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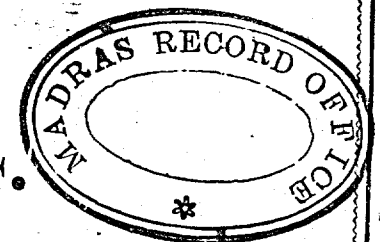
ASYLUM PRESS ALMANAC,
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FOR

1904.



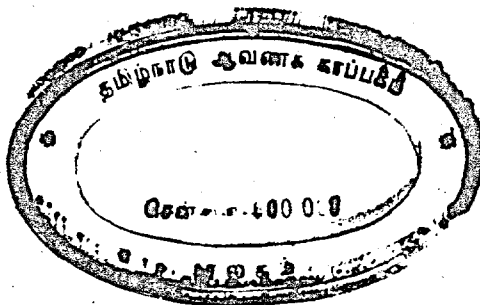
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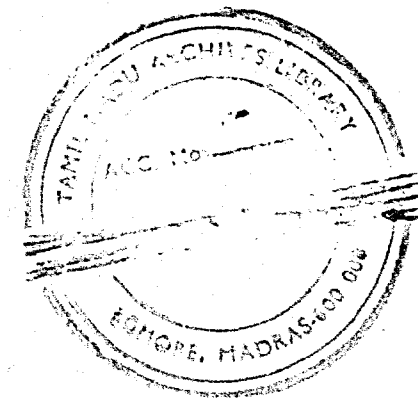
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PART I.—CALENDAR.

THE CALENDAR FOR THE YEAR 1904.

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES.

CHRONOLOGICAL NOTES.

Golden Number	5	Dominical Letter	CB
Epact	13	Roman Indiction	2
Solar Cycle	9	Julian Period	6617

EXPLANATION OF CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES AND ERAS.

The *Golden Number* is that which any given year holds in the lunar cycle, which is a period of 19 years, at the lapse of which the phases of the moon take place on the same day of the months respectively as at the commencement of the cycle. Therefore while the sun performs its annual course 19 times, the courses of the moon amount to 235. In the ancient calendar this number was inscribed on a tablet set up in the market-place of Athens in letters of gold, hence the term *Golden Number*. It was likewise called the Prime, because it pointed out the first day of the new moon, *primum lunc*.

The *Epact* is the number of days of the lunar cycle, over and above all the complete courses of the moon for any number of years, hence the number indicates the age of the moon at the beginning of the year.

The *Solar Cycle* is a period of 28 years, which, owing to leap year, must necessarily elapse before the days of the month can return respectively to the same days of the week as at the commencement of the cycle. The first year of the Christian Era was the tenth year of this cycle.

The *Dominical Letter* is that letter of the alphabet which points out in the calendar the Sundays throughout the year, thence also called the *Sunday Letter* or *Dies Domini*.

The *Roman Indiction* was a period of 15 years, instituted by Constantine the Great in A.D. 312, for levying certain taxes upon the subjects of his empire. The Popes since the time of Charlemagne have dated their acts by the year of the Indiction which was fixed on the 1st of January.

The *Julian Period* embraces 7,980 years, and is produced by multiplying into each other the solar cycle (28), the lunar cycle (19), and the cycle of the Indiction (15). This period is reckoned from 709 years before the usual date fixed upon for the creation; at a time when the three cycles are supposed to have commenced together; a circumstance which cannot take place again until A.D. 3267, or the lapse of the entire period.

This style was contrived by Joseph Juste Scaliger in A.D. 1583, for chronological purposes, and is assumed as a fixed era in the calculations of all Astronomers and Chronologers. It is of great importance as the standard or general receptacle of all other epochs, period and cycles: "into this, as into a large ocean, all the streams of time discharge themselves, without losing their character, and if historians had recorded the number of each cycle in each year respectively, there would have been no dispute about the date of any event in past ages."

GREGORIAN CALENDAR OR NEW STYLE.

Up to 1582 the length of the year as computed by Julius Cæsar in B.C. 45 consisted of 365 days and 6 hours, but as the true length of a solar year is only 365 days, 5 hours and nearly 49 minutes, this calculation had produced an error amounting to 10 days. Consequently Pope Gregory XIII—hence the calendar was called Gregorian—undertook in 1582 to rectify that error by making the year to consist of 365 days, ten days between the 4th and 15th October were struck out, and the 5th was reckoned as the 15th October. According to this style the ordinary year is to consist of 365 days, but the year 1584 and every fourth year afterwards termed leap year to contain 366 days, and the centuries 1700, 1800, 1900, 2100, and so on for those centuries which are not divisible by 400 are to be reckoned, not as leap years, but as ordinary years of 365 days only.

The new style has been gradually adopted throughout Europe, except in Russia and countries in which the Greek Church is the Established Religion.

In Great Britain the new style was adopted in 1752, by that time the error had amounted to 11 days; it was therefore enacted that September 3 of that year should be reckoned as September 14. During the present century, supposing the new style had not been adopted, the error would be 12 days, and this difference must therefore be allowed in Russian and Greek dates. Thus a Russian bill, dated March 2, must be reckoned as dated March 14.

ANNIVERSARIES, &c.

Birth of Duchess of Fife.....	Sat.	Feb. 20
Birth of Princess Louise.....	Fri.	Mar. 18
Birth of Princess Beatrice.....	Thur.	Apl. 14
Birth of Prince Arthur.....	Sun.	May 1
Birth of Princess Helena.....	Wed.	May 25
Birth of Prince of Wales.....	Fri.	June 3
Birth of Princess Victoria.....	Wed.	July 6
Birth of King Edward VII.....	Wed.	Nov. 9
Birth of Princess Royal.....	Tues.	Nov. 21
Birth of Princess Maud.....	Sat.	Nov. 26
Birth of Queen Alexandra.....	Thur.	Dec. 1

HINDU, MAHOMEDAN AND JEWISH ERAS.

The year 5006 of the Hindu Era of Kaliyugam commences on 18th March 1904.
 The year 1962 of the Hindu Era of Vikramajit commences in the Madras Provinces on 18th March 1904, and in the Provinces of Guzerat, Deccan and Concan, it commences on 8th November 1904.
 The year 1827 of the Hindu Era of Salivahana commences on 18th March 1904.
 The year 38 of Brahaspathi Manam Kródhi commences on 13th April 1904.
 The year 36 of the Hindu Drigganitham commences on 18th March 1904.
 The year 1080 of the Hinduera of Collum Andu in the Malabar Provinces commences on 16th August 1904.
 The year 1322 of the Mahomedan Era of Hejira commences on 19th March 1904.
 The year 1314 of Fusli commences on 1st July 1904.
 The year 5665 of the Jewish Era commences on 10th September 1904.
 The year 1311 of the Hindu Bengali Bellalisana Era in the Bengal Provinces commences on 18th March 1904.
 Raudan (Month of Abstinence observed by the Turks) commences on 10th November 1904.

FIXED AND MOVEABLE FESTIVALS.

Epiphany.....	Wed.	Jan. 6	Rogation Sunday.....	Sun.	May 8
Accession of King Edward VII.....	Fri.	Jan. 22	Ascension Day (Holy Thursday).....	Thur.	May 12
Proclamation.....	Sun.	Jan. 24	Pentecost (Whit Sunday).....	Sun.	May 22
Septuagesima Sunday.....	Sun.	Jan. 31	Trinity Sunday.....	Sun.	May 29
Quinquagesima (Shrove Sunday).....	Sun.	Feb. 14	Corpus Christi.....	Thur.	June 2
Ash Wednesday.....	Wed.	Feb. 17	Birth of Duke of Cornwall and York.....	Fri.	June 3
Quadragesima (1st Sunday in Lent).....	Sun.	Feb. 21	St. John the Baptist, Midsummer Day.....	Fri.	June 24
St. David.....	Tues.	Mar. 1	St. Michael (Michaelmas Day).....	Thur.	Sept. 29
St. Patrick.....	Thur.	Mar. 17	Birth of King Edward VII.....	Wed.	Nov. 9
Annunciation (Lady Day).....	Fri.	Mar. 25	1st Sunday in Advent.....	Sun.	Nov. 27
Palm Sunday.....	Sun.	Mar. 27	St. Andrew.....	Wed.	Nov. 30
Good Friday.....	Fri.	Apl. 1	St. Thomas.....	Wed.	Dec. 21
Easter Sunday.....	Sun.	Apl. 3	Christmas.....	Sun.	Dec. 25
Low Sunday.....	Sun.	Apl. 10			
St. George.....	Sat.	Apl. 28			

PRINCIPAL MAHOMEDAN FESTIVALS.

Bukreeth.....	Sun.	Feb. 28	Sultan Mahomed Ghajni Ooroos.....	Fri.	July 8
Sultan Amithkhan Ooroos.....	Wed.	Mar. 2	Buttoo Shaheed's Ooroos.....	Sun.	July 24
Moharam 1322.....	Sat.	Mar. 19	Kader Wallee's Ooroos.....	Mon.	Aug. 22
Shaw Ali Ullah Mahath Ooroos.....	Sat.	Apl. 16	Shaw Niameth Alla Ooroos.....	Sun.	Oct. 2
Shaman Farsie Ooroos.....	Fri.	Apl. 22	Yeedi Rujjub.....	Sat.	Oct. 8
Pierpielvan's Ooroos.....	Wed.	Apl. 27	Shaba Barath.....	Mon.	Oct. 24
Thara Tajee.....	Sat.	Apl. 30	Ramzan.....	Thur.	Nov. 10
Abkari Char-Shamba.....	Wed.	May 11	Moul Ali's Ooroos.....	Fri.	Nov. 25
Weladut-i-Shareef or Bara-wafat.....	Sat.	May 28	Lingam Pulli Ooroos.....	Sun.	Nov. 27
Yazdahobn or Garveen.....	Sun.	June 26	Yeedi Ramzan or Kuthba.....	Fri.	Dec. 2

PRINCIPAL HINDU FESTIVALS.

Arudra Darsanam.....	Sun.	Jan. 3	Gajendra Motsham.....	Wed.	July 27
Bhogi Pandagai.....	Wed.	Jan. 13	Tiru Audi Puram.....	Sun.	Aug. 13
Pongal Pandagai.....	Thurs.	Jan. 14	Audi Pandagai.....	Mon.	Aug. 15
Tai Amavasai.....	Sun.	Jan. 17	Collum Andu.....	Tues.	Aug. 16
Ratha Saptami.....	Mon.	Jan. 25	Vara Lakshmi Vritam.....	Fri.	Aug. 19
Tai Pusam.....	Mon.	Feb. 1	Avani Mulam.....	Sun.	Aug. 21
Maha Siva Rathri.....	Sun.	Feb. 14	Rig Veda Upakarmam.....	Wed.	Aug. 24
Molugadi Servai at Tiruvattiyur.....	Mon.	Feb. 29	Yejur Veda Upakarmam.....	Thur.	Aug. 25
Holi Pandagai.....	Tues.	Mar. 1	Gokula Astami.....	Fri.	Sept. 2
Kama Dahanam.....	Tues.	Mar. 1	Krishna Jayanti.....	Sat.	Sept. 3
Telugu New Year Day.....	Fri.	Mar. 18	Sama Veda Upakarmam.....	Sun.	Sept. 11
Sri Rama Navami.....	Sat.	Mar. 26	Vinayaka Chavithi.....	Tues.	Sept. 13
Radotsavam at Mylapore.....	Mon.	Mar. 28	Arantha Chaturdasi.....	Fri.	Sept. 23
Aravattimuvur at do.....	Tues.	Mar. 29	Mahalaya Amavasai.....	Sat.	Oct. 8
Panguni Uttiram.....	Wed.	Mar. 30	Saraswati Pujarambam.....	Sun.	Oct. 9
Tamil New Year Day.....	Wed.	Apl. 13	Ayuda Puja.....	Mon.	Oct. 17
Narasimha Jayanti.....	Thur.	Apl. 26	Vijaya Dasami (Dasara).....	Tues.	Oct. 18
Garudotsavam at Triplicane.....	Sun.	May 1	Dipavali Pandagai.....	Sun.	Nov. 6
Radotsavam at do.....	Thur.	May 5	Kathara Gowri Viratham.....	Mon.	Nov. 7
Garudotsavam at Conjeeveram.....	Sat.	May 28	Barani Deepam.....	Mon.	Nov. 21
Auni Amavasai.....	Tues.	July 12	Kritikai Deepam.....	Tues.	Nov. 22
Datshinayanam.....	Fri.	July 15	Vishnu Deepam.....	Wed.	Nov. 23
			Vaikunta Ekadasi.....	Sun.	Dec. 18
			Arudra Darsanam.....	Fri.	Dec. 23

NEW MOON OR AMAVASIA VRITHAMS.

Month and Day.	Tamil Month and Date.	Month and Day.	Tamil Month and Date.
January..... 17, Sunday	Tai..... 4	July..... 12, Tuesday	Auni..... 29
February..... 16, Tuesday	Masi..... 5	August..... 11, Thursday	Audi..... 28
March..... 16, Wednesday	Pungau..... 4	September..... 9, Friday	Avani..... 25
April..... 15, Friday	Chittrai..... 3	October..... 8, Saturday	Perattasi..... 23
May..... 15, Sunday	Vaiyasi..... 2	November..... 7, Monday	Alpesi..... 23
June..... 18, Monday	Vaiyasi..... 31	December..... 6, Tuesday	Kartikai..... 22

KRITHIKA VRITHAMS.

January..... 27	April..... 18	July..... 9	October..... 26
February..... 23	May..... 15	August..... 5	November..... 22
March..... 22	June..... 11	September..... 1, 29	December..... 20

EKADASI VRITHAMS.

January..... 13, 29	May..... 11, 25	September..... 6, 20
February..... 12, 27	June..... 9, 23	October..... 5, 20
March..... 12, 27	July..... 9, 23	November..... 4, 18
April..... 11, 26	August..... 7, 21	December..... 3, 18

SHASHTEE VRITHAMS.

January..... 24	May..... 21	September..... 15
February..... 22	June..... 19	October..... 14
March..... 25	July..... 18	November..... 13
April..... 21	August..... 16	December..... 13

ECLIPSES IN 1904.

In the year 1904, there will be two eclipses, both of the sun:—

I.—March 17th, Thursday.—An annular eclipse of the sun, visible as partial at Madras.

	h. m.	
For Madras	8 53 Morn.	
Begins	10 32 "	} Madras Mean Time.
Greatest Phase	0 24 After.	
Ends		

Magnitude of the eclipse (sun's diameter = 1) = 0.57.

Angle from North Point, of	{ first contact 217° last contact 82°	} towards the East.
Angle from Vertex, of	{ first contact 239° last contact 71°	

II.—September 9th, Friday.—A total eclipse of the sun, invisible at Madras. The Central line passes through East of Africa, and ends into the Western part of South America.

GOVERNMENT HOLIDAYS.

In their Notification, G.O., No. 917, dated 16th September 1902, the Government direct that no holidays be granted at any of their Offices which are not entered in the following list. But this does not interfere with the holiday on the last Saturday in the month, granted in some offices:—

GENERAL.

Christmas with New Year's Day...	6 days.
Easter.....	2 "
King's Birthday.....	1 day.
Avani Avattam.....	1 "
Dasara.....	1 "
Dipavali.....	1 "
The last Saturday (Presidency).....	1 "
The 3rd Saturday (Mofussil).....	1 "
Pongul*.....	2 days.
Mahalaya Amavasai.....	1 day.

CHRISTIANS.

GENERAL TO CHRISTIANS.

Ash Wednesday.....	1 day.
Ascension Day.....	1 "

ROMAN CATHOLICS.

Corpus Christi Day.....	1 day.
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HINDUS.

GENERAL TO HINDUS.

Solar Eclipse†.....	1 day.
Mukkti Ekadasi or Vaikunta	
Ekadasi.....	1 "
Sri Jayanti.....	1 "

VAISHNAVA SECT.

Triplicane Feast in April.....	1 day.
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SAIVA SECT.

Maha Siva Ratri.....	1 day.
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TELUGU.

New Year Day.....	1 day.
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TAMIL.

New Year Day.....	1 day.
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MAHOMEDANS.

Bakar'Id.....	2 days.
Muharram.....	4 "
Shab-a-Barat.....	1 day.
Ramzan.....	2 days.

* Inclusive of the General Holiday.

† When between 6 A.M. and 6 P.M.

PUBLIC HOLIDAYS IN INDIA.

In supersession of previous orders on the subject, His Excellency the Governor in Council resolves to prescribe the following rules relating to the observance of holidays in public offices including holidays notified under the Negotiable Instruments Act:—(1) All public offices will be closed on days notified as holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act. (2) The grant of every holiday is subject to the condition that arrangements will be made for the despatch of emergent business. (3) A Government servant who is called on to attend office on a holiday, except as a punishment, should be granted another day in its place when opportunity offers. If possible, a Government servant of the religious persuasion which observes a holiday should not be called upon to work on that day. (4) The closing of public offices in the Presidency town, in the case of holidays which are not notified under the Negotiable Instruments Act, will be subject to the condition that the Sea Customs office and the Reserve and the Currency departments of the Accountant-General's office shall remain open for the transaction of commercial business. In the General Stamp office the rule will be that, except when more than two holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act occur consecutively, the office shall never be wholly closed for more than two consecutive days. Whenever, therefore, a holiday not notified under the Negotiable Instruments Act precedes or follows or falls between two or more holidays under that Act, including Sundays, the Stamp office will be opened on that day from 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. In the case of the two gazetted office holidays at Christmas which are both preceded and followed by holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act the effect of this rule will be that the Stamp office will be opened from 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. on each of those two days. (5) The Christmas holidays will extend from the 24th December (or from the 23rd, if the 24th is a Sunday) to the 1st January (or to

the 2nd, if the 1st is a Sunday). Of these days, the 25th December and the 1st January are already holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act. The remaining days to be notified under the Act will be the 26th, the 27th, the 30th and the 31st December. (6) The Easter holidays will extend from Good Friday to Easter Monday. Good Friday is already a holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act and the Saturday before Easter and Easter Monday will in future be notified as holidays under the Act. (7) Whit Monday and the Tuesday following will no longer be holidays in public offices or under the Negotiable Instruments Act. (8) The day to be notified as a holiday under the Act in honour of the birthday of His Majesty the King will be fixed each year by the Government of India.

A statement of the holidays to be observed in public offices and to be notified under the Negotiable Instruments Act will be found on page 4. All heads of offices will be authorised to grant, in addition, two half-holidays in the year either for the whole of their establishments or for particular sects. The grant of other holidays or half-holidays without the permission of Government is prohibited.

MADRAS COMMERCIAL HOLIDAYS, 1904.

The following are holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act for this year:—

New Year's day—1 day, Friday, January 1st.	Avani Avattam.—1 day, Thursday, August 25th.
Pongul.—2 days, Thursday, and Friday, January 14th and 15th.	Sri Jayanti.—1 day, Saturday, September 3rd.
Mahavirarathri.—1 day, Monday, February 15th.	Vinayaka Chaturthi.—1 day, Tuesday, September 13th.
Telugu New Year's day.—Friday, March 18th.	Mahalaya Amavasai.—1 day, Saturday, October 8th.
Easter.—3 days, Friday, Saturday and Monday, 1st, 2nd and 4th.	Ayudha Pujā.—1 day, October 17th.
Tamil New Year's day.—1 day, Wednesday, April 13th.	Dipavali.—1 day, Monday, November 7th.
King's Birthday.—1 day, (To be fixed by Government of India.)	Ramzan.—1 day, Thursday, November 10th.
	Christmas.—5 days, Monday, Dec. 26th, Tuesday, 27th, Wednesday, 28th, Friday, 30th, and Saturday, 31st.

PLANETARY PHENOMENA, 1904.

MERCURY will be an evening star until January 16th, a morning star till March 26th, an evening star till May 13th, a morning star till July 9th, an evening star till September 16th, a morning star till October 31st, and an evening star for the rest of the year. When the planet is in superior conjunction, he appears perfectly round but very small of about 5' in diameter; but when near his inferior conjunction, he presents the form of a slender and brilliant crescent nearly 12' in diameter.

VENUS will be a morning star until July 7th, and an evening star for the rest of the year. She will be in conjunction with Uranus on January 29th and on November 17th, in aphelion on April 2nd and November 13th, in descending Node on February 27th, and in ascending Node on June 20th, in conjunction with Saturn on March 8th, in conjunction with Jupiter on April 23rd, in conjunction with Mars on June 19th and in conjunction with Neptune on June 30th in right ascension 17h. 49m. and in south declination 23° 38'. It will be favourably observed from the beginning of the year to the end of April and from September to the end of the year.

MARS will be an evening star from the beginning of the year to the end of March, and a morning star from latter part of June to the rest of the year. It will be in conjunction with Jupiter on February 26th, in ascending Node on April 23rd, in conjunction with the sun on May 30th and in conjunction with Neptune on July 9th in right ascension 6h. 26m., in north declination 22° 19'. It is chiefly remarkable for its fiery colour to the naked eye. In 1877 Professor Hall, of the Washington Observatory, found two moons to be in attendance on it, but very small and quite invisible, except under favourable conditions with a large telescope.

JUPITER will be an evening star until March 10th, a morning star till October 15th, and an evening star for the rest of the year. It will be in conjunction with the sun on March 27th, in perihelion on June 2nd, in quadrature to the sun on July 22nd, stationary on August 20th and December 16th, and in opposition to the sun on October 19th. Four of its satellites are visible with very slight telescopic power and the fifth has been discovered very lately by Professor Barnard with great Lick telescope. Jupiter will be situated for observation during the first and last parts of the year.

SATURN will be an evening star in January, a morning star till July and an evening star for the rest of the year. It will be well situated for observations during the months of March to August. It will be in conjunction with the sun on February 2nd, in quadrature to the sun on May 12th and November 7th, stationary on June 1st and October 19th, and in opposition to the sun on August 10th, the eight satellites attending on him require fairly powerful telescope to show them clearly. The beautiful system of rings will be best seen about the time of opposition.

URANUS will be in quadrature to the sun on March 21st and September 19th, stationary on April 4th and September 5th, in opposition to the sun on June 20th, and in conjunction with the sun on December 22nd. Only four satellites have yet been discovered attending on him; and they can only be seen through a powerful telescope.

NEPTUNE will be stationary on March 14th and October 11th, in quadrature to the sun on March 24th and October 1st, in conjunction with the sun on June 27th and in opposition to the sun on December 29th. Only one satellite has yet been discovered attending on him. Uranus and Neptune are both visible with a small telescope when their positions are well known.

More than 520 planets between Mars and Jupiter are now known, all but four of which have been discovered within the last 55 years. One minor planet, Eros, has recently been discovered, the orbit of which lies between that of the earth and of Mars. It is the nearest heavenly body to the earth after the moon.

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES OBSERVABLE AT MADRAS FOR 1904.

1904.	Madras Mean Time.	Satellites.	Phenomena.	1904.	Madras Mean time.	Satellites.	Phenomena.
Jan. 2	h. m. s.	II	Reap.	Sept. 25	h. m. s.	III	Reap.
13	9 19 33	I	"	28	3 12 49	III	Disap.
21	6 57 35	I	"	29	5 20 11	II	"
27	6 52 53	II	"	5	8 52 54	I	"
Feb. 1	7 8 44	III	"	6	4 19 8	I	"
5	7 12 0	I	"	18	0 41 20	II	"
21	5 30 41	I	"	15	10 47 50	I	"
28	6 26 37	II	"	21	8 16 25	II	"
May 4	7 25 31	I	"	23	7 11 43	I	"
6	4 54 18	I	Disap.	30	4 46 50	I	Reap.
19	4 53 8	II	"	31	9 32 47	II	"
27	4 54 40	III	"	Nov. 6	11 15 12	III	"
June 7	5 5 19	I	"	7	1 10 67	I	"
12	4 41 38	II	"	14	3 16 9	III	"
19	3 21 54	I	"	17	8 6 19	I	"
24	5 15 64	III	Reap.	23	3 44 36	II	"
25	3 44 35	II	"	24	6 33 13	III	Disap.
July 1	1 39 55	I	"	28	9 35 6	I	Reap.
2	5 2 54	III	Disap.	29	5 20 17	II	"
5	1 47 52	II	"	30	11 30 35	I	"
9	4 15 32	I	Reap.	31	6 38 13	II	"
21	3 82 32	I	Disap.	Dec. 1	7 55 7	I	"
27	4 23 35	II	"	5	9 14 11	II	"
28	1 49 7	I	"	6	5 40 59	III	Disap.
Aug. 3	1 18 56	II	Reap.	7	7 21 87	III	Reap.
5	3 43 11	I	Disap.	10	9 50 47	I	"
6	1 27 22	II	"	11	11 50 19	II	"
10	3 53 50	III	Reap.	13	9 43 23	III	Disap.
18	0 5 54	I	Disap.	15	11 22 46	I	Reap.
20	1 9 20	III	"	16	11 40 82	I	"
22	8 12 52	II	Reap.	19	2 26 40	II	"
27	4 2 25	I	Disap.	20	6 15 26	I	"
29	2 0 5	III	"	22	1 46 11	III	Disap.
Sept. 4	5 10 51	I	"	23	3 24 19	III	Reap.
5	3 54 20	II	"	26	1 42 18	I	"
10	10 20 40	I	Reap.	27	5 3 10	II	"
18	10 23 50	II	Disap.	28	8 11 13	I	"
20	10 29 37	I	"	29	6 21 32	II	"
22	0 17 11	III	"	30	5 48 59	III	Disap.
27	1 4 27	I	"	31	8 38 6	I	Reap.
29	2 11 36	II	"	Oct. 1	5 15 27	II	Disap.
10	9 16 8	III	Reap.	2	10 7 1	I	Reap.
11	11 12 0	I	Disap.	3	6 33 54	II	Disap.
13	3 39 15	II	"	4	8 58 20	III	Reap.
18	10 34 50	I	"	5	6 33 54	I	"
19	1 18 20	III	"	6	6 33 54	I	"

TABLE SHOWING THE CORRESPONDING MONTHS AND DAYS OF THE ENGLISH (TAMIL AND MALAYALAM), (TELUUGU AND CANARESE), AND MAHOMEDAN CALENDAR FOR 1904.

1904.	Madras Mean Time.	Satellites.	Phenomena.	1904.	Madras Mean time.	Satellites.	Phenomena.
Jan. 2	h. m. s.	II	Reap.	Sept. 25	h. m. s.	III	Reap.
13	9 19 33	I	"	28	3 12 49	III	Disap.
21	6 57 35	I	"	29	5 20 11	II	"
27	6 52 53	II	"	5	8 52 54	I	"
Feb. 1	7 8 44	III	"	6	4 19 8	I	"
5	7 12 0	I	"	18	0 41 20	II	"
21	5 30 41	I	"	15	10 47 50	I	"
28	6 26 37	II	"	21	8 16 25	II	"
May 4	7 25 31	I	"	23	7 11 43	I	"
6	4 54 18	I	Disap.	30	4 46 50	I	Reap.
19	4 53 8	II	"	31	9 32 47	II	"
27	4 54 40	III	"	Nov. 6	11 15 12	III	"
June 7	5 5 19	I	"	7	1 10 67	I	"
12	4 41 38	II	"	14	3 16 9	III	"
19	3 21 54	I	"	17	8 6 19	I	"
24	5 15 64	III	Reap.	23	3 44 36	II	"
25	3 44 35	II	"	24	6 33 13	III	Disap.
July 1	1 39 55	I	"	28	9 35 6	I	Reap.
2	5 2 54	III	Disap.	29	5 20 17	II	"
5	1 47 52	II	"	30	11 30 35	I	"
9	4 15 32	I	Reap.	31	6 38 13	II	"
21	3 82 32	I	Disap.	Dec. 1	7 55 7	I	"
27	4 23 35	II	"	5	9 14 11	II	"
28	1 49 7	I	"	6	5 40 59	III	Disap.
Aug. 3	1 18 56	II	Reap.	7	7 21 87	III	Reap.
5	3 43 11	I	Disap.	10	9 50 47	I	"
6	1 27 22	II	"	11	11 50 19	II	"
10	3 53 50	III	Reap.	13	9 43 23	III	Disap.
18	0 5 54	I	Disap.	15	11 22 46	I	Reap.
20	1 9 20	III	"	16	11 40 82	I	"
22	8 12 52	II	Reap.	19	2 26 40	II	"
27	4 2 25	I	Disap.	20	6 15 26	I	"
29	2 0 5	III	"	22	1 46 11	III	Disap.
Sept. 4	5 10 51	I	"	23	3 24 19	III	Reap.
5	3 54 20	II	"	26	1 42 18	I	"
10	10 20 40	I	Reap.	27	5 3 10	II	"
18	10 23 50	II	Disap.	28	8 11 13	I	"
20	10 29 37	I	"	29	6 21 32	II	"
22	0 17 11	III	"	30	5 48 59	III	Disap.
27	1 4 27	I	"	31	8 38 6	I	Reap.
29	2 11 36	II	"	Oct. 1	5 15 27	II	Disap.
10	9 16 8	III	Reap.	2	10 7 1	I	Reap.
11	11 12 0	I	Disap.	3	6 33 54	II	Disap.
13	3 39 15	II	"	4	8 58 20	III	Reap.
18	10 34 50	I	"	5	6 33 54	I	"
19	1 18 20	III	"	6	6 33 54	I	"

TABLE SHOWING THE CORRESPONDING MONTHS AND DAYS OF THE ENGLISH, (TAMIL AND MALAYALAM),
(TELUGU AND CANARESE), AND MAHONEDAN CALENDAR FOR 1904—contd.

JULY.	AUGUST.	SEPTEMBER.	OCTOBER.	NOVEMBER.	DECEMBER.	Kartikai and Mar- gali, Vrischikam and Chappam.	Karthikam and Margashirash.	Ramanam and Shav- al.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

*CHRISTIAN CALENDAR FROM 1820 TO 1999, NEW STYLE.

Centuries, or 1800 and 1900, are shown in two separate columns.

THE LEAP YEARS ARE PRINTED IN ITALIC FIGURES AND HAVE TWO DOMINICAL LETTERS.

Thus—1820, 24, 28, &c., and 1904, 08, 12, &c.

YEARS.		Dominical Letters.	Jan., Oct.	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1800	1900		May.	B	C	D	E	F	G	A
20 48 76	16 44 72	BA	August.	C	D	E	F	G	A	B
21 49 77	17 45 73	GB	Feb., Mar., Nov.	D	E	F	G	A	B	C
22 50 78	18 46 74	FC	June.	E	F	G	A	B	C	D
23 51 79	19 47 75	ED	Sept., Dec.	F	G	A	B	C	D	E
24 52 80	20 48 76	DC	April, July.	G	A	B	C	D	E	F
25 53 81	21 49 77	BA	1 8 15 22 29	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.
26 54 82	22 50 78	AB	2 9 16 23 30	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.
27 55 83	23 51 79	GC	3 10 17 24 31	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.
28 56 84	24 52 80	FE	4 11 18 25	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.
29 57 85	25 53 81	ED	5 12 19 26	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.
30 58 86	26 54 82	DC	6 13 20 27	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.
31 59 87	27 55 83	CB	7 14 21 28	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.
32 60 88	28 56 84	BA	8 15 22 29	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.
33 61 89	29 57 85	AB	9 16 23 30	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.
34 62 90	30 58 86	GC	10 17 24 31	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.
35 63 91	31 59 87	ED	11 18 25	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.
36 64 92	32 60 88	DC	12 19 26	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.
37 65 93	33 61 89	CB	13 20 27	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.
38 66 94	34 62 90	BA	14 21 28	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.
39 67 95	35 63 91	AB	15 22 29	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.
40 68 96	36 64 92	GC	16 23 30	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.
41 69 97	37 65 93	ED	17 24 31	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.
42 70 98	38 66 94	DC	18 25	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.
43 71 99	39 67 95	CB	19 26	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.
44 72	40 68 96	BA	20 27	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.
45 73	41 69 97	AB	21 28	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.
46 74	42 70 98	GC	22 29	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.
47 75	43 71 99	ED	23 30	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.

Explanation.—Look for the last two figures of the year under the century, or first two figures in the first part of the table, and opposite it will be found the Dominical Letter. When there are two letters together, the first is for January and February, the second for the rest of the year. In a line with the month, in the second part of the table, find the Dominical Letter of the year, and, down the same column with the letter find the day of the week, when the figures on the left will give the days of the month. Thus for the Mondays in January 1896: Opposite 96 under 1800 in the third column is E D in the eighth. In a line with January find E D and descend the column to "Mon."—On the left are 6, 13, 20 and 27, the required dates.

DAY OF THE YEAR CORRESPONDING TO THE LAST DAY OF
EACH MONTH.

Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
31	59	90	120	151	181	212	243	273	304	334	365

To find the day of the year for any given date. For example: To find the age of the 14th day of February 1896. Take from this table the age of the last day of January 31, and add 14—total 45. In leap-years add 1 day after February.

*The Christian era, so much in universal use, is not of apostolic, or even of early origin. It is that which was fixed upon by Dionysius Exiguus, in the Sixth Century, and is proved to be erroneous by the fact that it places the birth of Christ no less than four years after the death of Herod—of the Herod who, when Christ was born, sought to destroy him. Kepler, by astronomical and chronological calculations, placed the birth of Jesus in the year 748 A.U.C. or 6 B.C. (vide "Approaching End of the Age," by H.G. Guinness, 1880, pages 519-20.)

A TABLE OF THE NUMBER OF DAYS FROM ANY DAY IN ONE MONTH TO THE SAME IN ANY OTHER MONTH IN ORDINARY YEARS.

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
January	365	31	59	90	120	151	181	212	243	273	304	334
February	334	365	23	51	89	120	150	181	212	242	273	303
March	306	337	365	31	61	92	122	153	184	214	245	275
April	275	303	334	365	30	61	91	122	153	183	214	244
May	245	276	304	335	365	31	61	92	123	153	184	214
June	214	245	273	304	334	365	30	61	92	122	153	183
July	184	215	243	274	304	335	365	31	62	92	123	153
August	153	184	212	242	273	304	334	365	31	61	92	122
September	122	153	181	212	242	273	303	334	365	30	61	91
October	92	123	151	182	212	243	273	304	335	365	31	61
November	61	92	120	151	181	212	242	273	304	334	365	30
December	31	62	90	121	151	182	212	243	274	304	335	365

ORIENTAL NAMES OF THE WEEK-DAYS.

English.	Gujarati.	Marathi.	Canarese.	Hindustani.
Sunday.	Raviwar or Aditwar.	Raviwar or Aditwar.	Adityavara.	Aik-shumbah.
Monday.	Somwar.	Somwar.	Somavara.	Thow-shumbah.
Tuesday.	Mangalwar.	Mangalwar.	Mangalavara.	Say-shumbah.
Wednesday.	Budhwar.	Budhwar.	Budhavara.	Chahar-shumbah.
Thursday.	Brahmspatwar or Gururwar.	Gururwar or Brihas-pativar.	Guruvvara.	Punj-shumbah.
Friday.	Shukrwar.	Shukrwar.	Shukravara.	Jumah.
Saturday.	Shaniwar.	Shaniwar or Mandwar.	Shanivara.	Shumbah.

ORIENTAL NAMES OF THE MONTHS.

Marathi.	Tamil.	Bengali.	Urdu.	Gujarati.	Hindustani.
Chaitra.*	Chittari.	Baisakh.	Chait.	Chaitra.*	Rumzan-ul-mubarak
Vaishakh.	Vaiyasi.	Jyesth.	Byshakh.	Vaishakh or Vaisak.	Sheval-ul-mukaram.
Jyesth.	Ani.	Asarh.	Jeth.	Jeth.	Zikayada.
Ashadha.	Adi.	Shrabhan.	Asarh.	Ashad or Asad.	Zilhuj.
Shravan.	Avani.	Bhadra.	Sawan.	Shrawan.	Muharrum.
Bhadrapad.	Perattasi.	Ashwin.	Bhadun.	Bhadarwo.	Safur.
Ashwin.	Alpesi.	Kartik.	Asan.	Ashwan, Asho, or Ashwin.	Rubbi-ul-aval.
Kartik.†	Kartikai.	Agrahayan or Margasirsha.	Kartik.	Kartik or Kartak.	Rubbi-ul-aunkhar.
Margashirsh.	Margali.	Paush.	Aghan.	Magashar or Margashirsh.	Jemadi-ul-aval.
Paush.	Tai.	Magh.	Pus.	Paush.	Jemadi-ul-aunkhar.
Magh.	Masi.	Phalgun.	Magh.	Magh or Maha.	Rujjub-ul-murajjub
Phalgun.	Punguni.	Chaitra.	Phagan.	Phagan.	Shaban-ul-muazam.

* According to the Shaka year.

† Samvat commences with Kartik Shuddha 1st, or Partipada.

A TABLE OF DOMINICAL LETTERS FOR 6,000 YEARS OF THE CHRISTIAN ERA, NEW STYLE.

	100	200	300	400
500	600	700	800	
900	1000	1100	1200	
1300	1400	1500	1600	
1700	1800	1900	2000	
2100	2200	2300	2400	
2500	2600	2700	2800	
2900	3000	3100	3200	
3300	3400	3500	3600	
3700	3800	3900	4000	
4100	4200	4300	4400	
4500	4600	4700	4800	
4900	5000	5100	5200	
5300	5400	5500	5600	
5700	5800	5900	6000	

The dominical letter for any year of the first century is found in the column of letters under 100, opposite to the year. For a year in any century after the first, find the century preceding the year at the top: under this, and opposite to the year of the century, in the column for years less than 100, is the dominical letter sought.

EXAMPLES.

Under 1800, opposite to 31 in the left hand column, is B, the dominical letter for 1831.

(2) Under 1800, opposite to 99 in the left hand column, is A, the dominical letter for 1899.

(3) Under 1900, opposite to 2 in the left hand column, is E, the dominical letter for 1902.

Years less than 100.	C	E	G	B A
1 29 57 85	B	D	F	G
2 30 58 86	A	C	E	F
3 31 59 87	G	B	D	E
4 32 60 88	F E	A G	C B	D C
5 33 61 89	D	F	A	B
6 34 62 90	C	E	G	A
7 35 63 91	B	D	F	G
8 36 64 92	A G	C B	E D	F E
9 37 65 93	F	A	C	D
10 38 66 94	E	G	B	C
11 39 67 95	D	F	A	B
12 40 68 96	C B	E D	G F	A G
13 41 69 97	A	C	E	F
14 42 70 98	G	B	D	E
15 43 71 99	F	A	C	D
16 44 72	E D	G F	B A	C B
17 45 73	C	E	G	A
18 46 74	B	D	F	G
19 47 75	A	C	E	F
20 48 76	G F	B A	D C	E D
21 49 77	E	G	B	C
22 50 78	D	F	A	B
23 51 79	C	E	G	A
24 52 80	B A	D C	F E	G F
25 53 81	G	B	D	E
26 54 82	F	A	C	D
27 55 83	E	G	B	C
28 56 84	D C	F E	A G	B A

THE DOMINICAL LETTER BEING KNOWN, IT IS EASY TO FIND THE DAY OF THE WEEK ON WHICH ANY MONTH BEGINS, BY THE FOLLOWING TABLE.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
January.	May.	August.	February.	June.	September.	April.
October.	...	...	March.	...	December.	July.
...	...	...	November.	...	...	...

A Table showing at what days of the months the Letters formerly stood, and where the Dominical Letters now stand.

D. Letters.	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
January 31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
October 31	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
February 28-29	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
March 31	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
November 30	29	30	31	1	2	3	4
April 30	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
July 31	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
August 31	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
September 30	26	27	28	29	30	31	1
December 31	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
May 31	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
June 30	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	...

The following couplet is designed to assist the memory:—

*All days decline; great blessings end;
Good Christians find a during friend.*

The first letters of these twelve words are the same as those at the beginning of each month.

If the letter set at the first day of a month be before or after the dominical letter in any year, the day on which the month begins is before or after the Lord's day, and is as far distant as the commencing letter is distant from the dominical letter.

Thus if A be the dominical letter, January begins on the Sabbath; February and March on Wednesday.

If B be the dominical letter, January begins on Saturday, February and March on Tuesday.

CHRONOLOGICAL NOTES AND MOVEABLE FESTIVALS FOR THE TWENTIETH CENTURY.

Year.	Golden Number.	Epact.	Solar Cycle.	Dominical Letter.	Roman-Indiction.	Julian Period.	Sundays after Epiphany.	Septuagesima Sunday.	Ash Wednesday.	Easter Sunday.	Rogation Sunday.	Ascension Day.	Whit Sunday.	Trinity Sunday.	Sundays after Trinity.	Corpus Christi.	Advent Sunday.
A.D. 1900	1	10	9	G	13	6619	5	Feb. 11	Feb. 28	April 15	May 20	May 24	June 8	June 10	June 24	June 14	Dec. 2
1	2	9	8	F	14	6620	6	Jan. 26	Mar. 1	Mar. 30	" 4	" 8	May 22	May 25	May 29	May 19	Nov. 11
2	3	18	7	E	15	6621	7	Jan. 19	Mar. 11	Mar. 23	" 17	" 21	May 15	May 18	May 22	May 10	Nov. 20
3	4	7	6	D	16	6622	8	Jan. 12	Mar. 4	Mar. 16	" 10	" 14	May 8	May 11	May 15	May 2	Nov. 29
4	5	16	5	C	17	6623	9	Jan. 5	Mar. 27	Mar. 9	" 28	" 31	May 1	May 4	May 8	May 26	Dec. 8
5	6	5	4	B	18	6624	10	Jan. 28	Mar. 20	Mar. 11	" 21	" 24	May 24	May 27	May 31	May 18	Dec. 17
6	7	14	3	A	19	6625	11	Jan. 21	Mar. 13	Mar. 4	" 14	" 17	May 17	May 20	May 24	May 11	Dec. 26
7	8	3	2	G	20	6626	12	Jan. 14	Mar. 6	Mar. 28	" 11	" 15	May 10	May 13	May 17	May 28	Nov. 5
8	9	12	1	F	21	6627	13	Jan. 7	Mar. 29	Mar. 21	" 18	" 22	May 3	May 6	May 10	May 21	Nov. 14
9	10	1	31	E	22	6628	14	Jan. 31	Mar. 22	Mar. 14	" 25	" 28	May 27	May 30	June 3	June 14	Nov. 23
10	11	10	30	D	23	6629	15	Jan. 24	Mar. 15	Mar. 7	" 16	" 19	May 20	May 23	May 27	June 7	Dec. 2
11	12	19	29	C	24	6630	16	Jan. 17	Mar. 8	Mar. 31	" 13	" 17	May 13	May 16	May 20	June 4	Dec. 11
12	13	8	28	B	25	6631	17	Jan. 10	Mar. 1	Mar. 24	" 22	" 26	May 6	May 9	May 13	June 18	Dec. 20
13	14	17	27	A	26	6632	18	Jan. 3	Mar. 24	Mar. 16	" 23	" 27	May 29	May 31	June 4	June 25	Dec. 29
14	15	6	26	G	27	6633	19	Jan. 26	Mar. 17	Mar. 9	" 24	" 28	May 22	May 25	May 29	June 28	Nov. 7
15	16	15	25	F	28	6634	20	Jan. 19	Mar. 10	Mar. 3	" 17	" 21	May 15	May 18	May 22	June 21	Nov. 16
16	17	4	24	E	29	6635	21	Jan. 12	Mar. 3	Mar. 26	" 10	" 14	May 8	May 11	May 15	June 19	Nov. 25
17	18	13	23	D	30	6636	22	Jan. 5	Mar. 26	Mar. 18	" 21	" 25	May 1	May 4	May 8	June 18	Dec. 4
18	19	2	22	C	31	6637	23	Jan. 28	Mar. 19	Mar. 11	" 24	" 28	May 24	May 27	May 31	June 24	Dec. 13
19	20	11	21	B	1	6638	24	Jan. 21	Mar. 12	Mar. 4	" 17	" 21	May 17	May 20	May 24	June 23	Dec. 22
20	21	20	20	A	2	6639	25	Jan. 14	Mar. 5	Mar. 27	" 14	" 18	May 10	May 13	May 17	June 21	Dec. 31
21	22	9	19	G	3	6640	26	Jan. 7	Mar. 28	Mar. 20	" 21	" 25	May 3	May 6	May 10	June 19	Jan. 9
22	23	18	18	F	4	6641	27	Jan. 31	Mar. 21	Mar. 13	" 22	" 26	May 26	May 29	May 31	June 25	Jan. 18
23	24	7	27	E	5	6642	28	Jan. 24	Mar. 14	Mar. 6	" 19	" 23	May 19	May 22	May 26	June 24	Jan. 27
24	25	16	26	D	6	6643	29	Jan. 17	Mar. 7	Mar. 29	" 16	" 20	May 12	May 15	May 19	June 23	Feb. 5
25	26	5	25	C	7	6644	30	Jan. 10	Mar. 30	Mar. 22	" 23	" 27	May 5	May 8	May 12	June 21	Feb. 14
26	27	14	24	B	8	6645	31	Jan. 3	Mar. 23	Mar. 15	" 20	" 24	May 28	May 31	June 4	June 20	Feb. 23
27	28	3	23	A	9	6646	1	Jan. 26	Mar. 16	Mar. 8	" 27	" 31	May 21	May 24	May 28	June 18	Feb. 3
28	29	12	22	G	10	6647	2	Jan. 19	Mar. 9	Mar. 31	" 18	" 22	May 14	May 17	May 21	June 17	Feb. 12
29	30	21	21	F	11	6648	3	Jan. 12	Mar. 2	Mar. 24	" 25	" 29	May 7	May 10	May 14	June 16	Feb. 21
30	31	10	20	E	12	6649	4	Jan. 5	Mar. 25	Mar. 17	" 2	" 6	May 30	May 31	June 4	June 15	Feb. 30
31	...	19	19	D	13	6650	5	Jan. 28	Mar. 18	Mar. 10	" 9	" 13	May 23	May 26	May 30	June 14	Mar. 10

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1551	14	22	28	G	4	64	2	2	21	7	Mar.	25	April	29		3	May	13	20	27	May	21	Dec.	2
52	15	3	1	F	5	65	3	3	10	27	April	18	May	10	16	22	June	24	1	8	12	Nov.	30	
53	16	14	2	E	6	66	4	4	1	16	"	5	"	10	23	15	May	31	25	25	4	"	29	
54	17	25	3	C	7	67	5	5	14	Mar.	18	"	"	23	15	17	June	6	13	23	17	"	28	
55	18	6	4	B	8	68	4	4	6	Feb.	3	"	"	15	6	20	May	29	5	24	9	"	27	
56	19	17	5	A	9	69	3	3	29	25	"	1	"	"	10	20	May	27	26	31	Dec.	2		
57	10	7	6	F	10	70	5	5	17	Mar.	6	"	"	26	30	June	9	16	23	20	5	Nov.	80	
58	8	10	7	E	11	71	2	2	2	19	Mar.	6	"	11	15	June	1	25	1	25	28	"	29	
59	3	21	8	D	12	72	3	3	25	11	Mar.	29	"	8	26	May	24	12	23	16	"	27		
60	4	2	9	O	13	6673	5	5	14	2	April	17	"	22	27	June	5	12	23	16	"	"		
61	5	13	10	A	14	6674	3	3	29	15	April	2	"	7	11	May	21	28	26	1	Dec.	3		
62	6	24	11	G	15	75	6	6	18	Mar.	27	"	"	27	31	June	10	9	23	21	"	2		
63	7	5	12	F	16	76	4	4	10	Feb.	7	"	"	19	23	May	21	24	24	"	"	1		
64	8	16	13	E	17	77	2	2	26	12	Mar.	29	"	3	27	June	2	24	26	23	Nov.	29		
65	9	27	14	C	18	78	5	5	14	3	April	18	"	23	27	June	13	18	26	17	"	"		
66	10	8	15	B	19	79	4	4	6	28	Feb.	20	"	15	19	May	29	5	24	9	"	27		
67	11	19	16	A	20	80	4	4	22	3	Mar.	26	April	15	4	May	21	6	27	25	Dec.	8		
68	12	30	17	G	21	81	4	4	11	"	28	April	14	19	23	June	2	9	24	13	"	1		
69	13	11	18	F	22	82	3	3	2	"	19	Mar.	29	"	15	May	25	1	25	5	Nov.	30		
70	14	22	19	D	23	83	2	2	25	"	11	Mar.	6	"	17	May	24	26	26	28	"	29		
71	15	3	20	C	24	84	4	4	7	24	April	11	"	16	20	June	28	6	24	10	"	28		
72	16	14	21	B	25	85	3	3	30	16	April	2	"	27	21	May	28	26	26	1	Dec.	3		
73	17	25	22	G	26	86	4	4	18	7	Mar.	27	"	19	23	June	17	23	24	21	"	2		
74	18	6	23	F	27	87	4	4	10	14	"	19	"	4	23	May	25	26	24	13	"	1		
75	19	17	24	E	28	88	2	2	26	12	Mar.	30	"	4	8	May	18	25	26	29	Nov.	30		
76	1	29	25	D	29	89	5	5	15	3	April	18	"	23	27	June	6	13	23	17	"	28		
77	2	10	26	B	30	90	4	4	6	8	Mar.	26	April	30	15	May	29	5	24	9	"	27		
78	3	21	27	A	1	91	2	2	22	8	Mar.	26	April	30	20	May	14	3	24	25	Dec.	3		
79	4	2	28	G	2	92	3	3	11	"	28	April	16	May	11	June	10	1	27	14	"	2		
80	5	13	1	F	3	93	3	3	3	20	"	6	"	11	15	May	25	1	25	5	Nov.	30		
81	6	24	2	D	4	94	5	5	15	Mar.	4	"	"	24	28	June	7	14	23	18	"	29		
82	7	5	3	C	5	95	4	4	17	Feb.	24	"	"	16	20	May	30	6	24	10	"	28		
83	8	16	4	B	6	96	3	3	30	16	"	11	"	8	12	May	22	29	25	2	"	27		
84	9	27	5	A	7	97	6	6	19	Mar.	7	"	"	27	31	June	10	17	23	21	Dec.	1		
85	10	8	6	F	8	6698	3	3	3	20	"	7	"	12	16	May	26	2	25	6	"	"		
1985																								

CHRONOLOGICAL NOTES AND MOVEABLE FESTIVALS FOR THE TWENTIETH CENTURY—concl'd.

Year.	Golden Number.	Epaet.	Solar Cycle.	Dominical Letter.	Roman Indiction.	Juban Period.	Sundays after Epiphany.	Septuagesima Sunday.	Ash Wednesday.	Maundy Thursday.	Rogation Sunday.	Ascension Day.	White Sunday.	Trinity Sunday.	Sundays after Trinity.	Corpus Christi.	Advent Sunday.
1986	11	19	7	E	9	6899	2	Jan. 13	Feb. 12	Mar. 12	May 30	May 8	May 18	May 25	May 26	May 29	Nov. 30
87	12	30	8	D	10	6900	5	Feb. 15	Mar. 17	Apr. 19	May 31	May 10	May 20	May 27	May 28	June 1	Nov. 29
88	13	11	9	C	11	6901	5	Jan. 31	Feb. 28	Mar. 20	May 11	May 19	May 29	May 30	June 1	June 4	Nov. 28
89	14	22	10	B	12	6902	5	Feb. 11	Mar. 10	Apr. 15	May 26	May 24	June 3	June 10	June 11	June 14	Dec. 2
90	15	3	11	A	13	6903	5	Feb. 11	Mar. 10	Apr. 15	May 26	May 24	June 3	June 10	June 11	June 14	Dec. 2
91	16	14	12	G	14	6904	4	Jan. 27	Mar. 18	Apr. 20	May 31	May 28	June 6	June 13	June 14	June 17	Nov. 1
92	17	25	13	F	15	6905	4	Feb. 16	Mar. 16	Apr. 21	May 31	May 28	June 6	June 13	June 14	June 17	Nov. 1
93	18	6	14	E	16	6906	4	Jan. 30	Mar. 21	Apr. 23	May 31	May 28	June 6	June 13	June 14	June 17	Nov. 1
94	19	17	15	D	17	6907	3	Jan. 13	Mar. 13	Apr. 16	May 26	May 23	June 1	June 8	June 9	June 12	Nov. 30
95	1	29	16	C	18	6908	3	Feb. 1	Mar. 2	Apr. 4	May 25	May 22	June 1	June 8	June 9	June 12	Nov. 30
96	2	10	17	B	19	6909	3	Jan. 26	Mar. 17	Apr. 19	May 30	May 27	June 5	June 12	June 13	June 16	Nov. 29
97	3	21	18	A	20	6910	3	Jan. 19	Mar. 10	Apr. 12	May 23	May 20	June 3	June 10	June 11	June 14	Nov. 28
98	4	3	19	G	21	6911	3	Feb. 8	Mar. 25	Apr. 27	May 28	May 25	June 3	June 10	June 11	June 14	Nov. 28
99	5	14	20	F	22	6912	3	Jan. 31	Mar. 22	Apr. 24	May 25	May 22	June 4	June 11	June 12	June 15	Dec. 3
2000	6	24	21	E	23	6913	3	Feb. 17	Mar. 18	Apr. 20	May 31	May 28	June 6	June 13	June 14	June 17	Dec. 3

A SECULAR DIARY OF THE 20TH CENTURY.

Years.	Jan. 31	Feb. 28	Mar. 31	Apr. 30	May 31	June 30	July 31	Aug. 31	Sep. 30	Oct. 31	Nov. 30	Dec. 31	Years.										
1901	7	18	29	35	46	2	5	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7	1957	63	74	85	91	...
2	13	19	30	41	47	3	6	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1	58	69	75	86	97	...
3	14	25	31	42	...	4	7	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2	53	59	70	81	87	98
4	11	22	33	39	...	7	3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5	50	61	67	78	89	95
5	17	23	34	45	1900	1	4	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6	51	62	73	79	90	...
6	15	26	37	43	...	5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3	51	65	71	82	93	99
7	21	27	38	49	...	0	2	2	5	7	8	5	1	4	6	2	4	55	66	77	83	91	...
Leap Years.	31	29	31	30	31	30	31	31	30	31	30	31	Leap Years.										
1904	32	...	...	...	...	5	1	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4	1960	1989	...			
8	36	...	...	...	...	3	6	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2	64	92	...			
12	40	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7	68	96	...			
16	44	...	...	...	...	6	2	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5	72	2000	...			
20	48	...	...	...	...	4	7	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3	76	1980	...			
24	...	...	...	...	...	2	5	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1	80	...	...			
28	...	...	...	...	...	7	3	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6	84	...	...			
Date.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8															
1 ...	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	SUN.																
2 ...	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	SUN.	Mon.																
3 ...	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	SUN.	Mon.	Tu s.																
4 ...	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	SUN.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.																
5 ...	Fri.	Sat.	SUN.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.																
6 ...	Sat.	SUN.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.																
7 ...	SUN.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.																
8 ...	Mon.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.																
9 ...	Tues.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.																
10 ...	Wed.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.	T.																
11 ...	Thurs.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.	T.	W.																
12 ...	Fri.	S.	SUN.	M.	T.	W.	Th.																
13 ...	Sat.	SUN.	M.	T.	W.	Th.	F.																
14 ...	SUN.	M.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.																
15 ...	Mon.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.																
16 ...	Tues.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.																
17 ...	Wed.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.	T.																
18 ...	Thurs.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.	T.	W.																
19 ...	Fri.	S.	SUN.	M.	T.	W.	Th.																
20 ...	Sat.	SUN.	M.	T.	W.	Th.	F.																
21 ...	SUN.	M.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.																
22 ...	Mon.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.																
23 ...	Tues.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.																
24 ...	Wed.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.	T.																
25 ...	Thurs.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.	T.	W.																
26 ...	Fri.	S.	SUN.	M.	T.	W.	Th.																
27 ...	Sat.	SUN.	M.	T.	W.	Th.	F.																
28 ...	SUN.	M.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.																
29 ...	Mon.	T.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.																
30 ...	Tues.	W.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.																
31 ...	Wed.	Th.	F.	S.	SUN.	M.	T.																
Explanation.—To ascertain any day in any year of the present Century—first look in the Table of years for the year required and under the months are the figures which refer to the corresponding figures at the head of the column of days for the whole month. For Example.—To know what day the 23d of October will be on in the year 1940. In the Table of "Leap years" you will find the year 1940 and under October the figure 2 which directs you to column 2, in which you will see October 23d to be on Friday.																							

Date.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	...
2	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	...
3	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	...
4	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	...
5	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	...
6	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	...
7	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	...
8	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	...
9	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	...
10	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	...
11	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	...
12	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	...
13	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	...
14	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	...
15	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	...
16	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	...
17	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	...
18	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	...
19	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	...
20	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	...
21	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	...
22	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	...
23	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	...
24	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	...
25	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	...
26	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	...
27	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	...
28	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	...
29	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	...
30	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	...
31	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	...

Explanation.—To ascertain any day in any year of the present Century—first look in the Table of Years for the year required and under the months are the figures which refer to the corresponding figures at the head of the column of days for the whole month.

For Example.—To know what day the 25th of October will be on in the year 1940. In the Table of Years you will find the year 1940 and under October the figure 2 which directs you to column 2, in which you will see October 25th to be on Friday.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full Moon.....	3 11 8 Morn.	New Moon.....	17 9 8 After.
Last Quarter.....	10 2 31 Morn.	First Quarter.....	26 2 2 Morn.
Perigee.....	4 6 — After.	Apogee.....	20 4 — Morn.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	After.	Morn.
1	Fri	18	CIRCUMCISION.—Indian Empire proclaimed, 1877 Coronation Durbar at Delhi opened by Lord Curzon—Inauguration of Australian Commonwealth.....	6 24	5 43	4 3	10 34	4 5
2	Sat	19	Calcutta captured, 1757.....	6 24	5 43	5 2	11 34	5 5
3	SUN	20	1st SUNDAY AFTER CIRCUMCISION.....	6 25	5 44	6 4	Morn.	6 6
4	Mon	21	"Amazon" burnt, 1852.....	6 25	5 44	7 7	0 35	7 5
5	Tues	22	Capture of Gorneepore, 1858.....	6 26	5 45	8 9	1 36	8 2
6	Wed	23	EPIPHANY. Boer Assault on Ladysmith repulsed by Genl. Sir G. White.....	6 26	5 46	9 10	2 34	8 57
7	Thur	24	Cabul Massacre, 1842.....	6 26	5 46	10 8	3 30	9 47
8	Fri	25	St. Lucia.....	6 26	5 47	11 4	4 23	10 35
9	Sat	26	Napoleon III. died, 1873.....	6 27	5 47	11 56	5 16	11 23
10	SUN	27	1st SUNDAY AFTER EPIPHANY.....	6 27	5 48	Morn.	6 5	After.
11	Mon	28	Capture of Trincomallee, 1705.....	6 27	5 48	0 52	6 54	0 54
12	Tues	29	Great Fire in Watling Street, 1878.....	6 27	5 49	1 45	7 43	1 40
13	Wed	30	St. Hilary.....	6 28	5 50	2 37	8 33	2 27
14	Thur	1	Prince Albert Victor of Wales d., 1892.....	6 28	5 50	3 29	9 22	3 15
15	Fri	2	Madras University opened, 1853.....	6 28	5 51	4 19	10 11	4 3
16	Sat	3	Battle of Coruña, 1809.....	6 28	5 51	5 8	11 1	4 53
17	SUN	4	2ND SUNDAY AFTER EPIPHANY.....	6 28	5 52	5 55	After.	5 42
18	Mon	5	St. Prisca.....	6 28	5 52	6 41	0 35	6 31
19	Tues	6	Isaac D'Israeli died, 1848.....	6 29	5 53	7 24	1 21	7 19
20	Wed	7	St. Fabian.....	6 29	5 53	8 6	2 5	8 5
21	Thur	8	St. Agnes.....	6 29	5 54	8 45	2 48	8 52
22	Fri	9	Queen Victoria died, 1901. Accession of King Edward VII. St. Vincent.....	6 29	5 54	9 25	3 30	9 39
23	Sat	10	Proclamation.....	6 29	5 55	10 4	4 13	10 25
24	SUN	11	3RD SUNDAY AFTER EPIPHANY.....	6 29	5 55	10 43	4 57	11 13
25	Mon	12	Conversion of St. Paul.....	6 29	5 56	11 25	5 43	Morn.
26	Tues	13	Singapore taken, 1819.....	6 29	5 56	After.	6 30	0 2
27	Wed	14	German Emperor born, 1859.....	6 29	5 57	0 56	7 21	0 54
28	Thur	15	Battle of Aliwal, 1846.....	6 28	5 57	1 47	8 16	1 49
29	Fri	16	Victoria Cross instituted, 1856.....	6 28	5 58	2 43	9 13	2 45
30	Sat	17	Mangalore re-taken by Tippu, 1784.....	6 28	5 58	3 42	10 13	3 45
31	SUN	18	SEPTUAGESIMA SUNDAY.....	6 28	5 59	4 44	11 14	4 44

PHENOMENA.

Jan. 1	11	Morn.—Mercury at greatest elongation.....	19 30 E.
3	9	Morn.—Sun in Perigee.	
8	8	Morn.—Mercury stationary.	
13	8	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Ceres.....	0 58 S.
14	2	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	2 29 N.
17	5	After.—Mercury in inferior conjunction with the Sun.	
17	9	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....	1 23 N.
19	3	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	4 39 N.
20	10	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	3 33 N.
22	3	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	1 55 N.
29	1	Morn.—Mercury Stationary.	
29	1	Morn.—Uranus in conjunction with Venus.....	1 47 N.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full Moon.....	1 9 54 After.	New Moon.....	16 4 26 After.
Last Quarter.....	8 3 17 After.	First Quarter.....	24 4 30 After.
Perigee.....	2 5 — Morn.	Apogee.....	16 5 — Morn.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	—	Morn.
1	Mon	19	Mysore State Railway opened, 1881.....	6 28	5 59	5 48	Morn.	5 43
2	Tues	20	Purification of the B. V. Mary..... [1830.]	6 28	6 0	6 50	0 15	6 40
3	Wed	21	St. Blaise. Marquis of Salisbury born, 1826.....	6 28	6 0	7 52	1 14	7 35
4	Thur	22	Capture of Kumasi, 1874.....	6 28	6 0	8 52	2 10	8 26
5	Fri	23	St. Agatha.—Bishop Corried died, 1837.....	6 28	6 1	9 49	3 5	9 16
6	Sat	24	Sir H. Irving born, 1838.....	6 27	6 1	10 45	3 58	10 3
7	SUN	25	SEXAGESIMA SUNDAY..... [1872.]	6 27	6 2	11 41	4 49	10 51
8	Mon	26	Lord Mayo assassinated at Port Blair, 1872.....	6 27	6 2	Morn.	5 40	11 38
9	Tues	27	General Sir Evelyn Wood, v.c., born, 1838.....	6 27	6 2	0 33	6 30	After.
10	Wed	28	Late Queen Victoria married, 1840.....	6 26	6 3	1 25	7 20	1 16
11	Thur	29	Thomas A. Edison born, 1847.....	6 26	6 3	2 16	8 9	2 2
12	Fri	1	Gold discovered in Australia, 1851.....	6 26	6 3	3 7	8 59	2 51
13	Sat	2	English Revolution, 1688..... [St. Valentine.]	6 25	6 4	3 53	9 46	3 39
14	SUN	3	QUINQUAGESIMA (SHROVE SUNDAY).—	6 25	6 4	4 39	10 33	4 28
15	Mon	4	Kimberley, relieved by Sir J. Genl. 1870.....	6 25	6 4	5 23	11 18	5 15
16	Tues	5	Shrove Tuesday..... [French, 1900.]	6 24	6 5	6 5	After.	6 12
17	Wed	6	ASH-WEDNESDAY..... [1899.]	6 24	6 5	6 45	0 46	6 49
18	Thur	7	M. Loubet, elected President of France, 1898.....	6 24	6 5	7 25	1 29	7 35
19	Fri	8	Battle of Tokar, 1891..... [1899.]	6 23	6 5	8 4	2 12	8 22
20	Sat	9	Bangalore captured, 1791.....	6 23	6 5	8 43	2 55	9 10
21	SUN	10	QUADRAGESIMA (1st SUNDAY IN LENT).—	6 22	6 6	9 24	3 40	9 58
22	Mon	11	General Baden-Powell born, 1857.....	6 22	6 6	10 6	4 26	10 48
23	Tues	12	Sir Joshua Reynolds died, 1832.....	6 21	6 6	10 51	5 14	11 40
24	Wed	13	St. Matthias.....	6 21	6 6	11 39	6 6	Morn.
25	Thur	14	Sir Chri. Wren died, 1723..... [1811.]	6 20	6 7	After.	7 0	0 34
26	Fri	15	Rt. Hon. Earl of Cromer, c.c.s. born, 1811.....	6 20	6 7	1 25	7 56	1 30
27	Sat	16	Majuba, 1881. Surrender of General Cronje at Paardeberg, S. Africa, 1900.....	6 19	6 7	2 25	8 55	2 27
28	SUN	17	2ND SUNDAY IN LENT.....	6 19	6 7	3 26	9 54	3 25
29	Mon	18	.....	6 18	6 7	4 28	10 53	4 21

PHENOMENA.

Feb. 2	5	Morn.—Saturn in conjunction with the sun.	
10	8	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Ceres.....	Moon 0 8 S.
10	2	After.—Mercury at greatest elongation.....	25 50 W.
13	9	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon 4 8 S.
14	9	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....	Moon 4 30 N.
15	4	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon 4 30 N.
18	12	Midnight.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon 1 8 N.
19	8	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon 1 11 N.
26	10	Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Saturn.....	Mercury 0 40 N.
26	10	Morn.—Mars in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Mars 0 36 N.
27	10	After.—Venus in descending Node.	

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☉ Full Moon.....	d. h. m.	2 8 7 Morn.	☾ First Quarter.....	d. h. m.	25 2 58 Morn.
☾ Last Quarter.....	9 6 22 Morn.		☉ Full Moon.....	31 6 5 After.	
☉ New Moon.....	17 11 0 Morn.				

☾ Perigee.....	1 6 0 After.	☾ Perigee.....	30 8 — Morn.
☉ Apogee.....	14 11 — Morn.		

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	After.	Morn.
1	Tues.	19	St. David.....	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
2	Wed.	20	St. Chad.—Leo XIII. born, 1810.....	6 18	6 8	5 30	11 51	5 17
3	Thur.	21	George Odeer died, 1877.....	6 17	6 8	6 31	Morn.	6 10
4	Fri.	22	The Forth Bridge opened, 1890.....	6 16	6 8	7 33	0 48	7 1
5	Sat.	23	Admiral Sir G. H. Noel, born 1845.....	6 16	6 8	8 30	1 43	7 51
6	SUN	24	[Tippu in Coorg, 1799.	6 15	6 8	9 27	2 37	8 41
7	SUN	25	3RD SUNDAY IN LENT.—Battle with	6 14	6 8	10 23	3 30	9 30
8	Mon.	26	St. Perpetua.—Siege of Bangalore, 1791.	6 14	6 9	11 18	4 22	10 19
9	Tues.	27	Battle of Aboukir, 1801.....	6 13	6 9	Morn.	5 13	11 8
10	Wed.	28	Mr. Gladstone resigned, 1894.....	6 13	6 9	0 10	6 4	After.
11	Thur.	29	King Edward VII. married, 1863.....	6 12	6 9	1 1	6 54	0 47
12	Fri.	30	Sir James Outram died, 1863.....	6 11	6 9	1 50	7 43	1 36
13	Sat.	31	St. Gregory.—End of Nepal War, 1816.	6 11	6 9	2 37	8 30	2 24
14	SUN	1	[married, 1879					
15	Mon.	2	4TH SUNDAY IN LENT.—Prince Arthur	6 11	6 9	3 21	9 16	3 12
16	Tues.	3	Humbert, King of Italy, b., 1844; ass.					
17	Wed.	4	29th July, 1900.....	6 10	6 9	4 3	10 1	3 59
18	Thur.	5	Lord Melbourne born, 1779.....	6 9	6 9	4 44	10 44	4 46
19	Fri.	6	Duchess of Kent died, 1861.....	6 9	6 9	5 24	11 27	5 33
20	Sat.	7	St. PATRICK'S DAY.....	6 8	6 9	6 4	After.	6 19
21	SUN	8	Princess Louise born, 1848... [May, 1873.	6 7	6 9	6 43	0 54	7 7
22	Mon.	9	David Livingstone, b., 1813; died 1st	6 7	6 10	7 23	1 33	7 55
23	Tues.	10	[Newton died, 1727.					
24	Wed.	11	5TH SUNDAY IN LENT.—Sir Isaac	6 6	6 10	8 5	2 24	8 45
25	Thur.	12	St. Benedict.—Princess Louise married,	6 5	6 10	8 49	3 12	9 36
26	Fri.	13	Goethe died, 1832..... [1871.	6 5	6 10	9 36	4 2	10 29
27	Sat.	14	Battle of Novara, 1849.....	6 4	6 10	10 24	4 53	11 22
28	SUN	15	Battle of Hyderabad (Scinde), 1843.....	6 4	6 10	11 18	5 48	Morn.
29	Mon.	16	Annunciation, B. V. M. (Lady Day).....	6 3	6 10	After.	6 44	0 18
30	Tues.	17	Duke of Cambridge born, 1819. Cecil	6 2	6 10	1 12	7 41	1 14
31	Wed.	18	Rhodes died, 1902..... [began, 1861.					
	Thur.	19	PALM SUNDAY.—American Civil War	6 1	6 10	2 11	8 38	2 9
			Prince Leopold died, 1854.....	6 1	6 10	3 12	9 34	3 3
			Punjab annexed, 1849.....	6 0	6 10	4 12	10 30	3 55
			Russo-Persian Treaty ratified, 1882.....	5 59	6 10	5 12	11 26	4 46
			Maundy Thursday.....	5 59	6 10	6 11	Morn.	3 37

PHENOMENA.

Mar. 8	9	Morn.—Venus in conjunction with Saturn.....	Venus	0 20 N.
14	5	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon	4 22 N.
14	8	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon	3 49 N.
14	9	After.—Neptune stationary.		
17	—	—Solar eclipse, visible at Madras, see page 4.		
18	8	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon	0 31 N.
18	12	Midnight.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon	1 20 S.
21	6	Morn.—Spring commences.		
24	10	Morn.—Neptune in quadrature to the sun.		
27	2	Morn.—Mercury in superior conjunction with the sun.		
27	7	Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Mercury	0 5 N.
27	3	After.—Jupiter in conjunction with the sun.		

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m.	7 11 14 After.	☾ First Quarter.....	d. h. m.	23 10 16 Morn.
☉ New Moon.....	16 3 14 Morn.		☉ Full Moon.....	30 3 57 Morn.	

☾ Apogee.....	11 3 — Morn.	☾ Perigee.....	26 12 — Midnight
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Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
1	Fri.	20	All Fools' Day.—GOOD FRIDAY.....	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
2	Sat.	21	Easter Eve.—Mandalay Mission left	5 58	6 10	7 10	0 20	6 27
			[for Calcutta, 1882.					
3	SUN	22	EASTER SUNDAY.—St. Richard....	5 57	6 10	8 7	1 14	7 16
4	Mon.	23	Easter Monday.—St. Ambrose.—Late	5 57	6 10	9 4	2 8	8 7
			Queen Victoria visited Dublin, 1900.	5 56	6 10	9 59	3 1	8 57
5	Tues.	24	Easter Tuesday.....	5 55	6 11	10 53	3 54	9 48
6	Wed.	25	Capital of Coorg taken 1834.....	5 55	6 11	11 43	4 46	10 39
7	Thur.	26	Old Lady Day.....	5 54	6 11	Morn.	5 36	11 29
8	Fri.	27	King of Denmark born, 1819.....	5 53	6 11	0 31	6 25	After.
9	Sat.	28	Lord Bacon died, 1826.....	5 53	6 11	1 17	7 11	1 7
10	SUN	29	1st SUNDAY AFTER EASTER.....	5 52	6 11	2 0	7 56	1 54
11	Mon.	30	Papal Jubilee, Rome 1869.....	5 51	6 11	2 42	8 41	2 41
12	Tues.	31	Lord Rodney's Naval Victory, 1782....	5 51	6 11	3 22	9 24	3 28
13	Wed.	1	Sir Hector McDonald, K.C.B., born,	5 50	6 11	4 2	10 7	4 15
14	Thur.	2	Princess Beatrice born, 1857... [1852.	5 49	6 11	4 41	10 51	5 2
15	Fri.	3	Cardinal Vaughan born, 1832.....	5 49	6 11	5 22	11 35	5 51
16	Sat.	4	1st Railway opened at Bombay, 1853.	5 48	6 11	6 3	After.	6 40
			[Benjamin Franklin died, 1790.					
17	SUN	5	2ND SUNDAY AFTER EASTER.—	5 48	6 12	6 47	1 9	7 32
18	Mon.	6	Tantia Topee executed at Sepree, '59.	5 47	6 12	7 33	1 58	8 25
19	Tues.	7	St. Alphege.....	5 46	6 12	8 23	2 50	9 19
20	Wed.	8	Spanish Fleet destroyed by Blake, 1657.	5 46	6 12	9 15	3 44	10 14
21	Thur.	9	St. Dominic.....	5 45	6 12	10 0	4 39	11 9
22	Fri.	10	Acquittal of Warren Hastings, 1795....	5 45	6 12	11 6	5 35	Morn.
23	Sat.	11	St. George's Day.....	5 44	6 12	After.	6 31	0 4
			[Defoe died, 1731.					
24	SUN	12	3RD SUNDAY AFTER EASTER.—Daniel	5 44	6 12	1 12	7 26	0 56
25	Mon.	13	St. Mark.....	5 43	6 12	2 0	8 20	1 48
26	Tues.	14	New Orleans taken, 1862.....	5 43	6 13	2 58	9 13	2 37
27	Wed.	15	Prince Leopold married, 1882.....	5 42	6 13	3 56	10 6	3 26
28	Thur.	16	Mutiny of the "Bounty," 1789.....	5 42	6 13	4 53	10 59	4 15
29	Fri.	17	Peace with Russia, 1856.....	5 41	6 13	5 51	11 53	5 4
30	Sat.	18	Burmese Embassy reach Simla, 1882.	5 41	6 13	6 48	Morn.	5 53

PHENOMENA.

April 2	8	Morn.—Venus in aphelion.		
4	2	After.—Uranus stationary.		
5	9	After.—Moon in conjunction with Ceres.....	Moon	1 1 N.
9	1	Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Mars.....	Mercury	1 16 N.
10	5	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon	4 15 N.
14	4	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon	1 16 N.
14	10	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon	0 7 S.
16	11	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon	3 24 S.
17	2	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....	Moon	6 29 S.
22	1	Morn.—Mercury at greatest elongation.....		20 11 E.
23	3	After.—Venus in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Venus	0 30 S.
23	9	After.—Mars in ascending Node.		

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m.	☽ First Quarter.....	d. h. m.
☾ New Moon.....	7 5 11 After.	☽ Full Moon.....	22 3 40 After.
	15 4 19 After.		29 2 16 After.

☾ Apogee.....	8 9 — After.	☽ Perigee.....	23 4 — After.
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Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
1	SUN	19	4TH SUNDAY AFTER EASTER.—SS. [Philip & James.	5 40	6 13	7 45	0 47	6 44
2	Mon	20	Cyclone in Madras, 1872.....	5 40	6 14	8 40	1 41	7 35
3	Tues	21	Invention of the Cross.....	5 40	6 14	9 33	2 34	8 27
4	Wed	22	Death of Tipu, 1799.....	5 30	6 14	10 23	3 26	7 19
5	Thur	23	Napoleon I. died, 1821.....	5 39	6 14	11 11	4 16	6 10
6	Fri	24	St. John—Phoenix Park murders, 1882.	5 39	6 14	11 56	5 5	5 59
7	Sat	25	Earl of Rosebery, K.G., born, 1817.....	5 38	6 14	Morn.	5 51	11 48
8	SUN	26	RODATION SUNDAY.....	5 38	6 15	0 38	6 36	After.
9	Mon	27	John Stuart Mill died, 1873.....	5 38	6 15	1 10	7 20	1 22
10	Tues	28	Mutiny at Meerut, 1857.....	5 37	6 15	1 59	8 3	2 9
11	Wed	29	Bangoon taken, 1824.....	5 37	6 15	2 38	8 46	2 56
12	Thur	30	ASCENSION DAY (Holy Thursday).....	5 37	6 16	3 18	9 30	3 44
13	Fri	31	Cession of Surat, 1890.....	5 37	6 16	3 59	10 15	4 33
14	Sat	1	Old May Day.....	5 36	6 16	4 42	11 2	5 24
15	SUN	2	SUNDAY AFTER ASCENSION DAY.....	5 36	6 16	5 28	After.	6 17
16	Mon	3	Akbar Khan died, 1847.....	5 36	6 16	6 16	0 44	7 12
17	Tues	4	Maifeking, South Africa, relieved 1900.	5 35	6 17	7 9	1 38	8 8
18	Wed	5	Relief of Chitral Garrison, 1895.....	5 35	6 17	8 4	2 34	9 5
19	Thur	6	St. Dunstan, A.C.....	5 35	6 17	9 1	3 31	10 10
20	Fri	7	Dr. W. Chambers died, 1883.....	5 35	6 18	9 59	4 27	10 54
21	Sat	8	Riots at Montreal, 1832.....	5 35	6 18	10 57	5 22	11 46
22	SUN	9	PENTECOST (WHIT SUNDAY)..... [1706.	5 34	6 18	11 54	6 16	Morn.
23	Mon	10	Whit Monday. Battle of Ramillies.	5 34	6 19	After.	7 8	0 35
24	Tues	11	Whit Tuesday.—VICTORIA DAY.....	5 34	6 19	1 48	8 0	1 23
25	Wed	12	H. B. H. Princess Helena born, 1846	5 34	6 19	2 44	8 52	2 10
26	Thur	13	St. Augustine—Princess of Wales born.	5 34	6 20	3 40	9 33	2 57
27	Fri	14	Venerable Bede..... [1867.	5 34	6 20	4 36	10 36	3 45
28	Sat	15	Mutiny at Nusseerabad, 1857.....	5 34	6 20	5 32	11 29	4 34
29	SUN	16	TRINITY SUNDAY..... [1875.	5 34	6 20	6 27	Morn.	5 24
30	Mon	17	Massacre at Shahjehanpur, 1857.....	5 34	6 21	7 21	0 22	6 16
31	Tues	18	Peace with South Africa.....	5 34	6 21	8 13	1 15	7 8

PHENOMENA.

d.	h.	
May 3	2	Morn.—Mercury stationary.
8	4	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.
10	3	Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Mars.
12	1	Morn.—Saturn in quadrature to the sun. App. dia. 15.5".
12	6	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.
13	4	After.—Mercury in inferior conjunction with the sun.
14	9	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.
15	9	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.
15	9	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.
22	8	After.—Mercury in conjunction with Venus.
25	10	After.—Mercury stationary.
30	11	After.—Mars in conjunction with the sun.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m.	☽ First Quarter.....	d. h. m.
☾ New Moon.....	6 11 14 Morn.	☽ Full Moon.....	20 8 32 After.
	14 2 32 Morn.		28 1 35 Morn.

☾ Apogee.....	5 5 — After.	☽ Perigee.....	17 6 — After.
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Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
1	Wed	19	Peace declared between English and Boers.	5 34	6 21	9 3	2 6	7 59
2	Thur	20	Corpus Christi—Garibaldi died, 1882.	5 34	6 21	9 50	2 56	8 50
3	Fri	21	Prince of Wales born, 1855.....	5 34	6 22	10 34	3 44	9 40
4	Sat	22	Lord Wolseley born, 1833.....	5 34	6 22	11 15	4 30	10 28
5	SUN	23	1st SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—St. Bo.	5 34	6 22	11 55	5 15	11 16
6	Mon	24	Jeremy Bentham died, 1832.....	5 34	6 23	Morn.	5 58	After.
7	Tues	25	First Reform Bill passed, 1832.....	5 34	6 23	0 35	6 41	0 49
8	Wed	26	Sir J. E. Millais, P.R.A., died 1896.....	5 34	6 23	1 14	7 24	1 36
9	Thur	27	Charles Dickens died, 1870.....	5 34	6 23	1 54	8 8	2 24
10	Fri	28	Sir Edwin Arnold, K.C.I.E., born, 1832.	5 34	6 24	2 35	8 54	3 14
11	Sat	29	St. Barnabas, Ap.....	5 34	6 24	3 20	9 42	4 04
12	SUN	30	2ND SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 35	6 24	4 7	10 33	5 1
13	Mon	31	Earl Rivers executed, 1483.....	5 35	6 25	4 58	11 27	5 57
14	Tues	1	Admiral Hon. Sir Henry Heppel born.	5 35	6 25	5 53	After.	6 53
15	Wed	2	Wat Tyler killed, 1381..... [1809.	5 35	6 25	6 51	1 22	7 52
16	Thur	3	Battle of Ligny and Quatre Bras, 1815	5 35	6 26	7 51	2 20	8 48
17	Fri	4	St. Alban, M.....	5 35	6 26	8 49	3 17	9 42
18	Sat	5	Battle of Waterloo, 1815.....	5 36	6 26	9 49	4 12	10 33
19	SUN	6	3RD SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 36	6 26	10 47	5 6	11 22
20	Mon	7	Late Queen Victoria ascended the Throne, 1837. [born, 1837.	5 36	6 27	11 44	5 58	Morn.
21	Tues	8	Longest day. Marquis of Dufferin.	5 36	6 27	After.	6 49	0 19
22	Wed	9	Newfoundland discovered by S. Cabot.	5 37	6 27	1 35	7 49	0 56
23	Thur	10	Prince Edward of York born, '94. ['97.	5 37	6 27	2 30	8 31	1 42
24	Fri	11	St. John the Baptist.—Lord Kitchener.	5 37	6 27	3 25	9 22	2 30
25	Sat	12	Navigation Acts repeal'd, '49. [b, '50.	5 37	6 27	4 19	10 14	3 19
26	SUN	13	4TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 37	6 28	5 13	11 7	4 0
27	Mon	14	Lord Lawrence died, 1879.....	5 37	6 28	6 6	11 58	5 0
28	Tues	15	.....	5 38	6 28	6 56	Morn.	5 51
29	Wed	16	St. Peter, A. & M.....	5 38	6 28	7 44	0 49	6 42
30	Thur	17	End of Second Burmah War, 1853.....	5 38	6 28	8 29	1 33	7 33

PHENOMENA.

d.	h.	
June 1	8	After.—Saturn stationary. App. diameter=16".
4	1	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.
9	1	Morn.—Mercury at greatest elongation.
9	1	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.
12	6	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.
13	12	Noon.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.
13	7	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.
19	11	Morn.—Mars in conjunction with Venus.
19	10	After.—Uranus in opposition to the sun.
22	2	Morn.—Summer commences.
27	12	Midnight.—Neptune in conjunction with the sun.
30	10	Morn.—Neptune in conjunction with Venus.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m. 6 4 15 Morn.	☽ First Quarter.....	d. h. m. 20 2 10 Morn.
☾ New Moon.....	13 10 38 Morn.	☾ Full Moon.....	27 8 3 After.

☾ Apogee.....	3 11 — Morn.	☾ Apogee.....	31 1 — Morn.
☾ Perigee.....	15 9 — Morn.		

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
1	Fri	18	Princess Alice married, 1862.....	h. m. 5 39	h. m. 6 28	h. m. 9 12	h. m. 2 25	h. m. 8 23
2	Sat	19	Visitation of B. V. Mary.....	5 39	6 28	9 53	3 10	9 9
3	SUN	20	5TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 39	6 29	10 32	3 54	9 56
4	Mon	21	Translation of St. Martin.....	5 39	6 29	11 11	4 36	10 42
5	Tues	22	C. J. Rhodes born, 1853..... [1835.	5 40	6 29	11 50	5 19	11 29
6	Wed	23	Genl. Sir George S. White, V.C., born,	5 40	6 29	Morn.	6 2	After.
7	Thur	24	Translation of St. Thomas à Becket....	5 40	6 29	0 30	6 40	1 4
8	Fri	25	Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain b., 1836.	5 41	6 29	1 12	7 32	1 54
9	Sat	26	Earl of Minto born, 1845.....	5 41	6 29	1 57	8 21	2 47
			[Mutiny, 1806.					
10	SUN	27	6TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Vellore	5 41	6 29	2 46	9 14	3 42
11	Mon	28	Bombardment of Alexandria, 1882.....	5 42	6 29	3 39	10 9	4 39
12	Tues	29	English troops evacuated the Crimea,	5 42	6 29	4 35	11 7	5 33
			1856.					
13	Wed	30	Berlin Treaty, "Peace with Honour,"	5 42	6 29	5 35	After.	6 36
14	Thur	31	Storming of Bastille, Paris, 1789.....	5 42	6 29	6 36	1 5	7 32
15	Fri	1	St. Swithin—Relief of Kumasi, 1900....	5 43	6 29	7 37	2 3	8 25
16	Sat	2	Massacre of Cawnpore, 1857.....	5 43	6 29	8 38	2 59	9 17
			Prussian War commenced, 1870.					
17	SUN	3	7TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Franco-	5 43	6 29	9 37	3 53	10 6
18	Mon	4	Dr. W. G. Grace, born, 1848.....	5 43	6 29	10 35	4 46	10 54
19	Tues	5	Duke of Albany (Saxe-Coburg and	5 44	6 28	11 31	5 37	11 41
20	Wed	6	St. Margaret..... [Gotha] born, 1884.	5 44	6 28	After.	6 28	Morn.
21	Thur	7	Robert Burns died, 1796; born 25th	5 44	6 28	1 21	7 19	0 29
22	Fri	8	St. Mary Magdalene..... [Jan. 1759.	5 44	6 28	2 15	8 11	1 17
23	Sat	9	Princess Beatrice married, 1885.....	5 45	6 28	3 8	9 2	2 6
			[of Gibraltar, 1704.					
24	SUN	10	8TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Capture	5 45	6 28	4 0	9 53	2 56
25	Mon	11	St. James, A. & M.....	5 45	6 27	4 51	10 44	3 46
26	Tues	12	St. Anne.....	5 45	6 27	5 39	11 33	4 37
27	Wed	13	St. Joseph of Arimathea.....	5 46	6 27	6 23	Morn.	5 27
28	Thur	14	Battle of Pyrenees, 1813.. [Italy, 1900.	5 46	6 27	7 9	0 20	6 16
29	Fri	15	Assassination of King Humbert of	5 46	6 26	7 51	1 6	7 5
30	Sat	16	Prince Bismarck, b., 1st April 1815;	5 46	6 26	8 30	1 50	7 52
			[died, 1898.					
31	SUN	17	9TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 47	6 26	9 10	2 33	8 38

PHENOMENA.

d. h.	July 1	7	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon	3 47 N.
	2	6	After.—Mercury in conjunction with Mars.....	Mercury	0 16 S.
	5	6	Morn.—Sun in Apogee.		
	7	6	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon	1 49 S.
	8	1	After.—Venus in conjunction with the sun.		
	9	7	After.—Mars in conjunction with Neptune.....	Mars	1 43 N.
	10	4	Morn.—Mercury in superior conjunction with the sun.		
	12	2	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon	5 36 S.
	13	2	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon	5 13 S.
	13	8	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....	Moon	5 56 S.
	22	8	Morn.—Jupiter in quadrature to the sun. App. diameter=37.6".		
	23	10	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon	3 52 N.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m. 4 7 23 After.	☽ First Quarter.....	d. h. m. 18 9 48 Morn.
☾ New Moon.....	11 6 19 After.	☾ Full Moon.....	20 6 23 Morn.

☾ Perigee.....	12 2 — After.	☾ Apogee.....	27 9 — Morn.
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Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
1	Mon	18	Lammas Day.....	h. m. 5 47	h. m. 6 25	h. m. 9 48	h. m. 3 16	h. m. 9 24
2	Tues	19	Goolab Singh died, 1847.....	5 47	6 25	10 27	3 58	10 10
3	Wed	20	Mahratta War commenced, 1803.....	5 47	6 25	11 8	4 41	10 57
4	Thur	21	Earl of Aberdeen born, 1847.....	5 47	6 24	11 51	5 26	11 46
5	Fri	22	General Sheridan died, 1888..... [1844.	5 48	6 24	Morn.	6 12	After.
6	Sat	23	Transfiguration.—Prince Alfred born,	5 48	6 24	0 36	7 2	1 29
			[of Jesus.					
7	SUN	24	10TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Name	5 48	6 23	1 26	7 54	2 24
8	Mon	25	"Transvaal State" Convention s. 1881.	5 48	6 23	2 20	8 50	3 21
9	Tues	26	Coronation of King Edward VII, 1902.	5 48	6 23	3 17	9 48	4 18
10	Wed	27	St. Lawrence.....	5 48	6 22	4 17	10 47	5 16
11	Thur	28	Genl. Lord (Rowland) Hill born,	5 48	6 22	5 19	11 46	6 12
			1772; died, 10th December 1842.					
12	Fri	29	Ahmednagar taken (Wellesley), 1803.	5 48	6 21	6 21	After.	7 6
13	Sat	30	Imperial Defence Act, 1888.....	5 49	6 21	7 22	1 41	7 57
			[Lammas Day.					
14	SUN	31	11TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Old	5 49	6 20	8 23	2 36	8 47
15	Mon	32	Assumption of B. V. Mary.—Relief of	5 49	6 20	9 21	3 30	9 37
16	Tues	1	St. Roche's Day..... [Peking, 1900.	5 49	6 19	10 19	4 23	10 25
17	Wed	2	Battle of Bobilla, 1808.....	5 49	6 19	11 15	5 15	11 14
18	Thur	3	Emperor of Austria born, 1830.....	5 49	6 18	After.	6 7	Morn.
19	Fri	4	Mutiny at Ferozepore, 1857.....	5 49	6 18	1 4	6 59	6 3
20	Sat	5	Anarchist Riots in Paris, 1899.....	5 50	6 17	1 57	7 50	0 53
			[ture of Taku Forts, 1860.					
21	SUN	6	12TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Cap-	5 50	6 17	2 48	8 41	1 43
22	Mon	7	Dr. Pusey born, 1800.....	5 50	6 16	3 37	9 30	2 33
23	Tues	8	Govt. Central Museum instituted, 1851	5 50	6 15	4 23	10 17	3 23
24	Wed	9	St. Bartholomew, Ap.	5 50	6 15	5 7	11 3	4 13
25	Thur	10	Michael Faraday died, 1867.....	5 50	6 14	5 49	11 48	5 1
26	Fri	11	Battle of Crecy, 1346.....	5 50	6 14	6 30	Morn.	5 49
27	Sat	12	Battle of Polilore, 1781.....	5 50	6 13	7 9	0 32	6 35
			[Augustin, Bp.					
28	SUN	13	13TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—St.	5 50	6 12	7 48	1 14	7 21
29	Mon	14	St. John the Baptist beheaded.....	5 50	6 12	8 26	1 56	8 7
30	Tues	15	Admiral Sir McL. Lyons born, 1833....	5 50	6 11	9 6	2 39	8 51
31	Wed	16	John Bunyan died, 1688.—Queen Wil-	5 50	6 10	9 48	3 23	9 41
			helmina of Holland born, 1880.					

PHENOMENA.

d. h.	Aug. 3	6	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon	2 6 S.
	7	9	After.—Mercury in descending Node.		
	10	9	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon	6 8 S.
	10	12	Midnight.—Saturn in opposition to the sun. App. diameter=17.4".		
	12	12	Noon.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon	3 20 S.
	13	2	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....	Moon	0 41 N.
	18	3	Morn.—Mercury in aphelion.		
	20	9	Morn.—Mercury at greatest elongation.....		27 24 E.
	20	9	After.—Jupiter stationary. App. diameter=41.4".		
	25	1	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon	4 4 N.
	31	1	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon	2 7 S.

PHASES OF THE MOON:

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m.	3 8 20 Morn.	☽ First Quarter.....	d. h. m.	16 8 34 After.
● New Moon.....	10 2 4 Morn.		○ Full Moon.....	24 11 11 After.	

☾ Perigee..... 9 12 — Midnight | ☾ Apogee..... 23 11 — Morn.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
			[Crown, 1858.]	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>
1	Thur	17	<i>St. Giles</i> .—Transfer of India to the	5 50	6 10	10 31	4 8	10 30
2	Fri	18	Capture of Omdurman, 1898.....	5 50	6 9	11 18	4 55	11 21
3	Sat	19	Oliver Cromwell died, 1658.....	5 50	6 9	Morn.	5 45	After.
4	SUN	20	14TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 50	6 8	0 8	6 39	1 7
5	Mon	21	Malta taken from the French, 1800.....	5 50	6 8	1 2	7 33	2 3
6	Tues	22	Genl. Sir Archibald Hunter born, 1856.....	5 50	6 7	1 59	8 30	2 59
7	Wed	23	<i>St. Eunuchus</i> , Bp.....	5 50	6 6	2 59	9 29	3 55
8	Thur	24	Nativity of <i>B. V. Mary</i> .—Fall of Sevastopol, 1855.....	5 50	6 5	4 0	10 26	4 49
9	Fri	25	Battle of Flodden Field, 1513.....	5 50	6 5	5 2	11 23	5 43
10	Sat	26	Empress of Austria assassinated, 1898.....	5 50	6 4	6 3	After.	6 34
11	SUN	27	15TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 50	6 3	7 4	1 16	7 24
12	Mon	28	M. Guizot, French Statesman, died, 1874.....	5 50	6 3	8 4	2 11	8 16
13	Tues	29	Battle of Tel-el-Keber, 1882.....	5 50	6 2	9 3	3 6	9 6
14	Wed	30	<i>Holy Cross day</i> .—September 1851.....	5 50	6 1	10 1	4 0	9 57
15	Thur	31	Firemore Cooper born, 1789; died 14th	5 50	6 1	10 57	4 53	10 45
16	Fri	1	<i>St. Editha</i> .—George I, landed in Eng.	5 50	6 0	11 52	5 46	11 39
17	Sat	2	<i>St. Lambert</i> , Bp..... [land 1714.]	5 50	5 59	After.	6 37	Morn.
18	SUN	3	16TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 50	5 58	1 34	7 27	0 30
19	Mon	4	President Garfield died, 1881.....	5 50	5 58	2 21	8 15	1 20
20	Tues	5	Battle of Alma, 1854.....	5 50	5 57	3 6	9 1	2 9
21	Wed	6	<i>St. Matthew</i>	5 50	5 56	3 48	9 46	2 53
22	Thur	7	Sultan of Turkey born, 842.....	5 50	5 55	4 29	10 30	3 45
23	Fri	8	Battle of Assaye, 1803.....	5 50	5 55	5 9	11 13	4 32
24	Sat	9	Dean Millman died, 1868.....	5 50	5 54	5 48	11 55	5 19
25	SUN	10	17TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 50	5 53	6 26	Morn.	6 5
26	Mon	11	<i>St. Cyprian</i>	5 50	5 52	7 6	0 38	6 51
27	Tues	12	Battle of Bucaeo, 1810.....	5 50	5 52	7 47	1 21	7 39
28	Wed	13	Genl. J.D.P. French b., 1852. [was Day]	5 51	5 51	8 30	2 6	8 27
29	Thur	14	<i>St. Michael and All Angels</i> (Michael)	5 51	5 50	9 15	2 52	9 17
30	Fri	15	<i>St. Jerome</i> .—General Roberts, K.G., v.c., born 1832.	5 51	5 50	10 3	3 41	10 8

PHENOMENA.

d.	h.	
Sept. 2	1	After.—Mercury stationary. App. diameter=9.2".
5	4	Morn.—Uranus stationary.
8	2	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....Moon 4 10 S.
9	—	Solar eclipse, invisible in India.
10	5	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....Moon 5 18 N.
11	7	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....Moon 10 30 N.
16	7	Morn.—Mercury in inferior conjunction with the sun.
19	4	After.—Uranus in quadrature to the sun.
21	8	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....Moon 54 13 N.
23	5	After.—Autumn commences.
24	5	After.—Mercury stationary.
27	3	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....Moon 1 52 S.

PHASES OF THE MOON:

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m.	2 7 13 After.	☽ First Quarter.....	d. h. m.	16 11 15 Morn.
● New Moon.....	9 10 46 Morn.		○ Full Moon.....	24 4 17 After.	

☾ Perigee..... 8 11 — Morn. | ☾ Apogee..... 20 7 — After.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
				<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>
1	Sat	16	<i>St. Remigius</i> . Cambridge Term begins. [André executed, 1780.]	5 51	5 49	10 55	4 31	11 1
2	SUN	17	18TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Major	5 51	5 48	11 49	5 25	After.
3	Mon	18	Admiral Earl of Clanwilliam b., 1832.....	5 51	5 47	Morn.	6 19	0 48
4	Tues	19	First English Bible printed, 1535.....	5 51	5 47	0 45	7 14	1 42
5	Wed	20	Marquess Cornwallis, Governor-General of India, died 1805.	5 51	5 46	1 44	8 10	2 35
6	Thur	21	<i>St. Faith</i> , V. and M.....	5 51	5 45	2 43	9 6	3 28
7	Fri	22	Nabob of the Carnatic d., 1855..... [1875.]	5 51	5 45	3 43	10 2	4 19
8	Sat	23	Owen's College, Manchester, opened.	5 51	5 44	4 44	10 58	5 10
9	SUN	24	19TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.— <i>St. Denys</i> .	5 51	5 44	5 44	11 54	6 1
10	Mon	25	Boers invade Natal, 1899.....	5 51	5 43	6 45	After.	6 52
11	Tues	26	Boer Ultimatum to British Govt. re-	5 51	5 42	7 44	1 45	7 41
12	Wed	27	Old Michaelmas Day..... [fessor.]	5 51	5 42	8 43	2 41	8 37
13	Thur	28	Translation of King Edward the Con-	5 52	5 41	9 40	3 35	9 29
14	Fri	29	Mafeking besieged by Boers, 1899.....	5 52	5 41	10 35	4 29	10 22
15	Sat	30	Gregorian Calendar introduced, 1582. [Palmerston died, 1865.]	5 52	5 40	11 23	5 21	11 14
16	SUN	1	20TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Lord	5 52	5 39	After.	6 10	Morn.
17	Mon	2	<i>St. Etheldreda</i> .—Duchess of Edin.	5 52	5 39	1 3	6 58	0 4
18	Tues	3	<i>St. Luke</i> , Evangelist..... [burgh b., 1853.]	5 52	5 38	1 45	7 42	0 54
19	Wed	4	Siege of Kimberley by Boers, 1899.....	5 52	5 38	2 28	8 27	1 41
20	Thur	5	Battle of Talana Hill, Genl. Penn Symons mortally wounded, 1899.	5 53	5 37	3 8	9 10	2 29
21	Fri	6	Battle of Trafalgar, 1805.....	5 53	5 37	3 47	9 53	3 15
22	Sat	7	Sarah Bernhardt born, 1845..... [Hicks Beach born, 1837.]	5 53	5 36	4 25	10 36	4 1
23	SUN	8	21ST SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Sir M.	5 53	5 36	5 5	11 19	4 48
24	Mon	9	King of Servia shot at, 1882..... [London.]	5 53	5 35	6 46	Morn.	5 35
25	Tues	10	<i>St. Crispin</i> , M. Royal Progress thro'	5 54	5 35	6 28	0 3	6 23
26	Wed	11	William Hogarth died, 1764; born 1637.	5 54	5 34	7 13	0 50	7 13
27	Thur	12	President Roosevelt, U.S.A., born 1858.	5 54	5 34	8 1	1 33	8 5
28	Fri	13	<i>St. Simon and Jude</i>	5 54	5 34	8 51	2 28	8 57
29	Sat	14	Battle of Farquhar's Farm, S.A. 1899	5 55	5 33	9 44	3 21	9 50
30	SUN	15	22ND SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY..... [1831.]	5 55	5 33	10 39	4 14	10 44
31	Mon	16	Assumption of Mysore by British.	5 55	5 33	11 35	5 8	11 37

PHENOMENA.

d.	h.	
Oct. 1	12	Midnight.—Neptune in quadrature to the sun.
1	13	Midnight.—Mercury at greatest elongation..... 17 54 W.
8	4	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....Moon 2 49 S.
8	8	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....Moon 1 1 S.
9	1	After.—Venus in descending Node.
11	4	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....Moon 1 27 N.
11	10	After.—Neptune stationary.
18	9	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....Moon 4 10 N.
19	4	Morn.—Jupiter in opposition to the sun. App. diameter=46".
19	3	After.—Saturn stationary. App. diameter=16.2".
24	8	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....Moon 1 34 S.
31	8	After.—Mercury in superior conjunction with the sun.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m.	1 11 34 Morn.	☉ Full Moon.....	d. h. m.	23 8 33 Morn.
☾ New Moon.....	7 8 58 After.		☾ Last Quarter.....	30 0 59 After.	
☾ First Quarter.....	15 5 57 Morn.				
☾ Perigee.....	5 6 — After.		☾ Apogee.....	17 12 — Noon.	

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	—	Morn.	—
1	Tues	17	All Saints' Day.....	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
2	Wed	18	All Souls' Day.....	5 55	5 32	Morn.	6 3	After
3	Thur	19	Proclamation Assuming Government.....	5 56	5 32	0 33	6 57	1 19
4	Fri	20	[of India from E. I. Company.....	5 56	5 31	1 30	7 51	2 9
5	Sat	21	Gunpowder Plot, 1605.....	5 57	5 31	2 28	8 44	2 58
			[Leonard.....	5 57	5 31	3 27	9 38	3 47
6	SUN	22	23RD SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—St.....	5 57	5 31	4 26	10 33	4 37
7	Mon	23	Battle of Mooltan, 1818.....	5 57	5 30	5 25	11 28	5 29
8	Tues	24	John Melton died 1673, b., 9th Dec.....	5 58	5 30	6 25	After.	6 21
9	Wed	25	King's birthday..... [1608.....	5 58	5 30	7 24	1 20	7 15
10	Thur	26	Duke of Fife born, 1819.....	5 58	5 30	8 21	2 15	8 9
11	Fri	27	St. Martin, Bp.....	5 59	5 30	9 16	3 9	9 3
12	Sat	28	Gibbon Centenary held, 1894.....	5 59	5 30	10 8	4 1	9 55
			[Britius, Bp.....					
13	SUN	29	24TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—St.....	6 0	5 29	10 57	4 51	10 46
14	Mon	30	Genl. Sir Hugh Gough, V. C., b., 1833.....	6 0	5 29	11 43	5 38	11 35
15	Tues	1	St. Machutus, Bp.....	6 0	5 29	After.	6 23	Morn.
16	Wed	2	Soudan Expedition left Suez, 1882.....	6 1	5 29	1 6	7 7	0 23
17	Thur	3	St. Hugh.—Suez Canal opened, 1869.....	6 1	5 29	1 45	7 49	1 10
18	Fri	4	Duke of Wellington buried at St. Paul's, 1852.....	6 2	5 29	2 23	8 32	1 56
19	Sat	5	Great Fire at Cripplegate, London, 1897.....	6 2	5 29	3 2	9 15	2 42
			[Edmund, K. & M.....					
20	SUN	6	25TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—[St.....	6 3	5 29	3 42	9 59	3 29
21	Mon	7	Sir Thomas Gresham died, 1579.....	6 3	5 29	4 24	10 45	4 17
22	Tues	8	St. Cecilia, V. and M.....	6 4	5 29	5 9	11 33	5 7
23	Wed	9	St. Clement.....	6 4	5 29	5 56	Morn.	5 59
24	Thur	10	Defeat of Khalifa, 1899.....	6 5	5 29	6 46	0 23	6 52
25	Fri	11	St. Katharine..... [1869.....	6 5	5 29	7 39	1 16	7 46
26	Sat	12	Princess Charlotte of Denmark b.,.....	6 6	5 29	8 35	2 10	8 40
27	SUN	13	1st SUNDAY IN ADVENT.....	6 6	5 29	9 31	3 5	9 34
28	Mon	14	Mandalay occupied, 1885—Battle of Modder River, 1899.....	6 7	5 29	10 23	3 59	10 26
29	Tues	15	The Boers defeated at Modder River,.....	6 7	5 30	11 25	4 53	11 17
30	Wed	16	St. Andrew, A. & M..... [1899.....	6 8	5 30	Morn.	5 46	After.

PHENOMENA.

Nov. 3	9	After.—Mercury in descending Node.		
4	4	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon	1 14 S.
7	5	After.—Saturn in quadrature to the sun. App. diameter=15'6"		
8	2	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....	Moon	5 7 N.
10	6	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon	6 80 N.
13	1	Morn.—Venus in aphelion.		
14	2	Morn.—Mercury in aphelion.		
14	2	After.—Moon in conjunction with Juno.....	Moon	0 8 S.
14	5	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon	3 58 N.
17	8	Morn.—Uranus in conjunction with Venus.....	Venus	1 28 S.
20	4	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon	1 81 S.
30	8	Morn.—Mars in aphelion.		

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ New Moon.....	d. h. m.	7 9 7 Morn.	☉ Full Moon.....	d. h. m.	22 11 22 After.
☾ First Quarter.....	15 3 28 Morn.		☾ Last Quarter.....	29 9 7 After.	
☾ Perigee.....	3 7 — Morn.		☾ Apogee.....	27 10 — After.	
☾ Apogee.....	15 9 — Morn.				

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	Morn.	Morn.	After.
1	Thur	17	Queen Alexandra's Birthday (1844.)...	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
2	Fri	18	Battle of Austerlitz, 1805.....	6 8	5 30	0 21	6 39	0 54
3	Sat	19	Battle of Hohenlinden, 1800.....	6 9	5 30	1 18	7 31	1 41
			[shed, 1829.....	6 9	5 30	2 14	8 23	2 29
4	SUN	20	2ND SUNDAY IN ADVENT.—Suttee aboli.....	6 10	5 31	3 12	9 16	3 18
5	Mon	21	Madras Court of S. Causes estab., 1850.....	6 10	5 31	4 2	10 10	4 8
6	Tues	22	St. Nicholas.....	6 11	5 31	5 7	11 5	5 0
7	Wed	23	Hyder Ali died, 1782.....	6 12	5 31	6 5	After.	5 54
8	Thur	24	Conception of B. V. Mary.....	6 12	5 32	7 2	0 55	6 48
9	Fri	25	Second battle of Nagpore, 1857.....	6 13	5 32	7 56	1 49	7 43
10	Sat	26	Nagpore annexed, 1853.....	6 13	5 32	8 47	2 41	8 35
11	SUN	27	3RD SUNDAY IN ADVENT.....	6 14	5 33	9 35	3 30	9 26
12	Mon	28	New Zealand discovered, 1642.....	6 14	5 33	10 20	4 17	10 15
13	Tues	29	St. Lucy.....	6 15	5 34	11 2	5 2	11 3
14	Wed	30	Prince Consort died, 1861.....	6 15	5 34	11 42	5 45	11 50
15	Thur	1	Battle of Colenso, S. A., 1899; Lieut.....	6 16	5 34	After.	6 27	Morn.
16	Fri	2	St. Sapiaientia..... [Hon. Roberts killed.....	6 17	5 35	0 59	7 9	0 35
17	Sat	3	Fdn. Stone of Madras Town Hall laid, [1833.....	6 17	5 35	1 38	7 52	1 22
18	SUN	4	4TH SUNDAY IN ADVENT.....	6 18	5 36	2 19	8 37	2 9
19	Mon	5	Marquis Dalhousie died, 1860.....	6 18	5 36	3 2	9 24	2 53
20	Tues	6	Battle of Suakin, 1888.....	6 19	5 37	3 48	10 13	3 48
21	Wed	7	St. Thomas, Ap.....	6 19	5 37	4 37	11 6	4 41
22	Thur	8	Battle of Ferozeshah, 1845.....	6 20	5 38	5 30	12 0	5 35
23	Fri	9	Lord Robert's sailed for S. A., 1899.....	6 20	5 38	6 26	Morn.	6 31
24	Sat	10	Christmas Eve.....	6 21	5 39	7 23	0 56	7 27
25	SUN	11	CHRISTMAS DAY.....	6 21	5 39	8 22	1 53	8 21
26	Mon	12	St. Stephen, M.....	6 22	5 40	9 20	2 49	9 14
27	Tues	13	St. John, Ap. & Evangelist.....	6 22	5 40	10 17	3 43	10 5
28	Wed	14	Holy Innocents' Day..... [born, 1809.....	6 22	5 41	11 14	4 36	10 50
29	Thur	15	W. E. Gladstone died, 19th May, 1898;.....	6 23	5 41	Morn.	5 28	11 40
30	Fri	16	Pegu annexed, 1852..... [born 1838.....	6 23	5 42	0 10	6 20	After.
31	Sat	17	St. Silvester, Bp.—President Loubet,.....	6 24	5 42	1 6	7 11	1 14

PHENOMENA.

Dec. 2	2	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon	0 22 N.
8	10	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....	Moon	6 56 N.
10	2	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon	5 49 N.
12	5	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon	3 28 N.
14	2	After.—Mercury at greatest elongation.....		20 80 E.
16	4	After.—Jupiter stationary. App. diameter=41'0".		
22	10	Morn.—Mercury stationary.		
22	11	Morn.—Winter commences.		
22	2	After.—Uranus in conjunction with the sun.		
28	2	After.—Venus in conjunction with Saturn.....	Venus	0 48 S.
30	10	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon	1 45 N.
31	9	After.—Mercury in inferior conjunction with the sun.		

EXPLANATORY NOTES ON THE CALENDAR.

JANUARY.

The name given to this month by the Romans was taken from *Janus*, one of their divinities, to whom they gave two faces; because on the one side, the first day of this month looked towards the new year, and on the other towards the old one. It was called *wolf-monat* by our Saxon ancestors, on account of the danger they then experienced from wolves.

1ST—CIRCUMCISION.

On this day is celebrated the Circumcision of our Saviour, a rite of the Jewish law, first enjoined to Abraham as a token of the covenant God made with him and his posterity.

Hark! the merry bells ring round
With clamorous joy to welcome in this day,
This consecrated day
To mirth and indolence.

The ancient custom of going about with the *wassail*, 'a bowl of spiced ale,' is yet retained in many places. The composition was ale, nutmeg, sugar, toast, and roasted crabs or apples, and was called lamb's wool.

6TH—EPIPHANY.

On the *Epiphany* or *Manifestation* of Christ to the Gentiles, commonly called *Twelfth-day*, the Eastern magi were guided by the star to pay homage to their Saviour; and it takes its name from their coming on that day, which was the twelfth after the Nativity. The usual celebration of Twelfth-day, in the Metropolis and in the South of England, is by drawing lots, and assuming fictitious characters for the evening:—formerly the king or queen was chosen by a *bean* found in a piece of divided cake; and this was once a common Christmas gambol in both the English Universities. The day after Twelfth-day was called St. Distauff's-day.

8TH—SAINT LUCIAN.

Saint Lucian, Confessor and Martyr, was born at Samosata in Syria. He was well versed in the Hebrew language, and employed much time in comparing and amending the copies of the Bible. Lucian was put to death by Maximinus II.

13TH—SAINT HILARY.

Hilary was born at Poitiers in France, of an illustrious family; and of this place he was chosen bishop in the year 353. He died at Poitiers in 368. Hilary was an excellent orator and poet; his style abounds with rhetorical figures.

18TH—SAINT PRISCA.

Prisca, a Roman lady, was early converted to Christianity; but refusing to abjure her religion, and to offer sacrifice when she was commanded, was horribly tortured, and afterwards beheaded, under the Emperor Claudius, in the year 275.

21ST—SAINT AGNES.

Agnès, a young Roman lady, of a noble family, suffered martyrdom in the tenth general persecution, under the Emperor Diocletian, in the year 306. Although the executioners wounded her most cruelly with the sword, yet she bore it with incredible constancy, singing hymns all the time: she was then no more than thirteen or fourteen years of age.

22ND—SAINT VINCENT.

Vincent, a deacon of the church in Spain, suffered martyrdom in the Diocletian persecution, about the year 303, being extended upon burning coals; and, after his body was broiled there, he was thrown upon heaps of broken tiles.

25TH—CONVERSION OF SAINT PAUL.

This day celebrates the miraculous conversion of Saint Paul. He was beheaded under the general persecution of Nero; hence the usual representation of him with a sword in his hand.

31ST—SEPTUAGESIMA SUNDAY.

When the words Septuagesima, Sexagesima, and Quinquagesima (seventieth, sixtieth, and fiftieth), were first applied to denote these three Sundays, the season of Lent had generally been extended to a fast of six weeks, that is, thirty-six days, not reckoning the Sundays, which were always celebrated as festivals.

FEBRUARY.

Some etymologists derive February from *Februa*, an epithet given to Juno, as the goddess of purification; while others attribute the origin of the name to *Februa*, a feast held by the Romans in this month, in behalf of the manes of the deceased. The Saxons named February *sprout kele*, on account of the sprouts of the cole-wort which began to appear in this month.

2ND—PURIFICATION OF THE BLESSED VIRGIN MARY.

This festival is of high antiquity, and the ancient Christians observed it by using a great number of lights, in remembrance, as it is supposed, of our blessed Saviour being declared by Simeon, to be 'a light to lighten the Gentiles': hence the name of Candlemas-day.

3RD—SAINT BLASE.

He was Bishop of Sebaste, in Armenia, and suffered martyrdom in 316, under the persecution of Licinius. Blase is the principal patron of Ragusa, and also of the woolcombers, who still keep a solemn guild at Norwich, in memory of their tutelar saint.

5TH—SAINT AGATHA.

Saint Agatha suffered martyrdom under Decius, in the year 251. She was honourably descended, and very beautiful. Her personal charms soon attracted the notice of Quintianus, prætor or governor of the province; who, being unable to accomplish his base designs, ordered her to be scourged, and then imprisoned, for not worshipping the Pagan deities. After which, still persisting in the faith, she was put to the rack, burnt with hot irons, and had her breasts cut off.

14TH—SAINT VALENTINE.

Valentine was an ancient presbyter of the Church: he suffered martyrdom in the persecution under Claudius II, at Rome; being beaten with clubs, and then beheaded, in the *Via Flaminia*, about the year 270.

The day Saint Valentine,

When maids are brisk, and at the break of day
Start up and turn their pillows, curious all
To know what happy swain the fates provide
A mate for life. Then follows thick discharge
Of true-love knots and sonnets nicely penned,
But to the learned critic's eye no verse,
But prose distracted.—HURDIS.

16TH—SHROVE TUESDAY.

This day is also called 'Eastern's E'en' and Pancake Tuesday. *Shrove* is the preterite of *shrive*, an antiquated word, which signifies to hear or make confession. On this day it was usual for the people to *confess*, that they might be the better prepared for the observation of the ensuing season of penitence, and for receiving the Sacrament at Easter. It was afterwards converted into a day of idle sports and amusements; and in many parts of England, its anniversary was distinguished by riot and drunkenness, by bull-baiting, cock-fighting, and such other diversions as were calculated to promote cruelty and inhumanity. The Popish *Carnival* commences from Twelfth-day, and holds till Lent.

17TH—ASH-WEDNESDAY.

Lent is not of apostolic institution, nor was it known in the earlier ages of the Christian Church. This day was formerly called *Caput Jejunii*, the head of the fast, and *Dies Cinerum*, or Ash-Wednesday. The latter appellation is derived from the discipline of the ancient Church, in regard to penitents, who, on the first day of Lent, had ashes thrown upon them, and their heads covered with sackcloth.

21ST—FIRST SUNDAY IN LENT.

Dominica in Passione, or Passion Sunday, was the name given to this day in missals; as the Church now began to advert to the sufferings of Christ. In the North it is called *Carling* Sunday, and grey peas, first steeped at night in water, and fried with butter, form the usual repast.

24TH—SAINT MATTHIAS.

Matthias was, probably, one of the seventy disciples, and was a constant attendant upon our Lord, from the time of his baptism by St. John until his Ascension. He was afterwards, near the river Asparus, murdered by some barbarians. The gospel and traditions published under his name are considered spurious.

MARCH.

Among the Romans, March, from Mars, was the first month, and marriages made in this month were accounted unhappy. The Saxons called March *lent-monat*, or *length-moneth*, 'because the days did first begin, in length, to exceed the nights.'

1ST—SAINT DAVID.

Saint David having founded several monasteries, and been the spiritual father of many saints, both British and Irish, died about the year 544, at a very advanced age.

2ND—SAINT CHAD.

Saint *Ceadda* or Chad, educated in the monastery of Lindisfarne, under Saint Aidan, was afterwards Bishop of Lichfield, and died in the great pestilence of 673.

7TH—SAINT PERPETUA.

Perpetua, a noble lady of Carthage, only twenty-two years of age, suffered martyrdom in 203, by order of Minutius Firmianus, under the persecution of the Emperor Severus. In the amphitheatre, Perpetua was exposed to the attacks of a wild cow, and, after being much gored by this animal, she languished for some time under the wounds given her by a young and unskilful gladiator.

12TH—SAINT GREGORY.

Saint Gregory, surnamed the Great, was born about the year 540. He was consecrated Pope about the year 590, and died in 604. Before his advancement to the See, Gregory projected the conversion of the English nation; and, although his offer to this effect was at first refused, he accomplished his wishes after he assumed the papal chair.

13TH—MID-LENT SUNDAY.

The middle or fourth Sunday in Lent was formerly called the Sunday of the five Loaves, the Sunday of Bread, and the Sunday of Refreshment, in allusion to the Gospel appointed for this day. It was also named *Rose-Sunday*, from the Pope carrying a golden rose in his hand, which he exhibited to the people in the streets as he went to celebrate the Eucharist, and at his return. *Mothering Sunday* is another name attached to this day, from the practice, in Roman Catholic times, of people visiting their mother-church on Mid-Lent Sunday. Hence, perhaps, the custom now existing in some parts of England, of children visiting their parents, and presenting them with money, trinkets, or some other trifle. Furnety is commonly a rural repast on this day. It is made of whole grains of wheat first parboiled, and then put into and boiled in milk, sweetened, and seasoned with spices.

17TH—SAINT PATRICK.

The tutelar saint of Ireland was born in the year 371, in a village called *Bonaven Tabernie*, probably Kilpatrick, in Scotland, between Danbriton and Glasgow. Being successively ordained deacon, priest, and bishop, he received the apostolical benediction from Pope Celestine, and was sent by him, about the beginning of the year 432, to preach the gospel in Ireland. He died at the good old age of 123, and was buried at Down, in Ulster.

The *shamrock* is said to be worn by the Irish, upon the anniversary of this saint, for the following reason: When he preached the gospel to the Pagan Irish, he illustrated the doctrine of the Trinity by showing them a *trefoil*, or three-leaved grass, with one stalk; which operating to their conviction, the shamrock, which is a bundle of this grass, was ever afterwards worn upon this saint's anniversary, to commemorate the event.—*Brand*.

21ST—SAINT BENEDICT.

Benedict, or *Bennet*, was born at Norcia in Italy, about the year 480, and of an honourable family. Being sent by his parents to Rome to complete his studies, he became disgusted with the licentiousness of the Roman youth, and retired to the mountain of Subiaco, about forty miles from the city. Bennet was now only fifteen; and lived for three years in a cave, Romanus, a monk, giving him provisions: these were let down by a rope, with a bell affixed, to give notice to the holy recluse. Bennet founded the monastery of Casino in 529: it was built on the brow of a very high mountain, on the top of which there was an old temple of Apollo, surrounded with a grove. The Benedictine order of monks, first instituted by our saint, was, in the ninth century, at its height of glory.

25TH—ANNUNCIATION OF THE B. V. M., or Lady Day.

This day celebrates the angel's message to the Virgin Mary, respecting our Blessed Lord. She was, probably, an only child, and but fifteen years of age when espoused to Joseph. She died A.D. 48, being about sixty years old.

27TH—PALM SUNDAY.

In the missals, this day is denominated *Dominica in ramis Palmarum*, or Palm Sunday, and was so called from the palm branches and green boughs formerly distributed on that day, in commemoration of our Lord's riding to Jerusalem. Sprigs of *box-wood* are still used as a substitute for palms in Roman Catholic countries. On this day is still retained the ancient usage of decorating churches, houses, &c., with evergreens,

31ST—MAUNDY THURSDAY.

This day is called in Latin *Dies Mandati*, the day of the command, being the day on which our Lord washed the feet of his disciples, as recorded in the second lesson. The practice was long kept up in the monasteries. After the ceremony, liberal donations were made to the poor, of clothing and of silver money, and refreshment was given them to mitigate the severity of the fast. On the 13th April 1731 (Maundy Thursday), the *Arch-bishop of York* washed the feet of a certain number of poor persons. James II was the last king who performed this in person.

APRIL.

April is derived from *Aprilis*, of *aperio*, I open; because the earth, in this month, begins to open her bosom for the production of vegetables. The Saxons called this month *oster-monat*, from the goddess *Goster* or because the winds were found to blow generally from the east in this month.

1ST—ALL FOOLS' DAY.

On this day everybody strives to make as many fools as he can: the wit chiefly consists in sending persons on what are called sleeveless errands, for the history of *Eve's mother*, for *pigeon's milk*, *stirrup oil*, and similar ridiculous absurdities.

1ST—GOOD FRIDAY.

This day commemorates the suffering of Christ, as a propitiation for our sins. Holy Friday, or the Friday in Holy Week, was its most ancient and general appellation; the name Good Friday is peculiar to the English Church. It was observed as a day of extraordinary devotion. Buns, with crosses upon them, are usually eaten in London and some other places, on this day, at breakfast. St. Peter's Church at Rome is most superbly illuminated on this night.

The procession, on this day, at Barcelona, is thus described by the Rev. Joseph Townsend, in his 'Journey through Spain': 'I found two images, as large as life, distinguished from the rest as being stationary, and the more immediate objects of their devotion; the one representing Christ as taken from the cross, the other the Virgin in all her best attire, pierced by seven swords, and leaning over the recumbent body of her son. Behind these images, a theatre with colonnades, supporting a multitude of wax tapers, dazzled the sight, while the ear was charmed by the harmonious chanting of the choir.'

'More than a hundred thousand persons all the morning crowded the streets, hurrying from church to church to express the warmth of their zeal, and the fervour of their devotion, by bowing themselves in each, and kissing the feet of the most revered image. Most of the spectators were natives of the city, but many upon such occasions resort to Barcelona from the adjacent villages, and some from distant provinces.'

'Towards the close of day the pageant appeared, moving with slow and solemn pace along the streets, and conducted with the most perfect regularity. The last supper of Christ with his disciples, the treachery of Judas, attended by the priests, together with the guards, the flagellation, the crucifixion, the taking from the cross, the anointing of the body, and the burial, with every transaction of the closing scene, and the events subsequent to the Passion of our Lord, were represented by images as large as life, placed in proper order on lofty stages, many of which were elegant, and all as highly ornamented as carving and gilding, rich silks, brocades, and velvets, with curious embroidery, all executed by their most skilful artists, could render them. No expense was spared either in the materials, the workmanship, or the wax lights, which, with the most splendid profusion, were consumed upon this occasion. Each of these stages was supported on the shoulders of six men, who were completely hid by a covering of black velvet hanging round the margin of the stage, and reaching nearly to the ground. This procession was preceded by Roman centurions clothed in their proper armour, and the soldiers of the garrison brought up the rear. The intermediate space was occupied by the group of images above described, attended by eight hundred burgesses, clothed in black buckram, with flowing trains, each carrying a flambeau in his hand. Besides these, one hundred and fourscore penitents engaged my more particular attention. Like the former, they carried each a flambeau, but their dress was singular, somewhat resembling that of the blue-coat boys of Christ's Hospital, London, being a jacket and coat in one, reaching to their heels, made of dark-brown shalloon, with a bonnet on their head, like what is called a fool's cap, being a cone covering the head and face completely, and having holes for the eyes. The design of the peculiar form is to conceal the penitents, and to spare their blushes. These were followed by twenty others, who, either from remorse of conscience, or having been guilty of more atrocious crimes or for hire, or with the most benevolent intention of adding to the common fund of merit for the service of the Church, walked in the procession barefooted, dragging heavy chains, and bearing large crosses on their shoulders. Their penance was severe; but, for their comfort, they had assigned to them the post of honour; for immediately after them followed the sacred corpse placed in a glass coffin, and attended by twenty-five priests, dressed in their richest robes. Near the body a well-chosen band with hautboys, clarionets, French horns, and flutes, played the softest and most solemn music. This part of the procession wanted nothing to heighten the effect. I am persuaded that every one who had a soul for harmony felt the starting tear.'

His SAVIOUR'S WORDS going to the CROSS.

Have, have ye no regard, all ye
 Who pass this way, to pity Me,
 Who am a man of misery?
 A man both bruised, and broke, and one
 Who suffers not here for mine own,
 But for my friends' transgression!
 Ah, Sion's daughters! do not fear
 The cross, the cords, the nails, the spear,
 The myrrh, the gall, the vinegar;
 For Christ, your loving Saviour, hath
 Drunk up the wine of God's fierce wrath;
 Only there's left a little froth,
 Less for to taste, than for to show
 What bitter cups had been your due,
 Had He not drunk them up for you.—HERRICK.

3RD—EASTER-DAY or EASTER SUNDAY.

Easter is styled, by the Fathers, the highest of all festivals, the queen of festivals, and *Dominica Gaudii*, the joyous Sunday. Masters granted freedom to their slaves at this season, and valuable presents were made to the poor.

4TH—SAINT AMBROSE.

Our saint was born about the year 340, and was educated in his father's palace, who was Prætorian Præfect of Gaul. He ruled over the See of Milan with great piety and vigilance for more than twenty years; during which time he gave all his money to pious uses, and settled the reversion of his estate upon the Church. He converted the celebrated St. Augustine to the faith, and at his baptism, in a miraculous manner, composed that divine hymn, so well known in the Church by the name of *Te Deum*. He died, aged fifty-seven, in the year of our Lord 396.

4TH AND 5TH—EASTER MONDAY AND TUESDAY.

Every day in this week was formerly observed as a religious festival, sermons being preached, and the Sacrament administered. In many places, servants were permitted to rest from their usual employments, that they might constantly attend public worship. During fifteen days, of which the paschal solemnity consisted, the Courts of Justice were shut, and all public games, shows, and amusements, were prohibited: it is unnecessary to observe, that this practice has long ceased, and that the Easter Week is usually devoted to relaxation and amusement; this is particularly the case at Moscow and in Catholic countries.

10TH—LOW SUNDAY.

It was a custom among the primitive Christians, on the first Sunday after Easter Day, to repeat some part of the solemnity of that grand festival; whence this Sunday took the name of *Low Sunday*, being celebrated as a feast, though in a lower degree.

19TH—SAINT ALPHEGE.

A native of England, Alphege was first Abbot of Bath, then Bishop of Winchester, in the year 984; and, twelve years afterwards, Archbishop of Canterbury. He was stoned to death at Greenwich.

21ST—SAINT DOMINIC.

Found at Paris thirty of his religious followers in the chapel of St. James, and, in consequence of the name of the chapel and the street where it stood, he called them *Jacobins*. This was the origin of an Order which exercised great power over kings. St. Louis had so much love for this community, that he wished to be made a Jacobin. He proposed his design to the queen, and conjured her not to oppose it. That princess immediately sent for her children and the Earl of Anjou, brother of the King; she demanded of the first whether they would prefer being the sons of a priest rather than the sons of a king? And, without waiting for their answer, she exclaimed, 'The Jacobins have worked on the mind of your father, and persuaded him to abdicate the throne in order to become a priest and a preacher.' At these words, the Earl of Anjou expressed his determination to oppose the king and the priests; and the eldest son of the monarch swore by St. Denis, that, if ever he came to the throne, he would drive every mendicant idle priest out of his kingdom. The fanatic passion of St. Louis for crusades brought him to his death, near the ruins of Carthage, fighting against *Mussulmen* in a country where Dido had established the gods of the Syrians. This king extended that religious enthusiasm which depopulated Europe during two centuries.

23RD—SAINT GEORGE.

This illustrious saint, termed, by the Greeks, the 'great martyr,' was born in Cappadocia, of noble Christian parents, and was a Tribune or Colonel in the army under Diocletian. He was beheaded in the year, 290. Under the name and ensign of St. George, Edward III, in 1330, instituted the most noble order of knighthood in Europe.

25TH—SAINT MARK.

St. Mark's Gospel was written in the year 63. The Order of Knights of St. Mark at Venice, under the protection of this evangelist, was instituted in the year 737, the reigning Doge being always Grand Master:—their motto was; '*Pax tibi, Marce; Evangelista Meus.*'

MAY.

May is so called from *Maia*, the Mother of Mercury, to whom sacrifices were offered by the Romans on the first of this month; or, according to some, from respect to the senators and nobles of Rome, who were named *Majores*, as the following month was termed *Junius*, in honour of the youth of Rome. The Saxons called May *tri-milki*, because in that month they began to milk their kine three times in a day.

1ST—MAY-DAY.

Anciently, all ranks of people went out a-maying early on the first of this month. The juvenile part of both sexes, in the north, were wont to rise a little after midnight, and walk to some neighbouring wood, accompanied with music and the blowing of horns; where they break down branches from the trees, and adorn them with *nosegays* and *crowns of flowers*. When this is done, they return with their booty homewards, about the rising of the sun, and make their doors and windows to triumph in the flowery spoil. The after-part of the day is chiefly spent in dancing round a tall pole, which is called a *May-pole*; which being placed in a convenient part of the village, stands there, as it were, consecrated to the goddess of flowers, without the least violation offered it, in the whole circle of the year.

The custom of *going a-maying* is now confined wholly to the populace; and the 'milk maids' garland' and 'chimney-sweepers' dance' are the most remarkable features of this annual celebration.

1ST—SAINT PHILIP AND SAINT JAMES.

Philip was born at Bethsaida, near the Sea of Tiberias, the city of Andrew and Peter. He was one of the first disciples, and an apostle. James the Less, called also *James the Just*, and, by the Apostle Paul, *James*, the Lord's brother, was the son of Joseph, afterwards husband to the Virgin Mary, as is probable by his first wife. The first of these martyrs was stoned to death, and the second, having been thrown from a high place, was killed by a fuller's staff.

3RD—INVENTION OF THE CROSS.

The Romish Church celebrates this day as a festival, to commemorate the *invention* or finding of a wooden cross, supposed to be the *true one*, by Helena, the mother of Constantine the Great.

6TH—JOHN THE EVANGELIST, A. P. L.

John the Evangelist was a Galilean by birth, the son of Zebedee and Salome, the younger brother of James, but not of him that was surnamed the Just, and who was the brother of our Lord. Being carried prisoner to Rome, he was condemned to be thrown into a cauldron of boiling oil, but was miraculously preserved, and came out of it alive. He survived to the reign of Trajan, and died about ninety years of age.

8TH—ROGATION SUNDAY.

This day takes its name from the Latin term *rogare*, to ask; because, on the three subsequent days, *supplications* were appointed by Mamertus, Bishop of Vienna, in the year 469, to be offered up with fasting to God, to avert some particular calamities that threatened his diocese.

12TH—ASCENSION DAY.

From the earliest times, this day was set apart to commemorate our Saviour's Ascension into heaven: all processions on this, and the preceding rogation days, were abolished at the Reformation. In London, on this day, the minister, accompanied by the churchwardens, and a number of boys, with wands, walk in procession, and *beat the bounds* of the parish.

19TH—SAINT DUNSTON.

Dunstan was a native of Glastonbury, and nobly descended. He was a skilful painter, musician, and an excellent forger and refiner of metals: he manufactured crosses, vials, and sacred vestments; and also painted and copied good books. He was Bishop of London, and afterwards Archbishop of Canterbury. He died in 988.

22ND—WHIT-SUNDAY.

On Whit-Sunday, or *White-Sunday*, the *catechumens*, who were then baptized, as well as those who had been baptized before at Easter, appeared, in the ancient Church, in *white garments*; hence the name.

23RD AND 24TH—WHIT-MONDAY AND WHIT-TUESDAY.

In 'antient tymes' Whitson Plays were acted at this season. At Chester, these plays were twenty-five in number, and were performed for above three centuries, annually. In the year 1600, they were *enacted* by the craftsmen of the twenty-five companies, who were all dressed in suitable habits. The subjects were taken from the Scriptures.

Every third year, on Whit-Tuesday, the *Montem* at Eton is celebrated. It consists of a procession to a small tumulus on the southern side of the Bath road, which has given the name of Salt Hill to the spot, now better known by the splendid Inns that are established there.

29TH—TRINITY SUNDAY.

Stephen, Bishop of Liege, first drew up an Office in commemoration of the Holy Trinity, about the year 920; but the festival was not formally admitted into the Romish Church till the fourteenth century, under the pontificate of John XXII.

JUNE.

The Saxons called June *weyd-monat*, because their beasts did then *weyd* or feed in the meadows.

2ND—CORPUS CHRISTI.

This festival, 'the body of Christ,' was appointed in honour of the Eucharist, and always falls on the Thursday after Trinity Sunday. This day, termed the *Fête Dieu*, is one of the greatest festivals of the Romish Church, beginning on Trinity Sunday, and ending on the Sunday following.

5TH—SAINT BONIFACE.

Boniface was created Bishop of Mentz in the year 145. He was one of the first priests of his day, and was also a great friend and admirer of the Venerable Bede. He was murdered in a barbarous manner by the populace near Utrecht, while preaching the Christian religion.

11TH—SAINT BARNABAS.

Our saint's proper name was *Joses*; he was descended of the tribe of Levi, and born at Cyprus. Being shut up all night in the synagogue by some Jews at Salamis, he was, the next morning, cruelly tortured, and afterwards stoned to death. The *Epistle* which he wrote is considered genuine, though not admitted into the canon of the Church.

17TH—SAINT ALBAN.

St. Alban, the first Christian martyr in England, suffered in the year 803.

24TH—SAINT JOHN THE BAPTIST AND MIDSUMMER DAY.

The nativity of Saint John the Baptist is celebrated by the Christian Church on this day, because he was the *Forerunner* of our Blessed Lord, and, by preaching the doctrine of repentance, prepared the way for the Gospel. He was imprisoned by Herod for preaching against his marriage with his brother's wife, and was afterwards beheaded by the arts of that enraged woman.

It was formerly customary at Magdalen College, Oxford, on St. John the Baptist's Day, to have a sermon preached in the first court. There was a permanent pulpit of stone inserted in one corner, and the quadrangle used to be furnished round the sides with a large fence of green boughs, that the preaching might more nearly resemble that of John the Baptist in the Wilderness. But, as we grow more tender than our forefathers, it has been thought safer to take shelter under the roof of the chapel. It is to this institution that we owe the admirable 'Considerations on the Life and Death of John the Baptist.'

29TH—SAINT PETER.

This apostle's father was Jonah, probably a fisherman of Bethsaida. Peter was first scourged, and then led out to be crucified upon the hill called *Janiculus*, desiring to be fastened to the cross with his head downwards, alleging that he thought himself unworthy to die in the same way as his Lord and Master.

JULY.

This word is derived from the Latin *Julius*, the surname of C. Caesar, the dictator, who was born in it. Mark Anthony first gave to this month the name of July *Quintilis*, as being the fifth month in the year, in the old Roman calendar established by Romulus. July was called by the Saxons, *heu-monat*, or *hey-monat*, because therein they usually mowed and made their hay-harvest.

2ND—VISITATION OF THE BLESSED VIRGIN MARY.

This festival was instituted by Pope Urban VI, in commemoration of that remarkable journey which the mother of our Lord took into the mountains of Judea, in order to visit the mother of St. John the Baptist.

4TH—TRANSLATION OF SAINT MARTIN.

This day was appointed to commemorate the removal or translation of St. Martin's body from one tomb to another much more noble and magnificent; an honour conferred upon the deceased saint by Perpetuus, one of his successors in the see of Tours. His festival is celebrated on the 11th of November.

15TH—SAINT SWITHIN.

Swithin, in the Saxon *Swiuthum*, received his clerical tonsure, and put on the monastic habit, in the old monastery at Winchester: he was of noble parentage, and passed his youth in the study of grammar, philosophy, and the Scriptures. Swithin was promoted to holy orders by Helmstan, Bishop of Winchester; at whose death, in 852, King Ethelwulf granted him the See. In this he continued eleven years, and died in 868.

20TH—SAINT MARGARET.

She was born at Antioch, and was the daughter of a Pagan priest. She was first tortured and then beheaded in the year 278.

22ND—SAINT MARY MAGDALEN.

This day was first dedicated to the memory of St. Mary Magdalen, by King Edward VI; and in his Common Prayer, the *Gospel* for the day is from St. Luke, chap. vii., verse 36. The Reformers, however, upon a more strict inquiry, finding it doubtful whether this woman, mentioned in the Gospel, was really Mary Magdalen, thought it prudent to discontinue the festival.

25TH—SAINT JAMES.

James was by birth a Galilean, and partner with Peter in fishing, from which our Lord called him to be one of his disciples. Of his ardent zeal, no other proof is necessary, than his becoming the victim of Herod Agrippa. The Spaniards esteem James their tutelary saint.

26TH—SAINT ANNE.

She was the mother of the Virgin Mary, and the wife of Joachim her father. Her festival is celebrated by the Latin Church.

AUGUST.

Sextilis was the ancient Roman name of this month, being the sixth from March. The Emperor Augustus changed this name, and gave it his own, because in this month Caesar Augustus took possession of his first consulship, celebrated three triumphs, reduced Egypt under the power of the Roman people, and put an end to all civil wars. 'The Saxons called August *arn-monat* (more rightly *barn-monat*), intending thereby the then filling of their barns with corn.'

1ST—LAMMAS DAY.

The name of this day is probably derived from an old Saxon term, signifying *Loaf-Mass*; as it was customary for the Saxons to offer oblation of loaves, made of new wheat, on this day, as the first-fruits of their new corn.

7TH—NAME OF JESUS.

Before the Reformation, this day was dedicated to *Afra*, a woman who had been converted to Christianity by Narcissus, Bishop of Jerusalem, and who afterwards suffered martyrdom; and the Breviary was recognized by Paul V. Afterwards Donatus, who became martyr in the time of Julian, for refusing to sacrifice, was substituted in her place. Our Reformers devoted it to the Name of our Blessed Lord.

10TH—SAINT LAWRENCE.

St. Lawrence was, by birth, a Spaniard, and treasurer of the Church of Rome, being deacon to Pope Sixtus, about the year 259. He was laid upon a gridiron, and broiled over a fire.

15TH—ASSUMPTION OF THE BLESSED VIRGIN MARY.

This is a festival in the Greek and Romish Churches, in honour of the supposed miraculous ascension of the Virgin Mary into heaven.

24TH—SAINT BARTHOLOMEW.

He preached the Gospel in Armenia, converted the Lycionians, and afterwards visited India. The Dissenters observe the 24th of August as the day on which the Nonconformist

Ministers were ejected from their livings; and appeal to the Nonconformists' Memorial as a testimony of their wrongs. But the Church also has her memorials to produce in Walker's "Sufferings of the Clergy during the Usurpation." On both sides, no doubt, many suffered unjustly; and happy is it, that we live in times when we can think and say so.

28TH—SAINT AUGUSTINE.

Augustine was born at Thagaste, a town in Numidia, in the year 354. He was a judicious divine, and the most voluminous writer of all the Fathers. He died in 430, at the age of 77.

29TH—ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST BEHEADED.

This day was formerly denominated *Festum Collectionis Sancti Johannis Baptiste*; or, the feast of gathering up St. John the Baptist's relics; but afterwards, by corruption, *Festum Decollationis*, the festival in remembrance of his being beheaded. His nativity is celebrated on the 24th of June.

SEPTEMBER.

September is composed of *septem*, seven, and the termination *ber* like *lis* in *Aprilis*, *Quintilis*, *Sextilis*. This rule will also apply to the three following months, October, November, December. Our Saxon ancestors called it *Gerst-monat*, 'for that barley which that month commonly yielded was anciently called gerst.'

1ST—SAINT GILES.

Giles, or Aegidius, was born at Athens, but came to France in the year 715. Charles Martel, when hunting, found him in his hermit's cell, and, pleased with his unaffected piety and sanctity of manners, erected an abbey for him at Nismes, of which he was constituted abbot. He died in the year 795.

7TH—SAINT EUNURCHUS.

Eunurchus, or Evortius, was bishop of Orleans, and present at the Council of Valentia, A.D. 375.

8TH—NATIVITY OF THE BLESSED VIRGIN MARY.

A concert of angels having been heard in the air to solemnize this important event, the festival was appointed by Pope Servius about the year 635.

14TH—HOLY CROSS.

This festival was first observed in the year 615, on the following occasion: Cosroes, King of Persia, having plundered Jerusalem, carried away large pieces of the Cross which had been left there by the Empress Helena. Heraclius, the emperor, soon afterwards engaged and defeated him, and recovered the Cross; but, bringing it back in triumph to Jerusalem, he found the gates shut against him, and heard a voice from heaven, saying, that the *King of Kings* did not enter into that city in so stately a manner, but *meek and lowly, and riding upon an ass*. The emperor then immediately dismounted from his horse, and walked through the city barefooted, carrying the Cross himself.

17TH—SAINT LAMBERT.

Lambert was Bishop of Utrecht, in the time of King Pepin I; but, reproving the King's grandson for his irregularities, he was cruelly murdered at the instigation of an abandoned woman.

21ST—SAINT MATTHEW.

In the year 64 or 65 Matthew wrote his Gospel in Hebrew which was afterwards translated into Greek. After many labours and miracles, he closed his life at Nadabar in Ethiopia, probably by martyrdom.

26TH—SAINT CYPRIAN.

He was an African by birth, of a good family, and well educated. He suffered martyrdom under Valerianus and Gallienus, in 258.

29TH—SAINT MICHAEL.

Saint Michael was an archangel who presided over the Jewish nation, and had an army of angels under his command and conduct; he fought also with the Dragon or Satan, and his angels; and, contending with the Devil, he disputed about the body of Moses. This festival has been kept with great solemnity ever since the sixth century. About this time of the year, in former days it was the custom to elect the governors of towns and cities. On the election of a bailiff at Kidderminster, the inhabitants assembled in the principal streets to throw cabbage-stalks at each other.

The custom of having a 'roast goose' for dinner (seasoned with sage and onions and port wine) on Michaelmas Day, is of very ancient standing; yet the cause why remains unexplained though, as Beckwith remarks in his edition of Blount's "Jocular Tenures," it

was now probably for no other reason but that Michaelmas Day was a great festival, and geese at that time most plentiful. Poor Robin, in his Almanack for 1695, has the following lines:—

Geese now in their prime season are,
Which, if well roasted, are good fare;
Yet, however, friends, take heed,
How too much on them you feed,
Lest, when as your tongues run loose,
Your discourse do smell of Goose.

30TH—SAINT JEROME.

Jerome translated the Old Testament into Latin: this version, now styled the *Vulgate*, is the only one used or allowed by the Romish Church. He died in the eightieth year of his age, A.D. 422.

OCTOBER.

This month was called *Domitianus* in the time of Domitian; but, after his death, by the decree of the Senate, it took the name of October, every one hating the name and memory of so detestable a tyrant. It was called *vyn-monat*, or wine-month, by the Saxon.

1ST—SAINT REMIGIUS.

Remigius is styled the *French Apostle*. After he had held his bishopric seventy-four years, he died at ninety-six years of age, A.D. 535.

6TH—SAINT FAITH.

This virgin martyr suffered death under Dacianus, about the year 290, the most cruel torments being inflicted upon her.

9TH—SAINT DENYS.

St. Denys, or Dionysius, the Areopagite, was converted to Christianity by Saint Paul. The French say that he was the first that preached the Gospel among them, and, for that reason, consider him their tutelar saint.

13TH—TRANSLATION OF KING EDWARD THE CONFESSOR.

He was the youngest son of King Ethelred; but as all his elder brothers were either dead, or had fled away, he succeeded to the crown of England in the year 1042. He collected all the most useful laws made by the Saxon and Danish kings. The additional title of Confessor was probably given him by the pope, for settling what was then called *Rome-Scot*, but now better known by the name of *Peter's Pence*.

17TH—SAINT ETHELREDA.

She was a princess of distinguished piety, daughter of Anna, King of the East-Angles, and Hereswitha his queen, and was born about the year 630, at Ixning, a small village in Suffolk. In the year 673 she founded the conventual church of Ely, with the adjoining convent. Of this monastery she was constituted abbess, the monks and nuns living in society and regular order: it flourished for nearly two hundred years, but was destroyed, with its inhabitants, by the Danes, in 870.

18TH—SAINT LUKE THE EVANGELIST.

Luke was born at Antioch, the metropolis of Syria, a place celebrated for the study of the liberal arts. The notion that he was a painter is without foundation, as it is not countenanced by ancient writers. Dr. Lardner thinks that he might have been by profession a physician, as the expression 'beloved physician,' Col. iv, 14, seems to intimate. Luke lived a single life, and died in the eighty-fourth year of his age, about the year of Christ 70, probably a natural death.

25TH—SAINT CRISPIN.

Two brothers, Crispinus and Crispianus, were born at Rome; whence they travelled to Soissons in France, about the year 303, to propagate the Christian religion. Being desirous, however, of rendering themselves independent, they gained a subsistence by shoe-making. It having been discovered that they privately embraced the Christian faith, and endeavoured to make proselytes of the inhabitants, the Governor of the town immediately ordered them to be beheaded about the year 308. From this time the shoe-makers chose them for their tutelar saints.

28TH—SAINT SIMON AND SAINT JUDE, Apostles.

Simon is called the *Canaanite*, from the Hebrew word *Cana*, to be zealous; hence his name of *Simon Zelotes*, or the Zealot. After enduring various troubles and afflictions, he, with great cheerfulness, suffered death on the cross.

Jude was of our Lord's kindred; 'Is not his mother called Mary, and his brethren James and Joseph, and Simon and Judas?' Matt. xiii. 55. After great success in his apostolic ministry, he was, at last, for a free and open reproof of the superstitious rites of the Magi, cruelly put to death. He has left one epistle of universal concern to Christians,

NOVEMBER.

The Saxons called November *wint-monat*, or wind-month, on account of the prevalence of high winds in this month.

1ST—ALL SAINTS.

In the early ages of Christianity the word *saint* was applied to all *believers*, as is evident in the use of it by Saint Paul and Saint Luke; but the term was afterwards restricted to such as excelled in Christian virtues. In the Romish Church, holy persons, canonized by the pope, are called *saints*, and are invoked and supplicated by the professors of that religion.

2ND—ALL SOULS.

Formerly in Catholic countries, on the eve and day of All Souls, the churches were hung with black; the tombs were opened; a coffin covered with black, and surrounded with wax lights, was placed in the nave of the church, and, in one corner, figures in wood, representing the souls of the deceased, were half-way plunged into the flames.

6TH—SAINT LEONARD.

Leonard, or *Lienard*, was a French nobleman of great reputation in the Court of Clovis I. He died about the year 559, and has always been implored by prisoners as their guardian saint.

11TH—SAINT MARTIN.

He was a native of Hungary, and, for some time, followed the life of a soldier; but, afterwards, took orders and was made Bishop of Tours, in France, in which See he continued for twenty-six years. Martin died about the year 397, much lamented, and highly esteemed for his virtues. The Bishop was once so popular in France that his feast had an *octave*, that is, was celebrated a second time in the week following; and it was a rule among his devotees to *roast a goose* for the family dinner on the day of his anniversary. A medal was struck in France in commemoration of this laudable custom; on one side of which was embossed a *goose*, and on the reverse occurs the word *Martinalia*.

The festival of St. Martin occurring when geese are in high season, it is always celebrated with a voracity the more eager, as it happens on the eve of the *petit carême*, when fowls could no longer be presented on the tables of a religious age. A German monk, Martin Schoeck, made it a case of conscience whether, even on the eve of the little Lent, it be allowable to eat goose: '*An liceat Martinalibus anserem comedere?*' After having divided into the weedy pool of the casuist's arguments, the delighted devotee emerges with the permission to roast his goose; and thus the goose came to be a standing dish on the Continent at Martinmas, as in England at Michaelmas.

13TH—SAINT BRITUS.

Britius, or Brice, succeeded St. Martin in the bishopric of Tours in the year 399. He died in 444.

17TH—SAINT HUGH.

Our saint was a native of Burgundy, or Gratianopolis, and died on this day, in the year 1200, of an ague. In 1220, he was canonized at Rome, and his remains were taken up, October 7, 1232, and deposited in a silver shrine.

20TH—EDMUND, KING AND MARTYR.

Edmund, King of the East-Angles, having been attacked by the Danes in 870, and unable to resist them, heroically offered to surrender himself a prisoner, provided they would spare his subjects. The Danes, however, having seized him, used their utmost endeavours to induce Edmund to renounce his religion; but refusing to comply, they first beat him with clubs, then scourged him with whips, and afterwards, binding him to a stake, killed him with their arrows. His body was buried in a town, where Sigebert, one of his predecessors, had built a church; and where afterwards (in honour of his name) a more spacious building was erected, which, together with the town, was named St. Edmundsbury; but it is now called *Bury*. One of the most elegant cemeteries in Europe stands in the centre of two churchyards at Bury St. Edmunds. It is an isolated fragment of the celebrated abbey in which John of Lydgate was a monk, and around it are planted shrubs, trees, and a variety of flowers: a profusion of ivy creeps up the sides of the walls on which are placed two or three monuments.

22ND—SAINT CECILIA.

Cecilia was a Roman lady, who, refusing to renounce her religion, was thrown into a cauldron of boiling water, and scalded to death. Others say that she was stifled in a bath, a punishment frequently inflicted, at that time, on female criminals of rank. She suffered martyrdom about the year 225. Cecilia is regarded as the patroness of music, and is represented by Raffaello with a regal in her hand.

23RD—SAINT CLEMENT

Clement I. was born at Rome, and was one of the first Bishops of that place; this See he held about sixteen years; from the year 64 or 65 to 81. He was remarkable for having written two Epistles, so excellent, and so highly esteemed by the primitive Christians

that the first was for some time considered canonical. Clement was sentenced to work in the quarries, and afterwards, having an anchor fastened about his neck, was drowned in the sea.

25TH—SAINT KATHARINE.

This saint was born at Alexandria, and received a liberal education. About the year 305 she was converted to Christianity, which she afterwards professed with the utmost intrepidity, openly reproving the pagans for offering sacrifices to their idols, and upbraiding the Emperor Maxentius, to his face, with the most flagrant acts of tyranny and oppression. She was condemned to suffer death by rolling a wheel over her body *stuck round with iron spikes*.

27TH—ADVENT SUNDAY.

This and the three subsequent Sundays, which precede the grand festival of Christmas, take their name from the Latin *advenire*, to come into; or from the word *adventus*, an approach.

30TH—SAINT ANDREW.

Andrew was the son of James, a fisherman at Bethsaida, and younger brother of Peter. He was condemned to be crucified on a cross, of the form of an X; and, that his death might be more lingering, he was fastened with cords.

The Order of the Thistle was instituted by Achaius, King of Scotland, in 787, restored by James V, 1640, revived by King James II, in 1687, and re-established, by Queen Anne, 1702.

DECEMBER.

December was called *winter-monat* by the Saxons; but, after they were converted to Christianity, it received the name of *heligh-monat*, or holy month.

6TH—SAINT NICHOLAS.

Nicholas was Bishop of Myra, in Lycia, and died about the year 392. He was of so charitable a disposition, that he portioned three young women, who were reduced in circumstances, by secretly conveying a sum of money into their father's house. A curious font is preserved in the Cathedral of Winchester, the carvings on which are applied to the life and miracles of this saint. The annual ceremony of the *boy-bishop* was once observed on this day.

8TH—CONCEPTION OF THE BLESSED VIRGIN MARY.

This festival was instituted by Anselm, Archbishop of Canterbury, because William the Conqueror's fleet, being in a storm, afterwards came safe to shore. The Council of Oxford, however, held in the year 1222, permitted every one to use his discretion in keeping it.

13TH—SAINT LUCY.

This virgin martyr was born at Syracuse. She refused to marry a young man who paid his addresses to her, because she had determined to devote herself to religion, and, to prevent his importunities, gave her whole fortune to the poor. The youth, enraged at this denial, accused her before Paschasius, the heathen judge, of professing Christianity, and Lucy, after much cruel treatment, fell a martyr to his revenge, in the year 305.

16TH—O SAPIENTIA.

This is the beginning of an Anthem in the Latin service to the honour of Christ's advent, which used to be sung in the Church from this day until Christmas-eve.

21ST—SAINT THOMAS THE APOSTLE.

Thomas, surnamed *Didymus*, or the Twin, was a Jew, and, in all probability, a Galilean. He suffered martyrdom in the same city, being killed by the lances of some people instigated by the Brahmins. This is the shortest day, and is, at London, 7h. 44m. 17s.; allowing 9m. 5s. for refraction. There has been a handsome Cathedral erected recently by the Portuguese over the alleged grave of this Saint, at Mylapore, in the Madras Presidency.

25TH—CHRISTMAS DAY.

The feast of our Saviour's Nativity is named *Christmas-Day*, from the Latin *Christi Missa*, the Mass of Christ, and thence the Roman Catholic Liturgy is termed their *Missa*, or *Mass Book*. In the primitive Church this day was always preceded by an eve or vigil. When the devotion of the eve was completed, our forefathers used to light up candles of an uncommon size, which were called Christians' candles, and to lay a log of wood upon the fire, called the *yule-clog* or log.

The *turkey* is now the appropriate dish, at the tables of the opulent on Christmas Day. Gay, in his Fable of the "Turkey and Ant," makes the old turkey say—

But man, curst man, on *turkey* preys,
And Christmas shortens all our days.
Sometimes with oysters we combine,
Sometimes assist the savoury chine.

Norfolk being the great place for rearing turkeys, the stage coaches from Norwich London, for some days previous to Christmas Day, take no human passengers, but turkeys only.

When *rosemary* and *bays*, the poet's crown,
Are bawled in frequent cries through all the town,
Then judge the festival of Christmas near,
Christmas, the joyous period of the year!
Now with bright *holly* all the temples strew,
With *laurel* green, and sacred *MISTLETOE*.—GAY.

26TH—SAINT STEPHEN.

Stephen was the first deacon chosen by the Apostles. He was cited by the Sanhedrin or Jewish Council, for prophesying the fall of the Jewish Temple and economy; and while vindicating his doctrine by several passages of the Old Testament, he was violently carried out of the city, and stoned to death, in the year 33.

28TH—INNOCENTS.

The slaughter of the Jewish children, by Herod, is commemorated on this day. The festival is very ancient, for Tertullian and Saint Cyprian call these Innocents martyrs, and Prudentius has written a hymn upon the subject. *Childermas* day is another name for this feast. The lower orders think that every thing done on this day must go wrong. John Moody in Vambrugh's play of the 'Provoked Husband,' imputes all the evils which befall the wrong-headed family on their journey to London, to their setting out on *Childermas* day: *But my lady was in such main haste to be here, that set out she would, thof I told her it was Childermas day.*

31ST—SAINT SILVESTER.

He was Bishop of Rome, and succeeded Miltiades in the papacy in 314. Silvester is accounted the author of several rites and ceremonies of the Romish Church, as asylums, unctions, palls, corporals, mitres, &c. He died in 334.

NATIVE FESTIVALS, FEASTS, AND OBSERVANCES.

HINDU FESTIVALS, &c.

The Hindu festivals are so numerous, and the observances of them are so intricate, that it is often bewildering to endeavour to describe them. The writers of the Hindu legends have set such enormous merit on the observances of each of them, as to surpass all human comprehension, and unhesitatingly say that those observances themselves will secure heaven.

PONGAL PANDAGAI.—On this day (6th of Paush Vady) the sun enters the sign of "MAKAR"—a monster having the head and four legs of an antelope, and the body and tail of a fish corresponding to Capricorn. It occurs on the 1st of the solar month Magh. Great rejoicings are held among the Hindus, but particularly among the Brahmins, on the feast of Makar Sankranti. From this day, when the sun reaches the most southern, till the time of his arriving at the most northern point of the Zodiac, is called Uttarayana, and the time from his leaving the northern sign "Karka" or Cancer till he again returns to Makar is called Dakshinayana. The days of Uttarayana are reckoned lucky, and those of Dakshinayana unlucky. During the days of Dakshinayana, it is said, the gates of heaven are shut, and in the Uttarayana they are open. For the good to die in the Uttarayana is considered more blessed, because they are said to get immediate entrance into heaven, but if they die in the Dakshinayana, they have to wait outside the gates till the Uttarayana sets in. In Uttarayana Munj—the ceremony of investing youths with the sacred triple thread—and marriages are celebrated. On the day of Makar Sankranti, just at the time of the sun's entrance into the sign, the Hindus go to the sea, accompanied by a Brahmin priest, to bathe; there they rub their bodies with tila or sesamum seed, the favourite grain of the sun, and wash themselves in the manner prescribed in the Shastras. The Brahmin then repeats certain incantations suited to the occasion, and closes the ceremony by receiving adoration and a present of money for himself. On their return home they invite Brahmins, present them with cups of bell metal filled with tila seed, and with money, according to the ability of the Yajaman or worshipper; some present copper pots, new dhotars, umbrellas, &c., and the whole family receives benediction from them which is done by the Brahmins repeating certain words, and throwing on their heads a few grains of red-coloured rice. After the performance of this ceremony, they go to take their meals, which consist of sweetmeats. They invite their friends and relations to dinner; and towards evening they wear new clothes, gold and other ornaments, and frequent the houses of their friends and relations, distributing tila seed mixed with sugar. At the time of putting the tila into the parties' hands they repeat these words: "Receive these tila seeds mixed with sugar, and be friendly with me throughout the year." All the praise and prayers offered this day are to the sun, and to no other god. The second day of Sankranti is named Kar, and is generally celebrated by the women making small presents among those of their own sex.

RATHASAPTAMI (from *Ratha*, a car; and *Saptami*, 7th day of the month) is the 7th of Magha Shuddh, and is dedicated to the worship of the sun. This day is the beginning of the Manvantara, or period embracing the Reign of Manu, of which fourteen govern in succession during each *Kalpa*, or grand period of creation and destruction. The present age is the 7th Manvantara of this Kalpa; and at the commencement of this period a new sun is supposed to have mounted his chariot.

MAHA SHIVARATRI.—A celebrated festival in honour of Shiva, held on the 14th of the Krishna-paksh of Magha, during which the Linga or Phallus is worshipped. Vady Chaturdashi, or the 29th of every month, is kept sacred by the votaries of Shiva, and especially by women, but Magh Vady Chaturdashi has obtained the peculiar epithet of Shivaratri, or the great night of Shiva. The Hindu legends account for its celebrity among the rest of Shivarataris in the following manner:—In time immemorial, an archer of wicked and licentious habits went into a forest on this day to shoot deer. He spent the day in pursuit of game, but, on a sudden, night came on, and he was left at the mercy of the wild beasts. When he found himself in such a condition, he had recourse to a Bel or Bilva tree to secure himself from their attack. Having got into the tree, by way of relaxation, or to get a clearer view, he broke off all the branches that hung around and above his head, and flung them down: the twigs fell on a Linga of Shiva near the foot of the tree, and Shiva was so pleased and satisfied by the accidental worship, that he forthwith sent a viman or heavenly chariot, and took the hunter into Kailas, his own abode, with acclamations of joy. To commemorate the entrance of this archer into Kailas, the Hindus observe a fast this day and worship Shiva in hopes of obtaining a like reward. His votaries fast and at night repair to the temples of Shiva accompanied by a Brahmin priest, who performs puja by repeating incantations; first he pours water over the Linga and washes it, and then he decorates it with choice flowers. When this is done, the priest takes his sacred book wherein Shiva's thousand different names are written, and reads the names, and the Yajaman—the worshipper—flings a leaf of the Bilva or Bel over the top of the Linga at each name. This kind of puja is performed four different times, and thus no sleep is obtained the whole night. This is styled the puja of the four Prabars or watches. It commences about 8 P.M. and ends at 5 A.M. The pagodas of Shiva are thronged by devotees. Some persons engage twelve Brahmins, others four, &c., according to the abilities of the Yajaman, to perform the puja. The Brahmins must be liberally paid for their labours.

HOLI PANDAGAI (Sanskrit—*HOLIKA* or *PHALGUNOTSAHA*).—This most popular festival, called also *Dola* or *Dolayatra*, or the swinging festival, is supposed by Sir W. Jones to relate to the vernal equinox, and to be similar to the Persian Naoroz. It commences fifteen days before the full moon of Phalgun, and its ceremonies are chiefly attended to in Konkan from Phalgun Shuddh 12 to Vady 1, and in Desh from Phalgun 15 to Vady 5. It is held in honour of Krishna's sportive swinging. It is kept as a complete saturnalia. Red powders are daubed upon the image of the god, and thrown and squirted by his worshippers on each other, while females are insulted by exclamations and jests of the most ribald and impure description; persons are sent on bootless errands; and the dance of drunken devotees in commemoration of Krishna dancing with the Gopis, or female cowherds, crowns the scene. The wheaten cake which is placed on the pile lighted in every village at the close of the festival, on the 15th of Phalgun Shuddh, is called *Holi*, and the right of first offering it is considered as an honorary privilege. Neither the origin of the festival, nor the obscene manner in which it is observed in Western India, can be described. Nor is the observance of it confined to the lower classes of the native community—the highest join in it with the same zest as the lowest. This festival nominally continues from the new to the full moon; but only a few of the last days are practically and openly devoted to it. From one of the names of the month in which it occurs it is often called *Shimga*.

HINDU NEW YEAR.—The Hindu's astronomical year is sidereal. It is called *Samvatsara*—the first day of the year or the *Vishu-chaitravishu*—the equinoctial point of Aries, into which the sun enters at the vernal equinox. This event generally falls on the 12th April and is considered by the Hindu a *punyakala*—holy occasion. So on New Year's Day the Manes and Gods are propitiated by offerings of *tarpana*—oblations of water—and other allied ceremonies. In other respects, New Year's Day is a day of feasting.

Though thus the astronomical Hindu year falls on the 12th April, New Year's Day is observed on different days by different sects of Hindus, according as they happen to follow the lunar, the luni-solar or solar calendar. The Tamils follow the solar, and their year is thus the sidereal year. The Telugu and Canarese follow the *Chandramana* reckoning, and their year is luni-solar, which begins earlier than 12th April. The Malayalis follow the Tamils, though their *Kollam andu*—which is more an agricultural year—begins about the middle of September, when the sun enters the autumnal equinox.

On New Year's Day the elderly people—males and females—take a sacred bath in holy rivers or the sea, whichever happens to be nearest. The males propitiate the Manes and the deities; children appear in their holiday dress and jewels. The nearest temple is attended and the god in it is worshipped. In some families children and other members receive new cloths. A sumptuous meal is cooked in every house and poor relations are

always cordially invited to the feast. At evening time the *Panchanga* or the Calendar of the New Year is read out and expounded by a holy Brahmin. Several people assemble to listen to this exposition. At the end of this ceremony, *attar*, *pansupari*, and dessert are distributed. Sometimes a short entertainment of music is also added to this ceremony. The whole day is spent more or less in mirth and festivity and a light supper closes the day's proceedings.

In Malabar, the New Year's Day's festivities are observed on a very grand scale. On New Year's eve all the gold coins available in the house, all gold jewels, all kinds of auspicious fruits and flowers and everything considered to be good to look at are placed in the room set apart for the worship of the family god. The *Karnavan*, who is the head of the family, first opens this room between 4 and 5 on New Year's morn and worships with a lighted lamp in his hand all these articles. Then every member of the house one after the other goes to the front of the room with his or her eyes shut and opens them when arrived at the proper spot to take a sight of the auspicious articles collected. The *Karnavan*—head of the family—presents each with something or other,—coins, jewels, flowers, fruits, etc. This is the chief difference between the Malayalis and other Hindus as regards the observance of New Year's festivities. And every Hindu takes care to see an auspicious sight on the New Year's morn, whether he is a Malayali or other Hindu.

SRI RAMA NAVAMI (from *Ram*, the 7th incarnation of Vishnu, and *Navami*, the 9th day of *Chaitra Shuddh*). On this day, it is said, Ramachandra, the 7th incarnation of Vishnu, was born at Ayodhya or Oudh, about B.C. 1400. It is celebrated from the 1st of *Chaitra Shuddh* to the 9th. The object of the incarnation, it is said, was to effect the destruction of *Rawan*, the ten-headed tyrant of Lanka or Ceylon, which was at last done with the assistance of *Hanuman*, the chief of the monkey tribe. On the first day, the temples of *Rama* are white-washed, and illuminated in the evening, and the image of *Rama* is adorned with costly ornaments. In the evening the "*Ramayana*," or legendary history of *Rama*, is read in the temples, and in the night "*Kirtan*" is preached by the "*Haridas*," who describes the so-called morality and heroic actions of *Rama*. The red powder called *gula* (composed of barley meal or rice paste, or the *Trapa natans*, dyed with *bakam* or sapan wood) is thrown about. Nautches are not omitted during the nights. In some temples Brahmins are fed with rich and substantial dinners for eight successive days; these days are called *Rama Navaratra*, or nine nights of *Rama*. Many Hindus, both male and female, go to the temples of *Rama* to hear the *Kirtan* and *Purana*. The last or principal day is *Ramanavami*, when, it is said, *Rama* became incarnate at noon. In honour of this incarnation, some Hindus fast the whole day. They get up in the morning, wash themselves, and put on rich clothes and ornaments, and repair to the temples of *Rama* at about nine o'clock. Every temple of *Rama* is well furnished on this day, and the images are decorated with precious ornaments and rich brocade. A *Haridas* is engaged to describe the birth and circumstances that attend his incarnation. He continues his discourse till twelve o'clock, when he brings a small image of *Rama* nicely ornamented and well clad, and shows it to his audience, telling them that it is *Rama* who became incarnate; he then puts it into a small cradle prepared for the purpose. The assembly then throw themselves prostrate before the image and worship it. Great is the rejoicing and acclamation on this occasion; they fling *gula* on each other; and with great mirth, at about one o'clock, they go home, to return to the temples in the evening. The feast of *Ramanavami* is more particularly observed by the votaries of Vishnu.

NAGA PANCHAMI is sacred to certain demi-gods called *Nagas*, in the form of serpents, and is celebrated on the 5th of *Shravan Shuddh*. Ceremonies are performed on this day to ensure protection against the bites of snakes. The serpent *Kali*, said to have been slain by *Krishna*, is worshipped at the festival.

GOKULA ASTAMI (from the *Janna* birth, and *Ashtami*, 8th day of the dark-half of *SHRAVAN*).—Instituted in commemoration of the birth of *Krishna* as the son of *Vasudeva*, which is said to have taken place at midnight in the city of *Mathura*, on the 8th of *Shravan* *Krishnapaksh*. *Krishna* is reckoned the 8th incarnation of Vishnu, in which, according to a large sect of Hindus, was manifested a greater portion of divinity than in any of the preceding ones. His mother's uncle, *Kans*, king of *Mathura*, who, it was predicted by *Narada*, would be slain by one of his own family, endeavoured to ensure the destruction of the infant god by placing guards over his pregnant niece, *Devaki*; but the child was preserved from this and other attempts of his relations, who had given directions for slaughtering all newly-born infants. This holiday is considered one of the greatest among the Hindus, and is observed by almost all the community; there are two sects among the followers of *Krishna*, and they solemnise the facts on different days. Those belonging to the one keep the eight days of the dark moon and those belonging to the other the day following—being the one on which he was removed to the house of *Nanda*, the cowherd, in *Gokul* or *Vraja*, from fear of his maternal uncle, who sought his destruction; and some even keep both days. The former fast on the day of *Janna Ashtami* and the latter on the day of *Gokul Ashtami*. Whichever day is kept, they fast the whole day, that is, abstain from their usual food, but they may eat *Phalahar* consisting of fruits and certain kinds of grain—rice and other grain being prohibited on this day. At night they bathe and worship an image of the infant *Krishna*, adorning it with *tulsi* or *basil* (*Ocimum sanctum*), a favourite plant of Vishnu, and other flowers, in the manner enjoined in the *Shastras*; and

after midnight they eat their food. Next day a Brahmin is called in to perform the *puja*, and afterwards he himself is worshipped and sent away loaded with *dakshana* and other presents. The holiday is thus observed among the people of the higher castes. On the day of *Gokul Ashtami* gavalis (or keepers of cattle) hold a great jubilee among themselves as *Krishna* is said to have been bred up among their race. They join themselves into a company, and frequent the houses of the people who follow their profession, holding each other's hands and dancing in the street, and repeating the word "*Govinda*," "*Govinda*," when they are honoured either by throwing curds over them or presenting them with curd. These people are *Gopals*—protectors of cows. On the night of *Janna Ashtami* crowds of people, generally of the lower ranks, flock to the temple of *Kandhoba*, which is commonly known by the name of *Matth*. There they hear native music, and continue shouting and making a great noise. The *Bhagat* of *Kandhoba*, or the head of the temple, who is very often of the *Shudra* caste, and who is considered a supernatural being, at least at the time, with great solemnity and grave countenance, makes his way through the assembly accompanied by the playing of tom-toms and acclamations of joy from his disciples, and standing before the shrine of *Kandhoba*, offers prayers to the idol, which is richly decorated on the occasion. He is at first calm, but shortly affects to show signs of inspiration by the god. He begins to untie his *shendi*, or the tuft of hair on the crown of his head, and then slowly shakes his limbs. By degrees his whole frame quivers, and he throws his body into violent contortions, dancing and muttering strange, ambiguous, and wild sounds. He then takes his scourge, which is kept near the shrine, and scourges himself as if he were insane, and performs many other equally strange actions. No sooner does the assembly around see him thus, than, believing that the spirit of the god has entered into him, they burn incense before him and fall prostrate, and pray to him to be merciful to them. When he has received divine homage, he quietly takes his seat, but does not cease quaking and trembling. His disciples, who are always near him, then commence one after another to shake themselves and dance in the same way, and the spirit of the god is believed to enter them also. This day the great *Bhagat* can create new disciples, and give them the power of bringing the spirit of the god into their bodies. Sick persons, persons supposed to be possessed of devils, children, &c., are brought to the temple to receive the benediction of the *Bhagat* and his disciple; he rubs ashes on their foreheads, passes his hand over their heads, and gives them full assurance of speedy recovery from their sickness without any medicine. The poor patient with full confidence returns home, expecting the fulfilment of the *Bhagat's* promise. The *Bhagat* receives large presents on this occasion from his followers. He is held in great respect among the orthodox Hindus, and even among the people of other tribes. On the following morning the *Bhagat* collects his disciples in front of the temples, and orders a sufficient quantity of curds to be thrown over their heads to wet their whole bodies; then they all begin to dance in company, holding each other's hands, and occasionally throwing themselves on the ground and besmearing their bodies with mud, shouting as loud as they can. The *Bhagat*, in the meantime, with a scourge in his hand and with all pretended dignity, stands in the midst, and, looking in all directions with feigned solemnity, lifts up his scourge, and putting it round the neck of one of his disciples as a token of his regard, draws him towards himself, when the disciple trembles a little and then stands still, stretching his hands towards the sky, with his eyes closed. No sooner does he do so, than the *Bhagat* scourges him two or three times so adroitly that it gives him no pain, while to the eye of the spectator it appears a prodigy that he does not feel it. This is repeated with the whole body of his disciples, and when he ceases, sweetmeats are distributed among them and to the spectators. This terminates the feast of *Gokul Ashtami* among the people of the *Shudra* caste.

PILLAYAR CHAVUTHI.—On this day was born *Ganapati*, or *Ganesh*, who is regarded as the God of Wisdom, who removes obstacles, and is invoked at the commencement of all undertakings. The manner of his birth is differently told. One story relates that as the god *Kritikavirya* was created by *Shiva* without connubial assistance, in like manner *Ganapati* was formed by his consort *Parvati* from the turmeric and oil scraped from her body while bathing. The loss of his human head and the substitution of that of a female elephant with one tusk are also variously explained. By some, his head is said to have been cut off by *Shiva* when he endeavoured to prevent the god from entering the chamber of *Parvati* when performing her ablutions. According to others, it was reduced to ashes by a glance from the eyes of *Shani*, when all the gods went to look at the newly-born child, and its place supplied by that of the animal first found, which happened to be an elephant. Clay images of this deity are formed, and after having been worshipped, mostly for two days, or for nine or ten days, are thrown into the water. The *Chinchwad* (properly *Deva*) *man-god*, who resides at the village of that name near *Poona*, is supposed to be an incarnation of this god, who granted to a holy *Gosavi*, or ascetic, named *Moroba*, who lived in the time of *Sivaji*, and had won his favour, that he would continue in human shape in his family for seven generations; and though *Dharmadhar*, the seventh in descent from *Moroba*, died without issue, the deceit is perpetuated by the Brahmins from self-interest. It is commonly said among the Hindus that the *Shashtra* enjoins on its followers the worship of *Mrittika* (earth) in the following forms three times a year. The first of them is *Nagpan-chami*, on which day a snake of clay is made and worshipped; the second is *Gokul Ashtami*, when a clay image of the infant *Krishna* is made and worshipped; and the third and

last is Ganesh Chaturthi, on which day a clay image of Ganesh is worshipped. This being the last day of the worship of Mrityika, it is observed with greater pomp and more ceremonies, conviviality and music than the other two. The image worshipped on this occasion has four hands and an elephant's head. The mouse, being Ganapati's favourite vehicle, is sometimes placed beside his image, richly saddled and bridled. The image of Ganapati is either made in the house or purchased from an artist; it is gilt with the finest gold, and painted with superior and variegated colours; and much labour and ingenuity are bestowed on it by some to render it elegant and attractive, according to the taste and pecuniary means of the worshipper. The 4th of Bhādrapad Shuddh is the period appointed for the celebration of this feast in honour of his birth. On the previous day the worshipper cleans and whitewashes his house, and furnishes it with all sorts of costly furniture that he can procure. The profusion of light is the first thing that would attract the eye. On the following morning, i.e., on the day of Ganesh Chaturthi, they bring the image home (if it is bought) with great display accompanied by native music, and with all the honours of a god. A place where his godship is to be seated is prepared, either in the form of a covered shrine or open space, which is adorned with fruits and flowers strewn round it, and twigs and trees hung over it in clusters, after which commences the business of the officiating priest. He sits near the master of the house and begins consecrating the idol by reciting incantations or mantras from his book, and throwing over it red-coloured rice. After performing many consecrative ceremonies, he pretends to bring the god into the image. Being installed, the devotee places before him Naivedya (food), which consists of sweetmeats, and invokes the god to partake of the offering. Afterwards he falls before him and prays him to be gracious to him and his family. By the generality of the people Ganapati is kept one day and a half; but by some five or ten days, according to the wealth and wish of the proprietor. A discourse is delivered in commemoration of his exploits by a Haridas in his presence, at which friends and relatives are invited to attend. A large party of Brahmins are entertained at a sumptuous dinner in honour of Ganesh, and then dismissed with the usual dakshina. On the last day preparations for his departure are made. Evening is the time appointed for parting, when the master of the house performs Uttarpuja through the priests, who take away the pretended divinity with which the image was invested by repeating certain mantras. Flowers, fruits, and sweetmeats are offered to the idol; arti, that is, lighted wicks, are moved before him, accompanied with music and hymns, and he is invoked to bless the owner of his family and remove any calamity that may befall them throughout the year. Afterwards the Brahmins are presented with dakshina and the image is seated in a palanquin or ark expressly made for the purpose, adorned with fresh flowers, and carried to the sea or a tank in procession, which consists of the master of the house, his children, and relatives, attired for the occasion. When they reach the place, they take out the image and commit it to the water, with expressions of regret for its absence till the next year. There is a legend that one day Ganapati, while riding on his favourite mouse, had a fall, at which the moon laughed. Enraged at such an insult, the god of prudence cursed the moon and all who should look at her; but afterwards amended the matter by restricting any from looking at her on his birthday. Thus, on the day of Ganesh Chaturthi, the Hindus are prohibited by the Shastras from looking at the moon, and are afraid to look at it this evening lest they should incur any calamity during the year; and if by any accident they happen to see it, they try to provoke their neighbours to revile them, and comfort themselves with the idea that the calamities incurred will be all comprehended in the abuse, and removed by it.

ANANTHA CHATURDASI is kept on the 14th of Bhādrapad Shuddh in honour of the god Anant. An Anant Dora, as it is called, made of gold lace and silk so formed as to be tied round the elbow, is bought and worshipped. This day is not much observed.

AYUDA PUJA, (ten days).—This festival is held on the 10th of Ashwin-Shuddh. It is called Durga Puja or Durgotsava, and is supposed to relate to the autumnal equinox. On this day, in commemoration of the victory of Devi, the wife of Shiva, over the buffalo-headed demon Maheshasur, her image, after having been worshipped for nine days, is thrown into the water. On this day also Rama marched against Ravan, the demon-king of Ceylon, on which account the Marathas seem to have selected it as a proper period for commencing their plundering excursions. Early in the morning, the Hindus, having washed themselves, perform the puja of their household gods in conjunction with that of all their shastrical grantees or religious books, Marathas and Kshatriyas, or those who consider themselves of the military race, worship the implements of war, and ask protection of them throughout the year, under a conception that to the propitiousness of the sword they owe every prosperity. At noon they take dinner in company with their relatives. In the afternoon they go to the temples in procession with friends, relatives and children. At Bombay, Mambadevi and Bhuleswar are the principal shrines. Both of these places are thronged by Hindus, bearing each in his hand flowers and a branch of the *Apta* or *Palas* tree (*Butea frondosa*), which is regarded as representing *sona* (gold) and is held highly sacred and indispensable in commemorating this day. On entering the temple, they offer the *sona* and flowers to the image, accompanied with a prayer. They also give dakshina to the Brahmins. On returning home they visit their

friends and relatives, present them with a leaf or two of the imaginary gold, concluding with an embrace, and receive similar treatment in return. The vicinity or front of the temple is surrounded by the vendors of *sona*, who arrange themselves with baskets full of branches in bundles. At night an illumination is made. This day is considered by the Hindus most auspicious for sending their children to school. The nine preceding days of the Dasara are called *navaratra*, a compound word for 'nine nights.' During these days the devotees of Durga engage a Brahmin to read hymns before her image, in which her exploits are extolled and her rewards to her votaries described. On the ninth day at every temple of Durga, Havan or sacred fire is created, and fed with rice and clarified butter and adored by repeating certain mantras. It is customary among the Banias women to keep up a dance during these nine nights, called *Garba*, which is accompanied with religious songs. The celebration of the Dasara is also said to owe its traditional origin to the Pandavas, the five sons of Pandu, having selected this day, after completing their exile of twelve years, as an auspicious one for making preparations for the tremendous war with their paternal cousins, the Karnavas, of which the Mahabharata gives an account, occupying the whole volume. The Hindus decorate their horses with flowers round their necks. It is said that Parth, the most invincible of the five Pandavas, who are pre-eminently skilled in the art of chariot fighting and had a peculiar fondness for horses, from their being great auxiliaries in battle, washed his favourite milk-white horses, put garlands of flowers round their necks, and patted them with his own hand in token of fondness and approbation. Owing to this legend, it seems, the decorating of horses with flowers on this day is observed.

DIPAVALI (*Dipa*, a lamp, and *Arati*, a row), "the feasts of lamps," is a festival on the new moon of *Kartik*, celebrated in honour of the goddess Kali, or Bhawani, who was formerly propitiated by human sacrifices, and of Vishnu's victory over the demon Naraka. The festival, however, seems to be more peculiarly consecrated to Lakshmi, or the goddess of prosperity. The feast begins on the 13th day of Ashwin Vad, termed *Dhanatrayodashi* (from *Dhan*, wealth; *Trayodashi*, 13th), and saukars now count their stores and perform puja to their wealth. It is celebrated for a period of five days, during which houses are cleaned, whitewashed, and illuminated; a quadrangular floor called *Ranguli* is made in front of the house and painted with different coloured powders. Gambling is vigorously carried on, and is the chief recreation of the feast. All the treasure in the house is collected and worshipped under the name of Lakshmi, the goddess of wealth; a light is made and dedicated to Yama, the god of the infernal regions; and every preparation made for the succeeding morning. Fireworks, crackers, spouters, &c., are displayed. The 14th is *Narak Chaturdashi* (*Narak*; *Chaturdashi*, 14th), on which Vishnu is fabled to have killed *Narakasur*, a giant, and entered his city early in the morning, when the people illuminated the city and received him with great joy and acclamation; and the women, having adorned themselves, went before him with lighted lamps. The Hindus keep this day to commemorate this great conquest. They get up early in the morning, fill the house with lights, rub their bodies with perfumed ointment, and bathe themselves with hot water. No member of the family is left unbathed, new clothes and ornaments are put on, and the children are decorated. This done, the mistress of the house performs a sort of ceremony called *Arti*, placing wicks either in silver or brass dishes, symbolical of the removal of all their difficulties, and of a happy year, when each male member makes her a present of money. Sweetmeats are distributed and friends are invited to dinner. The 30th *Amavasya*, or the last day of the moon, is the day of *Sarasvati*, the goddess of learning, the same as *Lakshmi*, the goddess of wealth. It is known by the name of *Valipulan*, or the worship of the shop records. This day the *Vikramaditya* Samvat year ends. All the merchants close their accounts this evening. New journals, ledgers, and day-books are brought and worshipped through a Brahmin priest; new entries are made in the account-books; writers are sent to different shops with money to credit in their names on this auspicious evening; *Sarasvati* is invoked to render the following year prosperous, and to be with them throughout it; then the Brahmins are sufficiently paid for their labours, and the servants receive a present of money according to their rank. This day is celebrated by all classes of people—Banians, Parsis, Muhammadans, &c.

VISNU DEEPU is the full moon of the month of *Kartik*. On the fifteenth of this month as well as of *Magh*, *Ashadh*, and *Vaishakh*, which days are called "*Dhanumasya Kuru*," gifts to Brahmins are considered indispensably necessary. Shiva is said to have gained his victory at this season over the monster "*Tripurasura*," the demon of the three cities. The demon is said to have become so powerful that he defeated almost all the gods and drove them out of their habitations, when they went to *Kallas*, the abode of Shiva, and represented to him their grievances. Shiva assured them that the evil would soon be removed, and sent them back to their homes. He made a car of the earth, the wheels of which were the sun and moon; *Brahma* was chosen his charioteer, the mountain *Himalays* formed his bow, and *Walsuki*, the king-serpent, his bow-string; Vishnu himself became his quiver. Thus equipped, Shiva rode out, and, after a struggle, destroyed the mighty giant. To perpetuate the memory of this event, the Hindu women get up in the morning about two o'clock, wash themselves in cold water, repair to the temple of Shiva, and worship his image. Afterwards they return home and present a Brahmin with a

lighted lamp, made either of silver, copper, or brass, according to their ability, along with some fruits and *dakshina*—a present in hard cash; this is called *Dipdan*, or present of a lamp. In the evening an illumination is made in the temples of Shiva, and a pillar of stone is built in front of each of them for this special occasion. A great fair is held in Bombay at Walkeshwar, and kept up for three days. The Hindus, both rich and poor, Brahmans and Sudras, go there to worship the image of Shiva, and buy sweetmeats and toys for their children. Some of the wealthy Hindus remain there with their families for three or four days in the *Dharamsalas* or inns built by them; but the poor return the same evening. During these days hundreds of rupees are uselessly spent in hiring conveyances and purchasing sweetmeats and toys.

HINDU BIRTH CEREMONIES.

Different ceremonies are prescribed by the *Shastras* to be observed at the period of conception and in the different stages of pregnancy. "Jat-Karan" is to be performed at the birth of the infant, and consists in giving it a drop of honey out of a golden spoon before dividing the navel of string. When a father first sees his son, he is required to take a piece of gold in his hand, offer a sacrifice to Brahma, and smear the forehead of the child with *ghi* left on his fingers on finishing the sacrifice. A string of seven or nine threads and five blades of *Darbha* grass is to be bound by the father round the child's wrist. Other rites are to be observed on naming the child twelve days after birth—on bringing him outside of the house when three months old—on feeding him with the hand at six months—and, if a male, on shaving his head at the age of three years.

HINDU MARRIAGE CEREMONIES.

Among the Brahmans the male may be married at any time after the "Munja" or investiture with the sacred thread, which is done within the age of eight years, and among the other two castes, Kshatriyas and Vaishyas, within the age of sixteen. The female should not be ten years old, and her age must be less than that of her husband; and she should be married before the appearance of the signs of puberty. The *Shastras* mention eight kinds of marriage, but only one is observed by the higher castes, named "Brahmo," when the charges are severally incurred by the fathers of the parties. The principal marriage ceremonies among the Brahmans are *Vag-dan* or betrothal; the *agnipatrika*, or writing, by the *Joshi* or astrologer, of the names of the parties, and the day and hour at which the wedding is to take place; the *saptapadi*, or walking round a fire three times, taking at each time seven steps, and tying together the garments of the parties, and the "hom," or burnt-offering, after which the contract is indissoluble. The girl is given away by her father in his own house, in which it is usual to remain till the appearance of the signs of puberty, after which she proceeds to the residence of her father-in-law, where her husband also resides, or to that of the latter, should it be otherwise. Particular months and junctions of the planets are prescribed for the celebration of marriages in different castes; also the same castes in different provinces have their peculiar ceremonies. *Phalashobhana* is the performance of ceremonies of the occurrence of the first menstuous symptoms.

HINDU DEATH CEREMONIES.

On the death of a man the performance of his funeral obsequies (*Kriyas*) and of the monthly and annual purification ceremonies devolves on his heir. The principal times for performing "Shraddh" are eleven days after death; secondly, every month; and thirdly, on the anniversary of the death. Brahmans are only unclean for ten days after the death of a relation, the military class for twelve, the mercantile for fifteen, but Sudras for thirty. Among the Hindus generally the body of the deceased is burnt, but that of an infant under two years of age is buried. The "Shraddh" consists in the offering of rice, flowers, water, &c., to the deceased and to his manes, in order to enable his soul to ascend to the heaven of the *Pitras*, or great progenitors of the human race.

MUHAMMADAN FESTIVALS, &c.

MIRAJ-I-MUHAMMAD.—In commemoration of the alleged ascension of Muhammad, when the angel Gabriel mounted him on Burrak and conveyed him to heaven. The ascent is referred to in the 17th Sura of the Koran. It is held on the 26th of Rajab, though *Katib-ul-Wakidi* says the Miraj happened on the 17th Ramadan.

SHABA BARATH, or 'Night of Record,' is one of the three lesser *I'ds*, and is held on the 15th Sha'aban, when they say the actions of men for the ensuing year are recorded. It is passed in mirth with illuminations and fireworks. The whole night should be spent in reading the Koran and a fast observed next day.

RAMAZAN-KA-ROZAH.—This Muhammadan fast commences from the morning after the new moon of Ramadan is first observed, and is observed each day throughout the month of this name from 4 A.M., or when the first streak of light borders the eastern horizon, till the stars are clearly discerned in the heavens. During the whole period not the slightest particle of food, not a single drop of water or any other liquid should pass the lips. Every day during the fast is passed in occasional prayers, besides the usual *namaz*, and in reading the Koran or the lives of the prophets. The fast is first broken by a cooling

draught, called *Dandhi*, the same which is used in fevers. It is composed of the seeds of lettuce, cucumber, and melon with coriander, well pounded, and afterwards diluted with cold rose-water, sugar, syrup of pomegranate, and *kurat* are also added; the whole preparation is made in the *zenana*, and then drunk by cupfuls by all true *Rozedhars*. Plain boiled rice with dahi (sour curd) and sugar forms the first morning's repast of the *I'd*; and dried dates are eaten with it, in remembrance of the prophet's family, whose greatest luxury was supposed to be the dates of Arabia. On the 21st and 22nd the Shi'ahs celebrate the night of Ali, the nephew and adopted son of Muhammad, who is said to have died on one of the two nights. They perambulate the streets, carrying a *tabut* and beating their breasts. The night of the 27th is called *Lailat-ul-Kadr*, or 'night of power,' because it is said the Koran descended from heaven on that night. It should be observed as a vigil. On this night the *Ghair Mahdis*, or the Pathan sect, who assert that the 12th Imam, *Mahdi*, has come and gone, used to have encounters with the Sunnis and Shi'ahs, and those killed were supposed to be rewarded as martyrs.

ID-UL-FITR.—"The festival of breaking fast," called also *Ramazan ki I'd*, and "the feast of alms," is celebrated on the first *Sharval*. On this day Muhammadans are required to bathe, put on new clothes, apply antimony to the eyes, and perfume themselves; then distribute the *fitr* or *sabkah*, which is 2½ seers of wheat, dates, or any grain used for food, given to the poor or religious mendicants. All then proceed to the *Idgah*, repeating "God is Great. There is no God but God." The Mulla ascends the *minbar* or pulpit, and after a short thanksgiving, reads the *Khutbah* or Friday sermon. He then descends to the lowest step (which with the Shi'ahs is the third, but the fourth with the Sunnis) and recounts the virtues of the king, and prays for him. Then a general prayer is made, and the congregation rise with a shout of *Din!*—"Faith!" and fire off muskets. The evening is spent in rejoicing and merriment. In every house the same dainties are provided; every amusement that can be thought of is indulged in; the nautch women in the apartments of the men, and the *domini* (a class of singers who exhibit before females only) in those of the women are in great request on the last day of *Ramazan*, when the matron of the mansion sits in state to receive nazars from inferiors to grant favours to others.

BAKRI-ID, or **ID-I-KURBAN** (Ar. *Bakar*, 'a bull'; *Kurban*, 'a sacrifice').—This is a feast held on the 10th Zil Hijjah, in honour, it is said, of Abraham's intention to offer up Ismail, who, they aver, was chosen as the offering to the Almighty, and not Is-hak, grounding their assertions on traditions which they deem conclusive evidence on the subject. The offering thus made is annually commemorated by the sacrifice of animals, such as camels, cows, sheep, goats, kids, or lambs, according to each person's means, which answer the double purpose of honouring the memory of Abraham and Ismail and as food. The followers of Muhammad believe that the entrance to paradise is guarded by a bridge, *Pul-i-Sirat*, as narrow as a scythe, affording a precarious and unstable footing. To enable them, therefore, to pass without danger, they believe that the animals they have sacrificed at the *I'd* will be present to lend their aid in helping them over with lightning celerity. This festival, called by the Arabs *I'd-ul-Zoha*, 'day of sacrifice,' and the *I'd-ul-Fitr*, are the two great festivals of the Moslems. In A. H. J. Muhammad kept the *Ashur* or Jewish fast of the Atonement on the 10th day of the 7th month, but next year, his relations with the Jews being altered, he substituted for it the *I'd-ul-Zoha*, grounded on the ceremonies then current at Mekkah, and on the 12th of Zil Hijjah he sacrificed two fattened sucking kids with budding horns—the one for his followers and the other for himself and his family (see *Leviticus xvi.*).

MUHARRAM (Ar. *Muharram*, 'most sacred').—A celebrated mourning held annually in remembrance of the first alleged martyrs of the Shi'ah Musalmans, Hasan and Husain, from whom the whole race of Sayyids are descended. Abu Muhammad al Hasan and Husain were the two sons of 'Ali ibn Abi Taleb, the cousin, and Fatimah, the daughter of Muhammad; and after the murder of their father, A. H. 40, at Kufah by the contrivances of the Kaliph Yazid, the son of Mu'awiyeh, they with their families removed from Shawn, or Kufah, the capital of Medina. The elder, Hasan, voluntarily abdicated to avoid embroiling the State any longer in civil wars; but shortly afterwards he was poisoned by Yazid, the son of Mu'awiyeh, at Medina, A. H. 49. Abu 'Abdallah Mu'awiyeh ibn Abi Sufyan, the first of the Ommiades, then began to rule, A. D. 661, and was succeeded by his son Yazid (A. D. 679-683); but after several years the people of Shawn, being tired of king Yazid's tyrannical rule, invited Husain to return to the capital and assume his lawful right as Imam (leader of the faithful). Before accepting this invitation, Husain sent Moslem, his cousin, as a messenger, to report the true state of affairs to him; and on Husain's arrival with his two sons at Shawn, he was murdered, with all his retinue, at Karbala, in Turkish Arabia, on the 10th day of the Arab month Muharram, A. H. 61 (9th October A. D. 680). Zain-ul-Abidin, the eldest son of Husain, alone escaped. This forms the subject of the ten days' wailing during the Muharram. The Muhammadans are divided into two distinct sects, called the Shi'ahs and the Sunnis; the former regard Ali and his descendants, Hasan, Husain, Zain-ul-Abidin, Muhammad Baquer, Jafar Sadik, as the lawful leaders after Muhammad; and the latter the Kaliphas, as Apubakar, Omar, Oosman, 'Ali—hence quarrels, animosities and dislikes are hoarded up to be avenged during the Muharram. The festival begins when the new moon of the first month (Muharram) becomes visible. Including the *Ziyarat*, or 'visiting the grave,' it lasts till the 12th; but the fast is only for 10 days, and is hence called *Ashurah*; from the Arabic

word signifying ten. Houses are appropriated for the mourning ceremonies and called *Ashur Khana*; 'ten-day house.'—*Taziyah Khana*, house of lamentation,—and *Astana*, threshold or *Jakir's residence*. The mourning assemblies of the rich are held morning and evening in the *Imambaras* during the Muharram, when the head priest or preacher recite a subject for each day's service, from the various books descriptive of the life and sufferings of Hasan and Husain. The *Marsiya*, a poetical composition embracing the whole of the subject commemorated, is chanted; the names of their lawful leaders are recounted with blessings, and that of the usurpers, the Kaliphas, with curses. *Taziyas* (a term signifying grief, applied to a representation of the mausoleum erected over the remains of Imam Husain at Karbala) made of ivory, ebony, sandalwood, cedar, and sometimes wrought in silver filigree,—and indeed of every variety of material, from pure silver to bamboo and paper, according to the rank and wealth of the party, are exhibited and conveyed in procession through the streets. The moment the new moon is seen, a spade is struck into the earth; this is called *kodali marna*; and at this spot a pit is dug two or three days afterwards, in which a bonfire, called *allahwah*, is kindled. At night men dance round the fires, fencing with swords and springing through the flames, crying "Ya Ali! Sha Hasan! Sha Husain! Dulha!" bridegroom, &c.

On the night of the 7th, a representation of *Burak*, the horse or mule on which Muhammad is said to have ascended to heaven, is brought out. On the 10th the bier, called *tabut* or *taziyah*, is carried in procession. Before this incense is burnt and other rites are performed. The *tabuts*, it is said, are peculiar to India. They are not built by the inhabitants of Persia or Arabia. Many Muhammadans regard them with strong disapprobation, but in Bombay the larger portion of them unite in building them. These are taken out, and, accompanied with music, carried in procession from midnight of the ninth until three o'clock in the morning of the tenth day, and again from two till six o'clock on the afternoon of the same day, on their way to the beach or truck where the greater number of the *tabuts*, after being stripped of whatever is of value, are cast into the water. The Indian Shiah Muhammadans, who do not unite in building the *tabuts*, are accustomed to go upon this occasion to the mosque for five successive evenings to listen to the account of the death of Husain. On the morning of the 10th of Muharram they resort to the open court of the *Imambara*. A *Mulla* reads the story of the martyrdom, and as he becomes eloquent, the auditors beat their bared breasts and weep aloud; every now and then giving utterance to cries or lamentation—"Wai! Wai! Husain kushita shud!" A kind of ring is meanwhile cleared among the devotees for the passage of a procession, and then, amid intense excitement, three horses are led in. Little children, representing the children of Husain, with blood-stained clothes, are mounted on these horses, surrounded by large numbers of mourners, wailing and chanting; and as the procession moves forward headed by six banners—among which is the green standard of 'Ali—the riders of the horses throw ashes over their heads. A figure borne on a bier, representing the decapitated body of Husain, covered with blood and wounds, is brought in, from which broken arrows stick out, with a white dove hovering above it. The profoundest grief is now exhibited by the mourners. Walking round and round the ring, they now and again form circular groups of a dozen or twenty, and bending inwards to the ground, beat their breasts, crying "Wai! Wai! Husain!" Their demonstrations of grief, however, are not equal to those of the Moghuls and Persians, who, while listening to the recital, weep aloud and smite violently their breasts. Some two or three horsemen, bearing flags, enter the large yard adjoining the *Imambara* with loud wailings, and are followed by two horses caparisoned, to represent those which were for the use of the fallen Husain. One person on horseback with a long sword apparently run through his head and covered with blood joins in the wailings. A female infant in deep mourning, sitting at the door of a small mausoleum, which is carried on the shoulders of men, constantly casts ashes or cut straw upon her head in token of grief. These pass round in a circle, accompanied or followed by a company on foot, who beat upon their breasts, crying "Hai Hasan! Hai Husain!" This festival is with the Sunnis a mere farce. Before the martyrdom of Hasan and Husain this fast was observed as a feast, and is still reckoned one of the lesser *Idas*.

AKHIR-I-CHAIAR SHAMBAH.—A lesser *Id*, or festival held on the last fourth week day, viz., Wednesday of *Safar*, on account of Muhammad having, it is said, recovered a little on this day during his last illness and taken a bath for the last time. It is usual to write out seven benedictions, wash off the writing while the ink is fresh, and drink it. It is proper to bathe, put on new clothes, prepare sweetmeats, walk in gardens, and repeat prayers on this day.

BARI WAKAT (Urdu, *bari*, great; *wakat*, death.)—A fast held on the 13th of *Rabi-ul-Awal*, in memory of the death of Muhammad, A. H. 11. The *kodum-i-rasul* (prophet's foot) the impression of a foot on stone, or the *mu-i-mubarak* (the sacred hair of Muhammad), is brought forth and honoured. On the nights of the 11th and 12th processions take place.

URS-I-WALI.—A festival in honour of *Kwajah Mu'in-ud-din Chishti Kadir*, or *Fali* is held on the 11th of *Jumad-ul-Akhir*. This Sunni saint was born in *Sijistan*, A. H. 627, and came to Ajmere in the reign of *Kutb-ud-din I bak*, A. H. 602-607, where he

married the daughter of Sayad Husain Mashhadi, though a Shiah. A magnificent mosque was built by the Emperor Jahangir, (A. H. 1027, near his tomb at Ajmere, where he died A. H. 623. He has also a shrine at Nagur, near Negapatam. He is held in special reverence by the Moplas.

MUHAMMADAN BIRTH CEREMONIES.

After the 7th month of pregnancy, families that have the means celebrate the *satuasa* (seventh month) with great rejoicings, dress the women in new clothes, and deck her with flowers. In the 9th month the *Rafjaga* from *rat*, night, and *jagno*, to watch, is similarly kept. A *kathar* (dagger), a lemon, and nimb leaves are placed near her head to ward off misfortune, and her drink is boiled water in which a piece of red-hot iron has been plunged. After the birth she is allowed only *achwan* (candle) for the first six days. An iron plate and a broom are placed in a corner of the room as a spell against evil spirits, and if any stranger enters on the 6th and 40th days rue is thrown on the fire to prevent evil. Dogs and cats are carefully kept away, and the latter must not even be named. After swaddling, the summons to prayer must be uttered aloud in the infant's right ear and the Muslim creed in the left. Before it is put to the breast some pious man must dip his finger in honey and put it into the infant's mouth. The mother's relatives and friends go together to the house and place blades of grass in the father's hair, for which he has to make them a present. Until the *chehal* (40th day) the mother is regarded as unclean, and may neither pray, touch the Koran, nor enter the masjid. Certain ceremonies are then performed for her purification, and a sacrifice of two he-goats for a boy or one for a girl is sometimes offered. The child is also shaved, the hair is placed on a raft, a prayer repeated over it in the name of Khizr or Elias, and then launched into the stream. A lock of hair is sometimes allowed to grow in honour of some saint.

MUHAMMADAN MARRIAGE CEREMONIES.

Betrothal takes place at a very early age, and the marriage is celebrated when the bridegroom is 18 and the bride at most 13 or 14. *Madawatgiyan*, female emissaries, are employed to report the charms or wealth of certain eligible girls. Astrology is then consulted. The ceremonies of betrothal are such as the distribution of betel-nut leaves, the bridegroom going on horseback with musicians to the house of the bride to offer presents, sending sweet cakes from the bride to the bridegroom, treading the threshold, when the bride's mother gives the bridegroom a gold ring, money and an handkerchief, and tasting salt in the bride's house—previous to which the bridegroom must only eat sweet things there. Then follow ceremonies of anointing and bathing, and the preparation of the wedding garments. Among the marriage ceremonies are the conveying of the bridegroom's gifts to the house of the bride, and of the wedding finery to the bridegroom's. Then the bridegroom, gaily dressed, rides first to the masjid, and after repeating three prayers there, to the bride's house, where, before he is allowed to enter, he must give presents to her friends. He is carried in by a man, whose advance is resisted till further presents are made. The Kazi or his substitute, after taking two veils from the bridegroom's face, makes him repeat in Arabic certain suras of the Koran, &c. The bridegroom next repeats the marriage contract, and the hand of the bride is joined in his, the Kazi repeating a prayer that the couple thus wedded may be as loving as Adam and Eve, Abraham and Sarah.

MUHAMMADAN DEATH CEREMONIES.

When a Muhammadan is dying, a reader of the Koran is brought to read the *sura-i-yasin* and two creeds. Sweet sherbut is then poured in the throat of the dying person with the belief that it facilitates the exit of the spirit. After death the body is placed in a coffin, and, with parade suited to the rank of the departed, it is carried to the burial ground, where a tent or *kanat* is pitched near the tomb. Here the body is bathed and dried, and powdered camphor rubbed on the hands, feet, knees, and forehead, the parts which daily touch the ground in prayer. The body is then wrapped in a calico winding-sheet, on which certain suras of the Koran have been written. The religious Muslim generally prepares his own sheet in his lifetime, adding passages of the Koran from time to time. The coffin is carried to the grave by the relations, repeating as they go, "There is no God but God, and Muhammad is the prophet of God." The Kazi reads the funeral service for the poor, and the nearest relation or other friend for the wealthy: it consists of four confessions of faith and one benediction. The body is then placed in the grave on its back with the head to the north and the face towards *Makkah* or the west. Each person takes up a little earth, and repeating the 12th sura or the passage—"We created you of earth and return you to earth, and we shall raise you out of the earth on the resurrection day," then puts the earth gently into the grave. The *Fatihah*, "I offer this prayer for such a one," is then said, first for the person just buried and then for all in the graveyard. Then the 1st and 11th suras are recited and alms distributed. On the 3rd day the whole Koran is read through, and on the 10th, 20th, 30th, and 40th days various ceremonies are gone through. *Fatihah* is repeated after every three months for a year.

HINDU CYCLE OF SIXTY YEARS.

KEY TO THE PRONUNCIATION.

a, as in *Roman*;—*i*, as in *father*;—*it*, as in *it*;—*ti*, as in *police*;—*u*, as in *push*;—*ú*, as in *rude*;—*e*, as in *beg*;—*é*, as in *grey*;—*ai*, as in *aisle*;—*o*, as in *so*;—*ou*, as *ow* in *now*.

No. 1.

Sidhārti	1799-1800	Virōdhi	1829-1830
Raudri	1800-1	Vikruti	1830-31
Durmāti	1801-2	Khara	1831-32
Dandabhi	1802-3	Nandana	1832-33
Rudhīrōdgāri	1803-4	Vijaya	1833-34
Raktākshi	1804-5	Jaya	1834-35
Krōdhana	1805-6	Manmat'ha	1835-36
Akshaya	1806-7	Durmukhi	1836-37
Prabhava	1807-8	Hēvilambi	1837-38
Vibhava	1808-9	Vilambi	1838-39
Shukla	1809-10	Vikāri	1839-40
Pramōdhatta	1810-11	Shārvāri	1840-41
Prajōtpatti	1811-12	Plava	1841-42
A'ngīrasa	1812-13	Shubhākṛuta	1842-43
Srīmukha	1813-14	Shōbhakṛuta	1843-44
Bhāva	1814-15	Krōdhi	1844-45
Yuva	1815-16	Vishwāvasu	1845-46
Dhātu	1816-17	Parābhava	1846-47
Ishwara	1817-18	Plavanga	1847-48
Bahudhānya	1818-19	Kīlaka	1848-49
Pramādi	1819-20	Saumya	1849-50
Vikrama	1820-21	Sadhārana	1850-51
Vishu	1821-22	Virōdhikṛuta	1851-52
Chitrabhānu	1822-23	Parīdhavi	1852-53
Swabhānu	1823-24	Pramādiścha	1853-54
Thāra	1824-25	A'nanda	1854-55
Pārthiva	1825-26	Rakshasa	1855-56
Vyaya	1826-27	Nala	1856-57
Sarvajitu	1827-28	Paingala	1857-58
Sarvadhāri	1828-29	Kālayukti	1858-59

No. 2.

Sidhārti	1859-1860	Virōdhi	1889-1890
Raudri	1860-61	Vikruti	1890-91
Durmāti	1861-62	Khara	1891-92
Dandabhi	1862-63	Nandana	1892-93
Rudhīrōdgāri	1863-64	Vijaya	1893-94
Raktākshi	1864-65	Jaya	1894-95
Krōdhana	1865-66	Manmat'ha	1895-96
Akshaya	1866-67	Durmukhi	1896-97
Prabhava	1867-68	Hēvilambi	1897-98
Vibhava	1868-69	Vilambi	1898-99
Shukla	1869-70	Vikāri	1899-1900
Pramōdhatta	1870-71	Shārvāri	1900-1
Prajōtpatti	1871-72	Plava	1901-2
A'ngīrasa	1872-73	Shubhākṛuta	1902-3
Srīmukha	1873-74	Shōbhakṛuta	1903-4
Bhāva	1874-75	Krōdhi	1904-5
Yuva	1875-76	Vishwāvasu	1905-6
Dhātu	1876-77	Parābhava	1906-7
Ishwara	1877-78	Plavanga	1907-8
Bahudhānya	1878-79	Kīlaka	1908-9
Pramādi	1879-80	Saumya	1909-10
Vikrama	1880-81	Sadhārana	1910-11
Vishu	1881-82	Virōdhikṛuta	1911-12
Chitrabhānu	1882-83	Parīdhavi	1912-13
Swabhānu	1883-84	Pramādiścha	1913-14
Thāra	1884-85	A'nanda	1914-15
Pārthiva	1885-86	Rakshasa	1915-16
Vyaya	1886-87	Nala	1916-17
Sarvajitu	1887-88	Paingala	1917-18
Sarvadhāri	1888-89	Kālayukti	1918-19

RISING AND SETTING OF THE FIVE PRINCIPAL PLANETS

AT MADRAS FOR 1904.

Months and Days.	MERCURY.		VENUS.		MARS.		JUPITER.		SATURN.	
	Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets
	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.
1904.	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>
Jan. 1	7 27	7 7	3 12	2 42	8 51	8 19	10 44	10 32	8 22	7 46
11	7 14	6 40	3 24	2 43	8 41	8 13	10 10	9 55	7 48	7 12
21	5 50	5 16	3 36	2 56	8 29	8 7	9 37	9 29	7 12	6 33
31	4 57	4 19	3 49	3 7	8 16	8 0	9 5	8 57	6 37	6 3
Feb. 10	4 43	4 8	4 2	3 20	8 3	7 51	8 32	8 26	6 3	5 29
20	5 0	4 22	4 13	3 35	7 48	7 43	8 0	7 56	5 27	4 55
Mar. 1	5 16	4 44	4 23	3 47	7 35	7 35	7 23	7 26	4 53	4 21
11	5 34	5 12	4 30	4 0	7 19	7 29	6 56	6 57	4 18	3 47
21	5 54	5 46	4 35	4 13	7 5	7 19	6 25	6 27	3 41	3 11
31	6 16	6 28	4 38	4 24	6 52	7 10	5 54	5 53	3 6	2 36
April 10	6 43	7 0	4 40	4 34	6 39	7 1	5 22	5 23	2 30	2 0
20	6 55	7 33	4 41	4 45	6 25	6 53	4 51	4 59	1 53	1 23
30	6 41	7 23	4 43	4 55	6 12	6 44	4 19	4 29	1 16	0 46
May 10	5 58	6 34	4 45	5 5	5 50	6 35	3 43	3 53	0 30	0 9
20	5 4	5 32	4 49	5 17	5 47	6 27	3 16	3 28	After.	Morn.
30	4 24	4 50	4 55	5 31	5 37	5 19	2 44	2 53	11 17	10 49
June 9	4 0	4 37	5 5	5 45	5 26	6 10	2 11	2 25	10 39	10 13
19	4 16	4 52	5 16	6 0	5 15	6 1	1 33	1 52	9 58	9 22
29	4 48	5 38	5 20	6 15	5 4	5 52	1 4	1 20	9 17	8 51
July 9	5 33	6 31	5 44	6 28	4 53	5 41	0 30	0 40	8 36	8 10
19	6 38	7 10	6 0	6 40	4 43	5 31	After.	0 12	7 54	7 29
29	7 11	7 37	6 14	6 48	4 35	5 10	11 14	Morn.	7 12	0 47
8	7 33	7 47	6 27	6 55	4 25	5 7	10 37	10 58	6 31	6 3
18	7 44	7 46	6 40	6 58	4 13	4 53	9 58	10 20	5 49	5 21
28	7 33	7 27	6 50	7 2	4 3	4 39	9 18	9 41	5 7	4 30
7	6 55	6 47	7 0	7 2	3 50	4 24	8 33	9 0	4 25	3 57
17	5 39	5 45	7 11	7 3	3 38	4 8	7 55	8 18	3 43	3 16
27	4 46	4 56	7 22	7 4	3 25	3 51	7 13	7 34	3 3	2 34
7	4 48	4 54	7 33	7 7	3 11	3 33	6 29	6 50	2 23	1 53
17	5 15	5 9	7 46	7 12	2 53	3 14	5 46	6 5	1 43	1 13
27	5 44	5 26	8 1	7 19	2 42	2 56	5 2	5 20	1 4	0 34
6	6 13	5 41	8 16	7 30	2 27	2 37	4 19	4 35	0 25	After.
16	6 46	6 6	8 31	7 43	2 12	2 18	3 35	3 51	Morn.	11 15
26	7 11	6 23	8 46	7 53	1 57	1 57	2 53	3 9	11 10	10 38
6	7 37	6 43	8 59	8 13	1 40	1 36	2 12	2 23	10 33	10 1
16	6 47	7 1	9 7	8 27	1 24	1 16	1 32	1 43	9 57	9 25
26	6 11	6 29	9 14	8 40	1 7	0 55	0 53	1 9	9 21	8 49
31	6 16	5 38	9 16	8 46	0 57	0 45	0 34	0 50	9 3	8 33

TABLE SHOWING THE MEAN TIME OF THE SUN'S CULMINATION AT MADRAS FOR 1904.

DATE.	JANUARY.	FEBRUARY.	MARCH.	APRIL.	MAY.	JUNE.	JULY.	AUGUST.	SEPTEMBER.	OCTOBER.	NOVEMBER.	DECEMBER.
1	h. m. s. 12 3 4	h. m. s. 12 13 35	h. m. s. 12 12 36	h. m. s. 12 4 6	h. m. s. 11 57 5	h. m. s. 11 57 31	h. m. s. 12 3 20	h. m. s. 12 6 9	h. m. s. 12 0 4	h. m. s. 11 49 49	h. m. s. 11 43 41	h. m. s. 11 48 58
2	12 3 32	12 13 40	12 12 25	12 3 43	11 56 58	11 57 39	12 3 40	12 6 5	11 59 45	11 49 30	11 43 39	11 49 21
3	12 4 0	12 13 50	12 12 12	12 3 30	11 56 50	11 57 49	12 3 52	12 6 1	11 59 26	11 49 11	11 43 39	11 49 44
4	12 4 28	12 13 58	12 11 58	12 3 12	11 56 44	11 57 59	12 4 2	12 5 56	11 59 6	11 48 53	11 43 39	11 50 8
5	12 4 56	12 14 4	12 11 46	12 2 54	11 56 38	11 58 9	12 4 13	12 5 51	11 58 47	11 48 35	11 43 40	11 50 32
6	12 5 23	12 14 10	12 11 32	12 2 36	11 56 31	11 58 20	12 4 23	12 5 45	11 58 27	11 48 18	11 43 45	11 50 57
7	12 5 50	12 14 14	12 11 18	12 2 19	11 56 28	11 58 31	12 4 34	12 5 38	11 58 7	11 48 0	11 43 45	11 51 23
8	12 6 16	12 14 18	12 11 4	12 2 2	11 56 24	11 58 42	12 4 43	12 5 31	11 57 46	11 47 43	11 43 49	11 51 41
9	12 6 42	12 14 21	12 10 48	12 1 45	11 56 20	11 58 53	12 4 53	12 5 25	11 57 26	11 47 26	11 43 53	11 52 16
10	12 7 7	12 14 23	12 10 33	12 1 29	11 56 17	11 59 5	12 5 2	12 5 15	11 57 6	11 47 10	11 43 58	11 52 43
11	12 7 32	12 14 25	12 10 17	12 1 12	11 56 15	11 59 17	12 5 10	12 5 6	11 56 46	11 46 54	11 44 4	11 53 10
12	12 7 56	12 14 25	12 10 1	12 0 56	11 56 13	11 59 29	12 5 18	12 4 57	11 56 24	11 46 39	11 44 11	11 53 38
13	12 8 20	12 14 25	12 9 45	12 0 41	11 56 12	11 59 41	12 5 26	12 4 47	11 56 3	11 46 25	11 44 19	11 54 6
14	12 8 43	12 14 24	12 9 29	12 0 25	11 56 12	11 59 54	12 5 33	12 4 37	11 55 42	11 46 10	11 44 28	11 54 35
15	12 9 6	12 14 23	12 9 12	12 0 9	11 56 12	12 0 7	12 5 40	12 4 26	11 55 21	11 45 56	11 44 37	11 55 3
16	12 9 27	12 14 21	12 8 55	11 59 55	11 56 12	12 0 19	12 5 46	12 4 14	11 55 0	11 45 43	11 44 48	11 55 32
17	12 9 48	12 14 17	12 8 38	11 59 41	11 56 13	12 0 32	12 5 57	12 4 2	11 54 39	11 45 31	11 44 59	11 56 2
18	12 10 9	12 14 14	12 8 20	11 59 27	11 56 15	12 0 45	12 6 1	12 3 49	11 54 16	11 45 19	11 45 11	11 56 31
19	12 10 29	12 14 9	12 8 3	11 59 14	11 56 17	12 0 59	12 6 1	12 3 36	11 53 56	11 45 7	11 45 24	11 57 1
20	12 10 48	12 14 4	12 7 45	11 59 1	11 56 20	12 1 12	12 6 6	12 3 22	11 53 35	11 44 57	11 45 37	11 57 30
21	12 11 6	12 13 58	12 7 27	11 58 43	11 56 23	12 1 24	12 6 9	12 3 7	11 53 14	11 44 46	11 45 52	11 58 0
22	12 11 24	12 13 51	12 7 9	11 58 36	11 56 27	12 1 37	12 6 12	12 2 53	11 52 53	11 44 37	11 46 7	11 58 30
23	12 11 40	12 13 44	12 6 51	11 58 25	11 56 31	12 1 50	12 6 15	12 2 38	11 52 32	11 44 28	11 46 23	11 59 0
24	12 11 56	12 13 36	12 6 33	11 58 12	11 56 36	12 2 3	12 6 16	12 2 22	11 52 11	11 44 20	11 46 40	11 59 30
25	12 12 12	12 13 27	12 6 14	11 58 1	11 56 41	12 2 16	12 6 17	12 2 6	11 51 50	11 44 12	11 46 57	12 0 0
26	12 12 26	12 13 19	12 5 56	11 57 51	11 56 47	12 2 28	12 6 18	12 1 50	11 51 29	11 44 5	11 47 15	12 0 20
27	12 12 40	12 13 9	12 5 38	11 57 40	11 56 53	12 2 41	12 6 18	12 1 33	11 51 9	11 43 59	11 47 34	12 0 59
28	12 12 52	12 12 50	12 5 19	11 57 31	11 57 7	12 2 53	12 6 17	12 1 16	11 50 49	11 43 55	11 47 54	12 1 28
29	12 13 3	12 12 48	12 5 1	11 57 22	11 57 7	12 3 6	12 6 16	12 0 58	11 50 29	11 43 50	11 48 15	12 1 58
30	12 13 15	...	12 4 42	11 57 13	11 57 15	12 3 17	12 6 14	12 0 40	11 50 9	11 43 46	11 48 36	12 2 27
31	12 13 25	...	12 4 24	...	11 57 23	...	12 6 12	12 0 22	...	11 43 43	...	12 2 56

TABLE SHOWING THE EQUATION OF TIME FOR 1904 AT APPARENT NOON AT MADRAS.

DATE.	JANUARY.	FEBRUARY.	MARCH.	APRIL.	MAY.	JUNE.	JULY.	AUGUST.	SEPTEMBER.	OCTOBER.	NOVEMBER.	DECEMBER.
1	h. m. s. 13 4	h. m. s. 13 35	h. m. s. 12 36	h. m. s. 12 4 6	h. m. s. 11 57 5	h. m. s. 11 57 31	h. m. s. 12 3 20	h. m. s. 12 6 9	h. m. s. 12 0 4	h. m. s. 11 49 49	h. m. s. 11 43 41	h. m. s. 11 48 58
2	13 32	12 13 40	12 12 25	12 3 43	11 56 58	11 57 39	12 3 40	12 6 5	11 59 45	11 49 30	11 43 39	11 49 21
3	13 40	12 13 50	12 12 12	12 3 30	11 56 50	11 57 49	12 3 52	12 6 1	11 59 26	11 49 11	11 43 39	11 49 44
4	13 48	12 13 58	12 11 58	12 3 12	11 56 44	11 57 59	12 4 2	12 5 56	11 59 6	11 48 53	11 43 39	11 50 8
5	13 56	12 14 4	12 11 46	12 2 54	11 56 38	11 58 9	12 4 13	12 5 51	11 58 47	11 48 35	11 43 40	11 50 32
6	14 4	12 14 10	12 11 32	12 2 36	11 56 31	11 58 20	12 4 23	12 5 45	11 58 27	11 48 18	11 43 45	11 50 57
7	14 12	12 14 14	12 11 18	12 2 19	11 56 28	11 58 31	12 4 34	12 5 38	11 58 7	11 48 0	11 43 45	11 51 23
8	14 20	12 14 18	12 11 4	12 2 2	11 56 24	11 58 42	12 4 43	12 5 31	11 57 46	11 47 43	11 43 49	11 51 41
9	14 28	12 14 21	12 10 48	12 1 45	11 56 20	11 58 53	12 4 53	12 5 25	11 57 26	11 47 26	11 43 53	11 52 16
10	14 36	12 14 23	12 10 33	12 1 29	11 56 17	11 59 5	12 5 2	12 5 15	11 57 6	11 47 10	11 43 58	11 52 43
11	14 44	12 14 25	12 10 17	12 1 12	11 56 15	11 59 17	12 5 10	12 5 6	11 56 46	11 46 54	11 44 4	11 53 10
12	14 52	12 14 25	12 10 1	12 0 56	11 56 13	11 59 29	12 5 18	12 4 57	11 56 24	11 46 39	11 44 11	11 53 38
13	15 0	12 14 25	12 9 45	12 0 41	11 56 12	11 59 41	12 5 26	12 4 47	11 56 3	11 46 25	11 44 19	11 54 6
14	15 8	12 14 24	12 9 29	12 0 25	11 56 12	11 59 54	12 5 33	12 4 37	11 55 42	11 46 10	11 44 28	11 54 35
15	15 16	12 14 23	12 9 12	12 0 9	11 56 12	12 0 7	12 5 40	12 4 26	11 55 21	11 45 56	11 44 37	11 55 3
16	15 24	12 14 21	12 8 55	11 59 55	11 56 12	12 0 19	12 5 46	12 4 14	11 55 0	11 45 43	11 44 48	11 55 32
17	15 32	12 14 17	12 8 38	11 59 41	11 56 13	12 0 32	12 5 57	12 4 2	11 54 39	11 45 31	11 44 59	11 56 2
18	15 40	12 14 14	12 8 20	11 59 27	11 56 15	12 0 45	12 6 1	12 3 49	11 54 16	11 45 19	11 45 11	11 56 31
19	15 48	12 14 9	12 8 3	11 59 14	11 56 17	12 0 59	12 6 1	12 3 36	11 53 56	11 45 7	11 45 24	11 57 1
20	15 56	12 14 4	12 7 45	11 59 1	11 56 20	12 1 12	12 6 6	12 3 22	11 53 35	11 44 57	11 45 37	11 57 30
21	16 4	12 13 58	12 7 27	11 58 43	11 56 23	12 1 24	12 6 9	12 3 7	11 53 14	11 44 46	11 45 52	11 58 0
22	16 12	12 13 51	12 7 9	11 58 36	11 56 27	12 1 37	12 6 12	12 2 53	11 52 53	11 44 37	11 46 7	11 58 30
23	16 20	12 13 44	12 6 51	11 58 25	11 56 31	12 1 50	12 6 15	12 2 38	11 52 32	11 44 28	11 46 23	11 59 0
24	16 28	12 13 36	12 6 33	11 58 12	11 56 36	12 2 3	12 6 16	12 2 22	11 52 11	11 44 20	11 46 40	11 59 30
25	16 36	12 13 27	12 6 14	11 58 1	11 56 41	12 2 16	12 6 17	12 2 6	11 51 50	11 44 12	11 46 57	12 0 0
26	16 44	12 13 19	12 5 56	11 57 51	11 56 47	12 2 28	12 6 18	12 1 50	11 51 29	11 44 5	11 47 15	12 0 20
27	16 52	12 13 9	12 5 38	11 57 40	11 56 53	12 2 41	12 6 18	12 1 33	11 51 9	11 43 59	11 47 34	12 0 59
28	17 0	12 12 50	12 5 19	11 57 31	11 57 7	12 2 53	12 6 17	12 1 16	11 50 49	11 43 55	11 47 54	12 1 28
29	17 8	12 12 48	12 5 1	11 57 22	11 57 7	12 3 6	12 6 16	12 0 58	11 50 29	11 43 50	11 48 15	12 1 58
30	17 16	...	12 4 42	11 57 13	11 57 15	12 3 17	12 6 14	12 0 40	11 50 9	11 43 46	11 48 36	12 2 27
31	17 24	...	12 4 24	...	11 57 23	...	12 6 12	12 0 22	...	11 43 43	...	12 2 56

MOON'S RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION AT NOON FOR EACH DAY OF THE MONTH FOR 1904.

Day of each Month.	JANUARY.		FEBRUARY.		MARCH.		APRIL.		MAY.		JUNE.		JULY.		AUGUST.		SEPTEMBER.		OCTOBER.		NOVEMBER.		DECEMBER.	
	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.
1	4 47	N. 18	8 26	N. 15	9 59	N. 10	13 22	S. 6	15 46	S. 15	19 56	S. 18	21 18	S. 21	23 13	S. 24	25 13	S. 26	27 18	S. 28	29 14	S. 29	N. 4	
2	5 48	18	9 28	12	10 59	14	17 56	17	20 16	20	22 56	25	24 18	27	29 56	31	32 56	34	37 18	40	43 18	46	49 18	
3	6 51	18	10 27	13	11 55	15	18 54	19	21 17	23	24 18	28	26 56	31	29 56	34	32 56	37	35 18	39	41 18	44	44 18	
4	7 53	18	11 25	14	12 52	16	19 53	20	22 17	24	25 18	30	27 56	33	30 56	36	33 56	39	36 18	41	42 18	46	45 18	
5	8 55	18	12 23	15	13 50	17	20 54	21	23 18	25	26 19	31	28 56	34	31 56	37	34 56	40	37 18	42	43 18	47	46 18	
6	9 54	18	13 20	16	14 47	18	21 55	22	24 19	26	27 20	32	29 56	35	32 56	38	35 56	41	38 18	43	44 18	48	47 18	
7	10 50	18	14 18	17	15 46	19	22 56	23	25 20	27	28 21	33	30 56	36	33 56	39	36 56	42	39 18	44	45 18	49	48 18	
8	11 45	18	15 15	18	16 45	20	23 56	24	26 21	28	29 22	34	31 56	37	34 56	40	37 56	43	40 18	45	46 18	50	49 18	
9	12 38	S. 3	16 15	19	17 46	21	24 56	25	27 22	29	30 23	35	32 56	38	35 56	41	38 56	44	41 18	46	47 18	51	50 18	
10	13 30	S. 3	17 16	20	18 47	22	25 56	26	28 23	30	31 24	36	33 56	39	36 56	42	39 56	45	42 18	47	48 18	52	51 18	
11	14 22	11	18 17	21	19 48	23	26 56	27	29 24	31	32 25	37	34 56	40	37 56	43	40 56	46	43 18	48	49 18	53	52 18	
12	15 14	11	19 18	22	20 49	24	27 56	28	30 25	32	33 26	38	35 56	41	38 56	44	41 56	47	44 18	49	50 18	54	53 18	
13	16 5	11	20 19	23	21 50	25	28 56	29	31 26	33	34 27	39	36 56	42	39 56	45	42 56	48	45 18	50	51 18	55	54 18	
14	16 57	11	21 20	24	22 51	26	29 56	30	32 27	34	35 28	40	37 56	43	40 56	46	43 56	49	46 18	51	52 18	56	55 18	
15	17 49	11	22 21	25	23 52	27	30 56	31	33 28	35	36 29	41	38 56	44	41 56	47	44 56	50	47 18	52	53 18	57	56 18	
16	18 40	11	23 22	26	24 53	28	31 56	32	34 29	36	37 30	42	39 56	45	42 56	48	45 56	51	48 18	53	54 18	58	57 18	
17	19 30	11	24 23	27	25 54	29	32 56	33	35 30	37	38 31	43	40 56	46	43 56	49	46 56	52	49 18	54	55 18	59	58 18	
18	20 20	11	25 24	28	26 55	30	33 56	34	36 31	38	39 32	44	41 56	47	44 56	50	47 56	53	50 18	55	56 18	60	59 18	
19	21 10	11	26 25	29	27 56	31	34 56	35	37 32	39	40 33	45	42 56	48	45 56	51	48 56	54	51 18	56	57 18	61	60 18	
20	22 0	11	27 26	30	28 57	32	35 56	36	38 33	40	41 34	46	43 56	49	46 56	52	49 56	55	52 18	57	58 18	62	61 18	
21	22 40	11	28 27	31	29 58	33	36 56	37	39 34	41	42 35	47	44 56	50	47 56	53	50 56	56	53 18	58	59 18	63	62 18	
22	23 25	11	29 28	32	30 59	34	37 56	38	40 35	42	43 36	48	45 56	51	48 56	54	51 56	57	54 18	59	60 18	64	63 18	
23	24 10	11	30 29	33	31 50	35	38 56	39	41 36	43	44 37	49	46 56	52	49 56	55	52 56	58	55 18	60	61 18	65	64 18	
24	24 55	11	31 30	34	32 51	36	39 56	40	42 37	44	45 38	50	47 56	53	50 56	56	53 56	59	56 18	61	62 18	66	65 18	
25	25 40	11	32 31	35	33 52	37	40 56	41	43 38	45	46 39	51	48 56	54	51 56	57	54 56	60	57 18	62	63 18	67	66 18	
26	26 25	11	33 32	36	34 53	38	41 56	42	44 39	46	47 40	52	49 56	55	52 56	58	55 56	61	58 18	63	64 18	68	67 18	
27	27 10	11	34 33	37	35 54	39	42 56	43	45 40	47	48 41	53	50 56	56	53 56	59	56 56	62	59 18	64	65 18	69	68 18	
28	27 55	11	35 34	38	36 55	40	43 56	44	46 41	48	49 42	54	51 56	57	54 56	60	57 56	63	60 18	65	66 18	70	69 18	
29	28 40	11	36 35	39	37 56	41	44 56	45	47 42	49	50 43	55	52 56	58	55 56	61	58 56	64	61 18	66	67 18	71	70 18	
30	29 25	11	37 36	40	38 57	42	45 56	46	48 43	50	51 44	56	53 56	59	56 56	62	59 56	65	62 18	67	68 18	72	71 18	
31	30 10	11	38 37	41	39 58	43	46 56	47	49 44	51	52 45	57	54 56	60	57 56	63	60 56	66	63 18	68	69 18	73	72 18	

RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF THE SUN AND PLANETS AT MADRAS FOR 1904.

Month and Days.	SUN.		MERCURY.		VENUS.		MARS.		JUPITER.		SATURN.	
	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.
1904.	h. m.	°	h. m.	°	h. m.	°	h. m.	°	h. m.	°	h. m.	°
January	1 18 42	S. 23	20 6	S. 21	15 36	S. 17	21 14	S. 17	23 17	S. 6	20 49	S. 19
	11 19 26	22	20 16	18	16 24	19	21 45	15	23 23	5	20 47	19
	21 20 9	20	19 28	18	17 14	21	22 15	12	23 30	4	20 52	18
February	31 20 51	18	19 14	20	18 5	22	22 44	9	23 37	4	20 57	18
	10 21 31	15	19 45	21	18 57	22	23 13	6	23 45	3	21 1	18
	20 22 10	11	20 36	20	19 49	21	23 42	3	23 58	2	21 6	17
March	1 22 48	8	21 35	16	20 40	18	0 10	N. 0	0 2	1	21 11	17
	11 23 25	4	22 38	11	21 30	15	0 33	3	0 10	0	21 15	17
	21 0 1	N. 0	23 45	3	22 18	12	1 6	6	0 19	N. 1	21 19	16
April	31 0 38	4	0 56	N. 6	23 4	7	1 34	9	0 28	2	21 23	16
	10 1 14	8	2 9	14	23 50	2	2 2	12	0 37	3	21 26	16
	20 1 51	11	3 6	20	0 35	N. 2	2 30	15	0 46	4	21 29	16
May	30 2 28	15	3 33	22	1 20	7	2 59	17	0 54	5	21 31	16
	10 3 7	18	3 26	19	2 6	11	3 23	19	1 3	5	21 33	15
	20 3 47	20	3 7	15	2 54	16	3 57	21	1 11	6	21 34	15
June	30 4 27	22	3 6	14	3 43	19	4 27	22	1 19	7	21 35	15
	9 5 8	23	3 32	15	4 34	21	4 57	23	1 26	8	21 35	15
	19 5 49	23	4 23	19	5 27	23	5 27	24	1 33	8	21 34	16
July	29 6 31	23	5 38	23	6 20	24	5 56	24	1 38	9	21 32	16
	9 7 12	22	7 10	24	7 14	27	6 23	24	1 44	9	21 31	16
	19 7 53	21	8 38	20	8 7	21	6 55	24	1 48	10	21 28	16
August	29 8 33	19	9 50	14	8 57	18	7 23	23	1 51	10	21 25	16
	8 9 11	16	10 46	8	9 47	15	7 51	22	1 53	10	21 23	17
	18 9 49	13	11 29	10	10 34	10	8 18	21	1 54	10	21 20	17
September	28 10 26	10	11 55	S. 9	11 20	6	8 45	19	1 54	10	21 17	17
	7 11 2	6	11 51	4	12 5	1	9 10	17	1 55	10	21 14	17
	17 11 38	2	11 24	N. 1	12 50	S. 4	9 36	16	1 50	10	21 12	17
October	27 12 14	S. 1	11 13	5	13 36	9	10 4	14	1 46	9	21 10	18
	7 12 50	5	11 53	4	14 23	14	10 21	11	1 41	9	21 9	18
	17 13 27	9	12 54	S. 3	15 11	15	10 47	9	1 36	8	21 9	18
November	27 14 5	13	13 56	11	16 1	21	11 10	7	1 31	8	21 9	18
	6 14 44	16	14 58	17	16 51	23	11 32	5	1 27	7	21 10	18
	16 15 25	19	16 2	22	17 47	25	11 54	2	1 22	7	21 11	17
December	26 16 7	21	17 7	25	18 41	25	12 15	S. 0	1 19	7	21 13	17
	6 16 50	22	18 11	26	19 34	24	12 36	2	1 17	7	21 16	17
	16 17 34	23	19 3	24	20 26	21	12 57	4	1 17	7	21 19	17
	26 18 18	23	19 7	23	21 15	18	13 18	6	1 17	7	21 23	17
	31 18 40	23	18 42	21	21 38	16	13 28	7	1 18	7	21 25	S. 16

SATURN'S SATELLITES AT MADRAS.

MEAN TIME OF EASTERN ELONGATION, 1904.

