1946.

DRAFT OF COTTON YARN AND COTTON THREAD (MARKING) RULES, 1947—

The draft of the Cotton Yarn and Cotton Thread (Marking) Rules, 1947, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1A) of section 29 of the Indian Merchandise Marks Act, 1889 (IV of 1889), read with section 22 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), has been published in Part I (Section 1) of the Gazette of India, dated the 2nd November 1946, under Notification No. 301(6)-Tr. (MM)/45, dated the 2nd November 1946, of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 31st March

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 9th November 1939, page 438.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 13th June 1940, page 647.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 4th July 1940, page 19.
§ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 18th December 1941, page 705.

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1947, and any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

TRADE MARKS ACT, 1940: CERTAIN SECTION OF THE SAID ACT TO APPLY TO THE STATE OF COCHIN—

The following Notification [No. 401(9)-Tr.(TM)/46, dated the 2nd November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

Whereas the Central Government has entered into reciprocal arrangements with the State of Cochin whereby trade marks and certification trade marks registered under the Trade Marks Act, 1940 (V of 1940)*, shall have in that State protection as if registered in that State:

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 82A of the said Act, the Central Government is pleased to declare that the said section shall apply to the State of Cochin.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF YARN MANUFACTURED IN INDIA: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. 82-1-TA/46, dated the 18th October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of sub-clause (b) of clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's

* See the notice in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st March 1940, page 837.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DIRECTIONS REGARDING QUANTITY, MANNER OF PACKING AND MAXIMUM EX-FACTORY AND RETAIL PRICES OF SEWING THREAD OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED COUNTS AND DESCRIPTIONS, ETC.: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 83(1)-TA/46, dated the 22nd October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of clause 10 and with reference to sub-clause (2) of clause 18F of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment, shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(52)/46, dated the 13th July 1946*, namely:—

In the said notification—(i) in Schedule I after Serial No. 17 the following shall be added:—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
18	0	2'ss crochet	Egyptian	Single thread Test = 25" = 7½ lbs.	Bleached and Mercerised.	Balls	80	14-14-0	2-2-6
19	0	"	"	"	Dyed fast to bleach and mercerised.	"	80	21-8-0	0-3-0

(ii) in Schedule II, the following shall be added:—

1	2	3	4	5
2'ss crochet	Egyptian	Single Thread Test = 25" = 7½ lbs.	Bleached and Mercerised Dyed fast to bleach and mercerised	29-13-6 40-13-6

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 171-73.



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COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: DIRECTIONS REGARDING TRANSPORT OF ANY CLOTH OR APPAREL FROM ANY PLACE WITHIN ANY PROVINCE OR INDIAN STATE TO ANY PLACE IN INDIA OUTSIDE SUCH PROVINCE OR STATE UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. 101-TA/46, dated the 2nd November 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 6 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in each of the Textile Commissioner's Notifications No. 101-TA/46*, and No. 101-TA/46(ii)†, both dated 16th February 1946, namely:—

In each of the said notifications, the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

“Provided that a passenger travelling by air may offer for transport by air, or cause to be transported by air, cloth and apparel as part of his luggage if such cloth and apparel do not together exceed 13 lbs. in weight.

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: DIRECTIONS REGARDING TRANSPORT OF ANY CLOTH OR YARN OR APPAREL OR HOSIERY FROM CERTAIN SPECIFIED PLACES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. 101-TA/46(ii), dated the 2nd November 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 6 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 101-TA/46(ii), dated the 8th June 1946‡, namely:—

In paragraph (3) of said notification—

(1) Before the word “Unless” the words “In the case of cloth, apparel or yarn” shall be inserted;

(2) For the words “the General Permit No. 1, dated 5th January 1946”, the words “the General Permit No. 1 or the General Permit No. 2, both dated the 5th January 1946” shall be substituted.

S. W. SHIVESHWARKAR,
Textile Commissioner.

*See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 28th February 1946, page 339.
†See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 28th February 1946, page 340.
‡See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 135-36.

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B. 2925 W. 26-12-46.

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: GENERAL PERMIT NO. 1: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. 101-TA/46, dated the 2nd November 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of sub-clause (i) of clause 3 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's General Permit No. 1, dated 5th January 1946*, namely:—

In paragraph 4B of the said General Permit, after item No. (xix), the following item shall be added, namely:—

“(xx) Horse Netting”.

DHARMA VIRA,
Textile Commissioner.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: MARKING AND STAMPING OF CERTAIN CLOTH AND YARN WITH PRICES, ETC., AMENDMENT—

A further amendment to Notification No. 34-Tex.A(15)2/43, dated the 31st December 1943, of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Civil Supplies (an extract from which appeared in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 10th February 1944, pages 135-36), has been published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated the 22nd October 1946, under Notification No. 82-TA/46, dated 11th October 1946, of the Department of Industries and Supplies.

INDIAN WOOLLEN GOODS (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification (No. LS/W(3), dated the 23rd October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Indian Woollen Goods (Control) Order, 1945‡, namely:—

In the second Schedule to the said Order:—

(i) In the entry relating to Fyzabad for “Mahabir Pershad Bihari Lal” the following shall be substituted:—

“Sukhnandan Prashad Ram Gopal”.

(ii) In the entry relating to Hyderabad (Sind) for “Rochakdas Gidoo Mal and Co.” the following shall be substituted:—

“Shafi Mohammed Lal Mohammed”.

*See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 17th January 1946, pages 87-88.
†See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 20th September 1945, pages 464-70.

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(iii) In the entry relating to Khurja for “Harprashad Kanchi Lal” the following shall be substituted:—

“Ratan Lal Om Prakash”.

(iv) In the entry relating to Lyallpur for “Pyar Singh Santokh Singh” the following shall be substituted:—

“Pyar Singh Karam Singh”.

INDIAN WOOLLEN GOODS (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DIRECTIONS FOR OBSERVANCE BY ALL MANUFACTURERS OF INDIAN WOOLLEN GOODS OTHER THAN CONTROLLED WOOLLEN GOODS: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification (No. LS/W(3)(ii), dated the 23rd October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of clause 3 of the Indian Woollen Goods (Control) Order, 1945, the Central Government is pleased to make the following further amendments in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies Notification No. LS/W(3)(ii), dated the 15th September 1945*, namely:—

To the Appendix under item (3) in the entry “(C) Knitted Goods” after serial No. IV, the following shall be added, namely:—

Serial No.	Description.	Maximum admissible wastage expressed as a percentage of Wool contents of the garment when using Indian spun Yarn.	Maximum admissible wastage expressed as a percentage of Wool contents of the garment when using Imported Worst-Ed Yarn.	Maximum admissible Fabrication Cost.
IV (a)	Men's Jerseys with Sleeves.	20	27½	Rs. A. P. 1 4 0

INDIAN WOOLLEN GOODS (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL SELLING PRICES OF INDIAN WOOLLEN GOODS OTHER THAN CONTROLLED WOOLLEN GOODS: AMENDMENTS—

The following notification (No. LS/W(3)(iii), dated the 23rd October, 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of sub-clause (2) of clause (5) of the Indian Woollen Goods (Control) Order, 1945, the Central Government is pleased to make the following further amendments in the Department

*See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th September 1945, pages 514-19.

of Industries and Civil Supplies Notification No. LS/W(3)(iii), dated the 15th September 1945*, namely:—

I. In entry “III Knitted Goods” after Serial No. IV the following shall be added, namely:—

Serial No.	Description.	Maximum retail price.		
		Quality A.	Quality B.	Quality C.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
IV (a)	Men's Jerseys with Sleeves.	22 8 0	14 8 0	11 4 0

II. In entry “III Knitted Goods” against serial Nos. XVI and XIX for the existing prices the following shall be substituted namely:—

Serial No.	Description.	Maximum retail price.		
		Quality A.	Quality B.	Quality C.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
XVI	Balaclava Caps.	5 8 0	3 12 0	3 0 0
XIX	Ladies Knitted Shawl.	..	30 0 0	..

CANCELLATION OF NOTIFICATION, DATED 1ST DECEMBER 1945, REGARDING MAXIMUM SALE OR EXPORT PRICE OF CERTAIN COTTON WASTE—

The following Notification (No. 261-TC/46, dated the 30th October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XVIII of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to cancel with effect from the 1st November 1946, the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, No. 25(1)-TC/45, dated 1st December 1945‡.

*See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th September 1945, pages 520-21.
‡See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 13th December 1945, pages 462-63.

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CANCELLATION OF NOTIFICATION, DATED 1ST DECEMBER 1945, REGARDING MAXIMUM PRICES FOR CERTAIN VARIETIES OF HARD COTTON WASTE FOR SALES IN INDIA AND FOR EXPORTS—

The following Press Note, dated the 6th November 1946, has been issued by the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India, Bombay:—

The Government of India has, by a notification published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 2nd November 1946, cancelled the notification of 1st December 1945*, which fixed the maximum prices for certain varieties of Hard Cotton Waste for sales in India and for exports.

—:—

TOBACCO GRADING AND MARKING RULES, 1937: DRAFT AMENDMENTS—

The draft of a further amendment to the Tobacco Grading and Marking Rules, 1937, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1937 (1 of 1937), has been published in Part I (Section 1) of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 2nd November 1946, under Notification No. F.3-4/46-Co., dated the 16th October 1946, of the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st November 1946, and any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

—:—

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF BATTERIES AND LOCALLY MANUFACTURED BATTERY PLATES: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. 4-LPC(150)/46, dated the 22nd October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, the Central Government is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 12th November 1946, the following further amendments shall be made in the Noti-

*See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 13th December 1945, pages 462-63.

fication of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(1)/45-Batteries, dated the 19th April 1945*, namely:—

In the said notification, under the heading "A. Batteries Manufactured abroad and Imported into India", against "(6) Lucas"—

Against the respective entries in column 1 of the following table, for the figures in column 2, the figures in column 3 shall be substituted,—

Manufacturer's No. (1)	For (2)	Substitute (3)
	Rs. AS. P.	Rs. AS. P.
SLTWIIE	66 4 0	75 0 0
STXW9E	66 4 0	75 0 0

SUMMARY OF EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1946 AND WORKING EXPENSES FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1946 OF CLASS I RAILWAYS—BUDGET LINES—

The total approximate gross earnings of the Budget lines for the month of September 1946 amount to Rs. 15.74 crores, i.e. Rs. 2.36 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding month of the previous year and Rs. 1.43 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding month of 1943-44. Compared with the last year, coaching earning decreased by about Rs. 1.18 lakhs and goods earning by about Rs. 1.03 lakhs during the month.

The decrease under coaching earnings is mainly due to military specials, passengers, luggage and parcels, coaching traffic and due to strike.

Earnings from goods showed a general decrease in all commodities except Coal, Ore, Iron, and Food Grains. Military Stores, Sugar, Cotton, Mineral Oil, Metals, Oil Seeds, Timber, Wheat, Rice and General Goods showed decreases of about Rs. 8, Rs. 2, Rs. 3, Rs. 2, Rs. 3, Rs. 8, Rs. 1, Rs. 4, Rs. 1 and Rs. 85 lakhs, respectively.

The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 30th September 1946 amount to Rs. 102.58 crores, and are less by Rs. 11.88 crores when compared with the actuals for the same period

*See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd May 1945, pages 130-40.

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of last year and more by Rs. 15.11 crores in comparison with the corresponding period of 1943-44. Details are as follows:—

Railways.	Up to 30th Sept. 1945.	Up to 30th Sept. 1946.	Up to 30th Sept. 1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year as compared with previous year.
	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)
B. A.	8.20	15.94	0.71	+ 6.64
B. N.	8.20	10.38	0.19	+ 1.19
B. B. & C. I.	0.45	10.44	11.36	+ 9.22
E. I.	16.12	22.08	17.45	+ 5.23
G. I. P.	14.50	16.83	18.50	+ 2.77
M. & S. M.	6.78	0.33	0.33	+ 2
N. W.	15.60	17.70	18.65	+ 86
Oudh Tirhut	3.14	4.05	3.72	+ 3
S. I.	5.01	0.47	0.30	+ 8
Other Railways	42	51	47	+ 4
TOTAL	87.47	114.46	102.58	+ 11.88

During the month, the number of wagons loaded with goods traffic decreased by 8.28 per cent on the broad gauge and 16.6 per cent on the metre gauge as compared with 1945. From 1st April to 30th September, 1946, the number of wagons loaded decreased by 4.42 per cent on the broad gauge and 20.0 per cent on the metre gauge. The details are given under "Wagon Loadings" below.

Working Expenses.—The approximate ordinary working expenses including suspense but excluding appropriation to and from the depreciation reserve fund, of Budget lines from 1st April to 31st August 1946 are more by Rs. 4.37 lakhs than the actuals for same period of last year. The increase is on all railways except the B. A. Railway.

TONNAGE LIFTED ON CLASS I RAILWAYS—

Comparisons of Figures of Tonnage Lifted on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of Tons lifted during the month September:—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	5,788,908	5,280,640	— 5.09
Metre gauge	1,402,742	1,109,617	— 20.9

(b) Number of Tons lifted from 1st April to 30th September:—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	35,825,556	34,080,501	— 4.85
Metre gauge	10,122,814	7,704,100	— 23.9

WAGON LOADINGS—

Comparisons of Figures of Wagon Loadings on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded during the month of September:—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	371,328	340,570	— 8.28
Metre gauge	201,415	162,245	— 19.6

(b) Total number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded from 1st April to 30th September:—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	2,332,549	2,220,410	— 4.82
Metre gauge	1,408,024	1,127,677	— 20.0

(c) Details of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded on broad and metre gauges and the total from 1st April to 30th September:—

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	487,289	480,894	+ 0.53
(ii) Grains and pulses	169,362	167,580	+ 1.05
(iii) Oil seeds	43,937	31,644	+ 23.4
(iv) Cotton	31,395	30,178	+ 3.88
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	220,005	211,261	+ 4.37
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,218,030	1,115,542	+ 8.11
(vii) Home line stores and materials	161,632	181,321	+ 12.2
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., E. I. and G. I. P. Railways.	85,105	99,506	+ 16.5

I.—Broad Gauge.

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Per cent.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	487,289	480,894	+ 0.53
(ii) Grains and pulses	169,362	167,580	+ 1.05
(iii) Oil seeds	43,937	31,644	+ 23.4
(iv) Cotton	31,395	30,178	+ 3.88
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	220,005	211,261	+ 4.37
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,218,030	1,115,542	+ 8.11
(vii) Home line stores and materials	161,632	181,321	+ 12.2
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., E. I. and G. I. P. Railways.	85,105	99,506	+ 16.5

II.—Metre Gauge.

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Per cent.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	82,095	62,937	+ 13.2
(ii) Grains and pulses	134,732	154,072	+ 14.4
(iii) Oil seeds	44,063	31,401	+ 28.8
(iv) Cotton	23,799	26,214	+ 10.1
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	158,667	182,617	+ 15.1
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	857,249	545,244	+ 36.4
(vii) Home line stores and materials	108,293	95,192	+ 12.1

III.—Total (Broad and Metre Gauges).

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Per cent.
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	569,383	542,821	+ 2.36
(ii) Grains and pulses	304,094	321,652	+ 5.78
(iii) Oil seeds	88,000	63,045	+ 29.1
(iv) Cotton	55,194	56,392	+ 2.17
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	378,672	393,878	+ 3.77
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	2,075,279	1,661,786	+ 23.0
(vii) Home line stores and materials	269,930	276,513	+ 2.44

* Included in item (vii).



B. 2908 W. 21-1-47.

"PUBLICITY SYNDICATE."

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS.

BRITISH INDIA.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. II: AMENDMENT.

The following Notification (No. 21-I.T.C./46, dated the 2nd November 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In pursuance of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 23-ITC/43, dated the 1st July 1943*, continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in Open General Licence No. II, published with the Notification of the Government of India, in the Department of Commerce No. 29-ITC/43, dated the 1st July 1943†, and that the amendment be published for general information:—

In paragraph 1 of the said Open General Licence the following shall be added to the respective columns in the table appearing under the said paragraph, namely:—

15 Asphalt.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. VIII: AMENDMENT.

The following Notification (No. 22-I.T.C./46, dated the 2nd November 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 19-ITC/46, dated the 12th September 1946, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 12th September 1946‡, on page 793—

under columns "Description" for the word "Agrol" against Serial No. 109 of Part IV of the Import Trade Control Schedule, the word "Argol" shall be substituted.

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS: AMENDMENT.

The following Notification [No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 1st November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India, in the Department of Commerce, No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945§, namely:—

In Part D of the Schedule annexed to the said notification, in entry (iv) of item 63, the words "cotton waste" shall be omitted.

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS: AMENDMENT.

The following Notification [No. F. 1 (298)-F. I./46, dated the 26th October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946),

*See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 178-96.

†See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 197.

‡See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 26th September 1946, pages 574-75.

§See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 143-48.

the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. F.1(65)-F/41, dated the 31st May 1941*, namely:—

In item (ii) of the List annexed to the said notification, after the word "Poland", the following shall be inserted, namely:—
"Austria, Hungary".

SEA CUSTOMS ACT, 1878: CANCELLATION OF NOTIFICATION, DATED 21ST FEBRUARY 1942, REGARDING EXEMPTION FROM CUSTOMS DUTY OF DEFENCE SUPPLIES FOR THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT.

The following Notification (No. 17-Customs, dated the 26th October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to cancel the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues), No. 16-Customs, dated the 21st February 1942†.

TAKING OUT OF BRITISH INDIA TO ANY PLACE OUTSIDE INDIA AND BURMA OF DIAMONDS, PRECIOUS AND SEMI-PRECIOUS STONES, ETC., PROHIBITED UNLESS GENERALLY OR SPECIALLY PERMITTED BY THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA: AMENDMENT.

The following Notification (No. 18-Customs, dated the 26th October 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues), No. 1-Customs, dated the 11th January 1941‡, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, the following entry shall be omitted, namely:—

"Gold and silver thread and articles made chiefly of gold and silver thread".

UNITED KINGDOM.

PURCHASE TAX.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 18th May 1946:—

The following information regarding the liability to Purchase Tax of certain articles amplifies that already given in Notice No. 78E.

Meat and Food Safes: It has been decided that the exemption provided in the Budget Resolution for cupboards and similar articles designed for use in kitchens includes these articles when designed for use in larders. Accordingly meat and food safes of the cupboard type are within the terms of the exemption.

*See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 5th June 1941, page 608.

†See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 26th February 1942, page 524.

‡See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 16th January 1941, page 93.

UNITED KINGDOM—contd.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 206: CANES AND RATTANS, COBALT OXIDE AND YERBA MATÉ: GRANT OF OPEN GENERAL LICENCE.

The following is an extract from a Notice, dated the 4th October 1946, issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1:—

The Board of Trade announce that, with effect from 8th October 1946, they have granted an Open General Licence for the under-mentioned goods subject to the conditions shown. As a consequence individual licences to import these goods will not be required.

The following consigned from any country:—

Canes and rattans, unmounted, whether split or not,
Cobalt oxide, crude or refined,
Yerba Maté.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 207: IMPORT OF CONSUMER GOODS.

The following Notice, dated the 4th October 1946, has been issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1:—

The Import Licensing Department of the Board of Trade announce that they are prepared to receive applications for licences to import limited quantities of the following goods from any country before the end of 1946:—

Women's wellingtons
Children's wellingtons (larger sizes)
Perambulators
Corsets and brassieres
Vacuum flasks and glass inners
Football cases
Domestic enamelled hollow-ware
Broom and brush parts
Brooms, scrubbing brushes and other household brushes
Inexpensive trunks, suitcases, attache cases and other travel bags, and handbags (of imitation leather and the like)
Finished elastic
Fountain pens
Scissors
Artists' canvas
Artists' brushes

Applications to import any of these goods should be made on the usual application form obtainable from the Import Licensing Department and should refer to Notice to Importers No. 207. Applications will, however, be entertained only from pro-war importers of the same kind of goods, who are able to satisfy the Department that they have firm offers for specified quantities and values of the goods, and can furnish evidence of the volume of their average annual pre-war imports of such goods. No applications will be considered unless actually accompanied by the information necessary to meet these conditions and unless received by the Import Licensing Department not later than the 26th October. It may not be practicable to grant licences in all cases.

In the case of goods already included under the Token Import arrangements, the present quantities are additional to the Token Imports, and for such additional quantities Token Import procedure will not apply.

N.B.—The majority of the above goods are price-controlled and importers and other distributors must see that their profit margins

are in line with the price control provisions in force. Attention is drawn particularly to the Orders relating to the following goods:—

Wellingtons (S.R. & O. 1946, No. 1209)
Perambulators (S.R. & O. 1945, No. 97)

A further announcement will be made about special price control provisions for imported fountain pens and enamelled hollow-ware.

AUSTRALIA.

POSTPONEMENT OF DEFERRED DUTIES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 18th May 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received information from H.M. Trade Commissioner at Sydney that the operation of the deferred duty under Tariff Item 136 (F) (2), "Iron and steel hoop, N.E.I.," has been further postponed until April 1, 1947 (see also notice under the above heading in the *Board of Trade Journal*, May 19, 1945, page 226).

CEYLON.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 18th May 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received copies of orders, of various dates in February and March 1946, which provide for the following amendments to the list of goods the importation of which into Ceylon is restricted or prohibited [see *Board of Trade Journal*, November 22, 1941* (pages 321-325), and subsequent notices].

Goods the importation of which from all sources is prohibited.

The following item is deleted:—

11 Salt, refined.

Goods the importation of which from all sources is prohibited, except under licence.

The following items are inserted:—

25B Precious and semi-precious stones (cut and uncut) and pearls (natural and culture) unset.

39A Glass and glassware of the following description:—
Optical lenses, tumblers, bottles, lamp chimneys and globes.

104A Leather belts.

124B Turpentine.

150A Felt, roofing.

150B Gas mantles.

The following items have been amended to read as follows:—

39 Glass and glassware (other than plate glass, optical lenses, tumblers, bottles, lamp chimneys and globes).

104 All apparel of artificial silk, wool, cotton, leather or any material other than silk or satin (including banians, hosiery, haberdashery, hats, millinery and artificial flowers, but excluding boots, shoes and leather belts).

143 Small arms including air guns, air rifles and air pistols, pistols, rifles and carbines.

*See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 5th March 1942, pages 589-90 and subsequent notices.



B. 2908 W. 31-1-47.

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B. 3006 W. 3-12-46.

Goods the importation of which when grown, produced or manufactured in Canada, Newfoundland, or any territory or place not forming part of the British Empire is prohibited, and

Goods the importation of which when grown, produced or manufactured in any territory (other than Canada and Newfoundland) forming part of the British Empire is prohibited except under licence.

The following items are deleted :—

91A Precious and semi-precious stones (cut and uncut) and pearls (natural and culture) unset.

179 Turpentine.

188 Small arms of the following description :—

Air guns, air rifles and air pistols, pistols, rifles and carbines.

197 Felt, roofing.

198 Gas mantles.

The following items are inserted :—

53A Salt, refined.

183A Account books.

The following item has been amended to read as follows :—

183 Stationery (including ruled or printed forms, printed envelopes, letter paper with printed headings and manuscript books, but excluding exercise books in paper covers, compendiums and account books).

Open General Licence No. 4 (Applicable to British Empire except Canada and Newfoundland).

The following items are inserted :—

Stationery (including ruled or printed forms, printed envelopes, letter paper with printed headings, manuscript books and compendiums, but excluding exercise books in paper covers and account books).

Manufactures of paper and cardboard (other than lanterns, festoons, serviettes, d'oyleys, handkerchiefs, plates, saucers, tablecloths, drip mats, confetti, caps, hats, novelties, decorations, spoons, flowers, fans, and printed labels).

Boots and shoes.

Small arms, other than air guns, air rifles and air pistols, pistols, rifles and carbines.

Salt, refined.

All apparel of artificial silk, wool, cotton, leather or any material other than silk or satin (including banians, hosiery, haberdashery, hats, millinery and artificial flowers, but excluding boots, shoes and leather belts).

All apparel of silk or satin (including hosiery, hats and ties, but excluding mufflers).

Parts and accessories of all small arms.

Glass and glassware (other than plate glass, optical lenses, tumblers, bottles, lamp chimneys and globes).

Stones and slates unworked other than marble.

Non-metalliferous mining and quarry products falling under the heading "Non-metalliferous mining and quarry products, unmanufactured, not elsewhere specified" in Class II, Group B of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff.

Gum dammar.

Waxes of all kinds other than sealing wax and entwax.

Glass beads and bangles.

Marble unwrought.

Gum benjamin.

Goods unmanufactured, falling under the heading "Goods, unmanufactured, not elsewhere specified" in Class II, Group J of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff.

Paper, packing and wrapping (other than old newspapers, tissue paper and paper linings for packing Ceylon produce).

Motor cycles and motor scooters.

Road vehicles, other than mechanically propelled vehicles. Spare parts and accessories for road vehicles other than motor vehicles.

Cinematograph films.

Coins, antique.

Corks.

Felt, roofing.

—:—

EIRE.

IMPORTATION OF DRIED PEAS PROHIBITED.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 25th May 1946 :—

The United Kingdom Trade Commissioner at Dublin has reported that the Minister for Agriculture has made an Order under the Agricultural Products (Regulation of Import) Act, 1938, prohibiting from April 17, 1946, the importation, except under licence, of dried peas.

—:—

FIJI.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 25th May 1946 :—

The Fiji Royal Gazette Supplement of February 13, 1946, contains a copy of a notice dated February 8, which grants Open leave and licence in respect of Item No. 99—Matches, as defined in Schedule I to the Customs Duties Ordinance, 1928.

—:—

KENYA AND UGANDA.

APPROVED INVOICING PROCEDURE.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 25th May 1946 :—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of a notice to importers, dated April 27, 1946, made by the Commissioner of Customs, for Kenya and Uganda, which reads as follows :—

"Owing to the fact that the booklet 'Invoicing Procedure' was not published until some time after the published amendment to the law it was not considered desirable to impose a time limit (after which no more suppliers' invoices in unapproved form would be accepted) to covering invoices from Buying Agents. At the same time importers and others are advised that buying agents' confirming houses' and shippers' covering invoices must be on the approved forms. Up to the present, no buying agents' invoices in unapproved form have been rejected if in other respects they are satisfactory, and they are supported by suppliers' invoices in correct form, but if importers do not impress on their agents the necessity for the use of approved forms, a time limit will be set after which all invoices in form other than that prescribed will be rejected.

If goods are supplied by manufacturers or by suppliers through the medium of buying agents, and the buying agents' invoices are in the approved form, then the accompanying manufacturers' or suppliers' invoices need not be in the approved form."

For Certificate of Value and Invoice, see Board of Trade Journal, September 15, 1945, page 451.

NEW ZEALAND.

IMPORT LICENSING—TENTH PERIOD.

The following is an extract from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 25th May 1946 :—

The Board of Trade have received information from H. M. Trade Commissioner, Wellington, that further amendments have been made to the Import Licensing Schedule for the 1946 period (see also Board of Trade Journal, May 11, 1946, page 589).

(Only items of interest to India are shown below.)

Tariff Items.

Ex. 52 (1) Almonds and nuts, all kinds, N.E.I. (except peanuts). The allocation for imports of these goods has been increased from 100 to 150 per cent of 1944 licences.

Ex. 196 (1) Shoes N.E.I. composed of canvas with rubber soles solutioned to the uppers. Licences for imports of Shoes N.E.I., composed of canvas with rubber soles solutioned to the uppers, including goloshes and overshoes from the United Kingdom and other British countries may be granted to the extent of 80 per cent of the value of the applicant's imports from all sources in 1938 of all goods classified under Tariff item 196 (1). Any licences granted will be available for imports, up to December 31, 1946, only.

Ex. 448 Pictures for the Manufacture of Calendars, etc. The allocation for imports of these goods has been increased from 100 to 150 per cent of the amounts of licences issued for similar imports in 1945.

—:—

TANGANYIKA.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 18th May 1946 :—

A supplement to the Tanganyika Territory Gazette of March 15, 1946, contains a copy of the Import Restriction (Proof of Origin and Interest) (Revocation) Order, 1946, which revokes as from March 4, 1946, the Import Restriction (Proof of Origin and Interest) Order, 1940, and the Import Restriction (Proof of Origin and Interest) (Amendment: Exemptions), Order, 1940, under which goods imported into Tanganyika from certain countries in Europe must be accompanied by certificates of origin and interest (see Board of Trade Journal of February 29, 1946, page 235-6).

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL.

30th October.

During the week under report the weather condition was reasonable. The prospects of the standing crops were generally favourable. Sowing of *rabi* crops was in progress.

ASSAM.

11th November.

During the week under report the weather was generally reasonable and its effects on the crops are fair. The prospects and the outturn of crops are generally fair except in the flooded areas in Nowgong.

BIHAR.

4th November.

During the week under report light rainfall occurred in Champaran, Purnea, Manbhum and parts of Shahabad, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Monghyr, the Santal Parganas, Ranchi and Singhbhum. The condition and the prospects of the standing crops were reported to be fair on the whole. Ploughing of fields and sowing of *rabi* crops continued, though delayed at places by the recent rains.

BOMBAY.

2nd November.

During the week under report there was no rain in the Province. The crop condition is fairly satisfactory but immediate rain is needed throughout the Province for *rabi* crops. *Rabi* sowing is progressing in the northern areas and is nearing completion in the southern areas. Harvesting of *kharif* crops continued. Picking of cotton has commenced.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

2nd November.

The weather was generally clear and cool with occasional clouds towards the close of the week. As a result of the prolonged drought standing *kharif* crops on light soils in the Wardha and Amrat districts and particularly *juar* on light soils in the Nimar, Nagpur and Chanda districts and in the districts of Berar were affected to a varying degree. Paddy on light soils in the Raipur district was also reported to have suffered to some extent for want of moisture. Rain is urgently needed to arrest deterioration of *juar*, to improve the condition of late variety of paddy and for the proper germination of *rabi* crops. Slight damage was caused by insects to linseed and *rabi juar* at places in the Chanda district. Other standing crops are in fairly satisfactory condition. Harvesting of paddy, groundnut, *kodon-kutki* and *til* was in progress. Sowings of *rabi* were in full swing in the districts of the Central Provinces while they were nearing completion in Berar. Germination of *rabi* crops was reported to be successful so far. Picking of cotton was in progress in all the important cotton-growing districts.

MADRAS.

25th October.

During the week under report rainfall was heavy in Vizagapatam, Madura and the Nilgiris; moderate in Chingleput, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara; fair in East Godavari, Chittoor and Tanjore; and light or nil in other districts. Water supply is insufficient in parts of West Godavari, Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, Chingleput, Chittoor, North Arcot, Ramnad and Tinnevely. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Vizagapatam, West Godavari



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Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, West Coast and the Nilgiris; and of dry crops in East Godavari, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madura and Ramnad, is proceeding. The standing crops are generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura, Malabar and South Kanara; of *ragi* in Vizagapatam, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Madura and the Nilgiris; of gingelly in East Godavari and Kistna; and of groundnut in Vizagapatam, Kistna, Guntur, Bellary and South Arcot continued. The outturn is generally fair.

ORISSA.

4th November.

During the week under report the rainfall was moderate at Koraput and light at Puri, Khurda and Russelkonda, while there was rain at other places except Phulbani from where the report has not been received. Harvesting of autumn paddy, groundnut and blackgram in the Sambalpur district; of blackgram and groundnut in the Ganjam district; and of groundnut in the Koraput district was in progress. Sowing of mustard in the Cuttack district; of *rabi* in the Balasore district; and of blackgram and mustard in the Puri district commenced. The standing crops, viz., winter paddy, sugarcane, blackgram, mustard, chillies, redgram, betel, groundnut, *ragi*, vegetables, *sama*, *niger*, *rooda*, sesamum, tobacco and *jowar*, were generally thriving.

PUNJAB.

4th November.

During the week under report the weather remained practically dry. The condition and the expected yield of the standing crops are generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas.

CROP FORECAST.

(INDIAN-PROVINCIAL)

REPORT ON THE SENNA CROP OF THE MADRAS PROVINCE FOR THE PERIOD JULY-SEPTEMBER 1946.

Weather had been favourable to Senna during the period and there seems to be no cause to change the crop-estimate of 27,000 cwt., as mentioned in the previous report.

Qualities were normal, both in Tinnevely and in Satur; Tinnevely yielded about 15 per cent size I leaves, 25-30 per cent size II and 55-60 per cent size III.

Demand from other Indian ports was by far not as brisk as earlier in the year; on the other hand, the U. S. A. and later also the Continent of Europe became more regular buyers. The off-take locally remained very good throughout and there are hardly any stocks left with ryots and dealers.

Price paid remained steady, for unsized Tinnevely leaves around average Rs. 240 per candy at 500 lbs.; for Satur around average Rs. 170. Senna pods came into the picture only late in the season, with prices rising quickly from about Rs. 180 to Rs. 220.

As to exports during the 3 months under review, the figures only for July and August are available and they are given below:—

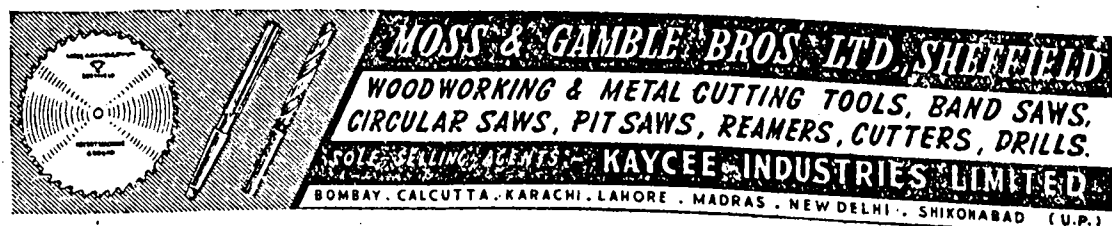
U. S. A.	3,326 cwt.
U. K.	3,371 "
France	1,353 "
Belgium	913 "
Italy	418 "
Australia	164 "
South Africa	11 "
India	1,495 "
TOTAL	11,051 "

The following details may be of interest. The figures are for the year 1st September 1945 to 31st August 1946:—

Exports from Tuticorin (in Cwts.).

	Season 1945/46.	Season 1944/45.	Average, 5 years 1939-44.	Average, 5 years 1934-39.
United Kingdom	14,093	307	9,202	6,129
Europe, Continent	5,273	..	2,407	33,244
U. S. A.	11,927	4,031	21,680	13,808
Indian ports	16,849	8,326	8,848	10,284
Other destinations	1,319	653	2,971	3,092
TOTAL	49,461	13,917	45,168	66,557

These export figures of course do not coincide with the respective year's crops as there had been carry-overs from season to season; also as during recent years shipping opportunities were irregular and rare, so that for instance under 1945/46 a good deal of 1944/45 Senna is included. However, the totals show how, with the outbreak of the war, cultivation of Senna declined and how, since the end of the war, production is on the upgrade again. The figures also show how before the war the Continent of Europe were the main buyers and how the U. S. A. stepped in afterwards; it is to be expected that with more normal conditions returning in Europe and with exchange difficulties diminishing the main markets should return to Europe within the next few years.



B. 3097 W. 22-6-47.

Nov. 14, 1946.]

DATA OF TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY AND RAINFALL FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, THE 29TH OCTOBER 1946.*

[In continuation of the statement published on page 291 of the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 7th November 1946.]

[In continuation of the statement published on page 291 of the Indian Trade Journal, directed at the 1st of June 1901.]																			
STATION.	STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENTAGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).		RAINFALL.			STATION.	STATION.	TEMPERATURE (MEAN OF MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM).		HUMIDITY (PERCENTAGE OF AMOUNT FOR SATURATION).		RAINFALL.				
		Actual.	Departure from normal.	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.			Actual.	Departure from normal.	Actual.	Departure from normal.	Total during week.	Total since 1st June.	Departure of latter from normal.		
ASSAM.	Dibrugarh.								BOMBAY.	Bhuj.	83	0	63	+0	0	(n) 40.4			
	Tezpur.								Gujarat.	Deesa.	81	0	53	-3	0	(f) 21.0			
	Dhubri.									Ahmedabad.	84	+1	55	-6	0	(n) 24.8			
	Shillong.									Rajkot.	83	+2	59	-10	0	(g) 20.6			
BENGAL.	Shilchar.								Konkan.	Veraval.	83	+2	63	+5	0	(j) 22.2			
	Chittagong.									Bombay.	84	+1	82	0	0	(j) 71.7			
	Dacca.									Honavar.	83	-	87	+9	1.0	(j) 127.0			
	Baikal.								Bombay, Deccan.	Malegaon.	79	+1	52	-11	0	(h) 15.4			
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Karayanganj.									Ahmednagar.	77	+1	57	-9	0	(m) 23.9			
	Mymensingh.									Poona.	80	+3	77	+1	0	(j) 10.7			
	Jalpaiguri.									Bijapur.	80	+2	64	-6	0.2	(j) 40.1			
	Darjeeling.									Belgaum.	76	+1	91	+13	0.5	(j) 52.3			
CHOTA NAGPUR.	Berhampore.								CENTRAL INDIA.	Neemuch.	78	+2	52	+2	0	(j) 40.8			
	Calcutta.								Central India, West.	Indore.	77	+1	71	+4	0	(j) 24.6			
	Balaso.								Central India, East.	Sutna.	80	+1	50	-12	0	(j) 51.4			
	Cuttack.								CENTRAL PROVINCES.	Akola.	80	+1	50	-12	0	(j) 48.2			
BIHAR.	Ranitalpur.								Central Provinces, West.	Saugor.	76	+2	67	-8	0	(j) 48.2			
	Challan.									Jubbulpore.	76	+2	61	-2	0	(a) 35.0			
	Nauch.									Seoni.	76	+2	61	-2	0	(j) 37.9			
	Darbhanga.								Central Provinces, East.	Nagpur.	79	+1	74	-2	0	(j) 29.3			
PUNJAB.	Patna.									Chanda.	80	+3	80	+7	0	(j) 22.0			
	Naya Dumka.									Rajpur.	80	+3	80	+7	0	(j) 18.4			
	Gorakhpur.									Jagdalpur (Bastar).	75	0	84	+9	0.1	(j) 26.1			
	Allahabad.								HYDERABAD.	Nizamabad.	80	+1	71	-2	0	(j) 26.1			
PUNJAB, EAST AND NORTH.	Bahraich.	80	+3	80	+10	0	(k) 2.1		Hyderabad, North.	Gulbarga.	82	+3	56	-12	0	(j) 18.4			
	Lucknow.	81	+1	81	+6	0	28.0		Hyderabad, South.	Hyderabad.	80	+2	63	-6	0	(j) 22.1			
	Jhansi.	79	0	59	15	0	(l) 17.5			Rajchur.	74	+1	63	-6	0	(j) 26.1			
	Agra.	79	+4	82	+9	0.1	34.0		MYSORE.	Bangalore.	74	+1	86	+3	0.7	(j) 100.8			
PUNJAB, SOUTH-WEST.	Bareilly.									Mercara.	70	+1	93	+4	1.1	(j) 94.7			
	Delhi.	77	0	56	0	0	10.3		MADRAS.	Cochin.	81	0	89	+5	2.6	(j) 47.4			
	Meerut.	77	+3	77	+14	0	29.0		Malabar.	Trivandrum.	80	+2	90	+7	0.8	(j) 8.3			
	Ambala.	77	+2	80	+28	0	13.3			Pamban.	80	-2	89	+5	0.5	(m) 14.5			
RAJPUTANA.	Lahore.	72	+2	60	+8	0.4	20.0		Madras, South-East.	Nagapatam.	79	0	89	+5	3.7	(j) 20.4			
	Rawalpindi.	80	+2	72	+7	0	0.8			Coimbatore.	81	0	93	+8	4.4	(j) 32.3			
	Multan.	57	+4	82	-7	0	5.8			Cuddalore.	81	+1	92	+10	2.4	(j) 12.0			
	Srinagar.	76	+1	67	-2	0	0.8		Madras.	Madras.	86	+4	63	-14	0.7	(a) 12.0			
KASHMIR.	Peshawar.	83	+4	58	-3	0	0.1		Madras, Deccan.	Cuddapah.	83	+3	67	-4	0	(j) 12.1			
	Dera Ismail Khan.									Bellary.	83	+1	91	+6	4.6	(j) 17.6			
	Jacobabad.									Nellore.									
	Karachi.	80	-1	44	-6	0	6.8			Masulipatam.									
NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.	Bikaner.	80	0	43	-6	0	8.5		Madras, North.	Vizagapatam.									
	Jodhpur.	77	+1	42	-8	0	18.8			Gopalpur.									
	Ajmer.	77	0	50	+4	0	32.7												
	Jaipur.	77	0	50	+4	0	32.7												
RAJPUTANA, WEST.	Kotab.	82	+1	51	+1	0	41.2												
RAJPUTANA, EAST.																			
Total for 124 days.					(a) Total for 6 days.					(m) Total for 111 days.					(n) Total for 136 days.				
" " " 123 "					(j) " " 144 "					(n) " " 140 "					(n) " " 133 "				
" " " 121 "					(j) " " 143 "					(n) " " 139 "					(n) " " 131 "				

INDEX NUMBERS OF WHOLESALE PRICES IN CALCUTTA BY GROUPS OF ARTICLES.

(PRICES IN JULY 1914=100.)

Period.	FOODGRAINS.			TEXTILES										Other Textiles (Wool and Silk).	Hides and Skins.	Metals.	Other raw and manu- factured articles.	Building materials (Teakwood).	All commodities.
	Cereals.	Pulses.	Sugar.	Tea.	Other Food Articles.	Oil-Seed.	Oil, mustard.	Jute, raw.	Jute manu- facture.	Cotton, raw.	Cotton manu- facture.	Other Textiles (Wool and Silk).	Hides and Skins.						
Number of items included	8	6	5*	3	9	8	2	3	4	2	7*	2	3	6	8	1	72		
1914 End of July	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1936 Annual Average	77	77	121	125	109	101	69	64	89	111	94	70	101	83	108	108	91		
1937 " "	72	88	132	139	109	106	77	49	67	106	83	64	140	91	124	108	95		
1938 " "	86	99	144	142	125	106	81	80	102	76	106	110	67	147	95	123	108		
1939 " "	90	101	157	149	146	106	78	79	107	87	122	146	72	175	115	127	120		
1940 " "	112	105	145	202	178	103	73	77	137	77	179	168	74	209	126	132	139		
1941 " "	157	162	208	241	298	143	85(a)	77	137	96	+	146	86	273	147	+	165		
1942 " "	396	373	319	166	537	270	216(b)	123	188	174	+	215	97	320	202	+	307		
1943 " "	241	312	331	112	574	288	224	122	108	140	+	204	104	298	318	+	298		
1944 " "	235	273	316	172	527	280	200	117	197	140	+	215	112	292	313	+	298		
1945 " "	235	273	316	172	527	280	200	117	197	140	+	215	112	292	313	+	298		
1942 January	112	127	157	263	216	108	75	70	149	72	180	100	86	258	144	134	155		
February	114	122	164	248	217	100	80	72	140	73	171	96	86	264	145	141	151		
March	115	127	177	222	213	100	70	70	141	70	190	82	86	258	140	141	151		
April	118	120	198	228	225	104	80	68	117	70	+	140	84	258	145	141	157		
May	126	127	200	246	225	121	80	87	123	70	+	154	87	258	140	141	169		
June	184	151	220	250	294	148	82	72	128	90	+	169	87	263	144	+	182		
July	153	151	215	179	352	167	97	69	126	102	+	170	85	260	147	+	182		
August	174	166	261	189	349	161	+	78	123	100	+	136	82	275	148	+	192		
September	177	186	231	265	355	161	+	78	129	108	+	162	82	273	146	+	198		
October	185	198	231	305	371	186	105	85	147	120	+	183	88	291	149	+	200		
November	220	226	231	305	371	186	105	107	166	127	+	194	91	296	156	+	227		
December	250	241	231	293	411	199	+	98	159	142	+	171	92	302	150	+	238		
1943 January	260	238	258	299	434	198	+	125	175	143	+	194	95	322	159	+	250		
February	260	238	260	246	444	178	+	110	167	152	+	204	98	331	162	+	253		
March	334	309	298	199	457	189	148	122	168	160	+	246	100	331	170	+	272		
April	375	307	280	189	505	252	189	144	184	185	+	257	98	339	183	+	293		
May	473	374	311	192	545	281	197	147	195	199	+	262	95	364	183	+	325		
June	447	365	329	130	505	272	192	134	193	190	+	262	95	364	183	+	325		
July	498	393	365	130	580	284	207	129	190	183	+	194	95	332	207	+	319		
August	572	449	355	106	679	323	239	113	194	176	+	194	95	332	207	+	332		
September	530	450	375	137	582	341	273	119	195	186	+	202	95	301	236	+	349		
October	424(c)	484	344	123	588	319	245	108	199	178	+	202	95	301	236	+	349		
November	417	433	319	120	588	310	229	114	197	162	+	202	101	303	240	+	334		
December	262	305	334	120	578	205	237	110	198	161	+	202	101	301	210	+	314		
1944 January	234	392	341	118	569	269	241	121	199	155	+	202	101	301	254	+	297		
February	245	372	413	100	569	288	236	121	199	151	+	195	103	303	259	+	300		
March	247	333	424	109	570	301	232	129	199	141	+	195	103	303	259	+	300		
April	243	319	352	126	563	317	232	123	200	141	+	195	103	303	259	+	300		
May	241	306	306	112	566	312	232	126	200	141	+	201	103	303	259	+	297		
June	241	308	311	113	579	301	232	122	200	138	+	200	103	303	259	+	292		
July	241	305	319	115	579	235	213	125	200	137	+	202	103	303	259	+	300		
August	241	294	321	104	580	273	213	124	200	133	+	200	103	303	259	+	299		
September	240	264	301	102	580	280	213	124	196	139	+	200	103	303	259	+	298		
October	240	264	290	106	580	275	213	118	195	138	+	202	104	307	356	+	301		
November	249	276	288	114	578	280	213	117	191	131	+	219	108	307	364	+	297		
December	249	276	288	121	575	277	213	117	196	135	+	235	109	299	371	+	299		
1945 January	242	281	288	127	566	232	219	117	196	140	+	236	110	301	361	+	299		
February	240	273	288	154	575	290	232	117	198	144	+	228	112	301	342	+	299		
March	240	269	288	212	570	315	232	117	199	148	+	231	112	301	369	+	306		
April	238	274	303	214	547	305	232	118	200	141	+	231	112	301	318	+	296		
May	238	267	298	212	547	304	232	117	197	144	+	232	112	301	392	+	293		
June	238	261	303	142	522	292	232	117	198	149	+	268	112	301	302	+	287		
July	238	258	314	159	513	254	183	117	198	148	+	232	112	299	296	+	281		
August	238	263	311	169	515	259	183	118	199	148	+	248	112	299	296	+	283		
September	227	273	322	151	495	256	183	117	199	150	+	238	112	295	301	+	279		
October	227	273	334	147	497	260	183	117	195	148	+	218	112	295	301	+	280		
November	227	289	334	162	492	273	183	117	195	156	+	243	116	254	287	+	277		
December	227	293	401	196	489	273	183	117	192	161	+	302	116	254	287	+	277		
1946 January	227	302	401	179	487	283	187	118	195	181	+	302	116	254	286	+	277		
February	227	302	401	195	504	290	187	120	200	189	+	312	116	254	286	+	277		
March	227	303	401	217	513	295	213	127	200	188	+	371	116	254	286	+	277		
April	229	373	348	220	520	339	213	120	200	188	+	384	116	254	286	+	277		
May	229	381	304	197	543	344	213	132	200	186	+	357	116	254	286	+	277		
June	229	391	349	193	505	344	213	132	200	187	+	379	116	254	286	+	277		
July	229	387	368	253	578	346	213	134	200	198	+	383	156	258	371	+	323		
August	229	395	368	257	586	341	213	134	200	195	+	365	171	197	392	+	329		
September	229	410	371	220	603	361	275	134	200	198	+	350	171	197	392	+	334		
October	229	411	479	242	618	366	275	207	263	191	+	334	171	197	379	+	317		

*Two items have been dropped under Sugar since February 1934, and one item under Cotton manufacture since September 1936, as their quotations are no longer available and suitable substitutes cannot be found for them.

†Price quotations not available.

‡Index compiled from quotations of Sugar as well as of Valley or Dhuli Gur (raw sugar).

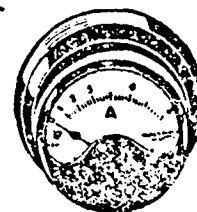
(a) Average of nine months.

(b) Average of ten months.

(c) As quotations for rice are no longer available from the usual trade source, the officially controlled prices in force are being utilized for the purpose of computations of the index number, with effect from October 1943.

(d) Increase due entirely to rise in the prices of barley and maize.

NOTE.—Owing to market quotations for a number of articles not being available for some time past, the question relating to the continuance of this series of Index numbers has recently been reviewed and it has been decided that the compilation should be continued on the present basis as a purely temporary measure. But under existing conditions, the Index cannot be treated as necessarily having an All-India significance.



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Ammeters, Voltmeters, Milliamperes, Millivolt & Galvano Meters
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B. 3134 WS. 20-3-47.

TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are in the happy position of being overbooked with orders for our printed Tin-ware in two and multi-colours and in various shapes and sizes. We beg to be excused if we are unable to serve more than our capacity, until our new arrangements will have been completed.

BOMBAY TIN PRINTERS,
221-23, Thakurdwar Rd.,
BOMBAY, 2.

B. 2079 W. 30-6-47.

detailed below required for E. I. Railway at Howrah General Stores, Salkea, Howrah :—

Tender No. SR1A/70482/I.

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	Spring bearing (laminated), 13 plated, to I.R.S. drawing No. W.A. 8 alt. 5.	3,600 Nos.

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 10 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 9th December 1946.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras/Cawnpore/Karachi and Lahore and may be obtained from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

Tenders will be opened on the 10th December 1946, at 11-30 a.m.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, CALCUTTA.

Supply of Wire Gauze Steel Galvanized.

The Director of Supplies, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, invites *Tender No. CDS/M2/6917* to reach him on or before the 5th December 1946 (at 11 a.m.) on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Wire Gauze Steel Galvanized of different sizes.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Industries and Supplies Department contractors, must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, Director of Supplies, Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, 6, ESPLANADE EAST, CALCUTTA.

Supply of Waterproof Capes.

The Director of Supplies, Calcutta, invites *Tender No. Cal/DS/6931/X-3* for the supply of Capes Waterproof made of khaki chemically proof cloth to Railways. Tender forms, in duplicate, can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 4 per set or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order quoting reference to his office tender number and remitter's full name and address (money not refundable).

Tender forms can be had up to the 20th November 1946 and tenders are due on 28th November 1946.

Contractors not already registered with the Department of Industries and Supplies, must give their Banker's reference with applications for tender forms.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, SHAHJAHAN ROAD, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Foundation 'B' Type Plate, M.S.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/70165/III* to reach him on the 2nd December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Foundation 'B' type Plate, M.S., to I.R.S. (S)

Drg. No. S-3536 Alt. Nil. [The Stores are required for the E.I.Rly., at Salkea, Howrah.] 1,798 Nos.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Lahore/Cawnpore/Bombay/Karachi/Madras on payment of tender fees direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Steelwork for Passenger Platform Roofs.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SBI/7633/I* to reach him on or before the 10th December 1946, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from

LEATHER OUR SPECIALITY
EASTERN TANNERIES LIMITED

Manufacturers of :

Sole, Harness and Chrome Leather, CAWNPORE.

B. 2901 W. 9-1-47.

his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for manufacture and supply of Steelwork for Passenger Platform Roofs required by the E. I. R., Moghalsarai at Lamania and Salkaldiah.

Item No.	Description of goods.	Specn. No. or Sealed Pattern.	Number or Quantity.
1	Manufacture and supply of all steel work necessary for a 30ft. wide Island passenger platform roof B.G. (Total spread 32'-0") 102'-10" (2 bays) long including stanchions, purlins, trusses, running gussets, cleats, H.D. Bolts, etc.	I.R.S. Std. Specn. No. B-3-37 (Current) other than Steel Structure IRS(R) Drg. No. RA.III (Alt.6).	2 Nos.
2	Manufacture and supply of 16 gauge galvd. gutter, 2'-0" girth, with necessary fitting, complete for the above shed.	I.S.D. Std. Specn. No. G/Metal/41 H Special quality.	

NOTE.—1. The work should be carried out in accordance with IRS(R) Drg. Nos. RA. 102 (Alt.1), RA. 104 (Alt.1), RA. 105 (Alt.2), RA. 111 (Alt.6), RA. 112, (Alt. Nil), RA. 113 (Alt.3), RA. 114 (Alt. Nil) and RA. 145 (Alt.2).

2. All the above drawings are saleable publications and can be obtained on payment from the office of the C.C. of S., C.S.O. for Railways, Railway Board, Simla.

Applicants not already on approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Madras and Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL, INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES NEW DELHI.

Supply of Lighting Sigs Signal Office No. 2 M.K.I.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SE2/77214/III* to reach him on or before the 13th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid by cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal

Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for Lighting Sigs Signal Office No. 2 M. K. I. (IWB. 0130) required by the Ordnance Depot, Agra.

Applicants not already on approved list of Supply Department as contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for the copies of tender forms, which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the Director of Supplies Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras, Karachi/Lahore/Cawnpore on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL, INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Pulley Wire.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/70172/III* to reach him on the 6th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Pulley wire 2 way Flat (MA), to I.R.S. (S)
Drg. No. SA-3051 Alt. Nil. and to
I.R.S. Specn. No. S. 10-40 with corrig.
No. 1. of April 1940 22,120 Nos.

The stores are required by the E. I. Railway, Calcutta, at Howrah General Stores, Salkea, Howrah.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Director General, Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Lahore/Cawnpore/Bombay/Karachi/Madras on payment of tender fees direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SLI/P/69472/1, due by 4 P.M. on the 19th November 1946.—
Supply of Shoes, Canvas.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply of the following :—

Store.	To Specification.	Quantity.
Shoes, Canvas, White, (Leather Soled) (Sizes 5 to 9)	RIN/IGS/2(a)	3,776 prs.

Phone : 292 Cal.

Tel : Salikha Cal.

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(PURELY BRITISH)

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Sole Agents.

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B. 3164 C. 21-11-46.

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SOLE AGENTS

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CALCUTTA P.O. BOX 94

Tender forms, wherein full details of the tender are set out, may be obtained from the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, or from the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies, at Calcutta/Madras/Bombay/Cawnpore/Karachi/Lahore on payment of Rs. 5 as tender fee, which will not be refunded under any circumstances.

Tenders should reach the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, not later than 4 p.m. on the 19th November 1946.

The tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors maintained by the late Department of Supply or the present Department of Industries and Supplies must state in their tenders the name of their Bankers.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Paints and Pigments.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SG-1/RC-1127/A* to reach him on or before the 2nd December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter), for:—

Store.—Paints and Pigments.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from offices of the Director of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras, Cawnpore, Lahore and Karachi, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed. The material is required by Railways and civil indenter.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Pigment Aluminium Powder.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SG-1/68611/B* to reach him on or before the 29th November 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter), for:—

Store.—Pigment Aluminium Powder, to Specification No. G/P-307/12 (in trade packing)—1,300 lbs. only.

The material is required at Sukkur (Sind).

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras, Cawnpore, Lahore and Karachi on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7877-ED. 956.—Supply of Varnished Cambric Insulated Cables for Normal Works.

Firms dealing in Wires and Cables are requested to intimate their best present day prices and the earliest time of delivery for the V. C. I. Cables as per schedule below.

The manufacture and the materials used in the construction of the cables shall fully conform to the latest B.S.S. or A.I.E.E. or I.P.C.E.A. Standards and particularly to the following specifications:—

The conductors shall be of the highest conductivity electrolytic copper. The varnished cambric insulation shall be of the highest grade (black asphaltic base) and shall be applied in the form of helically-wound tape with an insulating compound between alternate layers. Its tensile strength measured lengthwise before application shall not be less than 3,000 lbs. per sq. inch and in the case of samples taken out after application to a cable, it shall not be less than 2,400 lbs. per sq. inch. The average breakdown strength of insulation before application to the cable shall be not less than 1,050 volts per mil at 25°C nor less than 850 volts per mil at 75°C. The dielectric strength of samples taken after application to a cable shall not be less than 80 per cent of the value before cabling as mentioned above.

They shall be suitable for use in a tropical climate. They will be required to be supplied in the longest manufactured lengths wound on non-returnable wooden reels suitably lagged and protected against damage during shipment or overland transport.

The cables will be required to be tested before despatch and test certificates thereof will have to be furnished along with the invoices.

Firms should furnish along with their quotations full specifications and the details of construction of the cables offered together with the following particulars without which their quotations will not be considered:—

1. Overall diameter of cable.
2. Radial thickness of steel tape armouring.
3. Ditto lead covering.
4. Ditto jute serving.
5. Ditto weather proof braiding.
6. Ditto varnished cambric insulation.
7. Cross section of the conductor in Square inches.
8. No. of strands and diameter of each strand.
9. The dielectric strength of the varnished cambric per mil at 25°C. used for the manufacture of the cable before and after cabling.
10. D.C. Resistance per 1,000 ft. of conductor at 25°C.
11. D.C. Resistance per 1,000 ft. of conductor at 65°C.
12. The insulation resistance of cable in Megohms per 1,000 ft. at 60°F.
13. Length of cable in feet on each reel.
14. Net weight of cable on each reel.
15. Gross weight and size of each reel ready for shipment.

The material may be supplied from Firms' stock and from incoming consignments or from Firms' panel quota.

The prices to be quoted should be on C.I.F. Madras basis. Firms' quotations should be submitted in duplicate superscribed as "Quotation for Varnished Cambric Insulated Cables" so as to reach the office of the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, Bangalore, not later than 2nd December 1946.

SCHEDULE.

Single-core, stranded, tinned, copper conductor black-varnished cambric insulated cable, double weather proof braided and compounded overall.

Serial No.	Size.		Service Voltage A.C.	Quantity.
	S.W.G.	B. & S.		
			(Non-grounded neutral Circuits)	
1	12	10	8,000 volts.	20,000 ft.
2	12	10	6,000 volts.	30,000 "
3	10	8	Do.	10,000 "
4	8	6	Do.	10,000 "
5	5	4	Do.	5,000 "
6	3	2	Do.	4,000 "
7	1/0	1/0	Do.	2,000 "
8	4/0	3/0	Do.	800 "
9	12	10	15,000 volts. (non-grounded neutral).	1,000 "

Multicore, stranded, tinned copper conductor, underground cable black varnished cambric insulated lead covered, double steel tape armoured, jute served and compounded over-all.

Serial No.	No. of S.W.G. strand diameter.	Size.	B. & S.	No. of cores.	Service Voltage A.C.	Quantity.
1	7/0-029	14	12	2	600 volts.	1,500 ft.
2	7/0-044	12	10	2	Do.	1,500 "
3	7/0-052	10	8	2	Do.	3,500 "
4	7/0-064	8	6	2	Do.	4,500 "
5	7/0-084	8	6	3	Do.	300 "
6	10/0-044	5	4	3	Do.	300 "
7	10/0-064	3	2	3	Do.	300 "
8	7/0-064	8	6	3	8,000 volts.	500 "
9	10/0-064	5	4	3	Do.	500 "

GOVERNMENT OF TRAVANCORE.

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL STORES, TRIVANDRUM.

Tenders for Tunnel Kiln for Ceramic Factory.

Tenders, in duplicate, superscribed "Tunnel Kiln for Ceramic Factory" are invited for the supply, erection, etc., of a Double Tunnel Kiln and a Muffle Furnace for the Ceramic Factory, Kundara. The tenders are to be in the prescribed form which can be had from the Controller, Government Central Stores, Trivandrum, on payment of B. Rs. 7 per set. The tenders should reach the office of the Controller, Government Central Stores, Trivandrum, not later than 1-30 p.m. on the 4th January 1947, and late tenders will not on any account be considered. Full details of the equipment and conditions are given in the tender form.

RANCHI INDIAN MENTAL HOSPITAL, KANKE.

Supply of Dietary Articles and Fodder, and Steam Coal.

Sealed tenders in the prescribed forms and superscribed accordingly are invited by the Superintendent, Ranchi Indian Mental Hospital, Kanke, for (1) Dietary Articles and Fodder and (2) Coal and Firewood for this Hospital for the period from 1st January 1947 to 30th June 1947. Tender forms and schedule of approximate quantities for contract and agreement forms in respect of each can be had from the Superintendent, at one anna for each form. Tenders will be received up to 29th November 1946 and opened on 2nd December 1946 at 1 p.m. in the presence of tenderers. No tenders will be accepted without samples and ten per cent deposit of the total value of the tenders. The Diet Committee reserves the right of accepting a tender as a whole or in parts.

Class I.—Dietary Articles and Fodder—Rs. 1,50,000.

Class II.—Steam Coal No. 2 and Firewood in faggots, valued approximately at Rs. 8,000.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 46/E-32.—Supply of Manila and Sisal Rope.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 10th December 1946 by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 11th December 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars.

Tenderers whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors must forward, with their applications for tender forms and tender notice, certificates from their Banker's as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Names of Articles.

- | | |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1. Manila Rope of sizes | } Rate Contract during the period beginning from 1st December 1946 and ending on 30th June 1947. |
| 2. Sisal Rope of sizes | |

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 47/E-17.—Supply of Chemical Fire Extinguishers.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 6th December 1946 by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 7th December 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars.

Tenderers whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors must forward with their applications for tender forms and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers

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Sole Agents for:—L. B. HOLLIDAY & CO., LTD., ENGLAND.

B. 8053 W. 18-3-47.

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B. 8016 W. 31-1-47.

as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Chemical Fire Extinguishers of various sizes together with their accessories.

—:—

**OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE,
UNITED PROVINCES.**

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 44/X-A-I (F).—Supply of Sanitary Fittings.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 27th November 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 28th November 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars on payment of Rs. 5 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Sanitary Fittings . . . Quantity Contract for the period ending 31st May 1947.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Pad Locks.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on or before 12 noon on the 25th November 1946:—

Tender No. S/SP/B/RI/19.—For the supply of Pad Locks G.I., 2½".

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy, to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, direct by Money Order. Once these documents are issued, no refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Annual Contract Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Insecticide Liquid.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 10th December 1946 at 12 noon:—

Tender No. SP/C/GB10/RI/1028/46/PJI.—For supply of 3,814 gallons Insecticide Liquid.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores' office, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Bearing Brass, of Sizes, for Axle Boxes.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 9th December 1946 at 12 noon:—

Tender No. SP/F/Genl.25.—For the supply of 10,073 Nos. of Bearing Brass, of sizes, for Axle Boxes.

Tender forms and drawings can be obtained from the under-mentioned Officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same:—

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 2 per copy from the Controller of Stores' office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

(b) Drawings Nos. AX-103, AX-104, AX-105, AX-115 and W-577 at annas eight per copy, from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender forms to the Controller of Stores and that of the Drawings to the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

Nov. 14, 1946.]

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Annual Contract Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Solvent for Rexine Reviver.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 10th December 1946 at 12 noon:—

Tender No. SP/C/GB10/RI/1507/47.—For supply of 570 Gallons Solvent for Rexine Reviver.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores' office, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Items Costing Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 8,000.

Supply of Cast Iron Tanks.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, up to noon on the 15th November 1946:—

Tender No. S/NSA/46/1456.—For the supply of Cast Iron Tanks.

Tender forms and drawings can be obtained from the under-mentioned officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same:—

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 2 per copy from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

(b) Chief Engineer's Drawing Nos. 862-46 and 5-A—Sheet No. 1, at Rs. 5 per set of 2 drawings from the Chief Engineer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender forms to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawings to the Chief Engineer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Tender for Construction of 'L' Type Quarters at Various Stations on the Asansol Division.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 25th November 1946, for construction of 12 units "J." type quarters for Signalling

and Block Signalling Staff at various stations on the Asansol Division.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till the 23rd November 1946, from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash, which sum will not be refunded.

—:—

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Supply of Stone Setts.

Sealed tenders will be received up to 12 hours on Monday, the 2nd December 1946, by the Chief Engineer, M. and S. M. Railway, Madras, for the supply of approximately three lakhs Stone Setts for road work on the M. and S. M. Railway.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

—:—

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Supply of Stone Ballast and Stone Metal.

Sealed tenders will be received up to 12 hours on Wednesday the 4th December 1946, by the Chief Engineer, M. and S. M. Railway, Madras, for the supply of 2" Stone Ballast required for maintenance of Bezwada/South Sub-Division, 1½" and 1" Stone Metal for Bridge Works, etc., on the North-East Line, from Ongole Quarry.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

The total approximate value of the contract will be about Rs. 1,50,000 per annum.

—:—

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 211-S/7/1 (P-2), Code Word "CMOOL".—Motor Launch for Inspection and Survey of Alluvial Rivers in Flood which may be easily loaded and unloaded by means of a ramp on a truck for transport by rail—1 No.

Tenders are invited on a rupee basis for the purchase of the above.

Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by Monday, the 25th November 1946, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders may be submitted on firm's own forms, along with the specification. Any other relative documents may also be submitted along with the quotations.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE,
UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 45.—Supply of Pumping Sets and other Machines.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 12th December 1946 by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 13th December 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars on payment of Rs. 7 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Pumping Sets and Machines . . . Quantity Contract for the period ending 31st May 1947.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE,
UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 43/L.B.4 (B).—Supply of Boring Tools.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 29th November 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 30th November 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars on payment of Rs. 5 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Boring Tools to be manufactured . . . Supplies to be completed within the current financial year, i.e., 31st March 1947.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(C. P. & M. DIRECTORATE)

Sale of Hand Operated Overhead Cranes.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of the following stores, located at the Ordnance Factory, Amritsar :—

Hand Operated Overhead Cranes . . . 61 Nos.

Superscribe reference Tender No.—DGD/SR-41527/CPM-2.

Last date for submission of tender.—By 4 p.m. on the 12th December 1946.

Offers to remain open for acceptance.—Till 12th January 1947.

Tender Forms.—Obtainable from the Directorate General of Disposals, C. P. & M. Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 8 per set in cash/Money Order. Permits to inspect the Stores will be issued along with tender forms.

Earnest Money.—10 per cent of the value offered deposited in Reserve/Imperial Bank/Government Treasury in favour of the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

Sales are subject to conditions laid down in Con. 117.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(MISCELLANEOUS DIRECTORATE)

Disposal of Medical Stores.

A sale of Surplus Medical Stores will be held at the Army Medical Stores (India), Mahim, Bombay, between Monday, November 18, and Saturday, November 23, 1946 (both days inclusive).

Intending purchasers may please :—

(1) inspect the stores with the permission of the Officer Commanding, Army Medical Stores (India), Mahim, Bombay, prior to the dates of sale, and

(2) contact the Director of Miscellaneous Stores, Directorate General of Disposals, at the office of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, between November 18 and November 23, 1946.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(C. P. & M. DIRECTORATE)

Sale of Wrist Watches, Various Pneumatic Tools, etc.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of the following stores :—

I. Tender No. DGD/SR-41322/C.P.M.-3—Due on 13th December 1946. Tender fee Rs. 2.

Wrist Watches of various types such as :—West End Secundus, Rolled Gold, steel, Nickel-plated-Cavalry Watches, Rolled gold, Nickel-plated-Waterproof Watches, Grana-Ebel and Cyma, etc., etc., 627 in number.

Condition.—Serviceable.

Location.—No. 337 Maintenance Unit, R.A.F., Madras.

II. Tender No. DGD/SR-41486-89/C.P.M.-3.—Due on 17th December 1946. Tender fee Rs. 6.

(1) Various Pneumatic tools and spares such as :—
No. 4 Arbour, Intermediate Gear Pushing, Cutting chisel Tapered shank, Davis cutters for Calyx Drills, Jack Rods, etc., etc.

(2) Various spares for Air Compressors such as :—
Fan Belts—Piston Rings—Valve seats, Valve bushing, etc., etc.

Condition.—Good.

Location.—Messrs. Ingersoll Rand (India), Ltd., Bombay.

(3) No. 5 Holders on.

Condition.—Good.

Location.—Messrs. Consolidated Pneumatic Tool Co., Ltd., Bombay.

III. Tender No. DGD/SR-41487-92/CPM-3.—Due on 17th December 1946. Tender fee Rs. 8.

(1) Various Pneumatic Tools and spares such as :—
Wheel End Bearing, Throttle Valve Pushings, Non-reversible Drill, Jackbits, Jack Rods, Rivet Snaps.

(2) Various spares for Air Compressors such as :—
Piston Rings, Crank pin Pushings, Valve Channel, etc., etc.

Condition.—Good.

Location.—Messrs. Ingersoll Rand (India), Ltd., Calcutta.

Offers to remain open for a period of one month from the date the respective tenders are due.

Earnest Money.—10 per cent of the total value quoted should be deposited in Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

Tender forms (non-transferable) together with permits to view the stores can be obtained from the office of the Director General of Disposals (C. P. & M. Directorate), New Delhi, at the price (non-refundable) as given above for each tender separately in cash or by Money Order.

All sales are subject to general conditions of contract laid down in Con. 117.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS), SOUTHERN CIRCLE, UNITED INDIA LIFE BUILDING, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.

Auction Programme for the Month of November 1946.

(All Auctions commence at 10 a.m. unless otherwise stipulated.)

Name of Depot or Location.	Date.	Store.	Name of Auctioneer.
Adoni Proofing Co., Adoni.	16-11-46	Surplus—Jungle wood Butters.	Messrs. Galley & Co., Madras.
M. T. Salvage Depot, Avadi, Madras.	18-11-46 and 19-11-46	Chev., Ford and other make vehicles, 3 ton, 30 cwt., 15 cwt., Jeeps, Motor Cycles, M. T. Parts, etc.	Messrs. Murray & Co., Madras.
Dy. Controller of Stores, S. I. Railway, Golden Rock, Trichy.	19-11-46 and 20-11-46	Surplus—Furniture, Hand tools, Engineering Stores, etc.	Messrs. Zackaria Sons, Madras.

Auction Programme—contd.

Name of Depot or Location.	Date.	Store.	Name of Auctioneer.
G.P.T.D., Willingdon Island, Cochin.	25-26-11-46	Surplus—Timber.	Messrs. Frank Abraham, Bangalore.
S.S.D., Cochin.	23-11-46	Salvage Stores.	Messrs. Frank Abraham, Bangalore.
M. T. Salvage Depot, Bangalore.	25-11-46 and 26-11-46	Chev., Ford and other make vehicles, 3 ton, 30 cwt., 15 cwt., Jeeps, Motor Cycles, M. T. parts, etc.	Messrs. Zackaria Sons, Madras.
S.S.D., Bangalore.	28-11-46 and if necessary 29-11-46	Salvage Stores.	Messrs. Zackaria Sons, Madras.
S.T.D., Vizagapatnam.	29-11-46	Salvage Stores.	Messrs. Galley & Co., Madras.
Es-ate Near D.M.D. School, Cocanada.	29-11-46	Unserviceable Alligator Vehicles.	Messrs. Murray & Co., Madras.
Kathlawar Ship-building & Trading Corporation, Cocanada.	30-11-46	Surplus—Hardwood logs and Scraplings.	Messrs. Murray & Co., Madras.

Notes.—(1) The main items generally put up for auction at the various depôts, except where otherwise stipulated, are Aero-Scrap, Ferrous and Non-Ferrous articles, Ferrous Scrap, Tentage, Cotton and Woollen Clothing, Blankets, Cotton and Woollen Rags, Containers, and many other useful articles unserviceable to the Army.

(2) Motor Vehicles put up for auction are not serviceable ones of the sort which can be driven away from the Depot.

(3) For Auction Catalogue and for other particulars, please apply to the Auctioneers indicated.

(4) Inspection can be made at site two days before the date of auction.

SALE OF FOREST PRODUCE.

The Divisional Forest Officer, Kolhan Division, Chaibassa, notifies that the auction dates of the Kolhan Forest Division (see the notice published on page 245 of the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 31st October 1946), have been altered from the 14th and 15th November 1946 to the 25th and 26th November 1946.

The following Notice has been issued by the Divisional Forest Officer, Monghyr Division, Monghyr :—

Four Coppice Coupes of Sangrampur Range in Monghyr Forest Division of 1946-47 will be sold by public auction at the Kharagpur Inspection Bungalow at 12 noon on the 29th November 1946.

For details please apply to the Divisional Forest Officer, Monghyr Division, Monghyr.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 25th October 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay	846	1,683	7,690	10,661	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	..	4	13	34	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan	..	41	..	974	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan	283	1,265	4,770	8,760	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	434	1,610	4,473	9,909	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	717	2,920	9,265	19,677	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					
The Province of Sind	20,542	10,796	54,277	63,885	All districts in the Province.
Bengal—					
The Province of Bengal	121	229	1,882	957	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces—					
1. Upper Doab	..	..	..	..	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	..	..	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	..	..	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Badaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bhairach, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rao Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Punjab—					
1. Ambala	..	42	..	97	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
2. Jullundur	..	..	..	..	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	..	110	(a) 34	110	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	..	107	..	107	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
5. Multan	..	..	..	..	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	465	305	640	517	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	465	564	724	831	
Central Provinces—					
1. Jabulpore	..	..	..	..	Jubbulpore, Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	..	..	..	..	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	..	..	..	..	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	..	..	..	..	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
5. Satpura	..	..	..	..	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
6. Chhatisgarh	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Berar—					
Berar	..	..	..	..	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Assam—					
The Province of Assam	..	..	..	..	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara—					
Ajmer-Merwara	736	11	1,397	82	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras—					
Madras*	1,467	3,721	(b) 21,579	27,464	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	24,048	27,251	89,124	112,896	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.
 * For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 31st August 1946.
 (a) Not reported before.
 (b) Includes 602 bales not reported before.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 25th October 1946.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 25th October 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year		During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	2,574	..	6,595	BOMBAY STATES—				
Baroda	..	..	..	..	Western India States				
Mysore	(a)	589	1,025	3,779	Agency—				
Qwalior	(a)	..	..	125	Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Punjab States—					Junagadh	..	..	5,950	..
Lahawalpur	..	..	..	..	Dhrangadhra	311	..	..	..
Nabha	..	..	..	..	Morvi	..	..	..	..
Jind	..	..	..	..	Cutch	..	..	..	..
Faridkot	..	..	..	..	Nawanagar	..	..	..	..
Fatiala	..	..	..	..	Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Malerkotla	..	..	..	..	Gondal	..	..	..	..
Khalapur	..	..	..	..	Wankaner	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	..	..	..	Porbandar	..	..	..	..
Rajputana States—					Limdi	..	..	..	..
Mewar	..	..	..	..	Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Bikaner	..	..	..	..	Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..	Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..	Jardan	..	..	..	..
Jaipur	..	..	..	..	Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..	Mull	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..	Sayla	..	..	..	..
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..	Eastern Kathiawar	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..	Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station)	..	..	..	..
Rundi	..	..	..	..	Kakran	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..	Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	..	..	..	..	Palitana	..	..	..	..
Central India States—					Maliya	..	..	..	..
Indore	..	..	..	..	Bantva Majum	..	..	..	..
Phopal	..	..	..	..	Gujarat States Agency—	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..	Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Aspura	..	..	..	..	Chhota Udepur	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..	Canbay	..	..	..	..
Ratlam	..	..	..	..	Sachin	..	..	..	..
Dar	..	..	..	..	Balasnor	..	..	..	..
Barwanl	..	..	..	..	Pandu Mewas—	..	..	..	..
Jhabua	..	..	..	..	Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
D. was, J. B.	..	..	..	..	Gothda	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES.	..	..	..	..	Deccan States Agency—				
					Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
					Janakhandi	..	..	..	..
					Sangli	..	..	..	..
					Mudhol	..	..	..	..
					Miraj	..	..	..	..
					Savanur	..	..	..	..
					TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	311	..	5,950	..
					GRAND TOTAL	311	3,163	7,575	10,499

(a) Statement not yet received.

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 25th October 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelles	..	..	37,247	46,043
Nadarn. Bourbon and Uppam.	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	663	1,674	(a) 90,962	72,410
Karungandi	..	..	40,974	..
Northerns	83	..	6,107	..
Westerns	721	1,831	60,668	164,470
Mungari	..	..	963	..
Cocanadas	..	210	8,512	9,725
TOTAL	1,467	3,721	245,838	292,618

(a) Includes 602 bales not reported before.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 1st November 1946.
[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.		1,008	7,690	11,669	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	†	5	13	39	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Brouch and Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan		567	4,779	9,327	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan		541	4,473	10,450	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country.					Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaula, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port.	..	1,113	9,265	20,790	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					
The Province of Sind	12,019	22,357	66,296	86,242	All districts in the Province.
Bengal—					
The Province of Bengal . . .	205	128	2,187	1,085	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces—					
1. Upper Doab	..	..	..	..	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	..	..	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand.	..	..	..	..	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaula, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Oathwal.
5. Rest of the Province . . .	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Punjab—					
1. Ambala	532	64	532	161	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
2. Jullundur	..	..	..	..	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	110	395	(a) 210	505	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	..	..	(b) 177	780	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
5. Multan	..	..	..	..	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	734	812	(c) 1,540	1,320	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	1,376	1,924	2,468	2,755	
Central Provinces—					
1. Jabulpore	..	..	..	..	Jabulpore, Sangor, Hoshangabad.
2. Nerbudda	..	..	..	..	Nimar.
3. Nimar	11	11	11	11	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
4. Nagpur	15	..	15	..	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
5. Satpura	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	..	..	
TOTAL	26	11	26	11	
Berar—					
Berar	563	851	(d) 1,024	881	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Assam—					
The Province of Assam . . .	..	..	..	..	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara—					
Ajmer-Merwara	48	8	1,445	90	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras—					
Madras*	355	6,321	21,934	33,785	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	14,692	32,713	104,345	145,639	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.
* For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 31st August 1946.
† Return not yet received.

(a) Includes 16 bales not reported before.
(b) Not reported before.
(c) Includes 175 bales not reported before.
(d) " 461 " " " "

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 1st November 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	345	..	6,940
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	(a)	230	1,770	4,009
Gwalior	(a)	..	..	125
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	(a)	426	..	426
Nabha	..	..	..	..
Jind	..	..	..	..
Faridkot	..	..	..	..
Patiala	..	..	..	..
Malerkotla	..	..	..	..
Khalapur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	426	..	426
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	..	..	..	..
Dikaner	..	..	..	..
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..
Jaipur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES . . .	..	..	..	..
Central India States—				
Indore	..	..	..	..
Bhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Allpura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..
Ratlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	..	..	..	..
Darwani	..	..	..	..
Jhabua	..	..	..	..
Dewar, J. B.	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES .	..	..	..	..

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 1st November 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Junagadh	..	..	..	..
Dhrangadhra	(a)	..	5,950	..
Morvi	..	..	..	..
Cutch	..	..	..	..
Nawanagar	(a)	42	..	42
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Gondal	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	..	..	..	..
Limbdi	..	..	..	..
Radhapur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mul	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station)—				
Katoran	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Lallana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	..	..	..	..
Bansa Majmu	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhotla Udepur	..	..	..	..
Chambay	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Balasnor	..	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas—				
Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gothia	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Janaknadi	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savner	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	..	42	5,950	42
GRAND TOTAL	..	1,043	7,720	11,542

(a) Statement not yet received.

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 1st November 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelly	..	154	37,247	46,107
Nadam, Bourbon and Papan	..	..	400	..
Camboodias	128	2,946	91,090	75,856
Karunganni	..	..	40,974	..
Northerns	..	..	6,107	..
Westerns	227	3,110	60,895	167,560
Mungari	..	..	968	..
Cocanadas	..	111	8,512	9,836
TOTAL	355	6,321	246,193	298,969

UNPRESSED COTTON RETURNS.

The following statement shows the quantity of unpressed (loose) Indian cotton consumed in mills in India during the month of July 1946:—
[Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India, and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States.]
(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Province.	CONSUMPTION			
	During July 1946.	During July 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Bombay Province	2,091	2,119	23,459	81,270
Madras Province	17,316	19,230	166,907	190,375
United Provinces	..	22	1,125	782
Central Provinces and Berar	19	..	6,555	3,802
Bengal	665	423	4,337	5,511
Punjab and Delhi	852	905	12,427	15,979
Rest of British India	217	448	4,691	7,204
TOTAL, BRITISH INDIA	21,160	23,147	219,501	254,983
TOTAL, INDIAN STATES	3,196	5,681	43,788	54,644
TOTAL, INDIA	24,356	28,828	263,289	309,627

N.B.—Due to corrections, which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding month.

CONSUMPTION OF INDIAN COTTON (PRESSED AND UNPRESSED) IN MILLS IN INDIA.

(1) British India.

[Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923.]
(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Province.	CONSUMPTION			
	During July 1946.	During July 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Bombay Island	92,211	106,075	1,030,018	1,130,767
Ahmedabad	11,929	30,697	362,494	365,432
Bombay Province	124,702	162,561	1,644,687	1,758,222
Madras Province	42,900	53,418	524,752	552,889
United Provinces	29,380	32,108	344,400	378,802
Central Provinces and Berar	15,638	13,549	142,608	155,562
Bengal	12,317	10,995	121,300	124,598
Punjab and Delhi	9,803	15,024	157,645	166,288
Rest of British India	4,529	4,380	49,682	47,366
TOTAL, BRITISH INDIA	239,359	292,075	2,985,132	3,183,727

(2) Indian States.

(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Name of State.	CONSUMPTION			
	During July 1946.	During July 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Hyderabad	5,769	6,094	62,862	65,370
Mysore	6,082	6,773	73,018	66,487
Baroda	6,406	6,476	76,058	74,728
Gwalior	5,322	8,154	72,796	79,374
Indore	12,516	14,765	131,687	140,087
Kathiawar States	5,447	5,971	63,728	65,024
Other Indian States and Pondicherry	11,920	11,595	131,257	141,497
TOTAL, INDIAN STATES	53,462	59,828	611,406	632,576

N.B.—Due to corrections, which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding month.

FOREIGN TRADE OF MADRAS IN SEPTEMBER 1946.

The following statement gives particulars of the foreign sea-borne trade of the Province of Madras during the month of September 1946, as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year:—

Description of Articles.	Unit.	September 1945.		September 1946.		Difference.		REMARKS.
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Imports.			Rs.		Rs.			
Arms and ammunition—Gelatine Dynamite	Lbs.	—	—	259,000	2,33,512	+259,000	+2,33,512	Large imports from the United Kingdom.
Chemicals, all kinds	Value	..	88,180	..	13,22,555	..	+12,34,425	Larger imports from the United Kingdom and Canada.
Dyeing and tanning substances—Barks for tanning	Cwts.	15,706	70,237	29,801	2,63,495	+14,095	+1,93,258	Larger imports from the Union of South Africa and Kenya Colony.
Others	"	300	3,818	12,909	2,03,128	+12,609	+1,99,310	Larger imports from the United Kingdom and large imports from Kenya Colony and the United States of America.
Grain, pulse and flour—Pulse	Tons	—	—	8,600	30,96,000	+8,600	+30,96,000	Large imports from the United States of America.
Rice not in the husk	"	—	—	8,820	26,46,090	+8,820	+26,46,090	Large imports from Burma.
Wheat	"	—	—	16,732	34,57,588	+16,732	+34,57,588	Large imports from the Commonwealth of Australia, Canada and the United States of America.
Instruments—Wireless apparatus—complete	No.	—	—	1,134	1,93,804	+1,134	+1,93,804	Large imports from the United Kingdom, Ceylon, the United States of America and Burma.
Instruments, all kinds	Value	..	1,23,203	..	11,13,445	..	+9,90,242	Larger imports from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Machinery and mill-work—Electrical machinery	"	..	3,94,841	..	15,54,517	..	+11,57,676	Larger imports from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Textile machinery	"	..	92,188	..	4,05,864	..	+3,13,676	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Other sorts of machinery	"	..	98,401	..	11,06,804	..	+10,08,403	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom, the Commonwealth of Australia and the United States of America.
Manures (excluding oil-cake)	Tons	—	—	9,967	22,73,891	+9,967	+22,73,891	Large arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Metals and ores—Brass	Cwts.	228	16,342	8,766	4,57,298	+8,538	+4,40,956	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom and the Commonwealth of Australia.
Iron or Steel	Tons	172	79,863	488	3,50,644	+316	+2,70,781	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Fuel Oils—Diesel oils	Galls.	2,450,336	12,43,294	2,775,475	7,89,309	+325,089	—4,53,985	Smaller imports from Iran and no imports from Bahrain Islands. The increase in quantity is due to low cost.
Other fuel oils	"	4,210,792	10,55,406	4,724,640	15,83,021	+513,848	+5,27,615	Larger imports from Iran.
Kerosene, in bulk	"	830,465	5,83,920	1,801,596	9,91,950	+971,131	+4,08,030	Smaller arrivals from the United States of America.
Lubricating Oils—other lubricating oils	"	281,152	5,59,280	176,338	3,22,658	—104,814	—2,36,622	Smaller arrivals from Iran and no imports from the United States of America.
Petroleum, dangerous, etc.—Motor spirit	"	8,144,219	78,87,239	2,081,204	13,29,264	—6,062,065	—65,57,975	Larger arrivals from the United States of America.
Paper and pasteboard	Cwts.	8,873	2,40,835	13,778	6,22,864	+4,905	+3,82,029	Larger arrivals from the United States of America.
Provisions and Oilman's stores	Value	..	2,68,404	..	5,52,085	..	+2,83,681	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom and the Commonwealth of Australia.
Spices—Cloves	Cwts.	11	969	3,324	2,92,766	+3,313	+2,91,797	Larger arrivals from Zanzibar and Pemba.
Belbetnuts	"	3,926	1,56,871	8,066	4,50,664	+4,140	+2,93,793	Larger arrivals from Ceylon.
Toilet Requisites (not specified elsewhere)	Value	..	11,140	..	2,94,822	..	+2,83,682	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom and the United States of America and large arrivals from Canada, Straits, France and the Commonwealth of Australia.
Vehicles (excluding locomotives, etc., for railways)—Motor cars	No.	—	—	198	6,30,107	+198	+6,30,107	Large arrivals from the United States of America, Canada and the United States of America.
Other Articles	Value	..	23,70,658	..	1,00,61,092	..	+76,90,434	..
TOTAL IMPORTS	Value	..	1,43,47,039	..	3,65,99,237	..	+2,12,52,198	..

Description of Articles.	Unit.	September 1945.		September 1946.		Difference.		REMARKS.
		Quantity.	Value. Rs.	Quantity.	Value. Rs.	Quantity.	Value. Rs.	
Exports.								
Coff, manufactured—	Cwts.	19,011	5,10,327	27,704	10,40,759	+7,793	+5,30,432	Large exports to the United States of America and Portugal.
Coff yarn	"	9,006	4,48,805	27,227	21,31,878	+18,221	+16,83,073	Large exports to Sweden, Denmark and the United States of America.
Mats and mattinga	Tons	433	2,68,692	1,014	8,94,935	+561	+5,58,243	Large exports to the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Fibre for brushes and brooms	"	16,533	9,47,604	10,802	6,40,344	-5,731	-3,07,260	Large exports to the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Fish dry, unsalted	Cwts.	249	15,465	6,862	4,18,092	+6,613	+4,02,627	Smaller exports to Ceylon.
Fruit, dried, etc.—Cashew kernels	Tons	1,228	63,46,120	709	22,55,015	-519	-40,91,105	Smaller exports to the United States of America.
Hides and skins—	"			226	13,95,392	+226	+13,95,392	Large exports to the Commonwealth of Australia and the United States of America.
Raw goat skins	"			86	4,84,715	+86	+4,84,715	Large exports to the United States of America.
Sheep skins	"			970	45,13,132	+970	+45,13,132	Large exports to the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Hides, tanned or dressed—	"			42	2,55,278	+42	+2,55,278	Large exports to the United States of America.
Cow hides	"			41	3,25,755	+41	+3,25,755	Large exports to the United States of America.
Buff calf skins	"			291	30,08,683	+291	+30,08,683	Large exports to the United States of America and the United Kingdom.
Cow calf skins	"			61	9,78,474	+61	+9,78,474	Large exports to the United States of America, Netherlands and the United Kingdom.
Skins, tanned or dressed—	"			11	9,81,916	+11	+9,81,916	Large exports to the United States of America and the United Kingdom.
Goat skins	"			226	2,38,676	+226	+2,38,676	Large exports to the United States of America, Denmark, and the Straits Settlements.
Other skins	"			54	80	-467	-5,14,411	Smaller exports to Ceylon.
Unwrought	Cwts.	467	5,14,500	14,931	13,63,323	+14,464	+12,73,750	Large exports to the United Kingdom, Netherlands, France and the United States of America.
Metals and ores—	Tons	1,792	80,573	109,073	5,68,800	+107,281	+5,08,227	No exports to the Union of South Africa.
Essential—Lemon grass	Galls.			1,472	1,34,863	+1,472	+1,34,863	No exports to the United Kingdom, the United States of America, and other Continental countries.
Vegetable—Non-essential Oils—Coconut Oil	"			186,883	2,40,683	+186,883	+2,40,683	Large shipments to the Commonwealth of Australia.
Seeds—	"			48,698	6,46,919	+48,698	+6,46,919	Large shipments to Ceylon.
Non-essential—Groundnuts	"			1,570,518	22,28,525	+1,570,518	+22,28,525	No exports to Ceylon and Madagascar.
Spices—Pepper	Cwts.			211,122	2,84,712	+211,122	+2,84,712	Large shipments to Burma, the Straits Settlements, and French West Africa.
Textiles—	Lbs.			547,360	5,23,600	+547,360	+5,23,600	Large shipments to the United Kingdom, the United States of America, Eire and the Straits Settlements.
Cotton	"			105,668	4,22,901	+105,668	+4,22,901	Large exports to the U. S. S. R., Belgium and Netherlands.
Twist and yarn	Lbs.			2,46,587	2,46,587	+2,46,587	+2,46,587	Large exports to Ceylon.
Manufactures—Hosiery	Yds.			3,57,011	3,05,141	-51,870	-5,14,411	Large exports to the United States of America.
Piecegoods—Grey (unbleached)	"			1,18,20,261	15,30,50,244	+1,18,20,261	+15,30,50,244	Large exports to the United States of America.
Piecegoods—Coloured, printed or dyed	"			1,33,74,731	1,66,23,740	+1,33,74,731	+1,66,23,740	Large exports to the United States of America.
Wood manufactures—Carpets and rugs	Lbs.			2,46,587	2,46,587	+2,46,587	+2,46,587	Large exports to the United States of America.
Tobacco—	"			3,57,011	3,05,141	-51,870	-5,14,411	Large exports to the United States of America.
Unmanufactured	"			1,18,20,261	15,30,50,244	+1,18,20,261	+15,30,50,244	Large exports to the United States of America.
Manufactured, other sorts	"			1,33,74,731	1,66,23,740	+1,33,74,731	+1,66,23,740	Large exports to the United States of America.
Postal Articles	"			2,46,587	2,46,587	+2,46,587	+2,46,587	Large exports to the United States of America.
Other Articles	"			3,57,011	3,05,141	-51,870	-5,14,411	Large exports to the United States of America.
Imports.								
Re-exports.								
Progressive Totals for the Six Months ending September—								
Imports	Value	1,18,20,261	15,30,50,244	1,33,74,731	1,66,23,740	+1,18,20,261	+15,30,50,244	
Exports	Value	1,33,74,731	1,66,23,740	2,46,587	2,46,587	+1,33,74,731	+1,66,23,740	
Re-exports	Value	2,46,587	2,46,587	3,57,011	3,05,141	-51,870	-5,14,411	
TOTAL	Value	3,57,011	3,05,141	3,57,011	3,05,141	-51,870	-5,14,411	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS FOR CENTRAL SUGAR FACTORIES* FOR THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 30TH SEPTEMBER 1946.

(Issued by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, India, under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935.)

CONSOLIDATED FORTNIGHTLY STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS (For Central Sugar Factories)

For the Fortnight ending the 30th September 1946.

ON the basis of returns received from factories under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935, the following statements have been compiled, showing the production and stocks of sugar by groups :—

GROUPING OF FACTORIES.

Group Symbol.	Estimated No. of Factories operating in the Group.		No. of Factories in the Group from which returns have been received.		Territories covered.
	Current Season†.	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season‡.	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.	
A	6	4	6	4	Kashmir, N.-W.F.P., Punjab and Sind : Kashmir.—Jammu, N.-W.F.P.—Mardan. Punjab.—Lahore, Shahpur, Gujranwala, Ambala and Jullundur. Sind.—Nawabshah. (Including Indian States.) West United Provinces.—Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Meerut, Nainital, Rampur, Etah and Moradabad. (Including Indian States.) Central United Provinces.—Bareilly, Pillibhit, Kheri, Shahjahanpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Lucknow, Cawnpore, Gonda and Allahabad. (Including Indian States.) Eastern United Provinces.—Barabanki, Bahraich, Jaunpur, Basti and Gorakhpur. (Including Indian States.) Bihar : North Bihar.—Champaran, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga and Purnea. South Bihar.—Bhagalpur, Shahabad, Patna and Gaya. (Including Indian States.) Bengal, Madras, Bombay, Orissa, Assam (including Indian States) and Central India States.
B	23	24	19	21	
C	16	16	16	13	
D	30	29	27	28	
E	29	29	27	28	
F	41	38	33	34	
TOTAL	145	140	127	128	

NOTE.—The percentage cane crushing capacity of these 127 factories is estimated at 80.7, as against 93 for the 128 factories during the corresponding fortnight of the previous season.

*These statements relate to Central Sugar Factories only and not to all sugar factories. For the definition of "Central Sugar Factory" and "Sugar Factory", please see Rule 2 of the Sugar Production Rules, 1935. For complete figures of sugar production, please see the "Monthly Statistics of Production of Certain Selected Industries of India".

†Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1945-46.

‡Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1944-45.

Consolidated Fortnightly Statement of Sugar Production and Stocks (by Groups) for the Fortnight ending the 30th September 1946.

REPORT NO. XXII (SEASON 1945-46).

A.—Stocks.

Group Symbol.	Opening Stock.		Closing Stock.	
	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
A	Mds. 19,274	Mds. 77,835	Mds. 10,225	Mds. 64,317
B	593,647	843,127	417,341	680,627
C	950,618	829,385	790,730	490,943
D	1,281,402	552,231	1,012,643	388,606
E	1,192,868	1,001,428	1,058,179	912,331
F	861,480	982,488	609,568	874,636
TOTAL	4,905,347	4,170,492	3,958,693	3,401,460

B.—Production.

Group Symbol.	Production during the Fortnight (Current Year).						Total Production.	
	Crystal.			Crushed.			Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.	Mds.	Mds.
A	Mds. 32,359	Mds. 11,222	Mds. 4,152	Mds. 1,001,428	Mds. 552,231	Mds. 1,012,643	32,359	40,829
B	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
E	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
F	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	32,359	11,222	4,152	1,001,428	552,231	1,012,643	32,359	40,829

C.—Despatches.

Group Symbol.	Despatches.			Total for Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	During the Current Fortnight.			
	Crystal.	Crushed.	Total.	
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
A . . .	8,922	127	9,049	23,518
B . . .	176,806	..	176,806	182,500
C . . .	165,877	..	165,877	138,442
D . . .	268,819	..	268,819	163,825
E . . .	134,689	..	134,689	179,097
F . . .	221,815	2,458	224,273	148,679
TOTAL	976,428	2,585	979,013	815,861

RESULTS OF AUCTION TEA SALES IN CALCUTTA.

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

DISTRICTS.	FOR CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.					
	SEASON 1916-1917.			SEASON 1945-1946.		
	Sold to Sale No. 17, 29th and 30th October.		Average Price per lb.	Sold to Sale No. 18, 30th and 31st October.		Average Price per lb.
	Packages.	Rs. A. P.		Packages.	Rs. A. P.	
Assam	2,138	1 2 5	63,284	8,591	0 13 0	88,126
Cachar	90	0 15 11	4,150	1,830	0 10 10	8,553
Sylhet	327	1 1 7	11,285	2,623	0 10 10	23,408
Darjeeling	880	1 2 10	11,685	430	0 11 9	11,934
Dooars	4,900	1 0 11	54,855	7,386	0 11 1	87,974
Terai	1,084	1 1 4	6,379	559	0 11 4	3,354
Tripura	200	1 0 10	1,443	253	0 9 5	1,125
Chittagong	..	..	200	198	0 10 7	759
All other places	..	..	..	..	..	..
Green Tea	9,319	1 1 6	153,290	21,875	0 11 9	225,235
	780	1 5 11	6,074	1,468	0 15 5	9,392
TOTAL	10,599	1 1 10	159,364	23,343	0 12 0	234,627
Dust	15,962	1 1 10	170,248	15,907	0 13 9	211,511
						0 14 3

(The above do not include Second-hand Tea, Damaged Tea and Dust.)

PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS.

[NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of report.]

BONE MEAL—

Market Quotations—
Calcutta,

	28th Oct.	4th Nov.	11th Nov.
(1) And steamed per ton f. a. s.	Rs. 210	Rs. 210	Rs. 210
(2) And unsteamed „ „	180	200	200
(3) 1/2th „ „	200	210	200

CEMENT—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 8th November—

Indian Portland f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load) Rs. 60 per ton.

†London, 24th September—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d site, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (6 ton loads and upwards), per ton 57s. 0d.†

COAL—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 8th November—

	Per ton F. O. R.
(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Rs. 13-5
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Rs. 12-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7
(4) Deshergarh	Rs. 13-5
(5) Poniat	Rs. 13-5
(6) Ranegunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7

‡Bombay, 18th October—

	Ready per ton.
(1) Deshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	23rd Oct. Rs. 13-5
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	1st Nov. Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Rs. 11-7
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Rs. 14-1

‡Bombay, 1st November—

	Per ton.
Railborne Coal (Ex-plot for ship)(p)	Rs. 84-0
Seaborne Coal (" " ")	Rs. 59-12
Seaborne Coal (Ex-discharging Collier to ships) (p)	Rs. 58-13

‡Karachi, 22nd & 30th October & 6th November—

	Rs. 70
First Class Bengal (Trimmed into Bunkers), per ton	(seaborne).

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.

§ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

|| Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.

‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

(p) Sale Tax on the above prices according to whether railborne or Seaborne coal is supplied ex-stack or ex-ship at six pice per rupee.

Handling & delivery charges ex-stack to ship Rs. 5-12 per ton.

ing steamer Rs. 4-3 per ton.

Extra labour charges for working in steam in fair weather as. 3 per ton.

monsoon Rs. 1-0 per ton.

COFFEE—

Market Quotations—

**Coimbatore—

2nd November—

	Per cwt.
(1) Plantation "A"	Rs. 123 to Rs. 124
(2) " " "PB"	Rs. 142 to Rs. 143
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 99 to Rs. 100
(4) Robusta " " "	Rs. 84 to Rs. 85

9th November—

(1) Plantation "A"	Rs. 121 to Rs. 122
(2) " " "PB"	Rs. 141 to Rs. 142
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 98 to Rs. 99
(4) Robusta " " "	Rs. 83 to Rs. 84

COTTON (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise)†	50,878	13,783	
Karachi by rail	30,542	10,612	
Madras by rail and sea	3,175	2,296	
Tuticorin by rail and sea	..	..	
Calcutta by rail and river	213	1,282	

(ii) From 1st September to 3rd October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales*)	1946.	1945.
Into Bombay	131	74	

(iii) Imports by sea during the three months ending January 1946 (into all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales*)	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Sept. to Jan., 1946.
Egypt and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan	1	16	7	28	
East Africa†	61	77	12	152	
United States of America	..	1	..	1	
Other Countries	..	..	..	..	
TOTAL, 1945	62	94	19	181	
" 1944	44	6	24	104	
" 1943	28	58	20	132	

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta	..	..	498
" Bombay	..	..	..
" Karachi	..	..	..
" Madras	..	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..	..

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

** Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.

† The East India Cotton Association's Report for week ending 4th October, 1946.

‡ Kenya Colony, Tanganyika Territory and Uganda Protectorate.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(ii) From 1st September to 5th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	38	..
" Karachi	10	3
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *)			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom	18	10	7	65
U. S. A.	19	29	31	90
Australia	..	..	..	2
Other Countries	49	16	28	96
TOTAL, 1945-46	86	55	66	253
" 1944-45	18	15	11	93
" 1943-44	22	10	13	104

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 1st November—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 458 (Jan. '47).

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,438,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,580,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—**(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	174	174
Bombay	2	4,292	4,294
Karachi	1	117	118
Madras	..	156	156

(ii) From 1st January to 5th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20†	9,665‡	9,685‡
Bombay	7	71,738	71,745
Karachi	42	7,510	7,552
Madras	..	9,712	9,712

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	3	6
Bombay	..	..	20	2	27	..
Karachi	..	..	1	1	1	..
Madras	..	..	11	..	3	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 1st November—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	..
(2) Domestic 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.	..
(3) Chadars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	..
(4) Dhoties (up to ¼" nakhl border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs.	..
(5) Dhoties (Calcutta, ¼" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	2 4 0

† Manchester, 16th August—

Price Index of cloth	244
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1933.)	

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—**(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	160	160
Bombay	..	6,355	6,355
Karachi	..	201	201
Madras	..	1,160	1,160

(ii) From 1st January to 5th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43†	33,198‡	33,241‡
Bombay	..	300,413	300,413
Karachi	..	5,344	5,344
Madras	..	29,100	29,100

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	2
Madras	..	3

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Relates to week ending 7th September, 1946.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.**(c) Market Quotations—**

* Bombay, 1st November—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	..
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, "	1 1 9

† Manchester, 16th August—

Price index of American yarn	241
" " " Egyptian "	229
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1933.)	

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	565
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—**Market Quotations—****Cow Hides—**

‡ Calcutta, 8th November—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..
(2) Darbhanga	..	..
(3) Patna	..	..
(4) Salted cows, Dacca	Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 18-8	
	} per 20 lbs.	

Buffalo Hides—

‡ Calcutta, 8th November—

(1) Arsenic, Framed	..	..
(2) " Commons	Rs. 13-0 to Rs. 15-0	
	} per 20 lbs.	

Goat Skins—

‡ Calcutta, 8th November—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 270 to Rs. 300
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Rs. 180 " Rs. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—**Market Quotations—**

§ Madras—

31st October—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—				
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to	2 5 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 12 0	"	1 14 0	
(3) Sheep skins "	6 0 0	"	7 4 0	
(4) Goat skins "	5 0 0	"	6 0 0	

7th November—

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—				
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to	2 5 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 12 0	"	1 14 0	
(3) Sheep skins "	6 0 0	"	7 4 0	
(4) Goat skins "	5 0 0	"	6 0 0	

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 8th November—

Pig Iron—

Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " " "	Rs. 98

† London, 24th September—

Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£ s. d.
Steel, rails, heavy " "	8 9 3
	15 12 0

JUTE (RAW)—**(a) Arrivals—**

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta‡ by rail, river and sea	55	66
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer|| . . . . .	66	94
TOTAL	121	160

(ii) From 1st July to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta‡ by rail, river and sea	393	517
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer|| . . . . .	319	635
TOTAL	712	1,152

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	13	74

(ii) From 1st July to 5th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	382	428

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(iii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales.)*			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	July '45 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom	59	56	43	280
United States of America	23	41	66	200
Brazil	7	..	..	58
Australia	..	3	1	10
Other Countries	96	116	93	581
TOTAL, 1945-46	185	216	203	1,127
" 1944-45	69	73	105	549
" 1943-44	125	72	119	581

(c) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 8th November—**

- (1) European Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 37-0
 (2) Indian Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 36-0

	7th Nov.	12th Nov.
† Calcutta—		
(1) Firsts, per bale (400 lbs.)	{ Rs. 185-0† Rs. 190-0‡	{ Rs. 178-0† Rs. 185-0‡
(2) Lightnings ..	{ Rs. 180-0† Rs. 185-0‡	{ Rs. 173-0† Rs. 180-0‡

	31st Oct.	7th Nov.
London—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Daisee C. & F., per ton	84 0 0	83 0 0

Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1946 is estimated at 5,550,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 7,991,000 bales in 1945 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	1,558	16,157
Hessian	475	6,815

(ii) From 1st January to 5th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	222,833	195,721
Hessian	57,432	78,104

(b) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 8th November—**

B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×26½", 6×8", per 100 bags Rs. 104-0 (Ready)

- * 1 bale=400 lbs.
 † Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 ‡ Exports.
 § Mills.
 ¶ Supplied by Messrs. Landale & Morgan.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	40	1,036
Hessian	2,933	58,653

(ii) From 1st January to 5th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	20,513	17,785
Hessian	1,058,127	1,028,879

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 8th November—**

- (1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds. Rs. 36-0 (Ready).
 (2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds. Rs. 46-0 (Ready).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—**

Calcutta, 4th & 11th November—
 Groundnut Cake, per md. Rs. 5-10‡

OILSEEDS—**CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—**

† Bombay—
 Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt. Rs. 24-2 | 1st Nov. Rs. 25-4
 London, 31st October & 7th November—
 Castorseed (Bombay), per ton £ s. d. 47 0 0

COCONUTS—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin, 26th October & 2nd November—
 Coconuts, per 1,000 Rs. 185

COPRA—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin—
 Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs. 26th Oct. Rs. 430 | 2nd Nov. Rs. 440

- * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 ‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 § Govt. control retail rate.

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports	..	..

(b) Market Quotations—*** Bombay, 30th September—**

Cotton seed, per Indian Md. Rs. 6-3-0

GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—**

† Bombay—
 (1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt. 23rd Oct. Rs. 35-0 | 1st Nov. Rs. 37-0
 (2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt.

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations—**

† Madras, 31st October & 7th November—
 Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs. Rs. 91-1-0
 † Bombay—
 23rd October—
 Khandesh, per cwt. Rs. 24-8
 1st November—
 Bold, per cwt. Rs. 22-14
 London, 18th April—
 Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton £ s. d. 38 0 0

LINSEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	3	2,377
Bombay, by rail and sea	310	2,779
Karachi, by rail and river	..	..
Vizagapatam, by rail	..	531

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	6,246
Bombay	1,150	..
Karachi	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	..

- * Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 ‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—contd.**LINSEED—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—***** Bombay—**

	23rd Oct.	1st Nov.
(1) Bold, per cwt.	Rs. 24-8	Rs. 25-0
(2) Small, per cwt.	Rs. 24-3	Rs. 24-12

† Calcutta, 8th November—

Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md. Rs. 20-0 (Ready).

London, 2nd May—

Linseed, Bombay, per ton £ s. d. 46 10 0

RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	..	684
Bombay, by rail and sea	7	4
Karachi, by rail and river	18	445

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**† Karachi, 22nd & 30th October & 6th November—**

Per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately.
 Rapeseed and/or Toria (including bags) Rs. 107-0‡

*** Bombay, 29th June, 1945—**

- (1) Brown, Cawnpore, per cwt. Rs. 18-9 (n).
 (2) Yellow, " " " " " Rs. 23-0 (n).

London, 18th April—

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £ s. d. 39 10 0

- * Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 † Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 ‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 § Sind Govt. controlled price ex-godown in Karachi City.
 (n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 8th November—

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 61-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 60-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 59-8-0

† Madras—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	31st Oct. Rs. 260	7th Nov. Rs. 263
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COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin—

	26th Oct. Rs.	2nd Nov. Rs.
Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	665-0 Ready.	664-0 Ready.
	655-0 One month.	637-8 One month.

GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

‡ Madras, 26th October & 2nd November—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 245
--------------------------------------	---------

OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 8th November—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	(Rs. 4-4-3 || Rs. 4-7-3 ¶)
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	(Rs. 3-13-6 || Rs. 4-0-6 ¶)

PETROL—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 8th November—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.
-----------------------------	------------------------

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		4,340	302

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.

|| Ex-godown.

¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.

** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 7th September, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		201,016	26,986

From 1st January to 5th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	22,223

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 8th November—

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..†

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 8th November—

T. N. per B. maund	Rs. 143
London, 31st October & 7th November—	
T. N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d. 18 2 6

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—**(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined.	(In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea			596	3,171
" Bombay by rail			926	812
" Karachi " "			773	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
'A' grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
'B' grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
'C' grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

of 1945 :—		Refined. (In cwt.)			
		Java.	Mauri- tius.	Other Europe. Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1946		..	..	..	..
	1945	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Cawnpore, 2nd November—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	20 11 6	16 1 6
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 2 0	16 8 0
Basti, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 0 0	16 6 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 6 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	20 15 6	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

	(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)	1946.	1945.
† Calcutta (26th Oct. '46)	3,433	(27th Oct. '45)	32,473
Bombay (15th Aug. ")	65,400	(15th Aug. ")	100,500
Karachi (22nd Oct. ")	26,157	(25th Oct. ")	24,303
Madras (24th " ")	13,951	(27th " ")	26,006
† Calcutta (1st Nov. ")	3,333	(3rd Nov. ")	29,913
Bombay (2nd " ")	15,000	(" " ")	..
Karachi (31st Oct. ")	22,455	(" " ")	..
Madras (" " ")	13,315	(2nd Nov. ")	23,347

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending 26th October:—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siwa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..

Eating—

(3) Madras	20 9	..
(4) Ahmednagar	23 8	12 13
(5) Lyallpur	20 8	16 8
(6) Muzaffarnagar	..	11 12
(7) Meerut	..	9 0
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	32 0	15 0
(9) Dacca (best quality)	..	..

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.
† Kidderpore Docks only.**TEA—****(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		6,659	11,183

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 5th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		238	51,742
" Chittagong		..	..

(ii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	July '45 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom .	33,019	18,967	27,182	200,927
Iraq . . .	541	..	..	927
Iran . . .	354	60	60	2,484
Canada . .	4,986	200	..	17,927
United States of America . .	11,399	5,378	10,315	45,119
Australia . .	..	2,709	2,119	13,777
Other Countries .	1,769	4,782	2,012	16,860
TOTAL, 1945-46 .	52,068	32,096	41,888	298,021
.. 1944-45 .	46,551	46,487	40,953	302,014
.. 1943-44 .	45,650	16,366	27,831	235,824

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 29th & 30th October—

† Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. . . Rs. 1-1-10

WHEAT—**(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 5th October 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)			
	1946.		1945.	
	Indian†.	Foreign.	Indian†.	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta . . .	..	..	6,172	1,286
Bombay . . .	..	..	..	..
Karachi . . .	..	..	..	..

* Relating to tea, black.

† See also page 348.

‡ In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Wednesday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 18th November— £
British Conversion (3½ per cent) 115½
British War Loan (3½ per cent) 107½

EXCHANGE—

19th November—
Selling. Buying.
Telegraphic Transfer 1s. 5½d. 1s. 6½d.
On New York D/D \$100— Rs. 332½ Rs. 329½
London/New York \$4-02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 19th November—
Gold (-999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 100-12; forward
Rs. 90-12.

London, 25th October—

Gold, per fine oz. £8-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—

19th November—

Silver (-999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 152; forward
Rs. 145-12.

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

18th November—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 151-8

London, 14th November—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 55½d.

New York, 14th November—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 90½ cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 8TH NOVEMBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 18th November 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	740,05,22,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	327,50,20,000
3. Cash in India—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	38,25,80,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,08,25,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	71,95,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	70,63,17,000
5. Advances in India	402,04,88,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	22,57,25,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

	(In Thousands of Rupees.)			
	8-11-46.	1-11-46.	9-11-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	746,05,22	740,60,98	665,00,91	134,30,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	327,50,29	325,36,31	268,75,50	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	42,00,00	42,23,63	35,30,14	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	70,63,17	74,53,40	97,03,45	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	402,04,88	400,42,38	252,67,69	101,52,16
6. Bills discounted in India	22,57,25	21,89,47	15,64,10	3,57,29

Nov. 21, 1946.]

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 8th November 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	52,32,89,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	21,76,000
Deposits:—		Subsidiary Coin	2,15,000
(a) Government:—		Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(1) Central Government of India	447,14,96,000	(a) Internal	..
(2) Government of Burma	68,57,000	(b) External	..
(3) Other Government Accounts	23,51,90,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	1,80,66,000
(b) Banks	70,52,18,000	Balances held abroad*	487,66,24,000
(c) Others	11,78,79,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	..
Bills Payable	8,02,11,000	Other Loans and Advances	36,25,000
Other Liabilities	6,25,99,000	Investments	16,49,33,000
		Other Assets	28,08,22,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	586,97,50,000	TOTAL ASSETS	586,97,50,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 8th November 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	52,32,89,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,205,85,83,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	..	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
Total Notes issued		1,258,18,72,000	Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		20,60,25,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,13,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,258,18,72,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,258,18,72,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.765 per cent.

INDIA D. C. ROHTAS D. C. RANJIT A. C. ON I. S. D., FOR THE LAST 20 YRS.
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 B. 3062 W. 22-3-47.

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[Special Supplement No. 4—combining the issues of the "Indian Trade Journal", dated 23rd May and 30th May 1946, Vol. CLXI.]

Business Notice iv

NOTES.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER, COLOMBO, CHANGE OF OFFICE ADDRESS—

It is notified for general information that the address of the Office of the Indian Government Trade Commissioner, Colombo, has been changed from 12, Sri Wickrama Road, Colombo, to "Australia Buildings", Fort, Colombo.

INDIAN CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE REVENUE—

The total gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue, excluding Salt Revenue, collected in British India during the month of September 1946, amounted to Rs. 7,20 lakhs, as compared with Rs. 5,08 lakhs in August 1946 and Rs. 11,06 lakhs in September 1945. The total gross Central Excise duties on motor spirit, kerosene, sugar, matches, etc., amounted to Rs. 2,69 lakhs in September 1946, as compared with Rs. 2,92 lakhs in August 1946, and Rs. 3,50 lakhs in September 1945. The grand total of gross Customs and Central Excise Revenue realised in the six months ended September 1946, was Rs. 55,75 lakhs as compared with Rs. 87,14 lakhs during the same period of the preceding year. Of this amount, import duties accounted for Rs. 35,51 lakhs, export duties for Rs. 1,77 lakhs, land customs and miscellaneous for Rs. 50 lakhs and Central excise duties for Rs. 17,97 lakhs. Comparing the figures for the six months ended September 1946, with those for the corresponding period of the preceding year, there were increases under import duties on betelnuts, motor vehicles, artificial silk fabrics, metals other than iron and steel, silver and block tin, raw silk, cotton fabrics, wireless reception instruments and apparatus, raw cotton, spices, cinematograph films, artificial silk yarn and thread, silver bullion, coin sheets, plates and other manufactures, toys, games and sports goods, dyes derived from coal-tar and coal-tar derivatives, silk fabrics, paper and stationery, cotton yarn and thread, fabrics of artificial silk mixed with other materials, wheat and wheat flour, silk yarn and thread and railway plant and rolling stock, under export duties on jute, raw and manufactured and agricultural produce other than jute, rice and coffee and under excise duties on vegetable product and coffee. On the other hand, import duties on motor spirit, tobacco, kerosene oil, iron and steel, machinery, liquors, electric lighting bulbs and batching, fuel and lubricating oils, export duties on rice and cotton cloth and yarn, land customs receipts and excise duties on sugar, tobacco, matches, motor spirit, tyres, betelnuts and kerosene showed decreases.

ALL-INDIA INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES OF FOOD ARTICLES—

The following Press Note, dated the 31st October 1946, has been issued by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi:—

The Economic Adviser's All-India index of wholesale prices of Food Articles (Base: last week of August 1939=100) for the week ended October 19, 1946, remained stationary at 252.4 as in the previous week—the index for the corresponding week of the previous year being 235.8.

During the week, the group index for 'Pulses' advanced by 3 points to 363 as a result of a rise in the price of Gram from Rs. 8 to Rs. 8-3-0 per maund in Lahore. The group index for 'Cereals' remained unchanged at 281, while 'Other Food Articles' declined by about a point from 191 to 190.

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

INDIAN—

Wool Fat.

(JJ-56) A local firm desires to be put in touch with suppliers of Wool Fat in India.

FOREIGN—

Oil of Ocimum Gratissimum.

(JJ-57) A correspondent in New York (U. S. A.) desires to be put in touch with exporters in India of Oil of *Ocimum Gratissimum*, a volatile oil of a plant known as *Ram Tulsi*.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

CROPS. Madras, week ending 2nd November.—Rainfall very heavy in Chingleput, Madras, South Arcot and Tanjore; heavy in Trichinopoly, Madurai, Ramanad, Tinnevely and Nilgiris; moderate in Cuddapah, Nellore, Chittoor, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Malabar and South Kanara; fair in Guntur; and light or nil in other districts. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in West Godavari, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madurai, Malabar and South Kanara and of dry crops in Guntur, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Madurai proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madurai, Malabar and South Kanara in progress. Outturn generally fair. Bihar, week ending 11th November.—No rain reported. Condition and prospects of standing crops reported fair on the whole. Ploughing of fields and sowing of *rabi* crops continued. Orissa, week ending 11th November.—Rainfall moderate at Chhatrapur, light at Puri and Koraput while no rain elsewhere. Harvesting of early winter paddy in Balasore district and of autumn paddy in Samabalpur district in progress. Sowing of *rabi* crops in Balasore district going on. Pressing of sugarcane in Puri district commenced. Standing crops, including sugarcane, paddy and tobacco, generally thriving. Punjab, week ending 11th November.—Weather remained dry. Condition and expected yield of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Sowing of spring crops in progress. Assam, dated the 11th November.—Weather generally seasonable and its effects on crops fair. Prospects and outturn of crops generally fair, except in flooded areas in Nowgong. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 2nd November.—Weather generally clear and cool with occasional clouds towards close of week. As result of prolonged

drought, standing *kharif* crops on light soils in Wardha and Amraoti districts affected to varying degrees. Paddy on light soils in Raipur district also reported suffered to some extent for want of moisture. Rain urgently needed to improve condition of late variety of paddy and for proper germination of *rabi* crops. Standing crops in fairly satisfactory condition. Harvesting of paddy in progress. Sowing of *rabi* crops in full swing in districts of Central Provinces while nearing completion in Berar. Germination of *rabi* crops reported successful so far. Picking of cotton in progress in all important cotton-growing districts. Bengal, week ending 6th November.—Weather seasonable everywhere. Prospects of standing crops reported generally good. Sowing of *rabi* crops and harvesting of early *aman* paddy in some districts continuing.

Intermediate Crop Reports. Cotton: Central Provinces and Berar.—Since issue of second forecast weather has been clear and warm with occasional passing clouds. There was practically no rain in cotton tract till end of October. Prolonged dry weather caused some damage to crop, particularly on light soils. Recent showers received in cotton districts likely to cause some further damage to crop. Estimate of outturn, viz., 79.5 per cent of normal reported in second forecast, may be reduced by 7.5 per cent. Bombay.—Cotton progressing fairly well in most parts of province. In Gujarat crop in boll-formation stage but due to failure of October rains yield likely to be affected. In Deccan bolls developed well and picking commenced. In places in Karnatak sowing completed, but due either to deficient moisture or heavy showers resowing was necessary in places. Stray attacks of boll-worm and stem-borer observed in places in south Gujarat and of root-rot in places in Karnatak. Crop expected to yield between 65 and 85 per cent of normal. Madras.—In Central districts and South sowings of cotton still in progress. Area under crop expected below normal in South Arcot, North Arcot, Trichinopoly and Madurai and normal or nearly normal in other districts. In Deccan sowings of *Hingari* or late-sown cotton expected to be normal due to timely rains received during sowing season. Condition of standing crop reported generally satisfactory in all districts. North-West Frontier Province.—Since issue of October forecast, no change in total area recorded as sown with cotton reported. Yield expected to be average and rain needed. Bengal.—Since issue of second forecast, weather and its effect on growth of crop not favourable. Crop damaged due to excessive rains. Provincial outturn, including that for Tripura State, estimated 61 per cent of normal this year, as against 91 per cent of normal shown in corresponding return of last year. Assam.—Since issue of second forecast, weather continued generally favourable for crop and present prospects reported generally fair except in certain districts, specially Nowgong where crop badly affected by flood. Rice: Bengal (Winter Rice).—Since issue of first forecast, crop somewhat damaged in Rajshahi, Rangpur, Murshidabad, Dacca, Faridpur, Pabna, Bakarganj, Mymensingh, Makda, Howrah and 24 Parganas due to cyclone and excessive rains, but great improvement in growth of crop in other areas reported. Outturn per acre for province as a whole expected to be 90 per cent of normal this year, against 80 per cent of normal shown in corresponding return of last year. Bengal (Autumn Rice).—Weather and its effects on growth of standing crop favourable on the whole. Slight damage reported from south-west Bengal after 30th September, due to excessive rains. Outturn per acre, for province as a whole, estimated at 75 per cent of normal this year, against 80 per cent shown in corresponding return of last year. Central Provinces and Berar.—After issue of first forecast weather mostly clear and warm. Light showers received early in October proved beneficial to late-sown paddy in Jubbulpore and Bilaspur districts, but elsewhere rainfall generally insufficient. For want of good showers at time of maturity of late variety of paddy, outturn of crop affected to varying degree. Outturn of crop will be uneven, depending on nature of

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17th ANNEX, B. P. SQUARE, THE MALL, L.A.HORE.

soil and extent of irrigation. Provincial outturn expected much below normal. **Bombay.**—Since submission of last forecast, harvesting and reaping of early varieties of paddy reported from many parts. Late varieties in Gujarat and Konkan suffered to some extent due to inadequate late rains. In Konkan showers in early October caused shedding of grains to some extent while strong winds towards end of month lodged crop in places. Crop reported faring well in Deccan and Karnatak. Slight attacks of blue-bird beetles reported from places of Belgaum district in Karnatak. **Karpa and Kanne** fly pests in Konkan lessened. Crop yield expected to range from 50 per cent of normal to about normal. **Sugarcane:** *Central Provinces and Berar.*—Estimate of outturn, viz., 94.5 per cent of normal reported in second forecast, remains unaltered. **Bengal.**—Since submission of second forecast, crop reported damaged in some districts due to excessive rains and cyclonic weather. Weather and its effects on growth of crop in other districts generally favourable. Outturn per acre for province as a whole estimated at 77 per cent of normal this year, as against 78 per cent of normal in corresponding return of last year. **Bombay.**—Sugarcane reported faring well over most parts of province. Crop being harvested in Deccan. Grasshopper attack in Deccan lessened but reported from places in Karnatak. Crop expected to yield from 60 per cent of normal to normal.

Cotton. **Bombay,** 14th November.—Indian Cotton Contract January reported to have risen from Rs. 459 to Rs. 461.8.

Jute. **Calcutta,** 16th November.—Steady. Shippers buyers of First, Hearts and Outport Tossa at Rs. 165 for December 15 delivery, sellers Re. 1 to Rs. 2 more. Hessians 40" 10 oz. quoted at Rs. 44.4 ready. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 105 ready. Market firmer.

Shellac. **Calcutta,** 15th November.—T.N. Rs. 142 per B. Maund. **Tea.** Eighteenth Tea Sale, Calcutta, 12th and 13th November.—129 packages Green Tea at average price Re. 1-10-1, 9,754 packages other sorts at average price Re. 1-3-10 and 14,914 packages Dust at average price Re. 1-3-7 sold for consumption in India. All types of leaf teas, including Darjeelings and Greens, met strong support and advanced one to two annas a pound in price, common and low medium Broken Pekoe Souchongs showing greatest rise. Market for Dusts strong for all types and market 1½ to 2 annas dearer.

Reserve Bank rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

REPORT OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER IN EAST AFRICA, MOMBASA, FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 1946.

Trading Conditions.

ON the whole, in the sphere of trade and commerce the month of April 1946 recorded a slight increase in activity, particularly owing to the Import Control Authorities having released certain consignments of piecegoods which had been subject to freezing orders and also due to the arrival of further supplies from India and America. Traders were, however, still understocked. It was considered likely that the position might be more aggravated by Government restriction on the issue of further licences for the import of American piecegoods. Unlike earlier in the year, American piecegoods market had soared high with nothing to justify about the quality of the goods for such an unprecedented rise in prices. American piecegoods were proving to be rather dead stocks with the importers as the African population which consumes the bulk of this line of goods was finding them beyond its purchasing power in spite of the improvement in its standard of living during recent years. Large orders were understood to have been placed with Belgium and Italy for piecegoods and blankets.

Agricultural position in East Africa was reported to be satisfactory, although the rains had begun later than usual. In Kenya, the invasion of pests on the Coffee estates was halted after considerable damage had been already done. The Coffee crop in Tanganyika, however, ensured reasonable prospects. Sisal, both in Kenya and Tanganyika, had considerably benefited from the increased rainfall. The marketing of the Cotton crop in Uganda was completed and the purchases of seed cotton from the growers approximated to 216,000 bales of lint cotton.

Imports.

Except in piecegoods, the condition of imports was steadily improving. Goods from the United Kingdom figured largely, although continental countries too had begun to show signs of lively interest in the East African markets.

Trade Enquiries.

In spite of the gradual flow of goods into the East African market from the U.K., the U.S.A., and certain continental countries which had lost no time in endeavouring to regain the trade lost to them during war-time, an appreciable number of trade enquiries still continued to be received in this office from East African merchants for Indian manufactured goods. As a result of trade introductions given by the Trade Commissioner's office, in response to these enquiries, it is likely that a number of importers in East Africa had already addressed the manufacturers and exporters in India and in some cases transactions have been made. In this connection it would not be out of place to impress upon the exporters in India the advisability of quoting rock-bottom prices and paying special attention to the quality and packing of goods. The war is now over and with a view to competing on equal terms with India's trade rivals in these markets, it is essential for the manufacturers and exporters in India to adopt more scientific methods of trade. It is generally felt that export restrictions on various classes of goods still prevailing in India, are a hindrance to the development of India's export trade with East Africa. In spite of similar conditions of scarcity and short supply of goods for home consumption, other overseas countries in their anxiety not to lose contacts with these markets, have still managed to cater for the requirements of the East African importers in respect of various classes of goods.

Some of the important trade enquiries received from the East African firms during the period under report are summarised below:—

Bicycles, Tricycles and Accessories, Fountain Pens, etc.—A firm in Nairobi desired to be put in touch with manufacturers in India of bicycles, tricycles and accessories, fountain pens, gramophone parts and leather goods.

Enamelware, Glassware, etc.—A Mombasa firm asked for names of manufacturers and suppliers in India of enamelware, glassware, and sundry goods such as hosiery, coir mats and matting, carpets and rugs, leather goods, etc. Necessary information was furnished.

Aluminiumware, Crockery, Enamelware.—Another firm in Nairobi desired to be introduced to suppliers in India of aluminiumware, enamelware, crockery and brassware.

Cotton and Woollen Piecegoods, Hosiery, etc.—A firm in Kampala (Uganda) desired business contact with manufacturers and shippers in India of cotton and woollen piecegoods, hosiery, leather goods, stationery, hardware, cutlery, cycle and cycle accessories and crockery. Lists, as far as available, were forwarded to the enquirer.

Hardened Edible Oil (Vegetable Ghee).—A firm in Zanzibar desired to import hardened edible oil from India to supplement the acute supply position of ghee and other edible oil in the territory, and asked for special recommendation to the Government of India for favour of allocation of a quota of 25 to 50 tons. It was explained to the enquirer that owing to similar scarcity of supply in India of edible oils and especially of ghee, for which vegetable ghee is largely used as a substitute, it would be inopportune to raise the question of grant of export permit from India at present.

Cotton Piecegoods, Fancy Goods, etc.—A firm in Kisumu (Kenya) asked for names of suppliers in India of cotton piecegoods, fancy goods, and haberdashery.

Silverware, Silver Filligree Works and Silver Sports Goods.—A well-known firm of jewellery, gold and silver-smith in Nairobi, desired to be introduced to reliable and prominent manufacturers and exporters in India of silverware, silver filligree, sports-goods and ivoryware, and other such fancy goods.

Oil-expelling Machinery, etc.—A prominent firm in Mombasa, owning certain important industrial concerns in East Africa, asked for names of manufacturers in India of oil-expelling machinery and also machinery for manufacturing aluminium utensils and of boots and shoes.

Automobile-Accessories and Spare Parts, Hardware, Stationery, etc.—A firm in Moshi (Tanganyika Territory) asked for addresses of Indian manufacturers of motor spare parts and accessories, hardware, building materials, tools, stationery, glassware, etc. Lists as far as available from records, were furnished to the party.

REPORT OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER, ALEXANDRIA, FOR THE MONTHS OF MAY AND JUNE 1946.

General.

FROM the beginning of this year the cost-of-living index in the Lebanon has been rapidly declining. Though one can now say that the upward tendency has been checked throughout the region of the Middle East, the fall in the cost of living is by no means general in all countries. In Turkey, from where the latest figures are not available at the time of writing, the cost of living has been rising.

Cost-of-Living Indices in the Middle East Countries.

Base = 100	Egypt.	Lebanon.	Palestine.	Sudan.	Cyprus.
	June-Aug. 1939.	June-Aug. 1939.	Pre-war	1938.	Aug. 1939
1946—					
January	201	618	262	100	231
February	290	504	250	167	236
March	288	578	238	171	240
April	285	542	260	170	242
May	284	524	261	174	245
June	..	527	261	172	258

Egypt.

The upward tendency in the foreign trade of the country has continued. The demand for imported goods of all descriptions has shown no signs of slackening, but wholesale as well as retail prices have remained high. In the year 1945, though the total import value of £.E. 57.7 million was very much above the 1938 figure of £.E. 36.8 million, the volume of trade was certainly much less than in the pre-war year. The increase in wholesale prices hides the real fact that the foreign trade, in terms of quantity, has shrunk.

Syria and Lebanon.

The situation for the foreign trade of these countries was reaching a crisis of a peculiar kind. Huge quantities of merchandise had been ordered and some had already arrived. But they were goods for which the demand in these countries is limited; for example, it is estimated that the number of tooth brushes imported into Beirut, but not cleared from Customs, was sufficient to meet the needs of Syria and Lebanon for the next thirty years. Realizing that they had no chance of disposing of their stocks, importers were not clearing their goods through Customs. It was evident that at the moment the interest of merchants in expanding trade relations with India could only be academic.

Trade Enquiries.

MAY 1946.

Egypt.—Cotton piecegoods, rattan, cotton yarn, pith hats, leather (tanned).

Sudan.—Spices, textiles, jute bags, tea, coffee, pulses, stationery, underwears and hosiery, stockings, handkerchiefs, haberdashery.

Palestine.—Cotton and silk piecegoods, yarns, leather, fish meals, iron pig, galvanised sheets of iron and steel, building material, timber, plywood, handkerchiefs, hosiery, tallow.

Syria.—Building materials, mild steel, white cement, earthenware, cotton piecegoods.

Turkey.—Shirtings, sheetings, poplin, velvet, woollen piecegoods, copra, raw buffle, cow hides, beeswax, cereals, linen fibres, groundnuts, cotton yarns, rubber, spices, cotton piecegoods, carbons, lead, hemp, jute bags, all kinds of steel and steel work, iron tubes, drills, ropes (manilla), cutlery and household ware, rubber goods, leather (chamois), celluloid, radio accessories, paints and varnishes (enamel), woodworking, nuts and screws, essences, castor oil, ropes and cordage, hides and skins.

Iraq.—Paints, colours and varnishes, cycles, tyres and tubes, cotton, woollen, artificial silk, piecegoods, cotton yarns, cotton piecegoods, towels, handkerchiefs, cotton threads, underwear.

JUNE 1946.

Egypt.—Tools, machines, pipes, valves, bolts and nuts, rivets, iron wire, wire rope, aluminium ware, aluminium combs, cutlery, matches.

Sudan.—Canvas shoes with rubbersoles, aluminiumware, glassware, cotton piecegoods, silk, artificial silk, matches, chinaware, hosiery, knitted underwear, Roassa oil, tea, spices, condiments.

Palestine.—Cotton braids, pedaline, neora, hat braids, groundnut cakes, oil cakes, cotton piecegoods, leather hides, silk piecegoods.

Turkey.—Suitings, shirtings, poplins, sheetings, yarns, hosiery, handkerchiefs, aluminiumware, earthenware, enamelware, boilers, drugs, ivoryware, spices, cotton yarns, jute gunnies, cotton piecegoods, hides, spices, condiments, shellac, rubber goods, cotton, oilseeds, manilla rope.

Iraq.—Motor car spare parts and accessories, spices, jute, canvas, twines, coir mats and matting, pickles, dry fruits, oils, biscuits, cotton piecegoods, playing cards, soap, brushes, stationery, coffee, tea, blankets, leather, toilet requisites, paints, timber, baby tricycles.

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MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 18th November—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 62-0-0 per md. loose.
Linseed oil, Up-country Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 58-0-0 per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—Prices have been marked up further in the linseed market during the week, but activity has been very limited. Arrivals have been very scarce, and sellers are reserved even at these prices. Owing to a steady oil market, fair enquiries have been received from local millers, but only small quantities are reported to have changed hands for immediate delivery.

Bombay, 15th November—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 16-0-0 per quarter.
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[No stock figures are available.]

BOOKS OF REFERENCE.

STATISTICAL PUBLICATIONS—

The following publication has been issued by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, India:—

Indian Customs and Central Excise Revenue for September 1946. (Price 1 anna or 1½d.) This statement shows Indian Sea and Land Customs and Central Excise Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue) collected in British India in the month of September and the six months ended September 1946, as compared with the corresponding periods of the two preceding years. The actuals for the year* 1944-45 and 1945-46 and the budget estimates for 1946-47 under the specific heads of revenue are also shown therein.

Copies of the above publication are obtainable from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, from the Government of India Book Depot, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta, and also from the agents for the sale of India Government publications a list of whom can be obtained on application to the Manager.

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B. 2925 W. 28-12-46.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUÉS AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

EXPORT OF COTTON: FLOOR PRICES RAISED—

The following Press Note, dated the 26th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

The Government of India, after carefully reviewing the whole question regarding the export of Indian cotton in consultation with the representatives of producers, consumers and exporters, have come to the following conclusions:

- that the embargo on the export of Indian cotton stapling over 11/16" should be continued for the present;
- that the quota for export of cotton of 11/16" staple and below shall be up to 2 lakh bales for the period ending December 1946 over and above the 3 lakh bales agreed to by Government for export to Japan. Export to Japan, however, would be on a Government to Government basis; and
- that the quota for export for the period January to April 1947 shall be 5 lakh of bales.

Government also expect to be able to allocate an additional quota of 5 lakh of bales from May 1 to August 31, 1947, if their present estimates of new crops and the consumption by Indian mills prove to be correct.

Quotas for Different Countries.

In regard to the 2 lakh bales fixed for export for the period ending December 1946, the following destination quotas have now been fixed for different countries:—

U. K.	50,000 bales
Australia	1,000 "
European countries (excluding U. K. and Germany)	50,000 "
U. S. A.	15,000 "
China	65,000 "
Other countries	13,700 "

Export licences up to 75 per cent of these quotas will be granted to established shippers, i.e., those who exported cotton to these countries during the three years ending March 1939 and applications should be made to the Export Trade Controller at the port concerned with evidence of their exports during the basic period.

The remaining 25 per cent of the quotas have been reserved for non-established shippers. Applications by such shippers should also be made to the Export Trade Controller at the port concerned along with evidence of their exports during other years, if any, and a certificate from either the East India Cotton Association, Bombay, or the Karachi Cotton Association, Karachi, that the applicant is a bona fide cotton trader for the last three years. Allotment of licences against applications from these exporters will be made by the Chief Controller of Exports with the approval of the Commerce Department in New Delhi.



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B. 3182 W. 31-10-46.

Exports to European countries and to the group "other countries" would be administered on a group basis, i.e., exporters to any of these destinations in these groups will be allowed to export to any destination they choose in the respective groups. Exporters to Japan will be eligible to export to China on the basis of their export to Japan during the basic period.

Exports of Linters and Yellow Pickings will be allowed freely.

Cotton covered by genuine contracts entered into with foreign buyers prior to the 13th May 1946 up to 13/16" in staple, provided the cotton sold and exported actually belongs to the 1945-46 or older crop, will be licensed for export in addition to the quotas mentioned above.

Floor Prices Raised.

The Government of India have also decided to raise the floor prices of Indian cottons by Rs. 80 per candy in the case of Jarilla fine 1/2" staple and pro rata for other types and varieties. The market price for Jarilla has for some time been above the new floor. Government therefore believe that this action will ensure the grower a better price without making any material difference to the cost of production of cloth. The ceiling prices will, however, remain unaltered.

The new floors as a result of this decision shall be as follows:—

No.	Description (Season 1946-47).	Staple length.	Floor Price 1946-47.
1.	Fine Jarilla	3/4"	430
2.	Fine Broach	3/4"	430
3.	Fine Surti	7/8"	545
4.	Fine RG 4F Punjab/American	3/4"	450
5.	Fine RG LSS Punjab/American	13/16"	400
6.	Fine RG 280F Punjab/American	7/8"	500
7.	Fine SG 4F Punjab/American	3/4"	450
8.	Fine SG LSS Punjab/American	13/16"	520
9.	Fine SG 280F Punjab/American	7/8"	615
10.	Fine RG 4F Sind/American	3/4"	450
11.	Fine RG LSS Sind/American	13/16"	490
12.	Fine RG NT Sind/American	7/8"	515
13.	Fine SG 4F Sind/American	3/4"	450
14.	Fine SG LSS Sind/American	13/16"	520
15.	Fine SG NT Sind/American	7/8"	560
16.	Fine Bhollerias	3/4"	...
17.	Fine Kalagin	3/4"	...
18.	Fullygood Bengal Deshi	...	...
19.	Fine Gomra Deshi	...	...
20.	Fine Sind Deshi	...	...
21.	Fine MG Compta	7/8"	530
22.	Fine MG Upland	13/16"	480
23.	Fine MG Western	13/16"	455
24.	Fine MG Cambodia	7/8"	550
25.	Fine MG Karungann	13/16"	480

A communiqué regarding the imposition of an export duty is being issued separately.

EXPORT DUTY ON RAW COTTON—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 26th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

The Government of India have promulgated an Ordinance* taking powers to impose an export duty on raw cotton at such rate as the Central Government may fix from time to time by notification in the *Gazette of India*, within the maximum prescribed. This Ordinance comes into immediate effect, and the Central Government have notified* that, until further orders, the rate of duty fixed in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance shall be Rs. 20 per bale.

ENEMY TRADING: MONEY OR PROPERTY OF CERTAIN PERSONS RESIDENT IN INDIA SINCE THE 3RD SEPTEMBER 1939, BUT WHO HAVE SINCE THE 1ST SEPTEMBER 1946 BECOME RESIDENT IN GERMANY OR AUSTRIA—

The following Notification [No. 76(15)-E.T.(A)/46(1), dated the 9th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 49(23)-Tr.(W)/40, dated the 6th June 1940†, and sub-clause (1) of clause 3 of the Enemy Property (Custody and Registration) Order, 1939, shall not apply to:

- any money which would but for the existence of a state of war become payable to or for the benefit of any person (other than a person who has been in internment or restricted to a parole centre in India at any time on or after the 1st September 1946) who has been resident in India at any time since the 3rd September 1939, but who has since the 1st September 1946 become resident in Germany or Austria; and
- any property belonging to any such person as aforesaid.

ENEMY TRADING: MONEY OR PROPERTY OF CERTAIN PERSONS WHO ARE ENEMY SUBJECTS AND WERE RESIDENT IN INDIA SINCE THE 3RD SEPTEMBER 1939, BUT WHO AFTER THE 1ST SEPTEMBER 1946 CEASE TO BE RESIDENT IN INDIA AND BECOME RESIDENT IN GERMANY OR AUSTRIA—

The following Notification [No. 76(15)-E.T.(A)/46(2), dated the 9th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 7th November 1946, page 287.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 13th June 1940, page 647.

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to direct that the provisions of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 72(1)-Tr.(W)/39, dated the 2nd November 1939*, and sub-clause (1) of clause 3 of the Enemy Property (Custody and Registration) Order, 1939, shall not apply to:

(a) any money which would but for the existence of a state of war become payable to or for the benefit of any person who is an enemy subject (not being a person who has been in internment or restricted to a parole centre in India at any time on or after the 1st September 1946) who has been resident in India at any time since the 3rd September 1939, but who after the 1st September 1946 ceases to be resident in India and becomes resident in Germany or Austria; and

(b) any property belonging to any such person as aforesaid.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: CONTROL SALES OF MICROSCOPES DISCONTINUED—

The following Notice, dated the 2nd November 1946, has been issued by the Import Trade Controller, New Custom House, Calcutta:—

Intimation has been received from the authorities in the United Kingdom that the non-statutory control sales of microscopes whereby manufacturers supplied microscopes only against permits issued by the Ministry of Supply, London, was discontinued on the 30th September 1946 in view of the improved production position. Manufacturers are now free to execute orders without the necessity of first obtaining permits as stated above.

As importers are aware, procurement will be on a free-for-all basis, though manufacturers will be enjoined to honour all permits already issued as a first charge on their output. The import of Microscopes from the United Kingdom is now covered by Open General Licence No. VII published with Commerce Department Notification No. 1-ITC/46, dated the 22nd January 1946. They may therefore place orders on the United Kingdom manufacturers for their requirements as early as possible in view of the changed conditions.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 9th November 1939, page 438.

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B. 3013 W. 18-1-47.

PRICE OF KEROSENE TINS—

The following Press Note, dated the 31st October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Works, Mines and Power:—

The Government of India have authorised an increase in the selling price of new 4-gallon black plate kerosene tins from Re. 0-12-6 to Re. 0-13-0 with effect from November 1, 1946.

NEW SCHEME FOR DISTRIBUTION OF IRON AND STEEL: ALLOTMENT TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC DOUBLED—

The following Press Note, dated the 5th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

With a view to ensuring a fair distribution of iron and steel, of which there is a great shortage in the country, the Government of India have decided in consultation with the Provinces, to introduce immediately a new scheme of allotment. In this scheme, the allotment to the general public has been nearly doubled in comparison with what has been available to them since the end of the war.

According to the scheme, all the available iron and steel will be divided into two quotas, one for the Railways and the other for industrial and civilian needs. The Railway quota will be operated by the Railway Board and the other by the Iron and Steel Controller.

India's production of iron and steel for 1947 is estimated at 900,000 tons. Although capacity exists for 1,200,000 tons, failure of adequate supplies of metallurgical coal and the increase in labour troubles have lowered and are still hampering indigenous production. As there is a world shortage of iron and steel, imports into India during 1947 may not be more than 150,000 tons. Allotments for 1947 would therefore be: Railways—300,000 tons; Iron and Steel Controller—750,000 tons.

The Iron and Steel Controller's quota will be for specific allotments during 1947 of (1) 150,000 tons for industrial maintenance and packing purposes, (2) 210,000 tons to steel processing industries, (3) 80,000 tons for the development schemes of the Central, Provincial and State Governments, (4) 50,000 tons to the development of private industries, (5) 250,000 tons to the public including small-scale manufacturers of consumer goods in Provinces and States and (6) 10,000 tons for export, which will be reduced to an absolute minimum and allowed only on the orders of the Government.

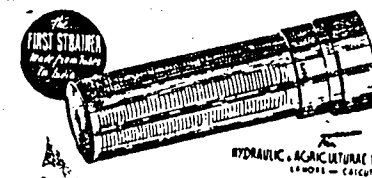
The allotment to steel processing industries will be effected on the advice of the Director-General, Industries and Supplies, and with the co-operation of Trade Associations where they exist. The distribution of steel for industrial maintenance and packing will also be done mostly through Industrial Associations or Government authorities concerned with such industries. As regards Government development schemes, the Departments will send a programme of demands relating to various categories of steel required for each period of 1947. If available, steel will be allotted to cover all the programmes, otherwise the Controller will submit the case to the Government for priority decisions.

ARJUNA

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Hydraulic and Agricultural Industries, Ltd., Lahore and Calcutta.

Development of Private Industry.

In order to aid private industry in the establishment of new factories and production units, a separate allotment has been made. The distribution of this will be made by the Iron & Steel Controller on the advice of Departments concerned. The Electrical Commissioner, Simla, the Textile Commissioner, Bombay, the Coal Commissioner, Calcutta, the Iron & Steel Controller, Calcutta, and Development Officers in the Directorate General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, will be the sponsoring authorities in respect of electrical installations, textile mills, collieries, iron and steel production and other industries respectively. These authorities will arrange the demands in order of priority and send them with their recommendations. If the demands exceed the allotment, the Iron & Steel Controller will obtain a priority decision and distribute the available steel accordingly.

Iron and steel for the public will be allotted to individual Provinces and States after taking into consideration the pre-war distribution of steel, area and population and other factors. Normally, the allotment will be made available through the registered stockholders. Members of the general public requiring steel will have to apply to the provincial officer concerned for a permit. On the authority of the provincial permits steel may be obtained from the registered stock-holder named in the permit.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: CERTAIN SPECIFIED OFFICERS AUTHORISED TO DISCHARGE THE FUNCTION OF SPECIFYING THE PERSONS TO WHOM CLOTH OR YARN MAY BE SOLD OR DELIVERED: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 84-TA/46(i), dated the 21st October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 21 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, and with the sanction of the Central Government, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(13)/44, dated the 16th December 1944*, namely:—

In the table appended to the said notification, for entry number 8, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"8. Mr. A. G. Menon, Assistant Director."

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DELEGATION OF POWERS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 84-TA/46(ii), dated the 21st October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 21 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, and with the sanction of the Central Government, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 28th December 1944, pages 382-83.

FOR AGRICULTURAL & INDUSTRIAL INDIA

Notification No. T.C.(47)/46, dated the 11th February 1946* namely:—

In the table appended to the said Notification, for entry No. 3, the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"3 (i) Assistant Director of Civil Supplies (Cloth) and Under Secretary to the Government, Supplies and Transport Department, Lahore, Punjab.

(ii) The Provincial Cloth Control Officer, Punjab."

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DELEGATION OF POWERS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 84-TA/46, dated the 29th October 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 21 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, and with the sanction of the Central Government, I hereby direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(48)/46, dated the 2nd April 1946†, namely:—

In the said notification, after entry No. 2, the following entry shall be added, namely:—

"3. Mr. M. R. Kazimi, Director (Handlooms)."

S. W. SHIVESHWARKAR,
Textile Commr.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES FIXED—

The following Press Note, dated the 7th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

The Government of India have fixed the maximum retail sale prices of certain 'Commer' vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Rootes Ltd., London, U. K. These prices take effect from November 7, 1946.

The privilege of selling these articles at double the landed cost allowed under clause 4(1) of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, is automatically cancelled and no one will after November 7, 1946, be permitted to sell these articles at prices exceeding the approved notified prices.

The Government have also made amendments to the price lists of motor vehicle batteries published from time to time. The new prices come into force from November 12, 1946.

The prices of 'Commer' motor vehicle spare parts and amendments to the price lists of motor vehicle batteries have been published in the *Gazettes of India Extraordinary* of October 27 and 29, respectively, and the price lists are obtainable on payment from the Manager, Central Publications Branch, Civil Lines, Delhi.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 28th March 1946, page 519.
† See the Special Supplement to the Indian Trade Journal, No. 2, dated the 8th August 1946, page 275.



M. 2008 W. 31-1-47.

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B. 8076 W. 22-6-47.

RAILWAY EARNINGS—

Approximate Earnings of Period.—The total approximate gross earnings of the Budget lines for the period (10 days) ending 10th October 1946 (10th period), amounted to Rs. 5,23 lakhs. This is:—

(a) Rs. 20 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 86 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

Cumulative Earnings from the Beginning of the Financial Year.—The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 10th October 1946 amount to Rs. 107.03 crores. This is:—

(a) Rs. 12.86 crores less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 15.19 crores more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

The following are the up-to-date approximate gross earnings of Budget lines from 1st April 1946 as compared with the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year and 1943-44:—

Railways.	Up to 10th Oct. 1945.	Up to 10th Oct. 1946.	Up to 10th Oct. 1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year as compared with previous year.
	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)
B. A.	8.50	16.65	9.49	—7.16
B. N.	8.75	10.76	9.63	—1.13
B., B. & C. I.	9.91	10.86	11.98	+1.12
E. I.	16.93	23.77	18.00	—5.77
G. I. P.	15.34	17.66	17.20	—46
M. & S. M.	7.10	9.85	9.83	—2
N. W.	16.31	18.73	19.80	+1.07
Oudh Tirhut	3.28	4.23	3.85	—38
S. I.	5.28	6.84	6.75	—9
Other Railways	44	54	50	—4
TOTAL	91.84	1,19.80	1,07.03	—12.86

WAGON LOADINGS—

Comparison of Figures of Wagon Loadings on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded during the period (10 days) ending 10th October:—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	127,518	115,683	Per cent. —9.28
Metre gauge	65,820	56,997	—13.4

(b) Total number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded from 1st April to 10th October:—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	2,460,546	2,347,206	Per cent. —4.60
Metre gauge	1,474,744	1,184,384	—19.7

(c) Details of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded on broad and metre gauges and the total loading on both gauges from 1st April to 10th October:—

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
I.—Broad Gauge.			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	516,530	516,365	—0.03
(ii) Grains and pulses	177,702	170,120	—4.33
(iii) Oil seeds	46,055	35,247	—23.5
(iv) Cotton	32,562	31,790	—2.37
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	233,393	223,276	—4.33
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,282,370	1,174,315	—8.43
(vii) Home line stores and materials	171,844	100,174	—41.7
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., E. I., & G. I. P. Railways.	90,766	104,643	+15.3
II.—Metre Gauge.			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	86,590	97,381	+12.5
(ii) Grains and pulses	141,257	161,487	+14.3
(iii) Oil seeds	47,058	32,512	—28.8
(iv) Cotton	26,134	23,343	—10.7
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	187,702	191,937	+2.3
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	893,388	572,296	—35.9
(vii) Home line stores and materials	112,606	99,428	—11.7

* Included in item (vii).

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RESERVED**WAGON LOADINGS—contd.**

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
III.—Total (Broad and Metre Gauges).			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	603,129	613,746	+1.70
(ii) Grains and pulses	319,049	337,616	+5.82
(iii) Oil seeds	93,113	68,759	—26.2
(iv) Cotton	58,696	60,133	+2.45
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	401,095	415,213	+3.52
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	2,175,758	1,746,611	—19.7
(vii) Home line stores and materials	284,450	289,602	+1.81

—:—

TONNAGE LIFTED ON CLASS I RAILWAYS—

Comparison of Figures of 'Tonnage Lifted' on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of Tons lifted during the period (10 days) ending 10th October:—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	1,817,735	1,719,104	—5.43
Metre gauge	492,977	379,929	—22.0

(b) Number of Tons lifted from 1st April to 10th October:—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	37,043,291	35,830,559	—3.3
Metre gauge	10,615,791	8,086,379	—23.8

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS.**CANADA.****IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.**

With reference to the notice on the above subject, published in the *Indian Trade Journal* of the 28th March 1946 (page 627), the India Government Trade Commissioner, Toronto, has advised that Memorandum WM No. 113 (Revised), dated the 9th February 1946, has since been superseded by Memorandum WM No. 113 Revised Supplement No. 2 Revised, dated the 2nd July 1946, issued by the Department of National Revenue (Customs Division), Canada, Ottawa, which is given below for general information:—

Prohibited Imports.

The Minister of National Revenue, Ottawa, Canada, has authorized the issuance of General Permit No. G-2413 for the importation of the following hides, skins and leathers specified in Memorandum WM No. 113 Revised:—

Tariff Item 599 . . . Hides and skins, raw, whether dry, salted, or pickled; and raw pelts.
Tariff Items 604, . . . Unmanufactured leather.
604a, 604b, et al.

This General Permit is issued in a single copy which is retained in the Department of National Revenue (Customs Division), Canada, the number of which is to be endorsed on all relative import documents.

PROHIBITED IMPORTS.

The India Government Trade Commissioner, Toronto, has advised that under authority granted by the National Emergency Transitional Powers Act, the Department of National Revenue (Customs Division), Canada, Ottawa, has issued Memorandum WM No. 115, dated the 14th June 1946, which prohibits the importation into Canada of certain yarns and fabrics, except under and in accordance with the terms noted therein. The Memorandum is reproduced below for general information:—

Prohibited Imports.

The importation into Canada of the yarns and fabrics enumerated in the following tariff items is prohibited except under and in accordance with the terms of a permit issued by or on behalf of the Minister of National Revenue, Canada, Ottawa, namely:—

551—Yarns, composed wholly or in part of wool or hair but not containing silk or artificial silk, n.o.p.

551a—Yarns and warps composed wholly of wool or in part of wool or hair, imported by manufacturers for use exclusively in their own factories, n.o.p.

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B. 5064 WS. 5-12-46.



B. 2908 W. 31-1-47.

"PUBLICITY SYNDICATE."

551d—Yarns and warps, spun on the worsted system, composed wholly of wool or in part of wool or hair, imported by manufacturers for use in their own factories in the manufacture of woven fabrics in chief part by weight of wool or hair and not exceeding six ounces to the square yard, when in the gray or unfinished condition, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Minister.

554—Woven fabrics, composed wholly or in chief part by weight of yarns of wool or hair, not exceeding in weight six ounces to the square yard, n. o. p., when imported in the gray or unfinished condition, for the purpose of being dyed or finished in Canada.

554b—Woven fabrics composed wholly or in part of yarns of wool or hair, n.o.p.

554c—Woven fabrics, composed wholly or in chief part by weight of yarns of wool or hair, not exceeding in weight four ounces to the square yard, when imported in the gray or unfinished condition, for the purpose of being dyed or finished in Canada.

The Minister of National Revenue has authorized the issuance of General Permit No. G-2412 for the importation of the goods enumerated in the above-mentioned tariff items.

This General Permit has been issued in a single copy and is retained in the Department of National Revenue (Customs Revenue), Canada, the number of which is to be endorsed on all relative import documents.

TARIFF CHANGE : WOVEN FABRICS, WHOLLY OF COTTON, ETC.

With reference to the notice, published in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 10th December 1942, page 484, the India Government Trade Commissioner, Toronto, has informed that by Order in Council 2868, dated July 12th, 1946, passed under authority of the Customs Act, the previous tariff treatment is cancelled and during the period July 1st, 1946, to March 31st, 1947, the under-mentioned product is accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated :—

Woven fabrics, wholly of cotton, when imported by manufacturers of cotton bags for use exclusively in the manufacture of cotton bags in their own factories.

British Preferential Tariff Free.
Intermediate Tariff Free.
General Tariff Free.

(To be designated as Tariff Item 844.)

TARIFF CHANGE : WOOL.

By order in Council P.C. 2850, dated July 9th, 1946, passed under authority of the Customs Act, the undermentioned product is accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated during the period July 1st, 1946, to December 31st, 1946 :

"Wool, in the grease, when imported by papermaker felt manufacturers for use exclusively in the manufacture of papermakers' felt, in their own factories.

British Preferential Tariff Free.
Intermediate Tariff Free.
General Tariff Free."

(To be designated as Tariff Item 852.)

BUDGET, 1946-47.

The India Government Trade Commissioner, Toronto, Canada, has forwarded a copy of a Memorandum (Series D No. 47, T. C. 223) Circular No. 890-C, dated the 27th June 1946, issued by the Department of National Revenue (Customs and Excise Divisions), Canada, Ottawa, which contains the Budget Resolutions affecting the Customs Tariff, the Excise Act, 1934, the Special War Revenue Act, 1915, and the Amending Acts, introduced in the Canadian Parliament on the 27th June 1946.

Special War Revenue Act.

Provision is made by these Resolutions to amend the Special Revenue Act and to provide :—

1. That the Securities Transfer Tax be extended to apply to rights to receive shares of stock ;
2. That the present graduated excise tax on cigars be changed to an *ad valorem* tax of 25 per cent ;
3. That any enactments founded on resolutions Nos. 1 and 2 shall be deemed to have come into force on June 28, 1946, and to have applied on all goods imported or taken out of warehouse for consumption on or after that day and to have applied to goods previously imported for which no entry for consumption was made before that day ;
4. That the rate of premium tax payable by mutual insurance companies other than life insurance companies and companies carrying on business under the premium deposit plan be reduced from 3 per cent to 2 per cent, and in the case of exchanges from 4 per cent to 2 per cent in respect of premiums received after December 31st, 1946 ;
5. That the rate of premium tax payable by insurance companies carrying on business under the premium deposit plan be reduced from 4 per cent to 3 per cent in respect of premiums received after December 31st, 1946 ; and
6. That a deduction be allowed to insurance companies from the premium taxes payable under the Act of the taxes on premiums, paid to the Government of any province in respect of premiums received after December 31st, 1946.

Excise Act.

Provision is made by these Resolutions to amend the Excise Act and to provide :—

1. That the Excise Duty of \$3 per thousand on cigars be reduced to \$1 per thousand.
2. That any enactment founded on this resolution shall be deemed to have come into force on the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and forty-six.

Customs Tariff.

Provision is made to amend the Schedule A to the Customs Tariff by striking out therefrom tariff items 4, 72c, 143, 168, 197d, 208, 216a, 219c, 227b, 326c, 438b, 438c, 438d, 438i, 442, 445j, 462a, 616 (iii), 653, 700a, 703 and 709, the several enumeration of goods respectively and the several rates of duties of customs if any, set opposite each of the said items, and by inserting the

following items, enumerations and rates of duty in the said Schedule A :—

(Only tariff items of interest to India are shown below.)

Tariff Item.	Description of Goods.	British Preferential Tariff.	Intermediate Tariff.	General Tariff.
143	Cigars, the weight of the bands and ribbons to be included in the weight for duty— per pound and	\$3.50 25 p.c.	\$3.50 25 p.c.	\$3.50 25 p.c.
272b	Paraffin wax, n.o.p.	15 p.c.	22½ p.c.	25 p.c.
272c	Paraffin wax when imported for use exclusively in the manufacture of candles.	10 p.c.	12½ p.c.	23 p.c.
560d	Woven fabrics, not exceeding two inches in width, made with unserrated selvages, generally known as single double or four shot corded ribbon, imported by the manufacturers of men's hats for use exclusively in their own factories in making the bands for, or in binding the edges of, men's hats only.	Free	Free	Free
616	(iii) Latex, being crude rubber in liquid form, not compounded beyond the addition of preservatives.	Free	Free	Free
653	Brushes of all kinds, n.o.p.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	40 p.c.
703	(a) Travellers' baggage, under regulations prescribed by the Minister. (b) Goods valued at not more than one hundred dollars included in the baggage accompanying residents of Canada returning from abroad after an absence from Canada of not less than forty-eight hours and acquired by them for personal or household use or as souvenirs or gifts, but not bought on commission or as an accommodation for other persons or for sale, under regulations prescribed by the Minister.	Free Free	Free Free	Free Free

2. Provision is further made to amend the Schedule A to the Customs Tariff by deleting from the Customs Tariff Amendment

Act, 1939, as amended, the following enumerations of goods and rates of additional duties of customs :—

"Tea, when the value for duty thereof under the provisions of the Customs Act :—

- (a) is less than 22½ cents per pound 5 cents per pound.
(b) is 22½ cents or more but less than 30 cents per pound 7½ cents per pound.
(c) is 30 cents or more per pound 10 cents per pound.

All goods specified in Customs Tariff Item 25a 10 cents per pound.

All goods specified in Customs Tariff Item 26, except coffee, roasted or ground 10 cents per pound.

Coffee, green, and coffee, roasted or ground 10 cents per pound."

3. Any enactment founded upon the foregoing Resolutions to amend the Customs Tariff or Schedules thereto shall be deemed to have come into force on the twenty-eighth day of June 1946, and to have applied to all goods mentioned in the foregoing Resolutions imported or taken out of warehouse for consumption on and after that date, and to have applied to goods previously imported for which no entry for consumption was made before that date.

EGYPT.

REQUISITION OF JUTE FABRICS.

The following is a translation of Decree No. 360 of 1946 of the Egyptian Government regarding requisition of jute fabrics which has been received from the Indian Government Trade Commissioner, Alexandria. This decree has been necessitated by the acute shortage prevailing in Egypt of jute goods, particularly of all types of packing material :

Decree No. 360 of 1946 (Official Journal No. 89 of 9th September 1946).

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

With reference to Article 1 (paras. 1, 2 and 5) and articles 43 to 48 and 56 of Decree No. 95 of 1945 and after an agreement with the Supreme Commission of Supply ;

Decree.

Article 1.—All varieties of jute fabrics (hessian cloth) stored in custom warehouses and all future imports shall be requisitioned.

Article 2.—The Banks, ginning factories and Cotton exporters shall declare to the Ministry of Commerce and Industry (Foodgrains) Control all their stocks of empty jute bags and hessian cloth of every kind available with them. This statement of stocks shall be sent within three days of the publication of this Decree.

Article 3.—The Ministry of Commerce and Industry will proceed to regulate the distribution of the hessian cloth so requisitioned, in accordance with instructions of this decree. Those who have hessian cloth so requisitioned shall withdraw it from the Custom Warehouses and store it in their own depots and shall keep it on their responsibility until such time the Ministry orders their distribution.

Article 5.—The present decree shall be valid from the date of its publication in the "Official Journal."



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IRAN.

IMPORTATION OF JUTE PRODUCTS INTO IRAN.

The following translation of a Decree, passed recently by the Council of Ministers of the Imperial Government of Iran, regarding importation of hessian cloth, jute yarn and jute string, has been received from the Indian Government Trade Commissioner for Iran and is published for general information:—

Translation of Decree Issued recently concerning Hessian Cloth, Jute Yarn and Jute String.

Pursuant to the proposal of the Ministry of Finance the Council of Ministers in their last session approved the following:

1. With effect from the date of issue of this decree (22nd July 1946) imports of hessian cloth and jute yarn and string are placed under Government monopoly.
2. In order to protect domestic products the Ministry of Finance is authorized to purchase the products of the domestic jute bag factories at the cost price plus a profit varying between 6 to 9 per cent, and it should also strictly control the cost price.
3. The Ministry of Finance is authorized to import from abroad jute products which are placed under Government monopoly.
4. The Ministry of Finance may fix a reasonable price for the sale of the products of the domestic factories without observing the price paid for them and compensate the losses sustained therefrom out of the profit derived from the sale of jute products imported from abroad.
5. The Ministry of Finance is authorized, if deemed advisable, to transfer the imports right of hessian cloth and jute yarn and string to merchants, and after collecting from such merchants a commercial interest, the rate of which will be fixed later on, authorize clearance of the goods from the Customs Houses.
6. All jute products which are not cleared from the Customs Houses by the time this decree is issued will be subject to this decree.
7. The Economic Organization will pay to the Customs Administration, in a lump sum, the Monopoly Tax foreseen in the 1325 (21st March 1946 to 20th March 1947) budget of the said Administration, as per its Decree No. 27/249, and from the beginning of the year 1326 (21st March 1947 to 20th March 1948) no figure on this account will be shown in the budget of the Customs Administration.

JAMAICA.

TONNAGE TAX.

The following are extracts from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 29th June 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of a notice which in effect extends until March 31, 1947, the provisions of the Tonnage Tax Law. (See Board of Trade Journal of June 20, 1942, and subsequent amending notices.)

Schedule II (exemptions from Tonnage Tax) has been amended to read as follows (only items of interest to India are shown below):—

- (a) Animals.
- (d) Coal and coke.
- (e) Condensed milk.
- (f) Cutlasses, spades, shovels and agricultural forks.
- (g) Fertilizers.
- (i) Iron, unmanufactured.
- (k) Articles admitted under Item 2 of the Fourth Schedule of the Tariff.
- (l) Materials and appliances for the treatment and control of plant diseases.

(m) Materials for packing and putting up articles produced or manufactured in this island.

(o) Salt.

(p) Articles imported by or on behalf of the Government of the Island, or by or on behalf of the Imperial or any Dominion or Colonial Government, the Kingston and Saint Andrew Corporation, the Water Commission (Corporate Area) or a Parochial Board.

RESTRICTED IMPORTATION OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal dated the 29th June 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of the Customs (Importation) (Prohibition) (Fruit and Vegetable) Proclamation, 1946, which prohibits, as from March 23rd 1946, the importation into Jamaica from all countries of all fruits and vegetables (except dried or processed fruits and vegetables, grains, seeds and onions, including any species of "Allium"). This prohibition, however, does not apply to such fruits and vegetables as are imported from the United Kingdom and Ireland, Canada, New Zealand, the Bahamas, and the United States of America. Products from such countries must be accompanied by a certificate from a competent authority of the Government of the country of origin stating that the produce is homegrown, fresh, clean and free from diseases and pests, and, in the case of Irish potatoes imported from the United Kingdom and Ireland, Canada or the United States of America the certificate shall also state specifically that the potatoes are not infected by Wart Disease (*Synchytrium endobioticum*). The certificate shall state specifically that the Mediterranean Fruit fly (*Ceratitis capitata*) does not exist in the country of origin.

Importers of fruit or vegetables admitted under this Proclamation will notify the Director of Agriculture either prior to or within twenty-four hours of the arrival of the fruit or vegetables. All produce likewise admitted will be subject to inspection by an officer duly authorized by the Director of Agriculture. Upon being satisfied that any produce admitted under this Proclamation is infected with pests or disease, the Director of Agriculture is empowered to order any treatment to be applied to such produce with the object of destroying such pests or disease, or to order the destruction of such produce by and at the expense of the importer and thereby incur no liability to pay compensation for the destruction of such produce.

The Customs (Importation Prohibition) Fruit and Vegetable Proclamations, 1934 and 1935, are revoked.

KENYA AND UGANDA.

COMBINED CERTIFICATE OF VALUE AND INVOICE IN RESPECT OF GOODS FOR IMPORTATION INTO KENYA AND UGANDA.

With reference to the notice, published in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 20th December 1945 (pages 528 and 529), the Indian Government Trade Commissioner, Mombasa, has advised that the following amendments have been issued by the Customs Authorities, Kenya and Uganda:—

1. The last sentence of the opening paragraph, viz., "It should be particularly noted that the covering invoices for such goods consigned by buying agents must also be in that form", should be deleted.

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2. The paragraph, relating to "Production of Original Suppliers' or Manufacturers' Invoices" should be substituted by the following:—

Production of Suppliers'/Manufacturers' Invoices.

(Note.—The term "Suppliers" includes "Stockists" trading as principals.)

(a) Invoices in the approved form must be used in all cases when goods which are liable to duty *ad valorem* are consigned direct from suppliers/manufacturers to importers.

(b) Whenever goods liable to duty *ad valorem* are consigned—

(i) from firms abroad to local branches of those firms in Kenya or Uganda;

(ii) to local firms in Kenya or Uganda in any way associated in business with the consigning firm;

(iii) by buying agents;

they must be accompanied by suppliers'/manufacturers' invoices in the approved form (subject to the concession at (c) below). In such cases it is not essential for the covering invoices of consignors or buying agents to be in the approved form.

(c) When consigning firms who are not the actual suppliers of the goods do not wish to produce original suppliers' invoices, their own invoices, which must be in the approved form, will be accepted for Customs purposes, provided they are endorsed with the following certificate:—

"I certify that suppliers'/manufacturers' invoices have been produced and compared with the consigning firms' invoices, and that the latter truly represent particulars of the goods and the selling price, together with all charges up to the time of landing." The above certificate must be signed by one of the following:—

(a) An officer of the East Africa Office, Grand Buildings, Trafalgar Square, London, W.C.2.

(b) A Banker.

(c) A Notary Public.

(d) In cases where suppliers'/manufacturers' invoices are not available in the approved form, and the goods are consigned by a buying agent, the buying agent's covering invoice must be in the approved form.

CUSTOMS TARIFF CHANGES.

The following Notice to Importers No. 13, dated the 23rd October 1946, relating to Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1946, issued by the Customs Authorities of Kenya and Uganda and received from the Indian Government Trade Commissioner, Mombasa, is reproduced below for general information of exporters in India:—

NOTICE TO IMPORTERS.

Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1946.

It is notified for Public information that by an Order under the Customs and Excise Duties (Provisional Collection) Ordinance, 1940, the Governor-in-Council has ordered the repeal of Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1930; Section 2 of, and the Schedule to, the War Revenue (Customs and Excise Duties) Ordinance, 1941, and the Customs Tariff (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946.

The effect of this Order is that a new Customs Tariff Ordinance and Schedule to the Excise Duties Ordinance, 1935, will be introduced into Legislative Council on 23rd October 1946.

Certain Customs Duty Surcharges Abolished.

As from commencement of business on 23rd October 1946, the following duty surcharges will be abolished and the basic duty only will be chargeable.

Existing T.I.	Article.
45	Bolts, nuts, nails, screws, rivets, hinges and washers.
47	Builder's requisites and materials (Metal)— (a) Buildings, complete, imported in sections (b) Metal windows, doors and house frames (c) Gutterings, ridgings, ventilators (d) Casement stays, door handles, door closers, finger plates, latches, rim and mortice locks and lock furniture, and similar door and window furniture but not including padlocks (e) Sanitary and lavatory appliances (metal): lavatories, sinks, water-closets, baths, geysers, cisterns, and taps, plugs, traps overflows and other fittings therefor (f) Lifts, passenger, including the gates (g) Concrete reinforcing metal; expanded metal.
57	Machinery, apparatus, appliances and implements (not specially provided for, and not including material, domestic machines or vehicles)— (f) Lawn mowers, garden shears, garden and path rollers, watering cans and similar horticultural and gardening requisites (g) Mechanics' and artisans' tools, being tools ordinarily used by mechanics or artisans, and not being agricultural implements or machine tools.
58	Metals— (a) Aluminium, in plain, perforated or corrugated sheets, or in strips, but otherwise unmanufactured. (b) Brass, bronze, copper and composition metal, in plain or perforated sheets or in strips, but otherwise unmanufactured. (c) Iron and steel— (i) Plates and sheets, plain, corrugated, perforated, galvanized, or enamelled, including plates covered with lead, tin or zinc n.e.e. (ii) Angle, bar, channel, rod, hoop, H., T., and similar iron and steel, not worked or fabricated and not elsewhere enumerated. (iii) Fabricated girders and fabricated steelwork for buildings and bridges not elsewhere enumerated, structural steelwork for staging and platforms. (d) Lead: bar, sheet and strip. (e) Tin and zinc: plate, n.e.e., bar, sheet, plain or perforated but otherwise unmanufactured. (h) Metals, of all sorts, n.e.e., including brazing and soldering alloys, in plates, sheets, rods, bars, blocks, ingots or pigs.
64	Packing and lagging for engines, machinery, piping and buildings, n.e.e.
63	Pickaxes, crowbars, shovels, earth-pans, axes and hatchets, n.e.e.
60	Pipes, piping, tubes and fittings (metal)— (b) Down-pipes, chimney pipes, n.e.e. (c) Lead piping, not elsewhere provided for.
70	Asbestos and asbestos cement manufactures, namely sheets, plain or corrugated, slates, tiles, ridging and guttering, asbestos washers and gaskets, and asbestos packing.
80	Cement— (a) Portland and similar cement for building purposes. (b) Cement clinker. (c) Pudlo, ironite, cementone and similar substances for proofing, hardening or colouring cement. (d) Plaster of paris, in bulk. (e) Putty.



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Certain Customs Duty Surcharges Abolished—contd.

Existing T.I.	Article.
87	Glass— (b) Polished plate, not silvered or bevelled. (c) Sheet (plain, clear). (d) Other.
88	Glassware china ware and porcelain ware— (c) Other n.e.c.
147	Toys and games, children's, including toy cycles, scooters and the like.

Consolidation of Duty Surcharge with Basic Duty.

As from 23rd October 1946, all duty surcharges except those enumerated in paragraph 3 above will be consolidated into the basic duties.

Re-numbering of Tariff Item Numbers.

The revised tariff items have been renumbered throughout from 1 to 172. The following is given as a guide:—

Present T.I. No.	New T.I. No.
1-38 inclusive.	Unaltered.
38(a).	39.
39-119.	40-120.
121-130 inclusive.	Unaltered.
132.	131.
133.	132.
135.	133.
136-145.	134-143.
147.	144.
148-170.	145-167.
170A.	168.
171-174.	169-172.

T.I. 163 (now T.I. 160) has been amended in Kenya by deletion of sub-item (a) under the old tariff and sub-items (b) to (j) relettered (a) to (i).

Excise Duties.

An amending Ordinance will be passed on 23rd October 1946, consolidating surcharges into the basic Excise duties. The following will be the new Excise duties which, in effect, result in no change in total duty charged.

Sugar, not including jaggery . . .	Sh. cts.
Tea . . .	per cwt. 2-24
Cigarettes, cigars & cigarillos . . .	per lb. 15
Other manufactured tobacco . . .	per lb. 8-00
	per lb. 7-00

It should be noted that there is no alteration to the existing duty and surcharge on beer.

It is hoped that copies of Customs Tariff Ordinance, 1946, giving the new consolidated rates of duty, will be available for distribution shortly.

(Sd.) W. G. QUANN,
for Ag. Commissioner of Customs,
Kenya and Uganda.

Custom House, Mombasa.

MALAYAN UNION.

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.

The following is an extract from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 29th June 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received information that the import customs duties on the following items have been amended, as from May, 27, 1946, to read as follows:—

(Only items of interest to India are given below.)

Description of Goods.	Unit.	Rates of Duty.	
		Full duty.	Preferential duty.
II.—Tobacco:			
(a) Cigars and snuff . . .	Per pound	7 00	6 00
former rates of duty . . .	" "	3 50	3 00
(b) Cigarettes . . .	" "	3 50	3 00
former rates of duty . . .	" "	1 75	1 50
(c) Unmanufactured tobacco . . .	" "	2 70	2 50
former rates of duty . . .	" "	1 35	1 25
(d) (i) Manufactured tobacco (excluding cigars, cigarettes and snuff) imported in containers of any kind for retail sale to the public . . .	" "	3 50	3 30
former rates of duty . . .	" "	1 75	1 65
(ii) Not otherwise provided for . . .	" "	3 00	—
former rates of duty . . .	" "	1 50	—
XI.—Cosmetics and perfumery . . .	ad valorem	50%	25%
former rates of duty . . .	" "	25%	free

DUTY-FREE IMPORTS INTO PENANG ISLAND.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 29th June 1946:—

As from June 1, 1946, all goods entering the Island are imported free of duty with the following exceptions:—

- Intoxicating liquors.
- Tobacco.
- Petroleum, including Kerosene and Kerosene substitutes.

SIERRA LEONE.

CUSTOMS TARIFF AMENDMENTS.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 29th June 1946:—

A supplement to the *Sierra Leone Royal Gazette* of May 14, 1946, contains a copy of the Customs Tariff (Amendment) Order in Council 1946, which provides for the following amendments

to the First and Second Schedules to the Sierra Leone Customs Tariff, effective from May 1, 1946:—

FIRST SCHEDULE.

(a) The provision relating to surtax is deleted (see *Board of Trade Journal* of March 14, 1940, p. 289).

(b) The following tariff items have amended rates of duty:—
(Only items of interest to India are given below.)

Item No.	Goods.	Unit.	British Preferential Tariff.	General Tariff.
40	(a) (iv) Cotton manufactures: Grey (excluding American grey commonly known as tent cloth)—admitted as such by the Comptroller of Customs.	sq. yd.	0 0 1	0 0 2
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 0 0 1/2	0 0 1 1/2
40	(a) (v) Cotton manufactures: Printed—admitted as such by the Comptroller of Customs.	sq. yd.	0 0 1 1/2	0 0 3
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 0 1 1/2	0 0 2 1/2
70	Matches in boxes containing 80 matches or less. (Matches in boxes containing a greater quantity than 80 matches each to be charged in proportion).	Gross of boxes.	0 3 0	0 5 0
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 1 6	0 3 6
87	Silk and artificial silk: (a) Silk, artificial piece goods of a greater area than one-third of a square yard, including scarves, handkerchiefs, handkerchief mufflers, table covers, bed covers, shawls, sarongs, and any other articles of artificial silk or other synthetic fibres which are capable of being used in substitution for any such article and are in the opinion of the Comptroller of Customs likely to be so used.	sq. yd.	0 0 3 or 16 1/2 per cent ad val., whichever is the higher	0 0 9 or 50 per cent ad val., whichever is the higher
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 0 2	0 0 9
	(b) Silk, artificial, fents, i.e. pieces under 6 yards in length.	lb.	0 1 0 or 16 1/2 per cent ad val., whichever is the higher	0 3 0 or 50 per cent ad val., whichever is the higher
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 1 0	0 3 0
	(c) Silk, natural, piece goods	lb.	0 1 6 or 16 1/2 per cent ad val., whichever is the higher	0 4 6 or 50 per cent ad val., whichever is the higher
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 1 6	0 4 6
94	Tobacco: (i) Unmanufactured	lb.	0 2 0	0 2 3
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 1 6	0 1 0
	(ii) Manufactured: (a) Cigars	lb.	0 8 0	0 10 2
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 6 6	0 8 8
	(b) Cigarettes: 1. Not exceeding a weight of 4 oss. per 100 (1) Manufactured in the British Empire from Empire grown tobacco.	per 100	0 2 6	—
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 1 6	—

FIRST SCHEDULE—contd.

Item No.	Goods.	Unit.	British Preferential Tariff.	General Tariff.
94—contd.	Tobacco—contd. (b) Cigarettes—contd. (2) Manufactured in the British Empire from foreign tobacco	per 100	0 3 0	—
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 2 0	—
	(3) Manufactured in foreign countries	per 100	—	0 3 6
	former rates of duty . . .	"	—	0 2 6
	2. Exceeding a weight of 4 oss. per 100. (1) Manufactured in the British Empire from Empire grown tobacco.	lb.	0 10 0	—
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 6 0	—
	(2) Manufactured in the British Empire from foreign grown tobacco.	lb.	0 12 0	—
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 8 0	—
	(3) Manufactured in foreign countries.	lb.	—	0 14 0
	former rates of duty . . .	"	—	0 10 0
	Provided that with respect to cigarettes manufactured in the British Empire which contain a blend of Empire and foreign tobacco, the duty thereon shall be at a rate proportioned to the percentage of each tobacco, the percentage of Empire and foreign grown tobacco being charged respectively at the rates under 1 (1) and (2) and 2 (1) and (2).			
	(c) Snuff	lb.	0 7 0	0 8 0
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 5 0	0 6 0
	(d) Other manufactured tobacco: (1) Manufactured in the British Empire from Empire grown tobacco.	lb.	0 6 0	—
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 4 0	—
	(2) Manufactured in the British Empire from foreign grown tobacco.	lb.	0 7 0	—
	former rates of duty . . .	"	0 5 0	—
	(3) Manufactured in foreign countries.	lb.	—	0 8 0
	former rates of duty . . .	"	—	0 6 0
	Provided that with respect to tobacco manufactured in the British Empire which contains a blend of Empire and foreign tobacco, the duty thereon shall be at a rate proportional to the percentage of each tobacco, the percentage of Empire and foreign grown tobacco being charged respectively at the rates under (1) and (2).			

(c) The alternative *ad valorem* rates of duty under items 5, 19(a), 19(b) 19(d), 19(e), 40(i), 59, 76, 95, 102 and 105 are deleted and the following rates substituted in lieu thereof:—

16 1/2 per cent for 16 per cent, 33 1/2 per cent for 32 per cent and 50 per cent for 48 per cent.

DYES Textiles of Cotton, Wool, Silk or Rayon; Jute, Coir, Paper, Leather, Edible Oils & Hair-Oils, Toilets, Soaps, etc.
For Dyeing & Printing
Refer to:—**B. SHIVCHAND AMRITLAL & CO., LTD.**,
Post Box No. 258, BOMBAY.
Sole Agents for:—**L. B. HOLLIDAY & CO., LTD., ENGLAND.**

B. 2053 W. 18-2-47.

TELEGRAMS: METALABEL
METAL LABEL MANUFACTURERS
METAL LABEL MFG. CO.
MACHINERY, MOTORS, FANS, FURNITURE, LEATHER GOODS ETC.
DUART'S QART, SATYABHAMA NIVAS, VITHALBHAI PATEL ROAD BOMBAY. 4

B. 2016 W. 31-1-47.

(d) The following items are deleted :—
14, 40(b), 40(c), 41 and 72.

(e) The following items are amended to read as follows :—

Item No.	Goods.	Unit.	British Preferential Tariff.	General Tariff.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.
38	Cordage and twine :	100 lb.	0 8 0	0 16 0
89	(a) Cordage other than cotton Spirits containing more than 2 per cent. by weight of pure alcohol :			
	(A) Potable :			
	Brandy, gin, rum, and other potable spirits.	Imp. gall.	2 7 6	2 10 0
	(B) Not potable :			
	(i) Spirituous drugs and medicinal preparations, containing more than 20 per centum by weight of pure alcohol and not specifi- cally exempted under the Second Schedule.	"	2 7 6	2 10 0
	(ii) (a) Methylated Spirit, when the Comptroller of Customs is satisfied that the spirit is intended solely for industrial, medical or scientific purposes and is not intended for sale. (b) Methylated Spirit, other.	"	0 1 0	0 1 3
	(iii) Perfumed toilet pre- parations, washes and dentrifices.	"	2 7 6	2 8 8
	(iv) Other.	"	2 7 6	3 4 3
	Any liquor containing not more than two per centum by weight of pure alcohol shall be deemed to be non-alcoholic. When spirits are imported in cases of twelve bottles of the size known as reputed quarts, or twenty-four bottles of the size known as reputed pints, each case shall be deemed to contain two imperial gallons.	"	0 1 0	0 1 3

(f) The following items are inserted :—

Item No.	Goods.	Unit.	British Preferential Tariff.	General Tariff.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.
31	Cinematograph films Provided that no Customs duty shall be charged on the import- ation into Sierra Leone of any cinematograph film of an edu- cational character which is certified by the Board of Control appointed under the Cinematograph Exhibition Ordinance, 1931, to be of such character.	100 ft.	0 0 6	0 1 0
40	Cotton Manufactures :	100 lb.	Free	0 8 0
	(b) Cordage			
	(c) Interlock Fabric—admit- ted as such by the Compt- roller of Customs :			
	(i) Bleached	lb.	0 0 2	0 0 4
	(ii) Unbleached	"	0 0 2	0 0 4
	(iii) Dyed	"	0 0 3	0 0 6

SECOND SCHEDULE.

(a) The following items are deleted :—

3B, 3C, 19, 39 and 46.

(b) The following items are inserted :—

3C. Articles imported by the British Council which
the Comptroller of Customs is satisfied are for the use

of the British Council or for the benefit of the Com-
munity or for presentation to local societies, but not
including articles for re-sale or for the personal use of
members of the said Council.

29A. Medicines and drugs included in the British Pharmaco-
poeia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex and such
other medical preparations, drugs and surgical dressings
as may be accepted by the Comptroller of Customs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Details of changes in Customs Regulations, etc., are published
regularly in the *Board of Trade Journal*. The particulars are
too lengthy for publication here, but the headings of the items and
the dates on which they appeared in the Journal are given for pur-
poses of reference :—

31st August 1946.

CANADA.—Customs Tariff.

COLOMBIA.—Importation of Merchandise by Air.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA.—Customs Tariff Modifications.

EIRE.—Import Quotas.

NEW ZEALAND.—Customs Decisions.

VENEZUELA.—Classification of Synthetic Silk Fibre.

7th September 1946.

AUSTRALIA.—Relaxations on Imports from Sterling Areas.

DENMARK.—Import Licensing Arrangements.

GAMBIA.—Customs Tariff Modifications.

IRAQ.—Import Licences.

SINGAPORE.—Customs Duties Modifications.