1—MIMAS.		MIMAS—contd.		MIMAS—contd.	
d. h. m.		d. h. m.		d. h. m.	
Apl.	2 0 12 Morn.	May	17 6 0 Morn.	June	26 6 24 After.
	7 3 51 After.		22 9 42 After.		July
	12 9 0 Morn.		27 2 48 "		5 6 0 "
	17 2 6 "	June	1 7 48 Morn.		10 9 36 After.
	22 5 54 After.		6 11 30 After.		15 2 42 "
27 11 0 Morn.	11 4 6 "			20 7 48 Morn.	
May.	2 4 6 "		16 9 42 Morn.		25 11 30 After.
	7 7 48 After.		21 2 48 "		30 4 30 "
	12 0 54 "				

SATURN'S SATELLITES AT MADRAS—*contd.*
MEAN TIME OF EASTERN ELONGATION, 1904—*contd.*

MIMAS— <i>concl'd.</i>		ENCCELADUS— <i>concl'd.</i>		DIONE— <i>concl'd.</i>	
d. h. m.		d. h. m.		d. h. m.	
Aug. 4 9 36 Morn.		Nov. 6 10 24 After.		June 7 11 30 After.	
9 2 42 "		13 6 54 "		16 4 30 Morn.	
14 6 18 After.		20 3 6 "		24 9 30 "	
19 11 24 Morn.		28 8 42 "		29 8 86 After.	
29 4 30 "		Dec. 5 5 12 "		July 5 8 6 Morn.	
29 8 12 After.		13 10 36 "		13 1 6 After.	
Sept. 3 1 18 "		20 7 6 "		19 0 24 Morn.	
8 6 18 Morn.				27 5 18 "	
13 10 0 After.				Aug. 4 10 18 "	
18 3 6 "				12 3 12 After.	
23 8 12 Morn.				18 2 30 Morn.	
28 11 54 After.				26 7 24 "	
Oct. 3 5 0 "				31 6 42 After.	
8 10 6 Morn.				Sept. 6 6 0 Morn.	
13 3 6 "				14 11 0 "	
18 6 54 After.				22 4 0 After.	
23 12 0 Noon				30 9 0 "	
23 5 6 Morn.				Oct. 9 2 0 Morn.	
Nov. 2 8 48 After.				17 7 6 "	
7 1 54 "				25 0 12 After.	
12 7 6 Morn.				30 11 36 "	
17 10 48 After.				Nov. 8 4 42 Morn.	
22 8 54 "				16 9 48 "	
27 9 0 Morn.				24 3 0 After.	
Dec. 2 2 12 "				30 2 30 Morn.	
7 5 54 After.				Dec. 8 7 36 "	
12 11 0 Morn.				16 0 48 After.	
17 4 6 "				19 6 36 Morn.	
20 10 42 After.					
2—ENCCELADUS.		3—TETHYS.		5—RHEA.	
d. h. m.		d. h. m.		d. h. m.	
Apl. 3 2 6 Morn.		Apl. 1 7 30 After.		Apl. 3 4 0 Morn.	
10 36 After.		9 8 48 Morn.		12 5 6 "	
15 9 54 Morn.		16 10 6 After.		25 6 36 After.	
22 6 36 "		24 11 24 Morn.		May 4 7 36 "	
29 3 6 "		30 3 6 "		39 8 30 "	
May 7 8 24 "		May 7 4 36 After.		22 9 24 "	
14 4 54 "		15 5 48 Morn.		31 10 12 "	
21 1 18 "		22 7 0 After.		June 9 11 0 "	
27 9 42 After.		30 8 18 Morn.		18 11 42 "	
June 3 6 6 "		June 6 9 30 After.		28 0 30 Morn.	
10 2 30 "		14 10 42 Morn.		July 7 1 12 "	
17 10 54 Morn.		21 11 54 After.		16 1 48 "	
24 7 18 "		27 8 48 "		25 2 30 "	
July 2 0 30 After.		Aug. 2 0 12 "		Aug. 3 3 6 "	
10 5 48 "		10 1 24 Morn.		12 3 42 "	
18 11 0 "		17 2 30 After.		21 4 18 "	
25 7 24 "		25 3 42 Morn.		30 5 0 "	
Aug. 3 0 36 Morn.		Sept. 3 2 12 After.		Sept. 8 5 36 "	
9 9 0 After.		11 3 18 Morn.		17 6 18 "	
16 5 24 "		18 4 30 After.		26 7 0 "	
24 10 42 "		26 5 42 Morn.		14 6 36 "	
Sept. 31 7 6 "		Oct. 1 9 36 After.		23 9 30 "	
7 3 30 "		9 10 48 Morn.		27 9 54 After.	
15 8 48 "		17 0 6 "		Nov. 5 10 48 "	
22 3 6 "		24 1 18 After.		14 11 48 "	
30 10 24 "		Nov. 1 2 42 Morn.		24 0 48 Morn.	
Oct. 7 6 48 "		7 6 30 After.		29 1 18 After.	
15 11 54 "		14 7 48 Morn.		Dec. 7 2 24 "	
22 8 36 "		21 9 6 After.		16 3 24 "	
29 5 0 "		29 10 24 Morn.		21 4 0 Morn.	
		Dec. 6 11 42 After.			
		12 3 42 "			
		18 7 36 Morn.			
4—DIONE.					
d. h. m.		d. h. m.		d. h. m.	
Apl. 3 6 42 Morn.					
8 6 6 After.					
14 5 30 Morn.					
22 10 42 "					
30 3 48 After.					
May 9 9 0 "					
17 2 0 Morn.					
25 7 6 "					
30 6 24 After.					

SATURN'S SATELLITES AT MADRAS—*concl'd.*
MEAN TIME OF EASTERN ELONGATION, 1904—*concl'd.*

6—TITAN.		TITAN— <i>concl'd.</i>		HYPERION— <i>concl'd.</i>	
d. h. m.		d. h. m.		d. h. m.	
Apl. 2 3 6 After. E		Nov. 18 8 36 After. W		Aug. 1 4 48 Morn. E	
10 5 48 "		26 5 36 "		12 11 18 "	
18 3 12 "		3 7 30 "		22 6 30 "	
26 5 42 "		11 4 48 "		Sept. 2 1 42 After. W	
May 4 2 48 "		19 6 54 "		12 8 12 Morn. E	
12 5 30 "		27 4 30 "		23 4 6 After. W	
20 2 6 "		Dec. 5 6 24 "		Oct. 3 10 48 Morn. E	
28 4 6 "		13 4 12 "		14 7 12 After. W	
June 5 0 54 "		21 5 54 "		24 2 42 "	
13 2 54 "				Nov. 4 12 0 Midnight W	
21 11 12 Morn. E				14 7 30 After. E	
29 0 54 After. W				26 5 30 Morn. W	
July 7 9 12 Morn. E				Dec. 6 1 30 "	
15 10 36 "				17 0 18 After. W	
23 6 42 "					
31 7 54 "					
Aug. 8 4 6 "					
16 5 18 "					
24 1 24 "					
Sept. 1 2 36 "					
8 11 0 After. E					
17 0 12 Morn. W					
24 8 48 After. E					
Oct. 2 10 24 "					
10 6 54 "					
7—HYPERION.		8—JAPETUS.			
d. h. m.		d. h. m.		d. h. m.	
Apl. 7 1 30 Morn. W		May 2 0 42 After. E			
17 2 24 "		June 11 9 36 "			
29 11 6 "		July 20 0 42 "			
May 8 11 6 "		Aug. 29 2 42 Morn. W			
19 7 0 After. W		Oct. 6 4 48 After. E			
June 29 5 48 "		Nov. 16 3 54 Morn. W			
10 1 12 Morn. W					
19 10 36 After. E					
July 1 5 48 Morn. W					
11 2 24 "					
22 9 6 "					

SATELLITES OF NEPTUNE AT MADRAS.

MEAN TIME OF GREATEST ELONGATION, 1904.

EAST.		EAST— <i>concl'd.</i>		WEST— <i>concl'd.</i>	
d. h. m.		d. h. m.		d. h. m.	
Jan. 3 8 18 After.		Nov. 4 8 48 Morn.		Mar. 17 8 6 Morn.	
9 5 24 "		10 5 54 "		23 5 6 "	
15 2 30 "		16 3 0 "		29 2 12 "	
21 11 42 Morn.		22 12 0 Midnight.		Apl. 3 11 12 After.	
Feb. 27 8 48 "		27 9 6 After.		9 8 12 "	
2 5 54 "		Dec. 3 6 18 "		Sept. 21 7 0 Morn.	
8 3 0 "		9 3 24 "		27 4 0 "	
14 0 6 "		15 0 30 "		Oct. 3 1 6 "	
19 8 12 After.		21 9 36 "		8 10 6 After.	
Mar. 25 6 18 "		27 6 48 "		14 7 6 "	
2 3 24 "				20 4 6 "	
8 0 30 "				26 1 12 "	
14 0 30 Morn.				Nov. 1 10 12 Morn.	
20 6 30 "				7 7 18 "	
26 3 36 "				13 4 24 "	
Apl. 1 0 42 "				19 1 30 "	
6 9 42 After.				24 10 36 After.	
Sept. 18 8 30 Morn.				30 7 42 "	
24 5 56 "				Dec. 6 4 48 "	
30 2 36 "				12 1 54 "	
Oct. 5 11 36 After.				18 11 6 "	
11 8 36 "				24 8 12 "	
17 5 36 "				30 5 18 "	
23 2 42 "					
29 11 42 Morn.					
		WEST.			
d. h. m.		d. h. m.		d. h. m.	
Jan. 6 6 48 After.					
12 4 0 "					
18 1 6 "					
24 10 12 Morn.					
Feb. 30 7 24 "					
5 4 30 "					
11 1 36 "					
16 10 42 After.					
22 7 48 "					
Mar. 28 4 54 "					
5 1 54 "					
11 11 0 Morn.					

SATELLITES OF URANUS AT MADRAS.

MEAN TIME OF GREATEST ELONGATION, 1904.

1. ARIEL.		2. UMBRIEL.		3. TITANIA.		4. OBERON.	
North-East.	South-West.	North-East.	South-West.	North-East.	South-West.	North-East and South-West.	
<i>d. h. m.</i>	<i>d. h. m.</i>	<i>d. h. m.</i>	<i>d. h. m.</i>	<i>d. h. m.</i>	<i>d. h. m.</i>	<i>d. h. m.</i>	
Apr. 14 2 48 Morn.	Apr. 17 9 56 After.	Apr. 8 11 12 After.	Apr. 15 4 24 Morn.	Apr. 8 7 18 Morn.	Apr. 3 10 48 After.	Apr. 29 6 0 Morn.	N.E.
21 4 18 After.	25 11 6 Morn.	17 6 6 Morn.	23 11 18 "	17 0 18 "	12 3 48 "	5 11 48 After.	S.W.
May 6 7 18 After.	May 3 0 36 "	May 3 8 6 "	May 1 6 18 After.	May 25 6 18 After.	21 8 48 Morn.	12 5 42 "	N.E.
14 8 54 Morn.	18 3 36 Morn.	12 3 6 Morn.	10 1 18 Morn.	May 4 10 30 Morn.	30 2 54 "	19 11 36 Morn.	S.W.
21 10 24 After.	25 5 12 After.	20 10 6 "	18 8 24 "	13 8 42 "	May 8 7 6 After.	26 5 36 "	N.E.
June 6 1 30 Morn.	June 3 6 42 Morn.	June 5 12 After.	26 3 24 After.	21 8 54 After.	17 0 18 "	June 1 11 36 After.	S.W.
13 3 6 After.	June 9 8 18 After.	June 6 0 18 Morn.	12 5 42 Morn.	June 8 7 36 Morn.	26 5 36 Morn.	8 5 42 "	N.E.
21 4 42 Morn.	24 11 30 After.	14 7 24 "	20 0 48 After.	17 1 0 "	12 4 18 "	15 11 48 Morn.	S.W.
28 6 18 After.	July 2 2 6 "	July 1 9 45 Morn.	28 7 54 "	25 6 24 After.	21 9 42 Morn.	23 5 54 "	N.E.
July 13 9 30 After.	July 10 2 42 Morn.	July 9 4 54 Morn.	7 3 6 Morn.	July 4 11 54 Morn.	30 3 6 "	29 0 6 "	S.W.
21 11 6 Morn.	17 4 18 After.	17 0 6 After.	23 5 24 After.	13 5 18 "	30 3 6 "	12 0 24 "	N.E.
29 0 30 "	Aug. 1 7 24 After.	Aug. 3 2 18 Morn.	9 7 36 "	30 4 6 "	17 2 0 "	19 6 30 Morn.	S.W.
Aug. 5 2 12 After.	Aug. 9 9 0 Morn.	Aug. 11 9 24 "	17 3 36 After.	Aug. 8 9 24 Morn.	4 0 42 "	26 0 36 "	N.E.
13 3 48 Morn.	16 10 36 After.	19 4 24 After.	25 5 42 "	17 2 36 "	12 6 0 After.	Aug. 1 6 36 After.	S.W.
20 5 18 After.	24 0 6 Noon.	27 11 24 "	23 5 42 "	25 7 48 After.	21 11 12 Morn.	15 6 30 Morn.	N.E.
28 6 48 Morn.	Sept. 1 1 36 Morn.	Sept. 5 6 24 Morn.	11 11 30 "	12 5 42 Morn.	30 4 18 "	22 0 24 "	S.W.
12 9 48 Morn.	16 4 30 Morn.	13 1 18 After.	19 6 24 After.	20 8 36 After.	25 6 54 Morn.	28 6 6 After.	N.E.
19 11 18 After.	23 6 0 After.	30 3 0 Morn.	28 1 18 Morn.	29 9 18 "	25 6 54 Morn.	Sept. 4 11 42 Morn.	S.W.
27 0 42 "	Oct. 1 7 24 Morn.	Oct. 8 9 48 "	14 2 48 After.	Oct. 8 7 54 Morn.	3 11 36 After.	17 10 42 After.	N.E.
Oct. 5 2 6 Morn.	16 10 12 Morn.	24 11 12 "	31 4 12 Morn.	25 4 54 After.	21 8 42 Morn.	Oct. 1 9 18 Morn.	S.W.
					30 1 6 "	16 7 18 After.	N.E.

MEAN BAROMETRIC PRESSURE, TEMPERATURE, DIRECTION OF WIND, AND RAINFALL AT MADRAS.

Date.	Barometer reduced to 35° and Sea Level.	Dry Bulb Thermo-meter in Shade.	Prevailing Direction of Wind.	Rainfall from January Ist.	Date.	Barometer reduced to 35° and Sea Level.	Dry Bulb Thermo-meter in Shade.	Prevailing Direction of Wind.	Rainfall from January Ist.
<i>Inches.</i>	<i>Degrees.</i>	<i>Points.</i>	<i>Inches.</i>	<i>Points.</i>	<i>Inches.</i>	<i>Degrees.</i>	<i>Points.</i>	<i>Inches.</i>	<i>Points.</i>
Jan. 1 30.03	75	N. E. by N.	0.0	S. E.	Sept. 3 29.78	83	S. W. by S.	15.3	S. W. by S.
6 30.03	75	N. E.	0.2	S. by E.	8 29.79	83	S. W. by S.	16.7	S. W. by S.
11 30.03	75	N. E.	0.3	S. by E.	15 29.77	87	S. by E.	16.9	S. W. by S.
16 30.03	75	N. E. by E.	0.6	S. by E.	18 29.76	87	S. by E.	17.9	S. W. by S.
21 30.02	75	N. E. by E.	0.7	South.	21 29.74	87	South.	18.6	S. W.
26 30.01	75	E. N. E.	0.8	S. by W.	26 29.72	88	S. by W.	19.3	S. W.
31 30.01	76	E. by N.	0.9	S. by W.	31 29.71	87	S. by W.	20.2	S. by W.
Feb. 5 30.00	76	East.	1.0	S. W.	Oct. 3 29.83	82	S. by W.	21.4	S. by W.
10 30.00	76	East.	1.1	S. W. by S.	8 29.85	82	S. by W.	22.8	S. by W.
15 29.99	77	E. by S.	1.1	S. W. by S.	13 29.86	81	E. by N.	24.3	N. E. by E.
20 29.99	77	E. by S.	1.2	S. W. by S.	18 29.87	80	N. E. by E.	26.6	N. E. by N.
25 29.97	77	E. by S.	1.2	S. W. by S.	23 29.88	80	N. E. by N.	28.6	N. E.
March. 2 29.96	78	E. S. E.	1.2	S. W.	28 29.90	79	N. N. E.	31.8	N. E. by N.
7 29.95	79	S. E. by E.	1.2	S. E. by E.	Nov. 2 29.91	79	N. E. by N.	34.0	N. E. by N.
12 29.95	79	S. E. by E.	1.2	S. E. by E.	7 29.93	78	N. E. by N.	36.1	N. E. by N.
17 29.93	80	S. E.	1.3	S. W.	12 29.95	78	N. E. by N.	38.5	N. E.
22 29.91	81	S. E.	1.3	S. W.	17 29.96	77	N. N. E.	40.5	N. N. E.
27 29.90	82	S. E. by S.	1.4	S. E. by S.	22 29.97	77	N. N. E.	42.5	N. N. E.
April. 1 29.89	82	S. E. by S.	1.6	S. E. by S.	27 29.97	77	N. N. E.	44.5	N. N. E.
6 29.87	83	S. E. by S.	1.7	S. E. by S.	Dec. 2 29.98	76	N. N. E.	45.9	N. N. E.
11 29.86	84	S. E. by S.	1.7	S. E. by S.	7 29.98	76	N. N. E.	46.5	N. E. by N.
16 29.85	84	S. E. by S.	1.8	S. E. by S.	12 29.99	76	N. E. by N.	47.6	N. E. by N.
21 29.84	85	S. E. by S.	1.9	S. E. by S.	17 30.01	75	N. N. E.	48.2	N. N. E.
26 29.82	85	S. E. by S.	2.1	S. E. by S.	22 30.02	75	N. N. E.	48.7	N. N. E.
					27 30.03	75	N. N. E.	49.0	N. E. by N.
					Jan. 1 30.03	75	N. E. by N.		

HOURLY VARIATIONS OF THE BAROMETER AND THERMOMETER FROM DAILY MEAN. ABOVE + BELOW —

	MORNING HOURS.											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Noon.
	Summer months, April to September.											
Barometer. Inches	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Thermometer. Degrees	4	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7
Barometer. Inches	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Thermometer. Degrees	3	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6
AFTERNOON HOURS.												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	Midn.
Summer months, April to September.												
Barometer. Inches	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
Thermometer. Degrees	8	8	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	4
Winter months, October to March.												
Barometer. Inches	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06
Thermometer. Degrees	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	3

EXAMPLES.

1.—Required the Mean Barometric Pressure and Temperature at 7 o'clock in the morning on January 6th? The mean daily values from the table on page 65 are 30.03 inches and 75 degrees. The Winter Hourly Variations for 7 morning are + 0.02 inch and — 5 degrees. Hence the required values are—Pressure 30.05 inches and Temperature 70 degrees.

2.—Required the Mean Barometric Pressure and Temperature at 3 o'clock in the afternoon on June 5th? The mean daily values from the table are 29.71 inches and 87 degrees. The Summer Hourly Variations for 3 afternoon are — 0.06 inch and + 7 degrees. The required values are therefore 29.65 inches and 94 degrees.

The readings of a mercurial Barometer require to be reduced to 32 degrees by the help of tables to be found in every meteorological treatise. Those of an Aneroid, properly adjusted, show reduced Mean Pressure at once without reduction. The Mean Pressure is about 0.01 inch less than the numbers given, for every successive rise of nine feet above the mean Sea Level.

MADRAS OBSERVATORY,
October, 1888.

N. R. POGSON,
Government Astronomer.

GEOGRAPHICAL POSITIONS, ELEVATIONS, &c., OF THE PRINCIPAL STATIONS IN AND NEAR INDIA.

Names of Places.	North Latitude.	Longitude East of Greenwich.			Height above the Sea Level.	East varia- tion of Com- pass from the North.	Dip of the Magnetic Needle.	Mean An- nual Tem- perature.
		Arc.						
		Time.						
		h.	m.	s.	Feet.			
Agra.....	27 9	78	12	7	657	2 46	36 2 N	78
Allahabad.....	25 26	81 52	5 27	28	316	1 41	32 30 N	81
Alleppey.....	9 30	76 20	5 5	20			1 41 S	
Arcot.....	12 54	79 19	5 17	16	399	0 52	7 0 N	82
Bangalore.....	12 54	77 36	5 10	23	2,089	0 40	7 7 N	74
Beyepore.....	11 10	75 5	5 3	23		0 23	4 0	
Bellary.....	15 9	76 54	5 3	23		0 23	2 2	
Benares.....	25 18	83 0	5 32	0	347	1 50	32 1 N	80
Bhopal.....	23 13	77 25	5 9	40		0 55	28 0 N	
Bombay [Colaba Observatory].....	18 54	72 49	4 51	16	38	0 19	19 7 N	80
Cabool.....	34 27	69 8	4 36	32		2 15	46 30 N	
Calcutta.....	22 33	88 21	5 53	22	18	2 25	28 15 N	78
Calicut.....	11 15	75 45	5 3	2	0	0 25	3 45 N	81
Cannanore.....	11 51	75 21	5 1	25	0	0 22	5 15 N	81
Cape Comorin.....	8 3	77 35	5 10	20		0 30	3 30 S	
Cashmere [Srinagur].....	34 5	74 49	4 59	16	5,146	3 10	46 30 N	57
Chitaula.....	21 24	75 50	5 3	44		1 54	25 42 N	
Cochin.....	9 58	76 14	5 4	54	0	0 22	0 0	81
Coimbatore.....	11 1	76 58	5 7	52	1,483	0 30	3 0 N	77
Colombo.....	6 57	79 50	5 19	19	18	0 40	5 0 S	80
Cuddalore.....	11 44	79 46	5 19	3	0	0 55	5 0 N	83
Cuddapah.....	14 29	78 48	5 15	14	364	0 50	10 30 N	83
Darjeeling.....	27 3	83 15	5 53	1	7,168	2 48	37 0 N	54
Dehra Doon.....	30 20	78 6	5 12	24	2,289	2 54	41 25 N	
Delhi.....	28 39	77 13	5 8	52	827	1 40	37 20 N	74
French Rocks.....	12 31	76 40	5 6	40	2,620	0 30	6 0 N	78
Galle.....	6 3	80 11	5 20	43	21	0 41	7 41 S	81
Ganjam.....	19 22	85 7	5 40	28		1 40	20 0 N	
Gohatti.....	26 6	81 44	6 6	55	134	2 0	35 9 N	76
Goody.....	15 7	77 38	5 10	32	1,115	0 40	11 41 N	81
Guntur.....	16 18	80 26	5 21	42	0	1 5	14 15 N	82
Kodalkanal [Observatory].....	10 14	77 15	5 19	52	7,688			59
Kurnool.....	15 50	78 6	5 12	8	900	1 21	13 45 N	83
Lahore.....	31 31	74 15	4 56	58	839	2 2	43 17 N	75
Lucknow.....	26 51	80 55	5 23	42	535	2 37	35 19 N	76
Madrass [Observatory].....	13 4	80 14	5 20	59	22	1 0	7 44 N	83
Madura.....	9 55	78 0	5 12	25	600	0 35	0 0	85
Mangalore.....	12 52	74 49	4 59	17	0	0 20	7 24 N	81
Masulipatam.....	16 9	81 12	5 24	47	0	1 10	14 0 N	84
Meerut.....	28 59	77 44	5 10	56		2 46	39 7 N	
Moorsheadabad.....	24 12	88 10	5 52	40	0	2 20	32 0 N	80
Moulmein.....	16 30	97 46	6 31	2	0	2 20	17 45 N	77
Mooltan.....	30 10	71 35	4 46	18	480	0 54	40 0 N	
Mussoorie.....	30 28	78 7	5 12	12	6,923	2 30	41 28 N	58
Mysore.....	12 18	76 42	5 6	47		0 30	5 5 N	
Nagpore.....	21 10	79 7	5 16	28	935	1 0	24 30 N	82
Nagapatam.....	10 46	79 53	5 19	32		0 55	1 45 N	
Nellore.....	14 28	79 58	5 19	53	81	1 0	11 0 N	82
Ootacamund.....	11 26	76 43	5 6	53	7,490	0 57	4 27 N	56
Orissa.....	20 0	84 0	5 36	0				
Patna in Behar.....	25 37	85 8	5 40	30	170	1 54	33 33 N	78
Penang.....	5 23	100 22	6 41	23	0	0		81
Pondicherry.....	11 50	79 49	5 19	10	0	0 55	5 0 N	85
Poonah.....	18 30	73 52	4 55	28	1,784	0 25	19 2 N	75
Port Blair.....	11 42	92 57	6 11	48	0	2 10		
Rajahmundry.....	17 11	81 47	5 27	6	81	1 25	16 24 N	82
Ramassiram.....	9 18	79 21	5 17	24		0 50	1 0 S	
Rangoon.....	16 45	96 17	6 25	8	40	2 30	17 45 N	79
Salem.....	11 39	78 8	5 12	34	907	0 42	4 45 N	81
Secunderabad.....	17 27	78 32	5 13	52	1,800	1 34	17 17 N	77
Simla.....	31 6	77 9	6 8	38	7,057	2 55	42 30 N	58
Singapore.....	1 18	103 53	6 55	32	0			81
Surat.....	21 10	72 52	4 51	28	0	0 25	24 30 N	
Tanjore.....	10 47	79 10	5 16	42		0 50	2 0 N	
Tinnevely.....	8 44	77 40	5 10	42	120	1 53	2 0 N	85
Trichinopoly.....	10 50	78 41	5 14	44	443	0 45	2 0 N	85
Trivandrum [Observatory].....	8 31	77 0	5 7	44	0	0 42	2 30 N	79
Vizagapatam.....	17 41	83 21	5 33	24	0	1 30	17 0 N	83
Vunpurthy.....	16 22	77 4	5 12	12	1,516			
Wellington.....	11 23	86 46	5 7	4	5,860	0 57	4 0 N	67

MADRAS OBSERVATORY RAIN REGISTER.

Showing the Monthly Fall and number of Rainy Days during the 91 years, 1813 to 1903, and 91 Year Means.

(COMMUNICATED AND REVISED BY THE GOVERNMENT ASTRONOMER.)

Year	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual.
Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.
1813	0.08	...	0.43	...	0.28	2.70	1.28	0.83	2.33	5.10	7.18	3.08	45.11
1814	1.65	...	...	...	...	...	1.60	4.83	8.45	6.25	6.65	3.70	32.41
1815	0.10	0.78	...	...	0.20	...	6.47	0.80	2.85	6.25	12.18	4.80	56.00
1816	0.35	...	...	...	0.20	0.16	5.08	3.20	9.05	19.42	2.32	1.45	41.16
1817	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.60	4.48	7.67	11.19	2.33	6.25	53.56
1818	...	...	...	0.60	...	0.75	11.75	6.45	5.40	17.90	2.63	7.77	76.23
1819	...	...	...	2.55	...	0.13	3.28	1.10	14.89	8.00	5.16	0.71	36.33
1820	...	...	6.75	0.50	1.17	0.85	4.12	3.32	1.70	12.28	7.41	19.17	70.01
1821	3.60	...	0.32	1.70	...	1.10	1.20	3.18	7.30	13.03	11.35	4.35	47.13
1822	2.30	...	...	0.62	...	1.77	0.55	6.70	2.43	20.57	2.14	3.27	59.61
1823	1.45	...	0.93	...	0.27	2.05	2.87	3.15	4.40	10.40	0.40	0.20	26.62
1824	1.27	...	...	...	0.05	0.45	0.25	2.65	10.48	17.35	10.77	3.95	33.72
1825	0.17	...	...	...	4.25	1.50	7.07	3.07	3.50	14.45	11.77	7.35	56.05
1826	...	...	...	...	1.05	7.77	2.10	9.58	12.23	0.83	7.26	11.05	60.73
1827	8.60	0.07	...	...	23.30	3.02	4.90	2.52	4.44	13.71	10.22	5.98	88.68
1828	1.62	...	4.36	0.72	0.40	0.13	3.37	7.30	5.72	9.20	15.26	2.46	37.89
1829	0.27	3.16	0.89	0.05	1.42	2.75	1.77	2.94	2.99	6.15	10.99	5.49	36.87
1830	...	...	0.20	0.31	0.29	2.89	7.20	17.47	4.27	6.22	17.82	7.43	92.43
1831	0.04	...	0.17	...	0.94	3.90	3.13	9.50	7.20	9.85	7.93	2.19	44.35
1832	...	0.10	...	...	0.63	0.51	1.55	2.26	7.71	6.23	0.41	...	18.45
1833	0.18	...	...	...	0.83	1.46	1.17	7.11	3.93	9.69	9.97	3.27	37.11
1834	0.06	...	...	...	0.20	2.43	7.08	4.10	4.87	7.04	7.96	1.61	39.00
1835	0.06	...	...	...	1.75	0.86	5.31	3.01	8.26	11.03	10.96	1.67	41.47
1836	...	0.32	0.15	...	...	0.50	4.63	9.00	0.94	8.51	18.64	2.02	44.76
1837	...	...	...	2.23	2.56	0.18	2.65	1.09	3.80	15.79	17.17	3.19	49.26

MADRAS OBSERVATORY RAIN REGISTER, MONTHLY FALL AND NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS.

Year	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual.
Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.
1838	3.34	1.33	0.59	1.77	0.54	0.88	2.37	4.63	8.78	6.27	21.89	4.22	52.33
1839	...	...	...	1.62	0.69	2.58	4.61	6.83	14.14	10.99	21.27	...	59.07
1840	...	...	...	0.03	1.44	...	4.43	7.82	6.83	10.16	27.25	0.12	58.65
1841	1.99	...	...	0.44	...	...	1.44	8.66	21.50	24.73	6.28	1.23	58.19
1842	1.74	...	0.28	...	0.34	1.41	3.29	3.12	5.60	7.91	12.60	0.19	36.48
1843	6.50	0.02	1.74	1.04	2.14	1.90	1.37	2.23	11.42	6.81	5.27	7.59	50.98
1844	0.76	0.62	...	...	2.66	2.73	8.37	2.72	12.51	11.88	3.39	22.81	63.36
1845	1.64	...	0.02	1.04	1.51	2.93	2.90	1.95	4.05	3.90	4.91	15.10	37.65
1846	2.91	0.23	...	0.45	1.34	3.70	9.12	4.68	0.92	4.30	12.19	6.90	79.81
1847	...	0.22	...	...	0.73	2.79	3.09	9.71	5.87	10.63	18.66	22.15	80.99
1848	...	...	...	0.38	4.10	1.86	3.87	5.13	3.09	12.13	17.29	3.11	54.76
1849	2.50	...	...	1.12	5.04	3.90	3.58	4.89	1.65	16.91	6.14	6.80	39.81
1850	0.04	1.47	...	0.98	2.94	2.92	1.53	3.06	13.04	4.32	8.12	5.66	36.88
1851	...	...	...	...	18.60	7.12	6.50	4.34	10.16	5.63	24.85	1.45	64.32
1852	...	...	2.62	...	2.22	5.18	8.00	2.26	0.78	15.20	19.40	8.92	72.69
1853	2.25	...	3.37	0.77	...	0.62	4.14	1.38	9.23	9.07	11.99	...	35.82
1854	0.42	0.30	1.09	1.07	...	1.15	4.30	7.05	0.63	10.22	9.28	4.02	43.20
1855	0.94	0.03	0.26	0.07	...	1.12	2.93	1.65	9.75	17.17	1.47	9.08	52.32
1856	...	0.68	...	0.01	5.51	0.82	3.82	5.68	16.16	3.88	16.97	9.71	46.99
1857	0.82	...	0.10	0.12	0.07	2.93	2.39	17.09	1.55	37.73	5.82	1.00	52.95
1858	...	0.02	...	0.83	3.03	1.63	3.08	2.11	8.61	15.22	22.12	...	48.50
1859	0.62	...	...	4.92	0.85	2.51	8.04	2.46	13.56	14.72	13.19	...	55.14
1860	...	...	...	...	...	1.75	2.47	17.47	9.25	15.54	2.08	0.23	27.64
1861	...	...	1.04	...	1.28	0.66	3.18	7.86	13.17	1.54	12.32	1.04	37.19
1862	0.49	...	0.01	...	0.60	3.07	4.53	4.56	3.60	8.20	5.52	7.00	39.18

MADRAS OBSERVATORY RAIN REGISTER, MONTHLY FALL AND NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS.

Year.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.
1863	1.95	2	0.67	2.05	0.12	1.07	7.07	3.14	18	17	2.03	10	51.61
1864	0.20	1	0.03	0.23	0.03	1.55	2.30	7.32	13	15	18.48	15	47.23
1865	0.20	1	0.03	0.02	0.03	1.40	2.02	7.19	19	12	17.76	14	41.64
1866	0.20	1	0.03	0.02	0.03	1.47	2.02	7.19	19	12	17.76	14	41.64
1867	0.17	4	0.03	0.11	0.07	1.86	1.89	6.70	11	14	11.93	10	51.39
1868	4.77	3	0.03	0.12	0.03	7.19	7.50	4.50	15	10	4.08	8	21.37
1869	0.02	1	0.01	0.12	0.03	1.94	5.19	4.40	12	16	8.85	23	41.43
1870	0.55	6	0.03	0.12	0.03	8.63	5.70	6.94	13	12	7.26	15	32.31
1871	0.44	3	0.02	0.01	0.31	2.81	8.89	1.43	10	11	2.41	18	74.10
1872	0.44	3	0.02	0.01	0.31	2.81	8.89	1.43	10	11	2.41	18	56.35
1873	0.01	1	0.03	0.03	0.13	0.97	2.71	7.58	21	13	28.98	21	73.67
1874	0.01	1	0.03	0.03	0.13	0.97	2.71	7.58	21	13	28.98	21	73.67
1875	0.01	1	0.03	0.03	0.13	0.97	2.71	7.58	21	13	28.98	21	73.67
1876	0.01	1	0.03	0.03	0.13	0.97	2.71	7.58	21	13	28.98	21	73.67
1877	0.01	1	0.03	0.03	0.13	0.97	2.71	7.58	21	13	28.98	21	73.67
1878	0.11	8	0.03	0.03	0.13	1.96	2.23	3.39	13	20	13.51	17	51.83
1879	1.30	5	1.50	0.84	0.43	3.79	6.18	2.08	15	19	10.30	15	62.90
1880	2.65	5	1.50	0.84	0.43	3.79	6.18	2.08	15	19	10.30	15	62.90
1881	0.52	3	0.03	0.04	0.05	1.11	4.49	4.90	16	17	22.97	24	37.12
1882	0.27	2	0.03	0.04	0.05	1.11	4.49	4.90	16	17	22.97	24	37.12
1883	0.24	3	0.07	0.04	0.05	1.11	4.49	4.90	16	17	22.97	24	37.12
1884	0.14	3	0.07	0.04	0.05	1.11	4.49	4.90	16	17	22.97	24	37.12
1885	0.01	1	0.07	0.04	0.05	1.11	4.49	4.90	16	17	22.97	24	37.12
1886	0.62	1	0.07	0.04	0.05	1.11	4.49	4.90	16	17	22.97	24	37.12
1887	0.41	1	0.07	0.04	0.05	1.11	4.49	4.90	16	17	22.97	24	37.12

MADRAS OBSERVATORY RAIN REGISTER, MONTHLY FALL AND NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS.

Year.	Jan.	Feb.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.	Days.
1888	0.73	4	0.02	0.18	0.17	1.93	4.03	8.09	16	12	9.33	21	62.48
1889	0.05	2	0.02	0.03	0.01	1.09	5.57	4.36	18	10	5.08	8	43.99
1890	0.35	2	0.02	0.17	0.01	1.09	5.57	4.36	18	10	5.08	8	43.99
1891	0.13	2	0.02	0.17	0.01	1.09	5.57	4.36	18	10	5.08	8	43.99
1892	0.13	2	0.02	0.17	0.01	1.09	5.57	4.36	18	10	5.08	8	43.99
1893	0.33	4	0.02	0.18	0.02	1.18	4.96	2.31	14	11	5.21	10	30.46
1894	0.33	1	1.14	0.86	0.94	1.54	1.89	13.24	21	13	10.60	19	42.04
1895	0.13	2	0.02	0.17	0.01	1.09	5.57	4.36	18	10	5.08	8	43.99
1896	0.13	2	0.02	0.17	0.01	1.09	5.57	4.36	18	10	5.08	8	43.99
1897	0.46	3	0.53	0.07	0.18	3.21	7.82	10.79	22	12	1.12	3	47.78
1898	0.49	1	0.06	0.07	0.18	3.21	7.82	10.79	22	12	1.12	3	68.68
1899	0.06	2	0.03	0.07	0.05	2.09	3.41	7.14	15	8	20.13	16	38.47
1900	0.33	1	0.03	0.07	0.05	2.09	3.41	7.14	15	8	20.13	16	68.14
1901	0.73	7	0.03	0.07	0.05	2.09	3.41	7.14	15	8	20.13	16	47.78
1902	1.28	3	0.05	0.02	0.17	0.39	4.24	3.26	14	12	10.51	17	47.78

AVERAGE RESULTS OF THE PRECEDING NINETY YEARS.

Means	0.84	2.1	0.29	0.7	0.36	0.8	0.63	1.2	1.91	2.1	2.92	7.9	3.86	12.8	4.67	13.0	4.81	11.1	11.03	12.6	13.29	13.1	5.37	7.2	49.11	84.6
* 1903	4.53	3	2.17	3	...	...	...	...	5.32	4	1.16	7	3.82	19	7.88	14	8.21	15	8.81	15	17.76	13	6.33	9	...	...

* Incomplete, rainfall given to December 20th.

MADRAS OBSERVATORY MEAN DAILY RAINFALL.

80 Years' Averages—1813-1892.

Day.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Day.
1	0.02	0.93	1.18	1.60	2.25	4.35	6.50	10.42	15.00	19.80	31.03	44.11	1
2	0.07	0.97	1.19	1.61	2.32	4.42	6.60	10.50	15.17	20.03	31.75	44.50	2
3	0.10	1.00	1.20	1.64	2.41	4.50	7.00	10.58	15.32	22.22	32.28	44.90	3
4	0.11	1.02	1.20	1.66	2.50	4.58	7.10	10.89	15.48	24.44	32.70	45.21	4
5	0.13	1.03	1.21	1.68	2.62	4.64	7.20	11.03	15.61	26.68	33.13	45.50	5
6	0.16	1.04	1.22	1.69	2.73	4.69	7.30	11.10	15.69	28.89	33.56	45.72	6
7	0.17	1.06	1.22	1.70	2.85	4.74	7.40	11.20	15.91	31.10	34.00	45.88	7
8	0.19	1.07	1.23	1.70	2.99	4.79	7.50	11.30	16.08	33.36	34.33	46.02	8
9	0.22	1.07	1.23	1.71	3.09	4.83	7.60	11.40	16.20	35.60	34.79	46.13	9
10	0.27	1.09	1.23	1.72	3.17	4.91	7.70	11.50	16.35	37.84	35.20	46.23	10
11	0.30	1.10	1.24	1.73	3.20	5.00	7.80	11.60	16.50	40.08	35.65	46.33	11
12	0.37	1.10	1.24	1.74	3.21	5.00	7.90	11.70	16.63	42.32	36.10	46.43	12
13	0.42	1.11	1.24	1.75	3.22	5.00	8.00	11.80	16.75	44.56	36.55	46.53	13
14	0.49	1.12	1.24	1.77	3.24	5.00	8.10	11.90	16.90	46.80	37.00	46.63	14
15	0.54	1.12	1.25	1.79	3.28	5.00	8.20	12.00	17.10	49.04	37.45	46.73	15
16	0.57	1.13	1.25	1.80	3.36	5.00	8.30	12.10	17.25	51.28	37.90	46.83	16
17	0.60	1.14	1.27	1.80	3.46	5.00	8.40	12.20	17.40	53.52	38.35	46.93	17
18	0.62	1.15	1.28	1.81	3.58	5.00	8.50	12.30	17.55	55.76	38.80	47.03	18
19	0.64	1.16	1.29	1.82	3.70	5.00	8.60	12.40	17.70	58.00	39.25	47.13	19
20	0.65	1.16	1.30	1.83	3.76	5.00	8.70	12.50	17.85	60.24	39.70	47.23	20
21	0.69	1.16	1.31	1.87	3.83	5.00	8.80	12.60	18.00	62.48	40.15	47.33	21
22	0.74	1.17	1.32	1.95	3.97	5.00	8.90	12.70	18.15	64.72	40.60	47.43	22
23	0.78	1.17	1.33	2.00	4.02	5.00	9.00	12.80	18.30	66.96	41.05	47.53	23
24	0.81	1.17	1.36	2.04	4.08	5.00	9.10	12.90	18.45	69.20	41.50	47.63	24
25	0.82	1.17	1.38	2.08	4.14	5.00	9.20	13.00	18.60	71.44	41.95	47.73	25
26	0.82	1.17	1.40	2.10	4.18	5.00	9.30	13.10	18.75	73.68	42.40	47.83	26
27	0.83	1.17	1.43	2.11	4.18	5.00	9.40	13.20	18.90	75.92	42.85	47.93	27
28	0.86	1.17	1.47	2.14	4.21	5.00	9.50	13.30	19.05	78.16	43.30	48.03	28
29	0.88	1.17	1.50	2.18	4.23	5.00	9.60	13.40	19.20	80.40	43.75	48.13	29
30	0.89	1.17	1.56	2.18	4.30	5.00	9.70	13.50	19.35	82.64	44.20	48.23	30
31	0.89	1.17	1.56	2.18	4.30	5.00	9.80	13.60	19.50	84.88	44.65	48.33	31

Note.—The rainfall given for any date is the fall up to midnight on that date.

11th October, 1893.

C. MICHIE SMITH, Government Astronomer.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.—CLIMATE FOR THE YEAR 1902.

Places at which observations were taken.	RAINFALL.			TEMPERATURE IN SHADE.						CLOUD PROPORTION.		
	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	May.			July.			December.		
	Mean Max.	Mean Min.	Total.	Mean Max.	Mean Min.	Lowest.	Mean Max.	Mean Min.	Lowest.	Mean Max.	Mean Min.	Lowest.
Amini Divi	3.32	54.66	17.51	75.49	75.7	75.7	75.7	75.7	75.7	75.7	75.7	75.7
Bellary	4.80	9.44	7.97	22.21	70.2	70.2	70.2	70.2	70.2	70.2	70.2	70.2
Cochin	10.75	85.68	21.66	118.09	73.2	73.2	73.2	73.2	73.2	73.2	73.2	73.2
Coimbatore	9.47	6.73	20.08	36.28	69.3	69.3	69.3	69.3	69.3	69.3	69.3	69.3
Cuddapah	0.69	18.39	8.10	27.18	69.6	69.6	69.6	69.6	69.6	69.6	69.6	69.6
Kurnool	1.21	13.65	4.69	19.55	74.5	74.5	74.5	74.5	74.5	74.5	74.5	74.5
Madras	1.52	12.54	40.38	54.44	77.7	77.7	77.7	77.7	77.7	77.7	77.7	77.7
Madura	8.79	16.69	20.94	46.42	73.9	73.9	73.9	73.9	73.9	73.9	73.9	73.9
Mangalore	4.47	13.63	9.51	150.61	73.9	73.9	73.9	73.9	73.9	73.9	73.9	73.9
Masulipatam	0.34	21.45	27.96	49.75	77.1	77.1	77.1	77.1	77.1	77.1	77.1	77.1
Mercara	9.22	92.85	18.58	120.65	81.4	81.4	81.4	81.4	81.4	81.4	81.4	81.4
Negapatam	9.05	8.09	49.26	65.40	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1	99.1
Ootacamund	17.23	23.69	25.13	68.05	70.3	70.3	70.3	70.3	70.3	70.3	70.3	70.3
Salem	11.95	22.32	14.38	48.65	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.4	99.4
Secunderabad	1.22	19.29	5.45	25.96	107.1	107.1	107.1	107.1	107.1	107.1	107.1	107.1
Tinnevely	13.75	1.96	27.78	43.49	102.1	102.1	102.1	102.1	102.1	102.1	102.1	102.1
Trichinopoly	7.06	10.49	22.25	39.80	103.3	103.3	103.3	103.3	103.3	103.3	103.3	103.3
Vellore	3.95	24.42	16.16	44.53	104.0	104.0	104.0	104.0	104.0	104.0	104.0	104.0
Wellington	18.38	18.15	41.87	78.40	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1	78.1

GARDENING CALENDAR.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

January.—As the weather during the month will generally be clear and dry, attention to watering is required; if possible, water in the morning, otherwise late in the evening; never water vegetables during the heat of the day. The sowing of European vegetables may now be discontinued, as in the majority of cases seed sown during this month will prove to be labor needlessly expended; they will not come to maturity, or scarcely to a state fit for consumption. Last month may be considered as drawing to a close all successful operations in regard to European vegetable sowing, with the exception of a few salads, which may be sown in beds, shaded and hand-watered with attention; they will produce small crops. During the first and second week is a good time to sow cucumbers, vegetable marrow, gourds and such like. Nepal spinach should be sown and planted for a supply during the hot months. Attend to keeping the soil hoed amongst growing crops, eradicating weeds to prevent their seedling, which they now do freely; continue to earth up celery, choosing a dry day for directions as to earthing. Plant cuttings of the cabbage tribe in beds; if rooted, they will give a good supply of sprouts during the hot months. Sow country vegetables if required, remove all decaying vegetables to the compost heap. Look to the graft mangoes, continue every two or three days to deepen the incision till the branch is cut through. If any are entirely removed, they may be planted without delay, taking care to support them against damage from high winds.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The flowers during this month should be in great perfection. The main operations consist in keeping everything clean and in perfect order, using the knife amongst the shrubs, &c., where required. Attend to the young shoots of creepers so that they may be properly trained, cut back all plants that may be growing over the hedges of the beds or walks; this should be done neatly, so that the use of the knife may not be discovered; nothing looks worse than plants abruptly cut round the edge of flower beds. Such cuttings of shrubs and roses as are rooted should be planted out in beds, well watered and shaded for a few days. Attend to plants in pots; roses in flower-bud will be improved by frequent watering with liquid manure; it will increase the size of the flowers. Shade tender plants from the mid-day sun, keep a supply of water exposed to the sun during the day for watering potted plants in the evening. Attend to clipping hedges, keeping the walks and grass in proper trim.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is generally clear, rain seldom falls, dews are plentiful, vegetables are abundant towards the end of the month. Fruits, such as oranges, pomegranates, guavas, plantains, &c., are to be had.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

February.—As the Horticultural exhibition is generally held during the early part of the month, attend to the schedule of prizes if you intend to compete, preserve such articles as may be required by making them with stakes; in forwarding articles for competition pay marked attention to what is required, avoid sending vegetables of any kind in flower pots. In the garden little is required beyond the directions of last month; a few salads may be sown, country radishes, cucumbers and gourds may still be sown. Keep the garden clear from decayed leaves; vegetables during this month, especially the cabbage tribe, give out a most disagreeable odour if left decaying. See that arrangements are made to keep up a supply of such country vegetables as may be required. Watering will invariably be requisite throughout the month; plant out (if on hand) cuttings of the cabbage tribe. Attend to collecting manure for the next season.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The directions of last month are suitable to this; little more can be done than attending to watering and cleanliness; let plants in pots intended for exhibition be protected from the mid-day sun if possible. During the course of the month remove and put in pots a good supply of verbenas and such like to preserve them during the hot season. Attend to plants in pots, frequently stirring up the soil on the surface. If worms are troublesome, a little clear lime water used occasionally will remove them.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is clear and calm, dew every morning, rain seldom occurs if ever; vegetables and flowers in most seasons are plentiful; fruits, such as zapodillas, mangoes, oranges, custard apples, &c., are to be had.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

March.—As the cultivation of European vegetables will no longer give any degree of satisfaction equivalent to the expense incurred, it is not necessary to presume that by giving directions success will be the reward of carrying them out. The heat is too great

to develop seeds of northern climes; indeed, it is mere chance to succeed in germinating and growing tropical seeds. Attention to the culture of such varieties of country vegetables as may be required is all that is requisite in cultivation, though the latter may be purchased in the market much cheaper than they can be grown in private gardens. All vacant spaces in the garden should now be dug and thrown up in ridges (this is applicable to heavy soils) so as to expose the soil to the influence of the sun during the hot weather. Where the soil is light, let it be dug over level; collect manure without delay; if composed of heating materials, it will require to be watered and turned over frequently; be sure this matter is not overlooked; attend to watering lately-planted mango trees, untie the ligatures round the grafted parts; support the stems securely against high winds; store yams in sand or dry soil.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Little can be done during this month; pay attention to cleanliness, watering shrubs, roses, &c.; such beds as are empty should be neatly dug over; look to the roots of dahlias, let them be stored in pots of sand, or the pots they were grown in; if the soil is dried, they must be kept dry; gloxinias, achimenes and bulbs require the same treatment; plants growing in pots should be placed, if possible, to receive the morning sun and shaded during mid-day.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is clear, hot, and very unpleasant from the prevailing southerly winds; slight dew frequently. No rain falls during the whole course of the month; European vegetables are very scarce, dear, and bad in general; country vegetables plentiful, such as brinjals, radishes, greens, &c. Fruits none, with the exception of indifferent plantains.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

April.—This month might be passed over in silence, as little or nothing can be done unless digging up any portions of the garden not attended to last month; this should not be neglected any longer. Cucumbers, gourds and melons may be sown during the month; they require protection from the sun until established. Attend to the fruiting pines; if the crowns appear to grow too large, let the hearts be taken out neatly; remove all suckers from the bottom of the fruit; after the fruit has swelled a good size, water should be sparingly applied, as it tends to injure the flavour.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The directions of last month are suitable to this; little more can be done than keeping the garden clean and free of weeds; towards the end of the month look well to the support of young trees, creepers, &c., as gales may be expected early in May. Prepare soil for plants in pots without delay; look over dahlia roots, &c., in case they are being injured by vermin. Roses in pots should not be excited at present, or they will be weakened.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is similar to that of last; wind changeable from S. to E. and W., dew is seldom seen. A few slight showers of rain sometimes occur; European vegetables are very scarce, native vegetables are plentiful. Fruits, such as grapes, pine-apples, and some of the orange tribe, are to be had. Plantains are plentiful.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

May.—During the month the land wind commences; much difficulty will be experienced in cultivating any but the common varieties of country vegetables; dig over any vacant spaces of ground, no matter how roughly; prepare manure; repair and build water-channels when required; make and repair roads and walks.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Now is a good time to put walks in good order and make others where required. If composts for seeds and plants in pots are not preparing, delay no longer, as they will be required in July. Wash all empty flower-pots and order supplies for new ones; use every endeavour to put down the unsightly pots in general use—it can be done.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is unpleasantly hot from the prevailing land winds; in most seasons a few slight showers of rain fall; seldom other than country vegetables are to be had, with the exception of cabbage sprouts, which are hard and tough; mangoes and pine-apples are plentiful and cheap; flowers are scarce.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

June.—Although rain frequently occurs during the month, it is scarcely desirable to recommend the sowing of European vegetables. It is more requisite to push forward any new work that may be required; dig over and trench all vacant and new ground that may be taken in for cultivation. Be careful that a good supply of manure is on hand.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Preparing pits for planting trees and ornamental shrubs may be proceeded with, likewise the filling up of all hollows on the lawns where water accumulates during monsoons. Making new flower gardens where required, they should be proceeded with at once; it will save time when the gardeners are required for more active operations in July and August. Repair walks and make new ones; see that they are broad and level enough for two persons to walk abreast upon them; there is no necessity to raise them up like ridges in the centre; if they are slightly convex to throw off the water, it is sufficient.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is similar to that of last; showers are more frequent; European vegetables are rarely to be had; fruit is plentiful.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

July.—Everything should be prepared during the present month for sowing seeds in August; if the weather is at all favorable, sow a small quantity of celery and parsley for early plants. Peas may be sown towards the latter part of the month, though with but slight chance of success in the generality of seasons; during the last week the levelling of the soil thrown up in ridges may be proceeded with. The manure heap should be in a fit condition for use.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Little can be done during the month further than preparation for the ensuing seed time; let composts be in a perfect state for use before the end of the month. Make up grass edgings with turf. Do not prune roses unless they show signs of growth; this can be easily discovered by the swelling and bursting of the buds; if they show signs, prune and manure, though waiting till the following month would be more judicious. Take care not to be carried into too active operations by a good shower of rain. Look to the roots of dahlias, gloxinias and achimenes that may have commenced to grow; retard them as much as possible, but bring them to the light; as dahlias are very impatient, their roots should be divided towards the end of the month into as many divisions as possible with a sharp knife, having shoot upon each division.

Remarks.—The rains of the S.-W. monsoon commence during this month in slight showers; the sky is very cloudy; rains frequently in most seasons. Fruit and vegetables are scarce.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

August.—As imported seed should now be on hand, let a first sowing be put in pots or boxes without delay. If the weather is favorable, successive sowings may be put in during the whole course of the month. Care must be taken that the soil is in a proper moist condition. Guard against the ravages of red ants; be sparing of water to imported seeds until they germinate. A first sowing of peas and French beans may be put in; likewise carrots, beet, parsley and radishes; choose a dry day, sow celery in boxes or pots in rich soil mixed with well-decayed manure and a small quantity of powdered lime. The reason celery is so apt to run to seed arises from inattention to keep up a constant luxuriance by the aid of good manure; celery should never receive a check; of country vegetables, sow brinjals, gourds, cucumbers, roselles, greens, spinach, beans, chillies, snake gourds, &c.; plant yams and Jerusalem artichokes. Attend to top-dressing asparagus beds, make a fresh bed of water-cresses in a shady spot near a well or tank where they can be easily supplied with water twice a day. Put in suckers of pine-apples, prepare stock of mangoes for grafting. Let the garden soil be levelled, well-manured and dug over; make sure the manure is well-looked after and mixed with lime and ashes before using.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Sow seeds of everything that can be had most suitable for the climate; be careful how small seeds are sown and watered; look to the roots of dahlias, gloxinias, &c.; they should be set a-growing in good soil. If no plan has been definitely fixed upon to secure a good supply of flowers, now is the time to look to it; there is no time to spare: propagate verbenas by layers; sow hollyhocks, phloxes, petunias, balsams, &c.; increase your stock of chrysanthemums by division or fresh supplies; let the flower garden be well dug and manured; dig and manure round the roots of shrubs, on lawns, &c. Let a shaded piece of ground be prepared in which to put cuttings of roses, shrubs, &c.; prepare pits for planting trees and shrubs, make them large and deep. Pits in the soil of Madras or anywhere should not be less than 2½ feet in diameter and depth. Too much care cannot be taken of seedlings, lest they get drawn during the dull days that prevail; expose them to the light and air as much as possible. Top-dress all plants in pots not intended to be re-potted with fresh soil and manure; re-pot and top-dress roses in pots. Prune and manure garden roses and put in cuttings.

Remarks.—It were unnecessary to write these instructions if those for whom they are written do not carry them out during the course of this month. As success can only be

looked for by close attention, next month will be of less avail to have plants sufficiently strong to produce an early crop or to stand the heavy rains, and whatever complaints may have to be made anent the failure of vegetables and the display of flowers in January and February, it can be ascribed to no other cause than neglecting to conduct operations at the right season and in a proper manner. The native gardeners are not so much to blame, as they in general go by the instructions they receive.

Rain is frequent during this month; country vegetables are plentiful; fruit and European vegetables are very scarce.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

September.—This is the proper time to sow a succession of peas. French beans and spinach may be put in every week during the month; continue to sow vegetables of all kinds; onions and leeks in light rich soil in beds, protected from the rain by mats, tied over movable bamboo frame-work. Attend to the seedlings sown last month; some of which will be ready for transplanting. Knol-khol and cabbage, if any were sown early in July, will be ready for final transplanting in the garden in beds of rows; let them be lifted carefully; disturb the roots as little as possible. Encourage the growth of celery by slight waterings of liquid manure; look after insects; a slight sprinkling of lime over and under the leaves will arrest their ravages; if not used, let them be picked off with hand every morning. Lime will in no wise injure the tenderest vegetations if slaked and cool. Native vegetables sown at the beginning of last month will be fit for planting out. Commence to graft mangoes; make preparations, such as digging trenches, &c., to prevent the garden being flooded during the monsoon near at hand. Manure pine-apples, remove the suckers and put them into root.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Petunias, hollyhocks, phloxes, &c., sown last month, should during this be fit for planting out, choosing a dull damp day. Continue to sow balsams, hollyhocks and all showy annuals, not neglecting mignonette. Balsam seeds from Hyderabad is generally good; and from the cultivators there removing the lateral branches, they have acquired a peculiar upright habit, show about one foot of blossom in a column when well-grown. Attend to cleanliness and keeping the soil in flower bed opened by hoeing. (*The idea of seeing a gardener sitting in a flower-bed digging it up with a piece of bamboo is absurd.*) Prune roses if hitherto neglected, layer bud and put in cuttings of roses and such shrubs, trees and creepers as may be required. Sow seeds of trees and shrubs; put in pipings of carnations, picotees in boxes filled with fine sand mixed with red earth. Let all creepers be neatly tied to the posts or trellises upon which they are trained; prune where required; prune and keep in proper form shrubs, &c.; attend to cutting hedges and filling up gaps; casuarina hedges neatly trimmed would be much neater round flower gardens than unsightly bamboo trellises; it is astonishing they are not more generally planted, as they combine neatness with economy, are easily raised if the seed is not too deeply covered with soil.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

October.—Transplant all vegetable plants large enough into beds or drills where they are to grow. Trenches should be ready to receive celery plants; shade if the weather is clear; look after tomatoes, onions, leeks, carrots and beet-root; let them be thinned out to proper distances from each other; the thinnings may be planted if required. Continue to sow a few varieties of vegetable seeds. Peas may be sown every week; let the drills in which they are sown be raised above the surface level; continue to sow a succession of French beans. Keep out a supply of salads, such as lettuce, endive, mustard, water-cress, &c. Finish early in the month preparations for planting out vegetables; do not trust till wanted, as the soil may not be workable for rain. Let everything about the garden be neat and clean; eradicate weeds on their first appearance. If the weather during the month should prove dry, peas and the cabbage tribe will suffer much. A supply of water will be requisite to prevent the crops sustaining a check which would prove very detrimental. When water is applied let it be in the morning, very early if possible; when it is cool, frequent hoeing up the soil amongst the crops will require to be looked to. If activity is not displayed during the early part of this month in forwarding operations there is but little chance of success for the season. Take particular care the crops are not planted on the same piece of ground they were last year; alternate them yearly if possible. Graft mangoes and plant pine-apples.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The operations of last month are applicable to this. Look after dahlias in pots, stake them and water occasionally with liquid manure. Plant out verbenas, heliotropes and all other budding plants. Keep up a supply of balsams, cockscombs, mignonette, &c. Plant trees and shrubs, attending to training and pruning creepers. This is a good time to get roses, fuschias, violets, &c., from the hills of Bangalore. Take advantage of dry days to cut grass; straighten and trim the edges of walks and beds. Give everything a neat and clean appearance. Protect all newly-planted trees from wind. The best plan is to use three tarred ropes for each plant; fix them to the stems, round which should be tied a piece of canvas to prevent the friction of the ropes from injuring the bark; tie the ropes tight to three pegs firmly driven into the ground at proper distance from the plants. This is costlier than stakes, but more permanent, and will protect the plants till properly rooted.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is generally wet and stormy, more especially during the latter part of it. Vegetables and fruits still continue scarce.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

November.—Few European vegetables will come to perfection if not fit to plant out during this month. Attend to transplanting seedlings; peas and French beans may be sown every week or ten days; the main crop must be looked for from seed sown this month, as peas sown in December seldom succeed. Sow a small quantity of cabbage, knol-khol, cauliflowers, tomatoes, &c.; likewise a few salads. Cauliflowers sown during the first week of the month, if they are well attended to, flowers may be had during February. Attend to transplanting onions and leeks. Thin out turnips and carrots to proper distances from each other. Plant celery in trenches; look after all details, such as cleanliness, digging trenches to carry off the heavy rains; put in cuttings of cabbage sprouts for use during the hot season. Graft mangoes; put in cuttings of figs and vines. Plant onion bulbs for salad.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Continue to transplant seedlings into pots or boxes. Plant out annuals, verbenas, hollyhocks, phloxes and ipomeas, if strong enough. Sow any flower seeds remaining on hand. Sow seeds of trees and shrubs. Prepare early in the month stations for ornamental creepers, and plant without delay. Attend to training creepers, and pruning where required. Prune and manure garden roses and put in cuttings. In pruning, cut the old branches down to three or four eyes from the bottom. Top-dress all plants in pots not requiring re-potting; protect tender plants from heavy rains; activity is required during this month to obtain good supply of flowers during the three following months. The finer varieties of roses in pots should be re-potted if necessary; they require a heavy soil mixed with well-decayed cow-dung. Support all plants requiring it from the high winds.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is in general boisterous, with heavy rains; the N.-E. monsoon continues with great violence. Vegetables and flowers continue scarce.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

December.—Continue to plant out and transplant into boxes all vegetable plants on hand during the first week. Attend to thinning turnips and carrots. Plant celery in trenches and earth up such as may require it. Keep the soil amongst the growing crops hoed, and eradicate weeds on their first appearance. Branch lettuce and endive by tying up the leaves. Thin out the branches of tomatoes. Look sharp after insects amongst cabbage and cauliflower. Use slaked lime freely on all crops attacked; it will prove a beneficial check. During the month sow cucumbers, vegetable marrow, country vegetables for greens, &c. Early-planted vegetables will be fit for use towards the end of the month. French beans and salads should be in abundance. Attend to staking peas, beans, &c. Continue to make up a manure heap for the ensuing season; let nothing be lost in the shape of vegetable matter. The main work of the month is attention to growing crops; look to early grafted mangoes; make incisions gradually on the branches above the grafts.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Plant out the remaining stock of annuals; sow a few hollyhocks, amaranthus, &c. A last sowing of balsams may be put in. Sow convolvuluses of all kinds. Petunias for flowering during the hot months. Attend to dahlias and encourage them by frequent watering of liquid manure. Keep the flower beds and walks clean and neat; water and roll the walks towards the latter part of the month; it will give them a neat appearance, at the same time they will be more comfortable to walk upon.

Remarks.—The weather during the first two weeks is similar to last month, generally clearing up towards the latter end. Fogs are frequent; flowers continue scarce with the exception of roses; vegetables are scarce; country greens, &c., are to be had in abundance; fruits, such as oranges, guavas and plantains, are plentiful.

BANGALORE.

January.—In this month most of the culinary vegetables are in great perfection. Grapes, apples, pine-apples, country raspberry, and also a few strawberries and peaches are in season. Such apple trees as have finished bearing may now be pruned, although it would be better to delay it until the ensuing month. Sow seeds of such vegetables as pens, radish, spinach, &c., that do not require more than three months to come to perfection. This is a good month for altering or making a garden, laying walks, &c. Open the roots of the vine trees, if the wood is well ripened.

This is the best month for planting cuttings of sugar-cane.

Remarks.—The nights and mornings are chill—a clear sky during the day. It seldom rains during this month, but fog falls daily in the mornings. The wind blows steadily from the N.-E. with occasional variations.

February.—In this month country raspberries, figs, pomegranates, pine-apples, peaches, grapes and strawberries may be had in great abundance and perfection. A few apples remain. Very few vegetables can be sown with advantage this month. Open the roots of peach and apples and prune apple trees. As the mango will be in flower, spread, if requisite, some manure round the roots of the trees, slightly stirring the soil.

Sow peaches; the stone should be broken, else the seeds will take some months to germinate.

Remarks.—The weather during the whole of this month is very fine. It seldom, if ever, rains. Heavy dew falls in the mornings. The wind blows N.-E., sometimes changing to the S.-E. The first half of the month is rather chilly; about the end it commences to be warm.

March.—During this month the roots of apple trees should be opened, if not already done by those who approve of that system, and very strong manure should be applied. Strawberries, grapes, raspberries and peaches are in season. The ground should be forked about the roots of vines. Plant tuberosa roots. Beet-root and celery are in perfection. As the winds and hot air of this month are very injurious to vegetation, as few seeds as possible should be sown.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is clear, hot and unpleasant. Rain is little known. There is less dew. The wind continues to blow from the N.-E. There is plenty of dust with thunder and lightning occasionally.

April.—Sow all flower seeds to come to perfection in July and August. They will be refreshed by the early rains called the mango showers, and there is generally rain in Mysore during June. Sow every kind of vegetable seed. Plant potatoes. Dahlia seeds should be sown in this month in situations protected from the burning winds.

Remarks.—This is the hottest month. The nights are very sultry, and the sun pours down its fiery rays with unabating vigor during the day. The dust is almost suffocating.

There is thunder and lightning. The mango showers may be expected towards the close of the month. Wind N.-E.

May.—Repeat the sowing of last month, or may be deferred till this month. Transplant the seeds of the vegetables sown last month, and prepare the beds for the final transplanting of knol-khol, cabbage and cauliflower, watering the soil richly. Sow some cotton seeds.

Remarks.—The weather still continues hot. If the mango showers have set in, the heat is not so great as that of April. High winds from the S.-W., with rain and clouds, may be expected. Rather dusty.

June.—The directions for this month are very similar in many respects to those given for May and April, in order to have the flowers and vegetables later in the season. Mangoes are in great perfection, and pine-apples abundant; jack-fruit in season. The natives plough their ground and sow their earth-nut. This is the best month for sowing seeds from England, &c., provided they arrive in the two or three preceding months, but in general it is advisable to sow them as soon as they are unpacked. The fields for hay should be scratched by the native plough and manured. Cuttings and suckers of chrysanthemums, if taken off and planted in small pots, will flower in September.

Roses often suffer much more from the attacks of the rose beetle during this month. They should be sought for at night with the aid of a lantern, and while one boy holds the light, another picks off the insects and throws them into a chatty of water. Immense numbers can be killed in a short time in this way. The old roots of the dahlia should be planted in large pots of sand covered with some fermenting vegetable matter, to induce them to send out shoots.

Remarks.—Rain is more frequent. The days begin to get cloudy and pleasant, and the nights cool. Wind from S.-W. blows strongly. Plenty of dust.

July.—Pine-apple and apples are in season. Mangoes still continue till towards the end of the month; young plants should then be grafted, and the trees pruned as soon as they have done bearing, as that is the only time when it can be done with impunity. Cuttings of all trees and shrubs should be put in this month, as well as slips of artichokes, which, as soon as they have established themselves, should be cut down close to the ground.

The natives generally sow the raggy and cholam, and prepare the ground for rice, and plant cuttings of sugar-cane. Flower and vegetable seeds may still be sown, and in regular seasons the cabbage tribe of the first and second sowings should be finally transplanted. The first crop of hay is cut this month. Sow mango seeds for supply of stocks for next year's grafting. The dahlia sown last month will require transplanting, and the shoots should be separated from the old roots. The seeds (dahlias) should now be turned out of pots into the open ground in a sandy well-manured soil. A species of white grub attacks these insects is by uprooting the plants that show any signs of drooping and removing the grub. Experiments in the cultivation of wheat may be attempted this month.

Remarks.—There is generally much rain this month. The days are cloudy and pleasant, and the nights cool. The wind blows from S.-W. Thunder and lightning frequent.

August.—Apples still continue; young trees should now be drafted and cuttings put down. Oranges, loquats, and alligator pears in season. Insects are excessively numerous and destructive. The orange tribes should be budded and inarched and propagated by gooties. Plant beds with early strawberries. Still sow a few vegetable and flower seeds,

Continue grafting mangoes. Transplant cotton. Propagate carnations and pinks by layers. Begin collecting seeds of early flowering annuals. Dahlias are in perfection. The natives sow different kinds of grain in this and in the following month. Stake the dahlias put into ground last month.

Remarks.—The early monsoons cease about the beginning of the month. The wind blows from S.-W., and the weather is somewhat warm.

September.—Alligator pears and loquats still continue. Guavas in plenty. Sow orange seed and alligator pear stones. Young potatoes in season. The American cotton sow early in full pool. Plant Cape bulbs, either in the ground or in very deep pots, well drained. The turnips and cabbages are much infested by a small dark caterpillar, which may be destroyed by sprinkling the plants with powdered lime. The rice begins to flower. Put down cuttings of geraniums, roses, violets, heartsease, &c. Flowers are in great perfection. As most of the peach trees will have lost their leaves, the roots should be opened and exposed for four days and then strongly manured. The principal crop of hay is cut in this month.

Strip off leaves and bare and prune the roots of apple trees, dressing the root at the same time with sheep or other manure.

Remarks.—This is rather a hot month. The wind blows from S.-W., and rain may be expected from the middle of the month, particularly in the evenings.

October.—Vegetables are in great perfection. Soursops and guavas also are now in season. The main beds for strawberries should be planted. Vines will begin to flower early in this month: the borders should be dug and well manured. Dahlias will begin to fall in the month. As soon as the leaves begin to wither, they should be taken up with the soil that adheres to them and kept in a dry place. As soon as they have been sufficiently dried, they should be packed up in boxes of sand till the time for planting arrives. The double tube roses should be similarly treated.

Remarks.—The latter monsoons which generally commence towards the end of last month are very heavy during October. The wind veers round to the N.-E. The days are pleasant and the nights are cool.

November.—Apples begin to ripen towards the end of this month. Custard-apples in plenty. This is the last month in which the generality of vegetables can be sown with advantage. Sow the casuarina and other tree seeds. This is a good month to lay in a stock of manure and prepare composts for the next year. The larger kinds of perennial water flowers should be taken up and reduced in size and replanted. This is a good month to plant potatoes, sweet-potatoes, melons, cucumbers, and most vegetable seeds. The raggy crop is cut during this month.

Remarks.—High winds from the N.-E. and heavy rain may be expected during the early part of the month. Towards the end the temperature of the atmosphere is considerably lessened, and the nights begin to be chilly. This is a very pleasant month. Morning foggy.

December.—Apples are in plenty, and peaches may be had towards the end of the month. Rose-apples also are abundant. All vegetables in season. A good month for sowing melon and cucumber seeds, as well as peas, radish, and spinach, but very few other vegetable seeds. Most of the exotic plants will have ceased flowering; the beds should therefore be dug up and manured with a soil composed of two-thirds vegetable and half well-decayed animal manure. Turn out and examine dahlia roots. Prune roses.

Remarks.—This is usually a clear month with heavy fog in the mornings. Days cool and nights chilly. Wind from the N.-E. Heat is scarcely felt at mid-day. This is a very pleasant and healthy month.

General Remarks.—The meteorological observation of three years—1834-5-6—was one very hot and one very rainy season; this may therefore be regarded as a very fair average when taken together.

Bangalore is in lat. 12°58' N. and long. 77°32' E. The base of Commissioner's flagstaff is 3,030 feet above high water-mark at Madras and the mean annual temperature is 75° Fahr., while that of Madras is 85°, thus confirming the generally received opinion that a rise of 300 feet causes a fall in the thermometer of one degree. The soil, except in the valleys, is a red sandy loam, inclined to gravelly and the sound rock and finally foliated gneiss with slaty cleavage. It is much used for building purposes.

Average rainfall of twenty-three years is 35.41 inches.

NEILGHERRIES.

Ootacamund.

January.—FLOWERS—None. VEGETABLES—Sow in verandah for early crop cauliflower, radish, mustard and cress.

February.—FLOWERS—None. VEGETABLES—None.

March.—FLOWERS—Mignonette and nasturtiums, for early flowering. VEGETABLES—Peas, French beans, radish, mustard, cress and cauliflower.

April.—FLOWERS—Annuals of all sorts should be sown during this month; also seed of new perennial plants, shrubs, trees, &c. VEGETABLES—Beet-root, carrots, turnips, peas, French beans, broad beans, cauliflower, cabbages and all description of vegetables for main summer crop.

May.—FLOWERS—Continue sowing of annuals and other seeds mentioned in last month. VEGETABLES—Sow peas, French beans, cauliflower and lettuce for succession; complete sowing all crops of vegetables required for summer use.

June.—FLOWERS—None. VEGETABLES—Radish, mustard, cress, lettuce, peas and beans for succession.

July.—FLOWERS—None. VEGETABLES—The same as June.

August.—FLOWERS—Annual seeds for winter flowering should now be seen; this is the best season to sow stocks, asters, balsams, petunias, verbenas, salpaglossis, nasturtiums, &c. VEGETABLES—The same as April for winter crops.

September.—FLOWERS—Complete sowing of the above in this month. VEGETABLES—Complete sowing for winter crop.

October.—FLOWERS—None. VEGETABLES—Sow as in June.

November.—FLOWERS—None. VEGETABLES—Sow as in June.

December.—FLOWERS—None. VEGETABLES—None.

Coonoor and Kotagerry.

Remarks on the variation of the above.

The main sowing of vegetable and flower seeds should be in August, September and October, instead of April and May. Rotation sowings, the same as at Ootacamund.

Flowers and vegetables that are in the several months of the year.

January.—FLOWERS—Geraniums, petunias, verbenas, stocks, camellias, roses, calceolarias, cinerarias, balsams, asters, mimulas. VEGETABLES—Cauliflower, beet-root, carrots, turnips, rhubarb, parsnips, vegetable marrow, celery, salads, cabbage, knol-khol, potatoes and onions.

February.—FLOWERS—Geraniums, petunias, verbenas, stocks, camellias, roses, calceolarias, and pollygallas. VEGETABLES—Cauliflower, beet-root, carrots, turnips, parsnips, vegetable marrow, celery, salads, cabbage, knol-khol and onions.

March.—FLOWERS—Crocuses, lilies, primroses, calceolarias, geraniums, verbenas, petunias, violets and pollygallas. VEGETABLES—Vegetables are scarce during this month. Only onions, knol-khol, turnips and cabbages may be said to be in season, all others being raised or preserved by artificial watering.

April.—FLOWERS—Crocuses, lilies, primroses, calceolarias, geraniums, verbenas, petunias and violets. VEGETABLES—Vegetables are still scarce. The above with mustard, radish, cress and salads are still in season.

May.—FLOWERS—Daisies, crocuses, lilies, heliotrope, petunias, calceolarias, roses, primroses and polyanthus. VEGETABLES—Potatoes, cauliflower, carrots, beet-root, celery, rhubarb, radish, vegetable marrow, cucumbers, knol-khol, parsnips, lettuce, peas, beans, and French beans.

June.—FLOWERS—Fuschias, westaria, heliotrope, daisies, roses, veronics, pollygallas, laburnams and primroses. VEGETABLES—Potatoes, cauliflower, carrots, beet-root, celery, rhubarb, radish, vegetable marrow, cucumbers, knol-khol, parsnips, lettuce, peas, beans and French beans.

July.—FLOWERS—Fuschias, westaria, heliotrope, daisies, roses, veronics, pollygallas, laburnams and brugmensias. VEGETABLES—Potatoes, cauliflower, carrots, beet-root, celery, rhubarb, radish, vegetable marrow, cucumbers, knol-khol, parsnips, lettuce, peas, beans and French beans.

August.—FLOWERS—Geraniums, brugmensias, fuschias, heliotrope, daisies, roses, veronics and heath. VEGETABLES—Same as July.

September.—FLOWERS—Geraniums, crassulas, brugmensias, fuschias, heliotrope, daisies, roses, veronics and heath. VEGETABLES—Same as July.

October.—FLOWERS—Camellias, cinerarias, crassulas, calceolarias, roses and heath. VEGETABLES—Potatoes, cauliflower, carrots, beet-root, celery, rhubarb, radish, vegetable marrow, cucumbers, knol-khol, parsnips, lettuce, peas and French beans.

November.—FLOWERS—Camellias, cinerarias, daisies, crassulas, calceolarias, roses and heath. VEGETABLES—Same as October.

December.—FLOWERS—Camellias, cinerarias, phloxes, verbenas, daisies, crassulas, calceolarias, alpaglois, roses and heath. VEGETABLES—Same as October.

PART II.—EUROPEAN AND INDIAN.

THE KING AND ROYAL FAMILY.

HIS MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY ALBERT EDWARD THE SEVENTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of all the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India; eldest son of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria and of His late Royal Highness Albert, Prince Consort; born at Buckingham Palace, 9th November 1841; succeeded to the Throne, 22nd January, 1901; married 10th March, 1863, Her Royal Highness Princess Alexandra Caroline Marie Charlotte Louise Julia, born 1st Dec., 1844 (QUEEN ALEXANDRA), eldest daughter of His Majesty King Christian IX. of Denmark. Their Majesties have had issue:—

His Royal Highness Albert Victor Christian Edward of Wales, Duke of Clarence and Avondale and Earl of Athlone, born January 8, 1864; died January 14, 1892.

His Royal Highness GEORGE FREDERICK ERNEST ALBERT, Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester, Duke of Cornwall and York (Duke of Rothesay, Prince of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha and Duke of Saxony, Earl of Carrick and Inverness, Baron of Renfrew and Kilarney, Lord of the Isles and Great Steward of Scotland), K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., I.S.O., General and Vice-Admiral, born June 3, 1865; married July 6, 1893, to the Princess Victoria Mary ("May") of Teck (born May 26, 1867), and has issue—Edward, born June 23, 1894, Albert, born December 14, 1895; Victoria, born April 25, 1897; Henry, born March 31, 1900; and George, born Dec. 20, 1902.

Her Royal Highness LOUISE VICTORIA ALEXANDRA DAGMAR, Duchess of Fife, born February 20, 1867; married July 27, 1889, to Duke of Fife, and has issue—Alexandra, born May 17, 1891, and Maud, born April 3, 1893.

Her Royal Highness VICTORIA ALEXANDRA OLGA MARY, born July 6, 1868.

Her Royal Highness MAUD CHARLOTTE MARY VICTORIA, born November 26, 1869; married July 22, 1896, to Charles, 2nd son of the Crown Prince of Denmark, and has issue, a son, Alexander Edward Christian Frederik, born July 2, 1903.

His Royal Highness Alexander John Charles Albert, born April 6, died April 7, 1871.

THE FAMILY OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

Her Imperial Majesty VICTORIA, Empress Frederick of Germany, Princess Royal, born November 21, 1840; married January 25, 1858, to Frederick, Crown Prince of Prussia, afterwards German Emperor (born October 18, 1831, died June 15, 1888), died August 5, 1901, her issue being—William, reigning German Emperor, born January 27, 1859, married February 27, 1881, to Princess Augusta of Schleswig-Holstein, and has six sons and a daughter; Charlotte, born July 24, 1860, married February 18, 1878, to Hereditary Prince of Saxe-Meiningen; Henry, born August 14, 1862, married May 24, 1888, to his cousin, Princess Irene of Hesse; Sigismund, born September 15, 1864, died June 18, 1866; Victoria, born April 12, 1866, married November 19, 1890, to H. S. H. Prince Adolphe of Schaumburg-Lippe; Waldemar, born February 10, 1868, died March 27, 1879; Sophia Dorothea, born June 14, 1870; married October 27, 1889, to the Duke of Sparta; and Margaret, born April 22, 1872, married January 25, 1893, to Prince Frederick of Hesse-Cassel.

His Majesty the King-Emperor, EDWARD VIIth, the reigning Sovereign.

Her Royal Highness ALICE MAUD MARY, born April 25, 1843; married July 1, 1862, to His Royal Highness Louis IV., Grand Duke of Hesse (born September 12, 1837, died March 13, 1892); died December 14, 1878; her issue being—Victoria Alberta, born April 5, 1863; married April 30, 1884, to Prince Louis of Battenberg, R.N.; Elizabeth, born November 1, 1864; married June 15, 1884, to the Grand Duke Serge of Russia; Irene, born July 11, 1866, married May 24, 1888, to her cousin, Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of the German Emperor; Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, born November 25, 1868; married April 19, 1894, to Her Royal Highness Princess Victoria Melita of Saxe-Coburg; Frederick, born October 7, 1870, died June 29, 1873; Alix Victoria, born June 6, 1872; married November 26, 1894, to H. I. M. the Czar of Russia, and has issue, Olga, born November 15, 1895; Tatiana, born June 1897; Marie, born June 26, 1899; Anastasia, born June 18, 1901; and Mary, born May 24, 1874, died November 15, 1878.

His Royal Highness ALFRED ERNEST ALBERT, Duke of Edinburgh and Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, born August 6, 1844; married January 23, 1874, to the Grand Duchess Marie of Russia (born October 17, 1853); died July 30, 1900, his issue being—Alfred, born October 15, 1874, died February 6, 1899; Marie, born October 29, 1875, married January 10, 1893, to Ferdinand, Crown Prince of Roumania, and has issue—Carol, born October 15, 1893, and a daughter; Victoria Melita, born November 25, 1876, married April 19, 1894, to Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, and has issue; Alexandra, born September 1, 1878; married 1896, to Ernest, Hereditary Prince of Hohenlohe-Langenburg, and has issue; and Beatrice, born April 20, 1884.

Her Royal Highness HELENA AUGUSTA VICTORIA, born May 25, 1846; married July 5, 1866, to Prince Frederick Christian Augustus of Schleswig-Holstein (born January 22, 1831), and has had issue—Christian Victor, born April 14, 1867, died October 29, 1900; Albert J., born February 26, 1869; Victoria L., born May 3, 1870; Louise A., born August 12, 1872, married July 6, 1891, to Prince Aribert of Anhalt; and Harold, born May 12, died May 20, 1876.

Her Royal Highness LOUISE CAROLINE ALBERTA, born March 18, 1848; married March 21, 1871, to John, Duke of Argyle (born August 6, 1845).

His Royal Highness ARTHUR WILLIAM PATRICK ALBERT, Duke of Connaught, born May 1, 1850; Field Marshal in Command in Ireland; married March 13, 1879, Princess Louise Margaret (born July 25, 1860), daughter of the late Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia, and has issue—Margaret, born January 15, 1882; Arthur, born January 13, 1883; Victoria Patricia, born March 17, 1886.

His Royal Highness LEOPOLD GEORGE DUNCAN ALBERT, Duke of Albany, born April 7, 1853; married April 27, 1882, to Princess Helen (born February 17, 1861), daughter of the late Prince George of Waldeck; died March 23, 1884, his issue being—Alice Mary, born February 25, 1883 (betrothed 1903 to Prince Alexander of Teck); Leopold Charles Edward G. A., Duke of Albany and Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, born July 19, 1884.

Her Royal Highness BEATRICE MARY VICTORIA FEDORA, born April 14, 1857; married July 23, 1885, to Prince Henry Maurice of Battenberg (born October 5, 1858; died January 20, 1896), and has issue—Alexander Albert, born November 23, 1886; Victoria Eugénie Julia Ena, born October 21, 1887; Leopold Arthur Louis, born May 21, 1889; and Maurice Victor Donald, born October 3, 1891.

Descendants of His Royal Highness the first Duke of Cambridge, His Majesty's Great-Uncle.—Field-Marshal H. R. H. GEORGE WILLIAM FREDERICK CHARLES, 2nd Duke of Cambridge, born March 26, 1819; AUGUSTA CAROLINE, born July 19, 1822; married June 23, 1843, Frederick, Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, and has issue—Adolphus Frederick, born July 22, 1848, married, and has several children.

MARY ADELAIDE, born November 27, 1833; married June 12, 1866, Francis, Duke of Teck (born August 27, 1837, died January 21, 1900), died October 27, 1897, her issue being—Victoria Mary, born May 26, 1867, married July 6, 1893, to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales; Adolphus, G.C.V.O., born August 13, 1868, married 1894, Lady Margaret Grosvenor, and has issue; Francis, K.O.V.O., born January 7, 1870, and Alexander, K.C.V.O., born April 14, 1874.

Descendants of His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, King of Hanover, son of King George III.—His Royal Highness ERNEST AUGUSTUS GEORGE, 3rd Duke of Cumberland, born September 21, 1845; married December 21, 1878, to Princess Thyra of Denmark; and has issue. His sisters—Frederica, born January 9, 1848; married April 24, 1880, Freiherr von Pawel-Rammingen (issue—Victoria, born March 7, died March 27, 1881; and Mary Ernestine, born December 3, 1849).

HIS MAJESTY'S MINISTERS.

Prime Minister, Lord Privy Seal and First Lord of the Treasury ...	Arthur James Balfour.
Lord High Chancellor ...	Earl of Halsbury.
Lord Chancellor of Ireland ...	Lord Ashbourne.
Lord President of the Council ...	Duke of Devonshire.
First Lord of the Admiralty ...	Earl of Selborne.
Secretary, Home Affairs ...	Aretas Akers-Douglas.
" Foreign Affairs ...	Marquess of Lansdowne.
" War ...	H. O. Arnold-Forster.
" Colonies ...	Hon. Alfred Lyttleton.
" India ...	Hon. St. John Brodrick.
Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieut. of Ireland, Chancellor of the Exchequer ...	George Wyndham.
Secretary for Scotland ...	Austen Chamberlain.
President, Board of Trade ...	Andrew Graham Murray.
" Local Government Board ...	Gerald William Balfour.
" Board of Education ...	Walter Hume Long.
First Commissioner of Works and Public Buildings ...	Marquess of Londonderry.
Postmaster-General ...	Lord Windsor.
Financial Secretary (Treasury) ...	Lord Stanley.
Secretary (Admiralty) ...	Victor Cavendish.
Under Secretary for Home Office ...	Capt. Ernest G. Pretyman.
" for Foreign Office ...	Hon. Thomas Cochrane.
" for War Office ...	Earl Percy.
" for Colonial Office ...	Earl of Donoughmore.
" for India Office ...	Duke of Marlborough.
" for Board of Trade ...	Earl of Hardwicke.
" for Local Government Board ...	Andrew Bonar Law.
" for Board of Education ...	John Grant Lawson.
Attorney-General ...	Sir William R. Anson, Bt.
Solicitor-General ...	Sir R. B. Finlay, K. C.
Solicitor-General for Scotland ...	Sir E. H. Carson.
Attorney-General for Ireland ...	David Dundas, K. C.
Solicitor-General for Ireland ...	John Atkinson, K. C.
	J. H. M. Campbell, K. C.

INDIAN AND COLONIAL GOVERNORS, PREMIERS, &c.

COUNTRY.	BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE.	REPRESENTATIVE IN GREAT BRITAIN.
INDIA ...	Lord Curzon of Kedleston, Viceroy & Governor-General.	India Office—Rt. Hon. St. John Brodrick, Sec. of State.
Madras ...	Lord Amphil, G.C.I.E., Gov.	
Bombay ...	Lord Lamington, G.C.M.G., Gov.	
Bengal ...	Sir A. H. Keith, Fraser, K.C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor.	
United Provinces ...	J. J. Diggs La Touche, C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor.	
Punjab ...	Sir W. Mackworth Young, K.C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor.	
Burma ...	Sir Fredc. W. R. Frayer, K.C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor.	
Ceylon ...	Sir Henry Arthur Blake, G.C.M.G., Governor.	Crown Agents for Colonies.
Straits Settlements ...	Sir Frank Athelstane Swettenham, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "
Hong Kong ...	Major Sir Matthew Nathan, K.C.M.G., R.E., Governor.	" " " "
Borneo, Labuan ...	E. W. Birch, C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "
Sarawak ...	H. H. Sir Charles Johnson Brooke, G.C.M.G., Raja.	" " " "

Indian and Colonial Governors, Premiers, &c.—contd.

COUNTRY.	BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE.	REPRESENTATIVE IN GREAT BRIT.
DOMINION OF CANADA ...	Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G., Governor-General. Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, G.C.M.G., Prem.	Lorn Strathcona & Royal, G.C.M.G. General.
Newfoundland ...	Sir Cavendish Boyle, K.C.M.G., Governor. Rt. Hon'ble Sir R. Bond, K.C.M.G., Premier.	Crown Agents for
British Guiana ...	Sir J. Alexander Swettenham, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " "
British Honduras ...	Colonel Sir David Wilson, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " "
Bermuda ...	Lt.-Genl. Sir Henry Le Guay Geary, K.C.B. & A., Governor. Lord Northcote, G.C.I.E., Governor-General.	" " "
COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA ...	Rt. Hon. Sir Edmund Barton, G.C.M.G., K.C., Premier. Admiral Sir Harry H. Rawson, K.C.B., Governor.	Hon. Henry Cop Agent-General.
New South Wales ...	Hon. Sir John See, K.C.M.G., Premier. Col. Sir George Sydenham Clarke, K.C.M.G., R.E., Governor.	Hon. A. Dobb Agent-General.
Victoria ...	Hon. W. H. Irvine, Prem. Sir George Ruthven Le Hunte, K.C.M.G., Gov.	Hon. H. A. Gmi General.
South Australia ...	Hon. J. G. Jenkins, Prem. Major-Genl. Sir H. Cherm-side, G.C.M.G., Governor.	Hon. Sir Hor K.C.M.G., Agt.
Queensland ...	Hon. Robert Philp, Prem. Sir Arthur Elibank Havelock, G.C.S.I., Governor.	Hon. Alfred Do General.
Tasmania ...	Hon. Sir Neil Elliot Lewis, K.C.M.G., Premier. Adm. Sir Fk. George Denham Bedford, G.C.B., Gov.	Hon. H. B. Le General.
Western Australia ...	Hon. Walter Harwell James, K.C., Premier. Earl of Raunfurly, G.C.M.G., Governor.	Hon. W. P. R General.
New Zealand ...	Rt. Hon. Richard John Seddon, Premier.	" " "
Fiji ...	Sir Hy. M. Jackson, K.C.M.G., Governor.	Crown Agents
British New Guinea ...	Lieut.-Governor...	" "
Pacific Islands...	Sir Hy. M. Jackson, K.C.M.G., High Commissioner.	" "
BRITISH WEST INDIES.		
Jamaica ...	Sir A. W. L. Hemming, G.C.M.G., Capt.-Genl. & Gov.-in-Chief.	" "
Bahamas ...	Sir Gilbert Thos. Carter, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" "
Leeward Isles ...	Sir Gerald B. B. Strickland, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" "
Windward Isles ...	Sir Robert Baxter Llewelyn, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" "
Barbados ...	Sir Frederic Mitchell Hodgson, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" "
Trinidad and Tobago ...	Sir Cornelius Alfred Moloney, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" "

HIS MAJESTY'S MINISTERS.

Prime Minister, Lord Privy Seal and First Lord of the Treasury ...	Arthur James Balfour.
Lord High Chancellor ...	Earl of Halsbury.
Lord Chancellor of Ireland ...	Lord Ashbourne.
Lord President of the Council ...	Duke of Devonshire.
First Lord of the Admiralty ...	Earl of Selborne.
Secretary, Home Affairs ...	Aretas Akers-Douglas.
Foreign Affairs ...	Marquess of Lansdowne.
War ...	H. O. Arnold-Forster.
Colonies ...	Hon. Alfred Lyttleton.
India ...	Hon. St. John Brodrick.
Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieut. of Ireland, Chancellor of the Exchequer ...	George Wyndham.
Secretary for Scotland ...	Austen Chamberlain.
President, Board of Trade ...	Andrew Graham Murray.
Local Government Board ...	Gerald William Balfour.
Board of Education ...	Walter Hume Long.
First Commissioner of Works and Public Buildings ...	Marquess of Londonderry.
Postmaster-General ...	Lord Windsor.
Financial Secretary (Treasury) ...	Lord Stanley.
Secretary (Admiralty) ...	Victor Cavendish.
Under Secretary for Home Office ...	Capt. Ernest G. Pretyman.
for Foreign Office ...	Hon. Thomas Cochrane.
for War Office ...	Earl Percy.
for Colonial Office ...	Earl of Donoughmore.
for India Office ...	Duke of Marlborough.
for Board of Trade ...	Earl of Hardwicke.
for Local Government Board ...	Andrew Bonar Law.
for Board of Education ...	John Grant Lawson.
Attorney-General ...	Sir William R. Anson, Bt.
Solicitor-General ...	Sir R. B. Finlay, K. C.
Solicitor-General for Scotland ...	Sir E. H. Carson.
Attorney-General for Ireland ...	David Dundas, K. C.
Solicitor-General for Ireland ...	John Atkinson, K. C.
	J. H. M. Campbell, K. C.

INDIAN AND COLONIAL GOVERNORS, PREMIERS, &c.

COUNTRY.	BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE.	REPRESENTATIVE IN GREAT BRITAIN.
INDIA ...	Lord Curzon of Kedleston, Viceroy & Governor-General.	India Office—Rt. Hon. St. John Brodrick, Sec. of State.
Madras ...	Lord Ampthill, G.C.I.E., Gov.	
Bombay ...	Lord Lamington, G.C.M.G., Gov.	
Bengal ...	Sir A. H. Keith, Fraser, K.C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor.	
United Provinces ...	J. J. Diggs La Touche, C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor.	
Punjab ...	Sir W. Mackworth Young, K.C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor.	
Burma ...	Sir Frederic W. R. Frayer, K.C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor.	
Ceylon ...	Sir Henry Arthur Blake, G.C.M.G., Governor.	Crown Agents for Colonies.
Straits Settlements ...	Sir Frank Athelstane Swettenham, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "
Hong Kong ...	Major Sir Matthew Nathan, K.C.M.G., R.E., Governor.	" " " "
Borneo, Labuan ...	E. W. Birch, C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "
Sarawak ...	H. H. Sir Charles Johnson Brooke, G.C.M.G., Raja.	" " " "

Indian and Colonial Governors, Premiers, &c.—contd.

COUNTRY.	BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE.	REPRESENTATIVE IN GREAT BRITAIN.
DOMINION OF CANADA ...	Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G., Governor-General. Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, G.C.M.G., Prem.	Lorn Strathcona and Mount Royal, G.C.M.G., Agent-General.
Newfoundland ...	Sir Cavendish Boyle, K.C.M.G., Governor. Rt. Hon'ble Sir R. Bond, K.C.M.G., Premier.	Crown Agents for Colonies.
British Guiana ...	Sir J. Alexander Swettenham, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "
British Honduras ...	Colonel Sir David Wilson, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "
Bermuda ...	Lt.-Genl. Sir Henry Le Guay Geary, K.C.B., B.A., Governor. Lord Northcote, G.C.I.E., Governor-General.	" " " "
COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA:	Rt. Hon. Sir Edmund Barton, G.C.M.G., K.C., Premier.	
New South Wales ...	Admiral Sir Harry H. Rawson, K.C.B., Governor. Hon. Sir John See, K.C.M.G., Premier.	Hon. Henry Copeland, J.P., Agent-General.
Victoria ...	Col. Sir George Sydenham Clarke, K.C.M.G., R.E., Governor. Hon. W. H. Irvine, Prem.	Hon. A. Dobson, Acting Agent-General.
South Australia ...	Sir George Ruthven Le Hunte, K.C.M.G., Gov. Hon. J. G. Jenkins, Prem.	Hon. H. A. Grainger, Agent-General.
Queensland ...	Major-Genl. Sir H. Cherm-side, G.C.M.G., Governor. Hon. Robert Philp, Prem.	Hon. Sir Horace Tozer, K.C.M.G., Agent-General.
Tasmania ...	Sir Arthur Elibank Havelock, G.C.S.I., Governor. Hon. Sir Neil Elliot Lewis, K.C.M.G., Premier.	Hon. Alfred Dobson, Agent-General.
Western Australia ...	Adm. Sir Fk. George Denham Bedford, G.C.B., Gov. Hon. Walter Harwell James, K.C., Premier.	Hon. H. B. Lefroy, Agent-General.
New Zealand ...	Earl of Ranfurly, G.C.M.G., Governor. Rt. Hon. Richard John Seddon, Premier.	Hon. W. P. Reeves, Agent-General.
Fiji ...	Sir Hy. M. Jackson, K.C.M.G., Governor.	Crown Agents for Colonies.
British New Guinea Pacific Islands...	Lieut.-Governor... Sir Hy. M. Jackson, K.C.M.G., High Commissioner.	" " " "
BRITISH WEST INDIES.		
Jamaica ...	Sir A. W. L. Hemming, G.C.M.G., Capt.-Genl. & Gov.-in-Chief.	" " " "
Bahamas ...	Sir Gilbert Thos. Carter, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "
Leeward Isles ...	Sir Gerald B. B. Strickland, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "
Windward Isles ...	Sir Robert Baxter Llewelyn, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "
Barbados ...	Sir Frederic Mitchell Hodgson, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "
Trinidad and Tobago ...	Sir Cornelius Alfred Moloney, K.C.M.G., Governor.	" " " "

Indian and Colonial Governors, Premiers, &c.—concl'd.

COUNTRY.	BRITISH REPRESENTATIVE.	REPRESENTATIVE IN GREAT BRITAIN.
BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA.	Lord Milner, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., <i>High Commissioner.</i>	<i>Crown Agents for Colonies.</i>
Cape Colony...	Hon. Sir W. F. Hely- Hutchinson, G.C.M.G., <i>Governor.</i>	Hon. Sir David Tennant, K.C.M.G., <i>Agent-General.</i>
Basutoland ...	Rt. Hon. Sir J. G. Sprigg, G.C.M.G., <i>Premier.</i>	<i>Crown Agents for Colonies.</i>
Bechuanaland Protec- torate.	Sir Godfrey Yeatman Lagden, K.C.M.G., <i>Commissioner.</i>	" " " "
Transvaal ...	Ralph Champneys Williams, C.M.G., <i>Res. Commissioner.</i>	" " " "
Orange River Colony ...	Capt. Hon. Sir Arthur Lawley, K.C.M.G., <i>Lt.-Governor.</i>	" " " "
	Major Sir H. J. Gool-Adams, K.C.M.G., <i>Lt.-Governor.</i>	" " " "
Natal ...	Col. Sir Hy. E. McCallum, K.C.M.G., R.E., <i>Governor.</i>	Sir W. Peace, K.C.M.G., <i>Agent-General.</i>
	Hon. Sir A. H. Hime, K.C.M.G., <i>Premier.</i>	
Rhodesia ...	Sir Marshal J. Clarke, K.C.M.G., <i>Res. Commissioner.</i>	J. F. Jones, <i>Secretary.</i>
BRITISH WEST AFRICA.		
Gambia ...	Sir George Chardin Denton, K.C.M.G., <i>Governor.</i>	<i>Crown Agents for Colonies.</i>
Gold Coast Colony ...	John Pickersgill Rodger, C.M.G., <i>Governor.</i>	" " " "
Sierra Leone ...	Sir Charles Anthony King Harman, K.C.M.G., <i>Governor.</i>	" " " "
Lagos ...	Sir William McGregor, M.D., K.C.M.G., <i>Governor.</i>	" " " "
Nigeria, Southern ...	Sir R. D. R. Moor, K.C.M.G., <i>High Commr. & Cons.-Genl.</i>	" " " "
Nigeria, Northern ...	Brig.-Genl. Sir F. D. Lugard, K.C.M.G., <i>High-Commissioner.</i>	" " " "
EAST AND CENTRAL AFRICA.		
Somaliland Protectorate.	Lt.-Col. E. J. E. Swaine, I.A., <i>Cons.-Genl.</i>	<i>Foreign Office.</i>
East Africa Protectorate.	Sir C. N. E. Elliot, K.C.M.G., <i>Commr. & Cons.-Genl.</i>	" "
Uganda Protectorate ...	Lt.-Col. J. H. Sadler, C.B., <i>Commr. & Cons.-Genl.</i>	" "
Witu Protectorate ...	{ Omari bin Ahmed, Sultan. A. S. Rogers, Resident. Hamud bin Muhamad bin Said, Sultan. Sir C. N. E. Elliot, K.C.M.G., <i>Agent & Cons.-Genl.</i>	" "
Zanzibar Protectorate..	Sir Alfred Sharpe, K.C.M.G., <i>Commr. & Cons.-Genl.</i>	" "
British Central Africa Protectorate.	Sir Charles Bruce, K.C.M.G., <i>Governor.</i>	<i>Crown Agents for Colonies.</i>
Mauritius ...	E. B. Sweet-Escott, C.M.G., <i>Gov. & C-in-Ch.</i>	" " " "
Seychelles ...	Capt. G. N. A. Pollard, R.N., <i>Officer in Charge.</i>	<i>H.M. Admiralty.</i>
Ascension ...	William Grey-Wilson, C.M.G., <i>Governor.</i>	<i>Crown Agents for Colonies.</i>
Falkland Islands ...	Lt.-Col. Henry Lionel Gallwey, C.M.G., D.S.O., <i>Governor.</i>	" " " "
St. Helena ...	Sir Wm. F. Haynes Smith, K.C.M.G., <i>High Commr.</i>	" " " "
Cyprus ...	Gen. Sir Chas. Mansfield Clarke, Bart., G.C.B., <i>Gov. & C-in-Ch.</i>	" " " "
Malta ...	F.M. Sir G. S. White, V.C., G.C.B., <i>Gov. & Commr.-in-Ch.</i>	" " " "
Gibraltar ...		" " " "

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

J. B. Fuller, C.I.E., C.S. ...	Secretary.—Rs. 4,000.
R. E. V. Arbuthnot, C.S. ...	Under-Secretary.—Rs. 1,300—100—1,500.
A. R. Tucker ...	Asst. Secretary.—Pay Rs. 700.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

L. W. Dane, C.S. ...	Secretary.—Rs. 4,000
Major H. Daly, C.S.I., C.I.E., S.C. ...	Deputy Secretary.—Rs. 2,250.
C. L. S. Russell, C.S. ...	Under Secretary.—Rs. 1,550.
E. V. Gabriel, C.S. ...	Asst. Secretary.—Rs. 833-5-4.
J. Roberts ...	Registrar—(On furlo.).
J. Scott ...	Offg. Registrar.—Rs. 650.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

J. M. Macpherson, C.S.I., (Bar.-at-Law) ...	Secretary.—Rs. 3,500.
H. W. C. Carduff, C.S. ...	Deputy Secretary.—Rs. 2,000—On dep.
R. Greeven, (Bar.-at-Law), C.S. ...	Offg. Depy. Secretary.—Rs. 2,000.
J. G. Morrison, (Bar.-at-Law) ...	Personal Assistant.—Rs. 600.
A. B. Wilson ...	Registrar.—Rs. 600.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Col. E. de Bruth ...	Secretary.
Col. M. H. S. Grover ...	Joint Secretary.
Lt.-Col. F. G. Cardew, 10th B. L. ...	Deputy Secretaries.
Major H. T. Kenny, p.s.c., 32nd Lanc. —(on deputation) ...	
" W. A. Liddell, R.E. ...	Assistant Secretaries.
" B. Holloway, p.s.c., 27th Lt. Cavy. Bt. Major F. J. Moberly, D.S.O., p.s.c., 37th Dogras (Offg.) ...	
Capt. J. H. Hudson, 82nd Punjabis ...	Offg. Do.
" H. W. R. Senior, 20th Punjabis ...	
Hodgen, Esq. ...	Registrar.

ACCOUNTS BRANCH.

Col. W. R. L. Anderson ...	Accountant-General and <i>Ex-officio</i> Deputy Secretary for Finance.
Capt. B. Scott ...	Deputy Accountant-General and <i>Ex-officio</i> Assistant Secretary for Finance. Leave out of India on Medical Certificate 1 year, 10th April 1903.
Major T. A. Harrison ...	Offg.
E. O'B. Smith, Esq. ...	Assistant Accountant-General.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Col. W. S. S. Bisset, C.I.E., R.E. ...	Secretary, and Chief Engr. for Irrigation and Railway Works.—Rs. 2,500.
Lieut.-Col. J. W. Ottley, C.I.E., R.E. ...	Insp.-Genl. of Irrigation and Depy. Secretary.
Col. T. Gracey, R.E. ...	Director-General of Railways and Depy. Secy., (also for State Railways).
Major H. Bonham-Carter, R.E. ...	Asst. Secretary.—On dep.

ECCLIASTICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

SEE OF CALCUTTA.

The Right Rev. Reginald Stephen Copleston, D.D., Lord Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan of India and the Island of Ceylon.—Pay Rs. 9,831-6-8.	
The Ven. A. Kitchin, M.A., Archdeacon of Calcutta and Bishop's Commissary.— Allowance Rs. 2 50-10-8.	
The Rev. H. T. Ottley, Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop.—Pay Rs. 800.	
A. M. Dunne, B.A., LL.B., (Bar.-at-Law) Registrar of the Diocese, Archdeaconry of Calcutta, and Secretary to the Lord Bishop.—Pay Rs. 500.	

JUDGES OF THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, CALCUTTA.

The Hon. Sir F. W. Maclean, Kt., K.C.I.E., Q.C.—Chief Justice.—Pay Rs. 6,000.

PUISNE JUDGES.

The Hon. Sir H. T. Prinsep, Kt., I.C.S.—Pay The Hon. S. G. Sale.—Pay Rs. 4,000.
Rs. 4,000. " J. F. Stevens " " R. Harrington " " J. Pratt " " C. M. W. Brett " " H. L. Stephen " " (Bar-at-Law). " " G. S. Henderson "

The Hon. J. G. Woodroffe (Bar-at-Law), Advocate-General.—Pay Rs. 3,448.

J. G. Woodroffe (Bar-at-Law), Standing Counsel.

H. C. Eggar, Government Solicitor.—Pay Rs. 2,000.

A. B. Miller (Bar-at-Law), Official Trustee and Official Assignee.

K. K. Shelle Bannerjee (Bar-at-Law), Official Receiver.

W. R. Fink, Registrar, Original Side, Keeper of Records, Taxing Officer, &c.—Pay Rs. 1,875.

J. P. Apcar (Bar-at-Law), Clerk of the Crown for Criminal Sessions.

M. Rüenfray, Deputy Registrar.

T. J. Waite, Secretary to the Chief Justice and Head Clerk, Decree Department.

F. K. Dobbin (Bar-at-Law), Coroner of Calcutta.

R. Sheefshanks, C.S., (Bar-at-Law), Registrar and Taxing Officer, Appellate Side.—Pay Rs. 1,700.

D. White (Bar-at-Law), Depy. Supt. and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs do.

The Hon. B. L. Gupta, C.S., do do do.—Pay Rs. 3,000.

C. E. Grey (Bar-at-Law), Editor of Law Reports.

Ramcharn Mitra, Senior Government Pleader.—Pay Rs. 900.

COURT OF SMALL CAUSES, CALCUTTA.

A. P. Handley (Bar-at-Law), Chief Judge.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

E. W. Ormrod (Bar-at-Law), Second Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,400.

Abdul Hassan (Bar-at-Law), Third Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,300.

A. F. M. Abdur Rahman, Khan Bahadur (Bar-at-Law), Fourth Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,125.

C. D. Panioty (Bar-at-Law), Fifth Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

F. K. Dobbin (Bar-at-Law), Registrar and Chief Ministerial Officer, with powers of a Judge.—Pay Rs. 750.

GOVERNORS AND GOVERNORS-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Names.	Assumed charge.	REMARKS.
Mr. William Hedges ...	July. 1682	
Mr. William Gyfford ...	Aug. 1684	
Sir Charles Eyre ...	26 May 1700	
Mr. John Beard ...	7 Jan. 1701	
Mr. Anthony Weltdon ...	20 July 1710	
Mr. John Russell ...	4 Mar. 1711	
Mr. Robert Hedges ...	3 Dec. 1713	
Mr. Samuel Feake ...	12 Jan. 1718	
Mr. John Deane ...	17 Jan. 1723	
Mr. Henry Efrankland ...	30 Jan. 1726	
Mr. John Stockhouse ...	25 Feb. 1732	
Mr. Thomas Braddyll ...	29 Jan. 1739	
Mr. John Forster ...	4 Feb. 1746	
Mr. William Barwell ...	18 Apl. 1748	
Mr. Adam Dawson ...	17 July 1749	
Mr. William Fytch ...	5 July 1762	
Mr. Robert Drake ...	8 Aug. 1762	
Colonel Robert Clive ...	27 June 1758	
Mr. J. Z. Holwell ...	27 Jan. 1760	
Mr. Henry Vansittart ...	27 July 1760	
Mr. John Spencer ...	30 Dec. 1764	

His Majesty's Forces in Egypt.

Commanding ... Major-Genl. J. R. Slade, c.B.
Aide-de-Camp ... Lieut. R. B. Brassey, 17th Lancers.
Chief Staff Officer, graded as Asst. ... Col. G. M. Bullock, c.B.
Adjt.-General ... Major A. H. C. Kenney-Herbert, Northampton Regt.
Dy. Asst. Quartermaster General ... Captain H. B. Protheroe-Smith, 21st Lancers.
Staff Captain ... Lt.-Col. G. F. W. St. John, R.G.A.
Officer Commanding R. A. ... Col. W. A. May, c.B., R.A.M.C.
Principal Medical Officer ... Lt.-Col. J. L. Irvine, R.E.
Commanding R. E. ... Lt.-Col. G. R. Atkinson.
Chief Ordnance Officer ... Major E. J. Lawson, A. V. Dept.
Senior Veterinary Officer ...

The following is a list of Colonial Treasurers, District Paymasters and other Imperial Agents in the Chief Colonies of Great Britain.

Station.	Designation of Agent and Station.
Bahamas...	The Receiver General and Treasurer, Nassau Bahamas.
Barbados (including British Guiana, Trinidad, &c.)	The District Paymaster, Barbados.
Bermuda...	The District Paymaster, Bermuda.
British Columbia	The Naval Storekeeper, Esquimalt Yard, British Columbia.
British Honduras	The Colonial Treasurer, Belize, British Honduras.
Dominion of Canada (except British Columbia) and Newfoundland	The District Paymaster, Halifax, Nova Scotia.
Cape of Good Hope	Ditto. Cape Town.
Ceylon	Ditto. Ceylon.
Cyprus	Ditto. Cyprus.
Falkland Islands	The Colonial Treasurer, Falkland Islands.
Fiji Islands	The Governor, Fiji Islands.
Gambia	The Colonial Treasurer, Gambia, West Africa.
Gibraltar	The District Paymaster, Gibraltar.
Gold Coast	The Colonial Treasurer, Accra, West Africa.
Hong Kong	The District Paymaster, Hong Kong.
Jamaica	Ditto. Jamaica.
Lagos	The Colonial Treasurer, Lagos, West Africa.
Malta	The District Paymaster, Malta.
Mauritius	Ditto. Mauritius.
Natal	Ditto. Pietermaritzburg, Natal.
New South Wales	The Colonial Treasurer, Sydney, New South Wales.
New Zealand	Ditto. Wellington, New Zealand.
Nova Scotia	Included in the Dominion of Canada (see above).
Queensland	The Colonial Treasurer, Brisbane, Queensland.
Sierra Leone	The Acting District Paymaster, Sierra Leone, West Africa.
South Australia	The Colonial Treasurer, Adelaide, South Australia.
St. Helena	The Acting District Paymaster, St. Helena.
Straits Settlements	The District Paymaster, Straits Settlements.
Tasmania	The Agent for Imperial Expenditure, Hobart, Tasmania.
Transvaal	The District Paymaster, Pietermaritzburg, Natal.
Vancouver's Island	The Naval Storekeeper, Esquimalt Yard, British Columbia.
Victoria	The Colonial Treasurer, Melbourne, Victoria.
Western Australia	Ditto. Perth, Western Australia.

MILITARY ATTACHES TO EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS AT FOREIGN COURTS.

Lt.-Col. C. A. Lamb...	Rome—5th February 1901.
Lt.-Col. Hon. E. J. Montagu-Stuart-Wortley, C.M.G., D.S.O.	Paris—13th July 1901.
Major (Tempy. Lt.-Col.) F. R. Maunsell, R.A.	Constantinople—29th January 1902.
Major (Tempy. Lt.-Col.) W. E. Fairholme, C.M.G., R.A.	Vienna { Bucharest { Belgrade { Cettigne { 14th April 1902.
Lieut.-Col. A. E. W. Gleichen, Count, C.V.O., C.M.G., D.S.O.	Berlin—15th Oct. 1903.
Major (Tempy. Lt.-Col.) H. D. Napier, I.A.	St. Petersburg—19th May 1903.
Major (Tempy. Lt.-Col.) C. V. Hume, D.S.O., R.A.	Tokio { Korea { 17th July 1903.
Lt.-Col. C. M. Ducat, I.S.C.	Peking—5th May 1902.
Major (Tempy. Lt.-Col.) N. W. Barnardiston, Midx. Regt.	Brussels { The Hague { Copenhagen { Stockholm { 17th March 1902.
Lt.-Col. H. J. Foster, R.E.	Washington—28th Jan. 1903.
Major (Tempy. Lt.-Col.) J. A. Douglas, I.A.	Teheran—1st Jan. 1903.

NATIVE INDIAN PRINCES.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).

His Highness Asaf Jah, Muzaffar-ul-Mulk, Muzaffar-ul-Mamalik, Nizam-ul-Mulk Nizam-ud-Daula, Nawab Mir Mahbub Ali Khan Bahadur Fattah Jung, G.C.B., G.C.S.I. the Nizam of Hyderabad, was, on attaining his majority, invested with full powers of Administration on the 5th February 1884.

His Highness has now only one son living,—the eldest, Sahibzada, Nawab Mir Osman Ali Khan Bahadur, was born on the 6th April 1886.

MYSORE.

His Highness Sri Krishna Raja Wodeyar Bahadur, Maharajah of Mysore, born 4th June 1884, installed 1st February 1895. Assumed the reins of Government on 8th August 1902.

THE CARNATIC FAMILY.

Azim Jah, Umdat-ul-umra, Siraj-ul-umra, Madar-ul-mulk, Umdat-ul-mulk, Azim-ud-daulah, Siraj-ud-daulah, Asad-ud-daulat-ul-angliz, Ghulam Muhammad Ali Khan Bahadur, Zulfiqar Jang, Sipah Salar, Amir-i-Arkāt, Prince of Arcot.

Nawab Ghulam Muhammad Ghaus Khan Bahadur and Abdul-Ali Khan Bahadur, brothers of the Prince of Arcot.

TRAVANCORE.

His Highness Sri Padmanābha Dāsa Vanchi Bāla Sir Rāma Varmā Kulasekhara Kīrtipati Manney Sultān Maharāja Rāja Rāmarāja Bahadur Shamsher Jang, Knight Grand Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Knight Grand Commander of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, Fellow of the Madras University, Member of the Royal Asiatic Society, London, Officier de l'Instruction Publique, Maharaja of Travancore, born 25th September 1857, ascended the Masnad 19th August 1885.

Grand Nieces of the Maharaja.—Her Highness Sētu Lakshmi Bāyi, Senior Rānee of Travancore, born 19th November 1895; Her Highness Sētu Parvathi Bāyi, Junior Rānee of Travancore, born 8th November 1896.

Brother-in-law of the Maharaja.—Kerala Varma, C.S.I., F.M.U., M.R.A.S., F.R.H.S., Valiya Kōil Tampuran, married to H. H. the late Senior Rani.

COCHIN.

His Highness Sir Rama Varmah, G.C.S.I., F.M.U., Raja of Cochin, born 27th December 1852, ascended the Masnad 23rd October 1895.

Cousin of H. H. the Rajah.—H. H. Rama Varma, Elaya Raja of Cochin, born 6th October 1858.

There are 57 Princes, the cousins and nephews of H. H. the Raja.

Aunt.—Her Highness Valia Amma Tampuran, born 5th July 1840.

There are 12 female cousins and 53 nieces of H. H. the Raja.

PUDUKOTA.

His Highness Sree Brahadamba Das Raja Marthanda Bhairava Tondiman Bahadur, Raja of Pudukottai, born 25th Nov. 1875, succeeded to the Chiefship 16th April 1886, and invested with the powers of Administration 27th November 1894.

BANGANAPALLE.

Nawab Saiyid Fath' Ali Khan Bahadur, C.S.I., Nawab of Banganapalle, born in 1849, ascended the Masnad 6th February 1869,—has three sons, one daughter and one brother.

SANDUR.

Raja Srimant Venkat Rao Sahib, Hindu Rao, Ghorapade, Mamtukat-madar, Senapati, Raja of Sandur, born 10th July 1892, succeeded to the Chiefship on 4th December 1892 and recognised 5th April 1893.

Paternal uncle of the Chief.—Srimant Maloji Rao Bala Sahib Ghorapade.

Mother of the Chief.—Ranee Rukma Bai Sahib, daughter of Kasi Rao, connected by marriage with the Baroda family.

Step-mother of the Chief.—Ranee Lakshmi Bai Sahib.

Paternal aunt of the Chief.—Ranee Sundara Bai Sahib (widow of Raja Sivashanmukha Rao, Ghorpade).

Paternal aunt of the Chief.—Parwati Bai Sahib.

Step-sister of the Chief.—Shaba Bai Sahib, married to Govinda Rao Bapu Sahib, Sind.

Deewan.—M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur T. Kothandarama Naidu Garu.

TANJORE.

Widows of His late Highness Maharaja Siraji, who died in 1855:—(1) H. H. Matusri Gourāmbā Bai Sahib; (2) H. H. Matusri Jijāmbā Bai Sahib; (3) H. H. Matusri Ramakumārāmbā Bai Sahib; (4) H. H. Matusri Dipāmbā Bai Sahib.

Kōil Tampuran, married to the late Junior Rani. Raja Raja Varma, Kuchu.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

His Excellency The Right Honorable GEORGE NATHANIEL Baron CURZON of Kedleston, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., took his seat, 6th January 1899 (Calcutta).—Pay Rs. 20,900.

VICEREGAL COUNCIL.

EXTRAORDINARY MEMBER.

His Excellency General Sir Arthur Power Palmer, K.C.B., G.C.I.E., S.C., Commander-in-Chief, took his seat, 19th March 1900 (Calcutta).—Pay Rs. 8,833-5-4.

ORDINARY MEMBERS.—Pay Rs. 6,666-10-8.

The Hon. Mr. T. Raleigh, C.S.I. (*Bar-at-Law*), took his seat, 3rd April 1899.

„ Sir E. F. Law, K.C.M.G., took his seat, 31st March 1900.

„ Major-General Sir Edmond Roche Elles, K.C.B., S.C., took his seat, 11th April 1901.

„ Mr. A. T. Arundel, C.I.E., C.S., took his seat, 18th May 1901.

„ „ D. C. Jelf Ibbetson, C.S.I., 5th March 1902.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS TO MAKE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

His Honor the Lieut.-Governor of the Punjab, M.A., K.C.S.I., C.S.

His Honor the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, K.C.S.I., C.S.

The Hon. Mr. Rai Sri Ram Bahadur, 2nd October 1902.

„ „ G. K. Gokhale, B.A., 22nd May 1903.

„ „ G. Ananda Charulu, C.I.E., Vidia Vinothini Rai Bahadur, 18th Oct. 1901.

„ „ Saiyid Husain Bilgrami, 20th November 1901.

„ „ G. C. Whitworth, C.S., 8th August 1902.

„ „ A. W. Cruickshank, C.S.I., C.S., 31st October 1902.

„ „ L. P. Pugh.

„ „ Rao Bahadur B. K. Bose, C.I.E.

„ The Maharajah of Durbhanga.

„ H. H. Rajah Sundra Birkram Prakash Bahadur, K.C.S.I.

„ Agha Sir Sultan Mahammad Shah Agah Khan, G.C.I.E.

„ Mr. E. Cable, 2nd July 1903.

„ Nawab Saiyid Muhammad Sahib Bahadur, 13th Nov. 1903.

„ Mr. F. S. P. Lely, C.S.I., C.S., 25th Nov. 1903.

„ H. Adamson, C.S.I., C.S., 25th Nov. 1903.

„ „ S. Pedler, C.I.E., 25th Nov. 1903.

„ „ T. Morison, 25th Nov. 1903.

„ Dr. Ramakrishna Gopal Bhandarkar, C.I.E., 25th Nov. 1903.

„ Mr. J. B. Bilderbeck, M.A., 25th Nov. 1903.

„ D. M. Hamilton, 30th Nov. 1903.

J. M. Macpherson (*Bar-at-Law*), C.S.I., Secy. to the Council.—Pay Rs. 3,500.

H. W. C. Caraduff, C.S., Depy. Secretary.—Pay Rs. 2,000.

J. G. Morrison (*Bar-at-Law*), Personal Assistant.—Pay Rs. 600.

A. B. Wilson, Registrar.—Pay Rs. 400.

PERSONAL STAFF OF THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Sir Walter Roper Lawrence, Esq., K.C.I.E., Private Secretary (Calcutta).—Pay Rs. 2,000.
Bt. Lt.-Col. the Hon'ble E. Baring, C.V.O., 10th Hussars, Military Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,500.

Capt. R. G. T. Baker-Carr, M.V.O., Rifle Brigade.

Capt. C. Wigram, M.V.O., 18th B. L.

Major F. L. Adam, 3rd Bn. Scots Guards.

Lieut. V. A. S. Keighley, 18th Lan.

} Aides-de-Camp.

EXTRA AIDES-DE-CAMP.

Capt. H. M. P. Suffolk, Earl of, 4th Bn. Gloucester. Regt.
 Major A. V. Poynter, D.S.O., late Scots Guards.
 Lieut. Hon'ble C. M. Hore-Ruthven, D.S.O., R. Highlanders.
 Risaldar-Major Hukam Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, 16th B. L., Native Aide-de-Camp.
 Debi-dayal Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, Governor-General's Body Guard,
 Native Aide-de-Camp.
 Capt. W. E. A. Armstrong, I.M.S., Surgeon.

HONORARY AIDES-DE-CAMP.

Col. A. Mears, late E.I.R., V.R.C., V.D. ... 27th January 1894.
 Hony.-Col. T. R. Wynne, B.N. Railway Vols. ... 1st do. 1895.
 Lt.-Col. C. E. Phipps, Madras Railway Vols. ... 2nd June 1897.
 D. P. Masson, V.D., C.I.E., 1st P.V.R. ... do.
 Capt. W. S. Goodridge, R.N., C.I.E. ... 14th October 1898.
 Col. H. Goad ... 3rd June 1899.
 Hon. Lt.-Col. J. J. Holdsworth, C.I.E., Gorakhpur L.H. ... do.
 Lt.-Col. A. W. B. Kirwan, Assam Valley Lt. Horse, V.D. ... 7th July 1899.
 Commander E. W. Petley, C.I.E. (Retired), Royal Navy, Comdt.,
 Calcutta Port Defence Vols. Corps. ... 9th Nov. 1901.
 Hon. Major Thomas Withey Cuffe, Comdt., Bombay Light Horse.... do.

HONORARY NATIVE AIDES-DE-CAMP.

Subadar-Major Tara Singh (Hony.-Capt.), *Sardar Bahadur*, late 45th
 Sikhs. ... 6th January 1899.
 Risaldar-Major (Hony.-Capt.) Wali Mahummad, *Sardar Bahadur*,
 Governor-General's Body Guard.

HONORARY SURGEONS.

Surgeon-General D. Sinclair, M.B., C.S.I., I.M.S. ... 6th January 1899.
 Col. S. H. Browne, M.D., C.I.E., I.M.S. ... do.
 Surgeon-Genl. W. F. Burnett, R.A.M.C. ... 3rd June 1899.
 Col. J. T. B. Bookey, C.S., I.M.S. ... do.
 Lt.-Col. W. K. Hatch, I.M.S. (Do.) ... do.
 Lt.-Col. F. F. Perry, I.M.S. ... 9th Nov. 1901.
 Surgeon-Genl. Sir B. Franklin, K.C.I.E., I.M.S. ... 1st December 1901.

HONORARY ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

Assistant Surgeon E. McKenzie (Bo.) ... 6th January 1899.
 Do. Charles Arthur Lafrenais (M.) ... do.
 Do. Nriya Lal Basak (C.P.) ... do.
 Do. Maung Tha Nu, A. T. B. (Bur.) ... do.
 Senior Assistant Surgeon Atta Mahummad, Khan Bahadur ... 29th May 1903.
 1st Grade Assistant Surgeon DeVendro Nath Roy ... do.
 Senior Assistant Surgeon Mohendra, Nath Ohdedar, Rai Bahadur ... do.

SECRETARIES TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

E. N. Baker, C.S.I., C.S. ... Secretary.—Rs. 4,000.
 H. J. McIntosh, C.S. ... Deputy Secretary.—Rs. 2,250.
 R. A. Mant, B.A. ... Under Secretary.—Rs. 1,300.
 H. N. Heselino ... Assistant Secretary.—Rs. 750—50—1,000.—
 On furlo.
 R. Waterfield, B.A. ... Offg. Assistant Secretary.—Rs. 750.
 J. McCann ... Registrar.—Rs. 600—50—700.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

H. H. Risley, C.S. ... Secretary.—Rs. 4,000.
 A. Williams, C.S., L.L.M. ... Deputy Secretary.—Rs. 2,000 On dep.
 R. Nathan, B.A., C.I.E. ... Offg. Deputy Secretary.—Rs. 2,000.
 W. S. Marris, B.A., C.S. ... Under Secretary.—Rs. 1,300.
 S. C. Hill, B.A., C.S. ... Asst. Secretary.—Rs. 1,200 + 150.
 C. R. Wilson, M.A. ... Offg. Asst. Secretary.—Rs. 2,000 + 100.
 J. L. Milne ... Registrar.—Rs. 700.

Governors and Governors-General of India—conold.

Names.	Assumed charge.	REMARKS.
Lord Clive	30 May 1765	
Mr. Harry Verelst	29 Jan. 1767	
Mr. John Cartier	26 Dec. 1769	
The Right Hon'ble Warren Hastings	20 Oct. 1774	Was Governor of Bengal from 13th April 1772 and assumed charge as first Governor-General under Act passed in 1773 (18 Geo. III. Ch. 63).
Sir John Macpherson, Bart.	8 Feb. 1785	
Earl Cornwallis, K.G.	12 Sept. 1786	Also Commander-in-Chief.
Sir John Shore, Bart.	28 Oct. 1793	
Lient.-Genl. The Hon'ble Sir Alured Clarke, K.C.B.	17 Mar. 1798	Officiating.
Marquis of Wellesley	18 May 1798	
Marquis Cornwallis, K.G.	30 July 1805	Also Commander-in-Chief. Died at Ghazipur, 5th October 1805. Confirmed 11th July 1806.
Sir George Barlow, Bart., K.C.B.	10 Oct. 1805	
The Earl of Minto	31 July 1807	
Marquis of Hastings, G.C.B.	4 Oct. 1813	Also Commander-in-Chief.
Mr. John Adam	13 Jan. 1823	Officiating.
The Earl of Amherst	1 Aug. 1823	
Mr. Butterworth Bayley	13 Mar. 1828	Officiating.
Lord William Bentinck, G.C.B.	4 July 1828	
Sir Charles Metcalfe, Bart., G.C.B.	20 Mar. 1835	Officiating.
The Earl of Auckland, G.C.B.	4 Mar. 1836	
The Earl of Ellenborough	28 Feb. 1842	
Lord Hardinge, G.C.B.	23 July 1844	
Marquis of Dalhousie, K.T.	12 Jan. 1848	
Earl Canning, G.C.B., K.S.I.	29 Feb. 1856	
The Earl of Elgin, K.T., G.C.B.	12 Mar. 1862	Died at Dharmasala, 20th November 1862.
Major-Genl. the Hon'ble Sir Robert Napier, K.C.B.	21 Nov. 1863	Officiating.
Colonel Sir William Denison, K.C.B.	2 Dec. 1863	Officiating.
Sir John Lawrence, G.C.S.I., G.C.B.	12 Jan. 1864	
The Earl of Mayo, K.P.	12 Jan. 1869	Assassinated at Port Blair, 8th February 1872.
The Hon'ble Mr. John Strachey	9 Feb. 1872	Officiating.
Lord Napier of Merchistoun, K.T.	23 Feb. 1872	Officiating.
Lord Northbrook, G.C.S.I.	3 May 1872	
Lord Lytton, G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E.	12 Apl. 1876	
Marquis of Ripon, K.G., P.C.	8 June 1880	
The Earl of Dufferin, K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., P.C., F.R.S., D.C.S.	13 Dec. 1884	
Marquess of Lansdowne, G.M.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.I.E.	10 Dec. 1888	
The Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, P.C., L.L.D.	27 Jan. 1894	
George Nathaniel Baron Curzon of Kedleston, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E.	6 Jan. 1899	

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

COUNCIL OF FORT SAINT GEORGE—GOVERNMENT OFFICE.

His Excellency The Right Hon'ble ARTHUR OLIVER VILLIERS, Baron AMPHILL, G.C.I.E., Governor and President in Council. Took his seat, 23th December 1900.

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.

The Honourable Sir JAMES THOMSON, M.A., C.S.I., I.C.S., Second in Council. On leave.
 " Mr. GABRIEL STOKES, B.A. C.S.I., I.C.S., Do. (Temp.).
 " G. S. Forbes, M.A., I. C. S., Third in Council (Temp.).

PERSONAL STAFF OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

L. M. Wynch, Esq., B.A., I.C.S., Private Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 Captain W. MacL. Campbell, Royal Highlanders, Military Secretary—(On leave).
 Captain R. D'A. Fife, The Princess of Wales' Own (Yorkshire Regt.), Aide-de-Camp—
 Ag. as Military Secretary.
 Captain R. H. Dick-Cuningham, Aide-de-Camp.
 Captain R. L. Mathews, Extra Aide-de-Camp.
 Lieut. the Hon. H. C. Vane, Extra Aide-de-Camp.
 Lieut. A. F. Hartley, Ag. Aide-de-Camp.
 Subadar-Major Shaikh Farid Bahadur, 1st Madras Lancers, Native Aide-de-Camp.
 Major W. Molesworth, M.B., I.M.S., Surgeon. (On furlough.)
 Major G. G. Giffard, I.M.S., Acting Surgeon.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS OF COUNCIL FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

OFFICIAL MEMBERS.

The Honourable Mr. J. E. P. Wallis (Bar-at-Law), Advocate-General.
 " " J. B. Bilderbeck, M.A., Principal, Presidency College.
 " " M. Hammick, C.I.E., I.C.S., Ag. Chief Secretary to Government.
 " " C. J. Weir, I.C.S., Member, Board of Revenue.
 " " H. A. Sim, C.I.E., I.C.S., Member, Board of Revenue.
 " " A. E. Castle Stuart Stuart, I.C.S., Ag. Member, Board of Revenue.
 " " J. Twigg, I.C.S., Collector of Sea Customs, Madras.
 " " R. V. Srinivasa Aiyar M.A., Diwan Bahadur, Insp.-General of
 Registration.
 " " J. N. Atkinson, I.C.S., Ag. Secy. to Govt., Rev. Dept.
 " " A. G. Bourne, D.Sc., F.R.S., Director of Public Instruction.

NON-OFFICIAL MEMBERS.

The Honourable Nawab Saiyid Muhammad Sahib Bahadur.
 " Mr. G. L. Acworth.
 " Maharaja Sri Rao Sir Venkatasvetachalapati Ranga Rao Bahadur,
 K.C.I.E., The Maharaja of Bobbili.
 " L. A. Govindaraghava Aiyar.
 " C. Sankaran Nayar.
 " K. Vasudeva Aiyangar.
 " Mr. H. Scott.
 " R. N. Prakasa Mudaliyar.
 " G. Srinivasa Rao.
 " M. Krishnan Nayar.

GOVERNORS OF FORT ST. GEORGE.

Names.	Assumed charge.	REMARKS.
Mr. Aaron Baker ...	1 Sept. 1652	
Sir Thomas Chamber ...	1659	
Sir Edward Winter, Kt. ...	1661	
Mr. George Foxcroft ...	June 1665	Imprisoned by Sir Edward Winter.
Sir Edward Winter, Kt. ...	16 Sept. 1665	
Mr. George Foxcroft ...	22 Aug. 1668	
Sir William Langhorn, Bart. ...	1670	
Mr. Streynsham Master ...	27 Jan. 1678	
Mr. William Gyfford ...	3 July 1681	
Mr. Elihu Yale ...	8 Aug. 1684	Acting.
Mr. William Gyfford ...	26 Jan. 1685	
Mr. Elihu Yale ...	25 July 1687	
Mr. Nathaniel Higginson ...	23 Oct. 1692	
Mr. Thomas Pitt ...	7 July 1698	
Mr. Gulstone Addison ...	18 Sept. 1709	Died at Madras, 17th Oct. [1709.]
Mr. Edmond Montague ...	17 Oct. 1709	Acting.
Mr. William Fraser ...	3 Nov. 1709	Acting.
Mr. Edward Harrison ...	11 July 1711	
Mr. Joseph Collet ...	8 Jan. 1717	

Governors of Fort St. George—contd.

Names.	Assumed charge.	REMARKS.
Mr. Francis Hastings ...	18 Jan. 1720	Acting.
Mr. Nathaniel Elwick ...	15 Oct. 1721	
Mr. James Macrae ...	15 Jan. 1725	
Mr. George Morton Pitt ...	14 May 1730	
Mr. Richard Benyon ...	23 Jan. 1735	
Mr. Nicholas Morse ...	17 Jan. 1744	Fort St. George captured, 10th Sept. 1746.
Mr. John Hinde ...	.....	Deputy Governor of Fort St. David. Appointed President and Governor 24 Jan. 1747, but died before receipt of despatch.
Mr. Charles Floyer ...	16 Apl. 1747	Dismissed 6 July 1750.
Mr. Thomas Saunders ...	19 Sept. 1750	Seat of Government re-established at Fort St. George, 5 Apl. 1752.
Mr. George Pigot ...	14 Jan. 1755	Afterwards Lord Pigot.
Mr. Robert Palk ...	14 Nov. 1763	
Mr. Charles Bouchier ...	25 Jan. 1767	
Mr. Josias Du Pre ...	31 Jan. 1770	
Mr. Alexander Wynch ...	2 Feb. 1773	
Lord Pigot ...	11 Dec. 1775	Placed under arrest by majority of his Council, 24 Aug. 1776.
Mr. George Stratton ...	23 Aug. 1776	Suspd. from the Service.
Mr. John Whitehill ...	31 Aug. 1777	Acting.
Mr. Thomas Rumbold ...	8 Feb. 1778	
Mr. John Whitehill ...	6 Apl. 1780	Acting. Suspended.
Mr. Charles Smith ...	8 Nov. 1780	Acting.
Lord Macartney ...	22 June 1781	
Mr. Alexander Davidson ...	18 June 1785	Acting.
Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K.B. ...	6 Apl. 1786	Also Commr.-in-Chief.
Mr. John Holland ...	7 Feb. 1789	Acting.
Mr. Edward John Holland ...	13 Feb. 1789	Acting.
Major-General William Medows ...	20 Feb. 1790	Also Commr.-in-Chief.
Sir Charles Oakley, Bart. ...	1 Aug. 1792	
Lord Hobart ...	7 Sept. 1794	
Lieutenant-General George Harris ...	21 Feb. 1798	Acting.
Lord Clive ...	21 Aug. 1798	
Lord William Cavendish Bentinck ...	30 Aug. 1803	
Mr. William Petrie ...	11 Sept. 1807	Acting.
Sir George Hilario Barlow, Bart., K.C.B. ...	24 Dec. 1807	
Lt.-Genl. the Hon. John Abercromby ...	21 May 1813	Commander-in-Chief and temporary Governor.
Mr. Hugh Elliot ...	16 Sept. 1814	
Maj.-Genl. Sir Thomas Munro, Bart., K.B.C. ...	10 June 1820	Died at Pattikonda, 6 July 1827.
Mr. Henry Sullivan Grane ...	10 July 1827	Acting.
Mr. Stephen Rumbold Lushington ...	18 Oct. 1827	
Lt.-Genl. Sir Frederick Adam, K.C.B. ...	25 Oct. 1832	
Mr. George Edward Russell ...	4 Mar. 1837	Acting.
Lord Elphinstone, G.C.H. ...	6 Mar. 1837	
The Marquis of Tweeddale, K.T. ...	24 Sept. 1842	Was also Commander-in-Chief.
Mr. Henry Dickinson ...	23 Feb. 1848	Acting.
Major-Genl. Sir Henry Pottinger ...	7 Apl. 1848	
Mr. Daniel Elliott ...	24 Apl. 1854	Acting.
Lord Harris ...	28 Apl. 1854	
Sir Charles Edward Trevelyan, K.C.N. ...	28 Mar. 1859	
Mr. William Ambrose Morehead ...	8 June 1860	Acting.
Sir Henry George Ward, K.T. ...	5 July 1860	Died at Madras, 6 August 1860.
Mr. William Ambrose Morehead ...	4 Aug. 1860	Acting.
Col. Sir William Thomas Denison, K.C.B. ...	18 Feb. 1861	Acting.

Governors of Fort St. George—concl'd.

Name.	Assumed charge.	REMARKS.
Mr. Edward Maltby ...	26 Nov. 1863	
Lord Napier of Merchistoun, K.T. ...	27 Mar. 1866	
Mr. Alexander John Arbuthnot, C.S.I. ...	19 Feb. 1872	Acting.
Lord Hobart ...	15 May 1872	Died at Madras, 27 April 1875.
Mr. William Rose Robinson, C.S.I. ...	29 Apl. 1875	Acting.
The Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, G.C.S.I. ...	23 Nov. 1875	
Mr. William Patrick Adam ...	20 Dec. 1880	Died at Ootacamund, 24 May 1881.
Mr. William Hudleston, C.S.I. ...	24 May 1881	Acting.
Mr. Mountstuart Elphinstone Grant Duff ...	5 Nov. 1881	
The Hon'ble Robert Bourke, G.C.I.E. ...	8 Dec. 1886	Created Baron Connelmara.
Mr. John Henry Garstin, C.S.I. ...	1 Dec. 1890	Acting.
Lord Wenlock, G.C.I.E. ...	23 Jan. 1891	
Sir Arthur Elibank Havelock, G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E. ...	18 Mar. 1896	
His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Arthur Oliver Villiers, Baron Ampthill, G.C.I.E. ...	28 Dec. 1900	

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT.

COUNCIL OF BOMBAY.

His Excellency Lord Lamington, Governor and President in Council. Took his seat 12th December 1903.—Pay Rs. 10,000.

The Hon. Mr. E. McG. H. Fulton, C.S., Second Member of Council. Took his seat, 24th April 1902.—Pay Rs. 5,333-5-4.

The Hon. Mr. J. W. P. Muir-Mackenzie, M.R.A.C., C.S., Third Member in Council. Took his seat, 6th September 1903.—Pay Rs. 5,333-5-4.

PERSONAL STAFF OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

P. J. Mead, C.S., Private Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,500.

Lieut.-Col. R. Owen, late 21st Empress of India Lancers, Military Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

Captain J. A. Stewart-Balmain, 15th (The King's) Hussars, Aide-de-Camp.

Lieut. E. H. Bayford, D.Sc., 18th Hussars, Aide-de-Camp.

Lieut. H. Meynell, 2nd Battalion, The Suffolk Regiment, Extra Aide-de-Camp.

Surgeon-Major W. C. Beevor, M.B., C.M.G., Medical Officer.—Pay Rs. 1,000 also acting as Military Secretary.

Major J. H. Pollard, 5th Bombay Cavalry, Commandant, H. E. the Governor's Body Guard.

Capt. J. H. Crawford, 2nd Bombay Lancers, Adjutant to H. E. the Governor's Body Guard.

Risaldar Bahadur Shaik Abdul Hamid, Native Aide-de-Camp.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR

FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The Honourable Sir A. A. Shahwain Talpur, 27th July 1903.

" Mr. G. K. Parekh, B.A., LL.B., 27th July 1903.

" P. M. Mehta, C.I.E., M.A. (Bar.-at-Law), 27th January 1902.

" Rao Bahadur Chudinal Venilal, C.I.E., 23rd July 1902.

" Ibrahim Rohimstool, 21st November 1901.

" L. M. Moses, 10th February 1902.

" Basil Scott, B.A., Advocate-General, 20th July 1903.

" D. A. Khare, B.A., LL.B., 11th July 1903.

The Honourable Mr. J. Tate, M.I.C.E., 30th October 1901.

" Hari S. Dikshit, B.A., LL.B., 20th December 1901.

" W. C. Hughes, C.I.E., F.K.C.M., 29th January 1902.

" S. W. Edgerley, C.I.E., C.S., 4th June 1902.

" S. Rabsach, 4th June 1902.

" N. D. Khandalavala, B.A., LL.B., 26th January 1903.

" J. Moncrieff Dick, 27th January 1903.

" E. L. Cappel, C.I.E., C.S., 4th February 1903.

" W. T. O'Brian, 22nd September 1903.

" C. H. Setalvad, B.A., LL.B., 1st July 1903.

" A. D. Younghusband, C.S., 20th July 1903.

" V. D. Thackersay, 20th August 1903.

" Bala Sahib Patwardan, 22nd September 1903.

" T. K. Boyd.

SECRETARIES AND UNDER-SECRETARIES, &c., TO GOVERNMENT.

W. T. Morison, C.S., Sub. *pro tem.* Revenue, Financial and Separate Legislative Departments.—Pay Rs. 3,750.

G. F. Keatinge, C.S., Under-Secretary, Revenue, Financial and Separate Departments.—Pay Rs. 1,250.

Khan Bahadur M. K. Nariman, B.A., Asst. Secretary to Government, Finance Department.—Pay Rs. 600—20—700.

The Hon. S. W. Edgerley, C.S., C.I.E., Sub. *pro tem.* Chief Secretary, Political, Judicial and Legislative Departments.—Pay Rs. 3,750.

H. D. Rondall, C.S., Under-Secy., Polt., Judl. and Educl. Depts., and Secretary to the Council of H. E. the Governor for making Laws and Regulations.—Pay Rs. 1,250.

W. S. Mongan, Asst. Secretary, Political Department.—Pay Rs. 600—20—700.

J. Bocarro, Junior Assistant Secretary in the Judicial and Legislative Departments.—Pay Rs. 450—25—600.

C. G. H. Fawcett, C.S., Acting Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.—Salary Rs. 1,850.

H. O. Quinn, C.S., Secretary to Government, Educational, General, Marine and Ecclesiastical Departments.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

A. R. King, Asst. Secretary.—Pay Rs. 650 + Rs. 50 (as Marriage Registrar).

Hon. Mr. J. Tate, M.I.C.E., Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

H. O. B. Showbridge, Under-Secretary to Government, Public Works Department.—Pay Rs. 700.—H. R. Rs. 45; Local allowance Rs. 100 + Presidency allowance Rs. 100.

J. D. Kolatkar, Asst. Secretary to Government, Public Works Department.—Pay Rs. 600.

G. A. Anderson, Consulting Engineer for Railways and Secretary to Government, Railway Department.—Pay Rs. 1,800 and H. R. 60.

ECCLESIASTICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

The Right Rev. J. MacArthur, D.D., Bishop of Bombay.—Pay Rs. 2,133-5-4.

Rev. W. E. Scott, M.A., Archdeacon and Commissary.—Special allowance Rs. 266-10-8.

J. C. G. Bowen, Registrar of the Diocese.—Pay Rs. 150.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

CHIEF JUSTICE.

The Hon. Sir L. H. Jenkins, Kt. (Bar.-at-Law), M.A., OXON.—Pay Rs. 5,000.

PUISNE JUDGES.

The Hon. Hadroodin Tyabji (Bar.-at-Law) ... Pay Rs. 4,000.

" L. P. Russell (Bar.-at-Law) ... " 4,000.

" W. H. Crowe (Bar.-at-Law) ... " 4,000.

" N. G. Chandawarkar, B.A., LL.B. ... " 4,000.

" H. Batty, M.A. (Bar.-at-Law), C.S. ... " 4,000.

" B. F. Aston (Bar.-at-Law), C.S., Officiating ... " 4,000.

GOVERNMENT LAW OFFICERS.

The Hon'ble B. Scott, B.A., Advocate-General.—Pay Rs. 2,000 + 200 Office allowance.

" G. C. Whitworth, C.S., Remembrancer for Legal Affairs.—Pay Rs. 2,400.

F. K. Boyd, C.S., Assistant Remembrancer for Legal Affairs.—Pay Rs. 1,200.

E. F. Nicholson, Government Solicitor and Public Prosecutor.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

V. J. Kirtikar, Government Pleader.—Pay Rs. 300.

L. W. G. Rivett-Carnac (Bar.-at-Law), Administrator General.—Pay Rs. 250.

H. C. Kirkpatrick (Bar.-at-Law), Reporter to the High Court.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

SMALL CAUSE COURT.

BOMBAY.

- G. W. Chitty, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Chief Judge.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 Khan Bahadur R. M. Patel, M.A., LL.B., Second Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,350.
 „ Kharshedji, Maneekji Kharshedji, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Third Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,150.
 „ Muhammad Hussain Hakim (*Bar-at-Law*), Fourth Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 „ J. E. Modi, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Fifth Judge.—Pay Rs. 800.

POONA.

- P. V. Gupte, Judge.—Pay Rs. 800.

AHMEDABAD.

- L. P. Purika, Judge.—Pay Rs. 800.

SURAT AND BROACH.

- Rao Bahadur N. N. Nanavati, B.A., LL.B., Judge.—Pay Rs. 800.

KARACHI.

- E. Vander Straten.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

OFFICERS OF THE COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

- J. C. E. Branson, C.S., Accountant-General.
 A. K. Oliver, M.A., Master and Registrar in Equity and Commissioner for taking Accounts and Local Investigations and Taxing Officer.—Pay Rs. 1,700.
 L. N. Banaji (*Bar-at-Law*), Prothonotary, Testamentary and Admiralty Registrar.—Pay Rs. 1,700—60—2,000.
 A. M. Kajaji, B.A., LL.B. (*Bar-at-Law*), Head Assistant, Prothonotary's Office, and Commissioner for taking Affidavits.—Pay Rs. 800.
 E. Wilkin, Asst. Commissioner for taking Accounts and Asst. Taxing Officer.—Pay Rs. 700.
 W. Lane, First Deputy Registrar, Commissioner for taking Affidavits and Clerk to the Chief Justice.—Pay Rs. 300.
 W. J. Howard, Second Deputy Registrar.—Pay Rs. 300.
 M. R. Jardine, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Clerk of the Crown.—Pay Rs. 500.
 „ Clerk and Sealer of the Insolvent Debtors' Court.
 N. C. Macleod, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Official Assignee, Insolvent Debtors' Court.
 B. B. Motiwala, Chief Translator and Interpreter.—Pay Rs. 650.
 L. Crawford, Sheriff.
 H. J. Miles, Deputy Sheriff.—Pay Rs. 600.
 P. B. Malbai (*Bar-at-Law*), Senior Judge's Clerk and Commissioner for taking Affidavits.—Pay Rs. 300.

APPELLATE SIDE.

- R. D. Sethna, B.A., LL.B. (*Bar-at-Law*), Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side.—Pay Rs. 1,200.
 K. F. Modi, B.A., LL.B., Deputy Registrar and Assistant Reporter.—Pay Rs. 600.
 Rao Bahadur V. V. Tilak, Asst. Registrar and Supt., High Court Press.—Pay Rs. 550.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS.

- G. Jacob, C.S., Judicial Commissioner and Judge, Sadr Court, Sindh.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 A. Canine, C.S., Commissioner in Sindh.—Pay Rs. 3,750 + Trawling Allowance 250 + Temporary Allowance Rs. 250.
 F. S. P. Lely, C.S., c.s.i., Commissioner, Northern Division.—Pay Rs. 3,500 + 250 + 50.
 R. M. Kennedy, C.S., Commissioner, Southern Division.—Pay Rs. 3,500 + 250 + 50.
 Hon. A. D. Younghusband, C.S., Commissioner, Central Division.—Pay Rs. 3,500 + 250 + 50.
 J. L. Jenkins, B.A., C.S., Commissioner of Customs and Salt and Opium, and British Delegate, Portuguese Treaty, India.—Pay Rs. 3,000 + T. A. 250.
 J. E. Down, Inspector-General of Police.—Pay Rs. 1,800 + 200 + 30.
 H. Kennedy, c.s.i., Commissioner of Police, Bombay.—Pay Rs. 1,800 + H. R. 200.
 H. G. Gell, Deputy Commissioner of Police.—Pay Rs. 1,000 + H. R. 150 + L. A. 75.
 J. S. Slater, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Chief Presidency Magistrate and Revenue Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,600.
 P. H. Dastur, M.A., Second Magistrate.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 K. Chhibildas (*Bar-at-Law*), Third Presidency Magistrate.—Pay Rs. 700.
 J. W. S. Dracup, Fourth Presidency Magistrate.—Pay Rs. 600.
 A. W. Lester, Chief Clerk and Secretary to the Committee of Management, Govt. Work-house.—Pay Rs. 500.

- H. N. Alexander, Inspector-General of Prisons.—Pay Rs. 1,500 to 1,800 + T. A. 200.
 C. H. Brierly, Personal Asst. to Insp. Genl. of Prisons.—Pay Rs. 350.
 H. S. Lawrence, C.S., Director of Land Records and Agriculture and Inspector-General of Registration and Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages.—Salary Rs. 1,500 + L. A. 250 + T. A. 30.
 P. Byrne, (*Bar-at-Law*), Coroner.—Pay Rs. 350 + C. A. Rs. 60.
 Surg.-General W. McConaghy, M.D., I.M.S., Surgeon-General.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 Captain J. H. Macdonald, M.B., C.M., I.M.S., Personal Assistant to Surgeon-General.—Pay Rs. 600—H. R. 75.
 Lieut.-Col. O. H. Channer, M.B., C.M., Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 1,200—120—1,800.
 D. W. Herbert, M.I.C.E., Sanitary Engineer.—Pay Rs. 1,600.
 E. Giles, M.A., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 2,000—100—2,500.
 F. G. Selby, M.A., Principal, Deccan College.—Pay Rs. 1,000 + P. A. 500.
 M. MacMillan, B.A., Principal, Elphinstone College.—Pay Rs. 1,250—50—1,500.
 Major W. V. Sendamore, Principal, College of Science, Poona.—Pay Rs. 1,082—10 + P. A. 200.
 C. L. Burns, Principal and Decorative Artist and Architectural Sculptor, Sir J. J. School of Arts and Industry.—Pay Rs. 800 + H. R. 100.
 C. W. Waddington, M.A., Principal, Rajkumar College.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 M. R. Jardine, B.A., (*Bar-at-Law*), Principal, Govt. Law School.—Allowance Rs. 350.
 Lieut.-Col. W. K. Hatch, M.B., C.M., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Principal, Grant Medical College.—Pay Rs. 1,600.
 Vety.-Major J. Brodie-Mills, M.A.C.V.S., Principal and Professor of Veterinary Science.—Pay Rs. 1,300 + L. A. 100 + C. A. 35, H. R. 60.
 R. C. Wroughton, late I.N., Conservator of Forests, 1st Gr., Central Circle.—Pay Rs. 1,600 + T. A. 200.
 T. B. Fry, Conservator of Forests, 3rd Gr., Central Circle.—Pay Rs. 1,600 + T. A. 200.
 W. A. Talbot, Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle.—Salary Rs. 1,400 + T. A. 200.
 R. S. F. Fagan, Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle.—Salary Rs. 1,400 + T. A. 200.
 E. Gray (*Bar-at-Law*), C. S., Collector of Bombay, and Supt. of Stamps and Stationery, and also Commissioner of Income Tax (Rs. 250).—Pay Rs. 2,325.
 Lieut.-Col. G. M. Porter, R.E., Mint Master and Mint Engineer.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 F. Whympier, F.R.C.S., Postmaster-General.—Salary Rs. 1,500 + H. R. 125.
 E. R. Jardine, Presidency Postmaster.—Pay Rs. 600—50—1,000.
 A. J. L. Grimes, Chief Superintendent, Telegraph Department.—Pay Rs. 850 + 100 + H. R. 45.
 J. C. E. Branson, C.S., Accountant-General.—Salary Rs. 2,750 + L. A. 250.
 K. B. Wagle, M.A., Deputy Accountant-General.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 W. L. Harvey, C.I.E., C.S., Municipal Commissioner, Bombay.—Pay Rs. 3,000.
 J. A. Turner, M.D., Health Officer to the Municipality of Bombay.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 R. H. H. Hopkins, Shipping Master.—Pay Rs. 600.
 Mirza Abbas Ali Baig, B.A., C.S., Oriental Translator to Government.—Pay Rs. 800.
 J. Bocarro, Portuguese Translator to Government.—Pay Rs. 75.
 J. Macfarlane, Librarian, Imperial Library, Calcutta.—Pay Rs. 1,050.
 G. J. Agashe, B.A., Curator, Government Central Book Department.—Pay Rs. 350.
 Gopal Moreshwar Sathe, B.A., Reporter on the Native Press and Registrar of Native Publications.—Pay Rs. 400.
 H. Cousens, Superintendent, Archaeological Survey.—Pay Rs. 650.
 E. A. Kenyon, M.I.C.E., Meteorological Reporter for Western India.—Pay Rs. 300.
 R. A. F. Moos, B.Sc., F.R.C.S., F.C.S., sub. *pro tem.* Director of Government Observatory at Colaba.—Pay Rs. 500 + 150 from the Port Trust.
 E. E. Coombs, Superintendent, Government Central Press.—Pay Rs. 600 + H. R. 100.
 Captain C. A. M. Williams, B.A., Chief Inspector of Explosives with the Government of India.—Pay Rs. 1,450—2,000.

GOVERNORS OF BOMBAY.

Names.	Assumed charge of office.	REMARKS.
The Hon. Sir Gervase Lucas	5 Nov. 1666	Died 21st May 1667.
Captain Henry Garey	22 May 1667	Officiating. 1669
Sir George Ouden	22 Sept. 1668	Died in Surat, 14th July
Mr. Gerald Aungier	14 July 1669	Do. 30th June 1677.
Mr. Thomas Rolt	30 June 1677	
Sir John Child, Bart.	27 Oct. 1681	
Mr. Barth Harris	4 Feb. 1690	Died, 10th May 1694.

Governors of Bombay—concl'd.

Names.	Assumed charge of office.	REMARKS.
Mr. Daniel Annesley ...	10 May 1694	Officiating.
Sir John Gayer ...	17 May 1694	
Sir Nicholas Waite ...	Nov. 1704	
Mr. William Aislabie ...	Sept. 1708	
Sir Stephen Strutt ...	1715	Officiating.
Mr. Charles Boone ...	1716	
Mr. William Phipps ...	1720	
Mr. Robert Cowan ...	1728	Dismissed from the service.
Mr. John Horne ...	22 Sept. 1734	
Mr. Stephen Law ...	7 Apl. 1739	
Mr. William Wake ...	26 Nov. 1742	
Mr. John Geekie ...	16 Nov. 1742	Officiating.
Mr. Richard Bouchier ...	17 Nov. 1750	
Mr. Charles Crommellin ...	20 Feb. 1760	
Mr. Thomas Hodges ...	27 Jan. 1767	Died 23rd Feb. 1771.
Mr. William Hornby ...	26 Feb. 1771	
Mr. Rawson Harr Boddam ...	1 Jan. 1784	
Mr. Andrew Ramsay ...	9 Jan. 1788	Officiating.
Major-Genl. Sir W. Meadows, K.B. ...	6 Sept. 1788	
Major-Genl. Sir Robert Abercomby, K.B. ...	21 Jan. 1790	
Mr. George Dick ...	1 Nov. 1793	Officiating.
Mr. John Griffiths ...	5 Sept. 1795	Officiating.
Mr. Jonathan Duncan ...	27 Dec. 1795	Died in Bombay, 11th August 1811.
Mr. George Brown ...	11 Aug. 1811	Officiating.
Sir Evan Nepean, Bart. ...	12 Aug. 1812	
The Hon. Mountstuart Elphinstone ...	1 Nov. 1819	
Major-Genl. the Hon'ble Sir John Malcolm, K.C.B. ...	1 Nov. 1827	
Lieut.-Genl. the Hon'ble Sir Thomas Sidney Beckwith, K.C.B. ...	1 Dec. 1830	Died, 15th Jan. 1831.
Mr. John Romer ...	17 Jan. 1831	Officiating.
The Earl of Clare ...	21 Mar. 1831	
Sir Robert Grant, G.C.H. ...	17 Mar. 1835	Died at Dapuri, near Poona, 9th July 1838.
Mr. James Farish ...	11 July 1838	Officiating.
Sir J. Rivett-Carnac, Bart. ...	31 May 1839	
Sir William Hay Macnaghten, Bart. ...	.....	Appointed 4th August 1841, but before he could take charge was assassinated in Cabul on the 28th September 1841.
Mr. George William Anderson ...	28 Apl. 1841	Officiating.
Sir George Arthur, Bart., K.C.B. ...	9 June 1842	
The Hon'ble Mr. Lestock Robert Reid ...	6 Aug. 1846	
Sir George Russell Clerk, K.C.B. ...	23 June 1847	
Viscount Falkland ...	1 May 1848	
Lord Elphinstone, G.C.B. ...	26 Dec. 1853	
Sir George Russell Clerk, K.C.B. ...	11 May 1863	
Sir Henry Bartle Frere, K.C.B., G.C.S.I. ...	24 Apl. 1862	
Sir William Robert Seymour Fitzgerald, G.C.S.I. ...	6 Mar. 1867	
Sir Philip Edmond Wodehouse, K.C.B., G.C.S.I. ...	6 May 1872	
Sir Richard Temple, Bart., G.C.S.I., C.I.E. ...	30 Apl. 1877	
Hon. L. R. Ashburner ...	13 Mar. 1880	Officiating.
Sir James Fergusson, Bart., K.C.M.G., C.I.E. ...	28 Apl. 1880	
The Rt. Hon'ble Lord Reay, LL.D., G.C.I.E. ...	30 Mar. 1885	
The Rt. Hon'ble Lord Harris ...	12 Apl. 1890	
The Rt. Hon'ble William, Baron Sandhurst ...	18 Feb. 1895	
The Rt. Hon'ble H. Stafford, Baron Northcote, G.C.I.E. ...	17 Feb. 1900	
The Hon. Sir James Monteat, K.C.S.I., M.A., C.S. ...	5 Sept. 1903.	
Lord Lamington ...	12 Dec. 1903.	Acting.

BENGAL.

COUNCIL OF THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

PRESIDENT.

The Hon'ble Sir A. H. L. Fraser, K.C.S.I., C.S., Lieut.-Governor of Bengal—Pay Rs. 8,333-5-4 + Household allowance, Rs. 1,000.

COUNCILLORS.

The Hon. Mr. C. E. Buckland, C.I.E., 23rd June 1902.	The Hon. Maharajah Manindra Chandra Nandy of Kazimbazaar, 3rd December 1901.
" Behari Lal Gupta, 17th March 1902.	" Mr. H. Elworthy, 26th March 1902.
" Mr. L. Hare, C.I.E., 23rd February 1903.	" A. A. Apcar, 29th March 1902.
" J. T. Woodroffe (Bar.-at-Law), Advocate-Genl., 7th January 1902.	" Maulvi Seraj-ul-Islam, Khan Bahadur, 26th July 1902.
" W. C. Macpherson, 14th May 1903.	" Rai Tarini Pershad Bahadur, 22nd September 1902.
" L. P. Shires, 14th May 1903.	" Nawab Bahadur Khwaja Salund-lah of Dacca, 22nd January 1903.
" A. Earle, 10th March 1903.	" Babu Kali Pada Ghosh, M.A., B.L., 1st August 1903.
" W. A. Inglis, 3rd February 1903.	" Dr. Asutosh Mukhopadhyaya, M.A., D.L., F.R.A.S., F.R.S.E., 6th August 1901.
" Maharajah Sir Ravanishvar Prashad Singh Bahadur, K.C.I.E., of Gidhaur, 28th January 1903.	" Babu Bupendra Nath Basu, M.A., B.L., 7th September 1903.

Major J. Strachey, Private Secretary.—Pay Rs. 640 + L. A. 350.
 Lieut. B. H. Bignell, Aide-de-Camp.
 Lieut. R. L. Bignell, Extra Aide-de-Camp.
 Lieut.-Col. J. Hodding, Honorary Aide-de-Camp.
 Commander E. J. Beaumont, R.I.M., Honorary Aide-de-Camp.
 Hon. L. Hare, C.I.E., Chief Secy., Judl. and Polt. Depts.—Pay Rs. 3,333-5-4.
 Hon. W. C. Macpherson, C.S.I., Secy. in the General, Revenue and Statistical Depts.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 Hon. L. P. Shirres, Secy. in the Financial and Municipal Depts.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 A. P. Muḍiman, Under-Secy., Judicial, Polt. and Appt. Depts.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 H. C. Woodman, Under-Secy., Financial and Municipal Depts.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 L. S. S. O. Malley, Under-Secy., General, Revenue and Statistical Depts.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 F. G. Wigley, (Bar.-at-Law), Secretary to the Bengal Council and Asst. Secy., Legsl. Dept.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 Hon. D. B. Horn, Secretary to Govt. and Chief Engineer, Irrigation and Marine Branches.—Pay Rs. 2,002-4-0.
 Hon. W. A. Inglis, Secy. to Govt. and Chief Engineer, Railway Civil Works and General Branches.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 Hon. C. W. Bolton, C.S., C.S.I., Member, Board of Revenue, Land Rev. Dept.—Pay Rs. 4,000.
 Hon. C. E. Buckland, C.I.E., Member Mis. Rev. Dept.—Pay Rs. 4,000.
 Hon. E. W. Collin, C.S., Secy., Board of Revenue.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 H. Wheeler, Junior Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 P. C. Lyon, Director of Land Records.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 W. J. Macpherson, C.I.E., C.S., Collector, Custom House.—Pay Rs. 2,250 (on leave).
 R. G. Girard, Collector of Income Tax.—Pay Rs. 700 to 1,000.
 Hon. A. Earle, Commissioner of Excise and Salt.—Pay Rs. 2,250 + L. A. Rs. 250.
 A. C. Mookerjee, Personal Assistant to Commissioner of Excise and Salt.—Pay Rs. 400 + Special Allowance Rs. 50.
 Chunder Naarin Singh Bahadur, B.A., Collector of Stamp Revenue, Calcutta.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 C. F. Manson, Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery.—Pay Rs. 1,000 to 1,500.
 T. A. Pearson (Bar.-at-Law), Chief Presidency Magistrate.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 Abdur Rahim, Presidency Magistrate, Northern Division.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 C. J. S. Faulder, Commissioner, Chittagong Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

F. A. Slacke, Commissioner, Chota Nagpore Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 R. R. Pope, C. S., Judicial Commissioner, Chota Nagpore.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 K. G. Gupta (*Bar-at-Law*), Commissioner, Orissa Division, and Supt. of Tributary Mahals.—Pay Rs. 2,916 + 250.
 C. J. S. Faulder, C.S., Offg. Commissioner, Patna Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 M. Furnicane, C.S., c.s.i., M.A., Commissioner, Presy. Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 C. R. Marindin, Commr., Rajshahye, Cooch Behar Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250 (on special duty).
 H. C. Williams, C.S., Commissioner, Bhagalpur Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250 (on deputation) as Offg. Commissioner, Rajshadion.
 H. Savage, C.S., Commissioner, Dacca Divn.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 W. R. Bright, C.S., c.s.i., Opium Agent, Behar.—Pay Rs. 2,500 to 3,000.
 D. C. Baillie, B.A., C.S., Opium Agent, Benares.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 R. T. Greer, C.S., Chairman of the Corporation of the Town of Calcutta, and Commissioner of Police.—Pay Rs. 3,500 + House Allowance, Rs. 250.
 N. Muckerji, M.A., B.L., Vice-Chairman of Calcutta.—Pay Rs. 1,400.
 A. L. Metinfire, Offg. Conservator of Forests.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 W. H. Michael, C.S., Offg. Accountant-General.—Salary Rs. 2,166-10-8 + L.A. 250.
 G. C. Ray, Deputy Accountant-General.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 R. W. Carlyle, c.s.i., C.S., Inspector-General of Police.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 R. A. D'O. Bignell, Commissioner of Police.—Pay Rs. 1,850.
 T. K. Ghose, B.A., Inspector-General, Registration Dept.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 B. L. Chandra, Registrar of Calcutta, and also Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.—Pay Rs. 400.
 A. U. Fanshawe, c.s.i., C.S., Director-General of the Post Office of India.—Pay Rs. 3,000.
 A. H. Anthony, Comptroller, Post Office.—Pay Rs. 1,500 + House Rent Rs. 125.
 C. H. Harrison, C.S., Offg. Postmaster-General.—Pay Rs. 1,500 + A.A. 50 + House Rent Rs. 125.
 J. Owens, Presidency Postmaster.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 Major W. J. Buchanan, I.M.S., Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, and *Ex-officio* Deputy Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 A. Pedler, c.i.e., F.R.S., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 2,000 to 2,500.
 Col. S. H. Browne, M.B.C.P., M.D., c.i.e., V.H.S. Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.—Pay Rs. 2,250.
 Major F. C. Clarkom, Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 1,200.
 Dr. W. Forsyth, Health Officer, Port of Calcutta.—Pay Rs. 1,200 + 100 House Rent.
 A. E. Silk, A.M.I.C.E., Sanitary Engineer.—Pay Rs. 700 + L.A. 100.
 C. Banks, M.D., D.P.H., Protector of Emigrants and Superintendent of Emigration.—Pay Rs. 1,200 + 100.
 E. J. Beaumont, Comdr., Port Officer and Master Attendant.—Pay Rs. 1,370.
 T. A. Pearson, Judge of the Court for the trial of Pilots.—Pay Rs. 200.
 C. Little, Meteorological Reporter to Government.—Pay Rs. 300 to 450.
 A. C. Edwards, M.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Principal, Presidency College.—Pay Rs. 1,400; also Registrar of Calcutta University.
 J. S. Slater, Principal, Civil Engineering College.—Pay Rs. 1,450.
 P. K. Ray, B.Sc., Principal, Dacca College.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 W. H. Jobbins, Superintendent of the Government School of Art and Art Gallery.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 Lieut.-Col. J. Bomford, M.D., c.i.e., I.M.S., Principal, Medical College, Calcutta.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 Major D. Prain, M.B., Superintendent, Royal Botanical Gardens.—Pay Rs. 1,300.
 C. A. Walsh, Special Inspector of the Factories in Bengal.—Pay Rs. 700.
 Chunder Nath Bose, M.A., B.L., Bengali Translator to Government.—Pay Rs. 400.
 W. Ross, Superintendent, Government Printing in Bengal.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 S. M. Jharkundy, B.A., Urdu and Hindi Translator to Government.—Pay Rs. 300 to 400.
 Captain A. T. Gage, Curator of Herbarium, Royal Botanic Garden.—Pay Rs. 450 + 100.
 C. Patnaik, B.A., Uriya Translator.—Pay Rs. 260.
 Rai Rajendra Chandra Sastri Bahadur, M.A., Librarian, Bengal.—Pay Rs. 200 to 250.

POLITICAL RESIDENTS, CHIEF COMMISSIONERS, &c.

Brigr.-Genl. O. M. Creah, V. C., Commanding Aden Brigade and Political Resident, and in charge of Vice-Admiralty Court, Aden.—Pay Rs. 3,000 + 500 Sumptuary allowance.
 The Hon. Lt.-Col. D. W. K. Barr, K.C.S.I., Resdt., 1st Class, Hyderabad.—Pay Rs. 4,000 + 1,000 Sumptuary allowance.
 J. A. Crawford, Commissioner, Hyderabad Assigned Districts (Berar).—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 Major T. W. Haig, First Assistant and Secretary for Berar to the Resident.—Pay Rs. 900 + L.A. 250.
 Lieut.-Col. F. S. Sorell, Military Secretary to the Resident, Hyderabad.
 Lieut.-Col. G. H. D. Gimlette, c.i.e., M.D., Residency Surgeon, Hyderabad.—Pay and Allowance Rs. 2,456-6-0.
 F. S. Bullock, c.i.e., C.S., Commissioner, Berar.—Pay Rs. 2,750.

R. Obbard, C.S., Judicial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 A. Elliot, Civil and Sessions Judge, Amraoti, Pay Rs. 833-5-5.
 Lieut.-Col. W. Hastings, I.S.C., Inspector-General of Police, Jails, Registration and Stamps, Hyderabad.—Pay Rs. 1,833-5-4.
 Lieut.-Col. C. L. Swain, M.D., M.C., D.P.H., I.M.S., Sanitary Commissioner and Inspector-General of Dispensaries and Superintendent of Vaccination, Hyderabad Assigned Dists.—Pay Rs. 1,200 + 200.
 G. H. Candy, B.A., LL.M., Director of Public Instruction, Hyderabad.—Pay Rs. 750 to 900.
 Hon. C. S. Bayley, C.S., Resident, 1st Class, and Agent to the Governor-General, Indore, Central India.—Pay Rs. 4,000 + 250.
 Lieut.-Col. Herbert, S.C., Resident, 2nd Class, Gwalior.—Pay Rs. 1,900.
 Major F. E. Younghusband, S.C., Resident, Indore.—Salary Rs. 1,733-5-4.
 Hon. J. A. Bourdillon, c.s.i., C.S., Resident of Mysore and Chief Commr., Coorg, 1st Class.—Pay Rs. 4,000 + L.A. 500.
 R. C. H. King, 1st Agent to the Resident in Mysore and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg.—Salary Rs. 900.
 Colonel R. G. Jones, Madras Lancers, Military Assistant, Mysore Government.
 Captain R. F. Standage, Residency Surgeon, Bangalore.—Pay Rs. 550 + 200.
 F. S. Lloyd, C.S., Dist. Magistrate, Collector and President, Municipal Corporation, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, and *Ex-officio* Asst. to the Resident.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 P. S. Krishna Rao, Civil and Sessions Judge, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.—Pay Rs. 500 to 800.
 H. H. Wilkinson, Supt. of Police, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.—Pay Rs. 700 + allowance Rs. 100.
 Abdul Rahim, Khan Bahadur, 2nd Magistrate, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, and in charge of the Treasury.—Pay Rs. 300 + P.A. 50.
 Hon. A. H. T. Martindale, c.s.i., C.S., Chief Commissioner and Resident, 1st Class, Ajmere-Meywar, and Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana.—Pay Rs. 4,000 + Special allowance Rs. 250.
 Lieut.-Col. M. J. Meade, c.i.e., S. C., Resident, 2nd Class, and Agent to the Governor-General, Baroda.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 A. L. P. Tucker, c.i.e., C.S., Resident, 2nd Class, Meywar.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 H. V. Cobb, C.S., Resident, 2nd Class, Jeypore.—Salary Rs. 2,000 + Sp. A. Rs. 100.
 Major K. D. Erskine, S.C., Resident, 2nd Class, Western State of Rajputana (Jodhpore).—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 Col. H. A. Vincent, S.C., Resident, 2nd Class, Bikaner.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 Lieut.-Col. C. W. Ravenstan, S.C., Resident, 2nd Class, Nepal.—Pay Rs. 2,250 + L.A. 250.
 L. W. Dane, C.S., Resident in Kashmir.—Pay Rs. 2,750 + Sumptuary allowance Rs. 250.
 Major P. J. Melvill, S. C., Offg. Resident, 2nd Class, and Political Resident, Turkish Arabia.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 Lieut.-Col. Sir R. C. Temple, Bart. c.i.e., Chief Commissioner of the Andamans and Nicobar Islands, and Superintendent of Port Blair.—Pay Rs. 3,000.
 The Hon. Mr. J. T. Woodroffe (*Bar-at-Law*), Advocate-General.—Pay Rs. 3,135.
 P. O'Kinealy (*Bar-at-Law*), Standing Counsel.—Pay Rs. 1,333-5-4.
 H. C. Eggar (*Bar-at-Law*), Solicitor to Government.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 R. Sheepsheads, C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), Registrar, High Court, Calcutta (Appellate Jurisdiction).—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 W. R. Fink, C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), Registrar, High Court, Calcutta (Original Jurisdiction).—Pay Rs. 1,875.
 H. T. Hyde (*Bar-at-Law*), Administrator-General.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 Surgeon-General B. Franklin, I.M.S., c.i.e., Director-General, Indian Medical Service, and Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.—Pay Rs. 2,700.
 Major J. T. W. Leslie, M.B., Secretary to the Director-General and Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 1,400.
 Lt.-Col. C. A. Kewball, c.i.e., S.C., Offg. Resident, 2nd Class, and Political Resident, Persian Gulf.—Salary Rs. 1,866-10-8.
 G. R. Irwin, C.S., Resident, 2nd Class, and General Superintendent of Operations for Thagi and Dakaiti.—Pay Rs. 2,250.
 The Hon. Col. C. E. Yate, c.s.i., C.M.G., C.S., Resident, 1st Class, and Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan.—Pay Rs. 4,000 + S.A. 500 + F.T. 250.
 Lieut.-Col. J. F. Whyte, S.C., Agent to the Governor-General of India and H. M.'s British Consular-General for Khorassan and Seistan, and Additional Resident, 2nd Class.—Pay Rs. 1,066-10-8 + L.A. 250, Sump. allowance Rs. 400.
 A. F. de Laessoe, C.M.G., c.i.e., Political Agent, 2nd Class (Offg. 1st Class), and Political Officer in charge of the ex-Amir.—Salary Rs. 2,000 + H.R. 1,700 per annum.

UNITED PROVINCES OF AGRA AND OUDH.

The Hon. Sir J. J. D. LaTouche, K.C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.—Pay Rs. 8,333-5-4.

H. G. S. Tyler, C.S., Private Secretary.—Pay Rs. 833-5-4 + E. A. 350.

Capt. E. H. D. Stracey, Aide-de-Camp.—Pay Rs. 374-1-6 + Staff Pay Rs. 250.

2nd-Lieut. G. P. Boys, Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Captain W. J. Turnbull, Aide-de-Camp.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The Hon. W. H. L. Impey, C.S., 18th December 1901.

" J. Hooper, C.S., 4th June 1902.

" A. McKelbert, 28th October 1902.

" T. Conlan (*Bar-at-Law*), 28th October 1902.

" Raja Tasaduq Rasul Khan, C.S.I., 28th October 1902.

" Rajah Shaw Singh of Tagpur, 28th October 1902.

" Babu Sri Ram, M.A., B.L., Rai Bahadur, 7th November 1902.

" Rae Nihal Chand Bahadur, 7th November 1902.

" Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, B.A., LL.B., 7th November 1902.

" Munshi Madho Lal, 12th March 1903.

" A. W. Cruickshank, C.S.I., C.S., 28th March 1903.

" Mr. J. M. Holmes, C.S., 1st June 1903.

" R. G. Hardy, C.S.I., C.S., 26th June 1903.

" H. D. Griffin, C.S., 15th July 1903.

J. O. Miller, C.S., Chief Secy. to the Govt., North-West Provinces.—Pay Rs. 3,000. (on deputation).

W. H. L. Impey, C.S.I., C.S., Chief Secretary.—Pay Rs. 3,000.

J. M. Holmes, C.S., Financial Secretary to Govt.—Pay Rs. 2,250.

S. H. Butler, C.S., Judicial Secretary.

H. T. Morgan, C.S., Under Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

J. C. Ferguson, C.S., Under Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

J. Campbell, C.S., Under Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

A. R. Southerland, Secretary to Government, P. W. Department, Buildings and Roads and Railway Branches.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

H. Marsh, C.I.E., Secretary to Government, P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

W. G. Wood, Under Secretary to Government, P. W. Dept., Buildings and Roads and Railway Branch.—Pay Rs. 550.

W. Pope, Assistant Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department.

F. B. Hebbert, Consulting Engineer for Railways.—Pay Rs. 2,000.

D. C. Baillie, B.A., C.S., Opium Agent, Gazipur.—Pay Rs. 2,500 to 3,000 + T.A. 250.

A. B. Bruce, C.S., Insp.-Genl. of Regn. and Commr. of Excise and Stamps, and also Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.—Pay Rs. 2,250.

R. Scott, C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), Judicial Commissioner, Oudh.—Pay Rs. 3,500.

G. T. Spankie (*Bar-at-Law*), First Addl. Judicial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 3,333-5-4.

E. M. D. Chamier (*Bar-at-Law*), 2nd Addl. Judicial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 3,333-5-4.

K. N. Hutchison, C.S., Registrar to Judicial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 750 + L. A. 100.

Babu N. N. Ghosal, B.A., B.L., Govt. Pleader for Oudh, and Public Prosecutor for all cases coming before the Judicial Commissioner, Oudh.—Pay Rs. 200.

D. T. Roberts, C.S., Senior Member, Board of Revenue.—Pay Rs. 3,500.

R. G. Hardy, C.S., Junior Member, Board of Revenue.—Pay Rs. 3,500.

J. B. Thomson, C.S., Junior Member, Board of Revenue.—Pay Rs. 3,500.

R. W. Gillan, C.S., Secy. to the Board of Revenue.—Pay Rs. 2,000.

J. H. Tompson, Joint Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,833-5-4.

T. F. Freeman, Junior Secretary.—Pay Rs. 700 + L.A. 150.

G. A. Tweedy, Offg. Commissioner, Meerut Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

E. H. Radice, Offg. Commissioner, Benares Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-4 + 250.

J. W. Cruickshank (*Bar-at-Law*), C.S.I., C.S., Commr., Rohilkhand Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

H. W. W. Reynolds, C.S., Commissioner, Agra Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

L. A. P. Porter, Commissioner, Lucknow Division.—Pay Rs. 2,500 + 250.

Lieut.-Col. G. W. Anson, Commr., Oudh Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + T.A. 250.

H. Z. Darrah, Commissioner, Allahabad Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

Lieut.-Col. G. W. Anson, Commr., Fyzabad Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

A. M. W. Shakspear, Commissioner, Kumaon Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

J. A. Brown, Offg. Commissioner, Gorakhpur Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

R. M. Dane, C.I.E., C.S., Commissioner of Northern India Salt Revenue.—Pay Rs. 500.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Hon. Sir A. Strachey, Kt., B.A., LL.B. (*Bar-at-Law*), Chief Justice, High Court, Allahabad.—Pay Rs. 5,000.

" G. E. Knox, C.S., Puisne Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

" H. F. Blair (*Bar-at-Law*), Puisne Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

" P. C. Banarji, B.A., B.L., Puisne Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

" W. R. Burdett, C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), Puisne Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

" R. S. Aikman, C.S., Puisne Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

H. N. Wright, C.S., Registrar.—Pay Rs. 1,600.

J. W. Walsh, Depy. Registrar.—Pay Rs. 500 to 800.

C. V. Jacob, Assistant Registrar.—Pay Rs. 500.

J. E. Gill, C.S., Legal Remembrancer.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

W. K. Porter (*Bar-at-Law*), Law Reporter and Asst. Govt. Advocate.—Pay Rs. 700.

M. G. Muftaba, Government Pleader.—Pay Rs. 300.

E. M. D. C. Chamier (*Bar-at-Law*), Govt. Advocate.—Pay Rs. 1,500 (on deputation).

S. E. Ryves, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Sub. *pro tem.* Govt. Advocate.

Saiyid Akbar Hussain Khan Bahadur, Small Cause Court Judge, Allahabad.—Pay Rs. 800 to 1,000.

Babu Nilwad bab Rai, B.A., B.L., Small Cause Court Judge, Cawnpore.—Pay Rs. 800.

Lala Baji Nath, B.A., Rai Bahadur, Small Cause Court Judge, Agra.—Pay Rs. 800.

Munshi Muhammad Siyajuddin (*Bar-at-Law*), Small Cause Court Judge, Benares.—Pay Rs. 800.

Muhamad Rafiq, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Small Cause Court Judge, Lucknow.—Pay Rs. 800 to 1,000.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS.

F. C. Harrison, C.S., Accountant-General.—Pay Rs. 2,500. (on furlough).

A. M. Brigstroke, C.S., Offg. Accountant General.—Salary Rs. 1916-10-8.

M. F. Gauntlett, Deputy Accountant-General.—Pay Rs. 1,500.

J. W. Oliver, Conservator of Forests and also Director of Forest School.—Pay Rs. 1,600 + E.A. 200.

J. Cornwall, Postmaster-General.—Pay Rs. 1,750 to 2,000.

H. Mayston, Superintendent, Telegraph Dept., Lucknow.—Pay Rs. 850.

R. H. Brereton, C.S., Inspector-General of Police.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

Major C. Mactaggart, M.A., M.B., Insp.-Genl. of Prisons.—Pay Rs. 1,833-5-4.

T. C. Lewis, M.A., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 2,000.

A. Venis, M.A., Principal, Queen's College, Benares.—Pay Rs. 833-5-4.

G. F. W. Thibaut, Ph.D., Principal, Muir Central College.—Pay Rs. 1,500.

The Right Rev. A. Clifford, M.A., D.D., Bishop of Lucknow.—Pay Rs. 800.

Venerable J. I. B. Cockin, M.A., Archdeacon of Lucknow and Commissary to the Bishop.

A. M. Dunne (*Bar-at-Law*), Registrar of the Diocese of Lucknow.

Col. C. H. Jubert, M.B., F.R.C.S., Inspector-Genl. of Civil Hospitals, N.-W. P.—Pay Rs. 2,250.

Lieut.-Col. S. J. Thomson, C.I.E., D.P.H., Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 1,200 to 1,800.

Lieut.-Col. J. Clibborn, B.A., S.C., Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.—Pay Rs. 1,500.

F. Luker, Superintendent of Government Press.—Pay Rs. 600—60—1,000.

Vety.-Major R. H. Ringe, Supt., Civil Veterinary Dept.—Pay Rs. 750 + C. A. 400.

F. G. Hill, B.A., Meteorological Reporter.—Allowance Rs. 100—15—175.

W. Gollan, Superintendent, Botanical Gardens, Saharanpur.—Pay Rs. 400 + E.A. 50.

M. Ridley, Superintendent, Horticultural Gardens, Lucknow.—Pay Rs. 425 + E.A. 255.

H. J. Davis, Superintendent, Government Gardens, Allahabad.—Pay Rs. 245.

A. E. P. Griessen, Supt., Taj and other Gardens, Agra.—Pay Rs. 215 + C. A. 25 + L. A. 50.

N. Gill, Superintendent, Memorial and other public gardens, Cawnpore.—Pay Rs. 215 + C. A. 25.

PUNJAB.

The Hon. Sir Charles Montgomery Rivaz, K.C.S.I., C.S. (Councillor of the Emperor), Lieut.-Governor of the Punjab, 6th March 1902.—Pay Rs. 8,333-5-4 + F.A. 250 and Sp. A. 500.

Major G. Alan, Private Secretary and Aide-de-Camp.—Pay Rs. 640-14-0 + Staff Salary Rs. 350.

Lieut. E. G. Drummond, Aide-de-Camp.—Pay Rs. 225-12-0 + Staff Salary Rs. 250.

Lieut.-Col. H. B. Goulding, V. D., Hony. Aide-de-Camp.

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UNITED PROVINCES OF AGRA AND OUDH.

The Hon. Sir J. J. D. LaTouche, K.C.S.I., Lieut.-Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.—Pay Rs. 8,333-5-4.

H. G. S. Tyler, C.S., Private Secretary.—Pay Rs. 833-5-4 + E. A. 350.

Capt. E. H. D. Stracey, Aide-de-Camp.—Pay Rs. 374-1-6 + Staff Pay Rs. 250.

2nd-Lieut. G. P. Boys, Honorary Aide-de-Camp.

Captain W. J. Turnbull, Aide-de-Camp.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The Hon. W. H. L. Impey, C.S., 18th December 1901.

" J. Hooper, C.S., 4th June 1902.

" A. McKelbert, 28th October 1902.

" T. Conlan (*Bar-at-Law*), 28th October 1902.

" Raja Tasaduq Rasul Khan, C.S.I., 28th October 1902.

" Rajah Shaw Singh of Tagpur, 28th October 1902.

" Babu Sri Ram, M.A., B.L., Rai Bahadur, 7th November 1902.

" Rae Nihal Chand Bahadur, 7th November 1902.

" Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, B.A., LL.B., 7th November 1902.

" Munshi Madho Lal, 12th March 1903.

" A. W. Cruickshank, C.S.I., C.S., 28th March 1903.

" Mr. J. M. Holms, C.S., 1st June 1903.

" R. G. Hardy, C.S.I., C.S., 26th June 1903.

" H. D. Griffin, C.S., 15th July 1903.

J. O. Miller, C.S., Chief Secy. to the Govt., North-West Provinces.—Pay Rs. 3,000. (*on deputation*).

W. H. L. Impey, C.S.I., C.S., Chief Secretary.—Pay Rs. 3,000.

J. M. Holms, C.S., Financial Secretary to Govt.—Pay Rs. 2,250.

S. H. Butter, C.S., Judicial Secretary.

H. T. Morgan, C.S., Under Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

J. C. Ferguson, C.S., Under Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

J. Campbell, C.S., Under Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

A. R. Southerland, Secretary to Government, P. W. Department, Buildings and Roads and Railway Branches.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

H. Marsh, C.I.E., Secretary to Government, P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

W. G. Wood, Under Secretary to Government, P. W. Dept., Buildings and Roads and Railway Branch.—Pay Rs. 550.

W. Pope, Assistant Secretary to Government in the Public Works Department.

F. B. Hebbert, Consulting Engineer for Railways.—Pay Rs. 2,000.

D. C. Baillie, B.A., C.S., Opium Agent, Gazipur.—Pay Rs. 2,500 to 3,000 + T.A. 250.

A. B. Bruce, C.S., Insp.-Genl. of Regn. and Commr. of Excise and Stamps, and also Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.—Pay Rs. 2,250.

R. Scott, C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), Judicial Commissioner, Oudh.—Pay Rs. 3,500.

G. T. Spankie (*Bar-at-Law*), First Addl. Judicial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 3,333-5-4.

E. M. D. Chamier (*Bar-at-Law*), 2nd Addl. Judicial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 3,333-5-4.

K. N. Hutchison, C.S., Registrar to Judicial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 750 + L. A. 100.

Babu N. N. Ghosal, B.A., B.L., Govt. Pleader for Oudh, and Public Prosecutor for all cases coming before the Judicial Commissioner, Oudh.—Pay Rs. 200.

D. T. Roberts, C.S., Senior Member, Board of Revenue.—Pay Rs. 3,500.

R. G. Hardy, C.S., Junior Member, Board of Revenue.—Pay Rs. 3,500.

J. B. Thomson, C.S., Junior Member, Board of Revenue.—Pay Rs. 3,500.

R. W. Gillan, C.S., Secy. to the Board of Revenue.—Pay Rs. 2,000.

J. H. Thompson, Joint Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,833-5-4.

T. F. Freeman, Junior Secretary.—Pay Rs. 700 + L. A. 150.

G. A. Tweedy, Offg. Commissioner, Meerut Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

E. H. Radice, Offg. Commissioner, Benares Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-4 + 250.

J. W. Cruickshank (*Bar-at-Law*), C.S.I., C.S., Commr., Rohilkhand Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

H. W. W. Reynolds, C.S., Commissioner, Agra Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

L. A. P. Porter, Commissioner, Lucknow Division.—Pay Rs. 2,500 + 250.

Lieut.-Col. G. W. Anson, Commr., Oudh Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + T. A. 250.

H. Z. Darrach, Commissioner, Allahabad Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

Lieut.-Col. G. W. Anson, Commr., Fyzabad Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

A. M. W. Shakespear, Commissioner, Kumaon Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

J. A. Brown, Offg. Commissioner, Gorakhpur Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.

R. M. Dane, C.I.E., C.S., Commissioner of Northern India Salt Revenue.—Pay Rs. 500.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Hon. Sir A. Strachey, Kt., B.A., LL.B. (*Bar-at-Law*), Chief Justice, High Court, Allahabad.—Pay Rs. 5,000.

" G. E. Knox, C.S., Puisne Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

" H. F. Blair (*Bar-at-Law*), Puisne Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

" P. C. Banarji, B.A., B.L., Puisne Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

" W. R. Burdett, C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), Puisne Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

" R. S. Aikman, C.S., Puisne Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

H. N. Wright, C.S., Registrar.—Pay Rs. 1,600.

J. W. Walsh, Depy. Registrar.—Pay Rs. 500 to 800.

C. V. Jacob, Assistant Registrar.—Pay Rs. 500.

J. E. Gill, C.S., Legal Remembrancer.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

W. K. Porter (*Bar-at-Law*), Law Reporter and Asst. Govt. Advocate.—Pay Rs. 700.

M. G. Muftaba, Government Pleader.—Pay Rs. 300.

E. M. D. C. Chamier (*Bar-at-Law*), Govt. Advocate.—Pay Rs. 1,500 (*on deputation*).

S. E. Ryves, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Sub. *pro tem.* Govt. Advocate.

Saiyid Akbar Hussain Khan Bahadur, Small Cause Court Judge, Allahabad.—Pay Rs. 800 to 1,000.

Babu Nilwadbab Rai, B.A., B.L., Small Cause Court Judge, Cawnpore.—Pay Rs. 800.

Lala Baji Nath, B.A., Rai Bahadur, Small Cause Court Judge, Agra.—Pay Rs. 800.

Munshi Muhammad Siyajuddin (*Bar-at-Law*), Small Cause Court Judge, Benares.—Pay Rs. 800.

Muhamad Rafiq, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Small Cause Court Judge, Lucknow.—Pay Rs. 800 to 1,000.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS.

F. C. Harrison, C.S., Accountant-General.—Pay Rs. 2,500. (*on furlough*).

A. M. Brigstroke, C.S., Offg. Accountant General.—Salary Rs. 1916-10-8.

M. F. Gantlett, Deputy Accountant-General.—Pay Rs. 1,500.

J. W. Oliver, Conservator of Forests and also Director of Forest School.—Pay Rs. 1,600 + E.A. 200.

J. Cornwall, Postmaster-General.—Pay Rs. 1,750 to 2,000.

H. Mayston, Superintendent, Telegraph Dept., Lucknow.—Pay Rs. 850.

R. H. Brereton, C.S., Inspector-General of Police.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

Major C. Mactaggart, M.A., M.B., Insp.-Genl. of Prisons.—Pay Rs. 1,833-5-4.

T. C. Lewis, M.A., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 2,000.

A. Venis, M.A., Principal, Queen's College, Benares.—Pay Rs. 833-5-4.

G. F. W. Thibaut, M.D., Principal, Muir Central College.—Pay Rs. 1,500.

The Right Rev. A. Clifford, M.A., D.D., Bishop of Lucknow.—Pay Rs. 800.

Venerable J. I. B. Cockin, M.A., Archdeacon of Lucknow and Commissary to the Bishop.

A. M. Dunne (*Bar-at-Law*), Registrar of the Diocese of Lucknow.

Col. C. H. Jubert, M.B., F.R.C.S., Inspector-Genl. of Civil Hospitals, N.-W. P.—Pay Rs. 2,250.

Lieut.-Col. S. J. Thomson, C.I.E., D.P.H., Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 1,200 to 1,800.

Lieut.-Col. J. Clibborn, B.A., S.C., Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.—Pay Rs. 1,500.

F. Luker, Superintendent of Government Press.—Pay Rs. 600—50—1,000.

Vety.-Major R. H. Ringe, Supt., Civil Veterinary Dept.—Pay Rs. 750 + C. A. 400.

F. G. Hill, B.A., Meteorological Reporter.—Allowance Rs. 100—15—175.

W. Gollan, Superintendent, Botanical Gardens, Saharanpur.—Pay Rs. 400 + E.A. 50.

M. Ridley, Superintendent, Horticultural Gardens, Lucknow.—Pay Rs. 425 + E.A. 255.

H. J. Davis, Superintendent, Government Gardens, Allahabad.—Pay Rs. 245.

A. E. P. Griessen, Suptd., Taj and other Gardens, Agra.—Pay Rs. 215 + C. A. 25 + L. A. 50.

N. Gill, Superintendent, Memorial and other public gardens, Cawnpore.—Pay Rs. 215 + C. A. 25.

PUNJAB.

The Hon. Sir Charles Montgomery Rivaz, K.C.S.I., C.S. (Councillor of the Emperor), Lieut.-Governor of the Punjab, 6th March 1902.—Pay Rs. 8,333-5-4 + F.A. 250 and Sp. A. 500.

Major G. Alan, Private Secretary and Aide-de-Camp.—Pay Rs. 640-14-0 + Staff Salary Rs. 350.

Lieut. E. G. Drummond, Aide-de-Camp.—Pay Rs. 225-12-0 + Staff Salary Rs. 250.

Lieut.-Col. H. R. Goulding, V. D., Hony. Aide-de-Camp.

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ADDITIONAL MEMBERS FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The Hon. Kunwar (Sir Harnam Singh, K.C.I.E., 13th November 1901.
 " D. P. Masson, C.I.E., 13th November 1901.
 " Col. J. B. Hutchinson, 3rd January 1902.
 " J. Wilson, H.A., C.S.I., C.S., 11th January 1902.
 Rai Bahadur Madan Gopal, M.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), 30th January 1902.
 The Hon. A. Anderson, C.I.E., 28th October 1902.
 " Mian Muhammad Shah Din (*Bar-at-Law*), 19th August 1903.
 " C. L. Tupper, B.A., C.S.I., C.S., 7th July 1902.
 H. A. B. Rattigan (*Bar-at-Law*), Secretary, Legislative Council.
 The Hon. Mr. J. McCrone, C.S., Chief Secretary to the Government.—Pay Rs. 2,750 + T. A. 250 (*on deputation*).
 The Hon. Mr. A. Henderson Diack, C.S., Offg. Chief Secretary to the Government.—Salary Rs. 2,850.
 A. H. Diack, C.S., Revenue and Financial Secretary.—Pay Rs. 2,250 (*on deputation*).
 J. F. Connolly, C.S., Offg. Revenue and Financial Secretary.—Salary Rs. 1,800.
 C. J. Halifax, C.S., Judicial and General Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,800 + A.A. 450.
 P. L. Barker, B.A., C.S., Under Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 W. Bell, M.A., Under Secretary, Educational Dept., and Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 1,750.
 C. Brown, Insp.-Genl. of Police and Under Secretary to Govt., Home (Police) Dept.—Pay Rs. 2,250.
 T. P. R. Stracy, Asst. Secy., Finl. and Local Funds Depts.—Pay Rs. 720.
 Tasaddaq Husain Khwaja, B.A., Mir Munshi.—Pay Rs. 300.
 J. Benson, C.I.E., A.M.I.C.E., Secretary to Govt., Irrigation Branch.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 R. P. Russel, Under Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,000 + L.A. 100.
 F. C. Kanthock, Personal Assistant to Chief Engineer, Irrigation Branch, Lahore.—Pay Rs. 700.

CHIEF COURT.

Hon. Sir W. O. Clark, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), C.S., Chief Judge.—Pay Rs. 4,000.
 " A. H. S. Reid, M.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Judge.—Pay Rs. 3,500.
 " P. C. Chatterji, Rao Bahadur, M.A., B.L., Judge.—Pay Rs. 3,500.
 " J. A. Anderson, C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), Judge.—Pay Rs. 3,500.
 " F. A. Robertson, C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), Tempy. Judge.—Pay Rs. 3,500.
 W. de M. Malan, C.S., Registrar.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 W. H. E. Fellows (*Bar-at-Law*) Dy. Registrar.—Pay Rs. 600.
 H. A. B. Rattigan (*Bar-at-Law*), B.A., Legal Remembrancer.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 S. M. Robinson (*Bar-at-Law*), Govt. Advocate.—Pay Rs. 1,350.
 C. B. Petman, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Asst. Legal Remembrancer.—Pay Rs. 400.
 M. Muhammad Hussain, Judge, Court of Small Causes, Delhi.—Pay Rs. 700.
 Lala Mulraj Judge, Court of Small Causes, Lahore.—Pay Rs. 700.
 W. A. Harris, Judge, Court of Small Causes, Amritsar.—Pay Rs. 800.
 Hon. Sir C. L. Tupper, C.S., C.S.I., Financial Commissioner, Rev. Dept.—Pay Rs. 3,500.
 Hon. Mr. J. Wilson, Settlement Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 2,750 + T.A. 250.
 W. C. Renouf, C.S., Director of the Dept. of Land Records and Agriculture.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 R. Humphreys, Senior Secy. to Financial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 F. W. Kennaway, Junior Secretary.—Pay Rs. 900.
 H. R. Goulding, Assistant Secretary.—Pay Rs. 600.
 Lieut.-Col. J. A. L. Montgomery, Commissioner and Supt. of Rawalpindi Division.—Pay Rs. 2,750 + 250.
 H. A. Anderson, C.S.I. (*Bar-at-Law*), C.S., Commr., Jullundur.—Pay Rs. 2,750 + 250.
 Hon. A. Anderson, C.S., Commissioner and Supt., Lahore.—Pay Rs. 2,750 + 250.
 T. G. Walker, B.A., Commissioner and Supt. of Delhi Division.—Pay Rs. 2,750 + 250.
 W. R. H. Merk, C.S., Commissioner and Supt., Mooltan.—Pay Rs. 2,750 + 250.
 Hon. A. F. D. Cunningham, C.I.E., C.S., Commr. and Supt. of Peshawar.—Pay Rs. 2,750 + 250.
 E. G. Chester, Conservator of Forests, Supt. of Forest Surveys and Director of the Forest School, Dehra Dun.—Pay Rs. 1,400 + 200.
 C. Stewart-Wilson, B.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), C.S., Postmaster-General.—Pay Rs. 2,300.
 R. O. Lees, Chief Supt., Telegraph Dept.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 R. A. Gamble, B.A., C.S., Accountant-General.—Salary Rs. 2,750.
 F. D. Gordon, Deputy Accountant-General.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 Major C. G. Parsons, Commissioner of Excise and Supt. of Stamps and Insp.-Genl. of Registration.—Salary Rs. 2,250.
 Lieut.-Col. T. E. L. Bate, Inspector-General of Jails.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 W. Bell, M.A., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 1,500 to 2,000.
 S. Robson, M.A., Principal, Government College, Lahore.—Pay Rs. 1,000 + P.A. 800.
 W. L. Dallas, Meteorological Reporter.—Pay Rs. 250.
 Col. J. McConaghey, M.D., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab.—Pay Rs. 2,000.

Lieut.-Col. C. J. Bamber, Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 " F. F. Parry, I.M.S., Principal, Medical College, Lahore.—Pay Rs. 1,600.
 Vety.-Major H. T. Pease, Principal, Lahore Veterinary College.—Pay Rs. 700 + Staff Pay 350 + L. A. 100.
 Rt. Rev. G. A. Lefroy, D.D., Bishop of Lahore.—Pay Rs. 800.
 The Venble H. W. Griffith, M.A., Archdeacon and Commissary of Lahore.—Pay Rs. 800 + Special Allowance 200.

BURMA.

COUNCIL OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BURMA FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

PRESIDENT.

The Hon. Sir Hugh Shakespear Barnes, K.C.S.I., K.C.V.O., C.S., Lieut.-Governor of Burma—4th April 1903.—Pay Rs. 8,333-5-4 + Sumptuary Allowance 500.

COUNCILLORS.

The Hon. W. T. Hall, B.A., LL.B., C.S., 9th June 1902.	The Hon. A. M. B. Irwin, C.S., 21st April 1903.
" Kun Kyi, K.S.M., C.I.E., 11th September 1902.	" Maung Po, K.S.M., 25th September 1903.
" C. H. Wilson, C.I.E., 8th December 1902.	" L. M. Jacob, M.I.C.E., 25th September 1903.
" J. Lewis (<i>Bar-at-Law</i>) 21st January 1903.	" C. Findlay, 25th September 1903.

PERSONAL STAFF OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

G. B. H. Fell, C.S., Private Secretary.
 Captain H. F. Bateman Champain, Aide-de-Camp.
 Major H. Parkin, I.S.C., Hony. Aide-de-Camp.
 The Hon. W. T. Hall, B.A., LL.B., C.S.I., C.S., Financial Commissioner and Chief Customs Authority.—Pay Rs. 3,500.
 W. J. Keith, M.A., C.S., Secretary to the Financial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 500 + A. A. 333-5-4 + L.A. 200.
 A. E. T. Sarfas, Assistant Secretary to the Financial Commissioner.
 O. G. Bayne, C.S., C.S.I., Chief Secretary to Government and Officer in charge of State Prisoners.—Pay Rs. 3,000.
 H. M. S. Mathews, Revenue Secretary to Chief Commissioner, Upper Burma.
 J. B. Wingate, C.S., Secretary to Govt.—Pay Rs. 1,500 + A. A. 300 + L. A. 200.
 C. S. Pennell, M.A., C.S., Under Secretary.—Salary Rs. 833-5-4 + L. A. 200.
 D. Shearme, B.A., C.S., Under Secretary.
 B. P. Leutaigne (*Bar-at-Law*), Assistant Secretary.—Pay Rs. 700 + L.A. 150.
 H. Birsell, M.A., C.S., Assistant Secretary.
 Hon. L. M. Jacob, M.I.C.E., R.E., Secretary in the Public Works Department and Chief Engineer.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 G. U. Martyn, A.M.I.C.E., Secretary to Government (Railway Branch).
 H. W. V. Colebrook, Tempy. Independent Secretary to Government for Irrigation.
 The Hon. A. M. B. Irwin, C.S., Commissioner, Pegu Division, Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 The Hon. G. E. Bridges (*Bar-at-Law*), Commissioner, Northern Division.—Pay Rs. 2,500 (*on deputation*).
 B. Houghton, C.S., Commissioner, Tennasserim Division, Moulmein.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 F. C. Gates (*Bar-at-Law*), C.S., Commissioner, Rangoon Division.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 A. T. A. Shaw, C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*) Commissioner, Mandalay Division.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 H. P. Todd-Naylor, M.A., C.I.E., C.S., Commissioner, Meiktila Division.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 H. L. Eales, Commissioner, Sagaing Division.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 N. G. Cholmely, B.A., C.S., Offg. Commissioner, Minbu Division.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 Major M. D. Maxwell (*Bar-at-Law*), Offg. Commissioner, Irrawaddy Division.
 T. C. Wilson, C.S., Settlement Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 A. Gaitskill, C.S., Director of Land Records and Agriculture.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 J. C. Clancey, F.R.A.S., F.R.G.S., F.S.I., & A.N.G.S., Asst. Director of Land Records and Agriculture.—Pay Rs. 800 to 1,000.
 E. W. Sainthill, Conservator of Forests, 1st Grade, Pegu Circle.—Pay Rs. 1,600.
 W. T. Hall, B.A., LL.B., C.S., President, Rangoon Municipal Commission.
 H. L. Tilly, Chief Collector of Customs.—Pay Rs. 2,250 + Allow. as Vice-Chairman, Rangoon Port Commission, Rs. 300.

C. J. Lalkala, Dy. Postmaster-General, Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 1,080.
 W. P. H. Henderson, Supt., Telegraph Dept., Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 800 + L. A. 100.
 R. E. Hamilton, Accountant-General.—Pay Rs. 2,750 (on leave).
 W. G. D. Kene, Offg. Accountant-General—Salary Rs. 2,250.
 M. K. Ghatak, M.A., Deputy Accountant-General.—Pay Rs. 760.

CHIEF COURT, LOWER BURMA.

Hon. Sir H. T. White, K.C.I.E., C.S., Chief Judge.—Pay Rs. 3,750.
 „ C. S. Fox (*Bar-at-Law*), Judge.—Pay Rs. 3,500.
 „ W. Bigge, M.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Judge.—Pay Rs. 3,500.
 „ A. R. Birks, B.A., C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), Judge.—Pay Rs. 3,500.
 H. Adamson, M.A., C.S., Judicial Commr., Upper Burma (Mandalay).—Pay Rs. 3,500.
 F. Ripley, Registrar, Chief Court, Lower Burma.—Pay Rs. 750 to 1,000.
 Hon. J. Lewis (*Bar-at-Law*), Government Advocate.—Pay Rs. 1,500 to 1,800.
 P. C. Sen (*Bar-at-Law*), Official Assignee and Receiver, Rangoon.
 G. B. Dawson (*Bar-at-Law*), Govt. Prosecutor, Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 400.
 J. C. Moyle (*Bar-at-Law*), Prosecutor, Moulmein.—Pay Rs. 250 and also receives fees.
 A. M. Lütter, Prosecutor, Mandalay.—Pay Rs. 250 and also receives fees.

SMALL CAUSE COURT.

A. H. Bagley, B.A., LL.B. (*Bar-at-Law*), Judge, Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 1,000—1,250.
 D. Ross, Judge, Mandalay.—Pay Rs. 1,800 + A. A. 450.
 W. Carr, C.S., Judge, Moulmein.—Pay Rs. 1,233-5-4.
 Maung Po, Addl. Judge, Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 500.
 M. K. Gaing, Addl. Judge, Moulmein.—Pay Rs. 300.
 Maung Kin, Addl. Judge, Mandalay.—Pay Rs. 500.
 Lieut.-Col. G. T. Thomas, D.P.H., Inspector-Genl. of Jails, Sanitary Commissioner and Chief of the Civil Medical Administration, Burma.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 Col. S. C. F. Peile, S.C., Inspector-General of Police, Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 2,250.
 R. G. P. P. McDonnell, Commissioner of Rangoon Town Police.—Pay Rs. 1,200 to 1,500.
 Commander C. W. R. Hooper, R.I.M., Principal Port Officer, Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 1,370.
 J. Van Pope, M.A., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 1,250 to 1,500.
 E. D. Marshall, M.A., Principal, Rangoon College.—Pay Rs. 750 to 1,000.
 The Right Rev. A. M. Knight, D.D., Lord Bishop of Rangoon.
 Ven. J. P. Dyer, M.A., Archdeacon of Rangoon.
 C. Hamlyn (*Bar-at-Law*), Registrar of the Diocese and Archdeaconry of Rangoon.—Allowance Rs. 50.
 Col. C. C. Little, M.D., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals and Sanitary Commissioner, Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 Sir J. G. Scott, K.C.I.E. (*Bar-at-Law*), Superintendent and Political Officer, Southern Shan States.—Pay Rs. 1,500—50—2,000.
 G. C. B. Stirling (*Bar-at-Law*), Superintendent and Political Officer, Northern Shan States.—Pay Rs. 1,250—50—1,500.
 W. Warry, M.A., F.R.C.I., Advisor of Chinese Affairs.—Pay Rs. 1,200—200—1,800.
 Taw Sein Ko, M.A.S., F.A.I., F.G.S., Government Archaeologist.—Pay Rs. 500.
 M. T. Nyein, Government Translator.—Pay 500.
 C. Sanderson, Superintendent of Government Printing.—Pay Rs. 600 to 850 + H.A. 70.
 Vety.-Major G. H. Evans, Supt., Civil Veterinary Department.—Pay Rs. 1,050 + L.A. 100.
 M. Hunter, M.A., Chemical Examiner, Rangoon.—Allowance Rs. 200.

CENTRAL PROVINCES.

The Hon. Mr. J. P. Hewett, C.S.I., C.I.E., C.S., Chief Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 4,166 + 500.
 Captain E. S. Hill, Personal Asst. and Chief Commissioner.
 H. M. Laurie, B.A., C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), Chief Secretary, Civil Department.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 G. H. Sherlock-Hubbard, Asst. Secretary, Civil Dept.—Pay Rs. 500—40—700.
 E. H. Blakesley, C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), 2nd Secretary, Revenue Department.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 H. F. E. Bell, C.S., Under Secretary.—Pay Rs. 800.
 The Hon. L. M. St. Clair, C.I.E., Superintending Engineer and Secretary to Chief Commissioner, P. W. Department.—Pay Rs. 1,600.
 G. M. Harriott, M.C.E., C.I.E., Second Secretary and Personal Asst. to the Superintending Engineer (Irrigation).
 F. W. M. Scott, Under Secretary.
 S. Ismay C.S. (*Bar-at-Law*), C.S.I., Judicial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 3,500.

A. E. Nelson, C.S., Registrar to the Judicial Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 800.
 M. W. Fox-Strangways, C.S., Commissioner, Jubbulpore Division.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 C. L. Carey, Commissioner, Nerbudda.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 R. H. Croddock, Commissioner, Nagpur Division.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 F. A. T. Phillips, Commissioner, Chattisgarh Division.—Pay Rs. 2,750.
 F. G. Sly, C.S., Commissioner of Settlements and Agriculture.—Pay Rs. 1,800 + L.A. 250.
 R. W. G. Marshall, C.S., Commissioner of Excise, Superintendent of Stamps, and Inspector-General of Registration and Chief Customs Authority in addition to his duties.—Pay Rs. 1,233-5-4.
 Waman Rao Kolhatkar, Rao Bahadur, Senior Judge, Small Cause Court, Nagpur.—Pay Rs. 800.
 P. M. Greany, Junior Judge, Small Cause Court, Jubbulpore.—Pay Rs. 700.
 T. T. Korke, Registrar, Small Cause Court, Nagpur.—Pay Rs. 175.
 F. W. Dillon (*Bar-at-Law*), Government Advocate, Nagpur.—Pay Rs. 250.
 C. R. Cleveland, Inspector-General of Police.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 Major H. E. Banatwala, Inspector-General of Prisons.—Pay Rs. 1,000 (temporary).
 A. Munro, M.A., B.C.L. (*Bar-at-Law*), Inspector-General of Education.—Pay Rs. 1,250 to 1,500.
 C. H. Browning, M.A. (*Bar-at-Law*), Principal, Government College, Jubbulpore.—Pay Rs. 900 + P. A. 230.
 G. D. Oswell, M.A., Principal, Rajkumar College, Raipur.—Pay Rs. 750.
 H. A. Hoghton, Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle, Nagpur.—Salary Rs. 1,200.
 H. S. Pike, Superintendent, Telegraph Department, Nagpur Division.—Pay Rs. 735.
 M. N. Bhattacharyya, M.A., Comptroller, Central Provinces.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 Rev. G. M. Davies, M.A., Senior Chaplain, Jubbulpore.—Pay Rs. 800.
 Col. M. D. Morainty F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Administrative Medical Officer, Nagpur.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 A. S. Womack, C.S., Political Agent for the Chattisgarh Feudatories, Raipur.—Pay Rs. 2,250.
 V. C. French, Examiner, P. W. Accounts.—Pay Rs. 950.

ASSAM.

Hon. Mr. J. B. Fuller, C.S.I., C.I.E., C.S., Chief Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 4,166-10-8, and Sumptuary Allowance Rs. 500.
 F. J. Monahan, C.S., Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 2,250 + L.A. 250.
 J. Donald, M.A., C.S., Under Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.—Salary Rs. 766-10-8 + L.A. 100.
 J. H. Corkery, B.A., LL.D., C.S., Assistant Secretary to Chief Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 700.
 F. C. Henniker, C.S., Director of Land Records and Agriculture.—Pay Rs. 1,300.
 P. G. Melitus, C.I.E., C.S., Judge and Commissioner of the Assam Valley Districts.—Pay Rs. 2,500 + T. A. 250.
 B. B. Newbould, B.A., C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Sylhet and Cachar.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 A. W. Davis, C.S., Inspector-General of Police and Jails, and Superintendent of Stamps and Registration, and Commissioner of Excise.—Pay Rs. 2,250.
 W. Booth, M.A., S.C.D., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 F. W. Sudmerson, Principal, Cotton College.—Pay Rs. 300.
 Col. C. W. Carr-Calthrop, M.D., CH.D., Principal Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner, Shillong.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 Rev. H. T. Otley, M.A., Chaplain, Shillong.—Pay Rs. 800.

INDIAN MILITARY STAFF.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

His Excellency General Right Hon'ble Horatio Herbert, Viscount Kitchener of Khartoum
 G.C.B., G.C.M.G., R.E.

PERSONAL STAFF

Col. H. I. W. Hamilton, D.S.O., A.D.-C. (British Service) Military Secretary.
 Brevet-Lt.-Col. W. R. Birdwood (11th Lanc.) Asst. Military Secy. and Interpreter.
 Brevet-Major R. J. Marker, D.S.O. (Coldstream Guards)
 Brevet-Major F. A. Maxwell, V. C., D.S.O., 18th Lancers Aides-de-Camp.
 Capt. V. R. Brooke, D.S.O. (9th Lancers)
 Risaldar-Major, Sher Singh Bahadur, 18th B. L. Native Aide-de-Camp.
 Lt.-Col. A. W. Macrae Malabar Vol. Rifles
 Lt.-Col. S. Finney, N. W. Ry. Vol. Rifle
 Bt.-Col. H. D. Olivier, R.E., B.B. & C.I.Ry. Vol. Rifles Hon'y. Aides-de-Camp.
 Lt.-Col. A. J. M. MacLaughlin, V. D., Surma Vol. Lanc.

Yasin Khan, Subadar-Major, *Sardar Bahadur*,
c.i.e., 24th Punjabis.
Abdul Ghafur Khan, Risaldar Major, *Bahadur*,
1st B.L.
Judbir Thapa, Hony. Capt. *Bahadur*, late Suba-
dar-Major, *Bahadur*, 1-2 Gurkhas. [B.C.]
Kadam Khan, Risaldar, *Sardar Bahadur*, 4th
Khan Bahadur Khan, Risaldar-Major, *Sardar*
Bahadur, 10th B.L.

HEAD-QUARTERS STAFF OF THE ARMY.

Major-Genl. B. Duff, c.b., c.i.e., I.A. ... Adjutant-General in India.
Col. C. W. Park, A.-D.-C. ... Depy. Adjt.-General in India.
Bt.-Lt.-Col. C. de C. Hamilton, R.A. ... Asst. Adjt.-General in India.
Col. C. L. Woolcombe ... Asst. Adjt.-General for Musketry.
Lt.-Col. J. A. Tanner, d.s.o., R.E. ... Asst. Adjt.-Genl. R.E., and Secy., De-
fence Countee.
Major A. H. Bingley, 7th Rajputs ... Dy. Asst. Adjt.-General.
Major-Genl. D. Haig, c.b., c.v.o., A.-D.-C. (Bri-... Insp.-Genl. of Cavalry in India.
tish Service).

... Brigade-Major to Insp.-General of
Cavalry in India.
Major-Genl. L. W. Parsons, c.b., R.A. ... Insp.-Genl. of Artillery in India.
Col. M. Saunders, R.A. ... Asst. Adjt. Genl. for Royal Artillery
in India.
Capt. K. K. Knapp, R.A. ... Brigade-Major to Insp.-General of
Artillery in India.
Major-Genl. Sir J. Wolfe-Murray, K.C.B. ... Quartermaster-General in India.
Bt.-Lt.-Col. H. Mullaly, R.E. ... Dy. Quartermaster-General in India.
Lt.-Col. H. B. Thornhill, c.i.e. ... Dy. Qr.-mr.-Genl. in India and Inspect-
ing officer of Cantonments.

Major M. Cowper, 10th B.L. ... Dy. Asst. Quartermaster-General.
Bt.-Col. A. W. L. Bayly, c.b., d.s.o., A.-D.-C., I.A. ... Asst. Quartermaster-General.

INTELLIGENCE BRANCH.

Major E. W. S. K. Maconchy, d.s.o. ... Offg. Asst. Qr.-mr.-General.
W. O. Walton, 104th Wellesly's Rifles ...
Bt.-Lt.-Col. H. C. Nanton, R.E. ...
Major M. Ray, R.E. ...
Major O. S. Wauliss, Lanc. Regt. (on special duty). ... Dy. Asst. Quartermasters-General.
Major J. M. Home, 2-2, G. R. (Offg.) ...
Bt.-Major T. E. Scott, c.i.e., d.s.o. ...
Capt. A. S. Hamilton, 54th Sikhs (on leave) ...
Major A. W. Warden, 29th Lancers ...
Capt. H. H. Dowding, Essex Regt. (on leave) ...
Major F. Renwick, 40th Pathans ...
Capt. J. Campbell, 2nd Argyll and Sutherland
Highlanders (offg.) ...
A. B. Lindsay, 2-2 Gurkha Rifles (offg.) ...
Major W. Malleson, R.A. ... Attached.
Major G. de S. Barrow 4th Lancers ... Dy. Asst.-Qr.-mr.-Genl. for Mobilisation
and Secy., Mobilisation Countee.

Capt. J. H. Lloyd 2-3, G. R. on Field Service,
Somaliland.
O. W. G. Richardson, 10th Punjabis ...
Bt.-Major J. M. C. Colvin, R.E. (Addl. tempy.) ...
Major-Genl. H. W. Duperier, R.E. ...

... Director-General of Military Works in
India.
Major G. Williams, R.E. ... Offg. Dy. Director-General.
J. C. Rimington, R.E. ... Asst. Director-Genl., Military Works.
A. M. Stuart, R.E. ... Inspector of Sub-Marine Defences.
Major-Genl. L. W. Christopher, c.b. ... Director-Genl., Supply and Transport.
Bt.-Col. H. F. Lyons-Montgomery ... Dy. Director-Genl., of Supply. Offg. I.
G. S. & T., Bengal Comd.
Col. H. Mansfield ... Dy. Director-Genl., of Transport (on
leave).
Bt.-Lt.-Col. W. J. R. Wickham, c.b. ... Offg. Dy. Director-Genl. of Transport.
Lt.-Col. J. G. Smith, S.C. ... Assts. to Director-Genl., Supply and
Transport.
Bt.-Major R. E. Vaughan ...
Major W. D. Thomson ... Judge-Advocate-General in India.
Capt. A. J. Carnana, 41st Dogras ... Asst. J. A.-G. in India.
Vety.-Col. I. Matthews, c.b., A.V.D. ... Principal Vety. Officer in India.
Col. W. B. Capper ... Director of Military Education in India.

Hony.-Lt. A. Barton ... Asst. to Director of Military Education
in India.
Surgn.-Genl. Sir T. J. Gallwey, M.D., K.C.M.G. Principal Medical Officer,
Forces in India.

Major W. H. W. Elliot, M.B., d.s.o., I.M.S. ... Secy. to do.
Hon. Captain A. D. McIntyre, I.S.M.D. ... Asst. Secy. to P. M. O., H. M. Forces in
India.

Surgn.-Genl. Sir B. Franklin, K.C.I.E., V.H.S. ... Director-Genl., Indian Medl. Service.
A.-D.-C.

Major J. T. W. Leslie, M.B., I.M.S. ... Secy. to do.
Lt.-Col. D. Wilkie, M.B., I.M.S. ... Statistical Officer to the G. of I. in the
Sanitary and Medical Depts. Offg.
P. M. O., Assam Dept.

Capt. S. P. James, M.B., I.M.S. ... Offg.
Major-Genl. C. H. Scott, c.b. ... Director-General of Ordnance in India.
Bt.-Lt.-Col. R. H. Mahon, R.A. ... Dy. do.
Major R. C. O. Stuart, R.A. ... Asst. Director-General of Ordnance in
India. Leave out of India, P. A., 1
year to 18th April 1901.

Capt. J. F. Tyrrell ... Dy. Asst. do.
Col. H. Goad, A.-D.-C. ... Director of Army Remount Department.
Lt.-Col. E. C. Hill, British Service ... Inspector of Gymnasias in India.
Major-Genl. J. A. Collins, British Service ... Inspector-General of Volrs. in India—Offg.
Capt. A. N. Tringham, d.s.o., R. W. Surr. Bde. Major to Inspector-General of Volrs.
in India.
Lt.-Col. H. S. McGill, R.A.M.C. ... Sanitary Officer attached to Army Head-
Quarters.

STAFF AND DEPARTMENTS OF THE MADRAS COMMAND.

LIEUT.-GENERAL COMMANDING THE FORCES.

Lieut.-Genl. Sir C. C. Egerton K.C.B., d.s.o. ... On field Service, Somaliland.
Major-Genl. Sir G. T. Pretymann, K.C.M.G., c.b. Offg.

PERSONAL STAFF.

Major E. W. M. Norie, Midlx. Regt. ... Asst. Milly. Secy. and Aide-de-Camp to
H. E. the Lieut.-General Commanding.
Chaptain L. T. Hay ... Aide-de-Camp to Lieut.-General Comdg.,
Madras.
Subadar-Major Rahman Khan, 26th Light Native Aide-de-Camp to H. E. the Lieut.-
General Commanding.

STAFF.

... Deputy Adjutant-General.
Col. F. J. Aylmer, V.C., R.E. ... Asst. Quartermaster-General.
A. B. Fenton, S.C. ... Asst. Adjutant-General.
Brigr.-Genl. R. G. W. Hepburne, R.A. ... Brig.-General, Royal Artillery.
Capt. H. N. Packard, R. F. A. ... Depy. Asst. Adjutant-General, R. A.
Col. E. B. Standbridge, R.A. ... Insp.-Genl. of Ordnance, Southern Circle.
Lt.-Col. R. C. Onslow ... Dy. Judge Advocate-General, M. C., Banga-
lore, Madras and Southern Districts.
Major T. N. Bagnall, E. York. Regt. ... Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General for Musketry.
Surgn.-Genl. G. W. R. Hay, M.D., I.M.S. ... Principal Medical Officer, Madras Command.
Capt. A. E. Milner, R.A.M.C. ... Personal Asst. to the P. M. O. (on 8 months
leave out of India).
S. G. Butler, R.A.M.C. ... Offg.
Lt.-Col. O. E. P. Lloyd, V.C., R.A.M.C. ... Staff Officer, Army Bearer Corps., Madras Dvn.
Vety.-Lieut.-Col. K. Lees, A.V.D. ... Insptg. Vety. Officer, Madras Command.

DEPARTMENTAL STAFF.

Lieut.-Col. A. H. Clark Kennedy ... Inspector-Genl., Supply and Transport,
Madras Command.
Lt.-Col. H. L. Hutchins... ... Dy. Insp.-Genl., Supply and Transport.
Bt.-Col. J. Kellie, R.E. ... Inspector, Supply and Transport Accts.
Lt.-Col. H. A. B. Boulderson ... Chief Engr., Madras Command, Milly. Works.
Major A. H. Dobbs, I.A. ... Supt. of Family Payments and Pensions.
G. C. Mc. D. Birdwood, S.C. ... Supt., Reserve Remount Depot, Hosur.
Capt. T. O. Marden Cheshire Regt. ... D. A. A.-G. for Instruction (Bangalore).
C. H. Melville, c.b. ... Sanitary Officer, Madras Command.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Lt.-Col. J. G. Downing	...	Controller, Mily. Accts., Madras Command (on leave).
Lt.-Col. G. A. Williams	...	Offg.
Major G. W. S. Fryer	...	Pay Examiner, Madras.
Capt. W. Donnan	...	Examiner, Supply and Transport Accounts and Pay Master, Rangoon.
A. G. W. Chandler, 95th Infy.	...	Examiner, Ordnance and Clothing Accts. Madras.

MADRAS DISTRICT, &c., STAFF.

Major-Genl. Sir N. R. Stewart, Bart. C.B.	...	General Officer Commandg. District.
Col. W. E. G. Forbes, C.B.	...	A. A. G., Fort St. George.
Major H. T. Brooking, 21st Madras Pioneers	...	D. A. A.-G. (on leave).
Major G. R. de H. Smith I. A.	...	Offg. D. A. A.-G.
Capt. V. H. Branson, 88th Carnatic Infy.	...	Garrison Quartermaster.
Col. W. R. Browne, M.D., I.M.S.	...	Offg. Principal Medl. Officer, Madras District.
H. S. Andrews-Speed, R.E.	...	Commanding R. E., Madras District.

COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF.

MADRAS ARMY.

PERIOD OF COMMAND.		Rank and Name.	Service.	REMARKS.
From	To			
1785	1785	Sir Robert Sloper.		
85	86	Sir J. Dalling.		
86	90	Sir Archibald Campbell.		
90	96	Sir W. Meadows.		
96	97	Sir Almed Clarke.		
97	1801	Lt.-Genl. G. Harris.		
1801	27 July 1801	Major-Genl. John Brathwaite	B	
28 July	01 21 Oct.	Lt.-Genl. J. Stuart	B	Commanding the Forces.
22 Oct.	04 12 Feb.	Maj.-Genl. Dugald Campbell.	B	(Temporary).
13 Feb.	05 16 Sept.	Lt.-Genl. Sir J. F. Cradock, K.B.	B	Commanding the Forces.
17 Sept.	07 28 Jan.	Lt.-Genl. Hay Macdowell	I	
81 Jan.	09 9 Apr.	Maj.-Genl. Francis Gowdie	B	(Temporary).
10 Apl.	10 26 Sept.	H. E. Lt.-Genl. George Hewitt	B	Commanding the Forces.
27 Sept.	10 5 Mar.	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Samuel Auchmutty, K.B.	B	Commanding the Forces.
6 Mar.	13 4 May	H. E. Lt.-Genl. The Hon'ble John Abercromby.	B	Governor and C.-in-C.
25 May	14 31 May	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart.	I	
1 June	21 14 June	Lt.-Genl. Thomas Bowser	B	(Temporary).
15 June	21 2 Jan.	H. E. Genl. Sir Alex. Campbell, Bt., K.C.B.	I	
2 Jan.	25 18 Jan.	Lt.-Genl. T. Bowser	I	
19 Jan.	26 2 Mar.	Maj.-Genl. Sir John Doveton, K.C.B.	I	(Temporary).

Commanders-in-Chief—contd.

PERIOD OF COMMAND.		Rank and Name.	Service.	REMARKS.
From	To			
3 Mar.	26 10 May	31 H. E. Lieut.-Genl. Sir Geo. Townshend Walker, G.C.B., K.C.T. & S.	B	
11 May	31 10 Oct.	36 H. E. Lt.-Genl. The Hon. Sir Robert Wm. O'Callaghan, K.C.B.	B	
11 Oct.	36 20 Dec.	38 H. E. Lt.-Gl. Sir P. Maitland, K.C.B.	B	
21 Dec.	38 4 Oct.	39 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Jasper Nicolls, K.C.B.	B	
5 Oct.	39 2 Aug.	40 Major-Genl. Sir Hugh Gough, K.C.B.	B	
3 Aug.	40 19 Jan.	41 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Samuel F. Whittingham, K.C.B., K.C.S.	B	
20 Jan.	41 11 Feb.	41 Major-Genl. James Allan, C.B.	B	(Temporary).
12 Feb.	41 23 Sept.	42 Major-Genl. Sir Robert Henry Dick, K.C.B., K.C.H.	B	(Temporary).
24 Sept.	42 23 Feb.	48 H. E. Lt.-Genl. The Most Hon'ble Geo Marquis of Tweeddale, K.T., C.B.	B	Governor and C.-in-C.
24 Feb.	48 12 Mar.	48 Maj.-Genl. Sir E. K. Williams, K.C.B., K.C.T. & S.	B	(Temporary).
13 Mar.	48 28 Sept.	51 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Geo. Henry Fred. Berkeley, K.C.B.	B	
29 Sept.	51 26 Oct.	53 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Richard Armstrong, C.B., K.T. & S.	B	
27 Oct.	153 4 Apr.	154 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Wm. Stavely, C.B.	B	
5 Apl.	54 22 Sept.	54 Major-General Wm. Henry Sewell, C.B.	I	Prov. C.-in-C.
23 Sept.	54 9 June	56 H. E. Lt.-Genl. The Hon'ble Geo. Anson.	B	
10 June	56 26 Feb.	61 H. E. Lieut.-General Patrick Grant, C.B.	B	
27 Feb.	61 25 Dec.	61 Major-Genl. Richard Budd...	I	Prov. C.-in-C.
Dec 1861	24 May 1866	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir James Hope Grant, G.C.B.	B	
25 May	65 7 Nov.	67 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir John Gaspard LeMarchant, G.C.M.G.	B	
8 Nov.	67 4 Mar.	71 H. E. Lieut.-General W. A. McCleverty.	B	
5 Mar.	71 21 May	71 Major-Gl. Richard Shubrick.	I	Prov. C.-in-C.
22 May	71 24 Dec.	75 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Frederick Paul Haines, K.C.B.	B	
25 Dec.	75 1 Feb.	76 Major-Genl. Charles Elmhirst, C.B.	B	Prov. C.-in-C.
2 Feb.	76 2 Feb.	81 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Neville Bowles Chamberlain, G.C.B., G.C.S.I.	I	
3 Feb.	81 27 Nov.	81 Major-Genl. W. Payn, C.B.	B	Prov. C.-in-C.
28 Nov.	81 17 Aug.	85 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Frederick Sleigh Roberts, Bart., V.O., G.C.B., G.C.I.E.	I	
18 Aug.	85 28 Feb.	86 Major-Genl. Hugh Rowlands, V.O., C.B.	B	Prov. C.-in-C.

Commanders-in-Chief—concl'd.

PERIOD OF COMMAND.		Rank and Name.	Service.	REMARKS.
From	To			
1 Mar. 86	20 Oct. 86	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Herbert Taylor Macpherson, V.C., K.C.B., K.C.S.I.	I	
21 Oct. 86	8 Dec. 86	Maj.-Genl. Hugh Rowlands, V.C., C.B.	B	Prov. C-in-C.
9 Dec. 86	5 Mar. 91	H. E. General Sir Charles George Arbuthnot, K.C.B.	B	
6 Mar. 91	3 May 93	H. E. Lt.-Genl. The Hon'ble Sir James Charlemagne Dormer, K.C.B.	B	
4 May 93	19 June 93	Major-Genl. R. O. Stewart, C.B.	I	Prov. C-in-C.
20 June 93	27 Oct. 93	Major-Genl. C. J. East, C.B.	B	Prov. C-in-C.
8 Oct. 93	31 Mar. 95	H. E. Lieut.-General C. M. Clarke, C.B.	B	

LIEUT.-GENERAL COMMANDING THE FORCES, MADRAS.

1 Apr. 1895	23 Oct. 98	Lieut.-General Sir C. M. Clarke, K.C.B.	B	
29 Oct. 98	7 Mar. 01	Lieut.-General Sir G. B. Wolsley, K.C.B.	B	
8 Mar. 01	11 Nov. 01	Major-Genl. (Temp. Lieut.-Genl.), C. J. Burnett, C.B.	B	
12 Nov. 01	18 July 02	Lieut.-General Sir G. B. Wolsley, K.C.B.	B	
19 July 02	18 Oct. 02	Major-Genl. Sir G. T. Pretyman, K.C.M.G., C.B.	B	
19 Oct. 02	27 Oct. 03	Lieut.-General Sir G. B. Wolsley, K.C.B.	B	
23 Oct. 03		Major-Genl. Sir G. T. Pretyman, K.C.M.G., C.B.	B	

ADJUTANTS-GENERAL.

MADRAS ARMY.

16 Apr. 1786	28 Feb. 1792	Major Henry Malcolm	I	
1 Mar. 92	3 Sept. 99	Lt.-Col. Barry Close	I	
4 Sept. 99	17 Dec. 1807	Lt.-Col. Patrick Alexander Agnew	I	
18 Dec. 1807	31 Jan. 09	Lt.-Col. Francis Capper	I	
1 Feb. 09	16 Feb. 09	Major Robert Barclay	I	Acting.
17 Feb. 1809	30 Apr. 1809	Lt.-Col. John Cuppage	I	
1 May 09	20 Apr. 37	Lt.-Col. T. H. Somerset Conway, C.B.	I	
21 Apr. 37	7 Dec. 37	Major James Russell Haig	I	Acting.
8 Dec. 37	23 Sept. 39	Lt.-Col. Benjamin Robertson Hitchins	I	
24 Sept. 39	14 Aug. 49	Lt.-Col. Robert Alexander	I	
15 Aug. 49	27 Oct. 53	Lt.-Col. Robert John Hussey Vivian	I	
28 Oct. 53	9 Apr. 63	Lt.-Col. William George Woods	I	
10 Apr. 63	16 Apr. 68	Colonel James Maurice Primrose	B	
17 Apr. 68	22 Nov. 69	Colonel James Elphinstone Robertson	B	
23 Nov. 69	26 Aug. 72	Colonel Peter Burton Roe	B	
27 Aug. 72	27 Aug. 77	Br.-Genl. Robert Crosse Stewart	B	
28 Aug. 77	20 Feb. 80	Br.-Genl. Fred. William Jebb	B	
21 Feb. 80	28 Aug. 80	Colonel Andrew Robert Clephane	I	Officiating.
29 Aug. 80	28 Aug. 85	Br.-Genl. Godfrey Clerk	B	
29 Aug. 85	17 Feb. 87	Br.-Genl. Wm. Kidston Elles, C.B.	B	
18 Feb. 87	6 June 90	Br.-Genl. Malcolm Charles Farrington, C.B.	B	
7 June 90	28 Mar. 94	Br.-Genl. Hugh Pearce Pearson, C.B.	B	
29 Mar. 94	31 Mar. 95	Colonel Elphinstone Waters Begbie, D.S.O.	I	Officiating.

DEPUTY ADJUTANTS-GENERAL.

MADRAS COMMAND.

PERIOD OF COMMAND.		Rank and Name.	Service.	REMARKS.
From	To			
1 Apr. 1895	20 Oct. 1895	Br.-Genl. Elphinstone Waters Begbie, C.B., D.S.O.	I	
21 Oct. 95		Br.-Genl. G. Simpson, C.B.	I	
		Br.-Genl. G. Henry	I	
1 Apr. 01	22 Nov. 03	Br.-Genl. J. P. C. Neville	B	

QUARTERMASTERS-GENERAL.

MADRAS ARMY.

PERIOD OF COMMAND.		Rank and Name.	Service.	REMARKS.
From	To			
		Capt. James Campbell	I	
4 Nov. 1790	31 Aug. 1802	Lt.-Col. John Richardson	I	
1 Sept. 1802	4 Aug. 06	Lt.-Col. Alexander Orr	I	
5 Aug. 06	2 Apr. 10	Lt.-Col. John Munro	I	
3 Apr. 10	31 Jan. 21	Lt.-Col. Valentine Blacker, C.B.	I	
1 Feb. 21	25 Sept. 28	Lt.-Col. R. B. Otto	I	
26 Sept. 28	31 Aug. 39	Lt.-Col. James Hanson	I	
1 Sept. 39	22 Feb. 48	Colonel Wm. Strahan	I	
23 Feb. 48	12 Oct. 49	Lt.-Col. Daniel Heffernan Considine	I	
13 Oct. 49	27 Sept. 61	Lt.-Col. Francis Archibald Reid, C.B.	I	
28 Sept. 61	27 Sept. 66	Major Francis Henry Scott	I	
28 Sept. 66	28 Sept. 71	Colonel Crawford Cooke	I	
29 Sept. 71	5 Nov. 76	Br.-Genl. Arthur Howlett	I	
6 Nov. 76	31 Dec. 81	Br.-Genl. Hugh Heefke O'Connell	I	
1 Jan. 82	15 Feb. 83	Lt.-Col. John Ewing	I	Officiating.
16 Feb. 83	12 Feb. 86	Br.-Genl. Richard Campbell Stewart, C.B.	I	
13 Feb. 86	25 Mar. 88	Br.-Genl. Edmund Faunce, C.B.	I	
26 Mar. 88	11 Oct. 90	Br.-Genl. Montague Protheroe, C.B., C.S.I.	I	
12 Oct. 90	31 Mar. 95	Br.-Genl. Edmund Henry Eyre, C.B.	I	

BURMA MILITARY STAFF.

Commanding Burma District	...	Lt.-Genl. D. J. S. McLeod, C.B., D.S.O.
Aide-de-Camp	...	Capt. G. N. L. Labertouche, 122nd Infy.
Asst. Adjut.-Genl., Burma District	...	Lt.-Col. E. R. J. Presgrave, D.S.O.
		A.-D.-C. (on 8 months leave out of India).
Offg.	Do.	Lt.-Col. D. A. McFarlane, D.S.O., King's Own Scottish Borderers.
Dy. Asst. Adjts.-Genl.	...	Major H. St. G. Thomas, 10th Rajah's and Capt. H. W. Hes, R.A., Offg.
Asst. J. A.-Genl., 7th Cir., Burma-Mandalay District and Rangoon Command.	...	Capt. J. B. Bell, 32nd Pioneers.
Commanding Mandalay District	...	Brigr.-Genl. A. G. F. Browne, D.S.O., I.A.
Asst.-Adjt. General, Mandalay	...	Col. C. Molesworth, I.A.

BURMA MILITARY STAFF—concl'd.

Colonel on the Staff, Rangoon Command	... Col. E. E. M. Lawford.
Offg. Colonel on the Staff Commanding Southern Shan States	...
Dy. Insp.-Genl., Supply and Transport, Burma	... Major F. C. W. Rideout, I.A. (Offg.)
D.A.A.G. for Musketry, 8rd Cir., Rangoon	... Capt. R. J. T. Savi, 90th Punjabis.
P. M. O. Burma District	... Col. T. J. H. Wilkins, I. M. S.

STAFF AND DEPARTMENTS OF THE BOMBAY COMMAND.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL COMMANDING THE FORCES.

Lieut.-Genl. Sir Archibald Hunter K.C.B., D.S.O.

PERSONAL STAFF.

Asst. Mily. Secretary and Aide-de-Camp	... Major C. M. Cartwright, 86th Jacob's Horse.
Aide-de-Camp	... Capt. Lord G. Stewart-Murray, 1st Bttn., the Black Watch (Royal Highlanders).
Native Aide-de-Camp	... Résaldar-Major Lal Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 8rd Bo. Cavly.

STAFF AND DEPARTMENTS.

Deputy Adjutant-General	... Brig.-Genl. Greenfield.
Asst. Qrmr.-General	... Col. F. W. Bromfield, British Service.
Asst. Adjt.-General	... Col. A. W. Proudfoot, I.A.
Depy. do.	... Capt. E. R. St. G. Holbrook, W. Yorks Regt.
Depy. do. for Musketry	... Capt. H. Vickers, 88rd Wallajabad Light Infantry.
Colonel on Staff, R.A.	... Brig.-Genl. E. G. H. Bingham, R.A., granted leave out of India on medical certificate for 8 months.
Colonel on Staff, R.A. (Offg.)	... Col. J. M. S. Brunner, R.H.A.
Dy. Asst. Adjt.-General for Royal Artillery	... Capt. W. A. Short, R.F.A.
Principal Medical Officer, B. Comd. (Offg.)	... Col. W. E. Saunders, C.B., R.A.M.C.
Personal Asst. to do. (Offg.)	... Capt. G. J. G. Young, M.B., I.M.S.
Staff Officer, Army Bearer Corps, Bombay Divn.	... Major H. F. Cleveland, I.M.S.
Sanitary Officer, Bombay Command	... Major C. R. Elliot, M.D., R.A.M.C.
Dy. Judge-Advocate-General	... Major R. F. H. Anderson.
Inspecting Veterinary Officer	... Vety. Lt.-Col. E. H. Hazelton, A.V.D.
Dy. Asst. Adjt.-General for British Army Schools (Madras and Bombay Commands)	... Lt.-Col. C. Grant, Brit. Service.
Inspector of Army Signalling (Madras and Bombay Commands)	... Capt. R. O. Dundas, R. Scots.
Superintendent, Army Clothing (Madras and Bombay Commands)	... Lt.-Col. H. A. B. Boulderson.
Inspector-General of Ordnance, Southern Circle	... Col. E. B. Strandbridge, R.A.
Insp.-Genl., Supply and Transport	... Col. H. C. E. Lucas.
Depy. Insp.-Genl., Supply and Transport	... Major G. R. O. Westropp, I.A.
Chief Engineer, Military Works Service	... Col. E. Glennie, R.E.
Controller, Mily. Accts., Bombay Command	... Bt. Col. W. J. B. Bird.
Pay Examiner, Poona	... Lt.-Col. H. F. Cadell.
Examiner, Supply and Transport Accounts, Poona	... Capt. F. W. Bagshawe.
Presidency Paymaster, Bombay	... Capt. R. de S. Dudgeon, 125th Rifles.

STAFF OF THE BENGAL COMMAND.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL COMMANDING THE FORCES.

Lieut.-General Sir A. Gaselee, G.C.I.F., K.C.B., I.A.

PERSONAL STAFF.

Asst. Military Secretary and A.-D.-C. (Offg.)	... Capt. B. T. Pell, D.S.O., R. W. Surr Regt.
Offg. Aide-de-Camp	... Capt. F. D. Russell, 1st Lanc. Regt.
Native Aide-de-Camp	... Résaldar-Major Muizzuddin Khan, 15th B.L.

STAFF AND DEPARTMENTS.

Depy. Adjutant-General	... Brig.-Genl. A. R. Martin, C.B., S.C.
Asst. Quartermaster-General	... Bt. Lt.-Col. A. Phayre, I.A.
Asst. Adjutant-General	... Col. J. B. Forster, Brit. Service.
Dy. Asst. Quartermaster-General	... Capt. C. L. Nicholson, Yorks.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General	... Major M. E. Willoughby, 2nd Lanc.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General for Musketry	... Major W. S. Mardall, 17th Cavy.
Col. on Staff, R.A.	... Brig.-Genl. J. Leach, R.A.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General for R.A.	... Capt. H. R. Palmer, R.G.A.
Principal Medical Officer	... Surg.-Genl. W. F. Burnett, R.A.M.C., V.H.S.
Personal Asst. to do.	... Capt. J. G. Hulbert, M.B., I.M.S.
Sanitary Officer, Bombay Command	... Major A. R. Aldridge, R.A.M.C.
Staff Officer, Army Bearer Corps	... Major A. T. Bown, I.M.S.
Depy. Judge-Advocate-General	... Major H. L. B. Acton, 26th Light Cavy
Chief Engineer, Military Works Services	... Bt.-Col. C. C. Ellis, R.E.
Insp.-Genl., Supply and Transport	... Col. H. F. Lyons-Montgomery, I.A.
Dy. do.	... Lt.-Col. C. V. W. Williamson, I.A.
Inspg. Vety. Officer	... Vety. Lt.-Col. R. Moore, A.V.D.
Garrison Quartermaster, Fort William	... Lt.-Col. J. M. Carpendale, 8 Lanc.
Director of Farms	... Major D. J. Meagher, I.A.

STAFF OF THE PUNJAB COMMAND.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL COMMANDING THE FORCES.

Lt.-Genl. Sir B. Blood, K.C.B.

PERSONAL STAFF.

Asst. Mily. Secretary and A.-D.-C.	... Major C. P. Campbell, C.I.H.
Aide-de-Camp	... Capt. R. L. Morris, 3rd Skinners Horse.
Native Aide-de-Camp	... Résaldar-Major Muhammad Amin Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 23rd Cavy.

STAFF AND DEPARTMENTS.

Depy. Adjutant-General	... Brig.-Genl. F. H. Whitby, Bri. Service
Asst. Quartermaster-General	... Col. A. Masters, I.A.
Asst. Adjutant-General	... Bt. Col. J. L. Keir, R.F.A.
Depy. Asst. Quartermaster-General	... Major A. B. H. Northcott, R. Sco. Fusrs.
Depy. Asst. Adjutant-General	... Major A. G. Medley, 19th Lanc.
Depy. Asst. Adjutant-General for Musketry	... Major S. Thomson, Gordon Highlanders.
Colonel on Staff, R.A.	... Brig.-Genl. R. Purdy, R.A.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General, R.A.	... Capt. W. K. Hardy, R.G.A.
P. M. O., Punjab Command	... Surg.-Genl. J. T. B. Bookey, C.B., I.M.S.
Personal Asst. to P. M. O.	... Capt. E. T. F. Birrell, M.B., R.A.M.C.
Sanitary Officer	... Major J. C. Weir, M.B., R.A.M.C.
Staff Officer, Army Bearer Corps (Punjab Divn.)	... Lt.-Col. J. Shearer, M.B., D.S.O., I.M.S.
Depy. Judge-Advocate-General	... Major L. H. Reid, I.A.
Inspg. Veterinary Officer	... Vety. Lt.-Col. R. Pringle, D.S.O., A.V.D.
Inspector of Army Signalling (Punjab and Bengal Commands)	... Major C. P. Scudamore, D.S.O., R. Sco. Fusrs.
Chief Engineer, Military Works	... Lt.-Col. H. Finnis, R.E.
Inspector-General, Supply and Transport	... Col. H. M. P. Hawkes.
Dy. do.	... Major H. James.
Inspector-General of Ordnance, Northern Circle	... Col. J. L. Fixott, R.A.
Director of Farms	... Capt. G. A. Dale, 19th Punjabis.

THE MOST EXALTED ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA,

[INSTITUTED 23rd FEBRUARY 1861; ENLARGED 28th MARCH 1866,
20th DECEMBER 1876, 10th JUNE 1897, and 21st OCTOBER 1902.]

SOVEREIGN.

HIS MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA.

GRAND MASTER.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA, THE RIGHT HONORABLE GEORGE NATHANIEL CURZON, BARON CURZON IN THE COUNTY OF DERBY, IN THE PEERAGE OF IRELAND, G.M.I.E., P.C.

(6TH JANUARY 1899.)

OFFICERS OF THE ORDER.

Registrar—Sir Albert William Woods, G.C.V.O., K.C.B., K.C.M.G.,

Quarter Principal King of Arms, Herald's College, London.

(APPOINTED 23RD FEBRUARY 1861.)

Secretary—Louis William Dane, Esq., I.C.S.,

Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

(APPOINTED 20TH MARCH 1903.)

EXTRA KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS.

Field Marshal His Royal Highness PRINCE ARTHUR-WILLIAM-PATRICK-ALBERT, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O.

1ST JANUARY 1877.

Field Marshal His Royal Highness PRINCE GEORGE-WILLIAM-FREDERICK-CHARLES, Duke of Cambridge, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.H., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O.

2ND JUNE 1877.

HONORARY KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS.

MIR SIR MUHAMMAD KHUDDAD KHAN, ex-Wali of Kalat.—29th June 1879.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS SIR SULTAN MASSOUD MIRZA YEMIN-ED-DOWLEH ZIL-ES-SULTAN OF PERSIA.—1st November 1887.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
FIRST CLASS, OR KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS—(36).		
	The Right Hon'ble the Earl of Northbrook—[Europe]—[Additional]	3 rd May 1872.
1	Sir John Strachey, C.I.E., I.C.S., Retired—[Europe]	3 rd May 1878.
2	Colonel His Highness Farzand-i-Arjumand Akidat Paiwand Daulat-i-Inglishia Barar Bans Sarniur Raja-i-Rajagan Raja Sir Hira Sing Malvinder Bahadur, of Nabha—[Punjab]	29 th July 1879.
3	Field-Marshal Sir Frederick Paul Haines, G.C.B., C.I.E.—[Europe]	Ditto.
4	The Right Hon'ble the Earl of Cranbrook—[Europe]	20 th April 1880.
	The Most Hon'ble the Marquess of Ripon, K.G., C.I.E.—[Europe]	
5	His Highness Asaf Jah Muzaffar-ul-Mamalik Nizam-ul-Mulk Nizam-ud-Daula Nawab Mir Sir Mahbub Ali Khan Bahadur Fateh Jang, G.C.B., of Hyderabad—[Deccan]	8 th June 1880.
6	The Right Hon'ble Sir James Fergusson, Bart., K.C.M.G., C.I.E., P.C.—[Europe]	1 st Jan. 1885.
7	The Right Hon'ble Sir Mountstuart Elphinstone Grant-Duff, P.C.—[Europe]	25 th Feb. 1885.
8	His Highness Farzand-i-Khas-i-Daulat-i-Inglishia, Maharaja Sir Sayaji Rao Gackwar Sena Khas Khel Shamsheer Bahadur, of Baroda—[Baroda]	28 th July 1886.
		16 th Feb. 1887.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS—concl'd.		
9	His Highness Maharana Dhiraj Sir Fateh Singh Bahadur, of Udaipur—[Rajputana]	16 th Feb. 1887.
10	His Highness Maharaja Sir Shivaji Rao Holkar, ex-Chief of Indore—[Central India]	30 th June 1887.
11	His Highness Saramad-i-Rajaha-i-Hindustan Raj Rajindra Sri Maharaja Dhiraj Sawai Sir Madho Singh Bahadur, G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., Maharaja of Jaipur—[Rajputana]	2 nd Jan. 1888.
12	His Highness Sri Padmanabha Dasa Vanji Sir Balarama Varma Kulashekhara Kiritapati Mani Sultan Maharaja Raja Rama Raja Bahadur Shamsheer Jang, of Travancore—[Madras]	24 th May 1888.
	The Most Hon'ble the Marquess of Lansdowne, K.G., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E.—[Europe] [Additional]	10 th Dec. 1888.
13	The Right Hon'ble Donald James, Lord Reay, G.C.I.E.—[Europe]	8 th April 1890.
14	Major-General His Highness Maharaja Sir Partab Singh Indar Mahindar Bahadur Sipar-i-Saltanat, of Jammu and Kashmir.	25 th May 1892.
15	The Right Hon'ble Viscount Cross, G.C.B.—[Europe]	1 st August 1892.
16	Field Marshal the Right Hon'ble Frederick Sleigh, Earl Roberts, K.G., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.I.E., V.C., R.A.—[Europe]	3 rd June 1893.
	The Right Hon'ble the Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, K.G., G.C.I.E.—[Europe] [Additional]	
17	His Highness Sir Shahu Chhatrapati Maharaj, G.C.V.O., Maharaja of Kolhapur—[Bombay]	1 st Jan. 1895.
18	Colonel His Highness Mukhtar-ul-Mulk Azim-ul-Iktidar Rafi-ush-Shan Wala Shikoh Mohtasham-i-Dauran Umdat-ul-Umara Maharajadhiraj Alijah Hisam-us-Saltanat Maharaja Sir Madho Rao Sindhia Bahadur Srinath Mansur-i-Zaman Fidvi-i-Hazrat-i-Malika-i-Muazzama-i-Rafii-ud-Darja-i-Inglistan, of Gwalior, A.D.C. to H. M. the King—[Central India]	25 th May 1895.
19	The Right Hon'ble George Robert, Lord Harris, G.C.I.E.—[Europe]	Ditto.
20	The Right Hon'ble Sir Henry Hartley Fowler, P.C., M.P.—[Europe]	9 th July 1895.
21	The Right Hon'ble Beilby, Lord Wenlock, G.C.I.E., K.C.B.—[Europe]	1 st Jan. 1896.
22	His Highness Maharaja Sir Vyankatesh Raman Singh Bahadur, of Rewa—[Central India]	22 nd June 1897.
23	Sir Joseph Dalton Hooker, C.B., M.D.—[Europe]	Ditto.
24	The Right Hon'ble Sir Antony Patrick MacDonnell, late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
25	Major-General His Highness Maharaja Sir Partab Singh Bahadur, K.C.B., of Idar—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
26	Lieut.-General Sir Richard Strachey, R.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
27	Field Marshal Sir George Stewart White, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., V.C.—[Europe]	11 th Jan. 1898.
28	The Right Hon'ble William, Lord Sandhurst, G.C.I.E.—[Europe]	10 th March 1900.
29	Sir Arthur Elibank Havelock, G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E.—[Tasmania]	29 th May 1901.
30	The Right Hon'ble Lord George Francis Hamilton, M.P.—[Europe]	1 st Jan. 1903.
31	H. H. Raja Sir Rama Varma, of Cachim—[Madras]	Ditto.
SECOND CLASS, OR KNIGHTS COMMANDERS (85).		
1	General Sir Arnold Burrowes Kemball, K.C.B., R. (late Do.) A—[Europe]	28 th March 1866.
2	Major-General Sir William Henry Rodes Green, C.B., I.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
3	Sir William Muir, I.C.S., Retired—[Europe]	8 th Feb. 1867.
4	General Sir Edward Lechmere Russell, Bombay Army—[Europe]	24 th Aug. 1868.
5	Major-General Sir Frederic John Goldsmid, C.B., I.A., Retired—[Europe]	1 st Nov. 1871.
6	Sir Alexander John Arbuthnot, C.I.E., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	24 th May 1873.
7	General Sir Dighton Macnaghten Probyn, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., V.C.—[Europe]	7 th March 1876.
8	Surgeon-General Sir Joseph Fayrer, Bart., M.D., I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
9	The Right Hon'ble Arthur, Lord Hobhouse, C.I.E., P.C.—[Europe]	1 st Jan. 1877.
10	Sir George Ebenezer Wilson Couper, Bart., C.B., C.I.E., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
11	Sir Steuart Colvin Bayley, C.I.E., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	25 th May 1878.
12	Sir Robert Eyles Egerton, C.I.E., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	29 th July 1879.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
KNIGHTS COMMANDERS—contd.		
13	Major-General Sir Owen Tudor Burne, G.C.B., British Service, Retired—[Europe] ...	29th July 1879.
14	Sir Lepel Henry Griffin, I.C.S., Retired—[Europe] ...	24th May 1881.
15	Maharaja Sir Jotindra Mohan Tagor Bahadur, of Calcutta—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
16	Sir John Henry Morris, I.C.S., Retired—[Europe] ...	24th May 1883.
17	The Right Hon'ble Earl Cromer, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., C.I.E., R.A.—[Egypt] ...	4th Aug. 1883.
18	Colonel Sir Edward Ridley Colborne Bradford, G.C.B., I.A.—[Europe] ...	6th June 1885.
19	His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Colonel Sir Joseph West Ridgeway, K.C.B., P.C., B.G.L.I.—[Ceylon] ...	21st July 1885.
20	Sir Theodore Cracraft Hope, C.I.E., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	29th May 1886.
21	Sir William Chichele Plowden, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
22	Sir Charles Alfred Elliot, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	16th Feb. 1887.
23	Sir James Braithwaite Peile, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	2nd Jan. 1888.
24	Sir James Broadwood Lyall, G.C.B., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	1st June 1883.
25	Sir Charles Haukes Tod Crosthwaite, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
26	Sir David Miller Barbour, K.C.M.G., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1889.
27	Nawab Sir Mahummad Akram Khan Bahadur, Chief of Amb, Hazara District—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
28	Sir Andrew Richard Scoble, K.C.—[Europe] ...	20th May 1890.
29	Sir Dennis FitzPatrick, late I.C.S.—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
30	Sir Philip Percival Hutchins, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	30th May 1891.
31	Raja Sir Amar Singh—[Kashmir] ...	11th Nov. 1891.
32	Sir Auckland Colvin, K.C.M.G., C.I.E., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	25th May 1892.
33	Sir Henry Edward Stokes, late I.C.S.—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
34	Sir Henry Waterfield, C.B.—[Europe] ...	3rd July 1893.
35	H. E. Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, G.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1894.
36	Major-General Sir Oliver Richardson Newmarch, I.A., Retired—[Europe] ...	26th May 1894.
37	The Hon'ble Sir Frederick William Richards Fryer, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1895.
38	His Highness Maharao Sir Kesri Singh Bahadur, G.C.I.E., of Sirahi—[Rajputana] ...	Ditto.
39	Sir Courtenay Peregrine Ilbert, C.I.E., Barrister-at-Law—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
40	Lt.-Col. Sir George Scott Robertson, I.M.S., Retired—[Europe] ...	17th July 1895.
41	Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Brackenbury, G.C.B., R.A.—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1896.
42	Thakur Sahib Sir Mansinghji, Chief of Palitana—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
43	Sir William Erskine Ward, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	20th May 1896.
44	Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Alfred Swaine Lethbridge, M.D., I.M.S., Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
45	His Highness Maharao Raja Sir Raghubir Singh Bahadur, G.C.I.E., of Bundi—[Rajputana] ...	1st Jan. 1897.
46	Sir Edward Charles Buck, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
47	Sir William Mackworth Young, I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	22nd June 1897.
48	Sir Charles James Lyall, C.I.E., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
49	Sir Robert Joseph Crosthwaite, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
50	Sir William John Cunningham, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
51	Lt.-General Sir Monagu Gilbert Gerard, K.C.B., I.A.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
52	His Highness Farzand-i-Dilband Rasilh-ul-Itikad, Daulat-i-Inglishta Raja-i-Rajagan Raja Sir Jagatjit Singh Bahadur, of Kapurthala—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
53	Sir Richard Udny, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
54	Colonel Sir Howard Melliss, I.A.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
55	His Highness Maharaja Lokindra Sir Bhawani Singh Bahadur, of Datia—[Central India] ...	1st Jan. 1898.
56	Sir Arthur Charles Trevor, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
57	Sir John Frederick Price, late I.C.S.—[Nilgiris, Madras] ...	Ditto.
58	Sir William Lee-Warner, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	21st May 1898.
59	Sir Trevor John Chichele Chichele-Plowden, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
60	His Highness Sir Rasulkhanji Mahabatkhanji, Nawab of Junagarh—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
61	Sir Charles Cecil Stevens, late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
62	Major His Highness Maharao Sir Umed Singh Bahadur, of Kota—[Rajputana] ...	22nd May 1900.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
KNIGHTS COMMANDERS—concl'd.		
63	The Hon'ble Sir Charles Montgomery Rivaz, I.C.S.—[Punjab] ...	1st Jan. 1901.
64	The Hon'ble Sir James John Digges La Touche, I.C.S.—[United Provinces] ...	9th Nov. 1901.
65	H. H. Raja Sir Surinadar Bikram Prakash Bahadur, of Sirmur—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
66	Sultan Sir Ahmad bin Fadhl, of Lahej—[Aden] ...	Ditto.
67	The Hon'ble Lieut.-Colonel Sir David William Keith Barr, I.A.—[Hyderabad] ...	26th June 1902.
68	Sir Henry Stedman Cotton, I.C.S.—[on leave] ...	Ditto.
69	Sir Amaravati Seshayya Sastri—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
70	The Hon'ble Sir Denzil Charles Jelf Ibbetson, I.C.S.—[India] ...	1st Jan. 1903.
71	Rear-Admiral Sir Charles Carter Drury, R.N.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
72	The Hon'ble Sir Henry Martin Winterbotham, I.C.S.—[India] ...	Ditto.
73	The Hon'ble Sir James Monteath, I.C.S.—[India] ...	Ditto.
74	The Hon'ble Lt.-Col. Sir Donald Robertson, I.A.—[India] ...	Ditto.
75	The Hon'ble Sir Andrew Henderson Leith Fraser, I.C.S.—[India] ...	Ditto.
76	The Hon'ble Sir Hugh Shakespear Barnes, K.C.V.O., I.C.S. ...	Ditto.
77	Surgeon-General Sir William Roe Hooper, I.M.S., Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
78	Col. Sir Colin Campbell Scott-Moncrieff, K.C.M.G., R.E., Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
79	H. H. Raja Sir Kirti Sah, of Tehri—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
80	Kunwar Sir Rambir Singh, of Patiala—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
THIRD CLASS, OR COMPANIONS—(170).		
1	William Ford, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	28th March 1866.
2	John Walter Sherer, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
3	General Richard Harte Keatinge, V.C., I.A.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
4	Major-General John William Younghusband, I.A., Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
5	Eyre Burton Powell, Esq., M.A.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
6	Lewin Bentham Bowring, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	16th Sept. 1867.
7	Lieutenant-General Sir John Blick Spurgin, K.C.B., British Army, Retired—[Europe] ...	2nd June 1869.
8	William James Money, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
9	Lieutenant-Colonel William Dickinson, I.A., Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
10	Richard Vicars Boyle, Esq.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
11	Mir Akbar Ali Khan Bahadur, of Hyderabad—[Hyderabad Deccan] ...	Ditto.
12	Raja Jai Krishan Das Bahadur, of Moradabad—[United Provinces] ...	28th May 1870.
13	General Sir Henry Edward Landor Thuillier, K.C., R.A., Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
14	General Sir Martin Dillon, G.C.B., British Army—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
15	General Sir Peter Stark Lumsden, G.C.B., I.A.—[Europe] ...	3rd June 1870.
16	Lionel Robert Ashburner, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	20th May 1871.
17	Major-General Alfred Thomas Etheridge, I.A., Retired—[Europe] ...	31st May 1872.
18	Colonel Sir Charles Bean Euan-Smith, K.C.B., M., G.L.I., Retired—[Europe] ...	15th Nov. 1872.
19	Major-General Beresford Lovett, C.B., R.E., Retired—[Europe] ...	6th Feb. 1873.
20	General Sir Thomas Edward Gordon, K.C.I.E., K.C.B., I.A.—[Europe] ...	7th Aug. 1874.
21	Robert Barclay Chapman, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	23rd Oct. 1875.
22	Edward William Ravenscroft, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
23	General Francis Hornblow Rundall, R. (Madras) E.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
24	Philip Sandys Melville, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	7th March 1876.
25	General James Michael, I.A.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
26	Major-General Sir Arthur Edward Augustus Ellis, G.C.V.O., British Army—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
27	Major-General Philip Durham Henderson, Madras Cavalry—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
28	Nawab Sayid Fath Ali Khan Bahadur, Nawab of Banganapalle—[Madras] ...	1st Jan. 1877.
29	Whitley Stokes, Esq., C.I.E.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
30	George Thornhill, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
31	Thomas Henry Thornton, Esq., D.C.L., late I.C.S.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—contd.		
32	Bakhshi Khoman Singh, of Indore—[Central India] ...	1st Jan. 1877.
33	Colonel Leopold John Herbert Grey, I A—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
34	Sir George Christopher Molesworth Birdwood, K C I E, M D—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
35	Sir Edwin Arnold, K C I E—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
36	General Charles James Merriman, R E, Retired—[Europe] ...	25th May 1878.
37	Robert Davidson, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
38	Major-General Montague Protheroe, C B, I A—[Burma] ...	22nd Feb. 1881.
39	Colonel Henry Wylie, B., G L I—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
40	Major-General William Tweedie, I A—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
41	Sir Donald Campbell Macnabb, K C I E, late I C S—[Europe] ...	24th May 1881.
42	Horace Abel Cockerell, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
43	Colonel Sir Edward Charles Ross, Kt., I A—[Europe] ...	24th May 1882.
44	William Brittain Jones, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	24th May 1883.
45	Sir Henry William Primrose, K C B—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1885.
46	Herbert John Reynolds, Esq., late I A—[Europe] ...	6th June 1885.
47	Surgeon-General James Macnabb Cunningham, M D, I M S., Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
48	Lieut.-General Michael Weekes Willoughby, I A—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
49	Henry Edward Sullivan, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1886.
50	Sir Charles Bradley Pritchard, K C I E, I C S—[Europe] ...	29th May 1886.
51	Raja Piri Mohon Mukharji, of Uttarpara—[Bengal] ...	16th Feb. 1887.
52	Sir Frederick Russell Hogg, K C I E, late I C S—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
53	The Hon'ble Colonel Charles Edward Yate, C M G, I A—[Baluchistan] ...	Ditto.
54	William Radolph Henry Merk, Esq., I C S—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
55	Rao Chhatrapati Bahadur, Jagirdar of Alipura—[Central India] ...	Ditto.
56	U. Gaung, Ex-Kinwun Mngyi—[Burma] ...	Ditto.
57	Sir William Gerald Seymour Vesey Fitzgerald, K C I E—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
58	Sir Francis Langford O'Callaghan, K C M G, C I E—[Europe] ...	2nd Jan. 1888.
59	Edward Raban Cave-Browne, Esq.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
60	Colonel Edward Lacon Ommannney, I A—[Europe] ...	24th May 1889.
61	Colonel John Clerk, C V O—[Europe] ...	14th Oct. 1889.
62	James Richards Naylor, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	20th May 1890.
63	David Robert Lyall, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1891.
64	Sardar Jiwan Singh, of Shahzadpur, Umballa—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
65	Colonel Percy William Powlett, I A—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
66	Colonel George Herbert Trevor, I A—[Europe] ...	30th May 1891.
67	Colonel Frederick Jervis Home, R E, Retired—[Europe] ...	25th May 1892.
68	Lieutenant-Colonel Henry St. Patrick Maxwell, I A—[Assam] ...	Ditto.
69	Raja Uday Partab Singh, of Bhinga—[United Provinces] ...	3rd Jan. 1893.
70	George Robert Elsmie, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
71	Herbert Mills Birdwood, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	3rd June 1893.
72	Major-General Alexander Walker, R A—[Residing out of India] ...	Ditto.
73	Colonel Hurlock Galloway Pritchard, I A—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
74	Jervoise Athelstane Baines, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1894.
75	Sir Thomas Salter Pyne, Kt., M I M E—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
76	Major-General Robert Charles Boileau Pemberton, R E, Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
77	Lieut.-General Sir Alexander Robert Badcock, K C B, I A—[India] ...	1st Jan. 1895.
78	Donald Mackenzie Smeaton, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
79	Colonel William Francis Pridaux, late I A—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
80	Alan Cadell, Esq., I C S, Retired—[Europe] ...	25th May 1895.
81	Arthur Forbes, Esq., late I C S—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
82	Kerala Varma Valiya Koil Tamburan, Consort of Her late Highness Raja Rajeshwari Rani Lakshmi Bai Sahiba, C I, Senior Rani of Travancore—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
83	Colonel John Pennycuik, R E, Retired—[Europe] ...	11th Oct. 1895.
84	Sir Arthur Upton Fanshawe, K C I E, I C S—[India] ...	1st Jan. 1896.
85	Colonel George Fletcher Otley Boughey, R E, Retired—[Europe] ...	21st Jan. 1896.
86	The Hon'ble Lieut.-Col. Harold Arthur Deane, I A—[N.W. Frontier Pro.] ...	Ditto.
87	James Fairbairn Finlay, Esq., late I C S—[India] ...	20th May 1896.
88	Joseph Parker, Esq.—[Europe] ...	25th Sept. 1896.
89	The Hon'ble Sir Charles Lewis Tupper, K C I E, I C S—[Punjab] ...	1st Jan. 1897.
90	John Molesworth Macpherson—[India] ...	22nd June 1897.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—contd.		
91	The Hon'ble Mr. Charles Walter Bolton, I C S—[Bengal] ...	22nd June 1897.
92	Horace Frederick D'Oyly Moulé, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
93	Surgeon-General James Cleghorn, M D, I M S—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
94	Colonel Thomas Gracey, R E—[Residing out of India] ...	Ditto.
95	Colonel James Aloysius Miley, I A—[India] ...	Ditto.
96	Colonel Andrew Wilson Baird, late R E, Retired—[Residing out of India] ...	22nd June 1897.
97	Khachar Ala Chela, Chief of Jasdán—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
98	Henry Babington Smith, Esq.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
99	Henry Aiken Anderson, Esq., I C S—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
100	Major Arthur Henry McMahon, C I E, I A—[Baluchistan] ...	Ditto.
101	Sardar Bahadur Kashi Rao Sarve, of Gwalior—[Central India] ...	Ditto.
102	Sir Henry Evan Murchison James, K C I E, late I C S—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1898.
103	James Knox Spence, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
104	Michael Finucane, Esq., I C S—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
105	Charles William Odling, Esq., M I C E, M E.—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
106	The Hon'ble Raja Tasadduk Rasul Khan, of Barabanki—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
107	The Hon'ble Mr. James Austin Bourdillon, I C S—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
108	The Hon'ble Mr. Alexander Walmesley Cruickshank, I C S—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
109	Thomas William Holderness, Esq., I C S, Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
110	The Hon'ble Mr. David Norton, I C S—[Burma] ...	Ditto.
111	Thomas Stoker, Esq., late I C S—[Europe] ...	21st May 1898.
112	Colonel Maule Campbell Brackenbury, R E, Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
113	Edward Richard Henry, Esq., I C S (Retired)—[South Africa] ...	Ditto.
114	Lucas White King, Esq., I C S—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
115	Khan Bahadur Yar Muhammad Khan, of Jaora—[Central India] ...	Ditto.
116	Mackenzie Dalzell Chalmers, Esq.—[Europe] ...	31st Dec. 1898.
117	The Hon'ble Mr. Arundel Tagg Arundel, I C S—[India] ...	Ditto.
118	The Hon'ble Mr. John Prescott Hewett, C I E, I C S—[Central Provinces] ...	Ditto.
119	Colonel William Preece Warburton, M D, I M S., Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
120	Surgeon-General David Sinclair, M B, I M S—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
121	Henry Farrington Evans, Esq., I C S—[United Provinces] ...	3rd June 1899.
122	Lieutenant-Colonel John Muir Hunter, I A—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
123	The Hon'ble Mr. Richard Gillies Hardy, I C S—[United Provinces] ...	1st Jan. 1900.
124	The Hon'ble Mr. Arthur Henry Temple Martindale, I C S—[Rajputana] ...	Ditto.
125	Frederick Robert Upcott, Esq., M I C E, Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
126	Herbert Charles Fanshawe, Esq., I C S, Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
127	Edmund Norman Baker, Esq., I C S—[India] ...	Ditto.
128	The Hon'ble Mr. Frederick Styles Philpitt Lely, I C S—[Bombay] ...	1st Jan. 1901.
129	John Ontario Miller, Esq., I C S—[India] ...	Ditto.
130	George Robert Irwin, Esq., I C S—[on leave—Europe] ...	Ditto.
131	William Robert Bright, Esq., I C S—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
132	Brigadier-General George Lloyd Reilly Richardson, C B, C I E, I A—[Punjab] ...	24th July 1901.
133	Stanley Ismay, Esq., I C S—[Central Provinces] ...	9th Nov. 1901.
134	The Hon'ble Mr. David Thomas Roberts, I C S—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
135	The Hon'ble Mr. James Wilson, I C S—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
136	Robert Barton Buckley, Esq., M I C E—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
137	Arthur Frederick Cox, Esq., I C S—[Burma] ...	Ditto.
138	The Hon'ble Mr. Charles Gerwien Bayne, I C S—[India] ...	Ditto.
139	The Hon'ble Mr. Thomas Raleigh—[India] ...	26th June 1902.
140	The Hon'ble Mr. James Thomson, I C S—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
141	The Hon'ble Mr. Joseph Bampfylde Fuller, C I E, I C S—[Assam] ...	Ditto.
142	Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Parry Thornton, I A—[Rajputana] ...	9th June 1902.
143	Hartley Kennedy, Esq.—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
144	Edward Charles Ozanne, Esq., M R A C, I C S, Retired—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
145	Edwin Grant Burls, Esq.—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
146	The Hon'ble Sir Edward Fitz Gerald Law, K C M G—[India] ...	1st Jan. 1903.
147	The Hon'ble Mr. Charles Stuart Bayley, I C S—[Central India] ...	Ditto.
148	The Hon'ble Mr. Edward Townshend Candy, I C S—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—concl'd.		
149.	The Hon'ble Mr. Gabriel Stokes, I C S—[Madras] ...	1st Jan. 1903.
150.	Major-General Trevor Bruce Tyler, R A—[India] ...	Ditto.
151.	Henry Adamson, Esq., I C S—[Burma] ...	Ditto.
152.	The Hon'ble Mr. William Lockington Impey, I C S—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
153.	The Hon'ble Mr. William Charles Macpherson, I C S—[Bengal].	Ditto.
154.	Colonel Sir George Corbet Gore, R E—[India] ...	Ditto.
155.	Lieutenant-Colonel James Alexander Lawrence Montgomery, [Punjab] ...	Ditto.
156.	Reginald Henry Caddock, Esq., I C S—[Central Provinces] ...	Ditto.
157.	Colonel Henry Doveton Hulchinson, I A—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
158.	Major High Daly, C B E, I A—[India] ...	Ditto.
159.	Raja Ban Bihari Kapur, of Burdwan—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
160.	Nawab Mumtaz-ud-daula Muhammad Faiyaz Ali Khan, of Pahasu —[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
161.	Surdar Badam Singh, of Malandhi—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
162.	Thomas Gordon Walker, Esq., I C S—[Punjab] ...	26th June 1903.
163.	Colonel James White Thurbrun, R E—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.

THE MOST EMINENT ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

[INSTITUTED 31st DECEMBER 1877; ENLARGED 2nd AUGUST 1886;
1st JUNE 1887, 12th MAY 1892, 1897, 1901, 10th JUNE 1897 and 21st OCT. 1902.]

SOVEREIGN.

HIS MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA.

GRAND MASTER.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, the Right Honourable George Nathaniel Curzon, Baron Curzon in the County of Derby, in the Peerage of Ireland, G. M. S. I., P. C.

(6th JANUARY 1890.)

OFFICERS OF THE ORDER.

Registrar.—Sir Albert William Woods, G C V O, K C B, K C M G, Garter Principal King of Arms, Herald's College, London.

[APPOINTED 31st DECEMBER 1877.]

Secretary.—Louis William Dane, Esq., I C S, Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

[APPOINTED 20th MARCH 1903.]

EXTRA KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS.

Field Marshal H. R. H. Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K G, K T, K P, G C B, G C S I, G C M G, G C V O—21st June 1887.

Field Marshal H. R. H. George William Frederic Charles, Duke of Cambridge, K G, K T, K P, G C B, G C H, G C S I, G C M G, G C V O—21st June 1887.

HONORARY KNIGHT GRAND COMMANDER.

H. I. M. The Emperor of Korea, 17th December 1890.

HONORARY KNIGHTS COMMANDERS.

Sir Leon Emile Clement-Thomas, Officer of the Legion of Honour, late Governor of the French Settlements in India—1st September 1893.

His Excellency Colonel Sir Eduardo Augusto Rodriguez Galhardo, Governor-General of Portuguese India—1st January 1901.

His Excellency Husein Kali Khan Mokhber-ed-Dowlet, (Persia)—26th June 1902.

HONORARY COMPANIONS.

H. E. Monsieur Laurent Marie Emile Beauchamp, Governor of Réunion and its Dependencies—30th July 1897.

General Albert Houtum-Schindler, of the Persian Service—23rd May 1900.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
FIRST CLASS, OR KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS—(39).		
	The Right Hon'ble Donald James, Lord Reay, G C S I—[Europe] [Additional] ...	21st June 1887.
1.	Field Marshal The Right Hon'ble Frederick Sleigh, Earl Roberts of Kandahar, K G, K P, G C B, G C S I, V C, R A—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
2.	His Highness Maharao Shri Mirza Raja Sawai Sir Khengarji Bahadur, Rao of Cutch—[Bombay] ...	30th June 1887.
3.	Colonel His Highness Maharaja Sir Nripendra Narayan Bahadur, C B, of Cooch Behar—[Bengal] ...	23rd Feb. 1888.
4.	The Most Hon'ble the Marquess of Lansdowne, K G, G C S I, G C M G—[Europe]—[Additional] ...	10th Dec. 1888.
	The Right Hon'ble George Robert, Lord Harris, G C S I—[Europe] [Additional] ...	20th May 1890.
5.	His Highness Amin-ud-Daula Wazir-ul-Mulk Nawab Sir Muhammad Ibrahim Ali Khan Bahadur Saulat Jang, of Tonk—[Rajputana] ...	Ditto.
6.	His Highness Amir-ul-Umara Nawab Sir Saiyid Hasan Ali Khan Bahadur Mahabbat Jang, of Murshidabad—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
	The Right Hon'ble Beilby, Lord Wenlock, G C S I, K C B—[Europe] [Additional] ...	28th Jan. 1891.
7.	Sir James Broadwood Lyall, K C S I, late I C S—[Europe] ...	25th May 1892.
8.	General Sir George Stewart White, G C B, G C S I, G C M G, G C V O, V C—[Gibraltar] ...	10th Mar. 1893.
	The Hon'ble the Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, K G, G C S I—[Europe] [Additional] ...	27th Jan. 1894.
9.	His Highness Beglar Begi Mir Sir Mahmud Khan, Wali of Kalat—[Baluchistan] ...	11th Aug. 1894.
	The Right Hon'ble William, Lord Sandhurst, G C S I—[Europe] [Additional] ...	27th Feb. 1895.
10.	Sir Alfred Comyns Lyall, K C B, late I C S—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1896.
	Sir Arthur Elibank Havelock, G C S I, G C M G—[Tasmania] [Additional] ...	18th Mar. 1896.
11.	Major-General Sir Owen Tudor Burne, K C S I, British Service, Retired—[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1897.
12.	H. H. Maharaja Sir Bhanwar Pal Deo Bahadur Yadukul Chandra Bial, of Karauli—[Rajputana] ...	22nd June 1897.
13.	His Highness Mir Sir Faiz Muhammad Khan, Talpur, of Khairpur, Sind—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
14.	His Highness Sir Bhagwatsinghji Sagramji, Thakur Sahib of Gondal—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
15.	His Highness Sir Waghji Ravaji, Thakur Sahib of Morvi—[Bombay] ...	31st July 1897.
16.	Sir George Faudel Faudel-Phillips, Bart—[Europe] ...	15th Oct. 1897.
17.	His Highness Maharaja Sir Prabhu Narayan Singh Bahadur, of Benares [United Provinces] ...	1st Jan. 1898.
18.	His Highness Sir Sher Muhammad Khan, Diwan of Palanpur—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
19.	His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Henry Stafford, Lord Northcote, C B, [Australia] ...	17th Feb. 1900.
20.	His Highness Saramad-i-Rajaha-i-Hindustan Raj Rajindra Sri Maharaja Dhiraj Sawai Sir Madho Singh Bahadur, G C S I, G C V O, of Jaipur—[Rajputana] ...	23rd May 1900.
21.	His Highness Saramad-i-Rajaha-i-Bundelkhand Maharaja Mahindra Sawai Sir Pratap Singh Bahadur, of Orchha—[Central India] ...	Ditto.
22.	His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Arthur Oliver Villiers, Lord Ampthill—[Madras] ...	28th Dec. 1900.
23.	Major-General Sir Edwin Henry Hayter Collen, C B, I A, —[Europe] ...	1st Jan. 1901.
24.	His Highness Maharao Raja Sir Raghubir Singh Bahadur, K C S I, of Bundi—[Rajputana] ...	Ditto.
25.	Lieut.-General Sir Alfred Gaselee, K C B, I A, —[United Provinces] [Additional] ...	24th July 1901.
26.	General Sir Arthur Power Palmer, G C B, I A—[India] ...	9th Nov. 1901.
27.	His Highness Maharao Sir Kesri Singh Bahadur, K C S I, of Sirohi —[Rajputana] ...	Ditto.
28.	His Highness Agha Sir Sultan Muhammad Shah, Agha Khan, —[Bombay] ...	26th June 1902.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS—concl'd.		
29	Sir Henry Waterfield, K.C.S.I., C.B.—[Europe]...	26th June 1902.
30	H. H. Sri Padmanabha Dasu Vanji Sir Bala Rama Varma Kula-shekhara Kiritapati Mani Sultan Maharaja Raja Rama Raja Bahadur, Shamsheer Jang, C.S.I., of Travancore—[Madras]...	1st Jan. 1903.
31	Col. H. H. Farzand-i-Arjumand Akidat Paiwand Danlat-i-Inghishia Barar Bans Sarmane Raja-i-Rajagan Raja Sir Hira Singh Malvinder Bahadur, C.S.I., of Natha—[Punjab]...	Ditto.
SECOND CLASS, OR KNIGHTS COMMANDERS—(92).		
1	Sir Dietrich Brandis, of Bonn, Germany—[Europe]...	16th Feb. 1887.
2	Sir Alexander Meadows Rendel, M.C.E.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
3	Sir Donald Campbell Macnabb, C.S.I., late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
4	Sir George Christopher Molesworth Birdwood, C.S.I., M.D.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
5	Surgeon-General Sir Benjamin Simpson, M.D., I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]...	Ditto.
6	Sir Albert James Leppoo Cappel—[Europe]...	Ditto.
7	Sir Donald Mackenzie Wallace—[Europe]...	Ditto.
8	Sir Alfred Woodley Croft—[Europe]...	Ditto.
9	Sir Bradford Leslie—[Europe]...	Ditto.
10	Sir Jaswantsingji Fatehsingji, Thakur Sahib of Limri—[Bombay]...	30th June 1887.
11	Sir William Gerald Seymour Vesey Fitzgerald, C.S.I.—[Europe]...	17th Aug. 1887.
12	Sir Charles Arthur Turner—[Europe]...	2nd Jan. 1888.
13	Sir Edwin Arnold, C.S.I.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
14	Sir Arthur Nicolson, C.M.G.—[Europe]...	20th Mar. 1838.
15	Sir Raymond West, late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	1st June 1888.
16	Sir Guilford Lindsay Molesworth—[Europe]...	Ditto.
17	Sir Frederick Russell Hogg, C.S.I., late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
18	Sardar Sir Naroze Khan, of Kharan—[Baluchistan]...	Ditto.
19	Raja Velugoti Sri Sir Raja Gopala Krishna Yachendra Bahadur Pancha Hazar Mansabdar, of Venkatagiri—[Madras]...	Ditto.
20	H. E. Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, C.M.G., K.C.S.I., late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
21	Sir Arthur George Macpherson—[Europe]...	1st Jan. 1889.
22	Sir William Markby—[Europe]...	Ditto.
23	Sir Henry Stuart Cunningham—[Europe]...	Ditto.
24	Maharaja Shri Sir Wakhatsingji, Raja of Lunawara—[Bombay]...	24th May 1889.
25	Sir Roper Lethbridge—[Europe]...	1st Jan. 1890.
26	Sir Charles Bradley Pritchard, C.S.I., late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	30th May 1891.
27	Sir Charles Pontifex—[Europe]...	25th May 1892.
28	Sir Henry Hoyle Howorth—[Europe]...	Ditto.
29	The Hon'ble Sir Edward Charles Kayll Ollivant, late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
30	Sir Henry Seymour King—[Europe]...	15th Aug. 1892.
31	Honorary Colonel Sir William Breton Hudson, V.D., late of the Behar Light Horse Volunteers—[Bengal]...	3rd June 1893.
32	General Sir Thomas Edward Gordon, K.C.M.G., C.S.I., I.A.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
33	General Sir Edward Charles Sparshott Williams, R.E.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
34	Sir John Lambert—[Europe]...	Ditto.
35	Major-General Sir John Charles Ardagh, K.C.M.G., C.B., R.E.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
36	Sir James Lyle Mackay—[Europe]...	Ditto.
37	Raja Sir Sudhal Deo, of Bamra—[Central Provinces]...	1st Jan. 1895.
38	Colonel Sir Henry Ravenshaw Thuillier, R.E.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
39	Nawab Sidi Sir Ahmad Khan Sidi Ibrahim Khan, of Janjira—[Bombay]...	Ditto.
40	The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Venkata Svetachalapati Ranga Rao, Zamindar of Bobbili—[Madras]...	Ditto.
41	Sir William Robert Brooke—[Europe]...	25th May 1895.
42	Maharaja Sir Partab Narayan Singh, of Ajudhya—[United Provinces]...	Ditto.
43	The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Ravaneshwar Prashad Singh Bahadur, of Gidhaur—[Bengal]...	Ditto.
44	Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Adelbert Cecil Talbot, I.A.—[Europe]...	16th Aug. 1895.
45	Major-General Sir Thomas Dennehey, I.A., Retired—[Europe]...	1st Jan. 1896.
46	His Highness Maharaja Sawai Sir Ranjor Singh Bahadur, Chief of Ajaiagarh, Bundelkhand—[Central India]...	1st Jan. 1897.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
KNIGHTS COMMANDERS—concl'd.		
47	Sir Henry William Bliss, late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	22nd June 1897.
48	Nawab Sir Amir-ud-Din Ahmad Khan Bahadur, of Loharu—[Punjab]...	Ditto.
49	Colonel Sir William Sinclair Smith Bisset, R.E.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
50	Major-General Sir Edward Stedman, K.C.B., I.A.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
51	Sir John Jardine, late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
52	Rear-Admiral Sir John Hext, R.N., Retired—[Europe]...	Ditto.
53	Sir Mancherji Merwanji Bhavnagari—[Europe]...	Ditto.
54	Colonel Sir Thomas Hungerford Holdich, K.C.M.G., C.B., R.E.—[Residing out of India]...	Ditto.
55	Baba Sir Khem Singh Bedi, of Kallar, Rawalpindi—[Punjab]...	1st Jan. 1898.
56	Brigade-Surgeon-Lt.-Colonel Sir George King, M.B., I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]...	Ditto.
57	Sir Arthur Wilson—[Europe]...	Ditto.
58	The Hon'ble Sir Francis William Maclean, K.C.—[Bengal]...	Ditto.
59	Sir Andrew Wingate, late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	31st Dec. 1898.
60	The Hon'ble Kunwar Sir Harnam Singh, Ahluwalia, of Kapurthala—[Punjab]...	Ditto.
61	Major-General Sir Gerald de Courcy Morton, C.V.O., C.B., British Service—[Punjab]...	Ditto.
62	General Sir George Corrie Bird, C.B., I.A.—[Punjab]...	Ditto.
63	The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Sir S. Subramaniya Aiyar—[Madras]...	1st Jan. 1900.
64	The Hon'ble Sir Alexander Frederick Douglas Cunningham, I.C.S.—[Punjab]—on furlough	1st Jan. 1901.
65	Sir Henry Evan Murchison James, C.S.I., late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
66	Major His Highness Maharaja Raj [Rajeswar] Shiromani Sir Ganga Singh Bahadur of Bikaner—[Rajputana]—[Additional].	24th July 1901.
67	Nawab Sir Shahbaz Khan, Bugti—[Baluchistan]...	9th Nov. 1901.
68	Sir James George Scott—[Burma]...	Ditto.
69	His Highness Maharaja Dhiraj Sipahdar-ul-Mulk Sir Malkhan Singh Bahadur of Charkhari, in Bundelkhand—[Central India]...	26th June 1902.
70	The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Rameshwara Singh Bahadur, of Darbhanga—[Bengal]...	Ditto.
71	Sir Thomas Higham, M.C.E.—[India]...	Ditto.
72	Colonel Sir Samuel Swinton Jacob, I.A.—[Rajputana]...	Ditto.
73	Lieutenant-Colonel Sir William Hutt Curzon Wylie, M.V.O., I.A.—Retired—[Europe]...	1st Sept. 1903.
74	The Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Hugh Jenkins—[Bombay]...	1st Jan. 1903.
75	The Hon'ble Sir Herbert Thipkell White, I.C.S.—[Burma]...	Ditto.
76	The Hon'ble Sir Charles Lewis Tapper, C.S.I., I.C.S.—[Punjab]...	Ditto.
77	Surgeon-General Sir Benjamin Franklin, I.M.S.—[India]...	Ditto.
78	The Hon'ble Sir Fredrick Augustus Nicholson, I.C.S.—[Madras]...	Ditto.
79	Sir Arthur Upton Fanshawe, C.S.I., I.C.S.—[India—on leave]...	Ditto.
80	Sir Walter Roper Lawrence, late I.C.S.—[Europe]...	Ditto.
81	Sir John Eliot, F.R.S.—[India]...	Ditto.
82	Raja-ditaj Sir Nahar Singhji of Shahpura—[Rajputna]...	Ditto.
83	Sir Gangadhar Rao Ganesh, Chief of Miraj (Senior Branch)—[Bombay]...	Ditto.
84	Sardar Sir Ghana-Bakteh Raisani—[Baluchistan]...	Ditto.
85	Maharaja Sir Harballath Narayan Singh Bahadur, of Sonbarsa—[Bengal]...	Ditto.
86	Maharaja Peshkar Sir Kishan Parshad [Hyderabad, Deccan]...	Ditto.
87	Sir Purna Narasingharao Krishnamurti—[Mysore]...	Ditto.
THIRD CLASS, OR COMPANIONS.		
Companions and Members ex-officio and for Life.*		
(Under the Old Statutes.)		
1	Sir Alexander John Arbuthnot, K.C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General and Councillor of the Emperor of India—[Europe]...	1st Jan. 1878.
2	Sir Auckland Colvin, K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India—[Europe]...	11th Oct. 1883.
3	Sir George Ebenezer Wilson Couper, Bart, K.C.S.I., C.B., late Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, and Chief Commissioner of Oudh, and Councillor of the Emperor of India—[Europe]...	1st Jan. 1878.

* Ex-officio appointments are no longer made.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
<i>Companions and Members ex-officio and for Life—concl'd.*</i>		
4	The Right Hon'ble Earl Cromer, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., K.C.S.I., late R.A. and late Member of the Council of the Governor-General—[Egypt]	27th Dec. 1880.
5	Sir Robert Eyles Egerton, K.C.S.I., late Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and its Dependencies, and Councillor of the Emperor of India—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
6	The Right Hon'ble Sir James Fergusson, Bart., P.C., G.C.S.I., K.C.M.G., late Governor of Bombay—[Europe]	28th April 1880.
7	The Right Hon'ble Sir Mountstuart Elphinstone Grant-Duff, P.C., G.C.S.I., late Governor of Madras—[Europe]	5th Nov. 1881.
8	Field Marshal Sir Frederick Paul Haines, G.C.B., G.C.S.I., R. Muns. Fus., late Commander-in-Chief in India, and Councillor of the Emperor of India—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
9	The Right Hon'ble Sir Arthur, Baron Hobhouse, K.C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General and Councillor of the Emperor of India—[Europe]	Ditto.
10	Sir Theodore Cracraft Hope, K.C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India—[Europe]	22nd July 1882.
11	Sir Courtenay Peregrine Ilbert, K.C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India—[Europe]	2nd May 1882.
12	Field Marshal Sir Henry Wylie Norman, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., I.S.C., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General and Councillor of the Emperor of India—[Queensland]	1st Jan. 1878.
13	The Most Hon'ble Sir George Frederick Samuel Robinson, Marquess of Ripon, P.C., K.G., G.C.S.I., late Viceroy and Governor-General of India—[Europe]	8th June 1880.
14	Whitley Stokes, Esq., C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General and Councillor of the Emperor of India—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
15	Sir John Strachey, G.C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General and Councillor of the Emperor of India—[Europe]	Ditto.
COMPANIONS.		
1	Richard Kaye Puckle, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
2	General William George Mainwaring, I.S.C.—[Europe]	Ditto.
3	Rear-Admiral John Bythessea, C.B., V.C., R.N., [Retired]—[Europe]	Ditto.
4	Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Moore, K.C.B., I.A.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
5	General William Gordon, I.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
6	Thomas Mitchell Gibbon, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
7	George Smith, Esq., LL.D., of Edinburgh—[Europe]	Ditto.
8	Colonel John Henry Rivett-Carnac, V.D., late I.C.S., late Commandant, Ghazipur Volunteer Rifles—[Europe]	Ditto.
9	Lieutenant-Colonel The Hon'ble George Campbell Napier, Bengal Infantry, Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
10	Roscoe Bocquet, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
11	Bamanji Jamsajji Dastur—[Bombay]	1st Jan. 1879.
12	William Digby, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
13	Colonel Eugene Clutterbuck Impey, I.A., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
14	Colonel Edmund Samuel Ludlow, I.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
15	Surgeon-Major Daniel Robert Thompson, M.D., I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
16	Lieutenant-General James Francis Tennant, R.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
17	The Reverend Father Eugene Lafont, S.J., of Calcutta—[Bengal]	1st Jan. 1880.
18	Stephen Paget Walter Vyvyan Luke, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
19	Sir Charles James Lyall, Esq., K.C.S.I., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
20	Charles Gordon Welland Macpherson, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
21	Monsieur Pierre François Henri Nanquette, of Nancy, France—[Europe]	Ditto.
22	Charles Edward Pittman, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
23	Pandit Sarup Narayan, of Indore—[Central India]	Ditto.
24	Raja Sir Saurindra Mohan Tagor, Kt., of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
25	Richard Isaac Bruce, Esq.—[Europe]	15th March 1881.
26	Sir Stuart Colvin Bayley, K.C.S.I., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	24th May 1881.

*Ex-officio appointments are no longer made.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—cont'd.		
27	Mahamahopadhyaya Mahesh Chandra Nyayaratna, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	24th May 1881.
28	Mirza Ghulam Ahmad, late E.A.C.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
29	Sardar Sultan Jan, Saddozai, Punjab Commission—[Punjab]	Ditto.
30	Brigade-Surgeon John Anderson, Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
31	Lieutenant-Colonel Charles William Owen, C.M.G., I.M.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
32	Henry Lucius Dampier, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	2nd Jan. 1882.
33	George Felton Mathew, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
34	Rai Bahadur Hittu Ram, of Dera Ghazi Khan District—[Punjab]	Ditto.
35	Saiyid Aulad Husain Khan Bahadur—[Central Provinces]	Ditto.
36	Khan Bahadur Pestanji Jehangir—[Bombay]	Ditto.
37	Colonel John Robertson—[Europe]	Ditto.
38	Sir Henry Christopher Mance, Kt.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1883.
39	Henry George Keene, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
40	Dr. Mahendra Lal Sarkar, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
41	Captain Claude Clerk—[Europe]	Ditto.
42	Casper Purdon Clarke, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
43	Surgeon-General George Bidie, M.B., I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
44	Francis Langford O'Callaghan, Esq., K.C.M.G., C.S.I., M.I.C.E.—[Europe]	24th May 1883.
45	Major-General Thomas Ross Church, I.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
46	Samuel Jackson, Esq., M.I.C.E., [Residing out of India]	Ditto.
47	Thakur Bichu Singh, of Dholpur—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
48	Frederick Augustus Hugh Elliot, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
49	Pandit Het Ram, of Bareilly—[United Provinces]	1st Jan. 1884.
50	John Faithful Fleet, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
51	The Hon'ble The Rev. Dr. William Miller, M.A., LL.D.—[Madras]	23rd May 1884.
52	Benjamin Lewis Rice, Esq., Mysore Service—[Mysore]	Ditto.
53	Colonel Charles Edward Stewart, C.B., C.M.G., I.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
54	Maharaja Durga Charan Laha, of Calcutta	Ditto.
55	Monsieur Lucien Boppe, of Nancy, France—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1885.
56	Ralph Thomas Hodgkin Griffith, Esq., of Kotagiri—[Madras]	Ditto.
57	Colonel Robert Parry Nisbett, late I.A.—[Europe]	6th June 1885.
58	James Babonau Nickterlien Hennessy, Esq., of Dehra Dun—[United Provinces]	6th June 1885.
59	James Burgess, Esq., LL.D.—[Europe]	Ditto.
60	George Hammett, Esq., of Ootacamund—[Madras]	Ditto.
61	Raja Sir S. Savalai Ramaswami Mudaliyar, Kt., of Madras—[Madras]	Ditto.
62	Mortimer Sloper Howell, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
63	Colin Arrott Robertson Browning, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
64	Arthur Naylor Wollaston, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
65	Muhammad Hasan Khan, of Bhopal—[Central India]	Ditto.
66	Rai Bahadur Sarat Chandra Das—[Bengal]	Ditto.
67	Major-General Sir Hugh Richard, Viscount Downe, C.V.O., C.B.—[Europe]	10th Mar. 1886.
68	Deputy-Surgeon-General Alexander Morison Dallas, I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]	29th May 1886.
69	Frederick Charles Kennedy, Esq., Irrawaddy Flotilla Company—[Burma]	Ditto.
70	Sir George Watt, Kt., M.B.—[India]	28th June 1886.
71	Sir John William Tyler, Kt., M.D., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
72	Colonel Augustus LeMessurier, R.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
73	Lieutenant Joseph Ralph Edward John Royle, Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
74	John Lockwood Kipling, Esq.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1887.
75	Dr. Franz Kiehlhorn—[Europe]	Ditto.
76	Rai Mehta Panna Lalji, of Udaipur—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
77	Brigade-Surgeon Henry Elmsley Busted, M.D., I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
78	Carl Ludolf Griesbach, Esq., Geological Survey of India—[India]	16th Feb. 1887.
79	Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Duncan Raikes, I.A.—[Burma]	Ditto.
80	William Wordsworth, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
81	Sardar Sher Ahmad Khan, E.A.C.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
82	Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel Risaldar-Major Nawab Muhammad Aslam Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 5th B.C., Retired—[Punjab]	Ditto.
83	Henry Montagu Mathews, Esq., M.I.C.E.—[Europe]	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—contd.		
84	Colonel John Stewart, R.A., Retired—[Europe]	16th Feb. 1887.
85	The Hon'ble Saiyid Amir Ali, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
86	William James Maitland, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
87	Maung Pe Si, of Mandalay—[Burma]	Ditto.
88	Kumar Shri Kaluba, of Cutch—[Bombay]	30th June 1887.
89	Colonel Charles Wemyss Muir, I.A.—[Punjab]	15th July 1887.
90	Sir Frank Forbes Adam, Kt.—[Europe]	2nd Jan. 1888.
91	Colonel Henry Constantine Evelyn Ward, I.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
92	Frederick Thomas Granville Walton, Esq., M.A.—[Madras]	Ditto.
93	Nawab Bahadur Saiyid Amir Husain, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
94	Major-General Charles Smith Maclean, C.B., I.A.—[Europe]	20th Mar. 1888.
95	Edmund Forster Webster, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	1st June 1888.
96	Colonel Alexander John Lawrence, late I.C.S., late Comman- dant, Mussoorie V.R. Corps—[Europe]	Ditto.
97	Major-General James Cavan Berkeley, Madras Army—[Europe]	Ditto.
98	Hira Sahib Lal Ramanaj Parsad Singh, of Rewa—[Central India]	Ditto.
99	Charles Henry Tawney, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
100	Colonel Thomas Weldon, late I.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
101	Henry Irwin, Esq., M.C.E., Retired—[Madras]	Ditto.
102	Colonel Buchanan Scott, R.E.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
103	Arthur Hedding Hildebrand, Esq.—[Burma]	Ditto.
104	Lieut.-Colonel Sir James Lewis Walker, Kt., late 2nd P.V. Rifles —[Europe]	Ditto.
105	Ramkrishna Gopal Bhandarkar—[Bombay]	1st Jan. 1889.
106	Major John Findlay, M.B., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
107	Arthur Wallis Paul, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
108	Rayner Childre Barker, Esq., Telegraph Department—[Sind]	10th April 1889.
109	Lieut.-Colonel Charles Henry Ellison Adamson, I.A., Retired— [Europe]	24th May 1889.
110	Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Isidore Bernadotte Lyon, I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
111	John Walker Buyers, Esq., M.C.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
112	Colonel William Merriman, R.E., Retired—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1890.
113	General William Percival Tomkins, R.E.—[Europe]	Ditto.
114	Berthold Ribbentrop, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
115	Langton Prendergast Walsh, Esq.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
116	Henry Paul Todd-Naylor, Esq., I.C.S.—[Burma]	Ditto.
117	James Robert Reid, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	20th May 1890.
118	John David Rees, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
119	Khan Bahadur Shaikh Hafiz Abdul Karim, of Meerut—[N.W.P.]	Ditto.
120	Colonel James Buckingham, late Assam Valley Administrative Battalion—[Assam]	Ditto.
121	Jeremiah Garnett Horsfall, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
122	James George Henry Glass, Esq.—[China]	Ditto.
123	Edmund Neel, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
124	Captain George Lindsay Holford, C.V.O., 1st Life Guards—[Europe]	Ditto.
125	Major-General Louis Henry Emile Tucker, B.G.L.I., Retired— [Europe]	1st Jan. 1891.
126	Raja Jagmohan Singh, Talukdar of Atra Chandapur, Rae Bareilly— [United Provinces]	Ditto.
127	Theodore Cooke, Esq., M.C.E. (Dub.)—[Europe]	Ditto.
128	Brigade-Surgeon Thomas Edwin Burton Brown, M.D., I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
129	James Edward O'Connor, Esq., M.S.S., M.I.S.I.—[Europe]	Ditto.
130	Colonel Thomas Holbein Hendley, I.M.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
131	Ernest Octavius Walker, Esq.—[Ceylon]	Ditto.
132	The Hon'ble Mr. John Prescott Hewett, I.C.S.—[Central Pro- vinces]	30th May 1891.
133	Wilhelm Schlich, Esq., Ph.D.—[Europe]	Ditto.
134	Major Francis Edward Younghusband, I.A.—[Central India]	Ditto.
135	Vincent Robinson, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
136	Mancherji Kavasi Murzban, Khan Bahadur, F.R.I.B.A., M. [Bombay]	Ditto.
137	Frederick Clendon Daukes, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1892.
138	Lieut.-Colonel Henry Percy Poindestre Leigh, I.A.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
139	Herbert Hope Risley, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
140	Joseph Bampfylde Fuller, Esq., I.C.S.—[Assam]	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—contd.		
141	Sir William Turner Thiselton-Dyer, Esq., K.C.M.G., F.R.S.—[Europe]	25th May 1892.
142	Colonel John Walter Ottley, R.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
143	Frederick Ewart Robertson, Esq., C.E., Cairo—[Egypt]	Ditto.
144	Romesh Chunder Dutt, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
145	Arthur John Hughes, Esq., C.E., Retired—[Calcutta, Bengal]	Ditto.
146	Major Hugh Daly, C.S.I., I.A.—[India]	Ditto.
147	George Pringle Rose, Esq., C.E.—[Hyderabad, Deccan]	Ditto.
148	Diwan Ganpat Rai—[Baluchistan]	Ditto.
149	The Hon'ble Mr. William Benjamin Oldham, late I.C.S.—[Europe]	3rd Jan. 1893.
150	Colonel William Gordon Cumming, R.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
151	Major-General George Frederick Leycester Marshall, R.E., Retired —[Europe]	Ditto.
152	Sardar Bahadur Jagat Singh of Kalalwala, late Subadar-Major, 29th Punjab Infantry—[Punjab]	Ditto.
153	Edward Horace Man, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
154	Naoroji Manekji Wadia—[Bombay]	Ditto.
155	Captain Alexander Campbell, D.S.O., R.I.M.—[Europe]	Ditto.
156	Shaikh Baha-ud-din, Nawab-i-Am, of Junagadh—[Bombay]	Ditto.
157	Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel David Douglas Cunningham, I.M.S., F.R.S., I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
158	Bertram Sausmarez Carey, Esq.—[Burma]	Ditto.
159	The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur S. Srinivasa Raghava Aiyengar, B.A., —[Madras]	Ditto.
160	Brigadier-General George Lloyd Reilly Richardson, C.B., I.A.— [Hyderabad, Deccan]	5th Aug. 1893.
161	The Hon'ble Phirozshah Merwanji Mehta, M.A., Barrister-at-Law —[Bombay]	1st Jan. 1894.
162	Paul Gregory Melitus, Esq., I.C.S.—[Assam, on furlough]	Ditto.
163	The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel Sir George Montgomerie John Moore, Kt., R.A., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
164	Lieutenant-Colonel Ernest Harold Fenn, R.A.M.C.—[India]	Ditto.
165	Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Carnac Temple, I.A.—[Port Blair— on leave]	Ditto.
166	Lieutenant-Colonel John William Hogge, I.A.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
167	Edward Claudius Scotney George, Esq., I.C.S.—[Burma]	Ditto.
168	Robert William Edward Hampe Vincent, Esq.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
169	Major Arthur Henry McMahon, C.S.I., I.A.—[Baluchistan]	Ditto.
170	Captain John Manners Smith, V.C., I.A.—[Central India]	Ditto.
171	John Stuart Donald, Esq.—[N.W.F. Province]	Ditto.
172	His Highness Mir Muhammad Hasan Ali Khan, Talpur—[Sind, Bombay]	26th May 1894.
173	Colonel Frank William Chatterton, B.G.L.I.—[Europe]	Ditto.
174	George Abraham Grierson, Esq., I.C.S.—[India]	Ditto.
175	Francis Joseph Edward Spring, Esq., M.C.E.—[Madras]	Ditto.
176	Graham Anderson, Esq.—[Mysore]	Ditto.
177	Rao Bahadur Sriram Bhikaji Jatar, B.A.—[Berar]	Ditto.
178	Fazulbhai Vishram—[Bombay]	Ditto.
179	Colonel Henry Sullivan Jarrett, I.A.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1895.
180	Colonel Henry Bristow Sanderson, I.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
181	Rao Bahadur Diwan Juihar Singh Ju Deo, of Charkhari—[Central India]	Ditto.
182	Arthur Crommelin Hankin, Esq.—[Hyderabad, Deccan]	Ditto.
183	Adam Gillies Tytler, Esq.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
184	Vety.-Captain Joshua Arthur Nunn, D.S.O., F.R.C.V.S.— [Europe]	Ditto.
185	Khan Bahadur Hakk Nawaz Khan, Saddozai—[Punjab]	Ditto.
186	Gangadhar Rao Madhav Chitnavis—[Central Provinces]	25th May 1895.
187	The Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur Venbakam Bashyam Aiyengar— [Madras]	Ditto.
188	The Hon'ble Mr. Charles Edward Buckland, I.C.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
189	Alexander Bleakley Patterson, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
190	Harry Arbuthnot Acworth, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
191	Colonel Charles Arkcol Porteous, I.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
192	Colonel Clayton Turner Lane, I.A., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
193	The Hon'ble Mr. Steyning William Edgerley, I.C.S.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
194	Trichinopoly Rayalu Arakiaswami Thumboo Chetty—[Mysore]	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—contd.		
195	Khan Bahadur Maulavi Abdul Jabbar—[Bengal]	25th May 1895.
196	Lt.-Col. William Richard Yeilding, D.S.O., I.A.—[Kashmir]	Ditto.
197	Henry John Stanyon, Esq. (Barrister-at-Law)—[Central Provinces]	Ditto.
198	Munshi Hafiz Abdul Karim, C.V.O.—[United Provinces]	Ditto.
199	Sir Patrick Playfair, Kt.—[Bengal]	1st Jan. 1896.
200	Rana Dalip Singh, Chief of Baghat—[Punjab]	Ditto.
201	Frederick John Johnstone, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
202	Colonel Richmond Irvine Crawford, I.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
203	Richard Morris Dane, Esq., I.C.S.—[India]	Ditto.
204	Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel Haslett Browne, M.D., I.M.S.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
205	Doctor Rash Behari Ghosh, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
206	Frank Henry Cook, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
207	Francis Erskine Dempster, Esq.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
208	Henry O'Connell Cardozo, Esq.—[Madras]	20th May 1896.
209	Major John Shakespear, D.S.O.—[Assam]	Ditto.
210	Raja Bhup Indra Bikram Singh, of Piagpur, Bahraich—[Oudh]	Ditto.
211	Lieutenant-Colonel James John McLeod, V.D.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
212	Captain Norman Franks—[Europe]	Ditto.
213	The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur Chunilal Venilal—[Bombay]	20th May 1896.
214	Colonel Sir William Earnshaw Cooper, Kt., of Cawnpore—[United Provinces]	1st Jan. 1897.
215	The Hon'ble Mr. Alexander Anderson, I.C.S.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
216	Maharaj Rajashri Sankara Subbaiyar, of Travancore—[Madras]	Ditto.
217	Commander Eaton Wallace Petley, R.N., Retired—[Bengal]	Ditto.
218	Rai Bahadur Paridit Bhag Ram—[Punjab]	Ditto.
219	Khan Bahadur Naoroji Pestanji Vakil, of Ahmadabad—[Bombay]	Ditto.
220	The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Panappakkam Ananda Charlu Vidia Vinodha Avaral—[Madras]	22nd June 1897.
221	Colonel Russell Richard Pulford, R.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
222	Colonel Algernon George Arnold Durand, C.B., I.A., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
223	Benjamin Trall Ffinch, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
224	Frederick Shore Bullock, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
225	Charles Henry Reynolds, Esq., M.I.C.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
226	Major-General Beauchamp Duff, C.B., I.A.—[India]	Ditto.
227	Colonel Robert Alexander Wahab, R.E.—[Aden]	Ditto.
228	Nawab Afsar-i-Jang Afsar-ud-daula Bahadur Lt.-Col. Muhammad Ali Beg—[Hyderabad, Deccan]	Ditto.
229	Edwin Darlington, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
230	James Strachan, Esq., M.I.C.E., of Karachi—[Europe]	Ditto.
231	The Rev. John Husband, F.R.C.S. (E), of Ajmer—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
232	Dr. Waldemar Mordecai Haflkine—[India]	Ditto.
233	Augustus Frederick Rudolf Hoernle, Esq., Ph.D., Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
234	Rustamji Dhanjibhai Mehta, Esq., of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
235	Charles Godolphin William Hastings, Esq.—[N.W.F. Provinces]	Ditto.
236	Khan Bahadur Mancherji Rustamji Dholu, of Aden—[Bombay]	Ditto.
237	Honorary Commander Arthur Whatley Chitty, late I.N.—[Europe]	Ditto.
238	Rai Bahadur Daulat Ram, of Jalandhar—[Gwalior]	Ditto.
239	Colonel John Charles Frederick Gordon, I.A.—[Residing out of India]	31st July 1897.
240	Lieut.-Colonel Francis Henry Rutherford Drummond, I.A.—[Central India]	Ditto.
241	Charles Stewart Crole, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1898.
242	Sahibzada Muhammad Bakhtiyar Shah—[Bengal]	Ditto.
243	Raja Balwant Singh, of Awa, Etah—[United Provinces]	Ditto.
244	Benjamin Robertson, Esq., I.C.S.—[Central Provinces]	Ditto.
245	Duncan James Macpherson, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
246	James Campbell Arbuthnot, Esq., I.C.S.—[Assam]	Ditto.
247	Robert Warrand Carlyle, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
248	Henry Cecil Ferard, Esq., I.C.S.—[United Provinces]	Ditto.
249	Major John Ramsay, I.A.—[Baluchistan]	Ditto.
250	Robert Batson Joyner, Esq., M.I.C.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
251	Charles George Palmer, Esq., M.I.C.E.—[United Provinces]	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—contd.		
252	Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel John Thomson, I.M.S.—[United Provinces]	1st Jan. 1898.
253	The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel David Parkes Masson, V.D., 1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles—[Punjab]	Ditto.
254	Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Fitzgerald MacCartie, M.B., I.M.S.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
255	Rai Bahadur Hipin Krishna Bose—[Central Provinces]	Ditto.
256	Virchand Dipchand, of Ahmadabad—[Bombay]	Ditto.
257	The Hon'ble Mr. Alexander Pennycook—[Burma]	21st May 1899.
258	The Hon'ble Mr. Philip Chicheley Hyde Snow, I.C.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
259	Colonel Arthur Mudge Branfoot, M.B., I.M.S., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
260	Edward Fountaine Jacob, Esq., M.I.C.E.—[Punjab—on leave]	Ditto.
261	Brevet-Colonel Robert Irvin Scallon, Esq., D.S.O., I.A.—[With Aden Column]	Ditto.
262	Captain Kunwar Bir Bikram Singh, of Sirmur—[Punjab]	Ditto.
263	Captain Alfred Beckett Minchin, I.A.—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
264	William Taylor Van Someren, Esq.—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
265	Charles Still, Esq., of Champaran—[Bengal]	21st May 1898.
266	Tahilram Khemchand, of Karachi—[Sind]	Ditto.
267	Babu Joy Gobind Law, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	31st Dec. 1898.
268	Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Kellock McKay, I.M.S.—[Central Provinces]	Ditto.
269	John Sime, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
270	Alexander Izat, Esq., M.I.C.E.—[United Provinces]	Ditto.
271	Rai Bahadur Dhanpat Rai, Sardar Bahadur, of Jaipur—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
272	Khan Bahadur Dhanjibhai Fakirji Commodore, of Rawalpindi—[Punjab]	Ditto.
273	Lt.-Col. Winthrop Benjamin Browning, I.M.S.—[Madras]	Ditto.
274	Major John Joseph Holdsworth, V.D., Gorakhpur Vol. Light Horse—[United Provinces]	Ditto.
275	Francis Jack Needham, Esq.—[Assam]	Ditto.
276	Edalji Dinsha, of Karachi—[Sind]	Ditto.
277	Robert Giles, Esq., Retired—[Europe]	3rd June 1899.
278	Vishwanath Patankar Madhava Rao—[Mysore]	Ditto.
279	Henry Blois Hawkins Turner, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
280	Lieutenant-Colonel Walter Gawan King, M.B., I.M.S.—[Madras]	Ditto.
281	James Sykes Gamble, Esq., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
282	George William Forrest, Esq., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
283	Captain Frank Popham Young, I.A.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
284	Reginald Hawkins Greenstreet, Esq.—[Burma]	Ditto.
285	Khan Bahadur Kazi Jalal-ud-din, Akhundzada, of Kandahar—[Baluchistan]	Ditto.
286	Charles Leslie Sutherland, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
287	John Sturrock, Esq., I.C.S., Retired—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1900.
288	John Stuart Beresford, Esq., M.I.C.E., Retired	Ditto.
289	Lieutenant-Colonel Malcolm John Meade, I.A.—[Baroda]	Ditto.
290	Edward Louis Cappell, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
291	Lancelot Hare, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
292	Captain George Olof-Ross-Keppel, I.A.—[N.W.F. Provinces]	Ditto.
293	George Moss Harriott, Esq., M.I.C.E.—[Central Provinces]	Ditto.
294	Alexander Martin Lindsay, Esq., of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
295	Maung On Gaing, A.T.M.—[Burma]	Ditto.
296	Khan Bahadur Muhammad Yakub Walad Shaikh Ismail—[Bombay]	Ditto.
297	Frederick George Brunton Trevor, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
298	Francis Whitmore Smith, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
299	Rai Bahadur Kalika Das Datta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
300	Diwan Bahadur Pakam Rajaratna Mudaliyar, P.C.S.—[Madras]	23rd May 1900.
301	The Hon'ble Mr. Walter Charleton Hughes, F.R.C.S., M.I.C.E.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
302	Colonel Sydney Long Jacob, R.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
303	Lieutenant-Colonel Aymer Martin Crofts, I.M.S.—[Central India]	Ditto.
304	Edmund Penny, Esq., M.I.C.E., Retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
305	Henry Marsh, Esq., M.I.C.E.—[United Provinces]	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—contd.		
806	Captain Bertrand Evelyn Mellish Gurdon, D S O, I A—[N W F Provinces] ...	23rd May 1900.
807	George Macartney, Esq.—[Kashgar] ...	Ditto.
808	Rai Bahadur Kailash Chandra Bose, I A—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
809	Henry Felix Hertz, Esq.—[Burma] ...	Ditto.
810	Courtenay Walter Bennett, Esq.—[San Francisco] ...	29th June 1900.
811	Mian Bhure Singh, of Chamba [Punjab] ...	1st Jan. 1901.
812	Captain Walter Somerville Goodridge, R N.—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
813	Colonel Solomon Charles Frederick Peile, I A—[Burma] ...	Ditto.
814	Bertram Prior Standen, Esq., I C S—[Central Provinces] ...	Ditto.
815	The Hon'ble Mr. Henry Alexander Sim, I C S—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
816	Major James Robert Dunlop-Smith, I A—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
817	Major John Crimmin, V C, I M S—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
818	Major Granville Henry Loch, I A—[Assam] ...	Ditto.
819	Fardunji Kuvarji Tarapurvala, I C E—[Bombay] ...	1st Jan. 1901.
820	Babu Kali Nath Mitter, of Calcutta—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
821	Frederick William Latimer, Esq.—[India] ...	Ditto.
822	Sir William James Soulsby, Kt., C B—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
	Lieutenant-Colonel William John Read Rainsford, R A M C—[United Provinces] (Additional) ...	14th July 1901.
	Colonel Oswald Claude Radford, I A—[Punjab] (Additional) ...	Ditto.
	Lieutenant-Colonel George Kenneth Scott-Moncrieff, R E—[N W F Provinces] (Additional) ...	Ditto.
	Major John James Carl Watson, M D., R A M C—[Hongkong] (Additional) ...	Ditto.
	Major Thomas Edwin Scott, D S O, I A—[Punjab] (Additional) ...	Ditto.
	Lieutenant-Colonel Laurence Austine Waddell, M B, I M S—[United Provinces] (Additional) ...	Ditto.
	Sardar Mir Ausaf Ali Khan, Commandant, Maler Kotla Imperial Service Sappers—[Punjab] (Additional) ...	Ditto.
	Subadar-Major Sardar Khan—[Punjab] (Additional) ...	Ditto.
	Captain Yasin Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 24th Punjab Infantry—[Punjab] (Additional) ...	Ditto.
	Commander Gerald Edward Holland, D S O, R I M, lately Marine Transport Officer, Natal—[Burma] (Additional) ...	Ditto.
823	The Hon'ble Mr. Thomas Conlan, Barrister-at-Law—[United Provinces] ...	9th Nov. 1901.
824	Sidney Preston, Esq., A M I C E ...	Ditto.
825	Murray Hammick, Esq., I C S—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
826	Alexander Pedler, Esq., F R S—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
827	Richard Amphlett Lamb, Esq., I C S—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
828	William Stevenson Meyer, Esq., I C S—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
829	Alexander Lauzun Pendock Tucker, Esq., I C S—[Political Department, India] (on leave) ...	Ditto.
830	Diwan Bahadur Kanchi Krishnaswami Rao, Diwan of Travancore—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
831	William Leatham Harvey, Esq., I C S—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
832	Lieutenant-Colonel John Clibborn, I A—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
833	Colonel George Wingate, I A—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
834	Lieutenant-Colonel George Hart Desmond Gimlette, M D, I M S—[Hyderabad, Deccan] ...	Ditto.
835	Arthur Henry Wallis, Esq., of Calcutta [Bengal] ...	Ditto.
836	Alexander Johnstone Dunlop, Esq.—[Hyderabad, Deccan] ...	Ditto.
837	George Herbert Dacres Walker, Esq.—[India] ...	Ditto.
838	Major Alexander Fleetwood Pinhey, I A—[Rajputana] ...	Ditto.
839	Rai Bahadur Nanak Chand, Minister of Indore—[Central India] ...	Ditto.
840	Spencer Harcourt Butler, Esq., I C S—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
841	Captain Frank Cooke Webb Ware, I A—[Baluchistan] ...	Ditto.
842	Major Thomas Henry Hill, I S M D ...	Ditto.
843	The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur C. Jambulingam Mudaliyar—[Madras] ...	26th June 1902.
844	Alexander Porteous, Esq., I C S—[Assam] ...	Ditto.
845	Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Elwood Lindsay Bate, I M S—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
846	The Hon'ble Lockhart Mathew St. Clair, A M I C E—[Central Provinces] ...	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—concl'd.		
847	John Benton, Esq., F C H, M I C E—[Punjab] ...	26th June 1902.
848	Marshall Reid, Esq.—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
849	Rao Bahadur Pandit Sukhdeo Parshad of Jodhpur—[Rajputana] ...	Ditto.
850	Stuart Mitford Fraser, Esq., I C S—[On leave] ...	Ditto.
851	John Gordon Lorimer, Esq., I C S—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
852	Major Herbert Lionel Showers, I A—[Baluchistan] ...	Ditto.
853	Major Percy Zachariah Cox, I A—[Maskat] ...	Ditto.
854	Babu Nalin Bihari Sirkar—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
855	Major-General Francis Edward Archibald Chamier, I A—[Europe] ...	Ditto.
856	Colonel Ernest DeBrath, I A—[India] ...	1st Jan. 1903.
857	The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur Pratule Chandar Chatterji—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
858	Frederick Gurr Maclean, Esq., M I E E—[India] ...	Ditto.
859	Walter Bernard deWinton, Esq.—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
860	Colonel Treordyn Rashleigh Wynne—[Central Provinces] ...	Ditto.
861	Algernon Elliott, Esq.—[Berar] ...	Ditto.
862	Major (Temporary Lieutenant-Colonel) Charles Arnold Kembell, I A—[Persian Gulf] ...	Ditto.
863	Herbert William Cameron Carnduff, Esq., I C S—[India] ...	Ditto.
864	Lieutenant-Colonel William Loch, C L I—[Ajmer] ...	Ditto.
865	Lieutenant-Colonel Gerald Bomford, M D, I M S—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
866	Lieutenant-Colonel John Hodding, V D—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
867	Edward Giles, Esq., M A—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
868	Henry King Beauchamp, Esq.—[Madras] ...	Ditto.
869	Heerjeebhoy Manackjee Rustumjee, Esq.—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
870	Haviland LeMesurier, Esq., I C S—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
871	Robert Nathan, Esq., I C S—[India] ...	Ditto.
872	Major Alfred William Alcock, M B, F R S—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
873	Arthur Hill, Esq., F C H, M I C E—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
874	Douglas Donald, Esq.—[N. W. F. Provinces] ...	Ditto.
875	Jagadish Chandra Bose, Esq., M A, D Sc—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
876	Nawab Muhammad Sharif Khan, Khan of Dir—[N. W. F. Provinces] ...	Ditto.
877	Mehta Shuja-ul mulk of Chitral—[N. W. F. Provinces] ...	Ditto.
878	Mir Muhammad Nazim Khan, Mir of Himza—[Kashmir] ...	Ditto.
879	Raja Sikandar Khan, of Nagar—[Kashmir] ...	Ditto.
880	William Dickson Cruickshank, Esq.—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
881	Thomas Jewell Bennett, Esq.—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
882	John O'Brien Saunders, Esq.—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
883	Henry Wenden, Esq.—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
884	Charles Henry Wilson, Esq.—[Burma] ...	Ditto.
885	Khan Bahadur Maulvi Khuda Bakhsh, of Patna—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
886	Rao Bahadur Shyam Sundar Lal, of Kishangarh—[Rajputana] ...	Ditto.
887	Rao Bahadur Munshi Balmukund Das, Diwan Bahadur, of Alwar—[Rajputana] ...	Ditto.
888	Robert Herriot Henderson, Esq.—[Assam] ...	Ditto.
889	Nawab Hafiz Muhammad Abdulla Khan, Alizai—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
890	Hkun Kyi, K S M, Sawbwa of Mong Nai—[Burma] ...	Ditto.
891	Mir Mehr-ulla Khan, Raisani—[Baluchistan] ...	Ditto.
892	Nawab Fateh Ali Khan Kazilbash, of Lahore—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
893	Mahamahopadhyaya Pandit Ganga Dhar Shastri, of Benares—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
894	Faridoonji Jamshedji, Esq.—[Hyderabad] ...	Ditto.
895	Charles Henry West, Esq.—[India—on leave] ...	Ditto.
896	John Pollen, Esq., I C S—[Bombay] ...	Ditto.
897	Charles Brown, Esq.—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
898	Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Beaufoy Thornhill, I A—[United Provinces] ...	Ditto.
899	George Huddleston, Esq., E I R—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
900	Major Montague William Douglas, I A—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
901	Charles James Keene, Esq., N W R—[Bengal] ...	Ditto.
902	Major Havelock Hudson, I A—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.
903	Captain Arthur D'Arcy Gordon Bannerman I A—[Rajputana] ...	Ditto.
904	Rai Bahadur Ganga Ram—[Punjab] ...	Ditto.

List of Musulmans in the Madras Presidency on whom the titles of "Khan Bahadur" and "Khan Sahib" have been conferred by the British Government.

No.	Name.	Year of Grant.	Residence.	Official form of address.	REMARKS.
1	KHAN BAHADURS.				
1	'Abd-ul-Ali ...	1876	Madras	'Abd-ul-Ali Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Son of Munazzaz-ud-daulah, fourth son of the first titular Prince of Arcot.
2	Muhammad 'Abd-ul-vase ...	1875	Do.	Muhammad 'Abd-ul-vase Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Son-in-law of Prince Zahir-ud-daulah, Second Prince of Arcot.
3	Ahmad Muhi-ud-din ...	1875	Do.	Ahmad Muhi-ud-din Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Do.
4	Basbir Ahmad ...	1887	Do.	Basbir Ahmad Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Son-in-law of the Third Prince of Arcot.
5	Nawab Ghulam Muhammad Ghans ...	1876	Do.	Nawab Ghulam Muhammad Ghans Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Son of Munazzaz-ud-daulah, late brother of the Third Prince of Arcot.
6	Ghulam Muhammad Haidar ...	1887	Karur	Ghulam Muhammad Haidar Sahib Khan Bahadur.	Inspector of Police.
7	Ghulam Muhammad Hasan 'Ali ...	1883	Madras	Ghulam Muhammad Hasan 'Ali Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Son of Sardar Jang Bahadur.
8	Ghulam Muhi-ud-din ...	1885	Tanjore	Ghulam Muhi-ud-din Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Station Master.
9	Haidz 'Ali Mazhar ...	1888	Madras	Haidz 'Ali Mazhar Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Son-in-law of the Third Prince of Arcot.
10	Zuhur-ud-din Ahmad ...	1876	Do.	Heji Zuhur-ud-din, Ahmad Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Son-in-law of Nawab Ghansia Begum.
11	Manjeri Ahmad Gurikal ...	1879	Malabar	Manjeri Ahmad Gurikal, Khan Bahadur	Late Inspector of Police.
12	Muhammad 'Abd-ul-Ali ...	1876	Madras	Muhammad 'Abd-ul-Ali Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Son of Rashid-ud-daulah, Shadi half-brother of the first titular Prince of Arcot.
13	Muhammad Abd-ul-bari ...	1876	Do.	Muhammad Abd-ul-bari Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Grandson of do.
14	Muhammad Anwar-ud-din ...	1876	Do.	Muhammad Anwar-ud-din, Khan Bahadur	Son of do.
15	Muhammad Fazl-ullah ...	1875	Do.	Muhammad Fazl-ullah Sahib, Khan Bahadur...	Son of Prince Zahir-ud-daulah, Second Prince of Arcot.
16	Muhammad Hamid ...	1883	Do.	Muhammad Hamid Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-un-nisa Begum, daughter of late Azim-un-nisa Begum, and grand-daughter of Nawab Azim-ud-daulah, Nawab of the Carnatic.
17	Muhammad Ibad-ulla ...	1875	Do.	Muhammad Ibad-ulla Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Son of Zahir-ud-daulah, 2nd Prince of Arcot.
18	Muhammad Karamat-ullah ...	1875	Do.	Muhammad Karamat-ullah Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Do.

19	Muhammad Mahmud	1883	Do.	Muhammad Mahmud Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-un-nisa Begum daughter of Azim-un-nisa Begum, daughter of Nawab Azim-ud-daulah.
20	Muhammad Abdul Wahab	1898	Madras	Muhammad Abdul Wahab Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Merchant and Turkish Consul.
21	Muhammad Munir Sahib, n.A.	1899	Do.	Muhammad Munir Sahib, Khan Sahib	Son-in-law of Prince Zahir-ud-daulah, Second Prince of Arcot.
22	Haji Muhammad 'Abdul Aziz Badshah.	1901	Do.	Haji Muhammad 'Abdul Aziz Badshah Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Son of do.
23	Muhammad Qudrat 'Aziz	1875	Do.	Muhammad Qudrat 'Aziz Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Late Agent to Her late Highness Begum Sahiba, widow of the late Nawab of the Carnatic. Deputy Collector.
24	Muhammad Rahmatullah	1875	Do.	Muhammad Rahmatullah Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Municipal Commissioner, Madras.
25	Tajammul Husain	1887	Do.	Tajammul Husain Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Inspector of Police.
26	Mirza Muhammad Ismail	1890	Do.	Mirza Muhammad Ismail Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Grandson-in-law of the 2nd Prince of Arcot.
27	Muhammad Qudir Nawaz	1891	Mannargudi	Muhammad Qudir Nawaz Sahib Bahadur, Khan Bahadur.	Merchant.
28	Vellore Muhammad Sharif	1891	Madras	V. Muhammad Sharif Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Son of the Prince of Arcot.
29	Abd-us-sulhan	1891	Madras	Abd-us-sulhan Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Do.
30	Muhammad 'Abd-us-samad	1892	Madras	Haidz, Muhammad 'Abd-us-samad Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Do.
31	Abubakar Beari	1893	Mangalore.	Haji Abubakar Beari Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Collector of Anantapur.
32	Ghulam Muhammad Ali	1897	Madras	Ghulam Muhammad Ali Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Manager, Surgeon-General's Office, Madras.
33	Abd-al-Majid	1897	Do.	Abd-al-Majid Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Ex Member of the Madras Legislative Council.
34	Muhammad Anwar	1897	Do.	Muhammad Anwar Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Pensioned Asst. Conservator of Forests.
35	Ghulam Muhi-ud-din	1897	Do.	Ghulam Muhi-ud-din Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Member, District Board, Cuddapah.
36	Saiyad Muhammad	1897	Do.	Nawab Saiyad Muhammad Sahib,	Inspector of Police.
37	Muhammad Raza Khan	1901	Do.	Muhammad Raza Khan Esq., Khan Bahadur.	Merchant, Madras.
38	Ghulam Muhammad	1901	Do.	Ghulam Muhammad Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Member, Ootacamund Municipality.
39	Tanjore Muhammad 'Ali	1900	Do.	T. Muhammad 'Ali Sahib, Khan Bahadur	Asst. Engineer, P.W.D.
40	Hakim Saiyid Abdul Majid alias Marjuniyan	1893	Do.	Hakim Saiyid Abdul Majid alias Marjuniyan Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	Commissioner, Madras Municipality.
41	Marjuniyan	1894	Cuddapah	Marjuniyan	
42	Kurman al Valliamania Chey	1898	Ernad	Kurman al Valliamania Chey Kutti Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	
43	Kutti.	1898	Madras	Lalji Walji Set Sahib, Khan Bahadur	
44	Abdul Rahman Haji Fakir Muhammad Sait.	1901	Ootacamund	Abdul Rahman Haji Fakir Muhammad Sait Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	
45	Abdul Lateef	1902	Kistna	Abdul Lateef Sahib Bahadur, Khan Bahadur	
46	Haji Muhammad Abdul Hadi Badshah Sahib.	1903	Madras	Haji Muhammad Abdul Hadi Badshah Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	

List of Muslims in the Madras Presidency on whom the titles of "Khan Bahadur" and "Khan Sahib" have been conferred by the British Government—concl.

No.	Name.	Year of Grant.	Residence.	Official form of address.	REMARKS.
KHAN SAHIBS.					
47	Said Husain ...	1888	Madras	Said Husain Sahib, Khan Sahib ...	Government Pensioner.
48	Lal Beg ...	1893	Russellkonda	Lal Beg Sahib, Khan Sahib ...	Pensioned Sub-Magistrate.
49	Saiyid Ali ...	1894	Rajahmundry	Saiyid Ali Sahib, Khan Sahib ...	Retired Deputy Collector.
50	Ghulam Mohideen ...	1898	Trichinopoly	Ghulam Mohideen Saiyid Abdul Gaffer Sahib, Khan Sahib.	Stationary Sub-Magistrate.
51	Abdul Gaffer ...	1898	Kurnool	Muhammad Sultan Sahib, Khan Sahib.	
52	Muhammad Sultan ...	1898	Madras	Muhammad Munir Sahib, Khan Sahib.	
53	Muhammad Munir ...	1899	Chettavadi	Maulvi Saiyid Ali-ud-din Sahib, Khan Sahib.	
54	Maulvi Saiyid Ali-ud-din ...	1899	Hospet taluk	Ghulam Husain Sahib, Khan Sahib	Pensioner.
55	Ghulam Husain ...	1900	Vellore	Muhammad Aziz-ud-din Hussain Sahib Bahadur, Khan Sahib.	2nd Presidency Magistrate.
56	Muhammad Abdul Hafiz ...	1901	Cuddalore	Muhammad Abdul Hafiz Sahib, Khan Sahib	Ag. Tahsildar.
57	Bangi Abdul Kadir ...	1902	Dharmapuri	Bangi 'Abdul-Qadir Sahib, Khan Sahib.	
			Ambur, Vellore taluk.		

Muslims holding personal titles of honour by Grant from the titular Nawabs of the Carnatic.

No.	Name.	Date of birth.	Residence.	Official form of address.	REMARKS.
NAWAB.					
1	Bismilla Begum Sahiba	1873	Madras Hyderabad (Deccan).	Nawab Begum Bismilla Begum Sahib	Wife of Nawab Ghulam Muhammad Ghaus Sahib Bahadur, Khan Bahadur. Relative.
2	Ghausiah Begum	1822	Do.	Nawab Ghausiah Begum	Shadi widow of Muazziz-ud-daula Bahadur. Nikah wife of the late Prince Muhammad Munawar Khan Bahadur.
3	Khurshid-un-nisa Begum	1848	Do.	Nawab Khurshid-un-nisa Begum	
4	Rahmat-un-nisa Begum	1865	Do.	Nawab Rahmat-un-nisa Begum (Princess of Arcot)	
—UL-DAULAH.					
5	'Ali Ahmad	1816	Madras	'Ali Ahmad, Khan Bahadur, Iqtidar Jang, Afsar-ud-daulah, Rafat-ul-mulk.	Relative.
—UD-DAULAH.					
6	Haji Ghulam Muhammad	1830	Madras	Haji Ghulam Mahmud, Khan Bahadur, Ghalib Jang, Sharf-ud-daulah.	Servant.
7	Muhammad Sibghat-ullah Jang.	1829	Do.	Nigarish Khan Bahadur, Ibtisham Jang, Ibtisham-ud-daulah	Do.
8	Ghulam Nabi 'Ali Khan Bahadur.	1827	Madras	Nasir Khan Bahadur, Nasir Jang	Relative.
9	Muhammad Zakir 'Ali Khan.	1825	Madras	Mutamid, Khan Bahadur	Servant.
10	Aziz-ud-din	1860	Madras	Aziz-ud-din Khan	Relative.
11	Mir Ghulam Jilani	1834	Do.	Ghulam Jilani Khan	Servant.
12	Mir Ghazanfar 'Ali	1825	Do.	Mir Ghazanfar 'Ali Khan	Relative.
13	Mir Tipa Husain	1828	Do.	Mir Tipa Husain Khan	Servant.
14	Qadir Husain	1841	Do.	Qadir Husain Khan	Do.

WARRANT OF PRECEDENCE.

HOME DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATION, PUBLIC, Calcutta, the 10th February 1899, No. 923.

In supersession of Home Department Notification, No. 2032, dated 1st November, 1877, the following new Warrant of Precedence for India, which has been approved by Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, and which has received Her Royal Sign Manual, as also the revised Graded List of Civil Offices not reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service, supplementary to the Warrant of Precedence, which has been prepared under the orders of the Governor-General in Council, are published for general information:—

1. Warrant of Precedence approved by the Queen, Empress of India.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India,—

To all to whom these Presents shall come :

Whereas it hath been represented unto Us that it is advisable that the rank and precedence of persons holding appointments in the East Indies as regulated by Our Royal Warrant, dated the 18th day of October 1876, should be altered, we do therefore hereby declare that it is Our will and pleasure that in lieu of the table laid down in our said recited Warrant, the following table be henceforth observed with respect to the rank and precedence of the persons hereinafter named, viz. :—

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Governor-General and Viceroy of India. | 18. Military Officers above the rank of Major-General. |
| 2. Governors of Madras and Bombay. | 19. Additional Members of the Council of the Governor-General, for making Laws and Regulations. |
| 3. President of the Council of the Governor-General. | 20. Bishops of Lahore, Rangoon, and Lucknow. |
| 4. Lieutenant-Governor when in his own territories. | 21. Secretaries to the Government of India. |
| 5. Commander-in-Chief in India. | 22. Commissioner in Sind. |
| 6. Lieutenant-Governor. | 23. Judges of a Chief Court, Recorder of Rangoon and Judicial Commissioners, Burma. |
| 7. Chief Justice of Bengal. | 24. Chief Secretaries to the Governments of Madras and Bombay. |
| 8. Bishop of Calcutta, Metropolitan of India. | 25. Major-Generals, Members of a Board of Revenue, Commissioners of Revenue and Customs, Bombay, and Financial Commissioners, Punjab and Burma. |
| 9. Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor-General. | 26. Judicial Commissioners, including Additional Judicial Commissioners of Oudh, the Central Provinces and Sind. |
| 10. Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces in the East Indies. | 27. Additional Members of the Councils of the Governors of Madras and Bombay for making Laws and Regulations, and Members of the Legislative Council of a Lieutenant-Governor. |
| 11. Chief Justice of a High Court other than that of Bengal. | 28. Vice-Chancellors of Indian Universities. |
| 12. Bishops of Madras and Bombay. | |
| 13. Ordinary Members of Council in Madras and Bombay. | |
| 14. Lieutenant-Generals Commanding the Forces, Punjab, Bengal, Madras and Bombay. | |
| 15. Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and Assam, Residents at Hyderabad and in Mysore, and Agents to the Governor-General in Rajputana, Central India and Baluchistan. | |
| 16. Puisne Judges of a High Court. | |
| 17. Chief Judge of a Chief Court. | |

FIRST CLASS.

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| 29. Members of the Indian Civil Service of 30 years' standing. | ents drawing Rs. 2,000 a month and upwards (not being Collectors or Deputy Commissioners of British Districts), within their respective charges. |
| 30. Advocate-General, Calcutta. | 33. Chief Secretaries to Local Governments, other than those of Madras and Bombay. |
| 31. Comptroller and Auditor-General. | |
| 32. Commissioners of Divisions, the Superintendent of Port Blair, and Residents, Political Agents, and Superintend- | |

The Joint Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department ranks in article 21 of the Table (Home Department Notification No. 1259, dated the 15th June 1899).

The Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province ranks in article 15 of the Table (Home Department Notification No. 5923, dated the 1st November 1901).

The Bishop of Nagpur ranks in article 20 of the Table (Home Department Notification No. 2191, dated the 27th May 1903).

FIRST CLASS—concl'd.

34. Surveyor-General of India, Directors-General of the Post Office, of Telegraphs in India and of Railways, Chief Engineers, first class, Accountants-General, Military and Public Works Departments, Director, Royal Indian Marine, and Manager, North-Western Railway.
35. Bishops (not territorial) under license from the Crown.

36. Archdeacons of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

37. Brigadier-Generals.

38. Commissioners of Divisions.

39. Commissioner of Northern India Salt Revenue, and Opium Agents, Benares and Bihar.

40. Secretaries and Joint Secretaries to Local Governments, and Private Secretary to the Viceroy.

SECOND CLASS.

41. Members of the Indian Civil Service of 23 years' standing, and Colonels.

42. Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

43. Judicial Commissioners of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts and Baluchistan, the Superintendent of Port Blair, and Residents, Political Agents, and Superintendents drawing Rs. 2,000 a month and upwards (not being Collectors or Deputy Commissioners of British Districts).

44. Inspector-General of Forests in India, and Director of the Geological Survey.

45. Standing Counsel to the Government of India.

46. Directors of Public Instruction, and Inspectors-General of Police and Prisons under Local Governments, and Accountants-General.

47. Survey Commissioner and Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Bombay; Commissioners of Settlements, and Controllers of Military Accounts.

48. Chief or Senior Civil Secretary to a Local Administration.

49. Chief Engineers, second and third classes, Deputy Surveyor-General, Deputy Director-General of Telegraphs in India, and Director-in-Chief, Indo-European Telegraph Department.

50. Divisional and District and Sessions Judges, Collectors and Magistrates of Districts, Deputy Commissioners of Districts, Deputy Superintendent of Port Blair, and the Chief Officer of each Presidency Municipality within their respective charges.

51. Archdeacons of Lahore, Lucknow and Rangoon.

52. Deputy Secretaries to the Government of India.

53. The Senior Chaplains of the Church of Scotland in Bengal, Madras and Bombay.

54. Remembrancers of Legal Affairs and Government Advocates under Local Governments.

55. Officers in the First Class Graded List of Civil Offices not reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service.

THIRD CLASS.

56. Members of the Indian Civil Service of 18 years' standing, and Lieutenant-Colonels.

57. The Deputy Director, Royal Indian Marine.

58. The Assistant Director, Royal Indian Marine.

59. Commanders and Inspectors of

Machinery, Royal Indian Marine.

60. Political Agents and Superintendents drawing less than Rs. 2,000 a month (not being Collectors or Deputy Commissioners of British Districts), within their own charges.

61. Secretaries to Local Administrations other than those already specified.

The Directors of Railway Construction and Railway Traffic rank in article 34 of the Table (Home Department Notification No. 1259, dated the 15th June 1899). Consuls-General rank as No. 37(a) below Brigadier-Generals, and Consuls as No. 41 (a) below members of the Indian Civil Service of 23 years' standing and Colonels (Foreign Department Circular letter No. 257-G., dated the 22nd February 1899).

The Revenue and Judicial Commissioner in Baluchistan ranks in article 38 of the Table when in Kalat or Las Bela or elsewhere outside the limits of his charge (Foreign Department letter No. 1284-G., dated the 1st August 1901). In British Baluchistan and the Agency territories he ranks in article 32 (Foreign Department letter No. 613-G., dated the 11th April 1901).

The Director-General of Education in India ranks in article 44 of the Table (Home Department Notification No. 1983, dated the 27th June 1902).

Officers in charge of the Zhob, Quetta-Pishin and Thal-Chotiali districts rank in article 50 of the Table throughout their respective charges whether British or Agency territory (Foreign Department letter No. 613-G., dated the 11th April 1901).

The Political Agent in Kalat ranks in article 60 of the Table (Foreign Department letter No. 613-G., dated the 11th April 1901).

The First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan ranks in article 61 of the Table (Foreign Department letter No. 613-G., dated the 11th April 1901). This order has also been extended to the First Assistants to the Resident at Hyderabad and Mysore and to the Agents to the Governor-General in Rajputana and Central India (Foreign Department letter No. 1389-G., dated the 2nd September 1903).

THIRD CLASS—concl'd.

62. Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways.
63. Private Secretaries to Governors.
64. Military Secretaries to Governors.
65. Administrators-General.
66. Sanitary Commissioners under Local Governments, Postmasters-General, the Comptroller, Post Office, and Conservators of Forests, first grade.
67. Directors of Public Instruction and Inspectors-General of Police and Prisons under local Administrations and Comptrollers and Deputy Auditors-General.
68. Managers of State Railways other than the North-Western Railway, Chairman of the Port Trust, Bombay, and Chairman of the Port Trust, Calcutta.
69. Vice-Chairman of the Port Trust, Calcutta, Directors of Traffic and Con-

struction, Indian Telegraph Department, Examiners of Accounts, Public Works Department, first class, Officers of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, first class, first grade, Superintending Engineers, Public Works Department, first class, and Superintendents of the Survey of India Department, first grade.

70. Inspectors-General of Registration and Directors of Land Records and Agriculture under Local Governments.

71. Senior Chaplains other than those already specified.

72. Sheriffs within their own charges.

73. Officers in the Second Class Graded List of Civil Offices not reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service.

FOURTH CLASS.

74. Members of the Indian Civil Service of 12 years' standing, and Majors.
75. Lieutenants of over eight years' standing, and Chief Engineers of the Royal Indian Marine.
76. Government Solicitors.
77. Inspectors-General of Registration,

Sanitary Commissioners, and Directors of Land Records and Agriculture under local Administrations.

78. Officers in the Third Class Graded List of Civil Offices not reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service.

The entries in the above table apply exclusively to the persons entered therein, and while regulating their relative precedence with each other, do not apply to the non-official community resident in India, the Members of which shall take their place according to usage.

Officers in the above table will take precedence in order of the numbers of the entries. Those included in one number will take precedence *inter se* according to the date of entry into that number.

When an officer holds more than one position in the table, he will be entitled to the highest position accorded to him.

Officers who are temporarily officiating in any number in the table will rank in that number below permanent incumbents.

All officers not mentioned in the above table, whose rank is regulated by comparison with rank in the Army, to have the same rank with reference to Civil Servants as is enjoyed by Military Officers of equal grades.

All other persons who may not be mentioned in this table to take rank according to general usage, which is to be explained and determined by the Governor-General in Council in case any question shall arise.

Nothing in the foregoing Rules to disturb the existing practice relating to precedence at Native Courts, or on occasions of intercourse with Natives, and the Governor-General in Council to be empowered to make rules for such occasions in case any dispute shall arise.

All ladies to take place according to the rank herein assigned to their respective husbands, with the exception of wives of Peers, and of ladies having precedence in England independently of their husbands, and who are not in rank below the daughters of Barons, such ladies to take place according to their several ranks, with reference to such precedence in England; immediately after the wives of Members of the Council of the Governor-General.

The Chief Inspector of Explosives in India ranks in article 62 of the Table (Home Department Notification No. 1933, dated the 27th June 1902).

The Chairman of the Port Trust, Rangoon, ranks in article 68 of the Table (Home Department Notification, No. 5036, dated the 29th August 1901).

Vice-Consuls rank as article 74 (a) below Members of the Indian Civil Service of 12 years' standing and Majors (Foreign Department Circular letter No. 257-G., dated the 22nd February 1899).

The Political Agents and Superintendents in Baluchistan drawing less than Rs. 2,000 when outside their respective charges rank in article 73, unless their Army rank or standing in the Civil Service gives them a higher place (Foreign Department letter No. 1284-G., dated the 1st August 1901).

The same rule is applicable to the Political Agent in Haraoft and Tonk (Foreign Department letter No. 933-G., dated the 21st May 1903).

Given at our Court at Windsor this tenth day of December, in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and in the sixty-second year of our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,

(Signed) GEORGE HAMILTON.

2. *Supplementary Graded List of Civil Offices not reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service prepared under the orders of the Governor-General in Council.*

*FIRST CLASS—(No. 55 of the Warrant).

Assay Master of the Mint, Calcutta and Bombay.

Chief Judges of Presidency Courts of Small Causes.

Commissioners of Police, Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and Rangoon. †

Deputy-Comptroller-General.

Director-General of Archaeology. ‡

Director-General of Statistics.

Director of the Botanical Survey of India.

Inspector-General of Agriculture in India. ‡

Master of the Mint, Calcutta and Bombay.

Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.

Superintendent of Revenue Survey, Madras.

Superintendent, Trigonometrical Surveys.

* SECOND CLASS—(No. 73 of the Warrant).

Adviser on Chinese Affairs in Burma.

Agent General in India for the British Protectorates in Africa under the administration of the Foreign Office. §

Chief Collector of Customs, Burma.

Chief Inspector of Mines in India. †

Chief Presidency Magistrates.

Chief Superintendents of the Telegraph Department.

Collector of Customs and Salt Revenue, Sind

Collectors and Magistrates of Districts, and Deputy Commissioners of Districts and of Settlements.

Conservators of Forests, 2nd and 3rd grades.

Deputy Accountants-General under Local Governments.

Deputy Inspectors-General of Police.

Deputy Superintendent of Port Blair.

Directors of the Persian Gulf Section, and of the Persian Section of the Indo-European Telegraph Department.

Divisional and District and Sessions Judges.

Examiners of Accounts, Public Works Department, 2nd and 3rd classes.

Government Astronomer, Madras.

Imperial Bacteriologist.

Inspector of Mines to the Government of Librarian, Imperial Library. ‡ India.

Officers in charge of the Records of the Government of India.

Officers of the Indian Educational Service and of the Graded Educational Service, drawing Rs. 1,250 a month and upwards.

Officers of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, 1st class, 2nd and 3rd grades.

Principal of the Mayo College at Ajmere.

Principal of the Rajkumar College at Rajkot.

Reporter on Economic Products.

Superintendent of the Royal Botanical Gardens, Calcutta.

Superintendents, Geological Survey of India.

Superintendents of Revenue Survey and Assessment, Bombay.

Superintendents of the Survey of India Department, 2nd grade.

Superintending Engineers, Public Works Department, 2nd and 3rd classes.

Under-Secretaries to the Government of India.

* THIRD CLASS—(Number 78 of the Warrant).

Agricultural Chemist.

Assistant Inspector-General of Forests.

Assistant Secretaries to the Government of India.

Collector of Stamp Revenue, Superintendent of Excise Revenue, and Deputy Collector of Land Revenue, Calcutta.

Commander of the Steamer employed in the Persian Gulf Section of the Indo-European Telegraph Department.

Deputy Collector of Salt Revenue, Bombay.

Deputy Commissioner of Northern India Salt Revenue.

Deputy Commissioners of Police, Calcutta and Bombay.

Deputy Commissioners of Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, Madras.

Deputy Conservators of Forests drawing Rs. 500 a month and upwards.

Deputy Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Madras.

Deputy Director of the Imperial Forest School, Dehra Dun.

Deputy Directors of Revenue Settlements and Deputy Superintendents of Revenue Surveys, Madras.

Deputy Postmasters-General of the 1st 2nd and 3rd grades.

Deputy Superintendents, Geological Survey of India.

Deputy Superintendents, Survey of India Department.

District Superintendents of Police drawing Rs. 500 a month and upwards.

* The entries in each class are arranged in alphabetical order.

† Home Department Notification No. 2002, dated the 8th September 1899.

‡ 1933, " 27th June 1902.

‡ 3119, " 11th September 1903.

‡ 2292, " 24th July 1902.

THIRD CLASS—contd.

Engineer and Electrician of the Persian Gulf Section of the Indo-European Telegraph Department.

Examiners of Accounts, Public Works Department, 4th class, 1st and 2nd grades.

Executive Engineers, Public Works Department, 1st and 2nd grades.

Inspector-General of Railway Mail Service.

Judge of the City Civil Court, Madras.

Judges of Presidency Courts of Small Causes, and First Judge of the Small Cause Court, Rangoon.

Officers of the Indian Educational Service and of the Graded Educational Service, drawing less than Rs. 1,250 a month, but more than Rs. 1,000 a month.

Officers of the Superior Revenue Establishments of the State Railways, 2nd class, 1st and 2nd grades.
Paleontologist, Geological Survey of India.
Presidency Magistrates.
Protector of Emigrants and Superintendent of Emigration, Calcutta.
Public Prosecutor in Sind.
Registrars to the High Courts and to the Chief Court, Punjab.
Sub-Deputy Opium Agents drawing Rs. 800 a month and upwards.
Superintendent of Land Records and Agriculture in Sind.*
Superintendent of the Indian Museum.
Superintendent, Stamps and Stationery.
Superintendents, Telegraph Department, 1st and 2nd grades.

Under the orders of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, the following table showing the relative rank of officers in the Army, Royal Navy and Royal Indian Marine is attached† to the Warrant of Precedence for India, published with Home Department Notification No. 328, dated the 10th February 1899:—

Lieutenant-Colonels.	Captains under 3 years and Officers of corresponding rank, Royal Navy.	But junior to all Lieutenant-Colonels.
	Deputy Director, Royal Indian Marine	
	Assistant do. do.	
	Inspectors of Machinery, Royal Indian Marine	
	Commanders, Royal Navy	
Majors	Commanders, Royal Indian Marine	But junior to all Majors.
	Staff Commanders and Officers of corresponding rank, Royal Navy.	
	Lieutenants of 8 years' seniority and Officers of corresponding rank, Royal Navy.	
	Chief Engineers, Royal Navy	
	Lieutenants, Royal Indian Marine, over 8 years' seniority	
Captains	Paymasters, Royal Navy	But junior to all Army Captains.
	Chief Engineers, Royal Indian Marine	
	Lieutenants under 8 years and Officers of corresponding rank, Royal Navy.	
	Engineers, Royal Navy	
	Lieutenants, Royal Indian Marine, under 8 years' seniority	
Lieutenants.	Assistant Paymasters of 6 years' seniority	But junior to all Lieutenants.
	Engineers, Royal Indian Marine	
	Sub-Lieutenants and Officers of corresponding rank, Royal Navy.	
	Sub-Lieutenants, Royal Indian Marine	
	Assistant Engineers, Royal Indian Marine.	

OFFICIAL ORDER OF PRECEDENCE IN MADRAS.

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|---|--|
| 2. Governor. | 18. Military Officers above the rank of Major-General. |
| 11. Chief Justice. | 24. Chief Secretary to Government. |
| 12. Bishop. | 25. Major-Generals. |
| 13. Ordinary Members of Council. | 26. Members of the Board of Revenue. |
| 14. Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces. | 27. Additional Members of Council for making Laws and Regulations. |
| 15. Resident in Mysore. | 28. Vice-Chancellor, Madras University. |
| 16. Pucine Judges. | |

* Home Department Notification No. 1988, dated the 27th June 1902.

† " Notifications Nos. 227 and 147, dated 26th January 1900, and 24th January 1903, respectively.

FIRST CLASS.

29. Members of the Indian Civil Service of 80 years' standing.
34. Chief Engineers, First Class.
35. Bishop (not territorial) under license from the Crown.
36. Archdeacon.
37. Brigadiers-General.
40. Secretaries and Joint-Secretaries to Government.

SECOND CLASS.

41. Members of the Indian Civil Service of twenty-three years' standing, and Colonels.
46. Director of Public Instruction.
- Inspector-General of Police.
- Inspector-General of Prisons.
- Accountant-General.
47. Commissioner of Settlement.
- Controller of Military Accounts.
49. Chief Engineers, Second and Third Classes.
50. District and Sessions Judges. } Within their respective charges.
- Collectors and Magistrates of Districts. }
- The President of the Madras Municipal Commission, within his charge.
53. Presy. Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland.
54. Government Advocate.
55. Officers in the First Class Graded List of Civil Officers not reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service.
- Chief Judge of Presidency Court of Small Causes.
- Commissioner of Police.
- Superintendent of Revenue Survey.

THIRD CLASS.

56. Members of the Indian Civil Service of eighteen years' standing, and Lieutenant-Colonels.
59. Commanders, Royal Indian Marine.
63. Private Secretary to the Governor.
64. Military Secretary to the Governor.
65. Administrator-General.
66. Sanitary Commissioner.
- Postmaster-General.
- Conservators of Forests, First Grade.
69. Examiner of Accounts, Public Works Department, First Class.
- Officers of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, First Class, First Grade.
- Superintending Engineers, Public Works Department, First Class.
70. Inspectors-General of Registration.
- Director of Land Records and Agriculture.
71. Senior Chaplains.
72. Sheriff.
73. Officers in the Second Class Graded List of Civil Officers not reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service.
- Chief Presidency Magistrate.
- Chief Superintendent of Telegraph Department.

Collectors and Magistrates of Districts outside their charges.
Conservators of Forests, Second and Third Grades.
Deputy Accountant-General.
Deputy Inspectors-General of Police.
District and Sessions Judges outside their charges.
Examiner of Accounts, Public Works Dept., Second and Third Classes.
Government Astronomer.
Officers of the Indian Educational Service and of the Graded Educational Service drawing Rs. 1,250 a month and upwards.
Officers of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, First Class, Second and Third Grades.
Superintending Engineers, Public Works Department, Second and Third Classes.

FOURTH CLASS.

74. Members of the Indian Civil Service of twelve years' standing, and Majors.
75. Lieutenants of the Royal Indian Marine of over eight years' standing.
76. Government Solicitor.
78. Officers in the Third Class Graded List of Civil Officers not reserved for Members of the Indian Civil Service.
- Deputy Commissioners of Salt, Abkari and Customs Department.
- Deputy Conservators of Forests drawing Rs. 800 a month and upwards.
- Deputy Director of Land Records and Agriculture.
- Deputy Directors of Revenue Settlement.
- Deputy Superintendents of Revenue Survey.
- District Superintendents of Police, drawing Rs. 800 a month and upwards.
- Examiner of Accounts, Public Works Department, Fourth Class, First and Second Grades.
- Executive Engineers, Public Works Department, First and Second Grades.
- Judge of the City Civil Court.
- Judges of Presidency Court of Small Causes.
- Officers of the Indian Educational Service and of the Graded Educational Service drawing less than Rs. 1,250 a month but more than Rs. 1,000 a month.
- Officers of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Second Class, First and Second Grades.
- Presidency Magistrates.
- Registrar to the High Court.
- Superintendent of the Govt. Central Indian Museum.
- Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery.
- Superintendents, Telegraph Department, First and Second Grades.

For Rules, see pages 138 and 139.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

PRIVATE ENTREE LIST REVISED AND CORRECTED.

Military Secretary's Office, Government House, Guindy, 29th November 1899.

1. The Hon'ble the Chief Justice.*
2. The Right Reverend the Bishop of Madras (with Domestic Chaplain in attendance).
3. Members of Council.
5. The Lieut.-General Commanding the Forces (with officers of Personal Staff in attendance).
6. The Prince of Arcot.
7. The Judges of the High Court.
12. The Chief Secretary to Government.*
13. The Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras.
15. The Principal Medical Officer, Madras.
15. Members of the Board of Revenue.*
19. Official Members of the Legislative Council.
19. Non-Official Members of the Legislative Council.
39. Vice-Chancellor of the Madras University.
40. The Ven'ble the Archdeacon of Madras.
41. The General Officer Commanding the Madras District.
41. The Deputy Adjutant-General, Madras Command.
41. The Colonel on the Staff, Royal Artillery.
44. The Secretaries and Joint Secretaries to Government.*
44. The Assistant Adjutant-General, Madras Command.
44. The Assistant Quartermaster-General, Madras Command.
44. The Inspector-General of Ordnance, Madras Command.
49. The Chief Engineer, Military Works Department, Madras Command.
49. The Controller of Military Accounts, Madras Command.
49. The Commissary-General, Madras Command.
49. The Superintendent, Army Clothing.
56. The Director of Public Instruction.*
57. The Inspector-General of Police.
58. The Inspector-General of Prison.
59. The Accountant-General.
60. The Collectors of Madras and Chingleput.
62. The President of the Madras Municipality.
63. The Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland in the Presidency.
64. The Commissioner of Police.
64. The Deputy Judge Advocate-General, Madras Command.
66. The Supt. of Revenue Survey.
67. The Administrator-General.
68. The Sanitary Commissioner.
69. The Postmaster-General.
70. The Conservator of Forests, Central Circle.
71. The Inspector-General of Registration.*
72. The Inspecting Veterinary Officer, Madras Command.
73. The Sheriff of Madras.
74. The Presidency Port Officer.
75. The Officers of His Excellency the Governor's Body Guard.

Non-Official Gentlemen.

A. The Most Rev. Archbishop Colgan.

B. 1. The Most Rev. Archbishop Colgan.

B. 2. The Most Rev. Archbishop Colgan.

B. 3. The Most Rev. Archbishop Colgan.

B. 4. The Most Rev. Archbishop Colgan.

B. 5. The Most Rev. Archbishop Colgan.

B. 6. The Foreign Consuls at Madras.

B. 7. The Foreign Consuls at Madras.

B. 8. The Foreign Consuls at Madras.

B. 9. The Foreign Consuls at Madras.

B. 10. The Foreign Consuls at Madras.

B. 11. The Foreign Consuls at Madras.

C. Rajah Sir S. Ramasami Mudaliyar, Kt., C.I.E.

The Rajah of Venkatagiri.

The Rajah of Kalabasti.

The Rajah of Pittapur.

The Rajah of Karvetnagar.

The Hon'ble the Maharajah of Bobbili.

The Rajah of Ramnad.

The Zamorin of Calicut.

The Malayali Rajas of Malabar.

To the following Native Chiefs and Rajahs of the Presidency the privilege of the Entrée will be accorded when in Madras:—

His Highness the Maharajah of Travancore.

His Highness the Rajah of Cochin.

His Highness the Rajah of Pudukkottai.

The Nawab of Banganapalle.

The Rajah of Sandur.

The Maharajah of Jeypore, Vizagapatam.

The Entrée cards granted in accordance with this list give admission to the holder's carriage through the Chepauk gates of the Park to the Private Entrance (south door) of the Banqueting Hall on occasions of Levées, Balls and Receptions.

Cards must be shown to the Police on duty at the end of the avenue in the Chepauk Park and at the Mount Road end of the road to Government House.

Officials entitled to the Private Entrée at Calcutta or Bombay are granted the privilege at Madras, when passing through, or on temporary duty at the Presidency.

A copy of the list is furnished to the Commissioner of Police for guidance in the control of carriages on special occasions.

NOTE.—Such gentlemen as have not received, or have lost their cards, are requested to apply to the Military Secretary.

(By order)

WM. CAMPBELL, Major, Mil. Secy. to H. E. the Governor.

* When they have no seat on the Legislative Council.

SALUTES.

The Imperial salute consists of 101 guns and is reserved for the personal presence of the Sovereign. The royal salute consists of 31 guns.

Whenever the Viceroy shall arrive at any place where there is a fort or battery from which salutes are fired, a royal salute shall be fired from such fort or battery, and similar salutes are to be fired upon his final departure and on such other occasions as may be directed.

When Governors or Lieutenant-Governors quit their Governments on leave of absence, they are entitled to the same salutes on their departure from, and on their return to, their Governments as on their first assuming them, or on final departure.

General Officers are only entitled to a salute of guns when exercising actual military command, or when deputed on military duty, and provided they are the senior officers on the spot.

The Inspector-General of Artillery is, however, entitled to the salute of his rank at all stations which he may visit in the performance of his inspection duties; whether he be senior or junior to the officer commanding the station. The same rule holds good in the case of the Inspector-General of Cavalry.

All subjects of the British Government, troops in the service of the British Crown, and troops and subjects of native chiefs in India are required to pay the same marks of respect to the Viceroy's flag when unfurled as are shown to the Royal flag.

The following is the table of salutes in India:—

Persons.	No. of Guns.	
Imperial Salute	101	From Saluting stations* within Indian territories and seas,† and on being fallen in with by or visiting any of His Majesty's ships within those limits.
The King and Emperor when present in person	101	The fixed days for firing Royal Salutes in Indian territories and seas are:—
Royal Salute	31	Birthday (as fixed annually by authority), 'Accession' and 'Coronation' of Sovereign.
Members of the Royal Family	31	Birthday of Consort of Sovereign.
		1st of January of each year (Anniversary of the proclamation of His Majesty's assumption of the title of 'Emperor').
		When they fall on a Sunday, the salute will be fired on the following day.
Royal Standard	31	When passing in a vessel.
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.	31	At any place within Indian territories where there is a Saluting station;
Independent Asiatic Sovereigns	21	and on visiting, embarking on, or disembarking from, any one of His Majesty's ships within Indian waters; and on being fallen in with by any of His Majesty's ships within Indian seas.
Other Foreign Sovereigns	21	At any place within Indian territories where there is a Saluting station;
Members of their families and standards	21	and on visiting, embarking on, or disembarking from, any one of His Majesty's ships within the Indian waters.
Ambassadors	19	At any place where there is a Saluting station within Indian territories and seas, and by His Majesty's ships within these limits.
Governors of Presidencies	17	See note (a) p. 143.
The President of the Council of India...	17	
Governor-General of Portuguese Settlements in India	17	
Governor of Pondicherry	17	
Governors of His Majesty's Colonies	17	
Lieutenant-Governors of Provinces in India	15	

* By "Saluting stations," any place where guns suitable for saluting are mounted, or a Battery of Artillery is quartered, is to be understood.

† Indian territories are understood to include all the waters of India within three miles of the coast thereof. Indian seas to extend from the north-west entrance of the Straits of Malacca to Cape Comorin, excepting Ceylon, and from Cape Comorin to Aden, including the Maldivé and Laccadive Islands and the Persian Gulf.

Persons.	No. of Guns.	
Field Marshals or Admirals of the Fleet Commander-in-Chief in India ...	17	See note (d). According to Military rank, with two guns added.
Provisional Commander-in-Chief Commanders-in-Chief of His Majesty's Naval Forces ...	...	Do. do.
Generals and Admirals ...	15	See note (d). According to Naval rank, with two guns added.
Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor-General ...	15	On occasions of official visits to any place within Indian territories where there is a Saluting station; and on visiting, embarking on, or disembarking from, any one of His Majesty's ships within Indian waters, on due notice being given. Such salutes need not be fired unless asked for.
Ordinary Members of the Councils of the Governors of Madras and Bombay.	15	On occasions of official visits to any place where there is a Saluting station within their respective Presidencies; and on visiting, embarking on, or disembarking from, any of His Majesty's ships within the same limits, on due notice being given. Such salutes need not be fired unless asked for.
Plenipotentiaries and Envoys ...	15	See note (e).
Lieutenant-Governors of His Majesty's Colonies ...	15	See note (a).
Lieutenant-Generals Commanding the Forces, Punjab, Bengal, Madras, and Bombay.	13	With two guns added within the limits of their own Commands. This number not to be exceeded in any case, even in that of an officer of the rank of full General. See note (b).
Lieutenant-Generals and Vice-Admirals	13	Within Indian territories and seas. See note (d).
Agents to the Viceroy and Governor- General ...	13	See note (a).
Residents ...	13	See note (a).
Chief Commissioners of Provinces and the Commissioner of Sindh ...	13	See note (a).
Major-Generals and Rear-Admirals ...	11	See note (d).
Political Agents and Chargés d'Affaires. Brigadier-Generals and Commodores of the First Class ...	11	See note (c).
Consuls-General ...	9	See note (d).
The Portuguese Governor of Damaun... The Governor of Diu ...	9	See note to Ambassadors. At any place where there is a Saluting station, within the Indian territories and seas, and by His Majesty's ships within these limits.
Return Salutes to Foreign Men-of-War.	...	Gun for gun, but only when such ships are saluting the National Flag on arrival.
Return Salutes to Captains of the Navy and Naval Officers of inferior rank ...	7	

(a) Lieutenant-Governors of Provinces in India, Agents to the Viceroy and Governor-General, Residents, Chief Commissioners of provinces, and the Commissioner of Sindh, shall be entitled to be saluted from the Saluting stations within their respective jurisdictions, and when on duty elsewhere in the territories under the authority of the Government of India, and when they shall visit, embark on board, or disembark from, any one of His Majesty's ships within the jurisdiction of their respective charges.

(b) Governors and Lieutenant-Governors of His Majesty's colonies, when on duty in India, are entitled to be saluted as laid down above.

(c) When Lieutenant-Governors of Provinces in India quit their Governments on leave of absence, they are entitled to the same salutes on their departure from, and on their return to, their Governments, as on their first assuming them, or on final departure.

(d) General and Flag Officers are only entitled to a salute of guns when exercising actual command or when deputed on duty, and provided they are the senior officers on the spot.

The Inspectors-General of Cavalry and Artillery are, however, entitled to the salute of their rank at all stations which they may visit in the performance of their inspection duties, whether they are senior or junior to the Officer Commanding the Station.

(e) Plenipotentiaries or Envoys, Political Agents and Chargés d'Affaires, shall be entitled to be saluted from any place where there is a Saluting station within the precincts of the territories to which they are accredited, and when they shall visit, embark on board, or disembark from, any one of His Majesty's ships within the said precincts.

(f) Salutes are also to be fired on the occasion of officials, entitled to salutes, assuming and relinquishing Governments, Charges or Commands.

(g) Personal salutes are not returned.

(h) His Majesty's officers are not to expect from foreign ships of war in Indian waters, any departure from the established custom under which no salute exceeds 21 guns.

(i) When arranging salutes for foreign officials, or on the occasion of foreign anniversaries, festivals and ceremonies, the instructions contained in King's Regulations, should be carefully studied.

(j) All personal salutes are to be fired on the arrival and departure of the functionaries entitled to receive them.

The following is the table of salutes allowable to the Native Chiefs and Nobles of India, and certain Chiefs near Aden:—

Salutes of 21 guns.	Rampur. The Nawab of— Tippera. The Raja of—
Baroda. The Maharaja (Gaekwar) of— Hyderabad. The Nizam of— Mysore. The Maharaja of—	Salutes of 11 guns.
Salutes of 19 guns.	Ajaigarh. The Maharaja of— Baoni. The Nawab of— Bhaunagar. The Thakur Sahib of— Bijawar. The Maharaja of— Cambay. The Nawab of— Chamba. The Raja of— Charkhari. The Maharaja of— Chhatarpur. The Raja of— Dhrangadra. The Raja Sahib of— Faridkot. The Raja of— Gondal. The Thakur Sahib of— Janjira. The Nawab of— Jhabua. The Raja of— Jhalawar. The Raj Rana of— Jind. The Raja of— Junagarh. The Nawab of— Kahlur (Bilaspur). The Raja of— Kapurthala. The Raja of— Mandi. The Raja of— Manipur. The Raja of— Morvi. The Thakur Sahib of— Nabha. The Raja of— Narsingarh. The Raja of— Nawanagar. The Jam of— Palanpur. The Diwan of— Panna. The Maharaja of— Porbandar. The Rana of— Pudukota. The Raja of— Radhanpur. The Nawab of— Rajgarh. The Raja of— Rajpipla. The Raja of— Ratlam. The Raja of— Sailana. The Raja of— Samthar. The Raja of— Sirmur (Nahan). The Raja of— Sitawan. The Raja of— Suket. The Raja of— Tehri (Garhwal). The Raja of—
Salutes of 17 guns.	Salutes of 9 guns.
Bahawalpur. The Nawab of— Bhartpure. The Maharaja of— Bikanir. The Maharaja of— Bundi. The Maharaja of— Cochin. The Raja of— Jaipur. The Maharaja of— Karauli. The Maharaja of— Kota. The Maharaja of— Kutch. The Rao of— Marwar (Jodhpur). The Maharaja of— Patiala. The Maharaja of— Rawah. The Maharaja of— Tonk. The Nawab of—	Alirajpur. The Rana of— Balasinor. The Nawab (Babi) of— Bansda. The Raja of— Baraunda. The Raja of— Baria. The Raja of— Barwani. The Rana of— Chhoti Udaipur. The Raja of—
Salutes of 15 guns.	
Alwar. The Maharaja of— Banswara. The Maharawal of— Dati. The Maharaja of— Dewas. (The Senior Branch) The Raja of— Dewas. (The Junior Branch) The Raja of— Dhar. The Raja of— Dholpur. The Maharaj Rana of— Dungarpur. The Maharawal of— Idar. The Maharaja of— Jaisalmer. The Maharawal of— Kuarpur. The Mir of— Kishangarh. The Maharaja of— Orchha. The Maharaja of— Partabgarh. The Maharawal of— Sikim. The Maharaja of— Sirohi. The Maharaja of—	Salutes of 13 guns.
Benares. The Raja of— Jaora. The Nawab of— Kuch Behar. The Maharaja of—	

* See table of personal Salutes.

† The present Chief of Samthar enjoys the personal title of *Maharaja*.

‡ The present Chiefs of Dhar, Tippera and Chhatarpur and the present Raja of Benares enjoy the title of *Maharaja* as a personal distinction.

Dharampur. The Raja of—
 Dhrol. The Thakur Sahib of—
 Padthli. The Sultan of—
 Hsi Paw. The Sawbwa of—
 Karond (Kalahandi). The Raja of—
 Keng Tung. The Sawbwa of—
 Khilchipur. The Rao of—
 Kishn and Socotra. The Sultan of—
 Lahej. The Sultan of—
 Limri. The Thakur Sahib of—
 Lunawara. The Raja of—
 Maihar. The Raja of—

Maler Kotla.* The Nawab of—
 Mong Nai. The Sawbwa of—
 Nagod. The Raja of—
 Palitana. The Thakur Sahib of—
 Rajkot. The Thakur Sahib of—
 Sachin. The Nawab of—
 Sawantwari. The Sir Desai of—
 Shehr and Mokalla.* The Sultan of—
 Sunth. The Raja of—
 Wadhwan. The Thakur Sahib of—
 Wankaner. The Raja Sahib of—

TABLE OF PERSONAL SALUTES.

Salute of 21 guns.

Jaipur. His Highness Sawai Sir Madho Singh Bahadur, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., Maharaja of—
 Mewar (Udaipur). His Highness Sir Fetah Singh Bahadur, G.C.I.E., Maharana of—
 Travancore. His Highness Sir Bala Rama Varma, G.C.I.E., Maharaja of—

Salutes of 19 guns.

Mysore. Her Highness Maharani Kempananjammanni Avaru Vanivalas, C.I.†

Salute of 17 guns.

Orchha. His Highness Mahindar Sawai Sir Partab Singh Bahadur, G.C.I.E., Maharaja of—

Salute of 15 guns.

Nabha. His Highness Sir Hira Singh Bahadur, G.C.S.I., Raja of—

Salute of 12 guns.

Shehr and Mokalla. His Highness Awadth bin Omar Alkayati, Sultan of—

Salute of 11 guns.

Maler Kotla. His Highness Muhammad Ibrahim Ali Khan Bahadur, Nawab of—

Salute of 9 guns.

Bhor. Shanker Rao Chimnaji, Pant Sachiv of—
 Danta. Maharana Jaswant Singhji Hari Singhji of—
 Loharu. Nawab Sir Amir-ud-din Ahmad Khan Bahadur, K.C.I.E., of—

TABLE OF LOCAL SALUTES.

Salute of 21 guns.

Bhopal. The Begam (or Nawab) of—	} Within the limits of their own territories permanently.
Gwalior. The Maharaja (Sindhia) of—	
Indore. The Maharaja (Holkar) of—	
Jammu and Kashmir. The Maharaja of—	

The Governor-General of India in Council has power, in cases in which he may deem it expedient, to authorise salutes, and to issue local regulations for the guidance of the authorities in Indian limits, with respect to salutes for Civil or Military officers holding positions or Commands not mentioned in page 144.

Salutes will be fired between sunrise and sunset, but not between the hours of 8 o'clock A.M. and 5 P.M., at stations in the plains from 15th April to 15th October, unless specially ordered.

Salutes will not be fired on Sundays. Should an officer who is entitled to a salute on this day desire to have it, it will be fired on the following day; in the case of Native chiefs entitled to salutes entering a station on Sunday, the above order will be explained to them, and the salutes fired on the following day.

The above rule is on no account to interfere with the compliments paid to the Flags of Foreign Powers, when they may enter the Ports of British India on Sunday. The salutes of Foreign Powers will be immediately returned by the shore batteries, gun for gun.

FLAG STATIONS.

The "National Flag" (Union Jack) is to be hoisted daily at the head-quarters of all commands and districts, and in all arsenals, but in no works of defence, except the fort for which permanent fixed flagstaffs are authorised, as prescribed in A. R. I., Vol. XII. *Barrack Regulations, and section 4, paragraph 8, of the Bombay Barrack Regulations.*

The 'Royal Standard' is to be hoisted on Royal anniversaries and State occasions at Aden, and the Presidency towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

The National Flag is not to be struck, or replaced, in doing honour to the Representative of a Foreign Power.

* See table of Personal Salutes.

† During the minority of her son, the Maharaja of Mysore, and in her capacity of Regent, and subsequently continued for her lifetime.

PART III.—CIVIL.

THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

THE territory included within the Presidency of Fort St. George, or the Madras Presidency, is the southernmost of the Indian provinces. The coast line extends on the east of the peninsula from Orissa in Bengal to Cape Comorin. On the west the narrow strip of country formed by the Native States of Travancore and Cochin gives the coast line from Cape Comorin as far as the town of Cochin. After that Madras territory again forms the coast line until the Bombay Presidency is reached at the northern extremity of the South Canara district. In the centre of the peninsula thus enclosed are the Nagpore country and Berar, the territories of the Nizam known generally as the Deccan, and the province of Mysore; but all the country south and east of Mysore belongs to the Madras Presidency.

The Presidency occupies an area of 139,698 square miles; but within this is included 1,383 square miles belonging to the Pudukottah territory, which is situated in the middle of one of the revenue districts.

The Presidency has a coast line of about 1,700 miles, and consequently a large area of country but little elevated above the level of the sea. Mountain ranges run northward from Cape Comorin along the Western Coast, attaining an elevation in some parts of from 4,000 to nearly 9,000 feet. Ranges of hills follow also the general line of the East Coast; but these, as a rule, are of lower elevation than the Western Ghats. The drainage of the peninsula is for the most part from west to east into the Bay of Bengal, the area of country drained by rivers running westward being only the narrow strip of territory between the Western Ghats and the sea. As a rule the country slopes gradually from the eastern base of the western mountain chain down to the Coromandel Coast, while the fall is sudden and precipitous on the western side of the mountains. The centre of the peninsula consists generally of undulating table-lands from 1,000 to 3,000 feet above the level of the sea.

The peculiar physical geography of the peninsula of India, with a huge mountain chain running from north to south along its western boundary, is of importance in regard to climate and the productions of the various districts. These hills have the effect of arresting the lower strata of rain clouds brought up from the Indian Ocean by the periodical winds of the south-west monsoon, and of causing excessive rain precipitation on the narrow strip of coast line on the western side of the peninsula. Where the mountain range is of great height, as between Malabar and Coimbatore, the rain clouds are almost entirely diverted from the districts immediately below the mountains on the eastern side, and while the annual rainfall on the western side may be 150 inches, not more than 20 inches will be registered on the eastern side, immediately within the influence of the mountain ranges. Where the mountain chain is of lower elevation, the rain clouds pass over the hills, and rain is precipitated in uncertain and varying amount over the peninsula to the east of the Western Ghats; but, except in the northern districts, where the rainy season approximates to that of Bengal, the heaviest rainfall of the southern portion of the eastern division of the peninsula occurs during the period of the north-east monsoon. During the continuance of this monsoon, the western ranges of mountains have a similar effect in arresting the rain clouds, so that at the season of the year when the Carnatic is deluged by heavy rain, the Western Coast districts enjoy fine clear weather.

To the physical barrier of the Western Ghats must be attributed, not only the vast differences of climate, but also those in the nature of the productions, in the eastern and western divisions of the peninsula. In the former the uncertainty and capricious character of the rainfall has taught the cultivators of the soil the necessity of making provision for the storage of water for irrigation purposes, and the existence of innumerable tanks or reservoirs, scattered all over the country, testify to the fact that, from periods of the remotest antiquity, the inhabitants of the tracts of country which receive an irregular rainfall, have exercised great ingenuity and readiness of resource in the construction of public works for the artificial irrigation of the soil. On the western side of the mountains, however, the necessity for such works has never arisen. There the periodical rains fall with great regularity as to time and quantity, and the earth yields her fruits so abundantly that, although in certain exceptional years there may be partial failures of crops, absolute famine, as a result of bad seasons, is unknown. Only 3 of the 21 districts of which the Madras Presidency is composed lie within the influence of the never-failing rains of the south-west monsoon. In the remaining 18 districts nature demands the assistance of art in the collection, storage, and distribution of the condensed moisture of the heavens. In some of these 18 districts, however, as in the northern coast area, the periodic rains fall more regularly than in others, while in several of them the rivers running eastward, swelled by the south-west monsoon rains, are utilized in the fertilization of districts in which the natural moisture is defective.

The chief staples of the Presidency are rice, cholam (a kind of maize), cumboo (a kind of millet), ragi, and varagu amongst food-grains; gingelly amongst oil-seeds; and chillies, tobacco, sugar-cane, plantains, and betel leaf amongst garden crops. Cotton, as a special crop, has a cultivation almost equalling that of ragi. The trees most grown for their fruits are cocoanuts, areca-nut, jack, tamarind, and mango. Rice, as might be expected, is produced in the largest quantities in the alluvial and highly-irrigated districts of Tanjore, Godavari, and Kistna on the East Coast, and in Malabar and Canara on the West Coast, where the rainfall is so abundant as to render irrigation by artificial means almost unnecessary. Cholam is most abundant in the table-land districts of Bellary and Kurnool, while cumboo and ragi are most extensively grown in the other inland, but less elevated, districts, such as Salem and Coimbatore. Coconut palms flourish most luxuriantly on the banks of the estuaries and backwaters or salt-water lagoons of the western districts of Malabar and Canara, and areca-nut palms in the valleys intersecting the lower slopes of the Western Ghats.

Within the Madras Presidency there are six well-defined linguistic boundaries. In the northernmost district of Ganjam is included a portion of the Ooriya-speaking population. The Telugu language is commonly spoken by the people of the Northern Circars, and in a portion of the Nizam's country, Kurnool, Cuddapah, part of North Arcot, Nellore and some parts of Bellary. Tamil is the common language of the districts from a few miles north of Madras to the extreme south of the eastern division of the peninsula. Malayalam is the language of the Native States of Travancore, Cochin, and the Malabar district. Tulu is spoken in a limited portion of the South Canara district; and Canarese in certain portions of the Bellary, Coimbatore, Salem, and South Canara districts. Besides these six Dravidian languages, the hill tribes of certain districts have dialects of their own, also of a Dravidian type. From time to time colonies of Telugu and Canarese-speaking people have found their way down to the southern or Tamil country. In some cases they have been invited to settle as cultivators in localities where waste lands were available. In others they followed probably in the train of invading armies. In the same way people from the Mahratta country have settled in the south, and in all the large towns there are colonies of silk-weavers from Gujerat, who speak a language of their own. Along the border lines of the prevailing languages two or more languages are indifferently spoken by the people. There is no instance of the Tamil people pushing their colonies up towards the north. The migrations appear to have been always from north to south. In the large military cantonments of Secunderabad and Bangalore there are Tamil-speaking populations, but these people have settled as camp-followers.

The first attempt at the formation of an English Settlement in the Madras Presidency was in conjunction with the Dutch at Pulicat early in the seventeenth century, or about one hundred years after the establishment of the Mahomedan kingdoms of Bijapore and Golconda. Compelled to desist from this attempt, the English formed a trading settlement at Masulipatam in 1620, and shortly afterwards at Armogum, about forty miles north of Pulicat; and in 1639, after permission had been obtained from the Hindu Rajah of Chandragherry, the first English fortress on the Eastern Coast of India was erected at Madras. In 1691 Fort St. David was built at Tegupatam, near Cuddalore; on a site purchased from a petty native prince.

Until the end of the first half of the following century the English carried on their trading operations tolerably unmolested in the midst of the continual wars between the Musulman and Mahratta conquerors of the old Southern Hindu powers; the only event really affecting the future career of the settlements being the acquisition by the French of the village of Pondicherry, which they purchased in 1672 from the King of Bijapore shortly before his dynasty was overthrown by Aurungzebe. In 1744 war broke out between the French and English; and Fort St. George fell—only to be restored again; however, at the peace of Aix-la-Chapelle in 1749. The European war being thus ended, the forces of the two powers found both occupation and profit in the various wars between the native princes, and it usually happened that their sympathies or their interests were enlisted on opposite sides. Nearly the whole of Southern India was then subject to the Nizam of Hyderabad; the country in the neighbourhood of Madras being under the immediate rule of a tributary prince, called the Nabob of the Carnatic; while the Mahrattas still held supreme power in Tanjore and the adjacent country.

The Madras Presidency, according to existing boundary divisions, is made up of 22 districts, namely,—Northern including Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavari, Kistna; East Central including Nellore, Madras, Chingleput, North Arcot, South Arcot; Ceded Districts including Kurnool, Bellary, Cuddapah, Anantapore; West Central including Salem, Coimbatore, Nilgiris; Southern including Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madurai, Tinnevely; and West Coast including South Canara and Malabar.

The first four districts are known as the "Northern Circars." Prior to 1859-60 these Circars consisted of five districts, but in that year the three districts of Rajahmundry, Masulipatam, and Guntur were divided to form the present Godavari and Kistna Districts. The northern districts were formerly under the Nizam's Government, and in that time the divisions were as follows: Guntur, Condapilly, Ellore, Rajahmundry, and Chicacole. They came finally into British possession in the year 1823, by the payment to the Nizam's Government of Rs. 11,66,666 in lieu of an annual tribute. When these districts fell into the hands of the East India Company they consisted chiefly of large estates held by

renters or zemindars; of lands called "Havelly," which were the old demesnes, or private estates, of former rulers; and of tracts near the principal towns which had been resumed by the Mahomedan Governors of the districts, and appropriated for the support of their numerous bands of soldiers and public establishments. For some years prior to 1855-56 these Northern Circars were under the charge of a separate Commissioner, but each district had then also its own revenue and judicial establishments. The appointment of Commissioner of the Northern Circars was abolished in June 1856.

The part of the Presidency usually known as the Carnatic appears to have been originally formed of three divisions, namely, Northern, extending from the river Pennar to the river Gundegama, and consisting of a portion of the Nellore District; Central, extending from the Coleroon to the Pennar river, and containing a portion of Trichinopoly, Chingleput, North Arcot, South Arcot, Madras, and Nellore districts; and Southern, consisting of a portion of the Trichinopoly and the whole of Tanjore, Tinnevely, and Madurai districts. These districts came into the possession of the British between the years 1799 and 1801.

In the year 1859-60 the two districts of Madras Town and Chingleput were amalgamated into a single district, the collection of Sea Customs revenue being separately provided for. In the year 1870 the Chingleput district was again divided as before, leaving the administration of the Madras Town district in the hands of the Sea Customs Collector. The Chingleput district was obtained from the Nabob of Arcot in 1763 in return for services rendered to him and his father by the Company. The grant was confirmed by the Great Moghul in 1765, and for a long time the district was known as the "Jaghire" of the East India Company. The site of the Town of Madras was obtained in the year 1640, by a grant from the descendants of the Vijayanagar rulers, subsequently confirmed by the Moghul Government.

The districts of Bellary and Cuddapah were ceded to the English by the Nizam in the year 1800 for the maintenance, in perpetuity, of a body of troops known as the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force, and as payment for troops furnished during the Mysore wars. The territories so made over are still known as the Ceded Districts.

In 1800 the rights of sovereignty exercised by the Nizam over the Kurnool country as Subadar of the Deccan became vested in the East India Company. The Nizam, in the treaty of partition, gave over to the British all his possessions south of the Toombudra and Kistna rivers below their junction. At this time the ruler of the Kurnool country paid a yearly tribute of one lakh of rupees to the Nizam. In 1839 the Kurnool district, through the rebellion of the then ruler of the country, was placed under British administration.

The districts of Salem and Coimbatore came into British possession, the former in 1792 by the treaty of Seringapatam, and the latter in 1799 after the final defeat of Tippoo and the partition of his territory between the British, the Nizam, and the legitimate successor to the Mysore Government, the Maharajah of Mysore.

The Nilgiri Hills, formerly a taluk of the Coimbatore District, was constituted a separate district under Act I of 1868.

The two districts of Malabar and Canara, on the western side of the ghats, fell into the possession of the British in 1792 and 1799, respectively. Canara was in 1859 divided into North and South Canara for administrative purposes, and in 1860 North Canara was transferred, for convenience of administration, from the Madras to the Bombay Presidency. The taluk of Kundapur, which formerly belonged to North Canara, is now attached to South Canara.

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Mr. H. E. W. O'Brian	Do. Central Branch.
Staff Sergt T. Rice, Madras Unattached List	Do. Supply and Transport Branch.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES.

MADRAS COMMAND.

Head-Quarters—Ootacamund.

Col. H. H. Hart, R.E.	Chief Engineer (On furlough).
Bt.-Col. J. Kellie, R.E.	Offg. do.
Mr. B. Myers	Manager.

MADRAS DISTRICT.

Lt.-Col. H. S. Andrews-Speed, R.E.	Commanding Royal Engineers, Madras.
Capt. W. T. Digby, R.E.	Garrison Engineer, Rangoon.
Lieut. W. D. B. Conran, R.E.	Do. Wellington.
2nd Lieut. S. W. S. Hamilton, R.E.	Do. Madras.
Sub-Cond. R. Digby	Supervisor, Wellington.
„ W. T. Gell	Do. Madras.
„ W. Lyons	Do. Rangoon.
Sergt. A. O. Clapton	Overseer, Madras.
„ G. H. T. Perks	Do. Rangoon.
„ M. Woodward	Do. St. Thomas' Mount.
Mr. M. O'Loughlin	Accountant, Madras.
„ A. A. Buckley	Head Clerk, do.

BARRACK BRANCH.

Hony. Lieut. G. Drew	Barrack Master, Madras.
Cond. G. Pendleton	Do. Sergeant, Madras.
„ A. Martinant	Do. do. Wellington.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT, MADRAS COMMAND.

Ootacamund.

Lt.-Col. A. H. Clark-Kennedy, I.A.	Inspector-General.
„ H. L. Hutchins, I.A.	Dy. do.
Major F. C. W. Rideout, I.A.	Inspector of Supply and Transport.
Mr. E. Nicholas	Chief Clerk.
M.R.Ry. C. Y. Dorasawmy Pillay	First Assistant.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT, MADRAS COMMAND—concl'd.

CHIEF SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT OFFICE, MADRAS DISTRICT.

Fort St. George.

Capt. L. W. Fox	Chief Supply and Transport Officer.
Lieut. C. F. G. Lang	Asst. do.
M.R.Ry. T. Lakshmana Naicker	Head Clerk.

OFFICE OF STOREKEEPER-GENERAL, SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT.

Second Line Beach, Madras.

Capt. A. W. D. Harington	Storekeeper-General.
„ E. D. Delmege	Asst. to do.
Mr. A. J. O'Flynn	Head Clerk.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT RAILWAY POLICE.

Haddow's Road, Nungumbaukum.

F. Brooke Leggett, Esq.	Ag. Superintendent.
M. H. M. Lamb, Esq.	Asst. do.
M.R.Ry. T. K. Krishnasami Pillai	Manager.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Office of Insp.-Genl. of Ordnance, Southern Circle—Poona—10-30 A.M. to 4-30 P.M.

Col. E. B. Standbridge	Inspector-General of Ordnance, Southern Circle.
Lt.-Col. F. T. T. Fowle, R.A.	Dy. do. do. do.
Capt. A. C. Kennedy, R.A.	Asst. do. do. do.
Lieut. B. E. Smith	Chief Clerk.
Conductor W. Billing	Chief Clerk (Supy.) (On leave).
„ J. Quinn	1st Class Clerk.
„ A. Blackwood	1st do. (Offg.).
Sub-Conductor J. McManus	2nd do. (Offg.).
Store Sergeant B. Curtis	2nd do. (Offg.).

ARSENAL.

Fort Saint George—10 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Major F. Temple-Cole, R.A.	Ordnance Officer in charge.
Captain W. B. Spalding, R.A.	Do. do. 4th class.
„ W. H. Smith	Dy. Commissary.
Lieut. R. Walmsley	Dy. Asst. Commissary.
„ G. R. Hartley	Offg. Dy. Asst. Commissary.
„ H. A. R. Blake	Do.
Conductor J. Duggan	Head Clerk.
Mr. G. W. Squires	Civil Chief Master-Armourer.
„ B. Ager	do.

GUN CARRIAGE FACTORY.

Naval Hospital Road, Vepery—8 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Major C. C. Townsend, R.A.	Superintendent.
2nd Lieut. L. Parbury, R.F.A.	Asst. do.
Lieut. F. Richards, Asst. Commissary	Head Overseer.
Mr. W. G. Kirkman	Overseer of Smiths.
„ J. C. Jones	Foreman of Turners and Erectors.
„ H. McGavin	Leading Hand, Engineer's Branch.
Syed Mortooza Sahib	2nd Class Clerk (Head Clerk).

GOVERNMENT HARNESS AND SADDLERY WORKSHOPS—Perambur Barracks—7 A.M. to 3 P.M.

Capt. H. F. Vanderzee, R.A.	Ordnance Officer in charge of the Workshops.
„ H. W. Bowen, R.A.	Assistant Ordnance Officer.
Conductor R. Mullane	Head Overseer.
M.R.Ry. V. A. Balasundara Mudaliar	Head Clerk.

PAYMASTER OF CARNATIC STIPENDS.

Office—Chepauk—11 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Major R. F. R. Forinby, I.A.	Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends.
Muhammad Muin-ud-din Sahib Jaddi	Manager.

POSTAL DEPARTMENT

POSTMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Beach—10-30 A.M. to 5 P.M.

G. Barton Groves, Esq.	Postmaster-General.
G. R. Peter, Esq.	1st Personal Asst. to the Postmaster-General.
T. S. Carroll, Esq.	2nd do.
Sufdar Hussain, Esq., B.A.	3rd do.
E. J. Palman, Esq.	Superintendent, Postmaster-General's Office.
M.R.Ry. T. R. Dorasamy Pillai.	Clerk, do.
" V. Subramania Iyer.	Do. do.

PRESIDENCY POSTMASTER'S OFFICE.

Beach—10 A.M. to 5 P.M.

M. E. Monks, Esq.	PRESIDENCY Postmaster.
C. G. D'Santos, Esq.	Depy. do.
M.R.Ry. V. Narainasawmy Moodelliar.	Assistant Postmaster.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

Jan Meredith, Esq.	Chief Presidency Magistrate, Egmore Court. (On deputation as Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Southern Range).
W. E. T. Clarke, Esq.	Ag. Chief Magistrate during the absence of Jan Meredith, Esq. (on other duty).
Muhammad Aziz-ud-din Sahib Bahadur, Khan Saib.	2nd Magistrate, Town Court.
Charles Gaban, Esq., B.A.	3rd do.
P. Rajahruthnum Mudaliar, Esq., B.A.	4th do. Egmore Court.

PRESIDENCY PORT OFFICE.

Office—Old High Court Buildings, Beach—10-30 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Commander T. G. R. Finny, R.I.M.	PRESIDENCY Port Officer, Registrar of Shipping and Marine Transport Officer. <i>On furlough.</i>
W. Chandler, R.I.M.	Offg. Do. do.
T. H. Baker, Esq.	Agent for Govt. Consignments, Govt. Surveyor, Personal Assistant to the Presidency Port Officer, and Registrar of Shipping.
Mr. F. R. James.	Manager.
M.R.Ry. M. Srinivasa Mudaliar.	Chief Clerk and Accountant.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONSERVATOR OF THE PORT.

Office—Old High Court Buildings, Beach—10 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Commander C. W. R. Hooper, R.I.M.	Deputy Port Conservator and Deputy Shipping Master (On other duty).
" W. Mitchell, R.I.M.	Acting do. do.

HARBOUR MASTERS.

Mr. N. Corfield.	Senior Harbour Master.
" H. C. Taylor.	Harbour Master.
" G. A. Evans.	Do.

PRIMARY EXAMINATION BOARD, MADRAS DISTRICT.

Vepery.

Chairman.

S. P. D'Sylva, Esq., B.A., Head Master, Bishop Corrie's Grammar School, Madras.

Ex-officio Members.

The Assistant Inspector of Schools, Presidency Division.	
The Sub-Assistant Inspector of Boys' Schools, Madras Range.	
Do. do. Girls' do. do.	
Do. do. Muhammadan Schools, Madras Range.	

Other Members.

Miss S. A. Hart, Assistant Mistress, Bishop Gell's Girls' School, Madras.	
Mr. Geo. A. Hart-Hankins, Asst. Master, Bishop Corrie's Grammar School, Madras.	
Abdur Rahman Sahib, Head Master, Muhammadan Branch Training School, Madras.	
M.R.Ry. M. Devasikhamani Mudali, Headmaster, Tondaimandalam T. V. High School, Madras.	
" C. Gopal Rau Avargal, B.A., Headmaster, Pachaiyappa's College, Madras.	
" T. V. Chellappa Sastriar, B.A., L.T., Assistant, Church of Scotland Mission College, Madras.	
" P. K. Sundaram Aiyar, B.A., Supervisor of Primary School, Black Town Range.	
Saiyid Hasan Raza Sahib, Retired Sub-Assistant Inspector of Muhammadan Schools.	

PRINCIPAL MEDICAL OFFICER, MADRAS COMMAND.

Office—Ootacamund—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Surg.-Genl. G. W. R. Hay, M.D., I.M.S.	Principal Medical Officer.
Lt.-Col. O. E. P. Lloyd, V. C.	Staff Officer, Army Bearer Corps, Madras Division.
Capt. A. E. Milner, R.A.M.C.	Personal Assistant (Leave to England on Private Affairs for 6 months from 30th June 1903).
" S. G. Butler.	Officiating Personal Assistant to P. M. O., Madras Command.
Condr. W. H. Holton.	Head Clerk.

PRINCIPAL MEDICAL OFFICER, MADRAS DISTRICT.

Office—Fort Saint George.

Col. W. R. Browne, M.D., I.M.S.	Principal Medical Officer, Madras District.
Sergeant A. Greenwood.	Manager.

PRIVATE SECRETARY TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

Office—Government House.

L. M. Wynch, Esq., I.C.S.	Private Secretary.
J. D. Gordon, Esq.	Manager.

PUBLIC WORKS STORES AND WORKSHOPS.

49, Old Petty Court Street, Washermanpett—7-30 A.M. to 4-30 P.M.

Office—10-30 A.M. to 4-30 P.M.

G. S. T. Harris, Esq.	General Supt., P. W. Stores and Workshops— (On furlough).
Mr. M. Brown.	Offg. do.
Mr. J. G. Baskett	General Foreman, P. W. Workshops.
Mr. C. J. W. Plummer	Supervisor, 2nd Grade.
Mr. D. E. Jeremiah.	Accountant, P. W. Workshops.
" H. F. Humphreys.	Do. P. W. Stores.
M.R.Ry. G. Krishniah.	Head Clerk and Cashier, P. W. Workshops.
" P. Singaraveloo Mudaliyar.	Storekeeper, P. W. Workshops, and Bill Maker.

QUIT-RENT AND INCOME-TAX, &c., DEPARTMENTS.

Office—Southern Wing of the Stamp Office, North Beach.

The Hon'ble Mr. J. Twigg, I.C.S.	Collector and Commissioner of Income-Tax, Madras.
M.R.Ry. V. A. Ramaswami Aiyar.	Sheristadar, Collector's Office, Madras.
" M. Ponnusawmy Pillai.	Head Accountant do.

Office—Old High Court Buildings, North Beach.

J. R. Coombes, Esq., B.A.	Deputy Collector, Madras Town, and Collector of Income-Tax.
M.R.Ry. S. Govindaraja Aiyangar, B.A.	Tahsildar of Madras.
" C. Vencataramiah.	Manager, in charge of the Income Tax Dept.
" C. Subroya Mudaliar.	Registrar, in charge of the Dept. for registry of holdings in Madras.
" N. Vaithinadha Aiyar.	Taluk Head Accountant. (On other duty).
" C. Tyagasundra Mudaliar.	Ag. do.

SANITARY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Office—Stowe Hall, Poonamallee Road—11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Lt.-Col. W. G. King, M.B., C.M., D.P.H., C.I.E., I.M.S.	Sanitary Commissioner for Madras.
Major A. E. Grant, I.M.S.	Inspector of Vaccination and Depy. Sanitary Commissioner (On furlough).
Captain J. W. Cornwall, I.M.S.	Ag. do. do.
M.R.Ry. S. Balasundram Mudaliar, B.A.	Manager and Assistant (On furlough).
" V. Janardhana Naicker.	Ag. do. do.

SANITARY ENGINEER TO GOVERNMENT.

Office—Stowe Hall, Poonamallee Road.

J. A. Jones, Esq., MEM. INST. C.E., F.R.S.E. Sanitary Engineer to Govt. (On leave.)
 William Hutton, Esq., A.M.I.C.E. To act as Sanitary Engineer to Govt.
 H. Nowroji, Esq., B.C.E., A.M.I.C.E. Asst. do.
 M.R.Ry. V. Devasikhamany Pillai, B.C.E., M.I.M.E. Office Assistant.
 " M. Rama Row Naidu Manager.

SEA CUSTOMS.

Office—North Beach—10 A.M. to 4 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. J. Twigg, I.C.S. Collector of Sea Customs.
 H. O. Sherman, Esq. Depy. do. do.
 R. M. Thurley, Esq. Superintendent of Statistics.
 T. H. Puddephatt, Esq. Head Appraiser.
 O. F. Deane, Esq. 2nd Appraiser.

SECRETARIAT.

Cornwallis Square, Fort—11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT.

The Hon'ble Mr. G. S. Forbes, M.A., I.C.S. Chief Secretary. (On other duty.)
 " M. Hammick, C.I.E., I.C.S. Ag. Chief Secretary.
 A. Y. G. Campbell, Esq., I.C.S. Under Secretary.
 A. M. A. C. Galletti di Cadilhac, Esq., I.C.S. Ag. Asst. Secy. to Government.
 C. M. Schmidt, Esq. Chief Assistant.
 C. S. Simpson, Esq. 2nd Assistant.

REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. Hammick, C.I.E., I.C.S. Secretary to Government. (On other duty.)
 " J. N. Atkinson, I.C.S. Ag. Secretary to Government.
 A. Y. G. Campbell, Esq., I.C.S. Under Secretary to Government. (On other duty.)

F. B. Evans, Esq., I.C.S. Ag. Under Secretary to Government.
 M.R.Ry. V. K. Ramanuja Chariar, B.A. 1st Assistant. (On other duty.)
 " V. A. Anantarama Aiyar, B.A. Ag. do.
 " R. Swaminatha Aiyar, B.A. 2nd do. (On furlough.)
 " T. N. Sivagnanam Pillai, B.A. Ag. do.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL, EDUCATIONAL AND LEGISLATIVE SECRETARIAT.

The Hon'ble Mr. C. J. Weir, I.C.S. Secretary. (On other duty.)
 A. G. Cardew, Esq., I.C.S. Ag. Secretary.
 A. M. A. C. Galletti di Cadilhac, Esq., I.C.S. Ag. Asst. do.
 M.R.Ry. V. Raghava Charlu, B.A., Diwan Bahadur 1st Assistant.
 P. T. Tharyan, B.A. 2nd do.

PUBLIC WORKS SECRETARIAT.

Office—Chepauk—11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

W. B. deWinton, Esq., C.I.E. Secretary to Govt. and Chief Engineer.
 A. H. Garrett, Esq. Joint Secretary to Govt. and Chief Engineer for Irrigation.
 S. B. Murray, Esq., A.M.I.C.E. Under Secretary to Govt. and Deputy Chief Engineer.
 M. R. Kharegat, Esq. Ag. Under Secretary to Govt. and Asst. Chief Engineer for Irrigation.
 R. Parsons, Esq. Chief Assistant.
 F. J. E. Spring, Esq., C.I.E., M.I.C.E. Secretary to Govt., P. W. Railway Department and Consulting Engineer for Railways. (On other duty.)
 E. I. Shadbolt, Esq. Offg. Secretary to Govt., P. W. Railway Department and Consulting Engineer for Railways.
 C. D. Dove-Wilson, Esq. Under Secretary to Govt., P. W. Railway Department and Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways.
 J. G. Calder, Esq. Assistant.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PENSIONS AND FAMILY PAYMENTS.

Office—Fort—10-30 A.M. to 4-30 P.M.

Major A. H. Dobbs Superintendent.
 M.R.Ry. T. Appanah Rao Manager.

SUPERINTENDENT OF STAMPS AND STATIONERY.

Office—1st Line Beach—11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

The Hon'ble Mr. J. Twigg, I.C.S. Superintendent.
 M.R.Ry. V. Rajagopalachariar Avl., B.A., B.L.,
 Diwan Bahadur Asst. Superintendent. [duty.]
 " C. Teruvencatachariari Avl., B.A. Manager, Stationery Office. (On other
 Mr. A. J. Nicholas, B.A. Ag. Manager, Stationery Office.
 M.R.Ry. K. V. Singaravelu Mudaliar Storekeeper do.
 " K. Ramalinga Iyer Head Accountant, Stamp Office.
 Muhammad Ibrahim Sahib Do. Stationery Office.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PRISONS FOR THE TOWN OF MADRAS.

Office—Penitentiary Road.

D. A. McCready, Esq. Superintendent.
 Mr. J. A. Marshall Jailor.
 " J. Minchall Dy. Jailor.
 M.R.Ry. M. Gurunathayya 1st Grade Asst. Jailor (Head Clerk).
 Mr. T. Lambourne Chief Warder
 " R. E. Foncaca European Warder.
 " A. C. Lord Do.
 " Franks Do.
 M.R.Ry. Kalyanasundiram Iyer 2nd Grade Asst. Jailor (Storekeeper).
 " V. Narasu Mudaliar 2nd do. do. (Correspondence
 and Stationery Clerk).
 " K. Muthusami Iyer 3rd do. do. (Assistant Storekeeper).
 " C. Venkatachari 3rd do. do. (Remission Clerk).
 " A. T. Ramaswami Iyer Jailor, Civil Jail.

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, 5TH CIRCLE, MADRAS.

Office—Chepauk.

J. P. Davidson, Esq. Superintending Engineer, 5th Circle. (Now
 Acting Chief Engineer for Irrigation.)
 C. H. B. Burlton, Esq. Ag. Superintending Engineer, 5th Circle.
 Mr. E. V. Beeby Manager.
 M.R.Ry. C. T. Cundawami Mudaliar 2nd Clerk and Accountant.
 " T. Manikkam Mudaliar Special Draughtsman.

SURGEON-GENERAL WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

Office—No. 5, Haddow's Road, Nungumbakum—10-30 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Surg.-Genl. V. J. D. Sinclair, M.B., C.S.I.,
 I.M.S. Surgeon-General.
 Major C. Donovan, B.A., M.D., B.Ch., B.A.O.,
 R.U.I., I.M.S. Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General.
 (On other duty).
 Captain F. D. S. Fayrer, M.A., M.R.C.S.,
 L.R.C.P., I.M.S. (Sub. pro tem.)
 Ghulam Mahmud, Khan Bahadur Manager.

TRANSLATORS TO GOVERNMENT.

Captain A. R. Nethersole Persian and Hindustani Translator, and
 Examiner in Hindustani.
 M.R.Ry. S. Rangayya Chetti, B.A. Telugu Translator.
 " V. Raghava Charlu, Diwan Bahadur. Tamil do.
 " S. Mangesha Rao, B.A. Canarese do.
 " M. Krishnan, B.A., B.L. Malayalam do.

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

Office—Senate House, Chepauk.

C. A. Paterson, M.A., LL.B. Registrar.
 J. J. Hensman, B.A. Manager.
 V. M. Gopalachari Head Clerk.

SCALE OF CIVIL ALLOWANCES.

Government.	Monthly. Rs.	Monthly. Rs.
Governor (1).....	10,000	
Private Secretary.....	1,500	
Manager, Private Secretary's Office.....	200	
Superintendent, Governor's Band.....	220 to 270 (2).	
Military Secretary.....	1,000	
Member of Council.....	5,333-5-4	
Secretariat.		
Chief Secretary.....	3,750	
Under-Secretary.....	1,050	
Assistant Secretary.....	800	
First Assistant.....	600	
Second Assistant.....	350	
Registrar.....	250	
II.		
Revenue Secretary.....	3,125	
Under-Secretary.....	1,000	
First Assistant.....	600	
Second Assistant.....	350	
Registrar.....	225	
III.		
Secretary to Government, Municipal, Educational and Legislative Departments.....	2,500	
First Assistant.....	500	
IV.		
Scale of Consolidated Salary (Civil and Military).	Scale of pay for Old New Provincial Scale. Scale. Service.	
Chief Engineers:—Rs. Rs. Rs.		
1st Class.....	2,500. 2,500.....	2,500
2nd do.....	2,000. 2,000.....	2,000
3rd do.....	1,800. 1,800.....	1,800
Superintending Engineers:—		
1st Class.....	1,600. 1,600.....	1,050
2nd „.....	1,350. 1,350.....	900
3rd „.....	1,100. 1,100.....	750
Executive Engineers:—		
1st Grade.....	950. 1,000.....	650
2nd do.....	800. 850.....	550
3rd do.....	700. 700.....	475
4th do.....	600.....	
Assistant Engineers:—		
Grade.....	500. 550.....	400
Grade (after years' service).....	400.....	
Grade.....	350. 450.....	350
Do.....	250. 350.....	250
Apprentices.....	100.....	
Upper Subordinate Establishment.		
Staff Salary Consolidated of Europeans, &c. Salary of Civilians, &c.		
Sub-Engineers:—		
1st Grade.....	250.....	400
2nd do.....	200.....	300
3rd do.....	150.....	250
Upper Subordinate Establishment—concl'd.		
Supervisors:—		
1st Grade.....	120.....	200
2nd do.....	100.....	150
Overseers:—		
1st Grade.....	85.....	100
2nd do.....	80.....	80
3rd do.....	60.....	60
District Board Engineers.		
1st Class.....	600—10—900	
2nd do.....	500—10—700	
3rd do.....	400—10—600	
4th do.....	300—10—500	
Judicial.		
Chief Justice.....	5,000	
Puisne Judge, High Court.....	4,000	
Registrar, H. C.....	1,450—70—1,800	
Dy. Regr., Appellate Side.....	700—60—1,000	
Manager, do.....	300	
Nazar, do.....	250	
Dy. Regr., H. C., Original Side.....	1,000	
Assistant Regr., do.....	400—20—500	
Chief Interpreter, do.....	400	
Dy. Interpreter, do.....	250	
Manager, Judicial Department.....	300	
Dy. Manager, do.....	200	
Supt., Administrative Dept.....	250	
Bench Clerks.....	120, 110, 100	
Advocate-General.....	1,800	
Government Solicitor.....	1,100	
Government Pleader.....	850	
Crown Prosecutor and Public Prosecutor.....	500	
Clerk of the Crown.....	300	
Law Reporter.....	400	
Administrator-General.....	300	
Judge, Madras City Civil Court.....	1,200	
Sheristadar, do.....	150	
First Judge, Small Cause Court.....	2,000	
Other Judges, do.....	1,000	
Registrar, do.....	500—25—700	
Head Clerk, do.....	200	
Chief Presidency Magistrate.....	1,200	
Second Presidency Magistrate.....	800	
Third and Fourth Magistrates.....	850	
Senior District and Sessions Judge.....	2,333-5-4	
Junior do.....	1,800	
Sheristadar, do.....	150	
Provincial Civil Service:—		
Dist. and Sess. Judge, 1st Grade.....	1,600	
Do..... 2nd do.....	1,200	
Sub-Judges, 1st Grade.....	800	
Do..... 2nd do.....	650	
Do..... 3rd do.....	500	
Sheristadar, do.....	100	
District Munsifs, 1st Grade.....	400	
Do..... 2nd do.....	300	
Do..... 3rd do.....	250	
Do..... 4th do. (3).....	200	
Do..... Anjengo (Local allowance).....	80	

Financial.	Monthly. Rs.	Monthly. Rs.
Accountant-General, Rs. 2,750, 2,500, 2,250		
Enrolled Officers, Pay. Pay.		
1st Class ..1,750 to 2,000	1,500	
Do. 2nd do. ..1,250 to 1,500	1,250	
Do. 3rd do. ..1,000 to 1,200	1,000	
Do. 4th do. ..800 to 1,000	800	
Do. 5th do. ..600 to 800	600	
Do. 6th do. ..400 to 600	400	
Probationers { On first Appt. .. 200		
{ On passing L. S. 250		
{ On do H. S. 300		
OLD SCALE.		
Chief Supts., 2nd Class.....	500 to 700	
Do..... 3rd do.....	500 to 600	
Do..... 4th do.....	400 to 600	
Do..... 5th do.....	400 to 500	
NEW SCALE.		
Chief Supts.....	450 to 600	
SUBORDINATE ACCOUNT SERVICE.		
Superintendent, 1st Class.....	400—12—460	
Do..... 2nd do.....	300—16—380	
Do..... 3rd do.....	200—16—280	
Do..... 4th do.....	150—9—195	
Do..... 5th do.....	120—5—145	
Do..... Currency Department.....	200	
Treasurer Department, do.....	200—10—300	
Revenue.		
First Member, Board of Revenue.....	3,750	
Second do.....	3,500	
Third do.....	3,000	
Fourth do.....	3,000	
Secretary to the Commissioners of Land Revenue.....	1,500 to 1,800	
Secy. to the Commissioners of Salt, Abkari and Separate Rev.....	1,500 to 1,800	
Secy. to the Commissioners of Rev. Settlement and Director of the Dept. of Land Records and Agriculture.....	1,000	
Asst. Secretary to the Comrs. of Land Rev.....	400 + Local allce. 200	
First Asst. to the Comrs. of Land Rev.....	500	
Second Asst. do.....	300	
Registrar do.....	300	
Collectors of Ganjam and Vizagapatam (1).....	2,500	
Collector of Tanjore (1).....	2,500	
Collectors of other Districts (1).....	2,333-5-4	
Collector of Nilgiris (1).....	2,000	
Second Grade Collectors (1).....	1,800	
Revenue—concl'd.		
Provincial Civil Service:—		
Collr. and Magistrate, 1st Grade.....	1,600	
Do..... 2nd do.....	1,200	
Sub-Collectors (2).....	1,166-10-8	
Principal Asst. Collectors (2).....		
Head Asst. Collectors (2).....		
Senior Assistants (2).....	768-5-4	
Special do. (2).....		
Passed do. (3).....	560	
Unpassed do. (3).....	385	
Probationers (Natives) C. S. (3).....	200	
Do. on passing 1st Standard.....	250	
Do. on confirmation 64 per cent. of the pay of Covenanted Civilians (3).....		
Deputy Collectors, 1st Class (4).....	700	
Do..... 2nd do. (4).....	600	
Do..... 3rd do. (4).....	500	
Do..... 4th do. (4).....	400	
Do..... 5th do. (4).....	300	
Do..... 6th do. (4).....	250	
Tahsildars, 1st Grade.....	250	
Do..... 2nd do.....	225	
Do..... 3rd do.....	200	
Do..... 4th do.....	175	
Tahsildars, 5th Grade.....	150	
Collector's Sheristadar.....	225, 200, 175	
Head Clerk, Collector's Office.....	150	
Huzur Cash-keeper do.....	125, 100, 70	
Manager, Amendeivi Coir Establishment.....	85	
Head Accountant, Treasury Deputy Collector's Office.....	85	
Vernacular Head Accountant, Collector's Office.....	45	
Head Clerk and Principal Assistant, Sub-Collector's Office.....	85	
Do..... Head, Spl. and Senior Assistant Collr's Office.....	70	
Do..... Depy. Collector's Office.....	60	
Stationary Sub-Magistrate.....	100, 120	
Dy. Tahsildar and Sub-Magstr.....	150, 120, 100	
Taluk Sheristadars and Head Accountants.....	60 and 50	
Post Office.		
Dir. Genl. of the Post Office of India.....	3,000	
Postmaster-Genl., 1st Grade.....	2,250 to 2,500	
Do..... do..... 2 do.....	1,750 2,000	
Do..... do..... 2 do.....	1,500 to 1,750	
Inspr.-Genl. of Railway Mail Service.....	1,000 to 1,400	
Asst. Dir.-Genl. of the Post Office of India (Post Office).....	750 to 1,000	

(1) With a fixed Tentage of Rs. 50.

(2) With a fixed Tentage of Rs. 35.

(3) With a fixed Tentage of Rs. 11-1-9.

(4) Deputy Collectors on General duties draw a Tentage allowance of Rs. 11-1-9 [a month]. The Deputy Collector in charge of Wynaad, of whatever grade, draws an extra allowance of Rs. 150 a month.

Deputy Collector at Calicut draws also an extra allowance of Rs. 100 for being in charge of the Paper Currency Department.

Deputy Collector at Madras Town draws also a special allowance of Rs. 100 for the work connected with the Income Tax.

Deputy Collector, General duties, Kollegal, Coimbatore District, is also District Munsif of Kollegal and draws Local allowance of Rs. 100.

(1) Draws also Household and Tour allowance of Rs. 90,000 a year + Rs. 5,000 for furniture (Public Works Dept.).

(2) With house rent of Rs. 50 per mensem.

(3) The District Munsif at Vayitri draws also Wynaad allowance of Rs. 50.

Monthly. Rs.	Monthly. Rs.
Post Office—(concl'd.)	
Comptroller, Post Office.....	1,500
Dy. do. do. 1st Grade.....	800
Dy. do. do. 2nd do.	600
Asst. do. do. 1st do.	400
Asst. do. do. 2nd do.	300
Deputy Postmaster-General, 1st Grade, 1,000 to 1,400.	
Do. do. 2nd Grade, 750 to 1,000.	
Do. do. 3rd Grade.....	700
Presidency Postmaster.....	600 to 900
Examiners of Accounts, 2nd Grade.....	300 to 400
Examiners of Accounts, 3rd Grade.....	250
Do. 4th do.	200
Supts. of Post Offices, 1st Grade.....	400 to 500
Do. 2nd Grade.....	300 to 400
Do. 3rd do.	250
Do. 4th do.	200
Personal Assistant.....	200
Supt. of Railway Mail Service (1) 300 to 400	
Do. do. (1)	200
Telegraph.	
Class I—Director-General	8,000
Do. II—Dy. do.	2,000
Do. III { Director, Traffic Branch.....	1,000
{ do. Construction Br.	1,000
Class IV { Supt., 1st Grade.....	1,125 to 1,500
{ do. 2nd do.	1,000
{ do. 3rd do.	850
{ do. 4th do.	700
{ Asst. Supt., 1st Grade.....	550
{ do. 2nd do.	400
{ do. 1st do.	300
{ do. 2nd do.	800
Do. VI { do. 1st do.	400
{ do. 2nd do.	800
Forests.	
UPPER CONTROLLING STAFF.	
Conservator, 1st Grade	1,600
Do. 2nd do.	1,350
Do. 3rd do.	1,100
Dy. Conservator, 1st Grade	900
Do. 2nd do.	800
Do. 3rd do.	650
Do. 4th do.	550
Extra Dy. Conservator, 4th Grade ..	450
Assistant Conservators, 1st and 2nd Grades.....	450, 350
Do. 3rd and 4th Grades.....	250, 200
LOWER CONTROLLING STAFF.	
Extra Asst. Conservators,* 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Grades.....	350, 300, 250, 200
SUBORDINATE FOREST AND DISTRICT ESTABLISHMENT.	
Rangers	Rs. 150, 125, 100, 80, 60 & 50
Revenue Settlement.	
Secretary to Commr. of Revenue Settlement and Director of the Dept. of Land Records and Agriculture.....	1,000
First Assistant to do.	400
Uncovenanted Deputy Commrs. of Rev. Settl., 1st Grade	1,100
Do. 2nd do.	750
Do. Assistant Commrs. of Rev. Settl. (2)	425
Deputy Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture	750—50—1,000†
The Civilian Deputy Director of Land Records	1,800
Assistants	250
Supervisors	150
Agricultural Inspectors	100 and 50
Civil Veterinary Department.	
Indian Mily. Civil Pay and Allowances.	Rs. Rs.
Veterinary Lieut. —	
Under 5 years' service.....	400 150
After 5 do.	450 200
Veterinary Captain—	
After 7½ years' service	500 200
After 10 do.	600 300
Veterinary Major—	
After 15 years' service.....	700 350
After 20 do.	800 400
After 25 do.	800 500
Veterinary Lieut. Colonel.....	1,020 500
The Supt., Civil Vety. Dept., also draws House Rent of Rs. 50 a month with his Grade pay, and addition to local allowance Rs. 100 per mensem on account of Veterinary College.	
The candidates appointed by the Secretary of State direct from the English Veterinary Colleges will draw pay as follows:—	
On arrival in India Rs. 500 a month, rising by Rs. 40 each year to Rs. 1,100, which rate will continue from the beginning of the 16th to the end of the 20th year of service; after the beginning of the 21st year Rs. 1,200 a month.	
Revenue Survey.	
Superintendent	1,500—60—1,800
Dy. Superintendent, 1st Class	1,100
Do. 2nd do.	750
Asst. Supdt.....1st do.	550
Do. ....2nd do.	425
Do. ....3rd do.	300
Sub-Assistants.....	250, 200 and 150

(1) With house rent of Rs. 50.

* An Extra Assistant Conservator doing duty as Forest Assistant in the Board of Revenue draws a local allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem.

The two Senior Officers of the Lower Controlling Staff placed in charge of Forest Divisions receive a local allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem.

(2) Pay Rs. 425, rising to Rs. 550 after 2 years' approved service.

† Mr. C. Benson, the present incumbent, is allowed pay at Rs. 1,200—100—1,500 a month.

Monthly. Rs.	Monthly. Rs.
Salt and Abkari Revenue.	
Secretary to Commr. of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue	1,500 to 1,800
Dy. Commissioners.....	1,200 to 1,400
Assistant Commr., 1st Grade (1)....	800
Do. 2nd do. (1)....	700
Do. 3rd do. (1)....	600
Do. 4th do. (1)....	500
Inspector, Salt, 1st Grade.....	400
Do. 2nd do.	350
Do. 3rd do.	300
Do. 4th do.	250
Do. Probationer	200
Assistant Inspectors, 1st Grade	175
Do. 2nd do.	150
Do. 3rd do.	125
Customs.	
Collector, Sea Customs	2,333-5-4
Asst. Commr. do.	(2) 700
Supt. of Statistics do.	(2) 700
Head Appraiser do.	600 + L. A. 30
2nd Appraiser do.	400—20—500
Manager, General Correspondence Department	175—10—225
Supervisor, Bonding Department ..	175
Supt., Import Export Dept.	150—10—200
Do. Miscellaneous do.	125
Registration.	
Inspector-General.....	1,250
Registrar, Madras	500 + L. A. 50
District Registrars† { 1st and 2nd.....500, 400	
{ 3rd and 4th.....350, 300	
{ 5th and 6th.....250, 200	
{ 7th	
Sub-Registrars:—	
1st Grade	150
2nd do.	125
3rd do.	100
4th do.	90
5th do.	80
6th do.	70
7th do.	60
8th do.	50
Jails.	
Inspector-General of Prisons.....	1,833-5-4
Superintendents of (1st Class (3) Central Jails, 12nd Class (3) Supt. of Central Jail (4) (Special)...	600
Do. of Prisons, Madras (4)	600
Do. of Dist. Jails (Special).....	350—20—450
District Jails, 1st Class, 500 prisoners	150
Do. 2nd do. 300 do.	100
Do. 3rd do. 150 do.	75
Do. 4th Cl., less than 150 pra.	50
Jails—(contd).	
Supt. of Jail, Parvatipur	250
Jailors, Presidency Jails.....	125 to 150
Do. Central Jails.....	200 to 250
Do. do.	150 to 200
Do. do.	125 to 150
Do. District Jails	100 to 125
Do. do.	75 to 100
Cantonment Magistrates.	
Enlisted to allowances on the scale given below in addition to the Staff Corps pay of rank—	
On first appointment.....	200
On passing the departmental L. S. Examination.....	250
On passing Higher Standard Examination	200
After 5 years' substantive service as Cantonment Magistrate.....	400
After 10 years' substantive service as Cantonment Magistrate.....	500
After 10 years' active service as Cantonment Magistrate	600 & 700
Promotion to the two highest grades which carry a staff pay of Rs. 700 and Rs. 600 a month, respectively, will be made by selection. Cantonment Magistrates of 10 years' service will ordinarily, unless adversely reported on, be eligible for a staff pay of Rs. 500 a month.	
Police.	
Inspector-General.....	2,500
Deputy Inspectors-General, 1st, 2nd and 3rd Grades.....	1,400, 1,300, 1,200
Assistant Inspector-General	800
Manager	250
Storekeeper	150 to 200
Commissioner of Police	1,500
Deputy Commissioner of Police.....	800
Assistant Commissioner do.	350
Manager, do. do.	150 to 200
Superintendents.	
Superintendent, 1st Grade	1,000
Do. 2nd do.	900
Do. 3rd do.	800
Do. 4th do.	700
Do. 5th do.	600
Asst. Superintendents, 1st Grade.....	500
Do. 2nd do.	450
Do. 3rd do.	400
Do. 4th do.	350
Do. 5th do.	300
Do. Probationers.....	250, 200
Superintendent of Police, Madras City	300
+ H. A. 25	

(1) With house rent of Rs. 46-2-6.

(2) This appointment is included in the Asst. Commissioner's Grade of Salt Revenue. He draws also house rent of Rs. 46-2-6.

† The Registrar doing duty as Personal Assistant in the Inspector-General's Office draws a local allowance of Rs. 80 a month.

(3) If Medical Officers. If not Medical Officers, 1st Class 600—50—850, 2nd Class 450—30—600 and Rs. 100 to Surgeons in Medical charge. Pay of Medical Officers, 1st class, combined Executive and Medical charge, Rs. 700—50—950 2nd class, Rs. 550—50—700.

(4) With house rent and conveyance allowance of Rs. 125 and Rs. 30, respectively.

(5) The Supt. and Asst. Supt. in Jeypore, and the Asst. Supt., Hill Tracts, Ganjam, draw also local allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem, whether Acting or Permanent.

Monthly. Rs.	Education—concltd. Monthly. Rs.
Inspectors of Police.	Provincial Educational Service—
Chief and Special Inspector (1) .. 800	First Class 700
Inspector of Police, 1st Class (1) .. 200	Second do. 600
Do. 2nd do. (1) .. 150	Third do. 550
Do. 3rd do. (1) .. 100	Fourth do. 500
Do. 4th do. (1) .. 75	Fifth do. 450
Marine.	Sixth do. 400
Staff Salary.	Seventh do. 350
First class, Rs. 870 Madras.	Eighth do. 300
Second class, Rs. 620.	Ninth do. 250
Third class { Rs. 500 Madras	Tenth do. 200
Rs. 370 for other appoint-	Principal, C. E. College 1,602-4-0
ments.	Vice-Principal of the Agricultural
Fourth class, Rs. 320	College, Saidapet 400 to 500
Pay of Rank.	Vice-Principal, Teachers' College, 400 to 500
First Grade Commander Rs. 500	Superintendent, Training School for
Second do. Rs. 400	Mistresses 350-10-450
Third do. Rs. 350	Sub-Asst. Inspectors of Schools (3) 75, 100,
The present Presidency Port Officer, 1,370	125, 150
Dy. Conservator of the Port of Madras	Sub-Asst. to the Inspectresses of
(Harbour Trust Board)..... 900	Girls' Schools..... (3) 75, 100, 150
Agent for Govt. Consignments and	Ecclesiastical.
Personal Assistant to the Presy.	Lord Bishop 2,133-5-4
Port Officer 550	Archdeacon 266-10-8
Assistant and Manager, Presidency	Registrar of the Diocese 213-5-4
Port Office 150 to 175	Senior Chaplain (4) 800
Port Officers.	Junior do. 500
First Grade 600	Ministers paid by Government..... 100
Second do. 550	Marriage Registrar..... 50
Third do. 500	Railway Chaplains 150 and 100
Fourth do. 450	Allowances as follows are granted to Minis-
Fifth do. 350	ters nominated by the Senior Chaplains
Local Allowance to Agent, Govern-	of the Church of Scotland or by the
ment Consignments..... 100	General Supt. of the Wesleyan Church
Education.	for service in any Station:—
Director of Public Instruction, 2,000 to 2,250	Whenever 100 Presbyterian
Graded Educational Service,	or
1st Class 1,250-50-1,500	Whenever 100 Wesleyan soldiers
Indian Educational Service, Pay—Rs. 500,	are quartered at any Station... 100
50-1,000	Whenever the number exceeds
Principal, Law College 1,200	200.. 150
Senior Professor of Law..... (2)	Whenever the number is less than 100..Rs.
First, Second and Third Asst. } 1,200	1 a month for each soldier.
Professors of Law..... (2)	Medical.
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, N.	Surgeon-General..... 2,500
and C. Circles..... 500 to 600	Personal Asst. to Surgeon-General* 600
Do. do. 450 to 500	Manager 200
	Surgeon to H. E. the Governor..... 1,000
	Sanitary Commissioner .. 1,200-120-1,800
	Sanitary Engineer to Govt. 1,000-50-1,350
	Asst. do. do. 350-30-500

- (1) Chief Inspector of Police at Wellington draws also house rent and horse allowance at Rs. 25, respectively.
- (2) Special Inspectors of Police draw also horse allowance of Rs. 15.
- (3) Inspectors of Police draw also horse allowance besides their pay.
- (4) Pay met from fees.
- (5) Sub-Asst. Inspectors of Schools draw also fixed travelling allowance of Rs. 25.
- (6) Chaplains in the Presidency Town draw house-rent of Rs. 130.
- (7) The Domestic Chaplain draws house-rent of Rs. 75 when in Madras.
- (8) The Chaplains in Trimulgherry and Secunderabad draw conveyance allowance of Rs. 50.
- (9) The Chaplain in charge of Pallavaram draws an extra allowance of Rs. 150, and house-rent of Rs. 75.
- (10) The Chaplain of Wellington draws a conveyance allowance of Rs. 30 a month for visiting the Cordite Factory.
- (11) The Junior Chaplain at Ootacamund draws house-rent at Rs. 100 per mensem.
- (12) The Chaplain of Mysore and Mercara draws a local allowance of Rs. 100 a month for 9 months in each year during which he resides at Mercara.
- (13) The Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland draws a special allowance of Rs. 150.
- (*) With house rent of rank.

Medical—concltd. Monthly. Rs.	Medical—concltd. Monthly. Rs.
Principal, Medical College and Principal Medl. Officer, Genl. Hospl. 1,600	Residency Surgeon—as First or 2nd class Civil Surgeon..... 700, 550, 450, 350
Manager, Sanitary Commr's. Office.. 200	Civil Medical Officers in charge of Civil Stations..... 700, 550, 450, 350
Professor of Medicine and First Physician, Genl. Hospl., and Surgeon, 2nd District.	Native Asst. Surgeons (†) 100, 150, 200
Professor of Surgery and First Surgeon, Genl. Hospital.	1st Asst. Chemical Exmr., Rs. 150-25-250
Professor of Hygiene and Depy. Sanitary Commr. and Inspector of Vaccination.	2nd Asst. do. Rs. 125-25-200
Professor of Anatomy and 2nd Surgeon, Genl. Hospl., with Port and Marine issues.	Political.
Professor of Ophthalmology and Supt. of Ophthalmic Hospital.	Resident, Travancore..... 2,800
Professor of Physiology, including Practical and Chemical Physiology, &c.	Assistant Resident 600
Second Physician, Genl. Hospl., and Surgn., 3rd District.	Paymaster of Carnatic Stipends 250
Professor of Midwifery and Supt. of Maternity Hospital.	His Majesty's Consul, Karikal and Presidency Local allowance..... 300
Professor of Medical Jurisprudence and Surgeon, 4th District.	Miscellaneous.
Surgeon, 1st Dist., * and Inspector of Emigrants.	Supt., Government Press (\$).... 600 to 1,000
Professor of Pathology and 3rd Physician, Genl. Hospital..... 800	Dy. Supt., do. 500
Professor of Biology and 3rd Surgeon, Genl. Hospital.	Asst. Supt., do. 300 to 350
Professor of Materia Medica and 4th Physician, Genl. Hospital.	Protector of Emigrants..... 200
Resident Medl. Officer, Genl. Hospl. 550	Translators { Tamil..... 300
Professor of Dental Surgery..... 400	to Govern- { Telugu..... 300
The Lecturer on Mental Diseases and Supt., Lunatic Asylum, Madras, draws rates of staff salary in addition to pay of rank.	ment. { Persian and Hindu- stani || ..... 250
Lieuts. and Captains of less than 5 years' service..... 300	Do. { Canarese..... 250
Captain of 5 and less than 12 years... 350	{ Malayalam..... 250
Major of 12 and less than 20 years... 400	Director of the Kodaikanal and Madras Observatories..... 800
Lieut.-Col. of 20 and less than 25 years' service..... 500	Supt., Madras Observatory and Madras Meteorological Office 300
Do. 25 and more years' service..... 500	Supt., Govt. Central Museum (a) 500-50-800
Provincial Health Officer, Supt. of the Bacteriological Laboratory and Lecturer in Hygiene and Bacteriology in the Medical College draws the following scale of allowances in addition to pay of rank—	Registrar of Books..... 150
Under 5 years' service..... 300	Curator, Oriental Library, Presidency College..... 100
„ 5 to 12 years' service..... 350	Registrar, Madras University. 600-50-800
„ 12 to 20 do. 400	Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations..... 350
Over 20 years' service..... 600	Secretary to the Board of Examiners Government Botanist (b) 700
District, Medical and Sanitary Officer, 1st class † 1,050-850-650-550	Curator of Govt. Parks and Gardens, Ootacamund..... 250-20-350
District, Medical and Sanitary Officer, 2nd class 950-750-550-400	Director of the Govt. Cinchona Plantation 450-50-750

* Draws also a local allowance of Rs. 200 a month as Superintendent, Medical School, Royapuram.

† The District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Vizagapatam, draws a local allowance of Rs. 150 a month as Superintendent, Medical School, Vizagapatam.

(†) With a local allowance of Rs. 50.

(§) With a conveyance allowance of Rs. 40.

(||) Also draws an additional allowance of Rs. 200 as Examiner in Hindustani.

(a) Also draws local allowance of Rs. 400 as Librarian of the Connemara Free Library and Superintendent of Ethnography.

(b) With house rent of Rs. 125.

GRADATION INDIAN AND STATUTORY ON THE MADRAS

Corrected up to

The Rank of Civil Servants commences from the date of arrival at Madras of belong, while under twelve years' standing, to Class V; from the thirteenth to the twenty-third year, to Class III; from the twenty-fourth to the end of the Column 4.—The names of Indian Civil Servants on Long Leave and of all shows that they received certificate in Survey.

Column 5.—The commencement of Service is reckoned from the date of the whichever is earlier.

Column 6.—The date against the names of Statutory Civilians in column 6

Column 10.—The full acting allowance ordinarily admissible for an acting of an officer on Privilege leave, though, in accordance with Article 99 of the unless transferred from another station, when three-fourths of the full acting

1 No.	2 Langu- ages Passed.	3 Rewards in Lan- guages.	4 NAMES.	5 Commence- ment of Service.	6 Date of Arrival.	7 Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
CLASS I, more than						
1	TAM TEL In Coll.		The Hon. Mr. Arundel Tagg Arundel, B.A., C.S.I., Univy. Coll., London.	25 July 65	18 Nov. 65	23 Apl. 76 to 18 Oct. 77, Medl. Cert. 14 Aug. 85 to 5 Aug. 87, Furlo. 6 to 9 July 90, Abs. 11 Apl. 91 to 3 Oct. 91, Spl. leave. 22 Aug. to 2 Sep. 95, Spl. duty in England not counting for leave. 7 Jan. to 21 Oct. 97 Furlo.
2	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		The Hon. Justice Sir James Acworth Davies, Kt., (Bar-at-Law), King's Coll., London.	12 Aug. 68	3 Jan. 69	25 Aug. 78 to 3 Dec. 79 Medl. Cert. 6 Jan. to 1 July 81, Spl. leave. 16 Feb. to 14 Dec. 88, Furlo. 7 Sep. 92 to 1 Mar. 93, Furlo. 15 Sep. 94 to 14 Mar. 95, Medl. Cert. 15 to 25 Mar. 95, Extra leave. 21 Nov. 97 to 18 Dec. 97, Extra leave. 2 Mar. to 28 Nov. 99, Furlo. 9 Apl. 03, Medl. Cert. Leave expires, 8 Jan. 04.

LIST OF CIVIL SERVANTS ESTABLISHMENT.

1st January 1904.

the first Civil Servant of their year; and, being thus determined, all Civil Servants the end of the eighteenth year, to Class IV; from the nineteenth to the end of thirtieth year, to Class II; and after the thirtieth year, to Class I.

Statutory Civilians are printed in italics, and the mark ¶ after their names

Covenant or the Secretary of State's Despatch announcing the Officer's appointment,

"Date of arrival" is date of confirmation.

appointment is entered against the names of officers acting in consequence of the absence Civil Service Regulations, 4th Edition, no acting allowance is given to such officers, allowance is given for the first thirty days of the acting appointment.

8 Actual Service up to 1st from date	9 Total Service Jan. 1904 of arrival.	10 Salary and Allowances.	11 Appointments—Stations.	12 Remarks.
30 years' standing.				
y. m. d. 33 4 11	y. m. d. 38 1 13	Rs. a. p. P 6,666 10 8	Ordinary Member of the Council of the Viceroy and Govr.-Genl. of India— 18th May 1901.—CALCUTTA.	
29 10 3	36 0 29	P 4,000 0 0 ABS A £1,000 per annum.	Judge of the High Court of Judicature—31st Jan. 1896.	Fellow of the Madras University. On Furlo. on Medl. Cert. for 6 months from 9th Apl. 1903. —Exten. for 3 months.—Permitted to return to duty.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
3	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Gordon Thom- son Mackenzie, Trinity Coll., Dublin.	30 Sep. 69	19 Nov. 69	22 Apr. 78 to 12 Jan. 80, Medl. Cert. 2 Apr. 86 to 21 Oct. 87, Furlo. 2 Mar. to 25 Oct. 94, Furlo.
4	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	The Hon. Mr. Justice Lewis Moore, Trinity College, Dublin.	30 Sep. 69	7 Nov. 69	17 Apl. 71, Abs. 8 Apl. 79 to 3 Apl. 81, Furlo. 24 and 25 July 83, Abs. 25 Apl. 84 to 31 May 85, Furlo. 5 Mar. to 29 Aug. 86, Spl. leave. 3 to 7 Aug. 89, Abs. 25 Apl. 90 to 22 Nov. 90, Furlo. 4 to 7 Aug. 94, Abs. 21 Mar. 96 to 18 Nov. 97, Furlo.
5	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Sir Frederick Au- gustus Nichol- son, K.C.I.E., Lincoln Coll., Oxford.	30 Sep. 69	4 Dec. 69	5 Jan. to 24 Dec. 75, Furlo. 29 Apl. 84 to 23 July 85, Medl. Cert. 25 Oct. 89 to 25 Oct. 90, Furlo. 11 May 91 to 6 Mar. 92, Medl. Cert. 21 Mar. to 3 Dec. 96, Furlo. 26 Apl. to 18 Aug. 98, Spl. leave. 19 Mar. 03, Medl. Cert. Leave expires, 9 Mar. 04.
6	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Arthur Frederick Cox, C.S.I., King's Coll., London.	8 July 71	3 Nov 71	8 Jan. 79, Abs. 1 Apl. 80 to 24 Nov. 81, Medl. Cert. 5 and 6 Dec. 81, Abs. 1 Apl. 90 to 26 Mar. 92, Furlo. 3 Apl. 97 to 26 Oct. 98, Furlo. 27 June 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 11 Apl. 04.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 30 2 5	y. m. d. 34 1 12	Rs. a. p. P 2,800 0 0	Resident in Travancore and Cochin—30th Sep. 1900.— TRIVANDRAM.	Fellow of the Madras University.
28 3 15	34 1 24	P 2,333 5 4 A A 1,666 10 8 4,000 0 0	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Bellary—30th Jan. 1892. —Ag. Judge of the High Court of Judicature—14th Apl. 1903—MADRAS.	
28 2 25	34 0 28	P 3,750 0 0 ABS A £ 1,000 per annum.	First Member, Bd. of Rev. and Commr. of Land Rev. and Dir. of the Dept. of Land Records and Agriculture and Inam Commr.—9th May 1901.	Fellow of the Madras University. On priv. leave for 9 days from 10th Mar. 1903 and Furlo. on Medl. Cert. for 11 months and 21 days from 19th Mar. 1903 —Permitted to return to duty.
26 5 7	32 1 28	P 3,500 0 0	Comptr. and Audr.-Genl. and Head Commr. of Paper Currency—12th Dec. 1898.	Awarded Kaisar-i- Hind Medal, 1st Class. On Priv. leave for 3 months from 27th March 1903 and Furlo for 9 months and 16 days from 27th June 1903.

1 No.	2 Languages passed.	3 Rewards in Languages.	4 NAMES.	5 Commencement of Service.	6 Date of Arrival.	7 Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
7	1st L TAN 2d L TEL	.....	The Hon. Mr. James Thomson, M.A., C.S.I., Univ. of Aberdeen.	15 July 71	24 Nov. 71	21 Apl. 80 to 9 Oct. 81, Furlo. 16 Dec. 87 to 23 Nov. 88, Furlo. 21 Mar. to 19 Nov. 93, Furlo. 7 Aug. 96 to 29 July 97, Medl. Cert. 5 Oct. 03, Medl. Cert. Leave expires, 4 Apl. 04.
8	1st L CAN 2d L HIN	CAN High Profy.	The Hon. Mr. Gabriel Stokes, B.A., C.S.I., Trinity College, Dublin.	6 Sep. 71	28 Oct. 71	26 Nov. 82 to 23 Nov. 84, Medl. Cert. 8 Apl. 88 to 3 Mar. 89, Furlo. 22 Mar. to 19 Nov. 93, Furlo. 27 Nov. 97 to 19 May 98, Furlo. 1 & 2 Mar. 02, Abs. 7 Apl. to 29 Oct. 03, Furlo.
9	1 TAN 2d L TEL	....	The Hon. Mr. George Stuart Forbes, M.A., Univ. Coll., Aberdeen.	1 July 72	16 Oct. 72	1 to 3 July 79, Abs. 26 Apl. 89 to 25 Apl. 91, Furlo. 26 Apl. 91 to 27 May 91, Abs. 7 June to 16 Nov. 99, Furlo.
10	1st L TAN 2d L TEL	.....	The Hon. Mr. Justice Ralph Sillery Benson, M.A., LL.B., (Bar-at-Law), Trinity Coll., Dublin.	15 July 73	29 Oct. 73	6 Oct. 85 to 3 Oct. 87, Furlo. 29 May 91 to 27 Feb. 92, Furlo. 23 Mar. to 17 Nov. 95, Furlo. 22 Apl. to 19 Oct. 99, Furlo.

8 Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	9 Total Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	10 Salary and Allowances.	11 Appointments—Stations.	12 Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
27 9 20	32 1 7	P 5,333 5 4	Ordinary Member of the Council of the Govr. of the Presidency of Fort St. George.—9th May 1901.	On leave on Medl. Cert. for 6 months from 5th Oct. 1903.
27 6 23	32 2 4	P 3,750 0 0 A A 1,583 5 4 5,333 5 4	Chief Secy. to Govt.—20th Sep. 1898.—Tempy. Member of Council—9th Nov. 1903.—MADRAS.	Fellow of the Madras University.
28 7 0	31 2 16	P 3,125 0 0 A A 1,416 10 8 4,541 10 8	Secy. to Govt., Rev. Dept.—20th Sep. 1898.—Tempy. Member of Council—5th Oct. 1903.—MADRAS.	
26 3 12	30 2 3	P 4,000 0 0	Judge of the High Court of Judicature, Madras — 4th Mar. 1896.—MADRAS.	Fellow of the Madras University.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
<i>Class II., from 24 to the end</i>						
11	1st LTAM 2d L TEL	.....	The Hon. Mr. Arthur Henry Temple Martin- dale, C.S.I.	27 July 75	10 Nov. 75	14 June 78 to 11 Mar. 79, Medl. Cert. 13 Oct. to 29 Dec. 79, Spl. leave. 23 Oct. 85 to 28 Oct. 86, Furlo. 4 April 91 to 10 Jan. 92, Furlo. 7 Mar. to 3 Dec. 96, Furlo. 5 May 00 to 31 Jan. 02, Furlo.
12	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Guy Francis Thos. Power, Oriel College, Oxford.	13 Aug. 75	23 Nov. 75	10 Dec. 86 to 17 Dec. 87, Furlo. 26 June 91 to 18 Dec. 92, Medl. Cert. 19 Sep. 96 to 18 Sep. 98, Medl. Cert. 19 to 23 Sep. 98, Extra leave. 18 May 03, Medl. Cert. Leave expires, 20 Dec. 1903.
13	1st LMAL 2d L TAM	MAL. High Profy.	Vernor Alexander Brodie, Univ. College, London.	11 Aug. 77	6 Jan. 78	20 Apl. 88 to 7 Apl. 89, Furlo. 28 Apl. 89, Abs. 21 Jan. 93 to 19 Jan. 95, Furlo. 3 Nov. 96 to 1 Feb. 97, Extra leave. 10 May 99 to 14 Nov. 00, Furlo.
14	1st LTAM 2d L TEL	.....	The Hon. Mr. Justice Samuel Russell, B.A., LL.B., Trinity College, Dublin.	6 Aug. 77	7 Nov. 77	4 to 7 Sep. 82, Abs. 29 Dec. 84 to 2 Jan. 85, Abs. 20 Mar. 85 to 19 Jan. 87, Medl. Cert. 20 Jan. to 13 Feb. 87, Extra leave. 20 Oct. 89 to 19 Oct. 90, Medl. Cert. 20 Oct. 90 to 18 July 91, Extra leave. 1 Mar. 99 to 20 Sep. 00, Furlo. 1 Oct. 02 to 22 Jan. 03, Spl. leave.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st from date	Total Service Jan. 1904 of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
<i>of 30 years.</i>				
22 11 1	28 1 21	P 4,000 0 0 SUMPT. A 250 0 0 4,250 0 0	Resident, 1st Class.—Agent to the Govr.-Genl., Raj- putana—10th Mar. 1893.	
22 11 18	28 1 8	P 2,333 5 4 ABS. A 1,166 10 3 Subject to a maxi- mum of £1,000 per annum.	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Tan- jore—3rd Jan. 1899.	On Priv. leave for 1 month and 22 days, from 26th Mar. 1903 and Furlo on Medl. Cert. for 5 months and 28 days from 18th May 1903. —Exten up to 20th Dec. 1903.—Permit- ted to return to duty.
21 3 0	25 11 26	P 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Coim- batore—30th Sep. 1900.— COIMBATORE.	
20 7 9	26 1 24	P 2,333 5 4 AA 1,666 10 8 4,000 0 0	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Cud- dapa—17th Aug. 1903.— Offg. Judge of the High Court of Judicature, Madras.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
15	1st L TEL 2d L CAN	.....	The Hon. Mr. Murray Ham- mick, C.I.E.	5 Sep. 77	18 Dec. 77	6 Nov. 82, Abs. 25 Nov. 87 to 10 Jan. 89, Furlo. 1 Dec. 93 to 3 Dec. 94, Furlo. 26 Nov. 98, to 7 Apl. 99, Spl. leave. 20 May to 28 Nov. 01, Furlo.
16	1st L CAN 2d L TEL	.....	Herbert Bradley, (Bar-at-Law).	18 Sep. 78	3 Dec. 78	6 Apl. 90 to 7 Nov. 91, Furlo. 24 to 26 Oct. 95, Abs. 25 Sep. 97 to 24 Feb. 99, Furlo. 1 Aug. to 30 Oct. 02.
17	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	The Hon. Mr. Henry Alexander Sim, C.I.E.	3 Sep. 78	19 Nov. 78	18 Jan. 89 to 4 July 90, Furlo. 9 July 92 to 8 July 93, Medl. Cert. 9 July 93 to 11 Apl. 95, Extra leave.
18	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	The Hon. Mr. John Nathaniel Atkinson.	8 Aug. 78	3 Dec. 78	17 Dec. 85 to 18 Nov. 87, Medl. Cert. 22 Apl. to 17 Oct. 89, Spl. leave. 2 Mar. 99 to 30 Nov. 00, Furlo.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
23 0 1	26 0 14	P 2,500 0 0 A A 833 5 4	Secy. to Govt., Local and Muncpl. Edcl. and Legis Depts.—31st Dec. 1901.— Ag. Chief Secy. to Govt., —5th Oct. 1903— Addl. Member of the Coun- cil of the Govr. of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regns.—9th Mar. 1903 —MADRAS.	
21 9 24	26 0 29	P 3,000 0 0 A A 750 0 0	Second Member, Bd. of Rev. and Commr. of Salt, Abkari and Sep. Rev.— 16th May 1903.—Ag. First Member, Bd. of Rev.—5th Nov. 1902.	Services are placed temply. at the dispo- sal of the G. I., Finance and Com- merce Dept.
20 10 21	25 1 12	P 3,000 0 0 A A 750 0 0	Third Member, Bd. of Rev. and Commr. of Land Rev.—16th May 1903.— Ag. First Member, Bd. of Rev.—21st Oct. 1903— Addl. Member of the Coun- cil of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regns. —29th Sep. 1903.—MADRAS.	President, Bd. of Exrs, Member of the Coun- cil of the Victoria Technical Institute.
20 11 2	25 0 29	P 3,000 0 0 A A 125 0 0	Fourth Member, Bd. of Rev. and Commr. of Rev. Settlt. —16th May 1903.—Ag. Secy. to Govt., Rev. Dept. —8th Oct. 1903.—Addl. Member of the Council of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regns.—8th Nov. 1901.—MADRAS.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
19	1st LTAM 2d LTET	URIYA Special Test.	The Hon. Mr. Charles James Weir, Queen's College, Bel- fast.	18 Sep. 79	17 Nov. 79	10 July 83 to 29 Mar. 84, Medl. Cert. 2 July 89 to 12 Oct. 90, Furlo. 22 Feb. 97 to 20 Oct. 98, Medl. Cert. 5 June to 30 Oct. 02, Furlo.
20	1st LTAM 2d LTET	TAM. High Profy.	Frederick Harper Hamnett.	12 Sep. 79	17 Nov. 79	24 Nov. 82 to 29 Oct. 83, Medl. Cert. 24 July 88 to 20 July 89, Medl. Cert. 9 Mar. 94 to 17 Feb. 95, Medl. Cert. 21 Mar. to 19 Sep. 98, Spl. leave. 24 Nov. 02 to 19th June 03, Furlo.
21	1st LTAM 2d LTET	TAM. High Profy.	Charles Mylne Mullaly, University of London.	6 Sep. 79	3 Nov. 79	11 Sep. 91 to 11 Dec. 92, Furlo. 1 Feb. 97 to 20 Oct. 98, Furlo.
22	1st LTAM 2d LTET	.....	The Hon. Mr. John Twigg, Balliol College, Oxford.	11 Sep. 79	3 Dec. 79	5 to 7 Jan. 80, Abs. 16 June 81 to 15 June 82, Medl. Cert. 16 June to 12 Dec. 82, Extr. leave. 20 and 21 Aug. 90, Abs. 23 Apl. 93 to 19 Jan. 95, Furlo. 26 Mar. 00 to 25 Sep. 01, Furlo.
23	1st LTET 2d LTAM	.....	James Andrew...	12 Sep. 79	17 Nov. 79	6 July 83, Abs. 22 Mar. 89 to 27 Dec. 90, Furlo. 4 to 7 July 95, Abs. 7 Mar. 98 to 2 Mar. 00, Furlo. 21 Dec. 02 to 28 May 03, Spl. leave.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
20 0 18	24 1 14	P 2,333 5 4 A A 777 12 5 3,111 1 9	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Tri- chinopoly—8th June 1903 —Ag. Second Member and Commr. of Salt, Abkari and Sep. Rev.—21st Oct. 1903—Addl. Member of the Council of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regns.—18th Mar. 1903—MADRAS.	President of the equi- tation Bd.
20 2 5	24 1 14	P 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Goda- vari—6th Apl. 1901.	
21 2 6	24 1 28	P 2,000 0 0 T 50 0 0 2,050 0 0	Collr. and Magt. and Addl. Sess. Judge, the Nilgiris— 5th Nov. 1902.—OOTACA- MUND.	
19 3 29	24 0 29	P 2,333 5 4 I A 200 0 0 P 2,533 5 4	Collr. of Sea Customs and of the Madras Dist., Protector of Emigrants, Supt. of Stamps and Stationery and Chairman, Harbour Trust Bd.—16th May 1903.—Addl. Member of the Council of the Govr. of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regns.— 29th Oct. 1903.—MADRAS.	Member of the Board of Exrs. Draws also L. A. of Rs. 400 as Chair- man, Harbour Trust Bd.
19 11 0	24 1 14	P 2,500 0 0 A A 500 0 0 3,000 0 0	Collr., Dist. Magt. and Govt. Agent, Tanjore—25th Oct. 1897.—Ag. Fourth Member, Bd. of Rev. and Commr. of Land Rev. and Inam Commr.—5th Oct. 1903—MADRAS.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Reward in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
24	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	URIYA Special Test.	The Hon. Mr. An- drew Edmund Castle Stuart.	9 Sep. 79	17 Nov. 79	21 July 90, Abs. 13 Nov. 97 to 10 Nov. 99, Furlo. 27 Dec. 02 to 15 Oct. 03, Furlo.
25	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Alexander Cham- bers Tate, M.A., Queen's Coll., Belfast, and Trinity Coll. Dublin.	18 Sep. 79	3 Dec. 79	5 to 7 Jan. 80, Abs. 19 Apl. 92 to 13 Apl. 94, Medl. Cert. 21 Dec. 96 to 5 Jan. 97, Abs. 22 Jan. 98 to 10 Nov. 99, Furlo.
26	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Ramsay Douglas Broadfoot, (Bar- at-Law).	8 Sep. 80	27 Dec. 80	6 and 7 Aug. 84, Abs. 11 and 12 July 87, Abs. 3 May 89 to 26 Dec. 90, Furlo. 30 July to 29 Dec 98, Furlo.
27	1st L TEL 2d L HIN	.....	Henry Moberly ...	1 Sep. 80	7 Dec. 80	7 to 11 April 84, Abs. 22 Feb. 90 to 23 Nov. 91, Furlo. 19 Sep. 95 to 13 Mar. 96, Spl. leave. 22 Feb. 97 to 17 Nov. 98, Medl. Cert.
28	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Bannatyne Mac- leod, M.A. (Bar- at-Law), Clare College, Cam- bridge.	4 Oct. 80	13 Dec. 80	30 Mar. to 28 Sep. 88, Spl. leave. 12 Aug. 92 to 9 June 94, Furlo. 3 and 4 Nov. 99, Abs. 24 Feb. 00 to 22 Feb. 01.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
21 3 24	24 1 14	P 2,333 15 4 A A 600 0 0 2,933 5 4	Collr., Magt. and Govt. Agent, Godavari—23rd Dec. 1899.—Ag. Third Member, Bd. of Rev. and Commr. of Rev. Settlt., and Dir. of the Dept. of Land Records and Agricul- ture.—21st Oct. 1903— Addl. Member of the Council of the Govr. of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regns.—28th Oct. 1903.—MADRAS.	
20 2 25	24 0 29	P 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, S. Arcot—21st Aug. 1903 CUDDALORE.	
20 11 6	23 0 5	P 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Chingleput—21st Aug. 1903 —CHINGLEPUT.	
19 0 28	22 11 25	P 2,333 15 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge Madura—23rd Dec. 1899.— MADURA.	
19 8 18	23 0 19	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0 2,333 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Cuddapah—28th Mar. 1902—CUDDAPAH.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
29	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	John Hewetson Balliol College, Oxford.	7 Oct. 80	13 Dec. 80	6 Feb. 89 to 1 Nov. 90, Furlo. 23 June to 16 Dec. 93, Spl. leave. 9 Apl. 98 to 6 Oct. 99, Furlo. 16 May to 23 Nov. 03. <i>Class III, from 19</i>
30	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	William Steven- son Meyer, B.A., C.I.E., University College, Lon- don.	16 Sep. 81	25 Dec. 81	1 July 86, Abs. 1 Feb. 94 to 4 Nov. 95, Furlo. 16 May 01 to 12 May 02, Furlo.
31	1st L MAL 2d L TAM	.....	George Whitmore Danco, Trinity Hall, Cambridge.	27 Sep. 81	27 Nov. 81	1 July 86, Abs. 20 Apl. 90 to 17 Oct. 91, Furlo. 19 Jan. 95 to 26 Jan. 96, Furlo. 7 May to 3 Nov. 98, Spl. leave. 26 Jan. 01 to 23 Jan. 02, Furlo.
32	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Harold Arthur Stuart, King's College, Cam- bridge.	12 Sep. 81	25 Nov. 81	6 Apl. 95 to 13 Mar. 96, Furlo. 25 Mar. 99 to Mar. 00, Furlo. 9 Oct. 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 8 Apl. 1904.
33	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	..	Alexander Gordon Cardew, M.A., Queen's College, Oxford.	13 Sep. 81	7 Dec. 82	5 Nov. 86 to 1 May 87, Medl. Cert. 23 Dec. 96, Abs. 16 Feb. 99 to 15 Nov. 00, Medl. Cert.
34	1st L TEL 2d L CAN	.....	Matthew Denny Bell, Christ Church, Oxford.	19 Sep. 81	25 Nov. 81	13 Jan. 91 to 5 Nov. 92, Furlo. 14 Dec. 95 to 11 Feb. 97, Furlo. 16 to 18 Oct. 00, Abs. 24 Feb. 02 to 20 Feb. 03, Furlo. 13 July 03, Medl. Cert. Leave expires, 12 Jany. 1904.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations	Remarks.
y. m. d. 18 9 22	y. m. d. 23 0 19	Rs. a. p. P 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Tinne- velly—5th Oct. 1899—Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, Trichinopoly—27th Nov. 1903.—TRICHINOPOLY.	
<i>to the end of 23 years.</i>				
19 3 5	22 0 7	P 2,333 5 4 DA 500 0 0	Dist. and Sess. Judge, N. Malabar—6th Apl. 1901.	Editor of the Impl. Gazetteer for India.
		2,333 5 4		
18 1 0	22 1 4	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Chingleput—9th May 1901.—SAIDAPET.	Member, Bd. of Exrs.
		2,333 5 4		
19 11 8	22 1 6	P 2,500 0 0	Inspr. Genl. of Police.—31st Dec. 1901.	Fellow of the Madras University. On priv. leave for 3 months from 9th July 1903, and Furlo for 6 months from 9th Oct. 1903.
18 9 26	21 0 25	P 2,333 5 4 AA 166 10 8	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Madura.—28th Nov. 1901.—Ag. Secy. to Govt., Local and Municipal, Edl. and Legsl. Depts.—5th Feb. 1903.—MADRAS.	Member, Sanitary Bd.
		2,500 0 0		
17 6 21	22 1 6	P 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Vizagapatam—3rd Jan. 1899.	On furlo. on Medl. Cert. for 6 months from 13th July 1903.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
...	1st LTAM 2d L MAL	.....	Kellakka Covila- gam Manavedan Raja, B.A., Madras Univ.	4 June 80	26 Aug. 82	27 Jan. to 15 Feb. 81, Lv. without Allee. 16 June 85 to 8 Jan. 86, Lv. without Allee. 16 to 27 Nov. 86, Lv. without Allee. 2 Dec. 95 to 20 May 96, Furlo.
35	1st LTAM 2d L TEL	.....	David Doig Mur- doch, Univer- sity of Aber- deen and King's Coll., Cam- bridge.	18 Sep. 82	7 Dec. 82	10 Sep. 90 to 6 Dec. 91, Medl. Cert. 21 Mar. to 13 Sep. 93, Spl. leave. 28 Apl. 98 to 19 Oct. 99, Furlo. 16 July to 12 Nov. 03, Furlo.
36	1st LTAM 2d L TAM	UBIYA. Special Test. High Profy.	William Ogilvie Horne, Trinity College, Oxford.	5 Oct. 82	7 Dec. 82	10 and 11 Oct. 91, Abs. 31 Mar. 94 to 27 Mar. 96, Furlo. 11 Apl. 01 to 27 Oct. 02, Furlo.
...	.....	.....	Muhammad Raza Khan, Khan Bahadur.	30 Nov. 82	30 Nov. 82	7 to 28 Sep. 86, Extra leave. 7 June 01 to 6 Feb. 02, Furlo. 23 Apl. to 4 Oct. 03, Medl. Cert.
37	1st LTAM 2d L TEL	.....	Reginald Heber Shipley, Balliol College, Oxford	27 Sep. 83	20 Dec. 83	11 Mar. 93 to 9 Mar. 95, Furlo. 16 May to 13 Nov. 96, Spl. leave. 13 Mar. to 14 Nov. 99, Furlo. 5 Oct. 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 4 Nov. 04.
38	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Leslie Creery Miller, Trinity College, Dublin.	6 Sep. 83	28 Nov. 83	12 and 13 Dec. 89, Abs. 2 Mar. 99 to 12 Mar. 00, Furlo.
39	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Edgar Alfred Elwin, Balliol College, Oxford.	7 Sep. 83	7 Nov. 83	5 Aug. 92 to 27 July 94, Medl. Cert.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 22 5 12	y. m. d. 23 5 27	Rs. a. p. P 1,493 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, N Arcot—10th Mar. 1897. —CHITTOOR.	
17 5 27	21 0 25	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0 2,383 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., S. Canara—2nd Sep. 1900.	Member, Bd. of Exrs. On depn. as Rev. Officer in connection with the investiga- tion of the Tung- bhadra Project for 1 year—24th Nov. 1903.—BELLARY.
17 6 8	21 0 25	P 2,500 0 0	Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Viza- gapatam—22nd Mar. 1898. —Ag. Insp.-Genl. of Police.—31st Oct. 1902— MADRAS.	
19 10 25	21 1 1	P 1,493 5 4 T 50 0 0 1,543 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Anantapur—7th Feb. 1902—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Coimbatore— 5th Oct. 1903—COIMBATORE.	
16 7 17	20 0 12	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0 2,383 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Trichinopoly — 1st Aug. 1898.	Member, Bd. of Exrs. On priv. leave for 1 month and 3 days from 2nd Sep. 1903 and Furlo. for 1 year and 1 month, from 5th Oct. 1903.
19 0 20	20 1 3	P 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, S. Malabar—17th Aug. 1903.—CALICUT.	
18 2 1	20 1 24	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0 2,383 5 4 D.A Rs. 10 a day.	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., S. Arcot.—17th Mar. 1901.	Member, Bd. of Exrs. On depn. for 3 months to revise the Famine Code, &c.—2nd Nov. 1903.—MADRAS.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
...	2d L URI	.....	Bernard Hough- ton, B.A., M.R.A.S., Trinity College, Dublin.	6 Oct. 84	23 Jan. 85	30 Apl. 93 to 19 Apl. 95, Furlo. 19 Dec. 95 to 18 Dec. 96, Extra leave to China. 23 to 31 Dec. 96, Extra leave. 3 Oct. 01 to 12 Mar. 03, Furlo.
40	1st L TAN 2d L HIN	.....	Robert Morris, M.A., University of Glasgow and University Col- lege, London.	16 Sep. 84	12 Jan. 85	17 Oct. 95 to 16 Oct. 97, Furlo. 25 Aug. 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 24 Sep. 04.
41	1st L TEL 2d L TEL	.....	Robert Bailey Clegg, Balliol College, Oxford.	11 Sep. 84	12 Jan. 85	2 Feb. 91 to 27 Jan. 93, Medl. Cert. 11 Nov. 93 to 11 Feb. 94, Spl. leave. 23 Mar. 96 to 22 Sep. 97, Medl. Cert. 23 Sep. 97, Abs.
42	1st TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Lionel Maling Wynch, B.A., Balliol College, Oxford.	11 Sep. 84	7 Dec. 85	1 Mar. 96 to 5 Nov. 97, Furlo. 20 June to 28 Nov. 01, Furlo.
43	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Arthur Francis Pinhey, Trinity College, Oxford.	15 Sep. 84	3 Nov. 84	22 Mar. 93 to 16 Dec. 94, Furlo. 11 Nov. 99 to 29 Dec. 00, Furlo.
44	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	URIYA Special Test.	Herbert Douglas Taylor, St. Peter's College, Cambridge.	18 Sep. 85	7 Dec. 85	28 to 31 Oct. 90, Abs. 18 Apl. to 12 Dec. 96, Furlo. 1 July to 19 Oct. 99, Spl. Leave. 24 July 01 to 25 Nov. 02, Furlo.

* The apptt. of Mr. L. M. Wynch to be Private Secy. to His Excellency the Govr. he will be entitled to oust the Junior permanent Collr. or Judge and to rank in the list of Officer in each grade concerned reverting to the next lower grade.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
14 6 4	18 11 9	P 2,250 0 0 AA 500 0 0 TA 250 0 0 3,000 0 0	Addl. Sess. Judge, Irrawady Divn.—13th Apl. 1901.— Offg. Commr.—28th Mar. 1903.	Permanently trans- ferred to Burma.— G.O. No. 21, Pub., dated 17th Jan. 1893.
16 7 13	18 11 20	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0 2,383 5 4 ABSA 1,166 10 8 Subject to a maxi- mum of £1,000 per annum.	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kistna—4th Jan. 1899.	Member, Bd. of Exrs. On priv. leave for 2 months and 25 days from 31st May 1903 and Furlo. for 1 year and 1 month from 25th Aug. 1903.
15 2 7	18 11 20	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0 2,383 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Salem.—28th Oct. 1900.—SALEM.	
15 11 11	18 0 25	P 1,500 0 0	Private Secy. to His Excel- lency the Right Hon. the Govr.—19th Mar. 1901.— MADRAS.	
16 3 12	19 1 28	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0 2,383 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar—17th Aar. 1901.—CALICUT.	
15 9 5	18 0 25	P 2,500 0 0 T 50 0 0 2,550 0 0	Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Ganjam—1st Oct. 1901.—Ag. Collr., Dist. Magt. and Govt. Agent, Tanjore.—4th Dec. 1902— TANJORE.	

is made on the condition that on his reversion from the Private Secretaryship at any time Collectors or Judges according to his seniority in the service. the Junior permanent

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
45	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Reginald Childers Culling Carr, (Bar-at-Law), Trinity College, Oxford.	16 Sep. 85	7 Dec. 85	27 Dec. 91 to 24 Dec. 92, Medl. Cert. 16 Apl. 98 to 30 Oct. 99, Furlo. 12 Aug. 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 11 Mar. 04.
46	1st L CAN 2d L TAM	.....	Alan Butterworth, Balliol College, Oxford.	28 Sep. 85	15 Dec. 85	2 May 95 to 31 Oct. 96, Furlo. 28 Jan. 99 to 27 Jan. 00, Medl. Cert. 28 Jan. to 13 Dec. 00, Extra leave.
47	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	Tam. High Profy.	Richard Hamilton Campbell, Edinburgh Uni- versity.	30 Sep. 85	18 Dec. 85	20 to 22 Feb. 86, Abs. 17 Apl. 97 to 18 Jan. 99, Furlo. 4 Mar. to 3 Dec. 02, Furlo.
48	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	CAN. High Profy.	Donald William Garden Cowie, M.A., (Bar- at-Law), Balliol College, Oxford.	27 Sep. 85	30 Nov. 86	18 and 19 Nov. 90, Abs. 14 Dec. 95 to 11 July 96, Furlo. 15 June 01 to 1 May 03, Furlo.
49	1st L TAM 2d L MAI	.....	Henry Venn Cobb, B.A., LL.B., Trin- ity College, Cambridge.	24 Sep. 85	18 Nov. 86	17 Apl. 97 to 15 Dec. 98, Furlo.
...	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Tiruvavarur Muttu- swami Aiyar, B.A., Madras Univer- sity.	21 Dec. 83	27 Jan. 86	14 Aug. to 12 Dec. 90, Medl. Cert.
...	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	James Walker, University of Aberdeen and Balliol College, Oxford.	14 Sep. 86	1 Dec. 86	17 July 91 to 30 Oct. 92, Medl. Cert. 12 and 13 Nov. 95, Abs. 26 June to 18 Sep. 96, Spl. leave. 20 Jan. '1 to 23 Jan. 02, Furlo.

Class IV, from 13 to the

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
15 1 21	18 0 25	P 2,383 5 4 T 50 0 0	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Bellary—31st Dec. 1901.	Member, Bd. of Exrs. On Priv. leave for 3 months from 12th May 1903 and Furlo. for 3 months from 12th Aug. 1903.— Exten for 4 months.
		2,383 5 4 ABSA 1,133 13 11 Subject to a maxi- mum of £1,000 per annum.		
14 8 0	18 0 17	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Nellore—9th May 1901.	On priv. leave for 14 days from 10th Dec. 1903.
		2,383 5 4		
15 6 9	18 0 14	P 2,333 5 4 AA 166 10 8 T 50 0 0	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Tinnevely—16th May 1903—Ag. Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Vizagapatam.—12th Dec. 1902—VIZAGAPATAM.	Member, Bd. of Exrs.
		2,550 0 0		
14 7 14	17 1 1	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Kistna —18th Aug. 1902.—Ag. Collr. and Magt., Bellary. —7th May 1903.—BELLARY.	Member, Bd. of Exrs.
		2,383 5 4		
15 0 14	17 1 13	1,800 0 0	Pol. Agent, 1st Class—14th June 1901.	On Priv. leave for 3 months, from 7th Apl. 1903 and Spl. leave for 3 months, from 7th July 1903.
19 8 12	20 0 11	P 1,493 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Nel- lore—31st Dec. 1901.—NEL- LORE.	Member, Bd. of Exrs.
14 6 4	17 0 0	P 1,800 0 0	Dy. Commr., 2nd Class, Central Provinces—1st Apl. 1900.	Permanently transfd. to Central Provinces. —G.O., No. 509A. Pub. dated 2nd Apl. 1898.

end of 18 years.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Languages passed.	Rewards in Languages.	NAMES.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
50	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Norman Somerville Brodie, M.A., Christ Church, Oxford.	13 Oct. 86	12 Dec. 87	13 Jan. 98 to 9 Jan. 00, Furlo. 27 July 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 26 Jan. 04.
51	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	Tam. High Profy.	Herbert Oliver Denman Harding, Balliol College, Oxford.	14 Sep. 86	8 Dec. 86	16 Mar. 95 to 27 Nov. 96, Furlo. 23 June 97 to 14 July 97, Medl. Cert. 28 Nov. 01 to 11 June 03, Furlo.
52	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	James Hummel Munro, Emmanuel College, Cambridge.	15 Sep. 86	21 Nov. 86	10 Nov. 91 to 9 May 92, Spl. leave. 10 May to 6 Nov. 92, Extra leave. 29 Jan. to 27 July 93, Extra leave. 13 Mar. to 9 Dec. 93, Furlo. 20 to 23 Dec. 93, Abs. 1 July 02, to 29 Oct. 03, Furlo.
53	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	John George Denman Partidge, University College, London.*	2 Oct. 86	15 Jan. 87	17 Mar. 91 to 6 Sep. 91, Spl. leave. 1 Aug. 95 to 31 Jan. 97, Furlo. 14 Nov. 99, Abs. 13 July 00 to 19 July 01, Furlo.
...	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Tumalapalli Vardarao, B.A., B.L., Madras University.	24 July 85	17 Aug. 87	15 Jan. to 14 May 86, Medl. Cert. 3 Aug. 91 to 1 Feb. 92, Spl. leave. 17 Oct. to 7 Nov. 92, Extra leave.
54	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	John Kaye Batten, J.P., Oriel College, Oxford.	8 Sep. 87	29 Nov. 87	17 Nov. 00 to 16 May 01, Spl. leave. Abs. 17 May 01.