SOUTHERN RHODESIA.—Rebates of Customs Duty.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.—Certificates of Essentiality. Appli-
cations for Increases in Customs Duties.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—United Kingdom Purchase Tax.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL.

6th November.

During the week under report the weather was seasonable
everywhere. The prospects of the standing crops are reported
to be generally good. Sowing of *rabi* crops and harvesting of early
aman paddy in some districts were continuing.

ASSAM.

18th November.

During the week under report the weather was generally season-
able and its effects on the crops are fair. The prospects and the
outturn of crops are fair to good.

BIHAR.

12th November.

The condition and the prospects of the standing crops are
reported to be fair on the whole. Ploughing of fields and sowing
of *rabi* crops continue.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

9th November.

At long last after a lapse of about a month, moderate to fairly
heavy showers of rain were received in the districts of the
Jubbulpore and Nagpur divisions except Chanda. Light to
fairly moderate showers of rain were received in the Bhandara

Nov. 21, 1946.]

Bengal.

Since the issue of the second forecast, the weather and its effect
on the growth of the crop have not been favourable. There has
been damage due to excessive rains. The provincial outturn,
including that for the Tripura State, is estimated to be 61 per cent
of the normal this year, as against 91 per cent of the normal shown
in the corresponding return of last year.

Bombay.

Since the issue of the last forecast, the cotton crop has been
progressing fairly well over most of the Province. In Gujarat,
the crop is in the boll-formation stage but, due to the failure of
October rains, the yield is likely to be affected. In the Deccan,
bolls have developed well and picking has commenced in places.
In the Karnatak, sowing has been completed but, due to either
deficient moisture or heavy showers, resowing was necessary in
places. Stray attacks of boll-worm and stem-borer have been
observed in places in south Gujarat and of root-rot in places in
the Karnatak. The crop is expected to yield between 65 and 85
per cent of the normal.

Central Provinces and Berar.

Since the issue of the second forecast on the 7th October 1946,
the weather has been clear and warm with occasional passing clouds.
There was practically no rain in the cotton tract till the end of
October. The prolonged dry weather caused some damage to
the crop, particularly on lighter soils. The recent showers received
in the cotton districts are likely to cause some further damage to
the crop. The estimate of outturn, viz., 79.5 per cent of the normal
reported in the second forecast, may therefore be reduced by one
anna or 7.5 per cent.

Madras.

In the Central districts and the South, the sowings of cotton
are still in progress. The area under the crop is expected to be
below normal in South Arcot, North Arcot, Trichinopoly and
Madura due mainly to the propaganda to grow more food, and
normal or nearly normal in other districts. In the Deccan, the
sowings of *Hingari* or late-sown cotton are expected to be normal
due mainly to timely rains received during the sowing season.
The condition of the standing crop is reported to be generally
satisfactory in all the districts of the Province.

North-West Frontier Province.

Since the issue of the October forecast, there has been no change
in the total area recorded as sown with cotton in the North-West
Frontier Province. The yield is expected to be average and rain
is needed.

FIRST INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE RICE CROP, 1946-47.

Bengal.

Autumn rice.—On the date of issue of the preliminary forecast
of the crop on the 30th September last, only a small part of the *aus*
crop remained in the field in south-east and north Bengal. The
weather and its effect on the growth of the standing crop were
favourable on the whole. Slight damage occurred in south-west
Bengal after 30th September, due to excessive rains. The outturn
per acre, for the Province as a whole, may now be estimated at
75 per cent of the normal this year, as against 80 per cent shown in
the corresponding return of last year.

Winter rice.—Since the issue of the first forecast on the 30th
September 1946, there has been some damage to the crop in the

and Balaghat districts and in Berar. The showers proved
beneficial to the standing *kharif* crops, particularly *juar*, in the
Wardha, Nagpur and Amraoti districts and also to the early-sown
rabi crops; but it is reported that they are likely to cause some
damage to the late-sown *rabi* crops at places in the Saugor and
Betul districts, necessitating resowing. Cotton and *juar* crops
in the Khandwa *taluk* (Nimar) were reported to have been damaged
by the recent rains. The outturn of the paddy crop in the Raipur
district was affected by the prolonged drought. Enquiries to
ascertain the extent of damage in these two districts were in progress.
Harvesting of paddy, *kodon-kulki* and *til* was in full swing. Picking
of cotton continued. Sowings of *rabi* were nearing completion
and germination was successful so far.

MADRAS.

9th November.

During the week under report rainfall was very heavy in Kistna,
Guntur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput and Madras; heavy in
West Godavari, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly,
Tanjore, Madura, Malabar and the Nilgiris; moderate in Kurnool,
Bellary, Anantapur, Salem, Ramnad and South Kanara; fair in
East Godavari, South Arcot and Tinnevely; and light in Vizaga-
patam. Water supply is insufficient in parts of East Godavari,
West Godavari, Bellary, Chittoor and Ramnad. Sowing or
transplantation of paddy in Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingle-
put, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly,
Tanjore, Madura, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara; and of
dry crops in Guntur, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore,
Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Madura, is proceeding. The
standing crops are generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East
Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, South Arcot, Coimbatore,
Tanjore, Madura, South Kanara and the Nilgiris; of *ragi* in
Vizagapatam, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Madura and the Nilgiris;
and of groundnut in Vizagapatam, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary,
Anantapur and South Arcot continued. The outturn is generally
fair.

ORISSA.

11th November.

During the week under report the rainfall was moderate at
Chhatrapur and light at Puri and Koraput; there was no rain at
other places. Harvesting of early winter paddy in the Balasore
district, of autumn paddy in the Sambalpur district and of black-
gram and groundnut in the Ganjam district was in progress. Sow-
ing of *rabi* crops in the Balasore district was going on. Pressing
of sugarcane in the Puri district commenced. The standing crops,
viz., sugarcane, blackgram, horsegram, mustard, paddy, *ragi*,
groundnut, chillies, redgram, betel, vegetables, *sama*, *vooda*, tobacco,
jowar and sesamum, were generally thriving.

PUNJAB.

11th November.

During the week under report the weather remained dry. The
condition and the expected yield of the standing crops are generally
average to good on irrigated and below average to average on
unirrigated areas. Sowing of spring crops is in progress.

INTERMEDIATE CROP REPORTS.

SECOND INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE COTTON CROP, 1946-47.

Assam.

Since the issue of the second forecast, the weather continued
to be generally favourable for the crop and the present prospects
are reported to be generally fair except in certain districts, specially
Nowgong where the crops badly suffered from flood.

districts of Rajshahi, Rangpur, Murshidabad, Dacca, Faridpur, Pabna, Bakarganj, Mymensingh, Malda, Howrah and 24-Parganas due to cyclone and excessive rains, but there has been great improvement in the growth of the crop in other areas. The outturn per acre for the Province as a whole may now be expected to be 90 per cent of the normal this year, as against 80 per cent of the normal shown in the corresponding return of last year.

Bombay.

Since the issue of the last forecast, early varieties of paddy are reported as ready for harvest and reaping is progressing in many areas of the Province. Late varieties in Gujarat and the Konkan suffered to some extent due to want of adequate late rains. In the Konkan, showers in early October caused shedding of grains to some extent, while strong winds towards the end of the month lodged the crop in places. The crop is reported to be faring well in the Deccan and the Karnatak. Slight attacks of blue-bird beetles are reported from places in the Belgaum district in the Karnatak. *Karpa* and *Kanne* fly pests in the Konkan have lessened. The yield of the crop is expected to range from 50 per cent of the normal to about normal.

Central Provinces and Berar.

After the issue of the first forecast on the 30th September 1946, the weather was mostly clear and warm. Light showers of rain, received early in October, proved beneficial to late-sown paddy in the Jubbulpore and Bilaspur districts; but elsewhere the rainfall was generally insufficient. For want of good showers at the time of maturity of the late variety of paddy, the outturn of the crop was affected to a varying degree. The outturn of the crop will be uneven, depending on the nature of the soil and the extent of irrigation. The provincial outturn is expected to be much below the normal.

SECOND INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE SUGARCANE CROP, 1946-47.

Bengal.

Since the issue of the second forecast, the crop has been damaged in some districts due to excessive rains and cyclonic weather. The weather and its effect on the growth of the crop in other districts have been generally favourable. The outturn per acre for the Province as a whole may now be estimated at 77 per cent of the normal this year, as against 78 per cent of the normal shown in the corresponding return of last year.

Bombay.

Since the issue of the last forecast, the sugarcane crop is reported to be faring well over most of the Province. The crop is being

harvested in the Deccan. Grasshopper attack in the Deccan has lessened but is reported from places in the Karnatak. The crop is expected to yield from 60 per cent of the normal to full normal.

Central Provinces and Berar.

The estimate of outturn, viz., 94.5 per cent of the normal, reported in the second forecast, remains unaltered.

Madras.

The condition of the sugarcane crop is reported to be generally satisfactory in all the districts of the Province. The yield per acre is expected to be normal or slightly below normal if the season continues to be favourable.

North-West Frontier Province.

There has been no change in the total area sown with sugarcane since the issue of the October forecast. The present condition of the standing crop is generally average.

CROP FORECASTS.

(INDIAN-PROVINCIAL)

FINAL FORECAST OF THE GINGER CROP IN THE BOMBAY PROVINCE, 1946-47.

The ginger crop is grown in Gujarat and the Thana district only. The crop has been checked in growth in some areas due to heavy rains in July-August but it has progressed fairly well in September-October. The crop has been affected by root-rot disease to some extent. The yield is estimated between 50 and 70 per cent of the normal.

(FOREIGN)

CANADIAN WHEAT AND LINSEED CROPS.

According to a cable, dated the 14th November 1946, received from the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, the area and yield of the Canadian wheat and linseed crops for the current season are now estimated at 25,900,000 acres and 418,758,000 bushels (or 11,217,000 tons) for wheat and 1,009,000 acres and 7,651,000 bushels (or 191,000 tons) for linseed. Last year's corresponding estimates were 23,414,000 acres and 308,610,000 bushels (or 8,266,000 tons) for wheat and 1,059,000 acres and 7,432,000 bushels (or 186,000 tons) for linseed.

SUMMARY OF CROP FORECASTS.

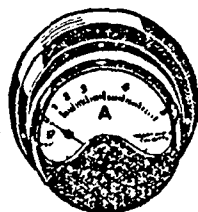
The following is a summary of the Jute forecast relating to the season 1946-47:—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Percent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Estimated Outturn	Percent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jute—Final.	Practically all jute-growing tracts	Acres 1,880,000	78	Acres 2,422,000	5,550,000 bales (b)	69	7,991,000 bales (b)	Oct. 3, 1946.

The following is a summary of the latest forecasts for the season 1945-46 for crops for which forecasts have not yet been made in the current season:—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Percent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Estimated Outturn	Percent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cotton—Final (c).	All cotton-growing tracts	Acres 14,478,000	98	Acres 14,843,000	2,438,000 bales	96	3,580,000 bales	June 27, 1946.
Castorseed	Practically all castor-growing tracts	1,237,000	84	1,468,000	105,000 tons	80	131,000 tons	Aug. 1, 1946.
Sesamum—Supplementary.	United Provinces, Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Punjab, Ajmer-Merwara, Sind, Hyderabad, Kotah, Bhopal and Baroda (a little over 86 per cent of the total sesamum area of India).	3,903,000	99	3,939,000	387,000 tons	98	393,000 tons	Aug. 8, 1946.
Sugarcane—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Madras, North-West Frontier Province, Assam, Orissa, Central Provinces and Berar, Sind, Delhi, Mysore, Hyderabad, Bhopal, Baroda and Jaoraj (96 per cent of the total sugarcane area of India).	3,847,000	93	4,154,000	5,837,000 tons	98	5,491,000 tons	Aug. 15, 1946.
Groundnut—Final.	Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda (99 per cent of the total groundnut area of India).	9,848,000	93	10,574,000	3,113,000 tons	81	3,856,000 tons	Aug. 29, 1946.
Rape and Mustard—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bengal, Bihar, Assam, Sind, North-West Frontier Province, Central Provinces and Berar, Orissa, Bombay, Delhi, Alwar, Hyderabad and Baroda (about 95 per cent of the total rape and mustard area of India).	5,497,000	99	5,580,000	910,000 tons	88	1,034,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Linseed—Final.	Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Kotah and Bhopal (a little over 93 per cent of the total linseed area of India).	3,376,000	97*	3,465,000	369,000 tons	91	392,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Rice—Final (c).	Bengal, Madras, Bihar, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Assam, Orissa, Bombay, Sind, Punjab, Coorg, Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda and Bhopal (97 per cent of the total rice area of India).	79,885,000	95	83,933,000	26,249,000 tons	93	28,183,000 tons	Sept. 26, 1946.
Wheat—Third (c).	Punjab, United Provinces, Central Provinces and Berar, Bombay, Sind, Bihar, North-West Frontier Province, Bengal, Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara, Orissa, Central India, Gwalior, Rajputana, Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore (98 per cent of the total wheat area of India).	34,705,000	99	35,709,000	8,987,000 tons	85	10,453,000 tons	Oct. 17, 1946.

* Issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal. † Including Indian States. ‡ In Rajputana. § In Central India.
(a) Not yet available. (b) Includes figures for Nepal. (c) The detailed report will appear in the *Indian Trade Journal* later.



B. 3134 WS. 20-3-47.

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TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from:—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 9d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Re. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42 x 28 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from:—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Antifriction Bearing Metal Ingots.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SN-1/72251/1/IV-46 to reach him on or before the 2nd December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Item No.	Article.	Specification.	Quantity.
4	Antifriction Bearing Metal Ingots.	Specn. No. LPI-E Mer(C)	4 tons.
	Tin—58.60 per cent.		
	Lead—Remainder.		
	Antimony—11.15 per cent.		
	Copper—5.5-6.5 per cent.		
	Total impurities not more than 1 per cent.		

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Department of Industries and Supplies are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are in the happy position of being overbooked with orders for our printed Tin-ware in two and multi-colours and in various shapes and sizes. We beg to be excused if we are unable to serve more than our capacity, until our new arrangements will have been completed.

BOMBAY TIN PRINTERS,
221-23, Thakurdwar Rd.,
BOMBAY, 2.

B. 3079 W. 30-6-47.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Linotype Metal.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. N-1/70897/IV-46 to reach him on or before 2nd December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or by Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Item No.	Article.	Quantity.
1	Linotype Metal	104 cwt.
	Tin—2 per cent.	
	Antimony—12 per cent.	
	Lead—86 per cent.	

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Department of Industries and Supplies are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

Materials are required by the Superintendent, Printing and Stationery, Allahabad.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Shovels.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. (P)SW3/70119/III to reach him on or before the 10th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number full name and address of the remitter), for:—

(i) Shovels round mouth with double rivetted "D" handle to IRS(Y) DRG. No. Y-52 (ALT 6)—6,000 Nos.; (ii) Shovels stocking to IRS (Y) DRG. No. Y-50 (ALT. 6)—5,200 Nos., both to I.R.S. Specn. No. Y-2-37. The stores are required to be consigned to Karachi or Storespura.

Applicants not already on approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore/Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Chairs, C. I. Pedestal, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SR-2/70036/IV to reach him on the 30th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Chairs C. I. Pedestal for Ashpit for 90 lbs.
FFRBS rails as per Chief Engineer's
Drg. No. B945-38 (I. S. D. No. 12755)
and I. R. S. Specn. No. T-7-45 including
drop test and W.C.T. 29 of Feb., 1945 . 6,000 Nos.

The stores are required for E. I. Railway at different stations on E. I. R.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay/Karachi/Madras/Lahore, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

The Drawings are obtainable, on payment, from the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, quoting reference to his Indent No. 20/T/46, dated 10/14-6-46, and the Chief Inspector, Engineering, 2, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Enamels and Varnishes, etc.: Extension of Tender Date.

The opening date of Tender No. SG1/RC-1127(B) for Enamels and Varnishes, both Natural and Synthetic, and other painters' stores* has been extended to 2nd December 1946, at 11 a.m. Samples should now reach the Director, G. T. H., Calcutta, till the 1st December 1946. Offers shall remain open for acceptance till the 20th January 1947.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 17th October 1946, pages 146-47.

All kinds of Machinery to meet requirements of Indian Industries.

Manufactured in the Works of

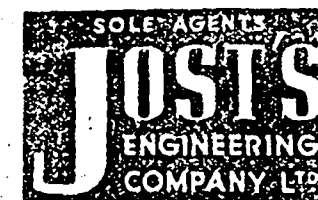
RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS.
BOMBAY & MADRAS.

B. 2977 W. 31-12-46.

**EVERSHED PORTABLE &
SWITCHBOARD
INSTRUMENTS**

BOMBAY P. O. BOX 243.

B. 2996 W. 12-1-47.



**RECORDING
INSTRUMENTS
ETC.**

CALCUTTA P. O. BOX 64.

LEATHER OUR SPECIALITY EASTERN TANNERIES LIMITED

Manufacturers of :

Sole, Harness and Chrome Leather, CAWNPORE.

B. 2901 W. 9-1-47.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL (INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES), NEW DELHI.

Supply of Mortising and Boring Machine.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SW1/MP/134862/13/II* to reach him on or before the 15th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Item No. 68.—One No. Motor driven Mortising and Boring Machine with power traverse and travelling table suitable to accommodate timber 16'-0" long to suit 400 volts, 3 phase 50 cycles A. C. supply.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Acid Cleaning for Lavatory Pans.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SCI/73009* to reach him by 4 p.m. on the 12th December 1946, and remain open for acceptance up to the 12th January 1947, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 4 only (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number and address of the remitter), for the following stores :—

Acid Cleaning for Lavatory Pans :—"Latrinite" or similar—Quantity 600 gallons.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Samples, representative of bulk supply and sufficient for carrying out test, are required to be submitted to the Superintendent, Government Test House, Alipore (Calcutta), by the 2nd December 1946 at the latest.

Tender forms are also available from the offices of :—

- (i) The Director of Supplies, Calcutta.
- (ii) The Director of Supplies, Bombay.
- (iii) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras.
- (iv) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore.
- (v) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Engineering Instruments.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SBI/71567/III* to reach him on or before the 20th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at a cost of Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Engineering Instruments such as Tacheometers, Levels, Clinometers, etc., required by Department of Industries and Commerce, Madras. Consignee: Joint Director, Industries and Commerce, Madras.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Belting Composition and Train Lighting Belting.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Section SFI), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SFI/70520/2/46* on prescribed form for supply of about 1,335 ft. Belting Composition and 25,200 ft. of Train Lighting Belting to meet the requirements of B. A. Railway at Halishahar or Entally, Calcutta.

Price of the tender form, etc., is Rs. 6 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Chief Registration Officer must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tenders must reach the office of the Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, on the 9th December 1946 and will be opened on the 10th December 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Screws, Bolts and Nuts.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies (SB. I Section), New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below required by the Central P.W.D., at New Delhi :—

Tender No. SBI/72137/III.

- | | |
|--|--------------|
| 1. Iron Wood Screws CSK head with gimlet points Nettlefolds or equal 1 1/2" x No. 8G | 1,000 gross. |
| 2. Ditto 3" x No. 12G | 1,000 " |
| 3. Ditto 2 1/2" x No. 10G | 500 " |
| 4. G. I. Roofing Bolts and Nuts 1" x 1/4" to 150 Specn. N.W.E.G./Misc-S6 current | 200 " |
| 5. Ditto 1 1/2" x 1/4" | 200 " |

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 2 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 16th December 1946.

Samples against this tender are required to be submitted to the Director General, Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, by the contractors.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Department of Supply, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Cawnpore, Karachi and Lahore, and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL (INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES), NEW DELHI.

Supply of Heavy Paint Mixer, etc.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SW1/MP/134847/2/II* to reach him on or before the 4th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on payment of the tender fee of Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

- Item No. 2.*—One No. Heavy Paint Mixer, capacity 15 Imperial Gallons, belt driven, with fast and loose pulleys.
- Item No. 3.*—One No. Universal Cone Paint Grinding Mill, capacity of hopper 14 Imperial Gallons, belt driven with fast and loose pulleys.
- Item No. 4.*—One No. Special Cone Paint Grinding Mill capacity of hopper 1 1/2 Imperial Gallons, belt driven with fast and loose pulleys.
- Item No. 5.*—One No. Paint Grinding Mill similar to item 4 above but of 1 Imperial Gallon capacity of hopper.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's re-

ference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Fireclay.

The Deputy Director General of Supplies (Section SFI), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SFI/72909/I* on prescribed form for the supply of 518 1/2 tons Fireclay to I. S. D. Specn. G/Misc/89A. The stores are required for E. I. and O. T. Railways at Howrah, Lillooah, Jamalpore, Charbagh and Samastipur.

Prices of the tender form, etc., is Rs. 4 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Chief Registration Officer must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

Tenders must be submitted on or before the 16th December 1946.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Cotters, Flat, Split, etc.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR3/70965/II* to reach him on or before 3 p.m. on the 16th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office on payment of Rs. 6 only (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

- | | | |
|--------------|--|------|
| 1,042 gross | Cotters Flat Split Machine forged head (Bright Steel) 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2" x 1" one leg to be 1/16" to 1/8" longer than the other. | -do. |
| 167 gross | -do. 1/2" x 3 1/4" x 3/16" x 1 1/4" | -do. |
| 450 gross | Split Cotter Pins for B. S. W. and B. S. F. Bolts, Studs, Screws and Pins 1/2" dia. x 2" length. | -do. |
| 800 gross | -do. 3/8" dia. x 2 1/2" length. | -do. |
| 400 gross | -do. 1" dia. x 2" length. | -do. |
| 1,200 gross | -do. 1" dia. x 2 1/2" length. | -do. |
| 700 gross | -do. 1 1/4" dia. x 3" length. | -do. |
| 62 1/2 gross | Pins Taper split with taper of 1 in 48, 5/16" dia. x 4" length. | -do. |
| 104 gross | -do. 3/8" dia. x 4 1/2" length. | -do. |
| 97 gross | -do. 3/8" dia. x 6" length. | -do. |

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

The material is required for C. O. S., N. W. R., Lahore, at Storespura or Karachi.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.
Supply of Vacuum Brake Fittings.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies) (Section SRIA) New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Tender No. SRIA/69683/II.—For the supply of Vacuum Brake Fittings to the C. O. S., E. I. Railway, Calcutta.

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 10 per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable.

Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Director General (Industries and Supplies), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 19th December 1946 and opened at 11 a.m. on the 20th December 1946.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Purchase Branch, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, and may be obtained from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL (INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES), NEW DELHI.

Supply of Screw Couplings.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Railway Stores Directorate), New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Tender No. SRI/70943/I.

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	Screw Couplings to I. R. S. Drg. No. WAI Alt. 2	16,495 Nos.

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 10 per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 2nd January 1947. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Department of In-

dustries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Director of Supplies, Bombay/Calcutta, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras/Cawnpore/Karachi/Lahore and may be obtained by the tenderers from these officers on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

Tenders will be opened at 11-30 a.m. on the 3rd January 1947

GOVERNMENT OF BURMA.

Burma Railways.

Erection in Burma of Metre Gauge Steel Covered and Open Wagons.

1. The Chief Railway Commissioner, Burma, Rangoon, invites tenders for erection in Burma of—

600 Metre Gauge Steel Covered Wagons, I. R. S. type M. C.

150 Metre Gauge Steel Open Wagons, I. R. S. type M. O.

with a follow on of a further—

1,700 Metre Gauge Steel Covered Wagons, I. R. S. type M. C.

350 Metre Gauge Steel Open Wagons, I. R. S. type M. O.

The work is expected to commence early in 1947. The fabricated sections and/or fittings and equipment for erection are being manufactured in India and/or U. K.

If there is a gap between the completion of the first batch and the arrival of the second, the contractor will be offered a contract for the repair of wagons to carry on until the second batch arrives.

2. Erection comprises assembly, rivetting, fitting of vacuums and hand brake gear, axleboxes and bearings, wheeling, fitting of all other fittings including draw and buffing gear and adjustment of buffer height to the satisfaction of the Chief Mechanical Engineer, Burma Railways, whose decision is final.

3. No daily labour will be supplied by the Railway.

4. Complete sets of component parts, rivets and bolts will be handed over to and signed for by the Contractor who will be held responsible for any losses.

5. The wagons are required to be erected at the Burma Railway Carriage and Wagon Workshops, Myitnge, Upper Burma (i.e., in the dry zone climate similar to U. P.). Output is required to be approximately 10 per day.

6. Limited crane power and other lifting appliances will be available, but all hand tools are to be supplied by the Contractor.

7. Alternative tenders should be submitted based on—

(a) Hand rivetting.

(b) Pneumatic rivetting.

To begin with all rivetting will be done by hand and the Contractor must supply all hand tools.

When power becomes available, this will be supplied by the Railway together with usual pneumatic power operated tools.

8. (a) The Contractor will be required to make his own arrangements for bringing necessary staff from India and for housing them in Burma.

(b) In this connection the Government of Burma require that every effort shall be made by the Contractor to recruit local labour as far as possible and only when such labour is not available should labourers from India be imported. In regard to non-Burma evacuee Indian labourers who may be among men to be imported by the Contractor the formalities required under Chapter IV of the Indian Emigration Act, 1922, should be carried out. Particulars required under section 16 of the Act will have to be furnished, stating definitely the period of the proposed engagement and the wages to be offered. The Protector of Emigrants' permission must be obtained under section 17 on payment of the prescribed fees. The Registration contemplated under section 18 of the Act must also be completed.

Nov. 21, 1946.]

9. Forms of tender for which a fee of Rs. 20 (non-returnable) will be charged, are obtainable together with a copy of the General Conditions of Contract, copies of the fabricators' pro forma, Despatching Lists, and a copy of the General Arrangements drawing of each class of vehicle, from:—

The Chairman, Wagon Manufacturing Panel,
C/o Messrs. Jessop & Co., Ltd.,
93, Clive Street,
CALCUTTA.

10. Tenders must be sent in a sealed envelope marked "WAGONS" and submitted to reach the Chief Railway Commissioner, Burma, Rangoon, not later than Monday, December 16th, 1946. It is advisable to use registered AIR MAIL.

11. The Chief Railway Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

12. The successful tenderer will be required to provide security deposit, details of which are given in the General Conditions of Contract.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7900.—Supply of 3½" Steel Pipes required for Chamara-sagar Water Works: Extension of Tender Date.

The last date for the receipt of the above tender (see the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 24th October 1946, page 200) has been extended from the 15th November to the 15th December 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

S. P. C. Enquiry No. 7906-E. D. 961.—Supply of Renewable Enclosed Fuses and Links, etc.

Firms dealing in Electrical materials are requested to intimate their present-day prices and the earliest time of delivery for the following material:—

Item 1.—Renewable Enclosed Fuses without links for 250 volts circuit, 30 amps. capacity, size 2" long and 9/16" diameter 15,000 Nos.

The enclosed fuse cartridges should have metal caps at the two ends permitting the use of renewable fuse links and the body should be of some non-inflammable material. They shall conform to the latest B. S. S. or A. I. E. E. Standards and metal parts shall be such as to carry the specified current without heating.

Dimensional drawings and samples of the fuses should be furnished along with the quotation. Whether supply would be made from stock or from incoming consignments may also be intimated. Quotations received without the above details and samples will not be considered.

Firms' quotations should be submitted in duplicate superscribed as "Quotation for Renewable Enclosed Fuses and Links, etc." so as to reach the office of the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, Bangalore, not later than 27th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7945.—Supply of Copper Wire.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, Bangalore, up to the 20th December 1946, for the supply of 500 miles of hard drawn bare

Copper Wire 6 B. & S. size or A. C. S. R. conductor equivalent to 6 B. & S. copper wire.

Further details of the enquiry will be furnished on application to the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, Bangalore.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7916.—Supply of Portable Carbon-Dioxide Fire Extinguishers.

Firms dealing in Fire Extinguishers are requested to quote their best present-day prices and the earliest time of delivery for the Fire Extinguishers noted below:—

(1) 5 Nos.—Portable Carbon Dioxide Fire Extinguishers, 15 lbs. capacity, complete with the necessary hose, operating trigger, equipped with a suitable attachment to direct the gas into the fire.

(2) 4 Nos.—Carbon Dioxide Fire Extinguishers, 50 lbs. capacity, wheeled type, complete with 25 ft. of ½" hose, operating trigger, etc.

(3) 3 Nos.—Carbon Dioxide Fire Extinguishers, 100 lbs. capacity, wheeled type, complete with 50 ft. of ¾" hose, operating trigger, etc.

Complete specifications, illustrative and descriptive literature and drawings of the equipment offered must be sent along with the quotations without which the firm's tender will not be considered.

Firm's quotation should also include a list of spare parts required and also the procedure to be followed for refilling these extinguishers.

Firm's quotation may be submitted, in duplicate, superscribed as "Quotation for Portable Carbon-dioxide Fire Extinguishers" so as to reach the office of the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, "United India" Building, Bangalore City, not later than 2nd January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7915.—E. D. 959.—Supply of Lightning Arresters.

Firms dealing in Lightning Arresters are requested to quote their best present-day prices and the earliest time of delivery for the Lightning Arresters noted below:—

Item 1.—500 Nos. Lightning Arresters single pole for outdoor use on nongrounded circuits 1,000 to 3,000 volts.

Item 2.—200 Nos. Lightning Arresters single pole for nongrounded circuits 12,000 volts to 15,000 volts.

Whether firms can supply the material either from ex-stock in India or from expected consignments may also be intimated.

The materials must strictly conform to the Specification No. S. P. C. E.I. 6-1941.

Firm's quotation may be submitted in duplicate superscribed as "Quotation for Lightning Arresters" so as to reach the office of the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, United India Building, Bangalore City, not later than 23rd December 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7919.—Supply of D.C.C. Copper Wires required for Government Electric Factory.

Firms dealing in Copper Wires are requested to quote their best prices and the earliest time of delivery for the materials described in the schedule below.

It should be distinctly understood that the acceptance by the Stores Purchase Committee of firm's quotation will be subject to the following condition:—

Withdrawal from the quotation after it is accepted or failure to make the supply within the specified time or according to specifications will entail cancellations of the order and purchases being made at firm's expense from other sources in addition to the levy of a penalty of 3 per cent of the value of the order as and by way of liquidated damages. In such an event, the Stores Purchase Committee reserve the right to remove firm's name from the list of approved firms.

The quotations should be superscribed "Quotations for D. C. C. Copper Wires required for Government Electric Factory" with the above enquiry number.

The enquiry will be closed on the 30th November 1946.

SCHEDULE.

Description.	Quantity.
D. C. C. Copper Wire:—	
8 SWG.	5,000 lbs.
17 SWG. }	10,000 lbs.
18 SWG. }	
20 SWG. }	
21 SWG. }	
22 SWG. }	

N.B.—The prices to be quoted should be for delivery F.O.R. Bangalore City.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

S. P. C. Enquiry No. 7905-E. D. 952.—Supply of V. I. R. Insulated Cables—660 Volts Grade.

Firms dealing in Wires and Cables are requested to quote their best present-day prices and the earliest time of delivery for the following Insulated Cables:—

Vulcanised, rubber insulated wire double braided, single core tinned copper conductor 660 volts grade furnished in coils of 500 or 300 feet:—

Item No.	Quantity in Ft.	No. of strands.	Size.	
			B. & S.	S. W. G.
1	51,000	3/-036	14	16
2	84,000	7/-029	12	14
3	42,000	7/-049	10	12
4	21,000	7/-032	8	10
5	21,000	7/-084	6	8
6	9,000	19/-044	4	6
7	6,000	19/-052	2	3

The manufacture and the materials used in the construction of the Cables should fully conform to the latest B. S. S. or A. I. E. E. standards and to the printed specification.

Full specifications and details of construction of the Cables should also be furnished along with firm's quotation.

The prices to be quoted should be for delivery f.o.r. Madras or Bangalore.

Firm's quotation should be submitted in duplicate superscribed as "Quotation for V. I. R. Insulated Cables" so as to reach the office of the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, Bangalore, not later than 16th January 1947.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 49.—Supply of Steel Tapes and Spirit Levels.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon of the 16th December 1946, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 17th December 1946.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Names of Articles.	
1. Steel Tapes	Rate Contract for the period ending 30th June 1947.
2. Spirit Levels	

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Supply of Healthy Bullocks.

Tenders for the supply of about 35 pairs of Healthy Bullocks of 12½ hands, i.e., 50 inches in height and between the ages of 3 and 5, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on the 22nd November 1946, not later than 1 p.m. (Bombay Time).

The successful tenderer will have to complete the supply within two months from the date of acceptance of the tender and no extension of time will be granted under any circumstances.

Forms of tender will be supplied, on payment of Re. 1 only, by the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, Public Health Department, Municipal Offices, Bombay, who will give further information required. The tenderer should pay Rs. 4,000 as Earnest Money along with the tender.

The supply will have to be made in Bombay.

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Supply of Office Chairs.

The General Manager, B. A. Railway, Calcutta, invites tenders for supply of 1,000 Nos. of Chairs, Office, light armed, *Padouk* or *Shisham*, with wooden seats.

Necessary tender documents can be obtained from the Stores' Information Bureau, 3, Koilaghat Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 3 per tender, which is not refundable.

Tenders will be opened at 11 a.m. (Bengal Time) on the 30th November 1946.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.

Supply of Cane Baskets (Coal).

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, before 12 noon on the 11th December 1946:—

Tender No. GM.3/46/1713-NT for the supply of 22,500 Baskets, Cane (Coal), 22" mouth, 10" deep.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 3 per copy to the Cashier, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Conversion of Scrap Bronze Manganese into New Lead Bronze Ingot

The General Manager, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, invites sealed tenders for conversion of 130 tons Scrap Bronze Manganese into an equal quantity of New Lead Bronze Ingot to I.R.S.S. Class III.

Tender No. Sale/14 with full particulars may be purchased from the Controller of Stores' office, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, at Rs. 2 per copy and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. This sum is not refundable.

Opening date is 8th January 1947.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Supply of Machine-crushed Surkhi.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 2nd December 1946 for the supply by the 31st March 1947 of 2 to 3 lacs cubic feet, good quality Machine-crushed *Surkhi* from well-burnt 1st and 2nd class bricks at selected stations on Asansol Division.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till the 30th November 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash which sum will not be returned.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Supply of Stone Chips.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 2nd December 1946 for the supply of 2 to 3 lacs cubic feet of ½" Stone Chips from selected stations on Asansol Division.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till the 30th November 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash which sum will not be returned.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Tenders for Sinking a Well at Dhanbad.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 1st December 1946 for sinking a 20" dia. Well at Dhanbad.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till the 30th November 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash which sum will not be refunded.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Sale of Wood Shavings and Saw Dust.

Sealed tenders are invited and will be received in the Controller of Stores' office on or before noon on Wednesday, the 18th December 1946:—

Tender No. Sale/13.—For the purchase and removal of Wood Shavings and Saw Dust from the Mechanical Workshop, Lillooah, E. I. Railway, commencing from the 1st January 1947 to 31st December 1947.

Tender forms together with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores' office, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Re. 1 per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for same. This sum is not refundable. Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Sale of 1,100 Nos. of 10" Reel Centres.

Sealed tenders are invited and will be received in the Controller of Stores' office on or before noon on Friday, the 6th December 1946:—

Tender No. Sale/11.—For the purchase and removal of 1,100 Nos. of 10" Reel Centres from the Printing Superintendent (Stationery), E. I. Railway, Howrah.

Tender forms together with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Re. 1 per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. This sum is not refundable.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order.

EASTERN GROUP—SLEEPER CONTROL.

Tender No. 1/46-47.—Supply of Wagon Floor Boards.

Tenders are invited for 8,000 Broad Gauge Plain Wagon Floor Boards (Indian Teak and/or *Sal*) and will be opened by the Sleeper Control Officer, Eastern Group, B. N. Rly. House, Kidderpore, Calcutta, on the 17th December 1946, at 3 p.m. (Bengal Time). Full particulars will be supplied on application with a receipt of payment of Rs. 5 to the Financial Adviser and Chief Accounts Officer B. N. Railway, Kidderpore, which will not be refunded.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Tender No. 1946/40 (47-48/G) for the Supply of Miscellaneous Stores for the period 1-2-1947 to 31-1-1948.

The General Manager, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Miscellaneous Stores such as Baskets Cane and Bamboo, Cane or Rattan, Poles Nowgany, Straw Rice, Brooms Goa and Date required for the period 1-2-1947 to 31-1-1948.

The prescribed form of tender, with Special conditions on which tenders will be considered, can be obtained from the office of this Railway's Controller of Stores, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy, which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, Postal Orders and postage stamps will not be accepted.

Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form and must be placed in an envelope which must be addressed to the General Manager sealed and endorsed "Tender No. 1946/40 (47-48/G) for the Supply of Miscellaneous Stores". Tenders submitted by hand must be placed in the Box provided for their reception in the office of the Secretary to the General Manager. Tenders submitted through the post must be despatched under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 5,000 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money, before the time fixed for opening the tenders, without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made *wholly in cash* (on which no interest will be allowed) or *wholly in Government Securities or Approved Banker's Guarantee Bond* and the Governor General reserves to himself the right to appropriate or cancel the Government Securities or Bonds or confiscate the cash deposit, should the successful tenderer fail to put in the Security Deposit in terms and conditions of the tender.

Tenders not complying with any of the above conditions will not be considered.

Tenders will be received at the General Manager's office up to 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on the 20th December 1946.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Tender for Maintenance Contract of Hubli Sub-Division.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, up to 12 hours on Monday, the 16th December 1946, for Maintenance Contract of Hubli Sub-Division—Hubli District, on the Metre Gauge system of this Railway (from Harihar to Londa including Alnavar Dandelli Branch).

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest Money has to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 211-S/5/8 (Code Word "CXHCC")—Supply of Casing with Capping 1½"×1" of Teak Wood (2 way)=25,000 ft.

Tenders are invited, on a rupee basis, for purchase of the above. Tender must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Monday, the 16th December 1946, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore, at Re. 1 each (Re. 1-8-0 if to be posted), between 14 and 16 hours. Tenders will not be sold on the day fixed for their receipts.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 223-S/1/15 (Code Word "CXNOM")—Supply of "Masonite" Cane Insulation Boards=750 Nos.

Tenders are invited on a rupee basis for purchase of the above. Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Monday, the 16th December 1946, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, N. W. Railway, Lahore, at Re. 1 each (Rs. 1-8-0 if to be posted), between 14-00 and 16-00 hours. Tenders will not be sold on the date fixed for their receipt.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 223-S/1/13 (Code Word "CXLGH")—Supply of Beds Steel Frames—246 Nos.

Tenders are invited on a rupee basis for the purchase of the above. Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Thursday, the 19th December 1946, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore, at Re. 1 plus Re. 0-8-0 cost of the drawing, total Re. 1-8-0 (Rs. 2 if to be posted) between 14-00 and 16-00 hours.

Tenders will not be sold on the date fixed for their receipt.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(TEXTILE AND LEATHER DIRECTORATE.)

Sale of Glass Substitute.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of the following stores located at E.S.D.'s, Karachi and Raipur, respectively:—

Glass substitute 8,567 sq. ft.
Ditto 495,835 "

Superscribe reference.—Tender No. DGD/Tex-C/2496.

Last date for submission of tender.—By 4 p.m. on the 4th December 1946.

Offers to remain open for acceptance till.—4th January 1947.

Tender forms.—Obtainable from the Cashier, Directorate General of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 5 (not refundable).

Samples of the Stores may be seen at office of the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Karachi, after the 10th November 1946.

Earnest Money.—10 per cent of the price quoted deposited in Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of Directorate General of Disposals, New Delhi, or a "Deposit at Call" upon a Schedule Bank for equivalent amount. No cheques will be accepted.

Sales are subject to conditions laid down in Form Con. 117 and goods will be sold without guarantee of condition.

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

The following is a statement of contracts placed by the Deputy Director General (Supplies) (SF1 Branch), New Delhi, during the week ending the 9th November 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
1. SF1/69808/1/46.—Fireclay.	500 tons	Messrs. D. N. Chowdhury, P. O. Salanpur.	Rs. 9,000 f.o.r. Salanpur.
2. SF1/135559/2/46.—T. L. Belting.	17,000 ft.	Messrs. Bengal Belting Works, Ltd., Calcutta.	23,375 f.o.r. Serampur (Bengal).
3. SF1/135328/3/46.—Rivet sucks.	691 Nos.	Messrs. Ingersoll-Rand (India), Ltd., Bombay.	6,478 at Bombay.
4. SF1/71521/2/46.—Belting.	1,440 ft.	Messrs. Bengal Belting Works, Calcutta.	3,075 f.o.r. Serampur (Bengal).
5. SF1/133196/1/46.—Firebricks.	2,750 Nos.	Messrs. Parshuram Pottery Works, Ltd., Morvi.	2,106 f.o.r. Nazarbagh.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 8th November 1946.
[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.		1,055	8,684	13,324	
2. Gujarat		2	23	41	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan		765	4,779	10,092	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan		788	4,473	11,238	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country.					Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port.		1,555	9,277	22,345	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Sind	30,780	18,185	97,076	104,427	
Bengal—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Bengal	94	94	2,281	1,179	
United Provinces—					Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
1. Upper Doab					Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
2. Middle Doab					Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand					Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
4. Rohilkhand					Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
5. Rest of the Province					
TOTAL					
Punjab—					Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
1. Ambala	505	250	1,037	411	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
2. Jullundur	238	353	(e) 176	858	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
3. Lahore			(b) 1,325	2,331	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
4. Rawalpindi	1,031	1,571			Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
5. Multan	1,267	960	2,816	2,289	Shikha, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
6. Ferozepore					
TOTAL	3,041	3,134	5,654	5,889	
Central Provinces—					Jubbulpore, Saugor.
1. Jubbulpore					Hoshangabad.
2. Nerbudda					Nimar.
3. Nimar	164		(c) 186	11	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
4. Nagpur					Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
5. Satpura					Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
6. Chhattisgarh					
TOTAL	164		197	11	
Berar—					Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Berar	2,940	3,110	(d) 3,978	3,091	
Assam—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Assam					
Ajmer-Merwara—					The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Ajmer-Merwara	187		1,632	60	
Madras—					The whole of the Province.
Madras*	809	3,661	(e) 22,900	37,446	
GRAND TOTAL	38,114	29,739	142,995	175,978	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.

* For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 1st August 1946.

† Return not yet received.

(a) Includes 28 bales not reported before.

(b) " 117 " " " "

(c) " 7 " " " "

(d) " 5 " " " "

(e) " 67 " " " "

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 8th November 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad . . .	(a)	462	631	7,402
Baroda . . .	..	..	..	..
Mysore . . .	(a)	351	1,776	4,360
Gwalior . . .	(a)	119	..	241
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur . . .	(a)	718	..	1,144
Nabha . . .	..	..	..	..
Jind . . .	..	..	..	..
Faridkot . . .	(a)	57	..	57
Patiala . . .	(a)	657	..	657
Malerkotla . . .	..	..	..	..
Khalpur . . .	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	1,432	..	1,858
Rajputana States—				
Mewar . . .	..	..	..	..
Bikaner . . .	..	..	..	..
Jodhpur . . .	..	..	..	..
Tonk . . .	..	..	..	..
Jaipur . . .	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar . . .	..	..	..	..
Shahpura . . .	..	..	..	..
Kishanganj . . .	..	..	..	..
Kotah . . .	..	..	..	..
Bundi . . .	..	..	..	..
Idar . . .	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	..	..	..	..
Central India States—				
Indore . . .	..	..	..	..
Bhopal . . .	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh . . .	..	..	..	..
Alipura . . .	..	..	..	..
Jaora . . .	..	..	..	..
Ratlam . . .	..	..	..	..
Dhar . . .	..	..	..	..
Barwani . . .	..	..	..	..
Jhabua . . .	..	..	..	..
Dewar, J. B. . .	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES.	..	..	..	..

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 8th November 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar . . .	..	..	..	..
Junagadh . . .	..	..	..	..
Dhrangadhra . . .	(a)	..	5,950	..
Morvi . . .	..	..	..	..
Cutch . . .	(a)	..	1,500	..
Nawanagar . . .	(a)	..	..	42
Wadhwan . . .	..	..	..	..
Gondal . . .	..	..	..	..
Wankaner . . .	..	..	..	..
Porbandar . . .	..	..	..	..
Limbdi . . .	..	..	..	..
Radhanpur . . .	..	..	..	..
Rajkot . . .	..	..	..	..
Manawadar . . .	..	..	..	..
Jesdan . . .	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh . . .	..	..	..	..
Muli . . .	..	..	..	..
Sayla . . .	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station). . .	..	..	..	..
Katoan . . .	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar . . .	..	..	..	..
Paltana . . .	..	..	..	..
Maliya . . .	..	..	..	..
Bantva Majma . . .	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla . . .	..	..	..	..
Chhota Udepur . . .	..	..	..	..
Cambar . . .	..	..	..	..
Sachin . . .	..	..	..	..
Balsamor . . .	..	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas—				
Vaktapur . . .	..	..	..	..
Gothda . . .	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur . . .	..	..	..	..
Jamkhadi . . .	..	..	..	..
Rangli . . .	..	..	..	..
Mudhol . . .	..	..	..	..
Miraj . . .	..	..	..	..
Savanur . . .	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES .	..	..	7,456	42
GRAND TOTAL . . .	..	2,364	9,857	13,906

(a) Statement not yet received.

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 8th November 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelles . . .	..	242	37,247	46,439
Nadarn, Bourbon and Uppam . . .	..	..	400	..
Cambodias . . .	716	1,593	(a) 91,873	76,951
Karungannal . . .	..	..	40,974	..
Northerns . . .	..	..	8,107	..
Westerns . . .	183	1,776	61,078	169,356
Mungari . . .	..	..	908	..
Cocanadas . . .	..	48	8,512	9,884
TOTAL . . .	899	3,601	247,159	302,630

(a) Includes 67 bales not reported before.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS FOR CENTRAL SUGAR FACTORIES* FOR THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 15TH OCTOBER 1946.

(Issued by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, India, under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935.)

CONSOLIDATED FORTNIGHTLY STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS

(For Central Sugar Factories)

For the Fortnight ending the 15th October 1946.

On the basis of returns received from factories under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935, the following statements have been compiled, showing the production and stocks of sugar by groups:—

GROUPING OF FACTORIES.

Group Symbol.	Estimated No. of Factories operating in the Group.		No. of Factories in the Group from which returns have been received.		Territories covered.
	Current Season.†	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.‡	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.	
A	0	4	5	4	Kashmir, N.-W.F.P., Punjab and Sind: Kashmir.—Jammu. N.-W.F.P.—Mardan, Punjab.—Lahore, Shahpur, Gujranwala, Ambala and Jullundur. Sind.—Nawabshah. (Including Indian States.) West United Provinces.—Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Meerut, Nainital, Rampur, Etah and Moradabad. (Including Indian States.) Central United Provinces.—Bareilly, Pilibhit, Kheri, Shahjahanpur, Sitapore, Hardoi, Lucknow, Cawnpore, Gonda and Allahabad. (Including States.) Eastern United Provinces.—Barabanki, Bahraich, Jaunpur, Basti and Gorakhpur. (Including States.) Bihar: North Bihar.—Champaran, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga and Purnea. South Bihar.—Bhagalpur, Shahabad, Patna and Gaya. (Including Indian States.) Bengal, Madras, Bombay, Orissa, Assam (including States) and Central India States.
B	23	24	21	18	
C	10	10	10	14	
D	30	29	28	28	
E	29	29	28	25	
F	41	38	32	33	
TOTAL	143	140	130	122	

NOTE.—The percentage cane crushing capacity of these 130 factories is estimated at 92.7, as against 90 for the 122 factories during the corresponding fortnight of the previous season.

*These statements relate to Central Sugar Factories only and not to all sugar factories. For the definition of "Central Sugar Factory" and "Sugar Factory", please see Rule 2 of the Sugar Production Rules, 1935. For complete figures of sugar production, please see the "Monthly Statistics of Production of Certain Selected Industries of India".

†Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1945-46.

‡Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1944-45.

Consolidated Fortnightly Statement of Sugar Production and Stocks (by Groups) for the Fortnight ending the 15th October 1946.

REPORT No. XXIII (SEASON 1945-46).

A.—Stocks.

Group Symbol.	Opening Stock.		Closing Stock.	
	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
A	Mds. 10,223	Mds. 54,317	Mds. 6,888	Mds. 34,575
B	518,209	603,346	353,520	396,909
C	700,732	584,291	683,193	474,405
D	1,055,502	388,507	860,043	289,441
E	1,128,640	878,344	954,585	711,537
F	642,076	931,538	535,050	806,424
TOTAL	4,143,393	3,440,433	3,593,381	2,693,471

B.—Production.

Group Symbol.	Production during the Fortnight (Current Year).						Total Production.	
	Crystal.			Crushed.			Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.		
A	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..	Mds. ..
B	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
E	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
F	27,977	..	..	..	..	..	27,977	50,754
TOTAL	27,977	..	..	..	..	..	27,977	50,754

C.—Despatches.

Group Symbol.	Despatches.			Total for Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	During the Current Fortnight.			
	Crystal.	Crushed.	Total.	
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
A	3,816	21	3,837	19,742
B	162,689	..	162,689	206,347
C	107,539	..	107,539	109,706
D	195,292	165	195,457	119,156
E	174,064	1,170	174,064	166,807
F	183,224	..	183,224	175,868
TOTAL	776,024	1,363	777,989	707,716

FOR CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.

The above do not include Second-hand Tea, Damaged Tea and Dust.)

† Kenya Colony, 'Tanganyika Territory and Uganda Protectorate.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.

(b) Exports—contd.

(ii) From 1st September to 12th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	38	..
" Karachi	12	4
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *)			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom	18	10	7	65
U. S. A.	19	29	31	90
Australia	..	..	..	2
Other Countries	40	16	28	96
TOTAL, 1945-46	86	55	66	253
" 1944-45	18	15	11	93
" 1943-44	22	10	13	104

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 1st November—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 458 (Jan. '47).
 Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,438,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,580,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	159	159
Bombay	..	2,129	2,129
Karachi	..	233	233
Madras	..	305	305

(ii) From 1st January to 12th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	10,734	10,754
Bombay	7	73,867	73,874
Karachi	42	7,743	7,785
Madras	..	10,017	10,017

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	..	..	21	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	1	47	..	2
Karachi	..	..	149	..	784	60
Madras	..	..	..	3	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 15th November—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	..	..
(2) Domestic 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.	..	..
(3) Chadars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	..	..
(4) Dhories (up to ½" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs.	..	..
(5) Dhories (Calcutta, ½" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	2	4 0
† Manchester, 16th August—		
Price Index of cloth	..	244
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)		

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	1,240	1,240
Bombay	..	4,953	4,953
Karachi	..	10	10
Madras	..	560	560

(ii) From 1st January to 12th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	35,932	35,975
Bombay	..	305,366	305,366
Karachi	..	5,354	5,354
Madras	..	29,660	29,660

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	16
Madras	..	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
 † F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 15th November—

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Yarn, No. 10½, per lb.	..	..
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, ..	1	1 9
† Manchester, 16th August—		
Price index of American yarn	..	241
" " Egyptian ..	..	229
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)		

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

Cow Hides—

† Calcutta, 15th November—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..
(2) Darbhanga	..	..
(3) Patna	..	..
(4) Salted cows, Dacons	Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 18-8	

Buffalo Hides—

† Calcutta, 15th November—

(1) Arsenic, Framed	..	..
(2) " Commons	Rs. 13-0 to Rs. 15-0	

Goat Skins—

† Calcutta, 15th November—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 270 to Rs. 300
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Rs. 180 " Rs. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—

Market Quotations—

§ Madras, 14th November—

	Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—		
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to 2 5 0
(2) Buff hides "	1 12 0	" 1 14 0
(3) Sheep skins "	5 8 0	" 7 8 0
(4) Goat skins "	4 0 0	" 6 0 0

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 15th November—

Pig Iron—

Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Rs. 98

† London, 24th September—

Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£ s. d.
Steel, rails, heavy " "	8 9 3
	15 12 0

JUTE (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta§ by rail, river and sea	65	82
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	105	98
TOTAL	170	180

(ii) From 1st July to 12th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta§ by rail, river and sea	649	874
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	688	1,084
TOTAL	1,337	1,958

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	15	2

(ii) From 1st July to 12th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	397	430

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(iii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales.)*			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	July '45 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom	59	56	43	280
United States of America	23	41	66	200
Brazil	7	..	..	56
Australia	..	3	1	10
Other Countries	96	116	93	581
TOTAL, 1945-46	185	216	203	1,127
" 1944-45	69	73	105	549
" 1943-44	125	72	119	581

(c) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 15th November—**

- (1) European Jut Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 36-0
 (2) Indian Jut Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 34-8

‡ Calcutta, 19th November—

- (1) Firsts, per bale (400 lbs.) { Rs. 178-0†
 { Rs. 182-0‡
 (2) Lightnings „ „ { Rs. 173-0†
 { Rs. 175-0‡

London, 14th November—

- Daltee C. & F., per ton £ s. d.
 82 0 0

Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1946 is estimated at 5,550,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 7,091,000 bales in 1945 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	1,523	1,230
Hessian	210	34

(ii) From 1st January to 12th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	224,350	196,951
Hessian	57,642	78,138

(b) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 15th November—**

- B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×26½", 6×8", per 100 bags Rs. 103-0 (Ready).

- * 1 bale=400 lbs.
 † Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 ‡ Exports.
 § Mills.
 ¶ Supplied by Messrs. Landale & Morgan.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	100	10
Hessian	14,400	225

(ii) From 1st January to 12th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	20,613	17,793
Hessian	1,072,527	1,029,104

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 15th November—**

- (1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds. Rs. 35-0 (Ready).
 (2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds. Rs. 45-4 (Ready).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—**

- Calcutta, 18th November—
 Groundnut Cake, per md. Rs. 5-10‡

OILSEEDS—**CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—**

- † Bombay—
 Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt. 23rd Oct. 1st Nov.
 Rs. 24-2 Rs. 25-4
 London, 14th November—
 Castorseed (Bombay), per ton £ s. d.
 47 0 0

COCONUTS—**Market Quotations—**

- † Cochin, 9th November—
 Coconuts, per 1,000 Rs. 185

COPRA—**Market Quotations—**

- † Cochin, 9th November—
 Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs. Rs. 435

- * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 ‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
 § Govt. control retail rate.

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports	..	..

(b) Market Quotations—

- * Bombay, 15th October—
 Cotton seed, per Indian Md. Rs. 63-0

GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—**

- † Bombay—
 (1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt. 23rd Oct. 1st Nov.
 Rs. 35-0 Rs. 37-0
 (2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt. ..

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations—**

- † Madras, 14th November—
 Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs. Rs. 90-14-0
 † Bombay—
 23rd October—
 Khandesh, per cwt. Rs. 24-8
 1st November—
 Bold, per cwt. Rs. 22-14
 London, 18th April—
 Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton £ s. d.
 38 0 0

LINSEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	75	257
Bombay, by rail and sea	396	1,523
Karachi, by rail and river	..	..
Vizagapatam, by rail	..	..

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	990

- * Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 ‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—contd.**LINSEED—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—**

- * Bombay—
 (1) Bold, per cwt. 23rd Oct. 1st Nov.
 Rs. 24-8 Rs. 25-0
 (2) Small, per cwt. Rs. 24-3 Rs. 24-12

† Calcutta, 15th November—

- Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md. Rs. 20-0 (n) (Ready).

London, 2nd May—

- Linseed, Bombay, per ton £ s. d.
 46 10 0

RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	..	1,148
Bombay, by rail and sea	2	32
Karachi, by rail and river	19	354

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	797

(c) Market Quotations—

- † Karachi, 13th November—
 Rapeseed and/or Toria (including bags) Rs. 107-0‡
 Per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately.

*** Bombay, 29th June, 1945—**

- (1) Brown, Cawnpore, per cwt. Rs. 18-0 (n)
 (2) Yellow, „ „ Rs. 23-0 (n).

London, 18th April—

- Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £ s. d.
 39 10 0

- * Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 † Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 ‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 § Sind Govt. controlled price ex-godown in Karachi City.
 (n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—

CASTOR OIL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 15th November—

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 61-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 60-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 59-8-0

† Madras, 14 November—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs. Rs. 270

COCONUT OIL—

Market Quotations—

† Cochin, 9th November—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality,	Rs. 680-0 Ready.
per candy (654 lbs.).	Rs. 645-0 One month.

GROUNDNUT OIL—

Market Quotations—

† Madras—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	9th Nov. Rs. 245	16th Nov. Rs. 240
--------------------------------------	------------------	-------------------

OILS (MINERAL)—

KEROSENE OIL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 15th November—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ Rs. 4-4-3 ||
	{ Rs. 4-7-3 ¶
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	{ Rs. 3-13-6 ||
	{ Rs. 4-0-8 ¶

PETROL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 15th November—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		3,214	2,354

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.

|| Ex-godown.

¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.

** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 12th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		217,604	30,608

From 1st January to 12th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	22,223

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 15th November—

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..	..

SHELLAC—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 15th November—

T. N. per B. maund	Rs. 142
--------------------	---------

London, 14th November—

T. N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d.
	18 2 6

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—

(a) Despatches—

During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined.	(In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea			1,239	4,877
" Bombay by rail			413	1,705
" Karachi " "			1,576	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
* A' grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
* B' grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
* C' grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

		Refined. (In cwts.)			
		Java.	Mauri- tius.	Other Europe. Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	.	.	..	..	..
Bombay	.	.	..	..	..
Karachi	.	.	..	..	..
Madras	.	.	..	..	..

TOTAL, 1946 : ..
" 1945 : ..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 2nd November—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 20 11 6 to 21 13 6	{ 16 1 6 to 16 12 6
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 2 0	16 8 0
Basti, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 0 0	16 6 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 6 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	20 15 6	16 8 0
Ross, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta (25th Oct. '46)	3,433	(27th Oct. '45)	32,473
Bombay (15th Aug. ")	65,400	(15th Aug. ")	100,500
Karachi (22nd Oct. ")	20,157	(25th Oct. ")	24,303
Madras (24th " ")	13,951	(27th " ")	26,006
† Calcutta (1st Nov. ")	3,333	(3rd Nov. ")	29,913
Bombay (2nd " ")	15,000	(" ")	..
Karachi (31st Oct. ")	22,455	(" ")	..
Madras (" " ")	13,315	(2nd Nov. ")	23,347

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending:—

	2nd Nov.	9th Nov.
	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siswa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..

Eating—

(3) Madras	20 9	11 11	20 9	11 11
(4) Ahmednagar	..	12 13	..	13 8
(5) Lyallpur	25 0	16 8	..	15 12
(6) Muzaffarnagar	16 0	..	20 0	11 4
(7) Meerut	..	..	..	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	..	9 0	..	9 0
(9) Dacca (best quality)	40 0	20 0	45 0	22 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, wnpore.
† Kidderpore Docks only.

TEA—

(a) Arrivals—

During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		7,415	13,103

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		342	579
" Chittagong		66,872	..

(ii) During the three months ending January, 1946 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)			
	Nov., 1945.	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	July '45 to Jan., 1946.
United Kingdom .	33,019	18,967	27,182	200,927
Iraq . . .	541	..	..	927
Iran . . .	354	60	60	2,484
Canada . . .	4,988	200	..	17,927
United States of America . .	11,399	5,378	10,315	45,119
Australia . .	..	2,709	2,119	13,777
Other Countries .	1,769	4,782	2,012	16,860
TOTAL, 1945-46 .	52,068	32,096	41,688	298,021
" 1944-45 .	46,551	48,487	40,953	302,014
" 1943-44 .	45,650	16,366	27,831	235,824

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 12th & 13th November—

† Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. Rs. 1-3-11

WHEAT—

(a) Imports and Exports—

(i) During week ending 12th October, 1946 and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Calcutta		..	4,227
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	116

* Relating to tea, black.

† See also page 392.

‡ In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	--	--	--
Bombay	--	--	--
Karachi	--	--	--

During week ending 12th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi			317

(ii) From 1st April to 12th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Calcutta	Indian*. Foreign.	37,077	171,580
Bombay	Indian*. Foreign.	4,022	--
Karachi	Indian*. Foreign.	80,939	--

From 1st April to 12th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	--	--	--
Bombay	--	--	--
Karachi	--	--	--

From 1st April to 12th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		101,954	58,563

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 15th October—

Wheat, per Ind. Md. †

Karachi, 15th November—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately) ‡

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—conold.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Rs. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1945-46 is now estimated at 8,967,000 tons, as against 10,458,000 tons in 1944-45.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 13th November—

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Rs. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 15th November—

	Jute (50 c. ft.) Plus 15% Surcharge.	Linseed (20 cwt.) Plus 15% Surcharge.
London §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Liverpool §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Dundee §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	
Glasgow §	80 0(n) 91 3(n)	

‡ Bombay, 23rd October & 1st November—

Cotton (40 c. ft.)—		s. d.
United Kingdom ports		102 0
Antwerp		--
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		--
Trieste, Venice		--
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—		
Linseed, Rape, etc.—		
United Kingdom ports		92 0
Antwerp		--
Marseilles		--
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		--
Trieste, Venice		--
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—		
Cotton, etc.—		
United Kingdom ports		89 0
Marseilles		--
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		--
Groundnuts—		
United Kingdom ports		98 0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(a) Nominal.

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For all your TIMBER requirements please always refer to:—

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Telegraphic Address: "TEAKTIMBER" Bombay.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Wednesday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

A Press communiqué, issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta, on the 20th November 1946, states:—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 19th November 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 1,07,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 per cent and above were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 97,75,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-7-0 per cent per annum.

During the week ended the 15th November 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,41,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

The following Press communiqué, dated the 27th November 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 26th November 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 1,88,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 per cent were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 1,63,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-7-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) on Tuesday, the 3rd December 1946, at Bombay and up to the close of business on Monday, the 2nd December 1946, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 6th December 1946. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 22nd November 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 4,83,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 25th November—
British Conversion (3½ per cent) 115
British War Loan (3½ per cent) 107½

EXCHANGE—

26th November—
Telegraphic Transfer Selling. Buying.
1s. 5½d. 1s. 6½d.
On New York D/D \$100— Rs. 332½ Rs. 329½
London/New York \$4-02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 26th November—
Gold (.999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 102

London, 25th October—
Gold, per fine oz. £8-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—
26th November—
Silver (.999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 147

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

25th November—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 147-4

London, 21st November—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 55½d.

New York, 21st November—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 90½ cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 15TH NOVEMBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 25th November 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	754,24,20,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	327,97,58,000
3. Cash in India—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	39,24,22,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,08,36,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	71,41,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	80,07,20,000
5. Advances in India	403,25,15,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	22,21,38,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	15-11-46.	8-11-46	16-11-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	754,24,20	746,05,22	669,43,39	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	327,97,58	327,56,29	267,88,82	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	43,03,99	42,06,00	34,93,53	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	80,07,20	76,66,17	91,85,71	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	403,25,15	402,04,88	256,96,53	101,52,16
6. Bills discounted in India	22,21,38	22,57,25	16,23,94	3,57,20

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 15th November 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	55,46,86,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	24,88,000
Deposits:—		Subsidiary Coin	1,80,000
(a) Government:—		Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(1) Central Government of India	416,39,42,000	(a) Internal	..
(2) Government of Burma	35,01,000	(b) External	..
(3) Other Government Accounts	25,14,90,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,14,89,000
(b) Banks	83,97,85,000	Balances held abroad*	486,32,92,000
(c) Others	44,87,90,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	..
Bills Payable	6,35,52,000	Other Loans and Advances	15,25,000
Other Liabilities	6,70,64,000	Investments	26,44,33,000
		Other Assets	23,09,31,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	593,90,24,000	TOTAL ASSETS	593,90,24,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 15th November 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	55,46,86,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,202,99,12,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	..	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
Total Notes Issued		1,258,45,98,000	Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		20,87,49,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,15,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,258,45,98,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,258,45,98,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.745 per cent.



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Business Notice iv

NOTES.

AVAILABILITY OF POTATOES FROM EAST AFRICA—

With reference to the notice published at page 174 of the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 24th October 1946, on the above subject, information has since been received that the potato position in East Africa does not permit of any exports from that territory at present. The position is, however, likely to be reviewed in December next.

ALL-INDIA INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES OF FOOD ARTICLES—

The following Press Note, dated the 16th November 1946, has been issued by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi:—

The Economic Adviser's All-India index of wholesale prices of Food Articles (Base: last week of August 1939=100) for the week ended November 2, 1946, worked out to 259.5 as compared with 260.2 for the previous week and 236.7 for the corresponding week of the previous year.

During the week, the group index for 'Pulses' declined by 9 points to 355 as a result of general fall in the prices of Pulses. The group index for 'Cereals' and 'Other Food Articles' remained stationary at 281 and 209, respectively.

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR BRISTLES IN THE U. K.—

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 20th July 1946:—

The prices given below (only extracts of interest to India are published below), which are effective from July 15, 1946, will remain in force for a minimum period of three months and are the prices at which the Board of Trade until further notice will sell Bristle through approved merchants to holders of Aftuc licences.

The prices in this schedule are also those which have been approved by the Board of Trade for sales made by merchants from their private stocks to holders of Aftuc licences.

Terms: Ex-Warehouse nett 30 days: Carriage from Warehouse only for Buyer's account.

Prices for Indian bristles are for standard qualities. Issue prices for these grades are subject to adjustment after examination of quality.

	Shorts and Ribs	2 1/3 in.	3 3/4 in.	3 1/2 in.	3 1/4 in.	4 1/4 in.	4 1/2 in.	5 1/2 in.	5 3/4 in.	6 1/2 in.	6 1/4 in.
INDIANS:	R S										
Dark	4/0 5/9	13/6	21/3	27/6	32/6	37/6	45/-	55/-	60/-	62/6	
White	5/- 6/3	14/-	22/6	32/6	37/6	45/-	50/-	60/-	80/-	85/-	

These apply to regular standard qualities.
Extra Solid, Extra Prime Stiff and Substandard at relative prices.

Nov. 28, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

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TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

INDIAN—

Tungsten Wire and Molybdenum Wire.

JJ-58) A firm in Chilakalapudi (South India) desires to be put in touch with suppliers of Tungsten Wire and Molybdenum Wire in India.

FOREIGN—

Silk Cocoons Waste.

JJ-59) A firm in Tel-Aviv (Palestine) desires to be put in touch with exporters in India of Silk Cocoons Waste.

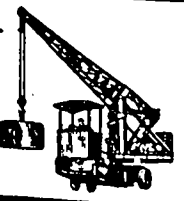
WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

CROPS. Orissa, week ending 18th November.—Rainfall light at Cuttack, Jajpur, Angul, Balasore, Bhadrak, Puri, Russelkonda, Koraput and Rayaghada and no rain elsewhere. Harvesting of early winter paddy in Cuttack, Balasore and Puri districts and of autumn paddy in Sambalpur district in progress. Pressing of sugarcane in Puri district commenced. Standing crops, including sugarcane, paddy and tobacco, generally thriving. Punjab, week ending 18th November.—Weather remained dry. Rain badly wanted in Mianwali district. Condition and expected yield of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Sowing of spring crops in progress. Assam, dated the 18th November.—Weather generally seasonable and its effects on crops fair. Prospects and outturn of crops fair to good. Bengal, week ending 13th November.—Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops generally satisfactory. Early aman harvesting and cultivation of rabi crops in progress. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 9th November.—Weather almost cloudy throughout week. At long last after lapse of about a month, moderate to fairly heavy showers of rain received in districts of Jabulpore and Nagpur divisions except Chanda. Light to fairly moderate showers of rain received in

Bhandara and Balaghat districts and Berar. Showers proved beneficial to standing kharif and early-sown rabi crops, but likely to cause some damage to late-sown rabi crops at places in Saugor and Betul districts, necessitating resowing. Cotton crop in Khandwa tahsil (Nimar) reported damaged by recent rains. Outturn of paddy crop in Raipur district affected by prolonged drought. Harvesting of paddy in full swing. Picking of cotton continued. Sowing of rabi crops nearing completion and germination successful so far.

Intermediate Crop Reports. Sugarcane: North-West Frontier Province.—No change in total area sown with sugarcane since submission of October forecast. Present condition of standing crop generally average. United Provinces.—Rain during October was beneficial to crop. In north-eastern districts, water-logging in low-lying areas proved harmful and caused sugarcane diseases. Red-rot appeared in epidemic form in some areas in these districts. Wilt and yellowing diseases also in evidence at some places. Some damage also caused by white-ants and borers. In western districts, comparatively dry weather which prevailed during October considerably improved condition of crop in water-logged areas. Borers in evidence in several tracts of these districts. Red-rot also appeared in Bara Banki district and in certain areas in Rohilkhand and Kumaun Circle. Crushing of cane begun in some areas in western districts and new gur started coming to market. Elsewhere crushing of cane not yet commenced. Condition of crop reported satisfactory on whole, except in low-lying areas where crop adversely affected by water-logging. Madras.—Condition of crop reported generally satisfactory in all districts. Yield per acre expected normal or slightly below normal if season continues favourable. Rice: Assam (Winter rice).—Since issue of first forecast, weather condition continued generally favourable for crop but recent flood in Nowgong caused serious damage to crops there. Report of damage by insects also received from certain districts. Some change in percentage outturn estimated in last forecast anticipated. Madras (Paddy).—Harvest of first crop of paddy progressing in East Godavari, West Godavari and Kistna districts and either concluded or concluding in South Arcot, Central districts, South and West Coast. Yield per acre expected generally below normal except in West Coast and parts of Central and Southern districts due to insufficient or delayed rains and inadequate supply of water in irrigation sources. Condition of standing crops reported generally satisfactory. Cotton: United Provinces.—Comparatively dry weather which prevailed during October in western districts was beneficial for crop, although fruiting not up to mark. In many areas rain during this month proved harmful to bolls. Picking of crop in progress and new seed cotton of Desi variety started coming to market and selling at Rs. 18-8 to Rs. 21-8 per maund. Perso-American cotton not so far arrived in market. Final picking

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B. 3183 W. 31-10-47.

reported generally poor in quality. Leaf-roller pest in evidence in certain areas in western districts. Except in areas, where crop spoilt by water-logging, condition of crop reported fair.

Cotton. Bombay, 21st November.—Forward cotton prices exhibited narrow fluctuations. After lower opening, rates tended upwards on scattered bull support. Steady tone prevailed almost for greater part of session. Market moved in colourless fashion without meeting with any outside inspiration. Towards close, considerable selling operation carried out and earlier gains reduced. Indian Cotton Contract January started at Rs. 460 and rose gradually from Rs. 461 to Rs. 461.4 and thereafter from Rs. 461.6 to Rs. 461.12. Gradually it rose further from Rs. 461.14 to Rs. 462.4. Towards close, it sagged and touched Rs. 460.4 and finally closed at Rs. 460.6.

Jute. Calcutta, 23rd November.—Quiet and idle. No business reported. Hessians 40" 10 oz. quoted at Rs. 45 ready. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 102 ready. Market quiet.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. Madras, 21st November:—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0 to	2 5 0
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 12 0 to	1 14 0
Sheep skins, per lb.	5 15 0 to	7 10 0
Goat skins, per lb.	5 0 0 to	6 0 0

Shellac. Calcutta, 22nd November.—T.N., Rs. 135 per B. Maund.

Tea. Nineteenth Tea Sale, Calcutta, 19th and 20th November.—285 packages Green tea at average price Re. 1-4-11, 12,412 packages other sorts at average price Re. 1-4-4 and 20,684 packages Dust at average price Re. 1-3-1 sold for consumption in India. All sorts of black leaf teas dearer by irregular half anna, greatest advance in price being shown by Fannings. Darjeelings met strong demand and sold well above valuation, but better sorts of Green teas little easier. Feature of sale was small quantity of green tea amounting to 252 packages offered for export at average price Rs. 2-6-1. These were first teas auctioned for export since war and sold at approximately a rupee above internal prices. Demand for Dusts good. Prices opened irregular 3 ples dearer, but eased towards end of sale to slightly below last week's quotations. On balance prices remained unchanged. Best demand again for good red C.T.C. Assams.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL. Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 25th November—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 63-0-0
	per md. loose.
Linseed oil, Up-country Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 58-0-0
	per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—Firm conditions have prevailed in the linseed market during the week. Limited trading has been reported. Small supplies have been reaching this centre, and sellers have been demanding increased rates for ready lots. There has been some business with the oil mills who have shown an interest owing to a steady oil market.

Bombay, 21st November—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 16-4-0
	per quarter.

[No stock figures available this week.]

IMPORT OF GOODS FROM STERLING AREA INTO SYRIA AND THE LEBANON.

—The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 20th July 1946:—

It was reported in the *Board of Trade Journal*, May 18 (page 628), that the Syrian and Lebanese Governments had instituted measures to restrict the imports of goods from the sterling area to a level commensurate with the funds at present available and that in the present circumstances the possession of import licences by local importers does not necessarily guarantee that sterling for payment will be made available by the Syrian or Lebanese authorities.

In these circumstances exporters will be well advised in their own interests to accept new orders only against full payment in sterling in London or part payment in sterling in London on acceptance of the order and the balance on terms ensuring sterling payment against documents on arrival of the goods.

Exporters who may be experiencing difficulty in respect of payment for current orders should send full particulars to the Secretary (Commercial), British Legation, Beirut, for registration with the local exchange office. Particulars should be sent in quintuplicate and should, it is suggested, include the following information in respect of each order:—

- value of order
- date of order
- value shipped
- date shipped or to be shipped
- type of goods
- name and address of buyer
- name and address of agent.

REPORT OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR IRAN, TEHRAN, FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1946.

General.

THERE have been strikes and labour troubles, mainly fomented by political reasons, in most of the industrial centres. A new Cabinet has been formed with a number of members of the left-wing Tudeh Party. The formation by the Prime Minister of the new political party called "Democrat-i-Iran" has created some confidence in the commercial world, as it is hoped that this party will counterbalance the dangerous influence of the Tudeh (or Communist) party. The Russians have continued to trade in Iran, and most of their sales during the past month have reflected bazaar prices fairly closely, with an upward trend generally.

An unsettling element in the commercial position has been the rate of foreign exchange in the free market. The increased demand for exchange required for the opening of documentary credits abroad, combined with the activities of speculators and the fact that the authorised Banks ceased purchasing Sterling Area currency notes for settlement of exporters' undertakings, caused a considerable variation in the free market exchange rates (the highest point towards the end of the month was Rials 157 per pound sterling). Dollars also advanced at one time to Rials 47.

Other matters of general interest are as follows:—

- Full postal services have been restored between Azerbaijan and the capital.
- Asphalting of the Tehran-Qasvin road will soon be completed and then work is to begin on the road from Tehran to Qum.
- The Cabinet has issued a decree providing for the establishment of co-operative funds to assist peasants and small landowners.
- A toll of Rials 50 per ton is being levied on goods held in the Khorramshahr Customs, either for export or import. The proceeds will be used in the relief of distress caused by floods around Khorramshahr.
- It has been announced that telephonic communication will be possible in the immediate future between Tehran and Bagdad.
- The question of extension of railway from Shahroud to Meshed is under active consideration in the Ministry of Roads and Communications.
- Direct telegraph services have been resumed with the U.S.S.R. and Afghanistan.

Agriculture.—It is now apparent that the grain harvest will not be so satisfactory as was previously anticipated owing to the failure of the rainfall in southern Iran. The prices of cereals have generally hardened as a result of an announcement of Government's policy to permit exports of grain in excess of domestic requirements. The question of export of 50,000 tons of barley to India is still subject of telegraphic communication with the Government of India. It is doubtful whether India will be able to get any appreciable quantity in view of uncertainty and constant changes of policy.

Trade.—Commodity markets have tended to be more active during the month. The improvement in the demand appears to have been caused to some extent by the gradual expansion of trade between Azerbaijan Province and the capital. The buyers for the provinces increased their purchases towards the end of the month. The stocks of a number of imported commodities are now becoming low owing to a reduction in orders placed abroad during the past few months. The tendency of prices of most imported commodities, except cotton piecegoods, has remained upwards, mainly due to enormous delays in clearing goods from

the southern Customs. Foreign exchange, as reported earlier in this review, has behaved erratically and the repercussions upon trade generally have been unfortunate. Money has been circulating with some degree of freedom.

Textiles.—There is a marked shortage of fine-count goods and woollens generally. Piecegoods market remained dull and the prices fell slightly. The Russians have continued to sell cotton piecegoods in the north. They sold about 500 bales of white shirtings, etc., in Resht. In Tehran they have been selling slowly at a satisfactory profit. They have closely followed the market and seem to have determined to take full advantage of the shortage of supplies from abroad. The demand for second-hand clothing has been maintained, and owners of stocks are holding out for higher prices.

Foreign Trade of Iran.

According to provisional figures given by the Customs Administration, the total import for the year 1324 (21.3.45 to 20.3.46) was 134,000 tons in weight and Rials 2,883,000,000 in value. In comparison with the figures available for the preceding year this shows an increase of 24,000 tons or 22 per cent in weight and of 454 million Rials, or slightly over 18 per cent in value. The difference between the increase in weight and value indicates a slight fall in the price of export commodities.

The total export for the year under review was 110,000 tons in weight and 1,550 million rials in value. In comparison with the figures available for the preceding year, this shows an increase of 62 per cent in weight and of 96 per cent in value. The total balance of foreign trade for the year under review shows an increase of 66,000 tons in weight and Rials 1,212,000,000 in value over that of the previous year.

During the period referred to, India ranked first among the suppliers of fish, coffee (the only supplier), tea, spices, wheat and wheat flour, rice and paddy, oil bearing fruits and oilseeds (the only supplier in both cases), gums other than gum tragacanth (in quantity only), granulated and loaf sugar, pure cotton piecegoods, ready-made clothing other than furs, and vehicles and parts thereof (in three cases in quantity only). India had a substantial share in the supply of fresh and dried fruits, cereals and legumes, cement (the only supplier), goat and sheep leather, solid and ordinary vehicle tyres, cotton, cotton yarn, yarn and other textile, glassware, iron and steel tools, electric machines, electric instruments and spare parts thereof. The import of 16,376 kilos of tea valued at Rials 1,220,670 showed a decline as compared with 20,261 kilos valued at Rials 2,068,726 imported during the period 22.12.45 to 20.1.46. The imports of spices of 100,698 kilos valued at Rials 1,171,468 also showed a decline as compared with kilos 262,781 valued at Rials 3,830,823 imported during the preceding month. The imports of cotton piecegoods of kilos 152,717 valued at Rials 9,629,362 showed an increase as compared with kilos 130,145 valued at Rials 6,565,363, imported during the preceding month.

India maintained a high position among the importers of Iranian goods during the period 21.1.46 to 19.2.46. She ranked first among the importers of almond, shelled almond, saffron, violet, bugloss and Nenuphar, bugloss leaves and stems (the only importer in these three cases), red rose and raw lamb skins. She had a substantial share in the imports of ordinary and soft wool (flue) and carpets of all kinds.

Iranian Import Quota Regulations for the Year 1325 (21st March 1946 to 20th March 1947).

The Council of Ministers have recently sanctioned the quotas of imports for the year 1325 (21-3-46 to 20-3-47), amounting to Rials 3,061,200,000. There was considerable delay in the publication of these quotas, which were issued in Persian only on 1st

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July 1946. A number of notes are attached to the lists of which the text is as follows:—

(i) In order to facilitate the work of importers and Customs officials, and in order to fully distinguish the goods indicated in the lists (copy appended) the preparation, of the annual quota has been based on the relevant sections and Tariff numbers of the Iranian Customs Tariff.

(ii) The goods covered by the quota are divided into two classes:

Class 'A'.—Goods, whose importation is free, and merchants placing orders do not require the sanction and authorisation of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry. The relative import licence will be issued at the Customs House of entry on presentation of the import declarations.

Class 'B'.—The shipment and importation of goods in Class 'B' requires the prior approval and licence of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

(iii) The importation of monopolised goods is the monopoly of the Government and the relative import licences must be issued in the name of the Government Department concerned. As regards cotton textiles, silk, alcoholic beverages and playing cards, merchants may import them direct on payment of monopoly duty in addition to Customs charges.

(iv) The importation of silver and gold in the form of ingots, sheets and coins is free, and does not require an import licence.

(v) The provisions of this quota will be enforced in respect of goods entering the frontier Customs as from the date of publication of the quota. As regards goods, the import of which is prohibited, which enter the Customs after the date of publication of this quota, if a definite order has been placed before publication the Ministry of Commerce and Industry will, as a special case, issue the necessary import licence, provided the necessary documents are submitted to the Ministry within two months of the publication of the quota.

Trade Enquiries.

A large number of enquiries was received from firms in India and Iran during the period under review, and dealt with expeditiously.

(i) Enquiries from firms in India related to:

(a) Names of Trade Journals, directories and newspapers, etc., in Iran and rates of advertisements of the important papers, etc.

(b) Prospects of Indian feature films in Iran.

(c) Trade controls and exchange regulations in force in Iran.

(d) Export to Iran of—

Oil, oilseeds, oilcakes, spices, minerals, drugs, herbs, medicines, pharmaceutical products, turpentine, hats sola and pith, sports goods, coir and coir products, jute and jute products, leather and leather goods, miscellaneous and general merchandise, cotton piecegoods, ivory goods, lace goods, machine tools and hardware, stationery, brushware, chemicals, utensils, guts, glassware, etc.

(ii) Enquiries from firms in Iran related to:

(a) Import of—

Tea, sugar, piecegoods, yarn, general merchandise, hardware, glassware, gunny bags, jute goods, haberdashery, bicycles, paints, medicines, chemicals, etc.

Labour Law Decree for Experimental Enforcement.

The new Labour Law has now been promulgated, but awaits confirmation by the new Majlis as soon as it is elected. The law provides for the formulation of special regulations to cover agricultural labourers, limitation of working hours in industrial, building, commercial and transport institutions, subject to the draft law, to 48 hours per week, grant of leave and holidays (Friday to be a holiday), condition for employment of women and children, employment contracts (individual or collective agreements in respect of employment shall be in writing) in accordance with the relevant law and regulations, medical facilities, unemployment (a worker may quit his work by giving seven days notice in writing prior to quitting, and the employer may also dismiss the worker by giving him 7 days notice), formation of unions, payment of wages, settlement of disputes and the co-operative fund, etc.

Transport.

There have been heavy purchases of newly imported American light truck chassis on account of bus operating companies. The regulations covering public passenger transport services are quite inadequate, and even such laws as do exist, are observed more in the breach than the observance. Buses charge about the main streets of the capital, and career all over the country side in competition with each other, and to the constant danger of the general public. Transportation of commercial goods continues at somewhat reasonable rates.

Indian businessmen are advised to travel by air, especially from Zahidan to Tehran, in order to save time and to avoid inconvenience.

General Credit Position.

Commercial transactions in the bazaars have been settled mainly for cash, and there has been an increase in orders placed abroad which caused some demand for money. Traders are hesitant about any long term contracts owing to political uncertainty. The price of fine gold at the end of the month was Rials 385 per misghal, which is Rials five more than the closing price at the end of June. The gold market has been quiet and exporters inactive. Free foreign exchange has hardened in price steadily throughout the month and closed at Rials 47 per U.S. dollar, and Rials 152 for sterling.

Rates.

Black Bourse—Tehran.

Dollar—Drafts	Rls. 47-47.75 per dollar.
Dollar—Notes	42.25-43.00 per dollar.
Iraq Dinar Notes	143-143.50 per Iraq Dinar.
Sterling Notes	150-152 per £ sterling.
Sterling Drafts	152-153.50 per £ sterling.
Baghdad rate for Rial Notes	135.50 (18th July 1946).

Cost of Living Index, etc.

Cost of Living Index (21st June 1946) (Tehran only)—	
(i) Official published figure	710
(ii) Official published figure (corrected for average April-August, 1939=100)	506
Wholesale Price Index (21st June 1946) (Tehran only)—	
(i) Official published figure	533
(ii) Official published figure (corrected for average April-August, 1939=100)	425

Wholesale Prices.

Tehran Bazar, 31st July, 1946.

	Rials.	
Tea (Open market) foreign brand	110-175	per ½ kilo.
Tea (Open market) local brand	10-35	" " "
Tea (Coupon rate) mixed	35	" " "
Sugar (Open market)	46	" kilo.
Sugar (Coupon rate) white	19	" " "
Rowghan (Ghee)	75-100	" " "
Rice	2100-4500	" 300 kilos.
Wheat (Open market)	1100-1250	" " "
Wheat (Government purchase price)	840	" " "
Barley (Open market)	650-700	" " "
Firewood	250-350	" " "
Iron Beams	0.50-7	" kilo.
Paper	23.00	" " "
Tin	190-200	" " "

APPENDIX.

List of Goods Covered by the Quotas of Imports for the Year 1325 (21-3-46 to 20-3-47).

LIST OF 'A' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS.

Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.
1-14	All kinds of animals and birds	500,000
28	Condensed milk, liquid or in powder, sweetened or unsweetened.	1,000,000
58/60, 169/170, 172, 175	Seedlings, seeds, fruit stones, bulbs, stems, shoots, graftings and other plants, flower seeds, vegetables seeds (sanitary certificate of the country of origin to be produced) hop plant.	1,000,000
113	Unroasted coffee	1,000,000
280/282	Cocoa, cocoa beans and cocoa oil	2,000,000
147, 152, 153	Rolled oats such as Quaker oats, Malt and Malt extract.	1,500,000
304, 305	Beer yeast and other yeasts	50,000
306, 307	Capsules and empty capsules	150,000
206/227	Gum lac, natural gums and other kinds of gums.	500,000
246/and 261	Margarine and oleostearine, Vegetable butter for food.	1,500,000

LIST OF 'A' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—contd.

Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.
245, 247, 248	Suet for manufacture of soap, fat, medicinal cod liver oil and other animal fats for industrial purposes.	1,000,000
253, 255, 256, 262	Palm oil, coconut oil, pine tree oil and pure refined olive oil and other veg. oils for industrial purposes, spermaceti and sperm from other sea animals.	500,000
266	Lanoline	500,000
275	Glucose and lactose (for medical purposes.)	200,000
156, 284, 285	Flour, starch and malt extract, specially as baby food and for hygienic purposes with or without cocoa or chocolate.	500,000
347, 349, 350, 361/365	Graphite, raw, washed or ground. Art graphite, emery stones, sand paper, whetstone, stones for polishing, asbestos, raw washed or ground, raw mica in lumps, in bars and ground, mica in sheet (Talc), raw talc in natural condition—powder (non-aromatic).	2,500,000
370, 380, 383, 384, 387, 388	Asphalt, pitch, tar, phenic acid, creosole, naphthalene, gasoline.	2,000,000
395	All sorts of lubricating machinery, engines and motor transports.	20,000,000
396, 397, 400/405	Mazout, vaseline, paraffin, mineral wax, etc.	2,000,000
406/444, 447/660	Chemicals and pharmaceuticals of all kinds: medicinal wines with the exception of industrial sulphuric acid. (Import of drugs, narcotics and poisons, saccharines and substances containing saccharine are subject to regulations.)	100,000,000
662/673	Prepared chemicals and other substances for cinematograph and photography.	2,000,000
677, 682, 691/693	Cochinille, kermies, animal carmine and other animal dyes, indigo, prussian blue.	4,000,000

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LIST OF 'A' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—contd.			LIST OF 'A' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—contd.		
Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.	Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.
683/690, 694/698, 700/710	Soot and other black mineral or vegetable dyes. White clay and prepared barium sulphate, prepared coloured earth. White lead, zinc oxide, sulphur, red lead, nat. cinnabar (ground), and art cinnabar, chrome colours for painting, dyes prepared from mineral matter and art dyes derived from pitch (art. wax). Dyes for enamelled work, dyes for glass, earthenware and crockery. Enamels for metal dishes, gilding, other unprepared dyes, varnish, water colour, with or without alcohol. Dyed or undyed varnishes for painting automobiles and leather. Ordinary sealing wax. All sorts of glue for glass fitting.	4,000,000	937, 939/953, 960, 969, 964/970, 974, 975, 981/983	Writing paper, other papers and envelopes, paper for visiting cards, note-books.	15,000,000
689/701, 711, 712	China ink, other inks and printing ink.	1,000,000	984/993, 995/1009	Dress Journals and designs. Illustrated post-cards (other than animal ones), illustrated drawing note-books. Transfer pictures. Illustrated cinema and advertising books, almanacs and catalogues, insurance policy, bank and commercial cheque books, sticking paper, railway tickets and other printed works.	5,000,000
702/705, 713/715, 2105, 2116	Ribbon for typewriters and calculators, prepared oil paint and paint box, paint without container, pencils, blocks, crayons and lead, fountain pens, their spare parts, ordinary pens, pen holders and parts.	3,000,000	1061/1080, 1099/1107	All sorts of woven velvet, from natural or artificial silk, or from other weaving tissues—artificial, pure or mixed.	50,000,000
763/764	Casine, albumines, gelatines, gelatine paste for printing, dextrines and prepared starches for paste. All sorts of paste in glass, in tube or in other containers (other than rubber glue).	1,000,000	1016, 1017, 1042/1049, 1054, 1055, 1059, 1060, 1071/1088, 1090/1098	Ribbons, velvet ribbons, lace, braid and similar objects.	5,000,000
782/786	Natural manure or chemical fertilizer.	3,000,000	1109	White wool—washed (Merino type)	5,000,000
787	Raw leather from cattle	5,000,000	1125/1131, 1133/1148	All sorts of woollen cloths, pure hair (with at least 60 per cent wool), woollen lace work, i.e., ribbons, laces, etc., woollen blankets.	50,000,000
831/840, 844/874	Raw rubber, natural or artificial, and objects made of rubber.	10,000,000	1163/1179	All sorts of textiles, velvet and cotton.	800,000,000 On payment of Monopoly fee.
912/916	Cork and articles made of cork	500,000	1180/1182, 1184/1189	Woollen velvet and furlike velvet. Lace work, ribbon, lace.	5,000,000
933/935	Ordinary wrapping paper, felt paper, gossamer paper for wrapping purposes, paper made from paste and in layers.	5,000,000	1198/1208, 1210	All kinds of linen cloth and hemp cloth, Jute mats and carpets.	3,000,000
936	Newsprint	10,000,000			

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LIST OF 'A' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—contd.			LIST OF 'A' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—contd.		
Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.	Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.
1216, 1217, 1220/1235	All sorts of padding and wad. Ropes woven from hemp, flax, jute or other fibrous tissues (except for ropes and strings), pipes for pumping and similar pipes made of plain fibrous tissue or with metal parts smeared in oil and the like. Belting for machinery and transport vehicles. Special cloth for painting, drawing and bookbinding, oil cloths and felts, smeared in oil or oil products for wrapping and covering purposes. Wax or oil cloths made of natural or artificial silk. Linoleum, etc.	5,000,000 On payment of Monopoly fee.	1681/1739	Various objects made of non-precious metals, such as: table knives, pen knives, folding knives, safety razors and their spare parts, straight razors, scissors, clipping machines, bottle openers, can openers, files, curling irons or tongs, tweezers, pencil sharpeners, all metal spoons and forks. Objects made of non-precious metals for interior decoration, lighting material, lamps, (except electric chandeliers), lamp burners, mining lamps, hurricane lamps, electric pocket torches, lamps for bicycles, motor cycles and motor cars. Flexible metal pipes, types, stereotype and other printing material. Date and number stamps, pen nibs, zip fasteners, buckles, thimbles, hooks and eyes, buttons and press-buttons, hooks, spangles, staples, corset springs, spectacle chains, watch chains and the like. Tie clips and pins, shoe horns, spurs, stirrups, bridles, bits and metallic parts of saddles, metal combs, spectacle frames, cigarette cases, cigarette lighters, powder boxes, hand bags, etc.	15,000,000
1236/1241	Cloth, ribbons and elastic, lace work made of pure natural silk or mixed. Cloths and felts smeared in rubber made of natural or artificial silk or other art. fibres—pure or mixed or of pure or mixed woollen cloths. Lamp mantles made of fibrous tissues.	2,000,000	1740/1890	Steam boilers, engines, hydraulic machines, air and compressed gas rinsing machines, steam rollers, water pumps, hand and motor running pumps, air pumps and compressed pumps, apparatus for spraying liquid and powder by compressed air. Hydrostatic press. Machinery and apparatus for lifting, opening and unloading goods. Digging and removing machinery and apparatus. All sorts of agricultural machinery and implements. Incubators. Air conditioning apparatus. Distilling and purifying machines. Fermentation machinery. Milking machinery. Butter churning apparatus. Air compressing machinery. Stone crushing machines. Tanning machines. Machinery for manufacture of paper and cardboard. Machinery for printing designs on paper and cardboard. Printing machinery of all sorts. Machines for preparing fibrous material. Spinning and weaving machinery. Sewing machines—hand, foot or electric. Mechanical tools. Typewriters, calculating machines and their spare parts. All kinds of water taps, showers, etc., and accessories.	300,000,000
1242, 1243	Lamp wick, wicks made of oil cloth and plain felt cloths or attached to rubber, or with rubber rods (tubes), or attached to leather for technical purposes and other objects made of fibrous tissues—animal or plant—for same purposes.	1,000,000			
1284, 1288, 1289, 1293/1298	Jute sacks—tent sails or similar material. Cover for goods tarpaulin for transport vehicles. Other sewn objects such as quilts, mattresses, pillows, cushions, curtains, flags, tapes and bandages for patching up wounds and for disinfecting and other hygienic purposes.	5,000,000			
1329/1332, 1337/1341	All sorts of umbrellas and accessories.	1,000,000			
1390/1402	Objects made of crockery, plain or undulating bricks, china dishes, plain or with flowered designs.	15,000,000			
1465/1583	Iron, cast iron, steel in the form of ingots, brass pipes, sheets and objects.	200,000,000			
1617/1622	Nickel and Nickel compounds]	10,000,000			
1623/1637	Aluminium and its compounds	10,000,000			
1644/1650	Zinc and its compounds	10,000,000			
1651/1657	Tin and its compounds	10,000,000			
1658/1660	Other non-precious metals and their compounds.	5,000,000			



B. 2908 W. 31-1-47.

"PUBLICITY SYNDICATE."

LIST OF 'A' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—contd.			LIST OF 'A' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—concl'd.		
Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.	Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.
1891/ 1945	Electric motors, wet and dry batteries. Accumulators. Electric fans for table and ceiling. Electro-thermic apparatus. Radio-electric apparatus. Electric apparatus for telegraphs and telephones. Electric bells and apparatus for measuring and registering electric power. Pieces of carbon or graphite for electrical use. Insulators.	150,000,000	2142, 2144, 2145, 2148/ 2150, 2153, 2157, 2158, 2161	Toys, playthings and objects for amusement (except where importation is prohibited) (See list 'C').	500,000
1973/ 1978	Bicycles, tricycles, motorcycles and other transport vehicles.	10,000,000	2161/ 2178	Articles for gymnastics and sports goods.	1,000,000
1996/ 2036	Optical and measuring instruments and apparatus, such as : spectacles, lens, telescopes, cameras, film cameras, cinematographic apparatus, projectors, etc. Microscopic apparatus and objects. Thermometer, barometer, hygrometer, hydrometer, etc., gages and drawing instruments. Metrics, apparatus for land surveying, astronomy, navigation, astrology, etc. Medical and surgical objects. Artificially human body organs and other instruments for improving the human body.	100,000,000	2179/ 2194	All kinds of buttons	1,000,000
				TOTAL of 'A' Category	1,009,600,000
			LIST OF 'B' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS.		
Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.	Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.
			45	Silk worm eggs	10,000,000 Govt. Monopoly.
			70, 77	Bananas, mango, cocoanuts, medical and industrial herbs and seeds, pineapple preserved and preserved vegetables like asparagus, mushrooms and truffle.	1,000,000
2037/ 2056	Various watches, wrist watches, pocket watches and automobile clocks. Clocks for boats and aircraft. Wall clocks and table clocks, and their parts.	6,000,000	116/7, 118	Tea	100,000,000 Govt. Monopoly.
2057/ 2080	Musical instruments and their separate parts (with the exception of six string guitars, violins, tamburines, dulcimers and other instruments which can be prepared in Iran).	500,000	197, 198, 201, 202, 205, 674, 676	Quebracho, tannic acid, mimosa and the like. Gum arabic and other plant materials for tanning or dyeing and their essences. Other essences and their derivations for tanning. Special chemical compounds for tanning.	6,000,000
2092/ 2115	Articles made of material capable of being cut and moulded—natural and artificial, such as coral, mother-of-pearl, ivory, bone, amber, meerschaum, wax, celluloid, bakelite, etc.	500,000	208, 211, 231, 232	Camphor, mastics and manna	1,000,000
2116/ 2141	Brushware, including clothes brushes, shaving brushes, brooms, tooth brushes, nail brushes, paint brushes, and the like.	1,000,000	235, 256	India hemp	1,000,000
			273, 274	Sugar	300,000,000 With payment of Monopoly charges.
			309, 313, 314, 316, 317, 319	Alcoholic beverages such as Champagne, Cognac, Brandy, Whisky, Gin, Vermouth, and liquors except ordinary wine and Aragh (vodka), Mineral waters.	3,000,000 With payment of Monopoly charges.



LIST OF 'B' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—contd.			LIST OF 'B' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—concl'd.		
Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.	Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.
230/233	Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes	500,000 Govt. Monopoly.	238/239, 877/880, 882, 883, 888, 889, 902, 922	Ordinary boards and lumber. Industrial goods. Boards for barrel manufacture. Plywoods. Wooden articles such as spindles, reels, spools and the like for textile machinery with or without metallic parts. Fine reeds and bamboos. Woollen tiles and furnitures made of bamboo or cane.	10,000,000
341, 344	Refined sulphur and sulphur ore and refractory sand.	500,000	926/932, 934/956, 959, 971, 976, 978, 980	Ordinary cardboard, coloured and enamelled cardboards and printed ones. Vulcanized boards and papers for industrial use, water-proof cardboards and papers. Cardboards and papers cut as tape, file covers, reels, spools and spindles for spinning purposes.	3,000,000
359, 360	White and coloured cement	6,000,000			
389, 390	Benzine and other light petrol essences with or without container.	20,000,000			
391/ 394, 398, 399	Kerosene and its derivatives	20,000,000			
445, 446	Pure carbonate of soda	200,000.			
678/681	Alizarine and Aniline dyes. Dyes derived from tar, sulphuric dyes and other dyes for cotton. Synthetic dyes for dyeing candles and shoe polishes. Natural indigo and artificial indigo. (Importation of alizarine and aniline and all synthetic dyes is subject to regulations covering importation of dyes.)	10,000,000	938	Cigarette paper, cut cardboard and paper for cigarette tips and cartidges. Cigarette papers in rolls, etc.	2,000,000 Monopoly of Govt. ernment.
717/753	Essential oils, perfumes and toilet articles and eau-de-cologne.	1,000,000	994	Playing cards	100,000 With payment of Monopoly charges.
754-760 and 762	Special soaps for cleaning and polishing metal articles furnitures, etc.	2,000,000	1018/ 1041, 1058, 1061/ 1080, 1099/ 1107	Natural and artificial silk thread or mixed silk thread in shape of skeins, etc.	2,000,000
761	Shoe polish	1,000,000			
772/779	Explosive materials, Fireworks, etc.	1,000,000 Need special permit.	1118, 1119, 1121, 1122	Woollen thread, cotton thread (pure or mixed) over No. 40.	80,000,000
780	Matches	5,000,000 Govt. Monopoly.			
790/794, 798, 800/808	Leather and leather manufactures	5,000,000	1190/ 1196	Jute, hemp and other vegetable fibres	5,000,000 With payment of Monopoly charges.
817/818, 821, 823, 824, 826, 827, 829	Furs	13,000,000	1249/ 1283	Apparel, underwear, socks, stockings, gloves and other made articles, knitworks made by hand or machinery or mixed with rubber.	5,000,000
841/843	Tyres and tubes for transport vehicles	100,000,000	1302/ 1312, 1314/ 1316	Shoes, overshoes (except wooden shoes) and other parts of shoes.	5,000,000

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LIST OF 'B' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS— <i>concl'd.</i>			LIST OF 'C' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS.	
Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	In Rials.	Tariff No.	Description of Goods.
1317/ 1318	Hats for men and women (except berets).	5,000,000	15/27	All sorts of meat; fresh, salted or fumigated. Fish, fresh, salted, fumigated.
1363/ 1268, 1370, 1373/ 1379	Natural and artificial stones for sharpening. Grinding paper and cardboards. Tiles, tubes, pipes made of cement or concrete. Articles made of asbestos: Refractory cardboards and paper and ropes and cloth and other articles. Mica and mica manufactures.	1,000,000	29	Fresh butter.
1404/ 1445	Glassware and window panes.	10,000,000	30	Cheese (ordinary).
1446	Genuine pearls.	2,000,000	46	Swans feathers and other downs.
1447/ 1463	Precious stones and articles made of them. Silver and silver alloys. Silver powder and gold leaves. Spangles, watchbands, necklaces, bracelets, rings and the like. Cutlery.	5,000,000	49	Bones, horns, hoofs and the like.
1584/ 1616	Copper, brass, bronze, and their compounds.	10,000,000	51	Mother of Pearl, Natural and Artificial sponge, Amber and other animal matters not mentioned elsewhere.
1638/ 1643	Lead and its compounds.	2,000,000	61	Flowers, blooms, bouquets (fresh, dry) for decoration. The same with branches. Fresh mushrooms, truffle, tomato, fresh or salted olives, onions, garlics, potatoes, asparagus, cauliflower, celery, cabbage, lettuce, carrots, beets, cucumbers, beans, peas and other green vegetables. Dry vegetables. Dates.
1946/ 1961	Railway and tramway rolling stocks and spare parts.	2,000,000 For Government needs.	78	Oranges and citrons, fresh grapes, raisins, almonds, acorn, pistachios, hazelnuts, walnuts, apricot kernels, apples, pears, quinces, poaches, cherries, plums, berries, melons, fresh fruits.
1962/ 1972	Tractors, Fire Extinguishing and water spraying cars and accessories.	100,000,000	126	Saffron.
1963/ 1966, 1968/ 1972	Cars, trucks, buses and accessories.	100,000,000	131	Marjoram.
1979/ 1995	Aircraft and ships.	100,000,000	146	Wheat meal and grits.
2083, 2085, 2087, 2089, 2090	Sporting guns and accessories, cartridges.	100,000 With special Government permit.	146, 148	Barley and other meal and grits.
2197/ 2199	Smokers' pipes.	200,000	151	All sorts of potato flour.
2203	Fine arts.	10,000,000	154	Grain starch.
2204	Other goods not specified elsewhere.	5,000,000	155	Potato starch.
	TOTAL of 'B' Category.	1,061,600,000	157/163	Gluten (of local kind called Serish). Salep, other starches, ground nuts, castor seeds, hemp seeds, poppy seeds, cotton seeds, sesamum seeds, beet-root seeds.
			171	Seeds of trees.
			173	Other seeds.
			174	Chicory roots.
			176	Liquorice root, quince seeds, gums, bugloss, violet, non-mentioned plants for perfumery, aniseed, fennel, coriander, dry roses, black and green cumin.
			190	Straw, forage, madder, henna, barks and peels of plants.
			200	Sumac.
			203	Gum Tragacanth.
			204	Gum of wild almond.

RESERVED

LIST OF 'C' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS— <i>concl'd.</i>		LIST OF 'C' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS— <i>concl'd.</i>	
Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	Tariff No.	Description of Goods.
206, 207, 209, 210, 212, 215, 228, 229, 230	Plant gums.	345	Loam.
233	Preserved juice of hedysarum.	346	Chalk.
234	Preserved juice of tamarind.	347	Sulphate of barium, carbonate of barium.
237	Twigs, reeds for making baskets.	351	Slate.
240	Hard seeds. Other plant materials.	358	Lime.
243		366/378	Lime ores, lead ores, tin ore.
267	Sausages, meat extracts, fish conserves, lobsters, crabs.	381	Benzol, tolecol and other light oils from Tar.
272		383	Pyridine.
276	Sugar molasses, sweet, candies, other sugared food stuffs.	386	Carbazol.
279		419	Nitric Acid.
283	Chocolates and cocoa containing sweets.	445, 446	Carbonate of soda.
286	Macaroni, vermicelli and the like, flour bread, biscuits, cakes and the like.	716	Chalk, white or coloured for schools.
288		763	All kinds of ordinary candles.
291	Tomatoes, tomato juice.	764	Luxury candles.
293	Preserved fruit in tins.	768	Animal glues.
294/299	Jams, fruit juice, fruit extracts.	781	All sorts of wicks for lighting fire.
302	Plant and vegetables in form of powder and tablets.	Part of 787	Raw ox hides, horse hides.
303	All sorts of prepared sauces.	788	Skins of sheep and goats, raw or salted.
308	Other food stuffs not mentioned elsewhere.	795/797	Artificial leather, thin skins for musical instruments.
310/312	Beer, wine, water, snow, ice, artificial and natural.	799	Other skins not mentioned elsewhere.
315	Cider, pear wine, fruit wines.	809/816	Articles manufactured from casings except strings for musical instruments. Soft lamb skins, raw or prepared for clothing.
318	Pure alcohol.	819	Fox skin (raw).
320/327	Lemonade and non-alcoholic beverages, vinegar.	822	Seal skin (raw).
328, 329	Tobacco (Iranian tobacco used in narglieh "water-pipe" in leaves or cut).	825	Leopard and bear skin (raw).
334	Snuff tobacco, chewing tobacco, tobacco powder.	828	Other soft skins (raw).
337/340	Mines salt, purified salt, non-purified sulphur, purified sulphur.	875	Firewood.
342	Gravels, sand.	876	Charcoal.
343	Porcelain clay.	881	Wooden sleepers for railway.
		884/887	Special woods for walking sticks. Wooden fibres for match manufacture, wooden pegs. Planed wood or boards.

RESERVED

LIST OF 'C' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—contd.

Tariff No.	Description of Goods.
890/901	Painted wood or board, Inset wood (Khatem) inset with ivory, pearls, constructed frames (wooden) boxes for packing simple or lined wooden barrels, pails or the like, wooden houses, wooden stairs and ladders, doors, windows, wooden curtain rods, venetian blind, wooden wheels for carriages, wooden spoons, forks, boxes, wooden implements.
903/911	Wooden combs, needles and wooden ornaments not mentioned elsewhere. Furnitures, simple or inlaid or with decorations or dyed.
917/921	Matting for hat making, ordinary matting, matting curtains or other articles made of matting baskets and furnitures of matting.
923	Other articles made of twigs, reeds and plant fibres not mentioned elsewhere.
924	Waste paper and cardboard, articles made of old paper and cardboard, written sheets and used paper for paper manufacture.
925	Paper paste.
958	Paper scrap used for packing purposes.
972	Boxes, cases, caskets, sheet. The same lined with textiles.
973	Book-keeping, books and registers with lines or without.
974	Copy books.
977	Paper-holder, book covers.
979	Writing pads.
1010/1013	Silk cocoons, silk waste, silk thread, raw untwisted in skein.
1050, 1089	Machine made rugs and carpets.
1108	White wool unwashed.
1110 to 1117	Coloured wool, unwashed. Fleece, horse hair, goats hair. Hairs from other animals, woollen thread No. 20 and less.
1120	Woollen thread coloured No. 20 and less.
1123	Hair thread.
1132	All rugs prepared by machines of pure wool or mixed.

LIST OF 'C' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—contd.

Tariff No.	Description of Goods.
1136/1151	Velvet, plush and fur-like tissues, containing 10 per cent and less than 70 per cent wool or hair (weighing 500 grams or less per metre). The same containing 70 to 90 per cent wool, fibre or hair and weighing per square metre 500 grams or less. Over 500 grams. Textiles of rough hair, pure or mixed not specified elsewhere. Other textiles of wool, fibre or hair mixed with cotton or other fibre tissues, non-artificial and not specified elsewhere. Containing 10 per cent or less than 70 per cent wool, fibre, and hair and weighing per square metre: 200 grams or less. Over 200 grams to 300 grams. Over 300 grams to 500 grams. Over 500 grams. Containing 70 to 90 per cent wool, fibre or hair and weighing per square metre: 200 grams or less. Over 200 grams to 300 grams. Over 300 grams to 500 grams. Over 500 grams. Raw cotton (cleansed or not). Cotton waste. Cotton yarn (unbleached) No. 20 or less.
1154	Cotton yarn bleached, dyed or printed: No. 20 or less.
1157	Cotton yarn mercerised, bleached or dyed: No. 20 or less.
1183	Machine made carpets and foot rugs made of cotton.
1197	Paper yarn.
1209	Velvet and plushes.
1121/1125	Ribbons, trimmings, lace, tulle and stitches (simple or figured) textiles, ribbons, trimmings, lace and stitches and other textiles made of paper yarn not specified elsewhere. NOTE.—Textiles mentioned in the Chapter above, containing 3 per cent or less of natural silk, wool and hair and those containing less than 10 per cent of other materials are considered as pure textiles of the same quality.
1215	Cotton wool.
1218	Felt (not woven) and articles made of felt simply cut into lengths, moulded or gummed, not mentioned elsewhere.
1219	Rope and string in cotton.
1244/1248	Pure cotton carpet (ziloo), pure silk carpets or mixed pure woollen or hair carpets or mixed. Sacks and knap-sacks and carpet bands of any kind. Djadjim and Kalims of all kinds.
1285	Packing sacks in cotton.

LIST OF 'C' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—contd.

Tariff No.	Description of Goods.
1290/1292	Travelling bags, provision sacks, hand-bags, purses, caskets and sheath, umbrella sheath, buckets and similar articles. Made of natural silk, of other artificial textile fibres (pure or mixed), or of metallic threads. Made of felt, made of cotton or other textile fibres.
1299/1301	Clippings of new textiles. Rags and chiffon for cleaning machines. Other rags and chiffon as well as old clothes out of use.
1313	Shoes with wooden soles.
1333/1336	Walking sticks, umbrella and parasol handles: Completely of wood, with or without, non-precious fittings of ivory, mother-of-pearl, amber, horn, bone, galalith and the like. With fittings of precious metals and stones. Other kinds.
1342/1354	Whips and riding whips of all kinds. Ornament feathers comprising head, neck, wings and skin of birds. Articles made of feather not specified elsewhere. Artificial flowers, leaves, branches, twigs and their parts: of textile material. of paper or cardboard. of rubber, wax, celluloid, galalith and similar matters. of other materials not comprised or mentioned elsewhere. Prepared hair, wigs, and other articles made of hair not mentioned elsewhere. Fans made of straw of paper or cardboard, of feather, of celluloid and other similar materials.
1355/1362	Paving stone and natural stones. Worked up natural stones not included or specified elsewhere, such as: Sawn or cut stones of marble, porphyry and similar stones. Of other stones: Slates for floor or roofing. Slates for writing. Other articles of slate.
1369	Bricks, tiles, pipes, drainage and other articles not mentioned elsewhere of asphalt (pure or mixed) or of other similar products.
1371	Articles of plaster or of basic plaster composition not specified elsewhere: In boards or the like without ornament As moulding or castings.
1381/1389	Small statues, fancy objects, ornaments such as office furniture, mantelpiece ornaments etc., of natural stones and mineral matters. Articles of mineral matters not specified elsewhere. Articles of ceramic such as: Construction bricks. Simple, enamelled, coloured or varnished, Tiles, pipes, drainage pipes and similar articles: simple, enamelled or coloured, basins, jugs and similar articles. simple, enamelled or coloured, Other articles of pottery not mentioned elsewhere.

LIST OF 'C' CATEGORY IMPORT GOODS—concl.

Tariff No.	Description of Goods.
1403	Glass debris used for manufacture of glass.
1464	Coins other than gold and silver.
2081	Non-firing arms (white arms).
2082	War armaments of all kinds and accessories (other than revolvers and pistols).
2084	Revolvers and pistols and accessories.
2086	Munitions of war, except No. 2088.
2088	Charged cartridges for revolvers and pistols.
2091	Other ammunition.
2143	Dolls and parts in textiles.
2146	Dolls and parts made of glass, porcelain and other ceramic materials.
2147	Dolls and parts made of other materials.
2151	Toys made of wood.
2152	Toys made of paper and cardboard.
2154	Toys made of textile materials.
*2155	Toys made of stone, glass, porcelain and other ceramic materials.
2156	Toys made of other materials.
2159	Games such as backgammon, chess, lotto, dominoes, and the like comprising boards and pieces made of wood.
2160	As above made of other materials.



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REPORT ON THE WORK OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER IN AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND, SYDNEY, DURING 1944-45*

BY

V. C. VIJAYA RAOHAYAN, Esq.
PRICES.

Australia.

DURING the first three and a half years of war, prices rose considerably in Australia and, after the opening of the Pacific war, the cost of living was rising at the rate of 10 per cent a year.

The price stabilization policy introduced in April, 1943, has prevented the development of inflation. Under this plan increases in costs were met, where necessary, by the payment of subsidies, thus preventing repercussions on other prices and costs. These increases in costs were mainly due to higher costs of imports and the need for increasing the incomes of some primary producers and of correcting wage anomalies. In achieving this stabilizing of prices, the cost to the Commonwealth has been reasonable, expenditure in 1943-44 being £7,006,000, while expenditure in 1944-45 is estimated at £12 million. There were, of course, subsidies other than those for price stabilization.

Details of the principal price stabilization subsidies were:—

	Actual.	Estimate.
	1943-44.	1944-45.
	£	£
Tea	2,461,000	2,250,000
Potatoes	1,725,000	2,750,000
Recoupment of Basic Wage Adjustment	1,102,000	1,000,000
Whole Milk	319,000	1,000,000
Other Items	1,899,000	5,000,000
TOTAL	7,006,000	12,000,000

Intensified effort has been made to keep a check on "black market" practices. To the end of January 1945, some 3,000 convictions had been obtained for offences against rationing (706) and price control (2,296). In 125 convictions imprisonment had been imposed—in 32 cases for price offences and 93 for rationing offences. On the whole, price control had succeeded generally in arresting the upward movement of the price index since the outbreak of war.

Retail prices continued stable at their level when the price ceiling was imposed. For the March quarter, 1943, the Commonwealth Statistician's Index of Retail prices for all household expenditure stood at the figure of 1,123 (on a base 1923-7=1,000). This represented an increase in retail prices since the beginning of war by about 22½ per cent. For the March quarter, 1945, after two years of price stabilization in the face of persistently increasing cost, the retail price index was again at 1,123.

As regards the clothing industry, there has been a thorough re-ordering of the price structure. At the time of stabilization, retail clothing prices were 75 per cent above pre-war levels and were rising at a rapid rate. With the close control that has been established over manufacturing and distributing margins, and to the reduction of sales tax from 12½ per cent to 7½ per cent, this trend has been reversed and prices are now down to 70 per cent above pre-war.

* In continuation of the particulars published in the issues of the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 16th October 1946 (pages 78-82) and 7th November 1946 (pages 147-148).

Increases in meat prices have also been abnormal during the war. Producers' incomes were low before the war and have had to be adjusted upwards. By March, 1943, meat prices were 23 per cent above their pre-war level. In the last two years there has been an exceptional drought. Substantial seasonal price increases have been allowed, but the general position has been held throughout. In March, 1945, meat prices were only 2 per cent above their level two years earlier.

Milk is another example of a commodity for which, in the absence of price stabilization, substantial price increases must have been allowed to cover inevitable income adjustments and heavily increased costs arising from drought conditions.

For a wide range of commodities, notably groceries, vegetables, fish and alcohol, specific maximum retail prices have been determined. In many cases, traders were required to display fixed prices prominently.

The average annual export values of certain specified commodities during the years 1941-42 to 1944-45 are tabulated below:—

Australian Currency.

Item.	Unit of Quantity.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1944-45.
		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Butter	Lb.	1 3 0	1 3 6	1 3 8	1 9 1
Coal	Ton	21 6 0	23 4 1	23 2 0	23 7 7
Flour (Wheat)	Cntl.	10 1 6	10 2 7	11 1 1	12 0 2
Fruits Dried—Currants	Lb.	0 3 3	0 3 4	0 1 0	0 4 2
Raisins	Lb.	0 4 3	0 4 2	0 4 7	0 5 0
Fruits, Fresh—Apples	Cntl.	26 6 2	36 5 6	42 7 0	28 1 2
Hides & Skins—Cattle	No.	18 6 7	13 1 8	31 10 2	26 3 3
Rabbit	Lb.	7 9 0	6 5 7	7 9 5	6 7 5
Sheep, with wool	No.	4 1 9	4 8 1	6 2 6	4 5 3
Lead, Plg	Cwt.	23 10 5	23 0 9	24 11 4	27 8 4
Leather, Sole	Cwt.	100 11 3	150 10 8	152 11 2	85 10 3
Meats, Preserved by Cold Process—Beef	Lb.	0 5 1	0 5 9	0 6 3	0 6 2
Lamb	Lb.	0 6 5	0 6 8	0 7 0	0 7 1
Mutton	Lb.	0 3 8	0 3 9	0 4 0	0 4 6
Sugar	Cwt.	13 3 2	14 5 8	15 10 8	14 10 8
Tallow (unrefined)	Cwt.	25 2 5	37 0 6	30 7 3	31 9 1
Wheat	Bushel	4 2 6	4 4 0	4 10 9	6 0 3
Wine	Gall.	5 8 0	6 0 3	6 9 5	7 4 8
Wool—Greasy	Lb.	1 3 6	1 6 4	1 7 1	1 6 7
Scoured and Washed	Lb.	2 0 6	2 4 0	2 3 0	2 3 4
Zinc, Bars, etc.	Cwt.	22 5 0	22 9 8	23 0 5	31 2 6

The table below gives a summary for the last five years of the movements in the price indexes of basic materials and foodstuffs in Australia. Apart from home-produced building materials, coal and one or two minor commodities, the price movements may be taken as representative of fluctuations in wholesale prices of basic materials in most Australian markets. The weighting

system adopted is based on average annual consumption during the years 1928-29 to 1934-45, inclusive:—

(Base: Average 3 years ended June, 1939 = 1,000.)

Period.	Metals and Coal.	Oils, Fats, Wax.	Textiles.	Chemicals.	Rubber and Hides.	Building Materials.	Foodstuffs, Tobacco.	Goods principally Imported.	Goods principally Home-produced.	All Groups.
1928-29	1,269	1,064	1,288	1,214	1,143	948	1,070	911	1,183	1,103
1940-41	1,074	1,374	1,105	1,236	1,256	1,281	1,060	1,325	1,060	1,140
1941-42	1,173	1,509	1,184	1,372	1,350	1,352	1,169	1,325	1,123	1,242
1942-43	1,288	1,667	1,471	1,422	1,370	1,628	1,270	1,760	1,212	1,373
1943-44	1,310	1,695	1,501	1,432	1,398	1,743	1,287	1,824	1,217	1,396
1944-45—										
July	1,308	1,690	1,512	1,430	1,398	1,747	1,312	1,810	1,239	1,410
Aug.	1,308	1,690	1,542	1,429	1,398	1,747	1,306	1,817	1,237	1,408
Sept.	1,308	1,690	1,525	1,430	1,398	1,747	1,291	1,814	1,225	1,399
Oct.	1,308	1,690	1,523	1,430	1,398	1,747	1,288	1,821	1,221	1,397
Nov.	1,310	1,690	1,515	1,430	1,398	1,747	1,289	1,831	1,217	1,398
Dec.	1,306	1,690	1,515	1,430	1,398	1,747	1,290	1,834	1,216	1,398
Jan.	1,306	1,678	1,516	1,430	1,398	1,746	1,288	1,822	1,216	1,395
Feb.	1,306	1,678	1,516	1,430	1,398	1,748	1,301	1,830	1,223	1,402
March	1,306	1,678	1,511	1,430	1,398	1,748	1,312	1,824	1,233	1,407

A comparison of the wholesale price indexes of the principal countries is afforded in the table below:—

(Base: Average 3 years ended June, 1939 = 1,000.)

Period.	United Kingdom.	U.S.A.	Canada.	South Africa.	New Zealand.	Australia.
	Board of Trade.	Economist.	Bureau of Labor Statistics.	Dominion Statistics.	Census and Statistics Office.	Government Statistician.
1928-29	1,130	1,257	1,182	1,103	1,160	967
1940-41	1,436	1,342	993	1,072	1,160	1,140
1941-42	1,531	1,441	1,163	1,184	1,206	1,334
1942-43	1,576	1,502	1,247	1,227	1,450	1,449
1943-44	1,603	1,524	1,271	1,286	1,534	1,517
1944-45—						
July	1,633	1,557	1,270	1,291	1,541	1,533
Aug.	1,637	1,505	1,277	1,289	1,541	1,525
Sept.	1,633	1,565	1,278	1,280	1,544	1,526
Oct.	1,629	1,560	1,270	1,290	1,552	1,526
Nov.	1,631	1,559	1,283	1,290	1,560	1,541
Dec.	1,634	1,570	1,286	1,291	1,549	1,544
Jan.	1,634	1,603	1,288	1,295	1,557	1,537
Feb.	1,634	1,563	..	1,296	..	1,547
March	1,610	1,575	..	1,297	..	1,507

The following table gives a summary of the movements in retail price and wage rate indexes:—

(Base: Average 3 years ended June, 1939 = 1,000.)

Period.	Food and Groceries.	Rent of 4 & 5 roomed house.	Food, Rent, etc.	Clothing.	Miscellaneous.	Food, Rent, Clothing, etc.	Normal Weekly Wage—Adult Males.	Real Wage—Adult Males.
1928-29	1,155	1,154	1,155	1,222	1,051	1,150	1,122	976
1940-41	1,084	1,053	1,072	1,271	1,070	1,111	1,110	909
1941-42	1,118	1,054	1,092	1,471	1,133	1,176	1,179	1,003
1942-43	1,203	1,054	1,143	1,713	1,188	1,267	1,288	1,017
1943-44	1,172	1,054	1,124	1,757	1,215	1,270	1,329	1,046
1944-45—								
July	1,190							
Aug.	1,189	1,053	1,132	1,752	1,213	1,273	1,330	1,045
Sept.	1,177							
Oct.	1,175							
Nov.	1,167	1,053	1,123	1,763	1,212	1,270	1,333	1,050
Dec.	1,166							
Jan.	1,173							
Feb.	1,173	1,053	1,127	1,737	1,210	1,266	1,333	1,053
March	1,182							

A summary of the Commonwealth price indexes is given in the following table:—

(Base: Average 3 years ended June, 1939 = 1,000.)

Period.	Primary Production Prices (All Grps.).	Export Prices (incl. Gold).	Wholesale Prices of Basic Materials and Foodstuffs.			Retail Prices.
			Goods Price. Import- ed.	Goods Price. Home Produc- ed.	All Groups.	
1928-29 . . .	1,213	1,173	911	1,183	1,103	1,150
1940-41 . . .	1,053	1,039	1,325	1,060	1,140	1,111
1941-42 . . .	1,107	1,059	1,525	1,123	1,242	1,176
1942-43 . . .	1,217	1,142	1,760	1,212	1,373	1,267
1943-44 . . .	1,243	1,171	1,824	1,217	1,396	1,270
1944-45—						
July . . .	1,266	1,234	1,810	1,239	1,410	1,273
Aug. . .	1,265	1,255	1,817	1,237	1,408	
Sept. . .	1,257	1,279	1,814	1,225	1,399	
Oct. . .	1,270	1,304	1,821	1,221	1,397	
Nov. . .	1,271	1,293	1,831	1,217	1,398	1,270
Dec. . .	1,265	1,293	1,834	1,216	1,398	1,266
Jan. . .	1,262	1,309	1,822	1,216	1,395	
Feb. . .	1,266	1,304	1,830	1,223	1,402	
March . . .	1,274	1,312	1,824	1,233	1,407	

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Textiles of Cotton, Wool, Silk or Rayon; Jute, Coir, Paper, Leather, Edible Oils & Hair-Oils, Toilets, Soaps, etc.

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B. 2016 W. 31-1-47.

New Zealand.

Price Control.—The Price Tribunal continued to maintain strict control over the prices of goods and services during the year under review. The tightening up of the regulations from time to time, and the full implementation of the Government's policy of stabilization accompanied, in some cases by the necessity for subsidy payments, brought about a substantial increase in the volume of work.

The Control of Prices Emergency Regulations, 1939, gave the Tribunal power, with the consent of the Minister, to make Price Orders, and during the year 1934 such Price Orders were issued. The goods which were the subject of these Price Orders covered a wide range, including, for example, various types of foodstuffs, knitting wools, and knitted wear.

On the 20th December, 1944, Amendment No. 5 of the Control of Prices Emergency Regulations, 1939, came into force. This

new regulation was issued for the purpose of clarifying the authority of the Tribunal in connection with cases where selling prices were granted by way of approval. It stipulated that any approval given under the amended regulations should, to the extent thereof, operate as if it were a Price Order.

The co-operation between the Tribunal and the Standards Institute, referred to in my last Annual Report, was maintained and in a number of instances prices were related to definite standards of quality.

During the year under review, the Clothing Stabilization Committee was set up, including representatives of the Tribunal, Treasury and the Economic Stabilization Committee, to assist the Tribunal in dealing with applications involving payment of subsidies on certain types of essential clothing and to secure co-ordination between the departments named. Various other subsidies approved by the War Cabinet were also administered by the Tribunal.

The movements in the index numbers of wholesale prices in the Dominion are shown in the following table:—

(Base: Average Annual Aggregate Expenditure, 1926-30 = 1,000.)

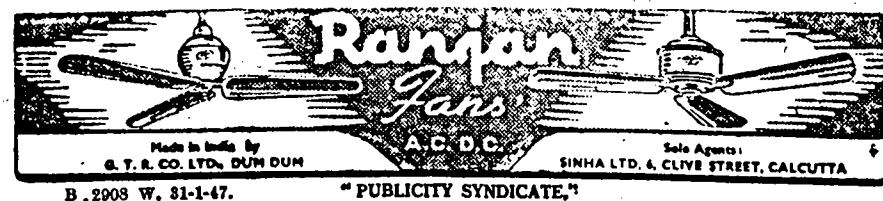
Period.	Foods, etc., of Vegetable Origin.	Textile Manu- factures.	Wood and Wood Products.	Animal Products.	Metals and their Products.	Non-met- allic Miner- als and their Products.	Chemicals and Manures.	All Groups Combined.	Index Number of Imported Items.	Index Number of Locally Produced Items.
Yearly—										
1940	1,159	970	1,223	1,079	1,564	1,260	918	1,195	1,281	1,078
1941	1,265	1,156	1,313	1,130	1,805	1,292	950	1,311	1,439	1,139
1942	1,432	1,326	1,378	1,178	1,924	1,331	997	1,416	1,581	1,193
1943	1,510	1,598	1,415	1,158	2,122	1,344	1,048	1,513	1,742	1,205
1944	1,544	1,727	1,440	1,189	2,172	1,353	1,059	1,558	1,800	1,233
Monthly, 1944—										
March	1,542	1,712	1,422	1,207	2,173	1,352	1,060	1,559	1,800	1,227
April	1,535	1,712	1,434	1,206	2,173	1,351	1,060	1,558	1,801	1,224
May	1,536	1,719	1,446	1,233	2,173	1,350	1,060	1,565	1,805	1,234
June	1,537	1,719	1,448	1,231	2,172	1,350	1,060	1,565	1,804	1,235
July	1,542	1,725	1,444	1,225	2,174	1,350	1,060	1,566	1,805	1,236
August	1,542	1,726	1,456	1,173	2,173	1,355	1,060	1,558	1,807	1,214
September	1,554	1,735	1,456	1,157	2,173	1,359	1,059	1,559	1,810	1,213
October	1,562	1,741	1,457	1,151	2,173	1,349	1,059	1,559	1,810	1,213
November	1,623	1,753	1,449	1,157	2,172	1,353	1,059	1,574	1,812	1,246
December	1,640	1,757	1,449	1,157	2,172	1,350	1,059	1,577	1,812	1,253
Monthly, 1945—										
January	1,586	1,764	1,454	1,169	2,173	1,350	1,059	1,571	1,816	1,232
February	1,575	1,764	1,460	1,227	2,173	1,353	1,059	1,580	1,818	1,252
March	1,563	1,760	1,446	1,178	2,222	1,356	1,059	1,577	1,833	1,224

Nov. 28, 1946.]

The following table gives a summary of the Dominion index numbers:—

Index Numbers of	Base Period.	Index for latest period.		Increase or Decrease per cent. Latest index compared with	
		Period.	Index.	Same period previous year.	August, 1939.
Nominal wage-rates (adult males)	1926-30	March 1945	1,280	+1.3	+16.5
Wholesale prices—					
Locally produced commodities	1926-30	March 1945	1,224	—0.2	+14.3
Imported commodities	1926-30	March 1945	1,833	+1.8	+67.7
ALL GROUPS	1926-30	March 1945	1,577	+1.2	+45.5
Export prices—					
Pastoral and dairy produce	1909-13	March 1945	1,823	+10.6	+41.1
ALL GROUPS	1909-13	March 1945	1,833	+9.9	+38.5
Import prices	1936-38	Year 1942	1,440	+9.9	*
Farm Expenditure	1914	Year 1944	1,750	*	*
Share prices—					
Industrial	1938	March 1945	1,252	—0.2	+33.3
ALL GROUPS	1938	March 1945	1,297	+1.6	+38.0

* Not available.



GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUE'S AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

CLAIMS BY VICTIMS OF NAZI OPPRESSION—

The following Press Note, dated the 29th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

Arrangements have been made which will enable persons resident in India, who have claims in respect of property of which they were dispossessed as a result of Nazi persecution or discrimination, to forward their claims to Germany through official channels.

Claims should be prepared in quadruplicate, two copies being in English and two in German, to include all relevant information expressed as concisely as possible. Blank forms for the purpose can be had from the Commerce Department, Government of India, Simla, which should, after they are filled in, be forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Even persons who have been in correspondence with the Director of Commercial Intelligence or the Government of India on the subject are advised to take advantage of these facilities so that their claims may be forwarded to Germany according to the procedure now laid down.

It is emphasised that in making these arrangements the Government of India is concerned only to provide claimants, in the absence of normal postal facilities to Germany, with an opportunity for placing details of their claims on record with the appropriate authorities in Germany, pending the establishment of suitable machinery for dealing with them. No correspondence can be entered into with regard to these claims, nor is it possible to obtain and provide factual reports on the properties in question.

—:—

CLAIMS FOR PROPERTY IN SATELLITE COUNTRIES—

The following Press Note, dated the 16th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

Indian subjects as also Rulers or subjects of Indian States, resident in India, and firms and other bodies constituted under the laws of British India or of Indian States, who own property in Bulgaria, Finland, Hungary or Rumania, are invited to furnish not later than the 31st December 1946, particulars of any claim they may wish to make for the restoration of, or compensation for loss or damage to, their property. These particulars should be furnished to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in quadruplicate in the prescribed form which may be obtained from him on request together with notes for guidance. Applicants for these documents should indicate the country in which their property is situated. This procedure should be followed also by those who have already registered their claims with the Director of Commercial Intelligence.

All possible action will be taken to promote the favourable consideration of the claims which come within the categories

for which the Governments concerned have accepted liability in principle under the terms of the several Armistices.

The arrangements for claims for loss or damage to Indian property in Australia, Germany, Italy, Japan, and Siam will be announced later.

—:—

RESTITUTION OF LOOTED PROPERTY: PROCEDURE REGARDING SUBMISSION OF CLAIMS—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 15th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

The Far Eastern Commission is considering the question of restoration to Allied countries of objects in the four categories listed below found in Japan which are identified as having been located in an Allied country at the time of occupation of that country and were removed by fraud or duress by the Japanese or their Agents :

- (a) Industrial and transportation machinery and equipment.
- (b) Gold, other precious metals, precious gems, foreign securities, foreign currencies, and other foreign exchange assets.
- (c) Cultural objects.
- (d) Agricultural products and industrial raw materials.

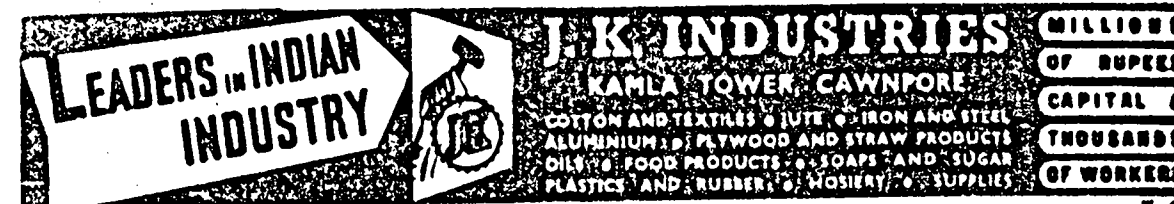
It is proposed that restitution claims in respect of any property coming within the above categories should be made by the Government of the Allied country from whose territory the property claimed was removed and restitution of such property would be made to that Government.

In order that restitution claims of Indians may be taken up with the Governments of the respective territories the persons concerned are hereby invited to submit to the Commerce Department of the Government of India very urgently claims with full details regarding objects belonging to them and removed from :

- (1) Empire territories, i.e., Burma, Malaya, Straits Settlements, British Borneo and Hong Kong.
- (2) Non-Empire territories, i.e., the Netherlands East Indies, Philippines, French Indo-China, Siam and occupied parts of China; and
- (3) Indian territories, i.e., Andaman and Nicobar Islands, parts of the Province of Assam, Manipur and other States in Assam which came under enemy occupation.

Claims in respect of (1), (2) and (3) above should be submitted in separate statements.

Those concerned are also advised that in order to avoid delay they should, besides submitting claims to Commerce Department, also submit them with all available details direct to the Government of the country where properties were looted.



B 3182 W. 31-10-47.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: APPLICATIONS FOR IMPORT OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES FROM THE U. K.—

The following Notice, dated the 22nd November 1946, has been issued by the Import Trade Controller, Custom House, Calcutta :—

In a previous notification importers were informed that licences for Drugs and Medicines excluded from the scope of Open General Licence No. VII published with the Commerce Department Notification No. 23-ITC/43, dated the 1st July 1943 as amended up to date, for import from the United Kingdom would be issued on the basis of pre-war imports up to the quantities allocated for such items for this port. The majority of the applicants have, however, expressed their inability to produce documents in support of their statements of pre-war imports. In the circumstances it has been decided that the quantities allocated will be distributed as equitably as possible to importers who had past imports of the goods concerned in any year from any country or who have received definite offers of supply from the suppliers at the other end.

Intending importers are, therefore, advised to submit their applications separately for each of the Drugs and Medicines mentioned below together with documentary evidence relating to their past imports or availability of supply. Applications should be sent so as to reach the office of the Import Trade Controller, Custom House, Calcutta, not later than the 2nd of December, 1946. Firms who have already submitted their applications are requested to furnish fresh applications, supported by necessary evidence, if not already submitted.

List of Drugs and Medicines excluded from the scope of Open General Licence No. VII is given below :—

Amylum B. P.
Magnesium Sulphate
(Epsom Salt B.P.).
Potassium Permanganate
Aether Anaestheticus
Calcium Gluconate
Calcaphasma Kaolina B.P.
Chloroform.
Extract Pituitary
(Liquor Adrenaline
(Hydrochloride
Malt Extract
(Paracarbamide
(Phenyl Arsenic Acid
Potassium Bromides
Sodium Bromides
Sodium Sulphate.

—:—

SUGAR AND SUGAR PRODUCTS CONTROL ORDER, 1946 : FACTORIES ENROLLED AS "RECOGNISED DEALERS"—

The following Notification [No. 44-S.C.(6)/46, dated the 16th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food :—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by sub-clause (e) of clause (2) of the Sugar and Sugar Products Control Order, 1946*,

I hereby direct that up to 30th November 1947, the following factories shall continue to be enrolled as "Recognised Dealers" for the purposes of the Sugar and Sugar Products Control Order, 1946 :—

1. The Vizagapatam Sugar & Refinery, Ltd., Thummapalla, Vizagapatam.
2. The Ettikopakka Co-operative Agricultural & Industrial Society, Ltd., Ettikopakka, Vizagapatam.
3. The Sri Rama Sugar Mills, Ltd., Bobbili, Vizagapatam.
4. The Vuyyuru Sugar Factory, Vuyyuru, Kistna.
5. The Kirlampudi Sugar Mills Ltd., Kirlampudi.
6. The India Sugars and Refineries, Ltd., Hospet, Belary District.
7. The Coimbatore Co-operative Sugar Manufacturing Society, Ltd., Podanur, Coimbatore.
8. Al. Vr. St., Sugar Mills & Distillery, Technallur, Tinnevely.
9. T. A. R. M. Lakshmi, Sugar Mills, Alvaritirunagari, Tinnevely.

V. SAHAY, Sugar Contrl.

—:—

PAPER (PRICES OF IMPORTED PAPER) CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 308-PA(65)/46, dated the 15th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XVIII of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 15th November 1946, the following further amendment shall be made in the Paper (Prices of Imported Paper) Control Order, 1944*, namely :—

For the Schedule to the said Order, the following Schedule shall be substituted, namely :—

SCHEDULE.

Variety of Paper.	Price per lb. (except where otherwise stated).
Column 1	Column 2
PART I	
	Rs. A. P.
Account book paper	0 13 7
Art paper (North American)	0 12 8
Art paper (British)	1 3 2
Bond paper, white, 60 grammes per sq. metre	0 13 9
Bond paper, white, 49 grammes per sq. metre	0 15 8
Bond paper, coloured, 60 grammes per sq. metre	0 14 9
Bond paper, coloured, 49 grammes per sq. metre	1 0 8
Bristol (Index) Board, white	0 14 2
Bristol (Index) Board, coloured	0 15 2

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 14th March 1946, pages 452-53.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st September 1944, pages 352-53.



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ON I. S. D., A. H. Q. & RAILWAY LISTS.

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SCHEDULE—contd.

Variety of Paper.	Price per lb. (except where otherwise stated).
Column 1	Column 2
Rs. A. P.	
PART I—contd.	
Chromo paper (North American)	0 14 0
Chromo paper (British)	1 4 0
Drawing Cartridge	1 0 10
Flint Paper, basis-size foolscap	21 4 0 per ream
Glassine, greaseproof, bleached, genuine, basis 20"×30"—10/11 lbs.	1 6 9
Glassine, greaseproof, bleached, genuine, basis 20"×30"—13/14 lbs.	1 5 11
Glassine, greaseproof, bleached, imitation, basis 20"×30"—10/11 lbs.	1 5 3
Greaseproof, unglazed, unbleached	1 1 11
Greaseproof, unglazed, bleached	1 2 4
Kraft, basis 20"×30"—16 lbs. and upwards	0 11 6
Kraft, basis 20"×30"—below 16 lbs.	0 12 4
Letter Cartridge (British)	0 12 11
Ledger paper, Watermarked (others)	0 14 1
Ledger paper, (British, not covered by Part III)	1 0 6
Manifold, white	0 14 8
Manifold, coloured	0 15 11
Match paper in reels (blue)	0 12 1
Match paper in reels (green)	0 11 4
Match paper in sheets (blue)	0 13 0
Match paper in sheets (green)	0 12 4
Postcard, white	0 15 6
Poster paper, MG	0 15 0
Printing paper, white, woodfree (including Antique, Litho, Offset, Imitation Art and Creamlaid Writing)	0 14 5
Printing paper, coloured, woodfree (including Antique, Litho, Offset, Imitation Art and Creamlaid writing)	0 15 8
Tissue paper, white, M.F. bleached, 20"×30"—7 lbs., 480's	12 2 10 per ream
Tissue paper, coloured, M.F. bleached, 20"×30"—7 lbs., 480's	15 2 10 per ream
Tissue paper, white, M.G. bleached, 20"×30"—7 lbs., 480's	11 2 10 per ream
Tissue paper, coloured, M.G. bleached, 20"×30"—7 lbs., 480's	14 2 10 per ream
Titan bond (British)	1 1 1
Vegetable Parchment (British)	0 15 8
Vegetable Parchment (others)	1 4 4
PART II	
Airmail paper	0 15 7
Art cards (British)	1 11 4
Art cards (others)	1 8 3
Blotting	0 11 11
Blotting, absorber, ribbed	1 6 4

SCHEDULE—contd.

Variety of Paper.	Price per lb. (except where otherwise stated).
Column 1	Column 2
Rs. A. P.	
PART II—contd.	
Blotting, enamelled	0 10 10
Bond paper containing 20% rag	1 3 6
Bond paper containing 50% rag watermarked "Knebworth"	1 4 10
Cambrie paper in rolls—40"—96 yds.	21 2 0 per roll
Cambrie paper in sheets, thick, basis 20"×30"	114 6 5 per ream
Cellulose film—	
Non-moisture proof (plain white) substance 30 grms. per sq. metre	0 2 9 per 1000 sq. inches
Non-moisture proof (coloured) substance 30 grms. per sq. metre	0 3 0 Do.
Plain transparent substance 60 grms. per sq. metre	0 6 7 Do.
Moisture proof heat sealing substance 30 grms. per sq. metre	0 3 5 Do.
Plain transparent substance 30 grms. per sq. metre in slit reels	3 7 7 per lb.
Cheque paper, white sensitized	1 1 3
Cheque paper, watermarked, coloured, sensitized including Hammermill and other similar brands	1 1 9
Gummed paper—basis 17"×22"	27 12 10 per ream
Gummed tape 3/4"—800' (British)	1 3 6 per roll
Gummed tape 3/4"—800' (others)	1 1 7 per roll
Gummed tape 1"—800' (British)	1 10 0 per roll
Gummed tape 1"—800' (others)	1 5 9 per roll
Gummed tape 1 1/2"—800' (British)	2 7 0 per roll
Gummed tape 1 1/2"—800' (others)	1 13 11 per roll
Gummed tape 1 3/4"—800'	2 8 4 per roll
Gummed tape 1 7/8"—800'	2 8 8 per roll
Ledger paper containing 50% rag watermarked "Cheddar valley"	1 4 10
Manifold, onionskin 25% rag	2 0 7
Manifold, onionskin	1 8 2
Manifold—"Commerce" and "Cowan" type—writer paper	2 0 1
Postcard, ivory, coloured	0 14 4
Tissue paper, press copying, basis 18 1/2"×22 1/2"—5 lbs., 500 s.	18 5 10 per ream
PART III	
Air Mail Imperial (Bank substance)	1 10 3
Air Mail Imperial (Manifold substance)	2 5 7
Aeromail Special	1 15 7
A-soka rag blotting	1 4 11
Bond (thick) Abermill	1 2 9

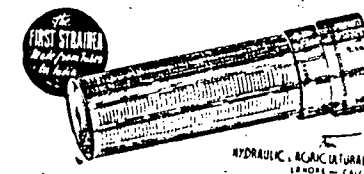
ARJUNA

THE BRASS TUBEWELL

Strainer

B. 3065 W8. 5-12-46.

Hydraulic and Agricultural Industries, Ltd., Lahore and Calcutta.



FOR
AGRICULTURAL
&
INDUSTRIAL
INDIA

SCHEDULE—concl.

Variety of Paper.	Price per lb. (except where otherwise stated).
Column 1	Column 2
Rs. A. P.	
PART III—contd.	
Bond (thin) Abermill	1 3 6
Bond (tints) (thick) Abermill	1 2 7
Bond (tints) (thin) Abermill	1 3 3
Bond Manifold tinted Abermill	1 14 5
Basildon air-mail bond	1 10 0
Bond (thick) Desmond	1 5 7
Bond (thin) Desmond	1 6 10
Blotting Devon Valley	52 0 0 per ream
Blotting Suction	52 0 0 per ream
Blotting Quickorb	52 0 0 per ream
Cheque Paper Sensitized, Stoney Wood White Wove	25 8 10 per ream
Chartham Mill Original	2 1 9
Croxley Lion ledger	1 5 5
Charles Martin Extra Strong Watermarked paper (thick) substance	1 13 8
Charles Martin Extra Strong Watermarked paper (thin) substance	1 15 5
Drawing W.T. & Co., Kent	2 1 4
Gateway unsensitized Ferro-prussiate 90 G.S.M.	1 2 7
Ledger Conqueror	1 6 2
Ledger Imperator	1 4 3
Ledger Imperator Loose Leaf	1 3 0
Ledger Lancashire	1 15 0
Ledger Sackville Loose Leaf	1 0 0
Manifold 693 (British)	1 10 0
Manifold Conqueror	3 0 9
Parchment Lancashire	1 15 0
Parchment Goatskin	2 9 0
Piries Buff Wove Copying	1 13 3
Strathdon (Tinted)	1 1 8
Strathdon (Legal Blue)	1 2 4
Tinted Bank "51 H.D."	0 15 8
T.H.S. Handmade	2 3 8
Tracing Detail "C 300" All Rag 50 yds.×60"	16 3 1 per roll
Tracing Gateway 60 G.S.M. 25×40 yds.	7 3 4 per roll
Tracing Gateway 70 G.S.M. 25×40 yds.	6 9 4 per roll
Writing (thick) Devon Valley Parchment	1 5 6
Waterton Bond (thick)	1 0 11
Waterton Bond (thin)	1 2 1
Writing (thick) Conqueror	1 6 6
Writing (thin) Conqueror	1 8 0
W.T. & Co. Extra Strong 3009 (thick substance)	2 12 0
W.T. & Co. Extra Strong 3009 (thin substance)	2 13 5
W.T. & A.P. Tinted Lithoed one side, sensitized	
Cheque Paper	34 6 6 per ream
W.T. & Co. Extra Strong 3009 Manifold and Air Mail substance	3 9 3
W.T. & Co. (Vandyke Border) (thick)	1 13 0
W.T. & Co. (Vandyke Border) (thin)	1 15 0 per ream

CEILING PRICES OF PAPER—

The following Press Note, dated the 15th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

A revised schedule of ceiling prices of different varieties of imported papers was issued by the Department of Industries and Supplies and published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 13th July 1946. That schedule was to have come into force on the 15th August 1946, but certain representations were received in the meantime from importers which required detailed examination, and the operation of that schedule was suspended from time to time, the last period of suspension expiring on the 14th of November 1946. As a result of the examination, a fresh schedule of ceiling prices has been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* issued on the 15th November 1946 from which date it has been brought into force.

TRANSPORT OF CLOTH, YARN, APPAREL OR HOSIERY TO PLACES OUTSIDE AHMEDABAD WITHOUT REGISTRATION FOR MOVEMENT: OFFENCE PUNISHABLE UNDER ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ORDINANCE, 1946—

The following Press Note, dated the 20th November 1946 has been issued by the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India, Bombay:—

It has been brought to the notice of the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India that merchants within the limits of the Ahmedabad Municipal borough continue to transport cloth, yarn, apparel or hosiery to places outside Ahmedabad without applying for registration for movement, with the Office of the Textile Commissioner in Ahmedabad. This is an offence as by a notification published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 8th June 1946, it has been laid down that such goods can move only in accordance with the transport instructions issued on behalf of the Textile Commissioner by the registration officer. The offence is punishable under the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946.

INDIAN WOOLLEN GOODS (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. WIII-iii(1), dated the 12th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (Ordinance No. XVIII of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to



For Weighing Machines of good quality at moderate rates
Please write to :—
BHARAT WEIGHING SCALES & ENGINEERING SYNDICATE
75/1, Kalachand Nandy Lane, Howrah.
Testers, Repairers & Manufacturers of Weighing Machines.
Telephone : Howrah 523 Telegram : "Testers" Howrah

B. 8076 W. 22-6-47.

direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Indian Woollen Goods (Control) Order, 1945*, namely :—

In entry 2 of the First Schedule to the said Order,—

- (i) the comma after the word "Pull-overs" shall be deleted, and
(ii) the words "scarves and hosiery" shall be replaced by the words "and scarves".

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (TRANSMISSION BY POST) PROHIBITION ORDER, 1946: EXEMPTION RELATING TO CERTAIN SPECIFIED INLAND POSTAL ARTICLES: CORRIGENDUM—

The following Notification [No. 103/1-TA/46(ii), dated the 13th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

Corrigendum.—In the Department of Industries and Supplies Notification No. 103/1-TA/46(ii), dated the 1st October, 1946†, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* of the same date, in item 5 of the Schedule for the word 'will' read 'mill.'

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF "CHEVROLET" SPARE PARTS—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of "Chevrolet" spare parts as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 4th November 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(171)/46, dated the 23rd September 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE ELECTRIC HORNS MANUFACTURED IN THE U. S. A.: AMENDMENTS—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(39)/45, dated the 26th October 1945‡, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 4th November 1946, under Notification No. 52-LPC(39)/45, dated the 28th October 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 20th September 1945, pages 468-70.
† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 17th October 1946, page 123.
‡ See the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 22nd November 1945, page 347.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF BATTERIES AND LOCALLY MANUFACTURED BATTERY FLATES: AMENDMENTS—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(1)/45-Batteries, dated the 19th April 1945*, have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 4th November 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(150)/46, dated the 29th October 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS.

BRITISH INDIA.

CANCELLATION OF NOTIFICATION, DATED 12TH APRIL 1941, REGARDING GOODS INTENDED TO BE TAKEN BY SEA OR BY LAND OUT OF BRITISH INDIA TO ANY PLACE OUTSIDE BRITISH INDIA.

The following Notification [No. 91-CW(6)/45, dated the 16th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to cancel this Department Notification—Commerce—War No. 65-C.W.(20)/41, dated the 12th April 1941†.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: REVISED OPEN GENERAL LICENCES Nos. I, III, IV AND VI.

The following Notification (No. 23-I.T.C./46, dated the 16th November 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

The following Open General Licences issued by the Central Government under the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943‡, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), and in supersession of Open General Licence No. I§, published with that Department Notification No. 48-I.T.C./43, dated the 27th November 1943, Open General Licences Nos. III§ and IV§ published with that Department Notification No. 29-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943, and Open General Licence No. VI§ published with that Department Notification

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd May 1945, pages 139-40.
† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 17th April 1941, page 161.
‡ See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 178-96.
§ See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 197-99.

RESERVED

tion No. 25-I.T.C./44, dated the 9th September 1944, are published for general information :—

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.

Open General Licence No. I.

In pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946) the Central Government gives general permission to all persons to import until further notice from Ceylon any of the goods specified in the Schedule to the said Notification except goods of the following descriptions covered by the entries in that Schedule noted against each :—

Description.	Part of Schedule.	Serial No.
Non-ferrous goods	I	Serial Nos. 41 to 43, 44 (excluding Zinc or Spelter and Zinc Scrap in all forms) 45 to 53, 55, 56 and 57.
Tea chests and parts and fittings thereof excluding aluminium tea chest linings and tea chests containing aluminium.	II	2
Small tools and hand tools excluding :—		
Blades, Hack saw	II	20
Cutters, glass	..	..
Dressers, emery wheel	..	..
Expanders, tube	..	..
Files	..	..
Rasps	..	..
Saws	..	..
Precision and measuring tools	II	21
Abrasives	II	22, 23, 24 & 25.
Crucibles	II	26 (1) & 26 (2).
Belting	II	27 & 28.
Aluminium tea chest linings and tea chests containing aluminium.	IV	153

Provided that the goods have been manufactured or produced in Ceylon :

Provided further that this permission does not apply to cinematograph films printed in Ceylon from negatives either produced or owned by companies, firms or persons established in countries outside the British Empire (excluding Canada and Newfoundland).

2. This licence is without prejudice to the application to any goods of any other prohibition or regulation affecting the import of goods that may be in force at the time when such goods are imported.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.

Open General Licence No. III.

In pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), the Central Government gives general permission to all persons to import—

- (i) from the Portuguese Possessions in India, and
(ii) by land from any other country contiguous to the land frontiers of India,
any of the goods specified in the Schedule to the said notification, provided such goods have been manufactured or produced in those territories and have not previously been imported into such territories wholly or partly by sea, from any country outside India.

2. This licence is without prejudice to the application to any goods of any other prohibition or regulation affecting the import of goods that may be in force at the time when such goods are imported.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.

Open General Licence No. IV.

In pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated 1st July 1943, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), the Central Government gives general permission for the importation from any country until further notice of goods which are included in the Schedule to the said notification and which :—

(i) are *bona fide* samples or advertising matter supplied free of charge not exceeding Rs. 100 in c.i.f. value in one consignment, excepting vegetable seeds falling under S. No. 36 of Part IV of the Import Trade Control Schedule, or

(ii) are exempt from duty on importation by or on behalf of Consular Officers, etc., under items Nos. 46-50 of Notification No. 33-Cus., dated the 22nd June 1935, of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division) as amended from time to time, or

(iii) are exempted from Customs duty on re-importation under Section 25 of the Sea Customs Act, or under items Nos. 53-63, of the Notification No. 33-Cus., dated the 22nd June 1935, of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division), or

(iv) are supplied free of charge in replacement of goods previously imported which have been found to be defective or otherwise unfit for use.

This licence is without prejudice to the application to any goods of any other prohibition or regulation affecting the import of goods that may be in force at the time when such goods are imported.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.

Open General Licence No. VI.

In pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July

1943, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), the Central Government gives general permission to all persons to import by country craft from Iraq, Bahrein, Kuwait, Muscat, Trucial Oman, Kenya Colony and Protectorate, Tanganyika Territory, Uganda, Nyasaland Protectorate, Zanzibar and Pemba, Northern Rhodesia, Southern Rhodesia, Palestine and Transjordan, Egypt, Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Cyprus, Aden and Dependencies, Hadramaut and Saudi Arabia any of the goods specified in the Schedule to the said notification (not being goods previously imported into any of these territories from Canada, Newfoundland, the Union of South Africa, or a place outside the British Empire) except goods of the following descriptions covered by the entries noted against each:—

Description.	Part of I.T.C. Schedule.	S. No.
Non-ferrous goods	I	Serial Nos. 41 to 43, 44 (excluding Zinc or spelter and Zinc scrap in all forms), 45 to 53, 55, 56 and 57.
Tea chests and parts and fittings thereof excluding aluminium tea chest linings and tea chest containing aluminium.	II	2
Aluminium circles, sheets and other manufactures not otherwise specified.	II	12
Unwrought ingots, blocks and bars of aluminium.	II	13
Small tools and hand tools excluding:—		
Blades, Hack saw	II	20
Cutter, glass	..	..
Dressers, emery wheel	..	..
Expanders, tube	..	..
Files	..	..
Rasps	..	..
Saws	..	..
Precision and measuring tools	II	21
Abrasives	II	22, 23, 24, & 25.
Crucibles	II	26 (1) & 26 (2).
Beltting	II	27 & 28.
Raw cotton	III	2
Aluminium tea chest linings and tea chests containing aluminium.	..	153
Sandalwood	V	42

Provided that this permission does not apply to cinematograph films printed in the British Empire from negatives either produced or owned by companies, firms or persons established in countries outside the British Empire excluding Canada and Newfoundland.

This licence is without prejudice to the application to any goods of any other prohibition or regulation affecting the import of goods that may be in force at the time when such goods are imported.

INDIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF GUIDE (THIRD EDITION): CORRECTION List No. 24, Slip No. 2.

The following Amendment Slip to the "Indian Customs Tariff Guide" (Third Edition) has been issued by the Central Board of Revenue under date of 8th November 1946:—

Correction List No. 24, Slip No. 2.

Page 24.—Insert the following entry:—

" Dettol liquid (i) non-spirituous (ii) spirituous	28 22 (5) (b)	C. B. R. D. Dis. 1187-Cus. 1/46 of 8th November 1946.
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Page 44.—Insert the following entry:—

" Listerine liquid (i) non-spirituous (ii) spirituous	28 22 (5) (b)	C. B. R. D. Dis. 1187-Cus. 1/46 of 8th November 1946.
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Page 53.—Insert the following entry:—

" Peppodent liquid (i) non-spirituous (ii) spirituous	28 22 (5) (b)	C. B. R. D. Dis. 1187-Cus. 1/46 of 8th November 1946.
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Page 44.—Insert the following entry:—

" Liquid, Dettol, Listerine and Peppodent (i) non-spirituous (ii) spirituous	28 22 (5) (b)	C. B. R. D. Dis. 1187-Cus. 1/46 of 8th November 1946.
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Page 72.—Insert the following entry:—

" T. C. P. Sol (i) non-spirituous (ii) spirituous	28 22 (5) (b)	C. B. R. D. Dis. 1187-Cus. 1/46 of 8th November 1946.
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Page 66.—Insert the following entry:—

" Sol, T. C. P. (i) non-spirituous (ii) spirituous	28 22 (5) (b)	C. B. R. D. Dis. 1187-Cus. 1/46 of 8th November 1946.
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UNITED KINGDOM.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 198: TRANSIT AND TRANSHIPMENT GOODS.

The following Notice, dated the 27th August 1946, has been issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1:—

The Board of Trade announce that, with effect from the date of this Notice, transshipment licences will no longer be required for Hides and Skins undressed and Leather dressed and undressed, including scrap and waste. This concession is subject to such conditions as to security for the re-exportation of the goods as the Commissioners of Customs and Excise may impose.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 201: MONAZITE SAND: AMENDMENT OF OPEN GENERAL LICENCE.

The following Notice, dated the 16th September 1946, has been issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1:—

The Board of Trade announce that, with effect from 16th September 1946, the following item:—
Monazite Sand
has been deleted from the list of goods which may be imported without individual licence from any country. As a consequence individual licences to import this commodity will be required as and from that date.

IMPORTS OF REPTILE SKINS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th July 1946:—

The Board of Trade are prepared to grant open import licences for the importation of raw and rough tanned reptile skins in certain circumstances. For the time being open licences will be issued to the normal brokers of these skins whose names can be obtained on application to the Leather Control at 9 St. Thomas Street, London, S.E.1, in addition to those firms who at present are allowed supplies under the reptile skin quota arrangements. Any other firms wishing to import reptile skins are advised to communicate with one of the brokers. Those, who for special reasons, wish to make other arrangements, should apply in the first instance to the Leather Control.

The skins will be permitted to be imported only for the purpose of making footwear or for export as finished reptile leather or for export of finished goods involving the reptile leather. Arrangements to ensure that these conditions are adhered to must be made at the time of application for the licence.

ARGENTINA.

NATIONALIZATION OF BAGGING MATERIAL.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th July 1946:—

H. M. Chargé d'affaires at Buenos Aires has reported the issue of Decree (No. 12,589), dated May 3, which provides for the nationalization of material used in the manufacture of bags.

Under the Decree the Secretariat of Industry and Commerce is instructed to replace bags made from imported raw materials by those made from Argentine raw materials. From the date of the Decree, therefore, the Secretariat will not authorize, allocate nor provide bags, cloth or coverings made with jute sacking for any products, except unprocessed cereals, oleaginous seeds and soya beans. Apart from the exceptions mentioned, the export of products packed or wrapped in bags or cloth made with jute sacking is prohibited. Products already packed in jute sacking may be shipped provided special permission is obtained. Provision is made, however, for the continued use of other types of packing (not of textiles) in cases where it has been the custom to do so.

The Decree also provides for the Secretariat of Industry and Commerce to obtain supplies of packing material by taking over the cloth produced by the "Argentine Corporation of Domestic Weaving" and, if necessary, by acquiring other cloth of Argentine manufacture.

The Decree also withdraws the exemption from Customs duties on imported cotton bags and cotton cloth for making bags, which was authorized by Decrees No. 139,760 of December 31, 1942, and No. 10,789 of October 8, 1943.

NATIONALIZATION OF BAGGING MATERIAL.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 20th July 1946:—

With reference to the notice under the above heading in the *Board of Trade Journal* of July 13 (page 914), H. M. Ambassador at Buenos Aires has now reported that the enforcement of the decree has been postponed for a period of 90 days, by virtue of a decree promulgated on May 25.

BELGIUM.

IMPORT AND EXPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 20th July 1946:—

H. M. Commercial Counsellor at Brussels reports that certain relaxations have been made in the operation of Belgian import and export controls. Goods included in the following lists (only items of interest to India are shown below) will no longer be subject to import or export licensing, but a declaration, which varies according to the exchange problem involved, must be presented by the importer or exporter.

Goods for which an Import Licence is no longer required.

Tariff No.	Items.
13	Beeswax and other insect waxes.
17	Bone grease and grease from wastes.
150	Emery, carborundum, pumice stone, tripoli and other mineral substances for grinding, polishing or cleaning, rough, also granulated, washed or ground, but not put up for retail sale.
151	Graphite (plumbago), unworked, in lumps, flakes, flocks, or ground, but not put up for retail sale.
157	Common feldspar.
158	Limestone and other stone for making cement, lime or the like, not calcined.
165	Asbestos, crude or in fibre.
166	Mica, crude, in sheets, plates or rough discs.
173	Borax, crude.
182	Ores.
379	Caseine.
380	Waters distilled from flowers and plants, used only in pharmacy.
381	Serums and vaccines.
400	Tanning extracts.
437	Sealing wax.
495	Yarn of floss silk, single or twisted.
496	Yarn of artificial silk.
497	Thread, braid, cord, not plaited, twisted and dyed, not destined for weaving but not put up for retail sale.
501, 502, 504-511	Fabrics of pure natural silk, pure or mixed with other textiles (except ribbons, velvet and plush and hosiery fabrics).
501 bis to 509 bis	Fabrics or artificial silk, pure or mixed with other textiles, except natural silk (except ribbons, velvets and plushes).
512-514	Woollen yarn, carded, combed or put up for retail sale.
527	Hosiery fabrics of wool mixed or not with other materials except silk.
528	Woollen fabrics, n.e.i.
606	Hosiery of cotton, n.s.m.
607-610	Hosiery.
611	Clothing for men.
612	Clothing for women.
1185	Brooms.
1186	Brushes.
1187	Paint brushes.
1188	Feather brooms and feather dusters.
1189	Brushmakers' wares, n.e.i.

Goods for which an Export Licence is no longer required.

Particulars of the goods included in this list may be obtained by persons interested from the Export Promotion Department, Board of Trade, 35 Old Queen Street, S.W.1.

BRAZIL.

EXEMPTIONS FROM CUSTOMS DUTIES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th July 1946 :—

The Commercial Counsellor to H. M. Embassy at Rio de Janeiro has reported the issue on June 24 of a decree-law which grants customs exemption for six months to agricultural tools and of a further decree-law which grants exemption for six months to sacks and sacking.

CANADA.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

With reference to the notice on the above subject, published in the *Indian Trade Journal* of the 28th March 1946 (page 627), information has been received that General Permit No. G-2407, referred to in Memorandum WM No. 113 Revised, has been amended by the issuance of Memorandum WM No. 113 Revised Supplement No. 3, dated the 6th September 1946, by the Department of National Revenue (Customs Division), Canada, Ottawa. This now provides for the importation thereunder of peanuts (shelled and unshelled) when produced in and imported from the United States, and walnuts (shelled and unshelled) when produced in and imported from any country.

This General Permit is issued in a single copy which is retained in the Department, the number of which is to be endorsed on all relative import documents.

MARKING OF IMPORTED GOODS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th July 1946 :—

H. M. Senior Trade Commissioner at Ottawa has forwarded a copy of Memorandum D No. 1 (Revised 1939) Supplement No. 16, issued by the Department of National Revenue, which states that by Order in Council P.C. 1867 of May 10, 1946, the requirement that the following goods on importation into Canada be marked with an indication of the country of origin has been cancelled with effect from April 1, 1946.

Fibreboard, strawboard, sheathing and insulation, manufactured wholly or in part of vegetable fibre.

CUSTOMS TARIFF.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th July 1946 :—

The *Canada Gazette* of June 8, 1946, contains a copy of Order in Council P.C. 2076 of May 23, 1946, which provides that the following Tariff item be established for a further period from July 1, 1946, to December 31, 1946.

561b	Woven fabrics of cotton and not more than 50 per cent by weight of synthetic textile fibres or filaments for use only in the manufacture of clothing :—
	British Preferential Tariff * .. Free
	Intermediate Tariff .. 33½ per cent.
	General Tariff .. 45 per cent and 40 cts. per lb.

*Applicable to goods of British Indian origin.

FRANCE.

MODIFICATIONS IN IMPORT TRADE ARRANGEMENTS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th July 1946 :—

Modifications in their arrangements for importing goods into France were announced by the French authorities in the *Moniteur Officiel du Commerce et de l'Industrie* of April 18. A previous notice published in the *Board of Trade Journal* on January 26 is for convenience reproduced below.

Imports are in future to be obtained through three different channels, namely (a) the French Purchasing Mission buying on Government account; (b) import groups and (c) private traders importing under licence. Details of the respective classes of goods to be obtained through these media are shown in a schedule appended to the above-mentioned announcement. A translation of the schedule will be given in the next issue of the *Board of Trade Journal*. With regard to (b) it is understood that certain of the Groups (which are intended to comprise all firms interested in import trade) have not yet been constituted and that pending their establishment purchases of the principal items concerned will be undertaken by the Purchasing Mission.

Special attention is drawn to the fact that the schedule does not include goods within the jurisdiction of the Mechanical and Electrical Industries Control Office of the Ministry of Industrial Production which will continue to be imported through the Purchasing Mission of that Ministry only, with the exception of spare parts and goods falling within the limits of value and weight specified in the previous *Board of Trade Journal* notice.

Shipping arrangements remain the same as those explained in the notice except that exporters of small consignments up to and including 100 tons may now apply for shipping space direct to the operating lines without reference to the French Commercial Counsellor in London.

Copy of notice published in the *Board of Trade Journal* on January 26.

The French authorities have agreed that application for licences to import cotton piece-goods and cotton thread on private account will now be considered in addition to the list announced in the *Board of Trade Journal* on November 24, 1945. The complete list of goods for which applications for import licences will now be considered is therefore as follows :—

- Spare parts and replacements for all types of machinery and equipment.
- Hand tools.
- Cotton piece-goods and thread.
- Other manufactured products in quantities less than 5 tons in weight and less than £5,000 in value (excluding industrial plant and machine tools, milk cans, agricultural machinery, coal-mining machinery, trucks and footwear).
- Certain raw materials and articles to be used in the manufacture of finished products intended for export.
- Breeding animals.
- Seeds.
- Books and publications.

Importers will apply in France to the appropriate authorities for import licences, and when these are issued, will be able to obtain the foreign exchange necessary for the purchase.

Operating lines may now accept for shipment from the United Kingdom, to France single consignments of private traffic of up to 100 tons weight without reference either to the Ministry of War Transport or the French Purchasing Mission, 22-26 Queen Anne Street, London, W.1, provided that the shippers can produce a visa from the French Commercial Counsellor, 22 Hans Place, London, S.W.1.

This visa will take the form of an endorsement on a certified duplicate of the relevant invoice covering the shipment.

All parcels exceeding 100 tons will remain subject to the provisions described in Board of Trade communiques of July 14 and November 3, i.e. applications for shipping space should be submitted in duplicate to the French Commercial Counsellor giving the usual information and in addition the French import licence number, and should be accompanied by two copies of the relevant invoices. The French Commercial Counsellor will forward them after endorsement to the "Service du Transit" of the French Purchasing Mission, who will communicate with the shippers.

French North Africa.

The arrangements for French North Africa remain the same as those described in the *Board of Trade Journal* of June 23, 1945, except that consignments intended for Tunis should be registered with the Conference of Malta and Alexandria Steamship Company, 104-106 Leadenhall Street, London, E.C.3, and not with the Peninsular and Mediterranean Committee.

TURKEY.

TRADE WITH TURKEY: IMPORT REGULATIONS.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 20th July 1946 :—

Articles on page 202 of the *Board of Trade Journal* of February 23, 1946, and on page 590 of the *Board of Trade Journal* of May 11, 1946, gave lists of products for which Turkish import permits would be granted. The British Embassy in Ankara has now forwarded two corrected lists, which should be substituted for those previously published. List No. 1 indicates the goods for which the Ministry of Commerce will grant an import licence (corrected up to May 1, 1946). List No. 2 indicates certain items (or sub-divisions of items) in the first list of which the import has been temporarily suspended because the quota allowed by the Ministry of Commerce has already been reached. For facility of reference, items appearing on this No. 2 list have been marked* on List No. 1. The marginal numbers refer to the items on the Turkish tariff :—

(Only items of interest to India are shown below.)

List No. 1.

Tariff No.	Items.
61	Gold boaters skin of sucking calf.
65h	Sealing wax and dental wax.
72c	Fresh hides and skins.
73c	Dried hides and skins.
78	Leather.
102	Woollen yarns of certain type only.
106	Pure wool tissues for men's wear.
116c	Secondhand clothing without defects and untorn.
118a	Plain woollen hosiery.
208a	Coffee.
*211	Cocoa.
213	Tea.
228	Castor oil.
257	Tobacco.
267	Cotozo nut.
271	Medicinal plants.
274	Lamp black.
*276	Vegetable substances and their extracts for tanning.
277	Turpentine and American resin.

List No. I.—contd.

Tariff No.	Items.
307a2, b, c, d, 3-4	Brushes of textile fibres or tissues, drawing brushes of any kind, brooms and brushes for industrial purposes of horse or other animal hair or of wire or tissues, etc., clothes or toilet brushes of certain types.
366-372	Cotton yarns.
376	Cotton bandages, oiled or not oiled.
377	Cotton tissues (coarse unbleached).
378	Cotton tissues (bleached).
379 1, 2, 3, a, c, d	Cotton tissues (dyed).
395b	Cotton stockings.
400a	Cotton handkerchiefs.
*409	Manilla hemp, jute, ramie and other-vegetable matters for yarn or thread.
412	Flax yarns, hemp, prepared flax, jute and other yarns.
413	Yarns prepared for retail sale.
*414b	Cables, manilla or sisal.
*417a, b	Coarse cloth sacks for packing in hemp, ramie or jute.
421	Linen tissues of all kinds.
424	Pipes, machine belts, bags for pressing olives, made of flax, hemp and other vegetable substances.
425	Tarpaulins for wagons, etc.
451	Tarpaulins used for merchandise.
477b, c, d, h, v	Asbestos, bitumen, etc., and objects of these materials.
479a	Mica in slabs or sheets.
481c, A	Fireproof bricks and roofing tiles.
482	Graphite.
605	Fuel, liquid minerals and mineral oils.
*608	Paraffin vaseline.
760	Dye earths.
*702	Mineral colours.

List No. 2.

188	Copra.
211	Cocoa.
409	Sisal fibres.
414	Sisal cables.
417	Sacks.
698	Paraffin and vaseline used in industry.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

TARIFF CLASSIFICATION.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th July 1946 :—

The following decision has been published in the weekly Treasury Decisions :—

Nepheline syenite, ground, is free of duty as sand, manufactured, under paragraph 1775, Tariff Act of 1930.

VENEZUELA.

CONSULAR INVOICES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th July 1946 :—

With reference to the notice in the *Board of Trade Journal* of March 30 (page 381) about the revision of the Customs law the Commercial Counsellor to H.M. Embassy at Caracas now reports that Consular invoices must be made out in quadruplicate and three copies, stamped by the Venezuelan Consul, together with the original bill-of-lading covering the shipment, also stamped by the Consul, must be presented to the Customs authorities at

the port of destination within six days of the arrival of the steamer. For each day's delay a fine is imposed, for which reason importers insist that original documents covering a shipment be sent direct by air mail to the forwarding agent at the port of destination.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL.

13th November.

During the week under report the weather was seasonable. The prospects of the standing crops were generally satisfactory. Harvesting of early *aman* crops and cultivation of *rabi* crops were in progress.

ASSAM.

25th November.

During the week under report the weather was seasonable and its effects on the crops are fair. The prospects and the outturn of crops are good.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

11th November.

Showers of rain of varying intensity were received all over the Province during the week under report. The rainfall proved beneficial to the early-sown *rabi* crops in general and to the standing *kharif* crops in the Akola, Amraoti and Yeotmal districts. The *rabi* crops sown just before the rains were, however, damaged, to some extent in the Saugor and Jubbulpore districts and re-sowing would be necessary in these districts. Some damage to the standing *kharif* crops was also reported from the Saugor, Jubbulpore, Hoshangabad, Nimar, Betul, Chhindwara and Buldana districts owing to the rains and enquiries to ascertain the extent of damage were in progress in the Jubbulpore and Betul districts. Slight damage by insects to linseed and wheat was reported from the Chanda district. Harvesting of paddy, *kodon-kutki* and *til*, though interrupted by the rains particularly in the northern districts, continued. Cutting of *juar* commenced at places in the Nimar and Chhindwara districts. Picking of cotton was in progress. Sowing of *rabi* crops still continued in a few districts. Germination is reported to be successful so far.

ORISSA.

18th November.

During the week under report the rainfall was light at Cuttack, Jajpur, Angul, Balasore, Bhadrak, Puri, Russelkonda, Koraput and Rayaghada and there was no rain at other places. Harvesting of early winter paddy in the Cuttack, Balasore and Puri districts and of autumn paddy, *til*, horsegram, *ragi* and *urid* in the Sambalpur district was in progress. Pressing of sugarcane and sowing of greengram and linseed in the Puri district commenced. The standing crops, viz., sugarcane, horsegram, blackgram, mustard,

paddy, redgram, *ragi*, betel, groundnut, vegetables, *sama*, niger, *vooda*, sesamum, tobacco and *jowar*, were generally thriving.

PUNJAB.

18th November.

During the week under report the weather remained dry. Rain is badly needed in the Mianwali district. The condition and the expected yield of standing crops are generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Sowing of spring crops is in progress.

INTERMEDIATE CROP REPORTS.

FIRST INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE RICE CROP, 1946-47.

Assam.

Winter Rice.—Since the issue of the first forecast, the weather condition continued to be generally favourable for the crop but the recent flood in Nowgong caused serious damage to crops there. Report of damage by insects has also been received from certain districts. Some change in the percentage outturn estimated in the first forecast is, therefore, anticipated.

Bihar.

There is an increase in the outturn of the winter rice crop from 78 per cent of the normal, reported in the first forecast of the crop in September last, to 83 per cent at this date. The outturn of the autumn rice crop, however, has undergone a slight reduction from 84 to 82 per cent of the normal since the issue of the preliminary forecast of the *bhadoi* crops.

INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE PADDY CROP OF MADRAS PROVINCE, 1946-47.

The harvest of the first crop of paddy is progressing in the East Godavari, West Godavari and Kistna districts and has either concluded or is concluding in South Arcot, the Central districts, the South and the West Coast. The yield per acre is expected to be generally below the normal except in the West Coast and parts of the Central and Southern districts, due to insufficient or delayed rains and inadequate supply of water in irrigation sources. The condition of the standing crop is reported to be generally satisfactory.

SECOND INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE COTTON CROP OF THE UNITED PROVINCES, 1946-47.

During the first week of October, there were light showers in the majority of districts and light to heavy rain in the other

districts. During the second week, there were light showers in about half of the districts and light to heavy rain in the remaining districts. In the third week, there was no rain in some districts and light showers in most of the other districts. In the fourth week, there was no rain in a number of districts and light showers in the other districts. The total rainfall for the month was in excess of the normal in the majority of districts. The comparatively dry weather which prevailed during the month in the western districts was beneficial for the crop, although fruiting was not up to the mark. In many areas, rain during the month proved harmful to bolls. Picking of the crop was in progress and the new seed cotton of the *Desi* variety started coming to the market and is selling at Rs. 18-8-0 to Rs. 21-8-0 per maund. However, Perso-American cotton has not so far arrived in the market. The first pickings are reported to be generally poor in quality. The leaf-roller pest was in evidence in certain areas in the western districts. Except in areas where the crop had been spoilt by water-logging, the condition of the crop is reported to be fair.

SECOND INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE SUGARCANE CROP 1946-47.

Assam.

Since the issue of the second forecast, the weather continued to be generally favourable for the crop, although slight damage has been caused by local floods and insects in certain districts. The present prospects are, however, reported to be satisfactory.

United Provinces.

During the first week of October, there were light showers in the majority of districts and light to heavy rain in the other districts. During the second week, there were light showers in about half of the districts and light to heavy rain in the remaining districts. In the third week, there was no rain in some districts and light showers in most of the other districts. In the fourth week, there was no rain in a number of districts and light showers in the other districts. The total rainfall for the month was in excess of the normal in the majority of districts. Rain during October was beneficial to the crop. In the north-eastern districts, water-logging in low-lying areas proved harmful and caused sugarcane diseases. Red-rot appeared in an epidemic form in some areas in these districts. Wilt and yellowing diseases were also in evidence at some places. Some damage was also caused by white-ants and borers. In the western districts, the comparatively

dry weather which prevailed during October considerably improved the condition of the crop in water-logged areas. Borers were in evidence in several tracts of these districts. Red-rot also appeared in the Bara Banki district and in certain areas in the Rohilkhand and Kumaun Circle. Crushing of cane has begun in some areas in the western districts and new *gur* has started coming to the market. In the rest of the Province, however, crushing of cane has not yet commenced. The condition of the crop is reported to be satisfactory, on the whole, except in low-lying areas where the crop has been adversely affected by water-logging.

CROP FORECASTS.

(ALL-INDIA)

SUMMARY OF ALL-INDIA FIRST SESAMUM (TIL OR JINJILI) FORECAST, 1946-47.

(Calcutta, 23rd November 1946.)

	1946-47.	1945-46 (Corresponding)	Decrease (—).	REMARKS.
	Acres.	Acres.	Per cent.	
SESAMUM— (Til or Jinjili)	1,430,000	1,509,000*	—5	The forecast relates to information up to the end of July or beginning of August 1946. The condition of the crop is reported to be fairly good on the whole.

* Revised.

SUMMARY OF ALL-INDIA FOURTH WHEAT FORECAST, 1945-46.

(Calcutta, 25th November 1946.)

	1945-46.	1944-45 (corresponding)	Decrease (—).	REMARKS.
			Per cent.	
WHEAT— Area (acres)	34,533,000	35,561,000†	—3	The forecast relates generally to the period up to the beginning of May 1946.
Yield (tons)	8,882,000	10,403,000*	—15	The crop was adversely affected by the failure of winter rains and its general condition is reported to be fair only.

† Revised.

CROP FORECAST.

(ALL-INDIA)

FOURTH COTTON FORECAST, 1945-46.

(Calcutta, April, 15, 1946.)

This forecast is based on reports received from all the provinces and States and refers to the entire cotton area of India. It deals with both the early and late crops of the season. Information regarding the late crops in certain tracts, chiefly in Madras, Bombay, Sind and Hyderabad, is not, however, complete at this stage. A Final General Memorandum will therefore be issued, as usual, later on, which will contain full and final figures for the above-mentioned tracts together with revised estimates, if any, for other areas.

The total area reported is 14,440,000 acres, as against 14,786,000 acres, the corresponding estimate (revised) of last year, or a decrease of 2 per cent. The total estimated yield stands at 3,361,000 bales* of 400 lbs each, as compared with 3,556,000 bales (revised) at the corresponding time of last year, or a decrease of 5 per cent.

The condition of the crop, on the whole, is reported to be fair.

The detailed figures for the provinces and States are shown below (similar figures for the previous year are given in the appended statement) :—

Provinces and States	Area	Outturn	Yield per acre
	Acres (thousands)	Bales of 400 lbs each (thousands)	lbs
Bombay (including Indian States)†	2,021	331	66
Central Provinces and Berar	2,865	618	72
Punjab (including Indian States)†	2,955	1,178	159
Madras (including Banganapalle and Pudukkottai States)	1,514	335	89
Sind (including Khairpur State)	903	311	138
United Provinces (including Rampur State)	200	59	118
Bengal (including Tripura State)	117	27	92
Bihar	39	7	72
Assam	34	14	165
Ajmer-Merwara	9	3	133
North-West Frontier Province	9	2	89
Orissa	9	1	44
Delhi	(a)	(c)	100
Hyderabad	2,112	265	50
Central India	493	83	69
Baroda	435	82	75
Gwalior	382	65	68
Rajputana	282	65	92
Mysore	61	13	85
TOTAL for 1945-46	14,440	3,361	93
TOTAL for 1944-45†	(b)14,786	(b)3,556	(b)96
TOTAL for 1943-44†	21,086	5,258	100

* Relevant statistics which throw light on production are given, as far as possible, in the Appendix to this forecast.

† Vide footnote* to the detailed table on page 438 of this forecast.

† Vide footnote† to the detailed table on page 438 of this forecast.

† Corresponding estimates.

† Final figures.

(a) Below 500 acres.

(b) Revised.

(c) Below 100 bales.

A statement showing the present estimates of area and yield, classified according to the recognised trade descriptions of cotton, is given below, together with similar details of the corresponding estimates (revised) of last year :—

Trade Descriptions.

Descriptions of Cotton	Acres (thousands)		Bales of 400 lbs each (thousands)		Yield per acre (lbs)	
	1945-46	1944-45	1945-46	1944-45	1945-46	1944-45
BENGALS—						
U. P. Desht	253	(a)263	68	73	108	111
Punjab Desht	936	(a)1,013	332	(a)397	142	157
Sind Desht	98	46	39	24	159	209
Rajputana Desht	213	(a)292	50	70	94	96
TOTAL	1,500	(a)1,614	489	(a)564	130	140
AMERICANS—						
Sind-American	805	845	272	435	135	206
Punjab-American	2,028	(a)2,038	848	(a)759	167	(a)149
Burl	243	(a)297	44	(a)47	72	63
TOTAL	3,076	(a)3,180	1,164	(a)1,241	151	156
OOMRAS—						
C. P. Oomras	571	(a)537	84	(a)74	59	55
Berar Oomras	106	(a)96	30	(a)15	72	(a)62
Nimar Oomras	20	(a)25	4	(a)4	80	(a)64
C. P. and Berar Veruni	1,865	(a)1,848	356	(a)326	76	(a)71
Khandesh Oomras	205	297	44	55	80	74
Khandesh Banilla	26	29	5	6	77	83
Baral-Nagar Oomras	8	14	1	2	50	57
Hyderabad Oomras	1,118	(a)695	142	(a)79	51	45
TOTAL	3,979	(a)3,541	666	(a)561	67	63
HYDERABAD & D-GAORANI.	636	555	83	81	55	58

Nov. 28, 1946.]

Trade Descriptions—contd.

Descriptions of Cotton	Acres (thousands)		Bales of 400 lbs each (thousands)		Yield per acre (lbs)	
	1945-46	1944-45	1945-46	1944-45	1945-46	1944-45
CENTRAL INDIA—						
Malvi	516	(a)623	81	(a)92	63	59
Central India—others	370	(a)333	69	(a)51	75	61
TOTAL	886	(a)956	150	(a)143	68	60
BROACH	475	520	101	129	85	99
SURTI	329	323	60	64	73	79
DHOLLERAS—						
Gujarat-Dholleras	287	(a)362	62	(a)75	86	83
Gujarat—short staple	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kathiawar-Dholleras	358	204	69	44	77	60
Kathiawar-short staple	155	200	27	31	70	62
Cutch Dholleras	19	20	3	3	63	60
TOTAL	819	(a)876	161	(a)153	79	(a)70
SOUTHERNS—						
Kumta and Upland	799	1,004	85	(a)133	43	53
Bijapur and Bagalkot Jowari	159	127	10	13	25	41
Westerns	553	(a)829	32	(a)106	23	51
White and Red Northern	82	99	9	11	44	44
Warangal and Coranadas	114	151	17	(a)24	60	64
Chinnupathi (short staple)	6	8	1	1	67	50
TOTAL	1,713	(a)2,218	154	(a)288	36	52
TINNEVELLIES—(including Karungannies).	522	504	120	127	92	101
CAMBODIAS	333	332	163	154	196	188
SALEMS	21	30	4	6	76	80
COMILLAS	151	(a)137	41	(a)45	109	131
GRAND TOTAL	14,440	(a)14,786	3,361	(a)3,556	93	(a)96

(a) Revised.

The provincial reports are summarised below. The figures in brackets following the name of each province or State indicate the average percentage of cotton area in that tract to the total area under cotton in India based on the figures for the five years ending 1943-44.