* Vide note * in pages 24 and 25.

† On the reversion of Mr. J. K. Batten to this Pry. Govt. may oust out the Junior seniority in the service.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
13 7 18	16 0 20	P 2,333 5 4 R 50 0 0 2,383 5 4 ABS A 1,006 7 10	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kurnool—28th Mar. 1902.	Member of the Bd. of Exrs. On Priv. leave for 3 months from 27th Apl. 1903 and Furlo. for 6 months from 27th July 1903.
13 9 5	16 11 23	P 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, S. Canara—1st Apl. 1903.—MANGALORE.	
13 6 15	17 1 10	P 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Ganjam—16th June 1903.—Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, Vizagapatam—6th Nov. 1903.—VIZAGAPATAM.	
13 11 23	16 11 17	P 2,333 5 4 A A 166 10 8 T 50 0 0 2,550 0 0	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Kurnool—18th Dec. 1902.—Ag. Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Ganjam—28th July 1901.—CHATRAPUR.	
17 10 16	18 5 8	P 650 0 0	Sub-Judge, 2nd Gr.—13th Mar. 1899.—Addl. Sub-Judge, Godavari,—1st July 1903.—RAJAHMUNDRY.	Magt., 1st Class.
15 7 1	15 11 2	P 1,833 10 8 A A 611 1 9 2,444 12 5	Civil and Sess. Judge, Hyderabad Assigned Dist.—1st Feb. 1900—Ag. Judl. Commr.—1st Apl. 1903.	

Collr. or Judge and the Junior Officers in lower grades and rank Mr. Batten according to his

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages passed	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
55	1st L TEL 2d L Ua		Walter Henry Michael, Balliol College, Oxford.	9 Sep. 87	5 Dec. 87	1 to 4 Nov. 92, Abs. 20 to 23 Jan. 98, Abs. 18 Nov. 99 to 25 Apl. 01, Furlo.
56	1st L TEL 2d L TAM		Ernest Llewellyn Vaughan,* Emmanuel Col- lege, Cambridge.	16 Sep. 87	15 Nov. 87	20 Mar. to 17 Nov. 94, Medl. Cert. 19 Nov. 98 to 2 Nov. 99, Furlo.
57	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Llewellyn Eddi- son Buckley, J. P., New College, Oxford.	19 Sep. 87	17 Nov. 87	7 May to 5 Nov. 92, Medl. Cert. 15 Nov. 99 to 10 Nov. 00.
58	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		John Arthur Cumming, Aberdeen Uni- versity and Bal- liol College, Ox- ford.	12 Oct. 87	16 Dec. 87	28 Dec. 95 to 27 July 97, Furlo.
59	1st L TAM 2d L HIN		Oswald Vivian Bosanquet, New College, Oxford.	17 Sep. 87	17 Nov. 87	4 and 5 July 91, Abs. 5 Sep. 01, Furlo.

* Vide note in pages 24, 25, 28 and 29.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
14 7 11	16 0 27	P 1,500 0 0 A A 666 10 8 L A 250 0 0 2,416 10 8	Enrolled Officer, Clars I.— 29th Apl. 1901.—Offg. Acctt.-Genl., 2nd class, Bengal—23rd Dec. 1902.— CALCUTTA.	
14 6 2	16 1 16	P 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0 2,383 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., N. Arcot—16th May 1903.	Granted Priv. leave for 1 month and 29 days and Furlo for 6 months and 1 day.
14 7 18	16 1 14	P 1,166 10 8 A A 777 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,994 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt —2nd Sep. 1900.—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Tinnevely—7th Dec. 1900.—TINNEVELLY.	
14 5 16	16 0 16	P 1,166 10 8 A A 777 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,994 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —23rd Dec. 1899.—Ag. Collr. Dist Magt. and Govt. Agent, Godavari—5th May 1902.—GUCANADA.	
14 9 16	16 1 14	P 2,000 0 0	Addl. Resident, 2nd Class— 19th May 1903.—Resi- dent, Indore.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
60	1st L TEL 2d L TAM		Arthur Trevor Forbes, Christ's College, Cambridge.	18 Oct. 87	29 Nov. 87	30 Mar. 90 to 29 Mar. 91, Medl. Cert. 30 Mar. 91 to 23 Nov. 91, Extra leave. 1 July 02 to 26 Oct. 03, Furlo.
61	1st L TEL 2d L TAM		Edwin Scott, University Col- lege, London.	16 Oct. 86	15 Jan. 87	11 Nov. 94 to 23 Oct. 05, Medl. Cert. 4 Feb. to 6 Nov. 03, Furlo.
62	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	SANS. High Profy.	Lionel Davidson, B.A., J.P. Balliol College, Oxford.	1 Sep. 86	22 Dec. 89	7 Apl. 00 to 8 Nov. 01, Furlo.
63	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		William Bock Ayling, Mag- dalene College, Cambridge.	18 Oct. 88	30 Jan. 89	13 July 94 to 12 Jan. 95, Spl. leave. 13 to 15 Jan. 95, Leave without Allee. 23 Mar. 99 to 26 Oct. 00, Furlo. 17 Nov. 02 to 15 Oct. 03, Medl. Cert.
64	1st L TEL 2d L TAM		Francis Cotton Parsons, Trinity College, Cam- bridge.	18 Oct. 88	30 Jan. 89	25 to 29 Mar. 93, Abs. 8 to 20 Jan. 94, Medl. Cert. 11 July 01 to 22 May 03, Furlo.
65	1st L TEL 2d L TAM		Herbert Francis Webb Gillman, Emmanuel College, Cam- bridge. *	31 Aug. 88	1 Dec. 88	9 and 10 Nov. 92, Abs. 5 Apl 01 to 24 Apl. 02, Furlo.

* On the return of Mr. Forbes to this Presy., Govt. may oust the Junior Sub-Collr. service.

* Mr. H. F. W. Gillman holds the apptt. of Collr. of the Vizianagram Zamindari may oust the Junior permanent Sub Collr. and Joint Magt. and rank Mr Gillman in No. 207 Pub., dated 3rd March 1902.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
13 2 7	16 1 2	P 1,166 10 8 AA 777 12 5 1,944 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, Bellary.—3rd Nov. 1903.—BELLARY.	
15 3 1	16 11 17	P 1,166 10 8 AA 777 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,994 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., —15th May 1898.—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Anantapur.—10th Nov. 1903.—ANANTAPUR.	
12 5 8	14 0 10	P 1,800 0 0	Commr. of Coorg—2nd Nov. 1902.	
11 10 25	14 11 2	P 1,166 10 8 AA 777 12 5 1,944 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt.— 29th Apl. 1901.—Ag. Dist and Sess. Judge, Ganjam —3rd Nov. 903.—BERHAM PUR.	
12 9 2	14 11 2	P 1,166 10 8 AA 777 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,994 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —18th Aug. 1902.—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kistna.—31st May 1903.—MASULIPATAM.	
14 0 8	15 1 10	P 2,000 0 0	Collr. of the Vizianagram Zamindari—26th Aug. 1898.	

and the Junior Head Asst. Collr. and rank Mr. Forbes according to his seniority in the

subject to the condition that on his reversion from that apptt. at any time, the Govt. the list of Sub-Collrs. and Joint Magts. according to his seniority in the service.—M. G. O.,

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	Language passed.	Rewards in Languages.	NAME.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.	
66	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		William Ellis Jardine, Trinity College, Cambridge.	5 Sep. 88	20 Feb. 89	5 to 8 Aug. 93, Abs. 18 to 22 Dec. 96, Abs. 3 June 01, Furlo.	
67	1st L CAN 2d L TAM		Andrew Mure Slight, Balliol College, Oxford.	2 Sep. 89	12 Nov. 89	23 Mar. 00 to 21 Oct. 01, Furlo. 23 Sep. 02 to 20 Jan. 03, Medl. Cert.	
68	1st L TAM 2d L MAL		John Herbert Robertson, Balliol College, Oxford.	28 Aug. 89	29 Nov. 89	8 Jan. 94 to 2 Nov. 95, Medl. Cert. 14 Feb. 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 29 Dec. 03.	
69	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		James Perch Bedford, Balliol College, Oxford.	27 Sep. 89	14 Dec. 89	25 Nov. 91 to 20 Nov. 92, Medl. Cert. 15 Dec. 00 to 14 Dec. 01, Furlo.	
70	1st L TAM 2d L HIN		Atul Chunder Dutt, Christ's College, Cambridge.	17 Oct. 89	14 Jan. 90	19 Nov. 92 to 22 Aug. 93, Medl. Cert. 24 July 94 to 21 Jan. 95, Medl. Cert. 18 Apl. to 12 Oct. 00, Furlo. 14 May 02 to 23 Apl. 03, Medl. Cert.	
...	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Perungavar Rajagopal Chariyar, M.A., B.L., Madras University.	18 Feb. 88	2 May 90	13 Oct. 01 to 3 Aug. 02, Medl. Cert. 20 Feb. to 14 Dec. 03, Medl. Cert.	

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
13 3 2	14 10 9	P 1,200 0 0 A A 300 0 0 1,500 0 0	Pol. Agent, 3rd Class—3rd Apl. 1901—Offg. Pol. Agent, 2nd Class—24th Oct. 1902.—1st Asst. to the Agent to the Govr.-Genl. in Central India.	
12 2 21	14 1 19	P 1,166 10 8 A A 777 12 5 1,944 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt.—29th July 1901.—Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, Kurnool—2nd Feb. 1903.—KURNOOL.	
11 4 19	14 1 2	P 1,166 10 8 T 35 0 0 1,201 10 8 ABS A 732 10 11	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt.—28th Nov. 1901.	On Priv. leave for 2 months and 18 days from 27th Nov. 1902 and Furlo. for 10 months and 16 days, from 14th Feb. 1903. Permitted to return to duty. To act as Dist. and Sess. Judge, Cuddapah.
12 0 20	14 0 18	P 1,166 10 8 A A 777 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,994 7 11	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt.—31st Dec. 1901.—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Trichinopoly.—2nd Sep. 1903.—TRICHINOPOLY.	
11 3 9	13 11 18	P 1,166 10 8 T 35 0 0 1,201 10 8	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt.—1st Apl. 1903.—VELLORE.	Magt., 1st Class.
1 3 9	15 10 12	P 746 10 8 A A 497 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,294 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt.—28th Mar. 1902.—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kurnool.—15th Dec. 1903.—KURNOOL.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	Lang- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.	
71	1st L Tel 2d L TAM	SANS. High Profy.	Vengal Vengal- pal Chetti B.A., Madras Univer- sity & Christ's College, Cam- bridge.*	8 Sep. 90	21 Nov. 90		
72	1st L Tel 2d L TAM	URIYA Spl. Test	Ernest Barnes Elwin,* Balliol College, Oxford.	10 Sep. 90	5 Jan. 91	16 Mar. 99 to 13 Sep. 00, Furlo. 31 May to 15 Oct. 03, Spl. leave.	
73	1st L Tel 2d L TAM		Charles Gordon Spencer,* Keeble College, Oxford.	28 Aug. 90	26 Nov. 90	17 Nov. 91 to 16 Nov. 92, Medl. Cert. 17 to 20 Nov. 92, Extra leave. 18 to 21 Aug. 99, Abs. 7 Jan. 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 16 Jan. 04.	
74	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Walter Francis, Corpus Christi College, Oxford.	28 Aug. 90	11 Nov. 90	7 Oct. 97 to 6 Dec. 98, Medl. Cert. 7 to 9 Dec. 98, Extra leave. 11 Dec. 98 to 11 Dec. 98.	
75	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Charles George Todhunter,* King's College, Cambridge.	1 Sep. 90	26 Nov. 90	12 Dec. 01 to 6 Dec. 02, Furlo.	
76	1st L Tel 2d L TEL		William Watkin Phillips,* New College, Oxford	9 Sep. 90	25 Nov. 90	8 Dec. 94 to 23 Oct. 95, Medl. Cert. 6 Apr. 02 to 2 Feb. 03, Furlo.	

* Vide Note in pages 24, 25, 28, 29, 32 and 33.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1901 from date of arrival.	Total Service up to 1st Jan. 1901 from date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 13 1 10	y. m. d. 13 1 10	Rs. a. p. P 1,168 10 8 A A 777 12 5 1,944 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —19th May 1902—Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, Kistna.— 27th Nov. 1902.—MASULI- PATAM.	Granted Priv. leave for 3 months.
11 1 13	12 11 27	P 1,168 10 8 A A 777 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,994 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt.— 18th Dec. 1902.—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., S. Arcot.—24th Oct. 1903— CUDDALORE.	
11 2 2	13 1 5	P 1,168 10 8 T 35 0 0	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —16th May 1903.—	Magt., 1st class. On Priv. leave for 8 months from 7th Oct. 1902 and Furlo. for 1 year, from 7th Jan. 1903—Exten. for 10 days.—Permitted to return to duty.
11 11 17	12 8 20	P 1,201 10 8 ABS A 575 14 9 2,000 0 0	Under Secy. to Govt., Rev. Dept.—7th Dec. 1898.— (Seconded) Supdt. of Gazet- teer Revision, and of the Revision of the Dist. Manuals, Madras, for 1 year.—1st June 1902.— OOTACAMUND.	
12 1 10	13 1 5	P 1,168 10 8 A A 777 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,994 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. 16th June 1903.—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Madura.—3rd Feb. 1903.	President of the Ex- cise Committee in Central Provinces.
11 4 21	13 1 16	P 768 15 4 A A 1,043 5 4 1,811 10 8	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— 13th July 1897.—Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, Tinne- vely.—16th Feb. 1903— TINNEVELLY BRIDGE.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
77	1st L TEL 2d L UR	URIYA Spl. Test.	Percival Stanley Pitcairn Rice, New College, Oxford.	2 Oct. '90	8 Dec. '90	4 Apl. '99 to 3 Sep. '00, Furlo.
78	1st L TEL 2d L TAM		Francis DuPre Oldfield, Trinity College, Cam- bridge.	10 Sep. '90	11 Nov. '90	10 to 13 June '98, Abs. 14 May '00 to 16 Nov. '01, Furlo.
79	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Matthew Joseph Murphy, J. P. Royal University of Ireland and Trinity College, Dublin.	9 Oct. '91	21 Dec. '91	23 Oct. '95, Abs. 7 Oct. '02, Furlo. Leave expires, 6 Apl. '04.
80	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Reginald Fearn Grinley, J. P., Balliol College, Oxford.	18 Sep. '91	9 Nov. '91	18 Jan. to 17 July '96, Spl. leave. 18 July '96, Abs. 14 Jan. '99 to 29 June '00, Furlo. 29 Mar. to 1 July '03, Medl. Cert.
81	1st L MAL 2d L TAM		Arthur Roland Knapp, Christ Church, Oxford.	7 Sep. '91	20 Nov. '91	27 Oct. '94 to 26 Oct. '95, Medl. Cert. 27 Oct. '95 to 22 Oct. '96, Extra leave. 20 July '03, Furlo. Leave expires, 27 Dec. '03.
...	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Francis Samuel Alfred Slocock, J.P., Trinity College, Oxford.	28 Sep. '91	10 Dec. '91	12 Feb. to 11 Dec. '02.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 11 7 24	y. m. d. 13 0 24	Rs. a. p. P 768 5 4 A A 1,043 5 4 T 50 0 0 1,861 10 8	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —10th July 1897.—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., S. Canara—14th May 1903.—MANGALORE.	
11 7 12	13 1 20	P 768 5 4 A A 687 12 5 1,456 1 9	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —10th Nov. 1897.—Ag. Dist. and Sess Judge, Tan- jore.—7th Nov. 1902.— TANJORE.	Posted to Kumba- konam Dion.
10 10 15	12 0 11	P 768 5 4 T 35 0 0 I 803 5 4 ABS A 593 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —26th Feb. 1898.	Magt., 1st Class. On Priv. leave for 3 months, from 7th July 1902, and Furlo. for 1 year and 6 months from 7th Oct. 1902.
9 11 11	12 1 22	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —4th July 1900.—Ag. Sub- Collr. and Joint Magt.— BENHAMPUR.	Magt., 1st Class.
9 8 4	12 1 11	P 1,050 0 0 ABS A 528 13 0 Subject to a mini- mum of £125 per quarter.	Under Secy. to Govt. in the Depts. under the Chief Secy.—1st Feb. 1899.	On Priv. leave for 3 months from 20th Apl. 1903 and Furlo. for 5 months and 8 days, from 20th July 1903.—Permitted to return to duty. To act as Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Madura.
11 2 22	12 0 22	P 1,500 0 0 A A 300 0 0 1,800 0 0	Dy. Commr, 3rd Cl.—Central Provinces—1st July 1900. Offg. Dy. Commr., 2nd Cl.—8th Mar. 1901.	Permanently trans- ferred to Central Provinces.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	Lang- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if low on leave, date of expiry of leave.	
82	1st L CAN 2d L TAM		Robert, Arthur Graham, J. P. Brasenose College, Oxford.	23 Sep. 91	11 Nov. 91	29 June 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 4 Feb. 04.	
83	1st L TAL 2d L TAM		Alexander Liddell- dale Hannay, King's College, Cambridge.	19 Sep. 91	5 Dec. 91	31 Jan. 97 to 27 Jan. 98, Medl. Cert. 12 July 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 11 Nov. 04.	
84	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	Spl. Test.	Uriya Edward, Labou- chere Ruthven Thornton, J. P. King's College, Cambridge.	21 Sep. 91	5 Dec. 91	11 Feb. to 10 Aug. 99, Spl. leave. 11 Aug. 99, Abs. 26 Apl. to 15 Oct. 03, Furlo.	
85	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Alexander Robert- son Cumming, Aberdeen Uni- versity and Balliol College, Oxford.	14 Sep. 92	18 Dec. 92	10 Sep. 97 to 8 Sep. 98, Medl. Cert.	Class IV,
86	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Lewis Grenville Moore, J. P. Worcester College, Oxford.	21 Sep. 92	12 Dec. 92	3 Feb. 93, Abs. 14 to 17 Aug. 96, Abs. 29 Nov. to 1 Dec. 99, Abs. 19 Jan. 01 to 15 Oct. 02, Furlo.	
87	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Mahimohan Ghose, Balliol College, Oxford.	8 Sep. 92	11 Feb. 93	13 & 14 Jan. 97, Abs. 23 Nov. 97 to 22 Dec. 98, Medl. Cert. 23 Dec. 98 to 2 Jan. 99, Abs.	

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 11 7 18	y. m. d. 12 1 18	Rs. a. p. P 1,280 0 0 ABS A 725 14 5	Dy. Commr. of Salt, Abkari and Customs Dept., C. Dn. —28th Oct. 1900.	On Priv. leave for 2 months and 23 days from 6th Apl. 1903 and Furlo for 7 months and 7 days, from 29th June 1903.
10 7 10	12 0 27	P 1,800 0 0 ABS A 836 1 10	Regr. of the High Court of Judicature—17th Feb. 1898. —MADRAS.	On Furlo for 16 months from 12th July 1903.
11 1 6	12 0 27	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt., —19th Dec. 1898.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —ELLORE.	Magt: 1st Class.
under 12 years.				
10 0 15	11 0 14	P 1,500 0 0	Secy. to the Commrs. of Land Rev.—2nd Nov. 1902. —MADRAS.	Member of the Equita- tion Bd.
9 3 14	11 0 20	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —3rd Jan. 1899.—Ag. Sub- Collr. and Jt. Magt.— TINDIVANAM.	Magt., 1st Class,
9 8 5	10 10 18	P 768 5 4 A A 687 12 5 1,456 1 9	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —1st Feb. 1899.—Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, Cuddapah. —20th Augt. 1903—Cudda PAH.	Granted Priv. leave for 1 month and 3 days, and Furlo for 1 year, 4 months and 24 days. Posted to Cuddapah Dist.

1 No.	2 Languages passed.	3 Rewards in Languages.	4 NAMES.	5 Commencement of Service.	6 Date of Arrival.	7 Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
88	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Stewart William Graham Iver MacIver, Emmanuel College, Cambridge.	20 Oct. 92	20 Dec. 92	14 Oct. 93 to 7 Apl. 94, Spl. leave. 24 Oct. 01 to 16 Apl. 03, Furlo.
89	1st L TEL 2d L TAM		Matthew Young, Trinity College, Cambridge.	23 Oct. 92	25 Nov. 92	13 Oct. 96 to 8 Oct. 97, Medl. Cert. 18 Jan. to 27 Oct. 02, Furlo.
90	1st L TEL 2d L TAM		John William Hughes, J. P., Clare College Cambridge.	16 Sep. 92	25 Nov. 92	2 July 01 to 13 Mar. 02, Furlo.
91	1st L TEL 2d L CAN		Julian James Cotton, B.A., J. P. Corpus Christi College, Oxford.	18 Nov. 93	24 Dec. 93	8 Dec. 94 to 7 Dec. 95, Medl. Cert. 8 to 20 Dec. 95, Extra leave. 24 Nov. 01 to 18 Mar. 02, Spl. leave.
92	1st L MAL 2d L TAM		James Thomas Gillespie, B.A., Royal University of Ireland and Emmanuel College, Cambridge.	27 Oct. 93	21 Dec. 93	20 July 02 to 6 July 03, Furlo.
93	1st L CAN 2d L TAM		Malcolm Edward Couchman, B.A., Christ Church, Oxford.	28 Oct. 93	7 Dec. 93	13 Sep. 95 to 12 Mar. 96, Spl. leave. 13 Mar. to 5 Sep. 96, Extra leave.

§ Mr. Couchman's place in the Gradation List shall be taken to be that of a the exception of those holding Spl. Appts. and of those who have been passed over for acting as Sub-Collr., his post in the regular line shall be taken to be that of an Ag. Sub-permanent appt. will be taken to be that of a Head Asst. Collr., his acting post being

8 Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	9 Total Service	10 Salary and Allowances.	11 Appointments—Stations.	12 Remarks.
y. m. d. 9 0 23	y. m. d. 11 0 12	Rs. a. p. P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —23rd Dec. 1899.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —TOLLICHERRY.	Magt., 1st Class.
9 3 2	11 1 6	P 768 5 4 A A 687 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,506 1 9	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —21st Feb. 1900.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist. Madura—3rd Dec. 1903—MADURA.	On Spl. duty as Addl. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. Madura for a period of 6 months. —6th Aug. 1903.
10 4 24	11 1 6	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —28th Jan. 1900.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —NANDYAL.	Magt., 1st Class.
8 7 7	10 0 8	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 41 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —2nd Sep. 1900.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt.	On priv. leave for 1 month and 21 days from 19th Oct. 1903 and Furlo. for 1 year, 1 month and 9 days.
9 0 24	10 0 11	P 1,000 0 0 A A 450 0 0 1,450 0 0	Dy. Regr., High Court, Appl. Side—13th June 1897. —Ag. Regr., High Court of Judicature—12th July 1903—MADRAS.	Magt., 1st Class.
9 1 1	10 0 25	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 A 150 0 0 T 35 0 0 1,218 14 3	Spl. Settl. Officer, S. Can- ara, and Spl. Asst. to the Collr. of that Dist.—17th May 1901.	Magt., 1st Class.

permanent Asst. Collr., acting as Head Asst. Collr.; but if all the Officers above him with promotion do not occupy lower posts than Ag. Sub-Collr. and if an Officer Junior to him is Collr. If and when any Officer below him is promoted to a permanent Head Assistantship, his regulated as above.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
94	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	William Lys, B.A., J.P., Brasenose College, Oxford.	27 Oct. 93	10 Dec. 93	26 Jan. 01 to 23 Oct. 02, Medl. Cert.
95	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Norman Edward Marjoribanks, Royal Univer- sity of Ireland (Queen's Coll., Belfast) and Trinity Hall, Cambridge.	2 Sep. 93	29 Oct. 93	.....
96	1st L TAM 2d L MAL	.....	Arthur Lionel Vibert, J.P., Emmanuel Col- lege, Cam- bridge.	3 Oct. 93	8 Nov. 93	14 Nov. 1900 to 15 May 01, Spl. leave.
97	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Leonard Tatham Harris, J.P., New College, Oxford.	3 Oct. 93	10 Dec. 93	13 to 17 Oct. 98, Abs. 4 June, to 29 Aug. 02, Furl.
98	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Sydney Gordon Roberts, Pem- broke College, Cambridge.	23 Sep. 93	27 Nov. 93	10 Sep. 97 to 4 Mar. 98 Medl. Cert. 11 June 00 to 4 June 01 Medl. Cert.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
8 3 24	10 0 22	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —28th Nov. 1901.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —RAJAHMUNDY.	Magt., 1st Class.
10 2 3	10 2 3	P 1,800 0 0	Dy. Dir. of Land Records.— 11th Nov. 1903.—MADRAS.	
9 7 21	10 1 23	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —31st Dec. 1901.—Ag. Sub- Collr. and Joint Magt.— NEGAPATAM.	Magt., 1st Class.
9 9 21	10 0 22	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —4th Sep. 1902.—Ag. Sub- Collr. and Joint Magt.— GUNTUR.	Magt., 1st Class. To act as Dist. and Sess. Judge, Kistna.
8 7 16	10 1 4	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —1st Jan. 1902.—Ag. Sub- Collr. and Joint Magt.— SAIDAPET.	Magt., 1st Class.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
99	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Neil Macmichael, M.A., J.P., Edin- burgh Univ., and Balliol Coll., Oxford. §	1 Nov. 94	2 Dec. 94	11 & 12 June 98, Abs.
100	1st L MAL 2d L TAM	.....	Robert Frederick Austin, B.A., J. P., University Coll., Oxford.	1 Nov. 94	23 Dec. 94	6 Aug. 03, Furlo.
101	1st L TAM 2d L TAM	.....	John Gunn Burn, B.A., LL.B., St. John's Coll., Cambridge.*	2 Nov. 94	24 Dec. 94	.....
102	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Ernest Sampson Lloyd, B.A., J.P., Lincoln Coll., Oxford.	7 Nov. 94	21 Dec. 94	11 & 12 June 98, Abs. 18 to 23 July 99, Abs.
103	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Arthur Thompson, B.A., J.P., Queen's Coll., Oxford.	6 Nov. 94	21 Dec. 94	17 Nov. 00 to 6 Nov. 03, Medl. Cert.

§ Mr. Macmichael's position in the gradation list will be regulated by the same rule
 * Mr. Burn's position will be regulated by the same rule as is prescribed for

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service up to date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
9 0 28	9 1 0	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 A 150 0 0 T 35 0 0 1,218 14 3	Spl. Settl. Officer, Malabar, and Spl. Asst. to the Collr. of that Dist.—29th May 1901.	Magt., 1st Class. Member, Bd. of Exms.
8 7 13	9 0 9	P 768 5 4 T 35 0 0 803 5 4	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —19th May 1902.—SATTUR	Magt., 1st Class. Posted to Shermadevi Divn.
9 0 8	9 0 8	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 A 100 0 0 T 35 0 0 1,168 14 3	Spl. Settl. Officer, Salem, and Spl. Asst. Collr. of that Dist. up to 31st Mar. 1904 —15th Apl. 1902.	Magt., 1st Class.
9 0 3	9 0 11	P 1,000 0 0	Dist. Magt. and Collr. of the Civil and Mily. Station, Bangalore—4th Sep. 1902. —BANGALORE.	
6 0 21	9 0 11	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —1st Apl. 1903.—Ag. Sub. Collr. and Joint Magt.— RAMNAD.	Magt., 1st Class.

as is prescribed for Mr. M. E. Couchman (pages 42 and 43 of the Civil List).
 Mr. M. E. Couchman (vide pages 42 and 43 of the Civil List).

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
104	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Arthur Edgington B.A., J. P., New Coll., Oxford.*	2 Nov. 94	21 Dec. 94	11 and 12 June 98, Abs 14 May 03, Furlo. Leave expires, 31 Oct. 04.
105	1st L URI 2d L TEL	Uriya Spl. Test. Khond Coll. Test.	Francis Arthur Coleridge, J.P., University Coll., London.*	2 Nov. 94	5 Dec. 94	3 May to 1 Nov. 00, Spl. leave. 22 to 26 Oct. 03, Abs.
106	1st L TAM 2d L MAL	.....	Pirozeshah Ker- shasp, B.A., Bombay Univer- sity and New Coll., Oxford.*	31 Oct. 95	20 Dec. 95	.....
107	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	John Forbes Bry- ant, M.A., F.G.S., J.P., Clare Coll., Cambridge.	30 Oct. 95	16 Dec. 95	28 Aug. 03 Medl. Cert. Leave expires, 27 Jan. 1904.
108	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Richard Board- man Wood, B.A., J. P., Hertford Coll., Oxford.	29 Oct. 95	6 Dec. 95	24 Aug. 01 to 9 Jan. 02, Spl. leave.
109	1st L CAN 2d L TAM	.....	Percy Abbey Booty, B.A., Trinity Coll., Cambridge.	31 Oct. 95	16 Dec. 95	27 May to 28 Nov. 99, Spl. leave.

* Vide notes on pages 24, 25, 28, 29, 32 and 33.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 8 4 21	y. m. d. 9 0 11	Rs. a. p. P 768 5 4 T 35 0 0 803 5 4 ABS A 425 1 0 Subject to a mini- mum of £125 per quarter.	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —2nd Nov. 1902.	Magt., 1st Class. On Priv. leave for 3 months from 14th Feb. 1903 and Furlo. for 9 months from 14th May 1903.— Exten. up to 31st Oct. 1904.
8 6 22	9 0 22	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —18th Dec. 1902. — Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. —MADANAPALLE.	Magt., 1st Class.
8 0 12	8 0 12	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— 16th May 1903.—Ag. Sub- Collr. and Joint Magt.— COONDAPOOR.	Magt., 1st Class. Granted Priv. leave for 3 months and Furlo. for 9 months.
7 8 12	8 0 16	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9 ABS A 415 0 10 Subject to a mini- mum of £500 per annum.	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—24th Jan. 1896.	Magt., 1st Class. On Priv. leave for 3 months from 23th May 1903 and Furlo. on Medl. Cert. for 3 months from 28th Aug. 1903.—Exten. for 2 months. Per- mitted to return to duty.
7 8 9	8 0 26	P 560 0 0 A A 404 7 1 35 0 0 999 7 1	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—16th Jan. 1896.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt.—CHICA- COLE.	Magt., 1st Class. Addl. Sess. Judge, Ganjam (Agency) Sess. Court.
7 5 18	8 0 16	P 800 0 0	First Asst. Commr. and Dist. Magt., Coorg—3rd Apl. 1901.	Magt., 1st Class.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.	Remarks.
110	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Albion Rajkumar Banerji, M.A., Calcutta Uni- versity and Balliol College, Oxford.	28 Oct. 95	19 Dec. 95	3 Mar. to 2 Sept. 98, 2 Spl. leave.	
111	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Robert William D'Estcourt Ashe, J.P., Royal University, Ire- land, and Univ. of Dublin.	8 Nov. 95	4 Dec. 95	23 Mar. to 21 Nov. 02, Medl. Cert.	
112	1st L TEL 2nd L. Spl. Test. URIYA. High Profy.	.....	John Samuel Heaney, J.P., Royal Univer- sity of Ireland and Trinity Coll., Dublin.	31 Oct. 95	4 Dec. 95	3 & 4 Aug. 01, Abs.	
113	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Julius Mathison Turing, J. P., Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford.	28 Oct. 96	7 Dec. 96	.....	
114	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Archibald Young Gipps Campbell, B.A., Trinity Coll., Cambridge.	29 Oct. 96	3 Dec. 96	.....	
1	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Edward Hamilton Wallace, M.A., J.P., Glasgow Univer- sity and Balliol Coll., Oxford.	29 Oct. 96	16 Dec. 96	1 Feb. to 21 Dec. 01, Medl. Cert.	

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	RS. A. P.		
7-6-12	8-0-13	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—28th Jan. 1896.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.—KUMBA- KONAM.	Magt., 1st Class.
6 6 28	8 0 28	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—18th Jan. 1896.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.—ONGOLE.	Magt., 1st Class. Appd. to be in charge of the Nellore Dis- trict in addition to his own duties.
8 0 26	8 0 28	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—18th Jan. 1899.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.—BEZ- WADA.	Magt., 1st Class.
7 0 25	7 0 25	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.— 10th Jan. 1897.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— VIZIANAGARAM.	Magt., 1st Class. Addl. Sess. Judge, Vizagapatam (Agency) Sess. Court.—5th Sep. 1903.
7 0 29	7 0 29	P 1000 0 0 A A 50 0 0 1,050 0 0	Under Secy. to Govt., Rev. Dept.—11th Nov. 1903.— Ag. Under Secy. to Govt. in the Depts. under the Chief Secy.—11th Nov. 1903—MADRAS.	To proceed to Cal- cutta on duty with the Madras Coast Light Dues Bill now under consideration in Viceroy's Legal. Council.
6 1 25	7 0 18	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—24th Jan. 1897.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.—DINDI- GUL.	Magt., 1st Class.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
116	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Hopetoun Ga- briel Stokes, B.A., Oriel Coll., Oxford.	27 Oct. 96	7 Dec. 96	.....
117	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Harold Lithgow Braidwood, B.A., J.P., Corpus Christi Coll., Oxford, & Uni- versity Coll., London.	27 Oct. 96	3 Dec. 96	29 Apl. to 28 June 00, Medl. Cert. 20 July to 13 Oct. 03, Spl. leave.
118	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Robert Erskine Holland, B.A., J.P., Oriel Coll., Oxford.	28 Oct. 96	10 Dec. 96	16 Oct. 01 to 6 June 02, Medl. Cert.
119	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	David Grierson Waller, B.A., Trinity Coll., Oxford.	27 Oct. 96	30 Dec. 96	.....
120	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Edmund Wil- loughby Legh, University Coll., Oxford.	28 Oct. 97	6 Dec. 97	3 June 99 to 2 June 00, Medl. Cert. 3 June to 29 Nov. 00, Extra leave on Medl. Cert.
121	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Christopher Thomas Heaton Johnson, J. P., B.A., Wadham Coll., Oxford.	27 Oct. 97	6 Dec. 97	24 Sep. 02 to 20 Nov. 03, Medl. Cert.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service from date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 7 0 25	y. m. d. 7 6 25	Rs. a. p. P 1,800 0 0	Sub <i>pro tem</i> Under Secy. to Govt. of India, Home Deptt.—31st July 1903.— CALCUTTA.	
6 8 5	7 0 29	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.— 11th Jan. 1897.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.	Magt., 1st Class. On deputation as Rev. Officer in connection with the investiga- tion of the Kistna Reservoir Project for 9 months—17th Dec. 1903.
6 5 0	7 0 22	P 560 0 0 A A 940 0 0 1,500 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.— 14th Jan. 1897—Sub <i>pro</i> <i>tem</i> Secy. to the Commr. of Salt, Abkari and Sep. Rev. —21st July 1903.— MADRAS.	Magt., 1st Class.
7 0 2	7 0 2	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 85 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.— 6th Feb. 1897.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— POLLACHI.	Magt., 1st Class.
4 6 28	6 0 26	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—8th Jan. 1898.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.—TURI- CORIN.	Magt., 1st Class.
4 10 28	6 0 26	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 85 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—6th Jan. 1898. Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— TANJORE.	Magt., 1st Class.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.	
122	1st L TEL 2d L CAN	Uriya Spl. Test.	Pierce Langrishe Moore, Christ Church, Oxford.	23 Oct. 97	21 Nov. 97	2 Aug. 01 to 4 Sep. 02, Medl. Cert.	
123	1st L TEL 2d L CAN URIYA Test.	Uriya Spl. Test.	George Frederick Paddison, M.A., J.P., * Queen's Coll., Oxford.	25 Oct. 97	6 Dec. 97	.....	
124	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Boteler Cher- nocke Smith, B.A., Keble Coll., Oxford.	25 Oct. 97	6 Dec. 97	.....	
125	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Alexander Robert Loftus-Totten- ham, J.P., B.A., Queen's Coll., Oxford.	22 Oct. 97	6 Dec. 97	.....	
126	1st L CAN 2d L TAM	.....	Alexander Fran- cis George Mos- cardi, J.P., Bal- liol Coll., Ox- ford and Uni- versity Coll., London.	23 Oct. 97	22 Nov. 97	27 July to 15 Oct. 03, Spl. leave.	
127	1st L MAL 2d L TAM	.....	Frederick Buis- son Evans, J.P., Trinity Coll., Oxford.	25 Oct. 98	5 Dec. 98	.....	

* Mr. Paddison's position will be regulated by the same

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
5 0 7	6 1 10	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—6th Jan. 1898.	On Spl. duty of pre- paring the Annual Admin. Report of the Madras Pry. for 1902-03.—28th Sep. 1903—MADRAS. Posted to Kistna Dist.
6 0 26	6 0 26	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 A 150 0 0 T 35 0 0 945 0 0	Spl. Settl. Officer, Godavari and Kistna and Spl. Asst. to the Collrs. of those Dists.—15th Sep. 1902.	Magt., 1st Class.
6 0 26	6 0 26	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—7th Jan. 1898.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— HOSPET.	Magt., 1st Class.
6 0 26	6 0 26	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—7th Jan. 1898.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.—CALICUT.	Magt., 1st Class.
5 10 19	6 1 9	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—12th Jan. 1898.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— TIRUPPATTUR.	Magt., 1st Class.
5 0 27	5 0 27	P 560 0 0 A A 293 5 4 853 5 4	Asst. Collr.—Ag. Under Secy. to Govt. Rev. Dept.—11th Nov. 1903—MADRAS.	

rule as is prescribed for Mr. Burn (pages 46 and 47).

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
128	1st L TAM 2nd L TEL	.....	Frederick John Richards, M.A., Exeter Coll., Oxford.	25 Oct. 98	5 Dec. 98	26 Aug. 02 to 19 Apl. 03, Medl. Cert.
129	1st L TAM 2nd L TEL	.....	Charles Alexan- der Innes, St. John's Coll., Oxford.†	26 Oct. 98	5 Dec. 98	.....
130	1st L TEL 2nd L CAN	.....	Hugh Rosser Bardswell, M.A., J. P., Lincoln Coll., Oxford.	27 Oct. 98	15 Dec. 98	.....
131	1st L TAM	.....	Richard Arthur Jenkins, B.A., Coll., Oxford, and University Coll., London.	25 Oct. 98	21 Nov. 98	13 June to 10 Dec. 00, Spl. leave 24 June 03, Furl. on Medl. Cert. Leave expires, 8 Apl. 04.
132	1st L TAM 2nd L TEL	.....	Frederick Rick- etts Heming- way, B.A., New Coll., Oxford.	27 Oct. 98	5 Dec. 98	27 June 01 to 5 Oct. 02, Medl. Cert.
133	1st L TEL 2nd L URIYA.	.....	Harold Anselm Bellamy Vernon, St. John's Coll., Oxford.	25 Oct. 98	8 Dec. 98	.....

† His place in the Gradation List of the Indian Civil Service shall be taken to be that of an Ag. Head Asst. Collector, and those who have been passed over for promotion do not occupy lower posts positioned in the regular line shall be taken as that of an Ag. Head Asst. Collector.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
4 5 2	5 0 27	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—16th Jan. 1899.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.—Hosur.	Magt., 1st Class.
5 0 27	4 11 27	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 S A 100 0 0 T 35 0 0 895 0 0	Spl. Asst. Settlt. Officer, Malabar, for 3 years, and Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of that Dist.—1st March 1901.	Magt., 1st Class.
5 0 17	5 0 17	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.— 26th Jan. 1899.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— RANIPETTAI.	Magt., 1st Class.
4 1 5	5 1 10	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9 ABS A 290 5 2 Subject to a mini- mum of £500 a year.	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—1st Feb. 1899.	Magt., 1st Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard. On Priv. leave for 2 months and 15 days from 9th Apl. 1903 and Furl. on Medl. Cert. for 9 months and 15 days from 24th June 1903.
3 9 18	5 0 27	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt. —SHERMADEVI.	Magt., 1st Class. Placed on Spl. duty as Asst. to the Supt. of Gazetteer Revi- sion.
5 0 24	5 0 24	P 560 0 0 A A 426 10 8 986 10 8	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—1st Feb. 1899.—Ag. Dy. Commr. of Salt, Abkari & Customs Dept., C. Divn.—6th Augt. 1903—MADRAS.	

be that of a permanent Asst., but if all the officers above him with the exception of those than Ag. Hd. Asst. Collr., and if an officer junior to him is acting as Head Asst. Collr., his

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
134	1stLTAM 2ndLTSL	Hindu- stani High Profy.	Frank Hannyng- ton, B.A., Trinity College, Dublin.	30 Dec. 98	30 Jan. 99	.....
135	1stL CAN 2ndLTSL	San. High Profy.	Thomas Eyebrow Moir, Wadham Coll., Oxford. †	19 Nov. 98	26 Dec. 98	.....
136	1stLTAM 2nd L MAL.	.....	Charles William Egerton Cotton, J. P. University Coll., Oxford.	26 Oct. 98	8 Dec. 98	.....
137	1stLTAM 2nd L MAL.	.....	Henry D'Arcy Cornelius Reilly, J. P., Corpus Christi College, Oxford.	23 Oct. 99	20 Nov. 99	13 Apl. to 15 Oct. 02, Medl. Cert.
138	1stLTSL 2nd L URIYA	Spl. Test Uriya.	Cecil Bernard Cotterell, Balliol College, Oxford.	21 Oct. 99	16 Nov. 99	29 July to 29 Oct. 03 Spl. leave.

† Vide note † in pages 56 and 57.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st from date	Total Service Jan. 1904 of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
4 11 2	4 11 2	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—29th Feb. 1899.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.—OORACA- MUND.	Magt., 1st Class.
5 0 6	5 0 6	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 S A 100 0 0 T 35 0 0 895 0 0	Spl. Asst. Settl. Officer, S. Canara, and Spl. Asst. to the Collr. of that Dist. for 3 years.—16th Mar. 1901.	Magt., 1st Class.
5 0 24	5 0 24	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—30th Jan. 1899.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.—6th May 1903.—PALGHAT.	Magt., 1st Class.
3 7 8	4 1 11	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—1st Feb. 1900.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— TINDIVANAM.	Magt., 1st Class. Posted to Coondapoor Divn.
3 10 12	4 1 15	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 9 D A 152 0 0 912 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—11th Feb. 1900.	On Spl. duty for 7 months for the Settl. and demarca- tion of the boundary between the Goom- sur Taluk and the Tributary States of Dasapalla and Naya- garh in Orissa.— 13th Nov. 1903.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
139	1st L MAL 2nd L TAM	.....	Gilbert Hollins- head Blomfield Jackson, J. P. Merton College, Oxford.	26 Oct. 99	5 Dec. 99	20 June to 7 Nov. 02. Medl. Cert.
140	1st L TAM 2nd L TEL	.....	Jotindra Nath Roy, Calcutta University and Christ Church, Oxford.	30 Oct. 99	25 Dec. 99	.....
141	1st L TEL 2nd L CAN.	.....	Arthur Joseph Curgon ven, B.Sc., London, New College, Oxford.	25 Oct. 99	16 Nov. 99	2 July to 21 Aug. 00, Medl. Cert. 22 Apl. to 24 July 03, Spl. leave.
142	1st L TAM 2nd L TEL	.....	John Reginald Huggins, Lin- coln Coll., Ox- ford.	23 Oct. 99	20 Dec. 99	.....
143	1st L TEL 2nd L TAM	.....	Eric Alan Davis, Magdalene Coll. Cambridge, and University Coll., London.	24 Oct. 99	5 Dec. 99	.....
144	1st L UNYA 2nd L TEL	.....	Pratap Chandra Dutt, Calcutta University and New Coll., Ox- ford.	23 Oct. 99	25 Dec. 99	.....

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
3 8 8	4 0 27	P 560 0 0 AA 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—1st Feb. 1900.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.—TINNE- VELLY.	Magt., 1st Class.
4 0 7	4 0 7	P 560 0 0 AA 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—1st Feb. 1900.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— COCANADA.	Magt., 1st Class.
3 8 22	4 1 15	P 560 0 0 AA 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—30th Jan. 1900.—Ag. Head Asst. Collr. and Magt.— COIMBATORE.	Magt., 1st Class.
4 0 12	4 0 12	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—30th Jan. 1900.—KORAPUT.	Magt., 1st Class.
4 0 27	4 0 27	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.— 27th Jan. 1900.	Magt., 1st Class. Doing duty as Asst. Supt. of Police, Godavari.—13th Mar. 1902—RAJAH- MUNDY.
4 0 7	4 0 7	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.— 3rd Feb. 1900—NARASA- PATNAM.	Magt., 1st Class.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
145	1st LTAM 2nd LTEL	.....	Ernst Pakenham Walsh, Dublin University.	14 Nov. 99	26 Dec. 99	19 Aug. to 11 Dec. 02, Spl. leave.
146	1st STAM	.....	Alexander Fo- thoringham, J. P., Emmanuel Coll., Cam- bridge.	13 Nov. 99	30 Dec. 99	26 Nov. 01 to 18 July 02, Medl. Cert.
147	1st L TEL 2nd LTAM	.....	Arthur Mario Agricola Collier Galletti di Cadilhac, † Trinity Coll., Oxford.	29 Oct. 00	10 Dec. 00	.....
148	1st LTAM 2nd LTEL	.....	John Chartres Molony, J. P., University of Dublin.	29 Oct. 00	3 Dec. 00	.....
149	1st LTAM 2nd LTEL	.....	David Thomas Ohadwick, † Sid- ney, Sussex Coll., Cambridge.	29 Oct. 00	3 Dec. 00	.....
150	1st L CAN 2nd LTAM	.....	Robert William Davies, Em- manuel Coll., Cambridge.	25 Oct. 00	3 Dec. 00	.....

† Vide note † in pages 56 and 57.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
3 8 13.	4 0 6.	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—26th Jan. 1900.—PENERKONDA.	Magt., 1st Class.
3 4 9	4 0 2	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—24th Jan. 1900.—MADRAS.	Magt., 1st Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard.
3 0 22	3 0 22	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 760 0 0	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—17th Jan. 1901—Ag. Asst. Secy. to Govt.—MADRAS.	Posted to Kistna Dist.
3 0 29	3 0 29	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—8th Jan. 1901.—BALLIGUDA.	Magt., 1st Class.
3 0 29	3 0 29	P 560 0 0 A 100 0 0 T 11 1 9 671 1 9	Spl. Asst. Settl. Officer, Malabar and Spl. Asst. to the Collr. of the Dist.— 5th May 1903.	Magt., 1st Class.
3 0 29	3 0 29	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9	Asst. Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr.— VIZAGAPATAM.	Magt., 1st Class.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
151	1st LTAM 2ndLCAN	.....	Richard French Lawrence Whitty, Jesus College, Cambridge.	29 Oct. 00	3 Dec. 00	.....
152	1st LTAM	.....	William Aitken- head Doig, B.A., University of Dublin.	29 Oct. 00	3 Dec. 00	.....
153	1stLTAM 2ndLTEL	.....	Rajappaya Na- rayana Aiyar, University of Madras and King's Coll., Cambridge.	5 Nov. 00	25 Dec. 00	.....
154	1st LTEL 2ndL URIYA	.....	Harold Hamilton Burkitt, B.A., University of Dublin.	31 Oct. 00	3 Dec. 00	.....
155	2ndL URIYA	.....	Frederick Wil- liam Rowntree Robertson, University of London and St. John's Coll., Cambridge.	25 Oct. 00	3 Dec. 00	.....

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
3 0 29	3 0 29	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—10th Jan. 1901.—SALEM.	Magt., 1st Class.
3 0 29	3 0 29	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—29th Dec. 1900.	Magt., 1st Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard. Posted to S. Canara.
3 0 7	3 0 7	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—7th Jan. 1901.—SALEM.	Magt., 1st Class.
3 0 29	3 0 29	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—26th Dec. 1900.—CHATRAPUR.	Magt., 1st Class.
3 0 29	3 0 29	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—29th Dec. 1900.—PARVATIPURAM.	Magt., 1st Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard. Posted to Kristna Dist.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
156	1st L TEL 2nd L TAM	.....	Charles Alexander Souter, Edinburgh University, Caius Coll., Cambridge, and Uni- versity Coll., London.	21 Oct. 01	25 Dec. 01	.....
157	2nd L TEL	.....	Charles Gordon Mackay, M.A., Edinburgh University & Christ Church, Oxford.	29 Oct. 01	2 Dec. 01	.....
158	1st S TAM	.....	Henry Hervey Francis Mac- donald Tyler, Selwyn Coll., Cambridge.	5 Nov. 01	2 Dec. 01	.....
159	1st L TAM	.....	John Kenneth Lancashire, Bra- senose Coll., Oxford.	29 Oct. 01	2 Dec. 01	.....
160	1st S TEL	.....	Hari Ganpat Rao Gharpurey, M.A., Calcutta Uni- versity, and St. John's Coll., Cambridge.	28 Oct. 01	23 Dec. 01	12 May to 11 June 02, Leave without allces.
161	1st L TAM 2nd L TEL.	.....	William Gregg McFarland, University of Dublin.	24 Oct. 01	25 Nov. 01	.....

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1904 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 2 0 7	y. m. d. 2 0 7	Rs. a. p. P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—9th Jan. 1902.—COCANADA.	Magt., 1st Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard.
2 1 0	2 1 0	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—2nd Jan. 1902.—MADURA.	Magt., 1st Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard.
2 1 0	2 1 0	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—2nd Jan. 1902.—CHITTOOR.	Magt., 1st Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard.
2 1 0	2 1 0	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—26th May 1903.—CALICUT.	Magt., 1st Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard.
1 11 9	2 0 9	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—8th Jan. 1902.—TANJORE.	Magt., 2nd Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard.
2 1 0	2 1 0	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9 571 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.— 8th Dec. 1901—TRICHINO- POLY.	Magt., 1st Class.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and now on leave, date expiry of leave.
164	1st L TEL 2nd L CAN	2nd L CAN	Hugh Tempest Reilly, St. John's Coll., Oxford and University Coll., London.	23 Oct. 01	20 Dec. 01	.....
163	1st S TAM	.....	John Frederick Graham, Tri- nity Coll., Dublin.	25 Oct. 02	1 Dec. 02	.....
164	1st S TAM	.....	George Archibald Douglas Stuart, Emmanuel, Cambridge.	23 Oct. 02	26 Nov. 02	.....
165	.....	.....	Joseph William Bhore, B.A., Bombay, Uni- versity Coll., London.	22 Oct. 02	13 Dec. 02	.....
166	.....	.....	Frank Noyce, St. Catharine's Cambridge.	24 Oct. 02	1 Dec. 02	.....

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st from date	Total Service Jan. 1904 of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 2 0 12	y. m. d. 2 0 12	Rs. a. p. P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—7th Jan. 1902.—BELLARY.	Magt., 1st Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard.
1 1 0	1 1 0	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—18th Dec. 1902.—CUDDALORE.	Magt., 2nd Class. Passed Lower Stand- ard.
1 1 5	1 1 5	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—18th Dec. 1902.—SAIDAPET.	Magt., 3rd Class. Posted to Nellore Dist.
1 0 19	1 0 19	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt., Kistna.—30th Dec. 1902— MASULIPATAM.	Magt., 3rd Class.
1 1 0	1 1 0	P 385 0 0 T 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. Collr. and Magt.—20th Dec. 1902.—BELLARY.	Magt., 3rd Class.

1 No.	2 guagos passed.	3 Rowards in Lan- guages.	4 NAMES.	5 Commence- ment of Service.	6 Date of Arrival.	7 Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
167	1st 8 Tam	.....	Alexander Ran- ken Cox, Em- manuel Cam- bridge.	22 Oct. 02	31 Dec. 02	.....
168			Geoffrey Thomas Hirst Braeken.	.....	30 Nov. 03	.....
169			Maurice Gaskell Sykes.	.....	7 Dec. 03	.....
170			Robert Hawkes Ellis.	.....	20 Nov. 03	.....
171			John Charles Hill Fowler.	.....	27 Nov. 03	.....
172			Charles D'Arcy Crofton.	.....	1 Dec. 03	.....

8 Actual Service up to 1st from date	9 Total Service Jan. 1904 of arrival	10 Salary and Allowances.	11 Appointments—Stations.	12 Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
1 0 1	1 0 1	P 885 0 0 r 11 1 9 896 1 9	Asss. Collr. and Magt., Coimbatore.—23rd Jany. 1903.—COIMBATORE.	Magt., 3rd Class.
0 1 1	0 1 1	P 400 0 0	.....	
0 0 25	0 0 25	P 400 0 0	.....	
0 1 1	0 1 1	P 400 0 0	.....	
0 1 4	0 1 4	P 400 0 0	.....	
0 1 0	0 1 0	P 400 0 0	.....	

DEPUTY

Col. 2—The languages—Tam., Tel., Mal., Can. and Uriya

(a) If printed in *NONFAMIL FRENCH CLARENDON*, indicate a pass by the full test the compulsory Ver. Test for Dy. Collrs., published on page 69 of Part I

(b) If printed in *Italics*, indicate a pass in reading MSS. only in the language

(c) If printed in *Brevier*, indicate merely a knowledge of the language or

Col. 3—The letters Ex. S. affixed to a name printed in *Brevier Antique No.* motion to listed posts over other equally qualified members of the Deputy Collectors on General duties draw tentage allowance of Rs. 11-1-0.

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Date of promotion to present grade.	District.
		FIRST GRADE—No. 2(b).—Pay Rs. 700.		
1	Tam. Mal.	Raghunatha Rao Ramachandra Rao, B.A., Ex.-S. §	17 Mar. 1901	Bellary ...
2	TEL. TAM. Can. Hin.	William Charles McMurray §, J.P.	1 Apl. 1902	Nilgiris. ...
		SECOND GRADE—No. 5.—Pay Rs. 600.		
1	...	Frank Dacomb Bird (<i>Bar-at-Law</i>).†	6 Apl. 1898	Coimbatore ...
2	Tel.	Mundkur Srinivasa Rao, B.A., B.L. §	15 Dec. 1900	Coimbatore ...
3	Tam. MAL.	Varada Rajagopala Chari, B.A., B.L., Diwan Bahadur. §	17 Mar. 1901	Madras ...
4	TEL. Tam.	P. S. Ganapati Aiyar, B.A. §	1 Apl. 1902	Chinglepnt ...
5	Tam.	Tiruvapur Venkachi Aiyar Narayanaswami Aiyar. §	4 Apl. 1902	N. Arcot ...
		THIRD GRADE—No. 15(a).—Pay Rs. 500.		
1	Tam. Tel. Can. Hin. Per.	Saiyid Kadir Badsha Sahib §	5 May 1896	N. Arcot ...
2	Hin.	Muhammad Kadir Navaz Khan Sahib, Khan Bahadur §	29 June 1896	Kurnool ...

(a) To this Grade, four appointments have been added as representing the same Civil Service, with reference to Notification, dated 16th Dec. 1902, in the *Fort St.*

(b) To this Grade, one appointment has been added as representing the same with reference to the above mentioned note.

COLLECTOR.

in the language or languages specified as prescribed in the Notification regarding of the *Fort Saint George Gazette*, dated 3rd February 1891.
or languages specified as prescribed in the Notification above referred to.
languages specified.

6 indicate Ex. Statutory Civilians having *ceteris paribus* a preferential claim to provincial Service.
per mensem.

Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Genl. duty ...	Bellary.	
Try ...	Ootacamund.	
Genl. duty ...	Coimbatore.	
Try ...	Coimbatore.	
.....	Madras ...	Asst. Supt. of Stamps and Stationery.
Try ...	Saidapet ...	Fellow of the Madras University.
Genl. duty ...	Arni.	
Try ...	Chittoor.	
Genl. duty ..	Kurnool.	

number of appts. of Head Asst. Collr., now treated as open to the Madras Provl. *George Gazette* of the 17th Jan. 1893, Part I, page 40.

Number of appts. of Sub-Collr., now treated as open to the Madras Provl. Service

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Date of promotion to present grade	District.
THIRD GRADE—concl'd.				
8	Mal.	Taravatur Gopalan Nayar, B.A., B.L.†	1 Apl. 1898	.....
4	Tel. Can.	Tumparti Rama Rao, B.A., Rao Bahadur. §	9 Nov. 1898	N. Arcot ...
...	Tel.	Siram Venkataramadas Nayudu, B.A., B.L., § Diwan Bahadur. (Seconded)	1 Apl. 1899	.....
5	Tel. Uriya. Khond. Tam. and Hin. Tam.	James Thomas Lever * §	1 Apl. 1899	Malabar ...
6		T. Sundara Rao, B.A. §	1 Apl. 1899	Trichinopoly...
7	TEL.	T. N. Ramachandra Aiyar, B.A. §	1 July 1899	Tanjore ...
8	Tel.	Tanikella Jagannadham Pantulu §	1 Apl. 1900	Ganjam ...
9	Tel.	Echambadi Srinivasa Chari §	15 Dec. 1900	Vizagapatam.
10	.....	Palle Krishna Rao, B.A., B.L. §	29 May 1901	Coimbatore ...
...	Tam. TEL.	Sami Swaminatha Aiyar, B.A., Diwan Bahadur. § (Seconded.)	1 Apl. 1902	.....
11	Mal. TAM.	Vappalakalathil Chappan Menon, B.A. §	4 Apl. 1902	Coimbatore ...
12	TAM. MAL.	L. D. Swamikanna Pillai, M.A., B.L. (Madras), LL. B. (Lond.) §	4 May 1902	Madras ...
...	TAM. MAL.	Edmund Alexander Smith § (Seconded.)	4 May 1902	.....
13	H. S. Tam. Mal.	James Robert Coombes, B.A. §	4 May 1902	Madras ...
14	H. S. Tel.	Charles Gahan, B.A. §	5 Jan. 1903	.....
15	...	Vacant.		
FOURTH GRADE—No. 22—Pay Rs. 400.				
1	Tam.	Venkatarama Subbaiyar, B.A. §	1 Apl. 1896	Tinnevely ...

Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
.....	.....	On Priv. leave for 1 month and 23 days, from 1st Apl. 1902 and leave on Medl. Cert. for 1 year and 3 months, from 24th May 1902. Exten for 4 months. —Permitted to return to duty.
Genl. duty ...	Chittoor.	
.....	.....	Fellow of the Madras University. On other duty as Dewan in Pudukkottai State.
Genl. duty ...	Manantoddy ...	Draws also L. A. Rs. 150.
Try.	Trichinopoly.	
Try.	Tanjore.	
Try.	Chatrapur.	
Try.	Vizagapatam.	
Genl. duty ...	Kollegal ...	Dist. Munsif, Kollegal. Draws also Local Allce. of Rs. 100. On priv. leave for 6 weeks from 23rd Nov. 1903.
.....	Chittoor ...	On other duty as Regulation Collr.
Genl. duty ...	Erode.	
.....	Madras ...	Asst Secy., Bd. of Rev., Land Rev. Dept.—Draws also L. A. Rs. 200.
.....	.....	Forest Settl. Officer, Nellore, &c., Dists.
.....	Madras ...	Draws also Income Tax Allce. of Rs. 100.
.....	Madras ...	3rd Presy. Magt.—Draws also Local Allce. of Rs. 100.
Try.	Palancottah.	

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Date of promotion to present grade	District.
FOURTH GRADE—concl'd.				
2	TEL. CAN.	R. Govinda Rao Nayudu §	9 Nov. 1898	Ganjam ...
3	MAL. Tam.	T. Gopalaswami Aiyar, B.A. §	1 Apl. 1899	S. Arcot ...
4	URITA Tel.	B. Narayanamurti Pantulu, Rao Bahadur. §	1 July 1899	Vizagapatam...
5	TAM. Tel.	P. Rajaratna Mudaliyar, B.A. §	21 Apl. 1900	.....
6	TAM. MAL.	M. Ravi Varma Raja, M.A. §	17 Mar. 1901	Tanjore ...
7	.....	C. J. M. Blake §	2 May 1901	} Bellary ...
8	TEL. Tam.	T. Raghavayya, B.A., Rao Sahib §	* 2 May 1902	
9	TEL. Tam.	S. M. Vapuchi Maricayar Usman Sahib Bahadur, B.A., B.L. §	30 Apl. 1901	Nellore ...
10	Tam. TEL.	S. Soundararaja Aiyangar, B.A. §	24 May 1901	Chingleput ...
...	Tel. TAM.	V. Parthasaradhi Chetti, B.A.† (Seconded).	29 May 1901	Tanjore ...
11	TEL. CAN.	P. Sita Rao Pantulu §	1 June 1901	.....
12	CAN. Tel.	J. Ramayya Pantulu, B.A., B.L. §	22 June 1901	.....
13	SH. Tel. HS. Tam.	Arthur Cardozo Woodhouse §	1 Apl. 1902	Cuddapah ...
...	TEL. TAM. Per. & Hin.	Muhammad Sufdar Hussain Sahib Bahadur, M.B.A.S. § (Seconded).	4 Apl. 1902	Godavari ...
14	TEL. Tam.	O. Hanumanta Rao, B.A., B.L. §	4 May 1902	Madras ...
15	TEL. TAM.	N.S. Somasundara Sastri, B.A. §	4 May 1902	Malabar ...
16	CAN. Tam.	P. Duraiswami Aiyangar, B.A. §	4 May 1902	Kistna ...
17	TEL. Tam.	O. Subramanya Aiyar §	4 May 1902	Kurnool ...
18	Tam. TEL.	P. Sivarama Aiyar §	17 July 1902	S. Arcot ...
19	TAM. Mal.	A. Ramacha Nedungadi, B.A., B.L. §	5 Jan. 1903	Chingleput ...
20	URITA Tel.	K. Narasimha Rao Pantulu §	1 Apl. 1903	Tanjore ...
21	TEL. Can.	P. Sitaramayya, M.A. §	1 Apl. 1903	Godavari ...
22	...	Vacant.	21 Oct. 1903	Salem ...

* Date of confirmation in the 4th Grade.

Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Genl. duty	... Russellkonda...	
Try.	... Cuddalore.	
Genl. duty	... Vizagapatam.	
.....	Madras	4th Presy. Magt., Madras.—Draws also Local Allee. of Rs. 100.
Genl. duty	... Mayavaram	
do.	... Bellary.	
do.	... Gudur	On Priv. leave for 6 weeks from 16th Nov. 1903.
do.	... Saidapet.	
do.	... Pattukottai.	
.....	.....	On Foreign Service.
.....	.....	On Spl. duty for the acquisition of lands for the Azhikkal-Mangalore Railway. Granted priv. leave for 6 weeks.
Genl. duty	... Jammalamadugu.	
do.	... Rajahmundry. (Polavaram Divn.)	Draws also L. A. Rs. 100.
.....	.....	Rev. Officer, Madras Municipality.
Genl. duty	... Cochin	Sub-Judge, Cochin.
Try.	... Masulipatam.	
Try.	... Kurnool.	
Genl. duty	... Chidambaram.	
do.	... Saidapet.	
do.	... Tanjore.	
Try.	... Cocanada.	
do.	... Salem.	

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Date of promotion to present grade	District.
		FIFTH GRADE—No. 17 (a)—Pay Rs. 300.		
1	TEL. Tam.	C. Krishnaswami Nayudu §	29 May 1901	Trichinopoly...
2	TAM. TEL.	C. Rustum Sing, Rao Bahadur §	1 June 1901	S. Arcot ...
3	TAM. TEL.	K. V. Srinivasa Aiyangar, B.A. §	22 June 1901	Anantapur ...
4	Tel. CAN.	Joshua Williams, B.A. §	18 July 1901	Nellore ...
...	TAM. Can.	P. S. Singaravelu Pillai §	1 Apl. 1902	.....
5	HS. Tam. } HS. Tel. }	W. S. Marshall (Seconded).	1 Apl. 1902	Salem ...
6	TEL. TAM.	T. Vijayaraghava Charya, M.A. §	4 Apl. 1902	Salem ...
7	TAM. TEL.	Mir Sultan Muhi-ud-din Sahib Bahadur §	4 May 1902	Trichinopoly...
8	TAM. Mal.	G. T. Vurgese, B.A., Rao Bahadur. §	4 May 1902	Malabar
9	Tel. T. M.	M. V. Narayanaswami Pillai, B.A. §	4 May 1902	Anantapur ...
10	.....	V. Ramaswami Aiyar §	4 May 1902	Nellore ...
...	Mal. TAM.	C. Gopalan Nayar (Seconded.)	4 May 1902	.....
11	TEL. TAM.	Mahdi Husain Sahib Bahadur §	17 July 1902	Tanjore ...
12	Tam. TEL.	M. Tirumalai Pillai, B.A.	.....	.....
13	TEL. Tam.	T. V. Gopalaswami Aiyar, B.A.	5 Jan. 1903	Trichinopoly...
14	TEL. Tam.	V. Ramachandra Rao	1 Apl. 1903	S. Canara ...
15	.....	T. N. Sivagnanam Pillai, B.A.	1 Apl. 1903	.....
16	Mal.	P. Narayana Menon, B.A. §	21 Augt. 1903	Tanjore ...
17	CAN. TAM.	A. Upendra Pai, B.A. §	21 Oct. 1903	Madura ...

(a) To this Grade one appointment has been added as representing the same number with reference to Notification, dated 16th Dec. 1892, in the Fort St. George

Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Genl. duty ...	Trichinopoly...	Granted priv. leave for 4 weeks.
do. ...	Cuddalore.	
Try. ...	Anantapur.	
Genl. duty ...	Nellore.	
.....	.....	Spl. Forest Settl. Officer, Trichinopoly, &c., Dist.
Genl. duty ...	Salem.	
do. ...	Namakkal ...	On Priv. leave for 2 months and 19 days, from 8th Dec. 1903.
do. ...	Ariyalur ...	Fellow of the Madras University.
Try. ...	Calicut ...	L. A. Rs. 100.
Genl. duty ...	.....	
do. ...	Atmakur.	
.....	.....	Draws also Spl. Addl. allee. of Rs. 100. Postel to Malabar, General Duty.
Genl. duty ...	Mannargudi.	
.....	.....	On Priv. leave for 3 months, from 13th Jan. 1903 and Furlo. for 6 months, from 13th Apl. 1903.—Exten. for 3 months.
Genl. duty ...	Trichinopoly.	
Try. ...	Mangalore.	
.....	.....	Ag. 2nd Asst., Rev. Sect.
Genl. duty ...	Tanjore ...	On probation. Assisting in the work of the Impl. Gazetteer.
do. ...	Madura	

ber of appts. of Asst. Collr., now treated as open to the Madras Provl. Civil Gazette of the 17th Jan 1893, Part I, page 40.

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Date of promotion to present grade	District.
		SIXTH GRADE—No. 18.—Pay Rs. 250.		
1	TEL.	Rafi-ul-mulk Sahib Bahadur §...	25 Mar. 1902	Nellore ...
2	Tam. TEL.	R. Sundaresa Mudaliyar, B.A. §	4 Apl. 1902	Madura ...
3	TEL. Can. TAM.	U. Rama Rao, B.A. §	11 Apl. 1902	Godavari ...
4	TEL. Uriya.	S. Lakshminarasimha Rao Pantulu, §	4 May 1902	Ganjam ...
5	MAL. Can.	R. Rama Rao, §	4 May 1902	S. Canara ...
6	Tel. Tam.	M. Arumukham Pillai, Rao Bahadur, §	4 May 1902	Tanjore ...
7	Tam. Can.	M. S. Mascarenhas, B.A. ...	7 May 1902	N. Arcot ...
8	.....	K. Vijayaraghava Chari, M.A.,	17 July 1902	Kurnool ...
9	TEL. URITA	P. Srikrishnulu Patralu, B.A.	21 Oct. 1902	Ganjam ...
10	TEL. Tam.	T. V. Srinivasa Aiyar, B.A., §	5 Jan. 1903	Madura ...
11	.....	P. Nagesa Rao Pantulu §	21 Aug. 1903	Kistna ...
12	Tel. CAN.	K. Vasanta Rao §	1 Apl. 1903	.....
13	.....	L. A. Cammiade §	22 July 1903	Tinnevelly ...
14	Tel. URITA.	K. Narasimham Pantulu, B.A., §	21 Oct. 1903	Godavari ...
15	Tel.	P. Acharyulu Pantulu, §	.....	Kurnool ...
16	TEL. Tam.	S. P. Ranga Chari, B.A., B.L. §	22 Apl. 1901	Tinnevelly ...
17	Mal.	O. S. Anantarama Aiyar B.A.†...	4 Apl. 1902	Chingleput ...
18	.....	V. T. Krishnama Chari, B.A., B.L.†	12 Apl. 1903	S. Canara ...

Magistrate, 1st Class.

Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Try.	Nellore.	
Genl. duty	Madura.	
do.	Cocanada.	Granted priv. leave for 15 days.
do.	Chatrapur.	
.....	.....	On Spl. Settl. work in S. Canara.—Draws also Spl. Addl. Allee. of Rs. 100.
Genl. duty	Tanjore.	
Spl. duty	.....	On priv. leave for 1 month from 1st Dec. 1903.
do.	Kurnool	For the Cuddapah—Kurnool Canal.
do.	.....	
do.	.....	For Inam Enfranchisement.
Genl. duty	Masulipatam.	G. O., No. 1480 Rev. Mis., dated 23rd June 1903. Appd. to Spl. duty in connection with the Tungabhadra Project investigation.
.....	.....	Appd. to Spl. duty in connection with the Tungabhadra project investigation.
do.	.....	On probation for 2 years.
Spl. duty	.....	For the enfranchisement of village Service Inams in Proprietary Estates.
Genl. duty	Kurnool.....	Also to be in charge of Try., Kurnool.
do.	Tinnevelly	On probation for 2 years. Proby. period extended until the result of the Rev. Higher Gr. Examin. to be held in Oct. 1903 is known.
do.	Saidapet	On probation for 2 years.
do.	Mangalore	On probation for 2 years.

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Date of joining Special Appointment.	Salary.
		DEPUTY COLLECTORS, SUB <i>pro tem</i> .		Rs.
1	Tel. TAM	E. Sitarama Rao Nayudu, § Tahr., Gudur.	3 Jan. 1903	250
2	Tam.	Muhammad Yakub Sahib Bahadur, B.A., § Tahr., Atur.	8 Jan. 1903	250
3	Tam. ...	M. Srinivasa Aiyangar, § Tahr., Negapatam.	11 Jan. 1903	250
4	Tam. TEL.	A. Rajabadar Mudaliyar, B.A., § Tahr., Tiruvallur.	1 Feb. 1903	250
5	TEL. ...	Muhammad Bazlullah Sahib, Sahib Bahadur, B.A., § Huzur Shr., Bellary.	1 Apl. 1903	250
6	TAM. TE ...	M. Saketaram Nayudu, § Tahr., Periakulam.	20 June 1903	241-1-8

District.	Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Bellary ...	Try ...	Bellary.	Appd. to be Temp. Dy. Collr. on Spl. duty in connection with the Tungabhadra Project investigation.
Kurnool ...	Genl. duty ...	Markapur.	
Cuddapah ...	Try.	Cuddapah.	
Tinnevely ...	Spl. duty	.....	Special duty for enfranchisement of Village Service Inams in the Proprietary Estates.
S. Canara ...	Genl. duty ...	Mangalore ...	
Madura ...	Try.	Madura.	

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Date of joining Special Appointment	Salary.
DEPUTY COLLECTORS (ACTING AND SPECIAL.)				
1	Tam.	A. Vedachala Aiyar, § Huzur Shr., Salem.	10 Apl. 1901	Rs. 250
2	TEL. Tam.	K. Raghavendra Rao, B.A., Tahr., Tiruchengodu.	...	250
3	Can.	V. Rama Rao, § Tahr., Udipi	4 June 1901	250
4	TEL. Tam.	T. S. Chengalvaraya Aiyar, § B.A., Huzur Shr., S. Arcot.	6 July 1901	250
5	Tam. Mal.	J. L. Jacques, Huzur Shr., Malabar	9 Oct. 1901	250
6	...	Suryanarayana Prasad Rao Puntulu, B.A., Rao Bahadur, Huzur Shr., Vizagapatam.	...	250
7	Can. Tel.	S. Vasudeva Rao, B.A., § Tahr., Gooty	26 July 1902	250
8	...	P. Volayutham, B.A.	1 Dec. 1902	250
9	TAM. TEL.	A. Katchaposwara Aiyar, § Huzur Shr., Cuddapah.	23 Dec. 1902	250
10	...	K. Seshachalapathi Pentulu, B.A., § Tahr., Bapatla.	9 Jan. 1903	250
11	Tel.	A. V. Subbayya Chetti, B.A., § Huzur Shr., Anantapur.	5 Feb. 1903	250
12	Tam.	A. Nataraja Aiyar, B.A., § Tahr., Tinnavelly.	21 Feb. 1903.	250
13	...	K. Sitapati Rao, § Tahr., Nellore	23 Feb. 1903	250
14	...	P. S. Vasudeva Rao, B.A., Huzur Shr., Coimbatore.	17 Mar. 1903	250
15	...	R. Nagasundaram Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Tahr., Chidambaram.	4 Aug. 1903	250
16	...	T. Sessa Aiyar, § B.A., Huzur Shr., Tinnavelly.	13 May 1903	250
17	...	W. Nagabhushanam, § Ag. Huzur Shr., Godavari.	...	250
18	...	S. Ramayya, B.A., § Tahr., Kavali	...	250
19	...	B. S. Venkataramana Sarma, § Huzur Shr., N. Arcot.	...	250
20	...	S. N. V. Rajachar, Ag. Tahr., Conjeevaram.	6 Oct. 1903.	250
21	...	V. Narasinha Aiyangar, § Tahr., Erode.	21 Oct. 1903	250
22	...	S. A. Ramaswami Mudaliyar, Tahr., Tiruchengodu.	23 Nov. 1903	250

District.	Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Salem	Spl. duty	Salem	Spl. duty for acquisition of land required for Tirupattur-Krishnagiri and Morappur-Dharmapur Ry. feeder lines from 20th June 1903 (G. O., No. 1345 Rev., dated 5th June 1903.) On foreign service.
Malabar	Spl. duty	...	Draws also Spl. Addl. allice. of Rs. 100.
Vizagapatam	Spl. duty.	...	...
Malabar	Genl. duty	Calicut	Appd. to be Tempy Dy. Collr., Malabar (Spl. Settl. duty.) Also L.A. Rs. 100.
Ganjam	Spl. duty	...	Tempy.
Salem	Spl. duty	...	On. Spl. plague duty.
§. Canara	...	...	Tempy. In charge of Settl. Party, No. VI. Also L.A. Rs. 103.
Cuddapah	Genl. duty.	Cuddapah.	...
Kistna	do.	Narsaraopet.	...
Anantapur	Genl. duty	Anantapur.	...
Bellary	do.	...	Appd. to the Tempy. Dy. Collr. on Spl. duty in connection with the Tungabhadra Project investigation.
Godavari	do.	Narsapur.	...
Madura	Spl. duty	...	Tempy.
S. Arcot	Genl. duty	Tirakkoyilur.	...
S. Canara	do	...	...
Anantapur	do.	Anantapur	Tempy. Dy. Collr., Kistna, Genl. duty for 1 month.
Nellore	Genl. duty	Gudur.	...
...	...	...	Posted to Bellary, Genl. duty.
Kistna	do.	...	Tempy. for 2 months.
Coimbatore	Do.	Collegal	Ag. for P. Krishna Rao, B.A., B.L.,
Cuddapah	Do.	...	To act.

TAHSILDARS.

Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.	Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.
		Rs.			Rs.
ANANTAPUR.			ARCOT SOUTH. —concl'd.		
Tadpatri ...	M. Vijaya Raghavulu Nayudu ...	200	Vridhachalam.	T. Ramanjulu Nayudu (on dep.) ...	200
Gooty ...	S. Vasudeva Rao, B.A. (on dep.) ...	200		C. Krishnaswami Aiyar, Ag.	
	A. S. Ponnuswami Aiyar, B.A., Ag.		Kallakurchi ...	V. Murugesam Pillai, B.A. (on dep.) ...	150
Hindupur ...	A. S. Ponnuswami Aiyar, B.A. (on dep.) ...	175		A. S. Ramaswami Pillai, B.A., Ag.	
	G. Jagannayakulu Nayudu, B.A., Ag.		Tiruvannamalai.	A. S. Ramaswami Pillai, (on dep.) ...	150
Penukonda ...	V. Subbraya Mudaliyar	175		V. Rangaswami Aiyar, B.A., Ag.	
Anantapur ...	V. E. Sudarsana Mudaliyar (on dep.) ...	175	Tirukkoyilur...	M. Srinivasa Chari ...	200
	D. P. Basi Reddi, B.A., Ag.				
Dharmavaram.	E. N. Venkataperumal Nayudu, B.A. ...	150			
Kalyandrug ...	D. P. Basi Reddi, B.A. (on dep.) ...	150	BELLARY.		
	S. C. Srinivasa Chari, B.A., Ag.		Bellary ...	M. V. Chalapathi Nayudu, Rao Bahadur ...	225
Madakasira ...	G. Jagannayakulu Nayudu, B.A. (on dep.) ...	150	Adoni ...	P. Subroya Mudaliyar, Rao Bahadur ...	200
	C. Raghavendra Charlu, B.A., Ag.		Hospet ...	P. Rama Rao, Rao Bahadur ...	200
ARCOT, NORTH.			Alur ...	M. Sambasiva Rao Nayudu ...	175
Walajapet ...	C. Ramachandra Aiyar.	250	Rayadrug ...	A. Jannatha Rao Pant.	175
Arcot ...	A. Raju Mudaliyar ...	225	Hadagali ...	K. Ramakrishna Brahmam ...	150
Wandiwasli ...	T. M. Govinda Chariyar, B.A. ...	225		B. B. Narayana Chetti.	150
Gudiyatam ...	W. Ramalinga Mudaliyar ...	200	Harpanahalli..	C. Venkoba Rao, B.A....	150
Chittoor ...	T. Rajagopala Aiyangar, B.A., (on dep.)...	175	Kudligi ...		
	V. N. Tiruvengada Mudaliyar Ag.				
Vellore ...	M. Srinivasa Chariyar, B.A. ...	175	CANARA, SOUTH.		
Palmanér ...	V. N. Tiruvengada Mudaliyar (on dep.) ...	150	Mangalore ...	V. Rama Rao (on dep.)	225
	W. Jagannadali Mudaliyar, Ag.			B. Shivayya, Ag.	
Pólúr ...	A. Guanaswami Mudaliyar ...	150	Udipi ...	N. P. Fernandez ...	200
	V. N. Narasinga Rao, B.A. ...	150	Kasaragod ...	B. Babu Rao ...	200
Chendragiri ...			Uppinangadi...	Paul Castellino ...	175
ARCOT, SOUTH.			Coondupoor ...	M. Venkata Rao (on dep.) ...	150
Tindivanam ...	G.V. Ramachandra Rao.	250		Y. Ramakrishna Ayya, Ag.	
Chidambaram.	R. Nagasundaram Aiyar, B.A., B.L. (on dep.)	225	CHINGLEPUT.		
	T. Ramanjulu Nayudu, Ag.		Madurantakam	V. Damodara Mudaliyar, B.A. ...	225
Villupuram ...	S. Pampapati Sastri, Rao Bahadur ...	225	Conjeeveram...	P. Seshagiri Rao, B.A....	200
Cuddalore ...	C. Krishnaswami Aiyar (on dep.) ...	200	Saidapet ...	S. N. V. Raja Chari, B.A. (on dep.) ...	175
	C. S. Sivarama Krishna Sarma, B.A., B.L., Ag.			M. Sanjivi Nayudu Ag.	

Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.	Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.
		Rs.			Rs.
CHINGLEPUT— concl'd.			GODAVARI— concl'd.		
Tiruvallur ...	A. Rajabahadur Mudaliyar, B.A. (on dep.) ...	150	Narsapur ...	Y. Venkata Rao, B.A. (on dep.) ...	225
	A. Ramachandra Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Ag.			Saiyid Vaziruddin, Ag.	
Chingleput ...	R. Shadagopa Aiyangar, B.A. (on dep.) ...	150	Amalapuram...	S. Narasimham Nayudu.	200
	S. Anantanarayana Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Ag.		Tanuku ...	Saiyid Vaziruddin (on dep.) ...	200
Ponneri ...	M. Sanjivi Nayudu (on dep.) ...	150		A. Appa Rao, Ag.	
	D. B. Venkata Subba Rao, Ag.		Bhadrachalam.	Muhammad Ibrahim	175
COIMBATORE.			Bhimavaram...	A. Appa Rao ...	175
Erode ...	V. Narasimha Aiyangar ...	250	Ellore ...	S. Srinivasa Rao, B.A.	175
Palladam ...	T. M. Sundaram Pillai.	225	Rajahmundry.	L. Venkata Krishnayya.	175
Coimbatore ...	E. T. Vedanayagam Pillai ...	200	Peddapuram ...	H. A. Walford, (on dep.)	150
	Andrew Lazarus ...	200		K. Raja Gopala Rao, B.A., Ag.	
Dharapuram...	C. Rajagopala Chariyar ...	150	Yernagudem ..	Muhammad Ali Sahib.	150
Kollegal ...	S. Krishnayyar ...	200	Cocanada ...	D. Umamaheswara Rao, B.A. ...	150
Satyamangalam.	R. Srinivasa Aiyar ...	175	KISTNA.		
Karur ...	Mir Muhammad Ghouse Sahib ...	175	Tenalli ...	P. Acharyulu Pantulu.	250
Pollachi ...	T. A. Kalikavala Perumal Pillai ...	175	Bapatla ...	K. Seshachalapati Pantulu, B.A. ...	225
Udamalpet ...	V. V. Ramasubbayya...	150	Gudivada ...	T. Balaji Rao Nayudu.	225
Bhavani ...			Guntur ...	M. Mukkanteswaradu.	200
CUDDAPAH.			Narsaraopet ...	S. Kuppuswami Chetti, B.A. ...	200
Proddatur ...	T. Vasudeva Rao, B.A.	150	Palnad ...	M. Subba Rao Pantulu, B.A. ...	200
Pullampett ...	S. Srinivasa Charlu ...	200	Bandar ...	T. Raghava Rao Pantulu, B.A. ...	175
Kadiri ...	C. Krishnamurti Nayudu ...	225	Sattenapalli ...	V. Dakshinamurti Pantulu, B.A. ...	175
Vayalpad ...	J. Narayana Reddi, B.A. ...	200	Bezpada ...	G. Ekambarayya, B.A.	175
Madanapalle...	V. Seshayya ...	175	Nandigama ...	V. Pattabiramayya Pantulu ...	150
Jammalamadugu.	G. Surya Narayana Nayudu ...	175	Nuzvid ...	S. Bramanandam Nayudu, B.A. ...	150
Cuddapah ...	G. Narayanayya, B.A....	200	Vinukonda ...	T. Vasudevamurti Pantulu ...	150
Royachoti ...	A. Krishnaswami Nayudu ...	150	KURNOOL.		
Pulivendla ...	K. Madhava Rao ...	175	Koilkuntla ...	A. V. Singaravelu Mudaliyar ...	225
Badvel ...	C. Ramanjulu Nayudu.	150	Ramallakot ...	Y. Narayana Rao ...	200
Sidhout ...	M. Subramanya Ayya.	150	Nandyal ...	Y. Venkataramanjulu Nayudu ...	200
GANJAM.			Pattikonda ...	K. Padmanabhulu Nayudu, B.A. ...	175
Berhampore...	A. Kameswara Rao Nayudu ...	200	Nandikotkur...	M. Bahuddin Sahib ...	175
Goonsur ...	N. Venkata Rao Pantulu ...	175	Sirvel ...	P. Rajagopal Nayudu.	150
Chicacole ...	U. V. Gopala Rao Pantulu ...	150	Cumbum ...	A. Duraiswami Aiyar, B.A. ...	150
GODAVARI.			Markapur ...	M. Suryanarayana Rao.	150
Ramachandrapuram.	K. Narasimham, B.A. (on dep.) ...	250	MADRAS.		
	Y. Venkata Rao, B.A., Ag.		Madras ...	S. Govintha Aiyangar, B.A., Conveyance allowance ...	40

Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.	Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.
MADURA.		Rs.	SALEM— concltd.		Rs.
Madura ..	P. Venkateswara Aiyar.	225	Tiruchengodu.	S. A. Ramaswami	225
Dindigul ..	S. Rangaswami Aiyangar, B.A., (on dep.)...	200		Mudaliyar (on dep.)	
	A. R. Rajagopala Chettiar, B.A., Ag.			A. Pushpanatha Pillai, B.A., Ag.	
Tirumangalam	S. Nagaswami Aiyar, B.A.	200	Hosur ..	J. Ramachandra Rao (on dep.)	200
Melur ..	J. Ganapathi Pillai, B.A., Sub. pro tem.	200		T. N. Ramachandra Rao, B.A., Ag.	
Palni ..	M. R. Govinda Rao ..	150	Atur ..	A. Pushpanatha Pillai, B.A. (on dep.)	200
Periyakulam	M. Saketharam Nayudu.	150		S. R. Venkatarayulu Nayudu, Ag.	
MALABAR.			Krishnagiri ..	E. Venkata Subbayar, B.A.	175
Ponani ..	P. Rama Aiyar ..	250	Uttankarai ..	T. N. Ramachandra Rao	175
Ernad ..	S. Ramachandra Aiyar, B.A.	200	Dharmapuri ..	R. V. Krishnaswami Aiyar	150
Kurumbanad.	K. Govinda Menon, B.A.	175		S. R. Venkatarayulu Nayudu	150
Palghat ..	S. Ananta Pattar ..	225	Tirupatur ..		
Walavanad ..	A. Chandu Nambiyar...	200			
Wynaad ..	P. Kunhayyan ..	200			
Calicut ..	P. Sukumaran ..	175			
Chirakkal ..	K. R. Narayana Aiyar.	175	TANJORE.		
Kottayam ..	C. Karunakaran ..	150			
NELLORE.			Kumbakonam.	C. K. Srinivasa Aiyangar	250
Nellore ..	K. Sithapathi Rao, (on dep.)	250	Nannilam ..	V. S. Sambasiva Aiyar	250
	S. V. Subbarayudu, Ag.		Negapatam ..	S. Kalyanaram Aiyar, B.A.	250
Gudur ..	E. Sitharama Nayudu, B.A., (on dep.)	225	Tanjore ..	Mir Abbas Ali Sahib, Bahadur	250
	M. Kuppuswami Chetty, B.A., Ag.		Mayavaram ..	L. V. Varadaraja Sarma, B.A., B.L.	200
Ongolo ..	S. V. Subbarayudu ..	200	Tiruturaipundi	S. Krishnaswami Aiyar, B.A.	200
Atmakur ..	B. Muhammad Raza Sahib, B.A.	175		S. Tirumalai Aiyangar	175
Kandakur ..	M. Kuppuswami Chetti, B.A., (on dep.)	175	Pattukottai ..	Mahammad Abdul Hic.	150
	T. Ranga Rao, B.A., Ag.		Mannargudi ..		
Kavali ..	S. Ramayya, B.A., (on dep.)	175	Shiyali ..	A. S. Daniel Pillai	
	M. Sitaramaya, Ag.		TINNEVELLY.		
Udayagiri ..	M. Sitaramayya (on dep.)	150			
	V. Anantanarayana Sastri, B.A., Ag.		Srivaikuntam..	P. Venkataswami Pillai, B.A.	250
Kanigiri ..	T. Ranga Rao, B.A., (on dep.)	150		S. R. Ramakrishna Aiyar, B.A.	200
	P. Bhagavanthar Gupta, B.A., Ag.		Ambasamudram.	A. Nataraja Aiyar, B.A.	225
Rapur ..	M. Purushothama Rao, B.A. (on dep.)	150	Tinnevely ..	M. Maharaja Pillai	225
	A. Narayana Aiyar, B.A., Ag.		Srivilliputur..	V. S. Seshadri Aiyangar	175
SALEM.			Sattur ..	T. N. Rajagopala Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	200
Salem ..	K. Raghavendra Rao, B.A. (on dep.)	250	Nanguneri ..	Navamoni, David, B.A.	200
	J. Ramachandra Rao (sub. pro tem.)			J. Dharmaraja Raju	150
Namakkal ..	Muhammad Yakub Sahib, B.A. (on dep.)	225	Sankaranaiy-nar Covil.	N. Srinivasa Aiyar, B.A.	175
	E. Venkata Subbayar (sub. pro tem.)		Tenkasi ..		
			Ottappidaram.		
			TRICHINOPOLY		
			Trichinopoly...	P. K. Rajam Aiyar	250
			Musiri ..	C. Thiradayalu Nayudu.	225

* Magistrate, 2nd Class.

Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.	Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.
TRICHINOPOLY— concltd.		Rs.	VIZAGAPATAM.		Rs.
Udayarpalayam.	A. Duraiswami Mudaliyar	200	Golconda ..	M. Narasimham Pantulu	200
Perambalur ..	A. Sayarimuthu Pillai (on dep.)	175			
	R. Saminatha Aiyar, (sub. pro tem.)		Sarvasidhi ..	K. V. Ramanayya Pantulu	150
Kulitalai ..	R. Swaminatha Aiyar, (on dep.)	150			
	R. Sivanguana Mudaliyar (sub. pro tem.)		Palkonda ..	M. Kuppuswami Sastri.	175

DEPUTY TAHSILDARS AND STATIONARY SUB-MAGISTRATES.

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
		Rs.			Rs.
	ANANTAPUR.			ARCOT, NORTH—contd.	
Uruvakonda ..	C. Raghavendra Chari.	100	Gudiyatam ..	A. Rangasawmy Nayakar	100
Yadiki ..	K. Lingayya Chetty	100	Wallajahpet ..	D. V. Srikantayya, B.A.	100
	<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>		Wandewash ..	S. Venkata Subbaiyar, B.A.	100
Anantapur ..	W. Gopalaswami Nayudu	100	Polur ..	S. G. Yusuff Ali Khan Sahib	100
Gooty ..	P. Rajagopal Nayudu	100			
Penukonda ..	T. G. Turner	100		ARCOT, SOUTH.	
	ARCOT, NORTH.				
Arni ..	Mahammad Abdul Karim Sahib	120	Mannargudi ..	M. Sabapathi Mudaliyar, B.A.	100
Puttur ..	V. Raghunatha Rao	120	Vanur ..	Saiyid Ahmad Badshaw, B.A.	100
Punganur ..	V. Swami Pillai	120	Fittagudi ..	P. V. Damodaram Nayudu, B.A.	100
Kupam ..	V. A. Pereira	120	Gingi ..	T. A. Rajendram Pillai	100
Kalahastri ..	S. Schithanatha Sastri, B.A.	100	Chengum ..	A. Venkata Krishna Ayya	100
Vellore Town..	Y. Subramanya Ayya, B.A.	120	Panruti ..	R. Srinivasa Aiyangar, B.A.	100
Venkatagirikotah	C. Ragunatha Rao	100	Ulundurpett ..	S. V. Ramachentra Nayudu, B.A.	100
Arkonam ..	K. Gopala Chari	120	Bhuvanagiri ..	N. S. Natesa Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	100
Tirutani ..	V. N. Narasinga Rao, B.A.	120	Merkanum ..	K. Narayanaswami Aiyar, B.A.	100
Pernamallur ..	S. A. Krishna Aiyar, B.A.	100		<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>	
	<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>				
Chandragiri (at Tirupiti.)	A. Subramaniya Ayya	120	Cuddalore ..	V. Rangaswami Aiyar, B.A.	120
Chittoor ..	S. Thiagaraja Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	100	Chidambaram	C. P. Doraswami Chetti, B.A.	120
Chandragiri ..	S. Sachidanantha Sastri, B.A.	100	Indivanam ..	P. Ramachandra Aiyar, B.A.	100
Arcot ..	T. N. Subbaramanya Ayya	100	Vridhachalam.	C. S. Ponnuswami Mudaliyar	120
Ambur ..	K. Narasinga Rao	100			

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
	ARCOT, SOUTH—concl'd.	Rs.		CHINGLEPUT—concl'd.	Rs.
	Stationary Sub-Magts.—concl'd.			Dy. Tahsildars and Stationary Sub-Magts.—concl'd.	
Tirukoilur ...	C. S. Sivarama Krishna Sarma, B.A., B.L. ...	100	Conjeevaram ...	S. V. Kallabhieran Pillai, B.A. ...	120
Villupuram ...	S. Krishnaswami Aiyar, B.A. ...	100	Tiruvellur ...	T. Seshagiri Rao ...	120
Kallakurichi ...	P. Varatharajulu Nayudu ...	100	Saidapet ...	S. Anantaramayana Aiyar, B.A., B.L. ...	100
Tiruvannamalai ...	T. Srinivasa Aiyangar, ...	100	Chingleput ...	M. Kothanda Rama Pillai ...	120
	BELLARY.			COIMBATORE.	
Bellary Town ...	P. Srinamulu ...	120	Mettapalayam ...	C. P. Venkataramanayya, B.A. ...	100
Sirugappa ...	I. Ekambarayya ...	100	Perindurai ...	Muhamad Munir Sahib, Khan Sahib, B.A. ...	100
Yemiganoor ...	T. Subbarayalaya, B.A. ...	100	Avanashi ...	K. V. Ramaswami Aiyar ...	100
	Stationary Sub-Magts.		Kangayam ...	R. Subramaniya Aiyar, B.A. ...	100
Kudligi ...	P. Venkatasubbayya, B.A. ...	100	Aravacoorchilam ...	O. Sundara Rao ...	100
Bellary ...	V. Krishna Rao, B.A. ...	100		P. Arunachellam Pillai, B.A. ...	100
Adoni ...	P. Venkoba Chari, B.A. ...	100		Stationary Sub-Magts.	
Hospet ...	C. N. Subramanya Aiyar ...	100		Ghulam Muhamud Sahib ...	100
	CANARA, SOUTH.			O. Sanjeeva Rao ...	120
Mangalore Town ...	V. M. Fernandez, B.A., B.L. ...	100		G. Vajrapuri Mndaliyar ...	100
Karkal (Udipi Taluk) ...	S. Ananda Rao ...	100		R. Venkataramanayya, B.A. ...	100
Nilashwar ...	M. Muhammad Khan ...	100		P. Tangavelu Mudaliyar, B.A. ...	100
Bantwall ...	Y. Ramakrishnayya ...	100		I. B. Purushothama Nayudu ...	100
Beltangadi (Uppinangudi Taluk) ...	A. Devappa Punja, B.A., B.L. ...	100		P. H. Kadirvelu Pillai ...	100
Monegar of Amindivi Islands.	Muhammed Abbas Ali Sahib. ...	85		K. Subbaramayya, B.A. ...	100
	Stationary Sub-Magts.			CUDDAPAH.	
Mangalore ...	M. Venkata Rao ...	100		Cuddapah Town ...	100
Kasargod ...	T. Roberts ...	100		T. N. Govintha Rajulu Nayudu ...	100
Udipi ...	P. P. Mascarnelas ...	100		S. V. Sundara Charlu ...	100
Coondapoor ...	A. L. Saldanha ...	100		N. Narasinga Rao ...	100
Upinangudi ...	M. Panduranga Kini ...	100		D. Naga b u s h a n a m Rao ...	100
	CHINGLEPUT.			Stationary Sub-Magts.	
	Dy. Tahsildars and Stationary Sub-Magts.			Cuddapah ...	100
Stripermadur ...	V. K. Subbaiyar ...	100		A. Krishnaswami Nayudu, B.A. ...	100
Poonamallee ...	D. B. Venkata Subba Rao ...	100		C. Mahadeva Sastri ...	100
Sathiyavadu ...	C. Sambasiva Sastri, B.A. ...	100		C. Venkoba Rao ...	100
Utramerur ...	S. C. Venkata Ramayya ...	100		W. Samayya ...	100
Ponneri ...	S. V. Sitharamayya, B.A. ...	100		C. Ramanajulu Nayudu ...	100
Madurantakum ...	J. Venkatapathi Nayudu. ...	100		R. Narayana Rao ...	100
				H. Seshagiri Rao ...	100
				T. N. Krishna Rao ...	100

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
	GANJAM.	Rs.		GODAVARI—concl'd.	Rs.
Parlakimedi ...	K. Rajagopala Rao Pantulu ...	120		Plains.—concl'd	
Tekkali ...	S. Alwardoss Nayudu ...	120			
Itchapuram ...	T. Venkata Reddi Nayudu ...	120	Tuni ...	T. P. L. Narasimha Achari, B.A. ...	120
Purushotapur ...	S. Ramamurti Pantulu ...	120	Chintalapadi ...	M. Sitarama Chari ...	100
Aska ...	S. Ramamurthi Pantulu ...	120	Sivakodu ...	G. V. Krishna Rao, B.A. ...	100
Narsampetta ...	S. Lakshminarasimha Pantulu ...	100		Stationary Sub-Magts.	
Surada ...	N. Raghavaram Pantulu ...	120	Rajahmundry ...	A. Rajabhadur Mudaliar, B.A. ...	120
Ganjam ...	H. Ichuta Ramayya Nayadu ...	100	Ellore ...	Y. S. Somayajulu ...	120
Berhampore Town ...	U. V. Gopala Rao Pantulu ...	120	Narasapur ...	T. Venkata Ramayya Pantulu ...	120
Sompetta ...	G. Appala Narasimha Rao Nayudu ...	100	Amalapuram ...	V. Appu Rao Pantulu, B.A. ...	120
	Stationary Sub-Magts.		Ramachendrapuram ...	A. Krishnamma Raz ...	100
Berhampore ...	B. Lakshmikantham Pantulu ...	120	Tanuku ...	E. Perayya Sastri, B.A. ...	100
Chitacole ...	P. Janaki Rao Pantulu ...	120	Bhimavaram ...	H. Rama Rao Pantulu ...	100
Goonsur ...	N. Venkata Rao Pantulu ...	120	Yernagudem (Kovour) ...	D. Venkata Ratnam ...	100
	MALIAH (GANJAM DISTRICT).			KISTNA.	
Balligada ...	P. N. Sundaram Pillai ...	1250	Juggayapetta ...	B. Raghava Charlu ...	100
Udayagiri ...	S. Venkata Narayana Nayudu ...	200	Mangligeri ...	P. Kamaraju Pantulu, B.A. ...	100
Ramagiri ...	Abhinanyapat Nayak ...	200	Tumkurukoda ...	V. Venkata Narasayya Pantulu ...	100
	GODAVARI.		Kaikulur ...	Munshi Mohi-ud-din Hussain Sahib ...	100
	Agency.		Avnigadda ...	C. Baktavatsaludu Nayudu ...	100
Polavaram ...	K. Rajagopala Rao, B.A. ...	150	Ponnur ...	K. Nageswara Rao Pantulu, B.A. ...	100
Yellavaram ...	T. Lakshmi Narasima Rao ...	125	Tiruvur ...	M. Manikaya Rao Pantulu ...	120
Chodavaram ...	U. Appu Rao Pantulu, B.A. ...	150	Repalli ...	V. Parabrahma Sastri ...	100
	Plains.			Stationary Sub-Magts.	
Alamur ...	G. Sitapati Rao ...	100	Bezpada ...	M. V. Lakshminarayana Rao Pantulu ...	100
Kottapetta ...	B. Lakshmana Rao Pantulu, B.A. ...	100	Narasariopet ...	Saiyid Obidulla Sahib ...	100
Pentapadu ...	M. Sitayya Nayudu, B.A. ...	100	Guntoor ...	K. Seshagiri Rao Pantulu ...	100
Prattepadu ...	P. Prakasam ...	120	Bandur Town ...	V. Suryanarayana Pantulu ...	100
Coringa ...	P. T. Srinivasa Chari, B.A., B.L. ...	100	Bapatla ...	D. V. Subba Rao Pantulu, B.A. ...	100
Cocanada ...	B. Rhamaraju Pantulu ...	120	Gudivada ...	T. P. L. Narasimha Achari, B.A. ...	100
Pittapuram ...	D. Umamaheswara Rao, B.A. ...	120	Sattenapallee ...	V. Ramakrishnayya Pantulu, B.A. ...	100

* Draws also local allowance of Rs. 15.
† Includes do. Rs. 100.
‡ Do. do. Rs. 80.

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
	KISTNA—concl'd.	Rs.		MADURA—concl'd.	Rs.
	Stationary Sub-Magts. —concl'd.				
Tenali ...	S. Vijaya Saradhi Aiyar	100	Paramagudi ...	T. Kothandarama Aiyar	120
Gurulu ...	P. Sobhanadri	100	Arupukotai ...	V. Balakrishna Pillai, B.A.	120
Ganavaram ...	A. Srinivasa Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	100		Stationary Sub-Magts.	
			Tirumangalam	S. Muhammad Hussain Sahib	120
	KURNOOL.		Peryakolam ...	P. Sama Aiyar	100
Owk ...	M. Krishnamurthi Rao	100	Molur ...	P. S. Veluswami Servai	120
Atmakur ...	R. Narasinga Rao	100	Dindigul ...	T. Thiagarama Aiyar	120
Kalwa ...	P. Venkoba Rao	100	Palni ...	R. Rajagopal Chariar, B.A.	120
Pypalli ...	M. Sultan Sahib	100	Madura ...	C. Chokalingam Pillai	120
Dhono ...	K. Subramanya Aiyar, B.A.	100		MALABAR.	
	Stationary Sub-Magts.				
Kurnool Town.	J. Hussain Khan	100	Cannanore Town	P. C. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A.	120
Nandyal ...	G. A. Krishnaswami Aiyar, B.A.	100	Taliparamba ...	K. Gopala Menon	120
Pattikonda ...	P. N. Lakshmi Narasimha Chari, B.A.	100	Calicut Town...	P. Krishnan	120
			Tangacherry...	T. V. Krishna Aiyar, B.A.	100
	MADURA.		Chowghat ...	A. Theyagaraja Aiyar	100
Madura Town.	K. Swaminatha Aiyar, B.A.	120	Betutputhian-gudi ...	K. Chantan	100
Tirushuli (Truppukotai)	J. Ganapathi Pillai, B.A.	120	Allatur ...	K. A. Visvanatha Aiyar	100
Ramnad ...	G. Jaggnatha Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	120	Anjengo ...	A. H. deRozario	100
Sivaganga ...	B. S. Venkateswara Aiyar	120	Ottapalam ...	T. C. Govinda Kurup	100
Tirupatur ...	A. R. Rajagopala Chetti, B.A.	120	Vythri ...	T. Shadagopa Pillai	100
Mutukulattur...	S. Muthusundaram Aiyar	120	Kuttaparamba	K. Kunjuni Menon	100
Tiruvadani ...	A. Ayyaswami Sastriyar, B.A.	120	Quilandy ...	P. A. Sunkuni Menon	100
Usilampati ...	V. Swaminatha Aiyar	100		Stationary Sub-Magts.	
Nellacottah ...	V. Krishnaswami Aiyar, B.A.	100	Walwanad ...	K. V. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A.	100
Vedasundoor...	C. R. Ragnava Chariyar, B.A.	100	Khuranbranad	B. K. Madhavan Nambiyar	120
Uttampoliem...	P. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A.	100	Calicut ...	P. A. Sankuni Menon	120
Kodaikanal Hills	L. A. Cammiade, B.A.	*150	Ernad ...	V. V. Kunhi Raman	120
			Kottayam ...	M. A. Gapalakrishna Aiyar	100
			Palghat ...	P. Govindan	120
			Cherakal ...	H. Fernandez	120
			Teranngudi...	K. Kunhi Raman	100
			Wynaad ...	C. Krishna Aiyar	60

* Includes local allowance of Rs. 80.

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
	NILGIRIS.	Rs.		SALEM—concl'd.	Rs.
Ootacamund...	K. Sitharama Aiyar, B.A.	*100	Denkanikota...	K. V. Sriranga Chariyar	100
Gudalur ...	N. Natesa Sastri, B.A.	*150	Razipur ...	P. V. Govintha Rajulu Nayudu	100
Coonoor ...	A. N. Venkatarama Aiyar	*100	Pennagarum...	M. Ghouse Sahib	100
	Stationary Sub-Magts.		Harur ...	P. Bhavani Sankara Rao	100
Coonoor ...	N. Natesa Sastri (on dep.)	*100		Stationary Sub-Magts.	
	T. M. D'Rozario (sub. pro tem).		Salem ...	R. V. Krishnaswami Aiyar	100
			Namakal ...	C. Seshadria Chariyar, B.A.	100
	NELLORE.		Atur ...	K. Narasinga Rao	100
Venkatagiri...	M. Chengaramayya	100	Tirupatur ...	P. Desika Chariyar, B.A.	100
Allur ...	V. Ananthanarayana Sastri, B.A.	120		TANJORE.	
Addanki ...	A. Narayana Aiyar, B.A.	100	Kombakonum.	A. Muktichidambaram Mudaliyar, B.A.	100
Polur ...	B. Narayana Rao	120	Kodavasil ...	T. S. Panchapakesa Aiyar, B.A.	100
Podili ...	C. Rama Rao	120	Vallam ...	T. S. Vaideanatha Aiyar	120
Darsi ...	K. Lakshminarasu Nayudu	120	Tiruvendarmaruthur	P. R. Krishnaswami Aiyar, B.A.	100
Kotah ...	M. Selvapathi Rao Nayudu, B.A.	100	Trivalur ...	N. Veeraraghava Chariyar, B.A.	100
	Stationary Sub-Magts.		Tranquebar ...	C. Panchapakesa Aiyar	100
Nellore ...	G. Mangapathy Nayudu, B.A.	120	Vedaraniem ...	S. Muthusami Aiyar	100
Kundakur ...	J. Venkata Narayana Nayudu, B.A., B.L.	100	Nedamungallum	C. P. Raghava Chari	120
Ongolo ...	C. Srinivasa Rao	100	Aranthangi ...	S. Sundaram Aiyar	120
Gudur ...	K. M. Narasimha Chari	100	Tiruvadi ...	U. A. Abdul Rahim Sahib	100
Atmakur ...	T. Bhagavantham Gupta, B.A., B.L.	100		Stationary Sub-Magts.	
	SALEM.		Tanjore ...	R. Ramachandra Aiyar, B.A.	120
Salem Town...	S. R. Venkatarayulu Nayudu	100	Negapatam ...	T. Kanagasabhesha Aiyar, B.A.	100
Paramati ...	H. R. Srinivasa Aiyangar, B.A.	100	Nannilam ...	V. Ramachandra Rao	100
Omatur ...	M. T. Kumarsan, B.A.	100	Shiyali ...	T. S. Swaminatha Aiyar, B.A.	120
Shervaroy Hills (Yercaud)	A. V. deRozario, B.A.	*100	Mayavaram ...	P. Kasivisvalingam Pillai, B.A., B.L.	120
Sankagherry Droog	Saiyud Abdul Khadir Sahib	100	Kombakonum.	M. Argiaswami Pillai, B.A.	120
Vanniembadi ...	Muhamud Abdul Hafiz Sahib, Khan Sahib, B.A.	100	Patukota ...	M. Agniswami Pillai, B.A.	120

* Draws also local allowance of Rs. 25.

† Draws also local allowances of Rs. 15.

‡ Draws also local allowance of Rs. 80.

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
	TANJORE—concl'd.	Rs.		TRICHINOPOLY—concl'd.	Rs.
	Stationary Sub-Magts.—concl'd.			Stationary Sub-Magts.	
Mannargudi ...	T. S. Vamana Rao, B.A.	100	Musiri ...	Muhamad Fakraddin Sahib	120
Tiruturaiyandi ...	S. P. Somasundaram Pillai, B.A.	100	Kulitalai ...	N. Hariharan Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	100
	TINNEVELLY.		Perumbalur ...	V. Vijandra Rao	100
Kulasagarapatam ...	B. Muhi-ud-din Khan Lodi Sahib	100		VIZAGAPATAM.	
Palamecottah ...	P. S. Subramaniya Dasarathi, B.A.	100	Anakapalli ...	A. V. Joga Rao Pantulu	120
Villatikolam ...	P. R. Subramaniya Aiyar, B.A.	100	Vizagapatam ...	S. Kutumba Rao Pantulu	120
Radapuram ...	L. Kalipaan Pillai	100	Bimlipatam ...	G. Hanumuntha Rao Nayudu	120
Virdupatti ...	V. Padmanabha Aiyar, B.A.	100	Vizianagram ...	V. Suriyanarayana Patnaik	120
Vartirairuppu ...	G. Sessa Aiyar B.A.	10	Salur ...	G. V. Ramanayya Pantulu	120
Tuticorin ...	A. Perumohidin Sahib	100	Bobilli ...	M. Jaya Rao Pantulu	120
	Stationary Sub-Magts.		Parvatipur ...	T. Govinda Rao Pantulu	120
Srivaikuntam ...	N. Velayudam Pillai	100	Sranganagar ...	P. Jannadha Rao Pantulu	100
Sankarainarkovil ...	P. N. Mahomad Miran Sahib, B.A., B.L.	100	Chodavaram ...	J. Simhadri Rao Pantulu	100
Srivellipattur ...	S. Ekambaram Aiyar, B.A.	100	Guzapatina-gara ...	P. Venkata Sastrulu	100
Ottipadarani ...	Panchapakesa Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	100	Chiporipilli ...	J. Sanjiva Rao Nayudu	100
Tenkasi ...	T. Venbu Aiyar	100		Agency Tracts.	
Tinnevelly ...	A. V. Sambasivam Aiyar, B.A.	100	Gunupur ...	G. Appa Rao Nayudu	100
Nanguneri ...	K. S. Ramachandra Aiyar	100	Rayaghada ...	S. Audinarayanah Nayudu	120
Ambasudram ...	N. David Nandan, B.A., B.L.	100	Nourangapur ...	N. Balaramaswami Patnaik	150
Satur ...	Somasundara Mudaliar	100	Mulkaugheri ...	R. Veeraraghavalu Nayudu	120
	Special Sub-Magts.		Jeypore ...	J. Venkama Pantulu	120
Surandai ...	S. Krishnaswami Aiyar	100	Koruput ...	P. Veeraraju Pantulu	120
Sivakasi ...	T. S. Sankaralingam Pillai, B.A.	100	Padawa ...	Sitharam Bhang	120
Nanguneri ...	K. Narayana Rao	100	Potingi ...	C. V. N. Rudra Deo Nayudu	120
	TRICHINOPOLY.		Bissem Cuttack ...	D. Parasuramayya Nayudu	100
Trichinopoly Town ...	P. S. Venkatasubramaniya Aiyar, B.A.	120		Stationary Sub-Magts.	
Torriyur ...	S. A. Viswasam Pillai	100	Yellamancheri ...	M. Venkatarayudu Nayudu	120
Manaparai ...	S. K. Subramaniya Aiyar, B.A.	100	Palkondah ...	V. Sanyasi Chetti	120
Kilapaluvur ...	R. Sivagnana Mudaliyar, B.A.	120			
Lalgudi ...	K. Muhammad Sarwar Sahib	100			
Udayarpalayam ...	A. P. Singaravelu Pillai, B.A.	100			

* Draws also a local allowance of Rs. 80.
† Do. do. do. Rs. 80.

HUZUR SHERISTADARS.

District.	Names.	Pay.	District.	Names.	Pay.
		Rs.			RS.
Anantapur ...	A. V. Subbayya Chetti, B.A.	200	Kistna ...	G. Lakshmikantha Rao, Pantulu	225
Arcot, North ...	B. S. Venkataramana Sarma, B.A.	225	Kurnool ...	V. K. Anantakrishna Aiyar, B.A.	200
Arcot, South ...	T. S. Chengalvaraya Aiyar, B.A.	225	Madras ...	V. A. Ramaswami Aiyar	200
Bellary ...	Muhammad Bazlullah Sahib, B.A.	200	Madura ...	S. Rangaswami Aiyangar, B.A.	200
Canara, South ...	A. Vasudeva Poi	200	Malabar ...	J. L. Jacques	225
Chingleput ...	V. Srinivasa Chari B.A.	200	Nilgiris ...	S. Narasimha Aiyar	175
Coimbatore ...	P. S. Vasudeva Rao, B.A.	225	Nellore ...	K. Sitapati Rao	225
Cuddapah ...	J. Narayana Reddi, B.A.	200	Salem ...	A. Vedachela Aiyar, B.A.	225
			Tanjore ...	M. Srinivasa Aiyangar	225
Ganjam ...	P. Srikrishnulu Patrudu, B.A. (on dep.). V. Ramamurti Nayudu, B.A. (subi. pro tem.)	200	Tinnevelly ...	T. Sessa Aiyar, B.A.	225
Godavari ...	W. Nagabushanam, B.A.	225	Trichinopoly ...	N. Srinivasa Rao, B.A.	225
			Vizagapatam ...	Rai Bahadur S. Suryanarayana Row Pantulu, B.A.	200

* Local allowance of Rs. 25.

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

The scale of Controlling Establishment sanctioned by H.M.'s Secretary of State for India is as follows:—

(1) UPPER CONTROLLING STAFF.		Rs.
1 Conservator, 1st Grade	.....	1,600
1 Do. 2nd do.	.....	1,400
1 Do. 3rd do.	.....	1,200
3 Deputy Conservators, 1st Grade	.....	900 each.
4 Do. do. 2nd do.	.....	800
7 Do. do. 3rd do.	.....	650
8 Do. do. 4th do.	.....	550
1 Extra Deputy Conservator, 3rd Grade (Supernumerary)	.....	500
5 Assistant Conservators, 1st Grade	.....	450
6 Do. do. 2nd do.	.....	350
(2) LOWER CONTROLLING STAFF.		
5 Extra Assistant Conservators, 1st Grade	.....	350 each.
7 Do. do. 2nd do.	.....	300
4 Do. do. 3rd do.	.....	250
4 Do. do. 4th do.	.....	200

According to this scale the Officers of the Department have been graded as under:—

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allowance.	Districts where serving.
	CONTROLLING STAFF.	RS.	RS.	
	(1) UPPER CONTROLLING STAFF.			
	Conservator, 1st Grade (1)—Pay Rs. 1,600.			
1	Mr. E. D. M. Hooper	1,600	...	Central Circle.
	Conservator, 2nd Grade (1)—Pay Rs. 1,400.			
2	Mr. H. A. Gass	1,400	...	On furlough.
	Acting.			
	Mr. C. E. Brasier	1,200	200	Southern Circle, in charge.

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
	CONTROLLING STAFF—contd.	RS.	RS.	
	(1) UPPER CONTROLLING STAFF— contd.			
	Conservator, 3rd Grade (1)— Pay Rs. 1,200.			
3	Mr. C. E. Brasier.....	1,200	...	Southern Circle, in charge.—Ag. in 2nd Grade.
	Acting.			
	Mr. A. W. Lushington.....	900	300	Northern Circle.
	Depy. Conservators, 1st Grade (3)— Pay Rs. 900.			
4	Mr. G. Hadfield.....	900	...	Nilgiris.
5	" H. J. A. Porter.....	900	...	(On furlough.)
6	" A. W. Lushington.....	900	...	Acting Conservator, 3rd Grade, Northern Circle.
	Acting.			
	Mr. T. P. Peake.....	800	A. A. 100	South Arcot.
	" F. A. Lodge.....	800	A. A. 100	South Salem.
	Depy. Conservators, 2nd Grade (4)— Pay Rs. 800.			
7	Mr. T. P. Peake.....	800	...	South Arcot.—Ag. in 1st Grade.
8	" F. A. Lodge.....	800	...	South Salem.—do.
9	" J. S. Battie.....	800	...	North Arcot.
10	" E. R. Murray.....	800	...	Nellore.
	Acting.			
	Mr. P. M. Lushington.....	650	A. A. 150	North Coimbatore.
	" C. D'A. McCarthy.....	650	A. A. 150	Coorg.
	Depy. Conservators, 3rd Grade (7)— Pay Rs. 650.			
11	Mr. P. M. Lushington.....	650	...	N. Coimbatore.—Ag. in 2nd Grade.
12	" C. D'A. McCarthy.....	650	...	Chief Forest Officer, Coorg.— (On furlough.)
13	" A. P. Grenfell.....	650	...	Do. do.
14	" C. du Pré Thornton.....	650	...	South Coimbatore.
15	" A. B. Jackson.....	650	...	Supernumerary.
	Transferred to Provincial Civil Service.			
	Mr. R. McIntosh, M.A. (Seconded).....	650	...	Deputed to the Forest School.
16	" G. F. F. Foulkes.....	650	...	Godavari.
17	" H. B. Bryant.....	650	...	Madura.
	Acting.			
	Mr. H. A. Latham.....	550	A. A. 100	South Canara.
	" H. F. A. Wood.....	550	A. A. 100	Kurnool.
	" H. Tireman.....	550	A. A. 100	North Malabar.
	" C. E. C. Fischer.....	550	A. A. 100	Ganjam.
	" H. F. Arbuthnot.....	550	A. A. 100	Bellary.
	Depy. Conservators, 4th Grade (8)— Pay Rs. 550.			
18	Mr. F. C. L. Cowley-Brown.....	550	...	Working Plans officer, Sou- thern Circle.
19	" H. A. Latham.....	550	...	South Canara.—Ag. in 3rd Grade.
20	" S. Cox.....	550	...	(On furlough.)
21	" H. F. A. Wood.....	550	...	Kurnool.—Ag. in 3rd Grade.
22	" H. Tireman.....	550	L. A. 100	North Malabar.—do.
23	" C. E. C. Fischer.....	550	...	Ganjam.—do.
24	" H. F. Arbuthnot.....	550	...	Bellary.—do.

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
	CONTROLLING STAFF—contd.	RS.	RS.	
	(1) UPPER CONTROLLING STAFF— contd.			
	Acting.			
	Mr. J. S. Scot.....	450	A. A. 100	Cuddapah.
	" C. B. Dawson.....	450	A. A. 100	Kistna.
	" B. H. Barlow Poole.....	350	A. A. 200	Anantapur.
	" W. Aitchison.....	350	A. A. 200	Vizagapatam.
	Asst. Conservators, 1st Grade (3)— Pay Rs. 450.			
26	Mr. J. L. MacO'Leary.....	450	...	(On furlough.)
27	" J. S. Scot.....	450	...	Cuddapah.—Ag. Depy. Conser- vator, 4th Grade.
28	" C. B. Dawson.....	450	...	Kistna.—do.
29	" Pilot I.....			
30	" Pilot II.....			
	Asst. Conservator, 2nd Grade (1)— Pay Rs. 350.			
31	Permanently transferred to Provincial service.	...	...	...
32	Do. do. do.	...	...	...
33	Temporarily transferred to Provincial service.	...	...	...
34	Do. do. do.	...	...	...
35	Mr. B. H. Barlow Poole.....	350	...	Anantapur.—Ag. Dy. Conser- vator, 4th Grade.
36	" W. Aitchison.....	350	...	Vizagapatam.—do.
	Supernumeraries.			
37	" R. W. Richmond.....	350	...	Tinnevely.
	Extra Deputy Conservator, 3rd Grade (1)— Pay Rs. 500.			
	Muttannah, Rai Bahadur (Seconded).	500	...	On Foreign Service in Mysore.
	(2) LOWER CONTROLLING STAFF.			
	Extra Asst. Conservators, 1st Grade (5)— Pay Rs. 350.			
	Mr. O. A. Eber Hardie.....	350	...	On Foreign Service in Jeypore.
	" V. Alwar Chetty, n.A.....	350	...	On Foreign Service in Cochin State.
1	T. M. Nallaswami Nayudu.....	350	...	Trichinopoly cum Tanjore.
2	Mr. T. N. Hearsey.....	350	...	North Coimbatore.
3	" C. J. Woutersz.....	300	...	Ag. Dist. Forest Officer, Chin- glept.
4	V. A. Parthasarathy Mudaliar.....	350	L. A. 50	Forst Asst., Office of the Board of Revenue (L. R.).
5	Mr. F. A. Seager.....	300	...	Kurnool.
	Extra Asst. Conservators, 2nd Grade (7)—Pay Rs. 300.			
6	Mr. S. C. Moss.....	300	...	Nellore.
7	" T. G. A. Gaudoin.....	300	...	(On furlough.)
8	M. Rama Row.....	300	...	North Salem.
9	V. S. Gurunatha Pillai.....	300	...	Madras.—Working Plans Officer, Central Circle.
10	C. M. Maduranayagam Pillai.....	300	...	North Arcot.
11	} Vacant.			
12				

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
	CONTROLLING STAFF—concl'd.	RS.	RS.	
	(1) LOWER CONTROLLING STAFF— concl'd.			
	Extra Asst. Conservators, 3rd Grade (4)— Pay Rs. 200.			
13	T. Bapu Rao.....	250	...	Cuddapah.
14	} Vacant.			
16				
	Extra Asst. Conservators, 4th Grade (4) —Pay Rs. 200.			
18	Mr. H. J. McLaughlin.....	200	...	Godavari.
17	" H. O'Neill	200	...	Tinnevely.
18	" N. M. Rego	200	...	Working Plans Officer, Northern Circle, Godavari.
19	" J. Tapp	200	...	Kurnool.
"	Syed Burhanuddin Hussain *	200	...	North Salem.
"	Mr. E. C. M. Mascarenhas *	200	...	Services placed at the disposal of the Chief Commis- sioner of Coorg.
"	Kalyanarama Aiyar *	200	...	Ganjam.
"	Mr. M. J. A. Daly *	200	...	South Salem.

The following Executive Staff is employed under the sanction of the Local Government:—

EXECUTIVE STAFF.				
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.				
<i>Rangers.</i>				
<i>1st Grade—Pay Rs. 150.</i>				
1	Mr. H. O'Neill	150	15	Tinnevely. } Probationary
2	" E. O. M. Mascarenhas.....	150	15	Coorg. } E.A.C., 4th Gr.
<i>Acting.</i>				
	Mr. A. G. VanHaften	125	A.A. 25 C.A. 15	South Malabar.
<i>2nd Grade—Pay Rs. 125 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.</i>				
1	V. P. Ramalingam Pillai	125	15	Madura.
2	Mr. A. G. VanHaften	125	15	South Malabar.—Ag. in 1st Gr.
3	R. Sundram Pillai.....	125	15	Nilgiris.
<i>Acting.</i>				
	Mr. A. B. Myers	100	A.A. 25 C.A. 15	South Coimbatore.
	" M. S. Noranha	100	A.A. 25	Dehra Dun.
	" A. F. X. Saldanha.....	100	C.A. 15 C.A. 16	Nilgiris.
<i>3rd Grade—Pay Rs. 100 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.</i>				
1	Mr. M. S. Noranha.....	100	15	Dehra Dun.—Ag. in 2nd Grade.
2	" A. B. Myers.....	100	15	Nilgiris.— do.
3	" A. F. X. Saldanha	100	C.A. 15	Do.
4	Panchapakesa Aiyar	100	C.A. 16	South Coimbatore.
<i>Acting.</i>				
	C. S. Venkatramana Aiyar	80	A.A. 20 C.A. 15	South Canara.
	T. V. Arumugam Pillai	80	A.A. 20 C.A. 16	Tinnevely.

* Temporary to compensate vacancies in higher grades.

Executive Staff employed under the sanction of the Local Government—contd.

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
EXECUTIVE STAFF—contd.				
SOUTHERN CIRCLE—contd.				
<i>Rangers—contd.</i>				
<i>4th Grade—Pay Rs. 80 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.</i>				
1	A. R. Rama Rao	80	15	Madura.
2	C. S. Venkatramana Aiyar	80	15	South Canara.—Ag. in 3rd Gr.
3	T. V. Arumugam Pillai	80	15	Tinnevely.— do.
4	K. Saiyid Edulla Sahib	80	15	North Coimbatore.
5	S. Kuppusawmi Chetti	80	15	South Canara.
6	V. Raman Menon.....	80	15	Madura.
7	M. Srinivasa Aiyangar.....	80	15	South Coimbatore.
8	K. R. Venkatrama Aiyer.....	80	15	North do.
9	Mr. A. M. C. Littlewood.....	80	15	South do.
<i>Acting.</i>				
	P. Venkatakrishnama Nayudu	60	A.A. 20 C.A. 15	South Coimbatore.
	C. S. Jesudasan Pillai.....	60	A.A. 20 C.A. 15	Madura.
	K. Gajaraja Mudaliar.....	60	A.A. 20 C.A. 15	South Coimbatore.
	Mr. B. D'Sa.....	60	A.A. 20 C.A. 15	North Malabar.
	" F. S. Brito	60	A.A. 20 C.A. 15	Nilgiris.
<i>5th Grade—Pay Rs. 60 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.</i>				
1	P. Venkatakrishnama Nayudu.....	60	15	South Coimbatore.—Ag. in 4th Grade.
2	K. Gajaraja Mudaliar	60	15	Do. do.
3	C. S. Jesudasan Pillai.....	60	15	Madura.— do.
4	Mr. B. D'Sa	60	15	North Malabar. do.
5	A. P. Singaravelu Mudaliar	60	15	Tinnevely.
6	Mr. F. S. Brito.....	60	15	Nilgiris.— do.
7	" L. S. Jancs.....	60	15	Tinnevely.
8	" C. Hammond.....	60	15	On foreign Service in the Jey-pore Estate.
9	" J. P. Nazareth.....	60	15	North Coimbatore.
10	" G. S. Lasrado	60	15	North Malabar.
11	M. P. Govindan	60	15	South Malabar.
12	A. S. Mariyapragasam Pillai.....	60	15	Do.
<i>Acting.</i>				
	S. V. Venkatramana Aiyer.....	50	A.A. 10 C.A. 15	Madura.
	K. S. Narayana Aiyangar	50	C.A. 15	North Coimbatore.
<i>6th Grade—Pay Rs. 50 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.</i>				
1	S. V. Venkatramana Aiyer.....	50	15	Madura.—Ag. in 5th Grade.
2	K. S. Narayana Aiyangar.....	50	15	North Coimbatore. Do.
3	K. Aiyadurai Aiyangar.....	50	15	South Canara.
4	A. H. Simpson.....	50	15	Tinnevely.
5	J. Sadasiva Aiyer.....	50	15	Madura.

Executive Staff employed under the sanction of the Local Government—contd.

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
EXECUTIVE STAFF—contd. SOUTHERN CIRCLE—concl'd. Rangers—concl'd. 6th Grade—Pay Rs. 50 + 15 Convey- ance Allowance—concl'd. Acting.				
	Mr. A. P. McKoy	40	A.A. 10 C.A. 15	South Canara.
	Sayid Ishaq Sahib	40	A.A. 10 C.A. 15	Do. (temporary).
CENTRAL CIRCLE. (3) Rangers.				
1st Grade—Pay Rs. 150 + 15 Convey- ance Allowance.				
1	Saiyed Burhanuddin Hussain Sahib	150	15	Salem.—Probationary E.A.C., 4th Grade.
2	Mr. J. A. Daly	150	15	Do. do.
2nd Grade—Pay Rs. 125 + 15 Con- veyance Allowance.				
1	T. Arumuga Mudaliar	125	C. A. 15	South Arcot.
Acting.				
	C. Subramanya Aiyar	100	A. A. 25 C. A. 15	Nellore.
	A. N. Hanumantha Rao	100	do.	Trichinopoly
	A. P. Ramachandra Mudaliar	100	do.	Nellore.
3rd Grade—Pay Rs. 100 + 15 Con- veyance Allowance.				
1	M. Shams-ud-din Sahib	100	15	Nellore.
2	C. Subramania Aiyar	100	15	Nellore.—Ag. in 2nd Grade.
3	A. N. Hanumantha Rao	100	15	Trichinopoly. do.
4	A. P. Ramachandra Mudaliar	100	15	Nellore. do.
5	M. Callanan	100	15	Tanjore.
Acting.				
	T. Shunmuga Mudaliar	80	A. A. 20 C. A. 15	Cuddapah.
	C. Rajagopala Nayudu	80	do.	North Arcot.
	A. Subba Rao	80	A. A. 20 C. A. 15	Do.
	E. P. Krishna Aiyar	80	do.	South Arcot.
4th Grade—Pay Rs. 80 + 15 Convey- ance Allowance.				
1	T. Shanmuga Mudaliar	80	15	Cuddapah.—Acting in 3rd Grade
2	C. Rajagopala Naidu	80	15	North Arcot. do.
3	A. Subba Rao	80	15	Do. do.
4	T. Subroyalu Nayudu	80	15	Cuddapah.
5	K. P. Krishna Aiyer	80	15	South Arcot do.
6	V. Subramanya Aiyar	80	do.	North Salem.—
7	A. N. Venketachalam Chetti	80	15	Do.
Acting.				
	A. Venkatarayana Aiyar	60	A. A. 20 C. A. 15	North Arcot.

Executive Staff employed under the sanction of the Local Government—contd.

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
EXECUTIVE STAFF—contd. CENTRAL CIRCLE—concl'd. Rangers—concl'd. 5th Grade—Pay Rs. 60 + 15 Con- veyance Allowance.				
1	R. Sama Rao	50	15	South Arcot.
2	K. G. Subba Rao	50	15	Chingleput.
3	A. Venkatanarayanaiah	50	15	North Arcot.—Ag. in 4th Grade.
4	Mr. H. W. A. Gandoin	60	15	Cuddapah.
5	C. Ramasawmy Aiyangar	60	15	Trichinopoly. Temporarily reduced to Deputy Ranger, 1st Grade.
6	Mir Jaffir Ali Kirmani Sahib	60	15	Cuddapah.
Acting.				
	T. S. Subramanya Aiyar	60	A. A. 10 C. A. 15	Cuddapah.
6th Grade—Pay Rs. 50 + 15 Con- veyance Allowance.				
1	M. Abdul Rahiman Sahib	50	15	North Arcot.
2	P. V. Alagirisawmy Naidu	50	15	Trichinopoly.
3	C. A. Ramakrishna Aiyar	50	15	South Salem.
4	K. R. Manickiam Mudaliar	50	15	North Arcot.
5	T. S. Subramanya Aiyar	50	15	Cuddapah. Ag. in the 5th Grade.
6	J. A. Aranha	50	15	South Salem.
7	S. Ponnusawmy Mudaliar	50	15	North Arcot.
8	S. Lakshminipathi Nayudu	50	15	Cuddapah.
9	L. Venkatasam Nayudu	50	15	Trichinopoly.
10	A. Raju Naicker	50	15	Chinglepet.
Acting.				
	R. Sreenivasa Raghava Charry	40	C. A. 15	South Salem. Under suspension.
	S. Vasudeva Reddi	40	C. A. 15	Delhra Dun.
	T. Krishnaswamy Aiyengar	40	C. A. 15	Nellore.
	D. A. Chellappa Pillai	35	C. A. 15	Cuddapah.
	C. Balayya Naidu	35	C. A. 15	South Arcot.
	K. L. Munisawmy Aiyer	30	A. A. 20 C. A. 15	North Arcot.
	A. Krishnamachari		A. A. 50 C. A. 15	South Salem.
NORTHERN CIRCLE. 1st Grade—Pay Rs. 150 + 15 Con- veyance Allowance.				
1	Mr. N. M. Rego	150	C. A. 15	Godavari.—Probationary E. A. C., 4th Grade.
2	Mr. J. Tapp	150	C. A. 15	Kurnool. do. do.
3	V. Kalyaharama Aiyar	150	C. A. 15	Bellary. do. do.
Acting.				
	P. Ananda Rao	125	A. A. 25 C. A. 15	Kurnool.
	L. Hanumantulu	125	A. A. 25 C. A. 15	Ganjam.

Executive Staff employed under the sanction of the Local Government—contd.

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
EXECUTIVE STAFF—contd.				
NORTHERN CIRCLE—contd.				
2nd Grade—Pay Rs. 125 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.				
1	P. Ananda Rao	125	15	Kurnool.—Ag. in 1st Grade.
2	L. Hanumantulu	125	15	Ganjam. do.
3	Mr. G. W. Thompson	125	15	Vizagapatam.
Acting.				
	S. Eggyanarayana Sastri	100	A. A. 25 C. A. 15	Ganjam.
3rd Grade—Pay Rs. 100 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.				
1	S. Eggyanarayana Sastri	100	15	Ganjam.—Ag. in 2nd Grade.
2	K. Rama Rao	100	15	Anantapur.
3	K. Aswatham Nayudu	100	15	Kurnool.
Acting.				
	K. S. Krishnamachari	80	A. A. 20 C. A. 15	Godavari.
4th Grade—Pay Rs. 80 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.				
1	N. S. Ananthachari	80	15	Kistna.
2	K. S. Krishnamachari	80	15	Godavari.—Ag. in 3rd Grade.
3	Mr. D. A. Stracey	80	15	Do.
5th Grade—Pay Rs. 60 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.				
1	Sheik Rahmatulla Sahib	60	15	Kurnool.
2	N. Swamiantha Aiyar	60	15	Kurnool.
3	V. R. Venkatramaiyah	60	15	Godavari.
4	A. Srinivasa Hebbur	60	15	Kistna.
5	T. V. Sakoji Rao	60	15	Anantapur.
Acting.				
	K. G. Venkatrama Aiyar	50	C. A. 15 A. A. 10	Bellary.
	Mr. E. M. Crothers	50	C. A. 15 A. A. 10	Kurnool.
6th Grade—Pay Rs. 50 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.				
1	K. G. Venkatrama Aiyar	50	15	Bellary.—Ag. in 5th Grade.
2	Mr. E. M. Crothers	50	15	Kurnool.—do.
3	S. Ramasawmy Aiyar	50	15	Godavari.
4	A. Hanumanta Rao	50	15	Anantapur.
5	R. P. Jeevappa Naick	50	15	Kurnool.
6	P. Annappa	50	15	Ganjam.
7	K. Ramasawmy Aiyar	50	15	Vizagapatam.
8	C. Sinayya	50	15	Do.
9	K. A. Chengappa	50	15	Godavari.
Acting.				
	P. Ramasawmy Aiyah	40	A. A. 10 C. A. 15	Kurnool.
	A. Kristna Rao	40	A. A. 10 C. A. 15	Godavari.
	A. N. Bhuja Rao	40	A. A. 10 C. A. 15	Kurnool.

Executive Staff employed under the sanction of the Local Government—concl.

NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	District where serving.
EXECUTIVE STAFF—concl.			
NORTHERN CIRCLE—concl.			
6th Grade—Pay Rs. 50 + 15 Conveyance Allowance—concl.			
Acting.			
Mr. A. R. Brown	...	A. A. 50 C. A. 15	Kurnool.
V. S. Subramanya Aiyar	35	A. A. 15 C. A. 15	Ganjam.
B. K. Krishna Rao	20	A. A. 30 C. A. 15	Bellary.
B. Sannaiyya	35	A. A. 15 C. A. 15	Anantapur.
M. Srinivasa Rao	20	A. A. 30 C. A. 15	Kistna.
K. Venkata Subba Rao	35	A. A. 15 C. A. 15	Godavari.
Syed Yassim Sahib	30	A. A. 20 C. A. 15	Do.

NOTE.—Forest Rangers draw daily travelling allowance under Article 1063 (ii) and (iii), and Exception (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, 4th Edition, according to class in addition to their Permanent Conveyance Allowance under Article 1075.

The Head-quarters of District Forest Officers will, unless otherwise ordered, be at the Head-quarter station of the district. The Office of the Conservator of the Central Circle will be at Madras, while those of the Northern and Southern Circles will be respectively at Waltair and Coimbatore.

The control of Forest Administration is vested in the Board of Revenue, and the Conservators submit reports and other communications to the Board.

Assistant Conservators will be appointed to the second grade, and they will be eligible for promotion by Government successively to the first grade on their passing the prescribed examinations and obtaining the needful certificate of qualification from the Conservator.

Promotion will not necessarily be given immediately on passing, or solely in consequence of passing the examinations; the merits and qualifications of each officer will also be taken into consideration.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE SETTLEMENT, LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE.

Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture.

Sir F. A. Nicholson, K.C.I.E., I.C.S. 1st Member, Board of Revenue. On furl. on Medical Certificate for 11 months and 21 days from 19th March 1903.

The Hon'ble Mr. A. E. Castle Stuart Stuart, I.C.S. Ag. 3rd Member, Board of Revenue.

Commissioner of Revenue Settlement.

The Hon'ble Mr. J. N. Atkinson, I.C.S. 3rd Member, Board of Revenue (on other duty).

Mr. A. E. Castle Stuart Stuart. Ag. 3rd Member, Board of Revenue.

M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur R. V. Srinivasar, B.A. Secretary—(on other duty).

" V. K. Ramanujachariar, B.A. Ag. Secretary.

" P. Govinda Menon, B.A. 1st Assistant.

" M. Ramachendrayya, B.A. 2nd Assistant.

" G. Gopaulswami Chettiar, B.A. Head Accountant.

Settlement Party, No. II.

Mr. M. E. Couchman, B.A.	Special Settlement Officer.
T. E. Moir	Do. Asst. do.
Vacant	Uncovenanted Assistant.
M.R.By. P. Velayudhan, B.A.	Special Deputy Collector.
" R. Rama Rao	Do.

Settlement Party, No. III.

Mr. G. F. Paddison, B.A., I.C.S.	Special Settlement Officer.
M.R.By. D. Krishnayya, B.A.	Assistant Commissioner of Revenue Settlement (Sub. pro tem).
" D. Krishnayya, B.A.	Uncovenanted Assistant (on other duty).
" A. Narayana Rao	Sub. pro tem. (on duty in Salem.)

Settlement Party, No. V.

Mr. G. F. Paddison, B.A., I.C.S.	Special Settlement Officer.
M.R.By. T. V. Narasimhulu Naidu	Assistant Commissioner of Revenue Settlement.
" J. Sundarayya, B.A.	Uncovenanted Assistant.

Settlement Party, No. VI.

Mr. N. MacMichael, M.A., I.C.S.	Special Settlement Officer.
" C. A. Innes, I.C.S.	do. do.
" D. T. Chaudwick, I.C.S.	do. do.
M.R.By. C. S. Subramania Iyer	Uncovenanted Assistant.
" C. Gopalan Nair	Special Deputy Collector.
" V. Rama Rao	Do.
" J. L. Jacques	Do.

Settlement Party, Salem.

Mr. J. G. Burn, B.A., LL.B., I.C.S.	Special Settlement Officer.
A. Narayana Row	Uncovenanted Assistant, (Sub. pro tem.)

Land Records.

Mr. N. E. Marjoribanks, I.C.S.	Deputy Director of Land Records.
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Agriculture.

C. Benson, Esq., M.B.A.C.	Deputy Director of Agriculture.
M.B.By. C. K. Subba Rao, B.A.	Sub-Assistant Director of Agriculture (on other duty).
" R. Ramasami Aiyer	Ag. do.

Civil Veterinary Department.

Veterinary Major W. D. Gunn	Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Dept.
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Government Botanist.

C. A. Barber, Esq., M.A., F.L.S.	Government Botanist.
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NOMINAL ROLL OF THE MADRAS SURVEY DEPARTMENT,
ARRANGED ACCORDING TO SURVEY PARTIES.

Office of the Superintendent, Madras Survey.

No.	Name.	Appointment.	REMARKS.
1	D. G. Hatchell	Superintendent, Madras Survey	
	M. Ramaswami Naidu, Rao Bahadur.	Asst. do. 1st Class (Ag.)	
3	D. T. Srinivasa Aiyangar	Do. do. 3rd do. (Sub. pro tem.)	On furlough.
4	G. Pachia Pillai	Do. do. do. (do.)	
5	T. A. Sundaram Aiyar	Sub-Assistant, 1st do. (do.)	
6	C. J. Mallikarjuna Sastri	Do. 3rd do.	

Nominal Roll of the Madras Survey Department, arranged according to
Survey Parties—contd.

No.	Name.	Appointment.	REMARKS.
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Office of the Superintendent, Madras Survey—concl'd.

7	S. P. Venkatrama Iyer	Head Computer.	
8	T. Perreire	Head Draftsman.	
9	W. P. DaCosta	Lithographer.	
10	T. Kumarasami Mudaliar	Record-keeper.	
11	R. Srinivasa Aiyar	Lithographer.	
12	T. Narayanasami Naidu	Draftsman.	
13	H. Raghavendra Rao	Cashkeeper.	
14	K. Srinivasa Chari	Head Clerk.	
15	S. Kalyana Rama Aiyar	Camp Clerk	Tempy.
16	B. Chutter Sing	Photographer.	
17	K. Adikesava Pillai	Do.	Tempy.
18	A. Sankaranarayana Pillai	Draftsman.	
19	C. Narayanasami Naidu	Computer.	

Vizianagram Survey Party.

1	R. H. L. Lushington	Asst. Supt., 1st Class	In charge of Vizianagram Survey Party. On Medical leave.
2	H. S. Mullins	Do. do.	
3	W. P. Bateman	Do. 2nd Class.	
4	S. Gopala Chariar	Sub-Asst. do.	Sub. pro tem.
5	K. S. Gopala Aiyar	Do. do.	
6	G. Holden	Do. 3rd Class	Tempy.
7	M. Crampton	Head Surveyor, 1st Class.	
8	A. D. Sylvester	Do. do.	
9	S. Kristna Rao	Do. do.	Tempy.
10	T. Rama Row	Do. do.	Do.
11	M. Raman	Do. 2nd Class.	
12	R. Venkatachellam Pillai	Do. do.	Sub. pro tem.
13	G. Durand	Do. do.	Tempy.
14	A. Sundaram Aiyar	Do. do.	Do.
15	T. K. Venkataramier	Do. do.	Do.
16	T. Seetharam Naidu	Do. do.	Do.
17	G. S. Ranganatha Sastri	Do. do.	Do.
18	P. Arunachella Mudaliar	Computer-Draftsman.	
19	K. Gopala Rao	Do.	Tempy.
20	V. C. Devalrazu	Clerk.	

Kistna Re-Survey Party.

1	F. V. P. Gompertz	Asst. Supt., 2nd Class	In charge of Kistna Re-Survey Party.
2	J. F. Alley	Do. do.	Acting.
3	D. C. Raghavachariar	Sub-Asst., 1st Class	Sub. pro tem.
4	J. F. Alva	Do. 3rd do	Tempy.
5	S. Rodrigues	Head Surveyor, 1st Class	Do.
6	R. Ramasami Aiyangar	Do. 2nd Class	
7	A. Gabell	Do. do.	
8	A. V. Ramanjulu Naidu	Do. do.	
9	G. Gopalakrishna Aiyar	Do. do.	
10	V. Subba Row	Do. do.	Acting.
11	C. Ramasamier	Clerk	Sub. pro tem.

Kurnool Re-Survey Party.

1	J. C. Macfutchin	Dy. Supt., 2nd Class	In charge of Kurnool Re-Survey Party.
2	D. Sessa Charlu	Asst. Supt., 3rd Class	Sub. pro tem.
3	P. V. Subba Row	Sub-Asst., 1st Class	Do.
4	K. R. Venkatarama Aiyar	Do. 3rd do.	Tempy.
5	C. Lynch	Head Surveyor, 1st Class.	
6	G. Nageswara Rao	Do. 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
7	K. R. Kistnasami Aiyar	Do. 2nd do.	

Nominal Roll of the Madras Survey Department, arranged according to Survey Parties—conold.

No	Name.	Appointment.	REMARKS.
<i>Kurnool Re-Survey Party—conold.</i>			
8	Mahomed Shaik Meeran ...	Head Surveyor, 2nd Class	Tempy.
9	S. Krishna Aiyar ...	Clerk	Do.
10	G. K. Subramanya Aiyar ...	Computer-Draftsman.	
<i>Nellore Re-Survey Party, No. I.</i>			
1	W. A. Hasted ...	Dy. Supt., 2nd Class	In charge of Re-Survey Party, No. I.
2	F. Spurling ...	Asst. Supt., 3rd Class	Sub. pro tem. (on furlough).
3	R. Kuppasawmi Naidu ...	Sub-Asst. do.	Sub. pro tem.
4	R. Seshier ...	Do. do.	
5	T. Etherajulu Raju ...	Head Surveyor, 2nd Class.	
6	M. Chinnappa Pillai ...	Do. do.	Sub. pro tem.
7	V. Kristnasami Aiyar ...	Clerk.	
8	A. Nadamuni Reddi ...	Do.	
9	A. Parthasarathy Mudaliar.	Head Surveyor, 2nd Class	Tempy.
10	K. S. Narayana Aiyar ...	Do. do.	Do.
<i>Nellore Re-Survey Party, No. II.</i>			
1	C. W. Martin ...	Dy. Supt., 1st Class	In charge of Nellore Re-Survey Party, No. II.
2	M. R. Srinivasa Iyengar ...	Sub-Asst., 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.
3	R. Subba Aiyar ...	Do. 3rd do.	Tempy.
4	K. S. Shunmuga Sundram Chettyar.	Head Surveyor, 2nd Class	Do.
5	P. Dorasami Aiyangar ...	Do. do.	Do.
6	T. Shanmugam Pillai ...	Computer-Draftsman.	
7	P. Gurusami Naidu ...	Clerk	Tempy.
<i>Salem Re-Survey Party.</i>			
1	P. R. Narayana Aiyar ...	Asst. Supt., 2nd Class	In charge of Salem Re-Survey Party.
2	A. V. Stephen Pillai ...	Sub-Asst. 3rd do.	Tempy.
3	T. Otter ...	Head Surveyor, 1st Class	
4	A. Panchanada Iyer ...	Do. 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
5	C. Doraisami Aiyar ...	Do. 2nd do.	
6	T. R. Perumal Raju ...	Do. 2nd do.	Tempy.
7	A. Chendrasegaram Pillai...	Do. 1st do.	Do.
8	T. Kasturi Raju ...	Do. 2nd do.	
9	N. Srinivasa Aiyangar ...	Computer-Draftsman	Tempy.
<i>South Canara Section.</i>			
1	A. Lopez ...	Sub-Assistant, 3rd Class	Sub. pro tem. In charge of South Canara Section.
2	K. Govindasawmy Naidu...	Clerk	Tempy.
<i>Maintenance of Land Records.</i>			
1	G. Ramajogeswara Row ...	Head Surveyor, 2nd Class	Ganjam.
2	N. Doraisami Naidu ...	Do. do.	Cuddapah.
3	A. Natesa Aiyar ...	Do. do.	Salem—Tempy.
4	J. P. LeFang ...	Do. 1st Class	Coimbatore.
5	K. Gurusami Aiyar ...	Do. do.	Bellary—Sub. pro tem.
6	K. L. Doraisami Iyer ...	Do. do.	North Arcot.
7	V. Subbaramania Aiyar ...	Do. 2nd Class	Tanjore—Tempy.
8	T. S. Butler ...	Do. do.	Nilgiris—do.
9	O. Sesha Aiyar ...	Do. do.	Madura.
10	P. Hanumantha Rao ...	Do. do.	South Arcot.
11	B. Visvanadham ...	Do. do.	Anantapur—Acting.
12	P. Kunjamboo ...	Do. do.	Chinglepet—Tempy.

GRADATION LIST OF THE SURVEY ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

Lingual Attainments.	Names.	Service.	Date of first Appointment to the Dept.	Date of present Appointment	District or other duty on which now employed.	REMARKS.
1 / Tam.	D. G. Hatchell ...	Uncovenanted ...	14 Sept. 1885	7 Jan. 1901	...	Superintendent, Madras Survey.
1 / Tam.	C. W. Martin ...	Uncovenanted ...	7 Oct. 1884	18 Feb. 1899	...	In charge of Nellore Re-Survey Party, No. II.
1 / Tam.	J. C. MacHutchin ...	Uncovenanted ...	18 April 1894	7 Jan. 1901	...	In charge of Kurnool Re-Survey Party.
2 / Tam.	W. A. Hasted ...	Do. ...	10 Nov. 1884	28 Oct. 1902	...	In charge of Nellore Re-Survey Party, No. I.
1	H. S. Mullins ...	Uncovenanted ...	10 Nov. 1885	7 Jan. 1901	...	Leave on Medical Certificate for 18 months from 1st July 1903.
2 / Tel.	R. H. L. Lushington	Do. ...	3 Aug. 1887	28 Oct. 1902	...	In charge of Vizianagram Survey Party.
1	M. Ramaswami Naidu	Uncovenanted ...	4 Jan. 1872	2 Mar. 1899	...	In charge of Central Office.—Asst. Supt., 1st Class (Ag.).
2	P. R. Narayana Aiyar	Do. ...	12 May 1879	7 Jan. 1901	...	In charge of Salem Re-Survey Party.
3 / Tel.	F. V. P. Gompertz	Do. ...	6 April 1893	30 April 1901	...	In charge of Kistna Re-Survey Party.
4 / Mal.	W. F. Bateman ...	Do. ...	15 Nov. 1892	28 Oct. 1902	...	
1 to 6	Assistant Superintendents, 3rd Class.					Vacant.

GRADATION LIST OF THE ENGINEER ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT-PUBLIC WORKS, ATTACHED TO THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

Langual Attainments.	NAMES.	Service.	Date of first Appointment to the Department.	Date of present Appointment.	Circle, Division or Office in which employed.	REMARKS.
EXECUTIVE BRANCH.						
<i>Te</i>	Mr. W. B. deWinton, C.I.E.	...	1 Oct. 1874	10 Oct. 1902	Chief Engineer, First Class. to Govt., P. W. D.	
<i>T</i>	Mr. A. H. Garrett	...	Oct. 74	19 Oct. 03	Chief Engineer, Second Class. to Govt., P.W.D.	
<i>Hh</i>	Mr. J. P. Davidson, A.M.I.C.E.	...	Oct. 74	03 Oct. 03	Chief Engineer, Third Class. On special duty in connection with the investigation of Irrigation Projects.	Temp. rank.
<i>LS Te</i>	Col. C. C. Rawson Col. O. V. Boddy	Superintending Engineers, Royal Engrs. ... Do. ...	27 June 71 23 Jan. 1873	10 Oct. 03	First Class. 01 Suprs. Engr., IV Circle.	Allowed to count towards furlough a period of 12 months for famine duty. Leave for 20 months from 21st July 1902.
<i>LS T</i>	Col. W. L. C. Baddeley	Do. ...	23 July 74	July 03	Supp. Engr., III Circle.	Temp. rank.
<i>LS T</i>	Col. W. L. C. Baddeley	Superintending Engineers, Royal Engrs. ...	23 July 74	Feb. 03	Supp. Engr., III Circle.	Allowed to count towards furlough a period of 8 months and 5 days for famine duty. Supp. Engr., 1st class (temp. rank).
<i>H</i>	Mr. G. S. T. Harris	...	Oct. 75	Feb. 01	Consulting Architect's Division.	
<i>T.</i>	W. C. deMorgan, M.I.C.E.	...	Oct. 74	19 Oct. 03	Supp. Engr., I Circle.	

Superintending Engineers, Third Class.						
<i>Hh</i>	Mr. J. P. Davidson, A.M.I.C.E.	...	1 Oct. 1874	1 Oct. 1902	On special duty in connection with the investigation of Irrigation Projects.	Chief Engr., 3rd Class (temp. rank).
<i>Te</i>	G. H. B. Burlton	...	1 Oct. 75	19 Oct. 03	Supp. Engr., V Circle.	Temp. rank.
<i>T</i>	G. J. Usher	...	1 Oct. 77	May Oct. 03	Supp. Engr., VI Circle.	Do. (while on special duty).
<i>Te</i>	J. H. Medlicott	...	23 Sept. 81	23 Sept. 99	On special duty in connection with the investigation of Irrigation Projects.	
Executive Engineers, First Grade.						
<i>T</i>	Mr. C. J. Usher	...	1 Oct. 77	1 Oct. 1890	Supp. Engr., VI Circle.	Supp. Engr., 3rd Class (temp. rank).
<i>Te</i>	G. B. Lambert, A.M.I.C.E.	...	1 Oct. 77	1 Oct. 90	Cuddapah Division.	
<i>Te</i>	H. H. O'Connell	...	23 Sept. 78	24 Sept. 97	Supp. Engr., II Circle.	Offg. Lent to Madras Harbour Trust Board, 18th January 1903.
<i>T</i>	F. J. Wilson, A.M.I.C.E.	...	26 Sept. 79	23 Sept. 99	...	Services temporarily placed at the disposal of the Political Dept., for employment in Travancore, 16th April 1901.
<i>T</i>	C. A. Smith, A.M.I.C.E.	...	23 Sept. 80	23 Sept. 99	...	Combined leave, 15 months, from 30th April 1903.
<i>Te</i>	H. E. Clerk	...	23 Sept. 80	22 Sept. 99	...	Services placed at the disposal of the Local and Municipal Department, 10th Dec. 1902.
<i>HS in Te</i>	S. D. Pears	...	23 Sept. 80	23 Sept. 99	...	Services temporarily placed at the disposal of the Foreign Dept., Mysore State, 1st December 1893.
<i>Te</i>	J. J. Whiteley, A.M.I.C.E.	...	Sept. 81	Mar. 1900	...	Supp. Engr., 3rd Class (temp. rank).
<i>Te</i>	J. H. Medlicott	...	23 Sept. 81	Mar. 00	On Special Duty in connection with the investigation of Irrigation Projects.	
<i>Te</i>	A. T. Mackenzie, M.I.N.S.T.C.E.	...	3 Sept. 81	Mar. 00	Tungabhadra and Penner Projects.	
<i>Te</i>	S. Gopala Krishna Aiyar, Rai Bahadur, B.C.E.	...	15 Sept. 80	Mar. 00	Kurnool Division.	
<i>Te</i>	G. F. Handcock	...	23 Sept. 81	June 01	...	Combined leave, 10 months and 20 days, from 20th March 1903.
<i>T</i>	F. W. Ashpitel, A.M.I.C.E.	...	1 Oct. 82	Sept. 01	...	Combined leave, 2 years, from 29th May 1903.
<i>HS in Te</i>	P. R. Allen, A.M.I.C.E.	...	1 Oct. 82	Oct. 01	...	Combined leave, 1 year, from 4th April 1903.

GRADATION LIST OF THE ENGINEER ESTABLISHMENT, &c.—*contd.*

Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Service.	Date of first Appointment to the Department.	Date of present Appointment.	Circle, Division or Office in which employed.	REMARKS.
<i>TLS</i>	Major W. M. Ellis ...	Royal Engrs. ...	26 Jan. 1894	Oct. 1901	Grade.—<i>concl'd.</i>	
<i>Te</i>	Mr. J. Inglis ...	"	1 Oct. 89	Oct. 01	Colombatore Division.	
<i>Te</i>	" C. W. Wood ...	"	1 Oct. 82	Oct. 01	Godavari Western Divn.	
<i>Te</i>	" S. B. Murray, A.M.I.C.E. ...	"	23 Sept. 84	26 Jan. 03	West Coast Division.	
<i>Te</i>	" H. A. Moss, A.M.I.C.E. ...	"	23 Sept. 85	Supt. 03	Deputy Chief Engineer and Under Secretary to Government, P. W. D.	Combined leave, 2½ months, from 16th Oct. 1903.
<i>Te</i>	Mr. A. C. Langston, A.M.I.C.E. ...	"	23 Sept. 85	Mar. 00	Executive Engineers, Second Grade.	
<i>Te</i>	" L. L. Wickham ...	"	24 Aug. 89	Mar. 00	Nagapatnam Division.	
<i>Te</i>	" T. W. S. Smyth ...	"	24 Aug. 86	Feb. 01	Vizagapatnam Division.	
<i>Te</i>	" M. Ioan, A.M.I.C.E. ...	"	24 Aug. 86	Feb. 01	Ganjam Division.	
<i>Te</i>	" S. A. Subrahmanya Aiyar, Rai Sahib, B.A., B.C.E. ...	"	1 April 85	Feb. 01	South Arcot Division.	
<i>Te</i>	" H. T. Keeling, A.M.I.C.E. ...	"	1 Oct. 87	June 01	"	
<i>Te</i>	" R. A. Srinivasa Aiyangar, Rai Sahib, B.A., B.C.E. ...	"	1 April 86	Oct. 01	Nellore Division.	Combined leave, 1 year, from 28th July 1903.
<i>Te</i>	" C. Mildred, A.M.I.C.E. ...	"	18 Feb. 88	April 03	Godavari Eastern Divn.	
<i>Te</i>	" A. G. Romilly ...	"	1 Oct. 89	Aug. 02	Kistna Northern Divn.	
<i>HS. in Te</i>	" J. S. Wilson ...	"	23 Sept. 85	Mar. 00	Trichinopoly Division.	
<i>Te</i>	" W. J. J. Howley, A.M.I.C.E. ...	"	Oct. 89	Aug. 03	Kistna Eastern Divn.	
<i>Te</i>	" R. N. H. Reid, A.M.I.C.E. ...	"	Oct. 90	Aug. 00	Kistna Reservoir Project.	
<i>T</i>	" D. Marshall ...	"	Oct. 90	Dec. 00	Chingleput Division.	
<i>LS</i>	" R. S. Paterson ...	"	Oct. 90	Feb. 01	"	Leave, 21 months, from 15th April 1902.

<i>T</i>	" W. Hutton, A.M.I.C.E. ...	"	1 Oct.	Mar.	02	"	Services placed at the disposal of L. & M. Dept. for employment as Ag. Sanitary Engineer, 2nd November 1903. On special duty.
<i>Te</i>	" A. H. Morin ...	"	1 Oct.	Aug.	02	Tanjore Division	
<i>Te</i>	" J. M. Lacey, B.C.E. ...	"	Jan. 91	Oct.	02	Tungabhadra Project.	
<i>Te</i>	" J. M. M. Parker ...	"	Oct. 92	Oct.	02	Kistna, Western.	
<i>Te</i>	" A. R. deChazal ...	"	Oct. 92	Oct.	02	Salem Division.	
<i>Te</i>	" R. Srinivasa Aiyangar, Rai Sahib, B.A., B.C.E. ...	"	Jan. 91	Mar.	09	Trichinopoly Division...	Temp. rank.
<i>Te</i>	" A. V. Ramalinga Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E. ...	"	Jan. 93	April	01	Madura Division	Do.
<i>Te</i>	" M. R. Kharegat ...	"	Oct. 94	May	01	Ag. Asst. to Chief Engineer and Under Secretary to Government, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch, Supervises the work of T. R. S. Parties in addition.	Do.
<i>Te</i>	" P. Hawkins, A.M.I.C.E. ...	"	Oct. 94	Oct.	02	North Arcot Division...	Do.
<i>Te</i>	" L. D. Venkatarama Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E. ...	"	Jan. 94	May	02	Tungabhadra Project ...	Do.
<i>Te</i>	" M. Brown. ...	"	Oct. 95	June	02	P. W. Stores and Work-shops Division.	Do.
<i>JS Uh</i>	" J. B. Lutman ...	"	Oct. 95	May	03	Tinnevely Division.	
<i>Te</i>	Mr. R. Srinivasa Aiyangar, Rai Sahib, B.A., B.C.E. ...	"	Jan. 91	Oct. 1898	Madura Division.	Assistant Engineers, First Grade.	Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade (<i>temp. rank</i>).
<i>Te</i>	" G. R. Venkataram Aiyar, n.c.e. ...	"	Jan. 92	April	99	Vellar Investigation party.	
<i>Te</i>	" A. V. Ramalinga Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E. ...	"	Jan. 93	July 1900	Madura Division	"	Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade (<i>temp. rank</i>).
<i>Te</i>	" M. R. Kharegat ...	"	Oct. 94	April	01	Ag. Asst. to Chief Engineer and Under Secretary to Govt., P. W. D., Irrgn. Branch. Supervises the work of the T. R. S. Parties in addition.	Do. do. (do.)

GRADATION LIST OF THE ENGINEER ESTABLISHMENT, &c.—*contd.*

Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Service.	Date of first appointment to the Department.	Date of present appointment.	Circle, Division or Office in which employed.	REMARKS.
Assistant Engineers, First Grade—<i>concd.</i>						
Te	Mr. P. Hawkins, A.M.I.C.E.	...	Oct. 1894	July 1901	North Arcot Division ...	Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade (<i>empty rank</i>).
Te	" S. Krishnamachariyar, A.C.E., B.C.E.	...	Jan. 78	April 01	Consulting Architect's Division.	Provl. Engr. Establishment.
	" L. D. Venkatarania Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E.	...	Jan. 94	April 01	Tungabhadra Project...	Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade (<i>empty rank</i>).
LSU h	" T. T. Raghuvachariyar, B.C.E.	...	Aug. 76	June 01	...	Provl. Engr. Establishment. Leave for 24 months.
Te	" J. B. Lutman	...	Oct. 95	Apr. 02	Tinnevely Division ...	Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade (<i>empty rank</i>).
T	" M. Brown.	...	Oct. 95	Apr. 02	P. W. Stores and Work Shops.	Do. (do.)
LSU	" W. G. Moleworth	...	Oct. 96	Sep. 02	...	Lent to Harbour Trust Board, 9th November 1903.
T	" R. N. Arokaaswami Mudaliyar, B.A., B.C.E.	...	Jan. 96	July 03	Kurnool-Cuddapah Canal Investigation Party.	Sub <i>pro tem</i> .
te	" R. F. Stoney	...	Oct. 97	April 03	Madura Division ...	Provl. Engr. Establishments (sub. <i>pro tem</i>).
	" P. V. Manikam Nayakar, B.E.	...	Mar. 96	July 03	Vizagapatam Division.	
Assistant Engineers, Second Grade.						
te	Mr. C. T. Mullings	...	Oct. 95	May 00	Tungabhadra Project.	
h	" A. W. Campbell	...	Oct. 96	June 99	Godavari Central Division.	
Te	" G. S. Rama Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E.	...	Jan. 95	Dec. 02	Godavari Western Division.	
te	" R. W. Formby	...	Oct. 97	Feb. 01	Tungabhadra Project.	
	" S. Bhaskara Aiyar, B.A., B.E.	...	Jan. 97	April 01	Tinnevely Division ...	Provl. Engr. Establishment.
HS in T L	" F. W. Cornwell	...	June 88	Mar. 02	Cuddapah Division ...	Do.
h	" C. Peddie	...	Oct. 98	Aug. 02	Kistna Eastern Divn.	Do.

Te	" K. Srinivasa Aiyangar, B.A., B.E.	...	Feb. 1899	Aug. 1902	Nellore Division.	Provl. Engr. Establishment.
Te	" A. S. Lawrie	...	Oct. 99	Oct. 02	Ganjam Division.	Provl. Engr. Establishment.
	" U. S. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.E.	...	Jan. 99	Jan. 03	Tungabhadra project...	Do.
	" Abdul Latif Sahib, Bahadur.	...	July 73	Feb. 00	Kistna Western Divn...	Hony. rank.
	" H. M. Bond	...	June 67	May 1894	Office of Chief Engr. for Irrigation.	Do.
	" W. Venkataraddi Nayudu, B.C.E.	...	May 84	Mar. 95	Ganjam Division	Do.
T L S	" R. Vaidyanatha Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E.	...	Mar. 70	Mar. 99	Bellary Division	Do.
	" Hony. Capt. and Depy. Comm. Mr. P. Mahony	...	June 71	Mar. 98	...	Supernumerary. Leave from 22nd July 1903 to 30th Jan. 1904.
te	" J. Mahony	...	July 65	July 09	Consulting Architect's Division.	Do.
	" J. C. Dennehy	...	Dec. 69	July 1900	South Arcot Division ...	Do.
	" Hony. Lieut. and Dy. Asst. Comm. C. Smith.	...	July 72	July 00	Chingleput Division	Supernumerary.
	" Aug. 76	...	Nov. 00	...	Lighthouse Division	Supernumerary.
Assistant Engineers, Third Grade.						
	Mr. P. N. A. Lucas	...	Oct. 1900	Oct. 1900	...	Combined leave, 9 months and 20 days, from 30th April 1903.
T	" L. H. Greg	...	Oct. 00	Oct. 00	Godavari Eastern Divn.	Provl. Engr. Establishment.
	" V. Gopala Aiyar, B.E.	...	Feb. 00	Feb. 01	Godavari Central Divn.	
	" A. E. Ferns	...	Oct. 01	Oct. 01	Tanjore Division.	
	" H. F. Dawson	...	Oct. 01	Oct. 01	Madura Division.	
	" E. W. P. Walsh	...	Oct. 01	Oct. 01	Kistna Eastern Divn.	Do.
	" S. A. Swaminadha Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E.	...	Dec. 87	Feb. 02	South Arcot Division.	Do.
	" N. Swaminudha Aiyar, B.A., B.E.	...	Apr. 01	Apr. 01	Godavari Western Division.	Do.
	" H. A. Shore	...	Oct. 02	Oct. 02	Godavari Eastern Division.	Do.
	" M. Nilakanta Aiyar	...	Feb. 02	Feb. 02	Godavari Western Division.	Provl. Engr. Establishment.
	" V. Hart	...	Oct. 03	Oct. 03	...	Under training.
	" A. W. Robert	...	Oct. 03	Oct. 03	...	Outside the scale.

GRADATION LIST OF THE ENGINEER ESTABLISHMENT, &c.—*contd.*

Lingual Attainments	NAMES.	Service.	Date of first Appointment to the Department.	Date of present Appointment.	Circle, Division or Office in which employed.	REMARKS.
	Mr. G. R. Ramaswami Iyengar...	...			...	
	Engineer Officers	...				
	Mr. J. J. O'Reilly	...	Jan. 1903	Jan. 1903	Cong. Archt. Divn.	
	" W. M. Griffith	...	Jan. 03	Jan. 03	03 Tungabhadra Project.	
	" H. W. Milner	...	Jan. 03	Jan. 03	03 Kistna Project.	
	" C. L. Bushell	...	Jan. 03	Jan. 03	03 Tungabhadra Project.	
	" F. E. Morgan	...	Jan. 03	Jan. 03	03 Kistna Project.	
	Mr. H. A. Irwin	...	Oct. 1902	Oct. 1902	Tungabhadra and Pen-ner Projects.	
	" J. Ellis	...	June 03	June 03	03 Tungabhadra Project.	
	" D. Brodie	...	July 1898	Feb. 00	00 West Coast Division.	
	" L. Redmond	...	Oct. 02	Oct. 02	02 Kistna Reservoir Pro-ject. Do.	
	" M. J. Redmond	...	Dec. 02	Dec. 02	Do.	
	Mr. J. A. Jones, M. INST. C.E., F.R.S.E.	Sanitary Engineer to Government.	Jan. 1877	April 1890	Sanitary Engineer	Combined leave from 2nd Nov. 1903 to 11th June 1904.
T	" W. H. Hufsch, A.M.I.C.E.	...	1 Oct. 91	Mar. 1902	Ag. Sanitary Engineer.	
	" Nowroji Hormusji, R.C.E.	...	Apr. 80	Nov. 1891	Asst. do.	

LIST OF OFFICERS OF P. W. D., RAILWAY BRANCH.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS FOR RAILWAYS.

H	Mr. F. J. E. Spring, C.I.E., L.C.E., M. INST. C.E., M.I.M.E.	...	Aug. 1870	Jan. 1901	Consng. Engr. and Secy. to Govt., P. W. D., Railway Branch.
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H	Mr. E. I. Shadbolt, M.I.C.E.	...	Oct. 74	July 03	Offg. Consng. Engr. and Offg. Secy. to Govt., P. W. D., Ry. Branch.	Temp. rank.
H	Mr. E. I. Shadbolt, M.I.C.E.	...	Oct. 74	Jan. 03	Offg. Consng. Engr. and Offg. Secy. to Govt., P. W. D., Ry. Branch.	Chief Engr., 2nd Class (temp. rank).
H	Capt. W. C. Smyth, R.E.	Royal Engrs.	Oct. 90	Sept. 1892	Dy. Consng. Engr. for Railways.	
H	Mr. C. D. D. Wilson	...	Oct. 87	Feb. 1901	Depy. Consng. Engr. and Under Secretary to Govt., P. W. D., Ry. Branch.	
	P. W. D. OFFICERS LENT TO FOREIGN SERVICE.					
H	Mr. T. Mitchell, A.M.I.C.E.	...	Oct. 75	Aug. 03	South Indian Railway Company.	Temp. rank.
H	Mr. T. Mitchell, A.M.I.C.E.	...	Oct. 75	Jan. 03	South Indian Railway Company.	Chief Engr., 3rd Class (temp. rank).
te H	Mr. W. McHutchin	...	Oct. 74	Aug. 02	Mysore State	Temp. rank.
te H	Mr. W. McHutchin	...	Oct. 74	Oct. 1894	Mysore State.	
H	Major A. D. G. Shelley, R.E.	Royal Engrs.	Jan. 85	Oct. 1901	South Indian Railway Company.	Sugg. Engr., 3rd Class (temp. rank).
H	Major A. C. de L. Joly de Lotbinière	Royal Engrs.	Dec. 87	Oct. 01	Mysore State.	

DISTRIBUTION LIST OF THE ENGINEER AND ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHMENT OF THE P. W. DEPARTMENT OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
Public Works Secretariat.		
Mr. W. B. de Winton	Chief Engr., 1st Class	Chief Engr. and Secy. to Govt., P.W.D.
" A. H. Garrett	Chief Engineer, 2nd Class	Chief Engr., and Joint Secy. to Govt., P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.
" J.P. Davidson, A.M.I.C.E.	Chief Engr., 3rd Class (tempy. rank).	On Special duty in connection with the investigation of Irrigation Projects.
" S. B. Murray, A.M.I.C.E.	Exec. Engr., 1st Grade	Dy. Chief Engr., and Under Secy. to Govt., P. W. D.
" M. R. Kharegat	Do. 3rd do. (tempy. rank).	Ag. Asst. to Chief Engr., and Under Secretary to Govt., P.W.D., Irrigation Branch. Supervises the work of T. R. S. Parties in addition.
" H. M. Bond	Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade (hony. rank).	Attached to the Office of Chief Engr. for Irrigation.
" R. J. P. Enright	Sub-Engr., 2nd Grade	Attached to the Office of Chief Engr., P. W. D.

Examiners of Public Works Accounts.

Mr. C. R. T. Balston	Examiner, Class II.	
" W. R. Butterfield	Dy. Examr. do. I.	
" H. W. Schmidt	Do. do. I	Tempy. rank.
" B. N. Mitra	Asst. Examr., 3rd Grade.	On probation.
" J. D. L. Calder	Do. 1st do.	Hony. rank.
C. Manavala Nayudu	Do. 1st do.	Do.
A. Krishnaswami Rau	Accountant.	
Mr. W. A. Long	Do.	
" W. I. Jackson, B.A.	Do.	
K. S. Kodandarama Aiyar, B.A.	Do.	
Mr. E. L. Taylor, B.A.	Do.	
" E. A. LaFontaine, B.A.	Do.	
D. Lokayya	Do.	
V. R. Krishnaswami Mudaliyar.	Do.	
C. M. Ranganatha Mudaliyar	Do.	
A. Ranganatha Mudaliyar	Do.	
K. V. Narasimham	Do.	
Mr. W. A. Falconer	Do.	

Consulting Engineers for Railways.

Mr. E. I. Shadbolt, M.I.C.E.	Chief Engr., 2nd Class (tempy. rank).	Offg. Consng. Engineer, and Offg. Secy. to Govt., P.W.D., Railway Branch.
" C. D. D. Wilson	Exce. Engr., 2nd Grade.	Dy. Consng. Engr. for Railways, and Under Secy. to Government, P.W.D., Railway Branch.
Captain W. C. Smyth, R.E.	Do. do.	Dy. Consng. Engr. for Railways.

Examiners of Railway Accounts.

Mr. C. E. Ross, F.S.S., F.I.S.A.A.	Examiner, Class III	Tempy. rank.
" W. F. Milne	Dy. Exr., do. I	Tempy. rank. Trichinopoly.
" A. W. Smart	Asst. Exr., 1st Grade	Madras.

GRADATION LIST OF THE ENGINEER ESTABLISHMENT, &c.—contd.

Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Service.	Date of first appointment to the Department.	Date of present appointment.	Circle, Division or Office in which employed.	REMARKS.
H	Mr. W. H. Scott	...	Jan. 1898	Mar. 1903	Examiner, Class I.	
Ty	Mr. C. R. T. Balston	...	April 72	April 03	Examiner, Class II, P. W. Accounts.	
LS	" C. E. Ross, F.S.S., F.I.S.A.A.	...	April 82	Nov. 02	Examiner, Class III, Tempy. rank. Guaranteed Ry. Accts.	
HS in U	Mr. W. R. Butterfield	A	Mar. 78	Nov. 02	Dy. Examiner, Class I, P. W. Accounts.	
	" H. W. Schmidt	A	Dec. 82	Nov. 01	Dy. Examiner, Class I, P. W. Accounts.	
	" W. F. Milne (C.) A.E.	...	Oct. 99	Jan. 03	Dy. Examiner, Class II, Guaranteed Railway Accounts.	
HS in U	Mr. A. W. Smart, E.E., A.E.	...	Aug. 1900	Jan. 1903	Asst. Exmr., 1st Grade, Guaranteed Railway Accounts.	
	" B. N. Mitra	...	Aug. 1903	Aug. 03	Asst. Engr., 3rd Grade, P. W. Accounts.	On probation.
	" J. D. L. Calder	A	April 1874	Aug. 1888	Asst. Examiner, 1st Grade, P. W. Accounts.	
	" C. Manavala Naidu	...	Jan. 1904	June 1903	Do.	

ACCOUNTS BRANCH.

Examiners.

Deputy Examiner, Class I.

Deputy Examiners.

Assistant Examiners.

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
Examiners of Railway Accounts—contd.		
M. Venkataramana Rau	Accountant.	Madras
R. T. Munilaul	Do.	
V. Muttuvira Chetti	Do.	
Mr. H. A. R. Dunhill	Do.	
T. Ratnasabhapati Pillai, B.A.	Do.	Trichinopoly.
V. R. Ratna Mudaliyar	Do.	Do.
T. C. Srinivasa Aiyangar	Do.	
C. Visvanatha Mudaliyar	Do.	
Mr. A. M. Hayman	Do.	
E. C. J. Fernando	Do.	
Lighthouse Division.		
Hony. Lieut. and Dy. Asst. Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade	(Supp.)	Offg. Supt. of Works.
Commy. C. Smith.		
B. Venkatappayya	Accountant.	
Investigation of Irrigation Projects.		
Mr. J. H. Medlicott	Supp. Engr., 3rd class	Temp. rank.
Consulting Architect's Division.		
Mr. G. S. T. Harris	Supp. Engr., 2nd Class.	
S. Krishnamachariyar, B.A.	Rail Asst. Engr., 1st Grade.	
Sahib, B.C.E.		
Mr. J. J. O'Reilly	Temp. Engr.	
P. Mahony	Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade	Hony. rank.
J. Willis	Sub-Engr., 3rd do.	
C. L. Narasimhayya	Overseer, 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
M. Chinnayya	Accountant.	
Presidency Public Works Stores and Workshops Division.		
Mr. M. Brown	Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade	Temp. rank.
C. J. W. Plummer	Supervisor, 2nd do.	
J. G. Baskett	Temp. Upper Subordinate.	
D. Jeremiah	Accountant	Attached to Workshops.
H. F. Humphreys	Do.	
No. 1 CIRCLE.—HEAD-QUARTERS, DOWLAISHWERAM.		
Mr. W. C. DeMorgan, M. INST. C.E.	Supp. Engr., 2nd Class.	
(1) Ganjam Division.		
Mr. M. Loam, A.M.I.C.E.	Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade.	
A. S. Laurie	Asst. Engr., 2nd do.	
W. Venkatareddi Nayadu	Do. 2nd do.	Hony. rank.
Diwan Bahadur.		
P. Ranganayakulu Nayudu	Supervisor, 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
B.C.E.		
P. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Overseer, 2nd do.	
V. Sundaram Aiyar	Do. 1st do.	Temp. rank.
N. Thangavadevalu Mudaliyar.	Do. 1st do.	Do.
C. V. Shunmuka Mudaliyar	Do. 2nd do.	
N. Rangachari	Do. 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.
A. Ramaswami Aiyar	Do. 3rd do.	Do.
O. R. Narayanaswami Aiyar	Do. 3rd do.	Do.
A. S. Ramaswami Aiyar	Do. 3rd do.	Do.
Mr. A. D. Samuel Pillai	Temp. Upper Subordinate.	
M. V. Krishnaswami Aiyar	Do.	
M. Gopala Aiyar	Do.	
Mr. J. A. David	Do.	
K. Panduranga Rau	Do.	
S. Krishna Aiyar	Do.	
P. S. Krishnaswami Aiyar	Do.	
T. L. Appa Rao	Do.	
M. Govindarajulu Nayudu	Accountant.	

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
(2) Vizagapatam Division.		
Mr. T. W. S. Smyth	Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade	
P. V. Manickam Nayakar, B.E.	Asst. Engr., 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
Mr. U. N. Joyee	Sub-Engr., 2nd do.	
V. Krishnaswami Mudaliyar	Supervisor, 1st do.	
T. Sabapathi Mudaliyar	Do. 2nd do.	
P. N. Ramachandra Aiyar	Overseer, 1st do.	Temp. rank.
C. Tirumala Chari	Do. 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.
G. V. Kuppuswami Aiyar	Do. 3rd do.	Do.
V. S. Ramakrishna Aiyar	Temp. Upper Subordinate.	
R. Dakshnamurti Aiyar	Do.	
A. R. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Do.	
S. Narasimha Chari	Do.	
Muhammad Latif Hussain	Accountant.	
(3) Godavari Eastern Division.		
Mr. C. Mildred, A.M.I.C.E.	Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade.	
L. H. Greg	Asst. Engr., 3rd do.	
H. A. Shore	Do. 3rd do.	
S. Vijayaraghavalu Das Na-	Sub-Engr., 2nd do.	
yudu, Rao Babadur.		
Mr. C. W. Traish	Supervisor, 2nd Grade	
Sergeant R. A. Lises	Do. 2nd do.	Temp. rank.
T. S. Narayanaswami Aiyar	Overseer, 1st do.	
S. Krishnaswami Aiyar	Overseer, 1st do.	Temp. rank.
C. V. Jagannatha Mudaliyar	Temp. Upper Subordinate.	
M. Visvanatha Aiyar	Do.	
G. S. Krishnaswami Aiyar	Do.	
V. S. Ramanatha Aiyar	Do.	
T. Jayaran Chetti	Accountant.	
(4) Godavari Western Division.		
Mr. J. Inglis	Exec. Engr., 1st Grade.	
G. S. Rama Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E.	Asst. Engr., 1st do.	
Mr. N. Swaminadha Aiyar, B.A.,	Do. 3rd do.	
B.E.		
M. Nilakanta Aiyar	Do. 3rd do.	
C. Venkatramayya	Supervisor, 2nd do.	
Serpt. W. MacAlister	Overseer, 1st do.	
S. Siva Rau	Do. 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
B. Ramachandra Rau	Do. 3rd do.	Do.
F. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Temp. Upper Subordinate.	
P. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Do.	
T. S. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Do.	
T. P. Mayilragana Mudaliyar	Do.	
S. Sankara Rau	Accountant.	
(5) Godavari Central Division.		
Mr. A. W. Campbell	Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade	Offg. Exec. Engineer.
V. Gopala Aiyar, B.E.	Do. 3rd do.	
L. S. Panchapaksa Sarma	Supervisor, 2nd do.	
K. Panchanatha Aiyar	Overseer, 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
S. Venkataratnam Nayudu	Do. 1st do.	Temp. rank.
A. Paramasiva Aiyar	Do. 3rd do.	Sub. pro tem.
N. A. Sankara Aiyar	Do. 3rd do.	Do.
N. S. Venkataramana Aiyar	Temp. Upper Subordinate.	
O. N. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Accountant.	
No. 2 CIRCLE.—HEAD-QUARTERS, BEZWADA.		
Mr. H. H. O'Connell	Exec. Engr., 3rd class.	

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
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(1) Kistna Northern Division.

Mr. A. G. Romilly	... Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade.	
P. M. Swaminadha Aiyar	... Supervisor, 2nd do.	
P. Narayanaswami Nayudu	... Do. 2nd do.	
T. Venkatarama Aiyar	... Overseer, 1st do.	
C. Venkataramayya Nayudu	... Do. 1st do.	
Sergt. H. C. Codd	... Do. 1st do.	
Mr. A. S. Baskett	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
B. R. Ramakrishna Aiyangar	... Do.	
T. C. Narayanaswami Aiyar	... Do.	
M. O. Singara Aiyangar	... Do.	
R. S. Venugopal Nayudu	... Do.	
Mr. E. H. Muller	... Do.	
R. Panchapaksa Aiyar	... Do.	
C. V. Ramiengar	... Accountant.	

(2) Kistna Eastern Division.

Mr. W. J. J. Howley, A.M.I.C.E.	... Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade.	
" C. Peddie	... Asst. Engr., 2nd do.	
" E. W. P. Walsh	... Do. 3rd do.	
A. Venkataramangarai Nayudu	... Supervisor, 1st do.	
Mr. T. A. Monisse	... Do. 1st do.	
" J. S. Mullen	... Do. 2nd do.	... Tempy. rank.
U. R. Bashyam Aiyangar	... Overseer, 1st do.	... Do.
Sergt. P. England	... Do. 1st do.	
D. V. Venkatarama Aiyar	... Do. 1st do.	
G. Lakshmana Rau	... Do. 1st do.	... Sub. pro tem.
L. D. Ramachandra Aiyar	... Do. 1st do.	... Do.
M. Aiyannah Nayudu	... Do. 2nd do.	... Do.
S. Raghavachari	... Do. 3rd do.	
A. Panchapaksa Aiyar	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
K. Sitarama Aiyar	... Do.	
Mr. A. E. Taylor	... Accountant.	

(3) Kistna Western Division.

Mr. J. M. M. Parker	... Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade.	
Abdul Lalitif Sahib, Khan Bahadur.	... Asst. Engr., 2nd do.	
S. Panchapaksa Aiyar	... Sub-Engr., 3rd do.	
P. Ramanarain Pondai	... Supervisor, 1st do.	
Mr. E. T. Jordan	... Overseer, 1st do.	... Tempy. rank.
K. R. Krishnaswami Aiyar	... Do. 3rd do.	... Sub. pro tem.
C. Ramaswami Aiyar	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
T. V. Saptarishi Sastri	... Do.	
A. Rama Aiyar	... Do.	
P. Ramaswami Nayudu	... Do.	
K. R. Ganapati Aiyar	... Do.	
D. Venkatarama Aiyar	... Do.	
N. A. Ramasubba Aiyar	... Do.	
S. R. Sambasiva Aiyar	... Do.	
G. S. Mahadeva Aiyar	... Do.	
G. Venkatarama Aiyar	... Do.	
A. Balasundaram Pillai	... Accountant.	

Kistna Reservoir Project.

Mr. R. N. H. Reid, A.M.I.C.E.	... Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade.	
C. R. Chinaswami Aiyar, B.C.E.	... Sub-Engr., 3rd do.	
Mr. L. Redmond	... Tempy. Engineer.	
Mr. M. J. Redmond	... Do.	
Mr. F. E. Morgan	... Do.	
Mr. H. W. Milner	... Do.	
S. Chittambala Pillai	... Overseer, 1st Grade.	
S. Kodandaramayya Nayudu	... Do. 2nd do.	
M. Balasubrahmanya Aiyar	... Do. 3rd do.	... Sub. pro tem.

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
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(4) Nellore Division.

R. A. Srinivasa Aiyangar, Rai Sahib, B.A., B.C.E.	... Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade.	
K. Srinivasa Aiyangar, B.A., B.E.	... Asst. Engr., 2nd do.	
T. Ramanujam Pillai	... Sub-Engr., 3rd do.	
C. Ramanna Pantulu	... Supervisor, 1st do.	
Sergeant F. E. Gwynn	... Overseer, 1st do.	
S. Dakshanamurti	... Do. 1st do.	
M. Krishnaswami Aiyangar	... Do. 1st do.	
S. Natesa Aiyar	... Do. 1st do.	
S. Minakshisundram Aiyar	... Do. 3rd do.	... Sub. pro tem.
G. P. Vaidyanatha Aiyar	... Do. 3rd do.	... Do.
K. Narasimhachari	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
C. S. Krishna Rau	... Do.	
V. S. Rangaswami Aiyar	... Do.	
S. Visvanatha Sastri	... Do.	
C. R. Krishna Rau	... Accountant.	

Nellore Investigation Party.

V. T. Srinivasa Aiyangar, B.C.E.	... Sub-Engr., 3rd Grade.	
U. Venkata Rau	... Supervisor, 2nd do.	
N. Kandaswami Pillai	... Overseer, 1st do.	
D. Kail Pillai, B.A., B.E.	... Do. 2nd do.	
G. Chellam Aiyar	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	

No. 3 CIRCLE—HEAD-QUARTERS, BELLARY.

Col. W. L. C. Baddeley, R.E.	... Supg. Engr., 1st Class	... Tempy. rank.
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(1) Bellary Division.

R. Vaidyanatha Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E.	... Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade	... Hon'y. rank.	... Offg. Exec. Engr.
Mr. T. D. Enright	... Sub Engr., 2nd do.		
" M. R. Bresnahan	... Supervisor, 1st do.		
Sub-Cond'r M. Power	... Do. 2nd do.		
M. N. Ramakrishna Aiyar	... Do. 2nd do.	... Tempy. rank.	
Sergeant J. H. Thomas	... Overseer, 1st do.		
R. Srinivasa Raghava Chari	... Do. 1st do.		
S. Natesa Aiyar	... Do. 1st do.	... Sub. pro tem.	
P. S. Krishna Aiyar	... Do. 3rd do.	... Do.	
R. Lakshminarayana Rau	... Do. 3rd do.	... Do.	
P. S. Subramanya Aiyar	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.		
M. Ramanatha Aiyar	... Do.		
K. Subrahmanya Aiyar	... Do.		
N. C. Rangachari	... Do.		
S. Appu Aiyar	... Do.		
F. S. Arunachala Aiyar	... Do.		
K. Venkatachalam	... Do.		
M. A. Srinivasa Aiyangar	... Do.		
A. Theaga Rajier	... Accountant	... Under suspension.	
T. K. Raghavendra Rau	... Do.		

TUNGABHADRA AND PENNER PROJECTS.

Central Office.

Mr. A. T. Mackenzie, A.M.I.C.E.	... Exec. Engr., 1st Grade.	
P. A. Venkatarama Aiyar, B.C.E.	... Supervisor, 2nd do.	... Tempy. rank.

No. I Division.

Mr. H. A. Irwin	... Tempy. Engineer.	
" G. L. Bushell	... Do.	
" J. W. Cox	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
A. Sivaswami Aiyar	... Do.	
S. Srinivasa Aiyar	... Do.	
M. S. Swaminatha Pillai	... Do.	

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
No. II Division.		
Mr. C. T. Mullings	Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade.	
R. W. Formby	Do. 2nd do.	
Condr. S. Ainly	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
K. R. Venkatarama Aiyar	Do.	
Mr. W. H. Gilbert	Do.	
T. P. Viswanatha Aiyar	Do.	
No. III Division.		
L. D. Venkatarama Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E.	Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade	Tempy. rank.
U. S. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.E.	Asst. Engr., 2nd do.	
T. Perayya Nayudu	Supervisor, 2nd do.	
G. Narayana Rau	Do. 2nd do.	
K. G. Lakshinayana Aiyar	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
V. Aiyasami Sastri	Do.	
No. IV Division.		
Mr. J. M. Lacey, B.C.E.	Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade.	
W. M. Griffith	Tempy. Engineer.	
J. Ellis	Do.	
D. Muttirulappa Pillai	Supervisor, 1st Grade.	
A. Srinivasa Sastri	Do. 1st do.	
M. P. Narasimha Aiyangar	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
N. G. Venkatarama Aiyar	Do.	
(2) Cuddapah Division.		
Mr. G. B. Lambert, A.M.I.C.E.	Exec. Engr., 1st Grade.	
F. W. Cornwell	Asst. Engr., 2nd do.	
Sub-Condr. R. S. Sheridan	Supervisor, 2nd do.	
P. V. Ramaswami Aiyar	Do. 2nd do.	
P. Ramachandra Aiyar	Overseer, 1st do.	
P. S. Natesa Aiyar	Do. 1st do.	Tempy. rank.
M. Ganapathi Aiyar	Do. 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.
T. S. Rangaswami Aiyangar	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
M. Rangaswami Aiyangar	Do.	
M. Srinivasagam Pillai	Do.	
T. Abboy Aiyah	Do.	
T. R. Srinivasa Aiyangar	Do.	
T. L. Ramaswami Aiyar	Do.	
K. Kuppuswami Nayudu	Accountant	On leave.
S. V. Sankara Aiyar	Do.	
No. I Party, T. R. S.		
M. R. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Supervisor, 2nd Grade	In charge of No. II party in addition.
(3) Kurnool Division.		
S. Gopalakrishna Aiyar, Rai Bahadur, B.C.E.	Exec. Engr., 1st Grade	On leave.
N. Nadhamuni Mudaliyar	Sub-Engr., 2nd do.	Offg. Exec. Engr.
Mr. J. B. Rodrigues	Supervisor, 1st do.	
Sub-Condr. E. Price	Do. 1st do.	
S. Sambasiva Aiyar	Do. 2nd do.	
D. S. Sankara Aiyar	Do. 2nd do.	Tempy. rank.
M. R. Natesa Aiyar	Overseer, 1st do.	
A. R. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Do. 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
T. K. Ramabhadra Sastri	Do. 1st do.	Do.
A. R. Subhushwami Aiyar	Do. 1st do.	Tempy. rank.
A. S. Rajagopala Aiyangar	Do. 3rd do.	Sub. pro tem.
A. Rama Rau	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
G. Rangachari	Do.	
C. S. Gopalakrishna Rao	Do.	
M. V. Sambasiva Aiyar	Accountant.	

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
Kurnool-Cuddapah Canal Investigation Party.		
R. N. Arokeaswami Mudaliyar, B.A., B.C.E.	Asst. Engr., 1st Grade.	
J. S. Muttayya	Overseer, 1st do.	
W. P. Clay	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
Kurnool-Anantapur Investigation Party.		
R. Sundaram Aiyar, B.C.E.	Overseer, 1st Grade.	
T. K. Srinivasa Aiyar	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
No. 4 CIRCLE—HEAD-QUARTERS, COIMBATORE.		
Col. C. C. Rawson, R.E.	Supg. Engr., 1st Class.	
(1) Coimbatore Division.		
Major. W. M. Ellis, R.E.	Exec. Engr., 1st Grade.	
Condr. W. Rule	Sub-Engr., 3rd do.	
Mr. C. H. Marrow	Supervisor, 1st do.	
Sub-Condr. C. J. Smith	Do. 1st do.	
Sergeant A. G. Hawkins	Do. 2nd do.	Tempy. rank.
N. V. Suriyanarayana Aiyar	Overseer, 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
P. A. Srinivasachari	Do. 2nd do.	Do.
M. Gnanapragasam Pillai	Do. 1st do.	Do.
R. Annadurai Aiyangar	Do. 2nd do.	Do.
N. S. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
S. Nataraja Aiyar	Do.	
K. R. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Do.	
Mr. M. G. Pereira	Accountant.	
(2) West Coast Division.		
Mr. C. W. Wood	Exec. Engr., 1st Grade.	
D. Brodie	Tempy. Engineer.	
A. E. C. Vas	Sub-Engr., 3rd Grade.	
J. Pereira	Do. 3rd do.	
J. R. Hendrick	Do. 3rd do.	
W. T. Jacob	Supervisor, 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.
N. Madhava Menon	Overseer, 1st do.	Do.
K. Narayana Hebbar	Do. 1st do.	
S. Panchapakasa Aiyar	Do. 1st do.	
S. V. Kanagasabha Pillai	Do. 3rd do.	Sub. pro tem.
P. V. Paratrahmo Sastri	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
Mr. L. A. Barboza	Do.	
M. Saldanha	Do.	
T. P. Anantarama Aiyar	Do.	
Mr. C. A. Calmiano	Accountant.	
(3) North Arcot Division.		
Mr. P. Hawkins, A.M.I.C.E.	Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade	Tempy. rank.
J. Kelly	Sub-Engr., 2nd do.	
Condr. H. Slaney	Do. 3rd do.	
Sergt. J. S. Mahony	Supervisor, 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.
T. Ramaswami Aiyar	Overseer, 1st do.	Do.
S. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Do. 1st do.	Do.
B. M. Viswanatha Aiyar, B.A.	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
A. Manicka Mudaliar	Do.	
C. K. Ramachandra Aiyar	Do.	
C. Varadarajulu Mudaliyar	Do.	
P. K. Srinivasa Aiyar	Do.	
M. Atchayya Patrudu	Accountant.	

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
No. V Party, T.R.S.		
Mr. J. A. Sydenham	... | Supervisor, 1st Grade.	
(4) Salem Division.		
Mr. A. R. de Chozal	... Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade.	
Sergt J. Whittaku	... Supervisor, 2nd do.	
C. S. Venkatarama Aiyar, B.C.E.	... Do. 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.
T. B. Sankara Sastri, A.C.E.	... Do. 1st do.	Do.
R. Vaidyanatha Aiyar	... Overseer, 2nd do.	Do.
N. A. Jagannatha Chari	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
T. Subbramanya Aiyar	... Do.	
N. S. Venkatarama Aiyar	... Do.	
T. Muttukumaraswami Mudaliyar	... Do.	
Mr. F. M. Lalor	... Accountant.	

No. 5 CIRCLE—HEAD-QUARTERS, MADRAS.

Mr. C. H. B. Burlton, A.M.I.C.E. | Supg. Engr., 3rd Class ... |

(1) South Arcot Division.

S. A. Subrahmanya Aiyar, Rail	Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade.	
Sahib, B.A., B.C.E.		
S. A. Swaminatha Aiyar	Asst. Engr., 3rd do.	
B.A., B.C.E.		
" J. Mahony	Asst. Engr., 2nd do.	Hony. rank.
S. Panchamatha Aiyar	Supervisor 1st do.	
" C. S. Srinivasa Aiyar	Do. 1st do.	
C. Singaravelu Mudaliyar	Do. 2nd do.	
K. Gopala Aiyar	Do. 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem
C. N. Subrahmanya Aiyar	Do. 2nd do.	Do.
V. S. Vaidyanatha Mudaliyar	Do. 2nd do.	
P. Moses Pillai	Overseer, 1st do.	
N. Krishnaswami Aiyar	Do. 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.
P. Rangaswami Aiyangar	Do. 2nd do.	Do.
E. Virabhadraja	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
V. Nataraja Mudaliyar	Do.	
P. S. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A.	Do.	
V. R. Venkatarama Aiyar	Do.	
M. S. Aiyaswami Aiyar	Do.	
Mr. G. W. Wilkins	Accountant.	

Vellar Investigation Party.

G. R. Venkatarama Aiyar, B.C.E.	Asst. Engr, 1st Grade.
R. S. Rajangam Aiyar, B.A. B.E.	Tempy. Upper Subordinate.
A. B. Ranganatham Pillai	Do.

No. III Party, T. R. S.

A. Artulanandam Pillai ... | Supervisor, 2nd Grade. ... |

(2) Chingleput Division.

Mr. D. Marshall	... Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade	
" J. C. Denneby	... Asst. Engr., 2nd do.	Hony. rank.
" E. P. Taylor	... Sub. Engr., 1st do.	
Condr. T. G. Blake	... Do. 3rd do.	
Hony. Lieut. and Dy. Asst.	Do. 3rd do.	
Commy. J. H. Ulyett.		
V. Subrahmanya Sastri	Supervisor, 1st do.	
Sub-Condr. J. O'C. Phelan	Do. 1st do.	
R. Srinivasachariar	Do. 2nd do.	
M. Ramakrishna Aiyar, B.C.E.	Do. 2nd do.	

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
(2) Chingleput Division—concl'd.		
V. K. Kuppusawmy Aiyar	... Overseer, 1st do.	
V. S. Srinivasa Aiyangar	... Do. 1st do.	
C. J. Rangaswami Aiyangar	... Do. 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.
V. S. Manicka Mudaliyar	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
U. Devappa Kini	... Do.	
N. Raghava Aiyangar	... Do.	
K. G. Sundaram Aiyar	... Do.	
M. V. Ramaswami Aiyar	... Do.	
V. S. Rajagopalachariyar	... Accountant.	

(3) Tanjore Division.

Mr. A. H. Morin	... Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade	On Special duty.
" A. E. Ferns	... Asst. Engr., 3rd do.	
N. Rajagopala Aiyangar	... Sub. Engr., 2nd do.	
L. A. Rangaswami Aiyar	... Do. 3rd do.	
S. K. Ramachandra Sastri	... Supervisor, 1st do.	
G. Srinivasa Aiyangar	... Do. 2nd do.	
C. L. Venkatarasayya	... Do. 2nd do.	
S. Rajagopalaswami Mudaliyar,	Do. 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.
B.C.E.		
M. S. Venkatarama Aiyar	... Do. 2nd do.	Do.
D. R. Krishnaswami Aiyar	... Overseer, 2nd do.	Do.
T. A. Ekambara Pillai	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
C. S. Visvanatha Aiyar	... Do.	
W. Ethiraja Mudaliyar	... Do.	
Mr. J. H. Coombes	... Accountant.	

(4) Negapatam Division.

Mr. L. L. Wickham	... Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade.	
" S. X. Saldanha, B.C.E.	... Sub. Engr., 3rd do.	
W. Masilamani Mudalliar	... Do. 3rd do.	
M. S. Vaidyanatha Aiyar	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
R. Srinivasaraghava Aiyangar	... Do.	
K. Srinivasa Aiyangar, B.A.,	Do.	
B.C.E.		
R. C. Dhairyanatha Mudaliyar	... Do.	
P. Kutumba Rau	... Accountant.	

No. 6 CIRCLE—HEAD-QUARTERS, TRICHINOPOLY.

Mr. C. J. Ussher ... | Supg. Engr., 2nd Class ... | Tempy. rank.

(1) Trichinopoly Division.

Mr. J. S. Wilson	... Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade.	
R. Srinivasa Aiyangar, Rail	Do. 3rd do.	Tempy. rank.
Sahib, B.A., B.C.E.		
Condr. L. Donaghue	... Sub Engr., 3rd do.	
N. Appadurai Mudaliyar	... Supervisor, 2nd do.	
K. Srinivasa Aiyar	... Overseer, 1st do.	
V. R. Venkatarama Aiyar	... Do. 1st do.	Tempy. rank.
A. M. Narayanaswami Aiyar	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
S. A. Eyyaswami Aiyar	... Do.	
Mr. B. G. King	... Accountant.	

(2) Madura Division.

A. V. Ramalinga Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E.	Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade.	Tempy. rank.
Mr. R. F. Stoney	Asst. Engr., 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
Mr. H. F. Dawson	Asst. Engr., 3rd do.	
A. Nilakanta Aiyar	Sub-Engr., 2nd do.	
A. Rajam Aiyar, B.C.E.	Supervisor, 2nd do.	Sub. pro tem.

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
(2) Madura Division—concl'd.		
S. Mutya	... Overseer, 1st Grade	... On leave.
M. Ramaswami Pillai	... Do. 1st do.	
S. Iwara Sastri	... Do. 1st do.	... Sub. pro tem.
O. S. Ramaswami Aiyar	... Do. 1st do.	Do.
T. S. Muttuswami Sastri	... Do. 3rd do.	
S. Ganapati Aiyar	... Do. 3rd do.	Do.
C. A. Rajagopala Aiyangar	... Do. 3rd do.	Do.
A. Narayanaswami Nayudu	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
C. R. Gopalswami Dikshitar	... Do.	
T. A. Venkatuchalam Aiyar	... Do.	
S. Ramayya	... Do.	
T. V. Subrahmanya Aiyar	... Do.	
K. Gopalaswami Aiyangar	... Do.	
B. Raghavendra Rau	... Accountant.	
(3) Tinnevely Division.		
Mr. J. B. Lutman	... Exec. Engr., 3rd Grade	... Tempy. rank.
S. Bhaskara Aiyar, B.A.B.E.	... Asst. Engr., 1st do.	
R. V. Narayana Aiyar, B.C.E.	... Supervisor, 1st do.	
S. T. Raghava Aiyangar	... Do. 1st do.	Sub. pro tem.
C. Shanmukha Mudaliar	... Do. 2nd do.	On leave.
Mr. W. T. J. Scanlon	... Do. 2nd do.	Tempy. rank.
Sergeant J. W. Wilson	... Do. 1st do.	
M. S. Narayanaswami Aiyar	... Overseer 3rd do.	
C. D. Ganapati Pillai	... Do. 3rd do.	Sub. pro tem.
N. Sitarama Aiyar	... Tempy. Upper Subordinate.	
C. Murugesu Mudaliyar	... Do.	
T. C. Kuppuswami Sastri	... Do.	
R. Krishnaswami Rau, B.A.	... Accountant.	

Coorg Division, Head Quarters, Mercara.

NAMES.	Appointment.	Stations.	Date of Appointment to present grade.	REMARKS.
Capt. S. G. Rivett-Carnac, R.E.	Exec. Engr. 2nd Grade.	Mercara	Jan. 1897	
Mr. E. Morton	Sub-Engr. 1st do.	Do.	April 86	Asst. Engineer (Hony. rank).
" U. Leavers	Sub-Engr. 3rd do.	Verajendrapet	Oct. 95	
" F. E. Schembry.	Do. 3rd do.	Mercara	June 97	
" J. E. D'Rozario	Accountant	Do.	May 03	

Sanitary Engineer to Government.

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	REMARKS.
Mr. W. Hutton, A.M.I.C.E.	... Ag. Sanitary Engr. to Govt.	
" H. Nowroji, A.M.I.C.E.	... Asst. Sanitary Engr. to Government.	

LOCAL FUND ENGINEERS.

No.	Name.	Date of Appointment.	District.	Station.	Pay.	Travelling Allowance, &c., and Remarks.
1	W. R. McCay	7 Sep.	Anantapur	Anantapur	Rs. 250	Rs. 3 a day.
2	Walter Vivian, A.M.I.C.E.	28 Oct.	North Arcot.	Vellore	700	
3	Philip Nery	1 Nov.	95 Arcot, South	Cuddalore	500	Rs. 4 a day.
4	Thomas Ryan Cooper	23 July	94 Bellary	Bellary	500	
5	Charles Sigismund Schmidt	10 Nov.	01 S. Canara	Mangalore	300	
6	J. B. Small	1 July	02 Chingleput.	Siddepur	300	
7	Benjamin Stephens	14 Jan.	80 Coimbatore	Coimbatore	600	
8	C. A. Fogson, (On other duty)	...	...	Cuddalore	...	...
9	S. Subramanya Aiyar, Ag.	8 Nov.	01 Cuddalore	Cuddalore	300	
10	M. Sonachalam Pillai	25 May	95 Ganjam	Chatrapur	300	
11	Charles Lowry, C. E.	18 Apl.	01 Godavari	Cocanada	500	Rs. 4 a day.
12	William Alfred Mathews	5 Aug.	89 Kistna	Bezawada	500 + P.A. 100	
13	Kenneth Mackenzie	15 Oct.	93 Kurnool	Kurnool	400	Rs. 110 a month.
14	W. E. Underwood (On leave)	2 May	95 Madura	Madura	700	...
15	V. Gopal Aiyar, Ag.	7 Aug.	02 Malabar	Calicut	500	Rs. 4 a day.
16	Oswald deRosario	8 Jan.	06 Nellore	Nellore	500	Rs. 150 a month.
17	Edgar Alexander Barren	25 June	96 Nilgiris	Ootacamund	600	
18	Edmund Haldwell	9 Apl.	83 Salem	Salem	600	
19	John Bolton Macfarlane (On leave)	31 Oct.	95 Do.	Do.	380	
20	G. H. Vaughan, Ag.	7 May	02 Tanjore	Tanjore	500	Rs. 4 a day.
21	G. D. Dwyer	12 Apl.	02 Tinnevely	Tinnevely	400	
22	C. Duraiswami Mudaliyar, Ag.	24 Dec.	01 Trichinopoly	Trichinopoly	400	
23	Charles Albion Fogson	25 Apl.	01 Vizagapatnam	Vizagapatnam	400	
24	Percy Brougham Arbutnot	1 Sept.	92		550	

LOCAL FUND ASSISTANT ENGINEERS.

No.	Name	Date of Appointment.	District.	Station.	Pay.	Travelling allowance, &c., and Remarks.
1	R. Gopal Aiyangar	10 July 1893	N. Arcot	Yellore	Rs. 300	Rs. 3 a day.
2	V. R. Prasad Aiyar	28 Nov. 1895	S. Arcot	Tirukkoyilur	300	
3	K. Patubhirama Aiyar	1 Nov. 1902	Coimbatore	Satyannam	150	Rs. 2 a day.
4	P. V. Raghava Chariyar	17 July 1900	Cuddapah	Madanapalle	200	
5	M. Radhakrishna Aiyar	28 June 1901	Godavari	Ellore	200	Rs. 3 a day.
6	C. Ramaswami Aiyar	28 June 1901	do.	Rajahmundry	150	
7	L. R. Leonard	28 May 1903	do.	Polavaram	150+L.A. 100	
8	C. Sullivan	1 July 1902	Kistna	Bozwada	150	
9	S. Subramanya Aiyar	22 Feb. 1899	do.	Guntur	150+P.A. 75	Rs. 2 a day.
10	K. Parthasarathi Nayudu	27 Dec. 1899	do.	do.	150	
11	S. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu	12 July 1902	do.	Narasaraopet	150	
12	K. S. Gopataswami Aiyar	1 Jan. 1894	do.	Manalipatam	150	
13	V. Gopala Aiyar	14 Dec. 1900	do.	Sivaganga	200+250	Rs. 60 a month. On other duty.
14	S. Sivarama Krishna Dikshitar, Ag.	.....	do.	do.	100	Rs. 60 a month.
15	G. H. Vaughan	7 Dec. 1899	Malabar	Palghat	300	Rs. 3 a day. On depn.
16	A. V. Krishna Menon, Sub. pro tem.	17 May 1902	do.	do.	250	
17	K. Krishnan Nayar	9 Dec. 1901	do.	Tellicherry	250	Rs. 3 a day.
18	Arthur Beresford Colkers	10 Oct. 1896	Nellore	Ongole	190	
19	N. Rama Rao	2 Aug. 1898	Satam	Tirupattur	150	
20	J. P. Andrade	28 Feb. 1901	Timnevally	Palamcottah	150	Rs. 2 a day.
21	J. A. Bowie, Ag.	20 Jan. 1903	do.	Nangmeri	150	

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Hon'ble Sir Edward Fitzgerald Law, K.C.M.G., Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India, in charge of the Financial Department.—Pay Rs. 6,666-10-8.

E. N. Baker, C.S.I., C.S., Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce.—Pay Rs. 4,000.

H. J. McIntosh, C.S., Deputy Secretary.—Pay Rs. 2,250.

R. A. Mant, B.A., Under Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,300.

H. N. Heseltine, Asst. Secretary.—Pay Rs. 750-50-1,000.—On furl.

R. Waterfield, B.A., Offg. Asst. Secretary, Salary Rs. 750.

J. McCann, Registrar.—Pay Rs. 600-50-700.

No.	Name.	Salary.	Designation.
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1 COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR-GENERAL.

RS.

1	A. F. Cox, C.S., C.S.I.	3,500	Comptroller and Auditor-General.—On furlough.
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Officiating.

	O. T. Barrow, C.S.	3,450	Offg. Comptroller and Auditor-Genl.
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2 ACCOUNTANTS-GENERAL.—Pay Rs. 2,750.

1	O. T. Barrow, C.S.	2,750	Acct.-General, Bombay, with a local allowance of Rs. 250.—On deputation.
2	R. E. Hamilton	2,750	Acct.-General, Burma.—On furlough.

2 ACCOUNTANTS-GENERAL.—Pay Rs. 2,500.

1	J. C. E. Branson, C.S.	2,500	Acct.-General, Bombay, with a local allowance of Rs. 250.—Offg. in 1st Class, Rs. 2,750.
2	F. C. Harrison, C.S.	2,500	Acct.-General, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.—On furlough.

2 ACCOUNTANTS-GENERAL.—Pay Rs. 2,250.

1	R. A. Gamble, B.A., C.S.	2,750	Acct.-General, Punjab.—Ag. in 1st Class, Rs. 2,750.
	T. H. S. Biddulph	.....	On Foreign Service.
2	W. H. Dobbie	2,500	Acct.-Genl., Madras.—Ag. in 2nd Class.

Officiating.

1	W. H. Michael, C.S.	2,166-10-8	Offg. Acct.-General, Bengal, in 2nd Class, with a local allowance of Rs. 250.
2	H. G. H. Keene	2,250-0-0	Offg. Acct.-Genl., Burma.
3	A. M. Brigstock, C.S.	1,916-10-8	Offg. Acct.-Genl., United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

ENROLLED OFFICERS.

Class I.—(Five appointments.) Pay Rs. 1,750, rising by 5 annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 2,000 per mensem under old scale.—Pay Rs. 1,500 a month under new scale.

1	T. H. S. Biddulph	.....	On Foreign Service.
	W. H. Michael, C.S.	2,166-10-8	Offg. Acct.-General, Bengal, with a local allowance of Rs. 250.
2	C. E. Crawley, F.S.S.	1,800	On furlough.
3	F. J. Atkinson, F.S.S.	1,850	Deputy Auditor-General.—On furl.
4	H. G. H. Keene	2,250	Offg. Acct., Genl., Burma.
5	J. A. Robertson, Sub-pro tem.	1,750	Director-General of Statistics.—On Special leave.

Class II.—(Five appointments.) Pay Rs. 1,250, rising by 5 annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 1,500 per mensem under old scale.—Pay Rs. 1,250 a month under new scale.

1	A. M. Brigstock, C.S.	1,916-10-8	Offg. Acct.-General, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.
2	H. J. Brereton	1,750	On furlough.
3	R. C. Chapman	1,700	Offg. Depy. Auditor-General; Offg. in Class I.
4	Hla Oung, F.S.A. and F.S.S.	1,750	Offg. Comptroller of India Treasuries.
5	M. F. Gauntlett, C.S.	1,500	Depy. Acct.-General, United Province of Agra and Oudh; Offg. in Class I.

No.	Name.	Salary.	Designation.
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Class III.—(Eight appointments.) Pay Rs. 1,000, rising by 5 annual increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 1,250 per mensem under old scale.—Pay Rs. 1,000 a month under new scale.*

No.	Name.	Salary.	Designation.
1	A. H. Anthony.....	1,600	Offg. Comptroller, Hyderabad; Offg. in Class I.
2	G. D. Pudumjee, B.A.....	1,250	Comptroller, Hyderabad.— <i>On furl.</i>
3	W. D. P. Cowley.....	1,250	Comptroller, Central Provinces; Offg. in Class II.
4	M. N. Bhattacharya, M.A.....	1,250	Offg. Deputy Comptroller-General.
5	L. E. Pritchard.....	1,250	Deputy Acct.-General, Bombay; Offg. in Class II.
6	K. B. Wagle, M.A.....	1,250	Depy. Acct.-General, Bombay.
7	G. C. Ray, M.A.....	1,400	Examiner of Press Accounts, with a Local allowance of Rs. 200; Offg. in Class II.
8	Mahomed Akbar Nazar Ali Hydari, B.A. (Sub pro tem.)	1,000	Dy. Acct.-General, Bombay.— <i>On Spl. leave.</i>

Class IV.—(Ten appointments.) Pay Rs. 800, rising by 5 annual increments of Rs. 40 to Rs. 1,000 per mensem under old scale.—Pay Rs. 800 a month under new scale.*

No.	Name.	Salary.	Designation.
1	Krishna Lal Datta, M.A.....	1,000	Asst. Acct.-General, Bengal, and Inspector of Local Fund Accounts, with a Local allowance of Rs. 200; Offg. in Class III.
2	A. Newmarch.....	1,050	<i>On furlough.</i>
3	F. C. Brewin.....	1,000	<i>On furlough.</i>
4	V. G. Scott-O'Connor, B.A.....	1,050	Comptroller, Assam; Offg. in Class III.
5	W. J. P. Williamson.....	890	<i>On Foreign Service.</i>
6	H. G. Tomkins.....	890	Asst. Acct.-General and Inspector of Local Fund Accounts, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.
7	Rai N. G. Basu Bahadur, M.A.....	1,000	Asst. Comptroller-General; Offg. in Class III.
8	F. D. Gordon, M.A.....	1,000	Depy. Acct.-General, Punjab; Offg. in Class III.
9	U. Majumdar, M.A.....	1,000	Asst. Acct.-General, Madras and Insp. of Local Fund Accts., with a Local allowance of Rs. 200; Offg. in Class III.— <i>On priv. leave.</i>
10	D. Dwar, B.A. C.S.....	1,100	Depy. Acct.-General, Madras; Offg. in Class II.
11	W. H. E. Mellor (Sub. pro tem.)	800	Asst. Acct.-General, Punjab.

Class V.—(Ten appointments.) Pay Rs. 600, rising by 5 annual increments of Rs. 40 to Rs. 800 per mensem under old scale.—Pay Rs. 600 a month under new scale.*

No.	Name.	Salary.	Designation.
1	Chuni Lal, B.A.....	600	Asst. Acct.-General, Bengal.
2	L. J. W. Worgan.....	800	Asst. Acct.-General, Bombay; Offg. in Class III.
3	J. C. Mitra, M.A., B.L.....	800	Asst. Comptroller, India Treasuries; Offg. in Class III.
4	C. W. C. Carson.....	760	Asst. Comptroller, Central Provinces; Offg. in Class IV.
5	G. B. Bleazby.....	760	Asst. Acct.-General, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh; Offg. in Class IV.
6	W. D. Woollam.....	760	Assistant Acct.-General and Inspector of L. F. Accounts, with a local allowance of Rs. 200, Madras; Offg. in Class IV.
7	M. K. Ghatak, M.A.....	760	Depy. Acct.-General, Burma; Offg. in Class IV.— <i>On priv. leave.</i>
8	J. S. Milne.....	760	Acct.-General, Bombay; Offg. in Class IV.
9	R. Waterfield, B.A.....	750	Offg. Asst. Secretary, Govt. of India, Fincl. Dept.
10	A. H. Clarke, (Sub pro tem.)	760	Asst. Comptroller-General. In charge of Paper Currency; Offg. in Class III.

*In the case of Officers appointed to the Department not later than the 27th October 1875, the yearly increment in this class will be Rs. 50.

No.	Name.	Salary.	Designation.
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Class VI.—(Nine appointments.) Pay Rs. 400, rising by 5 annual increments of Rs. 40 to Rs. 600 per mensem under old scale.—Pay Rs. 400 a month under new scale.*

No.	Name.	Salary.	Designation.
1	J. S. Chakravarti, M.A.....	560	Assistant Acct.-General, Bengal; Offg. in Class IV.
2	P. G. Jacob, B.A., (Cantab.)	560	Asst. Comptroller-General (Forests); Offg. in Class IV.
3	G. C. Hart.....	560	Assistant Acct.-General, Insp. of Local Fund Accts., Burma.— <i>On furlough.</i>
4	H. Bhimasena Rao, B.A.....	560	Assistant Acct.-General, Burma; Offg. in Class IV.— <i>On priv. leave.</i>
5	C. F. Cowie, B.A.....	560	Assistant Acct.-General, Punjab; Offg. in Class IV.
6	O. J. Sykes, B.A. (Oxon).....	560	Assistant Acct.-General, Madras; Offg. in Class IV.
7	N. Vijayaraghavan, B.A.....	520	Assistant Acct.-General, Madras; Offg. in Class IV.
8	A. G. Barr.....	520	Assistant Acct.-General, and Inspector of L. F. Accts. Burma; Offg. in Class IV.
9	T. P. Srinivasa Sastri, B.A. (Sub pro tem.)	420	Asst. Acct.-General, Bombay; Offg. in Class V.

Class VII.—(Five Probationers.) Pay Rs. 200 a month on first appointment; Rs. 250 on passing the Lower Departmental Examination; Rs. 300 on passing the Higher Departmental Examination.

No.	Name.	Salary.	Designation.
1	T. H. Worgan.....	300	Office of Acct.-General, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.
2	C. A. G. Rivaz, B.A.....	420	Assistant Acct.-General, Punjab; Offg. in Class V.
3	J. Davidson, B.A.....	420	Office of Comptroller, Burma; Offg. in Class V.
4	Jagat Prasad, M.A.....	370	Office of Acct.-General, Bombay; Offg. in Class V.
5	A. C. Anthony.....	300	Office of Acct.-General, Bombay.

CHIEF SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

13 appointments.—Pay Rs. 450—30—600.

No.	Name.	Salary.	Designation.
1	A. Vasudeva Mudaliyar.....	600	Office of Comptroller, Central Provinces, for Audit of Local Fund Accounts.— <i>On furl.</i>
2	H. C. King.....	600	Office of Acct.-General, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.
3	B. Laville.....	600	Office of Acct.-General, Burma.— <i>On furl.</i>
4	J. W. Pringle.....	600	Office of Comptroller and Auditor-General.— <i>On furlough.</i>
5	C. W. Sandford.....	600	Office of Acct.-General, Bengal.— <i>On depn.</i>
6	H. W. J. Ronaldson.....	600	Office of Comptroller and Auditor-General.
7	W. Blakeman, B.A.....	600	Office of Acct.-General, Bombay.— <i>On sick leave.</i>
8	F. A. C. Rebello, B.A.....	570	Office of Acct.-General, Bombay.
9	H. Whitford.....	510	Office of Acct.-General, Punjab.
10	J. W. Bailey.....	510	Office of Comptroller, Central Provinces.— <i>On sick leave.</i>
11	W. J. Bryning.....	510	Office of Acct.-General, Bengal, with a Conveyance allowance of Rs. 25.
12	J. Bridgnell.....	480	Office of Comptroller, Assam.
13	F. L. Carvalho, B.A.....	450	Office of Acct.-General, Madras, with a Conveyance allowance of Rs. 25.
14	E. S. Hensman, B.A.....	480	Office of Acct.-General, Madras.— <i>On deputation to Cochin.</i>

*In the case of Officers appointed to the Department not later than the 27th October 1875, the yearly increment in this class will be Rs. 50.

No.	Name.	Salary.	Designation.
<i>Chief Superintendents of the Financial Department—concl'd.</i>			
		RS.	
	W. B. Rostan, (Offg.)	450	Office of Comptroller-General, with a Conveyance allowance of Rs. 25.
	J. H. Hurst, (Offg.)	480	Do. of Acct.-General, Bombay.
	G. Chintaman Chatre, (Offg.)	340	Do. of Comptroller, Central Provinces, for Audit of Local Fund Accounts.
	W. G. Clague, (Offg.)	480	Do. of Acct.-General, Burmah.
	Ramdas Sarkar, (Offg. Supy.)	450	Do. of Comptroller-General.
	R. R. Woods, (Offg.)	350	Do. of Comptroller, Central Provinces.
	C. B. Sen, (Offg. Supy.)	450	Do. of Comptroller-General.
	Harnam Das, (Offg. Supy.)	390	Do. of Punjab.
	K. Datta, (Offg.)	450	Do. of Acct.-General, Bengal.
	Saris Chandra Mitra, (Offg. Supy.)	380	Do. Comptroller and Auditor-General.
	H. R. Jones (Offg. Supy.)	330	Do. Acct.-General, Burma, with a Local allowance of Rs. 200.
	P. V. Krishnaswami Chetti, B.A., (Offg.)	450	Do. Acct.-General, Madras.

THE PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT

Include Paper Currency Office, Branch Reserve Treasury, Small Coin Depot, and Circle Office for Government of India Stock Notes.
Office—Accountant-General's Office, Fort.

For public business Office opens at 11 A.M. and closes at 3 P.M.; on Saturdays at 1 P.M.

PAPER CURRENCY. Nature of Arrangements.

(1) The Presidency is divided into two Circles of Issue, Madras and Calicut. The Calicut Circle of Issue consists of the districts of Malabar, South Canara, Coimbatore, the Nilgiris and Coorg, having Calicut as the Office of Issue; and the Madras Circle of Issue consists of all the other districts in the Presidency, with the Town of Madras as head-quarters for the issue of notes for the Circle.

(2) The Currency Circle of Cocanada was abolished on the 16th August 1881.

(3) The Exchange Department, at the head-quarters of each Circle of Issue, issues Home notes for coin or other notes, and coin for notes. Other, or foreign Circle notes for Rs. 5, except those of the Rangoon Circle, are cashed unconditionally (except at the Rangoon Currency Office), but those of higher denominations and 5 rupees notes of the Rangoon Circle are cashed only to a reasonable amount for travellers or hotel-keepers, Shop-keepers and Shipping Agents if the notes have been *bona fide* received by them from travellers. Calicut notes will at all times be cashed at the Head Office at Madras. The Exchange Department also issues small silver and copper coin in exchange for coin.

(4) Although no person has a legal claim to obtain cash for notes except at the Currency Office of Issue, notes are cashed freely at mofussil treasuries when the treasury officers are satisfied that no inconvenience can be caused to their treasuries by the encashment. Notes tendered by travellers (other than visitors to hill sanatoria) are cashed to a limited extent, even when the treasury is unable to cash them for the general public.

(5) At every place other than the Office of Issue, notes of the Home Circle are a legal tender in satisfaction of any claim against Government, though ordinarily no person is pressed to take notes in part or full of his demand. Payment of Government dues may be made in Government currency notes of any Circle of Issue. Railway Companies will receive notes of any Circle in payment of fares and freight.

Claims on Half or Mutilated Currency Notes.

(1) Any person who has a claim upon the Currency Department in respect of a currency note, which is not in such condition as to admit of immediate payment across the counter, (i.e., which is mutilated, or half of which has been lost), should address his claim to the Currency Office from which the note issued.

(2) Before any steps are taken the applicant will be required to deposit the note, or part note, in respect of which he makes the claim. It is not necessary to advertise, in the Gazette or otherwise, claims which are made upon half or mutilated notes.

(3) When the claim is received, a paper will be issued, requiring the claimant, within fourteen days of its receipt, to give full particulars on the following points, and any other points that may arise out of the enquiry.

- (1) Name, residence, and occupation or profession.
- (2) Whether he was ever proprietor of the entire note, and if so, where, when, and on what account he received it.
- (3) How it came to be mutilated, or, if it is a half note, how, and by whom and for what purpose the note was divided in half.
- (4) If half of the note has been lost, to state fully the time and circumstances of the loss. If it has been lost in transit by post, to produce the result of enquiry by the Postal authorities. If the letter was not registered to explain why.

- (5) To state the name of any person who can give evidence, either as to applicant's possession of the entire note or as to the circumstances of the loss, and to produce copies of any letters, documents, entries in registers, &c., which give information on these matters.
- (6) If the loss has occurred in transmission through the Post Office, to produce declaration by the person to whom the letter was addressed, that he did not receive it.

N.B.—(A person who receives a half note through the post has no claim to its value. The claim must be put forward by the person who held the entire note.)

- (7) If there has been any delay in applying, it must be fully explained.
- (8) Whether applicant ever before made a claim upon a half or mutilated note; if so, when.

(4) If the declaration on these points is not sufficient, the Currency Officer is to call for further particulars, or make any further enquiries necessary, either of applicant or of any other person.

(5) If the Currency Officer considers the information sufficient, he is to submit it to the Commissioner or Head Commissioner, for orders.

In doing so, he is to report (1) when the note was issued; (2) whether any claim or stoppage is noted against it; (3) whether it is still outstanding; (4) any other circumstances bearing on the claim, and ascertainable from his office registers, or otherwise known to him.

(6) If this officer considers the claim established, he will pass order that the note is to be paid, upon bond of indemnity, that day six months, if no reason to the contrary appear. If he does not consider the claim established, he is to refuse payment, and leave the applicant either to comply with requisition for further evidence, or to take any further steps he may desire.

(7) One week before the expiry of the period of six months a bond form will be furnished to the applicant with instructions for its execution, and bearing a receipt form on its reverse. The money (less cost of stamp on bond) will, at applicant's option, be paid to him over the counter, or remitted to him by money-order.

(8) No claim can be admitted unless the applicant satisfies the Head Commissioner or Commissioner, (1) that he was legal holder of the entire note; (2) that he is unable, owing to circumstances properly explained and beyond his control, to produce the entire note, and, by delivery of part of the note to the Currency Department, renders it impossible for any other person to make a claim upon the entire note.

Entire Notes lost.

(1) Entire notes lost are not paid. The loss of a note of Rs. 50 or upwards in value is registered, and if subsequently presented the loser and the police are informed of the name and address of the presenter. The loss of notes of the 5, 10, and 20 rupee denominations is not registered, nor is presentation reported to the loser or the police. In respect to notes which are alleged to have been completely lost or destroyed, the loss is advertised in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* and in the *Gazette of India*, but the Government acknowledge no liability. When completely satisfied that the notes can never be produced, the evidence of the claimant will be received, and the claim admitted or rejected at once; if admitted the value of the note is to be invested, and no further proceedings taken, nor interest paid till twenty years.

(2) Intimation of the loss, destruction or mutilation of a note, or portion of a note, must be sent to the office where the note is payable thus:—

- (a) If it be a Calcutta Circle note, notice should be sent to the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta.
- (b) If an Allahabad Circle note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Allahabad.
- (c) If a Lahore Circle note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Lahore.
- (d) If a Bombay Circle note, notice should be sent to the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Bombay.
- (e) If a Kurrachee Circle note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Kurrachee.
- (f) If a Nagpore or Akola Circle note, notice should be sent to the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Bombay.
- (g) If a Madras Circle note, notice should be sent to the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Madras.
- (h) If a Calicut Circle note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calicut.
- (i) If a Cocanada Circle note, notice should be sent to the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Madras.
- (j) If a Rangoon Circle note, notice should be sent to the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Rangoon.

(3)—Throughout these rules the expression "lost note" includes a stolen note, and the expression "destroyed note" includes a note lost under such circumstances as render recovery physically impossible.*

* Vide Appendix to the "State Paper Currency of India," by G. W. Cline, LL.D., F.G.S., Barrister-at-Law.

RESOLUTION—No. 4024, dated the 23rd September 1891—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

Read again the following letters to the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency:—

No. 3453, dated the 29th October 1879;
No. 914, dated the 15th February 1882; and
No. 3303, dated the 21st August 1882.

RESOLUTION.—Mismatched Currency notes, that is, notes of which the right half of one is joined to the left half of another, when presented to the Currency Office for payment, are dealt with in accordance with the orders contained in the letters read in the preamble. Under these orders no claim for the payment of the value of mismatched notes can be admitted by the Currency Office, but all claims are registered, and if the corresponding halves have already been received or should afterwards be received in the form of a mismatched note, the Currency Office, by joining together the proper halves and paying the entire notes, meets the claims as far as possible. Such notes are held in deposit in the Currency Office for three years awaiting the receipt of the corresponding halves, but thereafter the full value of both the halves is credited to Revenue.

2. The Governor-General in Council is now pleased to decide that in future, instead of crediting the value of both the halves of mismatched notes to Government after they have remained unclaimed for three years, the value of one half should be credited to Government and that of the other half to the depositor of the mismatched note.

(Signed) J. F. FINLAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Instructions to claimants of value on Currency notes.

Notes how described.—Each currency note has a serial letter and number and a general number thus: 10100—serial letter "V", serial No. "16", general No. 10100. No action can be taken with reference to any note until it has been thus fully described, or identified in all these details.

Notes when payable across the counter.—A currency note that has the same series and numbers on both halves, and is neither mutilated nor altered nor forged, is payable to the bearer on demand at the office of the circle from which it was issued; and, if a sub-circle note, at the office of the head circle also.

Notes lost or stolen.—The payment of a genuine currency note cannot be "stopped," as all entire currency notes are payable to bearer on demand. The Currency Department, however, registers the loss of notes from Rs. 50 and upwards when correct details, viz., serial letter and number, and general number, are given, and sufficient cause shown; and informs the loser and the Local Police when the note is cashed. For further action in the matter the loser should communicate with the Police, as it is not the province of a Currency Office to trace back lost or stolen notes. No claim for the value of a lost or stolen note, except on presentation of the note itself, can be entertained.

Wholly destroyed notes.—When a currency note has by any accident been totally destroyed, full description of the note and of the circumstances of its destruction should be sent to the Currency Office of the circle of issue to which the note belonged. Government are under no legal liability to pay the value of such a note, but payment after twenty years is sometimes made as a concession.

Half notes.—A half note represents no value, nor has a person holding only one-half of a note any claim to recover value when the other half has been transferred, either by him or by the last legal holder of the entire note, to the legal possession of another person. When one-half of a note is lost, the other half should be sent to the Currency Office of the circle of issue to which the note belongs, and an application for refund of the value of the note made by the person who last held simultaneously both halves of it. Government are under no legal liability to refund value on half notes, but payment may be made as a concession, if the Commissioner or Head Commissioner of Paper Currency thinks such a course warranted by the facts of the case.

Mutilated or charred notes.—A mutilated or charred note represents no value. Payment can be made only as a concession, and the decision rests in the first instance with the Currency Officer, and then, in cases of doubt or appeal, with the Commissioner or Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

Mismatched notes.—A mismatched note represents no value, but the Currency Department is willing to hold such notes on behalf of depositors, and to pay value on them on receipt of either one or both of the corresponding halves. Further, if a mismatched note remains in deposit for three years and no payment has been made on it in the meantime, one value is paid on the expiration of the above period.

N.B.—Two half notes belonging to the same side of two different notes do not constitute a mismatched note.

Altered notes.—When any portion of a note has been erased, inked over, cut out, burnt through, or otherwise altered, so as to throw doubt on the identity of the note, or to make it appear as another note, payment on it is refused altogether, and the note is impounded under rule.

NAMES OF CIRCLES CONSTITUTED UNDER THE MADRAS SALT ACT, 1889.

SALT, ABKARI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

SECTION I—NORTHERN DIVISION.

1. *Chicacole Sub-Division (9 Circles).*—Ganjam, Surla, Naupada, Calingapatam, Konada, Karasa, Polavaram, Bobbili and Anakapalle.
2. *Cocanada Sub-Division (4 Circles).*—Penugudur, Mogalturru, Rajahmundry and Ellore.
3. *Masulipatam Sub-Division (4 Circles).*—Manginapudi, Nizampatam, Bezvada and Narasaraopet.
4. *Nellore Sub-Division (6 Circles).*—Kanuparti, Pakala, Kavali, Iskapalle, Krishnapatnam and Tada.

SECTION II—CENTRAL DIVISION.

5. *Chingleput Sub-Division (6 Circles).*—Tiruvallur, Ennore, Madras Depôt, Madras Town (a), Covelong and Cheyur.
6. *Bellary Sub-Division (7 Circles).*—Bellary, Hospet, Anantapur, Penukonda, Markapur, Kurnool and Nandyal.
7. *Arcot Sub-Division (8 Circles).*—Cuddapah, Madanapalle, Ranipettai, Chittoor, Vellore, Arni, Salem and Hosur.
8. *Cuddalore Sub-Division (5 Circles).*—Merkanam, Tirukkoyilur, Cuddalore, Villupuram and Tranquebar.

SECTION III—SOUTHERN DIVISION.

9. *Negapatam Sub-Division (6 Circles).*—Negapatam, Vedaranniyam, Adirampatnam, Kattumavadi, Nannilam and Vattanam.
10. *Tinnevely Sub-Division (6 Circles).*—Morekolam, Tuticorin, Kayalpatnam, Kuttan-guli, Srivilliputtur and Tinnevely.
11. *Trichinopoly Sub-Division (9 Circles).*—Palni, Madura, Sivaganga, Tanjore, North Trichinopoly, South Trichinopoly, Erode, Coimbatore and Bhavani.
12. *Calicut Sub-Division (8 Circles).*—Palghat, Ponnani, Calicut, Tellicherry, Kasargod, Mangalore, Udipi and Malapuram.

SECTION IV.

13. *Distillery Circles (3 Circles).*—Northern Distillery Circle, Central Distillery Circle and Southern Distillery Circle.

BOARD OF REVENUE.

SALT, ABKARI AND SEPARATE REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H. Bradley (Bar-at-law), I.C.S., 2nd Member, Board of Rev. and Commr., Salt, &c., Rev.—Salary Rs. 3,500.—Ag. 1st member.—Salary Rs. 3,570.—Services are placed temporarily at the disposal of the G. I., Fil.

The Hon. Mr. C. J. Weir, I.C.S., Ag. 2nd Member.—Salary Rs. 3,111-1-9.—MADRAS.

Vacant.—Secy. to the Commr. of Salt, &c., Rev.—Pay Rs. 1620.*

R. E. Holland, B.A., I.C.S., Sub. *pro tem* do. —Salary Rs. 1,500.—MADRAS.

R. G. A. Thomson, Ag. Asst. do. —Salary Rs. 500. + H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.—MADRAS.

DEPY-COMMRS. OF SALT, ABKARI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Wilfred A. Fowler, S. Divn.—Pay Rs. 1,400.—TRICHINOPOLY.

Bryce McMaster, N. Divn.—Pay Rs. 1,360.—WALTAIR.

R. A. Graham, I.C.S., C. Divn.—Pay Rs. 1,280.—On privilege leave and *surto*

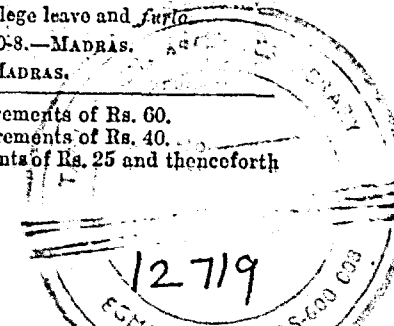
H. A. B. Vernon, I.C.S., Ag. in C. Divn.—Salary Rs. 986-10-8.—MADRAS.

Ebenzer Bennett, Dy. Commr. of Abkari.—Pay Rs. 950.—MADRAS.

* Pay Rs. 1,500, rising to Rs. 1,800 by 5 annual increments of Rs. 60.

† Pay Rs. 1,200, rising to Rs. 1,400 by 5 annual increments of Rs. 40.

‡ Pay Rs. 800, rising to Rs. 1,000 by annual increments of Rs. 25 and thenceforth by increments of Rs. 50 to Rs. 1,300.



ASSISTANT COMMISSIONERS OF SALT, ABKARI AND CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Number.	Lingual Attainments.	NAME.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Sub-Divisions.	Station, &c.	REMARKS.
FIRST GRADE, No. 2—Pay Rs. 800.						
1	Tam.	Francis George Marshall.	1 Apl. 1902	Chingleput Sub-Divn.	Madras	H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.
2	.....	Vacant.				
SECOND GRADE, No. 4—Pay Rs. 700.						
1	Tel.	Edward Rowland Reginald Mainwaring.	1 Apl. 1900	Arcot Sub-Divn.	Vellore	H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.
2	Tam.	Alfred Pierce Russell	9 Aug. 1900	Masulipatam Sub-Divn.	...	H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.
3	Tel. Hin.	George Whitton Brown.	31 July 1901	Chicacole Sub-Divn.	Waltair	H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.
4	Tam.	A. Krishnaaswami Aiyangar, B.A., Rao Bahadur.	1 July 1902	Cuddalore Sub-Divn.	Cuddalore	H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.
5	Tam. Tel.	Ralph Wilfred Kite	1 Oct. 1903	Trichinopoly Sub-Divn.	Trichinopoly Sub-Divn.	H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.
THIRD GRADE, No. 3—Pay Rs. 600.						
1	Tam.	Charles William Pelly St. John.	27 Aug. 1901	Timnevelly Sub-Divn.	Tuticorin.	
2	Urdu.	Charles Vernon Dalrymple-Hay.	1 July 1902	Nellore Sub-Divn.	Nellore.	
3	Tel. Tam.	Thomas Robertson Barter.	1 Apl. 1903	Cocanada Sub-Divn.	Cocanada	H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.

FOURTH GRADE, No. 6 Pay Rs. 500.

1	Tel.	Casimir MacKellar Sherman.	1 Apl. 1900	Calicut Sub-Divn.	Calicut	H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.
2	Tam. Tel.	James Wallace Simpson	9 Aug. 1900	.....	.....	On Priv. leave for 3 months from 8th Jan. 1903 and Furlo. for 1 year and 6 months. Asst. Secy. to the Commr. of Salt, Abkari and Sep. Rev.
3	Tam.	Arthur Symonds Kearns.	31 July 1901	Negapatam	Negapatam.	
4	.....	Henry Carr Sherman	27 Aug. 1901	Sea Customs Office.	Madras	Dy. Collr. of Sea Customs.
5	Tam. Tel.	Roubon Manley Thurley	1 July 1902	Madras Sea Customs Office.	Madras	Supt. of Statistics, Sea Customs Office, Madras.—H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.
6	Can. Tel. Hin. Tulu Mal.	Cecil Ewald Rhenius	1 Oct. 1902	Bellary Sub-Divn.	Bellary	H. R. Rs. 46-2-6.
1	Tam. Tel.	Robert George Alexander Thomson, Insp., 1st Gr.	.....	.....	Madras	Salary Rs. 500. Ag. Asst. Secy. to the Commr. of Salt, &c., Rev.—H. R. Rs. 46-2-6. —Ag. Secy. to the Bd. of Exrs.

INSPECTORS OF SALT REVENUE.

Districts.	Circle where employed.	Names.	Pay.
First Grade.			Rs.
Madras	Ennore	E. E. Scott (on dep.)	400
Tinnevely	Tuticorin	F. W. Gahan	400
Coimbatore	Coimbatore	C. H. MacBride	400
Kistna	Bezwada	C. E. Stewart	400
Salem	Salem	J. A. Muller	400
Malabar	Ponani	L. D. D'Vaz	400
Cuddapah	Cuddapah	W. Chamier (on dep.)	400
Madras	Central Distillery Circle	R. G. A. Thompson (on dep.)	400
Second Grade.			
Kistna	Bezwada	J. R. Wilson	350
Madras	Madras Depôt	J. J. Brindley	350
Madras	Ennore	S. W. Roze	350
Vizagapatam	Polavaram	I. Brown	350
North Arcot	Chittoor	W. A. Connor	350
Vizagapatam	Anakapalle	E. W. Smither	350
Ganjam	Ganjam	J. W. Greatorex	350
Godavari	Rajahmundry	R. A. K. Maybury	350
Godavari	Pennguduru	H. W. F. Wroughton (on dep.)	350
Malabar (Calicut)	Southern Distillery Circle	E. W. H. Doveton	350
Tinnevely	Kattanguli	R. L. Haden	350
Tinnevely	Srivilliputtur	S. Aravamuda Aiyangar	350
Chingleput	Covelong	R. P. Tillard (on dep.)	350
Madras	Madras Town Circle	A. H. Kaundinya	350
Madras	Board Office	V. A. Anantarama Aiyar, B.A., (on dep.)	350
North Arcot	Vellore	N. Seshagiri Rao, B.A.	350
Godavari	Pennguduru	H. M. Brookes	350
North Arcot	Arni	R. Mangesha Rao	350
	Vattanam	V. Sadagopa Chari	350
Third Grade.			
Kurnool	Kurnool	T. G. Everard	300
Chingleput	Merkanam	S. C. W. Ottman	300
Ganjam	Karasa	C. S. Rolland (on dep.)	300
Anantapur	Anantapur	D. G. Viviani	300
Kistna	Nizampatam	W. J. Woodhouse	300
Salem	Hosur	H. W. M. Brown, (on dep.)	300
Madura	Sivaganga	M. Gopala Rao	300
Tinnevely	Morekolam	E. Norfor	300
Malabar	Calicut	G. E. Johnston	300
	Mogalturu	B. W. B. T. Fleming	300
Bellary	Hospet	F. W. M. Stone	300
Cuddapah	Madanapalle	F. W. Gooch	300
Coimbatore	Bhavani	S. Subramaniam Aiyar, B.A.	300
North Arcot	Ranipettai	A. P. Rangaswami Nayudu	300
Madras	Board's Office	A. Gopala Aiyangar, B.A.	300
Trichinopoly	North Trichinopoly	V. P. Ramaswami Aiyar	300
	Central Distillery Circle	J. P. D. Moore	300
Tanjore	Nannilam	A. B. Colquhoun	300
Madura	Bhavani	M. G. K. Waite	300
	Surla	H. B. Rendel	300
Coimbatore	Erode	P. T. Ramaswamy Aiyar, Sub. pro tem.	300
Malabar	Ponani	V. S. Annaswamy Aiyangar, B.A., Sub. pro tem.	300

Districts.	Circle where employed.	Names.	Pay.
Fourth Grade—concl'd.			Rs.
Nellore	Iskapalle	J. B. Andrews	250
South Arcot	Tirukkoyulur	C. Saravana Mudaliar	250
Trichinopoly	N. Trichinopoly	G. T. Gahan	250
Tinnevely	Kattanguli	T. Pacheco, B.A.	250
Tanjore	Kayalpatnam	W. G. Oliver	250
Kistna	Narasaraopet	A. Seshagiri Rau	250
Malabar	Ponmani	V. S. Annaswami Aiyangar, B.A., Sub. pro tem., 3rd Grade.	250
South Canara	Mangalore	G. Wilson	250
Ganjam	Konada	K. R. Kuppuswami Aiyangar	250
Do.	Do.	E. J. Whitchurch	250
North Arcot	Ranipettai	K. Baghava Chari (on leave)	250
South Canara	Kasaragod	K. A. Ramaswami Aiyar	250
Kurnool	Markapur	P. Singeri Nayudu	250
Ganjam	Northern Distillery Circle	E. A. James	250
Trichinopoly	S. Trichinopoly	A. C. Oliver	250
Malabar	Palghat	P. Narayanaswami Mudaliar	250
Tinnevely	Vettanam	A. V. Panchopagesa Aiyar, B.A., B.C.E.	250
Kistna	Krishnapatnam	K. W. Bickle	250
Nellore	Kavali	A. A. Deighton	250
Ganjam	Karasa	A. N. McLeod	250
Anantapur	Pankonda	J. H. Kenyon	250
Salem	Hosur	F. Hodding	250
South Arcot	Vilupuram	M. H. M. Lamb	250
Do.	Cuddalore	S. C. H. Robinson	250
Tanjore	Tranquebur	J. G. Manonmani Pillai, B.A.	250
	Tada	E. J. Bower	250
	Naupada	G. R. Beeson	250
Tanjore	Vedaranyam	W. H. H. Chatterton, B.A.	250
Tanjore	Adirampatnam	M. R. Somasubramani Aiyar	250
Chingleput	Tiruvallur	M. Venkatarama Aiyar	250
	Mungamapudi	A. Madhava Aiyar, B.A.	250
Tanjore	Negapatam	M. R. Srinivasa Aiyangar, Sub. pro tem.	250

EXAMINATIONS IN THE VERNACULARS, ETC., CONDUCTED BY THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, MADRAS.

For Civil Officers.

These examinations are ordinarily held in January and July at Madras.

The following fees are charged for each voluntary examination and for the examination, whether voluntary or obligatory, of gentlemen not in the Government service:—

Rs. 15 for a minor examination.

„ 20 for examinations for High Proficiency and Honors.

Examinations according to the Second Class, High Proficiency and Honors tests, and the Special test in Uriya, cannot be passed piecemeal.

For Assistants in the Indian Civil Service.

21. Assistants are required to pass examinations by two standards—the first examination or Lower Standard and the second examination or Higher Standard.

22. Half-yearly examinations of Assistants shall be held each year on such dates and at such stations as may be fixed by the President of the Board of Examiners. Attendance at Madras shall be compulsory in the case of candidates who appear for subjects in which a portion of the examination is conducted *ried voce*.

23. An Assistant shall pass the Lower Standard before he will be considered qualified to act as Head Assistant.

24. Acting allowance is not admissible to a Junior Civilian acting as Head Assistant Collector unless he (1) has passed the Lower Standard and (2) has also been invested with the powers of a first-class Magistrate. If, however, exceptional responsibility is

imposed on an officer who has not complied with these requirements, and who is therefore not entitled to any acting allowance under the ordinary rules, the matter may form a ground for a special relaxation of the conditions under the orders of the Government of India.

25. An Assistant who has passed the Lower Standard may be entrusted with a division of a district.

26. Until an Assistant has passed the Higher Standard he shall not be eligible for the permanent appointment of Head Assistant.

27. The pay of a passed Assistant is admissible to an officer who has passed the Higher Standard and who has been invested with the powers of a first-class Magistrate. If the officer is qualified to be, or has already been, invested with first-class Magisterial powers at the time when he appears for the Higher Standard, he will be entitled to draw enhanced pay from the first day of the examination at which he completes the test; in other cases the enhanced pay will be granted only from the date on which the officer is appointed to be a first-class Magistrate.

NOTE 1.—An officer cannot be invested with first-class Magisterial powers until he has exercised second-class powers for at least six months.

NOTE 2.—Vide also rules 6 and 41.

28. All Assistants who have not passed the Lower Standard and who have been more than six months at their stations as Assistants, shall be subjected to half-yearly examination. All Assistants who have passed that standard, but have not passed the Higher Standard, and who have been more than two years at their stations, shall be subjected to half-yearly examination.

29. An Assistant who fails to pass the Lower Standard before completing three years' actual service shall be suspended, and the same penalty will be incurred by an Assistant failing to pass the Higher Standard within four years' actual service. The periods here mentioned shall be held to extend to and cover the examination following their actual termination.

30. The following are the subjects of examination, with the number of marks allotted to each:—

I. OR LOWER STANDARD.		Detailed maximum.	Separate maximum.	Separate minimum.
Division A.—One of the vernaculars of the Presidency, to be selected by the Assistant	(1) Conversation	50	35	
	(2) Translation	30		
	(2) Dictation	30		
	(2) Reading and explanation of arzis	50	110	65
Do. B.	(1) Penal Code, Special and Local Criminal Laws. { Without books ...	60		
	{ With books	65	250	125
Do. C.	(2) Criminal Procedure Code. { Without books ...	85		
	{ With books	40		
Do. D.—Revenue, &c., Law, Board's Standing Orders, &c.	{ Without books ...	100	200	100
	{ With books ...	100		
Do. E.—Law of Evidence			100	50
Do. F.—Civil Account Code, without books			100	35

II. OR HIGHER STANDARD.		Detailed maximum.	Separate maximum.	Separate minimum.
Division A.	(1) Conversation— Conversing with accuracy and fluency in the vernacular language	100	70	
	(2) Translation— (a) From the vernacular language into English with accuracy a printed passage in narrative style	50		
	(b) From English into the vernacular language a similar passage in like manner	50	100	70
	(3) Reading arzis and other official papers in different handwritings with fluency, explaining their meaning in the vernacular language and dictating orders in it	100	70	
	(1) Conversation	30	30	15
	(2) Reading arzis	30		
Do. B.	(2) Explanation of arzis	30	90	45
	(2) Dictation of orders	30		
Do. C.—Revenue, &c., Law	{ Without books	100	200	100
	{ With books	100		

II. OR HIGHER STANDARD—concl'd.

Division D.—Principles of Revenue Settlement—

- (1) Selections from the Records of the Madras Government, No. 53.
- (2) The Settlement Manual.
- (3) Baden Powell's Land System in British India, Vol III, Book IV, Part I, Madras.
- (4) Standing information for the Madras Presidency under head of Settlement.

Note.—This list is somewhat long, but it is not intended that candidates should be required to show that they possess more than a general knowledge of the principles of settlement.

Division E.—Survey Manual	100	50
Do. F.—Civil Account Code, without books	100	35

31. An Assistant, who has once passed in any one of the above divisions (A, B, &c.), according to either standard, shall not be required to pass in it again by the same standard; but in order to pass in a division, a candidate shall obtain the separate minimum prescribed for each sub-division, provided that an Assistant, who at an examination for the Lower Standard has obtained 150 marks in Division C, shall be held without further examination to have passed in Division C of the Higher Standard.

32. An Assistant shall not be eligible for examination in any division of the Lower Standard, except Division D, within 6 months from the date of his reporting his arrival in Madras.

33. An Assistant may appear for examination in Divisions D, E and F of the Higher Standard at any time, but he may not be examined in Division A or B of the Higher Standard until he has passed in Division A of the Lower Standard. No Assistant will be considered to have passed in Division F of the Higher Standard unless he either at the same examination passes, or has at a previous Examination already passed in Division E of the Lower Standard.

34. The principal object of the Lower Standard is to test the proficiency, for practical purposes, of the Assistant in one of the vernacular languages of the Presidency. For this purpose at least three papers, which he has never seen before, taken from official records very much at hazard, and written by different persons in a plain running hand, must be read aloud by the Assistant correctly and without difficulty; and after being read aloud, their contents must be correctly explained by him in English. An English judgment, or other official paper to be furnished by the Board of Examiners, must be translated by him into the vernacular without assistance. The translation must be substantially correct in meaning and intelligible to a native, tolerably correct in grammar and spelling, and free from any very bad errors of idiom. He must dictate off-hand, with some fluency, the translation into the vernacular of an English report or other official paper, also to be furnished by the Board of Examiners, the translation whereof shall be written down exactly as dictated. The dictated paper must, in like manner, be intelligible and substantially correct. He shall then be tested in conversation with two or three natives in such manner and to such extent as shall suffice to satisfy the Examiners as to the degree of his power of understanding natives of different classes and of making himself understood by them—such conversation or colloquial examination to be confined to the ordinary duties and business of a court or cutcherry, and not to embrace abstruse or peculiar subjects. When the mother-tongue of an Assistant is the language of examination, he shall be tested in the reading and explanation of official manuscripts only.

35. The next object of the Lower Standard is to test the Assistant's general acquaintance with the leading principles of the system of revenue administration and criminal justice, and especially with so much of laws and rules of procedure as it is necessary for an officer to know in order to exercise properly the highest functions of an Assistant to a Collector and Magistrate. For this purpose sets of questions on Revenue and Magisterial subjects, and on the Law of Evidence, shall be furnished by the Board of Examiners. These questions shall be so framed as to show the possession or the want of a general and intelligent acquaintance with the subjects of examination and the laws applicable thereto. The paper under Divisions B and C shall contain questions on the Regulations, Acts, and other books and rules as shown in the lists appended to Rule 40. The questions in the subjects comprised in Divisions B and C shall be arranged in two classes—one dealing with the more important or more common Acts and orders, in answering which no books shall be allowed, and the other class dealing with less important and less common subjects, in answering which the assistance of books shall be allowed. The use of guides, digests or summaries shall not however be permitted, the Assistant being confined to the original laws, standing orders, rules and manuals prescribed in the lists appended to Rule 40, the object being to test the Assistant's knowledge of where readily to find the law or practice on points arising in the ordinary course of business. The paper on the Civil Account Code, Volume I, under Division E, shall contain ten questions of a simple and practical character, and such as can be answered without difficulty by a candidate who has an intelligent knowledge of the general system of Treasury Accounts and of the general work connected therewith.

36. The Higher Standard is similar in its nature to the Lower, but more difficult in degree. The candidate must pass in two* vernacular languages, but may name which of them he chooses as his "First language." In the language thus selected he must be able (a) to dispose of vernacular correspondence by vernacular orders, and (b) to conduct a case without an interpreter. In testing the candidate's qualification under (a), vernacular manuscripts shall be given to him to read. These papers will be written in a common office running hand and must be read by the candidate with fluency. The "orders" to be passed shall be dictated by the candidate and shall be written down by a native clerk exactly as dictated. Under (b) the test shall be applied as follows:—A number of persons, not less than three, will make statements in narrative form in the vernacular. The candidate must write down these statements with accuracy in English as they are delivered, and then read them over to the deponents in the vernacular with a view to ascertain whether the statements have been correctly written down, making such additions or corrections as may be found necessary. Assistants who are or who have at any time been stationed in the Ganjam and Vizagapatam districts may offer Ooriya as one of their compulsory languages for the Higher Standard examination, provided that the other compulsory language is either Telugu or Tamil.

37. The standard of tests in translation and conversation in the First language shall be as high as that required for the High Proficiency examination. The general scope of this portion of the examination is indicated in Rule 30† *supra*, and, in regard to translation, the rules are sufficiently explicit. With a view to test a candidate's ability to converse in the language, he will be required to carry on a conversation with three different persons for at least five minutes each on subjects essentially different. The persons chosen should be not only of different degrees of intelligence, but should also be distinguished by peculiarities of pronunciation and by differences in the character of the language spoken by them, e.g., one might be a vernacular clerk, one a ryot and one a fisherman or a cooly. It will not be sufficient for the candidate to understand what is said to him by these persons; he will be required also to make himself intelligible when speaking the language to them, and it is to this end that the minimum time for each conversation is prescribed.

38. In the test for the second language of the Higher Standard the examinee shall be required to possess a fair colloquial acquaintance with the language, to translate correctly an official paper read to him, to translate orders in the language and to read ordinary arzis.

39. The questions in Division C of the Higher Standard shall cover the whole field of the duties of a Collector, and shall be arranged in two classes as prescribed in Rule 35 for Divisions B and C of the Lower Standard.

40. The following is a list of Acts* and text-books which should engage the attention of Civilian students for Divisions B, C and E of the Lower Standard and Divisions C and F of the Higher Standard:—

DIVISION B, LOWER STANDARD.

Without books.	With books.
Indian Penal Code. Criminal Procedure Code. Forest Act (Chapter VII—Penalties and Procedure). Abkari Act.	All the Acts, Regulations and text-books shown in list A.

DIVISION C, LOWER AND HIGHER STANDARDS.

Without books.	With books.
Madras Regulation IX of 1822. " Act II of 1864. " " VIII of 1865. " " III of 1869. " " II of 1894. " " III of 1895. " " IV of 1897. Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue (1900) New edition (Nos. 1 to 51, 90 and 91).	All the Acts, Regulations and text-books shown in list B.

*The Acts included in this list should be read subject to any modifications which may have been introduced into them by subsequent enactments. A candidate must ascertain for himself whether any such modifications have been made. A "List of Acts and Regulations in force in the Madras Presidency" published from time to time by the Legislative Department is found in each Collector's Library.

DIVISION E, LOWER STANDARD.

Without books.

Civil Account Code, Chapters 1 to 6, 10, 15, 17 to 20, 29, 30, and Appendix K.

DIVISION F, HIGHER STANDARD.

Without books.

Same as for Division E, Lower Standard.

LIST A.

Year	No.	Subject or short title.	Year	No.	Subject or short title.
<i>General Acts of the Governor-General in Council.</i>					
1859	XIII	Fraudulent Breaches of Contract by Workmen.	1879	XXI	Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition.
1864	VI	Whipping.	1890	XI	Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.
1869	XV	Prisoners' Testimony.	1893	V	Execution of Capital Sentences Act.
1871	I	Cattle Trespass.	1894	IX	Prisons Act.
1873	X	Indian Oaths.	1897	VIII	Reformatory Schools.
1874	IX	European Vagrancy.	1900	III	Prisoners Act.
1878	I	Opium.			

Local Acts of the Governor-General in Council.

1859 XXIV Police.

Unrepealed Madras Regulations.

1816	XI	Police.	1821	IV	Police: Punishment by Heads of Villages of petty thefts.
1819	II	State Prisoners.			
<i>Madras Acts.</i>					
1866	V	Labour Contract with Natives.	1889	III	Towns Nuisances.
1888	II	Places of Public Resort.		IV	Madras Salt.

Books.

- | | |
|---|--|
| (1) Mayne's Indian Penal Code. | (3) Weir's Law of Offences and Criminal Procedure. |
| (2) Prinsep's Code of Criminal Procedure. | |

LIST B.

General Acts of the Governor-General in Council.

1850	XVIII	Protection of Judicial Officers.	1889	VIII	Amending the Sea Customs Act, 1878, and the Indian Tariff Act, 1882.
1870	VII	Court Fees.			
1871	XXIII	Pensions.	1890	VIII	Guardians and Wards.
1878	I	Opium.	1894	I	Land Acquisition Act.
	VI	Treasure Trove.	1896	VIII	Indian Tariff Act.
	VIII	Sea Customs.		II	Cotton Duties.
1883	XIX	Land Improvement Loans.	1897	X	General Clauses.
1884	XII	Agriculturists' Loans.	1899	II	Indian Stamp Act.
1896	II	Income Tax.			
1889	IV	Indian Merchandise Marks.			

Local Acts of the Governor-General in Council.

1839	VII	Powers of Tahsildars as to the sale of distrained property.	1855	XXI	Minors, Madras.
	XXIV	Administration of justice and collection of revenue, Ganjam and Vizagapatam.	1857	VII	Uncovenanted Agency.
			1858	I	Compulsory Labour, Madras.

Unrepealed Madras Regulations.

1802	XXV	Revenue Settlement.	1823	III	Judgments under Regulation IX of 1822, s. 4; Powers of Subordinate Collectors.
1803	I	Board of Revenue			
	II	Collectors	1828	VII	Subordinate and Assistant Collectors.
1816	XII	Disputed Boundaries: Pan-chayats.	1831	X	Minors' Estates.
			1832	III	Limitation under Regulation IX of 1822, s. 16.

Year.	No.	Subject or short title.	Year.	No.	Subject or short title.
<i>Madras Acts.</i>					
1865	VII	Cess for irrigation-water.	1883	I	Local Authorities' Loan.
1866	II	Cattle Disease.	1889	I	Madras Village Courts.
1867	I	General Clauses Act.		IV	Madras Salt.
1871	II	Explaining Madras Act VIII of 1865, s. 11, clause 1.	1890	I	Canals and Ferries.
1876	I	Assessment of Land Revenue.		III	Amending Madras Local Boards Act, 1881, and Madras Rent Recovery Act, 1865.
1879	I	Amending Madras Act II of 1866 (Cattle Disease).	1891	I	Madras General Clauses Act.
1882	V	Forests.	1893	IV	Madras Village Cess Act.
1884	III	Amending Madras Act II of 1861 (Revenue arrears).		V	Revenue Enquiries Act.
	IV	District Municipalities.	1894		Board of Revenue.
	V	Local Boards.	1899	III	Registration of Births and Deaths.
1886	I	Abkari.			

Books and Publications.

- | | |
|---|---|
| (1) Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue. | (4) Village and Taluk Accounts. |
| (2) Manual of the District in which the officer is serving. | (5) Village Officers' Manual. |
| (3) Rules under the Forest and Abkari Acts. | (6) Memorandum upon Salt Administration, Madras (1894). |

41. (1) Independently of the examination in Survey, which is prescribed in Rule 30 *supra* for Division E of the Higher Standard, Junior Civilians must undergo a month's practical training in Surveying, and no officer will be entitled to receive the increased allowance of a "passed Assistant" until he has completed this practical course and received the required certificate.

(2) Survey schools, each lasting one month, are held at convenient centres during the months of May and June. The dates of opening and closing the schools and the places at which they are to be held, are fixed by the Board of Revenue and notified for the information of Collectors early in April.

(3) The most suitable time for practical training in survey work will ordinarily be when an Assistant has attained six months' standing. Before an Assistant has reached that period of his service, he should submit a request to be attached to a Survey party. The Collector will forward the application through the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, for the sanction of the Board of Revenue. The Superintendent of Survey in forwarding it will state to which school the Assistant may, in his opinion, be most conveniently attached.

(4) On sanction being given for an Assistant to join a Survey party, his Collector will make arrangements to relieve him of his ordinary duties during the period of training.

(5) Assistants shall, on joining a Survey party, report themselves to the Collector of the district where the party is working.

(6) Each survey school is superintended by the Survey officer in charge of the division in which the school is held.

(7) The course of instruction is as follows:—

(i) That prescribed for karnams, which lasts about one week and comprises the use of the following instruments:—

Chain, cross-staff, off-set pole, plotting and off-set scales, area square.

(ii) The additional course usually undergone by Revenue Inspectors, comprising the use of the following instruments:—

Prismatic compass, protractor, plane table, computing scale.

This course also lasts for about one week.

(iii) The use of the—

Theodolite, Vernier scale, Diagonal scale.

While learning the use of the instruments mentioned above, the method of preparation and practical use of the following survey records and the means of testing their accuracy have to be thoroughly acquired:—

(1) Village maps, (2) Field measurement book, (3) Field register, and (4) Area list. The Survey officer will take the class of Junior Civilians with him to one or more villages and examine the survey records on the ground for at least 15 days during the course of instruction.

(8) After an Assistant Collector has satisfactorily completed his prescribed course, a certificate in the Form A appended shall be prepared by the officer in charge of the party and forwarded for countersignature to the Superintendent of Revenue Survey, whose duty it will be to satisfy himself, as far as possible, that the certificate is correct and that the time passed with the party has been profitably employed.

FORM A.

Certificate.

I, A.B., Deputy Superintendent of Revenue Survey, do hereby certify that Mr. C.D., of the Indian Civil Service, has been attached to ——— Party for a period of ——— from ——— to ———, during which time he has accompanied me on ——— occasions when engaged on field work survey, and that he has acquired a fair knowledge of the operations of survey and of the orders relating thereto.

Countersigned.

X.Y.,

Superintendent of Revenue Survey.

A.B.,
Dy. Supt. of Revenue Survey.

(9) The Superintendent of Revenue Survey will forward to the Board of Revenue, for submission to Government, an annual return of all certificates granted to Assistant Collectors during the previous official year. The return will be in the Form B appended, and should reach the Board not later than the 1st June of the year following that to which it relates.

FORM B.

Statement of Certificates granted by the Superintendent of Revenue Survey to Junior Civilians who have been attached to his Department during the year ending 31st March 190 . .

Number.	Name of Junior Civilian.	Appointment held by Junior Civilian.	To what Party attached.	Name of Deputy Superintendent.	Date of issue of certificate.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Superintendent of Revenue Survey.

Examinations for Rewards.

42. The following rules prescribed for the encouragement of the study of Oriental languages among the junior members of the Indian Civil Service and of the Statutory Civil Service, do not in any way affect the Departmental examinations in law, language, &c., which these officers are required to pass according to the Lower and Higher Standards: Provided that no Civil Servant shall be permitted to appear for the High Proficiency examination until he has been examined and found qualified in both of the Standard examinations, and has obtained the requisite certificate in Survey, nor for the Honors examination unless he has passed that for High Proficiency.

43. The standards of examination and the donations to be given to successful candidates shall be as follows, viz.:—

LANGUAGES.		DONATIONS ON PASSING.	
I—High Proficiency.	Vernacular.	Classical.	Rupees.
	Tamil.....		1,000
	Telugu.....		1,000
	Canarese.....		1,000
	Malayalam.....		1,000
	Uriya.....		1,000
II—Honors.	Hindustani.....		1,000
		Sanskrit.....	2,000
		Persian.....	2,000
		Arabic.....	2,000
	Tamil.....		2,000
	Telugu.....		2,000
	Canarese.....		2,000
		Sanskrit.....	4,000
		Arabic.....	4,000

With certificate from the presiding Examiner.

With diploma signed by the Head of the Government of Madras.

44. A Civil Servant who has passed both Standard examinations may present himself for examination in any of the languages enumerated in Rule 43.

45. No Civil Servant shall ordinarily be permitted to appear more than twice as a candidate at any examination. But if a special recommendation be made by the Examiners, a candidate will be allowed to appear at a third examination. Examinations for rewards cannot be passed piece-meal.

46. No Civil Servant shall ordinarily be permitted to present himself for the High Proficiency or Honors examinations after the expiration of ten and fifteen years,* respectively, counted from the date of his first arrival in India. No exception to this rule shall be made on account of leave or any other cause. Civil Servants may be permitted to attend the examinations after the expiration of these periods, but no reward shall be granted to them if they pass; their leave shall be limited to such time as may be necessary to enable them to attend the examination, and no extra expense shall, under any circumstances, be caused to the State. In such cases it shall be within the competence of the Government to refuse applications for permission to attend any particular examination when compliance with such applications would involve inconvenience to the public service.

47. Examinations shall be held half-yearly in January and July at Madras. Civil Servants desirous of attending examinations shall apply for leave to do so to Government at least three months before the date of examination. Civil Servants attached immediately to the Government of India shall apply for leave to the Home Department through the Department of the Government of India under which they are serving, such applications being accompanied by a certificate from the local Accountant-General that the time of residence mentioned in Rule 46 has not been exceeded.

48. Civilians who are natives of India, and who have entered the service by competition, and Native Civilians appointed in India, shall not receive the donations prescribed in these rules when they merely pass in the vernacular of the district in which they were born or educated, it being left to Government to determine in each case what languages come within this definition.

49. The following is the test for the High Proficiency examination:—

I. Construing with readiness and accuracy from the undermentioned books:—

Tamil.....	1. The fourth and fifth parts of the Panchatantram. 2. Virātaparvam, (section of the Mahābhārata in prose). 3. The Tamil Minor Poets, viz., Vakkundam or Muthurai, Nalvazhi and Nanneri.
Telugu.....	1. Vemana. As in the new edition. 2. Vikramārka. 3. The fourth and fifth parts of Panchatantram. 4. Rājasekhara (K. Virasalingam Pantulu).
Canarese.....	1. Katha Sangraha. 2. Jaimini Bhārata, the first three Sandhis. † 3. Karnata Bhārata, the first three Sandhis of Udyogaparva.
Uriya†.....	1. Hitopodēsa. 2. Ribasani. 3. Rāmāyana, Bālakānda.
Hindustani.....	1. Dihwān us Safa. 2. Nasr-i-bo-Nazir. 3. Araish-i-Mahfil. 4. Musnawiyat of Sauda.
Persian.....	1. Gulistān. 2. Hoshān. 3. Anwāri Suhaili.

II. Translating into English, with accuracy, a passage in narrative style, not taken from the text-books.

III. Translating, with accuracy of idiom and neatness of expression, into the language in which the examination is held, an English paper in narrative style.

IV. Translating in like manner a paper of English sentences.

V. A considerable knowledge of grammar.

VI. The conversational test applied in the manner laid down in Rule 37.

50. The following is the test for the High Proficiency examination in Malayalam:—

- I. *Vidē voce* translation into English of a passage taken from some difficult author.
- II. Written translation into English of a passage taken from the current literature of the day.

* These periods of 10 and 15 years shall, in the case of Statutory Civilians, be counted from the date of their confirmation in the Statutory Civil Service.

† An edition of this work, deemed suitable, has been published by the West Coast Press.

‡ The examination in Uriya and Khond is held in Ganjam or Vizagapatam.

Military officers in permanent Civil and Political employ in the Madras Presidency are eligible for the High Proficiency and Honors examinations. The periods fixed in the rule within which such officers may gain a reward by passing either a High Proficiency or Honors examination will be extended for very special reasons only.

Gazetted Police officers, not being Statutory Natives of India, will be eligible for rewards only for passing the High Proficiency test in the vernaculars current in this Presidency, and they will be entitled to the same rewards for doing so as members of the Indian Civil Service.

III. Written translation of an English passage into the language.

IV. Written translation of idiomatic sentences in English into the language.

V. Conversation in the language.

VI. Reading and translating at sight manuscript in the language.

VII. Dictation, in Malayalam, of a translation made at sight from a paper in English placed before the candidate.

VIII. A paper of grammatical questions.

51. The following is the test for the Honors' examination:—

I. Construing with readiness and accuracy from the undermentioned books:—

Tamil.....	1. Subhā Parvam, (section of the Mahābhārata in prose). 2. The first 100 stanzas of Krishnan Tudu. 3. The first 24 chapters of Kural.
Telugu.....	1. Nīthandrika (Mithrabhēdamu). 2. Kāciyātra. 3. Sabhā Parvam of Mahābhārata. 4. Aranyakānda of Rāmāyana by Bhaskara. 5. Rājasekhara (K. Veerasalingam Pantulu).
Canarese.....	1. Mudra Manjusha. 2. Rajashekhāravilasa, the first two Aswaras. 3. Sankunta Natakam (B. Mallappa, Bangalore edition).

II. Translating into English with accuracy (a) two passages—one in prose and the other in poetry—selected from some difficult classical work not being a text-book, (b) a prose passage taken from the current literature of the day.

III. Translating a difficult passage from English into the language in which the examination is held with accuracy, elegance, neatness of expression, and perfect correctness of spelling and grammar.

IV. Conversing (in the vernacular language) with accuracy and fluency.

V. A knowledge of grammar to a much larger extent than is required in the examination for High Proficiency.

52. The following is the test for the Higher Standard in Arabic:—

I. Construing, with readiness and accuracy, from the undermentioned text-books:—

- (1) Nafhāt-ul-Yaman, 1st Part.
- (2) Selections from Alif Laila.

II. Translating accurately and with correctness of idiom and grammar not less than half an ordinary octavo page of plain English into Arabic.

III. Reading fairly and translating readily and correctly manuscripts in Arabic.

These manuscripts may be selected from the proceedings of a case in Court, from reports or petitions addressed to Civil and Military authorities, from letters passing between natives of India in the ordinary course of business, or from private correspondence. They should not be written with the clearness of a printed book, nor yet in a very cramped or crabbed hand, but in such a manner as fairly and honestly to represent the written characters generally employed.

53. The following is the test for the High Proficiency examination in Arabic:—

I. *Vidē voce* translation from the undermentioned books:—

- Nafhāt ul Yaman.
- Selections, Alif Lailā (to be made).

II. A written translation of a previously unseen passage in the language (selected from the current literature of the day) into English.

III. A written translation of an English passage into the language.

IV. A written translation of idiomatic sentences in English into the language.

V. Conversation in the language.

VI. Reading and translating at sight manuscript in the language.

VII. Dictation, in the language in which the examination is held, of a translation made at sight from a paper in English placed before the candidate.

VIII. A paper of grammatical questions.

54. The following is the test for the Honors examination in Arabic:—

I. *Vidē voce* translation of passages from the undermentioned books:—

- Hamasah, 1st two books, pp. 1—109, Calcutta edition.
- Timur Nāmah.
- Mukamāt of Hariri, first half.
- Saba Muallakāt.

II. A written examination in the text-books, the papers set to include questions in grammar and prosody.

- III. First voice examination in the text-books.
 IV. A written translation into English of a difficult unseen passage in prose (selected from the current literature of the day).
 V. A written translation into English of difficult unseen passages in prose and verse taken from classical work.
 VI. A written translation into the language in which the examination is held of a difficult passage in English.
 VII. Conversing with accuracy and fluency.
 VIII. Reading and translating at sight manuscript in the language.
 IX. Dictation in the language in which the examination is held of a translation made at sight from a paper in English placed before the candidate.

55. The following are the tests in Sanscrit:—

FOR HIGH PROFICIENCY.

I. Reading with prosodical correctness and construing with accuracy passages selected by the examiners from the undermentioned books:—

- (1) The Hitopadēsa.
 (2) The Raghuvamśa (the first nine cantos) expurgated edition of Pandit Iswara Chandra Vidyāsagar.

II. Translation into English, with accuracy, of a passage in narrative style not taken from the text-books.

III. Translating into Sanscrit, with accuracy of idiom and neatness of expression, an English paper in narrative style.

IV. Answering with general correctness a paper of questions on the elements of Sanscrit grammar according to European grammarians.

FOR DEGREE OF HONOR.

I. Reading with prosodical correctness and construing with accuracy passages selected by the examiners from the undermentioned books:—

- (1) The first and second Adhyāyas of the first Ashtaka of the Rīgveda Saphita.
 (2) The Kīrātarguṇīya (cantos I to VI and XI to XVIII inclusive), expurgated edition of Pandit Iswara Chandra Vidyāsagar.
 (3) Sakuntala Nataka.

II. Translating into English, with accuracy, a passage in poetry or partly prose and partly poetry, selected from some difficult work not being a text-book.

III. Translating into Sanscrit, with accuracy, elegance, neatness of expression, and perfect correctness of spelling and grammar, a difficult passage from English.

IV. Answering with general correctness a paper of questions on Sanscrit grammar according to European grammarians.

56. The Honors examination shall be of a searching nature, and the exercises, both oral and written, must be performed with such excellence as distinctly to establish a claim to eminent proficiency.

57. An Indian Civil Servant passing the Khond language colloquially shall be entitled to a reward of Rs. 500.

58. The following fees shall be charged for each voluntary examination:—

Rs. 15 for a minor examination.

Rs. 20 for examination for High Proficiency and Honors.

For Admission to the Political Department.

The following rules regulate admission to, and retention of, appointments in the Political Department:—

The following are eligible for appointment to the Political Department:—

Members of the Indian Civil Service.

Officers permanently appointed to His Majesty's Indian Army.

Natives of India specially selected.

The following statement shows the number and pay of appointments in the Political Department:—

Number of appointments.	Designation.	Monthly pay.	REMARKS.
8	Residents of the 1st class, each on	Rs. 4,000	
15	" " 2nd " { one on	2,750	
	" " " { three on	2,500	
	" " " { four on	2,250	
	" " " { seven on	2,000	Two to be reduced to Political Agents, 2nd class, when present incumbents vacate.

Number of appointments.	Designation.	Monthly pay.	REMARKS.
4	Political Agents, 1st class, each on	Rs. 1,800	
6	" " 2nd " "	1,500	The number in this grade will be 3 when the above reductions have been made.
1	" Agent, 2nd " (additional, temporary) on	1,500	
8	" Agents, 3rd class, each on	1,200	
10	" " 4th " "	1,000	
8	" Assistants, 1st " "	800	Includes one "furlough" appointment for Civilian.
9	" " 2nd " "	600	Do. do.
24 (temporarily 27).	" " 3rd " "	500	

Note.—The above is exclusive of the local, sumptuary, frontier and language allowances which are attached to, or can be drawn in, certain appointments.

The cadre of the Political Department consists of 63 appointments, of these 18 will usually be substantively held by members of the Indian Civil Service, of whom 12 will ordinarily be in and above the grade of which Rs. 1,200 a month is the pay and 6 below that grade. In addition to these 18 appointments the establishment of the Political Department will include two "Furlough" appointments, one on Rs. 800 and one on Rs. 600, to be given substantively to Civilians, who have been finally accepted for and appointed to the Department, but for whom no substantive appointments in the cadre are available. The maximum of permanently appointed Civilians according to the standard will thus be—

Substantively holding cadre posts ... 18 }
 On furlough appointments ... 2 } 20

The following extract from a letter from the Government of India, No. 1237A, dated 29th September 1893, explains the principles governing the promotions of Civilians in the Political Department.

Civilians and Military officers enter the Department under different conditions and come under different rules as to retirement. It is consequently desirable to treat them, for the purposes of appointment and promotion, as belonging to separate lists as far as conveniently possible. Accordingly, while reserving full powers of selection in respect to the highest appointments, the Government of India aim, in the matter of grade promotions, at a standard separation whereby promotions, substantive and officiating, in the line of a Civilian will go to Civilians, and similar steps in the line of a military officer to military men. This arrangement, which will be introduced tentatively, is designed to assimilate the salaries of Civilian members of the Department to the salaries of Civil Servants in the different Provinces. It must be understood, however, that the Government of India preserve full discretion to suspend, or at any time modify, the arrangement if the application of it should, in practice, prove undesirable. Substantive appointments of Civilians to the Department will not, in future, be made below the grade on Rs. 600 and will ordinarily be in that grade or in the grade on Rs. 800.

A Civilian desirous of becoming a candidate for appointment to the Political Department should submit his application to the Chief Secretary to Government, Political Department. His application should be submitted through his immediate superior, and should be accompanied by information regarding the candidate's qualifications in the following form:—

Information to be supplied by a candidate for Political employ.

1. Name and profession of father.
2. Where educated.
3. University honours and distinctions.
4. Language qualifications, stating degree of proficiency and examinations (if any) passed in each.
5. Brief statement of how and where service has been passed.
6. Whether married or single.
7. Names of any near relatives who have served or are serving in India.
8. Names of persons, other than immediate superiors, who can testify to character and qualifications.

Date the of 1890.



Information to be supplied by his immediate superiors respecting _____, an applicant for Political employ.

(This form should be forwarded through the Local Government, for transmission, with remarks, to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.)

1. How long have you been acquainted with _____? 1.
- *2. Is he popular— 2.—
 - (a) with his brother British officers and in society generally? (a)
 - (b) with those Natives of India with whom his duties or relations bring him into contact? (b)
- *3. Do you consider that he shows tact in dealings with Natives of India? 3.
4. Give a Medical Officer's opinion respecting his physique and general health. 4.
5. Is he of active habits and proficient in field sports? 5.
6. Is he a good, bad or indifferent horseman? 6.
- *7. Do you consider him to be in general ability above, up to, or under the average of his rank and service? 7.
8. Has _____ in any way specially distinguished himself? 8.
- *9. Add any general remarks you may have to offer in respect to his ability, character, &c. 9.

Every officer appointed to the Political Department in and below the grade of Political Assistants of the first class must pass an examination in the following subjects:—

A.

(Within one year from the date of his appointment.)

- †(1) INDIAN HISTORY.—The last edition of Marshman's History.
- †(2) POLITICAL ECONOMY.—Fawcett's Manual.
- (3) INTERNATIONAL LAW.—Wheaton's.
- (4) TREATIES.—Aitchison's Treaties, Vols. III and IV, and also, if the officer is serving elsewhere than in Central India or Rajputana, the volume or portion of the work referring to the province in which he is serving.
- †(5) LAW.—Markby's Elements of Law, Indian Penal Code, Criminal Procedure Code, and Indian Evidence Act.
- (6) AN EXAMINATION IN URDU.—The candidate will be required to read ordinary and fairly-written Urdu and Hindi documents and to converse fluently with a native besides interpreting and explaining without hesitation any orders that he may be directed to communicate.

B.

(Within three years from the date of his appointment.)

An examination§ in Arabic or Persian by the Higher Standard, or in Urdu by the High Proficiency Standard, to be passed at the Presidency, and, for the Province of British Burma, in Burmese by the High Proficiency Standard. The standard in each case to be the same as that recognised under the Civil and Military Examination rules.

Half-yearly examinations in the subjects mentioned under (A) will be held in April and October of each year.

The Head || of the Administration will, not less than a month in advance, fix the exact date on which, and the place where, the examinations will be held; will publish the

* It will be convenient if reasons are given for the replies to these questions which should generally be answered in some detail.
† Officers who have already passed in these subjects before admission to the Civil Service or otherwise, will not be required to undergo another examination in them.

‡ Officers will be required to pass this examination notwithstanding that they may have already passed an examination in Urdu by the "Higher Standard" before appointment to the Political Service, but officers who have passed the "High Proficiency" test in Urdu are exempted.

§ Officers who have already passed the Linguistic test prescribed for this examination before the Presidency Board of Examiners need not pass it again.

|| Resident or Governor-General's Agent.

same in the local Gazette, if there be one; and will send notice to all officers liable to examination.

Not less than a fortnight before the date fixed for examination, the Head of the Administration will appoint a Committee for the conduct of the examination, to consist of not less than two passed officers.

Such Committee will frame papers of questions (to be not less than eight or more than twelve) on each of the books above mentioned.

The candidates will be allowed three hours to answer each set of questions.

To each question a number of marks will be allotted, to amount to about 100 in the aggregate. To pass the examination in each particular subject it will be necessary that the candidate obtain 60 per cent. of such aggregate maximum number of marks.

When the examination is concluded, the Committee will submit to the Head of the Administration—

- (1) The questions and answers.
- (2) A schedule of the marks obtained by each of the candidates.

The Head of the Administration will consider the recommendation of the Committee, will decide whether the several candidates have or have not passed the required tests, and will report his decision to the Foreign Secretary within one month from date of examination. If in his opinion any officer has passed "with credit," or "with great credit," he will make a statement to that effect in the report.

If an officer presenting himself for examination within a year from the date of his appointment is held to have passed in at least half the subjects mentioned under (A), he will be allowed six months' grace to enable him to pass in the remaining subjects. If he fails to pass in at least half the subjects within a year, or if, having passed in half the subjects within a year, he fails to pass in the remaining subjects within the period of grace allowed to him, he will be removed from employment in the Political Department.

Political Assistants will ordinarily receive no more than Rs. 400 per mensem until they shall have passed the above examination. They will then draw the full salary to which they may be otherwise entitled, subject to a certificate from the Head of the Administration that they are in all respects qualified for the efficient discharge of their duties.

Examinations under (B) (except that in Urdu by the High Proficiency Standard which must be passed at the Presidency) may be conducted by the Committees assembled under Rule V, if one of the members has already passed the Higher Standard examination in Arabic or Persian, or the High Proficiency examination in Burmese; but no officer will be entitled to receive any pecuniary reward for passing the Higher Standard or High Proficiency Standard at such examinations. Rewards are granted only for examinations passed at a Presidency town under the rules prescribed for the Civil and Military Services.

In case an officer elects to pass the examination in Arabic or Persian before a local Committee, the papers will be set by the Calcutta Board of Examiners. The local Committee will see that the answers are written under such conditions as to time, &c., as may be prescribed, and the answers will then be sent to the Board of Examiners for report. The Committee will examine in the colloquial test and will take care that the officer's qualifications in this respect are thoroughly satisfactory.

Officers failing to pass the examination under (B) within the prescribed period will forfeit their appointments, notwithstanding that they may have passed the examination under (A).

The Head of the Administration will furnish the Foreign Department on the 1st of April and the 1st of October of each year with a statement of all officers liable to examinations (A) and (B) in the following form:—

Name of candidate.	Date of appointment to the Political Department.	Number of half-yearly examinations since appointment.	Remarks showing whether candidate has passed, and if not, whether under Rule X or XIII, he has any further period of grace.

For the Superior Grades of Police Officers.

The following are the subjects of Departmental examination :—

Law and Departmental Orders.

	Maximum marks.	Minimum marks.
A. { The Penal Code and Special and Local Criminal Laws, including Police Act ...	150 }	125
Code of Criminal Procedure ...	100 }	
B. Indian Evidence Act ...	80	40
C. Gribble and Hehir's Medical Jurisprudence, 3rd edition, except section II. of chapter VIII of section V ...	80	40
D. Police Departmental Orders ...	100	60

Vernacular.

E. Such vernacular language as the probationer may be required after arrival in India to study.

The test, which will be according to the Lower Standard required of Assistant Collectors, will be as follows :—

	Maximum marks.	Minimum marks.
E. { Conversation ...	50 }	35
Translation ...	30 }	
Dictation ...	30 }	65
Reading and explanation of reports ...	50 }	

This examination in the vernacular language must be passed within two years of the Assistant's arrival in India. Candidates will be allowed to appear for and to pass each of the Divisions A to E independently. The examination in Divisions A, B and E will be the same as that of Assistant Collectors according to the lower standard. In C (Medical Jurisprudence) the test will be the same as for Assistant Collectors appearing for the Higher Standard. Full particulars regarding these tests may be found in chapter III of the Indian Civil Service Manual. In D (Departmental Orders) the question papers will be prepared by the Inspector-General of Police.

The examinations will be conducted by the Board of Examiners and will be held half-yearly in January and July.

Within four years after the first examination subsequent to arrival in India, or to appointment if appointed in India, officers recruited in England or appointed direct by the Government of India and European and Eurasian officers locally recruited must pass an examination by the Higher Standard in one of the Vernaculars of the Presidency. If they fail to do so they will be liable to have their further promotion stopped. In this examination, which will be the same as that required of Assistant Collectors, marks will be assigned as follows :—

	Maximum marks.	Minimum marks.
Conversation ...	100	70
Translation ...	100	70
Reading arzis ...	100	70

Within six years after the first examination subsequent to arrival in India, or to appointment if appointed in India, and before being appointed to act as District Superintendent, officers recruited in England or appointed direct by the Government of India and European and Eurasian officers locally recruited must pass an examination in a second Vernacular according to the Lower Standard prescribed for Assistant Collectors. This examination is similar to that prescribed in paragraph 6 *supra*.

Note.—There is no objection to an Assistant going up for the Lower Standard test in a second language before passing the Higher Standard test. In such cases the officer will have the option of offering himself for examination by the Higher Standard in either of the languages in which he has already passed by the Lower Standard or in any other of the four chief Vernaculars of the Presidency, viz., Tamil, Telugu, Canarese or Malayalam.

An officer who passes the Vernacular examination by the Higher Standard within, or at the first examination held after, the expiry of two years after his arrival in India will be allowed a munshi allowance of Rs. 240. A similar allowance will be granted to an officer who passes in the second Vernacular language as prescribed in rule 26 within, or at the first examination held after, the expiry of three years after his arrival in India.

A European or Eurasian candidate recruited by local examination who has taken up a Vernacular language at the competitive examination and secured half the maximum marks therein will be considered to have passed the Vernacular test for probationers in that language, and will not be required to pass in any other Vernacular before confirmation.

Native candidates selected on the results of the Competitive examination in Madras will, in regard to the Vernacular test, be required to pass the second class test prescribed in the Notification of Government, No. 323, published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*,

dated 13th June 1899, Part I, which corresponds to the test which Deputy Collectors are required to pass after appointment.

Note.—Graduates and Under-graduates of the Madras University who have taken up one of the Vernaculars specified as their optional language in the University examination have to pass in only one Vernacular other than the optional language of their examination; but they will not be declared to have passed the test in the second Vernacular unless they satisfy the examiner that they can read fluently and with facility manuscripts written in the Vernacular in which they are exempted from passing.

For Cantonment Magistrates in Law.

I. The preliminary examination in all Provinces, is equivalent in difficulty to the corresponding portion of the Lower Standard for Junior Members of the Indian Civil Service: it consists of the following subjects only :—

The Indian Penal Code.	} With books.
The Code of Criminal Procedure.	
The Indian Evidence Act.	
The Mofussil Small Cause Courts Act.	
The Chapters and Sections of the Civil Procedure Code mentioned in the first Schedule to Act X of 1888.	
The Police Act.	} Without books.
The Cantonments Act and Rules ...	

It will be held as hitherto under the orders of the different Local Governments. It must be passed in the Province in which the candidate is serving either temporarily as a Cantonment Magistrate or with troops at the time of the examination.

II. An officer who has not passed the Preliminary Examination will not be appointed to act as a Cantonment Magistrate for a period of more than three months unless in exceptional circumstances.

III: The Preliminary Examination is hereby declared to be equivalent to the Departmental Lower Standard Examination mentioned in paragraph 7 of the Government of India's Despatch No. 185 (Judicial), dated the 19th July 1892. A candidate for the Cantonment Magistrates' Department who passes the Preliminary Examination previous to appointment will not be required to pass the Lower Standard Examination; he will on appointment be treated for purposes of pay as having passed that Standard. Any officer who may be appointed to act as a Cantonment Magistrate without having passed the Preliminary Examination will be required to pass the Lower Standard Examination.

IV. In Home Department Resolution No. 7 (Judicial), 1095-1106, dated the 10th August 1889, it was left to Local Governments to decide upon the character of the Higher Standard Examination to be passed by Cantonment Magistrates subsequent to appointment. This arrangement will continue, subject to the condition that in any case in which an officer has not, in qualifying for the Indian Staff Corps, passed by the Higher Standard in the Vernacular of the Province in which he is serving, he must pass by the Higher Standard, or by such other test as may have been specially sanctioned by the Government of India, in the Vernacular of the Province. A Cantonment Magistrate who has passed the language examination in one Province will, on transfer to another Province, be required to pass in the language* of the Province to which he is transferred. Should a Cantonment Magistrate fail to pass within eighteen months of his transfer, he will be entitled to no increase of salary until he does pass.

For European and Eurasian Officers of Government.

Section 1.—Extent of Application.

1. The following rules are prescribed for the examination of European and Eurasian officers of the Civil Department, who are liable to serve in any part of the Presidency, and to whom the knowledge of a vernacular language is necessary for the efficient performance of their duties, but they do not apply to the examination of certain officers in the following Departments in which separate regulations exist :—

- (1) Members of the Indian Civil Service.
- (2) Deputy Collectors.
- (3) Officers of the Salt and Abkati Department.
- (4) Officers of the Police Department.
- (5) Officers of the Educational Department.
- (6) Medical.
- (7) Officers of the Civil Veterinary Department.
- (8) Officers of the Public Works Department.
- (9) Officers of the—

* In Provinces in which there are two or more languages, the Local Government will determine in which language the officer transferred must pass.

- | | |
|--|--|
| (i) Account Department. | (vii) Postal Department. |
| (ii) Archaeological Survey Department. | (viii) Press or Printing Department. |
| (iii) Geological Department. | (ix) Telegraph Department. |
| (iv) Madras Port Department. | (x) Topographical Department. |
| (v) Marine Survey Department. | (xi) Trigonometrical Department. |
| (vi) Paper Currency Department. | (xii) Officers in the Forest Department. |

2. The vernaculars recognised for the purposes of these examinations are—

- | | | |
|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| (1) Tamil. | (3) Uriya. | (5) Malayalam. |
| (2) Telugu. | (4) Canarese. | |

Section 2.—Classification of Officers.

3. The officers concerned shall be divided into three classes:—

(i) The first-class shall consist of officers holding appointments usually filled by officers of the Indian Civil Service.

(ii) The second class shall consist of Subordinate Judges and District Munsifs.

Native probationers recruited for employment in the superior grades of the Police Department by competition in Madras are required to pass the second-class test.

(iii) The third class shall consist of the following officers:—

- Revenue Survey.*—Superintendents, Deputy Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents, Sub-Assistants, Surveyors;
- Revenue Settlement.*—Commissioner, Deputy Commissioners, Assistant Commissioners;
- Agriculture.*—Deputy Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Sub-Assistant Director, Agricultural, and Stock Inspectors;
- Registration.*—Registrars, Sub-Registrars;
- Courts of Law.*—Chief Clerks, Presidency Magistrates' Courts, Egmore and Black Town;
- Jails.*—Superintendents of Central Jails, Superintendents of District Jails (not being Medical Officers), Jailors, Deputy Jailors;
- Police.*—Inspectors of Police, Sub-Inspectors of Police;
- Medical.*—Assistant Surgeons, Civil Apothecaries, Hospital Assistants, Deputy Inspectors of Vaccination;
- Other Minor Departments.*—Superintendent, Government Cinchona Plantations; and
- All other officers holding corresponding positions in other Departments, to whom the knowledge of a vernacular is essential for the performance of their duties.

1.—OBLIGATORY EXAMINATIONS.

Section 3.—Nature of Examination—Compulsory Test—First Vernacular.

4. The first-class test shall be the same as that for the Indian Civil Service.*

5. The following is the second-class test:—

(i) Reading aloud fluently, and construing with readiness and accuracy not less than an octavo page of the undermentioned works:—

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| In Tamil ... | 1. The first three books of the Panchatantram. |
| | 2. The whole of Virada Parvam (Prose). |
| „ Telugu ... | 1. Panchatantram. |
| | 2. Vemana verses contained in Telugu selections. |
| „ Canarese ... | 1. Panchatantram. |
| | 2. Udyogaparva (the first three sandhis). |
| „ Malayalam ... | 1. Vetala Charitram. |
| | 2. Keralapazhama. |
| | 3. Keralolpati. |
| „ Uriya ... | 1. Hitopadesha. |
| | 2. Batris Singhasana. |
| | 3. Ramayana, Sundara Kanda. |

(ii) Translating in writing into English with accuracy a passage from some tolerably difficult work not being a text-book.

(iii) Translating in writing, with accuracy of grammar and idiom, into the language in which the examination is held, an English paper of somewhat difficult style relating exclusively to Indian subjects, and, as far as possible, bearing upon questions connected with the department to which an officer belongs.

(iv) Translating in like manner a paper of English sentences.

(v) Reading aloud fluently and translating correctly and readily two or three manuscripts written in a plain, running office-hand in the language in which the examination is held.

(vi) Conversing with the Examiners, or with natives of India, on such subjects proposed by them as are calculated to test colloquial facility, both as regards correct expression and knowledge of terms and phrases as commonly used by the poorer and uneducated classes.

* Vide pp. 305 to 311.

6. The following is the third-class test:—

(i) Reading fairly and translating with accuracy an original vernacular letter or report of moderate length and difficulty in the language of the district.

(ii) Dictating an order.

(iii) Rendering into English a vernacular report read out.

(iv) Conversing with the Examiners, or with natives of India, on subjects likely to occur in the performance of professional duty, in the transaction of ordinary business, or in the course of every-day life. If the candidate proves his ability to comprehend readily all that is said to him and to make himself fairly intelligible, more should not be required of him.

Section 4.—Compulsory Vernacular—Period allowed—Penalty for not passing.

7. Officers of the second and third classes shall be required to pass the respective tests in the language of the district to which they may be appointed—

(i) either before entering on their duties, after appointment,

(ii) or within one year * thereafter on pain † of loss of promotion,

(iii) or within two years * thereafter on pain † of loss of appointment.‡

8. An officer of more than twelve years' standing, who, for special reasons, has been transferred from one class to another, or has been transferred into a class covered by the rules from one not so covered, and who has passed the examination previously compulsory on him, shall not be required to pass another examination.

9. It shall not be incumbent on an officer to pass in a second vernacular either on transfer from one district to another or when two § vernaculars are recognised as the languages of a district.

Section 5.—Leave, Pay and Travelling Allowances.

10. An officer while absent from his office or from his station to attend an obligatory examination is considered to be on duty.

11. Leave may not be given under Rule 10 to an officer to prepare for examination, or for recreation after examination. A reasonable time, including the day or days of examination, should be allowed for the journey to and from the place of examination, and nothing more.

12. An officer permitted to present himself at any examination which must be passed before a person is eligible for a higher subordinate appointment in any branch of the service may be allowed leave of absence for the number of days which is actually necessary to enable him to attend at the examination.

13. During this absence—which is expected to be short—no deduction will be made from the officer's allowances, unless the Head of the office finds such deduction necessary to enable him to make arrangements for carrying on the work.

14. Such leave should not be allowed more than twice for each examination (vide Articles 316 and 317, Civil Service Regulations).

15. An officer is entitled to travelling allowance twice, but not more than twice, for journeys to and fro, consequent on attendance at an obligatory Departmental examination (vide Article 1226, Civil Service Regulations).||

16. If a candidate appears to have culpably neglected the duty of preparing himself for an obligatory examination during the period available for the purpose, the travelling allowance to which he would otherwise have been entitled under Article 1226 will be disallowed.

Section 6.—Munshi Allowance.

17. A munshi allowance of Rs. 240 to defray the cost of teachers will be given to all officers of the third class whose salary is not more than Rs. 200 per mensem on their passing the compulsory test within one year after appointment.

* The period allowed shall be held to extend to and include the last day of the examination immediately following the actual termination of the limits prescribed.

† The case of an officer failing to pass the compulsory examination within the limits prescribed shall be reported by the Head of the department concerned for the orders of Government.

‡ This entails forfeiture of past service under article 460 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations.

§ (i) LANGUAGE OF THE DISTRICT.—Telugu—Gódlavari, Kistna, Nellore, Cuddapah and Kurnool. Tamil—South Arcot, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madura and Tinnevely.

(ii) Districts in which two vernaculars are recognized—

- Ganjam and Vizagapatam—Telugu and Uriya.
- Bellary and Anantapur—Telugu and Canarese.
- Chingleput, North Arcot, Salem and Madras—Tamil and Telugu.
- Coimbatore—Tamil and Canarese.
- Nilgiris—Tamil and Malayalam.

|| For travelling allowance to Assistant Surgeons and Medical subordinates to attend at examinations for promotion to a higher grade. (Vide Article 1231, Civil Service Regulations.)

II.—OPTIONAL EXAMINATIONS.

Section 7.—Vernaculars to be adopted.

18. It shall be open to an officer in the second or third class, after passing the compulsory examination, to pass an equivalent test in any vernacular language, other than the language in which he has passed.

Section 8.—Leave, Pay and Travelling Allowances.

19. Permission to appear at an optional examination carries with it the grant of joining time (excluding the time allowed for preparation) to and from the place of examination besides leave for the day or days of examination.

20. Rule 19 applies to all officers of the third class appearing for the third-class test in a second vernacular.

21. An officer is entitled to travelling allowance twice, but not more than twice, for journeys to and fro, consequent on attendance at any optional examination.

Section 9.—Munshi Allowance.

22. Officers of the third class passing the third-class test in a second vernacular with the previous approval of the Heads of their Departments will, irrespective of their salary, be entitled to a munshi allowance of Rs. 240, provided that the allowance shall not be drawn by any officer who shall have served for more than three years in a district in which the language in question is recognized as a principal vernacular language.

III.—REWARD EXAMINATIONS.

Section 10.—Honours Test.

23. A reward of Rs. 1,000 will be granted to an officer of the second class who may, within eight years from the date of joining his Department, pass the Honours Test prescribed for members of the Indian Civil Service in the vernaculars of the districts in which he has been employed.

Note.—Deputy Collectors may come up for the Honours Test prescribed for the members of the Indian Civil Service and will be entitled to the reward of Rs. 1,000 on passing.

24. A reward of Rs. 500 will be granted to an officer of the third class who may, within five years after appointment, pass the second-class test in the vernaculars of the districts in which he has been employed.

Note.—Deputy and Assistant Commissioners, Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors of Salt and Abkari Revenue, may come up for examination by the second-class test and will be entitled to the reward of Rs. 500 on passing.

25. The grant of these rewards is subject to the proviso that the officer concerned has not received a reward under the Military examination rules for passing in the same language by the Military High Proficiency Test and does not pass in the language of the district in which he was born or brought up, or in the language which was optional for him in the University examinations.

26. No officer shall be permitted to appear more than twice for the Reward examination except under the special recommendation of the Examiners, when he shall be allowed a third trial.

Section 11.—Leave, Pay and Travelling Allowances.

27. An officer appearing for a Reward examination will be entitled to his pay for the period* of his absence from duty, which shall not exceed the time actually required by the circumstances of the case.

28. Examination leave under this section is regulated by Articles 312 to 315, and travelling allowances by Articles 1226 to 1230, of the Civil Service Regulations.

For other Officers as well as Persons not in the Service of Government.

29. The third-class test is also open—

(a) (1) on payment of a fee of Rs. 10—to European and Eurasian officers of the Jail Department below the rank of Deputy Jailor;

(2) on payment of a fee of Rs. 15—to European and Eurasian Railway officers in the Traffic Department (in Tamil and Telugu); and

(b) irrespective of their nationality;

(1) on payment of a fee of Rs. 10—to officers of the subordinate service who have attained the rank of Tahsildar in the Revenue Department, or a corresponding grade in other Departments, and who may be desirous of entering the Provincial Civil Service, not being otherwise qualified by having taken a University degree in a vernacular, or by having passed the viva voce examination of the Translation Test, Higher Grade;

(2) on payment of a fee of Rs. 15—to persons not in the service of Government who are desirous of entering the Provincial Civil Service;

* This period will extend to, and include, the last day of the examination immediately following the actual termination of the limits prescribed.

(3) on payment of a fee of Rs. 15—to persons desirous of competing at the examination for the Provincial Civil Service.

30. The second or third class test shall also be open to the following persons:—

On payment of a fee of Rs. 15—to Europeans and Eurasians not in the service of Government who obtain the sanction of Government to qualify for any of the appointments in the second and third classes of officers.

PROCEDURE.

Examining Body.

31. All the above examinations shall be conducted by the Board of Examiners, who shall furnish such papers as may be required, aided by District Officers.

Submission of Applications.

32. All applications for examination from candidates in the service of Government or of Railway Companies shall be forwarded through the various Heads of Departments to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners.

33. (i) The sanction of Government shall be obtained for the appearance of an officer for examination for a reward.

(ii) The previous approval of the Head of the Department shall be obtained for the appearance of an officer for an optional examination.

34. Applications from private candidates shall be forwarded direct to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners.

Date of Examinations.

35. Examinations shall be held twice a year, in January and July, the actual dates thereof being fixed by the President of the Board and notified in the Gazette.

Place of Examination.

36. Ordinarily all officers shall appear for examination at Madras.

Publication of Results.

37. The names of all successful candidates will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

38. The Secretary to the Board shall submit a separate report of the results in the case of candidates under Rule 32 to the Heads of Departments concerned.

39. The President shall communicate to Government the result of every examination at which an officer shall have passed for a reward.

Officers in the Agent's, Engineering and Locomotive Departments of the Madras Railway, are examined by the following tests in Tamil and Telugu:—

Lower or Colloquial Test.

Conversing intelligibly with natives on matters forming the subjects of communication between officers of the Railway and the people of the district.

The candidate will have to converse with two or three different persons.

Higher Test.

Reading and translating an original native letter of moderate difficulty.

Conversing fluently with natives on ordinary subjects.

For Commissioned Medical Officers posted to Civil Charges.

Medical officers posted to Civil Charges are entitled to a reward of Rupees 200 for passing a colloquial* test in the language of the district within one year of appointment. The languages are to be either Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam or Uriya. They are also entitled to a reward of Rupees 500 for passing an examination according to the Military Higher Standard test.

For Officers of the South Indian Railway.

Officers on joining the Traffic, Engineering, Locomotive and General Stores Departments of the South Indian Railway will be required to pass an examination in Tamil within two years from the date of appointment, or before promotion to a higher grade. In the case of failure to do so, the usual annual increments of salary, or promotion to a higher grade, will not be allowed until the examination is passed.

2. Officers already in the service of the Company, and who draw less salary than Rs. 650 per mensem, will be required to pass the examination before expiry of two years from 1st August 1896. Engineering, Locomotive and General Stores officers who have joined the service after the 1st March 1897, will be required to pass the examination within two years from the 1st August 1900. In case of failure to comply with this order, the penalties prescribed in Rule 1 will be enforced.

* Ability of the officer concerned to express himself clearly and to understand what is said to him on the same topic connected with the duties he has to perform, sufficient to afford proof that he is competent to conduct such duties without the aid of an interpreter. (G.O., dated 1st August 1892, No. 532, Public.)

3. The examination will be conducted by the Board of Examiners* in Madras twice a year, in January and July. The actual date will be fixed by the President, and communicated through the Agent to Heads of Departments. Officers desirous of presenting themselves for examination should inform the Agent through their Departmental superiors, before 1st November and 1st May, of their intention to appear before the Board at the ensuing examination.

4. The examination, which corresponds with that known as the Madras Railway "Higher Test," will comprise—

- (a) Reading and translating an original native letter of moderate difficulty.
- (b) Conversing fluently with natives on ordinary subjects.

5. A fee of Rs. 15 will be charged to each candidate for the examination, and a reward of Rs. 300 will be paid by the Company to each officer who passes.

6. On obtaining prior sanction from the Agent, Telugu may be taken up instead of, or in addition to, Tamil, but subject to the restriction that the reward shall not be paid if there are two officers in the Department at the time who have already drawn it.

7. The reward will not be paid unless claimed within four months after the date of passing the examination.

For Bank Agents and Accountants.

Each Agent and Accountant will be required to pass, within a period of twelve months, an examination in the vernacular of the district in which he is located according to the following test:—

- 1st.—Reading and translating an original native letter of moderate difficulty.
- 2nd.—Conversing fluently with natives on ordinary subjects.

Each employé who passes in twelve months will be granted a moonshi allowance of Rupees 180, and the circumstance will always be considered in making promotions. The moonshi allowance will not be granted unless the examination is passed within the year, but the test will nevertheless be demanded.

On the transfer of an Agent or Accountant to a branch where a different vernacular language exists, he will be required, under the same conditions, to pass the test in that language.

Bank's Agents are allowed to qualify in Hindustani under G.O., Financial, No. 1475, dated 29th October 1872.

For European and Eurasian Forest Officers.

Section 1.—Extent of Application.

1. The following rules are prescribed for the examination of European and Eurasian officers of the Madras Forest Department, who are liable to serve in any part of the Presidency and to whom the knowledge of a vernacular language is necessary for the efficient performance of their duties.

2. The vernaculars recognised for the purposes of these examinations are—

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|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| (1) Tamil. | (3) Uriya. | (5) Malayalam. |
| (2) Telugu. | (4) Canarese. | |

Section 2.—Enumeration of Officers and Classification of Tests.

3. The officers shall consist of Conservators, Deputy and Extra Deputy Conservators, Assistant and Extra Assistant Conservators and Rangers.

4. The examinations shall be divided into two classes—"obligatory" and "optional." The "optional" shall further be sub-divided into the "Ordinary" test and the "Honours" test.

III.—OBLIGATORY EXAMINATIONS.

Section 3.—Nature of Examination—Compulsory Test.

5. The obligatory examination shall be the same as the third-class test prescribed in G.O., No. 274, Public, dated 15th March 1897. See page 305.

(i) Reading fairly and translating with accuracy an original vernacular letter or report of moderate length and difficulty in the language of the district.

(ii) Dictating an order.

(iii) Rendering into English a vernacular report read out.

(iv) Conversing with the Examiners, or with natives of India, on subjects likely to occur in the performance of professional duty, in the transaction of ordinary business, or in the course of every-day life. If the candidate prove his ability to comprehend readily all that is said to him and to make himself fairly intelligible, more should not be required of him.

* This Board also conducts the examination of the employés of the Southern Mahratta Railway in Canarese, Tamil and Telugu. (G.O., No. 396 R., dated 5th June 1897.)

Section 4.—Compulsory Vernacular—Period allowed—Penalty for not passing.

6. Officers shall be required to pass their tests in the language of the district to which they may be appointed—

- (i) either before entering on their duties, after appointment,
- (ii) or within one year* thereafter on pain of loss of promotion,
- (iii) or within two years* thereafter on pain of loss of appointment.

7. An officer of more than twelve years' standing, who, for special reasons, has been transferred to the Madras Forest Department from any other Department in Madras or from the Forest Department in any other Province, and who has passed the examination previously compulsory on him, shall not be required to pass another examination.

8. It shall not be incumbent on an officer to pass in a second vernacular either on transfer from one district to another or when two vernaculars are recognized as the languages of a district.

Section 5.—Leave, Pay and Travelling Allowances.

9. An officer while absent from his office or from his station to attend an obligatory examination is considered to be on duty.

10. Leave may not be given under Rule 9 to an officer to prepare for examination, or for recreation after examination. A reasonable time, including the day or days of examination, should be allowed for the journey to and from the place of examination, and nothing more.

11. An officer permitted to present himself at any examination which must be passed before a person is eligible for a higher subordinate appointment in any branch of the service may be allowed leave of absence for the number of days which is actually necessary to enable him to attend at the examination.

12. During this absence—which is expected to be short—no deduction will be made from the officer's allowances, unless the Head of the office finds such deduction necessary to enable him to make arrangements for carrying on the work.

13. Such leave should not be allowed more than twice for each examination. (Vide Section 68 of the Madras Forest Code.)

14. An officer is entitled to travelling allowance twice, but not more than twice, for journeys to and fro, consequent on attendance at an obligatory departmental examination. (Vide Article 1226, Civil Service Regulations.)

15. If a candidate appears to have culpably neglected the duty of preparing himself for an obligatory examination during the period available for the purpose, the travelling allowance to which he would otherwise have been entitled under Article 1226 will be disallowed.

Section 6.—Munshi Allowance.

16. A Munshi allowance of Rs. 240 to defray the cost of teachers will be given to all officers whose salary is not more than Rs. 200 per mensem on their passing the compulsory test within one year after appointment.

II.—OPTIONAL EXAMINATIONS—ORDINARY TEST.

Section 7.—Vernaculars to be adopted.

17. It shall be open to an officer, after passing the obligatory examination, to pass an equivalent test in any vernacular language, other than the language in which he has passed.

Section 8.—Leave, Pay and Travelling Allowances.

18. Permission to appear at an optional examination carries with it the grant of joining time (excluding the time allowed for preparation) to and from the place of examination besides leave for the day or days of examination.

* The period allowed shall be held to extend to and include the last day of the examination immediately following the actual termination of the limits prescribed.

† The case of an officer failing to pass the compulsory examination within the limits prescribed shall be reported by the Head of the Department concerned for the orders of Government.

‡ This entails forfeiture of past service under Article 460 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations.

§ (i) LANGUAGE OF THE DISTRICT.—Telugu—Gódvári, Kistna, Nellore, Cuddapah, and Kurnool. Tamil—South Arcot, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras and Tinnevely.

(ii) DISTRICTS IN WHICH TWO VERNACULARS ARE RECOGNIZED.—

1. Ganjam and Vizagapatam—Telugu and Uriya.
2. Bellary and Anantapur—Telugu and Canarese.
3. Chingleput, North Arcot, Salem and Madras—Tamil and Telugu.
4. Coimbatore—Tamil and Canarese.
5. Nilgiris—Tamil.

19. Rule 18 applies to all officers appearing for the test in a second vernacular.
 20. An officer is entitled to travelling allowance twice, but not more than twice, for journeys to and fro, consequent on attendance at any optional examination.

Section 9.—Munshi Allowance.

21. Officers passing the "Ordinary" optional test in a second vernacular with the previous approval of the Board of Revenue will, irrespective of their salary, be entitled to a munshi allowance of Rs. 240, provided that the allowance shall not be drawn by any officer who shall have served for more than three years in a district in which the language in question is recognized as a principal vernacular language.

III.—OPTIONAL EXAMINATIONS—HONOURS TEST.

Section 10.—Nature of Examination.

22. The "Honours" test shall be the same as the second-class test prescribed in G.O., No. 274, Public, dated 15th March 1897. (*Vide* page 311.)

Section 11.—Reward.

23. A reward of Rs. 500 will be granted to an officer who may, within five years after appointment, pass the "Honours" Test in the vernaculars of the districts in which he has been employed.

24. The grant of this reward is subject to the proviso that the officer concerned has not received a reward under the Military examination rules for passing in the same language by the Military High Proficiency Test and does not pass in the language of the district in which he was born or brought up, or in the language which was optional for him in the University examinations.

25. No officer shall be permitted to appear more than twice for the Reward examination except under the special recommendation of the Examiners, when he shall be allowed a third trial.

Section 12.—Leave, Pay and Travelling Allowances.

26. An officer appearing for a Reward examination will be entitled to his pay for the period* of his absence from duty, which shall not exceed the time actually required by the circumstances of the case.

27. Examination leave under this Section is regulated by Section 68 of the Madras Forest Code, and travelling allowances by Articles 1226 to 1230 of the Civil Service Regulations.

PART II.

Examining Body.

28. All the above examinations shall be conducted by the Board of Examiners, who shall furnish such papers as may be required aided by District Officers.

Submission of Applications.

29. All applications for examination shall be forwarded, *through* the Collector of the district and the Conservator of the Circle, to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, who will communicate accepted applications to the Board of Examiners.

30. (i) The sanction of Government shall be obtained for the appearance of an officer for examination for a reward.

(ii) The previous approval of the Board of Revenue shall be obtained for the appearance of an officer for an optional examination.

Date of Examinations.

31. Examinations shall be held twice a year, in January and July, the actual dates thereof being fixed by the President of the Board of Examiners and notified in the Gazette.

Place of Examination.

32. Ordinarily all officers shall appear for examination at Madras.

Publication of Results.

33. The names of all successful candidates will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

34. The Secretary to the Board of Examiners shall submit a separate report of the results to the Board of Revenue.

35. The President shall communicate to Government the result of every examination at which an officer shall have passed for a reward.

* This period will extend to, and include, the last day of the examination immediately following the actual termination of the limits prescribed.

For Officers in the Forest Department in Law and Revenue.

In Law.—The following are the subjects required for the examination in law:—

- (1) The Madras Forest Act, 1882, with such notifications or rules, general or special, as have been made thereunder, and are applicable to the district.
- (2) The Land Acquisition Act, 1891.
- (3) The Madras Boundaries Act, 1860, and Act II of 1884.
- (4) The Easements Act, 1882.
- (5) The Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.
- (6) The Penal Code, selected chapters—

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| I. Introduction. | X. Contempt of the lawful authority of public servants. |
| II. General explanations. | XI. False evidence, and offences against public justice. |
| III. Punishments. | XVII. Offences against property. |
| IV. General exceptions. | XVIII. Offences relating to documents and to trade and property marks. |
| V. Abetment. | XXIII. Attempt to commit offence. |
| IX. Offences by, or relating to, public servants. | |

For this examination simple questions will be framed by the Board of Examiners in such a manner as not to involve points of difficulty, but rather to show the possession or want of a general and intelligent acquaintance with the Acts and their bearing on forest work. Two papers will usually be given, and the officer under examination will be expected to answer the questions without book.

In Revenue.—The examination in Revenue will bear on the following subjects:—

- I. Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue 1900, edition. (Nos. 1 to 28, 30, 31, 33, 34, 41 to 49, 89 to 93, 196, 197, 201, 202, 205 and 207.)

Two papers will be prepared by the Board of Examiners. They should not contain difficult questions, and should be prepared so as to refer chiefly to subjects in which the land revenue and tenures of the district or districts are connected with forest administration.

In Procedure and Accounts.—The examination in this subject will be both written and oral, and will embrace the Forest Code, the Civil Service Regulations, the rules regarding the general conduct of business in the Forest Department, and the Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue, 1900 edition, 82, 105, 106, 111 to 113, 127, 128, 133, 135, 136, 142, 143, 159, 163 to 180 and chapter XVII.

For the examinations in subjects (C) and (D) the use of books will be allowed.

For Deputy Collectors.*

Notification No. 42, dated Ootacamund, July 2, 1891.

The notification relating to the examination of Deputy Collectors in the vernacular languages of Southern India, dated 26th January 1891, No. 4, published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 3rd February 1891, Part I, page 69, has been amended as follows and is republished for general information:—

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| † Tamil. | Malayalam. | His Excellency the Governor in Council resolves to prescribe the following rules for the examination of Deputy Collectors in the vernacular† languages of Southern India. |
| Telugu. | Uriya. | |
| Canarese. | | |

2. The examination will be styled the Compulsory Vernacular Test for Deputy Collectors.

3. The test is the second-class test. (*Vide* pages 311 and 312.)

* European and Eurasian Deputy Collectors are examined in the vernaculars by the Higher and Lower Standards under the rules prescribed for members of the Indian Civil Service.—*Vide* G.O., Nos. 763, 769, Public, dated 17th June 1897.

Native Subordinate Judges and District Munsifs are required to pass in two languages by the test laid down in Rule 3. Subordinate Judges and District Munsifs are required to pass this test within a year from the date of the half-yearly examination next succeeding their appointment, an additional year being allowed to those who have to pass in two languages. An officer failing to pass the examination within the prescribed time will be required to vacate his appointment in the grade unless the period is specially extended by Government.—G.O., Nos. 351, 352, Public, dated 29th March 1897, and High Court Circular, Dis. No. 1872, dated 1st November 1897.

4. All persons appointed to the post of Deputy Collector will be required to pass by this test in two languages, except such as are graduates and undergraduates of the Madras University and have taken up a vernacular as their optional language in the University examination. These latter will be required to pass in only one vernacular other than the optional language of their University examination. They will, however, not be declared to have passed the test in the second vernacular unless they satisfy the Examiner that they can read fluently and with facility manuscripts written in the vernacular in which they are exempted from passing.

5. The examination will be held half-yearly at Madras for the Tamil, Telugu, Canarese and Malayalam languages, and in the Ganjam and Vizagapatam districts for the Uriya language, on the first Monday of January and July, or at such time as the Board of Examiners, by whom the examination will be conducted, may direct.

6. All persons now on the list of Deputy Collectors, who did not hold confirmed appointments as such on the 6th October 1890, will be required to qualify by the test prescribed in para. 3 above within a year from the date of the first half-yearly examination, and all persons who may hereafter be appointed to the grade of Deputy Collectors, within a year from the date of the half-yearly examination next succeeding their appointment. An additional year will be allowed to those who have to pass in two languages. Any person failing to pass his examination within the prescribed time will be required to vacate his appointment in the grade unless the period is extended by special order of Government.

7. Officers will be entitled to leave and travelling allowance according to the Civil Service Regulations.

8. European and Eurasian Deputy Collectors will no longer be permitted to present themselves for examination by the second-class test under the rules as per notification published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 11th November 1879, Part I, page 764, which rules are hereby cancelled so far as they relate to the examination of Deputy Collectors in the vernaculars.

9. No fee is required to be paid for admission to this examination.

10. Applications for admission to this examination shall be submitted to the Board of Examiners through the Collectors.

For Europeans and Eurasians serving in the Education Department.

The following tests and rules are prescribed for the study of Oriental languages by European and Eurasian officers of the Madras Educational Department:—

1. The officers concerned are:—

- (I) Officers of the Superior service.
- (II) Teachers or Inspecting officers belonging to the Subordinate service.

Compulsory Examinations.

2. Every officer of the above classes who is engaged in teaching, shall pass a compulsory examination in one, and every officer who is engaged in inspection, shall pass a compulsory examination in two of the following languages, namely:—

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|-------------|----------------|-----------------|
| (1) Tamil. | (3) Canarese. | (5) Uriya. |
| (2) Telugu. | (4) Malayalam. | (6) Hindustani. |

3. In the case of inspecting officers, one of the two languages shall be either Tamil or Telugu. An officer who has taken his B.A. degree in one of the languages specified, shall not be required to pass the compulsory test in that language, though, if he is engaged in the work of inspection, he must pass the test in a second language.

4. The compulsory examination shall comprise the following tests:—

- (1) Ability to translate, in writing and *vid voce*, from the vernacular language into English, passages selected from Readers in use in the second and third Standards of primary schools, and to answer questions of moderate difficulty on idiom and grammar. The Readers shall be prescribed and notified in the *Fort St. George Gazette* not less than two years before the examination.
- (2) Ability to translate, in writing and *vid voce*, from English into the language concerned, a moderately easy passage from a standard English author in simple narrative style.
- (3) Ability to converse in the language concerned with a native unacquainted with English on a subject of ordinary difficulty.

5. Every officer must pass the compulsory test in the first language within two years of the officer's entry into the Department, and every officer engaged in work of inspection must also pass the test in the second language within four years of the officer's entry into the Department. In the case of an officer transferred from teaching to inspecting work, after he shall have passed the test in the first language, the test in the second language

must be passed within two years of the date of such transfer, provided that such officer may be allowed four years from his first entry into the Department. The latest date for passing the test as above provided shall be the date fixed for the periodical examination, immediately following the expiry of the two or four years, as the case may be.

6. If an officer passes the test in his first language in twelve months from the date of his entry into the Department, he shall be entitled to a munshi allowance of Rs. 240; and if he is engaged in work of inspection and passes in a second language within the second twelve months from the date of his entry into the Department, or within twelve months of the date of his transfer to inspection work, he shall be entitled to a further munshi allowance of Rs. 240.

7. An officer shall be granted examination leave and travelling allowance in accordance with the Civil Service Regulations for attending the compulsory test examination, provided that he shall not be granted travelling allowances more than twice for each language.

8. An officer may appear for the compulsory test in more than two languages and at any period of his service, but he shall be entitled to examination leave and travelling allowance only on the occasions on which he passes.

9. An officer may present himself for examination in two, but not in more than two, languages at the same periodical examination.

10. The examination shall be conducted by the Board of Examiners.

11. The examination shall ordinarily be held at Madras in the months of January and July, on such dates as the Board of Examiners may fix.

12. These rules apply to all officers who entered the Madras Educational Department on or after the 1st January 1880, and officers who were, under Rule 1 of the notification of the 24th March 1858, required to pass in the vernacular language of their district or division, and have not as yet so qualified, must qualify under this test to entitle them to promotion on increased pay. An officer not serving under special covenant who fails to pass the prescribed test within the time fixed in Rule 5, shall be removed from the Department, unless the period be extended by special order of Government. An officer serving under special covenant shall be dealt with under the conditions of his covenant.

12A. The compulsory test will be open to persons not in the service of Government on payment of a fee of Rs. 15. (G.O., No. 609, Educational, dated 30th October 1895.)

Optional Examinations.

13. In addition to the compulsory tests above prescribed, officers of the classes specified in Rule 1 shall be allowed to present themselves for the following optional examinations for reward, subject to the conditions hereinafter mentioned.

14. These examinations, and the rewards to be given to successful candidates, shall be as follow:—

I.—The High Proficiency examination in the following languages:—

- | | | |
|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. Tamil, | 4. Malayalam, | 7. Sanskrit, |
| 2. Telugu, | 5. Uriya, | 8. Persian, |
| 3. Canarese, | 6. Hindustani, | 9. Arabic, |

the reward for passing in which shall be, in each case, Rs. 1,000 for officers belonging to Class I, and Rs. 600 for officers belonging to Class II (as specified in Rule 1 above).

II.—The Honors examination in the following languages:—

- | | | |
|------------|--------------|------------|
| 1. Tamil, | 3. Canarese, | 5. Arabic, |
| 2. Telugu, | 4. Sanskrit, | |

the reward for passing in which shall be Rs. 1,500 for a vernacular language, and Rs. 2,000 for Sanskrit and Arabic.

15. Every officer in Class I or II, as specified in Rule 1 above, shall be eligible for the High Proficiency examination, but only officers of the Indian Educational Service shall be eligible for the Honors examination. No officer shall appear for the Honors examination in any language unless he shall have previously passed the High Proficiency examination in that language.

16. An officer shall not appear for the High Proficiency or the Honors examination until he shall have passed the compulsory test in vernaculars prescribed by the foregoing rules. If a graduate of an Indian University, he shall not be allowed to appear for the High Proficiency or the Honors examination in the language which he has taken up as his second language at his degree examination.

17. No officer shall ordinarily be permitted to appear for the High Proficiency or the Honors examination more than twice. But if a special recommendation be made by the Examiners an officer may be permitted to appear a third time.

18. An officer, who has been wholly educated in Europe, shall not be permitted to present himself for the High Proficiency or the Honors examination, after the expiration of ten and fifteen years, respectively, from the date of his first arrival in India. An officer,

who has been educated in India, shall not be permitted to present himself for the said examinations after the expiration of the same periods, respectively, from the date of his first appointment to the public service: Provided that officers of either description may be permitted to present themselves either for the High Proficiency or Honors examination after the expiration of the periods above specified, but they shall be entitled to no rewards if they pass.

19. The examinations will ordinarily be held half-yearly at Madras, in January and July, or at such time as the Board of Examiners, by whom the examinations shall be conducted, shall direct.

20. No officer shall receive a reward for passing an examination in more than two languages, one of which must be a vernacular language.

21. No officer educated in India shall receive a reward for passing in a language which was his second language in the highest general education test which he has passed.

22. Officers appearing for these examinations shall be entitled to travelling allowance to and from the place of examination only on the occasion on which they are declared to have passed.

23. The tests for the High Proficiency and Honors examinations are those prescribed for members of the Indian Civil Service. (*Vide* pages 296 to 299.)

24. The Honors examination will be of a searching nature, and the exercises, both oral and written, must be performed with such excellence as distinctly to establish a claim to eminent proficiency.

25. A fee of Rs. 20 shall be paid by each candidate for the High Proficiency and Honors examination.

For Military Candidates.

* Lower Standard in Urdu.

(I) A *viva voce* translation from the Second Darvesh and the story of Azad Bakht (*Bagh-o-Bahar*) into English.

(II) A written translation of a simple piece of English into Urdu.

(III) Reading a simply written manuscript.

(IV) Conversation of a simple character, with special attention to the candidate's power to give clear and intelligible directions on matters connected with his duties, and to elicit information for purposes of reconnaissance, &c.

Lower Standard in Persian.

Those only who have passed the Higher Standard in Urdu will be eligible as candidates for the Lower Standard in Persian.

The test for the examination will be as follows:—

(a) Reading and construing from the Gulistan of Shaikh Sadi of Shiras, Books I to IV, as contained in the Iqd-i-Gul (omitting all Arabic phrases and all poetry, whether in Persian or Arabic).

(b) Conversing with the Examiners or natives with fluency and with such correctness of pronunciation, grammar and idiom, as to be at once intelligible.

(c) Manuscript reading and translating as laid down for the Higher Standard in Urdu, but the documents should be specially selected for simplicity of language.

The reward for passing the examination will be Rs. 180.

* Higher Standard in Urdu.

The following is the test:—

(a) Written translation of half a page of the *Bagh-o-Bahar* (the whole) into English.

(b) Written translation of English into Urdu.

(c) Reading and translating an Urdu manuscript.

(d) Conversation with an educated native, special attention being paid to pronunciation.

* Examinations at Madras are held on the first Monday in each month (not being the first day of the year). Examinations in the Mofussil are held on the first or second Monday in January (not being New Year's Day), April, July and October.

Higher Standard in Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam and Uriya.

Officers may present themselves for these examinations without passing either the Higher or Lower Standard examination in Urdu.

Any candidate passing an examination under the preceding para. will be entitled to receive a donation of Rs. 500.

The examinations in Tamil, Telugu, Canarese and Malayalam will be held half-yearly, on the first Monday of January and July, in such place at Madras as the President of the Board of Examiners may appoint, and at out-stations where the assembly of a Committee is practicable. Applications for such examinations are to be made to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners through the General Officers Commanding Districts, by such date as may be fixed by the Board in the Circular issued on each occasion.

The following are the text-books. They must be construed with readiness and accuracy:—

Telugu	...	Telugu Selections, excluding Yemana Verses.
Tamil	...	Kathamajeri.
Canarese	...	{ Adachi Soobha Rao's Canarese Selections. Kathamajeri.
Malayalam	...	{ Pathamala, Part I, pp. 1—72 inclusive. Panchatantram, Book I.
Uriya	...	{ Hitopadesha. Batri Singhāsān.

The following are the tests:—

I.—Construing with readiness and accuracy from the prescribed text-books.

II.—Translating accurately and with correctness of idiom and grammar not less than half an ordinary octavo page of plain English into the language of examination.

III.—Reading fairly and translating readily and correctly manuscripts in the language of examination.

These MSS. may be selected from the proceedings of a case in Court, from reports and petitions addressed to civil or military authorities, from letters passing between natives of India in the ordinary course of business, or from private correspondence. They should not be written with the clearness of a printed book, nor yet in a very cramped or crabbed hand, but in such a manner as fairly and honestly to represent the written characters generally employed.

IV.—*Viva voce* translation into the language of a paper of English sentences, and conversing with the Examiners, or, in their presence, with persons selected by them, with fluency and such correctness of pronunciation, grammar and idiom, as to be at once intelligible.

Warrant officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers on passing the prescribed examination in these languages are eligible to receive the rewards sanctioned for Commissioned officers.

Higher Standard in Persian.

The following are the text-books to be used in the examinations. They must be construed with readiness and accuracy:—

Persian	...	{ (1) Iqd-i-Gul.—Books I to IV of the Gulistan of Shaikh Sadi of Shiras, and such portion of the Anwar-i-Suhaili (omitting Arabic poetry) as is contained therewith in the Iqd-i-Gul, published by the Board of Examiners, Calcutta. (2) Iqd-i-Manzum.—A selection from the Bostan of Shaikh Sadi of Shiras, published by the Board of Examiners, Calcutta.
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The following are the subjects of examination for the Higher Standard:—

(a) Construing *viva voce* with readiness and accuracy, from the prescribed text-books.

(b) Translating accurately and with correctness of idiom and grammar, not less than half an ordinary octavo page of plain English into the language in which the examination is held.

(c) Reading fairly and translating readily and correctly manuscripts in the above languages. These manuscripts may be selected from the proceedings of a case in Court, from reports and petitions addressed to civil and military authorities, from letters passing between natives of India in the ordinary course of business, or from private correspondence. They should not be written with the clearness of a printed book, nor yet in a very cramped or crabbed hand, but in such a manner as fairly and honestly to represent the written characters generally employed.

- (d) *Viva voce* translation into the language of a paper of English sentences, and conversing with the Examiners and in their presence with persons selected by them, with fluency, and with such correctness of pronunciation, grammar and idiom, as to be at once intelligible.

Any candidate passing an examination in Persian and Uriya will be entitled to receive a donation of Rs. 500 for each language.

High Proficiency in Tamil, Telugu and Canarese.

Every candidate offering himself for examination in any of the undermentioned languages will, after passing the examination in such language, according to the higher standard, as above, be permitted to offer himself for further examination in the same language, for the purpose of obtaining a certificate of high proficiency.

Tamil. | Telugu. | Canarese.

The following is the high proficiency test for Tamil, Telugu and Canarese :—

- I.—Reading aloud, fluently, and construing with readiness and accuracy, not less than an octavo page of the text-books :—

Tamil.—The first three books of the Panchatantram and the whole of *Verada Parvam* (prose).

Telugu.—Panchatantram and *Vemana* verses contained in Telugu selections.

Canarese.—Panchatantram and the first three *Sandhis of Udiyogaparva* of the Canarese *Mahabharata*.

- II. Translating in writing into English, with accuracy, a passage from some tolerably difficult work, not being a text-book.

- III.—Translating in writing, with accuracy of grammar and idiom, into the language of examination, an English paper of somewhat difficult style, relating exclusively to Indian subjects either historical, police or revenue, with the addition of extracts from proclamations, treaties or portions of the Penal Code.

- IV.—Translating in like manner a paper of English sentences.

- V.—Reading aloud fluently and translating correctly and readily two or three manuscripts in the language of the examination. These manuscripts to be selected as in the Higher Standard examinations.

- VI.—Conversing with the Examiners or with natives of India, in the presence of the Examiners, on such subjects selected by them as are calculated to test the candidate's colloquial facility both as regards scholarlike expression and knowledge of terms and phrases commonly used by the poorer and uneducated classes. The oral translation of the proceedings of a General Court-martial should form a portion of this test.

Every candidate who shall pass an examination for a certificate of High Proficiency as above, will be entitled to receive a donation of Rs. 1,500.

Warrant and non-commissioned officers and soldiers are eligible to receive the reward sanctioned for Commissioned officers.

High Proficiency in Uriya, Persian and Urdu.

The following are the subjects for the High Proficiency examination :—

- (a) *Viva voce* translation from the prescribed text-books with questions arising out of the passages given :—

Uriya ... { *Hitopadesha*.
 Batris Singhāsana.
 Rāmdyana Sundara Kaudā.

Persian ... { *Gullistan*.
 Bostan.
 Mirza Hairat's translation of Malcolm's History of Persia, Vol. II.

Urdu ... { *Ikhwan-ūs-Safa*.
 Nasr-i-be-Nazir.
 Araish-i-Mahfil.
 Musawiyat of Sauda.

- (b) A written translation of a previously unseen passage in the language (to be selected from the current literature of the day in all languages) into English.
(c) A written translation of an English passage into the language.
(d) A written translation of idiomatic sentences in English into the language.
(e) Conversation in the language.
(f) Reading and translating at sight manuscript in the language.
(g) Dictation in the language of a translation made at sight from a paper in English placed before the candidate.
(h) A paper of grammatical questions.

Officers, on passing the high proficiency examination in any of the above-mentioned languages, are entitled to receive the donation prescribed. A candidate, for passing the High Proficiency examination, must obtain a minimum of 60 per cent. of the total number of marks and a minimum of 35 per cent. of the marks in each subject.

The rewards for the Higher Standard (other than Hindustani) and for High Proficiency are only passed to an officer whose actual residence in India (including Burma and the Straits, and exclusive of periods passed on leave beyond Indian limits) does not exceed 10 years. The limit of residence in India laid down by this rule may be extended at the discretion of the Local Government in special cases, where an officer may show proficiency in the acquisition of the language of any district which he has not had the facility of studying until he has been close upon the prescribed time in India.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATION RULES.

PRIMARY EXAMINATION.

NOTIFICATION.

Ootacamund, July 22, 1899.

No. 50.—The following revised notification relating to the Primary Examination is published for general information :—

- 1.—An examination, to be styled the Primary Examination, shall be held annually in the several subjects hereinafter mentioned. The examination shall ordinarily be held in the months of November and December at such places as may be notified from time to time.

Candidates from sessional schools may be examined at any time in the year as soon as practicable after the close of the session.

2. The examination is intended to promote and encourage primary education and also to test the fitness of candidates for the lower grades of the Public Service, and of teachers for admission to Primary Training Schools. It shall also ordinarily serve as the examination for results grants in the Fourth Standard of schools registered for aid on the results grant system.

3. The examination shall be under the control of the Commissioner for Government Examinations, and shall be conducted by Boards of Examiners appointed by the Commissioner.

Each Board of Examiners shall ordinarily consist of a Chairman, and not less than six members, of whom three, namely, the Assistant Inspector of Schools, when not Chairman, and the Sub-Assistant Inspectors of Boys' and Girls' Schools within their ranges, shall hold office *ex-officio*.

Each Board shall ordinarily hold office for three years; but the Commissioner may, at his discretion, remove any member and appoint another in his stead, and may appoint temporary additional members to conduct the examination in industrial subjects.

Not fewer than two members of a Board shall be present during an examination.

To whom open.

- (i) Pupil candidates—

Pupils who, during the six months (in the case of night schools, four months) preceding the examination, have been studying continuously in the Fourth Standard or class of a school for general education which has been registered for aid on the results grant system, and pupils of Government Schools in Agency tracts.

A pupil candidate reported by the Head of his school to have left without permission or to have been dismissed shall be debarred from appearing.

- (ii) Private candidates—

- (1) Persons who are certified by an Inspecting officer to be actually engaged in teaching as a profession, or who have attended a training or a sessional school.

- (2) Pupils of the Fourth Standard in recognized primary schools other than those registered for aid on the results grant system and pupils of any form in recognized secondary schools.
- (3) Persons certified by an Inspecting officer or by the head of a recognized school not to have been pupils of any recognized or unrecognized school from the beginning of the official year in which the examination takes place.
- (4) Persons, whether pupils of industrial schools or not, bringing up industrial subjects.

Provided that no person shall be eligible to appear unless he is certified either to have had small-pox or to have been vaccinated.

5. Applications for admission to the examination shall be made on printed forms to be had from the Chairman of the Board. These applications shall be forwarded to the Chairman so as to reach him not later than the date notified by him. The Chairman shall forward to the Commissioner the names and such other particulars as are necessary of candidates who are to be examined in industrial subjects.

6. The following are the fees to be paid for admission to the examination:—

Class of Candidates.	For the compulsory and two optional subjects.		For each additional optional subject brought up by a candidate who has already passed the examination.	
	RS.	A.	P.	RE.
Pupil candidates	...	...	...	1
Private „	2	8	0	1

Subjects of examination.

7. The subjects of examination shall be as follows:—
Compulsory Subjects.

- (1) Reading, Recitation and Grammar. } First Language.
(2) Writing and Spelling.
(3) Arithmetic.

Optional Subjects.

- (1) Elementary Science.
(2) Second Language.
(3) Drawing.
(4) Needlework (for girls only).
(5) Geography.
(6) Singing.
(7) Hygiene and Elementary Sanitary Science.
- (8) History of India.
(9) Agriculture (for boys only).
(10) Mensuration.
(11) Any one or two of the industrial subjects laid down in Chapter V (iii) of the Madras Educational Rules (for private candidates only).

8. The examination, which shall be mainly viva voce and practical, shall be conducted in the first language of each candidate. In the compulsory subjects and in optional subjects (1) to (10) inclusive, the scope and standard of examination shall correspond with the Fourth Standard examination as prescribed in Chapter V (i) of the Madras Educational Rules. In industrial subjects (11), the scope and standard of examination shall correspond with Standard B as prescribed in Chapter V (iii) of the Educational Rules.

9. Every candidate shall bring up the compulsory and two optional subjects at the same examination; but no candidate shall be examined in an optional subject unless he has passed in the compulsory subjects at the same examination: Provided that a candidate bringing up an industry or industries may be examined in the industry or industries at one examination and in the other subjects at a previous or a subsequent examination.

NOTE.—Candidates who have passed the late Special, or Upper, Primary Examination or any higher test than the Primary Examination and who wish to qualify for the office of Kannam may, on payment of the prescribed fee, be admitted to the examination in the optional subject, Mensuration.

10. No candidate shall be considered to have passed the Primary Examination unless he has obtained one-third of the maximum marks in each of the compulsory subjects and in each of the two optional subjects.

Arrangement of passed candidates. 11. Passed candidates shall be arranged in two classes. The first shall consist of those who have obtained not less than three-fifths of the maximum marks in each subject, and the second of all others.

12. A candidate failing in any subject shall be considered to have failed completely in the examination: Provided that, in the case of a candidate bringing up an industry or industries, if, on the one hand, he fails in the industry or industries alone, his success in the other subjects shall be allowed to stand; if, on the other hand, he fails in any of the other subjects but passes in the industry or industries, his success in the industry or industries shall be allowed to stand.

Failed candidates. 13. Passed candidates may come up at any subsequent examination in one or more additional optional subjects. When an additional language is brought up, the test shall be the same as for the first language.

14. The special examiners appointed to conduct the examination in industries shall communicate the results of the examination to the Commissioner for incorporation in the general lists. On the completion of the examination, the Chairman of each Board shall forward to the Commissioner a list, giving the names and such other particulars as may be prescribed, of the successful candidates. The Commissioner shall return the list countersigned to the Chairman for publication in the District Gazette.

15. The Chairman shall furnish the Commissioner with a brief report on the examination, showing the number of candidates, the schools from which pupil candidates appeared, the numbers passed and failed, and such other information as may be required.

16. A certificate signed by the Chairman shall be given to each successful private candidate specifying his first language, the optional subjects in which he passed and the class in which he was placed. This certificate shall also be given to a successful pupil candidate if

he applies for it within one year from the date of the publication of the results of the examination, forwarding with his application a receipt showing that he has paid into a Government treasury the certificate fee of two rupees and eight annas.

17. The Commissioner may arrange to hold the examination in Native States if the Governments concerned desire it; provided that they undertake to bear all expenses, and that the schools sending up pupil candidates are certified by the Government of the States in which they are situated to be organized and conducted in

substantial accordance with the Madras Educational Rules.

[The notification will come into operation from this date.]

G. J. WEIR,
Ag. Secretary to Government.

LOWER SECONDARY EXAMINATION.

Fort St. George, November 11th, 1895.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 60.—The following notification is published for general information in supersession of the notification, dated 22nd May 1893, and 17th January 1894, published at pages 533 and 112, Part I, of the Fort St. George Gazette of the 30th May 1893 and 30th January 1894:—

NOTIFICATION.

1. An examination, to be styled the Lower Secondary Examination, shall be held annually in the several subjects hereinafter mentioned, beginning on the eighth day of December, or, should that date fall on a Sunday, on the following day. It shall be held at such places as may from time to time be notified.

2. The examination is primarily intended to be a leaving certificate examination for Lower Secondary education; but it shall serve also to test the eligibility of pupils of the Seventh Standard or Third Form for results grants, and the general education qualifications of candidates for Lower Secondary Teachers' certificates.

By whom to be conducted. 3. The examination shall be under the control of the Commissioner for Government Examinations, and shall be conducted according to such instructions as he may issue to examiners appointed by him for the purpose.

To whom open. 4. The examination shall be open to—

(i) Pupil Candidates—

(1) In the compulsory subjects and in the optional subjects 1 to 6 (see article 7) to all pupils of the Third Form of recognized schools for general education.

- (2) In the technical subjects, to all pupils of the highest elementary technical class of schools recognized as affording instruction up to the Elementary Technical Examination standard in the subjects brought up.

Unless specially exempted by the Commissioner from so doing, each candidate shall forward with his application a certificate signed by the Headmaster of the school he is attending at the date of application, to the effect that he has completed the course of instruction prescribed for Lower Secondary or for technical schools, as the case may be, and that he has attended a recognized school from the commencement of the school year in which he applies. A candidate reported by the Head of the institution to which he belongs to have left school without permission or to have been dismissed, shall be debarred from appearing.

(ii) *Private Candidates*—

Pupils of the Fourth or any higher Form in a recognized school for general education, and all persons who are certified by an Inspecting officer, or by the head of a recognized college or secondary school not to have been pupils of any school, recognized or unrecognized, from the beginning of the official year in which the examination takes place :

Provided that no person shall be admitted unless he is certified either to have had small-pox or to have been vaccinated.

Form, time and mode of application.

5. Applications for admission to the examination shall be made on printed forms to be had at the office of the Commissioner and at all Government treasuries. These applications should reach the office of the Commissioner not later than the 15th August.

Fees.

6. The following fees shall be paid for admission to the examination :—

	rs.
For all the compulsory subjects ...	3
For each optional subject ...	1

Subjects of examination. 7. The subjects of examination shall be as follows :—

I. *Compulsory Subjects.*

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| 1. First Language. | 3. Geography. |
| 2. Arithmetic. | 4. History of India. |

II. *Optional Subjects.*

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Elementary Science. | 5. Domestic Economy (for girls only). |
| 2. Second Language. | 6. Geometry and Algebra. |
| 3. Needlework (for girls only). | 7. Any of the subjects of the Elementary Technical Examinations. |
| 4. History of Great Britain and Ireland. | |

8. The examination in the compulsory subjects and in optional subjects 1 to 6 shall, as far as possible, be in accordance with the courses of instruction and standards of examination laid down in Chapter V of the Madras Educational Rules. The examination in the subjects embraced in the Elementary Technical Examinations shall be in accordance with the provisions of the notification regulating the Government Technical Examinations.

9. Candidates may bring up as their first language any of the languages mentioned in this notification except Sanskrit, Persian, Arabic, Latin, French and German, and as their second language any of the languages without exception : Provided that no candidate bringing up a vernacular as first language shall be allowed to bring up another vernacular as a second language in the same year, though he may subsequently bring it up as an additional language under article 18. The answers to all the question papers, except those on the second language, shall be in the language selected as first language. The answers to the second language papers shall be in the second language, except in the case of Sanskrit, Persian, Arabic and Latin.

Scope of examination. 10. The scope of the examination in each subject shall be as hereinafter specified :—

FIRST LANGUAGE.

(English, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam, Uriya, Marathi and Hindustani.)

[a] Grammar and Language :—

Grammar.—Exercises on orthography, etymology and syntax; on the formation of nouns, verbs, adjectives and adverbs; and on the analysis of simple, compound and complex sentences.

Language.—The meaning of words, phrases and idioms, with illustrations of their uses; meaning of sentences; framing of simple sentences to introduce correctly common words, phrases, or idioms with which pupils of the Seventh Standard or Third Form may be expected to be familiar; easy exercises on the expansion, contraction and trans-formation of sentences; explanation of metaphors and similes.

[b] Handwriting and Dictation :—

Handwriting.—To transcribe in a clear hand from a given printed or lithographed paper.

Dictation.—To write to dictation a prose passage from a newspaper, or magazine, or book not more difficult than any of the approved Standard Readers.

[c] Composition.

To write a letter on a given subject, or a narrative of some well-known event, or a description of some familiar place.

ARITHMETIC.

[a] The compound rules bearing on Indian and English money, on Indian Imperial weights and measures of length and capacity, on English time, on English linear, square and cubic measures, and on avoirdupois weight.

[b] Simple and compound proportion.

[c] Simple and compound practice.

[d] Simple interest.

[e] Vulgar and decimal fractions.

[f] Simple problems.

GEOGRAPHY.

[a] Circumstances which determine climate and the seasons.

[b] Outlines of general geography as in any approved book. The geography of India as in any approved book.

[c] To insert the chief physical features of any continent (including Australia) or of any great country in Europe or Asia on an outline map. To draw the outline of any continent, or of any great country in Europe or Asia.

HISTORY OF INDIA.

The outlines of the History of India to the present time, with such a knowledge of geography as may be necessary for the intelligent study of the subject.

ELEMENTARY SCIENCE.

The simpler kinds of physical and mechanical appliances, such as the thermometer, the barometer, the lever, the pulley, the wheel and axle, the spirit-level; also the air-pump, the common pump, Bramah's press, the fire-engine, and the syphon.

SECOND LANGUAGE.

Section (i).—English, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam, Uriya, Marathi and Hindustani.

Section (ii).—Sanskrit,* Arabic, Latin, Persian, French and German.†

[a] Grammar and Language :—

For Section (i).—As prescribed for the first language.

For Section (ii).—As follows :—

Exercises on etymology and syntax as treated in any approved elementary grammar; the formation of nouns, adjectives and adverbs; and the analysis of easy sentences.

[For Latin].—Declension of regular nouns, adjectives, and pronouns; regular and irregular comparison of adjectives; conjugation of regular verbs in the active and passive voices, and of deponent and anomalous verbs; principal parts of irregular verbs; easy numerals; concords and government by prepositions; and the common rules of syntax as contained in any approved grammar.]

[b] Handwriting and Dictation :—

Handwriting.—As prescribed for the first language.

Dictation.—As prescribed for the first language.

[c] Composition (for Section (i) only).—As prescribed for the first language.

[d] Translation :—

(1) To translate from the second into the first language a passage of equal difficulty to the portions studied in any approved Standard Reader.

(2) To translate from the first into the second language ten lines of narrative from any approved Standard Reader.

NEEDLEWORK.

(For Girls in Native Schools.)

(a) To cut out from a pattern or by measurement, and to show ability to make a native man's underjacket, showing superior work in backstitching and hemming, setting on of neck-band and pocket, and button-hole.

(b) To patch on old cloth very neatly.

(c) To darn on old cloth very neatly.

(d) To make finely and neatly a finished article, such as a bag, sock, or scarf.

(e) To mark letters finely on fine cloth.

* In the Devanagari character.

† In the Gothic character.

(For Girls in European Schools.)

- (a) To cut out from a pattern and show ability to make a night-dress of full size and showing superior work in running and felling, backstitching, gathering, setting on of band, and button-hole, with a yoke and tuck fronts.
 (b) To patch on old cloth very neatly.
 (c) To darn on old cloth or stocking very neatly.
 (d) To make finely and neatly a finished article, such as a bag, sock, or scarf.
 (e) To mark letters finely on fine cloth.

HISTORY OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

The outlines of the History of Great Britain and Ireland to the present time, with such a knowledge of geography as may be necessary for the intelligent study of the subject.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

(For Girls.)

As in any approved book.

GEOMETRY AND ALGEBRA.

- (1) *Geometry*.—Euclid, Book I, with very easy deductions.
 (2) *Algebra*.—The four simple rules.

11. The examination shall be conducted in the order of time and subjects shown in the following table, subject to any changes it may be found necessary to make in the arrangement for the last three days, and the number of marks assignable to each subject or subdivision of a subject, shall be as therein specified:—

Days.	Hours.	Subjects.	Marks.
First day	10 A.M. to 12 noon	Grammar and Language (English)	90
	12-5 to 12-35 P.M.	Dictation (do.)	15
	12-40 to 1-10 P.M.	Handwriting (do.)	15
	2 to 3 P.M.	Composition (do.)	30
	3-5 to 5-5 P.M.	Geography	100
Second day	10 A.M. to 12 noon	Grammar and Language (Vernaculars)	90
	12-5 to 12-35 P.M.	Dictation (do.)	15
	12-40 to 1-10 P.M.	Handwriting (do.)	15
	2 to 3 P.M.	Composition (do.)	30
	3-5 to 5-5 P.M.	History of India	100
Third day	10 to 11 A.M.	Translation Second Language, Sec. (i).	50
	11-5 A.M. to 1-5 P.M.	Arithmetic	100
	2 to 4 P.M.	Geometry and Algebra	100
	10 A.M. to 12 noon	History of Great Britain and Ireland	100
Fourth day	12-5 to 2-5 P.M.	Elementary Science	100
	3 to 5 P.M.	Domestic Economy	100
	10 A.M. to 12 noon	Grammar and Language (Sanskrit, Persian, Arabic, Latin, French, German).	90
Fifth day	12-5 to 12-35 P.M.	Dictation (do.)	15
	12-40 to 1-10 P.M.	Handwriting (do.)	15
	2 to 3 P.M.	Translation (do.)	30

NOTE.—Superintendents will arrange for the examination in Needlework according to the optional subjects that may be brought up by female candidates, allowing six hours for it. One hundred marks shall be allotted to Needlework.

12. Candidates may come up for the compulsory subjects alone and enter for the optional subjects at subsequent examinations; but no candidate shall be admitted to the examination in any of the optional subjects (1 to 6) alone until he has passed in the compulsory subjects and no candidate shall be considered to have passed the Lower Secondary Examination until he shall have passed in all the compulsory subjects and in any two of the optional subjects.

13. No candidate shall be allowed to pass in the compulsory subjects who fails to obtain—

- 35 per cent. of the marks in First Language,
 30 do. do. in Arithmetic,
 25 do. do. in Geography,
 25 do. do. in the History of India, and
 33 do. of the total aggregate marks for all the compulsory subjects.

A candidate failing in any one of the compulsory subjects shall be considered to have failed completely in the compulsory part of the examination.

14. No candidate shall be allowed to pass in any of the optional subjects (Nos. 1 to 6) who fails to obtain 33 per cent. of the maximum marks for the subject; nor in any of the subjects of the Elementary Technical Examinations who fails to obtain the marks laid down in the syllabus.

15. A candidate who passes in the compulsory subjects, but fails in one or two optional subjects, shall not be required to undergo examination again in the compulsory subjects, but, to complete the test, shall be permitted to appear subsequently in one or in two optional subjects only, as the case may be.

16. A candidate bringing up both the compulsory and any of the optional subjects, 1 to 6 inclusive, at the same examination, who fails in the former, but passes in any of the latter, shall not be allowed to count his success in the optional subjects in which he passes. But candidates who have been admitted to the Elementary Technical Examinations under sections (ii), (iii), or (iv) of Article 6 of the notification regulating the Technical Examinations and who have passed in any of the subjects of those examinations, shall, if they subsequently appear for the Lower Secondary Examination, be allowed to count their success in those subjects for a Lower Secondary certificate.

17. Candidates who have passed the Lower Secondary Examination shall be ranked in two classes: the first consisting of those who have obtained not less than 60 per cent., and the second consisting of those who have obtained not less than 33 per cent. of the aggregate number of marks for the compulsory and two optional subjects.

Only those candidates who pass in the first class shall be arranged in the order of merit.

18. Candidates who have passed the Lower Secondary Examination may come up again in any additional language and in any one or more of the optional subjects in which they may not have already passed. When an additional language is brought up the test shall be the same as for a first language, except that reciprocal translation shall take the place of composition.

19. Subject to the restrictions imposed by the time-table, a candidate may bring up along with the compulsory subjects as many optional subjects as he chooses; but for the purpose of determining the class in which he is to be ranked, only the marks obtained by him in two subjects shall be allowed to count towards the aggregate, provided that he has passed in those two subjects.

20. The results of the examination shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* in four separate lists, giving in each the names and such other particulars as may be prescribed, of those who have passed—

- (1) in the compulsory and in two or more optional subjects;
- (2) in the compulsory subjects and in one optional subject;
- (3) in the compulsory subjects only;
- (4) in optional subjects only.

21. Certificates shall be issued by the Commissioner to candidates who have passed in full the Lower Secondary Examination, specifying the candidate's first language, the optional subjects in which he passed and the class in which he was placed.

22. The Commissioner may arrange to hold the examination in Native States, if the Governments concerned desire it; provided that they undertake to bear all local expenses and arrange for the proper supervision of the examination, and provided also that the schools sending up candidates are certified by the Government of the States in which they are situated to be organized and conducted in substantial accordance with the Madras Educational Rules. A list of the places at which it is desired the examination shall be held shall be furnished to the Commissioner not less than six months before the date fixed for the examination.

J. F. PRICE, Chief Secretary.

UPPER SECONDARY EXAMINATION.

NOTIFICATION.

Ootacamund, July 4, 1896.

1. An examination, to be styled the Upper Secondary Examination, shall be held annually in the several subjects hereinafter mentioned, beginning, as far as the compulsory subjects are concerned, on the eighth day of December, or, should that date fall on a Sunday, on the following day. It shall be held at such places as may from time to time be notified.

2. The examination is instituted for the purpose of encouraging secondary and technical education, of improving its character, and of widening its scope.

By whom to be conducted. 3. The examination shall be under the control of the Commissioner for Government Examinations, who shall arrange for its conduct in accordance with the provisions of this notification.

To whom open.

(i) *Pupil Candidates*—

- (1) In the compulsory subjects to all pupils of the Sixth Form of recognized schools.
- (2) In the optional subjects to all pupils of the highest Intermediate Technical class of schools recognized as affording instruction up to the Advanced or Intermediate Technical Examinations Standard in the subjects brought up.

Unless specially exempted by the Commissioner from so doing, each candidate shall forward with his application a certificate signed by the Headmaster of the school he is attending at the date of application, to the effect that he has completed the course of instruction prescribed for Upper Secondary or for technical schools, as the case may be, and that he has attended a recognized school from the commencement of the school year in which the examination takes place. A candidate reported by the Head of the institution to which he belongs to have left school without permission or to have been dismissed shall be debarred from appearing.

(ii) *Private Candidates*—

All persons who are certified by the Head of a public office, or of a recognized college or secondary school, or by an Inspector or an Assistant Inspector of Schools, not to have been pupils of any school, recognized or unrecognized, from the beginning of the school year in which the examination takes place, to have completed their twentieth year, and to be duly qualified by their knowledge and attainments to appear for the examination. These certificates shall be submitted to the Commissioner in the month of July preceding the examination at which the candidates wish to appear:

Provided that no person shall be admitted unless he is certified to have had small-pox or to have been vaccinated.

The examination shall also be open to under-graduates, who in order to qualify for the public service, desire to be examined in Handwriting and Dictation only under the first language, (English), and to candidates, who in order to qualify for the post of Sub-Assistant Inspector or Sub-Assistant Inspectress of Schools, desire to be examined in a second language.

5. Applications for admission to the examination shall be made on printed forms to be had at the office of the Commissioner and at all Government treasuries. Applications for admission to the compulsory portion of the examination shall reach the office of the Commissioner not later than the 31st August; those for the optional subjects not later than the dates prescribed for the Technical Examinations.

Fees.

(i) For the compulsory subjects Rs. 8.

Under-graduates bringing up Handwriting and Dictation only under the first language (English) shall pay Rs. 3, and candidates appearing for a second language only to qualify for the post of Sub-Assistant Inspector or Sub-Assistant Inspectress of Schools shall pay Rs. 6.

(ii) For each optional subject,—the fee prescribed under the Technical Examination Notification.

Subjects of examination. 7. The subjects of the examination shall be as follows:—

COMPULSORY SUBJECTS.

(1) First Language (English, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam, Uriya, Hindustani or Marathi).

NOTE.—Native candidates ignorant of English may bring up as their first language any of the vernacular languages mentioned in this notification.

(2) Second Language—(i) Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam, Uriya, Hindustani and Marathi; (ii) Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, Latin, French and German.

NOTE.—European candidates unable to undergo the examination in a second language, must, to complete the test, pass in three optional subjects instead of in two only as required in Article 16.

(3) Mathematics (Arithmetic, Algebra and Geometry).

NOTE.—Female candidates unable to undergo the examination in Algebra and Geometry may bring up Arithmetic alone under this head, but to complete the test they must pass in three optional subjects instead of in two only as required in Article 16.

(4) History and Geography.

OPTIONAL SUBJECTS.

Any of the subjects of the Intermediate Technical Examinations.

8. The examination in the compulsory subjects shall be conducted by a Board of Examiners, consisting of a Chairman and not less than two

Mode of conducting examination. members appointed by the Commissioner for three years, but removable at his discretion without reason assigned. The examination in the optional subjects shall be in accordance with the provisions of the notification regulating the Government Technical Examinations.

The answers to all the question papers, except those on the second language, shall be in the first language. The answers to the second language papers shall be in the second language, except in the case of Sanskrit, Arabic and Latin.

9. Candidates for examination in the compulsory subjects, except those bringing up a second language only under Article 4, shall be required to bring up all the compulsory subjects at one and the same examination. Candidates for examination in optional subjects may bring up these subjects one by one and at any time, subject to the provisions of the Technical Examination notification. Under-graduates bringing up Handwriting and Dictation only shall be examined in both these subjects at one and the same examination.

10. The scope of the examination in each of the compulsory subjects shall be as hereinafter specified:—

FIRST LANGUAGE.

ENGLISH, TAMIL, TELUGU, CANARESE, MALAYALAM, URIYA, HINDUSTANI AND MAHRATTI.

(a) *Grammar and Language*.—To answer questions on the grammar, structure and idiom of the language as treated in any text-books approved for the Sixth Form of Upper Secondary schools; to analyse sentences; to construct and recast various forms of sentences; to explain figures of speech and idiomatic and proverbial expressions.

(b) *Handwriting*.—To copy rapidly a printed or lithographed letter or other document in a perfectly legible hand and in such a way as to satisfy the requirements of a public or mercantile office.

(c) *Dictation*.—To write from dictation words and passages of some difficulty.

(d) *Translation* (for candidates whose vernacular is not English)—

To translate a passage of moderate difficulty from the second language of the candidate into the first language.

Or *Advanced Composition* (for candidates whose vernacular is English)—

(1) To write an essay on a given subject or a narrative of some recent well-known event.

(e) *Paraphrase and Composition*—

(1) To paraphrase a piece of poetry of moderate difficulty.

(2) To write a letter or an essay on a given subject.

(3) To write a short narrative.

SECOND LANGUAGE.

SECTION (i)—TAMIL, TELUGU, CANARESE, MALAYALAM, URIYA, HINDUSTANI AND MARATHI.

(a) *Grammar and Language*.—To answer questions on the grammar, structure and idiom of the language as treated in any text-book approved for the Sixth Form of Upper Secondary schools; to translate short idiomatic sentences from and into the first language; and to paraphrase a passage or passages taken from the text-books.

(b) *Handwriting**.—To copy from a printed or lithographed paper, in a perfectly legible running hand, such as is required in a public or mercantile office.

(c) *Dictation**.—To write from dictation in a running hand a passage of about the same difficulty as the text-books in use.

(d) *Translation and Composition*—

(1) To translate a passage or passages of moderate difficulty from the second language into the first language.

(2) To translate a passage or passages of moderate difficulty from the first language into the second language.

(3) To write a letter on a given subject or a description of a place, or a narrative of some recent event, or an account of some product, natural or artificial.

SECTION (ii)—SANSKRIT, ARABIC, PERSIAN, LATIN, FRENCH AND GERMAN.

(a) *Grammar and Language*.—To answer questions on the grammar, structure and idiom of the language as treated in any text-book approved for the Sixth Form of Upper Secondary schools. The examination on the text-books shall have special reference to *constructing and explanation*, and shall be such as to test the candidate's knowledge of the language generally, its idiom and its structure.

(b) *Handwriting*†.—To copy from a printed or lithographed paper in a perfectly legible hand.

(c) *Dictation*†.—To write from dictation a passage of about the same difficulty as the text books in use.

(d) *Translation*—

(1) To translate from the second language into the first language a piece of easy prose not previously studied.

(2) To translate from the first language into the second an easy prose passage and short sentences.

* In Hindustani.—In the *Shikista* hand.
In Marathi.—In the *Modi* character.

† Sanskrit.—In the Devanagiri character.
Persian.—In the Nastaliq character.
German.—In the Gothic character.

NOTE (1).—The Revenue Test, Higher Grade, shall be open only to (i) Graduates, (ii) Students of the College of Agriculture who have passed the examinations prescribed for admission to the College and have obtained the Diploma in Agriculture at the Government Technical Examinations, and (iii) candidates who have passed the First Examination in Arts and have obtained the Diploma in Commerce at the Government Technical Examinations.

(2).—The Criminal Judicial Tests, Higher and Lower Grades, shall be open only to (i) candidates who have passed the First Examination in Arts of the Madras or of the Calcutta University, (ii) students of the College of Agriculture who have passed the examination prescribed for admission to the College and have obtained the Diploma in Agriculture at the Government Technical Examinations, and (iii) candidates who have passed either the Upper Secondary or the Matriculation Examination and have obtained the Diploma in Commerce at the Government Technical Examinations.

(3).—Notwithstanding anything in notes (1) and (2)—(i) any person who holds any superior appointment in the Agency Tracts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari or in Coorg, may appear for the Criminal Test, Lower Grade, for the purpose of qualifying himself to hold any appointment in those tracts or in Coorg, provided that, in the case of persons belonging to Coorg, they have passed at least the Matriculation or the Upper Secondary Examination; (ii) the persons mentioned in clause (2) of Article 4 of the Public Service notification may appear for the Criminal Test, Lower Grade, for the purpose of qualifying for any of the appointments specified in that clause; (iii) any person who has been exempted by Government from the examination rules in view to his holding a specified appointment, for which the Revenue Test, Higher Grade, or the Criminal Tests, Higher or Lower Grade, is prescribed, may appear for such test.

(4).—Notwithstanding anything in note (2), Sub-Inspectors of the City Police and Head Constables of the City and District Police, who have passed the examinations referred to in Article 2 of the Public Service notification, are eligible to appear for the Criminal Test, Lower Grade, provided that they produce in each case a certificate from the Commissioner of Police, Madras, or the Inspector-General of Police, as the case may be, to the effect that they are deserving of this concession.

(5).—The Précis-writing Test shall, however, be open to Sub-Inspectors of the City Police and to Head Constables of the City and District Police who have already passed the Criminal Test, Lower Grade, or have been specially permitted to appear for it.

Subjects and scope of examination. 5. The subjects of the several tests, and the scope of the examination in each of them, shall be as hereinafter specified:—

PRECIS-WRITING TEST.

Candidates shall be required to write, in narrative form, a *précis* of a set of official papers relating to the same subject:

Besides showing that they understand the subject-matter dealt with in the papers, candidates shall be expected to write legibly, spell correctly, and express themselves grammatically and intelligibly. No candidate shall be allowed to pass who shows himself deficient in these respects.

TRANSLATION TEST, HIGHER GRADE.

The examination shall comprise:—

- (1) The translation of an official paper from English into the candidate's vernacular language, and
- (2) The translation of an official paper from the candidate's vernacular language into English.

The papers given for translation in this test shall be such as persons filling the appointments for which the test is prescribed may be expected to deal with in the ordinary course of business, and shall be sufficiently long and difficult to test the ability of the candidate to translate accurately and rapidly.

The following are the Vernacular languages that may be brought up:—Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam, Hindustani and Uriya.

TRANSLATION TEST, LOWER GRADE.*

The examination shall comprise:—

- (1) The translation of an ordinary official paper from English into the candidate's vernacular language, and
- (2) The translation of an ordinary official paper from the candidate's vernacular language into English.

* A person who has passed the second class Vernacular Test will be exempt from the Translation Test, Lower Grade.

The papers set for the Lower Grade shall be of less difficulty than those for the Higher Grade, and shall be such as persons filling the posts for which the test is prescribed may be expected to deal with in the ordinary course of business.

The following are the vernacular languages that may be brought up:—Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam, Hindustani, Uriya and Tulu.

ACCOUNT TEST, HIGHER GRADE.

The following are the subjects of the test:—

- (1) The Civil Account Code, Vol. I, 6th edition.
- (2) The Civil Service Regulations, 4th edition, Chapters III, IV, V (Sections i and iii), VI (Sections i and vii), IX, X, XI (Sections i and iv), XII (Section ii), XIV (Sections i and ii), XLIII (Section ii), XLIV (Sections i and ii), LI and LVII.

ACCOUNT TEST, LOWER GRADE.

The Civil Account Code, Vol. I, 6th edition, Chapters 1, 3—7, 10, 15 and 18, omitting Articles 41-A to 41-G and articles 110 to 113-G.

CIVIL JUDICIAL TEST.

The following are the subjects of the test:—

- (1) The Code of Civil Procedure.
- (2) The Indian Evidence Act.
- (3) The Limitation Act.
- (4) The Stamp Act.
- (5) The Transfer of Property and Negotiable Instruments Acts.
- (6) The Court Fees Act and the Suits Valuation Act.
- (7) The Contract Act.
- (8) The Rules of Practice (Civil) of the High Court of Judicature at Madras on the Appellate Side and of the Courts subordinate thereto, as revised up to date.

The paper on the Indian Evidence Act shall be the same as the paper for the Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade, and, generally, the papers for this test shall be of the Lower Grade standard.

CRIMINAL JUDICIAL TEST, HIGHER GRADE.

The following are the subjects of the test:—

- (1) The Indian Evidence Act of 1872.
Candidates shall be expected to have read Cunningham's "Commentaries," or any similar work.
- (2) The Indian Penal Code and the Acts amending the same.
Candidates shall be expected to have read Mayne's "Commentaries," or any similar work.
- (3) The Code of Criminal Procedure and the Acts amending the same.
- (4) Medical Jurisprudence.
Gribble and Hehir's "Outlines of Medical Jurisprudence for India," 4th edition, omitting Chapter 5 of Section I, Chapter 1 of Section IV, and Chapters 6 and 7 of Section V.

CRIMINAL JUDICIAL TEST, LOWER GRADE.

The subjects of this test shall be the same as those for the Criminal Higher Grade, but candidates shall not be expected to have read any Commentaries on the Acts and Codes prescribed, and the papers set shall be of an easier description than those set for the Higher Grade.

In Medical Jurisprudence, the text-book and portions prescribed are Gribble and Hehir's "Outlines of Medical Jurisprudence for India," Chapters 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of Section I; Chapters 1, 2 and 3 of Section II; Chapters 1 and 3 of Section III; Chapters 1, 2, 3 and 5 of Section V.

REVENUE TEST, HIGHER GRADE.

The following are the subjects of the test:—

- (1) Revenue Acts and Regulations applicable to the various branches of the Revenue.
- (2) The Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue, Land Revenue, Settlement and Miscellaneous (1900 edition).
- (3) The Excise Manual.
- (4) The Sea Customs Manual.
- (5) The Income-tax Manual.
- (6) The Stamp Manual.
- (7) The Special Funds Code.
- (8) The Manuals of Village and Taluk Accounts.

REVENUE TEST, LOWER GRADE.

The subjects for the Lower Grade shall be the same as the subjects for the higher, with the omission of the Sea Customs Manual, but the papers set shall be easier than those for the Higher Grade, and shall refer only to those portions of the Regulations and Board's Standing Orders, a knowledge of which is requisite in the offices to which this test has been made applicable.

JAIL TEST.

The following are the subjects of the test:—

- (1) The Indian Penal Code, Chapters II, III, IV, IX and X and Sections 128—130, and 217—225.
- (2) Criminal Procedure Code, Parts I, II and IV, and Chapters XXVIII, XXIX, XXXI, XXXIV, XXXVII, XXXIX and XLIII.
- (3) Madras Regulation II of 1819, the Prisoners' Act, III of 1900, and the Prisons Act, 1894.

SALT, ABKARI AND CUSTOMS TESTS.

The following Special tests are prescribed for the examination of officers of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department:—

Subjects in which papers will be set.	Time allowed for each paper.	PERCENTAGE OF FULL MARKS REQUIRED FOR A PASS.		REMARKS.
		Higher Grade.	Lower Grade.	
Test A.—Criminal Law—	HOURS.			
(i) Indian Penal Code	3	40	30	The paper set for this test will be of an elementary nature dealing with subjects which come within the range of a Salt officer's practical work.
(ii) Indian Evidence Act				
(iii) Criminal Procedure Code				
Test B.—Salt—				
(i) Salt Manual, Volume I	2	40	30	
(ii) Do. do. II	2	40	30	
(iii) The Chemistry of Salt and Salt-petre.	2	40	30	
Test C.—Accounts—				
The Civil Service Regulations so far as they relate to Uncovenanted officers employed in the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department and the Civil Account Code, Chapters 1, 3 to 7, 10 and 15 of the 6th edition.	2	30	...	
Test D.—Engineering—				
(i) Surveying with chain and compass; keeping a field book; and plotting an ordinary survey of fairly level country to a simple scale. The theory and practice of levelling, including the use and adjustments of the Dumpy Level; also keeping a field book, and drawing sections to simple scales.	3	30	...	
(ii) The mensuration of planes and solids.	1	30	...	The several branches of this test may be passed at separate examinations.
(iii) The preparation of plans and estimates for, and the execution of, simple construction and repair works of the following descriptions such as are in ordinary use in the department:—				
(a) Roads, including small bridges.	...	...	...	
(b) Offices, peons' lines, &c.	...	...	...	
(c) Embankments and channels.	3	30	...	

Special tests for Officers of Salt, Abkari and Customs Department—concl'd.

Subjects in which papers will be set.	Time allowed for each paper.	PERCENTAGE OF FULL MARKS REQUIRED FOR A PASS.		REMARKS.
		Higher Grade.	Lower Grade.	
Test E.—Linguistic—	HOURS.			
(i) Ability to converse fluently in a vernacular language spoken in the Madras Presidency, other than Hindustani.	2½	30	...	The examinations in branches (i) and (ii) will be entirely <i>vid. voce</i> . All branches of this test must be passed simultaneously.
(ii) Reading an ordinary petition or report from a petty officer.		30	...	
(iii) Writing an order in the vernacular.	½	30	...	
Test F.—Excise—				
Excise Manual... ..	3	40	30	
Test G.—Customs—				
(i) Customs law				
1. The Sea Customs Act, 1878	2	40	30	In respect of the Acts Nos. 7, 8 and 9 under (1) Customs law, a knowledge of those portions which relate to importation will alone be required.
2. The Madras Inland Customs Act, 1844.				
3. The Indian Tariff Act, 1894				
4. The Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1883.				
5. The Indian Ports Act, 1889				
6. The Indian Merchandise Marks Act, 1889.				
7. The Indian Arms Act, 1878				
8. The Indian Explosives Act, 1884.				
9. The Indian Petroleum Act, 1899.				
(ii) Rules under the Customs Acts—				
1. The Sea Customs Manual with appendices and the Land Customs Manual.	2	40	30	
2. Direction for the use of tables for ascertaining the strength of spirits by L. Casella.				

(ii) Where a higher and lower minimum are prescribed, candidates failing to obtain the higher minimum, but obtaining the lower minimum, will be considered to have passed by the Lower Grade or standard, but will be allowed to appear again, at any subsequent examination to pass by the Higher Grade.

(iii) Inspectors will further be required to execute and plot a simple survey, and also to run, and draw the section of, an easy line of levels before a local Committee composed of an officer of the Public Works Department and of an Assistant Commissioner or other superior officer of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department. Two-thirds of full marks must be obtained for a pass in practical surveying and levelling. The time to be allowed for surveying and levelling will be determined by the local Committee.

(iv) The text-books to be studied for test D are for branch (i), "Catechism on Surveying and Levelling," by Mr. D'Cruz; for branch (ii), the College of Engineering "Manual on Mensuration;" and for branch (iii), "Notes on Building and Road-making" and Schoury's "Text-book on Estimating," published by Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., and the Departmental Manual so far as it concerns plans and estimates.

(v) Officers may present themselves for the Higher Grade Examinations in all the tests without previously passing by the Lower Grade. Should they fail to pass, but obtain the number of marks prescribed for the Lower Grade, they will be declared to have passed by the Lower Grade.

(vi) The examinations in Test E will be conducted, under the orders of the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue, by the Commissioner himself or by a Deputy

Commissioner, with the assistance of a gazetted officer of any department, at such places and times of the year as may be convenient. No fees will be required for this test. No great grammatical knowledge or accuracy of spelling or elegance of expression will be required of candidates, but the languages must be spoken, read and written fluently and intelligibly.

(vii) Clerks and Accountants drawing less than Rs. 50 and Sub-Inspectors drawing less than Rs. 60 will not be required to pass any tests.

(viii) Sub-Inspectors drawing Rs. 60 and over will be required to pass all the tests except C, D and G, and Clerks and Accountants drawing Rs. 50 and over, all, except A, D and G, in the Lower Grade, previous to appointment or, if their first appointment is in that grade, within two years of the same.

(ix) Assistant Inspectors, Clerks and Accountants drawing Rs. 100 and over will be required to pass all the tests with the exception of C, D and G by the Lower Grade previous to appointment or, if their first appointment is in that grade, within two years of the same. They will be allowed two years in any case for the passing of Tests C, D and G.

(x) Inspectors will be required to pass all the tests with the exception of C, D and G by the Higher Grade previous to appointment or, if their first appointment is in that grade, within two years of the same. They will be allowed two years in any case for the passing of Tests C, D and G.

(xi) Test E must be passed in the case of officers below the grade of Inspector whose own vernacular is one of the vernaculars spoken in the Presidency in two languages. In other cases in one, except that all Inspectors will be required to pass in two. Provided that no officer shall be required to pass in a language other than his own vernacular unless he has been for eighteen months continuously in a district or districts where it is spoken. Provided also that one of the two languages in each case must be Tamil or Telugu and that Hindustani shall not be reckoned as a vernacular of the Presidency. The examination of candidates in their own vernaculars will in most cases be a formal one, but it must be ensured that they can read a running hand.

In what language to be held. 6. The examination in each test, which shall be by means of printed papers, shall be conducted entirely in the English language.

7. The Regulations, Codes and Acts prescribed under any test shall be subject to such modifications, amendments or alterations as may from time to time be made, according as the law may be changed or as Government may direct, and candidates shall be expected to be acquainted with all such alterations, provided they have been published or notified not later than six months from the date of the examination.

Number of tests that may be brought up at a time. 8. Subject to such restrictions as may be imposed by the Commissioner in a time-table, to be published annually, candidates shall be at liberty to come up for any one or more of the tests at the same examination.

9. Candidates may come up for the Higher Grade of any test without first passing the Lower Grade, but no candidate shall be allowed to come up for both the Higher and Lower Grades of the same test at the same examination.

10. Except in the case of the Salt and Abkari Tests, no candidate who elects to appear for the Higher Grade of any test without first passing the Lower Grade, and who fails to pass the former, shall be entitled to have his name included in the pass-list for the Lower Grade Test, however well he may have acquitted himself. Candidates for the Higher Grades of the Salt, Abkari and Customs Tests shall, if they fail to pass, but obtain the minimum marks prescribed for the Lower Grade, be declared to have passed by the Lower Grade.

Duration of examination and maximum marks. 11. The following table shows the papers to be set in the subjects of examination under each test, the time allowed to answer each paper and the maximum marks assigned to each—

Subjects of Examination under each test.

Tests.	Subjects.	Time allowed.	Maximum marks.
Précis-writing	Précis writing	Three hours	100
Translation Test, Higher Grade.	Translation from English into Vernacular.	Do.	100
	Translation from Vernacular into English.	Do.	100

Subjects of Examination under each test, &c.—concl'd.

Tests.	Subjects.	Time allowed.	Maximum marks.
Translation Test, Lower Grade.	Translation from English into Vernacular.	Two hours	100
	Translation from Vernacular into English.	Do.	100
Account Test, Higher Grade.	The Civil Account Code, Volume I.	Do.	60
Account Test, Lower Grade.	The Civil Service Regulations	Do.	60
	The Civil Account Code	Do.	60
Civil Judicial Test	The Civil Procedure Code	Three hours	120
	The Indian Evidence Act	Do.	120
	The Limitation Act	One hour and a-half	60
	The Stamp Act	Do.	60
	The Transfer of Property and Negotiable Instruments Acts.	Do.	60
	The Court-fees Act and the Suits Valuation Act	Do.	60
	The Contract Act	Do.	60
	The Rules of Practice (Civil)	Do.	60
	The Indian Evidence Act	Three hours	120
	The Indian Penal Code	Do.	120
Criminal Judicial Test, Higher Grade.	The Code of Criminal Procedure	Do.	120
	Medical Jurisprudence	Do.	100
Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade.	The Indian Evidence Act	Do.	120
	The Indian Penal Code	Do.	120
	The Code of Criminal Procedure	Do.	120
	Medical Jurisprudence	Do.	100
	Revenue Regulations and Acts	Do.	120
	Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue.	Do.	120
Revenue Test, Higher Grade.	The Stamp, Income-tax, Customs and Excise Manuals.	Do.	120
	Manuals of Village and Taluk Accounts and the Special Funds Code.	Do.	120
Revenue Test, Lower Grade.	Revenue Regulations and Acts	Do.	120
	Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue.	Do.	120
Jail Test	The Stamp, Income-tax and Excise Manuals.	Do.	140
	Manuals of Village and Taluk Accounts and the Special Funds Code.	Do.	120
Salt, Abkari and Customs Tests.	The Indian Penal Code	Two hours	100
	The Criminal Procedure Code	Do.	100
	Special Acts relating to Jails	Do.	100
Test A.—Criminal Law.	The Indian Penal Code	Three hours	100
	The Indian Evidence Act...		
Test B.—Salt	The Criminal Procedure Code	Two hours	100
	I. Salt Manual, Vol. I...		
	II. Salt Manual, Vol. II		
Test C.—Account	III. The Chemistry of Salt and Saltpetre.	Do.	100
	I. The Civil Service Regulations and the Civil Account Code.	Do.	100
Test D.—Engineering	I. Surveying and Levelling	Three hours	100
	II. Mensuration	One hour	100
	III. Plan Drawing and Estimating.	Three hours	100
Test F.—Excise	Excise Manual	Do.	100
Test G.—Customs	I. Customs Law	Two hours	100
	II. Rules under the Customs Act.		

Minima for passing. 12. The minima for passing in the several tests shall be as follows:—
 In the Précis-writing Test, 50 per cent. of the maximum marks.
 In the Translation Test, Higher and Lower Grades, 50 per cent. of the marks for each of the two papers.

In the Account Test, Lower Grade, 40 per cent. of the maximum marks.
 In the Salt, Abkari and Customs Tests, as specified under each separate test.
 In all the other tests, one-third of the maximum marks in each subject, and two-fifths of the aggregate marks for all the subjects.

Classification of passed candidates. 13. Successful candidates in all tests, except the Salt, Abkari and Customs Tests, shall be arranged in two classes, the first consisting of those who obtain not less than three-fifths of the aggregate marks, the second of all others.

14. The names of successful candidates in each test or grade of test, shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, only those being arranged in the order of proficiency who pass in the first class.

15. To each successful candidate in each separate test or grade of test,—the Salt, Abkari and Customs Tests excepted,—a certificate shall be issued specifying the test and grade passed by him, and the class in which he was placed.

16. Application for admission to the examinations shall be made on printed forms to be had at the office of the Commissioner and at all Government treasuries. These applications should reach the office of the Commissioner not later than the 31st July.

17. The following are the fees to be paid for admission to the examination:—

Name of Test.	Fee prescribed.
1. The Précis-writing Test	Rs. 5
2. The Translation Test, Higher Grade	6
3. Do. Lower do.	4
4. The Account Test, Higher Grade	6
5. Do. Lower do.	4
6. The Civil Judicial Test	8
7. The Criminal Judicial Test, Higher Grade	10
8. Do. Lower do.	8
9. The Revenue Test, Higher Grade	8
10. Do. Lower do.	6
11. The Jail Test	8
12. The Salt, Abkari and Customs Tests	7 for each test or branch of a test.

18. The Commissioner may arrange to hold these examinations in Native States, if the Governments concerned desire it, provided that they undertake to bear all local expenses and arrange for the proper supervision of the examinations. A list of places at which it is desired that the examinations should be held, shall be furnished to the Commissioner not less than six months before the date fixed for the examinations.

Schedule showing the offices or appointments for which the Special Tests are severally prescribed.

PRECIS-WRITING TEST.

Offices or Appointments.

Sub-Judges, District Munsifs, Deputy Collectors, Tahsildars, Deputy Tahsildars and Inspectors of Police (except Reserve Inspectors), and all ministerial officers (except Registrars and Deputy and Assistant Registrars in the High Court) who hold any office not falling within the scope of Article 8 of the Public Service Notification and who are in receipt of salaries amounting to not less than Rs. 60 per mensem.

Remarks.

All ministerial officers who on the 1st July 1894 were in receipt of salaries less than Rs. 80 per mensem, but not less than Rs. 60, shall be required to pass this test before they are promoted to any post carrying higher pay.

N.B.—Accountants in Third Grade District Police offices shall also be required to pass this test although their pay is fixed at Rs. 60.

TRANSLATION TEST, HIGHER GRADE.

Offices or Appointments.

1. Translators in the High Court.
2. Translators in the Court of Small Causes, Madras, the City Civil Court, and the Presidency Magistrates' Courts.

3. Translators in District Courts.*
4. The Assistant to the Hindustani Translator to Government.
5. Munshis in the offices of the Translators to Government.

TRANSLATION TEST, LOWER GRADE.

Offices or Appointments.

1. Sheristadar in District Courts and in Subordinate Judges' Courts.
2. Head Clerks, District and Sessions Courts, Subordinate Judges' Courts and District Munsifs' Courts.
3. Translators in District Courts.†
4. Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Examiner, Record-keeper, or Clerk in the Correspondence Department of any Court other than the High Court, drawing salaries of Rs. 50 and upwards.
5. Head Clerk, Small Cause Courts.
6. Head Clerk in the City Civil Court.
7. Sheristadar.
8. English Head Clerk.
9. Vernacular Head Clerk.
10. Translators and Record-keepers.
11. Head Clerk in the offices of { Sub-Collectors, Head Assistant Collectors and General Charge Deputy Collectors.
12. Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars (including Stationary and Town Sub-Magistrates).
13. Taluk Sheristadars and Taluk Head Accountants (except in Madras).
14. All appointments (not being Secretariat appointments) to which salaries of Rs. 50 and upwards are attached in the office of the Board of Revenue.
15. The Manager and Clerks on Rs. 50 and upwards in the offices of the Conservators of Forests and Head Clerks in the offices of District Officers.
16. All appointments in Customs offices which carry a salary of Rs. 50 and upwards, except the appointment of Assistant Tester in the Madras Customs House.
17. The two Senior Clerks in the offices of the Translators to Government.
18. Chief Clerk or Manager in the Presidency Magistrates' Courts.
19. Clerks on Rs. 50 and upwards in the Public and Revenue Departments of the Government Secretariat.
20. Translators in the Government Secretariat and in the office of the Board of Revenue.
21. Central Nazirs and the Nazir in the City Civil Court.

* Candidates for these offices must pass as under:—

Districts.	Languages.
Ganjam ...	... Uriya.
Vizagapatam ...	... Telugu or Uriya.
Godavari, Kistna, Nellore, Cuddapah, Kurnool, Bellary and Anantapur ...	... Telugu.
Chingleput, North Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, South Arcot, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Tinnevely, Madras and Nilgiris ...	... Tamil.
South Canara ...	... Canarese.
North and South Malabar ...	... Malayalam.

No person shall be appointed to any of the posts for which this test is prescribed, unless he first satisfies the Head of the office in which he seeks employment that he can interpret fairly and readily and can read arzis in manuscript, badly written and badly spelt.

† Candidates for mufassal appointments (except Translatorships in District Courts) for which the Translation Test, Lower Grade, is prescribed, must have passed the test in the vernacular of the district in which they seek employment. Graduates in a vernacular are exempted from passing this test, if the vernacular language in which they passed at the B.A. degree examination is the vernacular of the district in which they desire to be employed.

Candidates for these offices in the undermentioned districts must, in addition to passing the Higher Grade Test as above, pass the Lower Grade test as under:—

Ganjam ...	... Telugu.
Bellary and Anantapur ...	... Canarese.
Chingleput, North Arcot, Salem and Madras ...	... Telugu.
Coimbatore ...	... Canarese.
South Canara ...	... Tulu.

ACCOUNT TEST, HIGHER GRADE.

Offices or Appointments.

1. All persons subject to the Revenue Test, Higher Grade, except Clerks on Rs. 70 and upwards in the Revenue Department of the Government Secretariat.
2. Accountants on Rs. 50 and upwards in the office of the Board of Revenue (except in the Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture Department, where the inferior limit of pay is Rs. 100).
3. Head Accountants in Collectors' offices and the second Accountant on Rs. 50 in the Nilgiri Collector's office.
4. Accountants in the Presidency Port office.
5. Accountants on Rs. 50 and upwards in the Sea Customs office.
6. Accountants on Rs. 50 and upwards in the office of the Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery.
7. District Registrars and the Manager and Accountants on Rs. 50 and upwards in the office of the Inspector-General of Registration.
8. The Manager and Treasury Officer and the Head Accountant in the office of the Resident in Travancore and Cochin.
9. Accountant, Appellate Side, High Court.
10. Clerks on Rs. 50 and upwards in the Local and Municipal Department of the Government Secretariat.
11. The Budget Clerk in the Chief Secretary's office and the Accountant in the Government Press.
12. Managers and Accountants in District Police offices.

Remarks.

Accountants in the Separate Revenue Department of the office of the Board of Revenue, who are required to pass Salt and Abkari Test C, are not required to pass the Account Test, Higher.

ACCOUNT TEST, LOWER GRADE.

Offices or Appointments.

1. All persons subject to the Revenue Test, Lower Grade.
2. All persons subject to the Jail Test.
3. Clerks in the office of the Consular Agent, Pondicherry.

CIVIL JUDICIAL TEST.

Offices or Appointments.

1. Sheristadar, District Courts and Subordinate Judges' Courts.
2. Head Clerk in District Courts, Subordinate Judges' Courts, District Munsifs' Courts, the City Civil Court and the Presidency Court of Small Causes.
3. Appeal Examiner in the High Court.
4. Central Nazirs and the Nazir in the City Civil Court.
5. District Registrars.

Remarks.

Graduates in Law and candidates who have passed the Second Grade Pleaders' Test, shall not be required to pass this test for posts for which it is prescribed.

District Registrars are not required to answer questions on the Civil Rules of Practice.

Sub-Registrars who have passed the old 'Civil Higher' or 'Civil Lower' Grade Test or the Pleaders' Test, are exempted from passing the Civil Judicial Test for promotion to District Registrars. Officers of the Judicial Department are exempted from passing this test, if they have passed the old Civil Higher or Lower Grade Tests or the Pleaders' Test.

CRIMINAL JUDICIAL TEST, HIGHER GRADE.

Offices or Appointments.

1. Deputy Collectors.
2. Chief Clerk or Manager in the Presidency Magistrates' Courts.

Remarks.

Graduates in Law and candidates who have passed the First Grade Pleaders' Test shall not be required to pass this test for posts for which it is prescribed.

CRIMINAL JUDICIAL TEST, LOWER GRADE.

Offices or Appointments.

1. Tahsildars.
2. Taluk Sheristadars (when also Magistrates).
3. Deputy Tahsildars (including Stationary and Town Sub-Magistrates).
4. Sheristadars and Head Clerks of Sessions Courts.
5. Police Inspectors (except Reserve Inspectors) and Managers and Accountants in District Police offices.
6. Criminal Appeals Clerk and Criminal Revision Cases Clerk in the High Court.

Remarks.

Graduates in Law and candidates who have passed the Second Grade Pleaders' Test shall not be required to pass this test for posts for which it is prescribed.

REVENUE TEST, HIGHER GRADE.

Offices or Appointments.

1. Deputy Collectors.
2. Uncovenanted Assistants in the office of the Board of Revenue.
3. First Assistant, Second Assistant, Registrar, Head Clerk and other Clerks on Rs. 70 and upwards in the Revenue Department of the Government Secretariat.

REVENUE TEST, LOWER GRADE.

Offices or Appointments.

1. Huzur Sheristadars.
2. English and Vernacular Head Clerks in Collectors' offices.
3. Tahsildars.
4. Deputy Tahsildars (including Stationary and Town Sub-Magistrates).
5. Taluk Sheristadars and Taluk Head Accountants (except in Madras).
6. Subordinate, Head Assistant and General Charge Deputy Collectors' Head Clerks.
7. Revenue Inspectors.

Remarks.

Under G.O., No. 760, Revenue, dated 22nd November 1895, any person who obtains a certificate from a duly authorized officer of the Survey Department, that such person has gone through the course prescribed for Revenue Inspectors at a survey school, and that the result of his examination was good shall be considered eligible to hold the appointment of Revenue Inspector without further training in surveying.

The Collectors of the following districts or portions of districts:—Ganjam, Vizagapatam, the Agency tracts of Godavari, Kurnool and South Canara may appoint persons who have not passed the Revenue Test to temporary vacancies in the grade of Revenue Inspector.

JAIL TEST.

Offices or Appointments.

1. Jailor.
2. Deputy Jailor.

Remarks.

Candidates who have passed the Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade, are not required to pass this test to qualify for the post for which it is prescribed.

SALT AND ABKARI TESTS.

All the tests by the Higher Grade, and Test E in two vernaculars.*

Offices or Appointments.

Inspectors of Salt and Abkari Revenue.

All the tests by the Lower Grade, and Test E in one vernacular.

Offices or Appointments.

Assistant Inspectors of Salt and Abkari Revenue, Clerks and Accountants drawing Rs. 100 and over.

Tests A, B and F in the Lower Grade, and Test E in one vernacular.

Offices or Appointments.

Sub-Inspectors of Salt and Abkari Revenue drawing a salary of Rs. 60 and over.†

Tests B and F in the Lower Grade, Test C and Test E in one vernacular.

Offices or Appointments.

Clerks and Accountants drawing Rs. 50 and over.†

TEST G (HIGHER GRADE).

Offices or Appointments.

1. Deputy Collector of Sea Customs, Madras.
2. All other persons in the Sea Customs offices who hold appointments on Rs. 50 and upwards.

* In two vernaculars, one of which must be Tamil or Telugu, and the other not Hindustani.

† In one language other than the candidate's vernacular.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, January 25, 1893.

No. 18.—The Government Technical Examinations, formerly known as the Examinations in Science, Art, Industries and Commerce, are intended for the encouragement of scientific and technical instruction, with special reference to manufactures and industries, and generally to the necessities of the practical side of life; and for the purpose of testing the qualifications of persons desirous of becoming—

- (i) Teachers of science, art, or commercial or industrial subjects;
- (ii) Civil, mechanical and electrical engineers, draughtsmen and telegraphists;
- (iii) Designers, engravers, decorative artisans, and art workmen in any branch of artistic industry included in this notification;
- (iv) Agriculturists, foresters, veterinarians;
- (v) Reporters, auditors, actuaries, and commercial employes;
- (vi) Managers and foremen of manufacturing, printing, and other industrial establishments suitable for this Presidency;
- (vii) Employes under Government, Local Boards, or Municipal Councils, in any department in which a practical knowledge of any of the subjects included in this notification is required.
- (viii) Chemists and druggists; compounders.

2. The examinations shall be of three grades—

- (1) Elementary. (2) Intermediate. (3) Advanced.

3. The examinations shall be under the control of the Commissioner for Government Examinations and shall be conducted, under his orders, by means of Boards of Examiners appointed by him.

4. The Boards shall be appointed for three years, but any member may be removed, without reason assigned, at the discretion of the Commissioner.

The Chairman of each Board shall be selected by the Commissioner.

5. The examinations shall be held once a year at Madras and at such centres in the mofussil as the Commissioner may from time to time select. For certain subjects they shall be held in April, and for others in November or December according to the order of time and subjects set forth in a scheme of examinations published annually under the authority of the Commissioner in the *Fort St. George Gazette*. The Commissioner shall have power to transfer the examination in any subject from the one season of the year to the other, provided that no change shall be made less than six months before the date fixed for the examination.

6. The examinations shall be open, subject to any conditions laid down in the syllabuses hereinafter mentioned, to—

- (i) All persons who have passed the compulsory subjects of the Lower Secondary Examination (in the case of the Elementary Examinations), or of the Upper Secondary Examination or the Matriculation Examination (in the case of the Intermediate and Advanced Examinations). The Commissioner may accept any other examination which he considers equivalent or higher.
- (ii) All persons who are certified by the Head of a recognized technical school or class to have completed the prescribed course in the subject or subjects in which they appear.
- (iii) All employes under Government, Local Boards, or Municipal Councils, who are required to pass in any of the subjects included in this notification.
- (iv) All other persons who are specially permitted by the Commissioner to appear.

7. The following is the scale of fees laid down for admission to the examinations:—

Elementary Examinations.

For each subject Re. 1.

Note.—The Commissioner shall have power, on the recommendation of the Director of Public Instruction, to remit or reduce the fee in the case of pupils of "poor" schools or of "poor" pupils, as defined in the Grant-in-Aid Code.

Intermediate Examinations.

For each subject Rs. 4.

Advanced Examinations.

For each subject Rs. 8.

When a subject is divided into stages, the fee for each stage shall be for the Intermediate Examination Rs. 2 and for the Advanced Examination Rs. 4.

8. The Commissioner may arrange to hold these examinations in other Presidencies and in Native States provided that the Governments and Darbars concerned undertake to bear all local expenses and arrange for the proper supervision of the examinations, and that the fees paid by the candidates are credited to the Madras Government. A list of places at which it is desired to hold the examinations shall be furnished to the Commissioner not less than six months before the date fixed for the examinations.

9. The nature and scope of the examination in each subject shall be specified by a syllabus. Ordinarily, the examination shall be written, oral, and practical, and the candidate must appear for the whole at one and the same examination. The distribution of marks among the written, oral, and practical portions of the examination shall be as specified in the syllabus.

10. The following are the subjects in which examinations shall be held:—

Civil Engineering.

Building Materials and Construction...	Elementary...	Intermediate...	Advanced
Building-Drawing and Estimating ...	do	do	do
Hydraulics and Irrigation Works ...	do	do	do
Earth-work and Road-making ...	do	do	do
Bridge-work ...	do	do	do
Surveying and Levelling ...	do	do	Advanced.
Applied Mechanics...	do	do	do
Mensuration ...	do	do	do
Practical Plans and Solid Geometry..	do	do	Advanced.
Carpentry ..	do	do	do

Mechanical Engineering.

Machine Construction ...	Elementary...	Intermediate...	Advanced.
Machine Drawing ...	do	do	do
Steam and the Steam-engine ...	do	do	do
Fitter's work ...	do	do	do

Electrical Engineering.

Practical Telegraphy ...	Elementary...	Intermediate...	Advanced.
Electric Lighting and Transmission of Power ...	do	do	do
Electro-Metallurgy...	do	do	do

Physical Science.

Heat ...	Intermediate...	Advanced.
Light ...	do	do
Electricity and Magnetism ...	Elementary...	do
Inorganic Chemistry ...	do	do
Organic Chemistry...	do	do
Metallurgy ...	do	do
Physiography ...	Elementary...	Intermediate..
Photography ...	do	do

Geology.

Geology ...	Intermediate...	Advanced.
Mineralogy ...	do	do

Biology.

General Biology ...	Intermediate...	Advanced.
Animal Physiology ...	Elementary...	do
Botany ...	do	do

Sanitary Science.

Hygiene ...	Elementary...	Intermediate...	Advanced.
General Biology (Special) ...	do	do	do
Minor Sanitary Engineering ...	do	do	do

Pharmacy.

Botany (Special) ...	Intermediate...	Advanced.
Inorganic Chemistry (Special) ...	do	do
Materia Medica ...	do	do
Practical Pharmacy ...	do	do
Special Laboratory Course ...	do	do
Practical Dispensing (for Compounders) ...	do	do

Agriculture.

Agriculture ...	Elementary...	Intermediate...	Advanced.
Surveying and Levelling (Special) ...	do	do	do
Agricultural Engineering ...	do	do	do
Botany (Special) ...	do	do	do
Horticulture ...	do	do	do
Forestry ...	do	do	Advanced.
Economic Entomology ...	do	do	do
Organic Chemistry (Special) ...	do	do	do
Tobacco ...	do	do	do
Veterinary Science (Special) ...	do	do	do

Veterinary Science.

Veterinary Science ...	Elementary...	Intermediate..	Advanced.
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Commerce.			
Book-keeping	Elementary...	Intermediate...	Advanced...
Commercial Correspondence	do	do	do
Banking	do	do	do
Commercial Geography	do	do	Advanced...
Shorthand	do	do	do
Annuities and Life Insurance	do	do	do
Type-writing	Elementary...	do	do
Music.			
Music	Elementary...	Intermediate...	Advanced
Drawing, &c.			
Free-hand Outline Drawing	Elementary...	Intermediate...	Advanced.
Design	do	do	do
Geometrical Drawing	do	do	do
Painting	do	do	do
Modelling	do	do	do
Wood-engraving	do	do	do
Copper-plate Engraving	do	do	do
Jewellers' work.			
Jeweller's work	Elementary...	Intermediate...	do
Silversmith's work	do	do	do
Watch and Clock-repairing	do	do	do
Printing, Bookbinding and Type-founding.			
Letter press Printing—			
Compositor's work	Elementary...	Intermediate...	do
Proof-reader's work	do	do	do
Press work	do	do	do
Machine work	do	do	do
Printer's Warehouse work	do	do	do
Bookbinding	do	do	do
Type-casting	do	do	do
Stereotyping	do	do	do
Electrotyping	do	do	do
Wood-work and Metal-work.			
Cabinet-making	Elementary...	Intermediate...	Advanced.
Blacksmith's work	do	do	do
Carriage Building	do	do	do
Metal work	Elementary...	do	Advanced.
Leather-work.			
Boot and Shoe-making	Elementary...	Intermediate...	do
Tanning Leather	do	do	do
Saddlery and Harness-making	do	do	do
Textile Fabrics.			
Cotton-spinning	do	Intermediate...	do
Cotton-weaving	Elementary...	do	do
Bleaching, Dyeing, and Printing	do	do	do
Cotton	do	do	do
Silk-dyeing	do	do	do
Silk Manufacture	do	do	do
Carpet-weaving	Elementary...	do	do
Lace-making	do	do	do
Glass and Pottery.			
Pottery and Porcelain Manufacture	Elementary...	Intermediate...	do
Glass-making	do	do	do
Tailoring and Dress-making.			
Tailoring	Elementary...	Intermediate...	do
Needlework and Dress-making	do	do	Advanced.
Embroidery	do	do	do
Cookery.			
Cookery	do	Intermediate...	do
Bread-making	do	do	do

11. The minima required for passing in each class shall be specified in the syllabus. The names of successful candidates in each subject, and if the subject is divided into stages, in each stage shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* only those candidates who pass in the first class being arranged in the order of merit.

12. To each candidate who passes in any subject there shall be given a certificate stating the subject in which he has passed and the class in which he has been placed. Where the subject is one in which the examination is divided into stages, the certificate shall not be given until the candidate has passed all the stages.

13. Candidates who have passed in a lower class in any subject may come up again to qualify for a higher class on paying again the full examination fee.

14. To meet the requirements of candidates desirous of qualifying for a profession requiring a knowledge of more than one subject, certain of the subjects shall be formed into groups. In each group there shall be one or more principal subjects, the other subjects of the group being regarded as subsidiary to them for the purposes of the profession represented by the group. These groups shall be of two kinds: (1) groups of a lower standard, for passing in all the subjects of which a *Group Certificate* shall be awarded, and (2) groups of a higher standard, for passing in all the subjects of which a *Diploma* shall be awarded. When a candidate has passed in all the subjects of a group, the fact shall be notified in the *Fort St. George Gazette*. The *Group Certificates* and *Diplomas* shall set forth the subjects in which the candidate has passed, and the class in which he was placed in each.

15. The following are the groups of subjects for which *Group Certificates* shall be awarded:—

Group Certificate in Building Construction.

Building Materials and Construction	Intermediate.
Building-Drawing and Estimating	do
Applied Mechanics	Elementary.
Carpentry	do

Group Certificate in Machine Construction.

Machine Construction	Intermediate.
Machine Drawing	do
Applied Mechanics	Elementary.
Steam and the Steam-engine	do
Fitter's work	do

Group Certificate in Mechanical Drawing.

Building-Drawing and Estimating	Intermediate.
Machine Drawing	do
Practical Plane and Solid Geometry	do
Mensuration	Elementary.
Free-hand Outline Drawing	do

Draftsman's Group Certificate in Mechanical Drawing.

Geometrical Drawing	Intermediate.
Free-hand Outline Drawing	Elementary.
Building Materials and Construction	Intermediate.
Building-Drawing and Estimating	Advanced.
Machine Drawing	Intermediate.

Group Certificate in Surveying.

Surveying and Levelling	Intermediate.
Earthwork and Road-making	Elementary.
Mensuration	do

Group Certificate in Hydraulic Engineering.

Hydraulics and Irrigation Works	Intermediate.
Building Materials and Construction	Elementary.
Building-Drawing and Estimating	do
Earthwork and Road-making	do
Machine Drawing	do

Group Certificate in Bridge Construction.

Bridge-work	Intermediate.
Building-Drawing and Estimating	do
Building Materials and Construction	Elementary.
Applied Mechanics	do

Group Certificate in Sanitary Science.

Hygiene	Intermediate.
Animal Physiology	do
General Biology (Special)	do
Physiography	do
Inorganic Chemistry	Elementary.
Minor Sanitary Engineering	do

Group Certificate in Electrical Engineering.

Electricity and Magnetism (Intermediate) and any one of the following:—	
Electric Lighting and Transmission of Power	Intermediate.
Practical Telegraphy	do
Electro-Metallurgy	do

Group Certificate in Drawing.			
Free-hand Outline Drawing	...	...	Intermediate.
Geometrical Drawing	...	...	do
Design	...	...	Elementary.
Painting	...	...	do
Group Certificate in Letterpress Printing.			
Compositor's work	...	...	Intermediate.
Proof-reader's work	...	...	Elementary.
Press work	...	...	do
Machine work	...	...	do
Group Certificate in Bookbinding.			
Bookbinding	...	...	Intermediate.
Printer's Warehouse work	...	...	Elementary.
Group Certificate in Type-founding.			
Type-casting	...	...	Intermediate.
Stereotyping	...	...	Elementary.
Electrotyping	...	...	do
Group Certificate in Shorthand.			
Shorthand	...	...	Intermediate.
Type-writing	...	...	do
Group Certificate in Correspondence.			
Commercial Correspondence	...	...	Intermediate.
Shorthand	...	...	do
Commercial Geography	...	...	do
Banking	...	...	Elementary.
Group Certificate in Book-keeping.			
Book-keeping	...	...	Intermediate.
Commercial Correspondence	...	...	do
Commercial Geography	...	...	do
Banking	...	...	Elementary.

16. The following are the groups of subjects for which Diplomas shall be awarded:—

Diploma in Agriculture.			
Agriculture	...	...	Advanced.
Agricultural Chemistry	...	...	do
General Chemistry	...	...	Intermediate.
Veterinary Science and Hygiene (Special)	...	...	do
Anatomy and Physiology (Special)	...	...	do
Meteorology and Geology (Special)	...	...	do
Botany (Special)	...	...	do
Agricultural Engineering (Special)	...	...	do
Surveying and Levelling (Special)	...	...	do

NOTE.—No candidate shall be admitted to the examination in agriculture and agricultural chemistry unless he has satisfied the examiners as to his knowledge in general chemistry, botany, meteorology and geology, agricultural engineering, surveying and levelling and anatomy and physiology prescribed for the diploma in agriculture and has produced a certificate from competent authority showing that during one season he took his full share in the work of cultivating not less than four acres of mixed cropping, or managed a farm of ten acres or more for at least one year.

Diploma in Veterinary Science.			
Veterinary Science	...	...	Advanced.
Animal Physiology	...	...	Intermediate.
Inorganic Chemistry	...	...	do
Organic Chemistry	...	...	do
Botany (Special)	...	...	do

Diploma in Electrical Engineering.			
Electricity and Magnetism	...	...	Advanced.
Inorganic Chemistry	...	...	Intermediate.
Applied Mechanics	...	...	do
Machine Construction	...	...	do
Machine Drawing	...	...	do

and one of the following:—

Electric Lighting and Transmission of Power	...	...	Advanced.
Practical Telegraphy	...	...	do
Electro-Metallurgy	...	...	do

Diploma in Drawing.			
Free-hand Outline Drawing	...	...	Advanced.
Geometrical Drawing	...	...	do
Design	...	...	Intermediate.
Painting	...	...	do

Diploma in Commerce.			
Commercial Correspondence	...	...	Advanced.
Book-keeping	...	...	do
Commercial Geography	...	...	do
Banking	...	...	Intermediate.
Chemists' and Druggists' Diploma.			
Botany (Special)	...	...	Intermediate.
Inorganic Chemistry (Special)	...	...	do
Materia Medica	...	...	do
Practical Pharmacy	...	...	do
Special Laboratory Course	...	...	do

NOTE.—The diploma for Chemists and Druggists will be granted only on the successful candidate's producing a certificate of having satisfactorily served for one year at any time after his first year of study in a Chemist's and Druggist's shop approved by the Council of the Madras Medical College.

17. Scholarships shall be awarded by the Director of Public Instruction on the results of these examinations in accordance with the Government Scholarship notification.

18. Candidates must send in their applications for admission not later than 31st January, 31st August and 30th September for the April, November and December examinations, respectively. The applications must be on printed forms, which may be obtained at the office of the Commissioner and from all Tahsildars and Treasury Deputy Collectors.

19. This notification will have effect from this day.

C. A. GALTON, Acting Chief Secretary.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR THE SALT AND ABKARI DEPARTMENT.

Fort St. George, June 2, 1892.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 70.—The following rules relating to a Competitive Examination for the Salt and Abkari Department are published for general information:—

An examination, to be styled the "Salt and Abkari Department Competitive Examination," shall be held annually at Madras on the 15th of December and following days for the purpose of selecting candidates for the higher grades of the subordinate branch of the Salt and Abkari Department.

2. (i) The examination shall be under the control of the Commissioner for Government Examinations, who shall arrange for its conduct by means of a Board of Examiners consisting of a Chairman and at least three members appointed by him for three years. The Commissioner may remove any member, however, at his discretion, and appoint, or not appoint, another in his stead, as he thinks fit.

(ii) Whenever necessary, the Board shall be assisted by Special Examiners appointed by the Commissioner for the optional subjects, but such Special Examiners shall be subject to the control of the Board. The question papers drawn up by them shall be submitted to the Board for approval, and their valuation of the answer papers shall be subject to revision by the Board, whenever, in the opinion of the Board, such revision appears to be necessary.

3. The examination shall be open to such candidates only as may be selected to compete for it by the Commissioner of Salt and Abkari Revenue, provided always they satisfy the following conditions:—

- (1) They must not be more than 25 years of age at the date of examination.
- (2) They must have passed (i) the First Examination in Arts of the Madras University, or (ii) an equal or a higher examination of any other University in the British Empire, or (iii) the Government Upper Secondary Examination.
- (3) They must produce evidence of good character—
 - (i) from the Head Master or Principal of their last school or college, or
 - (ii) from the Head of their office if in Government employ, or
 - (iii) from their last employer if in private employ.
- (4) They must not be less than 5 feet 5 inches in height, nor less than 32 inches round the chest.
- (5) They must, prior to examination, produce a certificate of health and physical fitness in the form hereinafter prescribed, from a Board of Commissioned Medical Officers to be convened for that purpose by the Surgeon-General with Government.

4. In the months of May or June preceding the examination, a notice shall be published in the Gazette specifying, among other particulars, the number of appointments to be competed for, and the number of candidates that will be allowed to compete for them.

5. Every person desirous of being admitted to the examination shall, in the first instance, submit an application for permission to appear, in the form prescribed in Appendix I, to the Commissioner of Salt and Abkari Revenue on or before the 31st July. If the Commissioner approves of his candidature, he shall arrange with the Surgeon-General with Government for his examination at the Presidency town by a Board of Commissioned Medical Officers not later than the 31st August. If such Board finds him physically fit for service in the Salt and Abkari Department, the President shall forward to the Commissioner a certificate signed by himself and his colleagues in the form given in Appendix II, and if not, he will report to the Commissioner accordingly. Only those candidates who obtain the certificate above-mentioned shall be deemed to have been definitely selected to compete for the examination under Article 3 above, and each of such candidates shall be furnished with an order in the form given in Appendix III, which order must be forwarded along with the candidate's application to the Commissioner for Government Examinations for admission to the examination in the manner prescribed in Article 18 of this notification.

Note.—The medical examination above required shall be distinct from, and more stringent than that prescribed for the ordinary branches of the public service.

Proviso.—In the case of candidates already in the Department, the Commissioner may, at his discretion, dispense with the medical examination required by this Article.

6. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination who has not previously paid into a Government treasury the sum of Rs. 20. The fee-receipt granted to him by the Treasury Officer must be attached to his application for admission to the examination.

7. The following are the subjects of examination. Every candidate must bring up all the compulsory and one of the optional subjects.

COMPULSORY SUBJECTS.

(1) *English Grammar and Language.*—As treated in the first three parts of Meiklejohn's work on the English language, its grammar and history, or any similar work covering the same ground.

(2) *Composition.*—The candidates will be required (i) to write an essay on one of several subjects selected by the Examiners, (ii) to write an official letter or report in proper form from hints furnished by the Examiners, and (iii) to relate in narrative form some public events of recent occurrence with which the candidates may be supposed to be acquainted.

(3) *Précis-writing.*—To write a précis of a set of official papers relating to one and the same subject.

(4) *History.*—The Histories of England and India from the earliest times down to the present.

(5) *Arithmetic.*—The whole subject.

OPTIONAL SUBJECTS.

(1) *English Literature.*—The history of its rise and progress, as set forth in such works as the "Student's Manual of English Literature" by Thomas B. Shaw, or "A Manual of English Literature" by Thomas Arnold.

(2) *Deductive Logic.*—As defined by the syllabus for the B.A. Degree Examination of the Madras University.

(3) *Mathematics.*—Algebra, Geometry and Plane Trigonometry as defined by the syllabus for the B.A. Degree Examination of the Madras University.

(4) *Experimental Physics and Inorganic Chemistry.*—As defined by the syllabus i. (a) and i. (b) for the B.A. Degree Examination of the Madras University.

(5) *Physiology.*—Defined as to its scope by the syllabus for the F.A. Examination of the Madras University. The standard to be similar to that of the B.A. Degree Examination.

(6) *Physiography.*—Defined as to its scope by the syllabus for the F.A. Examination of the Madras University. The standard to be similar to that of the B.A. Degree Examination.

(7) *Political Economy.*—As in Fawcett's "Manual of Political Economy," or any book covering the same ground.

8. The following table gives the order of time in which the subjects will be taken up and the maximum marks to be assigned to each subject:—

Days.	Hours.	Subjects.	Marks.	Aggregate marks.
First day	10 A.M. to 1 P.M. ... 2 to 5 P.M. ...	English Composition... Do. Grammar and Language.	150 100	700
Second day	10 A.M. to 1 P.M. ... 2 to 5 P.M. ...	Précis-writing ... History ...	150 100	
Third day	10 A.M. to 1 P.M. ... 2 to 5 P.M. ...	Arithmetic ... Optional subject	100 100	

9. Any candidate failing to obtain a third of the marks in Composition or in Précis-writing will be considered to have failed, whatever marks he may have obtained in the other subjects. If a candidate fails to obtain a fourth of the marks in any of the other subjects, his marks in that subject will not be allowed to count towards the total.

10. As soon as possible after the results of the examination have been tabulated, a list shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of all those who have obtained not less than 40 per cent. of the aggregate marks,—the candidates being arranged in the order of merit according to the aggregate marks obtained by them.

11. From the list so published, the Commissioner of Salt and Abkari Revenue shall select as many as may be required to fill the number of vacancies in his Department declared under Article 4 of this notification to be thrown open to competition, beginning with the candidate who stands first in the list and proceeding downwards, until the number required is complete. Such candidates shall be called "Successful candidates" and shall be considered, if in other respects qualified, to have a claim to employment in the Department.

12. "Successful candidates" before they are appointed to any of the posts for which they were permitted to compete, shall be required to pass a test in Riding before the Equitation Board at an examination held by the Board in the month of January or in the month of July immediately following the month in which the Competitive Examination was held, and any candidate failing to pass the test at the latter examination shall become disqualified for appointment.

[*Note.*—Any candidate who appeared for the Competitive Examination in December may appear for the Riding examination in January, if, at the time the latter examination is held, the results of the former have not been announced; but at the examination held in July, only those candidates will be allowed to appear whose names are in the list published in the *Gazette*. Candidates who failed at the examination held in January will be allowed a second chance at the examination held in July.]

13. If a "Successful candidate" fails to pass the test in Riding at the examination held in July, or from any other cause becomes disqualified, the candidate in the published list next in order of merit to the "Successful candidates," and in other respects duly qualified, shall be deemed a "Successful candidate" and shall become qualified for appointment, if he has passed the test in Riding.

14. "Successful candidates" who have passed the test in Riding, shall be entitled to appointments of Rs. 100 and upwards as Assistant Inspectors or as Clerks, and, as vacancies occur, shall be offered such appointments in the order in which they stand at the examination, provided that no candidate who is a European shall ordinarily receive such an appointment until he has resided at least three years in India, and provided also that when an appointment falls vacant to which a successful candidate would be entitled, and the candidate next in the list is still undergoing the Riding Test, the appointment may be offered to the successful candidate next below him, if any, who has already completed the test. Every selected candidate so appointed shall be considered to be on probation, i.e., to hold his appointment *sub. pro tem.* for one year. In offering appointments to successful candidates, those of an earlier year, if any, shall be given precedence over those of a later one.

15. No candidate, who refuses an appointment offered to him, shall have any further claim for employment in the Department. And no candidate shall be offered a first appointment of higher value than that offered to any man who stands above him at the same Competitive Examination.

16. Until all these successful candidates at each competition have received the offer of an appointment, no appointments of the classes referred to in Article 14 shall be made either by promotion or nomination.

17. If the number of candidates who obtain not less than 40 per cent. of the aggregate marks falls short of the number required to fill the vacancies thrown open to competition, the vacancies that remain after the successful candidates have been provided with appointments shall be filled by promotion or nomination. If it so happens that in any year there are no candidates who obtain the prescribed minimum of 40 per cent., all the vacant appointments reserved for competition shall be similarly filled by promotion, or by nomination.

18. Persons who are desirous of being admitted to the examination, and who have received from the Commissioner of Salt and Abkari Revenue an order of admission, must apply on forms which may be obtained from the Secretary to the Commissioner of Salt and Abkari Revenue, or from the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations, within the time allowed, whereof notice shall have been given under Article 4 of this notification. All applications for admission to the examination must be addressed to the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations.

APPENDIX I.

SALT AND ABKARI DEPARTMENT.

(COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.)

Form of application for permission to appear for the Competitive Examination for the Salt and Abkari Department to be held on the 15th December and following days.

NOTE.—The order for permission to appear for the examination will not be issued unless this form, filled up by the candidate himself, is received at the Office of the Commissioner, Salt and Abkari Revenue, Madras, on or before the 31st July.

Date _____

SIR,

Being desirous to offer myself as a candidate at the Competitive Examination for the Salt and Abkari Department to be held on the 15th of December, I transmit herewith the following certificates, as required by the regulations, and beg to be favoured with an order of admission to the examination:—

(i) In the case of Christians, this certificate should be a copy of the candidate's baptismal certificate, and in the case of natives, who are non-Christians, a duly authenticated extract from the candidate's horoscope, or other reliable record of birth.

(ii) Certificates should be submitted in original, and the name of examination, the date when passed, and page of the *Gazette* containing the name, should be distinctly and separately specified.

(iii) The testimonial must be from—

(a) the Head Master or Principal of the candidate's last school or college, or

(b) the Head of his office, if he is in Government employ, or

(c) from his employer, if he is in private employ.

(2) I am a son of _____

If the candidate is a Euro- who is employed as _____
pean his period of residence in was _____
this country should be stated. in _____
and am by birth a _____

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant;

Name in full _____

Designation and _____

address in full. _____

To

THE SECRETARY TO THE COMMISSIONER,

SALT AND ABKARI REVENUE,

Madras.

APPENDIX II.

CERTIFICATE OF HEALTH AND PHYSICAL FITNESS.

We certify that to the best of our ability, and after a thorough examination, we find in _____ son of _____ no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity unfitting him, or likely to unfit him, for service in the Salt and Abkari Department. We further certify that he appears to be strong and healthy, and capable of undergoing fatigue, and enduring hardship. He is not less than 5 feet 5 inches in height, and not less than 32 inches round the chest, and appears to be about _____ years of age.

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NOTE.—This certificate should be signed by the President and Members of the Medical Board by which it is granted under Article 5 of the notification.

APPENDIX III.

ORDER OF ADMISSION TO THE SALT AND ABKARI COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.

son of _____

is permitted to appear for the Competitive Examination for the Salt and Abkari Department to be held on the 15th December 190 .

(By order.)

MADRAS,

190 . }

Secretary to the Commissioner,
Salt and Abkari Revenue.

NOTE.—This order should be attached to the candidate's application for admission to the Examination to be forwarded to the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations.

APPENDIX IV.

APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION TO THE COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR THE
SALT AND ABKARI DEPARTMENT.

15th December 190 .

1	Name of candidate (in full).
2	Father's name (in full).
3	Age and date of birth.
4	Fixed place of residence and address, showing the name of the District, Taluk, Town or Village, &c., (in full).
5	Class of community to which candidate belongs. [The candidate will here enter Brahman, other Hindu, Panchama, Muhammadan, Native Christian, Eurasian or European, as the case may be.]
6	Where educated.
7	Designation of office at present held, if any.
8	* The General Education Test passed which qualifies candidate to appear for the Competitive Examination for the Salt and Abkari Department.
9	Optional subject in which candidate wishes to be examined.
10	Signature of Treasury officer showing that the fees have been paid and the entries verified as far as possible.

Received from _____
the sum of Rupees _____ being
the fee paid by him for admission
to the Competitive Examination
for the Salt and Abkari Department
to be held at _____ on the _____

Treasury Officer.

Every candidate is required to send his application, together with the order of the Commissioner, Salt and Abkari Revenue, permitting him to compete, direct to the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations, Madras, so as to reach the Commissioner's office not later than the 30th September next, after which date no applications will be received. The cover should be superscribed "Application for admission to the Competitive Examination for the Salt and Abkari Department."

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Signature of candidate _____

Date of Application.

J. F. PRICE, Chief Secretary.

* The name of examination or test, the date when passed, and page of the *Gazette* containing the name to be distinctly and separately specified.

PUBLIC SERVICE NOTIFICATION.

Ootacamund, May 9, 1894.

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADMISSION TO THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

No. 56.—The following notification is published for general information. It will come into operation on the 1st July 1894.

NOTE 1.—The rules contained in this notification shall in nowise affect the promotion of persons who held permanent appointments before they first came into force on the 1st July 1894, provided that their promotion was not already barred by any rules previously in force, nor shall they apply to persons acting in appointments for which, though qualified under the rules in force on the 30th June 1894, they may not be qualified under the present notification, such persons being eligible for confirmation in the appointments in which they are officiating if they fall permanently vacant before the termination of the acting incumbency.

NOTE 2.—These rules apply, unless otherwise expressly provided, to all appointments, whether pensionable or non-pensionable, temporary or acting.

NOTE 3.—Appointments carrying incremental pay are, for the purposes of this notification, treated as appointments carrying a fixed pay equal to the average pay calculated in accordance with Article 164 of the Civil Service Regulations.

1. No person shall be eligible for appointment to a post carrying a pay of less than Rs. 15 *per mensem*, but classed as "Superior" in the Civil Service Regulations, nor shall any person be eligible for appointment to any of the posts classed as "Inferior" which are specified in column I of Schedule A appended to this notification, unless he produces a certificate of having passed the Primary Examination,* or some other examination accepted by Government for the purposes of this notification as equivalent to it.

NOTE.—The following examinations shall be accepted as equivalent to the Primary Examination:—

- (1) The late Upper Primary Examination, if the certificate was granted before 1st December 1889.
- (2) The late Special Upper Primary Examination.
- (3) The late General Test Examination.
- (4) The late Middle School Examination.
- (5) The Lower Secondary Examination.
- (6) The Fifth and Sixth Standard Examinations conducted by Primary Examination Boards.

2. No person shall be eligible for appointment to a post carrying a pay of Rs. 15 *per mensem* and upwards and classed as "Superior" in the Civil Service Regulations, unless he has passed the Madras Upper Secondary Examination, with English as his first language, or the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University, or some other examination accepted by Government for the purposes of this notification as equivalent to them. Persons not being natives of India, who have passed no public examination, must satisfy Government that they have received an education at least up to the standard of the Upper Secondary or the Matriculation Examination.

NOTE 1.—The following examinations shall be accepted as equivalent to the Upper Secondary or the Matriculation Examination:—

- (1) The late Higher Examination for Women.
- (2) The Oxford or Cambridge Senior Local Examinations.
- (3) The Matriculation Examination of the London University.
- (4) The School Final Examination of the Allahabad University.
- (5) The F.A. Examination of the Calcutta University.
- (6) The Senior Commercial Examination of the London Chamber of Commerce.

The cases of persons who have passed other examinations of a similar character may be referred for the special orders of Government.

NOTE 2.—All under-graduates shall be required to have passed in Handwriting and in Dictation as prescribed under first language (English) in the Upper Secondary Examination notification. Under-graduates who passed in Handwriting before 1896 will not be required to have passed in Dictation.†

* The Primary Examination qualification will not be required of candidates for the offices of Head Constables and Constables in the Police Department till 1st January 1905, and of petty officers and Peons in the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department, till the 1st January 1904, but in making appointments to such offices, preference will, as a rule, be given to men who have passed the examination.

The Entrance Examination of the Bombay, Allahabad and Calcutta Universities are not accepted as equivalent to either the Upper Secondary Examination or to the Madras University Matriculation Examination.

† Under-graduates who passed the late Handwriting Test for Matriculates, or the late Middle School Examination in the first class, are exempt from passing this test—vide Government notification, dated 28th August 1894, No. 90, Educational. The examination for the Handwriting and Dictation Test for under-graduates is held twice in the year, once in May and a second time in December. The fee for admission to the examination is Rs. 3.

3. Articles 1 and 2 shall not be held applicable to the following appointments:—

- (1) Appointments which are specially mentioned in column II of Schedule A appended to this notification.
- (2) Appointments in the Agency tracts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari.
- (3) Acting appointments in any Department which do not exceed three months in duration, if the acting allowance, inclusive of any local allowance available, is not more than Rs. 15 *per mensem*; provided that the sanction of the Head of the Department is obtained before any unpassed man is appointed.

NOTE.—District Judges, Collectors of districts, Conservators of forests, Superintending Engineers and the Examiner of Public Works Accounts, Madras, are regarded as Heads of Departments for the purpose of this clause.

In Ganjam, Vizagapatam, the Ceded Districts and the Nilgiris, the Collector may sanction the entertainment of unpassed candidates in the Revenue or Magisterial Departments up to a period of six months and Divisional Officers up to three months, provided that *bona fide* endeavours have been made without success to obtain passed candidates. In other districts, Revenue Divisional Officers, may, subject to the same proviso as above, and so far as their taluk officers are concerned, entertain unpassed candidates up to a period of three months.

(4) Appointments in the Forest Department which—

- (a) are of a temporary character and carry pay which is chargeable to "Conservancy and Works";
- (b) are of a permanent or temporary character and carry pay which is not chargeable to "Works" and does not exceed Rs. 12 *per mensem*;
- (c) carry a pay of more than Rs. 12 but not more than Rs. 15, provided that the Board of Revenue is satisfied that qualified candidates cannot be obtained.

(5) The appointments of Classifiers and Head Classifiers on the Field Establishments of Deputy Commissioners of Settlement (subject, however, to the condition that the sanction of the Commissioner is obtained).

(6) The appointments of extra and temporary hands in the Revenue Settlement Department.

(7) Temporary appointments in the Survey Department.

(8) The appointment of Copyist in all Departments.

NOTE.—In the case of the appointment of Copyist in Divisional and Taluk offices, preference should be given to candidates who have qualified according to Article (2) and have passed the Elementary Examination in Type-writing.

(9) Appointments in the Public Works Department, the pay of which is chargeable to "Works."

(10) Appointments of all persons employed on Railway service.

(11) Appointments in the offices of the Consulting Engineer for Railways and the Examiner of the Guaranteed Railway Accounts.

(12) In the Government Press, Madras; (i) the appointment of Packer; (ii) appointments, except those of Clerks, in the Composing, the Press and Machine, and the Binding Departments; (iii) appointments in the Type Foundry, (iv) the appointments of Warehouseman in the Store and Stock Department; and (v) appointments, except those of Storekeeper, Proof-Reader, and Peon, in the Penitentiary Branch.

(13) Appointments in the Postal Department, the pay of which is paid from the Provincial grant for the District Post.

(14) Appointments of Mastering Women attached to Stipend Pay offices.

(15) Appointments of Light Keepers and temporary appointments in the Port Department.

(16) Appointments of minor Irrigation Maistries in the Revenue Department. Preference shall be given to candidates who have passed the examination prescribed for the Sub-Overseer and Surveyor class in the College of Engineering to Agricultural students who have passed in Agricultural Engineering and Surveying and to those who have passed the Government Technical Examinations in Mensuration (Elementary), Building Construction (Intermediate), Plan Drawing and Estimating (Elementary), and Surveying and Levelling (Intermediate).

4. The following classes of persons are granted the concessions indicated below:—

(1) Pensioners and Reservists of the Army including those who have been discharged with gratuities are not required to have passed any tests before appointment to inferior service;

(2) Pensioned Native officers of the rank of Jamadar or Subadar, and other military pensioners including those who have discharged with gratuities possessing (a) regimental certificates of education (class II for non-commissioned officers and class I for other ranks); (b) certificates under Article 196 of Volume 13 of the Army Regulations; and (c) certificates as Army Schoolmasters, are not required to have qualified according to the preceding articles of this notification before appointment to the following posts, viz.:—

- (i) the posts of Inspector, Station-House Officer, Head Constable, Constable and Inspector-General's office Storekeeper in the Police Department;
- (ii) the posts of Bailiff and Courtkeeper;
- (iii) the posts of Storekeeper in Government Hospitals and Lunatic Asylums;
- (iv) the post of Sub-Inspector in the Salt and Abkari Department;
- (v) the posts of Chief, Deputy Chief, Assistant Chief and Head Warder and of Executive Assistant Jailor in District Jails in the Jail Department;
- (vi) the posts of Field Surveyor, Deputy Surveyor and Draftsman in the Survey Department;

- (vii) the post of Clerk in the Port Department;
- (viii) the posts of Drill and Gymnastic Instructors in the Educational Department;
- (ix) the posts of Storekeeper, Lock Superintendent, Wharf Superintendent, and, in the case of Native officers and Non-commissioned officers in the corps of Sappers and Miners, temporary Lower Subordinates, in the Public Works Department;
- (x) the post of Amins in Courts;
- (xi) the posts of Shroff, Channel Superintendent, Quit-rent Kanakkapillai in the Town of Madras and Gumastah for stamping weights and measures in Taluk Offices, in the Revenue Department;
- (xii) the posts of Forester and of temporary Subordinates not being Clerks, on Rs. 15 and upwards but below the grade of Deputy Ranger, in the Forest Department;
- (xiii) superior appointments in District Presses."

(3) Draftsmen and Surveyors who possess certificates of the College of Engineering, Madras, or the Draftsman's Group Certificate in Mechanical Drawing awarded under the notification regulating the Government Technical Examination may be appointed to any post in the Conservancy Establishment.

(4) Candidates for the posts of Draftsman and Surveyor in all Departments, except the Madras Survey Departments when such posts carry pay of Rs. 15 and upwards, are required to produce a certificate of a suitable grade from the College of Engineering, Madras, but are not required to have qualified according to Article 2.

Candidates for the post of tracer must either possess a draftsman's certificate or the qualifications required under Article 2.

(5) Candidates for the post of Hospital Assistant are required to produce a certificate from the Medical College, Madras, but are not required to have qualified according to Article 2.

(6) Candidates for the post of Deputy Inspector of Vaccination are required to possess such qualifications only as are mentioned in the Vaccination Code.

(7) Pandits and Munshis, Gymnastic Instructors and Industrial Teachers in Government schools are required to possess such qualifications only as are specified in the Educational Rules.

(8) Shroffs, Clerk-Shroffs and Assistant Shroffs are required to qualify under Article 1 only.

(9) Head Constables are required to have qualified according to Article 1 only.

(10) Head Constables who have passed the Criminal Test, Lower Grade, and the Précis-writing Test are eligible for appointment to the rank of Inspector of Police.

(11) Employés in the Examining Department of the Government Press, Madras, are not required to have qualified under Article 2, but Proof-readers, including the *Gazette Indexer*, must have passed the examination in Proof-reader's work, Elementary grade, under the notification regulating the Government Technical Examinations, and Examiners must have passed the same examination in the Intermediate grade.

(12) Boat-Overseers, Port Signallers and Flag Lascars in the Port Department are required to pass in the compulsory subjects of the Primary Examination only. Retired and discharged men of the British Army, who have obtained certificates under Article 196 of Volume 13 of the Army Regulations, are not required to pass any other tests before appointment to the Presidency Light House service.

(13) Candidates for the post of Type-writing Clerk are only required to have passed the Government Technical Examination in Type-writing. Those who have passed the Elementary Examination will be granted a pay of Rs. 20-1-25 and those who have passed the Intermediate Examination, Rs. 25-1-35.

NOTE.—This concession does not apply to the appointments of Copyist and Type-writing Clerk in Collectors' offices, candidates for which should have qualified according to Article 2 also.

(14) Head Warders in the Jail Department and Head-keepers in Lunatic Asylums are required to have qualified according to Article 1 only.

(15) Candidates possessing the Draftsman's Group Certificate in Mechanical Drawing awarded under the notification regulating the Government Technical Examinations will be eligible for appointment as draftsmen in any department whether they have qualified under Article 2 or not.

(16) Passed students of the Imperial Forest School, Dehra Dun, will not be required to qualify under Article 1 or 2.

(17) Field Surveyors and Deputy Surveyors of the Survey Department who were in service on 1st January 1902 are required to have passed the departmental tests 'entitled the Field Surveyor's Test' and 'Deputy Surveyor's Test,' respectively, but are not required to qualify according to Article 1 or 2.

Candidates entering the Department in the abovementioned grades after 1st January 1902 will be required to qualify according to Article 1 before admission to the Departmental Tests.

(18) Candidates for appointment as teachers who hold second grade collegiate or Upper Secondary trained teachers' certificates are not required to have passed in hand-writing and dictation.

5. In addition to the general education qualification mentioned in Article 2, candidates before appointment to particular posts, or before promotion to or confirmation in such, shall be required to pass such tests of a special, professional or technical nature as may, from time to time, be declared by Government to be applicable to them. A list of these particular posts and of the qualifying tests required for each is given in Schedule B to this notification.

Schedule A showing what appointments in the 'Superior' and 'Inferior' Services of Government fall under, or are excluded from, the operation of Article 1 of the Public Service Notification subject to the exceptions and concessions allowed by articles 3 and 4 of the notification.

To be included.	To be excluded.	REMARKS.
I	II	III

GENERAL.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>(1) Superior appointments—
All appointments carrying pay less than Rs. 15 per mensem, which are classed as 'Superior' in the Civil Service Regulations, with the exception of those specially excluded by this Schedule.</p> <p>All Shroffs and Assistant Shroffs, whatever their pay.</p> <p>(2) Inferior appointments—
The appointments of the following classes of servants, which are classed under 'Inferior Service' in the Civil Service Regulations:—
Clerks, Section-writers, Reference-pickers, Conicopillais, Attenders or Dufferbunds; Muchies or Daftaries; Peons in all Departments, including those on field duty; Gollahs; Daffadars; Chobdars; Jamadars (with the exception of those employed in the Commissariat Department; Dalayats; All Lascars whose duties are similar to those of Peons and are not menial in character.</p> | <p>(1) The appointments of the following servants, which are menial in character:—
Gardeners; Chowkidars; Malichowkidars; Messengers; Masaljis; Night-watchmen; Watchmen; Pankah-pullers; Sweepers; Scavengers or Totis; Water-carriers; Pakkalis; Dhooly-bearers; Cooks; Lamp-lighters.</p> |
|---|--|

DEPARTMENTAL.

The following appointments provided that they are superior appointments carrying pay of less than Rs. 15 per mensem or are inferior appointments:—

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>(1) Settlement Department—
Field Peons.</p> <p>(2) Survey Department—
Draftsmen, Compositors, Measuring Peons.</p> <p>(3) Land Revenue Department—
Process Amins, Peons, Batta Peons.</p> <p>(4) Separate Revenue Department—
Amins, Petty Officers.</p> <p>(5) Inam Commissioner's Office—
Pasters.</p> | <p>(1) Settlement Department—
Acting and Sub. <i>pro tem.</i> Field Peons.</p> <p>(2) Survey Department—
Artificers, Lithographers.</p> <p>(3) Land Revenue Department—
One peon in every Revenue office, provided he is a Farrier.</p> <p>(4) Separate Revenue Department—
.....</p> <p>(5) Inam Commissioner's Office—
.....</p> |
|---|--|

partment till the 1st January 1904; but in making appointments to such posts, preference shall, as a rule, be given to men who have passed the examination.

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|--|---|---|
| <p>(6) Village offices—
Karnams, Village Headmen and Monegars.</p> | <p>(6) Village offices—
All Village Officers other than those required to pass the Primary Examination.</p> | <p>*The Primary Examination qualification will not be required of candidates for the posts of Petty Officers and Peons in the Salt, Abkari and Customs Department.</p> <p>Karnams, Village Headmen and Monegars are required to have passed the Village Officers' Special Test.</p> |
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Collectors and Divisional Officers have the power of exempting persons from passing the Primary Examination in view to their appointment as Village Officers.

Schedule A showing what appointments in the 'Superior' and 'Inferior,' &c.—concl'd.

To be included.	To be excluded.	REMARKS.
I	II	III
DEPARTMENTAL—concl'd.		
(7) Stamp Department— Counters and Markers.	(7) Stamp Department—	
(8) Ports— Godown-keepers.	(8) Ports— Boatmen, Light-keepers on less than Rs 9, and Catamaran Maistries.	
(9) Office of the Commissioner of Paper Currency— Coin-payers, Potadars, Notepasters and Stitchers, Notecancellors, Pressmen.	(9) Office of the Commissioner of Paper Currency— Mechanics, Assistant Potadars.	
(10) Jails— Warders and Head Warders.	(10) Jails—	
(11) Government Central Museum—	(11) Government Central Museum— Humals.	
(12) Civil Courts— Amins, Process-writers, Process-peons, Court-keepers, Bailiffs.	(12) Civil Courts—	
(13) Police— Constables and Head Constables.	(13) Police—	The Primary Examination qualification will not be required till the 1st January 1905, but in making appointments to such offices preference shall, as a rule, be given to men who have passed the examination.
(14) Educational Department— Teachers in Government Schools, Laboratory and Museum Attendants.	(14) Educational Department— Sewing Mistresses and Sewing Masters.	
(15) Medical Department— Compounders and First Class Keepers in Lunatic Asylums.	(15) Medical Department— Ward Attendants, Ward Coolies, Warders in Lunatic Asylums other than Head or First Class Keepers, Packers in Medical Stores, Tindals.	
(16) Presses— Compositors, Apprentices and Reading boys.	(16) Presses— Pressmen, Ballmen, Wheelers, Distributors.	
(17) Public Works Department— Store-keepers, Messengers and Superintendents of Irrigation and Conservancy Establishments.	(17) Public Works Department— Lascars on Rupees five per mensem and under.	

Schedule B showing the various offices in 'Superior Service' for which Special, Professional, or Technical tests are prescribed.

Offices or Appointments.	Tests.	REMARKS.
GENERAL.		
Sub-Judges, District Munsifs, Deputy Collectors, Tahsildars, Deputy Tahsildars and Inspectors of Police (except Reserve Inspectors) and all ministerial officers (except Registrars and Deputy and Assistant Registrars of the High Court) who hold any office not falling within the scope of Article 3 of the Public Service notification, and who are in receipt of salaries amounting to not less than Rs. 60 per mensem.	Précis-writing Test	All ministerial officers who, on the 1st July 1894, were in receipt of salaries less than Rs. 80 per mensem, but not less than Rs. 60, shall be required to pass this test before they are promoted to any post carrying higher pay.

Schedule B showing the various offices in 'Superior Service,' &c.—cont'd.

Offices or Appointments.	Tests.	REMARKS.
GOVERNMENT SECRETARIAT.		
(1) First Assistant	in the Revenue Department.	Revenue Test, Higher Grade. Account Test, do.
(2) Second do.		
(3) Registrar		
(4) Head Clerk		
(5) Clerks on Rs. 70 and upwards	Revenue Test, Higher Grade.	
(6) Budget Clerk in the Public Department.	Account Test, do.	
(7) Clerks on Rs. 50 and upwards in the Local and Municipal Department.	Do. do.	
(8) Clerks on Rs. 50 and upwards in the Public and Revenue Departments.	Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(9) Translators	Do. do.	
(10) Accountant in the Government Press.	Account Test, Higher Grade.	
REVENUE DEPARTMENT.		
(1) Uncovenanted Assistants in the office of the Board of Revenue.	Revenue Test, Higher Grade. Account Test, do. Translation Test, Lower Grade.	Deputy Collectors are also required to pass the Third class Vernacular languages afterwards.
(2) Deputy Collectors	Revenue Test, Higher Grade. Account Test, do. Criminal Judicial Test, Higher Grade.*	
Test before appointment and the Compulsory Vernacular Test in two languages afterwards.		
(3) Huzur Sheristadar	Revenue Test, Lower Grade. Account Test, do. Translation Test, do.	
(4) English Head Clerk	in Collectors' offices.	Revenue Test, do. Account Test, do. Translation Test, do.
(5) Vernacular Head Clerk		
(6) Record-keepers	do.	Translation Test, do.
(7) Translators		Account Test, Higher Grade.
(8) Head Accountants in Collectors' offices.	Do. do.	
(9) The Second Accountant on Rs. 50 in the Nilgiri Collector's office.		
(10) Head Clerk in Sub-Collectors' offices, Head Assistant Collectors' offices, General Charge Deputy Collectors' offices	Revenue Test, Lower Grade. Account Test, do. Translation Test, do.	
(11) Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars (including Stationary and Town Sub-Magistrates).	Revenue Test, Lower Grade. Account Test, do. Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade.† Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(12) Taluk Sheristadars and Taluk Head Accountants (except in Madras).	Revenue Test, do. Account Test, do. Translation Test, do. Revenue Test, do. Account Test, do.	Taluk Sheristadars when they are also Magistrates are required to have passed the Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade. The
(13) Revenue Inspectors		

* Or the Pleaders' Test, First Grade, or the B.L. Degree Examination.

† Or the Pleaders' Test, Second Grade.

Schedule B showing the various offices in 'Superior Service,' &c.—contd.

Offices or Appointments.	Tests.	REMARKS.
REVENUE DEPARTMENT—concl'd.		
(14) Accountants on Rs. 50 and upwards in the office of the Board of Revenue (except in the Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture Department, where the inferior limit of pay is Rs. 100).	Account Test, Higher Grade.	Accountants in the Separate Revenue Department of the office of the Board of Revenue who are required to pass Salt and Abkari Test C, are not required to pass the Account Test, Higher Grade.
(15) All appointments (not being Secretariat appointments) to which salaries of Rs. 50 and upwards are attached in the office of the Board of Revenue.	Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(16) Translators in the office of the Board of Revenue.	Do. do.	
(17) Accountants on Rs. 50 and upwards in the office of the Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery.	Account Test, Higher Grade.	
(18) Minor Irrigation Supervisors and Overseers.	Examinations prescribed for the Engineering Subordinate Overseer Class, College of Engineering.	
(19) Minor Irrigation Sub-Overseers.	(i) Examinations prescribed for the Sub-Overseer and Surveyor Class, College of Engineering, or (ii) Examinations in agricultural Engineering and Surveying and Levelling prescribed for the diploma in Agriculture under the Government Technical Examination scheme.	
(20) Native Assts. to the Director of Agriculture.	The Examinations prescribed for the Diploma in Agriculture under the Government Technical Examination scheme.	
(21) Agricultural Inspectors.		
(22) Farm Superintendents.		
(23) Deputy Commissioners of Revenue Settlement.		
(24) Asst. Commissioners of Revenue Settlement.		
(25) Supervisors, Rev. Settlement.		
FOREST DEPARTMENT.		
(1) Forest Officers ...	...	The qualifications prescribed for Forest Officers not belonging to the Indian Forest Service are set out in the Forest Code.
(2) The Manager and Clerks on Rs. 50 and upwards in the Offices of the Conservators of Forests.	Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(3) Head Clerks in the Offices of District Forest Officers.	Do. do.	
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT. (Executive Branch.)		
(1) Assistant Engineer ...	Examinations prescribed for the Civil and Mechanical Engineer Classes, College of Engineering, Madras, and also the B.E. Degree Examination.	

Schedule B showing the various offices in 'Superior Service,' &c.—contd.

Offices or Appointments.	Tests.	REMARKS.
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT—concl'd. (Executive Branch)—concl'd.		
(2) Engineer Subordinates ...	Examinations prescribed for the Engineer Subordinate (Overseer) Class, College of Engineering, Madras.	Candidates must be certified to have completed both the Theoretical and the Practical course prescribed.
(3 & 4) Sub-Overseers and Surveyors.	Examination prescribed for the Sub-Overseer and Surveyor Class College of Engineering, Madras.	Candidates must be certified to have completed the prescribed course and to have passed the final examination before the Board appointed for the purpose.
(5) Draftsmen ...	Examinations prescribed for the Draftsmen Class, College of Engineering, Madras, or the special examination for a group certificate in Mechanical Drawing which has been prescribed for Draftsmen in the notification regulating the Government Technical Examinations.	Candidates must be certified to have completed the prescribed course, and to have passed the final examination before the Board appointed for the purpose.
SURVEY DEPARTMENT.		
(1) Draftsmen ...	Examinations prescribed for the Draftsmen Class, College of Engineering, Madras.	Temporary hands will not be required to have passed these tests.
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.		
(1) Assistant to District Surgeon	Examinations for the Degree of M.B. & C.M., M.D., or L.M.S., of the Madras University.	
(2) Apothecary (Military) ...	Examinations prescribed for the Students of the Apothecary Department in the Madras Medical College.	
(3) Hospital Assistant, Military Branch.	Examinations prescribed for the Students of the Hospital Assistant Department in the Madras Medical College.	
(4) Civil Hospital Assistant ...	Examinations prescribed for Students of the Hospital Assistant Department in the Madras Medical College.	
CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.		
(1) Deputy Collector of Sea Customs, Madras.	Test G., Higher grade. Revenue Test, Higher Grade. Account Test, do. Criminal Judicial Test, Higher Grade.*	Deputy Collectors are also required to pass the Third class Vernacular Test before appointment
and the Compulsory Vernacular	Test in two languages afterwards.	
(2) All other persons in the Sea Customs Department who hold appointments which carry salaries of Rs. 50 and upwards.	Test G., Higher Grade. Translation Test, Lower Grade.	The Translation Test, Lower Grade, is not required for the post of Assistant Tester in the Madras Customs House.
(3) Accountants on Rs. 50 and upwards in the Sea Customs office.	Account Test, Higher Grade.	
(4) Accountants in the Presidency Port office.	Do. do.	

* Or the Pleaders' Test, First Grade, or the B.L. Degree Examination.

Schedule B showing the various offices in 'Superior Service,' &c.—contd.

Offices or Appointments.	Tests.	REMARKS.
SALT AND ABEARI DEPARTMENT.		
(1) Inspectors ...	All the tests except C, D and G, by the Higher Grade, previous to appointment or, if their first appointment is in that grade, within two years of the same, and Test E in two vernaculars. Two years will be allowed for the passing of Tests C, D and G.	Upper Secondary and Matriculation passed candidates, First-in-Arts men and graduates shall not be required to pass in one of the two Vernaculars under Test E, Linguistic, of the Salt Tests, except under Section II, if their second language at the respective examinations was this Vernacular.
(2) Assistant Inspectors, Clerks and Accountants drawing Rs. 100 and over.	All the tests, except C, D and G, by the Lower Grade, previous to appointment or, if their first appointment is in that grade, within two years of the same, and Test E in one vernacular language other than candidate's vernacular language. Two years will be allowed for the passing of Tests C, D and G.	Candidates who have passed the Government Intermediate Technical Examination in Mensuration or in Surveying and Levelling, or in Building - Drawing and Estimating shall be exempted from passing in the corresponding subjects comprised in Salt Test D—Engineering.
(3) Sub-Inspectors drawing Rs. 60 and over.	All the tests, except C, D and G, by the Lower Grade, previous to appointment or, if their first appointment is in that grade, within two years of the same.	
(4) Clerks and Accountants drawing Rs. 50 and over.	All the tests, except A, D and G, by the Lower Grade, previous to appointment or, if their first appointment is in that grade, within two years of the same.	

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

(1) Translators in the High Court.	Translation Test, Higher Grade.	Officers of the Judicial Department who have passed the old Civil Higher or Civil Lower Grade Test or the Pleaders' Tests are exempted from passing the Civil Judicial Test.
(2) Sheristadars in District Courts	{ Civil Judicial Test.* Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade.* Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(3) Translators in District Courts.	Translation Test, Higher Grade.	Translators in certain District Courts are required to have passed the Translation Test, Lower Grade, in a second language.

* Or the Pleaders' Test, Second Grade.

Schedule B showing the various offices in 'Superior Service,' &c.—contd.

Offices or Appointments.	Tests.	REMARKS.
JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT—concl'd.		
(4) Head Clerks in District Courts.	Civil Judicial Test.* Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade.* Translation Test, Lower Grade.	The qualifications prescribed for the posts of Sub-Judge and District Munsif are set out in the Provincial Civil Service Rules, published on pages 559—563 of Part I, of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 22nd May 1894. The only Special test prescribed for these appointments is the Précis-writing Test.
(5) Translators in the Court of Small Causes, Madras.	Translation Test, Higher Grade.	
(6) Translators in the City Civil Court.	Do. do.	
(7) Head Clerk in the Court of Small Causes, Madras.	Civil Judicial Test.* Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(8) Head Clerk, City Civil Court	Civil Judicial Test.* Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(9) Subordinate Judges and District Munsifs.	...	
(10) Sheristadar, Subordinate Judges' Courts.	Civil Judicial Test.* Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(11) Head Clerk, Subordinate Judges' Courts and District Munsifs' Courts.	Civil Judicial Test.* Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(12) Chief Clerk or Manager in the Presidency Magistrates' Courts.	Criminal Judicial Test, Higher Grade.† Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(13) Translators in the Presidency Magistrates' Courts.	Translation Test, Higher Grade.	
(14) Appeal Examiner in the High Court.	Civil Judicial Test.*	
(15) Criminal Appeals Clerk	{ Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade.*	
(16) Criminal Revision Cases Clerk		
(17) Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Examiner, Record-keeper or Clerk in the Correspondence Department in any Court other than the High Court drawing salaries of Rs. 50 and upwards.	Translation Test, Lower Grade.	
(18) Accountant, Appellate Side, High Court.	Account Test, Higher Grade.	
(19) Central Nazirs and the Nazir in the City Civil Court.	Civil Judicial Test.* Translation Test, Lower Grade.	

* Or the Pleaders' Test, Second Grade.

† Or the Pleaders' Test, First Grade, or the B.L. Degree Examination.

Schedule B showing the various offices in 'Superior Service,' &c.—contd.

Offices or Appointments.	Tests.	REMARKS.
JAIL DEPARTMENT.		
(1) Jailer	{ Jail Test Account Test, Lower Grade ...	Candidates who have passed the Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade, will not be required to pass the Jail Test to qualify for the posts for which it is prescribed.
(2) Deputy Jailer	{ Jail Test. Account Test, Lower Grade.	
POLICE DEPARTMENT.		
(1) Police Inspector (except Reserve Inspector).	Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade.*	Police Inspectors are required to pass after appointment a test in Police Departmental Orders and Practice.
(2) Manager and Accountant in District Police Offices.	{ Criminal Judicial Test, Lower Grade. Account Test, Higher Grade. The Précis-writing Test.	
EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.		
(1) Sub-Assistant Inspectors and Inspectresses of Schools.	The Sub-Assistants' Test ...	Upper Secondary passed candidates who are Europeans or Eurasians are exempted from passing the compulsory test prescribed in the notification sanctioned in G.O., of the 15th September 1896,
(2) Clerks in receipt of Rs. 50 and upwards except clerks in colleges.	Do do	
(3) Teachers in Government Colleges and Schools.	L. T. Degree Examination or Teachers' Certificate Examination of the grade corresponding to their general educational attainments.	
(4) Gymnastic Instructors ...	Gymnastic Instructors' Certificate Examination.	
No. 573, if their second language at the Upper Secondary Examination was a Vernacular.		
(5) Teachers of Agriculture (for Classes of the Intermediate Standard).	The examination prescribed for the Diploma in Agriculture under the Government Technical Examination scheme.	
REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.		
(1) District Registrars	{ Civil Judicial Test. Account Test, Higher Grade. }	Registrars are not required to pass in Civil Rules of Practice. Sub-Registrars who have passed the old 'Civil Higher' or 'Civil Lower' grade Test or the Pleaders' tests, are exempted from passing the Civil Judicial test for promotion to District Registrarships.
(2) The Manager and Accountants on Rs. 50 and upwards in the Office of the Inspector-General of Registration.	Account Test, Higher Grade.	

* Or the Pleaders' Test, Second Grade,

Schedule B showing the various offices in 'Superior Service,' &c.—concl'd.

Offices or Appointments.	Tests.	REMARKS.
MISCELLANEOUS.		
(1) The Assistant to the Hindustani Translator to Government.	Translation Test, Higher Grade.	
(2) Munshis in the offices of the Translators to Government.	Do. do.	
(3) The two Senior Clerks in the offices of the Translators to Government.	Do. Lower Grade.	
(4) The Magager and Treasury Officer and the Head Accountant in the office of the Resident in Travancore and Cochin.	Account Test, Higher Grade.	
(5) Clerks in the Office of the Consular Agent, Pondicherry.	Do. Lower Grade.	

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The Establishment of the Department is divided into two distinct branches, viz., the Executive and the Accounts.

The Executive branch is classified as follows:—

- I. Engineer Establishment.
- II. Upper Subordinate Establishment.
- III. Lower Subordinate Establishment.
- IV. Office Establishment (including Draftsmen).
- V. Petty Establishment.

The Accounts branch is divided into:—

- (a) Superior
- (b) Subordinate.

2. In addition to the above, there is a separate Conservancy Establishment for Irrigation Works, and an Establishment of Surveyors who are engaged temporarily according to requirements.

Engineer Establishment.

3. First appointments to the Engineer Establishment are made by the Secretary of State from amongst the passed students of the Royal Indian Engineering College, and by the Government of India from the Indian Civil Engineering Colleges, to which a certain number of appointments, to be fixed from time to time, is annually guaranteed, and from amongst Royal Engineer officers on the Indian establishment. Also by the Government, from the Madras College of Engineering, and by selection from the Sub-Engineer and Supervisor grades of the Upper Subordinate Establishment within the limit guaranteed from time to time.

4. The various ranks of the Engineer Establishment are as follows:—

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Chief Engineers, in three classes. | Executive Engineers, in three grades. |
| Superintending Engineers, in three classes. | Assistant Engineers, in three grades. |
| | Apprentices. |

5. Recruits from the Madras College of Engineering are appointed Apprentice Engineers, and if favourably reported on at the end of a year, they are promoted to Assistant Engineers, 3rd grade, Provincial Establishment.

6. Promotions from one grade or class to another are dependent on the occurrence of vacancies and on completion of certain periods of service, and are made wholly by selection, mere seniority being considered to establish no claim to advancement.

7. Assistant Engineers, before they can be promoted from the third to the second grade, are required to pass an examination to show that they are acquainted with the processes for the preparation of materials, the modes of construction in use in India, the resources of the District, and the rules and forms of Account in use in the Department, and that they understand the management of work-people. They are also required to pass a colloquial examination in vernacular. For promotion to Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, they are required to pass the 3rd class test or Departmental Standard in the vernaculars as laid down in the P. W. Code.

Upper Subordinate Establishment.

8. Upper Subordinates are graded as follows:—

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Sub-Engineers, in three grades. | Overseers, in three grades. |
| Supervisors, in two grades. | Apprentices. |

9. The first appointment of Overseers is made by the Chief Engineer from passed students of the Madras College of Engineering.

10. Vacancies in the Overseer grades will, as a rule, be filled by passed students of the College of Engineering in the order of merit. Only one appointment to the Permanent

Upper Subordinate Establishment shall be made direct from the College of Engineering in each year, and all other vacancies on that Establishment will be filled from the Temporary Upper Subordinate and Lower Subordinate Establishments on recommendations made by Superintending Engineers. This order to have effect from January 1902. (G.O., No. 3130 W., dated 1st December 1899.)

11. After completing the theoretical course of the College of Engineering, the pupils of the Engineer Subordinate class will undergo a practical course comprising one year, to be spent in workshops or on Engineering works, at the discretion of the Chief Engineer.

12. Surveyors are required to pass the examination prescribed for the Surveyor class, College of Engineering, Madras. Passed Surveyors may be entertained for survey duties, on the same footing as Upper Subordinates. This Establishment is distinct from the establishment of Upper Subordinates for general duties.

Lower Subordinate Establishment.

13. Lower Subordinates are graded thus:—

Sub-Overseers, 1st Grade, | Sub-Overseers, 2nd Grade, | Sub-Overseers, 3rd Grade, and are appointed by Superintending Engineers. They are required to pass the examination prescribed for the Sub-Overseer class, College of Engineering, Madras. They are supposed to have a practical knowledge of construction.

Clerical Establishment (including Draftsmen).

14. Clerks are divided into 5 classes, each of which is sub-divided into two or more grades.

15. Clerks are required to pass the Upper Secondary Examination or the Matriculation Examination and Handwriting Test for appointments of Rs. 15 and upwards and the Primary Examination or some other examination accepted by Government as equivalent to it for appointments of less than Rs. 15 per mensem; and for appointments of Rs. 60 and above, the Test in Précis-writing, Higher Grade, in addition.

16. Draftsmen are divided into three grades.

17. Draftsmen are required to pass the examinations prescribed for the Draftsman class, College of Engineering, Madras, or the special examination for a group certificate in mechanical drawing prescribed for Draftsmen. The candidates must be certified to have completed the prescribed course and to have passed the final examination before the Board appointed for the purpose.

18. The appointment of Clerks and Draftsmen rests with Heads of offices.

Accounts Establishment.

19. The Accounts Establishment is divided into the following classes and grades:—

(a) Superior.

Examiners.		Deputy Examiners, 1st Class.	
1st Class.	1st Grade.	Assistant	2nd
2nd "	2nd "	"	1st Grade.
3rd "	3rd "	"	2nd
4th "		"	3rd

(b) Subordinate.

Accountants in seven grades.

20. All appointments and promotions in the Superior Accounts Establishment are made by the Government of India.

21. The qualifications of candidates for appointment in the Subordinate Establishment are tested by the Principal of the College of Engineering, Madras, by an examination.

RECRUITMENT OF THE SUPERIOR GRADES OF POLICE IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

SUPERIOR STAFF.

No. 240.—The following are the rules relating to the recruitment of the superior grades of Police in the Madras Presidency:—

SCALE OF APPOINTMENTS.

1. The following is a list of appointments ordinarily reserved for the Police Department:—

(Note.—The list shows only the existing sanctioned scale which is liable to alteration at any time.)

1 Inspector-General of Police* on	Rs. 2,500 a month.
1 Commissioner of Police* (Madras City)	" 1,500.

* The appointments of Inspector-General of Police, Madras, and Commissioner of Police, Madras City, are not set apart exclusively for members of the Police Department, and the Government reserves discretion to fill them by the selection of any officers who are considered best fitted for them, whether in the Department or outside it.

3 Deputy Inspectors-General	1 Rs. 1,400
	1 " 1,300
	1 " 1,200
	2 " 1,000
26 District Superintendents of Police *	3 " 900
	5 " 800
	8 " 700
	8 " 600
	6 " 500
3 Assistant Superintendents of Police	6 " 450
	5 " 400
	6 " 350
	12 " 250—800.

Officers will draw Rs. 250 while they are probationers, and Rs. 300 after they are confirmed in the service as Assistant Superintendents.

METHODS OF RECRUITMENT.

2 The recruitment for these superior grades is made on the following methods:—

(1) by appointment in England on the results of a Competitive Examination;

(2) by the promotion of deserving public servants (European or Native) who will generally be Police Inspectors;

(3) by selection of (European or Native) candidates upon the results of a Competitive Examination held in Madras;

(4) by direct appointment in exceptional cases by the Government of India.

(Note.—By this last means the occasional appointment of Military officers when available is provided for.)

3. With reference to the requirements of the department, the number of candidates to be obtained from England, those to be recruited locally, and of the latter, the number of those who may be natives of India, will, subject to the general control of the Government of India, be determined by the Local Government, having regard to the efficiency of the service. For the number that may be proposed to be drawn from England every year, an indent should be submitted in July of the previous year to the Local Government, which will transmit the same to the Government of India for communication to the Secretary of State.

4. The number of appointments offered for competition in London will in due time be notified by the Secretary of State.

5. **First Method of Recruitment.**—The following are the regulations for admission to the Indian Police through Competitive Examination in London:—

Regulations for Admission to the Indian Police Force through a Competitive Examination in London.

I. The examination will be simultaneous with, and in the same subjects and papers as, the examination for the Indian Forest Department,† which is usually held in June.

II. The qualifications of candidates shall be identical with those required in candidates for admission to the Sandhurst examination, except in the following respects. They must be above 19 and under 21 years of age on the 1st June of the year of application. They must be unmarried, and if they marry before reaching India they will forfeit their appointments.

III. Candidates must send ‡ to the Secretary, Judicial and Public Departments, India Office, on or before a specified date—

(a) Information as to their names and parentage, certificates (or other satisfactory evidence) of the date of their birth, and the written consent of parent or guardian to their candidature.

(b) A statement of the places at which they have been educated, accompanied by testimonials of good conduct during the last four years.

* Includes 1 Assistant Inspector-General of Police (with a local allowance of Rs. 200, provided the total emoluments do not exceed Rs. 1,000 per mensem), 1 Deputy Commissioner of Police, Madras City (with a local allowance of Rs. 100, provided the total emoluments do not exceed Rs. 800 per mensem), 1 Assistant with Government, Special Branch, 1 Superintendent of Police, Bangalore, 1 Superintendent of Railway Police (with a local allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem). The Superintendent of Jeypore, and Assistant Superintendents of Russellkon-da, Jeypore, and Coorg and the Assistant Superintendent of Railway Police, receive a local allowance of Rs. 100 each per mensem.

† Candidates may, if qualified, enter for both the Police and the Forest Departments. They will, in such case, have to pay the fee due in respect of each examination.

‡ There is no special form of application.

(c) An intimation of their wishes as to the province or provinces in which they would prefer to serve.

IV. Candidates will be required to appear before a Medical Board* at the India Office and to undergo a strict examination as to their physique and capacity for active out-door work in the plains of India.

V. Those who successfully pass the Medical Examination will be required to undergo an examination before the Civil Service Commissioners† in the following subjects‡ (Classes to III), marks being assigned as follows:—

Class I.—Obligatory subjects.

	Marks.	
1. Mathematics (lower), viz., Algebra, up to and including the Binomial Theorem; the theory and the use of Logarithms; Euclid, Books I to IV and VI; Plane Trigonometry, up to and including the solution of Triangles and Mensuration...	2,500	In each of these subjects a candidate must obtain not less than one-third of full marks in order to qualify.
2. English composition	1,000	
3. German or French (400 for colloquial)	2,000	

Class II.—Optional subjects.

4. Mathematics (higher), including Analytical Geometry, Conic Sections, Statics and Dynamics	2,000	A candidate may take any two, but not more than two, of the optional subjects. Under "Optional subjects," Nos. 9, 10, 11 and 12, the examination will be partly practical.
5. French or German,—whichever has not been chosen as an <i>Obligatory</i> subject (400 for colloquial)	2,000	
6. Latin	2,000	
7. Greek	2,000	
8. English History. There will be set: one general paper; one paper limited to a fixed period	2,000	
9. Botany, viz., the elementary parts of Vegetable Morphology, Histology and Physiology, and the principles of a natural system of classification as illustrated by the more important British natural orders. Candidates will be required to describe plants in technical language. Questions will not be set on Vegetable Palæontology or on the geographical distributions of plants	2,000	
10. Chemistry, viz., the elements of Inorganic Chemistry	2,000	
11. Physics, Elementary properties of Electricity, Magnetism, Heat, Light and Sound	2,000	
12. Physical Geography and Geology, chiefly economic; including the recognition of the more familiar minerals and rocks and their properties and uses	2,000	

Class III.—Additional subjects.

13. Freehand Drawing	500	Either or both of these subjects may be taken in addition to the obligatory and the two optional subjects.
14. Geometrical Drawing	300	

* With a view to prevent parents and guardians from incurring the inconvenience and expense of preparing candidates who may be physically unfit for the Police service, it is suggested that before any such preparation is begun, candidates be submitted to examination by the Medical Adviser of the family, or any other qualified Medical Practitioner, with regard to the following points:—

- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| (1) A weak constitution. | (3) Impaired hearing. |
| (2) Defective vision. | (4) The existence of any congenital defect. |

It is to be understood that this private examination is merely suggested to lessen the chances of disappointment, and that it is by no means intended to take the place of, or to influence in any way, the official examination.

On the subject of the standard of eyesight required for the Indian services, a pamphlet has been published under the authority of the Secretary of State in Council, by Messrs. Churchill and Sons, 11, New Burlington Street.

† A fee of 2l. is required. Instructions on this point will be issued to candidates the day before the examination.

‡ A reprint of the papers set at the previous examination, with tables of the marks assigned to the candidates, is published by the Civil Service Commissioners, and can be obtained through any bookseller; price 1s.

VI. From the competitors who attain the above-mentioned minima of marks in obligatory subjects, and satisfy the requisite conditions in other respects, the Secretary of State will select candidates in order of merit.

VII. Selected candidates will be examined by the Civil Service Commissioners as to their ability to ride, and will be required to produce,—

(a) a certificate from the Civil Service Commissioners that they are able to ride well, and to perform journeys on horseback; or

(b) a certificate from the Civil Service Commissioners of minimum proficiency in riding.

In the latter case they will be subjected, on their arrival in India, to such further tests in riding as may be prescribed by their Government, and will not be appointed Assistant Superintendents of Police until they shall have passed such tests to the satisfaction of their Government.

VIII. Selected candidates who have successfully passed the above-mentioned tests will be allotted, as probationers, to the various provinces upon a consideration of all the circumstances, including their own wishes; but the requirements of the public service will rank before every other consideration. The allotment will also be subject to the right of the Government of India to make transfers, if necessary.

IX. The probationers will be required to start for India at such time as may be fixed by the Secretary of State. Failure to embark in time will, in the absence of satisfactory explanation, lead to forfeiture of appointment. Free passages to India will be provided by the India Office.

X. On arrival in India probationers will receive an initial salary of Rs. 250 a month during their period of probation.

XI. Probationers will be required to qualify by passing the necessary departmental examinations (as well as the riding test, if necessary, see rule VII) within, or at the first examination held after two years of their arrival in India.*

XII. Any probationer who may fail to pass the prescribed examinations within the time specified above, or be found unfit for Police duties, will be liable to removal from the service. Any probationer so removed from the service will be furnished with a free passage to England, unless he obtains other employment in India.

XIII. The seniority of officers in the Police will in all ordinary cases be regulated by the order in which they pass the departmental examination, but the local Government has the power to relax the rule by antedating the passing of an officer in any exceptional case (such for instance as unavoidable detention of the officer at the time fixed for the examination by some pressing emergency or by the express order of his superior officer) in which the literal application of the rule would work inequitably.

XIV. When probationers have passed the qualifying examinations (as well as the riding tests) they will, if otherwise approved, be appointed Assistant Superintendents of Police and their salary will be raised to Rs. 300 a month.

XV. Candidates recruited in England for the Police will be subject, as regards leave, to the rules applicable to European services, contained in chapter XIII of the Civil Service Regulations, and as regards pension, to Part IV of those regulations, subject, in either case, to any modifications thereof which may be made hereafter. Service under the age of 20 will not, however, be excluded from reckoning towards pension.

XVI. Probationers will be required to sign articles of agreement describing the terms and conditions of their appointment prior to embarkation for India.

SYLLABUS OF THE SUBJECTS OF THE EXAMINATION HELD IN LONDON.

CLASS I.—(Obligatory Subjects).

Mathematics.—The extent of the examination will be as defined in the regulations.

English Composition.—An essay to be written on one of several subjects specified by the Civil Service Commissioners on their examination paper.

German.—There will be translations of unseen passages from German into English, and from English into German; the knowledge of pronunciation will be tested by dictation and the *viva voce* examination. The passages for translation will be taken, mainly, from standard authors (Schiller, Lessing, Alexander V., Humboldt, Ranke, etc.), and a few simple questions may be asked on the passages set as to the structure and character of the language, and allusions of obvious and general interest.

French.—The passages for translation will be taken, mainly, from standard authors (Corneille, Madame de Sévigné, Guizot, Taine, etc.), and in other respects the examination will proceed on the same lines as in German.

CLASS II.—(Optional Subjects).

Higher Mathematics.—The extent of the examination will be as defined in the regulations.

French and German.—See under Class I.

* The Local Government will have power to relax this condition by allowing an additional year (but not more) in special cases when the probationer is likely to make a good Police officer.

Latin.—Passages will be set for translation into English selected from the authors usually read in schools. Passages from English authors will be given for translation into Latin prose and verse, but candidates will be allowed, in the place of verse composition, to answer questions of a simple character, which will test whether they possess a fundamental knowledge of the grammar of the language, and such an elementary acquaintance with Roman History, as is required for the intelligent study of the books they have read.

Greek.—Passages will be set for translation into English from the authors usually read in schools, and in other respects the examination will proceed on the same lines as in Latin.

English History.—The general paper in this subject will test whether the candidates are accurately acquainted with the facts of English History, and also possess an intelligent knowledge of the meaning of the facts. The paper on the fixed period will, of course, require from the candidates more minute knowledge than the general paper.

Botany, Chemistry, Physics, Physical Geography and Geology.—The standard of examination in these subjects will be such as may be reasonably expected from the education given at schools possessing appliances for practical instruction, such as a laboratory, etc. A considerable portion of the marks will be allotted for the proficiency, shown in the practical part of the examination.

GENERAL.

Hand-writing.—In estimating the papers of candidates, a limited number of marks, namely, 100 out of the maximum allotted to each subject, is held to be assignable for hand-writing.

DEPARTMENTAL TEST FOR PROBATIONERS.

6. The following are the subjects of Departmental Examination referred to in rule XI.—(See p. 365.)

Law and Departmental Orders.

	Maximum marks.	Minimum marks.
A. { The Penal Code and Special and Local Criminal Laws, including Police Act..	150 }	125
Code of Criminal Procedure ..	100 }	
B. Indian Evidence Act ..	80	40
C. Gribble and Hehir's Medical Jurisprudence, 3rd edition, except section 11 of chapter VIII of section V ..	80	40
D. Police Departmental Orders ..	100	60

Vernacular.

In one language such as each Probationer may be required after arrival in India to take up.

E. (1) The test, which will be according to the Lower standard required of Assistant Collectors, will be as follows:—

	Maximum marks.	Minimum marks.
Conversation	50	35
Translation	30	
Dictation	30	65
Reading and explanation of reports ..	50	

The above examination must be passed within two years of the Assistant's arrival in India.

(2) The test, which will be according to the Higher Standard required of Assistants, will be as follows:—

	Maximum marks.	Minimum marks.
Conversation	100	70
Translation	100	70
Reading arzis (Petitions)	100	70

The above examination must be passed by every Assistant within four years of his arrival in the country. For full particulars of the nature of the above examinations in vernacular, reference should be made to the rules for the Examination of Assistants in the Indian Civil Service.

7. Candidates will be allowed to appear for and to pass each of the Divisions A to E piecemeal. The examination in Divisions A, B and E will be the same as that of Assistant Collectors according to the Lower Standard. In C (Medical Jurisprudence) the test will be the same as for Assistant Collectors appearing for the Higher Standard. In D (Departmental Orders) the question papers will be prepared by the Inspector-General of Police.

8. The examinations will be conducted by the Board of Examiners and will be held half-yearly in January and July.

TRAINING AND DUTIES OF PROBATIONERS.