Bomlay (23.3 per cent).—The area under both early and late varieties of cotton, up to the 1st February last, is estimated at 2,021,000 acres (896,000 acres being in the Indian States*), which is 10 per cent below the corresponding area of last year. The decrease is attributed to unfavourable weather conditions at the time of sowing. The total yield is estimated at 331,000 bales (168,000 bales being in the Indian States*), as compared with 386,000 bales, the corresponding estimate of last year, or a decrease of 14 per cent. In Gujarat, the crop is progressing satisfactorily except in the low-lying areas, and flowering and bud and boll-formation are in progress. In the Deccan, pickings have been completed and the yield is expected to be better than last year. In the Karnatak, the crop is in the flowering and boll-formation stage. The prospect of the crop in this division has been adversely affected, resulting in the shedding of flowers, buds and bolls. The crop is generally free from any pest or disease.

The area and outturn by trade descriptions are as follows :—

	Acres	Bales
Oomras—		
Khandesh Oomras	(a)205,000	(a)44,000
Khandesh Banilla	(b)26,000	(b)5,000
Baral-Nagar Oomras	8,000	1,000
Broach	232,000	48,000
Surtil	205,000	42,000
Dholleras—		
Gujarat-Dholleras	160,000	30,000
Gujarat-short staple	..	..
Kathiawar-Dholleras	358,000	69,000
Kathiawar-short staple	146,000	25,000
Cutch Dholleras	19,000	3,000
Southerns—		
Kumta and Upland	494,000	48,000
Bijapur and Bagalkot Jowari	159,000	10,000

* Vide footnote* to the detailed table on page 438 of this forecast.
(a) Almost the entire area and yield represent Jarila cotton.
(b) The whole area and yield represent Jarila cotton.

Central Provinces and Berar (15.6 per cent).—The area sown is estimated at 2,865,000 acres (2,218,000 acres being in Berar), which is 2 per cent above the actual area of last year. The yield is estimated at 518,000 bales (416,000 bales being in Berar), as against 466,000 bales last year, or an increase of 11 per cent. The crop was adversely affected by rains in the third week of October followed by dry and warm weather during the rest of the month. The continuance of dry weather thereafter upto January 1946, coupled with absence of dew-fall, marred the prospects of the crop to a varying extent. The average outturn for the province as a whole, which was reported at 75 per cent of the normal in the third forecast, is estimated in the present forecast at 65.6 per cent of the normal, as compared with 60.7 per cent last year.

The area and outturn by trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Oomras—		
C. P. Oomras	571,000	84,000
Berar Oomras	166,000	30,000
Nimar Oomras	20,000	4,000
C. P. and Berar Verum	1,865,000*	356,000†
Americans—		
Burl	243,000†	44,000‡

Punjab (15.2 per cent).—The total area is reported to be 2,955,000 acres (604,000 acres being in the Indian States§), as against 3,037,000 acres, the actual area of last year. The yield is estimated at 1,178,000 bales (246,000 bales being in the Indian States*), as compared with 1,153,000 bales (revised) last year. Supplies of water from canals were sufficient for maturing the crop. The yield is, however, reported to have been adversely affected by excessive rain fall, particularly in the low-lying areas.

The area and outturn by trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Bengals—		
Punjab Deshi	927,000	330,000
Americans—		
Punjab-American	2,028,000	848,000

Madras (10.7 per cent).—The area under cotton up to the 25th January last is estimated at 1,514,000 acres, as against 1,587,000 acres, the corresponding area of last year. The yield is estimated at 335,000 bales, as compared with 376,000 bales, reported at the corresponding time last year, or a decrease of 11 per cent. The yield of the early crop has been below the normal on account of drought. The late crop is also reported to have been affected to some extent by drought in places, and the yield is reported to be below the normal in all the districts except in Coimbatore, where it is reported to be normal. The seasonal factor for the province as a whole works out at 77 per cent of the average, as against 97 per cent at the corresponding time last year.

*Includes 1,559,000 acres under Jarilla cotton.
†Includes 176,000 acres under Cambodia cotton.
‡Includes 301,000 bales under Jarilla cotton.
§Includes 30,000 bales under Cambodia cotton.
||Vide footnote† to the detailed table on page 5 of this forecast.

The area and outturn according to trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Southerns—		
Westerns	476,000	26,000
White and Red Northern	82,000	9,000
Warangal and Cocanadas	81,000	14,000
Chinnapathi (short staple)	3,000	1,000
Tinnevelles	522,000	120,000
Cambodias	333,000	163,000
Salems	17,000	2,000

Sind (4.2 per cent).—The total area is reported to be 903,000 acres (45,000 acres being in the Khairpur State), as against 891,000 acres, the corresponding area of last year. The yield is estimated at 311,000 bales (18,000 bales being in the Khairpur State), as compared with 459,000 bales, the corresponding estimate of last year. Pickings have been completed.

The area and outturn by trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Bengals—		
Sind Deshi	98,000	39,000
Americans—		
Sind-American	805,000	272,000

United Provinces (1.8 per cent).—The area is reported to be 200,000 acres (5,000 acres being in the Rampur State), as against 207,000 acres (revised) last year. The yield is estimated at 59,000 bales (1,000 bales being in the Rampur State), as compared with 63,000 bales last year. The quality of the lint is reported to be generally average.

Bengal (0.4 per cent).—The total area sown with both early and late crops is estimated at 117,000 acres, as against 107,000 acres last year. The total yield is estimated at 27,000 bales, as compared with 32,000 bales last year. Weather conditions, have not been quite beneficial during the period of growth and maturity of the crop.

The area and outturn by trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Bengals—		
U. P. Deshi	(a)	(b)
Comillas	117,000	27,000

(a) Below 500 acres.
(b) Below 100 bales.

Bihar (0.2 per cent).—The area is estimated at 39,000 acres, as against 40,000 acres, the corresponding estimate of last year. The yield is estimated at 7,000 bales, as compared with 8,000 bales, the corresponding estimate of last year. The condition of the crop is reported to be fair on the whole.

Assam (0.2 per cent).—The area is estimated at 34,000 acres, as against 31,000 acres (revised) last year. The yield is estimated at 14,000 bales, as compared with 13,000 bales (revised) last year. The weather has been generally favourable, although slight damage to the crop is reported to have been caused by local floods, late rains and insects in places.

Ajmer-Merwara (0.1 per cent).—The area is estimated at 9,000 acres, as compared with 12,000 acres last year. The yield is estimated at 3,000 bales, as against 4,000 bales last year.

North-West Frontier Province (0.1 per cent).—The area is estimated at 9,000 acres, as against 14,000 acres last year. The yield is estimated at 2,000 bales, as compared with 3,000 bales last year.

Orissa (0.04 per cent).—The area and yield are estimated at 9,000 acres and 1,000 bales, which are practically the same as in last year. The condition of the crop is, on the whole, reported to be fair.

The area and outturn by trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Bengals—		
U. P. Deshi	6,000	1,000
Southerns—		
Chinnapathi (short staple)	3,000	(a)

Delhi (0.01 per cent).—The area is estimated at 300 acres as against 500 acres last year. The yield is estimated at about 100 bales, which is practically the same as in last year.

Hyderabad (15.5 per cent).—The area under both early and late varieties is, according to the returns of agricultural census, estimated at 2,112,000 acres, as against 1,952,000 acres, the corresponding area (revised) of last year. The total yield is estimated at 265,000 bales, as compared with 250,000 bales, the corresponding estimate (revised) of last year. The condition of the late crop is reported to be not satisfactory in many places in the western half of the State owing to unfavourable weather conditions. The average outturn for the State is estimated at 61 per cent of the normal.

(a) 300 bales.

The area and outturn by trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Oomras—		
Hyderabad-Oomras	1,118,000	142,000
Hyderabad-Gaorani	636,000	88,000
Southerns—		
Kumta and Upland	248,000	26,000
Westerns	77,000	6,000
Warangal and Cocanadas	33,000	3,000

Central India (4.7 per cent).—The area is estimated at 493,000 acres, as against 463,000 acres (revised) last year. The yield is estimated at 85,000 bales, as compared with 65,000 bales (revised) last year.

The area and outturn according to the different Agencies are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Indore and Rewa	251,000	56,000
Bhopal	95,000	7,000
Bundelkhand	4,000	1,000
Malwa*	143,000	21,000
TOTAL	493,000	85,000

The total area and outturn according to trade descriptions are shown below:—

	Acres	Bales
Central India—		
Malvi	117,000	45,000
Central India-others	368,000	69,000
Bengals—		
U. P. Deshi	8,000	1,000

Baroda (3.4 per cent).—The area is estimated at 435,000 acres, as against 484,000 acres, the corresponding estimate of last year. The yield is estimated at 82,000 bales, as compared with 108,000 bales reported at the corresponding time last year.

The area and outturn by trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Broach	243,000	53,000
Surti	124,000	18,000
Dholeras—		
Gujarat-Dholeras	50,000	9,000
Kathiawar-short staple	9,000	2,000

*Including the British tract of Panth Pipoda.

Gwalior (2.4 per cent).—The area is estimated at 382,000 acres, as against 471,000 acres at the corresponding time last year. The yield is estimated at 65,000 bales, as compared with 77,000 bales, the corresponding estimate of last year. Pickings are still in progress in places.

The area and outturn by trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Central India—		
Malvi	380,000	65,000
Central India—others	2,000	(a)

Rajputana (1.7 per cent).—The total area is estimated at 282,000 acres, as against 366,000 acres (revised) last year. The total yield is estimated at 65,000 bales, as compared with 82,000 bales (revised) last year.

The detailed figures for the States are shown below:—

	Acres	Bales
Bikaner	16,181	5,111
Sirohi	300	75
Idar	59,420	16,712
Alwar	1,175	63
Jalpur	10,489	2,797
Kishangarh	2,928	458
Shahpura	6,641	1,727
Tonk	13,294	1,519
Palanpur	540	61
Marwar	19,232	2,770
Banawara	1,781	111
Dungarpur	646	74
Kushalgarh	1,180	59
Mewar	120,375	30,961
Baratgarh	3,200	213
Bharatpur	479	167
Bundi	3,800	500
Dholpur	16	3
Jhalawar	9,523	708
Karauli	173	35
Kotah	12,104	1,336
TOTAL	282,477	65,400

The total area and outturn, according to trade descriptions, are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Bengals—		
Rajputana Deshi	204,000	47,000
Central India—		
Malvi	19,000	1,000
Dholeras—		
Gujarat-Dholeras	59,000	17,000

Mysore (0.4 per cent).—The area is estimated at 61,000 acres, as against 66,000 acres reported at the corresponding time last year. The yield is estimated at 13,000 bales, as compared with 10,000 bales, the corresponding estimate of last year.

The area and outturn by trade descriptions are as follows:—

	Acres	Bales
Southerns—		
Kumtha and Upland	57,000	11,000
Salems	4,000	2,000

(a) 400 bales.

Cotton in Foreign Countries.—From information available in this Department, it appears that the production of the cotton crop in the United States of America for 1945 is estimated at 9,014,000 bales of 500 lbs each (equivalent to 11,267,000 bales of 400 lbs each), as compared with 12,230,000 bales of 500 lbs each (equivalent to 15,287,000 bales of 400 lbs each) in 1944. The area planted with cotton in Egypt during the season 1945-46, is reported to be about 5 per cent greater than that of the preceding season. The production of the crop is, however, expected to be 16 per cent higher than that at the corresponding period of 1944-45. In Uganda, the total yield of the cotton crop for the season 1945-46 is expected to be 325,000 bales of 400 lbs each, as compared with 272,000 bales in 1944-45.

Estimate of the Cotton Crop of India.

Provinces and States	1945-46		1944-45		1943-44†	
	Area (1,000 acres)	Yield (1,000 bales)	Area (1,000 acres)	Yield (1,000 bales)	Area (1,000 acres)	Yield (1,000 bales)
Bombay (including Indian States*)	2,021	331	2,245	386	4,265	879
Central Provinces and Berar	2,865	518	(b)2,803	466	3,203	624
Punjab (including Indian States)†	2,955	1,178	(b)3,037	(b)1,153	3,323	1,356
Madras (including Banganapalle and Pudukkottai States)	1,514	335	1,587	376	2,210	485
Sind (including Khairpur State)	903	311	891	459	951	526
United Provinces (including Rampur State)	200	59	(b)207	63	380	113
Bengal (including Tripura State)	117	27	107	32	84	22
Bihar	39	7	40	8	40	9
Assam	34	14	(b)31	(b)13	32	11
Ajmer-Merwara	9	3	12	4	17	6
North-West Frontier Province	9	2	14	3	18	4
Orissa	9	1	9	1	9	1
Delhi	(a)	(c)	1	(d)	1	(e)
Hyderabad	2,112	265	(b)1,952	(b)250	4,105	563
Central India	493	85	(b)483	(b)65	916	176
Baroda	435	82	484	108	585	270
Gwalior	382	65	471	77	486	112
Rajputana	282	65	(b)366	(b)82	377	78
Mysore	61	13	66	10	86	13
TOTAL	14,440	3,361	(b)14,786	(b)3,556	21,086	5,258

NOTE.—A bale contains 400 lbs of cleaned cotton.
 *Comprised in the Western India States Agency, Gujarat States Agency and the Kolhapur and Deccan States Agency.
 †Comprised in the Punjab States Residency excluding Khairpur State.
 ‡These are revised estimates as finally adjusted by provincial and State authorities.
 (a) Below 500 acres.
 (b) Revised.
 (c) About 100 bales.
 (d) Below 200 bales.
 (e) Below 500 bales.

Nov. 28, 1946.]

APPENDIX.

Exports* by sea—

(i) During the last five cotton seasons (1st September to 31st August).

(In thousand bales of 400 lbs each)

	1944-45	1943-44	1942-43	1941-42	1940-41
To United Kingdom	188	243	115	555	373
„ United States of America	142	70	..	132	172
„ Australia	18	29	19	49	58
„ Other Countries	61	35	26	137	1,408
TOTAL	409	383	160	873	2,013

(ii) During the six months from 1st September 1945, to end of February 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45.

(In thousand bales of 400 lbs each)

	1945-46	1944-45
To United Kingdom	91	74
„ United States of America	124	31
„ Australia	17	5
„ Other Countries	110	4
TOTAL	342	114

*Relate to exports from British India as also those from Kathiawar.

Mill Consumption*—

During the eleven months from 1st September to 31st July of the cotton season.

	(In bales of 400 lbs each)		
	1945-46	1944-45	1943-44
Bombay Province	1,644,687	1,758,222	1,744,304
Madras Province	524,732	552,889	543,367
United Provinces	344,460	378,802	378,380
Central Provinces and Berar	142,606	155,562	133,178
Bengal	121,300	124,598	126,218
Punjab and Delhi	157,645	166,288	170,110
Rest of British India	49,682	47,366	48,062
Hyderabad	62,802	65,379	71,730
Mysore	73,018	66,487	52,024
Baroda	76,058	74,728	82,332
Gwalior	72,796	79,374	85,507
Indore	131,687	140,087	138,062
Other Indian States	194,985	206,521	197,926
TOTAL	3,596,538	3,816,303	3,771,220

*Refers to Indian Cotton.

Cotton Pressed†—

During the last two cotton seasons (1st September to 31st August), 1945-46 and 1944-45.

Provinces and States	Number of bales† pressed.	
	1945-46	1944-45
BRITISH PROVINCES—		
(1) Bombay	359,907	431,773
(2) Sind	375,164	445,331
(3) Bengal	19,324	7,119
(4) United Provinces	6,497	7,161
(5) Punjab	963,890	982,047
(6) Central Provinces	121,830	98,188
(7) Berar	399,287	342,084
(8) Assam	5,634	6,445
(9) Ajmer-Merwara	19,293	12,242
(10) Madras	287,900	364,779
TOTAL	2,558,735	2,697,160
INDIAN STATES—		
(1) Hyderabad	228,119	276,118
(2) Baroda	124,248	109,061
(3) Mysore	12,622	29,564
(4) Gwalior	23,175	32,093
(5) Punjab States†	271,265	314,323
(6) Rajputana States	59,491	66,619
(7) Central India States	99,792	63,052
(8) Bombay States‡	203,967	227,776
TOTAL	1,022,579	1,120,600
GRAND TOTAL	3,581,314	3,817,760

†Details for each province and State with corresponding figures for the last season are given on pages 530-31 of the Indian Trade Journal of the 10th September 1946.

‡Running bales.
 †† Vide footnote† to the detailed table on page 438 of this forecast.
 ‡ Vide footnote* to the detailed table on page 438 of this forecast.

Loose Cotton.—The amount of loose (unpressed) cotton consumed in mills in India during the period from September 1945, to July 1946, was 263,289 bales of 400 lbs each, as against 309,627 bales in the corresponding period of the preceding season.

Stocks—

Estimated Stock of raw cotton held by Exporters,

Dealers and Mills in Bombay on the

10th October 1946

Ditto same time last year

Bales**

1,462,389

1,072,019

**Running bales.

Inter-Provincial Trade—

During the Seven Months from 1st September to the end of March of the Cotton Season.
(In bales of 400 lbs each)

	Exports			Imports		
	1945-46*	1944-45	1943-44	1945-46*	1944-45	1943-44
Assam	2,322	857	982	374	770	652
Bengal	2,494	912	1,221	57,610	55,920	65,973
Bihar	1,443	688	1,453	7,917	3,771	8,886
Orissa	..	8	56	2	100	339
United Provinces	5,140	3,060	6,849	107,987	77,987	148,216
Punjab	637,418	486,146	472,605	24,695	13,296	10,921
Sind and British Baluchistan	71,936	66,879	78,186	556,038	361,435	316,426
Central Provinces and Berar	320,081	310,028	373,073	14,819	17,735	12,896
Bombay Province	111,841	71,847	48,102	530,635	489,470	540,550
Madras Province	61,956	48,157	28,099	42,728	47,398	20,963
Rajputana	48,223	4,142	4,409	21,105	18,389	23,919
Central India	24,347	28,277	50,493	76,434	59,810	39,018
Nizam's Territory (Hyderabad State)	152,550	138,435	151,591	81	..	323
Mysore	8,291	4,483	1,140	58,052	17,838	29,265
Kashmir	435	..	..	..	..	12
TOTAL	1,498,477	1,163,919	1,218,259	1,498,477	1,163,919	1,218,259

*Figures are provisional.



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TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from:—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 9d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Re. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42 x 28 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from:—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, SHAHJAHAN ROAD, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Tar and Bitumen Boilers.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. SR3/126391/111/46 to reach him on or before 3.30 p.m. on 2nd January 1947 on tender forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

6 Nos.—Tar and Bitumen Boilers with spray plant 160 Gallons capacity each coal firing, complete with all necessary accessories and fittings.

(Required for P.W.D., Central Provinces and Berar.)

6 Nos.—Tar and Bitumen Boilers similar to and complete as above but of 250 Gallons capacity each.

(Required for P.W.D., Central Provinces and Berar.)

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI

Supply of Mild Steel Tie Bars.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SR-2/73105/11 to reach him on or before the 27th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be

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paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Mild Steel Tie Bars for Cast Iron Rail free
joint Duplex Sleepers for 90R & BSS
Rails to I.R.S. (T) Drg. No. T-426 (alt. 1)
and to I.R.S. Specn. No. T-8-38 (current) 8,000 Nos.

The stores are required at Ghaziabad (N. W. Railway).

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore and Madras, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

The Drawings are obtainable on payment from the Central Standard Office for Railways, Railway Board, New Delhi.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Pulley Wire : Extension of Tender Date.

The receiving date of Tender No. SR-2/70172/III, the call for which appeared in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 14th November 1946 (page 333), has been extended up to the 20th December 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Foundation 'B' Type Plate M. S.: Extension of Tender Date, etc.

The Tender Notice No. SR-2/70165/III that appeared in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 14th November 1946 (page 332), is hereby amended as under :—

(a) Tender fee of 'Rs. 6' specified in para. (1) of the Notice is to be read as 'Rs. 3.'

(b) The tender receiving date of "2nd December 1946" specified in the Notice is to be read as "20th December 1946."

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Brass Sliding Bolts, etc.

The Deputy Director General of Supplies, New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below :—

Tender No. SM-1/72184.

Item No.	Description.	Drg. No.	Quantity.
1	Brass Sliding Bolts, 12"	I.S.D. Drg. No. 807/D/W.E.	2,310 dozens.
2	Brass Barrel Bolts, 9"	I.S.D. Drg. No. 810/D/W.E.	4,820 "
3	Ditto 6"	Do.	2,310 "
4	Ditto 4"	Do.	1,620 "
5	Brass Handles, 6"	I.S.D. Drg. No. 814/D/W.E.	6,240 "
6	Hinges Brass, 4"	I. S. D. Drg. No. 1908/W.E.	8,600 "
7	Ditto 3"	Do.	3,490 "
8	Ditto 2"	Do.	4,653 & 4 Nos.

The stores are required at New Delhi.

The price of the tender forms is Rs. 10 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 18th December 1946. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers. Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore, and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

All the above-cited drawings are priced and can be had from the Deputy Director General of Inspection, Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on payment of Re. 1 or annas eight each according to size (postal charges extra).

Samples of the stores offered against the above tender shall be sent to the Deputy Director General of Inspection, Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, free of charge and carriage prepaid, for test so as to reach him by the 18th December 1946. Reference of this office tender number and date and firm's name, etc., must be quoted on the labels attached with the samples.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Screws.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SB-1/133965/III to reach him on or before the 20th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Indented	Consignee.
Screws Iron S.C.K. Hed. Deputy Controller of Stores, O. T. Railway.	Assistant Controller of Stores, O. T. Railway, Samastipur.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Cables.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SE2/72990/I to reach him on or before the 3rd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Serial No.	Description.	Quantity.
		Vds.
1.	Armoured, Cable, Electric, P. I. L. C. Impregnated paper insulated lead covered, any available type of armour helian served overall for laying in ground. Cable to conform to I. S. D. Specn. II. 81-E. and II. S. 1107/1943 but cables to B. S. 480/1942 or 1938 for earthed systems will be accepted in lieu low and medium tension (good for 1,000 volts) three core. Size area Sq. In. 0.225	925
2.	Ditto, Size 20 Sq. In.	500
3.	Ditto, four or three and half core size 10 Sq. In.	1,700
4.	Ditto, Size 20 Sq. In.	650
6.	Cable P. I. L. C. SWA, 600 volts grade 3 x 15 and 1 x 0.75	187

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender

forms. Firms already black-listed by the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them. Tender forms are available from the following officers on payment of tender fees direct to them :—

- (1) The Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
- (2) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras/Karachi/Lahore and Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Iron Wood Screws.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SB-1/68916/III to reach him on or before the 24th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Indenter.	Consignee.
Iron Wood Screws. C. P. W. D., New Delhi.	S. D. O., Central P. W. D. Stores, Barakhamba, New Delhi.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, STRAND HOUSE, GRAHAM ROAD, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

Supply of Cumblies, Woollen.

The Director of Supplies, Bombay, invites Tender No. BOM/T/244 to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on the 19th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 7 per set to be paid either in cash or by Money Order or by Indian Postal Order, quoting tender number and name and address of the remitter, for :—

1. Cumblies, Woollen, 9 feet by 4 feet, for use by menials during Monsoon. 15,000 Nos.

Applicants not already on the approved list of contractors of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms will not be sold to firms black-listed. Public opening on 19th December 1946 at 12 noon.

**EVERSHED 'DIONIC' WATER
TESTERS AND WATER PURITY
METERS.**

B. 2996 W. 12-1-47.

SOLE AGENTS
JOST'S
ENGINEERING
COMPANY LIMITED.
BOMBAY P.O. BOX 243
CALCUTTA P.O. BOX 66

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES
NEW DELHI.

Supply of Casings, Housing and Plain M.S. Screwed and Socketted Pipes and Slotted Tubes, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders on the prescribed form for the stores detailed below:—

Tender No. SHI/74002/Casing Pipes, 2, (46).—Supply of Casing, Housing and Plain M.S. Screwed and Socketted Pipes and Slotted Tubes, etc., of various diameters from 6" to 16"..... 57,000 feet.

Tender forms, etc. (not transferable), may be obtained from any of the following offices on payment of Rs. 10 per set (not refundable). Payment should be made in cash or by Indian Postal Order or by Money Orders (quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders):—

- (1) Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (2) Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
- (3) Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore, and Madras.

Tenders are required to reach the Director General of Industries and Supplies on or before the 28th December 1946.

Full details of the stores are available in the tender forms.

Tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors of the Department of Industries and Supplies must state the names of their Bankers in their tenders.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Drawing and Mathematical Instruments.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SBI/72520/III* to reach him on or before the 20th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter) for Survey:—

Indenter.	Consignee.
Drawing and Mathematical Instruments, such as Level, Theodolite, Pentagraphs, etc.	Prime Minister, Bhowalpur State. Local Fund Engineer, Bhowalpur.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Spring Washers Steel.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SBI/69386/IV* to reach him on or before the 18th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for the following washers required by the G. I. P. Rly. in Bombay:—

Item and Description of Stores.	Specn.	Quantity.
1. Spring Washers Steel single coil square section to suit 1" to 1" size.	I. R. S. Specn. No. H-30/37 Coor. No. 1 of April, 1938.	2,986 gross.

Offers of 'Vibro' locknut, 'Superlocks', 'Griplocks', 'Kolocks', 'Shakeproof', 'Aniross', 'Groovers', and Fan-Disc washers will be considered.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department Contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi/Madras and Cawnpore, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, STRAND HOUSE, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

Supply of Pans Iron for Latrine, etc.

The Director of Supplies, Strand House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, invites *Tender No. BOM/II/420* to reach him by 11 a.m. on or before the 9th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter:—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1.	Pans Iron for latrine with two handles strongly rivetted and coated with tar 1'-6" x 0'-10" x 0'-6" x 16 S.W.G. thick as per G. I. P. Drawing No. 75690 (I. S. D. No. 13674).	2,500 Nos.
2.	Ditto 2'-0" x 1'-0" x 1'-0" x 16 S. W. G. thick as per G. I. P. Drawing No. 75690 (I. S. D. No. 13674).	500 "
4.	Pans Sanitary Night Soil Drums Wrought Iron with covers, chain and handles complete, 16 S. W. G., thick, 5 gallons capacity, as per G. I. P. Drg. No. 75690 (I. S. D. No. 13674).	100 "

Applicants not already on the list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms will not be issued to firms already black-listed.

Nov. 28, 1946.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES,
NEW DELHI.

Supply of Solder Resin Core 12 or 14 S.W.G.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SN-1/73071/IV-46* to reach him on or before the 2nd December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or by Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Item No.	Stores.	Quantity.
1 & 9	Solder Resin Core 12 or 14 S.W.G. Tin—41-42 per cent; Antimony—0.4 per cent; Lead—Balance.	9,000 lbs.*

* 6,000 lbs. required by the Controller of Telegraph Stores, Calcutta.
* 3,000 lbs. required by the Controller of Telegraph Stores, Bombay.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies contractors, must give their Bankers' reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Department of Industries and Supplies are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, CALCUTTA.

Supply of Fire Extinguishers.

The Director of Supplies, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, invites *Tender No. CDS/M-1/7112* to reach him on or before the 25th December 1946 (at 11 a.m.) on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Extinguishers, Fire, 2 gallons capacity.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Director of Supplies, Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, CALCUTTA.

Supply of Iron Wire Gauze and Wire of Different Sizes.

The Director of Supplies, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, invites *Tender No. CDS/M-2/6970* to reach him on or before the 16th

December 1946 (at 11 a.m.) on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Iron Wire Gauze and Wire of different sizes.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Director of Supplies Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore.

RANCHI INDIAN MENTAL HOSPITAL, KANKE.

Supply of Dietary Articles and Fodder, and Steam Coal.

Sealed tenders in the prescribed forms and superscribed accordingly are invited by the Superintendent, Ranchi Indian Mental Hospital, Kanke, for (1) Dietary Articles and Fodder and (2) Coal and Fire-wood for this Hospital for the period from 1st January 1947 to 30th June 1947. Tender forms and schedule of approximate quantities for contract and agreement forms in respect of each can be had from the Superintendent, at one anna for each form. Tenders will be received up to the 29th November 1946 and opened on the 2nd December 1946 at 1 p.m. in the presence of tenderers. No tenders will be accepted without samples and ten per cent deposit of the total value of the tenders. The Diet Committee reserves the right of accepting a tender as a whole or in parts.

Class I.—Dietary Articles and Fodder—Rs. 1,50,000.

Class II.—Steam Coal No. 2 and Firewood in faggots, valued approximately at Rs. 8,000.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Local Indent No. 7935.—Supply of Stoneware Pipes and Specials during the year 1946-47.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Bangalore City, up to the 20th December 1946, for the supply of Stoneware Pipes and Specials of the descriptions mentioned in the schedule below. The prices to be quoted should be for delivery f.o.r. Bangalore and f.o.r. Mysore and should hold good for a period of one year and the supplies should be made at the accepted rates throughout the period of the contract.

The quantities of pipes and specials mentioned in the schedule are only approximate. It may be more or less and the contract to be let by the Stores Purchase Committee should be deemed to be limited to the actual quantities to be drawn by the Departments.

Failure to supply the materials at the stipulated time or in accordance with the specifications ordered, will entail cancellation of the contract, purchase being made from other sources, debiting the extra cost if any incurred by the Government to firms. In such an event, the Stores Purchase Committee also reserve the right to levy a penalty as and by way of liquidated damages, of 3 per cent of the value of order.

Schedule.

Description.	Approximate Quantity.	F. O. R.	
		Bangalore City.	Mysore City.
1. 4" S. W. Pipes, 2' long each	8,300		
2. 6" Ditto	1,000		
3. 7" Ditto	15,500		
4. 18" Ditto	1,900		
5. 7" x 4" Junctions right angles (Oblique)	900		
6. 4" x 4" Ditto	250		
7. 4" Eye Bends with stoppers	500		
8. 6" x 4" Gully Traps	600		

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7975.—Supply of Gunny Bags.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, United India Buildings, Bangalore City, for the supply of Gunny Bags of the following descriptions to the Departments of Mysore:—

1. Gunny Bags of close texture, well stitched and fit to bag food grains like *ragi*.
2. Gunny Bags of ordinary texture.
3. Gunny Bags for bagging rough articles like charcoal.

Gunny bags of all the varieties and sizes that firms can supply may be quoted. The prices to be quoted should be per 100 bags for delivery at Bangalore and f.o.r. any other Railway Station in the State and should hold good for a period of 6 months from the date of lotting the contract. The contract will be deemed to be limited to the number actually drawn by the several Government Departments of Mysore.

Sample bags for each variety and size that firms quote may be submitted along with their quotations for purposes of inspection and selection. Quotations submitted without samples will not be considered.

Withdrawal of quotation after it is accepted or failure to make the supplies within the specified time or according to specifications will entail cancellations of the order and purchases being made at the expense of the defaulting contractor in addition to the levy of a penalty of 3 per cent of the value of the order as and by way of liquidated damages.

Sealed tenders should be submitted on or before the 30th November 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF TRAVANCORE.

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL STORES, TRIVANDRUM.

Quotation No. 93/1122.—Supply of Machinery for Ceramic Factory.

Sealed quotations superscribed "Quotation No. 93/1122—Machinery for Ceramic Factory," are invited for the supply of certain machinery required in connection with the construction of an electric Tunnel kiln in the Ceramic Factory. Printed copies of the enquiry with details can be had, free of cost, from the Office of the Government Central Stores. Full details will be found published in the *Travancore Government Gazette*, dated the 19th November 1946.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE, BIHAR.

Supply of Clothing, Equipment, etc.

Sealed tenders are invited for the supply of Clothing, Equipment, Cleaning Materials, Grain, Forage, Saddlery and Stable Gear for the Bihar Civil and Military Police for the year 1947-48.

The latest date for the submission of tenders will be the 15th December 1946.

Particulars of requirements and forms of tender can be obtained from the Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police, Bihar, Patna, on payment of Rs. 5.

The Inspector-General of Police reserves the right to reject any or all tenders without assigning any reason.

Successful tenderers will be informed by the last week of January 1947.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Supply of Pure Buffalo's Milk.

Tenders for the supply of pure Buffalo's Milk for one year from 1st March 1947 to the Arthur Road Hospital including Nurses' Mess, Maratha Hospital, K. E. M. Hospital including Nurses' Mess, etc., five Maternity Homes, Turner Sanatorium, Bhoiwada Hill, Victoria Gardens, and the Eyo Hospital, Kamathipura, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay on the 4th December 1946 not later than 1 p.m. (Bombay Time).

About 921 seers of milk per day will be required and the successful tenderer will have to make fresh supply twice daily to the institutions. The milk should contain not less than 7 per cent of fat and 9 per cent of solids other than fat.

Tender forms will be supplied, on payment of Re. 1 only, by the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, Public Health Department, Municipal Offices, Bombay, from whom further information can be obtained.

The tender deposit to be paid along with the tender is Rs. 6,000 only.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Supply of Hay and Rice Straw.

Tenders for the supply of Hay and Rice Straw for one year from 1st March 1947 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on the 29th November 1946:—

Tender No. I.—Hay about 44,89,500 lbs. and Rice Straw about 29,200 lbs. to be supplied in Bombay.

Tender No. II.—Hay about 62,00,000 lbs. to be supplied at Municipal Slaughter House at Bandra.

The Hay should be Bair or Moosi quality or Phool ghas flowery meadow type. The supply of Rice Straw should be of fine quality and fresh and sweet smelling.

Tenderers quoting for any other quality should specify the quality for which they are tendering.

Forms of tender specifications, etc., will be given to any one, on payment of Re. 1 only for each set of tender forms, by the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, Public Health Department, Municipal Offices, Bombay, who will give any further particulars required.

The tender should accompany an Earnest Money of Rs. 5,000 for Bombay and of Rs. 7,000 for Bandra.

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Tender for Construction of Quarters at Dakhindary Railway Colony.

Sealed tenders are invited from experienced Building Contractors for construction of 66 units W/X type Quarters in 11 three-storied blocks of 6 units each including roads, water supply and sewage disposal works at Dakhindary Railway Colony along-side Jiban Krishna Ghosh Road.

Tender documents will be available from the office of the Executive Engineer, B. A. Railway, Calcutta District, Sealdah, on payment of Rs. 4 each per set between 10-30 a.m. and 1 p.m. (Bengal Time) from 2nd to 4th December 1946.

Type plan for the quarters may be seen at the time of purchasing tender papers in the Executive Engineer's office, Sealdah.

Tenders will be opened at 11 a.m. (Bengal Time) on the 6th December 1946.

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Supply of Office Chairs.

The General Manager, B. A. Railway, Calcutta, invites tenders for supply of 1,000 Nos. of Chairs, office, light armed, *Padouk* or *Shisam*, with wooden seats.

Necessary tender documents can be obtained from the Stores' Information Bureau, 3, Koilaghat Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 3 per tender, which is not refundable.

Tenders will be opened at 11 a.m. (Bengal Time) on the 30th November 1946.

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Supply of Timber Cut Salwood Floor Boards.

The General Manager, B. A. Railway, Calcutta, invites tenders for supply of 7,000 Nos. of Timber Cut Salwood Floor Boards.

Necessary tender documents can be obtained from the Stores' Information Bureau, 3, Koilaghat Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 3 per tender, which is not refundable.

Tenders will be opened at 11 a.m. (Bengal Time) on the 4th December 1946.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Item Costing Over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Top Plates of Sizes for Wagon Bearing Springs.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 3rd January 1947, at 12 noon:—

Tender No. SP/F/Genl/3/II.—For the supply of 9,650 Nos. Top Plates of sizes for Wagon Bearing Springs.

Tender forms and drawings can be obtained from the under-mentioned officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same:—

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 2 per copy from the Controller of Stores' office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

(b) Drawings Nos. LS-221, 226, 218 and W-510 at annas eight per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawings to the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

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EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Item Costing Over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Laminated Bearing Springs.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 3rd January 1947:—

Tender No. SP/F/Genl/3.—For the supply of 8,393 Nos. Laminated Bearing Springs of sizes.

Tender forms and drawings can be obtained from the under-mentioned officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same:—

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 2 per copy from the Controller of Stores' office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

(b) Drawings Nos. LSA-36, 64, 66, 89, 91 and WA-8 at annas eight per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawings to Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

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EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Item Costing Over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Buckles of Sizes for Laminated Bearing Springs.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 3rd January 1947 at 12 noon:—

Tender No. SP/F/Genl/3/I.—For the supply of 11,975 Nos. Buckles of sizes for Laminated Bearing Springs.

Tender forms and drawings can be obtained from the under-mentioned officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same:—

(a) Tender forms at Rs. 2 per copy from the Controller of Stores' office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.

(b) Drawings Nos. LS-144, 161, 163 and W-509 at annas eight per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores and that of the drawings to Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Conversion of Scrap Bronze Manganese into New Lead Bronze Ingot.

The General Manager, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, invites sealed tenders for conversion of 130 tons Scrap Bronze Manganese into an equal quantity of New Lead Bronze Ingot to I.R.S.S. Class III.

Tender No. Sale/14 with full particulars may be purchased from the Controller of Stores' office, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, at Rs. 2 per copy and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. This sum is not refundable.

Opening date is 8th January 1947.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Supply of Machine-crushed Surkhi.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 2nd December 1946 for the supply by the 31st March 1947 of 2 to 3 lacs cubic feet good quality Machine-crushed Surkhi from well-burnt 1st and 2nd class bricks at selected stations on Asansol Division.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till the 30th November 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash which sum will not be returned.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Supply of Stone Chips.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 2nd December 1946 for the supply of 2 to 3 lacs cubic feet of $\frac{1}{2}$ " Stone Chips from selected stations on Asansol Division.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till the 30th November 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash which sum will not be returned.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Tender for Construction of Girder Bridge.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 16th December 1946, for construction of 4x20'-0" Girder Bridge (No. 49A) near existing Hinglo Bridge, including construction of embankment for the Railway Track diversion at mile 132 feet 1797 Ondal Sainthia Chord in Asansol Division.

Tender form and all particulars may be obtained till 14th December 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash which sum will not be returned.

EASTERN GROUP—SLEEPER CONTROL.

Tender No. 1/46-47.—Supply of Wagon Floor Boards.

Tenders are invited for 8,000 Broad Gauge Plain Wagon Floor Boards (Indian Teak and/or Sal) and will be opened by the SLEEPER CONTROL OFFICER, Eastern Group, B. N. Rly. House, Kidderpore, Calcutta, on the 17th December 1946, at 3 p.m. (Bengal Time). Full particulars will be supplied on application with a receipt of payment of Rs. 5 to the Financial Advisor and Chief Accounts Officer, B. N. Railway, Kidderpore, which will not be refunded.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Tender No. 1946/41(1947/48/G) for the Supply of Minerals such as Chalk white and red, Sand moulding, Whiting best for making Putty, Plaster of Paris and Lime Stone, required for the period 1st February 1947 to 31st January 1948.

Running Contract.

The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the supply of Minerals such as Chalk white and red, Sand moulding, Whiting best for making putty, Plaster of Paris and Lime Stone, required for the period 1st February 1947 to 31st January 1948.

The prescribed form of tender, with special conditions on which tenders will be considered, can be obtained from the office of this Railway's Controller of Stores, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy, which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted.

Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form and must be placed in an envelope which must be addressed to the Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, sealed and endorsed "Tender No. 1946/41 (1947/48/G.) for the Supply of Minerals etc.". Tenderers are required to hand in their tenders at the office of the Controller of Stores and envelope containing the same must be registered with the Contract Superintendent prior to being placed in the box provided for their reception. In the case of tenderers outside Bombay who desire to forward tenders through the post the same must be despatched under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 1,000 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money, before the time fixed for opening the tender, without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made wholly in Cash (on which no interest will be allowed) or wholly in Government Securities or Approved Bankers' Guarantee Bond and the Governor General reserves to himself the right to appropriate or cancel the Government Securities or Bonds or confiscate the cash deposit, should the successful tenderer fail to put in the Security Deposit in terms and conditions of the Tender.

Tenders not complying with any of the above Conditions will not be considered.

Tenders will be received at the office of the Controller of Stores up to 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on the 23rd December 1946.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Tender No. 1946/43(1947/48/G) for the Supply of Miscellaneous Stores for the period 1st February 1947 to 31st January 1948.

Running Contract.

The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the supply of Bones, Cuttlefish, Bricks bath, Cloth sponges, Spongers, Glue Commercial, Napthaline in balls, Paper Toilet, Wax Bees, Whistles and Sheets "Etermite" Granite required for the period 1st February 1947 to 31st January 1948.

The prescribed form of tender, with special conditions on which the tender will be considered, can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores on payment of Rs. 2 per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted.

Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form to the Controller of Stores and the envelopes enclosing them must be sealed and endorsed "Tender No. 1946/43 (1947/48/G) for the

Supply of Miscellaneous Stores". Tenderers are requested to hand in their tenders at the office of the Controller of Stores and envelope containing the same must be registered with the Contract Superintendent prior to being placed in the box provided for their reception. In the case of tenderers outside Bombay who desire to forward tenders through the post the same must be despatched under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 1,000 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money before the time fixed for opening the tenders, without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made wholly in Cash (on which no interest will be allowed) or wholly in Government Securities or Approved Bankers' Guarantee Bond and the Governor General reserves to himself the right to appropriate or cancel the Government Securities or Bonds or confiscate the cash deposit, should the successful tenderer fail to put in the security Deposit in terms and conditions of the Tender.

Tenders not complying with any of the above Conditions will not be considered.

Tenders will be received at the Controller of Stores' office up to 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on the 6th January 1947.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Tender No. 1946/42(1947/48/G) for the Supply of Oil Lamps and Fittings for the period 1st February 1947 to 31st January 1948.

Running Contract.

The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the supply of Oil Lamps and Fittings required for the period 1st February 1947 to 31st January 1948.

The prescribed form of tender, with special conditions on which the tender will be considered can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores on payment of Rs. 2 per copy, which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted.

Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form to the Controller of Stores and the envelopes enclosing them must be sealed and endorsed "Tender No. 1946/42(1947/48/G) for the Supply of Oil Lamps and Fittings". Tenderers are required to hand in their tenders at the office of the Controller of Stores and envelope containing the same must be registered with the Contract Superintendent prior to being placed in the box provided for their reception. In the case of tenderers outside Bombay who desire to forward tenders through the post the same must be despatched under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 1,000 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money, before the time fixed for opening the tenders, without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made wholly in Cash (on which no interest will be allowed) or wholly in Government Securities or Approved Bankers' Guarantee Bond and the Governor General reserves to himself the right to

appropriate or cancel the Government Securities or Bonds or confiscate the cash deposit, should the successful tenderer fail to put in the Security Deposit in terms and conditions of the Tender.

Tenders not complying with any of the above Conditions will not be considered.

Tenders will be received at the Controller of Stores' office up to 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on the 30th December 1946.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Supply of Stone Setts.

Sealed tenders will be received up to 12 hours on Monday, the 2nd December 1946, by the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, for the supply of approximately three lakhs Stone Setts for road work on the M. & S. M. Railway.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Supply of Stone Ballast and Stone Metal.

Sealed tenders will be received up to 12 hours on Wednesday, the 4th December 1946, by the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, for the supply of 2" Stone Ballast required for maintenance of Bezvada/South Sub-Division, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ " and $\frac{3}{4}$ " Stone Metal for Bridge Works, etc., on the North-East Line, from Ongole Quarry.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

The total approximate value of the contract will be about Rs. 1,50,000 per annum.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 210-S/22/13 (Code Word "CXHAC").—Supply of Carline for Road—972 Nos.

Tenders are invited on a rupee basis for purchase of the above. Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Thursday, the 2nd January 1947, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore (where any other relative documents can be seen), at Re. 1 each (Re. 1-8-0 if to be posted).

Firms in the Karachi Area may obtain tender forms and drawings from the office of the District Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Karachi, on cash payment.

Tenders will not be sold on the date fixed for their receipt.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 212-S/2/29 (Code Word "CXHDC").—Supply of Phowrahs, 4 lbs.—6,300 Nos.

Tenders are invited on a rupee basis for the purchase of the above.

Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Headquarters Office, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Monday, the 6th January 1947, and will be opened at 11 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore, (where any other relative documents can be seen), between 14 hours to 16 hours only at Re. 1 each local and Re. 1-8-0 if to be posted, exclusive of the cost of I. R. S. Drawing and specification which can be had against payment from the Central Standards Office for Railways, New Delhi, and the Manager of Government Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

Firms in Karachi Area can have the tender forms from the District Controller of Stores, N. W. Railway, Karachi Cantonment. Tenders will not be sold on the date fixed for their return.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(C. P. & M. DIRECTORATE.)

Sale of Three Tyre Repair/Retreading Plants.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of three Tyre Repair/Retreading Plants lying at Delhi, Madras and Calcutta.

Intending purchasers are required to quote as follows:—

(a) For the plant to be installed in India.

(b) For the plant to be exported.

Superscribed Reference Tender Nos:—

(1) DGD/SR-41604/CPM-IV for the Delhi plant.

(2) DGD/SR-41605/CPM-IV for the Madras plant.

(3) DGD/SR-41606/CPM-IV for the Calcutta plant.

Last date for submission of tenders.—16th December 1946.

Earnest Money.—Rs. 25,000 each with tender Nos. 1 and 2 above separately and Rs. 30,000 with tender No. 3 deposited in the Imperial/Reserve Bank/Govt. Treasury in favour of the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

Tender forms giving details of Machinery together with permits to view the plants at site can be obtained from the Cashier, Directorate General of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Bombay, Cawnpore, Lahore, and Deputy Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Karachi and Madras, on payment of Rs. 5 in cash or by Money Order for each tender separately.

Cheques and Postal Orders will not be accepted as Earnest Money deposit or tender forms price.

Sale will be subject to conditions laid down in Form Con. 117.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(DIRECTORATE OF UNITED STATES TRANSFERS.)

Sale of Adding and Calculating Machines, etc.

Tenders, sealed under double cover, are invited for the purchase of the following stores, quoting for each item separately:—

1. Tender No. DGD/UST/1547/S.—Approximately 550 serviceable and unserviceable Adding and Calculating Machines.

2. Tender No. DGD/UST/1547/S(1).—Approximately 70 Generating Sets from 1½ to 50 K. W., 110 to 220 volts, 3 phase, 60 cycles.

3. Tender No. DGD/UST/1547/S(2).—Approximately 42 small, medium and large Evaporators, 220 volts, 60 cycles.

4. Tender No. DGD/UST/1547/S(3).—3 Boot Stitching and Finishing Machines.

Location.—For item 1 Delhi, Karachi, Calcutta and Assam; for item 2 Delhi and Karachi; and for items 3 and 4 Delhi.

Last date for tendering.—By 4 p.m. on 12th December 1946.

Offer to remain open for acceptance.—12th January 1947.

Earnest Money.—10 per cent of value tendered in form of Treasury Receipt or demand draft in favour of the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi. Cheques will not be considered.

Tender forms constituting authority to view stores are obtainable on payment of Rs. 3 each, from the offices of the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, and the Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Bombay and Lahore.

Sales will be subject to conditions in Form Con. 117.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Supply of Articles of Diet to Hospitals, etc.

Tenders for the supply of articles of Diet and extra articles to the Arthur Road Hospital including Nurses' Mess, Maratha Hospital, 5, Maternity Homes and the Turner Sanatorium for one year from 1st March 1947 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 4th December 1946 not later than 1 p.m. (Bombay Time).

Tenderers may, if they so desire, quote for all or any of the groups included in Schedules A and B. Tenders will be accepted as a whole or split up in parts at the discretion of the Municipal Commissioner.

Forms of tender, specifications, etc., will be issued to the applicant, on payment of Re. 1 for each set of tender forms, by the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, Bombay, from whom further information can be obtained.

The tender deposit to be paid for the different groups in Schedules A and B is—(1) Group No. 1—Rs. 1,000, (2) Group No. 2—Rs. 500, (3) Group No. 3—Rs. 1,000, (4) Group No. 4—Rs. 1,500, (5) Rationed articles—Rs. 500, (6) Nurses' Mess (for all or any group)—Rs. 500 and (7) for all the groups together—Rs. 5,000.

Nov. 28, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

THE following are statements of contracts placed by the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, during the week ending the 16th November 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

I.—Section SR-1.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
SRI/68845/11.—Lock Nut, 1½" screw-ed.	1,000 Nos.	Messrs. D. K. Dass & Co., Ltd., Howrah.	Rs. 1,375 L.o.r. Stores-pura.
Rtg-11/135473.—Commodore, C. L., Enamelled.	136 ..	Messrs. Heatly & Gresham, Ltd., Calcutta.	20,400 } L.o.r. Calcutta.
SRI/68852/1.—Brass Stop Cock	100 ..	Messrs. Annapurna Metal Works, Bhowanipore, Calcutta.	1,512 }
SRI/68757/1.—Screw Coupling, B.G.	100 ..	Messrs. Britannia Engineering Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	5,500 L.o.r. Titagarh.
SRI/68841/1.—(a) Washer (Front) for B.T.A.	1,625 ..	Messrs. Burn & Co., Ltd., Howrah.	10,902 free delivery at Howrah General Stores, Howrah.
(b) Screw Coupling Shackle Pin.	5,000 ..		
SRI/70261/1.—Blade Metal Louvre, of different sizes.	90,500 ..	Messrs. J. Curtis & Co., Ltd., Bombay.	12,835 L.o.r. Bombay.
Rtg-11/69342.—Roof Fittings, one light, Stone's design.	300 ..	Messrs. J. Stone & Co. (India), Ltd., Calcutta.	4,013 L.o.r. Calcutta.

II.—Section ST-2.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
ST2/73167.—Cases for 2 gallon tins, 17½" × 11½" × 10".	30,000 Nos.	Messrs. Sarju Prasad Jagdish Prasad, Agra.	Rs. 90,000 }
Iditto	15,000 ..	Messrs. Parshotamdas Jagdish Prasad, Agra.	45,000 } free at Agra.
ST2/68584.—Cases for 2 gallon tins, 17½" × 11½" × 10".	15,000 ..	Messrs. Gulakchand Kallashchand, Agra.	44,531 }

III.—Section SB-1.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
MP-128202/SB-1/DEP/63, dated 15-11-1946.—M. B. Sheds	6 Nos. (78 tons).	Messrs. Bralhwalle Jessop Const. Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	Rs. 55,344 L.o.r. Works Siding.
MP-135212/SB-11.—Item 1.—40 ft. girders complete with field rivets and bolts.	4 Nos.	Messrs. Bralhwalle & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	23,343 L.o.r. Works Siding.
Item 2.—20 ft. girders complete with field rivets and bolts.	3 ..		

PROVISIONAL STATEMENT SHOWING THE RAISINGS AND DESPATCHES OF COAL FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1946.

(FURNISHED BY THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF MINES IN INDIA.)

Province.	Raisings.	Despatches.
	Tons.	Tons.
ASSAM	21,010	20,415
BALUCHISTAN	10,470	10,014
BENGAL—Darjeeling Raniganj Coalfield	207 547,360	541,517
BIHAR—Raniganj Coalfield	70,608	63,847
Jharia ..	811,637	730,236
Bokaro ..	254,687	248,262
Ramgarh ..	4,572	4,852
Giridih ..	12,613	9,730
Jainty ..	1,796	380
Daltonganj ..	2,131	2,504
Hutar ..	175	..
Karanpura ..	73,040	73,854
TOTAL FOR BIHAR	1,231,259	1,133,665
ORISSA—Hingir-Rampur (Sambalpur) Coalfield.	8,276	7,116
CENTRAL PROVINCES—Pench Valley Coalfield (Chhindwara).	87,410	79,144
Chanda Coalfield	15,565	13,247
Yeotmal ..	1,380	1,018
Bilaspur ..	..	..
TOTAL FOR CENTRAL PROVINCES	104,355	93,409
PUNJAB	13,587	13,390
SIND	165	589
GRAND TOTAL	1,936,689	1,820,116

N.B.—Hard and soft coke despatched from collieries=59,881 tons.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 15th November 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED.		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	1,628	713	10,990	14,037	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	85	45	25	42	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Panch Mahala and Surat.
3. North Deccan	483	900	208	1,019	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan			5,901	10,992	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	213	956	4,890	12,194	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	761	1,902	11,024	24,247	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					
The Province of Sind	13,981	16,897	111,057	121,324	All districts in the Province.
Bengal—					
The Province of Bengal	256	278	2,537	1,457	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces—					
1. Upper Doab	..	..	..	..	Dehra Dun, Saharapur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	..	..	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	..	..	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Punjab—					
1. Ambala	143	1,325	1,180	1,736	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
2. Jullundur	..	515	901	1,373	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	425	..	..	..	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	1,791	3,082	(a) 4,010	5,413	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
5. Multan	1,830	687	(b) 5,098	2,976	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	..	..	..	..	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	4,189	5,609	11,170	11,498	
Central Provinces—					
1. Jabulpore	..	..	..	..	Jubbulpore, Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	..	9	11	20	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	..	134	616	134	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	430	..	..	..	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
5. Satpura	..	..	..	..	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
TOTAL	430	143	627	154	
Berar—					
Berar	3,559	8,645	(c) 7,745	12,638	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Assam—					
The Province of Assam	..	..	..	..	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara—					
Ajmer-Merwara	49	..	1,681	90	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras—					
Madras*	521	2,917	23,421	40,363	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	23,746	36,391	169,271	211,769	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.

*For details see Statement III.

(a) Includes 894 bales not reported before.

(b) " 442 " " " " "

(c) " 208 " " " " "

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 15th November 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	205	631	7,711
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	..	377	1,891	4,737
Gwalior	(a)	..	..	244
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	(a)	1,773	..	2,917
Nabha	..	..	..	..
Jind	..	..	..	..
Faridkot	(a)	285	..	342
Patiala	(a)	2,066	..	2,723
Malerkotla	..	..	..	..
Khairpur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	4,124	..	5,982
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	..	..	..	..
Bikaner	220	..	220	..
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Wark	..	..	..	..
Jaipur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Elshangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..
Dundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	220	..	220	..
Central India States—				
Indore	..	..	..	..
Bhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..
Ratlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	..	..	..	..
Barwani	..	..	..	..
Jhabua	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	..	..	..	..

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 15th November 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Junagadh	..	..	..	..
Dhrangadhra	(a)	..	5,950	..
Morvi	..	..	..	..
Cutch	(a)	..	1,508	..
Nawanagar	(a)	..	286	42
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Gondal	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	(a)	640	..	640
Limdi	..	..	..	..
Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jandan	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mull	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	..	..	..	..
Katosan	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	..	..	..	..
Bantva Majmu	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhota Udepur	..	..	..	..
Cambay	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Balasinar	..	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas—				
Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gothda	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Jamkhandi	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savanur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	..	640	7,742	682
GRAND TOTAL	220	5,346	10,474	19,356

(a) Statement not yet received.

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 15th November 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelles	..	..	37,247	46,439
Nadam, Bourbon and Uppam	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	185	623	92,058	77,574
Karunganni	1	..	40,975	..
Northerns	..	2,210	6,107	171,566
Westerns	335	..	61,413	..
Mungari	..	..	968	..
Cocanadas	..	84	8,512	9,963
TOTAL	521	2,917	247,680	305,547

COTTON PRESS RETURNS, 1945-46.

The following tables show the quantity of cotton pressed, expressed in bales of 400 lbs. each, in British India and Indian States, as far as reported, during the period from 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 26th) of July, 1946, with comparative figures for the corresponding period of the last season :—

I.—BRITISH INDIA.

Province and Division or Block.	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).		Districts included in the block.
	From 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 26th) of July, 1946.	During the corresponding period of last season.	
BOMBAY—			
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay	71,186	31,927	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	161,543	138,249	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Panch Mahals, Broach and Sirat.
3. North Deccan	65,319	49,434	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan	47,010	60,258	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	60,098	153,106	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kauria.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	337,870	401,097	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
SIND—			
The Province of Sind	367,601	430,424	All districts in the Province.
BENGAL—			
The Province of Bengal	17,737	6,620	All districts in the Province.
UNITED PROVINCES—			
1. Upper Doab	4,813	3,801	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh and Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	640	1,342	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri and Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	902	309	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur and Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Nainital, Almora and Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad and Partabgarh.
TOTAL	6,355	5,452	
PUNJAB—			
1. Ambala	33,924	54,100	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal and Ambala.
2. Jullundur	12,965	19,351	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur and Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	85,768	93,345	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala and Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	104,277	100,834	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi and Attock.
5. Multan	620,313	602,606	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	75,251	80,781	Sialla, Ferozepore and Mianwali.
TOTAL	932,498	951,317	
CENTRAL PROVINCES—			
1. Jabulpore	..	192	Jubbulpore and Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	35,282	23,532	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	76,141	64,326	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	692	80	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat and Bhandara.
5. Satpura	..	..	Chhindwara, Betul and Mandla.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	Drug, Raipur and Bilaspur.
TOTAL	112,113	88,130	
BERAR—			
Berar	379,014	322,196	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana and Yestmal.
ASSAM—			
The Province of Assam	2,812	3,150	All districts in the Province.
AJMER-MERWARA—			
Ajmer-Merwara	18,210	11,614	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara
MADRAS—			
Madras	259,965	332,989	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	2,434,840	2,558,989	

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.
II.—INDIAN STATES.

State.	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).		State.	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).	
	From 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 26th) of July, 1946.	During the corresponding period of last season.		From 1st September, 1945, up to the last Friday (i.e., 26th) of July, 1946.	During the corresponding period of last season.
Hyderabad	200,192	265,453	BOMBAY STATES—		
Broda	120,169	105,043	Western India States Agency—		
Mysore	11,200	24,270	Bhavnagar	18,329	11,876
Gwalior	23,689	31,119	Junagadh	15,462	24,497
Punjab States—			Dhrangadhra	18,443	21,771
Bahawalpur	160,150	151,505	Morvi	16,402	13,114
Nabha	18,099	27,019	Cutch	5,349	1,563
Jind	5,880	8,326	Nawanagar	2,022	3,387
Faridkot	6,816	7,598	Wadhwan	20,455	25,688
Patiala	65,840	105,258	Gondal	..	..
Malerkotla	1,484	4,442	Wankaner	1,208	689
Khalapur	4,026	2,836	Porbandar	7,829	13,125
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	203,501	306,934	Limbdi	6,060	3,913
Rajputana States—			Radhanpur	7,990	7,937
Mewar	29,786	40,751	Rajkot	..	..
Bikaner	11,407	10,928	Manawadar	14,668	24,516
Jodhpur	..	1,034	Jasdan	..	633
Tonk	1,168	2,726	Sardargarh	..	..
Jalpur	1,913	781	Mull	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	Sayla	3,784	3,107
Shahpura	1,509	1,507	Eastern Kathiawar Agency	3,586	3,792
Kishangarh	2,708	..	(Wadhwan Civil Station).	1,987	690
Kotah	835	1,366	Katosan	4,521	4,734
Bundi	..	..	Lakhtar	..	..
Idar	9,136	4,505	Palitana	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	58,552	63,088	Maliya	2,805	1,547
Central India States—			Bantva Majmu	3,593	..
Indore	62,322	34,054	Gujarat States Agency—		
Bhopal	188*	737	Rajpipla	22,833	22,850
Narsingarh	..	..	Chhota Udepur	9,300	9,689
Alipura	..	..	Cambay	..	..
Jaora	1,353	3,269	Sachin	..	..
Ratlam	3,005	5,287	Balsamor	3,731	4,497
Dhar	18,067	11,196	Pandu Mewar—		
Barwani	10,143	6,866	Vaktapur	5,100	2,934
Jhabua	3,093	2,904	Gothda	4,184	6,002
Dewas, J. B.	..	..	Deccan States Agency—		
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	99,071	64,313	Kolhapur	..	228
			Jamkhandi	1,699	4,543
			Sangli	..	114
			Mudhol	240	1,771
			Mira	..	..
			Savner	355	1,640
			TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	201,949	220,847
			GRAND TOTAL	878,323	1,082,617

* In running bales.

RESULTS OF AUCTION TEA SALES IN CALCUTTA.

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

Districts.	FOR CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.					
	SEASON 1946-1947.			SEASON 1945-1946.		
	Sold in Sale No. 19, 19th and 20th November.		Sold to Sale No. 19, 20th November 1946.	Sold in Sale No. 21, 20th and 21st November.		Sold to Sale No. 21, 21st November 1945.
	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.	
Assam	5,562	1 4 8	73,563	7,067	0 13 8	105,577
Cachar	536	1 3 5	5,039	726	0 12 5	9,771
Sylhet	545	1 2 11	12,969	1,717	0 12 0	26,148
Darjeeling	485	1 7 8	12,559	162	0 14 4	12,158
Doors	4,545	1 4 0	62,099	4,516	0 12 6	96,868
Terai	739	1 3 4	7,330	408	0 13 6	3,774
Tripura	..	..	1,454	52	0 14 6	1,196
Chittagong	..	..	443	24	0 15 6	783
All other places	..	..	..	..	..	..
Green Tea	12,412	1 4 4	175,456	14,672	0 13 1	236,275
	285	1 4 11	6,488	837	1 1 10	10,918
TOTAL	12,697	1 4 4	181,944	15,509	0 13 4	267,193
Dust	20,684	1 3 1	205,846	18,286	0 15 3	265,698

(The above do not include Second-hand Tea, Damaged Tea and Dust.)

PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS.

[NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of report.]

BONE MEAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 25th November—

(1) And steamed per ton f. a. s.	Rs. 210
(2) And unsteamed " "	200
(3) 1/2th " "	200

CEMENT—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 22nd November—

Indian Portland f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load) Rs. 60 per ton.

†London, 24th September—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d site, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (6 ton loads and upwards), per ton 57s. 0d.†

COAL—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 22nd November—

(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Per ton F. O. R. Rs. 13-5
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Rs. 12-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7
(4) Deshergarh	Rs. 13-5
(5) Ponati	Rs. 13-5
(6) Ranegunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7

†Bombay, 1st November—

(1) Deshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Ready per ton. Rs. 13-5
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Rs. 11-7
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Rs. 14-1

†Bombay, 15th November—

Railborne Coal (Ex-plot for ship) (p)	Per ton. Rs. 34-0
Seaborne Coal (" " ") (p)	Rs. 59-12
Seaborne Coal (Ex-discharging Collier to ship) (p)	Rs. 58-13

†Karachi, 20th November—

First Class Bengal (Trimmed into Bunkers), per ton	Rs. 70 (seaborne).
--	--------------------

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.
 * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † The Economist.
 ‡ Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.
 § Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 || Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.
 ¶ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 (p) Sales Tax on the above prices according to whether railborne or Seaborne coal is supplied ex-stack or ex-ship at six pice per rupee.
 Handling & delivery charges ex-stack to ship Rs. 5-12 per ton.
 ing steamer Rs. 4-3 per ton. " ex-discharging steamer to bunker-
 Extra labour charges for working in stream in fair weather as. 8 per ton.
 " " " " " " " " monsoon Rs. 1-0 per ton.

COFFEE—

Market Quotations—

**Coimbatore—

16th November—

(1) Plantation "A"	Per cwt. Rs. 122 to Rs. 124
(2) " " "PB"	Rs. 142 to Rs. 144
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 100 to Rs. 102
(4) Robusta " "	Rs. 83 to Rs. 84

23rd November—

(1) Plantation "A"	Rs. 122 to Rs. 123
(2) " " "PB"	Rs. 143 to Rs. 144
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 99 to Rs. 100
(4) Robusta " "	Rs. 84 to Rs. 85

COTTON (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise)†	25,111	15,090	
Karachi by rail	32,872	22,613	
Madras by rail and sea	986	2,010	
Tuticorin by rail and sea	..	..	..
Calcutta by rail and river	140	566	

(ii) From 1st September to 17th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales*)	1946.	1945.
Into Bombay	181	101	

(iii) Imports by sea during the three months ending February 1946 (into all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales*)	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Feb., 1946
Egypt and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan	16	7	26	54	
East Africa†	77	12	6	158	
United States of America	1	..	..	1	
Other Countries	..	..	4	4	
TOTAL, 1946	94	19	36	217	
" 1945	6	24	53	157	
" 1944	58	26	34	166	

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*)	1946.	1945.
--	-------------	-------	-------

Exports by sea—

From Calcutta	..	..	..
" Bombay	..	21,459	7,678
" Karachi	..	6,983	23,654
" Madras	..	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..	..

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

** Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.

† The East India Cotton Association's Report for week ending 18th October, 1946.

‡ Kenya Colony, Tanganyika Territory and Uganda Protectorate.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.

(b) Exports—contd.

(ii) From 1st September to 19th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	59	8
" Karachi	19	28
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending February, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *.)			
	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Feb., 1946.
United Kingdom	10	7	26	91
U. S. A.	29	31	35	125
Australia	..	..	14	16
Other Countries	16	28	13	109
TOTAL, 1945-46	55	66	88	341
" 1944-45	15	11	20	113
" 1943-44	10	13	40	144

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 1st November—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 458 (Jan. '47).

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,438,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,580,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	244	244
Bombay	1	2,834	2,835
Karachi	2	151	153
Madras	..	153	153

(ii) From 1st January to 19th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	10,958	10,978
Bombay	8	76,701	76,709
Karachi	44	7,894	7,938
Madras	..	10,170	10,170

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	1	1	10	..	9	..
Bombay	..	..	..	1	26	3
Karachi	..	..	20	8	121	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	5	..

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 15th November—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs. per lb.	..
(2) Domestic 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs. "	..
(3) Chadars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs. "	..
(4) Dhories (up to ½" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs. "	..
(5) Dhories (Calcutta, ½" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs. "	2 4 0

† Manchester, 20th September—

Price Index of cloth	244
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1933.)	

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	346	346
Bombay	..	12,201	12,201
Karachi	..	325	325
Madras	..	2,060	2,060

(ii) From 1st January to 19th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	36,278	36,321
Bombay	..	317,567	317,567
Karachi	..	5,679	5,679
Madras	..	31,720	31,720

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	3
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 15th November—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	..
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, ..	1 1 9

† Manchester, 20th September—

Price index of American yarn	241
" " " Egyptian "	229
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	49	308
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

Cow Hides—

† Calcutta, 22nd November—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..
(2) Darbhanga	..	..
(3) Patna	..	..
(4) Salted cows, Dacca	Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 18-8	
	} per 20 lbs.	

Buffalo Hides—

† Calcutta, 22nd November—

(1) Arsenic, Framed	..	..
(2) " Commons	Rs. 13-0 to Rs. 15-0	
	} per 20 lbs.	

Goat Skins—

† Calcutta, 22nd November—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 270 to Rs. 360
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Rs. 180 " Rs. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—

Market Quotations—

‡ Madras, 21st November—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Tanned—		
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0 to	2 5 0
(2) Buff hides "	1 12 0 "	1 14 0
(3) Sheep skins "	5 15 0 "	7 10 0
(4) Goat skins "	5 0 0 "	6 0 0

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 22nd November—

Pig Iron—	
Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Rs. 98

† London, 24th September—

Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£ s. d.
Steel, rails, heavy " "	8 9 3
	15 12 0

JUTE (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	64	76
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	107	95
TOTAL	171	171

(ii) From 1st July to 19th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	713	950
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	795	1,179
TOTAL	1,508	2,129

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	12	11

(ii) From 1st July to 19th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	409	441

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 22nd November—

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 61-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 60-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 59-8-0

† Madras, 21st November—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs. Rs. 275

COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin, 16th November—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality,	Rs. 608-12 Ready.
per candy (654 lbs.).	Rs. 660-0 One month.

GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

† Madras, 23rd November—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs. Rs. 240

OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 22nd November—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ Rs. 4-4-3 ||
	{ Rs. 4-7-3 ¶
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	{ Rs. 3-13-6 ||
	{ Rs. 4-0-6 ¶

PETROL—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 22nd November—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		4,270	3,365

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.

|| Ex-godown.

¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.

** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 19th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		221,874	33,973

From 1st January to 19th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	22,223

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 22nd November—

(1) Seta, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..†
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..†

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 22nd November—

T. N. per B. maund Rs. 135

London, 21st November—

T. N. Orange, per cwt. £ s. d.
18 0 0**SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—****(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea		2,900	6,195
" Bombay by rail		642	278
" Karachi " "		605	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
* A' grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
* B' grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
* C' grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

Nov. 28, 1946.]

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
	Java. Mauri- Other		
	tius. Europe. Countries. TOTAL.		
Imports into—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 9th November—

	1946	1945.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 20 11 6 16 1 6	{ to to
	{ 21 13 6 16 12 6	{ to to
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 2 0 16 8 0	
Bastl, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 0 0 16 6 0	
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 6 6 16 12 6	
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	20 15 6 16 5 0	
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	.. 16 7 6	

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta (8th Nov. '46)	3,630	(10th Nov. '45)	27,003
Bombay (9th " ")	15,000	(" ")	..
Karachi (11th " ")	20,025	(" ")	..
Madras (7th " ")	11,212	(10th Nov. '45)	20,283

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending 16th November:—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siwa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..

Eating—

(3) Madras	20 9	11 11
(4) Ahmednagar	..	12 0
(5) Lyallpur	17 8	14 2
(6) Muzaffarnagar	14 2	11 6
(7) Meerut	..	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	18 0	9 0
(9) Dacca (best quality)	40 0	22 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Darnapore.

† Kidderpore Docks only.

TEA—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		12,079	13,794

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		270	694
" Chittagong		..	..

(ii) During the three months ending February, 1946 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)			
	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	July '45 to Feb., 1946
United Kingdom .	18,967	27,182	9,726	210,653
Iraq . . .	..	..	553	1,480
Iran . . .	60	60	3,087	5,571
Canada . . .	200	..	793	18,720
United States of America . .	5,378	10,315	2,338	47,457
Australia . .	2,709	2,119	..	13,777
Other Countries .	4,782	2,012	1,351	18,211
TOTAL, 1945-46 .	32,096	41,688	17,848	315,869
.. 1944-45 .	46,487	40,853	22,398	324,412
.. 1943-44 .	16,366	27,831	44,333	280,357

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 19th & 20th November—

† Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. Rs. 1-4-4

WHEAT—**(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)			
	1946.		1945.	
	Indian†.	Foreign.	Indian†.	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta . .	632	18,489	1,424	..
Bombay . .	..	..	..	..
Karachi . .	..	..	130	..

* Relating to tea, black.

† See also page 450.

‡ In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.**(a) Imports and Exports—contd.**

During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—		
Calcutta	--	--
Bombay	--	--
Karachi	--	--

During week ending 19th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—		
From Karachi	4	191

(ii) From 1st April to 19th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

Imports into—	1946.		1945.	
	Indian*.	Foreign.	Indian*.	Foreign.
Calcutta	778	76,537	38,501	171,580
Bombay	3,290	--	4,022	--
Karachi	97,656	--	81,009	--

From 1st April to 19th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—		
Calcutta	--	--
Bombay	--	--
Karachi	--	--

From 1st April to 19th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—		
From Karachi	101,999	58,754

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 15th October—

Wheat, per Ind. Md. †

Karachi, 22nd November—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately) ‡

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—contd.**(b) Market Quotations—contd.**

Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Rs. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1945-46 is now estimated at 8,882,000 tons, as against 10,458,000 tons in 1944-45.

WOOL (RAW)—**Market Quotations—**

* **Karachi, 20th November—**

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Rs. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† **Calcutta, 22nd November—**

	Jute (50 c. ft.) Plus 15% Surcharge.		Linseed (20 cwt.) Plus 15% Surcharge.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.
London §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Liverpool §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Dundee §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Glasgow §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)

‡ **Bombay, 23rd October & 1st November—**

Cotton (40 c. ft.)—		
United Kingdom ports	s.	d.
Antwerp	102	0
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		
Trieste, Venice		
Seed (16 cwt. and over—		
Linseed, Rape, etc.—		
United Kingdom ports	92	0
Antwerp		
Marseilles		
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		
Trieste, Venice		
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—		
Cotton, etc.—		
United Kingdom ports	89	0
Marseilles		
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		
Groundnuts—		
United Kingdom ports	98	0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal

GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.

Cement
Indian "Portland"
per ton F.O.R.
(Calcutta).

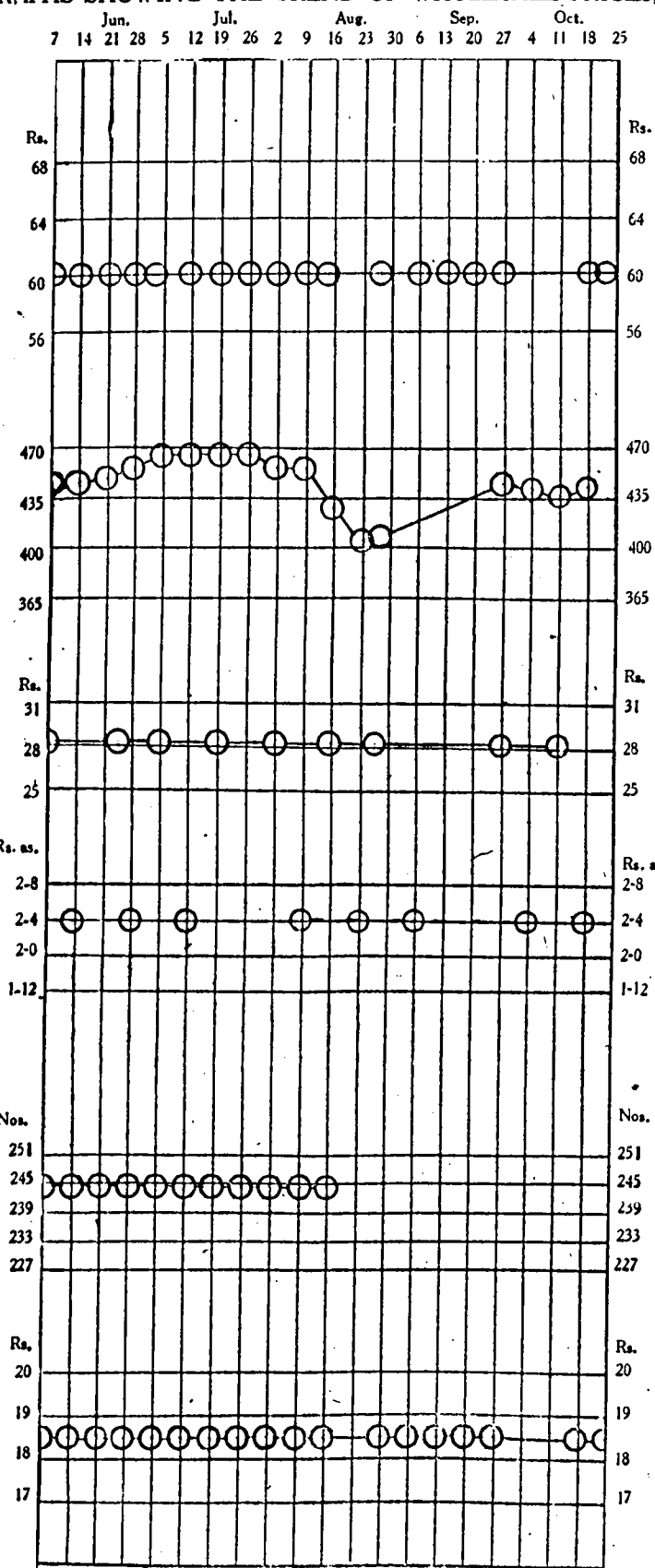
Cotton Raw
Indian Cotton Con-
tract, based on Fine
M. G. Jarilla—per
Candy of 784 lbs.
(Bombay).

Cotton—Grey.
Domestic
50" x 40 yds. x 19½
lbs. per piece.
(Bombay).

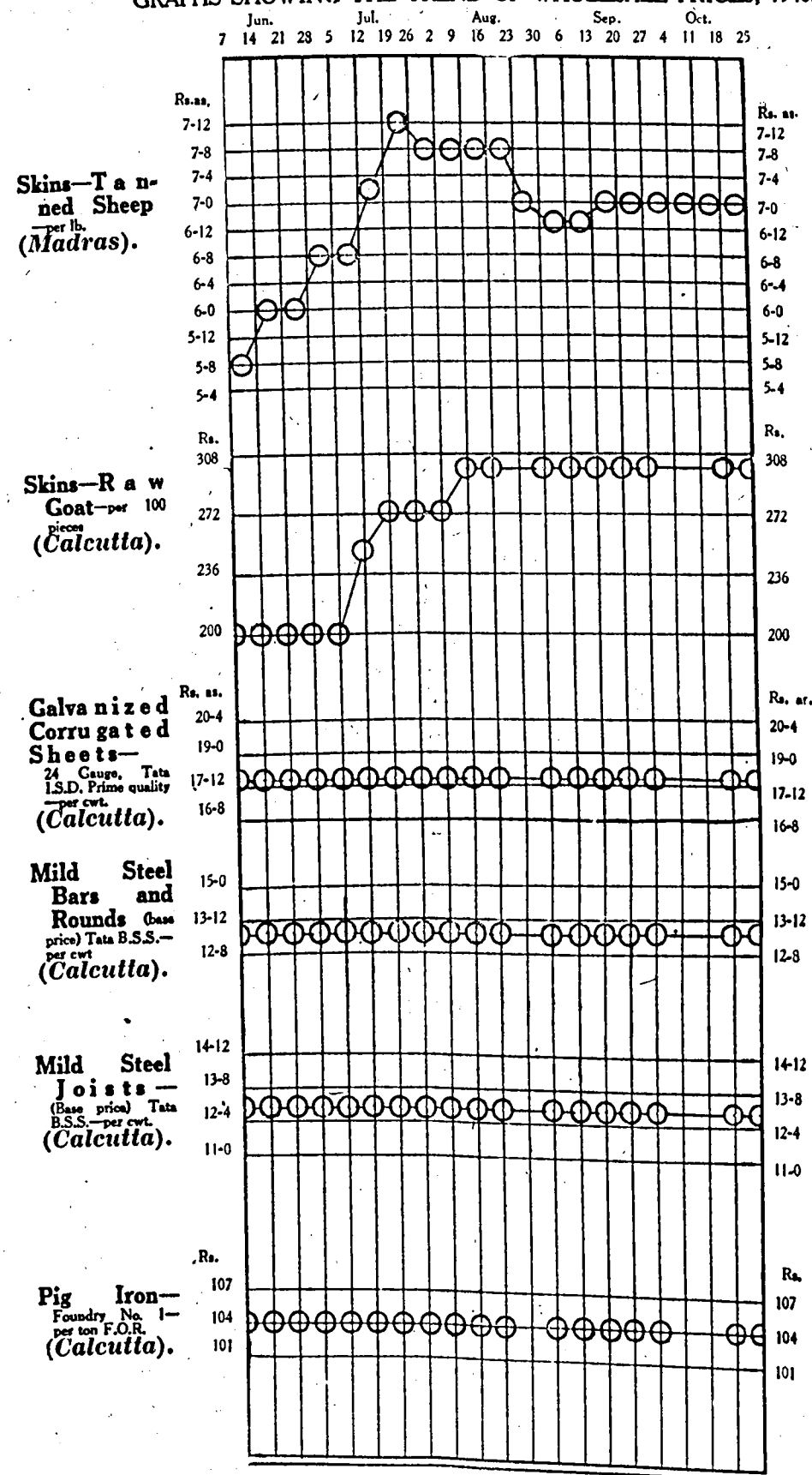
Grey Dhooties,
Calcutta.
1½" P.B. 44" x 10
yds. x 1½ lbs.
(Bombay).

Cloth Index No.
Basis—100
average price, 1938
(Manchester).

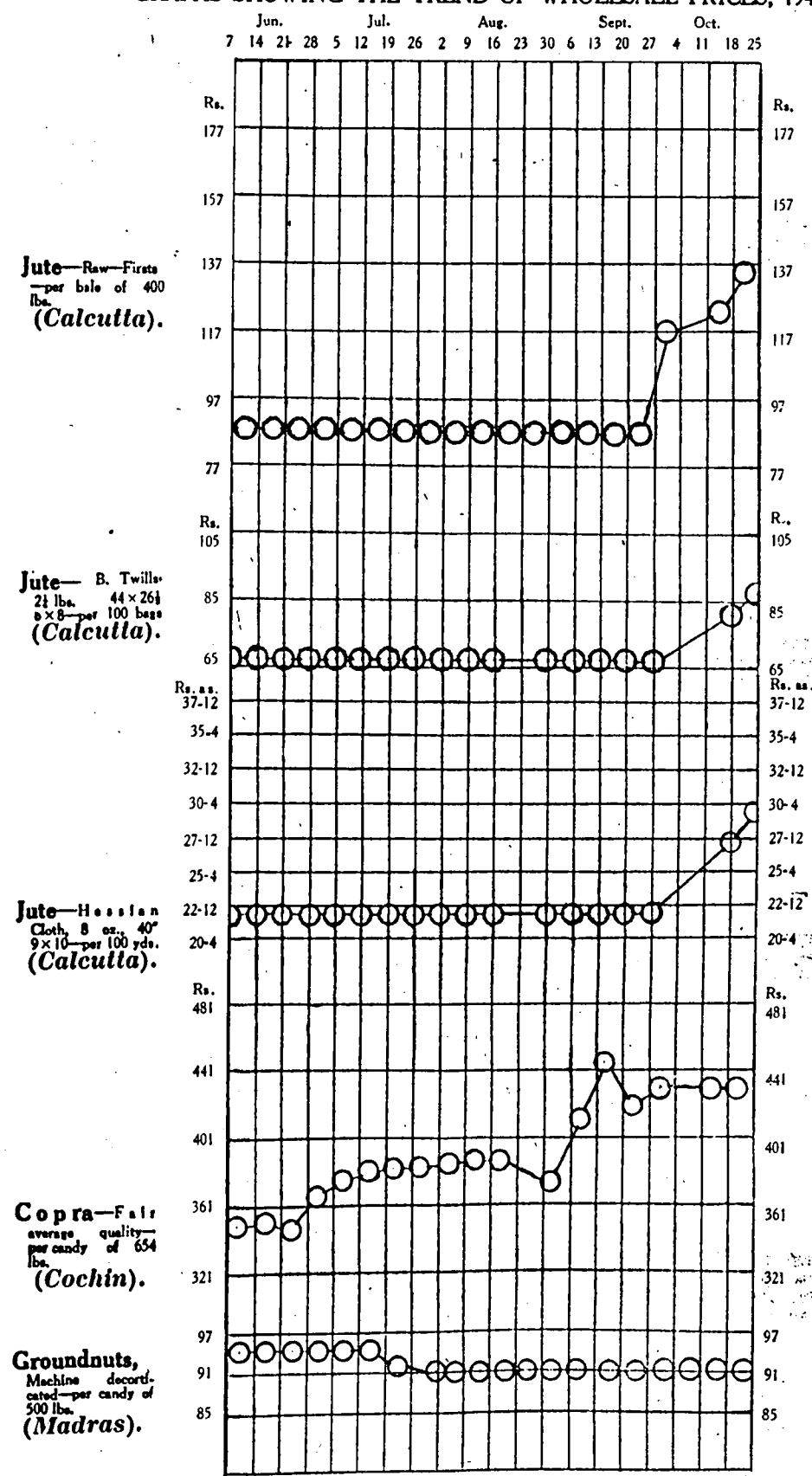
Hides—Salted
(Cows) Dacca—per
20 lbs.
(Calcutta).



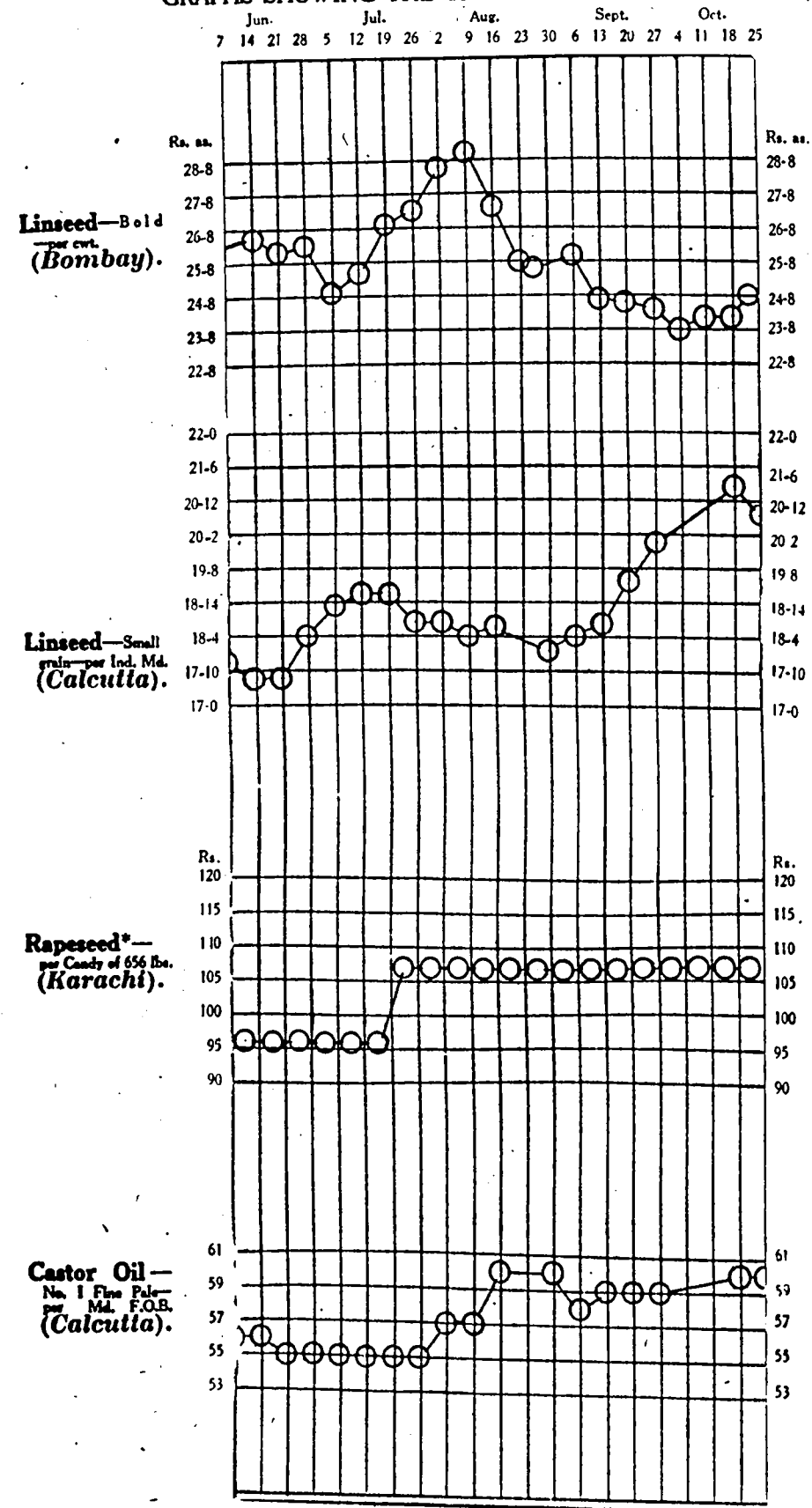
GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.

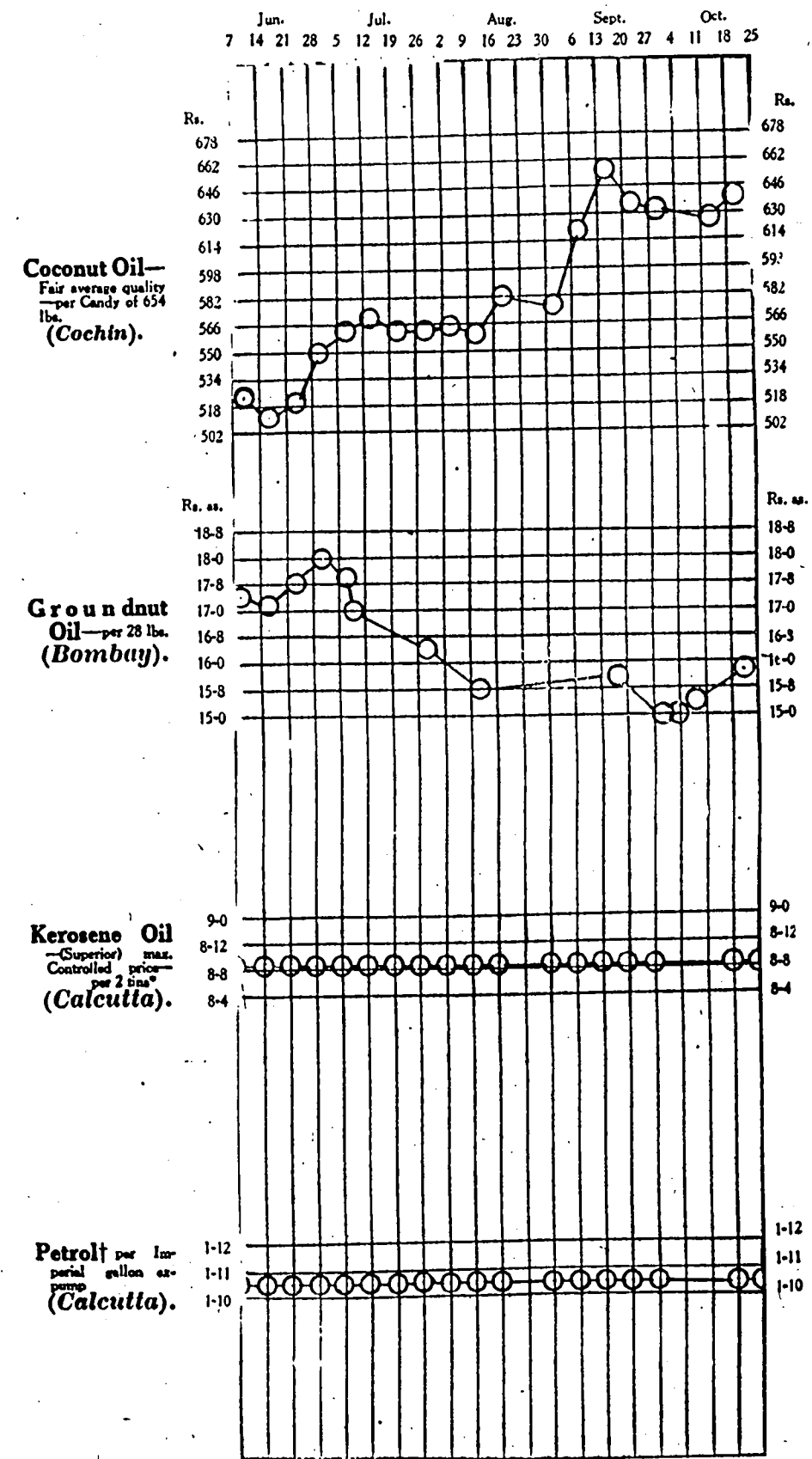


GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



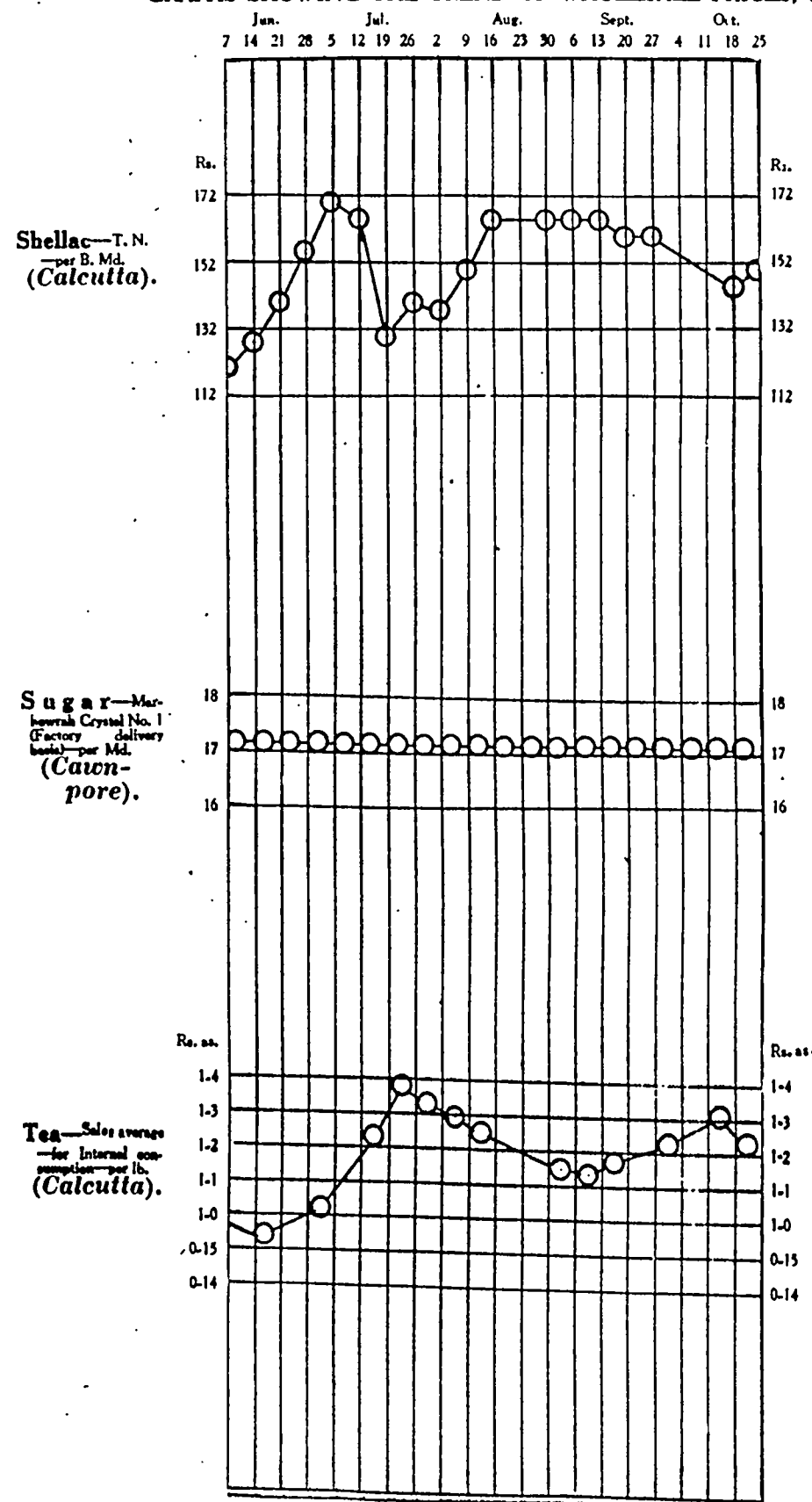
* From May 29 to July 17, Govt. Controlled price in producing areas, and since July 24, ex-godown in Karachi City.

GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



* Agents' selling price to dealers, ex-godown.
† Retail, includes Sales Tax.

GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



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[As. 6.]

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For all your TIMBER requirements please always refer to—

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B. 2905 W. 31-1-47.

1-2, Victoria Road, Mazagaon, Bombay, 10.

Telegraphic Address:
"TEAKTIMBER"
Bombay.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Wednesday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 4th December 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 3rd December 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 1,25,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 per cent were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,75,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-7-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) on Tuesday, the 10th December 1946, at Bombay and up to the close of business on Monday, the 9th December 1946, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 13th December 1946. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 29th November 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 4,26,25,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 3rd December—
British Conversion (3½ per cent) 115½
British War Loan (3½ per cent) 107½

EXCHANGE—

3rd December—
Telegraphic Transfer 1s. 5½d. 1s. 6½d.
On New York D/D \$100— Rs. 332½ Rs. 329½
London/New York \$4-02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 3rd December—
Gold (-999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 99

London, 25th October—
Gold, per fine oz. £8-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—
3rd December—
Silver (-999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 133-8

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

2nd December—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 130

London, 29th November—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 55½d.

New York, 29th November—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 90½ cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 22ND NOVEMBER 1946—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 30th November 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	767,90,16,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	329,54,75,000
3. Cash in India—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	39,15,40,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,02,77,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	73,48,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	82,50,25,000
5. Advances in India	414,60,70,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	22,59,23,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	22-11-46.	15-11-46.	23-11-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	767,90,16	764,24,20	673,35,37	134,30,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	329,54,75	327,97,58	270,57,08	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	42,01,65	43,03,99	36,26,39	6,60,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	82,50,25	80,07,20	81,86,40	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	414,60,70	403,25,15	257,91,58	101,52,16
6. Bills discounted in India	22,59,23	22,21,38	16,71,66	3,57,29



INDIA D.C. ROHTAS D.C. RANJIT A.C. ON J. S. D. FOR THE LAST 20 YRS. GUARANTEED FOR 2 YRS.
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MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 22nd November 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	57,06,92,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	28,86,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,89,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	454,81,66,000	(a) Internal	—
(2) Government of Burma	93,87,000	(b) External	—
(3) Other Government Accounts	26,13,54,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,64,88,000
(b) Banks	85,73,93,000	Balances held abroad*	491,94,27,000
(c) Others	17,21,72,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	—
Bills Payable	4,55,22,000	Other Loans and Advances	9,25,000
Other Liabilities	6,84,21,000	Investments	29,50,32,000
		Other Assets	24,69,76,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	606,24,15,000	TOTAL ASSETS	606,24,15,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 22nd November 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	57,06,92,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,202,01,90,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
Total Notes Issued		1,259,08,82,000	(b) Held outside India	—	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
			Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		21,50,34,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities.		57,84,14,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		—
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,259,08,82,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,259,08,82,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities : 93.698 per cent.

60% SAVING IN CURRENT

PHONE 22-3-47

INDIA FANS

TABLE & CEILING

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B. 3062 W. 22-3-47.

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FREIGHTS

Business Notice¹.

NOTES.

INDIAN CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE REVENUE—

The total gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue, excluding Salt Revenue, collected in British India during the month of October, 1946, amounted to Rs. 6.99 lakhs, as compared with Rs. 7.21 lakhs in September, 1946, and Rs. 11.16 lakhs in October, 1945. The total gross Central Excise duties on motor spirit, kerosene, sugar, matches, etc., amounted to Rs. 1.95 lakhs in October, 1946, as compared with Rs. 2.83 lakhs in September, 1946, and Rs. 3.57 lakhs in October, 1945. The grand total of gross Customs and Central Excise Revenue realised in the seven months ended October, 1946, was Rs. 64.95 lakhs as compared with Rs. 1,01.87 lakhs during the same period of the preceding year. Of this amount, import duties accounted for Rs. 42.27 lakhs, export duties for Rs. 1.97 lakhs, land customs and miscellaneous for Rs. 54 lakhs and Central excise duties for Rs. 20.17 lakhs. Comparing the figures for the seven months ended October, 1946, with those for the corresponding period of the preceding year, there were increases under import duties on artificial silk fabrics, betelnuts, motor vehicles, metals other than iron and steel, silver and block tin, raw silk, cotton fabrics, wireless reception instruments and apparatus, raw cotton, silver bullion, coin, sheets, plates and other manufactures, spices, artificial silk yarn and thread, cinematograph films, toys, games and sports goods, silk fabrics, silk yarn and thread, railway plant and rolling stock, paper and stationery, wheat and wheat flour and cotton yarn and thread, under export duties on jute, raw and manufactured, and under excise duties on vegetable product and coffee. On the other hand, import duties on motor spirit, tobacco, kerosene oil, iron and steel, liquors, electric lighting bulbs, machinery and batching, fuel and lubricating oils, export duties on cotton cloth and yarn and rice, land customs receipts and excise duties on tobacco, sugar, matches, motor spirit, betelnuts, tyres, tea, kerosene and steel ingots showed decreases.

ACTS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE—

The undermentioned Acts of the Indian Legislature, which have received the assent of the Governor General, have been published in Part IV of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 23rd November 1946:—

(1) *Reserve Bank of India (Amendment) Act, 1946 (Act No. XXIII of 1946)*.—An Act further to amend the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

(2) *Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (Act No. XXIV of 1946)**.—An Act to provide for the continuance during a limited period of powers to control the production, supply and distribution of, and trade and commerce in, certain commodities.

* Published in full elsewhere in this issue of the Journal.

DEC. 5, 1946.]

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

INDIAN—

Aluminium Powder.

(JJ-80) A firm in Meerut (United Provinces) enquires for suppliers of Aluminium Powder in India.

Drinking Straws.

(JJ-81) A local firm desires to be put in touch with purchasers of Drinking Straws in India.

Zinc Powder.

(JJ-82) A firm in Meerut (United Provinces) enquires for suppliers of Zinc Powder in India.

FOREIGN—

Jute Bags and Cloth.

(JJ-83) A firm in Groningen (Holland) desires to be put in touch with manufacturers of Jute Bags and Cloth in India seeking representation in that territory.

Towels and Handkerchiefs, Cotton Sheets, Pillow Cases, etc.

(JJ-84) A firm in Vancouver (Canada) desires to be put in touch with manufacturers in India of Towels of all descriptions, Handkerchiefs—white and coloured, Cotton Sheets, Pillow Cases, Sail Cloth and Shirting—both white and coloured.

SKINNER'S COTTON TRADE DIRECTORY OF THE WORLD, 1946.

—A copy of Skinner's Cotton Trade Directory of the World for the year 1946 has been received and may be seen in the Commercial Library and Reading Room at 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. This is the twenty-third issue of the Directory, a work of considerable interest to the Cotton Industry. It is priced at 30 shillings net and is obtainable from Messrs. Thomas Skinner & Co. (Publishers), Ltd., 330, Gresham House, Old Broad Street, London, E. C. 2.

BHAT'S IMPORT AND EXPORT INFORMATION OF INDIA AND CEYLON.

—A copy of "Bhat's Import and Export Information of India and Ceylon" has been received and may be seen in the Commercial Library and Reading Room at 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. It is priced at Rs. 15 and is obtainable from the All-India City Guide Publishers, Post Box 43, Coimbatore, South India.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

Crops. Madras, week ending 16th November.—Rainfall very heavy in Chingleput and Madras; heavy in East Godavari, Nellore, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, and Salem; moderate in Vizagapatam, West Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar, South Kanara and Nilgiris; and fair in Anantapur. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara and of dry crops in Vizagapatam, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore and Ramnad proceeding. Standing crops generally fair except in Guntur. Harvesting of paddy in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura, South Kanara and Nilgiris in progress. Outturn generally fair. Bihar, week ending 25th November.—Light rain fell everywhere except in Bhagalpur and Purnea and in parts of Patna, Shahabad, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Santal Parganas and Manbhum where no rain reported. Condition and prospects of standing crops reported fair on the whole. Ploughing of fields and sowing of *rabi* crops in full swing. Harvesting of *aghani* paddy continued. Orissa, week ending 25th November.—Rainfall light to moderate at all places except Nawapara where no rain reported. Harvesting of winter paddy in Cuttack, Balasore and Puri districts, of autumn paddy in Sambalpur district and of paddy in Koraput district in progress. Pressing of sugarcane in Puri district commenced. Standing crops, including sugarcane, paddy and tobacco, generally thriving. Punjab, week ending 25th November.—Weather remained dry. Rain badly needed in Mianwali district. Condition and expected yield of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Sowing of spring crops continues. Bengal, week ending 20th November.—Slight rainfall in a few districts reported. Weather generally seasonable. Prospects of standing crops reported, on the whole, favourable. Early *aman* paddy harvesting and sowing of *rabi* crops in progress. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 23rd November.—Weather continued cloudy in first half of week with moderate to fairly heavy showers of rain throughout province, except in Chanda, Bilaspur and Yeotmal districts where rainfall light. Thereafter weather clear and cool. Rains adversely affected standing *kharif* crops, particularly cotton, and also harvested *kharif* crops lying on threshing floor and *rabi* crops in Jubbulpore, Hoshangabad and Betul districts and those in water-logged areas of Chindwara district, necessitating re-sowing at places in Jubbulpore district. Elsewhere *rabi* crops benefited by rains. Harvesting of *kharif* crops and sowings of *rabi* crops in districts, where held up owing to rains, taken up. Picking of cotton in progress.

Intermediate Crop Reports. Sugarcane: Orissa.—Since submission of second forecast for 1946-47, no change in area and outturn reported, except in Cuttack district where outturn decreased from 92 per cent to 83 per cent due to excessive rains. Bihar.—Outturn still remains at 90 per cent of normal as estimated in second forecast. Rice: Assam (Autumn rice).—Since issue of preliminary forecast, weather condition continued generally favourable for crop, although slight damage to crop by local floods and insects in places reported and some change in percentage outturn estimated in preliminary forecast anticipated. Orissa (Winter and Autumn rice).—No change in area of winter and autumn rice reported from any district since submission of first forecast, except in Ganjam district where area under winter rice increased by 275,300 acres due to favourable weather condition and in Puri district where area decreased by 8,000 acres due to flood.

Cotton, Bombay, 27th November.—Forward market presented uninteresting price fluctuations. Movements confined within

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narrow range almost throughout session. After easier opening, prices moved down for some time but later assumed steadier feeling and gradually rose up. Indian Cotton Contract January opened around Rs. 460-8, and eased from Rs. 460-12 to Rs. 459-14, and moved for some time around Rs. 459-8. Thereafter it rose somewhat and fluctuated between Rs. 459-14 and Rs. 460-8; subsequently improving to Rs. 461-12, it sagged and moved between Rs. 461-4 and Rs. 460-12. Towards close it moved back and closed at Rs. 460-2.

Jute. Calcutta, 30th November.—Quiet and idle. Quotation at Rs. 173 for export First for ready delivery. Hessians 40"—10 oz. quoted at Rs. 46 ready. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 104 ready. Market firmer.

Shellac. Calcutta, 29th November.—T.N. Rs. 125 per B. Maund.

Tea. Twentieth Tea Sale, Calcutta, 26th and 27th November.—226 packages Green tea at average price Rs. 1-8-1, 13,586 packages other sorts at average price Re. 1-5-7 and 18,531 packages Dust at average price Re. 1-4-11 sold for consumption in India. Market opened very strong and prices soon settled on advance of nearly 2 annas for Broken. Tippy teas sometimes up to 3 annas dearer while leaf grades showed even more appreciation in value than Broken. Darjeelings shared in general rise as did also very small quantity of Green teas on offer. Market for Dusts opened on rise of 1 anna over last week's prices and advanced as sale progressed until at end gains of 2 to 3 annas were shown.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

SEA-BORNE TRADE OF THE PROVINCE OF MADRAS FOR THE YEAR 1945-46.

General Summary.

DESPITE the advent of peace during the second half of the year under review, the maritime trade of the Province of Madras has not recorded any remarkable rise over that of the previous year owing to the retention of Trade Control Regulations, lack of adequate shipping facilities and the cessation of trade with the Far East. The slight increase that is noticed is attributable more to the prevalence of high prices than to the volume of trade.

The aggregate value of the foreign trade on private account amounted to Rs. 69-02 crores, as against Rs. 63-64 crores in the previous year showing an increase of Rs. 5-38 crores or 8 per cent. Imports increased by Rs. 0-30 crore or one per cent and exports by Rs. 5-08 crores or 13 per cent. Enlarged supplies of fruits and vegetables, chemicals, iron and steel, machinery and millwork, instruments, apparatus and appliances, vehicles and oils, as also large arrivals of paper and pasteboard, spices and dyeing and tanning substances chiefly contributed to the increase in imports in spite of a marked decline in the imports of grain, pulse and flour, piece-goods and rubber manufactures. The rise in exports was mainly due to the increased demand for leather, cotton raw, fruits and vegetables, coir manufactured, tobacco raw, coffee, spices, fish, fibre for brushes and brooms, despite fall in tea, cotton manufactures, ores and minerals and rubber raw.

Distribution.

Trade with Empire Countries amounted to 69 per cent of the total trade as against 67 per cent in the previous year. The share of the United Kingdom in the total trade was 34 per cent. Imports from the United Kingdom increased by Rs. 116-50 lakhs to Rs. 574-29 lakhs and exports by Rs. 479-63 lakhs to Rs. 1786-99 lakhs. Next to the United Kingdom, Ceylon was the most important customer absorbing 17 per cent of the total trade. Imports from that country amounted to Rs. 82-03 lakhs and exports to Rs. 1065-04

lakhs. Among the foreign countries trading with this Province, the United States of America stood first and accounted for 24 per cent of the total trade. Iran followed next with 12 per cent.

Import Trade.

The total value of foreign imports of private merchandise (excluding Treasure) amounted to Rs. 24-34 crores. The chief articles which recorded an increase were:—

Fruits and Vegetables (+Rs. 43-25 lakhs),
Chemicals (+Rs. 25-26 lakhs),
Iron and Steel (+Rs. 21-19 lakhs),
Machinery and mill-work (+Rs. 21-02 lakhs),
Instruments, apparatus and appliances (+Rs. 20-49 lakhs),
Vehicles (+Rs. 12-78 lakhs),
Oils (+Rs. 1-64 lakhs),
Paper and pasteboard (+Rs. 10-48 lakhs),
Spices (+Rs. 9-52 lakhs), and
Dyeing and Tanning substances (+Rs. 9-19 lakhs).

There was a fall in the imports of Grain, pulse and flour (—Rs. 217-48 lakhs), Cotton piecegoods (—Rs. 15-62 lakhs), Rubber manufactures (—Rs. 7-28 lakhs) and Sewing thread (—Rs. 4-54 lakhs).

Export Trade.

The value of foreign exports of private merchandise (excluding treasure) aggregated to Rs. 44-68 crores. The important articles of export which registered an increase were:—

Cashew kernels (+Rs. 235-13 lakhs),
Leather (+Rs. 202-04 lakhs),
Coir manufactured (+Rs. 104-51 lakhs),
Pepper (+Rs. 78-25 lakhs),
Tobacco unmanufactured (+Rs. 71-76 lakhs),
Fish (+Rs. 43-79 lakhs),
Lemongrass oil (+Rs. 37-59 lakhs),
Linseed (+Rs. 36-35 lakhs),
Coriander seeds (+Rs. 28-89 lakhs),
Fibre for brushes and brooms (+Rs. 23-47 lakhs),
Raw sheep skins (+Rs. 14-69 lakhs),
Cotton, raw (+Rs. 10-83 lakhs),
Cardamoms (+Rs. 10-57 lakhs),
Woollen carpets and rugs (+Rs. 10-53 lakhs), and
Mica (+Rs. 9-10 lakhs).

Decreases occurred under:

Cotton piecegoods (—Rs. 322-56 lakhs),
Rubber manufactures (—Rs. 23-42 lakhs),
Brass wrought (—Rs. 25-69 lakhs),
Groundnut seeds (—Rs. 22-62 lakhs),
Cotton twist and yarn (—Rs. 18-01 lakhs),
Rubber, raw (—Rs. 13-51 lakhs),
Ores and minerals, unenumerated (—Rs. 13-18 lakhs),
Handkerchiefs and shawls (—Rs. 9-04 lakhs), and
Tea (—Rs. 7-06 lakhs).

Total Trade.

The value of the total trade of the Province, both foreign and coasting (excluding treasure), fell from Rs. 134-75 crores to Rs. 132-47 crores. Foreign imports slightly rose from Rs. 24-04 crores to Rs. 24-34 crores and foreign exports from Rs. 39-59 crores to Rs. 44-68 crores. Coastwise imports fell from Rs. 35-02 crores to Rs. 29-6 crores, and coastwise exports from Rs. 33-51 crores to Rs. 32-8 crores.

Government transactions fell from Rs. 257-11 lakhs to Rs. 95-0 lakhs.

FOREIGN TRADE OF BOMBAY IN OCTOBER 1946.

The total value of the foreign trade of Bombay for the month of October 1946 amounted to Rs. 20-72 crores, showing a rise of Rs. 6-41 crores over the figure for October 1945. The increase was due to larger arrivals of foreign merchandise and greater shipments of merchandise of foreign produce. There were no exports of gold and silver, while imports of silver recorded an increase and of gold a decrease.

IMPORTS.

The total value of imports of merchandise for October 1946 amounted to Rs. 12-68 crores, showing a rise of Rs. 4-53 crores over the figure for October 1945. Imports of gold and silver were Rs. 3-50 lakhs and Rs. 260-79 lakhs, respectively, against Rs. 17-51 lakhs and Rs. 133 each in October 1945. A comparison of the values of the principal articles with those for October 1945, is given below, the figures in brackets indicating an increase or a decrease, as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Cotton, raw	3,12 (+3,05)
Machinery and millwork	88 (+ 38)
Aniline dyes	75 (— 44)
Artificial piecegoods	70 (+ 58)
Metals and ores	58 (+ 38)
Oils—mineral	53 (—1,09)
Silk, raw, and silk cocoons	44 (+ 44)
Instruments, apparatus, etc.	42 (+ 16)
Silk manufactures	36 (+ 36)
Drugs and medicines	30 (+ 6)
Chemicals and chemical preparations	29 (+ 10)
Paper and pasteboards	26 (+ 13)
Wool manufactures	20 (+ 7)
Artificial silk yarn	19 (+ 15)
Spices	18 (+ 16)
Provisions and oilman's stores	17 (+ 14)
Fruits—Dates	17 (— 7)
Motor cars (including Motor wagons, etc.)	14 (+ 11)
Hardware	14 (+ 6)
Apparel	7 (+ 5)
Cotton—other manufactures	6 (— 6)
Tobacco	5 (— 9)
Fruits—Almonds	5 (+ 5)
Stationery	4 (— 18)

Noticeable increases occurred in respect of cotton, raw, from Kenya Colony, Tanganyika Territory, Egypt, the United States of America and Peru; machinery—boilers, prime-movers—other than locomotives—others, generators, alternators and dynamos and metal working machinery from the United Kingdom and other sorts of machinery from the United Kingdom and the United States of America; artificial silk piecegoods from Italy and the United States of America; brass, bronze—unwrought and wrought—yellow metal sheets from the United Kingdom and wrought—other sorts from Straits Settlements and Italy; zinc or spelter—unwrought from Italy and the Commonwealth of Australia; silk, raw, and silk cocoons—other sorts from the United Kingdom and China; electrical lamps—other sorts from Hongkong and China; electrical goods and apparatus not enumerated and complete wireless receivers from the United Kingdom; and sound recording apparatus, etc., from the United States of America; silk yarn—made from silk waste from Italy; silk yarn—others and goods of silk mixed with other materials from China; artificial silk yarn

from Italy; chemicals—sodium carbonate from the United Kingdom and Kenya Colony and other sorts of chemicals from the United Kingdom; packing and wrapping paper—other sorts from Sweden, Czechoslovakia and the United States of America; white printing paper—others and other sorts of printing paper from the United Kingdom and the United States of America; provisions—cheese and milk—evaporated or condensed—whole from the Commonwealth of Australia; farinaceous foods in bulk from Straits Settlements; milk—skimmed from New Zealand and other sorts of provisions from Ceylon; spices—betelnuts from Straits Settlements and cloves from Zanzibar and Pemba; motor cars from the United Kingdom and the United States of America; and cycles imported entire or in sections from the United Kingdom. On the other hand, imports of coupling dyes—naphthols from Switzerland and the United States of America; vats—indigo and other sorts—powder from Switzerland; sulphur, black, from the United States of America; diesel oils and kerosene in bulk from Iran and motor spirit from Iran and the Bahrain Islands; stationery—other sorts from the United Kingdom and tobacco—unmanufactured from the United States of America, recorded decreases.

EXPORTS.

Indian produce and manufactures.—The total value of exports of Indian produce and manufactures for October 1946 amounted to Rs. 5-14 crores, showing a decrease of Rs. 77-78 lakhs over the figure of October 1945. Exports of gold and silver were nil against Rs. -17 lakh and Rs. -05 lakh, respectively, each in October 1945. The values of some of the important items as compared with those for October 1945, were as under, the figures in brackets indicating an increase or a decrease, as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Cotton manufactures	1,33 (—2,11)
Cotton, raw	1,33 (+1,15)
Wool, raw	6 (+ 4)
Hides and skins—tanned	4 (— 7)
Cotton twist and yarn	81 (— 6)
Grain, pulse and flour	Nil (— 7)

Shipments of grain, pulse and flour decreased from 2,349 tons to nil, of manganese ore from 17,545 tons to 15,400 tons, of seeds from 12,337 tons to 9,523 tons and of cotton twist and yarn from 537,900 lbs. to 54,198 lbs. Shipments of cotton, raw, increased from 1,610 tons to 7,289 tons and of wool, raw, from 187,419 lbs. to 676,570 lbs. The decrease in the shipment of Indian produce and manufactures was in respect of cotton piecegoods—(1) grey to Nigeria, Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, the Commonwealth of Australia, Nyasaland Protectorate and Gold Coast, (2) white to Nigeria, Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, the Commonwealth of Australia and Ceylon and (3) coloured, printed or dyed to Ceylon, Nigeria, Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Nyasaland Protectorate and the Commonwealth of Australia; while cotton, raw, to Hongkong and China recorded an increase.

Re-exports.—Re-exports of foreign merchandise amounted to Rs. 25-63 lakhs as against Rs. 5-91 lakhs in October 1945. The increase of Rs. 19-72 lakhs was in respect of iron or steel—sheets and plates—galvanized—to China, other sorts of drugs and medicines to Hongkong and China, rubber manufactures to Iraq and Iran, wool manufactures—other sorts to the United Kingdom and all other articles of merchandise—unmanufactured and manufactured to the United States of America.

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MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 2nd December—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 64-0-0 per md. loose.
Linseed oil, Up-country Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 60-0-0 per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—Prices in the linseed market have remained very firm and trading has been limited during the week. Arrivals into this centre have been scarce, and local stocks have been negligible. Owing to a steady oil market, some interest has been shown by the local mills, and small ready lots have been changing hands at prevailing rates from time to time.

Bombay, 29th November—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 17-0-0 per quarter.
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[No stock figures are available.]

BOOKS OF REFERENCE.

STATISTICAL PUBLICATIONS—

The following publications have been issued by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, India :—

(1) *Statistics of Rail and River-borne Trade.—Weekly Arrivals and Despatches of Certain Staple Commodities into and from Selected Trade Centres for four weeks, from the week ending 25th August, 1945, to the week ending 15th September, 1945.* (Price Rs. 3-12 or 6s.)

(2) *Monthly Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in Indian Mills, December, 1945 and January, 1946* (price Re. 1 or 1s. 6d.), shows statistics relating to yarn spun and woven goods manufactured in the Indian Cotton Mills during December 1945 and January 1946, and ten months from April 1945 to January 1946.

(3) *All-India Crop Forecast, 1945-46.—Fourth Cotton Forecast, 1945-46.* (Price As. 3 or 4d.)

(4) *Monthly Accounts of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for February 1946.* (Price Rs. 3-4 or 5s. 3d.) These Accounts contain the particulars of the quantity and value of the principal articles of imports, re-exports and exports of merchandise together with the figures of imports and exports of treasure and the amount of duty collected during the month of February, 1946, and the eleven months ended February, 1946, as compared with the corresponding periods of the preceding two years, and also the number and tonnage of vessels employed in the foreign trade of British India during the month of February and the eleven months ended February, 1944, 1945 and 1946. The total value of the import and export trade with each of the principal countries during February and the eleven months ended February, 1945 and 1946, is also shown in these Accounts. A table showing the declared values per unit of principal articles of imports and exports during the month of February, 1944, 1945 and 1946, is included in these Accounts.

(5) *Monthly Statistics of the Production of Certain Selected Industries of India, December, 1944 to March, 1945.* (Price As. 10 or 1s.) This publication contains statistics relating to the production of twelve industries, viz., (1) Jute Manufactures, (2) Paper, (3) Iron and Steel Manufactures, (4) Petrol, (5) Kerosene Oil, (6) Cement, (7) Sugar, (8) Matches, (9) Wheat Flour, (10) Distilleries and Breweries, (11) Paints and (12) Heavy Chemicals for each of the four months, December, 1944, to March, 1945, together with figures for two official years, 1943-44 and 1944-45.

(6) *Joint Stock Companies, July 1944.* (Price Rs. 4 or 4s. 6d.) This publication shows (i) the number and capital of new Joint Stock Companies registered in British India and in certain Indian States, (ii) the number and capital of companies, which having ceased work went into liquidation or were dissolved or otherwise became defunct and (iii) changes in the capital of existing Joint Stock Companies reported during the month of July 1944.

(7) *Indian Customs and Central Excise Revenue for October 1946.* (Price 1 anna or 1½d.) This statement shows Indian Sea and Land Customs and Central Excise Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue) collected in British India in the month of October and the seven months ended October, 1946, as compared with the corresponding periods of the two preceding years. The actuals for the years 1944-45 and 1945-46 and the budget estimates for 1946-47 under the specific heads of revenue are also shown therein.

Copies of the above publications are obtainable from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, from the Government of India, Book Depot, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta, and also from the agents for the sale of India Government publications a list of whom can be obtained on application to the Manager.

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GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUEs AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

IMPORTS FROM SOUTH AFRICA—

The following Notice, dated the 27th November 1946, has been issued by the Import Trade Controller, New Custom House, Calcutta :—

Importers of goods from South Africa requiring special authorisation from the Government of India under Clause (iii) of Commerce Department Notification No. 2-C(6)/46(1), dated the 17th July 1946*, are warned that in their own interest they should not address that Government direct in the matter. Instead they should submit their applications for authorisation to the Import Trade Controller concerned who will forward them to the Government of India in the Department of Commerce for consideration.

INDIAN ASSETS IN ITALY—

The following Press Note, dated the 26th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In a Press Note issued on the 28th June 1946†, attention of the Indian owners of property in Italy was drawn to a Decree published by the Italian Government on the 9th April 1946, providing for the return to the United Nations' owners of their properties in Italy which were sequestered during the War. Owners were then advised to await the issue of a further announcement before taking any action to secure the return of their properties. Fuller information is now available which explains in detail the steps which owners should take to recover their properties. Persons concerned are advised to obtain such information from the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

GIFT PARCELS TO THE FAR EAST—

The following Press Note, dated the 18th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

It has been decided to permit individuals to despatch by post from India, gift parcels containing small quantities of controlled articles, to their relatives in liberated British Empire countries in the Far East to which parcel service is available. Among the articles which can be sent are medicines and medicinal oil, toilet requisites other than soaps, children's footwear, gold and silver thread (real and imitation), filigree articles, Benares and Surat silk sarees made of hand reeled silk yarns, Kashmir wooden artware made of walnut wood, papier mâché articles and bone carvings. The weight of each parcel should not exceed 5 lbs. (gross) and the parcel can be sent once a month only. Application for permits should be addressed to the Export Trade Controller at the nearest port or the Chief Controller of Exports, New Delhi, for the despatch of such parcels.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 22nd August 1946, page 376.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 4th July 1946, page 14.

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OILSEEDS CONTROL IN BENGAL—

The following Notification [No. S.S.-570(12)/46, dated the 22nd November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 85A of the Defence of India Rules as continued in force by the Emergency Powers (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct the administrations of the East Indian Railway, the Oudh and Tirhut Railway and the Bengal-Nagpur Railway to refuse to carry the edible oilseeds specified in the Schedule annexed hereto from any place outside Bengal to any place in Bengal unless—

(1) in the case of the East Indian Railway and the Oudh and Tirhut Railway, such oilseeds are consigned to Howrah, Ramkistopore or Bally;

(2) in the case of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, such oilseeds are consigned to Shalimar or Shalimar, or Ramkistopore.

The Schedule.

- (1) Mustard, Rapeseed and Toria.
- (2) Linseed.
- (3) Groundnut, shelled or unshelled.

The following Press Note, dated the 25th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food :—

To enable the Government of Bengal to secure possession of edible oilseeds consigned to the Province, ensure an effective control over them and distribute them at parity prices under Government control, the Central Government have under the Emergency Powers (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946, prohibited railway administrations to transport oilseeds to Bengal except to Howrah. The oilseeds covered by this Order are mustard, rapeseed, toria linseed and groundnuts, shelled or unshelled.

FOODGRAINS CONTROL ORDER, 1912, SHALL CEASE TO BE IN FORCE IN THE PROVINCE OF ORISSA—

The following Notification [No. CG-604(23)-VII, dated the 23rd November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XVIII of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Foodgrains Control Order, 1942* (being an order made under sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and continued in force by section 5 of the said Ordinance), shall cease to be in force in the Province of Orissa.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 28th May 1942, pages 144-146.

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STEEL FOR ORGANISED INDUSTRIES PROCESSING STEEL—

The following Press Note, dated the 21st November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

Organised Industries, engaged in processing Iron and Steel, and operated by skilled workers and technicians, have already been addressed by Directorate General, Industries and Supplies, in respect of their steel requirements for Period I, 1947. Recommendations will be shortly made by Directorate General, Industries and Supplies, to the Iron and Steel Controller, to issue quota certificates to firms who were addressed and who have furnished the required information.

Firms who have not been addressed by the Directorate General, Industries and Supplies, in respect of their steel requirements, but who desire to obtain steel for processing, may now apply to the Provincial Steel Permit Officer of the Province in which their Works are situated. The names and addresses of Provincial Officers are given below:—

Province.	Name and Address.
1. U. P.	1. Mr. B. K. Kaul, I.C.S., Provincial Textile Commissioner.
	2. Mr. R.H. Chishti, P.C.S., Deputy Provincial Textile Commissioner.
2. Bihar	Director of Industries, Bihar.
3. Bengal	Director of Consumer Goods (for the present).
4. Madras	Mr. A. Khaleeli, I.C.S., Director of Industries and Commerce, Madras.
5. Sind	Deputy Secretary, P.W.D., Sind.
6. Bombay	Mr. N.D. Daftary, Provincial Iron and Steel Rationing Officer.
7. Orissa	Controller of Supply and Transport.
8. Assam	Deputy Director, Consumer Goods.
9. C.P.	Provincial Steel Officer, C.P.
10. Punjab	Mr. A. D. Ashraf, Under Secretary, P.W.D., Irrigation Branch, Lahore, Officer Steel Permit.
11. N.W.F.P.	(No arrangement made by the Provincial Government so far.)

STEEL FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT—

The following Press Note, dated the 29th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

Steps have been taken by the Government of India to ensure quotas of steel (which is at present in short supply) to industrialists for extension of their factories and for buildings to house their new machinery.

Steel required for 1947 by industrialists and firms who have ordered capital goods for the extension of their industry or for the establishment of new factories will be allotted by the Iron and Steel Controller on receipt of their programme of requirements through the sponsoring authorities concerned, who are as follows: (1) Electrical installations—Electrical Commissioner, Simla; (2) Cotton textile mills—Textile Commissioner, Bombay; (3) Collieries—Coal Commissioner, Calcutta; (4) Iron and steel producers—Iron and Steel Controller, Calcutta; (5) Food processing industries—

Director General, Food, New Delhi; (6) Sugar industry—Sugar Controller for India, Simla; and (7) Other industries—Development Officer concerned in the Directorate General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi.

The programme must show the requirements by periods and the tonnage of each category of steel required for each part of the work, such as power houses, factory buildings, office buildings, labourers' quarters and staff residences. The Sponsoring Authority will arrange the demands of the industry concerned in order of priority and send them with recommendations to the Iron and Steel Controller, who will, if possible, issue the necessary authority for obtaining the steel required. If the demand exceeds the allotment, the Iron and Steel Controller will obtain a priority decision and distribute the available steel accordingly.

CONTROL ON PRICES OF COPRA AND COCONUT OIL—

The following Press Note, dated the 28th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

The Government of India have had under consideration the question of fixation of prices of indigenous copra and coconut oil for some time past. Since copra and coconut oil are of vital importance to the country's economy, both as food and as industrial raw material, the Government of India have decided to institute this control with effect from December 15, 1946. The maximum prices of these articles will be announced shortly.

Government desire to warn all those who may hereafter purchase at the present unreasonable level of prices that they will do so at their own risk.

HIGHER PRICES FOR NEWSPRINT—

The following Press Note, dated the 22nd October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In view of the insufficient supplies of newsprint imported from North America and the urgent need of securing additional quantities from European countries where the prices are comparatively high, the Government of India have by a notification in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated October 23, 1946, increased the ceiling prices of newsprint imported from any of the European countries by 1 anna per lb. The Canadian prices will remain the same as before.

WOOLLEN GOODS DISTRIBUTION: CONTROL CONTINUES—

The following Press Note, dated the 18th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

The provisions of the Consumer Goods (Control of Distribution) Order remain in force so far as woollen goods are concerned.

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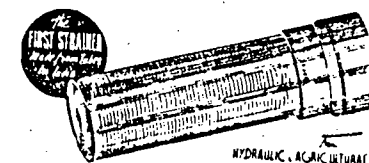
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COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DIRECTIONS REGARDING QUANTITY, MANNER OF PACKING AND MAXIMUM EX-FACTORY AND RETAIL PRICES OF SEWING THREAD OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED COUNTS AND DESCRIPTIONS, ETC.: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. 83(1)TA/46, dated the 4th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of clause 10 and with reference to sub-clause (2) of clause 18F of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C. (52)/46, dated the 13th July 1946 (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 171-73), namely:—

In the said Notification—

(i) in Schedule I, after Serial No. 10, the following shall be added:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
								Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
20	40A/F	2/28s	Egyptian/Sudan	220	210 Bleached	Tubes	100	7 0 3	0 1 0
						Tubes	500	24 4 6	0 3 3
						Balls	100	5 12 3	0 0 9
						Balls	200	10 0 6	0 1 6
						Balls	450	21 1 9	0 3 0
21	40A/F	2/28s	Egyptian/Sudan	220	210 Direct Dyed	Tubes	100	7 14 6	0 1 0
						Tubes	500	25 14 3	0 3 6
						Balls	100	6 1 6	0 0 9
						Balls	200	11 4 0	0 1 6
						Balls	450	22 9 0	0 3 0
22	40A/F	2/28s	Egyptian/Sudan	220	210 Sulphur Black Dyed	Tubes	100	8 1 0	0 1 0
						Tubes	500	26 11 0	0 3 6
						Balls	100	6 4 0	0 1 0
						Balls	200	11 9 0	0 1 6
						Balls	450	23 4 6	0 3 3
23	40SF	2/30s	Superior Egyptian Carded	220	210 Bleached	Tubes	100	7 13 0	0 1 0
						Tubes	500	25 7 6	0 3 6
24	40SF	2/30s	Superior Egyptian Carded	220	210 Direct Dyed	Tubes	100	8 2 0	0 1 3
						Tubes	500	26 15 6	0 3 9
25	40SF	2/30s	Superior Egyptian Carded	220	210 Sulphur Black Dyed	Tubes	100	8 4 0	0 1 3
						Tubes	500	27 11 6	0 3 9
26	40SF	2/30s	Superior Egyptian Carded	220	210 Fast to Bleach Dyed	Tubes	100	10 3 6	0 1 6
						Tubes	500	27 7 6	0 3 6
27	8SF	2/12s	Superior Egyptian Carded	Single Thread Test 25" = 5 lbs.	Dyed Fast Bld. Merc. Gassed.	Tubes	200	36 11 0	0 5 0
						Tubes	500	86 1 0	0 12 0
						Balls	40†	13 3 0	0 2 3
						Balls	100†	21 9 0	0 3 0

† per 120 units.

(ii) in Schedule II, the following shall be added:

1	2	3		4	5
					Rs. A. P.
2/28s	Egyptian Sudan	220	210	Bleached	24 15 0
Do	Do	220	210	Direct Dyed	27 7 0
Do.	Do.	220	210	Sulphur Black Dyed	28 11 0
2/30s	Superior Egyptian Carded	220	210	Bleached	28 11 0
Do.	Do.	220	210	Direct Dyed	31 3 0
Do.	Do.	220	210	Sulphur Black Dyed	32 7 0
Do.	Do.	220	210	Fast to Bleach Dyed	48 11 0
2/12s	Do.	Single Thread Test 25" = 5 lbs.		Dyed Fast Bld. Merc. and Gassed	48 3 6



B. 2908 W. 31-1-47.

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B. 3076 W. 22-6-47.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: COTTON CLOTH MARKING AND COTTON YARN MARKING: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 81/3-TA/46, dated the 6th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (c) of clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(0)1/44, dated the 19th February 1944*, namely:—

In the said notification, in sub-clause (f) of clause 2, the following shall be added, namely:—

"In the case of lint cloth, the markings may be done on a piece of paper securely stuck on the cloth."

—:—

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: MARKING AND STAMPING OF CERTAIN CLOTH AND YARN WITH PRICES, ETC.: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 82-TA/46, dated the 6th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 34-Tex.A(15)2/43, dated the 31st December 1943†, namely:—

In sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 4 of the said Notification, the following shall be added to clause (ff), namely:—

"In the case of lint cloth the markings may be done on a piece of paper securely stuck on the cloth."

S. W. SHIVESHWARKAR,
Textile Comm.

—:—

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: GENERAL PERMIT NO. 1—AMENDMENT: CORRIGENDUM—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46, dated the 13th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In the Department of Industries and Supplies Notification No. 101-TA/46, dated the 2nd November 1946‡, published on page 1568 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, Section I, dated the 2nd November 1946, for "Dharma Vira", read "S. W. Shiveshwarkar".

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 2nd March 1944, page 230.
† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 10th February 1944, pages 135-36.
‡ See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 14th November 1946, page 320.



"BRITISH BELTING AND ASBESTOS" SPARE PARTS—

The following Press Note, dated the 19th October 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

The Government of India have announced certain additions and amendments to the price list for "British Belting and Asbestos" spare parts which was published on January 16, 1946 and August 27, 1946. The new prices shall take effect from October 30, 1946.

These are published in a *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated October 15, 1946. Copies are obtainable on payment from the Manager, Central Publications Branch, Civil Lines, Delhi.

—:—

THE ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ACT, 1946.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature, which has received the assent of the Governor General, is reproduced from Part IV of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 23rd November 1946:—

ACT NO. XXIV OF 1946

An Act to provide for the continuance during a limited period of powers to control the production, supply and distribution of, and trade and commerce in, certain commodities.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the continuance during a limited period of powers to control the production, supply and distribution of, and trade and commerce in, foodstuffs (including edible oilseeds and oils), cotton and woollen textiles, paper (including newsprint), petroleum and petroleum products, spare parts of mechanically propelled vehicles, coal, iron, steel and mica;

AND WHEREAS the Indian Legislature has been empowered by section 2 of the India (Central Government and Legislature) Act, 1946 (9 and 10 Geo. 6, c.39), to make laws with respect to the matters aforesaid;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. *Short title, extent and duration.*—(1) This Act may be called the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946.
(2) It extends to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall cease to have effect on the expiration of the period mentioned in section 4 of the India (Central Government and Legislature) Act, 1946 (9 and 10 Geo. 6, c.39), except as respects things done or omitted to be done before the expiration thereof, and section 6 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897), shall apply upon the expiry of this Act as if it had then been repealed by a Central Act.

RESERVED

2. *Definitions.*—In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "essential commodity" means any of the following classes of commodities:—

- (i) foodstuffs,
- (ii) cotton and woollen textiles,
- (iii) paper,
- (iv) petroleum and petroleum products,
- (v) spare parts of mechanically propelled vehicles,
- (vi) coal,
- (vii) iron and steel,
- (viii) mica;

(b) "food-crops" shall include crops of sugarcane;

(c) "foodstuffs" shall include edible oilseeds and oils;

(d) "notified order" means an order notified in the official Gazette;

(e) "paper" shall include newsprint;

(f) "Provincial Government", in relation to a Chief Commissioner's Province, means the Chief Commissioner.

3. *Powers to control production, supply, distribution, etc., of essential commodities.*—(1) The Central Government, so far as it appears to it to be necessary or expedient for maintaining or increasing supplies of any essential commodity, or for securing their equitable distribution and availability at fair prices, may by notified order provide for regulating or prohibiting the production, supply and distribution thereof, and trade and commerce therein.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by sub-section (1), an order made thereunder may provide—

- (a) for regulating by licences, permits or otherwise the production or manufacture of any essential commodity;
- (b) for bringing under cultivation any waste or arable land, whether appurtenant to a building or not, for the growing thereon of food-crops generally or of specified food-crops, and for otherwise maintaining or increasing the cultivation of food-crops generally, or of specified food-crops;
- (c) for controlling the prices at which any essential commodity may be bought or sold;
- (d) for regulating by licences, permits or otherwise the storage, transport, distribution, disposal, acquisition, use or consumption of any essential commodity;
- (e) for prohibiting the withholding from sale of any essential commodity ordinarily kept for sale;
- (f) for requiring any person holding stock of an essential commodity to sell the whole or a specified part of the stock at such prices and to such persons or class of persons or in such circumstances, as may be specified in the order;
- (g) for regulating or prohibiting any class of commercial or financial transactions relating to foodstuffs or cotton textiles, which, in the opinion of the authority making the order are, or if unregulated are likely to be, detrimental, to public interest;

(h) for collecting any information or statistics with a view to regulating or prohibiting any of the aforesaid matters;

(i) for requiring persons engaged in the production, supply or distribution of, or trade or commerce in, any essential commodity to maintain and produce for inspection such books, accounts and records relating to their business and to furnish such information relating thereto, as may be specified in the order;

(j) for any incidental and supplementary matters, including in particular the entering, and search of premises, vehicles, vessels and aircraft, the seizure by a person authorised to make such search of any articles in respect of which such person has reason to believe that a contravention of the order has been, is being or is about to be committed, the grant or issue of licences, permits of other documents, and the charging of fees therefor.

(3) An order made under sub-section (1) may confer powers and impose duties upon the Central Government, or officers and authorities of the Central Government, notwithstanding that it relates to a matter in respect of which the Provincial Legislature also has power to make laws.

(4) The Central Government, so far as it appears to it to be necessary for maintaining or increasing the production and supply of an essential commodity, may by order authorise any person (hereinafter referred to as an authorised controller) to exercise, with respect to the whole or any part of any such undertaking engaged in the production and supply of the commodity as may be specified in the order, such functions of control as may be provided by the order; and so long as an order made under this sub-section is in force with respect to any undertaking or part thereof—

- (a) the authorised controller shall exercise his functions in accordance with any instructions given to him by the Central Government, so, however, that he shall not have any power to give any direction inconsistent with the provisions of any Act or other instrument determining the functions of the undertakers except in so far as may be specifically provided by the order, and
- (b) the undertaking or part shall be carried on in accordance with any directions given by the authorised controller in accordance with the provisions of the order, and any person having any functions of management in relation to the undertaking or part shall comply with any such directions.

4. *Delegation of powers.*—The Central Government may by notified order direct that the power to make orders under section 3 shall, in relation to such matters and subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the direction, be exercisable also by—

- (a) such officer or authority subordinate to the Central Government, or
- (b) such Provincial Government or such officer or authority subordinate to a Provincial Government, as may be specified in the direction.

5. *Power to issue directions to Provinces.*—The Central Government may give directions to any Provincial Government as to the carrying into execution in the Province of any order made under section 3.

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B. 3066 W. 5-12-46.

6. *Effect of orders inconsistent with other enactments.*—Any order made under section 3 shall have effect notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith contained in any enactment other than this Act or any instrument having effect by virtue of any enactment other than this Act.

7. *Penalties.*—(1) If any person contravenes any order made under section 3, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both, and if the order so provides, any Court trying such contravention may direct that any property in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the order has been contravened shall be forfeited to His Majesty:

Provided that where the contravention is of an order relating to foodstuffs which contains an express provision in this behalf, the Court shall make such direction, unless for reasons to be recorded in writing it is of opinion that the direction should not be made in respect of the whole, or, as the case may be, a part, of the property.

(2) If any person to whom a direction is given under sub-section (4) of section 3 fails to comply with the direction, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

8. *Attempts and abetments.*—Any person who attempts to contravene, or abets a contravention of, any order made under section 3 shall be deemed to have contravened that order.

9. *Offences by corporations.*—If the person contravening an order made under section 3 is a company or other body corporate, every director, manager, secretary or other officer or agent thereof shall, unless he proves that the contravention took place without his knowledge or that he exercised all due diligence to prevent such contravention, be deemed to be guilty of such contravention.

10. *False statements.*—If any person—

- (i) when required by any order made under section 3 to make any statement or furnish any information, makes any statement or furnishes any information which is false in any material particular and which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe to be false, or does not believe to be true, or

- (ii) makes any such statement as aforesaid in any book, account, record, declaration, return or other document which he is required by any such order to maintain or furnish,

he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.

11. *Cognizance of offences.*—No Court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act except on a report in writing of the facts constituting such offence made by a person who is a public servant as defined in section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (XLV of 1860).

12. *Power to try offences summarily.*—Any magistrate or bench of magistrates empowered for the time being to try in a summary way the offences specified in sub-section (1) of section 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), may, on application in this behalf being made by the prosecution, try in accordance with the provisions contained in sections 262 to 265 of the said Code any offence punishable under this Act.

13. *Special provision regarding fines.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in section 32 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), it shall be lawful for any Magistrate of the First Class specially empowered by the Provincial Government in this behalf and for any Presidency Magistrate to pass a sentence of fine exceeding one thousand rupees on any person convicted of contravening an order made under section 3.

14. *Presumption as to orders.*—(1) No order made in exercise of any power conferred by or under this Act shall be called in question in any Court.

(2) Where an order purports to have been made and signed by an authority in exercise of any power conferred by or under this Act, a Court shall, within the meaning of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (I of 1872), presume that such order was so made by that authority.

15. *Burden of proof in certain cases.*—Where any person is prosecuted for contravening any order made under section 3 which prohibits him from doing an act or being in possession of a thing without lawful authority or without a permit, licence or other document, the burden of proving that he has such authority, permit, licence or other document, shall be on him.

16. *Protection of action taken under the Act.*—(1) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any person for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of any order made under section 3.

(2) No suit or other legal proceeding shall lie against the Crown for any damage caused or likely to be caused by anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of any order made under section 3.

17. *Repeal and saving.*—(1) The Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Ordinance, 1946 (XVIII of 1946)*, is hereby repealed.

(2) Any order made or deemed to be made under the said Ordinance and in force immediately before the commencement of this Act shall continue in force and be deemed to be an order made under this Act; and all appointments made, licences or permits granted and directions issued under any such order and in force immediately before such commencement shall likewise continue in force and be deemed to be made, granted or issued in pursuance of this Act.

(3) For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared—

- (a) that for the purposes of the said Ordinance and this Act an order of the nature referred to in section 5 of the said Ordinance made before the commencement of the said Ordinance and not previously rescinded shall be deemed to be, and always to have been, an order in force immediately before such commencement, notwithstanding that such order or parts of it, may not then have been in operation, either at all or in particular areas;

- (b) that for the purposes of this Act an order made or deemed to be made under the said Ordinance and not rescinded prior to the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to be an order in force immediately before the commencement of this Act, notwithstanding that such order, or parts of it, may not then be in operation, either at all or in particular areas.

PURCHASE TAX EXEMPTIONS AND ALTERATIONS IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 27th July 1946:—

The Commissioners of Customs and Excise (City Gate House, 39-45 Finsbury Square, London, E.C. 2) have issued Notice No. 78F setting out exemptions and alterations of the rate of purchase tax as given below:—

“Under amendments proposed by the Chancellor of the Exchequer to the Finance Bill and subject to the approval of Parliament, goods of the classes specified in the list below are to be exempted from Purchase Tax, or charged at a reduced rate, as shown.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd October 1946, pages 25-27.

RESERVED

“*Date of Operation.*—The alterations apply to goods which are delivered on sale, or appropriated to retail trade or similar purposes, on or after July 22, 1946; and to imported goods which are entered with the Customs or delivered from bonded warehouse for home consumption on or after that date. In the case of sales by registered to unregistered persons the alterations apply to goods actually despatched on or after this date, irrespective of the date when the contract of sale was made or the goods were invoiced.

“*Existing Contracts.*—The Finance Bill includes a provision which will enable buyers to obtain, in the absence of agreement to the contrary, the benefit of these alterations of tax if such benefit has accrued to their suppliers.

“*Retail Stocks, etc.*—Goods delivered before July 22, 1946, by a registered person under a taxable sale (e.g., to a retailer) and goods appropriated by a registered person before that date to retail trade or other taxable purposes (e.g., office use or hire purchase) are not affected by the alterations. Retailers are free to resell goods delivered to them before July 22, 1946, at a price to cover the tax they have borne on them.

“It is not open to registered persons to take goods back from retailers or from their retail branches and claim rebate of tax in respect of them, with a view to their re-delivery free, or at the reduced rate, of tax.”

GOODS TO BE EXEMPTED FROM TAX.

“*Wigs.*—The exemption includes transformations, semi-transformations and toupees.

“*Glass chimneys and similar primary glasses, being chimneys and glasses designed for oil or candle lamps.*—The exemption includes glasses for lamps which are designed to function without a separate internal chimney, but not lamp glasses, globes and shades which are used to surround an internal chimney.

“*Fireguards.*—The exemption does not extend to firecreens.

“*Smoothing irons and pressing irons, being irons of a kind used for domestic purposes.*—Billiard table irons remain chargeable at the rate of 33½ per cent. (Class 14).

“*Acetylene cap lamps and acetylene hand lamps.*—Acetylene lamps of the following kinds remain chargeable at the rate of 33½ per cent.; table and floor lamps [Class 7 (a)], lamps adapted for use on bicycles and other road vehicles [Class 7 (C)].

“*Electric dry batteries of not more than 6 volts.*

“*Clasp knives (but not including razors or goldsmiths' and silversmiths' wares).*—The exemption includes clasp knives, such as the seaman's jack-knife, which are equipped with folding implements in addition to the cutting blade. Razors remain chargeable at the rate of 33½ per cent. (Class 17); knives made from, or mounted with, precious metals remain chargeable at the rate of 100 per cent. (Class 15).

“*Vermin traps.*

“*Projectors for slides (including projectors for filmstrips, but not including epidiascopes not cinematograph projectors).* Lenses, and other parts of, and accessories to, projectors for slides.—This exemption frees from tax all projectors except projectors for sub-standard cinematograph films.

“*Vessels primarily designed for propulsion otherwise than by the occupants themselves, and parts of, and accessories to, such vessels.*—This exemption covers vessels primarily designed for sailing. Rowing boats, punts and canoes of a kind used for purposes of pleasure, and their equipment, remain chargeable at the rate of 33½ per cent. (Class 14).

“*Cinematograph films, film-strips and lantern slides, being films, film-strips and slides containing pictures for exhibition by means of a projector.*—Unexposed sensitized photographic films or plates remain chargeable at the rate of 33½ per cent. (Class 11).

GOODS TO BE CHARGEABLE AT 16½ PER CENT.

“*Wallpaper.*”

GOODS TO BE CHARGEABLE AT 33½ PER CENT.

“The following articles not being made partly of fur skin (including any skin with fur, hair or wool attached):—

“*Garments or footwear made wholly or partly of silk (except silk used for the stitching of seams and button holes).*

“*Headgear, ties, scarves, handkerchiefs, muffs, collars, cuffs and gloves made wholly or partly of silk (except silk used for the stitching of seams and buttonholes).*

“*Fabrics (whether in the piece, shaped or partly made up) made wholly or partly of silk (but not including pile fabrics or woven figured fabrics), and*

“*Textile articles of a kind used for domestic purposes and soft furnishings made wholly or partly of such fabrics.*

“*Garments and footwear which contain no fur skin or silk other than silk used for the stitching of seams and buttonholes remain chargeable at the rate of 16½ per cent.*

“*Headgear, ties, etc., which contain no fur skin or silk other than silk used for the stitching of seams and buttonholes remain chargeable at the rate of 33½ per cent.*

“*Pile fabrics and woven-figured fabrics (other than corduroy, terry towelling and floor coverings), and domestic textile articles and soft furnishings made wholly or partly of such fabrics remain chargeable at the rate of 100 per cent. whether or not they contain silk.*”

The following information also by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise supplements that given in Notice No. 78E regarding the scope of the exemption for:—

“The following articles of a kind used in the preparation or serving of food or drink (but not including goldsmiths' and silversmiths' wares):—

1. Articles of china, porcelain, earthenware, stoneware or other potteryware.
2. Glassware not being cut glass.
3. Hollow-ware of iron or steel (whether enamelled or not), aluminium, magnesium, copper or brass.
4. Articles of celluloid, bakelite or other plastic material derived from cellulose, casein, papier mache or synthetic resin.”

This exemption applies only to articles of the specified materials which are identifiable as articles of a kind not normally used otherwise than in the preparation or serving (including storage) of food or drink. Examples of articles which are not within the exemption are:—

Bowls of pottery, glass or plastic material of kinds used both as fruit bowls and as flower or bulb bowls.

Basins and bowls of enamelware, tinware or plastic material of kinds used both as washing-up bowls and as mixing bowls.

Ewers and household jugs of enamelware or tinware.

Buckets and pails.

Lading cans and Derbyshire Ladles.

Liability of Figures Designed as Workroom Models.—The following information regarding the liability of certain articles to Purchase Tax is published by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise as supplementary to that given in Notice No. 78:—

Figures designed for use as workroom models representing the complete trunk without head or limbs, covered with coarse textile material, with or without a plain pedestal support, will, in future, be regarded as outside the scope of Class 22 and as not chargeable with tax.

(Notice No. 78 at page 47 should be noted accordingly.)

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TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS. BRITISH INDIA.

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS: AMENDMENTS.

The following Notification [No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 23rd November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945*, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification—

I. In Part A, in item 26, for the words "and cumblies" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"cumblies and all hand woven woollen goods made from hand spun yarns and numdahs".

II. In Part D—

(a) In entry (i) of item 24, the following words shall be omitted, namely:—

"Opium", "Diamorphinae Hydrochloridum",

(b) Item 53 shall be deleted.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. VII: AMENDMENTS.

The following Notification [No. 24-I.T.C./46, dated the 23rd November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In pursuance of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943, as republished in their Notification No. 14-I.T.C./46, of the 22nd June 1946† and continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Open General Licence No. VII published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 1-I.T.C./46, dated the 22nd January 1946‡, as subsequently amended, and that these amendments be published for general information:—

(i) In the Table annexed to the said Open General Licence for the list of goods specified under the entry "Instruments, Apparatus and appliances other than electrical including Cinematographic but excluding articles otherwise specified in the schedule and those falling under the Machine Tool Control Order, 1941", the following list shall be substituted, namely:—

Office machines, that is, adding machines and drafting machines V 92

(ii) The following descriptions of goods covered by the entries in the Schedule to the aforesaid Notification No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943, shown against them, shall be added in their respective places according to the Parts and Serial Numbers of the Import Trade Control Schedule, namely:—

Addressograph machines } V 65(2) or 65(6)
Tabulating machines }
Hollerith Punches and Verifiers }
Duplicating Machines } V 65(6).

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 143-48.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 178-90.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 199-207.

APPOINTMENT OF IMPORT TRADE CONTROLLERS: AMENDMENT.

The following Notification [No. 25-I.T.C./46, dated the 23rd November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In pursuance of clause (XII) of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in that Department notification No. 28-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943*, namely:—

In the said latter notification, for entry 3 following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"3. The Deputy Chief Controller of Imports, Calcutta, for the provinces of Bengal, Orissa and the Andamans and Nicobar Islands."

UNITED KINGDOM.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 210: IMPORT OF CONSUMER GOODS.

The following Notice, dated the 11th October 1946, has been issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1:—

The Import Licensing Department of the Board of Trade announce that they are prepared to receive applications for licences to import limited quantities of the following goods from any country before the end of 1946.

Plastic (PVC) floor covering.

Domestic woodware, unpolished, for kitchen use.

Toilet combs of horn or ebonite.

Applications to import any of these goods should be made on the usual application form obtainable from the Import Licensing Department and should refer to Notice to Importers No. 210. Applications will, however, be entertained only from pre-war importers of the same kind of goods, who are able to satisfy the Department that they have firm offers for specified quantities and values of the goods, and can furnish evidence of the volume of their average annual pre-war imports of such goods. No applications will be considered unless actually accompanied by the information necessary to meet these conditions and unless received by the Import Licensing Department not later than the 28th October. It may not be practicable to grant licences in all cases.

In the case of goods already included under the Token Import arrangements, the present quantities are additional to the Token Imports, and for such additional quantities Token Import procedure will not apply.

N.B.—The majority of the above goods are price-controlled and importers and other distributors must see that their profit margins are in line with the price control provisions in force. Attention is drawn particularly to the following Order relating to

Toilet Combs (S.R. & O. 1945, No. 1101).

AUSTRALIA.

RESTRICTIONS ON IMPORTS FROM STERLING AREAS.

The following are extracts from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 6th July 1946:—

H.M. Trade Commissioner at Sydney has informed the Board of Trade that the following amendments (among others), affecting

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, page 107.

goods from sterling areas, have been made to the Customs (Import Licensing) Regulations:—

Goods exempt from Licensing Restrictions.

Tariff Item.

105 (AA)(2)(a) Piecegoods wholly of artificial silk.

Goods subject to Administrative Control.

105 (m)(1)

Linen piece goods defined for cutting up for the manufacture of hemmed or hemstitched cosies, doyleys, handkerchiefs, pillow shams, serviettes, table-centres, table-cloths, table-covers, table-runners, tray-cloths or window-blinds, as prescribed by Departmental By-laws.

Ex. 303 (A)

Wood, all articles made of, n.e.i., whether partly or wholly finished; (excluding replacement parts for agricultural machinery and implements; cabinets, covers and tables for treadle or hand sewing machines of the type ordinarily used in the household; golf club shafts) bellows; wood sashes and wood frames, for windows; window screens; walking sticks; hods; mallets; rakes principally of wood; grain shovels principally of wood; saw frames; mitre boxes; wood split pulleys; wood bungs; wood type; rules n.e.i.; rulers, parallel rulers, set and T squares, and protractors, when partly or wholly of wood, except when imported in sets of drawing or mathematical instruments; washboards; knife boards.

Goods admissible under licence on 100 per cent quota.

*24 Cigars, including the weight of bands and ribbons.

INTERMEDIATE DUTIES.

The following is an extract from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 27th July 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received information from H.M. Trade Commissioner, Sydney, that the following Tariff items (among others), which were deleted on April 28, 1940, from the list of items granted the benefit of the Intermediate Tariff, have now been restored to that list by Proclamation 651 of May 1, 1946:—

Tariff Item No.

Goods.

106 (x) (3)

Buckles, clasps and slides for hats, shoes and other attire:—

Non-metallic, other than those made of glass, tinzel or pearl shell, with or without metal fittings or metal fastening devices.

106 (x) (5)

Buckles, clasps and slides for hats, shoes and other attire:—

Of pearl shell.

106 (v) (3)

Buttons, n.e.i., including blanks and those partly finished:—

Non-metallic, other than those made of glass or tinzel, trochus pearl or other animal shell, with or without metal fittings or metal fastening devices, cloth covered.

136 (c) (1)

Iron and steel:—

Angle, rod, other than wire rod in coils, tee, bar, exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ in. in thickness and not being of fancy pattern; bar, exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ in. in thickness, of fancy pattern rolled direct from the billet or rod and in the state in which it leaves the rolls.

*Quotas will be established on a weight basis. The quantities of importations from sterling and non-sterling sources during the year ended 30th June, 1940, may be combined for the purpose of determining a quota to permit importation from sterling sources only.

Tariff Item* No.

Goods.

136 (p)

Iron and steel:—
Plate and sheet (plain).

136 (z)

Iron and steel:—
(1) Wire of No. 15 or finer gauge (Imperial Standard Wire Gauge).
(2) Wire, other.

BRITISH GUIANA.

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.

The following is an extract from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 27th July 1946:—

The "Official Gazette Extraordinary" of May 20, 1946, contains a copy of the Customs Duties (Amendment) Ordinance, 1946, which provides for the following modifications (among others) to the British Guiana Customs Tariff:—

Item No.	Article.	New Rates of Duty.		Former Rates of Duty.	
		British Preferential Tariff.	General Tariff.	British Preferential Tariff.	General Tariff.
32	Milk— (a) Evaporated and powdered which, in the opinion of the Government Analyst, has been prepared— (ii) Wholly or in part from skimmed milk per 100 lbs.	free	0-50	10-00	30-00
48	Tobacco— (c) Other manufactured and snuff— (iii) If a n u f a c t u r e d in foreign countries per lb.	—	8-00	—	2-05

BURMA.

EXPORT CONTROL.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 6th July 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of Notification No. 27, dated May 25, 1946, issued by the Government of Burma, the effect of which is to permit without restriction the export from Burma, of all goods with the exception of a few items (mainly foodstuffs, timber, textiles, hides and leather) specified in a schedule attached to the notification.

A copy of the notification may be seen at Tariff Section, Export Promotion Department, Board of Trade, 35 Old Queen Street, London, S.W.1.

IMPORT CONTROL.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 27th July 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of an announcement made by the Government of Burma in which importers are informed that the time allowed for shipment of goods under licences issued for the shipping period January—June 1946 has been extended. The licence will remain valid provided the goods are shipped before December 31, 1946.

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CANADA.

TARIFF CHANGE: CERTAIN INEDIBLE OILS FOR USE IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SOAPS OR OILS.

By Order in Council P. C. 3845, dated the 12th September 1946, passed under authority of the Customs Act, the undermentioned products are accorded the Tariff treatment hereunder indicated, with effect from the 1st September 1946:—

Inedible oils, without admixture, obtained from animal fat, for use in the manufacture of soaps or oils—

British Preferential Tariff*	Free
Intermediate Tariff	Free
General Tariff	Free

(To be designated as Tariff Item 280a.)

CEYLON.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 6th July 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received copies of orders dated April 29, 1946, and May 10, 1946, which provide for the following amendments to the list of goods the importation of which into Ceylon is restricted or prohibited (see *Board of Trade Journal*, November 22, 1941 pages 321-325†, and subsequent notices):—

Goods the importation of which from all sources is prohibited, except under licence.

The following items now read:—

- 128 Paper, writing (other than envelopes and writing pads).
133B Stationery (including envelopes, writing pads, ruled or printed forms, letter paper with printed headings and manuscript books, but excluding exercise books in paper covers, compendiums and account books).

The following items are inserted:—

- 25E Wood and timber; sleepers.
26B Resin.
26C Gum arabic.
26D Fibre.
54B Aluminium foil for packing produce for export.
124C Soap.
124D Varnish.

Goods the importation of which when grown, produced or manufactured in Canada, Newfoundland, or any territory or place not forming part of the British Empire is prohibited; and

Goods the importation of which when grown, produced or manufactured in any territory (other than Canada and Newfoundland) forming part of the British Empire is prohibited except under licence.

The following items are deleted:—

- 99 Relating to fibre.
95 Relating to wood and timber; sleepers.
136 Relating to aluminium foil for packing produce for export.
178 Relating to soap.
180 Relating to varnish.

Open General Licence No. 4 (applicable to British Empire except Canada and Newfoundland).

The following items now read:—

Stationery (including envelopes, writing pads, ruled or printed forms, letter paper with printed headings and manuscript books, but excluding exercise books in paper covers, compendiums and account books).

* Applicable to goods of British Indian origin.

† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 5th March 1942, pages 589-90, and subsequent notices.

The following items are inserted:—

Animals, not for food.
Agricultural and horticultural seeds.
Dental, surgical, medical and veterinary instruments, appliances and apparatus (except electrical).
Camelback and retreading compounds.
Starch of all kinds.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 27th July 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received copies of notifications dated May 24, 1946, and June 12, 1946, which provide for the following amendments to the list of goods the importation of which into Ceylon is restricted or prohibited (see *Board of Trade Journal*, November 22, 1941, pages 321-325*, and subsequent notices):—

Goods the importation of which from all sources is prohibited except under licence.

The following items are inserted:—

- 4D Beef, tinned or preserved.
4E Mutton, tinned or preserved.
4F Pig products, other than hog casings.
4G Meat falling under the heading "Meat not elsewhere specified in Class I. Group C of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff."
5A Cream.
5B Biscuits.
5C Butter, tinned or frozen.
5D Cheese.
5E Confectionery.
5F Fish, preserved (including potted fish and jadi, but excluding dried, salted, frozen, Maldivo and tinned fish).
5G Fruits, fresh: apples and grapes.
5H Fruits, fresh: other than apples and grapes.
16B Onions.
16C Potatoes.
16D Vegetables, preserved or tinned.
24B Coal.
24C Chalk.
24D Earth and sand.
24E Fire clay.
24F Fullers earth.
24G Ores and scrap of all descriptions.
26E Cotton, waste.
26F Flax.
26G Silk, raw or cocoons.
26H Wool, raw.
27B Seeds (including gingelly seeds and groundnuts) for expressing oil therefrom.
27C Nuts and kernels for expressing oil therefrom.
27D Gum dammar.
27E Lac.
27F Gums and resins other than gum arabic, gum benjamin, gum dammar, lac and rosin.
30A Animal oils, fats and greases (including fish and marine animal oil) not refined (other than stearic acid, belt paste and belt dressing).
30B Vegetable oils, fats and greases: coconut oil.
30C Vegetable oils, fats and greases: gingelly oil.
30D Hides and skins, raw or salted.
30E Raw rubber.
30F Canes and rattan.
30G Ivory, unmanufactured.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 5th March 1942, pages 589-90, and subsequent notices.

- Item.
33A Leaves, beedy.
33B Leaves, betel.
33C Shells.
33D Tar and pitch.
33E Bark for tanning.
33F Myrobalams.
33G Tanning substances other than bark for tanning and myrobalams.
34H Dyeing substances falling under the heading "Dyeing substances not elsewhere specified" in Class II. Group J of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff.
33I Fresh flowers.
36A Coke.
36B Bricks.
36C Tiles.
36D Pipes.
36E Sanitary fittings including cisterns and baths (porcelain, chinaware and earthenware).
36F Stones and slates.
51A Iron and steel safes.
51B Iron and steel sanitary fittings, including cisterns but excluding baths.
51C Iron and steel shoot runners.
51D Iron and steel baths.
51E Iron and steel windows, bedsteads, mattresses and furniture.
51F Iron and steel springs for upholstery and beddings, letter racks and trays, and curtain rod wire.
51G Iron and steel office equipment.
54C Aluminiumware: other than foil for packing produce for export.
54D Gold leaf.
54E Electroplate including silver-plated and gold-plated ware, but excluding silver-plated and gold-plated wire and thread and imitation jewellery.
54F Nickel plate.
60A Electric telegraph and telephone instruments and apparatus (except batteries) other than wireless apparatus.
60B Electric vacuum cleaners and electric dry shavers.
92B Carpet sweepers.
92C Automatic machines operated by coins or counters and intended for use in any trade or business or in any game or test or skill.
99B Woollen and worsted manufactures other than carpets, rugs flannel and scarves.
99C Carpets and rugs of all descriptions.
99D Blankets of mixed materials.
99E Handkerchiefs of mixed materials (single or in lengths).
99F Mufflers and scarves of silk, artificial silk, wool or mixed materials (single or in lengths).
99G Silk handkerchiefs (single or in lengths).
99H Artificial silk handkerchiefs (single or in lengths).
99I Linen manufactures other than sail cloth and canvas.
99J Gloves, other than rubber gloves.
113A Carbonic acid gas.
113B Coal tar products falling under the heading "Coal tar products not elsewhere specified" in Class III. Group O of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff.
113C Sodium carbonate (soda ash and soda crystals).
113D Soldering fluid.
113E Candles.
140A Baskets and basketware.
140B Corks (including shoos and staves).
140C Spirits: Methylated.
140D Iron and steel sports equipment.
162B Damascenware, satsumaware and cloisonnaware.
162C Animals, not for food (with the exception of monkeys and horses).

Goods the importation of which when grown, produced or manufactured in Canada, Newfoundland or any territory or place not forming part of the British Empire is prohibited; and

Goods the importation of which when grown, produced or manufactured in any territory (other than Canada and Newfoundland) forming part of the British Empire is prohibited, except under licence.

The following items are deleted: 14, 16, 17, 18, 19E, 21, 22, 24, 28, 32, 33, 34, 50, 51, 61C, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 94, 97, 98, 100, 101, 102, 103, 106, 107, 109, 111, 112, 112A, 112B, 113, 114, 115, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 124A, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 131, 132, 133, 134, 134A, 134B, 134C, 135, 137, 140, 141, 142, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 164A, 165, 165A, 165B, 165C, 165D, 165E, 167, 172, 173, 174, 175, 177, 194, 196, 209, 211A, 211B, and 212.

Open General Licence No. 4 (applicable to British Empire except Canada and Newfoundland).

The following items are inserted:—

Wood and timber (including sleepers).
Rubber tyres or tubes for mechanically propelled road vehicles.
Rubber tyres or tubes for vehicles other than mechanically propelled road vehicles.
Drugs, medicines and medicinal preparations (including patent medicines but excluding quinine and quinine preparations, pharmaceutical glands, castor oil and penicillin).
Quinine and quinine preparations.
Foundry and workshop machinery.
Machine belting.
Machine tools.
Rubber Machinery.
Prime movers (not electrical).
Printing and book-binding machinery.
Refrigerators and refrigerating machinery.
Textile machinery.
Sewing machines.
Typewriters.
Weighing machines (other than automatic weighing machines operated by coins or counters).
Machinery falling under the heading "Machinery not elsewhere specified" in Class III. Group G of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff (other than automatic machines operated by coins or counters, lawn mowers and carpet sweepers).

COLOMBIA.

VALIDITY OF IMPORT LICENCES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 6th July 1946:—

With reference to the notice under the above heading in the *Board of Trade Journal* of June 22 (page 797), the Commercial Secretary to H.M. Embassy at Bogota now reports, by telegraph, that the Resolution (No. 157), which reduces the validity of import licences from one year to six months, applies only to licences issued as from May 1, 1946, onwards.

FRANCE.

MODIFIED IMPORT TRADE ARRANGEMENTS.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 20th July 1946:—

We published in our issue of July 13 (page 907)* a notice regarding the modifications in arrangements for importing goods into France recently announced by the French Authorities in the "Moniteur Officiel du Commerce et de L'Industrie."

A translation of the schedule setting out the respective classes of goods to be obtained through (a) the French Purchasing

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 28th November 1946, pages 430-31.

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Commission buying on Government account; (b) import groups; and (c) private traders importing under licence, is given below (only extracts of interest to India are published below):—

Ministry of Supply.

(a) MISSION	Dry vegetables.
Meat.	Soya.
Sugar.	Acid fruits (agrumes).
Milk.	Fruits.
	Tinned fish.
(b) GROUPS	Dry, fish, fresh.
Corn.	Tapiocas, manioc.
Secondary cereals.	Fecula (starch).
Fatty matters.	
Cheese.	(c) LICENCES
Eggs.	Nil.

Ministry of Agriculture.

(a) MISSION	Linseed.
Nil.	Hempseed.
	Farmstock (animals).
(b) GROUPS	Rennet. Caillette (rennet).
Secondary cereals.	
Oilcakes, molasses, organic matters.	(c) LICENCES
Seed potatoes.	Culinary seeds.
Cereal seeds.	Fodder seeds.
Sugar beet seeds.	Forest seeds.
	Breeding stock.

Ministry of Industrial Production—Chemical Industries Office.

I. MINERAL CHEMISTRY	IV. RUBBER AND ASBESTOS
(a) MISSION	(a) MISSION
Nitrogenous fertilizers.	Rubber.
Lithopone.	Ingredients.
Boric acid.	Tyres.
Borax.	Industrial rubber articles.
Monazite.	Sundry products derived from rubber.
(b) GROUPS	(b) GROUPS
Bones.	Sundry products derived from rubber.
(c) LICENCES	Asbestos.
Oxide of iron (derbyoxide).	(c) LICENCES
Nitrogenous manures.	Ingredients.
Gelatine.	Industrial rubber articles.
Iron oxide.	

II. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

(b) GROUPS	V. GUMS AND WAXES
Crude tar, prepared.	(c) LICENCES
Tanning extracts.	Gum arabic.
	Gum tragacanth.
(c) LICENCES	Gum Karaya.
Casein.	Gum maque.
Coconut charcoal.	Gum Manilla.
	Gum Accroide.
III. INDUSTRIAL FATTY SUBSTANCES	Gum Sandarac.
(a) MISSION	Gum mastic.
Products derived from fish oil.	Gum Damar.
Boiled and oxydized oil.	Gum Elemi.
(b) GROUPS	Gum copal.
Fish, oil, sperm whale and all other oils (excepting boiled and oxydized oil).	Gum Kauri.
(c) LICENCES	Gum Strivaz.
Nil.	Beeswax.
	Sundry waxes.

IX. ESSENTIAL OILS

X. ABRASIVES
LICENCE
Garnet.

Mines Department.

METALS AND MINERALS	BUILDING MATERIALS AND PITCH
(a) MISSION	(a) MISSION
Nil.	Pitch for agglomeration.
(b) GROUPS	(b) GROUP
Calcined magnesite.	Nil.
Chrome ore.	(c) LICENCE
Tungsten ore.	Cement.
Molybdene ore.	Hydraulic lime.
(c) LICENCE	Rich lime.
Ball clays.	Limestone (flux) or limestone.
Caustic magnesite.	Foundry sands.
Glauconite.	Glassmaking sand.
Rock zirconium.	Raw dolomite.
Graphited electrodes.	Carbonate of lime.
Pitch for electrodes.	Limestone.
Special coke for aluminium electrodes.	Marble.
Natural coriolite.	Common Brussels marble.
Graphite.	Silex.
Mica.	Stones and earth unspecified.
Diamonds.	Pumice stone.
Sundries (porous substances, asbestine, etc.).	Refractory products.

Textiles and Leathers Office.

(a) MISSION	(a) MISSION
Binding twine.	Hemp for spinning.
Flax tow.	Hemp for ropework.
Clothing.	Manilla.
Resoling elements.	Ramie.
(b) GROUPS	Cellulose pulp.
Cotton.	Cocoons.
Linters.	Cowhides.
Wool.	Sheepskins.
Woolled skins.	Goatskins.
Sisal for binding twine.	(c) LICENCES
Sisal for cordage.	Silk waste.
Coco fibres hand.	Raw silk.
Jute.	Furs.
	Woollen rags.

Sundry Trades Office.

(a) MISSION	(a) MISSION
Paper-making wood.	Raw hair and bristles spinning.
Soft sawn timber.	Old hair.
Hard sawn timber.	Vegetable fibre.
Split staves.	Horn.
Line poles.	Vegetable ivory (corozo palm).
Pig intestines.	Rattan.
(b) GROUPS	(c) LICENCE
Soft sawn timber.	Common wild animal fur.
Hard sawn timber.	Mother-of-pearl and shells.
Split staves.	Tortoise shell.
Line poles.	Bonework.
Hog bristles.	Rattan (osier).
Dressed hair.	Pig intestines.
	Dried intestines.

Metallurgical Office.

(a) MISSION	(b) GROUPS
Metallurgical products.	Metallurgical products.
Manganese ore.	(c) LICENCES
Thomas slag.	Fritted dolomite.
	Blast furnace slag.

Fuel Oils Office.

GROUP
All fuel oils

Dec. 5, 1946.]

Ministry of Public Health.

(c) LICENCE	Nux vomica.
PART A	Sweet orange red peel.
VEGETABLE DRUGS	Bitter orange leaves.
Aconite.	Bitter orange flower petals.
Agar-agar.	Soapbark.
Angastura barks.	Cinchona.
Aniseed.	Ratanhia.
Belladonna.	Rhubarb.
Cinnamon.	Aromatic rhus.
Catechu.	Sarsaparilla.
Datura leaves.	Santonica.
Digitalis leaves.	Kembo strophanthus.
Drosera rotundifolia.	(SUNDRY
Ephedras.	Silkworm gut.
Ergot of rye.	PART B
Eucalyptus.	CHEMICAL PRODUCTS
Male fern roots.	Karaya gum.
Guaco.	Saffron.
Guarana.	Storax.
Ipecac.	PRODUCTS UNDER THE JURIS-
Jaborandi.	DICTION OF THE SUNDRY TRADES
Menbane.	CONTROL OFFICE
Kamala.	Silkworm gut.
Pennyroyal.	
Aleppo gall.	

SWEDEN.

REVISED IMPORT RESTRICTION.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 27th July 1946:—

The Board of Trade has received a copy of the Swedish Royal Decree (No. 198) of July 31, 1945 (No. 582), according to which the following goods no longer require an import licence from the State Trade Commissioner:—Resin, other than shellac and colopton, also hardened; ester-resins, turpentine, thick, and other balsam, also artificial; toluol; citric acid, benzoic acid; peroxide of nitrogen (Stats. No. 518), and other peroxides not falling under any other number; flax; hards of flax; frames with fitted pictures falling under Stats. No. 2083. Artists' works, paintings, all kinds included; also models for works of art.

The decree comes into force on May 23, 1946.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

WITHDRAWAL OF APPLICATION OF INTERMEDIATE RATES OF CUSTOMS DUTY TO CERTAIN GOODS FROM INDIA.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 6th July 1946:—

The South Africa Government Gazette of May 3 contains a copy of Government Notice No. 942, which states that in view of the notice of termination given by the Government of India of the trade agreement between India and the Union of South Africa, the application of intermediate rates of duty to certain goods* when originating in and imported from India is withdrawn, and that such goods will on and after June 23, 1946, become liable to the maximum rates of duty.

* Certain hats, caps and bonnets, tariff numbers ex 69 (d) (e) (i) (ii) and (iv) (f) and (g); piece goods of cotton, rayon and wool, tariff numbers ex 76 (a) (i) (ii) (b) (c) (i) and (d) (i); glassware, n.o.e., tariff numbers ex 172 (b); citric and tartaric acids, tariff number ex 213 (c); and beads, tariff number 299.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

IMPORT CONTROL.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 6th July 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of General Imports Order M.63 as amended at May 31, 1946 (see also notice under the above heading in the *Board of Trade Journal*, January 26, 1946, page 87, and previous notices).

The following amendments (among others) have been made to the Order:

Removed from List A.

Jute manufactures; manila or abaca cordage, including cables, tarred or untarred, composed of 3 or more strands each strand composed of 2 or more yarns; manila or abaca fibre manufactures (including all manila or abaca products).

MISCELLANEOUS.

Details of changes in Customs Regulations, etc., are published regularly in the *Board of Trade Journal*. The particulars are too lengthy for publication here, but the headings of the items and the dates on which they appeared in the *Journal* are given for purposes of reference:—

14th September 1946.

AUSTRALIA.—Tariff Board Reference.
CANADA.—Prohibited Imports.
CEYLON.—Import Restrictions.
EIRE.—Importation of Raw Apples.
GREECE.—Import Licences.
MAURITIUS.—Customs Tariff Modifications.
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—Trade Practice Rules.

21st September 1946.

AUSTRALIA.—Restrictions on Imports from Sterling Areas.
BELGIUM.—Customs Tariff Modifications.
CEYLON.—Import Restrictions.
CHILE.—Import Restrictions on Aluminium Goods.
COLOMBIA.—Import Licences to Specify Port of Unloading.
EIRE.—Import Quotas.
NEW ZEALAND.—Import Licensing—Eleventh Period.
PARAGUAY.—Export and Import Taxes.
SPAIN.—Customs Tariff Modifications.
SUDAN.—Import Licensing.
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—Marking of Articles from Austria.
Tariff Classification.

28th September 1946.

BELGIUM.—Goods for which an Import Licence is no longer Required. Customs Tariff Modifications.
NICARAGUA.—Customs Tariff.
NEWFOUNDLAND.—Customs Tariff.
SOUTHERN RHODESIA.—Import Restrictions.
UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.—Customs Tariff. Applications for Increases in Customs Duties.
VENEZUELA.—Customs Tariff Modifications. Importation into Venezuela of "Special Cargo".

5th October 1946.

AUSTRALIA.—Tariff Board Reference.
CANADA.—Prohibited Imports.
COSTA RICA.—Payments for Imports into Costa Rica.
TURKEY.—Amended Import Regulations.
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—Marking of Articles from Germany.

12th October 1946.

ARGENTINA.—Motor Vehicles to have Left-hand Drive.
 AUSTRALIA.—Import of Samples into Australia.
 CEYLON.—Import Restrictions.
 EIRE.—Import Quotas.
 MEXICO.—Import Restrictions.
 NEW ZEALAND.—Import Licensing—Eleventh Period. Importation of Motor Vehicles.
 PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.—Export Control.
 SOUTHERN RHODESIA.—Rebates of Customs Duty.
 TURKEY.—Amended Import Regulations.

19th October 1946.

ARGENTINA.—Nationalization of Bagging Material.
 BRAZIL.—Exemptions from Customs Duties.
 CANADA.—Customs Tariff.
 GREECE.—Import Duties on Artificial Silk, Artificial Wool, etc., and Products.
 NEW ZEALAND.—Import Licensing—Eleventh Period.
 NORWAY.—Customs Tariff Modifications.
 SPAIN.—Payment of Customs Duties.
 SWITZERLAND.—Customs Tariff Modifications.
 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—Importation of Shaving Brushes.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL.

20th November.

During the week under report there was slight rainfall in a few districts. The weather was generally seasonable. The prospects of the standing crops are reported to be, on the whole, favourable. Harvesting of early *aman* paddy and sowing of *rabi* crops were in progress.

ASSAM.

2nd December.

During the week under report the weather was generally seasonable and its effects on the crops are fair. The prospects and the outturn of crops are good.

BIHAR.

26th November.

During the week under report light rain fell in various places, except in Bhagalpur and Purnea and in parts of Patna, Shahabad, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Santal Parganas and Manbhum where there was no rain. The condition and the prospects of the standing crops were reported to be fair on the whole. Ploughing of fields and sowing of *rabi* crops remained in full swing. Harvesting of *aghani* paddy continued.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

23rd November.

The weather continued to be cloudy in the first half of the week with moderate to fairly heavy showers of rain throughout the Province, except in the Chanda, Bilaspur and Yeotmal districts where they were light. Thereafter it was clear and cool. The rains were reported to have adversely affected the standing *kharif* crops, particularly *juar* and cotton, and also the harvested *kharif* crops lying on the threshing floor. The showers received during

the week also affected the *rabi* crops in the Jubbulpore, Hoshangabad and Betul districts and those in the water-logged areas of the Chhindwara district. Resowing would be necessary at places in the Jubbulpore district. Enquiries to ascertain the extent of damage done to crops were in progress in the Jubbulpore, Nimar, Betul and Chhindwara districts. Elsewhere the *rabi* crops were benefited by the rains. Harvesting of *kharif* crops and sowings of *rabi* in the districts where held up due to the rains, were taken up. Picking of cotton was in progress.

MADRAS.

16th November.

During the week under report rainfall was very heavy in Chingleput and Madras; heavy in East Godavari, Nellore, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot and Salem; moderate in Vizagapatam, West Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar, South Kanara and the Nilgiris; and fair in Anantapur. Water supply is insufficient in parts of East Godavari, West Godavari, Bellary and Ramnad. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Anantapur, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara and of dry crops in Vizagapatam, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore and Ramnad, is proceeding. The standing crops are generally fair except in Guntur. Harvesting of paddy in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura, South Kanara and the Nilgiris; of *rabi* in Anantapur, South Arcot, Salem and the Nilgiris; and of groundnut in Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Bellary, South Arcot and Salem continued. The outturn is reported to be generally fair.

ORISSA.

25th November.

During the week under report the rainfall was light to moderate at all places except Nawapara where there was no rain. Harvesting of winter paddy in the Cuttack, Balasore and Puri districts; of autumn paddy, *til*, horsegram, *rabi* and *urid* in the Sambalpur district; and of paddy and *rabi* in the Koraput district, was in progress. Sowing of green gram and linseed and pressing of sugarcane in the Puri district commenced. The standing crops, viz., sugarcane, horsegram, blackgram, mustard, paddy, groundnut, chillies, redgram, betel, *rabi*, vegetables, castor, sesamum, *sama*, *niger*, *rooda*, tobacco and *jowar*, were generally thriving.

PUNJAB.

25th November.

During the week under report the weather remained dry. Rain is badly needed in the Mianwali district. The condition and the expected yield of standing crops are generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Sowing of spring crops continues.

GENERAL WEATHER SUMMARY.

During the week ended Tuesday last the north-east monsoon was strong in the south Bay of Bengal. Some widespread falls of rain occurred in south-east Madras, Malabar and south Mysore and along the Coromandel coast, while local or a few falls occurred in various parts of the country on some days.

DEC. 5, 1946.]

INTERMEDIATE CROP REPORTS.

FIRST INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE RICE CROP, 1946-47.

Assam.

Autumn Rice.—Since the issue of the preliminary forecast the weather condition continued to be generally favourable for the crop, although slight damage was done to the crop by local floods and insects in places. Some change in the percentage outturn estimated in the preliminary forecast is anticipated.

Orissa.

Winter and Autumn Rice.—No change in area of winter and autumn rice has been reported from any district since the issue of the first forecast, except in the Ganjam district where the area under winter rice has increased by 275,300 acres due to favourable weather condition and in the Puri district where the area has decreased by 6,000 acres due to flood. A reasonable outturn of the crop will be shown in the forecast to be issued hereafter.

FIRST INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE SESAMUM (*til*) CROP, 1946-47.

Bombay Province.

Since the issue of the last forecast in October, the early sesamum crop in Gujarat has been harvested and the late one is in the flowering and pod-formation stage. The crop suffered from heavy rains in November and is expected to be reduced in yield. Elsewhere in the Province the crop is in fair condition and its harvesting is almost complete, except in a few places. A sporadic attack of *tilmoth* and *aphis* is reported from the Karnatak. The yield is estimated at about 50 to 85 per cent of the normal, except in Gujarat where it is expected to be rather poor.

Central Provinces and Berar.

After the issue of the second forecast on the 16th October 1946, the weather remained dry till the end of the first week of November and adversely affected the *kharif* variety of *til* to some extent. Moderate to fairly heavy showers of rain received almost all over the Province in the 2nd and 3rd weeks of November, caused damage to *rabi til* to a varying degree, the damage being much in the Hoshangabad district which has the maximum area. The estimate of outturn given in the second forecast, viz., 85.5 per cent, is, therefore, reduced to 75 per cent of the normal.

INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE GINGELY CROP OF THE MADRAS PROVINCE 1946-47.

The condition of the gingely crop in the Province is generally satisfactory. The yield per acre is generally expected to be normal, except in the districts of Salem, Coimbatore and Madura where the crop has been affected due to adverse seasonal conditions.

FIRST INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE GROUNDNUT CROP IN THE BOMBAY PROVINCE, 1946-47.

Early varieties of groundnut are almost harvested, while harvesting of late varieties is in progress. This operation is being impeded by recent heavy rains in parts of Gujarat. In the Deccan the crop has suffered from recent heavy rains and an early attack of *aphis*, and is expected to be reduced in yield. In the Karnatak, pod-formation in late varieties is almost complete, but the crop has been affected to some extent by recent rains. The crop is estimated to yield between 55 to 85 per cent of the normal.

INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE GROUNDNUT CROP OF THE MADRAS PROVINCE, 1946-47.

The winter crop of groundnut has been affected to some extent by insect pests in the Kistna and Guntur districts. The condition of the crop is generally satisfactory in the other districts of the Province.

SECOND INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE SUGARCANE CROP, 1946-47.

Bihar.

The outturn of the sugarcane crop still remains at 90 per cent of the normal as estimated in the second forecast of the crop.

Orissa.

Since the issue of the second forecast of the sugarcane crop of Orissa for 1946-47, no change in area and outturn is reported except in the Cuttack district where the outturn has decreased from 92 per cent to 83 per cent due to excessive rains.

SUMMARY OF CROP FORECASTS.

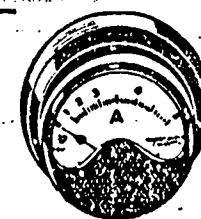
The following is a summary of crop forecasts relating to the season 1946-47 :—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jute—Final.	Practically all jute-growing tracts	Acres 1,880,000	78	Acres 2,422,000	5,550,000 bales (b)	69	7,091,000 bales (b)	Oct. 3, 1946.
Sesamum—First (c).	United Provinces, Madras, Bombay†, Central Provinces and Berar, Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Punjab, Ajmer-Merwara, Sind†, Hyderabad, Kotahi, Bhopal† and Baroda (36 per cent of the total sesamum area of India).	1,430,000	95	3,003,000	(a)	..	387,000 tons	Nov. 26, 1946.