9. Probationers will, on arrival in India, join the Police Training School at Vellore, where they will learn drill, plan drawing and anthropometry and attend lectures in Law and Departmental orders. They will commence the study of the prescribed vernaculars with suitable munslis under the supervision of the Principal. They will also practise riding with a view to passing the equitation test if they have obtained only a certificate of minimum proficiency in that subject. They will be examined once a month in Law and in the vernaculars and a statement showing the marks obtained by each will be forwarded to the Inspector-General of Police. They will submit to the Inspector-General, through the Principal of the school, a weekly report of their daily work. The period of training thus spent at the school will usually be about five months.

10. After this period the probationers will be posted to districts in order that they may learn their work practically. They will be instructed in each detail of their duties, including the preparation of the several prescribed registers and returns. They will, in short, be placed for the time being in the position of personal Assistants to District Superintendents and prepare for approval draft orders or notes on all papers including stationhouse reports, inspectors' diaries and petitions. They will accompany District Superintendents on tours of inspection as well as on investigation of cases, so that they may learn how to perform these duties.

11. District Superintendents will take an active interest in the well-being of young probationers placed under them and will test from time to time their progress in regard to their studies and official duties. The following points are mentioned for guidance:—

- A probationer must attend office daily when at head-quarters.
- He must attend parades of the reserve, visit lines, examine magazines, stores, arms and ammunition and inspect kits.
- He must work in each branch of the District Superintendent's office for a time and thoroughly master the methods of business.
- He must attend the Sessions and Magistrates' Courts frequently to watch the progress of police cases.

Attention to these duties will help the probationer in the study of Police Orders, the vernacular language and law, which must be pursued assiduously. A knowledge of the vernaculars is of vital importance, and from two to three hours a day must be devoted to the systematic study of the language which the probationer is required to learn, while every opportunity should be seized to practise conversation.

12. Weekly reports of all work done daily must be submitted through the District Superintendent to the Inspector-General of Police.

13. After a probationer has passed the prescribed tests and shown himself capable of taking charge of a sub-division, he will be posted to such charge.

RECRUITMENT BY PROMOTION OF DESERVING PUBLIC SERVANTS.

14. *Second Method of Recruitment.*—Next, with regard to the second method of recruiting the superior grades of police, viz., by promoting persons already employed under Government, principally deserving Inspector of Police, the promotion of such men rests entirely at the discretion of Government. The above examination rules do not apply to them.

15. An officer thus promoted will ordinarily start as sub. *pro tem.* Assistant Superintendent on Rs. 250 per mensem and be posted immediately to the charge of a sub-division. After one year's employment in this manner, if Government is satisfied as to his capability, it may confirm him as Assistant Superintendent of the last grade.

RECRUITMENT BY LOCAL COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.

16. *Third Method of Recruitment.*—The third method is by the selection of candidates upon the results of a competitive examination held in Madras.

17. Whenever it appears desirable to appoint a probationary Assistant Superintendent locally, the fact will be notified and His Excellency the Governor in Council will proceed to nominate not less than three gentlemen to compete for each such vacancy.

18. The rules regarding such local competitive examinations are as follows:—

I. Candidates for admission to the examination must be above 19 and under 24 years of age on the 30th September preceding the examination. They must be at least 5'7" in height and 35" in chest measurement. Each candidate must produce—

- a certificate of birth or other satisfactory evidence of age;

- (ii) a certificate from a gazetted medical officer that he has no disease, constitutional affection or bodily infirmity unfitting him or likely to unfit him for Government service, and that he has been vaccinated or has had small-pox; and
- (iii) testimonials of good conduct extending over a period of four years.

The candidates nominated by Government for admission to the competitive examination will be required to appear before a Medical Board to be assembled by the Surgeon-General at such time and place as the Government may direct.

II. The nominated candidates will be examined in the subjects described below and (subject to the condition hereinafter stated) the candidate obtaining the highest marks will be appointed to the first vacancy in the Probationary grade of Assistant Superintendent of Police (offered for competition); the candidate who obtains the second place, to the second vacancy if there be more than one vacancy to be filled, and so on. No candidate will be admitted to the department who obtains less than 500 marks in all.

III. A candidate will not be allowed to compete at the examination for admission to the Police Department more than twice, or to compete for any vacancy unless he has been specially nominated for it.

IV. The examination is by written questions and answers, and will be conducted by the Board of Examiners appointed for the examination of candidates for the Provincial Civil Service and at the same time as that examination.

Schedule of subjects for examination.

Marks.

Writing and Composition; Impromptu Essay upon some given subject...	150
Arithmetic (no special text-book), and Euclid, Books I to IV and VI; also easy Deductions.	300
Algebra up to and including the Binomial Theorem (Text-book, Todhunter's Algebra).	
Plane Trigonometry up to and including the Solution of Triangles and Mensuration (Text-book, Todhunter's Plane Trigonometry).	200 each.
Not more than two of the following languages: Latin, Greek, Sanskrit, Arabic, French, German, Persian or one of the Vernacular languages of the province approved by the local Government *	
English History and literature and Indian History (Elementary)	200
Geography: Asia (especially India) and Europe	150

POSITION, TRAINING, ETC., OF CANDIDATES RECRUITED LOCALLY.

19. Candidates thus selected (at the local competitive examination) will be required to pass the same riding test, to undergo the same practical training and, except as provided in rules 22 and 21 and 22, to pass the same departmental examinations as officers appointed in England.

20. The rates of pay for candidates recruited in India are the same as for those recruited in England both during probation and after confirmation.

21. A European or Eurasian candidate recruited by local examination who has taken up a vernacular language at the competitive examination and secured half the maximum marks therein will be considered to have passed the vernacular test for probationers in that language, and will not be required to pass in any other vernacular before confirmation.

22. Native candidates selected on the results of the competitive examination in Madras will, in regard to the vernacular test, be required to pass the 2nd-class test prescribed in the notification of Government, No. 329, published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 13th June 1899, Part I, which corresponds to the test which Deputy Collectors are required to pass after appointment. The test comprises—

- (i) Reading aloud fluently and construing with readiness and accuracy not less than an octavo page of the undermentioned works:—

In Tamil	{ 1. The first three books of Panchatantram. 2. The whole of Virata Parvam (Prose).
„ Telugu	{ 1. Panchatantram. 2. Vemana Verses contained in Telugu selections.
„ Canarese	{ 1. Panchatantram. 2. Udyogaparva (the first three sandhis).

* The vernacular standard will be a high one, involving a thorough knowledge of the language and ability to write and read the written character with facility, and no native candidate will be allowed to take up his own vernacular. The approved languages are Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam and Uriya.

In Malayalam	{ 1. Vetala Charitram. 2. Keralapazhama. 3. Keralolpati.
„ Uriya	{ 1. Hitopadesha. 2. Batris Singhasana. 3. Ramayana, Sundara Khanda.

- (ii) Translating in writing, into English, with accuracy, a passage from some tolerably difficult work, not being a text-book.

- (iii) Translating in writing, with accuracy of grammar and idiom, into the language in which the examination is held, an English paper of somewhat difficult style relating exclusively to Indian subjects, and, as far as possible, bearing upon questions connected with the department to which the officer belongs.

- (iv) Translating in like manner a paper of English sentences.

- (v) Reading aloud fluently, and translating correctly and readily, two or three manuscripts written in the language in which the examination is held, in a plain, running office hand.

- (vi) Conversing with the examiners, or with natives of India, on such subjects proposed by them as are calculated to test colloquial facility, both as regards scholarlike expression, and knowledge of terms and phrases as commonly used by the poorer and uneducated classes.

NOTE.—Graduates and Undergraduates of the Madras University who have taken up one of the vernaculars specified as their optional language in the University examination have to pass in only one vernacular other than the optional language of their examination; but they will not be declared to have passed the test in the second vernacular unless they satisfy the Examiner that they can read fluently and with facility manuscripts written in the vernacular in which they are exempted from passing.

RECRUITMENT BY DIRECT APPOINTMENT.

23. *Fourth Method of Recruitment.*—The fourth method of recruitment is by direct appointment in exceptional cases by the Government of India by which means the occasional appointment of military officers is rendered possible.

24. Officers appointed under this method should, like other probationers, pass the departmental law and vernacular examinations within two years.

EXAMINATIONS SUBSEQUENT TO CONFIRMATION.

25. Within four years after the first examination subsequent to arrival in India, or to appointment if appointed in India, officers recruited in England or appointed direct by the Government of India, and European and Eurasian officers locally recruited must pass an examination by the Higher Standard in one of the vernaculars of the Presidency. If they fail to do so, they will be liable to have their further promotion stopped. In this examination, which will be the same as that required of Assistant Collectors, marks will be assigned as follows:—

				Maximum marks.	Minimum marks.
Conversation	...	...	...	100	70
Translation	...	...	...	100	70
Reading arzis	...	...	...	100	70

26. Within six years after the first examination subsequent to arrival in India, or to appointment if appointed in India, and before being appointed to act as District Superintendent, officers recruited in England or appointed direct by the Government of India and European and Eurasian officers locally recruited must pass an examination in a second vernacular according to the Lower Standard prescribed for Assistant Collectors. This examination is similar to that prescribed in paragraph 6 *supra*.

NOTE.—There is no objection to an Assistant's going up for the Lower Standard test in a second language before passing the Higher Standard test. In such cases, the officer will have the option of offering himself for examination by the Higher Standard in either of the languages in which he has already passed by the Lower Standard or in any other of the four chief vernaculars of the Presidency, viz., Tamil, Telugu, Canarese or Malayalam.

27. An officer who passes the vernacular examination by the Higher Standard within, or at the first examination held after, the expiry of two years after his arrival in India will be allowed a monthly allowance of Rs. 240. A similar allowance will be granted to an officer who passes in the second vernacular language as prescribed in rule 26 within, or at the first examination held after, the expiry of three years after his arrival in India.

POSTAL DEPARTMENT.

Chief Officers of the Department.

Sir A. U. Fanshawe, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.,	...	Director-General of the Post Office of India.
I.C.S.	...	...
W. Maxwell, Esq., I.C.S.	...	Depy. do. do.
W. F. Cockell, Esq.	...	1st Asst. do. do.
G. A. T. Bennett, Esq.	...	2nd Asst. do. do.
H. C. Sheridan, Esq.	...	3rd Asst. do. do.
A. H. Anthony, Esq.	...	Comptroller, Post Office.
T. C. Eagles, Esq.	...	Depy. do. do. (Bengal Circle Audit Office).
J. A. O'Brien, Esq.	...	Do. do. do. (Punjab do.).
E. H. Burke, Esq.	...	Do. do. do. (Bombay do.).
W. A. St. Leger Kelly, Esq., B.A.	...	Asst. do. do. (Bengal do.).
Jogendra Nath Ghatak, Esq.	...	Do. do. do. (Bombay do.).
P. O'Byrne, Esq.	...	Do. do. do. (Punjab do.).
Vacant.	...	Postmaster-General, Bengal.
O. H. Harrison, Esq., I.C.S.	...	Offg. do. do.
C. Stewart-Wilson, Esq., B.A.,	...	Postmaster-General, Punjab and N.W. Frontier Province.
(Bart.-at-Law), I.C.S.	...	...
Vacant.	...	Do. do. Bombay.
F. Whympier, Esq.	...	Offg. do. do.
J. Cornwall, Esq.	...	Postmaster-General, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.
Vacant.	...	Do. do. Madras.
J. Owens, Esq.	...	Offg. do. do.
E. C. O'Brien, Esq.	...	Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service.
W. T. Van Someren, Esq., C.I.E.	...	Depy. Postmaster-General, Sind and Baluchistan (Karachi).
I. G. J. Hamilton, Esq.	...	Do. do. Rajputana (Ajmere).
F. Whympier, Esq.	...	Do. do. Central Provinces and Berar (Nagpur).
C. J. Lalkaka, Esq.	...	Do. do. Burma (Rangoon).
J. W. Welsh, Esq.	...	Do. do. Assam (Shillong).
D. Goodburn, Esq.	...	Do. do. Eastern Bengal (Dacca).
K. B. O'Shea, Esq.	...	Do. do. Bihar (Dinapur).
E. R. Jardine, Esq.	...	Presidency Postmaster, Bombay.
J. Owens, Esq.	...	Do. do. Calcutta.
M. E. Monks, Esq.	...	Do. do. Madras.

Postmaster-General's Office, Madras.

BEACH—10-30 A.M. TO 5-30 P.M.

G. Barton Groves, Esq.	...	Postmaster-General.
G. R. Peter, Esq.	...	1st Personal Asst. to the Postmaster-General.
T. S. Carroll, Esq.	...	2nd do. do.
Sufdar Hussain, Esq., B.A.	...	3rd do. do.
E. J. Paman, Esq.	...	Superintendent, Postmaster-General's Office.
M.R.Ry. T. R. Dasaswamy Pillai.	...	Clerk, do. do.
" V. Subramania Iyer	...	Do. do. do.

Presidency Postmaster's Office.

BEACH—10 A.M. to 5 P.M.

M. E. Monks, Esq.	...	Presidency Postmaster.
C. G. D'Santos, Esq.	...	Deputy Postmaster
M.R.Ry. V. Narainaswamy Moodelliar	...	Assistant Postmaster.
Mr. E. W. Hawkins	...	Head Clerk, Correspondence Department (on deputation).
Mr. J. E. deRozario	...	Offg. do. do.
M.R.Ry. C. Ponnaranga Moodelliar	...	Head Clerk, Registration Department.

PRESIDENCY POSTMASTER'S OFFICE—*concl'd.*

Mr. H. Bower	...	Manager, Money Order and Savings Bank Department (on deputation).
Mr. E. W. Hawkins	...	Offg. do. do.
Mr. J. E. deRozario	...	Head Clerk, Savings Bank Department (on deputation).
T. C. Vasudava Pillai	...	Offg. do. do.
M.R.Ry. M. Krishnaswamy Chetty	...	Head Clerk, Inland Despatch Department.
Mr. F. Kitchen	...	Do. Parcel Department.
Mr. R. Jones	...	Do. Inland Receipt Department.
M.R.Ry. P. Parthasarathy Pillay	...	Treasurer.
A. K. Ramaswamy Iyengar	...	Accountant.

Dead Letter Office, Madras.

Mr. I. Jesudasan Pillai, B.A., Manager; | M.R.Ry. P. Jogiah...Head Clerk.

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Superintendents of Post Offices.

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G. W. Staunyon, Esq.	...	Do.	...	Mysore.
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J. C. Morgan, Esq.	...	2nd Grade	...	Vizagapatam (Vizianagram City).
V. Kamakasabhai Pillai, B.A., B.L.	...	Do.	...	Presidency (Madras).
H. C. Roussac, Esq.	...	Do.	...	Shimoga.
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J. Home, Esq.	...	Do.	...	Coimbatore.
P. A. Krishnatnachari, B.A.	...	Do.	...	Nellore.

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M. Division.

C. C. Sheridan, Esq. Superintendent.

Postmasters.

Hyderabad	...	Mr. G. Prime.	Vellore	...	Mr. V. W. Coombes.
Bangalore	...	A. Rhenius.	Negapatam	...	K. Strinivasa Rangacharry.
Calicut	...	S. N. Devadasen, B.A.	Kurnool	...	Mr. J. Fernandez.
Ootacamund	...	Mr. W. E. Soares.	Berhampore	...	M. Ramdass Patnaik.
Trichinopoly	...	K. Amirthalingam Pillai, B.A.	Mysore	...	Mr. C. Amos.
Madura	...	M. Krishnasamy Naidu.	Cuddapah	...	M. Rangiah Naidu.
Bellary	...	Mr. F. Morley.	Rajahmundry	...	A. Bapanayya Naidu.
Tanjore	...	R. R. Peter.	Taticorin	...	Mr. C. B. Maiden.
Masulipatam	...	P. Jogiah.	Anantapur	...	C. Narrain Singh.
Cocanada	...	A. Narayansamy Iyer.	Chikmagalur	...	P. Kalappa Chetty.
Mangalore	...	Mr. S. B. Alvarez.	Shimoga	...	M. Kerojee Row.
Nellore	...	C. Thirumalai Iyengar.	Pondicherry	...	Mr. R. D. Nash.
Secunderabad	...	Mr. J. Hemley.	Tumkur	...	P. S. Santapayya.
Vizagapatam	...	S. Narasinga Row.	Chittaldroog	...	V. A. Bhagavan.
Mercara	...	C. Rajaratna Mudaliar.	Ramnad	...	M. Sundaram Pillay.
Trivandrum	...	N. Andiacharry.	Hassan	...	C. Narayana Row.
Coimbatore	...	Mr. M. R. Peter.	Kolar	...	P. Vythianatha Iyer.
Cuddalore	...	T. N. Narasamy Naidu.	Kumbakonam	...	K. Venkat Row.
Salem	...	N. Parushothama Naidu, B.A.	Bezwada	...	Ibrahim Beg.
Palamcottah	...	Syed Murtuza Hussain.	Jochin	...	A. Kannau.
Chittoor	...	S. Nanjappiah.			

List of Town Sub-Post Offices.

Name of Office.	Locality in which situated.	REMARKS.
Adyar	6, Brodie's Road	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 7 to 11 A.M. and 3 to 7 P.M.
Cathedral	145, Mount Road, West	Also a Telegraph office of the second class, open from 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
Chepauk	Revenue Board Office	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 10 A.M. to 6 P.M.
Chintadripeta*	96, Samy Naicken Street.	
Choolai	Choolai Bazaar Road.	
Chowk*	1/18 Triplicane High Rd.	
Egmore	39, Egmore High Road	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 7 to 11 A.M. and 3 to 7 P.M.
Egmore Ry. Station.*	Egmore Railway Station premises.	
Flower Bazaar*	226, China Bazaar Road.	
Fort St. George	St. George's Street, Fort.	
Guindy†	Govt. House, Guindy Park.	Also a Telegraph office of the first class.
High Court Buildings*	High Court Buildings, North View.	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 10 A.M. to 6 P.M.
Kilpauk	16, Orme's Road	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 7 to 11 A.M. and 3 to 8 P.M.
Mannady*	45, Mannady Bazaar St.	
Mint Buildings	270, Mint Street.	
Mount Road	10, Mount Road, East	Also a Telegraph office of the second class, open from 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
Mylapore	1, Brodie's Road, Mylapore.	Do. do. do.
Nungumbaukum	11, Nungumbaukum High Road.	Also a Telegraph Office of the third class, open from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M.
Park Town	96, Wall-Tax Road.	Also a Telegraph office of the second class, open from 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
Perambur	Perambur Railway Workshop Road.	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 7 to 9 A.M. & 12 to 5 P.M.
Perambur Barracks	25, Strahan's Road.	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 7 to 11 A.M. and 3 to 7 P.M.
Percamet*	19, Sydenham's Road. Percamet.	
Pudupet*	67, Harris Road.	
Rayapuram	37, Madha Church Road.	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 7 to 11 A.M. and 3 to 7 P.M.
Royapettah	3, Royapettah, High Road.	
Saidapet	6, Jeenis Road, Saidapet.	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 7 to 7-15 A.M., 10 A.M. to 5 P.M., and 8 to 8-15 P.M.
San Thomé	55, San Thomé High Rd.	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 7 to 11 A.M. and 3 to 7 P.M.
Sowcarpet	147, Mint Street	Also a Telegraph office of the first class, open from 7 A.M. to midnight.
Spencer's Buildings*	1/153, Mount Road.	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M.
Teynampet	92, Mount Road, Pally Teynampet.	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 7 A.M. to 11 A.M. and 3 to 8 P.M.
Triplicane	44, Pycroft's Road, Triplicane.	Also a Telegraph office of the second class, open from 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
Vepery	110, Pursewalkum High Road.	Do. do. do.
Washermanpetta	357, Tiroomattayoor High Road.	Also a Telegraph office of the third class, open from 7 to 11 A.M. and 3 to 7 P.M.

* No delivery is made from these offices.

† Season Post Office open only during the residence of His Excellency the Governor at Guindy.

Hours of Business in the General Post Office and Town Sub-Post Offices in Madras.

[illegible]

Despatch of Mails (Inland) from the

Mails.	General Post Office.	Adyar.	Cathedral.	Chepauk.	Chintadripeta.	Choolai.	Chowk.	Egmore.				
For all places between Madras and Tuticorin served by the morning Mail Train, South Indian Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 0 3 55 4 10 5 35 4 15 4 25 4 15 3 45 Registered letters. 6 0 5 0 5 5 5 0 5 10 5 30 5 10 5 10 Parcels. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 8 15 5 0 5 15 5 35 5 20 5 40 5 20 4 55 Registered letters. 7 45 6 0 6 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Parcels. 7 45 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 6 0 3 55 4 10 5 35 4 15 4 25 4 15 3 45 Registered letters. 6 0 5 0 5 5 5 0 5 10 5 30 5 10 5 10 Parcels. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 8 5 7 35 7 50 7 50 7 55 8 0 7 55 7 20 Registered letters. 7 30 7 5 7 20 7 20 7 25 7 30 7 25 6 0 Parcels. 7 30 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 8 45 7 35 7 50 7 50 7 55 8 0 7 55 7 20 Registered letters. 8 15 6 0 6 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Parcels. 8 15 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 10 45 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 Registered letters. 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 Parcels. 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 11 40 9 0 9 15 9 15 9 20 9 25 9 20 8 45 Registered letters. 11 10 6 0 6 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Parcels. 11 10 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 12 20 10 40 11 5 11 10 11 15 11 35 11 15 10 45 Registered letters. 11 50 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Parcels. 11 50 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Registered letters. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Parcels. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 5 4 50 5 5 5 0 5 5 5 35 5 5 5 40 Registered letters. 4 35 4 20 4 35 4 30 4 35 5 5 4 35 5 10 Parcels. 4 35 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 25 4 50 5 5 5 0 5 5 5 35 5 5 5 40 Registered letters. 4 55 4 20 4 35 4 30 4 35 5 5 4 35 4 40 Parcels. 4 55 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 40 5 10 5 35 5 35 5 40 6 0 5 40 5 40 Registered letters. 5 10 4 40 5 5 5 0 5 10 5 30 5 10 5 10 Parcels. 5 0 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40
For places between Madras and Bangalore, Mettupalaiyam, and Ootacamund, and Intermediate stations served by the South-West Line, passenger train, Madras Ry.	Ordinary letters and papers. 8 15 5 0 5 15 5 35 5 20 5 40 5 20 4 55 Registered letters. 7 45 6 0 6 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Parcels. 7 45 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 6 0 3 55 4 10 5 35 4 15 4 25 4 15 3 45 Registered letters. 6 0 5 0 5 5 5 0 5 10 5 30 5 10 5 10 Parcels. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 8 5 7 35 7 50 7 50 7 55 8 0 7 55 7 20 Registered letters. 7 30 7 5 7 20 7 20 7 25 7 30 7 25 6 0 Parcels. 7 30 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 8 45 7 35 7 50 7 50 7 55 8 0 7 55 7 20 Registered letters. 8 15 6 0 6 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Parcels. 8 15 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 10 45 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 Registered letters. 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 Parcels. 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 11 40 9 0 9 15 9 15 9 20 9 25 9 20 8 45 Registered letters. 11 10 6 0 6 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Parcels. 11 10 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 12 20 10 40 11 5 11 10 11 15 11 35 11 15 10 45 Registered letters. 11 50 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Parcels. 11 50 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Registered letters. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Parcels. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 5 4 50 5 5 5 0 5 5 5 35 5 5 5 40 Registered letters. 4 35 4 20 4 35 4 30 4 35 5 5 4 35 5 10 Parcels. 4 35 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 25 4 50 5 5 5 0 5 5 5 35 5 5 5 40 Registered letters. 4 55 4 20 4 35 4 30 4 35 5 5 4 35 4 40 Parcels. 4 55 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 40 5 10 5 35 5 35 5 40 6 0 5 40 5 40 Registered letters. 5 10 4 40 5 5 5 0 5 10 5 30 5 10 5 10 Parcels. 5 0 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40	
For Calcutta, Eastern Bengal, Assam, Bengal (except Chota Nagpur), Cuttack, Balasore, the Northern Circars, and all other places served by the North-East Line Mail Train, Madras Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers. 8 5 7 35 7 50 7 50 7 55 8 0 7 55 7 20 Registered letters. 7 30 7 5 7 20 7 20 7 25 7 30 7 25 6 0 Parcels. 7 30 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 8 45 7 35 7 50 7 50 7 55 8 0 7 55 7 20 Registered letters. 8 15 6 0 6 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Parcels. 8 15 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 10 45 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 Registered letters. 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 Parcels. 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 11 40 9 0 9 15 9 15 9 20 9 25 9 20 8 45 Registered letters. 11 10 6 0 6 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Parcels. 11 10 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	Ordinary letters and papers. 12 20 10 40 11 5 11 10 11 15 11 35 11 15 10 45 Registered letters. 11 50 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Parcels. 11 50 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Registered letters. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Parcels. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 5 4 50 5 5 5 0 5 5 5 35 5 5 5 40 Registered letters. 4 35 4 20 4 35 4 30 4 35 5 5 4 35 5 10 Parcels. 4 35 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 25 4 50 5 5 5 0 5 5 5 35 5 5 5 40 Registered letters. 4 55 4 20 4 35 4 30 4 35 5 5 4 35 4 40 Parcels. 4 55 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 40 5 10 5 35 5 35 5 40 6 0 5 40 5 40 Registered letters. 5 10 4 40 5 5 5 0 5 10 5 30 5 10 5 10 Parcels. 5 0 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40			
For the Punjab, United Provinces, of Agra and Oudh, Chota Nagpur, Bombay Presidency, Malwa, Central Provinces, Berar, Hyderabad, and all other places served by the North-West Line Mail Train, Madras Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers. 12 20 10 40 11 5 11 10 11 15 11 35 11 15 10 45 Registered letters. 11 50 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Parcels. 11 50 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Registered letters. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15 Parcels. 12 40 10 10 10 35 10 40 10 45 11 5 10 45 10 15	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 5 4 50 5 5 5 0 5 5 5 35 5 5 5 40 Registered letters. 4 35 4 20 4 35 4 30 4 35 5 5 4 35 5 10 Parcels. 4 35 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 25 4 50 5 5 5 0 5 5 5 35 5 5 5 40 Registered letters. 4 55 4 20 4 35 4 30 4 35 5 5 4 35 4 40 Parcels. 4 55 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40	Ordinary letters and papers. 5 40 5 10 5 35 5 35 5 40 6 0 5 40 5 40 Registered letters. 5 10 4 40 5 5 5 0 5 10 5 30 5 10 5 10 Parcels. 5 0 1 35 2 0 2 5 2 10 2 35 2 10 1 40							

* Letters for this Mail fully prepaid with ordinary postage together with a late letter fee of one anna, will be should be posted in the Letter Box placed in the Verandah of the Egmore Railway Station Post Office for transfer
† Letters for this Mail fully prepaid with ordinary postage, together with a late letter fee of one anna, will be 6 p.m., and at the Park Town Post Office up to 6-25 p.m.

Madras General Post Office and Town Sub-Offices.

Latest hours for posting.

Egmore Railway Station.	Flower Bazaar.	Fort St. George.	Guindy Station Post Office.	High Court Buildings.	Kilpauk.	Mannady.	Mint Buildings.	Mount Road.	Mylapore.	Nungun-bankum.	Park Town.	Perambur Barracks.	Perambur.	Pudupet.	Rayapetam.	Rayapetah.	Saidapet.
a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	a.m. 6 10 4 40 3 25 3 30 6 10 4 0 4 45 4 25 4 30 4 0 3 45 5 30 4 5 4 15 4 10 4 40 4 15 6 15 p.m. 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 Previous day. 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0

received at the window of the Egmore Railway Station Post Office up to 6 p.m. and after that hour only such letters to the Railway Mail Service
received at the window of the General Post Office up to 5-55 p.m., at the Egmore Railway Station Post Office up to

Despatch of Mails (Inland) from the Madras General Post Office and Town Sub-Offices.—concluded.

Mails.		Latest hours for posting.							
		San Thomé.	Perambur.	Howcarpet.	Spencer Buildings.	Teynampett.	Triplicane.	Vepery.	Washermanpetta.
For all places between Madras and Tuticorin served by the morning Mail Train, South Indian Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 3 45	a.m. 3 40	a.m. 4 40	a.m. 4 0	a.m. 3 55	a.m. 4 10	a.m. 4 15	a.m. 4 25
	Registered letters	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 5 5	p.m. 5 30	p.m. 6 0
	Parcels	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 6 0
		a Previous day.							
For places between Madras and Nandalur served by North West Line Passenger Train, Madras Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 4 50	a.m. 4 55	a.m. 5 55	a.m. 4 0	a.m. 5 0	a.m. 5 15	a.m. 5 30	a.m. 5 40
	Registered letters	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0
	Parcels	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0
		a Previous day.							
For Bangalore, Mettupalayam, and Ootacamund, and intermediate stations served by the South-West Line, Passenger Train, Madras Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 3 45	a.m. 3 40	a.m. 4 40	a.m. 4 0	a.m. 3 55	a.m. 4 10	a.m. 4 15	a.m. 4 25
	Registered letters	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 5 5	p.m. 5 30	p.m. 6 0
	Parcels	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0
		a Previous day.							
For Calcutta, Eastern Bengal, Assam, Bengal (except Chota Nagpur), Cuttack, Balasore, the Northern Circars, and all other places served by the North-East Line Mail Train, Madras Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 7 25	a.m. 7 15	a.m. 8 15	a.m. 5 40	a.m. 7 25	a.m. 7 50	a.m. 7 50	a.m. 8 5
	Registered letters	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 7 45	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 7 5	p.m. 7 20	p.m. 8 20	p.m. 8 20
	Parcels	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0
		a Previous day.							
Red Hills and Solayaram served by Runner Line.	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 7 25	a.m. 7 15	a.m. 8 15	a.m. 7 40	a.m. 7 35	a.m. 7 50	a.m. 7 50	a.m. 8 0
	Registered letters	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0
	Parcels	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0
		a Previous day.							
Teroovattayoor and Tinnanur and Connur	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 8 50	a.m. 8 40	a.m. 9 40	a.m. 9 5	a.m. 9 0	a.m. 9 15	a.m. 9 15	a.m. 9 25
	Registered letters	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 6 0
	Parcels	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0
		a Previous day.							
For St. Thomas' Mount	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 10 35	a.m. 10 50	a.m. 11 45	a.m. 11 10	a.m. 10 45	a.m. 11 10	a.m. 11 30	a.m. 11 25
	Registered letters	p.m. 10 5	p.m. 10 20	p.m. 11 15	p.m. 10 40	p.m. 10 15	p.m. 10 40	p.m. 11 0	p.m. 10 55
	Parcels	.. 10 5	.. 10 20	.. 11 15	.. 10 40	.. 10 15	.. 10 40	.. 11 0	.. 10 55
For places between Madras and Cojebaram served by the Mixed Train, South Indian Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 10 35	p.m. 10 50	p.m. 11 45	p.m. 11 10	p.m. 10 45	p.m. 11 10	p.m. 11 30	p.m. 11 25
	Registered letters	.. 10 5	.. 10 20	.. 11 15	.. 10 40	.. 10 15	.. 10 40	.. 11 0	.. 10 55
	Parcels	.. 10 5	.. 10 20	.. 11 15	.. 10 40	.. 10 15	.. 10 40	.. 11 0	.. 10 55
* For places between Madras and Tuticorin served by the evening Mail Train, South Indian Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 4 40	p.m. 4 50	p.m. 5 5	p.m. 5 10	p.m. 4 50	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 5 25	p.m. 4 45
	Registered letters	.. 4 10	.. 4 20	.. 4 35	.. 4 40	.. 4 20	.. 4 30	.. 4 55	.. 4 15
	Parcels	.. 1 30	.. 1 50	.. 2 45	.. 2 5	.. 1 40	.. 2 5	.. 2 30	.. 2 25
For Bangalore, Mysore, Coorg, the Nilgiris and Wynnad, and all other places served by the South-West Line Mail Train, Madras Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 4 40	a.m. 5 50	a.m. 5 25	a.m. 5 10	a.m. 4 50	a.m. 5 0	a.m. 5 25	a.m. 5 30
	Registered letters	.. 4 10	.. 5 20	.. 4 55	.. 4 40	.. 4 20	.. 4 30	.. 4 55	.. 5 0
	Parcels	.. 1 30	.. 1 50	.. 2 45	.. 2 5	.. 1 40	.. 2 5	.. 2 30	.. 2 25
† For the Punjab, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, Chota Nagpur, Bombay Presidency, Malwa, Central Provinces, Berar, Hyderabad, and all other places served by the North-West Line Mail Train, Madras Railway.	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 5 5	a.m. 5 50	a.m. 5 55	a.m. 5 40	a.m. 5 15	a.m. 5 35	a.m. 6 0	a.m. 6 10
	Registered letters	.. 4 35	.. 5 20	.. 5 25	.. 5 0	.. 4 45	.. 5 5	.. 5 30	.. 5 40
	Parcels	.. 1 30	.. 1 50	.. 2 45	.. 2 5	.. 1 40	.. 2 5	.. 2 30	.. 2 25

* Letters for this Mail fully prepaid with ordinary postage together with a late letter fee of one anna, will be received at the window of the Egmore Railway Station Post Office up to 6 P.M., and after that hour only such letters should be posted in the Letter Box placed in the Verandah of the Egmore Railway Station Post Office for transfer to the Railway Mail Service.

† Letters for this Mail fully prepaid with ordinary postage, together with a late letter fee of one anna, will be received at the window of the General Post Office up to 5-55 P.M., at the Egmore Railway Station Post Office up to 6 P.M., and at the Park Town Post Office up to 6-25 P.M.

Despatch of Mails (Inland) from the Madras General Post Office and Town Sub-Offices.—continued.

Mails.		Latest hours for posting.							
		General Post Office.	Adyar.	Cathedral.	Chepauk.	Chintadri-peta.	Choolai.	Chowk.	Egmore.
For St. Thomas' Mount and Pallavaram.	First ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 5 0	a.m. 3 55	a.m. 4 10	p.m. 5 35	a.m. 4 15	a.m. 4 25	a.m. 4 15
	Registered letters	.. 6 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 5	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	p.m. 6 10	p.m. 5 30	p.m. 5 10
	Parcels	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0	.. 5 0
		a Previous day.							
Second ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 1 10	p.m. 10 40	p.m. 11 5	p.m. 10 10	p.m. 10 15	p.m. 10 15	p.m. 10 15	p.m. 10 15
	Registered letters	.. 12 40	.. 10 10	.. 10 35	.. 10 40	.. 10 45	.. 11 5	.. 10 45	.. 10 15
	Parcels	.. 12 40	.. 10 10	.. 10 35	.. 10 40	.. 10 45	.. 11 5	.. 10 45	.. 10 15
Third ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 3 40	p.m. 2 5	p.m. 2 30	p.m. 2 35	p.m. 2 40	p.m. 2 40	p.m. 2 40	p.m. 2 10
	Registered letters	.. 3 10	.. 1 35	.. 2 0	.. 2 5	.. 2 10	.. 2 35	.. 2 10	.. 1 40
	Parcels	.. 3 10	.. 1 35	.. 2 0	.. 2 5	.. 2 10	.. 2 35	.. 2 10	.. 1 40
Fourth ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 7 0	p.m. 5 10	p.m. 5 35	p.m. 5 35	p.m. 5 40	p.m. 6 0	p.m. 5 40	p.m. 5 40
	Registered letters	.. 6 0	.. 4 40	.. 5 5	.. 5 5	.. 5 10	.. 5 30	.. 5 10	.. 5 10
	Parcels	.. 6 0	.. 4 40	.. 5 5	.. 5 5	.. 5 10	.. 5 30	.. 5 10	.. 5 10
For Nellore, Ponnani and Ennur	Ordinary letters and papers.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Registered letters	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Parcels	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Despatch for Local Deliveries:

First ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 5 0	p.m. 5 10	p.m. 5 35	p.m. 5 35	p.m. 5 40	p.m. 5 40	p.m. 5 40	p.m. 5 40
		a Previous day.							
Second ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 5 30	p.m. 3 55	p.m. 4 10	..	p.m. 4 15	p.m. 4 25	p.m. 4 15	p.m. 4 15
Third ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 6 35	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 5 15	..	p.m. 5 20	p.m. 5 40	p.m. 5 20	p.m. 4 55
	Registered letters	.. 6 0	.. 6 0	.. 6 0	.. 6 0	.. 6 0	.. 6 0	.. 6 0	.. 6 0
		a Previous day.							
Fourth ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	a.m. 8 50	a.m. 7 35	a.m. 7 50	a.m. 7 50	a.m. 7 55	a.m. 8 0	a.m. 7 55	a.m. 7 20
Fifth ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 10 20	p.m. 9 0	p.m. 9 15	p.m. 9 15	p.m. 9 20	p.m. 9 25	p.m. 9 20	p.m. 8 45
Sixth ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 12 20	p.m. 10 40	p.m. 11 5	p.m. 10 11	p.m. 10 15	p.m. 11 35	p.m. 11 15	p.m. 10 45
	Registered letters	.. 11 50	.. 10 10	.. 10 35	.. 10 40	.. 10 45	.. 11 5	.. 10 45	.. 10 15
Seventh ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 2 20	p.m. 12 45	p.m. 12 55	p.m. 1 0	p.m. 5 1	p.m. 5 25	p.m. 1 5	p.m. 12 40
Eighth ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 4 20	p.m. 2 5	p.m. 2 30	p.m. 2 35	p.m. 2 0	p.m. 3 5	p.m. 2 40	p.m. 2 10
	Registered letters	.. 3 50	.. 1 35	.. 2 0	.. 2 5	.. 2 10	.. 2 35	.. 2 10	.. 1 40
Ninth ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 5 20	p.m. 3 45	p.m. 4 15	p.m. 4 15	p.m. 4 20	p.m. 4 25	p.m. 4 20	p.m. 3 45
Tenth ...	Ordinary letters and papers.	p.m. 6 20	p.m. 4 50	p.m. 5 5	p.m. 5 0	p.m. 5 5	p.m. 5 30	p.m. 5 5	p.m. 4 40

Despatch of Mails (Inland) from the Madras Genera

		Latest hours							
Mails.		Egmore Rail- way station.	Flower Bazaar.	Fort St. George.	Guidy Post Office.	High Court Buildings.	Kilpauk.	Mannady.	Mint Buildings.
First	Ordinary letters and papers.	a. m. 6 10	a. m. 4 40	a. m. 5 25	a. m. 3 30	p. m. 6 10	a. m. 4 0	a. m. 4 45	a. m. 4 35
	Registered letters	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 4 10	6 0	5 15	6 0	6 25
	Parcels	5 0	5 0	5 0	4 10	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0
		a Previous day.							
Second	Ordinary letters and papers.	p. m. 1 40	a. m. 11 35	a. m. 11 35	a. m. 10 10	a. m. 11 45	a. m. 11 20	a. m. 11 45	a. m. 11 30
	Registered letters	1 10	11 5	11 5	9 40	11 15	11 50	11 15	11 0
	Parcels	10 30	11 5	11 5	9 40	11 15	10 50	11 15	11 0
Third	Ordinary letters and papers.	p. m. 2 25	p. m. 3 5	p. m. 3 10	p. m. 1 35	p. m. 3 15	p. m. 2 50	p. m. 3 15	p. m. 3 0
	Registered letters	1 55	2 35	2 40	1 5	2 45	2 20	2 45	2 30
	Parcels	5 45	6 35	6 0	4 40	6 10	5 45	6 25	5 55
Fourth	Ordinary letters and papers.	5 15	6 0	5 30	4 10	6 0	5 15	6 0	5 25
	Registered letters	5 15	6 0	5 30	4 10	6 0	5 15	6 0	5 25
	Parcels	5 15	6 0	5 30	4 10	6 0	5 15	6 0	5 25
For Nellore, Pondicherry and Ennur	Ordinary letters and papers.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Registered letters	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Parcels	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Despatch of Local

First	Ordinary letters and papers.	p. m. 5 45	p. m. 6 35	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 4 40	p. m. 6 10	p. m. 5 45	p. m. 6 25	p. m. 5 55
		a Previous day.							
Second	Ordinary letters and papers.	a. m. 4 0	a. m. 4 40	a. m. 4 30	a. m. 3 30	...	a. m. 4 0	a. m. 4 45	a. m. 4 25
Third	Ordinary letters and papers.	5 10	5 55	5 45	4 35	...	5 15	6 0	5 40
	Registered letters	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0
	Parcels	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0	6 0
		a Previous day.							
Fourth	Ordinary letters and papers.	a. m. 7 35	a. m. 8 15	a. m. 8 10	a. m. 7 10	...	a. m. 7 35	a. m. 8 20	a. m. 8 0
Fifth	Ordinary letters and papers.	9 0	9 40	9 35	8 35	...	9 0	9 45	9 25
Sixth	Ordinary letters and papers.	11 0	11 35	11 35	10 10	11 45	11 20	11 45	11 30
	Registered letters	10 30	11 5	11 5	9 40	11 15	10 50	11 15	11 0
	Parcels	p. m. 12 55	p. m. 1 40	p. m. 1 30	p. m. 12 0	p. m. 1 60	p. m. 1 0	p. m. 1 45	p. m. 1 25
Seventh	Ordinary letters and papers.	2 25	3 5	3 10	1 35	3 15	2 50	3 15	3 0
	Registered letters	1 55	2 35	2 40	1 5	2 45	2 20	2 45	2 30
	Parcels	5 45	6 35	6 0	4 40	6 10	5 45	6 25	5 55
Eighth	Ordinary letters and papers.	4 0	4 35	4 35	3 35	4 45	4 0	4 15	4 25
	Registered letters	4 0	4 35	4 35	3 35	4 45	4 0	4 15	4 25
	Parcels	4 55	5 45	5 30	4 25	5 50	5 15	5 45	5 30
Ninth	Ordinary letters and papers.	4 55	5 45	5 30	4 25	5 50	5 15	5 45	5 30
Tenth	Ordinary letters and papers.	4 55	5 45	5 30	4 25	5 50	5 15	5 45	5 30

* A special despatch will be made

Post Office and Town Sub-Offices—concluded.

for posting.

Mount Road.	Mylapore.	Nanganur. bakkam.	Park Town.	Perambur Barracks.	Perambur.	Puducherry.	Rayapuram.	Rayapettah.	Saidapet.	San Thomé.	Perambur.	Sowcarpet.	Spencer Buildings.	Teynampet.	Triplicane.	Vepery.	Washerman- petta.
a. m. 4 30	a. m. 4 0	a. m. 3 45	a. m. 5 30	a. m. 4 5	a. m. 4 15	a. m. 4 10	a. m. 4 40	a. m. 4 15	a. m. 6 15	a. m. 3 45	a. m. 3 40	a. m. 4 40	a. m. 4 0	a. m. 3 55	a. m. 4 10	a. m. 4 15	a. m. 4 25
p. m. 6 0	p. m. 5 0	p. m. 5 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 5 40	p. m. 5 5	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 5 10	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 5 0	p. m. 5 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 5 0	p. m. 5 0	p. m. 5 5	p. m. 5 30	p. m. 6 0
5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	4 25	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0
		a Previous day.								a Previous day.							
a. m. 11 30	a. m. 10 50	a. m. 10 35	a. m. 11 30	a. m. 11 15	a. m. 11 15	a. m. 11 10	a. m. 11 40	a. m. 11 10	a. m. 2 15	a. m. 10 35	a. m. 10 50	a. m. 11 45	a. m. 11 10	a. m. 10 45	a. m. 11 10	a. m. 11 30	a. m. 11 25
11 0	10 20	10 5	11 0	10 45	10 45	10 40	11 10	10 40	1 45	10 5	10 20	11 15	10 40	10 15	10 40	11 0	10 55
11 0	10 20	10 5	11 0	10 45	10 45	10 40	11 10	10 40	1 45	10 5	10 20	11 15	10 40	10 15	10 40	11 0	10 55
p. m. 2 55	p. m. 2 15	p. m. 2 0	p. m. 2 55	p. m. 2 45	p. m. 2 40	p. m. 2 35	p. m. 3 10	p. m. 2 35	p. m. 1 50	p. m. 2 0	p. m. 2 20	p. m. 3 15	p. m. 2 35	p. m. 2 10	p. m. 2 35	p. m. 3 0	p. m. 2 55
2 25	1 45	1 30	2 25	2 15	2 10	2 5	2 40	2 5	1 20	1 30	1 50	2 45	2 5	1 40	2 5	2 30	2 25
6 0	5 20	5 5	6 30	5 40	6 10	5 35	6 25	5 40	4 55	5 5	5 15	6 5	5 40	5 15	5 35	6 0	6 10
5 30	4 50	4 35	6 0	5 10	5 40	5 5	6 0	5 10	4 25	4 35	4 45	5 35	5 0	4 45	5 5	5 30	5 40
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Deliveries—concluded.

p. m. 6 50	p. m. 5 20	p. m. 5 5	p. m. 6 30	p. m. 5 40	p. m. 6 10	p. m. 5 35	p. m. 6 25	p. m. 5 40	p. m. 4 55	p. m. 5 5	p. m. 5 15	p. m. 6 5	p. m. 6 40	p. m. 5 15	p. m. 5 35	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 10
		a Previous day.								a Previous day.							
a. m. 4 30	a. m. 4 0	a. m. 3 45	a. m. 4 30	a. m. 4 5	a. m. 4 15	a. m. 4 10	a. m. 4 40	a. m. 4 15	a. m. 3 40	a. m. 3 45	a. m. 3 40	a. m. 4 40	a. m. 4 0	a. m. 3 55	a. m. 4 10	a. m. 4 15	a. m. 4 25
5 35	5 5	4 50	5 40	5 20	6 25	5 15	5 55	5 20	4 45	4 50	4 55	5 55	...	5 0	5 15	5 30	5 40
p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0	p. m. 6 0
		a Previous day.								a Previous day.							
a. m. 8 10	a. m. 7 40	a. m. 7 25	a. m. 8 5	a. m. 7 40	a. m. 7 50	a. m. 7 50	a. m. 8 15	a. m. 7 55	a. m. 7 20	a. m. 7 25	a. m. 7 15	a. m. 8 15	a. m. 7 40	a. m. 7 35	a. m. 7 50	a. m. 7 50	a. m. 8 0
9 35	9 5	8 50	9 30	9 5	9 15	9 15	9 40	9 20	8 45	8 50	8 40	9 40	9 5	9 0	9 15	9 15	9 25
11 30	10 50	10 35	11 30	11 15	11 15	11 10	11 40	11 10	10 25	10 35	10 50	11 45	11 10	10 45	11 10	11 30	11 25
11 0	10 20	10 5	11 0	10 45	10 45	10 40	11 10	10 40	9 55	10 5	10 20	11 15	10 40	10 15	10 40	11 0	10 55
p. m. 1 20	p. m. 12 50	p. m. 12 25	p. m. 1 25	p. m. 1 5	p. m. 1 10	p. m. 1 0	p. m. 1 40	p. m. 1 5	p. m. 12 35	p. m. 12 40	p. m. 1 40	p. m. 1 40	p. m. 1 0	p. m. 12 35	p. m. 1 0	p. m. 1 15	p. m. 1 25
2 55	2 15	2 0	2 55	2 45	2 40	2 35	3 10	2 35	1 50	2 0	2 20	3 15	2 35	2 10	2 35	3 0	2 55
2 25	1 45	1 30	2 25	2 15	2 10	2 5	2 40	2 5	1 20	1 30	1 50	2 45	2 5	1 40	2 5	2 30	2 25
4 35	3 55	3 50	4 30	4 5	4 15	4 15	4 40	4 15	3 45	3 40	3 40	4 40	4 20	4 0	4 15	4 15	4 25
5 25	4 55	4 40	5 25	5 15	5 10	5 0	5 45	5 10	4 35	4 40	4 50	5 40	5 10	4 50	5 0	5 25	5 30

from Mount Road at 7-20 a.m.

Letters posted at hours shown under heading "A" in columns
offices named

1	2		3		4		5		6	
	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
Name of Office.	Posted at	Delivered at (1st Delivery)	Posted at	Delivered at (2nd Delivery)	Posted at	Delivered at (3rd Delivery)	Posted at	Delivered at (4th Delivery)	Posted at	Delivered at (5th Delivery)
	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.
General Post Office..	5 0	6 0	5 30	7 0	6 35	8 0	8 50	9 0	10 20	11 0
Adyar	5 10	6 10	5 55	7 30	5 0	8 10	7 35	10 25	9 0	11 30
Cathedral	5 35	6 0	4 10	7 5	5 15	8 20	7 50	9 55	9 15	11 15
Chepauk	5 35	6 0	...	7 5	...	8 0	7 50	10 0	9 15	11 15
Chintadripeta	5 40	6 0	4 15	7 0	5 20	8 0	7 55	9 50	9 20	11 15
Choolai	6 0	6 0	4 25	7 0	5 40	8 0	8 0	9 30	9 25	11 10
Chowk	5 40	N.D.	4 15	N.D.	5 20	N.D.	7 55	N.D.	9 20	N.D.
Egmore	5 40	6 20	3 45	7 0	4 55	8 0	7 20	10 10	8 45	11 35
Egmore Railway Station	5 45	N.D.	4 0	N.D.	5 10	N.D.	7 35	N.D.	9 0	N.D.
Flower Bazaar	6 35	N.D.	4 40	N.D.	5 55	N.D.	8 15	N.D.	9 40	N.D.
Fort Saint George	6 0	6 0	4 30	7 0	5 45	8 0	8 10	9 30	9 35	11 0
Guindy	4 40	6 40	3 30	8 0	4 35	8 35	7 10	10 35	8 35	11 55
High Court Buildings	6 10	N.D.	...	N.D.	...	N.D.	...	N.D.	...	N.D.
Kilpauk	5 45	6 10	4 0	7 0	5 15	8 0	7 35	9 45	9 0	11 30
Mannady	6 25	N.D.	4 45	N.D.	6 0	N.D.	8 20	N.D.	9 45	N.D.
Mint Buildings	5 55	6 0	4 25	7 0	5 40	8 0	8 0	9 40	9 25	11 10
Mount Road	6 50	6 0	4 30	7 0	5 35	8 0	8 10	9 35	9 35	11 0
Mylapore	5 20	6 5	4 0	7 20	5 5	8 5	7 40	10 15	9 5	11 25
Nungumbaukum	5 5	6 15	3 45	7 30	4 50	8 15	7 25	10 15	8 50	11 35
Park Town	6 30	6 0	4 30	7 0	5 40	8 0	8 5	9 35	9 30	11 0
Perambur Barracks...	5 40	6 5	4 5	7 0	5 20	8 0	7 40	9 55	9 5	11 20
Pereammet	6 10	N.D.	4 15	N.D.	5 25	N.D.	7 50	N.D.	9 15	N.D.
Pudupet	5 35	N.D.	4 10	N.D.	5 15	N.D.	7 50	N.D.	9 15	N.D.
Rayapuram	6 25	6 0	4 40	7 0	5 55	8 0	8 15	9 30	9 40	11 0
Royapettah	5 40	6 0	4 15	7 5	5 20	8 0	7 55	10 0	9 20	11 10
Saidapet	4 55	6 30	3 40	7 45	4 45	8 25	7 20	10 25	8 45	11 45
San Thomé	5 5	6 20	3 45	7 35	4 50	8 20	7 25	10 30	8 50	11 40
Perambur	5 15	6 0	3 40	7 0	4 55	8 0	7 15	10 15	8 40	11 45
Sowcarpet	6 5	6 0	4 40	7 0	5 55	8 0	8 15	9 30	9 40	11 0
Spencer Buildings	6 40	N.D.	4 0	N.D.	4 0	N.D.	7 40	N.D.	9 5	N.D.
Teynampett	5 15	6 10	3 55	7 25	5 0	8 25	7 35	10 10	9 0	11 30
Triplacane	5 35	6 0	4 10	7 5	5 15	8 0	7 50	10 0	9 15	11 15
Vepery	6 0	6 0	4 15	7 0	5 30	8 0	7 50	9 35	9 15	11 15
Washermanpetta	6 10	6 0	4 25	7 0	5 40	8 0	8 0	9 45	25	11 5

* Previous day.

† Paid unregistered articles posted up to 7-20 A.M., in Mount Road, will be issued by the General Post Office at the 8-0 A.M. delivery.

Note.—(1) N.D.—No delivery is made at these offices.

(2) There is only one delivery of letters on Sundays and First Office holidays. The hour fixed is 9 A.M. for the General Post Office.

2 to 11 are issued for delivery as shown under heading "B" at the
in column 1.

7		8		9		10		11	
A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B	A	B
Posted at	Delivered at (6th Delivery)	Posted at	Delivered at (7th Delivery)	Posted at	Delivered at (8th Delivery)	Posted at	Delivered at (9th Delivery)	Posted at	Delivered at (10th Delivery)
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
12 20	1 0	2 20	3 0	4 20	5 0	5 20	6 0	6 20	7 0
A.M.									
10 40	1 55	12 45	3 45	2 5	5 45	3 45	6 45	4 50	7 45
11 5	1 35	12 55	3 35	2 30	5 20	4 15	6 30	5 5	7 15
11 10	1 35	1 0	3 35	2 35	5 20	4 15	6 35	5 0	7 20
11 15	1 30	1 5	3 30	2 40	5 20	4 20	6 30	5 5	7 15
11 35	1 25	1 25	3 10	3 5	4 55	4 25	6 10	5 30	7 5
11 15	N.D.	1 5	N.D.	2 40	N.D.	4 20	N.D.	5 5	N.D.
10 45	1 45	12 40	3 40	2 10	5 35	3 45	6 40	4 40	7 35
11 0	N.D.	12 55	N.D.	2 25	N.D.	4 0	N.D.	4 55	N.D.
11 35	N.D.	1 40	N.D.	3 5	N.D.	4 35	N.D.	5 45	N.D.
11 35	1 0	1 30	3 0	3 10	5 0	4 35	6 0	5 30	7 0
10 10	2 25	Noon							
		12 0	4 30	1 35	6 15	3 35	7 10	4 25	7 55
		P.M.							
11 35	N.D.	1 50	N.D.	3 15	N.D.	4 45	N.D.	5 50	N.D.
11 20	1 20	1 0	3 30	2 50	5 20	4 0	6 30	5 15	7 30
11 45	N.D.	1 45	N.D.	3 15	N.D.	4 45	N.D.	5 45	N.D.
11 30	1 25	1 25	3 10	3 0	5 5	4 25	6 10	5 30	7 10
11 30	1 10	1 20	3 15	2 55	5 0	4 35	6 15	5 25	7 0
10 50	1 50	12 50	3 40	2 15	5 40	3 55	6 40	4 55	7 40
10 35	2 0	12 25	4 0	2 0	5 45	3 50	6 50	4 40	7 35
11 30	1 25	1 25	3 10	2 55	5 5	4 30	6 10	5 25	7 6
11 15	1 35	1 5	3 20	2 45	5 10	4 5	6 20	5 15	7 20
11 15	N.D.	1 10	N.D.	2 40	N.D.	4 15	N.D.	5 10	N.D.
11 10	N.D.	1 0	N.D.	2 35	N.D.	4 15	N.D.	5 0	N.D.
11 40	1 0	1 40	2 50	3 10	5 5	4 10	5 50	5 45	7 0
11 10	1 40	1 5	3 25	2 35	5 20	4 15	6 25	5 10	7 20
10 25	2 10	12 15	4 15	1 50	6 0	3 45	7 0	4 35	7 45
10 35	2 0	12 35	3 55	2 0	5 50	3 40	6 55	4 40	7 50
10 50	1 45	12 40	3 45	2 20	5 35	3 40	6 45	4 50	7 45
11 45	1 10	1 40	2 55	3 15	5 15	4 40	5 55	5 40	7 0
11 10	N.D.	1 0	N.D.	2 35	N.D.	4 20	N.D.	5 10	N.D.
10 45	1 50	12 35	3 55	2 10	5 40	4 0	6 45	4 50	7 30
11 10	1 35	1 0	3 35	2 35	5 20	4 15	6 35	5 0	7 20
11 30	1 20	1 15	3 15	3 0	5 5	4 15	6 15	5 25	7 20
11 25	1 15	1 25	3 5	2 55	5 5	4 25	6 5	5 30	7 10

(3) Paid unregistered articles for delivery within the area served by an office may be posted up to within ten minutes of the hour fixed for delivery.

Thus a letter posted in the General Post Office at 5-50 A.M. for delivery by the General Post Office will be issued by the first delivery at 6 A.M.; and a letter posted at Saidapet at 5-50 P.M. for delivery by the Saidapet Post Office will be issued by the eighth delivery at 6-0 P.M.

Hours of Deliv

Ten deliveries of Mail articles are made from the General Post Office and its Town Sub-Offices on week days,

HOURS OF DELIVERIES AT THE

Number of deliveries.	Class of articles issued at each delivery.	General Post Office.	Adyar.	Cathedral.	Chepauk.	Chintadripeta.	Choolai.	Egmore.	Fort St. George.	Guindy Season Post Office.
1.	*Paid letters and packets from all places served by the evening Local Train. South-West line of the Madras Railway and from Pallavaram and St. Thomas' Mount, as also those posted locally after the tenth delivery of previous day.	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-10	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-20	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-40
2.	†Registered and insured letters and packets from all places above-mentioned, and those from all places served by the North-West line Mail Train and also those posted locally.	7-0	7-30	7-5	7-5	7-0	7-0	7-0	7-0	8-0
3.	‡Paid, registered and insured letters and packets from all places served by the South-West line Mail Train, Madras Railway, and from Ennur, Nellore, Tiruovateyoor and those posted locally.	8-0	8-10	8-20	8-0	8-0	8-0	8-0	8-0	8-35
4.	§Paid, registered and insured letters and packets from all places served by the morning Mail Train, South Indian Railway and unregistered paid articles from St. Thomas' Mount and those posted locally.	9-0	10-25	9-55	10-0	9-50	9-30	10-10	9-30	10-35
5.	||Paid, registered and insured letters and packets from Pallavaram, Tinnanur, Connur, Kizhakundiur and those posted locally.	11-0	11-30	11-15	11-15	11-15	11-10	11-35	11-0	11-55
6.	¶Paid, registered and insured letters and packets from Conjeevaram, Chingleput, St. Thomas' Mount, Pallavaram and other places served by the Mixed Train, South Indian Railway, local letters and money orders, Inland and Foreign and unpaid articles.	P.M. 1-0	P.M. 1-55	P.M. 1-35	P.M. 1-35	P.M. 1-30	P.M. 1-25	P.M. 1-45	P.M. 1-0	P.M. 2-25
7.	‡Paid articles from Solavaram, Red Hills, and local articles.	3-0	3-45	3-55	3-35	3-30	3-10	3-40	3-0	4-30
8.	§Paid, registered and insured letters and packets from Pallavaram, St. Thomas' Mount and those posted locally and registered articles from Solavaram and Red Hills.	5-0	5-45	5-20	5-20	5-10	4-55	5-35	5-0	6-15
9.	||Paid letters and packets from all places served by the **North-East Mail Train, Madras Railway, and by ††Mixed Train from Nandalur to Madras and local articles.	6-0	6-45	6-30	6-35	6-30	6-10	6-40	6-0	7-10
10.	††Paid letters and packets from all places served by evening Mail Train, South Indian Railway, and local letters.	7-0	7-45	7-15	7-20	7-15	7-5	7-25	7-0	7-55

* These Mails are issued in the General Post Office by the tenth delivery.

† These articles will be issued by Town Sub-Offices at the third delivery.

‡ Registered articles from places served by the North-West Line will be issued at Town Sub-Offices at the fourth delivery and unregistered articles by Perambur and Perambur Barracks by the first delivery.

§ All articles from these places are issued at Choolai, Perambur, Vepery and Perambur Barracks at the second delivery.

|| Saidapet, Nungumbaukum, Teynampett, Cathedral, Kilpauk and Egmore at the third delivery.

¶ Do. Pallavaram, Tinnanur, Connur, Kizhakundiur, will be issued by Town Sub-Offices at the sixth delivery.

‡ Do. these places are issued at Saidapet by the fifth delivery.

§ Paid unregistered articles and registered articles from these places will be issued at the eighth delivery by Sowcarpet, Mint Buildings, Rayapuram and Washermanpetta, and registered articles by the second delivery in the General Post Office and other Town Sub-Offices, the following morning.

†† Registered articles from these places will be issued in the General Post Office at the second

ery of Mails.

and one only of paid articles (unregistered, registered and insured) on Sundays and Post Office Holidays.

UNDERMENTIONED POST OFFICES.

Kilpauk.	Mint Buildings.	Mount Road.	Mylapore.	Nungumbaukum.	Park Town.	Perambur.	Perambur Barracks.	Rayapuram.	Rayapettah.	Saidapet.	San Thomé.	Sowcarpet.	Teynampett.	Triplicane.	Vepery.	Washermanpetta.
A.M. 6-10	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-5	A.M. 6-15	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-5	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-30	A.M. 6-20	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-10	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-0	A.M. 6-0
7-0	7-0	7-0	7-20	7-30	7-0	7-0	7-0	7-0	7-5	7-45	7-35	7-0	7-25	7-5	7-0	7-0
8-0	8-0	8-0	8-5	8-15	8-0	8-0	8-0	8-0	8-0	8-25	8-20	8-0	8-25	8-0	8-0	8-0
9-45	9-40	9-35	10-15	10-15	9-35	10-15	9-55	9-30	10-0	10-25	10-30	9-30	10-10	10-0	9-35	9-45
11-30	11-10	11-0	11-25	11-35	11-0	11-45	11-20	11-0	11-10	11-45	11-40	11-0	11-30	11-15	11-15	11-5
P.M. 1-20	P.M. 1-25	P.M. 1-10	P.M. 1-50	P.M. 2-0	P.M. 1-25	P.M. 1-45	P.M. 1-35	P.M. 1-0	P.M. 1-40	P.M. 2-10	P.M. 2-0	P.M. 1-10	P.M. 1-50	P.M. 1-35	P.M. 1-20	P.M. 1-15
3-30	3-10	3-15	3-40	4-0	3-10	3-45	3-20	2-50	3-25	4-15	3-55	2-55	3-55	3-35	3-15	3-5
5-20	5-5	5-0	5-40	5-45	5-5	5-35	5-10	5-5	5-20	6-0	5-30	5-15	5-40	5-20	5-5	5-5
6-30	6-10	6-15	6-40	6-50	6-10	6-45	6-20	5-50	6-25	7-0	6-55	5-55	6-45	6-35	6-15	6-5
7-30	7-10	7-0	7-40	7-35	7-5	7-45	7-20	7-0	7-20	7-45	7-50	7-0	7-30	7-20	7-20	7-10

delivery and in Town Sub-Offices by the third delivery the following morning, and all articles at the eighth delivery in Saidapet Town Sub-Offices.

†† These Mails are issued in the Town Sub-Offices by the tenth delivery.

Note.—(1) Delivery of parcels is made by the General Post Office at the fourth delivery and at the sixth delivery by Town Sub-Offices.

(2) Foreign letter Mail from Europe expected every Monday and issued at the second delivery. Packets will be issued at the third delivery at the General Post Office and more important Town Sub-Offices.

(5) Foreign parcel Mail from Europe expected every Tuesday.

(4) The delivery on Sundays will be made by the General Post Office at 9 A.M. and by Town Sub-Offices one hour earlier than that fixed for the fourth delivery on week days.

(5) Paid unregistered articles posted at any office for delivery within the beat of such office up to 10 minutes before the time fixed for the delivery will be issued by the same delivery, i.e., a letter posted in the General Post Office at 5-50 A.M. for delivery by the General Post Office will be issued by the first delivery at 6 A.M., and a letter posted at Saidapet at 2 P.M., for delivery by the Saidapet Post Office will be issued by the sixth delivery at 2-10 P.M.

(6) The time of issue of the deliveries will depend upon the hour of arrival of the trains which brings in mails.

Table showing the Divisions of the Town of Madras for purposes of Delivery.

1	2
Name of the Post Office.	Localities served by each Post Office named in column 1.
Madras General Office.	Attapoliem, Beach, Black Town, Esplanade, Kachaleeswara Agraharam, Maffongudi, Mannady, Moothalpet, Vasapumadai.
Adyar	Amirbaugh, Mackey's Garden, Mount Road (from Elphinstone Hotel to Cathedral), Nuksha, Thousand Lights, Thulookanthottam, Azeezool Mulk's Garden, Greave's Road.
Chepauk	Chepauk Palace, Senate-house.
Chintadripeta	Chintadripeta.
Choolai	Choolai, Kariankuttai, Perumalpet, Salt Cotaurs, Srinivasapuram, Veerannanthottam.
Egmore	Chetpat, Egmore, Seethapet, South Indian Railway Station.
Fort St. George.	Fort St. George.
Guindy *	Government House, Guludiy Park.
Kilpauk	Dares Garden, Jaganathapuram, Kilpauk, Locock's Garden, Modavakum.
Mint Buildings...	Big Parachary, Invalid Barracks, Seven Wells, Konditope, Kristnappa Naick Agraharam, P. W. Workshops and Stores, Government Press, Medical Stores.
Mount Road	Begum Bazaar, Government House, Governor's Body Guard, Goyathope, Kaliman Parachary, Kaman Durwazza, Komaleeswarnpet, Meeran Saib's Garden, Mount Road (from Government House to Spencer's Buildings), Napier Park, Narasingapuram, Naizamali Khan Garden, Pudupet, Ghetty Garden, Suparee Gunta, Tiruveeswarenpet.
Mylapore	Alwarpet, Elliot's Garden, Kondianchary, Kosapetta, Kottacooppam, Luz, Mylapore, Robertsonpetta.
Nungumbakum ..	Kanniakovilchary, Nungumbakum, Ponningchary.
Park Town	General Hospital, Goozely Bazaar, His Majesty's Penitentiary, John Pereira's, Memorial Hall, New Town, Peremat, Park Town, People's Park.
Perambur Barracks.	Cosapet, Govindoopuram, Gunpowder Factory, Perambur, Pulianthope, Ramalingapuram, Tanker's Choultry, Vasarpady, Vinayagapuram, Otary.
Rayapuram	Cassimode, Cassimode Cooppum, Chinnasawmy Chetty Agraharam, Kalmandapam, Meenatchiammapet, Rayapuram, Suriyanarayana Chetty Agraharam.
Royapettah	Anayacolum, or Elephant Tank, Gallilepuram, Hall's Garden, Madras Club, Meersaibpetta, Patter's Garden, Pudupaukum, Royapettah, Shanam Cooppam, Sullivan's Gardens, Vinayagampetta.
Saidapet	Guindy, Guindy Park, Home's Garden, Little Mount, Mettoopollum, Periapettai, Saidapet.
San Thomé	D'Monte Kuppam, Mottucooppam, Nattucooppam, Quillchary, San Thomé, Talarettoocovilchary, Thennanthoppoochary, Thulukan-chary.
Perambur	Agaram, Mettupalium, Peralur, Perambur Works, Perambur Village, Sembium, Siruvallur.
Sowcarpet	Akambara Agraharam, Byragi Matam, Perumal Covil Parachary, Sowcarpet, Sanekulam, Thotecherry, Thote Gudesai, Yadapalium.
Teynampett	Canadacarachary, Mount Road (from Agri-Horticultural Garden to Toll-gate), Nallacherry, Ollakarachary, Pally Teynampett, Pycarachary, Salachary, Vellala Teynampett.
Triplicane	Jam Bazaar, Mattoonam Cooppum, Parthasarathy's Temple, Chokra's Garden, Triplicane, Triplicane Chowk, Kistnampet.
Vepery	Narainapolium, Pursewaukum, Vepery.
Washermanpetta	Aroonachaleesvarenpetta, Auxiliary Middle School, Coorooopet, Jendrupet, Kollawar Agraharam, Kunnikolapet, Monegar Choultry, Singurathope, Sunjeevirayenpet, Thavangapuram, Thollakathukudisay, Tondyarpet, Tondyar Cooppum, Washermanpetta.

* Season Post Office open only during the residence of His Excellency the Governor at Guindy.

List of Pillar and Wall Letter Boxes in the City and Suburbs of Madras with their Hours of clearance.

Office by which served.	Locality in which situated.	Hours of clearance.							
		1st clear- ance.	2nd clear- ance.	3rd clear- ance.	4th clear- ance.	5th clear- ance.	6th clear- ance.	7th clear- ance.	8th clear- ance.
Madras Genl. Post Office.	Esplanade Row	A.M. 4 45	A.M. 7 40	A.M. 9 50	A.M. 11 45	P.M. 1 50	P.M. 3 35	P.M. 4 55*	P.M. 5 50
	General Market, North-East Corner...	4 50	7 45	9 55	11 50	1 55	3 40	4 40*	5 55
	Junction of Phillip's Street with Popham's Broadway	4 55	7 50	10 0	11 55	2 0	3 45	4 45*	6 0
	High Court Buildings	5 0	7 55	10 5	12 0	2 5	3 50	4 50*	6 5
	Thumbo Chetty Street	5 5	8 0	10 10	12 5	2 10	3 55	4 55*	6 10
	Junction of St. Xavier's Street with Popham's Broadway	4 50	7 45	9 55	11 50	1 55	3 40	4 40*	6 5
	Junction of Parish Venkatachella Iyer Street with Popham's Broadway	4 55	7 50	10 0	11 55	2 0	3 45	4 45*	6 0
	Semboodoss Street	5 0	7 55	10 5	12 0	2 5	3 50	4 50*	6 5
	Armenian Street	5 5	8 0	10 10	12 5	2 10	3 55	4 55*	6 10
	Monegar Choultry	4 45	7 40	9 50	11 45	1 50	3 35	4 35*	5 50
Chintadripeta.	Coral Merchant Street	4 50	7 45	9 55	11 50	1 55	3 40	4 40*	5 55
	Krishnan Coil	4 55	7 50	10 0	11 55	2 0	3 45	4 45*	6 0
	Junction of Krishnan Coil Street with Angappa Naiken Street	5 0	7 55	10 5	12 0	2 5	3 50	4 50*	6 5
Chowk	Customs House (Beach)	5 5	8 0	10 10	12 5	2 10	3 55	4 55*	6 10
	Iya Mudali Street	3 40	7 30	9 35	10 50	12 40	2 10	3 55	4 40
	Jamadar's Tannali	3 55	7 45	9 50	11 5	12 55	2 25	4 10	4 55
Choolai	Olagappa Maistry Street	3 50	7 40	9 5	11 0	12 50	2 20	4 5	4 50
	Walaja Road	3 55	7 45	9 50	11 5	12 55	2 30	4 10	4 55
	Chinnathambi Mudali Street	3 45	7 35	9 40	10 55	12 45	2 20	4 0	4 45
Egmore	Salt Cotaurs Park Gate	3 35	7 10	9 35	10 45	12 35	2 15	3 35	4 40
	Sami Pillai Street	3 50	7 25	9 50	11 0	12 50	2 30	3 50	4 55
	Maddox Street	4 0	7 35	9 40	11 10	1 0	2 40	4 0	5 5
Kilpauk	Hundall's Road	4 10	7 45	9 50	11 20	1 10	2 50	4 10	5 15
	Hunter's Road	4 15	7 50	9 55	11 25	1 15	2 55	4 15	5 20
	Egmore Police Station	3 35	7 10	9 35	10 35	12 30	2 0	3 35	4 30
Mint Buildings	Military Female Orphan Asylum	3 40	7 15	9 40	11 0	12 40	2 30	4 0	4 55
	Poonamallee Road	3 15	6 50	8 15	10 35	12 15	2 5	3 15	4 30
	Ormes Road	3 30	7 5	9 30	10 50	12 30	2 20	3 30	4 45
Mount Road	Junction of Balfour's Road with Modavakum Road.	3 45	7 20	9 45	11 5	12 45	2 35	3 45	5 0
	Pidariar Covil Street	3 50	7 30	9 55	11 0	12 55	2 30	3 55*	4 55
	Sumaithangi	4 0	7 40	9 5	11 10	1 5	2 40	4 5*	5 5
Washermanpetta	Washermanpetta Police Station	3 30	7 10	9 35	10 40	12 35	2 10	3 35*	4 35
	Invalid Barracks	3 45	7 25	9 50	10 55	12 50	2 25	3 50*	4 50
	Parchary Bazaar	4 0	7 40	9 5	11 10	1 5	2 40	4 5*	5 5
Triplicane	Konditope	3 35	7 20	9 40	10 45	12 40	2 15	3 40*	4 40
	Koopier Street	3 50	7 30	9 55	11 0	12 55	2 30	3 55*	4 55
	Konditope Market	3 40	7 25	9 45	10 50	12 45	2 20	3 45*	4 45
Narasingapuram	Narasingapuram	4 10	7 50	9 15	11 10	1 0	2 35	4 15	5 5
	Gymkhana Club	4 0	7 40	9 5	11 0	12 50	2 25	4 5	4 55
	Neil's Statue (Mount Road)	4 0	7 40	9 5	11 0	12 55	2 30	4 15	5 30
Cosmopolitan Club	M. E. Mission Press Office	4 10	7 50	9 15	11 10	1 0	2 35	4 15	5 5
	Cosmopolitan Club	4 20	8 0	9 25	11 20	1 10	2 45	4 25	5 15

Note.—The third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh clearances will not be made on Sundays and Post Office holidays.

* This clearance will be made on Sundays and Post Office holidays.

List of Pillar and Wall Letter Boxes in the City and Suburbs of Madras with their Hours of clearance—contd.

Office by which served.	Locality in which situated.	Hours of clearance.							
		1st clear- ance.	2nd clear- ance.	3rd clear- ance.	4th clear- ance.	5th clear- ance.	6th clear- ance.	7th clear- ance.	8th clear- ance.
		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Mylapore	Luz...	3 40	7 20	8 45	10 30	12 30	1 55	3 35	4 35
	Big Tank Square ...	3 45	7 25	8 50	10 35	12 35	2 0	3 40	4 40
	Chitracolam ...	3 50	7 30	8 55	10 40	12 40	2 5	3 45	4 45
	Robertsonpetta ...	3 25	7 5	8 30	10 15	12 15	1 40	3 20	4 20
	Big Tank Square, S. W. Corner ...	3 55	7 35	9 0	10 45	12 45	2 10	3 50	4 50
Nungambukum.	Munro's Bridge, Spur Tank Road ...	2 50	6 30	7 55	9 40	11 30	1 5	2 45	3 45
	College Road ...	3 35	7 15	8 40	10 25	12 15	1 50	3 30	4 30
	Tannah, Anderson's Bridge ...	3 20	7 0	8 25	10 10	12 0	1 35	3 15	4 15
	Tannah, Vellala Teynampett ...	3 15	6 55	8 20	10 5	11 55	1 30	3 10	4 10
	Agri-Horticultural Garden ...	3 20	7 0	8 25	10 10	12 0	1 35	3 15	4 15
Park Town	Ram Naick Street...	3 25	7 15	8 40	10 25	12 15	1 50	3 30	4 30
	Wall Tax Road ...	3 55	7 30	8 55	10 55	12 50	2 20	3 55	4 50
	Junction of Basappa Chetty Street with Wall Tax Road ...	4 0	7 35	9 0	11 0	12 55	2 25	4 0	4 55
	Madras Railway Station ...	4 15	7 50	9 15	11 15	1 10	2 40	4 15	5 10
	Salai Street, Sowcarpet ...	4 0	7 35	9 0	11 0	12 55	2 25	4 0	4 55
Percammet	Periacalay ...	4 5	7 40	9 5	11 5	1 0	2 30	4 5	5 0
	Evening Bazaar Street ...	4 10	7 45	9 10	11 10	1 5	2 35	4 10	5 5
	Memorial Hall ...	4 15	7 50	9 15	11 15	1 10	2 40	4 15	5 10
	New Town, Vepery High Road ...	3 50	7 25	8 50	10 50	12 45	2 15	3 50	4 45
	Poonamallee Road, near School of Arts ...	4 0	7 35	9 0	11 0	12 55	2 25	4 0	4 55
Perambur Barracks	People's Park, South-West Gate ...	4 5	7 40	9 5	11 5	1 0	2 30	4 5	5 0
	Carnbrook Club Gate ...	3 25	7 0	8 25	10 35	12 25	2 5	3 25	4 35
	Vayarpady ...	3 30	7 5	8 30	10 30	12 30	2 10	3 30	4 30
	Gun Powder Factory ...	3 35	7 10	8 35	10 45	12 35	2 15	3 35	4 45
	Chaklipollem ...	3 50	7 25	8 50	11 0	12 50	2 30	3 50	5 0
Pudupet	Otary ...	3 35	7 10	8 35	10 45	12 35	2 15	3 35	4 45
	Ashtaboojiam Road...	3 45	7 20	8 45	10 55	12 45	2 25	3 45	4 55
	Kosapet ...	3 50	7 35	9 0	10 55	12 45	2 20	3 40	4 40
	Police Commissioner's Office ...	1 0	7 45	9 10	11 5	12 55	2 30	4 10	4 50
	Komaleswaranpetta ...	3 20	6 55	8 20	10 20	12 20	1 45	3 5	4 20
Rayapuram	Param Daramsala ...	3 30	7 5	8 30	10 30	12 30	1 55	3 15	4 30
	Cassimode ...	3 45	7 20	8 45	10 45	12 45	2 10	3 30	4 45
	Chinnasami Chetty Agraharam ...	3 55	7 30	8 55	10 55	12 55	2 20	3 40	4 55
	Gollavari Agraharam ...	4 0	7 35	9 0	11 0	1 0	2 25	3 45	5 0
	Teakwood Depot ...	4 15	7 50	9 15	11 15	1 15	2 35	3 55	5 10
Royapettah	Rayapuram Bazaar ...	4 20	7 55	9 20	11 20	1 20	2 40	4 0	5 15
	Junction of Rama Naicks street with Current Road ...	4 30	8 5	9 30	11 30	1 30	2 50	4 10	5 25
	Rayapuram Railway Station ...	3 55	7 35	9 0	10 50	12 45	2 15	3 55	4 50
	Sullivan's Garden ...	3 55	7 35	9 0	10 50	12 45	2 15	3 55	4 50
	Patter's Garden ...	4 0	7 40	9 5	10 55	12 50	2 20	4 0	4 55
Royapettah	Kosapettah ...	3 40	7 20	8 45	10 35	12 30	2 0	3 40	4 35
	Ice House Road (Mirsapet)...	3 25	7 5	8 30	10 20	12 15	1 45	3 25	4 20
	Tannah, Jam Bazaar ...	3 40	7 20	8 45	10 35	12 30	2 0	3 40	4 35

Note.—Third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh clearances will not be made on Sundays and Post Office holidays.

* This clearance will be made on Sundays and Post Office holidays.

List of Pillar and Wall Letter Boxes in the City and Suburbs of Madras with their Hours of clearance—concl'd.

Office by which served.	Locality in which situated.	Hours of clearance.							
		1st clear- ance.	2nd clear- ance.	3rd clear- ance.	4th clear- ance.	5th clear- ance.	6th clear- ance.	7th clear- ance.	8th clear- ance.
		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Saidapet	Teachers' College ...	2 15	5 55	7 20	9 0	10 50	12 25	2 20	3 10
	Taluk Cutcherry ...	2 30	6 10	7 35	9 15	11 5	12 40	2 35	3 25
	Brahmin Street ...	3 0	6 40	8 5	9 45	11 35	1 10	3 5	3 55
	Perumal Covil Street ...	3 10	6 50	8 15	9 55	11 45	1 20	3 15	4 5
	Carnisweran Covil Street ...	3 20	7 0	8 25	10 5	11 55	1 30	3 25	4 15
San Thomé	Nochicooppum ...	3 0	6 45	8 10	9 55	11 55	1 20	3 0	4 0
	Carnisweran Covil ...	3 10	6 55	8 20	10 5	12 5	1 30	3 10	4 10
	Jamadar's Tannah, Cutcherry Road...	3 20	7 5	8 30	10 15	12 15	1 40	3 20	4 20
	San Thomé Station ...	3 30	7 15	8 40	10 25	12 25	1 50	3 30	4 30
	Perambur Works ...	4 15	6 35	8 0	10 10	12 0	1 30	3 0	4 10
Perambur	Agaram ...	4 25	6 45	8 10	10 20	12 10	1 45	3 10	4 20
	Peralur ...	4 35	6 55	8 20	10 30	12 20	2 0	3 20	4 30
	Tawker's Choultry ...	4 5	6 25	7 50	10 0	11 50	1 30	2 50	4 0
	Perambur Railway Station ...	4 20	6 40	8 5	10 15	12 5	1 45	3 5	4 15
	Sembian ...	4 35	6 55	8 20	10 30	12 20	2 0	3 20	4 30
Sowcarpet	Madavaram ...	4 10	7 55	9 20	11 25	1 20	2 55	4 20	5 5
	Varadamutiappan Street ...	4 15	8 0	9 25	11 30	1 25	3 0	4 25	5 10
	Acharappan Street ...	4 20	8 5	9 30	11 35	1 30	3 5	4 30	5 15
	Veerabudra Pillayar Covil... ..	4 0	7 45	9 10	11 15	1 10	2 45	4 10	4 55
	Tirupalli Street ...	3 50	7 35	9 0	11 5	1 0	2 35	4 0	4 45
Teynampet	Ramanan Street ...	2 50	6 35	7 55	9 45	11 30	1 5	2 55	3 45
	Luz Church ...	3 5	6 45	8 5	9 50	11 40	1 15	3 5	3 55
	Mowbray's Road ...	7 0	8 20	10 5	11 55	1 30	3 20	4 10	
	Adyar Club ...	3 25	...	...	...	12 15	1 50	3 40	4 30
	Collector's Office, Home's Garden ...	3 25	...	...	...	12 15	1 50	3 40	4 30
Triplicane	Kernan Castle ...	3 0	6 50	8 15	10 10	12 0	1 35	3 15	4 0
	Parthasarathy's Pagoda, Triplicane ...	3 35	7 25	8 50	10 45	12 35	2 10	3 50	4 35
	Venkatesa Naik's Road ...	3 25	7 15	8 40	10 35	12 25	2 0	3 40	4 25
	Krishnampet ...	3 15	7 5	8 30	10 25	12 15	1 50	3 30	4 15
	Revenue Board Office, Chepauk ...	3 15	7 50	9 15	11 10	1 0	2 35	4 15	5 0
Vepery	Presidency College Gate ...	3 25	7 15	8 40	10 35	12 25	2 0	3 40	4 25
	Big Janda, Triplicane High Road ...	3 35	7 25	8 50	10 45	12 35	2 10	3 50	4 35
	Junction of Gangathareeswaran Covil Road with Police Commis- sioner's Road ...	4 0	7 35	9 0	11 15	1 0	2 45	4 0	5 10
	Perambur Barracks Road ...	3 35	7 10	8 35	10 50	12 35	2 20	3 35	4 45
	Cundappa Mudaly Street ...	3 40	7 15	8 40	10 55	12 40	2 25	3 40	4 50
Washermanpetta	Vellala Street ...	3 50	7 25	8 50	11 5	12 50	2 35	3 50	5 0
	Pursewalkum High Road ...	4 5	7 40	9 5	11 20	1 5	2 50	4 5	5 15
	Jandrapilliar Covil Street ...	3 55	7 30	8 55	10 55	12 55	2 25	3 55	5 0
	Sunjeevirayen Covil Street ...	3 45	7 20	8 45	10 45	12 45	2 15	3 45	4 50
	Somuchetty Choultry ...	3 25	7 0	8 25	10 25	12 25	1 55	3 25	4 30
Washermanpetta	Tandiarpet Police Station ...	3 35	7 10	8 35	10 35	12 35	2 5	3 35	4 40
	Mint Subarayalu Chetty Street ...	4 5	7 40	9 5	11 5	1 5	2 35	4 5	5 10

Note.—Third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh clearances will not be made on Sundays and Post Office holidays.

* This clearance will be made on Sundays and Post Office holidays.

Inland Postage Rates.

(1) WHEN THE POSTAGE IS PREPAID.

EACH POST-CARD.	LETTERS.				BOOK AND PATTERN PACKETS.		REGISTERED NEWS-PAPERS (PREPAYMENT COMPULSORY).				PARCELS (PREPAYMENT COMPULSORY).			
	Single.	Reply.	Not exceeding 10 tolas.	Exceeding 10 tolas, but not exceeding 15 tolas.	For every additional 10 tolas, or fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 10 tolas.	Not exceeding 4 tolas.	Exceeding 4 tolas, but not exceeding 20 tolas.	For every additional 20 tolas, or fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 20 tolas.	Not exceeding 40 tolas.	Exceeding 40 tolas, but not exceeding 100 tolas.	For every additional 100 tolas, or fraction thereof.	Exceeding 100 tolas, but not exceeding 400 tolas.
	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.	A.
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

(2) WHEN THE POSTAGE IS NOT PREPAID, OR IS INSUFFICIENTLY PREPAID.

(Chargeable on delivery.)

On an unpaid letter, post-card, or packet	Double the prepaid rate.
On an insufficiently paid letter or packet	Double the deficiency.
On an insufficiently paid reply post-card	Double the prepaid rate on the half for which the postage is not prepaid.

SPECIAL RULES APPERTAINING TO PARTICULAR CLASSES OF ARTICLES.

Inland Post.

The term "Inland Post" means the post maintained by the Government of India, either by land or by sea:—

- (1) between any places in British India;
- (2) between any places in British India and places beyond the limits of British India at which there are Indian Post Offices; and
- (3) between any places beyond the limits of British India at which there are Indian Post Offices.

The term "Postal articles" is used to describe, for the purposes of the Inland Post, the following five classes, for each of which a distinctive rate of postage is prescribed:—

Letters.	Registered Newspapers.
Post-cards.	Parcels.
Book and pattern packets.	

Letters.

The postage on a letter weighing not more than half a tola is half an anna. For a letter weighing more than half a tola but does not exceed one and-a-half tolas, postage charged is one anna. For every additional one and-a-half tolas, or fraction of that weight, one anna.

A letter posted unpaid is charged on delivery with double postage, and a letter posted insufficiently prepaid is charged on delivery with double the amount of the deficiency.

Post-cards.

A single post-card has a stamp of the value of a ½ anna impressed on it; a reply post-card that of the same value impressed on each portion. The first portion of a reply card is intended to contain the sender's communication; the second, the addressee's answer, and when detached and posted by the latter, will be entitled to free transmission to destination. Single and reply cards of private manufacture, with or without adhesive postage stamps affixed in payment of postage, may be transmitted by post as post-cards; provided that as regards size they are not more than 5½ by 3½ inches or less than 4½ by 3 inches and that as regards substance of paper, they are in conformity with the inland post-cards issued by the Post Office.

When the postage on a card, or reply card, is not prepaid or is insufficiently prepaid, the following rates of postage will be charged on delivery:—

On an unpaid post-card of private manufacture Double the prepaid rate for a post-card.

On an insufficiently prepaid reply post-card of private manufacture Double the prepaid rate on the half for which the postage is not prepaid.

Nothing may be written, printed or otherwise impressed on the address side of a post-card except,—

(a) the heading "Post-card" or "Reply Post-card"; (b) the name and address of the addressee; (c) the name and address of the sender; (d) the date of posting; (e) engravings or advertisements, provided that sufficient space is left for a clear address and for the official marks of the Post Office.

Explanation.—For the purpose of exception (d) the date of posting includes the day but not the hour of posting, and exception (e) as regards advertisements being allowed on the address-side of a postcard, is restricted to printed advertisements.

Note.—A service postcard used for official correspondence must always be franked on the address-side, see **clause 342** of *Indian Postal Guide*.

(2) Nothing may be affixed or attached to a postcard except—

- on the address-side, postage stamps in prepayment of postage and the registration fee (if any), or an address-label bearing the name and address of the addressee and not exceeding in size 2 inches in length by ¾ of an inch in width;
- on the other side, receipt stamps.

Explanation.—The sender of a reply post-card may affix to the address side of the reply-half an address-label bearing his name and address and not exceeding in size 2 inches in length by ¾ of an inch in width. A second post-card may not be attached to a single post-card as a substitute for a reply-half.

(3) A post-card may not be folded, cut or otherwise altered, except that the impressed postage stamp (if any) may be perforated with initials.

(4) The sender of a reply post-card is recommended to indicate his name and address on the address-side of the reply-half. The reply post-card should be folded so that the portion bearing the addressee's name shall be outside.

Should any of the conditions laid down in the foregoing clauses be infringed, the post-card will be treated as a letter. If an inland post-card be addressed to a country served by the Foreign post, it will be disposed of under **clause 153** of the *Indian Postal Guide*.

Book Packets.

The rate of postage on book packets is half-an-anna per ten tolas. Fractions of ten tolas are reckoned as ten tolas.

A book packet posted unpaid is charged on delivery with double postage, and an insufficiently prepaid book packet is charged on delivery with double the amount of the deficiency.

A book packet may be of any shape, but may not exceed two feet in length by one foot in width and one foot in depth. When, however, the packet is in the form of a roll, the limit of length admissible is thirty inches; but if the length exceeds twenty-four inches (two feet), the diameter may not exceed four inches. There is no limit as to weight.

A book packet must be posted without a cover, or with a cover entirely open at both ends, or in an open envelope, or other cover which can be easily removed, so as to admit of a ready examination of the contents; and may contain newspapers and publications of all kinds, books, whether blank or printed, engravings, photographs, drawings, plans, maps, printed music and proof-sheets, with or without the manuscript relating thereto, any quantity of blank paper, parchment or card-board, provided that no card bearing the heading "Post-card" will be allowed to be transmitted open by post as a book packet, business papers, &c. But no written communication of the nature of a letter, or having the character of a personal communication, may be enclosed with these articles or written upon them.

If a book packet be found to contain anything not permitted by the rules, or to be in excess of the prescribed size, or to be packed in a manner not in accordance with the rules, it will be charged on delivery with letter or parcel postage, whichever may be less; any postage stamps that may be affixed to it will be recognised in assessing the charge.

Pattern Packets.

The rate of postage on pattern packets is half-an-anna per 10 tolas. Fractions of 10 tolas are reckoned as 10 tolas. A pattern packet posted unpaid is charged on delivery with double postage; an insufficiently prepaid pattern packet is charged on delivery with double the amount of the deficiency.

A pattern packet must be posted either without a cover or with a cover open at both ends, or in an open envelope, or other cover, which can be easily removed, so as to admit of a ready examination of the contents; and must not exceed two feet in length by one foot in width and one foot in depth, or 80 tolas in weight, and they must contain nothing except *bond-fide* trade patterns or samples of merchandise not having any saleable value.

Registered Newspapers.

The following rates of postage shall be charged on registered newspapers when posted for transmission by the Inland post or to Ceylon:—

	Anna.
For every copy of a newspaper	
Not exceeding 4 tolas in weight	1
Exceeding 4 tolas but not exceeding 20 tolas in weight	1
For every additional 20 tolas or fraction of 20 tolas	1

The proprietor, manager, or publisher of any newspaper, wishing to adopt the system of registration, should address the Postmaster-General of the Postal Circle in which the newspaper is published. He will then be furnished with a printed form with directions how to fill it in. Written notice of intention to renew the registration of the newspaper must be given three weeks before the expiry of the calendar year following that in which the existing registration was effected. With this notice should be sent a fresh form of application bearing the same date as the notice.

Parcels.

The rates of postage on parcels are as follows:—

(a) *Parcels not exceeding 440 tolas in weight:—*

For a parcel not exceeding 20 tolas in weight... Two annas.
For a parcel exceeding 20 tolas but not exceeding 40 tolas in weight... Four annas.
For every additional 40 tolas or part of that weight... Two annas.

(b) *Parcels exceeding 440 tolas in weight:—*

For a parcel exceeding 440 tolas but not exceeding 480 tolas in weight... Three rupees.
For every additional 40 tolas or part of that weight... Four annas.

Note.—An additional fee of two annas for registration is charged in the case of registered parcels (see clause 106). Parcels weighing over 440 tolas must be registered (see clause 113). A parcel must not exceed 440 tolas in weight, unless it is registered, in which case the weight must not exceed 25 seers (2,000 tolas). A parcel must not be of a kind which, owing to size, shape, manner of packing or any other cause, cannot be carried by post, without serious inconvenience or risk.

The postage on a parcel, and also the registration fee if the parcel is to be registered, must be fully prepaid by means of postage stamps which must be affixed either to the cover of the parcel or to an official label which can be obtained free at the Post Office. In either case, the sender or his messenger must affix the stamps himself, postal officials being strictly forbidden to affix them. Should an official label be used, it must be pasted to the parcel; and if the sender does not do this himself, he is recommended to see it done in his presence before he leaves the Post Office.

Every parcel (whether service or ordinary) must be presented at the window of the post office, and not dropped into a letter-box. Any parcel found in a letter-box will be treated and charged with postage as a registered parcel.

Registration.

Letters, post-cards and book packets (including newspapers), pattern packets and parcels may be registered at any Post Office on payment of a fixed fee of 2 annas by means of postage labels affixed to the article. Registration makes the transmission of an article more secure. But the Post Office is not responsible for any loss or injury that may result during its transmission through the post. The risk of injury is diminished by the use of the Registration envelopes (sold at all Post Offices).

A receipt will be given for every article presented for registration at the Post Office window within the hours prescribed for registering and a receipt taken on its delivery to the addressee.

Articles containing currency notes, postage labels, cheques, hundis, bank notes, bank bills, &c., must be registered. If any such article be found passing unregistered through the post, it will be registered and a double registration fee charged on delivery in addition to any other postage which may be due.

Insurance.

Insurance is of two kinds, complete and partial. Complete insurance is intended to cover all risks during transit from the office of posting to the office of delivery. Partial insurance is intended to cover all risks during transit in British territory, and all risks during transit in Native territory, except those arising out of highway robbery: it is only applicable in the case of transit of articles through certain Native States.

Registered letters, value-payable registered letters, registered parcels and value-payable registered parcels may be insured up to the value of Rs. 500 in branch Post Offices and up to the value of Rs. 2,000 at such other Post Offices as are authorized to accept articles for insurance.

The charge for insurance is as follows:—

Rs.	As.	Rs.	As.
When the value insured does not exceed 50	2	When it exceeds Rs. 50 but does not exceed 100	4

and 4 annas for every additional Rupees 100 or fraction thereof. Partially insured articles will be charged only half the above rates.

Insured articles must be securely packed and sealed at intervals not exceeding 2 inches in the case of letters and 3 inches in the case of parcels along each fold or line of sewing. All seals must be of the same kind of wax and must bear distinct impressions of the same device. The device must not be that of a current coin, or merely a series of straight, curved or crossed lines.

The prepayment of all charges on insured articles is compulsory, which must be made by means of postage stamps affixed to the articles.

An article intended for insurance must be presented at the window of the Post Office with the amount for which the sender wishes it to be insured, clearly written, in words and figures, on the cover. The name and address of the sender must also be written on the cover in the lower left-hand corner, or on a separate slip of paper, to be presented with the article, should there be no room for his name and address on the cover.

The sender of an insured article will receive, free of charge, an acknowledgment of its delivery signed by the addressee.

There will be payable to the sender of an insured postal article compensation not exceeding the amount for which the article has been insured, for the loss of the postal article or its contents or for any damage caused to it in course of transmission by post: provided that the compensation in no case exceeds the value of the article lost or the

amount of the damage caused, and provided that, in the case of loss, the sender furnishes full particulars of the contents of the postal article and their value: provided, also, that no compensation will be payable—

- where there has been misdelivery arising out of incorrectness or incompleteness of the address written by the sender;
- where there has been fraud on the part of the sender or addressee;
- where the insured article has been delivered* to the addressee, and he has signed and returned the receipt therefor;
- where the sender has not given intimation of the loss within three months from the date of posting;
- where the loss or damage was due to improper or insecure packing;
- where there is no visible damage to the cover or seals, it being understood that the sender must so pack the letter or parcel that its contents cannot be touched without visible damage, as aforesaid, being caused; or
- in the case of partially insured articles, where the loss or damage was caused by highway robbery during the transit in respect of which the insurance is partial only.

Compensation will be payable one month after the date on which intimation of loss is given by the sender to the Post Office, except in cases in which the Postmaster-General may consider that the circumstances demand the withholding of payment pending inquiry. When compensation has been paid for the loss of a postal article or its contents, the Post Office will be entitled to retain, and dispose of, such postal article or its contents, should they be subsequently recovered and the compensation paid not be refunded on demand being made.

Coin, bullion, precious stones, jewellery and articles of gold or silver may be sent by post only in insured registered letters or insured parcels. If a letter or parcel presented at the Post Office window is found to contain any such object of value, it will not be accepted for transmission by post, unless the sender insures it; and, if an uninsured article manifestly containing any such object of value is found in course of transmission by post, it will be either intercepted and returned to the sender or forwarded to destination and delivered to the addressee subject to the payment of a fee of one rupee. The payment of this fee will not impose any liability on Government.

Explanation.—In this rule, the expression "articles of gold or silver" includes articles made wholly or partly of gold or silver, but not electro or other plated goods or gold or silver lace or embroidery.

Note.—No parcel for transmission by the Inland Parcel Post shall contain current gold coins of a value exceeding 20 sovereigns.

Value-payable Postal Articles.

The value-payable system is designed to meet the requirements of persons who wish to pay for articles sent to them at the time of receipt of the articles or of the bills or railway receipts relating to them, and also to meet the requirements of traders and others who wish to recover, through the agency of the Post Office, the value of articles supplied by them. No person may send an article by the value-payable post without certifying that it is sent in execution of a bona fide order. Registered and unregistered parcels, registered letters, registered book-packets, newspapers prepaid at newspaper rates of postage, and fully prepaid unregistered book-packets may be sent as value-payable articles, provided that the amount to be recovered on any such article is not less than four annas or more than 1,000 rupees, and does not contain a fraction of an anna.

Value-payable articles may be posted at any Post Office that is a Money Order Office (with a few exceptions) for transmission to any other Post Office that is a Money Order Office. (For Post Offices that are Money Order Offices, see list of Post Offices published in the *Indian Postal Guide*.)

Value-payable articles of all kinds, except value-payable unregistered parcels, may be sent to Ceylon under the ordinary rules and at inland rates, but the amount to be recovered must not exceed Rs. 150. Value-payable parcels for Ceylon are also subject to the general rules of the Foreign Parcel Post and the special conditions which apply to parcels for Ceylon.

Legal documents, bonds, policies of insurance, promissory notes, railway goods and parcels receipts, bills of lading, or ordinary bills for collection, may be sent as value-payable articles, provided that the sender declares that they are sent in execution of a bona fide order received by him.

Schedule of fees.

	AS.
On any sum specified for recovery not exceeding Rs. 5	1
On any sum specified for recovery exceeding Rs. 5 but not exceeding Rs. 10	2
On any sum specified for recovery exceeding Rs. 10 but not exceeding Rs. 15	3
On any sum specified for recovery exceeding Rs. 15 but not exceeding Rs. 25	4
On any sum specified for recovery exceeding Rs. 25	4
for each complete sum of Rs. 25 and 4 annas for the remainder, provided that, if the remainder does not exceed Rs. 5, the charge for it shall be only 1 anna; if it does not exceed Rs. 10, the charge for it shall be only 2 annas; and if it does not exceed Rs. 15, the charge for it shall be only 3 annas.	

* *Note.*—See meaning of the term "delivery" in clause 18, *Indian Postal Guide*. Any person who wishes to restrict the delivery of insured articles arriving to his address, may do so by communicating with the Post Office.

If the sum to be recovered on a value-payable registered parcel or other registered article exceeds Rs. 25, an intimation of its arrival will be sent by the office of destination to the addressee. Such article will be delivered at the Post Office on payment of the amount entered in the form of receipt on the reverse of the intimation, and on presentation at the Post Office of the intimation with the receipt on the reverse duly signed. If the sum to be recovered does not exceed Rs. 25, the article will be delivered by the postman at the addressee's residence on payment of the amount recoverable, and on the addressee signing the receipt presented with the article. If the article is an unregistered parcel, book-packet, or a value-payable newspaper prepaid at newspaper rates of postage, it will be delivered by the postman at the addressee's residence on payment of the amount recoverable, but no receipt will be taken from the addressee.

The amount when recovered from the addressee will be paid to the sender by means of a money-order. In the case of a value-payable unregistered parcel book packet, or a value-payable newspaper prepaid at newspaper rates of postage, the whole amount specified for recovery will be remitted to the sender. In the case of any other value-payable article the amount specified for recovery, minus a commission calculated at inland money-order rates on that amount will be remitted.

If a value-payable article should be refused or omitted to be taken delivery of by the addressee, it will be returned to the sender, and in the case of a value-payable unregistered parcel, book packet, or value-payable newspaper prepaid at newspaper rates of postage, the sender will be required to acknowledge receipt of the article by signing the form presented by the postman. Under no circumstances will the fee prepaid in stamps be refunded.

After the expiration of six months from the date of despatch of a value-payable article, no claims in respect thereof will be entertained by the Post Office.

Value-payable articles may also be insured. The value declared for insurance need not correspond with the amount specified by the sender for recovery from the addressee.

Transmission of Railway Receipt Notes for Goods and Parcel Receipt-notes under the Value-payable system.

Railway receipt notes for goods may be transmitted by post open as value-payable articles, provided that they comply with the following conditions:—

- (1) The goods to which the Railway receipt-note relates may not exceed Rs. 1,000 in value.
- (2) The Railway receipt-note must show on its face that the goods to which it relates have been consigned to the sender himself. It must be endorsed to the person to whom the goods are to be delivered, and signed by the sender. The endorsement should contain the following advice:—"As the consignment is addressed to ourselves you will not receive an arrival notice from the Railway. Please, therefore, enquire for the consignment at the station."

Foreign Post.

ABSTRACT OF FOREIGN POSTAGE RATES.

The postage on letters for the United Kingdom and the British possessions (see *Indian Postal Guide*) is one anna for each half ounce or part of that weight. The postage on letters for all other countries, colonies or places served by the foreign post, with the exception of Ceylon and Portuguese India, is two and-a-half annas for each half ounce or part of that weight. The postage on letters for Ceylon and Portuguese India is the same as the postage on inland letters.

The registration fee is two annas in all cases, and must, together with the postage, be prepaid in all cases of registration.

Acknowledgments can be obtained for registered articles addressed to Union countries. The fee, one anna in the case of Ceylon, and two annas in all cases, must, together with the registration fee and postage, be prepaid.

Postage on printed papers and on legal and commercial documents must be prepaid at least partly (in cases where full prepayment is not compulsory). Printed papers and legal and commercial documents for any Union country, if not fully prepaid, will be charged on delivery with double the amount of the deficiency. The public, however, are advised to prepay postage in full as insufficiently paid articles are subject to delay in delivery, and are, moreover, liable to be refused by the addressees.

Maximum.		
Size.	Weight.	
Printed Papers, Legal or Commercial Documents must not measure more than 18 inches in any one direction and may not exceed	12 oz.	
Packets of samples may not exceed	4 lb. 6 oz.	
	12 oz.	

For United Kingdom, the British Colony of Hong Kong and the British Colonies in South Africa, and for packets of printed papers and legal commercial documents addressed to the British Australasian Colonies, the limit of weight is 5 lbs., and for samples the limit of size is 2 X 1 X 1 ft., and weight 5 lbs.

Schedule of Foreign Postage Rates.

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.		Letters, per ½ oz.		Each post-card.	Printed papers, including books and newspapers. Each packet per 2 oz.	Business papers. Each packet.		Samples. Each packet.	
		Single.	Reply.			Not exceeding 10 oz.	Per 2 oz. additional.	Not exceeding 4 oz.	Per 2 oz. additional.
The United Kingdom and the following British possessions:—		AS.	A.	AS.	A.	AS.	A.	A.	A.
Ascension.	Mauritius.								
Bahamas.	Natal.								
Barbadoes.	Newfoundland.								
Bermuda.	New Zealand [including Cook or Hervey Islands, Suvarrow Islands, Fanning Island and the islands of Palmerston (Avarua), Savage (Niue), Danger (Puka-puka), Rakaanga, Manahiki, and Penrhyn (Tongareva)].								
British Central Africa Protectorate.	Nigeria (Northern).								
British East Africa Protectorate.	Nigeria (Southern).								
British Guiana.	Orange River Colony								
British Honduras.	Protected Malay States of—								
British North Borneo.	Negri Sembilan.								
Canada.	Pahang.								
Cape Colony.	Perak.								
Cayman Islands.	Selangor.								
Cyprus.	Sarawak.								
Falkland Islands.	St. Helena.								
Fiji.	Seychelles.								
Gambia.	Sierra Leone.								
Gibraltar.	Somaliland (British Protectorate).								
Gold Coast Colony.	Straits Settlements.								
Hong Kong [with agencies at Shanghai, Lin Kung Tau, Hankow, Ningpo, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Canton, Chefoo and Hoihow].	Tobago.								
Jamaica.	Transvaal.								
Johore.	Trinidad.								
Labuan.	Turk's Islands.								
Lagos.	Uganda.								
Leeward Islands (viz. Antigua, Dominica, Montserrat, Nevis, St. Kitts and Virgin Islands).	Windward Islands (viz. Grenada, the Grenadines, St. Lucia and St. Vincent).								
Malta.	Zanzibar.								
Any other part of the world served by the Foreign post with the exception of Ceylon and Portuguese India ...		2½	1	2	½	2½	½	1	½
Ceylon and Portuguese India ...		Indian inland rates.							

The "Universal Postal Union" has been established with a view to secure as far as possible uniformity in procedure and rates of postage between the various countries of the world. The countries which have joined this Union are called "Union Countries."

* See clause 207, *Indian Postal Guide*.

* The principal British possessions which have not as yet joined the Imperial Penny Postage Union are Rhodesia, the Bechuanaland Protectorate and British Australasian Colonies of Queensland, British New Guinea, New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania.

route. The sender must specify clearly on the cover of the parcel or on the official label pasted to it the route by which it is to be forwarded. (See note under clause 218, *Indian Postal Guide*.) These parcels are delivered by the Post Office, and the postage paid carries them to destination. As regards the insurance of these parcels, see clauses 230 to 241, *Indian Postal Guide*.

Note.—Uninsured parcels for transmission overland across the continent of Europe are forwarded either *via* Brindisi or *via* Marseilles, according to the route which is considered to be the more suitable one for each despatch. Insured parcels for transmission by the overland route are always forwarded *via* Brindisi.

(ii)—Parcels which exceed 11 lbs. but which do not exceed 50 lbs. (the maximum allowed) in weight are forwarded from India through the medium of the P. & O. S. N. Co., and are delivered at destination under arrangements made by that Company. Such parcels are delivered free of charge *within a radius of one mile from the Company's Head Office in London*; if addressed to any place beyond that radius, carrier's charges are levied from the addressees on delivery. Parcels thus forwarded through the P. & O. Co. cannot be insured during transit *beyond* India, but must, if they contain coin, etc., be insured *during transit in India* under the rule laid down in clause 235, *Indian Postal Guide*.

Note.—39 tolas are reckoned as the equivalent of 1 lb.

At all Head Post Offices and important Sub-Post Offices, all charges, including customs duty, may, if desired by the senders, be prepaid in full, at the time of posting, on parcels for the United Kingdom, whether insured or uninsured, which do not exceed 11 lbs. in weight, subject to the following special conditions:—

- A parcel in respect of which the sender wishes to prepay all charges should be presented at the Post Office plainly superscribed with the words "To be delivered free of all charge."
- The customs declaration presented with the parcel should state clearly the weight of the contents.
- The sender will be required to deposit in advance the equivalent in Indian currency, at the rate of Rupees fifteen for one pound sterling, of the charges leviable on the parcel in the United Kingdom, according to the British Customs Tariff. He will also be required to pay a fixed fee of 4 annas for the service to be rendered by the Post Office, and to sign a form of agreement declaring his willingness to pay any sum over and above the amount of his deposit that may be found to be due when the charges actually levied on the parcel in the United Kingdom have been ascertained.
- The Post Office, on the other hand, will refund to the sender any portion of his deposit found to be in excess of the charges actually levied on the parcel in the United Kingdom, and in the event of the parcel being returned to India as undeliverable, will refund the whole amount of the deposit. In no case will the postal fee of 4 annas be refunded.

Parcels with all charges prepaid are subject to the same rates of postage and to the same general rules and conditions as other parcels sent from India to the United Kingdom through the agency of the British Post Office.

PARCELS FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The British Post Office receives parcels for India if they do not exceed 11 lbs. in weight, and arrangements exist under which the senders of such parcels may, if they so desire, prepay at the time of posting all charges including Customs duty, leviable on them in India. Parcels above that weight are received by the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company at its offices in London. The rules governing the despatch of parcels from the United Kingdom are published in the *British Post Office Guide*, and exhibited at every British Post Office; but enquiries in the United Kingdom should, in the case of parcels not exceeding 11 lbs. in weight, be addressed to the Secretary, G. P. O., London, and enquiries regarding parcels above that weight should be addressed to the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, 122, Leadenhall Street, London, E.C.

The rates of postage for parcels forwarded to India are as follows, viz.:—

Parcels forwarded by the British Post Office.

	<i>Via</i> Gibraltar.	Overland.
For a parcel.—Not over 1 lb.	s. d.	s. d.
" " " " " "	1 0	3 0
" " " " " "	1 8	2 0
" " " " " "	2 4	3 0
" " " " " "	3 6	4 6
" " " " " "	5 0	6 0

Parcels forwarded through the P. & O. S. N. Co.

For each pound or fraction of a pound (up to the limit of 50 lbs.) 1 0

A foreign parcel may not contain any enclosure intended for delivery to a person other than the addressee of the parcel itself. If the parcel is addressed to any part of Australia,

or to the United Kingdom, British Central Africa, Cape Colony, Natal and other parts of South Africa, Fiji, Jamaica, Mauritius, New Zealand, the New Hebrides, Banks Islands, Santa Cruz Islands, Seychelles, Straits Settlements, or Trinidad, or to any *foreign* (as distinguished from a *British*) country or possession, it may not contain a letter or communication of the nature of a letter even if addressed in the same way as the parcel; but it is permissible to enclose in any parcel an open invoice confined to the particulars which constitute an invoice and also a simple copy of the address of the parcel with the addition of the address of the sender.

A foreign parcel may not contain coin or bullion exceeding £5 in value (except coin clearly intended for purposes of ornament), opium, liquids (unless securely packed in proper cases as described in the preceding clause), skins and feathers of all birds other than domestic birds, except (a) feathers of ostriches and (b) skins and feathers exported *bona fide* as specimens illustrative of natural history, or any article which is not allowed to be sent by the inland parcel post by the prohibitions in clauses 93 and 95.

Furthermore, a foreign parcel may not contain any article or substance specially prohibited from importation into the particular country or colony to which it is addressed: for particulars regarding articles thus specially prohibited, reference should be made to the Foreign Parcel Post Schedule at the end of this Section.

The following schedule shows the rates of postage and conditions which are now applicable to postal parcels for Cyprus:—

Country or British Colony or Possession.	Route.	Rates of Postage. (Prepayment compulsory.)				Limit of Weight.	Maximum Dimensions.	Value.	Specially Prohibited Contents. (For general prohibitions, see clause 228, <i>Indian Postal Guide</i>).
		* <i>Via</i> Gibrat. tar.	* <i>Overland.</i>	Rs.	A. P.				
Cyprus	Through United Kingdom.	For a parcel—				11	Greatest length 3½ feet; greatest length and girth combined 6 feet.	50	Locust eggs, salt, silver and copper coins, rags, shoddy, disused and filthy clothing and bedding.
		Not over 1 lb.				6			
		Over 1 lb., but not over 2 lbs.				2 2			
		" 2 lbs. " " " "				2 2			
		" 3 " " " " "				6 6			
		" 7 " " " " "				3 1			
		" 11 " " " " "				5 7			
		" 15 " " " " "				6 6			

* The Sender should specify clearly by which of these two routes the parcel is to be forwarded by writing on the cover of the parcel or on the Official label posted to it either the words "Via Gibraltar" or the word "Overland."

Inland Money Orders.

All Post Offices are Money Order Offices except those that are distinguished in the list of Post Offices by the "I" against their names—for which see *Indian Postal Guide*.

A commission on the issue of Inland money orders will be charged at the following rates, namely:—

	As.
On any sum not exceeding Rs. 5	1
On any sum exceeding Rs. 5, but not exceeding Rs. 10	2
On any sum exceeding Rs. 10, but not exceeding Rs. 15	3
On any sum exceeding Rs. 15, but not exceeding Rs. 25	4
On any sum exceeding Rs. 25	4 for each complete sum of Rs. 25, and 4 annas for the remainder, provided that, if the remainder does not exceed Rs. 5, the charge for it shall be only 1 anna; if it does not exceed Rs. 10, the charge for it shall be only 2 annas; and if it does not exceed Rs. 15, the charge for it shall be only 3 annas.

Note.—In the case of certain post offices in Native States and outside British India, special rates of money order commission are charged. The offices concerned are indicated, and the rate charged in each case is stated, in the List of post offices at the end of this book. These special rates of money order commission are not charged in the case of money orders issued in payment of sums recovered from addressees of value-payable articles.

The value of a money order may not exceed Rs. 600 and may not include the fraction of an anna.

Money orders must be written (either in English or current vernacular of the district) on one of the printed forms supplied *gratis* by the Post Office.

The name of only one person may be entered as remitter, and the name of only one person as payee, except in the case of firms or corporations, whose usual designation must be given. A money order payable to a Government official, Bank manager, or an editor of a newspaper, &c., in his *public* capacity, should contain the *designation*, not the name, of the person for whom the order is intended.

All the entries to be made by the remitter should be legibly written. The Post Office will not be responsible for the wrong payment of a money order caused by incorrect or incomplete information given by the remitter as to the name and address of the payee or for the payment of a money order being refused or delayed by or on account of any accidental neglect, omission or mistake by or on the part of an officer of the Post Office, or for any wrong payment of a money order after the expiration of one year from the date of the issue of the order.

Money orders must be presented at the Post Office window during the prescribed hours, with the amount of the order applied for, and the commission chargeable thereon.

The remitter has nothing to do with the transmission of the money order, the Post Office undertaking the entire work of transmitting it. All that a remitter has to do after receiving a receipt for the amount paid by him, is to await the receipt of an acknowledgment of delivery of the money order.

The money order will be paid by the Post Office at the address of the payee. The postman will present the money order to the payee and the latter must sign it and the acknowledgment in ink and retain the coupon. The signed money order and acknowledgment must be given back to the postman, who will then pay the amount of the order to the payee.

No second commission will be charged for the re-direction of a money order or for the alteration of the address or name of Post Office of payment as originally given by the remitter. But if the name of the payee be changed, a second commission will have to be paid.

Inland Telegraphic Money Orders.

Every Post Office which is a Money Order Office may issue and pay Telegraphic money orders, with the exception of offices specially exempted in list at the end of the *Indian Postal Guide*. If there is no Government Telegraph Office at the station of issue, the order will be sent by post to the nearest Post Office at which there is a Government Telegraph Office. If there is no Government Telegraph Office at the station of payment, the Telegraphic money order will be sent by post from the nearest Post Office at which there is a Government Telegraph Office.

The value of a single Telegraphic money order may not exceed Rs. 600 and may not include any broken sum less than a rupee. A Telegraphic money order may be obtained for any sum of rupees up to Rs. 150, but if the amount exceeds Rs. 150, the Telegraphic money order must be for a sum which is a multiple of Rs. 10.

The following are the rates of commission (which include cost of telegram):—

On sums not exceeding Rs. 25	Rs. 25, but not exceeding Rs. 50	Rs. 50, but not exceeding Rs. 100	Rs. 100, but not exceeding Rs. 200	Rs. 200, but not exceeding Rs. 300	Rs. 300, but not exceeding Rs. 400	Rs. 400, but not exceeding Rs. 500	Rs. 500, but not exceeding Rs. 600
1 4	1 8	1 12	2 0	2 4	2 8	3 0	3 8
3 8	4 0	4 8	5 0	5 8	6 0	6 8	7 0

The remitter of a Telegraphic money order will receive by post the money order acknowledgment signed by the payee.

The remitter of a Telegraphic money order must fill in the necessary entries in one of the printed inland money order forms, supplied *gratis* by the Post Office, and write the words "By Telegraph" across the form. On presentation of this order, a receipt will be given by the Post Office to the remitter shewing the total amount paid by him, the payee's name and the hour at which the money order was presented for despatch.

Telegrams advising remittances are sent "ordinary," and Post Masters are prohibited from giving any assurance to the remitter as to the time within which the remittance will reach its destination or be paid to the payee. If the order is issued at a station where there is a Government Telegraph Office, and the Telegraph Office is closed at the time the order is presented at the Post Office for despatch, and if there is any likelihood of the message being delayed in transmission, the remitter will be informed accordingly.

Payment of Telegraphic money orders will be made at the residence of the payee by the postman immediately on receipt of the telegraphic advice by the office of payment. The payee must sign a receipt for the Telegraphic money order and the acknowledgment, and return them to the postman.

If the payee of a Telegraphic money order has removed from the place where the order was originally payable, and has left instructions with the Post Office for the re-direction of articles to his address, the Telegraphic money order will be re-directed by post on receipt of the postal confirmation of the Telegraphic money order, and the order will be payable at the revised address without any extra charge.

If the payee of a Telegraphic money order cannot be found, or if he refuses the order, a reference will be made to the office of issue, and the Telegraphic money order, if still undeliverable, will then be re-issued by telegraph free of any further charge, for a re-payment to the remitter.

The rules governing the alteration of names or addresses of payees of ordinary inland money orders apply also to Telegraphic money orders.

Foreign Money Order Commission.

For a Sterling Money Order not exceeding Rs. 50, see page 415.

The following are the principal countries in which money orders, expressed in sterling, may be exchanged:—

* Antigua.	Gallipoli.	Santi Quaranta	* Bermuda.
* Austria.	Jaffa.	(Sérandoz).	* Bosnia.
* Austrian Agencies at—	Janina.	Scutari	* British Bechuana-
Adrianople.	Jerusalem.	(Albania).	land.
Beyrout.	Kaifa (Caiffa).	Trebizond (Tra-	British Central
Candia.	Kavala (Cavalla).	pezunt).	Africa Protector-
Canea, (Khania,	Kerassonde	Valona.	ate.
La Canée).	(Kéressoun).	Vathy-Samos.	British Guiana.
Cesme	Lagos, Turkey.	* Bahamas.	* Bulgaria.
(Tchesmé).	Mitylene.	* Barbadoes.	* Cameroons & Togo.
Chios (Khios).	Prevesa.	* Basutoland.	* Canada.
Dardanelles.	Retimo.	Belgium (through	Canea (Khania,
Dédé-Agatchi.	Rhodes.	Germany).	La Canée)
(Dédé Aghadj).	Rodosto.	Bengasi. (Italian	[Italian office,
Durazzo.	Samsoun.	Office in Tri-	through Italy].
		poli, through	

* See page 403.

The following are the principal countries with which money orders, expressed in sterling, may be exchanged :—

Cape Colony.	* German South-West	* Nevis.	* Servia.
* Cayman Islands.†	* African Protec-	* Newfoundland.	* Sierra Leone.
* Chili.	* torate.	* New South Wales.	* Smyrna (<i>through</i>
* Congo Free State	* Gibraltar.	* New Zealand.	* <i>United Kingdom</i>).
(Banana, Boma,	* Gold Coast.	* Norway.	* South Australia.
and Matadi).	* Greece§.	* Nigeria (Southern).	* Sweden.
Constantinople	* Grenada.	* Orange River	* Switzerland.
(<i>through United</i>	* Grenadines.	* Colony.†	* Tangier.
<i>Kingdom</i>).	* Hawaii (Sandwich	* Panama (<i>through</i>	* Tasmania.
* Cyprus.	* Islands).	* <i>United Kingdom</i>).	* Tobago.
* Danish West Indies.	* Herzegovina.	* Portugal (including	* Transvaal.
Denmark (includ-	* Holland.	* Madeira and the	* Trinidad.
ing Iceland and	* Honduras (British).	* Azores).	* Tunis.
Færøe Islands).	* Hungary.	* Queensland.	* Turk's Islands.
* Dominica.	* Italy (including	* Rhodesia (North-	* <i>United Kingdom</i>
Durazzo (Italian	* Massowa and	* Eastern).	(including the
Office in Turkey)	* Assab).	* Rodesia (Southern).	* Channel Islands
(<i>through Italy</i>).	* Jamaica.	* Roumania.	* and the Isle of
Egypt.	* Janina (Italian office	* St. Helena.	* Man).
* Falkland Islands.	* in Turkey through	* St. Kitts.	* <i>United States of</i>
† Fiji (<i>through New</i>	* Italy).	* St. Lucia.	* America.
<i>South Wales</i>).	* Lagos.	* St. Vincent.	* Uruguay.
* Finland.	* Liberia.	* Salonica. (<i>through</i>	* Victoria.
France (including	* Luxemburg(<i>through</i>	* <i>United Kingdom</i>).	* Virgin Isles (Tor-
Algeria).	* Germany).	* Salvador.	* tola).
* Gambia.	* Malta.	* Scutari d' Albaie	* Western Australia.
* Germany.	* Montenegro||.	(Italian Office in	* Zululand.
	* Montserrat.	* Turkey)	
	* Natal.	(<i>through Italy</i>).	

Money orders expressed in Indian currency may be exchanged with the following countries :—

(a) British East Africa Protectorate.	Hong Kong (with agencies at Amoy, Canton, Chefoo, Foochow, Hankow, Heilhow, Lin Kung, Tan(Wei-Hei-Wei), Ningpo, Shanghai and Swatow).	Chefoo, Hangchow, Nanking, Newchwang, Pekin, Shashe, Soochow and Tientsin in China (through Hong Kong).	Seychelles.
British North Borneo (Sandakan and Labuan).	Japan (through Hong Kong).	Labuan (See British North Borneo).	Straits Settlements.
Ceylon.	Japanese agencies at	Mauritius.	Zanzibar.
(b) Corea (through Hong Kong).			Portuguese India. (Goa and Daman).
(c) Formosa do.			Chamba State.
German East Africa.			Gwalior "
			Jhind "
			Nabha "
			Patiala "

the ^{the} case of money orders drawn on these countries a deduction will be made by the Post Office from the amounts payable to the payees, at the following rates:—

For sums not exceeding £2...	...	...	3d.
" exceeding £2, but not exceeding £ 6...	...	...	6d.
" " £6, but not exceeding £10...	...	...	9d.

† Money orders can be issued on George Town (Grand Cayman) only.

† An extra charge of 6d. in the pound or fraction of a pound will be deducted from the amount of each order at Sydney for its onward transmission to Fiji.

§ Money orders can be issued on the following places only, viz., Athens, Corfu, Patros, the Piraeus, Syra and Volo.

|| Money orders can be issued on the following places only, viz., Andrievitza, Ohavoik, Cettigne, [Cettinje], Danilovgrade, Dulcigno, Grahovo, Kolachine, Niegouche, Nikchitch, Podgoritzta, Pristane [Antivari], Rieka, Velimlie and Wirpazar.

† Money orders can be issued on the following places only, viz., Bethulie, Bloemfontein, Boshof, Dewetsdorp, Edenburg, Fauresmith, Ficksburg, Jacobsdal, Jagersfontein, Kaffyfontein, Ladybrand, Luckhoff, Petersburg, Phillippolis, Reddersburg, Rouxville, Smithfield, Thaba Nchu, Wepener and Zastron.

(a) Money orders can be issued on the following places only, v'z., Escarpment, Kilindini, Kiu, Kismayu, Lamu, Makindu, Malindi, Mombassa, Nairobi and Voi.

(b) Money orders can be issued on the following places only, viz., Chemulpo, Fusan, Mukho, Seoul and Tientsin.

(c) Money orders can be issued on the following places only, viz., Anping, Keelung, Taichu, Tainan, Taipeh, Taitotai, Takaw and Tamsui.

But the amount of a money order issued must not exceed Rs. 150, nor include a fraction of an anna.

All Money Order Offices (see clause 251, *Indian Postal Guide*) are authorised to issue and pay money orders exchanged with the countries named above.

The rates of commission on money orders drawn on the countries named above are as follows:—

For sums not exceeding £1				RS. A.	
...	...	...	...	...	...
For sums not exceeding £1	1 but not exceeding £	2	...	...	0 3
„ exceeding £	1 but not exceeding £	3	...	...	0 5
„ „ „ 2	„ „ „ 3	...	...	...	0 8
„ „ „ 3	„ „ „ 4	...	...	...	0 10
„ „ „ 4	„ „ „ 5	...	...	...	0 12
„ „ „ 5	„ „ „ 6	...	...	...	0 15
„ „ „ 6	„ „ „ 7	...	...	...	1 1
„ „ „ 7	„ „ „ 8	...	...	...	1 4
„ „ „ 8	„ „ „ 9	...	...	...	1 6
„ „ „ 9	„ „ „ 10	...	...	...	1 8
„ „ „ 10	„ „ „ 11	...	...	...	1 11
„ „ „ 11	„ „ „ 12	...	...	...	1 13
„ „ „ 12	„ „ „ 13	...	...	...	2 0
„ „ „ 13	„ „ „ 14	...	...	...	2 2
„ „ „ 14	„ „ „ 15	...	...	...	2 4
„ „ „ 15	„ „ „ 16	...	...	...	2 7
„ „ „ 16	„ „ „ 17	...	...	...	2 9
„ „ „ 17	„ „ „ 18	...	...	...	2 12
„ „ „ 18	„ „ „ 19	...	...	...	2 14
„ „ „ 19	„ „ „ 20	...	...	...	3 0

A table of conversion, calculated at the rate of fifteen rupees for one pound sterling, is given at page 132, *Indian Postal Guide*, from which the cost in Indian money of a Foreign sterling money order can be at once ascertained. The amount to be paid in Indian money will be the equivalent, as shown by the Table, of the sterling value of the order, *plus* the commission calculated at the rates given above.

The amount of a Foreign money order may not exceed £10, if payable in the United Kingdom, British Guiana, British Central Africa Protectorate, Cape Colony, Natal, Transvaal, New Zealand, Tasmania, Trinidad, Constantinople, Panama, Salonica, Smyrna; or any of the countries marked *. The limit of value for a single money order payable in any of the other countries mentioned is £20. No money order may contain a fraction of a penny.

The remitter must apply for a Foreign money order form (which will be supplied to him *gratis* by the Post Office), and fill in the necessary entries, adding his signature at foot. The amount of the money order (whatever be the country of destination) must be stated by the remitter in British (sterling) money, and the equivalent of this amount in Indian currency will be entered in the form by the Post Office. If the country of destination has a different currency, the sterling amount will be converted by it into the local currency for the purpose of payment. The remitter must write his own name and address on the "intimation" portion of the form. All the entries made by the remitter should be legibly written in ink. The money order form must be presented, with the money and commission, at the Post Office window during the prescribed hours.

The name of the payee should include the surname and at least the initial letter of one Christian name. If the payee be a firm or company, the usual designation of the firm or company will suffice. The address of the payee should be full and precise, as on it depends the determination of the particular Money Order Office in the Foreign country at which the money order will be made payable. The surname, and at least one initial of the Christian name, of the remitter should be given; if the remitter be a native of India, his tribe or caste and his father's name should be stated in addition to his own name. The name and address of the payee should be given with such completeness as shall secure identification and prevent risk of wrong delivery.

It will be necessary for the remitter of a Foreign money order to write to the payee informing him of his (the remitter's) name as entered in the order. The payee will receive the money order direct from the Head Money Order Office of the country of payment.

If the Post Office at which application is made for a Foreign money order expressed in sterling be a Branch Post Office, it will be necessary for it to forward the money order form, filled up by the remitter, to its Account Office for examination, and in order to ensure the correct calculation of the amount payable for the order. On return from the Account Office, the money order form will be delivered to the applicant, who may then present it accompanied by the required amount.

The remitter must be furnished by the Post Office with a receipt for the amount paid by him on account of the money order and commission. The remitter should examine the

* Or the Madras Post Office in the case of orders drawn upon the Australasian Colonies.

receipt to ascertain that the particulars have been correctly entered. Any error or omission should be pointed out at once by the remitter to the Post Office; if he omits to do so, the responsibility of any mistake will rest with him.

The remitter will receive from the Bombay Post Office * an intimation that the money order has been communicated to the Foreign country of payment, and should retain this intimation in his possession, in case occasion should arise for making enquiry regarding the money order.

NOTE.—This intimation will not be furnished in the case of orders issued by the Aden Post Office.

If the remitter of a Foreign money order, expressed in sterling, desires any of the services noted in the margin, or has any complaint to make with regard to the money order remitted by him, he should address the Deputy Postmaster, Bombay,† enclosing the receipt granted to him by the office of issue, or the acknowledgment received by him (see preceding para). The Bombay Post Office † will communicate with the Foreign country concerned and intimate the result. In the case of the cancellation of an order after reference to the Foreign country of payment, the amount to be refunded will be the value of the order, but not the commission. No second commission will be charged for the services mentioned in this para.

If a money order is returned by the Foreign country of payment as undeliverable, the value of the money order, but not the commission, will be refunded to the remitter.

Money orders issued in the Foreign countries named on pp. 408 and 409, and payable in India, will be prepared by the Bombay Post Office,† the amount of the Foreign orders being converted into Indian currency at the rates shown in the Table of conversion at page 132, *Indian Postal Guide*. The rules governing the delivery and payment, etc., of inland money orders are applicable also to these Foreign orders payable in India, but an order that has become void cannot be paid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its receipt in India, as the amount is credited at the end of that period to the Foreign country of issue.

The Indian offices of exchange for the various Foreign countries, Foreign settlements in India and Native States, are shown below:—

United Kingdom and countries and places marked with an asterisk as shown on pp. 408 and 409.	} Aden and Bombay.
Egypt, Mauritius, Seychelles, British East Africa Protectorate, German East Africa, and Zanzibar.	
Australasian Colonies (New South Wales, New Zealand, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria, Western Australia) and Fiji.	} Madras.
All other countries and places mentioned on pp. 408 and 409.	
Goa	Bombay.
Straits Settlements, Hong Kong, Japan, Corea and Formosa	Bombay & Belgaum.
British North Borneo (Sandakan and Labuan), Sarawak and the Japanese agencies at Chefoo, Hangchow, Nanking, Newchwang, Peking, Shashe, Soochow and Tientsin in China.	Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and Rangoon.
Ceylon	Madras.
Gwalior State	Agra, Neemuch, and Ujjain.
Patiala	Umballa, Delhi and Ferozepore.
Nabha	Do.
Jhind	Umballa and Delhi.
Chamba	Dalhousie.

Indo-Ceylon Telegraphic Money Orders.

Telegraphic money orders expressed in rupees may be exchanged with Ceylon. Every Post Office that is authorised to issue and pay inland Telegraphic money orders may issue and pay Indo-Ceylon Telegraphic money orders.

The value of a single Indo-Ceylon Telegraphic money order may not exceed Rs. 150 or include any fraction of a rupee.

* Or the Madras Post Office in the case of orders drawn upon the Australasian Colonies,

† Or { the Madras Post Office in the case of orders dealt with by that Office;
the Aden Post Office in the case of orders dealt with by that Office.

From the 1st January certain new denominations of British postal orders, ranging from sixpence to a guinea, are available for sale to the public at the post offices at which such orders are ordinarily sold. The amount to be paid for in the order of any of these new denominations will be the equivalent of its value in Indian money, plus commission, thus the value of a sixpenny order will be 6 annas plus 1 anna commission, the value of a guinea order Rs. 15-12-0, plus 3 annas commission, and so on.

The rates of commission (including the cost of the telegram) that will be charged in India on Telegraphic money orders for payment in Ceylon are the following:—

On sums not exceeding Rs 10	RS. A.
" exceeding Rs. 10, but not exceeding Rs. 25	1 6
" " " 25 " " 50	1 8
" " " 50 " " 75	1 12
" " " 75 " " 100	2 0
" " " 100 " " 125	2 4
" " " 125 " " 150	2 8
" " " 150	2 12

A Telegraphic money order received from Ceylon for payment in India will be paid to the payee according to the rules for the payment of inland telegraphic money orders, but payment will be made only at the Post Office on which the order was originally drawn. If payment cannot be made at that Post Office owing to the payee having changed his address, or from any other cause, the order will be re-issued, free of any further charge, by telegraph on Ceylon for repayment to the remitter.

Foreign Orders telegraphed to Offices of Exchange.

The Telegraphic money order system does not apply to any Foreign money order exchange except that with Ceylon, but the remitter of a Foreign money order drawn on any other country named on pp. 413 or 414 can have the particulars telegraphed to the Indian office of exchange concerned (see above and page preceding), and that office will, on receipt of the telegraphic advice, issue a money order on the Foreign country of payment under the Foreign money order rules. It should be understood that the money order will be telegraphed to the Indian office of exchange only, and not to the Foreign country of payment. Applications made at Branch Offices will be subject to the conditions laid down on p. 414.

The rates of commission, the limit of value, and the other conditions laid down in the rules relating to inland telegraphic money orders apply, subject to the above para., to money orders payable in the countries and places named on page 414, with the exception of Ceylon.

The following conditions apply to money orders payable in the United Kingdom and other countries and places named on pp. 413 and 414.

The commission (including cost of telegram) payable in the case of Foreign sterling order will be at the following rates:—

On sums not exceeding £5	RS. A.
" exceeding £ 5, but not exceeding £ 10	1 12
" " " 10 " " 15	2 8
" " " 15 " " 20	3 4
" " " 20 " " 25	4 0
" " " 25 " " 30	4 12
" " " 30 " " 35	5 8
" " " 35 " " 40	6 4
" " " 40	7 0

The maximum amount for which a single Foreign sterling money order can be telegraphed under these rules is £40, and no such order may include a broken sum less than £1.

The remitter must fill up the necessary entries in a sterling money order form, if the country of payment is one of those mentioned on pp. 413 and 414. He must write the words "By Telegraph" across the form, and present it at the window of the Post Office, together with the amount of the order and commission.

Foreign money orders intended for payment in any country to which mails are sent from Bombay by the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's weekly mail steamers will not be accepted for the purpose of being telegraphed to Bombay if presented at any Post Office on Saturday, i.e., the day of departure of those mail steamers.

British Postal Orders.

British Postal Orders for fixed sums, from 1s. to £1, are available for sale to the public at all Head and Sub-Post Offices in places where a large European community exists or where there is a demand for the orders. British postal orders sold in India are payable at any Money Order Office in the United Kingdom (including the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man) and at the British Post Office, Constantinople, Salonica, Smyrna and British Post Office agency at Panama. They are not payable in India.

The following are the denominations of British postal orders sold in India and the commission chargeable in respect of each order is shown against it:—

Amount of Order.	Commission (including of British poundage).	Amount of Order.	Commission (including of British poundage).	Amount of Order.	Commission (including of British poundage).
s. d.	Annas.	s. d.	Annas.	s. d.	Annas.
1 0	1	3 6	2	10 0	2
1 6	1	4 0	2	10 6	2
2 0	2	4 6	2	15 0	3
2 6	2	5 0	2	20 0	3
3 0	2	7 6	2		

A table of conversion, calculated at the rate of fifteen rupees for one pound sterling, is given at p. 132, *Indian Postal Guide*, from which the cost in Indian money of a British postal order can be at once ascertained. The amount to be paid for a British postal order will be the equivalent of its value in Indian money, as shown by the Table, plus the commission at the rates given on p. 417.

The purchaser of a British postal order must, before parting with it, fill in the name of the person to whom the order is to be paid, and may fill in the name of the Money Order Office at which the amount is to be paid. If the name of a Money Order Office is not entered by the purchaser, the order will be payable at any Money Order Office named by the payee.

The purchaser should keep a record of the serial No. and date and name of the office of issue of the order, to facilitate enquiry if the order should be lost. In case of the mis-carriage or loss of a British postal order, unless proof can be given to the satisfaction of the British Post Office that the name of the payee was inserted in the order before the holder parted with it, and unless the number of the order can be furnished, the British Post Office cannot undertake to trace the order with a view to accounting for the mis-carriage or loss thereof.

If a British postal order be crossed

& Co.,

payment will only be made through a banker, and if the name of a banker is added, payment will only be made through that banker.

After a British postal order has once been paid, to whomsoever it is paid, the British Post Office will not be liable for any further claim.

If any erasure or alteration be made, or if the order is cut, defaced, or mutilated, payment may be refused; and when payment is refused on any of these grounds, no refund of the value of the order can be granted in India.

The purchaser of a British postal order is recommended not to delay its transmission to the payee. After the expiration of three months from the last day of the month of issue, a British postal order will be payable only on payment by the payee of a commission equal to the amount of the original British poundage marked on the order, with the addition (if more than three months have elapsed since the said expiration) of the amount of the original poundage for every further period of three months which has so elapsed, and for every portion of any such period of three months over and above every complete period.

Sale of British Postal Orders by Regimental Vendors.

Any one authorised for the purpose by the Officer Commanding a British Regiment, Battery, Corps or Detachment, may become a regimental vendor of British postal orders, and can obtain an advance of them (not exceeding £20 value at one time) from the Post Office. For this purpose he should present or send a book, in the prescribed form (copies will be supplied by the Post Office), together with a requisition (verbal or on a separate slip of paper) specifying the number and class of orders required. The Postmaster will enter in the book the number of orders of each class made over to the Regimental vendor for sale.

Commission will be allowed to Regimental vendors on all orders sold by them, at the rate of 3 pies on every order for 1s. or 1s. 6d. and 6 pies on every order of a higher class. After deducting the commission the balance of the amount realized from purchasers will be remitted, at intervals not exceeding a month, to the Post Office, and the Postmaster will acknowledge receipt of the money in the last column of the book.

No postal order should be handed to the purchaser until it has been impressed with the date-stamp of the Post Office. For this purpose the orders should be sent by the Orderly to the Post Office, and the Postmaster will stamp them and return them by the Orderly to the Regimental vendor.

As the orders are sold, the necessary entries will be made by the Regimental vendor, under the head of "Particulars of British Postal Orders sold," in the book. When the book is used up, it should be returned to the Postmaster, who will supply a fresh one in continuation of it.

Before the Regimental vendor leaves the station where he obtained an advance of postal orders, he should return the orders themselves, or pay their value, to the Post Office whence he received them.

Post Office Savings Banks.

Any person may deposit money in a Post Office Savings Bank (a) on his own behalf, or (b) on behalf of any minor relative, or (c) on behalf of any minor of whom he is the guardian.

Exception.—A Government Official may not open an account on behalf of a minor of whom he is the official guardian.

Minors, as well as women, whether married or single, are allowed to deposit money in their own names. The fact that an account has been opened on behalf of a minor shall not prevent such minor from opening an account in his own name; nor shall the fact that a married man has an account in his own name prevent his wife from opening a separate account in her own name, provided the money to be deposited by her is her own property or earning.

Money cannot be deposited in the name of two or more persons jointly, provided that nothing in this rule shall prevent the deposit of money in the name of a known firm.

The smallest sum of money that can be deposited at any time is four annas; and no sum can be deposited that includes a fraction of an anna. A depositor may not deposit a larger sum than two hundred rupees in all during any one official year, April 1st to March 31st, inclusive, and may not have more than two thousand rupees at his credit, exclusive of interest.

The annual limit of Rs. 200 is to be reckoned, irrespective of withdrawals, that is, withdrawals are not to be deducted in applying it. The total amount of an account opened by a relative or guardian on behalf of a minor may not exceed one thousand rupees, exclusive of interest.

A depositor can withdraw money from his account once a week (Monday to Saturday, both days inclusive).

A minor can withdraw money deposited by him in his own name; but money deposited on behalf of a minor can only be withdrawn during his minority by his guardian.

Women, whether married or single, can withdraw money deposited by them in their own names; and married women can also withdraw money deposited by them, as single women, in their own names, their marriage notwithstanding. The fact that a female minor, on whose behalf money has been deposited, is married or becomes married after the account has been opened on her behalf, shall not prevent her from withdrawing the money so deposited on attaining majority.

A depositor cannot withdraw a smaller sum than four annas, and he cannot withdraw any sum which includes a fraction of an anna unless it be to close his account, in which case he can withdraw the balance at his credit.

The intending depositor must sign a declaration that he has read and accepted the Post Office Savings Banks' rules.

Women may open accounts in their own names through their agents, or, if they are married, through their husbands or agents. The agent or husband will be required to produce a letter of authority from the depositor and to sign the declaration that the depositor understands and accepts the rules.

When the declaration is presented duly signed, with the amount of the first deposit, the amount will be entered in a Pass-book which will be supplied to the depositor. The depositor will be required to sign a receipt for the Pass-book and give a specimen of his signature in a book kept by the Post Office.

The Pass-book will show in the vernacular of the district or in English, as the depositor may wish, the number of his account, with the name of the office from which the book is issued, his own name, occupation or profession, and address. No deposit can be made and no money can be withdrawn from an account without its production, and the Post Office will not be responsible for any sum not acknowledged in the Pass-book. Depositors should carefully examine their books before leaving the office, and ascertain that the entries are correct. They should also be careful to keep their Pass-books in their own possession, as the Post Office will not be responsible for any loss caused to a depositor if through his negligence any person shall obtain possession of the book and fraudulently obtain the payment of any sum belonging to the depositor.

No charge will be made for the Pass-book at first supplied to a depositor or for any book issued to him in continuation of the original book, which will be retained by the Post Office. But if a Pass-book be lost or spoiled, or if an account be re-opened with the permission of the Comptroller, Post Office, before the expiration of 3 months, from the date of closure, the depositor will have to pay one rupee for a fresh book.

A depositor may deposit money at the Post Office at which his account stands, as often as he wishes so long as the prescribed yearly and maximum limits are not exceeded. All that he is required to do is to take or send the amount to be deposited, with his Pass-book, to the Post Office. The amount will be entered in the Pass-book, the balance struck, and the Pass-book returned to the depositor or his messenger.

When a depositor wishes to withdraw money, he must present his Pass-book personally or by messenger at the Post Office at which his account stands, with a printed form of application for withdrawal, which can be obtained at the Post Office, signed by himself and showing the balance at his credit and the amount which he wishes to withdraw.

Interest will be allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum, until further orders, on all deposits subject to the conditions of this rule. This interest will be allowed for each calendar month on the lowest balance at credit of an account between the close of the fourth day and the end of the month; provided that interest shall only be calculated at the rate of three pias a month on every complete sum of six rupees: provided also that no higher monthly interest than Rs. 5-3-3 shall be allowed on the balance of an account.

A depositor may have his account transferred, free of charge, to any Post Office that is a Savings Bank, provided that the account shall have been in existence for 3 months previous to the transfer.

When a depositor wishes to close his account, he must present his Pass-book with a form of application for withdrawal of the amount shown at his credit in the Pass-book. The amount of interest due on his account up to the end of the calendar month preceding the date of presentation will be entered in the Pass-book and a final balance struck. The amount will then be paid to the depositor and his receipt taken on the warrant of payment. The Pass-book will be retained in the Post Office. If the application for closing an account be presented at a Sub or Branch Office, the same procedure will be followed as in the case of an ordinary withdrawal, except that the Pass-book will be retained.

A depositor who has once closed an account cannot open another until after the expiration of three months after the date of closure, without the permission of the Comptroller, Post Office.

If a depositor should die leaving in a Post Office Savings Bank a sum of money not exceeding one thousand rupees, and if probate of his will or letter of administration of his estate or a certificate granted under Act No. VII of 1839 be not produced to the Postmaster-General within three months of the death of the said depositor, the Postmaster-General may pay the said sum of money to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it, or to administer the estate of the deceased.

If any depositor becomes insane or otherwise incapable of managing his affairs, and if such insanity or incapacity be proved to the satisfaction of the Postmaster-General, then the Postmaster-General may, from time to time, make payment out of the deposit to any proper person.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Sanctioned Strength of Gazetted Officers.

Direction	...	...	...	6
Chief Superintendents	...	...	...	4
Superintendents	...	...	...	36
Assistant Superintendents	...	...	...	55

Total ... 101 (Includes Provincial Service also).

Direction.

Rs. 3,000.

Hutchinson, S. H. C., K.I.E.L., A.M.I.C.E., M.I.E.E. Director-General.

Rs. 2,000.

Larkins, A. B. ... Deputy Director-General.

Rs. 1,800.

Gompertz, R. L. D. ... Director, Construction Branch.
Vacant ... Do. Traffic Branch.

Deputy Directors (2)—Rs. 1,600.
Leach, E. A. (on combined leave).
Berrington, T. D.

Chief Superintendents, 1st Class
(2)—Rs. 1,400, sanctioned.

Dempster, F. E., C.I.E.
Palmer, A. L. H.

Chief Superintendents, 2nd Class
(2)—Rs. 1,250.

Hensley, J. W.
Lees, R. O.

Superintendents, 1st Grade,
ultimate scale (23)—Rs. 1,000.
Foord, A. W.

Hill, A. P.

James, C. S.

Kenyon, E. A.

Olphert, H. S.

Pinhey, H. T.

Thomas, I. C.

Styan, H. S.

Chappel, H. E.

Burne, O.

Elrington, R.

Superintendents, 2nd

Grade (13)—Rs. 850.

Coode, J. M.

Gibbs, R. T.

Goodall, H. C. A.

Grimes, A. J. L.

Hudson, E. J. B.

Henderson, W. P.

Leslie, N. U. K.

Meredith, R.

Simpson, M. G.

Sowerby-Coo, C. W.

Superintendents of
Telegraphs attached
to D.G.'s Office (1).

Goodall, C.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENTS.

1st Grade (9)—Rs. 700.

Armstrong, H. A.

Hewett, J. S.

Mayston, H.

Sutherland, W.

Truninger, L.

Williams, C. B.

2nd Grade (19)—Rs. 550.

Babington, C. D. de V.

Babington, S.

Curtis, J. H.

Goodall, C.

Landon, G. E.

Overton, J. J. R.

Pike, H. S.

Roy, G. P.

Talbot, G. W.

Tulloch, C. A.

Thompson, M. A.

Smith, M. F. C.

Macrac, J. D.

Bagshawe, E. L.

Wernicke, B. C.

3rd Grade (13)—Rs. 450.

Berrie, J. G.

Gunter, E. E.

Hodges, R. W.

Nigel-Jones, M. E.

Olver, G. T. W.

Singh, S.

Shields, J. C.

Williams, C. T.

Hooper, R. A. A.

Mackenzie, J. P.

MacGregor, W. D.

DeMonte, F. T.

Wood, S. R. A.

4th Grade (14)—Rs. 350.

Crawford, M. N.

Fairly, J.

Finch, B. G.

Green, E.

James, T. L.

Landon, C.

McNeil, J.

Maxwell, G. H.

Reynolds, M. H.

Rylands, H. R.

Hopkins, G. A.

Pasricha, M. T.

Parker, J. N.

Sicc, M. F. D. J.

Whitting, J. M.

Finch, H. M.

Burlingham, G.

North, J.

Lawton, C.

Prance, H. C. N.

Sparrow, J. J. K.

1st Grade Provincial Service—Rs. 475.

Sharpe, W. S.

O'Connell, M. J.

2nd Grade Provincial Service—Rs. 375.

Morgan, J. G.

3rd Grade Provincial Service—Rs. 275.

Manlik, S. C., B.A.

Mallik, P. N.

Banerji, D. D., M.A.

Jolly, C. O.

Marston, T. D. (Personal allowance of Rs. 175).

Singh, G. B.

Banerjee, A. C.

4th Grade Provincial Service—Rs. 225.

Mukerjee, J. N.

Apprentices.

Biswas, P. N.

Chatterji, A. C.

Mitra, P. N.

APPOINTMENTS HELD BY SUPERINTENDENTS.

Appointment.	Head-Quarter.	Officer in charge.
Stores	Calcutta	Elrington, R.
Workshops	Do.	Williams, C. T.
Electrician	Do.	Simpson, M. G.
Check Office	Do.	Lees, R. O.
Personal Assistant to Director-General.	Do.	Thomas, I. C.
Attached Construction Branch, Director-General's Office.	Do.	Dempster, F. E., C.I.E.
Attached Traffic Branch, Director-General's Office.	Do.	Palmer, A. L. H.
Agra Office	Agra	Leslie, N. U. K.
Arakan	Akyab	Roy, G. P.
Assam	Shillong	Meredith, R.
Bellary	Belgaum	Hudson, E. J. B.
Bengal	Allahabad	Olphert, H. S.
Bombay Office	Bombay	Kenyon, E. A.
Bombay	Do.	Grimes, A. J. L.
Lower Burma	Rangoon	Henderson, W. P.
Calcutta Office	Calcutta	Coode, J. M.
Calcutta Presidency	Do.	Bagshawe, E. L.
Central Provinces	Jubbulpore	Foord, A. W.
Dacca, now called Eastern Bengal	Barrackpore	Sowerby-Coo, C. W.
East Coast	Vizagapatam	O'Connell, M. J.
Guzerat	Ahmedabad	Pinhey, H. T.
Kashmir, now called N. W. F. P. and Kashmir	Rawal Pindi	Styan, H. S.
Madras Office	Madras	Gibbs, R. T.
Madras	Do.	Pike, H. S.
Oudh and Rohilkhand, now called United P. of Agra and Oudh	Lucknow	Mayston, H.
Punjab	Umballa	Hensley, J. W.
Rajputana	Agra	Hill, A. P.
Sind and Baluchistan	Karachi	Sutherland, W.
South Indian	Trichinopoly	Sharpe, W. S.
Upper Burma	Mandalay	Armstrong, H. A.

MADRAS DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Madras.

C. A. Tulloch, Esq., Offg. Superintendent in charge. Mr. N. Parankusa Pillai, Head Clerk.

BANGALORE SUB-DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Bangalore.

J. P. Mackenzie, Esq., Asst. Supt. in charge.

4 Departmental Offices.

64 Combined Offices.

42 Telephone Offices.

728.57 Miles of Posts.

2,310.13 " of Wire.

MADRAS SUB-DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Madras.

W. D. Macgregor, Esq., Asst. Supt. in charge.

23 Combined Offices.

118 Telephone Offices.

633.19 Miles of Posts.

1,799.83 " of Wire.

9.38 " of Cable.

VELLORE SUB-DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Vellore.

W. Syme, Esq., Sub-Asst. Supt. in charge.

1 Departmental Office.

24 Combined Offices.

1,055.58 Miles of Posts.

3,728.05 " of Wire.

STORE DEPARTMENT.

Moothialoopettah, Madras.

E. H. Murray, Esq., Sub-Asst. Superintendent in charge.

C. Thungavaloo Mudaliar, Storekeeper.

MADRAS OFFICE DIVISION.

R. T. Gibbs, Esq., Superintendent in charge.

A. G. N. Bremer, Esq., Traffic Sub-Asst. Superintendent.

Mr. J. C. Walsh, Telegraph Masters in charge of Batches.

" E. S. Ludgwick, " "

" A. Rama Rao, " "

" P. Chakrawarti Iyengar, " "

" H. Sundram Pillai, " "

" W. Shead, Deputy Telegraph Masters,

" J. Stokes, " "

" A. C. Girmaji Rao, " "

" P. Narayana Murti Rao, Testing Telegraph Masters.

" H. Krishna Rao, " "

" A. P. D'Silva, Telegraph Master, in charge Training Class.

" M. Cunniah Chetty, Head Clerk and Accountant.

BELLARY DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Bellary.

E. Hudson, Esq., Superintendent in charge of Division.

BELLARY SUB-DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Bellary.

A. H. Prime, Esq., Sub-Asst. Superintendent in charge.

2 Departmental Offices.

25 Combined Offices.

2 Telephone Offices.

956.94 Miles of Posts.

3,512.74 " of Wire.

BELGAUM SUB-DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Belgaum.

F. T. de Monte, Esq., Asst. Superintendent in charge.

3 Departmental Offices.

32 Combined Offices.

2 Telephone Offices.

851.94 Miles of Posts.

2,943.15 " of Wire.

MYSORE SUB-DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Bangalore.

T. D. Marston, Esq., Asst. Superintendent in charge.

1 Departmental Office.

45 Combined Offices.

1,171 Miles of Posts.

4,392.92 " of Wire.

MANGALORE SUB-DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Mangalore.

G. W. Copcutt, Esq., Sub-Asst. Superintendent in charge.

2 Departmental Offices.

27 Combined Offices.

6 Railway Offices opened for Administrative purposes.

4 Telephone Offices.

490 Miles of Posts.

877.21 " of Wire.

EAST COAST DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Vizagapatam.

M. J. O'Connell, Esq., Superintendent in charge of Division.

Syed Mohidin, Head Clerk, Supt.'s Office.

VIZAGAPATAM SUB-DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Vizagapatam.

J. N. Mukerji, Esq., Asst. Superintendent.

S. Evans, Inspecting Telegraph Master.

M. Appa Rao, Native Inspecting Signaller.

Telegraph Masters.

Mr. F. P. Anthony, Telegraph Master, Chicacole.

" S. G. Young, Sub-Asst. Supt. in charge of Cocanada Office.

" J. Swyny, Telegraph Master, Berhampore.

" P. Clump, Telegraph Master, Bimlipatam.

" A. Perrett, Permanent Telegraph Master, Vizagapatam.

" B. Burnaiya, Testing Telegraph Master, Vizagapatam.

" G. Kamaraju, Deputy Telegraph Master, Vizagapatam.

" M. Rungiah, Deputy Telegraph Master, Cocanada.

" K. Sreeramulu, Deputy Telegraph Master, Cocanada.

" N. Raghavendra Row, Deputy Telegraph Master, Cocanada.

EAST COAST DIVISION—concl'd.

CUTTACK SUB-DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Cuttack.

W. Woods, Esq., Sub. Asst. Superintendent in charge.

J. Riordan, Inspecting Signaller.

Mir Mohsur Ali, Native Inspecting Signaller.

Telegraph Masters.

Mr. R. E. Bourke, Temporary Telegraph Master, False Point.

" S. Dutta, Telegraph Master, Midnapore.

" A. Manuel, Telegraph Master, Balasore.

" A. W. Rowe, Permanent Telegraph Master in charge, Cuttack.

" F. Gabriel, Deputy Telegraph Master, Cuttack.

BEZWADA SUB-DIVISION.

Head-Quarters, Bezwada.

N. C. Prazer, Esq., Sub-Asst. Superintendent in charge of Sub-Division.

Mr. Z. David, Inspecting Signaller.

Telegraph Masters.

Mr. A. H. Mackenzie, Telegraph Master, Masulipatam.

" K. Shiva Row, Telegraph Master, Bezwada.

" J. Egan, Deputy Telegraph Master, Bezwada.

" O. Gopaul Pillai, Telegraph Master, Nellore.

RULES FOR INLAND TELEGRAMS.

GENERAL.

1. *Inland telegrams* are those which are sent to, or received from, places within Indian limits. Such telegrams are subject to the regulations laid down from time to time by the Government of India.

2. *The accuracy of telegrams is not guaranteed*, and the Sender and Receiver must accept all risks arising from non-delivery, errors, or delays.

3. *Legibility and Forms*.—To secure accuracy and rapidity of transmission, Senders of telegrams are advised to write them in a clear and unmistakable hand, and on the proper forms, which can be obtained free of charge at all Telegraph and Post Offices. Telegrams written on plain paper are, however, accepted at all Offices.

NOTE.—Books (price 4 annas each) containing 100 forms for Inland telegrams, with counterfoils, can be purchased at the principal Government Telegraph Offices.

4. *Offices where Inland telegrams are accepted*.—Inland telegrams are accepted at all Telegraph Offices and Post Offices in India, except at some Branch Post Offices. They are also accepted under certain conditions at Military Field Telegraph Offices.

5. *Postal Combined Offices* are Postal Telegraph Offices in telegraph connection with other Telegraph Offices.

6. *Postal Receiving Offices* are Post Offices which are not in telegraph connection with Telegraph Offices, but which receive Inland telegrams and despatch them by post to a Telegraph Office. Such telegrams are sent registered and postage-free by first post.

7. *Inland telegrams may be also posted by the Sender to the nearest Telegraph Office*, together with Telegraph or Postage stamps sufficient for their payment, and in this case a receipt for the amount will be returned post-free to the Sender. In the case of a telegram sent by post to a Telegraph Office, under the preceding or this rule, with an insufficient number of stamps, the deficiency will be recovered from the Addressee. (See Rule 71.)

* Telegrams addressed to places within the delivery radius of the office at which they are tendered, which cannot be transmitted by wire to any other office nearer destination, and therefore, if accepted, would have to be delivered from the office of origin, are not accepted.

8. *Railway Offices*.—All paid telegrams, except Press (see Rule 132), can be sent from any Government Telegraph Office to any Railway Telegraph Office, or *vice versa*, without additional charge.

9. *Objectionable telegrams*.—Telegraph Offices are required to refuse to transmit any telegram which may be of a decidedly objectionable or alarming character. Should the character of a telegram be open to doubt, the matter shall be referred to a Secretary to Government if the telegram be tendered at a seat of Government, or to the chief Civil or Military Officer if tendered at another place.

10. *General Division*.—Inland telegrams are divided into three classes:—

- (a) State (or Government) telegrams (Rules 37 to 44).
- (b) Service telegrams (Rules 45 to 48).
- (c) Private telegrams.

NOTE.—State telegrams have no priority over Private telegrams, and take their turn with the latter according to Class (Rules 62 and 63), in the order in which tendered.

MODE OF WRITING, &c.

11. *Characters*.—Inland telegrams must be written legibly in characters which have their equivalents in telegraphic signals. These characters or signals are the following:—

(a) Letters.

A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

(b) Figures.

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0.

NOTE.—There are no telegraphic signals for Roman numerals, such as *I, II, &c.*

(c) Stops and other signs.

Full-stop (.), Comma (,), Semicolon (;), Colon (:), Note of interrogation (?), Note of exclamation (!), Apostrophe ('), Hyphen (-), Brackets or signs of a parenthesis (), Inverted commas (" "), Bar of division (/), Underline.

(d) Special Instructions and Conventional signs.—(See Rules 15 to 17.)

Abbreviated form.	English meaning.
BPD . . .	Boat paid (Rule 83).
BPDN . . .	Boat paid double (Rule 83).
RP . . .	Reply-paid (Rule 91).
RP Rs.— . . .	Reply paid—rupees or annas (Rule 91).
TC . . .	Collation or repetition (Rule 101).
PC . . .	Telegram with Telegraphic Advice of delivery (Rule 104).
Express . . .	Express (Rules 113 and 114).
XP . . .	Express paid (Rule 115).
XP Rs.— . . .	Express paid—rupees or annas (Rule 115).
Post . . .	Post (Rule 114).
PR . . .	Post Registered (Rule 118).
RO . . .	To be delivered open (Rule 80).
MP . . .	To be delivered into the hands of the Addressee himself (Rule 79).
TR . . .	To be kept at Telegraph Office till called for (Rule 81).

12. *Language, &c.*—Subject to the above limitation, telegrams may be sent in English or in the vernaculars, or in any foreign language, or in Cipher if written in Arabic numerals. Fictitious words, i.e., words not recognised in any language (such as *Anglerlog, Brutaster, &c.*), and wrongly spelt words are inadmissible.

NOTE.—Groups of letters not forming words ("Letter cipher") cannot be transmitted in Private telegrams, unless they represent Trade or Commercial marks, or are among the abbreviations sanctioned by Rule 58.

13. *Erasures, &c.*—Every interlineation, reference, erasure, or re-written word, must be authenticated by the Sender or by his representative.

14. *Parts of a telegram*.—The different parts forming an Inland telegram should be written in the following order:—

- (a) Special instructions if any (Rules 15—17).
- (b) The Address (Rules 18—33).
- (c) The Office of origin.
- (d) The Sender's name (Rule 34).
- (e) The Text.

15. *Special Instructions*.—The Sender should write upon the form, in the space marked *Official Instructions*, his Special Instructions (if any) regarding delivery at destination, prepayment of reply, advice of delivery, collation (or repetition), open delivery, or delivery only to the Addressee himself, &c.

16. In the case of a Multiple telegram, the Special Instructions which concern each Addressee should be written immediately before his name; however, if the Multiple telegram is also a collated (or repeated) one, it is sufficient if the Special Instruction for Collation precedes the first Address.

17. *Special Instructions* should be written in the abbreviated forms given in Rule 11 (d) and put between signs of parenthesis. They are not charged for.

NOTE.—For further particulars regarding the Sender's instructions, see Rules 91, 100, 104, &c.

18. *Address*.—The Address includes the Addressee's name and address and the name of the Office to which the telegram is to go. Care should be taken that the latter is written as given in the List of Telegraph Offices published in the *Telegraph Guide*.*

19. The Address should contain all the particulars necessary to ensure the delivery of the telegram without search or enquiry.

20. In the case of large towns, the Address ought to contain the name of the street and the number of the house, or, in the absence of these particulars, to specify the profession of the Addressee or give any other useful information.

21. Even for small towns, the name of the Addressee ought to be, as far as possible, accompanied by additional particulars to guide the Delivering Office in case of alteration of the proper name.

22. *Insufficient Address*.—Telegrams, the Address of which does not satisfy the conditions laid down in the preceding rules, are nevertheless accepted and transmitted at the Sender's risk.

23. In every case the Sender has to bear the consequences of an insufficient Address which, after the telegram has been despatched, can neither be completed nor altered except by a paid Service Advice (Rule 46).

24. *Code or Abbreviated Addresses*.—The Addressee's name and Address may be written in a Code or abbreviated form. However, the right of an Addressee to have a telegram thus addressed, delivered to him, is subject to an arrangement made between such Addressee and the Telegraph Office which has to deliver the telegram (see Rule 26).

25. When a telegram is addressed to the care of a person, who has registered an abbreviated Address, the word or words representing the Code Address should be preceded by the words "care of," or their equivalent.

26. *Registered Addresses*.—Any firm or individual expecting to receive telegrams can register a Code or Abbreviated Address at the Government Telegraph Office from which such telegrams have to be delivered. The fee for registration of each such Address is Rs. 10 per calendar year, payable in advance on the 1st January, or Rs. 50 for all time, with an additional fee of Rs. 5 for every change of the word or words selected.

27. A Code or Abbreviated Address may be registered on any date; thus, if on 1st November an Address is registered, ten rupees are charged, and a second charge of ten rupees is made if the Address is renewed on 1st January following. The additional fee of five rupees is charged for every change of the word or words selected, or transfer to another Telegraph Office, but not for change of residence within the delivery limits of the registering Office, or for change of name or title of firm or person, so long as the identity is the same, and it is not a case of transfer from one firm to another; if it is a case of transfer, a fee of ten rupees is charged.

28. Code or Abbreviated Addresses are considered confidential.

29. No Code or Abbreviated Address can be accepted which has already been registered locally by another firm or individual.

30. The Government Telegraph Department accepts no responsibility in respect of the delivery of any telegram having a Code or an Abbreviated Address if such Address has not been registered, or for delay in delivering such telegram. Registration is essential in all cases of persons who frequently receive telegrams addressed to them by an abbreviated name, and Telegraph Officials can decline to deliver such telegrams if, after notice has been given, the Address has not been registered.

31. For Code or Abbreviated Addresses only genuine words or real names may be registered. Combinations of Christian names and surnames, combinations of parts of two names, combinations of two separate words, mis-spelt abbreviations of one or more words, are all inadmissible.

32. The following are examples of inadmissible Code Addresses:—

<i>Granotel for Grand Hotel.</i>	<i>Brooksons for Brook and Sons.</i>
<i>Willsmith for William Smith.</i>	<i>Macmeth for Macdonnell, Methven & Co.</i>

33. Persons wishing to register Code or Abbreviated Addresses are invited to choose uncommon words, not their own names,† to avoid all risk of telegrams being misdelivered to other persons of the same name.

34. *Sender's name*.—This means the actual name or designation of the Sender. Name and designation cannot both be admitted free. If the Sender should desire his own designation or Address to be telegraphed, in addition to his name, it must be paid for. A telegram cannot be sent by several persons in their separate names; it must be in the name of only one individual or firm; it may, however, be sent by a party acting jointly

* See Section XII.

† Proposals to register names which are in common use are liable to be rejected.

‡ Ordinary titles like Mr., Mrs., Babu, Lala, Nawab, Col., Dr., etc., may be admitted free as prefixes to the Sender's name but such designations, as R.E., B.S.C., C.B., M.A., etc., or their equivalents in words after the Sender's name cannot be admitted free, and if required to be signalled, must be paid for.

having a recognised collective capacity, but the designation or style of such party must be used, not their several names. The Sender's name and Address may, however, be transmitted free in a Code or abbreviated form if registered under Rule 26.

35. *Text*.—No Private telegram or series of telegrams containing more than five hundred words can be sent at any one time by any individual or firm, and no subsequent telegram by the same individual or firm till after the lapse of three hours, unless the telegraph lines be free of all other traffic.

NOTE.—Regarding the length of Press telegrams, see Rule 128, VIII.

36. *Signature*.—The true signature and address of the Sender must always be written at the foot of the telegram. The Sender of a Private telegram can always be called upon to prove that the signature attached to it is genuine.

STATE TELEGRAMS.

37. *Definition*.—A State telegram is a telegram sent by an official of the British Government on British Government business.

NOTE.—Municipal Commissioners and the officials and servants of a Municipality or of a Guaranteed or Private Railway are not entitled to send State telegrams, nor are the officials and servants of Native States.

38. *Principles to be observed*.—The Government of India has laid down the following principles to be observed in the classifying, &c., of State telegrams, but their application rests with the Sender, not with the Telegraph Official:—

(1) When it is not necessary that a reply (by post or wire) should be despatched within office hours of the same day, the message should be classed *Inferred*. (2) When it is considered essential that the reply should be sent the same day, the message should be classed *Ordinary*. (3) Messages should only be classed *Urgent*—(a) in cases of real emergency; (b) in cases where the despatching Officer knows that the line is blocked, and considers his message sufficiently important to take precedence of ordinary traffic. (4) Telegrams should, except when extreme precision is important, be expressed in as few words as are consistent with clearly conveying the intended meaning; and mere auxiliary or connective words, which can obviously be filled in by the receiver, should be omitted.

39. *Cipher language*.—The text of State telegrams written in Cipher language may be formed either of groups or series of figures, or of groups or series of letters, having a secret meaning; but a combination in the same telegram of figures and of letters, having a secret meaning, is not admitted.

40. *Collation*.—State telegrams, when they are written in figure or letter cipher, are always repeated in their entirety (Rule 103) by the receiving Office in the same manner as is done with "collated" telegrams (Rule 100). When partially written in cipher, the cipher portions only are repeated.

41. *Payment, &c.*—State telegrams must be marked *State* by the Sender, and, as a rule, paid for in cash or stamps prior to despatch. The charges are the same for State as for Private telegrams. The rule regarding pre-payment (Rule 64) will be relaxed in case of great emergency; but whenever an Urgent or Ordinary State telegram is tendered for transmission under this permission, the Sender must take the necessary steps to ascertain the charges on it, and pay them into the Telegraph Office within 24 hours. The rule cannot be relaxed in case of Deferred State telegrams.

42. *At Railway Offices*.—State telegrams are not accepted at Railway Offices at places where there is also a Government Office, except in cases of emergency, or when the Sender's Office or residence is much closer to a Railway Office than to a Government Office.

43. *Abbreviated titles*.—In Inland State telegrams abbreviations of the titles of Government Officials are used. A list of the abbreviations sanctioned is published in the *Telegraph Guide*.

44. *Clear Line Telegrams*.—On emergent occasions of great importance, the public functionaries named below have power to "clear the line" within Indian limits, i.e., to suspend the receipt and despatch of all telegrams until the one for which the line is cleared is passed on:—

- (1) The Governor-General of India.
- (2) The Governors of Madras and Bombay.
- (3) Commander-in-Chief in India.
- (4) Lieutenant-Generals Commanding the Forces, Punjab, Bengal, Madras and Bombay.
- (5) Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal, Burma, and the Punjab, Lieutenant-Governor of United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.
- (6) Secretaries to the Government of India.
- (7) Secretaries to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, United Provinces, the Punjab, and Burma.
- (8) Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and Assam.
- (9) Agents to the Governor-General, Rajputana, North-West Frontier Province, Central India, and Baluchistan.
- (10) Commissioners of Sind and Peshawar.
- (11) The Residents at Hyderabad (Deccan) and Mysore.

* See Sections XXI (A) and XXI (B).

(12) The Maharaja of Patiala (from the Patiala Office only).

(18) Director-General of Telegraphs.

(14) An officer commanding a force in the field: Provided that, if such officer shall not hold the rank of a General Officer, the power shall be limited to the case of messages for despatch to the head-quarters of the Local Government or Administration within the jurisdiction of which the force is operating.

The telegrams so sent are, however, to be paid for as other State (Urgent) telegrams. The words *Clear Line* should be written before the Text.

SERVICE TELEGRAMS.

45. *Service telegrams* are divided into Service telegrams properly so called, and Service Advices. The former classification includes—

- (a) those on the service of the Government Telegraph and Postal Departments, which are sent free to and from any Telegraph Office;
- (b) those sent free on the service of certain Foreign Governments, regarding which the Government of India prescribes special instructions in each case.

Paid Service Advices are Service telegrams exchanged between Telegraph Offices under Rules 46 and 47.

PAID SERVICE ADVICES.

46. The Sender and Receiver of any telegram already transmitted or in course of transmission may, within an interval of seventy-two hours (not including Sundays) following the handing in or delivery of such telegram, as the case may be, cause enquiry to be made or instructions to be given respecting it by telegraph. They can also, in order to make or obtain corrections, cause a telegram, which they have sent or received, to be repeated entirely or in part, by the Office at destination, or by the Office of origin or any intermediate Office. In all such cases they have to deposit the following amounts:—

- (a) The cost of the telegram making the request.
- (b) The cost of a telegram for the reply, if a reply by telegraph is wanted.

47. Rectifying, completing, or cancelling telegrams, and all other communications relating to a telegram already despatched or in course of transmission, when they are addressed to a Telegraph Office, must be exchanged exclusively between the Offices under the form of paid Service Advices at the cost of the Sender or the Receiver making the demand.

48. The charges for Service Advices necessitated through errors of service are refunded under Rules 142 (g) and 144.

COUNTING OF WORDS.

49. *Chargeable words*.—All that the Sender writes in his telegram to be transmitted is included in calculating the charge, with the exception of the Special Instructions referred to in Rule 15, the Address (as defined in Rule 18), the name of the Telegraph Office of origin, and the Sender's name or designation, all of which are transmitted free. No other words can be transmitted, unless paid for as part of the Text, and Telegraph Officials are authorised to omit from the Address any words not essential for the correct delivery of the telegram.

50. *Stops, &c.*—With the exceptions provided for in Rules 54, 57 and 129, signs of punctuation, apostrophes, and hyphens are neither charged for nor signalled.

51. *Preamble*.—Words, numbers, and signs added by Telegraph Officials for official purposes are not charged for. The day, hour, and minute (Madras time) at which a telegram is booked, when tendered for despatch, are added by the Telegraph Office and transmitted free. Senders may date or time their telegram if they desire, but in such case their dates or times will be charged for (see Rule 49).

52. *Combinations or alterations of words* contrary to the usage of the language are not admitted. However, the names of towns and countries, patronymics (family names) of one and the same person, the names of places, squares, boulevards, streets, etc., the names of vessels, integral and fractional numbers written in words, and compound words admitted as such in *English* or *French*, and which can, if a question arises, be justified by reference to a dictionary, may be respectively written as single words, without either apostrophe or hyphen.

The words *halfpenny*, *twopence*, *threepence*, etc., up to *elevenpence* may be written as single words.

53. The following are examples of combinations of words, admissible and inadmissible as single words.

(a) Examples of combinations admissible as single words:—

Cowhide.
Gingellyseed.

Rapeseed.
Sheepskin.

(b) Examples of combinations inadmissible as single words:—

Tapestry pattern.	Sail insurance.	Steam cargo.
Counteroffer.	Steam coals.	Coast sailing.
Bank action.	Tuesday morning.	Hull steamer.
Wire answer.	Wheat cargo.	Alright.
Inner harbour.	Beer boxes.	Alright.
Bourse credit.	Discharging day.	

54. The following are each counted as one word only:

- (a) Every word of fifteen letters or less which fulfils the requirements of Rules 12, 52, 53. Words containing more than fifteen letters are charged for as two words up to thirty letters, and so on by multiples of fifteen *plus* one word for any excess.
- (b) Each isolated character, letter, or figure, including the initials of persons and of such abbreviations as B.S.C. or R.A., are treated as isolated letters, however written by the Sender.
- (c) Each underline.
- (d) The two signs constituting a parenthesis.
- (e) Inverted commas, the two signs placed at the commencement and end of one and the same passage.

55. *Use of Apostrophes and Hyphens.*—Words separated by an apostrophe and words joined by a hyphen are counted as so many separate words. The apostrophes or hyphens are not charged for or signalled.

56. *Figures, Letter Cipher, Commercial marks, &c.*—Numbers written in figures are counted as one word for each five figures which they contain, *plus* one word for any excess. The same rule applies to the calculation of groups of letters in State telegrams as well as to groups of figures and letters used either as Commercial marks or in Semaphore telegrams.

NOTE I.—When Commercial marks form part of the text of a telegram, the Sender should certify them to be such at the foot of the form.

NOTE II.—To avoid error, Senders of telegrams are invited to write numbers in words rather than in figures.

57. *Signs, &c., used with figures or letters.*—Decimal points, commas, dashes, and bars of division are each counted as a figure or letter respectively in the group in which they occur. This also applies to letters added to figures to form Ordinal numbers.

58. *Abbreviations.*—Common titles, which in their full form are expressed by a single word, such as Captain, Reverend, and Esquire, may be written in their usual abbreviated forms, such as Capt., Rev., and Esq., each of which counts as one word. Similarly, common abbreviations of single words, such as Rs. (for Rupees), lbs. (for pounds), are admissible and count each as one word. F.O.B., C.F.I., A.M., and P.M., when written as separate letters, are each counted as three and two words, respectively; but these specified abbreviations when written *job, c/i, am, pm*, are accepted each as one word. The abbreviations B/L, C/O, and % are also counted each as one word. No other abbreviations of compound words or expressions, except those specified in this rule, are accepted as one word.

59. *Examples of counting.*—The following examples show how the rules for counting words are to be interpreted:—

	Number of words.		Number of words.
Leveson-Gower (family name)...	2	Dont	1
Levesongower (family name) ...	1	Don't	2
John Henry (Christian names)...	2	Mother-in-law	3
John Henry (Christian names)...	2	Motherinlaw	1
A. Gower (initial and family name)...	2	All right	2
Agower (evasion : inadmissible) ...	1	All-right	2
Bara Bazar	2	Allright	2
Barabazar	1	Alright (misspelt : inadmissible) ...	1
Responsibility (14 characters) ...	3	44 1/2 (5 figures and signs)...	1
Misrepresentation (17 characters) ...	3	44 1/2 (6 figures and signs)...	2
Prince of Wales (ship)	3	44 1/2 5 (5 figures and signs) ...	1
Prince of Wales (ship)	1	44 1/2 55 (6 figures and signs) ...	2
Readdressed	1	44 1/2 (4 figures and signs) ...	1
Re-addressed	2	44 1/2 (3 figures and signs) ...	1

	Number of words.		Number of words.
2% (4 figures and signs)...	1	A P	1
17th	1	M (Commercial mark) ...	1
1529th	2	8	2
10Rs. 10As.	4	M (Commercial mark) ...	2
10Rs. 10	3	The business is very urgent come	
Rs. 10, 10 (or) Rs. 10/10	2	without delay (8 words and 2 under-	
11h 30	3	lines)	10
11, 30	1	Received news of you indirectly (very	
Eight/10	2	bad) telegraph immediately. (9	
5/twelfths	2	words and 1 passage within paren-	
30* (30 raised to the power of a) *	7	thesis)	10
15 x 6 (15 multiplied by 6) *	4	Received letter from Pera reliable	
Two hundred and thirty four ...	5	source which says "conversion	
Two hundred and thirty four (23 charac-	2	business hindered by syndicate	
ters)	1	bankers" (Text including a passage	
E. M. (Isolated letters, initials of	2	in inverted commas)	15
names)	2	V. P. P. (for "Value payable parcel")...	3
B. S. C. } (for Bengal Staff Corps) ...	3	Vpp. (for "Value payable parcel") ...	3
BSC	3	M O (for "Money Order")	2
Bsc	2	Mo (for "Money Order")	2
R. A. } (for Royal Artillery)	2	As. (for "annas")	1
RA	2	Co. (for "Company")	1
Rn.	1	Etc. (for "et cetera")	1
Emvtilf (6 characters. Secret letters in	2	Mr. (for "Mister")	1
State telegrams, or Commercial	2	Mrs. (for "Mistress")	1
marks)	2	No. (for "Number")	1
Ch 23 (Commercial mark)	2	d. (for "pence")	1
G. H. F. 45 (Commercial mark) ...	4	s. (for "shillings")	1
197a/199a (Commercial mark) ...	4	Cwt. (for "hundredweight") ...	1

* The telegraph is not able to reproduce such expressions as 30*, 15 x 6, etc. Senders of telegrams must, therefore, replace them by the full signification, thus:—30 raised to the power of a, 15 multiplied by 6, etc.

CHARGES.

60. *Classes.*—There are three classes of telegrams—Urgent, Ordinary, and Deferred. These classes apply equally to State and Private telegrams. The corresponding charges between any two Offices in India or Burma are as follows:—

	Urgent.	Ordinary.	Deferred.
First 8 words or groups of 5 figures	Rs. A. 2 0	Rs. A. 1 0	Rs. A. 0 8
Each additional word or group of 5 figures	0 4	0 2	0 1
No charge for the Address and Sender's name (see Rules 18, 34 and 49).			

PRECEDENCE.

61. *Urgent telegrams* receive instant transmission and have precedence over Ordinary telegrams and the right of special delivery at destination. In cases of life and death, or of extraordinary emergency, an Urgent telegram can be sent from any Office at any time.

62. *Ordinary telegrams* are transmitted in their turn after Urgent telegrams, and are delivered by messengers between day-break and 9 p.m. (local time).

63. *Deferred telegrams* are not transmitted till the wires are clear of Urgent and Ordinary telegrams, but they are delivered by messengers between day-break and 9 p.m. (local time).

PAYMENT OF CHARGES.

64. *Charges how paid.*—With the exceptions provided for in Rules 41, 70, and 126, all charges must be prepaid as follows:—

I. If handed in—

- (a) At Government Telegraph Departmental Offices, in cash or Telegraph stamps.
- (b) At Field Telegraph Offices, in cash, or in Telegraph or Postage stamps.
- (c) At Postal Combined Offices, in cash, or in Telegraph or Postage stamps, at the option of the Sender.
- (d) At Postal Receiving Offices, in cash, or in Telegraph or Postage stamps, at the option of the Sender.
- (e) At Railway Telegraph Offices, in cash or Telegraph stamps, at the option of the Sender.

II. If sent by post to any Telegraph Office from a place where there is no Telegraph Office, in Telegraph or Postage stamps.

65. *Telegraph stamps.*—Telegraph stamps are printed so as to form two distinct portions, viz., the upper half and the lower half. The upper half is returned on the receipt (whereby the Sender receives a guarantee that his telegram has not been suppressed for the sake of the stamps), and the lower half is affixed to the telegram as a voucher to Government that it has been prepaid. The following are the Telegraph stamps in use: one anna, two annas, four annas, eight annas, one rupee, Rs. 2, Rs. 5, Rs. 10, Rs. 25, Rs. 50. They can be purchased at all Treasuries and Government Telegraph Departmental Offices.

66. *Affixing stamps, &c.*—Telegraph stamps must be affixed on the spaces left blank for the purpose on the telegram form—the upper half on the Receipt, the lower half on the telegram,—and the Sender should see that the stamps are defaced with the Office-stamp which bears the name of the Office and the date. When Telegraph stamps are used only in part payment of the cost of a telegram at a Government Office, as, for instance, in the case of a telegram paid for partly by a Reply-Pass (Rule 93), or at a Post Office in the case of a telegram paid for partly in Postage stamps, the entire stamps must be affixed lengthways on the telegram and no portion on the Receipt. In the case of Railway Telegraph Offices, if Telegraph stamps are used either in part or in whole payment of the cost of a telegram, the entire stamp must be affixed to the telegram and no portion to the receipt.

67. *Damaged stamps.*—Telegraph stamps which have been cut in two before being sent into a Telegraph Office, or which are in any way defaced, discoloured, or damaged, are not accepted.

68. The value of damaged Telegraph stamps will ordinarily be refunded on application to the Superintendent, Check Office, Government Telegraph Department, Calcutta, if such application be accompanied by a statement of the cause of damage, and if no doubt exists that the damaged stamps are genuine and that the damage was not intentional.

69. *Receipts* * are given for telegrams at all Telegraph and Post Offices, but the upper halves of Telegraph stamps are not returned upon the receipts at Railway Offices in any case, or at other Offices in the cases named in the latter part of Rule 66. When Postage stamps are used no portion of the stamps appear on the receipt.

70. *Telegrams from ships.*—Telegrams arriving by mail steamers and other vessels, for onward transmission by telegraph, may be transmitted without prepayment; but no such telegram, whether prepaid or not, will be transmitted until the name of the vessel from which it is received is known at the Telegraph Office.

71. *Delivery of telegrams with excess charges.*—In every case where charges have to be collected on arrival (see Rules 7, 70 and 126), the telegram is delivered to the Addressee only upon payment of the amount due.

72. *Undercharges made in error,* and charges and expenses not recovered from the Addressee in consequence of his refusal to pay them or the impossibility of finding him, must be made good by the Sender.

73. *Overcharges made in error* are returned to those entitled to them. No refund, however, is made of the value of the stamps in excess affixed by the Sender, unless he applies for it to the Superintendent, Check Office, Government Telegraph Department, Calcutta, and sends with his application the Receipt granted for the telegram (see Rules 142 (h) and 144).

INTERRUPTION OF TELEGRAPH COMMUNICATION: TRANSMISSION IN DUPLICATE.

74. When, in the course of transmission of a telegram, an interruption takes place in the regular telegraph communications, the Office beyond which the interruption has taken place at once sends the telegram by post (registered) or by some more rapid means, such as, for instance, by an alternative telegraph route.

75. As soon as communication is re-established, the telegram is transmitted afresh by telegraph, unless its receipt has been previously acknowledged, or unless, on account of an exceptional accumulation of traffic, this retransmission would be clearly injurious to the total traffic.

CANCELLATION.

76. If the Sender of an Inland telegram wishes to cancel it before transmission has begun, he can do so, and the charges, less a fee of four annas, will be returned: Provided that, if the telegram has been stamped, either by the Sender or by the booking office, and the stamps have been obliterated, the charges shall be refunded under Rule 142, and the stamps only on application being made to the Superintendent, Check Office, Government Telegraph Department, Calcutta, within the period prescribed by Rule 144. If the telegram is in course of transmission, or has already been despatched, it can be cancelled only by a paid Service Advice addressed under Rule 46 to the Terminal Office. If, in addition, the Sender wishes to be informed by telegraph in what manner his request has been acted upon, he must deposit the cost of the return telegram; otherwise he is informed by post.

DELIVERY AT DESTINATION.

77. *According to Address and Order.*—Telegrams are, according to their Addresses, either delivered at the residences of the Addressees, or kept at the Telegraph Office till called for.† They are, in all cases, delivered at, or sent to, their destinations in order of receipt and priority.

* Senders of telegrams should examine their receipts to see if they are correct.

† They can also be delivered at the window of the despatching office to the peons, or servants, of firms or individuals who have purchased a window delivery ticket, price Rs. 12 per annum.

AMENDED RULES AND RATES FOR INLAND TELEGRAMS.

Rule 18, Address.—The address includes the name of the office to which the telegram is to be transmitted, the name, or designation (or both), and the address of the addressee, and at the sender's option, his own name, or designation (or both), and his address. In the case of Deferred telegrams, no other words can be included in the number of words allowed free. The name of the office to which the telegram is to be transmitted is counted as one word irrespective of the actual number of words and initials which it may contain. For instance "Malia-Hatina" B.G.F.P., will count as one word. Care should be taken that the office to which the telegram is to be transmitted is written as given in the list of Telegraph Offices published in the *Telegraph Guide*.

Rule 34, Sender's name or designation.—The sender's name or designation may be in an abbreviated form or may be omitted altogether. A telegram cannot be sent by several persons in their separate names; it must be in the name of only one individual or firm; it may, however, be sent by a party acting jointly having a recognised collective capacity, but the designation or style of such party must be used, not their several names.

Rule 49, Chargeable words.—All that the sender writes in his telegram to be transmitted is included in calculating the charge with the exception of the Special Instructions referred to in Rule 15, the name of the Telegraph Office of origin and, in the case of deferred telegrams, six words in the Address (as defined in Rule 18), all of which are transmitted free. No other words can be transmitted unless paid for.

Rule 60, Classes.—There are three classes of telegrams: *Urgent, Ordinary, and Deferred.* These classes apply equally to State and Private telegrams. The corresponding charges between any two offices in India or Burma are as follows:—

Class.	Unit No. of words.	Unit rate.	Each additional word.	Address.
		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
Urgent	16	2 0 0	0 4 0	Charged for.
Ordinary	16	1 0 0	0 2 0	Ditto.
Deferred	4	0 4 0	0 1 0	Six words free.

NOTE.—For definition of address, see Rule 18.

Rule 91.—The Sender of a Private telegram, or of a State telegram, addressed to a person other than a British Government Official, can prepay a reply, but the amount so prepaid shall be not less than four annas, or more than two rupees, and must not contain any fraction of an anna. The sender of a Reply paid telegram should write the Special Instruction (R.P.) followed by the amount paid, thus—R. P. Rs. on the form in the space marked *Official Instructions* [See Rule 11 (d)]. These words are not charged for.

Rule 114.—The address of telegrams to be conveyed beyond the telegraph lines should be written as follows:—

(a) If the message is to be posted from the nearest Telegraph Office.
To (Office) Gya. From (Office) Calcutta.

Official Instructions (Post).

To (Person) John Doe, Esq., Sherghotty. From (Person) Jones.
(b) If the message is to be sent by *Express*.
To (Office) Hooghly Point. From (Office) Calcutta.

Official Instructions (X. P., Rs. two.)

To (Person) John Doe, Esq., Nymn. From (Person) Jones.
The instructions *Post* or *X. P. Rs. two* are not charged for, vide Rule 17.

Rule 117, Inland telegrams posted from India to Ceylon.—Inland Telegrams to be posted to Ceylon may be addressed to Tuticorin, from which place a daily mail boat leaves for Colombo.

EXAMPLE.

To (office) Tuticorin. From (Office) Calcutta.
To (Person) Young, Oriental Hotel, Colombo. From (Person) W. Collins.

Text.—Start by first steamer.

The charge for such a telegram is the usual inland rate according to class, and as stated in Rule 116, there is no charge for postage.

The Instruction *Post* is also not charged for, vide Rule 17.

Rule 118, Inland telegrams posted from Indian ports.—An Inland telegram telegraphed to an Indian port to be posted under Rule 116 to a place beyond Indian limits must have the name of the port entered in the Address, and the Instructions *Post* or *Post Registered* [Rules 11 (d), 15 and 17] in the space marked *Official Instructions*.

EXAMPLE.

Class (Deferred, Ordinary or Urgent).
To (Office) Bombay. From (Office) Calcutta.
To (Person).
Mrs. Johnson. From (Person).
20 Cambridge Terrace, Hyde Park, London. Johnson.

Text.—Afraid my letter missed mail. Am quite well.

The charge for such a telegram would be the usual inland rate according to the class (Urgent, Ordinary or Deferred at Sender's choice) plus one anna for postage under Rule 116. If the Sender desires the message to be registered before being posted, he should insert the instruction *Post Registered* or *P.R.* [Rules 11 (d), 15 and 17] in the space marked *Official Instructions*. The charge for postage and registration would then be three annas under Rule 116.

NOTE.—Telegrams to be forwarded by post *Registered* are received at the General Post Office, Bombay, up to within three hours of the time of sailing of the Homeward Mail. If not to be registered they will be posted if received within 1½ hours of the time of sailing.

Rule 127 Rates for Press telegrams.—The following are the rates charged for Press telegrams:—

Class.	Unit No. of words.	Unit rate.	Each additional six words.	Address.
		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
Ordinary	48	1 0 0	0 2 0	Charged for.
Deferred	48	0 8 0	0 1 0	Six words free.

Though classed for the purposes of the tariff schedule as "Ordinary" and "Deferred" Press messages will receive the privilege of being despatched as if they were classed "Urgent" and "Ordinary," respectively. Multiple Press messages will be charged for as in Rule 109 whether all the addresses are in the same town or not.

NOTE.—For definition of the address, see Rule 18.

Rule 128, VIII.—A single Press telegram must not exceed 240 words (5 units of charge). Long news messages must be broken up into separate telegrams, all of which must be numbered and each of which, except the last, must contain the words *More to follow*. These words and the numbers should be written by the sender in the space left in the telegram for *Official Instructions*; and they will not be charged for.

Rule 133, Delivery.—Press telegrams of any class are sent out for delivery as soon as received, by day or by night.

Private and State Messages.

Class.	Unit No. of words.	Unit rate.	Each additional word.	Address.
		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
Urgent	16	2 0 0	0 4 0	To be charged for.
Ordinary	16	1 0 0	0 2 0	Do.
Deferred	4	0 4 0	0 1 0	Six words free.

Press Messages.

Class.	Unit No. of words.	Unit rate.	Each additional six words.	Address.
		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
Ordinary	48	1 0 0	0 2 0	To be charged for.
Deferred	48	0 8 0	0 1 0	Six words free.

For multiple press messages, a single charge at the above rates will be made for the first addressee, and a copying fee of 4 annas per 100 words of fraction thereof will be charged for each addressee after the first, whether he is in the same town or not.

The main features of the revised tariff are the abolition or restriction of the present un-economical free address and the introduction of a 4-anna deferred telegram.

The concession to the senders of urgent and ordinary messages will be found in the additional words which can be put into the text of a message at the unit charge by the limitation of the words in the address—an advantage which will be especially appreciated by those who employ registered addresses, while the introduction of a 4-anna deferred telegram will bring the use of the telegraph within the reach of a far wider class than has hitherto enjoyed it.

The concession to the press is considerable, as the charge for a message will be greatly reduced, six words being sent for the charge now made for four, and multiple messages being delivered at any town for a copying fee only.

The revised tariff and the rules relating thereto will come into force on and from the 1st January 1904. They are published in Public Works Department Notification No. 442 Telegraphs, dated 2nd December 1903.

78. Free Delivery Limits.—Telegrams are delivered free of charge within five miles of a Telegraph Office.* Beyond this free delivery limit telegrams are sent by post without charge, or by such other means as the Sender may arrange and pay for (Rules 113 to 118). For telegrams to be delivered by boat (see Rule 83).

79. Persons to whom telegrams may be delivered.—A telegram taken to the Addressee's place of residence may be delivered either to the Addressee, or to any adult member of his family, or to any of his employés, lodgers or guests, or to the porter of the hotel or house, unless the Addressee has named in writing a special person, or the Sender has requested by writing on the form, in the space marked *Official Instructions*, the Special Instruction (*MP*)—see Rule 11 (d)—that the telegram may be delivered only into the hands of the Addressee himself. In this case the Office at destination writes the request in full upon the envelope and gives the necessary instructions to the messenger.

80. Open Delivery.—The Sender may also request that the telegram may be delivered open by writing on the form, in the space marked *Official Instructions*, the Special Instruction (*RO*)—see Rule 11 (d). This request is reproduced on the copy handed to the Addressee, which is delivered without an envelope, simply folded, with the Address written on the back.

81. Telegrams to be kept till called for.—When the telegram bears the Special Instruction *to be kept at the Telegraph Office till called for* (*TR*), it is delivered only to the Addressee himself or to a person duly appointed by him.

82. Delivery on ships.—Telegrams addressed to passengers of a vessel arriving at a port are delivered, if possible, before disembarkation.

83. Delivery by boat.—When an Inland telegram has to be delivered on board a ship which cannot be reached without a boat (i.e., when the ship is not alongside a wharf, pier or jetty) or at a place which cannot be reached without a boat, the Sender must prepay boat-hire, otherwise the telegram will be handed to the Post Office, by the terminal Telegraph Office, for delivery at the Sender's risk. The indication *Boat-hire paid* (*BPD*), or *Boat-hire paid double* (*BPDN*)—if the Sender wishes the telegram sent on board at night—should be entered on the form, in the space marked *Official Instructions*. Boat-hire prepaid, but not expended, will be refunded (see Rules 142 (f) and 144). The following are the fixed express charges for boat-hire for certain places in India to be prepaid by the Sender:—

Place.	Amount.	Place.	Amount.
	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Achipur	1 0	Bimlipatam when a double crew is considered necessary by Port Officer	3 0
Akyab	1 0	Bombay (vessel in harbour)	0 8
Alleppy	1 0	Budge-Budge	1 0
Amherst	5 0	Budge-Budge on telegrams for Fort Gloster (Boureaux)	0 1
Aranghata, E. B. (To places on right bank of River Churni and within Free delivery radius)	0 1	Calcutta	0 4
Bajrajogini †	0 8	Calicut	1 2
Balla Ratanganj	0 8	Calingapatam (ordinary days, 1st October to 31st March)	1 0
Bazitpur †	0 12	Calingapatam (Sundays and holidays, 1st October to 31st March)	2 10
Bassein (Burma)	0 6	Calingapatam (ordinary days, 1st April to 30th September)	1 8
Berhampore (Ganjam) (ordinary days, including cooly-hire)	1 3	Calingapatam (Sundays and holidays, 1st April to 30th September)	3 0
Bera (Pabna) †	0 8	Calingapatam—Catamaran	0 5
Bhagyakul †	0 12	Cannanore	1 12
Bhairab †	0 8	Chittagong	0 8
Bimlipatam between 4 A.M. and 8 P.M.	0 12	Cocanada	3 0
Bimlipatam between 8 P.M. and 4 A.M., provided boat leaves the shore after 8 P.M.	3 0	Cochin	2 0
Bimlipatam when surf or current flags hoisted	3 0	Dacca †	0 12
		Diamond Harbour	1 0
		Diamond Island	5 0
		Elephant Point (to vessels at Pilot Station)	15 0

* See footnote against Rule 4.

† Senders of telegrams to these places, who desire prompt delivery of their messages, should prepay boat-hire during the months July to October, when the greater part of Eastern Bengal is under water.

Place.	Amount.	Place.	Amount.
Elephant Point (to vessels in river 1 to 5 miles above Elephant Point).	2 0	Nakalia * {day ... 0 8	
Elephant Point (vessels abreast of Elephant Point) ...	0 8	Narayanganj ... {night ... 0 12	
Gopalpur (Ganjam):—		Narayanganj ... {day ... 0 4	
Ordinary days ...	1 0	Narayanganj ... {night ... 0 8	
Surf days ...	2 0	Negapatam ... 1 4	
Catamayan ...	0 5	Pamban ... 1 8	
Hooghly Point ...	1 0	Pondicherry (21st January to 9th October) ... 1 5	
Ichhapura * {day ... 0 8		Pondicherry (10th October to 20th January) ... 1 9	
{night ... 0 12		Quilon ... 0 12	
Jainshar * {day ... 0 8		Rangoon † ... 0 4	
{night ... 0 8		Ratnagiri ... 0 8	
Kalihati * {day ... 0 12		Sabhar * {day ... 0 8	
{night ... 0 12		{night ... 0 12	
Karachi ... 0 12		Sangor Island ... 1 0	
Karatiya {day ... 0 8		Shahzadpur * {day ... 0 8	
{night ... 0 12		(Pabna) ... {night ... 0 12	
Karikal:—		Shivalya * {day ... 0 8	
1st January to 31st May (day) ... 1 2		{night ... 0 12	
Ditto ditto (night) ... 2 4		Sonarang * {day ... 0 8	
1st June to 15th October (day) ... 1 4		{night ... 0 12	
Ditto ditto (night) ... 2 8		Srinagar (Bengal) * {day ... 0 8	
16th October to 31st December (day) ... 1 8		{night ... 0 12	
16th October to 31st December (night) ... 3 0		Subarnakhali * {day ... 0 8	
Karimganj * {day ... 0 12		{night ... 0 12	
{night ... 0 12		Taltola * {day ... 0 8	
Karwar ... 0 8		{night ... 0 12	
Kishorganj * {day ... 0 8		Tangail * {day ... 0 8	
{night ... 0 12		{night ... 0 12	
Kumta ... 2 0		Tavoy (vessels at sea):—	
Lohajang * {day ... 0 8		Day ... 5 0	
{night ... 0 12		Night ... 10 0	
Madanganj * {day ... 0 8		Tellicherry:—	
{night ... 0 12		Ordinary rates: 5 A.M. to 6 P.M. ... 1 8	
Madras ... 1 8		Ditto 6 P.M. to 5 A.M. ... 3 0	
Mangalore ... 1 12		Monsoon rates ... 3 0	
Masulipatam ... 1 0		Sundays and Government holidays ... 3 0	
Minhla ... 0 12		Trivandrum ... 1 8	
Mirkadam * {day ... 0 8		Tuticorin ... 2 0	
{night ... 0 12		Ullapara * {day ... 0 8	
Moulmein ... 0 6		{night ... 0 12	
Mud Point ... 1 0		Vengurla ... 1 0	
Munshiganj * {day ... 0 8		Vizagapatam ... 1 0	
{night ... 0 12		Ditto (Catamaran) ... 0 5	
Myingyan (15th October to 15th June) ... 1 0			

84. *Reply given to messenger.*—Save in the case of delivery by the ordinary post beyond the free delivery limit, the messenger who delivers a telegram may be entrusted with the Reply, provided he be not detained for this purpose more than five minutes. The fact of the Reply having been given to the messenger, and the amount paid to him, should be mentioned on the receipt given for the original telegram.

85. *Re-addressing.*—Should the Addressee of a telegram have left the place to which it is addressed, it will, if returned unopened with definite instructions as to the new Address, be retransmitted without extra charge. Similarly, it will be re-transmitted

* Senders of telegrams to these places, who desire prompt delivery of their messages, should prepay boat-hire during the months July to October, when the greater part of Eastern Bengal is under water.

† On telegrams addressed to residents in Dalla, the boat-hire is four annas by day and eight annas by night.

immediately on receipt to any new destination, if the Addressee has left written instructions at the Telegraph Office, or if his new Address is known.*

NOTE.—Inland telegrams are also retransmitted to Ceylon, if the Addressee has left for that country, but in that case the full charge for the telegram from India to Ceylon is collected from the Addressee.

86. *Undelivered telegrams.*—When a telegram cannot be delivered, the Office at destination sends a Service telegram to that effect and the Sender is informed, except in the case of—

(a) telegrams addressed To await arrival, *Télégraphe Restante*, *Poste Restante*, or *Care of Telegraph (or Post) Office*, and

(b) telegrams to places beyond the free delivery radius which have been duly posted and are subsequently returned as undelivered by the Post Office to the Telegraph Office which posted them.

87. When in consequence of an inexact or insufficient Address or of the Addressee's absence or refusal, bearing charges have not been paid at destination, the amount of these charges is mentioned in the Service telegram and the Sender is bound to make them good.

88. If the messenger finds no one at the Address given, who will consent to receive a telegram for the Addressee, a notice is left at the house, and the telegram is brought back to the Office to be delivered to the Addressee, when he claims it.

89. *Unclaimed telegrams.*—Telegrams unclaimed or not delivered are not kept after six weeks by the Office of destination.

90. *Directions about delivery.*—All directions, which persons leave at Telegraph Offices, regarding the delivery or re-transmission of their telegrams, should be renewed at intervals of at most six months.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(A) Prepaid Replies.

91. The Sender of a Private telegram, or of a State telegram addressed to a person other than a British Government Official, can prepay a reply, but the payment must be not less than eight annas or more than two rupees,† and must not contain any fraction of an anna. The Sender of a Reply-paid telegram should write the Special Instruction (*R P*) followed by the amount paid, thus, *R P*—on the form, in the space marked *Official Instructions* [see Rule 11 (d)]. These words are not charged for.

92. At destination the Telegraph Office delivers to the Addressee an Order or Pass, which entitles him to send free of charge from any Telegraph or Receiving Office in India, and within the value of the amount prepaid, a telegram to any destination in India. The telegram, if sent, must be accompanied by the Pass.

93. When the charge for a telegram paid for by a Pass exceeds the value of the Pass, the difference must be paid in cash or stamps (Rule 66). If, on the other hand, the value of the Pass exceeds that of the Reply, no refund of the difference will, under any circumstances, be given.‡

94. The Pass is available for only two months (date of issue included) after which it lapses. When the Addressee does not use the Pass, its value will be refunded to the Sender on production of the Pass should he apply, under Rule 142, clause (d), for the same, within the period prescribed by Rule 144.

95. If the Addressee refuses the telegram or the Pass, the Office of destination at once sends a telegram to that effect and the Sender is informed. This telegram takes the place of the Reply paid for.

96. Should it be impossible, from causes other than refusal (Rule 95), to effect delivery of a Reply-paid telegram, the Terminal Office sends a telegram to that effect to the Sender, and the amount deposited will be refunded on application [see Rules 142 (e) and 144].

97. When a telegram to which a Reply is prepaid is addressed to a place where there is no Telegraph Office, the telegram and Pass are forwarded to destination from the nearest Telegraph Office by ordinary post free of charge.

98. It is not compulsory on the Addressee to send a reply. The duty of the Terminal Office consists simply in the delivery of the Pass for the amount prepaid, and the Addressee is at liberty to do what he pleases with it.

* The free re-transmission of Private Multiple telegrams originally addressed to one office is restricted as follows. They will be re-addressed free if all the Addressees have gone to the same place. If only a part of the copies can be delivered at the first destination, the remainder will be re-addressed as *Bearing* telegrams, and the full charge collected from each Addressee. State Multiple telegrams will be re-addressed free without any restriction.

† The limit of Rs. 2 does not apply to Replies prepaid with the object of obtaining, under Rule 46, the repetition of a telegram previously transmitted.

‡ Under Rule 93, no refund will be given on a Pass which has been prepaid by another Pass, and not by cash.

99. The Sender of a State telegram addressed to a Government Official cannot prepay a reply. In the case of a State telegram addressed to other than a Government Official, any sum deposited by the Sender under Rule 91 must be intended for no other purpose than to cover the cost of a return telegram.

(B) Collated (or Repeated) Telegrams.

100. Collation consists in the entire telegram being repeated back immediately on its receipt by each Office concerned in its transmission.

101. The Sender of any telegram can require it to be collated to insure correctness. In this case he must write the instruction [T C, see Rule 11 (d)] in the space marked *Official Instructions*. This instruction is not charged for.

102. The charge for collation is equal to one-fourth the charge for the telegram. In calculating this charge, fractions of an anna are disregarded.

103. State telegrams written in figure or letter cipher are invariably collated free of charge (see Rule 40).

(C) Advice of Delivery.

104. The Sender of a telegram can require that a notice of the date and time at which his telegram is delivered to the Addressee shall be notified to him as soon as possible after its delivery. He should write on the form, in the space marked *Official Instructions*, the abbreviation (P C)—see Rule 11 (d). When the telegram is forwarded to its final destination by post, this notice mentions the date and time of its delivery to the Postal Service. This Advice of Delivery may be addressed to him at any place he may name.

105. The charge for an Advice of Delivery by telegraph is one rupee.

106. A Telegraphic Advice of Delivery ranks for transmission as an Ordinary Private telegram.

107. In the case of non-delivery, provided for in Rule 86, the Advice of Delivery is preceded by the Service Advice required by that Rule. The Advice of Delivery is sent later on, either after delivery of the telegram, if that has become possible, or after the lapse of 24 hours, if delivery has not been effected, and in the latter case it again intimates the cause of non-delivery.

108. An Advice of Delivery, when it reaches the Office of origin of the telegram, is notified to the Sender.

(D) Multiple Telegrams.

109. Addressed to one Telegraph Office.—Except as provided for in Rule 119, a telegram addressed, with or without transmission by post,* to several persons in one locality, or to the same person at several places of residence in one locality, is charged for as a single telegram; but a copying fee of four annas per 100 words, plus four annas for the excess, is charged for each destination after the first.

110. Addressed to more than one Telegraph Office.—A telegram addressed to several persons, or to the same person, in localities where delivery is to be effected by different Offices, is charged for as so many separate telegrams.

111. If the Sender wishes each copy of the telegram to bear only the Address of the person to whom it is to be delivered, he should write, in the space marked *Official Instructions*, the word—*Addressees*. If, on the other hand, he desires that each Addressee shall be made aware to what other persons the telegram has been addressed, he should write the words *Communicate all Addresses*. In the absence of such Special Instructions, it will be assumed that he wishes only one Address to appear on each copy. In either case these instructions are not charged for.

112. Replies cannot be prepaid on multiple telegrams.

(E) Telegrams for places where there are no Telegraph Offices.

113. Post or Express.—Telegrams addressed to places where there are no Telegraph Offices may be delivered at destination according to the request of the Sender either by Post or by Express.

114. The Address of telegrams to be conveyed beyond the telegraph lines should be written as follows:—

(a) John Doe, Esq., Shergotty, Post Gya.

(b) John Doe, Esq., Nynan, Express Hooghly Point.

The name of the terminal Telegraph Office is always entered last, as in the examples above.

115. Express charges must be prepaid by the Sender. If the charges are notified in the *Telegraph Guide*, the telegram bears before the Address the instruction *Express paid (X P)* only. If not, the Sender must pay such sum as he thinks sufficient, and the telegram must bear the special instruction *Express Rs. —, (X P—Rs.)*. If the sum deposited is found to be insufficient at the Terminal Office, the telegram is posted.

116. Postage.—No charge is made for postage on a telegram addressed to a place in India where there is no Telegraph Office, or to a place out of India to which Indian Inland

* Copies of a multiple telegram will only be delivered by post from the terminal Telegraph Office when addressed to places beyond the telegraph lines. Such copies cannot be posted to places where there is a Telegraph Office—See Rule 110. As regards multiple telegrams which have to be addressed to another Telegraph Office, see footnote against Rule 85.

Postal rates apply, e.g., Aden and Ceylon, but on telegrams to be posted to a place beyond the limits of the Indian Inland Postal Tariff, the following additional charges must be paid to cover postage and registration:—

(i) On a telegram to be posted to the United Kingdom or any British Possession which has joined the Penny Postal Union*—

one anna, if the message is to be posted unregistered, and three annas, if it is to be posted registered.

(ii) On a telegram to be posted to a country which has not joined the Penny Postal Union—

three annas, if the message is to be posted unregistered, and five annas if it is to be posted registered.

117. Inland telegrams posted from India to Ceylon.—Inland telegrams to be posted to Ceylon should be addressed to Tuticorin, from which place a daily mail boat leaves for Colombo.

Example—

Address—To Tuticorin,
J. Young,
Oriental Hotel, Colombo,
Post Tuticorin.

From Calcutta,
W. Collins.

Text—Start by first steamer.

The charge for such a telegram is the usual Inland rate according to class, and, as stated in Rule 116, there is no charge for postage.

118. Inland telegrams posted from Indian Ports.†—An Inland telegram telegraphed to an Indian port to be posted under Rule 116 to a place beyond Indian limits, must have the name of the port preceded by the words *Post or Post Registered*, according as the Sender wishes the message to be sent unregistered or registered, added to the address—

Example—

Class—(Deferred, Ordinary, or Urgent).

Address—To Bombay,

Mrs. Johnson,
20, Cambridge Terrace,
Hyde Park, London,
Post Bombay.

From Calcutta,
W. Johnson.

Text—Afraid my letter missed mail. Am quite well.

The charge for such a telegram would be the usual Inland rate, according to the class (urgent, ordinary or deferred at Sender's choice), plus one anna for postage under Rule 116. If the Sender desired the message to be registered before being posted, he would write "*Post registered Bombay*" in place of "*Post Bombay*" at the end of the Address, and the charge for postage and registration would then be three annas under Rule 116.

NOTE.—Telegrams to be forwarded by post registered, are received at the General Post Office, Bombay, up to within three hours of the time of sailing of the Homeward Mail. If not to be registered, they will be posted if received within 1½ hours of the time of sailing.

119. Telegrams as in the preceding rule may also be multiple (see Rule 109), but in such case the Sender must pay the copying fee for each additional Address, and also an additional fee for each for postage, or for postage and registration, as the case may be, according to the charges laid down in Rule 116. But such telegrams cannot be addressed partly to persons beyond the sea, and partly to persons at the port itself. If the Sender wants the telegram also delivered to a person at the port itself, he must send it as a separate telegram.

120. Employment of post.—In case of telegrams for destinations over five miles distant from the terminal Telegraph Office, that Office has the right to post such telegrams—

(a) in the absence of directions in the telegram as to the means of delivery to be employed, or

(b) when there is an unpaid claim against the Addressee for delivery charges on a previous telegram, which he has refused to pay.

Telegrams for destinations over five miles distant from the terminal Telegraph Office must be posted by that Office—

(a) when such has been the request expressly made by the Sender (Rule 113) or the Addressee (Rule 85), or

(b) when the Office has no more rapid means of delivery at disposal.

(F) Semaphoric Telegrams.

121. Semaphoric telegrams are telegrams exchanged with ships by means of semaphores established on shore.

* These British Possessions are named in Section XXIII, *Indian Telegraph Guide*, p. 264.

† For the purposes of calculating the postage rate according to Rule 118, Aden is considered an "Indian Port." The telegraph rates to Aden are given in Section VI, *Indian Telegraph Guide*, p. 75.

122. *Semaphore Stations.*—The following are the Government Telegraph Offices, which are Semaphore Stations:—

Achipur.	Diamond Island.	Mud Point.
Amherst.	Elephant Point.	Saugor Island.
Budge-Budge.	False Point Light-house.	
Diamond Harbour.	Hooghly Point.	

123. *Language.*—Semaphoric telegrams must be written in *English* or in the signals of the *Universal Commercial Code*. In the latter case they are considered as Cipher telegrams.

124. *Address.*—When a semaphoric telegram is for a ship at sea, the Address must contain, in addition to the ordinary direction, the name or official number of the vessel for which it is intended and its nationality.

125. *Preamble.*—The word *Semaphoric* should be written in the space marked *Official Instructions* on a telegram to be so signalled to a ship.

126. *Charges, &c.*—The charge for Semaphoric telegrams is the usual charge, plus a fixed fee of eight annas. In case of Semaphoric telegrams addressed to ships, the charges must be paid by the Sender; in case of such telegrams received from ships, the charges must be paid by the Addressee before delivery.

PRESS TELEGRAMS.

127. *Rates.*—The following are the rates charged for Press telegrams:—

	First 32 words or groups of five figures.	Every 4 addi- tional words or groups of five figures.	REMARKS.
	R. A.	R. A.	
Urgent	2 0	0 4	} Between any two Govern- ment Telegraph Offices in India and Burma.
Ordinary	1 0	0 2	
Deferred... ..	0 8	0 1	
No charge for the Address and Sender's name.			

128. *Conditions.*—A Press telegram to be accepted at Press rates must fulfil the following conditions:—

I.—It must be addressed to a newspaper, the name of which has been registered by the Director-General of Telegraphs. A list of such registered newspapers is published in the *Indian Telegraph Guide*.^{*} Applications for the registration of newspapers should be made on forms to be obtained at Government Telegraph Department Offices.

II.—It must be addressed to the newspaper in accordance with its registered title, and to the town at which the newspaper is registered as being printed and published.

III.—It must, except as provided hereafter in Condition V, contain only intelligence which is clearly intended for publication in the strict sense of the term, and must not contain commercial news of any kind.

IV.—It must be written in plain *English* so as to be intelligible to the transmitting Offices, and must contain nothing of concealed meaning either in Code language or Cipher.

V.—It may also be a telegram sent from or to the newspaper by its registered title (but not in the name of the editor, publisher, manager, or any other person), to or from its correspondents or employes on the subject of a telegram published or to be published, or to an Official of the Government Telegraph Department on matters of Press business.

VI.—If a Press telegram be addressed to the editor, publisher, manager, or any other person connected with the newspaper by name or designation, it is chargeable at the full Inland rates (see Condition II).

VII.—Whenever demanded, a copy of every newspaper in which a Press telegram is published must be furnished to the Telegraph Office from which that Press telegram was delivered.

VIII.—A single Press telegram must not exceed 256 words (8 units of charge). Long news messages must be broken up into separate telegrams, all of which must be numbered and each of which, except the last, must contain the words *More to follow*. These words and the numbers should be written by the Sender in the space left in the telegram for *Official Instructions*, and they will not be charged for.

Example.—A long news message of 1,000 words would require at least four telegrams numbered, in the space set apart for *Official Instructions*, 1, 2, 3, and 4, and Nos. 1, 2, and 3 would also bear the words *More to follow* in the *Official Instructions*.

^{*} See Section XX.

[†] Such telegrams should invariably be addressed to the *Director, Traffic Branch*.

129. *Stops.*—In Press telegrams, where the sense so often depends upon the punctuation, especially in the case of long messages, full-stops will be signalled free of charge, but this privilege will not be extended to other signs of punctuation.

130. The Press telegram rates apply only to telegrams which satisfy all the conditions of Rule 128, and any subsequent claim made by the Government Telegraph Department for the difference between Press and full Inland rates must be satisfied immediately on demand.

131. *Bearing Press telegrams.*—Press telegrams may be accepted Bearing from correspondents, provided that any newspaper, which may desire the facility, obtains previous special sanction from the Director-General of Telegraphs.^{*}

132. *Railway Office.*—Except in the case of such Railway Administrations as may be willing to accept Press messages for transmission, the Press Telegram Rules do not apply to Railway Telegraph Offices. Press messages cannot be transferred from one telegraph system to another (see Rule 8).

133. *Delivery.*—Press telegrams of all classes, Urgent, Ordinary or Deferred, are sent out for delivery as soon as received, by day or by night.

RECORDS.

134. *Period of preservation.*—The originals and copies of telegrams are kept for three days only in Government Telegraph Offices, after which time they are sent to the Check Office, Government Telegraph Department, Calcutta, where they are preserved for four months from the month following that in which the telegram was deposited, and then destroyed.

135. *Secrecy.*—The originals or copies of telegrams can only be communicated to the Sender or to the Addressee after proof of identity, or to the authorised representative of either of them.

136. *Copies.*—The Sender or the Addressee of a telegram, or the authorised representative of either, or any or all of them have a right to be furnished with a certified copy of the original telegram or of the copy delivered at destination, on application to the Telegraph Office within three days, or to the Superintendent, Check Office, Government Telegraph Department, Calcutta, within the period of preservation (see Rule 134). This right lapses after the expiration of the time fixed for preserving the records.

137. A fixed charge of four annas is made for every copy delivered in conformity with Rule 136, if the telegram does not exceed 100 words. Over 100 words, this charge is increased by four annas for each 100, or fraction of 100, words.

138. Copies cannot be supplied unless the Senders, the Addressees, or their authorised representatives furnish the necessary information to enable the telegrams, to which their requests refer, to be found.

139. *Extended preservation.*—On the ground of pending or contemplated judicial proceedings, application may be made by an interested party, to the Superintendent, Check Office, Government Telegraph Department, Calcutta, for the preservation of specified telegrams exchanged between other persons. Such application must be made within the period of preservation, and such telegrams will then be preserved for a period of four months beyond the ordinary date for destruction under Rule 134; at the expiration of this further period, they will, in default of a renewed application, be destroyed. It must be understood that the duty of the Telegraph Department in the matter is confined to making the search and preserving the telegrams, if found. No information as to the result of the search will be furnished, and any telegrams answering the description given, which may be found, will be produced only on the order of a competent Court of Law or other competent Authority.

140. *Fees for searching for telegrams.*—Should the particulars furnished be insufficient to enable the Check Office at once to trace the telegrams applied for under either Rule 138 or Rule 139, the cost of searching for them must be deposited by the applicant. A fee of one rupee is charged for searching through the telegrams of any Telegraph Office for one day: thus, if it be required to examine the telegrams of two Telegraph Offices over a period of five days, the searching fee will be ten rupees.

REFUNDS.

141. *State Telegrams.*—No refunds will, under any circumstances, be made for a State telegram of any class, except in the case of overcharge provided for in Rule 145.

142. *Private telegrams.*—Refunds of the following charges on Private telegrams are made, on application, to those who originally paid them:

(a) The full cost of every telegram which, through the fault of the Telegraph service, has failed to reach its destination.

^{*} Applications for such sanction should invariably be addressed to the *Director, Traffic Branch*.

- (b) The full cost of every *Urgent* or *Ordinary* telegram which has been subjected to serious delay through the fault of the Telegraph service.
- (c) The full cost of every Collated telegram (Rule 101) which, owing to errors made in transmission, has manifestly failed to accomplish its object, unless the errors have been rectified by paid Service Advices under Rule 46.

NOTE.—No refund is granted for errors made in the transmission of uncollated telegrams.

- (d) The full amount of every sum deposited in advance with the object of obtaining a reply (Rule 91) when the Addressee has not made use of the Pass (Rule 94).
- (e) The full amount of the sum deposited for a reply to a telegram which, from causes other than refusal, has not been delivered (Rule 96). The Sender should forward with his application for refund—see Rule 144—the receipt for the original telegram, and the report of non-delivery received by him.
- (f) Express charges and Boat-hire prepaid, but not expended.
- (g) The full cost of all paid Service Advices sent under Rules 46 and 47, if the repetition shows that the word or words repeated were transmitted incorrectly at first.*

When the word or words of which the repetition is requested are written in a doubtful manner by the Sender, the Office of origin adds to the repetition a note "writing doubtful." In this case no refund is made.

- (h) The value of excess stamps affixed by the Sender (Rule 73).
- (i) The value of the stamps affixed to a telegram cancelled before transmission, less fee of four annas (Rule 76).

143. No refund is made for the telegram which has given occasion to a request for correction, nor are any refunds made for rectifying or completing telegrams exchanged direct between the Sender and Addressee (see Rule 47).

144. (1) Every application for refund,* and every complaint respecting telegrams, shall be addressed to the Superintendent, Check Office, Government Telegraph Department, Calcutta.

(2) Every application for refund shall be made within two months from the date of the telegram, and shall be accompanied by documentary evidence, namely:

- (a) In case of non-delivery or of delay, by a written statement from the terminal Office, or from the addressee, and
- (b) In case of alteration or omission, by the copy of the telegram delivered to the addressee.

145. *State and Private*.—When no doubt exists as to an overcharge having been made on an Inland State or Private telegram by the mistake of an official at any Telegraph Office, the overcharge is to be at once refunded by such Office (Rule 73).

Charges for Telegrams to Europe.

NOTE.—The charges given below are from Offices in India. For charges from Offices in Burma, add two annas a word in all cases except *via* Bhamo, in which case deduct two annas a word.

To	Via	PER WORD.	
		From India.	From Burma.
		RS. A.	RS. A.
ALL COUNTRIES in Europe except Russia and Turkey.†	Turkey.....	1 11	1 11
Do. do.	Teheran† or Suez.....	1 14	1 14
RUSSIA, including Caucasus....	Teheran.....	1 8	1 8
Do. do.	Suez.....	1 14	1 14
Do. do.	Turkey—Odessa.....	2 1	2 1
Do. do.	Turkey.....	1 15	1 15
TURKEY†	Fao.....	1 7	1 7
Do.	Suez.....	1 14	1 14
Do.	Teheran—Batoum.....	2 2	2 2
Do.	Teheran—Odessa.....	2 0	2 0
Do.	Teheran—Roumania.....	1 14	1 14

* Refunds due on Repetition messages are made at the following Central Telegraph Offices, Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Madras, and Rangoon under special local rules which can be ascertained on application to the above offices.

† Private telegrams in secret language for the Austrian Province of Dalmatia, for Bosnia-Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Eastern Roumelia, Montenegro, Serbia and Turkey cannot be accepted. Telegrams for Spain in code or cipher can only be accepted at the sender's risk.

‡ Telegrams in which route is marked "*via* Indo" should be altered "*via* Teheran."

Table of Charges for Foreign Telegrams from INDIA or BURMA to EUROPE (excepting Russia and Turkey) *via* Suez or Teheran.

Words.	Charges.	Words.	Charges.	Words.	Charges.	Words.	Charges.
	RS. A.		RS. A.		RS. A.		RS. A.
1 ...	1 14	26 ...	48 12	51 ...	95 10	76 ...	142 8
2 ...	3 12	27 ...	50 10	52 ...	97 8	77 ...	144 6
3 ...	5 10	28 ...	52 8	53 ...	99 6	78 ...	146 4
4 ...	7 8	29 ...	54 6	54 ...	101 4	79 ...	148 2
5 ...	9 6	30 ...	56 4	55 ...	103 2	80 ...	150 0
6 ...	11 4	31 ...	58 2	56 ...	105 0	81 ...	151 14
7 ...	13 2	32 ...	60 0	57 ...	106 14	82 ...	153 12
8 ...	15 0	33 ...	61 14	58 ...	108 12	83 ...	155 10
9 ...	16 14	34 ...	63 12	59 ...	110 10	84 ...	157 8
10 ...	18 12	35 ...	65 10	60 ...	112 8	85 ...	159 6
11 ...	20 10	36 ...	67 8	61 ...	114 6	86 ...	161 4
12 ...	22 8	37 ...	69 6	62 ...	116 4	87 ...	163 2
13 ...	24 6	38 ...	71 4	63 ...	118 2	88 ...	165 0
14 ...	26 4	39 ...	73 2	64 ...	120 0	89 ...	166 14
15 ...	28 2	40 ...	75 0	65 ...	121 14	90 ...	168 12
16 ...	30 0	41 ...	76 14	66 ...	123 12	91 ...	170 10
17 ...	31 14	42 ...	78 12	67 ...	125 10	92 ...	172 8
18 ...	33 12	43 ...	80 10	68 ...	127 1	93 ...	174 6
19 ...	35 10	44 ...	82 8	69 ...	129 6	94 ...	176 4
20 ...	37 8	45 ...	84 6	70 ...	131 4	95 ...	178 2
21 ...	39 6	46 ...	86 4	71 ...	133 2	96 ...	180 0
22 ...	41 4	47 ...	88 2	72 ...	135 0	97 ...	181 14
23 ...	43 2	48 ...	90 0	73 ...	136 14	98 ...	183 12
24 ...	45 0	49 ...	91 14	74 ...	138 12	99 ...	185 10
25 ...	46 14	50 ...	93 12	75 ...	140 10	100 ...	187 8

STAMP DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE—BEACH.

J. Twigg, Esq., I.C.S., Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery.
Dewan Bahadur V. Rajagopalachariar, Avergal, B.A., B.L., Assistant Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery.
K. Ramalingiah, Head Accountant, Stamp Office.
Mr. A. J. Nicholas, Sub. *pro tem.* Manager, Stationery Office.

STAMPING PRIVATE DOCUMENTS AND SALE OF COURT-FEE STAMPED PAPERS EXCEEDING RS. 50 IN VALUE.

Cash for stamping private documents and for the purchase of Court-fee stamped papers will be received at the General Stamp Office, Madras, between the hours noted below:—

- (1) On Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. } From 11 A.M. to 2 P.M. and 2-30 to 4 P.M.
- (2) On Saturdays (except the last Saturday of the month), and on the last working day of the month. } 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.
- Note.—Should the last working day of the month immediately precede the last Saturday. } 11 A.M. to 2 P.M. and 2-30 P.M. to 4 P.M.
- (3) Cash will not be received on the last Saturday of the month unless the following Monday is a gazetted holiday, in which case cash will be received on the last Saturday. } From 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

GENERAL STAMP OFFICE, MADRAS, 1903.

J. TWIGG,
Superintendent of Stamps.

Of the Liability of Instruments to Duty.

Subject to the provisions of this Act and the exemptions contained in Schedule I, the following instruments shall be chargeable with duty of the amount indicated in that schedule as the proper duty therefor respectively, that is to say—

- (a) every instrument mentioned in that schedule which, not having been previously executed by any person, is executed in British India on or after the first day of July 1899;
- (b) every bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note drawn or made out of British India on or after that day and accepted or paid, or presented for acceptance or payment, or endorsed, transferred or otherwise negotiated, in British India; and
- (c) every instrument (other than a bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note) mentioned in that schedule, which, not having been previously executed by any person, is executed out of British India on or after that day, relates to any property situate, or to any matter or thing done or to be done in British India and is received in British India.

SCHEDULE I.

STAMP-DUTY ON INSTRUMENTS.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
1. ACKNOWLEDGMENT of a debt exceeding twenty rupees in amount or value, written or signed by, or on behalf of, a debtor in order to supply evidence of such debt in any book (other than a banker's pass-book) or on a separate piece of paper, when such book or paper is left in the creditor's possession: provided that such acknowledgment does not contain any promise to pay the debt or any stipulation to pay interest or to deliver any goods or other property.	One anna.
2. ADMINISTRATION BOND, including a bond given under section 256 of the Indian Succession Act, 1865, section 6 of the Government Savings Banks Act, 1873, section 78 of the Probate and Administration Act, 1881, or section 9 or section 10 of the Succession Certificate Act, 1889.	X of 1865. V of 1873. V of 1891. VII of 1889.
(a) where the amount does not exceed Rs. 1,000	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for such amount.
(b) in any other case	Five rupees.
3. ADOPTION-DEED, that is to say, any instrument (other than a will) recording an adoption or conferring or purporting to confer an authority to adopt.	Ten rupees.
ADVOCATE. See ENTRY AS AN ADVOCATE (No. 30).	
4. AFFIDAVIT, including an affirmation or declaration in the case of persons by law allowed to affirm or declare instead of swearing.	One rupee.
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
Affidavit or declaration in writing when made—	
(a) as a condition of enlistment under the Indian Articles of War;	
(b) for the immediate purpose of being filed or used in any Court or before the officer of any court; or	V of 1869.
(c) for the sole purpose of enabling any person to receive any pension or charitable allowance.	
5. AGREEMENT OR MEMORANDUM OF AN AGREEMENT	
(a) if relating to the sale of a Government security, or share in an incorporated company or other body corporate, or a bill of exchange;	One anna.
(b) if not otherwise provided for	Eight annas.
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
Agreement or memorandum of agreement—	
(a) for or relating to the sale of goods or merchandise exclusively, not being a NOTE OR MEMORANDUM chargeable under No. 43;	

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
5. AGREEMENT OR MEMORANDUM, &c.—concl'd.	
(b) made in the form of tenders to the Government of India for or relating to any loan;	
(c) made under the European Vagrancy Act, 1874, section 17.	IX of 1874.
AGREEMENT TO LEASE. See LEASE (No. 35).	
6. AGREEMENT by way of EQUITABLE MORTGAGE, that is to say, any instrument evidencing an agreement to secure the repayment of a loan made upon the deposit of title-deeds or other valuable security, or upon the hypothecation of moveable property—	
(a) when such loan is repayable more than three months, but not more than one year, from the date of such instrument.	The same duty as a Bill of Exchange [No. 13 (b)] for the amount secured.
(b) when such loan is repayable not more than three months from the date of such instrument.	Half the duty payable on a Bill of Exchange [No. 13 (b)] for the amount secured.
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
See Exemptions under MORTGAGE-DEED (No. 40).	
7. APPOINTMENT IN EXECUTION OF A POWER, whether of trustees or of property, moveable, or immovable, where made by any writing not being a Will.	Fifteen rupees.
8. APPRAISEMENT OR VALUATION made otherwise than under an order of the Court in the course of a suit—	
(a) where the amount does not exceed Rs. 1,000	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for such amount.
(b) in any other case	Five rupees.
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
(a) Appraisal or valuation made for the information of one party only, and not being in any manner obligatory between parties either by agreement or operation of law.	
(b) Appraisal of crops for the purpose of ascertaining the amount to be given to a landlord as rent.	
9. APPRENTICESHIP-DEED, including every writing relating to the service or tuition of any apprentice, clerk or servant, placed with any master to learn any profession, trade or employment, not being ARTICLES OF CLERKSHIP (No. 11).	Five rupees.
<i>Exemption.</i>	
Instruments of apprenticeship executed by a Magistrate under the Apprentices Act, 1850, or by which a person is apprenticed by or at the charge of any public charity.	XIX of 1850.
10. ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF A COMPANY	Twenty-five rupees.
<i>Exemption.</i>	
Articles of any Association not formed for profit and registered under section 26 of the Indian Companies Act, 1882.	VI of 1882.
See also MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF A COMPANY (No. 39).	
11. ARTICLES OF CLERKSHIP or contract whereby any person first becomes bound to serve as a clerk in order to his admission as an attorney in any High Court.	Two hundred and fifty rupees.
ASSIGNMENT. See CONVEYANCE (No. 23), TRANSFER (No. 62) and TRANSFER OF LEASE (No. 63), as the case may be.	
ATTORNEY. See ENTRY AS AN ATTORNEY (No. 30) and POWER OF ATTORNEY (No. 48).	
AUTHORITY TO ADOPT. See ADOPTION-DEED (No. 3).	

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
12. AWARD, that is to say, any decision in writing by an arbitrator or umpire, not being an award directing a partition, on a reference made otherwise than by an order of the Court in the course of a suit—	
(a) Where the amount or value of the property to which the award relates as set forth in such award does not exceed Rs. 1,000.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for such amount.
(b) in any other case	Five rupees.

Exemption.

Award under the Bombay District Municipal Act, 1873, section 81, or the Bombay Hereditary Offices Act, 1874, section 18. Bom. Act VI of 1873. Bom. Act III of 1874.

13. BILL OF EXCHANGE [as defined by s. 2 (2) & (3)], not being a bond, bank-note or currency-note—

(a) where payable on demand ... One anna.

	If drawn singly.	If drawn in set of two, for each part of the set.	If drawn in set of three, for each part of the set.
(b) Where payable otherwise than on demand, but not more than one year after date or sight—	RS.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.

if the amount of the bill or note does not exceed...	200	0 2 0	0 1 0	0 1 0
if it exceeds Rs. 200 and does not exceed ...	400	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 2 0
600	600	0 6 0	0 3 0	0 2 0
1,000	1,000	0 10 0	0 5 0	0 4 0
1,200	1,200	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 4 0
1,600	1,600	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0
2,500	2,500	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 8 0
5,000	5,000	3 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0
7,500	7,500	4 8 0	2 4 0	1 8 0
10,000	10,000	6 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0
15,000	15,000	9 0 0	4 8 0	3 0 0
20,000	20,000	12 0 0	6 0 0	4 0 0
25,000	25,000	15 0 0	7 8 0	5 0 0
30,000	30,000	18 0 0	9 0 0	6 0 0
and for every additional Rupees 10,000 or part thereof in excess of Rupees 30,000		6 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0
(c) Where payable at more than one year after date or sight—		The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the same amount.		

14. BILL OF LADING (including a through bill of lading) ... Four annas.
N.B.—If a bill of lading is drawn in parts, the proper stamp therefor must be borne by each one of the set.

Exemptions.

(a) Bill of lading when the goods therein described are received at a place within the limits of any port as defined under the Indian Ports Act, 1889, and are to be delivered at another place within the limits of the same port.

(b) Bill of lading when executed out of British India and relating to property to be delivered in British India.

15. BOND [as defined by section 2 (5)] not being a DEBENTURE (No. 27) and not being otherwise provided for by this Act or by the Court-fees Act 1870,—

Where the amount or value secured does not exceed Rs. 10 ... Two annas.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
15. BOND—concl'd.	
Where it exceeds Rs. 10 and does not exceed Rs. 50 ...	Four annas.
Do. 50 do. 100 ...	Eight annas.
Do. 100 do. 200 ...	One rupee.
Do. 200 do. 300 ...	One rupee eight annas.
Do. 300 do. 400 ...	Two rupees.
Do. 400 do. 500 ...	Two rupees eight annas.
Do. 500 do. 600 ...	Three rupees.
Do. 600 do. 700 ...	Three rupees eight annas.
Do. 700 do. 800 ...	Four rupees.
Do. 800 do. 900 ...	Four rupees eight annas.
Do. 900 do. 1,000 ...	Five rupees.
and for every Rs. 500 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 1,000	Two rupees eight annas.

See ADMINISTRATION BOND (No. 2), BOTTOMRY BOND (No. 16), CUSTOMS BOND (No. 26), INDEMNITY BOND (No. 34), RESPONDENTIA BOND (No. 56), SECURITY BOND (No. 57).

Exemptions.

Bond, when executed by—

(a) headmen nominated under rules framed in accordance with the Bengal Irrigation Beng. Act, 1876, section 99, for the due performance of their duties under that Act;

(b) any person for the purpose of guaranteeing that the local income derived from private subscriptions to a charitable dispensary or hospital or any other object of public utility shall not be less than a specified sum per mensem.

16. BOTTOMRY BOND, that is to say, any instrument whereby the master of a sea-going ship borrows money on the security of the ship to enable him to preserve the ship or prosecute her voyage. The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the same amount.

17. CANCELLATION—Instrument of (including any instrument by which any instrument previously executed is cancelled), if attested and not otherwise provided for. Five rupees.

See also RELEASE (No. 55), REVOCATION OF SETTLEMENT (No. 58-B), SURRENDER OF LEASE (No. 61), REVOCATION OF TRUST (No. 64-B).

18. CERTIFICATE OF SALE (in respect of each property put up as a separate lot and sold) granted to the purchaser of any property sold by public auction by a Civil or Revenue Court, or Collector or other Revenue-officer—

(a) where the purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 10 ... Two annas.