The following is a summary of the latest forecasts for the season 1945-46 for crops for which forecasts have not yet been made in the current season :—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cotton—Final (c).	All cotton-growing tracts	Acres 14,478,000	98	14,813,000	2,438,000 bales	90	3,580,000 bales	June 27, 1946.
Castorseed	Practically all castor-growing tracts	1,237,000	84	1,463,000	105,000 tons	80	131,000 tons	Aug. 1, 1946.
Sugarcane—Final.	United Provinces†, Punjab, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay†, Madras, North-West Frontier Province, Assam, Orissa, Central Provinces and Berar, Sind†, Delhi, Mysore, Hyderabad, Bhopal†, Baroda and Jaora† (96 per cent of the total sugarcane area of India).	3,847,000	93	4,154,000	5,837,000 tons	98	6,481,000 tons	Aug. 13, 1946.
Groundnut—Final.	Madras, Bombay†, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda (99 per cent of the total groundnut area of India).	9,848,000	93	10,574,000	3,113,000 tons	81	3,856,000 tons	Aug. 20, 1946.
Rape and Mustard—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bengal, Bihar, Assam, Sind†, North-West Frontier Province, Central Provinces and Berar, Orissa, Bombay†, Delhi, Alwar†, Hyderabad and Baroda (about 93 per cent of the total rape and mustard area of India).	5,407,000	99	5,580,000	910,000 tons	88	1,034,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Linseed—Final.	Central Provinces and Berar†, United Provinces, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay†, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Kotahi and Bhopal† (a little over 93 per cent of the total linseed area of India).	3,376,000	97	3,485,000	360,000 tons	94	392,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Rice—Final (c).	Bengal, Madras, Bihar, Central Provinces and Berar†, United Provinces†, Assam, Orissa, Bombay†, Sind†, Punjab, Cooriz, Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda and Bhopal† (97 per cent of the total rice area of India).	70,835,000	95	83,033,000	26,249,000 tons	93	28,183,000 tons	Sept. 26, 1946.
Wheat—Fourth (c).	Punjab†, United Provinces†, Central Provinces and Berar†, Bombay†, Sind†, Bihar, North-West Frontier Province, Bengal, Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara, Orissa, Central India, Gwalior, Rajputana, Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore (98 per cent of the total wheat area of India).	34,533,000	97	35,700,000	8,482,000 tons	85	10,458,000 tons	Nov. 28, 1946.

* Issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal. † Including Indian States. ‡ In Rajputana. § In Central India.
(a) Not yet available. (b) Includes figures for Nepal. (c) The detailed report will appear in the Indian Trade Journal later.



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B. 3184 WS. 20-3-47.

TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from :—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 9d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Re. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42 x 28 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from :—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SX-2/73502/1946.—Supply of Ribbon Silk Medals of Types.

Tenders are invited for the supply of 1,004,750 yards of Ribbon Silk Medals of types. Samples of the Ribbons required are being exhibited at the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies at New Delhi and the offices of the Directors/Deputy Directors of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Cawnpore, Karachi and Lahore.

Tender forms, which are not transferable, may be obtained from the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 10 per set (of two copies) or from the offices of the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies of the area concerned. The amount paid is not refundable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order quoting remitter's full address and tender number on the Money Order coupon.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors, maintained by the Department of Industries and Supplies must state the name of their Bankers.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on the 19th December 1946.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Fireclay and Firebricks.

The Deputy Director General of Supplies (Section SF1), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SF1/73094/1 on the prescribed form for supply of 130 tons of Fireclay and about 100,000 of Firebricks to meet the requirements of the B. N. Railway at Kharida. Necessary specifications and drawings, governing the supply of stores are to be obtained from the Controller of Stores,

BLAKE'S HYDRAMS FOR WATER SUPPLY.

Worked by water passing through the Hydram.

No cost for motive power.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS.

BOMBAY.

B. 2977 W. 6-3-47.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

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BOMBAY TIN PRINTERS,
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B. 3079 W. 30-6-47.

B. N. Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, on application (quoting reference to his Indent No. R/3/1947/23127, dated 2nd July 1946, and this office Tender No. SF1/73094/1). Price of drawings exclusive of tender fee and postage, etc., is Re. 1 each.

Price of the tender form, etc., is Rs. 7 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on coupon in cases of Money Order.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Chief Registration Officer must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tenders must be submitted to the office of the Deputy Director General (Supplies), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on or before the 1st February 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Spring Buffing.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Tender No. SRIA/73674/III.—For the Supply of spring Buffing I. R. to the C. O. S., E. I. Railway, Calcutta.

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 10 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable.

Payment should be made in cash or Money Order only to the D. G. (I. & S.), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Order.

Tenders will be received up to the 27th December 1946 and will be opened at 11 a.m. on the 28th December 1946.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Purchase Branch, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, and may be obtained from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Cast Iron Rain Water Pipes and Fittings.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders on the prescribed form for the stores detailed below:—

Tender No. SH1/70025/2R.W. Pipes/(46).—Supply of Cast Iron Rain Water Pipes and Fittings.

Tender forms, etc. (not transferable), may be obtained from any of the following offices on payment of Rs. 7 per set (not refundable). Payment should be made in cash or by Indian Postal Order or by Money Order (quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders):—

- (1) The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (2) The Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
- (3) The Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore and Madras.

Tenders are required to reach the Director General of Industries and Supplies on or before the 2nd January 1947.

Full details of the stores are available in the tender forms.

Tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors of the Department of Industries and Supplies must state the names of their Bankers in their tender.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Cancellation of Tender Notice regarding Supply of Pigment Aluminium Powder.

Invitation to Tender No. SGI/68611/B for the supply of Aluminium Powder, 1,300 lbs. (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 14th November 1946, page 334), required in Sukkur, has been cancelled.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, LAHORE.

Supply of Hinges, Butt, Steel.

The Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore, invites Tender No. Lah/165/M to reach him on or before the 20th December 1946 (11.30 a.m.) on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Masson Narsinghadas Buildings, The Mall, Lahore, at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set of two copies, to be paid in cash, by Money

LEATHER OUR SPECIALITY
EASTERN TANNERIES LIMITED

Manufacturers of:

Sole, Harness and Chrome Leather, CAWNPORE.

B. 2001 W. 9-1-47.

Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for—

2. Hinges, Butt, steel, size 3"×1"× 15 S.W.G. 1,666½ doz.
3. Hinges, Butt, steel, size 4"×1½"× 14 S.W.G. 1,083½ doz.

(To N. W. R. Specn. No. 8/Hardware of 1930.)

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms, which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender Notice No. SR-2/73105/II for the Supply of Mild Steel Tie Bars.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, notifies that the above-mentioned tender notice published on pages 441-42 of the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 28th November 1946, is cancelled.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Liquor Ammonia.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SCI/73821 to reach him by 4 p.m. on the 20th December 1946 and remain open for acceptance up to the 20th January 1947, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 only (not refundable) per set, to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number and address of the remitter), for the following stores:—

Liq. Ammonia (Specific Gravity 0.913) conforming to Specification I.M.1133(d). Quantity: 24,130 lbs.

Place of delivery:—Cawnpore.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Samples, representative of bulk supply and sufficient for carrying out test, are required to be submitted to the C.I.S. & C., Cawnpore, by 12th December 1946.

Tender forms are also available from the offices of:—

- (i) The Director of Supplies, Calcutta.
- (ii) The Director of Supplies, Bombay.
- (iii) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras.
- (iv) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore.
- (v) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Leather Belting.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Section SF1), New Delhi, invites Tender No. SF1/73749/2/46 on the prescribed form for supply of about 20,731 ft. of Leather Belting to meet the requirements of Railways in India.

Prices of the tender form, etc., is Rs. 6 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Chief Registration Officer must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tenders must reach the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, on the 10th January 1947 and will be opened on the 11th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Casing, Housing and Plain M.S. Screwed and Socketed Pipes and Slotted Tubes, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders on the prescribed form for the stores detailed below:—

Tender No. SH1/74002/Casing Pipes/2/(46).—Supply of Casing, Housing and Plain M.S. Screwed and Socketed Pipes and Slotted Tubes, etc., of various diameters from 6" to 16" . . 57,000 feet.

Tender forms, etc. (not transferable), may be obtained from any of the following offices on payment of Rs. 10 per set (not refundable). Payment should be made in cash or by Indian Postal Order or by Money Order (quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders):—

- (1) Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (2) Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
- (3) Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore and Madras.

Tenders are required to reach the Director General of Industries and Supplies on or before the 28th December 1946.

Full details of the stores are available in the tender forms.

Tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors of the Department of Industries and Supplies must state the names of their Bankers in their tenders.

**EVERSHED "NO-FLOTE" SYSTEM OF
DRAINAGE AND SEWAGE PUMP CONTROL—AUTOMATIC CONTROL
OF ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN PUMPS WITHOUT FLOATS**

JOST'S ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED.
BOMBAY P.O. BOX 243. CALCUTTA P.O. BOX 64.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Disinfectant Fluid.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. P/SCI/RC-Disinfectant/17* to reach him by 4 p.m. on the 20th December 1946, and remain open for acceptance up to the 21st January 1947, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 only (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number and address of the remitter), for the following store :—

Disinfectant Fluid with R.W. coefficient	(a) not less than 5
	(b) " " " 10
	(c) " " " 18 to 20

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Samples, representative of bulk supply and sufficient for carrying out test, are required to be submitted to the Director, Biochemical Research Institute, Calcutta, by the 5th December 1946, at the latest.

Tender forms are also available from the offices of :—

- The Director of Supplies, Calcutta.
- The Director of Supplies, Bombay.
- The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras.
- The Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore.
- The Deputy Director of Supplies, Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL, INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of M. S. Liners for D. & O. Cotters and Gibs.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/73113/II* to reach him on or before the 2nd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	M. S. Liners for D. & O. Cotters as per Chief Engineer's Drg. No. 94663/A (I. S. D. No. 13811).	10,50,000 Nos.
2	M. S. Liners for D. & O. Gibs as per Chief Engineer's Drg. No. 63257 (I. S. D. No. 1B-352).	7,50,000 "

The stores are required for E. I. Railway at different Stations on E. I. Railway.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi, Madras and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

The Drawings are obtainable on payment from the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, quoting reference to his Indent No. 22/T/46, dated 9-7-46.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Platform Sheds.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi invites *Tender No. SB-1/73504/I* to reach him on or before the 3rd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for the following Platform Sheds required for E. I. Railway, at Cawnpore :—

1. Manufacture and supply of all steelwork including fittings complete for the provision of a New Shed 203 ft. long (4 bays) as per IRS(R) DRG No. RA-155 Alt Nil, complete with 16 Gauge Galvanised gutter 2 ft. girth with all fittings, 6 inch dia. C.I. R.W. Pipes and gratings, Big Six Asbestos Corr. Sheets (or approved make) with all fittings for roofing side sheeting and gable ends and also with asbestos ridge capping, etc. One Shed.

The following Railway Board's Drawings for the above shed to be worked to :—

RA-102 (Alt-1), RA-104 (Alt-1), RA-105 (Alt-2), RA-112 (Alt Nil), RA-113 (Alt-3), RA-114 (Alt Nil) RA-145 (Alt 2), RA-155 (Alt Nil), RA-156 (Alt Nil) and RA-157 (Alt Nil).

2. Manufacture and supply of all steel work including fittings complete for the provision of New Shed. 253 ft. long (5 bays) as per IRS(R) DRG RA-170 (Alt Nil) complete with 16 gauge Galvanised gutter 2 ft. girth with all fittings, 6 inch dia. C.I.R.W. Pipes including gratings, and Big Six Asbestos Corr. Sheets (of approved make) with all fittings for the roofing side sheeting and gable ends. One Shed.

The following Railway Board's Drawings for the above shed to be worked to :—

RA-104 (Alt-1), RA-130 (Alt Nil), RA-131 (Alt 1), RA-132 (Alt 2), RA-168 (Alt Nil), RA-170 (Alt Nil), and RA-171 (Alt Nil).

NOTE.—The sheds against Items 1 and 2 should conform to I.R.S. STD specification No. B-3-37 (Current) Structures other than Bridge Girders, I.S.D., Std Spec. No. G/Metal 4 1-II Special Quality, and to I.R.S. Std Spec. No. M-14-42, General castings.

2. The Drawings referred to above are saleable publications and copies, if required, should be obtained on payment direct from the Office of the Chief Controller of Standardization, Central Standards Office for Railways, Railway Board, New Delhi.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Madras and Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Screws.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SB-1/73833/III* to reach him on or before the

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24th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Article.	Quantity.	Indentor.	Consignee.
GB-1-1686 Screws for Wood M. S. Bright C. S. K. Flat Hd. 1" No. 10 and GB-1-1697 —do— 1 1/4" No. 12.	840 gross 1,200 "	Controller of Stores, H. B. and C. I. Railway, Bombay.	Depôt Storekeeper, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Bombay.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms, which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Bars Stretcher of Sizes.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/72433/SB/II* to reach him on or before 8th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Description.	Quantity.
Bars Stretcher of sizes conforming to G.I.P. Drg. No. 75442 (I.S.D. No. 10902) ; 75443A (I.S.D. No. 10326) and 59045C (I.S.D. No. 10400) and to I.R.S. (T) Drg. No. T-074 to T-070	4,990 Nos.

The stores are required at Ajni at Nagpur or Hazi Bunder (G. I. P. Railway).

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore and Madras, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

The I.R.S. (T) Drawings are obtainable on payment from the Central Standards Office for Railways, Railway Board, New Delhi. The Railway Drawings are to be obtained on payment from the Controller of Stores, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, quoting reference to his Indent No. A/Rat/38-47, dated 2nd September 1946, or from the Chief Inspector of Engineering, 2, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta, quoting reference to I.S.D. Drawing Nos.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Wedges for Keys, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/73093/II* to reach him

on or before 9th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	Wedges for Keys to G.I.P. Drg. No. MPW 003 (I.S.D. No. 13801), weight of each 0 lbs.—5 ozs. and Steel conforming to Steel Class II to I.R.S. Spec. No. M-5-45 (current).	1,00,000 Nos.

The stores are required at Ajni at Nagpur or Hazi Bunder. Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore and Madras, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

The Drawings are obtainable on payment from the Controller of Stores, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, quoting reference to his Indent No. A/107/M, dated 1-7-8-46, or from the Chief Inspector of Engineering, 2, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta, quoting I.S.D. Drawing No.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7953.—Supply of Heavy Road Transport Equipment.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, "United India" Building, Sri Narasimharaja Road, Bangalore City, for the supply of a Heavy Road Transport Equipment consisting of a Tractor coupled to a Trailer, capable of carrying loads up to 30 tons. Detailed specifications of the Equipment will be furnished on application to the Secretary.

The closing date of the Enquiry is 30th January 1947.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Supply of Drugs, Medicines, etc., to Municipal Hospitals and Dispensaries.

Tenders for the supply of Drugs, Medicines, Medical Appliances, Surgical Dressings, etc., to Municipal Hospitals and Dispensaries (excluding K. E. M. Hospital) in charge of the Health Department and to other Departments for one year from 1st March 1947 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on the 11th December 1946, not later than 1 p.m. (Bombay Time).

Forms of tender, specifications, etc., and other information will be supplied to those applying for the same by the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 5 per set of tender forms.

The attention of the tenderers is invited to special directions accompanying the tender. A copy of the general directions is kept in the office of the Executive Health Officer for the inspection of the intending tenderers.

The amount of the tender deposit required to be paid along with the tender is for Schedule A—Rs. 1,000, for Schedules B, C and D—Rs. 500 each, and for the four Schedules taken together—Rs. 2,000.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.**PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.****Supply of Firewood for Cremation Purposes.**

Tenders for the supply of Firewood for cremation purposes at the (1) Haines Road, (2) Tank Bunder, (3) Bhoiwada No. 46, (4) Sion and (5) Dharavi cemeteries for one year from the 1st March 1947, will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on the 11th December 1946 not later than 1 p.m. (Bombay Time).

Tenderers shall have to supply firewood to the different cemeteries at the wholesale controlled rates fixed by Government from time to time and may quote for delivery charges only in respect of each of the above cemeteries separately.

A set of tender forms, specifications, etc., will be given to any one, on payment of Re. 1 only, by the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, Public Health Department, Municipal Offices, Bombay, from whom further information can be obtained.

The tender deposit to be paid along with the tender in case of the first three cemeteries is Rs. 1,000 each and in case of the remaining two cemeteries Rs. 500 each.

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BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.**Tender for Handling Material at Stores Depot and Yards at Khargpur.**

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, B.N. Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, before 12 noon on the 10th December 1946:—

Tender No. 12/13G.—For Handling material at Stores Depot and Yards at Khargpur.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, B. N. Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 3 per copy to the Cashier, B. N. Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office, and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or the representative.

—:—

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.**Tender for Construction of Girder Bridge.**

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 16th December 1946, for construction of 4×20'-0" Girder Bridge (No. 49A) near existing Hingloo Bridge, including construction of embankment for the Railway Track diversion at mile 132 feet 1797 Ondal Sainthis Chord in Asansol Division.

Tender form and all particulars may be obtained till 14th December 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, East Indian Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash which sum will not be returned.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Annual Contract Item Costing Over Rs. 5,000.

Supply of Secretariat Teakwood Tables.

Sealed tenders are invited for the supply of the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, up to 12 noon on the 3rd January 1947:—

Tender No. SP/E/Est/28/CbS/Pt.I.—For the supply of 36 Nos. Tables, Teakwood, Secretariat, 6'×4', as per E. I. Railway design.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount by Money Order direct to the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, Calcutta. No refund is permissible after payment.

Tenders delivered by hand should be presented to the office of the Controller of Stores for registration and then put into the Tender Box outside the Controller of Stores' room by the tenderer or his representative.

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EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.**Tender for Works on Improved Traffic Facilities—Asansol Division.**

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 21st December 1946 for works on improved traffic facilities including provision and extension of Loop at Karmatar in Asansol Division.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till 20th December 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash, which sum will not be returned.

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EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Item Costing Over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Blue, Green and Red Glasses for Hand Signal Lamps.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on or before 12 noon on the 3rd January 1947:—

Tender No. S/SP/Cb2/498 and 499/A.—For the supply of 22,900 Nos. of Glasses—Blue, Green and Red, half round, for Hand Signal Lamps, as per I.R.S. (c) Drg. No. C-1729 and C-1728.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy, to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, direct by Money Order. Once these documents are issued, no refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

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EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.**Extension of Opening Dates of Tenders.**

(1)

The opening date of *Tender No. SP/F/EBI/Bu-69* for supply of 2,606 Nos. Case Outside Short Case Buffer (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 7th November 1946, page 294) has been extended up to the 10th December 1946.

(2)

The opening date of *Tender No. SP/F/EBI/Bu-124* for supply of 5,090 Nos. Buffer Plunger W-358 complete with Spindle Plugs, etc. (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 7th November 1946, page 295), has been extended up to the 10th December 1946.

(3)

The opening date of *Tender No. SP/F/EBI/Bu-77* for supply of 3,120 Nos. Buffer Case Outside (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 7th November 1946, page 295), has been extended up to the 10th December 1946.

(4)

The opening date of *Tender No. SP/F/EBI/Bu-154* for supply of 2,340 Nos. Shank (1'—1" dia. Head) complete with Case Inside, etc. (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 7th November 1946, page 294), has been extended up to the 10th December 1946.

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MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.**Tender for Maintenance Contract of Hubli Sub-Division.**

Sealed tenders will be received by the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, up to 12 hours on Monday, the 16th December 1946, for Maintenance Contract of Hubli Sub-Division—Hubli District, on the Metro Gauge system of this Railway (from Harihar to Londa including Alnavar Dandelli Branch).

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest Money has to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

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NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 404 5/140-S/11 (P4) (Code Word "CXHEC") due on 9-12-46.—Supply of Vast Cotton Ordinary Coloured for Cleaning Purposes—1,000 Cwt.

Tenders are invited on a rupee basis for purchase of the above.

Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Monday, the 9th December 1946, and will be opened at 11 hours on the following working day. Quotations should be submitted on firm's own letter forms in a sealed cover superscribed with the word "Tender". An advance sample may also be submitted along with the tender.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.**Tender No. 1946/33 for the Supply and Fabrication of Steel Work.**

The General Manager, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply and fabrication of approximately 450 tons of Steel Work. Quota Certificates for procuring the necessary steel sections will be issued by the Railway.

The prescribed form of tender with Special Conditions of contract on which tenders will be considered, along with drawings, can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, on payment of Rs. 16 per set, which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted.

Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form and must be placed in an envelope addressed to the General Manager, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, sealed and endorsed "Tender No. 1946/33 for the Supply and Fabrication of Steel Work".

Tenders submitted by hand must be placed in the box provided for their reception in the office of the Secretary to the General Manager. Tenders submitted through the post must be despatched, under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 2,000 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money before the time fixed for opening the tenders without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made *wholly in cash* (on which no interest will be allowed) and the Governor General reserves to himself the right to confiscate the cash deposit, should the successful tenderer fail to put in the Security deposit in terms and conditions of the tender.

Tenders not complying with any of the above Conditions will not be considered.

Tenders will be received at the General Manager's office up to 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on Monday, the 6th January 1947.

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DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(TEXTILE AND LEATHER DIRECTORATE.)

Sale of Scrap Fasteners Tops and Bottom, etc.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of the entire quantity or portion thereof of the following stores in serviceable condition, quoting for each item separately:—

1. Scrap Fasteners Tops and Bottom (complete)	95,378-63 gross.
2. Fasteners and Chapes with Brass Loops	65,000 dozens.
3. Crown of Fasteners	80,000 "
4. Fasteners Scrap Washers	25,000 gross.
5. Fasteners Scrap Base	25,000 "
6. Scrap Fasteners Tops and Bottom complete	839,057 Nos.
7. Scrap Fasteners Tops and Bottom complete	10,157 gross.

Location.—Item No. 1 at Agra; Items 2 to 5 at Cheeki; Item No. 6 at Bombay; and Item No. 7 at Shahjahanpur.

Superscribe reference Tender No.—DGD/Tex-L/SR-10189.

Last date for submission of tenders.—By 4 p.m. on the 16th. December 1946.

Offers to remain open for acceptance till.—15th January 1947.

Earnest Money.—10 per cent of value offered deposited in Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

Tender forms.—Obtainable from the Cashier, Directorate General of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 8 per set (not refundable) in Cash/Money Order.

Permits to view.—The stores can be obtained from the offices of the Director General of Disposals, Textile and Leather Directorate, New Delhi, the Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Bombay, Cawnpore and Lahore, and the Deputy Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Karachi and Madras.

Delivery will be ex-site and removal should be completed within 30 days of issue of Sale letter.

Sales are subject to conditions laid down in Form Con. 117.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS), SOUTHERN CIRCLE, UNITED INDIA LIFE BUILDINGS, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.

Auction Programme for the Month of December 1946.

(Each Auction commences at 10 a.m. unless otherwise stipulated.)

Location.	Date.	Store.	Auctioneer.
E. S. D. Avadi . . .	6-12-46	Surplus Stores—Muck, Muck Panels (Lips, Bars, etc.), and Electrical, Hardware, Jackets, Sheets, etc.	Messrs. Frank Abraham, Bangalore.
Open Yard to the South of Imperial Chemical Shed at the Southern end of the Harbour	7-12-46	Surplus—Steel Lockers and Boxes.	Messrs. Galley & Co., Madras.
R. A. F. Site, Arkonam.	7-12-46 (11 a.m.)	Unserviceable Vehicles.	Messrs. Frank Abraham, Bangalore.
O. I. D. Whitefield . .	9-12-46	Antique clothing items, such as Jackets, Trousers, caps, straps, overboots, etc.	Messrs. Charl & Co., Madras.
Ordnance Clothing Factory, Mount Road, Madras.	9-12-46	A. R. P. Stores, such as Hose Pumps, Water Bottles, etc.	Messrs. Murray & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Parry & Co., Ltd., Madras.	9-12-46 (3 p.m.)	Surplus—M. Straps.	Messrs. Galley & Co., Madras.

Auction Programme—contd.

Location.	Date.	Store.	Auctioneer.
Hindustan Aircraft, Ltd., Bangalore.	10-12-46	Salvage, such as Non-ferrous materials and Waste Stores, etc., and Surplus, such as Electrical, Cables, Hose Canvas Hydraulic and Air Black and Color Powder, Burnswick and Distemper.	Messrs. Charl & Co., Madras.
Plot A1, A2 and B1, B2 (next to Fire Station, South Quay, Madras Harbour).	11-12-46	Surplus—Hardware, Electrical Pumps, Rope, Cargo Nets, etc.	Messrs. Galley & Co., Madras.
M. T. Salvage Depot, Bangalore.	11-12-46 and 12-12-46	Chev., Ford and other Make Vehicles 3 ton 30 cwt. and 15 cwt. Jeeps and Motor Cycles, M. T. Parts, etc.	Messrs. Zackria Sons, Ltd., Madras.
S. S. D., Bangalore	16-12-46 and 17-12-46	Salvage . . .	Messrs. Charl & Co., Madras.
M. T. Salvage Depot, Avadi.	17-12-46, 18-12-46, and 19-12-46	Chev., Ford and other Make Vehicles, 3 ton, 30 cwt. 15 cwt. Jeeps and Motor Cycles, M. T. Parts, etc.	Messrs. Frank Abraham, Bangalore.
S. S. D. Avadi . . .	23-12-46	Usual Salvage Items and Surplus—Shield Lanterns—Hurricane.	Messrs. Galley & Co., Madras.

NOTE.—(1) The main items generally put up for auction at the various Depôts, except where otherwise stipulated, are Aero-scraps, Ferrous and Non-ferrous articles, Ferrous Scrap, Tentage, Cotton and Woollen Clothing, Blankets, Cotton and Woollen Rags, Containers, and many other useful articles unserviceable to the Army.
(2) Motor Vehicles put up for auction are not serviceable ones of the sort which can be driven away from the Depot.
(3) For Auction catalogue and for other particulars, please apply to the Auctioneers indicated.
(4) Inspection can be made at site two days before the date of auction.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Sale of Empties, Grain Sweepings and Deteriorated Commodities.—Empties, Grain Sweepings and deteriorated commodities will be sold by public auction on dates and stations as below by the Divisional Superintendent, E.I. Railway, Assansol. The intending purchasers may contact the Divisional Superintendent, Assansol.

Assansol....10th December 1946.

Ondal....11th December 1946.

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

The following are statements of contracts placed by the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, during the week ending the 23rd November 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

I.—Section SR-1.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
SRI/68809/1.—Screw Coupling without hook, shackle and shackle pin.	1,000 Nos.	Messrs. Praga Tools Corp., Ltd., Kavadijnja Road, Secunderabad (Deccan).	Rs. 37,500 free delivery at Storespara Rly. Station at R. M. rate.

II.—Section SB-1.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
SB-1/135043/11/65.—Roof Carriage Tanks . . .	32 Nos.	The Indian Galvanising Co. (1920), Ltd., Calcutta.	Rs. 4,800 ex-Works.
MP-128353/SB-1/III.—Drawing Instruments Boxes, complete.	60 "	Messrs. K. K. Dass & Co., Calcutta .	5,100 f.o.r. Lucknow.

The following is a statement of contracts placed by the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, during the period 1st October 1946 to 23rd November 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

Section SR-2.

Tender No. and Article.	Item No. as given in the Invitation to Tender.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
1. SR-2/68137/III/75.—Pulleys Wire . . .	2.	3,000 Nos.	The Howrah Engineering Co., Howrah	Rs. A. P. 2,718 12 0 f.o.r. Howrah.
2. SR-2/133741/II/76.—Rails . . .	5	60.85 tons	The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	15,609 0 0 f.o.r. Calcutta.
3. SR-2/128889/IV/77.—Fishbolts, Nuts and Washers.	1 (2	0.2 cwt. 33.2 "		338 10 9 1,372 13 0
4. SR-2/128241/IV/78.—Ditto . . .	1 (2	0.2 " 38 "	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta .	338 10 9 1,365 10 0 f.o.r. Works, Shallmar.
5. SR-2/69338/IV/79.—Ditto . . .	1	110 "		3,678 0 0
6. SR-2/135014/IV/80.—Ditto . . .	1	110 "		3,678 0 0
7. SR-2/134408/II/DEP/82.—Rails . . .	5	108.00 tons	The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	25,358 0 0 f.o.r. Ramkrishnapore.
8. SR-2/135241/IV/83.—Dog spikes . . .	1	400 cwt.	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta .	8,025 0 0 f.o.r. Works, Shallmar.
9. SR-2/135434/III/84.—Plate, Foundation, 'B' Type . . .	1	1,266 Nos.	Messrs. Burn & Co., Ltd., Howrah .	8,545 8 0 free at Howrah.
10. SR-2/135605/III/85.—Hurricane Lanterns.	1	1,000 "	The Ogale Glass Works, Ltd., Olgawadi, Dist. Satara.	3,542 0 0 f.o.r. Karad.
11. SR-2/69576/III/86.—Signalling and Interlocking materials.	18 34 35 50	6 " 200 " 100 " 50 "	Messrs. Saxby & Farmer (India), Ltd., Calcutta.	1,440 0 0 700 0 0 350 0 0 2,100 0 0 f.o.r. Calcutta.
12. SR-2/135587/II/87.—Rails . . .	2	281.25 tons		65,672 0 0
13. SR-2/133672/II/88.—Ditto . . .	10	587.41 "	The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	1,37,160 0 0
14. SR-2/135432/II/89.—Ditto . . .	3	60.77 "		14,100 0 0
15. SR-2/133672/II/90.—Points and Crossings	1 (2 (3	124 Nos. 114 sets 128 Nos.		66,712 0 0 61,560 0 0 65,536 0 0
16. SR-2/133764/II/91.—Crossings, Switches and Stretcher Bars.	8 10	40 sets 40 "	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta	20,880 0 0 f.o.r. Works, Shallmar.
17. SR-2/69614/IV/92.—Dog Spikes, Round Cup.	1	10,000 Nos.		2,160 0 0 2,525 0 0

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI—contd.

Section SR-2—contd.

Tender No. and Article.	Item No. as given in the Invitation to Tender.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
				Rs. A. P.
18. SR-2/133886/1/93.—Crossings and Switches.	11	8 sets	Messrs. Beruck & Comens (Enges.), Ltd., 24-Parganas.	4,330 0 0
	9	8 Nos.		3,560 0 0
	1	123 "		45,510 0 0
19. SR-2/133905/1/94.—Crossings	3	132 "	Messrs. Richardson & Cruddas, Byculla Iron Works, Bombay.	52,140 0 0
	4	123 sets		70,725 0 0
	14	4 Nos.		1,400 0 0
		Tons cwt.		
	11	1 5		693 12 0
	12	7 18		4,384 8 0
20. SR-2/68383/IV/95.—Fang Bolts and Nuts.	13	5 11	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta	3,080 4 0
	14	3 18		2,203 8 0
	15	3 10		1,942 8 0
	2	34 cwt.		979 0 0
21. SR-2/135447/IV/96.—Crossings Bolts with Nuts.	3	27 "		777 15 0
	4	70 "		2,016 14 0
	5	41 "		1,181 5 0
	9	7 "		190 12 0
	10	10 "		272 8 0
22. SR-2/69240/III/97.—Ditto	11	88 "	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta	2,398 0 0
	12	63 "		1,716 12 0
	13	40 "		1,090 0 0
	14	15 "		408 12 0
23. SR-2/68046/IV/98.—Dog Spikes	1	242 "		5,218 0 0
24. SR-2/68043/IV/99.—Ditto	1	130 "		2,803 0 0
25. SR-2/69371/II/100.—Points and Crossings.	1	40 Nos.		21,520 0 0
	2	70 sets		41,580 0 0
26. SR-2/69371/II/101.—Points and Crossings	3	10 Nos.	Messrs. Burn & Co., Ltd., Howrah	5,510 0 0
	4	10 sets		6,900 0 0
27. SR-2/73086/II/102.—Rails	1	Tons cwt. qrs. 5 12 2	The Steel Corporation of Bengal, Ltd., Calcutta.	1,443 0 0
	2	21 cwt.		605 1 0
28. SR-2/135114/IV/103.—Crossing Bolts with Nuts.	3	130 "	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta	3,745 10 0
	4	26 "		749 2 0
29. SR-2/69337/IV/104.—Bolts, Fish, Steel	1	37 "		1,117 0 0
30. SR-2/70967/III/105.—Lamps, Hand, Signal.	3	70 Nos.	Messrs. Dewan Chand & Sons, Lahore	1,225 0 0
31. SR-2/MP/135205/II/1310.—Rail Anchors	1(a)	19,000 "		18,406 4 0
	2(b)	5,000 "	Messrs. P. & M. Co. (England), Ltd., Calcutta.	4,843 12 0
	3(c)	6,000 "		5,812 8 0
32. SR-2/68745/II/106.—Points and Crossings	1	35 "	Messrs. Burn & Co., Ltd., Howrah	19,285 0 0
	2	35 sets		24,150 0 0

DEC. 5 1946.]

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI—contd.

Section SR-2—contd.

Tender No. and Article.	Item No. as given in the Invitation to Tender.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
				Rs. A. P.
33. SR-2/133985/II/DEP/107.—Rails	4	22.85 tons	The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Calcutta	5,387 0 0
	1	1,000 Nos.		3,500 0 0
	2	2,000 "		7,000 0 0
34. SR-2/135189/II/69.—Tie Bars	3	1,500 "	The Bahri Engineering Works, Howrah	5,250 0 0
	4	2,000 "		7,000 0 0
	5	1,500 "		5,250 0 0
	6	6,000 Nos. (40.2 cwt.)		2,050 3 3
	7	5,000 " (29.5 ")		1,504 8 0
35. SR-2/135189/II/70.—Keys, Steel, for Universal Plate Sleepers.	8	9,000 " (71.1 ")	Messrs. Singh Engineering Works, Ltd., Cawnpore.	3,826 1 0
	9	4,000 " (30.75 ")		1,568 4 0
	10	2,000 " (20 ")		1,340 0 0
	11	3,000 " (56.25 ")		4,275 0 0
	1	25 sets		13,425 0 0
36. SR-2/68317/II/108.—Points and Crossings	2	25 "	Messrs. Burn & Co., Ltd., Howrah	14,875 0 0
	3	25 Nos.		11,250 0 0
	4	25 "		11,650 0 0
37. SR-2/138448/II/109.—Rails and Fish-plates.	1	17.85 tons (4,000 r.ft.)	Messrs. Robert Hudson (India), Ltd., Calcutta.	4,506 6 0
	2	382 Nos. (0.52 tons)		166 10 6
38. SR-2/135255/IV/110.—Dog Spikes	1	370 cwt.	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta	8,741 4 0
39. SR-2/134590/IV/111.—Bearing Plates	1	29,312 Nos.	Messrs. Bahri Engineering Co., Howrah	64,120 0 0
40. SR-2/123824/IV/112.—Cotters	1	22,000 "	Messrs. Singh Engineering Works, Ltd., Cawnpore.	4,353 0 0
41. SR-2/128227/IV/113.—Dog Spikes	1	4 tons	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta	1,850 0 0
	1	47 cwt.		1,280 12 0
42. SR-2/69252/IV/114.—Bolts Fangs Sq. head Hex. Nuts.	2	41 "		1,117 4 0
	3	4 "	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta	109 0 0
	4	39 "		1,062 12 0
43. SR-2/69383/IV/115.—Fish Bolts and Nuts	1	7 tons 13 cwt.		4,806 0 0
44. SR-2/71497/II/116.—Keys Steel	1	108,000 Nos.	Messrs. Singh Engineering Works, Ltd., Cawnpore.	27,000 0 0
45. SR-2/MP/133438/II/117.—Keys Ste-warts and wedges.	7	8,000 "	Messrs. Samuel Osborn (India), Ltd., Bombay.	5,360 0 0
	8	8,000 "		2,400 0 0
46. SR-2/128472/IV/118.—C. S. Wheels on M. S. Axles.	3	100 pairs	Messrs. Steel & General Mills Co., Ltd., Lahore.	12,625 0 0
47. SR-2/70037/IV/119.—Fishbolts and Nuts.	2	840 cwt.	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta	26,880 0 0
48. SR-2/134408/II/DEP/129.—Rails	5	38.30 tons	The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	8,943 0 0
49. SR-2/123148/II/12.—Rails and Fishplates	1	200 r.ft. (8.93 tons)		2,209 7 7
	2	102 Nos. (0.348 ")		111 8 6
	9	0.312 tons	Messrs. Robert Hudson (India), Ltd., Calcutta.	99 15 11
50. SR-2/127644/II/122.—Ditto	13	12.45 "		3,305 14 0
51. SR-2/MP/135438/II/123.—Chips, C.I.	12	5,000 Nos.	The Howrah Engineering Co., Howrah	2,422 0 0
52. SR-2/72328/II/124.—Keys, Steel	1	2,000 "	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta	1,083 0 0
	1(a)	1,000 Nos.		85,875 0 0
	1(b)	140 "		6,670 4 0
53. SR-2/72108/II/125.—Channel Sleepers.	2	46 "	Messrs. Braithwaite & Co. (India), Ltd., Calcutta.	2,193 10 0
	3	68 "		3,242 12 0
	4	18 "		858 6 0

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI—*concl'd.*

The following is a statement of contracts placed by the Deputy Director General (Supplies), (SF1 Branch), New Delhi, during the fortnight ending the 28th November 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

SF 1 Branch.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
SF1/1334/16/1/46.—Fire Bricks	1,300 Nos.	The Behar Firebricks and Potteries, Ltd., Mugma.	Rs. 5,312 f.o.r. Barakar.
SF1/132855/2/46.—Belting	12,200 ft.	The Bengal Belting Works, Ltd., Calcutta	15,630 f.o.r. Howrah.
SF1/132396/144/Dep./2/46.—Belting	2,000 "		2,125 }
SF1/132396/2/46.—Belting	38,700 "		53,827 } f.o.r. Sreerampur, Bengal.
SF1/48771/3/46.—I. R. Hose and Canvas	900 "	Messrs. A. K. Sarkar, Calcutta	2,700 f.o.r. Howrah.
SF1/132850/3/46.—Pneumatic Rivet	12 Nos.	Messrs. Jost's Engineering Co., Calcutta	4,668 free at Calcutta.
SF1/68759/2/46.—Canvas Belting	2,650 ft.	The Bengal Belting Works, Ltd., Calcutta	1,028 f.o.r. Calcutta.
SF1/70012/1/46.—Firebricks	1,20,000 Nos.	Messrs. Ishwar Industries, Ltd., Delhi	24,000 }
SF1/70013/1/46.—Firebricks	7,200 "		1,305 } f.o.r. Okhla.
SF1/70018/1/46.—Firebricks	1,00,640 "		21,328 }
SF1/70962/3/46.—Hoses	1,950 ft.	Messrs. A. K. Sarkar	2,093-12-0 f.o.r. Calcutta.
SF1/72692/1/46.—Firebricks	30,000 Nos.	The Behar Potteries, Ltd.	6,075 f.o.r. Rupnarainpur.

FINAL STATEMENT SHOWING THE RAISINGS AND DESPATCHES OF COAL FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1946.

(FURNISHED BY THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF MINES IN INDIA.)

Province.	Raisings.	Despatches.
	Tons.	Tons.
ASSAM	21,010	20,415
BALUCHISTAN	11,681	10,969
BENGAL—		
Darjeeling	207	
Raniganj Coalfield	533,895	546,677
BIHAR—		
Raniganj Coalfield	80,226	79,165
Jharia	890,476	807,327
Rokaro	254,687	248,262
Ramgarh	4,572	4,852
Giridih	12,613	9,730
Jainty	1,796	380
Daltonganj	2,131	2,504
Hutar	175	
Karanpura	77,887	80,547
TOTAL FOR BIHAR	1,324,563	1,232,767

Raisings and Despatches of Coal—*cont'd.*

Province.	Raisings.	Despatches.
	Tons.	Tons.
ORISSA—		
Hingir-Rampur (Sambalpur) Coalfield.	8,276	7,116
CENTRAL PROVINCES—		
Pench Valley Coalfield (Chhindwara).	88,275	79,697
Chanda Coalfield	15,565	13,247
Yeotmal	1,380	1,018
Bilaspur		
TOTAL FOR CENTRAL PROVINCES	105,220	93,962
PUNJAB	13,650	13,390
SIND	1,151	1,441
GRAND TOTAL	2,039,653	1,926,737

N.B.—Hard and soft coke despatched from collieries = 64,237 tons.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

1.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 22nd November 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	1,266	2,520	12,265	16,537	
2. Gujarat			25	42	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan	288	92	466	1,111	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan	591	1,125	6,492	12,117	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	224	1,680	5,114	13,883	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	1,103	2,006	12,127	27,153	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Sind	14,411	22,886	125,468	144,210	
Bengal—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Bengal	270 *	118	2,816	1,575	
United Provinces—					Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
1. Upper Doab					Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
2. Middle Doab					Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
3. Lower Doab and Rande-khand					Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almorah, Garhwal.
4. Rohilkhand					Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
5. Rest of the Province					
TOTAL					
Punjab—					Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
1. Ambala	716	1,505	(a) 2,049	3,331	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
2. Jullundur	150		150		Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
3. Lahore	590	714	(b) 1,548	2,087	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
4. Rawalpindi		100	(c) 10,036	12,326	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
5. Multan	5,318	6,913			Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
6. Ferozepore	8,263	2,258	(d) 8,479	5,234	
TOTAL	10,037	11,580	22,262	23,078	
Central Provinces—					Jubbulpore, Saugor.
1. Jubbulpore					Hoshangabad.
2. Nerbudda					Nimar.
3. Nimar	11	506	22	526	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
4. Nagpur	1,198	778	1,814	912	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
5. Satpura					Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
6. Chhattisgarh					
TOTAL	1,209	1,284	1,836	1,438	
Berar—					Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Berar	6,391	12,363	14,136	25,149	
Assam—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Assam	(f)	125		125	
Ajmer-Merwara—					The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Ajmer-Merwara	463	511	2,144	401	
Madras—					The whole of the Province.
Madras*	570	2,361	(e) 24,330	42,724	
GRAND TOTAL	34,472	53,934	205,119	265,853	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.

* For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 31st August 1946.

(a) Includes 133 bales not reported before.

(b) " 57 " " " " "

(c) " 708 " " " " "

(d) " 128 " " " " "

(e) " 330 " " " " "

(f) Return not yet received.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 22nd November 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	863	1,029	3,106	9,640
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	(a)	515	1,881	5,252
Gwalior	(a)	..	427	244
Punjab States— Bahawalpur	(a)	3,032	..	5,949
Nabha	..	..	..	..
Jind	(a)	131	..	131
Faridkot	(a)	411	..	753
Patiala	(a)	2,602	2,118	5,415
Malerkotla	..	..	..	..
Khairpur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	6,266	2,118	12,248
Rajputana States— Mewar	..	..	..	..
Bikaner	440	..	660	..
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..
Jaipur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	440	..	660	..
Central India States— Indore	..	..	..	..
Bhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..
Ratlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	..	..	..	..
Barwani	..	..	..	..
Jhabua	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	..	..	..	..

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 22nd November 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES— Western India States Agency— Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Junagadh	(a)	..	5,950	..
Dhrangadhra	(a)	..	1,506	..
Morvi	(a)	..	286	42
Cutch	(a)	..	..	..
Nawanagar	(a)	..	..	..
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Gondal	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	(a)	..	..	640
Limbdi	..	..	..	..
Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mull	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station). . . .	..	..	..	..
Katosan	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Malva	..	..	..	..
Bantva Majmu	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency— Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhota Udepur	..	..	..	..
Cambay	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Balsanor	..	..	..	..
Pandit Mewas	..	..	..	..
Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gothda	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency— Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Jamkhandi	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savanur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	..	..	7,742	692
GRAND TOTAL	1,303	8,710	15,934	28,066

(a) Statement not yet received.

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 22nd November 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelly	..	346	37,247	40,785
Nadam, Bourbon and Uppam	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	254	1,032	(a) 92,642	78,606
Karunganni	..	..	40,975	..
Northerns	56	983	6,163	172,540
Westerns	154	..	61,567	..
Mungari	..	..	968	..
Cocanadas	115	..	8,627	9,968
TOTAL	579	2,361	248,580	307,008

(a) Includes 330 bales not reported before.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS FOR CENTRAL SUGAR FACTORIES* FOR THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 31ST OCTOBER 1946.

(Issued by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, India, under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935.)

CONSOLIDATED FORTNIGHTLY STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS

(For Central Sugar Factories)

For the Fortnight ending the 31st October 1946.

On the basis of returns received from factories under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935, the following statements have been compiled, showing the production and stocks of sugar by groups:—

GROUPING OF FACTORIES.

Group Symbol.	Estimated No. of Factories operating in the Group.		No. of Factories in the Group from which returns have been received.		Territories covered.
	Current Season.†	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.‡	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight Previous Season.	
A	6	4	5	4	Kashmir, N.-W.F.P., Punjab and Sind: Kashmir.—Jammu. N.-W.F.P.—Mardan. Punjab.—Lahore, Shahpur, Gujranwala, Ambala and Jullundur. Sind.—Nawabshah. (Including Indian States.) West United Provinces.—Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Meerut, Nainital, Rampur, Etah and Moradabad. (Including Indian States.) Central United Provinces.—Bareilly, Pilibhit, Kheri, Shahjahanpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Lucknow, Cawnpore, Gonda and Allahabad. (Including Indian States.) Eastern United Provinces.—Barabanki, Bahraich, Jaunpur, Basti and Gorakhpur. (Including Indian States.) Bihar: North Bihar.—Champaran, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga and Purnea. South Bihar.—Bhagalpur, Shahabad, Patna and Gaya. (Including Indian States.) Bengal, Madras, Bombay, Orissa, Assam (including Indian States) and Central India States.
B	23	24	22	20	
C	16	16	16	14	
D	30	29	27	27	
E	29	29	27	28	
F	41	38	32	35	
TOTAL	145	140	129	128	

NOTE.—The percentage cane crushing capacity of these 129 factories is estimated at 92, as against 91 for the 128 factories during the corresponding fortnight of the previous season.

*These statements relate to Central Sugar Factories only and not to all sugar factories. For the definition of "Central Sugar Factory" and "Sugar Factory", please see Rule 2 of the Sugar Production Rules, 1935. For complete figures of sugar production, please see the "Monthly Statistics of Production of Certain Selected Industries of India".

†Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1945-46.

‡Based on returns for the Final Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1944-45.

Consolidated Fortnightly Statement of Sugar Production and Stocks (by Groups) for the Fortnight ending the 31st October 1946.

REPORT No. XXIV (SEASON 1945-46).

A.—Stocks.

Group Symbol.	Opening Stock.		Closing Stock.	
	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
A	Mds. 6,380	Mds. 34,576	Mds. 4,852	Mds. 11,503
B	380,362	428,216	253,109	286,258
C	653,135	474,405	445,437	373,887
D	807,191	267,818	590,185	186,703
E	888,230	736,739	716,135	591,718
F	553,886	812,807	474,988	679,382
TOTAL	3,291,193	2,754,650	2,484,706	2,129,451

B.—Production.

Group Symbol.	Production during the Fortnight (Current Year).						Total Production.	
	Crystall.			Crushed.			Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fort. night of the Previous Season.
	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.	Mds.	Mds.
A	Mds. 293	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
B	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
C	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
E	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	124
F	77,122	..	..	..	450	..	77,572	83,109
TOTAL	77,415	..	..	..	450	..	77,865	83,233

C.—Despatches.

Group Symbol.	Despatches.			Total for Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	During the Current Fortnight.			
	Crystal.	Crushed.	Total.	
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
A	1,416	121	1,537	23,072
B	127,546	..	127,546	141,958
C	207,698	..	207,698	100,608
D	217,004	2	217,006	31,115
E	171,820	275	172,095	145,145
F	156,028	1,542	158,470	216,534
TOTAL	882,412	1,940	884,352	708,432

RESULTS OF AUCTION TEA SALES IN CALCUTTA.

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

FOR CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.									
Districts.	SEASON 1946-1947.				SEASON 1945-1946.				
	Sold in Sale No. 20, 26th and 27th November.		Sold to Sale No. 20, 27th November 1946.		Sold in Sale No. 22, 27th and 28th November.		Sold to Sale No. 22, 28th November 1945.		
	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
Assam	6,023	1 6 4	79,596	1 2 9	11,653	0 14 5	117,230	0 14 2	
Cachar	114	1 5 2	5,153	1 0 11	1,424	0 12 11	11,195	0 11 7	
Sylhet	1,020	1 4 4	14,589	1 1 1	2,495	0 12 8	28,643	0 11 8	
Darjeeling	1,033	1 8 5	13,612	1 4 7	14	0 10 10	12,172	1 2 3	
Dooars	3,864	1 4 6	65,963	1 0 11	6,899	0 13 3	103,767	0 12 9	
Terai	690	1 5 1	8,020	1 1 4	450	0 12 6	4,224	0 12 1	
Tripura	210	1 3 9	1,664	1 0 8	204	0 12 8	1,400	0 10 5	
Chittagong	12	1 4 9	455	1 3 0	17	0 10 0	800	0 11 1	
All other places	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Green Tea	13,586	1 5 7	189,042	1 2 0	23,156	0 13 9	279,431	0 13 5	
	226	1 8 1	6,714	1 6 1	1,003	1 0 3	11,921	1 0 8	
Total	13,812	1 5 8	195,756	1 2 2	24,159	0 13 10	291,352	0 13 6	
(The above do not include Second-hand Tea, Damaged Tea and Dust.)									
Dust	18,531	1 4 11	224,377	1 2 2	18,359	0 14 9	284,057	0 14 4	
Green Tea for Export.									
Sold in Sale No. 20, 26th November.				Sold to Sale No. 20, 26th November 1946.					
Packages.		Average Price per lb.		Packages.		Average Price per lb.			
Nil		Nil		252		Rs. A. P. 2 6 1			
Season 1946-1947									

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PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS.

[NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of report.]

BONE MEAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 2nd December—

(1) And steamed per ton f. a. s.	Rs. 210
(2) And unsteamed „ „	200
(3) 1/2 th „ „	200

CEMENT—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 28th November—

Indian Portland f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load)	Rs. 60 per ton.
---	-----------------

†London, 24th September—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d site, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (6 ton loads and upwards), per ton	57s. 0d.†
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COAL—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 29th November—

	Per ton F. O. R.
(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Rs. 13-5
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Rs. 12-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7
(4) Deshergarh	Rs. 13-5
(5) Ponlati	Rs. 13-5
(6) Raneegunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7

‡Bombay, 8th, 15th & 22nd November—

	Ready per ton.
(1) Deshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Rs. 11-7
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Rs. 14-1

‡Bombay, 1st December—

	Per ton.
Railborne Coal (Trimmed into Bunkers in Docks) (p)	Rs. 39-12
Seaborne Coal („ „ „ (p)	Rs. 64-8

‡Karachi, 27th November—

First Class Bengal (Trimmed into Bunkers), per ton	Rs. 70 (seaborne).
--	--------------------

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.

§ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

|| Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.

¶ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

(p) Prices are subject to Sales Tax.

COFFEE—

Market Quotations—

**Colombatore—

16th November—

	Per cwt.
(1) Plantation "A"	Rs. 122 to Rs. 124
(2) "PB"	Rs. 142 to Rs. 144
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 100 to Rs. 102
(4) Robusta „ „	Rs. 83 to Rs. 84

23rd November—

	Rs.
(1) Plantation "A"	Rs. 122 to Rs. 123
(2) "PB"	Rs. 143 to Rs. 144
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 99 to Rs. 100
(4) Robusta „ „	Rs. 84 to Rs. 85

COTTON (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise)†	42,383	28,802	
Karachi by rail	20,322	13,894	
Madras by rail and sea	1,674	1,277	
Tuticorin by rail and sea	286	431	
Calcutta by rail and river			

(ii) From 1st September to 24th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales*)	1946.	1945.
Into Bombay†	224	130	

(iii) Imports by sea during the three months ending February 1946 (into all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales*)	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	Sept., 1945.
Egypt and Anglo-Egyptian Sudan	16	7	26	54	
East Africa‡	77	12	6	158	
United States of America	1	..	..	1	
Other Countries	..	..	4	4	
TOTAL, 1946	94	19	36	217	
" 1945	6	24	53	157	
" 1944	58	26	34	166	

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales*)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta			
Bombay	19,440	123	
Karachi	..	7,582	
Madras	..	..	
Tuticorin	..	..	

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

** Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.

† The East India Cotton Association's Report for week ending 26th October, 1946.

‡ Kenya Colony, Tanganyika Territory and Uganda Protectorate.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(ii) From 1st September to 25th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	78	8
" Karachi	10	36
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending February, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *)			
	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Feb., 1946.
United Kingdom	10	7	28	91
U. S. A.	29	31	35	125
Australia	..	..	14	18
Other Countries	16	28	13	109
TOTAL, 1945-46	55	66	83	341
" 1944-45	15	11	20	113
" 1943-44	10	13	40	144

(c) Market Quotations—**† Bombay—**

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs.

	8th Nov.	15th Nov.	22nd Nov.
	Ra. 456	Ra. 460	Ra. 459
	(Jan.)	(Jan.)	(Jan.)

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,438,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,580,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—**(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	254	254
Bombay	1	1,513	1,514
Karachi	..	270	270
Madras	..	182	182

(ii) From 1st January to 26th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	11,212	11,232
Bombay	9	78,214	78,223
Karachi	44	8,164	8,208
Madras	..	10,352	10,352

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 25th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	..	..	8	13	20	6
Bombay	..	..	1	4	7	25
Karachi	..	..	46	..	96	7
Madras	..	..	13	..	8	..

(c) Market Quotations—**• Bombay, 29th November—****Grey unbleached—**

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	..	..
(2) Domestic 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.	..	..
(3) Chaddars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	..	..
(4) Dhories (up to ¼" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs.	..	..
(5) Dhories (Calcutta, ¼" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	2	4 0

† Manchester, 20th September—

Price Index of cloth	244
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1933.)	

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—**(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	577	577
Bombay	..	6,100	6,100
Karachi	..	5	5
Madras	..	1,240	1,240

(ii) From 1st January to 26th October, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	36,855	36,898
Bombay	..	323,667	323,667
Karachi	..	5,684	5,684
Madras	..	32,960	32,960

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	2
Bombay	..	2
Madras	..	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.**COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—****• Bombay, 29th November—**

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	..	..
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, ..	1	1 9

† Manchester, 20th September—

Price index of American yarn	241
" " " Egyptian "	229
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	5	..
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—**Market Quotations—****Cow Hides—****‡ Calcutta, 29th November—**

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..
(2) Darbhanga	..	..
(3) Patnas	..	..
(4) Salted cows, Daccas	Ra. 17-8 to Ra. 18-8	per 20 lbs.

Buffalo Hides—**‡ Calcutta, 29th November—**

(1) Arsenic, Framed	..	..
(2) " Commons	Ra. 13-0 to Ra. 15-0	per 20 lbs.

Goat Skins—**‡ Calcutta, 29th November—**

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Ra. 270 to Ra. 300
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Ra. 180 " Ra. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—**Market Quotations—****‡ Madras, 21st November—**

	Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—		
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0 to	2 5 0
(2) Buff hides "	1 12 0 "	1 14 0
(3) Sheep skins "	5 15 0 "	7 10 0
(4) Goat skins "	5 0 0 "	6 0 0

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—**Market Quotations—****• Calcutta, 29th November—****Pig Iron—**

Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Ra. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Ra. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Ra. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Ra. 98

† London, 24th September—

Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£ s. d.
Steel, rails, heavy " "	15 12 0

JUTE (RAW)—**(a) Arrivals—**

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales ‡.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta‡ by rail, river and sea	57	72
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	84	103
TOTAL	141	175

(ii) From 1st July to 26th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales ‡.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta‡ by rail, river and sea	770	1,022
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	879	1,282
TOTAL	1,649	2,304

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales ‡.)	
	1946.	1945.

Exports by sea—

From Calcutta and Chittagong	11	13
------------------------------	----	----

(ii) From 1st July to 26th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales ‡.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	420	454

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(iii) During the three months ending February, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales.)*			
	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	July '45 to Feb., 1946.
United Kingdom	56	43	41	321
United States of America	41	68	44	244
Brazil	..	..	31	87
Australia	3	1	..	10
Other Countries	116	93	123	704
TOTAL, 1945-46	216	203	239	1,366
" 1944-45	73	105	87	636
" 1943-44	72	110	122	703

(c) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 29th November—**

- (1) European Jat Middle (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 37-0
 (2) Indian Jat Middle (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 35-0

‡ Calcutta, 3rd December—

- (1) Firsts, per bale (400 lbs.) { Rs. 165-0†
 { Rs. 170-0‡
 (2) Lightnings .. { Rs. 180-0†
 { Rs. 165-0‡

London, 28th November—

- Daisee C. & F., per ton £ s. d.
 73 10 0

Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1916 is estimated at 5,550,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 7,991,000 bales in 1945 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking ..	1,538	547
Hessian ..	475	96

(ii) From 1st January to 26th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking ..	228,034	198,137
Hessian ..	58,537	78,420

(b) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 29th November—**

- B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×28½", 6×8", per 100 bags Rs. 101-0 (Ready).

* 1 Bale=400 lbs.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Exports.

§ Mills.

¶ Supplied by Messrs. Landale & Morgan.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking ..	40	35
Hessian ..	2,938	930

(ii) From 1st January to 26th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking ..	20,743	17,830
Hessian ..	1,083,699	1,030,340

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 29th November—**

- (1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds. Rs. 36-12 (Ready).
 (2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds. Rs. 46-4 (Ready).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—**

- Calcutta, 2nd December—
 Groundnut Cake, per md. Rs. 5-10‡

OILSEEDS—**CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—****† Bombay—**

- Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt. 8th Nov. 15th and 22nd Nov.
 Rs. 24-12 Rs. 24-8
 London, 28th November—
 Castorseed (Bombay), per ton £ s. d.
 47 0 0

COCONUTS—**Market Quotations—****† Cochin, 23rd November—**

- Coconuts, per 1,000 Rs. 187

COPRA—**Market Quotations—****† Cochin, 23rd November—**

- Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs. Rs. 470

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 ‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
 § Govt. control rate.

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports	..	..

(b) Market Quotations—*** Bombay, 31st October—**

- Cotton seed, per Indian Md. Rs. 6-3-0

GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—****† Bombay—**

- (1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt. 8th Nov. 15th Nov. 22nd Nov.
 Rs. 35-12 Rs. 36-0 Rs. 37-0
 (2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt. Rs. 35-0 Rs. 35-0 Rs. 36-8

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations—****† Madras, 21st November—**

- Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs. Rs. 29-15

† Bombay—

- 8th November—
 Khandesh, per cwt. Rs. 23-0
 Bold, per cwt. 15th Nov. 22nd Nov.
 Rs. 23-4 Rs. 22-12
 London, 18th April—
 Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton £ s. d.
 38 0 0

LINSEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	228	1,591
Bombay, by rail and sea	222	973
Karachi, by rail and river	..	42
Vizagapatam, by rail	..	..

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	..

* Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 ‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—concl.**LINSEED—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—***** Bombay—**

- (1) Bold, per cwt. 8th Nov. 15th Nov. 22nd Nov.
 Rs. 24-0 Rs. 24-12 Rs. 24-10
 (2) Small, per cwt. Rs. 24-1 Rs. 24-9 Rs. 24-5

† Calcutta, 29th November—

- Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md. Rs. 22-0 (Ready).

London, 2nd May—

- Linseed, Bombay, per ton £ s. d.
 46 10 0

RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	52	402
Bombay, by rail and sea	..	25
Karachi, by rail and river	52	100

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	4,101

(c) Market Quotations—**† Karachi, 27th November—**

- Rapeseed and/or Toria (including bags) Per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately. Rs. 107-0‡

*** Bombay, 29th June, 1945—**

- (1) Brown, Cawapore, per cwt. Rs. 13-0 (n)
 (2) Yellow, .. Rs. 23-0 (n).

London, 13th April—

- Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £ s. d.
 39 10 0

* Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 † Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 ‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 § Sind Govt. controlled price ex-godown in Karachi City.
 (n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 29th November—

	Permaund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 63-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 62-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 61-8-0

† Madras, 21st November—

Castor Oil, per candy of 800 lbs. Rs. 275

COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin, 23rd November—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality,	Rs. 692-8 Ready.
per candy (654 lbs.).	Rs. 675-0 One month.

GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

† Madras, 23rd November—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 600 lbs. Rs. 240

OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 29th November—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	Rs. 4-4-3 ½
	Rs. 4-7-3 ¾
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	Rs. 3-13-6 ½
	Rs. 4-0-6 ¾

PETROL—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 29th November—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		2,930	2,314

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.

|| Ex-godown.

¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.

** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 26th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		224,804	36,287

From 1st January to 26th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	22,223

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 29th November—

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	—†
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	—†
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	—†

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 29th November—

T. N. per B. maund	Rs. 125
London, 28th November—	
T. N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d. 17 15 0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—**(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea		600	3,045
" Bombay by rail		981	962
" Karachi " "		422	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
* A grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
* B grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
* C grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
	Java. Mauri- Europe. Other Countries. TOTAL.		
Imports into—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..

TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 16th & 23rd November—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	20 11 6 to 21 13 6	16 1 6 to 16 12 6
Balrampur, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	21 2 0	16 8 0
Basti, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	21 0 0	16 8 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	21 6 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	20 15 6	16 5 0
Ross, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta (16th Nov. '46)	8,522	(17th Nov. '45)	29,536
Bombay (9th " ")	15,000	(" " ")	..
Karachi (16th " ")	17,828	(" " ")	..
Madras (7th " ")	11,212	(10th Nov. '45)	20,283
† Calcutta (23rd " ")	9,531	(24th " ")	28,631
Karachi (" " ")	16,468	(22nd " ")	21,172
Madras (21st " ")	8,385	(" " ")	17,112

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending 23rd November:—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.

Refining—

(1) Siwa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..

Eating—

(3) Madras	20	13 0
(4) Ahmednagar	..	12 0
(5) Lyallpur	..	14 4
(6) Muzaffarnagar	12 2	8 8
(7) Meerut	..	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	18 0	9 0
(9) Dacca (best quality)	40 0	17 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Calcutta.

† Kidderpore Docks only.

TEA—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		15,690	21,586

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		232	877
" Chittagong		..	..

(ii) During the three months ending February, 1946 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)			
	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	July '45 to Feb., 1946
United Kingdom .	18,967	27,182	9,726	210,653
Iraq	..	..	553	1,480
Iran	60	60	3,087	5,571
Canada . . .	200	..	793	18,720
United States of America . . .	5,378	10,315	2,338	47,457
Australia . .	2,709	2,119	..	13,777
Other Countries .	4,782	2,012	1,351	18,211
TOTAL, 1945-46 .	32,096	41,688	17,848	315,869
" 1944-45 .	48,487	40,963	22,398	324,412
" 1943-44 .	16,366	27,831	44,333	280,357

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 26th & 27th November—

† Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. Rs. 1-4-11

WHEAT—**(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
	Indian. Foreign. Indian. Foreign.		
Imports into—			
Calcutta	..	8,332	609
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	19

* Relating to tea, black.

† See also page 510.

‡ In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..

During week ending 26th October, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi	..	..	..

(b) From 1st April to 26th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
		Indian*. Foreign.	Indian*. Foreign.
Imports into—			
Calcutta	..	778	84,869
Bombay	..	3,290	4,022
Karachi	..	97,656	81,088

From 1st April to 26th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..

From 1st April to 26th October, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi	..	101,939	58,754

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 31st October—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 29th November—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—contd.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur

Rs. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1945-46 is not estimated at 8,882,000 tons, as against 10,458,000 tons in 1944-45.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 27th November—

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality
Per md. (82 lbs.)

Rs. 102

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 29th November—

	Date	Rate	Linseed
	(50 c. ft.)	(20 cwt.)	
		Plus 15% Surcharge.	
London §	..	80	91
Liverpool §	..	80	91
Dundee §	..	80	91
Glasgow §	..	80	91

‡ Bombay, 8th, 15th & 22nd November—

Cotton (40 c. ft.)—	..	..	..
United Kingdom ports	..	..	..
Antwerp	..	..	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..	..	..
Trieste, Venice	..	..	..
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—	..	..	..
Linseed, Rape, etc.—	..	..	..
United Kingdom ports	..	..	..
Antwerp	..	..	..
Marseilles	..	..	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..	..	..
Trieste, Venice	..	..	..
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—	..	..	..
Cotton, etc.—	..	..	..
United Kingdom ports	..	..	..
Marseilles	..	..	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..	..	..
Groundnuts—	..	..	..
United Kingdom ports	..	..	..

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(a) Nominal.

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Bombay.

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BHARAT A.C. TARA D.C. & A.C.
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Our "Ranjit FANS" have outstanding value"
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MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Wednesday evening

Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 11th December 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 10th December 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 2,09,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 per cent were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 1,67,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-7-0 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) on Tuesday, the 17th December 1946, at Bombay and up to the close of business on Monday, the 16th December 1946, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 20th December 1946. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 6th December 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 6,02,75,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 9th December—

British Conversion (3½ per cent)	115
British War Loan (3½ per cent)	107½

EXCHANGE—

9th December—

	Selling.	Buying.
Telegraphic Transfer	1s. 5½d.	1s. 6½d.
On New York D/D \$100—	Rs. 332½	Rs. 329½
London/New York	\$4-02½	

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 10th December—

Gold (999 fineness), per tola, spot	Rs. 99-4.
---	-----------

London, 25th October—

Gold, per fine oz.	£8-12-3
----------------------------	---------

Silver—

Bombay—

10th December—

Silver (999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot	Rs. 140.
--	----------

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

9th December—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas	Rs. 134-12
---	------------

London, 4th December—

Silver, spot, per fine oz.	55½d.
------------------------------------	-------

New York, 4th December—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz.	90½ cents.
------------------------------------	------------

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 29TH NOVEMBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 8th December 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	750,03,40,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	345,08,97,000
3. Cash in India—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	37,68,75,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	3,02,30,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	73,77,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	79,93,40,000
5. Advances in India	438,10,29,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	23,28,43,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

29-11-46. 22-11-46. 30-11-45. 1-9-39.

1. Demand Liabilities in India	750,03,40	767,90,16	673,73,85	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	345,08,97	329,54,75	273,15,24	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	41,44,82	42,91,65	36,32,92	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	79,93,40	82,50,25	84,32,25	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	438,10,29	414,60,70	271,33,29	101,52,16
6. Bills discounted in India	23,28,43	22,59,25	17,68,42	3,57,29

60% SAVING IN CURRENT
INDIA FANS
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MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 29th November 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Assets.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	58,62,71,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	26,99,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,94,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	450,89,91,000	(a) Internal	—
(2) Government of Burma	50,98,000	(b) External	—
(3) Other Government Accounts	23,47,23,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,64,87,000
(b) Banks	82,03,94,000	Balances held abroad*	486,01,60,000
(c) Others	18,25,09,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	—
Bills Payable	3,84,80,000	Other Loans and Advances	10,75,000
Other Liabilities	7,61,80,000	Investments	26,03,17,000
		Other Assets	23,81,72,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	597,32,75,000	TOTAL ASSETS	597,32,75,000

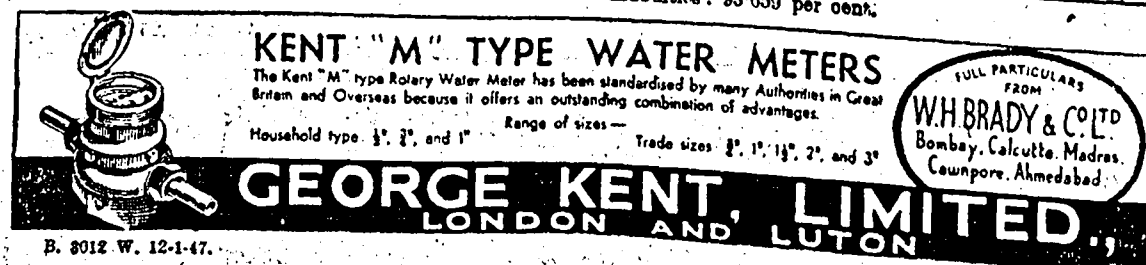
*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 29th November 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	Assets.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	58,62,71,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,200,98,24,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	—	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
Total Notes issued		1,259,60,95,000	Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		22,02,47,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,14,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		—
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,259,60,95,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,259,60,95,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities : 93.659 per cent.



KENT "M" TYPE WATER METERS
The Kent "M" type Rotary Water Meter has been standardised by many Authorities in Great Britain and Overseas because it offers an outstanding combination of advantages.
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NOTES.

ALL-INDIA INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES OF FOOD ARTICLES—

The following Press Note, dated the 26th November 1946, has been issued by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi :—

The Economic Adviser's All-India index of wholesale prices of Food Articles (Base : last week of August 1939 = 100) for the week ended November 9, 1946, worked out to 259.6 as compared with 259.5 for the previous week and 237.9 for the corresponding week of the previous year.

During the week, the group index for 'Pulses' advanced by 3 points to 358 as a result of a rise in the price of Gram at Patna from Rs. 16-8-0 per maund to Rs. 17-0-0 per maund. The group index for 'Cereals' and 'Other Food Articles' remained stationary at 281 and 209, respectively.

The following Press Note, dated the 2nd December 1946, has been issued by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi :—

The Economic Adviser's all-India index of wholesale prices of Food Articles (Base : last week of August 1939 = 100) for the week ended November 16, 1946, worked out to 262.8 as compared with 259.6 for the previous week and 237.1 for the corresponding week of the previous year.

During the week, the group index for 'Pulses' further advanced by 4 points to 362 as a result of a rise in the prices of Gram. The group index for 'Other Food Articles' also increased to 216 from 209 due mainly to an increase in the average price of Tea at Calcutta for internal consumption from Rs. 1-1-10 to Rs. 1-3-11 per lb. The group index for Cereals, however, remained stationary at 281.

EXCHANGE PERMITS FOR EXPORTS TO PERSIA—

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd August 1946 :—

His Majesty's Commercial Secretary at Teheran has advised the Board of Trade that the Persian Government issued a decree in March of this year under which exporters have to surrender all their foreign exchange receipts to the authorized banks at the official rate. Ninety per cent of this foreign exchange may be re-purchased by the seller within two months of the date of sale or the right of re-purchase of this foreign exchange may be sold to an importer if the holder does not wish to import himself. In addition, the Persian Exchange Control will issue exchange purchase permits to importers who desire to import "essential" goods. Among the goods regarded as essential are industrial and agricultural machinery and spare parts, drugs, chemicals and dyes, cotton piecegoods, lorries and lorry tyres, books and printed matter. The Persian Government hold reserves of sterling and it is understood that exchange purchase permits for the import of essential goods will be issued by the Persian Exchange Control fairly freely and will remain valid for twelve months from the date of issue. The importer can apply for an exchange permit as soon as he has received a firm offer from his supplier.

All foreign exchange which is used for the importation of goods must be remitted by means of documentary credits only, whether the exchange emanates from the bank through exchange purchase permits or is provided through ninety per cent of sale of exporters exchange. Should such credits remain unutilized ten months after the opening date, the opener may alter the credit to a new one or he may transfer the relative foreign exchange to another importer for opening documentary credits.

Extension or amendment of the terms of documentary credits opened prior to March 21, 1946, in sterling and any other currencies of the sterling area may be effected at the request of the opener up to March 20, 1947. In such cases, the permission of the Exchange Commission is not required, but alteration of the name of the beneficiary, when the foreign exchange is supplied by the Commission, is considered as opening a new credit and is, therefore, subject to production of an exchange purchase permit.

In view of these regulations and of the present economic situation in Persia generally, exporters would be well advised to ship goods to Persia only where they are quite satisfied that their customer has sterling available. In case of doubt, probably the most satisfactory way of ensuring payment would be for exporters to ship goods to Persia only where an irrevocable credit has been opened with an order or on similar terms.

GIFT PARCELS SENT TO THE UNITED KINGDOM FROM OVERSEAS—

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 17th August 1946 :—

In view of recent publicity about the alleged seizures of gift parcels from overseas, the Board of Trade issue the following statement :—

Under the Import of Goods (Control) Orders, all goods brought into this country must have an import licence. A concession is, however, made concerning unsolicited gift parcels.

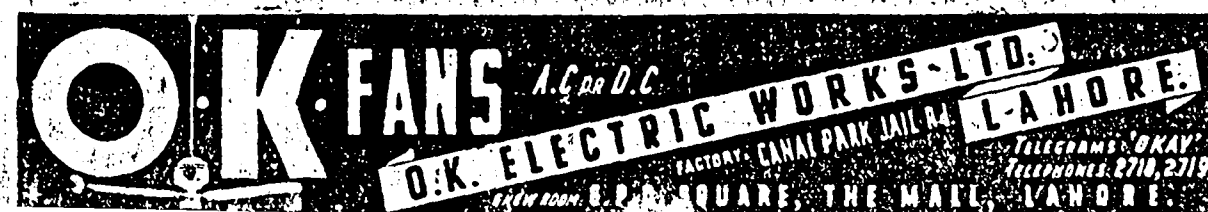
Under this concession, such gift parcels are allowed in without an import licence providing they fulfil the main requirements that not more than one per month is sent and that no parcel totals more than 11 lbs. gross weight and does not contain more than 7 lbs. of foodstuffs or more than 2 lbs. of any one foodstuff. These limitations are well known abroad and have been issued to the press in this country.

Parcels which do not comply with these conditions are stopped by H. M. Customs and subsequently handed over to approved charitable organizations without payment. When a parcel is seized in this way, the addressee is always notified in writing.

Out of several million gift parcels received from all sources during the first five months of this year, the total number seized and handed over to charitable organizations was only 125.

These regulations are regarded by the Ministry of Food as necessary in order to ensure that the general "fair shares" principle of food rationing is not upset.

A possible explanation of the complaints of non-arrival may be that some commercial firms overseas who make a business of sending food parcels to this country are so overwhelmed with orders that considerable delays take place before the parcels are actually dispatched.



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TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

FOREIGN—

Horse Hair Weaving.

(77-65) An enquiry has been received from London for suppliers of Horse Hair weaving in India. Samples are available for inspection.

Leather Cloth and Artificial Leather.

(77-66) A correspondent in Alexandria (Egypt) enquires for suppliers of Leather Cloth and Artificial Leather in India.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

CROPS. Madras, week ending 23rd November.—Rainfall heavy in Guntur, Nellore and Tanjore; moderate in Kistna, Chingleput, South Arcot, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madras, Malabar and Nilgiris; fair in Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Chittoor, Ramnad and Tinnevely; and light or nil elsewhere. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Anantapur, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara and of dry crops in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, Guntur, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Salem, Coimbatore and Ramnad proceeding. Standing crops generally fair except in Guntur. Harvesting of paddy in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Bellary, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madras, South Kanara and Nilgiris in progress. Outturn generally fair. Orissa, week ending 2nd December.—Rainfall light at Berhampur and no rain elsewhere. Harvesting of winter paddy in all districts in progress. Pressing of sugarcane in Puri district commenced. Standing crops, including sugarcane, paddy and tobacco, generally thriving. Punjab, week ending 2nd December.—Rainfall, varying in amount from 0.03" to 2.10", received in parts of all districts except Hissar, Gurgaon, Lahore and Dera Ghazi Khan. It proved beneficial to standing crops. Condition of standing crops generally average to good. Assam, dated 2nd December.—Weather generally seasonable and its effects on crops

fair. Prospects and outturn of crops good. Bengal, week ending 27th November.—Slight rainfall in some districts reported. Prospects of standing crops generally satisfactory. Harvesting aman paddy continuing in some districts and sowing of rabi crops progressing all over Province. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 30th November.—Weather generally clear and cool with occasional passing clouds. Isolated showers received at places in Mandla, Hoshangabad, Nimar, Chanda and Amraoti districts. Damage to kharif and rabi crops in Betul tahsil (Betul) and Chhindwara district estimated 2 to 3 annas. Harvesting and threshing of paddy in full swing. Picking of cotton in progress. Sowings of rabi crops nearing completion. Resowing of wheat started in some areas of Multai tahsil (Betul). Recent rains facilitated sowing of utera crops in Janjgir tahsil (Bilaspur). Germination of rabi crops generally satisfactory except in Jubbulpore district where reported poor. Standing crops, on the whole, in fairly satisfactory condition.

Cotton. Bombay, 4th December.—During early part of season forward cotton prices displayed considerable strength on bullish pressure. Subsequently profit-selling on large scale, however, pressed down prices almost to opening level and at close even below it. Undertone of market towards close of period represented easy attitude. Indian Cotton Contract January started around Rs. 465-8, and after fluctuating for some time between Rs. 465-12 and Rs. 468-4, it crept up gradually to Rs. 468. Later it moved down haltingly from Rs. 467-8 to Rs. 466-8 and from Rs. 468-4 to Rs. 465-4. For sometime thereafter it hovered around Rs. 465-4 and then touched Rs. 464-4. Later it recovered somewhat and closed at Rs. 465-2.

Jute. Calcutta, 7th December.—Dull. Business done in Exports Firsts and Tossa at Rs. 155 and Rs. 145 per bale, respectively, for January shipment. Hessians 40" 10 oz. quoted at Rs. 45 ready. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 104 ready. Market steady.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. Madras, week ending 28th November:—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to 2 5 0
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 12 0	to 1 14 0
Sheep skins, per lb.	5 0 0	to 7 0 0
Goat skins, per lb.	4 8 0	to 6 0 0

Shellac. Calcutta, 6th December.—T. N. Rs. 120 per B. Maund.

Tea. Twenty-first Tea Sale, Calcutta, 3rd and 4th December.—15 packages Green Tea at average price Rs. 1-15-3, 16,822 packages other sorts at average price Rs. 1-10-7 and 18,726 packages Dust at average price Rs. 1-6-11 sold for consumption in India. 674 packages Green Tea at average price Rs. 2-0-1 sold for export. Following announcement in press that Government of India are terminating Block Purchase Scheme at end of year, excited market took price of common Broken Pekoe up nearly 5 annas from Rs. 1-5-3 to Rs. 1-10-0. Other grades of black tea appreciated in like way, best demand being for tippy broken and medium liquoring teas free of stalk and fibre. Market has now risen over 8 annas in barely a month and continues unsettled. Green Teas offered for export failed to meet support of previous week and sold at 6 to 8 annas decline. In sympathy with leaf market prices of Dusts opened on much higher level than last week, but tended to ease as sale progressed. Nevertheless, common sorts showed gains of 1 to 1½ annas and better liquoring kinds often 2 to 2½ annas dearer.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

GOODBRANDS FUEL ECONOMISERS

SAVES TONS OF FUEL

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FOREIGN TRADE OF KARACHI IN OCTOBER 1946.

THE total value of the foreign import trade of the port of Karachi for October 1946 amounted to Rs. 3.21 crores, an increase of Rs. 81 lakhs, and that of the export trade to Rs. 1.72 crores, a decrease of Rs. 1.95 crores, as compared with the corresponding figures for October 1945. The progressive totals for the seven months ending October 1946 reveal a decrease of Rs. 1.07 crores or 7 per cent under imports but an increase of Rs. 5.20 crores or 26 per cent under exports.

Comparative figures of the principal imports and exports for October 1945 and 1946 are given below:—

IMPORTS.

Article.	Unit.	Imports in October 1946.		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) as compared with October 1945.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
			Rs.		Rs.
Woollen goods	Value	..	28,15,892	..	+24,00,329
Art silk	Yards	491,753	18,78,791	+398,673	+16,65,553
Vehicles	Value	..	20,55,875	..	+16,07,978
Cotton manufactures	..	..	17,22,174	..	+15,80,789
Metals and ores	Tons	2,237	15,20,480	—306	+5,86,754
Machinery and mill-work	Value	..	24,19,252	..	+1,43,785
Liquors	Galls.	28,347	7,16,927	+4,537	+1,18,986
Cotton twist and yarn	Lbs.	816	2,427	+816	+2,427
Oils	Galls.	15,127,312	72,14,794	+3,329,583	—9,31,799

Substantial imports of woollen blankets, rugs and goods of wool mixed with other materials from Italy, the pre-war supplier, as against nil in the corresponding month of last year and larger arrivals of woollen yarn and knitting wool and woollen and worsted piece-goods from the United Kingdom accounted for the improvement under "Woollen goods". Heavy imports of piece-goods made entirely of "Artificial silk" from China and Italy during the month as against nil imports in October 1945 and increased receipts from the United Kingdom, though partly offset by decreased imports from the U. S. A., led to the increase under the head "Art silk". The increase under vehicles was chiefly attributable to substantial imports of motor cars and motor cycles from the United Kingdom, motor omnibuses, vans and lorries from the United Kingdom and the U. S. A. and larger arrivals of cycles and parts and parts of aircraft from the United Kingdom. The expansion in respect of cotton manufactures was due to heavy imports of cotton printed piece-goods from Mexico as against nil in the corresponding month of last year and also to larger imports of white goods from the United Kingdom and coloured, printed or dyed goods from the United Kingdom and the U. S. A. The increase under metals and ores was most noticeable in arrivals of copper sheets from the U. S. A., brass yellow metal sheets and other manufactures, steel bars ingots, blooms and billets, hoops and strips, nails, rivets and washers, wire other than fencing wire from the United Kingdom and quicksilver from Italy. The decline in value under oils occurred chiefly in arrivals of petrol from Iran and lubricating oils from the U. S. A., though partially offset to a certain extent by increased imports of fuel oils and kerosene from Iran.

EXPORTS.

Article.	Exports in October 1946.		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) as compared with October 1945.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.
Skins, raw (Foreign)	9	6,16,695	—155	—1,98,43,226
Rapeseed	..	..	—5,498	—21,67,214
Skins, raw (Indian)	268	9,30,266	—247	—13,08,470
Wheat flour	3	1,219	—113	—37,738
Wool, raw (Indian and Foreign)	2,087	41,83,135	+1,849	+36,62,284
Hides, raw	536	12,11,148	+499	+11,29,148
Cotton, raw	6,313	76,16,733	+575	+4,62,574

The decrease in value to the extent of Rs. 1.98 crores under skins, raw (Foreign), was accounted for by smaller exports of lamb skins of Iranian and Afghan origin to the U. S. A. Nil shipment of rapeseed was due to the ban on export imposed by Government. The decline under skins, raw (Indian), was due mainly to the absence of demand for goat skins by the United Kingdom and Canada as also reduced shipments to the U. S. A. Curtailed demand for sheep skins by the United Kingdom and the U. S. A. also contributed to the decline under this head. The improvement under wool, raw, was the result of substantial shipments to the United Kingdom and the U. S. A., though partly offset by the absence of exports to Canada. Heavy shipments of buffalo, cow and other hides to the Continent during the month brought about an increase under "Hides, raw". Of the total quantity (6,313 tons) of cotton exported during the month, 5,822 tons were shipped to the United Kingdom, 429 tons to the U. S. A. and 62 tons to China. The total quantity of cotton exported during the first seven months of the current official year was 61,696 tons (345,496 bales) as against 46,390 tons (269,781 bales) during the corresponding period of the previous year.

ACTS OF THE INDIAN LEGISLATURE.

—The undermentioned Acts (among others) of the Indian Legislature, which received the assent of the Governor General on the 22nd November 1946, have been published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated the 27th November 1946:—

(1) *Banking Companies (Restriction of Branches) Act, 1946 (Act No. XXVII of 1946).*—An Act to restrict the opening and removal of branches by banking companies. It extends to the whole of British India.

(2) *Indian Tea Control (Amendment) Act, 1946 (Act No. XXIX of 1946).*—An Act further to amend the Indian Tea Control Act, 1938.

(3) *Registration of Transferred Companies (Amendment) Act, 1946 (Act No. XXX of 1946).*—An Act to amend the Registration of Transferred Companies Ordinance, 1942.

INDIAN ENAMEL WORKS LTD.

GREAT SOCIAL BLDG



SIR P. MEHTA ROAD FORT BOMBAY

REPORT OF THE INDIAN TRADE COMMISSIONER, LONDON, FOR THE MONTHS OF JULY AND AUGUST 1946.

Trade Enquiries.

DURING the months under review the following trade enquiries were received and suitably dealt with :—

Textiles.—Several enquiries were received for textile goods and cotton yarns from firms in the United Kingdom and abroad.

Two enquiries were received for lace goods—(i) one from a United Kingdom firm, and (ii) the other from the visiting representative of an Indian firm. The question of Import Licence was taken up with the authorities but it was not possible to persuade them to agree to the import of this article from India other than for the sole purpose of re-export.

Timber.—Two enquiries were received from London firms for names of exporters of hardwood, softwood, plywood and veneers.

Precious Stones.—An enquiry was received from a London firm for precious and semi-precious stones, such as rubies, emeralds, sapphires, etc.

Minerals and Metals.—Various enquiries were received for minerals, such as bauxite (especially for South American market), manganese, etc.

A United Kingdom firm who are at present negotiating the purchase of manganese ore, chrome ore and magnesite from India asked for names of analysts in Bombay, Vizagapatam, Madras and Marmagosa, so that the minerals could be sampled and assayed prior to shipment.

Metals.—Enquiries were received for lead (manufactured), aluminium (manufactured) and cerium.

Chemicals.—An enquiry was received from a Trade Association on behalf of a firm, who intend establishing a pharmaceutical factory in South India, for names of suppliers of raw materials suitable for the purpose. A list of names was supplied for transmission to the firm concerned.

Animals.—An enquiry for names of exporters of Zebu cattle for shipment to Tunisia, North Africa, was received from a United Kingdom firm.

Miscellaneous.—Appropriate action was also taken on the enquiries received for the following further commodities : Artware, canes, gum-arabic, bones and bone-meal, oil, casein, nuts, sausage casings and chutney.

Prices of Principal Indian Commodities.

The following are the prices for the principal Indian commodities for the months of July and August 1946 :—

Commodity.	Month 1946.	Highest.	Lowest.	Difference.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Jute, Dalsee	May	44 10 0	42 0 0	2 10 0
	June	45 0 0	44 10 0	0 10 0
	July	45 0 0	45 0 0	Nil
	August	45 0 0	45 0 0	Nil
Linseed	May	46 10 0	46 10 0	Nil
	June	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
	July	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
	August	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
Rapeseed	May	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
	June	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
	July	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
	August	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
Groundnuts	May	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
	June	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
	July	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
	August	Not quoted	Not quoted	..
Castorseed	May	43 10 0	43 10 0	Nil
	June	43 10 0	43 10 0	Nil
	July	43 10 0	43 10 0	Nil
	August	43 0 0	43 10 0	4 10 0

REPORT OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR IRAN, TEHRAN, FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1946.

General.

THE month of August has been full of labour unrest, internal political strife and intrigue.

There have been wide variations in the price of foreign exchange. Sterling and dollar rose in a jumpy manner until sterling finally changed hands at Rials 180 at the end of August.

Other matters of general interest are as follows :—

- The Municipality of Tehran has prohibited the removal of rice and cereals from the capital without licence.
- The Soviet Government are said to have been given the contract to supply all necessary material for the building of 1,000 houses in Tehran by the Municipal authorities.
- The Director General of the Industrial Bank is making every effort to make the various nationalised industrial enterprises pay their way.
- A reliable report from Resht (on the shores of the Caspian Sea) says that an automatic telephone company, with a capital of Rials 10,000,000 is in process of formation.
- The Government of Iran have notified the regulations covering the flights of foreign aircraft over Indian territory.

DEC. 12, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

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Agriculture.

The Prime Minister gave instructions to all Governors to take firm measures to prevent all disturbances of the peace in agricultural districts and to insist on the proper protection of the rights of both landlords and cultivators. The Council of Ministers passed a decree on the 10th August 1946, providing that after taking into account local practice, cultivators should receive an additional 15 per cent of the produce of the lands they cultivated on behalf of landowners. The cereal situation in the country seems to be satisfactory. The prices of cereals have risen considerably, especially those of barley and rice. The question of export of 50,000 tons of barley to India is still the subject of telegraphic communication with the Government of India. Despite the Trade Commissioner's best efforts, it is doubtful whether India will get any appreciable quantity.

Civil Supplies.

(i) **Textiles.**—The prices of textiles have risen steadily during August. In most cases prices have increased something like 33½ per cent. The hoarders, who are holding out for higher prices, have enabled the Soviet Government Trade Organisation (Torgpret) to extract high prices for their stocks of cotton piecegoods—varying between 33½ per cent to 50 per cent higher than their prices of about three weeks ago.

(ii) **Sugar.**—The price of sugar has risen to fantastic levels. Sugar is a vital necessity to the majority of Iranians, and if they have to pay a high price for their daily requirements of sugar, then all the other commodities tend to rise in proportion. The wealthy speculators are making fabulous sums from their speculation. The Russians have sold sugar at Rials 80 per kilo. It is generally believed that the sugar being marketed in Iran by the Russians has been obtained from the world food control at a price of Rials 5 per kilo. As the Russians pay neither customs duty nor monopoly tax, they are making a net profit of Rials 75 per kilo.

(iii) **Cooking Fats.**—The short supply of cooking fats and oils has become more acute on account of hoarding, heavy exportation to Russia, Arabia and Arab coast. The Azerbaijan produce is going to Russia at such an alarming rate that almost famine conditions obtain in certain parts of this highly productive province.

(iv) **Tea.**—A notice issued by the Ministry of Finance regarding imports of tea from China, Japan and Formosa published in the newspaper "ITTILAAAT" of 28-8-1946, states that any quantity of tea imported into Iran by anyone from China, Japan or Formosa will not be considered as part of the country's quota; therefore, importers can import and sell such tea freely and have only to observe certain conditions.

Transport.

Commercial goods are being moved at reasonable rates. The average freight rates in South-East Iran recently reported by H.M.'s Consul, Zahidan, remain unchanged.

Trade.

The bazaars have been very active during the past month. Much of this activity has been the result of rumours of war and to seasonal buying for Autumn requirements. There has been some evidence of speculative buying and selling also. Prices of many imported commodities were marked up on account of the better demand and the increase in bazaar rates for the foreign exchange needed for the opening abroad of documentary credits for the import of new supplies. Whilst textiles, etc., have hardened from 33½ per cent to 50 per cent, many foods have risen as much as 80 and 90 per cent in price. There has been a good demand for money throughout the month, and most reports indicate that this was met without much strain.

Trade Enquiries.

A large number of enquiries from commercial firms in India were received during the month and dealt with expeditiously. These related to :—

- Shipping arrangements, handling and transshipment charges and freight regulations between Persian Gulf ports and Indian ports;
- Customs duties, market prices and prospects of trade with Iran in sugar, tea, cardamom and musk, etc.;
- Addresses, etc., of clearing and forwarding agents, etc., and publishers of trade journals and addresses of advertising agencies, etc., in Iran;
- Import from Iran of silk cocoons, wool, gums and carpets, etc.

Enquiries received during the month from importers in Iran related to :—

- Import of cotton, rayon and woollen piecegoods, bicycles, miscellaneous goods and general merchandise, china-ware, enamels, tyres, loaf sugar, sugar, tea, pumps, gunnies, etc.

General Credit Position.

There have been wide fluctuations in the price of gold sovereigns. Price of fine gold at the close of August was Rials 375 per misghal, which is 10 rials less than at 31st July.

Rates.

Black Bourse—Tehran.

Dollars—Drafts	Rials 51-52-25 per dollar.
Dollars—Notes	Rials 48-49 per dollar.
Iraq Dinar Notes	Rials 154-155 per I. D.
Sterling Notes	Rials 160-162 per £ sterling.
Sterling Drafts	Rials 169-174 per £ sterling.
Baghdad rate for Rial Notes	Rials 147 (22nd August 1946).

Cost of Living Index, etc.

Cost of Living Index (22nd July 1946) (Tehran only)—

(i) Official published figure	707
(ii) Official published figure (corrected for average April-August 1939=100)	504
Wholesale Price Index (22nd July 1946) (Tehran only)—	
(i) Official published figure	547
(ii) Official published figure (corrected for average April-August 1939=100)	436

Wholesale Prices.

Tehran Bazaar, 28th August 1946.

Rials.*

Tea (Open market) foreign brand	140-220 per ½ kilo.†
Tea (Open market) local brand	15-60 per ½ kilo.
Tea (Coupon rate) mixed	35 per ½ kilo.
Sugar (Open market)	69 per kilo.
Sugar (Coupon rate) white	19 per kilo.
Rowghan	85-110 per kilo.
Rice	1800-5400 per 300 kilos.
Wheat (Open market)	1100 per 300 kilos.
Wheat (Government purchase price)	840 per 300 kilos.
Barley (Open market)	650-750 per 300 kilos.
Firewood	300-450 per 300 kilos.
Iron Beams	8-50-9 per kilo.
Paper	25-30 per kilo.
Tin	245-250 per kilo.

* Rials 128 = £1 sterling. † One kilo = 2.2 lbs. approximately.

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B. 2025 W. 26-12-46.

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B. 3014 W. 19-1-47.

REPORT OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER IN CEYLON, COLOMBO, FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1946.

Economic Survey.

General.—The removal of the excess profit duty at the end of 1946 and the absence of any increase in tax were the main features of the budget announced on July 18, 1946. The latest estimates of revenue during 1946-47 are Rs. 352,000,000 and expenditure Rs. 349,633,900 as compared to a revenue of Rs. 360,000,000 and expenditure of Rs. 312,000,000 in 1945-46.

Statistics.—The value index for trade turn over (1934-38 average = 100) rose to 264.9 in July from 251.3 in the previous month, the figure for July 1945 being 281.8.

The value index for imports (1934-38 average = 100) stood at 269.7 in July as against 240.6 in the previous month and 299.9 in July 1945.

The domestic exports value index (1934-38 average = 100) was 266.6 in July as compared to 262.6 in June and 268.2 in July 1945.

The cost of living index (November 1938—April 1939 average = 100) remained at 227 in August as against 222 in January and 228 in July 1945.

Trade.

Ceylon's total imports for the month of August amounted to Rs. 58,200,375 as against Rs. 54,240,381 for the corresponding month in 1945. India's share in the imports for August 1946 was 11.12 per cent as compared to 21.04 per cent in July 1946 and 14.87 per cent in August 1945. The following table gives details of Ceylon's trade with British India during the months of July and August 1946 as compared with August last year:—

Ceylon's Trade with British India.

	August 1945.	July 1946.	August 1946.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Imports	8,066,684	10,456,464	6,474,540
Exports	1,802,825	2,414,751	1,937,408
TOTAL TRADE	9,869,509	12,871,215	8,411,948
BALANCE OF TRADE IN INDIA'S FAVOUR	6,264,850	8,041,713	4,537,132

Ceylon's exports to British India during the month of August showed a decline by Rs. 477,343 from the exports in the previous month. The leading items of export were fresh and desiccated coconuts, coconut oil, arecanuts and currysuffs.

The value of Ceylon's imports from British India also showed a decline, the fall-off being mainly in cotton piecegoods and cotton manufactures. Other items have, however, tended to go up.

Maximum Fixed Prices.

Cement (effective from July 16, 1946)—Maximum Price—

Per bag of 112 lbs. Rs. 7.00
Per bag of 94 lbs. Rs. 5.90

The following drugs and medicinal requirements, amongst others, have been removed from price control with effect from August 9, 1946:—

1. Calcima tablets, tube of 75.
2. Calcima tablets with Vitamin D, tube of 75.

3. Cetamid tablets, tube of 20.
4. Cheston—4 and 10 oz. bottles.
5. Ephedrine Hydrochloride tablets—boxes of 100 by $\frac{1}{2}$ and 25 by $\frac{1}{4}$ (Cipla).
6. Grape Sugar 10 per cent Solution—boxes of 5 by 10 c.c., 25 c.c. and 50 c.c.
7. Grape Sugar 25 per cent Solution—boxes of 5 by 10 c.c., 25 c.c. and 50 c.c.
8. Ice bags, 6" and 8".

Import Restrictions.

Open General Licence No. 1.

All commodities other than the following may be imported without individual import licences if they are produced or manufactured in India (other than Portuguese India), Burma or Maldives Islands:—

	Category and Item No.
Tobacco, manufactured: cigars	B 83
Tobacco, manufactured: cigarettes	B 84
Vegetable oils, fats and greases: coconut oil	B 112
Raw rubber (other than rubber entered at the Customs as having been imported for re-export)	B 113
Tiles	B 127
Coir yarn	B 160 A
Jute manufactures: gunny bags	B 170
Jute manufactures: other than gunny bags	B 170 A
Soap	B 178
Sugar, refined in lumps and loaves	C 17
Sugar, refined-candy	C 18
Sugar, refined (other than candy sugar and sugar in lumps and loaves)	C 19
Mineral oils, fats and greases other than diesel oil, furnace oil, belt paste and belt dressing	C 31
Earthenware other than sanitary fittings	C 38 A
Glass and glassware of the following description:— Optical lenses, tumblers, bottles, lamp chimneys and globes, iron and steel rounds, half rounds, flats, squares and jumper steel	C 43 A
Iron and steel tubes and pipes of all descriptions, fabricated and not fabricated, including fittings	C 45
Transformer oil	C 78 B
Cotton yarn and twist	C 94 A
Lubricating oil	C 124 A
Leather belts	C 104 A
Manufactures of rubber falling under the heading "Manufactures of rubber not elsewhere specified" in Class III, Group T of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff	C 141
Wooden toys	C 160 A
Gold and silver bullion	C 164
Copper, nickel and silver coin	C 165
Gold coin	C 163 B
Coconuts, fresh	A 7
Fish, frozen	A 9
Milk, fresh	A 10
Salt, unrefined (excluding rock salt)	A 12
Spirits, arrack	A 13
Tea	A 16
Opium	A 21
Furniture, wooden	C 94 B
Coir manufactures other than coir yarn	A 36
Reconstructed, imitation or synthetic stones	A 43
Straw, grass and rush mats and matting	A 46
Twine of hemp	C 102 B
Parts of textile machinery	C 89 A

Open General Licence No. 4.

All commodities other than the following may be imported without individual import licences if they are produced or manufactured in countries of the British Empire other than Canada and Newfoundland:—

	Category and Item No.
(1) All food, drink and tobacco falling in Class I Group A to F of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff, excluding dates, currysuffs, refined salt and dried or salted fish.	
(2) Ores and scrap of all descriptions	B 94
Cotton, raw	B 96
Mineral oil, fats and greases other than diesel oil, furnace oil, and gas oil, belt paste and belt dressing	C 31
Citronella oil	C 31 C
Fertilisers of the following description:— Basic slag, mineral rock phosphate, kainit and sylvinit, calcium cyanamide, nitrate of soda, muriate of potash, sulphate of ammonia, sulphate of potash, superphosphate	C 32
Fish manure	C 32 A
All fertilisers other than the following:— Basic slag, mineral rock phosphate, kainit and sylvinit, calcium cyanamide, nitrate of soda, nitrate of potash, sulphate of ammonia, sulphate of potash, superphosphate and fish manure	C 32 B
Coke	C 30 A
Patent fuel	C 37
Tiles	C 36 C
Iron and steel rounds, half rounds, flats, squares and jumper steel	C 43 A
Earthenware other than sanitary fittings	C 38 A
Glass and glassware of the following description:— Optical lenses, tumblers, bottles, lamp chimneys and globes	C 39 A
Watches, complete and parts thereof	C 65
Transformer oil	C 78 B
Furniture wooden	C 94 B
Manufactures of wood and timber falling under the heading "Manufactures of wood and timber not elsewhere specified" in Class III, Group H of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff	C 94
Cotton yarn and twist	C 94 A
Coir manufactures (other than coir yarn)	A 36
Coir yarn	B 160 A
Jute manufactures: Gunny bags	B 170
Jute manufactures other than gunny bags	B 170 A
Textile manufactures falling under the heading "Textile manufactures not elsewhere specified" in Class III, Group II of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff	C 103
Wood preservatives	C 114 A
Saccharine	C 118

Open General Licence No. 4—contd.

	Category and Item No.
Leather belts	C 104 A
Lubricating oil	C 124 A
Soap	B 178
Brake fluid, jack fluid and shock absorber oil	C 138 A
Manufactures of rubber falling under the heading "Manufactures of rubber not elsewhere specified" in Class III, Group T of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff	C 141
Reconstructed, imitation or synthetic stones	A 43
Oil and floor cloth	C 154 A
Liquid ink	C 157 A
Straw, grass and rush mats and matting	A 46
Wooden toys	C 160 A
Gold coin	C 163 B
Gold or silver bullion	C 164
Vitamins and vitamin preparations (including codliver oil)	C 121 A
Pharmaceutical glands	C 121 B
Cast r oil	C 121 C
Penicillin	C 121 D
Twine of hemp	C 102 B
Parts of textile machinery	C 89 A

Trade Enquiries.

Considerable interest was displayed during this month in Indo-Ceylon trade and enquiries were received for a large range of Indian goods. Some of the important enquiries from firms in Ceylon related to the import of electrical goods, machinery, textiles, paints and varnishes, drugs, stationery articles, dried fish, sail cloth, toys and tiles.

Indian firms desirous of exporting tanned skins and hides, perfumery, dried fish, tobacco products, fibre products, woollen blankets, carpets and mundals, fancy artware, brassware, dried fruits, leather manufactures, surgical instruments and hospital furniture, drugs and medicines, sports requisites, jute products and crochet lacegoods, were put in touch with firms in Ceylon interested in such goods.

Ceylon firms, it was reported, found it difficult to obtain samples from Indian manufacturers or high prices were often demanded for them. All industrially advanced countries send samples to interest prospective buyers in their goods and this practice should be adopted in a larger measure by Indian concerns also.

Indian firms should also start sending suitably qualified representatives—persons possessed of personality and foresight—who can establish good and lasting contacts. Publicity for their wares in the Ceylon journals has also not been taken on by Indian concerns. Exporters desirous of developing a market here should see that their goods are well advertised.

Another important point which should not be lost sight of is that goods of attractive design and good quality, well packed and got up, are generally in demand in Ceylon and no effort should be spared to cater to this requirement. Some perfectly good products have been handicapped by shabby and unattractive packing and labelling.

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MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL. Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 9th December—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw) Rs. 62-0-0
per md. loose.

Linseed oil, Up-country Mills (Boiled) Rs. 56-0-0
per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—There has been little change in general conditions in the linseed market during the week, and trading has been limited. Arrivals from up-country have been very restricted and local stocks scarce. Enquiries from the oil mills have fallen off slightly owing to a quieter oil market and only small lots are reported to have changed hands.

Bombay, 6th December—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil Rs. 18-0-0
per quarter.

[No stock figures available this week.]

BOOKS OF REFERENCE.

STATISTICAL PUBLICATIONS—

The following publication has been issued by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, India :—

Agricultural Statistics, British India (Provisional), 1942-43 (29th issue). (Price As. 8 or 9d.)

Copies of the above publication are obtainable from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, from the Government of India Book Depot, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta, and also from the agents for the sale of India Government publications a list of whom can be obtained on application to the Manager.



GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUES AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

PRIVATE TRADE WITH INDONESIA—

The following Press Note, dated the 15th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

It is notified for general information that facilities for private trade with Indonesia and the Netherlands East Indies have now been restored. Persons and concerns in India can, therefore, resume business with persons and concerns in Indonesia and the Netherlands East Indies, subject, of course, to the export, import and financial regulations at present in force.

PRIVATE TRADE WITH PORTUGUESE TIMOR AND LIBERATED PARTS OF U. S. S. R.—

The following Press Note, dated the 26th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

It is notified for general information that there is no longer any objection to private trade being resumed with persons and concerns resident in Portuguese Timor and in the territory of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics occupied by the enemy during the War. Private trade with these territories will, of course, continue to be subject to the export, import and financial regulations at present in force and will not be permissible in the case of those who continue to be classed as "enemies" under the Defence of India Rules as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946).

CLAIMS FOR THE RESTITUTION OF PROPERTY IN AUSTRIA—

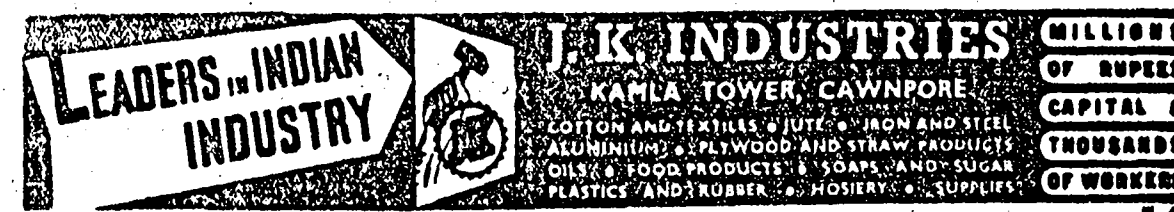
The following Press Note, dated the 30th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

It is notified for general information that the Austrian Government have promoted necessary legislation for restitution to owners or their heirs of their property in Austria of which they were wrongfully dispossessed after the 13th March 1938. Full details of the procedure for submitting claims can be obtained from the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

EXPORT OF 30,000 BALES OF WOOL TO BE PERMITTED—

The following Press Note, dated the 30th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

It has been represented to the Government of India that substantial stocks of Indian wool have accumulated in the country



B. 318 W. 31-10-47.

for want of export facilities. Pending a final decision on export policy in respect of wool, it has been decided to allow export of 30,000 bales of white and yellow wool to all permissible destinations.

Intending exporters should apply to the Export Trade Controllers before December 20, 1946, with evidence of firm contracts entered into with overseas buyers. The conditions previously prescribed for export of wool requiring the exporter to offer certain quantities of wool to the units of woollen industry at fixed prices will not apply in regard to exporters of these 30,000 bales.

Exporters are warned that applications received after December 20, 1946, will not be entertained. Further, in view of the small quantity fixed for export, it may not be possible for the Government of India to grant licences for the entire quantities contracted for.

EXPORT OF COTTON: PROCEDURE FOR NON-ESTABLISHED SHIPPERS—

The following Press Note, dated the 26th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

The Government of India have been informed that the procedure prescribed for making applications by non-established shippers for export of cotton by the Press Note, dated October 26, 1946*, would cause hardship to some cotton shippers who exported cotton during the last three years but are not members of the East India Cotton Association, Bombay, or the Karachi Cotton Association, Karachi, and who accordingly may not be able to secure the requisite certificate from any of these two bodies. It has accordingly been decided that an applicant claiming quotas as a non-established shipper need not produce such certificate from these Associations. Evidence of previous export produced by him will be treated as sufficient to prove shipments by him.

The Government of India have also been informed that there is some misunderstanding among exporters of cotton as to who would be eligible to receive quotas as non-established shippers. They desire to make it clear, therefore, that those non-established shippers who had exported raw cotton in any of the last three years would be eligible to receive licences for export.

Non-established shippers, therefore, should apply to the Export Trade Controller at the port concerned with evidence of their exports in any of the last three years.

U. S. Quota Raised.—It has further been represented to Government that the export quota fixed for the period September to December 1946 for the U. S. A. falls far short of the requirements of manufacturers of cotton blankets and rugs in the U. S. A. It has, therefore, been decided to raise the quota of 15,000 bales already fixed to 50,000 bales for the period ending December 1946.

EXPORT OF BLACK PEPPER—

The following Press Note, dated the 25th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food :—

The Government of India have decided to allow the export of black pepper by trade from India during the period January

*See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st November 1946, pages 364-65.

to end of September 1947 to the following countries to the extent shown below :—

United States of America 2,500 tons; United Kingdom 1,900; Eire 50; Australia 300; New Zealand 55; Ceylon 75; British Colonies in Africa 10; Belgium 125; Netherlands 125; Norway 50; Denmark 100; Switzerland 20; Spain including Spanish Morocco 100; Turkey 100; U. S. S. R. 500; Canada 300; Portugal 100; Italy 100; Czechoslovakia 100; Br. West Indies 100; Other countries of the Western Hemisphere 750; Middle East, Africa and Persian Gulf countries 1,500 tons.

All parties in receipt of firm orders from traders in the countries concerned should apply to the Chief Director of Purchase, Department of Food, New Delhi, for export licences. The export licences will be issued on the production of evidence of firm orders in the strict order of priority of applications as from December 12, 1946. Applicants to whom allocations of export quotas have been made shall produce evidence of irrevocable letters of credit within 15 days therefrom failing which their allocations will be liable to be cancelled.

TRADE MARKS ACT, 1940: SECTION 82A TO APPLY TO THE STATE OF TRAVANCORE—

The following Notification [No. 401(9)-Tr. (T.M.)/46, dated the 30th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

Whereas the Central Government has entered into reciprocal arrangements with the State of Travancore whereby trade marks and certification trade marks registered under the Trade Marks Act, 1940 (V of 1940), shall have in that State protection as if registered in that State.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 82A of the said Act the Central Government is pleased to declare that the said section shall apply to the State of Travancore.

IMPORT OF COPPER—

The following Press Note has been issued :—

An amendment to the Open General Licence No. VII published in a *Gazette of India Extraordinary* on 4th December defines the varieties of copper metal which can be imported without a licence from sterling area countries. They are:

Copper wrought—tape, foil and highly polished sheet specially prepared for making process blocks, lithographic sheets and copper perforated sheets. All other descriptions of metal or its manufactures can be imported only on licences.

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B. 2944 W. 6-2-47.



SALE OF NEWSPAPER PRINTING PLANT FROM THE U. S. A./ CANADA—

The following Notice has been issued by the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi:—

The Indian Press Bureau, 10, Cromwell Place, London, have received an offer of a complete and secondhand Newspaper Printing Plant from the U.S.A./Canada. The offer is on a ready delivery basis and payment for the plant will be required in dollars. The plant will be subject to an independent inspection by any designated representative before purchase. Intending buyers should cable to the Indian Press Bureau who will then endeavour to arrange for the plant to be held pending inspection. They should also apply in the prescribed form to the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi, for a licence to import the plant. Full details of the plant received from the Bureau can also be had from him by intending buyers.

SUGAR-CANDY MANUFACTURE—

The following Press Note, dated the 1st December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food:—

With the object of developing and improving sugar-candy manufacture as a subsidiary industry, a Sugar Candy Research Scheme has been operating at Ravalgaon, District Nasik, under the direction of the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore, for the last six years. Improvements, such as the use of steam and modern machinery and the economic utilisation of mother liquor for the manufacture of high grade confectionery, have been effected. The process developed reduces the cost of manufacture, improves the quality of candy and increases the return to the manufacturer. In quality some of the varieties of candy are much better than those previously imported from foreign countries.

Training classes for the manufacture of candy and confectionery will be held at Ravalgaon from January to June 1947. The training course will last for one month. Details of the course may be had from the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore, the Officer-in-charge, Sugar Research and Testing Station, Bilari, District Moradabad, or the Chemist, Sugar Candy Research Scheme, Ravalgaon, District Nasik.

SUGAR AND SUGAR PRODUCTS CONTROL ORDER, 1946: MAXIMUM EX-FACTORY PRICES OF CERTAIN TYPES OF SUGAR—

The following Notification [No. 22-SC(4)/46, dated the 27th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by sub-clause (1) of clause 6 of the Sugar & Sugar Products Control Order, 1946, and in supersession of the Notifications of the Government of

India in the Department of Food No. 22-SC(4)/44, dated the 21st October 1944*, and No. 22-SC(4)/46, dated the 5th March 1946†, I, N. T. Mone, Sugar Controller for India, hereby direct that:—

(1) The ex-factory price per maund of undermentioned types of sugar packed in gunny bags in British India other than the provinces of the Punjab and N.-W.F.P., shall not exceed the maximum prices given below:—

Type of Sugar	Maximum ex-factory price per maund
(i) Sugar-candy (Misri & Sakar).	Rs. 25/1/-
(ii) Bura	Rs. 22/5/-

(2) The ex-factory price per maund of the above-mentioned sugars in the provinces of the Punjab and the N.-W.F.P. shall not exceed the maximum prices given below:—

Type of Sugar.	Maximum ex-factory price per maund.
(i) Sugar-candy (Misri & Sakar)	Rs. 28/3/-
(ii) Bura	Rs. 25/7/-

(3) The ex-factory prices of sugar-candy and Bura packed in containers other than gunny bags shall not exceed the price specified in clauses (1) and (2) above plus such additional allowances as may be prescribed by me.

(4) The wholesale and retail prices of sugar-candy and Bura shall not exceed their ex-factory prices plus such other charges in respect of transport to or in specified areas and other incidental charges as are approved by me.

N. T. MONE, Sugar Controller.

VEGETABLE OIL PRODUCTS CONTROL ORDER, 1946: REVISED MAXIMUM PRICES OF VEGETABLE OIL PRODUCTS—

The following Notification [No. 6-VP(2)/46, dated the 30th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by sub-clause (1) of clause 6 of the Vegetable Oil Products Control Order, 1946, and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Food No. 6-VP(2)/46, dated the 28th September

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 2nd November 1944, page 130.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st March 1946, page 479.

RESERVED

RESERVED

1946*, I hereby fix as follows the maximum prices at which vegetable oil products may be sold with effect from 1st December 1946:—

Locality of sale.	Maximum price per lb. net of vegetable oil product.		
	When sold by producer or producer's distributing agent in large packs.	When sold by any other person.	
		In large packs.	Loose in small quantities.
1	2	3	4
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Bombay town and suburbs	0 11 3	0 12 0	0 12 9
2. Bombay Province (excluding Bombay town and suburbs), Madras, the Central Provinces and Berar, Coorg and Pannth-Piploda	0 11 6	0 12 3	0 13 0
3. The Punjab, the United Provinces, the North-West Frontier Province, Sind, Baluchistan, Delhi and Ajmer	0 12 6	0 13 3	0 14 0
4. Bengal, Assam, Orissa and Bihar	0 12 9	0 13 6	0 14 3

NOTE.—"Large packs" are packs (in producer's original sealed container) containing not less than 35 lbs. net of the products.

Description.	Maximum price per pack of vegetable oil product when sold in small packs.	
	Wholesale.	Retail.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Packs other than "Pakav" containing 10 lbs.	9 7 0	9 13 0
Packs other than "Pakav" containing 5 lbs.	4 15 3	5 2 6
Packs other than "Pakav" containing 2 lbs.	2 0 6	2 2 0
Packs other than "Pakav" containing 1 lb.	1 0 6	1 1 3
Packs containing 9 lbs. of "Pakav"	8 13 0	9 2 6
Packs containing 3 lbs. of "Pakav"	3 4 3	3 6 3

NOTE.—"The maximum prices specified above under I and II are inclusive of freight but exclusive of octroi, terminal tax and similar other local taxes and also of sales tax."

When any such tax is paid, whether by the manufacturer, his distributing agent, a wholesaler or a retailer the maximum price as fixed above in respect of any transaction may be increased by an amount equal to the total of the taxes so paid at or before that transaction and may, after the increase, be rounded off to the nearest pice.

N. T. MONE,

Vegetable Oil Products Controller for India.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 17th October 1946, pages 124-25.

OILSEEDS CONTROL IN BENGAL: CORRIGENDUM—

The following Notification [No. SS-570(12)/46, dated the 29th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food:—

Corrigendum.—In the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Food, No. SS-570(12)/46, dated the 22nd November 1946*, published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated the 25th November 1946, for "Emergency Powers", read "Emergency Provisions," and delete "or Shalimar" in second line of sub-para. (2).

CENTRAL EXCISE RULES, 1944: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification (No. 11-Excises, dated the 23rd November 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Central Excise Rules, 1944†, namely:—

A. In rules 197, 200 and 202 of the said Rules, before the word "saltpetre", the words "composition for matchheads", shall be inserted;

B. In Appendix I to the said Rules, in Form R. G. 2:—

(1) for the words 'splints, veneers and composition for match-heads', wherever they occur, the words 'splints and veneers' shall be substituted.

(2) for the words 'Timber/Composition for match heads' the word 'Timber' shall be substituted.

DELIVERY OF CLOTH PURCHASED BY PROVINCIAL BUYERS—

The following Press Note, dated the 2nd December 1946, has been issued by the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India, Bombay:—

Complaints are being received by the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India from quota-holders and Provincial buyers that quota-holders refuse to deliver cloth purchased by the Provincial buyers after 10 days of the sale and that the purchasers do not lift the goods for movement within the prescribed time limit. The Textile Commissioner desires to warn the quota-holders that the quota-holders cannot refuse delivery of goods to the Provincial buyers even if the goods are not lifted within the limit of 10 days. If they want to charge godown rent for stocking goods after the time limit, then they may settle with the Provincial buyers the amount due to them; but under no cir-

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 5th December 1946, page 479.
† See the notice in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 9th March 1944, page 267.

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B. 3076 W. 22-6-47.

cumstances can they refuse delivery of goods and obstruct smooth flow of cloth to the Provinces. Refusal to deliver goods ordered to be released is an offence.

Provincial buyers are warned against not lifting the goods within the time limit of ten days laid down in the Purchase Authorities. If certain circumstances force them to keep the goods in the quota-holders' godowns, then it is incumbent on them to come to an arrangement about the charges to be paid to the quota-holders for stocking the goods beyond the prescribed time limit of ten days. In case Provincial buyers continue not to take delivery of goods within the prescribed time limit, their names will be reported to the Provincial authorities with a view to have them removed from the list of Provincial purchasers.

PAPER (PRICES OF IMPORTED PAPER) CONTROL ORDER 1944: A AMENDMENT: CORRIGENDUM—

The following Notification [No. 308-PA(65)/46, dated the 27th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

Corrigendum.—In the notification of the Industries and Supplies Department No. 308-PA(65)/46*, published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 15th November 1946—

(i) On page 1171, in Part I of the Schedule, in column 1, for the words and brackets "Letimer Cartridge (British)" read "Latimer Cartridge (British)".

(ii) On page 1172 in Part II of the Schedule, in column 1, for the words and figures "Bond paper containing 20 per cent rag" read "Bond paper containing 25 per cent rag".

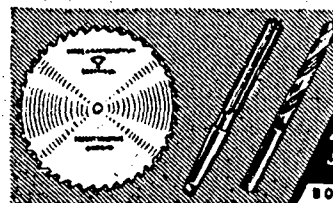
COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DIRECTIONS TO MANUFACTURERS OF YARN REGARDING SALE OR DELIVERY OF YARN, WASTE YARN, ETC.: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 83-TA/46, dated the 1st November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause (1) (b) of clause 18B of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 83-TA/46, dated the 14th September 1946†, namely :—

In sub-paragraph (ii) of the said notification the words "waste yarn or" shall be deleted.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 28th November 1946, pages 423-25.
† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd October 1946, page 20.



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B. 3097 W. 22-6-47.

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: TRANSPORT OF HOSIERY FROM ANY PLACE IN THE PROVINCE OF BIHAR TO ANY PLACE IN INDIA OUTSIDE THAT PROVINCE—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46, dated the 6th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 6 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, I hereby direct that no person shall transport or cause to be transported by goods train, road, air, sea or inland navigation any hosiery from any place in the Province of Bihar to any place in India outside that Province except with the permission in writing of the Textile Commissioner or the Cloth Controller, Bihar.

Provided that nothing in this notification shall apply to any transport under military credit note.

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: GENERAL PERMIT NO. 2: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46(i), dated the 12th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In pursuance of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's General Permit No. 2, dated the 5th January 1946*, namely :—

In paragraph 5 of the said General Permit, after item No. (iii), the following items shall be added, namely :—

(iv) hard waste (i.e. the categories of yarn more particularly specified below) of lengths not exceeding 20 yards :—

1. Grey sized long ends
2. Grey unsized long ends
3. Coloured unsized long ends
4. Coloured sized long ends
5. Coloured sized short ends
6. Grey unsized short ends
7. Grey sized short ends
8. Coloured unsized short ends
9. Dirty beam ends
10. Wrapping hard waste
11. Bleached yarn waste
12. Coloured yarn waste
13. Coloured mixed yarn waste
14. Winding hard waste
15. Winding hard waste dirty
16. Reeling hard waste
17. Robbin out waste
18. Bonda piecer waste
19. Weaving sweeping
20. Oily hard waste.

(v) Embroidery Thread (finished)†.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 17th January 1946, pages 88-89.

RESERVED

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: DIRECTIONS REGARDING TRANSPORT BY RAIL OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED "HARD WASTE" FROM ANY PLACE IN THE CITY OF BOMBAY, ETC., TO ANY PLACE IN INDIA OUTSIDE THOSE AREAS—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46(ii), dated the 12th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by Clause 6 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, I hereby direct that no person shall transport or cause to be transported or offer for transport by rail any "hard waste" (i.e., yarn of the categories more particularly specified below and of any other category) from any place in—

1. The City of Bombay
2. Ahmedabad Municipal Borough
3. Sholapur Municipal Borough,

to any place in India outside these areas except in accordance with a special permit granted by the Textile Commissioner :—

1. Grey sized long ends
2. Grey unsized long ends
3. Coloured unsized long ends
4. Coloured sized long ends
5. Coloured sized short ends
6. Grey unsized short ends
7. Grey sized short ends
8. Coloured unsized short ends
9. Dirty beam ends
10. Wrapping hard waste
11. Bleached yarn waste
12. Coloured yarn waste
13. Coloured mixed yarn waste
14. Winding hard waste
15. Winding hard waste dirty
16. Reeling hard waste
17. Robbin out waste
18. Bonda piecer waste
19. Weaving sweeping
20. Oily hard waste.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DELEGATION OF POWERS—

The following Notification [No. 84-TA/46, dated the 13th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 21 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, and with the sanction of the Central Government, I hereby authorise Mr. Sulaiman Sait, Director (Yarn), to discharge on my behalf the function of the Textile Commissioner to issue directions to any individual manufacturer under sub-clause (1) (a) of clause 18B of the said Order.

COTTON CLOTH (CONTROL OF PRINTING) ORDER, 1945: EVERY MANUFACTURER TO FURNISH CERTAIN INFORMATION TO THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER, BOMBAY—

The following Notification [No. 81/4 TA/46, dated the 16th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In pursuance of sub-clause (a) of clause 13 of the Cotton Cloth (Control of Printing) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that every manufacturer shall on or before the 15th December 1946 furnish to the Textile Commissioner, TCS IV Section, Sudama House, Witter Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, detailed information regarding his undertaking in respect of the following :—

- (i) the total number of printing machines in his possession on 15th November 1946;
- (ii) the country of manufacture of such machines;
- (iii) the number of colours which each such machine can print in any single process.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM WHOLESALE PRICE OF CERTAIN CLOTH IN THE PROVINCE OF BENGAL—

The following Notification [No. 82/1-TA/46, dated the 16th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In pursuance of sub-clause (b) of clause 10 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, and in supersession of the Notification of the Textile Commissioner No. T.C.(17)BL/46, dated the 1st June 1946, I hereby direct that notwithstanding anything contained in the notification of the Textile Commissioner No. T.C.(17)/45, dated 1st February 1945*, the wholesale price which a dealer carrying on business in the Province of Bengal may charge in respect of any cloth to which the notification of the Textile Commissioner No. 34-Text. A (15)2/43, dated the 31st December 1943†, applies shall not exceed—

(1) 3 per cent above the ex-factory price in the case of cloth manufactured in Bengal and 6½ per cent above the ex-factory price in other cases, when the cloth is sold by a dealer who purchased it directly from a manufacturer;

(2) 11½ per cent above the ex-factory price thereof when it is sold by the Bengal Textile Association;

(3) 15 per cent above the ex-factory price in any other case.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this notification the 'ex-factory price' of any cloth means the maximum ex-factory price thereof under the Notification of the Textile Commissioner No. 34-Text. A(15)2/43, dated the 31st December 1943†, or the contract ex-factory price actually paid whichever is less; and 'wholesale price' means the price charged in respect of a sale made to a person other than a consumer.

S. W. SHIVESHWARKAR, Textile Commr.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 8th February 1945, page 137.
† See the extract from the Notification published in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 10th February 1944, pages 135-36.

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The most powerful Rust-Solvent & Penetrant.
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Sole Agents.

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B. 3187 C. 19-12-46.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DIRECTIONS TO DEALERS REGARDING THE SALE AND DELIVERY OF CLOTH PURCHASED DIRECTLY FROM MANUFACTURERS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 83-TA/46(i), dated the 19th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by sub-clause 1(b) and 1(c) of clause 18B of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made to the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. TC(19)/45, dated the 11th June 1945 (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 28th June 1945, pages 371-72.), namely:—

In the said notification for the form CST-No. 4 the following form shall be substituted, namely:—

FORM CST-No. 4.

QUOTAHOLDER'S RETURN SHOWING RECEIPTS AND DELIVERIES OF CIVIL CLOTH (EXCLUDING EXPORT AND STANDARD CLOTH) DURING THE FORTNIGHT COVERING ARTIFICER'S 1ST TO 15TH* OF 16TH TO END* OF 194

Important:—This form should be completed in accordance with the instructions printed overleaf and submitted to the Office of the Textile Commissioner, "CST Section Shahibag House, Witter Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, so as to reach within seven days after the close of the fortnight to which it relates. All stock pledged/hypothecated by quota holders or artificers with banks or others shall also be included in this return.

Full name and address of Quota holder/Artificer..... Provincial/State Government Cloth Dealer's License No.....

Artificer's Tax Mark No.....

Telephone No.....

Serial No.	Full name of manu- facturer	Mill Tex- mark No. and month of packing	Bale Nos. (each bale num- ber must be given sepa- rately)			Trade description of cloth (see ins- truction IX over- leaf)	Date of delivery by Quota- holder or Artificer to autho- rised pur- chaser	Number and date of order , against which delivered	Artificers'				Trade description of cloth (see ins- truction IX over- leaf)	Full name and license number of person to whom deli- vered
			Full bale	Half bale	Quarter bale				Bale number and month of packing (each bale No. must be given separately)					
									Bale number			Month of packing		
									Full bale	Half bale	Quarter bale			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
(1) to 32														
TOTAL														

*Note—Strike out the portion unnecessary.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING IN FORM CST NO. 4.

- Bale numbers of bales received during the fortnight shall be entered first.
- Cloth received by Artificers from Mills for any of the purposes explained below shall also be accounted for in this return. "Artificer", vide Textile Commissioner's General Permission No. TCS-42/1, dated 10th August 1944, "means a person engaged in dyeing, bleaching, finishing, embroidering or processing cloth or in manufacturing from cloth or yarn articles such as ropes, tapes, wires, bandages or capans but does not include a person engaged in the manufacture of cloth or yarn".
- Columns 10 to 14, beside others, are intended to be filled in by artificers only.
- In columns 4 to 6 and 7, the respective number and variety of each bale as marked and packed by the manufacturing mill shall be given and in columns 10 to 13 and 14 the respective number and variety of each bale as marked and packed by the artificer shall be given.
- Every bale received and delivered during the fortnight shall be accounted for in this return.
- See tents shall also be accounted for in this return under the appropriate trade description of cloth.

DYES Textiles of Cotton, Wool, Silk or Rayon; Jute, Cair, Paper, Leather, Edible Oils & Hair-Oils, Toilet, Soap, etc.
Refer to:—B. SHIVCHAND AMRITLAL & CO., LTD.,
 Post Box No. 258, BOMBAY.
Sole Agents for:—L. B. HOLLIDAY & CO., LTD., ENGLAND.

B. 2014 W. 12-3-47.

VII. By "delivered" or "delivery" is meant physical delivery of cloth in bales or in pieces, but not cloth which, though paid for, is still in the physical possession of the seller.
 VIII. Cloth shall be divided into the following trade description according to variety, quality and fineness:—

VARIETY

1. Dhories 44" and below in width.
2. Dhories above 44" in width.
3. Sarees 6 yards and below in length.
4. Sarees above 6 yards in length.
5. Dillis, tusoreas and coatings.
6. Volls, mulls and dories.
7. Longcloth, shirtings, sheetings, twills, cellular shirtings and chaddars.
8. Miscellaneous (this will include all other varieties of cloth not covered by varieties 1 to 7 above).

QUALITY.

- (A) "Grey cloth", i.e., cloth meant for sale as grey cloth.
- (B) "Bleached Cloth", i.e., cloth meant for sale as bleached white cloth.
- (C) "Coloured Cloth", i.e., cloth meant for sale whether dyed in bleached or un-bleached state as also striped cloth but excluding cloth with only coloured borders.
- (D) "Printed Cloth", i.e., cloth meant for sale whether printed on bleached or un-bleached cloth.

FINENESS.

- (a) "Coarse cloth", i.e., cloth the count of warp yarn in which is below 17s.
 - (b) "Medium cloth", i.e., cloth the count of warp yarn in which is 17s and below 30s.
 - (c) "Fine cloth", i.e., cloth the count of warp yarn in which is 30s below 48s.
 - (d) "Superfine cloth", i.e., cloth the count of warp yarn in which is 48s or finer.
- IX. The variety, quality and fineness of cloth shall be entered in the return in columns 7 and 14 "trade description of cloth" by means of numbers and alphabets preceding them:
Example:— "Sarees above 6 yards in length", "Bleached cloth", and "Fine cloth" shall be entered as 4 (B) (c).

SUMMARY

Items	Total		
	Full bale	Half bale	Quarter bale
(1) Total number of bales in stock at the beginning of the fortnight			
(2) Total number of bales received during the fortnight			
(3) Total number of bales delivered during the fortnight			
(4) Total number of bales in stock at the end of the fortnight:—			
(a) Number of bales unsold			
(b) Number of bales sold but not delivered and held in stock by Quota holder/Artificer on behalf of purchaser			

I do hereby declare that I have compared the above particulars with the records and books of my business and that they are, in so far as I can ascertain, accurate and complete.

Signature of Quota holder/Artificer.....

Date.....

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945, CANCELLATION OF NOTIFICATION NO. TC(50)/45, DATED 6TH APRIL 1946, REGARDING SUBMISSION OF CERTAIN INFORMATION TO THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER, BOMBAY—

The following Notification [No. 33-TA/46(ii), dated the 19th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 18A of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. TC(50)/46, dated the 6th April 1946*, shall be cancelled.

DHARMA VIRA, *Textile Commr.*

* See the Special Supplement to the *Indian Trade Journal*, No. 3, dated the 26th September 1946, page 316.

ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ACT, 1946, TO APPLY TO BRITISH BALUCHISTAN—

The following Notification (No. 341-BPG, dated the 28th November 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the External Affairs Department:—

In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 95 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General in his discretion is pleased to direct that the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946)*, shall apply to British Baluchistan.

CERTAIN ENACTMENTS TO APPLY TO BRITISH BALUCHISTAN—

According to Notification No. 336-BPG, dated the 26th November 1946, of the Government of India in the External Affairs

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 5th December 1946, pages 482-84.

TELEGRAMS: METALABEL
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 DUART'S OART, SATYABHAMA NIVAS, VITHALBHAI PATEL ROAD BOMBAY-4

Department, the following enactments (among others) shall apply to British Baluchistan, namely:—

1. The Indian Mines (Amendment) Act, 1946 (II of 1946).
2. The Professions Tax Limitation (Amendment) Act, 1946 (V of 1946).
3. The Insurance (Amendment) Act, 1946 (VI of 1946).
4. The Factories (Amendment) Act, 1946 (X of 1946).
5. The Trade Marks (Amendment) Act, 1946 (XII of 1946).
6. The Indian Companies (Amendment) Act, 1946 (XIII of 1946).
7. The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 (XX of 1946).

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES FIXED—

The following Press Note, dated the 2nd December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

The Central Government have fixed the maximum retail sale prices of certain "Humber" vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Rootes Ltd., London, U. K. and "Timken" ball and roller bearings made in U. S. A. These prices shall take effect from December 9, 1946.

The privilege of selling these articles at double the landed cost allowed under clause 4(1) of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, or at the corresponding price of a General Motors or Ford or Chrysler or Federal or Reo or Studebaker or Commer product is cancelled and no one will be permitted to sell these articles at prices exceeding the approved notified prices as published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* of November 25, 1946.

The Government of India have also in the same *Gazette of India* published certain additions to the price list for Benton & Stone Ltd., Birmingham, U. K., which will take effect from December 9, 1946.

The price lists are obtainable, on payment, from the Manager, Central Publications Branch, Civil Lines, Delhi.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENTS—

Further amendments to the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944 (see the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 11th May 1944, page 156), have been published in Part I (Section 1) of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 30th November 1946, under Notification No. 6-LPC(40)/46, dated the 25th November 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. WELLWORTHY PISTON RINGS, LTD., LONDON: AMENDMENTS—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the Transport Department No. 4-LPC(152)/46, dated the 4th September 1946 (see the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd October 1946, page 24), have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 25th November 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(152)/46, dated the 4th November 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MAKES OF AUTOMOBILE LAMP BULBS (MADE IN U. S. A.)—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain makes of automobile lamp bulbs (Made in U.S.A.) as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 25th November 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(230)/46, dated the 12th November 1946 of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN PETROL TAPS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. BENTON & STONE, LTD., BIRMINGHAM: AMENDMENTS—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the late War Transport Department No. 4-LPC(160)/46, dated the 27th August 1946 (see the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 26th September 1946, page 571), have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 25th November 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(160)/46, dated the 18th November 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. MAREMONT AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS, U. S. A.—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause 1 of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain motor vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Maremont Automotive Products, U.S.A., as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 25th November 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(231)/46, dated the 18th November 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF BATTERIES AND LOCALLY MANUFACTURED BATTERY PLATES: AMENDMENTS—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the late War Transport Department No. 52-LPC(1)/45-Batteries, dated the 19th April 1945 (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd May 1945, pages 139-40), have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 25th November 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(150)/46, dated the 20th November 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS.

BRITISH INDIA.

EXPORT PROHIBITIONS.

The following Notification [No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 30th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

The Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 91-C.W.(1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945*, incorporating all amendments to date is republished for general information.

COMMERCE—WAR.

New Delhi, the 3rd November 1945.

(Republished)

No. 91-C.W.(1)/45.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of the rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 91-C.W.(1)/44, dated the 29th January 1944, the Central Government is pleased to prohibit the export:—

- (i) to any place outside India, or
- (ii) to any Tribal area or Indian State beyond the western and northern boundaries of the North-West Frontier Province, or
- (iii) by sea to any Indian State on the west coast of India to the north of Ratnagiri and south of Karachi, of any goods of the description specified in the Schedule annexed, except the following, namely:—
 - (a) any goods of the description specified in Part B of the said Schedule and covered by an export licence issued by or under the orders of the Central Government in the Department of Food or the Chief Controller of Exports or an Export Trade Controller appointed in this behalf by the Central Government;
 - (b) any goods of the description specified in Part C of the said Schedule and covered by an export licence issued by the Central Government in the Department of Industries and Supplies or by any officer authorised by that Department in this behalf;
 - (c) any goods of the description specified in Part D of the said Schedule and covered by an export licence issued by or under the orders of the Central Government in the Department of Commerce or the Chief Controller of Exports or an Export Trade Controller appointed in this behalf by the Central Government;
 - (d) any goods constituting the stores or equipment of an outgoing vessel or conveyance, or the *bona fide* baggage of the crew of or of the passengers in, such vessel or conveyance;
 - (e) any goods transhipped at a port in British India after having been manifested for such transhipment at the time of despatch from a port outside British India;
 - (f) any goods exported under the orders of Naval, Military or Air Force Authorities for Naval, Military or Air Force requirements;
 - (g) any goods exported under the orders of the Central Government or such officers as may be appointed by the Central Government in this behalf;
 - (h) any goods covered by an Open General Licence issued by the Central Government;
 - (i) any goods required by persons residing or having their business in the Tribal areas and Indian States beyond the western and northern boundaries of the North-West Frontier Province for personal use or for use in the ordinary course of their business.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 27th June 1946, pages 143-48.

SCHEDULE.

PART A.

(No licence issued.)

1. (Omitted).
2. (Omitted).
3. (Omitted).
4. Belting for machinery made of
 - (i) cotton;
 - (ii) hair,
 - (iii) leather, and
 - (iv) rubber.
- 4A. Bonemeal.
5. Casein.
6. Chemicals and chemical preparations, the following:—
 - (i) Acid Stearic,
 - (ii) Aluminium oxide,
 - (iii) Ammonium sulphate and other chemical manures not specified.
 - (iv) Aniline and alkylated aniline,
 - (v) Calcium acetate (acetate of lime),
 - (vi) (Omitted).
 - (vii) (Omitted).
 - (viii) Ethyl alcohol or rectified spirit of any proof degree; methylated or denatured or mineralised spirits,
 - (ix) Lithopone and Cadmium Lithopone,
 - (x) Naphthalene,
 - (xi) Salt and other compounds of mercury,
 - (xii) Sodium hydrosulphite,
 - (xiii) (Omitted).
 - (xiv) (Omitted).
7. Clocks, watches and parts thereof.
8. (i) Drugs and medicines, the following when in bulk packing—Arsenii Trioxidum, Benzonium, Cinchona Bark and powder, Emetina and its salts, Ferri et Quininae Citras, Mepacrinae Hydrochloridum, Mepacrinae Methanosulphonas, Quinina and its salts, Quinidina and its salts, and Totaguina.
(ii) Any imported medicinal preparation containing any one or more of the drugs or medicines specified in entry (i) above whether in bulk or in any other form such as tablets, ampoules, solutions, ointments, etc., including all proprietary brands and Trade Marks preparations and equivalents of them intended for oral, hypodermic, intravenous or external use.
- (iii) Penicillin.
9. Dyestuffs, the following:—
Synthetic dyestuffs including coal tar derivatives used in any dyeing process.
10. (Omitted).
11. (Omitted).
12. Raw and Pickled Sheep skins other than those known as Amritsar Papras.
13. Instruments, Apparatus and Appliances, and parts thereof, the following:—
 - (i) Cameras other than those of indigenous manufacture,
 - (ii) Cinematograph equipment,
 - (iii) Clinical thermometers,
 - (iv) Electrical installation accessories other than those of indigenous manufacture,
 - (v) Electrical insulating material of all sorts of foreign manufacture, other than those required for use on motor vehicles,
 - (vi) Electrical lighting accessories and fittings of foreign manufacture, other than those required for use on motor vehicles,

(vii) Electric wires and cables (including telegraph and telephone wires and accessories), other than those required for use on motor vehicles,

(viii) High tension and low tension control switch gear, other than those required for use on motor vehicles,

(ix) Optical glass, formed and unformed,

(x) Optical instruments, all sorts,

(xi) Surveying instruments and appliances,

(xii) Transmission line equipment,

(xiii) Wireless instruments (including Reception sets), and parts thereof, and

(xiv) X-ray equipment and parts thereof.

14.(i) All vegetable tanned leather produced from Buffalo hides, Katsis or Buffalo calves weighing 8 lbs. or over per skin with the exception of—

(1) Heavy vegetable tanned buffalo leather weighing over 16 lbs. per side or over 32 lbs. per hide; and

(2) East India Tanned Buffalo leather weighing below 12 lbs. or over 32 lbs. per hide.

(ii) Chrome Tanned Sole leather weighing up to 16 lbs. per side or 32 lbs. per hide.

15. Machinery and millwork other than those required for use on motor vehicles, the following :—

(i) Ball and roller bearings, all sorts, and

(ii) Motors, Generators and Transformers.

16. Metals and Ores, the following :—

(i) Antimony,

(ia) Beryl (Beryllium) ore, metal and alloys.

(ii) Ferro alloys including ferro-chrome, ferro-manganese, ferro-phosphorus, ferro-silicon, ferro-titanium, ferro-tungsten, ferro-vanadium and ferro-molybdenum,

(iia) Flourspar,

(iii) Magnesium and magnesium alloys,

(iv) Mercury,

(v) Nickel, nickel oxide; nickel ore and matte; nickel alloys,

(vi) Phosphor alloys,

(vii) Tin, wrought and unwrought; tin alloys,

(viiia) Uranium ore,

(viii) Zinc or spelter, wrought and unwrought, Zinc concentrates, dross and manufacturing residues; zinc alloys, and

(ix) Scrap containing any of the metals or alloys specified in entries (i) to (viii).

16A. Oilcakes, all sorts.

17. (Omitted).

18. Pulp of wood for paper-making; rags and other materials for making papers.

19. (Omitted).

20. Razor blades other than those manufactured in India.

21. (Omitted).

22. (Omitted).

23. Starch, dextrine and farina.

24. Textiles, the following :—

(i) Flax, raw, and

(ii) Flax manufactures.

(iii) Hemp, raw all sorts (Manilla, sisal and Indian hemp, etc.) and manufactures thereof, including twine.

25. (Omitted).

26. Woollen and worsted manufactures, including woollen and worsted yarn, but excluding hosiery, pashmina shawls, carpets, floor rugs, blankets, cumblies and all hand woven woollen goods made from hand spun yarns and numdahs.

27. Umbrellas and umbrella fittings.

PART B.

(Items controlled by the Department of Food; applications for licences should be submitted to the Export Trade Controller at the respective port or land frontier.)

1. Animals, living, the following :—

(i) Cattle, and

(ii) Poultry.

2. Fish, dried (salted and unsalted).

3. Fodder, bran and pollards.

4. Fruits, nuts and vegetables (including dried, salted or preserved, not canned or bottled), other than tamarind and cashew nuts.

5. Grain, pulse and flour.

6. Provisions and Oilman's stores, all sorts, but excluding—

(i) Malt,

(ii) Sauces and condiments, and

(iii) Curry Powder.

7. (Omitted).

7A. Spices the following :—

(i) Chillies, and

(ii) Pepper.

8. Sugar including molasses.

9. Vegetable products, as defined in the Vegetable Products (Excise Duty) Act, 1943 (XI of 1943).

PART C.

(Licences issued by the Central Government in the Department of Industries and Supplies or by an officer authorised by that Department in this behalf.)

1. (Omitted).

2. (Omitted).

3. Instruments, Apparatus and Appliances, and parts thereof, the following :—

Surgical and veterinary instruments, apparatus and appliances excluding surgical dressings.

4. (Omitted).

5. Machine Tools of all description and parts thereof.

6. Metals and Ores, the following :—

(i) Aluminium and aluminium alloys,

(ii) Antimony alloys containing more than 10 per cent of antimony including printing and bearing alloys.

(iii) (Omitted).

(iv) Cobalt,

(v) Copper ores; copper wrought and unwrought; copper plates and sheets; copper wire, drawn; copper alloys,

(vi) Iridium; osmiridium; iridosmine and concentrates containing iridium,

(vii) Iron and Steel :—

(a) Pig iron.

(b) Ingots, Blooms, Billets, tin bars, sheet bars, and slabs.

(c) Steel Castings.

(d) Heavy Structural (including heavy sections of joists, channels and angles).

(e) Light Structural (including light sections of joists, channels angles, tees and light rails of 30 lbs. and under).

(f) Tyres, wheels and axles.

(g) Shell steel ingots, blooms, billets and bars.

(h) Heavy Rails (over 30 lbs.), Fishplates, dogspikes, chair spikes, screw spikes.

(i) Tinplate, Terneplate.

(j) Black Sheets (Plain and Corrugated).

(k) Galvanised Sheets (Plain and Corrugated).

PART D.

(Items controlled by Department of Commerce; applications for licences should be submitted to the Export Trade Controller at the respective port or land frontier.)

1. Abrasives, manufactured including guiding wheels, emery paper and powder and sand paper, other than those of indigenous manufacture.

2. (Omitted).

3. Apparel, all sorts.

3A. Asbestos and manufactures thereof.

3B. Asbestos cement.

4. (Omitted).

5. Synthetic moulding powders.

6. Bicycles, accessories and parts thereof, other than those manufactured in India.

7. Bitumen.

8. Bones, crushed and uncrushed, including bone grist.

9. (Omitted).

10. Building and engineering materials, the following :—

(i) Fire bricks.

(ii) (Omitted).

11. (Omitted).

12. Candles of all kinds.

13. Carbon black.

14. Carbons, decolourising and activated.

14A. Cement and manufactures thereof, other than those specified elsewhere in this Schedule.

15. Chemicals and chemical preparations, the following :—

(i) Ammonia and ammonium compounds other than those included in Part A.

(ii) Bleaching powder and chlorine,

(iii) Calcium Carbide,

(iv) Caustic soda,

(v) Disinfectants, all sorts,

(vi) Gases, all sorts,

(vii) Phosphorus,

(viii) Potassium Nitrate,

(ix) Sodium carbonate,

(x) Sodium sulphide,

(xi) Sulphur, and

(xii) Uranium and its compounds.

16. (Omitted).

17. Cinematograph films, not exposed,

18. Coal and coke: charcoal.

19. (Omitted).

20. (Omitted).

21. Cork and cork manufactures.

22. (Omitted).

23. (Omitted).

24. (1) Drugs and Medicines, the following, when in bulk packings :—

Acidum Acetylsalicylicum, Acidum Ascorbicum, Acidum Boricum, Acidum Citricum, Acidum Cresylicum, Acidum Mandelicum, Acidum Nicotinicum, Acidum Salicylicum, Acidum Tannicum, Acidum Tartaricum, Acriflavina, Aethylica Chloridum, Aethyl Morphianae Hydrochloridum, Ammonii Carbonas, Ammonii Chloridum, Amyli Nitris, Amylocainae Hydrochloridum, Aneurine Hydrochloridum, Antimonii et Potassii Tartras, Antimonii et Sodii Tartras, Antimonii Trichloridum, Antrypol, Apomorphinae Hydrochloridum, Argenti Nitras, Argentoproteinum, Argentoproteinum Mite, Atropinae Sulphas, Barbitonum, Barbitonum Solubile, Benzylis, Benzoes, Bismuth Salts, Bismuthum Praecipitatum, Borax, Brilliant Green, Bromethol, Cadmii Iodidum, Calamina, Calcii Gluconas, Calciferol, Calcii Lactas, Camphor crude and refined, Carbaololum, Carbonei

(l) Plates (Shipbuilding).

(m) Plates (Ordinary mild steel and high tensile).

(n) Plates (Bullet Proof).

(o) Bars (including flats, squares, rounds, hexagons and rods).

(p) Bolts (including Fishbolts), Nuts and Rivets.

(q) Black or Galvanized Wire, whether plain or barbed.

(r) Wire Nails.

(s) Wire (Miscellaneous).

(t) Hoop and Strip.

(u) Spring Steel in any unfabricated or semi-fabricated form.

(v) Tool Steel in any unfabricated or semi-fabricated form.

(w) Steel Pressure Pipes, Tubes, and Fittings coated or uncoated excluding Electrical Conduit Pipes.

(x) Cast Iron Pressure Pipes and Specials.

(y) Pressure Pipes made of any substance reinforced with Iron or Steel.

(z) Wire Ropes.

(viii) Lead ore; pig lead; lead sheets; lead pipes and tubes; lead alloys.

(ix) Molybdenum and molybdenum ores,

(x) Platinum, crude and refined; platinum alloys,

(xi) Radium, radium ores, and concentrates,

(xii) Tin concentrates and ores,

(xiii) Tungsten and tungsten ore (Wolfram),

(xiv) Vanadium and vanadium ores, and

(xv) Scrap containing any of the metals or alloys specified in entries (i) to (xiv).

7. Manufactured articles not specified elsewhere in this schedule, made wholly, or mainly of any of the metals or alloys, specified in item 16 of Part A or in item 6 (excluding sub-item (vii) Iron and Steel) of this part; including containers when not in use as containers.

[N.B.—An article shall be deemed to be made mainly of any of the metals or alloys referred to if such metal or alloy constitutes the major part of either the bulk or the value of the article.]

8. Processing materials for rubber tyres other than stearite and French Chalk, not covered by another item in this Part.

9. Rubber manufactures, the following :—

(i) Tyres and tubes,

(ii) Fabric,

(iii) Raincoats, and

(iv) Hospital sheeting.

9A. Small tools all sorts, and component parts thereof, including—

(i) Metal working tools, hand or machine operated,

(ii) Wood working tools, hand or machine operated,

(iii) Hand tools of all descriptions, and

(iv) Precision and measuring tools and instruments;

but excluding tools included in entries (i)–(iii) above, if of indigenous manufacture.

10. (Omitted).

11. Vehicles and parts thereof (excluding old scrap parts), the following :—

(i) (Omitted).

(ii) Motor vehicles, namely motor cars, motor cycles and motor omnibuses, vans and lorries and chassis for the same, whether fitted with rubber tyres and tubes or not, and

(iii) Parts of motor vehicles, including rubber tyres and tubes and producer gas plants.

12. Wood and timber, all sorts, including plywood and other laminated wood but excluding agarwood, firewood and sandalwood; also chests boxes, crates and other containers made therefrom, when exported empty and parts thereof including shooks.

13. Wood preservatives, the following :—

(i) Coal Tar.

(ii) Creosote, and

(iii) Mixtures containing Coal Tar or creosote.

Tetrachloridum, Cascara Sagrada and preparations thereof, Chiniofonum, Chloralis Hydras, Chlorocresol, Chloroxylenol, Chromii Trioxidum, Chrysarobinum, Cocaina and its salts, Codeina and its salts, Cresotum, Cresol, Cupri Sulphas, Dextrosom, Digitalin, Digoxin, Ephedrina and its salts, Ergota Praeparata and preparations thereof, Extractum Filicis Liquidum, Extractum Pituitarii Liquidum, Extractum Suprarenali Corticis, Farriet Ammonii Citras, Flouresceinum Solubile, Gentian Violet, Glucosum Liquidum, Glycerylis Trinitras, Hexaminae Hexobarbitonum, Hexobarbitonum Solubile, Histaminae Phosphas Acidus, Homatrophiae Hydrobromidum, Hyoscina and its salts, Hyoseyanus, Insulinum, Insulinum Protaminatum cum Zince, Iodophthaleinum, Iodoxyl, Ipecacuanha, Liquor Cresol Saponatus, Liquor Formaldehydi, Liquor Hydrogenii Peroxidum, Mangesesii, Trisilicas, Mapharside, Menthol, Mersalyum, Methylsulphonas, Neoparsphenamina, Nikethamidum, Nitrogenii Monoxidum, Oestradiol, Oleum, Anisi, Oleum Chenopodii, Oleum Ierisatum, Oleum Menthae Piperatae, Oleum Morrhucae, Oleum Theobromatis, Oleum Vitaminatum, Oxygenium, Pamaquin, Paraffinum Liquidum, Paraffinum Molle, Paraldehydum, Paris Green, Pentothol Sodium, Peptonum, Percaine, Phenol, Phenacetinum, Phenobarbitonum, Phenobarbitonum solubile, Phenolphathleinum, Phenyl Hydrargyri acetat, Phenyl Hydrargyri Nitras, Physostigmina and its salts, Pirevan, Planocame T. Potassii Iodidum, Potassii Bromidum, Potassii Permanganas, Potassii Persulphas, Procainae Hydrochloridum, Resorcinol, Riboflavin, Saccharinum, Soda lime, Sodii Bromidum, Sodii Chloridum, Sodii et Potassii Tartras, Sodii Citras, Sodii Chloras, Sodii Iodide, Sodii Phosphas Acidus, Sodii Salicylas, Spiritus Ammoniae Aromaticus, Stibephenum, Stillbeestrol, Strophanthinum, Strychnina and its salts, Sulphadiazinum, Sulphaguanidinum, Sulphapyridinum, Sulpharsphenamina, Sulphathiazolum, Sulphonamide preparations (e.g., Sulphanilamide, Soluseptasine, etc.), Tetrachlorethyleneum, Theobromina et Sodii Salicylas, Theophyllinacum Aethylenediamins, Thiodiphenylamina, Thymol, Thyroideum, Trypan Blue Tryparsamidum, Zinc Oxidum (B. P.), Urea.

(ii) Any medicinal preparations containing any one or more of the drugs or medicines specified in entry (i) above whether in bulk or in any other form such as tablets, ampoules, solutions, ointments, etc., including all proprietary brands and Trade Mark preparations and equivalents of them intended for oral, hypodermic, intravenous or external use.

(iii) Any Indian made preparations containing any one or more of the drugs or medicines specified in entry 8(i) of Part 'A' whether in bulk or any other form such as tablets, ampoules, solutions, ointments, etc., including all proprietary brands and Trade Mark preparations and equivalents of them intended for oral, hypodermic, intravenous or external use.

(iv) Crude drugs, the following :—

Artemissia, Belladonna Leaf and Root, Colocynth Pulp, Ephedra, Gall nuts, Gentian Root, Gum Ammeniocum, Nutmeg, Polygala Chinensis (Plant), Senega, Tragacanth.

25. (Omitted).

26. Firewood.

27. (Omitted).

27A. Glass bottles of Crown cork pattern, empty or when in use as containers.

28. (Omitted).

29. Glue and raw materials for the manufacture of glue, the following :—

(i) Hide fleshings;

(ii) Dry limed hide bellies/splits,

(iii) Hides cuttings or trimmings,

(iv) Bone sinews, and

(v) Chrome shavings, picker waste and dry pieces in hair.

30. Gums and resins, the following :—

(i) Gum Benzoin,

(ii) Rosin.

31. Hides and Skins, Raw, the following :—

(1) Buffalo hides, raw.

(2) Cow hides, raw.

(3) Buffalo Calf skins, raw.

(4) Cow Calf skins, raw.

(5) Raw Sheep skins known as Amritsar Papras.

31A. (i) All classes of vegetable tanned leather produced from cow hides or kips (other than those known as East India Tanned Cow or Cow Calves) weighing 8 lbs. and over as hide and 4 lbs. and over as side.

(ii) East India Tanned Cow and Cow Calves.

(iii) East India Tanned Buffalo Calves weighing below 4 lbs. per skin.

(iv) All Chrome tanned upper leather produced from cow or buffalo hides or calf skins.

(v) Vegetable tanned and Chrome tanned sheep skins.

32. Hops and hop products.

33. (Omitted).

34. (Omitted).

35. Hydraulic packing.

36. Instruments, Apparatus and Appliances, and parts thereof,

the following :—

(i) Electrical instruments, apparatus and appliances, all sorts (including accumulators and dry cells, electric fans and accessories and electric lamps), other than those specified in Part A.

(ii) (Omitted).

(iii) Microscopes.

(iv) Photographic papers, plates and films including those used in X-ray photography but excluding cinema films.

(v) Telegraph and telephone instruments and apparatus, and

(vi) Scientific instruments, apparatus and appliances, all sorts, other than of indigenous origin.

37. Lamps and parts thereof, the following :—

(i) (Omitted).

(ii) Hurricane lamps.

(iii) (Omitted).

(iv) (Omitted).

(v) (Omitted).

38. Leather manufactures, the following :—

Ladies and Men's footwear.

39. Liquors, the following :—

(i) (Omitted).

(ii) Beer.

39A. Machinery and millwork, including parts thereof other than those specified in Part A, but excluding—

(i) machine tools of any description and,

(ii) parts of machinery and millwork which are exported for purposes of repairs or are returned to the manufacturers as defective; Machines and instruments which are re-exported to the countries wherefrom they were imported previously for repairs.

39B. Manufactures of wood and timber, all sorts, other than—

(i) such manufactures as are covered by item 12 in Part C, and

(ii) manufactures of sandalwood or agarwood, and

(iii) the following articles, if made wholly or mainly of wood, other than sandalwood or agarwood—

(a) cigarette cases,

(b) jewel cases, and

(c) shoe lasts.

[N.B.—1. Furniture and Cabinetwork made mainly or wholly of wood is covered by this item.

2. Furniture and Cabinetwork made mainly or wholly of iron or of any other metal or alloy will be covered by item 7 in Part C.]

40. Manures, other than—(i) Chemical manures and (ii) horn and hoof meal.

41. Matches, all sorts.

42. Metals, and Ores, the following :—

(i) Monazite and

(ii) Thorium.

43. Oils, the following :—

(i) (Omitted).

(ii) Oils, mineral, all sorts (including crude oil, kerosene, fuel oils, lubricating oils, greases, petrol, solvent oils, mineral turpentine, benzine and benzol, but excluding drugs and medicines (included in Part A and elsewhere in Part D).

(iii) Oils, vegetable, non-essential, all sorts, other than those included elsewhere in Part D.

44. (Omitted).

45. Oilseeds, non-essential, all sorts.

46. Paints, varnishes and enamels containing lead or zinc.

46A. Paper and paste board, all sorts and manufactures thereof.

47. (Omitted).

48. (Omitted).

49. Printers' and Lithographers' inks.

50. (Omitted).

51. Rubber, raw; Rubber scrap and waste; Rubber seeds.

52. Rubber shoes and canvas shoes with rubber soles.

53. (Omitted).

53A. Seeds other than oil seeds, including seed potatoes but excluding tea seeds.

54. Silver bullion, ore, metal, alloys and manufactures, thereof.

55. Soaps, washing powders and shaving cream, cup and sticks.

56. Spectacle frames, all sorts.

57. (Omitted).

58. Stationery, the following :—

(i) Fountain pens.

(ii) Lead pencils, and

(iii) Pins.

59. (Omitted).

60. Tallow and Stearine, all sorts.

61. Tanning substances, all sorts, including myrobalans, gall nuts, wattle bark and extract thereof.

62. Tea.

63. Textiles, the following :—

(i) Artificial silk yarn.

(ii) Artificial silk manufactures, including mixtures with other textiles or staple fibre.

(iia) Bimli jute.

(iii) Cotton manufactures, all sorts (including cotton twist and yarn; piecegoods, hosiery, sewing thread, canvas, mosquito netting and tape).

(iv) Cotton, raw, and cotton linters and pickings.

(v) Haberdashery and millinery.

(vi) Jute raw; jute manufactures,

(vii) Silk, raw cocoons, waste products (including Duppon) and hand reeled.

(viii) Silk yarn and manufactures, all sorts (including silk hosiery), and

(ix) Wool, raw, whites and yellows only.

(x) (Omitted).

64. Turpentine and pine oil.

65. Ultramarine blue.

66. Vitamin A, its preparations and admixtures.

67. Waxes of all kinds, including paraffin wax and beeswax.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. VII: AMENDMENTS.

The following Notification [No. 26-ITC/46, dated the 30th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 23-ITC/43, dated the 1st July 1943, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Open General Licence No. VII, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 1-ITC/46, dated the 22nd January 1946*, as subsequently amended, and that these amendments be published for general information :—

In the Table annexed to the said Open General Licence—

(1) The following descriptions of goods covered by the entries in the Schedule to the aforesaid notification No. 23-ITC/43, dated the 1st July 1943, shall be added in their respective places according to the Parts and Serial Nos. of the Import Trade Control Schedule, namely :—

Description.	Part of I.T.C. Schedule.	S. No. of I.T.C. Schedule.
Copper wrought including the following, viz., Tape, Foil and highly polished sheet specially prepared for making process blocks, lithographic sheets and following manufactures, viz., copper perforated sheets	I	41
Copper scrap whether ingotted or otherwise	I	42
Lead ingot, pig	I	43A
Zinc or spelter unwrought including zinc dross dust ashes and zinc in the form of ingots, Cake, Tile, Slab, Plat and granulations including all form of zinc scrap and zinc wrought including wire rod, sections, highly polished sheet specially prepared for making process blocks, lithographic sheet and the following manufactures, viz., Zinc perforated and sheet cut to size	I	44
Tin wrought including the following, viz., foil and wire	I	45A
Brass in the form of scrap and the following manufactures, viz., perforated sheets	I	46
Copper unwrought in the form of ingot or slab other than ingotted scrap	I	47
Nickel in all forms including anodes and scrap excluding manufactures thereof	I	48
All copper alloy scrap	I	49
Monel metal	I	50
Tungsten metal powder and other Tungsten products	I	51
Molybdenum metal powder	I	52
Domestic hardware excluding stoves	IV	268
Asphalt	V	15
Carbon black	V	106
Staple fibre	V	122
Art silk waste	V	122
2. For the entry :— "Iron and Steel, and articles made thereof with the exception of those covered by Parts I, IV and V of the Schedule (and excluding coated or uncoated electrodes, both rod and wire)"	II	9 "

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 199-207.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. VII:
AMENDMENTS—*contd.*

Description	Part of I.T.C. Schedule.	S. No. of I.T.C. Schedule.
The following entry* shall be substituted, namely:— “Iron and Steel and articles made thereof, with the exception of those covered by Parts I, IV and V of the Schedule (and excluding expanded metals and coated and uncoated electrodes, both rod and wire).”	II	9”
3. For the entry:— “Canned or bottled provisions not otherwise specified”	IV	78”
The following entry shall be substituted, namely:— “Canned or bottled provisions not otherwise specified, excluding vinegar in bottles”	IV	78”
4. In the list of goods specified under the entry (i) “The following articles of paints, colours and painter's materials if packed ready for retail sale . . . and (ii) “The following articles of paints, colours and painter's materials if not packed ready for retail sale . . .”	IV	118”
The following items shall be inserted, namely:— “Paint boxes, colour boxes, tubes of water colours and aluminium paste”	V	34”
5. In the exceptions appearing under the entry:— “Chemicals falling under items Nos. 28, 28 (6), 28 (7) and 28 (8) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934, and drugs and medicines falling under item No. 28 (8) of the Schedule in packings upto and inclusive of 28 lbs. for goods in substance and upto and inclusive of one Winchester quart for goods in liquid, but excluding articles specified in any other Serial of the Schedule	IV	110”
The following shall be inserted, namely:— “Iron sulphate, Liquid chlorine, Calcium acetate, Iron oxide, Lead sub-acetate, Magnetic oxide of iron, Ammonium chloride, Trisodium hydrogen phosphate, Calcined magnesia, Manganese dioxide, Magnesium carbonate, Potash chrome alum.”		
6. In the exceptions appearing under the entry “Chemicals in packings exceeding 28 lbs. for chemicals in substance and one Winchester quart for chemicals in liquid and not falling under any other Serial of the Schedule	V	22”
The following shall be inserted, namely:— “Iron sulphate, Liquid chlorine, Calcium acetate, Iron oxide, Magnetic Oxide of iron, Ammonium chloride, Trisodium hydrogen phosphate, Manganese Dioxide and Potash chrome alum.”		

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. VII:
AMENDMENTS—*concl.*

Description.	Part of I.T.C. Schedule.	S. No. of I.T.C. Schedule.
7. In the list of goods specified against the entry:— “The following chemicals, drugs and medicines in packings exceeding 28 lbs. for goods in substance and one Winchester quart for goods in liquid For the entry:— “Magnesium and zinc compounds not otherwise specified in the Schedule”.	V	31”
The following entry shall be substituted, namely:— “Magnesium compounds excluding calcined magnesia and magnesium carbonate and zinc compounds not otherwise specified in the Schedule”.		
8. The following entry shall be deleted, namely:— “Carbon, black”	V	122”

SEA CUSTOMS ACT, 1878: ASSISTANT COLLECTOR OF CENTRAL EXCISE, CHITTAGONG DIVISION, ETC., APPOINTED TO BE OFFICERS OF CUSTOMS.

The following Notification (No. 20-Customs, dated the 30th November 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division):—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), and in supersession of all previous notifications on the subject, the Central Government is pleased to appoint, with effect from the 1st December 1946, the Assistant Collector of Central Excise, Chittagong Division, and the Superintendent of Central Excise, Chittagong Port, to be officers of Customs in respect of the port of Chittagong and its subordinate ports, namely, Cox's Bazar, and Nilla, and to exercise the powers conferred, and perform the duties imposed, by the said Act on such officers.

SEA CUSTOMS ACT, 1878: RULES PRESCRIBING AND LIMITING THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS OF CUSTOMS AT THE PORT OF CHITTAGONG, ETC.

The following Notification (No. 23-Customs, dated the 30th November 1946) has been issued by the Central Board of Revenue:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Board of Revenue hereby makes the following rules prescribing and limiting the powers and duties of officers of Customs at the port of Chittagong and its subordinate ports, namely, Cox's Bazar, and Nilla:—

(1) The Collector of Central Excise, Calcutta, shall be competent, within his jurisdiction to exercise all or any of the powers conferred and to perform all or any of the duties imposed upon the Chief Customs Officer or Customs-Collector by the Act.

(2) The Assistant Collector of Central Excise, Chittagong Division, shall, subject to the orders of the Collector of Central Excise, Calcutta, exercise the powers of a Customs-Collector in respect of the port of Chittagong and its subordinate ports concurrently with the officers in charge of such ports, and shall have control over them.

(3) The Superintendent of Central Excise, Chittagong Ports, shall be the Customs-Collector in charge of the port.

(4) At the subordinate ports, the duties imposed by the Act upon the Customs-Collector will be performed by the Customs-Collector who is in charge of the port.

(5) The powers of the Assistant Collector of Central Excise, Chittagong Division, to adjudge confiscations and impose penalties shall ordinarily be limited to those indicated in clause (b) of section 182 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878). The powers of Customs-Collectors in charge of ports to adjudge confiscations and to impose penalties shall ordinarily be limited to those indicated in clause (c) of section 182, with the restriction that no order passed at a subordinate port by the Customs-Collector in charge of that port shall take effect until it has been confirmed by the Customs-Collector in charge of the port of Chittagong. The power to adjudge confiscations and impose penalties without limit under clause (a) of section 182 shall be exercised by the Collector of Central Excise, Calcutta.

2. These rules shall come into force on the 1st December 1946, and thereupon the rules published with the notification of the Government of Bengal, No. 22-B, dated the 8th January 1885, shall cease to apply to the port of Chittagong and its subordinate ports, namely, Cox's Bazar and Nilla.

GENERAL PERMISSION TO TAKE OR SEND OUT OF BRITISH INDIA CERTAIN AMOUNTS OF MONEY: AMENDMENTS.

The following Notification (No. E.C.D. 61, dated the 14th November 1946) has been issued by the Reserve Bank of India:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of Rule 90B of the Defence of India Rules as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (No. XX of 1946), the Reserve Bank of India is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in their Notification No. E.C.D. 46, dated the 5th May 1944*, namely:—

In sub-para. (b) of the said Notification for the letter and figures “£10” wherever they occur, shall be substituted the letter and figures “£20”, and for the letters and figures “Rs. 150” the letters and figures “Rs. 300”.

GENERAL PERMISSION RELATING TO THE BRINGING INTO BRITISH INDIA OF BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES: AMENDMENT.

The following Notification (No. E.C.D. 62, dated the 14th November 1946) has been issued by the Reserve Bank of India:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Government of India, Finance Department (Central Revenues) Customs Notification No. 9, dated the 28th April 1945, the Reserve Bank of India is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in their Notification No. E.C.D. 56, dated the 28th April 1945†, namely:—

In items (i) and (ii) of paragraph 1 of the said Notification for the letter and figures “£10” wherever they occur, shall be substituted the letter and figures “£20”.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th May 1944, page 219.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 17th May 1945, pages 190-91.

ARGENTINA.

CUSTOMS DUTIES ON ABSORBENT GAUZE AND BANDAGES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 17th August 1946:—

The Minister (Commercial) to H. M. Embassy at Buenos Aires reports that by virtue of the terms of Decree No. 15,364 of May 29, published in the *Boletín Oficial* of June 29, absorbent gauzes and bandages, cambric bandages, starched unbleached gauze (“lien-cillos”) for bandages and linon or tarlatan for plaster work, imported into Argentina will no longer enjoy the exemption from customs duties granted under Article 6 of the Customs Law to medicines, drugs, instruments and apparatus for national, provincial or municipal hospitals. These goods will, therefore, now be subject to the normal Customs duties.

CANADA.

TARIFF CHANGE: TOWELLING AND GLASS CLOTH, ETC.

With reference to the notice, published in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 14th February 1946 (page 263), on the above subject, the India Government Trade Commissioner, Toronto, has informed that by Order in Council P.C. 3666, dated the 29th August 1946, passed under authority of the National Emergency Transitional Powers Act, during the period 1st October 1946 to 31st March 1947, importations of goods specified in tariff items 540(c) and 540(d) of Schedule “A” are exempted from duties of Customs when originating in and imported from countries, the products of which are entitled to British Preferential Tariff treatment.

Tariff Items 540(c) and 540(d) are as follows:—

540(c) Towelling and glass cloth of crash or huck, with or without lettering or monograms woven in, table cloths and napkins of crash with coloured borders, in the web, wholly of flax or hemp; woven fabrics in the web, composed in part of flax or hemp, not containing silk, artificial silk nor wool.

540(d) Towels and glass cloths of crash or huck, with or without lettering or monograms woven in, table cloths and napkins of crash with coloured borders, wholly or in part of flax or hemp, not containing silk, artificial silk nor wool.

CEYLON.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd August 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of a notification dated June 4, 1946, which provides for the following amendments to the lists of goods the importation of which from all sources is prohibited except under licence.

The following item now reads:—

121 Drugs, medicines and medicinal preparations (including patent medicines, but excluding quinine and quinine preparations, vitamins and vitamin preparations, pharmaceutical glands, castor oil and penicillin).

The following items are inserted:—

121A Vitamins and vitamin preparations (including cod liver oil).
121B Pharmaceutical glands.
121C Castor oil.
121D Penicillin.

CEYLON—contd.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 24th August 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received copies of notifications dated June 20, 1946, and July 5, 1946, which provide for the following modifications to Open General Licence No. 4 (applicable to British Empire except Canada and Newfoundland).

The following items are inserted:—

Electric telegraph and telephone instruments and apparatus (except batteries) other than wireless apparatus.

Carpet sweepers.

Automatic machines operated by coins or counters and intended for use in any trade or business or in any game or test of skill.

Cement.

Iron and steel plates and sheets of all descriptions, fabricated and not fabricated, including sheets and circles imported for manufacturing drums for export of Ceylon produce.

Iron and steel tubes and pipes of all descriptions fabricated and not fabricated, including fittings.

Hoop iron (including wire and iron specially prepared for strapping packages).

Iron and steel rails, sleepers, fish plates, sole plates, and colliery arches, accessories and pit props.

Agricultural machinery.

Electric control and switch gear.

Electric generators, alternators, dynamos and exciters.

Electric motors.

Electric transformers and converters.

Electric machinery falling under the heading: "Electrical machinery not elsewhere specified" in Class III, Group G of the classification in the Ceylon Customs Tariff.

Lawn mowers, excluding parts.

The following item:—

Cordage, cables, ropes and twine of hemp,

has been amended to read as follows:—

Cordage, cables and ropes of hemp (other than twine of hemp).

COSTA RICA.

[PAYMENTS FOR IMPORTS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd August 1946:—

H.M. Minister at San Jose has forwarded a translation of a Decree (No. 26) dated June 7, which, *inter alia*, allocates the reserves of foreign exchange accruing to Costa Rica for payment of imports and other services.

As previously, imports for exchange purposes are divided into two categories. The first contains lists of goods of prime necessity in order of priority, similar to previous lists, and the second includes all other imports not mentioned in the first category; 70 per cent of the foreign exchange is reserved to cover payment for goods under category one and 10 per cent for goods under category two. The remaining 20 per cent is divided equally between payments for (a) public services, (b) family obligations and students living abroad, (c) travelling expenses for journeys for health reasons or public service and (d) withdrawals of investments by foreign investors.

A translation of the Decree may be seen at the Export Promotion Department, Board of Trade, 35, Old Queen Street, London, S.W.1.

CHINA.

CUSTOMS TARIFF.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 24th August 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of Chinese Customs Notification No. 61 of June 25, 1946, which states that the collection of the 5 per cent Revenue Surtax on import duty and export duty is to be continued for a further period of one year from July 1, 1946.

This surtax was first imposed by the Chinese Government as a means of raising revenue in July 1932 and has been extended year by year since that date.

EIRE.

IMPORTATION OF SUGAR PROHIBITED.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 24th August 1946:—

With reference to the notice under the above heading in the *Board of Trade Journal*, May 20, 1944, page 188*, the Board of Trade have received a copy of the Sugar (Prohibition of Import) Order, 1946, which prohibits for a further period, from May 1, 1946, to April 30, 1947, the importation into Eire of sugar not manufactured or produced in Eire, except under and in accordance with a licence granted under the provisions of the Sugar (Control of Import) Act, 1936.

NEW ZEALAND.

AMENDMENTS TO IMPORT REGULATIONS.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd August 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of the New Zealand Import Licensing Schedule for 1947 (Eleventh Period, January 1 to December 31, 1947). The basic allocations fixed for 1946 (see *Board of Trade Journal*, December 8, 1945, pages 700-712†, and subsequent amendments) will continue for 1947, subject to the following modifications:—

(Only items of interest to India are shown below.)

Item.	Goods.	Allocations for 1947.
Ex 5 (10)	Soya bean flour . . .	All countries 100 per cent 1946.
14	Chicory . . .	Control.
17	Coffee, raw . . .	Defer.
Ex 31	Cocoa or cacao butter . . .	Defer.
32 (2)	Medicated confectionery . . .	All countries 100 per cent 1946.
Ex 36 (1)	Dates . . .	Defer.
Ex 36 (1)	Prunes, dried . . .	Defer.
Ex 36 (1)	Currants . . .	Defer.
36 (2)	Raisins . . .	Defer.
Ex 36 (4)	Dried peaches . . .	Defer.
38	Fruit pulp . . .	Defer.
		Raspberry and black-currant pulp, Australia 100 per cent 1946.
Ex 52 (1)	Almonds and nuts, all kinds n.e.i. (except peanuts).	All countries 100 per cent 1946.

*See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd August 1944, page 148.

†See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 14th February 1946, pages 263-66.

NEW ZEALAND—contd.

Item.	Goods.	Allocations for 1947.
52 (3)	Desiccated coconut, etc.	Defer.
52 (4)	Walnuts, etc. . . .	India 100 per cent 1946.
55 (1-7)	Matches and vestas . . .	Any source 100 per cent value 1938 imports all sources.
Ex 55 (1)	Pepper, unground . . .	Any source 100 per cent 1946 all sources.
97	Bacteriological products, etc.	All countries amount applied for.
100	Chloroform	All countries amount applied for.
108	Drugs, crude, etc. . .	All countries amount applied for.
Ex 121 (1)	Medicinal preparations (except wines) containing 50 per cent of proof spirit or less, etc.	All countries 100 per cent 1946.
160 (1)	Furskins, green or sundried.	Any source, 300 per cent 1941 all sources.
Ex 180 (1)	Towels and towelling for personal use, including terry or Turkish and huckaback; also tea and glass towels and towelling.	U.K. 100 per cent 1946.
Ex 180 (1)	Moquettes, tapestry and tickings composed of cotton, linen, jute, etc.	U.K. and other British, 100 per cent 1945; Foreign, 100 per cent 1938.
Ex 180 (1)	Textile piece goods of cotton, silk, artificial silk, etc. (other than moquettes, etc.).	U.K. 100 per cent 1945; India, 75 per cent 1945.
181	Cotton piece goods, tubular woven, etc.; for use as meat wraps; etc.	U.K. amount applied for.
196 (1)	Shoes, n.e.i.; composed of canvas with rubber soles solutioned to the uppers.	Defer.
194	Belts and belting, n.e.i., for driving machinery, etc.	U.K. and other British, including Canada, 100 per cent 1946.
247 (5)	Musical instruments, n.e.i.	All countries 100 per cent 1938.
287	Emery paper, emery cloth, etc.	U.K. and other British, 100 per cent 1946.
Ex 301	Printed books, papers or advertising matter n.e.i. (excluding school text books, etc.).	All countries 120 per cent 1946 (imports of magazines and periodicals from foreign countries to be confined to approved publications).
Ex 342	Laboratory and Scientific glassware.	All countries 100 per cent 1946, under the general heading.
394 (3)	Vegetable oils, n.e.i. (excluding coconut oil).	All countries 100 per cent 1946.
394 (5)	Turpentine, turpentine substitutes, etc.	All countries 100 per cent 1946.
394 (10)	Oil, n.e.i., including mineral lubricating.	All countries 100 per cent 1946.
394 (11)	Mineral oils mixed with vegetable oil, etc.	All countries 100 per cent 1946.

NEW ZEALAND—contd.

Item.	Goods.	Allocations for 1947.
443 (1)	Sausage skins and casings of animal origin.	Control.
Ex 448	Articles and materials, etc., suited for and to be used solely in the fabrication of goods within N.Z. (excluding copper balls in halves, etc.).	All countries 100 per cent 1946 for same goods.
Ex 449 (2)	Kapoc	India 100 per cent 1946.
Ex 449 (2)	Gut, surgical . . .	All countries amount applied for.
Ex 449 (2)	Ginger in brine . . .	All countries 100 per cent 1941 all sources.
Ex 449 (2)	All articles, n.e.i. (excluding adhesives, pastes, etc.).	All countries 100 per cent 1946 for the same goods.

Licences granted for the 1947 period will be available also for entry of any shipments which might arrive in New Zealand prior to the end of 1946. The allocation, however, is intended to cover requirements until the end of 1947 and further licences may not be granted prior to the next period.

IMPORT LICENSING—TENTH PERIOD.

The following is an extract from the *Board of Trade Journal* dated the 3rd August 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received information from H.M. Trade Commissioner, Wellington, that the following amendments (among others) have been made to the Import Licensing Schedule for the 1946 period (see also *Board of Trade Journal* of June 8, 1946, page 741 and previous notices):—

Tariff item.

Ex. 419 (2) *Paint brushes*: Licences for imports of paint brushes from the United Kingdom or other British countries may be granted to the extent of 50 per cent of the amounts of licences granted for imports of similar goods from all sources in 1943.

Validity of Licences.

Licences for 1946 period will be available for imports until March 31, 1947, in respect of firm orders placed and accepted overseas prior to November 1, 1946.

—:—

PERU.

IMPORT LICENCES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd August 1946:—

The Commercial Secretary to H.M. Embassy at Lima reports by telegraph that import licences are now only valid for four months, but may be extended if circumstances justify such action. (See also notice under the above heading in the *Board of Trade Journal*, September 29, 1945, page 486*.)

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 6th December 1945, page 431.

SIERRA LEONE.

CUSTOMS TARIFF AMENDMENTS.

The following is an extract from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 10th August 1946 :—

With reference to the notice issued under this heading in the *Board of Trade Journal* of June 29, 1946, page 836, the following item was printed in error :—

Item 87 (a) Silk and Artificial Silk : Silk, artificial piece goods, etc.—former rates of duty—under the General Tariff should be £0 0s. 6d. and not £0 0s. 9d.

SWITZERLAND.

TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd August 1946 :—

By a decree of June 14, 1946, the Swiss Federal Council abrogated the German-Swiss Commercial Convention of November 5, 1932, and subsequent codicils. As a result, the Swiss Tariff has, as from July 1 last, been modified as follows :—

(Only items of interest to India are shown below.)

Tariff No.	Description of Goods.	Former duty.	New duty.
		Fr. per 100 kg.	Fr. per 100 kg.
271	Wooden wares of all kinds, finished, n.e.s., other than rough.	40	50
Ex 613 (a)	Calcined magnesite, ground, not chemically pure (caustic magnesite) (Now dutiable under Tariff No. 613).	0.50	1.20
1160 (b)	Toys of all kinds other than those made wholly or chiefly of wood or aluminium.	40	60

(Note.—n.e.s.—not elsewhere specified.)

IMPORT DUTY ON BANANAS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd August 1946 :—

A notice in the *Swiss Commercial Gazette* of June 20, 1946, states that the decree of the Swiss Federal Council of July 5, 1945, temporarily reducing from 40 to 20 francs the import duty on fresh bananas in bunches is no longer valid from June 30, 1946.

Deliveries of fresh bananas which became liable for import duties after June 30 (articles 11 and 35 of the Customs Law) must again be cleared at the normal duty of 40 francs per 100 kg. gross, without regard to the date of the order, of dispatch to the destination in Switzerland, of crossing the frontier, etc.

REMOVAL OF SWISS RESTRICTIONS.

The following is an extract from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 10th August 1946 :—

Notices recently published in the *Swiss Commercial Gazette* state that Special Import Permits are no longer required for the following goods (among others) on importation into Switzerland :—

Tariff No.	Description of Goods.
30	Fruits and berries, crushed, dried juniper berries, gentian roots, also herbs and roots n.e.m.
ex 466/ex 476	Spices of all kinds :—Cinnamon, ground and unground.
172	Hides and Skins :—Raw, salted or not, dry :—Hides.
ex 173	Skins, other than silver fox.
174	Simply tanned in pits, tubs or vats, fresh from tanning (wet) or dry.
	Leather and skins for boot and shoe uppers of all kinds :—
178	Calf skin, in white (natural colour) or waxed.
ex 181	Other leather and skins for boot and shoe uppers, except ox and horse, blackened or coloured.
	Leather for harness straps and military equipment :—
182	Black or natural colour.
183	Varnished or dyed.
184	Hides and skins of all kinds n.e.m.
205	Other seeds (excluding those in Tariff No. 204).
ex 516/ex 517	Rubber and gutta-percha, pure or mixed, without internal layer of metal or tissue : Regenerated rubber.
	Starches of all kinds, raw :—
	Intended for industrial processes :—
ex 1078	Potato flour, sago flour and tapioca flour, fecula (potato starch, sago starch and tapioca starch).
1078(b)	Maize starch, wheat starch, etc.
	Not intended for industrial processes :—
ex 1080(a)	Potato flour : Fecula (potato starch).
1080(b)	Other.

REVISED RATES OF TURNOVER TAX.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 17th August 1946 :—

An order dated July 9, by the Swiss Federal Finance and Customs Department, revises, with effect from August 1, the rates of turnover tax payable on certain goods on importation into Switzerland. This tax was originally introduced by a Swiss Federal Council Decree of July 29, 1941.

A copy of the Order (in French) may be inspected by persons interested on application to the Exports Promotion Department, Board of Trade, 35, Old Queen Street, London, S.W.1.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

CERTIFICATES OF ESSENTIALITY.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 24th August 1946 :—

The South Africa Government Gazette *Extraordinary* of June 14 contains a copy of Government Notice No. 1179, which amends the list of goods under the heading "Controller of Food" (see *Board of Trade Journal* of June 15, 1946, page 769).

Certain items have been added to the list of exceptions (commodities which may be imported without certificates of essentiality).

The following is the amended list of items under that heading, showing the additions in *italics* :—

CONTROLLER OF FOOD : All articles of food and drink, including such as are used as ingredients or materials in the manufacture, processing and preserving of foods *excepting : anchovies ; beer ; brandy ; capers (French) ; cassava meal and cassava flour ; cassia, cloves and allspice ; caviare ; cherries, glace ; chicory ; chutney ; fish spreads or pastes ; flavouring essences, aromatic extracts and colouring materials ; gelatine ; gin ; glucose ; grayy browning ; herbs ; herrings fresh, frozen, smoked, cured or processed in brine, in kegs, barrels or other wooden containers, but not tinned ; Instant Postum ; Kaffir corn and sorghums ; Kaffir corn malt ; liqueurs ; manioc meal and manioc flour ; meat extracts ; meat spreads or pastes ; mustard ; olives ; pickles and sauces ; potato starch ; rum ; sandwich spreads ; soya bean flour ; tapioca, sago and arrowroot ; vinegar ; whisky ; wines.*

MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 24th August 1946 :—

The Board of Trade are advised by the Senior Trade Commissioner for the Union of South Africa that the *South African Government Gazette* of August 9 contains a copy of Government Notice No. 1682, which withdraws Government Notice No. 451 of March 1, 1946, and suspends until further notice operation of Sections 8 and 9 of the Merchandise Marks Act. (See *Board of Trade Journal* of April 27, 1946, page 210*.)

UNITED STATES.

IMPORT CONTROL.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd August 1946 :—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of a notice issued to the Press by the Civilian Production Administration, dated June 27, 1946, which states that import control of all hides, skins and

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 27th June 1946, page 154.

leather has been ended by the removal of those commodities from General Imports Order M-63 (see also notice under the above heading in the *Board of Trade Journal*, July 6, 1946, page 877, and previous notices).

VENEZUELA.

CONSULAR INVOICES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 24th August 1946 :—

With reference to the notice under the above heading in the *Board of Trade Journal* of July 13 (page 915), information has now been received from the Venezuelan Consul General at Liverpool that six instead of four copies of the Venezuelan Consular Invoice are required to be submitted for legalization.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL.

27th November.

During the week under report there was slight rainfall in some districts. The prospects of the standing crops were generally satisfactory. Harvesting of *aman* paddy was continuing in some districts and sowing of *rabi* crops was progressing all over the Province.

ASSAM.

9th December.

During the week under report the weather was generally seasonable and its effects on the crops are fair. The prospects and the outturn of crops are good.

BIHAR.

3rd December.

During the week under report light rain fell in various places, except in Saharsa and in parts of Patna, Gaya, Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Monghyr, Bhagalpur and the Santal Parganas where there was no rain. The condition and the prospects of the standing crops were reported to be fair on the whole. Ploughing of fields and sowing of *rabi* crops remained in full swing. Harvesting of *aghami* paddy continued.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

30th November.

During the week the weather was generally clear and cool with occasional passing clouds. Isolated showers were received at places in the Mandla, Hoshangabad, Nimar, Chanda and Amraoti districts. No fresh reports of damage to *kharif* crops owing to showers in the previous weeks were received. Enquiries to ascertain

the extent of damage caused to crops in the affected areas were in progress. The damage to *khari* and *rabi* crops in the Betul *tahsil* (Betul) and in the Chhindwara district was estimated to be 2 to 3 annas. Agriculturists were busy raising the *juar* plants which had been flattened to the ground in the Wardha, Nagpur and Akola districts. Harvesting of *juar* and *kodon-kutki* and harvesting and threshing of paddy were in full swing. Picking of cotton was in progress. Sowings of *rabi* crops were nearing completion. Resowing of wheat was started in some areas of the Multai *tahsil* (Betul). The recent rains facilitated the sowing of gram on the newly broken lands in the Saugor district and of *utera* crops in the Janjgir *tahsil* (Bilaspur). Germination of *rabi* crops is generally satisfactory, except in the Jubbulpore district, where it was reported to be poor. The standing crops are, on the whole, in fairly satisfactory condition.

MADRAS.

23rd November.

During the week under report rainfall was heavy in Guntur, Nellore and Tanjore; moderate in Kistna, Chingleput, South Arcot, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Malabar and the Nilgiris; fair in Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Chittoor, Ramnad and Tinnevely; and light or *nil* in other districts. Water supply is insufficient in parts of East Godavari, West Godavari, Bellary, Ramnad and Tinnevely. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Anantapur, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Kanara and of dry crops in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, Guntur, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Salem, Coimbatore and Ramnad, is proceeding. The standing crops are generally fair except in Guntur. Harvesting of paddy in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Bellary, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura, South Kanara and the Nilgiris; of *ragi* in Anantapur, Chittoor, Salem, Madura and the Nilgiris; and of groundnut in Vizagapatam, Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly and Ramnad, continued. The outturn is generally fair.

ORISSA.

2nd December.

During the week under report the rainfall was light at Berhampur and there was no rain at other places, except Nawapara from where the report has not been received. Harvesting of winter paddy in all districts and of *ragi* in the Koraput district was in progress. Sowing of greengram and linseed and pressing of sugarcane in the Puri district commenced. The standing crops, viz., sugarcane, horsegram, blackgram, greengram, linseed, paddy, *ragi*, groundnut, chillies, redgram, betel, vegetables, *sama*, niger, sesamum, tobacco and *jowar*, were generally thriving.

PUNJAB.

2nd December.

During the week under report rainfall varying in amount from 0.03" to 2.10", was received in parts of all the reporting districts, except Hissar, Gurgaon, Lahore and Dera Ghazi Khan. It proved beneficial to the standing crops. The condition of the standing crops is generally average to good.

INTERMEDIATE CROP REPORTS.

INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE SESAMUM (TIL) CROP 1946-47.

Bengal.

Winter Til.—The growth of the crop has been, on the whole, favourable. There has been some damage in the districts of Rajshahi, Rangpur and Tippera due to excessive rains in October last. The provincial outturn is anticipated to be 86 per cent of the normal this year, as against 82 per cent of the normal shown in the corresponding return of last year.

Bihar.

There has been no change in the area and outturn of the crop in this Province since the issue of the second forecast in November last. The present area and outturn of the crop as such remains intact at 104,500 acres and 59 per cent of the normal, respectively.

United Provinces.

During the first week of October, there were light showers in the majority of districts and light to heavy rain in the others. During the second week, there were light showers in about half of the districts and light to heavy rain in the remaining districts. In the third week, there was no rain in some districts and light showers in most of the other districts. In the fourth week, there was no rain in a number of districts and light showers in the others. The total rainfall for the month was in excess of the normal in the majority of districts. Harvesting of the crop is in progress. No damage has been reported, except some from floods in low-lying areas of the north-eastern districts. The condition of the standing crop and the prospects of outturn are reported to be, on the whole, fairly satisfactory, except in certain low-lying areas affected by water-logging.

ADDITIONAL INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE SESAMUM (TIL) CROP IN AJMER-MERWARA FOR NOVEMBER 1946.

Ajmer Sub-division.—The condition of the crop was fairly satisfactory and the probable outturn is expected to be 12 annas in a rupee.

Merwara Sub-division.—There is no change in the figures as reported in the second forecast.

Kekri Sub-division.—Owing to untimely and continuous rainfall the crop was spoilt to a little extent and the outturn is expected to be between 8 to 10 annas in a rupee.

CROP FORECAST.

(ALL-INDIA)

FIRST COTTON FORECAST, 1946-47.

(Calcutta, 11th December 1946)

	Thousand Acres	Remarks
ALL-INDIA	9,531	The forecast, which refers mainly to early cotton, relates generally to the period up to the end of July or beginning of August, 1946. The total area shows a decrease of 2 per cent as compared with the corresponding forecast (revised) last year.
Trade Descriptions—		
Bengala	1,304	
Americans	2,787	
Oomras	3,188	
Others	2,102	

The following statement shows the present estimates of area classified according to the recognised trade descriptions of cotton; together with similar details of the corresponding area (revised) of last year:—

Trade Descriptions

Descriptions of Cotton	Acres (thousands)	
	1946-47	1945-46
Bengala—		
U. P. Deshi	220	222
Punjab Deshi	882	933
Sind Deshi	94	58
Rajputana Deshi	168	193
TOTAL	1,364	1,411
Americans—		
Sind-American	762	858
Punjab-American	1,834	1,846
Burl	191	268
TOTAL	2,787	2,972

Trade Descriptions—contd.

Descriptions of Cotton.	Acres (thousands)	
	1946-47	1945-46
Oomras—		
C. P. Oomras	629	576
Berar Oomras	300	131
Nimar Oomras	17	27
C. P. and Berar Verum	1,786	1,812
Khandesh Oomras	222	229
Khandesh Banilla	24	23
Baral-Nagar Oomras	15	2
Hyderabad Oomras	195	(b)232
TOTAL	3,188	(b)3,032
Hyderabad-Gaorani	152	(b)188
Central India—		
Malvi	539	528
Central India—others	346	312
TOTAL	885	840
Broach	387	390
Surti	264	248
Dholleras—		
Gujarat-Dholleras	99	(b)272
Gujarat-short staple	..	..
Kathlawar-Dholleras	..	..
Kathlawar-short staple	2	14
Cutch Dholleras	..	..
TOTAL	101	(b)286
Southerns—		
Kumta and Upland	154	(b)95
Bijapur and Bagalkot Jowari	..	..
Westerns	31	(b)15
White and Red Northern	(a)	1
Warangal and Cocanadas	20	(b)20
Chinnapathi (short staple)	4	4
TOTAL	209	(b)135
Tinnevelles (including Karungannies)		
Cambodias	61	74
Shlems		
Comillas	133	144
GRAND TOTAL	9,531	(b)9,718

(a) Below 500 acres.
(b) Revised.

SUMMARY OF CROP FORECASTS.

The following is a summary of crop forecasts relating to the season 1946-47 :—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jute*—Final.	Practically all jute-growing tracts	Acres 1,880,000	78	2,422,000	5,550,000 bales (b)	69	7,991,000 bales (b)	Oct. 3, 1946.
Sesamum—First (c).	United Provinces, Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Punjab, Ajmer-Merwara, Sind, Hyderabad, Kotah, Bhopal and Baroda (96 per cent of the total sesamum area of India).	1,430,000	95	3,903,000	(a)	..	387,000 tons	Nov. 28, 1946.
Cotton—First (c).	All cotton-growing tracts (refers mainly to early cotton)	9,531,000	93	14,478,000	(a)	..	3,438,000 bales	Dec. 12, 1946.

The following is a summary of the latest forecasts for the season 1945-46 for crops for which forecasts have not yet been made in the current season :—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100 = figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Castorseed	Practically all castor-growing tracts	Acres 1,237,000	84	1,468,000	105,000 tons	80	131,000 tons	Aug. 1, 1946.
Sugarcane—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Madras, North-West Frontier Province, Assam, Orissa, Central Provinces and Berar, Sind, Delhi, Mysore, Hyderabad, Bhopal, Baroda and Jaora (96 per cent of the total sugarcane area of India).	3,847,000	93	4,154,000	5,337,000 tons	98	5,481,000 tons	Aug. 15, 1946.
Groundnut—Final.	Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda (99 per cent of the total groundnut area of India).	9,848,000	93	10,574,000	3,113,000 tons	81	3,856,000 tons	Aug. 29, 1946.
Rape and Mustard—Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bihar, Assam, Sind, North-West Frontier Province, Central Provinces and Berar, Orissa, Bombay, Delhi, Alwar, Hyderabad and Baroda (about 95 per cent of the total rape and mustard area of India).	5,497,000	99	5,580,000	910,000 tons	88	1,034,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Linseed—Final.	Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Kotah and Bhopal (a little over 93 per cent of the total linseed area of India).	3,376,000	97	3,465,000	309,000 tons	94	392,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Rice—Final (c).	Bengal, Madras, Bihar, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Assam, Orissa, Bombay, Sind, Punjab, Coorg, Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda and Bhopal (97 per cent of the total rice area of India).	79,885,000	95	83,933,000	28,249,000 tons	93	28,183,000 tons	Sept. 26, 1946.
Wheat—Fourth (c).	Punjab, United Provinces, Central Provinces and Berar, Bombay, Sind, Bihar, North-West Frontier Province, Bengal, Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara, Orissa, Central India, Gwalior, Rajputana, Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore (98 per cent of the total wheat area of India).	14,533,000	97	35,709,000	8,882,000 tons	85	10,458,000 tons	Nov. 28, 1946.

* Issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal. † Including Indian States. ‡ In Rajputana. § In Central India.
(a) Not yet available. (b) Includes figures for Nepal. (c) The detailed report will appear in the Indian Trade Journal later.



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B. 3134 WS. 20-3-47.

TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from :—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 9d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Re. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42 x 28 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from :—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Enamelware.

The Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. SYI/578 to reach him by 4 p.m. on or before the 3rd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order, quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter, for :—

- | | |
|---|----------|
| 1. Jugs Measure E. I. Graduated 1 Pint (as per drawing No. MED/IGS/453 (a) and specn. No. 228(b)) | 100 Nos. |
| 2. Irrigator 4 Pints (as per drawing No. MED/IGS/111) and specn. No. 228 (b) | 167 " |
| 3. Bowls E. I. 8" (as per drawing No. MED/IGS/458) | 340 " |
| 4. Bowls E. I. 10" (as per drawing No. MED/IGS/458) | 3,700 " |
| 5. Bowls E. I. 14" (as per drawing No. MED/IGS/458) | 270 " |
| 6. Urinals E. I. Male (as per drawing No. MED/IGS/459) | 356 " |
| 7. Pan Bed E. I. slipper shaped medium size (as per drawing No. MED/IGS/390) | 1,305 " |

Applicants not already on the approved list of contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Office (D. G. I. & S.), New Delhi, must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender form.

The tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Cawnpore/Karachi/Madras/Lahore, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

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ANNOUNCEMENT.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, CALCUTTA.

Supply of Shovel Stoking.

The Director of Supplies, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, invites *Tender No. CDS/H.2/7219* to reach him on or before the 13th January 1947 (at 11-30 a.m.) on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for—

Shovel Stoking.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Industries and Supplies Department contractors, must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, Director of Supplies, Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Glass Sheets.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies (Section SZI), invites tenders for the store detailed below:—

Tender No. SZI/RC-Glass Sheets/47.

Store.	Quantity.
Glass Sheets of various sizes in the following thicknesses:—	
16 ozs. or 1/16" thick	Approx. 6 04,978 sq. ft.
18 ozs., 21 ozs.	
24 ozs. or 1/8" thick	
26 ozs., 28 ozs.	
32 ozs. or 3/16" thick	

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 10 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the D.G., I. & S., New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 27th December 1946.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore/Madras/Karachi and Cawnpore, and may be obtained by tenderers from those officers on payment of the tender fee direct to them.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Diesel Engine-driven Positive Crowd Shovel Excavator, etc.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. P/SR3/71870/III* to reach him on or before the 24th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

- 2 (Two) Nos.—Diesel Engine-driven Positive Crowd Shovel Excavator, dipper capacity 1-1/2 cu. yard, caterpillar mounted, complete with tropical housing and all other necessary accessories and fittings for its efficient working. (The store is required for Electrical and Mechanical Engineer, Khewra, N. W. Rly.)

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Chasers Dies, etc.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. S.W-2/73876/II* to reach him on or before the 14th January, 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 6 (not refundable)

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per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter), for:—

Item No.	Stores.	Quantity.	Consignee.
		Sets	
1	Chasers Dies of sizes	77	The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay.
2	Ditto	144	The Controller of Stores, N. W. Railway, Lahore.
3	Screwing Conventry Dies of sizes	174	The Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, Calcutta.
4	Ditto	164	The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay.
5	Dies 8 Type for Steel B. S. W.	12	The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay.
6	Dies P Type for Copper B.S.W.	12	
7	External Chasers	12	The Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, Calcutta.
8	Chasers for Rotary Die head of sizes	106	

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Department of Industries and Supplies are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Rails, Check, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/73096/I* to reach him on or before the 3rd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for the supply of the following stores:—

Rails check and 'V' of sizes to IRS(T) Drg. Nos. T-4705/Alt. nil, T. 4706 Alt. nil, T. 4708 Alt. 1, T. 4709 Alt. nil, TA-5039/1 Alt. 3, TA-5042/1 Alt. 3, TA-5082/1, Alt. 1, TA-5090/1 Alt. 1, TA-5039/2 Alt. 2, TA-5042/2 Alt. 2, TA-5082/2 Alt. 2, TA-5090/2 Alt. 1, TA-5083/1, Alt. 1, TA-5087/1, Alt. 1, TA-5045/1, Alt. 8, TA-5063/1, Alt. 6, 1,818 Nos.

The stores are required by the G. I. P. Rly., Bombay, at Ajni (Nagpur), or Haji Bunder, Bombay.

Applicants not already on the approved list of D. G., I. & S. Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the office of the Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, are not eligible for submission of quotations and the tender forms will not be issued to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the following officers on payment of tender fee direct to them:—

- (1) The Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
- (2) The Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Paint Tarstil or Blakglos Paint.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SY/71082/SGI(B-2)* to reach him on or before the 27th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter), for Paint Tarstil or Blakglos Paint or similar quality.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras, Cawnpore, Lahore and Karachi, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Paint Removing and Cleaning Composition.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SGI/70441/C* to reach him on or before the 30th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for Paint Removing and Cleaning Composition.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras, Cawnpore, Lahore and Karachi, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Bushes Rail Joints Whalbone Fibre.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SE2/70194/III* to reach him on or before the 12th January 1947 on forms WSB. 133 amended up to date (not transferable), obtainable from his office at Rs. 2 per set (not refundable) to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for Bushes Rail Joints Whalbone Fibre. Drawings mentioned in the tender should be obtained from the Controller of Stores, B. B. & C. I. Rly., Bombay, direct, who has been requested to furnish the same on application.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them. Tender forms will also be available from the following officers on payment of tender fees direct to them :—

- (1) The Directors of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay.
- (2) The Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras/Karachi.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Hides, Country Leather, Tanned.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for the store detailed below :—

Tender No. P/SLI/69832/7.—Supply of Hides, Country Leather, Tanned, 1/4" thick 11,200 lbs.

Price of tender forms is Rs. 6 and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on the 19th December 1946.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Department of Industries and Supplies or the late Department of Supply must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers besides the tender number.

Tender forms are also available for sale at the Branch offices of the Department of Industries and Supplies at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Lahore and Cawnpore, and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of the prescribed tender fee direct to the officers concerned.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Soap, Soft.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. P/SCI/70057/Soap Soft*, to reach him by 4 p.m. on the 2nd January 1947 and remain open for acceptance up to 31st January 1947, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 only (not refundable) per set, to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number and address of the remitter), for the following stores :—

Soap, Soft, conforming to Specification :—G/OP-61/C.
Quantity :—1,450 cwts.

2. *Place of delivery* :—As given in tender.

3. Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

4. Samples, representative of bulk supply and sufficient for carrying out test, are required to be submitted to the Government Test House, Alipore, Calcutta, by the 21st December 1946.

Tender forms are also available from the offices of :—

1. The Director of Supplies, Calcutta.
2. Do. , Bombay.
3. The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras.
4. Do. , Lahore.
5. Do. , Karachi.
6. Do. , Cawnpore.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES (SLI SECTION), NEW DELHI.

Supply of Cow and Buffalo Hides, Raw, Wet Salted.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders on the prescribed form for the stores detailed below :—

Tender No. SLI/P/74091 due by 4 p.m. on the 30th December 1946.

Store.	Quantity in Lbs.
I.—Hides, Cow, Raw, Wet Salted :—	
(i) 'A' Class (13 Lbs. to 18 Lbs.) . . .	15,000
'B' Class (18 Lbs. to 24 Lbs.) . . .	73,500
'C' Class (24 Lbs. to 33 Lbs.) . . .	1,59,500
II.—Hides, Buffalo, Raw, Wet Salted :—	
(i) 'A' Class (30 Lbs. to 45 Lbs.) . . .	96,000
'B' Class (45 Lbs. to 54 Lbs.) . . .	1,17,600
'C' Class (54 Lbs. to 64 Lbs.) . . .	2,83,200
'D' Class (64 Lbs. to 73 Lbs.) . . .	1,10,400
'E' Class (73 Lbs. and up) . . .	2,10,000

Tender forms, etc. (not transferable), may be obtained from any of the following officers on payment of Rs. 10 per set (not refundable). Payment should be made in cash or by Indian Postal Order or by Money Order (quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders) :—

- (1) The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (2) The Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
- (3) The Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore and Madras.

Tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors of the Department of Industries and Supplies must state the name of their Bankers in their tender.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Cast Iron Rain Water Pipes and Fittings.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders on the prescribed form for the stores detailed below :—

Tender No. SH1/70025/2R.W. Pipes/(46).—Supply of Cast Iron Rain Water Pipes and Fittings.

Tender forms, etc. (not transferable), may be obtained from any of the following offices on payment of Rs. 7 per set (not refundable). Payment should be made in cash or by Indian Postal Order or by Money Order (quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders) :—

- (1) The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (2) The Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
- (3) The Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore and Madras.

Tenders are required to reach the Director General of Industries and Supplies on or before the 2nd January 1947.

Full details of the stores are available in the tender forms.

Tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors of the Department of Industries and Supplies must state the names of their Bankers in their tender.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Spring Bearing Laminated, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Railway Stores Directorate), New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below :—

Tender No. SRIA/72310/I.

Serial No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	Spring bearing laminated 12 plate to E. I. Rly. Drg. No. LSA-64 and components.	200 Nos.
2	Ditto. ditto. to E. I. Rly. Drg. No. LSA-66 and components.	2,450 "
3	Ditto. 14 plate to E. I. Rly. Drg. No. LSA-80 and components.	2,220 "
4	Ditto. 15 plate to E. I. Rly. Drg. No. LSA-91 and components.	200 "
5	Ditto. 13 plate to I. R. S. Drg. No. WA-8 and components.	400 "
6	Spring laminated bearing 3'-6" x 10 plates x 5 1/2" camber No. 1 Wagon to Loco's Drg. No. 30608.1/1.	150 "
7	Spring laminated bearing 4' overall x 9 plates x 4 1/2" camber No. 7, Wagon to Loco's Drg. No. 30608.1/7.	250 "
8	Spring laminated bearing 3'-6" x 15 plates x 3 1/2" camber, No. 8, Wagon to Loco's Drg. No. 30608.1/8.	800 "

N.B.—All the above springs conform to I. R. S. S. No. R-8-39.

Price of tender form, etc., is Rs. 10 per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

The tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Director of Supplies, Bombay/Calcutta, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras/Cawnpore/Karachi/Lahore and may be obtained from these officers on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

Tenders will be opened at 11-30 a.m. on the 15th January 1947.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Tacks, W. I., Black, (etc.)

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR3/70820/71261/II* to reach him on or before 3-30 p.m. on the 7th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tenders number full name and address of the remitter), for :—

- (1) 55 cwts. Tacks, W. I., Black, 1/2".
- (2) 56 lbs. Tacks, Tinned, Iron, 1/2".
- (3) 15 cwts. Tacks, W. I., Black, 3/4".

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Stores against item 2 are required by Barshi Light Railway Co., at Kurduwadi, and the balance by the N. W. Railway at Karachi or Storespura.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Vacuum Brake Fittings.

The Directorate General (Industries and Supplies) (Section SRIA), New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below :—

Tender No. SRIA/72899/II for the supply of Vacuum Brake Fittings to the State Railways.

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 10 per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable.

Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Director General (Industries and Supplies), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 2nd January 1947 and will be opened at 11 a.m. on the 3rd January 1947.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Purchase Branch, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore/Lahore and may be obtained from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, CALCUTTA.

Supply of Earthenware Glazed Upper Water Container Body and Upper Water Container Lid, etc.

The Director of Supplies, Calcutta, invites *Tender No. CDS/H-4/7264* for supply of Earthenware Glazed Upper Water Container Body and Upper Water Container Lid as per Drawing No. I. M. 3363 (Item No. 9) to be seen in his office on any week day. Tender forms, in duplicate, can be had from the office of the Director of Supplies, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 6 per set by Money Order or Indian Postal Order quoting reference to the above tender number and remitter's full name and address (money not refundable). Tender forms can be had up to the 17th December 1946 and tenders are due on the 3rd January 1947. Contractors not already registered with the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference with application for tender forms.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Pulley Wire.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/70841/111* to reach him on or before the 2nd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Pulley Wire 2 way Flat (MA) to I.R.S. (S) Drg. No. SA-3051
Alt. nil and to I.R.S. Specn. No. S-10-40 with Corrig.
No. 1 of April, 1940 11,000 Nos.

The stores are required by the N. W. Railway at Storespura, Lahore or Karachi Cantonment.

Applicants not already on the approved list of D. G. I. & S. Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, are not eligible for submission of quotation, and tender forms will not be issued to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the following officers on payment of tender fee direct to them:—

- The Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay.
- The Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore/Karachi/Madras and Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Wooden Packing Cases.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. ST-2/66705/2* to reach him on or before the 27th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter), for:—

Store.	Quantity.
Cases Wood Packing, of various sizes, conforming to Specn. No. I. M. 2748(a).	4,00,000 sets.

N.B.—Packing Cases manufactured from (1) Kiln seasoned and (2) Coniferous timber will be preferred.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Paint P.F.U. Air Drying Sprayed Black, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SGI(A)/67817* to reach him on or before the 9th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 8 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter) for:—

Paint P.F.U. Air Drying Sprayed Black, White, Deep Buff, Light Bronze Green, Brown, Blue, Dark Green and Red Ammunition Lead free to Specn. No. I. T. 847(a), packed in 5, 3, 1, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ gallon containers=10,687 gallons.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from offices of the Directors of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras, Cawnpore, Lahore and Karachi, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Paints.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SGI(A)/67191* to reach him on or before the 15th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter), for:—

Item No.	Description of Stores.	Quantity.	Specification No.
<i>Paint P.F.U.</i>			
1	White undercoating	855	I.M. 900(b)
2	Blue Quick Drying	1170	I. M. 2553(b).
4	Matt Finish Very Dark Drab Camoll scenic 207 (for bodies).	29250	I.M. 2117(G)
5	Red Oxide shade unspecified	5850	I. M. 1800(c).
6	Deep Bronze Green Quick Drying	120	I.M. 2553(b).
10	Yellow Quick Drying	1000	I.M. 2553(b).
11	Red Lead Reduced	1170	I.M. 1887(b).
13	White petrol Benzol proof	23400	I.M. 2514(c).
14	White Quick Drying	585	I.M. 2553(b).
15	Brown Light G.S.	117	I.M. 1795(a).

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Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras, Cawnpore, Lahore and Karachi, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 7989.—Supply of Steel Plates for Jog Power Scheme Extension.

Tenders for the supply of 899.78 tons of Steel Plates of thickness from $1\frac{1}{8}$ " to $4\frac{1}{8}$ ", will be received by the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Bangalore City, up to the 15th February 1947.

Detailed sizes and specifications for the plates will be furnished on application to the Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 54.—Supply of Electric Bulbs.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon of 4th January 1947, by the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 5th January 1947.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Stores Purchase Officer, Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender forms and tender notice giving full particulars, on payment of Rs. 2 which may be paid in cash at the office or remitted by Money Order.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward with their applications for tender form and tender notice, certificates from their Bankers as to their financial standing and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Electric bulbs, clear inside frosted, opal, daylight, vacuum type and gas filled type....Rate Contract for the first half of 1947.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Supply of Gram, Salt, etc.

Tenders for the supply of all or any of the following articles for one year from 1st March 1947 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner on the 13th December 1946 not later than 1 p.m. (Bombay Time):—

Gram about 1,053,156 lbs. or *Urid* or *Muth* about 1,496,656 lbs. and Salt about 9,560 lbs.

Tenders will be accepted as a whole or split up at the discretion of the Municipal Commissioner.

A set of tender forms will be issued, on payment of Rs. 1 only, by the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, Bombay, from whom further information if, required, can be obtained.

The tender deposit to be paid is Rs. 7,000 only.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.

Sale of Boilers.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of the following stores available with the Port Administrative Officer, Vizagapatam Port, Vizagapatam:—

- (1) Cross Tube Vertical Boiler No. M/2707. Makers: Alex Anderson & Sons.
- (2) Water Tube Vertical Boiler No. M/2858. Makers: G. Armstrong Whitworth & Co., Ltd.
- (3) Portable Loco Type Boiler No. B.O/5500. Makers: Ransomes Sims & Jefferies.

Tender No. CS/G/K9/43/2.

Last day for submission of tender.—By 12 noon on 15th January 1947.

Offers to remain open for acceptance till.—29th January 1947.

Tender forms.—Obtainable from the Controller of Stores, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, at Rs. 3 (not refundable).

Inspection.—The boilers may be inspected by arrangement with the Port Administrative Officer, Vizagapatam Port.

Earnest money.—10 per cent of the price quoted.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Annual Contract Items Costing Over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Iron Bedsteads.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, E. I. Railway 105, Clive Street, Calcutta up to the 6th January 1947 at 12 o'clock noon:—

Tender No. SP/E/Est/35/GbS/Pl.I.—For supply of 310 Nos. Bedstead Iron with Spring Mattress and Mosquito Poles complete 6'—6"×3'—0" ordinary.

Tender form with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Tenders delivered by hand should be presented to the General Manager's office for registration and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Supply of Stone Ballast.

Sealed tenders are invited for the supply of 10 lacs. cubic feet $1\frac{1}{2}$ " Stone Ballast at Bandhua Station (E. I. Railway) Quarry on the Asansol Division, and will be received up to 11 hours on the 18th December 1946 and opened shortly after in the presence of such tenderers who choose to attend.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash till the 17th December 1946, which will not be refunded.

The tenderer is to deposit a sum of Rs. 500 only per lac of ballast tendered for in cash and after acceptance of the tender the balance to meet the 5 per cent of the value of the contract should be deposited. The receipt granted for cash deposit must be attached to tender.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Annual Contract Item Costing Over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Double Boiled Linseed Oil.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on the 7th January 1947 at 12 o'clock noon:—

Tender No. SP/C/Gb5/1946/156.—For supply of 22,200 gallons Oil, Linseed, double boiled.

Tender form with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores' office, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.**Tender for Works on Improved Traffic Facilities—Asansol Division.**

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 21st December 1946 for works on improved traffic facilities including provision and extension of Loop at Karmatar in Asansol Division.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till 20th December 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash, which sum will not be returned.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.**Supply of Doors and Windows, etc.**

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 20th December 1946 for the supply of Doors and Windows, etc., complete in all respects for the Staff Quarters, Cabins and Block Huts at Sindri near Pathardihi Station on Asansol Division.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till the 19th December 1946 from the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash, which sum will not be refunded.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.**Supply of 22,000 Volts, 3 Phase, 50 Cycles, Switchgear for Matunga Sub-station.**

The General Manager, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of 22,000 Volts, 3 phase, 50 cycle, Switchgear for Matunga Sub-station.

Copies of the tender with General Conditions, Specification and drawing can be had from the office of the Railway's Controller of Stores at Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, on payment of Rs. 2-8-0 per copy, which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, Postal Order and postage stamps will not be accepted.

Tenders must be submitted on the tenderer's own form and the envelope enclosing them must be sealed and endorsed "Tender for the Supply of 22,000 Volts, 3 Phase, 50 Cycle, Switchgear for Matunga Sub-station". Tenders submitted by hand must be placed in the Box provided for their reception in the office of the Secretary to the General Manager. Tenders submitted through the post must be despatched under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 4,000 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money before the time fixed for opening the tender without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made *wholly in cash* on which no interest will be allowed and the Governor General in Council reserves the right to confiscate this cash deposit should the successful tenderer fail to put in the Security Deposit required by the terms and conditions of the tender.

Tenders not complying with any of the conditions as specified, will not be considered.

Tenders must be submitted by 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on the 24th February 1947.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.**Tender No. 1946/44 for Reconditioning of Scrap White Metal No. 6 Mushroom Shape Ingots.**

The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the above work.

The prescribed form of tender with Special Conditions on which tenders will be considered can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores on payment of Rs. 2 per copy, which amount will not be refunded.

Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form to the Controller of Stores and the envelopes enclosing them must be sealed and endorsed "Tender No. 1946/44 for Reconditioning of Scrap White Metal No. 6 (Mushroom Shape Ingots)".

Tenderers are required to hand in their tenders at the office of the Controller of Stores and envelopes containing the same must be registered with the Contract Superintendent prior to being placed in the Box provided for their reception. In the case of tenderers outside Bombay who desire to forward tenders through the post the same must be despatched under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 500 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money, before the time fixed for opening the tenders without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made *wholly in cash* (on which no interest will be allowed) and the Governor General reserves to himself the right to confiscate the cash deposit, should the successful tenderer fail to put in the Security Deposit in terms and conditions of the tender.

Samples of the scrap to be reconditioned, not exceeding 5 lbs. each, can be purchased for test purposes from the District Controller of Stores, "Mechanical", Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel, at the rate of Rs. 45 per cwt.

Tenders not complying with any of the above conditions will not be considered.

Tenders will be received at the Controller of Stores' office up to 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on Monday, the 20th January 1947.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.**Tender for Construction of Quarters for Staff at Bangalore Cantonment.**

Sealed tenders will be received up to 12 hours on Wednesday, the 22nd January 1947, by the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, for the construction of Quarters for Staff at Bangalore Cantonment.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

Value of work is approximately Rupees one and half lakhs.

OFFICE OF THE CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS, COLOMBO.**Supply of Imported Sleepers, Crossing Timbers and Bridge Timbers to the Ceylon Government Railway during 1946-47.**

Tenders are invited for the supply of—

Broad Gauge Sleepers, sawn or hewn 200,000.

Crossing Timbers, sawn or hewn, 12 in. by 6 in. by—

9 ft. 6 in. long	200
10 ft. long	200
10 ft. 6 in. long	200
11 ft. long	200
11 ft. 6 in. long	200
12 ft. long	250
12 ft. 6 in. long	250
13 ft. long	200
13 ft. 6 in. long	200
14 ft. long	300
15 ft. long	300
16 ft. long	300
	2,800

Bridge Timbers, sawn die square, 8 ft. 10 in. long by 10 in. wide:—

8 1/2 in. deep	100
7 in. deep	100
6 1/2 in. deep	100
6 in. deep	100
5 1/2 in. deep	100
	500

Full delivery of bridge and crossing timbers and sleepers must be effected in Colombo before end of June, 1947.

Tenders must state the approximate date of delivery in Colombo and not the date of loading or shipment at the port of despatch.

These must be in accordance with the description, specification and conditions furnished below:—

The broad gauge sleepers are for the 5 ft. 6 in. gauge lines and are to be 9 feet long, 10 inches wide, and 5 inches deep, subject to a variation in length of 1 inch either way, and a tolerance of one quarter of an inch in both thickness and width.

The crossing timbers are to be 12 inches wide 6 inches deep and of the lengths given above, subject to a variation in length of 1 inch either way and a tolerance of a quarter of an inch in both thickness and width.

The bridge timbers are to be sawn die square to the dimensions given.

Tenders will be considered for the whole supply of bridge and crossing timbers and 200,000 sleepers, of the following species:—

From India—*Sal (Shorea robusta)*, *Pyinkadu* or *Irul (Xylia dolabriformis)*.

Tenders should either be deposited in the Tender Box in the General Treasury (Room No. 223, second floor, Galle Face Secretariat, Colombo), or sent through the post under registered cover so as to reach the Chairman of the Tender Board not later than 12 noon on Tuesday, January 7, 1947.

Tenders are to be made on forms which will be supplied on application at the office of the Conservator of Forests, Colombo, and no tender will be considered unless it is on the recognized form.

A deposit of Rs. 100 in favour of the Conservator of Forests will be required to be made at the office of the Conservator of Forests, Colombo, or at any Kachcheri outside Colombo, and a receipt produced for the same before any form of tender is issued.

Tenders from tenderers not resident in the Island will not receive consideration, unless submitted by a duly constituted agent resident in the Island specially empowered to tender for the same and to execute a valid contract in that behalf and to fulfil all the terms of the contract. In the case of local firms tendering as agents of firms outside Ceylon, the "duly constituted" agents should hold a power of attorney from their principals to enable them to enter into a contract, should their tender be accepted.

N.B.—A copy of the detailed tender notice may be seen in the Commercial Library and Reading Room at 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

OFFICE OF THE CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY PROPERTY, BOMBAY.

Sale of Vassanji House, at Nepean Sea Road, Bombay, being the Property of Messrs. Goshu Kabushiki Kaisha Ltd., vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the above property which is vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India. The Tender Forms along with particulars of the above property and the conditions subject to which the tenders are invited can be had from the office of the Custodian of Enemy Property upon payment of a sum of Rs. 5 per copy. Tender forms duly filled in and placed in a sealed cover marked "Tenders for the purchase of Vassanji House" and addressed to the undersigned by name should reach the office of the Custodian of Enemy Property at Caltex House, Ballard Road, Bombay, by 12 noon on the 6th day of January 1947. Tenders so received will be opened in the office of the Custodian on the following day.

The undersigned is not bound to accept the highest or any tender and may at his discretion put up the property for sale by public auction. The offer contained in the tender shall be kept open and shall not be withdrawn by the person making the tender until the 28th day of January 1947.

Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit receipt for an amount equivalent to 10 per cent of the amount of the tender to be deposited as Earnest Money at any Government Treasury or at any office of the Reserve Bank of India or in any Branch of the Imperial Bank of India in favour of the Custodian of Enemy Property for British India. The deposit will be refunded but without any interest thereon if the tender is not accepted.

S. K. SEN,

Dy. Custodian of Enemy Property.

CALTEx HOUSE,
BALLARD ROAD,
BOMBAY.

Dated this 28th day of November 1946,

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI. (C. P. M. DIRECTORATE.)

Sale of Hand Operated Over Head Travelling Cranes.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of the following stores, lying at Messrs. Alcock Ashdown & Co., Ltd., Bombay :—

5 Ton Hand Operated Over Head Travelling Cranes (New) 50 Nos.

Superscribed reference Tender No. DGD/SR-41666/CPM-2.

Last due date for submission of tenders.—15th January 1947.

Offers to remain open for acceptance till.—15th February 1947.

Earnest money.—10 per cent of value offered deposited in Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

Tender Forms along with Permits to view stores obtainable from the Directorate General of Disposals, C. P. M. Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 5 per set paid in cash/Money Order.

Sales would be subject to conditions in Form Con. 117.

—:—

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI. (TEXTILE AND LEATHER DIRECTORATE.)

Sale of Khaki Stockings.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of the entire quantity or portion thereof of the following, located at Ordnance Store Holding Detachment, Chabua, Assam, in serviceable condition :—

Stores.	Quantity.
Khaki Stockings, 10½ size	3,350 pairs.
Ditto 11 " " " " " "	26,280 "
Ditto 11½ " " " " " "	4,000 "
Ditto 12 " " " " " "	205 "

Superscribe reference Tender No. DGD/SR-11359/Tex-W/Hosy.

Last date for submission of tenders.—By 4 p.m. on the 2nd January 1947.

Offers to remain open for acceptance till.—2nd February 1947.

Tender forms.—Obtainable from the Cashier, Directorate General of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set.

Samples of the stores may be seen in the offices of the Directorate General of Disposals, Textile and Leather Directorate, New Delhi, the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Calcutta, Cawnpore, Lahore, and Deputy Regional Commissioner (Disposals),

Karachi, or at site on issue of permits from the office of the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, and by previous appointment with the stockholders.

Earnest Money.—10 per cent value offered deposited in favour of Directorate General of Disposals, New Delhi, in Reserve/Imperial Bank/Government Treasury and the deposit receipt submitted with the tender.

Right to accept offers for full quantity or part is reserved.

Sales are subject to conditions laid down in Form Con. 117.

—:—

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

(E. G. DIRECTORATE.)

Sale of Power Plant.

Sealed tenders are invited for a second-hand Power Plant, total capacity 1140 K.W., lying at Electrical Commissioner's Stores Depot, Shadow Factory Siding, Harduaganj, U. P., and comprising :—

(A) *Boiler Plant.*—Wicks Water-tube Boilers, 250 H.P., Working pressure 175 lbs./sq. in. complete. Three in number.

(B) *Turbo Alternator Plant.*—

(i) 640 K.W. 2,300 volts, 3 phase, 50 cycles, Turbo-alternator complete with condenser, etc. One in number.

(ii) 500 K.W. 2,300 volts, 3 phase, 50 cycles, Turbo-alternator complete with condenser, etc. One in number.

(C) *Switchboard.*—4-panel flat back type Switchboard. One in number.

(D) Spare parts for the plant.

Superscribe reference Tender No. DGD/LG-III/SR-41431.

Due date of submission of tenders.—4th January 1947.

Offers to remain open for acceptance up to.—4th February 1947.

Earnest Money.—10 per cent of the value quoted to be deposited in Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

Tender forms with detailed particulars of the plant and parts and permit to view are obtainable from Directorate General of Disposals, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 5 per set in cash or Money Order (not refundable).

Sale will be subject to conditions laid down in Form Con. 117.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS), SOUTHERN CIRCLE, UNITED INDIA LIFE BUILDINGS, ESPLANADE, MADRAS.

Auction Programme for the Month of December 1946: Amendments*

The following amendments to the Auction Programme for December 1946 (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 5th December 1946, page 502) are notified :—

1. The dates of auction scheduled to be held on 17th, 18th and 19th December 1946 at M.T. Salvage Depot, Avadi, are changed to 19th, 20th and 21st December 1946.

2. An additional auction will be held at Willingdon Island, Cochin, to dispose of "Surplus Vehicles—Runners and Non-runners" on 16th and 17th December 1946. Messrs. Murray & Co., Mount Road, Madras, are the auctioneers, from whom fuller details may be obtained on application.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Auction Sale of Empty Gunny Bags and Tins.

Empty Gunny Bags and Empty Tins will be sold by public auction on Tuesday, the 17th December 1946, at 9.00 hours by the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, Jamalpore. All intending purchasers are requested to attend bid at the auction.

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

THE following is a statement of contracts placed by the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, during the week ending the 30th November 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

Section SR-2.

Tender No. and Article.	Item No. as given in the Invitation to Tender.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
				Rs.
1. SR-2/68412/III/126.—Arm Signal	1	200 Nos.	Messrs. Gobindo Sheet Metal Works, Calcutta.	4,400 f.o.r. Howrah.
2. SR-2/135052/III/127.—Lamp Point Indicator	1	120 "	Messrs. Dewan Chand & Sons, Lahore	5,400 f.o.r. Lahore.
3. SR-2/70372/IV/128.—Bolts Flat Steel	1 2	220 cwts. 443 "	Messrs. Guest, Keen, Williams, Ltd., Calcutta.	7,356 } f.o.r. Shimla. 14,176 }
4. SR-2/70037/II/129.—Rail Anchors	1	33,264 Nos.		24,586 }
5. SR-2/70366/II/130.—Ditto	1	20,000 "	Messrs. P. & M. Co. (England), Calcutta	17,188 } f.o.r. G.K.W.'s Works, Shimla. 2,625 }
6. SR-2/68532/II/131.—Ditto	1	3,000 "		
7. SR-2/69630/IV/132.—Fish Bolts and nuts	25	2,93,200 "	Messrs. G.K.W. Ltd., Calcutta	1,84,144 f.o.r. Shimla.
8. SR-2/68745/II/134.—Points and Crossings quality rails.	5	95-62 tons	The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	22,327 f.o.r. Calcutta.
9. SR-2/133438/IV/135.—Fishplates Steel	11	1,740 Nos.	Messrs. Burn & Co., Howrah	14,790 f.o.r. Howrah.
10. SR-2/68317/II/136.—Points and Crossings quality rails.	5	102-06 tons		24,041 f.o.r. Calcutta.
11. SR-2/74032/II/137.—Fishplates	1	22,800 Nos. or 242 tons	The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	67,155 f.o.r. Bombay.
12. SR-2/135450 II/138.—Rail Anchors	1 2 3	19,000 Nos. 5,000 " 6,000 "	Messrs. P. & M. Co., (England), Ltd., Calcutta.	17,516 } f.o.r. Shimla. 4,207 } 5,156 }

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 29th November 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	1,251	1,123	13,516	17,680	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	310	1,803	25	42	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan	428	1,006	806	2,914	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan			6,920	13,123	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	311	1,196	5,425	16,079	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kinnara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	1,049	4,005	13,176	31,158	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					
The Province of Sind	24,361	24,119	149,829	168,329	All districts in the Province.
Bengal—					
The Province of Bengal	91	364	2,907	1,939	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces—					
1. Upper Doab	..	..	..	..	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	..	..	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	..	..	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almorah, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	..	..	
Punjab—					
1. Ambala	1,038	1,071	3,087	4,402	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
2. Jullundur	224	..	374	..	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	185	1,455	(a)2,073	3,542	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	..	976	..	1,076	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
5. Multan	8,559	12,184	(b)19,766	24,510	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	2,151	2,498	10,630	7,732	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	12,157	18,184	35,930	41,262	
Central Provinces—					
1. Jubbulpore	..	..	..	..	Jubbulpore, Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	..	..	..	..	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	554	608	576	1,134	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	2,130	1,492	3,944	2,404	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
5. Satpura	..	..	..	..	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
TOTAL	2,684	2,100	4,520	3,538	
Berar—					
Berar	10,359	16,461	24,495	41,610	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Assam—					
The Province of Assam	(c)	85	..	210	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara—					
Ajmer-Merwara	225	173	2,369	574	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras—					
Madras*	1,239	3,427	25,569	46,151	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	52,165	68,918	258,795	334,771	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.
 *For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 31st August 1946.
 (a) Includes 340 bales not reported before.
 (b) " 1,171 " " "
 (c) Return not yet received. " "

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 29th November 1946.

1 State	2 NO. OF BALES PRESSED		4 NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	2,939	3,106	13,365
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	(a)	367	1,881	5,619
Gwalior	(a)	..	560	244
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	(a)	7,502	1,210	13,451
Nabha	2,161	2,789	2,151	2,789
Jind	(a)	406	..	537
Faridkot	(a)	546	..	1,209
Patiala	(a)	3,578	2,118	8,993
Malerkotla	..	..	..	..
Khalpur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	2,151	14,821	5,479	27,009
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	..	..	..	..
Bikaner	990	..	1,650	..
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..
Jaipur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	990	..	1,650	..
Central India States—				
Indore	..	..	..	..
Bhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..
Rattlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	..	..	..	..
Barwani	..	..	..	..
Jhalua	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	..	..	..	..

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 29th November 1946—contd.

1 State	2 NO. OF BALES PRESSED		4 NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Junagadh	..	..	..	..
Dhargadhra	(a)	..	5,950	..
Morvi	..	..	..	..
Cutch	(a)	..	1,506	..
Nawanagar	(a)	..	286	42
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Gondal	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	(a)	154	..	1,363
Limbi	..	..	..	..
Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mull	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	..	..	..	..
Katosan	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	..	..	..	..
Bantva Majmu	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhota Udepur	..	..	..	..
Cambay	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Balasitor	..	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas—				
Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gothda	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Jamkhani	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savanur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	..	154	7,742	1,405
GRAND TOTAL	3,141	18,281	20,418	47,702

(a) Statement not yet received.
 III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 29th November 1946.

1 Variety of Cotton	2 NO. OF BALES PRESSED		4 NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelly	..	212	37,247	46,997
Nadam, Bourbon and Uppam	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	536	1,179	93,178	79,785
Karunganni	50	..	41,025	..
Northerns	..	1,631	6,163	174,080
Westerns	653	..	62,220	..
Mungari	..	..	968	..
Cocanadas	..	505	8,627	10,473
TOTAL	1,239	3,427	249,828	311,335

COTTON PRESS RETURNS, 1945-46.

THE following tables show the quantity of cotton pressed, expressed in bales of 400 lbs. each, in British India and Indian States, as far as reported, during the Cotton Season 1945-46 (i.e., from 1st September, 1945, up to 31st August, 1946,) with comparative figures for the preceding season:—

I.—BRITISH INDIA.

Province and Division or Block.	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).		Districts included in the block.
	During the Cotton Season 1945-46 (i.e., from 1st September, 1945, up to 31st August, 1946).	During the preceding Cotton Season (i.e., 1944-45).	
BOMBAY—			
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay	80,542	60,153	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	184,000	138,240	Ahmedabad, Kalra, Panch Mahals, Broach and Surat.
3. North Deccan	65,310	49,079	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan	54,849	69,197	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	60,824	167,013	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	354,652	423,138	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
SIND—			
The Province of Sind	367,661	436,424	All districts in the Province.
BENGAL—			
The Province of Bengal	19,595	6,950	All districts in the Province.
UNITED PROVINCES—			
1. Upper Doab	4,813	3,801	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh and Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	640	1,342	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri and Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	902	309	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur and Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijoor, Pilibhit, Nainital, Almorah and Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad and Partabgarh.
TOTAL	6,855	5,452	
PUNJAB—			
1. Ambala	33,938	54,409	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal and Ambala.
2. Jullundur	12,965	19,351	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur and Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	85,981	93,345	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala and Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	104,277	100,834	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi and Attock.
5. Multan	621,248	602,653	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	76,251	80,791	Simsa, Ferozepore and Mianwali.
TOTAL	933,660	951,443	
CENTRAL PROVINCES—			
1. Jabulpore	..	..	Jubbulpore and Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	3	192	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	35,282	23,532	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	76,141	61,328	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat and Bhandara.
5. Satpura	692	80	Chhindwara, Betul and Mandla.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	Drug, Raipur and Bilaspur.
TOTAL	112,118	88,130	
BHAR—			
Berar	379,014	322,196	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana and Yeotmal.
ASSAM—			
The Province of Assam	2,812	3,150	All districts in the Province.
AJMER-MERWARA—			
Ajmer-Merwara	18,000	11,084	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
MADRAS—			
Madras	(a) 290,195	364,779	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	2,485,562	2,613,652	

(a) Refers to pressing up to 30th August 1946.

DEC. 12, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—INDIAN STATES.

State.	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).		State.	QUANTITY OF COTTON PRESSED (EXPRESSED IN BALES OF 400 LBS. EACH).	
	During the Cotton Season 1945-46 (i.e., from 1st September, 1945, up to 31st August, 1946).	During the preceding Cotton Season (i.e., 1944-45).		During the Cotton Season 1945-46 (i.e., from 1st September, 1945, up to 31st August, 1946).	During the preceding Cotton Season (i.e. 1944-45).
Hyderabad	201,403	270,424	BOMBAY STATES—		
Broadra	120,160	105,043	Western India States Agency—		
Mysore	12,300	27,795	Rhavanager	18,329	11,876
Gwalior	24,615	31,831	Junagadh	15,462	24,497
Punjab States—			Dhrangadhra	21,388	22,021
Bahawalpur	160,150	151,505	Morvi	16,402	18,114
Nabha	18,699	27,019	Cutch	6,330	1,563
Jind	5,880	8,326	Nawanagar	2,166	3,580
Faridkot	6,816	7,598	Wadhwan	20,455	25,688
Patiala	65,846	105,258	Goudal	..	..
Malerkotla	1,484	4,442	Wankaner	1,208	689
Khairpur	4,626	2,836	Porbandar	7,829	13,125
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	263,501	306,984	Limbdi	6,060	3,913
Rajputana States—			Radhanpur	7,999	7,937
Mewar	30,221	40,751	Rajkot	..	..
Bikaner	11,407	10,028	Manawadar	14,668	25,070
Jodhpur	..	1,034	Jasdan	..	633
Tonk	1,168	2,726	Sardargarh	..	..
Jaipur	1,913	781	Mull	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	Sayla	3,784	3,107
Shahpura	1,599	1,597	Eastern Kathiawar Agency	3,586	3,792
Kishanganj	2,708	..	(Wadhwan Civil Station).	..	..
Kotah	835	1,366	Katowan	1,987	690
Bundi	..	..	Lakhtar	4,521	4,734
Idar	9,136	4,505	Palitana	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	58,987	63,688	Maliya	2,805	1,547
Central India States—			Bantva Majnu	3,593	..
Indore	62,322	34,054	Gujarat States Agency—		
Bhopal	188*	737	Rajpipla	22,833	22,850
Narsingarh	..	..	Chhota Udepur	9,300	9,689
Alipura	..	..	Cambay	..	..
Jaora	1,353	3,260	Sachin	..	..
Ratlam	3,005	5,287	Balasindor	3,731	4,497
Dhar	18,067	11,186	Pandu Mawas—		
Barwani	10,143	6,866	Vaktapur	5,100	2,934
Jhabua	3,093	2,004	Gothda	4,184	6,002
Dewas, J. B.	..	..	Deccan States Agency—		
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	99,071	64,313	Kolhapur	..	228
			Jamkhandi	1,758	4,543
			Sangli	..	114
			Mudhol	240	1,771
			Miraj	..	..
			Savandur	355	1,865
			[TOTAL BOMBAY STATES]	206,076	222,069
			GRAND TOTAL	986,123	1,093,047

* In running bales.

UNPRESSED COTTON RETURNS.

THE following statement shows the quantity of unpressed (loose) Indian cotton consumed in mills in India during the month of August 1946:—

[Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India, and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States.]
(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Province.	CONSUMPTION			
	During August 1946.	During August 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Bombay Province	1,553	1,802	25,012	33,072
Madras Province	13,472	17,925	180,379	208,300
United Provinces	34	11	1,125	793
Central Provinces and Berar	31	506	6,589	3,893
Bengal	627	929	4,337	6,017
Punjab and Delhi	198	237	13,054	16,908
Rest of British India			4,889	7,441
TOTAL, BRITISH INDIA	15,884	21,441	235,385	276,424
TOTAL, INDIAN STATES	3,416	4,630	47,204	59,809
TOTAL, INDIA	19,300	26,080	282,589	336,233

N.B.—Due to corrections, which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding month.

CONSUMPTION OF INDIAN COTTON (PRESSED AND UNPRESSED) IN MILLS IN INDIA.

(1) British India.

[Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923.]
(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

	CONSUMPTION			
	During August 1946.	During August 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Bombay Island	85,054	92,012	1,124,072	1,223,870
Ahmedabad	20,780	36,112	383,274	401,544
Bombay Province	124,596	152,307	1,769,283	1,910,810
Madras Province	41,421	50,007	566,173	603,796
United Provinces	24,568	31,794	369,018	410,506
Central Provinces and Berar	13,510	14,165	156,114	169,727
Bengal	7,431	11,009	128,731	135,697
Punjab and Delhi	10,303	15,008	167,048	181,384
Rest of British India	4,212	4,925	53,804	62,291
TOTAL, BRITISH INDIA	226,031	280,383	3,211,163	3,461,110

(2) Indian States.

(In bales of 400 lbs. net.)

Name of State.	CONSUMPTION			
	During August 1946.	During August 1945.	Since 1st September 1945.	During the corresponding period last year.
Hyderabad	4,596	6,261	87,458	71,640
Mysore	6,055	7,201	79,073	73,688
Baroda	5,787	7,236	81,815	81,964
Gwalior	5,913	8,111	78,709	87,485
Indore	10,266	14,342	141,053	154,429
Kathiawar States	5,564	6,160	69,292	71,184
Other Indian States and Pondicherry	10,272	12,667	141,529	154,164
TOTAL, INDIAN STATES	48,453	61,978	650,859	694,554

N.B.—Due to corrections, which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding month.

RESULTS OF AUCTION TEA SALES IN CALCUTTA.

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

FOR CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.

Districts.	SEASON 1946-1947.				SEASON 1945-1946.			
	Sold in Sale No. 21, 3rd and 4th December.		Sold to Sale No. 21, 4th December 1946.		Sold in Sale No. 23, 4th and 5th December.		Sold to Sale No. 23, 5th December 1945.	
	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Assam	11,618	1 11 3	91,204	1 3 10	10,755	0 14 10	127,985	0 14 3
Cachar	22	1 11 11	5,175	1 1 0	216	0 13 1	11,411	0 11 8
Sylhet	598	1 7 6	15,187	1 1 4	2,168	0 12 10	30,811	0 11 9
Darjeeling	597	1 11 4	14,209	1 4 10	570	0 15 5	12,742	1 2 2
Dooars	2,757	1 9 0	68,720	1 1 3	6,275	0 13 5	110,042	0 12 9
Terai	768	1 8 10	8,788	1 2 0	666	0 13 11	4,890	0 12 4
Tripura	462	1 9 6	2,126	1 2 7	18	0 11 0	1,418	0 10 5
Chittagong	..	..	455	1 3 0	..	..	800	0 11 1
All other places	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Green Tea	16,822	1 10 7	205,864	1 2 8	20,668	0 14 2	300,099	0 13 5
	15	1 15 3	6,720	1 6 1	618	1 4 5	12,539	1 0 10
TOTAL	16,837	1 10 7	212,583	1 2 10	21,286	0 14 4	312,638	0 13 7

(The above do not include Second-hand Tea, Damaged Tea and Dust.)

Green Tea for Export.

Sold in Sale No. 21, 3rd December.			Sold to Sale No. 21, 3rd December 1946.		
Packages.	Average Price per lb.		Packages.	Average Price per lb.	
	Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.
674	2	0 1	1,056	2	1 11
Season 1946-1947					

INDEX NUMBERS OF WHOLESALE PRICES IN CALCUTTA BY GROUPS OF ARTICLES.

(PRICES IN JULY 1914=100.)

Period.	FOODGRAINS.			Tea.	Other Food Articles.			TEXTILES.				Hides and Skins.	Metals.	Other raw and manu- factured articles.	Building materials (Teakwood).	All commodities.
	Cereals.	Pulses.	Sugar.		Oil-Seed.	Oil, mustard.	Jute, raw.	Jute, manu- factured.	Cotton, raw.	Cotton, manu- factured.	Other Textiles (Wool and Silk).					
Number of Items Included	8	6	5*	3	9	2	3	4	2	7*	2	3	6	8	1	72
1914 End of July	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
1936 Annual Average	79	77	121	125	109	101	69	50	84	89	111	94	70	101	83	109
1937 " "	72	89	102	124	115	75	68	67	89	117	126	81	144	92	117	102
1938 " "	72	83	122	130	109	106	77	49	62	106	83	64	140	91	124	95
1939 " "	86	99	164	142	125	108	81	80	102	75	106	110	67	147	95	108
1940 " "	99	101	157	149	146	108	79	107	87	122	146	72	175	115	127	120
1941 " "	112	105	145	202	173	103	73	137	77	179	166	74	209	128	132	139
1942 " "	157	162	208	241	298	143	85(a)	127	188	96	146	86	273	147	185	185
1943 " "	306	373	319	166	537	270	216(b)	153	188	174	215	97	320	202	307	307
1944 " "	244	312	331	112	574	288	224	122	198	140	204	104	298	318	298	298
1945 " "	235	273	315	172	527	280	208	117	197	149	245	112	292	313	289	289
1942 January	112	127	157	263	216	108	75	79	149	72	180	100	86	258	144	155
February	114	122	164	248	217	100	80	72	140	73	171	96	86	258	145	153
March	115	127	177	222	213	100	70	70	141	70	190	82	88	258	140	153
April	118	120	198	223	228	104	80	68	117	70	140	84	84	258	140	153
May	126	127	200	246	285	121	80	67	123	79	154	87	258	140	141	159
June	134	151	210	259	294	146	82	72	126	90	169	87	263	144	182	182
July	153	151	220	197	362	162	95	69	126	102	170	85	280	147	192	192
August	177	186	261	189	340	167	97	67	123	100	136	82	276	143	192	192
September	185	198	231	265	355	168	101	76	129	108	162	82	273	146	198	198
October	220	226	231	305	371	188	105	85	147	120	183	88	291	149	209	209
November	250	241	231	293	411	190	107	107	166	127	194	91	206	156	227	227
December	260	238	258	299	434	196	125	125	175	143	194	95	322	159	250	250
1943 January	266	280	280	246	444	178	170	170	167	152	204	98	331	162	253	253
February	334	309	298	199	457	189	146	122	168	166	245	100	331	170	272	272
March	375	307	280	189	505	252	180	144	184	185	257	99	339	183	293	293
April	473	374	311	192	545	281	197	147	195	199	262	95	354	183	325	325
May	447	385	359	180	565	272	192	134	193	199	220	95	342	199	319	319
June	498	392	365	130	580	284	207	129	190	183	194	95	332	207	322	322
July	572	449	355	108	579	323	239	113	194	176	196	95	297	211	345	345
August	530	450	375	137	582	341	273	119	195	186	202	95	291	236	349	349
September	424(c)	484	344	123	588	319	245	108	199	178	202	98	293	236	334	334
October	317	433	319	120	588	310	227	114	197	162	202	101	303	240	314	314
November	317	433	319	120	588	310	227	114	197	162	202	101	303	240	314	314
December	262	335	334	120	578	295	237	110	198	161	202	101	301	240	301	301
1944 January	234	392	341	118	569	269	241	121	199	155	202	101	301	254	297	297
February	245	372	413	100	569	288	236	121	199	151	195	103	303	259	300	300
March	247	333	424	109	570	301	232	120	199	141	195	103	295	277	300	300
April	243	319	352	126	563	317	232	123	200	141	201	103	295	295	292	292
May	241	296	306	112	566	312	232	126	200	141	200	103	295	337	300	300
June	241	308	311	113	579	301	232	122	200	138	200	103	299	331	299	299
July	241	305	319	115	579	285	213	125	200	137	200	103	299	340	293	293
August	241	294	321	104	580	278	213	124	200	138	200	103	299	347	301	301
September	249(d)	301	324	102	580	280	213	124	196	139	200	103	299	347	297	297
October	249	298	290	106	580	276	213	118	195	138	202	103	297	356	297	297
November	249	278	288	114	578	280	213	117	191	131	219	106	297	364	299	299
December	249	275	288	121	575	277	213	117	196	135	235	109	299	371	299	299
1945 January	242	281	288	127	566	282	219	117	196	140	236	110	301	361	299	299
February	240	273	288	144	575	290	232	117	198	144	223	112	301	342	299	299
March	240	289	288	212	570	315	232	117	199	148	231	112	301	369	306	306
April	238	274	303	214	547	305	232	118	200	141	231	112	301	318	294	294
May	238	267	298	212	547	304	232	117	197	144	232	112	301	302	293	293
June	238	261	303	142	522	292	232	117	198	149	232	112	301	302	287	287
July	238	258	314	159	513	254	183	117	198	148	232	112	299	296	281	281
August	238	263	311	169	516	259	183	118	199	148	232	112	299	296	281	281
September	227	273	322	151	495	256	183	117	199	148	232	112	299	296	281	281
October	227	273	334	147	497	260	183	117	195	148	232	112	295	301	279	279
November	227	239	334	182	492	273	183	117	195	158	232	112	295	301	280	280
December	227	293	401	196	489	273	183	117	192	164	232	112	254	287	277	277
1946 January	227	302	401	170	487	283	187	118	195	184	302	116	254	286	284	284
February	227	307	401	195	504	290	187	126	200	189	312	116	254	280	299	299
March	227	368	353	217	513	295	213	127	200	188	311	116	254	314	302	302
April	229	373	348	220	520	339	213	128	200	188	311	116	254	311	304	304
May	229	381	394	197	545	344	213	132	200	186	311	116	254	340	313	313
June	229	391	380	197	545	344	213	132	200	187	311	116	254	340	313	313
July	229	387	363	253	578	345	213	134	200	198	311	116	254	340	313	313
August	229	395	368	237	586	341	213	134	200	195	311	116	254	340	313	313
September	229	410	374	229	603	361	213	134	200	195	311	116	254	340	313	313
October	229	441	379	242	618	366	213	134	200	195	311	116	254	340	313	313
November	229	498	430	289	607	381	213	134	200	195	311	116	254	340	313	313

*Two items have been dropped under Sugar since February 1934, and one item under Cotton manufactures since September 1936, as their quotations are no longer available and suitable substitutes cannot be found for them.

†Price quotations not available.

(a) Average of nine months. (b) Average of ten months.

(c) As quotations for rice are no longer available from the usual trade source, the officially controlled prices in force are being utilized for the purpose of computations of the index number, with effect from October 1943.

(d) Increase due entirely to rise in the prices of barley and maize.

NOTE.—Owing to market quotations for a number of articles not being available for some time past, the question relating to the continuance of this series of index numbers has recently been reviewed and it has been decided that the compilation should be continued on the present basis as a purely temporary measure. But under existing conditions, the index cannot be treated as necessarily having an All-India significance.

PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS.

[NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of report.]

BONE MEAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 9th December—

(1) And steamed per ton f. a. s.	Rs. 210
(2) And unsteamed " "	200
(3) And " " "	200

CEMENT—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 4th December—

Indian Portland f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load)	Rs. 60 per ton.
---	-----------------

†London, 8th and 22nd October—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d site, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (6 ton loads and upwards), per ton	57s. 0d.†
--	-----------

COAL—

Market Quotations—

*Calcutta, 6th December—

(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Per ton F. O. R.
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Rs. 12-5
(4) Deshergarh	Rs. 11-7
(5) Poniati	Rs. 13-5
(6) Ranegunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7

†Bombay, 29th November—

(1) Deshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Ready per ton.
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Rs. 11-7
	Rs. 14-1

‡Bombay, 1st December—

Railborne Coal (Trimmed into Bunkers in Docks) (p)	
--	--

COTTON (RAW)—contd.

(b) Exports—contd.

(ii) From 1st September to 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	78	9
" Karachi	45	36
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending February, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *)			
	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Feb., 1946.
United Kingdom	10	7	26	91
U. S. A.	29	31	35	125
Australia	..	..	14	16
Other Countries	16	23	13	109
TOTAL, 1945-46	55	66	88	341
" 1944-45	15	11	20	113
" 1943-44	10	13	40	144

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 20th November—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs.

Rs. 463
(Jan.)

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,438,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,580,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 2nd November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	150	150
Bombay	2	1,560	1,562
Karachi	..	364	364
Madras	..	426	426

(ii) From 1st January to 2nd November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	11,362	11,382
Bombay	11	79,774	79,785
Karachi	44	8,523	8,572
Madras	..	10,778	10,778

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	12	2	3	..	14	..
Bombay	..	..	6	8	15	12
Karachi	..	..	8	6	181	..
Madras	..	..	8	1	27	12

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 20th November—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37" x 37½ yds. of 9 lbs. per lb.	..
(2) Domestic 35" x 40 yds. of 12 lbs. "	..
(3) Chadars 50" x 6 yds. of 2½ lbs. "	..
(4) Dhories (up to ¼" naki border) 32" x 9 yds. of 1½ lbs. "	..
(5) Dhories (Calcutta, P.B.) 44" x 10 yds. of 1½ lbs. "	2 4 0

† Manchester, 20th September—

Price Index of cloth	244
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1933.)	

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 2nd November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	260	260
Bombay	..	5,590	5,620
Karachi	30	212	242
Madras	..	1,160	1,160

(ii) From 1st January to 2nd November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	37,115	37,158
Bombay	30	329,237	329,267
Karachi	..	5,896	5,896
Madras	..	34,120	34,120

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	3

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 20th November—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	..
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, "	1 1 9
† Manchester, 20th September—	
Price index of American yarn	241
" " " Egyptian "	229
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	225
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

Cow Hides—

† Calcutta, 6th December—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..	} per 20 lbs.
(2) Darbhanga	..	..	
(3) Patna	..	..	
(4) Salted cows, Dacca	Rs. 18-8 to Rs. 20-0*		

Buffalo Hides—

† Calcutta, 6th December—

(1) Arsenic, Framed	..	..	} per 20 lbs.
(2) " Commons	Rs. 13-0 to Rs. 15-0		

Goat Skins—

† Calcutta, 6th December—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 270 to Rs. 300
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Rs. 180 " Rs. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—

Market Quotations—

† Madras, 28th November—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Tanned—		
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0 to 2 5 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 12 0 " 1 14 0	
(3) Sheep skins "	5 0 0 " 7 0 0	
(4) Goat skins "	4 8 0 " 6 0 0	

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

* The corresponding quotation for the 29th November published in the "Indian Trade Journal" (page 513), dated the 5th Dec. 1946, should be read as Rs. 18-8 to Rs. 20-0 instead of Rs. 17-8 to Rs. 18-8.

IRON AND STEEL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 6th December—

Pig Iron—	
Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Rs. 98
† London, 8th & 22nd October—	£ s. d.
Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	6 9 3
Steel, rails, heavy " "	15 12 0

JUTE (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	26	95
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer	54	114
TOTAL	80	209

(ii) From 1st July to 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	796	1,117
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer	933	1,396
TOTAL	1,729	2,513

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	8	9

(ii) From 1st July to 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	428	483

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

† 1 Bale=400 lbs.

† By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

† Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 6th December—

	Per maund L.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Ra. 63-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Ra. 62-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Ra. 61-8-0

† Madras, 21st November—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Ra. 275
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COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin, 23rd November—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality,	Ra. 692-8 Ready.
per candy (654 lbs.).	Ra. 675-0 One month.

GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

‡ Madras, 30th November—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Ra. 240
--------------------------------------	---------

OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 6th December—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ Ra. 4-4-3
	{ Ra. 4-7-3
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	{ Ra. 3-13-6
	{ Ra. 4-0-6

PETROL—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 6th December—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Ra. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.
-----------------------------	------------------------

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		4,543	5,308

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.

|| Ex-godown.

¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.

** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	3

(ii) From 1st January to 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		229,347	41,595
From 1st January to 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—			

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	22,223

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 6th December—

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..	..

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 6th December—

T. N. per B. maund	Ra. 120
London, 5th December—	
T. N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d. 17 10 0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—**(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea		514	447
" Bombay by rail		450	..
" Karachi " "		204	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
* A grade Rice	Ra. 23-12-0
* B grade Rice	Ra. 18-12-0
* C grade Rice	Ra. 8-12-0

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SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Java.	Mauritius.	Europe.	Other Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Cawnpore, 30th November—

	1946.	1945.
	Ra. A. P.	Ra. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 20 11 6 to 21 13 6	{ 16 1 6 to 16 12 6
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 2 0	16 8 0
Basil, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 0 0	16 6 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 6 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	20 15 6	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta (30th Nov. '46)	10,082	(30th Nov. '45)	28,037
Bombay (9th " ")	15,000	(" ")	..
Karachi (30th " ")	12,330	(" ")	..
Madras (28th " ")	7,719	(29th Nov. '45)	15,852

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending 30th November:—

	1946.	1945.
	Ra. A.	Ra. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siwa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..

Eating—

(3) Madras	19 5	13 9
(4) Ahmednagar	..	13 13
(5) Lyallpur	20 8	14 0
(6) Muzaffarnagar	12 2	9 1
(7) Meerut	..	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	18 0	9 0
(9) Dacca (best quality)	..	22 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

† Kidderpore Docks only.

TEA—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		6,502	11,702

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		212	1,518
" Chittagong		121	..

(ii) During the three months ending February, 1946 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

(In thousands of lbs.)

	Dec., 1945.	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	July '45 to Feb., 1946.
United Kingdom .	18,967	27,182	9,726	210,653
Iraq	--	--	553	1,480
Iran	60	60	3,087	5,571
Canada	200	--	793	18,720
United States of America	5,378	10,315	2,338	47,457
Australia	2,709	2,119	--	13,777
Other Countries	4,782	2,012	1,351	18,211
TOTAL, 1945-46 .	32,096	41,688	17,848	315,869
" 1944-45 .	46,487	40,953	22,398	324,412
" 1943-44 .	16,366	27,831	44,333	280,357

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 3rd & 4th December—

† Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. . . Ra. 1-10-7½

WHEAT—**(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)			
	1946.		1945.	
	Indian†.	Foreign.	Indian†.	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta	..	..	670	15,535
Bombay	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..

* Relating to tea, black.

† See also page 569.

‡ In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

§ The corresponding quotation for the 26th and the 27th November, published in the Indian Trade Journal (page 517), dated the 5th December, 1946, should be read as Re. 1-5-8 instead of Re. 1-4-11.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—		
Calcutta	—	—
Bombay	—	—
Karachi	—	—

During week ending 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—		
From Karachi	5	194

(ii) From 1st April to 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	1946.		1945.	
	Indian*.	Foreign.	Indian*.	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta	773	84,869	39,780	189,409
Bombay	3,290	—	4,022	—
Karachi	97,056	—	81,038	—

From 1st April to 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—		
Calcutta	—	—
Bombay	—	—
Karachi	—	—

From 1st April to 2nd November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—		
From Karachi	102,004	58,948

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 31st October—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 6th December—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mda., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—concl.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyallpur, 19th & 26th July—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Rs. 9-10-4

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1945-46 is now estimated at 8,882,000 tons, as against 10,458,000 tons in 1944-45.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 3rd December—

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Rs. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 6th December—

	Date		Linnseed	
	(50 c. ft.)		(20 cwt.)	
	Plus 15% Surcharge			
	s.	d.	s.	d.
London §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Liverpool §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Dundee §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Glasgow §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)

‡ Bombay, 29th November—

Cotton (40 c. ft.)—		
United Kingdom ports	s.	d.
Antwerp	102	0
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		
Trieste, Venice		
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—		
Linnseed, Rape, etc.—		
United Kingdom ports		
Antwerp	92	0
Marseilles		
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		
Trieste, Venice		
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—		
Cotton, etc.—		
United Kingdom ports		
Marseilles	89	0
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn		
Groundnuts—		
United Kingdom ports	98	0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal.

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[As. 6.]

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1-2, Victoria Road, Maragon, Bombay, 10.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Wednesday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 18th December 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

Tenders for Rs. 2,00,00,000 of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 17th December 1946. The total amount offered was Rs. 1,60,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 per cent were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. The total amount accepted was Rs. 1,50,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-7-0 per cent per annum.

In view of the holidays the Central Government Treasury Bills auction will not be held during the next two weeks.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received up to 11 a.m. (Standard Time) on Tuesday, the 7th January 1947, at Bombay and up to the close of business on Monday, the 6th January 1947, at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 10th January 1947. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 13th December 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,09,75,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 17th December—

British Conversion (3½ per cent)	£	114½
British War Loan (3½ per cent)		107½

EXCHANGE—

16th December—

Telegraphic Transfer	Selling.	Buying.
	1s. 5½d.	1s. 6½d.
On New York D/D \$100—	Rs. 332½	Rs. 329½
London/New York	\$4-02½	

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 17th December—

Gold ('999 fineness), per tola; spot Rs. 99; forward Rs. 94.

London, 25th October—

Gold, per fine oz. £8-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—

17th December—

Silver ('999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 139; forward Rs. 135-6.

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

16th December—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 136-8

London, 13th December—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 55½d.

New York, 13th December—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 87 cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 6TH DECEMBER 1946—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 16th December 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	738,08,01,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	330,91,06,000
3. Cash in India—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	38,74,19,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,84,88,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	74,32,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	81,29,44,000
5. Advances in India	423,83,34,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	22,79,37,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	6-12-46.	29-11-46.	7-12-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	738,08,01	750,03,40	688,02,73	134,36,40
2. Time Liabilities in India	330,91,06	345,08,97	275,08,92	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	42,33,33	41,44,82	35,18,07	6,60,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	81,29,44	79,93,40	86,83,31	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	423,83,34	438,10,29	293,60,65	101,52,16
6. Bills discounted in India	22,79,37	23,28,43	18,51,31	3,57,29

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 6th December 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	46,63,80,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	27,74,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	2,15,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	446,37,08,000	(a) Internal	—
(2) Government of Burma	17,95,000	(b) External	—
(3) Other Government Accounts	19,92,81,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	44,22,000
(b) Banks	81,83,46,000	Balances held abroad*	483,51,78,000
(c) Others	16,19,73,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	10,00,000
Bills Payable	3,83,94,000	Other Loans and Advances	24,95,000
Other Liabilities	7,39,03,000	Investments	29,42,98,000
		Other Assets	25,08,36,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	585,73,98,000	TOTAL ASSETS	585,73,98,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 6th December 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	46,63,80,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,212,21,57,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
Total Notes issued		1,258,85,37,000	(b) Held outside India	—	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
			Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		21,26,89,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities.		57,84,14,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		—
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,258,85,37,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,258,85,37,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93-716 per cent.

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[Special Supplement No. 5—combining the issues of the "Indian Trade Journal", dated 6th and 13th June 1946, Vol. CLXI.]

Business Notice iv

NOTES.

INDIAN CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE REVENUE—

The total gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue, excluding Salt Revenue, collected in British India during the month of November, 1946, amounted to Rs. 9,20 lakhs, as compared with Rs. 7,00 lakhs in October, 1946 and Rs. 11,44 lakhs in November, 1945. The total gross Central Excise duties on motor spirit, kerosene, sugar, matches, etc., amounted to Rs. 2,40 lakhs in November, 1946, as compared with Rs. 2,91 lakhs in October, 1946, and Rs. 3,59 lakhs in November, 1945. The grand total of gross Customs and Central Excise Revenue realised in the eight months ended November, 1946, was Rs. 77,57 lakhs as compared with Rs. 1,16,90 lakhs during the same period of the preceding year. Of this amount, import duties accounted for Rs. 50,68 lakhs, export duties for Rs. 2,72 lakhs, land customs and miscellaneous for Rs. 59 lakhs and Central excise duties for Rs. 23,58 lakhs. Comparing the figures for the eight months ended November 1946, with those for the corresponding period of the preceding year, there were increases under import duties on artificial silk fabrics, betelnuts, motor vehicles, metals other than iron and steel, silver and block tin, raw silk, cotton fabrics, wireless reception instruments and apparatus, artificial silk yarn and thread, silver bullion coin, sheets, plates and other manufactures, spices, raw cotton, cinematograph films, silk fabrics, toys, games and sports goods, silk yarn and thread, paper and stationery, railway plant and rolling stock, machinery, wheat and wheat flour, fabrics of artificial silk mixed with other materials, cotton yarn and thread, tea and cotton hosiery, under export duties on jute, raw and manufactured and agricultural produce other than jute, rice and coffee and under excise duties on vegetable product and coffee. On the other hand, import duties on motor spirit, tobacco, kerosene oil, liquors, iron and steel, electric lighting bulbs, batching, fuel and lubricating oils and dyes derived from coal-tar and coal-tar derivatives, export duties on cotton cloth and yarn and rice, land customs receipts and excise duties on tobacco, matches, sugar, motor spirit, betelnuts, tyres, kerosene, steel ingots and tea showed decreases.

—:—

ALL-INDIA INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES OF FOOD ARTICLES—

The following Press Note, dated the 9th December 1946, has been issued by the Office of the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi:—

The Economic Adviser's All-India index of wholesale prices of Food Articles (Base: last week of August 1939=100) for the week ended November 23, 1946, worked out to 263.4 as compared with 262.8 for the previous week and 234.5 for the corresponding week of the previous year.

During the week, the group index for "Pulses" further advanced by 7 points to 369 as a result of a rise in the prices of pulses at Lahore, and those for "Cereals", and "Other Food Articles", however, remained stationary at 281 and 216, respectively.

—:—

ALL-INDIA FIRST GROUNDNUT FORECAST, 1946-47—

The above forecast estimates will be exhibited at the main street door of the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, at 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on Thursday, the 19th December 1946, at 15 hours (Indian Standard Time) or 4 p.m. (Bengal Time).

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

FOREIGN—

Cotton Piecegoods and Gunny Bags.

(JJ-67) A firm in Belgian Congo desires to be put in touch with exporters of Cotton Piecegoods and Gunny Bags in India.

Nickelled Brass Slide Fasteners and Zips.

(JJ-68) A correspondent in Alexandria (Egypt) enquires for suppliers of Nickelled Brass Slide Fasteners and Zips in India.

MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.

I

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 16th December—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw) Rs. 60-0-0 per md. loose.

Linseed oil, Up-country Mills (Boiled) Rs. 55-0-0 per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—Prices have been slightly lower in the linseed market during the week with activities somewhat restricted. Some supplies have been reaching the local oil mills under Government quota. Buyers have not been keen at the prevailing rates and are operating on a hand-to-mouth basis.

Bombay, 13th December—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil Rs. 18-0-0 per quarter.

[No stock figures are available.]

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

CROPS. Madras, week ending 30th November.—Rainfall very heavy in Nellore, South Arcot and Tanjore; heavy in Chingleput, Madras and Tinnevely; moderate in Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Ramnad and Nilgiris; fair in Kurnool, Cuddapah, Salem, Trichinopoly, Malabar and South Kanara; and light or nil elsewhere. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Anantapur, Nellore, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Ramnad, Tinnevely and South Kanara and of dry crops in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Salem, Coimbatore and Ramnad proceeding. Standing crops generally fair except in Guntur. Harvesting of paddy in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, Chingleput, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madras, South Kanara and Nilgiris in progress. Outturn generally fair. Bihar, week ending 2nd December.—Light rain fell everywhere except in Saharsa, parts of Patna, Gaya, Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Monghyr, Bhagalpur and Santal Pargana, where no rain reported. Condition and prospects of standing crops reported fair, on the whole. Ploughing of fields and sowing of rabi crops in full swing. Harvesting of aghani paddy continued. Orissa, week ending 9th December.—Light rainfall at Koraput and no rain elsewhere. Harvesting of winter paddy in all districts and its threshing in Puri district going on. Pressing of sugarcane in Cuttack and Puri districts commenced. Standing crops, including sugarcane, paddy and tobacco, generally thriving. Punjab, week ending 9th December.—Weather remained dry, except in parts of Ambala, Jullundur, Ferozepur, Lahore, Amritsar and Sialkot districts where rain varying in amount from 0.21" to 1.50" received. Rain badly needed in Mianwali district. Condition of standing crops average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Sowing of rabi crops continued. Bengal, week ending 4th December.—Weather seasonable. Prospects of standing crops reported generally satisfactory. Harvesting of aman paddy and cultivation of rabi crops continuing. Assam, dated 9th December.—Weather generally seasonable and its effects on crops fair. Prospects and outturn of crops good. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 7th December.—Weather continued clear and cool with occasional passing clouds. Dew-fall in a few districts reported. Standing rabi crops, on the whole, reported to be in satisfactory condition. Resowing of rabi crops damaged by November rains in Jabulpore district taken up. Harvesting of paddy continued. Picking of cotton in full swing. Threshing of paddy in progress in all rice districts.

Intermediate Crop Reports—Sugarcane: Bombay.—Since submission of last forecast crop suffered to some extent from lodging in some areas of southern parts of Province due to heavy rains during middle of November. General crop condition reported

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B. 3183 W. 31-10-47.

fairly satisfactory. Crop nearing maturity and its harvesting progressing in many areas. Crop expected to yield between 60 per cent of normal and full normal. **United Provinces.**—During first fortnight of November, there were light showers in a number of districts and no rain in other districts. During third week, there was practically no rain except for light showers in a few districts. During fourth week, there were light showers in a number of districts, including most of western districts, and no rain in remaining districts. Harvesting sugarcane for *gur* and *rab*-making commenced. Red-rot in evidence in epidemic form in some areas in north-eastern districts and wilt and yellowing diseases also observed in some areas in these districts. Red-rot also appeared in some areas in Rohilkhand and Kumaun Circle and in Farrukhabad district. Stray reports of attack by *pyrrilla* and borers received. Season during November favourable for crop. Condition of crop continued generally satisfactory, except in low-lying areas where crop damaged by water-logging. **Bengal.**—Since submission of second intermediate report in first part of November, weather and its effect on crop generally favourable. Provincial outturn now anticipated 79 per cent of normal this year, as against same percentage of outturn shown in corresponding return of last year. **Central Provinces and Berar.**—Estimate of outturn reported in second forecast, viz., 94.5 per cent of normal for Province as a whole, remains unchanged. **Cotton: Assam.**—Since issue of second forecast weather not quite favourable for crop. Heavy rainfall in October damaged crop to some extent in most of cotton-growing districts. Area under cotton estimated at 30,800 acres against 27,500 acres shown in first and second forecasts of this year and against last year's actual area of 36,100 acres. Outturn estimated at 11,900 bales (400 lbs. each) of lint against 14,800 bales (revised on basis of actual area of last year).

Cotton. Bombay, 12th December.—Forward price fluctuations confined within narrow limits and no important modifications witnessed. On the whole easier sentiment prevailed. Opening with steady tone, rates maintained improvement for some time and hovered for long time within range of about 8 to 10 annas. Rates suffered minor setback during afternoon. Towards close, however, they recovered earlier position and finished with steady tone. Indian Cotton Contract January started around Rs. 468.4 and rose to Rs. 469.12, fluctuating thereafter for long while within Rs. 468 and Rs. 468.10. Subsequently it dropped from Rs. 468 to Rs. 467.12, and then from Rs. 467.8 to Rs. 467.4. It touched Rs. 467 and hovered for some time around Rs. 466.14. Thereafter it improved gradually from Rs. 467.2 to Rs. 468.4 at which it closed.

Jute. Calcutta, 14th December.—Steady. Fair export business reported in mill standard Reds at Rs. 175, Firsts at Rs. 165, Lightnings at Rs. 160 and Tossa at Rs. 155 per bale, respectively.

Hessians 40" 10 oz. quoted at Rs. 47 ready. "B. Twilla" quoted at Rs. 110.8 ready. Market steady. **Shellac.** Calcutta, 13th December.—T. N. Rs. 118 per B. Maund. **Tea.** Twenty-second Tea Sale, Calcutta, 10th and 11th December.—122 packages Green Tea at average price Re. 1.9-10, 14,339 packages other sorts at average price Re. 1.9-8 and 15,083 packages Dust at average price Re. 1.6-9 sold for consumption in India. 787 packages Green Tea at average price Re. 1.11-8 sold for export. After 5 annas sharp rise of last week market settled back to slightly easier rates, with exception of leaf-grades and teas for price, which were again dearer. Common Broken showed less change than mediums, while Fannings weakest feature being often 1 to 1½ annas down on last week's values. Darjeeling generally sold well as did also higher grades of Green Teas, those offered for export fetching some 2 annas more than last week. Dust sale after uncertain start showed itself again firm for common sorts while best liquoring C. T. C. types from Assam often 6 to pies dearer.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

BOOKS OF REFERENCE.

STATISTICAL PUBLICATIONS—

The following publications have been issued by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, India:—

(1) *Monthly Accounts of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for March 1946.* (Price Rs. 3-4 or 5s. 3d.) These Accounts contain the particulars of the quantity and value of the principal articles of imports, re-exports and exports of merchandise together with the figures of imports and exports of treasure and the amount of duty collected during the month of March, 1946, and the twelve months ended March, 1946, as compared with the corresponding periods of the preceding two years, and also the number and tonnage of vessels employed in the foreign trade of British India during the month of March and the twelve months ended March, 1944, 1945 and 1946. The total value of the import and export trade with each of the principal countries during March and the twelve months ended March, 1945 and 1946, is also shown in these Accounts. A table showing the declared values per unit of principal articles of imports and exports during the month of March, 1944, 1945 and 1946, is included in these Accounts.

(2) *Indian Customs and Central Excise Revenue for November 1946.* (Price 1 anna or 1½d.) This statement shows Indian Sea and Land Customs and Central Excise Revenue (excluding Sea Revenue) collected in British India in the month of November and the eight months ended November, 1946, as compared with the corresponding periods of the two preceding years. The actual for the years 1944-45 and 1945-46 and the budget estimates for 1946-47 under the specific heads of revenue are also shown therein.

Copies of the above publications are obtainable from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, from the Government of India Book Depot, 8, Hastings Street, Calcutta, and also from the agents for the sale of India Government publications a list of whom can be obtained on application to the Manager.

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FOREIGN TRADE OF CALCUTTA IN SEPTEMBER 1946.

The overseas import trade of Calcutta in private merchandise in September 1946 recorded substantial improvement over the preceding month, viz., August 1946, the values having increased from Rs. 2.75 crores to Rs. 7.31 crores (exclusive of figures on American disposals which covered an amount of Rs. 9 thousands).

Exports, including re-exports, also showed an increase from Rs. 9.77 crores in August 1946 to Rs. 10.90 crores in September 1946.

The values of imports and exports in September 1945 were Rs. 9.66 crores and Rs. 12.44 crores, respectively.

IMPORTS.

A comparison of the values of the principal imports in September 1946 with those of September 1945 is given below, the figures in brackets indicating the increase or decrease as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Machinery	1,36 (+ 47)
Metals other than iron and steel	1,22 (+ 96)
Oils, mineral	38 (-2,93)
Chemicals, etc.	30 (+ 10)
Instruments, electrical	29 (+ 3)
Grain, pulse and flour	25 (-1,02)
Iron and steel	20 (- 58)
Hardware	15 (+ 8)
Provisions, etc.	13 (+ 9)
Tobacco	13 (- 7)
Salt	12 (- 9)
Tea chests	10 (- 15)
Instruments, other than electrical	10 (+ 4)
Paper and pasteboard	10 (- 13)
Liquors	8 (+ 5)
Drugs and medicines	7 (constant)
Cotton goods	7 (+ 2)
Woollen goods	6 (constant)
Glass and glassware	3 (+ 2)
Building and engineering materials other than cement	2 (- 13)
Earthenware	2 (+ 1)
Apparel	1 (constant)

Noticeable increases also occurred under motor cars (+Rs. 9 lakhs), spices, betelnuts (+Rs. 8 lakhs), treasure (+Rs. 3 lakhs), umbrella and umbrella fittings and silk manufactures (+Rs. 1 lakh each), and decreases under wood and timber (-Rs. 1 lakh).

EXPORTS.

The variations in the value of the principal exports of Indian merchandise in September 1946 with those of September 1945 are given below:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Jute manufactures	4,78 (+ 36)
Tea	3,00 (-2,10)
Lao	96 (+ 75)
Jute, raw	71 (- 32)
Hides and skins, raw	35 (+ 22)
Mica	9 (- 1)
Wool manufactures	5 (- 6)
Tobacco	4 (- 2)
Linseed, seeds	4 (- 23)
Hemp	2 (- 2)
Dyeing and tanning	1 (- 3)

Noticeable decreases also occurred under grain, pulse and flour (-Rs. 29 lakhs), pig iron, manganese ore, linseed oil, cotton, raw (-Rs. 1 lakh each), and increases under spices—chillies (+Rs. 5 lakhs), coal and manures (+Rs. 1 lakh each).

The bulk of re-exports consists of raw wool and machinery worth Rs. 8 lakhs and Rs. 1 lakh, respectively.

DIRECTION OF EXPORTS.

Coal was shipped solely to the Straits Settlements and buffalo hides to Turkey—European; chillies to Ceylon; cigarettes to Burma; bones for manufacturing purposes, cow hides, paraffin wax, rubber manufactures, woollen carpets and rugs mainly to the United Kingdom; linseed and hemp, raw, solely to the United Kingdom; goat skins, sheep skins, other skins, lac seed, lac—other kinds, mica block and mica splittings to the United States of America; lac buttons, shellac, leather—other kinds, twist and yarns, jute—other kinds to the United Kingdom and the United States of America; tea to the United Kingdom, United States of America, Canada and Australia; gunny cloth to the United Kingdom, United States of America, Canada and Argentina; jute, raw, to France, United Kingdom, United States of America, Belgium, Brazil and Czechoslovakia; gunny bags to the United Kingdom, Nigeria, Australia, China, Cuba, Egypt, French Western Africa, Gold Coast, New Zealand and Netherlands.

REPORT OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR IRAN, TEHRAN, FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1946.

General.

The labour unrest and internal political strife continued. The National Bank of Iran finds itself extremely short of local currency. The National Bank as well as the Iranian Government possess large sums of sterling, and the sale of this sterling is under rigid control and sold only in cover of approved imports from foreign countries. To relieve the situation, the sale of exchange from the bank's holdings was permitted for the purpose of opening irrevocable credits whenever firm orders from abroad could be produced, with a few exceptions.

The issue of rationed sugar by the Government in several places has made the free market price of sugar more reasonable. The Russians were promising sale of woollen piecegoods to importers and by this means obtaining high prices for their cotton piecegoods. These promises have now depreciated in value as a result of Italian offers of woollen piecegoods, which are accompanied by samples of good average quality.

Other matters of general interest are as follows:—

- At least 30 per cent of the rice crop has been lost in northern Iran owing to disputes between landowners and peasants.
- A credit of Rials 1½ millions has been established for the institution of a Ministry of Labour.
- A Commission has been set up in the newly-established Ministry of Labour to arbitrate between employers and employees in their disputes.
- The American built army aerodrome at Abadan, and the Caspian sea fleet which was commandeered by the Russians, as a war-time measure, have been taken over by the Iranian Government.
- The sale of opium is to cease from the 23rd October 1946, and opium-smoking will be an offence from that date. The Anti-Opium Commission has placed an order with the Soviet Government for 100 million anti-opium tablets.
- The Ahwaz to Khorramshahr Railway was re-opened early in the month after the floods.
- The import of tea, except from India, Ceylon and British East Africa, is now freely permitted.

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- (h) A tax of half a rial is to be levied on every litre of petrol sold in order to provide a fund for asphaltting the main highways of Iran.
- (i) The Tehran Chamber of Commerce has published a fixed price for automobiles and automobile parts.
- (j) The Meshed sugar factory was damaged by fire.
- (k) The Central Government has granted permission for export to Russia during the current year of 2,650 head of cattle, 175,000 sheep and 300 camels.

Agriculture.

The situation regarding supply of cereals is satisfactory. The sale of exportable surplus of barley is being negotiated with the Government of India. It is doubtful whether India will be able to get any appreciable quantity in view of the high prices and other difficulties.

Civil Supplies.

(i) *Textiles*.—Prices have generally settled down a little below the high level reported in the last review. There is a seasonal demand, which keeps all prices firm. There have been steady sales of Russian piecegoods at good profits.

(ii) *Sugar*.—A few consignments of Russian sugar are reported to have arrived from Tabriz, Pahlevi and Meshed. The market was active towards the end of the month and prices rose by 2 to 3 Rials per kilo.

(iii) *Tea*.—A few importers have placed orders for China tea, and prices of tea showed a weaker tendency on this account.

(iv) *Cooking Oils*.—Cooking oils remain in short supply and prices are high.

Transport.

(i) Despite imports of vehicles from abroad and sale of American surplus of motor vehicles, the prices of motor transport have risen 40 per cent in the last month; prices of tyres have risen 80 to 100 per cent over those ruling a month ago, due to purchases made on behalf of the Russians. The heavy demand for tyres and spare parts continues.

(ii) Messrs. Gray, Mackenzie & Co., Ltd., have decided to discontinue clearing and forwarding work at Khorramshahr, Abadan, Ahwaz and Bandar Shahpour as from 31st December 1946, and have recommended the following firms for such work at Khorramshahr:—

- (a) S. A. Levant Express Transport Iran, Khorramshahr.
- (b) Salim H. H. Saleh, Khorramshahr.
- (c) H. A. and H. A. K. Douraghi, Khorramshahr.

Trade.

Demand for all commodities has been strong during the past month. The announcement on the 12th September that the Government would sell sterling area currencies at the controlled rates for the import of all types of goods, with a few exceptions, encouraged importers to open documentary credits abroad on a greater scale, and, therefore, ready cash was in much demand to pay for these credits. Hoarding continues.

Trade Enquiries.

A number of enquiries were received during the month of September, 1946, from India and Iran, and were dealt with expeditiously.

The enquiries from commercial firms in India related to:—

Export from India to Iran of precious, semi-precious and synthetic stones; cultured pearls; jewellery; Indian handi-crafts and novelties—ivory, brass, enamel, marble and wood, etc.; leather and leather goods including footwear, hides and skins, haberdashery, cutlery, guns, strings, aluminium-ware; surgical and veterinary instruments; surgical dressings; orthopedic appliances and artificial limbs; stationery; perfumery; green and black tea; oils and oilseeds; embroidery and lace; films, fans and bicycles; rubber goods and food preserves; jute and jute manufactures, paints and varnishes, sports goods, spices, fancy goods and toys; talcum and soapstone powders, general merchandise and miscellaneous stores, etc.

Important enquiries from commercial concerns in Iran related to:—

Import from India of textiles, bicycles, electrical appliances and equipment, radios, aluminiumware, chinaware, pharmaceutical products, tyres and tubes; water pipe fittings; hides and skins; yarns; tea; sugar; chemicals; hardware; iron; jute and jute manufactures, etc., etc.

General Credit Position.

This has been a money-lenders' month owing to the demand for ready cash. Fine gold in the end of the month was bringing Rials 360 per mishgal which is Rials 15 less than the price on 31st August, 1946—another sign that cash was in demand.

Rates.

Black Bourse—Tehran.

Dollars—Drafts	Rials 49.75—50.25 per dollar.
Dollars—Notes	" 49.00—49.25 per dollar.
Iraq Dinar Notes	" 137.00—138.00 per I.D.
Sterling Notes	" 130.00—132.00 per £ sterling.
Sterling Drafts	" 136.00—151.00 per £ sterling.
Baghdad rate for Rial Notes	" 142.00 per Iraq Dinar (19.9.1946).

Wholesale Price Index.

Wholesale Price Index (22nd August, 1946) (Tehran only)—

- (i) Official published figure 501
- (ii) Official published (corrected for average April, August, 1939=100) 471

Wholesale Prices.

Tehran Bazaar, 25th September, 1946.

	Rials.
Tea (open market) foreign brand	90—165 per ½ kilo.
Tea (open market) local brand	10—65 per ½ kilo.
Tea (Coupon rate) mixed	35 per ½ kilo.
Sugar (open market)	56—58 per kilo.
Sugar (Coupon rate) white	19 per kilo.
Rowghan (Ghee)	90—100 per kilo.
Rice	1,800—5,400 per 300 kilos.
Wheat (open market)	1,100—1,250 per 300 kilos.
Wheat (Government purchase price)	840 per 300 kilos.
Barley (open market)	600—700 per 300 kilos.
Firewood	280—450 per 300 kilos.
Iron Beams	7.50—7.75 per kilo.
Paper	27 per kilo.
Tin	180—195 per kilo.

Prices of Principal Commodities, etc., during August 1946.

The average rates in Zahidan for the principal commodities were:—

Imports.	
	Rials.
Tea (superior)	60,000 per 650 lbs.
Tea (inferior)	42,000 per 650 lbs.
Sugar	15,000 per 650 lbs.
Cardamoms, small	14,000 per 650 lbs.
Cardamoms, large	11,000 per 650 lbs.
Turmeric	4,400 per 650 lbs.
Dried ginger	7,800 per 650 lbs.
Pepper	11,200 per 650 lbs.
Cinnamon	16,000 per 650 lbs.
Gur	10,500 per 650 lbs.
Cement	70 per bag of 112 lbs.

Local.

	Rials.
Petrol	77—80 per 4 gallons tin.
Kerosene	56—60 per 4 gallons tin.

Local Exchange Rate.

The average free rate during the month was Rials 1,100 per Rupees 100.

Average Freight Rates.

		Rials.
Zahidan	Meshed	300 per 650 lbs.
Zahidan	Zabul	120 per 650 lbs.
Zahidan	Birjand	150 per 650 lbs.
Zahidan	Kerman	165 per 650 lbs.
Zahidan	Khwash	150 per 650 lbs.
Meshed	Zahidan	650 per 650 lbs.
Birjand	Zahidan	300 per 650 lbs.
Kerman	Zahidan	330 per 650 lbs.
Zabul	Zahidan	165 per 650 lbs.
Khwash	Zahidan	90 per 650 lbs.

NOTE.—(i) Rials 128 = £ 1 sterling. (ii) One kilo = 2.2 lbs. approximately.

REPORT OF THE INDIA GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER, TORONTO, FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1946.

Canadian Business Activity.

CANADIAN productive operations in July, 1946, showed a slight gain over the previous month, the Index of the Physical Volume of Business (1935-39=100), as reported by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, standing at 180.3 as compared with 178.9 in June 1946 and 213.7 in July of the previous year.

The index of manufacturing production dropped slightly from 181.4 in June to 181.2 in July.

The activity in the forestry industry increased sharply in July, the index rising by 15 points to 143.

The General Wholesale Price Index (1926=100) stood at 109.5 in July, a gain of 0.4 points over June.

A further increase was recorded in the Dominion Bureau of Statistics cost-of-living index from 125.1 on July 2nd, 1946, to 125.6 on August 1st, 1946.

Stocks of Canadian wheat in store or in transit in North America on July 31st, 1946, the last day of the 1945-46 crop year, totalled 39,621,318 bushels as compared with 222,010,122 bushels on July 31st, 1945.

Trade.

(One Rupee equals \$0.3022.)

The following table gives details of Canada's trade with British India during the month of July, as compared with the trade during the previous month and during July 1945. Total trade for the first seven months of 1946 is compared with the same period of 1945.

Canada's Trade with British India.

	July 1945.	June 1946.	July 1946.
	\$	\$	\$
Imports	2,342,000	1,948,000	650,000
Exports	30,617,000	4,143,000	4,347,000
TOTAL TRADE	38,959,000	6,091,000	4,997,000
Balance of Trade in Canada's Favour	34,275,000	2,195,000	3,697,000

	First Seven Months, 1945.	First Seven Months, 1946.
	\$	\$
Imports	19,886,000	15,816,000
Exports	202,420,000	35,867,000
TOTAL TRADE	222,306,000	51,683,000
Balance of Trade in Canada's Favour	182,534,000	20,051,000

The total value of the Canadian exports to British India during the month of July, 1946, showed a small gain over the total of the previous month. The balance of trade in Canada's favour,

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however, continued the upward trend of the month before. The major items of export were wheat and autos, both freight and passenger.

The total value of the Canadian imports from British India during July, 1946, showed a further marked recession from the previous month. The major items imported by Canada from India during July were jute fabrics, carpets and cashew nuts. The following table gives details of the principal items of import during the month of July, as compared with those of the same month of 1945:—

Canadian Imports from British India.

Commodity.	Unit.	July 1945.		July 1946.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Cashew nuts, shelled	Lb.	21,200	13,030	121,250	72,658
Tea, India, black, direct	"	1,077,432	369,897	..	..
Lac, crude, seed, stick and shell	Cwt.	1,077	41,049	779	42,857
Castor oil	"	1,109	23,547	..	..
Goat skins and kid skins, raw	"	960	50,985	..	..
Raw cotton	Lb.	21,813	3,777	284,113	56,337
Jute and jute butts	Cwt.	7,500	71,389	..	..
Yarns, cords, twine of jute, n.o.p.	Lb.	107,580	27,362	..	..
Fabrics, jute, unbleached, n.o.p.	Yd.	19,400,400	1,626,982	2,566,000	260,386
Bags, sacks of hemp, linen, jute	"	..	..	..	47,524
Wool, washed or scoured	Lb.	..	..	23,608	10,765
Carpets, Oriental squares	Sq. ft.	15,278	24,680	113,083	103,422
Coir and coir yarn	Cwt.	1,512	11,898	..	..
Mats, cut pile of cocoa fibre	Sq. ft.	56,975	12,957	2,700	814
Myrobalan extract	Cwt.	2,899	13,446	..	..

Trade Enquiries and Openings.

The more important trade enquiries received and dealt with during the month of July are summarized as follows:—

I.—ENQUIRIES FROM CANADIAN FIRMS.

Pickles, Jams, Chutnies and Fruit Juices.—A Vancouver firm asked for names of Indian suppliers of the above products. Details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for necessary action.

Textiles.—A Toronto firm requested the assistance of this office in making connections with Indian manufacturers of textiles suitable for making up into shirts, pyjamas, underwear, ties, etc. A request was forwarded to India for names of such manufacturers, together with samples of the materials at present being used by the Canadian company.

Leather, Brassware, Silverware, Handicraft Articles and Rugs.—A Winnipeg company were supplied with the names of Indian exporters of the above-named articles and details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for circulation among other interested firms.

Carpets, Rugs, Ivoryware, Brassware and Woodware.—A Vancouver importing firm were given a list of names of Indian exporters of the above products and details of their enquiry were passed on to India for further circulation.

Handicraft and Gift Articles.—A list of names of Indian suppliers of handicraft and gift articles was sent to a Winnipeg importer. Details of his enquiry were also forwarded to India for circulation among other interested exporters.

Karaya Gum.—An Orangeville (Ontario) firm were furnished with a list of Indian exporters of karaya gum. Their enquiry was also forwarded to India for further circulation.

Peanuts.—A Montreal firm asked for the names of Indian exporters of peanuts. A list of names was supplied and details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for circulation among other interested exporters.

Jute and Jute Products.—A Galt (Ontario) firm were given a list of names of Indian exporters of jute and jute products. Details of their enquiry were passed on to India for further necessary action.

Sports Goods.—A list of names of Indian exporters of sports goods was furnished to a Montreal firm. Details of their enquiry were also forwarded to India.

Coir Products.—A Vancouver importer were forwarded with a list of names of Indian manufacturers and shippers of coir ropes and mats, and details of their enquiry were passed on to India for further circulation.

Leather and Leather Products.—Details of the enquiry of a Toronto firm for leather and leather products were passed on to India. A list of names of Indian exporters of these goods was also sent to the Toronto firm.

Cotton Duck, Cotton Tape and Webbing, Flax Canvas and Rope.—A Vancouver firm asked for the names of Indian exporters of the above-named products. A list of names was supplied, and details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for circulation.

Carpets, Rugs and Novelties.—A Montreal firm were furnished with a list of names of exporters of the above Indian products, and details of their enquiry were also forwarded to India for circulation among other interested firms.

Rugs.—A Toronto firm were supplied with a list of names of Indian exporters of rugs, and details of their enquiry were forwarded to India for further circulation.

Novelties, Toys, Cotton Textiles, Lace Goods and other Fancy Goods.—Details of the enquiry of a Toronto firm for the above-mentioned products were passed on to India. A list of names of Indian exporters of these goods was also furnished to the Toronto enquirer.

II.—ENQUIRIES FROM INDIAN FIRMS.

Fur Goods, Papier Mâché Articles, Silk, Numdahs and Saffron.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian goods was forwarded to a Kashmir firm.

General Imports.—A Bombay exporter was given a list of names of Canadian General importers.

Sports Goods, Carpets and Rugs, Arts and Crafts, Dry Fruits and Juniper Berries.—Names of Canadian importers of the goods mentioned above were passed on to an Aligarh company.

Raw Wool and Carpets.—A Karachi firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of raw wool and carpets.

Jute, Hessian, Gunny, Hides, Skins and Precious and Semi-precious Stones.—A Calcutta firm was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-mentioned products.

Hemp, Bristles, Minerals and Chemicals.—A Calcutta firm of exporters was given names of Canadian importers of the products listed above.

Spices, Coir Mats and Matting, Canes, Rattans, Bamboos, Carpets, Rugs and Ivory Goods.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above Indian products was supplied to a Bombay firm. Names and addresses of the principal daily newspapers in Toronto, Montreal and Vancouver, the three largest cities in Canada, were also given.

Rubber Footwear, Waterproof Clothing and other Waterproof Materials.—A Calcutta manufacturer was given a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named goods.

Piecegoods, Yarns, Presentation and Gift Articles, Precious Stones, Chemicals, Medicinal Herbs, Dry Fruits, Cotton and Cotton Waste.—A Bombay firm was furnished with a list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods mentioned above.

Novelties, Gift Articles, Imitation Jewellery, Carpets, Druggets, Numdahs, Sports Goods, Cutlery and Leather Goods.—Names of Canadian importers of the Indian products listed above were passed on to a Bombay firm.

Oil Seeds.—An Amritsar exporter was supplied with names of Canadian importers of oil seeds.

Floor Coverings.—A list of names of Canadian importers of floor coverings was forwarded to an Alleppey Company.

Seeds, Poppy Seeds, Spices, Cloves, Cardamoms, Coriander, Cummin Seeds, Tamarind and Turmeric.—A Bombay firm was given a list of Canadian importers of the above-mentioned Indian products.

Tobacco and Cigars.—Names of Canadian importers and wholesalers of tobacco and cigars were passed on to a Madras exporter.

Lace Goods.—A list of names of Canadian importers of lace goods was forwarded to a Palakol firm.

Cashew Nuts, Dried Fruits, Oriental Carpets, Kashmir Rugs, Numdahs, Kashmir Shawls and Ivory Goods.—A New Delhi exporter was furnished with names of Canadian firms interested in importing the above-named Indian goods.

Sports Goods.—A Sialkot City company was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of sports goods.

Gunnies, Hessian, Shellac, Drugs, Spices and Sports Goods.—A Calcutta firm was furnished with names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods listed above.

Lace Goods, Woollen Carpets, Rugs, Mica, Shellac, Cashew Nuts, Spices, Seeds and Door Mats.—Names of Canadian importers of the above-mentioned Indian products were sent to a Bombay company.

Jute, Gunny, Hessian, Seeds of all kinds, Dried Fruits, Carpets and Sports Goods.—A Calcutta firm was given a list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian products named above.

Woollen and Mixed Carpets, Herbs, Crude Drugs, Spices, Mica, Silk Brocades, Borders and Scarves, Essential Oils (Palmarosa Oil, Vettiver Oil, Sandalwood Oil), Mixed Attars, Floral Hair Oils and Floral Waters.—A Calcutta firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of the Indian products listed above.

Turmeric, Myrobalans, Sesame Seed and Cummin.—An Amritsar firm was furnished with a list of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products.

Cocoanuts, Food Products, Tea, Coffee, Spices, Peanuts, Jute, Cotton, Henna, Drugs, Oils and Oil Seeds.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the Indian goods referred to above was forwarded to a Delhi firm.

Surgical Metallic Instruments, E.P.N.S. Presentation Articles, Sports Requisites, Woollen Piled Rugs, Druggets and Numdahs.—A Sialkot City firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named goods.

Jute, Jute Products, Minerals, Metals and Chemicals.—Names of Canadian importers of the Indian products listed above were furnished to a Calcutta firm.

Brassware and Indian Art Goods.—A Nagina firm was sent a list of names of Canadian importers of brassware and Indian art goods.

Cotton and Yarn Waste, Vegetable Oils, Oil Seeds, Jute, Jute Products, Gunny Bags, Hessian Cloth, Shellac, Mica and General Imports.—A Bombay firm was forwarded names of Canadian importers of the Indian products listed above, along with names and addresses of several Canadian commercial journals and a list of commercial and manufacturers' associations in Canada.

Sports Goods.—A Sialkot City firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of sports goods.

Oil Seeds of all kinds, Gunny Bags, Spices, Dried Fruits, Coir Goods and Tea.—A Karachi firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian goods.

Seeds, Drugs, Dried Fruits and Musk.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-named Indian products was passed on to an Amritsar firm, along with names of Canadian trade magazines.

Art Goods (Ivoryware, Sandalwood, and Walnut and Brassware), Embroidery Art Goods, Musk, Crude Drugs, Coir Goods, Carpets, Durries, Eggs, Spices and Leather Goods.—A New Delhi firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of the Indian products listed above.

Crochet Lace Goods of all kinds.—A Palakol firm was furnished with a list of Canadian importers of crochet lace goods of all kinds.

Gut.—A Sialkot City manufacturer were sent a list of names of Canadian importers of gut, as well as the names of two Canadian commercial journals, suitable for advertising their products.

Goat Hair and Wool, Spices, Curry Powder, Country Drugs, Myrobalans, Cotton Waste, Rattan Canes, Carpets and Rugs.—A list of names of Canadian importers of the above-mentioned Indian goods was passed on to a Madras exporter.

Raw Wool, Raw Cotton and Woollen Carpets.—A Karachi firm was supplied with names of Canadian importers of raw wool, raw cotton and woollen carpets.

Musical Instruments and Vellum Drum Heads.—Names of Canadian importers of musical instruments and vellum drum heads were forwarded to an Indian firm in Sialkot City.

Mustard Flour and Curry Powder.—A Bombay exporter was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of mustard flour and curry powder.

Indian Motion Pictures.—A Bombay firm was forwarded names of Canadian companies likely to be interested in distributing Indian motion pictures in Canada.

Rugs.—A list of names of Canadian importers of rugs was sent to a Karachi firm.

Sports Goods.—A further list of Canadian importers of sports goods was forwarded to a Sialkot City firm.

Spices, Condiments, Cinnamon, Nutmeg, Cloves, Pepper, Turmeric, Coriander Seed, Curry Powder, Tamarind, Ginger, Cummin Seed, Sports Goods, Tea, Gums and Glue; and Hardware, Sewing Machines, Fountain Pens, Cigarettes and Bicycles.—A Karachi firm was supplied with a list of names of Canadian importers of spices, condiments, cinnamon, nutmeg, cloves, pepper, turmeric, coriander seed, curry powder, tamarind, ginger, cummin seed, sports goods, tea, gums and glue; and names of Canadian manufacturers and suppliers of hardware, sewing machines, fountain pens, cigarettes and bicycles.

Wool, Furs and Jute Manufactures; and Asbestos Products.—A Delhi firm was furnished with names of Canadian importers of wool, furs and jute manufactures, and names of Canadian manufacturers of Asbestos products. A list of Canadian Trade Directories and Canadian Trade Papers was also given.

Miscellaneous Enquiries.—An Indian Engineering Society was supplied with the names and addresses of Canadian Technical Papers and leading Canadian Professional Engineering Associations.

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B. 3018 W. 18-1-47.



REPORT OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT TRADE COMMISSIONER IN AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND, SYDNEY, FOR THE MONTHS OF JANUARY, FEBRUARY AND MARCH 1946.

Economic Conditions.

AUSTRALIA.

Wheat Stabilisation Scheme.

The Commonwealth Government has prepared a wheat stabilisation scheme providing for guaranteed prices of 5/2d. a bushel f.o.b. Australia, and 5/2d. a bushel f.o.b. bagged for all f.a.q. wheat exported in the five seasons 1945-46 to 1949-50.

Relaxation of Import Restrictions.

The Minister for Trade and Customs issued a long list of goods which, as from January 1, 1946, are exempt from import licensing requirements if they are produced or manufactured in the sterling area. The list of exemptions covers about 650 categories of goods, of which some 450 were formerly on the totally prohibited list. The remaining 200 items were previously under administrative licensing control, or were subject to quotas based on the value of trade in the base year 1938-39.

The items included in the exempt list are, in general, those in which the base year trade was relatively small less than £A 10,000 for each individual item. Based on 1938-39 figures, the aggregate annual value of imports from sterling sources of the goods included in the exempt list is about £A 1,000,000.

In addition to the list of exemptions, the Minister issued a further list of about 150 categories of goods which are to be removed from the list of total prohibitions and placed under administrative licensing control. Applications for licences to import from sterling countries goods on this list will be considered on their merits and, in general, licences will be granted to cover normal quantities if evidence is produced that the goods are available for export from the supplying country and can be shipped to Australia within a reasonable time. The aggregate annual value of the trade from sterling sources in these items is about £A 750,000.

Carpets and linoleums, which have been on a 25 per cent quota basis when of sterling origin, are being brought under administrative licensing control, and the general policy will be to grant licences for the importation of these floor coverings from sterling sources on production of evidence of availability by the applicant. Imports of carpets and linoleums from the United Kingdom and other sterling sources in the base year were valued at about £A 1,750,000.

It was also stated that the remaining import licensing restrictions would be kept under review but that uncertainties in Australia's overseas financial outlook limited the possibilities of further relaxations for the present.

A summary is attached listing the more important items from the point of view of the value of the trade in 1938-39.

Major Items Formerly Prohibited—Now Exempt.—Lime juice, Aerated or mineral waters, Glucose, Biscuits, Wax candles, Grain and pulse classifiable under Tariff Item 58 (D), Malt extract, Rennet, Salt other than table salt, Starch flours, Non-metallic buttons (other than of glass or tinsel), Woven and embroidered materials, Articles of natural or imitation hair, Absorbent cotton wool, wadings, Braids, fringes or edgings of textile materials not for attire, Gold leaf, Welded conduit pipes and tubes and close-jointed iron and steel pipes and tubes, Lawnmowers, Chaffcutters and horse gears, corn-shellers, corn-huskers, cultivators n.e.i. etc., Discs for agricultural implements, Laundry machines and appliances other than household type, Electric radiators and toasters, Electric human hair dryers, Electric fans other than household type, Electroliers, gasoliers, chandeliers, etc., Wireless receivers, parts thereof and accessories therefor, Dry batteries, Wall stand or table lamps, Electrolytic condensers, Smoothing irons, Hand fire extinguishers, Lamp glassware other than cut glass.

Electrical insulating sheet, Household ornaments of chinaware, earthenware etc., Glass—bent, bevelled, heraldic etc., Seltzogenes, Glassware classifiable under Tariff Item 250 (C) (2), Heat-resisting glassware for cooking purposes, Naphtha, Cresylic acid, Insecticides and disinfectants, Arsenate of lead, Veneers, Home cinematographs, spectacle cases, Chamois leather, Wrapping papers, Playing cards, Containers, printed or embossed, Showcard boards etc., Account books etc., Bicycles tricycles and similar vehicles, Musical instruments classifiable under Tariff Item 366 (A), Hair and cloth brushes, Tooth, scrubbing, paint and varnish brushes, Oil or water colours for public galleries, Works of art for public institutions, Live animals except horses for other than stud purposes, Flower seeds (except sunflower).

Major Items Formerly Subject to Administrative Control—Now Exempt.—Type metal, linotype metal, antifriction and plastic metals, Platinum, zinc and spelter, Prepared plates for engravers and lithographers, Cast iron pipes from 2 to 6 inches internal diameter, Cast iron fittings for pipes from 2 to 6 inches internal diameter, Dairycoolers, pasteurisers, vats, churns, cheese presses etc., Electric heating and cooking appliances classifiable under Tariff Item 179 (A) (5), Static transformers, Condensers other than electrolytic, Telegraph and telephone cable and wire, Bifurcated rivets, Eyelets and eyelet hooks, Incandescent mantles, Miners' safety lamps, Saws classifiable under Tariff Item 215 (B) (2), Aluminium powders, Graphite or plumbago, Magnesia, magnesium chloride and magnesium carbonate, Vacuum flasks, Crown corks and other bottles stoppers, Sandarac, mastic and other dry gums classifiable under Tariff Item 254 (A), Cements and prepared adhesives, Saccharin, Pyrethrum flowers, Liver extracts, Chronometers, microscopes, compasses etc., Gummed paper, Cover paper and pressings, Filter paper and litmus paper, Wheel rims for cycles, motor cycles and sidecars, Scientific instruments and apparatus for use in universities, public hospitals, etc., and which are not produced in Australia



DEC. 19, 1946.]

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NEW ZEALAND.

Manufacture of Household Electric Appliances.

The Minister of Housing, in an address to the Labour Party Conference, stated that the scheme for the mass production of electric refrigerators and washing machines is well advanced. It is expected that in a relatively short time the production methods to be adopted will substantially reduce costs and thus permit of installations in State rental houses.

The proposed equipment is to be a double unit, which will fit into existing sink and cupboard recesses in State houses. It is claimed that the provision of washing machines will do away with the wash houses, which may, if desired, be converted into additional rooms.

These appliances will not be confined to State houses, but will ultimately be on sale to the public.

At present there are several private manufacturers producing a limited number of washing machines and refrigerators. Raw materials and one or two components required to be imported, such as motors, and certain switching gear, are still in short supply. Production on the scale contemplated by the Minister is therefore some way off yet.

The local production of other electric appliances, including toasters, irons, kettles and heaters, is progressing well and is on a scale sufficient for minimum needs.

Clothing Industry.

The progress of the New Zealand clothing manufacturing industry during the last ten years was referred to in a recent speech by the Minister of Industries and Commerce. He stated that the achievement of the industry in clothing the armed forces exclusively from its own factories, and the help given to the United Nations as well, to the extent of 500,000 garments, is proof of its well-established position.

By the sixth year of war, the Dominion had produced 16,000,000 military garments, including 1,000,000 suits of battle-dress. Together with this contribution, which absorbed two-thirds of the capacity of the industry, minimum civilian needs were also met to an extent to avoid any serious shortage.

Figures indicating the expansion of the industry during the past decade show that in 1934-35 there were 9,394 persons engaged in making clothing in New Zealand. In 1939 there were 12,270, and returns up to June 30, 1945, showed 17,159 employed. By 1947, on the basis of recent calculations, the total is expected to reach 19,500 or 60 per cent above the level of the outbreak of war.

According to the Minister, the present policy fully protecting the local industry is to be continued in future to the extent required to maintain full employment. A wide range of items is now being manufactured, including children's wear, women's and men's, manufactured from imported materials and accessories. To a large extent all knitted underwear and woollen hosiery is produced from locally-made yarn. A good percentage of outer clothing is also made from locally-produced worsteds and tweeds.

Thermostats and mathematical instruments, Kapok, Ores, clays and mineral earths.

Major Items Formerly Prohibited—Now Subject to Administrative Control.—Knitted and lockstitched piecegoods, Silk piecegoods classifiable under Tariff Item 105 (D) (2), Apparel, Furs and other skins and articles made thereof, Hats, Caps and bonnets, Socks and stockings, Linen towelling for manufacture of art needlework, Bunting, Glass sheet—viz., figured, rolled, cathedral etc., Articles for indoor and outdoor games, Toys, Pianos, Oil and water colours classifiable under 410 (B) (3), Plants, trees and bulbs including orchids and other cut flowers.

Major Items Formerly on Quota—Now Exempt.—Non-medicinal spirituous preparations—viz., essences, extracts, fruit juices and syrups etc., Vanillin, Non-spirituous flavouring essences, Bituminous roof coverings etc., Flypapers, Non-spirituous essential oils, Essential oils for the manufacture of perfumes, Brushes classifiable under Tariff Item 381 (D) (4).

Manufacture of Rayon.

A textile industry to the value of £1,000,000 for the manufacture of rayon goods is to be established in the Government-owned aluminium fabrication factory at Wangaratta.

Vast Woollen Mill Plan.

The establishment of a chain of 30 woollen mills throughout Australia, designed to capture the woollen trade held by Japan before the war, is planned by certain British and Australian interests. The Federal Government has been asked to approve formation of a company with a capital of £20 million.

Mr. Mather, a British manufacturer in Sydney, recently submitted to the Federal Government a plan for establishing a number of spinning mills in Australia, and converting up to 50 per cent of Australian wool into yarn before sending it to Britain.

Relief for Industry.

The Prime Minister introduced in the House of Representatives on 21st March two bills which proposed no radical changes in the income tax and company tax law but incorporated concessions which the Government believed were a practical contribution to post-war problems confronting industry and gave certain concessions to ex-Servicemen.

Exports of Dried Fruits to Britain.

A long-term purchase arrangement had been agreed to between the Commonwealth Government and the British Government for the sale and purchase of the available exportable surplus of the Australian dried vine fruit crops for seasons 1946, 1947 and 1948. The contract ensured stabilised export returns at prices which should prove satisfactory to growers.

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B. 3159; W. 7-7-47.

Tyre Industry for New Zealand.

The Bureau of Industry, acting in terms of Industrial Efficiency Act, 1936, has granted licences to three companies for the manufacture of motor tyres in New Zealand.

Trade Enquiries.**I.—FROM AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.**

Beeswax.—Names and addresses of suppliers in India of beeswax were passed on to a Sydney firm.

Brushes.—Names of likely suppliers in India of water colour brushes were forwarded to a Sydney enquirer.

Caffeine Alkaloid.—An enquiry from a Sydney firm to contact suppliers in India of caffeine alkaloid was forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, for appropriate circulation.

Carpets and Floor Coverings.—Names and addresses of Indian firms handling carpets and floor coverings were passed on to a Brisbane firm.

Cashew Nuts.—A firm in Melbourne was furnished with a list of exporters in India of cashew nuts.

Cast Iron Pipes.—An enquiry from a Sydney firm to contact suppliers in India of cast iron pipes was forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, for necessary attention.

Coir Goods.—Names and addresses of selected firms in India handling coir mats and mattings were forwarded to a Brisbane firm.

Cotton Textiles.—Several oral enquiries for locating suppliers of cotton textiles in India were received and necessary information was furnished.

Cotton Yarn.—A Sydney firm was furnished with a list of exporters and manufacturers of cotton yarn in India.

Fishing Rods.—An enquiry from a firm in Newcastle to contact suppliers in India of fishing rods was forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, for appropriate circulation.

Gut Fishing Lines.—Names and addresses of suppliers in India handling gut fishing lines were passed on to a Sydney enquirer.

Jute Goods.—Names and addresses of Indian firms handling jute goods were passed on to a Brisbane firm. A Sydney firm was furnished with a list of suppliers in India of jute webbings and hessians.

Lace Goods.—Names of firms in India handling exports of embroidery and lace manufactures were forwarded to a firm in Hobart.

Precious Stones.—A Sydney firm was furnished with a list of suppliers in India of precious and semi-precious stones.

Ribbon Medals.—An enquiry from a Melbourne firm to contact suppliers in India of ribbon medals was forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, for appropriate circulation.

Shellac.—Names of Indian exporters were passed on to a firm in Brisbane.

Shoes.—A firm in Murwillumbah, New South Wales, was supplied with a list of exporters and manufacturers of shoes in India.

Silk Strings.—An enquiry from a Sydney manufacturing firm to locate supplies of silk strings for tennis rackets was forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, for necessary attention.

Walnuts.—Names and addresses of suppliers in India were passed on to two firms in Sydney.

II.—FROM INDIA.

Ampoules and Glass Apparatus.—Names and addresses of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand were passed on to two firms in Calcutta.

Artware.—Names and addresses of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand of artware, fancy goods, ivory goods and novelty goods were forwarded to several firms in Bombay, Delhi, Karachi and Sialkot City.

Bamboo Poles, etc.—A firm in Calcutta and another in Tuticorin were given names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand of bamboo poles, fishing rods and canes.

Bedspreads.—Names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand were given to a firm in Ahmedabad. Similar information in regard to bedspreads, curtains and tablecloths was passed on to a Cawnpore firm.

Beeswax.—Names of likely importers of beeswax and gums were forwarded to several firms in Bombay, Cawnpore, Delhi, Amritsar and Katni.

Brassware.—A firm in Moradabad was furnished with names of likely importers of brassware and E.P.N.S. goods in Australia and New Zealand. Several firms in Sialkot City were furnished with names and addresses of firms in Australia and New Zealand handling imports of E.P.N.S. goods.

Bristles.—Firms in Bombay, Cawnpore and Tuticorin were given lists of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand.

Buttons.—Names of likely importers were forwarded to a firm in Amritsar and another in Tuticorin.

Carpets and Floor Coverings.—Seven firms in Bombay, seven in Sialkot City, five in Calcutta, three in Cawnpore, two in Karachi and one each in Ahmedabad, Amritsar, Mirzapur and Perambur (Madras) were furnished with names and addresses of firms in Australia and New Zealand handling imports of carpets and floor coverings.

Coffee and Tea.—Firms in Calcutta, Madras and Mangalore were given names of likely importers of coffee. Two firms in Calcutta and another in Delhi were furnished with lists of likely importers of tea in Australia.

Coir Goods.—The names and addresses of Australian and New Zealand firms handling coir mats and mattings were passed on to several firms in Alleppey, Bombay, Tuticorin and Sialkot City.

Condiments and Curry Powder.—Firms in Agra, Calcutta, Lahore, Perambur and Mangalore were given names and addresses of likely importers.

Cotton and Cotton Manufactures.—Several firms in Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Madras and Tuticorin were given lists of likely importers of raw cotton in Australia and New Zealand. Names of firms in Australia and New Zealand keenly interested in obtaining supplies of cotton textiles were passed on to firms in Ahmedabad, Amritsar, Bombay, Karachi and Ludhiana. Firms in Baroda and Bombay were also furnished with names of likely importers of cotton waste. Names and addresses of likely importers in New Zealand of raw cotton were also forwarded to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta.

Crude Drugs and Chemicals.—Firms in Amritsar, Bombay, Cawnpore and Tuticorin were supplied with names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand. Names of likely importers of chemicals were passed on to firms in Bombay and Calcutta. A Karachi firm was given a list of likely importers in Australia of shark liver oil.

Cutlery.—Several firms in Sialkot City, two in Wazirabad and one in Perambur (Madras) were given names and addresses of firms in Australia and New Zealand handling imports of cutlery, hardware and tools, E.P.N.S. tea-sets and pocket knives, etc.

Dried Fruits and Edible Nuts.—Names and addresses of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand were furnished to firms in Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Tuticorin and Sialkot City. Three firms in Calcutta were given names of likely importers in Australia of groundnuts. Other firms in Calcutta were given names of likely importers of cashew nuts and walnuts. Similar information was passed on to a firm in Amritsar.

Electrical Equipment.—Names and addresses of dealers in Australia were passed on to an enquiring firm in Bombay.

Embroidery and Lace Goods.—Three firms in Madras were supplied with names of likely importers of embroidery and lace manufactures in Australia.

Hair.—Names of likely importers of hair were passed on to a Tuticorin firm.

Hides and Skins.—Names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand were forwarded to a firm each in Bilaspur, Bombay, Cawnpore, Jaipur, Madras, Tuticorin and Sialkot City.

Indian Goods in General.—Fifteen firms in Bombay, eight in Calcutta, five in Delhi, three in Karachi, and one each in Amritsar, Cawnpore, Lahore, Mussoorie, New Delhi, Patna, and Trivandrum were supplied with names and addresses of firms in Australia and New Zealand interested in trade with India in general.

Jute and Jute Manufactures.—Ten firms in Calcutta and two in Bombay were given names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand.

Kapok.—Names of likely importers in Australia were given to a firm in Calcutta.

Leather Goods.—Firms in Bombay, Cawnpore, Karachi, Perambur (Madras) and Sialkot City were furnished with names of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand of leather manufactures.

Mica.—A firm in Bombay and another in Nellore were furnished with names and addresses of likely importers.

Mineral Ores.—Names and addresses of likely importers were forwarded to firms in Calcutta, Chaibasa, Cawnpore, Katni and Tuticorin.

Myrobalans.—A firm each in Calcutta, Chaibasa and Katni was furnished with names and addresses of likely importers of myrobalans in Australia.

Oils and Oilseeds.—Six firms in Calcutta, five in Bombay, two in Delhi, one each in Hubli, Kutbiguda (Hyderabad, Dn.) and Tuticorin were furnished with names and addresses of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand of oils and oilseeds. One firm in Bombay and three in Calcutta were given names of likely importers of vegetable oils in Australia and New Zealand. Names of likely importers in Australia of essential oils were passed on to three firms—two in Bombay and another at Calcutta. Firms in Bombay and Calcutta were also furnished with names and addresses of linseed importers in Australia.

Potassium Nitrate.—A firm in Calcutta and another in Hissar were given necessary names of likely importers.

Precious Stones and Jewellery.—Names and addresses of likely importers were passed on to firms in Bombay, Delhi, Sialkot City, and Tuticorin.

Ropes and Twine.—Names and addresses of dealers in Australia were forwarded to two firms in Calcutta.

Silk and Art Silk.—Names and addresses of likely importers were passed on to firms in Bombay, Benares, Calcutta and Ludhiana.

Spices.—Seven firms in Bombay, five at Calcutta, one each in Cawnpore, Madras, Mangalore and Tuticorin were given names and addresses of likely importers of spices in Australia and New Zealand.

Sporting Requisites.—Names and addresses of likely importers in Australia and New Zealand were forwarded to thirteen firms in Sialkot City and two in Amritsar.

Shellac.—Two firms in Calcutta, one in Bombay and another in Tuticorin were given names and addresses of likely importers of shellac in Australia.

Surgical Instruments.—Names of likely importers were forwarded to three firms in Sialkot City.

Talc.—Names of likely importers in Australia were passed on to a firm in Cawnpore.

Tobacco.—Names of likely importers in Australia were forwarded to a firm in Bombay and another at Rangpur. Another firm in Worliur (Madras) was given a list of importers of cigars and tobacco.

Turkey Red Oil.—Names and addresses of likely importers were forwarded, on request, to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta.

Woollen Blankets.—Names and addresses of likely importers were forwarded, on request, to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta. A Karachi firm was given a list of likely importers of carpet wool in Australia.

Wool Batching Oil.—Names and addresses of manufacturing concerns in Australia likely to be interested in wool batching oil was forwarded to an enquirer in Bombay through the High Commissioner for India, Canberra.

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"PUBLICITY SYNDICATE."

GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUE'S AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

DISTRIBUTION OF IRON AND STEEL: PROCEDURE FOR QUOTA-HOLDERS—

The following Press Note, dated the 13th December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In view of the fact that all the tonnage of steel available in 1947 will be distributed according to the scheme of allotment announced previously, all unexecuted orders and balance of orders existing on the books of steel producers and controlled stock-holders as on December 31, 1946, must either be covered by quota certificates or be cancelled.

Holders of quota certificates for Period I, 1947, who wish that existing unexecuted orders or balances on the books of steel producers or controlled stock-holders should be completed, should immediately issue sub-quota certificates for the tonnage outstanding and forward these to the Iron and Steel Controller in respect of producers or direct to the controlled stockholders concerned. Other holders of quota certificates who wish to utilise their quota for placing fresh indents must place their orders, at the latest by the 21st December 1946. While orders of a sufficient size to be placed on producers should be forwarded to the Iron and Steel Controller, orders on controlled stock-holders should be sent direct to the controlled stock-holders. Persons utilising their quota certificates for the purpose of placing fresh orders should note that all their unexecuted orders or outstanding balances, if any, will be cancelled on December 31, 1946.

As already announced, the total tonnage of steel available for delivery in 1947 amounts to 1,050,000 tons. The distribution of this tonnage is being arranged as follows: Railways—300,000 tons; Industrial maintenance and packing—150,000 tons; Steel Processing Industries—210,000 tons; Government Development Schemes—80,000 tons; Industrial Development—50,000 tons; Exports—10,000 tons; Provincial and State allotments—250,000 tons; Total—1,050,000 tons.

All this steel will be made available by the issue of quota certificates or permits for periods 1, 2, 3 and 4 of 1947. Apart from this tonnage there is no other steel available for distribution during 1947.

MAXIMUM PRICES OF COPRA AND COCONUT OIL—

The following Press Note, dated the 14th December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

The Government of India have, with effect from December 15, 1946, fixed the maximum prices of copra and coconut oil per ton at the following places as given below:—

	Cochin.	Madras.	Bombay.	Calcutta.	Karachi.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Copra	884	936	934	978	948
Coconut oil (without containers).	1,390	1,456	1,402	1,483	1,475

Whilst fixing these prices, the Government of India have also agreed that the floor prices for copra and coconut oil should be Rs. 800 and Rs. 1,230 per ton respectively in the producing areas. To these prices railway freight from the nearest port may be added for inland places at which copra or coconut oil is sold.

NO CONTROL ON BLEACHING POWDER AND CHLORINE—

The following Press Note, dated the 9th December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

The Bleaching Powder and Chlorine Control Order, 1945, lapsed on the 30th September 1946. No permit for the purchase of Bleaching Powder or Chlorine is therefore necessary now.

NO CHANGE IN COFFEE PRICES IN 1947—

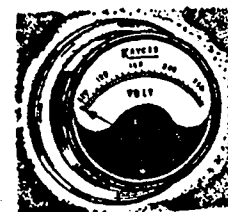
The following Press Note, dated the 10th December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

The Government of India have decided to continue the existing wholesale and retail prices of both raw and ground coffee during 1947.

ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ACT, 1946: EXERCISE OF POWERS RELATING TO PAPER—

The following Notification [No. 302-PA(73)/46, dated the 7th December 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the power to make orders in respect of paper under section 3 of the said Act shall, in relation to matters falling under clauses (d), (e), (f), (h), (i) and (j) of sub-section (2) of the said section 3, be exercisable also by any Provincial Government and by the Chief Commissioners, Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara, Baluchistan and Coorg.



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COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 85-TA/46, dated the 7th December 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (No. XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945*, namely:—

In sub-clause (a) of clause 3 of the said Order, the words and figures "and containing not less than 10 per cent of cotton by weight" shall be omitted.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (TRANSMISSION BY POST) PROHIBITION ORDER, 1946: EXEMPTION RELATING TO CERTAIN INLAND POSTAL ARTICLES CONTAINING CLOTH—

The following Notification [No. 103/I-TA/46, dated the 7th December 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause 7 of the Cotton Cloth & Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1946, I hereby exempt from the provisions of clause 3 of the said Order all inland postal articles containing cloth which are delivered for transmission by post to any place in East Bengal, Bihar or any area declared by the Provincial Government as a disturbed area in the United Provinces provided that any such article when so delivered for transmission by post shall bear on its outer covering a declaration by the sender thereof that the cloth is intended for the relief of the victim or victims of the disturbances.

DHARMA VIRA, Textile Commr.

DIRECTIONS TO QUOTA-HOLDERS FOR SUBMISSION OF RETURNS REGARDING STOCKS OF FENTS—

The following Press Note, dated the 7th December 1946, has been issued by the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India, Bombay:—

It has come to the notice of the Textile Commissioner that quota-holders in the City and Suburbs of Bombay, who submit stock returns to his office, enter only fents of superfine category under class XIV of the return. This is wrong. Stocks of all fents that are held by the quota-holders should be shown under class XIV irrespective of whether the fents are of coarse, medium, fine or superfine category. Fents under no circumstances should be shown under any other class.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 2nd August 1946, pages 178-81.

WARNING TO QUOTA-HOLDERS OF CLOTH IN BOMBAY AGAINST SUBMISSION OF INACCURATE OR INCOMPLETE QUOTA RETURNS—

The following Press Note, dated the 11th December 1946, has been issued by the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India, Bombay:—

It has been found that, despite instructions and numerous warnings, quota-holders of cloth from mills in the City and Suburbs of Bombay continue to submit incomplete or inaccurate returns of their stocks to the Textile Commissioner's Office. The Textile Commissioner to the Government of India wishes to warn finally all quota-holders that hereafter he will be compelled to suspend or cancel the quota of any quota-holder who submits quota returns which are either inaccurate or incomplete.

AUTOMOBILE LAMP BULBS: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES FIXED—

The following Press Note, dated the 7th December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Transport Department:—

The Government of India have fixed the maximum retail sale prices of (i) "E.A.P."; (ii) "Royal"; (iii) "Lion"; (iv) "Dura" and (v) "Tungsol" automobile lamp bulbs (made in U. S. A.). These prices will take effect from December 9, 1946.

The privilege of selling these articles at the corresponding price of a General Motors or Ford or Chrysler or Studebaker or Federal or Reo product interchangeable with them is cancelled and no one will be permitted to sell these articles after December 9, 1946, at prices exceeding the approved notified prices as specified in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* of November 25, 1946.

The price lists are obtainable, on payment, from the Manager, Central Publications Branch, Civil Lines, Delhi.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944 MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF "GATES" FAN BELTS AND RADIATOR HOSE PIPES: AMENDMENTS—

Certain amendments to the Notification of the Government of India in the late War Transport Department, No. 52-LPC(8)/45, Gates, dated the 8th June 1945 (see the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 28th June 1945, page 376), have been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 3rd December 1946, under Notification No. 52-LPC(8)/45, dated the 28th November 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

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MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944 : MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE ACCESSORIES MANUFACTURED IN THE U. S. A. : AMENDMENT—

A further amendment to the Notification of the Government of India in the late War Transport Department, No. 52-LPC(74)/45, dated the 9th November 1945 (see the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 29th November 1945, page 386), has been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 3rd December 1946, under Notification No. 52-LPC(74)/45, dated the 28th November 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944 : MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN 'HILLMAN' CAR SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. ROOTES LTD., LONDON, U. K.—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain 'Hillman' car spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Rootes Ltd., London, U. K., as detailed in the schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 2nd December 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(163)/46, dated the 13th November 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944 : MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF "FORDSON THAMES TIPPER" VEHICLE SPARE PARTS—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of "Fordson Thames Tipper" vehicle spare parts as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 2nd December 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(188)/46, dated the 14th November 1946, of the Government of India in the Transport Department.

RAILWAY EARNINGS—

Approximate Earnings of Period.—The total approximate gross earnings of the Budget lines for the period (10 days) ending 20th October 1946 (20th period), amounted to Rs. 5,37 lakhs. This is :—

(a) Rs. 19 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 67 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

Cumulative Earnings from the Beginning of the Financial Year.—The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 20th October 1946 amount to Rs. 112.43 crores. This is :—

(a) Rs. 13.02 crores less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 15.89 crores more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

The following are the up-to-date approximate gross earnings of Budget lines from 1st April 1946 as compared with the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44 and 1945-46 :—

Railways.	Up to 20th Oct. 1945.	Up to 20th Oct. 1946.	Up to 20th Oct. 1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year as compared with previous year.
	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)
B. A.	8.87	17.30	9.90	-7.34
B. N.	9.18	11.15	10.14	-1.01
B., B. & C. I.	10.41	11.39	12.54	+1.15
E. I.	17.88	24.89	18.95	-5.94
G. I. P.	16.19	18.47	18.01	-46
M. & S. M.	7.45	10.36	10.32	-4
N. W.	17.16	19.70	20.80	+1.10
Oudh Tirhut	3.43	4.43	4.04	-39
S. I.	5.51	7.19	7.14	-5
Other Railways	46	57	53	-4
TOTAL	96.54	1,25.45	1,12.43	-13.02

WAGON LOADINGS—

Comparison of Figures of Wagon Loadings on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded during the period (10 days) ending 20th October :—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	119,259	125,107	Per cent. +4.90
Metre gauge	64,687	59,800	-7.55

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WAGON LOADINGS—contd.

(b) Total number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded from 1st April to 20th October :—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	2,579,870	2,472,140	Per cent. -4.18
Metre gauge	1,539,431	1,244,076	-19.2

(c) Details of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded on broad and metre gauges and the total loading on both gauges from 1st April to 20th October :—

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
I.—Broad Gauge.			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	541,383	546,138	+0.88
(ii) Grains and pulses	185,793	185,006	-0.42
(iii) Oil seeds	48,140	36,947	-23.3
(iv) Cotton	31,088	33,366	+7.32
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	245,417	235,768	-3.93
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,544,409	1,235,887	-19.97
(vii) Home line stores and materials	180,855	199,028	+10.2
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., E. I., & G. I. P. Railways.	95,872	109,541	+14.5
II.—Metre Gauge.			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	90,883	102,384	+12.7
(ii) Grains and pulses	147,550	166,276	+12.7
(iii) Oil seeds	50,225	35,334	-29.6
(iv) Cotton	23,712	31,138	+31.5
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	176,402	201,450	+14.2
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	929,361	802,760	-13.5
(vii) Home line stores and materials	110,298	102,734	-6.8
III.—Total (Broad and Metre Gauges).			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	632,251	648,522	+2.57
(ii) Grains and pulses	333,343	351,282	+5.39
(iii) Oil seeds	93,365	72,281	-22.6
(iv) Cotton	62,800	64,504	+2.71
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	421,810	437,218	+3.65
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	2,273,770	1,838,647	-19.1
(vii) Home line stores and materials	296,933	301,762	+1.62

* Included in item (vii).

TONNAGE LIFTED ON CLASS I RAILWAYS—

Comparisons of Figures of 'Tonnage Lifted' on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of Tons lifted during the period (10 days) ending 20th October :—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	1,769,620	1,808,174	Per cent. +2.18
Metre gauge	477,130	410,144	-13.8

(b) Number of Tons lifted from 1st April to 20th October :—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	39,412,911	37,359,859	-5.2
Metre gauge	11,092,921	8,552,308	-22.9

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS

BRITISH INDIA.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL : OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. VII :
AMENDMENT.

The following Notification [No. 29-I.T.C./46, dated the 4th December 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In pursuance of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in Open General Licence No. VII, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 1-I.T.C./46, dated the 22nd

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B. 3076 W. 22-6-47.

January 1946*, as subsequently amended and that the amendment be published for general information :—

In the Table annexed to the said Open General Licence—

For the entry—

"Copper wrought including the following, viz.,
Tape, Foil and highly polished sheet specially
prepared for making process blocks, litho-
graphic sheets and following manufactures,
viz., Copper perforated sheets I 41"

The following entry shall be substituted, namely :—

"Copper, wrought—only the following, namely :
Tape, Foil and highly polished sheet specially
prepared for making process blocks, litho-
graphic sheets and the following manufac-
tures, viz., copper perforated sheets I 41"

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: OPEN GENERAL LICENCE No. VII: AMENDMENT.

The following Notification [No. 27-I.T.C./46, dated the 7th December 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In pursuance of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Open General Licence No. VII, published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 1-I.T.C./46, dated the 22nd January 1946*, as subsequently amended, and that these amendments be published for general information :—

(1) The following entries shall be deleted, namely :—

Description	Part	Serial No. of I. T. C. Schedule.
Proprietary and Patent medicines containing spirit	IV	86
Proprietary and patent medicines	IV	107
(2) For the entry— "Drugs and medicines, excluding proprietary and patent medicines, containing spirit."	IV	87"

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 199-207.

The following entry shall be substituted, namely :—

Description	Part	Serial No. of I. T. C. Schedule.
"Drugs and medicines containing spirit, except the following items, or any preparation thereof if it contains any of the items specified to the extent of (a) 80 per cent. of the weight if the constituents are normally measured by weight and (b) 80 per cent. of the volume if the constituents are normally measured by volume, namely :— Aether Anaestheticus Amylum, B. P. (Starch). Caffeine and its salts including caffeine alkoyd and caffeine citrate. Calcium Gluconate Calcipiasma Kaolin B. P. Chloroform Ephedrine and its salts Extract Pituitary Lactose (Sugar of milk) Liquor Adrenaline hydrochloride or tartrate (Injection and other preparations). Magnesium sulphate Malt Extract Oleum Vitaminatum B. P. Para Carbamide Phenyl arsenic acid Potassium Bromide Potassium permanganate Santonine Silver Nitrate Sodium Bromide Sodium Sulphate Strychnine and its salts	IV	87

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: IMPORT RESTRICTIONS: AMENDMENTS.

The following Notification [No. 28-I.T.C./46, dated the 7th December 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (3) of Rule 84 of the Defence of India Rules, as continued in force by the Emergency Provisions (Continuance) Ordinance, 1946 (XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. 23-I.T.C./43, dated the 1st July 1943* :—

In Part IV of the Schedule annexed to the above notification Serial Nos. 86 and 107 and the entries against them shall be deleted, and in the entry in column 2 against Serial No. 87 the words 'excluding proprietary and patent medicines' and the commas occurring before and after shall be deleted.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 25th July 1946, pages 178-98.

RESERVED

SEA CUSTOMS ACT, 1878: THE COLLECTOR OF CENTRAL EXCISE, CALCUTTA, APPOINTED TO BE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF SEA CUSTOMS IN RESPECT OF THE PORT OF CHITTAGONG AND ITS SUBORDINATE PORTS.

The following Notification (No. 19-Customs, dated the 30th November 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division) :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues), No. 803, dated the 29th March 1924, the Central Government is pleased to appoint, with effect from the 1st December 1946, the Collector of Central Excise, Calcutta, to be the Chief Executive Officer of Sea Customs in respect of the port of Chittagong and its subordinate ports, namely, Cox's Bazar, Barisal, Chandpur, Narainganj and Nilla.

SEA CUSTOMS ACT, 1878: TOBACCO IMPORTED BY SEA INTO BRITISH INDIA FROM THE KALAT STATE EXEMPTED FROM CUSTOMS DUTY.

The following Notification (No. 24-Customs, dated the 14th December 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division) :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to exempt from the customs duty leviable thereon, tobacco imported by sea into British India from the Kalat State.

INDIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF GUIDE (THIRD EDITION): CORRECTION LIST No. 24, SLIP No. 1.

The following Amendment Slip to the "Indian Customs Tariff Guide" (Third Edition) has been issued by the Central Board of Revenue under date of 4th November 1946 :—

Correction List No. 24, Slip No. 1.

Page 86.

For the second entry against item 27(8), insert the following entry :—

Lubricating oil imported in containers should be assessed on the basis of the invoiced gallonage irrespective of the capacity of the container, while imports in bulk should be assessed according to the condition of the oil at the time of importation, no allowance being made for temperature.

INDIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF GUIDE (THIRD EDITION): CORRECTION LIST No. 24, SLIP No. 3*.

The following Amendment Slip to the "Indian Customs Tariff Guide" (Third Edition) has been issued by the Central Board of Revenue under date of 20th November 1946 :—

Correction List No. 24, Slip No. 3.

Insert the following entries on page 43 :—

"Lights, life and life jacket	73	C. B. R. D. Dis. 995-Cus. 1/46 of..... Novem-ber, 1946."
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INDIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF GUIDE (THIRD EDITION): CORRECTION LIST No. 24, SLIP No. 4.

The following Amendment slip to the "Indian Customs Tariff Guide" (Third Edition) has been issued by the Central Board of Revenue under date of 6th December 1946 :—

Correction List No. 24, Slip No. 4.

For the existing entries relating to "coffin fittings tinplates and corner pieces" on page 19, substitute the following entries :—

"Coffin fittings—tinplates, corner pieces—and mountings"	71	C. B. R. D. Dis. 759-Cus. 1/36 of 8th October 1936 and C. B. R. D. Dis. 941-Cus. 1/46, of 20th November 1946."
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UNITED KINGDOM.

TRANSIT AND TRANSHIPMENT GOODS: UNDRESSED HIDES AND SKINS, ETC.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 31st August 1946 :—

The Import Licensing Department of the Board of Trade announce in Notice to Importers No. 193 that from August 27 transshipment licences will no longer be required for undressed hides and skins and dressed and undressed leather, including scrap and waste. This concession is subject to such conditions as to security for the re-exportation of the goods as the Commissioners of Customs and Excise may impose.

* Correction List No. 24, Slip No. 2, was published in the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 28th November 1946, page 423.

IMPORT OF REPTILE SKINS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 31st August 1946:—

The Leather Control announce that the terms under which Open Import Licences are being granted to suppliers for the importation of reptile skins must ensure their use, after dressing, for the following purposes only:

1. The manufacture of footwear.
2. For export of finished reptile leather.
3. For export of finished goods involving the use of reptile, leather.

An exception has, however, been made for crocodile skins and the Leather Control have agreed to waive the above restrictions in so far as crocodiles are concerned, and skins unsuitable for use under 1, 2 or 3 can be made available for manufacture of leather goods for home consumption.

DAMAR AND GUM DAMAR.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 7th September 1946:—

The Board of Trade have issued an Order* which removes, from September 1, damar and gum damar from the provisions of the Control of Natural Resins (No. 1) Order 1942 (S.R. & O. 1942 No. 1253).

* The Control of Natural Resins (No. 2) Order 1946 (S.R. & O. 1946 No. 1451), obtainable, price 1d., through any bookseller or newsagent or direct from H.M. Stationery Office, Kingsway, London, W.C.2 and branches.

AUSTRALIA.

RELAXATIONS ON IMPORTS FROM STERLING AREAS.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 7th September 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received information that further relaxations have been made to the Australian Customs (Import Licensing) Regulations (see also *Board of Trade Journal*, July 6, 1946, page 875).

The amendments are as follows (only items of interest to India are shown below):—

Goods exempt from Licensing Restrictions.

Tariff Item	
96a	Spices, ground, n.e.i.
136 (c) (2)	Iron and steel—wire rod in coils.
340 (A) (1)	Stationery manufactured principally from paper or board, not including goods enumerated in items 338a and 340 (A) (2).
Ex. 341	Writing ink and ink powders.
343	Printing and stencilling inks, n.e.i.

Goods subject to Administrative Control.

20	Tobacco, cut, n.e.i.
21	Tobacco, manufactured, n.e.i.
22	Cigarettes.
24	Cigars.
25	Snuff.
Ex. 43 (A)	Coffee.
44(c) (2)	Cocoa butter, n.e.i., and cocoa butter substitute.
108 (B)	Feathers, dressed, including feathers made up into trimmings; also natural birds and wings.
109	Artificial flowers, fruits, plants, leaves and grains of all kinds and materials.

117 (a)	Blankets, n.e.i. (except rubber or wholly of cotton); blanketing (except wholly of cotton); lap-dusters; rugging, rugs, n.e.i. including buggy rugs or aprons but not including fur or other skin rugs.
240a	Tiles, viz.—Flooring and wall, including glazed, ceramic, mosaic and enamelled.
323 (A)	Hides and skins, viz.:—Sheep skins, raw; goat skins, raw or pickled.
324 (c) (1)	Leather:—Patent and enamelled.
324 (c) (2)	Glazed or mat kid or substitutes therefor.
324 (c) (3)	Calf, other than patent or enamelled, sheep and lamb (except chamois).
328	Goloshes, rubber sand boots and shoes and plimsolls.
330	Boots, rubber, viz.:—Gum and wading boots.
Ex. 332 (F) (1)	Rubber hose up to and including one inch internal diameter.
333 (A) (1)	Pneumatic rubber tyres and tubes therefor.
333 (B)	Rubber tyres other than pneumatic.
Goods admissible under licence on 50 per cent quota.	
1113 (a)	Gloves, n.e.i. including mittens.

CANADA.

PROHIBITED IMPORTS.

The India Government Trade Commissioner, Toronto, has informed that the notice published in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 4th July 1946 (page 28), on the above subject, has been superseded by the following, which is published for general information:—

The Canadian Minister of National Revenue has authorized the issuance of General Permit No. G-2411 for the importation of ginger and spices, ground or unground, n.o.p., but not to include nutmegs, mace, pepper and imitation pepper consisting in part of black or white pepper.

BUDGET, 1946-47: CUSTOMS TARIFF CHANGES.

With reference to the notice published in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 21st November 1946 (pages 370 and 371), the India Government Trade Commissioner, Toronto, has informed that the Canadian Budget Resolutions, mentioned in the above notice, in so far as they affect the Canadian Customs Tariff have been superseded by Act No. 10 (George VI) of 1946, assented to on the 31st August 1946, which further amends Schedule A to the Customs Tariff by striking out therefrom tariff items 4, 72(e), 143, 168, 197d, 208, 216a, 219e, 272b, 326e, 438b, 438c, 438d, 438i, 442, 445j, 462a, 616(iii), 653, 700a, 703 and 709, the several enumerations of goods respectively and the several rates of duties of customs, if any, set opposite each of the said items, and by inserting in the said Schedule the items, enumerations and rates of duty which are specified in the Schedule to this Act.

Schedule A to the Customs Tariff is further amended by deleting from the Customs Tariff Amendment Act, 1939, as subsequently amended, the following enumerations of goods and rates of additional duties of customs:—

"Tea, when the value for duty thereof under the provisions of the Customs Act:—	
(a) is less than 22½ cents per pound;	5 cents per pound;
(b) is 22½ cents or more but less than 30 cents per pound;	7½ cents per pound;
(c) is 30 cents or more per pound	10 cents per pound;
All goods specified in Customs Tariff item 25a.	10 cents per pound;
All goods specified in Customs Tariff item 26, except coffee, roasted or ground.	10 cents per pound;
Coffee, green, and coffee, roasted or ground.	10 cents per pound."

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This Act shall be deemed to have come into force on the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and forty-six, and to have applied to all goods mentioned in the last preceding section and in the Schedule hereto, imported or taken out of warehouse for consumption on and after that date, and to have applied to goods previously imported for which no entry for consumption was made before that date.

SCHEDULE.

(Only tariff items of interest to India are shown below.)

Tariff Item.	Description of Goods.	British Preferential Tariff.	Inter-mediate Tariff.	General Tariff.
143	Cigars, the weight of the bands and ribbons to be included in the weight for duty per pound.	\$3-50	\$3-50	\$3-50
	and	25 p.c.	25 p.c.	25 p.c.
272b	Paraffin wax, n.o.p.	15 p.c.	22½ p.c.	25 p.c.
272c	Paraffin wax when imported for use exclusively in the manufacture of candles.	10 p.c.	12½ p.c.	25 p.c.
569d	Woven fabrics, not exceeding two inches in width, made with unserrated selvages, generally known as single, double or four shot corded ribbon, imported by the manufacturers of men's hats for use exclusively in their own factories in making the bands for, or in binding the edges of, men's hats only.	Free	Free	Free
616	(iii) Latex, being crude rubber in liquid form, not compounded beyond the addition of preservatives.	Free	Free	Free
653	Brushes of all kinds, n.o.p.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	40 p.c.
703	(a) Travellers' baggage, under regulations prescribed by the Minister.	Free	Free	Free
	(b) Goods valued at not more than one hundred dollars included in the baggage accompanying residents of Canada returning from abroad after an absence from Canada of not less than forty-eight hours and acquired by them for personal or household use or as souvenirs or gifts, but not bought on commission or as an accommodation for other persons or for sale, under regulations prescribed by the Minister.	Free	Free	Free
	Provided that a resident of Canada shall not be entitled to the exemption herein granted within a period of four months from the date of the last exemption allowed, nor shall the exemption be allowed on alcoholic beverages in excess of one quart, or on tobacco in excess of fifty cigars, two hundred cigarettes and two pounds of manufactured tobacco.			
	Provided further that goods entitled to entry under this item shall be exempt from all imports, notwithstanding the provisions of this Act, The Customs Tariff Amendment Act 1939, or any other Act.			

COLONY OF SINGAPORE.

CUSTOMS DUTIES MODIFICATIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 7th September 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received copies of the Liquors Revenue (Duties) Order, 1946, and the Tobacco (Duties) Order, 1946, which

provide for the following rates of duty as from May 27, 1946, on the items mentioned below:—

Items.		Rate of Duty.
		\$ c.
I Liquors:—		
(a) Rectified Spirit	per proof gallon	42 00
(b) Brandy and any other intoxicating liquor not hereinafter provided for.	" " "	42 00
(c) Brandy in bottle and accepted by the Comptroller as not exceeding 81 per cent. of proof spirit.	per gallon	35 00
(d) Whisky, Rum and Gin	per proof gallon	42 00
(e) Whisky, Rum and Gin in bottle and accepted by the Comptroller as not exceeding 81 per cent. of proof spirit.	per gallon	30 00
(f) Toddy-arack, Sakl Pineapple spirit and Samsu (including Medicated Samsu).	per proof gallon	17 50
(g) Bitters and Liqueurs not exceeding 100 per cent. of proof spirit	per gallon	42 00
(h) Sparkling wines not exceeding 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	" "	32 00
(i) Still wines exceeding 26 per cent. but not exceeding 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	" "	16 00
(j) Still wines not exceeding 26 per cent. of proof spirit.	" "	8 00
(k) Ale, Beer, Stout, Porter, Cider and Perry	" "	2 80

* Provided that if any brandy specified in item (b) or any liquor specified in items (c), (d), (e), (f) or (k) is proved to the satisfaction of the Comptroller to have been produced in, and consigned from, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Dominions, India, Burma, the territories administered by His Majesty's Governments in the Dominions by Mandate or otherwise the British Colonies, the British Protectorates and Protected States, and the Mandated Territories of Tanganyika, the Cameroons under British Mandate and Togoland under British Mandate, the following duty shall be levied thereon:—

Items.		Rate of Duty.
		\$ c.
(i) Brandy	per proof gallon	35 00
(ii) Brandy in bottle accepted by the Comptroller as not exceeding 81 per cent. of proof spirit.	per gallon	30 00
(iii) Sparkling wines not exceeding 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	" "	24 00
(iv) Still wines exceeding 26 per cent. but not exceeding 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	" "	12 00
(v) Still wines not exceeding 26 per cent. of proof spirit.	" "	6 00
(vi) Ale, Beer, Stout, Porter, Cider, and Perry	" "	2 40

The duty payable upon intoxicating liquors distilled or fermented in any place licenced under the Liquors Revenue Ordinance for the distillation or preparation of intoxicating liquors shall be:—

(a) Samsu (including Medicated Samsu)	per proof gallon	15 00
(b) Ale, beer, Stout, Porter, Cider and Perry	per gallon	2 40
(c) Other intoxicating liquors	per proof gallon	35 00
II Tobacco:—		
(a) Cigars and snuff	per pound	7 00
(b) Cigarettes	" "	3 50
(c) Unmanufactured tobacco	" "	2 70
(d) (i) Manufactured tobacco (excluding cigars, cigarettes and snuff) imported in containers of any kind for retail sale to the public.	" "	3 50

CUSTOMS DUTIES MODIFICATIONS—*contd.*

Items.		Rate of Duty.
(ii) Manufactured tobacco (excluding cigars, cigarettes and snuff) not otherwise provided for.	per pound	\$ c. 3 00

Provided that if such cigars, snuff, cigarettes and tobacco are proved to the satisfaction of the Comptroller to have been grown, produced or manufactured in, and consigned from any part of the British Empire, the following duty shall be levied thereon:—

Items.		Rate of Duty.
(i) Cigars and snuff	per pound	\$ c. 0 00
(ii) Cigarettes	" "	3 00
(iii) Unmanufactured tobacco	" "	2 50
(iv) Manufactured tobacco (excluding cigars, cigarettes and snuff) imported in containers of any kind for retail sale to the public.	" "	3 30

Provided further that the preferential rates herein specified will not be applicable unless 25 per cent of the value of such cigarettes or such manufactured tobacco is the result of labour within the British Empire.

For the purposes of this notification the term "British Empire" shall mean the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Dominions, India, Burma, the territories administered by His Majesty's Governments in the Dominions under Mandate or otherwise, the British Colonies, the British Protectorates and Protected States, and the Mandated Territories of Tanganyika, the Cameroons under British Mandate and Togoland under British Mandate.

COLOMBIA.

IMPORTATION OF MERCHANDISE BY AIR.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 31st August 1946:—

The Commercial Secretary to H. M. Embassy at Bogota reports that by a Resolution (No. 2097), dated July 17 and effective on September 1, all merchandise imported into Colombia by air the value of which exceeds fifty pesos (ps.50-00) requires an import licence and Consular invoice.

DENMARK.

IMPORT LICENSING ARRANGEMENTS.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 7th September 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of the Danish Government's circular No. 283 of June 29 to importers which describes

the basis on which Danish import licences will be issued for goods of sterling area origin during the latter half of 1946.

Because of the acute world shortage of feeding stuffs, Denmark's production of agricultural produce is much below normal and consequently her present earnings of sterling exchange are far from sufficient to meet her requirements of sterling for essential imports. The Danish Government found it necessary, therefore, to review their policy with regard to the issue of import licences for goods of a less essential nature in order to make the most economical use of the sterling available to them. The Danish Government are making provision for the issue of licences for the import of goods from the sterling area to the extent of approximately two-thirds of the average for the first six months of 1946, during which period import licences were issued on a fairly liberal basis against firm trade offers. There will, in fact, be a moratorium on the issue of licences for certain categories of goods, of which details are given below (*only items of interest to India are shown below*):—

Fruit conserves (chutney).
Pipe tobacco and cigarettes.
Leather gloves.
Fur and made up furs.
Precious and semi-precious stones.
Fancy goods.
Marmalade, jam and honey.
Carpets.
Floor mats.
Dolls and toys.

This list is not complete and exporters are advised to ascertain from their Danish agents if the goods in which they are interested are affected by the new arrangements.

The circular issued by the Danish authorities stipulates that, in future, applications for import licences will need to be supported by confirmation of order issued by the British exporter and signed by a responsible member of the firm. This confirmation must cover a definite consignment and must state the period within which delivery will take place.

The prolongation of licences already issued will, in general, be granted provided it can be proved that delivery of the goods is shortly to take place. Further prolongations will possibly be granted for essential goods where it can be proved that it is customary or necessary for the period of delivery to be extended.

The Board are watching the position with a view to seeing that as far as possible exporters' long-term interests in the Danish market are not endangered under the above arrangements. Agents of the United Kingdom in Denmark should keep in touch with the Commercial Department of the British Legation in Copenhagen. Enquiries in connection with this notice should be addressed to the Board of Trade, Export Promotion Department, 35, Old Queen Street, S.W.1.

GAMBIA.

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 7th September 1946:—
The Board of Trade have received a copy of the Customs Tariff (Amendment of First Schedule) Order, 1946, dated June 29, 1946, which provides for the following modifications to the Gambia Customs Tariff:—

Item No.	Goods.	Unit.	New Duties.		Former Duties.	
			British Preferential Tariff	General Tariff.	British Preferential Tariff.	General Tariff.
27	Cotton goods:— (1) Piece goods (a) Bleached, plain weave and grey. (b) Bleached, fancy weave. (c) Coloured. (d) Dyed. (e) Printed.	per sq. yd. " " " " " " " "	£ s. d. 0 0 0½ 0 0 4½ or 15% ad valorem, whichever is the higher	£ s. d. 0 0 1 0 0 5 or 20% ad valorem, whichever is the higher	£ s. d. 0 0 3½ 0 0 6 or 15% ad valorem, whichever is the higher	£ s. d. 0 0 4 0 0 6½ or 20% ad valorem, whichever is the higher

IRAQ.

IMPORT LICENCES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 7th September 1946:—

Further to the notices which appeared in the *Board of Trade Journal*, of February 9, May 4 and June 15, 1946, respectively, His Majesty's Commercial Secretary in Iraq has now advised the Board of Trade that import licences are not required to cover imports into Iraq from the United Kingdom, India, Australia, South Africa, New Zealand and Ceylon of newsprint, and of hides and leather manufactures.

NIGERIA.

REVISED CUSTOMS TARIFF.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 10th August 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received notification that the following revised Nigerian Customs Tariff is now in force (*only extracts of interest to India are published below*):—

First Schedule.

PART I.		Section 10
Import Duties of Customs:		£ s. d.
4. Apparel:		
(1) Shirts	each	0 0 9 or ad valorem 10½ per centum, whichever is the higher.
(2) Boots and Shoes made principally of rubber and canvas or of either	the pair	0 0 9 or ad valorem 10½ per centum, whichever is the higher.
(3) Singlets, Chemises, Under-vests and similar garments	each	0 0 3 or ad valorem 10½ per centum, whichever is the higher.
(4) Pullovers, Cardigans, Jerseys and similar garments	each	0 0 6 or ad valorem 10½ per centum, whichever is the higher.

PART I—*contd.*

Section 10

		£ s. d.
(5) Socks and Stockings	the pair or ad valorem 10½ per centum, whichever is the higher.	0 0 3
6. Beads	the pound gross	0 0 4½
10. Cement	the hundred pounds	0 1 0
11. Cinematograph Films not in this Part of this Schedule particularly charged with some different rate of duty and not particularly exempted in Part III of this Schedule, containing pictures for exhibition, whether developed or not	the hundred feet	0 0 10
14. Cotton Cordage and Cotton Yarns	the pound	0 0 3
15. Cotton Piece Goods:		
(1) Interlock Fabric:		
(a) Unbleached	the pound	0 0 6
(b) Bleached	the pound	0 0 6
(c) Dyed	the pound	0 0 8½
(2) Other:		
(a) Bleached	the square yard	0 0 1½
(b) Dyed	the square yard	0 0 2½
(c) Coloured	the square yard	0 0 2½
(d) Grey	the square yard	0 0 1½
(e) Printed	the square yard	0 0 2½
(f) Velvets and velveteens, plushes and pile fabrics	the square yard	0 0 6
(g) Fents	the pound	0 0 9
20. Oils, Motor Spirit and Similar Goods:		
(1) Fuel	the gallon	0 0 3
(2) Motor spirit and products ordinarily used as such; benzine, benzoline, naphtha (non-potable), gasoline, petrol and petroleum, all kinds of shale and coal tar spirits but not including kerosene and other refined burning oils	the gallon	0 0 8
(3) Illuminating, including kerosene and other refined burning oils	the gallon	0 0 10
(4) Lubricating	the gallon	0 0 8

PART I—contd.

(5) All other, including edible	the gallon	£ s. d.
	or <i>ad valorem</i> 16½ per centum, whichever is the higher.	0 1 0
21. Perfumery and Toilet Preparations and accessories, not including articles liable to duty as spirits, dentifrices and toilet soap, but otherwise including "beauty" preparations of all kinds, manicure sets and any article intended to form part of any such preparation or accessory	<i>ad valorem</i> 66½ per centum.	
22. Piece Goods of Silk, artificial silk or synthetic fibre:		
(1) Velvets, velveteens, plushes and pile fabrics	the square yard	0 0 6
	or <i>ad valorem</i> 16½ per centum, whichever is the higher.	
(2) Other	the square yard	0 0 3
	or <i>ad valorem</i> 16½ per centum, whichever is the higher.	
23. Provisions:		
(1) Butter, Cheese and edible fats of all kinds not in this Part of this Schedule particularly charged with some different rate of duty and not particularly exempted in Part III of this Schedule	the pound	0 0 3
	or <i>ad valorem</i> 16½ per centum, whichever is the higher.	
(2) Coffee, Cocoa and Chicory	the pound	0 0 6
(3) Confectionery of all kinds not in this part of this Schedule particularly charged with some different rate of duty and not particularly exempted in Part III of this Schedule	<i>ad valorem</i> 33½ per centum.	
(5) Fruit and Nuts:		
(a) Fresh fruit	the pound	0 0 3
	or <i>ad valorem</i> 16½ per centum, whichever is the higher.	
(b) Fruits in liquid, not liable to duty as spirits, and dried fruits, including currants, figs, prunes, raisins and candied and crystallized fruits	the pound	0 0 3
	or <i>ad valorem</i> 16½ per centum, whichever is the higher.	
(c) Nuts	the pound	0 0 2
	or <i>ad valorem</i> 16½ per centum, whichever is the higher.	
(7) Onions and Garlic	the pound	0 0 1½
(8) Potatoes (fresh)	the pound	0 0 0½
(9) Rice	the hundred pounds	0 3 4
(12) Tea	the pound	0 0 8
24. Soap of a kind not in this Part of this Schedule particularly charged with some different rate of duty and not particularly exempted in Part III of this Schedule but not including toilet soap:		
(1) solid and soft	the hundred pounds	0 4 0
(2) flake or powder, including scouring soap	the pound	0 0 2

PART I—concl.

26. Tobacco:		£ s. d.
(1) Unmanufactured	the pound	0 3 0
(2) Manufactured:		
(a) Cigars	the hundred	0 8 0
(b) Cigarettes:		
(i) not exceeding three pounds weight the thousand	the thousand	2 8 0
(ii) Exceeding three pounds weight the thousand	the pound	1 0 10
(3) other manufactured tobacco and snuff	the pound	0 12 0
29. Wood and manufactures there of:		
(1) Wooden logs, boards, planks, beams, scantlings, joists and similar articles other than box shooks	the cubic foot	0 1 0
(2) other kinds, including box shooks	<i>ad valorem</i> 16½ per centum.	
30. All articles not in this Part of this Schedule particularly charged with some different rate of duty and articles not particularly exempted in Part III of this Schedule	<i>ad valorem</i> 16½ per centum.	
31. On all goods whereon duty is chargeable according to the quantity thereof	An additional duty equal to one-fourth part of the duty otherwise chargeable.	

PART III.

Exemptions from Import Duties of Customs:

- Advertising matter having no commercial value otherwise than as such.
- Aircraft and parts thereof and flying equipment imported exclusively for use as such, but not including food, drink or tobacco in any form.
- All articles of clothing or equipment imported for the use of any boy scouts, girl guides or members of the boy's brigade (including their officers) in their capacity as such: Provided that this exemption shall apply only to boy scouts within the meaning of the Boy Scouts Association Ordinance and to girl guides or to members of the boy's brigade forming part of a body of girl guides or a body of the boy's brigade, respectively recognized by Government.
- All goods imported at the expense of any Native Treasury for use in any public hospital, dispensary or leper settlement, and all goods imported by medical missions for use in their hospitals, provided they are admitted by the Comptroller as necessary for the proper maintenance of the hospitals, dispensaries or settlements.
- All goods imported by the British Overseas Airways Corporation, Pan American Airways Africa Limited, Pan American Air Ferries Inc., and such other corporations maintaining air services as the Governor in Council may approve: Provided that—
 - the Comptroller is satisfied that such goods have been or will be a charge against the funds of the corporation importing them and that they are not for re-sale, and
 - this exemption shall continue in force as long as the Emergency Powers (Defence) Act, 1939, remains in force or to such earlier date as the Governor in Council may specify by notice in the Gazette.

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6. All goods imported by the Inspector-General of the Royal West African Frontier Force and his staff officers for their private use when on tours of inspection.

7. All goods imported for the furnishing of the Royal West African Frontier Force Mess or the Nigerian Police Mess.

8. (1) (a) All goods imported for the official use of a Consular Officer where the country such Consul represents grants a like privilege to British Consular Officers, and

(b) all goods imported by a Consular Officer for his personal use or for the use of his family where the country he represents grants a like privilege to British Consular Officers.

(2) For the purpose of paragraph (b) of this item "Consular Officer" means a Consular Officer of Carrière recognized as a Consular Officer of the country he represents and a national of that country, and the provisions of this item shall have and be deemed to have had effect from the date upon which any reciprocal agreement is entered into between His Majesty's Government and the foreign Government concerned.

9. All goods imported or taken out of bond for the service of any Government department or any Native Administration in Nigeria, and all goods imported or taken out of bond by or on behalf of the Lagos Town Council in connection with capital works construction.

10. (1) All goods imported into Nigeria consigned or addressed to members of the United States armed forces which are intended for their personal or official use and all personal effects which accompany such personnel on arrival in Nigeria;

(2) Machinery, including parts thereof, and office equipment for the execution of official duties which are the property of the United States Government at the time of importation into Nigeria;

(3) All goods imported into Nigeria consigned or addressed to civilian servants of the United States Government (other than diplomatic or consular officials) and all personal effects accompanying such personnel on arrival in Nigeria provided such personnel are working in a defence installation operated by the American armed forces and are subject to the naval or military law of the United States;

(4) All goods imported for sale in canteens in Nigeria to members of the armed forces of the United States and to civilian employees of the United States Government provided such civilian employees are working in a defence installation operated by the American armed forces and are subject to the naval or military law of the United States.

Provided that this exemption shall continue in force as long as the Emergency Powers (Defence) Act, 1939, remains in force or to such earlier date as the Governor in Council may specify by notice in the Gazette.

11. All goods imported with the sanction of the Governor by boundary and other special commissioners and their assistants for their private use while executing their duties.

12. All goods officially imported or officially taken out of bond for the use of His Majesty's armed forces and all goods imported for the use of persons serving on His Majesty's ships.

13. All goods which the Comptroller is satisfied—

- will be used solely in the construction or repairing of, and will form part of, casks, bags, cases or other receptacles for use in exporting produce, minerals or specie; or
- will be used solely as material for the packing of produce, minerals or specie for export.

14. Animals and birds, living.

15. Apparatus, appliances, implements, instruments and tools of the following kinds—

- Agricultural and horticultural;
- Artisans';
- For scientific purposes and research, or for scientific education;

(4) For prospecting;

(5) Surgical and dental.

15A. Appliances, apparatus and materials, including explosives, shown to the satisfaction of the Comptroller to be imported exclusively for use in some industrial process for the separation of metals or precious stones from ores, soil, or other natural matter within Nigeria, or for use in the handling, dressing, or preparation of ores for commercial purposes.

16. Arms, accoutrements, equipment and uniforms, the property of officers of His Majesty's armed forces or of the civil service and imported by such officers for their personal use on duty as required by the regulations of their respective services;

Provided that in addition officers of the Royal West African Frontier Force may import a revolver and rifle and ammunition therefor and officers of the civil service a revolver and ammunition therefor free of duty.

17. Bank and currency notes, bullion and coin.

18. Blank cinematograph films, unexposed, commonly known as raw film or stock.

19. (1) *Bona fide* comforts including tobacco in any form; confectionery, toilet requisites, food, writing materials and knitted goods which the Comptroller is satisfied are imported as gifts for the use of serving members of His Majesty's armed forces and not for sale or exchange.

(2) *Bona fide* gifts imported by post which the Comptroller is satisfied are addressed to and are for the personal use of members of His Majesty's armed forces.

(3) *Bona fide* gifts sent by post to Nigeria by members of the Nigerian armed forces serving overseas subject to such conditions as the Comptroller may specify in the Gazette.

20. Clothing (being warm clothing not suitable for wear in the tropics) imported shortly before embarkation, which the proper officer is satisfied is intended for the importer's personal use on a voyage to a place outside the tropics.

21. Educational slides and educational films for public exhibition, passed as such by the Board of Censors appointed under section 6 of the Cinematograph Ordinance, 1933, or any ordinance substituted therefor.

22. Filters and parts thereof and all appliances for the filtration of water.

23. Fire extinguishers and fire-fighting apparatus.

24. Fishing nets and gear therefor.

25. (1) Fuel and lubricants proved to the satisfaction of the Comptroller to have been supplied for use by any aircraft belonging to or exclusively employed in the service of His Majesty or by such other aircraft as may be approved by the Governor in Council, and tools and equipment which in his absolute discretion the Comptroller shall admit as necessary and intended exclusively for the repair and maintenance of any such aircraft.

(2) Fuel and lubricants contained in any aircraft on arrival in Nigeria, which are not removed from such aircraft.

(3) Fuel and lubricants proved to the satisfaction of the Comptroller to have been supplied to any aircraft at a customs aerodrome and intended for use on its journey of departure from Nigeria; Provided that the Governor in Council may order that the provisions of sub-item (3) of this item shall not apply to any aircraft specified in such order.

26. Fuel used as bunker fuel contained in the ordinary fixed receptacles therefor in vessels coming from and proceeding to places outside Nigeria, and bunker fuel transhipped from such vessels direct to vessels, or landed in bond and later transferred to vessels, engaged in coastal trade by routes other than inland navigable waterways.

27. Furniture and ornaments of a non-consumable nature, altar bread and altar wine, altar frontals and linen, and vestments

proved to the satisfaction of the Comptroller to be imported by or for presentation to any religious body in Nigeria.

28. Life-saving belts and appliances.

29. Lighting conductors.

30. Machinery, including parts and accessories, of the following kinds—

- (1) Agricultural;
- (2) For prospecting for minerals;
- (3) Mining and dredging;
- (4) Water boring and pumping;
- (5) For use in connection with the preparation of, or prospecting for, any agricultural or forest product of Nigeria or the development of any industry in connection with such product.

The term "machinery" in this item shall mean machines consisting of a combination of moving parts and mechanical elements which may be put in motion by physical or mechanical force.

31. Manures, insecticides, fungicides, vermin killers and other substances which the Comptroller is satisfied are imported exclusively for use as manures, or as remedies for diseases of or prevention of insect attacks on plants and livestock, and apparatus for spraying livestock or plants with insecticides and fungicides.

32. Materials which the Comptroller is satisfied will be used exclusively in the manufacture of packages to contain petroleum imported in bulk and will form part of such packages.

33. Medicinal preparations and drugs included in the British Pharmacopœia and the British Pharmaceutical Codex and such other medicinal preparations and drugs, and surgical dressings, as may be accepted by the Comptroller.

34. Methylated and other non-potable spirits which the Comptroller is satisfied are intended solely for industrial, medical or scientific purposes and are not intended for sale or exchange.

35. Mosquito nets and mosquito-proof wire gauze.

36. Outer packages and packing in which goods, except goods subject to *ad valorem* import duties, are packed and imported and such inner packages and packing as may in the opinion of the Comptroller be necessary for the preservation of the goods imported, unless duty is charged on gross weight.

37. Passengers' baggage the property of and accompanying a passenger but not including goods for sale, barter or exchange;

Provided that if a passenger on arrival in Nigeria reports in writing in the prescribed form to the proper officer that part of his baggage, stating the nature thereof, has been left behind, duty shall not be charged thereon if it is imported into Nigeria within two months of the passenger's arrival (or such further period as the Comptroller may in his discretion allow) and is such that it would have been free of duty had it been brought with the passenger.

For the purpose of this item "baggage" shall not include such articles as arms, ammunition, beverages, cigars, cigarettes, tobacco, perfumed spirits, carriages, motor vehicles, bicycles, gramophones, wireless apparatus, musical instruments or provisions, but shall be deemed to include:—

- (1) a reasonable quantity of necessary and appropriate wearing apparel, glassware, linen, cutlery, crockery, plate and personal effects [as distinct from household and general effects of the kinds included in (2)], whether new or used;
- (2) binoculars, portable typewriters, toys, sewing machines and articles for household use [including furniture, carpets and other goods not specifically mentioned in paragraph (1) of this definition], which are proved to the satisfaction of the Comptroller to have been *bona fide* in personal or household use by the passenger for a reasonable period; and

(3) new or used instruments and tools which are to be used by a passenger for the purposes of his profession or trade;

38. Patterns and samples cut, mutilated or otherwise spoiled so as to render them unmerchantable.

39. Personal effects, not being merchandise, of natives of Nigeria dying in places outside the limits of the jurisdiction of Nigeria.

40. Pictures, drawings, engravings and photographs not imported for sale, barter or exchange.

41. Plants, seeds and bulbs imported for arboricultural, agricultural or horticultural purposes.

42. Printed literary matter including books, atlases, maps, newspapers, charts, plans and drawings.

43. Printers' ink, type, type metal, printing machines and printing appliances other than paper.

44. Provisions of the following kinds—

- (1) African foodstuffs produced in any territory adjoining Nigeria;
- (2) Fish, fresh or in cold storage, of Nigerian taking;
- (3) Flour;
- (4) Foods specially prepared for infants;
- (5) Milk or cream, whether fresh or preserved in any way; and
- (6) Sugar.

45. Specimens of natural history, mineralogy or botany.

46. Stationery for use in schools and educational establishments when the Comptroller is satisfied that it is intended solely for educational purposes.

47. Telegraphic apparatus, material and equipment imported by Cable and Wireless Limited.

48. The professional robes of judges, law officers, magistrates and all officers of the Nigeria civil service who are barristers-at-law or advocates.

49. Water tanks and vats and ready-made spare parts therefor.

Second Schedule.

LIST OF PROHIBITED IMPORTS.

1. (a) Advertisements, notices or announcements containing an offer to treat any person for venereal disease, or prescribing or containing an offer to prescribe any remedy therefor, or offering to give or giving any advice in connection with the treatment thereof.

(b) Any advertisement, notice or written or printed papers or hand-bills holding out or recommending to the public any preparations—

- (i) as medicines or medicaments for the prevention, cure or relief of any venereal disease, or
- (ii) as aphrodisiacs.

(c) Any newspaper, periodical or book containing any such advertisement, notice or announcement as is specified in sub-paragraph (a) or sub-paragraph (b) of this paragraph.

(d) Any packet, box, bottle, phial or other enclosure containing any preparation affixed to or delivered with which there is or are any label or words written or printed holding out or recommending to the public such preparation—

- (i) as a medicine or medicament for the prevention, cure or relief of any venereal disease, or
- (ii) as an aphrodisiac.

For the purpose of this paragraph "venereal disease" means syphilis, gonorrhœa, or soft chancre, and "preparations" means any pills, capsules, powders, lozenges, tinctures, potions, cordials, electuaries, plasters, unguents, salves, ointments, drops, lotions, oils, spirits, medicated herbs and waters, chemical and official preparations whatsoever.

2. Air pistols.

3. All goods the importation of which is prohibited by any law in Nigeria.

4. All goods the importation of which is regulated by any law in Nigeria except in accordance with such law.

5. All goods not imported in an aircraft or in a steamship except such as may be imported in accordance with any regulation relating to the control of small craft or to the importation of goods overland.

6. All goods not marked with the number, measure, gauge or weight in the manner prescribed.

7. All goods which bear a design in imitation of any currency or bank note or coin in current use in Nigeria or elsewhere.

8. Apparatus which in the opinion of the Comptroller is suitable for the distillation of alcohol or the rectification or re-distillation of spirits except such as may be licensed under the Liquor Ordinance.

9. Base or counterfeit coin of any country.

10. Beads composed of inflammable celluloid or other similar substances.

11. Calcium carbide except in accordance with such regulations regarding the importation and storage thereof as may be prescribed.

12. Cowries.

13. Cyanide of potassium and all poisonous cyanides and their preparations except under licence from the Chief Inspector of Mines or Commissioner of Police and subject to such conditions as they may see fit to impose.

14. Exhausted tea or tea mixed with other substances: For the purpose of this paragraph "exhausted tea" means any tea which has been deprived of its proper quality, strength or virtue by steeping, infusion, decoction or other means.

15. Gold coin current in the United Kingdom except under licence from the Governor.

16. Implements appertaining to the re-loading of cartridges.

17. Indecent or obscene prints, paintings, books, cards, engravings or any indecent or obscene articles.

18. Lamps which in the opinion of the Comptroller are specially designed for the purpose of dazzling animals or birds or otherwise rendering them more easily killed or captured.

19. Machines for duplicating keys.

20. Manillas.

21. Matches made with white phosphorus.

22. Materials of any description with a design which, considering the purpose for which the material is intended to be used, is likely in the opinion of the Governor in Council to create a breach of the peace or to offend the religious views of any class of persons in Nigeria.

23. Meat, vegetables or other provisions declared by a health officer unfit for human food.

24. Motor vehicles and parts thereof fitted or adapted for solid tyres and solid tyres unless under licence from the Director of Public Works.

25. Naval, military, air-force or civil accoutrements or uniforms or any dress having the appearance or bearing any of the regimental or other distinctive marks of any such uniform, or which may in the opinion of the proper officer be used to convey the impression that a person wearing the dress holds any office or authority under the Government, except such as are imported with the authority of the Governor.

26. Nets, gins, traps, snares, spring-guns, missiles containing explosives, apparatus for setting guns and all similar or other mechanical engines or appliances including any part thereof or accessories thereto designed, calculated or intended to be used or capable of being used to capture, injure or destroy any animal;

Provided that no gin or trap or similar article shall be deemed hereby to be prohibited to be imported solely by reason of the fact

that it has jaws, if such jaws are not capable of being opened to a greater width than four inches measured at the widest part:

Provided further that such articles may be imported with the approval of the Comptroller on specific occasions if required for scientific purposes on condition that they are either destroyed or exported from Nigeria after they have been used for the scientific purposes aforesaid:

Provided finally that the decision of the Comptroller shall be conclusive in any dispute which may arise as to what is to be considered a prohibited import within the meaning of this item.