(b) where the purchase-money exceeds Rs. 10 but does not exceed Rs. 25 ... Four annas.

(c) in any other case ... The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the amount of the purchase-money only.

19. CERTIFICATE OR OTHER DOCUMENT evidencing the right or title of the holder thereof, or any other person either to any shares, scrip or stock in or of any incorporated company or other body corporate, or to become proprietor of shares, scrip or stock in or of any such company or body.

See also LETTER OF ALLOTMENT OF SHARES (No. 36).

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
20. CHARTER PARTY, that is to say, any instrument (except an agreement for the hire of a tug-steamer) whereby a vessel or some specified principal part thereof is let for the specified purpose of the charterer, whether it includes a penalty clause or not.	One rupee.
21. CHEQUE [as defined by section 2 (7)]	One anna.
22. COMPOSITION DEED, that is to say, any instrument executed by a debtor whereby he conveys his property for the benefit of his creditors, or whereby payment of a composition or dividend on their debts is secured to the creditors, or whereby provision is made for the continuance of the debtor's business, under the supervision of inspectors or under letters of license, for the benefit of his creditors.	Ten rupees.
23. CONVEYANCE [as defined by section 2 (10)], not being a TRANSFER charged or exempted under No. 62,— where the amount or value of the consideration for such conveyance as set forth therein does not exceed Rs. 50. where it exceeds Rs. 50 but does not exceed Rs. 100 ... Do. 100 do. 200 ... Do. 200 do. 300 ... Do. 300 do. 400 ... Do. 400 do. 500 ... Do. 500 do. 600 ... Do. 600 do. 700 ... Do. 700 do. 800 ... Do. 800 do. 900 ... Do. 900 do. 1,000 ... and for every Rs. 500 or part thereof in excess of 1,000 ...	Eight annas. One rupee, Two rupees, Three " Four " Five " Six " Seven " Eight " Nine " Ten " Five "
<i>Exemption.</i> Assignment of copyright by entry made under the Indian Copyright Act, 1847, section 5. XX of 1847.	
CO-PARTNERSHIP DEED.—See PARTNERSHIP (No. 46).	
24. COPY OR EXTRACT, certified to be a true copy or extract, by or by order of any public officer and not chargeable under the law for the time being in force relating to court-fees— (i) if the original was not chargeable with duty or if the duty with which it was chargeable does not exceed one rupee. (ii) in any other case	Eight annas. One rupee.
<i>Exemptions.</i> (a) Copy of any paper which a public officer is expressly required by law to make or furnish for record in any public office or for any public purpose. (b) Copies of entries— (i) in the certified copies of registers, granted under the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886, section 8; (ii) in register books, granted by any Registrar of Births and Deaths under the said Act, section 25, or (iii) in registers and records, granted under the said Act, section 35, when applied for by a soldier, sailor, non-commissioned officer, or petty officer. (c) copies of or extracts from baptismal, marriage or burial registers certified by Government Chaplains, subsidised or unsubsidised Clergymen, and Diocesan or Marriage Registrars, and granted to soldiers, sailors or non-commissioned or petty officers.	
25. COUNTERPART OR DUPLICATE of any instrument chargeable with duty, and in respect of which the proper duty has been paid.	

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
25. COUNTERPART OR DUPLICATE— <i>concl'd.</i> (a) if the duty with which the original instrument is chargeable does not exceed one rupee. (b) in any other case	The same duty as is payable on the original. One rupee.
<i>Exemption.</i> Counterpart of any lease granted to a cultivator when such lease is exempted from duty.	
26. CUSTOMS BOND— (a) where the amount does not exceed Rs. 1,000... (b) in any other case	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for such amount. Five rupees.
27. DEBENTURE (whether a mortgage debenture or not), being a marketable security transferable by delivery, or by endorsement or by separate instrument of transfer. <i>Explanation.</i> —The term Debenture includes any interest coupons attached thereto, but the amount of such coupons shall not be included in estimating the duty. <i>Exemption.</i> A debenture issued by an incorporated company or other body corporate in terms of a registered mortgage-deed, duly stamped in respect of the full amount of debentures to be used thereunder, whereby the company or body borrowing makes over, in whole or in part, their property to trustees for the benefit of the debenture-holders: Provided that the debentures so issued are expressed to be issued in terms of the said mortgage-deed. <i>See also</i> Bond (No. 15); and SECTIONS 8 and 55.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the same amount.
DECLARATION OF ANY TRUST.—See TRUST (No. 64).	
28. DELIVERY ORDER IN RESPECT OF GOODS, that is to say, any instrument entitling any person therein named, or his assigns, or the holder thereof, to the delivery of any goods lying in any dock or port, or in any warehouse in which goods are stored or deposited on rent or hire, or upon any wharf, such instrument being signed by or on behalf of the owner of such goods, upon the sale or transfer of the property therein, when such goods exceed in value twenty rupees.	One anna.
DEPOSIT OF TITLE-DEEDS.—See AGREEMENT by way of equitable mortgage (No. 6).	
DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—See PARTNERSHIP (No. 46).	
29. DIVORCE—Instrument of, that is to say, any instrument by which any person effects the dissolution of his marriage.	One rupee.
DOWER—Instrument of. See SETTLEMENT (No. 58).	
DUPLICATE.—See COUNTERPART (No. 25).	
30. ENTRY AS AN ADVOCATE, VAKIL, OR ATTORNEY ON THE ROLL OF ANY HIGH COURT in exercise of powers conferred on such Court by Letters Patent or by the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1884. (a) in the case of an Advocate or Vakil (b) in the case of an Attorney	IX of 1884. Five hundred rupees. Two hundred and fifty rupees.
<i>Exemption.</i> Entry of an Advocate, Vakil or Attorney on the roll of any High Court when he has previously been enrolled in a High Court.	
EQUITABLE MORTGAGE.—See AGREEMENT by way of equitable mortgage (No. 6).	

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
31. EXCHANGE OF PROPERTY—Instrument of.	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the value of the property of greatest value as set forth in such instrument.
EXTRACT.— <i>See</i> CORR (No. 24).	
32. FURTHER CHARGE—Instrument of, that is to say, any instrument imposing a further charge on mortgaged property—	
(a) when the original mortgage is one of the description referred to in clause (a) of Article No. 40, (that is, with possession);	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the amount of the further charge secured by such instrument.
(b) When such mortgage is one of the description referred to in clause (b) of Article No. 40, (that is, without possession)—	
(i) if at the time of execution of the instrument of further charge possession of the property is given or agreed to be given under such instrument.	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the total amount of the charge (including the original mortgage and any further charge already made) less the duty already paid on such original mortgage and further charge.
(ii) if possession is not so given.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the amount of the further charge secured by such instrument.
33. GIFT—Instrument of, not being a SETTLEMENT (No. 58) or WILL OR TRANSFER (No. 62).	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the value of the property as set forth in such instrument.
HIRING AGREEMENT or agreement for service.— <i>See</i> AGREEMENT (No. 6).	
34. INDEMNITY-BOND	The same duty as a Security Bond (No. 57) for the same amount.
INSPECTORSHIP-DEED.— <i>See</i> COMPOSITION DEED (No. 22).	
INSURANCE.— <i>See</i> POLICY OF INSURANCE (No. 47).	
35. LEASE, including an under-lease or sub-lease, and any agreement to let or sublet.	
(a) where by such lease the rent is fixed and no premium is paid or delivered—	
(i) where the lease purports to be for a term of less than one year;	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the whole amount payable or deliverable under such lease.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
35. LEASE— <i>contd.</i>	
(ii) where the lease purports to be for a term of not less than one year but not more than three years,	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the amount or value of the average annual rent reserved;
(iii) where the lease purports to be for a term in excess of three years,	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of the average annual rent reserved;
(iv) where the lease does not purport to be for any definite term,	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of the average annual rent which would be paid or delivered for the first ten years if the lease continued so long;
(v) where the lease purports to be in perpetuity,	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to one-fifth of the whole amount of rents which would be paid or delivered in respect of the first fifty years of the lease;
(b) where the lease is granted for a fine or premium, or for money advanced and where no rent is reserved,	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of such fine or premium or advance as set forth in the lease;
(c) where the lease is granted for a fine or premium or for money advanced in addition to rent reserved,	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of such fine or premium or advance as set forth in the lease, in addition to the duty which would have been payable on such lease if no fine or premium or advance had been paid or delivered;

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
35. LEASE— <i>concl'd.</i>	Provided that, in any case when an agreement to lease is stamped with the <i>ad valorem</i> stamp required for a lease, and a lease in pursuance of such agreement is subsequently executed, the duty on such lease shall not exceed eight annas.
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
(a) Lease, executed in the case of a cultivator and for the purposes of cultivation (including a lease of trees for the production of food or drink) without the payment or delivery of any fine or premium, when a definite term is expressed and such term does not exceed one year, or when the average annual rent reserved does not exceed one hundred rupees.	
(b) Leases of fisheries granted under the Burma Fisheries Act, 1875, or the Upper Burma Land and Revenue Regulation, 1839.	VII of 1875. II of 1839.
36. LETTER OF ALLOTMENT OF SHARES in any Company or proposed Company, or in respect of any loan to be raised by any Company or proposed Company. <i>See also</i> CERTIFICATE OR OTHER DOCUMENT (No. 19).	One anna.
37. LETTER OF CREDIT, that is to say, any instrument by which one person authorizes another to give credit to the person in whose favour it is drawn. LETTER OF GUARANTEE.— <i>See</i> AGREEMENT (No. 5).	One anna.
38. LETTER OF LICENSE, that is to say, any agreement between a debtor and his creditors that the latter shall, for a specified time, suspend their claims and allow the debtor to carry on business at his own discretion.	Ten rupees.
39. MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF A COMPANY— (a) If accompanied by Articles of Association under section 37 of the Indian Companies Act 1882. (b) If not so accompanied	Fifteen rupees. VI of 1882. Forty rupees.
<i>Exemption.</i>	
Memorandum of any Association not formed for profit and registered under section 26 of the Indian Companies Act, 1882.	VI of 1882.
40. MORTGAGE-DEED, not being an AGREEMENT TO MORTGAGE (No. 6), BOTTOMRY BOND (No. 16), MORTGAGE OF A CROP (No. 41), RESPONDENTIA BOND (No. 56), or SECURITY BOND (No. 57)— (a) when possession of the property or any part of the property comprised in such deed is given by the mortgagor or agreed to be given, (b) when at the time of execution possession is not given or agreed to be given as aforesaid,	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the amount secured by such deed; The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the amount secured by such deed.

Description of Instruments.	Proper Stamp-duty.
40. MORTGAGE-DEED— <i>concl'd.</i> <i>Explanation.</i> —A mortgagor who gives to the mortgagee a power-of-attorney to collect rents or a lease of the property mortgaged or part thereof, is deemed to give possession within the meaning of this article. (c) when a collateral or auxiliary or additional or substituted security, or by way of further assurance for the above-mentioned purpose where the principal or primary security is duly stamped— for every sum secured not exceeding Rs. 1,000, and for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof secured in excess of Rs. 1,000,	Eight annas, Eight annas.
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
(1) Instruments, executed by persons taking advances under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, or the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884, or by their sureties as security for the repayment of such advances. (2) Letter of hypothecation accompanying a bill of exchange. (3) Instrument of pledge or pawn of goods if unattested.	XIX of 1883; XII of 1884.
41. MORTGAGE OF A CROP, including any instrument evidencing an agreement to secure the repayment of a loan made upon any mortgage of a crop, whether the crop is or is not in existence at the time of the mortgage— (a) When the loan is repayable not more than three months from the date of the instrument— for every sum secured not exceeding Rs. 200, and for every Rs. 200 or part thereof secured in excess of Rs. 200, (b) when the loan is repayable more than three months, but not more than one year, from the date of the instrument— for every sum secured not exceeding Rs. 100, and for every Rs. 100 or part thereof secured in excess of Rs. 100,	One anna, One anna. Four annas, Four annas.
42. NOTARIAL ACT, that is to say, any instrument, endorsement, note, attestation, certificate or entry not being a PROTEST (No. 50) made or signed by a Notary Public in the execution of the duties of his office or by any other person lawfully acting as a Notary Public. <i>See also</i> PROTEST OF BILL OR NOTE (No. 50).	One rupee.
43. NOTE OR MEMORANDUM sent by a Broker or Agent to his principal intimating the purchase or sale on account of such principal of any goods, stock or marketable security exceeding in value twenty rupees.	One anna.
44. NOTE OF PROTEST BY THE MASTER OF A SHIP <i>See also</i> PROTEST BY THE MASTER OF A SHIP (No. 51): ORDER FOR THE PAYMENT OF MONEY.— <i>See</i> BILL OF EXCHANGE (No. 13).	Eight annas.
45. PARTITION—Instrument of [as defined by s. 2 (15)]	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the amount of the value of the separated share or shares of the property.
<i>N.B.</i> —The largest share remaining after the property is partitioned (or, if there are two or more shares of equal value and not smaller than any of the other shares,	

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
43. PARTITION— <i>concl'd.</i> then one of such equal shares) shall be deemed to be that from which the other shares are separated: Provided always that— (a) when an instrument of partition containing an agreement to divide property in severalty is executed and a partition is effected in pursuance of such agreement, the duty chargeable upon the instrument effecting such partition shall be reduced by the amount of duty paid in respect of the first instrument, but shall not be less than eight annas; (b) where land is held on Revenue Settlement for a period not exceeding thirty years and paying the full assessment, the value for the purpose of duty shall be calculated at not more than five times the annual revenue; (c) where a final order for effecting a partition passed by any Revenue-authority or any Civil Court, or an award by an arbitrator directing a partition, is stamped with the stamp required for an instrument of partition, and an instrument of partition in pursuance of such order or award is subsequently executed, the duty on such instrument shall not exceed eight annas.	
40. PARTNERSHIP— A.—INSTRUMENT OF— (a) where the capital of the partnership does not exceed Rs. 500 (b) in any other case B.—DISSOLUTION OF	Two rupees eight annas; Ten rupees. Five rupees.
47. POLICY OF INSURANCE— A.—SEA-INSURANCE (see section 7)— (1) For or upon any voyage— (i) where the premium or consideration does not exceed the rate of two annas or one-eighth per centum of the amount insured by the policy, (ii) In any other case, in respect of every full sum of one thousand rupees and also any fractional part of one thousand rupees insured by the policy, (2) for time— (iii) In respect of every full sum of one thousand rupees and also any fractional part of one thousand rupees insured by the policy— where the insurance shall be made for any time not exceeding six months, where the insurance shall be made for any time exceeding six months and not exceeding twelve months, B.—FIRE INSURANCE— (1) in respect of an original policy— for every sum insured not exceeding Rs. 1,000 and also for every Rs. 1,000, or part thereof insured in excess of Rs. 1,000, for a period— (i) not exceeding one month (ii) exceeding one month, but not exceeding three months, (iii) exceeding three months, but not exceeding six months, iv) exceeding six months	One anna. Two annas. Two annas. Two annas. Four annas. Two annas. Three annas; Four annas; Six annas.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
47. POLICY OF INSURANCE— <i>concl'd.</i> (2) in respect of renewing, for the purpose of keeping in force, a policy which has been granted for six months or any shorter term and in respect of which and of the previous renewal whereof (if any), there has not already been paid the duty which would have been chargeable if the policy had originally been granted for a longer term than six months. duty which would have been chargeable if the policy had originally been granted for a longer term than six months, over the duty already paid in respect of the policy, and of the previous renewal thereof (if any), whichever is the smaller sum. C.—ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE— (a) against railway accident, valid for a single journey only. <i>Exemption.</i> When issued to a passenger travelling by the intermediate or the third class in any railway— (b) in any other case—for the maximum amount which may become payable in the case of any single accident or sickness where such amount does not exceed Rs. 1,000 and also where such amount exceeds Rs. 1,000, for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof, D.—LIFE INSURANCE OR OTHER INSURANCE NOT SPECIFICALLY PROVIDED FOR, except such a RE-INSURANCE as is described in Division E of this Article— for every sum insured not exceeding Rs. 1,000, and also every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof insured in excess of Rs. 1,000— (i) if drawn singly (ii) if drawn in duplicate, for each part <i>Exemption.</i> Policies of life insurance granted by the Director-General of the Post Office of India in accordance with rules for Postal Life Insurance issued under the authority of the Government of India. E.—RE-INSURANCE BY AN INSURANCE COMPANY, which has granted a POLICY OF SEA-INSURANCE OR A POLICY OF FIRE-INSURANCE, with another company by way of indemnity or guarantee against the payment on the original insurance of a certain part of the sum insured thereby. <i>General Exemption.</i> Letter of cover or engagement to issue a policy of insurance: Provided that, unless such letter or engagement bears the stamp prescribed by this Act for such policy, nothing shall be claimable thereunder, nor shall it be available for any purpose, except to compel the delivery of the policy therein mentioned.	The same duty as would be payable in respect of an original policy for the amount and term to which the renewal extends; or the excess of the renewal granted for a longer term than six months, over the duty already paid in respect of the policy, and of the previous renewal thereof (if any), whichever is the smaller sum. One anna. Two annas. Six annas; Three annas. One quarter of the duty payable in respect of the original insurance but not less than one anna or more than one rupee. Eight annas; Eight annas; One rupee; Five rupees;
48. POWER-OF-ATTORNEY [as defined by section 2 (21)], not being a proxy (No. 52),— (a) when executed for the sole purpose of procuring the registration of one or more documents in relation to a single transaction or for admitting execution of one or more such documents, (b) when required in suits or proceedings under the Presidency Small Cause Courts Act, 1882, (c) when authorizing one person or more to act in a single transaction other than the case mentioned in clause (a), (d) when authorizing not more than five persons to act jointly and severally in more than one transaction or generally,	

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
48. POWER-OF-ATTORNEY—concl'd.	
(e) when authorizing more than five but not more than ten persons to act jointly and severally in more than one transaction or generally,	Ten rupees;
(f) when given for consideration and authorizing the attorney to sell any immoveable property,	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for the amount of the consideration;
(g) in any other case	One rupee for each person authorized. N.B.—The term "registration" includes every operation incidental to registration under the Indian Registration Act 1877.—III of 1877.
<i>Explanation.</i> —For the purposes of this Article more persons than one when belonging to the same firm shall be deemed to be one person.	
49. PROMISSORY NOTE [as defined by section 2 (22)] ...	The same duty as a Bill of Exchange (No. 13) according as it is payable on demand or payable otherwise than on demand, as the case may be.
50. PROTEST OF BILL OR NOTE , that is to say, any declaration in writing made by a Notary Public, or other person lawfully acting as such, attesting the dishonour of a bill of exchange or promissory note.	One rupee.
51. PROTEST BY THE MASTER OF A SHIP , that is to say, any declaration of the particulars of her voyage drawn up by him with a view to the adjustment of losses or the calculation of averages, and every declaration in writing made by him against charterers or the consignees for not loading or unloading the ship, when such declaration is attested or certified by a Notary Public or other person lawfully acting as such.	One rupee.
<i>See also NOTE OF PROTEST BY THE MASTER OF A SHIP (No. 44).</i>	
52. PROXY empowering any person to vote at any one election of the members of a district or local board or of a body of municipal commissioners, or at any one meeting of (a) members of an incorporated company or other body corporate whose stock or funds is or are divided into shares and transferable; (b) a local authority; or (c) proprietors, members or contributors to the funds of any institution.	One anna.
53. RECEIPT [as defined by section 2 (23)] for any money or other property the amount or value of which exceeds twenty rupees.	One anna.
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
<i>Receipt—</i>	
(a) endorsed on or contained in any instrument duly stamped, or exempted under the proviso to section 3 (instruments executed on behalf of the Government) acknowledging the receipt of the consideration-money therein expressed, or the receipt of any principal-money, interest or annuity or other periodical payment thereby secured;	
(b) for any payment of money without consideration;	
(c) for any payment of rent by a cultivator on account of land assessed to Government revenue, or (in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay) of inam lands;	
(d) for pay or allowances by non-commissioned officers or soldiers of His Majesty's Army, or His Majesty's Indian Army, when serving in such capacity, or by mounted Police-constables;	

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
53. RECEIPT—concl'd.	
<i>Exemptions—concl'd.</i>	
(e) given by holders of family-certificates in cases where the person from whose pay or allowances the sum comprised in the receipt has been assigned is a non-commissioned officer or soldier of either of the said Armies, and serving in such capacity;	
(f) for pensions or allowances by persons receiving such pensions or allowances in respect of their service as such non-commissioned officers or soldiers, and not serving the Government in any other capacity;	
(g) given by a headman or lambardár for land-revenue or taxes collected by him;	
(h) given for money or securities for money deposited in the hands of any banker, to be accounted for: Provided that the same is not expressed to be received of, or by the hands of, any other than the person to whom the same is to be accounted for: Provided also that this exemption shall not extend to a receipt or acknowledgment for any sum paid or deposited for or upon a letter of allotment of a share, or in respect of a call upon any scrip or share of, or in, any incorporated company or other body corporate or such proposed or intended company or body or in respect of a debenture being a marketable security.	
54. RE-CONVEYANCE OF MORTGAGED PROPERTY—	
(a) if the consideration for which the property was mortgaged does not exceed Rs. 1,000,	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for the amount of such consideration as set forth in the Reconveyance;
(b) in any other case	Ten rupees.
55. RELEASE , that is to say, any instrument whereby a person renounces a claim upon another person or against any specified property—	
(a) if the amount or value of the claim does not exceed Rs. 1,000,	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for such amount or value as set forth in the Release;
(b) in any other case	Five rupees.
56. RESPONDENTIA BOND , that is to say, any instrument securing a loan on the cargo laden or to be laden on board a ship and making repayment contingent on the arrival of the cargo at the port of destination.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the amount of the loan secured.
REVOCATION OF ANY TRUST OR SETTLEMENT—See SETTLEMENT (58); TRUST (No. 64).	
57. SECURITY BOND OR MORTGAGE-DEED executed by way of security for the due execution of an office, or to account for money or other property received by virtue thereof or executed by a surety to secure the due performance of a contract,—	
(a) when the amount secured does not exceed Rs. 1,000, ...	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for the amount secured;
(b) in any other case	Five rupees.
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
Bond or other instrument, when executed—	
(a) by headmen nominated under rules framed in accordance with the Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876, section 99, for the due performance of their duties under that Act;	Beng. Act III of 1876.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
57. SECURITY BOND, &c.— <i>concl'd.</i>	
(b) by any person for the purpose of guaranteeing that the local income derived from private subscriptions to a charitable dispensary or hospital or any other object of public utility shall not be less than a specified sum per mensem;	
(c) under No. 3-A of the rules made by the Governor of Bombay in Council under section 70 of the Bombay Irrigation Act, 1879;	Bom. Act V of 1879.
(d) executed by persons taking advances under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, or the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884, or by their sureties, as security for repayment of such advances;	XIX of 1883. XII of 1884.
(e) executed by officers of Government or their sureties to secure the due execution of an office or the due accounting for money or other property received by virtue thereof.	
58. SETTLEMENT—	
A.—INSTRUMENT OF (including a deed of dower)	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for a sum equal to the amount or value of the property settled as set forth in such settlement:
	Provided that, where an agreement to settle is stamped with the stamp required for an instrument of settlement, and an instrument of settlement in pursuance of such agreement is subsequently executed, the duty on such instrument shall not exceed eight annas.
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
(a) Deed of dower executed on the occasion of a marriage between Muhamadans.	
(b) Hladansa, that is to say, any settlement of immoveable property executed by a Buddhist in Burma for a religious purpose in which no value has been specified and on which a duty of Rs. 10 has been paid.	
B.—REVOCATION OF—	The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for a sum equal to the amount or value of the property concerned as set forth in the instrument of Revocation but not exceeding ten rupees.
<i>See also Trust (No. 64).</i>	
59. SHARE WARRANTS to bearer issued under the Indian Companies Act, 1882.	Three-quarters of the duty payable on a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the nominal amount of the shares specified in the warrant. VI of 1862.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
59. SHARE WARRANTS— <i>concl'd.</i>	
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
Share warrant when issued by a company in pursuance of the India Companies Act, 1882, section 30, to have effect only upon payment, as composition for that duty, to the Collector of Stamp-revenue, of—	VI of 1882.
(a) three-quarters per centum of the whole subscribed capital of the company, or	
(b) if any company which has paid the said duty or composition in full, subsequently issues an addition to its subscribed capital—three-quarters per centum of the additional capital so issued.	
SCRIP.— <i>See</i> CERTIFICATE (No. 19).	
60. SHIPPING-ORDER for or relating to the conveyance of goods on board of any vessel.	One anna.
61. SURRENDER OF LEASE—	
(a) When the duty with which the lease is chargeable does not exceed five rupees,	The duty with which such lease is chargeable;
(b) in any other case	Five rupees.
<i>Exemption.</i>	
Surrender of lease, when such lease is exempted from duty.	
62. TRANSFER (whether with or without consideration)—	
(a) of shares in an incorporated company or other body corporate,	One-quarter of the duty payable on a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the value of the share;
(b) of debentures, being marketable securities whether the debenture is liable to duty or not, except debentures provided for by section 8,	One-quarter of the duty payable on a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the face amount of the debenture.
(c) Of any interest secured by a bond, mortgage-deed or policy of insurance,—	
(i) If the duty on such bond, mortgage-deed or policy does not exceed five rupees,	The duty with which such bond, mortgage-deed or policy of insurance is chargeable;
(ii) in any other cases	Five rupees;
(d) of any property under the Administrator-General's Act, 1874, section 31,	Ten rupees;
(e) of any trust-property without consideration from one trustee to another trustee or from a trustee to a beneficiary,	Five rupees, or such smaller amount as may be chargeable under clauses (a) to (c) of this Article.
<i>Exemptions.</i>	
Transfers by endorsement—	
(a) of a bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note;	
(b) of a bill of lading, delivery order, warrant for goods, or other mercantile document of title to goods;	
(c) of a policy of insurance;	
(d) of securities of the Government of India.	
<i>See also section 8.</i>	

Description of Instrument. 63. TRANSFER OF LEASE by way of assignment and not by way of underlease. *Proper Stamp-duty.* The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 23) for a consideration equal to the amount of the consideration for the transfer.

Exemption.

Transfer of any lease exempt from duty.

64. TRUST—

A.—DECLARATION OF—of, or concerning, any property when made by any writing not being a WILL. The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for a sum equal to the amount or value of the property concerned as set forth in the instrument but not exceeding fifteen rupees.

B.—REVOCATION OF—of, or concerning, any property when made by any instrument other than a WILL. The same duty as a Bond (No. 15) for a sum equal to the amount or value of the property concerned as set forth in the instrument but not exceeding ten rupees.

See also SETTLEMENT (No. 58).

VALUATION.—See APPRAISEMENT (No. 8).

VAKIL.—See ENTRY AS A VAKIL (No. 30).

65. WARRANT FOR GOODS, that is to say, any instrument evidencing the title of any person therein named, or his assigns, or the holder thereof, to the property in any goods lying in or upon any dock, warehouse or wharf, such instrument being signed or certified by or on behalf of the person in whose custody such goods may be. Four annas.

SCHEDULE II.
ENACTMENTS REPEALED.
(See Section 79.)

No.	Year.	Short title.	Extent of repeal.
I.	1879	The Indian Stamp Act, 1879	The whole.
VI.	1882	The Indian Companies Act, 1882	Section 35.
IX.	1884	The Legal Practitioners' Act, 1884	Section 10.
I.	1888	The Indian Stamp Act (1879) Amendment Act 1888.	The whole.
V.	1888	The Invention and Designs Act, 1888.	So much of the first schedule as relates to the Indian Stamp Act, 1879 (I of 1879).
XVIII.	1888	The Burma Financial Commissioner's Act, 1888.	So much of the schedule as relates to the Indian Stamp Act, 1879 (I of 1879).
VI.	1889	The Probate and Administration Act, 1889.	Sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 18.
XX.	1890	The North-Western Provinces and Oudh Act, 1890.	So much of section 38 as relates to the Indian Stamp Act, 1879 (I of 1879).
XII.	1891	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1891.	So much of Part I of the first and second schedules as relates to the Indian Stamp Act, 1879 (I of 1879).
VI.	1894	The Indian Stamp Act (1879) Amendment Act, 1894.	The whole.
XIII.	1897	The Indian Stamp Act (1879) Amendment Act, 1897.	The whole.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS—NON-JUDICIAL STAMPS.

Calcutta, the 17th February 1899.

No. 786 S.R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following rules under the said Act; in supersession of the rules promulgated with the following notifications of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, namely:—

No. 2036, dated the 30th June 1882; No. 3190, dated the 3rd July 1895;
 " 6717, " 21st December 1889; " 4718, " 22nd October 1897; and
 " 2170, " 22nd May 1891; " 2926, " 24th June 1898.
 " 2208, " 10th May 1895;

RULES UNDER THE INDIAN STAMP ACT, 1899.

CHAPTER I.—Preliminary.

1. *Definition.*—In these rules, the expression "the Act" shall mean the Indian Stamp Act, 1899.

2. *Kinds of Stamps.*—There shall be two kinds of stamps for indicating the payment of duty on instruments chargeable with duty under the Act, namely:—

- impressed stamps, and
- adhesive stamps.

CHAPTER II.—Of Impressed Stamps.

3. *Hundis.*—(1) Hundis, other than hundis which may be stamped with an adhesive stamp under section 11 of the Act, shall be written as follows, namely:—

- A hundi, payable otherwise than on demand, but not at more than one year after date or sight, and for an amount not exceeding rupees thirty thousand in value, shall be written on paper on which the necessary stamp bearing the word "hundi" has been engraved or embossed.
- A hundi for an amount exceeding rupees thirty thousand in value, or payable at more than one year after date or sight, shall be written on paper, supplied for sale by the Government, to which a label has been affixed by the Superintendent of Stamps at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay or Lahore, and impressed by such officer in the manner hereinafter prescribed by Rule 10.

(2) Every sheet of such paper shall be of a size not less than $8\frac{1}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{2}$ inches, and no plain paper shall be joined to it.

(3) The provisions of sub-section (1) of Rule 6 shall apply also in the case of hundis.

4. *Promissory notes and bills of exchange.*—A promissory note and bill of exchange shall, except as provided by section 11 of the Act and by these rules, be written on paper, on which the necessary stamp, with or without the word "Hundi," has been engraved or embossed.

5. *Other instruments.*—Every other instrument chargeable with duty shall, except as provided by section 11 of the Act, be written on paper, on which the necessary stamp, not bearing the word "Hundi," has been engraved or embossed.

6. *Provision where single sheet of paper is insufficient.*—(1) Where two or more sheets of paper on which stamps are engraved or embossed, are used to make up the amount of duty chargeable in respect of any instrument, a portion of such instrument shall be written on each sheet so used.

(2) Where a single sheet of paper, not being paper bearing an impressed hundi-stamp, is found insufficient to admit of the entire instrument being written on the side of the paper which bears the stamp, so much plain paper may be subjoined thereto as may be necessary for the complete writing of such instrument:

Provided that in every such case the side of the sheet which bears the stamp, shall be covered by a substantial part of the instrument before any part of the latter is written on the plain paper joined to such sheet.

7. *One anna impressed stamps.*—The duty payable on any instrument which is chargeable with a duty of one anna under the Act, may be denoted by a coloured impression marked on a skeleton form of such instrument by the Superintendent of Stamps at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras or Lahore, the Commissioner of Stamps at Allahabad, or the Sub-Registrar of Deeds at Rangoon.

8. *"The proper officer."*—The following officers are empowered to affix and impress labels, and each of them shall be deemed to be "the proper officer" for the purposes of the Act and of these rules:—

- the Collectors of Calcutta and Karachi, and the Huzur Deputy Collector, Karachi, when the Collector is absent from head-quarters;
- the Collectors of Godavari, Tinnevely, Malabar and South Canara, and the Treasury Deputy Collectors of those districts when the Collectors are absent from head-quarters;

- (c) the Sub-Registrar of Deeds at Rangoon, the Treasury officers, Moulmein, Akyab and Bassein ;
 (d) the Deputy Commissioner of Kamrup (at Gauhati), and the Senior Assistant Commissioner present when the Deputy Commissioner is absent from head-quarters ;
 (e) the Superintendents of Stamps at Madras, Bombay and Lahore ;
 (f) the Commissioner of Stamps, North-Western Provinces and Oudh ; and
 (g) the Superintendent of Stamps (Political Resident), Aden.

9. *Affixing and impressing of labels by proper officer permissible in certain cases.*—(1) Labels may be affixed and impressed by the proper officer in the case of any of the instruments mentioned in Appendix A, and of the counterparts thereof.

(2) Labels may likewise be affixed and impressed by the proper officer in the case of any of the instruments mentioned in Appendix B, when written in any European language, and accompanied, if the language is not English, by a translation into English.

10. *Mode of affixing and impressing labels.*—(1) The proper officer shall, upon any such instrument as is referred to in Rule 9 being brought to him before it is executed, and upon application being made to him for that purpose, affix thereto a label or labels of such value as the applicant may desire and pay for, and impress such label or labels by means of a stamping-machine, and also stamp or write on the face of the label or labels the date of impressing the same before returning the instrument to the applicant. In the case of instruments written on parchment, the labels shall be further secured by means of metallic eyelets.

(2) On affixing any label or labels under this rule, the proper officer shall, where the duty amounts to rupees five or upwards, write on the face of the label or labels his initials, and, where the duty amounts to rupees twenty or upwards, shall also attach his usual signature to the instrument immediately under the label or labels.

(3) In Calcutta, the Deputy Collector and the Superintendent of the Stamp Department of the Collector's office; in Lahore in the absence of the Superintendent of Stamps, the Superintendent of his office; and, generally, any principal assistant of the proper officer, if empowered by the Local Government in this behalf, may discharge the functions of the proper officer under sub-section (2) of this rule.

11. *Certain instruments to be stamped with impressed labels.*—(1) Instruments (other than instruments which, under section 11 of the Act, may be stamped with adhesive stamps) executed out of British India and requiring to be stamped after their receipt in British India shall be stamped with impressed labels.

(2) Where any such instrument as aforesaid is taken to the Collector under section 18, sub-section (2), of the Act, the Collector, unless he is himself the proper officer, shall send the instrument to the proper officer, remitting the amount of duty paid in respect thereof; and the proper officer shall stamp the instrument in the manner prescribed by Rule 10 and return it to the Collector for delivery to the person by whom it was produced.

CHAPTER III.—Of Adhesive Stamps.

12. *Bills of exchange.*—Bills of exchange payable otherwise than on demand and drawn in sets, when the amount of duty does not exceed one anna for each part of the set, may be stamped with adhesive stamps.

13. *Supply of deficient duty on transfer of share.*—When any instrument of transfer of shares in a Company or Association is written on a sheet of paper on which the necessary stamp is engraved or embossed, and the value of the stamp so engraved or embossed is subsequently, in consequence of a rise in the market value of such shares, found to fall short of the amount of duty chargeable under Article No. 62 (a) of Schedule I to the Act, one or more adhesive stamps bearing the words "Share Transfer," as hereinafter prescribed, may be used to make up the amount required.

14. *One anna adhesive stamp.*—Except as otherwise provided by these rules, the adhesive stamp used to denote the duty of one anna shall bear the words "One Anna."

15. *Special adhesive stamps to be used in certain cases.*—The following instruments, when stamped with adhesive stamps, shall be stamped in the manner hereinafter prescribed, that is to say:—

(a) Bills of exchange, cheques, and promissory notes drawn or made out of British India and chargeable with a duty of more than one anna, shall be stamped with adhesive stamps bearing the words "Foreign Bill."

(b) Transfers of shares of Public Companies and Associations shall be stamped with adhesive stamps bearing the words "Share Transfer."

(c) An entry as an advocate, vakil or attorney on the roll of any High Court shall be stamped with an adhesive stamp bearing the word "Advocate," "Vakil" or "Attorney." Such stamp shall be affixed under the superintendence and responsibility of a gazetted officer of the High Court, who shall obtain the stamp from the Superintendent of Stamps and account to him for it. Such officer shall, after affixing the stamp, write on the face of it his usual signature with the date thereof before parting with the instrument.

(d) Notarial acts shall be stamped with adhesive foreign bill stamps bearing the word "Notarial."

(e) Copies or extracts, certified to be true copies, or extracts of baptismal, marriage or burial certificates, certified copies granted under the provisions of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886 (VI of 1886), and copies of maps or plans certified to be true copies, shall be stamped with adhesive Court-fee stamps.

CHAPTER IV.—Miscellaneous.

16. *Provision for cases in which improper description of stamp is used.*—When an instrument bears a stamp of sufficient amount, but of improper description, the Collector may, on payment of duty with which the same is chargeable, certify by endorsement on the instrument that it is duly stamped.

Provided that if application is made within three months of the execution of the instrument, and the Collector is satisfied that the improper description of stamp was used solely because of the difficulty or inconvenience of procuring one of proper description, he may remit the further payment of duty prescribed in this rule.

17. *Evidence as to circumstances of claim to refund or renewal.*—The Collector may require any person claiming a refund or renewal under Chapter V of the Act, or his duly authorized agent, to make an oral deposition on oath or affirmation, or to file an affidavit, setting forth the circumstances under which the claim has arisen, and may also, if he thinks fit, call for the evidence of witnesses in support of the statement set forth in any such deposition or affidavit as aforesaid.

18. *Mode of cancelling original debenture in case under section 55 of the Act.*—Where the Collector makes a refund under section 55 of the Act, he shall cancel the original debenture by writing on or across it the word "Cancelled" and his usual signature with the date thereof.

19. *Rewards.*—On the conviction of any offender under Chapter VII of the Act, the Collector may grant to any person who appears to him to have contributed thereto, a reward within a limit to be fixed by the Local Government.

APPENDIX A.

List of Instruments referred to in Rule 9 (1) of the Rules.

	No. of Article in Schedule I of the Act.		No. of Article in Schedule I of the Act.
(a) Administration-bonds	2	(k) Memoranda of Association of Companies	39
(b) Affidavits	4	(l) Notes of protest by Masters of ships	41
(c) Appointments made in execution of a power	7	(m) Policies of Insurance	47
(d) Articles of Association of a Company	10	(n) Revocations of trust	64 B.
(e) Articles of Clerkship	11	(o) Share warrants issued by a Company in accordance with section 30 of the Indian Companies Act, 1882 (VI of 1882), other than share-warrants issued before the fourteenth day of November 1890, with adhesive stamps bearing the words "Share Transfer" and denoting the full amount of duty payable thereon, which share-warrants shall be held to have been duly stamped	59
(f) Bills of Lading	14	(p) Warrants for goods	65
(g) Charter-parties	20		
(h) Declarations of trust	64 A.		
(i) Instruments evidencing an agreement to secure the repayment of a loan made upon the deposit of title-deeds or other valuable security, or upon the hypothecation of moveable property	6		
(j) Leases printed or lithographed in an oriental language, when the written matter filled in does not exceed one-fourth of the printed matter	35		

APPENDIX B.

List of Instruments referred to in Rule 9 (2) of the Rules.

	No. of Article in Schedule I of the Act.		No. of Article in Schedule I of the Act.
(a) Agreements or Memoranda of Agreements which, in the opinion of the proper officer, cannot conveniently be written on sheets of paper on which the stamps are engraved or embossed	5	(b) Instruments engrossed on parchment and written in the English style which, in the opinion of such officer, cannot conveniently be written on sheets of paper on which the stamps are engraved or embossed	...

List of Instruments referred to in Rule 9 (2) of the Rules—concl'd.

	No. of Article in Schedule I of the Act.		No. of Article in Schedule I of the Act.
(c) Awards	12	(n) Instruments of gift	33
(d) Bills of exchange payable otherwise than on demand and drawn in British India	13 (b) & (c).	(o) Instruments of partition	45
(e) Bonds	15	(p) Leases	35
(f) Certificates of sale	18	(q) Letters of license	38
(g) Composition-deeds	22	(r) Mortgage-deeds	40
(h) Conveyances	23	(s) Powers-of-attorney	48
(i) Instruments imposing a further charge on mortgaged property..	32	(t) Reconveyances of mortgaged property	54
(j) Instruments of apprenticeship	9	(u) Releases	55
(k) Instruments of co-partnership	46 A.	(v) Settlements	58
(l) Instruments of dissolution of partnership	46 B.	(w) Transfers of the description mentioned in Article 62, clauses (c), (d) and (e), of Schedule I of the Act	62 (c), (d) & (e).
(m) Instruments of exchange	31		

The 17th March 1899.

No. 1281-S.R.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 20, sub-section (2), of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), and of all other powers in this behalf, and in super-session of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 787-S.R., dated the 17th February 1899, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to prescribe the following rates of exchange for the conversion of currencies hereinafter specified respectively into the currency of British India for the purposes of calculating *ad valorem* duty on instruments chargeable therewith:—

Currency.	Sum.	Equivalent in currency of British India.
British	£1 sterling	Rs. 15, but in the case of Bills of Exchange (Article No. 13, Schedule I), Rs. 10 only.
French	1 franc	3/5 of a rupee, i.e., Fcs. 25=Rs. 15.
German	1 mark	3/4 of a rupee, i.e., Mkcs. 20=Rs. 15.
United States or Canadian	1 dollar	Rs. 3 0 0
Chinese	1 tael	" 2 0 0
British (Asiatic Possessions)	1 dollar*	" 1 8 0
Mexican	1 " *	" 0 4 0
Japanese	1 yen	
Persian	1 krán	

*That is, the "British Dollar" and the "Mexican Dollar" which are in current use in the Straits Settlements and elsewhere.

(Signed) H. H. RISLEY,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

ONE ANNA IMPRESSED STAMPS UNDER THE INDIAN STAMP ACT, 1879.

In republishing the following extract from the rules passed by the Governor-General in Council on 3rd March 1882, No. 1283, with effect from 1st April 1882, authorizing one anna stamp to be impressed on skeleton forms of instruments, it is hereby notified that the value of stamps, for the impressing of which under this rule application may be made to this office, must be paid into the Bank of Madras, and persons presenting forms to be stamped should bring with the forms a receipt from the Bank for the value of the stamps:—

"7. The duty payable on any instrument chargeable with a duty of one anna may be denoted by a coloured impression marked on a skeleton form of such instrument by the Superintendent of Stamps at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras or Rangoon."

2 Payments made for stamps which may not be impressed will be refunded by the Bank on the production of a certificate from the undersigned to the effect that stamps were not impressed.

GENERAL STAMP OFFICE, MADRAS,
18th March 1882.

J. G. FERRAND,
Superintendent of Stamps.

REMISSIONS OR REDUCTIONS OF STAMP DUTY

AUTHORISED BY

NOTIFICATION ISSUED UNDER THE SUCCESSIVE STAMP ACTS.

Under section 33 of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, the presiding officers of each Court or Office are required to examine every instrument liable to stamp duty coming before them, in order to ascertain whether it is stamped with a stamp of the value and description required by the law in force in British India, when such instrument was executed or first executed. This duty necessarily involves frequent references not only to the several Stamp Acts, but also to the various Notifications scattered over volumes of Official Gazettes, under which remissions or reductions of stamp duty have been granted from time to time.

Before October 1860 instruments exempted from stamp duty were described in the Stamp Acts themselves. For the first time, in Act XXXVI of 1860, power was reserved for the Governor-General in Council to remit or reduce stamp duties on instruments by Notifications in the Official Gazette. The following table contains all the Notifications authorising remissions or reductions of stamp duty since the passing of Act XXXVI of 1860, save only those relating to the Straits Settlements, and those which are manifestly obsolete, such as Notifications exempting tenders for loans.

If any omission or defect is discovered in this table, intimation should be sent direct to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Finance.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
15th October 1880.

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued).
1862.		
Guarantees for the due adjustment of public claims or demands required from public officers on occasions of transfer of office, or of leave of absence, or of retirement.	Exempted	No. 4128, dated 11th Aug. 1862. (Act 10 of 1862, s. 33.)
Deeds, Instruments, and Writings executed in Double Island and Callagauk, including Alga-ada Reef dependencies of British Burmah.	Ditto	No. 6647, dated 21st Nov. 1862. (Act 10 of 1862, s. 33.)
1865.		
Bills of Exchange drawn in Mysore on and after 1st August 1865, on which full stamp duty may have been paid in that province when negotiated in British Territory, and vice versa.	Ditto	No. 1028, dated 26th June 1865. (Act 18 of 1865, s. 2.) See No. 1083, dated 6th June 1879.
1866.		
Leases or other engagements, and counterparts thereof, executed between landlords and tenants relative to land paying revenue to Government in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg.	Ditto	No. 91, dated 20th April 1866. (Act 18 of 1865, s. 2.)
1868.		
A certain Investment or Deed of Trust executed by certain Mysore Princes constituting Prince Ghulam Muhammad, Shahzada Rahim-ud-din, and Shahzada Pakakhtier as Trustees of their portions of the Mysore Grant aggregating Rs. 15,60,000.	Ditto	No. 1629, dated 6th Aug. 1868. (Act 18 of 1865, s. 2.)
Proxy papers used at Municipal Elections, Scientific Society and Service Fund Meetings, and the like, where the transactions in which the papers are used have nothing of a mercantile character.	Ditto	No. 1912, dated 18th Aug. 1868. (Act 18 of 1865, s. 2.)
1870.		
Agreements made by ryots in opium-producing districts for the cultivation of the poppy for Government.	Ditto	No. 1228, dated 17th Feb. 1870. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
1871.		
Bonds and other instruments executed by salaried officers of Government to secure the due performance of their duties, which are chargeable under Schedule 2, No. 6, of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870.	Ditto	No. 47, dated 6th Jan. 1871. (Act 7 of 1870, s. 35.)

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued).
1872.		
Bonds executed by Money Order Agents or their sureties for the due performance of their duties as such Money Order Agents.	Exempted ...	No. 231, dated 14th June 1872. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
Instruments executed in the Hill Tracts of Chittagong.	Ditto ...	No. 3764, dated 25th Oct. 1872. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
1874.		
Contracts for service in British Burmah under the Chief Commissioner of that Province, entered into between Natives of India emigrating to British Burmah and the Superintendent of State Emigration or other Government Officer acting as representative of the said Chief Commissioner.	Ditto ...	No. 599, dated 23rd Jan. 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
Conveyances by endorsement of rights secured by the instruments known as satas in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.	Ditto ...	No. 3226, dated 22nd May 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
Instruments by which movable or immovable property is conveyed to the Secretary of State for India in Council by way of sale, lease, or exchange where money is paid by Government for equality of exchange.	Ditto ...	No. 6043, dated 9th Oct. 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
1875.		
Bonds executed by the sureties of middlemen (Lambardars or Khattadars) taking advances for the cultivation of the poppy for Government within the limits of the Benares and Patna Opium Agencies.	Ditto ...	No. 503, dated 22nd Jan. 1875. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
Within the limits of the Secunderabad Cantonment :—		
Bill of Exchange payable otherwise than on demand.	Ditto ...	No. 1039, dated 28th May 1875. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
Promissory Note payable otherwise than on demand.		
Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note, Cheque or order for the payment on demand of an amount exceeding Rs. 20.		
Receipt or discharge given for or upon the payment of money, or delivery of goods in satisfaction of a debt, the amount or value of which money or goods exceeds Rs. 20.	Ditto ...	No. 1243, dated 4th June 1875. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
Title Deeds or Sunnuds granted by Government to Bloomias in Ajmere.		
1876.		
Documents described as Form II. in Rule 13 of the rules laid down by the Governor of Bombay in Council under the provision of Section 28 of the Bombay Survey and Settlement Act I of 1865.	Reduced to an amount equal to the yearly revenue assessed on the lands to which such documents refer in cases in which the stamp duty chargeable under Article II of Schedule II of the General Stamp Act, 1869, exceeds such amount.	No. 3422, dated 22nd Dec. 1876. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued).
1877.		
Instruments whereby the owner or occupier of land in a village in the Presidency of Bombay relinquishes his rights therein to the Local Government upon the site of the village being changed by the order or with the consent of the said Local Government, and accepts in exchange therefor the right to occupy land in a new village site upon such terms as the said Local Government may prescribe.	Reduced to 4 annas.	No. 1715, dated 6th July 1877. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
Bills of Exchange drawn and fully stamped in Berar and negotiated in British India on or after 1st January 1878, and Bills of Exchange drawn and fully stamped in British India and negotiated in Berar.	Exempted ...	No. 587F., dated 10th Dec. 1877. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
1878.		
Security Bonds (Hazir Zamini) executed to secure the personal attendance of Gomashas and other Native employes of the Opium Department.	Ditto ...	No. 2147, dated 29th March 1878. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
Kahulyats to take up unoccupied land for cultivation in the Bombay Presidency executed under the rules laid down by the Governor of Bombay in Council in accordance with the provisions of the Bombay Survey and Settlement Act, I of 1865.	Reduced to an amount equal to the yearly revenue assessed on the lands to which such document refers whenever such annual assessment is less than 8 annas.	No. 1316, dated 28th June 1878. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.)
Security Bond executed by or on behalf of a Thooogee in British Burmah for the due performance of the duties of his office.	Exempted ...	No. 3020, dated 20th Sept. 1878. (Act 18 of 1869, s. 16.) In supersession of No. 141, dated 26th April 1878.
1879.		
Bills of Exchange and cheques drawn in British India on which the full rate of stamp duty has been paid there, and presented for payment or otherwise negotiated in Mysore.	Ditto ...	No. 99-I.J. II., dated 22nd May 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Bills of Exchange and cheques drawn in Mysore on which the full rate of stamp duty has been paid there, and presented for payment or otherwise negotiated in British India.	Ditto ...	No. 1083, dated 6th June 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Bills of Exchange and cheques drawn in British India on which the full rate of stamp duty has been paid there, and presented for payment or otherwise negotiated in Hyderabad Assigned Districts.	Ditto ...	No. 114-I.J., dated 4th June 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Bills of Exchange and cheques drawn in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts on which the full rate of stamp duty has been paid there, and presented for payment or otherwise negotiated in British India.	Ditto ...	No. 1191, dated 18th June 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Bills of Exchange and cheques drawn in British India on which the full rate of stamp duty has been paid there, and presented for payment or otherwise negotiated in the Cantonment of Secunderabad. All Bills of Exchange, cheques and pro. notes and receipts when drawn or executed in the Cantonment of Secunderabad.	Ditto ...	No. 119-I.J., dated 4th June 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Bills of Exchange and cheques drawn in the Cantonment of Secunderabad on which the full rate of stamp duty has been paid there, and presented for payment or otherwise negotiated in British India.	Ditto ...	No. 1299, dated 20th June 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued).
1879—concl'd.		
Agreements executed for service or for performance of work in the coffee plantations in Madras, Coorg, and Mysore, when the advance given under the agreement does not exceed Rs. 20.	Reduced to one anna.	No. 8261, dated 11th October 1879. No. 1585-I.G., dated 30th October 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
1880.		
Agreements described in Section 43 of the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879.	Exempted ...	No. 10, dated 3rd Jan. 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Copies of instruments which the Village Registrar has to deliver to the parties under Section 58 of the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879.		
Powers-of-Attorney furnished to relatives, servants, or dependants under Section 68 of the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879.	Ditto ...	No. 1410, dated 27th March 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Receipts given by the addressee for deposits exceeding Rs. 20 made for the payment of replies to telegraphic messages.	Ditto ...	No. 444, dated 8th May 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Memorandum or agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, Executive Commissariat officers by contractors, and declarations in agreements by which a tender made to an Executive Commissariat officer is accepted as a contract when the deposit of such contractor as security for his contract is made in Government of India Loan Notes or in cash.	Ditto ...	No. 731, dated 22nd May 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Receipts endorsed by the payee on Postal Money Orders.	Ditto ...	No. 2327, dated 14th August 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Agreements executed respecting the occupancy of land, whether surveyed or not, and the payment of land revenue therefor under the "Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879," (Bombay Act V of 1879), or any rules made thereunder.	Ditto ...	No. 2329, dated 14th August 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
Agreements with Railway Companies or Administrations for the conveyance of goods and receipts given by such Companies or Administrations for fares for conveyance of passengers or goods, or both, or animals.	Ditto ...	No. 3089, dated 2nd October 1880.
Instruments executed for repayment of loans made under Northern India Takkavi Act X of 1879.	Ditto ...	No. 3715, dated 13th November 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
All agreements with Railway Companies or Administrations which purport to limit the obligations or responsibilities of such Railway Companies or Administrations as carriers under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, Sections 151 and 161, and are in a form approved by the Governor-General in Council under Section 10 of the Indian Railway Act, 1879.	Ditto ...	No. 834, dated 30th April 1881. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
1881.		
All patta granted by a Government officer or by any assignee of Government Revenue in the Madras Presidency to holders of land under Ryotwar Settlements.	Ditto ...	No. 279, dated 14th April 1882. (Act 1 of 1879.)
1882.		
Bills of Exchange drawn quarterly by the Government of Portuguese India for the money payable to that Government under Article XV of the Anglo-Portuguese Treaty (with retrospective effect).	Ditto ...	No. 829, dated 15th April 1882. (Act 1 of 1879.)
Agreement papers passed by Commissariat Contractors when their security deposits are transferred to a Savings Bank.	Ditto ...	

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued).
1883.		
The duty payable on all instruments in the nature of a Memorandum or Agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, the Ordnance Department by contractors for the due performance of their contract.	Exempted ...	No. 1150, dated 30th May 1883. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
1885.		
Sanads of Jagirs and other documents conveying lands granted to individuals by Government otherwise than for a pecuniary consideration.	Ditto ...	No. 1206, dated 3rd June 1885. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
The stamp duty payable on the letter which a person depositing money in a District Savings Bank or Post Office Savings Bank as security to the Government or a local authority for the due execution of an office or for the fulfilment of a contract or for any other purpose is required by the rules of the Savings Banks to address to the Secretary, District Savings Bank, or the Post Master in charge of the Post Office Savings Bank agreeing to special conditions with respect to the application and withdrawal of the money deposited and the payment of interest accruing due thereon.	Ditto ...	No. 3673, dated 23rd Oct. 1885. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
"Local authority" in this Notification means a Municipal Committee, District Board, Body of Port Commissioners or other authority legally entitled to or entrusted by the Government with the control or management of a Municipal or local fund.		
1886.		
The stamp duty payable on agreements executed under Section 35 (1) of the Indian Emigration Act, 1883.	Remitted ...	No. 1411, dated 1st April 1886. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
The stamp duty payable on agreements made under Section 9 (2) of Act II of 1886 (an Act for imposing a tax on incomes derived from sources other than agriculture).	Ditto ...	No. 246, dated 16th April 1886. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
1887.		
The duty payable on Indemnity Bonds or agreements given to Railway authorities by consignees (when the Railway receipt is not produced) in respect of the delivery of articles carried at half parcels rates, i.e., fresh fish, fruits, vegetables, bazaar baskets, bread, meat, ice, and other perishables.	Ditto ...	No. 4741, dated 3rd Sept. 1887. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
The stamp duty payable on all instruments in the nature of a Memorandum or Agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, the Army Clothing Department by contractors for the due performance of their contracts.	Ditto ...	No. 6464, dated 7th Dec. 1887. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
The stamp duty payable by private persons under section 29 (S) of the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, on instruments of exchange executed by them when lands are given by them for public purposes in exchange for other lands granted to them by Government.	Ditto ...	No. 6501, dated 8th Dec. 1887. (Act 1 of 1879, s. 8.)
1888.		
The stamp duty payable on all instruments of the nature of a Memorandum or Agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, the Public Works Department by contractors for the due performance of their contracts.	Ditto ...	No. 1519, dated 22nd March 1889.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Ootacamund, September 9th, 1889.

Dated 7th November 1881, published at page 699 of Fort Saint George Gazette, dated 30th November 1881.

All officers holding the rank of Sub-Collector or Head Assistant Collector in charge of Divisions in all the Districts are invested with the powers of a Collector under Sections 15, 17, 30, 31, 45, and 51 to 54, Act I of 1879, to be exercised within the limits of their jurisdictions.

No. 271.—In continuation of the marginally noted Notification, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased under clause 8, Section 3 of the Indian Stamp Act (I of 1879) to invest all Deputy Collectors in charge of Divisions in all the Districts of the Madras Presidency with the power of a Collector under Sections 15, 17, 30, 31, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 45 and 51 to 54 of the said Act to be exercised within the limits of their respective jurisdiction.

27th November 1890.

No. 5481.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act (I of 1879), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit, both prospectively and with retrospective effect, from the 1st October 1875, the duty chargeable on security bonds taken under the authority of the Government, from medical students of the Apothecary, Assistant Surgeons and Hospital Assistant classes and their sureties.

SALE OF STAMPS.

NOTIFICATION No. I.—Fort St. George, February 11, 1888.

[As revised by the Resolution of the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department (Separate Revenue—Stamps—Non-Judicial—Amendment, &c.), dated the 27th March 1895, No. 1439, S. R.]

No. 83.—The following rules of the Government of India for the supply, custody and sale of all descriptions of stamps of which those relating to general and court-fee stamps have been adopted by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council under the authority conferred by Section 55 of the Stamp Act (I of 1879) and Section 27 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, are now republished with the alterations made by the Government of India since their publication in the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 7th December 1886, with amendments:—

Rules for the custody, supply and sale of stamps of all descriptions, namely, general stamps used to denote the duties payable under the Stamp Act, 1879; Court-fee stamps used to denote the fees payable under the Court Fees Act, 1870; telegraph stamps and postage stamps.

CENTRAL DEPÔTS.

There shall be three central depôts for stamps of all descriptions, in charge of the Superintendents of Stamps at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, respectively. These central depôts shall maintain a stock of stamps sufficient for two years' consumption. With the sanction of the Secretary of State for India it has been decided to reduce the stock of the marginally-noted* classes of stamps at the three Central depôts in India from two to one year's supply. The Superintendents of Stamps in Madras and Bombay shall, for this purpose, forward, not later than the last week in September in each year, indents for the supply of the various descriptions of stamps required in the following year for the territories dependent on them for the supply of stamps, to the Superintendent of Stamps, Calcutta. The Superintendent of Stamps, Calcutta, shall prepare a general consolidated indent for stamps of all descriptions, showing separately the demand for the following year for each of the three presidencies, including in it the indents of the Superintendents of Stamps, Madras and Bombay; and shall forward this general indent to the Government of India in the Finance Department for transmission to the Secretary of State so as to reach him not later than the 1st November in each year. The Superintendent should forward a copy of the section of the general indent relating to postage stamps to the Director-General of the Post Office, and of the section relating to telegraph stamps to the Director-General of Telegraphs.

* Postcards, envelopes, newspaper wrappers, non-judicial stamps at rates from As. 2 to Rs. 2; Stamps for copies.

1. Stamps for the Bengal Presidency, including the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, the Punjab, Central India, Rajputana, Assam and Burma, and local depôts subordinate to Calcutta, and stamps for copies for use in the Central Provinces shall be supplied from the Central Depôt, Calcutta, on the indent of officers in charge of local depôts.

2. Stamps for the Madras Presidency, including Coorg and local depôts subordinate to Madras, shall be supplied from the central depôt at Madras on the indent of the officers in charge of local depôts.

3. Stamps for the Presidency of Bombay, including Sind, the Berar, the Central Provinces (save as provided in Rule 2) and local depôts subordinate to Bombay, shall be supplied from the Central Depôt, Bombay, on the indent of officers in charge of local depôts.

4. Stamps for the Presidency of Bombay, including Sind, the Berar, the Central Provinces (save as provided in Rule 2) and local depôts subordinate to Bombay, shall be supplied from the Central Depôt, Bombay, on the indent of officers in charge of local depôts.

5. The Superintendents of Stamps, Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, on receiving an indent from a local depôt, shall have the indent examined to ascertain that the indent is such as to insure the local depôt having a proper supply, and may comply with the indent in full or in part, as he thinks fit. If he thinks that the indent should be increased, he should request the officer who submitted the indent to submit a supplementary indent. The Presidency Post Offices of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay may indent for supplies on the Central Depôts.

LOCAL DEPÔTS.

6. Every Treasury throughout India, including those attached to Political and Salt Agencies, shall be a local depôt for the custody and sale of stamps of all descriptions. Local Governments may establish local depôts at places where there is no Treasury.

7. Each local depôt shall, unless the Local Government otherwise directs, maintain a supply of stamps equal to the probable consumption of five months. Local Governments may direct that the supply to be maintained either generally or in respect of any particular kind of stamp or in certain local depôts shall be equal to the probable consumption of such other period as they deem expedient.

8. As soon as the number of stamps in the local depôt falls below the number issued from the depôt in the preceding six months, the officer in charge of the depôt shall prepare an indent for a supply equal to the probable consumption of three months. The indent shall show in separate columns for each denomination of stamp of which a supply is required the total of the balance in the local depôt and any branch* depôts subordinate to it the quantity sold in the preceding six months, and the quantity indented for, which should be approximately one-half of the quantity sold in the preceding six months. The periods of "six months" and "three months" of this rule may, like that of five months in Rule 7, be altered by Local Governments to such other periods as they may deem expedient. This indent will be forwarded direct to the Superintendents of Stamps, Madras, Bombay or Calcutta, as the case may be; but the Local Government of any Province may direct that the indents shall be forwarded through any other officer, such as the Superintendent of Stamps of the Province, or that a copy of the indent shall be forwarded to such officer.

9. If the supply of stamps in any local depôt should run short before the receipt of the supply from the central depôt, the officer in charge of the local depôt should indent for a supply from a neighbouring depôt, sending a copy of the indent to the Superintendent or Commissioner of Stamps of the Province, or such other officer as the Local Government may direct. It is the duty of the Superintendents of Stamps, Madras, Bombay, or Calcutta, to report to the Local Government (or such authority as the Local Government may direct), in the case of general and court-fee stamps, to the Director-General of the Post Office in the case of postage stamps, and to the Director-General of Telegraphs in the case of telegraph stamps, any case in which it may come to his knowledge that the stock of stamps in any local depôt of any description has fallen below the prescribed amount.

10. As soon as possible after the arrival of a supply of stamps from the central depôt or from another local depôt, the officer in charge of the local depôt shall personally examine the outward appearance of the boxes or packets and satisfy himself that they bear no marks of having been tampered with. He shall then have the boxes or packets opened in his presence, and the contents of each box or packet counted either by himself or in his presence immediately on its being opened. At the head-quarters of a district, where the Treasury is the local depôt, the boxes or packets should invariably be placed immediately on arrival in the strong-room of the Treasury and there opened, one at a time, in the presence of the Treasury Officer, who must be present all the time the boxes or packets are being opened, and their contents examined and counted. In no case must a second box or packet be opened until the contents of the first have been completely examined and verified and placed in the proper receptacles as required by Rule 13. The number and value of stamps received shall be compared by the officer in charge with the submitted invoice, or with the passed indent, and a receipt shall be sent as soon as possible to the officer who sent the stamps.

11. Local Governments may issue such orders, as may be thought necessary, regarding the detailed counting of stamps received in a local depôt, and as to the descriptions of stamps which the officer in charge must count with his own hands. Such orders may include instruction that a certain percentage only of sealed packets marked as containing a certain number of stamps need be opened and counted at the time of receipt, and the remainder, if the percentage opened are all found correct, left with seals unbroken to be counted as they are required on being given out from double lock. The officer in charge is responsible for observing any such instructions, and for satisfying himself as to the number of stamps received before signing the receipt. The inside wrappers of packets

* For branch depôts the figures of the latest periodical return received at the local depôt showing details of stamp balances may be used for the purpose of calculating the total required for entry in each column.

of stamps which bear the initials of the officers through whose hands the packets passed before issue from England, should invariably be preserved till the whole contents of the packets have been examined and found correct.

12. If any of the stamps received are found to be unfit for issue, they should be at once returned to the Superintendent of Stamps. Stamps which are through any accident rendered unfit for issue at any time after receipt should be similarly returned to the Superintendent as soon as their unfitness is discovered. The necessary entries on account of stamps so returned should be made in the monthly statement (Rule 34), and in the *plus* and *minus* memoranda (Rule 36).

13. Immediately after the stamps received have been counted, they shall be placed in proper receptacles in the store under double lock, in the presence of the officer in charge, arranged in parcels or packets containing known quantities, the amount and value of each denomination being entered at the same time in a register* maintained to show the receipts and issues to and from the store under double lock. These entries shall be checked by the officer in charge at the time the stamps are deposited, and the correctness of the arithmetical calculations of additions to balance, as well as of the values compared with quantities,† shall be verified and initialled by him at the time. The register shall then be placed with the stamps in the double lock receptacles and shall not be removed therefrom, nor shall any entries be allowed to be made therein except in the presence of the officer in charge.

14. The treasurer, or such other officer as the Local Government may direct, shall be the *ex-officio* vendor of all descriptions of stamps in each local depôt. Sales to the public or to licensed vendors shall not be made direct from the stores under double lock, such sales being made by the *ex-officio* vendor from the supply entrusted to him for this purpose to be kept by him under single lock, as prescribed in the following rules.

15. The stock to be made over to the *ex-officio* vendor to be kept by him under single lock should ordinarily be sufficient for the probable demand of one month. The *ex-officio* vendor will maintain a register of receipts and issues from single lock in the same form as the double lock register, and on a fixed date near the beginning of each month he will prepare an indent for the quantity required for the month in a form showing the balance in his hands, an average month's consumption, and the quantity required. When this indent is presented to the officer in charge, he will examine the single lock register, check the correctness of the arithmetical calculations made therein, and compare the balance shown with the actual balance in the *ex-officio* vendor's hands. If he approves of the indent, he shall then give out the quantity required from the store under double lock, check the correctness of the entries made in the double lock register, see that they correspond with those made in the single lock register, initial both registers and return the double lock register into the double lock store. The same procedure shall be followed if any stamps should be required at any intermediate date. Local Governments may reduce the period of one month mentioned in this rule to one week or any other period less than a month, if they consider this desirable with reference to the amount of the treasurer's security, or for any other reason.

16. From the stock so made over to his charge and kept by him under single lock, the *ex-officio* vendor shall sell stamps to the public and to licensed vendors for cash. He shall maintain the single lock register in the form mentioned in the preceding paragraph, in such language as the Local Government may direct, entering therein both in quantities and values the receipts from double lock, the daily sales and balance in his hands at the end of each day. He shall pay daily into the Treasury the cash received by him for stamps sold the amount realised on account of each of the four descriptions of stamps—namely, general, court-fees, postage and telegraph—being paid in separately. The account of daily sales should be inspected, and the correctness of the calculations shown therein checked every day by the officer in charge of the depôt.

17. The rules regulating the grant of discount and grant of licenses to licensed vendors for the sale of general and court-fee stamps vary in different Provinces, and are prescribed by Local Governments, subject to the general rule that no change in the rates of discount shall be made without the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council.

* A form of register has been prescribed (Vide Form 14 in Appendix—vide Board's Proceedings, No. 38, dated 2nd February 1900 and No. 321, dated 29th November 1900), by the Comptroller and Auditor-General.

† N.B.—In all cases where stamp registers have to be checked, the actual check of quantities against values is a very important one; the correctness of the calculations of value must be tested in detail either by actual multiplication or by use of correctly prepared tables, and this check should never be omitted. This remark applies also to such of the following rules as prescribe a check of this kind. It is not necessary that the complete checking should be done by the officer himself. It will be sufficient if the officer personally checks 10 per cent. of the entries in each class of stamps, leaving the remaining entries in each class to be checked by a subordinate under his supervision.

18. Local Governments may direct that the sales to the public of general and court-fee stamps by *ex-officio* vendors shall be limited to stamps of a value higher than a named amount, the sale to the public of stamps of lower value being left to licensed vendors.

19. Telegraph stamps shall be sold to the public for cash by the *ex-officio* vendors, provided that the quantity of stamps sold to one person at one time shall not be less in value than Rs. 5, and that the quantity sold shall not include less than one rupee worth of any particular denomination. On such sales no discount is allowed.

20. Telegraph Masters shall obtain supplies of telegraph stamps from the local depôts subject to the same conditions in regard to the quantity supplied at one time as those of the preceding rule, and shall sell to the public telegraph stamps of all descriptions and to any value. No discount is allowed to Telegraph Masters for the sale of stamps; but they are allowed permanent advances of telegraph stamps without payment, the amount of the permanent advance being fixed by the Director-General of Telegraphs. When the permanent advance of telegraph stamps has once been taken, subsequent issues to Telegraph Masters are made only on cash payment. But when the local depôt is closed for holidays of more than one day's duration, officers in charge of local depôts are authorised to issue telegraph stamps to Telegraph Masters without payment in excess of the value of the permanent advance, these temporary advances being adjusted when the Treasury re-opens by the return of the stamps, or the payment of their value if sold.

21. Service postage stamps shall be sold for cash from local depôts to Government officials and to persons specially authorised to purchase and use service stamps on a written application. On such sales no discount is allowed.

22. Ordinary postage stamps shall be sold to the public for cash from local depôts, provided that the value sold to any person at one time shall not be less than Rs. 5 and shall not include any fraction of a rupee, and that embossed envelopes and post cards shall be sold in complete packets only. No discount is allowed on such sales. Soldiers' envelopes are sold from certain selected local depôts only to commanding officers in complete packets, no discount being allowed.

23. The officer in charge of every Post office, receiving office, tahsil, thana, and police station at which letters are received for despatch, and every person licensed under the rules framed under the Stamp Act, 1879, to sell general stamps, are required to keep a supply of ordinary postage stamps for sale to the public sufficient for the probable demands of one week. To such persons ordinary postage stamps, except soldiers' envelopes, are sold from local depôts for cash on the same conditions as to quantity as those prescribed in the preceding rule; and on such sales discount at the rate of quarter-of-an-anna in the rupee is allowed. A special extra commission of half-an-anna in the rupee has been sanctioned with effect from 11th November 1892, on all sales of the large size registration envelopes.

Note.—In the case of all stamped envelopes or postal wrappers, the discount or commission is calculated on the face value of the stamps.

24. The officers in charge of Post offices, receiving offices, tahsils, thanas and police stations at which letters are received for despatch, are also required to keep a supply of one anna revenue stamps for sale to the public. To such officers one anna revenue stamps are sold from local depôts on the same conditions as to quantity as those prescribed in Rule 22. On such sales discount at the rate of one anna in the rupee is allowed.

25. A District Officer may authorise the grant of discount at the rate of quarter-of-an-anna in the rupee to any *bonâ fide* retail vendor of ordinary postage stamps, provided he is not employed in a Government Treasury. Such authority shall be in writing, and shall remain in force for one year. It may contain conditions in all or any of the following respects, namely, the maintenance of a sufficient supply of stamps of all or any specified denominations (of postage stamps for retail sale; the sale of the stamps at one or more particular shops or places, and the prohibition of sales at other shops or places; and the days and hours of sale). The District Officer shall keep a register showing the name, residence, and occupation of every person to whom he grants such authority.

26. Superintendents and Inspectors of Post Offices within their respective jurisdictions and any other officers of the Post Office authorised on that behalf by the Postmaster-General, or Deputy Postmaster-General, are empowered to examine the stock of postage stamps kept by any of the persons required or authorised to keep postage stamps for sale to the public under Rules 23 and 25.

BRANCH DEPÔTS.

27. Every subordinate branch or tahsil Treasury shall be a branch depôt for the sale of stamps of all descriptions. But in any case where the sale of stamps from such a branch depôt is insignificant, and equal facilities exist for the supply of stamps from a depôt in the same station as the branch depôt, the Local Government may direct the closing of the branch depôt.

28. The sub-treasurer, or such other officer as the Local Government may direct, shall be the *ex-officio* vendor of stamps at a branch depôt.

29. The officer in charge of the branch depôt shall obtain his supplies from the local depôt to which the branch depôt is subordinate in the same manner as the *ex-officio* vendor at the local depôt obtains his supplies, except that the indent and the stamps must be sent by post or messenger to and from the local depôt; and that the examination of the balance in hand and the comparison of the amounts shown with those shown in the indent shall be done by the officer in charge of the branch depôt. In cases where there is likely to be a distinct saving of cost or greater security of the stamps in transit, the Local Government may empower the Board of Revenue or other superior Revenue authority to sanction the despatch of stamps direct from the central depôt to branch depôts, such supplies being passed through the accounts of the local depôt and treated by the Superintendent of Stamps as supplies to the local depôts to which the branch depôts are subordinate. The receipt and examination of stamps on arrival from a local, central or other depôt, should be conducted in the manner laid down in Rule 10.

The *ex-officio* vendor shall obtain his supplies from the officer in charge of the branch depôt in the same manner as the *ex-officio* vendor at the local depôt obtains his supplies from the officer in charge.

30. The supply to be kept in a branch depôt should be equal to the probable demand for three months; but Local Governments may direct that the supply shall be equal to the demand of any other period instead of three months which they may consider expedient. The stock should be kept up to this amount by indenting and obtaining supplies from the local depôt from time to time as may be necessary.

31. Local Governments shall fix the period, a supply sufficient for which shall be kept under single lock by the *ex-officio* vendor, and the remainder of the stamps in the branch depôt shall be kept under double lock of the officer in charge of the branch depôt and of the *ex-officio* vendor, and given out to single lock as required.

32. Sales from branch depôts will be made subject to the same rules as those from local depôts.

RETURNS TO AND BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STAMPS AND ACCOUNTANTS-GENERAL.

33. On the last open day of September and March each year, the officer in charge of each local depôt will count, or have counted in his presence, the stamps in his depôt, both those under double lock and those under single lock, and will require the officers in charge of the branch depôts subordinate to him similarly to count the stamps in the branch depôt. He will attach to the monthly statements for September and March rendered to the Superintendents of Stamps, Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, or in the provinces noted in the margin,* to the local Superintendent or Commissioner of Stamps, or other officer named by the Local Government a certificate in the following form:—

"I do hereby certify that I have personally examined and counted, or had counted in my presence, the stamps of all descriptions in store in this local depôt on the September 190 and March found by actual calculation of numbers and values not less than 10 per cent. of the entries having been checked by me personally that the value of each description is as stated in the margin.† Also that I have received similar certificates from the officers in charge of the subordinate branch depôts that they have similarly counted the stamps in their branch depôts on the last day of the month of September 190 and March of which the accounts are incorporated in the head Treasury accounts, and that they have made a similar calculation of numbers and values, and that these certificates show the value of each description of stamps in all the branch depôts to be as stated in the margin.†

* The total values of stamps in this depôt and the branch depôts, as found by the above certified examination, are therefore—

General	...	...	...	...
Court-fees	...	...	...	...
Telegraph	...	...	...	...
Postage	...	...	...	...

which amounts agree with the balances shown in the monthly statement for September March to which this certificate is attached." If there is any difference, add "with the exception of the following differences:—

.....the explanation of which is as follows:—

34. Monthly statements showing the receipts and issues of each local depôt including the transactions of the subordinate branch depôts shall be prepared by the officer in charge of the local depôt, and forwarded in the first week of the succeeding month to the Superintendents of Stamps, Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, or the local Superintendent or Commissioner of Stamps or other officers specified in Rule 33, separate statements being prepared for general stamps, court-fee stamps, telegraph stamps and postage stamps.

These statements shall show for each denomination of stamp the values of the balance in hand at the beginning of each month, of the quantities received from the Superintendent of Stamps or other officer during the month, of the quantity sold during the month, and of the balance in hand at the end of the month. The statements may be forwarded direct to the Superintendents of Stamps, Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, or the local Superintendent or Commissioner of Stamps, or through any officer named by the Local Government.

35. The statements shall be checked by the Superintendents of Stamps, Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, or by the local Superintendent or Commissioner of Stamps, or other officer specified in Rule 33, by comparison with previous statements and the accounts of the central depôts, and shall be used by him to check indents and to watch the balances in the local depôts. If the monthly statements of transactions show that the balance of any kind of stamp in any local depôt is falling too low, the attention of the officer in charge should be called to the fact. To enable him to check the returns, each local Superintendent or Commissioner of Stamps, or other officer specified in Rule 33, will be supplied by the Superintendents of Stamps, Calcutta or Bombay, with monthly statements showing the stamps issued to and returned by the local depôts subordinate to each.

36. Treasury Officers and other officers in charge of local depôts shall forward to the local Accountant-General or Comptroller such returns of the receipts and sales of stamps as the Comptroller-General may direct, in the form of *plus* and *minus* memoranda or otherwise.

37. Each Superintendent or Commissioner of Stamps, or other officer specified in Rule 33, shall send to the Accountant-General or Comptroller such accounts of the transactions of the central and local depôts as the Comptroller-General may prescribe.

38. They shall also every six months intimate to the Accountant-General or Comptroller for comparison with the amounts shown in the returns received from Treasuries and other local depôts under Rule 36, the receipt of the certificates prescribed in Rule 33, and the amount of stock certified to be in balance in each local depôt.

39. The Comptroller-General shall prescribe such rules as he considers necessary for the disposal of the accounts mentioned in the foregoing rules, and for the check of the receipts, issues and sales.

40. The Local Governments in Bengal, Madras and Bombay, shall arrange for a periodical verification by counting of the stock of stamps in the respective central depôts. The verification shall be carried out in the manner and form to be prescribed by the Comptroller-General, to whom the result will be reported.

41. The Superintendents of Stamps, Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, shall forward every month to the Director-General of the Post Office, a statement showing the balances and receipts in the central depôt and the issues to each local depôt of postage stamps during the month. Each Superintendent or Commissioner of Stamps, or other officer specified in Rule 33, shall also send monthly to the Comptroller of the Post Office, a statement of the sales during the past month of the several denominations of postage stamps in the local and branch depôts subordinate to him. Each Accountant-General or Comptroller will, with his monthly account current with the Examiner of Telegraph Accounts, forward a statement showing the total realizations at each Treasury from the sales of telegraph stamps during the month.

NOTIFICATION No. II.

[Fort St. George Gazette, Part I, dated 13th March 1888, pages 200, 201.]

No. 81.—With reference to the foregoing rules and in supersession of those published in the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 7th August 1883 and 7th December 1883, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council resolves to issue the following additional rules under Section 55, Act I of 1879, and Section 27, Act VII of 1870:—

1. The office of the Superintendent of Stamps shall be a local depôt for the sale of Court-fee stamps exceeding Rs. 60 in value,

2. When the stock of stamps in any local depôt falls below the prescribed amount, it shall be the duty of the Superintendent of Stamps to bring the same to the notice of the Board of Revenue.

3. Such of the packets received in a local depôt from the Superintendent of Stamps as bear English seals and marked as containing a certain number of stamps, may be left with seals unbroken to be counted as they are required on being given out from double lock.

4. The stock of stamps to be left with the treasurer shall be limited to a week's supply, except when the value of stamps, stock notes and cash left with him is below the security taken, when the value of stamps in his possession may be increased by the difference.

5. The register referred to in the Government of India Rule 16 shall be in the English language.

6. The supply to be kept in a branch depôt shall be equal to the probable demand for one month. As soon as the number of stamps in the branch depôt falls below the number issued in the preceding six weeks, the officer in charge of the branch depôt shall submit an indent for a supply equal to the probable consumption of one month, so that he may always have a month's reserve besides the number required for sale during the month.

The Board of Revenue may, however, direct that the supply to be kept in any particular branch depôt or depôts shall be equal to the probable demand for three months. In such cases the officer in charge of the branch depôt shall, as soon as the number of stamps in the depôt falls below the number issued during the preceding four months, submit an indent for a supply equal to the probable consumption of three months, so that he may always have three months' stock in reserve besides the number required for sale during the next three months.

7. In every branch depôt stamps sufficient for a week's supply should be left in charge of the taluk sheristadar, who is the *ex-officio* vendor, and all the remaining stamps should be kept under joint lock and key of the tahsildar and taluk sheristadar, both the keys being under charge of the latter when the former is absent from the head-quarters.

8. Such officers of Government as the Board of Revenue or Government may appoint shall be *ex-officio* vendors. Such persons as may be licensed by the Collector or other officer empowered by the Board of Revenue or Government to grant licenses shall be licensed vendors.

9. *Ex-officio* vendors shall sell such stamps as they may be directed by the Board of Revenue or Government to sell. Licensed vendors shall sell such stamps as are indicated in their licenses.

10. Every license shall be revocable at any time by the authority who granted it. Every license shall specify the name of the licensee, the description of stamps that are to be sold under the license, the place of vend, and such other matters as may be necessary, and shall be signed by the authority granting it.

11. Subject to Rule 13, every licensed vendor who purchases from Government, by payment of ready money, stamps of the individual value of Rs. 5 and under, and to the aggregate amount of Rs. 5 and upwards, shall receive the same at a rate of discount not exceeding 6½ per cent.

12. Subject to Rule 13, every licensed vendor who purchases from Government, by payment of ready money, stamps of the individual value of above Rs. 5, and not exceeding Rs. 50, shall receive the same at such discount, not exceeding the following rates as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue or Government:—

Vendors licensed at places where stamps are sold by Government	3 per cent.
Do. do. at other places	5 „

13. No discount shall be given on account of the purchase of any stamps exceeding Rs. 50 in value, nor on any stamps applied on material furnished by the purchaser himself, nor if there be purchased at one time less than the quantity prescribed by these rules in respect of any class or value of stamps.

14. The Board of Revenue or Government may authorize licensed vendors to be supplied with stamps without requiring payment in ready money. Such licensed vendors may receive commission on these stamps sold by them at a rate to be prescribed by the Board of Revenue or Government not exceeding 2 per cent. In this case, sufficient security shall be taken from the licensed vendors for the payment of any sum due by them to Government.

15. Every licensed vendor shall at all times have fixed up in a conspicuous station outside the place of vend a signboard bearing the name of the vendor, with the words "Licensed Vendor of Stamps" in English and the vernacular language of the district. He shall also have in the place of vend the Acts of the Legislature and their schedules referring to the stamps sold by him, together with these rules in English and the said vernacular, placed, so that they can readily be seen and read by purchasers.

16. Every *ex-officio* vendor selling stamps to any person not a licensed vendor, and every licensed vendor, shall write on the back of every stamp paper which he sells a serial number as determined by orders of the Government, the date of sale, the name and residence of the purchaser, and if the stamp is purchased for the use of any person other than the person who tenders the money for it, the name and residence of that other person also, and the value of the stamp in full in words, and his own ordinary signature, at the same time he shall make corresponding entries in a register to be kept by him in

such form as the Government may prescribe. Any such vendor who shall knowingly make a false endorsement on the stamp sold, or a false entry in his registers, renders himself liable to prosecution under the Indian Penal Code.

17. Every *ex-officio* or licensed vendor shall, without delay, deliver any stamp which he has in his possession for sale, on demand by any person tendering the value in any currency which would be accepted on behalf of Government by the Collector of the district.

18. No *ex-officio* or licensed vendor shall sell any stamps, the use of which has been ordered by competent authority to be discontinued.

19. Every *ex-officio* or licensed vendor shall keep and render such accounts as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue or Government, and shall allow the Collector of the district or any officer duly authorized by such Collector, by the Board of Revenue or by the Government, at any time to inspect such accounts, and the register which he is required to keep under Rule 16, and to examine the store of stamps in his possession.

20. Every *ex-officio* or licensed vendor shall, at any time, on the demand of the Collector or other officer duly authorized by the Board of Revenue or Government, deliver up all stamps remaining in his possession, and if such stamps have been paid for shall receive back the value thereof, less any discount which may have been allowed.

21. When application for an impressed sheet of a particular value is made to a Treasury Officer or to a stamp vendor, the Treasury Officer or stamp vendor shall, if possible, issue a single sheet of that particular value. If a single sheet is not available he shall issue the fewest possible sheets that will aggregate the required value. In the latter case he shall certify on each sheet that a single sheet of the required value is not available and that he has furnished the fewest possible sheets to make up the required value.

22. When, however, the value of the stamp paper applied for is higher than the highest value of stamp which a vendor is authorized to sell, such vendor shall not attempt to supply such stamp by the sale of a number of the stamped sheets he is authorized to sell and the use of the certificate referred to in rule 21. [Board's Proceedings, No. 523, dated 4th November 1891, and No. 183, dated 17th April 1894.]

23. The stock of stamps in the Central Depôt shall be verified annually by an officer of the rank of Assistant or Deputy Collector, unconnected with the Stamp Department and deputed by the Government for the purpose. The verification shall take place in the manner and form prescribed by the Comptroller-General, to whom the result will be reported.—[G.O., dated 4th June 1894, No. 390, Revenue.]

2. The subsidiary rules drawn up by the Board with the approval of the Local Government are contained in the following paragraphs:—

(i)* Under the rules communicated with Government of India order, No. 1439 S.R., dated 27th March 1895, the Treasurer of the Collector's office and the Taluk Sarishtadar or Taluk Head Accountant of every Tahsildar's office are *ex-officio* vendors. The Head Gunastahs of every Deputy Tahsildar's office where a Sub-treasury exists, except Gúdalúr and Vayittiri, the Sarishtadar at Gúdalúr and the Sub-treasurer at Vayittiri and the following Customs officers, viz., the Sea Customs Superintendents of Gopalpur, Cuddalore, Porto Novo, Pamban, Tuticorin, Kulasekarapatnam, the Sayer Superintendent at Kandamangalam and the officer in charge of the Railway Sayer at Pondicherry, have been appointed *ex-officio* vendors by the Board.*

* Board's Proceedings, No. 246, 18th September 1900.

Note.—(1) Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars of the Kistna and Nellore districts, all Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars of the Trichinopoly District (except the Town Deputy Tahsildar, Trichinopoly), all Deputy Tahsildars of the Ganjam and Anantapur Districts, the Deputy Tahsildars of Siruguppa, Kampli and Yemmiganúru, of the Bellary District, the Head Clerks of the Principal Assistant's and General Duty Deputy Collector's offices, Ganjam District, and Revenue Inspectors of all districts, are appointed *ex-officio* vendors of Court-fee stamps of the value of 8 annas and 1 anna.

Board's Proceedings, Nos. 590, 24th February, 1892; 875, 12th March 1894; 1087, 4th August 1890; 5815, 2nd August 1882; 204, 9th June 1887; 328, 8th July 1887; 436, 9th August 1887; 634, 13th October 1887; and 2717, 19th October 1901.

(2) The Assistant to the Superintendent of Stamps is an *ex-officio* vendor and is required to sell Court-fee stamps of the value exceeding 50 rupees in value.

Board's Proceedings, Mis. No. 3760, 23rd May 1872.

(3) The Head-Shroff, Madras Town Circle, is an *ex-officio* vendor of Stamps required for abkari purposes, viz., 8-anna stamp papers and 1-anna Court-fee labels and receipt stamps.

Board's Proceedings, Nos. 80, 9th February 1892, and 239, 2nd May 1892.

(4) Collectors may license vendors at their discretion. Divisional officers also have power to issue licenses (*vide* Board's Proceedings, No. 86, 11th January 1896).

Tahsildars and Deputy Tahsildars in independent charge may issue licenses to, and take muchilikas from, persons whom they may appoint as substitutes for stamp vendors to whom they grant leave under paragraph 2 (viii) of G.O., No. 680, dated 14th November 1898.

Board's Proceedings, No. 115, 17th May 1899.

(5) Applications for licenses need not be stamped under the Court-fees Act. Board's Proceedings, No. 357, 23rd August 1897.

(ii) *Ex-officio* vendors will sell stamps of all values to all applicants except where they are authorized to sell particular descriptions of stamps only.

Note.—(1) The Treasurer of the Collector's office shall not *ordinarily* be required to sell any stamps, except those indented for by District Judges for succession certificates to persons other than licensed stamp vendors, but discretion is given to Collectors to authorise the Treasurer to sell to the public stamps of or above the value of Rs. 50, if he, the Collector, considers that such authorization is necessary with reference to the special circumstances of the district. There is, however, no objection to stamps of higher values (from above Rs. 50 up to 1,000), being kept in the Taluk office at head-quarters, but the stock should be limited to those denominations for which there is a fairly constant demand.

Board's Proceedings, No. 181-R/1723, Mis., 5th July 1901.

(2) Generally, licensed stamp vendors will not desire to sell stamps above Rs. 50 in value. The descriptions they profess to sell should be specified briefly in the license.

(3) Sale by licensed stamp vendors of abkari engagement and sale certificate forms printed on stamped papers is unauthorized.

Board's Proceedings, No. 144, 6th April 1893.

(4) Licensed stamp vendors may sell application forms under the Arms Act and the usual commission of 5 per cent. may be allowed.

Board's Proceedings, No. 381, 6th September 1897.

(5) They may also sell stamped papers on which forms of licenses under the Indian Explosives Act IV of 1894 are printed. The usual discount, according to values and to places where sold, may be allowed to the vendors in respect of such issues.

Board's Proceedings, No. 17, 19th January 1900.

(iii) The license granted to licensed stamp vendors will be in the following form:—"I, A.B., Collector of the district of C., do hereby license D. to vend all stamps prescribed by the General Stamp Act not exceeding Rupees 50 each in value (or certain description of stamps) at E., in the taluk of F., in the district aforesaid." Before the license is issued the licensee must execute an engagement in the following form:—"I, A.B., in consideration of my being licensed to sell stamps by the Collector of C., do hereby bind myself to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India in Council in the sum of Rupees—, to obey all such orders concerning the sale and custody of stamps as the Collector may from time to time issue to me, to keep a sufficient stock of all stamps which I am licensed to sell, to sell stamps at the place where I am licensed to sell them between the hours of 10 A.M. and 5 P.M., on all days except Sundays and Government holidays notified in the District Gazette, to keep such accounts and make such reports and returns as are prescribed by the Board of Revenue from time to time, to allow any person duly authorized by the Collector at all times to inspect my accounts, books, and stock, to make good all losses caused by want of reasonable care on my part or on the part of any person employed by me, and generally to fulfill all duties devolving on me as stamp vendor honestly and properly."

The registration under the Registration Act of engagements taken from licensed vendors is optional. Where the business done, however, is extensive Collectors may, at their discretion, require registration. The cost must be borne by the vendor.

(iv) Since 1st April 1900, the rates of discount to be allowed to licensed stamp vendors for the sale of Non-judicial and Court-fee stamps have been as shown below:—

	Rates of Discount.		
	In Madras.	At places in the mofussil where stamps are sold by Government.	At other places.
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
1	2	3	4
Non-judicial Stamps.			
Adhesive—			
One anna revenue labels ...	6 4 0	6 4 0	6 4 0
Other stamps not exceeding in value As. 8 each ...	3 2 0	4 11 0	6 4 0
Exceeding As. 8 but not exceeding Rs. 5 each ...	1 0 0	2 0 8	3 2 0
Exceeding Rs. 5 but not exceeding Rs. 50 each ...	1 0 0	1 0 0	1 0 0
Hundi stamps ...	3 2 0	4 11 0	6 4 0
Impressed stamp papers ...			
Court-fee Stamps.			
Stamps of the value of Re. 1 or less ...	1 0 8	1 0 8	1 0 8
Stamps of higher values ...	0 12 6	0 12 6	0 12 6
Copy stamped papers ...	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0

Board's Proceedings, No. 44, 5th February 1900.

Do. No. 133-R./1337, Mis., 29th May 1901.

Note.—(1) The scales laid down in columns 3 and 4 of the table regulate the rates of discount payable to licensed vendors at places in the mofussil within three miles from the place of vend of an *ex-officio* vendor and to those at places beyond that limit of distance, respectively.

Board's Proceedings, No. 237, 8th September 1900.

(2) There are also salaried vendors in Madras who sell stamps without obtaining any discount.

G.O., No. 967, 22nd June 1872.

(3) Licensed vendors may be supplied with stamps without requiring payment of money in all cases where this system is now in force, and in other cases with the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue. The same vendor may be authorized by the Collector to sell certain descriptions of stamps on the discount system and certain other descriptions of stamps on the commission system.

(4) When licensed vendors are supplied with stamps without requiring payment of ready money, they shall first give sufficient security, the amount and nature of which shall be determined by the Collector. S.O. (L.R. and Settlement) No. 130 (Ed. 1900) shall be applicable, *mutatis mutandis*, to security required under this rule. The condition of the bonds will be as shown in Appendix No. 1.

(5) The rate of commission allowed to licensed stamp vendors for stamps which are supplied to them without requiring payment of ready money shall be 2 per cent.

N.B.—The commission system is not now in force in the Madras Presidency.

(v) Whenever the sale of stamps at any place where they are sold on the discount system is so large that the rates of discount now prescribed are unnecessarily high, the Collector will, if the appointment of additional vendors appears unnecessary, report the same to the Board of Revenue.

Board's Proceedings, No. 611, 12th December 1892.

(vi) The endorsement required by Government Rule (9) in the preceding paragraph will be made on all stamped papers, including Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Drafts, and Bills of Lading, but not on adhesive stamps (non-judicial). In the blank space left in the Court-fee adhesive stamps of the new pattern, the vendor shall insert the name of the purchaser, the date of sale and his own ordinary signature. The serial number to be assigned will begin with the first stamped paper sold in the official year and end with the last. When an *ex-officio* vendor sells stamps to a licensed vendor, there will be no serial number or endorsement. A register of sales will be kept in the prescribed form (Form No. XXXIV). Entries will be made as each sale is effected. If the vendor takes a stamp from the stock for his own private use, it must be considered a sale and entered in the book as such. Adhesive stamps of the same value sold at the same time to the same purchaser will be entered in a lump, but the number of such stamps must be shown in column 4. The entries will be totalled at the close of each day, and the account will then be initialled by the vendor.

(vii) i. Stamp vendors are strictly prohibited from altering endorsements made by them on stamped papers.

ii. Any stamp vendor proved to have contravened this rule is liable to have his license cancelled.

iii. If an incorrect endorsement has been inadvertently made, the stamped paper may be treated as spoiled under section 49 (a) of Act II of 1899 and allowance may be claimed therefore under section 53.

Board's Proceedings, No. 99, 1st February 1888.

(viii) The following accounts will be kept by all *ex-officio* and licensed vendors:—Registers in Form XIV should be maintained in local and branch depôts both for transactions under the double lock store and for the stock under the single lock. The registers in use for the latter stock should have an additional column to exhibit the discount allowed on sales to licensed vendors. Forms XXV and XXVII show daily receipts. Form XXV will be kept for stamps bought for ready money, and Form XXVII for stamps received for sale on commission and by *ex-officio* vendors. All stamps will be entered in the books as received. On the last day of each month the vendor will add up the columns and enter in one line the receipts of the whole month. Below this line he will enter the sales of the month obtained from Forms XXVI or XXVIII. The sales will then be deducted from the receipts and the remainder will be the opening balance of the next month. Forms XXVI and XXVIII are abstracts of daily sales. Form XXVI is to be kept for stamps bought for ready money, and form XXVIII for stamps received for sale on commission and by *ex-officio* vendors. The columns will be totalled at the end of every month. Forms LXXV and LXXVI are Monthly Abstracts of stamps received and sold. Form LXXV will be prepared by all *ex-officio* and Form LXXVI by licensed vendors and submitted to the Deputy Collector at the beginning of each month. In Form LXXVI the sales by vendors selling on discount will be given in the lump under each designation of stamp without reference to the

transactions in each value. Also *ex-officio* vendors will distinguish the sales to vendors on discount from sales to others. Books containing these forms will be issued to *ex-officio* and licensed vendors as required. The issuing officer will see that the pages are numbered, and that the number of pages is entered on the first, and he will sign this entry. None of the books will be destroyed without the written permission of the Collector.

Board's Proceedings, No. 38, 2nd February 1900.

Note.—(1) Only printed heading slips should be supplied free to stamp vendors who should supply their own books. These books should be sent to the Sub-treasury officers for the pages being numbered and signed.

Board's Proceedings, No. 3336, 8th October 1892.

Do. No. 396, 4th September 1893.

(2) When the same vendor sells stamps both on the discount and on the commission system, the accounts of receipts and sales shall be kept separate.

(3) i. With a view to economise stationery and printing, it has been decided to send printed registers prescribed for use in Huzar treasuries only to the special branch depôts which maintain a stock of all the denominations of stamps or have numerous transactions in stamps of the higher denominations. Ordinary branch depôts will also be supplied with printed registers in the same form but slightly modified as under:—

Judicial Stock Register will be divided into two sections—one to contain Court-fee labels and court copy papers and the other to contain stamped papers.

Non-Judicial Stock Register.—The number of columns provided for special adhesive stamps will be 10 and that of blank columns under impressed stamps 15.

ii. Postal and Telegraph stock registers in the form prescribed for use in local depôts will be supplied without any modification to branch depôts.

Board's Proceedings, No. 140, 25th May 1900.

3. The following are additional rules regarding *ex-officio* vendors:—(1) * No *ex-officio* vendors can purchase stamps at a discount, nor can any *ex-officio* vendor be allowed a discount on his sales. Special remuneration is to be given to official vendors in very exceptional cases only. (2) The Tahsildar or Deputy Tahsildar will sign the worthy account, Form LXXV, whenever he is at head-quarters, at the time of its submission, and append to it the following certificate:—"I hereby certify that I have examined the ^{Tahsildar's} ^{Head Accountant's} stock and accounts and have checked the daily accounts with the cash chitta and the monthly account, and have found them correct." If the Tahsildar is absent from head-quarters at the time that the monthly account is submitted, he will, immediately on his return to head-quarters, make the necessary examination and submit a certificate in the same form.* (2A. * The monthly stamp account (Form LXXV) submitted by the officer in charge of a branch depôt should be carefully scrutinized in the Huzar office, and the sales included therein should be compared with the credits in the cash account.* (3) When sales are made on discount to licensed vendors, the vendor must pay the value of the stamps less the discount on delivery. The full value of the stamps will be entered as a credit in the stamp accounts and in the Taluk or Huzar accounts, and the discount will be shown as a payment in the latter.

* Board's Proceedings, No. 112, 14th March 1896.

Do. No. 94, 12th March 1897.

Do. No. 223, 11th June 1896.

4. The following are additional rules regarding vendors on discount:—(1) Licensed vendors must maintain on hand a sufficient stock of such stamps as they are licensed to sell. (2) If a licensed vendor who has purchased stamps on discount should die, or if his license expire or be revoked, or if, from other causes, such as the removal or abolition of a Court, he is unable to sell to the public his stock of stamps, the Collector may grant a special license for a limited period to enable the vendor or his heirs and assigns to sell off the balance of stock, or may refund the value of stamps under the rules contained in Chapter VIII.

5. These rules do not apply to the special adhesive labels affixed to private documents by the Superintendent of Stamps under the rules passed by the Government of India under section 10-b of Act II of 1899.

6. The number of non-official vendors in each district should be at least 5 to every 100,000 of the population.

Board's Proceedings, No. 3113, 6th September 1884.

7. A Stamp vendor is bound to sell stamps at his place of vend from 10 to 5 o'clock on working days; but there is no prohibition against his selling on Sundays and holidays.

Board's Proceedings, No. 3844, 12th November 1884.

8. There is no objection to stamped papers, on which forms of licenses under the Indian Explosives Act, IV of 1884, are printed, or to forms of application for license under the Arms Act printed on stamped papers being issued to licensed vendors for sale to the public. The usual discount, according to values and to places where sold, may be allowed to the vendors in respect of such issues.

Board's Proceedings, No. 381, 6th September 1897.

Do. No. 17, 19th January 1900.

Do. No. 381, 6th September 1897, applies to license forms under the Arms Act.

9. Vendors on commission shall indent on the Treasury Deputy Collector at the beginning of each week, or oftener if necessary, for such stamp as may be necessary to bring their stock up to the standard fixed by the Collector.

The indent shall be in Form No. LXXVIII.

On receiving the indent, the Treasury Deputy Collector shall fill in the number of stamps supplied and their value in the columns provided for that purpose, and return the indent with the supply.

Immediately on the arrival of the supply the vendors shall examine the stamps and compare them with the indent. If the stamps are in proper order and correct, the vendor will receipt the indent and return it to the Deputy Collector. If any stamps are in excess or deficient, he will immediately report the fact. If any are injured so as to be unfit for use, he will return them with the indent to the Deputy Collector and will not enter them in Form No. XXVII.

Licensed vendors selling stamps on commission shall remit their collections to such Treasuries and at such periods as Collectors may determine. Each remittance shall be accompanied by a memorandum showing its amount and the date of despatch. The officer receiving the remittance shall grant a receipt for it.

The accounts, books, stock, cash and balance of all stamp vendors on commission shall be examined once in three months by the Tahsildar of the taluk or such other person as may be authorized by the Collector to examine them periodically or at any time. The examining officer will report fully on the result of his examination to the Collector.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

Simla, the 18th April 1879.

No. 195.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, and in continuation of the Notification No. 1314, dated the 23th June 1878, the President in Council is pleased to reduce to one anna the fee chargeable under the said Act on every application for the return of exhibits filed with petitions presented to a Collector in accordance with the provisions of Sections 17 and 19 of the Bengal License Act, 1878.

Rules for the issue of *ex-officio* licenses to Postal officials for the sale of non-judicial (b) and Court-fee (b) Stamps.

The following is the text of the rules prescribed by Government for the sale of non-judicial stamps by postmasters, sub-postmasters, and branch postmasters licensed for the purpose.

Collectors of Districts or other officers empowered by the Board of Revenue or Government may, at their discretion, grant licenses to officials in charge of Post Offices to sell non-judicial (b) and Court-fee (b) stamps.

2. The licenses will be issued on the application of the officials concerned submitted through their immediate superiors, i.e., a Superintendent of Post Offices or a postmaster of the first class, as the case may be.

3. Postmasters, sub-postmasters and branch postmasters will be licensed by their official designation and not by name. (a) The engagement to be executed by them will likewise be drawn up in their official designation and be signed by them. (a)

4. Postal officials licensed to sell non-judicial (b) and Court-fee (b) stamps shall be subject in all respects to the rules and regulations applicable to licensed private vendors and should purchase the stamps required by them for sale from their own private funds.

5. The stamps kept for sale, the collections realized therefrom, and all registers and papers connected therewith should on no account be placed in any of the receptacles of the Post Office or in the room in which the work of the Post Office is conducted, but should be kept apart, the licensee in each case making his own arrangements for the purpose.

(G.O., dated 14th July 1893, No. 626, Revenue.)

Board's Proceedings, 5th August 1893, No. 346 (Separate Revenue).

(a) Do. 6th Sept. 1893, " 519 (do.)

(b) Do. 15th June 1894, " 229 (do.)

6. All correspondence connected with the purchase and the sale of the stamps being purely private, the usual postage chargeable thereon should be paid by the licensee from his private funds.

7. A license issued in the official designation of a Postal official will, in the event of his transfer or departure on leave, be transferable to his successor or *locum tenens*; (c) but the latter should execute a separate duly stamped engagement. (c) It will be compulsory on the relieving official to continue the sale and take over the stock of unsold stamps (not spoiled or rendered unfit for use) remaining with his predecessor, at its value minus the discount allowed thereon at the time of purchase. Any official who is not in a position so to take over the stamps and pay for them *forthwith* will not be appointed either temporarily or permanently to succeed an official who has been licensed to sell stamps. But, if after taking over the stamps, an official permanently appointed should wish to discontinue the sale, he should, before doing so, get the license cancelled in the ordinary course through his immediate superior, i.e., a Superintendent of Post Offices or a Postmaster of the first class.

8. In cases where the permanent official is absent only for a short time, his *locum tenens* should take over from his predecessor a stock of stamps sufficient for sale during the period of his incumbency, at cost price less discount.

9. If the out-going Postmaster should have no stock on hand, the in-coming Postmaster should, without any loss of time, buy the necessary supply from the nearest Treasury.

COURT FEES.

SCHEDULE I ACT VII of 1870.—*Ad valorem Fees.*

NUMBER.	PROPER FEE.
1. *Plaint or Memorandum of Appeal (not otherwise provided for in this Act), presented to any Civil or Revenue Court except those mentioned in section 3.	When the amount or value of the subject-matter in dispute does not exceed five rupees... Six annas.
	When such amount or value exceeds five rupees, for every five rupees or part thereof, in excess of five rupees, up to one hundred rupees..... Six annas.
	When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees up to one thousand rupees..... Twelve annas.
	When such amount or value exceeds one thousand rupees, for every one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one thousand rupees, up to five thousand rupees..... Five rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds five thousand rupees, for every two hundred and fifty rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five thousand rupees, up to ten thousand rupees..... Ten rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds ten thousand rupees, for every five hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of ten thousand rupees, up to twenty thousand rupees..... Fifteen rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds twenty thousand rupees, for every one thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of twenty thousand rupees, up to thirty thousand rupees..... Twenty rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds thirty thousand rupees, for every two thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of thirty thousand rupees, up to fifty thousand rupees..... Twenty rupees.
	When such amount or value exceeds fifty thousand rupees, for every five thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of fifty thousand rupees..... Twenty-five rupees.
	Provided that the maximum fee leviable on a plaint or memorandum of appeal shall be three thousand rupees.

(c) Board's Proceedings, 17th May 1895, No. 207 (Separate Revenue.)

* To ascertain the proper fee leviable on the institution of a suit, see the table annexed to this schedule.

SCHEDULE I—*contd.**Ad valorem Fees—contd.*

NUMBER.	PROPER FEE.
2. Plant* in a suit for possession† under the Specific Relief Act, 1877, Section 9.†	A fee of one-half the amount prescribed in the foregoing scale.
3. [Repealed by Act VIII of 1871.]	
4. Application for review of judgment,† if presented on or after the ninetieth day from the date of the decree.	The fee leviable on the plaint or memorandum of appeal.
5. Application for review of judgment,† if presented before the ninetieth day from the date of the decree.	One-half of the fee leviable on the plaint or memorandum of appeal.
6. Copy or translation of a judgment or order not being, or having the force of, a decree.	When such judgment or order is passed by any Civil Court other than a High Court, or by the presiding officer of any Revenue Court or office, or by any other Judicial or Executive Authority,— (a)—If the amount or value of the subject-matter is fifty or less than fifty rupees..... Four annas. (b)—If such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees..... Eight annas. When such judgment or order is passed by a High Court..... One rupee.
7. Copy of a decree or order having the force of a decree.	When such decree or order is made by any Civil Court other than a High Court, or by any Revenue Court,— (a)—If the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit wherein such decree or order is made, is fifty or less than fifty rupees..... Eight annas. (b)—If such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees..... One rupee. When such decree or order is made by a High Court..... Four rupees.
8. Copy of any document liable to stamp-duty under the Indian Stamp Act I. of 1879,§ when left by any party to a suit or proceeding in place of the original withdrawn.	(a)—When the stamp-duty chargeable on the original does not exceed eight annas. The amount of the duty chargeable on the original. (b)—In any other case..... Eight annas.†

* Words repealed by Act XX of 1870 are omitted.

† These words were substituted for the original words by Act XII of 1891.

‡ As to application for review of judgment, see Act XIV of 1882, S. 623 (for Act XIV of 1882, see revised edition as modified up to 1st July 1888, published by the Legislative Department).

§ The reference to Act XVII of 1869 is altered in accordance with Act I of 1879, S. 2, printed, General Acts, 1877 to 1881, Ed. 1884, p. 267.

SCHEDULE I—*contd.**Ad valorem Fees—contd.*

NUMBER.	PROPER FEE.
9. Copy of any revenue or judicial proceeding or order not otherwise provided for by this Act, or copy of any account, statement, report or the like, taken out of any Civil or Criminal or Revenue Court or office or from the office of any chief officer charged with the executive administration of a Division.	For every three hundred and sixty words or fraction of three hundred and sixty words. Eight annas.
10. [Repealed by Act VIII of 1890.]	
11. *Probate of a Will or letters of administration with or without Will annexed.	If the amount or value of the property in respect of which the grant of probate or letters is made exceeds one thousand rupees. Two per centum on such amount or value, provided that when, after the grant of a certificate under the Succession Certificate Act, VII of 1889, or any enactment repealed by that Act, or under the Regulation of the Bombay Code No. VIII of 1827, [6] in respect of any property included in an estate, a grant of probate or letters of administration is made in respect of the same estate, the fee payable in respect of the latter grant shall be reduced by the amount of the fee paid in respect of the former grant.
12. *Certificate under the Succession Certificate Act VII of 1889.	In any case. Two per centum on the amount or value of any debt or security specified in the certificate under Section 8 of the Act, and three per centum on the amount or value of any debt or security to which the certificate is extended under Section 10 of the Act. NOTE.—1. The amount of a debt is its amount, including interest, on the day on which the inclusion of the debt in the certificate is applied for so far as such amount can be ascertained. NOTE.—2. Whether or not any power with respect to a security specified in a certificate has been conferred under the Act, and, where such a power has been so conferred, whether the power is for the receiving of interest or dividends on, or for the negotiation or transfer of, the security, or for both purposes, the value of the security is its market-value on the day on which the inclusion of the security in the certificate is applied for, so far as such value can be ascertained.
12A. *Certificate under the Regulation of the Bombay Code No. VIII of 1827.†	1. As regards debts and securities, the same fee as would be payable in respect of a certificate under the Succession Certificate Act, VII of 1889, or in respect of an extension of such a certificate, as the case may be, and 2. As regards other property in respect of which the certificate is granted, two per centum on so much of the amount or value of such property as exceeds one thousand rupees.

* The Articles 11, 12, and 12A here printed were substituted for the original Articles 11 and 12 by Act VII of 1889, s. 18 (1).

† Printed, Bombay Code, Ed. 1880, p. 7.

SCHEDULE I—*concl.**Ad valorem Fees—concl.*

NUMBER.	PROPER FEE.
13. * Application to the Chief Court or the Court of the Financial Commissioner of the Punjab for the exercise of its revisional jurisdiction under Section 622 of the Code of Civil Procedure.	When the amount or value of the subject-matter in dispute does not exceed twenty-five rupees. Two rupees. When such amount or value exceeds twenty-five rupees. The fee leviable on a Memorandum of Appeal. XIV. of 1882.
14. † Application to the Court of the Recorder of Rangoon for the exercise of the revisional jurisdiction of a High Court over the Court of Small Causes of Rangoon under Section 622 of the Code of Civil Procedure or Section 25 of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887.‡	When the amount or value of the subject-matter in dispute does not exceed twenty-five rupees. Two rupees. When such amount or value exceeds twenty-five rupees. The fee leviable on a Memorandum of Appeal. XIV. of 1882. IX. of 1887.

SCHEDULE.

Table of rates of *ad valorem* Fees leviable on the institution of Suits.

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper Fee.	When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper Fee.	When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper Fee.
RS.	RS.	RS. A.	RS.	RS.	RS. A.	RS.	RS.	RS. A.
5	10	0 6	100	200	15 0	450	400	36 12
10	15	1 2	200	210	15 12	400	500	37 8
15	20	1 8	210	220	16 8	500	510	38 4
20	25	1 14	220	230	17 4	510	520	39 0
25	30	2 4	230	240	18 0	520	530	39 12
30	35	2 10	240	250	18 12	530	540	40 8
35	40	3 0	250	260	19 8	540	550	41 4
40	45	3 6	260	270	20 4	550	560	42 0
45	50	3 12	270	280	21 0	560	570	42 12
50	55	4 2	280	290	21 12	570	580	43 8
55	60	4 8	290	300	22 8	580	590	44 4
60	65	4 14	300	310	23 4	590	600	45 0
65	70	5 4	310	320	24 0	600	610	45 12
70	75	5 10	320	330	24 12	610	620	46 8
75	80	6 0	330	340	25 8	620	630	47 4
80	85	6 6	340	350	26 4	630	640	48 0
85	90	6 12	350	360	27 0	640	650	48 12
90	95	7 2	360	370	27 12	650	660	49 8
95	100	7 8	370	380	28 8	660	670	50 4
100	110	8 4	380	390	29 4	670	680	51 0
110	120	9 0	390	400	30 0	680	690	51 12
120	130	9 12	400	410	30 12	690	700	52 8
130	140	10 8	410	420	31 8	700	710	53 4
140	150	11 4	420	430	32 4	710	720	54 0
150	160	12 0	430	440	33 0	720	730	54 12
160	170	12 12	440	450	33 12	730	740	55 8
170	180	13 8	450	460	34 8	740	750	56 4
180	190	14 4	460	470	35 4	750	760	57 0
			470	480	36 0	760	770	57 12

* Inserted by Act XVIII of 1884, S. 71, printed, Punjab Code, Ed. 1889, p. 255.

† For Act XIV of 1882, see the revised edition as modified up to 1st July 1883, published by the Legislative Department.

‡ Inserted by Act XI of 1889, S. 84, printed, Burma Code, Ed. 1889, p. 330.

§ Printed, General Acts, 1835-88, Ed. 1889, p. 123.

SCHEDULE—concl'd.

Table of rates of ad valorem Fees, &c.—concl'd.

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper Fee.	When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper Fee.	When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Proper Fee.
RS.	RS.	RS. A.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
770	780	53 8	6,000	6,250	325	1,05,000	1,10,000	1,475
780	790	59 4	6,250	6,500	325	1,10,000	1,15,000	1,500
790	800	60 0	6,500	6,750	345	1,15,000	1,20,000	1,525
800	810	64 12	6,750	7,000	355	1,20,000	1,25,000	1,550
810	820	61 8	7,000	7,250	365	1,25,000	1,30,000	1,575
820	830	62 4	7,250	7,500	375	1,30,000	1,35,000	1,600
830	840	63 0	7,500	7,750	385	1,35,000	1,40,000	1,625
840	850	63 12	7,750	8,000	395	1,40,000	1,45,000	1,650
850	860	64 8	8,000	8,250	405	1,45,000	1,50,000	1,675
860	870	65 4	8,250	8,500	415	1,50,000	1,55,000	1,700
870	880	66 0	8,500	8,750	425	1,55,000	1,60,000	1,725
880	890	66 12	8,750	9,000	435	1,60,000	1,65,000	1,750
890	900	67 8	9,000	9,250	445	1,65,000	1,70,000	1,775
900	910	68 4	9,250	9,500	455	1,70,000	1,75,000	1,800
910	920	69 0	9,500	9,750	465	1,75,000	1,80,000	1,825
920	930	69 12	9,750	10,000	475	1,80,000	1,85,000	1,850
930	940	70 8	10,000	10,500	490	1,85,000	1,90,000	1,875
940	950	71 4	10,500	11,000	505	1,90,000	1,95,000	1,900
950	960	72 0	11,000	11,500	520	1,95,000	2,00,000	1,925
960	970	72 12	11,500	12,000	535	2,00,000	2,05,000	1,950
970	980	73 8	12,000	12,500	550	2,05,000	2,10,000	1,975
980	990	74 4	12,500	13,000	565	2,10,000	2,15,000	2,000
990	1,000	75 0	13,000	13,500	580	2,15,000	2,20,000	2,025
1,000	1,100	80 0	13,500	14,000	595	2,20,000	2,25,000	2,050
1,100	1,200	85 0	14,000	14,500	610	2,25,000	2,30,000	2,075
1,200	1,300	90 0	14,500	15,000	625	2,30,000	2,35,000	2,100
1,300	1,400	95 0	15,000	15,500	640	2,35,000	2,40,000	2,125
1,400	1,500	100 0	15,500	16,000	655	2,40,000	2,45,000	2,150
1,500	1,600	105 0	16,000	16,500	670	2,45,000	2,50,000	2,175
1,600	1,700	110 0	16,500	17,000	685	2,50,000	2,55,000	2,200
1,700	1,800	115 0	17,000	17,500	700	2,55,000	2,60,000	2,225
1,800	1,900	120 0	17,500	18,000	715	2,60,000	2,65,000	2,250
1,900	2,000	125 0	18,000	18,500	730	2,65,000	2,70,000	2,275
2,000	2,100	130 0	18,500	19,000	745	2,70,000	2,75,000	2,300
2,100	2,200	135 0	19,000	19,500	760	2,75,000	2,80,000	2,325
2,200	2,300	140 0	19,500	20,000	775	2,80,000	2,85,000	2,350
2,300	2,400	145 0	20,000	21,000	790	2,85,000	2,90,000	2,375
2,400	2,500	150 0	21,000	22,000	815	2,90,000	2,95,000	2,400
2,500	2,600	155 0	22,000	23,000	835	2,95,000	3,00,000	2,425
2,600	2,700	160 0	23,000	24,000	855	3,00,000	3,05,000	2,450
2,700	2,800	165 0	24,000	25,000	875	3,05,000	3,10,000	2,475
2,800	2,900	170 0	25,000	26,000	895	3,10,000	3,15,000	2,500
2,900	3,000	175 0	26,000	27,000	915	3,15,000	3,20,000	2,525
3,000	3,100	180 0	27,000	28,000	935	3,20,000	3,25,000	2,550
3,100	3,200	185 0	28,000	29,000	955	3,25,000	3,30,000	2,575
3,200	3,300	190 0	29,000	30,000	975	3,30,000	3,35,000	2,600
3,300	3,400	195 0	30,000	32,000	995	3,35,000	3,40,000	2,625
3,400	3,500	200 0	32,000	34,000	1,015	3,40,000	3,45,000	2,650
3,500	3,600	205 0	34,000	36,000	1,035	3,45,000	3,50,000	2,675
3,600	3,700	210 0	36,000	38,000	1,055	3,50,000	3,55,000	2,700
3,700	3,800	215 0	38,000	40,000	1,075	3,55,000	3,60,000	2,725
3,800	3,900	220 0	40,000	42,000	1,095	3,60,000	3,65,000	2,750
3,900	4,000	225 0	42,000	44,000	1,115	3,65,000	3,70,000	2,775
4,000	4,100	230 0	44,000	46,000	1,135	3,70,000	3,75,000	2,800
4,100	4,200	235 0	46,000	48,000	1,155	3,75,000	3,80,000	2,825
4,200	4,300	240 0	48,000	50,000	1,175	3,80,000	3,85,000	2,850
4,300	4,400	245 0	50,000	55,000	1,200	3,85,000	3,90,000	2,875
4,400	4,500	250 0	55,000	60,000	1,225	3,90,000	3,95,000	2,900
4,500	4,600	255 0	60,000	65,000	1,250	3,95,000	4,00,000	2,925
4,600	4,700	260 0	65,000	70,000	1,275	4,00,000	4,05,000	2,950
4,700	4,800	265 0	70,000	75,000	1,300	4,05,000	4,10,000	2,975
4,800	4,900	270 0	75,000	80,000	1,325	4,10,000	..	3,000
4,900	5,000	275 0	80,000	85,000	1,350			
5,000	5,250	285 0	85,000	90,000	1,375			
5,250	5,500	295 0	90,000	95,000	1,400			
5,500	5,750	305 0	95,000	1,00,000	1,425			
5,750	6,000	315 0	1,00,000	1,05,000	1,450			

SCHEDULE II.

Fixed Fees.

NUMBER.	PROPER FEE.
(a)—When presented to any officer of the Customs or Excise Department or to any Magistrate by any person having dealings with the Government, and when the subject-matter of such application relates exclusively to those dealings;	
or when presented to any officer of Land Revenue by any person holding temporarily-settled land under direct engagement with Government, and when the subject-matter of the application or petition relates exclusively to such engagement;	One anna.
or when presented to any Municipal Commissioner under any Act for the time being in force for the conservancy or improvement of any place, if the application or petition relates solely to such conservancy or improvement;	
or when presented to any Civil Court other than a principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction,* or to any Court of Small Causes constituted under the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887,† or under the Bengal, North-Western Provinces, and Assam Civil Courts Act, 1887, Section 25, or to a Collector or other officer of revenue in relation to any suit or case in which the amount or value of the subject-matter is less than fifty rupees;	One anna.
or when presented to any Civil, Criminal or Revenue Court, or to any Board or executive officer for the purpose of obtaining a copy or translation of any judgment, decree or order passed by such Court, Board or officer, or of any other document on record in such Court or Office.	
(b)—When containing a complaint or charge of any offence other than an offence for which Police officers may, under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, arrest without warrant, and presented to any Criminal Court;	Eight annas.
or when presented to a Civil, Criminal or Revenue Court, or to a Collector, or any Revenue officer having jurisdiction equal or subordinate to a Collector, or to any Magistrate in his executive capacity, and not otherwise provided for by this Act;	
or to deposit in Court revenue or rent;	

* Words repealed by Act XIII of 1889 are omitted.

† The reference to Act XI of 1865 is altered in accordance with Act IX of 1887, S. 2 (3), printed in General Acts, 1865-83, Ed. 1889, p. 129.

‡ The reference to Act XVI of 1868, S. 20, is altered in accordance with Act XII of 1867. See S. 2 of that Act.

SCHEDULE II—contd.

Fixed Fees—contd.

NUMBER.	PROPER FEE.
1. Application or Petition— <i>concl.</i>	or for determination by a Court of the amount of compensation to be paid by a landlord to his tenant. } Eight annas.
	(c) When presented to a Chief Commissioner or other Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive authority, or to a Commissioner of Revenue or Circuit, or to any chief officer charged with the executive administration of a Division and not otherwise provided for by this Act. } One rupee.
2. Application for leave to sue as a pauper.....	(d) When presented to a High Court ... Two rupees.
3. Application for leave to appeal as a pauper.....	Eight annas.
	(a) When presented to a District Court..... One rupee.
	(b) When presented to a Commissioner or a High Court..... Two rupees.
4. Plaint or Memorandum of Appeal in a suit to obtain possession under Act No. XVI of 1838,* or† the Mamltdars Courts Act, 1876.††	Eight annas.
5. Plaint or Memorandum of Appeal in a suit to establish or disprove a right of occupancy.	
6. § Bail-bond or other instrument of obligation given in pursuance of an order made by a Court or Magistrate under any section of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1832,|| or the Code of Civil Procedure.¶	Eight annas.
7. Undertaking under Section 49 of the Indian Divorce Act.**	Eight annas.
8. [Repealed by Act XII of 1891.]	
9. [Repealed by Act XII of 1891.]	

* Printed, Bombay Code, Ed. 1880, p. 50.

† These words were substituted for the original words by Act XII of 1891.

‡ Printed, Bombay Code, Ed. 1880, p. 545.

§ This Article was substituted for the original Article 6 by Act VI of 1889, S. 18 (2).

|| For Act X of 1832, see the revised edition as modified up to 15th December 1888, published by the Legislative Department.

¶ For Act XIV of 1832, see the revised edition as modified up to 1st July 1888, published by the Legislative Department.

** Printed, General Acts, 1867-76, Ed. 1887, p. 30.

SCHEDULE II—contd.

Fixed Fees—contd.

NUMBER.	PROPER FEE.
10. Mukhtarnama or Wakalatnama.	or When presented for the conduct of any one case—
	(a) to any Civil or Criminal Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court, or to any Collector or Magistrate, or other executive officer, except such as are mentioned in clauses (b) and (c) of this number..... Eight annas.
	(b) to a Commissioner of Revenue, Circuit or Customs, or to any officer charged with the executive administration of a Division, not being the Chief Revenue or Executive authority..... One rupee.
	(c) to a High Court, Chief Commissioner, Board of Revenue, or other Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive authority..... Two rupees.
11. Memorandum of Appeal when the appeal is not from an order rejecting a plaint or from a decree or an order having the force of a decree and is presented.....	(a) to any Civil Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court or Executive officer other than the High Court or Chief Controlling Revenue or Executive authority..... Eight annas.
	(b) to a High Court or Chief Commissioner, or other Chief Controlling Executive or Revenue authority..... Two rupees.
12. Caveat.	
13. Application under Act No. X of 1859,* Section 26, or Bengal Act No. VI of 1862,† Section 9, or Bengal Act No. VIII of 1869,‡ Section 37.	Five rupees.
14. Petition in a suit under the Native Converts' Marriage Dissolution Act, XXI of 1866.§	
15. Plaint or Memorandum of Appeal in a suit to obtain possession of a wife.	
16. [Repealed by Act VI of 1889, s. 18 (1).]	

* Act X of 1859 was repealed in the Lower Provinces by Act VIII of 1885 and Bengal Act I of 1879; in the North-West Provinces by Act XVIII of 1873, and in the Central Provinces by Act IX of 1883.

† Bengal Act VI of 1862 was repealed by Act VIII of 1885, and Bengal Act I of 1879.

‡ Bengal Act VIII of 1869 was repealed by Act VIII of 1885.

§ Printed, General Acts, 1834-66, Ed. 1887, p. 563.

SCHEDULE II—concl'd.
Fixed Fees—concl'd.

NUMBER.	PROPER FEE.
17. Plaint or Memorandum of Appeal in each of the following suits:— i. To alter or set aside a summary decision or order of any of the Civil Courts not established by Letters Patent or of any Revenue Court. ii. To alter or cancel any entry in a register of the names of proprietors of revenue-paying estates: iii. To obtain a declaratory decree where no consequential relief is prayed: iv. To set aside an award: v. To set aside an adoption: vi. Every other suit where it is not possible to estimate at a money-value the subject-matter in dispute, and which is not otherwise provided for by this Act.	Ten rupees.
18. Application under Section 523 of the Code of Civil Procedure.*	
19. Agreement under Section 527 of the same Code.*	
20. Every petition under the Indian Divorce Act except petitions under Section 44 of the same Act, and every Memorandum of Appeal under Section 65 of the same Act.	Twenty rupees.
21. Plaint or Memorandum of Appeal under the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act,† XV of 1865.†	

SCHEDULE III.

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

[Repealed by Act XIV of 1870.]

6th January 1871, No. 47.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General of India in Council hereby remits throughout British India the fees with which bonds and other instruments executed by salaried officers of Government to secure the due performance of their duties are chargeable under that Act, Schedule II, No. 6.

14th July 1871, No. 2001.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by section 35 of "The Court Fees Act, 1870," the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit in the whole of British India the

* The references to Sections 326 and 328, respectively, to Act VIII of 1859 are altered in accordance with Act XIV of 1882. See S. 3 of that Act. (For Act XIV of 1882 see the revised edition as modified up to 1st July 1888, published by the Legislative Department).

† Printed, General Acts, 1867-76, Ed. 1887, p. 30.

† Do. do. 1834-66, Ed. 1887, p. 630.

fees chargeable under Schedule I., Article 11, of the said Act, in respect of Probate of Wills, or Letters of Administration in so far as such Wills or Letters of Administration relate to property which a deceased person was possessed of or entitled to, not beneficially, but as a trustee for any other person or persons:

Provided that this remission shall not extend to cases in which a trustee has the power of appointing or otherwise conferring a beneficial interest in the trust property.

31st January 1872, No. 839.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act VII of 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit (with the exceptions noted at foot) all fees leviable under the first and second schedules of the said Act on plaints, petitions for execution, and memoranda of appeal filed in claims referred under Madras Regulation VI of 1831.

Exceptions.

Plaint or Petition for execution.....A fee of 8 annas each.
Memoranda of Appeal..... 2 rupees each.

28th February 1872, No. 404.

Under the provisions of Section 27 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor in Council is pleased to prescribe the undermentioned rules to take effect from and after the 1st April 1872, in supersession of the rules laid down in para. 2 of the Notification of the Judicial Department under date the 26th April 1870 (published at pages 496 and 497 of the Fort Saint George Gazette for 1870), for regulating the use of stamps in payment of the commission and fees chargeable for the time being in the Madras Court of Small Causes:—

I.—The necessary stamps shall be provided by the parties liable to pay the commission and fees, and shall, in respect of the institution of suits, be affixed to the plaint in respect whereof such commission and fees are payable. The costs and fees payable in respect of warrants, subpoenas, second summonses, and all other processes whatsoever not being original summonses in reference to which it has not been customary to file, as part of the record, any written or printed document or paper whereon the stamp could be affixed, shall be paid as follows: viz., the party requiring such process to be issued shall produce an application in writing and a stamp equal to the amount of costs and fees payable shall be affixed to such application. Such application shall be entitled in the cause or matter to which it relates, and shall specify shortly the object thereof, and shall be filed in the particular office of the Court to which it relates.

II.—In order that the terms of a document may not be defaced or obscured, the stamp affixed to it shall be of an amount corresponding, as nearly as practicable, with the amount of the stamp which such document requires. It shall be in the discretion of the Clerk of the Court to refuse to accept any document which shall bear an unnecessary number of stamps.

III.—Stamps of the value noted below will be required for the purposes of the Court:—

RS.	A.	RS.	A.	RS.	A.
0	1	2	0	8	0
0	1	3	0	9	0
0	2	4	0	10	0
0	4	5	0	20	0
0	8	6	0	30	0
1	0	7	0	50	0

IV.—Stamps will be sold by a licensed stamp vendor or by the assistants employed by him for that purpose in a stall or office situate within the premises of the Court, and by all other vendors authorized to sell Court Fees' stamps. The stamp vendor's office on the premises of the Court shall be open daily for the sale of stamps (except on such days as the Court shall not be sitting) between the hours of 10 A.M. and 5 P.M.

V.—A register shall be kept in the office of the Clerk of the Court by one of the clerks attached to that office, who shall be styled the Compromise Register-writer; and in this register shall be entered the particulars of cases compromised, and of cases in which costs have been remitted, either in whole or in part, by order of the Judges. It shall also be the duty of the Compromise Register-writer to make out the certificates for the payment of half and remitted costs. It shall be the duty of the Deputy Clerk of the Court to examine the certificates, and compare them with the original records and, if correct, to pass and initial the same for payment. The certificates, after being signed by the Clerk of the Court, will be paid by the stamp vendor of the Court, who will be provided by Government with a Permanent Advance Fund for the purpose of making these refunds. The stamp vendor will, from time to time, replenish this fund by drawing from the Deputy Collector of Madras the amount expended, delivering to him the certificates he has discharged. The Deputy Collector will hold these certificates as

his vouchers for the amount disbursed by him to the stamp vendor. The Clerk of the Court will also furnish to the Deputy Collector of Madras, at the close of each month, a memorandum showing the number of, and the amount for which, certificates have been issued during the month.

VI.—It shall be the duty of the Manager or Head Officer of the Department in which applications are filed, with such aid as may be required under the immediate superintendence of the Clerk of the Court, to receive all documents and see that the blank space in them is not unnecessarily covered with stamps, and that stamps of the proper description and values are affixed. The Manager shall grant a receipt or memorandum for every application filed.

Rules inapplicable to VII.—These rules do not apply to fees payable to Counsel and Attorneys and to Counsel and Attorneys of the High Court in cases certified, or to costs of references to High Court to the costs of references to the High Court.

22nd March 1872, No. 2135.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the provisions of Financial Notification, No. 2004, dated 14th July 1871, shall have retrospective effect from the 1st day of April 1870, the date on which the Court Fees Act VII of 1870 came into force.

Fort St. George, 24th April 1872.

Under the authority vested in him by Section 27, Act VII of 1870 (Court Fees), the Honorable the Governor in Council prescribes the following rules for the supply, use and renewal of Court Fee stamps for general observance:—

Central depôts for the supply of Court Fee stamps shall be constituted:—

- I. At the office of the Superintendent of Stamps.
 - II. At all district and taluk treasuries, and shall be supplied with stamps by the Superintendent of Stamps.
2. Sub-depôts, subordinate to the Central Depôts, shall be constituted at such places and in such offices as the Government, through the Board of Revenue, may from time to time determine, and shall be supplied with stamps from the central depôt to which they are subordinate.
3. Provided that Court Fee labels shall not be supplied to licensed vendors for sale at any place within a reasonable distance of which the labels can be obtained from an *ex-officio* vendor, and that licensed vendors shall not be allowed more than one per cent. discount for the sale of Court Fee labels.

4. The stamp used to denote any fee under the Court Fees Act shall be a stamp of value equal to the fee required, or in cases when there is no stamp of the exact value, then the first stamp shall be of the next lower available value, and the balance shall be made up by stamps of smaller value similarly selected.

5. If any person possesses any Court Fee stamp, which has become spoiled or unfit for use as hereinafter mentioned, the Collector of the district in which the stamp has been purchased may, upon application made to him within six months after such purchase, and upon delivery to him of such stamp, refund the amount paid to Government for the same, whether by the applicant or by any other person; or, in case the possessor of the stamp so spoiled or unfit for use, desire to be supplied with Court Fee stamps of similar or equal value, the Collector may cause such stamps to be delivered to him or his agent.

Court Fee stamps shall be held to be spoiled or unfit for use within the meaning of this rule:—

(1st) when by accident happening to the same before they have been submitted to any Court or public officer, they are rendered unfit for use;

(2nd) or when because of some error in the drawing up or copying of any writing to which the said stamps are affixed, the said writing is rendered of no avail;

(3rd) or when any stamp has been filed in any Court or before any public officer, and cancelled accordingly, and it is afterwards discovered that such stamp has been required by mistake, and that a stamp of less value ought to have been required and certificate to that effect is issued by the said Court or public officer. In this last case the Collector may grant a refund of the excess value if application is made within six months after date of delivery of the certificate to the holder.

6. Under Section 34 of the Court Fees Act, the rules and subsidiary rules published under Section 48 of the General Stamp Act apply equally to transactions relating to Court Fees stamps: Provided that separate account shall be kept and separate returns made for Court Fees labels.

3rd October 1872, No. 3307.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit all fees leviable under the said Act on copies of judgments or decisions passed on claims preferred under the provisions of Madras Regulation VI of 1831.

17th January 1873, No. 302.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable under the said Act on all petitions of appeal presented to Revenue officers in accordance with Section 55 of the Madras Act IV of 1871.

17th April 1873, No. 2504.

In continuation of Financial Notification, No. 2025, dated the 15th August 1872, published on page 782 of Part I. of the *Gazette of India* of the 17th idem, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify that, in cases in which stamp duty has been paid on Probates or Letters of Administration in respect of the gross assets of the estates of deceased persons, refunds of the duty may be made by the Chief Executive Revenue authority under the Local Governments in each Presidency or Province, if he thinks right, in respect of such portion of the assets as is actually applied in discharging the debts of the deceased.

5th June 1873, No. 451.

In every case in which the fee payable on the institution of a suit to enhance the rent of a tenant having a right of occupancy would exceed the sum of eight annas, whether such suit be brought against the tenant separately under Act X of 1859 or against several tenants collectively under Section 11 of Act XIV of 1863; provided that such suit is brought on or before the 1st day of May of the year following the agricultural year in which the revised assessments take effect in respect of the land on which the enhancement is sought.

Reduced to 8 annas.

22nd August 1873, No. 2509.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that when a plaintiff, disclosing a reasonable case on the merits, is presented to any Civil Court in such a form that the Judge rejects, not for any substantial defect, but on account of an entirely technical error in form only, and so as to leave the plaintiff free to prosecute precisely the same case, in another form, against the same defendant or defendants, the value of the stamp on the plaint shall be refunded on presentation of an application to the Collector of the District in which the Civil Court is situated, together with a certificate from the Judge who rejected the plaint, that it was rejected under the circumstances above described, and that the value of the stamp should in his opinion be refunded.

19th December 1873, No. 3316.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable on applications presented to a Collector for refund of the amount paid to Government for stamped paper which has become spoiled or unfit for use, or is no longer required for use, and on applications for renewal of stamped paper which has become spoiled or unfit for use.

No. 801.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, reduces to eight annas the fee payable—

- (a) on the plaint in every suit hereafter instituted in the Province of Oudh to obtain a declaratory decree in respect of an under-proprietory tenure where no consequent relief is prayed;
- (b) on every appeal hereafter presented in any such suit, whether instituted before or after the date of this Notification.

20th February 1874, No. 1293.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870, remits the whole of the fees chargeable on applications in writing relating exclusively to the purchase of salt, the property of Government.

6th March 1874, No. 1511.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870, remits the whole of the fees chargeable under Schedule I of the said Act, on plaints in summary suits brought before Collectors under Madras Act No. VIII of 1865.

24th April 1874, No. 2623.

(a) Whenever a grant of Probate or Letters of Administration shall have been made in respect of any property forming part of an estate, the amount of fees then actually paid under the said Act, shall be deducted when a like grant is made in respect of property belonging to the same estate, identical with or including the property to which the former grant relates.

(b) Whenever a grant of Probate or Letters of Administration shall have been made in respect of any property belonging to an estate, no fee shall be chargeable under the said Act when a like grant is made in respect of the whole or any part of the same property belonging to the same estate.

(c) This Notification applies to the whole of British India.

3rd July 1874, No. 4193.

The fees chargeable on—

- (a) Copies of Village Settlement records furnished to landholders and cultivators during the currency or at the termination of Settlement operations.
- (b) List of fields extracted from Village Settlement records for the purpose of being filed with the petitions of plaint in Settlement Courts.

Exempted.

2. Nothing in this Notification applies to—

- (a) Copies of Judicial Proceedings.
- (b) Copies of Village Settlement records (other than lists of fields extracted as aforesaid) which may be filed in any Court or Office.

31st July 1874, No. 4635.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Court Fees Act, 1870, Section 35, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that throughout the territories subject to the Governor of Port Saint George in Council, the fees payable in suits by Government ryots for the recovery of land sold for arrears of revenue, shall be reduced to the amount which would be payable if the value of the subject-matter were only the rent of the land payable for the year next before the date of representing the plaint.

5th February 1875, No. 855.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following remission:—

Whenever upon payment of the full fee chargeable under the said Act, a certificate of administration has been granted under Act XL of 1853, or Act XX of 1864, and a fresh certificate is for any reason subsequently granted in respect of the same estate, no fees shall be chargeable upon the fresh certificate so granted.

(STAMPS.)

Fort St. George Gazette, dated 31st July 1877, No. 2041, page 485.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870, and in supersession of the Notification in the Financial Department, No. 4366, dated 31st October 1870, the Governor in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable under the said Act in respect of—

1st.—Copies of all documents furnished under the orders of any Court or Magistrate to any Government Advocate or Pleader or other person specially empowered in that behalf for the purpose of conducting any trial or investigation on the part of Government before any Criminal Court.

2nd.—Copies of all documents which any such Advocate, Pleader, or other person is required to take in connection with any such trial or investigation for the use of any Court or Magistrate or may consider necessary for the purpose of advising the Government in connection with any criminal proceeding.

3rd.—Copies of judgments and depositions required by officers of the Police Department for conducting appeals on behalf of Government before any Criminal Courts.

Fort St. George Gazette, dated 7th August 1877, No. 2127, page 510.

The 27th July 1877.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act of 1870, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the fee chargeable under the said Act on plaints filed in suits for possession of immovable property under Section 9 of the Special Relief Act No. I, 1877, shall be one-half of the amount prescribed in the scale of fees or plaints mentioned in Schedule I, Article I, of the Court Fees Act.

Fort St. George Gazette, dated 7th May 1878, No. 170, page 267.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

The 26th April 1878.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to reduce to one anna the court-fee payable under the said Act for a petition to the Collector for relief under Section 13 of the Madras Trades License Act, 1878.

27th June 1879, No. 1446.

The fee chargeable for copies of orders which the Collector is required to furnish under section 14 of Madras Act III of 1878.

Exempted.

22nd November 1879, No. 3967.

The fee payable on appeals from orders issued by the Civil Courts under Section 244 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Limited to the amounts chargeable under Article II, Schedule II, of the Court Fees Act.

27th March 1880, No. 1431.

The fees chargeable on security bond for keeping of the peace by, or good behaviour of person other than the executants.

Exempted.

21st May 1881, No. 669.

The fees payable under Schedule II, Article 1 (c) of the Court Fees Act, on an application or petition presented to a Chief Commissioner when such application or petition is accompanied by a petition to the Government of India, and contains merely a request that such petition may be forwarded to the Government of India.

Exempted.

24th June 1881, No. 1361.

The fees payable under clauses 6, 7 and 9 of Schedule I of the Court Fees Act, on copies furnished by the Civil and Criminal Courts for the private use of persons applying for them.

Exempted.

The above Notification shall not be deemed to exempt copies furnished thereunder from the payment of fees chargeable on such copies when filed, exhibited, or recorded in any Court of Justice, or received by any public officer.

16th February 1883, No. 849.

The fees payable under clause (a), paragraph 4, and clause (b), paragraph 2, of Article 1, Schedule II of Act VII of 1870, annexed to the said Act, on applications for orders for the payment of deposits in cases in which the deposit does not exceed Rs. 25 in amount, provided that the application is made within three months of the date on which the deposit first became payable to the party making the application.

Exempted.

SIMLA, the 18th April 1883, No. 361.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 26 and 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf; and in supersession of Notification by the Government of India in the Financial Department, No. 1520, dated 5th March 1875, and all other Notifications on the subject, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following directions:—

I. When in any case the fee chargeable under the said Act is less than Rs. 10, such fee shall be denoted by adhesive stamps only. Such adhesive stamps shall either be the adhesive stamps bearing the words "Court Fees," at present in use, or adhesive stamps of any different shape, size, or pattern, bearing the words "Court Fees," which may hereafter be issued for use, in supersession of, or in addition to, the adhesive stamps now in use.

II. When in any case the fee chargeable under the said Act amounts to or exceeds Rs. 10, such fee shall be denoted by impressed stamps bearing the words "Court Fees," adhesive stamps being only employed to make up fractions of less than Rs. 10.

III. If in any case the amount of fee chargeable under the said Act involves a fraction of an anna, such fraction shall be remitted.

IV. This Notification shall take effect on and after the 1st June 1883 (vide Fort Saint George Gazette, dated 8th May 1883, Part I, page 307).

OOTACAMUND, 19th May 1883, No. 76.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 27 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, and in modification of the Notification published at page 847 of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 30th April 1872, and of all other Notifications on the subject, the Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to issue the following rules:—

I. When, in the case of fees amounting to less than Rs. 10, the amount can be denoted by a single adhesive stamp, such fee shall be denoted by a single adhesive stamp of the required value. But if the amount cannot be denoted by a single adhesive stamp, or if a single adhesive stamp of the required value is not available, the next lower value available shall be used, and the deficiency shall be made up by the use of one or more additional adhesive stamps of the next lower values, which may be required to make up the exact amount of the fee.

II. When, in the case of fees amounting to or exceeding Rs. 10, the amount can be denoted by a single impressed stamp, the fee shall be denoted by a single impressed stamp of the required value. But if the amount cannot be denoted by a single impressed stamp, or if a single impressed stamp of the required value is not available, an impressed stamp of the next lower value available shall be used, and the deficiency shall be made up by the use of one or more additional impressed stamps of the next lower values available, which may be required to make up the exact amount of the fee in combination with adhesive stamps to make up fractions of less than Rs. 10.

III. Any adhesive stamps which may be used under Rule 2 shall be affixed to the impressed stamp of the highest value employed in denoting the fee.

IV. When two or more impressed stamps are used to make up the amount of the fee chargeable under the Court Fees Act, a portion of the subject-matter shall be written on each impressed stamp so used, and the writing on each stamp shall be attested by the signature of the person or persons executing the document.

V. When one or more impressed stamps used to denote a fee are found insufficient to admit of the entire document being written on the side of the paper which bears the stamps, so much plain paper may be joined thereto as may be necessary for the complete writing of the document; and the writing on the impressed stamps and on the plain paper shall be attested by the signature of the person or persons executing the document.

VI. In the blank space left in the adhesive stamps the vendor shall insert the name of the purchaser, the date of sale, and his own ordinary signature.

This Notification shall take effect on and after the 1st June 1883 (vide *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 22nd May 1883, Part I, page 322).

CALCUTTA, the 1st February 1884, No. 690.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Honorable the President in Council is pleased to direct that, when a part of an estate paying annual revenue to Government under a settlement which is not permanent is recorded in the Collector's register as separately assessed with such revenue, the court-fee payable on the institution of a suit for the possession of a fractional share of that part shall not exceed five times such portion of the revenue separately assessed on that part as may be rateably payable in respect of the share.

NOTIFICATION.

SIMLA, the 9th September 1884, No. 3319.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the Court Fees payable, under clauses 6, 7 and 9 of Schedule I of the Act, on copies furnished by the Revenue Courts and offices for the private use of persons applying for them.

The Notification shall not be deemed to exempt copies furnished thereunder from the payment of fees chargeable on such copies when filed, exhibited or recorded in any Court of Justice or received by any public officer.

23rd September 1884, No. 3626.

Applications for leave to occupy under direct engagement with Government land for which the revenue is settled, but not permanently, when made by persons who do not at the time of application hold such land.

Exempted.

RESOLUTION, the 4th December 1884, No. 1945.

With a view to reduce this expense and to encourage investment by way of loan on the security of the property of Joint Stock Companies, the Governor-General in Council has determined to exempt debentures of the kind above described and interest coupons attached thereto from Stamp-duty, the mortgage or trust deed remaining liable to Stamp-duty, and has issued a separate Notification for this purpose.

15th January 1885, No. 241.

Applications for loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act XII of 1884.

Exempted.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

JUDICIAL STAMPS.

Exemptions and Reductions under the Act, the 6th March 1885, No. 1196.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council has remitted the whole of the fees payable on an application made by a person to the Collector under the second paragraph of Section 89 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, for the return to the person, or to the registration officer who impounded it, of a document impounded and sent to the Collector by a registration officer.

NOTIFICATION.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

CALCUTTA, the 20th March 1885, No. 1522.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 26 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council directs that the additional Court Fee payable under Section 19B of the said Act on probates and letters of administration shall be denoted either—

(a) by impressed and adhesive stamps in the manner prescribed in Notification, No. 861, of 18th April 1883; or

(b) wholly by adhesive stamps of the kind described in Clause I of Notification, No. 861, of 18th April 1883.

No. 3626.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, and with reference to clause XI of Section 19 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable on application for leave to occupy under direct engagement with Government, land of which the revenue is settled, but not permanently, when made by persons who do not at the time of application hold such land.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

JUDICIAL STAMPS.

Exemptions and Reductions, &c., the 29th May 1885, No. 1138.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees payable on applications for loans under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

JUDICIAL STAMPS.

The 21st August 1885, No. 2632.

In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council has remitted the Court Fees payable on an application for transfer of a Stock note from one circle to another made under paragraph 6 of Resolution No. 2566 of 20th August 1885.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

JUDICIAL, &c.

Exemptions, &c.

CALCUTTA, the 21st January 1886, No. 310.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870, and in supersession of the Notifications noted in the margin, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees payable under the said Act on the following documents, namely:—

(1) Copy of a charge framed under Section 210 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, or of a translation thereof, when a copy is given to an accused person.

(2) Copy of the evidence of supplementary witnesses after commitment, when the copy is given under Section 219 of the said Code to an accused person.

(3) Copy or translation of a judgment in a case other than a summons-case, and copy of the heads of the Judge's charge to the jury, when the copy or translation is given under Section 371 of the said Code to an accused person.

(4) Copy or translation of a judgment in a summons-case, when the accused person to whom the copy or translation is given under Section 371 of the said Code is in jail.

(5) Copy of an order of maintenance when the copy is given under Section 490 of the said Code to the person in whose favor the order is made, or to his guardian, if any, or to the person to whom the allowance is to be paid.

(6) Copy furnished to any person affected by a judgment or order passed by a Criminal Court of the Judge's charge to the jury, or of any order, deposition, or other part of the record, when the copy is not a copy which may be granted under any preceding clause of this Notification without the payment of a court-fee, but is a copy which, on its being applied for under Section 548 of the said Code, the Judge or Magistrate, for some special reason to be recorded by him on the copy, thinks fit to furnish without such payment.

(7) Copies of all documents furnished under the orders of any Court or Magistrate to any Government Advocate or Pleader or other person specially empowered in that behalf for the purpose of conducting any trial or investigation on the part of the Government before any Criminal Court.

(8) Copies of all documents which any such Advocate, Pleader, or other person is required to take, in connection with any such trial or investigation, for the use of any Court or Magistrate, or may consider necessary for the purpose of advising the Government in connection with any criminal proceedings.

(9) Copies of judgments or depositions required by officers of the Police Department in the course of their duties.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

JUDICIAL STAMPS.

Exemptions, &c., No. 591, the 5th February 1886.

Under Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870, the Honorable the President in Council is pleased to direct that the fee payable under the said Act on a petition to the Collector under Section 25 Act II of 1886, to have an assessment reduced or cancelled, shall, whatever may be the amount of the assessment to which the petition relates, be limited to one anna.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

ASSESSED TAXES.

Income Tax, the 16th July 1886, No. 1983.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the fee payable under that Act on an application to a Collector or to any officer or person exercising all or any of the functions of a Collector, with respect either to liability to assessment, or to the amount of an assessment, under Act II of 1886, shall be limited to one anna.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

JUDICIAL STAMPS.

Exemptions, &c., the 5th November 1886, No. 4083.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the fee payable under that Act on a copy of an order passed under Section 26 of Act II of 1886 shall be limited to one anna.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

JUDICIAL STAMPS.

Exemptions and Reductions, &c., the 22nd April 1887, No. 2111.

In supersession of Notification No. 4317, dated the 26th November 1886, and in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fee payable under the said Act on an application presented by any person for the return of a document filed by him in any Court or public office.

NOTIFICATION.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

JUDICIAL, &c.

SALE, &c.

Calcutta, 11th January 1888, No. 132.

Read—

Resolution of the Government of India in this Department, No. 2345, dated the 26th December 1884.

Letter to the Government of Bombay, No. 230, dated the 20th April 1885.

Letter from the Government of Madras, No. 953, dated the 30th September 1887.

RESOLUTION.—In supersession of all existing orders on the subject, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to authorize the refund of the value of impressed Court-fee adhesive labels in accordance with the following rules:—

1. (a) When any person is possessed of impressed court-fee stamps for which he has no immediate use, or which have been spoiled or rendered unfit or useless for the purpose intended, or
- (b) when any person is possessed of two or more (or, in the case of denominations below Rupees 5, four or more) court-fee adhesive labels which have never been detached from each other and for which he has no immediate use,

the Collector shall, on application, repay to him the value of such stamp or labels in money, deducting one anna in the rupee, upon such person delivering up the same to be cancelled, and proving to the Collector's satisfaction that they were purchased by him with a bona fide intention to use them, that he has paid the full price thereof, and that they were so purchased, or, in the case of impressed court-fee stamps, so purchased, spoiled, or rendered useless within the period of six months preceding the date on which they are so delivered. Provided that Local Governments may, in special cases, allow refunds when application is made within one year from the date of purchase of the stamps or labels, or, also in the case of impressed court-fee stamps, within one year from the date on which the stamps were spoiled or rendered useless. The Local Governments may, at their discretion, delegate this power to any subordinate authority.

2. When a licensed vendor surrenders his license or dies, the Collector may, at his discretion, if he considers that the circumstances justify the application, repay to him or his representatives, as the case may be, the values of stamps and labels, not spoiled or rendered unfit for use, returned into the Collector's store, deducting one anna in the rupee; or he may issue stamps and labels of other values in exchange provided that, in the case of adhesive court-fee labels, their value may not be refunded nor stamps and labels of other values issued in exchange, unless, in cases where the value of each label is not less than Rupees 5, there are at least two such labels which have never been detached from each other; and in cases where the value of each label is less than Rupees 5 unless there are at least four such labels which have never been detached from each other.

3. When adhesive labels are attached to impressed sheets of court-fee stamps in accordance with the directions contained in Notification by the Government of India in this Department, No. 361, dated the 18th April 1883, such labels should be regarded as impressed stamps for the purposes of refund under these rules.

Notification dated 21st December 1883, No. 6717.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1879, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following rules:—

The stamp duty payable under Article 22 (a) of Schedule I to the Indian Stamp Act I of 1879, on certified copies granted under the provisions of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, VI of 1886, may be paid by means of adhesive Court-fee labels.

4th April 1889, No. 1746.

When a part of an estate paying annual revenue to Government under a settlement which is not permanent is recorded in the Collector's register as separately assessed with such revenue:—

The value of the subject-matter of a suit for the possession of or to enforce a right of pre-emption in respect of a fractional share of that part shall for the purpose of computation of the amount of court-fee payable in the suit be deemed not to exceed five times such portion of the revenue separately assessed on that part as may be rateably payable in respect of the same.

No. 1494-S. R.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

The 29th March 1895.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 26 of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870, and in supersession of so much of paragraph 1 of the Notification in this Department, No. 361, dated the 18th April 1883, as authorised the use of the adhesive stamps bearing the words "Court-fees," in use on the date of the Notification for denoting the fee chargeable under the said Act, when in any case the fee is less than Rs. 10, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that in such cases the adhesive stamps to be used shall, with effect from the 1st July 1895, be adhesive stamps of the size and pattern introduced in 1883, bearing the words "Court-fee" and containing three lines in the middle, with the Queen's head and the value printed on the left side.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

Judicial Stamps.

Calcutta, the 19th January 1899.

No. 321-S. R.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act 1870 (VII of 1870), and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 5087-S. R., dated the 11th October 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable on applications or petitions of objection referring to any entry made, or proposed to be made in a draft record-of-rights prepared under chapter X of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), as amended by the Bengal Tenancy Act (Amendment) Act, 1898 (Bengal Act III of 1898): Provided that such applications or petitions are presented before the publication of such draft-record under section 103 A, sub-section (1), of the said Act.

No. 322-S. R.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 105, sub-section (3) of the Bengal Tenancy Act, 1885 (VIII of 1885), as amended by the Bengal Tenancy Act, (Amendment) Act, 1898 (Bengal Act III of 1898), and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 5086-S. R., dated the 11th October 1894, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that, when a record-of-rights is being prepared under Chapter X of the said Act, and an application is made under Section 105 thereof for a settlement of rent, such application shall bear a stamp of eight annas for each tenant making, or joining, or joined in the application.

SEA CUSTOM HOUSE.

Office.—North Beach.

Open for the transaction of business every day (Sundays excepted) from 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

Rules and Forms for Entry and Passing of Goods through the Sea Custom House of Madras.

The Hon. Mr. J. Twigg, I.C.S. Collector.
 H. C. Sherman, Esq. Depy. do.
 R. M. Thurley, Esq. Superintendent of Statistics
 (Commerce and Trade).
 T. H. Puddephatt, Esq. Head Appraiser.
 C. F. Deane, Esq. Second do.
 W. A. Marcar, Esq. Third do.
 M.R. Ry G. Subbiah Chetty Garu Fourth do.
 T. Rungaswami Aiyangar, M.A. Manager

Imports.

APPLICATIONS.—All applications to the Custom House, except Import and Export Summary and duplicate Bill of Entry and Shipping Bill, must bear a Court-fee stamp of one anna value. [Import applications to be printed in black, and Export in blue or black ink for free goods and in red ink for dutiable goods.] Bills of Entry, Shipping Bills, Parses and other applications must be printed on English foolscap paper, or double-pot paper.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION.—A license is required for the importation and exportation of arms and ammunition. No license is required for ordinary fowling-pieces and gunpowder for sporting purposes imported by private persons, who are legally entitled to possess arms, in reasonable quantities, for their own use. The Collector may, however, detain such articles if he thinks proper, pending a reference to Government. Rules regulating import, &c., are published at pp. 259, 262 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 1st April 1879, and pp. 273, 274, Part I, of *Fort St. George Gazette* of 1900.

BAGGAGE.—In supersession of all previous orders, the Chief Customs Authority is pleased to make the following rules under section 75 of the Sea Customs Act for regulating the landing, passing and shipping of passengers' baggage in the Madras Presidency:—

(1) Baggage includes all packages imported by a passenger for his or for her own use or for that of his or her family, which are not part of the cargo and are not manifested.

(2) Passengers' baggage may be landed or shipped at any time between the hours of sunrise and sunset. All baggage, except such as arrives from any British Port in India, must be brought to the Custom House for examination and appraisement of duty. At the port of Madras, for the convenience of passengers, the Baggage Superintendent and his Assistant will be in attendance at the Custom House on the arrival of steamers at any hour between sunrise and sunset to clear at once all ordinary baggage dutiable or free. On the arrival of a steamer on a Sunday and holiday or after office hours on an ordinary week day, an Appraiser will attend to examine and pass nailed-up and closed packages. At out-ports this work will be attended to by the ordinary Customs establishments.

(3) Baggage is only to be passed after actual examination. No formal entry of baggage under section 86 of the Sea Customs Act is required. But the owner or his agent must fill up an application in the appended form A in duplicate, to the original of which a Court-fee stamp of the value of one anna must be affixed. The number of packages to be passed should be stated, and the description and value of all goods given separately and correctly in the form. After the goods have been duly examined and duty collected, the duplicate will be returned to the passenger as a receipt for the duty paid, both copies being first countersigned by the proper Customs-officer.

(4) Baggage is exempt from duty only when it consists of articles not liable to payment of duty, or of *bona fide* wearing apparel, and other articles of personal use belonging to, and for the actual use of, the person whose baggage is being passed, or of his family. It is in the discretion of the proper officer of Customs to determine, subject to the above rules, whether any goods shall be treated as baggage exempt from duty or as goods liable to duty.

(5) Baggage which arrives otherwise than with its owner when not manifested and not intended for trade may be passed as ordinary baggage, provided the owner sends a letter to the Customs-officer, bearing a one-anna Court-fee stamp, authorizing the person clearing it to sign the declaration form on his or her behalf.

(6) Arms of the regulation pattern forming part of the equipment with which by the rules of the service an officer entitled to wear diplomatic, military, naval or police uniform is bound to provide himself, and a sword, a pair of pistols or a revolver brought out by a military officer and forming part of his personal baggage will be passed free,

(7) The personal baggage of ruling Chiefs of Feudatory States in India who are entitled to be called "His Highness" and of others whose permanent salute is not less than 19 guns, will be passed free of duty. Chiefs of the latter class are further entitled to import free of Customs duty articles intended for their personal use when they are not travelling.

(8) Samples imported by commercial travellers are not to be passed as baggage. Such travellers must file a bill of entry correctly specifying and valuing each description of articles imported, and duty will be collected accordingly.

(9) The attention of passengers and others is particularly drawn to the necessity of correctly declaring and valuing all goods in their possession. Fraudulent evasion of Customs duties is punishable under clause 40, 72 or 73 of section 167 of the Sea Customs Act, according to the circumstances of the case, and undervaluation may entail detention and purchase by the Customs-officer at the value stated.

(10) The personal effects, &c., of immigrant coolies must be brought to the Custom-house, examined and passed as other baggage. A single list in the appended form B will suffice for parties travelling together, but each person concerned must sign for himself in the column provided for signature. As the filling up of the forms on board the vessel before its arrival will save time in passing baggage, forms will be made available on board with the steamer agent's permission. The Baggage Superintendent or other officer will enter up a separate form for those who do not furnish such lists, make the necessary examination of the goods and collect the duty, tendering each individual a receipt in the form given below for the amount collected. Baggage consisting of nothing more than a mattress and a small bundle of clothes or the like need not be entered in the form, but may be allowed to pass as soon as it is landed:—

Form No.	No.	Receipt for duty on Native Passengers' Baggage.	
Date		SEA CUSTOM HOUSE,	
Name of passenger.		190 .	
Name of Steamer.		Received from	
Sailing ship.		Passenger ex	
Amount of duty.		Rupees , annas , and pies being duty collected on his baggage comprising valued at Rs.	
Initials of Customs-officer.		Customs-officer.	

A. Baggage Declaration.

One Anna Court-fee Stamp.

No. Per Steam Ship from

Number of Packages.	Description of Goods.	Cost Price of Goods in sterling.	These columns will be filled in by the Custom House.			Remarks.
			Value of Goods in India.	Rate of duty.	Amount of duty payable.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Wearing apparel, &c., for personal use (vide instructions on p. 499)	£ s. d.	RS. A. P.	Free.	RS. A. P.	
	Live birds. Animals	...	...			
	Books	...	...			
	Arms and Ammunition—			10 per cent.		
	Rifle, double barrel	...	...			
	Do. single do	...	...			
	Gun, double, smooth bore	...	...			
	Do. single do	...	...			
	Pistols, Revolvers	...	...			
	Gunpowder, cartridges, &c.	...	...			
	Swords	...	...			
	Other sorts of arms, loading implements, &c.	...	...			

A.—Baggage Declaration—contd.

Number of Packages.	Description of Goods.	Cost Price of Goods in Sterling.	These columns will be filled in by the Custom House.			Remarks.
			Value of Goods in India.	Rate of duty.	Amount of duty payable.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		£ s. d.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
	Air-guns (Quackenbush, Gem and Daisy) not adapted for explosives					
	Wearing apparel for other parties					
	Unmade-up materials for dresses					
	Cabinet-ware, Furniture					
	Chinese, Japanese and Lacquered ware					
	Clocks, Watches, Time-pieces					
	Glass, porcelain and crockery ware			5 per cent.		
	Instruments—Musical, Drawing, Optical, Surgical					
	Jewellery, including Plate					
	Plated-ware, Cutlery					
	Photographic apparatus					
	Saddlery, Harness					
	Sticks, Canes, Basket-ware					
	Tobacco, Cigars					
	Bicycles					
	Toys, Requisites for games					
	Provisions and Oilman Stores					
	Sewing Machines					
	Medicines					
	Cotton piece-goods			3½ per cent.		
	Spirits, perfumed			Rs. 8 per Imp. Gal.		
	Spirits—Other sorts			Rs. 6 per proof Imp. Gal. and pro rata above and below proof.		
	Champagne and all Sparkling Wines not containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit			Rs. 2½ per Imp. Gal.		
	Champagne and all other Sparkling Wines containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit			Rs. 6 per Imp. Gal.		
	All other sorts of Wines not containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit			Re. 1 per Imp. Gal.		
	All other sorts of Wines containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit			Rs. 6 per Imp. Gal.		

Total Duty Rs.

I do hereby declare that the above is a correct statement of the contents and the value of the above-mentioned packages.

Signature of Passenger _____ Total Duty Rupees _____ Annas _____ Pies _____
 Address do. _____
 Date 190 _____ Customs Officer.

1. Personal baggage, consisting of wearing apparel, toilet requisites, jewellery, bed, house and table linen in reasonable quantity, and bedding in actual use, will be passed free of duty. On all other articles liable to duty, duty must be paid, though they form part of personal baggage. Dutiable articles brought by passengers for other parties are not included in this exemption from duty, and all such articles are to be specially declared.

2. Duty when charged *ad valorem* is charged on the value of the goods in India, including cost of importation and difference of exchange.

3. On payment of duty, a receipt will, if applied for, be granted, provided that in the case of arms, the arms are submitted for examination to allow of particulars as to description of the arms and the name of the maker and numbers on them being ascertained and noted in the receipt.

4. Any article on which duty has previously been paid on its importation into India is exempt, provided that not more than three years have elapsed since it was taken out of India and that it remains the property of the original importer, or of a member of his family. All such articles must be entered in the declaration and the grounds of exemption stated in the last column.

5. Military officers in Military employment are allowed to pass free a sword and either a revolver or a pair of pistols as part of their equipment. Military officers in civil employment are entitled to exemption from duty only on the sword which forms part of their uniform. A pocket case of surgical instruments included in the personal baggage of any executive officer of the Army Medical Staff and Indian Medical Service in Military employ landing in India, is also exempt from payment of Customs duty.

6. A Court-fee stamp of one anna value must be affixed to the declaration by the passenger declaring.

7. Any person making a false declaration, or attempting to pass dutiable goods without payment of duty, is liable to a fine of Rs. 500 and confiscation of the property.

N.B.—If any article on which duty is now paid is afterwards exported and again re-imported into India, no exemption from duty under Rule 4 *supra* will be granted unless—

- (1) a description or particulars sufficient for the identification of the article is recorded by the passenger in the Baggage declaration on first importation;
- (2) the original Baggage declaration, or the receipt for duty paid, is produced on re-importation;
- (3) in the case of fire arms, unless particulars or description, with number and name of maker, have been recorded in the Customs-house prior to the fire-arms being exported.

NOTE.—In addition to the above, the following articles when in actual use will be passed free as baggage on importation by passengers in reasonable quantity for their own use under Revenue Board's Proceedings (Separate Revenue), No. 334, dated 21st December 1899:—

Walking sticks and umbrellas; bats, golf clubs and other implements for games, fishing rods;

Hand-bags, dressing cases, rugs and toilet requisites;

Watch and jewellery according to condition in life and rank of passenger not being a dealer in such articles;

A pair of binoculars; pipes; boxes of cigars and cigarettes, or tobacco not exceeding 1 lb.; deck chairs, toys for children;

An opened bottle of wine, spirit, or perfumery.

NOTIFICATION.

Under section 9 (c) of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, the Board of Revenue, as Chief Customs authority, hereby declares that the following rates of fees for the attendance of the Supervisor of the bonded private warehouses at the port of Madras will be levied:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
For attending any warehouse for the first half hour	1	0	0
For every second half hour or fraction thereof	0	12	0
For every succeeding half hour or fraction thereof	0	8	0

The above rate applies to all warehouses within a radius of a mile of the Custom-house, double the above rates being levied for all warehouses outside this limit. For stock-taking or other work requiring the services of the officer the whole day the fee will be Rs. 5.

DETENTION OF GOODS.—Bill of Lading must be delivered up to the Collector of Sea Customs or Deputy Collector by the person applying to clear goods, except in special cases upon cause shown to the satisfaction of the Collector.

When there is no Bill of Lading, a "Delivery Order" from the Agents, or Commander of the ship, must be produced.

If two persons claim the same goods, the Customs-officers shall not deliver to one without the consent of the other, or without an order of Court.

Bills of Lading for goods to be exported must bear a four-anna stamp.

Parcel tickets must also bear a four-anna stamp.

A.
Alphabetical List of Articles.

No. 1.—IMPORTS FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

List of articles to be specified in the tables of imports in the monthly and annual returns of the sea-borne trade of British India with foreign countries.

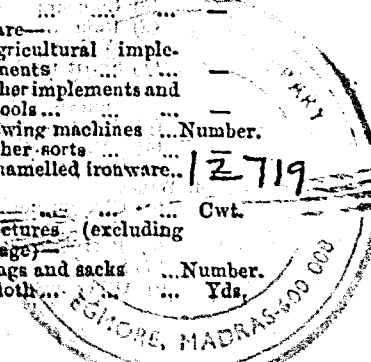
[N.B.—The quantity of each article is always to be stated in the denomination entered in the second column. Where no denomination of quantity is stated, only the value is to be given.]

I.—Private Merchandise.

	Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
1. Animals, living—		
1. Horses ...	Number.	
2. Other kinds ...		
2. Apparel, (including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uniforms, accoutrements, but excluding hosiery) ...	Pairs.	
3. Arms, ammunition and military stores—		
1. Fire-arms, and parts thereof ...		
2. Gunpowder, common ...	Lbs.	
3. Sporting ...		
4. Dynamite, and all other explosives ...	Cwt.	
5. Other sorts ...		
4. Art, works of ...		
5. Books and printed matter (including maps and charts) ...	Cwt.	
6. Bristles and fibre for brushes and brooms ...		
7. Building and engineering materials—		
1. Asphalt ...		
2. Bricks and tiles ...	Number.	
3. Cement ...	Cwt.	
4. Chalk and lime ...		
5. Clay ...		
6. Earthenware piping ...		
7. Other sorts ...		
8. Cabinet-ware and furniture ...	Lbs.	
9. Candles ...	Cwt.	
10. Canes and rattans ...		
11. Caoutchouc—		
1. Raw ...		
2. Manufactures ...		
12. Carriages and carts (excluding railway carriages), and parts thereof ...		
18. Chemicals—		
1. Alum ...	Cwt.	
2. Arsenic ...		
3. Bicarbonate of soda ...		
4. Borax ...		
5. Chemicals for paper-making ...		
6. Copperas ...	Cwt.	
7. Sal ammoniac ...		
8. Saltpetre ...		
9. Sulphur (brimstone) ...		
10. Sulphuric acid ...		
11. Other sorts ...		
14. Chinese and Japanese ware including lacquered-ware, but excluding earthenware and porcelain ...		
15. Clocks and watches ...	Number.	
16. Coal—		
1. Coal ...	Tons.	
2. Coke ...		
3. Patent fuel ...		
17. Coffee ...	Cwt.	
18. Coir—		
1. Unmanufactured ...		
2. Manufactures (excluding rope) ...	Lbs.	
19. Corals, real ...		
20. Cordage and rope of vegetable fibre (excluding jute) ...	Cwt.	
21. Corks ...		
22. Cotton—		
1. Raw ...		
2. Twist and yarn—		
(a) Mule and water—		
Nos. 1 to 10 ...	Lbs.	
" 11 to 15 ...		
" 16 to 20 ...		
" 21 to 25 ...		
" 26 to 30 ...		
" 31 to 40 ...		
" 41 to 50 ...		
Above No. 50 ...		
(b) Orange, red, and other colours—		
Nos. 1 to 20 ...		
" 21 to 25 ...		
" 26 to 30 ...		
" 31 to 40 ...		
" 41 to 50 ...		
Above No. 50 ...		
(c) Unspecified descriptions of twist and yarn ...		
3. Manufactures—		
(a) Piece-goods—		
1. Grey (unbleached)—		
1. Cambrics ...	Yds.	
2. Chādars, dhutis, saris, & scarves ...		
3. Jaconets ...		
4. Jeans, sheetings, and drills ...		
5. Longcloths ...		
6. Madapolams ...		
7. Mulls ...		
8. Printers ...		
9. Shirtings ...		
10. T-cloths and domestics ...		
11. Unspecified descriptions ...		
ii. White (bleached)—		
1. Cambrics, twills, muslins, and lawns ...		

I.—Private Merchandise—contd.

	Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
22. Cotton—concl'd.		
3. Manufactures—concl'd.		
(a) Piece-goods—concl'd.		
ii. White (bleached)—concl'd.		
2. Chādars, dhutis, saris, & scarves ...	Yds.	
3. Checks, spots, and stripes ...		
4. Drills and jeans ...		
5. Jaconets ...		
6. Longcloths ...		
7. Mulls ...		
8. Nainsooks ...		
9. Shirtings ...		
10. Unspecified descriptions ...		
iii. Coloured, printed, or dyed—		
1. Cambrics, twills, and muslins ...		
2. Chādars, dhutis, saris, & scarves ...		
3. Drills ...		
4. Jaconets ...		
5. Mulls ...		
6. Prints and chintz ...		
7. Shirtings ...		
8. Unspecified descriptions ...		
(b) Canvas ...		
(c) Handkerchiefs and shawls in the piece ...	Number.	
(d) Hosiery, pure and mixed ...		
(e) Lace and patent net ...	Yds.	
(f) Rope ...	Lbs.	
(g) Thread, sewing ...		
(h) Other sorts of manufactures ...		
23. Drugs, Medicines, and Narcotics (excluding chemicals)—		
1. Aloes ...	Cwt.	
2. Asafetida ...		
3. Camphor—		
(a) Bhimsalvi or baras ...	Lbs.	
(b) Other kinds ...		
4. Cassia lignea ...	Cwt.	
5. Galangal ...		
6. Quinine ...	Lbs.	
7. Storax, including liquid storax (rose melloes) ...		
8. Other sorts of drugs and medicines ...		
9. Opium ...	Chests weighing	
10. Tobacco—		
(a) Unmanufactured ...	Lbs.	
(b) Manufactured—		
i. Cigars ...		
ii. Cigarettes ...		
iii. Other sorts ...		
24. Dyeing and Tanning materials—		
1. Alizarine dyes ...		
2. Aniline ...		
3. Cochineal ...	Cwt.	
4. Cutch ...		
5. Gambier ...		
6. Indigo ...		
7. Lac-dye ...		
8. Madder or manjit ...		
24. Dyeing and Tanning materials—concl'd.		
9. Myrabolams ...	Cwt.	
10. Safflower ...		
11. Saffron ...	Lbs.	
12. Turmeric ...	Cwt.	
13. Other sorts ...		
25. Earthenware and Porcelain (excluding earthenware piping) ...		
26. Feathers ...	Lbs.	
27. Fireworks ...		
28. Flax—		
1. Raw ...	Lbs.	
2. Twist and yarn ...		
3. Manufactures—		
(a) Canvas ...	Yds.	
(b) Piece-goods ...		
(c) Thread, sewing ...	Lbs.	
(d) Other sorts, including bags and sacks ...		
29. Fodder, bran, and cattle-food, including hay and straw and oilcake ...	Cwt.	
30. Fruits and Vegetables—		
1. Fruits—		
(a) Cocoanuts ...	Number.	
(b) " kernel or copra ...	Cwt.	
(c) Other sorts ...		
2. Vegetables, fresh ...		
31. Glass and glassware—		
1. Beads and false pearls ...	Cwt.	
2. Bottles, common ...	Cwt. & gross.	
3. Sheet and plate ...	Supl. feet.	
4. Other ware ...		
32. Grain and Pulse—		
1. Barley ...	Cwt.	
2. Gram ...		
3. Jawar and bajra ...		
4. Oats ...		
5. Pulse ...		
6. Rice in the husk ...		
7. " not in the husk ...		
8. " flour ...		
9. Wheat ...		
10. " flour ...	Lbs.	
11. Other sorts ...	Cwt.	
33. Gums and Resins—		
1. Arabic ...		
2. Benjamin ...		
3. Olibanum or frankincense ...		
4. Rosin ...		
5. Other sorts ...		
34. Hardware and Cutlery, including plated ware—		
1. Cutlery ...		
2. Hardware—		
(a) Agricultural implements ...		
(b) Other implements and tools ...		
(c) Sewing machines ...	Number.	
(d) Other sorts ...		
(e) Enamelled ironware ...		
35. Hemp—		
1. Raw ...	Cwt.	
2. Manufactures (excluding cordage)—		
(a) Bags and sacks ...	Number.	
(b) Cloth ...	Yds.	



I.—Private Merchandise—contd.

	Particulars required in addition to value.		Particulars required in addition to value.
36. Hides and Skins—		47. Machinery and millwork—	
1. Hides, raw...	Cwt. & No.	1. Agricultural (not being steam) ...	—
2. "dressed or tanned..."	"	2. Steam-engines, and parts—	
3. Skins, raw...	"	(a) Locomotives (excluding those for railways) ...	—
4. "dressed or tanned..."	"	(b) Other sorts ...	—
37. Hops ...	Cwt.	3. Other sorts of machinery.	—
38. Horns and hornmeal ...	"	48. Manures—	
39. Ice ...	"	1. Animal bones ...	Tons.
40. Instruments, Apparatus, Appliances, and parts thereof—		2. Guano ...	"
1. Musical ...	"	3. Other kinds (except oil-cake) ...	"
2. Photographic ...	"	49. Matches ...	"
3. Scientific, philosophical, and other kinds ...	"	50. Mats and matting ...	Sq. yds.
4. Typewriters ...	"	51. Metals—	
41. Ivory—		1. Brass—	
1. Unmanufactured ...	Lbs.	(a) Unwrought ...	Cwt.
2. Manufactured ...	"	(b) Wrought ...	"
42. Jewellery and plate, of gold and silver—		2. Copper—	
1. Jewellery ...	"	(a) Ore ...	"
2. Plate ...	"	(b) Old, for re-manufacture ...	"
3. Precious stones and pearls, unset ...	"	(c) Unwrought—	
43. Jute—		i. Tiles, ingots, cakes, and bricks ...	"
1. Raw ...	Cwt.	ii. Other sorts ...	"
2. Twist and yarn ...	Lbs.	(d) Wrought—	
3. Manufactures—		i. Lametta ...	"
(a) Gunny-bags ...	Number.	ii. Mixed or yellow metal, for sheathing ...	"
(b) "cloth ...	Yds.	iii. Sheets and other manufactures ...	"
(c) Canvas ...	"	(e) German silver ...	"
(d) Rope and twine ...	Cwt.	12. Iron—	
(e) Other kinds ...	"	(a) Ore ...	"
44. Lac—		(b) Old, for re-manufacture ...	"
1. Button ...	"	(c) Cast (pig) ...	"
2. Seed ...	"	(d) Wrought—	
3. Shell ...	"	i. Anchors, cables, and kentledge ...	"
4. Stick ...	"	ii. Angle, bolt, and rod ...	"
5. Other kinds (excluding lac-dye) ...	"	iii. Bar ...	"
45. Leather—		iv. Beams, pillars, girders, and bridgework ...	"
1. Unwrought ...	"	v. Hoop ...	"
2. Manufactures—		vi. Nails, screws, rivets, and washers ...	"
(a) Saddlery and harness ...	"	vii. Pipes and tubes ...	"
(b) Other sorts (excluding boots and shoes) ...	"	viii. Rice bowls ...	"
46. Liquors—		ix. Sheets and plates—	
1. Ale, beer, and porter ...	Gallons.	1. Galvanised ...	"
2. Cider and other fermented liquors ...	"	2. Tinned ...	"
3. Spirit—		3. Other than galvanised or tinned ...	"
(a) Brandy ...	"	x. Wire ...	"
(b) Gin ...	"	xi. Other manufactures of wrought or cast iron, or of iron mixed with steel ...	"
(c) Liqueurs ...	"	4. Lead—	
(d) Rum ...	"	(a) Ore ...	"
(e) Whisky ...	"	(b) Pig ...	"
(f) Spirit used in drugs, medicines, or chemicals ...	"	(c) Wrought—	
(g) Spirit, perfumed ...	"	i. Sheets, pipes, and tubes ...	"
(h) "methylated ...	"	ii. Sheets for tea chests ...	"
(i) Other sorts of spirit ...	"	iii. Other sorts ...	"
4. Wines—		(d) Other sorts ...	"
(a) Champagne ...	"		
(b) Claret ...	"		
(c) Port ...	"		
(d) Sherry ...	"		
(e) Other sorts ...	"		

I.—Private Merchandise—contd.

	Particulars required in addition to value.		Particulars required in addition to value.
51. Metals—concl'd.		60. Provisions—concl'd.	
5. Quicksilver ...	Lbs.	10. Ghi ...	Lbs.
6. Steel—		11. Lard ...	"
(a) Angle, channel, and spring ...	Cwt.	12. Other sorts of provisions ...	Cwt.
(b) Bars ...	"	13. Biscuits of all kinds ...	Lbs.
(c) Beams, pillars, girders, and bridge-work ...	"	14. Jams and Jellies ...	"
(d) Cast ...	"	15. Milk (condensed and preserved) ...	"
(e) Hoop ...	"	61. Rags and other material for making paper ...	"
(f) Plates and sheets ...	"	62. Railway plant and rolling-stock—	
(g) Other sorts ...	"	1. Carriages and trucks, and parts thereof ...	—
7. Tin—		2. Locomotive engines and tenders, & parts thereof ...	—
(a) Ore ...	"	3. Materials for construction—	
(b) Unwrought (block) ...	"	(a) Rails and fish-plates of steel and iron ...	Cwt.
(c) Wrought (including plates or sheets, not tinned iron) ...	"	(b) Sleepers and keys of steel and iron ...	"
8. Zinc or spelter—		(c) Sleepers of wood ...	"
(a) Unwrought ...	"	(d) Other sorts ...	"
(b) Wrought or manufactured ...	"	63. Salt ...	Tons
(c) Other sorts ...	"	64. Seeds—	
9. Metals, unenumerated ...	"	1. Essential ...	Cwt.
52. Oils—		2. Castor ...	"
1. Animal ...	Gallons.	3. Cotton ...	"
2. Essential ...	"	4. Earthnut ...	"
3. Mineral—		5. Linseed ...	"
(a) Kerosene {in bulk ...	"	6. Mustard ...	"
(b) Paraffin wax ...	Cwt.	7. Poppy ...	"
(c) Other kinds ...	Gallons.	8. Rape ...	"
4. Vegetable, not essential—		9. Tea ...	"
(a) Castor ...	"	10. Til or jinjili ...	"
(b) Coconut ...	"	11. Other sorts ...	"
(c) Earthnut ...	"	65. Shells and Cowries—	
(d) Linseed ...	"	1. Cowries ...	"
(e) Mustard or rape ...	"	2. Shells (chanks, sankhli, large oramental shells, cowras, mother-of-pearl shells, and oyster shells) ...	"
(f) Til or jinjili ...	"	3. Tortoise-shell (including nakhla or nakh) ...	Lbs.
(g) Other sorts ...	"	66. Ships, parts of ...	—
53. Oil-cloth and floor-cloth ...	Sq. yds.	67. Silk—	
54. Paints and Colours ...	Cwt.	1. Raw ...	Lbs.
1. Painters' materials ...	"	2. Manufactures—	
55. Paper and Pasteboard—		(a) Piece-goods ...	Yds.
1. Printing paper ...	Cwt.	(b) Goods of silk mixed with other materials ...	"
2. Writing paper and envelopes ...	"	(c) Thread, for sewing ...	Lbs.
3. Other kinds of paper ...	Cwt.	(d) Other sorts ...	"
4. Pasteboard, milboard, and cardboard of all kinds ...	"	68. Soap ...	Cwt.
56. Perfumery ...	"	69. Specimens illustrative of natural science ...	—
57. Pitch, Tar, and Dammer ...	Cwt.	70. Spices—	
58. Plants, living ...	"	1. Betelnuts ...	Lbs.
59. Printing and Lithographing materials (other than paper) ...	—	2. Cardamoms ...	"
60. Provisions—		3. Cassia ...	"
1. Bacon and hams ...	Lbs.	4. Chillies ...	"
2. Biché de mer ...	"	5. Cinnamon ...	"
3. Butter ...	"	6. Cloves ...	"
4. Cheese ...	"	7. Ginger ...	"
5. Fishmaws and sharkfins ...	"	8. Nutmegs ...	"
6. Fish, dry, unsalted ...	"	9. Pepper ...	"
7. "salted ...	"	10. Other sorts ...	"
8. "wet, (ngapi) ...	"	71. Stationery (excluding paper) ...	—
9. Fruits & vegetables, dried, salted, or preserved—		72. Sticks and whips (including fishing rods and lines) ...	—
(a) Dates ...	Cwt.		
(b) Other sorts ...	"		

I.—Private Merchandise—concl'd.

Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
73. Stone and marble ... Cwt.	84. Wool—concl'd.
74. Sugar—	2. Manufactures—concl'd.
1. Sugar, refined or crystallised, including sugarcandy ...	(b) Carpets and rugs ... Lbs.
2. Sugar, unrefined ...	(c) Piece-goods ... Yds.
3. Confectionery ...	(d) Shawls ... Number.
4. Molasses ...	(e) Other sorts ... Lbs.
75. Tallow ... Lbs.	85. Articles (not specified), imported by post ...
76. Tea ...	86. All other articles of merchandise—
77. Tea chests (entire or in sections), of iron, steel, or other metal ... Number.	1. Unmanufactured ...
78. Do. do. of wood ...	2. Manufactured ...
79. Telegraphs, materials for construction of ...	87. Treasure—
80. Toys and requisites for games ...	1. Gold—
81. Umbrellas, including parasols and sunshades ... Number.	(a) Bullion (bar, ingots, and other) ... Ounces.
82. Wax (excluding candles) ... Cwt.	(b) Coin—
83. Wood—	i. Sovereigns and half sovereigns ...
1. Teak ... Cubic tons.	ii. Other coin ...
2. Other timber ...	2. Silver—
3. Firewood ... Tons.	(a) Bullion—
4. Ornamental—	i. Bar ...
(a) Ebony ...	ii. Other sorts ...
(b) Sandal ...	(b) Coin—
(c) Other kinds ...	i. Government of India rupees ...
5. Manufactures of wood ...	ii. Other rupees (German and British East Africa) ...
84. Wool—	iii. Dollars, chopped and unchopped ...
1. Raw ... Lbs.	iv. Other coin ...
2. Manufactures—	
(a) Braids ...	

II.—Government Stores.

1. Apparel (including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uniforms, and accoutrements, but excluding hosiery) ...	8. Cotton—concl'd.
1. Boots and shoes ... Pairs.	2. Manufactures—concl'd.
2. Arms, ammunition and military stores—	(b) Other sorts of manufactures (including handkerchiefs and shawls in the piece) ...
1. Fire-arms, and parts thereof ...	9. Earthenware and porcelain (excluding earthenware piping) ...
2. Other sorts ...	10. Flax—
3. Books and printed matter (including maps and charts) ...	1. Twist and yarn ... Lbs.
4. Building & engineering materials—	2. Manufactures—
1. Bricks and tiles ... Number.	(a) Canvas ... Yds.
2. Cement ... Cwt.	(b) Piece-goods ...
3. Other sorts (including earthenware piping) ...	(c) Other sorts (including bags and sacks) ...
5. Carriages and carts (excluding railway carriages), and parts thereof ...	11. Glass and glassware ...
6. Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines, and Narcotics—	12. Hardware and cutlery, including agricultural implements and plated ware ...
1. Chemicals ...	13. Instruments, Apparatus, and Appliances, and parts thereof—
2. Drugs—	1. Musical ...
(a) Quinine ... Lbs.	2. Other kinds ...
(b) Other sorts ...	14. Leather—
3. Medicines and narcotics ...	1. Unwrought ... Cwt.
7. Coal, Coke, and Patent fuel ... Tons.	2. Manufactures—
8. Cotton—	(a) Saddlery and harness ...
1. Twist and yarn ... Lbs.	(b) Other sorts (excluding boots and shoes) ...
2. Manufactures—	15. Lignors—
(a) Piece-goods—	1. Ale, beer, and porter ... Gallons.
i. Grey (unbleached) Yds.	2. Spirit ...
ii. White (bleached) ...	3. Wines ...
iii. Coloured, printed, or dyed ...	

II.—Government Stores—concl'd.

Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
16. Machinery and millwork—	17. Metals—concl'd.
1. Steam-engines and parts (other than locomotives) ...	7. Zinc or spelter—
2. Other sorts of machinery ...	(a) Wrought or manufactured ... Cwt.
Metals—	8. Metals, unenumerated ...
1. Brass, wrought ... Cwt.	18. Paper and pasteboard—
Copper, unwrought ...	1. Printing paper ...
" wrought ...	2. Writing paper and envelopes ...
3. Iron—	3. Other kinds of paper ... Cwt.
(a) Cast (pig) ...	4. Pasteboard, millboard and cardboard of all kinds ...
(b) Wrought—	19. Printing and lithographing materials (other than paper) ...
i. Anchors, cables and kentledge ...	20. Railway plant and rolling-stock—
ii. Angle, bolt and rod ...	1. Carriages and trucks and parts thereof ...
iii. Bar ...	2. Locomotive engines and tenders and parts thereof ...
iv. Hoop ...	3. Materials for construction—
v. Nails, screws, rivets and washers ...	(a) Rails and fish-plates of steel and iron ... Cwt.
vi. Sheets and plates (including galvanised & tinned plates) ...	(b) Sleepers and keys of steel and iron ...
vii. Wire ...	(c) Sleepers, wood ...
viii. Other manufactures of wrought or cast iron, or of iron mixed with steel ...	(d) Other sorts ...
4. Lead—	21. Ships, parts of ...
(a) Pig ...	22. Stationery (excluding paper) ...
(b) Wrought—	23. Telegraphs, materials for construction of ...
i. Sheets, pipes, and tubes ...	24. Wool—
ii. Other sorts ...	Manufactures—
5. Steel—	(a) Piece-goods ... Yds.
(a) Bars ...	(b) Other sorts ... Lbs.
(b) Cast ...	25. All other articles—
(c) Plates and sheets ...	1. Unmanufactured ...
(d) Other sorts ...	2. Manufactured ...
6. Tin—	26. Treasure—
(a) Unwrought (block) ...	1. Gold, coin and bullion ... Ounces.
(b) Wrought (including plates or sheets, not tinned iron) ...	2. Silver, do. ...

No. 2.—EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

List of articles to be specified in the tables of exports in the monthly and annual returns of the sea-borne trade of British India with foreign countries.

[N.B.—The quantity of each article is always to be stated in the denomination entered in the second column. Where no denomination of quantity is stated only the value is to be given.]

I.—Private Merchandise.

Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
1. Animals, living—	6. Bristles and fibre for brushes and brooms ... Cwt.
1. Horses ... Number.	7. Building and engineering materials—
2. Other kinds ...	1. Bricks and tiles ... Number.
2. Apparel (including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uniforms, accoutrements, but excluding hosiery) ...	2. Cement ... Cwt.
1. Boots and shoes ... Pairs.	3. Chalk and lime ...
3. Arms, ammunition, and military stores—	4. Clay ...
1. Firearms, and parts thereof ...	5. Earthenware piping ...
2. Other sorts ...	6. Other sorts ...
4. Art, works of ...	8. Cabinet-ware and furniture ...
5. Books and printed matter (including maps and charts) ... Cwt.	9. Candles ... Lbs.
	10. Canes and rattans ... Cwt.
	11. Caoutchouc—
	1. Raw ...
	2. Manufactures ...

I.—Private Merchandise—contd.

Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
12. Carriages and carts (excluding railway carriages), and parts thereof	22. Dyeing & Tanning materials—concl'd.
13. Chemicals—	5. Madder or manjit... Cwt.
1. Alum Cwt.	6. Myrabolams "
2. Arsenic "	7. Safflower "
3. Bicarbonate of soda "	8. Turmeric "
4. Borax "	9. Other sorts... .. "
5. Copperas "	23. Earthenware and porcelain (excluding earthenware piping).
6. Khari salt "	24. Feathers Lbs.
7. Sal ammoniac "	25. Fireworks "
8. Saltpetre "	26. Flax—
9. Sulphur (brimstone) "	1. Raw Lbs.
10. Sulphuric acid "	2. Twist and yarn "
11. Other sorts... .. "	3. Manufactures—
14. Clocks and watches Number.	(a) Canvas Yds.
15. Coal—	(b) Piece-goods "
1. Coal Tons.	(c) Other sorts, including bags and sacks Lbs.
2. Coke "	27. Fodder, bran, and cattle-food, including hay and straw—
3. Patent fuel "	1. Oilcake Cwt.
16. Coffee Cwt.	2. Rice-bran Tons.
17. Coir—	3. Other sorts... .. Cwt.
1. Unmanufactured "	28. Fruits and Vegetables—
2. Manufactures of (excluding rope) "	1. Fruits—
18. Corals, real Lbs.	(a) Cocoanuts, Number.
19. Cordage and rope of vegetable fibre (excluding jute) Cwt.	(b) " kernel or copra Cwt.
20. Cotton—	(c) Other sorts "
1. Raw Cwt.	2. Vegetables, fresh "
2. Twist and yarn Lbs.	29. Glass and glassware—
3. Manufactures—	1. Beads and false pearls Cwt.
(a) Piece-goods—	2. Other ware "
i. Grey (unbleached).. Yds.	30. Grain and Pulse—
ii. White (bleached) "	1. Barley Cwt.
iii. Coloured, printed, or dyed "	2. Gram "
(b) Canvas "	3. Jawar and bajra "
(c) Handkerchiefs and shawls in the piece.. Number.	4. Oats "
(d) Hosiery, pure and mixed "	5. Pulse "
(e) Lace and patent net.. Yds.	6. Rice in the husk "
(f) Thread, sewing Lbs.	7. " not in the husk "
(g) Other sorts of manufactures "	8. " flour "
21. Drugs, medicines, and narcotics (excluding chemicals)—	9. Wheat "
1. Aloes... .. Cwt.	10. " flour Lbs.
2. Asafoetida Lbs.	11. Other sorts Cwt.
3. Camphor "	31. Gums and Resins—
4. Cinchona bark "	1. Arabic "
5. Galangal Cwt.	2. Benjamin "
6. Other sorts of drugs and medicines "	3. Olibanum or frankincense. "
7. Opium weighing	4. Rosin "
8. Tobacco—	5. Other sorts "
(a) Unmanufactured Lbs.	32. Hardware and Cutlery, including plated ware—
(b) Manufactured—	1. Agricultural implements... ..
i. Cigars "	2. Other sorts "
ii. Other sorts "	33. Hemp—
22. Dyeing and Tanning materials—	1. Raw Cwt.
1. Cutch Cwt.	2. Manufactures (excluding cordage)—
2. Gambier "	(a) Bags and sacks Number.
3. Indigo "	(b) Cloth Yds.
4. Lac-dye "	34. Hides and skins—
	1. Hides, raw... .. Cwt. & No.
	2. " dressed or tanned... .. "
	3. Skins, raw "
	4. " dressed or tanned "
	35. Horn and hornmeal Cwt.
	36. Ice "

I.—Private Merchandise—contd.

Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
37. Instruments, Apparatus, and Appliances, and parts thereof—	50. Metals—concl'd.
1. Musical "	3. Iron—
2. Photographic "	(a) Ore Cwt.
3. Scientific, philosophical, and other kinds "	(b) Old, for re-manufacture "
38. Ivory—	(c) Cast (pig) "
1. Unmanufactured Lbs.	(d) Wrought—
2. Manufactured "	i. Anchors, cables, and kentledge... .. "
39. Jadestone Cwt.	ii. Angle, bolt, & rod "
40. Jewellery and plate, of gold and silver—	iii. Bar... .. "
1. Jewellery "	iv. Beams, pillars, girders, and bridgework "
2. Plate "	v. Galvanised (other than plates, sheets, and wire) "
3. Precious stones and pearls, unset "	vi. Hoop "
41. Jute—	vii. Nails, screws, rivets, & washers. "
1. Raw Cwt.	viii. Pipes and tubes... .. "
2. Twist and yarn Lbs.	ix. Rice bowls "
3. Manufactures—	x. Sheets and plates (including galvanised and tin-plated plates) "
(a) Gunny bags Number.	xi. Wire "
(b) " cloth Yds.	xii. Other manufactures of wrought or cast iron, or of iron mixed with steel "
(c) Canvas "	
(d) Rope and twine Cwt.	
(e) Other kinds "	
42. Lac—	4. Lead—
1. Button "	(a) Pig "
2. Seed "	(b) Other sorts "
3. Shell "	5. Manganese ore "
4. Stick "	6. Steel "
5. Other kinds (excluding lac-dye) "	7. Tin—
43. Lacquered-ware (of Indian manufacture) "	(a) Ore "
44. Leather—	(b) Unwrought (block) "
1. Unwrought Cwt.	(c) Wrought (including plates or sheets, not tinned iron) "
2. Manufactures—	8. Zinc or spelter—
(a) Saddlery and harness "	(a) Unwrought "
(b) Other sorts (excluding boots and shoes) "	(b) Wrought or manufactured "
45. Liquors—	(c) Other sorts "
1. Ale, beer, and porter Gallons.	9. Metals, unenumerated "
2. Spirit—	51. Mica (commercially called Talc) "
(a) Rum "	52. Mowra or Mowra flowers "
(b) Other sorts of spirit.. "	53. Oils—
3. Wines "	1. Animal Gallons.
46. Machinery and millwork—	2. Essential "
1. Steam-engines, and parts (other than locomotives). "	3. Mineral—
2. Other sorts of machinery... .. "	(a) Kerosene "
47. Manures—	(b) Paraffin wax Cwt.
1. Animal bones Tons.	(c) Other kinds Gallons.
2. Guano "	4. Vegetable, not essential—
3. Other kinds (except oilcake) "	(a) Castor "
48. Matches "	(b) Coconut "
49. Mats and matting Sq. yds.	(c) Earthnut "
50. Metals—	(d) Linseed "
1. Brass—	(e) Mustard or rape "
(a) Unwrought Cwt.	(f) Til or jinjili "
(b) Wrought "	(g) Dregs of jinjili oil Cwt.
2. Copper—	(h) Other sorts Gallons.
(a) Ore "	
(b) Old, for re-manufacture "	
(c) Unwrought "	
(d) Wrought—	
i. Lametta "	
ii. Sheets and other manufactures "	

I.—Private Merchandise—contd.

	Particulars required in addition to value.		Particulars required in addition to value.
54. Oil-cloth and floor-cloth ...	Sq. yds.	65. Seeds— <i>concl'd.</i>	
55. Paints and Colours ...	Cwt.	10. Tea ...	Cwt.
Painters' materials ...	—	11. Til or jinjili ...	"
56. Paper and Pasteboard—		12. Other sorts ...	"
1. Printing paper ...	Cwt.	66. Shells and Cowries—	
2. Writing paper and envelopes ...	Cwt.	1. Cowries ...	"
3. Other kinds of paper ...	Cwt.	2. Shells (chanks, sankhli, large ornamental shells, cowras, mother-of-pearl shells, and oyster shells) ...	"
4. Pasteboard, millboard, and cardboard of all kinds ...	"	3. Tortoise-shell (including nakhla or nakh) ...	Lbs.
57. Perfumery—		67. Ships, parts of ...	—
1. Musk ...	Ounces.	68. Silk—	
2. All other sorts ...	"	1. Raw—	
58. Pitch, Tar, and Dammer ...	Cwt.	(a) Mulberry silk, excluding tasar and other wild silks—	
59. Plants, living ...	—	i. Raw ...	Lbs.
60. Printing and Lithographing materials (other than paper). ...	—	ii. Chasam or waste ...	"
61. Provisions—		iii. Cocoons ...	"
1. Bacon and hams ...	Lbs.	(b) Wild silk: tasar mutua, ga, eria, and others—	
2. Biché de mer ...	"	i. Raw ...	"
3. Butter ...	"	ii. Chasam or waste ...	"
4. Cheese ...	"	iii. Cocoons ...	"
5. Fishmaws and sharkfins ...	"	2. Manufactures—	
6. Fish, dry, unsalted ...	"	(a) Piece-goods ...	Yds.
7. " salted ...	"	(b) Goods of silk mixed with other materials ...	Lbs.
8. " wet, " (ngapi) ...	"	(c) Thread, for sewing ...	Lbs.
9. Fruits and vegetables: dried, salted, or preserved—		(d) Other sorts ...	Cwt.
(a) Dates ...	Cwt.	69. Soap ...	Cwt.
(b) Other sorts ...	"	70. Specimens illustrative of natural science ...	—
10. Ghee ...	Lbs.	71. Spices—	
11. Lard ...	"	1. Betelnuts ...	Lbs.
12. Other sorts of provisions ...	Cwt.	2. Cardamoms ...	"
62. Rags and other materials for making paper ...	"	3. Cassia ...	"
63. Railway plant and rolling-stock—		4. Chillies ...	"
1. Carriages, trucks, locomotive engines, tenders, and parts thereof ...	—	5. Cinnamon ...	"
2. Materials for construction—		6. Cloves ...	"
(a) Sleepers of wood ...	Cwt.	7. Ginger ...	"
(b) Other sorts ...	"	8. Nutmegs ...	"
64. Salt ...	Tons.	9. Pepper ...	"
65. Seeds—		10. Other sorts ...	"
1. Essential—		72. Stationery (excluding paper) ...	—
(a) Ajama ...	Cwt.	73. Stone and marble ...	Cwt.
(b) Ajwan ...	"	74. Sugar—	
(c) Aniseed ...	"	1. Sugar, refined or crystallised, including sugar-candy and confectionery ...	"
(d) Assalia ...	"	2. Sugar, unrefined ...	"
(e) Carraway ...	"	75. Tallow ...	Lbs.
(f) Coriander ...	"	76. Tea ...	"
(g) Cummin ...	"	77. Toys and requisites for games ...	—
(h) " (black) ...	"	78. Umbrellas, including parasols and sunshades ...	Number.
(i) Fennel ...	"	79. Wax (excluding candles) ...	Cwt.
(j) Fenugreek ...	"	80. Wood—	
(k) Niger ...	"	1. Teak ...	Cub. tons.
(l) Sawa or dil ...	"	2. Other timber ...	"
(m) Other sorts ...	"	3. Firewood ...	Tons.
2. Castor ...	"	4. Ornamental—	
3. Cotton ...	"	(a) Ebony ...	—
4. Earthnut ...	"	(b) Sandal ...	—
5. Linseed ...	"	(c) Other kinds ...	—
6. Mowa or Mowra ...	"	5. Manufactures of wood ...	—
7. Mustard ...	"		
8. Poppy ...	"		
9. Rape ...	"		

I.—Private Merchandise—concl'd.

	Particulars required in addition to value.		Particulars required in addition to value.
81. Wool—		84. Treasure—	
1. Raw ...	Lbs.	1. Gold—	
2. Manufactures—		(a) Bullion (bar, ingots, and other) ...	Ounces.
(a) Braids ...	"	(b) Coin—	
(b) Carpets and rugs ...	"	i. Sovereigns and half-sovereigns ...	"
(c) Piece-goods ...	Yds.	ii. Other coin ...	"
(d) Shawls ...	Number.	2. Silver—	
(e) Other sorts ...	Lbs.	(a) Bullion ...	"
82. Articles (not specified) exported by post ...	—	(b) Coin—	
83. All other articles of merchandise—		i. Government of India rupees ...	"
1. Unmanufactured ...	—	ii. Other coin ...	"
2. Manufactured ...	—		

II.—Government Stores.

1. Apparel (including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uniforms, accoutrements, but excluding hosiery) ...	Pairs.	13. Instruments, Apparatus, and Appliances, and parts thereof—	
1. Boots and shoes ...	"	1. Musical ...	—
2. Arms, ammunition, and military stores—		2. Photographic ...	—
1. Firearms, and parts thereof ...	—	3. Scientific, philosophical, and other kinds ...	—
2. Other sorts ...	—	14. Leather—	
3. Books and printed matter (including maps and charts) ...	—	1. Unwrought ...	Cwt.
4. Building and engineering materials—		2. Manufactures—	
1. Bricks and tiles ...	Number.	(a) Saddlery and harness ...	—
2. Other sorts ...	—	(b) Other sorts (excluding boots and shoes) ...	—
5. Carriages and carts (excluding railway carriages), and parts thereof ...	—	15. Liquors—	
6. Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines, and Narcotics—		1. Ale, beer, and porter ...	Gallons.
1. Chemicals ...	—	2. Spirit ...	"
2. Drugs, medicines, and narcotics—		16. Machinery and millwork—	
(a) Quinine ...	Lbs.	1. Steam-engines, and parts (other than locomotives) ...	—
(b) Other sorts ...	—	2. Other sorts of machinery ...	—
7. Coal, coke, and patent fuel ...	Tons.	17. Metals—	
8. Cotton—		1. Brass, wrought ...	Cwt.
1. Twist and yarn ...	Lbs.	2. Copper, unwrought ...	"
2. Manufactures—		" wrought ...	"
(a) Piece-goods—		3. Iron—	
i. Grey (unbleached) ...	Yds.	Wrought—	
ii. White (bleached) ...	"	(a) Anchors, cables, and kentledge ...	"
iii. Coloured, printed, or dyed ...	"	(b) Galvanised (other than plates, sheets, and wire) ...	"
(b) Other sorts of manufactures (including handkerchiefs and shawls in the piece) ...	—	(c) Nails, screws, rivets, and washers ...	"
9. Earthenware and Porcelain (excluding earthenware piping) ...	—	(d) Other manufactures of wrought or cast iron, or of iron mixed with steel ...	"
10. Flax—		4. Lead, wrought and manufactures ...	"
Manufactures ...	—	5. Steel, bars, cast, and other sorts ...	"
11. Glass and glassware ...	—	6. Tin, unwrought and wrought ...	"
12. Hardware and Cutlery, including agricultural implements and plated ware ...	—	7. Zinc or spelter, wrought or manufactured ...	"
		8. Metals, unenumerated ...	"
		18. Paper and Pasteboard—	
		1. Writing paper and envelopes ...	—
		2. Other kinds of paper ...	Cwt.
		3. Pasteboard, millboard, and cardboard of all kinds ...	"

II.—Government Stores—concl'd.

	Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
19. Printing and Lithographing materials (other than paper)...	—	24. Wool—concl'd.
20. Railway plant and rolling-stock.	—	Manufactures—concl'd.
21. Ships, parts of ...	—	(b) Other sorts ... Lbs.
22. Stationery (excluding paper) ...	—	25. All other articles—
23. Telegraphs, materials for construction of ...	—	1. Unmanufactured ...
24. Wool—		2. Manufactured ...
Manufactures—		
(a) Piece-goods ... Yds.		26. Treasure—
		1. Gold, coin and bullion ... Ounces.
		2. Silver, do. do. ...

No. 3.—RE-EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

List of articles to be specified in the tables of re-exports in the monthly and annual returns of the sea-borne trade of British India with foreign countries.

[N.B.—The quantity of each article is always to be stated in the denomination entered in the second column. Where no denomination of quantity is stated, only the value is to be given.]

I.—Private Merchandise.

	Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
1. Animals, living—		15. Coal, Coke, and Patent fuel ... Tons
1. Horses Number.		16. Coffee Cwt.
2. Other kinds		17. Coir—
2. Apparel (including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uniforms, accoutrements, but excluding hosiery)		Manufactures (excluding rope ...
1. Boots and shoes Pairs.		18. Corals, real Lbs.
3. Arms, ammunition, and military stores—		19. Cordage and rope of vegetable fibre (excluding jute) ... Cwt.
1. Fire-arms, and parts thereof		20. Cotton—
2. Gunpowder Lbs.		1. Raw
3. Dynamite, and all other explosives Cwt.		2. Twist and yarn Lbs.
4. Other sorts		3. Manufactures:
4. Art, works of		(a) Piece goods—
5. Books and printed matter (including maps and charts) ... Cwt.		i. Grey (unbleached) Yds.
6. Building and engineering materials		ii. White (bleached).
7. Cabinet-ware and furniture		iii. Coloured, printed, or dyed
8. Candles Lbs.		(b) Canvas
9. Canes and rattans Cwt.		(c) Handkerchiefs and shawls in the piece. Number.
10. Caoutchouc—		(d) Hosiery, pure and mixed
1. Raw		(e) Lace and patent net ... Yds.
2. Manufactures		(f) Thread, sewing ... Lbs.
11. Carriages and carts (excluding railway carriages), and parts thereof		(g) Other sorts of manufactures ...
12. Chemicals—		21. Drugs, Medicines, and Narcotics (excluding chemicals)—
1. Alum Cwt.		1. Aloes Cwt.
2. Arsenic		2. Asafoetida Lbs.
3. Copperas		3. Camphor Cwt.
4. Sal ammoniac		4. Cassia lignea Lbs.
5. Sulphuric acid		5. Galangal
6. Other sorts		6. Quinine Lbs.
13. Chinese and Japanese-ware (including lacquered-ware, but excluding earthenware and porcelain)		7. Other sorts of drugs and medicines
14. Clocks and watches Number.		8. Tobacco—
		(a) Unmanufactured ... Lbs.
		(b) Manufactured
		22. Dyeing and Tanning materials—
		1. Alizarine dyes
		2. Aniline

I.—Private Merchandise—concl'd.

	Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
22. Dyeing & Tanning materials—concl'd.		40. Liquors—
3. Cochineal Cwt.		1. Ale, beer, and porter ... Gallons.
4. Gambier		2. Cider and other fermented liquors
5. Madder or manjit		3. Spirit—
6. Saffron Lbs.		(a) Brandy
7. Other sorts Cwt.		(b) Gin
23. Earthenware and Porcelain (excluding earthenware piping)		(c) Rum
24. Fireworks		(d) Whisky
25. Flax—		(e) Other sorts of spirit ...
Manufactures—		4. Wines—
(a) Canvas Yds.		(a) Champagne
(b) Piece-goods		(b) Claret
(c) Other sorts, including bags and sacks ... Lbs.		(c) Port
26. Fruits and Vegetables		(d) Sherry
27. Glass and glassware—		(e) Other sorts
1. Beads and false pearls ... Cwt.		41. Machinery and millwork—
2. Bottles, common Cwt. & gross		1. Agricultural (not being steam)—
3. Sheet and plate Supl. feet.		2. Steam-engines, and parts—
4. Other ware		(a) Locomotives (excluding those for railways)
23. Grain and Pulse—		(b) Other sorts
1. Rice not in the husk ... Cwt.		3. Other sorts of machinery ...
2. Wheat		42. Matches
3. Other sorts		43. Mats and matting Sq. yds.
29. Gums and Resins—		44. Metals—
1. Arabic		1. Brass—
2. Benjamin		Wrought Cwt.
3. Olibanum or frankincense. ...		2. Copper
4. Rosin		(a) Unwrought—
5. Other sorts		Tiles, ingots, cakes, and bricks
30. Hardware and Cutlery, including plated ware—		(b) Wrought—
1. Agricultural implements ...		i. Lametta
2. Other sorts		ii. Mixed or yellow metal, for sheathing ...
31. Hemp—		iii. Sheets and other manufactures ...
Manufactures (excluding cordage)		3. Iron—
32. Hides and Skins—		(a) Old, for re-manufacture
1. Hides, raw Cwt. & No.		(b) Wrought—
2. " dressed or tanned		i. Anchors, cables, and kentledge
3. Skins, raw		ii. Angle, bolt, and rod
4. " dressed or tanned		iii. Bar
33. Hops Cwt.		iv. Hoop
34. Horn and horneal		v. Nails, screws, rivets, and washers ...
35. Instruments, Apparatus, and Appliances, and parts thereof—		vi. Pipes and tubes
1. Musical		vii. Sheets and plates—
2. Photographic		1. Galvanised
3. Scientific, philosophical, and other kinds		2. Tinned
36. Ivory—		3. Other than galvanised or tinned ...
1. Unmanufactured Lbs.		viii. Wire
2. Manufactured		ix. Other manufactures of wrought or cast-iron, or of iron mixed with steel ...
37. Jewellery and plate, of gold and silver—		4. Lead—
1. Jewellery		(a) Ore
2. Plate		(b) Pig
3. Precious stones and pearls, unset		(c) Wrought—
38. Jute—		i. Sheets, pipes, and tubes
Manufactures		ii. Other sorts
39. Leather—		(d) Other sorts
1. Unwrought Cwt.		
2. Manufactures (excluding boots and shoes)		

I.—Private Merchandise—concl'd.

	Particulars required in addition to value.		Particulars required in addition to value.
44. Metals—concl'd.		55. Seeds—concl'd.	
5. Quicksilver	Lbs.	2. Rape	Cwt.
6. Steel—		3. Other sorts	"
(a) Hoop	Cwt.	56. Shells and Cowries	"
(b) Other sorts	"	57. Ships, parts of	"
7. Tin—		58. Silk—	
Unwrought (block)	"	1. Raw	Lbs.
8. Zinc or spelter—		2. Manufactures—	
(a) Unwrought	"	(a) Piece-goods	Yds.
(b) Wrought or manu- factured	"	(b) Goods of silk mixed with other materials	Lbs.
(c) Other sorts	"	(c) Thread for sewing	Cwt.
9. Metals, unenumerated	"	(d) Other sorts	"
45. Oils—		59. Soap	
1. Animal	Gallons.	60. Specimens illustrative of natural science	"
2. Essential	"	61. Spices—	
3. Mineral—		1. Betelnuts	Lbs.
(a) Kerosine	"	2. Cardamoms	"
(b) Other kinds	"	3. Cloves	"
4. Vegetable, not essential—		4. Ginger	"
(a) Linseed	"	5. Nutmegs	"
(b) Other sorts	"	6. Pepper	"
46. Oil-cloth and floor-cloth	Sq. yds.	7. Other sorts	"
47. Paints and Colours	Cwt.	62. Stationery (excluding paper)	"
48. Paper and Pasteboard—		63. Stone and marble	Cwt.
1. Printing paper	"	64. Sugar, refined or crystallised, in- cluding sugarcandy and con- fectionery	Lbs.
2. Writing paper and en- velopes	"	65. Tea	"
3. Other kinds of paper	Cwt.	66. Toys and requisites for games	"
4. Pasteboard, millboard and cardboard of all kinds	"	67. Umbrellas, including parasols and sunshades	Number.
49. Perfumery	"	68. Wax (excluding candles)	Cwt.
50. Pitch, Tar, and Dammer	Cwt.	69. Wood—	
51. Printing and Lithographing materials (other than paper)	"	1. Teak	Cub. tons.
52. Provisions—		2. Other timber	"
1. Bacon and hams	Lbs.	3. Ornamental	"
2. Biché de mer	"	4. Manufactures of wood	"
3. Butter	"	70. Wool—	
4. Fishmaws and sharkfins	"	1. Raw	Lbs.
5. Fish, dry, unsalted	"	2. Manufactures—	
6. " salted	"	(a) Piece-goods	Yds.
7. Fruits and vegetables: dried, salted, or preserved—		(b) Shawls	Number.
(a) Dates	Cwt.	(c) Other sorts	Lbs.
(b) Other sorts	"	71. Articles (not specified) re-export- ed by post	"
8. Ghi	Lbs.	72. All other articles of merchan- dise—	
9. Other sorts of provisions	Cwt.	1. Unmanufactured	"
53. Railway plant and rolling-stock	Tons.	2. Manufactured	"
54. Salt	"		
55. Seeds—			
1. Essential	Cwt.		

II.—Government Stores.

1. Apparel (including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uni- forms, accoutrements, but ex- cluding hosiery)	"	5. Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines, and Narcotics	"
1. Boots and shoes	Pairs.	6. Cotton—	
2. Arms, ammunition, and military stores—		1. Twist and yarn	Lbs.
1. Fire-arms, and parts there- of	"	2. Manufactures	"
2. Other sorts	"	7. Flax—	
3. Books and printed matter (includ- ing maps and charts)	"	Manufactures	"
4. Building and engineering mate- rials	"	8. Glass and glassware	"
		9. Hardware and Cutlery, including agricultural implements and plated ware	"
		10. Instruments, Apparatus, and Appliances, and parts there- of	"

II.—Government Stores—concl'd.

	Particulars required in addition to value.		Particulars required in addition to value.
11. Leather, unwrought and manu- factures (excluding boots and shoes)	"	14. Metals—concl'd.	
12. Liquors—		5. Steel, bars, cast, and other sorts	Cwt.
1. Ale, beer, and porter	Gallons.	6. Tin, unwrought and wrought	"
2. Spirit	"	7. Zinc or spelter, wrought or manufactured	"
3. Wines	"	8. Metals, unenumerated	"
13. Machinery and millwork	"	15. Railway plant and rolling-stock	"
14. Metals—		16. Ships, parts of	"
1. Brass, wrought	Cwt.	17. Stationery (excluding paper)	"
2. Copper, unwrought	"	18. Telegraphs, materials for con- struction of	"
3. Iron—		19. Wool—	
(a) Cast (pig)	"	Manufactures—	
(b) Wrought and manu- factured	"	(a) Piece-goods	Yds.
4. Lead—		(b) Other sorts	Lbs.
(a) Pig	"	20. All other articles—	
(b) Wrought and manu- factured	"	1. Unmanufactured	"
		2. Manufactured	"

No. 4.—COASTING TRADE.

List of articles to be specified in the tables of imports, and exports in the monthly and annual returns of the coasting trade of British India.

[N.B.—The quantity of each article is always to be stated in the denomination indicated opposite the article in the second column. Where no denomination of quantity is stated, only the value is to be given.]

I.—Private Merchandise.

Indian Produce and Manufacture.

	Particulars required in addition to value.		Particulars required in addition to value.
1. Animals living—		14. Cordage and rope of vegetable fibre (excluding jute)	Cwt.
1. Horses	Number.	15. Cotton—	
2. Other kinds	"	1. Raw	"
2. Apparel (including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uniforms, accoutrements, but excluding hosiery)	"	2. Twist and yarn	Lbs.
3. Arms, ammunition, and military stores	Pairs.	3. Manufactures—	
4. Art, works of	"	(a) Piece-goods—	
5. Books and printed matter (in- cluding maps and charts)	Cwt.	i. Grey (unbleached) Yds.	
6. Building and engineering mate- rials—		ii. White (bleached)	"
1. Bricks and tiles	Number.	iii. Coloured, printed, or dyed	"
2. Obalk and lime	Cwt.	(b) Handkerchiefs and shawls in the piece Number.	
3. Other sorts	"	(c) Other sorts	"
7. Cabinet-ware and furniture	"	16. Drugs, Medicines and Narcotics (excluding chemicals)—	
8. Canes and rattans	Cwt.	1. Drugs and medicines (ex- cluding chemicals)	"
9. Carriages and carts (excluding railway carriages) and parts thereof	"	2. Opium	Cwt.
10. Chemicals—		3. Tobacco—	
1. Khari salt	Cwt.	(a) Unmanufactured	Lbs.
2. Saltpetre	"	(b) Manufactured—	
3. Sulphuric acid	"	i. Cigars	"
4. Other sorts	"	ii. Other sorts	"
11. Coal	Tons.	17. Dyeing and Tanning materials—	
12. Coffee	Cwt.	1. Cutch	Cwt.
13. Coir—		2. Gambier	"
1. Unmanufactured	"	3. Indigo	"
2. Manufactures (excluding rope)	"	4. Myrabolams	"
		5. Turmeric	"
		6. Other sorts (including lac-dye)	"
		18. Earthenware and Porcelain (ex- cluding earthenware piping)	"

I.—Private Merchandise—contd.

Indian Produce and Manufacture—contd.

Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
19. Feathers ... Lbs.	36. Liquors—
20. Fodder, bran, and cattle-food, including hay and straw—	1. Ale, beer and porter ... Gallons.
1. Oilcake ... Cwt.	2. Spirit—
2. Other sorts ... "	(a) Rum ... "
21. Fruits and Vegetables—	(b) Other sorts ... "
1. Fruits—	3. Other sorts of liquors ... "
(a) Cocoanuts ... Number.	37. Machinery and millwork ... "
(b) " kernel or copra ... Cwt.	38. Manures—
(c) Other sorts ... "	1. Animal bones ... Tons.
2. Vegetables, fresh ... "	2. Other kinds ... "
22. Glass and glassware ... "	39. Mats and matting ... Sq. yds.
23. Grain and Pulse—	40. Metals—
1. Barley ... Cwt.	1. Brass—
2. Gram ... "	(a) Unwrought ... Cwt.
3. Jāwar and bajra ... "	(b) Wrought ... "
4. Oats ... "	2. Copper—
5. Pulse ... "	Wrought ... "
6. Rice in the husk ... "	3. Iron—
7. " not in the husk ... "	(a) Cast (pig) ... "
8. " flour ... "	(b) Wrought ... "
9. Wheat ... "	(c) Other sorts ... "
10. " flour ... Lbs.	4. Tin—
11. Other sorts ... Cwt.	(a) Ore ... "
24. Gums and Resins ... "	(b) Unwrought (block) ... "
25. Hardware and Cutlery, including agricultural implements and plated ware ... "	(c) Wrought (including plates or sheets, not tinned iron) ... "
26. Hemp—	5. Unenumerated ... "
1. Raw ... Cwt.	41. Mowā or Mowra flowers ... "
2. Manufactures (excluding cordage) ... "	42. Oils—
27. Hides and Skins—	1. Animal ... Gallons.
1. Hides, raw ... Cwt.	2. Essential ... "
2. " dressed or tanned ... "	3. Mineral—
3. Skins, raw ... "	(a) Kerosine ... "
4. " dressed or tanned ... "	(b) Paraffin wax ... Cwt.
28. Horn and hornmeal ... "	(c) Other kinds ... Gallons.
29. Instruments, Apparatus, and Appliances, and parts thereof ... "	4. Vegetable, not essential—
30. Ivory—	(a) Castor ... "
1. Unmanufactured ... Lbs.	(b) Cocoanut ... "
2. Manufactured ... "	(c) Earthnut ... "
31. Jewellery and plate, of gold and silver ... "	(d) Linseed ... "
32. Jute—	(e) Mustard or rape ... "
1. Raw ... Cwt.	(f) Til or jinjili ... "
2. Twist and yarn ... Lbs.	(g) Dregs of jinjili oil ... Cwt.
3. Manufactures—	(h) Other sorts ... Gallons.
(a) Gunny bags ... Number.	43. Paints and Colours, including Painters' materials ... "
(b) " cloth ... Yds.	44. Paper and Pasteboard—
(c) Canvas ... "	1. Printing paper ... Cwt.
(d) Rope and twine ... Cwt.	2. Writing paper and envelopes ... "
(e) Other kinds ... "	3. Other kinds of paper ... Cwt.
33. Lac—	4. Pasteboard, millboard, and cardboard of all kinds ... "
1. Stick ... "	45. Perfumery ... "
2. Other kinds (excluding lac-dye) ... "	46. Pitch, Tar, and Dammer ... Cwt.
34. Lacquered ware ... "	47. Plants, living ... "
35. Leather—	48. Printing and Lithographing materials (other than paper) ... "
1. Unwrought ... Cwt.	49. Provisions—
2. Manufactures—	1. Bacon and hams ... Lbs.
(a) Saddlery and harness ... "	2. Butter ... "
(b) Othersorts (excluding boots and shoes) ... "	3. Cheese ... "
	4. Fishmaws and shark-fins ... "
	5. Fish, dry, unsalted ... "
	6. " " salted ... "

I.—Private Merchandise—contd.

Indian Produce and Manufacture—concl.

Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
49. Provisions—concl.	59. Spices—
7. Fruits and vegetables: dried, salted, or preserved ... Cwt.	1. Betelnuts ... Lbs.
8. Ghi ... Lbs.	2. Cardamoms ... "
9. Other sorts of provisions ... Cwt.	3. Chillies ... "
50. Rags and other materials for making paper ... "	4. Ginger ... "
51. Railway plant and rolling-stock ... "	5. Pepper ... "
52. Salt ... Tons	6. Other sorts ... "
53. Seeds—	60. Stationery (excluding paper) ... "
1. Essential ... Cwt.	61. Stone and ... Cwt.
2. Castor ... "	62. Sugar—
3. Cotton ... "	1. Sugar, refined or crystallised ... "
4. Earthnut ... "	2. Sugar, unrefined ... "
5. Linseed ... "	63. Tallow ... "
6. Mowā ... "	64. Tea ... Lbs.
7. Mustard ... "	65. Toys and requisites for games ... "
8. Rape ... "	66. Umbrellas, including parasols and sunshades ... Number.
9. Til or jinjili ... "	67. Wax (excluding candles) ... Cwt.
10. Other sorts ... "	68. Wood—
54. Shells and Cowries ... "	1. Teak ... Cub. tons.
55. Ships, parts of ... "	2. Other timber ... "
56. Silk—	3. Firewood ... Tons.
1. Raw ... Lbs.	4. Ornamental ... "
2. Manufactures—	5. Manufactures ... "
(a) Piece-goods ... Yds.	69. Wool—
(b) Goods of silk mixed with other materials ... "	1. Raw ... Lbs.
(c) Other sorts ... Lbs.	2. Manufactures ... "
57. Soap ... Cwt.	70. All other articles of merchandise—
58. Specimens illustrative of natural science ... "	1. Unmanufactured ... "
	2. Manufactured ... "
Foreign Merchandise.	
1. Animals, living—	15. Coffee ... Cwt.
1. Horses ... Number.	16. Cbrals, real ... Lbs.
2. Other kinds ... "	17. Cordage and rope of vegetable fibre (excluding jute) ... Cwt.
2. Apparel (including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uniforms, accoutrements, but excluding hosiery) ... "	18. Cotton—
1. Boots and shoes ... Pairs.	1. Raw ... "
3. Arms, ammunition and military stores—	2. Twist and yarn ... Lbs.
1. Fire-arms and parts thereof ... "	3. Manufactures ... "
2. Gunpowder ... Lbs.	(a) Piece-goods—
3. Dynamite and all other explosives ... Cwt.	i. Grey (unbleached) ... Yds.
4. Other sorts ... "	ii. White (bleached) ... "
4. Art, works of ... "	iii. Coloured, printed, or dyed ... "
5. Books and printed matter (including maps and charts) ... Cwt.	(b) Handkerchiefs and shawls in the piece, Number.
6. Building and engineering materials ... "	(c) Other sorts ... "
7. Cabinet-ware and furniture ... "	19. Drugs, Medicines, and Narcotics (excluding chemicals)—
8. Candles ... Lbs.	1. Drugs and medicines (excluding chemicals) ... "
9. Canes and rattans ... Cwt.	2. Opium ... Cwt.
10. Carriages and carts (excluding railway carriages, and parts thereof) ... "	3. Tobacco—
11. Chemicals ... "	(a) Unmanufactured ... Lbs.
12. Chinese and Japanese ware (including lacquered ware, but excluding earthenware and porcelain) ... "	(b) Manufactured ... "
13. Clocks and watches ... Number.	20. Dyeing and Tanning materials—
14. Coal ... Tons.	1. Alizarine dyes ... "
	2. Aniline ... "
	3. Other sorts ... Cwt.
	21. Earthenware and Porcelain (excluding earthenware piping) ... "
	22. Fireworks ... "
	23. Flax—
	1. Raw ... Lbs.

I.—Private Merchandise—contd.
Foreign Merchandise—contd.

Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
23. Flax—concl'd.	40. Metals—concl'd.
2. Twist and yarn ... Lbs.	3. Iron—concl'd.
3. Manufactures	(d) Wrought—concl'd.
24. Fruits and Vegetables	v. Nails, screws, rivets and washers Cwt.
25. Glass and glassware	vi. Sheets and plates ... "
26. Grain and Pulse ... Cwt.	vii. Wire ... "
27. Gums and Resins ... "	viii. Other manufac- tures of wrought or cast iron, or of iron mixed with steel ... "
28. Hardware and Cutlery, includ- ing agricultural implements and plating ... Cwt.	4. Lead ... Lbs.
29. Hides and skins ... Cwt.	5. Quicksilver ... Lbs.
30. Instruments, Apparatus, and Appliances, and parts thereof ...	6. Steel ... Cwt.
31. Ivory—	7. Tin ... "
1. Unmanufactured ... Lbs.	8. Zinc or spelter ... "
32. Jewellery and plate, of gold and silver ...	9. Unenumerated ... "
33. Jute—	41. Oils—
Manufactures ...	1. Mineral—
34. Lac ... Cwt.	(a) Kerosine ... Gallons.
35. Leather—	(b) Other kinds ... "
1. Unwrought ... "	2. Other sorts of oil ... "
2. Manufactures—	42. Oil-cloth and floor-cloth ... Sq. yds.
(a) Saddlery and harness ...	43. Paints and Colours, including Painters' materials ...
(b) Other sorts (excluding boots and shoes) ...	44. Paper and pasteboard ...
86. Liquors—	45. Perfumery ...
1. Ale, beer, and porter ... Gallons.	46. Pitch, tar and dammer ... Cwt.
2. Spirit—	47. Printing and Lithographing ma- terials (other than paper) ...
(a) Brandy ... "	48. Provisions—
(b) Rum ... "	1. Fruits and vegetables: dried, salted, or preserved—
(c) Other sorts of spirit ... "	(a) Dates ... Cwt.
3. Wine ... "	(b) Other sorts ...
4. Other sorts of liquors ... "	2. Other sorts of provisions—
87. Machinery and millwork—	(a) Bacon and hams ... Lbs.
1. Agricultural (not being steam) ...	(b) Butter ... "
2. Steam-engines, and parts—	(c) Cheese ... Cwt.
(a) Locomotives (exclud- ing those for rail- ways) ...	(d) Other sorts ...
(b) Other sorts ...	49. Railway plant and rolling-stock ...
3. Other sorts of machinery ...	50. Salt ... Tons.
88. Matches ...	51. Seeds ... Cwt.
89. Mats and matting ... Sq. yds.	52. Shells and Cowries ...
40. Metals—	53. Ships, parts of ...
1. Brass—	54. Silk—
(a) Unwrought ... Cwt.	1. Raw ... Lbs.
(b) Wrought ... "	2. Manufactures—
2. Copper—	(a) Piece-goods ... Yds.
(a) Ore ... "	(b) Goods of silk mixed with other materials ...
(b) Old, for re-manufac- ture ...	(c) Other sorts ... Lbs.
(c) Unwrought ... "	55. Soap ... Cwt.
(d) Wrought ... "	56. Spices—
3. Iron—	1. Betelnuts ... Lbs.
(a) Ore ... "	2. Cardamoms ... "
(b) Old, for re-manufac- ture ...	3. Cloves ... "
(c) Cast (pig) ... "	4. Nutmegs ... "
(d) Wrought—	5. Pepper ... "
i. Anchors, cables, and kentledge ...	6. Other sorts ... "
ii. Angle, bolt, and rod ...	57. Stationery (excluding paper) ...
iii. Bar ...	58. Stone and marble ... Cwt.
iv. Hoop ...	59. Sugar—
	1. Sugar, refined or crystal- lised ...
	2. Sugar, unrefined ...

I.—Private Merchandise—concl'd.

Foreign Merchandise—concl'd.

Particulars required in addition to value.	Particulars required in addition to value.
60. Tallow ... Cwt.	66. Wood—concl'd.
61. Tea ... Lbs.	3. Manufactures ...
62. Telegraphs, materials for con- struction of ...	67. Wool—
63. Toys and requisites for games	1. Raw ... Lbs.
64. Umbrellas, including parasols and sunshades ... Number.	2. Manufactures—
65. Wax (excluding candles) ... Cwt.	(a) Piece-goods ... Yds.
66. Wood—	(b) Shawls ... Number.
1. Timber ... Cub. tons.	(c) Other sorts ... Lbs.
2. Ornamental ...	68. All other articles of merchandise—
	1. Unmanufactured ...
	2. Manufactured ...

II.—Government Stores.

Indian Produce and Manufacture.

1. Apparel (including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uni- forms, accoutrements, but ex- cluding hosiery) ... Pairs.	4. Liquors ... Gallons.
2. Arms, ammunition, and military stores ...	5. Metals ... Cwt.
3. Drugs, Medicines and Nar- cotics—	6. Paper and pasteboard ...
1. Drugs ...	7. Railway plant and rolling-stock ...
2. Medicines and Narcotics—	8. Salt ... Tons.
(a) Opium ...	9. Stationery (excluding paper) ...
(b) Other sorts ...	10. Telegraphs, materials for con- struction of ...
	11. Wood—
	Timber ... Cub. tons.
	12. All other articles—
	1. Unmanufactured ...
	2. Manufactured ...

Foreign Merchandise.

1. Apparel (including drapery, haberdashery, millinery, uni- forms, accoutrements, but ex- cluding hosiery) ... Pairs.	5. Metals ... Cwt.
2. Arms, ammunition, and military stores ...	6. Paper and Pasteboard ...
3. Drugs, Medicines, and Narcotics ...	7. Railway plant and rolling-stock ...
4. Liquors ... Gallons.	8. Stationery (excluding paper) ...
	9. Telegraphs, materials for con- struction of ...
	10. All other articles—
	1. Unmanufactured ...
	2. Manufactured ...

III.—Treasure.

Private—	Government—
1. Gold, coin and bullion ... Ounces.	1. Gold, coin and bullion ... Ounces.
2. Silver, do. ... "	2. Silver, do. ... "

B.

List of Foreign Countries (to be adopted in the Returns of Trade).

Europe.		
1. UNITED KINGDOM.	5. FRANCE—concl'd.	8. HOLLAND*—
ii. Brest.	iii. Breteuil.	i. Amsterdam.
2. AUSTRIA-HUNGARY—	iv. Nantes.	ii. Rotterdam.
i. Trieste.	v. Bordeaux.	9. ITALY—
ii. Fiume.	vi. Marseilles.	i. Ancona.
3. BELGIUM*—	vii. Lyons.	ii. Catania.
i. Antwerp.	viii. Orleans.	iii. Brindisi.
ii. Brussels.	ix. Rouen.	iv. Palermo.
iii. Ghent.	6. GERMANY—	v. Messina.
4. DENMARK*—	i. Hamburg.	vi. Leghorn.
i. Copenhagen.	ii. Bremen.	vii. Genoa.
5. FRANCE—	iii. Leipzig.	viii. Venice.
i. Dunkirk.	iv. Nuremberg.	xi. Naples.
ii. Havre.	7. GREECE,*	x. Florence.

List of Foreign Countries to be adopted in the Returns of Trade—concl'd.

- | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 10. MALTA.* | America. | 37. MEKRAH AND SON- |
| 11. NORWAY.* | | MIANI. |
| 12. PORTUGAL*— | 22. CANADA*— | 38. PERSIA*— |
| i. Lisbon. | i. Quebec. | i. Bushire. |
| ii. Oporto. | ii. Montreal. | ii. Bunder Abbas. |
| 13. RUSSIA— | 23. CENTRAL AMERICA. | 39. PHILIPPINES*— |
| i. Batoum. | 24. SOUTH AMERICA— | i. Manila. |
| ii. Odessa. | i. Demerara. | 40. SIAM— |
| iii. Riga. | ii. Rio de Janeiro. | i. Bangkok. |
| iv. Poti. | iii. Buenos Ayres. | 41. STRAITS SETTLE- |
| 14. SPAIN— | iv. Callao. | MENTS*— |
| i. Barcelona. | v. Montevideo. | i. Penang. |
| ii. Cadiz. | vi. Valparaiso. | ii. Malacca. |
| iii. Gibraltar. | vii. Surinam. | iii. Singapore. |
| 15. SWEDEN.* | 25. UNITED STATES— | 42. SUMATRA.* |
| 16. TURKEY IN EUROPE*— | i. New York. | 43. TURKEY IN ASIA— |
| i. Constantinople. | ii. Boston. | i. Smyrna. |
| ii. Saloniki. | iii. New Port. | ii. Beyrout. |
| 17. OTHER COUNTRIES IN | iv. Charleston. | iii. Alexandria. |
| EUROPE.* | v. New Orleans. | iv. Jaffa. |
| Africa and Adjacent | vi. Philadelphia. | v. Baghdad. |
| Islands. | vii. San Francisco. | vi. Bussorah. |
| 18. EASTERN AFRICA— | 26. WEST INDIES— | vii. Tripoli. |
| i. British East Africa, | i. Jamaica. | viii. Trebizond. |
| including Mombasa, | ii. Cuba. | 44. OTHER COUNTRIES IN |
| Zanzibar and Pemba | iii. Trinidad. | ASIA— |
| ii. Abyssinia, including | iv. Barbadoes. | i. Celebes. |
| Erythra (Massoury). | v. St. Lucia. | ii. Macassar. |
| iii. Somaliland, including | vi. Martinique. | |
| Djibouti, Obokh, Ber- | 27. OTHER COUNTRIES | Australia. |
| bera, Bulhar, and | IN AMERICA. | 45. NEW SOUTH WALES*— |
| Zeila. | i. Honolulu. | i. Sydney. |
| iv. German East Africa. | Asia. | ii. Newcastle. |
| v. Portuguese East | 28. ADEN. | 46. NEW ZEALAND*— |
| Africa (Mozambique). | 29. ARABIA— | i. Dunedin. |
| vi. Madagascar, including | i. Territories of the | ii. Wellington. |
| Coomoro. | Iman of Muskat. | iii. Auckland. |
| vii. Mauritius, including | ii. Muscat. | iv. Christ Church. |
| Seychelles. | iii. Jeddah. | 47. QUEENSLAND*— |
| viii. Reunion. | iv. Other Arabian | i. Brisbane. |
| ix. Other East African | States. | ii. Townsville. |
| ports. | 30. BORNEO.* | iii. Rockhampton. |
| 19. SOUTHERN AFRICA— | 31. CEYLON.* | iv. Cairns. |
| i. Natal. | 32. CHINA— | v. Bowen. |
| ii. Cape Colony, includ- | i. Hongkong. | 48. SOUTH AUSTRALIA*— |
| ing Walfish Bay. | ii. Treaty Ports, | i. Adelaide. |
| iii. German South-West | Shanghai, &c. | ii. Port Darwin. |
| Africa. | 33. COCHIN-CHINA— | 49. VICTORIA*— |
| 20. WESTERN AFRICA— | i. Saigon. | i. Melbourne. |
| 1. British, French and | ii. Tonquin. | 50. WESTERN AUSTRALIA* |
| Portuguese posses- | 34. JAPAN.* | i. Albany. |
| sions from Cape | i. Yokohama. | ii. Freemantle. |
| Blanco to Angola | ii. Kobe. | iii. King George's |
| (Benguela) including | iii. Nagasaki. | Sound. |
| the islands of St. | iv. Hiogo. | 51. TASMANIA*— |
| Helena and Ascension. | 35. JAVA.* | i. Hobart Town. |
| 21. NORTHERN AFRICA— | i. Batavia. | ii. Launceston. |
| i. Egypt, including | ii. Samarang. | 52. AUSTRALASIA— |
| Suakim and all ports | iii. Sourabaya. | i. Fiji Islands. |
| north of the latter | 36. MALDIVES (except | 53. AGGREGATE RETURN |
| port. | Minicoy, which is | OF TRADE PASSING |
| ii. Other countries in- | to be regarded as a | THROUGH THE SUEZ |
| cluding Spanish | British Indian Port | CANAL. |
| Guinea, Canary and | subordinate to the | |
| Cape Verde islands, | Presidency of | |
| Morocco, Algeria, | Madras.* | |
| Tunis, Tripoli. | | |

N.B.—1. *Endeavour* should be made to show the trade with chief countries in detail separately for each port as well as in a total for the country, wherever this is possible. (For the United Kingdom such details are unnecessary, and for those countries marked * they need be given only where available.)