27. Non-ferrous metal tubing except under licence from the Comptroller.

28. Percussion caps except those adapted for use with cap guns.

29. Pistols disguised in any form whatever.

29A. Reel-fed rotary ticket printing presses except under licence from the Governor.

30. Separated or skimmed milk containing less than eight *per centum* of fat, whether fresh, tinned or powdered, unless the bottle, tin or other receptacle containing such milk bears a label clearly marked in letters of not less than three-eighths of an inch high with the words "Not suitable for infants" or with words to a like effect.

31. Shaving brushes manufactured in or exported from the Empire of Japan and whether they are exported direct to Nigeria or otherwise.

32. Silver or metal alloy coins not being legal tender in Nigeria.

33. Spirits, namely—

- (a) trade spirits as defined in any regulations made under the customs laws;
- (b) spirits (other than denatured, medicated and perfumed spirits and spirits for scientific purposes) containing more than eighty-five *per centum* of proof spirit.
- (c) spirits in casks or drums except under licence granted by the Comptroller and subject to the payment of four-pence per liquid gallon for every degree of strength in excess of seventy-five *per centum* of proof spirit or such other fee as the Governor shall from time to time determine.

34. Tear gas except under licence from the Governor.

35. Weapons of any description which in the opinion of the Comptroller are designed for the discharge of any noxious liquid, gas or other similar substance and any ammunition containing or in the opinion of the Comptroller designed or adapted to contain any noxious liquid, gas or other similar substance.

NEW ZEALAND. IMPORT LICENSES.

Expiry of 1945 Import Licenses.—In view of the fact that under existing conditions it may not be possible for goods in respect of which orders were placed overseas under 1945 licenses prior to 1st November 1945, to be shipped in time to arrive in New Zealand by 30th June 1946, up to which date such licenses were made valid in respect of goods so ordered, the Minister of Customs has now decided that where it can be established to the satisfaction of a Collector of Customs that orders were placed overseas prior to 1st November 1945, Collectors may on request, if the goods do not arrive by 30th June 1946, and provided that the 1945 licenses under which the goods were ordered and on which there is an unused balance equivalent at least to the value of the orders is surrendered, grant a 1946 license, valid for imports up to 31st December 1946, to enable the goods to be imported up to that date.

This arrangement does not apply to 1945 licenses which were granted in substitution of Eighth Period licenses and which were valid for imports up to 31st January 1946 only, and should have since been surrendered.

Extension of 1946 Import licenses.—It has been decided by the New Zealand authorities to grant a general extension of 1946 licenses until 31st March, 1947, in respect only of firm orders placed and accepted overseas prior to 1st November, 1946. Goods ordered after that date must be entered under 1947 licenses if they arrive after 31st December 1946.

The decision by the New Zealand authorities to extend 1946 licenses to 31st March 1947, does not apply to licenses for 1946 issued in substitution of 1945 licenses or to 1945 licenses extended to the 1946 period. Such licenses are valid for imports up to 31st December 1946 only.

IMPORT LICENSING.

1. *Coffee, raw—item 17.*—Licenses to import raw coffee from British India may be granted by the New Zealand authorities to the extent of the 1941 licenses granted for similar goods from all sources.

The allocation has been fixed by the New Zealand authorities at "B B 100 per cent 1946 licenses all sources".

2. *Almonds and nuts, all kinds, n. e. i. (except peanuts)—ex item 52(1).*—The allocation for imports of almonds and nuts all kinds except peanuts has been increased by the New Zealand authorities from 100 to 150 per cent of 1944 licenses.

3. *Lemon Peel in Brine—ex item 449/2.*—Applications from lemon peel manufacturers or from regular importers in respect of supplies to be delivered to such manufacturers for licenses to import lemon peel in brine will be considered by the New Zealand authorities provided that they are supported by evidence of availability.

4. *Shoes n.e.i., composed of canvas with rubber soles solutioned to the uppers—ex item 196(1).*—Licenses for imports of the above-mentioned goods from the United Kingdom and other British countries may be granted by the New Zealand authorities to the extent of 80 per cent of the value of the applicant's imports from all sources in 1938 of boots and shoes n.e.i., composed of canvas with rubber soles solutioned to the uppers, including goloshes and over-shoes. Any such licenses granted are to be noted—

"Available for imports up to 31st December 1946 only".

It will be noticed that the allocation is based on the value of imports in 1938 of all goods classified under Tariff item 196(1).

5. *Carpets, Floor Coverings, Floor Rugs, Mats, etc.—ex item 159(1).*—Licenses for import of carpets, etc., from foreign countries may be granted by the New Zealand authorities to the extent of 50 per cent of the value of imports of similar goods from the same source in 1938.

6. *Squash racquets—ex item 239.*—The importation of squash racquets may be permitted under licenses issued by the New Zealand authorities in respect of sporting requisites n.e.i.

7. *Desiccated coconut—item 52(3).*—Licenses for imports of desiccated coconut may be granted by the New Zealand authorities up to twenty-five per cent of the existing allocation. This additional allocation is to be used solely to cover the increased cost of orders placed under the existing allocation.

8. *Cordage, rope and twine n.e.i. (excluding sash cord)—ex item 425.*—All future applications for licenses to import cordage, rope and twine n.e.i. (excluding sash cord) must show the types of cordage, etc., and the c.i.f.e. value of each type for which a license is desired.

9. *Postage Stamps—ex item 449/2.*—Licenses may be granted by the New Zealand authorities for the importation of an exchange basis of postage stamps (used or unused) from any country.

10. *Textile Piece Goods, viz., Drills—ex item 180/1.*—Drills, other than khaki, may be imported under licenses granted by the New Zealand authorities for imports of textile piece goods

of cotton, etc. Khaki drills will remain a "D" item. The sub-heading in the schedule should accordingly be amended to read, "Drills, other than khaki".

11. *Textiles—item 178, 180/1 and 183/2.*—The form at present utilised for supplying information as to particular types and quantities of material has been dispensed with. It will be necessary, however, for applications for licenses outside the basic allocation to be supported with information as to the particular types of material and quantity thereof (square yards) covered by the application. A particular form for that purpose will not be required. It will continue to be necessary for information (value, lbs. and square yards) to be shown in respect of each type of material on import entries.

12. *Boots, Shoes, etc.—namely, children's 0-9 inclusive—item 195.*—Licenses are to be noted "Excluding soft soles and veldtsheon processed shoes."

PERSIA (IRAN).

IMPORT OF 'GUR' SUGAR (UNREFINED SUGAR).

Information has been received from the Indian Government Trade Commissioner, Tehran, that the Council of Ministers of the Imperial Government of Iran in their session of the 16th October 1946, in accordance with the proposal of the Iranian Ministry of Finance, approved that the said Ministry may transfer the right of import of Gur sugar (unrefined sugar) into Iran to individuals under special conditions. The Ministry of Finance may, if necessary, exempt such importers from payment of commercial fee.

SOUTHERN RHODESIA.

REBATES OF CUSTOMS DUTY.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal* dated the 7th September 1946:—

The *Southern Rhodesia Government Gazette* of July 26, 1946, contains copies of Government Notices Nos. 412 to 419, which provide for amendments to the list of goods subject to rebate of Customs duty when used for manufacturing purposes. (See *Board of Trade Journal* of June 29, 1939, pages 938-939 and subsequent notices).

Government Notices Nos. 414 and 417 provide for the rebate, or refund, on first importation or when taken out of bond, of the whole of the Customs duties on the following goods (among others) when for use in the industry specified hereunder:—

Oil—Derivatives Manufacturing Industry. Castor oil, palm-kernel oil, coconut oil and diacetone.

Extracts for Perfumery Manufacturing Industry. Castor oil, palm-kernel oil and coconut oil.

Government Notices Nos. 413, 416, 418 and 419 provide for a rebate or refund, on first importation or when taken out of bond, of the Customs duties appearing in columns B and C (applicable to the United Kingdom, British Dominions and India, British Colonies and Protectorates and the Mandated territories of Tanganyika, Cameroons and Togoland) of the Southern Rhodesia Customs Tariff on the following goods (among others) when for use in the industry specified hereunder:—

Manufacture of Extracts for Perfumery. Turpentine, natural essential oils, absolute alcohol, higher alcohols, ethers, esters, ketones, organic acids, mineral acids and solvents.

Manufacture of Oil Derivatives. Fish oil, neatsfoot oil, butyl alcohol, amyl alcohol, lactic acid and sulphuric acid.

Manufacture of Hats. Felt hoods (new) made of wool, hair or fur or mixtures thereof, not blocked, stiffened, ironed, shaped or worked up in any way but in the rough; materials of all kinds not cut to shape for the making of linings, stiffeners, borders and

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bands, including inside bands; ribbons; silk laces; sewing threads; adhesive tape. (Government Notice No. 328 of June 21, 1946, is cancelled. See *Board of Trade Journal* of August 17, 1946.)

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

CERTIFICATES OF ESSENTIALITY.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 7th September 1946:—

The *South Africa Government Gazette* of July 12, 1946, contains a copy of Government Notice No. 1481 of July 12, 1946, which provides for the removal of a further number of items from the list of goods for which Certificates of Essentiality are issued by the Union authorities.

The revised Schedule reads as follows:—

NOTE.—To facilitate reference articles have been grouped under the various Commodity Controllers by whom they are controlled.

Controller of Agricultural Implements, Machinery and Requisites. Jute or hessian material in the piece or made up, including containers made of jute or hessian material.

Controller of Food.

All articles of food or drink including such as are used as ingredients or materials in the manufacture, processing and preserving of foods, *excepting* anchovies; beer; brandy; capers (French); cassava meal and cassava flour; cassia, cloves and chutney; fish spreads or pastes; flavouring essences, aromatic extracts and colouring materials; gelatine; gin; glucose; gravy browning; herbs; herrings, fresh, frozen, smoked, cured or processed in brine in kegs, barrels or other wooden containers, but not tinned; Instant Postum; kaffir corn and sorghums; kaffir corn malt; liqueurs, macaroni, manioc meal and manioc flour; meat extracts; meat spreads or pastes; mustard; olives; pickles and sauces; potato starch; rum; sandwich spreads; soya bean flour; spaghetti; tapioca, sago and arrowroot; vinegar; whisky; wines.

Controller of Iron and Steel.

Terneplate; tinplate.

Controller of Leather.

Hides and skins.

NOTE.—Certificates of Essentiality for the importation of leather from the United Kingdom and India are still required and applications therefore should be submitted as heretofore.

Controller of Soap and Oils.

Fatty acids; fish oils; oils and fats, animal and vegetable; oil seeds; soap and substances containing soap.

Controller of Textiles.

Wool, raw, cleaned, scoured, carbonized or otherwise; wool tops.

NOTES.—(1) Certificates of Essentiality are still required in respect of the following quotas allocated to the Union by the United Kingdom; Cotton goods piece-goods, yarns, threads, woollen and worsted piece-goods, yarns.

(2) No Certificates of Essentiality are required or will be issued in respect of any other textile articles.

VENEZUELA.

CLASSIFICATION OF SYNTHETIC SILK FIBRE.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 31st August 1946:—

The Commercial Counsellor to H.M. Embassy at Caracas reports that by a Resolution, published in the *Gaceta Oficial* of July 23,

synthetic silk fibre which was hitherto classified under Tariff No. 145 of The Venezuelan Customs Tariff, is now classified as follows:—

Tariff No.	Article.	Rate of duty.
136	Short artificial silk fibre (artificial floss)	Bolivares per kilo. gross 0-16
136 Bis	Yarns (not for textile mills):—	
	(a) Animal silk yarn	4-00
	(b) Artificial silk yarn	3-00

MISCELLANEOUS.

Details of changes in Customs Regulations, etc., are published regularly in the *Board of Trade Journal*. The particulars are too lengthy for publication here, but the headings of the items and the dates on which they appeared in the Journal are given for purposes of reference:—

26th October 1946.

AUSTRALIA.—Customs Tariff Decisions. Tariff Board References.

BELGIUM.—Belgium to Import More Goods without Licence.

CANADA.—Customs Tariff.

CHILE.—Validity of Import Permits.

KENYA AND UGANDA.—Invoicing Procedure.

NEW ZEALAND.—Import Licensing—Eleventh Period.

PORTUGAL.—Use of Preservatives and Colouring Matter in Foodstuffs.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.—Amendment of the Weights and Measures Regulations, 1943.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—Simplification of Clothing.

2nd November 1946.

ARGENTINA.—Exchange Rates.

AUSTRALIA.—Tariff Board Enquiry.

BELGIUM.—Import Restrictions.

CANADA.—Customs Tariff.

DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.—Customs Tariff Modifications.

NEW ZEALAND.—Import Licensing.

NORTHERN RHODESIA.—Import Restrictions.

TURKEY.—Import Regulations.

9th November 1946.

AUSTRALIA.—Tariff Board Reference.

CANADA.—Preparation of Invoices.

ETRE.—Importation of Wool.

FAROE ISLANDS.—Import Restrictions.

NEW ZEALAND.—Customs Decisions.

PERU.—Registration of Pharmaceutical Goods.

SWITZERLAND.—Customs Tariff Modifications.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL.

4th December.

During the week under report the weather was seasonable. The prospects of the standing crops are reported to be generally satisfactory. Harvesting of aman paddy and cultivation of rabi crops are continuing.

ASSAM.

16th December.

During the week under report the weather was generally seasonable and its effects on the crops are fair. The prospects and the outturn of crops are generally fair. Damage by rats to the paddy crop is reported from the Lushai Hills.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

7th December.

During the week under report the weather continued to be clear and cool with occasional passing clouds. There was dew-fall in a few districts. The standing *rabi* crops were, on the whole, reported to be in satisfactory condition. Resowing of *rabi* crops damaged by the November rains in the Jubbulpore district, of gram in the Bhainsdehi *tahsil* (Betul) and of linseed in the Gar-chiroli *tahsil* (Chanda) was taken up. Enquiries to ascertain the extent of damage to crops were still in progress in the Jubbulpore and Nimar districts. Harvesting of *juar*, paddy, late-sown *kodon-kutki* and *til* continued. Picking of cotton was in full swing. Threshing of paddy was in progress in all the rice districts.

MADRAS.

30th November.

During the week under report rainfall was very heavy in Nellore, South Arcot and Tanjore; heavy in Chingleput, Madras and Tinnevely; moderate in Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Ramnad and the Nilgiris; fair in Kurnool, Cuddapah, Salem, Trichinopoly, Malabar and South Kanara; and light or nil in other districts. Water supply is insufficient in parts of East Godavari, West Godavari, Bellary and Ramnad. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Anantapur, Nellore, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Ramnad, Tinnevely and South Kanara and of dry crops in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Salem, Coimbatore and Ramnad, is proceeding. The standing crops are generally fair except in Guntur. Harvesting of paddy in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, Chingleput, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madras, South Kanara and the Nilgiris; of *ragi* in East Godavari, Anantapur, South Arcot, Chittoor, Coimbatore, Madras and the Nilgiris; and of groundnut in Vizagapatam, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Chingleput, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Ramnad, continued. The outturn is generally fair.

ORISSA.

9th December.

During the week under report the rainfall was light at Koraput and there was no rain at other places except Phulbani from where the report has not been received. Harvesting of winter paddy in all districts and of *urid*, horsegram and *til* in the Sambalpur district was in progress. Sowing of greengram and linseed and threshing of winter paddy in the Puri district were going on. Pressing of sugarcane in the Cuttack and Puri districts commenced. The standing crops, viz., sugarcane, blackgram, horsegram, greengram, linseed, paddy, redgram, groundnut, betel, vegetables, *ragi*, *sama*, niger, sesamum, *jowar* and tobacco, were generally thriving.

PUNJAB.

9th December.

During the week under report the weather remained dry except in parts of the Ambala, Jullundur, Ferozepore, Lahore, Amritsar and Sialkot districts where rain varying in amount from 0.21" to 1.50" was received. Rain is badly needed in the Mianwali district. The condition of the standing crops is average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Sowing of *rabi* crops continues.

INTERMEDIATE CROP REPORTS.

THIRD INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE SUGARCANE CROP, 1946-47.

Bengal.

Since the issue of the second intermediate report on the crop in the first part of November, the weather and its effects on the crop have been generally favourable. The provincial outturn is now anticipated to be 79 per cent of the normal, this year, as against the same percentage of outturn shown in the corresponding return of last year.

Bombay.

Since the issue of the last forecast the sugarcane crop has suffered to some extent from lodging in some areas in the southern parts of the Province due to heavy rains in the middle of November. However, the general condition of the crop is reported to be fairly satisfactory. The crop is nearing maturity and its harvesting is progressing in many areas. The crop is expected to yield between 60 per cent of normal and the full normal.

Central Provinces and Berar.

The estimate of outturn reported in the second forecast, viz., 94.5 per cent of the normal for the Province as a whole, remains unchanged.

United Provinces.

During the first fortnight of November, there were light showers in a number of districts and no rain in the other districts. During the third week, there was practically no rain except for light showers in a few districts. During the fourth week, there were light showers in a number of districts including most of the western districts, and no rain in the remaining districts. Harvesting of sugarcane for *gur* and *rab*-making has commenced. Red-rot was in evidence in an epidemic form in some areas in the north-eastern districts, and wilt and yellowing diseases were also observed in some areas in these districts. Red-rot also appeared in some areas in the Rohilkhand and Kumaun Circle, and in the Farrukhabad district. Stray reports of attack by *pyrilla* and borers were received. The season during November was favourable for the crop. The condition of the crop continued to be generally satisfactory, except in low-lying areas where the crop has been damaged by water-logging.

INTERMEDIATE REPORT ON THE SESAMUM CROP OF ORISSA, 1946-47.

Since the issue of the second forecast of the sesamum crop of Orissa for 1946-47, there has been no change in area and outturn of the crop in any district, except in the Ganjam district where the area has increased by 500 acres due to favourable weather and fair price of oil in the market, and in the Cuttack district where the outturn has decreased from 83 per cent to 75 per cent due to excessive rains.

CROP FORECAST.

(ALL-INDIA)

SUMMARY OF ALL-INDIA FIRST SUGARCANE FORECAST, 1946-47.

(Calcutta, 17th December 1946.)

	1946-47	1945-46 (corrected)	Decrease(—)	Remarks.
SUGARCANE— Area	Acres	Acres	Per cent	
	3,820,000	3,917,000*	—2	The forecast relates to information generally up to the end of July, 1946. The present condition of the crop is reported to be good on the whole.

* Revised.

SUMMARY OF CROP FORECASTS.

The following is a summary of crop forecasts relating to the season 1946-47:—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1945-46	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jute*— Final.	Practically all jute-growing tracts	Acres 1,880,000	78	Acres 2,422,000	5,550,000 bales (b)	69	7,091,000 bales (b)	Oct. 3, 1946.
Sesamum— First (c).	United Provinces, Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Punjab, Ajmer-Merwara, Sind, Hyderabad, Kotaht, Bhopal and Baroda (86 per cent of the total sesamum area of India).	1,430,000	95	3,903,000	(a)	..	387,000 tons	Nov. 23, 1946.
Cotton— First (c).	All cotton-growing tracts (refers mainly to early cotton)	9,531,000	98	14,478,000	(a)	..	3,438,000 bales	Dec. 12, 1946.
Sugarcane— First (c).	United Provinces*, Punjab, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Madras, North-West Frontier Province, Assam, Orissa, Central Provinces and Berar, Sind, Delhi, Mysore, Hyderabad, Bhopal, Baroda and Jaisalmer (a little over 96 per cent of the total sugarcane area of India).	3,820,000	98	3,847,000	(a)	..	5,387,000 tons	Dec. 19, 1946.

The following is a summary of the latest forecasts for the season 1945-46 for crops for which forecasts have not yet been made in the current season:—

Crop and Forecast	Tracts comprised in the figures and percentage of total Indian crop represented by them	Estimated Area	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Estimated Outturn	Per cent of preceding year (100—figure of same date preceding year)	Final figure 1944-45	Date of publication of the forecast in the Journal
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Castorseed	Practically all castor-growing tracts	Acres 1,237,000	84	Acres 1,468,000	105,000 tons	80	131,000 tons	Aug. 1, 1946.
Groundnut— Final.	Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Mysore and Baroda (99 per cent of the total groundnut area of India).	9,848,000	93	10,574,000	3,113,000 tons	81	3,856,000 tons	Aug. 29, 1946.
Rape and Mustard— Final.	United Provinces, Punjab, Bengal, Bihar, Assam, Sind, North-West Frontier Province, Central Provinces and Berar, Orissa, Bombay, Delhi, Alwar, Hyderabad and Baroda (about 96 per cent of the total rape and mustard area of India).	5,497,000	99	5,580,000	910,000 tons	88	1,034,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Linseed— Final.	Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Bihar, Bengal, Bombay, Punjab, Orissa, Hyderabad, Kotaht and Bhopal (a little over 93 per cent of the total linseed area of India).	3,376,000	97	3,465,000	369,000 tons	94	392,000 tons	Sept. 12, 1946.
Rice— Final (c).	Bengal, Madras, Bihar, Central Provinces and Berar, United Provinces, Assam, Orissa, Bombay, Sind, Punjab, Coorg, Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda and Bhopal (97 per cent of the total rice area of India).	79,885,000	95	83,933,000	26,249,000 tons	93	28,183,000 tons	Sept. 26, 1946.
Wheat— Fourth (c).	Punjab, United Provinces, Central Provinces and Berar, Bombay, Sind, Bihar, North-West Frontier Province, Bengal, Delhi, Ajmer-Merwara, Orissa, Central India, Gwalior, Rajputana, Hyderabad, Baroda and Mysore (98 per cent of the total wheat area of India).	34,533,000	97	35,709,000	8,882,000 tons	85	10,458,000 tons	Nov. 28, 1946.

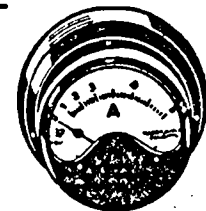
* Issued by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

† Including Indian States.

‡ In Rajputana.

§ In Central India.

(a) Not yet available. (b) Includes figures for Nepal. (c) The detailed report will appear in the *Indian Trade Journal* later.



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TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from:—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 8d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Re. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42×28 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from:—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Vacuum Brake Fittings, I. R.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Tender No. SR1A/73684/III.—For the supply of Vacuum Brake Fittings, I.R. (Hose pipes, Rings I.R. and Washers, etc.) to the C.O.S., B.A. Rly. and B. N. Rly., Calcutta.

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 10 per set (not refundable) and the forms are not transferable.

Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 6th January 1947 and will be opened at 11 a.m. on the 7th January 1947.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Purchase branch, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore/Lahore and may be obtained from these officers on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Portable Diesel Engine-driven Air Compressor.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. P/SR3/129030/III to reach him on or before the 24th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by

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B. 3079 W. 80-4-47.

Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

- 1 (one) Portable Diesel Engine-driven Air Compressor capable of giving a discharge of 100 (hundred) c. ft. of free air/min. at a discharge pressure of 100 (hundred) lbs./sq. in., and

Spares recommended by the makers for two years' normal working of each machine.

(All items are required for Municipal Engineer, Ahmedabad Municipality, Ahmedabad.)

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms, which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Portable Concrete Mixers, etc.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. P/SR3/128457/III to reach him on or before the 10th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

- 10 Nos. Portable Concrete Mixers, Crude Oil Engine driven type, 7/5 c. ft. capacity.
- 4 sets Portable compressed air spray-painting equipment each consisting of an A.C. Motor-driven air compressor, 10 c. ft. capacity, complete with air accessories and fittings.

- 3 sets Electrically driven vibrator equipment.
- 2 sets Power operated soil examination sets.

(All items are required for P.W. Workshops and Stores, Madras.)

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms, which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Le-Tourneau Tractor Crane Model A. D3, etc.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. P/SR3/71874/III to reach him on or before the 25th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity (Number).
1	One Le-Tourneau Tractor Crane Model A. D3, suitable for use with Caterpillar D7 Tractor fitted with Le-Tourneau Double Drum power Control Unit, conforming to the following specification. Tubular Steel construction, capable of being knocked down for transport, dual 13.50×20 tyres, overall width not less than 11' max clearance hook to ground 30' axle centre to hook with boom upright not less than 5' roller bearing throughout. Capacity at 5' reach to be not less than 17,500 lbs. at 10' reach not less than 13,500 lbs. with D7 tractor. Without Power control unit.	1
2	Long drum for Le-Tourneau to Power Control unit to enable 1/2" Hoist line to be used with this rig.	1

(The above items are required for the Electrical and Mechanical Engineer, Khewra, N. W. Rly.)

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms, which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SE2/70194/III for the Supply of Bushes Rail Joints Whalbone Fibre.

It is notified that the above-mentioned tender notice, published on page 556 of the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 12th December 1946, has been cancelled.

IRON CASTINGS Up To 20 Tons.

Also gunmetal, bronze, brass and aluminium castings.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Washers of Sizes.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-3/69369/III* to reach him on or before the 17th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Item No.	Description of Stores.	Specification.	Quantity.	Unit.
1	Washers B. S. W. black mild steel of 3/8" to 1-1/8" nominal dia. of Bolt.	I. S. D. War Emergency Specn. No. WUG/Misc. 86.	285 cwt.	Cwt.

To be despatched to D. O. S., G. I. P. Railway, Matunga, Lower Parel and Parel, respectively.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore/Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Lathes Tools of Varieties and Sizes.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SW-2/73922/II* to reach him on or before the 22nd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Store.	Quantity.	Consignee.
	No.	
Lathe Tools of varieties and sizes	128	The Controller of Stores, O. T. Rly., Samastipur.
Ditto.	137	The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Rly., Lower Parel, Bombay.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Department of Industries and Supplies are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi Madras and Lahore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of 1 in 8. 1/2 Left Turnout and 13'-6" Over-riding Switch M. G., etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/73306/I* to reach him on or before the 13th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 8 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for the supply of the following stores :—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	1 in 8. 1/2 Left Turnout and 13'-6" over-riding switch M. G. to IRS(T) Drg. No. TA-5126 to 28 complete.	27 sets.
2	1 in 12 Left Turnout and 18'-0" over-riding switch M. G. to IRS(T) Drg. No. TA-5123 to 25 complete.	32 sets.

The stores are required by the General Manager, Jaipur State Railway, Jaipur.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Director General of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the office of the Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, are not eligible for submission of quotations and tender forms will not be issued to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the following officers on payment of tender fee direct to them :—

- (1) The Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
- (2) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Rodding Point.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/73109/III* to reach him on or before the 8th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be

paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for the supply of the following stores :—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1(a)	Rodding Point Tubular 1 1/2" dia. with stamped end bolt, nut and washer, to I.R.S. (S) Drawings No. S. 3633 Alt. 5 & SA 3634 Alt. 1 IRS Specn. No. S-5/36 and Correction No. 1 of Dec., '45 and I. R. S. Specn. No. S-10-40 (current).	1,20,300 ft.
	Alternatively—	
1(b)	Point Rodding as above but solid.	

The stores are required by the N. W. Railway, Lahore, at Storespura, P. O. Moghalpura.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Director General of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the office of the Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, are not eligible for submission of quotations and tender forms will not be issued to them.

Tender forms are also available from the following officers on payment of tender fee direct to them :—

1. The Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
2. The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Bars Medal Ribbon Brooch Type.

The Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SM-2/55* to reach him on or before 4 p.m. on the 24th January 1947 for the following stores :—

1.	Bars Medal Ribbon Brooch Type 3 Bar	125,000 Nos.
2.	Do. Do. 4 Bar	175,000 "
3.	Do. Do. 5 Bar	100,000 "
4.	Do. Do. 6 Bar	20,000 "

Price of tender forms is Rs. 8 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Orders quoting the tender number and remitter's full address.

Tender forms can also be obtained from the Directors of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES (SLI SECTION) NEW DELHI.

Supply of Cow and Buffalo Hides, Raw, Wet Salted.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders on the prescribed form for the stores detailed below :—

Tender No. SLI/P/74091 due by 4 p.m. on the 30th December 1946.	Store.	Quantity in Lbs.
I.—Hides, Cow, Raw, Wet Salted :—		
(i) 'A' Class (13 Lbs. to 18 Lbs.)		15,000
'B' Class (18 Lbs. to 24 Lbs.)		73,500
'C' Class (24 Lbs. to 33 Lbs.)		1,59,500
II.—Hides, Buffalo, Raw, Wet Salted :—		
(i) 'A' Class (36 Lbs. to 45 Lbs.)		96,000
'B' Class (45 Lbs. to 54 Lbs.)		1,17,600
'C' Class (54 Lbs. to 64 Lbs.)		2,83,200
'D' Class (64 Lbs. to 73 Lbs.)		1,10,400
'E' Class (73 Lbs. and up)		2,10,000

Tender forms, etc. (not transferable), may be obtained from any of the following officers on payment of Rs. 10 per set (not refundable). Payment should be made in cash or by Indian Postal Order or by Money Order (quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders) :—

- (1) The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (2) The Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay.
- (3) The Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore and Madras.

Tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors of the Department of Industries and Supplies must state the name of their Bankers in their tender.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Bitches Timber and Dogs Timber.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/68911/IV* to reach him on the 14th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	Bitches Timber L. H. 0" x 4" x 4" as per Drg. No. C. I. E. 680.	32,000 Nos.
2	Dogs Timber 15" as per Drg. No. IRES/S/914A and to Specn. RE/P/1855C.	1,13,250 "

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore/Cawnpore/Karachi/Madras, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

The Drawings are obtainable, free of charge, from the office of the Chief Inspector, Engineering, 2, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of High Duty C. I. Horn Cheeks.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Railway Stores Directorate, New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Tender No. SR1/70373/A/1.

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
5	High Duty C. I. Horn Cheeks to IRS. Drg. No. W.476 and I.R.S. Specn. No. R-6-38 (current).	4,200 Nos.

Price of tender form is Rs. 8 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 22nd January 1947.

Applicants not already on the lists of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Director of Supplies, Bombay/Calcutta, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras/Cawnpore/Karachi/Lahore and may be obtained by the tenderers from these officers on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

Tenders will be opened at 11-30 a.m. on the 23rd January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Cotters Split Black Mild Steel.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. SR3/73732/II to reach him on or before 3 p.m. on the 15th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office on payment of Rs. 3 only (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Description of Goods.	Quantity.
Cotters Split Black Mild Steel—	
No. 1. 2 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	14,688 Nos.
No. 2. 3 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	12,096 "
No. 3. 4 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	3,024 "
No. 4. 5 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	87,984 "
No. 5. 6 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	2,880 "
No. 6. 7 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	3,240 "
No. 7. 8 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	360 "
No. 8. 9 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	576 "
No. 9. 10 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	216 "
No. 10. 11 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	648 "
No. 11. 12 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	360 "
No. 12. 13 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	432 "
No. 13. 14 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	216 "
No. 14. 15 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	144 "
No. 15. 16 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	1,224 "
No. 16. 17 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	576 "
No. 17. 18 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	216 "
No. 18. 19 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	432 "
No. 19. 20 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 1/2"	144 "

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on application for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

The material is required for C. O. S., M. & S. M. Railway, Perambur, at the places mentioned below:—

Items 1 to 9.—M. & S. M. Railway, Perambur.

Items 10 to 20.—Ditto Hubli.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Ebonite Sheets.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SE2/72427/III to reach him on or before the 22nd January 1947 on forms W.S.B. 133 as amended up-to-date (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 per set (not refundable) to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Ebonite Sheets 1/2" thick in Maker's standard size to B. S. S. No. 234 (current) for 1 ton 17 cwt. required for Telegraph Workshop, Jubbulpore.

Applicants not already in the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies, must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, are not eligible for copies of tender forms and which will not be supplied to them on application.

Tender forms will also be available from the following officers on payment of tender fees direct to them:—

(1) Director of Supplies, Bombay/Calcutta.

(2) Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras/Karachi.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SR1/73779/I.—Supply of Tanks, Carriage Roof.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Railway Stores Directorate), New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Description.	Quantity.
1. Tanks Carriage roof 100 galls. capacity complete to IRS drg. CA 402 alt. 6.	10 Nos.
2. Tanks Carriage roof 100 galls. capacity to IRS drg. No. CA 600 alt. 1	73 Nos.

Price of tender form is Rs. 5 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 11th January 1947.

Applicants not already on the lists of approved contractors maintained by the Chief Registration Officer, Department of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Director of Supplies, Bombay/Calcutta, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras/Cawnpore/Karachi/Lahore and may be obtained by the tenderers from these officers on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

Tender will be opened at 11-30 a.m. on the 13th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SM-1/70929.—Supply of Gelatine Sheets, etc.

The Deputy Director General of Supplies, New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below:—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
2.	Gelatine sheets and pieces for gelatine pad duplicating process (Superior quality used for Biford pads).	8 cwt.

Destination.—Stores required at Karachi or Storespura.

The price of the tender forms is Rs. 2 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Tenders will be received up to the 14th January 1947. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Department of Industries and Supplies must state in their applications for tender forms the names of their Bankers.

Tender forms are also available for sale in the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore, and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of tender fees direct to the officers concerned.

One Lb. sample of the store offered against the above tender shall be sent to the G. T. H., Calcutta, free of charge and carriage prepaid, for test so as to reach him by the 8th January 1947. Reference of this office tender number and date and firm's name, etc., must be quoted on the labels attached with the samples.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender for a Shed required for E. I. Railway at Howrah.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SBI/70540/I to reach him on or before the 9th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 2 excluding the cost of drawing (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for One Shed required for E. I. R. at Howrah:—

Manufacture and supply of all steelwork complete with column trusses, purlins, wind bracings, glazing runners, etc., for a Shed measuring 43 ft. 0" x 51 ft. 0" as per Chief Engineer, E. I. R., drawing No. B613/46 (ISD No. 13635), complete with 16 gauge galvd. gutter with stress and necessary fittings, 20 gauge galvd. plain sheets with fittings for flashing and glazing complete with astragals, 3/4" thick wired glass with necessary clips and fittings.

N.B.—1. The above shed should conform to I. R. S. Std. Specn. No. B3-37 Structures other than Bridge Girders, and to I. S. D. Std. Specn. No. G/Metal/41.H special quality.

2. A copy of the Chief Engineer, E. I. Rly., drawing No. B613/46 (I. S. D. No. 13635) referred to above may be obtained, if required, on payment of Re. 1 per copy from this office from which the tenderer obtains the tender form.

Applicants not already on approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi and Madras, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Tapes Measuring Metallic Woven, etc.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites Tender No. MP/73714/1 to reach him on or before the 7th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.	Consignee.
		No.	
1	Tapes Measuring Metallic Woven, wind up in case 1" wide graduated in 1/2" any approved make—50 ft.	610	76 Nos. to B. A. Rly., Calcutta, 216 Nos. to G. I. P. Rly., Bombay, 120 Nos. to M. & S. M. Rly., Madras, 150 Nos. to N. W. Rly., Lahore, 48 Nos. to O. T. Rly., Samastipur.
2	100 ft.	800	154 Nos. to E. I. Rly., Calcutta, 443 Nos. to G. I. P. Rly., Bombay, 42 Nos. to M. & S. M. Rly., Madras, 200 Nos. to N. W. Rly., Lahore, 60 Nos. to O. T. Rly., Samastipur.
3	Tapes Measuring Metallic Woven, tape ends, for repair of tapes 1" wide graduated in 1/2" any approved make—0-12 ft.	100	G. I. P. Rly., Bombay.
4	Tapes Measuring Metallic Woven spare tapes 1" wide graduated in 1/2" in any approved make without Box—50 ft.	362	62 Nos. to E. I. Rly., Calcutta, 200 Nos. to G. I. P. Rly., Bombay, 100 Nos. to N. W. Rly., Lahore, 48 Nos. to B. A. Rly., Calcutta, 206 Nos. to G. I. P. Rly., Bombay, 48 Nos. to N. W. Rly., Lahore, 60 Nos. to O. T. Rly., Samastipur.
5	100 ft.	362	
6	Tapes Measuring Steel wind up in case 1" wide in any approved make graduated in 1/2" in—50 ft.	450	184 Nos. to E. I. Rly., Calcutta, 216 Nos. to G. I. P. Rly., Bombay, 50 Nos. to N. W. Rly., Lahore.
	100 ft.	504	94 Nos. to E. I. Rly., Calcutta, 310 Nos. to G. I. P. Rly., Bombay, 100 Nos. to N. W. Rly., Lahore.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies, must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Department of Industries and Supplies are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Karachi, Cawnpore, Madras and Lahore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Copper Rods, Commercial Quality.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SN2/70790/II* to reach him on or before the 22nd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for 357 cwts. of Copper Rods, Commercial Quality, of dias. $\frac{3}{4}$ ", $\frac{1}{2}$ ", $\frac{3}{8}$ ", $\frac{1}{4}$ ", $\frac{3}{16}$ ", and $\frac{1}{8}$ ", required by the Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay. Requisite quantity (including wastage) of Copper Ingots at Rs. 69-12-0 per cwt. will be supplied by Government against payment.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore/Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SE-2/73054, II due by 4 p. m. on 14th January 1947.
Supply of Signal Poles, Tubular.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders for the following stores required by different Railways at Bombay, Calcutta, Lahore, Madras and Samastipur, so as to reach him on or before the 14th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter) and annas eight per copy of drawing No. ISD.935-D obtainable from the Deputy Director General (Inspection), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.

Item No.	Description.	Quantity required.
Signal Poles, Tubular.		
1	Signal Poles to part No. S. P. 10 shown on Drg. No. 55/17-7-46.	100 Nos.
2	Signal poles to part No. S. P. 11 shown on Drg. No. 55/17-7-46.	60 "
3	Signal Poles to part No. S. P. 12 shown on Drg. No. 55/17-7-46.	40 "
4	Doll poles to part No. S. D. 100 shown on Drg. No. 55/17-7-46.	40 "
5	Doll poles to part No. S. D. 101 shown on Drg. No. 55/17-7-46.	40 "
6	Doll poles to part No. S. D. 102 shown on Drg. No. 55/17-7-46.	20 "

Note.—Poles to conform to details shown on Drg. No. 55/17-7-46.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them. Tender forms are also available from the following officers on payment direct to them:—

- (1) The Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay.
- (2) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras/Karachi.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Belting Composition.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Section SF1), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SF1/74042/2* on prescribed form for the supply of about 27,010 ft. Belting Composition to meet the requirements of B. A. Railway, G. I. P. Railway and O. T. Railway.

Prices of the tender form, etc., is Rs. 5 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Chief Registration Officer must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tenders must reach the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, on the 8th January 1947 and will be opened at 11-30 a.m. on the 9th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, CALCUTTA.

Supply of G. I. Wire Gauge.

The Director of Supplies, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, invites *Tender No. CDS/M2/7055* to reach him on or before the 3rd January 1947 at 11 a.m. on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

G. I. Wire Gauge.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Director of Supplies, Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Madras, Karachi, Lahore and Cawnpore.

DEC. 19, 1946.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Lathe.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SW1/MP/134862/X/W21* to reach him on or before the 15th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

- 1 No. Lang or similar 8.1/2" centre 7' 6" bed sliding surfacing and screwcutting Lathe arranged for motor drive and suitable for operation from 400 volts 3 phase 50 cycles AC supply required by the C.O.S., N.W.R., Lahore.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Firms already black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies at Cawnpore, Karachi, Madras and Lahore.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Calcium Carbide.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SC1/72624*, to reach him by 4 p.m. on the 30th December 1946 and remain open for acceptance up to the 30th January 1947, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 only (not refundable) per set, to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number and address of the remitter), for the following stores:—

- (i) Calcium Carbide Ordinary quality=3,965 cwts. conforming to specification:—ISD. G/Chemicals/23A. obtainable on payment from all Govt. Stationers.
- (ii) Calcium Carbide to '14 N. D. Grade=70 cwts.

2. Place of delivery:—Calcutta, Bombay, Perambur and Karachi.

3. Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

4. Samples, representative of bulk supply and sufficient for carrying out test, are required to be submitted to the C.I.S. & C., Cawnpore, by the 20th December 1946.

Tender forms are also available from the offices of:—

- (i) The Director of Supplies, Calcutta.
- (ii) The Director of Supplies, Bombay.
- (iii) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras.
- (iv) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore.
- (v) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Cawnpore.
- (vi) The Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SX-2/71353-I/1946.—Supply of Carpet, Brown, Hand-made (Axminster).

Tenders are invited for the supply of 650 yards of Carpet Brown Hand-made (Axminster), 27" wide, plain, without border, superior quality, conforming to I.S.D. Standard Specification No. G/Tex/Misc-50 (saleable).

Tender forms, which are not transferable, may be obtained from the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, on payment of Rs. 3 per set (of two copies) from that office or the office of the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies of the area concerned. The amount paid is not refundable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order quoting remitter's full address and tender number on the Money Order coupon. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Department of Industries and Supplies must state the name of their Bankers.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on the 14th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Belt Fasteners.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Section SF1), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SF1/74155/2* on prescribed form for supply of about 37,210 sets of Belt Fasteners to meet the requirements of the B. A. Railway, G. I. P. Railway and O. T. Railway.

Price of the tender form, etc., is Rs. 5 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Chief Registration Officer must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore, and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tenders must reach the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, on the 15th January 1947 and will be opened on the 16th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, LAHORE.

Supply of Shoes, Munda Leather.

The Deputy Director of Supplies, Narsingdass Building, The Mall, Lahore, invites *Tender No. LAH/189/X* to reach him on or before the 10th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 per set (not refundable) to be paid in cash or by Money Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for the supply of Shoes, Munda Leather, of sizes, as per sample to be seen in the office of the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore=7,000 pairs.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Industries and Supplies Department must give their Banker's reference on application form. Firms black-listed by the Industries and Supplies Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms which will not be supplied to them.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, MADRAS.

Supply of Gunnies.

Tenders are invited before the 10th January 1947 for supply of seven lakhs of new D. W. Gunnies, 40" x 28" size, to the Madras Agricultural Department. For further particulars please apply to the Director of Agriculture, Post Box No. 412, Triplicane, Madras.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Tender Notice No. 24277-306/IX-D. (A).—Supply of Metering Equipment.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on the 15th January 1947, by the Director of Industries and Commerce, United Provinces, Stores Purchase Section, Cawnpore, for the supply of the articles noted below. The tenders will be opened at noon on the 16th January 1947.

Intending tenderers may obtain from the Assistant Director (Stores), Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore, copies of tender notice giving full particulars on application.

Tenderers, whose names are not on the Stores Purchase Section list of approved contractors, must forward, with their applications for tender notice, certificate from their Bankers as to their financial standing, and from the Civil Authorities (such as the Director of Industries) of their Province.

Name of Article.

Metering Equipment for metering a high tension supply of electrical energy; the tariff for which metering is required is a two-part one based on a fixed charge per month on the maximum demand in K. V. A. averaged over a period of 30 minutes plus a unit charge per K. W. hour consumed.

The equipment consists of:—

3,300 volt 3-phase 3 wire 50 cycle bulk supply metering equipment; current transformers ratio, potential transformer complete; 3-phase 3-wire unbalanced load two element K. V. A. hr. meters; separate time switch; two element integrating K.W. hr. meters; sets of current testing links; potential testing links; set of L. T. instruments fuses, etc., etc., with certain spares.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Enquiry No. 8318.—Supply of Points and Crossings required for the Trolley Line, Chitaldrug.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, Government of Mysore, "United India" Buildings, Sri Narasimharaja Road, Bangalore City, up to the 29th January 1947 for the supply of 70 Points and Crossings required for the Trolley Line, Chitaldrug.

Intending tenderers may, on application to the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, obtain the requisite Enquiry form.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

STORES PURCHASE COMMITTEE.

Tender for Fabrication and Supply of Penstock Pipes at Jog.

Tenders will be received by the Secretary, Stores Purchase Committee, "United India" Buildings, Sri Narasimharaja Road, Bangalore City, for the fabrication and supply of Penstock Pipes at Jog, out of Steel Plates to be supplied by Government. Firms able to undertake the work may obtain Specifications and Drawings from the Secretary.

The last date for submitting tenders is 30th January 1947.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Item Costing Over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Scale Beam.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on or before 12 noon on the 17th January 1947:—

Tender No. SP/B/GBI/2262.—For the supply of Scale Beam with tripod hooks, chains and iron pans without weights to weigh up to 10 cwt.

Tender form with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy, to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, direct by Money Order. Once these documents are issued, no refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and put into the Tender Box outside the General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Special Item Costing Over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Copper Round.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, up to 12 noon on the 15th January 1947:—

Tender No. SP/E/Est/GB4/36/Pt.II.—For supply of Copper Round of sizes.

Tender form with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Tender for Repairs to Cuttings to prevent Slips between Gurpa and Gajharli Stations in the Grand Chord Section on Asansol Division.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 8th January 1947 for the works of repairs to cuttings to prevent slips between Gurpa and Gajharli Stations in the Grand Chord Section on Asansol Division.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till 7th January 1947 at the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash, which sum will not be refunded.

The tenders are at labour rates only.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Tender for Construction of European Institute at Dhanbad.

Sealed tenders are invited for the construction of the European Institute at Dhanbad.

The tenders will be received up to 11 hours on the 6th January 1947 and will be opened shortly after in the presence of such tenderers who attend.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained at the office of the Divisional Superintendent, E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only till the 4th January 1947 which sum will not be refunded.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Tender No. 1946/45 for Reconditioning of Scrap White Metal No. 4 Oval Shape Ingots.

The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the above work.

The prescribed form of tender with Special Conditions on which tenders will be considered can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores on payment of Rs. 2 per copy which amount will not be refunded.

Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form to the Controller of Stores and the envelopes enclosing them must be sealed and endorsed "Tender No. 1946/45 for Reconditioning of Scrap White Metal No. 4 Oval Shape Ingots".

Tenderers are required to hand in their tenders at the office of the Controller of Stores and envelopes containing the same must be registered with the Contract Superintendent prior to being placed in the Box provided for their reception. In the case of tenderers outside Bombay who desire to forward tenders through the post the same must be despatched under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 500 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money, before the time fixed for opening the tenders without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made wholly in cash (on which no interest will be allowed) and the Governor General reserves to himself the right to confiscate the cash deposit, should the successful tenderer fail to put in the Security Deposit in terms and conditions of the tender.

Samples of the scrap to be reconditioned, not exceeding 5 lbs. each, can be purchased for test purposes from the District Controller of Stores, "Mechanical", Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel, at the rate of Rs. 112 per cwt.

Tenders not complying with any of the above conditions will not be considered.

Tenders will be received at the Controller of Stores' office up to 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on Thursday, the 16th January 1947.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Tender No. 1943/46 for Reconditioning of Scrap Brass Bronze Quality No. 2.

The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the above work.

The prescribed form of tender with Special Conditions on which tenders will be considered can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy which amount will not be refunded.

Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form to the Controller of Stores and the envelopes enclosing them must be sealed and endorsed "Tender No. 1946/46 for Reconditioning of Scrap Brass Bronze Quality No. 2".

Tenderers are required to hand in their tenders at the office of the Controller of Stores and envelopes containing the same must be registered with the Contract Superintendent prior to being placed in the Box provided for their reception. In the case of tenderers outside Bombay who desire to forward tenders through the post the same must be despatched under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 500 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money, before the time fixed for opening the tenders without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made wholly in cash (on which no interest will be allowed) and the Governor General reserves to himself the right to confiscate the cash deposit, should the successful tenderer fail to put in the Security Deposit in terms and conditions of the tender.

Samples of the scrap to be reconditioned, not exceeding 5 lbs. each, can be purchased for test purposes from the District Controller of Stores, "Mechanical", Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel, at the rate of Rs. 60 per cwt.

Tenders not complying with any of the above conditions will not be considered.

Tenders will be received at the Controller of Stores' office up to 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on Thursday, the 6th February 1947.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Tender No. 1946/47 for Reconditioning of Scrap Brass Boring Quality No. 1.

The Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the above work.

The prescribed form of tender with Special Conditions on which tenders will be considered can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores on payment of Rs. 2 per copy which amount will not be refunded.

Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form to the Controller of Stores and the envelopes enclosing them must be sealed and endorsed "Tender No. 1946/47 for Reconditioning of Scrap Brass Boring Quality No. 1".

Tenderers are required to hand in their tenders at the office of the Controller of Stores and envelopes containing the same must be registered with the Contract Superintendent prior to being placed in the Box provided for their reception. In the case of tenderers outside Bombay who desire to forward tenders through the post the same must be despatched under registered cover, acknowledgment due.

A sum of Rs. 500 must be deposited with and sent direct to the Chief Cashier, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, as Earnest Money, before the time fixed for opening the tenders

without which deposit no tender will be considered. This deposit must be made *wholly in cash* (on which no interest will be allowed) and the Governor General reserves to himself the right to confiscate the cash deposit, should the successful tenderer fail to put in the Security Deposit in terms and conditions of the tender.

Samples of the scrap to be reconditioned, not exceeding 5 lbs. each, can be purchased for test purposes from the District Controller of Stores, "Mechanical", Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel, at the rate of Rs. 60 per cwt.

Tenders not complying with any of the above conditions will not be considered.

Tenders will be received at the Controller of Stores' office up to 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on Thursday, the 30th January 1947:

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Tender for Construction of Quarters at Castle Rock.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, up to 12 hours on Wednesday, the 22nd January 1947, for the construction of quarters (16 units) at Castle Rock.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued, on application, on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

Value of work is approximately rupees seventy-three thousands.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 210-S/22/12 (Code Word "CXHFC").—Supply of Steel Ferrules, left and right hand threads, 5½ inches×1½ inch for boiler tube fencing=2,000 Nos.

Tenders are invited on a rupee basis for purchase of the above.

Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Monday, the 27th January 1947, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore (where any other relative documents can be seen), at Re. 1 each (Re. 0-8-0 if to be posted) *plus* annas eight the cost of relevant drawings.

Firms in the Karachi area may obtain tender forms and drawings from the office of District Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Karachi, on cash payment.

Tenders will only be sold between 14 to 16 hours on all working days, except Saturday, and will not be sold on the date fixed for their receipt.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 211-S/5/19 (Code Word "CXHGC").—Supply of Public Address Equipment, for Amplifying Speech, Music, etc.

Tenders are invited on a rupee basis for purchase by the North Western Railway of Public Address Equipment, for amplifying speech, music, etc., for employees at Moghalpura Railway Workshops, consisting of one 300/500 Watts amplifier, 50 loud speakers, 6/10 watts, 5 Microphones, 5 line amplifiers, one monitor speaker, one Central distribution board and 150 ft. special microphone cable and suitable for 230 V., 50 cycles A. C. Supply.

Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Tuesday, the 28th January 1947, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, (where any other relative documents can be seen), at Re. 1 each (Re. 1-3-0 if to be posted) *plus* Re. 1-4-0 the cost of relative drawing and specification on and from the 17th December 1946, between 14 and 16 hours.

Tenders will not be sold on the day fixed for their receipt.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Sale of Lillooah Power House Plant Boilers, etc.

Sealed tenders are invited and will be received in the Controller of Stores, office on or before noon on Thursday, the 16th January 1947:—

Tender No. Sale/15.—For sale of Lillooah Power House Plant Boilers 500 K.W. Turbo Alternator and Auxiliaries from Moghalserai and Lillooah Depot.

Tender form together with full particulars can be had from the Controller of Stores' office, E. I. Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. This sum is not refundable.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SH1/70025/2 R. W. Pipes (43).—Supply of Cast Iron Rain Water Pipes and Fittings.

It is notified that the last date for the receipt of tenders for the above, the call for which appeared in the issues of the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 5th December 1946 (page 496) and 12th December 1946 (pages 556-57), has been extended from 2nd January to 11th January 1947.

DEC. 19, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

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CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

The following are statements of contracts placed by the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, during the week ending the 7th December 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

I.—Section SR-2.

Tender No. and Article.	Item No. as given in the invitation to Tender.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
1. SR-2/134205/1/DEF/140.—Points and Crossings quality rails.	2	23-30 tons	The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Calcutta	Rs. 5,462 f.o.r. Bombay.
2. SR-2/723041/IV/142.—Spikes Dog M. G.	1	40 cwts.	Messrs. G. K. W. Ltd., Calcutta	1,070
3. SR-2/72436/IV/143.—Bolts Steel Fish	1	116 "		3,502 f.o.r. Shalimar.
4. SR-2/71978/IV/144.—Fish Bolts and Nuts	1	631 "		19,048
5. SR-2/133905/1/145.—Undrilled Rails	17	618-10 tons	The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Calcutta	191,028 f.o.r. Bombay.
6. SR-2/72246/IV/146.—Dogspikes	1	400 cwts.	Messrs. G. K. W., Ltd., Calcutta	9,450 f.o.r. Shalimar.

II.—Section SE-2.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
I. 293/Sales/1-13, dated 6th July 1946—			Rs.
Item 2. P. I. L. C. Cables L.T.600 Volts 3 cores of .0225 sq. in. and 1 core of .0145 sq. in.	384 yds.	Messrs. British Insulated Callender's Cables, Ltd., Calcutta.	7,146
Item 3. Ditto 4 core × .04 sq. in. (Strand 19/052)	194 "		
Item 7. Ditto 3 core × .15 sq. in. (Strand 37/072) 1 core × .075 sq. in. (Strand 19/072).	500 "		
II. Messrs. W. T. Henley's Tele. Works Co., Ltd., Calcutta, Tender No. MP-128990/ES, dated 25th July 1946—			
Item 1. P. I. L. C. Cables L. T. 600 volts .0225 sq. in. (7/064") 4 cores having shaped conductors.	220 "	Messrs. Crompton Engineering Co. (Madras), Ltd., Madras.	8,853
Item 2. .063 sq. inch cable as per Item 1 having circular conductors, Class No. 1237.	500 "		
Item 3. 3 × .15 sq. inch 1 × .075 sq. inch Cable as per Item 1 above but having shaped main conductors, Class No. 1342.	140 "		
III. PG/807/431/PKM, dated 27th August 1946—			
Item 6. P. I. L. C. Cables voltage 400/230 volts 3 phase A.C. 4 core 3 × .075 and 1 × .04	1,000 "	Messrs. G. E. C. (India), Ltd., Calcutta	50,397
Item 16. Cables as above but suitable for 440/200V, D.C. with earthed neutral distribution system to B.S.S. & I.S.D. Specification No. 3 core 2 × .15 & 1 × .075 sq. in.	1,000 "		
Item 17. Ditto 2 × 2 & 1 × 1 sq. in.	500 "		
Item 18. Ditto 2 × 3 & 1 × 15 sq. in.	500 "		
Item 19. Cables as above but suitable for 11,000 volts 3 phase earthed neutral system to B.S. & I.S.D. Specification 3 core 3 × 1 sq. in.	500 "		
Item 20. Ditto 3 × 15 sq. in.	250 "	Messrs. Surya Engineering, Ltd., Calcutta.	3,124
Item 21. Ditto 3 × 2 sq. in.	250 "		
IV. SE2/71068/II, dated 27th August 1946—			
Item 1. Stay Swivels (Galvd.) 18" × 1"	400 Nos.	Messrs. Surya Engineering, Ltd., Calcutta.	3,124

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI—*contd.*

The following is a statement of contracts placed by the Deputy Director General (Supplies) (SF1 Branch), New Delhi, during the week ending the 6th December 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

Section SF-1.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
1. SF1/70662/1/46.—Fireclay	300 tons	Messrs. Ishwar Industries Ltd., Delhi	Rs. 7,800
2. SF1/70669/1/46.—Fireclay	120 "		f.o.r. Okhla. 3,120
3. SF1/72675/4/46.—Ball Bearing	445 Nos.	Messrs. S. K. F. Ball Bearing Co., Ltd., Bombay	2,110 f.o.r. Bombay.
4. SF1/132848/4/2/46.—Glass Paper	3,682 qrs.	Messrs. National Sand Paper Mills Ltd., Rawalpindi	3,389 f.o.r. Rawalpindi.

The following is a statement of contracts placed by the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, during the period 1st October 1946 to 7th December 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

Section Railway Stores.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
SW-2/104618/II.—Taps and Dies	10 sets	Messrs. Angus Keith & Co., Calcutta	Rs. A. P. 1,104 0 0
SW-2/105231/II.—Files	602 doz.	Messrs. Jessop & Co., Ltd., Calcutta	12,551 0 0
SW-2/105197/II.—Files	66 "	Messrs. Samuel Osborn (I), Ltd., Calcutta	3,537 8 0
SW-2/134717/III.—Grinding Wheels	29 Nos.	Messrs. Grindwell, Bombay	1,646 10 6
SW-2/134146/NWR/II.—Diamond Hand Tools	15 "	Messrs. Machine Tools (I), Ltd., Bombay	1,495 0 0
SW-2/134146/BA/II.—Ditto	91 "		2,326 3 0
SW-2/105327/II.—Dies	54 "	Messrs. Angus Keith & Co., Calcutta	2,799 0 0
SW-2/105262/II.—Form Tools	90 "	Messrs. Burn & Co., Calcutta	14,070 0 0
SW-2/105258/II.—Lathe Tools	173 "		13,102 0 0
SW-2/105351/II.—Stocks and Dies	49 "	Messrs. Angus Keith & Co., Calcutta	2,406 0 0
SW-2/105138/I.—Hacksaw Blades	120 doz.		2,100 0 0
SW-2/134146/MSR/II.—Diamond Hand Tools	21 Nos.	Messrs. Samuel Osborn (I), Ltd., Calcutta	2,645 0 0
SW-2/134146/BA/II.—Diamond Hand Tools	15 "		5,373 0 0
SW-2/134146/B. B&CI/II.—Ditto	24 "		3,022 8 0
SW-2/134146/O.I.P./II.—Ditto	74 "	Messrs. Machine Tools	2,978 8 0
SW-2/105197/II.—Files	1,244 doz.		42,161 8 0
SW-2/41832/II.—Files	396 "	Messrs. Samuel Osborn (I), Ltd., Calcutta	13,295 15 0
SW-2/104575/II.—Files	4,606 "		1,48,263 0 0
SW-2/105226/II.—Files	3,259 "		1,09,089 0 0
SW-2/73385/III.—Grinding Wheels	48 Nos.	Messrs. Grindwell Ltd., Bombay	1,905 0 0

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI—*contd.*

The following is a statement of contracts placed by the Deputy Director General (Supplies) (SF1 Branch), New Delhi, during the week ending the 12th December 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

Section SF-1.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
			Rs. A. P.
1. SF1/73834/846.—Pneumatic Tools	100 Nos.	Messrs. Ingersoll Rand & Co., Bombay	41,129 9 0 f.o.r. Bombay.
2. SF1/133875/1.—Firebricks	4,800 "	The Perfect Pottery Co., Ltd., Jabalpur.	1,800 0 0 f.o.r. Jabalpur.
3. SF1/133875/1.—Firebricks	75,000 "	Messrs. Parshuram Pottery Works, Ltd., Morvi.	14,685 0 0 f.o.r. Morvi.
4. SF1/79868/3.—Pneumatic Hose	1,900 ft.	Messrs. Goodyear Tyre & Rubber (I), Ltd., Calcutta.	8,918 13 0 on Forward Delivery basis.
5. SF1/133875/1/46.—Firebricks	1,065 Nos.	Messrs. Firebricks & Tiles Works, Mugma	4,009 0 0 f.o.r. Barakar.
6. SF1/133875/1.—Firebricks	2,400 "	Messrs. Kumardhubi Fireclay & Silica Works, Calcutta.	1,088 0 0 f.o.r. Kumardhubi.

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

The following particulars have been received from the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore:—

Result of Advertised Tender No. 210-S/22/11 for Pans, Receptacles and Carts Conservancy.

Description of Stores.	Quantity Ordered.	Rate Accepted.	Name of Successful Tenderer.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.		
1. Pans, iron, black, latrine with two handles, 1'11½" x 10" x 3½" deep.	8,000 Nos.	2 0 11 each	Messrs. Simplex Steel Products Ltd., through Messrs. Buckwell & Co., Lahore.	Against licence to be issued by this Ry. to effect manufacture.
2. Receptacles, iron, night soil, with covers	4,000 "	6 12 0 "	Messrs. Dewan Chand & Sons, Lahore	Without licence using their material.
3. Carts, conservancy, iron, night soil, single bullock, 110 gallons capacity, fitted with pneumatic tyres.	40 "	375 0 0 "	Messrs. V. & P. Store Trading Co., Murli Lal's Building, Hardas Street, Ranchoore Lane, Karachi.	Same as against item 1.
4. Carts, conservancy, iron, rubbish, single, fitted with pneumatic tyres, capacity 50 cu.ft.	12 "	375 0 0 "		

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 6th December 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	981	1,926	14,497	19,606	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat		10	25	52	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan	1,044	893	1,850	3,807	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan	147	283	7,067	13,406	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country		1,090	5,425	16,169	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	1,191	2,276	14,367	33,434	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					
The Province of Sind	22,466	20,614	172,295	188,943	All districts in the Province.
Bengal—					
The Province of Bengal	553	94	3,460	2,033	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces—					
1. Upper Doab	..	..	..	..	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	160	..	160	..	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	(a)1,625	..	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardol, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almorah, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	160	..	1,785	..	
Punjab—					
1. Ambala	1,453	877	4,540	5,279	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
2. Jullundur	..	250	374	250	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	1,308	532	(b)3,862	4,074	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	191	1,573	191	2,654	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
5. Multan	16,482	17,621	(c)43,603	42,131	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	2,025	3,080	(d)14,071	10,812	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	21,459	23,938	66,731	65,200	
Central Provinces—					
1. Jabulpore	..	..	..	..	Jabulpore, Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	..	..	..	..	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	1,088	1,274	(e)1,667	2,635	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	2,845	2,230	(f)7,062	4,680	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
5. Satpura	..	..	..	..	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
TOTAL	3,933	3,504	8,729	7,315	
Berar—					
Berar	19,791	18,470	(g)46,518	60,949	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yotmal.
Assam—					
The Province of Assam	(h)	45	..	255	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara—					
Ajmer-Merwara	334	..	2,703	574	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras—					
Madras*	390	3,237	(i)23,234	49,383	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	70,277	72,178	344,872	408,091	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province. *For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 31st August 1946.

(a) Not reported before.
 (b) Includes 481 bales not reported before.
 (c) " 7,445 " " " "
 (d) " 1,416 " " " "
 (e) " 3 " " " "
 (f) " 273 " " " "
 (g) " 2,232 " " " "
 (h) Return not yet received.
 (i) Includes 2,325 bales not reported before.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 6th December 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	8,157	4,827	22,674
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	(a)	467	1,970	6,086
Gwalior	(a)	..	580	244
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	(a)	7,994	7,663	21,445
Nabha	(a)	2,152	2,151	4,941
Jind	(a)	580	475	1,097
Faridkot	(a)	425	..	1,724
Patiala	(a)	3,700	2,118	12,693
Malerkotla	(a)	491	..	491
Khairpur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	15,322	12,407	42,391
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	..	..	..	..
Bikaner	825	440	2,475	440
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..
Jalpur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	825	440	2,475	440
Central India States—				
Indore	..	..	..	..
Bhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..
Ratlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	..	..	..	..
Barwani	..	..	..	..
Jhabua	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	..	..	..	..

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 6th December 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States				
Agency—				
Bhavnagar	..	..	..	..
Junagadh	..	..	..	..
Dhrangadhra	(a)	..	5,950	..
Morvi	..	..	..	..
Cutch	(a)	..	1,506	..
Nawanagar	(a)	64	286	106
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Gondal	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	(a)	..	..	1,363
Limbdi	..	..	..	..
Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Muli	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar	..	..	..	..
Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	..	..	..	..
Katosan	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	..	..	..	..
Bantva Majmu	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhotu Udepur	..	..	..	..
Camby	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Balasinhor	..	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas—				
Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gothda	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Jamkhandli	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savanur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	..	64	7,742	1,469
GRAND TOTAL	825	24,450	29,981	73,304

(a) Statement not yet received.
 III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 6th December 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelles	..	..	(a)38,359	46,997
Nadam, Bourbon and Uppam	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	168	1,725	(b)94,418	91,510
Karunganni	..	..	(c)41,083	..
Northerns	..	..	6,163	175,419
Westerns	222	1,339	62,442	..
Mungari	..	..	968	..
Cocanadas	..	173	(d)9,710	10,646
TOTAL	390	3,237	252,543	314,572

(a) Includes 1,112 bales not reported before.
 (b) " 1,072 " " " "
 (c) " 58 " " " "
 (d) " 83 " " " "

FOREIGN TRADE OF MADRAS IN OCTOBER 1946.

The following statement gives particulars of the foreign sea-borne trade of the Province of Madras during the month of October 1946, as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year:—

Description of Articles.	Unit.	October 1945.		October 1946.		Difference.		REMARKS.
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Imports.								
Building and Engineering materials—Asphalt	Tons	6,970	9,87,849	9	1,852	—6,970	—9,85,997	Small arrivals from Iran and smaller arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Chemicals and Chemical Preparations—Sodium compounds—Cathodic soda	Cwts.	86,001	8,42,308	1,402	82,818	—30,599	—4,59,087	Small arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Sulphur	"	24	1,484	35,159	2,39,949	+85,115	+2,38,595	Larger imports from the U. S. A.
Other sorts of Chemicals	Value	—	14,58,986	—	8,98,979	—	—8,90,018	Smaller imports from the U. K. and Canada.
Dyeing and tanning substances—Barks for tanning	Cwts.	—	—	24,982	2,91,691	+24,982	+2,91,691	Larger imports from the Union of South Africa and the Commonwealth of Australia.
Other sorts	"	149	8,825	18,468	3,15,792	+18,319	+3,10,977	Larger imports from U. K. and large import from Kenya Colony and the Union of South Africa.
Fruits and Vegetables—Dried, salted or preserved—Cashewnuts.	Tons	1,885	8,63,137	299	1,17,449	—1,586	—4,45,708	Smaller arrivals from Portuguese East Africa.
Grains, pulse and flour—Wheat	"	24,171	52,74,173	—	—	—24,171	—52,74,173	Small arrivals from the Commonwealth of Australia and the U. S. A.
Machinery and mill-work—Electrical machinery	Value	—	9,02,741	—	12,57,599	—	+3,54,858	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Textile machinery	"	—	3,59,075	—	8,37,398	—	+4,99,523	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Other sorts of machinery	"	—	2,97,113	—	28,32,812	—	+25,35,699	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Manures (excluding oil-cake)—Sulphate of Ammonia.	Tons	4,360	9,29,141	2,000	4,71,225	—2,360	—4,57,916	Smaller arrivals from the Commonwealth of Australia.
Metals and Ores—Aluminium	Cwts.	3,727	2,68,464	841	1,02,174	—2,886	—1,86,590	Smaller arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Brass	"	2,024	1,44,145	30,864	15,05,985	+28,840	+13,59,840	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Copper	"	398	29,070	2,801	2,19,262	+2,403	+1,90,192	Larger arrivals from the Commonwealth of Australia.
Steel ingots, blooms, billets and slabs	Tons	—	—	2,258	5,27,600	+2,258	+5,27,600	Larger arrivals from the Commonwealth of Australia.
Oil—mineral—Fuel oils—Diesel oils	Galls.	337,886	2,24,129	6,016,514	17,99,022	+5,678,628	+25,72,895	Larger arrivals from Iran.
Other fuel oils	"	897,026	2,31,915	4,624,570	14,01,764	+3,727,544	+11,80,149	Smaller arrivals from the U. S. A.
Kerosene, in bulk	"	295,470	2,07,732	6,359,592	34,80,169	+6,064,122	+22,22,417	Larger arrivals from Iran and large arrivals from Bahrain Islands.
Lubricating oils—other lubricating oils	"	544,273	10,84,504	385,372	6,01,450	—158,901	—4,83,074	Larger arrivals from U. K. and U. S. A.
Petroleum, dangerous, etc., Motor spirit.	"	2,086,460	18,82,450	5,824,449	36,46,635	+3,737,989	+17,64,203	Larger arrivals from the U. K. and U. S. A.
Paper and pasteboard	Cwts.	5,690	2,97,562	22,929	8,00,125	+17,239	+5,12,543	Larger arrivals from the U. K. and U. S. A.
Precious stones and Pearls unset	Value	—	87,648	—	2,56,235	—	+2,18,687	Larger arrivals from the U. K. and U. S. A.
Provisions and Oilman's stores	"	—	94,769	—	2,59,152	—	+1,94,383	Larger arrivals from the U. K., Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia and U. S. A.
Textiles—Cotton, raw	Tons	—	—	1,840	53,83,951	+1,840	+53,83,951	Larger arrivals from the U. K. and Egypt.
Vehicles (excluding locomotives, etc., for railways)—Motor cars.	Nos.	—	—	118	4,79,869	+118	+4,79,869	Larger arrivals from the U. K., Canada, France and U. S. A.
Other Articles	Value	—	53,48,705	—	73,23,693	—	+24,80,189	Larger arrivals from the U. K. and U. S. A.
TOTAL IMPORTS	Value	—	2,07,53,321	—	3,52,47,454	—	+1,44,94,133	

FOREIGN TRADE OF MADRAS IN OCTOBER 1946—contd.

Description of Articles.	Unit.	October 1945.		October 1946.		Difference.		REMARKS.
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Exports.								
Coir manufactured—Coir yarn	Cwts.	20,715	5,51,677	71,341	28,69,557	+50,626	+23,17,880	Larger exports to the U. K. and large exports to the Continental countries.
Mats and matting	"	19,941	11,45,863	37,646	26,89,733	+17,705	+15,43,870	Smaller export to Ceylon.
Fibre for brushes and brooms	Tons	71	34,681	1,231	10,79,444	+1,160	+10,44,763	Smaller export to the U. K. and U. S. A.
Fish, dry, unsalted	Cwts.	24,402	14,29,007	7,568	4,71,715	—16,834	—9,57,292	Larger exports to the Commonwealth of Australia and the U. S. A.
Fruits, dried, etc.—Cashew kernels	Tons	1,635	66,18,298	522	18,58,838	—1,013	—47,59,460	Smaller export to the U. K. and U. S. A.
Goat skins, raw	"	—	—	79	4,52,192	+79	+4,52,192	Larger exports to the U. K. and U. S. A.
Sheep skins, raw	"	35	1,01,041	105	4,13,295	+70	+3,12,254	Larger exports to the U. S. A.
Leather—Buffalo hides (tanned)	"	—	—	42	2,39,710	+42	+2,39,710	Larger exports to the U. K. and U. S. A.
Cow hides (tanned)	"	815	30,48,503	1,599	73,46,139	+784	+42,97,636	Larger export to the U. K. and large export to U. S. A.
Buffalo calf skins (tanned)	"	5	16,575	56	2,62,947	+51	+2,46,372	Larger exports to the U. K. and large export to U. S. A.
Cow calf skins (tanned)	"	18	90,046	64	4,19,688	+46	+3,29,642	Larger exports to the U. K. and large exports to U. S. A.
Goat skins (tanned)	"	375	25,44,223	626	66,75,270	+251	+41,31,047	Larger exports to the U. K. and U. S. A. and large export to Switzerland.
Sheep skins (tanned)	"	148	11,74,664	147	20,81,465	—1	+9,06,801	Strait Settlements and Switzerland. (Decrease in quantity is due to high cost).
Other skins (tanned)	"	4	1,32,603	6	5,01,286	+2	+3,68,683	Larger export to the U. S. A.
Metals—Ores and Minerals—Manganese ore	Cwts.	—	—	57,246	24,56,642	+57,246	+24,56,642	Larger export to Belgium, Sweden and the U. S. A.
Mica—Blocks	Galls.	24	13,028	1,452	2,28,789	+1,418	+2,15,763	Larger export to the United Kingdom.
Oil, vegetable—Groundnut	"	1,991	6,000	15,402	8,65,615	+13,411	+8,59,615	Larger export to Burma.
Seeds—Non-essential—Cotton seeds	Tons	19,080	61,71,211	651	2,08,324	+651	+2,08,324	Large export to the United Kingdom.
Linseed	"	19,040	12,38,420	1,337	5,97,024	+1,337	+5,97,024	No export to the United Kingdom.
Spices—Pepper	Cwts.	8,659,827	56,43,606	1,108,664	11,05,653	—7,551,163	—75,37,953	Large exports to the U. S. A.
Tea, black	Lbs.	—	—	—	—	—	—	Smaller exports to the U. K. and no export to U. S. A. and Ceylon.
Textiles—Cotton manufactures—Hosiery	Value	—	40,823	—	6,99,217	—	+6,58,394	Larger export to Ceylon and large export to Burma.
Cotton Piecegoods—Coloured, printed or dyed	Yards	1,181,276	22,14,024	3,470,553	58,14,386	+2,289,307	+36,00,362	Larger export to Ceylon and large export to Burma, the Straits Settlements and Kenya Colony.
Hemp, raw	Cwts.	—	—	36,466	14,39,947	+36,466	+14,39,947	Large export to the United Kingdom.
Tobacco—Unmanufactured	Lbs.	810,636	8,30,068	14,798,800	1,39,17,823	+13,988,134	+1,30,87,765	Larger export to the United Kingdom and large exports to Ceylon, China, Belgium, Denmark and other Continental countries.
Postal Articles	Value	—	42,398	—	10,04,416	—	+9,62,018	Larger exports to the U. K. and Ceylon.
Other Articles	"	—	37,60,663	—	59,29,966	—	+21,69,283	
TOTAL EXPORTS	Value	—	3,98,47,440	—	62,10,669	—	+2,22,63,229	
Re-exports . . . TOTAL	Value	—	53,60,214	—	1,74,589	—	—51,85,625	
Progressive Totals for the Seven Months ending October—								
Imports	Value	—	13,90,61,592	—	18,82,97,698	—	+4,92,36,116	
Exports	"	—	22,32,66,091	—	30,77,36,476	—	+8,44,70,385	
Re-exports	"	—	66,10,665	—	22,75,177	—	—43,35,508	

FOR CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.

Green Tea for Export.

(The above do not include Second-hand Tea, Damaged Tea and Dust.)

* 1 bale=400 lbs.
 ** Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.
 † The East India Cotton Association's Report for week ending
 8th November, 1946.
 ‡ Kenya Colony, Tanganyika Territory and Uganda Protectorate.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.

(b) Exports—contd.

(ii) From 1st September to 9th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	78	9
" Karachi	45	37
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending March, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *.)			
	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	Mar., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Mar., 1946.
United Kingdom	7	26	14	105
U. S. A.	31	35	41	166
Australia	..	14	..	16
Other Countries	28	13	88	197
TOTAL, 1945-46	66	88	143	484
" 1944-45	11	20	15	128
" 1943-44	13	40	28	172

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 6th December—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs.

Rs. 462 (Jan.).

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,438,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,580,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 9th November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	191	191
Bombay	..	1,504	1,504
Karachi	14	382	396
Madras	..	249	249

(ii) From 1st January to 9th November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	11,553	11,573
Bombay	11	81,278	81,289
Karachi	58	8,910	8,968
Madras	..	11,027	11,027

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	3	..	..	..	1	..
Bombay	..	..	24	17	21	5
Karachi	..	..	..	6	84	22
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 29th November—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	..
(2) Domestic 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.	..
(3) Chadars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	..
(4) Dhories (up to ½" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs.	..
(5) Dhories (Calcutta, ½" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	2 4 0

† Manchester, 18th October—

Price Index of cloth	244
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1933.)	

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 9th November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	302	302
Bombay	..	9,233	9,233
Karachi	..	274	274
Madras	..	960	960

(ii) From 1st January to 9th November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	37,417	37,460
Bombay	30	338,490	338,520
Karachi	..	6,170	6,170
Madras	..	35,080	35,080

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 29th November—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	..
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, "	1 1 9

† Manchester, 18th October—

Price index of American yarn	241
" " " Egyptian "	229
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1933.)	

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

Cow Hides—

† Calcutta, 13th December—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..
(2) Darbhanges	..	..
(3) Patnas	..	..
(4) Salted cows, Daccas Rs. 20-0 to Rs. 22-0	} per 20 lbs.	

Buffalo Hides—

† Calcutta, 13th December—

(1) Arsenic, Framed	..	..
(2) " Commons . Rs. 13-0 to Rs. 15-0	} per 20 lbs.	

Goat Skins—

† Calcutta, 13th December—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 280 to Rs. 310
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Rs. 180 " Rs. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—

Market Quotations—

§ Madras, 28th November—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Tanned—		
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to 2 5 0
(2) Buff hides "	1 12 0	" 1 14 0
(3) Sheep skins "	5 0 0	" 7 0 0
(4) Goat skins "	4 8 0	" 6 0 0

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 13th December—

Pig Iron—	
Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Rs. 98
† London, 8th & 22nd October—	£ s. d.
Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	8 9 3
Steel, rails, heavy " "	15 12 0

JUTE (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	58	102
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer|| . . . . .	81	144
TOTAL	139	246

(ii) From 1st July to 9th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	854	1,219
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer|| . . . . .	1,014	1,540
TOTAL	1,868	2,759

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	22	157

(ii) From 1st July to 9th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	450	620

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

(n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—

CASTOR OIL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 13th December—

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 63-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 62-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 61-8-0

† Madras, 4th December—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs. Rs. 272

COCONUT OIL—

Market Quotations—

† Cochin, 7th December—

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, { Rs. 637-8 Ready.
per candy (654 lbs.). { Rs. 635-0 One month.

GROUNDNUT OIL—

Market Quotations—

§ Madras, 7th December—

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs. Rs. 245

OILS (MINERAL)—

KEROSENE OIL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 13th December—

Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ Rs. 4-4-3 || Rs. 4-7-3 ¶ Rs. 3-13-6 ¶ Rs. 4-0-6 ¶
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	{ Rs. 4-0-6 ¶

PETROL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 13th December—

Petrol, per Imperial gallon Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		5,821	4,779

- * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
- † Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.
- ‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
- § Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.
- || Ex-godown.
- ¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.
- ** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	5,128
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 9th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		235,168	40,374

From 1st January to 9th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	27,351

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 13th December—

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..	..
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..	..
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..	..	..

SHELLAC—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 13th December—

T. N. per B. maund Rs. 118

London, 12th December—

T. N. Orange, per cwt. £ s. d.
17 10 0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—

(a) Despatches—

During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined.	(In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea			975	3,001
" Bombay by rail			799	992
" Karachi " "			..	10

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
* A' grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
* B' grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
* C' grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

Of 1945 :—		Refined. (In cwt.)			
		Java.	Mauri- tius.	Other Europe. Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	.	..	..	..	..
Bombay	.	..	..	..	..
Karachi	.	..	..	..	..
Madras	.	..	..	..	..

TOTAL, 1946
" 1945

(c) Market Quotations—

* Cawnpore, 30th November—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 20 11 6 to 21 13 6	{ 16 1 6 to 16 12 6
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 2 0	16 8 0
Basti, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 0 0	16 6 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	21 6 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	20 15 6	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta (30th Nov. '46)	10,082†	(30th Nov. '45)	28,937
Bombay (9th " ")	15,000	(" ")	..
Karachi (30th " ")	12,330	(" ")	..
Madras (28th " ")	7,719	(29th Nov. '45)	15,852

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending 7th December:—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siswa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..

Eating—

(3) Madras	19 5	13 9
(4) Ahmednagar	44 0	12 5
(5) Lyalpur	19 0	13 0
(6) Muzaffarnagar	12 2	9 5
(7) Meerut	..	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	18 0	10 13
(9) Dacca (best quality)	..	20 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

† Kidderpore Docks only.

‡ The figure of stocks at Calcutta, viz., 3,433 bags shown in the Indian Trade Journal (page 355), dated the 14th November 1946, relates to 26th October 1946 and not to the 25th October 1946.

TEA—

(a) Arrivals—

During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		13,193	11,807

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		250	46,405
" Chittagong		9,341	..

(ii) During the three months ending March, 1946 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)			
	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	Mar., 1946.	July, '45 to Mar., 1946.
United Kingdom .	27,182	9,726	7,137	217,790
Iraq . . .	..	553	—	1,480
Iran . . .	60	3,087	97	5,668
Canada . . .	..	793	..	18,720
United States of America . . .	10,315	2,338	1,613	49,070
Australia . . .	2,119	..	103	13,880
Other Countries .	2,012	1,351	494	18,705
TOTAL, 1945-46 .	41,688	17,848	9,444	325,313
" 1944-45 .	40,963	22,398	17,193	341,607
" 1943-44 .	27,831	44,333	46,862	327,219

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 10th & 11th December—

† Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. Rs. 1-9-8

WHEAT—

(a) Imports and Exports—

(i) During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)			
	1946.		1945.	
	Indian†.	Foreign.	Indian†.	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta . .	..	..	1,037	17,114
Bombay . .	..	..	..	..
Karachi . .	..	..	164	..

* Relating to tea, black.

† See also page 630.

‡ In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..

During week ending 9th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi	..	..	..

(ii) From 1st April to 9th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Calcutta	..	778	84,869
Bombay	..	3,290	..
Karachi	..	97,656	..

From 1st April to 9th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..

From 1st April to 9th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi	..	102,004	58,948

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 31st October—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 13th December—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—concl.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyallpur, 2nd & 9th August—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Rs. 9-10-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1945-46 is now estimated at 8,882,000 tons, as against 10,458,000 tons in 1944-45.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 11th December—

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Rs. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 13th December—

	Jute (50 c. ft.) Plus 15% Surcharge.	Linseed (20 cwt.) Surcharge.
London §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)
Liverpool §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)
Dundee §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)
Glasgow §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)

‡ Bombay, 6th December—

Cotton (40 c. ft.)—	
United Kingdom ports	102 0
Antwerp	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..
Trieste, Venice	..
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—	
Linseed, Rape, etc.—	
United Kingdom ports	92 0
Antwerp	..
Marseilles	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..
Trieste, Venice	..
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—	
Cotton, etc.—	
United Kingdom ports	89 0
Marseilles	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..
Groundnuts—	
United Kingdom ports	98 0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

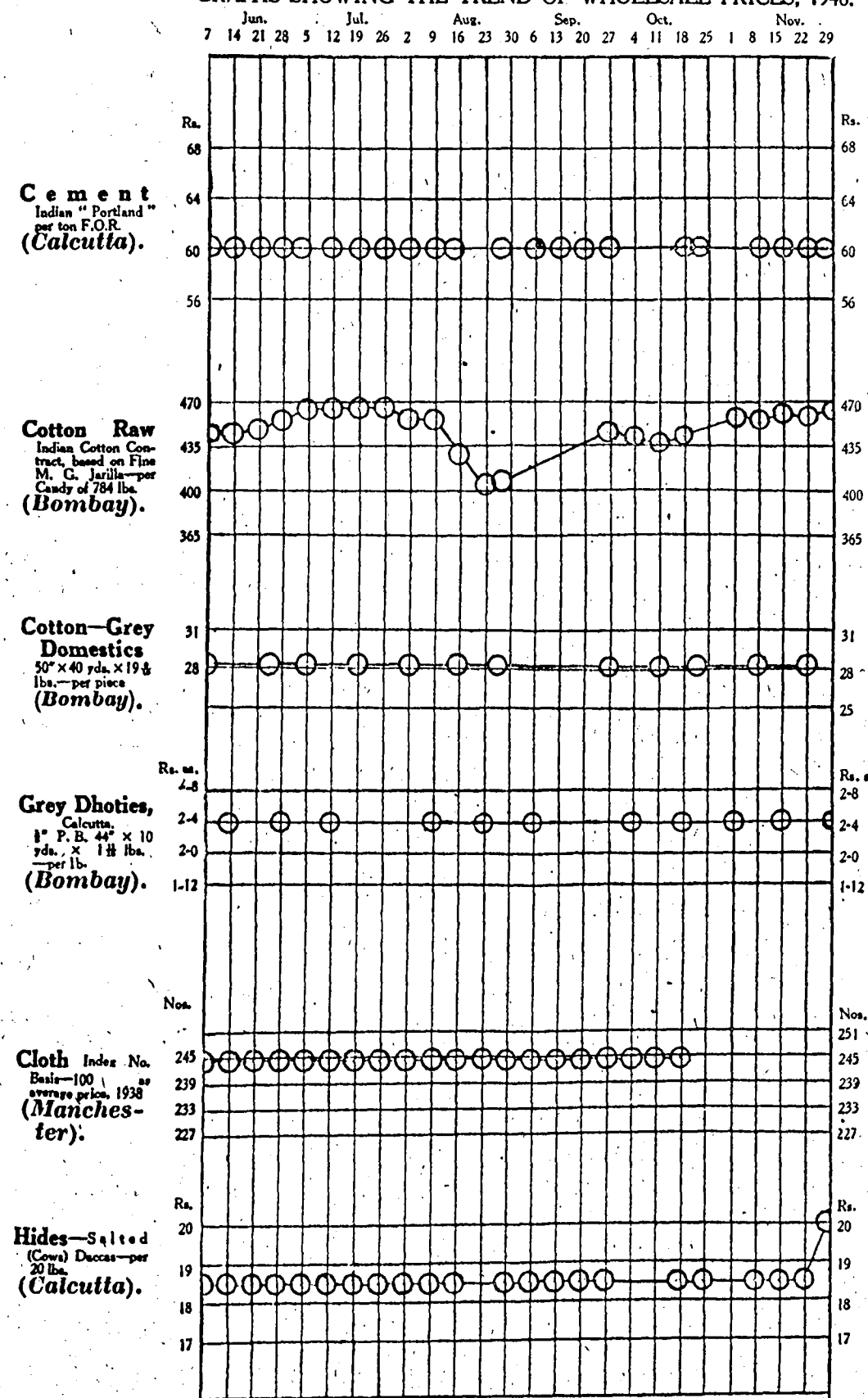
† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

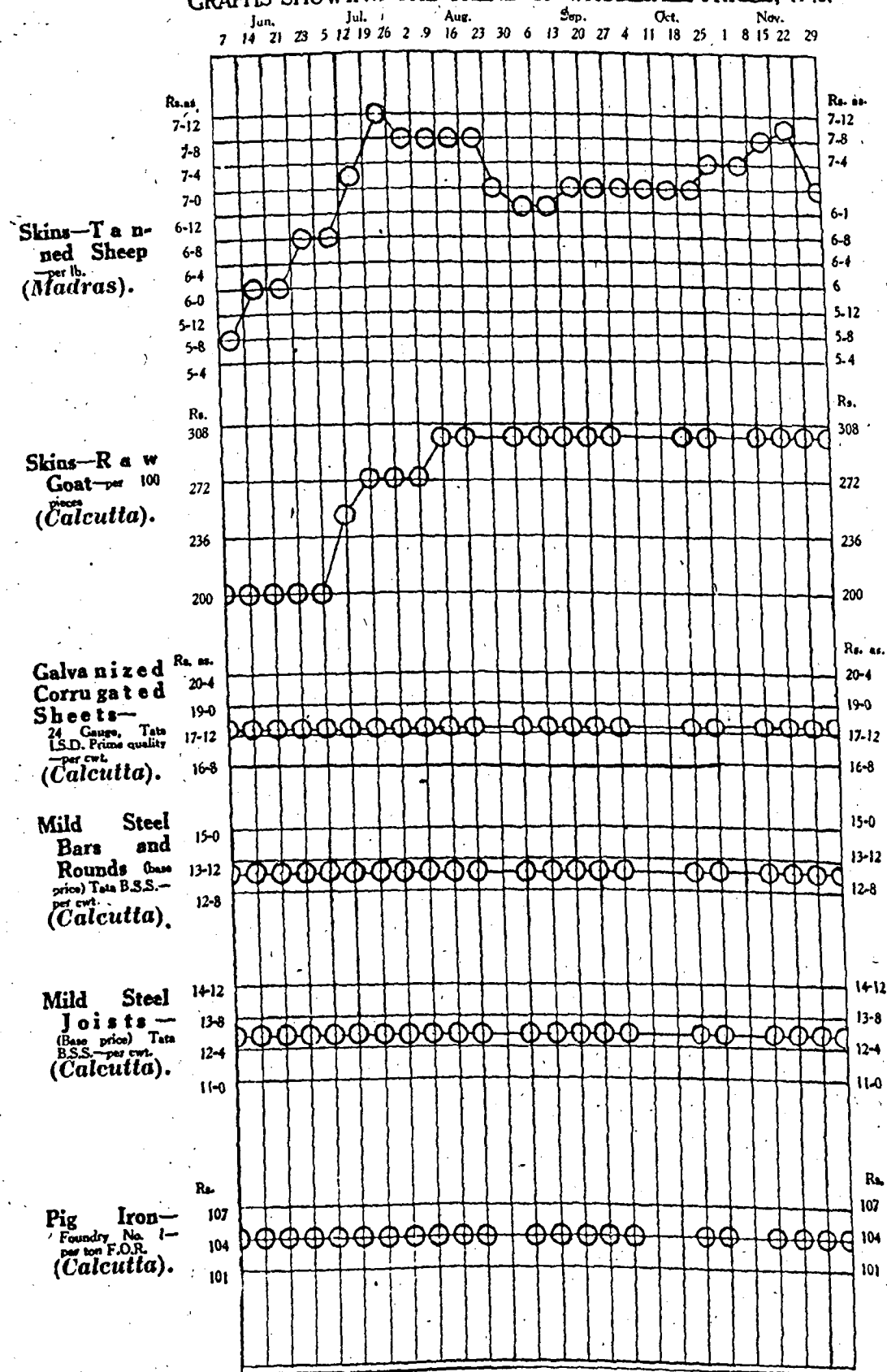
§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal.

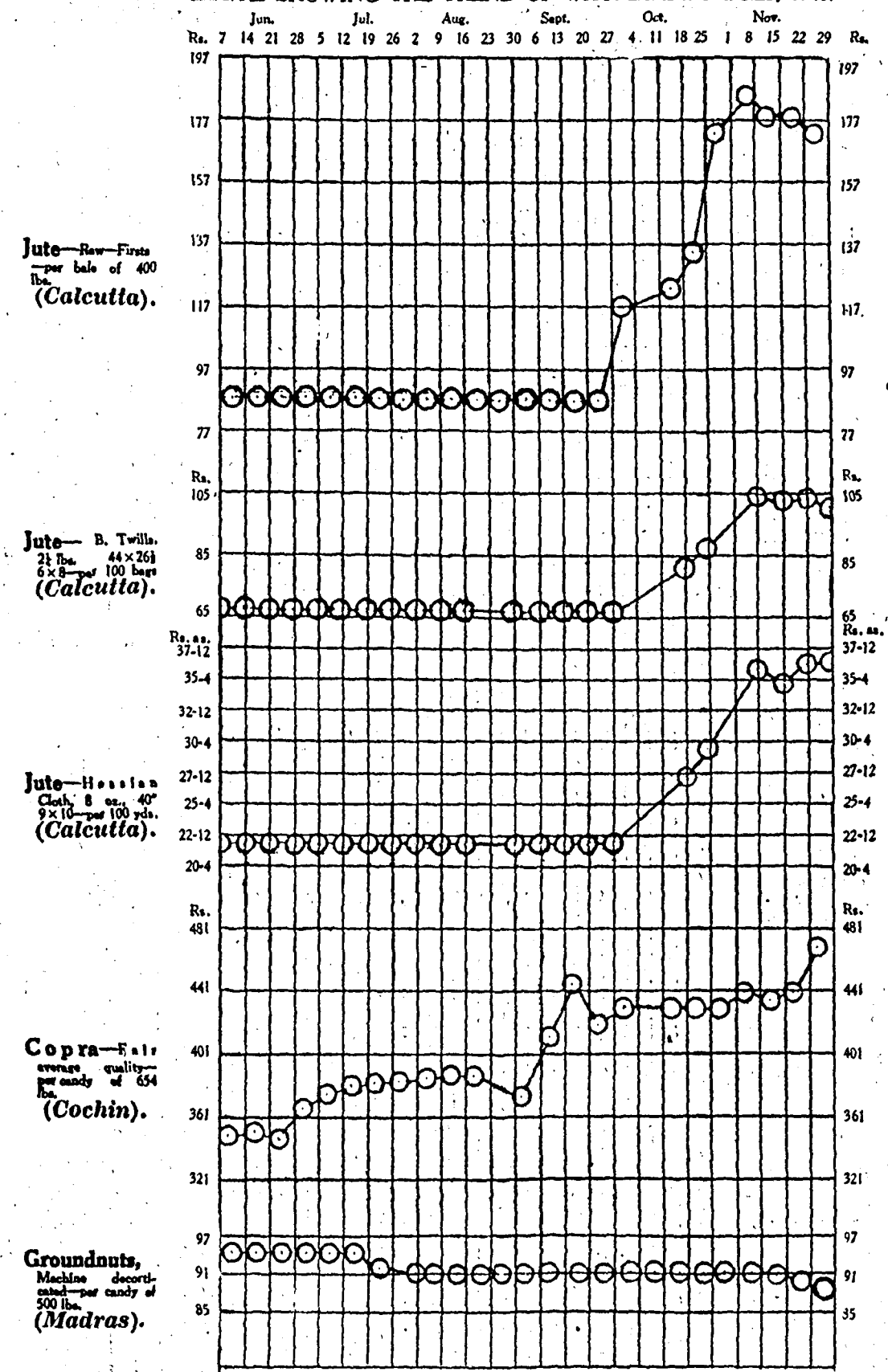
GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



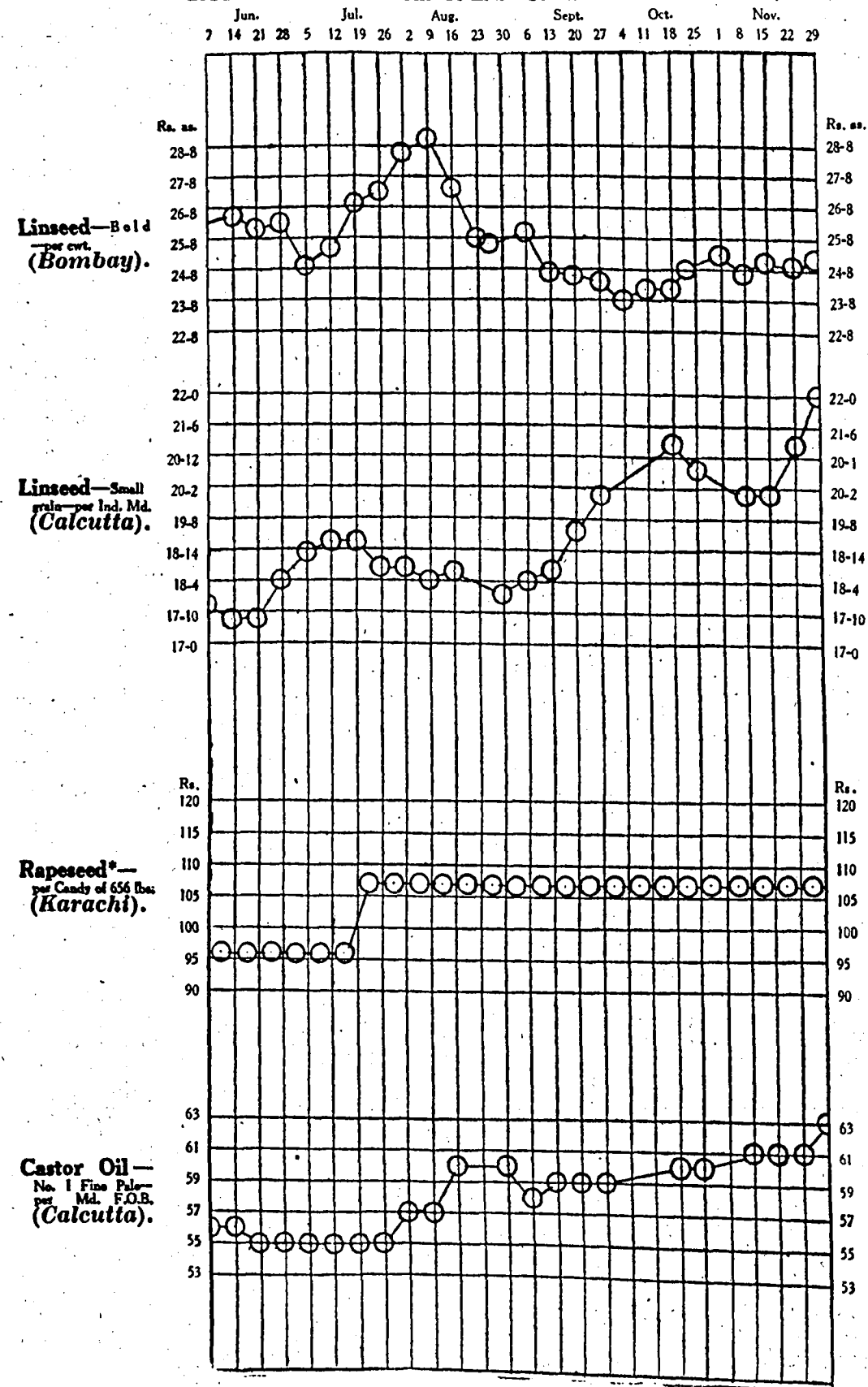
GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.

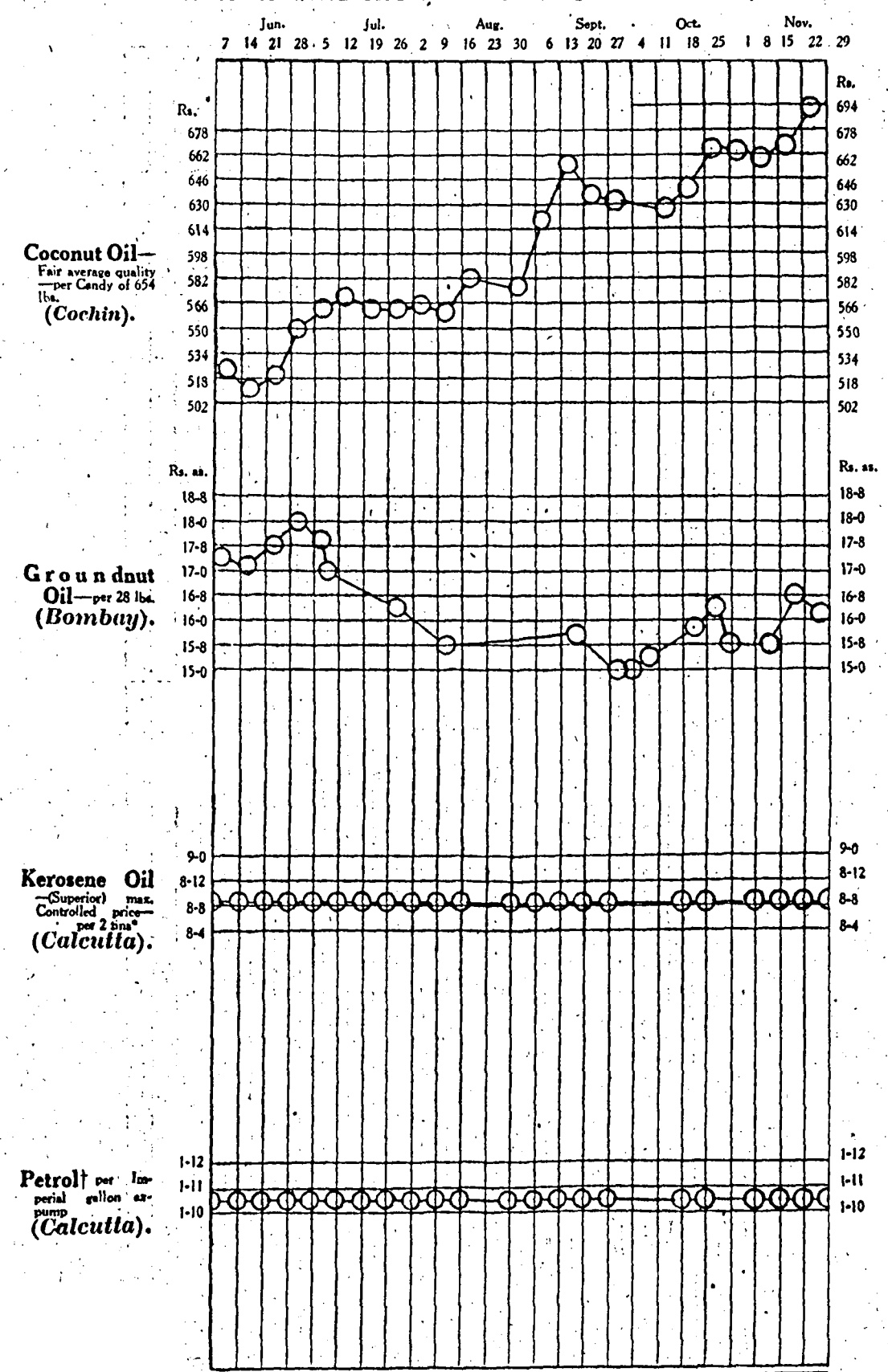


GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



* From May 29 to July 17, Govt. Controlled price in producing areas, and since July 24, ex-godown in Karachi City.

GRAPHS SHOWING THE TREND OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1946.



* Agents' selling price to dealers, ex-godown.
† Retail. Includes Sales Tax.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

Monday evening Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

SECURITY PRICES—

London, 20th December—

British Conversion (3½ per cent) 114½

British War Loan (3½ per cent) 107½

EXCHANGE—

20th December—

Telegraphic Transfer Selling. Buying.

On New York D/D \$100— Re. 332½ Re. 329½

London/New York \$4.02½

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay, 21st December—

Gold (.999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 101.8; forward Rs. 96.13.

London, 25th October—

Gold, per fine oz. £8.12.3

Silver—

Bombay—

21st December—

Silver (.999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 145.4; forward Rs. 140.12.

BULLION MARKET—contd.

Silver—contd.

Bombay—contd.

16th December—

Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Ra. 136.8

London, 19th December—

Silver, spot, per fine oz. 55½d.

New York, 19th December—

Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 87 cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 13TH DECEMBER 1946—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 23rd December 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta :—

	Ra.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	739,99,03,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	329,03,03,000 *
3. Cash in India—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	38,29,11,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,82,81,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	73,76,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	73,15,27,000
5. Advances in India	429,71,01,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	22,43,10,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	13-12-46.	6-12-46.	14-12-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	739,99,03	739,03,01	685,69,39	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	329,03,68	330,91,03	275,42,11	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	41,95,68	42,33,39	35,11,82	6,09,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	73,15,27	81,29,44	75,23,83	23,17,10
5. Advances in India	429,71,60	423,80,34	291,99,70	101,52,16
6. Bills discounted in India	22,43,10	22,79,37	18,80,09	3,57,29

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MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 13th December 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Ra.	ASSETS.	Ra.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	39,09,72,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	29,47,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,64,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	445,67,19,000	(a) Internal	—
(2) Government of Burma	16,29,000	(b) External	—
(3) Other Government Accounts	18,12,53,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	44,22,000
(b) Banks	77,24,90,000	Balances held abroad*	484,99,87,000
(c) Others	16,55,54,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	39,00,000
Bills Payable	4,38,50,000	Other Loans and Advances	28,20,000
Other Liabilities	9,23,06,000	Investments	30,40,45,000
		Other Assets	25,54,44,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	581,38,01,000	TOTAL ASSETS	581,38,01,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

As Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 13th December 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Ra.	Ra.	ASSETS.	Ra.	Ra.
Notes held in the Banking Department	39,09,72,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,219,16,83,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
Total Notes issued		1,258,26,55,000	(b) Held outside India	—	
			Sterling Securities	1,135,32,89,000	
			Total of A		1,179,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		20,68,07,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,14,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		—
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,258,26,55,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,258,26,55,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.759 per cent.

60% SAVING IN CURRENT
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B. 3062 W. 22-3-47.

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Business Notice

TRADE ENQUIRIES.

The following trade enquiries have been received by the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, who will welcome replies to be addressed to him direct by any individual or firm interested.

Firms replying to these enquiries should furnish their bank references with their replies.

Replies to enquiries for more than one commodity should specify in which of them the respondent is interested.

FOREIGN—

Buttons.

(JJ—89) A firm in Los Angeles (California) desires to be put in touch with exporters in India of Ornamental or Fancy Buttons made of metal, stone, wood or fabric.

Self-colour Woollen Carpets.

(JJ—70) A correspondent in Kabul (Afghanistan) wants to be put in touch with exporters in India of machine-made self-colour Woollen Carpets of superior quality in exquisite design and attractive colours.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

CROPS. Madras, week ending 7th December.—Rainfall very heavy in Nellore, South Arcot, Chingleput, Madras, North Arcot, Tanjore and Nilgiris; heavy in Cuddapah, Chittoor, Salem, Trichinopoly, Madura, Tinnevely and Malabar; moderate in Coimbatore and Ramnad; fair in Anantapur and South Kanara; and light or nil elsewhere. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Bellary, Nellore, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely and South Kanara and of dry crops in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Salem, Coimbatore and Ramnad proceeding. Standing crops generally fair except in Guntur. Harvesting of paddy in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Guntur, Kistna, Bellary, Cuddapah, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madura, Malabar, South Kanara and Nilgiris in progress. Outturn generally fair. Bihar, week ending 16th December.—Except for light rain at Buxar and Siwan, no rain anywhere. Condition and prospects of standing crops reported fair on the whole. Sowing of rabi crops and harvesting of aghani paddy still continued. Orissa, week ending 16th December.—Except for light rainfall in Berhampur, no rain elsewhere. Harvesting of paddy in all districts in progress. Sowing of wheat in

Cuttack and Puri districts going on. Pressing of sugarcane in Cuttack and Puri districts and threshing of winter paddy in Puri district commenced. Standing crops, including rabi crops, paddy, sugarcane and tobacco, generally thriving. Punjab, week ending 16th December.—Weather remained dry except in parts of Hissar, Ambala, Jullundur, Ferozepore, Lahore and Sialkot districts where rain varying in amount from 0.05" to 1.16" received. Rain badly needed in Gurgaon and Mianwali districts. Condition of standing crops average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 14th December.—Weather generally cloudy and cool. Light scattered showers of rain received in Saugor, Jabulpore, Hoshangabad, Nimar, Wardha, Chanda and Balaghat districts and in Berar. Persistence of cloudy weather apprehended to prove unfavourable to rabi crops in general. In water-logged areas of Chhindwara district, wheat seedlings reported to have become yellow. Elsewhere standing rabi crops in satisfactory condition. Showers received during week reported to have further affected cotton in Amraoti and Yeotmal districts which already suffered damage owing to November rains. Harvesting of paddy nearing completion. Threshing of paddy in full swing in all rice districts. Picking of cotton continued.

Intermediate Crop Reports. Sugarcane: Madras.—Condition of crop reported generally satisfactory in all districts. Yield per acre expected normal or slightly below normal if there is no deterioration in seasonal conditions.

Cotton. Bombay, 10th December.—While during greater part of session forward cotton prices presented narrow fluctuations and quietly steady tendency, during final stage nervous long liquidation on large scale, depressed sentiment with result prices lost about Rs. 3. Indian Cotton Contract January opened around Rs. 466.4 and after easing to Rs. 465.12, rate moved up gradually and fluctuated between Rs. 466 and Rs. 466.6. Thereafter it advanced to Rs. 466.12 but soon fell back to Rs. 466.4 and hovered between Rs. 466.4 and Rs. 466.8. It rose further to Rs. 467.8 and moved for long time around Rs. 466.8. Towards close it broke sharply to Rs. 463 and finally closed at Rs. 463.8.

Jute. Calcutta, 21st December.—Unchanged. Moderate business reported in Export Firsts at Rs. 158 for January delivery. Hessians 40" 10 oz. quoted at Rs. 47 ready. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 108 ready. Market steadier.

Shellac. Calcutta, 20th December.—T. N. Rs. 132 per B. Maund.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. Madras, 11th December:—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0	to 2 5 0
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 12 0	„ 1 14 0
Sheep skins, per lb.	5 0 0	„ 7 0 0
Goat skins, per lb.	4 8 0	„ 6 0 0

Tea. Twenty-third Tea Sale, Calcutta, 17th and 18th December:—12,507 packages of tea at average price Re. 1.9-10 and 20,593 packages dust at average price Re. 1.6-7 sold for consumption in India. 1,134 packages Green tea at average price Re. 1.12-1 sold for export. Demand strongest for pekoe fannings, leaf grades and commonest sorts all of which were dearer than last week. Other sorts opened on lower basis but grew firmer as sale progressed and ended up showing little change in value. Darjeelings met keen competition and sold above valuation. Green teas for export irregular at and around valuations, with margin between polished and unpolished sorts being reduced. Market for Dusts firm and advanced 3 to 6 pies above last rates as sale progressed.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 23rd December—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 58-0-0
per md. loose.	
Linseed oil, Up-country Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 53-0-0
per md. loose.	

Summary of Market Conditions.—Prices have been marked down to still lower levels during the week, and very little activity has been reported. Quiet conditions have prevailed also in the oil market. Local mills show little interest at present, and in anticipation of lower levels, have been buying only for immediate requirements. Small ready stocks being available locally, sellers have been more in evidence than buyers.

Bombay, 19th December—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 18-0-0
per quarter.	

[No stock figures are available.]

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B. 3183 W. 21-10-47.



"PUBLICITY SYNDICATE."

GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUE'S AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE. CLAIMS FOR COMPENSATION FOR WAR DAMAGE IN POLAND—

The following Press Note, dated the 14th December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

It is hereby notified for general information that a war compensation office has been set up in the city of Warsaw to deal with claims for compensation by owners of property in Poland lost or damaged during the course of hostilities. Full details of the procedure for submitting claims can be obtained from the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

INDIAN PROPERTIES IN JAPAN—

The following Press Note, dated the 18th December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

It is notified for general information that the question of restitution of the property held by Indian nationals in Japan and of the restoration of their rights and interests in that country has been taken up with the appropriate authorities and a list of all the claims already registered with the Director of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, has been forwarded to the Indian Political Representative at Tokyo.

Persons and concerns who held properties and interests in Japan before the outbreak of the war and have not yet registered their claims, are advised to forward immediately full particulars of their claims, together with the copies of relevant documents, to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

LICENCES FOR TEXTILE MACHINERY—

The following Press Note, dated the 17th December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

On May 4, 1946, the Government of India approved an interim plan for the expansion of the Indian cotton textile industry. In consultation with the Provincial Governments licences have been issued to various firms and individuals for the import of textile machinery. Sanctions have also been given for capital issues involved.

The Government of India have received a number of enquiries on the position of these licences. They do not contemplate interfering with anything done in pursuance of acts performed under such authorisation and wish therefore to make it known that licences already given for the import of textile machinery will not be cancelled except for a breach of any condition imposed or implicit in the licence itself.

MAXIMUM PRICES OF COPRA AND COCONUT OIL—

The following Notification [No. 132-Copra (16)/46, dated the 11th December 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to fix, with effect from the 15th December 1946, the maximum prices at which copra and coconut oil shall be sold, as follows:—

Articles.	Maximum price per ton at				
	Cochin.	Madras.	Bombay.	Calcutta.	Karachi.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Copra	884	936	934	978	948
Coconut oil (without container).	1,300	1,450	1,402	1,483	1,475

Provided that where copra or coconut oil is sold at inland places, railway freight to such place from the nearest port may be added to the above prices.

DISCONTINUANCE OF THE TEA BLOCK PURCHASE SCHEME: BAN ON PRIVATE EXPORT OF TEA TO BE WITHDRAWN—

The following Press communiqué, dated the 30th November 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

The Government of India have decided to discontinue the Tea Block Purchase Scheme with effect from 1st January 1947. This scheme was introduced in 1942 at a time when owing to the loss of the Netherlands East Indies to the Enemy, the United Nations were apprehensive of their regular supplies of tea and the producers were not sure whether adequate shipping facilities would be forthcoming for the shipment of their exportable surplus. At the request of His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom, it was then agreed that the whole of the surplus of tea in India should be procured by the Tea Controller for India on behalf of the Ministry of Food with a view to distributing the available supplies equitably to all consuming countries in accordance with the allocations to be made by the Combined Food Board which has since been replaced by the Tea Committee of the International Emergency Food Council.

This scheme has been operating for the last four years but with the cessation of hostilities and the prospect of a return to normal conditions, it is felt that facilities should be given to the tea trade to resume old contracts and cultivate both old and new markets. The producers as well as exporters have for some time past been pressing for an early termination of the Tea Block Purchase Scheme and it has accordingly been decided that with the end of the current contract, the scheme will not be renewed. As a corollary to the termination of the scheme, the ban on private



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B. 3182 W. 31-10-17.

exports of tea which was imposed on the 15th September 1942 will be withdrawn from 1st January 1947, but the question of allocation of destination quotas, is still under consideration and a separate announcement on this subject will be made shortly.

The following Press communiqué, dated the 19th December 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In a Press communiqué issued on December 1, 1946 (see above), the Government of India announced their decision that with the end of the current contract, the Tea Block Purchase Scheme will not be renewed and that the ban on private exports of tea will also be withdrawn from January 1, 1947. It was also announced that the question of continuing the system of destination quotas was receiving the consideration of the Government of India.

The question has been further considered by the Government of India who have now come to the conclusion that a system of destination quotas would not be to the interests either of the consuming countries or the Indian Tea Industry. The Government of India have therefore decided not to continue the destination quota system when the ban on private exports of tea is withdrawn from January 1, 1947. In order, however, to ensure an adequate reserve of tea for internal consumption, it is considered necessary to restrict the issue of export licences under the Indian Tea Control Act, 1938, up to such time as the new crop of 1947 comes into the market. Exporters who are in actual possession of tea as well as of the requisite valid export quota or special export licence should submit applications to the Joint Controllers, Indian Tea Licensing Committee, Calcutta and Coonoor, for North and South India respectively, as the case may be, up to the 10th of each month. Licences will be issued or released on *pro rata* basis, if necessary, by the Joint Controllers, Indian Tea Licensing Committee, during the remainder of the month.

The extent up to which the Joint Controllers will be empowered to issue or release licences each month will be 4 million lbs. each for North and South India, pending further notice.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: CERTAIN SPECIFIED OFFICERS AUTHORISED TO DISCHARGE THE FUNCTION OF SPECIFYING THE PERSONS TO WHOM CLOTH OR YARN MAY BE SOLD OR DELIVERED: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 84-TA/46, dated the 26th November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause 21 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, and with the sanction of the Central Government, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(13)-1/44, dated the 16th December 1944*, namely:—

In the table appended to the said notification after entry No. 8, the following entry shall be added, namely:—

"9. Mr. V. H. Mehta—Deputy Director"

COTTON TEXTILES (CONTROL OF MOVEMENT) ORDER, 1946: DELEGATION OF POWERS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 101-TA/46, dated the 7th December, 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by sub-clause (e) of clause 2 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1946, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 101-T.A./46(ii), dated 20th July 1946*, namely:—

In the table appended to the said notification after entry No. 8 the following entries shall be added, namely:—

- "(9) All Supervisors of Supplies Province of Orissa. (Headquarters) and all Inspectors of Supplies (Headquarters) in the province of Orissa.
- (10) All Supervisors of Supplies, all Inspectors of Supplies, all Sub-Inspectors of Excise, all Tahasildars, all Revenue Inspectors and all Revenue Supervisors in the province of Orissa. Within their respective jurisdiction."

DHARMA VIRA, Textile Commr.

EVERY MANUFACTURER TO SUBMIT TO THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER, BOMBAY, CERTAIN INFORMATION RELATING TO CLOTH AND YARN—

The following Notification [No. 83-T.A./46(iii), dated the 23rd November 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (No. XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that on or before the 28 days of December 1946, and of every succeeding month every manufacturer shall submit to the Textile Commissioner, CST Section, Shahibag House, Witter Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, true and accurate information relating to his undertaking—

- (i) in each of the forms CST-No. 1, CST-No. 2, CST-No. 3, CST-No. 5, CST-No. 6, CST-No. 7 and CST-No. 8 appended hereto in the case of a manufacturer who produces both cloth and yarn;
- (ii) in each of the forms CST-No. 1, CST-No. 2, CST-No. 5 and CST-No. 8 appended hereto in the case of a manufacturer who only produces cloth and has 25 looms or more;
- (iii) in each of the forms CST-No. 5, CST-No. 6, CST-No. 7 and CST-No. 8 appended hereto in the case of a manufacturer who only produces yarn;
- (iv) in form CST-No. 11 appended hereto in the case of a manufacturer who receives cloth for processing from a dealer to whom the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(19)/45, dated

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 28th December 1944, pages 382-83.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 29th August 1946, page 394.

FINEST QUALITY OAK TANNED ROUND LEATHER BANDING
FROM THE FINEST ENGLISH OX BUTTS.
GANNON DUNKERLEY & CO., LTD.
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INDIAN ENAMEL WORKS LTD.
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B. 3104 W. 5-7-47.



ALL NON-FERROUS METALS

THE INDIAN SMELTING & REFINING CO., LTD.

BOMBAY.

ON I. S. D., A. H. Q. & RAILWAY LISTS.

B. 2944 W. 6-2-47.



the 11th June 1945*, applies and delivers such cloth after due process to such dealer or any other person specified in that behalf.

Explanation.—The words "manufacturer", "cloth" and "yarn" shall have the same meaning as they have in the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945.

FORM CST No. 1

PRODUCTION OF CLOTH DURING THE CALENDAR MONTH OF

194

Important.—This form should be completed in accordance with the instructions printed overleaf and sent to the Office of the Textile Commissioner, "CST" Section, "Shahibag House", Witter Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, so as to reach on or before the 10th of every month giving full details relating to the previous month. Strict measure shall be taken against defaulters, and Manufacturers are advised in their own interest to post the form under a Certificate of Posting or Registered for Acknowledgment Due.

Name of Manufacturer..... Texmark No..... Place..... Province or State.....

Serial No.	Items.	War Supplies.		[Export.]		For Civil Consumption and all other purposes.		Total production.	
		Lbs.	Yds.	Lbs.	Yds.	Lbs.	Yds.	Lbs.	Yds.
A	B	G	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
1	Total Grey cloth produced for sale as grey cloth								
2	Total Bleached cloth produced for sale as bleached cloth.								
3	Total coloured cloth other than printed cloth produced for sale as coloured cloth (exclude quantities shown under 4 below).								
4	Total printed cloth other than coloured cloth produced for sale as printed cloth (exclude quantities shown under 3 above).								
5	Total of Items 1, 2, 3 and 4								
6	Total coarse cloth produced, the count of warp yarn in which is below 17s (whether single or folded).								
7	Total medium cloth produced, the count of warp yarn in which is 17s and below 36s (whether single or folded).								
8	Total fine cloth produced, the count of warp yarn in which is 36s and below 48s (whether single or folded).								
9	Total superfine cloth produced, the count of warp yarn in which is 48s or finer (whether single or folded).								
10	Total cloth produced i.e., total of Items 6, 7, 8 and 9.								

11. Total quantity of finished cloth in bales in stock on the last day of the month held on manufacturer's own account.....
 12. Total quantity of finished cloth in bales in stock on the last day of the month held on any other person's account.....
 13. Total number of days worked during the month.
 14. Average number of hours worked per day during the month.
 15. Average number of looms worked per day during the month.
- I do hereby declare that I have compared the above particulars with the records and books of my mill and that they are, in so far as I can ascertain, accurate and complete.

Date

Signature of Manager or Managing Agent.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 28th June 1945, pages 871-72.

Refrigerating Equipments and Parts.
The Ice Machinery Mart,
 18/2, McLeod Road, Lahore.

B. 2925 W. 26-12-46.

RESERVED

INSTRUCTIONS TO MANUFACTURERS FOR FILLING IN FORM CST No. 1

- I. Definition of the word "produced"—The words "Cloth produced" mean the total quantity of cloth actually woven, that is, as obtained from the looms, during the month.
- II. The Production of niwar and rope from yarn received from fabricators shall be shown separately in a footnote.
- III. As regards manufacture of handkerchiefs, napkins, hosiery and fents, the weight of such goods produced shall be entered in the appropriate columns and the number of pieces produced may be given in a footnote.
- IV. Definition of the word "Export", Columns E and F:—This refers only to cloth that is produced and marked with the words "For Export only" in accordance with Notification No. 67-CW (15B) 3/45, dated 22nd June 1946, issued by the Department of Commerce, Government of India.
- V. Item 1.—"Total grey cloth produced for sale as grey cloth" means all cloth not covered by Items 2, 3 and 4.
- VI. Item 2.—"Total bleached cloth produced for sale as bleached cloth"—Only bleached white cloth produced for sale as such must be entered against this item.
- VII. Item 3.—"Total coloured cloth other than printed cloth produced for sale as coloured cloth"—All coloured cloth whether dyed in bleached or unbleached state as also striped cloth, must be entered against this item. Cloth with only coloured borders should, however, be entered against Item 1 or 2 as the case may be.
- VIII. Item 4.—"Total printed cloth other than coloured cloth produced for sale as printed cloth"—All printed cloth whether printed in bleached or unbleached state, must be entered against this item. Printed cloth produced includes any printed cloth delivered by a manufacturer, irrespective of whether it is machine printed in the producer's own premises or printed by hand printers, screen printers or roller printers, under contract for the manufacturer.
- IX. Items 6, 7, 8 and 9.—"Total coarse cloth produced the count of warp yarn in which is below 17s (whether single or folded)", "Total medium cloth produced the count of warp yarn in which is 17s and below 36s (whether single or folded)", "Total fine cloth produced the count of warp yarn in which is 36s and below 48s (whether single or folded)" and "Total superfine cloth produced the count of warp yarn in which is 48s or finer (whether single or folded)". For purposes of filling these items, the counts of yarn used in borders and in the web should be ignored.
- X. Item 11.—"Total quantity of finished cloth in bales in stock on the last day of the month held on Manufacturer's own account". The idea behind this item is to ascertain the quantity of cloth mills have actually produced and packed and which for some reason or other, Government in the case of war supply cloth or standard cloth, exporters in the case of export cloth and/or quota holders in the case of civilian cloth have not taken delivery of. The stock figure which refers to cloth not invoiced covers not only the month's production but also includes previous stock if any. This figure will be useful if and when manufacturers complain that their finances are being strained or their godowns are being overloaded due to the failure of any of the above parties to take delivery in time.
- XI. Item 12.—"Total quantity of finished cloth in bales in stock on the last day of the month held on any other person's account"—This refers to cloth invoiced but still in stock in manufacturer's godown. It covers not only the month's production but also includes previous stocks, if any. The information will be useful to show to what extent other people, i.e., Government exporters and or quota holders are taking up manufacturer's godowns with cloth which they have paid for, but for some reason or other, have failed to take delivery of.
- XII. Standard Cloth.—The production of standard Cloth shall be included in the figures given under "For Civil Consumption and all other purposes" in Columns G and H.

FORM CST No. 2

DHOTIES AND SARIS FOR CIVIL CONSUMPTION (EXCLUDING EXPORT AND STANDARD CLOTH) PACKED DURING THE CALENDAR MONTH OF 194

Important.—This form should be completed and sent to the Office of the Textile Commissioner, "CST" Section, Shahibag House, Witter Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, so as to reach on or before the 10th of every month giving full details relating to the previous month. Strict measure shall be taken against defaulters and manufacturers are advised in their own interest to post the form under a Certificate of Posting or Registered for Acknowledgment Due.

Name of Manufacturer..... Texmark No.....
 Place..... Province or State.....

Serial No.	Varieties.	Number of bales packed.	
		Grey.	Non-Grey.
1	Dhoties		
2	Sarees		

I do hereby declare that I have compared the above particulars with the records and books of my mill and that they are, in so far as I can ascertain, accurate and complete.

Date.....

Signature of Manager or Managing Agent.

WORKS CONTROL—STANDARD SOLUTIONS
 MADE TO ANY SPECIFICATION
R. V. BRIGGS & CO., LTD.
 ANALYTICAL, CONSULTING & TECHNICAL CHEMISTS,
 3 & 4, GARSTIN PLACE, CALCUTTA. Established in 1900.

B. 3014 W. 18-1-47.



For Weighing Machines of good quality at moderate rates
Please write to :—
BHARAT WEIGHING SCALES & ENGINEERING SYNDICATE
75/1, Kalachand Nandy Lane, Howrah,
Testers, Repairers & Manufacturers of Weighing Machines.
Telephone : Howrah 523 Telegram : "Testers" Howrah

B. 3076 W. 22-6-47.

FORM CST No. 3

MANUFACTURER'S RETURN SHOWING DETAILS OF DELIVERIES TO QUOTA-HOLDERS OR OTHER OF CIVIL CLOTH (EXCLUDING EXPORT AND STANDARD CLOTH) DURING THE MONTH OF.....194

Important :—This form should be completed in accordance with the instructions printed overleaf and sent to the Office of the Textile Commissioner, "CST" Section, Shahibag House, Witter Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, so as to reach on or before the 10th of every month giving full details relating to the previous month. Strict measures shall be taken against defaulters, and manufacturers are advised in their own interest to post the form under a Certificate of Posting or Registered for Acknowledgment Due.

All stocks pledged/hypothecated by manufacturers with banks or others shall be included in this return.

Name of Manufacturer Texmark No.
Place Province or State

Serial No.	Full name and address of quota-holder.	Full name and address of person to whom delivered.	Bale numbers and month of packing (each bale No. must be given separately).				Trade description of cloth (See Instruction VIII overleaf).
			Full bale	Half bale	Quarter bale	Month of packing.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
(1) to (33)							

INSTRUCTIONS TO MANUFACTURERS FOR FILLING IN FORM CST No. 3

- I. All deliveries of cloth meant for civil consumption made by mills shall be accounted for in this form.
- II. The word "others" in the heading of the form includes artificers who are privileged to purchase cloth under General Permission No. TCS 42/1, dated 10th August 1944, and any person to whom deliveries are made under any other General or Special Permission or Order of the Textile Commissioner. The name of artificers or any other person shall be mentioned in Column 3 and against their names, number and date of General or Special Permission shall be mentioned in Column 2.
- III. By "delivered" or "delivery" is meant physical delivery of cloth in bales or in pieces but not cloth which, though paid for, is still in the physical possession of the seller.
- IV. Export Cloth.—This refers only to cloth meant for export and marked with the words "For export only" in accordance with Notification No. 67-CW (15B) 3/45, dated 22nd June 1946 issued by the Department of Commerce, Government of India.
- V. The quantity of Cloth produced for war supplies or under the Standard Cloth Scheme but rejected for any reason shall be treated as cloth available for civilian consumption and delivery thereof shall be included in this return against the relevant item.
- VI. All facts shall also be accounted for in this return under the appropriate trade descriptions of cloth.
- VII. Cloth shall be divided into the following trade descriptions, according to variety, quality and fineness :—

VARIETY

1. Dhoties 44" and below in width.
2. Dhoties above 44" in width.
3. Sarees 6 yards and under in length.
4. Sarees above 6 yards in length.
5. Drills, Tussore and Coatings.
6. Volles, Mulls and Dorlas.
7. Long cloth. Shirtings, Sheetings, Twills, Cellular shirtings and Chaddars.
8. Miscellaneous [all other varieties of cloth not covered by varieties 1 to 7 above].

QUALITY

- (A) "Grey Cloth" i.e., cloth meant for sale as Grey Cloth.
- (B) "Bleached Cloth", i.e., cloth meant for sale as bleached white cloth.
- (C) "Coloured Cloth", i.e., cloth meant for sale whether dyed in bleached or unbleached state as also striped cloth but excludes cloth with only coloured borders.
- (D) "Printed Cloth", i.e., cloth meant for sale whether printed on bleached or unbleached cloth.

FINENESS

- (a) "Coarse Cloth" i.e., cloth the count of warp yarn in which is below 17s.
- (b) "Medium Cloth", i.e., cloth the count of warp yarn in which is 17s and below 36s.
- (c) "Fine Cloth", i.e., cloth the count of warp yarn in which is 36s and below 48s.
- (d) "Superfine Cloth", i.e., cloth the count of warp yarn in which is 48s or finer.

VIII. The variety, quality and fineness of cloth shall be entered in the return in column 8, "TRADE DESCRIPTION OF CLOTH" by means of numbers and alphabets preceding them.

Example.—"Sarees above 6 yards in length", "Bleached Cloth" and "Fine Cloth" shall be entered as 4(B)(c).

GUEST, KEEN, WILLIAMS, LTD.

Sole Agents for :—

DRABBLE & SANDERSON, LTD., SHEFFIELD.

CIRCULAR SAWS—BAND SAWS—CUTTERS.

CALCUTTA

BOMBAY

MADRAS

NEW DELHI

B. 3013 W. 18-1-47.

RESERVED

SUMMARY OF CLOTH PACKED AND DELIVERED IN THE MONTH

1. Cloth packed and delivered during the month :—

(a) against Governments contracts

(b) for export

(c) as standard cloth

(d) as civil cloth other than standard cloth

TOTAL

Total number of bales	
Packed (1)	Delivered (2)

2. Details of the total against item (1) (d) in column (2) above :—

(i) To quota holders

(ii) To parties against General or Special Permits issued by the Textile Commissioner

(iii) Sales in retail from the mill premises to mill employees and their dependents

(iv) Sales in retail from the mill's shops situated outside the mill premises

(v) Sales in retail vide clause (5) of Textile Commissioner's General Permission No. TCS. 1/18-A, dated 14-5-1946

TOTAL

Bales.

3. Balance of packed cloth bales in stock on the last day of the month
Note :—For the purpose of entering the figures in the above summary, two half bales or four quarter bales shall be counted as one bale. Cloth delivered in pieces shall be converted to the nearest full, half or quarter bale and treated as a pack bale.
I do hereby declare that I have compared the particulars given in this return with the records and books of my mill and that they are in so far as I can ascertain, accurate and complete.

Date.....

Signature of Manager or Managing Agent.

FORM CST No. 5.

PRODUCTION, PURCHASE AND DELIVERY OF YARN DURING THE CALENDAR MONTH OF

194

Important :—This form should be completed in accordance with the instructions printed overleaf and sent to the Office of the Textile Commissioner, CST Section, Shahibag House, Witter Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, so as to reach on or before the 10th of every month giving full details relating to the previous month. Strict measures shall be taken against defaulters, and manufacturers are advised in their own interest to post the form under a Certificate of Posting or Registered for Acknowledgment Due.

All stocks pledged/hypothecated by manufacturers with banks or others shall also be included in this statement.
Full Name of Manufacturer/Consumer..... Place..... Province or State..... Texmark No.....

Serial No.	Item	Up to and including 10s		Above 10s up to and including 15s		Above 15s up to and including 20s		Above 20s up to and including 30s		Above 30s up to and including 40s		Above 40s		Total		
		Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	All yarn lbs.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1	Opening stock of all yarn at the beginning of the month															
2	Yarn received into stock by the mill through outside purchases															
3	Yarn spun during the month															
4	Total of Items 1, 2, and 3 being yarn available.															
5	Yarn utilized for manufacture of cloth during the month															



B. 2908 W. 31-1-47.

"PUBLICITY SYNDICATE."

FORM CST No. 5—contd.

Serial No.	Item	Up to and including 10s		Above 10s up to and including 15s		Above 15s up to and including 20s		Above 20s up to and including 30s		Above 30s up to and including 40s		Above 40s		Total	
		Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.	Single lbs.	Folded lbs.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
6	War Supplies.—Yarn delivered for defence requirements either against Bulk purchase orders or against purchase orders requiring deliveries to be made to contractors, processors, etc.														
7	Yarn deliveries for export out of India														
8	Yarn delivered under General or Special instructions of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay (Excluding yarn covered under Items 6, 7 and 9)														
9	Yarn delivered to Quota Holders or nominees of Provincial or State Textile Commissioners														
10	Total of Items Nos. 6, 7, 8 and 9														
11	Stock of yarn at the end of the month (Item 4—Item 10)														
12	Stock of unsold yarn at the end of the month (see instruction III overleaf)														
13	Stock of yarn sold and awaiting delivery at the end of the month														

* Note.—Item 12 + Item 13 = Item 11.

I do hereby declare that I have compared the above particulars with the records and books of my mill and that they are, in so far as I can ascertain, accurate and complete.

14. (a) Opening stock of mixings of cotton mill wastes and/or bought wastes Lbs.
 (b) Cotton/Wastes as above issued to mixing during the month Lbs.
 (c) Total mixings available (a+b) Lbs.
 (d) Closing stock of mixings as above Lbs.
 (e) Cotton/Waste mixings consumed during the month (c-d) Lbs.
 15. Total number of days worked during the month.
 16. Average number of hours worked per day during the month.
 17. Average number of spindles worked per day during the month.

Signature of Manager or Managing Agent.

INSTRUCTIONS TO MANUFACTURERS FOR FILLING IN FORM CST No. 5.

- I. Yarn spun during the month (Item No. 3).—Against this item shall be shown the total weight of yarn spun in its last stage of production prior to delivery to a consumer or consumption in mills' weaving department, i.e., the weight of yarn actually packed in a bale, or prior to weaving, the weight of yarn actually delivered to winding, in processes should not be included in this form.
 II. By "delivered" or "delivery" is meant yarn which has been physically delivered but not yarn which, though paid for, is still in the physical possession of the manufacturer.
 III. The word "Sold" means involved. "Unsold yarn" includes yarn whether intended for sale or for consumption in the mill.
 IV. Deliveries of all yarn intended for export out of India and marked with the words "For export only" in terms of Notification No. 67-CW (153)3/45, dated 22nd June 1946, issued by the Department of Commerce, Government of India, shall be shown against Item 7.
 V. In respect of any pledged/hypothecated stock included in stock shown against Item 11, following further details shall be given in a separate sheet to accompany this return each month until stocks are redeemed: (a) Full name and address of the party with whom pledged, (b) date on which pledged, and (c) quantity pledged in lbs. specifying the counts.
 VI. Item No. 14 relates to Cotton and/or wastes that has gone into the mixing room.



DEC. 26, 1946.]

FORM CST No. 6

DELIVERIES OF YARN MADE FOR WAR SUPPLIES, EXPORT AND SPECIAL DELIVERIES DURING THE CALENDAR MONTH OF..... 194.....
 Important.—This form should be completed and sent to the Office of the Textile Commissioner, CST Section, Shahibag House, Wiltet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, so as to reach on or before the 10th of every month giving full details, relating to the previous month. Strict measures shall be taken against defaulters and manufacturers are advised in their own interest to post the form under a Certificate of Posting or Registered for Acknowledgement Due.

Name of Manufacturer.....		Place.....		Province or State.....		Textmark No.....	
Full name and address of party to whom delivered	In the case of export only		Reference No. and date of document authorising delivery (i.e., purchase order, deviation permit, or sanction to sell for export, as the case may be)	Unit of measurement	Single yarn according to		
	Country to which yarn is to be exported	Export quota against which "A" licence is held by purchasing Exporter			Up to and including 10s	Above 10s up to and including 15s	Above 15s up to and including 20s
				No. of bales			
				Lbs.			
				No. of bales			
				Lbs.			
				(and so on)			

to count groups.		Folded yarn		Total deliveries to each party			date of delivery
Above 20s up to and including 30s	Above 30s up to and including 40s	Above 40s	Count (actual counts of folded yarn delivered must be indicated)	Quantity delivered	Single	Folded		Total
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Note.—The information given in this form should correspond to Items 6, 7 and 8 of form CST No. 5.

I do hereby declare that I have compared the above particulars with the records and books of my mill, and that they are, in so far as I can ascertain, accurate and complete.

Date.....

Signature of Manager or Managing Agent.

FORM CST No. 7

DELIVERIES OF YARN TO QUOTA HOLDERS OR NOMINEES OF PROVINCIAL OR STATE TEXTILE COMMISSIONERS DURING THE CALENDAR MONTH OF..... 194.....
 Important.—This form should be completed and sent to the Office of the Textile Commissioner, CST Section, Shahibag House, Wiltet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, so as to reach on or before the 10th of every month in respect of deliveries during the previous month. Strict measures shall be taken against defaulters, and manufacturers are advised in their own interest to post the form under a Certificate of Posting or Registered for Acknowledgement Due.

Name of Manufacturer.....		Place.....		Province or State.....		Textmark No.....									
Full name and address of Quota Holder on whose account delivery has been made	Full name and address of party to whom delivered	The Province or the State under the yarn distribution scheme in respect of which delivery is made	Unit of measurement	Single yarn according to Count Groups						Count (actual counts of folded yarn delivered MUST be indicated)	Quantity delivered	Total deliveries to each party			Date of delivery
				Up to and including 10s	Above 10s up to and including 15s	Above 15s up to and including 20s	Above 20s up to and including 30s	Above 30s up to and including 40s	Above 40s			Single	Folded	Total	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
			No. of bales												
			Lbs.												
			No. of bales												
			Lbs.												
			(and so on)												

Note.—The information given in this form should correspond to Item 9 of Form CST No. 5.

I do hereby declare that I have compared the above particulars with the records and books of my mill and that they are, in so far as I can ascertain, accurate and complete.

Date.....

Signature of Manager or Managing Agent.

THE WATER SUPPLY SPECIALISTS LTD.

MISSION ROW EXTENSION

POST BOX 424

CALCUTTA.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA FOR MYERS HAND & POWER PUMPS, CYLINDERS, SPRAY PUMPS, PUMP JACKS, STOVER ENGINES & WINDMILLS, RIVE HYDRAULIC RAMS, ETC.

LET US QUOTE FOR YOUR PUMP REQUIREMENTS

B. 2159 W. 7-7-47.

SUMMARY OF EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER 1946 AND WORKING EXPENSES FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1946 OF CLASS I RAILWAYS—BUDGET LINES—

The total approximate gross earnings of the Budget lines for the month of October 1946 amount to Rs. 16.09 crores, i.e., Rs. 1.05 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding month of the previous year and Rs. 2.08 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding month of 1943-44. Compared with the last year, coaching earnings decreased by about Rs. 66 lakhs and goods earnings by about Rs. 27 lakhs during the month.

The decrease under coaching earnings is mainly due to less passengers including troops, military and coaching traffic.

Earnings from goods showed a general decrease in all commodities except Ore, Iron, Foodgrains, Gram and Pulses and Salt. Coal, charges E. I. Railway Diverted trains, Wheat, Military Stores, Cotton, Rice, Groundnuts and Oilseeds, Metals, Mineral Oil, Timber, and General goods showed decreases of about Rs. 1, Rs. 1, Rs. 4, Rs. 1, Rs. 2, Rs. 1, Rs. 6, Rs. 2, Rs. 6, Rs. 1 and Rs. 15 lakhs, respectively.

The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 31st October 1946, amount to Rs. 117.92 crores, and are less by Rs. 13.68 crores when compared with the actuals for the same period of last year and more by Rs. 16.44 crores in comparison with the corresponding period of 1943-44. Details are as follows:—

Railways.	Up to 31st October 1943.	Up to 31st October 1945.	Up to 31st October 1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year as compared with previous year.
	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)
B. A.	9.25	17.97	10.41	—7.56
B. N.	9.70	11.56	10.60	—0.96
B., B. & C. I.	10.91	12.00	13.11	+1.11
E. I.	18.82	25.99	19.92	—6.07
G. I. P.	17.12	19.62	18.98	—0.64
M. & S. M.	7.51	10.91	10.82	—0.09
N. W.	18.00	20.74	21.77	+1.03
Onnd Tirhut	3.59	4.63	4.23	—0.40
S. I.	5.79	7.57	7.52	—0.05
Other Railways	4.9	6.1	6.6	—0.5
TOTAL	1,01.48	1,31.60	1,17.92	—13.68

During the month, the number of wagons loaded with goods traffic decreased by 5.07 per cent on the broad gauge and 9.56 per cent on the metre gauge as compared with 1945. From 1st April to 31st October 1946, the number of wagons loaded decreased by 4.33 per cent on the broad gauge and 18.9 per cent on the metre gauge. The details are given under "Wagon Loadings" below.

Working Expenses.—The approximate ordinary working expenses including suspense but excluding appropriation to and from the depreciation reserve fund, of Budget lines from 1st April to 30th September 1946 are more by Rs. 9.26 lakhs than the actuals for same period of last year. The increase is on all railways.

TONNAGE LIFTED ON CLASS I RAILWAYS—

Comparisons of Figures of 'Tonnage Lifted' on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of Tons lifted during the month of October:—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	5,706,237	5,317,001	—389,236
Metre gauge	1,506,694	1,219,250	—287,444

(b) Number of Tons lifted from 1st April to 31st October:—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	41,532,058	39,393,640	—2,138,418
Metre gauge	11,629,666	8,989,305	—2,640,361

WAGON LOADINGS—

Comparisons of Figures of Wagon Loadings on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded during the month of October:—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
Broad gauge	387,189	367,542	—19,647
Metre gauge	202,088	182,765	—19,323

(b) Total number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded from 1st April to 31st October:—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	2,730,463	2,601,295	—129,168
Metre gauge	1,611,149	1,307,200	—303,949

(c) Details of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded on broad and metre gauges and the total from 1st April to 31st October:—

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
Broad gauge	2,730,463	2,601,295	—129,168
Metre gauge	1,611,149	1,307,200	—303,949

I.—Broad Gauge.

(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	574,406	573,006	—1,400
(ii) Grains and pulses	193,328	193,952	+624
(iii) Oil seeds	50,589	38,665	—11,924
(iv) Cotton	35,875	35,240	—635
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	259,605	248,405	—11,200
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	1,414,378	1,303,872	—110,506
(vii) Home line stores and materials	190,302	208,155	+17,853
(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., E. I. and G. I. P. Railways.	100,598	114,635	+14,037

II.—Metre Gauge.

(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	96,214	106,200	+9,986
(ii) Grains and pulses	154,559	176,952	+22,393
(iii) Oil seeds	54,101	36,885	—17,216
(iv) Cotton	31,621	33,801	+2,180
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	186,888	211,986	+25,098
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	967,972	634,766	—333,206
(vii) Home line stores and materials.	119,794	106,680	—13,114

III.—Total (Broad and Metre Gauges).

(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	670,620	679,206	+8,586
(ii) Grains and pulses	349,887	370,904	+21,017
(iii) Oil seeds	104,690	75,550	—29,140
(iv) Cotton	67,496	69,041	+1,545
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	446,493	460,391	+13,898
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	2,382,350	1,938,628	—443,722
(vii) Home line stores and materials.	310,096	314,835	+4,739

* Included in item (vii).

DEC. 26, 1946.]

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS.

BRITISH INDIA.

TARIFF VALUATIONS.

THE following Notification [No. 73-T(6)/46, dated the 14th December 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 2 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (XXXII of 1934), and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 73T(5)/45, dated the 15th December 1945*, the Central Government is pleased to fix, with effect from the 1st January 1947, for the articles specified in column 2 of the Schedule hereto annexed, being articles enumerated, either specifically or under general headings in the first Schedule to the said Act, the tariff values specified in the corresponding entry in column 3 thereof.

Note 1.—The tariff value so specified shall, unless otherwise expressly provided, apply whether the article is assessed to duty under the item in the First Schedule to the said Act specified in the corresponding entry in column 1 of the schedule annexed hereto or under any other item.

Note 2.—The description of articles in column 2 follows the ordinary trade description and covers all reduced grades and mixtures unless they are specially provided for.

Note 3.—The expression "Far East" covers China including Hongkong and Macao, Japan and the Japanese Empire, the Straits Settlements, Malaya, Thailand, French Indo-China, the Netherlands East Indies, Sarawak, British North Borneo, the Philippines, Burma and Ceylon.

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Item No. in First Schedule to Act under which article is ordinarily chargeable.	Name of Articles.	Tariff Values.
		Rs. A. P. Per
	SECTION I.	
	LIVE ANIMALS AND PRODUCTS OF THE ANIMAL KINGDOM.	
3(1)	Fish, salted, wet—	
	(i) Soormal	12 0 0 Indian maund
	(ii) Bangdas	6 0 0 "
	(iii) All other sorts	11 0 0 "
3(3)	Bomlax	20 0 0 cwt.
3(4)	Sharkfins from Arabian and Persian Gulf ports	6 0 0 "
	Butter	1 8 0 lb.
	Ghee	140 0 0 cwt.
5(1)	Cowries and shells—	
	Chanks—	
	Sound live	88 0 0 thousand
	Sound dead	55 8 0 "
	Other sorts	13 0 0 "

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th December 1945, pages 661-63.

SCHEDULE—contd.

1	2	3
Item No. in First Schedule to Act under which article is ordinarily chargeable.	Name of Articles.	Tariff Values.
		Rs. A. P. Per
	SECTION I—contd.	
	LIVE ANIMALS AND PRODUCTS OF THE ANIMAL KINGDOM—contd.	
5(1)	Cowries and shells—contd.	
	Chanks—contd.	
	Cowries, bazar, common	10 0 0 cwt.
	Cowries, yellow, superior quality	14 0 0 "
	Cowries, mottled, commonly known as Zillah, Tiger and similar other qualities	11 0 0 "
	Cowries, Maldives	20 0 0 "
	Cowries, Sankhli	140 0 0 "
	Mother-of-pearl, nacre	28 0 0 "
	Nakhla	240 0 0 "
	Tortoise-shell	11 0 0 lb.
	Tortoise-shell, nakh	1 14 0 "
5(2)	Ivory, unmanufactured—	
	Elephants' grinders	350 0 0 cwt.
	Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres, and points), each exceeding 20 lb. in weight, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing 10 lb. and over	660 0 0 "
	Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres, and points), not less than 10 lb. and not exceeding 20 lb. each, and hollows, centres, and points each weighing less than 10 lb.	615 0 0 "
	Elephants' tusks each less than 10 lb. (other than hollows, centres, and points).	220 0 0 "
	Sea-cow or moya teeth, each not less than 4 lb.	300 0 0 "
	Sea-cow or moya teeth, each not less than 3 lb. and under 4 lb.	240 0 0 "
	Sea-cow or moya teeth, each less than 3 lb.	140 0 0 "
	SECTION II.	
	PRODUCTS OF THE VEGETABLE KINGDOM.	
6	Almonds—	
	(i) Without shell	125 0 0 cwt.
	(ii) In the shell—	
	(a) Iranian Kagazi	80 0 0 "
	(b) Iranian other than Kagazi	35 0 0 "
	Cashew or caloo kernels, not skinned	32 0 0 "
	Coconuts, Ceylon	105 0 0 thousand
	Coconuts, other except Maldives	85 0 0 "



ELECTRIC LIFTS AND HOISTS

MADE BY: PICKERINGS LIMITED, ENGLAND.
Sole Selling Agents: KAYCEE INDUSTRIES LTD.
BOMBAY · CALCUTTA · KARACHI · LAHORE · MADRAS · NEW DELHI · CANNPORE · AHMEDABAD.

RESERVED

SCHEDULE—contd.				SCHEDULE—contd.			
1	2	3		1	2	3	
Item No. in First Schedule to Act under which article is ordinarily chargeable.	Name of Article	Tariff Values.		Item No. in First Schedule to Act under which article is ordinarily chargeable.	Name of Article	Tariff Values.	
		Rs. A. P.	Per			Rs. A. P.	Per
SECTION II—contd.				SECTION IV.			
PRODUCTS OF THE VEGETABLE KINGDOM—contd.				PRODUCTS OF THE FOOD-PREPARING INDUSTRIES; BEVERAGES, ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS AND VINEGARS; TOBACCO.			
	Dates, dry excluding seedless—						
	Shekra or Shakeria, Sakina and Bramil.	32 0 0	cwt.	20	Vegetable product (excluding hardened coconut oil).	0 12 0	lb.
	Kapkas, (bharras, Chupchap, Sarki, Sori, Oman and Bhatil.	23 8 0	"	21(1)	Cocum	15 0 0	cwt.
	All other qualities	18 0 0	"		Vegetable product (excluding hardened coconut oil), not canned or bottled.	0 0 0	lb.
	Dates, wet, in bags, baskets and bundles.	13 8 0	"	SECTION V.			
	Dates, wet, packed in other receptacles	28 0 0	"	MINERAL PRODUCTS.			
	Figs, dried, Iranian	15 0 0	"	27(2)	Pitch and tar— Coal pitch	8 8 0	cwt.
	Pistachio nuts	130 0 0	"	27(3)	Mineral Colza oil	2 4 0	Imperial gallon
	Raisins, red, Persian Gulf	30 0 0	"		Transformer oil, including tranzil and switch oil, other than that assessed to duty under the proviso to Item No. 72(3) of the First Schedule of the Indian Tariff Act, 1934.	3 0 0	"
9(3)	Spices, unground—			27(7)	Mineral oil which has its flashing point at or above one hundred and fifty degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer, and is such as is not ordinarily used except as fuel or for some sanitary or hygienic purposes, if imported naked in bulk.	58 0 0	ton.
	Cloves (other than exhausted)	60 0 0	"	SECTION VI.			
	Nutmegs in the shell	3 0 0	lb.	CHEMICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS; COLOURS AND VARNISHES; PERFUMERY; SOAP; CANDLES AND THE LIKE; GLUES AND GELATINES; EXPLOSIVES; FERTILISERS.			
	Nutmegs without shell	4 8 0	"	28	Alkali, Indian (sajji-khar)	14 0 0	cwt.
9(4)	Mace, unground	5 0 0	"		Ammonium carbonate or bicarbonate.	32 0 0	"
12(2)	Poppy seeds	13 4 0	cwt.		Ammonium chloride— Muriate of ammonia, crystalline, excluding rice grain crystals.	20 0 0	"
13	Cochineal	5 8 0	lb.		Salammoniac, sublimed	35 0 0	"
	Gallnuts	120 0 0	cwt.		Other sorts, including compressed	36 0 0	"
13(3)	Gum Olibanum or frankincense	23 0 0	"		Carbonic acid gas including compressed or liquefied gas.	0 8 0	lb.
	Gum Iranian (false)	26 0 0	"		Chlorine	0 8 0	"
	Myrrh, excluding cleaned and sifted Myrrh.	72 0 0	"		Copper sulphate	32 8 0	cwt.
13(4)	Acacia gums, other than ground, including gum Arabic, gum Senegal and gums African but excluding gums, cleaned and sifted.	40 0 0	"		Soda, caustic, flake, petal or powder	16 8 0	"
SECTION III.					Soda, caustic, solid	14 8 0	"
FATTY SUBSTANCES, GREASES, OILS AND PRODUCTS OF THEIR DECOMPOSITION; PREPARED ALIMENTARY FATS; WAXES OF ANIMAL OR VEGETABLE ORIGIN.					Sodium hydrosulphite	71 0 0	"
15	Lubricating grease	0 7 0	lb.		Sodium sulphide	10 0 0	"
	Petroleum jelly, white	0 7 9	"		Sodium thiosulphate (Hypo)	20 0 0	"
	Petroleum jelly, all other sorts	0 5 3	"		N.B.—The tariff values apply to articles packed in containers of not less than 14 lbs.		
	N.B.—The tariff values apply to articles packed in containers of not less than 14 lbs.						
15(7)	Linseed oil, raw or boiled	5 0 0	Imperial gallon				

DYES

Textiles of Cotton, Wool, Silk or Rayon; Jute, Coir, Paper, Leather, Edible Oils & Hair-Oils, Toilets, Soaps, etc.

Refer to:—B. SHIVCHAND AMRITLAL & CO., LTD.,

Post Box No. 256, BOMBAY.

Sole Agents for:—L. B. HOLLIDAY & CO., LTD., ENGLAND.

R. 3048 W. 12-3-47.

SCHEDULE—contd.				SCHEDULE—contd.			
1 Item No. in First Schedule to Act under which article is ordinarily charge- able.	2 Name of Articles	3 Tariff Values.		1 Item- No. in First Schedule to Act under which article is ordinarily charge- able.	2 Name of Articles	3 Tariff Values.	
		Rs. A. P.	Per			Rs. A. P.	Per
	SECTION VI—contd.				SECTION VI—contd.		
	CHEMICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS; COLOURS AND VAR- NISHES; PERFUMERY; SOAP; CANDLES AND THE LIKE; GLUES AND GELATINES; EXPLOSIVES; FERTILISERS—contd.				CHEMICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS; COLOURS AND VAR- NISHES; PERFUMERY; SOAP; CANDLES AND THE LIKE; GLUES AND GELATINES; EXPLOSIVES; FERTILISERS—contd.		
23 (4)	Soda ash in bags including calcined natural soda and manufactured sesquicarbonates.	7 4 0	cwt.		Vats—contd.		
	N.B.—The tariff value applies to articles packed in containers of not less than 14 lbs.				(d) Solubilized and stable Vat dyes such as Indigosols, Solocions and similar pro- ducts, excluding those falling under group (b) above.	40 0 0	lb.
28 (8)	Acetic acid	0 9 0	lb.		(e) Other sorts—		
	Ammonia gas, anhydrous, including compressed or liquefied gas.	1 1 0	"		(1) Paste	10 0 0	"
	Borax, granular, powdered or crystalline.	22 0 0	cwt.		(2) Powder	34 0 0	"
	Boric acid	40 0 0	"		Sulphur black	1 12 0	"
	Sodium bicarbonate	10 8 0	"		Metanil yellow	3 0 0	"
	Sodium silicate (in liquid form)	13 0 0	"		Aniline oil	1 12 0	"
	Asafoetida, coarse (hingra)	100 0 0	"		Aniline salts	2 0 0	"
	N.B.—The tariff values apply to articles packed in containers of not less than 14 lbs.			31(1)	All others	4 8 0	"
30	Cuttle fish bone	15 0 0	"		Citronella oil, natural from the Far East.	4 0 0	"
30(1)	Alizarine, moist—			31(5)	N.B.—The tariff value applies to articles packed in containers of not less than 14 lbs.		
	(a) not exceeding 16 per cent	180 0 0	"		Perfumery—	60 0 0	cwt.
	(b) over 16 per cent not exceed- ing 20 per cent.	200 0 0	"		Rose-flowers, dried		
	(c) exceeding 20 per cent	300 0 0	"		SECTION XI		
	Alizarine, dry—				TEXTILE MATERIALS AND TEXTILE GOODS.		
	(a) not exceeding 40 per cent	5 8 0	lb.	50(8)	Coir fibre	16 8 0	cwt.
	(b) exceeding 40 per cent	9 8 0	"		SECTION XV.		
	Congo red	3 8 0	"		BASE METALS AND ARTICLES MADE THEREFROM.		
	Coupling dyes of the naphthol group—			63	Iron or Steel, old, for re-melting	1 8 0	cwt.
	(a) Naphthols	12 0 0	"	63(28)	Iron and Steel cans or drums—		
	(b) Rapid fast colours (rapid salts).	16 0 0	"		When imported containing kero- sene and motor spirit, namely:—		
	(c) Bases	11 0 0	"		Cans, tinned, of four gallons capacity.	1 2 0	can
	(d) Other salts	6 0 0	"		Cans or drums, not tinned, of two gallons capacity—		
	Vats—				(a) with faucet caps	2 0 0	can or drum
	(a) Indigo (i.e. pure Indigo in its various concentrations).	4 0 0	"		(b) ordinary	0 12 0	"
	(b) Indigo solubilized including Indigosol O and Solocion Indigo L.L.	16 0 0	"		Drums of four gallons capacity—		
	(c) Carbazole blue	10 0 0	"	71	(a) with faucet caps	2 12 0	drum
					(b) ordinary	1 8 0	"
					Crown corks (except those bearing monogram or trade mark or name of an importer).	1 0 0	gross

TELEGRAMS: METALABEL

METAL LABEL MANUFACTURERS

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METAL LABEL MFG. CO. DUART'S OART, SATYABHAMA NIVAS, VITHALBHAI PATEL ROAD BOMBAY.

R. 3016 W. 31-1-47.

UNITED KINGDOM.

EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN METAL CLOTHES LOCKERS FROM PURCHASE TAX.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 14th September 1946 :—

The Treasury announce that they have made an Order under Section 20 of the Finance (No. 2) Act, 1940, directing that as from September 16, 1946, Purchase Tax shall cease to be chargeable in respect of certain metal clothes lockers.

The Order has been published as Statutory Rules and Orders, 1946, No. 1481.

EXEMPTION OF MINIATURE DECORATIONS, ETC., FROM PURCHASE TAX.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 14th September 1946 :—

The Treasury announce that they have made an Order under Section 20 of the Finance (No. 2) Act, 1940, directing that as from September 18, 1946, miniature decorations, etc., shall be exempt from Purchase Tax.

The Order has been published as Statutory Rules and Orders, 1946, No. 1482.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 209: GIFTS FROM ABROAD.

The following Notice, dated the 14th October 1946, has been issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1 :—

Gifts addressed from abroad to individuals in this country will, as from the date of this Notice, be allowed to be imported without the necessity for an import licence provided they satisfy all the following conditions :—

- (i) they must be *bona fide*, unsolicited, gifts and must not be imported as merchandise or for sale ;
- (ii) they must be clearly marked as gifts ;
- (iii) the weight must not exceed 22 lb. gross, whether the gifts are sent by post or otherwise.

The 22 lb. limit applies to importation into this country. There are regulations fixing other weight limits on postal parcels exported from certain countries. In some countries, for example, there is a general postal limitation of 11 lb.

The concession does not relieve gifts from liability to any appropriate Customs duty and/or Purchase Tax on arrival in this country; nor does it apply to arms and ammunition, plumage, dangerous drugs or other articles which were subject to special prohibition or restriction by virtue of legislation passed before September, 1939.

Gift parcels which do not comply with the above conditions are, in the absence of a valid import licence, deemed to be prohibited goods and are liable to forfeiture under the Customs Acts.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 211: CRYSTALLISED FRUITS, FLOWERS, ETC.: GRANT OF OPEN GENERAL LICENCE.

The following Notice, dated the 24th October 1946, has been issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1 :—

The Board of Trade announce that they have granted an Open General Licence for the import of the following Crystallised Fruits, Flowers, etc. :—

Glacé and crystallised fruits, other than drained (glacé) cherries,
Glacé, crystallised and drained angelica,

Crystallised flowers,
Marrons glacés,
consigned from any country and imported into the United Kingdom between the inclusive dates 31st October to 31st December, 1946. As a consequence, individual licences to import these goods will not be required during the above period.

IMPORT LICENSING—NOTICE TO IMPORTERS No. 214: FISH AND FISH PRODUCTS: GRANT OF OPEN GENERAL LICENCE.

The following Notice, dated the 31st October 1946, has been issued by the Import Licensing Department, Board of Trade, 189, Regent Street, London, W.1 :—

The Board of Trade announce that they have granted an Open General Licence for the import of Fish and Fish Products packed in any tin, jar or other airtight container consigned from any country and imported into the United Kingdom between the inclusive dates 4th November, 1946 to 31st October, 1947, not including the following types :—

Brisling	Pilchards
Crab	Salmon
Crawfish (Crayfish)	Sardines
Herring	Sild
Lobster	Tuna or Tunny
Mackerel	

As a consequence separate licences, other than for the excepted types, will not be required during the above period.

INDIVIDUAL LICENCES REQUIRED FOR IMPORT OF MONAZITE SAND.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 21st September 1946 :—

The Board of Trade Import Licensing Department announce that with effect from September 16, 1946, Monazite Sand has been deleted from the list of goods which may be imported without individual licence from any country. As a consequence individual licences to import this commodity will be required as and from that date.

PURCHASE TAX ON BELTS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 21st September 1946 :—

The Customs and Excise Department has issued the following information regarding the liability of belts to tax as supplementary to that given in Notice No. 78.

In future belts other than those within the scope of Class 15 (a) (jewellery, etc.) or Class 15 (b) (articles containing ivory, etc.) may be regarded as "haberdashery" chargeable at the rate of 33½ per cent provided that :—

- (i) the belt straps are uniform in width and colour, and devoid of decoration (essential straight machine stitching and creasing at the edges are not regarded as decoration);
- (ii) the buckles or slides are undecorated (or in the case of papier maché buckles or slides, are not decorated otherwise than by embossing); and
- (iii) the prongs of the buckles are uncovered.

Other belts remain chargeable as "fancy or decorative belts" at the rate of 100 per cent under Class 16 (b).
Notice No. 78 at pages 9 and 40 should be noted accordingly.

AUSTRALIA.

RESTRICTIONS ON IMPORTS FROM STERLING AREAS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 21st September 1946 :—

The Board of Trade have received information that further relaxations have been made to the Australian Customs (Import Licensing) Regulations (see also *Board of Trade Journal*, September 7, 1946, page 1247 and previous notices).

The amendments are as follows :—

Tariff Item	Goods Exempt from Licensing Restrictions :
219 (C)	Hand sewing needles and bodkins.
340 (A) (2)	Manufactured Stationery, n.e.i. : Bill files, card hangers, letter clips, paper clips, paper binders, ink bottles, other than of cut glass, inked stamp pads, paper knives, paper weights, pen racks, pen trays (except of glass), seasonal and other greeting cards, postcards.
334 (X)	Goods Subject to Administrative Control : Cigarette tubes, paper and papers.
376 (F)	Boxes, fancy, empty.
112 (B) (1)	Goods Admissible under Licence on 50 per cent Quota : Fur and other skins, n.e.i. (except rabbit skins), dressed or prepared for making up.

BELGIUM.

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 21st September 1946 :—

The *Moniteur Belge* of August 16, 1946, contains a Decree dated July 11, 1946, which modifies the Belgian Customs duties on the following goods (among others). The modifications are made without prejudice to the provisions of the Decree-Law of February 1, 1945, which suspended the levy of certain Customs duties. Duties which remain suspended in the following list are marked with an asterisk.

The Decree came into force on August 19, 1946.

K.G.—Kilogramme gross.
K.N.—Kilogramme net.
K.N.R.—Kilogramme net real.

Tariff No.	Description.	Rate of Duty.	
		Former.	New.
ex 307 (b)	Boric acid, crude	Free	per 100 K.G. 14.40
307a	Tartaric acid	10% ad val.	11.50% ad val.
384 (a)	Borax, refined (borate of soda)	5% ad val.	11.50% ad val.
448 b 2 B	Vegetable essences or natural essential oils, n.e.i., not containing alcohol :		
	(2) Other.	Free	11.50% ad val.
	(b) n.e.m.		
476	Leather gloves :		
	(a) Simply cut out, not sewn	10% ad val.	11.50% ad val.
	(b) Other	15% ad val.	17.25% ad val.
ex 489	Fur skins, simply dressed :		
	(a) 1. Chinchilla, ermine, marten, real silver, blue fox, sable.	per K.N. 220	per K.N. 233
	2. Canadian weasel; real white, cross and black fox; American marten.	160	184
ex 489	Fur skins simply dressed—contd.		
	(b) 1. Beaver; flying squirrel, beech marten; kolinsky; sea otter; siberian squirrel; Canadian fox.	60	69
	2. Weasel; civet cat; nutria; polecat; racoon; muskrat.	44	50.00
	(c) 1. Astrakhan; brettech-want; caracul; Australian opossum; Persian lamb; skunk and monkey.	32	86.80
	2. Badger; hamster; wolverine; wolf; river otter; lynx; marmot; pahrnia; fox, other than those specified in (a) and (b) above; Australian ringtail.	24	27.60
	(d) 1. American opossum; tar-bagan.	12	13.80
	2. Emu; grebe; hyena; guanaco llama; leopard; lion; mouflon; bear; panther; tiger; wallaby.		
	(e) Unchanged.	8	9.20
	(f) 1. Jackal.	4	4.60
	2. Lamb; cat; doe; goat; dog; seal; reindeer; and other fur skins, n.e.m.	12	13.80
ex 493	(g) Furballs	per 100 K.N. 1,840*	per 100 K.N. 2,120*
	Thread put up for retail sale :		
	(b) Of does silk and of artificial silk.	per K.N.R.	per K.N.R.
505 b	Trimblings of artificial silk	34*	31*
ex 509 b	Other fabrics, n.e.m. :		
	(a) Of pure artificial silk weighing per square metre :	per K.N.	per K.N.
	2.60 grammes or more ;	20*	34*
	ex B. Fabrics solely intended for the manufacture of neckties.		
	(b) Of artificial silk mixed with other textiles :	per K.N.	per K.N.
	ex 2. Fabrics solely intended for the manufacture of neckties.	per 100 K.N. 120	per 100 K.N. 177
582 (c)	Linoleum with inlaid designs		
ex 740	Wares of papier maché, carton-pierre, vulcanized board and the like :		
	(b) Toys and masks	17.25% ad val.	23% ad val.
	(c) For other purposes (than industrial) :		
	3. With other decorations (than transfer pictures or stencil patterns).	600	800
ex 885	Silver :		
	(f) Silvermiths' wares :		
	1. Of silver gilt	10% ad val.	11.50% ad val.
	2. Other	10% ad val.	11.50% ad val.
	(g) Jewellery	10% ad val.	11.50% ad val.
ex 1195	Games, toys and sporting requisites, n.e.m., (other than skis without fittings).	20% ad val.	25% ad val.

CANADA.

PROHIBITED IMPORTS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 14th September 1946:—

H.M. Senior Trade Commissioner at Ottawa has forwarded a copy of Memorandum Wm No. 113. Revised Supplement No. 2 Revised issued by the Department of National Revenue, which states that a General Permit, No. G-2413, has been authorized by the Minister of National Revenue for the importation of the following hides, skins, and leathers:—

Tariff Item

599 Hides and skins, raw, whether dry, salted or pickled and raw pelts.

604, 604a, 604b *et al.* Unmanufactured leather.

(See *Board of Trade Journal* of March 30, 1946, page 379*.)

The General Permit is issued in a single copy, which is retained in the Department, the number of which is to be endorsed on all relative import documents.

TARIFF CHANGES: WOOL.

* By Order in Council P. C. 4376, dated the 22nd October, 1946, passed under authority of the Customs Act, during the period 1st September, 1946 to 31st March, 1947, the undermentioned product is accorded the tariff treatment hereunder indicated:—

Wool, in the grease, not including wool of the sheep of the type commonly known as karakul, when imported by carpet manufacturers for use exclusively in the manufacture of carpets in their own factories—

British Preferential Tariff† Free
Intermediate Tariff Free
General Tariff Free
(To be designated as tariff item 853.)

CEYLON.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 14th September 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received copies of notifications, dated July 26 and July 31, 1946, which provide for the following amendments to the list of goods the importation of which into Ceylon is restricted or prohibited (see *Board of Trade Journal*, November 22, 1941, pages 321-325, and subsequent notices):—

Goods, the importation of which from all sources is prohibited.

The following item is deleted:—

30. Furniture, wooden.

Goods, the importation of which from all sources is prohibited, except under licence.

The following item is inserted:—

94B. Furniture, wooden.

Open General Licence No. 4 (applicable to British Empire, except Canada and Newfoundland).

The following items are inserted:—

Tea machinery.

Lacquer-ware, manufactures of ivory and manufactures of tortoise-shell.

* See the Special Supplement to the *Indian Trade Journal*, No. 3, dated the 26th September 1946, page 332.

† Applicable to goods of British Indian Origin.

‡ See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 5th March 1942, pages 589-90, and subsequent notices.

CEYLON—contd.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 21st September 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received a copy of a notification, dated August 5, 1946, which provides for the following additions to Open General Licence No. 4 (applicable to British Empire except Canada and Newfoundland):—

Iron and steel sections of all descriptions, including blister and tool steel, but excluding rounds, half rounds, flats, squares and jumper steel.

Paper, printing: Newsprint.

Paper, printing: Other than newsprint.

Paper, writing.

Tissue paper.

Paper, other than printing, writing, packing, wrapping, lining, blotting and tissue paper.

Paper, blotting.

Account books.

Millboard, strawboard, cardboard and pasteboard.

COLOMBIA.

IMPORT LICENCES TO SPECIFY PORT OF UNLOADING.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 21st September 1946:—

The Commercial Secretary to H.M. Embassy at Bogota reports, by telegraph, the issue of a decree which requires that as from September 1, 1946, all Colombian import licences shall specify the port of unloading.

GREECE.

IMPORT LICENCES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 14th September 1946:—

According to a notice which has appeared in the Greek press, the Ministry of National Economy has issued a decision which provides for the deletion of tooth powders, tooth pastes, tooth brushes, liquid dentifrices, linseed oil and nails from the list of goods the importation of which was allowed free of import licence in accordance with the Decision No. 12552 of February 15, 1946.

The importation of the above goods will in future be subject to the issue of an import licence, issued by the Ministry of National Economy, but goods which have already been ordered and for which irrevocable credits have been opened, or which have already been shipped, will be allowed to enter free of licence.

MAURITIUS.

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 14th September 1946:—

The Legal Supplement to the Mauritius Official Gazette of June 22, 1946, contains a copy of a notice, which provides for the following modifications to Part II of the Schedule to the Mauritius Customs Tariff:—

Description of goods.	Duty now chargeable.	Rate of Duty 1st. c.
Matches in boxes or in any form of container containing:—		
(a) Not more than 60 matches	per gross of boxes	1 60
(b) Over 60 and not more than 110 matches	per gross of boxes	3 20
(c) For every additional 60 matches or part of 60 matches.	per gross of boxes	1 60

PARAGUAY.

EXPORT AND IMPORT TAXES.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 21st September 1946:—

H.M. Minister at Asuncion has forwarded a translation of Decree No. 13,980 of June 6, 1946, which provides for a temporary *ad-valorem* tax of 6 per cent on imports of non-essential goods, and on goods the need for which is not immediate; and also for a temporary tax of 0.75 per cent on exportation and re-exportation of products in general.

The purpose of these taxes is to provide funds to stabilize the internal sale prices of wheat and its derivatives.

The new taxes are to continue for a period of two years, but the Executive Power may suspend them or reduce their amounts.

It is understood that when foreign exchange is required for the importation of non-essential goods, application is made by tender and the exchange costs from 4 to 6 per cent more than exchange obtained on the official market for essential goods.

PERSIA (IRAN).

EXCHANGE PERMITS AND REGULATIONS RELATING TO EXPORTS TO PERSIA.

The following translations of Decrees, passed by the Council of Ministers of the Imperial Government of Iran relating to the Foreign Exchange Regulations in force in that country, are published for general information:—

I. The Council of Ministers in their session of 14th August, 1946, in accordance with the proposal of the Ministry of Finance and in continuation of Decree No. 23690 of the 18th March 1946*, approved the following:—

1. Issuance of permit by the Foreign Exchange Commission against the available exchange of the Commission, or assent to utilize 90 per cent of the foreign exchange derived from exports or non-export, for settlement of drafts drawn against documents indicating shipment of goods to Iran, is authorized on condition that the supplier is a manufacturer or a distributing agent of a manufacturer in the country of origin.

Despite the above fact the Commission will allow for such settlements a respite not exceeding 6 months from the date of issue of this Decree.

2. The following goods are added to the items mentioned in Article V of the above-mentioned Decree:—

Printing paper; Writing paper; Newsprint; Fire Extinguishing Equipments (such as automobile, spare parts thereof, and substances for extinguishing fire) for the municipalities; Animal rearing and Agricultural tools and equip-

* See the Special Supplement to the *Indian Trade Journal*, No. 6, dated the 19th December 1946, pages 416-17.

ments; Substances used in combating animal and plant diseases; and Medical, Dental, and Surgical Instruments required by Institutes run by Government capital provided that these instruments are maintained for the special use of such Institutes.

3. The respite allowed for the re-purchase of 90 per cent of the foreign exchange sold by individuals will be 2 months in Tehran and 4 months in the provinces.

II. Pursuant to a Decree approved by the Council of Ministers the Foreign Exchange Commission may, by bearing in mind the amount of foreign exchange available and until such time that it deems it advisable, authorise the approved banks to establish documentary credits, without asking for foreign exchange permit, for all the items of goods mentioned in the 1325 (21.3.46—20.3.47) quota with the exception of the undermentioned items:—

All kinds of livestock and birds; Alcoholic drinks such as Champagne, Cognac, Brandy, Rum, Whisky, Gin, Vermouth and other kinds of liquors; Ordinary Wine, Arak, and Alcoholic waters; Tobacco, Cigar, and Cigarette; Flavours and scents; Cosmetics and various kinds of Eau-de-cologne; Washing soap; Matches; Fine skins; Playing Cards; Quilts; Mattress; Pillows; Cushions; Curtains; Flags; Cement bricks; Genuine Pearls; Precious stones and things made thereof; Tweezers; Curling eye-lash and hair irons; Other dressing instruments; Cigarette Cases; Cigarette Lighters; Toys of all description; Smoking Pipes; Fine Arts; and Collections.

III. Council of Ministers' Decree No. 21838, dated the 10th September 1946:—

The Council of Ministers in their sitting of 18th Shahrivar 1325 (9.9.46) approved the following on the suggestion No. 37547 of the Ministry of Finance dated 16.6.25 (7.9.46):—

1. All goods mentioned in the 1325 (21.3.46—20.3.47) quota whether under A or B category shall be subject to the provisions of Article 5 of the Decree No. 23690 of 27th Esfand 1324 (18.3.46) with exception of the following:—

Quota Number.	Goods.
1	All kinds of animals and birds.
25	Alcoholic drinks such as champagne, cognac, brandy, rum, whisky, gin, vermouth, various kinds of liquors ordinary wine, aragh, and alcoholic waters.
26	Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes.
43	Essences, perfumes, toilet requisites and eau-de-cologne.
44 (part).	Laundry Soaps.
48	Matches.
52	Soft Skins.
63	Playing cards.
78 (part).	Quilts, mattresses, cushions, pillows, curtains, flags.

- 83 (part). Cement bricks.
 85 Genuine pearls.
 86 (part). Precious stones and articles made thereof.
 95 (part). Tweezers, hair and eye-lashes curlers, other toilet instruments, shoe horns, cigarette cases, cigarette lighters, and powder boxes.
 109 Playthings, toys and articles for amusement.
 112 Smoking pipes.
 113 Fine arts and articles for collection.

2. The exchange commission may with due regard to its holding of foreign exchange and until such time as it may deem fit, authorise the authorised banks to open documentary credits, for all the goods mentioned in the quota for the year 1325 except those given above, without requiring exchange purchase permit.

In accordance with Article 2 of Decree No. 21838, dated the 10th September 1946, the Imperial Bank of Iran, Tehran, is authorised to open, until further notice, against applications for opening credits for importation of authorised goods named in the 1023 (21.3.46 to 20.3.47) quota, except those given in section 1 of the Decree, documentary credits in pound sterling or in currencies of the sterling group, with due regard to the following provisions:—

1. The applicant must submit along with his application to the Bank, in original, the offer held by him from the foreign seller indicating the quantity, cost and time of delivery of the goods. This offer must be retained by the Bank in the relative file.

2. The concerned personnel must exercise the utmost care to see that the prices of the goods are fair and as far as possible consistent with the prices quoted for similar goods in other offers.

3. In the case of applications enclosing offers in which the terms of delivery exceeds ten months, no credit must be opened.

It is understood that the Exchange Control Commission have assured the Imperial Bank of Iran, Tehran, that offers from Commission agents are equally valid, and all that the Bank is required to do is to assure itself that the credit required is based on a firm offer from an exporter abroad, whether he be a manufacturer, export house, commission agent or a broker.

—:—

SPAIN.

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 21st September 1946:—

H.M. Representative in Madrid reports that by a Decree-Law dated July 5, 1946, published in the *Boletín Oficial* of July 18, 1946, paper binder twine may be imported free of duty by the National Textile Syndicate for the requirements of this year's cereal harvest.

The benefits of the Decree-Law apply exclusively to shipments arriving in Spanish Customs Houses before October 1, next.

SUDAN.

IMPORT LICENSING.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 21st September 1946:—

A notice appeared in the *Board of Trade Journal* of June 8, 1946 (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 17th October 1946, page 141), which gave a list of the items subject to import licensing in the Sudan. The Sudan Government have now advised the Board of Trade that import licences are no longer required to cover the import into the Sudan from territories within the sterling area of the following items:—

Tinned coffee; cocoa powder, cocoa essence, cocoa preparations, excluding unsweetened chocolate couverture; essential oils; hops and hop products; Kushery, dried pea and bean products; cinnamon quills.

—:—

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

TARIFF CLASSIFICATION: CHAULMOOGRA OIL.

The following is an extract from the *Board of Trade Journal* dated the 21st September 1946:—

The following decision has been published in the weekly Treasury Decisions:—

Chaulmoogra oil (Hydnocarpus oil) is dutiable as a medicinal preparation at 25 per cent *ad valorem* under paragraph 5, Tariff Act of 1930.

This ruling will result in the assessment of duty at a higher rate than has heretofore been assessed under a uniform practice.

—:—

MISCELLANEOUS.

Details of changes in Customs Regulations, etc., are published regularly in the *Board of Trade Journal*. The particulars are too lengthy for publication here, but the headings of the items and the date on which they appeared in the Journal are given for purposes of reference:—

16th November 1946.

NEW ZEALAND.—Import Licensing—11th Period. Exemption of Certain Goods from Primage Duty.

BURMA.—Certificates of Origin. Customs Tariff.

IRE.—Importation of Wool into Eire.

SOUTHERN RHODESIA.—Rebate of Customs Duty.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

ASSAM.

23rd December.

During the week under report the weather was generally seasonable and its effects on the crops are fair. The prospects and the outturn of crops are fair.

BIHAR.

17th December.

During the week under report except for light rain at Buxar and Siwan there was no rain anywhere. The condition and the prospects of the standing crops were reported to be fair on the whole. Sowing of *rabi* crops and harvesting of *aghani* paddy still continued.

CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR.

14th December.

The weather during the week under report was generally cloudy and cool. Light scattered showers of rain were received in the Saugor, Jubbulpore, Hooshangabad, Nimar, Wardha, Chanda and Balaghat districts and in Berar. The cloudy weather slightly damaged *tur*, *lakh* and *linseed* in the Nagpur district and *tur*, *urad* and *mung* in the Balaghat district; and it is apprehended that its persistence might prove unfavourable to the *rabi* crops in general. In the water-logged areas of the Chhindwara district, wheat seedlings were reported to have become yellow. Elsewhere the standing *rabi* crops are in satisfactory condition. The showers received during the week were reported to have further affected cotton and *juar* in the Amraoti and Yeotmal districts which had already suffered damage owing to the November rains. Harvesting of paddy and *kodon-kutki* was nearing completion and that of *juar* was in progress. Threshing of paddy was in full swing in all the rice districts. Picking of cotton continued.

MADRAS.

7th December.

During the week under report rainfall was very heavy in Nellore, South Arcot, Chingleput, Madras, North Arcot, Tanjore and the Nilgiris; heavy in Cuddapah, Chittoor, Salem, Trichinopoly, Madras, Tinnevely and Malabar; moderate in Coimbatore and Ramnad; fair in Anantapur and South Kanara; and light or nil in other districts. Water supply is insufficient in parts of East Godavari, West Godavari, Bellary and Ramnad. Sowing or transplantation of paddy in Bellary, Nellore, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Ramnad, Tinnevely and South Kanara and of dry crops in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, Kistna, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Salem, Coimbatore and Ramnad, is proceeding. The standing crops are generally fair except in Guntur. Harvesting of paddy in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Guntur, Kistna, Bellary, Cuddapah, Chittoor, Salem, Coimbatore, Tanjore, Madras, Malabar, South Kanara and the Nilgiris; of *rabi* in East Godavari, Bellary,

Anantapur, Chittoor, Coimbatore, Madras and the Nilgiris; and of groundnut in Vizagapatam, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, South Arcot, Chittoor, Salem, Tanjore and Ramnad, continued. The outturn is generally fair.

ORISSA.

16th December.

During the week under report there was no rain in the Province, except in Berhampur where there was light rainfall. Harvesting of paddy in all districts and of *urid*, horsegram and *til* in the Sambalpur district was in progress. Sowing of wheat and barley in the Cuttack district and of green gram, linseed and wheat in the Puri district was going on. Pressing of sugarcane in the Cuttack and Puri districts and threshing of winter paddy in the Puri district commenced. The standing crops, viz., paddy, sugarcane, betel, vegetables, sesamum, *joiar*, tobacco, groundnut, *amra* and niger, were generally thriving.

PUNJAB.

16th December.

During the week under report the weather remained dry except in parts of Hissar, Ambala, Jullundur, Ferozepore, Lahore and Sialkot districts where rain, varying in amount from 0.05" to 1.16" was received. Rain is badly needed in Gurgaon and Mianwali districts. The condition of the standing crops is average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas.

CROP FORECAST.

(ALL-INDIA)

SUMMARY OF ALL-INDIA FIRST GROUNDNUT FORECAST, 1946-47.

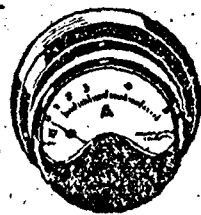
(Calcutta, 19th December 1946.)

	1946-47.	1945-46 (corresponding).	Increase (+).	REMARKS.
	Acres.	Acres.	Per cent.	
GROUNDNUT—				
Area	3,962,000	3,919,000*	+1	The forecast relates to information generally to the period up to the end of July or the beginning of August, 1946. The condition of the crop is reported to be fairly good on the whole.

* Revised.

ALL-INDIA FIRST RICE FORECAST, 1946-47.

—The above forecast estimates will be exhibited at the main Street door of the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, at 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on Saturday, the 28th December 1946, at 12 noon (Indian Standard Time) or 1 p.m. (Bengal Time).



B. 3134 WS. 20-3-47.

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TENDER NOTICES.

[Notices for this section should be sent to the Director of Commercial Intelligence, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, in time to reach him not later than Tuesday in each week, the day on which the Journal goes to press.]

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

Standard Specifications and Drawings.

Indian Stores Department Standard Specifications, referred to in Invitations to Tenders issued by the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, the Additional Deputy Director General of Supplies, Calcutta, the Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Karachi, Lahore, Madras and Cawnpore and the Director General, Ship-Buildings and Repairs (Purchase Branch), Bombay, are priced publications and can be had on payment from:—

1. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, P-18, Mission Row Extension, Calcutta.
2. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Feltham House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
3. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Sunlight Building, The Mall, Lahore.
4. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Bandukwala Building, adjoining Messrs. Volkart Bros., No. 4, McLeod Road, Karachi.
5. The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, War Department, Anandabawan, No. 8, Ritherdon Road, Vepery, Madras.
6. The Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.
7. The High Commissioner for India, Publications Branch, India House, Aldwych, London, W.C. 2.

The price of each Standard Specification is eight annas or 9d. Postage (7 annas if sent by inland registered post and 4 annas if sent by ordinary post) will be charged extra on Specifications sent by post from places other than the office of the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

N.B.—I.S.D. Standard Drawings are only available for certain P. & T. Department, Hardware articles and Textile stores. Copies of drawings for P. & T. Department and Hardware articles are available only from the Office of the Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and that of Textile Stores from the Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on payment.

A charge of Rs. 1 per copy is made for drawings of a size 42 x 28 inches or over and eight annas per copy below that size (postage extra).

Tar Boilers, Concrete Mixers and Stone Crushers.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS,

BOMBAY

B. 2077 W. 6-3-47.

Tender drawings other than those mentioned above may be obtained, on prepayment, at the rate as above from:—

- (i) The Controller General of Inspection (Civil Wing), M.G.O. Branch, G.H.Q. (I), Block No. 2, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.
- (ii) The Controller of Inspection, I.S.D. Inspection Circle, Feltham House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
- (iii) The Chief Inspector, Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta.

All remittances towards the cost and Postal charges of I.S.D. Standard Specifications or Drawings should be made in advance by Money Order only. Postal Stamps or Postal Orders are not acceptable.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Firebricks.

The Deputy Director General of Supplies (Section SF1), New Delhi, invites Tender No. SF1/72915/1/46 on prescribed form for the supply of 1,72,200 Nos. Firebricks as per I.S.D. Drawing Nos. 11036 and 11037 and I.S.D. Specn. G/Misc/38B to meet the requirement of S. I. Railway, Nagapatam.

Price of the tender forms, etc., is Rs. 6 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Chief Registration Officer must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Regional Directors of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tenders should reach the office of the Director General of Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, by the 24th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Firebricks.

The Deputy Director General of Supplies (Section SF1), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SF1/73555/1 on prescribed form for the supply of about 3,600 Nos. of Firebricks to meet the requirements of B. N. Railway at Nagpur. Necessary Specifications and Drawings, governing the supply of stores, are to be obtained from the Controller of Stores, B. N. Railway, Kidderpore, Calcutta, on application (quoting reference to his Indent No. R/20/1947/34058, dated the 30th September 1946, and this office Tender No. SF1/73555/1).

DEC. 26, 1946.]

THE INDIAN TRADE JOURNAL.

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ANNOUNCEMENT.

We are in the happy position of being overbooked with orders for our printed Tin-ware in two and multi-colours and in various shapes and sizes. We beg to be excused if we are unable to serve more than our capacity, until our new arrangements will have been completed.

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BOMBAY, 2.

B. 3079 W. 30-8-47.

Prices of the tender form, etc., is Rs. 3 per set and is not refundable and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Chief Registration Officer must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tenders must be submitted to the office of the Deputy Director General (Supplies), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on or before the 4th February 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Lamps, Incandescent, Hanging.

The Director General, Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites Tender No. SF1/71062/111/46 to reach him on the 15th January, 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

1. Lamps, Incandescent, 180 Nos. Similar to original petromax lamp No. 835, 400 C.P. complete (all parts interchangeable with original petromax lamp No. 835).
2. Vaporiser, complete 1,890 Nos. Part No. 8 for Petromax lamp No. 835 (400 C.P.)

Stores are required as under:—

Store.	Quantity.	Consignee.
Lamps Incandescent Hanging 400 C.P. complete.	180	District Controller of Stores, E. I. Ry., Howrah.
Vaporiser complete Part No. 8	1,400	District Controller of Stores, E. I. Ry., Howrah.
Ditto	400	District Controller of Stores, E. I. Ry., Allahabad.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore/Karachi/Cawnpore/Madras, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Cancellation of Tender Notice regarding Supply of Paint Removing and Cleaning Composition.

Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invitation to Tender No. SG1/70441/(C) for Paint Removing and Cleaning Composition (see the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 12th December 1946, page 555) is hereby cancelled.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, STRAND HOUSE, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

Supply of Pulley Stakes, etc.

The Director of Supplies, Bombay, invites Tender No. BOM/E/471 to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on the 11th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	Pulley Stakes, Galvanised, to Drg. No. 1. R. S. (S) 83065 Alt. 4 and I.R.S. Specn. S-10.	2,000 Nos.
2	Semaphone Sportale type B to Drg. No. 1. R. S. (S) SA 2085 Alt. 1 and I.R.S. Specn. S-10.	400 "
3	Thimbles Galvd. 1.11/16" x 1.0/32" wide x 3/8" to Drg. No. 1. R. S. (S) 83094 Alt. 2 and I.R.S. Specn. No. S-10.	2,100 "

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies or the late Department of Supply must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firms already black-listed.

BROWN

PYROMETERS, FLOWMETERS, AUTOMATIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL, PRESSURE AND VACUUM GAUGES, C.O. METERS, REMOTE VALVE CONTROL, ETC.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, STRAND HOUSE, GRAHAM ROAD, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

Supply of Fine Oil.

The Director of Supplies, Bombay, invites *Tender No. BOM/M/524* to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on the 27th December 1946 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	Pine Oil	1,610 gallons.

Applicants not already on approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies or the late Department of Supply must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Wagon Floor Boards.

The Deputy Director General of Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. ST3/131* to reach him on or before the 25th January, 1947, on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order, quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter, for supply of the following timber :—

Item No. and Description.	Size.	Quantity in Nos.
1. Wagon Floor Boards in Indian Teak, Sal and Gurjan.	9'-4" & up by 7" to 7½" by 1½" to 2".	4,000 Floor Boards per month for 12 months.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras and Cawnpore, and the Directors of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, on payment of tender fee direct to them. Specification governing the supply of the stores may also be seen with the above officers.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Iron Safes, Burglar Proof.

The Director General (Industries and Supplies), New Delhi, invites *Tender No P/SR3/76088/1* to reach him on or before the 23rd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—145 Nos. Iron Safes, Burglar Proof.

(The store is required for Manager, Postal Depot, Calcutta/Patna/Bombay and Karachi.)

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Firms already black-listed by the Supply Department are not eligible for copies of tender forms, which will not be supplied to them.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of I. R. Hose, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Section SFI), New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SFI/71552/3* on prescribed form for supply of :—

- (1) I. R. Hose armoured for Air to I. S. D. specification No. WEG/Misc 69-A, but armoured, bore 5/8" 50 ft.
- (2) Ditto I. S. D. Specn. WEG/MISC. 69-A but armoured bore 3/4" 100 ft.
- (3) Ditto I. S. D. Specn. No. WEG/MISC-70-A. but armoured, bore 1" 16 Nos.
- (4) Ditto I. S. D. Specn. No. WEG/Misc. 70-A but armoured, bore 5/8" 8 Nos.
- (5) G. S. M. Special wire embedded rubber Washout hose to I. S. D. specn. No. WEG/Misc. 68, but armoured, 2" I. D. 40 Nos.

Price of the tender form, etc., is Rs. 2 per set, and is not refundable, and the forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders. The specifications are not for sale but can be had free from the Office of the Deputy Director General (Inspection), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, on application.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Chief Registration Officer must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

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Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi/Madras/Cawnpore and Lahore, on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tenders must be submitted on or before the 25th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of M. S. Bearing Plates.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/73660/IV* to reach him on or before the 25th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	M. S. Plates, Bearing, 8" x 6½" punched for Dogspikes weighing 7-35 lbs. each for use with 60 lbs. R. F. F. Rails to part Drg. No. T-071 as shown on I. R. S. (T) Drg. No. T-070 to T-072 Alt. 1 and to I. R. S. Std. Specn. No. M. T.-5-34.	13,000 Nos. or 44-00 tons (approx.).

The stores are required for M. & S. M. Rly., Hubli, Bombay. Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi/Madras/Lahore/Cawnpore, on payment of tender fees direct to him.

Drawings may be obtained on payment from the Central Standards Office for Railways, Railway Board, New Delhi.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Steel Keys.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/73660/II* to reach him on or before the 20th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 4 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
2	Keys, steel, 10" long, left hand of section 'Revised B/E' for use with B.S.60 R. F. F. Rails conforming to R. F. T. Sketch No. 621 (ISD No. 11813) and No. 722 (I.S.D. No. 11676) and to I. R. S. Specn. No. T-8-38 (Current.).	50,000 Nos.

The stores are required at Hubli (M. & S. M. Rly.).

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi/Madras/Lahore, on payment of tender fees direct to him.

The Drawings are obtainable on payment from the Controller of Stores, M. & S. M. Rly., Perambur, quoting reference to his Indent No. MC/450, dated 12-10-46, and from the Chief Inspector of Engineering, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta, quoting I. S. D. Drg. Nos.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Brackets, Ferrules, etc.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/72433/PWF/A/II* to reach him on or before the 20th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 6 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for :—

Description.	Quantity.
Brackets, Ferrules, Lugs and Bars stop of sizes, conforming to G. I. P. Rly. Drg. No. 75442 (ISD No. 10902) 73150B (I.S.D. No. 13112), 72469 (13115) and I.R.S.T. Drg. No. T-073, T-083, T-193, and T-194.	4,705 Nos.

The stores are required at Ajni at Nagpur or Hazi Bunder, G. I. P. Railway.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of Directors of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore and Madras, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

The I.R.S. (T) Drawings are obtainable, on payment, from the Central Standards Office for Railways, Railway Board, New Delhi. The Railway Drawings are to be obtained, on payment, from the Chief Engineer, Bombay, quoting reference to C.O.S., G. I. P. Railway, Indent No. A/Rat/38/47, dated 2nd September 1946 or from the Chief Inspector of Engineering, 2, Avenue House, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta, quoting reference to I.S.D. Drawing Nos.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Cables: Extension of Tender Date.

The date of receipt of *Tender No. SE2/72990/I*, the call for which appeared in the *Indian Trade Journal* of the 23rd November, 1946 page 443, is hereby extended from 3rd January 1947 to 18th January 1947. The tender shall remain open for acceptance until 20th February 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Saw Timber.

The Deputy Director General of Supplies invites *Tender No. ST4/277* to reach him on or before the 27th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at New Delhi at Rs. 10

(not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order or Indian Postal Order, quoting tender number, full name and address of remitter for supply of the following Sawn Timber:—

Item No.	Description.	Specification.	Size.	Quantity.
1(a)	Timber Teak Planks	IM-2692	5' & up × 6" × 3/4"	17,000 c.ft.
(b)	Ditto	Ditto	5' & up × 8" × 3/4"	3,200 c.ft.
(c)	Ditto	Ditto	5' & up × 6" × 7/8"	4,000 c.ft.
2	Sal Sleepers	TAO/7/8/40	9'-12' × 10" × 5"	250 c.ft.
3(a)	Sal Scantlings	Ditto	12' × 5" × 3"	375 c.ft.
(b)	Ditto	Ditto	10' × 3" × 2 1/2"	208 c.ft.
4	Salwood	Ditto	9' × 16" × 12"	930 c.ft.
5	Salwood Planks	Ditto	15'-20' × 10'-12" × 2 1/2"-3"	200 Nos.

Firms not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors should give their Banker's reference on applications for tender form.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Deputy Director of Supplies, Madras, and the Director of Supplies, Bombay and Calcutta, on payment of tender fee direct to them. Specification governing supply of the stores may also be seen with the above officers.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Jacks Screw Lifting and Traversing.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SR-2/73668/II* to reach him on or before the 20th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 2 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	Jacks Screw Lifting and Traversing without Bars and Ratchets 20 ton capacity, having height when down 28" and range of traverse—10" to maker's standard.	16 Nos.

The stores are required for E. I. Railway at Allahabad and Cawnpore.

Applicants not already on the approved list of Supply Department contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta/Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Karachi/Madras/Lahore on payment of tender fees direct to him:

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Screw Couplings: Extension of Tender Date.

The opening date of *Tender No. SRI/70943/I* invited by the Deputy Director General (Supplies), New Delhi, for the supply of 16,495 Nos. Screw-Couplings is hereby extended to the 17th January 1947 in lieu of 3rd January 1947 as published previously, (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 21st November 1946, page 384). Firms should, therefore, submit quotations accordingly.

Tenders will be received by the Deputy Director General (Supplies), up to 4 p.m. on the 16th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SX-2/48595.—Supply of Braid for V. C. Os. Shoulder Straps.

Tenders are invited for the supply of Braid for V. C. O. Shoulder Straps, 5/32", in the following shades and quantities:—

Braid, Crimson, for V. C. Os. Shoulder straps, 5/32"	2,750 yards.
Braid, Yellow, for V. C. Os. Shoulder straps, 5/32"	1,400 "

Tender forms, which are not transferable, may be obtained, on payment of Rs. 2 per set, from the office of the Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, or the offices of the Director/Deputy Director of Supplies of the area concerned. The amount paid is not refundable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order quoting remitter's full address and tender number on the Money Order coupon. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Department of Industries and Supplies must state the name of their Bankers.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on the 9th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. SH1/74002/Casing Pipes/2/46 for the Supply of Casing Housing and Plain M. S. Screwed and Socketed Pipes and Slotted Tubes, etc.

It is notified that the last date for the receipt of tenders for the above, the call for which appeared in the issues of the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 29th November 1946 (page 444) and 5th December 1946 (page 497), has been extended from 28th December 1946 to 13th January 1947.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Supply of Pans, Privy, I. T.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites *Tender No. SM3/75380/1/46* to reach him on or before 27th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 8 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Pans, Privy, I. T., to Specn. No. I.M. 1663 (b).

Stores are required at Cawnpore.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies contractors must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the offices of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta and Bombay, and the Deputy Director of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Madras and Cawnpore, on payment of tender fees direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, STRAND HOUSE, GRAHAM ROAD, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

Supply of Signal Lamps and Fittings.

The Director of Supplies, Bombay, invites *Tender No. BOM/H/472* to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on the 3rd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

—	Description.	Quantity.
Lamps, Signal, and Fittings—		
1	F2A-76-1 Burners, complete (consisting of a burner to Drg. No. 85761 and burner collar to Drg. SA-5762).	I.R.S. 400 Nos.
2	F2A-77-1 Founts (without burners).	SA-5763 Ditto 400 "
3	F2A-78-1 Founts with burners complete (consisting of a fount to Drg. No. SA-5764 and burner to Drg. No. SA-5763).	Ditto SA-5766 150 "
4	F2A-82-1 Point indicator lamp (suitable for I.R.S. (S) type point indicator only).	Ditto SA-5702 50 "
5	F2A-83- Lamps, signal (Linley type) with side door but without reservoir.	DCEB Drg. No. 547 150 "
6	F2A-83-1 Signal lamps (fixed type) without fount and burner for plain disc or shunt signals.	Ditto SA-5700 80 "

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies or the late Department of Supply must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, STRAND HOUSE, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

Supply of Point Rodding Solid.

The Director of Supplies, Bombay, invites *Tender No. BOM/E/470* to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on the 3rd January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 5

(not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Description.	Quantity.
Point rodding solid, 1 1/4" dia., to Drg. No. I.R.S. (S) 83435 (latest alteration) and I.R.S. specification No. S-5-45 (WER-34) of June, 1946 and No. S-10 (latest) in lengths of 18'-0" ± 1".	1,817 length.

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies or the late Department of Supply must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES, STRAND HOUSE, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

Supply of Joints, Screws, etc.

The Director of Supplies, Bombay, invites *Tender No. BOM/E/473* to reach him on or before 11 a.m. on the 20th January 1947 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 3 (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash or by Money Order (quoting tender number, full name and address of the remitter), for:—

Item No.	Description.	Quantity.
1	Joints, ordinary, 1 1/4", complete to I.R.S. (S) SA 6050 and I.R.S. Specn. No. S-10 (latest).	1,000 Nos.
2	Joints, screw, 3/4", to I.R.S. (S) SA 2162 Alt. 3 and I.R.S. Specn. No. S-10 (latest).	300 "
3	Joints, screw, 1 1/4", complete to I.R.S. (S) SA 3622 Alt. 2 and I.R.S. Specn. No. S-10 (latest).	145 "
4	Screws, point adjusting, 1 1/4" to I.R.S. (S) SA 3623 Alt. 2 and I.R.S. Specn. S-10 (latest).	80 "
5	Shackle, W. I., with pins to I.R.S. (S) SA 3082 Alt. 1 & I.R.S. Specn. No. S-10 (latest).	415 "

Applicants not already on the approved list of the Department of Industries and Supplies or the late Department of Supply must give their Banker's reference on applications for tender forms. Tender forms will not be issued to firms already black-listed.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

Tender No. P/SLI/67182 due by 4 p.m. on 7th January 1947.—Supply of Rubber Boots, Surgeons'.

The Director General of Industries and Supplies (Section SLI), Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, invites tenders on the prescribed form for supply of 600 pairs, Boots, Rubber, Surgeons (Men's), conforming to Specn. No. T. C. 174-1938(C). Tender forms, etc. (not transferable), may be obtained from any of the following offices on payment of Rs. 2 per copy (not refundable), in cash, by Indian Postal Order or by Money Order (quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders):—

- (1) The Director General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi.
- (2) The Directors of Supplies, Calcutta, and Bombay.
- (3) The Deputy Directors of Supplies, Lahore, Karachi, Cawnpore and Madras.

Tenderers not already on the approved list of contractors of the Department of Industries and Supplies must state the name of their Bankers in their tender.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI. (M. M. & H. DIRECTORATE.)

Sale of Surplus Screws and Washers.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of following stores :—

	Quantity.
1. Tender No. DGD/50627/1/EGII—Coach Screws, M. S., black and galvanised different heads	83,708 gross.
2. Tender No. DGD/50627/2/EGII—Wood Screws, M. S., brass and galvanised different heads	10,06,043 "
3. Tender No. DGD/50627/3/EGII—Machine Screws, M. S., and brass different heads	99,271 "
4. Tender No. DGD/50627/4/EGII—M. S. Set Screws, Mudguard Screws and Roofing screws	20,328 "
5(a) Tender No. DGD/50616/EGII—Spring Washers (Single and double coiled)	1,05,768 "
5(b) Tender No. DGD/50616/EGII—M. S. Washers	83 tons approximately.

Location.—For items Nos. 1, 3 and 4 Calcutta; Item No. 2 Calcutta and Karachi; Item No. 5(a) and 5 (b) Madras, Karachi and Calcutta.

Last date for submission of above tenders.—By 12 noon on the 15th January 1947.

Offers to remain open for acceptance.—Until 15th February 1947.
Earnest Money.—10 per cent of the value offered, deposited in form of Revenue Deposit Challan or Deposit at Call Receipt in the Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of Director General of Disposals, New Delhi. No tenders will be considered without earnest money.

Tender forms along with lists of stores, special conditions of sales and permits to view the stores are obtainable on payment of Rs. 5 per each tender form from the Directorate General of Disposals, New Delhi, the Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Bombay, Lahore and Cawnpore and the Deputy Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Madras and Karachi.

Sales will be subject to conditions laid down in Form Con. 117 and special conditions attached with the tender form.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI. (C. P. & M. DIRECTORATE.)

Sale of Three Tyre Repair/Retreading Plants : Extension of Tender Date.

1. DGD/SR-41604/CPM-IV Tyre Repair/Retreading Plant, located at Delhi.
2. DGD/SR-41605/CPM-IV Tyre Repair/Retreading Plant, located at Madras.
3. DGD/SR-41606/CPM-IV Tyre Repair/Retreading Plant, located at Calcutta.

The last date for the receipt of the above-mentioned tenders (see the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 28th November 1946, page 450) has been extended from 18th December 1946 to 3rd January 1947.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI. (C. P. & M. DIRECTORATE.)

Sale of Scaffolding Tubes, etc.

Sealed tenders are invited for the purchase of the following stores of various sizes located at Kurla, Dehu, Kandivli, Raipur, Harbanspura and Calcutta :—

Scaffolding Tubes, etc.—558 tons approximately.
Superscribe reference Tender No.—DGD/SR-41806/CPM-2.

Last date for submission of tender.—By 4 p.m. on the 15th January 1947.

Offers to remain open for acceptance till.—14th February 1947.
Earnest Money.—10 per cent of the value offered deposited in Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.

Tender forms along with permits to view the stores are obtainable from the Directorate General of Disposals, C.P.M. Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, at Rs. 5 per set (not refundable) in cash/Money Order.

Delivery will be ex-site and removal should be completed within 30 days after receipt of acceptance of offer.

Sales are subject to conditions laid down in Form Con. 117.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, MADRAS. **Supply of Gunnies.**

Tenders are invited before the 10th January 1947 for supply of seven lakhs of new D. W. Gunnies, 40" x 28" size, to the Madras Agricultural Department. For further particulars please apply to the Director of Agriculture, Post Box No. 412, Triplicane, Madras.

GOVERNMENT OF TRAVANCORE.

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL STORES, TRIVANDRUM.

Supply of Fabricated Steel Towers, Copper Conductors, etc.

Sealed tenders, in duplicate, superscribed "Tender for 66 KV Line Extension", are invited for the supply of Fabricated Steel Towers, Copper Conductors, Galvanised Steel Earth Cable and Insulators for a 66 KV double circuit line, 35 miles long, between Trivandrum and Thuckalai. Tenders should be in the prescribed form and should reach the Controller, Government Central Stores, Trivandrum, S.I., before 1-30 p.m. on the 31st March 1947. The forms of tender containing all specifications necessary can be had direct from the Electrical Engineer to Government, Trivandrum, on payment in cash to him of Rs. 10 per copy. Late tenders will not be considered on any account.

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Supply of Lime Stone.

Sealed tenders are invited for the supply of first class, Lime Stone from Sylhet-Chhattak area containing not less than 54 per cent by weight of lime content (CAO) and not less than 96.6 per cent calcium carbonate (CACO 3), delivery f.o.r. Sylhet Bazar Station. Supply should commence from 1st February 1947 and must be completed by 31st October 1947 on rate contract basis.

Tender documents will be available from the Chief Engineer, B. A. Railway, at No. 3, Koilaghat Street, Calcutta, during office hours from 2nd January 1947 to 4th January 1947 on payment of an unrefundable sum of Rs. 2 per set of document in cash or by Money Order.

Tenders will be opened at 3 p.m. on the 6th January 1947.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Tender for Repairs to Cuttings to prevent Slips between Gurpa and Gujhandi Stations in the Grand Chord Section on Asansol Division.

Sealed tenders are invited up to 11 hours on the 8th January 1947 for the works of repairs to cuttings to prevent slips between Gurpa and Gujhandi Stations in the Grand Chord Section on Asansol Division.

Tender forms and all particulars may be obtained till 7th January 1947 at the office of the Divisional Superintendent E. I. Railway, Asansol, during office hours on payment of Rs. 5 only in cash, which sum will not be refunded.
The tenders are at labour rates only.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Item Costing over Rs. 10,000.

Supply of Scale Beam.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on or before 12 noon on the 17th January 1947 :—

Tender No. SP/B/GBI/2262.—For the supply of Scale Beam with tripod hooks, chains and iron pans without weights to weigh up to 10 cwt.

Tender form with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy, to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, E. I. Railway, direct by Money Order. Once these documents are issued, no refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and put into the Tender Box outside the General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

Supply of Copper Tubes, of Sizes.

Special Items Costing Over Rs. 10,000.

Sealed tenders are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, up to 12 noon on the 20th January 1947 :—

Tender No. SP/E/Gb1/690.—For the supply of Copper Tubes of sizes.

Tender forms with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2 per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by Money Order.

No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

Tender for Construction of Quarters for Staff at Bangalore Cantonment.

Sealed tenders will be received up to 12 hours on Wednesday, the 22nd January 1947, by the Chief Engineer, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras, for the construction of Quarters for Staff at Bangalore Cantonment.

Tender forms and other documents will be issued on application on payment of Rs. 10 per set.

Earnest money is to be paid in advance at the rate of Rs. 500 per tender.

Value of work is approximately Rupees one and half lakhs.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Tender No. 210-S/22/14 (Code Word "CXHGC").—Supply of Chain with Cotter's Flat, complete with Ring and Eyclet—5,500 Nos. Tenders are invited on a rupee basis for purchase of the above by the N. W. Railway.

Tenders must reach the office of the Controller of Stores, Headquarters Office, North Western Railway, Empress Road, Lahore, by 14-00 hours on Monday, the 10th February 1947, and will be opened at 11-00 hours on the following working day. Tenders are to be submitted on forms which can be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore (where any other relative documents can be seen), at Rs. 1 each (annas 8 if to be posted) plus Rs. 2 the cost of relevant drawings.

Firms in the Karachi Area may obtain tender forms and drawings from the office of the District Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Karachi, on cash payment.

Tenders will only be sold between 14 to 16 hours on all working days, except Saturday, and will not be sold on the date fixed for their receipt.

BENGAL ASSAM RAILWAY.

Sale of Attah Grinding Machines.

Tenders superscribed "Tender No. SUR/GS/23/46" are invited from prospective candidates for purchase of two Attah Grinding Machines which may be inspected at the following addresses, during week days :—

One machine at the office of the Assistant Controller of Food Supply, B. A. Railway, Kanchrapara.

One machine at the office of the Controller of Food Supply, B. A. Railway, Chittagong.

The successful tenderers will have to deposit, in advance, the full value of the machine in the office of the Controller of Stores, Bengal Assam Railway, at 3, Koilaghat Street, Calcutta, within 7 days of the receipt of the notice of acceptance of the tender, failing which the acceptance will be liable to cancellation.

The machine will be delivered from the aforesaid stations.

Tenders will be received by the Controller of Stores, B. A. Railway, Calcutta in his office on or before 11 a.m. on the 4th January 1947 on which date and hour the tenders will be opened.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE, UNITED PROVINCES.

STORES PURCHASE SECTION.

Supply of Asbestos Cement Sheets and their Accessories.

The following Notification (No. 50, dated the 19th December 1946) has been issued by the Director of Industries and Commerce (Stores Purchase Section), United Provinces, Cawnpore :—

It is hereby notified for the information of all indenting officers that the Industries and Supplies Department, Government of India, Rate Contract No. SMI/RC-1099/R, dated November 13, 1946, for the supply of Asbestos Cement Sheets and their Accessories will be utilised by the U. P. Government Departments during the period October 1, 1946 to September 30, 1947.

Indents in triplicate on the prescribed form WSB. 67 should be forwarded direct to the Deputy Director General, Industries and Supplies, Government of India, New Delhi, who will arrange for the supplies.

Copies of the prescribed indent form referred to above can be obtained direct from :—

(1) The Deputy Director General, Industries and Supplies, Government of India, New Delhi,

(2) The Director of Supplies, Government of India, Industries and Supplies Department, Cawnpore.

Copy of Rate contract may be obtained direct from the Deputy Director General, Industries and Supplies, Government of India, New Delhi,

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.

The following are statements of contracts placed by the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, during the week ending the 14th December 1946. (Contracts of less than Rs. 1,000 in value are not included.)

I.—Section SR-1.

Serial No.	Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
1	SR-1/13567/I.—Pans, C. I., enamelled	48 Nos.	Messrs. Heatly & Gresham, Ltd., Calcutta	Rs. 8,880 0 0 f.o.r. Calcutta.
2	SR-1/69405/I.—Locks, Guards, complete with escutcheon and striking plates.	750 „	The British Hardware & Metal Agency, Calcutta.	1,074 3 6 f.o.r. Howrah.
3	SR-1/69405.—Screw couplings hook shackle	1,500 „	The Britannia Engineering Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	18,750 0 0 f.o.r. Tittagarh.

II.—Section SE-2.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
1. SE2/128745/I, dated 8-10-46—		CONTRACT PLACED.	Rs.
Item 15.—Heavy gauge screwed conduit, 1"	425 ft.		
Item 16.—Ditto 1"	2,680 „		
Item 17.—Ditto 1½"	350 „		
Item 18.—Ditto 1½"	100 „		
Item 20.—Inspection Tees for conduit, 1"	12 Nos.	Messrs. Balmer Lawrie & Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	1,432
Item 21.—Ditto 1"	12 „		
Item 23.—Ditto 1½"	12 „		
Item 25.—Inspection Bends for conduit, 1"	12 „		
Item 26.—Ditto 1"	192 „		
Item 28.—Ditto 1½"	12 „		

III.—Section SB-1.

Tender No. and Article.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
WSE/17663, dated 17-10-46.—For 14" Dumpy level complete in box with necessary adjusting tools.	6 Nos.	Messrs. P. Orr & Sons, Madras	Rs. 8,300 f.o.r. Mysore.
SB1/72313/111/74.—Level with stand and Theodolite 6"	2 „ 1 No.	Messrs. B. I. E. Stores, Calcutta	2,420 free delivery at Ranchi.

IV.—Section SR-2.

Serial No.	Tender No. and Article.	Item No. as given in Invitation to Tender.	No. or Quantity.	Name of Firm.	Value of Contract.
1	SR-2/71499/II/147.—Ball Anchors	1	9,700 Nos.	Messrs. P. & M. Co., Ltd. Calcutta	Rs. 9,245 f.o.r. Shallimar.
2	SR-2/69371/II/148.—Point and Crossings quality undrilled rails.	5	153-08 tons		35,744 f.o.r. Calcutta.
3	SR-2/72341/II/149.—2nd Class rails	1	6'02 „	Messrs. Tata I. & S. Co., Ltd., Calcutta.	1,504 f.o.r. Sitapur.
4	SR-2/134423/II/DEP/150.—Points and Crossings quality rails.	2	16 „		3,736 f.o.r. Calcutta.
5	SR-2/128719/II/151.—Kidney Pieces S. Steel for W. M. R. plate.	1	10,000 Nos.		3,750
6	SR-2/135189/II/152.—Mills S. Steel Kidney Pieces for C. I. Plates.	12	6,000 „	Messrs. Exors. of James Mill, Ltd., Calcutta.	2,250 f.o.r. Indian Port to be intimated later.

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

I.

The following particulars have been received from the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore :—
Result of Advertised Tender No. 2118/5/21 (Code Word "CZWBC") due on 29th October 1946, for Wallets or Pouches for tokens without spigot=6,000 Nos.

Serial No.	Description of Stores.	Quantity Ordered.	Rate Accepted.	Name of Successful Tenderer.
1	Wallets or pouches for tokens without spigot to N. W. R. Drg. No. 103-R/1, dated 24-3-38.	3,000 Nos.	Rs. A. P. 2 7 6 each	Messrs. Qutab Din & Bros., Kucha Munj-kutan, Laheri Gate, Lahore.
2	Ditto	3,000 „	2 6 0 „	Messrs. Sufi Brothers, Usman Ganj, Lahore.

II.

The following particulars have been received from the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore :—
Result of Advertised Tender No. 211-S/5/16 (Code word "CADDN") due on 26th November 1946, for Cage Guards, Small, for single light fitting = 16,500 Nos.

Serial No.	Description of Stores.	Quantity Ordered.	Rate Accepted.	Name of Successful Tenderer.
1	Cage guards, small, for single light fitting, as per N.W.R. Drg. No. 1242.	16,500 Nos.	Rs. 1-0-3 each	Messrs. British Import Syndicate, Nisbot Road, Lahore.

PROVISIONAL STATEMENT SHOWING THE RAISINGS AND DESPATCHES OF COAL FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER 1946.

(FURNISHED BY THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF MINES IN INDIA.)

Province.	Raisings.	Despatches.
	Tons.	Tons.
ASSAM	28,413	25,852
BALUCHISTAN	6,777	6,230
BENGAL— Darjeeling Raniganj Coalfield	997 500,620	257 464,394
BIHAR— Raniganj Coalfield Jharia Bokaro Ramgarh Giridih Jainty Daltonganj Hutar Karanpura	78,998 822,189 247,784 2,827 33,054 1,651 1,781 126 79,571	64,299 699,683 244,183 2,457 30,429 628 1,048 126 79,430
TOTAL FOR BIHAR	1,267,991	1,122,173

Raisings and Despatches of Coal—contd.

Province.	Raisings.	Despatches.
	Tons.	Tons.
ORISSA— Hingir-Rampur (Sambalpur) Coalfield.	6,843	5,939
CENTRAL PROVINCES— Pench Valley Coalfield (Chhind-wara). Chanda Coalfield Yeotmal Bilaspur	83,276 13,246 1,781 ..	73,845 10,972 1,586 ..
TOTAL FOR CENTRAL PROVINCES	98,303	86,403
PUNJAB	14,342	13,894
SIND	1,899	1,886
GRAND TOTAL	1,926,185	1,727,028

N.B.—Hard and soft coke despatched from collieries=58,453 tons.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 13th December 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1 ^a	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	1,496	1,589	15,993	21,195	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	1,425	1,189	25	52	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan	326	1,267	3,275	4,995	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan	285	614	7,393	14,873	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country			5,690	16,783	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	2,316	3,070	16,383	36,504	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					
The Province of Sind	17,277	19,816	189,572	208,759	All districts in the Province.
Bengal—					
The Province of Bengal	323	153	3,783	2,180	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces—					
1. Upper Doab	57	..	57	..	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	160	..	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	1,625	..	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaut, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rao Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	57	..	1,842	..	
Punjab—					
1. Ambala	1,394	1,793	5,934	7,072	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
2. Jullundur	950	375	1,324	625	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	1,742	1,985	(a) 8,130	6,059	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	2,440	4,559	(b) 3,704	7,213	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
5. Multan	27,239	26,557	(c) 72,558	68,688	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	2,630	4,654	(d) 18,802	15,466	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	36,404	39,923	108,452	105,123	
Central Provinces—					
1. Jabulpore	..	..	..	..	Jubbulpore, Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	..	..	..	..	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	2,374	1,730	4,041	4,365	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	5,892	2,690	(e) 10,620	7,370	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
5. Satpura	..	..	..	..	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
TOTAL	5,766	4,420	14,661	11,735	
Berar—					
Berar	22,322	22,610	(f) 69,442	83,559	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Assam—					
The Province of Assam	(*)	70	..	325	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara—					
Ajmer-Merwara	168	80	2,571	654	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras—					
Madras*	688	3,194	(g) 29,394	52,582	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	85,021	93,336	436,400	501,427	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.
 *For details see Statement III. The figure in column 4 refers to pressing from 31st August 1946.

(a) Includes 526 bales not reported before.
 (b) " 1,073 " " " "
 (c) " 1,626 " " " "
 (d) " 2,092 " " " "
 (e) " 166 " " " "
 (f) " 602 " " " "
 (g) " 422 " " " "
 (h) Return not yet received.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 13th December 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	11,636	13,424	34,527
Baroda	..	..	..	..
Mysore	(a)	158	2,233	6,244
Gwalior	(a)	..	560	244
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	(a)	12,034	7,063	33,479
Nabha	1,204	1,106	4,470	6,047
Jind	(a)	505	475	1,602
Faridkot	(a)	240	..	1,964
Patiala	(a)	4,065	2,118	16,758
Malerkotla	(a)	495	..	986
Khalapur	(a)	216	..	645
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	1,204	18,661	14,726	61,481
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	..	..	..	..
Bikaner	813	521	3,288	961
Jodhpur	..	..	..	..
Tonk	..	..	..	..
Jaipur	..	..	..	..
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	..	..	..	..
Kishanganj	..	..	..	..
Kotah	..	..	..	..
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	..	..	..	..
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	813	521	3,288	961
Central India States—				
Indore	..	..	..	..
Bhopal	..	..	..	..
Narsinghar	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	..	..	..	..
Ratlam	..	..	..	..
Dhar	(a)	107	..	107
Barwani	(a)	336	..	336
Jhabua	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	..	443	..	443

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 13th December 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1946	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	(a)	745	..	965
Junagadh	(a)	..	5,950	..
Dhrangadhira	(a)	..	..	..
Morvi	(a)	..	1,506	..
Cutch	(a)	64	322	170
Nawanagar	(a)	..	..	..
Wadhwan	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	..	..	..	..
Porbandar	(a)	..	..	1,363
Limdi	..	..	..	..
Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	..	..	..	..
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mull	..	..	..	..
Sayla	..	..	..	..
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	..	..	..	..
Katosan	..	..	..	..
Lakhtar	..	..	..	..
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	..	..	..	..
Bantva Majmu	..	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	..	..	..	..
Chhota Udepur	..	..	..	..
Cambar	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Balsahor	..	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas—				
Vaktapur	..	..	..	..
Gothda	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	..	..	..
Jamkhani	..	..	..	..
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Mudhol	..	..	..	..
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savanur	..	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	..	809	7,778	2,498
GRAND TOTAL	2,017	32,228	42,009	106,398

(a) Statement not yet received.
 III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 13th December 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelles	..	40	38,359	47,037
Nadarn, Bourbon and Uppam	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	509	1,694	(a) 95,349	93,204
Karunganni	1	..	41,084	..
Northern	..	..	6,163	..
Western	..	1,385	62,442	176,804
Mungari	..	..	988	..
Cocanadas	178	75	8,888	10,721
TOTAL	688	3,194	253,653	317,766

(a) Includes 422 bales not reported before.

DISTRICT AVERAGES.

FOR CONSUMPTION IN INDIA.

(The above do not include Second-hand Tea, Damaged Tea and Dust.)

Green Tea for Export.

	Sold in Sale No. 23, 17th December.		Sold to Sale No. 23, 17th December 1946.	
	Packages.	Average Price per lb.	Packages.	Average Price per lb.
SEASON 1946-1947	1,134	Rs. A. P. 1 12 1	2,977	Rs. A. P. 1 14 0

SEASON 1946-1947

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.
 * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † The Economist.
 ‡ Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.
 § Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 || Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.
 ¶ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 (p) Prices are subject to Sales Tax.

* 1 bale=400 lbs.
 ** Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.
 † The East India Cotton Association's Report for week ending
 15th November, 1948.
 ‡ Kenya Colony, Tanganyika Territory and Uganda Protectorate.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.

(b) Exports—contd.

(ii) From 1st September to 16th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales *)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	78	23
" Karachi	45	37
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(iii) During the three months ending March, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales *)			
	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	Mar., 1946.	Sept., 1945 to Mar., 1946.
United Kingdom	7	26	14	105
U. S. A.	31	35	41	166
Australia	..	14	..	16
Other Countries	28	13	88	197
TOTAL, 1945-46	66	83	143	484
" 1944-45	11	20	15	128
" 1943-44	13	40	28	172

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 13th December—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 467 (Jan.).

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is estimated at 3,438,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,580,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	253	253
Bombay	..	1,798	1,798
Karachi	..	381	381
Madras	..	491	491

(ii) From 1st January to 16th November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	11,806	11,826
Bombay	11	83,076	83,087
Karachi	58	9,291	9,349
Madras	..	11,518	11,518

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	1	..	3	5	23	..
Bombay	5	..	86	4	79	10
Karachi	..	..	27	2	73	4
Madras	..	..	..	3	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 13th December—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. a. p.
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37" x 37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	..
(2) Domestic 35" x 40 yds. of 12 lbs.	..
(3) Chadars 50" x 6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	..
(4) Dhories (up to ½" nakhi border) 32" x 9 yds. of 1½ lbs.	..
(5) Dhories (Calcutta, ½" P.B.) 44" x 10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	..
† Manchester, 18th October—	2 4 0

Price Index of cloth (Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.) 244

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	731	731
Bombay	..	8,207	8,207
Karachi	..	52	52
Madras	..	840	840

(ii) From 1st January to 16th November, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	38,148	38,191
Bombay	30	346,687	346,727
Karachi	..	6,222	6,222
Madras	..	35,920	35,920

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	1
Bombay	..	2
Madras	..	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 13th December—

	Rs. a. p.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	..
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, ..	1 1 9

† Manchester, 15th October—

Price index of American yarn	241
" " " Egyptian "	229
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	72
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

Cow Hides—

† Calcutta, 20th December—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	..	..
(2) Darbhanga	..	..
(3) Patna	..	..
(4) Salted cows, Daocas Rs. 20.0 to Rs. 22.0	} per 20 lbs.	

Buffalo Hides—

† Calcutta, 20th December—

(1) Arsenic, Framed	..	..
(2) " Commons	Rs. 13.0 to Rs. 15.0	..
		} per 20 lbs.

Goat Skins—

† Calcutta, 20th December—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 280 to Rs. 310
(2) Ordinary Quality " 100 "	Rs. 180 " Rs. 220

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—

Market Quotations—

† Madras, 4th & 11th December—

	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Tanned—		
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	2 0 0 to	2 5 0
(2) Buff hides "	1 12 0 "	1 14 0
(3) Sheep skins "	5 0 0 "	7 0 0
(4) Goat skins "	4 8 0 "	6 0 0

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

§ Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 20th December—

Fig Iron—	
Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " " "	Rs. 98
† London, 8th & 22nd October—	£ s. d.
Fig. Cleveland No. 3, per ton	8 9 3
Steel, rails, heavy " "	15 12 0

JUTE (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	49	84
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer	92	126
TOTAL	141	210

(ii) From 1st July to 16th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	903	1,303
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer	1,106	1,606
TOTAL	2,009	2,909

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	26	28

(ii) From 1st July to 16th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	476	648

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(iii) During the three months ending March, 1946 (from all British Indian ports):—

	(In thousands of bales.)*			
	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	Mar., 1946.	July '46 to Mar., 1946.
United Kingdom	43	41	58	379
United States of America	66	44	46	200
Brazil	..	31	..	87
Australia	1	..	..	10
Other Countries	93	123	83	787
TOTAL, 1945-46	203	239	187	1,553
" 1944-45	108	87	72	709
" 1943-44	119	122	62	765

(c) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 20th December—**

- (1) European Jut Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Ra. 35-0
 (2) Indian Jut Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Ra. 33-0

‡ Calcutta, 23rd December—

- (1) Firsts, per bale (400 lbs.) { Ra. 157-0;
 Ra. 163-0;
 (2) Lightnings " " { Ra. 152-0;
 Ra. 158-0;

London, 12th December—

- Daines C. & F., per ton £ s. d.
 713 0

Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1946 is estimated at 5,550,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 7,931,000 bales in 1945 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	10,303	2,576
Hessian	964	1,305

(ii) From 1st January to 16th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	243,202	232,154
Hessian	53,929	85,871

(b) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 20th December—**

- B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×28½", 6×8", per 100 bags Ra. 107- (Ready).

- * 1 Bale=400 lbs.
 † Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 ‡ Exports.
 § Mills
 ¶ Supplied by Messrs. Landale & Morgan.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	2,082	10
Hessian	53,199	138

(ii) From 1st January to 16th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	22,970	18,139
Hessian	1,149,238	1,128,531

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 20th December—**

- (1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds. Ra. 39-0 (Ready).
 (2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds. Ra. 47-12 (Ready).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—**

- Calcutta, 23rd December—
 Groundnut Cake, per md. Ra. 5-10½

OILSEEDS—**CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—**

- † Bombay, 13th December—
 Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt. Ra. 25-0
 London, 12th December—
 Castorseed (Bombay), per ton £ s. d.
 47 0 0

COCONUTS—**Market Quotations—**

- ‡ Cochin, 14th December—
 Coconuts, per 1,000 Ra. 180

COPRA—**Market Quotations—**

- ‡ Cochin, 14th December—
 Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs. Ra. 430

- * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 ‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
 § Govt. control rate.

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports	—	—

(b) Market Quotations—*** Bombay, 31st October—**

- Cotton seed, per Indian Md. Ra. 6-3-0

GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—****† Bombay, 13th December—**

- (1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt. Ra. 38-0
 (2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt. Ra. 37-0

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations—****‡ Madras, 4th & 11th December—**

- Machine-deoorticated, per candy of 500 lbs. Ra. 88-8

† Bombay, 13th December—

- Bold, per cwt. Ra. 21-6

London, 18th April—

- Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton £ s. d.
 38 0 0

LINSEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	200	2,073
Bombay, by rail and sea	226	136
Karachi, by rail and river	..	154
Vizagapatam, by rail	..	950

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	923	..
Bombay	..	6,225
Karachi	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	..

- * Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 ‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—contd.**LINSEED—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—***** Bombay, 13th December—**

- (1) Bold, per cwt. Ra. 25-8
 (2) Small, per cwt. Ra. 25-3

† Calcutta, 20th December—

- Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md. Ra. 20-0 (Ready).

London, 2nd May—

- Linseed, Bombay, per ton £ s. d.
 46 10 0

RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	445	296
Bombay, by rail and sea	2	240
Karachi, by rail and river	117	87

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**‡ Karachi, 11th December—**

- Rapeseed and/or Toria (including bags) Ra. 107-0½
 Per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately.

*** Bombay, 29th June, 1945—**

- (1) Brown, Cawnpore, per cwt. Ra. 18-0 (n).
 (2) Yellow, " " Ra. 23-0 (n).

London, 18th April—

- Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £ s. d.
 39 10 0

- * Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 † Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 ‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 § Sind Govt. controlled price ex-godown in Karachi City.
 (n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 20th December—		Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale		Rs. 63-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds		Rs. 62-8-0
(3) " " thirds		Rs. 61-8-0
† Madras, 11th December—		
Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.		Rs. 290

COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

† Cochin, 14th December—		
Coconut oil—Fair average quality,	Rs. 615 Ready	
per candy (654 lbs.).	Rs. 615 One month.	

GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—**

‡ Madras, 14th December—		
Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.		Rs. 245

OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 20th December—		
Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ Rs. 4-4-3 ||	
	{ Rs. 4-7-3 ¶	
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	{ Rs. 3-13-6 ||	
	{ Rs. 4-0-6 ¶	

PETROL—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 20th December—		
Petrol, per Imperial gallon		Rs. 1-10-6 ** ex-pump.

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

		(In tons.)
	1946.	1945
Arrivals into—		
Calcutta by rail, river and sea	7,767	5,664

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.

|| Ex-godown.

¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.

** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

		(In tons.)
	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Chittagong	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..
Madras	..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 16th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

		(In tons.)
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—		
Calcutta by rail, river and sea	242,935	52,038

From 1st January to 16th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

		(In tons.)
	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—		
From Calcutta	850	27,351

(b) Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 20th December—		
(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund		†
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund		†
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund		• †

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—**

* Calcutta, 20th December—		
T. N. per B. maund		Rs. 132
London, 12th December—		
T. N. Orange, per cwt.		£ s. d. 17.10 0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—**(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

		Refined and unrefined. (In cwt.)
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea	681	400
" Bombay by rail	327	736
" Karachi " "	392	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

		Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt
A* grade Rice		Rs. 23-12-0
B* grade Rice		Rs. 13-12-0
C* grade Rice		Rs. 8-12-0

DEC. 26, 1946.]

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

		Refined. (In cwt.)			
		Java.	Mauritius.	Europe.	Other Countries. TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—

* Cawnpore, 7th December—

		1946.	1945.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—			
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 20 11 6 16 1 6		
	{ 21 13 6 16 12 6		
Balrampur, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	21 2 0 16 8 0		
Basti, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	21 0 0 16 6 0		
Marhowrah, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	21 6 6 16 12 6		
Pilibhit, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	20 15 6 16 5 0		
Rosa, Crystal No. 1, per md., ex-factory	.. 16 7 6		

(d) Stocks*—

		(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)
† Calcutta (7th Dec. '46)	8,815†	(8th Dec. '45) 20,992
Bombay (" " ")	15,000	(" " ") ..
Karachi (" " ")	10,035	(8th " '45) 14,408
Madras (4th " ")	5,512	(" " ") 12,403

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending 14th December:—

		1946.	1945.
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Refining—			
(1) Siwa Basar	..	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..	..
Eating—			
(3) Madras	..	15 10	13 9
(4) Ahmednagar	..	43 0	14 0
(5) Lyallpur	..	18 12	12 4
(6) Muzaffarnagar	..	12 8	9 18
(7) Meerut	..	..	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	..	..	..
(9) Dacca (best quality)	..	45 0	20 0

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

† Kidderpore Docks only.

‡ The figure of stocks at Calcutta, viz., 3,433 bags shown in the Indian Trade Journal (page 353), dated the 14th November 1946, relates to 26th October 1946 and not to the 25th October 1946.

TEA—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

		(In thousands of lbs.)
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	11,377	10,283

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

		(In thousands of lbs.)
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	28,588	797
" Chittagong	2,617	..

(ii) During the three months ending March, 1946 (from all British Indian ports)*:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)			
	Jan., 1946.	Feb., 1946.	Mar., 1946.	July, '45 to Mar., 1946
United Kingdom .	27,182	9,726	7,137	217,790
Iraq . . .	..	553	..	1,480
Iran . . .	60	3,087	97	5,668
Canada . . .	..	793	..	18,720
United States of America . . .	10,315	2,338	1,613	49,070
Australia . . .	2,119	..	103	13,880
Other Countries .	2,012	1,351	494	18,705
TOTAL, 1945-46 .	41,688	17,848	9,444	325,313
" 1944-45 .	40,963	22,398	17,195	341,607
" 1943-44 .	27,831	44,333	46,862	327,219

(c) Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 17th & 18th December—

† Sale Average—

For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb. . . Rs. 1-9-10

WHEAT—**(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

		(In tons.)			
		1946.		1945.	
		Indian†.	Foreign.	Indian†.	Foreign.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	148	..	1,294	9,692	
Bombay	..	..	..	18	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..	..

* Relating to tea, black.

† See also page 682.

‡ In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.**(a) Imports and Exports—contd.**

During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..

During week ending 16th November, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—		
From Karachi	..	325

(ii) From 1st April to 16th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)			
	1946.		1945.	
	Indian*.	Foreign.	Indian*.	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta	926	84,869	42,111	216,215
Bombay	3,290	..	4,022	..
Karachi	97,658	..	81,270	..

From 1st April to 16th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..

From 1st April to 16th November, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—		
From Karachi	102,004	59,273

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 31st October—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 20th December—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—concl.**(b) Market Quotations—contd.**

Lyallpur, 16th & 23rd August—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Rs. 9-10-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1945-46 is now estimated at 8,882,000 tons, as against 10,458,000 tons in 1944-45.

WOOL (RAW)—**Market Quotations—**

* **Karachi, 11th December—**

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Ra. 102
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† **Calcutta, 20th December—**

	Jute (50 c. ft.) Plus 15% Surchage.		Linseed (20 cwt.) Surchage.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.
London §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Liverpool §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Dundee §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)
Glasgow §	80	0(n)	91	3(n)

‡ **Bombay, 13th December—**

Cotton (40 c. ft.)—			s.	d.
United Kingdom ports			109	0
Antwerp			..	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn			..	..
Trieste, Venice			..	..
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—				
Linseed, Rape, etc.—				
United Kingdom ports			92	0
Antwerp			..	..
Marseilles			..	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn			..	..
Trieste, Venice			..	..
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—				
Cotton, etc.—				
United Kingdom ports			89	0
Marseilles			..	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn			..	..
Groundnuts—				
United Kingdom ports			98	0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal.

SPECIAL SUPPLEMENT No. 4

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(Combining the issues of the Journal, dated 23rd and 30th May 1946, Vol. CLXI.)

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MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

22nd and 29th May Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 22nd May 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

During the week ended the 17th May 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 65,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 28th May 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

During the week ended the 24th May 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 5,36,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

SECURITY PRICES—

	22nd May	29th May
Calcutta—		
Government Paper (3½ per cent)	Rs. 102-12-0	Rs. 103-8-0
London—		
	20th May	27th May
	£	£
British Conversion (3½ per cent)	110½	111½
British War Loan (3½ per cent)	105½	105½

EXCHANGE—

	20th and 28th May—	Selling.	Buying.
Telegraphic Transfer		1s. 5½d.	1s. 6½d.
On New York D/D \$100=		Rs. 332½	Rs. 329½
London/New York		\$4-02½	

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay—

21st May—
Gold (.999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 107.

28th May—
Gold (.999 fineness), per tola, spot Rs. 108.

London, 17th and 23rd May—
Gold, per fine oz. £8-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—

21st May—
Silver (.999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 185.

28th May—
Silver (.999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot Rs. 190.

20th May—
Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 182-8]

27th May—
Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas Rs. 190-0

London, 17th and 23rd May—
Silver, spot, per fine oz. 44d.

New York, 17th and 23rd May—
Bar Silver, ready, per oz. 70½ cents.

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 10TH MAY 1946—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 21st May 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	707,38,11,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	307,25,32,000
3. Cash in India:—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	34,17,48,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,41,40,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	59,02,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	81,84,00,000
5. Advances in India	378,14,12,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,44,98,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	10-5-46.	3-5-46.	11-5-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	707,38,11	709,55,22	607,89,99	134,38,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	307,25,32	304,58,13	228,84,97	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	37,15,78	38,40,01	30,72,53	6,63,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	81,84,00	84,48,60	80,81,84	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	378,14,12	374,91,35	276,79,18	101,52,16
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,44,98	20,91,71	14,08,03	3,57,29

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 17TH MAY 1946—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 25th May 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	708,90,80,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	303,13,57,000
3. Cash in India:—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	33,64,00,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,35,78,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	58,02,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	83,80,78,000
5. Advances in India	374,83,45,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,22,53,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)

	17-5-46.	10-5-46.	18-5-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	703,90,80	707,38,11	612,02,63	134,38,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	303,13,57	307,25,32	229,73,51	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	33,57,73	37,15,78	31,12,48	6,63,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	83,80,78	81,84,00	82,15,91	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	374,83,45	378,14,12	276,44,90	101,52,16
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,22,53	20,44,98	14,03,34	3,57,29

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—*contd.*

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 10th May 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	8,81,59,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	23,42,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,82,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	524,40,30,000	(a) Internal	..
(2) Government of Burma	17,01,000	(b) External	..
(3) Other Government Accounts	14,05,64,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	6,76,32,000
(b) Banks	84,69,70,000	Balances held abroad*	591,38,14,000
(c) Others	12,95,67,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	..
Bills Payable	3,52,85,000	Other Loans and Advances	6,25,000
Other Liabilities	18,13,65,000	Investments	39,01,84,000
		Other Assets	18,63,44,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	667,94,82,000	TOTAL ASSETS	667,91,82,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 10th May 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	8,81,59,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,241,94,16,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	..	
Total Notes issued		1,250,75,75,000	Sterling Securities	1,130,32,89,000	
			Total of A		1,174,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		18,17,30,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,05,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,250,75,75,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,250,75,75,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities : 93.923 per cent.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—*concl.*

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 17th May 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	12,04,34,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	23,87,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,94,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	514,00,23,000	(a) Internal	..
(2) Government of Burma	22,16,000	(b) External	..
(3) Other Government Accounts	17,11,89,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	5,42,91,000
(b) Banks	90,66,43,000	Balances held abroad*	592,58,49,000
(c) Others	12,65,10,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	..
Bills Payable	3,43,38,000	Other Loans and Advances	5,75,000
Other Liabilities	17,33,21,000	Investments	35,31,05,000
		Other Assets	19,73,05,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	665,41,40,000	TOTAL ASSETS	665,41,40,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 17th May 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	12,04,34,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,238,54,95,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	..	
Total Notes issued		1,250,59,29,000	Sterling Securities	1,130,32,89,000	
			Total of A		1,174,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		18,00,90,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,05,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,250,59,29,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,250,59,29,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities : 93.935 per cent.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

I.—Calcutta, dated 20th May 1946.

CROPS. Madras, week ending 4th May.—Rainfall fair in Malabar and Nilgiris; light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Ramnad; of sugarcane in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Trichinopoly; and of cotton in Coimbatore and Ramnad proceeding. Outturn reported generally poor to fair. Bihar, week ending 13th May.—Rainfall light to moderate everywhere in Province, except in sub-divisions of Arrah, Chapra, Darbhanga Sadr and Dhanbad, and in parts of Shahabad, Santhal Parganas and Palamau. Prospects of crops fair on the whole. Harvesting of *rabi* crops complete and their threshing continued except at places where operations hampered by untimely rain. Orissa, week ending 13th May.—Rainfall light to moderate at all places except Angul, Nawapara and Koraput where no rain. Harvesting of summer paddy in Balasore and Puri districts in progress. Sowing of jute and autumn paddy commenced in Cuttack district. Standing crops, including sugarcane and summer paddy, generally thriving. Lands being ploughed for next crops at places. Punjab, week ending 13th May.—Except for light rainfall in parts of Karnal, Simla, Rawalpindi, Attock, Lyallpur and Jhang districts, weather remained dry. Condition of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Slight damage to crops caused by hailstorm in parts of Shahpur tahsil. Bengal, week ending 8th May.—Weather not seasonable in some districts of north and south-east Bengal due to heavy rainfall and storms; elsewhere favourable. Prospects of standing crops reported favourable except in adversely affected districts. In some districts sowing and weeding of paddy and jute being hampered due to inclement weather. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 11th May.—Weather partly clear and partly cloudy and hot. Light scattered showers of rain reported in many districts in earlier part of week. Preparation of land for next *kharif* sowings in progress. Assam, dated 13th May.—Weather seasonable and its effects on crops fair, except in Sibsagar where weather abnormally dry though showers occurred in places. Crop prospects and outturn fair.

Cotton. Bombay, 15th May.—After steady start forward prices finished tamely. Prices dropped by about Rs. 4 from highest level touched in middle of session and finished at lowest level for the day. Indian Cotton Contract July started about a rupee higher at Rs. 471-4 and hovered between Rs. 470-12 and Rs. 472-8 during early stages. Later, after touching Rs. 473-8, it declined steadily to finish at Rs. 469-8. Indian Cotton Contract May closed at Rs. 466.

Jute. Calcutta, 18th May.—Steady and unchanged with no fresh business reported. Hessians and Heavies very firm and unchanged. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 66-12 (maximum) to June 1947.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. Madras, 16th May:—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	1 14 0 to 2 4 0	
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 8 0 to 1 9 0	
Sheep skins, per lb.	4 2 0 to 5 0 0	
Goat skins, per lb.	3 0 0 to 3 8 0	

Shellac. Calcutta, 17th May.—T.N. Rs. 71 per B. Maund (official quotation, no sellers).

Tea. First Tea Sale, Calcutta, 15th May.—8,577 packages tea at average price of Re. 1-2 sold for consumption in India. A small sale comprising about 9,000 chests of New Season's and 3,000 chests of 1945-46 tea, met fair demand, but prices for former were from six pies to two annas lower than valuations. New Season's Catalogue composed chiefly of Dooars and Darjeelings; except for about one invoice from each district, quality not outstanding. Leaf teas and Broken Orange Pekoes with quality were strongest features of sale, stalky Broken Pekoe Souchong weakest.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

II.—Calcutta, 27th May 1946.

CROPS. Madras, week ending 11th May.—Rainfall moderate in Madras, South Arcot, North Arcot, Salem, Tanjore and Nilgiris; fair in Vizagapatam, West Godavari, Chittoor, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madurai, Ramnad and Malabar; and light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, Cuddapah, Nellore, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Trichinopoly; of sugarcane in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, West Godavari, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Trichinopoly; and of cotton in Coimbatore and Ramnad in progress. Outturn reported generally poor to fair. Bihar, week ending 20th May.—Light to moderate rain fell everywhere, except in parts of Shahabad, Saharsa and Palamau. Prospects of crops fair on the whole. Harvesting of *rabi* crops complete everywhere, except in Darbhanga where delayed due to rain. Threshing of *rabi* crops continued, except at places where operations hampered by untimely rain. Lands being prepared for *bhadai* and paddy crops and their sowing continued at places. Orissa, week ending 20th May.—Rainfall light at Cuttack, Bhadrak, Khurda, Berhampur and Koraput, moderate at Jaipur, Kendrapara and Balasore and no rain elsewhere. Sowing of autumn paddy in Cuttack and Puri districts commenced. Harvesting of summer paddy in Balasore and Puri districts in progress. Standing crops, including sugarcane and summer paddy, generally thriving. Lands being ploughed for next crops at places. Punjab, week ending 20th May.—Light to moderate rain fell in parts of all districts except Hissar, Rohtak, Karnal, Ambala, Ferozepore, Sheikhpura, Montgomery, Multan, Muzaffargarh and Dera Ghazi Khan. It proved harmful to crops on threshing floor in Gujranwala and Shahpur districts. Condition of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 18th May.—Weather continued partly clear and partly cloudy and hot. Light showers of rain received in parts of Mandla, Balaghat and Bilaspur districts. Preparation of land for next *kharif* sowings in progress. Some scarcity of water felt in hilly places of Mandla and Akola districts. Assam, dated 20th May.—Weather generally seasonable and its effects on crops fair. Prospects and outturn of crops fair. Bengal, week ending 15th May.—Weather seasonable in most of districts. Prospects of standing crops favourable except in a few districts of north and south-east Bengal. Sowing and weeding of *aus* paddy, jute and low-land *aman* paddy going on. These operations being hampered in a few districts due to excessive rains.

Cotton. Bombay, 23rd May.—Forward prices again suffered set-back. Indian Cotton Contract July starting at Rs. 448, just unloading. Eventually rate stood at Rs. 443-4.

Jute. Calcutta, 24th May.—Steady and unchanged in complete absence of business. Hessians and heavies very firm and un-

changed. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 66-12 (maximum) to June 1947.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. Madras, 23rd May:—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	1 14 0 to 2 4 0	
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 8 0 to 1 9 0	
Sheep skins, per lb.	4 8 0 to 5 0 0	
Goat skins, per lb.	3 0 0 to 3 8 0	

Shellac. Calcutta, 24th May.—T.N. Rs. 71* per B. Maund. Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

Total Authorised Capital of Joint Stock Companies registered during November 1944 to February 1945 is Rs. 23,70 lakhs.

FOREIGN TRADE OF CALCUTTA IN APRIL 1946.

THE overseas import trade of Calcutta in private merchandise registered in April 1946 a set-back as compared with that of the preceding month (March 1946), the values having declined from Rs. 7-64 crores to Rs. 5-05 crores.

Exports, including re-exports, likewise declined heavily from Rs. 14-94 crores in March 1946 to Rs. 11-73 crores in April 1946. The value of imports and exports in April 1945 were Rs. 7-80 crores and Rs. 6-53 crores, respectively.

IMPORTS.

A comparison of the values of the principal imports in April 1946 with those of April 1945 is given below, the figures in brackets indicating the increase or decrease as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Machinery and mill-work	84 (+ 2)
Oils, mineral	67 (-3,74)
Metals, other than iron and steel	40 (+ 29)
Tobacco	29 (- 2)
Tea chests	25 (+ 11)
Chemical and chemical preparations	21 (+ 12)
Iron and steel	21 (- 4)
Instruments, electrical	16 (+ 1)
Paper and paste-board	15 (+ 8)
Liquors	10 (+ 7)
Hardware	9 (+ 1)
Netelants	8 (+ 6)
Instruments, other than electrical	7 (+ 5)
Wool	4 (+ 3)
Provisions and oilman's stores	3 (constant)
Cotton goods	3 (constant)
Glass and glassware	2 (+ 1)
Earthenware	1 (constant)
Rubber	1 (+ 1)
Motor cars	1 (+ 1)

Noticeable decreases occurred under building and engineering materials other than cement (-Rs. 37 lakhs) and salt (-Rs. 19 lakhs), and increases under drugs and medicines (+Rs. 4 lakhs), grain, pulses and flour (+Rs. 8 lakhs) and umbrella and umbrella fittings (+Rs. 1 lakh).

* Unofficial quotation is stated to be Rs. 103.

EXPORTS.

The variations in the value of the principal exports of Indian merchandise in April 1946 with those of April 1945 are given below:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Jute manufactures	6,25 (+2,56)
Jute, raw	2,56 (+1,53)
Lac	63 (+ 40)
Tea	57 (+ 14)
Seeds	14 (+ 7)
Hides and skins, raw	11 (+ 8)
Mica	10 (+ 5)
Metals and ores	5 (constant)
Dyeing and tanning substances	3 (+ 1)
Coal	2 (+ 1)
Linseed oil	2 (+ 1)
Tea waste	2 (+ 1)
Hemp	1 (- 3)

Noticeable increases occurred under spices (+Rs. 13 lakhs), wool manufactures (+Rs. 8 lakhs), cotton, raw (+Rs. 3 lakhs), cotton goods (+Rs. 2 lakhs), manures (+Rs. 2 lakhs), and decreases under grain, pulse and flour (-Rs. 60 lakhs).

The bulk of re-exports during April 1946 consisted of rubber, raw, wool, raw, oils, mineral, machinery other sorts, medical stores, provisions, instruments other kinds worth Rs. 21 lakhs, Rs. 7 lakhs, Rs. 6 lakhs, Rs. 2 lakhs, Rs. 2 lakhs, Rs. 2 lakhs and Rs. 1 lakh, respectively.

DIRECTION OF EXPORTS.

Coal was shipped solely to Ceylon and Straits; cordage and rope of vegetable fibre, hides and skin (raw), tea waste for manufacture of caffeine, textile hosiery and postal articles solely to Burma, Syria, the United States of America, Ceylon and the United Kingdom, respectively; rubber manufactures solely to Ceylon and the Commonwealth of Australia; linseed solely to the United Kingdom and the Commonwealth of Australia; bones for manufacturing purposes mainly to the United Kingdom; dyeing and tanning substances (myrobalans) mainly to Sweden; goat skins mainly to the United Kingdom and the United States of America; kapok mainly to Fiji Islands; lac seed mainly to the United Kingdom and the United States of America; lac shell mainly to the United Kingdom and the United States of America; lac other kinds mainly to the United States of America and the United Kingdom; manganese ore mainly to the United States of America; mica block mainly to the United Kingdom and the United States of America; mica splittings mainly to the United States of America; linseed oil mainly to the Union of South Africa; paraffin wax mainly to the United Kingdom, Ceylon, Union of South Africa and the Commonwealth of Australia; coriander seed mainly to Ceylon; chillies mainly to Ceylon; tea, black, mainly to the United Kingdom, Burma and Egypt; tea, green, mainly to Ceylon and French Morocco; cotton, raw, mainly to the United States of America; jute, raw, mainly to the United Kingdom, U.S.S.R. (Southern), Sweden, France, Germany, the United States of America, Brazil and the Argentine Republic; jute twist and yarn mainly to the United Kingdom and the United States of America; gunny bags to the United Kingdom, the Commonwealth of Australia, U.S.S.R. (Southern), French Indo-China, China, the United States of America, Chile and Peru; gunny cloth mainly to the United Kingdom, the Union of South Africa, Canada, France, the Philippines, the United States of America, Uruguay and the Argentine Republic; jute manufactures other kinds mainly to the United States of America; wool manufactures, carpets and rugs mainly to the United Kingdom and Denmark.

FOREIGN TRADE OF BOMBAY IN APRIL 1946.

THE total value of the foreign trade of Bombay for the month of April 1946 amounted to Rs. 12.04 crores, showing a fall of Rs. 54.31 lakhs, compared with the figures for April 1945. The fall was occasioned by reduced shipments of merchandise of Indian produce. Imports of gold and silver declined, but exports of gold and silver recorded an increase.

IMPORTS.

The total value of imports of merchandise for April 1946 amounted to Rs. 8.52 crores, showing a rise of Rs. 1.43 crores over the figure for April 1945. Imports of gold and silver were nothing and Rs. 1.10 lakhs as against Rs. 36,594 and Rs. 11.63 lakhs, respectively, in April 1945. A comparison of the values of the principal articles with those for April 1945 is given below, the figures in brackets indicating an increase or a decrease, as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Mineral oils	1.11 (+ 42)
Cotton, raw	95 (— 98)
Machinery and mill-work	95 (+ 47)
Aniline dyes	77 (+ 10)
Metals and ores	47 (+ 39)
Instruments, apparatus, etc.	36 (+ 11)
Wool manufactures	30 (+ 24)
Chemicals and chemical preparations	27 (— 6)
Drugs and medicines	25 (+ 3)
Precious stones and pearls, unset	25 (+ 4)
Paper and pasteboard	21 (+ 5)
Motor cars (including motor wagons, etc.)	19 (+ 17)
Cotton—other manufactures	16 (+ 9)
Liquors	15 (+ 9)
Hardware, etc.	11 (+ 5)
Artificial silk piecegoods	11 (+ 10)
Provisions and oilman's stores	9 (+ 6)
Spices	9 (+ 6)
Fruits—dates	7 (+ 4)
Artificial silk yarn	5 (+ 3)
Alizarine dyes	4 (+ 4)

Noticeable increases occurred in respect of machinery, etc.—other sorts and metal working machinery, etc.—machine tools, namely, drilling, grinding, etc., from the United Kingdom and the United States of America, cotton spinning machinery from the United Kingdom and Switzerland and prime-movers, etc.—other than locomotives—others from the United Kingdom, motor spirit from Iran and Bahrain Islands, aluminium unwrought from Canada, brass, etc.—yellow metal sheets and copper sheets from the United Kingdom, woollen and worsted piecegoods, and roller cloth, clearer cloth, etc., from the United Kingdom, motor omnibuses, etc.—chassis from the United Kingdom and Canada, motor cars, etc., from the United Kingdom, electrical goods and apparatus—not enumerated from the United Kingdom and the United States of America, complete wireless receivers and other kinds of instruments from the United Kingdom, coupling dyes of the naphthol group—bases from the United States of America and the United Kingdom, piecegoods made entirely of art silk from the United Kingdom, the United States of America and Switzerland. On the other hand, imports of cotton, raw, from Kenya Colony and Egypt recorded decreases.

EXPORTS.

Indian produce and manufactures.—The total value of exports of Indian produce and manufactures for April 1946 amounted to Rs. 2.86 crores, showing a fall of Rs. 2.44 crores compared with the figures for April 1945. Shipments of gold and silver were Rs. 52.05 lakhs and Rs. 6,504 as against nothing each, respectively,

in April 1945. The values of the important items as compared with those for April 1945, were as under, the figures in brackets indicating an increase or a decrease, as the case may be:—

	In lakhs of rupees.
Cotton manufactures	88 (—2,03)
Seeds	19 (— 50)
Cotton, twist and yarn	5 (— 8)
Wool, raw	Nil (— 6)
Grain, pulse and flour	Nil (— 3)

Shipments of seeds decreased from 21,567 tons to 3,255 tons and of cotton twist and yarn from over one million lbs. to over ½ million lbs. Shipments of grain, pulse and flour and of wool, raw, were nothing each as against 816 tons and 628,891 lbs., respectively, in April 1945. Shipments of manganese ore, on the other hand, increased from 8,300 tons to 14,304 tons and cotton, raw, from 2,492 tons to 2,781 tons. The decrease in the shipments of Indian produce and manufactures was mainly in respect of cotton piecegoods—(1) grey to Tanganyika Territory, Kenya Colony, Aden and Dependencies, Madagascar, Nigeria, Anglo-Egyptian Sudan and the Union of South Africa, (2) white to the Union of South Africa, Nigeria and Kenya Colony, and (3) coloured, printed or dyed to the Union of South Africa, Tanganyika Territory, Nyasaland Protectorate, Iraq and Aden and Dependencies, and lined to the United Kingdom, the Commonwealth of Australia and the Union of South Africa.

Re-exports.—Re-exports of foreign merchandise amounted to Rs. 12.67 lakhs as against Rs. 6.49 lakhs in April 1945. The increase of Rs. 6.18 lakhs was in respect of spices—cloves to Hongkong and China, other sorts of drugs and medicines to the Straits Settlements, other sorts of machinery to China and other sorts of wool manufactures to the United Kingdom.

FOREIGN TRADE OF KARACHI IN APRIL 1946.

THE total value of the foreign import trade of the port of Karachi for April 1946 amounted to Rs. 1.01 crores, a decrease of Rs. 27 lakhs, and that of the export trade to Rs. 3.11 crores, an increase of Rs. 1.34 crores, as compared with the corresponding figures for April 1945.

Comparative figures of the principal imports and exports for April 1945 and 1946 are given below:—

IMPORTS.

Article.	Unit.	Imports in April 1946.		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) as compared with April 1945.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
			Rs.		Rs.
Oils	Galls.	8,082,748	22,13,961	—1,881,118	—66,45,058
Machinery and mill-work	Value	..	12,61,917	..	+ 5,70,759
Cotton manufactures	"	..	3,16,896	..	+ 2,92,070
Woollen goods	"	..	4,19,439	..	+ 2,92,110
Metals and ores	Tons	741	4,28,293	+	477
Vehicles	Value	..	4,40,076	..	+ 1,12,556
Liquors	Galls.	33,235	4,66,745	+	16,131
					+ 39,149

The decline under oils was chiefly due to the absence of imports of petrol and kerosene from Iran and smaller arrivals of lubricating oils from the United States of America, though to a certain extent partly off-set by increased receipts of fuel oils from Iran. The increase under machinery and mill-work was most noticeable in arrivals of electrical machinery and metal working machinery from the United Kingdom and the United States of America, agricultural machinery from the United States of America and Canada, sugar machinery from the United Kingdom and textile machinery from the United States of America. The expansion in respect of cotton manufactures can notably be attributed to substantial importations of cotton white piece-goods from the United Kingdom and Switzerland and cotton coloured piece-goods from the United Kingdom during the month under report, as against nil imports in April 1945. Larger imports of woollen yarn and knitting wool and woollen and worsted piece-goods from the United Kingdom brought about an improvement under woollen goods. Larger arrivals of nails, rivets and washers and wood screws from the United Kingdom and substantial imports of copper sheets, ingots, blooms, billets and slabs, tin plates and also wire nails from the United States of America and brass rods and tubes from the United Kingdom as against nil last year accounted for the improvement under metals and ores.

EXPORTS.

Article.	Exports in April 1946.		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) as compared with April 1945.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.
Skins, raw (Foreign)	60	1,04,63,550	+ 46	+ 80,95,599
Cotton, raw	9,748	1,06,58,128	+ 4,079	+ 49,92,402
Skins, raw (Indian)	513	46,47,067	— 34	+ 7,38,313
Hides, raw	89	2,00,355	+ 80	+ 2,00,355
Wool, raw (Indian and Foreign)	680	14,05,566	+ 60	+ 1,21,693
Wheat flour	..	130	— 300	— 92,274
Rape-seed	..	..	— 237	— 87,027

Exports of skins, raw (foreign), rose during the month under review solely on account of a heavy demand for lamb skins (of high quality intended for making furs) of Iranian and Afghan origin from the United States of America. Of the total quantity (9,748 tons) of cotton exported during the month under report 4,183 tons were shipped to the Continent, 2,047 tons to the United Kingdom, 1,477 tons to the United States of America, 1,040 tons to China, 811 tons to the Commonwealth of Australia and 190 tons to other countries. The improvement in respect of skins, raw (Indian), is attributable to larger exports of sheep skins to the United Kingdom, though off-set partly by reduced shipments of sheep and goat skins to the United States of America and partly by the absence of exports of goat and sheep skins to Canada. Heavy exports of cow and other hides to Egypt as against nil in April last year, accounted for the increase under the head "Hides, raw".

LIST OF FIRMS IN CERTAIN COUNTRIES IN EUROPE INTERESTED IN TRADE WITH INDIA.

In continuation of the lists of firms in certain countries in Europe interested in trade with India, published in previous issues of the *Indian Trade Journal*, the following list of firms in Denmark who are interested in the export of their products (noted against each) to India, is published for general information:—

Denmark.

Name of Firm.	Description of Goods.
1. F. L. Smidth & Co., Ltd., 33, Vester-gade, Copenhagen, K.	Cement Machinery.
2. A/S. Dansk Pressefabrik, 16, Carl Jacobsensvej, Valby.	Crown Corks.
3. Silkeborg Maskinfabrik, Silkeborg .	Dairy Machinery.
4. A/S Atlas, 3, Baldersgade, Copenhagen N.	Hydraulic Presses, Refrigerators, etc.
5. A/S Georg E. Mathiasen, 12 Oresundsgade, Copenhagen O.	Washing Machines.
6. Thomas B. Thrige, Odense	Electro Motors.
7. A/S Andersen & Bruun's Fabrikker, 24, H.V. Nyholmsvej, Copenhagen.	Bottle Caps.
8. A/S A. B. C. Hansen Comp., Industribygningen, Vesterbrogade, Copenhagen V.	Diesel Motors, Refrigerators.
9. The Thomsen Manufacturing Co., 4A, Raadhustrade, Copenhagen, K.	Lifts, Air Compressors.
10. A/S Zeuthen & Aagaard, 6, Toldbodvej, Copenhagen.	Duplicators.
11. A/S Kemisk Vaerd, Koge	Chemicals.
12. Dehnfeldt Ltd., Odense	Seeds (Imports).
13. Jydsk Lak & Farvefabrik, Norrosund-by.	Colours and Lac Varnish (Imports).

LIST OF FIRMS AND FEDERATIONS IN CERTAIN COUNTRIES IN EUROPE INTERESTED IN TRADE WITH INDIA.

In continuation of the lists of firms in certain countries in Europe interested in trade with India, published in previous issues of the *Indian Trade Journal*, the following list of firms and federations in certain countries in Europe interested in trade with India, is published for general information:—

Name and Address of Firm.	Commodity.	Bankers.
Czechoslovakia—		
Czechoslovak Supply & Shipping Co., Ltd., 40 Furscroft, George St., London, W.1.	Government Purchasing Agency — all requirements for Czechoslovakia.	
Denmark—		
(1) Messrs. Import A/S Peter Petersen, Copenhagen (through their London representatives: Messrs. J. H. Vasseleur & Co., Ltd., 13 Rood Lane, London, E.C.3.).	Cotton Piecegoods, Jute Bags and Cloth.	

LIST OF FIRMS AND FEDERATIONS IN CERTAIN COUNTRIES
IN EUROPE INTERESTED IN TRADE WITH INDIA—*contd.*

Name and Address of Firm.	Commodity.	Bankers.
Denmark—<i>contd.</i>		
(2) Odense Voerktogetmagasin Odense, Nørregade 41, Denmark.	Shellac.	
(3) Lunds Sportservice, Vestergade 62, Aarhus, Denmark.	Cut Strings.	
France—		
Comimpex, 28 Boulevard Poissonniere, Paris 9.	General Importers.	
Holland—		
Van Der Hoeven, P. O. Box 506, Rotterdam.	Magnesite and Emery.	
Italy—		
Montecatani (S.A.), Via Principe Umberto 18, Milan.	Export of Synthetic Camphor.	
Societe Acc. Rivaco, Via Pontaccio 10, Milan.	Rubber, Hides and Skins, Wool, Cotton and Spices.	Credito Commerciale, Via Armadori, Nr. 4 Milan.
A. Enrico Colombino, Via Roma 3, Genoa. E.I.O.V.A., Piazza Danto 9/15, Genoa.	General Importer and Exporter. Coffee, Cocoa, Oils, Cotton, Jute, etc.	
Spain—		
N.A. Khan, Apartado 887, Madrid.	Casings, Furs, Rep-tiles Hides, Cotton, Jute, Oil-seeds, Mica and all Raw Materials.	Bank of London, Madrid.
Mr. Francisco Bevia, Alicante.	Jute, Cotton and Hides.	Through British Chamber of Commerce, Rambla de los Estudios 8, Barcelona, 2.
Mr. Domingo Serra, Cassa de la Selva, Genova.	Export of Cork from Spain.	
Sweden—		
Handels Akteebolaget Ultramar (Ultramar Trading Co.), Arsenalsgaten, 4, Stockholm.	General Importers.	

LIST OF FIRMS AND FEDERATIONS IN CERTAIN COUNTRIES
IN EUROPE INTERESTED IN TRADE WITH INDIA—*contd.*

Name and Address of Firm.	Commodity.	Bankers.
Sweden—<i>contd.</i>		
Ake Fellbom, 33, Jakobsbergsgatan.	All kinds of Textiles.	A. B. Svenska Handelshanken, Stockholm.
Malmsten & Bergvall, Box 48, Goteborg.	Glycerine, Chrome Ore, Magnesite, and all Chemicals, Colours, Tanning Materials, Metals, Oils, etc.	Skandinaviska Banken A. B.
Switzerland—		
Bicket & Cie., Rue Ceasd, 13, Geneva.	Export of Lenses, Scientific Instruments, etc.	
Heinz Wild, Vermittlungsbureau, Godach (St. G.).	General Importers.	
Taylor Commercial & Industrial Co., 88 Seefeldstrasse, Zurich.	Foodstuffs, Raw Materials and Industrial Products.	
Greece—		
Charalambos M. Kepaptsoglou, 7 Platia Ag. Theodora, Athens.	Spices, Rubber, Cotton and Cotton Goods, Oils and Bags, Ropes, Strings and other Jute goods.	The National Bank of Greece, Athens.
P. S. Mavrides, 49 B. Notara St., Piraeus.	Hides and Skins, Spices, Jute, Foodstuffs.	(1) Ionian Bank, Ltd. (2) Bank of Athens, Piraeus.
V. Finfilly, 19, Vucurestion, P.O. Box 161, Athens.	Hides and Skins, Leather, Paper, Jute goods and Oakum.	The National Bank of Greece, Athens.
Several Trade Associations and Commercial Organisations in certain countries are given below:—		
France—		
(1) Office Professionnel de L'industrie Textile, Division Laine, 58, Rue La Boetie, Paris 8.	Wool.	
(2) Groupement de 'importation et de reparations de la laine, 12, rue d'Anjou, Paris.		

LIST OF FIRMS AND FEDERATIONS IN CERTAIN COUNTRIES
IN EUROPE INTERESTED IN TRADE WITH INDIA—*contd.*

Name and Address of Firm.	Commodity.	Bankers.
France—<i>contd.</i>		
Groupement de 'importation et de reparations du coton, 8, rue Volnay, Paris.	Cotton.	
Groupement de 'importation et de reparations du lin et du chanvre 21, rue de Tournai, Lille.	Flax and Hemp.	
Groupement de 'importation et de reparations du jute, 58, rue La Boetie, Paris.	Jute.	
Groupement de 'importation et de reparations de fibres diverses pour corderie, 12, rue d'Anjou, Paris.	Sundry Fibres for rope making.	
Groupement de 'importation et de reparations des cuirs et peaux brutes 2, rue Edouard VII, Paris.	Leather and Raw Hides.	
Groupement de 'importation et de reparations, peaux laines exotiques, Mazamet.	Exotic Woolled Skins.	
Switzerland—		
Swiss Office for the Development of Trade, Zurich and Lausanne. London address: 16-18 Montagu Place, London, W.1.		
Sweden—		
The Federation of Swedish Wholesale Merchants and Importers, 5 Regeringsgatan, Stockholm. Postal address: Box 1282, Stockholm 16. London address: c/o Swedish Chamber of Commerce in the United Kingdom, 14, Trinity Square, London E.C.3; comprising 46 affiliated organisations, amongst which are: Millinery Manufacturers Association (12 members who import, manufacture and supply all articles belonging to the trade).		

DISSOLUTION OF EASTERN GROUP SUPPLY COUNCIL.

THE following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 6th April 1946:—

It is officially announced that the Eastern Group Supply Council and its associated Eastern Group Central Provision Office was dissolved on March 31, 1946.

The Council was originally established in India early in 1941 and consisted of representatives of the Governments of the United Kingdom, India, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa and the Controller General of Army Provision, Eastern Group, with a British Colonial Adviser. Later a representative of the Netherlands East Indies was added. The main functions of the Council were to act as the channel of communication in negotiations between Supply Departments in London and countries forming the Eastern Group, for orders by the latter for munitions of war, and, in the field of finished military stores other than munitions, to allocate orders between countries within the Group, so that as much as possible of the requirements of the Armed Forces in the Area (including the Middle East) were satisfied from Group resources. These latter requirements were compiled by the Central Provision Office under the Controller General of Army Provision, Eastern Group. This office was set up in India simultaneously with the Council and was staffed by members of the Armed Forces of all the Governments concerned.

In the early years of the war the Council performed work of very great value in co-ordinating requirements with the production of military stores and in exploring the possibilities of new production, in order to secure the utmost self-sufficiency throughout the Eastern Group area. Demands which would otherwise have been placed on the productive resources of the United Kingdom and North America were, through its agency, diverted, and long transport hauls, involving further burdens on limited shipping availabilities, thereby avoided. Stores for the Armed Forces supplied through the Council reached their maximum in 1942 when well over one million tons of military equipment were shipped to the Middle East in support of the African campaign. Up to the end of 1945 orders have been placed in the Eastern Group to the value of £285 million.

The entry of Japan into the war resulted in a loss of production in some areas and a considerable diminution in others, whilst communications between members of the Group were seriously disrupted. The activities of the Council were thereby inevitably curtailed and, in March 1943, its remaining executive functions were transferred to a Ministry of Supply Mission in India acting in concert with the Eastern Group Central Provision Office. The Council, however, continued to act in a consultative capacity.

With the ending of the war the Eastern Group Central Provision Office is to be closed, its functions being transferred to the War Office, and the Ministry of Supply Mission will be wound up in the near future. Eastern Group Supply questions hitherto dealt with by these two bodies will be handled through the appropriate machinery in London. Thus an organisation of the nature of the Eastern Group Supply Council is no longer needed.

The Ministry of Supply will, however, continue to be represented in India to discharge certain functions in connection with the disposal of H. M. G. surplus stores in India.

MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.

I

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 20th May—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 43-0-0 per md. loose.
Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 45-0-0 per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—Conditions in the linseed market have remained stagnant during the week with prices ruling firm throughout but trading negligible. Steady prices have been reported from the producing areas and despatches to this centre even against old permits have been very small. There has been a poor demand for ready seeds and the oil mills have been purchasing goods for their immediate needs at the prevailing rates. The forward section has remained at a standstill, and with the temporary ban on the export of linseed from India, shippers have been idle.

Bombay, 17th May—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 15-8-0 per quarter.
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II

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 27th May—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 42-8-0 per md. loose.
Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 44-8-0 per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—There has been no material change in the linseed market during the week, firm prices and restricted trading being the main features. Arrivals from up-country have been negligible, and local stocks small. It is reported that all despatches of seeds have been banned from Bihar. The local mills have been showing little interest, and limited quantities have changed hands. The futures section has been stagnant, and shippers have been idle.

Bombay, 24th May—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 15-8-0 per quarter.
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GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUEES AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

COMMERCIAL AND BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE WITH AUSTRIA—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 3rd May 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

The Government of India have authorised persons and concerns in British India to have correspondence with persons and concerns in Austria, subject to the conditions that business and financial correspondence is confined to ascertaining facts and exchanging information only, and that such correspondence from British India is conducted through letters or non-illustrated postcards in accordance with the postal notices issued on the subject from time to time by the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Banks and other financial institutions may now reply to requests for information from their depositors in Austria, but remittances from British India to Austria, unless specifically authorised, are not permissible. Documents, such as birth, death, marriage certificates and wills, may be transmitted. Indian and Austrian firms may exchange business information with a view to the future resumption of business relationship, but the resumption of private trade is not yet allowed. The despatch of powers of attorney and proxies will be permissible, but prior approval of the Government of India should be obtained in each case.

Austrian-owned property in India will continue to be governed, by the Defence of India Rules and will remain under the general control of the Custodian of Enemy Property, Bombay.

Applications and enquiries regarding British-owned property in Austria should be addressed by persons in India to the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, Simla.

PRIVATE TRADE WITH SIAM—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 10th May 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

Siam is no longer enemy territory under the Defence of India Rules.

Persons and concerns in India can now carry on private trade, subject to the existing import, export and financial regulations, with persons and concerns in Siam other than those concerns incorporated under the laws of a State still at war with His Majesty or controlled by persons resident in such States.

Money and property derived from future trading transactions with Siam is also exempted from the control of the British Indian Custodian, but this exemption does not apply to Siamese money and property already subject to such control.

CANCELLATION OF NOTIFICATION, DATED 15TH DECEMBER 1945, REGARDING PERMISSION FOR COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL OR OTHER CORRESPONDENCE WITH ANY PERSON OR CONCERN IN SIAM UNDER CERTAIN SPECIFIED CONDITIONS—

The following Notification [No. 120(7)-ET(B)/46, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In pursuance of clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 120(33)-ET(B)/45, dated the 15th December 1945*, shall be cancelled.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 27th December 1945, page 554.

JAPAN AND THAILAND NOTIFIED AS ENEMY TERRITORIES FOR THE PURPOSES OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED RULES OF THE DEFENCE OF INDIA RULES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 120(7)-ET(B)/46, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In pursuance of sub-clause (b) of clause (2) of rule 2 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Defence Department, No. 43-DC/45, dated the 2nd November 1945*, namely :—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, item 2 shall be omitted.

ENEMY TRADING: CANCELLATION OF NOTIFICATIONS, DATED 26TH SEPTEMBER 1942 AND 2ND JANUARY 1944, REGARDING PERMISSION FOR COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL OR OTHER INTERCOURSE OR DEALINGS WITH AGENTS OR BRANCHES IN INDIA OF CERTAIN PERSONS OR CONCERNS RESIDENT IN ENEMY-OCCUPIED TERRITORIES OF BURMA AND THE ANDAMAN AND NICOBAR ISLANDS, ETC.—

The following Notification [No. 102(2)-ET(B)/46, dated the 18th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 98 and rule 99 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 102(5)-ET(B)/42, dated the 26th September 1942†, and the 2nd January 1944‡, shall be cancelled.

LAC PRICE CONTROL ORDERS CANCELLED—

The following Press Note, dated the 23rd May 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce :—

In pursuance of their policy to relax controls wherever possible, compatible with the supply position in the country, the Government of India, in a *Gazette Extraordinary* published to-day, have cancelled with immediate effect the control orders fixing the maximum prices of various grades of Shellac.

The orders, which have been cancelled, are Notification No. P. & S. C. 230/42, dated July 14, 1942§, as amended from time to time, fixing the maximum prices for Shellac at Calcutta and at any place in India, and Notification No. P. & S. C. 90/43, dated September 30, 1944¶, promulgating the Lac Export Control Order, 1944, as amended by Notification No. P. & S. C. 80/(A)/43, dated January 20, 1945||, fixing the maximum F. O. B. export prices of Shellac.

REGISTERED AIR MAIL ARTICLES FOR FOREIGN COUNTRIES: NEED FOR ADEQUATE PACKING—

The following Press Note, dated the 21st May 1946, has been issued by the Director General, Posts and Telegraphs, New Delhi :—

Foreign registered air mail articles, some of them containing valuables, have been found to reach their destination in a damaged

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 15th November 1945, page 205.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 8th October 1942, page 62.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 13th January 1944, page 24.
§ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 23rd July 1942, page 148.
¶ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 12th October 1944, pages 46-47.
|| See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 1st February 1945, page 112.

condition due to outer wrappers being of insufficient strength. Senders of such articles are advised, in their own interest, to ensure that registered air mail articles for foreign countries, especially those of which the contents are of fragile or valuable nature, are packed in outer covers of material sufficiently strong to be able to stand the long journey and frequent handling during transit.

ABOLITION OF THE CONSUMER GOODS SCHEME—

The following is for general information :—

Towards the end of 1943, a scheme known as the Consumer Goods Scheme was initiated, under which the India Office, London, had been facilitating shipment from the United Kingdom to India of certain types of Consumer Goods which were in short supply in this country, as and when such articles became available without waiting for intimation of the issue of Indian Import Licence for such goods.

With the termination of hostilities the import of most classes of Consumer Goods from the United Kingdom had been decontrolled and a revised Open General Licence No. VII was published in the *Gazette of India* and reproduced in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 14th March 1946. In the circumstances, the Scheme referred to above was abolished from the 20th March 1946. Except for the articles covered by the Open General Licence it will be necessary to obtain licences for imports from the United Kingdom prior to shipment of the goods.

REDUCED CEILING PRICES FOR BOARD—

The following Press Note, dated the 24th May 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

After consultation with the Strawboard and Millboard Industry it has been decided to reduce with effect from July 1, 1946, the ceiling prices of strawboard by Rs. 1-8-0 per cwt. and those of millboard by Rs. 3-8-0 per cwt. A notification amending the Paper Control (Prices of Board) Order, 1944, has been published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated May 25, 1946. All strawboard and millboard whether manufactured before or after July 1, 1946, and whether or not labelled with old prices, will have to be sold at the revised prices from that date.

PAPER CONTROL (ECONOMY) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 300-PA(6)/46, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Paper Control (Economy) Order, 1945*, namely :—

In the said Order clause 34 shall be omitted.

PAPER CONTROL (ECONOMY) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT REGARDING REMOVAL OF RESTRICTION ON SIZE OF CHEQUE FORMS—

The following Press Note, dated the 24th May 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

According to a notification published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated May 25, 1946, the Government of India have made an amendment to the Paper Control (Economy) Order, 1945, deleting clause 33. This removes the restriction on the size of cheque forms.

* See the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 3rd January 1946, page 13.

PAPER PRICE CONTROL ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 302-PA(03)/45, dated the 18th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Paper Price Control Order, 1945*, namely:—

In schedule II appended to the said Order, to the entries under "United Provinces, Central India and Central Provinces", the entry "Burhanpur" shall be added.

HOARDING AND PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE, 1943: MAXIMUM PRICE OF GOOD YEAR TRANSMISSION BELTINGS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 22(326)-AP(A)/46, dated the 4th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, No. 1/2(123)/45-CG(CS), dated the 5th January 1946†, namely:—

For the Schedule appended to the said notification, the following Schedule shall be substituted:—

SCHEDULE.

Width of belt- ing in inches	Maximum price per foot						
	Thickness of belting						
	3-PLY	4-PLY	5-PLY	6-PLY	7-PLY	8-PLY	9-PLY
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
3 1/4	0 5 3	0 6 3	..	..	..	..	..
7/8	0 5 6	0 7 0	..	..	..	..	..
1	0 6 3	0 7 9	..	..	..	..	..
1 1/4	0 7 6	0 9 9	..	..	..	..	..
1 1/2	0 8 9	0 11 6	..	..	..	..	..
1 3/4	0 9 0	0 12 6	..	..	..	..	..
2	0 10 3	0 14 0	1 2 0	1 5 6	..	..	..
2 1/4	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 3 9	1 8 0	..	..	..
2 1/2	0 13 6	1 1 9	1 6 3	1 10 9	..	..	..
2 3/4	0 14 3	1 3 0	1 7 6	1 13 0	..	..	..
3	0 15 6	1 5 6	1 10 0	1 15 0	2 10 9	..	..
3 1/4	1 0 9	1 6 9	1 11 6	2 1 3	2 14 6	..	..
3 1/2	1 2 0	1 7 6	1 13 3	2 4 0	3 2 3	..	..
3 3/4	1 9 6	1 15 3	2 6 0	3 5 6	..	..	..

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 13th December 1945, pages 468-72.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 17th January 1946, pages 89-90.

SCHEDULE—contd.

Width of belt- ing in inches	Maximum price per foot						
	Thickness of belting						
	3-PLY	4-PLY	5-PLY	6-PLY	7-PLY	8-PLY	9-PLY
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
4	1 9 6	2 1 3	2 8 9	3 8 9	..	..	..
4 1/2	1 14 0	2 3 6	2 11 3	3 15 6	..	..	..
4 3/4	1 15 9	2 8 0	3 0 6	4 3 3	..	..	..
5	2 1 3	2 9 6	3 2 9	4 6 6	..	..	..
5 1/2	2 3 0	2 14 3	3 8 0	4 11 3	..	..	..
6	2 8 0	3 1 0	3 13 0	5 4 3	5 7 0	6 12 0	..
7	2 14 3	3 9 9	4 6 6	6 1 9	6 4 3	7 13 3	..
8	3 4 6	4 1 3	5 0 3	6 15 9	7 2 6	8 14 9	..
9	3 19 9	4 9 6	5 9 9	7 13 3	8 0 9	10 0 6	..
10	4 1 3	5 1 0	6 4 0	8 10 6	8 14 9	11 2 3	..
11	..	5 9 9	6 14 3	9 8 6	9 12 3	12 3 6	..
12	..	6 1 9	7 8 0	10 6 0	10 10 6	13 5 0	..
13	..	6 9 9	8 1 6	11 4 0	11 9 0	14 6 6	..
14	..	7 2 6	8 12 0	12 1 9	12 7 3	15 8 6	..
15	..	..	9 6 0	12 15 6	13 5 3	16 11 0	..
16	..	..	..	13 13 12	14 2 0	17 10 6	..
18	..	..	..	11 3 15 8	15 15 9	19 15 0	..
19	..	..	..	11 13 6	16 7 3	16 13 3	21 2 3
20	..	..	..	12 7 3	17 5 3	17 14 3	22 2 3

HOARDING AND PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE, 1943: MAXIMUM WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED BRANDS OF PLAYING CARDS—

The following Notification [No. 9(51)AP(A)/46, dated the 4th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), and in partial modification of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies, No. 9(51)-AP/46, dated the 27th April 1946*, the Central Government is pleased to fix, as follows, the maximum prices, both wholesale and retail, which may be charged by a dealer in respect of the brands of playing cards specified below:—

S. No.	Brands.	Wholesale price per dozen packs.	Retail price per pack.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Bicycle seconds No. 808	9 3 0	0 14 0
2	Great Mogul No. 533	8 2 0	0 12 6
3	Caravan	6 2 0	0 9 6

* See the Special Supplement to the Indian Trade Journal, No. 3, dated the 20th September 1946, page 316.

HOARDING AND PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE, 1943: MAXIMUM SELLING PRICE OF CERATIN SPECIFIED IMPORTED TOILET REQUISITES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 9(98)AP(A)/46, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, No. 1/2(54)/45-CG(CS), dated the 9th June 1945*, namely:—

In Part I of the Schedule annexed to the said notifications serial Nos. 8 and 105 relating to Mercolised Wax and Odol Tooth Paste, respectively, shall be omitted.

HOARDING AND PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE, 1943: ADDITION TO LANDED COST OF SWEDISH STOVES, BLOW LAMPS AND THEIR SPARE PARTS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 9(155)-AP(A)/46, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of the proviso to sub-section (2) of section 6 read with clause (a) of section 14D of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies, No. 22(244)-AP/44-1, dated the 30th March 1946†, namely:—

In the said notification, the word "Swedish", wherever it occurs, shall be deleted.

HOARDING AND PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE, 1943: CANCELLATION OF NOTIFICATION, DATED 24TH FEBRUARY 1945, REGARDING PRICES OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED PERFUMED COCOANUT OIL—

The following Notification [No. 22(229)-AP(A)/45, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Civil Supplies No. 1/2(3)/45-CG(CS), dated the 24th February 1945‡, shall be cancelled.

HOARDING AND PROFITEERING PREVENTION ORDINANCE, 1943: MAXIMUM ADDITION TO LANDED COST OF IMPORTED WINES, SPIRITS AND LIQUORS—

The following Notification [No. 22(50)AP(A)/46, dated the 18th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

Whereas it has been represented that in the case of wines, spirits and liquors imported into British India and sold by dealers

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 21st June 1945, pages 331-39.
† See the Special Supplement to the Indian Trade Journal, No. 1, dated the 18th July 1946, page 200.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 8th March 1945, page 253.

the addition referred to in sub-clause (i) of clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 6 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance, 1943 (Ordinance No. XXXV of 1943), exceeds 20 per cent:

Now, therefore in pursuance of the proviso to sub-section (2) of section 6 read with clause (a) of section 14D of the said Ordinance, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the maximum limits of such addition to the landed cost of wines, spirits and liquors, other than those for which specific prices have been fixed by the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, vide notification No. 22(50)AP(A)/44, dated the 21st July 1945*, specified in column 1 of the Schedule hereto annexed shall be as specified in the corresponding entry in column 2 of the said Schedule.

Provided that the additions specified in the Schedule shall be deemed to be exclusive of any charges on account of excise duties, sales tax, freight and octroi incurred by a dealer.

SCHEDULE.

Whisky	40% of the landed cost.
Rum	40% " "
Gin	40% " "
French Brandy	65% " "
Other brandies	40% " "
Wines and Liquors	65% " "
Beer	60% " "
Stout	60% " "
Cider	60% " "

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR CYCLE TYRES AND TUBES—

The following Notification (No. SS/135, dated the 14th May 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to make the following Order:—

1. No person shall sell cycle tyres and tubes at prices higher than those specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

2. The Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Supply No. SS/135, dated the 25th September 1945†, is hereby repealed; provided that anything done under any of the provisions of that notification shall be deemed to have been done under the corresponding provisions of this Order.

3. This Order and the annexed Schedule shall be displayed

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 2nd August 1945, page 172.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 4th October 1945, page 25.

prominently on the premises of all persons offering cycle tyres or tubes for sale.

SCHEDULE.

Maximum Prices for Cycle Tyres and Tubes.

Types.	Covers.				Tubes.
	Wired-on.	Beaded Edge.	Wired on each.	Beaded Edge each.	Each.
1	2	3	4	5	6
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Bates Dunlop	24 x 1½	..			
Firestone Highspeed	28 x 1½	..			
Firestone Sentinel	24 x 1½	..			
Goodyear H.Y. D.Y. AWT	28 x 1½	28 x 1½	4 4 0	5 1 0	2 5 0
India Super	28 x 1½	28 x 1½			
Dunlop Cambridge	28 x 1½	28 x 1½			
Dunlop Cruiser	28 x 1½	28 x 1½			
Goodyear Marathon	28 x 1½	28 x 1½	3 4 0		
Goodyear Pathfinder	28 x 1½	28 x 1½			
India Signal	28 x 1½	28 x 1½			
Dunlop War Grade	24 x 1½	28 x 1½			
Firestone War Grade	24 x 1½	28 x 1½			
Goodyear War Grade	28 x 1½	28 x 1½			2 1 0
India War Grade	28 x 1½	28 x 1½			
Royal Durbar	28 x 1½	28 x 1½			
Takat	28 x 1½	28 x 1½	2 13 0	3 10 0	
Sterling	28 x 1½	28 x 1½			
Dunlop Fort	28 x 1½	28 x 1½	5 6 0		
Dunlop Cruiser	28 x 1½	28 x 1½	4 15 0		2 3 0
Dunlop Junior	12 x 1½	14 x 1½	4 15 0		2 11 0
Dunlop Balloou	28 x 2 O. S. (fits 26 x 1½ rim) 28 x 2-00 (fits 1755 mm rim)	28 x 1½	9 7 0		4 6 0
Dunlop Carrier	20 x 2 x 1½ 26 x 1½ 26 x 2 x 1½	28 x 1½ 26 x 2 x 1½	12 10 0	13 8 0	4 10 0

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: CONDITIONS SUBJECT TO WHICH CLOTH OR YARN NOT DISPOSED OF WITHIN A CERTAIN SPECIFIED PERIOD MAY BE KEPT AND SOLD BY A DEALER: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. T.C.(6)4/44, dated the 24th April 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clauses 10 and 15A of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. T.C.(6)2/44, dated the 27th January 1944*, namely:—

In the said notification,—

I. In the preamble for the word, letters and figures "14 (1) (b) and 14 (2) (b)" the word and figures "14 (1) and 14 (2)" shall be substituted;

II. In paragraph (1), after the words "such markings" the words "or by the Textile Commissioner" shall be added.

III. In paragraph (6) after the words "Provincial Government" the words "or as the case may be the Textile Commissioner" shall be inserted.

HYDRO-SULPHITE OF SODA (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: DELEGATION OF POWERS—

The following Notification [No. 72(3)-TB/46, dated the 29th April 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2 of the Hydro-Sulphite of Soda Control Order, 1945, and in supersession of the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 52(1)-TA/45, dated the 8th September 1945†, I hereby authorise each of the following officers to exercise all the powers of the Textile Commissioner under the said Order, namely:—

1. Mr. T. P. Barat, Joint Textile Commissioner, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

2. Mr. D. E. Cooper, Additional Director, Machinery, Fuel and Stores, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

3. Dr. S. R. Ramachandran, Deputy Director, Machinery, Fuel and Stores, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

COTTON TEXTILES SIZING AND FILLING CONTROL ORDER, 1945: DELEGATION OF POWERS—

The following Notification [No. 17/2-TB/46, dated the 29th April 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 8 of the Cotton Textiles Sizing and Filling Control Order, 1945, and in supersession of the Notification of the Textile Commissioner No. PXC19-18-(27), dated the 3rd February 1945‡, I hereby authorise each of the following officers to perform all the functions of the Textile Commissioner under the said Order, namely:—

1. Mr. T. P. Barat, Joint Textile Commissioner, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

2. Mr. D. E. Cooper, Additional Director, Machinery, Fuel and Stores, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

3. Mr. H. D. Doongaji, Assistant Director, Machinery, Fuel and Stores, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 3rd February 1944, pages 110-11.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 20th September 1945, page 402.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 22nd February 1945, page 198.

COTTON TEXTILES (DYES AND CHEMICALS) CONTROL ORDER, 1945: DELEGATION OF POWERS—

The following Notification [No. 72(2)-TB/46, dated the 30th April 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In pursuance of sub-clause (d) of clause 2 of the Cotton Textiles (Dyes and Chemicals) Control Order, 1945, and in supersession of the Notification of the Textile Commissioner, No. 51(9)(3)-TA/45, dated the 8th September 1945*, I hereby authorise each of the following officers to exercise all the powers of the Textile Commissioner under the said Order, namely:—

1. Mr. T. P. Barat, Joint Textile Commissioner, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

2. Mr. D. E. Cooper, Additional Director, Machinery, Fuel and Stores, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

3. Dr. S. R. Ramachandran, Deputy Director, Machinery, Fuel and Stores, Office of the Textile Commissioner, Bombay.

INDIAN COTTON (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN CONTRACTS FROM THE PROVISIONS OF THE ORDER: AMENDMENT—CORRIGENDUM—

The following Notification [No. 33(2)-TB/46, dated the 4th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

Corrigendum.—In the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 33(2)-TB/46, dated the 12th April, 1946†, published at pages 267-268 of the Gazette of India Extraordinary, dated the 12th April, 1946:—

(1) On page 267 for the figure '0' appearing in the last column against 'Dhollera' read '80';

(2) On page 267 in the twelfth column against 'Kalagin' where there is a blank read '15';

(3) On page 268 in the heading "Off" & "On" allowances for class other than basic class for 'ratio' read 'basic';

(4) On page 268 for the figure '13/2' appearing as a sub-heading under the column for "Off" allowances for staple below basic staple read '1/32';

(5) On page 268 delete the word 'Basis' appearing against 'Bengal Deshi' under the sub-heading 'Fine'.

CANCELLATION OF NOTIFICATION, DATED 8TH DECEMBER 1945, REGARDING MAXIMUM SALE PRICE OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED DESCRIPTION OF MACHINERY CLOTH—

The following Notification [No. 72(1)-TB/46(i), dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules read with the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies No. 78-Tex(B)/43(ii), dated the 4th December 1943‡, I hereby direct that Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 163-T.A./45(iii), dated the 8th December 1945§, published in the Gazette of India, Part I, Section 1, at pages 1668-69, dated the 8th December 1945 shall be cancelled.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 20th September 1945, page 462.
† See the Special Supplement to the Indian Trade Journal, No. 2, dated the 8th August 1946, Pages 277-78.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 9th December 1943, pages 264.
§ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 29th December 1945, pages 517-18.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (TRANSMISSION BY POST) PROHIBITION ORDER, 1944: DELEGATION OF POWERS: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 103-TA/46, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by clause 7 of the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Transmission by Post) Prohibition Order, 1944, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 106-TA/TC/44, dated 26th June 1945*, namely:—

In the table appended to the said Notification the following entry shall be added, namely,—

"5. The Director of Textiles and the Province of Bengal' Additional Director of Textiles, Bengal.

DHARMA VIRA, Textile Commr.

COTTON CLOTH AND YARN (CONTROL)* ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. TB(3)8/46, dated the 4th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1945†.

In clause 3 (a) (vi) of the said order, after the words "40 per cent", for the words "or less of cotton by weight" the words "or more of wool by weight" shall be substituted.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY (MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES) CONTROL ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 72(1)-TB/46, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Industry (Miscellaneous Articles) Control Order, 1945‡:—

In Schedule I appended to the said Order, the following heading and entries shall be deleted, namely:—

Machinery Cloth—

(1) Roller Cloth.

(2) Clearer Cloth.

(3) Sizing Flannel.

(4) Endless Clearer Cloth.

* See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 9th August 1945, page 200.
† See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 2nd August 1946, pages 178-81.
‡ See the Indian Trade Journal, dated the 16th August 1945, pages 254-50.

DRUGS CONTROL ORDER, 1945: EXEMPTION RELATING TO QUININE SULPHATE—

The following Notification [No. 5-DM.(5)/46, dated the 4th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 20 of the Drugs Control Order, 1945*, the Central Government is pleased to exempt any person appointed by any Provincial Government or any officer thereof to sell Quinine Sulphate on behalf of Government from the provisions of clauses 4, 5 and 14 of the said Order in respect of their purchasing or selling the said drug.

ZINC CHLORIDE CONTROL ORDER, 1945, REPEALED—

The following Notification [No. 72(4)-TB/46, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the Zinc Chloride Control Order, 1945, published with the Notification of the Government of India, in the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, No. 53(2)-TA/45, dated the 4th August 1945†, shall be repealed.

INDIAN WOOLLEN GOODS (CONTROL) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. WD.111/111(1), dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Indian Woollen Goods (Control) Order, 1945‡, namely :—

In clause 8 of the said Order, the existing entries from (a) to (h) shall be replaced by the following, namely :—

- 1 Knitting wool 2 lbs.
- 2 Pullovers, jerseys sweaters or slippers. 3 Nos.
- 3 Knitted scarves 3 Nos.
- 4 Balaclava caps, socks, stockings Any quantity.
- 5 Lohies or shawls 1 No.
- 6 Blankets or rugs 3 Nos.
- 7 Suiting worsted 54/56" width 4 yds.
or
27/28" width 8 yds.
- 8 Suitings woollen (Tweeds) 54/56" width 4 yds.
- 9 Coat Cloth, blazer cloth and broad 2½ yds. of any one of the cloths. three.
- 10 Great Coat cloth and fancy over 3 yds. of any one of the coatings. two.

* See the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 13th December 1945, page 465.

† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 16th August 1945, pages 257-58.

‡ See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 20th September 1945, pages 462-70.

- 11 Trousering flannel 2 yds.
- 12 Shirting and Bush cloth 27/30" 6 yds.
width.
or
Shirting 54/56" 3 yds.

MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES OF MATCHES MADE IN INDIA—

The following Notification [No. P.-85-G.I.D(5)/46, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of Sub-rule (2) of Rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce No. P. & S. C. 210/42, dated the 11th August 1942*, the Central Government is pleased to direct that, with effect from 1st August 1946, the retail prices of matches made in India sold in containers, hereinafter called units, of the size specified in the second column of the Table hereto annexed shall not be higher than those specified in the corresponding entry in the third column of the said Table.

TABLE.

Serial No.	Size of Containers.	Maximum Price.
1	Containing on an average more than 40 but not more than 50 matches.	6 pice per unit.
2	Containing on average more than 50 but not more than 80 matches.	9 pice per unit.

CENTRAL EXCISES AND SALT ACT, 1944: EXCISE DUTY ON CERTAIN MATCHES—

The following Notification (No. 4-Central Excises, dated the 11th May 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division) :—

In exercise of the power conferred by sub-rule (1) of Rule 8 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, the Central Government is pleased to exempt matches of the description specified below from so much of the excise duty leviable thereon under section 3 of Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), read with Item No. 2 of the First Schedule to the said Act as is in excess of the duty calculated at the rates specified below :—

I. Matches manufactured in a factory whose daily output exceeds one hundred gross of containers—

- (i) if in containers containing on an average fifty matches. Rs. 1-12-0 per gross of containers.
- (ii) if not in containers as aforesaid Rs. 0-8-0 for every 1440 matches or part thereof.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 27th August 1942, page 312.

II. Matches manufactured in a factory whose daily output does not exceed one hundred gross of containers—

- (i) If in containers containing on an average fifty matches. Rs. 1-11-3 per gross of containers.
- (ii) If not in containers as aforesaid Rs. 0-7-9 for every 1440 matches or part thereof.

CENTRAL EXCISES AND SALT ACT, 1944: EXCISE DUTY ON CERTAIN MATCHES: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification (No. 5-Central Excises, dated the 13th May 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division) :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of Rule 8 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division) No. 4, dated the 11th May 1946 (see above), namely :—

In the said notification, after the words "to exempt", the words and figures "with effect from the 1st August 1946" shall be inserted.

INDIAN INCOME-TAX (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1946: DATE OF ENFORCEMENT—

The following Notification (No. 10-Income-tax, dated the 4th May 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department (Revenue Division) :—

In pursuance of sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Indian Income-tax (Amendment) Act, 1946 (VIII of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to appoint the 4th day of May 1946 as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

EGGS GRADING AND MARKING RULES, 1937: AMENDMENTS—

Further amendments to the Eggs Grading and Marking Rules, 1937 (see the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 25th March 1937, page 1480), have been published in Part I (Section 1) of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 18th May 1946, under Notification No. F10-2/46-R, dated the 10th May 1946, of the Government of India in the Department of Agriculture.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF "FORD" AND "MERCURY" SPARE PARTS—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of "Ford" and "Mercury" spare parts as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 20th May 1946, under Notification No. 4-LPC(5)/46, dated the 7th May 1946, of the Government of India in the War Transport Department.

MOTOR CYCLES AND MOTOR CARS: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES FIXED—

The following Press Note, dated the 24th May 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the War Transport Department :—

The Central Government have fixed the maximum retail sale prices of the various makes and types of motor cycles and motor cars. The prices, as being published in the *Gazette of India* of May 25, 1946, obtain at ports. For inland prices transportation charges as also any transit insurance charges will be in addition to the prices at ports.

The schedule of prices is as follows :—

Make and Type.	Maximum Retail Price.
Royal Enfield Motor Cycle, Model WD/CO, 350 C. C.	Rs. 1,530
Armstrong Siddeley Car, 16 HP., Hurricane Coupe	Rs. 18,830
Wolsley Car, 12 H.P. Sliding Head Saloon	Rs. 9,235
Wolsley Car, 14 H.P. Sliding Head Saloon	Rs. 10,315

The Government have also published the prices of "Ford" and "Mercury" spare parts in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* of May 20, 1946, and the price lists are obtainable, on payment, from the Manager, Central Publications Branch, Civil Lines, Delhi.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES FIXED—

The following Press Note, dated the 23rd May 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the War Transport Department :—

The Government of India have fixed the maximum retail sale prices of certain motor vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. The Regent Axle Co., Burnley, U. K., and Messrs. Aerolite Ltd., U. K. These prices will take effect from June 1, 1946.

With the fixation of these specified prices the privilege of selling these articles at the corresponding price of products manufactured by certain other concerns or interchangeable with them is automatically cancelled with effect from June 1, 1946, and no one will, thereafter, be permitted to sell these articles at prices exceeding these approved notified prices. These interchangeable products mean in the case of Regent Axle Co., those manufactured by General Motors, Ford, Chrysler or the Studebaker Corporations, and in the case of Aerolite Ltd., General Motors products.

The Central Government have also revised the prices of 'Dayton' fan belts to take effect from June 1, 1946.

The prices thus fixed have been notified in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* of May 16, 1946, and the price lists are obtainable, on payment, from the Manager, Central Publications Branch, Civil Lines, Delhi.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944 : MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. ECHLIN MANUFACTURING CO., U.S.A.—

In pursuance of clause (b) of sub-clause (1) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain motor vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Echlin Manufacturing Co., U.S.A., as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 13th May 1946, under Notification No. 52-LPC(45)/45, dated the 7th May 1946, of the Government of India in the War Transport Department.

COMMERCIALLY IMPORTED TRANSPORT MOTOR VEHICLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. 7-LVC(17)/45, dated the 11th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the War Transport Department :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Commercially Imported Transport Motor Vehicles Control Order, 1945* :—

In the Schedules annexed to the said Order—

(1) In the First Schedule for entry 4, the following entry shall be substituted, namely :—

"4. Bradford Do. Do."

(2) In the Second Schedule against Serial No. 5 in column 4 for the word "Jowett" the word "Bradford" shall be substituted.

MOTOR CYCLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 4-LVC(9)/46, dated the 18th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the War Transport Department :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Motor Cycles Control Order, 1945† :—

In the Second Schedule annexed to the said Order after Serial No. 39 the following entry shall be inserted, namely :—

"39A. M/s Hansraj Shivji & Sons, Karachi Royal Enfield".

MOTOR CYCLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CYCLES OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKE AND TYPE—

The following Notification [No. 9-LVC(26)/46, dated the 18th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the War Transport Department :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 7 of the Motor Cycles Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is pleased

* See the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 30th August 1945, page 345.
† See the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 13th December 1945, page 467.

to specify the maximum retail prices of the controlled motor cycles of the make and type described below :—

Make and Type.	Maximum Retail Price.	
	Rs. A. P.	
Dot Motor Cycle Delivery Truck, 122 C.C.	2,220 0 0	At ports of importation, plus octroi paid, if any, and in the case of distributors, whose main place of business is away from the ports plus also transit insurance charges and transportation charges from the port of importation at goods freight rate.

RAILWAY EARNINGS—

Approximate Earnings of Period.—The total approximate gross earnings of the Budget lines for the period (10 days) ending 20th April 1946 (2nd period), amounted to Rs. 5.74 lakhs. This is :—

(a) Rs. 39 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 97 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

2. *Cumulative Earnings from the Beginning of the Financial Year.*—The total approximate gross earnings from 1st April to 20th April 1946 amount to Rs. 11.43 crores. This is :—

(a) Rs. 0.73 crores less than the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year, and

(b) Rs. 1.78 crores more than the actuals for the corresponding period of 1943-44.

The following are the up-to-date approximate gross earnings of Budget lines from 1st April 1946, as compared with the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year and 1943-44 :—

Railways.	Up to 20th April 1943.	Up to 20th April 1945.	Up to 20th April 1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year as compared with previous year.
	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)
B. A.	65	1.75	95	—80
B. N.	92	97	1.11	+14
B. B. & C. I.	1.10	1.21	1.36	+15
E. I.	1.83	2.43	2.21	—22
G. I. P.	1.85	1.70	1.58	—21
M. & S. M.	74	93	94	+1
N. W.	1.84	1.97	2.05	+8
Oudh Tirhut	34	39	39	..
S. I.	53	67	79	+12
Other Railways	5	5	5	..
TOTAL	9.65	12.16	11.43	—75

WAGON LOADINGS—

Comparison of Figures of Wagon Loading on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded during the period (10 days) ending 20th April :—

	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945.
			Per cent.
Broad gauge	132,448	131,570	—0.66
Metre gauge	86,047	69,773	—18.0

(b) Total number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded from 1st April to 20th April :—

	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
			Per cent.
Broad gauge	262,911	264,161	+0.45
Metre gauge	172,058	141,802	—17.5

(c) Details of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded on broad and metre gauges and the total loading on both gauges from 1st April to 20th April :—

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46.
			Per cent.
I.—Broad Gauge.			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	54,807	59,028	+7.70
(ii) Grains and pulses	19,994	17,195	—14.0
(iii) Oil seeds	4,651	5,710	+22.8
(iv) Cotton	5,206	4,270	—18.0
(v) Miscellaneous smalls.	25,274	25,167	—0.42
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	135,438	132,060	—2.49
(vii) Home line stores and materials	17,541	20,731	+18.2
* (viii) Coal for home line on B.N., E.I. and G.I.P. Railway.	9,331	11,850	+27.0

* Included in item (vii).

WAGON LOADINGS—contd.

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46. Per cent.
II.—Metre Gauge.			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	9,369	10,477	+11.8
(ii) Grains and pulses	16,076	15,780	-1.80*
(iii) Oil seeds	5,118	4,901	-4.24
(iv) Cotton	3,305	3,304	-0.03
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	18,028	24,816	+37.7
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	107,578	72,015	-33.1
(vii) Home line stores and materials	12,586	10,593	-15.8
III.—Total (Broad and Metre Gauges).			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	61,176	69,505	+8.30
(ii) Grains and pulses	36,070	32,982	-8.56
(iii) Oil seeds	9,769	10,611	+8.62
(iv) Cotton	8,511	7,574	-11.0
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	43,302	49,093	+13.4
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	243,014	204,075	-16.0
(vii) Home line stores and materials	30,127	31,324	+3.97

TONNAGE LIFTED ON CLASS I RAILWAYS—

Comparison of Figures of 'Tonnage Lifted' on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of Tons lifted during the period (10 days) ending 20th April :—

—	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945. Per cent.
Broad gauge	1,959,242	2,041,361	+4.19
Metre gauge	601,082	463,242	-22.7

(b) Number of Tons lifted from 1st April to 20th April :—

—	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) 1946-47 over 1945-46. Per cent.
Broad gauge	3,834,558	4,081,030	+6.93
Metre gauge	1,220,805	945,129	-22.6

SUMMARY OF EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 1946 AND WORKING EXPENSES FOR THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 1946 OF CLASS I RAILWAYS—BUDGET LINES—

The total approximate gross earnings of the Budget lines for the month of April 1946 amounted to Rs. 17.44 crores, i.e., Rs. 1.20 lakhs less than the actuals for the corresponding month of the previous year and Rs. 2.92 lakhs more than the actuals for the corresponding month of 1943-44. Compared with the last year, coaching earnings decreased by about Rs. 6 lakhs and goods earnings by about Rs. 1.13 lakhs during the month.

The decrease under coaching earnings is mainly due to less movement of Military, Luggage and Parcels traffic. Earnings from goods showed a general decrease in all commodities except in the case of Coal, Railway Material, Metallic Ore and Iron and Steel Other Edible Grains, Sugar and Jagree, Cotton, Mineral Oil Cement and General Goods showed decreases of about Rs. 3, Rs. 2, Rs. 7, Rs. 3, Rs. 2 and Rs. 1.21 lakhs, respectively.

The following are the approximate gross earnings of Budget lines from 1st April 1946 to 30th April 1946 as compared with the actuals for the corresponding period of the previous year and 1943-44 :—

Railways.	Up to 30th April 1945.	Up to 30th April 1946.	Up to 30th April 1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in the current year as compared with previous year.
	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)	(In lakhs of Rs.)
B. A.	99	2.68	1.43	-1.25
B. N.	1.40	1.50	1.66	+16
B. B. & C. I.	1.63	1.80	2.06	+20
E. I.	2.73	3.68	3.25	-43
G. I. P.	2.44	3.02	2.65	-37
M. & S. M.	1.12	1.42	1.41	-1
N. W.	2.81	2.91	3.12	+21
Oudh Tirhut	52	60	59	-1
S. I.	81	1.03	1.18	+16
Other Railways	7	9	9	..
Total	14.52	18.78	17.44	-1.29

During the month, the number of wagons loaded with goods traffic increased by 0.24 per cent on the broad gauge and decreased by 10.5 per cent on the metre gauge as compared with 1945. The details are given under "Wagon Loadings" below.

Working Expenses.—The approximate ordinary working expenses including suspense but excluding appropriation to and from the depreciation reserve fund, of Budget lines from 1st April 1945 to 28th February 1946 are more by Rs. 13.57 lakhs than the actuals for same period of last year. The increase is on all railways, except the O.T. and S.I. Railways.

TONNAGE LIFTED ON CLASS I RAILWAYS—

Comparison of Figures of 'Tonnage Lifted' on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of Tons lifted during the month of April :—

—	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945. Per cent.
Broad gauge	5,872,844	8,060,660	+33.30
Metre gauge	1,931,169	1,495,614	-23.2

WAGON LOADINGS—

Comparison of Figures of Wagon Loadings on Class I Railways.

(a) Number of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded during the month of April :—

—	1945.	1946.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946 over 1945. Per cent.
Broad gauge	394,691	305,626	+0.24
Metre gauge	260,020	210,152	-19.5

WAGON LOADINGS—contd.

(b) Details of wagons (in terms of 4-wheelers) loaded on broad and metre gauges and the total from 1st April to 30th April :—

Items.	1945-46.	1946-47.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1946-47 over 1945-46. Per cent.
I.—Broad Gauge.			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	83,420	88,117	+5.66
(ii) Grains and pulses	29,911	25,983	-13.1
(iii) Oil seeds	7,689	8,461	+10.1
(iv) Cotton	7,953	6,482	-18.5
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	38,208	36,840	-3.58
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	261,782	1,08,840	-1.45
(vii) Home line stores and materials	25,848	39,187	+47.9
*(viii) Coal for home line on B. N., P. I. & G. I. P. Railways.	13,661	17,542	+28.5
II.—Metre Gauge.			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	14,291	16,142	+13.7
(ii) Grains and pulses	21,498	23,895	+2.05
(iii) Oil seeds	7,874	7,171	-8.93
(iv) Cotton	4,605	4,021	+4.81
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	20,900	36,438	+35.5
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	162,940	103,284	-34.8
(vii) Home line stores and materials	19,841	15,964	-19.5
III.—Total (Broad and Metre Gauges).			
(i) Coal and coke for the public and for foreign railways.	97,711	104,259	+6.82
(ii) Grains and pulses	51,409	49,978	-8.11
(iii) Oil seeds	15,562	15,632	+0.45
(iv) Cotton	12,558	11,403	-9.84
(v) Miscellaneous smalls	65,108	73,278	+12.5
(vi) Miscellaneous full wagons	304,728	305,133	-16.3
(vii) Home line stores and materials	45,689	46,451	+1.67

* Included in item (vii).

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS.

BRITISH INDIA.

INDIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF GUIDE (PUBLIC EDITION): CORRECTION LIST No. 22, Slip No. 1.

The following Amendment Slip to the "Indian Customs Tariff Guide" (Public Edition) has been issued by the Central Board of Revenue under date of 6th May 1946:—

Correction List No. 22, Slip No. 1.

(i) Cancel the existing entries on pages 35 and 61 relating to "Graders, road" and "Road graders", respectively.

(ii) Cancel entry No. (vi) against item 72(3) at page 108 and renumber entries Nos. (vii) and (viii) accordingly.

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ARGENTINA.

PROPOSED REFORM OF CUSTOMS TARIFF.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 6th April 1946:—

A new nomenclature for the Argentine Customs Tariff has been approved in principle by the Argentine Government. It is understood that it is based on League of Nations recommendations adapted to meet local conditions. Adaptation and revision of the Tariff are to follow.

H. M. Ambassador at Buenos Aires reports that the Commission which was appointed in 1941 to draw up a new Customs Tariff recently submitted a draft of a new tariff nomenclature to the Ministry of Finance and that the Executive Power, in a decree dated January 26, has approved the proposed nomenclature.

No date is fixed for the introduction of the new nomenclature but the preamble to the decree directs the Commission in charge of the work to give it suitable publicity so that interested parties can submit their comments and to proceed with their recommendation that the existing rates of duty should be adapted to the new nomenclature so that the latter can be introduced as soon as possible. The decree, therefore, provides that the Commission should proceed with the necessary adaptation of the existing rates.

The decree also provides that the Commission should draft modifications of the present tariff, bearing in mind the following principles the President of the Commission recommended:—

1. The Customs valuations for the sub-headings created in the new nomenclature should be calculated on the basis of the existing valuations taking into consideration the degree of manufacture and quality of the goods in question.

2. A similar procedure should be followed in fixing the duties, special consideration being given to raw and semi-manufactured materials which are essential for national industry and to other goods which should be free of duty or subject to low rates of duty, for which purpose the Commission can fix the duty on an *ad valorem*, specific or mixed basis.

3. Three classes of general *ad valorem* rates of duty of 10, 20 and 40 per cent should be established for raw materials, semi-manufactured goods and general goods respectively which do not figure in the tariff.

4. A general revision should be undertaken of all goods which are free of duty or which may be imported at a lower rate of duty than the ordinary provided that certain conditions are fulfilled.

Note: The duties on and valuations of U. K. goods imported into Argentina which are fixed under the U. K.—Argentine Trade and Commerce Agreement, signed on December 1, 1936, should continue in force while the Agreement remains effective.

COLOMBIA.

IMPORT LICENCE REGULATIONS.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 6th April 1946:—

The Commercial Secretary to H. M. Embassy at Bogota now reports, by telegraph, that a Resolution (No. 156), promulgated on February 20 by the Colombian Exchange Control Office, modifies the import licensing regulation (see also notice in the B. T. J. of September 22, 1945, pages 466-467).

The Resolution provides that import licences in respect of goods in the Preferential Group will be issued without limitation. The former first group is now divided into group one, comprising construction materials, raw materials for industry and agricultural implements, and group one bis includes the remaining articles formerly included in the first group. The guarantee deposit in the case of the goods in the Preferential Group remains at 2 per cent, but the deposit for group one and group one bis is fixed at 5 per cent and, for groups two, three and four is reduced to 10 per cent.

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MEXICO.

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATION ON RAYON.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 6th April 1946:—

The Commercial Counsellor to H. M. Embassy at Mexico City reports, by telegraph, that a decree, published in the "Diario Oficial" of March 9 and effective on March 19, increases the customs duties by an average of 150 per cent on woven piece goods of rayon and rayon mixtures, and on woven piece goods of silk and silk mixtures imported into Mexico. The duties on socks and stockings made of rayon are increased by 400-500 per cent.

Rayon staple fibre yarn has now been classified separately and will pay a duty of 2.50 pesos per legal kilogramme.

The duty on rayon yarn classified under Tariff item 4.03.10 has been increased from 4.00 pesos to 5.30 pesos per legal kilogramme.

—:—

NEW ZEALAND.

IMPORT LICENSING—TENTH PERIOD.

The following is an extract from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 6th April 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received information from H. M. Trade Commissioner at Wellington that the following amendments (among others) have been made to the Import Licensing Schedule for the 1946 period (see also Board of Trade Journal of March 16, 1946, page 314).

Tariff Items.

55 (1.7) Matches and Vestas. Licences for imports of these goods from any source during 1946 may be granted to the extent of 75 per cent of the value of similar imports from all sources in 1938.

160 (1) Furskins, green or sun-dried. Licences may now be granted for the importation of green or sundried furskins from any source to the extent of the amounts of licences granted in 1941 for imports of such goods from all sources. It is desired, however, that as far as possible imports be arranged from Sterling sources. Imports should be confined to utility type skins and skins of the following type will not be admitted: Mink, Kolinsky Real, Broadtail, Fitches, Nutria and Beaver, Persian Lamb, Chinchilla, Natural Blue Fox, Ermine, Karacul, Sables, Sealskins and Otter.

CROP FORECAST.

(ALL-INDIA)

SUMMARY OF ALL-INDIA SUPPLEMENTARY SESAMUM (TIL OR JINJILI) FORECAST, 1945-46.

(Calcutta, 21st May 1946.)

	1945-46.	1944-45.	Decrease (—).
			Per cent.
Sesamum (Til or Jinjili)—			
Area (acres)	3,903,000	3,039,000	—1
Yield (tons)	387,000	303,000	—2

—:—

CONTRACTS PLACED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, RAILWAY DEPARTMENT (RAILWAY BOARD).

Broad Gauge I. R. S. Wagons—1946-47-48.

As a result of the tenders received in February 1946, the following orders for I. R. S. Broad Gauge General Service Wagons have been placed by the Railway Board:—

Name of the Firm.	Type and No. of Wagons ordered.	Price per Wagon (without wheels and axles).
		Rs.
	'CR' Type.	
Messrs. Jessop & Co., Ltd.	1,200	7,138
Messrs. Burn & Co.	1,800	7,138
	'O' Type.	
Messrs. Burn & Co.	200	6,130
Messrs. Birla & Co. (India), Ltd.	900	6,130

—:—

CONTRACT PLACED BY THE NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

The following particulars have been received from the Controller of Stores, North Western Railway, Lahore:—

Result of Advertised Tender No. 211-S/5/9 (Code Word "CZABC") due on 15.4.46 for Barrows, Wheel, Iron = 175 Nos.

Serial No.	Description of Stores.	No. or Quantity ordered.	Rate Accepted.	Name of Successful Tenderer.
1	Barrows, wheel, iron, to N.W. R. Drawing No. 20/AT.	175 Nos.	Rs. A. P. 27 0 0 each f.o.r. Howrah.	Messrs. W. Duff & Co., 71, Olive Street, Calcutta.

H. M. Trade Commissioner has also reported that owing to difficulties in getting overseas orders executed promptly the following announcement has been made. Where 1945 licences were issued not later than November 1, 1945, and the goods do not arrive in New Zealand by June 30, 1946, the licence may be substituted on request by a 1946 licence valid up to December 31, 1946. These arrangements do not apply to 1945 licences issued in substitution for 1944 licences.

—:—

NORTHERN RHODESIA.

IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

The following is reproduced from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 6th April 1946:—

A supplement to the Northern Rhodesia Gazette of February 15th, 1946, contains a copy of Government Notice No. 33 of 1946, which provides for the amendment of Open General Import Licence No. 2 of 1945, by the addition of "Ground nuts" to the lists of exceptions which require Import Licences under items 21, 22, 23, 24 and 25 (see the "Board of Trade Journal," December 8, 1945, (page 713).

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PALESTINE.

CUSTOMS TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.

The following is an extract from the Board of Trade Journal, dated the 6th April 1946:—

Supplements No. 2 to the Palestine Gazettes of February 7 and 14, contain copies of the Customs Tariff and Exemption (Amendment of Schedule) Orders (Nos. 2 and 3), 1946, which provide for the following modifications to the Palestine Customs Tariff:

Serial No.	Description of Article.	Duty under Part I of Schedule.		Additional Duty under Part II of Schedule <i>ad valorem</i> .
		Unit.	mills.	
309.1	Glass waste and scrap	value	exempt	
335	Iron, not specially prepared: Black sheets and plates, plain or corrugated.	kilogramme	2 (formerly exempt).	exempt

[The wording in *italics* represents an addition to the tariff.]

—:—

MISCELLANEOUS.

Details of changes in Customs Regulations, etc., are published regularly in the Board of Trade Journal. The particulars are too lengthy for publication here, but the headings of the items and the date on which they appeared in the Journal are given for purposes of reference:—

15th April 1946.

AUSTRALIA.—Tariff Board Reference. Tariff Decisions.

IRE.—Import Quotas.

MEXICO.—Shipping Documents should be sent by Air Mail.

NEW ZEALAND.—Import Licensing—Tenth Period.

SOUTHERN RHODESIA.—Withdrawal of the Suspension of Customs Duties on Airships, Aeroplanes and other Aircraft including parts thereof.

SWEDEN.—Certain Aluminium Freed from Import Restriction.

SWITZERLAND.—Customs Duty on Industrial Diamonds.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.—Clearance of Goods.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 10th May 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	1,678	828	53,983	22,421	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	11,035	7,766	127,958	148,504	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan	1,020	980	64,282	48,811	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan	1,468	1,330	34,369	34,257	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	2,166	5,692	42,393	116,033	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	15,727	15,766	268,900	302,605	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					
The Province of Sind	(a)	705	374,719	438,747	All districts in the Province.
Bengal—					
The Province of Bengal	677	227	11,031	4,467	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces—					
1. Upper Doab	..	..	4,934	5,175	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Mirzapur-nagar.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	656	1,635	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	807	351	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budann, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rao Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	6,497	7,161	
Punjab—					
1. Ambala	197	829	32,731	53,327	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Afnitola.
2. Jullundur	..	..	13,237	19,765	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	1,120	2,626	(b) 84,437	87,343	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	141	1,824	(c) 106,292	102,427	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
5. Multan	2,164	4,972	(d) 631,415	616,206	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	..	806	(e) 77,046	76,518	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	3,623	10,057	945,194	955,586	
Central Provinces—					
1. Jabulpore	..	..	..	..	Jabulpore, Saugor, Hoshangabad.
2. Nerbudda	..	..	3	192	Nimar.
3. Nimar	..	..	37,317	23,743	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhambla.
4. Nagpur	209	611	(f) 82,283	73,324	Chhindwara, Deol, Mandla.
5. Satpura	..	..	606	80	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	..	..	
TOTAL	209	611	120,299	97,439	
Berar—					
Berar	2,597	1,490	888,604	335,097	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Assam—					
The Province of Assam	(a)	280	5,509	6,830	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara—					
Ajmer-Merwara	321	148	14,174	8,902	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras—					
Madras*	8,468	12,578	151,593	196,399	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	31,624	41,844	2,288,549	2,352,232	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.
 *For details see Statement III.
 (a) Return not yet received.
 (b) Includes 113 bales not reported before.
 (c) " 538 " " " "
 (d) " 1,044 " " " "
 (e) " 134 " " " "
 (f) " 15 " " " "

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 10th May 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	5,053	211,732	249,017
Baroda	(a)	3,600	91,680	83,996
Mysore	(a)	..	8,982	12,081
Coimbatore	(a)	454	12,867	26,292
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	(a)	801	165,432	151,049
Nabha	(a)	..	19,077	27,570
Sind	(a)	..	5,673	8,500
Faridkot	(a)	..	6,005	7,600
Patiala	(a)	303	63,921	107,286
Malerkotla	(a)	..	1,484	4,442
Kidderpur	(a)	..	4,880	2,912
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	1,284	267,272	304,959
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	(a)	1,851	24,808	33,396
Bikaner	(a)	605	11,892	8,580
Jodhpur	(a)	..	..	388
Tonk	(a)	..	1,007	2,773
Jaipur	(a)	..	1,695	651
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	144	42	1,624	887
Kishanganj	..	..	..	..
Kotah	(a)	..	911	1,344
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	739	688	7,772	6,013
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	843	8,354	49,409	53,904
Central India States—				
Indore	(a)	2,212	57,274	31,217
Bhopal	(a)	..	183	737
Narsingharh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	(b)	75	1,353	3,012
Ratlam	..	..	3,335	4,500
Dhar	(a)	597	15,888	10,725
Barwani	(a)	179	10,364	6,810
Shabua	(a)	..	5,439	3,226
Dewas, J. B.	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	..	3,083	91,841	60,317

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 10th May 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	(a)	521	14,185	11,782
Junagadh	(a)	1,083	4,327	12,162
Dhrangadhra	1,474	1,374	5,005	8,104
Morvi	(a)	2,043	2,484	5,557
Cutch	(a)	151	2,391	186
Nawanagar	(a)	2,029	3,667	11,100
Wadhwan	(a)	..	..	..
Gondal	(a)	24	..	24
Wankar	(a)	..	1,363	5,760
Porbandar	(a)	..	..	8,913
Limdi	882	..	904	3,506
Radhanpur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	..	1,282	8,825	10,286
Hanawadar	(a)	..	..	633
Jasdan	..	..	..	..
Rardargah	..	..	..	..
Mull	237	107	237	1,770
Sayla	..	423	342	1,020
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	(a)	..	634	..
Katol	(a)	97	..	1,636
Lakhtar	(a)	..	..	332
Palitana	(a)	..	446	..
Mallia	(a)	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	(a)	..	22,852	21,765
Chhota Udepur	(a)	481	9,114	9,802
Cambar	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Balsamor	128	462	3,575	4,190
Pandit Mawaa—				
Vaklapur	(a)	622	..	3,082
Gotoda	344	361	4,200	5,473
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	(a)	..	..	241
Jamkhadi	94	273	1,589	3,508
Sangli	..	..	..	..
Madhol	(a)	225	..	1,335
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savarnur	110	132	125	815
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	4,006	11,680	85,893	131,193
GRAND TOTAL	4,889	22,578	819,456	928,557

(a) Statement not yet received. (b) Factory closed.

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 10th May 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelly	1,503	2,234	8,560	11,904
Nadarn, Bourbon and Uppam	..	..	400	..
Camboolia	8,484	3,806	33,937	24,031
Karungudi	1,138	..	10,703	..
Northern	247	6,288	1,694	..
Western	1,984	..	24,737	58,989
Mangari	..	..	143	..
Cocanada	50	250	1,214	1,880
TOTAL	8,489	12,578	85,897	96,804

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 17th May 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1	2	3	4	5	6
Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED.		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	1,027	800	54,990	23,281	Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
2. Gujarat	7,839	8,903	135,817	112,407	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach, Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan	755	604	65,037	49,415	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nashik.
4. East Deccan	1,234	2,123	35,603	26,380	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	2,597	3,588	44,987	119,621	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	12,445	15,218	281,444	317,823	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					
The Province of Sind	(a)	4,048	374,918	442,705	All districts in the Province.
Bengal—					
The Province of Bengal	981	325	12,012	4,792	All districts in the Province.
United Provinces—					
1. Upper Doab	..	..	4,934	5,175	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	656	1,635	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	907	351	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Buland, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almorah, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	6,497	7,161	
Punjab—					
1. Ambala	..	887	32,781	54,214	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
2. Jullundur	..	..	15,237	19,765	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
3. Lahore	841	2,408	(b) 83,749	89,751	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Shaikot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
4. Rawalpindi	..	434	(c) 106,714	102,921	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
5. Multan	1,469	2,275	(d) 633,944	618,481	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
6. Ferozepore	..	1,485	77,046	78,003	Sinla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
TOTAL	2,110	7,549	949,421	963,135	
Central Provinces—					
1. Jabulpore	..	..	..	3	Jubbulpore, Saugor.
2. Nerbudda	..	18	37,317	192	Hoshangabad.
3. Nimar	..	185	(e) 82,680	23,761	Nimar.
4. Nagpur	328	..	73,609	73,609	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
5. Satpura	..	..	696	80	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
TOTAL	328	203	120,606	97,642	
Berar—					
Berar	2,737	1,544	(f) 391,607	336,641	Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Assam—					
The Province of Assam	(a)	102	5,350	5,332	All districts in the Province.
Ajmer-Merwara—					
Ajmer-Merwara	356	421	14,530	9,323	The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Madras—					
Madras*	11,822	10,719	163,415	207,118	The whole of the Province.
GRAND TOTAL	30,779	40,129	2,320,090	2,392,362	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.

*For details see Statement III.

(a) Return not yet received.

(b) Includes 633 bales not reported before.

(c) " 422 " " " "

(d) " 1,000 " " " "

(e) Includes 69 bales not reported before.

(f) " 306 " " " "

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 17th May 1946.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 17th May 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	2,004	213,290	251,921
Baroda	(a)	3,326	91,680	92,320
Mysore	(a)	..	8,982	12,981
Gwalior	(a)	719	12,867	27,041
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	(a)	1,079	165,432	152,728
Nabha	(a)	..	19,077	27,570
Jind	(a)	..	5,573	8,500
Ferozkot	(a)	..	6,005	7,600
Patiala	(a)	..	65,540	107,286
Malerkotla	(a)	..	1,484	4,442
Khairpur	(a)	..	4,880	2,912
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	1,079	268,897	311,038
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	(a)	1,605	24,808	34,971
Bikaner	(a)	405	11,692	9,075
Jodhpur	(a)	204	..	652
Tonk	(a)	..	1,007	2,773
Jaipur	(a)	..	1,605	551
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	74	170	1,508	1,066
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	(a)	50	911	1,394
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	830	543	8,008	6,558
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	910	3,130	60,810	57,040
Central India States—				
Indore	(a)	172	67,274	81,389
Dhopal	(a)	..	188	737
Narsingharh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	(b)	257	1,353	3,209
Ratlam	332	199	3,607	4,788
Dhar	(a)	416	17,177	11,141
Barwani	(a)	180	10,304	6,090
Jhabua	(a)	..	3,439	3,226
Dewas, J. B.	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	332	1,224	93,462	61,541
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	(a)	181	14,185	11,963
Junagadh	(a)	1,051	4,327	13,213
Dhrangadhra	1,648	1,068	7,553	9,172
Morvi	2,209	1,971	6,570	5,893
Cutch	(a)	..	2,369	186
Nawanagar	(a)	106	602	1,845
Wadhwan	(a)	1,679	5,040	12,785
Gondal	..	291	..	315
Wankaner	(a)	856	2,061	6,077
Porbandar	(a)	..	3,913	..
Limdi	744	279	1,738	3,845
Radhapur	..	..	..	..
Rajkot	(a)	..	6,825	10,286
Manawadar	(a)	..	..	633
Jaadan	(a)	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mull	..	..	..	..
Sayla	378	893	615	2,172
Eastern Kathiawar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	196	174	538	2,100
Katosan	..	..	654	..
Lakhtar	652	485	652	2,023
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Maliya	455	447	1,207	1,460
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	(a)	..	22,852	21,765
Chhoti Udepur	(a)	..	9,114	9,692
Cambay	..	..	..	..
Sachin	..	..	..	..
Balasaur	(a)	408	3,575	4,693
Pandu Mewas	(a)	..	..	..
Vaktapur	(a)	149	4,269	5,873
Gothda	..	..	..	..
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	253	1,589	241
Jamkhadi	(a)	..	3,851	..
Sangli	..	..	..	1,335
Mudhol	(a)	..	..	..
Miraj	..	115	198	930
Savner	73	..	..	..
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	7,002	9,353	97,499	139,601
GRAND TOTAL	8,244	35,841	836,966	953,453
(a) Statement not yet received. (b) Factory closed.				
III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 17th May 1946.				
1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelles	1,752	2,800	10,321	14,704
Nadam, Uppam and Bourbon	..	..	490	..
Cambodia	4,919	2,042	38,856	26,673
Karunganni	2,932	..	13,535	..
Northern	226	6,177	1,920	64,166
Western	1,952	..	30,689	..
Mungai	..	..	143	..
Cocanadas	141	100	1,355	1,980
TOTAL	11,822	10,719	97,219	107,523

PROVISIONAL STATEMENT SHOWING THE RAISINGS AND DESPATCHES OF COAL FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 1946.

(FURNISHED BY THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF MINES IN INDIA.)

Province.	Raisings.	Despatches.
	Tons.	Tons.
ASSAM	33,339	28,788
BALUCHISTAN	9,200	15,861
BENGAL—		
Darjeeling	1,021	1,345
Raniganj Coalfield	579,708	583,537
BIHAR—		
Raniganj Coalfield	116,022	100,741
Jharia	930,135	849,200
Bokaro	171,764	156,853
Ramgarh	4,475	3,920
Giridih	47,299	39,540
Jainty	1,694	968
Daltonganj	2,739	1,826
Karanpura	78,304	81,066
TOTAL FOR BIHAR	1,352,435	1,234,114
ORISSA—		
Hingir-Rampur (Sambalpur) Coalfield	10,248	9,452
CENTRAL PROVINCES—		
Pench Valley Coalfield (Chhindwara)	118,183	110,217
Chanda Coalfield	23,460	19,507
Yeotmal	2,030	1,708
Bilaspur	356	199
TOTAL FOR CENTRAL PROVINCES	144,029	131,631
PUNJAB	16,899	20,765
SIND	256	427
GRAND TOTAL	2,147,135	2,025,920

Hard and soft coke despatched from collieries = 62,991 tons.

FINAL STATEMENT SHOWING THE RAISINGS AND DESPATCHES OF COAL FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL 1946.

(FURNISHED BY THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF MINES IN INDIA.)

Province.	Raisings.	Despatches.
	Tons.	Tons.
ASSAM	33,339	28,833
BALUCHISTAN	14,774	27,522
BENGAL—		
Darjeeling	1,021	1,345
Raniganj Coalfield	580,802	585,326
BIHAR—		
Raniganj Coalfield	121,820	104,959
Jharia	941,579	855,376
Bokaro	171,764	156,853
Ramgarh	5,903	4,745
Giridih	47,299	39,540
Jainty	1,694	968
Daltonganj	2,739	1,826
Karanpura	78,304	81,066
TOTAL FOR BIHAR	1,371,102	1,245,333
ORISSA—		
Hingir-Rampur (Sambalpur) Coalfield	10,218	9,452
CENTRAL PROVINCES—		
Pench Valley Coalfield (Chhindwara)	119,992	111,841
Chanda Coalfield	23,460	19,507
Yeotmal	2,030	1,708
Bilaspur	356	199
TOTAL FOR CENTRAL PROVINCES	145,838	133,255
PUNJAB	16,923	20,885
SIND	760	759
GRAND TOTAL	2,174,809	2,052,710

Hard and soft coke despatched from collieries = 64,796 tons.

FOREIGN TRADE OF MADRAS IN APRIL 1946.

The following statement gives particulars of the foreign sea-borne trade of the Province of Madras during the month of April 1946, as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year:—

Description of Article.	Unit.	APRIL 1945.		APRIL 1946.		DIFFERENCE.		Remarks.
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Imports.								
Dyeing and tanning substances—								Larger imports from the Union of South Africa.
Barks for tanning	Cwt.	45,117	4,12,482	50,691	7,35,494	+11,774	+3,17,002	
Grains, etc.—Wheat	Tons	1,231	2,79,518	—	—	—1,231	—2,79,518	No imports from the United States of America.
Machinery and mill-work—								Smaller imports from the United Kingdom and the United States of America.
Electrical machinery of all kinds including instruments, etc.—	Value	—	4,79,335	—	1,58,163	—	—3,21,172	
Transformers	"	—	25,239	—	17,18,657	—	+10,93,418	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom, Ceylon and the United States of America.
Other sorts of machinery	"	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Manures (excluding oil cake)—	Tons	1,399	2,67,655	4,634	9,93,933	+3,235	+7,26,278	Larger arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Sulphate of Ammonia	"	—	—	2,104	2,66,072	+2,104	+2,66,072	Large arrivals from Egypt.
Phosphatic, etc.—Others	"	—	—	3,264	2,26,172	+3,264	+2,26,172	Large arrivals from the United Kingdom.
Metals and Ores—Wrought—								
Yellow metal sheets	Cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	No imports from Iran.
Oils—Mineral—								Smaller imports from Iran.
Fuel oils—	Galls.	1,634,296	7,02,592	—	—	—1,634,296	—7,02,592	
Diesel oils	"	4,133,701	12,36,606	2,596,568	6,81,193	—1,547,133	—5,55,413	
Other fuel oils	"	1,433,573	9,32,382	126,168	88,712	—1,307,405	—8,43,670	
Kerosene oil, in bulk	"	12,626,304	1,22,02,094	459,553	3,82,467	—12,137,248	—1,18,19,627	Smaller imports from Iran and no imports from Bahrain Islands and the United States of America.
Petroleum—Dangerous, etc.—Motor spirit	"	—	—	821	1,97,012	+821	+1,97,012	Larger imports from the Commonwealth of Australia and the United States of America.
Provisions and Ollman's stores, etc.—								
Milk food for infants and invalids, etc.	Cwt.	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Vehicles excluding locomotives, etc., for Railways—Mechanically propelled vehicles—	Value	—	—	—	2,37,166	—	+2,37,166	
Wagons and parts for Railways.	Nos.	—	—	71	2,66,492	+71	+2,66,492	
Vehicles—Mechanically propelled vehicles—								
Motor cars.	Value	—	40,05,627	—	76,51,288	—	+27,45,661	
Other Articles	Value	—	—	—	1,86,02,891	—	—78,46,649	
TOTAL IMPORTS	Value	—	2,14,49,530	—	1,86,02,891	—	—78,46,649	

FOREIGN TRADE OF MADRAS IN APRIL 1946—continued									
Description of Article.	Unit.	APRIL 1945.		APRIL 1946.		DIFFERENCE.		Remarks.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.		
Exports.									
Animals, living—Sheep and goats.	Nos.	12,491	4,06,740	—	—	—	Rs.	No exports to Ceylon.	
Coffee	Cwt.	8,117	6,42,019	305	31,100	—7,812	—	No exports to the United Kingdom.	
Cordage and rope of vegetable fibre	"	9,317	2,36,735	878	22,545	—8,450	—	No exports to the United States of America.	
Fish, dry—	"	9,157	5,41,902	17,469	10,14,210	—8,312	—	Larger exports to Ceylon.	
Unsalted	"	454	12,925	11,191	6,20,163	—10,737	—		
Fruits, etc.—	"	55,545	7,85,918	14,547	66,002	—40,908	—	Smaller exports to Ceylon.	
Fresh Vegetables—Onions	"	138	5,34,677	988	40,14,655	—860	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Dried—Cashew kernels	Tons	—	—	95	2,68,538	—95	—	Larger exports to the United Kingdom.	
Hides and Skins (raw)—Skins, raw—	"	—	—	1,191	53,36,800	—1,191	—		
Hides and Skins (tanned)—Hides, tanned—	"	—	—	50	2,81,000	—50	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Cow hides	"	—	—	306	22,10,966	—306	—		
Cow calf skins	"	5	105	—	—	—	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Hides and Skins—Tanned—	"	—	—	140	12,42,630	—140	—		
Goat skins	"	3	20,540	180	2,160	—177	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Sheep skins	"	24,602	9,53,407	—	—	—	—		
Metals, etc.—Ores and Minerals, unmanu-	"	—	—	—	—	—	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
factured.	"	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Wool, essential—Lemon grass	Galls.	18,878	7,14,436	10,793	10,94,324	—2,053	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Provisions, etc.—Pickles, chutnies and condi-	Cwt.	—	—	4,403	3,15,634	—4,403	—		
ments.	"	—	—	1,647	15,34,972	—1,647	—	Larger exports to Ceylon.	
Seeds, essential—Coriander	Tons	45	28,334	—	—	—	—		
Seeds, non-essential—	"	19,029	31,87,003	—	—	—	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Groundnuts	"	—	—	620	2,83,639	—620	—		
Linseed	"	—	—	—	—	—	—	Larger exports to Ceylon.	
Spices—	"	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Chillies	Cwt.	7,550	3,58,407	10,429	6,34,656	—2,879	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Ginger	"	7,994	4,06,961	301	17,659	—7,693	—		
Tea, black	Lbs.	19,15,973	10,16,750	3,277,435	32,64,324	—1,38,462	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Tea, white	"	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Textiles—	"	—	—	—	—	—	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Cotton waste	Cwt.	5,336	1,03,539	14,383	4,78,987	—9,047	—		
Cotton twist and yarn	Lbs.	13,810	20,431	323,879	2,71,350	—310,069	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Cotton piecegoods—	"	—	—	—	—	—	—		
White	Yds.	169,066	2,95,990	92,739	62,726	—76,277	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Coloured, printed or dyed	"	3,132,926	70,61,501	2,181,597	26,90,839	—951,329	—		
Tobacco, unmanufactured	Lbs.	957,747	7,50,914	168,691	1,53,115	—795,056	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
Postal Articles	Value	—	2,01,512	—	5,02,085	—3,00,573	—		
Other Articles	"	—	63,94,954	—	77,48,623	—13,53,669	—	Larger exports to the United States of America.	
TOTAL Exports	Value	—	2,81,86,659	—	3,42,67,532	—60,80,873	—		
Re-exports. TOTAL	Value	—	2,15,466	—	1,93,035	—22,431	—		

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.
 * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † The Economist.
 ‡ Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.
 § Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 || Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.
 ¶ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

From Calcutta	.	.	.	.	.	..	..
„ Bombay	.	.	.	.	.	9,537	..
„ Karachi	.	.	.	.	.	..	8,680
„ Madras	.	.	.	.	.	..	..
„ Tuticorin	.	.	.	.	.	..	..

† The East India Cotton Association's Report for the week ending 25th April, 1946.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(ii) From 1st September, 1945, to 27th April, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales*)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	1
" Bombay	177	21
" Karachi	313	146
" Madras	1	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**† Bombay, 17th May—**

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 450 (May '46).

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is now estimated at 3,361,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,542,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.**COTTON PIECEGOODS—****(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 27th April, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	446	446
Bombay	..	3,022	3,022
Karachi	..	186	186
Madras	..	292	292

(ii) From 1st January to 27th April, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	6,073	6,093
Bombay	..	32,706	32,706
Karachi	..	4,240	4,250
Madras	..	5,422	5,422

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	10	1
Bombay	1	..	32	..	42	2
Karachi	..	..	4	..	23	..
Madras	..	..	9	1	15	..

(c) Market Quotations—*** Bombay, 17th May—****Grey unbleached—**

	Rs. A. P.	
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	per lb.	..
(2) Domestics 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.	"	..
(3) Chadars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	"	..
(4) Dhories (up to ½" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs.	"	1 6 7
(5) Dhories (Calcutta ½" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	"	2 4 0

† Manchester, 22nd March—Price Index of cloth 231
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)**COTTON TWIST AND YARN—****(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 27th April, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	544	544
Bombay	..	4,455	4,455
Karachi	..	184	184
Madras	..	1,200	1,200

(ii) From 1st January to 27th April, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	17,378	17,421
Bombay	..	135,357	135,357
Karachi	..	2,625	2,625
Madras	..	14,200	14,200

(b) Imports by sea—

During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	1
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..
Madras	4	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.**COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—***** Bombay, 17th May—**

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	..
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, "	1 1 0
† Manchester, 22nd March—	
Price index of American yarn	227
" " " Egyptian "	210
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	379	248
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—**Market Quotations—****Cow Hides—****† Calcutta, 17th May—**

(1) Agras (North-Western)	Rs. . . to Rs. . .	} per 20 lbs.
(2) Darbhanga	Rs. . . " Rs. . .	
(3) Patnas	Rs. . . " Rs. . .	
(4) Salted cows, Daccas	Rs. 17-8 " Rs. 18-8	

Buffalo Hides—**† Calcutta, 17th May—**

(1) Arsonic, Framed	Rs. . . to Rs. . .	} per 20 lbs.
(2) " Commons	Rs. 15-0 " Rs. 16-0	

Goat Skins—**† Calcutta, 17th May—**

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 180 to Rs. 200
(2) Ordinary Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 125 " Rs. 140

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—**Market Quotations—****|| Madras, 16th May—**

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Tanned—		
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	1 14 0 to	2 4 0
(2) Buff hides "	1 8 0 " "	1 9 0
(3) Sheep skins "	4 2 0 " "	5 0 0
(4) Goat skins "	3 0 0 " "	3 8 0

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.
|| Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
|| Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.**IRON AND STEEL—****Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 17th May—****Pig Iron—**

Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " " " "	Rs. 98

† London, 9th April—

Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£8 3s. Od.
Steel, rails, heavy " " " " "	£15 7s. Od.

JUTE (RAW)—**(a) Arrivals—**

(i) During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales †.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta § by rail, river and sea	52	40
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer || . . . . .	114	71
TOTAL	166	111

(ii) From 1st July, 1945, to 27th April, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales †.)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Into Calcutta § by rail, river and sea	2,022	2,423
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer || . . . . .	3,965	2,995
TOTAL	6,887	5,418

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales †.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	24	16

(ii) From 1st July, 1945, to 27th April, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales †.)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	1,731	757

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.
|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(c) Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 17th May—**

(1) European Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md.	Rs. 17-0 (n).
(2) Indian Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md.	Rs. 17-0 (n).

Calcutta, 21st May—

(1) First, per bale (400 lbs.)	{ Rs. 87-0 † Rs. 90-0 †
(2) Lightnings „ „	{ Rs. 82-0 † Rs. 85-0 †

London, 16th May—

Daisee C. & F., per ton	£43 0s. 0d.
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Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1945 is estimated at 7,161,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 6,203,000 bales in 1944 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—			
Sacking		2,452	902
Hessian		1,426	763

(ii) From 1st January to 27th April, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—			
Sacking		72,660	80,621
Hessian		39,077	24,675

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 17th May—**

B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×26½", 6×8", per 100 bags	Rs. 66-12(n) (Ready).
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* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Exports.

‡ Mills.

[(n) Nominal.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—			
Sacking		50	..
Hessian		2,148	28,631

(ii) From 1st January to 27th April, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—			
Sacking		8,984	7,581
Hessian		557,820	438,888

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 17th May—**

(1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds.	Rs. 4 A. P. †22 2 0 (Ready).
(2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds.	†29 0 0 (Ready).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—****Calcutta, 20th May—**

Groundnut Cake, per md.	Rs. 6-8
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OILSEEDS—**CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—****† Bombay, 17th May—**

Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt.	Rs. 22-14
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London, 16th May—

Castorseed (Bombay), per ton	£ 43 10 0
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COCONUTS—**Market Quotations—****§ Cochin, 11th May—**

Coconuts, per 1,000	Rs. 170
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COPRA—**Market Quotations—****§ Cochin, 11th May—**

Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs.	Rs. 330
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* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Nominal.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports		..	..

(b) Market Quotations—*** Bombay, 31st March—**

Cotton seed, per Indian Md.	Rs. 6-3-0
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GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—****† Bombay, 17th May—**

(1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt.	Rs. 35-0
(2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt.	..

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations—****† Madras, 16th May—**

Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. A. P. 86 10 0
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† Bombay, 17th May—

Bombay, Bold, per cwt.	Rs. 24-4-0
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London, 18th April—

Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton	£ s. d. 38 0 0
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LINSEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river		761	482
Bombay, by rail and sea		609	1,309
Karachi, by rail and river		..	..
Vizagapatam, by rail		147	..

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Calcutta		..	1,200
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Vizagapatam		..	..

* Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—contd.**LINSEED**—contd.**(c) Market Quotations—***** Bombay, 17th May—**

(1) Bold, per cwt.	Rs. 26-0
(2) Small, seed, per cwt.	.. 25-12

† Calcutta, 17th May—

Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md.	Rs. 18-0 (Ready).
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London, 2nd May—

Linscod, Bombay, per ton	£ s. d. 46 10 0
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RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river		514	1,432
Bombay, by rail and sea		41	12
Karachi, by rail and river		1,188	87

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Calcutta		..	..
Bombay		..	5
Karachi		..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**† Karachi, 15th May—**

Per candy of 8 mds., i.e. 656 lbs. (approximately).	Rs. A. 114 8
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Rapeseed—Crop 1945-46 (including bags)

*** Bombay, 20th June, 1945—**

(1) Brown, Cawnpore, per cwt.	Rs. 18-0 (n).
(2) Yellow, „ „	.. 23-0 (n).

London, 18th April—

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton	£ s. d. 39 10 0
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* Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

(n) Nominal.

WHEAT—contd.**(a) Imports and Exports—contd.**

During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	1946.	(In tons.)	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..

During week ending 27th April, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	1946.	(In tons.)	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi	..	..	78

(ii) From 1st to 27th April, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	1946.	(In tons.)	1945.
Imports into—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	2,090	..	1,483

From 1st to 27th April, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	1946.	(In tons.)	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..

From 1st to 27th April, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	1946.	(In tons.)	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi	2,480	..	2,339

(b) Market Quotations—**Bombay, 31st March—**

Wheat, per Ind. Md. †

Karachi, 17th May—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately) ‡

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Ind. Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—contd.**(b) Market Quotations—contd.****Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—**

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Rs. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1944-45 is estimated at 10,458,000 tons, as against 9,741,000 tons in 1943-44.

WOOL (RAW)—**Market Quotations—***** Karachi, 15th May—**

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Rs. 95
Per md. (32 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.**† Calcutta, 17th May—**

	Jute (50 c. ft.) Plus 15%	Linseed (20 cwt.) Surcharge.
London §	s. d. 80 0(n)	s. d. 91 3(n)
Liverpool §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)
Dundee §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)
Glasgow §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)

‡ Bombay, 17th May—

	s. d.
Cotton (40 c. ft.)—	
United Kingdom ports	102 0
Antwerp	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..
Trieste, Venice	..
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—	
Linseed, Rape, etc.—	
United Kingdom ports	92 0
Antwerp	..
Marseilles	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..
Trieste, Venice	..
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—	
Cotton, etc.—	
United Kingdom ports	89 0
Marseilles	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..
Groundnuts—	
United Kingdom ports	98 0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal.

PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS—II.

[NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of report.]

BONE MEAL—**Market Quotations—****Calcutta, 27th May—**

(1) ½nd steamed	Rs. 200
(2) ¾nd unsteamed	Rs. 190
(3) 1½th	Rs. 190

CEMENT—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 24th May—**

Indian, f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load of 16½ to 23 tons) Rs. (a) per ton.

† London, 9th April—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d sitb, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (6 ton loads and upwards), per ton 57s 0d.†

COAL—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 24th May—**

	Per ton F. O. R.
(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Rs. 13-5
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Rs. 12-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7
(4) Doshergarh	Rs. 13-5
(5) Ponlati	Rs. 13-5
(6) Ranee-gunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7

‡ Bombay, 24th May—

	Ready per ton.
(1) Doshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Rs. 11-7
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Rs. 14-1

§ Bombay, 16th May—

	Per ton.
Railborne Coal (Trimmed into Bunkers)	Rs. 39-12
Seaborne Coal (" " ")	Rs. 65-8

¶ Karachi, 22nd May—

First Class Bengal (Trimmed into Bunkers), per ton Rs. 75 (seaborne).

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.

§ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

|| Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.

¶ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

COFFEE—**Market Quotations—***** Mangalore, 18th May—**

	Per cwt.
(1) Plantation "A"	Rs. 123 to Rs. 125
(2) " " "PB"	Rs. 135 to Rs. 138
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 101 to Rs. 104
(4) Robusta " "	Rs. 84 to Rs. 85

COTTON (RAW)—**(a) Arrivals—**

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	1946.	1945.
Imports into—		
Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise)†	57,510	62,110
Karachi by rail	27,602	54,533
Madras by rail and sea	1,865	1,086
Tuticorin by rail and sea	..	325
Calcutta by rail and river	2,632	4,510

(ii) From 1st September, 1945, to 2nd May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	1945-46.	1944-45.
Imports into—		
Into Bombay ‡	1,744	1,389

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	..
" Bombay	3,830	..
" Karachi	47,718	..
" Madras	..	..
" Tuticorin	..	..

* Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.

† 1 bale=400 lbs.

‡ The East India Cotton Association's Report for the week ending 2nd May, 1946.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(ii) From 1st September, 1945, to 4th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45 :—

	(In thousands of bales*)	
	1943-46.	1944-45.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	1
„ Bombay	181	21
„ Karachi	361	146
„ Madras	1	..
„ Tuticorin	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—† **Bombay, 24th May—**

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs.	Rs. 432 (May '46).
---	--------------------

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is now estimated at 3,361,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,542,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—**(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946 :—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	179	179
Bombay	..	1,891	1,891
Karachi	..	284	284
Madras	..	615	615

(ii) From 1st January to 4th May, 1946 :—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	6,252	6,272
Bombay	..	34,507	34,507
Karachi	10	4,524	4,534
Madras	..	6,037	6,037

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

	(In thousands of yards.)				
	GREY.	WHITE.	OTHER KINDS		
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.
Into British India—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	11
Bombay	..	..	7	..	59
Karachi	..	..	..	..	2
Madras	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—* **Bombay, 17th May—****Grey unbleached—**

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs.	per lb.
(2) Domestics 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.	..
(3) Chadars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	..
(4) Dhories (up to ½" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs.	..
(5) Dhories (Calcutta ½" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	1 6 7

† **Manchester, 22nd March—**

Price Index of cloth	231
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—**(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946 :—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	1,104	1,104
Bombay	..	7,985	7,985
Karachi	..	126	126
Madras	..	440	440

(ii) From 1st January to 4th May, 1946 :—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	18,482	18,525
Bombay	..	143,342	143,342
Karachi	..	2,751	2,751
Madras	..	14,640	14,640

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.**(c) Market Quotations—*** **Bombay, 7th May—**

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	1 1 9
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, ..	..

† **Manchester, 22nd March—**

Price index of American yarn	227
" " Egyptian ..	210
(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)	

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	120	32
Bombay	..	..
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—**Market Quotations—****Cow Hides—**

† Calcutta, 24th May—	
(1) Agras (North-Western)	Rs. .. to Rs. ..
(2) Darbhanga	Rs. .. " Rs. ..
(3) Patnas	Rs. .. " Rs. ..
(4) Salted cows, Dacca	Rs. 17-8 " Rs. 18-8

Buffalo Hides—† **Calcutta, 24th May—**

(1) Arsonlo, Framed	Rs. .. to Rs. ..
(2) " Commons	Rs. 15-0 " Rs. 16-0

Goat Skins—† **Calcutta, 24th May—**

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 180 to Rs. 200
(2) Ordinary Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 123 " Rs. 140

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—**Market Quotations—**‡ **Madras, 23rd May—**

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Tanned—		
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	1 14 0 to	2 4 0
(2) Buff hides ..	1 8 0 ..	1 9 0
(3) Sheep skins ..	4 8 0 ..	5 0 0
(4) Goat skins ..	3 0 0 ..	3 8 0

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.
‡ Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
§ Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—**Market Quotations—*** **Calcutta, 24th May—****Pig Iron—**

Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Rs. 98

† **London, 9th April—**

Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£8 3s. 0d.
Steel, rails, heavy " "	£15 7s. 0d.

JUTE (RAW)—**(a) Arrivals—**

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

	(In thousands of bales†)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta§ by rail, river and sea	64	18
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	80	59
TOTAL	144	107

(ii) From 1st July, 1945, to 4th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45 :—

	(In thousands of bales†)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Into Calcutta§ by rail, river and sea	2,936	2,471
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer||	4,045	3,054
TOTAL	7,031	5,525

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945 :—

	(In thousands of bales†)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	16	92

(ii) From 1st July, 1945, to 4th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45 :—

	(In thousands of bales†)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	1,747	849

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
† The Economist.
‡ Bale=400 lbs.
§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.
|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(c) Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 24th May—**

(1) European Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md.	Rs. 17-0(n).
(2) Indian Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md.	Rs. 17-0(n).

Calcutta, 28th May—

(1) First, per bale (400 lbs.)	(Rs. 87-0 † Rs. 90-0 ‡)
(2) Lightnings „ „	(Rs. 82-0 † Rs. 85-0 ‡)

London, 23rd May—

Daisco C. & F., per ton	£43 10s. 0d.
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Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1945 is estimated at 7,161,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 6,203,000 bales in 1944 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—			
Sacking		2,360	8,769
Hessian		562	1,901

(ii) From 1st January to 4th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—			
Sacking		75,020	89,390
Hessian		39,639	26,576

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 24th May—**

B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×26½", 6×8", per 100 bags	Rs. 66-12(n) (Ready).
---	-----------------------

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
† Exports.
‡ Mills.
(n) Nominal.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—			
Sacking		40	972
Hessian		4,514	19,540

(ii) From 1st January to 4th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—			
Sacking		9,024	8,553
Hessian		562,340	458,428

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 24th May—**

(1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds.	Rs. A. P. 22 2 0 (n) (Ready).
(2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds.	29 0 0 (n) (Ready).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—**

Calcutta, 27th May—	
Groundnut Cake, per md.	Rs. 6-8

OILSEEDS—**CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—**

† Bombay, 24th May—	
Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt.	Rs. 22-10

London, 23rd May—

Castorseed (Bombay), per ton	£ s. d. 43 10 0
------------------------------	--------------------

COCONUTS—**Market Quotations—**

§ Cochin, 18th May—	
Coconuts, per 1,000	Rs. 170

COPRA—**Market Quotations—**

§ Cochin, 18th May—	
Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs.	Rs. 335

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
§ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
(n) Nominal.

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports		..	..

(b) Market Quotations—*** Bombay, 15th April—**

Cotton seed, per Indian Md.	Rs. 6-3-0
-----------------------------	-----------

GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—**

† Bombay, 24th May—	
(1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt.	Rs. 35-0
(2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt.	..

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations—**

† Madras, 23rd May—	
Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. A. P. 87 9 0

† Bombay, 24th May—

Bombay, Bold, per cwt.	Rs. 25-8
------------------------	----------

London, 18th April—

Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton	£ s. d. 38 0 0
---	-------------------

LINSEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river		1,000	351
Bombay, by rail and sea		568	1,016
Karachi, by rail and river		..	27
Vizagapatam, by rail		438	..

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Calcutta		400	1,080
Bombay		1,900	1,000
Karachi		..	..
Vizagapatam		..	..

* Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.
† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—concl.**LINSEED—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—***** Bombay, 24th May—**

(1) Bold, per cwt.	Rs. 26-0
(2) Small seed, per cwt.	.. 25-12

† Calcutta, 24th May—

Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md.	Rs. 18-4 (Ready).
---	-------------------

London, 2nd May—

Linseed, Bombay, per ton	£ s. d. 46 10 0
--------------------------	--------------------

RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river		249	482
Bombay, by rail and sea		24	73
Karachi, by rail and river		454	450

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Calcutta		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**† Karachi, 22nd May—**

	Per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately.
--	--

Rapeseed—Crop 1945-46 (including bags)	Rs. A. 103 0
--	-----------------

*** Bombay, 29th June, 1945—**

(1) Brown, Cawnpore, per cwt.	Rs. 18-0 (n).
(2) Yellow, „ „	.. 23-0 (n).

London, 18th April—

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton	£ s. d. 39 10 0
--------------------------	--------------------

* Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
(n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 24th May—**

	Pet maund f.o.b.
	Rs. A. P.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	58 0 0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	55 8 0
(3) " " thirds	54 8 0

† Madras, 23rd May—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 236
-----------------------------------	---------

COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—****‡ Cochin, 18th May—**

Coconut oil—Fair average quality,	Rs. 483-0 Ready.
per candy (654 lbs.).	Rs. 484-0 One month.

GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—****§ Madras, 25th May—**

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 220 Ready.
--------------------------------------	----------------

OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 24th May—**

	Rs. A. P.
Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	4 4 3½
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	4 7 3¼
" " " "	3 13 6½
" " " "	4 0 6½

PETROL—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 24th May—**

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Rs. A. P. 1 10 6** ex-pump.
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RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—		
Calcutta by rail, river and sea	4,092	8,049

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.
‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.
|| Ex-godown.
¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.
** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	6,985
Chittagong	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	1	..
Madras	..	..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 4th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea	..	145,596	175,237
From 1st January to 4th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—			

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta	..	850	14,177

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 24th May—**

(1) Soeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..	..

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 24th May—**

T. N. per B. maund	Rs. 103
--------------------	---------

London, 23rd May—

T.N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d. 12 15 0
-----------------------	--------------------

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—**(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea	..	2,379	..
" Bombay by rail	..	285	1,375
" Karachi " "	..	..	..

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September, 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
'A' grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
'B' grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
'C' grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Java.	Mauri- lius.	Europe.	Other Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..

TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—*** Cawnpore, 11th & 18th May—**

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	16 7 6 to 17 2 6	16 1 6 to 16 12 6
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 14 0	16 8 0
Basti, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 12 0	16 6 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	17 2 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 11 0	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta (11th May, '46)	7,829	(12th May, '45)	23,220
Karachi (9th " ")	7,098	(10th " ")	2,226
Madras (" " ")	33,408	(12th " ")	46,604
† Calcutta (18th " ")	9,014	(10th " ")	21,673
Madras (16th " ")	33,484	(" " ")	46,071

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

† Kidderpore Docks only.

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending 18th May—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siswa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..
Eating—		
(3) Madras	13-9	7-0
(4) Ahmednagar	12-8	12-0
(5) Lyallpur	17-4	..
(6) Muzaffarnagar	13-0	9-6
(7) Meerut	10-11	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	..	7-8
(9) Dacca (best quality)	25-0	24-0

TEA—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea	..	1,187	1,747

(b) Exports—

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta	..	478	894
" Chittagong	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**Calcutta, 15th May—**

	Rs. A. P.
Sale Average—	
For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb.	1 0 2

WHEAT—**(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)			
	1946.		1945.	
	Indian.†	Foreign.	Indian.†	Foreign.
Imports into—				
Calcutta	..	7,049	379	8,581
Bombay	..	..	..	..
Karachi	3,759	..	2,851	..

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

† In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta			
Bombay			
Karachi			

During week ending 4th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		705	

(ii) From 1st April to 4th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Indian*.			
Foreign.			
Calcutta		10,927	598
Bombay			12,871
Karachi		5,849	4,339

From 1st April to 4th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta			
Bombay			
Karachi			

From 1st April to 4th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi		3,185	2,339

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 15th April—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 24th May—

Punjab White, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs.13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—concl.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur . . . Rs. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1944-45 is estimated at 10,458,000 tons, as against 9,741,000 tons in 1943-44.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 22nd May—

Kandahar (cleaned) Indian quality . . . Rs. 95
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 24th May—

	Jute (50 c. ft.)	Linseed (20 cwt.)
	Plus 15% Surcharge.	
	s. d.	s. d.
London §	80 0(n)	01 3(n)
Liverpool §	80 0(n)	01 3(n)
Dundee §	80 0(n)	01 3(n)
Glasgow §	80 0(n)	01 3(n)

‡ Bombay, 24th May—

	s. d.
Cotton (40 c. ft.)—	
United Kingdom ports	102 0
Antwerp	
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	
Trieste, Venice	
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—	
Linseed, Rape, etc.—	
United Kingdom ports	92 0
Antwerp	
Marseilles	
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	
Trieste, Venice	
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—	
Cotton, etc.—	
United Kingdom ports	89 0
Marseilles	
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	
Groundnuts—	
United Kingdom ports	98 0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal.

MGIPC—M—II-1-210—18-11-46—3,820.

SPECIAL SUPPLEMENT No. 5

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(Combining the issues of the Journal, dated 6th and 13th June 1946, Vol. CLXI.)

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* In continuation of page 406 of Special Supplement No. 4, dated 21st November 1946.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS.

BANK RATE—

5th and 12th June Reserve Bank of India
3 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TREASURY BILLS—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 6th June 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—
During the week ended the 31st May 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 50,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 14th June 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

During the week ended the 7th June 1946, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 6,97,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

REDEMPTION OF 3½ PER CENT PAPER—

The following Press Note, dated the 23rd May 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Finance Department:—

The Government of India have to-day taken a further step in pursuance of their cheap money policy. They have given notice of their intention to repay all the outstanding 3½ per cent non-terminable loans on the 16th September 1946.

Holders of these loans are being given the option of converting their holdings into two new loans, one a 3 per cent non-terminable loan issued at par and the other a 2½ per cent terminable loan issued at Rs. 99 per cent and repayable at par on the 16th September 1976. The conversion facilities will be available from the 15th August 1946 to the 16th September 1946 inclusive. Applications for conversion will be received at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras, at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places in India and at all Government treasuries. No cash subscriptions will be received for these loans.

SECURITY PRICES—

Calcutta—	5th June	12th June
Government Paper (3½ per cent)	Rs. 103-8-0	Rs. 103-11-0
London—	4th June	11th June
	£	£
British Conversion (3½ per cent)	111½	111½
British War Loan (3½ per cent)	106	106½

EXCHANGE—

4th and 11th June—	Selling.	Buying.
Telegraphic Transfer	1s. 5½d.	1s. 6½d.
On New York D/D \$100=	Rs. 332½	Rs. 329½
London/New York	\$4-02½	

BULLION MARKET—

Gold—

Bombay—	4th June—
Gold (.999 fineness), per tola, spot	Rs. 106.
11th June—	
Gold (.999 fineness), per tola, spot	Rs. 105-8.
London, 30th May and 6th June—	
Gold, per fine oz.	£8-12-3

Silver—

Bombay—	4th June—
Silver (.999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot	Rs. 179.
11th June—	
Silver (.999 fineness), per 100 tolas, spot	Rs. 175.
3rd June—	
Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas	Rs. 179-8
10th June—	
Silver, Country, ready, per 100 tolas	Rs. 189-8
London, 30th May and 6th June—	
Silver, spot, per fine oz.	44d.
New York, 30th May and 6th June—	
Bar Silver, ready, per oz.	70½ cents

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 24TH MAY 1946—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 3rd June 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	708,01,05,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	308,63,83,000
3. Cash in India:—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	33,25,01,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,41,40,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	57,41,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	88,42,05,000
5. Advances in India	371,20,40,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	19,91,02,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

(In Thousands of Rupees.)					
	24-5-46.	17-5-46.	25-5-45.	1-9-39.	
1. Demand Liabilities in India	708,01,03	708,90,80	620,54,29	134,36,49	
2. Time Liabilities in India	308,63,83	308,13,57	230,67,24	102,24,34	
3. Total Cash in India	38,23,82	38,57,78	31,07,84	6,69,92	
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	88,42,05	88,80,78	92,27,99	25,17,10	
5. Advances in India	371,20,40	374,83,45	276,30,43	101,52,16	
6. Bills Discounted in India	19,91,02	20,22,53	13,99,87	3,57,29	

STATEMENT OF THE POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS AS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON THE 31ST MAY 1946—

The following Press *communiqué*, dated the 11th June 1946, has been issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Calcutta:—

	Rs.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	703,25,88,000
2. Time Liabilities in India	308,44,11,000
3. Cash in India:—	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	32,84,35,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,30,99,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	57,80,000
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	93,53,37,000
5. Advances in India	388,03,92,000
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,77,82,000

Comparative Statement of the Position of Scheduled Banks.

	(In Thousands of Rupees.)			
	31-5-46.	24-5-46.	1-6-45.	1-9-39.
1. Demand Liabilities in India	703,25,86	708,01,05	625,34,97	134,36,49
2. Time Liabilities in India	308,44,11	306,63,83	232,66,77	102,24,34
3. Total Cash in India	35,73,14	36,23,82	30,99,25	6,69,92
4. Balances with the Reserve Bank	95,53,37	88,42,05	90,31,58	25,17,19
5. Advances in India	388,03,92	371,20,40	276,59,90	101,52,16
6. Bills Discounted in India	20,77,82	19,91,02	14,05,34	3,57,29

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—contd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 24th May 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	15,33,35,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	31,19,000
Deposits:—		Subsidiary Coin	1,85,000
(a) Government:—		Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(1) Central Government of India	509,51,29,000	(a) Internal	..
(2) Government of Burma	33,38,000	(b) External	..
(3) Other Government Accounts	16,32,74,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,29,03,000
(b) Banks	91,47,04,000	Balances held abroad*	590,15,31,000
(c) Others	12,05,13,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	..
Bills Payable	2,84,77,000	Other Loans and Advances	11,75,000
Other Liabilities	18,77,18,000	Investments	34,32,32,000
		Other Assets	19,66,73,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	662,21,53,000	TOTAL ASSETS	662,21,53,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 24th May 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	15,33,35,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,236,47,18,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
Total Notes issued		1,250,80,53,000	(b) Held outside India	..	
			Sterling Securities	1,130,32,80,000	
			Total of A		1,174,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		18,22,14,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities.		57,84,05,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,250,80,53,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,250,80,53,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.919 per cent.

MONEY AND BULLION MARKETS—concl'd.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department, as on the 31st May 1946.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.
Capital Paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	16,86,92,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	25,92,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,90,000
(a) Government :—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government of India	509,51,93,000	(a) Internal	..
(2) Government of Burma	20,88,000	(b) External	..
(3) Other Government Accounts	15,40,91,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,47,26,000
(b) Banks	98,50,54,000	Balances held abroad*	593,12,28,000
(c) Others	6,60,06,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	..
Bills Payable	3,33,33,000	Other Loans and Advances	0,75,000
Other Liabilities	19,84,90,000	Investments	30,39,55,000
		Other Assets	20,18,97,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	663,42,55,000	TOTAL ASSETS	663,42,55,000

*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 31st May 1946.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	16,86,92,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion—		
Notes in circulation	1,233,99,33,000		(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
			(b) Held outside India	..	
			Sterling Securities	1,130,32,89,000	
Total Notes issued		1,250,86,25,000	Total of A		1,174,74,34,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		18,27,86,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		57,84,05,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,250,86,25,000	TOTAL ASSETS		1,250,86,25,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.915 per cent.

WEEKLY CABLE TO LONDON.

I.—Calcutta, dated 3rd June 1946.

Crops. Madras, week ending 18th May.—Rainfall fair in South Arcot, Trichinopoly, Tanjore and Ramnad and light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, Cuddapah, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Trichinopoly; of sugarcane in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, South Arcot, Chittoor, Coimbatore and Trichinopoly; and of cotton in Guntur, Coimbatore and Ramnad in progress. Outturn reported generally poor to fair. Bihar, week ending 27th May.—Except for light rain in Purnea, Hazaribagh and Singhbhum and in parts of Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, Santal Parganas, Ranchi, Palamau and Manbhum, no rain anywhere. Prospects of crops fair on the whole. Harvesting of rabi crops complete everywhere except in Darbhanga where still continuing. Their threshing also continued. Lands being prepared for *bhadoi* and paddy crops and their sowing went on at places. Orissa, week ending 27th May.—Rainfall light at Kendrapara, Balasore, Puri, Sambalpur, Chhatrapur, Berhampur and Koraput; moderate at Cuttack, Jajpur, Bhadrak and Khurda; and no rain at other places. Sowing of autumn paddy in Cuttack and Puri districts commenced. Harvesting of summer paddy in Balasore and Puri districts in progress. Threshing of summer paddy in Puri district going on. Standing crops, including sugarcane and summer paddy, generally thriving. Lands being ploughed for next crops at places. Punjab, week ending 27th May.—Light to moderate rain fell in parts of all districts except Ambala, Hoshiarpur, Gujrat, Multan and Muzaffargarh. It proved harmful to crops on threshing floor in Shahpur district. Condition of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Central Provinces and Berar, week ending 25th May.—Weather clear and hot in first half of week. It became generally cloudy during latter half and was accompanied by dust-storms and light to moderate showers of rain in parts of many districts. Preparation of land for next *kharif* sowing in progress. Standing sugarcane crop in good condition. Assam, dated 27th May.—Weather generally seasonable and its effects on crops fair. Prospects and outturn of crops fair. Bengal, week ending the 22nd May.—Weather seasonable everywhere in south-west Bengal, except in Birbhum district where there was heavy storm on 17th May. In some districts of north and south-east Bengal it was generally cloudy with heavy rains which caused damage to standing crops to some extent and hampered agricultural operations. Severe storms in some parts of Noakhali and Rajshahi caused damage to crops in Rajshahi district. Sowing and weeding operations continuing in south-west Bengal.

Cotton. Bombay, 30th May.—Indian Cotton Contract July started at Rs. 441 and during early stages hovered between Rs. 442-12 and Rs. 440-8. Later rate improved to Rs. 444-12, highest for the day. It then dropped to Rs. 439-8, but towards close recovered sharply to finish at Rs. 444.

Jute. Calcutta, 1st June.—Firm with sellers very reserved. Fair business done by mills and shippers and buyers over at maximum rates several grades. Hessians and heavies very firm and

unchanged. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 66-12 (maximum) to June 1947.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. Madras, 30th May :—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	1 14 0	to 2 4 0
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 8 0	to 1 9 0
Sheep skins, per lb.	4 8 0	to 5 0 0
Goat skins, per lb.	3 0 0	to 3 8 0

Shellac. Calcutta, 31st May.—T. N. Rs. 112 per B. Maund.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

II.—Calcutta, dated 10th June 1946.

Crops. Madras, week ending 25th May.—Rainfall moderate in Bellary, Anantapur, North Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, South Kanara and Nilgiris; fair in Guntur, Kurnool, South Arcot, Chittoor, Coimbatore, Madras, Ramnad and Malabar; and light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops generally fair. Harvesting of paddy in East Godavari, West Godavari, Kistna, Anantapur, Cuddapah, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Tanjore; of sugarcane in Vizagapatam, East Godavari, South Arcot, Chittoor, North Arcot, Coimbatore and Trichinopoly; and of cotton in Coimbatore, Trichinopoly and Ramnad in progress. Outturn reported generally poor to fair. Bihar, week ending 3rd June.—Rainfall moderate in parts of Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga and Santal Parganas and light elsewhere, except in parts of Patna, Gaya, Shahabad, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Santal Parganas, Hazaribagh, Ranchi, Palamau and Manbhum where no rain reported. Prospects of crops fair on the whole. Harvesting of rabi crops completed but their threshing continued with slight interruptions by rains at places. Preparation of lands and sowing of *bhadoi* and paddy crops went on. Orissa, week ending 3rd June.—Rainfall light at Jajpur, Balasore, Bhadrak, Rus elkonda and Koraput; moderate at Sambalpur and Berhampur; and no rain at other places. Sowing of winter paddy in Cuttack, Balasore and Puri districts going on. Harvesting and threshing of summer paddy in Puri district in progress. Standing crops, including sugarcane, autumn paddy and summer paddy, generally thriving. Lands being ploughed for next crops. Punjab, week ending 3rd June.—Light rain fell in parts of Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ludhiana, Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Gujranwala, Shahpur, Jehlum, Rawalpindi, Mianwali and Lyallpur districts. It proved harmful to crops on threshing floor in Shahpur district. Condition of standing crops generally average to good on irrigated and below average to average on unirrigated areas. Bengal, week ending 29th May.—Weather generally seasonable except in Dacca, Mymensingh, Rajshahi and Dinajpur districts. Prospects of standing crops, on the whole, favourable except in a few districts of north and south-east Bengal where crops adversely affected by excessive rains and storms. Weeding of *aus* paddy

and jute continuing in most of districts. *Bombay*, week ending 31st May.—Good rain during week in west Karnatak and south Konkan, few showers in east Deccan and other parts of Karnatak and no rain elsewhere in Province. Weather sultry with cloudy skies over most of Province. Preparatory tillage proceeding; Paddy sowing progressing in Karnatak. Hot weather crops faring well and their harvesting in progress in places. *Central Provinces and Berar*, week ending 1st June.—Weather mostly cloudy and hot. Light to moderate showers of rain received in parts of all districts except Balaghat and Yeotmal. Preparation of land for next *kharif* sowing in full swing throughout Province. Standing sugarcane crop in good condition. *Assam*, dated 3rd June Weather seasonable and its effects on crops fair, except in Lushai hills, Sibsagar and Manipur where more rain needed. Prospects and outturn of crops fair.

Cotton. *Bombay*, 6th June.—Forward prices finished firmly after suffering setback in middle of session. After quiet start, prices hovered for long time around opening level within range of Rs. 2 but later setback occurred when selling preponderated; on decline buying resumed and there was rapid advance. Market finished firmly after an interesting session. Indian Cotton Contract July started unchanged at Rs. 441 and after hovering for some time between Rs. 442.8 and Rs. 440, dropped to Rs. 438.4. Then rate improved rapidly to Rs. 445.8 to finish at Rs. 444.12.

Jute. *Calcutta*, 8th June.—Steady and idle. Hessians and heavies very firm and unchanged. "B. Twills" quoted at Rs. 66.12 (maximum) to June, 1947.

Hides and Skins, Tanned. *Madras*, 6th June:—

	Rs. A. P.	to	Rs. A. P.
Cow hides, per lb.	1 14 0	to	2 4 0
Buffalo hides, per lb.	1 8 0	to	1 9 0
Sheep skins, per lb.	4 8 0	to	5 8 0
Goat skins, per lb.	3 0 0	to	3 8 0

Shellac. *Calcutta*, 7th June.—T. N. Rs. 120 per B. Maund.

Tea. Second Tea Sale, *Calcutta*, 4th and 5th June.—303 packages green tea at average price Re. 1-7-4, 9,983 packages other sorts at average price As. 15-4 and 7,615 packages Dust at average price Re. 1-0-10 sold for consumption in India. Leaf Sale comprised of 10,000 chests of New Season's tea and 2,000 chests of 1945-46 tea. There was fair demand but with prices generally in favour of buyers, Common tea about 3 pies lower and mediums declined by about $\frac{1}{4}$ anna. Well-made leaf grades strongest feature of sale. Darjeelings also met fair demand, especially for higher grades. Open Pekoes received weak support. Quality only average first flush throughout. Satisfactory prices for green teas realised, although occasionally teas sold below valuations. Market for Dusts generally declined from one anna to $1\frac{1}{2}$ annas below valuations. Darjeeling Dusts met keen competition.

Reserve Bank Rate unchanged at 3 per cent.

MARKET REPORT ON LINSEED AND LINSEED OIL.

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 3rd June—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 41-8-0 per md. loose.
Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 44-0-0 per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—Firm conditions have prevailed in the linseed market during the week, but prices in the ready section have somewhat declined. Small quantities have been arriving locally from Bengal and the Central Provinces. Stockholders have disposed of ready goods to the oil mills at reduced rates, but of late buyers having withdrawn, trading has been at a standstill. The forward section has been inactive.

Bombay, 31st May—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 15-10-0 per quarter.
-------------	-----------------------------

Estimated Stocks of Linseed—

<i>Calcutta</i> , 29th May	Negligible.
<i>Up-country</i> *, 29th May	48,000 tons.

II

Indian Market Report.

Calcutta, 10th June—

Quotations for Linseed Oil—

Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Raw)	Rs. 41-0-0 per md. loose.
Linseed oil, Calcutta Mills (Boiled)	Rs. 44-0-0 per md. loose.

Summary of Market Conditions.—There has been no change in the general conditions of the linseed market during the week, rates being firm and trading very limited. Supplies to this centre have been very scarce. Owing to a dull oil market local millers have shown no keenness for ready goods while sellers have been more eager to dispose of small lots. The forward section has remained idle.

Bombay, 7th June—

Quotation for Linseed Oil—

Linseed Oil	Rs. 15-14-0 per quarter.
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* Figure represents the quantity lying in the markets and available for export.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS, COMMUNIQUE'S AND OTHER NOTICES AFFECTING TRADE.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL: LICENSING OF IMPORTS FROM CHINA (INCLUDING SHANGHAI).—

The following Notice, dated the 29th May 1946, has been issued by the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi:—

Importers are informed that in respect of goods included in Part IV of the Schedule annexed to Department of Commerce Notification No. 23-I. T. C./43, dated the 1st July 1943, Import Trade Controllers at Bombay, Madras, Calcutta and Karachi, as well as at the Maritime State Ports, have been authorised to issue licences for imports from China (including Shanghai) (with the exception of certain articles, such as foodstuffs, paints, cotton fabrics, etc.) against evidence of definite offers of supply from that country. Applications for licences for the import of such Part IV goods should be submitted in future to the Import Trade Controller at the port and not to the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi, accompanied by the required evidence. Applications without the required evidence will not be considered, and applications sent direct to the Chief Controller of Imports will be returned for resubmission to the Import Trade Controller concerned.

EXPORTS OF HIDES, SKINS AND LEATHER GOODS.—

The following Press Note, dated the 1st June 1946, has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

It was announced on April 10 last that exports of hides and skins, raw and tanned, and leather manufactures other than men's and women's footwear would be allowed freely to all permissible destinations for a period of two months with effect from April 1, 1946. It has now been decided that the present order should continue for a further period of two months ending July 31, 1946.

LAC PRICE CONTROL ORDERS CANCELLED.—

The following Notification (No. P. & S. C.—90/43, dated the 23rd May 1946) has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Commerce:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following notifications of the Government of India, viz.:—

1. Commerce Department No. P. & S. C.—230/42, dated the 14th July 1942*.
2. Commerce Department No. P. & S. C.—230/42, dated the 17th December 1942†.
3. Industries and Supplies Department, No. C. S.—62/43, dated the 23rd July 1943‡.
4. Commerce Department No. P. & S. C.—90/43, dated the 30th September 1944§, as amended by No. P. & S. C.—90-(A)/43, dated the 20th January 1945||, promulgating the Lac Export Control Order, 1944,

shall be cancelled.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 23rd July 1942, page 148.
† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 31st December 1942, page 589.
‡ See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 5th August 1943, page 156.
§ See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 12th October 1944, pages 46-47.
|| See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 1st February 1945, page 112.

SUGAR AND SUGAR PRODUCTS CONTROL ORDER, 1946: DELEGATION OF POWERS: AMENDMENT.—

The following Notification [No. 1-SC(2)/46, dated the 16th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food:—

In pursuance of sub-clause (a) of clause 2 of the Sugar and Sugar Products Control Order, 1946, I, N. T. Mone, Sugar Controller for India, hereby direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Food, No. 1-SC(2)/43, dated the 26th October 1943*, namely:—

In the schedule annexed to the said notification in column 2 against item 5 for the words "Assistant Director of Civil Supplies, Punjab (Sugar)" the words "Assistant Director of Civil Supplies, Punjab (General)" shall be substituted.

Notification of the Government of India, in the Department of Food, No. 1-SC(2)/45, dated the 24th August 1945†, shall be cancelled.

N. T. MONE, *Sugar Controller*.

GUR CONTROL ORDER, 1946: DELEGATION OF POWERS: AMENDMENTS.—

The following Notification [No. 1-G (3)/46, dated the 16th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food:—

In pursuance of sub-clause (a) of clause 2 of the Gur Control Order, 1946, I, N. T. Mone, Gur Controller for India, hereby direct that the following amendments shall be made in the notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Food, No. 11-SC(17)/43, dated the 21st September 1943‡, and 18th November 1943§, namely:—

In the schedules annexed to the said notifications, in column 2 against item 5 for the words "Assistant Director of Civil Supplies (Sugar)" the words "Assistant Director of Civil Supplies (General), Punjab" shall be substituted.

2. Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Food, No. 1-G(3)/45, dated the 24th August 1945||, shall be cancelled.

GUR CONTROL ORDER, 1946, AS APPLIED TO THE PUNJAB STATES RAILWAY LANDS: TRANSPORT OF GUR.—

The following Notification [No. 1-G(2)/46, dated the 17th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Food:—

In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by clause 7 of the Gur Control Order, 1946, as applied to the Punjab States railway lands specified in the Political Department Notification No. 390-I. B., dated the 20th October 1943, and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Food, No. 1-G(2)/45, dated the 4th August 1945¶, I hereby direct that save as provided in the proviso to clause 7 of the above order, no gur shall, with effect from the date of this notification, be transported or offered or accepted for transport whether by rail, road or water and whether by a railway servant, common carrier or other person, from a place in any of the said Punjab States railway lands to a place outside the Punjab and Punjab States excluding Tehri Garhwal and Khairpur, except under a permit issued by the Gur Controller for India.

N. T. MONE, *Gur Controller*.

* See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 11th November 1943, pages 137-38.
† See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 20th September 1945, pages 466-67.
‡ See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 7th October 1943, page 13.
§ See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 2nd December 1943, page 235.
|| See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 20th September 1945, page 467.
¶ See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 23rd August 1945, pages 299-300.

PAPER CONTROL (ECONOMY) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 330-PB(45)/46, dated the 29th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Paper Control (Economy) Order, 1945*, namely:—

In the said Order, clause 33 shall be omitted.

PAPER CONTROL (PRICES OF BOARD) ORDER, 1944: AMENDMENT—

The following Notification [No. 300-PA(5)/46, dated the 29th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st July 1946, the following further amendment shall be made in the Paper Control (Prices of Board) Order, 1944†, namely:—

In clause 3 of the said Order, for the entries "21—8", "23—8", "22—8" and "29—8", the entries "20—0", "25—0", "21—0" and "26—0", respectively, shall be substituted.

CONSUMER GOODS (CONTROL OF DISTRIBUTION) ORDER, 1945: AMENDMENTS—

The following Notification [No. 12(40)-AP(A)/46, dated the 25th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Supplies:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Consumer Goods (Control of Distribution) Order, 1945‡:—

In the said Order—

(i) the proviso to clause 5A shall be omitted.

(ii) for clause 7, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"7. No importer shall sell or otherwise dispose of any scheduled articles imported by him after the commencement of this Order except in accordance with such written instructions as to their distribution among Provinces and States as may be given to him by the Controller-General and, where such written instructions are given by the Controller-General in relation to a Province or State, in accordance with such further instructions as to their allocation to areas or dealers within the Province or State as may be given to him, in the case of a Province, by an officer authorised by the Provincial Government in this behalf, or, in the case of a State, by an officer of the State Government specified in this behalf by the Controller General.

Provided that, if no instructions are given by the Controller-General, or, where the Controller-General gives instructions, by such officer within a period of 21 days from the latest date on which any of the information in respect of the articles required to be furnished under sub-clause (1) or sub-clause (2) of clause 6 is received in the office of the Controller-General, the importer may, subject to the other provisions of this Order, sell or dispose of the articles."

*See the notice in the *Indian Trade Journal* dated the 3rd January 1946, page 13.

†See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 7th September 1944, pages 291-92.

‡See the *Indian Trade Journal*, dated the 2nd August 1945, pages 183-85.

MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS CONTROL ORDER, 1944: MAXIMUM RETAIL SALE PRICES OF CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLE SPARE PARTS MANUFACTURED BY MESSRS. HEPWORTH & GRANDAGE LTD., BRADFORD, ENGLAND—

In pursuance of sub-clause (1) (b) of clause 4 of the Motor Vehicle Spare Parts Control Order, 1944, and in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, the Central Government has been pleased to specify for the purposes of the said clause the maximum retail sale prices of certain motor vehicle spare parts manufactured by Messrs. Hepworth & Grandage Ltd., Bradford, England, as detailed in the Schedule published in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, dated the 29th May 1946, under Notification No. 4-IPC(13)/46, dated the 17th May 1946, of the Government of India in the War Transport Department.

MOTOR CYCLES CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICE OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CYCLE OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKE AND TYPE—

The following Notification [No. 9-LVC(11)/46, dated the 25th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the War Transport Department:—

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 7 of the Motor Cycles Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is pleased to specify the maximum retail price of the controlled motor cycle of the make and type described below:—

Make and Type.	Maximum Retail Price.	
Royal Enfield Motor Cycle Model WD/CO, 350 C.C.	Rs. 1,530	At Ports of Importation, plus octroi paid, if any, and in the case of distributors whose main place of business is away from the Ports, plus also transit insurance charges and transportation charges from the Port of importation at goods freight rate.

CIVIL MOTOR CARS CONTROL ORDER, 1945: MAXIMUM RETAIL PRICES OF CONTROLLED MOTOR CARS OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED MAKES AND TYPES—

The following Notification [No. 9-LVC(24)/46, dated the 25th May 1946] has been issued by the Government of India in the War Transport Department:—

In pursuance of clause 6 of the Civil Motor Cars Control Order, 1945, the Central Government is hereby pleased to specify the maximum retail prices of the controlled motor cars of the makes and types described below:—

Makes and Types.	Maximum Retail Price.	
Armstrong Siddeley, 16 H.P. Hurricane Coupe.	Rs. 18,830	At main Ports of Importation, plus octroi paid, if any, and in the case of the distributors whose main place of business is away from the main Ports, plus also transit insurance charges and transportation charges from the Port of importation at goods freight rate, if moved by rail or sea, or at rates sanctioned by the Central Government from time to time, if moved by road.
Wolseley, 12 H. P., Sliding Head Saloon.	9,235	
Wolseley, 14 H. P., Sliding Head Saloon.	10,315	

MANMAD-NARDHANA RAILWAY SURVEY—

The Railway Board have sanctioned an Engineering Survey being carried out by the Agency of the G.I.P. Railway Administration for a line of railway on the Broad Gauge from Manmad to Nardhana, a distance of about 79 miles. The survey will be known as Manmad-Nardhana Railway Survey.

KUNCH-DIVERSION RAILWAY SURVEY—

The Railway Board have sanctioned a Traffic Survey being carried out by the Agency of the G.I.P. Railway Administration for the diversion of the Jhansi-Cawnpore main line between Erach Road and Orai, to include Kunch, a distance of about 32 miles. The survey will be known as the Kunch-Diversion Survey.

DIVA-DASGAON RAILWAY SURVEY—

The Railway Board have sanctioned an Engineering Survey being carried out by the Agency of the G.I.P. Railway Administration for a line of railway on the broad gauge from Diva to Dasgaon, a distance of about 93 miles. The survey will be known as the Diva-Dasgaon Railway Survey.

BELAPUR ROAD-SHEOGAON RAILWAY SURVEY—

The Railway Board have sanctioned an Engineering Survey being carried out by the Agency of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Administration for a line of railway on the broad gauge from Belapur Road to Sheogaon, a distance of about 45 miles. The survey will be known as Belapur Road-Sheogaon Railway Survey.

BUDGET CHANGES IN RATES OF PURCHASE TAX IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The following are extracts from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th April 1946:—

The changes in rates of Purchase Tax and the exemptions from the tax announced by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in his Budget Speech are explained in detail in Customs and Excise Notice No. 78E, reproduced below (*only extracts of interest to India are given below*). It will be noted that the changes and exemptions take effect on April 10, and copies of the Notice are being posted at once to all traders registered under the Purchase Tax.

Alteration of Rates.

By Resolution of the House of Commons, goods of the classes specified in List I below are to be exempted from Purchase Tax and goods of the classes specified in Lists II and III are to be charged with tax at the rates of 16½ per cent and 33½ per cent of the whole-sale value, respectively, instead of the rates shown in Notice No. 78, issued July 1944, as amended by subsequent Press notices.

Date of operation.—These alterations apply to goods which are delivered on sale, or appropriated to retail trade or similar purposes, on or after April 10, 1946, and to imported goods which are entered with the Customs or delivered from bonded warehouse for home consumption on or after that date. In the case of sales by registered to unregistered persons the alterations apply to goods actually despatched on or after this date, irrespective of the date when the contract of sale was made or the goods were invoiced.

Existing contracts.—It is proposed to include a provision in the Finance Bill enabling buyers under purchases made before April 10, 1946, to obtain, in the absence of agreement to the contrary, the benefit of these alterations of tax if such benefit has accrued to their suppliers.

Retail stocks.—Goods delivered before April 10, 1946, by a registered person under a taxable sale (e.g., to a retailer) and goods appropriated by a registered person before that date to retail trade or other taxable purposes (e.g., office use or hire purchase) are not affected by the tax reductions, and retailers are free to resell such goods at a price to cover the tax they have borne on them.

It is not open to registered persons to take goods back from retailers or from their own retail branches and claim a rebate of tax in respect of them with a view to their re-delivery free of tax or at the altered rates.

List I.**Goods Exempted from Tax*.**

Upholstered mattresses with interior springs to which the mark shown in the Third Schedule to the Apparel and Textiles Order, 1942, is applied in a manner consistent with any requirements as to the manner of application thereof imposed by or under that Order, or the Limitation of Supplies (Cloth and Apparel) Order, 1941, and having effect in relation to such goods.

This exemption applies to upholstered mattresses with interior springs to which the Board of Trade Utility mark is duly applied. The following articles of a kind used in the preparation or serving of food or drink (but not including goldsmiths' and silversmiths' wares):—

- Articles of china, porcelain, earthenware, stoneware or other potteryware.
- Glasware not being cut glass.
- Hollow-ware of iron or steel (whether enamelled or not), aluminium, magnesium, copper or brass.
- Articles of celluloid, bakelite or other plastic material derived from cellulose, cascin, *papier mâché* or synthetic resin.

This exemption applies to the articles of potteryware, glassware and plasticware hitherto chargeable at the rate of 16½ per cent under Classes 4, 5 and 16, and also to certain articles hitherto chargeable at that rate or at 33½ per cent under Class 9.

The exemption does not affect the following, which are chargeable at the rates shown:—

- Enamelled hollow-ware and other hollow-ware of iron, steel, aluminium or copper, of kinds not used in the preparation or serving of food or drink, e.g., coal scuttles. 16½ per cent (Class 9).
- Hollow-ware of magnesium or brass, of kinds not used in the preparation or serving of food or drink. 33½ per cent (Class 9).
- Articles of cut glass. 100 per cent (Class 5 (i)).
- Articles which are made from, or mounted with, precious metals. 100 per cent (Class 15 (a)).
- Articles made wholly or partly of precious metals remain chargeable at 100 per cent (Class 15 (a)).

*Note.—Utility woollen blankets are not included in this list. Directions will be issued by the Board of Trade allowing and regulating the application of the CC41 mark to woollen blankets, and blankets duly marked in accordance with the Board of Trade requirements will become exempt from the tax under Class 2(b)(iii).

List 2.

Goods to be Chargeable at 16½ per cent.

Vacuum flasks and vacuum jars being flasks or jars of a kind used for domestic purposes (but not including goldsmiths' and silversmiths' wares).

Articles made partly of precious metals remain chargeable at 100 per cent [Class 15 (a)].

Lawn mowers and garden rollers.

List 3.

Goods to be Chargeable at 33½ per cent.

Walking sticks and canes wholly of wood except for the ferrules.

Other walking sticks and canes remain chargeable at 100 per cent [Class 1 (d)].

Trunks, bags, wallets, jewel cases, pouches, purses, suitcases and similar receptacles, being articles of leather, hide or skin, designed for use solely for the purpose of any trade, profession, employment or vocation and unsuitable for use for other purposes.

Examples of articles included in this exemption are cases of special design shaped to hold solely a particular professional instrument or trade tool, or a set of such instruments or tools. Leather cases, similar to suitcases or attaché cases, which are fitted with detachable sample holders, etc., for commercial travellers' use, and brief bags fitted with detachable linings for carrying diagnostic instruments, etc., are examples of professionally used receptacles which remain chargeable at 100 per cent [Class 10 (a) (ii)].

The position of cinematograph films, lantern slides, etc., chargeable under Class 22 is not affected.

Musical instruments, including gramophones [except those specified in Class 12 (iii)], player pianos and other similar instruments, and accessories to, and parts of, musical instruments.

Gramophone records [except those specified in Class 12 (iii)].

Player piano records.

Radio gramophones.

The rate of 33½ per cent now applies to the whole of Class 12 except the following articles, specified in Class 12 (iii), which are exempt:—Gramophone records for the reproduction of speech, specially adapted for the use of the blind and gramophones specially designed for the reproduction of speech from such records.

TARIFF CHANGES AND CUSTOMS NOTIFICATIONS.

IRAN (PERSIA).

FOREIGN EXCHANGE REGULATIONS RELATING TO EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

The following is a translation of Decree No. 23690, dated the 18th March 1946, approved by the Council of Ministers of the Government of Iran on the 15th March 1946:—

Translation of Decree No. 23690 of 18-3-46.

Merchants who have given foreign exchange sale undertakings to the Customs on account of exports up to 1st Bahman 1324 (21.1.46), must apply to the Exchange Commission not later than the end of Shahrivar 1325 (22.9.46) and cancel their undertakings in one of the following manners:—

1. Persons who have definitely sold to an authorized bank the full amount of foreign exchange undertaken by them must submit to the Exchange Commission a certificate of the authorized bank evidencing sale of foreign exchange. The Exchange Commission will in such cases cancel the undertaking immediately and will hand the exporter a certificate of the cancellation of his undertaking.

2. Persons who have themselves imported goods against foreign exchange derived from their exports or have placed orders for goods against documentary credits opened through the authorized banks (foreign exchange of the same kind mentioned in the undertaking) shall submit to the Exchange Commission positive evidence of the importation of goods or documents evidencing the opening of credits. In such cases, after examination of the documents and provided it is proved that the price of the imported goods has not been paid by means of foreign exchange purchased from the authorized banks, the Exchange Commission will cancel the undertakings and will issue cancellation certificates.

3. Exporters who have not cancelled their undertakings according to Sections 1 and 2 above shall act as follows:—

(a) If the date of their undertaking is prior to 1st Mehr 1324 (23.9.45) they shall definitely sell foreign exchange to one of the authorized banks to the extent of 10 per cent of their undertakings (in the kind of exchange mentioned in the undertaking). For the remaining 90 per cent the exporters shall perform simultaneous purchase and sale operations by paying the authorized banks the difference in the rate and shall produce a certificate of both operations (i.e., sale of 10 per cent and performance of purchase and sale operations) to the Exchange Commission for cancellation of their undertakings.

(b) Where the date of their undertaking is after 1st Mehr 1324 (23.9.45) they must definitely sell to an authorized bank 100 per cent foreign exchange undertaken by them but they can, without reference to the Exchange Commission, repurchase 90 per cent of the exchange sold by them and use it for importing goods themselves or transfer it to another party for the purpose of importing goods. This benefit will apply to export exchange sale undertakings given to the Customs on or after 1st Bahman 1324 (21.1.46).

4. Merchants who have sold to an authorized bank only a part of the foreign exchange undertaken by them or have imported goods shall, for the fulfilment of that part of the undertakings, act in accordance with Sections 1 or 2 above and to fulfil the balance they must observe Section 3 to enable the Exchange Commission to cancel their undertakings.

5. As from 1st Bahman 1324 (21.1.46) and until further notice, the Exchange Commission will issue exchange sale permits for

the following requirements only within the limits of the import quotas and in such currencies as it may have at its disposal in sufficient quantities:—

For the purchase of industrial and agricultural machinery and accessories which may be considered useful for the increase of wealth. For the purchase of irrigation and agricultural pumps, soft sugar and lump sugar, tea, cotton piecegoods, trucks and their spare parts, truck tyres, books and printed matter, drugs, dyestuffs and chemicals required for industrial purposes, and Government commercial and non-commercial requirements.

6. In future the Exchange Commission will not issue foreign exchange sale permits for goods not mentioned in Section 5 above or for imports from the countries whose currencies are not available to the Exchange Commission in the required quantities. Therefore, the exporters, after having sold 100 per cent of their foreign exchange undertakings, can repurchase without reference to the Exchange Commission 90 per cent of their sales within a period not exceeding two months from the date of their sales. The foreign exchange thus repurchased will be used directly by the exporters for the importation of non-prohibited goods mentioned in the import quotas or the right of repurchase will be transferred by the exporter to an importer. In such cases, the authorized banks will send to the Exchange Commission documents evidencing the purchase of 100 per cent foreign exchange for cancellation of the exporters' undertakings.

7. Persons having non-export foreign exchange may, after definite sale to the authorized banks, repurchase 90 per cent thereof for authorized imports or for transfer to another party through the authorized banks for the import of goods.

8. Importation of all goods paid for through an authorized bank must be exclusively affected by the opening of documentary credits. Should such credits remain unutilised two months after the opening date, at the latest, the opener may alter the credit to a new one or he may transfer the relative foreign exchange to another importer for opening documentary credits.

9. In the case of exchange of goods at the frontiers where the exporters, according to the regulations, give undertaking to import goods instead of having to sell foreign exchange (with due regard to the principle of maintaining export and import balances), exporters will be exempt from purchase and sale of foreign exchange. The total amount of these barter transactions on each occasion will be Rls. 5,000 for each person.

10. Any of the regulations of 27th Farvardin 1320, governing exports and imports and exchange transactions and amendments of 7th Tir 1321, that may contravene the present regulations are hereby considered null and void.

—:—

MEXICO.

SHIPPING DOCUMENTS SHOULD BE SENT BY AIR MAIL.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th April 1946:—

Importers and Agents in Mexico have complained that Shipping Documents, covering goods consigned to Vera Cruz have in many recent cases not arrived until after the ship bringing the goods has berthed.

The Commercial Secretary at Mexico City suggests that owing to delays in the postal service between the United Kingdom and Mexico, it is advisable that all documents be sent by Air Mail within one week of the vessel's departure.

This would ensure that the covering documents reach their destination in time, and would facilitate prompt clearance of the goods.

NEW ZEALAND.

IMPORT LICENSING—TENTH PERIOD.

The following is an extract from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th April 1946:—

The Board of Trade have received information of further amendments to the 1946 Import Licensing Schedule from H. M. Trade Commissioner, Wellington (see also *Board of Trade Journal*, April 6, 1946, page 408*).

(Only items of interest to India are given below.)

Tariff Items.

ex. 180 (1) Towels and towelling for personal use, etc., also tea and glass towels and towelling. This item is now to be regarded as a control one and applications for imports from the United Kingdom and the United States of America will be considered from regular importers of such goods.

SWITZERLAND.

CUSTOMS DUTY ON INDUSTRIAL DIAMONDS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th April 1946:—

As the result of the abrogation by the Swiss Federal Council of its decree of May 27, 1942, which created a special tariff provision for industrial diamonds (Tariff No. 638a), industrial diamonds are, as from March 1, 1946, again subject to a duty of Fcs. 60 per metric quintal gross under Tariff No. 638b.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

CLEARANCE OF GOODS.

The following is reproduced from the *Board of Trade Journal*, dated the 13th April 1946:—

The Office of the High Commissioner for the Union of South Africa has requested the Board of Trade to bring to the notice of exporters that the following war-time concessions extended to importers in connection with congestion of cargoes at Union ports have been withdrawn and pre-war practice resumed as from March 1, 1946:—

- the removal of goods to bonded warehouses on a letter in place of due entry for subsequent examination at the warehouse, if necessary, and
- the examination of "sighted" goods at importers' premises instead of in the Searcher's Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Details of changes in Customs Regulations, etc., are published regularly in the *Board of Trade Journal*. The particulars are too lengthy for publication here, but the headings of the items and the dates on which they appeared in the Journal are given for purposes of reference:—

20th April 1946.

AUSTRALIA.—Tariff Board Reference.
BURMA.—Import Control Regulations.
CANADA.—Prohibited Imports. Customs Tariff.
CHINA.—New Customs Regulations.
NYASALAND.—Customs Tariff Modifications.
SWEDEN.—Certain Vitamins Exempted from Duty.

27th April 1946.

CANADA.—Goods made in Canada.
MEXICO.—Customs Tariff Notification.
SOUTHERN RHODESIA.—Import Restrictions.
UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.—Applications for Increases in Customs Duties. Merchandise Marks Act.

* See the Special Supplement to the *Indian Trade Journal*, No. 4, dated the 21st November 1946, pages 382-83.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS FOR CENTRAL SUGAR FACTORIES* FOR THE FORTNIGHT ENDING THE 31ST MARCH 1946.

(Issued by the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, India, under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935.)

CONSOLIDATED FORTNIGHTLY STATEMENT OF SUGAR PRODUCTION AND STOCKS (For Central Sugar Factories)

For the Fortnight ending the 31st March 1946.

On the basis of returns received from factories under the Sugar Production Rules, 1935, the following statements have been compiled, showing the production and stocks of sugar by groups:—

GROUPING OF FACTORIES.

Group Symbol.	Estimated No. of Factories operating in the Group.		No. of Factories in the Group from which returns have been received.		Territories covered.
	Current Season.†	Corresponding Fortnight-Previous Season.‡	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight-Previous Season.	
A	6	5	5	4	Kashmir, N.-W.F.P., Punjab and Sind: Kashmir.—Jammu, N.-W.F.P.—Mardan. Punjab.—Lahore, Shabpur, Gujranwala, Ambala and Jullundur. Sind.—Nawabshah. (Including Indian States.) West United Provinces.—Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Meerut, Nainital, Rampur, Etah and Moradabad. (Including Indian States.) Central United Provinces.—Bareilly, Pilibhit, Kheri, Shahjahanpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Lucknow, Cawnpore, Gonda and Allahabad. (Including Indian States.) Eastern United Provinces.—Bara Banki, Bahraich, Jaunpur, Basti and Gorakhpur. (Including Indian States.) Bihar: North Bihar.—Champaran, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga and Purnea. South Bihar.—Bhagalpur, Shahabad, Patna and Gaya. (Including Indian States.) Bengal, Madras, Bombay, Orissa and Assam (including States) and Central India States.
B	23	24	22	22	
C	16	18	14	17	
D	30	30	28	28	
E	29	31	29	29	
F	41	42	36	38	
TOTAL	145	150	134	138	

NOTE.—The percentage cane crushing capacity of these 134 factories is estimated at 94.8, as against 95 for the 138 factories during the corresponding fortnight of the previous season.

* These statements relate to Central Sugar Factories and not to all sugar factories. For the definition of "Central Sugar Factory" and "Sugar Factory", please see Rule 2 of the Sugar Production Rules, 1935. For complete figures of sugar production, please see the "Monthly Statistics of Production of Certain Selected Industries of India".

† Based on returns for the Second Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1945-46.

‡ Based on returns for the First Forecast of the Production of Sugar directly from Cane during 1944-45.

Consolidated Fortnightly Statement of Sugar Production and Stocks (by Groups) for the Fortnight ending the 31st March 1946.

REPORT NO. X (SEASON 1945-46).

A.—Stocks.

Group Symbol.	Opening Stock.		Closing Stock.	
	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.	Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
A	268,002	3,101,823	235,193	412,908
B	2,709,138	2,687,941	2,687,941	3,207,447
C	2,142,381	2,108,278	2,108,278	3,443,379
D	3,070,885	3,637,007	3,323,946	3,890,662
E	3,002,939	3,626,960	3,196,100	3,830,274
F	2,607,577	2,250,679	2,734,057	2,397,449
TOTAL	13,891,012	16,365,106	14,285,455	17,251,179

B.—Production.

Group Symbol.	Production during the Fortnight (Current Year).						Total Production.	
	Crystal.			Crushed.			Current Fortnight.	Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.	No. I.	No. II.	No. III.		
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
A	5,093	..	..	448	..	..	5,093	55,423
B	177,973	..	..	..	..	..	178,421	344,630
C	128,207	..	..	2,031	..	..	128,207	463,431
D	406,981	..	..	119	..	..	406,912	552,713
E	299,368	..	..	1,212	..	..	299,487	493,357
F	460,844	..	..	..	..	..	462,066	501,554
TOTAL	1,478,466	..	..	3,810	..	..	1,482,276	2,411,110

C.—Despatches.

Group Symbol.		Despatches.			Total for Corresponding Fortnight of the Previous Season.
		During the Current Fortnight.			
		Crystal.	Crushed.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
A	.	38,052	..	38,052	47,449
B	.	198,944	674	199,618	269,006
C	.	162,310	..	162,310	273,697
D	.	155,850	101	155,951	299,058
E	.	196,323	3	196,326	281,043
F	.	335,576	..	335,576	364,784
TOTAL		1,087,055	778	1,087,833	1,525,037

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 24th May 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Province and Division or Block	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED.		Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay.	2,448	1,050	57,438	24,331	
2. Gujarat.	10,044	7,325	145,861	119,732	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat.
3. North Deccan.	649	313	65,686	49,728	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
4. East Deccan.	2,074	1,885	37,677	38,265	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country.	2,277	3,635	47,264	123,256	Poona, Satara, Ratnagiri, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port.	15,044	13,158	296,488	330,081	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Sind.	(a)	514	375,164	443,309	
Bengal—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Bengal.	708	170	12,720	4,062	
United Provinces—					Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Bulandshahr, Aligarh, Muzaffarnagar.
1. Upper Doab.	..	..	4,934	5,175	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
2. Middle Doab.	..	..	650	1,035	
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand.	..	..	907	351	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand.	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budaun, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province.	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Kheri, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL.	..	..	6,497	7,161	
Punjab—					Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
1. Ambala.	..	787	(b) 33,000	55,001	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
2. Jullundur.	..	..	13,237	19,785	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
3. Lahore.	..	2,403	(c) 86,435	92,154	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
4. Rawalpindi.	..	187	108,714	103,108	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
5. Multan.	..	1,158	(d) 635,800	620,403	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
6. Ferozepore.	..	2,563	77,046	80,568	
TOTAL.	1,725	7,864	952,322	970,999	
Central Provinces—					Jubbulpore, Saugor.
1. Jubbulpore.	..	..	3	192	Hoshangabad.
2. Nerbudda.	..	..	37,317	23,761	Nimar.
3. Nimar.	..	249	82,958	73,553	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
4. Nagpur.	..	..	696	80	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
5. Satpura.	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
6. Chhattisgarh.	..	..	..	..	
TOTAL.	278	249	120,974	97,801	
Berar—					Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Berar.	2,111	1,793	(e) 394,643	334,439	
Assam—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Assam.	(a)	109	5,550	6,041	
Ajmer-Merwara—					The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Ajmer-Merwara.	470	307	15,000	9,720	
Madras—					The whole of the Province.
Madras.	10,630	12,437	(f) 174,115	219,555	
GRAND TOTAL.	30,968	36,696	2,353,473	2,429,058	

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.

* For details see Statement III.

(a) Return not yet received.

(b) Includes 359 bales not reported before.

(c) " 110 " " " " "

(d) " 693 " " " " "

(e) " 925 " " " " "

(f) " 70 " " " " "

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 24th May 1946.

1 State	2 NO. OF BALES PRESSED		4 NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	2,291	213,280	254,212
Baroda	5,046	5,008	119,106	97,028
Mysore	(a)	..	8,982	12,981
Gwalior	(a)	574	14,101	27,585
Punjab States—				
Jahawalpur	(a)	667	105,432	153,395
Nabha	(a)	..	19,077	27,570
Jind	(a)	..	5,573	8,500
Faridkot	(a)	..	6,905	7,600
Patiala	(a)	..	60,606	107,286
Malerkotla	(a)	..	1,484	4,412
Khairpur	(a)	..	4,880	2,912
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	667	209,447	311,709
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	(a)	1,418	26,946	30,389
Bikaner	(a)	404	11,682	9,479
Jodhpur	(a)	43	..	700
Tonk	(a)	..	1,007	2,773
Jaipur	(a)	..	1,095	551
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	(a)	45	1,568	1,111
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kota	(a)	..	911	1,394
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	643	593	9,251	7,156
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	643	2,513	53,100	59,553
Central India States—				
Indore	(a)	491	57,274	31,980
Bhopal	(a)	..	188	737
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	(b)	..	1,353	3,209
Ratlam	187	213	8,854	5,002
Dhar	(a)	305	17,177	11,446
Barwani	(a)	..	10,364	6,990
Jhabua	(a)	..	3,439	3,226
Dewas, J. B.	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES	187	1,000	93,640	62,550

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 24th May 1946—contd.

1 State	2 NO. OF BALES PRESSED		4 NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	(a)	155	14,185	12,118
Junagadh	(a)	2,257	8,181	15,470
Dhrangadhra	1,572	1,234	9,125	10,408
Morvi	2,107	2,049	8,683	7,942
Cutch	(a)	221	2,493	407
Nawanagar	(a)	252	2,097	..
Wadhwan	(a)	2,732	7,410	15,517
Gondal	(a)	..	..	..
Wankaner	(a)	392	280	707
Porbandar	(a)	1,414	2,061	7,491
Limdi	(a)	..	..	3,913
Radhanpur	900	310	2,038	4,184
Rajkot	(a)	..	8,353	10,236
Manawadar	(a)	..	..	833
Jaidpur	(a)	..	..	..
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mull	..	..	..	..
Sayla	205	184	820	2,356
Eastern Kachhwar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station)	533	..	1,121	2,101
Katosan	(a)	133	654	133
Lakhtar	864	355	1,516	2,378
Palitana	(a)	..	1,207	1,469
Maliya	(a)	..	..	..
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	(a)	..	22,852	21,705
Chhoti Udepur	(a)	..	9,114	4,802
Cambay	..	..	..	..
Sachin	(b)	..	3,407	4,597
Balsanor	(a)	..	..	..
Pandu Mewas—				
Vaktapur	(a)	..	..	3,231
Gothda	(a)	..	4,200	5,873
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	(a)	..	..	241
Jamkhandi	..	85	1,589	3,930
Sangli	(a)	..	..	..
Mudhol	(a)	101	..	1,400
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savanur	..	62	198	992
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	6,231	12,005	112,113	151,806
GRAND TOTAL	12,107	24,667	883,888	978,120

(a) Statement not yet received. (b) Factory closed.

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 24th May 1946.

1 Variety of Cotton	2 NO. OF BALES PRESSED		4 NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelly	1,243	3,667	11,564	13,471
Nadapattinam	..	..	400	..
Nagapattinam	4,746	3,300	43,602	29,073
Cambodias	2,369	..	15,304	..
Karunganni	439	5,172	2,359	60,338
Northern	1,833	..	12,502	..
Western	..	298	143	..
Mungali	..	..	1,355	2,278
Cocanada	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	10,630	12,437	107,019	119,900

(a) Includes 70 bales not reported before.

COTTON PRESS RETURNS.

I.—Statement of Cotton pressed in British India for the week ending the 31st May 1946.

[Section 5(2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

1 Province and Division or Block	2 NO. OF BALES PRESSED		4 NO. OF BALES PRESSED		5 Districts included in the block
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year	
Bombay—					Thana, Kolaba and the Island of Bombay.
1. The Konkan and the Port of Bombay	1,617	1,237	59,055	25,568	Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat.
2. Gujarat	7,080	5,033	132,941	124,765	West Khandesh, East Khandesh and Nasik.
3. North Deccan	247	213	65,933	49,641	Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur.
4. East Deccan	1,477	2,400	39,154	40,755	Poona, Satara, Raichur, Bolgaum, Dharwar and Kanara.
5. West Deccan and Southern Mahratta Country	1,103	2,800	48,757	120,065	..
Total for the Province excluding the Konkan and Port	10,207	10,545	306,785	341,526	NOTE.—Cotton pressed in the Konkan and Port block is mainly re-pressed cotton or cotton waste.
Sind—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Sind	(a)	821	375,164	444,130	..
Bengal—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Bengal	306	90	13,026	5,052	..
United Provinces—					Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Meerut, Balandshahr, Aligarh, Musaffarnagar.
1. Upper Doab	..	..	4,934	5,175	Muttra, Farrukhabad, Etah, Agra, Mainpuri, Etawah.
2. Middle Doab	..	..	656	1,635	..
3. Lower Doab and Bundelkhand	..	..	907	351	Cawnpore, Fatehpur, Allahabad, Jhansi, Jalaun, Hamirpur, Banda.
4. Rohilkhand	..	..	..	..	Hardoi, Shahjahanpur, Bareilly, Moradabad, Budann, Bijnor, Pilibhit, Naini Tal, Almora, Garhwal.
5. Rest of the Province	..	..	..	..	Mirzapur, Benares, Jaunpur, Ghazipur, Azamgarh, Ballia, Gorakhpur, Basti, Gonda, Bahraich, Khari, Sitapur, Unao, Lucknow, Bara Banki, Rae Bareilly, Sultanpur, Fyzabad, Partabgarh.
TOTAL	..	..	6,407	7,161	..
Punjab—					Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala.
1. Ambala	..	..	33,090	55,001	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana.
2. Jullundur	..	..	13,237	19,765	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Bialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.
3. Lahore	104	734	98,633	92,888	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock.
4. Rawalpindi	1,093	1,487	100,714	103,108	Montgomery, Lyallpur, Jhang, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.
5. Multan	..	704	637,234	621,890	Simla, Ferozepore, Mianwali.
6. Ferozepore	..	..	77,046	81,361	..
TOTAL	1,197	3,014	953,974	974,013	..
Central Provinces—					Jubbulpore, Saugor.
1. Jubbulpore	..	..	3	102	Hoshangabad.
2. Nerbudda	..	..	37,317	23,761	Nimar.
3. Nimar	410	146	83,369	74,004	Nagpur, Chanda, Wardha, Balaghat, Bhandara.
4. Nagpur	..	..	696	80	Chhindwara, Betul, Mandla.
5. Balpur	..	..	..	..	Drug, Raipur, Bilaspur.
6. Chhattisgarh	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	410	146	121,384	98,037	..
Roror—					Akola, Amraoti, Buldana, Yeotmal.
Berar	1,544	1,075	306,244	330,514	..
Assam—					All districts in the Province.
The Province of Assam	(a)	72	5,550	6,113	..
Ajmer-Merwara—					The whole of Ajmer-Merwara.
Ajmer-Merwara	826	556	15,820	10,276	..
Madras—					The whole of the Province.
Madras	10,222	14,210	185,372	233,774	..
GRAND TOTAL	24,802	30,538	2,379,822	2,459,596	..

NOTE.—There are no cotton pressing factories in Delhi, Bihar, Orissa and North-West Frontier Province.

- For details see Statement III.
- (a) Return not yet received.
- (b) Includes 114 bales not reported before.
- (c) " 341 " " " " "
- (d) " 57 " " " " "
- (e) " 1,035 " " " " "

COTTON PRESS RETURNS—contd.

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 31st May 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year
Hyderabad	(a)	4,548	215,446	258,760
Baroda	3,248	4,571	122,441	102,489
Mysore	(a)	..	10,044	16,437
Gwalior	(a)	248	11,789	27,833
Punjab States—				
Bahawalpur	(a)	411	165,432	153,809
Nabha	(a)	..	10,077	27,570
Jind	(a)	..	6,013	8,500
Faridkot	(a)	..	6,905	7,600
Patiala	(a)	..	66,096	107,286
Malerkotla	(a)	..	1,484	4,442
Khairpur	(a)	..	4,880	2,912
TOTAL PUNJAB STATES	..	411	269,887	312,119
Rajputana States—				
Mewar	(a)	685	27,578	37,071
Bikaner	(a)	371	11,692	9,850
Jodhpur	(a)	40	...	740
Tonk	(a)	..	1,007	2,773
Jaipur	(a)	..	1,695	551
Jhalawar	..	..	..	..
Shahpura	(a)	201	1,538	1,312
Kishangarh	..	..	..	..
Kotah	(a)	..	911	1,394
Bundi	..	..	..	..
Idar	(a)	..	9,251	7,156
TOTAL RAJPUTANA STATES	..	1,297	53,730	60,850
Central India States—				
Indore	(a)	415	50,360	32,205
Bhopal	(a)	..	188	737
Narsingarh	..	..	..	..
Alipura	..	..	..	..
Jaora	(b)	..	1,353	3,200
Ratlam	62	285	3,916	5,287
Dhar	(a)	43	17,177	11,489
Barwani	(a)	..	10,364	6,900
Jhabua	(a)	..	3,439	3,226
Dewas, J. B. . . .	..	..	..	..
TOTAL CENTRAL INDIA STATES.	62	743	95,797	63,293

II.—Statement of Cotton pressed in certain Indian States for the week ending the 31st May 1946—contd.

1	2	3	4	5
State	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st September 1945	During the corresponding period last year
BOMBAY STATES—				
Western India States Agency—				
Bhavnagar	(a)	..	14,185	12,118
Junagadh	(a)	2,191	8,191	17,061
Dhrangadhra	1,580	1,235	10,705	11,641
Morvi	(a)	..	8,083	7,912
Cutch	(a)	..	2,194	467
Nawanagar	(a)	..	602	2,183
Wadhwan	3,025	2,021	13,558	17,538
Gondal	..	..	..	..
Wankaner	(a)	..	434	707
Porbandar	(a)	1,108	3,617	8,669
Limbd	(a)	..	..	3,913
Rathnapur	(a)	..	2,638	4,161
Rajkot	..	..	..	..
Manawadar	1,100	1,112	10,929	14,467
Jasdan	(a)	..	..	633
Sardargarh	..	..	..	..
Mul	..	..	..	..
Sayla	252	77	1,072	2,433
Eastern Kathiwar Agency (Wadhwan Civil Station).	785	28	1,900	2,128
Katosan	(a)	135	651	508
Lakhtar	451	431	1,970	2,809
Palitana	..	..	..	..
Kaliya	(a)	..	1,591	1,602
Gujarat States Agency—				
Rajpipla	(a)	..	22,852	21,765
Chhoti Udepur	(a)	..	9,114	9,892
Kambay	..	..	..	..
Nachin	..	..	..	..
Nalasindor	(b)	..	5,807	4,594
Pandh Mewas—				
Vaktapur	(a)	..	..	3,231
Gothda	(a)	251	4,260	6,121
Deccan States Agency—				
Kolhapur	..	..	..	241
Jamkhadi	(a)	172	1,589	4,104
Rangli	(a)	28	..	26
Mudhol	(a)	53	..	1,519
Miraj	..	..	..	..
Savandur	(a)	..	198	902
TOTAL BOMBAY STATES	7,106	9,679	125,151	104,157
GRAND TOTAL	10,506	21,500	907,288	1,005,948

(a) Statement not yet received. (b) Factory closed.

III.—Statement of Cotton pressed in the Province of Madras for the week ending the 31st May 1946.

1	2	3	4	5
Variety of Cotton	NO. OF BALES PRESSED		NO. OF BALES PRESSED	
	During the week	During the corresponding week last year	Since 1st February 1946	During the corresponding period last year
Tinnevelles	973	2,889	(a)12,578	21,280
Nadan, Uppam and Bourbon.	..	..	400	..
Cambodias	4,185	3,224	(b)17,794	33,107
Karunganni	2,749	..	(c)19,638	..
Northerns	268	} 7,520	2,627	} 76,858
Westerns	1,829		84,421	
Mungari	..	..	143	..
Cocanadas	218	586	1,573	2,864
TOTAL	10,222	14,219	119,176	134,179

(a) Includes 41 bales not reported before.
(b) " 9 " " " "
(c) " 985 " " " "PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS—I.

[NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of report.]

BONE MEAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 3rd June—

(1) And steamed	Rs. 200
(2) And unsteamed	Rs. 190
(3) And	Rs. 190

CEMENT—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 31st May—

Indian, f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load of 16½ to 23 tons) Rs. 60-0 per ton.

London, 9th April—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d site, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (6 ton loads and upwards), per ton 57s. 0d.†

COAL—

Market Quotations—

Calcutta, 31st May—

	Per ton F. O. R.
(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Rs. 13-5
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Rs. 12-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7
(4) Deshergarh	Rs. 13-5
(5) Poniati	Rs. 13-5
(6) Ranegunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7

Bombay, 24th May—

	Ready per ton.
(1) Deshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Rs. 11-7
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Rs. 14-1

Bombay, 31st May—

	Per ton.
Railborne Coal (Trimmed into Bunkers)	Rs. 39-12
Seaborne Coal (" " ")	Rs. 65-8

Karachi, 29th May—

	Rs. 75-0 (seaborne).
First Class Bengal (Trimmed into Bunkers), per ton	

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.
 * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † The Economist.
 ‡ Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.
 § Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 || Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.
 ¶ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

COFFEE—

Market Quotations—

Mangalore, 25th May—

	Per cwt.
(1) Plantation "A"	Rs. 123 to 125
(2) " PB	Rs. 136 to 138
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 100 to 102
(4) Robusta " "	Rs. 82 to 83

COTTON (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales†.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise)†		57,776	28,320
Karachi by rail		20,378	35,280
Madras by rail and sea		588	666
Tuticorin by rail and sea		..	162
Calcutta by rail and river		666	3,063

(ii) From 1st September, 1945, to 9th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	1945-46.	1944-45.
Into Bombay †		1,802	1,417

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In bales†.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		..	..
" Bombay		1,030	..
" Karachi		..	..
" Madras		..	..
" Tuticorin		..	..

* Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.
 † 1 bale=400 lbs.
 ‡ The East India Cotton Association's Report for the week ending 9th May, 1946.

COTTON (RAW)—contd.**(b) Exports—contd.**

(ii) From 1st September, 1945, to 11th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales*)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	..	1
„ Bombay	182	21
„ Karachi	361	146
„ Madras	1	..
„ Tuticorin	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**† Bombay, 24th May—**

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 432 (May '46).

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is now estimated at 3,361,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,542,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—**(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 11th May, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	..	149	149
Bombay	..	1,979	1,979
Karachi	..	99	99
Madras	..	297	297

(ii) From 1st January to 11th May, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	6,401	6,421
Bombay	..	36,576	36,576
Karachi	10	4,623	4,633
Madras	..	6,334	6,334

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)					
	GREY.		WHITE.		OTHER KINDS.	
	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.	1946.	1945.
Into British India—						
Calcutta	..	..	10	..	1	..
Bombay	..	..	21	..	13	..
Karachi	..	..	10	..	37	8
Madras	..	..	..	..	..	16

(c) Market Quotations—*** Bombay, 17th May—****Grey unbleached—**

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs. per lb.	..
(2) Domestics 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs. "	..
(3) Chadars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs. "	..
(4) Dhories (up to ¼" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs. "	1 6 7
(5) Dhories (Calcutta ½" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs. "	2 4 0

† Manchester, 19th April—

Price Index of cloth (Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.) 235

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—**(a) Despatches by rail—**

(i) During week ending 11th May, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	..	1,007	1,007
Bombay	..	9,070	9,070
Karachi	..	1	1
Madras	..	660	660

(ii) From 1st January to 11th May, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	19,489	19,532
Bombay	..	152,412	152,412
Karachi	..	2,752	2,752
Madras	..	15,300	15,300

(b) Imports by sea—

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	1	..
Madras	..	..

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.**(c) Market Quotations—***** Bombay, 17th May—**

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	..
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, "	1 1 9

† Manchester, 19th April—

Price index of American yarn 231
("Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.) 216

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	10	..
Madras	..	..

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—**Market Quotations—****Cow Hides—****† Calcutta, 31st May—**

(1) Agras (North-Western)	Rs. .. to Rs. ..	} per 20 lbs.
(2) Darbhanga	Rs. .. " Rs. ..	
(3) Patnas	Rs. .. " Rs. ..	
(4) Salted cows, Daccas	Rs. 17-8 " Rs. 18-8	

Buffalo Hides—**† Calcutta, 31st May—**

(1) Arsenic, Framed	Rs. .. to Rs. ..	} per 20 lbs.
(2) " Commons	Rs. 15-0 " Rs. 16-0	

Goat Skins—**† Calcutta, 31st May—**

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 180 to Rs. 200
(2) Ordinary Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 125 " Rs. 140

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—**Market Quotations—****|| Madras, 30th May—**

	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
Tanned—				
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	1 14 0	to	2 4 0	
(2) Buff hides "	1 8 0	"	1 9 0	
(3) Sheep skins "	4 8 0	"	5 0 0	
(4) Goat skins "	3 0 0	"	3 8 0	

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

|| Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

|| Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 31st May—****Pig Iron—**

Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Rs. 98

† London, 9th April—

Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£8 3s. 0d.
Steel, rails, heavy " "	£15 7s. 0d.

JUTE (RAW)—**(a) Arrivals—**

(i) During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta§ by rail, river and sea	71	52
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer ||	84	38
TOTAL	155	90

(ii) From 1st July, 1945 to 11th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Into Calcutta § by rail, river and sea	3,057	2,523
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer ||	4,129	3,092
TOTAL	7,186	5,615

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	45	7

(ii) From 1st July, 1945 to 11th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales†.)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	1,792	856

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(c) Market Quotations—****† Calcutta, 31st May—**

(1) European Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md.	Rs. 17-0(n).
(2) Indian Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md.	Rs. 17-0(n).

Calcutta, 4th June—

(1) First, per bale (400 lbs.)	{ Rs. 87-0 † Rs. 90-0 §
(2) Lightnings „ „	{ Rs. 82-0 † Rs. 85-0 §

London, 30th May—

Daisee C. & F., per ton	£44 10s. 0d.
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Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1945 is estimated at 7,161,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 6,203,000 bales in 1944 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	5,468	1,445
Hessian	265	871

(ii) From 1st January to 11th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	80,488	90,835
Hessian	39,904	27,447

(b) Market Quotations—**† Calcutta, 31st May—**

B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×28½", 6×8", per 100 bags	Ra. 66-12(n) (Ready).
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† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
‡ Exports.
§ Mills.
(n) Nominal.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	245	837
Hessian	29,975	25,755

(ii) From 1st January to 11th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	9,269	9,390
Hessian	592,315	484,183

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 31st May—**

(1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds.	Ra. †22 2 0 (Ready)
(2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds.	Ra. †29 0 0 (Ready).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—****Calcutta, 3rd June—**

Groundnut Cake, per md.	Ra. 6-8
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OILSEEDS—**CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—****† Bombay, 24th May—**

Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt.	Ra. 22-10
---	-----------

London, 30th May—

Castorseed (Bombay), per ton	£ s. d. 43 10 0
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COCONUTS—**Market Quotations—****§ Cochin, 25th May—**

Coconuts, per 1,000	Ra. 170
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COPRA—**Market Quotations—****§ Cochin, 25th May—**

Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs.	Ra. 337
---	---------

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
† Nominal.
‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
§ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports	..	..

(b) Market Quotations—*** Bombay, 15th April—**

Cotton seed, per Indian Md.	Ra. 6-3-0
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GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—****† Bombay, 24th May—**

(1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt.	Ra. 35-0
(2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt.	..

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations—****† Madras, 30th May—**

Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs.	Ra. 88-8-0
---	------------

† Bombay, 24th May—

Bombay, Bold, per cwt.	Ra. 25-8-0
------------------------	------------

London, 18th April—

	£ s. d.	
	1946.	1945.
Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton	38 0 0	..

LINSEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	1,215	103
Bombay, by rail and sea	567	1,287
Karachi, by rail and river	..	35
Vizagapatam, by rail	344	..

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	510	1
Bombay	1,500	..
Karachi	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	..

* Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—concd.**LINSEED—contd.****(c) Market Quotations—***** Bombay, 24th May—**

(1) Bold, per cwt.	Ra. 26-0
(2) Small, seed, per cwt.	.. 25-12

† Calcutta, 31st May—

Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md.	Ra. 18-4 (Ready).
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London, 2nd May—

Linseed, Bombay, per ton	£ s. d. 46 10 0
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RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	309	1,199
Bombay, by rail and sea	20	38
Karachi, by rail and river	821	705

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**† Karachi, 29th May—**

Rapeseed—Crop 1945-46 (excluding bags) Per candy of 8 mds., i.e. 656 lbs. (approximately).	Ra. 96-0§
--	-----------

*** Bombay, 29th June, 1945—**

(1) Brown, Cawnpore, per cwt.	Ra. 18-0 (n).
(2) Yellow, „ „	.. 23-0 (n).

London, 18th April—

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton	£ s. d. 39 10 0
--------------------------	--------------------

* Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
§ Sind Govt. controlled price in producing areas, viz., Upper Sind Frontier, Dadu, Larkhans, Sukkur, Nawabshah and Karachi Dist.
(n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 31st May—**

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 56-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 55-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 54-8-0

† Madras, 30th May—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 240
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COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—****† Cochin, 25th May—**

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	{ Rs. 497-0 Ready. Rs. 498-0 One month.
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GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—****§ Madras, 25th May—**

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 220 Ready
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OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 31st May—**

	Rs. A. P.
Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ 4 4 3 4 7 3
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	{ 3 13 6 4 0 6||

PETROL—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 31st May—**

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Rs. 1-10-6** ex-pump.
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RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		6,101	7,323

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.
‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.
|| Ex-godown.
¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.
** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta			5
Chittagong			
Bombay			
Karachi			
Madras			

(ii) From 1st January to 11th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		151,697	182,560

From 1st January to 11th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	14,182

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 31st May—**

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..	..

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 31st May—**

T. N. per B. maund	Rs. 112
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London, 30th May—

T.N. Oranges, per cwt.	£ s. d. 13 15 0
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SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—**(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea		3,970	480
" Bombay by rail		1,183	1,097
" Karachi " "			

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September, 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
* A' grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
* B' grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
* C' grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Java.	Refined. Mauri- tius.	(In cwt.) Europe. Other Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—				
Calcutta	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..
Total, 1946	..	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	47	47

(c) Market Quotations—*** Cawnpore, 25th May—**

	1946. Rs. A. P.	1945. Rs. A. P.
Indian Factory Made—		
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 16 7 6 to 17 2 6	{ 16 1 6 to 16 12 0
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 14 0	16 8 0
Bastl, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 12 0	16 6 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	17 2 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 11 0	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)

† Calcutta (25th May '46)	4,657	(26th May '45)	23,412
Bombay (" ")	..	(" ")	..
Karachi (23rd May '46)	6,008	(24th May '45)	6,586
Madras (" ")	33,582	(26th May ")	47,037

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.
† Kidderpore Docks only.

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

† Prices (per maund) during week ending 18th May—

	1946. Rs. A.	1945. Rs. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siswa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..
Eating—		
(3) Madras	13 9	7 9
(4) Ahmednagar	12 8	12 0
(5) Lyallpur	17 4	..
(6) Muzaffarnagar	13 0	9 6
(7) Meerut	10 11	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	..	7 8
(9) Dacca (best quality)	25 0	24 0

TEA—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		1,552	1,840

(b) Exports—

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		480	2,472
" Chittagong		..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**Calcutta, 15th May—**

Sale Average—	
For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb.	Rs. 1-0-2

WHEAT—**(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Calcutta		7,230	6,167
Bombay		401	..
Karachi		9,007	4,133

† In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

‡ Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

WHEAT—contd.**(a) Imports and Exports—contd.**

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	1946.	(In tons.)	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..

During week ending 11th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	1946.	(In tons.)	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi	528	..	..

(ii) From 1st April to 11th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	1946.	(In tons.)	1945.
Imports into—			
Indian*. Foreign.	Indian*. Foreign.	Indian*. Foreign.	Indian*. Foreign.
Calcutta	..	18,157	598
Bombay	401	..	10,038
Karachi	14,856	..	8,472

From 1st April to 11th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	1946.	(In tons.)	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..

From 1st April to 11th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	1946.	(In tons.)	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi	3,713	2,339	..

(b) Market Quotations—**Bombay, 15th April—**

Wheat, per Ind. Md. †

Karachi, 31st May—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately) ‡

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs. 13-1 per Ind. Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

WHEAT—contd.**(b) Market Quotations—contd.****Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—**

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur Rs. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1944-45 is estimated at 10,458,000 tons, as against 9,741,000 tons in 1943-44.

WOOL (RAW)—**Market Quotations—***** Karachi, 29th May—**

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality Rs. 95
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.**† Calcutta, 31st May—**

	Jute (50 c. ft.)	Linseed (20 cwt.)
	Plus 15% Surcharge.	
London §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)
Liverpool §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)
Dundee §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)
Glasgow §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)

‡ Bombay, 24th May—

	Cotton (40 c. ft.)—	Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)— Cotton, etc.—
United Kingdom ports	102 0	..
Antwerp	..	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..	..
Trieste, Venice	..	..
Seed (16 cwt. and over)— Linseed, Rape, etc.—	..	..
United Kingdom ports	92 0	..
Antwerp	..	..
Marseilles	..	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..	..
Trieste, Venice	..	..
United Kingdom ports	89 0	..
Marseilles	..	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..	..
Groundnuts—	..	..
United Kingdom ports	98 0	..

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal.

PRICES^(a) AND TRADE MOVEMENTS—II.

[NOTE.—The trade figures are compiled from corrected shipping bills received during the week of report.]

BONE MEAL—**Market Quotations—****Calcutta, 10th June—**

(1) ½ and steamed	Rs. 200
(2) ½ and unsteamed	Rs. 190
(3) ¾ th	Rs. 190

CEMENT—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 7th June—**

Indian, f.o.r. Calcutta (Full wagon load of 16½ to 23 tons) Rs. 60-0 per ton.

† London, 23rd April & 7th May—

Cement, best Eng. Portland, d/d site, London area in paper bags or jute sacks 20 to ton (6 ton loads and upwards), per ton 57s 0d. ‡

COAL—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 7th June—**

	Per ton F. O. R.
(1) Selected Jheria "A"	Rs. 13-5
(2) Selected Jheria "B"	Rs. 12-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7
(4) Deshergarh	Rs. 13-5
(5) Ponlati	Rs. 13-5
(6) Raneegunj Kajora class (Grade I)	Rs. 11-7

‡ Bombay, 24th May—

	Ready per ton.
(1) Deshergarh (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(2) Jheria (Selected Grade "A") f.o.r.	Rs. 13-5
(3) Jheria (Grade I) f.o.r.	Rs. 11-7
(4) Central Provinces (1st class) Hirdagarh f.o.r.	Rs. 14-1

|| Bombay, 1st June—

	Per ton.
Railborne Coal (Trimmed into Bunkers)	Rs. 39-12
Seaborne Coal (" " ")	Rs. 65-8

¶ Karachi, 5th June—

	Per ton.
First Class Bengal (Trimmed into Bunkers), per ton	Rs. 75-0 (seaborne).

(a) Production and stocks of certain commodities are also given.

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ Plus 7 sh. per ton net paper bags, jute sacks charged 1s. 9d., credited 1s. 6d. on return.

§ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

|| Supplied by the Secretary, Bombay Coal Allocation Committee.

¶ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

COFFEE—**Market Quotations—***** Mangalore, 1st June—**

	Per cwt.
(1) Plantation "A"	Rs. 127 to Rs. 130
(2) " " "PB"	Rs. 141 to Rs. 142
(3) Arabica Cherry Flats	Rs. 103 to Rs. 104
(4) Robusta " "	Rs. 85 to Rs. 86

COTTON (RAW)—**(a) Arrivals—**

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	1946.	(In bales†.)	1945.
Imports into—			
Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise)‡	58,954	75,276	..
Karachi by rail	20,451	30,786	..
Madras by rail and sea	515	1,058	..
Tuticorin by rail and sea	..	..	..
Calcutta by rail and river	1,226	2,122	..

(ii) From 1st September, 1945, to 16th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	1945-46.	(In thousands of bales†.)	1944-45.
Into Bombay‡	1,861	1,492	..

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	1946.	(In bales†.)	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta	..	..	..
" Bombay	81,290	..	..
" Karachi	92,484	..	..
" Madras	..	1,501	..
" Tuticorin	..	..	..

* Supplied by the Indian Coffee Board.

† 1 Bale = 400 lbs.

‡ The East India Cotton Association's Report for the week ending 16 May, 1946.

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COTTON (RAW)—contd.

(b) Exports—contd.

(ii) From 1st September, 1945, to 18th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	(In thousands of bales*)	
	1945-46.	1944-45.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta	1	
" Bombay	263	21
" Karachi	453	146
" Madras	1	2
" Tuticorin		

(c) Market Quotations—

† Bombay, 24th May—

Indian Cotton Contract, per candy of 784 lbs. Rs. 432 (May '46).

Production.—The total production of cotton for 1945-46 is now estimated at 3,361,000 bales (400 lbs. each), as compared with 3,542,000 bales, the final estimate of 1944-45.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta		166	166
Bombay		1,695	1,695
Karachi		90	90
Madras		343	343

(ii) From 1st January to 18th May, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Calcutta	20	6,567	6,587
Bombay		38,271	38,271
Karachi	10	4,713	4,723
Madras		6,677	6,677

* 1 bale=400 lbs.

† Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

COTTON PIECEGOODS—contd.

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	GREY.	WHITE.
	1946.	1945.
Into British India—		
Calcutta	5	27
Bombay	16	6
Karachi	9	207
Madras		

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 31st May—

Grey unbleached—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Longcloth (Standard Quality) 37"×37½ yds. of 9 lbs. per lb.	
(2) Domestics 35"×40 yds. of 12 lbs.	
(3) Chadars 50"×6 yds. of 2½ lbs.	
(4) Dhories (up to ½" nakhi border) 32"×9 yds. of 1½ lbs.	
(5) Dhories (Calcutta ½" P.B.) 44"×10 yds. of 1½ lbs.	1 6 7
	2 4 0

† Manchester, 19th April—

Price Index of cloth (Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.) 235

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—

(a) Despatches by rail—

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta		422	422
Bombay		4,521	4,521
Karachi			
Madras		740	740

(ii) From 1st January to 18th May, 1946:—

	Foreign.	Indian.	TOTAL.
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Calcutta	43	19,911	19,954
Bombay		156,933	156,933
Karachi		2,752	2,752
Madras		16,040	16,040

(b) Imports by sea—

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Into—		
Calcutta	2	
Bombay		
Karachi	1	
Madras		

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.
† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

COTTON TWIST AND YARN—contd.

(c) Market Quotations—

* Bombay, 1st June—

	Rs. A. P.
(1) Yarn, No. 10½s, per lb.	
(2) Yarn, No. 20s, "	1 1 9

† Manchester, 19th April—

	Rs. A. P.
Price index of American yarn	231
" " " Egyptian "	216

(Basis—100 as Average price, 1938.)

(d) Exports (Indian-made)—

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	
	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea from—		
Calcutta		
Bombay	278	
Madras		

HIDES AND SKINS (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

Cow Hides—

† Calcutta, 7th June—

(1) Agras (North-Western)	Rs. .. to Rs. ..	} per 20 lbs.
(2) Darbhanga	Rs. .. " Rs. ..	
(3) Patnas	Rs. .. " Rs. ..	
(4) Salted cows, Daccas	Rs. 17.8 " Rs. 18.8	

Buffalo Hides—

† Calcutta, 7th June—

(1) Arsonic, Framed	Rs. .. to Rs. ..	} per 20 lbs.
(2) " Commons	Rs. 15.0 " Rs. 16.0	

Goat Skins—

† Calcutta, 7th June—

(1) Good Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 180 to Rs. 200
(2) Ordinary Quality per 100 pieces	Rs. 125 " Rs. 140

HIDES AND SKINS (TANNED)—

Market Quotations—

|| Madras, 6th June—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Tanned—		
(1) Cow hides, per lb.	1 14 0 to	2 4 0
(2) Buff hides "	1 8 0 "	1 9 0
(3) Sheep skins "	4 8 0 "	5 8 0
(4) Goat skins "	3 0 0 "	3 8 0

* Bombay Millowners' Association Average Quotations.

† F. W. Tattersall's Cotton Trade Review.

|| Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

|| Quotations supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras, and represent the lowest and highest values for average "all round parcels" of bark tanned hides and skins of each category sold in the open market inclusive of all grades and selections.

IRON AND STEEL—

Market Quotations—

* Calcutta, 7th June—

Pig Iron—

Foundry No. 1 per ton F.O.R. Calcutta	Rs. 104
" No. 2 " " "	Rs. 102
" No. 3 " " "	Rs. 100
" No. 4 " " "	Rs. 98

† London, 23rd April & 7th May—

Pig, Cleveland No. 3, per ton	£8 3s. 0d.
Steel, rails, heavy " " "	£15 7s. 0d.

JUTE (RAW)—

(a) Arrivals—

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bales †.)	
	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta § by rail, river and sea	62	44
Arrivals into mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer ||	64	61
TOTAL	126	105

(ii) From 1st July, 1945, to 18th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	1945-46.	1944-45.
Into Calcutta § by rail, river and sea	3,119	2,587
Into the mills situated outside the Calcutta Trade Block by rail and steamer ||	4,193	3,153
TOTAL	7,312	5,720

(b) Exports—

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	182	4

(ii) From 1st July, 1945, to 18th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1944-45:—

	1945-46.	1944-45.
Exports by sea—		
From Calcutta and Chittagong	1,974	860

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† The Economist.

‡ 1 Bale=400 lbs.

§ By Calcutta is meant the Calcutta Trade Block consisting of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and the Kidderpore Docks.

|| Imports into mills by boat and cart are not recorded.

JUTE (RAW)—contd.**(c) Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 7th June—**

- (1) European Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 17-0 (n).
 (2) Indian Jat Middles (landed Calcutta), per md. Rs. 17-0 (n).

Calcutta, 11th June—

- (1) First, per bale (400 lbs.) { Rs. 87-0 †
 { Rs. 90-0 †
 (2) Lightnings „ „ { Rs. 82-0 †
 { Rs. 85-0 †

London, 30th May—

- Daisee C. & F., per ton £44 10s. 0d.

Production.—The total outturn of jute in season 1945 is estimated at 7,161,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, as against 6,203,000 bales in 1944 (including imports from Nepal).

JUTE BAGS—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	10,139	93
Hessian	136	675

(ii) From 1st January to 18th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of bags.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	90,627	90,928
Hessian	40,040	28,122

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 7th June—**

- B. Twills 2½ lbs. 44×26½", 6×8", per 100 bags Rs. 66-12 (Ready).

- * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † Exports.
 ‡ Mills.
 (n) Nominal.

JUTE CLOTH—**(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	2,599	..
Hessian	115,123	2,002

(ii) From 1st January to 18th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In thousands of yards.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta—		
Sacking	11,868	9,330
Hessian	707,438	486,185

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 7th June—**

- (1) Hessian cloth, 8 oz., 40" 9×10 per 100 yds. Rs. †22 2 0 (Ready).
 (2) Hessian cloth, 10½ oz., 40" 11×12 per 100 yds. Rs. †29 0 0 (Ready).

OILCAKES—**GROUNDNUT CAKE—****Market Quotations—**

- Calcutta, 10th June—
 Groundnut Cake, per md. Rs. 6-8

OILSEEDS—**CASTOR SEED—****Market Quotations—**

- † Bombay, 24th May—
 Small Hyderabad quality F. A., per cwt. Rs. 22-10

London, 30th May—

- Castorseed (Bombay), per ton £ s. d.
 43 10 0

COCONUTS—**Market Quotations—**

- § Cochin, 1st June—
 Coconuts, per 1,000 Rs. 170

COPRA—**Market Quotations—**

- § Cochin, 1st June—
 Fair average quality, per candy of 654 lbs. Rs. 349

- * Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 † Nominal.
 ‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 § Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.

OILSEEDS—contd.**COTTON SEED—****(a) Exports by sea—**

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
From Bombay to Foreign Ports	..	..

(b) Market Quotations—*** Bombay, 15th April—**

- Cotton seed, per Indian Md. Rs. 6-3-0

GINGELLY (SESAMUM) SEED—**Market Quotations—**

- † Bombay, 24th May—
 (1) White, Bold, 85%, per cwt. Rs. 35-0
 (2) Mixed, 50%, per cwt. ..

GROUNDNUTS—**Market Quotations—**

- † Madras, 6th June—
 Machine decorticated, per candy of 500 lbs. Rs. 93-3

† Bombay, 24th May—

- Bombay, Bold, per cwt. Rs. 25-8

London, 18th April—

- Groundnuts (Indian) West Coast, per ton £ s. d.
 38 0 0

LINSEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	734	52
Bombay, by rail and sea	844	2,146
Karachi, by rail and river	..	13
Vizagapatam, by rail	284	..

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	2,673	..
Bombay	3,788	..
Karachi	..	..
Vizagapatam	..	..

- * Price-Current Return furnished fortnightly by the Director of Agriculture, Bombay.
 † Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 ‡ Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.

OILSEEDS—contd.**LINSEED**—contd.**(c) Market Quotations—***** Bombay, 24th May—**

- (1) Bold, per cwt. Rs. 28-0
 (2) Small seed, per cwt. Rs. 25-12

† Calcutta, 7th June—

- Small grain, 5% refraction (with new single bags), per Ind. md. Rs. 17-12 (Ready).

London, 2nd May—

- Linseed, Bombay, per ton £ s. d.
 40 10 0

RAPE AND MUSTARD SEED—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta, by rail and river	185	272
Bombay, by rail and sea	19	3
Karachi, by rail and river	389	1,233

(b) Exports by sea—

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	
	1946.	1945.
Calcutta	..	..
Bombay	..	..
Karachi	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**† Karachi, 6th June—**

- Rapeseed—Crop 1945-46 (excluding bags) Rs. 96 09

- Per candy
 of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs.
 approximately.

*** Bombay, 29th June, 1945—**

- (1) Brown, Cawnpore, per cwt. Rs. 18-0 (n).
 (2) Yellow, „ „ „ Rs. 23-0 (n).

London, 18th April—

- Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £ s. d.
 39 10 0

- * Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.
 † Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 ‡ Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
 § Sind Govt. controlled prices in producing areas, viz., Upper Sind Frontier, Dadu, Larkhana, Sukkur, Nawabshah and Karachi Dists.
 (n) Nominal.

OILS (VEGETABLE)—**CASTOR OIL—****Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 7th June—**

	Per maund f.o.b.
(1) No. 1 Fine Pale	Rs. 56-0-0
(2) Liverpool, good seconds	Rs. 55-8-0
(3) " " thirds	Rs. 54-8-0

† Madras, 6th June—

Castor Oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 240
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COCONUT OIL—**Market Quotations—****‡ Cochin, 1st June—**

Coconut oil—Fair average quality, per candy (654 lbs.).	Rs. 517-0 Ready. Rs. 520-0 One month.
---	--

GROUNDNUT OIL—**Market Quotations—****§ Madras, 1st June—**

Groundnut oil, per candy of 500 lbs.	Rs. 225 Ready.
--------------------------------------	----------------

OILS (MINERAL)—**KEROSENE OIL—****Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 7th June—**

	Rs. A. P.
Kerosene (Superior), per tin of 4 gallons	{ 4 4 3½ 4 7 3¼
Kerosene (Inferior) " " "	{ 3 13 6½ 4 0 6¼

PETROL—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 7th June—**

Petrol, per Imperial gallon	Rs. 1-10-6** ex-pump.
-----------------------------	-----------------------

RICE (not in husk)—

(a) (i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		6,580	6,308

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.
† Supplied by the Collector of Customs, Madras.
‡ Cochin Chamber of Commerce Market Report.
§ Supplied by the Madras Chamber of Commerce.
|| Ex-godown.
¶ When delivered at dealers' premises.
** Inclusive of Provincial Sales Tax.

RICE (not in husk)—contd.

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945—contd.

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries from—			
Calcutta		..	..
Chittagong		..	..
Bombay		..	..
Karachi		..	..
Madras		..	..

(ii) From 1st January to 18th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into—			
Calcutta by rail, river and sea		158,247	187,868
From 1st January to 18th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—			

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to foreign countries—			
From Calcutta		850	14,182

(b) Market Quotations—*** Calcutta, 7th June—**

(1) Seeta, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..
(2) Ballam, No. 1 per B. maund	..	..
(3) Kalma, No. 1 (mill cleaned) per B. maund	..	..

SHELLAC—**Market Quotations—***** Calcutta, 7th June—**

T. N. per B. maund	Rs. 120
--------------------	---------

London, 30th May—

T.N. Orange, per cwt.	£ s. d. 13 15 0
-----------------------	--------------------

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—**(a) Despatches—**

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Refined and unrefined. (In cwt.)	1946.	1945.
From Calcutta by rail, river and sea		2,379	4,835
" Bombay by rail		1,224	2,711
" Karachi " "		..	394

* Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. With effect from the 3rd September 1945, Rice is being supplied by the Government at the following rates:—

	Price ex-Govt. godowns, per maund (including bags) payable by retailers to Govt.
'A' grade Rice	Rs. 23-12-0
'B' grade Rice	Rs. 13-12-0
'C' grade Rice	Rs. 8-12-0

SUGAR (MANUFACTURED)—contd.**(b) Imports by sea—**

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	Java.	Mauritius.	Europe.	Other Countries.	TOTAL.
Imports into—					
Calcutta	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL, 1946	..	..	..	..	..
" 1945	..	..	..	..	..

(c) Market Quotations—*** Cawnpore, 1st June—**

	1946.	1945.
Indian Factory Made—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
First Crystal, per md., ex-factory	{ 16 7 6 17 2 0	{ 16 1 6 16 12 6
Balrampur, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 14 0	16 8 0
Basti, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 12 0	16 6 0
Marhowrah, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	17 2 6	16 12 6
Pilibhit, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	16 11 0	16 5 0
Rosa, Crystal No. I, per md., ex-factory	..	16 7 6

(d) Stocks*—

	(In bags, 10 bags=1 ton.)
† Calcutta (1st June, '46)	7,968 (2nd June, '45) 23,53
Bombay (" ")	.. (" ") ..
Karachi (30th May, '46)	4,932 (24th May, '45) 6,586
Madras (" ")	35,740 (2nd June, ") 45,318

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

† Kidderpore Docks only.

SUGAR, RAW (GUR)—

* Prices (per maund) during week ending 25th May—

	1946.	1945.
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
Refining—		
(1) Siawa Bazar	..	..
(2) Nellikuppam	..	..
Eating—		
(3) Madras	13-9	7-9
(4) Ahmednagar	12-8	12-0
(5) Lyallpur	18-8	10-8
(6) Muzaffarnagar	13-0	9-6
(7) Meerut	..	..
(8) Bhagalpur (second quality)	..	7-4
(9) Daoca (best quality)	27-0	28-0

TEA—**(a) Arrivals—**

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Arrivals into Calcutta by rail, river and sea		2,435	3,939

(b) Exports—

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In thousands of lbs.)	1946.	1945.
Exports by sea—			
From Calcutta		3,799	466
" Chittagong		..	..

(c) Market Quotations—**Calcutta, 4th & 5th June—**

Sale Average—	Rs. 0-15-6
For tea sold for consumption in India, per lb.	

WHEAT—**(a) Imports and Exports—**

(i) During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
		Indian.†	Foreign.
Imports into—			
Calcutta		..	43
Bombay	550	..	13,906
Karachi	4,450	..	8,493

* Supplied by the Director, Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore.

† In the case of Calcutta and Karachi, the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay, by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

WHEAT—contd.

(a) Imports and Exports—contd.

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..

During week ending 18th May, 1946, and corresponding week of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi	..	157	..

(ii) From 1st April to 18th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Imports into—			
Calcutta	..	18,157	641
Bombay	..	951	..
Karachi	..	19,308	16,965

From 1st April to 18th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Exports to Foreign Countries from—			
Calcutta	..	..	..
Bombay	..	..	..
Karachi	..	..	..

From 1st April to 18th May, 1946, and corresponding period of 1945:—

	(In tons.)	1946.	1945.
Coastwise Exports to other ports of India (excluding Sind provincial ports)—			
From Karachi	..	3,713	2,496

(b) Market Quotations—

Bombay, 15th April—

Wheat, per Ind. Md.

Karachi, 7th June—

Punjab White, 5 per cent barley, 3 per cent dirt, 30 per cent red (per candy of 8 mds., i.e., 656 lbs. approximately)

* In the case of Calcutta and Karachi the figures represent the imports by rail, river and sea (coastwise) while in the case of Bombay by rail and sea (coastwise) only.

† Being a rationed article, no quotations are available. The price of wheat charged by Government to authorised retail dealers is Rs.13-1 per Indian Maund.

‡ Being a rationed article, no wholesale quotations at Karachi are available, the retail price being As. 4 per seer or Rs. 10 per maund.

MGIPC—M—II-1-258—19-12-46—3,820,

WHEAT—concl.

(b) Market Quotations—contd.

Lyallpur, 8th & 15th February—

White wheat (1½ per cent dirt, 2 per cent barley), per md., f.o.r. Lyallpur . . . Rs. 9-11-0

Production.—The total production of wheat for 1944-45 is estimated at 10,458,000 tons, as against 9,741,000 tons in 1913-44.

WOOL (RAW)—

Market Quotations—

* Karachi, 5th June—

Kandhar (cleaned) Indian quality . . . Rs. 95
Per md. (82 lbs.)

FREIGHTS.

† Calcutta, 7th June—

	Jute (50 c. ft.) Plus 15% Surcharge.	Linseed (20 cwt.)
London §	s. d. 80 0(n)	s. d. 91 3(n)
Liverpool §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)
Dundee §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)
Glasgow §	80 0(n)	91 3(n)

‡ Bombay, 24th May—

	s. d.
Cotton (40 c. ft.)—	
United Kingdom ports	102 0
Antwerp	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..
Trieste, Venice	..
Seed (16 cwt. and over)—	
Linseed, Rape, etc.—	
United Kingdom ports	92 0
Antwerp	..
Marseilles	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..
Trieste, Venice	..
Light seeds (13 cwt. and under)—	
Cotton, etc.—	
United Kingdom ports	89 0
Marseilles	..
Genoa, Naples, Leghorn	..
Groundnuts—	
United Kingdom ports	93 0

* Karachi Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

† Bengal Chamber of Commerce Prices Current.

‡ Bombay Chamber of Commerce Current Quotations.

§ Less 10% rebate not exceeding 5s. per ton.

(n) Nominal.

REVIEW OF THE SUGAR INDUSTRY OF INDIA FOR THE YEARS ENDING 31st OCTOBER, 1943 and 1944

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REVIEW OF THE SUGAR INDUSTRY OF INDIA FOR THE YEARS ENDING 31ST OCTOBER, 1943 AND 1944.

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I.—INTRODUCTION.

The supply of sugar in India is limited to the quantity produced within the country as, under existing conditions, there is no possible source from which sugar can be imported. The output of the Indian sugar industry being inadequate to meet the full civil and military requirements of the country, sugar has become a scarce commodity, and it has been necessary for the State to assume control over its distribution to prevent profiteering. The producers' profits have been limited, but they are assured a market for all the sugar they can produce. The governments have, also, taken various measures to aid producers in working their units at full capacity. They have imposed restrictions on the production and movement of *gur* in order to prevent the production of *gur* from cane and its becoming more lucrative to growers than the sale of cane to sugar factories. They have also allotted supplies of fuel and chemicals from stocks under their control to sugar factories.

The season 1943-44 was one of full production in the U.P. The crop was good, and the factories were able to secure a fair share of it. The average number of days worked by factories in the province was 131. The season was, however, short in Bihar where the average number of days worked by factories was only 93. The production of white sugar by vacuum pan factories in India was 12.2 lakhs tons. This figure was exceeded only once before, in 1939-40 when the production was 12.4 lakhs tons. The total production of sugar including *khandasari* sugar and sugar refined from *gur*, was 13.7 lakhs tons. The whole quantity was not distributed for consumption during the year, a part being carried over to 1944-45; when the season 1944-45 opened the stocks of sugar held in the country aggregated 2.75 lakhs tons. The country had a self contained economy in regard to sugar. No sugar was imported and little sugar was exported.

II.—SURVEY OF AGRICULTURAL WORK IN INDIA, 1942-43 AND 1943-44.

A.—Position of Sugarcane Varieties in the Provinces, States and Factories (with farms).

I.—IMPERIAL SUGARCANE STATION, COIMBATORE, THE IMPERIAL AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH STATION, DELHI AND THE SUGARCANE SUB-STATION, KARNAL.

The usual varietal work for Delhi conditions was continued; of special interest were the mulching experiments with trash on growth, development and yield of Co. 312. These experiments were duplicated at Karnal with Co. 285, Co. 312 and Co. 313.

Karnal now serves as a live Herbarium where over 500 varieties including rare and valuable ones are being maintained. Certain wild varieties, not flowering at Coimbatore, do flower at Karnal and the pollen of these is used in effecting crosses at Coimbatore.

Bulk crossings were made with Co. 349, Co. 419, Co. 508, Co. 453, Co. 285 and POJ 2878 for introducing important characters. Other seedlings also were used. The sorghum hybrids and the bamboo hybrids were also used. The production of chewing type was attempted. Cytogenetic investigations revealed that fertile pollen could be used in hybridization. The Burma type of S. spontaneus was induced to flower at Coimbatore. Flowering of POJ 2725 was delayed by two months by reducing day length. Potassium nitrate and zinc forced red mauritius to flower at Coimbatore; transport of pollen by post and rail failed. Eleven seedlings were released (Co. 612 to Co. 622).

II.—PROVINCES.

United Provinces.

After highly satisfactory performance, Co. 453 was released to growers in Western U.P. tracts. It is a mid-season variety which has given higher yield than Co. 312 and Co. S. 196 at Muzaffarnagar. Co. 245 appears to be earlier than Co. 545. Besides other varieties Co. K. 36 has given promising performance at Gorakhpur.

About 3,000 seedlings of 1944 batch were raised at Shahjahanpur. Co. K. 30, Co. K. 32 and Co. K. 27 were selected for third year trial and Co. S. 186, and Co. 453 were on plantation trials. Co. S. 245 has been issued for sub-station trials. Co. 466, Co. 557 and C. S. 2 were selected for 2nd year trials. At Muzaffarnagar Co. S. 254 gave highest yield and Co. S. 222 was earliest in maturity, whereas Co. 464, with high sucrose showed a better performance than all other earlies. Co. 467, Co. 552, Co. S. 235 and Co. S. 256 were selected for trial.

At Gokakhpur Co. 453 out-yielded Co. S. 109 and compared favourably in juice quality. Co. K. 30 gave good result. Wherever it was tried Co. 453 gave the highest yields; the next best were Co. 421 and Co. 312 in the Western range, Co. 356 and Co. 421 in the Dehra Dun Tarai and Co. 527 at Shamli and Khatauli. Co. 356 was successful in the eastern districts and Co. S. 186 also gave top yield in the eastern tract.

Bihar.

The area under Co. 313 has extended and average yield of 18 tons per acre has been obtained. Co. 356 has proved to be inferior to Co. 313. On factory farms Co. 395 stood competition with Co. 313 in yield and quality. Due to its greater resistance to borers and jackals it is replacing Co. 356; Co. 508 may prove useful in north-west tracts; Co. 385 and B.O. 9 and B. O. 14 were satisfactory as they gave over 100 maunds better yield; at Patna Co. 453 and Co. K. 32 showed satisfactory performance.

Co. 313 continued to dominate the white sugar belt and covered 75 per cent of the area. Co. 513 was being gradually extended and occupied about 15 per cent of the total area. Co. 356 was being replaced by Co. 395; Co. 508 was released for cultivation. In South Bihar Co. 331 occupied 83 per cent of the cane area and Co. 313 only about 15 per cent; Co. 453 and Co. 513 were released for general cultivation; other varieties were on co-ordinated trials.

Bombay.

Co. 464 and H.H. 632 were found to be almost equal in tonnage to Co. 419 but from *gur* and C.C.S. Co. 464 was the next best to Co. 419.

Orissa.

Co. 213, Co. 419 and Co. 421 are the best Coimbatore canes grown extensively, the latter two are gaining ground. Out of the local seedlings grown eighteen varieties were found to have promising characters and rich in juice. These and three Co. varieties were under trials.

Madras.

Co. 419 still leads; Co. 467, Co. 469 and Co. 473 were promising. Bamboo hybrid Co. 562 possessed vigour quality juice and maximum height.

Bengal.

Twenty-nine varieties were under trials. Co. 508, Co. 557 and Co. 313 were early, Co. 523, Co. 527, Co. 421 and Co. 467 were mid-season and Co. 331 was late; Co. 523 gave the highest yield.

Assam.

Eleven new varieties were under trial (Co. S. 601-611); forty-seven varieties were on the observation plots.

Central Provinces and Berar.

At Bilaspur Co. 349 and Co. 419 as medium and late canes respectively, at Tharsa and Chhindwara Co. 419, Co. 511 and Co. 519 were found to be very promising amongst the newly introduced varieties.

Sind.

Five varieties of Co. canes namely Co. 312, 313, 331, 213 and 421 were growing for varietal tests and final selection.

Punjab.

Early varieties Co. L. 9, Co. L. 4, Co. 540 and Co. K. 31 have given higher yields; Co. L. 9 is definitely the best and will replace Co. 313. Amongst late varieties Co. 421, Co. 453, Co. L. 5, Co. L. 7 have been found to be promising.

In addition to Co. seedlings, Co. L. 4, Co. L. 5 and Co. L. 9 were tried and gave better results than Co. L. 13 at Risalawala. Co. 557 was early and Co. 453 was late.

North-West Frontier Province.

Taking Co. 419 as standard 33 varieties were under trials. Eleven varieties were being multiplied. Medium early varieties were Co. 290, Co. 313, Co. 6; Co. 7527 and Co. K. 31 medium ones were Co. 290, Co. 419, Co. 331, Co. 453, Co. 462. Co. L. 8, 108 and H. M. 645 and Co. 313, Co. L. S. 26 and C. P. 28/11 were semi-medium early.

B.—Summary of Work on Sugarcane Cultivation.

1.—Spacing and Time of Planting, etc.

Cane yields were of the same order for both early February and early March planting, while for early April planting the yield was lower in U.P., increased seed rate in April planting gave increased yield; spacing at 3½ and 3 feet was better than 4 feet.

In C. P. and Berar, the dry method of planting is established at Bilaspur; cane planted in September about 3 months before the usual time was found to be ready for crushing six weeks earlier.

In Sind mid-October planting is found to be superior to mid-November, mid-February or mid-March planting; planting in trenches is superior to flat planting.

In Punjab, planting in rows two feet apart and ridging before monsoon has given higher yields than one foot distance. Wider planting, reduces the seed rate per acre but it reduces yield, whereas early planting, i.e., first week of March is decidedly advantageous and a higher seed rate is essential to get a good yield in case of late planting.

Pre-soaking increased the outturn of cane in the western range. Trials of trench against flat planting were carried out. In Bihar, the right time of planting out namely (last week in January to mid-February) appeared essential to derive maximum advantage of manure and water. At Anakapalle it was found that in water-logged soils planting cane as early as possible (mid-Feb.) was essential.

2.—Manures.

At Pusa in Bihar, complete N P Experiments indicated necessity of trials with 40, 80 lbs. N and 50 and 100 lbs. P₂O₅ per acre single applications gave maximum response.

In Sind no significant difference was noticed due to different levels of N at 50, 100 and 150 lbs. per acre.

In U. P. 100 lbs. N has given significantly higher yields, the effects of P and K were insignificant. In Bihar 40 lbs. of N increased the yield by 81 mds. and 80 lbs. N by 109 mds. over the control yield of 580 mds. per acre. P₂O₅ had no effect. K. neither affected tonnage nor juice quality. At Padegaon, Bombay, K. was found to be of no use. 50 and 100 lbs. P₂O₅ gave increased yields. Nitrogen, 225, 300 and 375 lbs. gave increased yield over lower dose. Molasses applied at 12.5 tons per acre (in 5 instalments of 2.5 tons each) on a crop of 450 lbs. N of Co. 419 at flowering indicated attainment of early maturity without fall in yield.

In the Punjab two doses of N, namely, 140 and 70 lbs. gave 69 and 49 per cent more yield than no manure. In Orissa neither potash nor phosphate application exhibited any response.

3.—Seed sets, tillering, ratooning.

At Kalai farm in U. P. in the ratooning trials, maximum germination was obtained in the 8th week after planting; tillering is appreciably higher in manured ratoons than in plant canes. Plant cane gave better yields than 2nd and 3rd ratoons, and manured ratoons gave better yields than unmanured.

At Pusa, Bihar, it was possible to improve the early stand appreciably by the use of late formed tillers (after July) or those obtained from crop recently topped (2 to 3 days before planting); application of N. manures and irrigation was apparent on the

early stages of growth; in ratooning trials, maximum tiller output was recorded in April, May and July. Ratoons started with a distinct advantage over plant cane in the matter of tiller growth but this advantage was not maintained; juice quantity up to the end of December was in favour of ratoons, second ratoon being better.

At Anakapalle, in Madras, a new cycle of ratoon trials is started and the main varieties are under trials; tillering slows down by the end of May and very few tillers that arose later survived till the end, only 32 per cent of the original tillers survived for harvest, earlier formed tillers flowered more profusely than others.

Co. 419 gave highest yield both as plant and first ratoon and Co. 421 stood second as first ratoon. At Muzaffarnagar the ratoon from trench planting was better than flat planting. Unmanured ratoons were more susceptible to top borer.

4.—Irrigation and water requirements.

Irrigations to cane in Gorakhpur, U.P., did not have the expected appreciative effect on quality or yield.

At Padegaon at two levels of water 95" and 115" per acre, the different intervals showed no effects.

5.—Insects and Diseases.

Control of 'dead heart' borers through the mass release of *Trichogramma* bread at Muzaffarpur, U. P., was tested at Meerut without encouraging results, borer attack before the commencement of tillering adversely affects potential tillering capacity. The life history of monsoon borer (*C. trypetes*) has been studied. Post-monsoon borer (*D. auricilia*) is confined to the Eastern U. P. and showed 10 per cent infestation at Gorakhpur. The top borer infestation of 62 per cent on Co. 312 reduced the yield by about 22.5 per cent; hence a top-borer attacked crop should be harvested early in February before deterioration sets in.

A survey of sugarcane pests carried out in Bihar showed that Co. 313 was infested with borers to a large extent by specially *S. nivella*, *D. Auricilia* and *E. depressella*, namely, top stem and root borer both in North and South Bihar. The top borer did the highest damage in N. Bihar, stem borer was less serious and the root borer was the least pronounced.

In N.-W. F. Province *Pyrrilla* attack was less. In U. P. red-rot was prevalent in the eastern districts but Western U. P. was however free from red-rot and wilt. Wilt was also prevalent in some of the eastern districts. Other diseases occurred only in traces. Over 200 specimens were identified. Isolations from 54 specimens were taken and 17 cultures made for study. Refresher courses were given to A.C.D. Os. for control of red-rot and wilt diseases.

The Dohra Dun borer was studied for its life history. The combined attack of top and stem borer has been observed to decrease the sucrose per cent in juice by about 2.5 per cent; over 1,100 paraffin cards (each 600 eggs) were prepared for *Trichogramma* release trials.

C.—Short Notes of the Work carried out on Factory Farms.

The following notes are prepared from reports received from factories all over India:—

UNITED PROVINCES.

1. *The Neoli Sugar Factory, P. O. Neoli, Dist. Etah.*—The farm area is 600 acres. 100 acres are under cane and the average yield is 700 mds. per acre. Irrigation is done by hydel-tube wells.
2. *The Simboadi Sugar Mills, Ltd., Bakkar.*—The farm area 22 acres; 19 acres are under cane and yield 368 mds. per acre. Irrigation by tube well.
3. *Messrs. Ram Laxman Sugar Mills, Mohiuddinpur.*—Farm area 26 acres. Only 9 acres are under cane; yield is 471 mds. per acre. Irrigation is done by tube well.
4. *Messrs. Jaswant Sugar Mills, Ltd., Meerut.*—The farm area is 25 acres; cane area is 15 acres, and yield is 22 to 29 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by tube well and effluent.
5. *The Daurala Sugar Works, Daurala.*—Farm area is 1,875 acres of which 900 acres are under cane and the yield is about 12½ tons per acre. (Variety is Co. 312.) Irrigation is done by tube wells.

6. *The Vijai Sugar Corporation, Ltd., Dowlala.*—The farm area is 100 acres; 75 acres under cane; yield is 10 to 15 tons per acre.

7. *The Dhampur Sugar Mills, Ltd., Dhampur.*—The farm area is 10,000 acres. The cane area is 3,000 acres; owing to breakdown of tractors only 500 acres were planted; the yield is about 10½ tons per acre. Irrigation is done by tube wells.

8. *The L. H. Sugar Factories and Oil Mills, Kashipur.*—The farm area is 6,007 acres; the cane area is 1,275 acres; canal water is used for irrigation. The yield is about 12 tons per acre.

9. *The Kesar Sugar Works, Baheri.*—The farm area is 1,200 acres; cane area is 575 acres and the yield is 18 to 23 tons per acre. Irrigation by canal and tube well is done.

10. *The Hindustan Sugar Mills, Ltd., Golagokarnath.*—The farm area is 1,600 acres; cane area is 525 acres and the yield is about 18 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by canal water.

11. *The Carew and Company, Ltd., Rosa.*—The farm area is 1,100 acres and 20 acres are under cane; the yield is about 13 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by canal water.

12. *The Barhni Sugar Mills, Barhni.*—The farm area is 1,300 acres; cane area is 325 acres; the yield is about 15 tons per acre. No irrigation is given.

13. *The Ganesh Sugar Mills, Pharenda.*—The farm area is 905 acres; cane area is 400 acres and the yield is about 12½ tons per acre. Irrigation is done by tube well and stream water.

14. *The Mahavir Sugar Mills, Ltd., Siswabazar.*—The farm area is 600 acres. Cane area is 247 acres and the yield is about 6 tons per acre. No irrigation is given.

15. *The Pipraich Sugar Mills Ltd., Pipraich.*—The farm area is 2,830 acres; cane area is 689½ acres. The yield is about 25 tons. Irrigation is done by tube well.

16. *The Shanker Sugar Mills, Captainganj.*—The farm area is 20 acres; cane area is 2 acres and the yield is 14½ tons per acre. Irrigation is done by Kaccha wells.

BIHAR.

17. *The Bharat Sugar Mills, Ltd., Sildhulia.*—The farm area is 421 acres. Cane area is 110 acres and the yield is about 10½ tons per acre. No irrigation is done.

18. *The Cawnpore Sugar Works, Marhowrah.*—The farm area is about 382 acres, and the cane area is 111 acres. The average yield varies from 12 to 15 tons. Only 15 acres were irrigated.

19. *The Behar Sugar Works, Pachrukhi.*—The farm area is 208 acres; cane area is 15 acres and the yield about 12 tons per acre. Irrigation is done from shallow wells.

20. *The Purbapore Sugar Factory, Mairua.*—The farm area is 2,240.8 acres and cane area is 751 acres the average yield is 14 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by tube wells.

21. *The New Swadeshi Sugar Mills, Narkatiaganj.*—The farm area is 1,700 acres; cane area is 380 acres and the yield is about 13 tons per acre. No irrigation is given.

22. *The Champaran Sugar Co., Ltd., Barachakia.*—The farm area is 1,200 acres; cane area is about 445 acres and the average yield is about 14 to 16 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by tube well pumps.

23. *Messrs. Matilal Padampat S. Mills, Co., Ltd., Majhulia.*—The farm area is 1,095 acres. The area under cane is 753.6 acres. The yield about 12 tons. No irrigation is given. On the farm and the Champaran cane concern the yield varies from 20 to 35 tons per acre.

24. *The Motipur Sugar Factory, Ltd., Motipur.*—The farm area is 4,128.38 acres; the cane area is 1,270 acres and the yield is 15 to 20 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by pumping sets in the lake.

25. *The Rayam Sugar Co., Ltd., Rayam.*—The farm area is 40 acres; cane area is 21 acres; the yield is from 12 to 15 tons per acre. No irrigation is done.

26. *The Durbhanga Sugar Co., Ltd., Lohat.*—The farm area is 6.6 acres; cane area is 6.2 acres; the yield is from 7 to 12 tons per acre. No irrigation is done.

27. *Messrs. Rohas Industries, Ltd., Dalmianagar.*—The farm area is 1,100 acres; cane area is 180 acres and the yield is about 10 tons per acre; irrigation is done by tube wells.

28. *The Gaya Sugar Mills, Ltd., Guraru Mills.*—The farm area is 326 acres; cane area is 38 acres, the yield is about 8 tons per acre. Irrigation from the tube well.

BENGAL.

29. *The Ramnugger Cane and Sugar Co., Ltd., Sonopara.*—The farm area is 4,440 acres; cane area is 2,368 acres and the yield is about 18 tons per acre. Irrigation from river pumping sets.

30. *The North-Bengal Sugar Mills, Gopalpur.*—The farm area is 4,000 acres, cane area is 1,200 acres and the yield is about 25 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by tube wells.

MADRAS AND ORISSA.

31. *The Jeypore Sugar Co., Rayagoda.*—The farm area is 200 acres; cane area is 35 acres and the yield is about 20 tons per acre. Irrigation is only for 10 acres.

32. *Messrs. Sri Ram Sugar Mills, Ltd., Bibbili.*—The farm area is 140 acres; cane area is 35 acres and yield is 20 tons per acre. Irrigation is from the tank.

33. *The East India Distilleries and Sugar Factories, Ltd.*—The farm area is 800 acres. Cane area is 402 acres and the yield is 25 to 27 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by pumping sets.

BOMBAY.

34. *The Krishna Sugar Mills, Ltd., Kittur.*—The farm area is 1,344 acres, cane area is 370 acres, the yield is 31 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by lifting water from the Krishna River.

35. *The Ugar Sugar Works Ltd., Ugarkhurd.*—The farm area is 2,106.4 acres; the cane area is 675 acres and the yield is from 20 to 24 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by pumping water from the Krishna River.

36. *The Saswad Mali Sugar Factory, Ltd., Malinagar.*—The farm area is 34 acres and area under cane was 26.5 acres. The yield was 40.6 tons per acre. Irrigation by canal water is done.

37. *The Birhan Maharashtra Sugar Syndicate, Ltd., Borgaon.*—The farm area is 5,700 acres; cane area is 1,592½ acres; the yield is as follows:

Pog. 2878	56 tons
Ek. 28	36 tons
Co. 419	50 tons

Irrigation is done by canal water.

38. *The Godavari Sugar Mills, Ltd., Sakharwadi.*—The farm area is 11,800 acres; cane area is 3,415 acres. The yield is 46.5 tons for Co. 419 and 44.2 tons for Pog. 2878. Irrigation is done by canal water.

39. *The Ravalgaon Sugar Farm, Ltd., Ravalgaon.*—The farm area is 9,094.5 acres, cane area is 1,396.5 acres; the yield is on the average 36.0 tons. Irrigation is done by canal water.

PUNJAB.

40. *The Saraswati Sugar Mills, Abdullapur.*—The farm area is 866 acres, the cane area is 176 acres. The yield is about 11 to 15 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by tube wells.

INDIAN STATES.

41. *The Kolhapur Sugar Mills, Ltd., Kolhapur.*—The farm area is 2,520 acres; cane area is 1,398 acres; the yield is on the average 42 tons for plant and 30 tons for ratoon. Irrigation is done by lifting water from the river.

42. *The Phallan Sugar Works, Ltd., Sakharwadi.*—The farm area is 9,584.25 acres; cane area is 1,839.3 acres and the yield is 47.3 tons per Co. 419 and 31.8 tons for Pog. 2878 per acre. Irrigation is done by canal water.

43. *(Govan Bros.) Rampur, Raza and Buland Sugar Factories, Malkhera Farm.*—The total area is 4,000 acres. The area under cane is 1,047 acres; the average yield is 11.5 tons per acre. Irrigation is done by tube wells and by the canal water to some extent.

III.—SURVEY OF TECHNICAL WORK IN INDIA AND ABROAD.

India.

The Sugar Technologist Association of India held its 12th Annual Convention on the 21st and 22nd October 1943 and the 13th on the 15th and 16th September 1944, at the Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore. The Institute continues to be the place of activities on sugar research; a few factories are also taking interest in research. There is no outstanding development during the years either in India or abroad.

Work has been carried out at various sugar cane Research Stations and factory farms on sugar cane agriculture in all its aspects; technological studies are made in several aspects of the sugar industry so as to bring improvements in the methods of manufacture.

Agriculture.

In the agricultural section a study of shoot production in sugar cane in relation to the millable harvest has been made, the effects of dryage on cane in Bengal have been observed, and the utilization of molasses and sugar cane trash as fertilizers have been investigated for the Deccan canal tracts where intensive sugarcane crops are grown. Besides further observations are made on the preparation of compost from waste products of the sugar industry.

The soils of the Gorakhpur district, a sugarcane area, in which exist 27 factories, have been studied and classified into groups according to clay content; sugar cane manuring has been reviewed in organic manures from the waste products of the sugar industry; production of good sugarcane crops, by clever management, on clay soils has been described in sugar cane cultivation in heavy clay soils; the studies on reclamation of usar (alkali) soils has been reported in the treatment of usar soils by molasses and press mud.

Engineering.

A study has been made on the utilization of sulphitation press mud as fuel in sugar factories. All aspects of the subjects have been thoroughly thrashed out and modification of the furnace has been proposed to burn the mud as a straight fuel; the question of corrosion is also dealt with.

A further test on the sulphitation press mud as fuel has been described in the evaporation test and furnace design for burning press mud; the question of corrosion by flue gases from press mud has been expansively dealt with in the corrosion of flue gases from sulphur bearing fuel.

Juice Clarification and Filtration.

Apparatus and modifications have been proposed for the direct burning of Baluchistan sulphur ore which has been engaging the attention of Technologists. A survey is made of the quality of the lime available for and used by Indian sugar factories; a new method of measuring imbibition efficiency is proposed; as well as a formula and the basis of milling control on purities is offered; in order to reduce sulphur consumption, carbosulphitation has been demonstrated; a comparison is made between sulphur towers and sulphiting tanks; data have been discussed on the purity rise in sulphitation factories in India; further data have been published on the stability of sugars in alkaline and acid solutions; a new method has been proposed for determination of sucrose in solutions at different concentrations; in order to overcome scaling difficulties in evaporators, raw juice circulation in evaporators is proposed.

Mill control on purity basis and clarification of high purity are dealt in their preliminary aspects in two papers. A method of spraying caustic soda solution instead of boiling it has been described in evaporator cleaning.

Boiling.

The subject of pan boiling is receiving fair attention by the technologists and several schemes have been proposed by them, along with pan boiling preliminary study has been made on the colour formation in manufacturing white sugar. The necessity of controlling pan boiling with control instruments has been traced.

A different method of two massecuite system has been proposed in boiling of cane syrup and a modified formula for 'Reduced' Boiling House Recovery for comparison, has been proposed for Boiling House Control; this formula is a modification of Nad Deerls formula.

Miscellaneous.

Importance of boiler feed water has been traced in sugar factories; the other subjects that have received attention are, the possibility of Indian made machinery for sugar factories and for utilization of by-products; deterioration of sugar in storage is presented in a summary and the composition and suitability of bagasse ash has been studied for making inferior bottle glass;

further data on the exhaustibility of molasses has been given in relation to glucose ash ratio and viscosity; separation of sterols have been effected from cane wax; commercial possibilities of molasses fermentation for the production of glycerine have been put forward; a general review of sugar candy manufacture has been made and the utilization of steam has been successfully applied for the manufacture of sugar candy.

Amongst several other subjects dealt with at the annual convention was the national role for sugar factories in future India; it was proposed that factories should endeavour to link with cane producers. Necessity of rational basis for fixing cane prices, distillery practice in India, tintometer in precision determination of ptt. were some of the other subjects which were discussed; utilization of molasses for briquetting charcoal dust and the preparation of filter aids from carbonation press mud has been described. In the modification of Khandasari sugar manufacture, sulphitation has given higher recovery by 1.5 per cent; the work on improvement in sugar candy has been fully dealt with in sugar candy crystallization and crystallizers.

Abroad.

Selection of fire bricks and their general properties as refractories has been studied as applied to Bagasse furnaces in South Africa; a comparative study has been made between electric versus steam driven power transmission for modern cane factories; mill accessories have been fully described by the Mackery Institute of Milling Engineers and the necessity of scraper plates, apron plates and juice and keep rings modifications are traced; in order to obtain a drier feed and to compress blanket of bagasse into a firm mass, the application of pushers for mills has been fully described.

Juice Clarification and Filtration.

A comparative study has been made between the PeTee Process, the killer process and filtration and the conclusion is reached that the cost of operation presses is four to five times that of operating rotary filters and in spite of the initial cost the rotary filters show a definite improvement in performance, for the refinery practice, instead of filtration of the treated melt continuous clarifications by the modification of Williamson clarifier has been advocated in individual cases after careful study of the conditions. In similar practice of producing white sugars by refining Jucolis continuous classifier is advocated, with subsequent sulphuring of the liquor, whereby three crystallizations of white sugar should be obtained without char filtration; this appears to be an attractive proposition for small plants wishing to produce white sugar superior to plantation white without having refinery equipment. In refinery filtration, the difficulty of filtration in the above treatments has been traced to the phosphoric acid and time floe and if this floe could be handled without breaking it would result in easier filtration this is to be accomplished by filter aid; in carbonation factories economy in first filtration with filter aids is the theme of an excellent paper on this subject in which it is shown that with modern high efficiency filter aids substantial economies could be obtained.

The ion exchange clarification has been subjected to a test in the Isabella Sugar Company; this is a beet factory and the filtered juice from double carbonation was subjected to the new process the result obtained showed that a juice of a purity of 98.9 could be obtained with an over all purification efficiency of 87 per cent non-sugar removal; higher efficiency was obtained in removing inorganic non-sugars than organic non-sugars. This is a unique process which may in time if developed properly may result in revolutionizing the present clarification methods.

Evaporation and Heat Economy.

In order to increase the evaporative capacity of sugar factories, a long vertical tube vapour cell with or without a thermocompressor is indicated with boiling temperature of the feed; heating and evaporation are two different processes and higher transfer coefficient and maximum evaporation is obtained in L.V.T. with less surface in comparison with the ordinary standard evaporators of large heating surface requiring heavy idle cost. A full description of operating a modern standard type evaporator is given in multiple effect evaporation in the sugar industry venting, drainage, steam distribution regulation of juice flow, entrainment prevention and typical operating conditions are dealt with attention to syrup density and tube cleaning both inside and outside.

Miscellaneous and By-Products.

Bagasse is successfully utilized in producing different types of insulated boards at the Forest Research Institute, India. A scheme for the production of 1,600 tons Board mill has been given along with the preparation of wrapping Papers and boards.

Destructive distillation of bagasse gives methy alcohol, charcoal and acetic acid. Combustible gases and tar; the yields of these products envisage commercial operation; better yields of charcoal are obtained from bagasse than from hard wood. This charcoal might prove suitable for activation.

Hydrosupercal is used as a filter aid in filtration and this goes to waste when the filter cake is thrown away. Its revivification, after drying, in a continuous furnace, where all the organic matter is burnt away, may give a recovery of 60 per cent of the filter aid. This new product has a higher filtering rate than the original. Two new filter aids namely kytite and dicatite M-23 are usefully employed in refinery practice; kytite is produced by depositing an active absorbent resin on a diatomaceous base; this resin has the property of absorbing iron and calcium ions as well as organic non-sugars. It thus proves to be a complementary to bonechar. It thus can be easily regenerated. Dicatite 14-23 is a valuable filter aid with powerful decolourising properties. This is a diatomaceous earth coated with a layer of decolourising carbon; this can not be regenerated for reuse.

A continuous alcoholic fermentation of molasses is worked out on a laboratory scale and has given good yield compared to normal working. An improved process for the treatment of black strap for the manufacture of alcohol and rum has been described. Further work on motor fuel from molasses has been described in which instead of molasses alone, the tops of cane are milled for production of alcohol so as to utilize this waste material or augmenting alcohol production for conversion into motor fuel. The United States Board of Economic Warfare has developed a process for dehydrating molasses and packing it in a dry form; no details have been given, further work is underway before the process is used on a large scale.

In an excellent paper on the Commercial efficiency Ratings of small cane sugar factories; the relation to costs, losses and profits has been studied on the Technological standards so as to show the need of economic readjustment and higher efficiency and profits.

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IV.—FISCAL

There was no change in the rates of the excise or import duties during the period under review. On November 10, 1943, when the ex-factory prices of all grades of sugar were raised by 13 annas per maund, the Government of India levied a special excise duty at 13 annas per maund on all stocks with factories and dealers. The price of sugar was increased to enable sugar factories to enhance the price of cane. The cane grower would not benefit by the increase, in respect of stocks of sugar with factories and dealers. A special impost at a rate equal to the increase in the price of sugar was, therefore levied on these stocks. A similar special excise duty was imposed on stocks in November 1944, when ex-factory prices of sugar were further increased by Rs. 1-7-0 per maund. The proceeds of these duties were credited to a special fund from which a grant of Rs. 125 lakhs has been made over to the Indian Central Sugarcane Committee for expenditure on projects approved by the Government. The balance amounting to about 70 lakhs rupees has been retained, for compensatory stock holders against losses resulting from a possible future decrease in the price of sugar.

The revenue yields from excise duty on white and khandasari sugar were as shown in Table I:—

TABLE I.—Excise Revenue from White and Khandasari Sugar in 1942-43 and 1943-44.

Month.	GROSS AMOUNT OF EXCISE DUTY REALISED ON			
	Khandasari Sugar.		Sugar other than Khandasari.	
	1942-43.	1943-44.	1942-43.	1943-44.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
April	26,609	24,467	50,79,247	38,03,172
May	28,331	33,560	37,03,000	46,74,669
June	18,205	38,307	30,56,194	31,97,833
July	14,751	26,304	30,11,230	33,76,410
August	4,139	18,363	41,45,585	78,05,618
September	7,536	9,827	42,68,503	49,63,411
October	3,835	24,401	46,78,866	50,05,073
November	7,733	14,877	33,54,189	1,12,83,201
December	9,937	14,064	40,51,316	84,96,138
January	8,145	29,864	28,93,305	53,63,734
February	2,835	55,073	37,84,001	63,10,627
March	27,922	2,31,047	73,12,173	76,01,319
TOTAL	1,60,023	5,08,658	4,80,24,298	7,19,41,304*

*Includes collections under Sugar Ordinance amounting to Rs. 55,78,571.

V.—AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Area under Cane and Yield in terms of Gur.

In the Final General Memorandum on Sugarcane Crop for 1943-44, the area planted with sugarcane in India is estimated at 4,113,000 acres, as against 3,600,000 acres during the previous year, or an increase of 14 per cent; the total estimated yield of raw sugar (Gur) stands at 5,696,000 tons, as against 5,076,000 tons during the previous year, or an increase of 12 per cent. The following Table shows the area in acres and the outturn in tons of Gur or Jaggery by Provinces and States for the preceding two years and the increase or decrease in the current year over the previous year and the average of preceding five years. In addition to the area mentioned above the crop is sown on a small scale in certain other tracts* in India. The average area of these for the last five years has been 155,000 acres with an estimated yield of 215,000 tons of gur.

*Ajmer-Merwara, Gwalior, Kashmir, Central India (Bhopal excepted), Rajputana, Benares State, Cooh Bihar (Bengal), Punjab States and Madras States.

TABLE II.—Area under Sugarcane and Yield of Gur or Jaggery, 1943-44.

Provinces and States.	AREA IN ACRES.			INCREASE (+) OR DECREASE (—) IN THE CURRENT YEAR OVER	
	Current Year 1943-44.	Previous Year 1942-43.	Average of preceding Five Years	Previous Year 1942-43.	Average of preceding Five Years
				Per cent	Per cent
United Provinces (including Rampur States)	2,273,000	1,897,000	1,959,000	+19.8	+16.0
Punjab	552,000	447,000	425,000	+23.5	+29.9
Bihar	422,000	403,000	422,000	+4.7	..
Bengal	839,000	803,000	812,000	+11.9	+8.7
Bombay (including Indian States)	167,000	151,000	147,000	+10.6	+13.6
Madras	155,000	122,000	126,000	+27.0	+23.0
North-West Frontier Province	90,000	77,000	76,000	+16.9	+18.4
Assam	50,000	44,000	41,000	+13.6	+22.0
Orissa	34,000	33,000	33,000	+3.0	+3.0
Central Provinces and Berar	29,000	25,000	30,000	+11.5	—3.3
Sind (including Khanpur State)	5,000	7,000	8,000	—28.6	—37.5
Delhi	3,000	2,000	2,000	+50.0	+50.0
Mysore	40,000	42,000	47,000	—4.8	—14.9
Hyderabad	63,000	35,000	37,000	+80.0	+70.3
Bhopal	6,000	6,000	7,000	..	—14.3
Baroda	5,000	4,000	3,000	+25.0	+66.7
Jaora	1,000	1,000	2,000	..	—50.0
Other Areas	155,000	155,000	150,000	..	+3.3
TOTAL	4,389,000	3,755,000	3,827,000	+16.9	+14.7

Provinces and States.	YIELD OF Gur or Jaggery in TONS.			INCREASE (+) OR DECREASE (—) IN THE CURRENT YEAR OVER	
	Current Year 1943-44.	Previous Year 1942-43.	Average of preceding Five Years	Previous Year 1942-43.	Average of preceding Five Years
				Per cent	Per cent
United Provinces (including Rampur States)	2,894,000	2,609,000	2,287,000	+10.9	+26.5
Punjab	574,000	435,000	385,000	+32.0	+49.1
Bihar	427,000	413,000	429,000	+3.5	—0.5
Bengal	480,000	412,000	473,000	+16.5	+1.5
Bombay (including Indian States)	543,000	464,000	384,000	+17.0	+41.4
Madras	435,000	327,000	364,000	+33.0	+19.5
North-West Frontier Province	100,000	87,000	86,000	+14.9	+16.3
Assam	55,000	46,000	42,000	+19.5	+30.9
Orissa	69,000	64,000	65,000	+7.8	+6.2
Central Provinces and Berar	43,000	38,000	44,000	+13.2	—2.3
Sind (including Khanpur State)	10,000	13,000	14,000	—23.1	—28.6
Delhi	2,000	1,000	1,000	+100.0	+100.0
Mysore	70,000	69,000	76,000	+1.4	—7.9
Hyderabad	121,000	74,000	79,000	+63.5	+83.2
Bhopal	5,000	5,000	6,000	..	—16.7
Baroda	18,000	17,000	12,000	+5.9	+50.0
Jaora	2,000	2,000	3,000	..	—33.3
Other Areas	215,000	247,000	197,000	—13.0	+9.1
TOTAL	6,063,000	5,529,000	4,947,000	+13.9	+22.9

The relative importance of the various Provinces and States from the point of view of Sugarcane cultivation is shown in Table III which gives the area under sugarcane and the yield of *gur* or *jaggery* (average of five years ending with 1943-44) of each Province or State expressed as percentages of the total area and yield for the whole of India.

TABLE III.—Distribution of the Average Sugarcane Area and the Yield of *Gur* or *Jaggery* for the Five Years ending 1943-44.

Province and States.	Average Area (5 years), 1940-44.	Percentage Area of Total.	Average <i>Gur</i> Production (5 years), 1940-44.	Percentage <i>Gur</i> Production of Total.
	(Acres.)		(Tons.)	
United Provinces (including Rampur States).	2,083,000	51.17	2,487,000	46.35
Punjab	485,000	11.91	442,000	8.24
Bihar	432,000	10.81	441,000	8.23
Bengal	320,000	7.86	481,000	8.96
Madras	137,000	3.37	393,000	7.32
Bombay (including States).	158,000	3.88	452,000	8.42
North-West Frontier Province.	84,000	2.06	93,000	1.73
Assam	44,000	1.08	46,000	0.86
Central Provinces	30,000	0.74	44,000	0.82
Orissa	33,000	0.81	66,000	1.23
Delhi	2,000	0.05	1,000	0.02
Sind	8,000	0.20	14,000	0.26
Mysore	46,000	1.13	79,000	1.47
Hyderabad	44,000	1.08	101,000	1.88
Bhopal	7,000	0.17	7,000	0.13
Baroda	4,000	0.10	14,000	0.26
Jaora	1,000	0.02	2,000	0.04
Other Areas	153,000	3.78	203,000	3.78
TOTAL	4,071,000	100.00	5,366,900	100.00

Conditions of Sugarcane Crop during 1943-44.

A.—RAINFALL AND CLIMATE.

United Provinces.—Sowing started as usual in February; germination was good; insects especially white ants and hot winds damaged the crop to some extent; the weather became favourable when the rains started and heavy rains in August and September caused water logging; the months of October and November and December were rainless except for some showers; top borer did some damage in Hamirpur and the wilt and borers in the submountain tract; the conditions, on the whole, were favourable.

Punjab.—The rains in June to September were beneficial and the season was favourable.

Bihar.—Weather conditions were most favourable this year.

Bengal.—Weather conditions at planting and germination were not favourable but later on fairly good conditions developed and the crop was good.

Bombay.—Except in Karnatak where there was insufficient rain conditions were most satisfactory, grasshoppers, borers and red-rot caused some damage in Ahmadnagar and Surat districts; later on red-rot, white ants, jackals and pigs caused some damage in Ahmadnagar and Belgaum districts.

Madras.—The crop had an early setback due to drought but conditions improved later and became favourable. Slight insect attack was reported in the Chingleput district.

N.-W. F. Province.—The conditions were favourable on the whole.

Assam.—Conditions were unfavourable at the start but later on improved and became favourable; local flood caused damage in low areas.

Central Provinces.—Planting was done normally, there was rain in January, February and March. There was little or no rain in May and June and the monsoon came late but the good rains in July, August and September were quite beneficial to the crop. The season was most favourable.

Orissa.—The weather conditions were most favourable except in Balassore where heavy floods in August damaged the crop.

The conditions were favourable for the crop in Sind, Bhopal Delhi and other places.

B.—INSECT PESTS AND DISEASES.

No major attack was reported except that in Bombay where considerable damage was done by insects, wild animals and red-rot in Surat, Ahmadnagar and Belgaum districts; the attacks by insects and diseases in other Provinces were of a minor character.

TABLE IV.—Area under Sugarcane, Yield of *Gur* or *Jaggery* and the Estimated Production of Sugarcane in India.

Year.	Area under Sugarcane.	Gross Production expressed as <i>Gur</i> or <i>Jaggery</i> .	Calculated Total Production of Sugarcane.
	(Acres.)	(Tons.)	(Tons.)
1933-34	3,422,000	5,055,000	52,455,000
1934-35	3,602,000	5,292,000	54,346,000
1935-36	4,154,000	6,102,000	61,202,000
1936-37	4,582,000	6,932,000	67,322,000
1937-38	3,997,000	5,579,000	55,637,000
1938-39	3,270,000	3,572,000	35,851,000
1939-40	3,783,000	4,849,000	47,672,000
1940-41	4,749,000	5,992,000	60,668,000
1941-42	3,671,000	4,549,000	46,491,000
1942-43	3,755,000	5,323,000	54,295,000
1943-44	4,389,000	6,063,000	61,782,000

Estimated Production of Sugarcane.—The above Table IV shows the area under Sugarcane, the yield of *Gur* (or *Jaggery*) and the calculated production of sugarcane in India from 1933-34 to 1943-44.

It will be observed that in 1943-44 there was an increase of 16.88 per cent over the previous year in the total sugarcane acreage (including area under other tracts), 13.90 per cent in the total yield of *gur* and 13.79 per cent in the calculated production of sugarcane.

Improved Varieties of Sugarcane.—The cultivation of improved varieties has continued to increase; Table V shows the area under such varieties in each of the Provinces and States during 1943-44 as compared with previous four seasons. The older improved varieties are being replaced by newer selections everywhere.

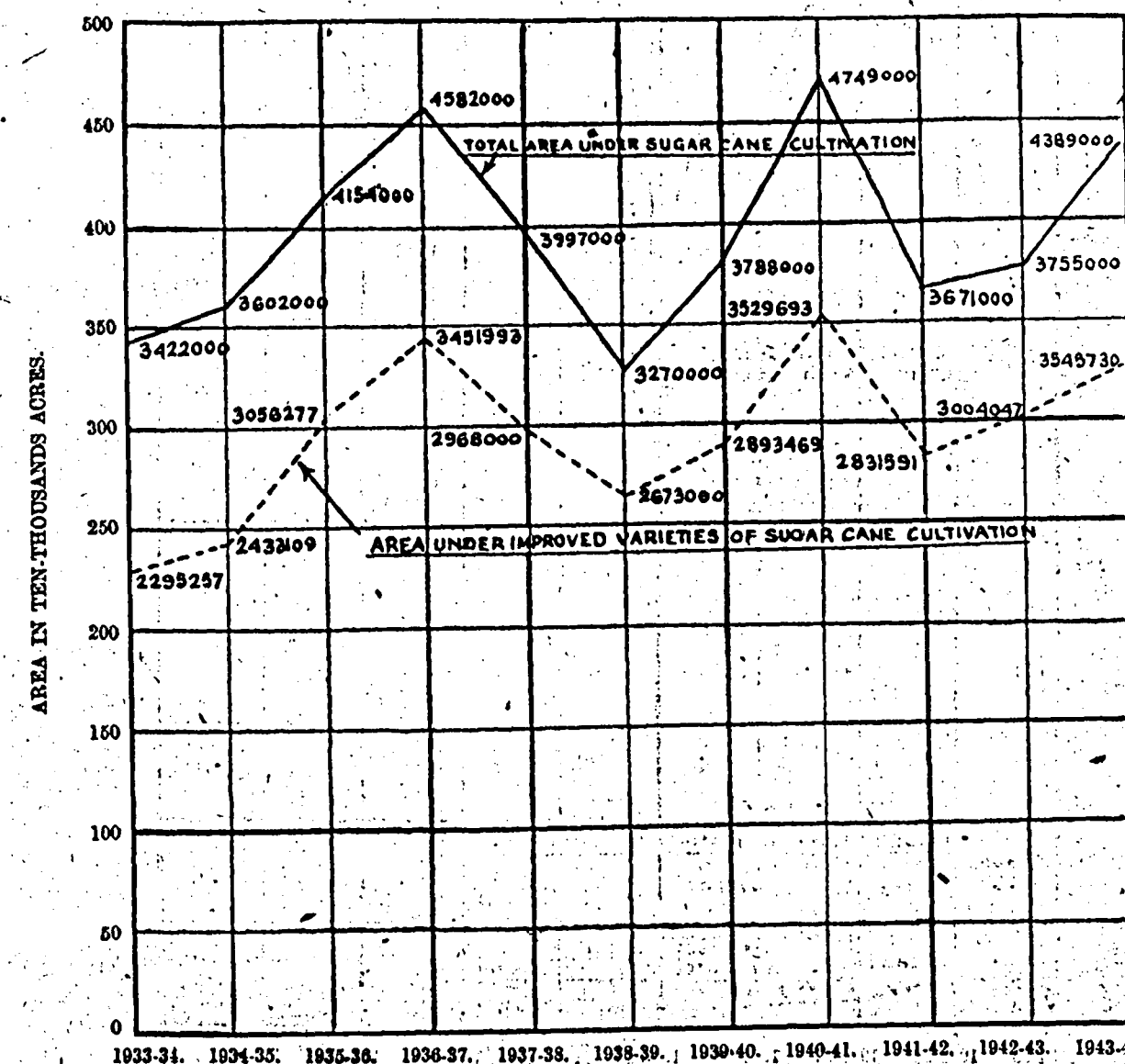
TABLE V.—Area under Improved Varieties of Sugarcane in Different Provinces and States.

Provinces and States.	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.
	(Acres.)	(Acres.)	(Acres.)	(Acres.)	(Acres.)
British India—					
North-West Frontier Province.	65,000	56,800	56,750	..	..
Punjab	272,879	390,240	342,560	321,038	413,917
Sind	8,340	3,785	1,846	727	1,263
United Provinces	1,706,426	2,013,973	1,537,672	1,656,245	2,088,945
Bihar	425,600	491,500	389,700	391,239	408,852
Bengal	282,000	286,795	382,287	271,415	301,790
Assam	13,912	12,965	16,098	16,840	..

TABLE V—contd.

Provinces and States.	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.
	(Acres.)	(Acres.)	(Acres.)	(Acres.)	(Acres.)
British India—contd.					
Central Provinces and Berar.	21,053	21,247	23,558	17,200	21,514
Madras	86,891	126,792	95,269	104,270	118,295
Bombay	65,651	72,182	79,909	85,380	91,151
Indian States.					
Rampur	..	..	27,992	31,825	33,225
Kapurthala	..	..	10,515	12,385	13,984
Patiala	..	..	7,320	3,400	..
Bhawalpur	..	..	9,000	11,000	16,649
Khairpur	..	..	242	121	..
Bikaner	..	..	445	..	..
Mysore	..	..	5,291	6,317	6,510
Cochin	..	..	9,150	17,209	18,694
Kolhapur	..	..	738	862	1,057
Phaltan	..	..	5,500	22,500	17,584
Travancore	..	..	2,800	3,170	3,261
Mewar	..	1,000	9,275	10,827	10,267
Jaora	..	..	8,091	18,555	1,451
Holkar	..	..	..	1,432	3,428
Gwalior	..	..	..	..	28,938
TOTAL	2,893,469	3,529,093	2,831,591	3,004,047	3,545,730

Graph A.—Showing the Total Area under Sugarcane and the Area under Improved Varieties in India from 1933-34 to 1943-44.



VI.—MANUFACTURING.

Out of 164 cane factories existing in India, 150 worked during the season 1942-43 and 151 during 1943-44.

The production of white sugar directly from cane totalled 1,070,700 tons in 1942-43. This is 37.6 per cent higher than the production in 1941-42 when crushing in U. P. and Bihar were restricted by the Provincial governments. The production rose to 1,216,400 tons in 1943-44. This increase was mainly due to the higher output in U. P. The Province had a record output

of 7.2 lakhs tons of white sugar. Sugar factories received plentiful supplies of cane, thanks to an excellent crop, and the restrictions imposed in the manufacture and marketing of *gur* under the Gur Control Order.

The production of sugar directly from cane, by refining *gur*, and by the *khandsari* process during the last ten years is shown in the Table below. These have been graphically represented in Graph B.

GRAPH B.—SHOWING PRODUCTION OF SUGAR IN INDIA FROM 1933-34 TO 1943-44.

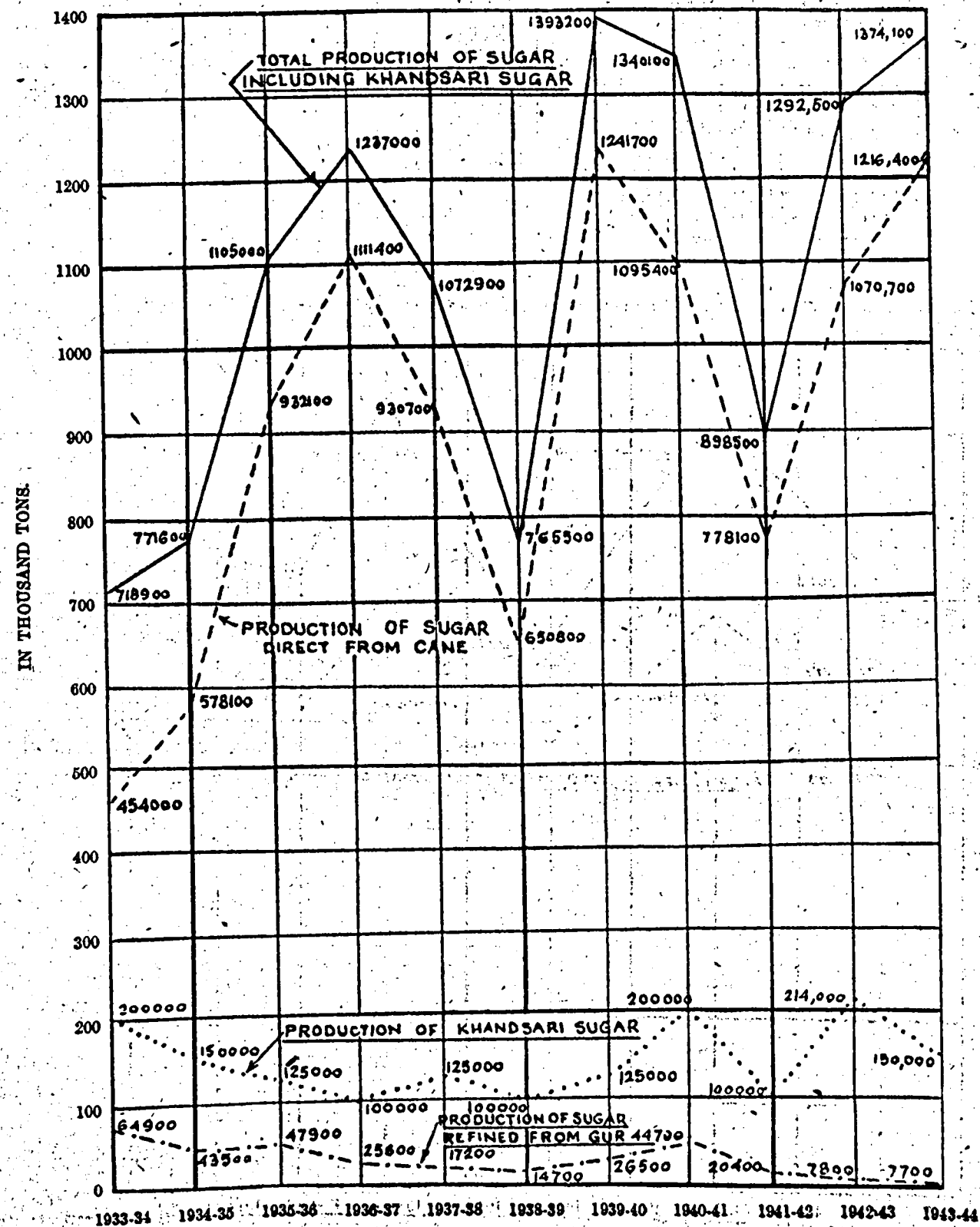


TABLE V.—Production of Sugar in India by Cane Factories, Gur Refineries and Khandsaris.

Year.	Number of Factories that produced Sugar direct from Cane.	Production direct from Cane.	Number of Factories that refined Gur.	Production of Sugar refined from Gur (Nov.-Oct.).	Production of Khandsari Sugar.	Total Production of Sugar.
		Tons		Tons	Tons	Tons
1933-34	112	454,000	16	64,900	200,000	718,900
1934-35	130	578,100	12	43,500	150,000	771,600
1935-36	137	932,100	13	47,900	125,000	1,105,000
1936-37	137	1,111,400	9	23,600	100,000	1,237,000
1937-38	136	930,700	10	17,200	125,000	1,072,900
1938-39	139	650,800	10	14,700	100,000	765,500
1939-40	145	1,241,700	11	26,500	125,000	1,393,200
1940-41	148	1,095,400	14	44,700	200,000	1,340,100
1941-42	150	778,100	11	20,400	100,000	898,500
1942-43	150	1,070,700	5	7,800	214,000	1,292,500
1943-44	151	1,216,400	4	7,700	150,000	1,374,100

The Production of sugar in the different Provinces is shown in the table below :—

TABLE VI.—Production of Sugar in Various Provinces.

Provinces.	1938-39.	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
United Provinces	394,200	760,300	682,000	461,000	763,100	832,500
Bihar	168,600	328,800	256,100	122,300	248,100	219,900
Punjab	15,100	24,200	33,800	21,000	28,000	28,200
Madras	38,000	47,000	64,400	45,600	44,000	52,000
Bombay	57,300	75,500	94,800	90,000	88,600	88,700
Bengal	14,900	45,800	64,600	26,400	27,200	21,100
Other Provinces and States	81,400	111,000	144,400	129,200	92,600	133,700
TOTAL	765,500	1,393,200	1,340,100	898,500	1,292,500	1,374,100

The highest and the lowest number of days worked by any factory, and the average number of days worked by factories, in U. P., Bihar and the rest of India in the seasons 1939-40 to 1943-44 are shown in Table VII :—

TABLE VII.—Number of Days of Actual Working of Factories during the Season 1939-40—1943-44.

	1939-40.			1940-41.			1941-42.			1942-43.			1943-44.		
	No. of Days Worked by any Factory.			No. of Days Worked by any Factory.			No. of Days Worked by any Factory.			No. of Days Worked by any Factory.			No. of Days Worked by any Factory.		
	Maxi-mum.	Mini-mum.	Aver-age.	Maxi-mum.	Mini-mum.	Aver-age.	Maxi-mum.	Mini-mum.	Aver-age.	Maxi-mum.	Mini-mum.	Aver-age.	Maxi-mum.	Mini-mum.	Aver-age.
United Provinces	176	74	133	148	58	100	121	30	78	154	46	112	180	80	131
Bihar	166	104	136	123	73	100	89	30	54	162	58	96	129	8	93
All Other Provinces	203	80	119	264	41	144	313	32	117	278	12	89	255	5	110
All-India	203	30	129	264	41	113	313	30	85	278	12	101	255	5	117

The highest and the lowest recoveries for any factory in the tract and the average recovery for tract for U. P., Bihar and the rest of India in the season 1941-42 to 1943-44 are shown in Table below :—

TABLE VIII.—Percentage Recovery of Sugar from Cane during the Season 1943-44 to 1941-42.

Particulars.	1943-44.				1942-43.				1941-42.			
	U. P.	Bihar.	All Other Provinces.	All-India.	U. P.	Bihar.	All Other Provinces.	All-India.	U. P.	Bihar.	All Other Provinces.	All-India.
Maximum	11.79	11.62	12.84	12.84	11.72	11.92	13.35	13.35	11.22	12.05	12.45	12.45
Minimum	6.0	2.27	2.35	2.27	7.83	9.11	5.00	5.00	7.74	8.82	5.30	5.30
For the tract as a whole	9.92	10.53	9.94	10.02	10.16	10.93	9.95	10.28	9.87	10.35	9.22	9.69

Recoveries were generally high in season 1942-43. The recoveries increased by 0.29 per cent in U. P., 0.58 per cent in Bihar and 0.73 per cent in the rest of India. The recovery of Sugar was particularly high in Bihar where no factory extracted less than 9 per cent.

In 1943-44, the recoveries decreased by 0.24 per cent in U. P., 0.40 per cent in Bihar and 0.01 per cent in the rest of India. The decrease is probably due to the longer season. In 1942-43 crushing was confined to the period when fully mature cane was available. In 1943-44 the season had a longer span, and included periods when the cane was either immature or overripe.

The detailed distribution of recoveries is given in Table IX.

TABLE IX.—Distribution of Recovery of Sugar.

Recovery of Sugar per cent Cane.	1941-42.				1942-43.				1943-44.			
	NO. OF FACTORIES WITHIN THE GIVEN LIMITS OF RECOVERY.											
	U. P.	Bihar.	All Other Provinces.	All-India.	U. P.	Bihar.	All Other Provinces.	All-India.	U. P.	Bihar.	All Other Provinces.	All-India.
11 and higher.	1	9	1	11	6	14	4	24	4	8	7	19
10.5 to 10.9	6	4	3	13	14	8	3	25	12	11	6	29
10.0 to 10.4	20	7	3	30	21	4	7	32	18	3	6	27
9.5 to 9.9	21	5	7	33	18	3	8	29	17	4	8	29
9.0 to 9.4	17	3	9	29	8	2	4	14	12	2	4	18
8.5 to 8.9	3	3	5	11	1	..	4	5	5	2	6	13
8.0 to 8.4	..	..	4	4	1	..	5	6	..	..	2	2
7.5 to 7.9	2	..	4	6	2	..	4	6	..	..	3	3
7.0 to 7.4	..	..	6	6	..	..	4	4	1	..	..	1
6.0 to 6.9	..	..	5	5	..	..	2	2	1	..	7	8
5.0 to 5.9	..	..	2	2	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
Below 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2
TOTAL	70	31	49	150	71	31	48	150	70	31	50	151

VII.—ALL-INDIA SUGAR TRADE.

(a) *Exports.*—Exports of sugar by sea from British India during the official years 1942-43 and 1943-44 amounted to 20,019 tons and 7,846 tons valued at Rs. 7,910,477 and Rs. 3,651,870 respectively as against 6,191 tons valued at Rs. 1,463,434 in the year 1941-42.

(b) *Imports of Foreign Sugar.*—Imports of sugar into British India by sea during the official year 1942-43 and 1943-44 amounted to 563 tons and 21 tons valued at Rs. 186,759 and Rs. 12,900, respectively, as against 48,637 tons valued at Rs. 10,609,348 in the year 1941-42. In 1941-42, 39,670 tons of Java sugar was imported into India. Since then there have been no imports from Java, the island being now completely isolated from India.

The table below shows the imports of different descriptions of sugar into British India by sea :—

TABLE X.—Imports of Sugar, of All Kinds, excluding Molasses.

Countries from which Imported.	1913-14 (Pre-war).	1938-39.	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	tons.
United Kingdom	900	4,211	13,529	29	13	2	4
Union of South Africa	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
Java	583,000	24,510	283,160	16,118	39,690	..	..
Commonwealth of Australia	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Straits Settlements.	2,900	2	253	58	1,788	..	..
China and Hongkong	1,500	2,592	2,388	2,116	872	560	..
Egypt	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Portuguese East Africa	..	..	668	450	6,271	..	..
U. S. A.	..	..	..	..	..	..	9
Other Countries	214,700	1,400	1,709	7	3	1	..
TOTAL, ALL COUNTRIES	803,000	32,715	251,707	18,778	49,637	563	21

(c) *Imports of sugar by land during the official years 1942-43 and 1943-44.*—Negligible.

(d) *Re-exports.*—The re-exports of foreign sugar from British India during the official years 1942-43 and 1943-44 amounted to 29,193 tons and 195 tons valued at Rs. 10,665,583 and Rs. 1,29,108, respectively, as against 27,304 tons valued at Rs. 7,093,629 in the year 1941-42.

TABLE XI.—Re-exports of Sugar from British India.

Particulars.	QUANTITY.			VALUE.		
	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sugar 23 D. S. and above— To Palestine	..	300	..	..	74,000	..
„ Adon and Dependencies	2,334	2,586	..	5,73,052	7,22,049	..
„ Bahrain Islands	1,551	849	..	4,46,090	2,49,999	..
„ Ceylon	9	252	..	2,225	1,07,820	..
„ Maskat Territory and Trucial Oman	..	3,650	195	..	15,48,082	1,29,108
„ Syria	..	475	..	..	1,55,780	..
„ Arabia	11,944	2,811	..	32,56,988	10,20,985	..
„ Koweit	..	2,768	..	..	9,20,580	..
„ Iraq	..	4,064	..	..	15,41,482	..
„ Iran	..	10,974	..	..	41,63,026	..
„ Egypt	..	300	..	..	72,000	..
„ Other Countries	..	51	..	..	10,930	..
TOTAL	27,226	29,080	195	70,67,809	1,06,04,733	1,29,108
Sugar below 23 D. S. but not below 16 D. S.	78	113	..	25,820	60,850	..
Sugar 15 D. S. and below	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL (ALL KINDS)	27,304	29,193	195	70,93,629	1,06,65,583	1,29,108

(e) *Export by land* amounted to 14,622 tons and 7,532 tons respectively during the years under report.

(f) *Consumption.*—In the absence of direct consumption statistics, the amount of sugar actually consumed in India cannot be stated with precision. It is, however, estimated that 1,238,000 tons sugar was available for consumption during the crop year 1943-44 (November to October) against 1,228,000 tons in 1942-43 and 1,132,000 tons in 1941-42. The quantities of sugar available for consumption from various sources are shown in Table XII. In calculating these figures no allowance has been made for the difference between the initial and closing "invisible" stock or stocks with dealers in minor inland markets. The import of sugar into British India across the land frontiers with the French and Portuguese Settlements have also not been taken into account. The error on account of these is, however, believed to be small.

TABLE XII.—Sources of Supply of Sugar required for Consumption in India (November/October).

Particulars.	1932-33.	1933-34.	1934-35.	1935-36.	1936-37.	1937-38.	1938-39.	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Initial Stocks— (1) In Ports	19,176	9,057	21,630	11,189	23,694	22,000	20,000	51,000	12,200 (Revised.)	29,644	5,361	13,574
(2) In Principal Inland Markets.	..	..	8,366	7,994	8,330	15,000	15,000	17,000	24,600	13,100	3,190	4,371
(3) With Factories	..	..	..	4,000	130,000	170,000	67,000	28,000 (Revised.)	888,824 (Revised.)	352,100	91,891	134,165
Production of Sugar— (a) Direct from cane	290,177	453,965	578,115	932,100	1,111,400	930,700	650,800	1,241,700	1,095,400	778,100	1,070,700	1,216,400
(b) Refused from gur	77,995	61,890	43,500	47,878	25,600	17,200	14,700	26,500	44,700	20,400	7,800	7,654
(c) Khandsaria	275,000	200,000	150,000	125,000	100,000	125,000	100,000	125,000	200,000	100,000	214,000	150,000
Imports of Sugar by Sea	324,400	245,300	200,100	93,800	16,001	8,988	237,147	31,003	27,934	23,843	8	14
Imports of Sugar by Sea into Kathiawar Ports.	64,000*	87,094	113,400	43,200	12,870	12,238	77,000	32,743	15,283	6,608	..	..
TOTAL SUPPLY	1,050,748	1,060,306	1,115,111	1,263,159	1,424,885	1,301,124	1,201,847	1,556,846	1,808,941	1,823,795	1,302,950	1,526,178
Re-export of Sugar by Sea	3,587	11,900	2,157	6,206	5,533	131	4,169	23,127	12,191	45,441	1,001	..
Export of Sugar by Sea	358	434	357	449	10,640	8,664	2,092	6,628	588	25,999	6,760	4,561
Export of Sugar by Land	31,957	80,607	29,939	27,667	35,064	31,100	31,000	26,167	25,553	20,156	4,975	7,547
Closing Stocks— (1) In Ports	9,057	21,630	11,189	23,684	22,000	20,000	51,000	12,800	20,644	5,361	13,574	5,742
(2) In Principal Inland Markets.	..	..	7,994	8,330	15,000	15,000	17,000	24,600	13,100	3,190	4,371	4,882
(3) With Factories	..	..	4,000	130,000	170,000	67,000	23,000	300,000	352,100	91,891	134,165	265,547
TOTAL to be deducted	44,057	64,571	51,635	103,336	258,237	141,899	128,261	493,322	433,176	192,038	161,836	288,279
Quantity Consumed (to the nearest thousand).	1,006,690	995,735	1,059,000	1,074,090	1,167,000	1,159,000	1,073,000	1,074,000	1,376,000	1,132,000	1,228,000	1,238,000

NOTE.—Burma has been excluded since 1936-37.

* Figures relate to official year April to March.

† Narayanganj, Chittagong, Gauhati, Bhagalpur, Patna, Bareilly, Meera, Ambala, Jalandhar, Amritsar, Peshawar, Vizianagaram, Rajahmundry, Cochin, Calcutta, Visagapatnam, Coconada, etc.

VIII.—SUGAR TRADE IN THE PROVINCES.

The inter-provincial movement of sugar has, since April 1942, been controlled by a system of permits. The Sugar Controller for India allots a consumption quota to each Province and specifies the factories which are to supply the quota. Powers have been delegated to Provincial authorities to regulate the movement of sugar within their respective Provinces and to fix retail and wholesale prices. The retail and wholesale prices in the various markets would be fixed, taking into account the ex-factory price, the rates of freight from the factories to markets and the wholesale and retail dealers' incidental charges and profit and subject to the general instructions of the Sugar Controller for India. Factories are prohibited from selling sugar to any one except dealers recognized by the Controller or a person authorised to buy sugar on behalf of the Central or a Provincial Government.

The quotas allotted by the Sugar Controller for India for civil domestic consumption in various Provinces in 1942-43 and 1943-44 (December to November) are shown in Table XIII.

TABLE XIII.—Civilian Consumption Quotas allotted by the Sugar Controller for India during the Years 1942-43 and 1943-44 (December to November).

Quota Areas.	1942-43.			1943-44.		
	Quota from local Production (excludes Khandasari).	Allotment from U. P. and Bihar (includes Khandasari).	Total Quota for the year (includes Khandasari).	Quota from local Production (excludes Khandasari).	Allotment from U. P. and Bihar (excludes Khandasari).	Total Quota for the year (includes Khandasari).
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Assam	..	12,000	12,000	..	18,000	18,000
Baluchistan	..	3,800	3,800	..	4,800	4,800
Bengal and States	18,600	115,400	134,000	19,477	129,523	149,000
Bombay and States	73,700	114,800	188,500	77,275	131,225	208,500
C. I. States	7,200	13,600	20,800	11,372	9,528	20,900
C. P. States	..	30,000	30,000	..	31,000	31,000
Delhi	..	16,000	16,000	..	17,500	17,500
Hyderabad	12,300	2,700	15,000	18,000	10,000	28,000
Jammu and Kashmir	..	5,000	5,000	..	6,000	6,000
Madras and States	47,225	42,425	89,650	50,985	53,415	104,400
N.-W. F. P.	3,200	12,300	15,500	6,253	10,247	16,500
Orissa	2,000	5,000	7,000	1,800	6,310	8,110
Punjab and States	10,800	130,200	141,000	23,336	131,664	155,000
Rajputana	1,500	28,600	30,100	2,179	28,803	30,982
Sind and States	2,000	20,500	22,500	..	20,500	20,500
TOTAL	176,825	556,825	733,650	200,567	605,015	805,582
Bihar	..	46,500	46,500	..	52,000	52,000
U. P.	..	137,000	137,000	..	138,500	138,500
GRAND TOTAL	176,825	730,825	870,650	200,567	743,515	944,082

Table XIV shows the imports and exports of sugar by rail and river for the different Provinces and States.

TABLE XIV.—Imports and Exports of Sugar by Provinces and States according to the Rail and River-borne Trade Returns. (Period—November to October.)

Provinces (including States).	1941-42.		1942-43.	
	Imports by Inland Trade.	Exports by Inland Trade.	Imports by Inland Trade.	Exports by Inland Trade.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Punjab	169,856	11,088	161,445	4,729
United Provinces	7,645	402,632	11,879	435,721
Bihar	4,479	151,837	702	158,080
Bengal	93,653	5,847	111,303	2,762
Madras	40,418	9,020	47,523	267
Bombay	156,415	9,248	120,951	576
Assam	11,551	885	8,318	80
C. P. and Berar	37,255	503	30,993	104
Sind and British Baluchistan	54,354	428	38,980	142
Orissa	5,493	1,843	5,657	261
N.-W. F. P.	13,022	3,061	15,133	1,683
Delhi	15,773	1,978	9,361	35
Mysore	1,310	13,384	141	1,925
Hyderabad	6,172	452	1,551	57
Kashmir	4,102	416	2,479	10
Central India	27,162	3,412	14,591	803
Rajputana	58,161	987	21,061	167

IX.—ALL-INDIA GUR TRADE.

Production and Consumption.—The net production of gur in India in 1942-43 and 1943-44 were 3,015,000 tons and 3,499,000 tons respectively.

All the gur produced in India is available for consumption within the country with the exception of small quantities exported by land. The table below gives the calculated net production of gur in India during the last 10 years.

TABLE XV.—Calculated Net Production of Gur in India for direct Consumption.

Year.	Calculated net Production of Gur.
	Tons
1934-35	3,701,000
1935-36	4,101,000
1936-37	4,208,000
1937-38	3,364,000
1938-39	2,131,000
1939-40	2,441,000
1940-41	3,414,000
1941-42	2,820,000
1942-43	3,015,000
1943-44	3,499,000

N.B.—The net production of Gur is calculated by deducting from the yield of cane expressed in terms of gur (as published in "The Final General Memorandum on the Production of Principal Crops in India" by the D. G., C. I. and S., (Calcutta) the gur equivalent of cane used for purposes other than gur manufacture.

X.—GUR TRADE IN THE PROVINCES.

Table XVI shows the net production of Gur in the different Provinces and States during 1941-42, 1942-43 and 1943-44 (November—October).

TABLE XVI.—Net Production of Gur in India (November/October) by Provinces and States.

Provinces and States.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.
	Tons	Tons	Tons
U. P. (including States)	1,034,000	1,292,000	1,395,000
Punjab	318,000	320,000	446,000
Bihar	200,000	112,000	182,000
Bengal	346,000	309,000	375,000
Madras	202,000	217,000	290,000
Bombay (including States)	282,000	283,000	337,000
N.-W. F. Provinces	74,000	71,000	70,000
Assam	39,000	39,000	43,000
C. P. and Berar	37,000	32,000	37,000
Orissa	51,000	52,000	57,000
Sind	11,000	9,000	7,000
Delhi	1,000	900	2,000
Mysore	40,000	43,000	39,000
Hyderabad (Deccan)	51,000	49,000	50,000
Baroda	13,000	14,000	13,000
Bhopal	4,000	3,000	1,000

No reliable estimates can be framed of the consumption of gur in different Provinces. Statistics of inter-Provincial movements of gur by road are not available. In respect to exports and imports by rail and river only combined figures for gur, rab and molasses are available.

The table below shows the imports and exports of gur, rab and Molasses for the different Provinces and States.

TABLE XVII.—Imports and Exports of Gur, Rab, Molasses, etc., into and from the Provinces and States.

Provinces and States.	PERIOD—NOVEMBER TO OCTOBER.			
	1941-42.		1942-43.	
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons
United Provinces	3,280	271,762	1,586	398,628
Punjab	154,654	7,002	190,538	25,134
Bihar	13,078	32,182	22,358	45,267
Bengal	59,715	4,855	66,794	7,724
Madras	3,887	23,308	961	6,375
Bombay	40,467	23,147	66,058	9,441
Assam	8,106	732	13,123	74
C. P. and Berar	37,796	772	50,736	1,464
Sind and British Baluchistan	23,131	82	36,074	631
Orissa	2,538	1,121	3,077	1,929
North-West Frontier Province	401	60,158	500	61,496
Delhi	2,522	5,907	1,573	705
Mysore	1,112	7,248	761	133
Hyderabad	10,433	963	13,569	190
Rajputana	70,036	1,036	72,103	1,053
Central India	12,286	4,170	20,859	3,122
Kashmir	1,312	3	2,775	1

XI.—ALL-INDIA TRADE IN MOLASSES.

The table below shows the production of molasses by Cane Sugar Factories, Gur Refineries and Khandasari in India during the seasons 1941-42, 1942-43 and 1943-44.

TABLE XVIII.—Production of Molasses by Cane Sugar Factories, Gur Refineries and Khandasari in India during the Seasons 1941-42, 1942-43 and 1943-44.

Production of Molasses.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.
	Tons	Tons	Tons
By Cane Factories	202,900	369,100	438,700
By Gur Refineries	7,000	2,700	3,800
By Khandasari	100,000	214,000	150,000

The production of molasses by gur refineries relates to calendar years. The total production during the years 1942-43 and 1943-44 (Nov./Oct.) is estimated to be 587,000 tons and 592,000 tons respectively, against 405,000 tons in 1941-42.

Imports of molasses by sea into British India during the official years 1942-43 and 1943-44 were negligible. They were of the value of Rs. 480 and Rs. 8 only as against Rs. 63 in 1941-42. The quantity of molasses exported by sea cannot be known. But the export of molasses and palmyra and cane jaggery by sea during the official years 1942-43 and 1943-44 amounted to 10,726 tons and 1,265 tons valued at Rs. 2,885,693 and Rs. 575,270 respectively, against 12,652 tons valued at Rs. 1,715,014 in 1941-42.

XII.—SUGAR PRICES.

The ex-factory prices fixed for various grades of sugar by the Sugar Controller for India, were increased by Rs. 2-5-0 per md. on the 1st January, 1943, and by a further 13 as. per maund on the 10th November 1943. The Schedule of prices effective during November 1943 to October 1944 is shown below :—

	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
AAA	..	..	..	..	15 5 6	15 7 0	15 9 0	15 10 6	15 12 8	15 14 0
AA	..	..	..	..	15 3 6	15 5 0	15 7 0	15 8 6	15 10 6	15 12 0
A	..	14 11 0	14 13 6	14 15 6	15 1 6	15 3 0	15 5 0	15 6 6	15 8 6	15 10 0
B	..	14 8 6	14 11 0	14 13 0	14 15 0	15 0 6	15 2 6	15 4 0	15 6 0	15 7 6
C	..	14 6 6	14 9 0	14 11 0	14 13 0	14 14 6	15 0 6	15 2 0	15 4 0	15 5 6
D	14 1 0	14 5 0	14 7 6	14 9 6	14 11 6	14 13 0	14 14 6	15 0 6	15 2 6	15 4 0
E	13 15 6	14 3 6	14 6 0	14 8 0	14 10 0	14 11 6	14 13 6	14 15 0	15 1 0	15 2 6
F	13 14 6	14 2 0	14 5 0	14 7 0	14 9 0	14 10 6	14 12 6	14 14 0	15 0 0	15 1 6
G	13 13 6	14 1 6	14 4 0	14 6 0	14 8 0	14 9 6	14 11 6	14 13 0	14 15 0	15 0 6

2. Price per maund of crushed sugar, for sale ex-factory, according to grade, shall be as given below :—

Grade.	Price per maund.
	Rs. A. P.
13	15 2 0
12	14 15 0
11	14 13 0
10	14 11 0
9	14 8 0
8	14 5 0

3. Price per maund of refined sugar, for sale ex-factory, according to grade, shall be as given below :—

Grain size.	27	28	Above 28.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
AAA	16 6 0	16 8 0	16 10 0
AA	16 4 0	16 6 0	16 8 0
A	16 2 0	16 4 0	16 6 0
B	16 0 0	16 2 0	16 4 0
C	15 14 0	16 0 0	16 2 0
D	15 12 0	15 14 0	16 0 0
E	15 11 0	15 13 0	15 15 0
F	15 10 0	15 12 0	15 14 0
G	15 9 0	15 11 0	15 13 0

XIII.—GUR PRICES.

A Statement showing the monthly average prices quoted for Gur in important Gur Markets during the period November 1942-October 1944 is given below.

TABLE XIX.—Statement showing the Monthly Average Price of Gur per maund for the years 1942-43 and 1943-44 (November-October).

Month, Year (1942-43).	Ahmednagar.	Lyallpur.	Muzaffarnagar.	Meerut.	Bhagalpur.	Dacca.	Calcutta.	Madras.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1942.								
November	10 7 5	10 2 0	9 11 6	9 7 0	8 12 0	16 10 0	18 0 0	5 12 0
December	12 11 8	8 5 9	8 9 3	6 11 4	8 9 0	19 2 8	18 0 0	5 12 0
1943.								
January	14 1 0	10 5 6	8 3 11	7 6 0	8 3 0	15 0 0	18 0 0	5 12 0
February	13 10 3	8 15 4	7 9 4	7 6 0	8 3 0	15 0 0	18 0 0	Not available.
March	15 9 6	8 8 0	8 3 4	8 9 0	8 3 0	15 0 0	18 0 0	..
April	16 0 4	9 2 0	10 2 0	10 12 0	12 4 0	17 0 0	19 0 0	12 9 6
May	17 5 8	Not available.	11 10 8	10 8 0	12 4 0	19 2 2	19 0 0	12 7 4
June	16 12 9	11 10 8	11 2 8	8 18 4	12 4 0	20 0 0	19 0 0	12 10 0
July	15 6 6	11 0 10	7 14 8	8 10 8	12 5 7	21 3 2	20 0 0	11 12 6
August	14 0 3	10 12 0	8 0 0	8 5 4	12 8 0	30 0 0	20 0 0	11 12 6
September	14 5 8	18 0 0	Not available.	11 0 0	12 8 0	39 0 0	24 0 0	11 5 0
October	15 7 6	13 8 0	..	11 8 0	12 4 10	80 9 7	24 0 0	Not available.

TABLE XIX.—Statement showing the Monthly Average Price of Gur per maund for the year 1942-43 and 1943-44 (November-October):—contd.

Month, Year (1943-44).	Ahmednagar.	Lyallpur.	Muzaffarnagar.	Meerut.	Bhagalpur.	Dacca.	Calcutta.	Madras.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1943.								
November	19 5 0	16 3 0	Not available.	10 0 0	12 4 0	27 0 0	24 0 0	13 0 0
December	20 3 5	14 5 6	..	6 12 0	8 5 0	34 4 0	24 0 0	10 2 0
1944.								
January	13 3 0	11 2 0	..	6 10 8	8 8 0	29 12 10	Not available.	11 1 6
February	12 0 6	8 7 0	..	6 8 0	8 8 0	20 12 0	..	9 13 7
March	13 1 3	9 0 0	..	Not available.	8 8 0	30 4 0	..	9 7 5
April	13 3 4	9 2 0	5 14 1	5 14 8	8 8 0	31 12 9	..	10 4 7
May	14 10 9	8 14 0	5 11 4	5 12 0	8 8 0	29 0 0	..	8 15 6
June	15 7 4	9 1 0	6 9 6	Not available.	7 12 0	30 10 8	..	8 12 10
July	16 1 2	8 8 6	7 4 0	..	7 4 9	29 0 0	..	8 12 10
August	16 15 4	9 2 0	7 1 4	8 4 0	7 8 0	29 6 4	..	8 12 10
September	15 18 0	8 9 0	7 10 9	8 2 8	7 8 0	29 12 0	..	8 12 10
October	14 8 6	11 15 0	8 4 6	8 5 0	6 8 0	..	..	8 12 10

Towards the close of the year 1944, the average price of gur varied from Rs. 6-8-0 per md. in Bhagalpur and Rs. 8-5-0 per md. in Meerut and Muzaffarnagar to Rs. 14-8-0 per md. in Ahmednagar and nearly 30 rupees per md. in Dacca. The restriction imposed on gur movements under the Gur Control Order, and the lack of facilities for transporting gur created a surfeit of gur in producing areas in the U. P. and Bihar, and acute scarcity in importing areas in Bombay and Bengal.

XIV.—TRADE IN IMPORTED SUGAR BY PROVINCES.

(1) Bengal.

Imports of refined sugar during the official years 1942-43 and 1943-44 amounted to only 1 ton and 12 tons valued at Rs. 1,238 and Rs. 8,500, respectively, as against 262 tons valued at Rs. 86,832 in 1941-42. The table below shows the imports of sugar into Bengal during the last six years (April—March) 1938-39 to 1943-44.

TABLE XX.—Imports of Sugar into Bengal.

Countries from which imported.	1938-39.		1939-40.		1940-41.		1941-42.		1942-43.		1943-44.	
	Tons.	Value in Rs.	Tons.	Value in Rs.	Tons.	Value in Rs.	Tons.	Value in Rs.	Tons.	Value in Rs.	Tons.	Value in Rs.
Sugar 23 D.S. and above.												
From United States of America.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	6,662
.. United Kingdom	67	29,337	5,587	7,11,621	17	9,389	4	2,715	..	15	..	..
.. Belgium	25	3,294	..	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. Hongkong	771	1,39,632	680	1,51,110	401	1,22,430	237	76,381	..	..	..	..
.. Netherlands	50	6,319	1,500	1,74,281	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. Java	1,645	1,88,570	53,485	70,74,014	98	13,293	..	68	..	..	..	..
.. China	4	1,315	4	1,275	24	6,006	15	4,756	..	..	..	..
.. Ceylon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	685	..	152
.. Burma	..	..	..	..	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. Straits Settlements.	..	..	150	27,275	58	7,930	..	84	..	75	..	..
.. French Indo-China.	..	..	..	56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. Aden and Dependencies.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	36	..	..	..	..
.. Australia	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	285	..	463	3	1,605
TOTAL	2,552	3,69,473	61,386	90,63,837	608	1,59,068	256	81,320	1	1,238	12	8,500
Sugar below 23 D.S. but not below 16 D.S.												
From United Kingdom	1	452	3	1,573	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. Java	..	..	7,752	9,20,450	100	11,145	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. Hongkong	..	..	..	21	30	5,338	6	2,503	..	..	..	..
.. Japan	..	..	7	1,368	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. Belgium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. Burma	8	3,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	9	3,452	7,762	9,23,410	180	16,681	6	2,503	..	..	..	..
Sugar 15 D.S. and below.	..	948	50	5,855	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Molasses	175	23,014	604	1,06,768	..	110	..	18	..	..	..	..

Exports of sugar from Bengal during the official years 1942-43 and 1943-44 were negligible. There were no exports of molasses during the period under review.

(2) Sind.

The following table, taken from the Reports on the Maritime Trade of Sind for the Official years 1942-43 and 1943-44, shows imports into Sind both from foreign countries and from Bombay, and re-exports, and exports from Sind to coastal ports.

TABLE XXI.—Imports and Exports of Sugar into and from Karachi.

Countries.	1939-40.		1940-41.		1941-42.		1942-43.		1943-44.	
	Tons	Rs. lakhs.	Tons	Rs. lakhs.	Tons	Rs. lakhs.	Tons	Rs. lakhs.	Tons	Rs. lakhs.
United Kingdom	4,887	6.84	1	0.01	5	0.04	..	..	..	..
Hongkong	79	0.22	98	0.35	26	0.34	..	..	..	..
Belgium	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Java	40,761	51.64	8,352	16.01	677	2.33	..	..	..	..
Other Foreign Countries	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	45,730	58.70	8,449	16.37	769	2.71	..	..	..	..
Imports from Bombay	4	0.02	2	0.01	130	0.43	26	0.03	..	..
Re-exports	4,454	13.97	414	1.42	210	0.98	15,115	59.80	..	..
Exports to Coastal Ports	2,290	7.06	1,003	3.53	383	1.54	467	1.90	..	..

(3) Bombay.

Imports of refined sugar during the official year 1942-43 and 1943-44 amounted to 562 tons and 9 tons valued at Rs. 185,369 and Rs. 4,388, respectively, as against 40,268 tons valued at Rs. 9,042,541 in 1941-42.

The table below shows the imports of sugar into Bombay during the five years (April/March) 1939-40 to 1943-44.

TABLE XXII.—Imports of Sugar into Bombay during the year 1939-40 to 1943-44.

Countries.	1939-40.		1940-41.		1941-42.		1942-43.		1943-44.	
	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.
United Kingdom	803	1,20,108	11	7,275	5	2,083	2	655	4	1,627
Union of South Africa	..	..	..	..	..	255	..	..	4	2,000
Hongkong	1,901	3,07,101	1,509	3,31,006	481	1,29,000	560	1,84,001	..	..
Java	94,860	1,12,23,005	7,567	12,11,890	31,720	71,59,479	..	220	..	..
Straits Settlements	..	..	..	..	1,788	4,20,845	..	30	..	..
Egypt	..	..	..	..	..	100	..	..	1	300
Portuguese East Africa	2	479	450	81,083	6,271	13,19,592	..	55	..	..
Other Countries	221	29,791	5	2,300	3	1,401	..	408	..	461
TOTAL	*97,787	1,16,81,387*	9,542	16,33,644	40,268	90,42,541	562	1,85,369	9	4,388
Re-Exports	18,810	138,54,733	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Exports in Coasting Trade (Foreign)	19,132	124,93,151	4	1,451	2	494	18,348	71,48,619	6,560	31,18,460

*Includes Candy.
†Re-exports Coasting.

(4) Madras.

Imports of sugar into Madras during the official years 1942-43 and 1943-44 were negligible. In 1941-42, 5,490 tons valued at Rs. 12,69,108 was imported into Madras.

Exports of sugar from Madras in 1942-43 were 1,670 tons valued at Rs. 5,00,763 as against 5,484 tons valued at Rs. 12,60,582 in 1941-42. There were no exports in 1943-44.

The table below gives particulars of the sea-borne imports of sugar into Madras for the last five years 1939-40 to 1943-44.

TABLE XXIII.—Particulars of Sea-borne Imports of Sugar into the Province of Madras for 1939-40 to 1943-44.

	1938-39.		1939-40.		1940-41.		1941-42.		1942-43.		1943-44.	
	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.
Sugar 23 D.S. and above—												
From Java	4,080	4,39,055	36,269	53,54,338	1	125	5,443	12,62,880	..	..	..	..
" Ceylon	1	359	1	113	..	6	..	1	..	..	..	..
" United Kingdom	872	1,17,724	2,250	4,00,090	1	481	..	43	..	..	..	..
" Other Countries	41	10,543	703	2,24,561	12	4,201	9	2,928	..	21	..	..
TOTAL	4,994	5,67,681	39,315	59,86,702	14	4,873	5,452	12,55,862	..	21	..	..
Sugar below 23 D.S. but not below 16 D.S.	..	..	4	2,197	43	10,211	38	13,250	..	..	..	..
Sugar 15 D.S. and below	1	50	..	13	2	840	..	..	..	..	..	..
GRAND TOTAL	4,995	5,67,731	39,319	59,87,912	59	21,924	5,490	12,69,108	..	21	..	..

(5) Kathiawar States.

The total imports of sugar into the maritime states in Kathiawar amounted to 907 tons in the year 1942-43 as against 12,208 tons in 1941-42. There were no imports of sugar in the year 1943-44.

TABLE XXIV.—Kathiawar Port's Imports of Sugar during the Years 1938-39 to 1943-44.

	1938-39.		1939-40.		1940-41.		1941-42.		1942-43.		1943-44.	
	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.	Tons	Rs.
Sugar 23 D.S. and above—												
From United Kingdom	80	9,353	60	8,000	1	451	..	..	..	..	..	..
" Java	25,866	20,48,025	85,496	1,07,98,549	12,177	21,00,557	12,204	26,63,313	907	1,81,364	..	..
" Hongkong	2	289	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
" China (exclusive of Hongkong and Macao)	29	4,094	15	2,923	9	2,081	1	277	..	..	..	..
" Japan	..	..	..	..	244	62,010	..	..	..	..	..	..
" Other Countries	650	75,853	..	..	129	23,820	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	26,627	27,39,214	85,596	1,08,09,538	12,560	22,77,010	12,205	26,63,590	907	1,81,364	..	..
Sugar below 23 D.S. but not below 16 D.S.	504	62,612	10	1,775	59	12,007	3	1,316	..	..	..	..
Sugar 15 D.S. and below	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Molasses	242	41,730	791	1,24,974	2	265	..	..	..	..	..	..
GRAND TOTAL	27,373	28,42,565	86,381	1,09,86,287	12,621	22,90,191	12,208	26,64,000	907	1,81,364	..	..

XV.—IMPORTS OF SUGAR MACHINERY.

The value of sugar machinery imported into India during the official years 1942-43 and 1943-44 was Rs. 7,73,103 and Rs. 8,20,380, respectively, as against Rs. 20,41,642 during the year 1941-42. The following table gives the value of imports of sugar machinery into India from different countries in the years 1932-33 to 1943-44.

TABLE XXV.—Value of Imports of Sugar Machinery together with the Share of each Maritime Province of India during the Years 1932-33 to 1943-44.

Whence Imported.	1932-33.	1933-34.	1934-35.	1935-36.	1936-37.	1937-38.	1938-39.	1939-40.	1940-41.	1941-42.	1942-43.	1943-44.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
United Kingdom	91,48,018	1,95,87,550	73,60,509	49,70,581	68,49,673	43,64,189	30,16,630					
Germany	17,83,049	33,11,442	11,41,061	10,74,103	12,09,318	12,61,132	13,86,501					
Netherlands	10,88,971	60,63,605	6,81,545	1,05,324	4,16,189	1,45,260	2,23,122					
Belgium	31,76,202	34,79,283	18,127	10,735		10,240	15,887					
France	26,880	39,541	10,80,125	40,114		8,065	11,935					
Italy	231	13,444	4,305	10,395		18,851	4,66,594					
United States of America	16,324	22,021	70,389	1,13,640		1,87,506	2,40,877					
Czechoslovakia	68,019	11,13,491	1,83,818	23,229	10,41,282	7,66,129	6,37,478					
Java			82,428	2,20,180		1,72,463	1,34,002					
Japan			20,586			9,062	106					
Other Countries	2,772	18,428	1,946	3,201		13,686	3,164					
TOTAL	1,63,11,126	3,30,38,814	1,05,45,439	65,71,502	95,16,462	69,86,183	61,36,959	50,84,254	40,87,285	20,41,642	7,73,103	8,20,380
Share of—												
Bengal	1,31,53,519	2,13,94,740	43,49,907	51,26,335	77,44,735	82,45,780	41,63,349	10,80,398	12,47,708	8,29,505	3,40,316	3,10,032
Bombay	11,08,916	65,03,005	24,02,972	11,42,003	10,40,051	30,64,410	11,71,286	24,96,571	10,04,863	4,00,142	2,66,428	4,05,703
Sind	6,26,660	46,98,396	7,80,255	80,990	1,71,854	3,44,807	5,19,136	13,14,921	8,68,017	32,708	62,429	44,291
Madras	4,18,783	8,06,848	16,22,587	1,87,725	4,37,540	3,31,186	2,03,188	1,82,364	9,66,097	7,70,137	1,03,930	50,754
Burma†	3,243	55,816	8,80,718	25,449	1,22,282							
TOTAL	1,63,11,126	3,30,38,814	1,05,45,439	65,71,502	95,16,462	69,86,183	61,36,959	50,84,254	40,87,285	20,41,642	7,73,103	8,20,380

*This also includes Belgium, France, Italy, U. S. A., Czechoslovakia, Java and Japan.
†Excluded from 1937-38.

XVI.—THE WORLD SUGAR SITUATION.

1. World Production.

According to Willet & Grey's estimates the world production of cane sugar during the seasons 1942-43 and 1943-44 amounted to 17,821,794 tons and 19,459,673 tons, respectively, against 19,224,942 tons in 1941-42. The production in 1942-43 declined mainly because of the occupation of Java and Philippine Islands by the Japanese who are reported to have switched over the major part of the productive capacity to other uses. The world production of cane sugar rose in 1943-44 mainly because of the very high production in Cuba.

No reliable information is available about the world beet sugar production because of the chaotic conditions obtaining in Europe. It can, however, safely be stated that the five years of war with its attendant shortages of man power, fertilizers, etc., have caused not only a serious loss in current production but also the destruction of a considerable amount of the production potential. In the Ukraine, for example, which produced practically the whole of Russia's sugar, no less than two-thirds of production facilities have been destroyed.

2. Prices.

United Kingdom.

On the 25th August 1943, the maximum wholesale and retail prices of sugar for domestic consumption were increased, by an order of the Minister of Food, under the Sugar (Maximum Prices) Order, 1941, by 9s. 4d. per cwt., or a penny a pound. The prices of sugar for manufacturing purposes were not affected. These increases have restored prices to those prevailing before December 1941. The reductions affected then involved heavy cost to the Exchequer, the cost of the Exchequer subsidy being 2½d. per pound. The revised schedule of maximum prices, now in force, is shown below:—

TABLE XXVI.—Maximum Wholesale and Retail Prices of Sugar in the U. K.

Variety of sugar.	Description of packing.	For domestic use.	For other use.
		Per Cwt.	Per Cwt.
		s. d.	s. d.
Granulated	Bags containing 2 cwt. or more net weight.	30 11	49 10
	Bags containing 1 cwt. or more but less than 2 cwt. weight.	31 0½	49 11½
	Packets containing less than 1½ lb. net weight.	32 2	51 1
	Packets containing 1½ lb. or more but less than 2 lb. net weight.	31 11	50 10
	Packets containing 2 lb. or more but less than 14 lb. net weight.	31 8	50 7
	Cases containing 1 cwt. or more net weight.	33 2	54 1
Cubes	Cases containing ½ cwt. or more but less than 1 cwt. net weight.	35 7	54 6
	Packets containing less than 2 lb. net weight.	30 2	55 1
	Packets containing 2 lb. or more but less than 7 lb. net weight.	35 8	54 7
	Cases containing ½ cwt. or more net weight.	36 1	55 6
	Bags containing 2 cwt. or more net weight.	35 3	54 2
	Bags containing 1 cwt. or more but less than 2 cwt. net weight.	35 4½	54 8½
Afternoon Tea Cubes excluding of the brands mentioned in Part II of Schedule.	Packets containing less than 2 lb. net weight.	36 6	55 5
	Packets containing 2 lb. or more but less than 7 lb. net weight.	30 0	54 11
	Bags containing 2 cwt. or more net weight.	28 7	47 6
	Bags containing 1 cwt. or more but less than 2 cwt. net weight.	28 8½	47 7½
	Packets containing less than 2 lb. net weight.	29 10	48 9
	Packets containing 2 lb. or more but less than 14 lb. net weight.	29 4	48 8
Preserving	Bags containing 2 cwt. or more net weight.	33 8	52 8
	Packets containing less than 2 lb. net weight.	33 9	52 8
	Packets containing 2 lb. or more but less than 14 lb. net weight.	33 9	52 8
	Bags containing 2 cwt. or more net weight.	32 11	51 10
	Bags containing less than 2 cwt. net weight.	32 11	51 10
	Bags containing 2 cwt. or more net weight.	31 11	49 6
Grocery Crystallized (including Demerara).	Bags containing less than 2 cwt. net weight.	32 11	49 6
	Bags containing 2 cwt. or more net weight.	32 11	49 6
Grocery Muscovado.	Bags containing 2 cwt. or more net weight.	31 11	49 6
	Bags containing less than 2 cwt. net weight.	32 11	49 6

Maximum Prices on a Sale by Retail.

Variety of sugar.	For domestic consumption.	For other use.
	d.	d.
Granulated	4 per lb.	5½ per lb.
Cubes (including afternoon tea cubes)	4½ "	6½ "
Canter	4½ "	6½ "
Pieces and soft brown	3½ "	5½ "
Preserving	4½ "	6½ "
Grocery Crystallized (including Demerara)	4½ "	6 "
Grocery Muscovado	4½ "	5½ "

New York.

The sugar trade continued to operate under fixed ceilings in 1943 and 1944. The refined sugar price of 4-953 cents per pound net cash New York basis (excluding excise tax of 0-535 cent per lb.) originally established on April 1, 1942, was maintained until September 3, 1944, when it was reduced to 4-855 cents per lb.

The price of raw sugar likewise remained unchanged until September 3, 1944, when the ceiling for the duty paid raw sugar cost—insurance—and freight basis was increased from 3-74 to 3-75 cents per lb. The Cuban equivalent cost and freight basis without duty, however, remained unchanged at 2-99 cents per lb. throughout 1943 and 1944.

XVII.—REVIEW OF THE SUGAR TRADE IN CUBA.

1. Production.

The output of sugar in Cuba during the years 1933 to 1944 is shown in Table XXVII below.

TABLE XXVII.—Sugar Production in Cuba.

Year.	Sugar Production—Raw Sugar (in thousand Spanish tons).
1933	1995
1934	2274
1935	2537
1936	2583
1937	2971
1938	2950
1939	2897
1940	2754
1941	2399
1942	3860
1943	2839
1944	4182

The statistical position in Cuba on the 31st December during the last 3 years has been as under:—

	(Spanish Tons.)		
	1944.	1943.	1942.
Carry over from previous year's crops	559,119	1,558,667	155,643
Production during the year	4,182,771	2,839,355	3,359,583
Total Supply	4,741,890	4,398,022	3,515,226
Exports during the year	3,837,207	3,640,808	1,756,559
Reserve for local consumption	224,507	198,095	200,000
Total Deductions	4,061,714	3,838,903	1,956,559
Stock on 31st December	680,176	559,119	1,558,667

The Cuban Sugar Industry is largely dependent on its external trade, the local consumption being only about 2 lakh tons. The production is therefore controlled by Presidential decrees in accordance with the local stocks and foreign, mainly American, demand. The huge stocks at the end of the year 1912 was mainly responsible for decrease in output in 1913.

The situation in 1914 was different. There was only a small carry over from the previous crop while demand from the United Nations was almost unlimited. All available cane was utilized by factories and an output of 4.18 million tons was realised. This figure had been exceeded only once in Cuba's history, namely, in 1930.

2. Cuban Sugar Trade with U.S.A.

The consumption of sugar in U. S. A. and the proportion of it that was supplied by Cuba in the years 1932 to 1944 are shown in table below :—

TABLE XXVIII.—Sugar Consumption in U. S. A.

Year.	Total (Thousand tons).	Per Capita (Lbs.).	Percentage of United States of Ame- rica's require- ments suppli- ed by Cuba.
1932	5,214,000	93.29	28
1933	5,270,000	93.80	25
1934	5,185,000	90.71	24
1935	5,340,000	93.78	31
1936	5,532,000	96.29	29
1937	5,691,000	98.30	32
1938	5,604,000	96.11	29
1939	5,649,000	96.20	25
1940	5,713,000	96.62	28
1941	6,568,000	111.32	36
1942	4,737,000	78.88	32
1943	5,264,000	83.81	40
1944	5,725,000	92.37	53

As a result of an agreement between the U. S. A. and Cuba effective from January 5, 1942, the duty on Cuban sugar (96° test) was reduced from 0.90 cent per lb. to 0.75 cent per lb. The rate of the full duty charged on sugar imported from other foreign countries is 1.875 cents per pound. An agreement between Peru and U. S. A. effective from July 1942 reduced the duty on sugar from foreign countries other than Cuba to 0.9375 cent per lb.

The average annual prices in cents per lb. of raw and refined sugar and Cuban sugar cost and freight basis (without duty) for the last 3 years are given below :—

	New York.		Cuban—Cost and freight at New York (without duty).
	Raw.	Refined.	
1942	3.738	4.908	2.987
1943	3.740	4.953	2.990
1944	3.743	4.921	2.990

XVIII.—CONCLUSION.

The season 1943-44 was one of satisfactory working for the sugar industry in India. The efforts by the Governments and the industry to maximise production met with a fair amount of success. The production of white sugar was the highest on record, the only past season in which it was exceeded being 1939-40. It nevertheless fell short of the demand which has increased greatly since the War. Fair distribution of supplies was ensured by control over the price and marketing of sugar by the Central and Provincial Governments. The ex-factory price for D-24, a medium grade sugar, was Rs. 14-13-0 per maund. The retail price varied from Re. 0-6-9 per seer in the plains in the U. P. and Bihar to As. 8 per seer in Assam. The price of sugar has not increased to the same extent as the general built of commodity prices has become cheaper in relation to commodities than before the War.