2. Transit trade passing via Suez should no longer be shown under that head, which disappears from the list, but under the countries of destination.

3. The present heading "Mediterranean Ports" also disappears, each port being classed under the country to which it belongs.

4. Trade with an inland country must be classed under the country to which belongs the port at which the articles are landed.

5. Trade with the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, as well as with the Laccadives, and with Minicoy (one of the Maldives), to be treated as Coasting or Interportal.

6. Trade with ports in India subject to Foreign Governments, European or Native, to be treated as "Foreign Coasting" under a separate head from the Coasting Trade of British India.

7. The present heads "Persian Gulf" and "Red Sea" disappear, the trade being classed under the countries to which the ports of the adjacent coasts belong.

8. Under "Siam" is to be classed the trade between British Burma and the Islands of Junk, Ceylon or Salang.

After 3 o'clock afternoon, no cash can be received or Bills of Duties settled. Parties therefore who are desirous of clearing goods or private packages, are recommended to apply early in the day for the same. This rule is necessary to enable the accounts of the day to be closed in the evening, which could not be done were duty received until a late hour.

All Pass Notes for every description of goods imported or exported must be signed either by the Collector or Deputy Collector; no other signature shall authorize the gatekeepers or other Custom House officers to pass goods.

EXPLOSIVES.—The import, export and transport of explosives is regulated by the rules issued by the Government of India and published at p. 1905—20 of the Fort St. George Gazette, dated 5th November 1901, Part I.

FEEs LEVIED AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.—For duplicate of any certificate, manifest, bill, or other necessary documents (original having been lost), a fee not exceeding Rs. 10 may be charged.

Certificates are granted in the forms of extracts from the Custom House records on applicants furnishing a non-judicial stamp paper of 8 annas value.

N.B.—The Collector is not bound to furnish duplicates of any document, but if satisfied that no fraud has been committed or is intended, he may grant them.

Godown Rent at the Madras Custom House.

Goods shall be allowed to remain for four days only in any Custom House free of charge. After that period single rates shall be charged on each package for seven days.

Treble rates shall be charged after seven days. These penalty rates may, however, be reduced at the discretion of the Customs Collector.

The day of landing and that of removal are to be reckoned as one day; Sundays and close holidays are not reckoned in the rent-free terms. When delay is caused by the inability of the Custom House officers to examine and pass the goods, such delay is not to be reckoned. The foregoing rules are equally applicable to personal effects deposited in the Custom Houses.

The object in charging godown rent is to induce parties to clear their goods with despatch, and to prevent the yard from being needlessly encumbered.

The rates of wharfage or godown rent are given below; they are applicable to all Customs ports. The rate of 1 rupee per mensem per 100 cubic feet should be applied to all goods not specified in this list.

No charge for godown rent to be made if the amount does not exceed six pies.

On iron stored in the iron yards on the beach in Madras, a ground rent of Rs. 5 per ground per mensem shall be levied, a fraction of a ground and of a calendar month being treated as a whole ground and as a whole month, and no penalty rates being levied. When the Collector is satisfied that the ground is occupied by only a few bars or bundles which remain uncleared owing to difficulty of identification or other reasonable cause, it is left to his discretion to levy rent at 6 pies per ton per diem.

Rates for Godown Rent.

	Per month. RS. A. P.		Per month. RS. A. P.
Beer, whole pipes, butt, or pun-		Tierce cask containing glass or	
cheon.....	0 12 0	provisions.....	0 12 0
Do. half pipe or hogshead.....	0 6 0	Large crates, 12 dozen bottles.....	0 6 0
Do. quarter pipe.....	0 3 0	Small crates, 6 or 8 dozen, more or	
Large casks containing glass or		less.....	0 4 0
earthenware.....	1 0 0	Wines, butt or pipe.....	2 0 0

Rates for Godown Rent—concl'd.

Per month.		Per month.	
RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.	
Wines, half pipe or hoghead.....	1 0 0	Cutch, per 100 bazaar maunds.....	2 0 0
Do. quarter pipe.....	0 8 0	Shell-lac and lac-dye, per chest.....	0 4 0
Do. chests above 12 dozen size....	0 8 0	Vermilion, per box.....	0 2 0
Do. do. of 12 dozen or above.....	0 6 0	Arsenic, per box.....	0 3 0
Do. do. of 6 dozen or 3 doz.....	0 3 0	Brass leaf, do.....	0 2 0
Do. quarter chest or 3 dozen.....	0 2 0	China paper, per case.....	0 2 0
Do. all boxes under 3 dozen and above 1 dozen.....	0 1 0	China, cases of nankin, cassia, cam- phor, silk, aniseed, &c., per case....	0 3 0
Do. one dozen boxes.....	0 0 9	Ginger or turmeric, per 100 bazaar maunds.....	3 0 0
Spirits, per pipe.....	2 0 0	Betelnut, per bazaar maund.....	0 0 6
Do. per hoghead.....	1 0 0	Cloves, do. do.....	0 1 0
Do. in bottle case of 1 dozen.....	0 1 0	Coffee, pepper, cardamom, cummin- seed, aniseed, in bags or bales, per bazaar maund.....	0 1 0
Do. above 1 and under 3 dozen....	0 1 6	Sugar, spices, or any other similar articles, per hoghead.....	0 8 0
Do. 3 dozen.....	0 2 0	Do. do. do. do. per tierce.....	0 4 0
Do. above 3 and under 6 dozen....	0 3 0	Sugarcandy, per tub.....	0 0 6
Do. 6 dozen.....	0 4 0	Tea, per whole chest.....	0 2 0
Do. for every dozen in excess of 6 dozen size.....	0 0 9	Do. per smaller box.....	0 1 0
British piece-goods, per case above 12 dozen.....	0 8 0	Paint, per keg of 56 lbs.....	0 0 6
Do. do. do. per case of 12 dozen or above 6 dozen.....	0 6 0	Salmon, herrings, or other fishes, per keg.....	0 0 6
Do. do. do. 6 or 3 dozen.....	0 3 0	Turpentine, linseed or other vege- table oil, per jar.....	0 2 0
Do. do. do. 3 dozen or less.....	0 2 0	All cordage, per cwt.....	0 1 0
Do. do. do. bale of size of bale of twist of 4 to 500 lbs.....	0 6 0	Rosin or dammer, per bazaar maund.....	0 1 0
Do. do. do. per bale of smaller size.....	0 4 0	Tobacco, unmanufactured, per 1 bazaar maund, per bale.....	0 2 0
Twist of all sorts, per bale of 4 or 500 lbs.....	0 6 0	Gunnies, per large bale.....	0 8 0
Do. do. do. of smaller size.....	0 4 0	Do. per smaller bale.....	0 6 0
Metals, per bazaar maund.....	0 0 6	Cow hides, per large bale.....	0 12 0
Canvas, per bale.....	0 3 0	Do. per smaller bale.....	0 8 0
Silk, per bale.....	0 6 0	Goat skins, per bale.....	0 8 0
Indigo, per chest.....	0 6 0	Quicksilver, per bazaar maund.....	0 2 0
Opium do.....	0 6 0	Tin plates, per box.....	0 0 6
Cotton hemp, jute and safflower, per bale of 300 lbs.....	0 4 0	Bricks, per 1,000.....	1 0 0
Sugar, rice and seeds, per 100 bazaar maunds.....	2 8 0	Valuables, such as specie, jewellery, corals, gold thread, silver plate, &c., per case.....	2 0 0

PETROLEUM.—Rules regulating the importation of Petroleum as defined in India Act XII of 1886, will be found published at p. 264 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 18th February 1900.

UNCLAIMED GOODS.—Goods not cleared within four months from the date of landing will be sold by public auction, after due notice in the Official Gazette. The proceeds will be applied to the payment of duty and other charges, and the surplus (if any) paid to the owner on application within one year from the date of sale.

RE-LANDED GOODS.—Goods re-landed must be reported upon and identified as being the same that have previously passed the Custom House for exportation. No re-landed goods shall be passed into Town or entered for re-exportation on board another vessel, until the original entry in the Export Register has been duly checked and cancelled to the extent of the quantity re-landed.

A regular application in the form of Pass Note shall be made in all cases of goods re-landed either for passing them into Town or for re-exporting them from the Custom House.

UNMANIFESTED GOODS.—Goods landed in excess of those entered in the Manifest, or not corresponding with the particulars therein shown, will be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 1,000 or to confiscation or increased rate of duty as the Collector may decide.

Export.

EXPORT CARGO.—No outward-bound vessel is allowed to receive cargo on board until application be made at the Custom House, and an order signed by the Collector or Deputy, be granted for the purpose. Such application shall specify the name, tonnage and nature of the vessel, the name of the Master, and of every port for which cargo is to be shipped. If goods are shipped prior to grant, the Master is liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 1,000.

Form of Permit for Shipping Cargo.

To _____
You are permitted to export on the _____ under your command, the undermentioned articles:—

Collector of Sea Customs.

Date.	Description of Articles.
	Sundry Goods and Passengers' Baggage.

N.B.—This Permit will serve as an authority to grant you boats.

All goods for exportation must be entered for that purpose at the Custom House. The date on which the goods were entered outwards at the Customs is the date of exportation in the event of any charge being made in the rates of duty or in any fixed valuation. Shippers of export goods are required to deliver a full and true specification thereof in the prescribed form.

Parties will be allowed to produce Invoices in support of the quantities and weight of goods as entered in the Export Permit, and also of the value where such is not contained in the Tariff subject to the liabilities contained in sections 29 to 32 of Act VIII of 1878.

Miscellaneous Provisions.

AGENTS.—The clerk, servant or known agent of a mercantile office may transact business and receive moneys for his employer, if a member of the Firm identifies him before the officer in charge of the Custom House, and empowers him to do so.

Sec. 203 of Act VIII of 1878.

Section 167, clause 9, of Act VIII of 1878. Any person making an unauthorized declaration of value is liable to a penalty not exceeding Rupees 1,000.

APPEAL.—All disputes regarding matters not specially provided for by law between an officer of Customs and another person, has to be decided by the Revenue Board, subject to an appeal to Government (see section 188 of Act VIII of 1878). This section does not apply to cases regularly adjudicated, such as smuggling, &c., but to differences of opinion as to the construction of the Act, rates of duty, classification of goods, &c., appeals are provided for in the former cases by section CLXXXII.

FRENCH GOVERNMENT.—Consignments for the use of the French Government officers, from one French Settlement in India to another, are allowed to pass free through the British Custom Houses at the ports under certificate and seals.—*Board's Circular Order*, No. 4392, 8th July 1862.

HOLIDAYS AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.—The holidays allowed, exclusive of Sundays, are only those notified under the Negotiable Instruments Act. But of these, Sundays, New Year's Day, Good Friday, the King's Birthday and Christmas Day alone are regarded as close holidays. On the other holidays, provision is made between 10 A.M. and 12 noon for the conduct of emergent business and for meeting any demands for the services of the establishment.

OVERTIME FEES.—The rate of overtime fees chargeable for work done by Customs officials before and after office hours on ordinary working days and on Sundays and close holidays, is quarter of a day's pay of the persons on Rs. 75 and below and one-eighth of a day's pay of the persons actually employed for every hour of overtime or holiday work. These rules are applicable to all ports.

OPIUM may be imported on payment of a duty of 24 rupees per seer of 80 tolas and an export duty of 600 rupees per chest of 2 Indian maunds. In the latter case a pass should be obtained from an officer appointed in this behalf by the Local Government.

PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS.—Section 19 of Act VIII of 1878 shall be deemed to authorize and to have always authorized the Governor-General in Council to prohibit or restrict the importation or exportation by sea or by land, or both by sea and by land, of any particular class of goods.—*Act XIV of 1871*.

STORES IMPORTED BY GOVERNMENT are landed duty free, but when articles are purchased by Government in this country after duty has been paid on them, the price should be paid including the duty.—*Government Order*, 26th August 1854, No. 1557.

ACT XI OF 1882.

Repealed by the Indian Tariff Act VIII of 1894, as amended by Acts XVI of 1894 and III of 1896.

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal Schedules II to V, both inclusive, of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894, as amended by Act XVI of 1894, and to substitute other schedules for them; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Substitution of new Schedules for Schedules II to V, both inclusive, appended to the said Indian Tariff Act, 1894, as amended, the Schedules appended to this Act 1894, as amended by shall be substituted. VIII of 1894. Act XVI, 1894.

SCHEDULE II.—(IMPORT TARIFF.)

ARMS, AMMUNITION AND MILITARY STORES,

including also any articles, other than those included in Nos. 1 to 12 of this Schedule, which are "arms" within the meaning of the Indian Arms Act, and any articles which the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, declare to be "ammunition" or "military stores" for the purposes of this Act. XI of 1878.

Names of Articles.	Duty. RS. A.
1. Fire-arms other than pistols, including gas and air-guns and rifles, for each...	50 0
2. Barrels for the same, whether single or double, for each ...	30 0
3. Pistols, for each ...	15 0
4. Barrels for the same, whether single or double, for each ...	10 0
5. Springs used for fire-arms, including gas and air-guns and rifles, for each ...	8 0
6. Gunstocks, sights, blocks and rollers, for each ...	5 0
7. Revolver-breeches, for each cartridge they will carry ...	2 8
8. Extractors, nippers, heel-plates, pins, screws, tangs, bolts, thumb-pieces, triggers, trigger-guards, hammers, pistons, plates and all other parts of fire-arms (including gas and air-guns or rifles) not herein otherwise provided for, and all tools used for cleaning or putting together or loading the same, for each ...	1 8
9. Machines for making, loading, or closing cartridges, for each ...	10 0
10. Machines for capping cartridges, for each ...	2 8

Exception I.—Articles falling under the 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th or 10th head of the foregoing list, when they appertain to a fire-arm falling under the 1st or 3rd head, and are fitted into the same case with such fire-arm, are free.

Exception II.—The following are also free, namely:—

- Arms forming part of the regular equipment of an officer entitled to wear diplomatic, military, naval, or police uniform;
- a sword, a revolver, or a pair of pistols, when accompanying an officer of His Majesty's Regular Forces, or a commissioned officer of a volunteer corps, or certified by the commandant of the corps to which such officer belongs or, in the case of an officer not attached to any corps, by the officer commanding the station or district in which such officer is serving, to be imported by the officer for the purposes of his equipment;
- swords and revolvers which are certified by an Inspector-General of Police to be part of the ordinary equipment of members of the Police force under his charge;
- swords forming part of the equipment of native commissioned officers of His Majesty's army;
- swords for presentation as army or volunteer prizes;
- arms, ammunition and military stores imported with the sanction of the Government of India for the use of any portion of the military forces of a Native State in India which may be maintained and organised for Imperial Service;
- Morris' tubes and patent ammunition when imported by officers commanding British and Native regiments or volunteer corps, for the instruction of their men.

Proviso 1.—No duty in excess of ten per cent. *ad valorem* shall be levied upon any of the articles numbered 1 to 10 in the foregoing list when they are imported in reasonable quantity, for his own private use, by any person lawfully entitled to possess the same.

Proviso 2.—When any articles which have been otherwise imported, and upon which duty has been levied or is leviable under numbers 1 to 10, are purchased retail from the importer by a person lawfully entitled as aforesaid, in reasonable quan-

tity for his own private use, the importer may apply to the Customs Collector for a refund or remission (as the case may be) of so much of the duty thereon as is in excess of ten per cent. *ad valorem*; and if such Collector is satisfied as to the identity of the articles, and that such importer is in other respects entitled to such refund or remission, he shall grant the same accordingly.

Tariff valuation. Rate of duty.

RS. A.		
11 Gunpowder, all sorts ...	<i>ad valorem</i> .	10 per cent.
12. All other sorts of arms, ammunition and military stores ...	"	"

In exercise of the power conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to exempt the articles specified in the list hereto annexed from so much of the duty to which they are liable on import under head 6 or head 5, as the case may be, of the second schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as amended by Indian Tariff Act, 1894, Amendment Act, 1896 (III of 1896), as is in excess of a duty of ten per cent. *ad valorem*.

List above referred to.

Verniers or sight elevators.	Sight covers.	Aim reflectors.
Ventometers or wind gauges.	Sliding bars for sights.	Barrel cleaners or pull-throughs.
Reflectors.	Cleaning rods.	Turnscrews.
Barrel coolers.	Brushes, jags, mops.	Sights for guns or rifles.
	Recoil pads or heel pads.	

[Vide Customs Circular No. XV of 1903, and Notification by the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department, No. 3838 S. R., dated the 26th June 1903.]

SCHEDULE III.—(IMPORT TARIFF.)

LIQUORS, OPIMUM, SALT AND SALTED FISH.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Rate of duty.
1	Liquors—		RS. A.
	Ale, beer, and porter ...	Imperial gallon or six quart bottles.	0 1
	Cider and other fermented liquors ...	"	6 0
	Liqueurs ...	"	"
	Spirit which has been rendered effectually and permanently unfit for human consumption.	"	"
	Spirit when used in drugs, medicines, or chemicals in a proportion of less than twenty per cent. of spirit of the strength of London proof.	<i>ad valorem</i> ...	Five per cent.
	Spirit when so used in a proportion of twenty per cent. and upwards.	Imperial gallon or six quart bottles of the strength of London proof.	6 0 and the duty to be increased or reduced in proportion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than London proof.
	Spirit, perfumed, in wood or in bottles.	Imperial gallon or six quart bottles.	8 0
	Spirit, other sorts ...	Imperial gallon or six quart bottles of the strength of London proof.	6 0 and the duty to be increased or reduced in proportion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than London proof.
	Wines—		
	Champagne and all other sparkling wines not containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	Imperial gallon or six quart bottles.	2 8
	All other sorts of wines not containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit.	"	1 0
	Provided that all sparkling and still wines containing more than 42 per cent. of proof spirit shall be liable to duty at the rate applicable to spirit, other sorts.		

SCHEDULE III.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—concl'd.
LIQUORS, OPIUM, SALT AND SALTED FISH—concl'd.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Rate of duty.
2	OPIUM, not covered by a Government pass.	Ser of 80 tolas ...	RS. A. 24 0
3	SALT	Indian maund of 82½ lb. avoirdupois weight.	The rate at which excise duty is for the time being leviable on salt manufactured in the place where the import takes place.
4	SALTED FISH, wet or dry	"	Such rate or rates of duty not exceeding six annas, as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , from time to time prescribe.

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF.)
GENERAL DUTIES.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Animals, living.</i>		RS. A. P.	
1	HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, and all other living animals of all kinds.	...	...	Free.
	<i>Articles of Food and Drink.</i>			
2	COFFEE	cwt.	27 0 0	5 per cent.
3	FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, except fresh fruits and vegetables not separately enumerated, which are free—			
	Almonds without shell	"	52 8 0	"
	" in the shell	"	14 0 0	"
	" (kagazi)	"	35 0 0	"
	Cashew or cajoo kernels	"	14 0 0	"
	Cocoanuts	thousand	67 0 0	"
	" other (Straits)	"	30 0 0	"
	" kernel (copra)	cwt.	12 0 0	"
	Currants, in cases	"	12 8 0	"
	" in cans	"	30 0 0	"
	" other	"	14 0 0	"
	Dates, dry, in bags	"	5 8 0	"
	" wet,	"	4 0 0	"
	" in pots, boxes and tins	"	8 0 0	"
	Figs, Persian, dried	"	10 0 0	"
	Garlic	"	6 0 0	"
	Hops	"	...	Free.
	Pistachio nuts	cwt.	30 0 0	5 per cent.
	Prunes, Bussora (álu-Bokhara)	"	20 0 0	"
	Raisins, black	"	8 0 0	"
	" kishmish	"	10 0 0	"
	" Munakka	"	8 0 0	"
	" other sorts	"	ad valorem	"
	Walnuts	cwt.	8 0 0	"
	All other sorts of fruits and vegetables.	"	ad valorem	"
4	GRAIN AND PULSE, including broken grain and pulse, but not including flour.	...	...	Free.
6	MINERAL AND AERATED WATERS, and all unfermented and non-alcoholic beverages.	...	ad valorem	5 per cent.

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—cont'd.

GENERAL DUTIES—cont'd.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	Articles of Food and Drink—contd.			
6	PROVISIONS, OILMAN'S STORES AND GROCERIES—			
	Bacon	lb.	0 10 6	5 per cent.
	Beef and pork	..	ad valorem	"
	Biché de mer	cwt.	50 0 0	"
	Butter	lb.	1 4 0	"
	Cheese	..	0 10 0	"
	China preserves in syrup	box of six jars.	4 8 0	"
	" " dry, candied	lb.	0 4 6	"
	Cocum	cwt.	5 0 0	"
	Fish-maws	..	...	Free.
	Flour	..	ad valorem	5 per cent.
	Ghi	cwt.	45 0 0	"
	Groceries not otherwise described	..	ad valorem	"
	Margarine	lb.	1 4 0	"
	Pork hams	..	0 11 0	"
	Sago	cwt.	6 12 0	"
	Shark-fins	..	...	Free.
	Singally and sozille	..	...	"
	Tapioca	cwt.	9 0 0	5 per cent.
	Vinegar, European, in wood	..	ad valorem	2½ per cent.
	" Persian	..	1 8 0	5 per cent.
	" Indian	..	0 6 0	"
	All other sorts of provisions, oilman's stores and groceries.	..	ad valorem	"
7	SPICES—			
	Betelnuts—Goa	cwt.	12 0 0	"
	" —in the husk	thousand	2 0 0	"
	" —all other sorts	..	ad valorem	"
	Chillies, dry	cwt.	13 0 0	"
	Cloves	..	25 0 0	"
	" stems and heads	"	8 0 0	"
	" in seeds, narlavang	"	11 0 0	"
	Ginger, dry	..	22 0 0	"
	Mace	lb.	1 0 0	"
	Nutmegs	"	0 7 0	"
	" in shell	"	0 5 0	"
	Pepper, black	cwt.	35 0 0	"
	" white	"	65 0 0	"
	All other sorts of spices	..	ad valorem	"
8	SUGAR, China, candy	cwt.	15 0 0	"
	" loaf	"	15 0 0	"
	" crystallised, beet	"	10 4 0	"
	" " and soft, from China.	"	10 8 0	"
	" " from Mauritius and Egypt.	"	10 0 0	"
	" soft or raw, other than from Mauritius, Egypt or China.	"	8 8 0	"
	" all other sorts, including saccharine produce of all kinds and confectionery.	...	ad valorem	"
Countries.		Kinds of Sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
Argentine Republic.	All kinds	10 centanos per kilogram.	Per cwt. RS. A. P. 15 3 10	
Austria-Hungary.	Sugar under 99·3 per cent. and of at least 90 per cent. polarization.	5·20 kronen per 100 kilograms.	1 0 3	

Countries.	Kinds of Sugar.	Bounties bestowed.	Additional duties to be levied.
			Per cwt. RS. A. P.
Austria-Hungary—concl'd.	Sugar of at least 99·3 per cent. polarization. Rs. 3·3·9 per cwt. extra to be levied and in addition for present duties. 2461 G. of 1902.	4·60 kronas per 100 kilo-grams.	1 7 4
Belgium	Raw sugar	8·90 francs per 100 kilo-grams.	1 2 10
	Refined sugar	4·40 francs per 100 kilo-grams.	1 5 3
Denmark	"	1·12 crowns per 100 kilo-grams.	0 8 0
France	Raw sugars from 65 to 98 per cent. polarization for beetroot sugars, or 65 to 97 per cent. for French Colonial sugar.	9·51 francs per 100 kilo-grams of refined sugar of 100 per cent. polarization.*	2 13 11
	Sugarcandies	9·83 francs per 100 kilo-grams.	2 15 6
	Refined sugars in loaf or crushed, clear, hard and dry.	9·83 francs per 100 kilo-grams.	2 15 6
	Raw and refined sugars in grains or crystals of a minimum standard of 98 per cent. polarization.	9·67 francs per 100 kilo-grams.	2 14 9
Germany	Raw sugar of at least 90 per cent. polarization.	2·40 marks per 100 kilo-grams.	0 14 4
	Refined sugar under 98 per cent. and of at least 90 per cent. polarization.	2·40 marks per 100 kilo-grams.	0 14 4
	Candy and sugar in white hard loaves, blocks, crystals, etc., of at least 99½ per cent. polarization.	3·44 marks per 100 kilo-grams.	1 4 7
	All other sugars of at least 98 per cent. polarization. Rs. 2·13·9 per cwt. in addition to present duties extra. 2461 G. 1902.	2·89 marks per 100 kilo-grams.	1 1 3
Holland	Raw sugar produced in Holland from beetroots.	1·75 florins per 100 kilo-grams of hard refined	1 1 9
	Sugar, refined, from beetroot, raw sugar produced in Holland.	1·94 florins per 100 kilo-grams.*	1 3 8
	Sugar, refined, from imported raw sugar.	0·19 florins per 100 kilo-grams, in addition to bounty, if any, allowed on the raw sugar by the country of production.	0 1 11 in addition to counter-vailing duty, if any, on the raw sugar rate.
Russia	Sugar of at least 99 per cent. polarization.	0·50 rouble per pood (35·113 lb. avoirdupois)	2 7 4
	Sugar of less than 99 per cent. polarization but not less than 88 per cent.	0·44 rouble per pood	2 2 7
	Sugar of less than 88 per cent. but not less than 75 per cent.	0·38 rouble per pood	1 13 10
Chili	Raw sugar	2 centavos per kilogram.	0 9 2
Italy	Sugar below No. 20 Dutch Standard.	5·60 francs per 100 kilo-grams.	Cancelled by Customs
Do.	Sugar, refined, No. 20 Dutch Standard.	6·13 francs per 100 kilo-grams	Circular IV of 1902.

* The output of refined sugar from raw is computed by deducting from the polarization of the raw sugar twice the glucose four times the ashes, and one-and-a-half per cent. for loss in refining.

For special rates of duty on sugars from Austria-Hungary, Germany, France, &c., see Government of India Customs Circulars, Nos. X of 1902 and IV of 1903.

CUSTOMS CIRCULAR No. XII OF 1902.

NOTIFICATION—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department, No. 4439 S.E., dated the 14th August 1902.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8A, sub-section (2), and section 8B, sub-section (3), of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), as amended by the Indian Tariff Amendment Act, 1899 (XIV of 1899), and by the Indian Tariff Amendment Act, 1902 (VIII of 1902), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make, with effect from the 1st of November 1902, the following rules for the identification of sugar chargeable with an additional or special duty imposed under sub-section (1) of the said sections, respectively, and for the assessment and collection of such additional or special duty, namely:

RULES.

1. For the purposes of these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, "Customs-port," "Chief Customs-authority," "Customs-collector," "owner," and "public ware-house" have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878).

2. Where any sugar is imported into any Customs-port, the owner shall declare to the Customs-collector in what country such sugar was produced, and shall furnish him with such other information as may be necessary to enable him correctly to assess the additional or special duty (if any) chargeable under sub-section (1) of section 8A or 8B, respectively, of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894).

3. (1) Where the information required by rule 2 is not furnished, the Customs-collector shall deposit and detain the sugar in such part of the Customs-house premises as he may deem suitable.

(2) The owner of any sugar deposited and detained under sub-rule (1) may, at any time, clear such sugar on payment of the additional or special duty leviable thereon and of the other charges payable to the Customs-collector, whether for wharfage-fees or otherwise, in respect of the same.

(3) For the purposes of sub-rule (2) and for the purpose of calculating the surplus payable to the owner under section 8B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878, the additional or special duty leviable upon any sugar deposited and detained under sub-rule (1) shall, if the information necessary for the correct assessment of the additional or special duty leviable thereon has not been furnished, be assessed at such rate not exceeding the highest rate of additional or special duty leviable upon any class of sugar, as the Governor-General in Council may, by general or special order, fix in this behalf.

4. The Customs-collector may accept the information required by these rules in any form which he may consider sufficient; and he shall accept it if given in the form and manner hereinafter prescribed.

5. Where sugar is imported into any Customs-port from a bonded warehouse in the United Kingdom, the owner shall furnish the Customs-collector with the following documents, namely:

- (a) a certified copy of the delivery warrant of the British Custom House;
- (b) a certified copy of the shipping bill; and
- (c) a declaration in writing of the exporter in Form A or Form B, as the case may be, stating—
 - (i) the country in which the sugar was produced;
 - (ii) the date of shipment from the country (if any) from which the sugar was exported to the United Kingdom;
 - (iii) where the sugar was not produced in the country referred to in sub-head (ii), the date on which it was exported from the country in which it was produced; and
 - (iv) whether the sugar is cane or beet.

6. Where refined sugar, having passed through a refinery in the United Kingdom, is imported from the United Kingdom into any Customs-port, the owner shall furnish the Customs-collector with the following documents, namely:

- (a) declaration in writing by the refiner in Form C, or by any person authorized by a power-of-attorney from such refiner in Form D, stating—
 - (i) the particulars of the raw sugar from which the refined sugar was manufactured;
 - (ii) the country from which such raw sugar was imported into the United Kingdom;
 - (iii) the date of shipment from the country referred to in sub-head (ii);
 - (iv) where this information is available at the time of importation into the Customs-port, the country in which the raw sugar was produced; and
- by a power-of-attorney from the exporter in Form E, or by any person authorized entered for shipment with the sugar referred to in the declaration prescribed in clause (a).

7. (1) In the case of any sugar—

- (a) which, being refined sugar, has been imported, on payment of duty, into the United Kingdom and has been exported thence without drawback to any Customs-port; or
- (b) which, though nominally imported into the United Kingdom, has merely passed through a port in the United Kingdom in transit to be re-exported thence to any Customs-port in the same or another bottom; or
- (c) which has been imported into any Customs-port from any country other than the United Kingdom;
- the owner shall furnish the Customs-collector with one of the following documents, namely:

(i) where the sugar was produced in the country from which it was exported either to the United Kingdom or direct to India, a certificate by the exporter in Form G;

(ii) where the sugar was produced in a country other than that from which it was exported either to the United Kingdom or direct to India, a certificate by the shipper in Form H.

(2) Where any sugar referred to in sub-rule (1) has been exported from a port in any country other than the United Kingdom or any British possession to the United Kingdom or to any Customs-port, the certificate shall be attested by the British Consular officer at the port in such country.

(3) Where, in any case referred to in sub-rule (2), the British Consular officer so desires, the certificate shall have been approved and communicated to him by a local Chamber of Commerce.

FORM A.

DECLARATION BY EXPORTER IN THE CASE OF SUGAR SHIPPED DIRECT TO THE UNITED KINGDOM FROM THE COUNTRY IN WHICH IT WAS PRODUCED.

[Rule 5, clause (c).]

I, A. B.

declare that the consignment of $\frac{\text{beet}}{\text{cane}}$ sugar of $\frac{\text{beet}}{\text{cane}}$ degrees of polarisation, in

bags marked and addressed as follows

consigned to Messrs. of (a)

was produced in (b)

(c) on the

190 .

and shipped from

day of

Signature of Exporter.

Declared before me at the Custom House at

this

day of

190 .

Signature of Chief Officer of Customs,
Port of

FORM B.

DECLARATION BY EXPORTER IN THE CASE OF SUGAR EXPORTED FROM THE COUNTRY IN WHICH IT WAS PRODUCED TO SOME OTHER COUNTRY, AND THENCE SHIPPED TO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

[Rule 5, clause (c).]

I, A. B.

declare that the consignment of $\frac{\text{beet}}{\text{cane}}$ sugar of

degrees of polarisation, in

bags marked and

addressed as follows

Messrs. of (a)

was produced in (b)

and exported thence in bond on the

day

of

190 .

190 .

on the

day of

Signature of Exporter.

Declared before me at the Custom House at

this

day of

190 .

Signature of Chief Officer of Customs,
Port of

FORM C.

DECLARATION OF ORIGIN AND MANUFACTURE OF SUGAR BY A REFINER.

[Rule 6, clause (a).]

I, A. B.

(a) Insert address and description.

(b) The refined sugar to be described and identified with marks and numbers in this space.

(c) Insert names, with country of place of refinery.

(d) Insert place.

of (a) do solemnly and sincerely declare that the undermentioned sugar (b) was delivered on the day of 190 , from my refinery at (c)

for exportation to (d) and was manufactured by me from importations of raw sugar as endorsed hereon.

And I make this solemn Declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the Statutory Declaration Act, 1835.

Declared at

in

this

Before me,

day of

Signature of Refiner.

190 .

A Justice of the Peace or a Commissioner to administer Oaths in the Supreme Court of

This is the Exhibit

Declaration of the

190 .

referred to in day of

FORM D.

DECLARATION OF ORIGIN AND MANUFACTURE OF SUGAR BY AN AGENT OF REFINER UNDER POWER OF ATTORNEY.

[Rule 6, clause (a).]

I, A. B.

(a) Insert address and description.

(b) The refined sugar to be described and identified with marks and numbers in this space.

(c) Insert refiner's name and address.

(d) Insert place.

of (a) do solemnly and sincerely declare that the undermentioned sugar (b) was delivered on the day of 190 .

from the refinery of (c)

at

for exportation to (d)

and was manufactured by the said

from importations of raw sugar as endorsed hereon.

And I make this solemn Declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the Statutory Declaration Act, 1835.

Signature of Agent

Declared at

in

this

Before me,

day of

190 .

A Justice of the Peace or a Commissioner to administer Oaths in the Supreme Court of

This is the Exhibit

Declaration of the

190 .

referred to in day of

FORM E.

DECLARATION BY EXPORTER.

[Rule 6, clause (b).]

I, A. B.

(a) Insert address and description.

(b) The refined sugar to be described and identified with marks and numbers in this space.

(c) Insert names of ship and master.

(d) Insert place.

of (a)

hereby declare that the undermentioned sugar (b)

has been entered for shipment per (c)

Master (c)

for exportation to (d)

and I further declare that the sugar so entered is the sugar referred to in the annexed Declaration marked

Signature of Exporter.

Declared before me at the Custom House

at day of

190 .

Signature of Chief Officer of Customs,
Port of

FORM F.

DECLARATION BY AN AGENT OF EXPORTER UNDER POWER OF ATTORNEY.

[Rule 6, clause (b).]

I, A. B.

(a) Insert address and description.

(b) The refined sugar to be described and identified with marks and numbers in this space.

(c) Insert names of ship and master.

(d) Insert place.

of (a)

hereby declare that the undermentioned sugar (b)

has been entered for shipment per (c)

Master (c)

for exportation to (d)

and I further declare that the sugar so entered is the sugar referred to in the annexed Declaration marked

Signature of Agent,

Declared before me at the Custom House at

this

day of

190 .

Signature of Chief Officer of Customs,
Port of

FORM G.

DECLARATION BY EXPORTER AT A FOREIGN PORT AS TO THE ORIGIN OF SUGAR PRODUCED IN THE COUNTRY FROM WHICH IT WAS EXPORTED EITHER TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, OR DIRECT TO INDIA.

[Rule 7, sub-head (i).]

I, A. B.

declare that the consignment of

cwt. of beet
cane

sugar, of degrees of polarisation, in

bags, marked and addressed as follows:

and shipped on , 190 , per steamer

consigned to Messrs.

& Co. of (a)

(a) Insert name of port in the United Kingdom.

(b) Insert name of country of export.

was produced in (b)

Exporter's signature.

Certified that I believe the above Declaration to be true.

Signature of Consul at foreign port of exportation.

FORM H.

DECLARATION BY SHIPPER AT A FOREIGN PORT AS TO THE ORIGIN OF SUGAR PRODUCED ELSEWHERE THAN IN THE COUNTRY OF EXPORT.

[Rule 7, sub-head (ii).]

I, A. B.

declare that the consignment of cwt. of beet
of degrees of polarisation, in bags marked and
addressed as follows:and shipped on , 190 , per steamer
consigned to Messrs. & Co.
of (a) was produced in (b).

(a) Insert name of port in the United Kingdom.

(b) Insert country of production.

(c) Insert name of country.

(d) Insert port of shipment.

(e) Insert name of place whence the sugar was exported in transit.

(f) Insert port of shipment.

and exported thence in bond on the

for transit through (c)

to (d)
for shipment to India.

I produce and annex to this Declaration the bills of lading and other relevant documents attested by the Customs and other officials at (e) and at (f)

Shipper's signature.

Certified that I have examined the documents mentioned and believe the foregoing Declaration to be true.

Signature of Consul

at foreign port of exportation.

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles:	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
<i>Articles of Food and Drink—concl.</i>				
9	TEA, black	lb.	0 8 0	5 per cent.
	" green	"	0 10 0	" 21
<i>Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines and Narcotics, and Dyeing and Tanning materials...</i>				
10	CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS—			
	Acid, sulphuric	lb.	0 1 6	5 per cent.
	Alkali, Indian (sajji-khar)	cwt.	2 0 0	"
	Alum	"	4 10 0	"
	Arsenic	"	25 0 0	"
	" China mansil	"	19 0 0	"
	Bicarbonate of soda	"	6 8 0	"
	Copperas, green	"	ad valorem	21 per cent.
	Explosives, namely, blasting gelatine, dynamite, roburite, tonite, and all other descriptions, including detonators and blasting fuse.	"	"	5 per cent.
	Salammohias	cwt.	30 0 0	"
	Sulphate of copper	"	17 8 0	"
	Sulphur (brimstone), flour	"	6 8 0	"
	" ("), roll	"	5 8 0	"
	" ("), rough	"	5 0 0	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*

GENERAL DUTIES—contd.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Chemicals, Drugs, Medicines, and Narcotics, and Dyeing and Tanning materials.</i> —concluded.		RS. A. P.	
	CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS —concl'd.			
	All other sorts of chemical products and preparations, including saltpetre and borax.	...	ad valorem	5 per cent.
11	DRUGS, MEDICINES AND NARCOTICS—			
	Aloes, black cwt.	22 0 0	5 per cent.	
	" Socotra lb.	16 0 0	"	
	Aloe-wood lb.	6 0 0	"	
	Asafoetida (hing) cwt.	65 0 0	"	
	" coarse (hingra) "	23 0 0	"	
	Atary, Persian "	16 0 0	"	
	Banslochan (bamboo camphor) lb.	0 5 0	"	
	Brimstone (amalsara) cwt.	30 0 0	"	
	Calumba root "	5 0 0	"	
	Camphor, refined, cake lb.	1 9 0	"	
	" partially refined cake in blocks of about 13 lbs. "	1 3 0	"	
	Camphor, crude, in powder cwt.	1 1 0	"	
	Cassia lignea "	26 0 0	"	
	China root (chobchini), rough "	8 0 0	"	
	" ("), scraped "	16 0 0	"	
	Gubebs "	20 0 0	"	
	Galangal, China "	9 0 0	"	
	Pellitory (akalkara) "	40 0 0	"	
	Peppermint crystals lb.	11 0 0	"	
	Quinine and other alkaloids of cinchona "		Free.	
	Salap cwt.	125 ... 0	5 per cent.	
	Senna leaves "	5 0 0	"	
	Storax, liquid (rose melloes) "	40 0 0	"	
	Tobacco, unmanufactured "		Free.	
	" manufactured "		ad valorem	5 per cent.
	All other sorts of drugs, medicines, and narcotics, except opium (for which see Schedule III).	"	"	"
12	DYEING AND TANNING MATERIALS—			
	Alizarine dye, dry, 40 per cent. lb.	1 4 3	"	
	" " " 50 " "	1 8 6	"	
	" " " 60 " "	1 12 0	"	
	" " " 70 " "	2 0 3	"	
	" " " 80 " "	2 4 8	"	
	" " " 100 " "	2 12 0	"	
	" " " moist, 10 per cent. "	0 4 9	"	
	" " " 16 " "	0 7 0	"	
	" " " 20 " "	0 8 0	"	
	Aniline " " indigo blue "	0 6 8	"	
	" " " dry "	1 0 0	"	
	" " salts "		ad valorem	"
	Avar bark cwt.	4 0 0	"	
	Buzgard (gulpista) "	35 0 0	"	
	Cochineal lb.	0 12 0	"	
	Gallnuts (myrabolams) cwt.	ad valorem	"	
	" Persian "	40 0 0	"	
	Madder or manjit "	10 0 0	"	
	Orchilla weed "	6 0 0	"	
	Sappan wood and root "		ad valorem	"
	Turneric "	"	"	"
	All other sorts of dyeing and tanning materials "	"	"	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*

GENERAL DUTIES—contd.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Metals and Manufactures of Metals.</i>		RS. A. P.	
13	HARDWARE AND CUTLERY , including iron-mongery and platedware, and also including machines, tools and implements to be worked by manual or animal labour. [<i>Exceptions, which are free:</i> Water-lifts, sugar-mills, oil-presses, and parts thereof, and any other machines and parts of machines ordinarily used in processes of husbandry, or for the preparation for use or for sale of the products of husbandry, which the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , exempt; also the following articles used in the manufacture of cotton, namely, bobbins (warping), forks for looms, healds, heald cords, heald knitting needles, laces, lags and needles for dobbies, pickers (buffalo and others), picking bands, picking levers, picking sticks (over and under), reed pliers, reeds, shuttles (for power looms), springs for looms, strappings and weft forks.]	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	5 per cent.
14	MACHINERY , namely, prime-movers and component parts thereof, including boilers and component parts thereof; also including locomotive and portable engines, steam-rollers, fire-engines and other machines in which the prime-mover is not separable from the operative parts.	...	...	Free.
	MACHINERY (and component parts thereof), meaning machines or sets of machines to be worked by electric, steam, water, fire or other power not being manual or animal labour, or which before being brought into use require to be fixed with reference to other moving parts; and including belting of all materials for driving machinery.	...	...	Free.
	Provided that the term does not include tools and implements to be worked by manual or animal labour, and provided also that only such articles shall be admitted as component parts of machinery as are indispensable for the working of the machinery and are, owing to their shape or to other special quality, not adapted for any other purpose.			
	<i>Note.</i> —Machinery and component parts thereof made of substances other than metal are included in this entry.			
15	METALS , unwrought and wrought, and articles made of metals— Brass, orsidue and leaves, European ... " " " China ... " patent or yellow metal, sheathing, sheets, plates and bolts. " " " old...	lb. cw. "	1 3 0 1 2 0 43 0 0 28 0 0	5 per cent. " " "

SCHEDULE IV—(IMPORT TARIFF)—contd.
GENERAL DUTIES—contd.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Metals and Manufactures of Metals—contd.</i>		RS. A. P.	
15	<i>METALS, &c.—contd.</i>			
	Brass sheets, flat or in rolls, very thin.	cwt.	130 0 0	5 per cent.
	" wire	lb.	0 7 0	"
	" all other sorts		<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	Copper, bolt and bar, rolled	cwt.	55 0 0	"
	" braziers' and sheets	"	53 0 0	"
	" nails and composition nails	"	60 0 0	"
	" old	"	38 0 0	"
	" pigs, tiles, ingots, cakes, bricks and slabs.	"	60 0 0	"
	" sheathing, plate, and raised bottoms.	"	55 0 0	"
	" China, white copper-ware	lb.	1 2 0	"
	" foil or dānkpana, white, 10½ in. × 4½ in.	hundred leaves	2 0 0	"
	" coloured, 10½ in. × 4½ in.	"	2 4 0	"
	" wire, including phosphor bronze.	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" All other sorts, unmanufactured and manufactured except current coin of the Government of India, which is free.	...	"	"
	German silver	...	"	"
	Gold bullion and coin	...	"	Free.
	Gold, leaf	hundred leaves	2 12 0	5 per cent.
	Iron, anchors and cables	ton	115 0 0	1 per cent.
	" angle, T, and channel other than Lowmoor or Swedish.	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" " and T, " (if galvanised)	"	"	"
	" " channel (if galvanised)	"	370 0 0	"
	" bar, Lowmoor and similar qualities	"	155 0 0	"
	" " Swedish	"	160 0 0	"
	" " nail-rod, also round rod under half an inch in diameter.	"	100 0 0	"
	" " other kinds	"	105 0 0	"
	" " nail-rod and round rod under half an inch in diameter.	"	"	"
	" " (if galvanised)	"	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" beams, joists, pillars, girders, bridge-work, and other such descriptions of iron imported exclusively for building purposes.	"	"	"
	" plate and sheet, Lowmoor and similar qualities.	ton	460 0 0	"
	" " Swedish and charcoal.	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" " and hoop other kinds.	ton	115 0 0	"
	" hoop, other kinds (if galvanised)	ton	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" plate " " (if tinned)	...	200 0 0	"
	" " " " (if galvanised)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"
	" sheets " " (if galvanised)	cwt.	9 0 0	"
	" " " " (lead coated)	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*
GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
15	<i>Metals and Manufactures of Metals—contd.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
	METALS, &c.—contd.			
	Iron, bar, hoop, plate and sheet, Low-moor and Swedish (if galvanised)	...	ad valorem	1 per cent.
	" bar (including angle, T, and channel) hoop, plate and sheet (tinned)	...	"	"
	" nails, rose, wire, and flat-headed ...	cwt.	9 0 0	"
	" " other sorts (including galvanised or tinned).	...	ad valorem	"
	" nuts and bolts, also galvanised hooks and nuts for roofing.	...	"	"
	" old ...	cwt.	2 0 0	"
	" pig ...	...	ad valorem	"
	" pipes and tubes, including fittings therefor, such as bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges, and the like.	...	"	"
	" rails, chairs, sleepers, and fish-plates, other than those described in No. 59, also spikes (commonly known as dog spikes), switches, crossings, lever-boxes, clips, and tie bars.	...	"	"
	" rice-bowls ...	...	"	"
	" ridging, galvanised ...	...	"	"
	" rivets and washers, all sorts ...	...	"	"
	" wire, including fencing wire and wire rope, but excluding wire-netting.	...	"	"
	" Cans, when imported containing petroleum which is separately assessed to duty at one anna per Imperial gallon under No. 16.	Can.	0 3 0	5 per cent.
	" all other sorts, including wire-netting.	...	ad valorem	"
	Lametta ...	...	"	"
	Lead, all sorts (except sheets for tea-chests which are free)	...	"	"
	Quicksilver ...	lb.	1 12 0	"
	Shot, bird ...	cwt.	15 0 0	"
	Silver bullion or coin, except current coin of the Government of India, which is free.	...	ad valorem	"
	Steel, anchors and cables	...	"	1 per cent.
	" angle, channel and spring	...	ad valorem	"
	" bar and blooms ...	...	"	"
	" basic, all sorts, including galvanised or tinned sheets.	...	"	"
	" beams, joists, pillars, girders, bridge-work and other descriptions of steel imported exclusively for building purposes.	...	"	"
	" cast and blistered of any kind not specified in this number.	...	"	"
	" hoop ...	ton	145 0 0	"
	" (if galvanised) ...	...	ad valorem	"
	" nails ...	...	"	"
	" nuts and bolts and nail-rods ...	...	"	"
	" old ...	ton	140 0 0	"
	" pipes and tubes, including fittings therefor, such as bends, boots, elbows, tees, sockets, flanges and the like.	...	ad valorem	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*
GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Metals and Manufactures of Metals—concl'd.</i>		RS. A. P.	
	<i>METALS, &c.—concl'd.</i>			
15	Steel, plates and sheets	ton	115 0 0	per cent.
	" " " planished	ton	ad valorem	"
	" " " " (if galva- nised).	ton	200 0 0	"
	" " " " (if tinned) or lead- coated.		ad valorem	"
	" rails, chairs, sleepers and fish- plates, other than those de- scribed in No. 59, also spikes (commonly known as dog spikes), switches, crossings, lever-boxes, clips, and tie-bars.		"	"
	" rivets and washers, all sorts		"	"
	" T-bars	ton	115 0 0	"
	" " (if galvanised)	"	ad valorem	"
	" " (if tinned)	"	"	"
	" wire, excluding wire-netting	"	"	"
	" wire-rope	"	"	"
	" all other sorts, including wire-net- ting.	"	"	5 per cent.
	Tin, block	cwt.	95 0 0	"
	" foil, and other sorts	"	ad valorem	"
	Zinc or spelter, nails	cwt.	20 0 0	"
	" " plates & other shapes, soft	"	17 8 0	"
	" " " " " hard	"	13 0 0	"
	" " all other sorts	"	ad valorem	"
	All other sorts of metals	"	"	"
	<i>Oils.</i>			
16	Petroleum, including also naptha and the liquids commonly known by the names of rock-oil, Rangoon oil, Burma oil, kerosine, par- affin oil, mineral oil, petroline, gasoline, benzol, benzoline, benzine, and any inflamma- ble liquid which is made from petroleum, coal, schist, shale, peat, or any other bituminous substance, or from any pro- ducts of petroleum.	Imperial gallon	...	One anna.
	" which has its flashing point at or above two hundred deg- rees of Fahrenheit's ther- mometer and is proved to the satisfaction of the Customs- collector to be intended for use exclusively for the hatch- ing of jute or other fibre or for lubricating purposes which has its flashing point at or above one hundred and fifty degrees of Fah- renheit's Thermometer and is proved to the satisfaction of the Customs-collector to be intended for use exclu- sively as fuel.		ad valorem	5 per cent.
	All other sorts of oil, animal or vegetable (including otto of all kinds), and mineral, including paraffin wax.		"	"

SCHEDULE IV—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*
GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured.</i>			
17	APPAREL, including drapery, haberdashery, and millinery, and military and other uniforms and accoutrements; but excluding cotton-hosiery (for which see No. 30) and boots and shoes (for which see No. 45) and excluding also uniforms, and accoutrements appertaining thereto, imported by a public servant for his personal use, which are free.	...	ad valorem	5 per cent.
18	ART, WORKS OF, except statuary and pictures intended to be put up in a public place, which are free.	...	"	"
19	BAMBOOS, common, grass, hay, rushes, straw, and leaves.	...		Free.
20	BOOKS, printed, including covers for printed books, maps, charts, and plans, proofs, music, and manuscripts.	...	"	"
21	BRISTLES AND FIBRE, for brushes and brooms.	...	"	"
22	BRUSHES AND BROOMS, all sorts	...	ad valorem	5 per cent.
23	BUILDING AND ENGINEERING MATERIALS, namely, asphalt, bricks and tiles, cement of all kinds, fire-clay, earthenware piping, lime, and other kinds, not otherwise described.	...	"	"
24	CABINET-WARE AND FURNITURE	...	"	"
25	CARRIAGES AND CARTS, including motor cars, bicycles, tricycles, jinrikshas, bath chairs, perambulators, trucks, wheelbarrows, and all other sorts of conveyances, and component parts thereof.	...	"	"
26	CHINESE AND JAPANESE-WARE, including lacquered-ware, but excluding earthenware, china, and porcelain (for which see No. 31).	...	"	"
27	CLOCKS, WATCHES, and other time-keepers, and parts thereof.	...	"	"
28	COAL, COKE, AND PATENT FUEL	...		Free.
29	CORDAGE, Rope and Twine made of any Vegetable fibre.	...	ad valorem	5 per cent.
30	COTTON, AND ARTICLES MADE OF COTTON— Cotton, raw	...		Free.
	" twist and yarn	...		"
	" sewing thread	...		"
	" piece-goods, hosiery, and all other manufactured cotton goods not otherwise described.	...	ad valorem	31 per cent.
31	EARTH, COMMON CLAY, AND SAND	...		Free.
32	EARTHENWARE (except earthenware piping, for which see No. 23), china, china clay, porcelain, and imitation or false coral.	...	ad valorem	5 per cent.
33	FANS OF ALL KINDS, except common palm-leaf fans, which are free.	...	"	"
34	FIREWORKS, all sorts, including fulminating-powder.	...	"	"
35	FLAX, AND ARTICLES MADE OF FLAX, including linen-thread.	...	"	"
36	FURNITURE, TACKLE, AND APPAREL, not otherwise described, for steam, sailing, rowing and other vessels.	...	"	"

SCHEDULE IV—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*
GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured—contd.</i>		RS. A. P.	
37	Gums, GUM-RESINS, and articles made of gum or gum-resin—			
	Copal	cwt.	70 0 0	5 per cent.
	Cutch and Gambier	lb.	23 0 0	"
	Gamboge	lb.	1 5 0	"
	Gum Ammoniac	cwt.	10 0 0	"
	" Arabic	"	15 0 0	"
	" Bdellium	"	ad valorem	"
	" Benjamin, ras	"	25 0 0	"
	" cowrie	"	70 0 0	"
	" Bysabol (coarse myrrh)	"	18 0 0	"
	" Olibanum or frankincense	"	Free.	"
	" Persian (false)	cwt.	10 0 0	5 per cent.
	Myrrh	"	36 0 0	"
	Rosin	"	4 12 0	"
	All other sorts of gums, gum-resins, and articles made of gum or gum-resin, including caoutchouc and gutta-percha.	"	ad valorem	"
38	Hemp, including Manila hemp, and articles made therefrom.	"	"	"
39	HIDES AND SKINS (except raw or salted hides and skins, which are free) including parchment and vellum, gold-beaters' skins, and all other descriptions of hides or skins.	"	"	"
40	HORN	"	Free.	"
	" articles made of, not otherwise described.	"	ad valorem	5 per cent.
41	INSTRUMENTS, APPARATUS, AND APPLIANCES, and parts thereof—Computing, Dental, Distilling, Diving, Drawing, Educational, Electric, Electric lighting, Galvanic, Measuring, Musical, Optical, Philosophical, Phonographic, Photographic (including materials for photography), Scientific, Surgical, Surveying, Telegraphic, Telephonic, Typewriters, and all other sorts, except Telegraphic instruments and apparatus, and parts thereof, when imported by or under the orders of a railway company, and any instruments, apparatus and appliances when imported by a passenger as part of his personal baggage and in actual use by him in the exercise of his profession or calling, which are free.	"	"	"
42	IVORY AND IVORY-WARE—			
	Unmanufactured—			
	Elephants' grinders... ..	cwt.	350 0 0	"
	" tusks (other than hollows, centres and points), each exceeding 20 lb. in weight, and hollows, centres and points each weighing 10 lb. and over.	"	750 0 0	"
	Elephants' tusks (other than hollows, centres and points) not less than 10 lb. and not exceeding 20 lb. each, and hollows, centres and points each weighing less than 10 lb.	"	650 0 0	"

SCHEDULE IV—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*
GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured—contd.</i>		RS. A. P.	
42	IVORY AND IVORY-WARE— <i>contd.</i>			
	Unmanufactured— <i>contd.</i>			
	Elephants' tusks, each less than 10 lb. (other than hollows, centres and points).	cwt.	500 0 0	5 per cent.
	Sea-cow or moye teeth, each not less than 4 lb.	"	200 0 0	"
	Sea-cow or moye teeth, each not less than 3 lb. and under 4 lb.	"	185 0 0	"
	Sea-cow or moye teeth, each less than 3 lb.	"	135 0 0	"
	All other sorts, manufactured and unmanufactured.	"	ad valorem	"
43	JEWELLERY AND JEWELS, including plate and other manufactures of gold and silver—			
	Silver-ware, plain	tola	1 0 0	"
	" embossed	"	1 4 0	"
	" or chased, } other than European.	"	ad valorem	"
	All other sorts, except precious stones and pearls, unset, which are free.	"	"	Free.
44	JUTE, raw	"	ad valorem	5 per cent.
	" articles made of, except second-hand or used gunny bags, which are free.	"	"	"
45	LEATHER, and articles made of leather, including boots and shoes, harness and saddlery, except saddlery of a military pattern imported by an officer of His Majesty's regular force and forming part of the equipment with which he is required to supply himself under Army Regulations, which is free.	"	"	"
46	MANURES of all kinds, including animal bones.	"	"	Free.
47	OILCAKE, also bran, fodder, and cattle-food of all kinds.	"	"	"
48	OIL-CLOTH and FLOOR-CLOTH, including linacuta, linoleum, and tarpaulins.	"	ad valorem	5 per cent.
49	PAINTS, COLOURS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, and compositions for application to leather, wood, and metals—			
	Lead, red, dry	cwt.	14 0 0	"
	" white, dry	"	17 0 0	"
	Ochre, other than European, all colours...	cwt.	1 8 0	"
	Paints, composition	"	ad valorem	"
	" patent driers	cwt.	15 0 0	"
	Turpentine	Imperial gallon	2 12 0	"
	Verdigris	cwt.	70 0 0	"
	Vermilion, Canton	box of 90 bundles	110 0 0	"
	Zinc, white, dry	cwt.	23 0 0	"
	All other sorts, including glue and putty.	"	ad valorem	"
50	PAPER, PASTEBOARD, MILLBOARD, AND CARDBOARD of all kinds, including ruled or printed forms and account and manuscript books, labels, advertising circulars, sheet or card almanacs, and calendars, Christmas, Easter and other cards, including cards in booklet form, including also waste paper and old newspapers for packing.	"	"	"
	PAPER, articles made of paper, and papier-mache.	"	"	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured—contd.</i>			
51	PERFUMERY— Gowla, husked and unhusked ... Kapurkachri (zedoary) ... Patch leaves (pitchouli) ... Rose-flowers, dried ... Rose-water ... All other sorts, except perfumed spirit (for which see Schedule III).	cwt. " " " Imperial gallon "	10 0 0 10 0 0 20 0 0 13 0 0 2 0 0 <i>ad valorem</i>	5 per cent. " " " " "
52	PITCH, TAR, AND DAMMER— Bitumen ... Dammer ... Pitch, American and European ... " coal ... Tar, American and European ... " coal ... " mineral ...	cwt. " " " " " "	6 0 0 7 0 0 4 0 0 6 8 0 4 0 0 <i>ad valorem</i>	" " " " " "
53	PLANTS AND BULBS, living, also dried for herbaria.	"	"	Free.
54	PRECIOUS STONES AND PEARLS, unset (including the stones generically known as Cambay stones, such as agates, cornelians, and onyx).	"	"	"
55	PULP of wood, straw, rags, paper, and other materials.	"	"	"
56	PRINTING AND LITHOGRAPHING MATERIAL, namely, presses, type, ink, brass rules, composing sticks, chases, imposing tables, and lithographic stones, but not including paper.	"	"	"
57	RAGS...	"	"	"
58	RACKS for the withering of tea leaf	"	"	"
59	RAILWAY MATERIAL for permanent-way and rolling-stock, namely, cylinders, girders, and other material for bridges, rails, sleepers, bearing and fish-plates, fish-bolts, chairs, spikes, crossings, sleeper fastenings, switches, interlocking apparatus, brake gear, couplings and springs, signals, turn-tables, weigh-bridges, engines, tenders, carriages, wagons, traversers, trollies, trucks, and component parts thereof; also the following articles when imported by or under the orders of a railway company, namely, cranes, water-cranes, water-tanks, and standards, wire and other materials for fencing: Provided that for the purpose of this exemption "railway" means a line of railway subject to the provisions of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, and includes a railway constructed in a Native State, under the suzerainty of His Majesty, and also such tramways as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the <i>Gazette of India</i> , specifically include therein	"	"	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*concl.*GENERAL DUTIES—*concl.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured—contd.</i>		RS. A. P.	
60	SEEDS— Castor ... Cummin ... " black... Linseed ... Methi ... Mustard, rape, or sarson ... Poppy ... Quince, bilidāna ... Til or jinjili ... All other sorts ...	cwt. " " " " " " " " "	5 0 0 15 0 0 16 0 0 7 0 0 6 0 0 7 8 0 7 0 0 70 0 0 7 0 0 <i>ad valorem</i>	5 per cent. " " " " " " " " "
61	SHELLS AND COWRIES— Chanks, large shells for cameos ... " white, live ... " dead ... Cowries ... Cowries, bazar, common ... " yellow, superior quality ... " Maldiva ... " sankhla ... Mother-of-pearl, nacre ... Nakhla ... Tortoise-shell ... " nakh ... All other sorts, including articles made of shell, not otherwise described.	hundred " " " cwt. " " " " cwt. lb. " "	15 0 0 10 0 0 4 0 0 0 10 0 3 8 0 5 0 0 5 8 0 60 0 0 Free. 65 0 0 8 8 0 4 8 0 <i>ad valorem</i>	" " " " " " " " Free. 5 per cent. " " "
62	SHIPS AND OTHER VESSELS for inland and harbour navigation, including steamers, steam-launches, boats, and barges, imported entire or in sections.	"	"	Free.
63	SILK AND ARTICLES MADE OF SILK— Bokhara ... Floss ... Piece-goods ... Sewing thread, China ... Raw silk—Chaharam, Cochin-China, and yellow Shanghai. Mathow ... Other kinds of China ... Waste and Kachra ... Panjam ... Persian ... Siam ... All other sorts, including cocoons	lb. " " lb. " " " " " " " " "	7 8 0 6 8 0 <i>ad valorem</i> 9 0 0 4 12 0 2 8 0 6 4 0 1 4 0 1 12 0 5 0 0 1 10 0 <i>ad valorem</i>	5 per cent. " " " " " " " " " " "
64	SOAP ...	"	"	"
65	SPECIMENS ILLUSTRATIVE OF NATURAL SCIENCE, including also antique coins and medals.	"	"	Free.
66	STATIONERY, excluding paper (for which see No. 50)	"	"	<i>ad valorem</i> 5 per cent.
67	STONE AND MARBLE, and articles made of stone and marble.	"	"	"
68	TALLOW AND GREASE, including stearine...	"	"	"

SCHEDULE IV.—(IMPORT TARIFF)—*contd.*GENERAL DUTIES—*contd.*

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff valuation.	Duty.
	<i>Other Articles, unmanufactured and manufactured—concl.</i>		Rs. A. P.	
69	TEA CHESTS of metal or wood, whether imported entire or in sections, provided that the Customs-Collector is satisfied that they are imported for the purpose of the packing of tea for transport in bulk.	...	...	Free.
70	TEXTILE FABRICS not otherwise described.	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	5 per cent.
71	TOILET REQUISITES not otherwise described.	...	"	"
72	TOYS, including toy-books, and requisites for all games.	...	"	"
73	UMBRELLAS, parasols, and sunshades of all kinds.	...	"	"
74	WALKING STICKS and sticks for umbrellas, parasols, and sunshades, of all kinds, mounted and unmounted, driving, riding, and other whips, fishing rods and lines.	...	"	"
75	WOOD AND TIMBER (except fire-wood, which is free), and articles made of wood not otherwise described.	...	"	"
76	WOOL, raw	...	<i>ad valorem</i>	5 per cent.
77	ALL OTHER ARTICLES, manufactured or unmanufactured, not described in this Schedule.	...	"	"

SCHEDULE V.—(EXPORT TARIFF.)

Name of Article.	Rate of duty.
RICE, husked or unhusked, including RICE-FLOUR, but not including RICE-BRAN and RICE-DUST, which are free.	Three annas per Indian maund of 82½ lb. avoirdupois weight.

For subjects of Examination for Candidates for Revenue, Sea Customs Department, see Special Test Examinations.

INCOME TAX DEPARTMENT, MADRAS.

The Hon. Mr. J. Twigg, I.C.S. Commissioner of Income Tax.
J. R. Coombes, Esq. Collector of Income Tax.
M.R. Ry. C. Venkataramaiyar Manager.

The Commissioner assesses incomes of Rs. 10,000 and upwards (except salaries), as well as the profits of Companies.

The Collector assesses all incomes below Rs. 10,000, and all salaries paid by local authorities, and private firms.

The Commissioner's Office is on the Beach in the southern wing of the building formerly occupied by the High Court.

The Collector's Office is on the Beach in the northern wing of the building formerly occupied by the High Court.

SOURCES OF INCOME AND RATES OF TAX.

Source of Income.	Rate of Tax.
PART I.	
<i>Salaries and Pensions.</i>	
1. Any salary, annuity, pension or gratuity paid in British India to or on behalf of any person residing in British India or serving on board a ship plying to or from British Indian ports, whether on account of himself or another person.	(a) If the income amounts to Rs. 2,000 per annum or Rs. 166-10-8 per mensem, or upwards,—five pies in the rupee.
2. Any salary, annuity, pension or gratuity paid by the Government, or by a local authority established in the exercise of the powers of the Governor-General in Council in that behalf, to or on behalf of a British subject within the dominions of a Prince or State in India in alliance with His Majesty.	(b) If the income is less than Rs. 2,000 per annum, or Rs. 166-10-8 per mensem,—four pies in the rupee.
PART II.	
<i>Profits of Companies.</i>	
Profits of a Company	Five pies in the rupee on the whole of the nett profits made in British India by the Company during the year ending on the day on which the Company's accounts have been last made up, or if the Company's accounts have not been made up within the year ending on the thirty-first day of March in the year immediately preceding that for which the assessment is to be made, then on the whole of the nett profits so made during the year ending on the said thirty-first day of March.
PART III.	
<i>Interest of Securities.</i>	
Interest becoming due on or after the first day of April 1886, and payable in British India, on—	Five pies in the rupee on such interest, unless the owner of the security produces a certificate signed by the Collector that his annual income from all sources is less than Rs. 500, in which case no deduction shall be made from the interest, or unless he produces a like certificate that his income from all sources is less than Rs. 2,000, in which case the rate shall be four pies in the rupee.
(a) promissory notes, debentures, stock or other securities of the Government of India (including securities of the Government of India whereon interest is payable out of British India by draft on any place in British India), or	
(b) bonds of debentures charged by the Imperial Parliament on the revenues of India, or	
(c) debentures or other securities for money issued by, or on behalf of, a local authority or Company.	
PART IV.	
<i>Other Sources of Income.</i>	
Any source of income not included in Part I, Part II, or Part III of this schedule.	(a) If the annual income is assessed at— not less than Rs. 1,000 but less than Rs. 1,250 the tax shall be Rs. 20 " " 1,250 " " 1,500 " " 25 " " 1,500 " " 1,750 " " 35 " " 1,750 " " 2,000 " " 42 (b) If the annual income is assessed at Rs. 2,000 or upwards, five pies in the rupee on the income.

Ready Calculator.

No. I.—Ready Calculator of Income-tax payable by persons whose annual incomes are 2,000 rupees and upwards at 5 pies in a rupee.

In each rupee.	RS.	A.	P.	In each rupee.	RS.	A.	P.	In each rupee.	RS.	A.	P.	In each rupee.	RS.	A.	P.
1	0	0	5	35	0	14	7	69	1	12	9	400	10	6	8
2	0	0	10	36	0	15	0	70	1	13	2	500	19	0	4
3	0	1	3	37	0	15	5	71	1	13	7	600	15	10	0
4	0	1	8	38	0	15	10	72	1	14	0	700	18	3	8
5	0	2	1	39	1	0	3	73	1	14	5	800	20	13	4
6	0	2	6	40	1	0	8	74	1	14	10	900	23	7	0
7	0	2	11	41	1	1	1	75	1	15	3	1,000	26	0	8
8	0	3	4	42	1	1	6	76	1	15	8	2,000	52	1	4
9	0	3	9	43	1	1	11	77	2	0	1	3,000	78	2	0
10	0	4	2	44	1	2	4	78	2	0	6	4,000	104	2	8
11	0	4	7	45	1	2	9	79	2	0	11	5,000	130	3	4
12	0	5	0	46	1	3	2	80	2	1	4	6,000	156	4	0
13	0	5	5	47	1	3	7	81	2	1	9	7,000	182	4	8
14	0	5	10	48	1	4	0	82	2	2	2	8,000	208	5	4
15	0	6	3	49	1	4	5	83	2	2	7	9,000	234	6	0
16	0	6	8	50	1	4	10	84	2	3	0	10,000	260	6	8
17	0	7	1	51	1	5	3	85	2	3	5	20,000	520	13	4
18	0	7	6	52	1	5	8	86	2	3	10	30,000	781	4	0
19	0	7	11	53	1	6	1	87	2	4	3	40,000	1,041	10	8
20	0	8	4	54	1	6	6	88	2	4	8	50,000	1,302	1	4
21	0	8	9	55	1	6	11	89	2	5	1	60,000	1,562	8	0
22	0	9	2	56	1	7	4	90	2	5	6	70,000	1,822	14	8
23	0	9	7	57	1	7	9	91	2	5	11	80,000	2,083	5	4
24	0	10	0	58	1	8	2	92	2	6	4	90,000	2,343	12	0
25	0	10	5	59	1	8	7	93	2	6	9	1,00,000	2,604	2	8
26	0	10	10	60	1	9	0	94	2	7	2	2,00,000	5,208	5	4
27	0	11	3	61	1	9	5	95	2	7	7	3,00,000	7,812	8	0
28	0	11	8	62	1	9	10	96	2	8	0	4,00,000	10,416	10	8
29	0	12	1	63	1	10	3	97	2	8	5	5,00,000	13,020	13	4
30	0	12	6	64	1	10	8	98	2	8	10	6,00,000	15,625	0	0
31	0	12	11	65	1	11	1	99	2	9	3	7,00,000	18,229	2	8
32	0	13	4	66	1	11	6	100	2	9	8	8,00,000	20,833	5	4
33	0	13	9	67	1	11	11	200	5	3	4	9,00,000	23,437	8	0
34	0	14	2	68	1	12	4	300	7	13	0	10,00,000	26,041	10	8

No. II.—Ready Calculator of Income tax for incomes below 2,000 rupees a year at 4 pies in a rupee.

In each rupee.	RS.	A.	P.	In each rupee.	RS.	A.	P.	In each rupee.	RS.	A.	P.	In each rupee.	RS.	A.	P.
1	0	0	4	23	0	7	8	45	0	15	0	67	1	6	4
2	0	0	8	24	0	8	0	46	0	15	4	68	1	6	8
3	0	1	0	25	0	8	4	47	0	15	8	69	1	7	0
4	0	1	4	26	0	8	8	48	1	0	0	70	1	7	4
5	0	1	8	27	0	9	0	49	1	0	4	71	1	7	8
6	0	2	0	28	0	9	4	50	1	0	8	72	1	8	0
7	0	2	4	29	0	9	8	51	1	1	0	73	1	8	4
8	0	2	8	30	0	10	0	52	1	1	4	74	1	8	8
9	0	3	0	31	0	10	4	53	1	1	8	75	1	9	0
10	0	3	4	32	0	10	8	54	1	2	0	76	1	9	4
11	0	3	8	33	0	11	0	55	1	2	4	77	1	9	8
12	0	4	0	34	0	11	4	56	1	2	8	78	1	10	0
13	0	4	4	35	0	11	8	57	1	3	0	79	1	10	4
14	0	4	8	36	0	12	0	58	1	3	4	80	1	10	8
15	0	5	0	37	0	12	4	59	1	3	8	81	1	11	0
16	0	5	4	38	0	12	8	60	1	4	0	82	1	11	4
17	0	5	8	39	0	13	0	61	1	4	4	83	1	11	8
18	0	6	0	40	0	13	4	62	1	4	8	84	1	12	0
19	0	6	4	41	0	13	8	63	1	5	0	85	1	12	4
20	0	6	8	42	0	14	0	64	1	5	4	86	1	12	8
21	0	7	0	43	0	14	4	65	1	5	8	87	1	13	0
22	0	7	4	44	0	14	8	66	1	6	0	88	1	13	4

REGISTRATION DEPARTMENT.

Under Act III of 1877, for the Registration of Documents.

The Hon'ble S. Srinivasa Ragavaiyengar, Dewan Bahadur, C.I.E., Inspector-General of Registration (on privilege leave for 2 months from the 17th September 1903).

M.R.Ry. R. V. Srinivasar Avargal, Dewan Bahadur, Acting.

M.R.Ry. C. Mariyappa Mudaliyar Avargal, B.A., Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Registration.

M.R.Ry. A. Periyasami Mudaliar Avargal, B.A., Registrar, Madras-Chingleput.

OFFICE—Murtigal Lane, Black Town.

M.R.Ry. D. Krishnaiyyar, Sub-Registrar, South Madras.

OFFICE—Opposite to Stable Company, Mount Road.

M.R.Ry. G. Srinivasa Rao, Sub-Registrar, North Madras.

OFFICE—2nd Line Beach, Black Town.

List of District Registrars.

Names of Districts.	Limits of Districts.	Stations of District Registrars.	Registrars.
1 Ganjam.....	Conterminous with the Collectorate and Agency of Ganjam.	Chatrapore.....	M.R.Ry. B. C. Sundara Sastri, B.A.
2 Vizagapatam	Do. do. of Vizagapatam.	Vizagapatam.....	„ V. Subba Rao, B.A.
3 Godavery	Do. Collectorate of Godavery.	Cocanada.....	„ G. Vasudeva Sastri.
4 Kistna.....	Do. do. of Kistna.....	Masulipatam.....	„ R. Chakrapani Rao, B.A.
5 Nellore.....	Do. do. of Nellore.....	Nellore.....	„ M. Sambaswami Aiyar, B.A.
6 Cuddapah....	Do. do. of Cuddapah....	Cuddapah.....	„ K. Subbarayer, B.A.
7 Kurnool.....	Do. do. of Kurnool.....	Kurnool.....	„ K. M. Sudarsanachari, B.A.
8 Bellary and Anantapur.	Do. do. of Bellary and Anantapur.	Bellary.....	„ S. Sarguner, B.A.
9 Madras and Chingleput.	Do. do. of Madras and Chingleput.	Madras.....	„ A. Periasawmi Mudaliar, B.A.
10 North Arcot.	Do. do. of North Arcot.	Chittoor.....	„ M. Ratnasabapathy Pillai, B.A.
11 South Arcot.	Do. do. of South Arcot.	Cuddalore.....	„ C. Sarvothama Row, B.A.
12 Tanjore.....	Do. do. of Tanjore.....	Tanjore.....	„ B. Srinivasa Raghavachari, B.A.
13 Tinnevely...	Do. do. of Tinnevely...	Tinnevely.....	„ S. G. Rangacharry, B.A.
14 Madura.....	Do. do. of Madura.....	Madura.....	„ P. Perumal Pillai.
15 Trichinopoly	Do. do. of Trichinopoly.	Trichinopoly.....	„ V. Sundara Ramaiyya, B.A.
16 Salem.....	Do. do. of Salem.....	Salem.....	„ V. Seshacharry, B.A.
17 Coimbatore..	Do. do. of Coimbatore..	Coimbatore.....	„ A. S. Venkata Row, B.A.
18 South Canara	Do. do. of South Canara	Mangalore.....	„ Mr. F. F. Lemerle.
19 Tellicherry...	Do. do. of N. Malabar...	Tellicherry.....	M.R.Ry. C. Ramunni Menon, B.A.
20 Calicut.....	Do. do. of S. Malabar.....	Calicut.....	„ M. Unni Erati, B.A.
21 Nilgiris.....	Do. do. of the Nilgiris.....	Ootacamund.....	„ T. S. Kristnaiyar, B.A.

The Registration Act extends to the whole of British India, except such districts or tracts of country as the Local Government may from time to time, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, exclude from its operation.

In Bengal, the Garo, Khasia, Jynteah, and Nagah Hills, the Chittagong Hill Tracts and the Tributary Mehals of Orissa and Chota Nagpore have been excluded from the operation of the Act.—(Beverly's Registration Manual, p. 1.)

The whole of the Scheduled Districts of the Madras Presidency enumerated in Part I, of the First Schedule annexed to Act XIV of 1874, is exempted from the operation of the Act.—(Vide Notification published in Fort St. George Gazette, dated 4th October 1881; Part I, page 516.)

The Act has been applied to the Province of Mysore and to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts and Cantonment of Secunderabad by the Governor-General in Council.—(Notifications, 27th June 1877, Foreign Department, Simla, 20th July 1871, No. 146.)

What documents must be registered.

1. The registration of the following documents is compulsory :—

- i.—Instruments of gift.
- ii.—Other non-testamentary instruments which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent, of the value of 100 rupees and upwards to or in immovable property.
- iii.—Non-testamentary instruments which acknowledge the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation, or extinction of any such right, title or interest.

Nothing in clauses ii. and iii. of this paragraph applies to any Composition Deed, nor to any instrument relating to shares in a Joint Stock Company, notwithstanding that the assets of such Company consist in whole or in part of immovable property, nor to any debenture issued by any such Company and not creating, declaring, assigning, limiting or extinguishing any right, title or interest to or in immovable property except in so far as it entitles the holder to the security afforded by a registered instrument whereby the Company has mortgaged, conveyed or otherwise transferred the whole, or part of its immovable property or any interest therein to Trustees upon trust for the benefit of the holders of such debentures nor to any endorsement upon or transfer of any debenture issued by any such Company, nor to any document not itself creating, declaring, assigning, limiting or extinguishing any right, title or interest of the value of 100 rupees and upwards to or in immovable property, but merely creating a right to obtain another document which will when executed create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish any such right, &c., nor to decrees and orders of Courts and awards, grants of immovable property by Government, instruments of partition made by Revenue Officers, orders granting loans, and instruments of collateral security granted under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, or orders granting loans under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884, and instruments for securing the repayment of loans made under that Act, or any endorsement on a mortgage deed acknowledging the payment of the whole or any part of the mortgage money, and any other receipt for payment of money due under a mortgage when the receipt does not purport to extinguish the mortgage, or a certificate of sale granted to the purchaser of any property sold by public auction by a Civil or Revenue officer.

iv.—Leases* of immovable property from year to year, or for any term exceeding one year, or reserving a yearly rent. Agricultural leases executed in any district of the Madras Presidency, the terms granted by which do not exceed 5 years, and the annual rents reserved by which do not exceed 50 rupees, are, however, exempted. The "Puttahs" granted by Zemindars to their ryots, as well as the "Mutchilkas" (or counterparts) executed by the ryots under Section 3 of Act VIII of 1865, are defined to be leases for the purposes of the Registration Act, and all those not coming within the terms of the preceding proviso, if executed after the 1st July 1871, must be registered.

v.—Authorities to adopt a son, executed after the 1st January 1872, and not conferred by a Will. Deeds of sale of immovable property of value less than Rs. 100, are also compulsorily registrable under the Transfer of Property Act, 1882.

2. No person having a nephew or niece, or any nearer relative, has power to bequeath any property to religious or charitable uses except by a Will executed not less than twelve months before his death, and deposited within six months from its execution in a Registry office. This is not applicable to Hindus, Mahomedans or Buddhists.—(Indian Succession Act No. X of 1865, sections 105 and 331.)

What other documents may be registered.

3. The registration of the following documents is optional :—

- i.—Instruments (other than instruments of gifts and Wills) which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent, of a value of less than 100 rupees to or in immovable property.

* Lease includes a counterpart, a Kabuliyat, an undertaking to cultivate or occupy, or an agreement to lease.

ii.—Instruments acknowledging the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation or extinction of any such right, title or interest.

iii.—Leases of immovable property for any term not exceeding one year and leases exempted by the proviso in clause iv. of paragraph 1.

iv.—Instruments, other than Wills, which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish any right, title or interest, to or in movable property.

v.—Wills.

vi.—All other documents, not required by section 17 to be registered.

4. But although the registration of these documents is not compulsory, the advantages of registering them are—

i.—That all documents, not testamentary, duly registered and relating to any property, whether movable or immovable, take effect against any oral agreement or declaration relating to such property, unless where the agreement or declaration has been accompanied or followed by delivery of possession.

ii.—That every document of the kinds mentioned in clauses i, ii, iii and v, of paragraph 1, and clauses i and ii of paragraph 3, if duly registered, takes effect as regards the property comprised therein against every unregistered instrument relating to the same property, and not being a decree or order, whether such unregistered document be of the same nature as the registered document or not.

iii.—The period of limitation for a suit on a promise or contract in writing registered, and for the execution of any decree or order of any Civil Court of which a certified copy has been registered under the Registration Act, is six years instead of three (Nos. 117 and 168, 2nd Schedule, Limitation Act IX of 1871).

Deposit of Wills.

5. Any testator may either personally or by duly authorized agent, deposit with any Registrar his Will in a sealed cover superscribed with the name of the testator and that of his agent (if any) and with a statement of the nature of the document.

Description required in document relating to immovable property.

6. "No document, not testamentary, relating to immovable property, shall be accepted for registration unless it contains a description of such property sufficient to identify the same.

i.—"Houses in towns shall be described as situate on the north or other side of the street or road (mentioning it) to which they front, and by their existing and former occupancies, and by their numbers, if the houses in such street or road are numbered. Other houses and lands shall be described by their name, if any, and as being in the territorial division in which they are situate, and by their superficial contents, the roads and other properties on which they abut, and their existing occupancies, and also, whenever it is practicable, by reference to a Government map or survey.

ii.—"No document, not testamentary, containing a map or plan of any property comprised therein, shall be accepted for registration unless it be accompanied by a true copy of the map or plan, or, in case such property is situate in several districts, by such number of true copies of the map or plan as are equal to the number of such districts."

(a) Where it is in the opinion of the Local Government practicable to describe houses, not being houses in towns, and lands by reference to Government map or survey, the Local Government may, by rule, require that such houses and lands as aforesaid shall, for purposes of No. 6, be so described.

The following rules have been sanctioned by the Madras Government under clause (a) and are in force in all surveyed tracts in the Madras Presidency :—

(1) Every non-testamentary document presented for registration and relating to land shall, if the land comprises one or more entire survey fields or sub-divisions, specify the number of each field or sub-division as given in the Government village map.

(2) If the land has no separate number assigned to it in the Government village map, the document shall specify the number assigned in such village map to the survey field or sub-division in which the land is situated, together with such description of the land as is sufficient for its identification.

(b) Save as otherwise provided by any rule made under (a); failure to comply with the provisions contained in clause i of this paragraph will not disentitle a document to be registered if the description of the property is sufficient to identify such property.

7. "The term 'territorial division,' as used in the Indian Registration Act, 1877, shall, as far as practicable, include—

- (1) The Registration District.
- (2) The Registration Sub-District.
- (3) The Taluq, Jaghire, Zemindary or Proprietary Estate.
- (4) Any well known division thereof, such as a Mootah, Hoondah, Klundum, Firka, Magany, Amshom, &c., and
- (5) The village, hamlet, or suburb in which the property referred to in a registrable document is situated."

But if the property is described in the document relating thereto by a specific reference to a registered instrument, in which the above particulars and sufficient description of the property are already given, they need not be repeated.

Time prescribed for Registration.

8. No document, other than a Will, "shall be accepted for registration unless presented for that purpose to the proper officer within four months from the date of its execution ;

Or in the case of a copy of a decree or order, within four months from the day on which the decree or order was made, or, where it is appealable, within four months from the day on which it becomes final :

Provided that, where there are several persons executing a document at different times, such document may be presented for registration and re-registration within four months from the date of each execution."

If owing to urgent necessity or unavoidable accident, the presentation is not made within the prescribed time, the Registrar, where the delay does not exceed four months, may direct acceptance on payment of a fine not exceeding ten times the proper registration fee.

When a document purporting to have been executed by all or any of the parties out of British India, is not presented till after the expiration of four months, the registering officer if satisfied—

- (1) that the instrument was so executed, and
 - (2) that it has been presented for registration within four months after its arrival in British India,
- may, on payment of the proper registration fee, accept such document for registration. A Will may at any time be presented for registration, or deposited.

9. No document, other than a Will, shall be registered unless the persons executing such document, or their representatives, assigns, or authorized agents appear before the registering officer within the time allowed for presentation under sections 23, 24, 25 and 26 :

Provided that if owing to urgent necessity or unavoidable accident all such persons do not so appear, the Registrar, in cases where the delay in appearing does not exceed four months, may direct that on payment of a fine not exceeding ten times the amount of the proper registration fee, in addition to the fine, if any, payable under paragraph 8, the document may be registered.

Such appearances may be simultaneous or at different times :

Provided, further, that it is not necessary for any officer of Government, or for the Administrator-General of Bengal, Madras, or Bombay, or for any Official Trustee, or for the Sheriff, Receiver or Registrar of a High Court or Official Assignee, to appear in person or by Agent at any Registration Office in any proceeding connected with the registration of any instrument executed by him in his official capacity.

Place of Registration.

10. The ordinary place for registering every document mentioned in paragraph 1, clauses i, ii, iii and iv, and paragraph 3, clauses i, ii and iii, is the office of a Sub-Registrar within whose Sub-District the whole or some portion of the property to which such document relates is situate; but the Registrar of a District, including a Presidency Town, (e.g., the Registrar of Madras), and the Registrar of the Lahore District may receive and register any document of this description without regard to the situation in any part of British India of the property to which the instrument relates, and any Registrar may, at his discretion, receive and register any instrument, which might be registered by any Sub-Registrar subordinate to him.

11. Every other document, and a copy of a decree or order not affecting immovable property, may be presented for registration in the office of the Sub-Registrar, in whose Sub-District the document was executed, or in the office of any Sub-Registrar under the Local Government, at which all the persons executing and claiming under the document,

decree or order, desire the same to be registered. A copy of a decree order affecting immovable property should be presented for registration in the office of the Sub-Registrar in whose sub-district the decree or order was made.

12. Wills must be deposited with the Registrars of Districts.

13. In ordinary cases, the registration or deposit of documents under the Indian Registration Act, 1877, must be made only at the office of the officer authorized to accept the same for registration or deposit; but such officer may, on special cause being shown, attend at the residence of any person desiring to present a document for registration or to deposit a Will, and accept for registration or deposit such document or Will.

Presentation of documents for Registration.

14. Except in the case mentioned in last preceding paragraph, every document shall be presented at the proper registration office by some person executing or claiming under the same, or, in the case of a copy of a decree or order claiming under the decree or order, or by his representative or assign of such person, or by the agent of such person, representative or assign, duly authorized by power-of-attorney executed and authenticated in manner hereinafter mentioned.

15. For the purpose of paragraph 14, the powers-of-attorney hereinafter mentioned shall alone be recognized :

(a) if the principal at the time of executing the power-of-attorney resides in any part of British India in which this Act is in force, a power executed before and authenticated by the Registrar or Sub-Registrar within whose district or sub-district the principal resides ;

(b) if the principal at the aforesaid time resides in any other part of British India, a power executed before and authenticated by any Magistrate ;

(c) if the principal does not reside in British India, a power executed before and authenticated by a Notary Public, or any Court, Judge, Magistrate, British Consul or Vice-Consul, or representative of His Majesty or of the Government of India.

16. Every officer granting a loan under the Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883, shall send a copy of his order to the registering officer within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the whole, or any part of the land to be improved, or of the land to be granted as collateral security, is situate, and such registering officer shall file the copy in his book No. I.

17. Every Court granting a certificate under section 316 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall send a copy of such certificate to the registering officer within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the whole or any part of the immovable property comprised in such certificate is situate, and such officer shall file the copy in his book No. I.

18. Every officer granting a loan under the Agriculturists' Loans Act, 1884, shall send a copy of any instrument whereby immovable property is mortgaged for the purpose of securing the repayment of the loan, and, if any such property is mortgaged for the same purpose in the order granting the loan, a copy also of that order, to the registering officer within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the whole or any part of the property so mortgaged is situate, and such registering officer shall file the copy or copies, as the case may be, in his book No. I.

19. Every Revenue officer granting a certificate of sale to the purchaser of immovable property sold by public auction, shall send a copy of the certificate to the registering officer within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the whole or any part of the property comprised in the certificate is situate, and such officer shall file the copy in his book No. I.

Rules under Section 69 of the Indian Registration Act, No. III of 1877,

PART I.—GENERAL RULES.

Documents.

1. The following languages shall be deemed to be commonly used in the Districts and Sub-Districts hereinafter named :—

TELUGU.—Districts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavery, Kistna, Nellore, Cuddapah, Kurnool, Bellary, Madras and North Arcot.

In Salem, Sub-Districts of Hosur and Denkincothah.

In Chingleput, Sattyavedu and Tiruvallur.

TAMIL.—Districts of Madras, Chingleput, North Arcot, South Arcot, Tanjore, Tinnevely, Madura, Trichinopoly, Salem, Coimbatore and Nilgiris.

CANARESE.—Districts of South Canara and Bellary.

In Coimbatore, Sub-Districts of Collegal and Talavadi.

In Salem, Sub-Districts of Oosoor and Denkincothai.

MALAYALAM.—Districts of Calicut and Tellicherry.

In South Canara, Sub-District of Hosdrug.

In Nilgiris, Gudalur.

HINDUSTANI.—District of Madras.

In Sub-Districts of Kurnool, Arcot, Vellore and Trichinopoly.

URIYA.—District of Ganjam.

Documents written in English, Telugu or Tamil, may be presented in any office in which the registering officer understands these languages.

Table of Fees under Section 78 of "The Indian Registration Act of 1877."

Fort St. George, November 1900.

No. 491.—In supersession of previous notifications on the subject, the following revised table of fees, prepared under section 78 of the Indian Registration Act, 1877 (III of 1877), and approved by the Governor-General in Council, is hereby published for general information in accordance with the provisions of section 79 of the Act to have effect from the 1st January 1901:—

1.—(a) Registration of documents in Books I and IV—	RS. A. P.
(1) When the value does not exceed Rupees 25.....	0 8 0
(2) When the value exceeds Rupees 25, but does not exceed Rupees 50.....	0 12 0
(3) When the value exceeds Rupees 50, but does not exceed Rupees 100.....	1 0 0
(4) When the value exceeds Rupees 100, but does not exceed Rupees 300.....	1 8 0
(5) When the value exceeds Rupees 300, but does not exceed Rupees 600.....	2 0 0
(6) When the value exceeds Rupees 600, but does not exceed Rupees 1,000.....	3 0 0
(7) For each additional Rupees 1,000 or part thereof up to Rupees 50,000.....	1 0
And for each additional Rupees 1,000 or part thereof above Rupees 50,000.....	0 8 0
(8) For the registration of powers-of-attorney.....	2 8 0

(b) The consideration expressed in a document shall generally be taken to be its value for determining the registration fee. Where no consideration is expressed, the value of the property dealt with as shown in the document shall be taken.

(c) The provisions of sections 5, 6, 20, 21, 23 and 25 of the Indian Stamp Act II of 1899 shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to calculations of value for the purpose of determining the registration fee.

(d) In the case of agreements to render service for hire, or to let movable property for hire, the value of the document shall not be taken at a higher amount than the hire for one year.

(e) In the case of leases, the value shall be taken—

- (1) at the total rent for the whole term when the lease is for one year or less;
- (2) at the average annual rent when the lease is for periods exceeding one year; and
- (3) at one-fifth of the whole amount of rents payable for the first fifty years when the lease is perpetual. When a fine or premium is paid or is made payable, or money is advanced, that amount also should be added to the value. When a lessee undertakes to pay assessment, quit-rent, &c., in addition to the rent, the said payment should also be added to the rental value. If the rent is payable in kind and its money value is not specified in the lease, its value shall be taken to be the highest amount which the stamp borne by the document shall suffice to cover. If the document is exempt from stamp duty, the money value of the produce rent shall be calculated at the current market rates.

(f) In the case of all other documents in which neither the consideration for the transaction nor the value of the property affected is expressed, or in which it is only partially expressed, the value shall be the maximum amount which the stamp borne by the document shall suffice to cover, if the document is one which is liable to stamp duty at *ad valorem* rates. If the value cannot be determined from the stamp, as for instance, when the deed is not liable to stamp duty, or is liable to duty at a fixed amount irrespective of the value of the transaction, or when the transaction is not susceptible of money valuation, the fee leviable shall be Rs. 5, provided that in cases where the value of only a portion of the property is given and that value exceeds Rs. 3,000, the fee shall be levied on the value so expressed.

Note.—In the case of documents evidencing petty transactions incapable of valuation, the Inspector-General may, if he considers that the levy of a fee of Rs. 5 would be productive of hardship, authorize registering officers to levy a lower fee, which, however, shall not be less than 8 annas.

(g) When a duplicate or counterpart of a document is presented for registration on the same day as the original document, the registration of such duplicate or counterpart shall be charged for at the rate prescribed for certified copies, unless the copying fee is higher than the ordinary fee.

2. Filling a translation (section 19)—	RS. A. P.
An extra fee of.....	1 0 0

3. (1) Registration by a District Registrar under section 30 (a) unless the document is registered in consequence of the Sub-Registrar being a party interested in the transaction to which such document relates—

Extra fee of.....	RS. A. P.
(2) Registration by the Registrar of Madras under section 30 (b)—	5 0 0
Extra fee of.....	10 0 0

Note.—No additional extra fee shall be levied under clauses (1) and (2) for the registration of a counterpart or a duplicate of a document in respect of which the extra fee has been paid if such counterpart or duplicate is presented for registration on the same day as the original document.

4. Memorandum under sections 64, 65, 66 and 67—	RS. A. P.
For each copy required.....	0 8 0

5. Registration of wills and authorities to adopt (Book III)—

(1) Opening a sealed cover and entering the contents in the register.....	2 0 0
Plus copying fee at the prescribed rate.	
(2) Will or authority to adopt presented open.....	4 0 0

6. Sealed covers (Book V)—

(1) Deposit of a sealed cover purporting to contain a Will.....	3 0 0
(2) Withdrawal of any such sealed cover.....	2 0 0

7. Attesting powers-of-attorney—

(1) Special power.....	0 8 0
(2) General power.....	1 0 0

8. Issue of commission or attendance at a private residence or jail—

(1) For every attendance at a private residence—

- (a) for registration of one or more documents executed by one and the same individual, or
- (b) for the acceptance for registration of one or more documents executed in favour of one and the same individual, or
- (c) for the attestation of one or more powers-of-attorney executed by one and the same individual, or
- (d) for the examination of one and the same individual under section 33 or 38, there shall be paid, besides travelling allowance, an extra fee of Rs. 10.

(2) For attendance at a jail—

- (a) for registration of one or more documents executed by a person confined in a jail, or
- (b) for acceptance of one or more documents executed in his favour, or
- (c) for attestation of one or more powers-of-attorney executed by such person, or
- (d) for examination of such person under section 33 or 38 the fee to be paid, besides travelling allowance, shall be Rs. 5.

(3) For the services of a female at a private residence, if required, a further fee of Rs. 5 shall be paid:

Provided that where two or more persons who execute the same document and who are entitled to exemption from attending the registration office reside together, only one attendance or commission fee shall be charged so far as those persons are concerned; and that when an attendance fee has been paid for attendance at the private residence of one or more persons, or at a jail where one or more persons are confined, such person or persons shall be entitled to present for registration or attestation at such attendance any number of documents or powers-of-attorney, or to admit execution of any number of documents presented for registration, without payment of any further attendance fee.

Note.—The Inspector-General of Registration may, in his discretion, remit the fees under (1), (2) and (3) when it appears to him that their exaction would be productive of hardship.

9. No fee will be levied for the safe custody of any document which remains unclaimed for fifteen days after registration or after registration is refused; but for every fifteen days or part thereof after such first period calculated from the date when the document is ready for delivery, a fee of As. 8 shall be levied, provided that the maximum fee be leviable under the clause shall not exceed Rs. 5.

Note.—The Inspector-General may, in his discretion, remit the fee when it appears to him that its exaction would be productive of injustice or hardship.

10. The fees for serving summonses issued and for the remuneration of executors and witnesses summoned under section 36 of the Indian Registration Act, 1877, shall be regulated according to the scale prescribed for the Courts of District Munsifs, and in the case of the district of Madras, for the Courts of the Presidency Magistrates. The fees for process issued by Registrars under section 76 shall be levied according to the scale in force in the Principal Court of Original Civil jurisdiction.

11. (1) Registrars shall be allowed their actual travelling expenses up to a maximum of As. 4 a mile for proceeding to, and returning from, any residence or jail; and Sub-Registrars for similar journeys shall be allowed their actual travelling expenses up to a maximum of As. 3 a mile.

(2) Peons or other inferior Government servants accompanying Registrars or Sub-Registrars shall be allowed daily allowance of the following rate when the distance each way exceeds 5 miles:—

Two annas per diem if their pay exceeds Rs. 8 per mensem.

One anna per diem if their pay is Rs. 8 or less per mensem.

12. Any person deputed by a Registrar or Sub-Registrar to make an examination at a private residence shall be allowed travelling allowance at the rate of As. 2 a mile.

13. (1) Search for or inspection of a single entry or document—

RS. A. P.

For the first year in the books of which search is made, for each entry or document..... 1 0 0

For every other year in the books of which search is continued, for each entry or document..... 0 4 0

(2) General search for or inspection of any number of entries or documents relating to one and the same property, or executed by or in favour of one and the same individual—

RS. A. P.

For the first year in the books of which search is made..... 2 0 0

For every other year in the books of which the search is continued. 0 8 0

"Provided that a fixed fee of 1 rupee only shall be charged without reference to the number of years in the books of which search is made, when a general search is made on the application of a public officer with the view of his granting an encumbrance certificate—

"(a) in respect of property offered as security for a loan under the Land Improvement Loans Act or Agriculturists' Loans Act, or

"(b) in respect of property offered as security by a public servant for the due performance of his duties."

Note.—Every application for the grant of a certified copy, unless made at the time of registration of a document, shall be considered as an application for search and charged accordingly, provided, however, that a second search-fee shall not be levied, for granting copies of entries found in the course of a single or general search for which proper search-fee had been levied, if such copies are applied for by the applicant for such search within a period of fifteen days from the date of such search.

14. Making or granting copies of reasons, entries or documents for the benefit of any person or for transmission to any office—

(1) In English— RS. A. P.

Every 100 words or portion of 100 words..... 0 2 0

(2) In the Vernacular of the registration sub-district—

Every 100 words or portion of 100 words..... 0 1 0

(3) In any other Vernacular—

Every 100 words or portion of 100 words..... 0 3 0

(4) In the case of copies of maps or plans a reasonable fee to be specially fixed by the registering officer.

(a) Provided that when there is present in the registration office a clerk conversant with a vernacular language referred to in clause (3) of this rule, the charge for copies of documents in such vernacular language shall be the same as that prescribed by clause (2).

(b) Provided also that in calculating the charge to be made for copies of entries or documents at the rates prescribed, it shall not be necessary, unless the applicant challenges the accuracy of the charge made, actually to count the number of words in such entries or documents, but the charge may be made on a reasonable estimate framed by the registering officer of the number of words which the entries or documents are considered to contain.

The following is the scale of expenses payable to witnesses attending the Presidency Magistrates' Courts:—

Witness.	Class.	Maximum subsistence allowance.	Maximum carriage hire allowable for days of actual attendance.	Travelling expenses, if any, incurred.		
				By rail.	By road.	By sea or canal.
Europeans and East Indians.	1st class.	5 Rs. per day.	3 Rs. per day.	1st class fare.	8 As. per mile.	Actual expense of passage.
	2nd do.	3 " do.	2 " do.	2nd do.	6 " do.	
	3rd do.	1½ " do.	1 Re. do.	3rd do.	4 " do.	
Natives	1st do.	2 " do.	2 Rs. do.	1st do.	6 " do.	
	2nd do.	1 Re. do.	1 Re. do.	2nd do.	2 " do.	
	3rd do.	As. 5 do.	Nil.	3rd do.	3 pies do.	

REGISTRATION OF JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES.

Under the Indian Companies Act No. VI of 1882 and Act No. XXI of 1860, an Act for the registration of Literary, Scientific and Charitable Societies.

M.R.Hy. A. Periyasawmi Mudaliar Avargal, B.A., Registrar.

OFFICE—Murtigal Lane, Black Town.

CIRCULAR.

On a reference made to the Law Officer of Government, the undersigned has been advised that, in calculating the interval of 14 days referred to in section 77 of the Indian Companies Act, 1882, the date of the first general meeting at which a resolution is passed and the date of the subsequent general meeting at which it is confirmed, so as to constitute it into a "Special Resolution," should both be excluded. For example, if a resolution is passed, say, on the 4th of a month, the confirmation meeting should be held only on or after the 19th idem. This ruling is communicated to all Managers, Secretaries and Directors of the several Companies, Associations, Societies, &c., for their information and guidance.

MADRAS,
2nd April 1898.

Summary of Act No. VI, The Indian Companies Act, 1882.

"No Company, Association or Partnership consisting of more than ten persons, shall be formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of banking, unless it is registered as a Company under this Act, or is formed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament or some other Act of the Governor-General in Council, or by Royal Charter or Letters Patent; and no Company, Association or Partnership consisting of more than twenty persons shall be formed for the purpose of carrying on any other

business that has for its object the acquisition of gain by the Company, Association or Partnership, or by the individual members thereof, unless it is registered as a Company under this Act, or is formed in pursuance of some other Act or of Letters Patent." (Sec. 4.)

2. "Any seven or more persons associated for any lawful purpose may, by subscribing their names to a Memorandum of Association, and otherwise complying with the requisitions of this Act in respect of registration, form an incorporated Company, with or without limited liability." (Sec. 6.)

Memorandum of Association of a Company limited by shares.

3. Where a Company is formed on the principle of having the liability of its members limited to the amount unpaid on their shares, the Memorandum of Association shall contain the following things:—

- (1) The name of the proposed Company, with the addition of the word "limited" as the last word in such name;
- (2) The part of British India in which the registered office of the Company is proposed to be situate;
- (3) The objects for which the proposed Company is to be established;
- (4) A declaration that the liability of the members is limited;
- (5) The amount of capital with which the Company proposes to be registered divided into shares of a certain fixed amount, subject to the following regulations:—
 - (i) That no subscriber shall take less than one share.
 - (ii) That each subscriber of the Memorandum of Association shall write opposite to his name the number of shares he takes. (Sec. 8.)

4. The rules for a Memorandum of Association of a Company limited by guarantee and of an unlimited Company will be found in sections 9 and 10 of the Act.

Stamp of Memorandum of Association.

5. The Memorandum of Association shall bear a stamp of 15 rupees. (See Article 39 of Schedule I of Act II of 1899, page 37.)

If accompanied by Articles of Association, Rs. 15.
If not so accompanied, Rs. 40.

6. The Memorandum of Association may, in the case of a Company limited by shares and shall, in the case of a Company limited by guarantee or unlimited, be accompanied, when registered, by Articles of Association signed by the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association, and prescribing such regulations for the Company as the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association deem expedient. (Sec. 37 of Act VI of 1882.)

Stamp, &c., of Articles of Association.

7. The Articles of Association shall be printed and they shall bear a stamp of 25 rupees.—*Vide* Article 10 of Schedule I of Act II of 1899, page 31.

Registration of Memorandum and Articles of Association with fees as in table B.

8. The Memorandum and the Articles of Association, if any, shall be delivered to the Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies, who shall retain and register the same. (Sec. 40.)

9. Upon the registration of the Memorandum of Association and of the Articles of Association in cases where Articles of Association are required by this Act or by the desire of the parties to be registered, the Registrar shall certify under his hand that the Company is incorporated, and in the case of a Limited Company that the Company is limited; the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association, together with such other persons as may from time to time become members of the Company, shall thereupon be a Body Corporate by the name contained in the Memorandum of Association, capable forthwith of exercising all the functions of an incorporated Company, and having perpetual succession and a common seal. (Sec. 41.)

10. No Company shall be registered under a name identical with that by which a subsisting Company is already registered, or so nearly resembling the same as to be calculated to deceive, except in a case where such subsisting Company is in the course of being dissolved and testifies its consent in such manner as the Registrar requires. (Sec. 43.)

Prohibition against identity of names in Companies.

11. No notice of any trust, express, implied or constructive, shall be entered on the register or be receivable by the Registrar in the case of Companies under this Act and registered in British India. (Sec. 53.)

Entry of trusts on Register.

12. Every Company shall have a registered office. If any Company carries on business without having such an office, it shall incur a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for every day during which business is so carried on. (Sec. 63.)

13. If any Company under this Act carries on business when the number of its members is less than seven, for a period of 6 months after the number has been so reduced, every person who is a member of such Company shall be severally liable for the payment of the whole debt of the Company. (Sec. 73.)

14. A General Meeting shall be held once at least in every year. A Balance Sheet shall be made out in every year and laid before the Company. Once at least in every year the accounts shall be examined and the correctness of the Balance Sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors. (Sec. 74.)

Power to alter regulations by special resolution.

15. Any Company may, in General Meeting, by passing a special resolution, alter all or any regulations or make new regulations. (Sec. 76.)

16. Any Company limited by shares may so far modify the conditions contained in its Memorandum of Association, if authorized to do so by its regulations as originally framed or so altered by special Resolution, as to increase its capital, or to consolidate and divide its capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares, or to convert its paid-up shares into stock, but, save as aforesaid, and save as hereinafter provided, no alteration shall be made by any Company in the conditions contained in its Memorandum of Association. (Sec. 12.) But under Act XII of 1895 (the Memorandum of Association Act) Companies are empowered to alter the conditions of the Memorandum of Association as originally framed subject to the restrictions therein imposed.

Winding up of Companies.

17. Companies may be wound up by order of the Court or voluntarily. (Secs. 173 to 219.)

List of documents required to be forwarded by all registered Companies, Associations and Societies to the Registrars or Assistant Registrars of Joint Stock Companies under the provisions of Acts VI of 1882, XII of 1895, IV of 1900 and XXI of 1860 and under the Orders of the Government of India.

I.—BY COMPANIES HAVING A CAPITAL DIVIDED INTO STORES.

(a).—Under Act VI of 1882.

1. Copy of the order of the Court confirming reduction of capital and of a minute approved by the Court, (Sec. 18).
2. Contract relating to the issue of fully paid up shares, (Sec. 23).
3. Annual List of Members with Summary, (Sec. 48).
4. Notice of consolidation or of conversion of capital into stock, (Sec. 51).
5. Notice of increase of capital, (57).
6. Notice of rectification of register, (Sec. 59).
7. Notice of situation of registered office and of any change therein, (Sec. 64).
8. Balance sheet, (Sec. 74).
9. Special Resolution, (Sec. 79 & s. 173b).
10. Order of the Court for winding up Company, (Sec. 137).
11. Order of the Court for the dissolution of Company, (Sec. 160).
12. Proceedings of the General Meeting for the Voluntary winding up of the Company, (Sec. 173a).
13. Special Resolution winding up Company, (Sec. 173b).
14. Extraordinary Resolution winding up Company, (Sec. 173c).
15. Liquidators return of Meeting.

(b).—Under the Orders of the Government of India.

Statement of paid-up capital.

(c).—Under Act XII of 1895.

1. Certified copy of the order of the High Court confirming alteration in the objects of a Company, together with a printed copy of the altered memorandum of Association or substituted memorandum and articles, Sec. 9, (1).
2. Certified copy of the order of the High Court confirming the transfer of the registered office of the Company from one part of British India to another, Sec. 9, (2).

* Refers only to share-capital.

(d).—Under Act IV of 1900.

1. Notice of situation of office in the United Kingdom where a Branch Registrar (British Register) is kept and of any change therein.

2. Notice of the discontinuance of such office.

II.—BY COMPANIES AND ASSOCIATIONS NOT HAVING A CAPITAL DIVIDED INTO SHARES.

(a).—Under Act VI of 1882.

1. Notice of increase in the number of members, (Sec. 57).
2. Notice of situation of registered office and of any change therein, (Sec. 61).
3. List of Directors and notice of any change in the Directors or Managers, (Sec. 70).
4. Balance sheet, (Sec. 74).
5. Special Resolution, (Sec. 79).
6. Order of Court for winding up Company, (Sec. 137).
7. Order of Court for the dissolution of Company, (Sec. 160).
8. Proceedings of General Meeting for the Voluntary winding up of the Company, (Sec. 173a).
9. Special Resolution winding up Company, (Sec. 173b).
10. Extraordinary Resolution winding up Company, (Sec. 173c).
11. Liquidators return of Meeting, (Sec. 187).

NOTE:—Associations registered under Section 26, are exempted from sending list of Directors or Managers.

(b).—Under Act XII of 1895.

Same as those appearing under Section I, (c).

III.—BY LITERARY SCIENTIFIC AND CHARITABLE SOCIETIES.

Under Act XXI of 1860.

Annual List of the Managing Body, (Sec. 4).

Table of Fees to be paid to the Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies by a Company having a capital divided into shares.

For registration of a Company whose nominal capital does not exceed Rs. 20,000, a fee of.....	RS. A. P.
Rs. 20,000, a fee of.....	40 0 0
For registration of a Company whose nominal capital exceeds Rs. 20,000, the above fee of forty rupees, with the following additional fees regulated according to the amount of nominal capital, (that is to say)—	
For every 10,000 rupees of nominal capital, or part of 10,000 rupees after the first 20,000 rupees up to 50,000 rupees.....	20 0 0
For every 10,000 rupees of nominal capital, or part of 10,000 rupees after the first 50,000 rupees up to 1,00,000 rupees.....	5 0 0
For every 10,000 rupees of nominal capital, or part of 10,000 rupees after the first 1,00,000 rupees.....	1 0 0
For registration of any increase of capital, made after the first registration of the Company, the same fees per 10,000 rupees or part of 10,000 rupees as would have been payable if such increased capital had formed part of the original capital at the time of registration:	
Provided that no Company shall be liable to pay in respect of nominal capital on registration, or afterwards, any greater amount of fees than 1,000 rupees, taking into account in the case of fees payable on an increase of capital after registration the fees paid on registration.	
For registration of any existing Company, except such Companies as are by the Act exempted from payment of fees in respect of registration under this Act, the same fee as is charged for registering a new Company.	
For registering any document hereby required or authorized to be registered, other than the Memorandum of Association.....	5 0 0
For making a record of any fact hereby authorized or required to be recorded by the Registrar of Companies, a fee of.....	5 0 0

Table of Fees to be paid to the Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies by a Company not having a capital divided into shares.

For registration of a Company whose number of members, as stated in the Articles of Association, does not exceed 20.....	RS. A. P.
For registration of a Company whose number of members, as stated in the Articles of Association, exceeds 20, but does not exceed 100.....	40 0 0
For registration of a Company whose number of members, as stated in the Articles of Association, exceeds 100, but is not stated to be unlimited, the above fee of Rs. 100 with an additional Rs. 5 for every 50 members or less number than 50 members after the first 100.	100 0 0
For registration of a Company in which the number of members is stated in the Articles of Association to be unlimited, a fee of.....	400 0 0
For registration of any increase in the number of members, made after the registration of the Company, in respect of every 50 members, or less than 50 members, of such increase.....	5 0 0
Provided that no one Company shall be liable to pay on the whole a greater fee than Rs. 400 in respect of its number of members, taking into account the fee paid on the first registration of the Company.	
For registration of any existing Company except such Companies as are by this Act exempted from payment of fees in respect of registration under this Act, the same fee as is charged for registering a new Company.	
For registering any document hereby required or authorized to be registered, other than the Memorandum of Association.....	5 0 0
For making a record of any fact hereby authorized or required to be recorded by the Registrar of Companies, a fee of.....	5 0 0

Fees for inspection and copy or extract.

An inspection of the documents kept by the Registrar.....	1 0 0
Certified copy of a certificate of the incorporation of any Company.....	3 0 0
Certified copy or extract of any other document or any part of any other document: each hundred words.....	0 2 0

—[Notification by Madras Government, 21st February 1902.]

Extract from G.O., No. 1834, Judicial, dated 10th August 1877.—No fee will be charged on returns and documents which Companies are required to file or forward, but which the Act does not distinctly require to be registered in the books of the Registrar.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATION.

Statistics and Commerce.

STATISTICS.

SIMLA, THE 20th July 1883.

No. 3991.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the fee to be paid under section 40 of the Indian Companies Act, 1882, and Table C in the first Schedule to that Act for the registration of an Association not for profit as a Company with limited liability under section 26 of the said Act shall, when the number of members is stated in the Articles of Association to exceed twenty or to be unlimited, be fifty rupees. The above Notification has been published at page 583 of the *Fort Saint George Gazette*, dated 7th August 1883.

NOTE.—This notification has not been correctly understood. The fee of Rupees Fifty is for registering both the memorandum and articles. A separate fee of Rs. 5 is due for recording notice of situation (sec. 64).

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Separate Revenue—Stamps—Non-Judicial—Exemptions, &c.

SIMLA, THE 18th July 1890.

No. 3517.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act I of 1879, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the duty chargeable under the said Act on the Memorandum and Articles of Association of any Association registered under section 26 of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882.—(Published at page 604 of the *Fort Saint George Gazette*, dated 12th August 1890; and also vide of exemption under Article 89, Schedule I of Act II of 1899.)

SUMMARY OF ACT XXI OF 1860.

An Act for the registration of Literary, Scientific and Charitable Societies.

1. Any seven or more persons associated for any Literary, Scientific or Charitable purpose, or for any such purpose as is described in Section XX* of this Act, may, by subscribing their names to a Memorandum of Association, and filing the same with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies under Act XIX of 1857, form themselves into a Society under this Act.

† Memorandum of Association shall contain—
The name of the Society.
The objects of the Society.
The names, addresses, and occupations of the Governors, Council, Directors, Committee, or other governing body to whom, by the rules of the Society, the management of its affairs is entrusted.
A copy of the rules and regulations of the Society, certified to be a correct copy by not less than three of the members of the governing body, shall be filed with the Memorandum of Association.

3. Upon such Memorandum and certified copy being filed the Registrar shall certify under his hand that the Society is registered under this Act. There shall be paid to the Registrar for every such registration a fee of fifty rupees, or such smaller fee as the Governor-General of India in Council may from time to time direct; and all fees so paid shall be accounted for to Government.

4. Once in every year, on or before the 14th day succeeding the day on which, according to the rules of the Society, the Annual General Meeting of the Society is held, or if the rules do not provide for an Annual General Meeting, in the month of January, a list shall be filed with the Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies, of the names, addresses, and occupations of the Governors, Council, Directors, Committee or other governing body then entrusted with the management of the affairs of the Society.

5. The property, movable and immovable, belonging to a Society registered under this Act, if not vested in Trustees, shall be deemed to be vested, for the time being, in the governing body of such Society, and in all proceedings, civil and criminal, may be described as the property of such Society by their proper title.

6. Every Society registered under this Act may sue or be sued in the name of the President, Chairman, or Principal, Secretary, or Trustees as shall be determined by the rules and regulations of the Society, and in default of such determination, in the name of such person as shall be appointed by the governing body for the occasion: Provided that it shall be competent for any person having claim or demand against the Society, to sue the President or Chairman, or Principal, Secretary or the Trustees thereof, if on application to the governing body, some other officer or person be not nominated to be the defendant.

7. Any person may inspect all documents filed with the Registrar under this Act on payment of a fee of one rupee for each inspection; and any person may require a copy or extract of any document or any part of any document to be certified by the Registrar, on payment of two annas for every hundred words of such copy or extract; and such certified copy shall be *prima facie* evidence of the matters therein contained in all legal proceedings whatever. (Sec. 19.)

Extracts from Regulations passed by Government under date 21st February 1902, for the discharge of the duties of the Registrar and Assistant Registrars of Joint-Stock Companies.

Paragraph VII of the Government Regulation, dated 1st December 1875, has been cancelled by a Notification in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* of the 14th December 1896. "Whenever any case of non-compliance with the provisions of the Act comes to the knowledge of the Registrar, or Assistant Registrar he should request the Government Solicitor if the registered office of the Company in default is situated in Madras, or in other cases, the Magistrate of the District in which the registered office of the Company is situated, to take the necessary steps for the recoveries of the prescribed penalties.

* Section XX. The following Societies may be registered under this Act:—Charitable Societies, the Military Orphan Funds or Societies established at the several Presidencies of India, Societies established for the promotion of Science, Literature, or the Fine Arts, for instruction, the diffusion of useful knowledge, the foundation or maintenance of Libraries, or Reading-rooms for general use among the members, or open to the public, or public Museums and Galleries of Paintings and other Works of Art, Collections of Natural History, Mechanical and Philosophical Inventions, Instruments, or Designs.

† Not liable to stamp duty—vide Inspector-General's Circular No. 23, dated 18th November 1879.

IN THE MATTER OF "THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1892."

M.R.Ry. A. PERIYASAWMI MUDALIYAR AVERGAL,

Ag. Registrar.

Circular No. 4, dated 5th October 1903.

Subject.—*Inspection of Companies and other Associations.*

The Annual Report on the working of the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1892 has to contain a separate memorandum on the working of Provident Societies exclusive of the general information required to be embodied therein. The memorandum is excepted to contain information collected by Government officers during their tours of inspection and any facts coming to their notice at any time. Points on which information is sought are set out in the form of questions divided into parts. Part A refers to companies generally and Part B to Provident Insurance and other Friendly Societies. Part C gives details of an item in part A. Hence the following instructions approved by the Inspector-General will be issued to Assistant Registrars of Joint-Stock Companies for information and guidance:—

PART A.

1. The name of the company.
2. Its situation, i.e., district, taluk and village.
3. Whether there is any case of fraud or embezzlement in connection with it?
- * 4. If registered, whether the provisions of the Indian Companies' Act have been observed?
5. Whether there are any parties who consider themselves injured by the company? If so, what are their complaints?
6. Whether the object or constitution of the company is of an objectionable kind, and if so, whether any subordinate officers of Government have connected themselves with it.
7. If the company is an unregistered one, it may be informed—
 - (1) that the privilege of registration is not confined to the better regulated class of partnership alone, but to all companies which satisfy certain conditions;
 - (2) that, if the constitution of the company is such as to render registration compulsory, such registration is necessary for its legal existence;
 - (3) that the law requires that all associations must be registered, which consists of more than 10 persons and are formed for the purpose of carrying on the business of banking or which consist of more than 20 persons and are formed for the purpose of carrying on any other business that has for its object the acquisition of gain by the association or by the individual members thereof;
 - (4) that non-registration of companies, whose registration is compulsory, would raise an unfavourable presumption in case of a prosecution or civil suit.

* For details—vide part C.

PART B.

1. Name of the company.
2. Its situation as in Part A.
3. What is the principle upon which the Company is based?
4. Is it an insurance company or otherwise?
5. To what purpose are the regular monthly subscriptions devoted? Are they devoted solely to current expenses, or a portion formed into a reserve fund?
6. How is the contract, made with the insured person, fulfilled? Is it from monthly subscriptions or from special collections from survivors or from such a reserve fund?
7. How are the directors, managers, etc., remunerated?

8. Is their remuneration so extravagant as to verge on the point of fraud?
9. By comparing a successful with an unsuccessful company, it should be ascertained what the methods are which the successful company has adopted. In what way such methods differ from those of an unsuccessful company?
10. In the case of every company, and especially in the case of the former, is there any reserve fund kept, and if so, how is the reserve invested? Is caution exercised by any of the companies in deciding whether to accept or refuse a proposed insurance? Have any of the companies caste organization?

11. Do any of the companies limit membership to any particular village or locality? If there are any friendly or provident societies in existence unregistered, the information in the above-mentioned headings may also be gathered and forwarded to the Registrar.]

PART C.

POINTS TO BE ATTENDED TO

(a) When inspecting Registered Companies limited by shares.

- Whether the company holds the certificate of incorporation issued in its name?
 - Whether the company is held at the registered office or at any other place duly recorded by the registering officer? (Secretaries may be asked to produce fee receipts or acknowledging memoranda in support of the latter.)
 - Whether the company maintains a seal on which its name is engraven in legible characters in the English language and in one of the vernaculars of the district?
- N.B.*—When the seal is in the custody of any Secretary or Managing director who is away from the station, the Assistant Registrar may call for documents such as Powers-of-Attorney, share-warrants and contracts made on behalf of the company, if any, other document bearing the impression of the seal.
- Whether the company's name is mentioned in English in legible characters in all notices, advertisements and official records and in all letters of exchange, hundis, promissory notes, endorsements, cheques or orders and in all bills of parcels, invoices, receipts and letters of credit of the company?
 - Whether the company maintains a board bearing its name engraven in full in English and in any vernacular current in the district?
 - Whether the company has prepared statements in Form D showing its assets and liabilities as they stood on the 1st January and 1st July of each year and whether such statements have been hung up in a conspicuous place in the registered office and in every branch office, for the information of shareholders and creditors, on the 1st Monday in February and the 1st Monday in August, respectively, and whether copies of such statements have been granted to shareholders, etc., at their request on payment?

N.B.—(1) Form D is a shortened form of balance sheet containing particulars of assets and liabilities of the company as near thereto as circumstances admit. Half-yearly balance sheets up to 30th June and 31st December may be accepted in lieu of these statements.

(2) Section 69 of Act VI of 1882 is not applicable to Trading companies, Mills and Presses, Tea and other Planting companies, Mining and Quarrying companies, Sugar-manufacturing companies, Breweries and miscellaneous companies.

(b) When inspecting Companies and Associations limited by guarantee.

All the points referred to in part C (a).

N.B.—Associations registered under section 26 of Act VI of 1882 have to comply with the provisions of sections 63 and 64 only.

A. PERIYASAWMI MUDALIYAR,

Ag. Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies.

To

All Assistant Registrars of Joint-Stock Companies.

IN THE MATTER OF "THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1882."

M.R.Ry. A. PERIYASAWMI MUDALIAR AVARGAL,

Ag. Registrar.

CIRCULAR No. 5, DATED 5TH OCTOBER 1903.

SUBJECT.—Prohibition of lotteries from being registered under Act VI of 1882.

READ—the following papers:—

No. 1450.

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF
JOINT STOCK COMPANIES,

Madras, 3rd October 1887.

From

M.R.Ry. S. HARI ROW AVARGAL,

REGISTRAR OF JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES,

Madras.

To

THE GOVERNMENT SOLICITOR,

MADRAS.

Sir,

In forwarding herewith the accompanying three printed copies of the prospectus of three different "chit" funds as they are called, which have been and are still being organized in almost every town in the Presidency in such great numbers as those speculative societies started in 1885-86 were, I have the honor to state that I have already registered four funds of this nature under the 1st impression that they did not come within the definition of the term lottery in which only a few out of the whole number of subscribers are profited to the great loss, annoyance and disappointment of the rest, and that subscribers to these funds were entitled to receive back something more than or nothing less than what they actually paid in. But on further mature reconsideration, as I still entertain some doubts as to their precise and actual nature, I request to be favoured with your views as to whether I would be justified in registering these funds in future as they do not now seem to me to be joint-stock companies within the meaning of section 228 of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882, and partake more or less of the character of a lottery, an offence made punishable under section 294-A of the Indian Penal Code.

2. The objects of one of such funds are briefly detailed below for your full information. Suppose, for instance, a fund is declared to consist of 200 members and each member undertakes to contribute Rs. 1-4-0 a month till his name turns up in the ballot, subject to a maximum period of 40 months. Out of the monthly collections, sums ranging from Rs. 85 to 50 will be given to the member in whose favour the ballot is drawn, one member receiving the benefit every month. Such a person is not afterwards bound to contribute to its funds and his liability ceases as soon as his name thus turns up. In this way, one member after another will cease to be contributor monthly till the end of the term of 40 months. The monthly contributions due from these ceasing members are more than made up by the interest accruing on the accumulating capital. On the expiration of the 40th month, the remaining 160 members are entitled to receive from the fund Rs. 50 each in a lump sum. It will thus be seen that the object of such funds is to encourage savings and to afford pecuniary aid to the members in the order in which their names turn up in the ballot from the then collections, after meeting the payment of every month. Month after month, the collections thus made increase to such an enormous extent as to be fully sufficient to meet the payments of all the 160 remaining members at Rs. 50 each.

3. Please favour me with your views on the important subject for my information and guidance.

4. I may add that within my hearing the Collector of almost every district in which such funds are being started has taken strong objections to them on the ground that they amount to lotteries only, one way or another.

5. It is even rumoured that the Advocate-General has also already expressed his opinion that such funds are quite illegal under the Companies Act on a reference of the point to him by one or two such companies.

6. But, as I cannot rightly be guided by such mere hearsay reports, I have deemed it necessary to obtain an authoritative opinion on the point.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant

(Signed) S. HARI ROW,

Registrar.

No. 530.

MADRAS,

6th October 1887.

From

ERNEST BARCLAY,

GOVERNMENT SOLICITOR,
Madras.

To

THE REGISTRAR OF JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES,
Madras.

Sir,

I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 3rd instant with four printed vernacular documents which I am unable to read. I must therefore take the statement of facts contained in paragraph 2 of your letter under reply on which to form an opinion on the question referred to me.

2. Section 226 of the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882 provides that for the purposes of that part of the Act (viz., Part VII, companies authorized to register under the Act) so far as the same relates to the description of companies empowered to register as companies limited by shares, a joint-stock company shall be deemed to be a company having a permanent paid-up or nominal capital of fixed amount divided into shares, also of fixed amount or held and transferable as stock or divided and held partly in one way and partly in the other and formed on the principle of having for its members the holders of shares in such capital, or the holders of such stock and no other persons; and such company when registered with limited liability under the Act shall be deemed to be a company limited by shares.

3. The first question therefore is whether the companies referred to in your letter under reply are companies limited by shares. The company, or fund, as you call it, is declared to consist of 200 members and each member undertakes to contribute Rs. 1-4-0 a month per 40 months unless, in the meantime, his name turns up in the ballot. Each member therefore limits his liability to Rs. 50, so that the total capital of the company is Rs. 10,000. So far, it seems to me, therefore, that the company is in the nature of one limited by shares, viz., a company formed on the principle of having the liability of its members limited to the amount unpaid on the shares (vide section 8 of the Act). The undertaking to pay Rs. 1-4-0 per month for 40 months limits the liability of the member to Rs. 50 per share for, I presume, that such monthly payment is in respect of one share only.

4. The next question is whether the ballot by which, if his name is drawn, a shareholder receives from the company Rs. 35 to 50 is in the nature of a lottery so as to come within the provisions of the Penal Code. A lottery has been defined as "a distribution of prizes by lot or chance," as where a person, with others, puts a certain sum into a common fund which, in the event of a certain, or as it is at the time of contribution, an uncertain, event happening, is to be paid to one or more of the contributors. I understand that in the case of these companies the ballot is held once a month, and that, if a member is successful in having his name drawn, he is paid the amount balloted for and has no further contribution to make in respect of his share. How the amount to be balloted for is decided you do not mention: but, I should presume, it was arrived at from the known monthly contributions coming to the company. One member every month having been balloted for and paid off, there remain at the end of the 40 months, 160 members to divide the capital of the company amongst. It seems to me that the ballot in these cases is a lottery within the meaning of section 294-A of the Penal Code and is a means of deciding which of the members of the company are to receive a prize of greater or less amount, and to cease all further contribution to the funds of the company. Thus, if a member is fortunate and has his name drawn the first month he receives Rs. 35 or 50 for which he has only paid Rs. 1-4-0 and so the member whose name is drawn in the second month receives a similar prize for which he has only paid Rs. 2-8-0 and so on: the later a member's name is drawn the more he pays for his prize and this distribution of the prizes every month is decided by chance. It is true that no loss is hazarded, because if a member's name is not drawn in any month, he does not get a prize; but, he takes his chance of that, and, if he does get a prize, he gets it by chance so that gain is made a matter of chance.

5. So far as I understand the working of these companies, I think they are lotteries and are therefore illegal and that the companies should not be registered as they are not trading companies within the meaning of Act VI of 1882.

6. I return the documents which accompanied your letter under reply and

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

(Signed) ERNEST BARCLAY,

Government Solicitor.

The opinion of the Government Solicitor contained in the above correspondence, will be communicated to Assistant Registrars of Joint-Stock Companies for information and guidance.

A. PERIYASAWMI MUDALIYAR,

Ag. Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies.

To

All Assistant Registrars of Joint-Stock Companies.

No. I.—Abstract of Joint-Stock Companies.

Companies limited by guarantee or having no capital paid up.	Companies limited by shares.			Number of Companies.	Paid-up capital.	Nominal capital.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.		Rs.	A. P.		Rs.	A. P.	
Working at the close of 1901-1902	5,44,43,651	8 0	2,50,69,803	579	8 1	8 1	I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE. (a)—Banking and Loan. Sri Venkatesar Parvathi Ammal Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited. Sri Thiruvengadanathar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited. Sri Siva Subramaniam Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited. Tuticorin Sundara Company, Limited. Kalyandrug Mutual Fund, Limited.	2,88,000	0 0	Kadankulam, of Nanguneri.
Registered during 1902-1903	60,45,733	0 0	7,13,566	77	7 3	8 8		2,88,000	0 0	Kariyandi, of Nanguneri.
Capital increased during 1902-1903	6,86,517	0 0	27,78,661	226	15 8	4 4		1,44,000	0 0	Thissayanvilai, of Nanguneri.
Capital decreased during 1902-1903	28,43,080	0 0	8,12,667	39	13 4	1 1		2,00,000	0 0	Tuticorin.
Ceased to work during 1902-1903	5,85,32,821	8 0	8,20,418	32	12 1	7 7		19,980	0 0	Kalyandrug, Anantapur District.
Working at the close of 1902-1903				424						

No. II.—Joint-Stock Companies registered during the year 1902-1903.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
1	12th April 1902	(a)—Banking and Loan. Sri Venkatesar Parvathi Ammal Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	2,88,000 0 0	28,160 0 0	Kadankulam, of Nanguneri.
2	"	Sri Thiruvengadanathar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	2,88,000 0 0	30,492 8 0	Kariyandi, of Nanguneri.
3	"	Sri Siva Subramaniam Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,44,000 0 0	19,900 0 0	Thissayanvilai, of Nanguneri.
4	14th "	Tuticorin Sundara Company, Limited.	Money-lending and Trading.	2,00,000 0 0	610 0 0	Tuticorin.
5	16th "	Kalyandrug Mutual Fund, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	19,980 0 0	8,459 0 0	Kalyandrug, Anantapur District.

No. II.—Joint-Stock Companies registered during the year 1902-1903—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
		I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE—contd.				
	1902.	(a) Banking and Loan—contd.				
6	22nd April	Unaiyurabagi Vinayagar Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	Rs. 1,21,000 0 0	Rs. 12,802 0 0	Pallarkuruchi, of Srivakuntam.
7	14th May	Trichinopoly Andar Street Sarva Jana Fund, Limited.	Do.	20,000 0 0	2,811 0 0	Trichinopoly (Fort).
8	17th "	Sri Shanmuga Sundara Sagaya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	3,60,000 0 0	27,106 4 0	Palamcottah.
9	22nd "	Yaseen Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	2,139 0 0	Kulasekarapatnam, Tinnevely district.
10	" "	Sri Natesar Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,44,000 0 0	16,900 0 0	Idaiyangudi, of Tinnevely district.
11	27th "	Arumvalartha Nayagee Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	62,500 0 0	4,893 12 0	Kulasekarapatnam.
12	" "	Arumuga Nainar Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000 0 0	11,000 0 0	Tirupaniyudai Pimpup, Tinnevely district.
13	" "	Melavasal Appar Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	Manakkadu village, of Tinnevely district.
14	29th "	Saravana Bayar Sagaya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	5,500 0 0	Manadu, Tinnevely district.
15	11th June	Sri Man Narayana Murthi Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	6,300 0 0	Vaithalingapuram, of Tinnevely district.
16	27th "	Vellore Town Hall Bank, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	7,674 5 1	Vellore.
17	1st July	Jagaratchagn Perumanin Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,44,000 0 0	15,560 0 0	Anaikudiyruppu, of Nanguneri.
18	2nd "	Sri Mahathuva Imanuvelin Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,44,000 0 0	14,400 0 0	Samaria, of Nanguneri.
19	" "	Sri Alarvaloo Mangai Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	5,632 3 0	Samuga Rangapuram, of Nanguneri.
20	" "	Sri Ranganachiar Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	4,885 0 0	Do.

21	8th July	Sakala Jana Upakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	60,000 0 0	11,700 0 0	Vadakku Vallioor, of Nanguneri.
22	25th "	Sri Sachithanantha Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	18,000 0 0	3,300 0 0	Appocvilai, of Nanguneri.
23	29th "	Udumalpet Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000 0 0	16,920 0 0	Udumalpet, Coimbatore district.
24	1st August	Kalluvilai C. M. S. Thimthavalaya Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000 0 0	11,000 0 0	Kalluvilai, of Padugai, Srivakuntam taluk.
25	2nd "	Sri Manonmani Ammal Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	Manadu Thandupathu, of Padugai, Srivakuntam taluk.
26	7th "	Andappan Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	Chettipathoo, of Padugai, Srivakuntam taluk.
27	" "	St. Joseph's Sabaya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	Manamad, of Padugai, Srivakuntam taluk.
28	8th "	S. P. G. Mark Devalaya Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	5,500 0 0	Christiansagram, of Srivakuntam.
29	18th "	Sri Krishnamoorthi Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	5,500 0 0	Sathara Kovilai, of Karichuttu village, Srivakuntam.
30	21st "	Manikandan Ammal Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	25,000 0 0	11,000 0 0	Thiruppani, of Srivakuntam, Tinnevely taluk.
31	27th "	Nayagam Mahayatheen Andavargal Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000 0 0	11,000 0 0	Pudumani, of Srivakuntam.
32	30th "	Coimbatore Dravida Sagaya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,50,000 0 0	1,19,346 0 0	Coimbatore.
33	6th Sept.	Kumarapuram Kadavul Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	4,500 0 0	Yeppilankulam, of Nanguneri.
34	22nd "	Trichinopoly Palakara Hindu Paropallana Nidhi, Limited.	Banking Company	49,995 0 0	5,195 0 0	Trichinopoly.
35	25th "	Kurukthurai Subramanya Swami Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	16,000 0 0	3,300 0 0	Tinnevely.
36	27th "	Prabala Vinayakar Jagadhisvariyin Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000 0 0	11,900 0 0	Anaikudiyruppu, of Nanguneri.
37	27th "	Adisam Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	4,000 0 0	Chettipathoo, of Srivakuntam.
38	6th Oct.	Negapattam Permanent Fund, Limited.	Do.	99,990 0 0	2,806 0 0	Negapattam.
39	18th "	Sri Senthil Nayagar Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	Trichendur.

* Capital increased to Rs. 4,20,000, vide statement No. IV.

No. II.—Joint-Stock Companies registered during the year 1902-1903—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE—						
(a) Banking and Loan—contd.						
40	1902. 16th Oct.	Sedhi Vinayakar Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	RS. 1,00,000 0 0	RS. 7,000 0 0	Perambur Kurchi, Tinnevely district, Ramnad.
41	"	Ramnad Sri Lakshmi Vilasa Ela Chit Company, Limited.	Do.	30,000 0 0	2,886 0 0	Do.
42	"	Ramnad S. M. Raj Sasvatha Nidhi Bank, Limited.	Do.	29,808 0 0	1,926 11 2	Do.
43	"	Sri Vijaya Lakshmi Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000 0 0	7,717 8 0	Peddaturangapuram, Tinnevely district, Ayentheraikulam, of Tinnevely district.
44	"	Arch Anthoniar Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	.....	Ramaswamiapuram, of Nagamoti, Tinnevely district.
45	14th Nov.	Karunaiyalar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	2,747 8 0	Erode.
46	"	Erode Bank, Limited.	Banking Company	50,000 0 0	24,646 0 0	Veeranam, of Tinnevely district.
47	"	Veeranam Mulindin Andavar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	18,000 0 0	4,500 0 0	Vellankulam, of Tinnevely district.
48	"	Kallaseppathi Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	47,700 0 0	28,800 0 0	Sankaranar Kovil, Tinnevely district.
49	11th Dec.	Sri Natarajar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	17,600 0 0	.....	Servaikaran Madam, Otapidaram taluk.
50	"	Dravida Nadar Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	1,44,000 0 0	5,707 8 0	Adiyakurichi, Srivaikuntam taluk.
51	"	Sri Gnana Manonmani Ammal Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	3,500 0 0	Mela Trichendur, of Srivaikuntam taluk.
52	"	Senthilathan Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	2,900 0 0	Mengnanapuram of Polisavilal, of Srivaikuntam taluk.
53	"	C. M. S. Dispensary Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	32,000 0 0	2,800 0 0	Polisavilal, of Srivaikuntam taluk.
54	"	St. Paul's Church Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	36,000 0 0	4,800 0 0	Srivaikuntam Taluk.

55	23rd Dec. 1903.	Bangali Bazar Sundara Vinayakar Porul Sahaya Paksha Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	20,000 0 0	1,550 0 0	Saint Thomas' Mount.
56	12th Jan.	Perunkulam Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	60,000 0 0	.....	Perunkulam, of Srivaikuntam.
57	12th "	South India Bank, Limited.	Banking Company	1,50,000 0 0	92,525 0 0	Tinnevely.
58	21st "	Jesus Porunan Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	32,000 0 0	3,200 0 0	Thattankulam, of Nanguneri.
59	21st "	Pathalakandi Amman Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	3,500 0 0	Vathialingapuram, of Srivaikuntam.
60	29th "	Sorna Sundari Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	18,000 0 0	2,700 0 0	Piravikadipurpu, of Pallakurichi, Srivaikuntam.
61	4th Feb.	N. Anthimoola Karunakara Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000 0 0	.....	Nattathi, of Pallakurichi, Srivaikuntam.
62	5th "	Madura Navagrahamasa Dravida Sahaya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	2,23,260 0 0	13,563 15 0	Lakshimpuram, Madurai.
63	20th "	Adambakam Hindu Dhana Paripalava Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	82,000 0 0	.....	Saint Thomas' Mount.
64	26th "	Poriasami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	3,500 0 0	Chettipathu, Srivaikuntam.
65	27th "	Thri Ega Kadayulin Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,000 0 0	.....	Muthukistapuram, of Katakshapuram, Srivaikuntam.
66	9th Mar.	Sri Naachir Ammal Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	.....	Manadu Thandupathu, Srivaikuntam.
67	10th "	Sri Pooranapundkai Ammal Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	.....	Do.
68	25th "	Anantha Bagavathi Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000 0 0	2,500 0 0	Palavur, of Nanguneri.
69	23th "	Ulaganmal Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	82,000 0 0	800 0 0	Tiruvankata, Nanguneri.
70	26th "	C. M. S. Suva Athiravi Dravida Sagaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	18,000 0 0	1,500 0 0	Mengnanapuram, of Srivaikuntam.
Total (70)		II.—TRADING.	Total of Banking Loan and Insurance...	55,84,733 0 0	7,08,457 7 3	
1	1902. 16th April	Pallikannu Trading Company, Limited.	To trade in piece-goods and to carry on weaving and other industries.	20,000 0 0	2,845 0 0	Balinpatam Town, North Malabar.

(a) Merchants and Traders.

No. II.—Joint-Stock Companies registered during the year 1902-1903—concl'd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
		II.—TRADING—concl'd.				
	1902.	(a) <i>Merchants and Traders</i> —concl'd.				
2	4th June	Salahul Ikhwani Company, Limited	Publishers of newspapers and general merchants.	Rs. 6,000	A. P. 0 0	Tirur Town, South Malabar.
3	25th July	Indian Cycle and General Engineering Company, Limited.	Mechanical Engineers, dealers in cycles and carriages of all kinds.	2,50,000	0 0	Do.
4	23rd Aug.	Rosebery and Co., Limited	Dealers in precious stones, Jewellers, Auctioneers, Commission Agents, Printers, Stationers, &c.	20,000	0 0	Do.
		IV.—TEA AND OTHER PLANTING COMPANIES.				
		(c) <i>Others.</i>	Total of (a)...	2,96,000	0 0	3,409 0 0
Total (4)						
1	1903.	Thia Shola Estates Co., Limited	For the cultivation of coffee, tea and other products.	75,000	0 0	Thiashola Estate, Kil-kundahs, Nilgiris Dt.
		V.—MINING AND QUARRYING.				
		Tellicherry Quicksilver Syndicate, Limited.	To prospect in Malabar for quicksilver and its ores and to acquire mining concessions, leases and other rights appertaining to mining.	75,000	0 0	Do.
1	1902.	Rose and Crown Brewery Co., Limited	Brewers, Distillers, Maltsters, &c.	15,000	0 0	Tellicherry.
		VIII.—BREWING.				
		Total of all companies registered...		60,45,733	0 0	7,13,566 7 3
Total (77)						

No. III.—Companies Limited by guarantee registered during 1902-1903.

Summary.

Classification of Companies.	Number.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.
I.—Banking, Loan and Insurance.....	70	Rs. 55,84,733	A. P. 0 0
II.—Trading.....	4	2,96,000	0 0
IV.—Tea and Other Planting Companies.....	1	75,000	0 0
V.—Mining and Quarrying.....	1	15,000	0 0
VIII.—Breweries.....	1	75,000	0 0
Total of all Companies ...	77	60,45,733	0 0
			7,13,566 7 3

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of Company.	Number of members.	Situation of registered office.
		I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE.			
		(b) <i>Insurance.</i>			
1	20th Aug. 1902.	Maha Lakshmi Jeyanamsa Dravida Sahaya Hindu Provident Fund, Limited.	Life-Insurance	1,500	Kulasekhrapatnam, Tinnevely district.
2	10th Dec. "	Negapatnam Universal Benefit Society, Ltd.	Do.	7	Negapatnam, Tanjore district.
Total (2)			Total of (b) ..	1,507	

No. IV.—Joint-Stock Companies that have increased their capital during 1902-1903.

Number on the Register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Date of increase.	Previous capital.		Present capital.		Difference.	
				Nominal.	Paid-up.	Nominal.	Paid-up.	Nominal.	Paid-up.
I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE.									
(a) Banking and Loan.									
1 of 1892-93.	20th Apl. 1892.	Srirangam Janopakara Nidhi, Ltd.	22nd July 1902...	96,000	26,966 0 0	2,76,000	46,528 0 0	1,80,000	19,562 0 0
19 of 1896-97.	4th Aug. 1896.	Puravalkum Dhana Vardhana Saswatha Nidhi, Limited.	22nd Sept. "...	99,975	44,978 0 0	1,99,950	46,858 0 0	99,975	1,880 0 0
5 of 1898-99.	21st Apl. 1898.	Chithambaram Hindu Saswatha Jananukula Nidhi, Limited.	13th July "...	1,09,980	57,997 13 1	2,09,970	79,178 1 3	99,990	21,180 4 2
21 of " "	3rd Aug. "	Walajabad Saswatha Nidhi, Ltd.	15th Sept. "...	99,960	15,117 11 3	1,09,992	21,939 6 0	69,972	6,821 10 9
3 of 1900-1901.	27th Apl. 1900.	Coimbatore Sarva Jana Sankhyabhi Vridhini Nidhi, Limited.	23rd Jan. 1903...	1,00,000	84,039 0 0	1,25,000	1,09,723 0 0	25,000	25,684 0 0
10 of " "	16th June "	Krishnapuram Visvanatha Vinayakamurthi Dravida Sabay Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	2nd Aug. "...	18,000	9,900 0 0	27,680	19,200 0 0	9,680	9,300 0 0
18 of " "	28th Aug. "	Tirupati Janopakara Nidhi, Ltd.	24th Feb. 1903...	20,000	13,775 0 0	40,000	16,681 11 0	20,000	2,906 11 0
40 of " "	25th Feb. 1901.	Trichinopoly Kottai Hindu Jananukula Ela Nidhi, Limited.	22nd Dec. 1902...	20,000	8,006 13 1	30,000	12,394 12 6	10,000	4,387 15 5
20 of 1901-02.	7th Aug. "	Adam Sahib Bythulmal Thiruvorur Sri Lakshmi Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	18th Aug. "...	50,000	.....	62,500	13,750 0 0	12,500	13,750 0 0
21 of " "	11th Sept. "	Worur Sri Lakshmi Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	28th Nov. "...	79,300	11,644 15 8	99,900	39,577 11 4	20,700	27,932 11 8
37 of " "	4th Dec. "	Tirupati Dravida Sahaya Sargam, Limited.	18th June 1902...	71,300	7,371 0 0	1,00,000	29,275 10 10	28,700	21,904 10 4
58 of " "	26th Mar. 1902.	Vellore Mada Vana Nidhi, Branch, Limited.	6th Oct. "...	50,000	4,725 0 0	1,00,000	26,350 0 0	50,000	21,625 0 0
— 1902-03.	17th May "	Sri Shanmuga Sundara Sagaya Nidhi, Limited.	10th March 1903.	9,60,000	27,106 4 0	4,20,000	27,106 4 0	60,000	.....
Total (13)		Total of Banking, &c.		12,64,415	3,11,627 9	7,19,50,932	4,88,562 8 11	6,86,517	1,76,934 15 4

No. V.—Joint-Stock Companies that have reduced their capital during 1902-1903.

Nil.

No. VI.—Joint-Stock Companies that having ceased work have gone into liquidation or have been finally dissolved or otherwise become defunct during the year 1902-1903.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Date of going into liquidation.	Date of final dissolution.
I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE.						
(a) Banking and Loan.						
6 of 1891-92 ...	11th June 1891...	Sennaimanagaram Panchamukothibhavaral Paropakara Sasvantha Nidhi, Limited.	Rs. 50,000	Rs. 6,953 8 9	Defunct.	
25 of 1892-93 ...	9th Jan. 1893 ...	Aryan Bank, Vizagapatnam, Un. limited.	1,00,000	24,000 0 0	3rd October 1902.	
5 of 1897-98 ...	9th May 1897...	Mutual Saving and Loan Society, Limited.	1,50,000	30,442 8 0	20th May 1902.	
19 of 1890-91 ...	14th Oct. 1890...	Madavaram Building Association, Limited.	1,25,000	17,458 7 4	2nd Feb. 1903.	
21 of 1894-95 ...	31st Jan. 1895...	Chittoor Sri Ramachandra Sahaya Dhana Nidhi, Limited.	40,000	35,975 0 0	31st Oct. 1902.	
22 of " ...	2nd Feb. " ...	Chennai Akamapuram Masanthara Arjuna Sekara Nidhi, 5th Branch, Limited.	1,50,000	61,664 0 0	21st May 1902.	
6 of 1896-96 ...	1st June " ...	Conjeevaram Arya Jana Paropakara Sasvantha Nidhi, Limited.	2,00,000	13,926 0 0	11th June 1902.	
4 of 1896-97 ...	21st April 1896...	Chithambara Vinayakar Ela Nidhi, Limited.	54,000	54,000 0 0	21st April 1902.	
18 of " ...	27th July " ...	Sri Subramania Sabha Ela Nidhi, Limited.	24,200	23,100 0 0	26th May 1902.	
20 of " ...	5th Aug. " ...	Shanmuga Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	1,95,000	86,100 0 0	15th Sept. 1902.	
32 of " ...	18th Oct. " ...	Hindu National Permanent Benefit Fund, Limited.	1,00,000	3,563 0 0	Defunct.	
34 of " ...	16th " ...	Sri Gomathi Sabha Ela Nidhi, Limited.	16,900	13,000 0 0	1st Feb. 1903.	

No. VI.—Joint-Stock Companies that having ceased work have gone into liquidation or have been finally dissolved, &c.—concl.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Date of going into liquidation.	Date of final dissolution.
		I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE—concl.	rs.	rs. A. P.		
36 of 1896-97...	24th Oct. 1896...	(a) Banking and Loan—concl.				
38 of "	"	Shannuga Velasa Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	38,880	84,560 0 0	21st Oct. 1902.	
39 of "	27th "	Vellore Sri Rama Jananukula Nidhi, Limited.	2,00,000	12,195 0 0	1st Aug. 1902.	
45 of "	4th Dec. "	Trichinopoly Vettilai Sangham, Limited.	20,000	630 0 0	30th March 1903.	
14 of 1897-98...	18th June 1897...	Dhana Lakshmi Nidhi, Limited.	30,000	607 4 0	8th April 1902.	
43 of "	1st Nov. "	Vellore Mada Vana Nidhi, Limited.	1,00,000	98,475 0 0	21st July 1902.	
56 of "	4th Jan. 1898...	Sugavanesar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	18,000	16,864 8 0	3rd Nov. 1902.	
53 of "	4th "	Natherdasa Ayooliar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	37,100	36,340 10 0	16th April 1902.	
3 of 1898-99...	15th April 1898...	Saraswathi Vilasaka Ela Nidhi, Limited.	50,000	31,000 0 0	1st May 1902.	
11 of "	4th May "	Kudimallur Sri Thiruvandhusvara Samiar Hindu Jena Dhanopakarai Paksha Ela Nidhi, Limited.	1,10,000	39,650 0 0	14th June 1902.	
30 of 1898-99...	23rd Sept. 1898...	Immanuel Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	40,000	38,800 0 0	10th May 1902.	
4 of 1899-00...	19th May 1899...	Tuticorin Bank, Limited	3,00,000	6,450 0 0	16th April 1902.	
14 of 1900-01...	7th Aug. 1900...	Karunanandar Anukula Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	20,000	16,400 0 0	4th Oct. 1902.	
54 of 1901-02...	7th Mar. 1902...	Madras Union Bank, Limited	5,00,000	...	Defunct	Never commenced business.
Total (25)		(b) Insurance.	26,09,080	7,00,644 14 1		
16 of 1890-91...	29th Aug. 1890...	Mangalore Cosmopolitan Provident Fund, Limited.	10,000	6,913 14 0	28th May 1902.	
Total (26)		Total of Banking, Loan and Insurance...	26,19,080	7,07,538 12 1		

II.—TRADING.

		(a) Merchants and Traders.				
33 of 1899-1900...	17th Feb. 1900...	Tinnevely Jewellery and Trading Company, Limited.	25,500	7,500 0 0	11th Feb. 1903.	
6 of 1901-02...	1st May 1901...	Shah Mir Tanning Company, Limited.	10,000	8,100 0 0	29th April 1902.	
Total (2)		Total (a)...	35,500	15,600 0 0		
23 of 1901-02...	20th Sept. 1901...	(d) Co-operative Associations.				
Total (3)		Pothan Grant and Co., Limited	20,000	.....	1st April 1902.	
		Total of Trading...	55,000	15,600 0 0		
1 of 1893-94...	7th April 1893...	III.—MILLS AND PRESSES.				
		(e) Other Mills and Presses.				
14 of 1894-95...	21st Sept. 1894...	Tinnevely Ginning Company, Limited.	1,00,000	30,000 0 0	6th March 1903.	
		IV.—TEA AND OTHER PLANTING COMPANIES.				
		(c) Other.				
14 of 1894-95...	21st Sept. 1894...	Sri Karumpanandi Amman Company, Limited.	6,000	4,800 0 0	14th May 1902.	
324 of 1895-96...	12th Feb. 1896...	V.—MINING AND QUARRYING.	63,000	62,460 0 0	28th Jan. 1902.	
Total (32)		Total of all Companies...	28,43,080	8,20,418 12 1		

No. VII.—Companies Limited by Guarantee that having ceased work have gone into liquidation or have been finally dissolved or otherwise become defunct during 1902-1903.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Number of members.	Date of going into liquidation.	Date of final dissolution.
11 of 1900-1901...	2nd July 1900...	IX.—Others.			
		The Grosvenor Club, Ootacamund	200	Defunct.	

VIII—Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
36	14th Aug. 1869...	I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE. Madras Deposit and Benefit Society, Limited.	Receiving money for interest and granting loans.	50,000	RS. 50,000 0 0	Madras.
45	11th May 1872...	Madras Hindu Mutual Benefit Fund, Limited.	Making loans to members and others.	7,50,000	18,177 0 0	Do.
56	14th Nov. "...	Mylapore Hindu Permanent Fund, Limited.	Collecting monthly savings for investing in landed or other property and for granting loans to members.	29,99,976	11,74,742 5 11	Do.
64	18th Apl. 1873...	Pursevalkum Hindu Santhatha Sanga Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	3,00,000	58,302 0 0	Do.
3 of 1878-79	3rd June 1878...	Madras Native Permanent Fund, Limited.	Granting loans to members to enable them to acquire lands and houses.	2,10,000	4,677 0 0	Do.
60 of 1879-80	6th June 1879...	Pursevalkum Hindu Santhatha Sanga Nidhi, First Branch, Ltd.	Saving money and granting loans to members.	3,90,000	1,70,184 0 0	Do.
7 of 1880-81	26th Aug. 1880...	City of Madras Hindu Association, Limited.	Granting loans to members and others.	2,00,000	22,690 0 0	Do.
10 of " "	11th Oct. "...	National Deposit and Benefit Society, Limited.	Do.	50,000	47,407 8 0	Do.
18 of " "	5th Dec. "...	Srinani Madwa Sidhantha Onnani Nidhi, Limited.	To lend money to subscribers and strangers on the security of jewels.	1,50,000	1,27,120 12 8	Do.
3 of 1882-83	28th Apl. 1882...	Madras Permanent Saving and Benefit Society, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	3,00,000	35,823 0 0	Do.
11 of " "	27th July "...	Madras Pursevalkum Hindu Janapakara Saswatha Nidhi or Permanent General Benefit Fund, Limited.	Do.	8,00,000	1,45,273 0 0	Do.

15 of " "	27th Sept. "...	Bellary Brucepettah Hindu Mutual Benefit Permanent Fund, Ltd.	Do.	1,99,930	61,706 0 0	Bellary.
23 of " "	27th Nov. "...	The East Indian and Anglo-Indian Deposit and Loan Society, Limited.	To receive deposits and to grant loans to members and others.	20,000	20,000 0 0	Madras.
27 of " "	10th " "...	Nungambankam Saswatha Dhana Rakshaka Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	2,02,500	48,103 0 0	Do.
35 of " "	14th Mar. "...	Conjeevaram Andisonpettah Dhana Rakshaka Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	4,00,000	26,870 0 0	Conjeevaram.
10 of 1883-84	22nd June "...	Coimbatore Janapakara Nidhi, Ltd.	Banking Company	2,50,000	1,65,622 0 0	Coimbatore.
19 of " "	7th Sept. "...	Permanent Investment Saving and Lending Society, Limited.	Do.	50,000	43,920 0 0	Madras.
23 of " "	20th " "...	Chingleput Dhana Sekara Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	2,50,000	26,197 0 0	Chingleput.
25 of " "	20th Oct. "...	Madras Hindu Perpetual Fund, Ltd.	Do.	3,00,000	5,233 0 0	Madras.
29 of " "	19th Nov. "...	Native Bank, Vizianagram, Unlimited.	Banking Company	80,000	1,800 0 0	Vizianagram.
5 of 1884-85	15th May 1884...	Kaveripak Hindu Dravida Paripalana Saswatha Bank, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	1,25,000	6,400 0 0	Kaveripak, North Arcot district.
50 of " "	27th Feb. 1885...	Oriental Benefit and Deposit Society, Limited.	Banking Company	50,000	49,953 0 0	Madras.
279 of 1885-86	19th Jan. 1886...	Mylapore Permanent Benefit Fund, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	99,972	42,611 2 2	Do.
282 of " "	20th " "...	Egmore Benefit Society, Third Branch, Limited.	Do.	12,00,000	4,63,510 0 0	Do.
5 of 1886-87	7th April "...	Trichinopoly Tenore Hindu Permanent Fund, Limited.	Banking Company	2,99,970	1,35,598 0 0	Trichinopoly.
12 of " "	16th " "...	Jayalakshmi Bhandara, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	9,99,870	40,806 0 0	Hospet.
36 of " "	10th June "...	Ootacamund Permanent Mortgage and Building Society, Limited.	Banking Company	1,60,000	10,050 0 3	Ootacamund.
84 of 1887-88	7th Dec. "...	Salem Dhanoapakara Nidhi, Ltd.	Do.	80,000	80,000 0 0	Salem.
14 of 1887-88	16th June "...	Bellary Brucepettah General Fund, Limited.	Do.	1,99,990	2,970 0 0	Bellary.
33 of " "	10th Oct. 1887...	Hindu Deposit and Benefit Fund, Limited.	Do.	20,000	16,550 0 0	Madras.
41 of " "	7th Nov. "...	Ootacamund Deposit and Loan Society, Limited.	Do.	50,000	7,901 0 0	Ootacamund.
59 of " "	16th Jan. 1888...	Anantapur Mutual Benefit Permanent Fund, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	1,49,985	62,645 0 0	Anantapur.
63 of " "	9th Feb. "...	Bellary Brucepettah Teru Bazaar Permanent Public Fund, Ltd.	Do.	99,984	7,954 0 0	Bellary.
67 of " "	24th March "...	Madras Permanent Fund, Limited.	Do.	2,53,000	39,527 0 5	Madras.

Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903.—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
		Part I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE—contd.		rs.	Rs. A. P.	
		(c) Banking and Loan—contd.				
70 of 1887-88	28th Mar. 1888	Chennai Dhana Sekara Vasa Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	3,80,584	44,742 0 0	Madras.
7 of 1888-89	25th "	Conjeevaram Audisopethah Hindu Janopakar Saawatha Nidhi, Ltd.	Do.	1,00,000	15,094 0 0	Conjeevaram.
10 of "	27th "	Madras Puthupethah Songa Sagara Sasawatha Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	84,000	3,799 0 0	Madras.
18 of "	31st Aug. "	Nanthambankam Sri Kothandarama Svarnamiar Dhana Upakara Sasawatha Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	78,792	586 0 0	Saint Thomas' Mount.
20 of "	12th Sept. "	Nellore Permanent Fund, Limited.	Banking Company	3,99,984	1,23,083 0 0	Nellore.
22 of "	1st Nov. "	Trichinopoly Hindu Savings Bank, Limited.	Banking Company	1,99,980	29,022 0 0	Trichinopoly.
10 of 1889-90	6th Aug. 1889	Salem Town Bank, Limited	Do.	99,600	93,921 0 0	Salem.
23 of "	9th Jan. 1890	Tadpatri Hindu Benefit Permanent Fund, Limited.	Do.	1,99,980	791 0 0	Tadpatri.
24 of "	18th "	Penukonda Mutual Benefit Permanent Fund, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	49,995	19,922 0 0	Penukonda.
25 of "	23rd "	Kurnool Public Fund, Limited	Banking Company	99,990	556 0 0	Kurnool.
26 of "	11th Feb. "	Thiruvallur Janopakara Sasawatha Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	1,99,920	50,151 0 0	Thiruvallur, Chingleput district.
11 of 1890-91	25th July "	Pursewalkum Hindu Parasparaparakara Sasawatha Padhma Nidhi, First Branch, Limited.	Banking Company	2,00,000	36,558 0 0	Madras.
21 of "	1st Dec. "	Adoni Mutual Benefit Permanent Fund, Limited.	Do.	3,99,960	54,934 0 0	Adoni.
34 of "	25th Mar. 1891	Kurnool General Fund, Limited	Do.	99,950	146 0 0	Kurnool.
1 of 1891-92	1st Apl. "	Cuddalore Hindu Permanent Mutual Benefit Fund, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	99,990	87 0 0	Do.
4 of "	21st May "		Do.	3,99,960	1,58,148 0 5	Cuddalore.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
5 of "	28th "	Pasuvanthanai Sri Kailsanadar Janopakar Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,55,000	27,535 6 10	Pasuvanthanai, Tinnevely district.
13 of "	18th Sept. "	Kalngumalai Sri Shanmuga Shadakebara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	2,00,000	1,70,000 0 0	Kalngumalai.
14 of "	24th "	Sri Lakshmi Agricultural Bank, Hospet, Limited.	Do.	1,99,985	8,502 0 0	Hospet.
23 of "	9th Jan. 1892	Bellary Brucepetha Sri Kanyaka Paramaiswari Sala Fund, Ltd.	Do.	5,99,950	95,046 0 0	Bellary.
24 of "	16th "	Malabar Bank, Limited	Banking Company	1,00,000	48,790 0 0	Cannanore.
1 of 1892-93	20th Apl. 1892	Srirangam Janopakara Nidhi, Ltd.	Do.	2,70,000	46,528 0 0	Srirangam.
4 of "	25th July "	Thiruvallur Hindu Permanent Fund, Limited.	Do.	2,01,600	26,587 11 11	Thiruvallur, Tanjore district.
14 of "	18th Jan. 1893	Goody Mutual Benefit Permanent Fund, Limited.	Do.	99,990	22,638 0 0	Goody.
16 of "	30th "	Tadpatri General Benefit Permanent Fund, Limited.	Do.	99,990	78 0 0	Tadpatri.
8 of 1893-94	17th Aug. "	Rayadrug Sri Nagarayswara Swamy Fund, Limited.	Do.	2,00,000	.....	Raidrug.
14 of "	22nd Jan. 1894	Madura Hindu Permanent Fund, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	8,99,892	2,30,628 7 7	Madura.
16 of "	23rd "	Wore Commercial Bank, Ltd. ...	Banking Company	1,99,980	61,152 0 0	Wore.
20 of "	15th Feb. "	Chittoor Dravida Sahaya Sangam, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	3,26,300	2,78,181 14 9	Chittoor.
3 of 1894-95	4th June "	Bellary Brucepetha Patti Basavaiwara Fund, Limited.	Do.	1,99,980	23,638 0 0	Bellary.
9 of "	30th Aug. "	Bellary Brucepetha Benefit Society, Limited.	Banking Company	99,984	35,253 0 0	Do.
12 of "	6th Sept. "	Madanapalle Lakshmi Kanta Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,99,980	19,214 0 0	Madanapalle.
27 of "	16th Mar. "	Muthalapet Benefit Fund, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	99,990	42,242 0 0	Madras.
1 of 1895-96	18th April 1895	Sailapathi Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	42,600	19,400 0 0	Alvarkurichi.
8 of "	6th May "	Shanmuganada Sarvopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,000	31,000 0 0	Do.
7 of "	28th "	Salem Mercantile Bank, Limited	Banking Company	50,000	49,169 0 0	Salem.
13 of "	6th Aug. "	Podanur Bank, Limited	Do.	90,000	3,310 0 0	Tiruvadanaradoor, Tanjore district.
16 of "	14th Oct. "	Rajagopala Swamy Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	70,000	49,200 0 0	Manacovil, Tinnevely district.
18 of "	12th Dec. "	Villupuram People's Mutual Benefit Society, Limited.	Do.	99,972	88,119 0 0	Villupuram.

Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1908—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
		I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE—contd.		RS.	RS. A. P.	
19 of 1895-96	19th Dec. 1895	(a) Banking and Loan—contd. Sri Rameswara Swami Permanent Fund, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	49,995	14,275 0 0	Kudligi.
26 of "	12th Mar. 1896	Lakshmiipati Swami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	52,020	43,860 0 0	Kalladakuruchi.
6 of 1896-97	6th May "	Tiruvur Hindu Banking Industrial and Inland Commercial Institution, Limited.	Banking Company	20,000	1,900 0 0	Tiruvur, Tanjore district.
9 of "	27th "	Nithya Kallana Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	98,000	72,200 0 0	Kadayam.
10 of "	11th June "	Sukhananda Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	40,000 0 0	Melachand.
11 of "	19th May "	Sri Kanthi Mathi Sabha, Limited.	Do.	62,500	47,500 0 0	Tinnevely.
13 of "	10th July "	Hindu Jana Dhana Sabha Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,000	25,000 0 0	Alamarathupatti, Tinnevely district.
15 of "	20th "	Mana Madurai Soma Sundra Moorthy Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	96,000	18,000 0 0	Manamadura.
19 of "	4th Aug. "	Pursewalkum Dhana Yarthana Sasvatha Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,99,950	46,858 0 0	Madras.
21 of "	17th "	Sri Parama Kallani Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	30,000	23,100 0 0	Alvarkuruchi.
22 of "	17th "	Sri Ramachendra Dravida Sahaya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	16,830	12,240 0 0	Do.
24 of "	2nd Sept. "	Kallani Bhaga Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	57,662	51,662 8 0	Do.
25 of "	4th "	Walajabad Janopakara Sasvatha Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	2,00,000	62,318 7 11	Walajabad.
26 of "	11th "	Sri Jagadambal Sabha Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	25,600	20,000 0 0	Milanatham, Tinnevely district.

27 of "	19th "	Sakul Hamid Audanargal Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,60,000	1,07,943 12 0	Vallam, of Tenkasi.
30 of "	9th Oct. "	Kunakudi Vinayakar Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	60,000	45,000 0 0	Ilani, Tinnevely district.
31 of "	9th "	Swami Thiruvilanjai Kumarar Sarvopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	99,300	77,190 0 0	Do.
33 of "	16th "	Mahuddin Andavar Dravida Sahaya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	60,500	38,500 0 0	Ravanasamudram, of Kadayam.
37 of "	26th "	Madras Christian Benefit Fund, 2nd Branch, Limited.	Do.	84,000	61,192 11 2	Madras.
40 of "	6th Nov. "	Vanninadha Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	77,280	54,000 0 0	Velikulam, of Alvarkuruchi.
41 of "	7th "	Kothubu Mohideen Andavar Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	30,720	29,960 0 0	Pottalputur, of Alvarkuruchi.
43 of "	18th "	Navanitha Krishna Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	37,600 0 0	Melachavel.
44 of "	3rd Dec. "	Kosivayanada Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	39,375	38,800 0 0	Tenkasi.
46 of "	7th "	Tinnevely Bank, Limited	Banking Company	2,00,000	1,40,060 0 0	Tinnevely.
47 of "	17th "	Karpaga Vinayakar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	48,000	44,800 0 0	Melagaram.
49 of "	4th Jan. 1897	Raghuvara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	25,000	18,000 0 0	Alvarkuruchi.
50 of "	7th "	Sri Lokanayaki Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	76,753	69,133 0 0	Tenkasi.
52 of "	28th "	Sri Bhoominadha Swami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	30,000	22,600 0 0	Veeravanallor, Tinnevely district.
54 of "	2nd Feb. "	Auditha Varneswarar Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,000	25,000 0 0	Melachavel.
55 of "	2nd "	Sri Ganapathi Janopakara Sabha, Limited.	Do.	28,880	25,240 0 0	Tinnevely.
56 of "	11th "	Guru Mohideen Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,000	23,000 0 0	Chockalingapuram, of Ambasamudram.
57 of "	11th "	Kootali Bank, Limited	Banking Company	50,000	20,510 0 0	Kottayam.
62 of "	30th Mar. "	Kadayam Vala Subramania Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company	98,760	94,700 0 0	Kadayam.
2 of 1897-98	10th April "	Adamanagar Hindu Jananukula Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	82,000	33,629 10 0	Saint Thomas' Mount.

Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
		I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE—contd.		RS.	RS. A. P.	
3 of 1897-98	14th April 1897	(a) <i>Banking and Loan</i> —contd. Pariporananda Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	32,000	27,768 13 2	Munnirpalam, of Tinnevely district.
4 of "	22nd "	Sri Rama Jeya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	90,000	59,000 0 0	Papanakulam, of Tinnevely district.
5 of "	23rd "	Sakul Hamid Meera Sahib Andavaragal Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	22,500	15,000 0 0	Pottalpudur, of Tinnevely district.
6 of "	7th May "	Alagia Chocka Vinayaka Sabha, Limited.	Do.	40,000	24,000 0 0	Vadugatchimadil, of Nanguneri.
7 of "	8th "	Navanitha Krishnaswami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,000	31,000 0 0	Papanakudi, of Ambasamudram.
11 of "	14th "	Paramananda Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	35,000 0 0	Pathamudi, of Ambasamudram.
12 of "	25th "	Selva Vinayakar Tiruvarul Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	72,000	41,400 0 0	Kalakad.
17 of "	8th July "	Kaylasa Natha Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	24,500	23,800 0 0	Kadayam.
18 of "	12th "	S. A. B. Chittu Company Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,44,000	75,603 12 0	Murudoor, Tinnevely district.
21 of "	21st "	Sundara Nayagee Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,22,000	69,400 0 0	Pappankulam, of Ambasamudram.
25 of "	27th Aug. "	Sri Maha Ganapathai Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	35,000 0 0	Keelambur, of Ambasamudram.
26 of "	1st Sept. "	Lakshmi Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,000	23,000 0 0	Kalakad.
27 of "	3rd "	Lakshmi Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	17,248	8,624 0 0	Vadaku Kara-kurchi, of Ambasamudram.

29 of "	11th "	Sri Venkatchellapathi Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,500	36,100 0 0	Keelambur, of Ambasamudram.
30 of "	14th "	Vinayakar Sahaya Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,000	22,000 0 0	Melachavel, of Ambasamudram.
31 of "	14th "	Likshimurayana Swamy Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	32,000	26,800 0 0	Idakal, of do.
32 of "	15th "	Ananda Valli Vilasa Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	33,000 0 0	Gangaikondan.
34 of "	1st Oct. "	Sri Raja Madangee Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	34,000 0 0	Keelambur, of Ambasamudram.
35 of "	7th "	Sri Kamalasami Vasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,08,000	50,400 0 0	Kalakad.
36 of "	8th "	Mathalamparai Tirumalai Vinayakar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	30,000	25,067 6 9	Mathalamparai, of Tenkasi.
40 of "	26th "	Maha Ganapathy Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	22,500	17,212 8 0	Kelapavoor, of Tenkasi.
41 of "	26th "	Madurai Zillah Uttamapalayam Paraspara Sahaya Sasvatha Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	99,960	3,350 0 0	Uttamapalayam, Madurai district.
44 of "	3rd "	Tirukuttala Nathur Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	28,125	21,160 0 0	Mathalamparai, of Tenkasi.
45 of "	4th "	Shummuga Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	24,500	22,400 0 0	Kalakad.
46 of "	6th "	Rukmani Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	16,000	8,000 0 0	Melachavel.
48 of "	20th "	Srivilliputhur Permanent Fund, Limited.	Do.	4,69,896	1,18,222 4 0	Srivilliputhur.
51 of "	24th "	Venkatchellapathy Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	19,600	14,700 0 0	Melachavel.
53 of "	6th Dec. "	Arumuga Kadavul Sarvopakara Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	32,000	20,800 0 0	Ilanji, of Tenkasi.
57 of "	4th Jan. 1898.	Sri Gomathiambal Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	30,500 0 0	Sankaranainar-Covil, Tinnevely district.
59 of "	10th "	Siva Sila Natha Swami Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	33,500 0 0	Keelambur.
60 of "	14th "	Raja Mathangi Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	25,000	15,500 0 0	Kalakad.
64 of "	31st "	Divviananda Sabha, Limited.	Do.	37,500	18,000 0 0	Melachavel.
65 of "	5th Feb. "	Subramania Swamy Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	24,500	14,700 0 0	Do.

Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
		I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE—contd.		rs.	rs. A. P.	
		(a) <i>Banking and Loan</i> —contd.				
69 of 1897-98	10th Mar. 1897	Sri Nataraja Sabha, Limited	Mutual Loan Company...	50,000	23,029 5 11	Palacottah.
70 of "	10th "	Srinivasaga Perumal Thiruvavul Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	33,550 0 0	Chettinadu, of Nanguneri.
71 of "	11th "	Meenambigai Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	30,000	18,000 0 0	Alvarkurchi.
72 of "	12th "	Tennore Hindu Janopakara Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,400	31,301 7 9	Tennore, of Trichi-nopoly.
73 of "	16th "	Alagla Namibhi Sabha, Limited	Do.	36,750	30,975 0 0	Vadugatchimudil, of Nanguneri.
2 of 1898-99	13th April	Lakshminarasinha Swamy Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	27,000 0 0	Ambasamudram.
4 of "	18th "	T. V. S. S. Ela Nidhi, Limited	Do.	34,272	24,350 0 0	Tachanallur, of Tinnevely.
5 of "	21st "	Chithambaram Hindu Saswatha Jananukoola Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	2,90,970	79,178 1 3	Ohidambaram.
6 of "	21st "	Sri Alagu Thava Munivar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	35,000	17,400 0 0	Tachanallur, of Tinnevely.
7 of "	21st "	Sri Chockalinga Vinayakar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	30,000 0 0	Chockampatti, of Tenkasi.
8 of "	25th "	Pathamadai Sri Lakshmi Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	22,500	15,000 0 0	Pathamadai.
12 of "	21st May	Chintamani Nadha Swamy Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	63,150	43,619 0 0	Vasudevanallur.
14 of "	10th June	Bringimamalai Poral Sahaya Upa Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,980	22,442 19 6	St. Thomas Mount.
16 of "	12th July	Sri Ganesa Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	39,600	16,903 1 10	Vellaikovil, of Palacottah.

18 of "	15th "	Etakal Somasundara Vinayagar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	27,680	25,080 0 0	Tenkasi.
19 of "	22nd "	Saidapet Parasarpakara Divithiya Upa Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,400	31,968 0 0	Saidapet.
21 of "	3rd Aug.	Wallajabad Saswatha Nidhi, Limited	Do.	1,69,932	21,939 6 0	Walajabad.
23 of "	22nd "	Audhinoollakkadanul Vilasa Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	26,890 0 0	Kayalar.
24 of "	24th "	Rettai Vinayakar Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	28,000 0 0	Sivappari, of Tinnevely district.
25 of "	1st Sept.	Subramannia Swami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	25,600	19,840 0 0	Melakallur, of Tinnevely district.
26 of "	5th "	Arthanarevarar Sarcopakara Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	15,000	9,034 4 0	Vasudevanallur, of Sankaranainar Covil.
28 of "	16th "	Bala Subramania Swami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	26,934	20,502 0 0	Puliyangudi, of Sankaranainar Covil.
31 of "	1st Oct.	Chittoor Janopakara Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,000	17,748 0 0	Chittoor.
33 of "	7th "	Thirunagarevarar Thiruvavul Vilasa Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	26,000 0 0	Nanguneri.
34 of "	21st "	Anantapur Datathraya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	20,000	2,076 0 0	Anantapur.
35 of "	23rd Nov.	Sri Padmasani Sabha, Limited	Do.	19,360	19,140 0 0	Ramnad.
36 of "	1st Dec.	T. K. S. M. Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	29,400	20,700 0 0	Kunnathur, of Tinnevely.
39 of "	17th "	Sri Varananga Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	26,000 0 0	Nanguneri.
43 of "	11th Jan. 1899	Tirukuta Vinayakar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	29,000 0 0	Tenkasi.
44 of "	18th "	Karunakara Swamy Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	18,000	13,770 0 0	Pudupatti, of Ambasamudram.
45 of "	4th Feb.	Sri Raja Rajeswari Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	25,000 0 0	Shermadevi, of Ambasamudram.
46 of "	16th "	Ramnad Sam Raj Ela Chit Company, Limited.	Do.	25,000	24,255 0 0	Ramnad.
49 of "	2nd March	Ramaswami Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	32,000	20,000 0 0	Shermadevi, of Ambasamudram.
50 of "	9th "	Vellai Vinayakar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	19,500 0 0	Sankaranainar Covil.

Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
		I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE—contd.		Rs.	Rs. A. P.	
51 of 1898-99	11th Mar. 1899	(a) Banking and Loan—contd. Pambrahmananda Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	1,44,000	54,832 8 0	Palamcottah.
2 of 1899-00	17th April	Trichinopoly Varakaneri Subramania Janopakara Nidhi, Limited.	Banking Company	60,000	10,856 0 0	Varakaneri, of Trichinopoly.
3 of	8th May	Nelvelinathar Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	1,00,000	13,244 7 11	Tinnevely.
5 of	25th "	Ramanthapuram Sri Ramachandra Ela Ohit Company, Limited.	Do.	20,000	17,792 0 0	Ramnad.
6 of	30th "	Tirumalai Balasubramania Kadavul Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	24,000	16,800 0 0	Neduvayal, of Tenkasi.
8 of	26th June	Tinnevely Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	44,090 0 0	Tinnevely.
11 of	18th July	Sarva Jana Upakara Dravida Sahaya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	84,000	.....	Kayanthar.
15 of	14th Aug.	Vellore Town Hall Fund Branch, Limited.	Do.	70,000	47,561 7 6	Vellore.
18 of	4th Sept.	Sankaranarayana Swami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	85,200	42,682 0 0	Sankarananar.
19 of	3rd Oct.	Pallikottai Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	20,500 0 0	Pallikottai, of Tinnevely.
22 of	10th Nov.	Vaikuntapathi Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	54,000	37,800 0 0	Srivakuntam.
23 of	8th Dec.	Sounthari Ammal Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	24,500	16,800 0 0	Kodaganallur.
26 of	16th Jan. 1900	Sri Padmanabha Daya Nidhi, Thiruvavur Vilasa Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	24,500	14,350 0 0	Keelmalayaneri, of Nanguneri.

27 of	19th "	Ramnad Karoona Nidhi Ela Ohit Company, Limited.	Do.	16,000	14,945 0 0	Ramnad.
29 of	22nd "	Sivagami Ammal Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	18,500 0 0	Panakudi, of Nanguneri.
30 of	24th "	Sundara Raja Perumal Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	8,931 0 0	Melavur, of Dhala-pathisamudram.
32 of	9th Feb.	Sundra Pandia Vinayakar Thiruvavur Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	18,000	11,400 0 0	Sengalakurichi, of Nanguneri.
35 of	23rd "	Sri Ganga Parameswari Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	32,000	7,436 0 0	Melavur, of Dhala-pathisamudram.
36 of	23rd "	Kadayanallur Sri Venkateshalla-pathy Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	80,000	6,800 0 0	Kadayanallur, of Tenkasi.
37 of	26th "	Trichinopoly Tennore Baktha Jana Fund, Limited.	Do.	20,000	9,540 14 7	Tennore, of Trichinopoly.
39 of	19 March	Sankareswarar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	70,000	22,450 0 0	Sankarananar.
40 of	22nd "	Subramania Swami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	40,000	23,200 0 0	Do.
1 of 1900-01	2nd April	Sri Rajagopala Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	2,88,000	80,122 8 0	Palamcottah.
2 of	7th "	Shunmuga Sundara Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Company, Limited.	Do.	62,500	23,895 0 0	Vallioor, Tinnevely district.
3 of	27th "	Coimbatore Sarva Jana Sankyabhi-viridhini Nidhi, Limited.	Banking Company	1,25,000	1,09,723 0 0	Coimbatore.
5 of	2nd May	Vellore Dhanopakara Nidhi Branch, Limited.	Do.	1,50,000	27,184 8 0	Vellore.
6 of	10th "	Varada Raja Perumal Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	24,500	15,400 0 0	Chuttram Puthukolan, Tinnevely district.
7 of	14th "	Sri Muthumari Amman Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	18,000	13,500 0 0	Do.
9 of	29th "	Wallajabad Dhana Sekara Nidhi Branch B, Limited.	Do.	2,00,000	25,225 4 6	Wallajabad.
10 of	10th June	Krishnapuram Visvanatha Vinayaka Marthi Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	27,680	19,200 0 0	Krishnapuram, of Tenkasi.
12 of	2nd July	Sri Lakshminarayana Perumal Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	18,000	10,800 0 0	Dhalapathisamudram.

Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
		(a) Banking and Loan—contd.		Rs.	Rs. A. P.	
13 of 1900-01	6th Aug. 1900	Sankaralingaswami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	25,000	14,500 0 0	Sankaranahar. Covil.
16 of "	18th "	Saidapet Parasutopakara Thirithiya Upa Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	84,000	35,914 0 0	Saidapet.
18 of "	28th "	Tirupati Janopakara Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	40,000	15,981 11 0	Tirupati.
19 of "	28th "	Alaudur Hindu Dravida Sahaya Paksha Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	20,000	13,400 0 0	St. Thomas Mount.
20 of "	12th Sept.	Wallajabad Jananukula Saswatha Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000	9,912 0 0	Wallajabad.
21 of "	19th "	Erode Dhana Labha Nidhi, Limited.	Banking Company	1,00,000	32,330 0 0	Erode.
22 of "	17th Oct.	Vellore Sri Sarva Janopakara Nidhi Branch, Limited.	Do.	2,00,000	45,906 12 0	Vellore.
23 of "	30th "	Alaudur Dhana Rakshaka Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	19,926	9,150 0 0	Alaudur, of Saidapet taluk.
25 of "	17th Nov.	Adambankam Hindu Dhana Rakshaka Dwithiya Upa Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company...	82,500	19,482 11 0	St. Thomas Mount.
27 of "	12th Dec.	Sree Sivarami Ambul Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	4,800	3,840 0 0	Agaram, of Tenkasi.
31 of "	17th "	Brugimannagar Dravidiapakara Chathurtha Upa Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	82,000	17,095 11 0	St. Thomas Mount.
33 of "	7th Jan. 1901	Manthul Vinayakar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	25,200	17,272 8 0	Rayagiri, of Tinnevely district.
35 of "	15th "	Shunmuga Vilasa Sabah, Limited.	Do.	48,000	10,800 0 0	Tiruchendur.
36 of "	16th "	Madurai Minakshi Ambal Mass Dravida Sahaya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	2,16,000	1,07,703 9 0	Madurai.

37 of "	21st "	Sri Latchmi Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	25,000	8,800 0 0	Nanguneri.
38 of "	9 Feb.	Sri Govindanamma Daya Nidhi Ela Company, Limited.	Do.	12,500	5,506 0 0	Do.
40 of "	23th "	Trichinopoly Kottai Hindu Jaganukula Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	30,000	12,394 12 6	Trichinopoly.
42 of "	25th "	Sri Ananta Krishnapuram Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	15,680	7,840 0 0	Nanguneri.
43 of "	7th Mar.	Dhana Lakshmi Nidhi 1st Branch, Limited.	Do.	39,960	7,990 14 9	Madras.
44 of "	11th "	Sri Venkataswarar Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	14,400	6,000 0 0	Nanguneri.
46 of "	18th "	Muthukumarasami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,400	24,622 8 0	Sivagiri.
47 of "	18th "	Madurai Subramannaswami Mass Dravida Sahaya Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	2,31,500	97,042 12 6	Madurai.
1 of 1901-02	1st April	Sonaskanda Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	2,00,000	34,140 0 0	Tinnevely.
3 of "	12th "	Madras Sree Lakshmi Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	30,000	4,814 7 8	Madras.
8 of "	17th May	Karpaga Vinayakar Venkata Chalapathi Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,44,000	26,485 0 0	Kariyandy, Tinnevely district.
9 of "	30th "	Manikka Vesagar Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	32,000	6,400 0 0	Orumankulam, of Tinnevely district.
12 of "	21st June	Pretoria Victors Bank, Limited.	Banking Company	2,00,000	36,363 12 0	Palancothall.
14 of "	10th July	Deva Narakar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company.	1,00,000	19,900 0 0	Trichendur.
17 of "	26th "	Tanjore Permanent Fund, Limited.	Do.	2,99,970	68,102 7 1	Tanjore.
19 of "	5th Aug.	Sri Raghavaswami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	50,000	19,500 0 0	Ranganathapuram, of Sankaranahar Covil.
20 of "	7th "	Adam Sahib Bythoolmal Thiruvairul Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	62,500	19,750 0 0	Ayentheraikulam.
21 of "	11th Sept.	Worlore Sri Lakshmi Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	99,900	39,577 11 4	Worlore, Trichinopoly district.
24 of "	20th "	Velayuda Swami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	18,000	6,900 0 0	Nattoor, of Tenkasi.
25 of "	21st "	Nusrathul Anam Ennum Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	25,000	15,500 0 0	Sankaranahar. Covil.

Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
		I.—BANKING, LOAN AND INSURANCE—contd.		RS.	RS. A. P.	
25 of 1901-02	30th Sept. 1901	(a) <i>Banking and Loan—contd.</i> Theothuvallur Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company	1,00,000	17,000 0 0	Manadu Thandu-pattu village, Tinnevely district.
27 of "	9th Oct. "	Vellore Panapatti Sri Mada Vana Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000	29,915 12 3	Vellore.
30 of "	31st "	Sivagiri Kalasubramania Swamy Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	72,000	85,920 0 0	Sivagiri.
31 of "	30th "	Adoni Hindu Fund, Limited.	Do.	99,990	19,277 0 0	Adoni.
32 of "	2nd Nov. "	Ary Athisayananimathu Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	9,500 0 0	Ayentheraikulam.
33 of "	7th "	Hindu Monthly Savings Fund, 6th Branch, Limited.	Do.	80,000	10,169 0 0	Madras.
34 of "	15th "	Kaliyuga Varadar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	8,000 0 0	Manadu Thandu-pattu.
36 of "	28th "	Dharma Samvardhani Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000	15,395 0 0	Kulasekharapatnam.
37 of "	4th Dec. "	Tirupati Dravida Sahaya Sangam, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000	29,275 10 10	Tirupati.
39 of "	12th "	Muthar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000	14,880 0 0	Mela Trichendur.
40 of "	23rd "	Krishna Mercantile and Agricultural Bank Limited.	Banking Company	4,20,000	7,426 0 0	Guntur.
41 of "	2nd Jan. 1902	Sri Palvarma Nadha Swami Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Mutual Loan Company	40,000	18,014 0 0	Sinnikulam, of Karivalam Vanda Gramam, Tinnevely district.
42 of "	2nd "	Pichivilai C. M. S. Corvil Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000	17,000 0 0	Mela Trichendur.

44 of "	6th "	Agama Vinayakar Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	16,335	3,960 0 0	Kattu Kuthagai Mela Elandakulam, of Sivakuntam taluk.
45 of "	6th "	Sri Ranganayakar Ela Nidhi Company, Limited.	Do.	20,000	4,000 0 0	Salaputhoor, of Nanguneri.
47 of "	16th "	Bapatla Mutual Benefit Company, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000	4,970 0 0	Bapatla, Kistna district.
48 of "	27th "	Chennai Ekambarapuram Matantara Arjanasakara Nidhi, 6th Branch, Limited.	Do.	1,50,000	20,740 0 0	Madras.
51 of "	3rd Feb. "	Sri Shenbagavalli Samatha Jagannatha Vilasa Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	48,000	6,480 0 0	Jagannathapuram village, Tinnevely district.
52 of "	20th "	Sivan Ananda Perumal Dravida Sahaya Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	50,000	7,855 0 0	Vaithalingapuram Tinnevely district.
57 of "	24th Mar. "	Vellore Sri Nada Rajar Martha Ela Nidhi, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000	27,401 0 1	Vellore.
58 of "	26th "	Vellore Mada Vana Nidhi Branch, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000	26,350 0 0	Do.
Total (260)		(b) <i>Insurance.</i>	Total (a)...	3,15,41,088	1,04,94,951 14 6	
8 of 1895-96	17th July 1895	Kerala Hindu Family Provident Association, Limited.	To provide for the payment of a certain fixed sum to the nominees of any deceased member.	6,000	1,404 0 0	Cannanore.
Total (261)		Total of Banking, Loan and Insurance.		3,15,47,088	1,04,96,355 14 6	
16 of 1878-79	11th Dec. 1878	(a) <i>Merchants and Traders.</i> Coimbatore Varthaka Viridhi Dhanayaka Sangam, Limited.	Enabling members to carry on trade.	2,00,000	1,42,068 0 0	Coimbatore.
22 of 1880 81	9th March 1881	Madras Stable Company, Limited	Carrying on business in the letting of horses and carriages on hire and in the keeping of a livery stable.	2,50,000	1,42,875 0 0	Madras.

Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and Name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
		II.—TRADING—contd. (a) Merchants and Traders—contd.		rs.	rs. A. P.	
2 of 1886-87	2nd April 1886.	Kavalpatnam Salt Company, Limited.	Selling the salt at commission sale and dividing the profits among members.	10,000	5,323 12 0	Armuganeri, of Tinnevely district.
5 of 1888-89	23rd " 1888.	Trichinopoly Vartliaka Sangam, Limited.	To deal in cloths, grain, leather, salt, &c.	20,000	12,600 0 0	Trichinopoly.
28 of "	6th Feb. 1889.	A. D'Roario and Company, Limited.	To establish and carry on the business of auctioneers.	1,00,000	1,995 0 0	Madras.
19 of 1889-90	9th Dec. "	Coringa Company, Limited.	Manufacturing castor oil and indigo, preparing rice and ginning cotton. To carry on the business of coffee curers.	2,00,000	1,17,500 0 0	Cocanada.
27 of 1890-91	15th Jan. 1891.	Anapura Coffee Works Company, Limited.	To manufacture cigars and to deal in tobacco.	50,000	49,250 0 0	Coimbatore.
10 of 1894-95	31st Aug. 1894.	G. Menkel and Company, Limited.	To manufacture cigars and to deal in tobacco.	2,00,000	1,15,187 8 0	Dindigul.
2 of 1895-96	22nd April 1895.	Tinnevely Printing Press Company, Limited.	Printers, publishers and stationers	3,000	2,139 3 3	Sindupandurai, of Tinnevely.
4 of "	17th May "	Oakes and Company, Limited.	To carry on the business of general merchants and auctioneers.	10,00,000	10,00,000 0 0	Madras.
8 of 1896-97	21st May, 1896.	Madras Sales and Agency Company, Limited.	General merchants and commission agents.	24,000	5,450 0 0	Do.
8 of 1897-98	5th " 1897.	Tinnevely Press Company, Limited.	Printers, publishers and stationers	20,000	2,465 8 0	Tinnevely.
15 of "	1st July "	Spencer and Company, Limited.	General merchants, storekeepers, dealers in tobacco, &c.	25,00,000	25,00,000 0 0	Madras.
19 of "	14th " "	S. N. P. and Company, Limited.	General merchants, auctioneers and money lenders.	20,000	10,003 13 0	Madura.
42 of "	23rd Oct. "	Madras Portland Cement and Tile Works Company, Limited.	To manufacture cement and tiles	5,00,000	5,00,000 0 0	Madras.

50 of "	23rd Nov. "	Kavalpatnam Salt Trading Company, Limited.	To trade in salt	7,000	553 0 0	Armuganeri, of Tinnevely district.
52 of "	2nd Dec. "	Tinnevely Viyapara Company Limited.	Dealers in cloth, precious stones, &c.	1,00,000	9,075 0 0	Tinnevely.
62 of "	24th Jan. 1898.	Eriad Tile Works Company, Limited.	To manufacture tiles, bricks, &c.	10,000	7,427 4 4	Edavaunah, South Malabar.
66 of "	12th Feb. "	Dharapuram Muthul Islam Company, Limited.	To deal in paddy, cocoanuts, jaggery, ghee, &c.	50,000	27,765 0 0	Dharapuram.
67 of "	25th " "	Anglo-Indian Trading Company, Limited.	Leather merchants and commission agents.	3,00,000	14,750 0 0	Madras.
13 of 1898-99	1st June "	Masulipatnam Salt Company, Limited.	To deal in purchase, sell and dispose of salt wholesale or retail.	50,000	37,500 0 0	Masulipatnam.
27 of "	15th Sept. "	McDowell and Company, Limited.	To carry on the business of general merchants, wine, spirit tobacco and cigar merchants and of commission agents and warehousemen.	8,00,000	8,00,000 0 0	Madras.
13 of 1899-00	27th July 1899.	Malabar Trading Company, Limited.	To trade in cloth, twist and other articles of merchandise.	20,000	5,975 0 0	Canhanore, (Old Town).
14 of "	9th Aug. "	Sri Vaishnava Grantha Muthrapaka Sabbah, Limited.	Printers, publishers and booksellers	20,000	2,480 0 0	Madras.
2 of "	19th Oct. "	Malabar Manufacturing Company, Limited.	Manufacturing cotton, piece-goods, mats, medicines, &c., and selling the same.	50,000	650 0 0	Sultanpet, of Palghat.
21 of "	24th " "	Nellay and Company, Limited.	Engravers, fitters, auctioneers, contractors and commission agents.	20,000	120 0 0	Tinnevely.
34 of "	23rd Feb. 1900.	Indian Aluminium Company, Limited.	To manufacture and sell all sorts of aluminium ware.	5,00,000	81,265 0 0	Madras.
45 of "	15th March 1901.	Madras Rickshaw Company, Limited.	To supply the public with a light and easy mode of conveyance.	20,000	14,040 0 0	Do.
2 of 1901-02	1st Apl. "	Massey and Company, Limited.	Engineers, Iron Founders, Contractors, &c.	6,00,000	6,00,000 0 0	Do.
4 of "	23rd " "	Hinda, Limited	Printers, publishers and sellers of newspapers, books, journals, &c.	1,20,000	2,390 0 0	Do.
7 of "	8th May "	Madras Mule Breeding Company, Limited.	Keeping a livery stable	2,00,000	...	Ootacamund.
10 of "	31st " "	Chennai Maharani and Company, Limited.	Trading in cloth	20,000	2,295 0 0	Madras.
13 of "	4th July "	Madras Glue Manufacturing Company, Limited.	Manufacturing glue, gelatine and kindred articles of commerce for sale.	50,000	390 0 0	Do.
18 of "	2nd Aug. "	Madras Times Printing and Publishing Company, Ltd.	Wide Company No. 4 of 1901-1902	1,00,000	72,400 0 0	Do.

Joint Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
Section II.—TRADING COMPANIES.						
(a).—Merchants and Traders.						
22 of 1901-02...	12th Sept. 1901...	Arumaganeri United Salt Company, Limited.	To trade in salt.	Rs. 20,000	Rs. 9,871 4 0	Palmcottah.
29 of " "	15th Oct. 1901...	Hamid's Trading Company, Limited.	Trading in sundries, &c.	50,000	4,425 0 0	Tellicherry.
39 of " "	21st Dec. 1901...	K. G. M. Ahsanuth Thiljath Company, Limited.	To deal in paddy, coconuts, jaggery, ghee, &c.	1,00,000	7,980 0 0	Dharapuram.
49 of " "	29th Jan. 1902...	Madras Timber Company, Limited.	Timber merchants, railway contractors, brick and tile-makers.	1,00,000	1,00,000 0 0	Madras.
Total (38)			Total of (a) ...	84,04,000	64,02,162 4 7	
(d).—Co-operative Associations.						
13 of 1878-79 ...	14th Oct. 1878 ...	Madras Railway Co-operative Society, Limited.	Purchasing necessities of life for retail to the employees of the Madras Railway Company.	50,000	45,691 8 0	Madras.
16 of 1891-92 ...	2nd Nov. 1891...	Penukonda Co-operative Society, Limited.	To purchase cloths and utensils and to sell the same to subscribers and others at cheap rates.	20,000	2,250 0 0	Penukonda.
Total (2)			Total of (d) ...	70,000	47,941 8 0	
(e).—Shipping, Landing and Warehousing.						
19 of 1893-94 ...	14th Feb. 1894...	Mofussil Warehouse and Trading Company, Limited.	Warehousemen, wharfingers and coal factors.	2,00,000	2,00,000 0 0	Madras.
Total (1)			Total of (e) ...	2,00,000	2,00,000 0 0	
Total (41)			Total of Trading... 7	86,74,000	66,50,093 12 7	

III.—MILLS AND PRESSES.						
(a). Cotton Mills.						
27 of 1893-94 ...	15th Nov. 1893...	Malabar Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited.	To carry on the manufacture of cotton twist and cloth by the erection of a spinning and weaving mill.	6,00,000	6,00,000 0 0	Calicut.
Total (1)			Total of (a) ...	6,00,000	6,00,000 0 0	
6 of 1876-77 ...	16th Aug. 1876...	Buckingham Mills Company, Limited.	Buying raw cotton, wool, jute, silk and other fibres and spinning, weaving and selling the same.	7,00,000	7,00,000 0 0	Madras.
8 of 1881-82 ...	30th June 1881...	Carnatic Mills Company, Limited.	To purchase apparatus for the working of a spinning and weaving mill.	10,00,000	10,00,000 0 0	Do.
7 of 1884-85 ...	19th May 1884...	Tinnevely Mills Company, Limited.	To carry on the business of spinning, weaving, dyeing and furnishing cotton and other goods of the like kind.	4,00,000	3,82,500 0 0	Ambasamudram.
8 of 1887-88 ...	17th " 1887...	Coral Mills Company, Limited.	Spinning, weaving, dyeing and dealing in cotton, wool, silk and other products.	12,00,000	13,47,215 10 3	Tuticorin.
3 of 1893-89 ...	2nd June 1888...	Coimbatore Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited.	Ginning, spinning, weaving and manufacturing cotton, wool, silk and other fibres.	6,00,000	6,00,000 0 0	Coimbatore.
26 of " "	4th Feb. 1889...	Kovilpatti Spinning Company, Limited.	To establish and carry on the business of spinning cotton, silks, &c.	5,00,000	5,00,000 0 0	Kovilpatti.
14 of 1890-90 ...	27th Sept. " "	Madura Mills Company	Vide Company No. 8 of 1887-88 ...	10,00,000	8,00,000 0 0	Madura.
9 of 1898-99 ...	3rd May 1898...	Chittivahasa Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited.	Spin, bleach and dye cotton, jute, flax, hemp, &c.	3,00,000	3,00,000 0 0	Madras.
53 of 1901-02 ...	3rd Mar. 1902...	Indian Fibre Company, Limited.	To clean fibres of all kinds with the aid of machinery.	4,00,000	3,20,000 0 0	Do.
Total (9)			Total of (c) ...	61,00,000	59,49,715 10 3	
14 of 1881-82 ...	27th Sept. 1881...	Southern India Press Company, Limited.	To erect factories for pressing cotton ...	1,00,000	51,000 0 0	Bellary.

Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903—contd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the registered office.
III.—MILLS AND PRESSES—concl'd.						
(d) Cotton and Jute Screws and Presses—concl'd.						
5 of 1892-93	7th June 1892	Jammalamadugu Press Company, Limited.	To buy and sell on commission yarn, cloth and other articles and to press, clean and sell cotton.	Rs. 70,000	182. A. P. 70,000 0 0	Madras.
8 of "	9th "	Tirupur Press Company, Limited.	To erect buildings adapted to the working of a Cotton Press and Ginning Factory and to buy and sell on commission yarn, cloth and other materials.	70,000	70,000 0 0	Do.
18 of "	18th Oct. "	Ripon Press and Sugar Mill Company, Limited.	Pressing cotton and crushing sugarcane.	1,25,000	50,000 0 0	Pellary.
17 of 1893-94	8th Aug. 1893	Sabapathy Press Company, Limited.	To purchase Kapra's cotton and other produce and trade in the same.	2,50,000	2,50,000 0 0	Do.
51 of 1895-96	4th June 1895	Tinnevely Cotton Press Company, Limited.	Purchasing press mills, lands, works, machinery, plant and stock in trade situate in Virudupatti and pressing cotton, jute, &c.	2,00,000	1,45,000 0 0	Madras.
14 of 1898-99	21st July 1898	Tadpatri Cotton Press Company, Limited.	Pressing cotton, jute and other materials.	50,000	50,000 0 0	Do.
9 of 1899-00	23rd " 1899	Belchur Press Company, Limited.	Pressing cotton, jute and other materials.	60,000	60,000 0 0	Do.
18 of 1891-92	18th Nov. 1891	Guntur Merchants Cotton Press Company, Limited.	To erect a factory at Guntur for pressing cotton, &c.	60,000	60,000 0 0	Guntur.
20 of 1894-95	8th Jan. 1895	Tuticorin New Cotton Trade Company, Limited.	To purchase apparatus for cleaning and pressing cotton and selling the same.	30,000	20,463 13 9	Palamcottah.
22 of 1897-98	30th July 1897	Adoni Press Company, Limited.	Pressing cotton, jute and other materials.	2,00,000	1,50,000 0 0	Madras.
Total (11)			Total of (d) ..	12,15,000	9,76,463 13 9	

(e) Other Mills and Presses.						
11 of 1893-94	29th Nov. 1893	Anantha Valli Ammal Ginning Factory, Limited.	Ginning rice and manufacturing sugar.	20,000	824 15 6	Tinnevely.
1 of 1894-95	16th April 1894	Atkinson Nandigama Ginning Company, Limited (and reduced).	To press cotton and extract oil from cotton and other seeds.	35,000	35,000 0 0	Reswada.
7 of "	22nd "	Madura Minakshi Ginning and Pressing Company, Limited.	Do.	1,00,000	39,250 0 0	Vadagarai, of Tirumangalam taluk.
19 of "	19th Dec. "	Tandayuthapani Ginning and Pressing Company, Limited.	Do.	1,20,000	84,025 0 0	Arappukottai.
41 of 1898-99	9th Jan. 1899	Nellore Victoria Mills Company, Limited.	Milling rice by the aid of machinery	20,000	8,646 0 0	Nellore.
31 of 1899-1900	5th Feb. 1900	Vizagapatam Bone Mills Company, Limited.	To purchase raw bones, crush and sell them.	20,000	20,000 0 0	Vizagapatam.
Total (6)			Total of (e) ..	3,15,000	1,32,345 15 6	
Total (27)			Total of Mills and Presses ..	82,30,000	76,68,625 7 6	
IV.—TEA AND OTHER PLANTING COMPANIES.						
(B) Coffee.						
53 of 1898-99	18th March 1899	Murroo Mullai Coffee Estates Company, Limited.	To carry on the business of coffee planters and curers.	60,000	10,000 0 0	Madras.
7 of 1892-1900	6th June "	United Coffee Growers Company, Limited.	Caring and selling coffee	2,00,000	1,16,275 0 0	Coonoor.
25 of "	10th Jan. 1900	Prianx Verts Coffee Estate Company, Limited.	Cultivation of coffee, &c.	1,00,000	91,500 0 0	Yercaud.
Total (3)			Total of (b) ..	3,60,000	2,16,975 0 0	
18 of 1892-93	17th March 1893	Wilson's Estates Company, Limited.	To carry on the business on trade of coffee, tea or cinchona planting or other business of a like nature.	1,50,000	1,50,000 0 0	Madras.

Joint-Stock Companies at work on the 31st March 1903—concl'd.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Nominal capital.	Paid-up capital.	Situation of the Registered Office.
IV.—TEA AND OTHER PLANTING COMPANIES.—concl'd.						
(c) Others.—concl'd.						
15 of 1893-94 ...	30th Jan. 1894 ...	Tadipatri Anjanaya Swami Planters' Association, Limited.	To purchase lands and to apply the same to grow trees, &c.	20,000	.....	Tadipatri.
12 of 1893-1900 ...	21st July 1899 ...	Sirumalai Kanaka Saba-pathy Poonjolai Company, Limited.	To plant and grow plantains, chillies, mustard, &c.	50,000	23,700 0 0	Ammayanayakka-nur, Madura district.
23 of 1900-01 ...	18th Dec. 1900 ...	Cherumbadi Tea Company, Limited.	For the cultivation of coffee, tea and other products.	2,00,000	1,00,000 0 0	Madras.
29 of " ...	18th " ...	Pootoo Mala Tea Company, Limited.	Do.	4,00,000	2,00,000 0 0	Do.
Total (5)			Total of (c) ...	8,20,000	4,73,700 0 0	
Total (8)			Total of Ten, &c. ...	11,80,000	6,93,375 0 0	
V.—MINING AND QUARRYING.						
12 of 1893-94 ...	11th Dec. 1893 ...	Woolagiri Mysore Gold Mining Company, Limited.	Gold Mining Company	1,00,000	1,00,000 0 0	Madras.
23 of 1900-01 ...	19th Dec. 1900 ...	Salem District Prospecting and Mining Company, Limited.	Do.	1,80,000	9,425 11 9	Do.
Total (2)			Total of Mining and Quarrying ...	2,00,000	1,09,425 11 9	

VII.—SUGAR MANUFACTURE.						
11 of 1894-95 ...	6th Sept. 1894 ...	Tinnevely Sarangapani Sugar Mill Company, Limited.	Sugar manufacturing	5,00,000	57,350 0 0	Tuticorin.
5 of 1895-96 ...	20th May 1895 ...	Petai Sugar Refining Company, Limited.	Do.	3,00,000	2,40,100 0 0	Tachanallur, Tinnevely district.
5 of 1896-97 ...	6th " 1896 ...	South Indian Sugar Refining Company, Limited.	To manufacture sugar out of jaggery	3,00,000	.....	Do.
59 of " ...	22nd Feb. 1897 ...	Deccan Sugar and Alkari Company, Limited.	To manufacture sugar and spirits and sell the same.	10,00,000	6,64,000 0 0	Madras.
20 of 1897-98 ...	17th July " ...	Kerala Sugar Refining and Trading Company, Ltd.	Do.	75,000	28,950 0 0	Palancottah.
Total (5)			Total of Sugar Manufacture...	21,75,000	9,90,450 0 0	
VIII.—BREWERIES.						
24 of 1900-01 ...	1st Nov. 1900 ...	British Brewery Company, Limited.	Brewers, distillers, malsters, &c.	1,05,000	11,913 0 0	Cotacamund.
43 of 1901-02 ...	6th Jan. 1902 ...	Vizag. Commercial Corporation.	Do.	95,000	26,000 0 0	Vizagapatam.
Total (2)			Total of Breweries ...	2,01,000	1,07,913 0 0	
IX.—OTHERS.						
30 of 1900-01 ...	17th Dec. 1900 ...	Calicut Cosmopolitan Club Company, Limited.	To establish a club for the accommodation of members and their friends and to promote social intercourse among them.	20,000	10,260 0 0	Calicut.
Total (1)			Total of Others ...	20,000	10,260 0 0	
Total (347)			Total of Companies at work ...	5,22,27,093	2,07,15,378 14 4	

Summary.

	Classification of Companies.	Number.	Nominal capital.		Paid-up capital.	
			Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
I	Banking, Loan and Insurance ...	261	3,15,47,088	8 0	1,4,06,855	14 6
II	Trading ...	41	86,74,000	0 0	36,50,093	12 7
III	Mills and Presses ...	27	82,30,000	0 0	76,58,525	7 6
IV	Tea and other Planting Companies ...	8	11,80,000	0 0	6,92,375	0 0
V	Mining and Quarrying ...	2	2,09,000	0 0	1,09,425	11 9
VII	Sugar Manufacture ...	5	21,75,000	0 0	9,90,480	0 0
VIII	Breweries ...	2	2,01,000	0 0	1,07,913	0 0
IX	Others ...	1	20,000	0 0	10,200	0 0
	Total of Companies at work ...	347	5,22,27,088	8 0	2,67,15,378	14 4
	Add Companies shown in Enclosure No. II, and registered during 1902-03 ...	77	*61,05,793	0 0	5,19,666	7 3
	Total of Companies shown in Enclosures, No. II and VIII ...	424	5,83,32,821	8 0	2,72,28,945	5 7

* Includes capital increased by one of the companies registered during 1902-03.

IX.—List of Companies limited by Guarantee at work on the 31st March 1903 in the Presidency of Madras.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Number of members.	Situation of the registered office.
		IX—Others.			
36 of 1882-83 ...	30th Mar. 1883...	The Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association of Southern India.	To promote political, social, moral and intellectual advancement of the members of the Association and of the classes eligible for membership.	2,000	Madras.

109 of 1886-87 ...	18th " 1887...	The Madras Christian College ...	To establish and carry on at Madras or elsewhere schools or colleges where students may obtain on moderate terms a sound, liberal Christian and general education of the highest order.	20	Do.
29 of 1887-88 ...	3rd Oct. " ...	The Malabar Christian Family Provident Fund.	Payment of a bonus to the persons that are duly nominated by a member after proof of the death of the said member.	1,200	Tellicherry, Malabar district.
2 of 1889-90 ...	2nd May 1889...	The Ootacamund Club	To establish a club for the promotion of social intercourse among its members and their friends and for their accommodation.	Unlimited.	Ootacamund.
3 of 1890-91 ...	18th April 1890...	The Town High School, Kumbakonam.	To maintain the Town High School, Kumbakonam, and its feeders and branches and to advance the cause of education.	15	Kumbakonam.
9 of 1891-92 ...	29th July 1891...	The Madras School of Music ...	To encourage the study of music in all its elementary branches.	Unlimited.	Madras.
7 of 1892-93 ...	29th Aug. 1892...	The Pithapuram Rajah's College, Cocanada.	For the maintenance of a college under the designation of the Pithapuram Rajah's College.	20	Cocanada, district.
22 of 1895-96 ...	21st Feb. 1896 ...	The Ootacamund Gymkhana Club.	To provide for the accommodation of the members and their friends and the encouragement and management of sports and games.	300	Ootacamund.
23 of 1896-97 ...	19th Aug. " ...	The Malabar Club	Vide Company No. 2 of 1889-90. ...	Unlimited.	Calicut.
23 of 1897-98 ...	22nd Sept. 1897...	The Madras Students' Hostels ...	To establish and maintain hostels for the use of students in Madras.	12	Madras.
61 of " ...	21st Jan. 1898...	The Rajahmundry National Provident Fund, Limited.	To provide for the payment of a certain fixed sum to the nominees of any deceased member.	3,600	Rajahmundry.
1 of 1898-99...	1st April " ...	The Chennapuri Hindu Kutumbha Sukha Jeevana Nidhi, or the Madras Hindu Family Pension Fund, Limited.	To provide for the payment of a pension to the nominees of deceased members and also to carry on the business of money-lending.	300	Madras.
10 of 1899-00 ...	3rd July 1899...	The United Planters' Association of Southern India.	To promote and protect the interests of the various planting industries in Southern India.	Unlimited.	Do.
24 of " ...	10th Jan. 1900 ...	The Coonoor Club	To establish a club for the accommodation of members and their friends and for the promotion of entertainments and pastimes in connection with the club.	Do.	Coonoor.

List of Companies limited by guarantee at work on the 31st March 1903 in the Presidency of Madras—concord.

Number on the register.	Date of registration.	Classification and name of Company.	Objects of the Company.	Number of members.	Situation of the registered office.
33 of 1899-1900.	6th Mar. 1900.	IX.—Ormers—concord.	To promote the cause of education among the Sourashtra community.	2,000	Madras.
34 of 1900-01	15th Jan. 1901.	The Sourashtra Sabha, Madras.	Vide Company No. 21 of 1899-1900	Unlimited.	Yercaud.
11 of 1901-02	7th June 1901.	The Yercaud Club	Vide Company No. 2 of 1899-90.	Do.	Kotagiri, district.
35 of "	25th Nov. "	The Kotagiri Club	To promote the interests of the Trading Community in all possible ways.	100	Madras.
		The Madras Trades Association.			
Total... (18)			Total of Others ...	9,557	

No. X.—Statement of Fees collected by the Registrar and Assistant Registrars of Joint-Stock Companies during 1902-1903.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Fees realised under Act XXI of 1890 ...	405	10	0
" " " VI of 1892 ...	10,242	12	0
" " " XII of 1895 ...	...	...	...
Total ...	10,648	6	0

THE INDIAN FACTORIES ACT.

ACT No. XV OF 1881[a].

PASSED BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.
(Received the Governor-General's assent on the 15th March, 1881.)

AN ACT TO REGULATE LABOUR IN FACTORIES.

(As modified up to the 1st April 1891.)

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate labour in factories; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Short title and local extent. 1. This Act may be called the Indian Factories Act, 1881.

It applies to the whole of British India[b].

Interpretation-clause. 2. In this Act, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

"factory" means any premises (other than indigo factories or premises situated on, and used solely for the purposes of a tea or coffee plantation) wherein is carried on, for not less than four months in the whole in any one year, any process for, or incidental to, making, altering, repairing, ornamenting, finishing or otherwise adapting for use, transport or sale, any article or part of an article; and

(a) wherein steam, water or other mechanical power is used in aid of any such process; and

[c](b) wherein, subject to the provisions of section 20, not less than fifty persons are on any day simultaneously employed in any manual labour in, or incidental to, any such process; and[c]

every part of a factory shall be deemed to be a factory, except any part used exclusively as a dwelling:

"child" "child" means a person under the age of fourteen[d] years;

"mill-gearing" includes every shaft, whether upright, oblique or horizontal, and every wheel, drum, pulley, rope, driving strap or band, by which the motion of the first moving power is communicated to any machine:

a person[e] who works in a factory, whether for wages or not,[f] in a manufacturing process of handicraft, or in cleaning any part of the factory used for any manufacturing process or handicraft, or in cleaning or oiling any part of the machinery or in any other kind of work whatsoever incidental to, or connected with, the manufacturing process or handicraft, or connected with the article made or otherwise the subject of the manufacturing process or handicraft therein, shall be deemed to be employed therein within the meaning of this Act.

Inspectors and Certifying Surgeons.

3. The Local Government may in its discretion, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint, [g] by name or by office, [g] such persons as it thinks fit to be Inspectors of Factories within such local limits as it may assign to such Inspectors, and may suspend or dismiss any persons so appointed.

[h] The District Magistrate shall, in virtue of his office, be an Inspector of all Factories, if any, in his district.

[a] Reference to Act XV of 1881, to be read as references to that Act as amended by Act XI of 1891—see s. 19 of the latter Act.

[b] Words and figures in s. 1, repealed by Act XI of 1891, s. 2, are omitted.

[c-c] This clause was substituted for the original clause (b) of s. 2 by Act XI of 1891, s. 3.

[d] This word "fourteen" was substituted for the original word "twelve" in s. 2 by Act XI of 1891, s. 5.

[e] This word "person" was substituted for the original word "child" in the definition of the word "employed" by Act XI of 1891, s. 4 (1).

[f] The word "either," in the definition of the word "employed," repealed by Act XI of 1891, s. 4 (2), is omitted.

[g-g] These words in s. 3 were inserted by Act XI of 1891, s. 6 (1).

[h] This second para. was substituted for the original second para. of s. 3 by Act XI of 1891, s. 6 (2).

Such Inspectors shall be deemed public servants within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, [a] and shall be officially subordinate to such authority as the Local Government may from time to time indicate in this behalf. XLV of 1860.

4. An Inspector of Factories may, within the local limits for which he is appointed—

- enter, with such assistants (if any) as he thinks fit, any factory whenever he has reason to believe that any person is employed therein;
- make such examination of the premises and machinery, and of the registers hereinafter prescribed, and take on the spot or otherwise such evidence of any person as such Inspector may deem necessary for carrying out the purposes [b] of this Act;
- order that any person shall not be employed in a factory when he has reason to believe that such employment would be in contravention of this Act,—until the age of such person has been certified in the manner hereinafter provided to be above nine [c] years, or for more than the time allowed by this Act for the employment of children, until his age has been so certified to be above fourteen [d] years.

5. The Civil Surgeon or such other person practising medicine or surgery as the Local Government may from time to time appoint in this behalf for any local area (hereinafter called the Certifying Surgeon) shall, at the request of any person employed or desirous of being employed in a factory situate in such local area, or of the parent or guardian of such person, [e] and on payment by such person of such fee, if any, as may from time to time be prescribed by the Governor-General in Council by notification in the *Gazette of India*, [e] examine such person and grant him a certificate, stating whether his age, as nearly as it can be ascertained from such examination, is above or below nine [f] years, or fourteen [g] years, as the case may be.

All Operatives. [h]

Limited stoppage of work daily in certain circumstances.

[h] 5A. (1) In every factory, except a factory in which a system of employment in shifts or sets approved by the local Inspector is in force, there shall between noon and two o'clock in the afternoon be a stoppage of work for a full half-hour.

(2) Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to any factory of a class to which the Governor-General in Council has, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, declared this section not to apply.

Holidays. [h] 5B. (1) No person shall be employed in any factory on a Sunday:

(2) Provided as follows:—

- any manager, foreman, mechanic, artisan or labourer may be employed in a factory on a Sunday in examining or repairing, or in supervising or adding in the examination or repair of, any machinery or other thing whatsoever necessary for the carrying on of the work performed in the factory;
- any person may be employed in a factory on a Sunday if he has had or will have a holiday for a whole day on one of the three days immediately preceding or succeeding the Sunday;
- the Local Government may from time to time, by notification in the official *Gazette*, declare sub-section (1) of this section not to apply to any factory or class of factories (the factory or class being described in the notification) in which the work performed—
 - necessitates continuous production for technical reasons, or
 - supplies the public with articles of prime necessity which must be made every day, or

[a] For Act XLV of 1860 see the revised edition, as modified up to 1st August, 1890, published by the Legislative Department.

[b] This word "purposes" was substituted for the original word "provisions" in clause (b) of s. 4 by Act XI of 1891, s. 7.

[c] This word "nine" was substituted for the original word "seven" in s. 4 by Act XI of 1891, s. 9.

[d] This word "fourteen" was substituted for the original word "twelve" in s. 4 by Act XI of 1891, s. 5.

[e] These words in s. 5 were inserted by Act XI of 1891, s. 8.

[f] This word "nine" was substituted for the original word "seven" in s. 4 by Act XI of 1891, s. 9.

[g] This word "fourteen" was substituted for the original word "twelve" in s. 4 by Act XI of 1891, s. 5.

[h] This heading was substituted for the original heading to s. 6, and these ss. 5A to 11, both inclusive, were substituted for the original ss. 6 to 11, both inclusive, by Act XI of 1891, s. 10.

(iii) by its nature cannot be carried on except at stated seasons or at times dependent on the irregular action of natural forces; and
(d) the Governor-General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, declare sub-section (1) of this section not to apply to factories of any class described in the notification.

Women.

[a] 6. (1) No woman shall be employed before five o'clock in the morning or after eight o'clock in the evening in any factory in which a system of employment in shifts or sets approved by the local Inspector is not in force.

(2) No woman shall be actually employed in any factory in any one day for more than eleven hours.

(3) Every woman shall be allowed an interval or intervals of rest amounting in the aggregate to at least an hour-and-a-half in the day when she is actually employed for eleven hours and to a proportionately less time when she is actually employed for less than eleven hours.

(4) The Governor-General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, declare all or any of the foregoing sub-sections of this section not to apply to factories of any class described in the notification or to women employed in any process so described.

Children.

Employment of children. [a] 7. (1) No child shall be employed in any factory if he is under the age of nine years.

(2) No child shall be employed in any factory before five o'clock in the morning or after eight o'clock in the evening.

(3) No child shall be actually employed in any factory for more than seven hours in any one day.

(4) Every child who is actually employed in any factory for six hours in any one day shall be allowed an interval or intervals of rest amounting in the aggregate to at least half-an-hour.

[a] 8. No occupier of a factory shall allow any child to clean any part of the mill-gearing or machinery of such factory while the same is in motion, or to work between the fixed and traversing parts of any self-acting machine while such machine is in motion by the action of the steam-engine, water-wheel or other mechanical power, as the case may be.

[a] 9. The Local Government may direct any occupier of a factory to keep, in such form and with such particulars as such Government may from time to time prescribe, registers of the children (if any) employed in such factory, and of their respective employments.

Women and Children.

[a] 10. (1) The occupier shall set up and maintain, in some conspicuous place in the factory, a printed or written notice, in English and the languages of the district in which the factory is situated, showing the times at which such intervals as are required by section 6, sub-section (3), and section 7, sub-section (4), to be allowed to women and children, respectively, shall be allowed, and the length of each interval.

(2) A woman or child shall not be deemed to be actually employed within the meaning of section 6 or section 7 during any such interval as aforesaid.

Prohibition of employment of woman or child in two factories on same day.

[a] 11. No occupier of a factory shall employ therein on any day any woman or child who has to his knowledge already been employed on the same day in any other factory.

Fencing.

12. (a) Every fly-wheel directly connected with a steam-engine, [b] water-wheel or other mechanical power in any part of a factory, and every part of a steam-engine or water-wheel,

(b) every hoist or teagle near which any person is liable to pass or be employed, and

(c) every other part of the machinery or mill-gearing of a factory which may, in the

[a] see footnote [h] on p. 548, *supra*.

[b] The word "or," where it first occurs in s. 12 (a), repealed by Act XI of 1891, s. 11, is omitted.

opinion of the local Inspector, be dangerous if left unfenced, and which he may have ordered to be fenced, shall, while the same is in motion, be kept by the occupier of such factory securely fenced.

Any order under clause (c) may be set aside, on appeal or otherwise, by the Local Government or such authority as it may appoint in this behalf.

Notices.

13. When any accident occurs in a factory causing death or bodily injury whereby the person injured is prevented from returning to his work in the factory during forty-eight hours next [a] after the occurrence of the accident, the occupier of such factory, or, in his absence, his principal agent in the management of such factory, shall send such notice of [b] the accident [c] to such authorities in such form and within such time as the Local Government may from time to time by rule direct.

14. Every person shall, within one month after he begins to occupy a factory, send to the local Inspector a written notice containing the name of the factory [c] and of [c] the place where it is situate; the address to which he desires his letters to be addressed, the nature of the work performed in such factory, the nature and amount of the moving power therein, and the name of the person [d] under whom the business of the factory is to be carried on.

Penalties.

[e] 15. (1) Any person who in breach of this Act or of any order or rule made thereunder,—

- (a) employs any person in any factory;
- (b) allows any child to perform the work forbidden by, or to work in contravention of, section 8;
- (c) neglects to keep a register in manner prescribed under section 9;
- (d) neglects to set up or maintain the notice required by section 10; sub-section (1);
- (e) neglects to fence any machinery or mill-gearing in any factory;
- (f) neglects to maintain a supply of water for the use of persons employed in any factory;
- (g) neglects to ventilate any factory or to keep any factory in a cleanly state and free from effluvia arising from any drain, privy or other nuisance;
- (h) suffers any factory to be so overcrowded, while work is carried on therein, as to be injurious to the health of the persons employed therein; or
- (i) neglects to send any notice or furnish any return, shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees:

Provided that—

- (i) no prosecution under this sub-section shall be instituted except by, or with the previous sanction of, the local Inspector; and
- (ii) no person shall be liable under this sub-section to more than one penalty for any one description of offence committed on the same day, except where two or more persons are employed contrary to the provisions of this Act, in which case one penalty may be imposed in respect of each person so employed.

(2) Any person who corruptly uses or attempts to use, as a certificate granted to himself under section 5, a certificate granted to another person under that section, or who, having procured a certificate under the said section, corruptly allows it to be used, or an attempt to use it to be made, by another person, shall be punished with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

16. Where an act or omission would, if a person were under nine [f] or fourteen [g] years of age, be an offence punishable under this Act, and such person is, in the opinion of the Court, apparently under such age, it shall lie on the accused to prove that such person is not under such age.

[a] This word "next" in s. 13 was inserted by Act XI of 1891, s. 12.

[b-c] These words in s. 13 were substituted for the original words by Act XI of 1891, s. 12.

[c-c] These words in s. 14 were inserted by Act XI of 1891, s. 13 (1).

[d] The words "(if any)" in s. 14 repealed by Act XI of 1891, s. 13 (2), are omitted.

[e] This section was substituted for the original s. 15 by Act XI of 1891, s. 14.

[f] This word "nine" was substituted for the original word "seven" in s. 16 by Act XI of 1891, s. 9.

[g] This word "fourteen" was substituted for the original word "twelve" in s. 16 by Act XI of 1891, s. 5.

A declaration in writing by a Certifying Surgeon that he has personally examined a person employed in a factory and believes him to be under or over the age set forth in such declaration shall, for the purposes of this Act, be admissible as evidence of the age of that person.

[a] 17. Every occupier of a factory shall be deemed primarily liable for any breach therein of this Act or of any order or rule made thereunder; but he may discharge himself from such liability by proof that such breach was committed by some other person without his knowledge or consent, and in that case the person committing such breach shall be liable therefor.

Miscellaneous.

[b] 18. (1) Subject to the control of the Governor-General in Council, the Local Government may from time to time make rules consistent with this Act to provide for—

- (a) the fencing of machinery and mill-gearing in factories;
- (b) the water-supply to be maintained for the use of persons employed in factories;
- (c) the ventilation of factories and their cleanliness (including lime-washing, painting, varnishing and washing) and freedom from effluvia arising from any drain, privy or other nuisance;
- (d) the prevention of such overcrowding of factories, while work is carried on therein, as is likely to be injurious to the health of the persons employed therein;
- (e) the inspection of factories;
- (f) the manner in which appeals under this Act are to be presented and heard and
- (g) otherwise carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) The Governor-General in Council may from time to time make rules requiring occupiers or factories to furnish such returns, occasional or periodical, as may be necessary for the effectual carrying out of this Act.

(3) Such rules shall be published in the local official Gazette or the *Gazette of India*, as the case may be, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

(4) Before making rules under clause (b), clause (c) or clause (d) of sub-section (1) of this section, the Local Government, and before making rules under sub-section (2) of this section the Governor-General in Council, shall publish, in such manner as may in its or his opinion be sufficient for giving information to persons interested, a draft of the proposed rules, with a notice specifying a date (not less remote than two months from the publication of the notice) at or after which the draft will be taken into consideration, and shall consider any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date so specified.

19. This Act shall apply to factories belonging to the Crown: provided that, in case of any public emergency, the Governor-General in Council or the Local Government may, by an order in writing, exempt any [c] factory from this Act to such extent and during such period as the Governor-General in Council or the Local Government, as the case may be, thinks fit.

[d] 20. Notwithstanding anything in clause (b) of the definition of the word "factory" in section 2, the Local Government may from time to time, by notification in the official Gazette, declare any premises, or premises of any class, which fulfil the other conditions of the said definition, to be a factory for all the purposes of this Act, or for such of those purposes as may be specified in the notification, if the number of persons simultaneously employed in the premises on any day in any manual labour in, or incidental to, any such process as is referred to in the said clause (b) is less than fifty and not less than twenty.

(2) The Local Government may, by such notification, fix any number below fifty and not below twenty as the number of persons whose simultaneous employment as aforesaid is to be held to subject premises, as a factory, to all or any of the provisions of this Act and of the orders and rules made thereunder.

[a] This section was substituted for the original s. 17 by Act XI of 1891, s. 15.

[b] This section was substituted for the original s. 18 by Act XI of 1891, s. 16 (1).

[c] The word "such," repealed by Act XI of 1891, s. 17, is omitted.

[d] S. 20 was added by Act XI of 1891, s. 18.

OATHS ACT.

The High Court has framed the following Rules and Forms under section 652, Civil Procedure Code, and section 7 of the Indian Oaths Act (X of 1873):—

1. Every affidavit used in the High Court, Appellate Side, shall be entitled "In the High Court of Judicature, Appellate Side, Madras."

2. If there be an appeal, petition or other proceeding pending in the High Court, the affidavit in support of, or in opposition to, an application relating thereto shall also be entitled in the appeal petition or other proceeding.

No affidavit filed in the High Court in the exercise of its appellate jurisdiction shall be allowed to be read in evidence at the hearing of the appeal, or petition or other proceeding unless a copy thereof has been served upon the other party or his pleader at least a fortnight before the hearing, or, if the affidavit is only in answer to the opponent's affidavit, at least 3 days before the hearing.

Provided that this rule shall not apply to urgent motions or applications or to motions or applications made *ex parte*, and no affidavit by way of rejoinder shall be received, filed or read in evidence without the special permission of the Court.

3. Every person making an affidavit shall be described in such a manner as will serve to identify him clearly, that is to say, by the statement of his full name, the name of his father, his profession or trade, and the place of his residence.

4. Every affidavit containing any statement of fact shall be divided into paragraphs, and every paragraph shall be numbered consecutively and, as nearly as may be, shall be confined to a distinct portion of the subject. When the affidavit covers more than one side of a sheet of paper, the writing shall be on both sides of the sheet. The declarant shall sign his name at foot of each page of the affidavit.

5. When the declarant speaks to any fact within his own knowledge, he shall do so directly and positively using the words "I make oath (or affirm) and say."

6. When the particular fact is not within the declarant's own knowledge, but is stated from information, the declarant shall use the words "I am informed and verily believe it to be true" and set forth the grounds of his belief.

7. Alterations and interlineations shall, before an affidavit is sworn or affirmed, be authenticated by the initials of the officer before whom the affidavit is taken, and no affidavit having any alteration or interlineation not so authenticated, or any erasure, shall, except with the leave of the Court, be filed or made use of in any manner. The number of alterations or interlineations, so authenticated shall be noted at the foot of each page under the initials of the officer. Each page shall be numbered at foot under the initials of the officer, thus:—"First Page," "Second Page," and to the number of the last page shall be added the words "... and last page."

8. The Officer, before whom an affidavit is taken, shall state the day when and the place where the same is taken and sign his name and designation at the end in the Form (1) appended to these rules.

9. Documents referred to by affidavit shall be referred to as exhibits and shall be marked in the same manner as exhibits and shall bear the certificate in the Form (2) appended to these rules, which shall be signed by the officer before whom the affidavit is taken.

10. Every person making an affidavit, if not personally known to the officer before whom the affidavit is taken, shall be identified by some person known to the officer, and the officer shall specify at foot of the affidavit the name and description of him by whom the identification is made. If the declarant is not known to the officer and cannot be identified as above, the thumb impression of the declarant's left hand shall be taken at foot of the last page of the affidavit and the following certificate shall be added to it:—

"Certified that this is the thumb impression of the left hand of the declarant of the above affidavit."

(Signed) A. B.,
(Designation)."

11. If the declarant is ignorant of the language in which the affidavit is written, or appears to be illiterate or blind, the officer shall cause the affidavit to be read to the declarant in his presence in a language which the declarant understands. When the affidavit has been explained to the declarant he shall be sworn or affirmed in the usual manner, and the officer shall certify in writing at foot of the affidavit in the Form (3) appended to these rules, that it has been so read and explained and that the declarant seemed to perfectly understand the same at the time of making the affidavit.

12. In administering oaths and affirmations, the officers shall be guided by the provisions of the Indian Oaths Act (X of 1873).

The following forms are to be used:—

Oath—"I, A. B., do swear that the contents of this my affidavit are true. So help me God."

Solemn affirmation—"I, A. B., do solemnly affirm that the contents of this my affidavit are true."

Statement showing the Collections of Land Revenue and other Sources of Revenue.

Districts.	Land Revenue.	OFFICIAL YEAR, 1901-02.					Area in square miles.	Population.	Number of Villages.	SALT REVENUE.	
		Income Tax.	Stamps.	Abkari.	Opium.	Salt Customs and Excise on cotton goods.				Sub-Division, &c.	Amount.
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	MILES.	No.	No.		RS.
1 Ganjam	15,32,536	77,259	2,39,686	3,84,151	59,356	16,791	8,309	2,010,256	6,937	Chicacole	47,57,003
2 Vizagapatnam	15,94,550	1,99,712	2,47,212	5,63,130	1,30,618	11,613	17,222	2,983,650	12,552		
3 Godavari	65,90,556	1,72,718	5,96,714	10,68,599	2,50,246	2,14,008	7,972	2,801,769	2,832	Cocanada	11,19,290
4 Krishna	64,34,325	1,78,304	4,70,199	10,01,635	60,645	96,745	8,498	2,154,803	1,918	Masulipatam	6,48,780
5 Nellore	98,99,321	99,391	2,60,846	3,06,325	10,676	...	8,791	1,496,987	1,901		
6 Cuddapah	29,11,203	70,684	1,74,029	2,76,001	9,774	...	8,723	1,291,267	1,355	Nellore	29,32,294
7 Anantapur	11,10,488	37,897	88,939	4,83,894	3,090	...	5,568	788,254	989	Chingleput	42,86,350
8 Bellary	17,55,471	60,201	1,17,664	6,72,847	6,551	...	5,714	947,214	962		
9 Kurnool	16,81,435	48,172	1,32,438	4,55,165	13,731	32,98,546	7,578	872,055	789	Cuddalore	19,32,273
10 Madras	54,566	4,17,125	4,33,131	3,85,792	2,287	...	27	509,346	2,273	Arcoot	502
11 Chingleput	20,26,929	52,282	2,14,098	6,97,656	15,619	...	3,079	1,312,152	2,273	Bellary	147
12 North Arcot	29,07,270	1,17,617	2,98,107	11,21,194	5,653	1,32,493	7,386	2,207,712	4,663	Negapatnam	17,40,101
13 South Arcot	41,76,398	80,279	3,71,911	11,21,194	5,653	1,32,493	5,216	2,349,894	2,791	Tinnevely	32,05,157
14 Tanjore	57,11,014	1,63,109	8,21,095	11,58,541	14,702	5,08,698	3,710	2,245,029	3,883	Trichinopoly	4,663
15 Trichinopoly	21,27,388	90,547	2,80,825	4,87,120	8,023	...	3,632	1,444,770	3,67	Calicut	1,39,407
16 Madura	31,69,025	4,17,698	6,88,793	6,89,322	8,171	26,527	8,701	2,891,280	1,624	Madras Town Circle	131
17 Tinnevely	30,73,813	1,42,107	6,12,741	5,11,936	5,055	4,13,118	5,860	2,201,752	1,559		
18 Coimbatore	28,92,111	81,362	4,08,156	8,63,094	12,409	...	7,860	2,201,752	1,559		
19 Nilgiris	1,35,279	39,698	53,614	3,32,939	6,011	...	937	1,114,437	48		
20 Salem	24,11,456	85,716	3,15,583	9,60,991	9,519	...	7,530	2,204,974	4,422		
21 South Canara	12,80,281	52,136	2,45,758	4,36,764	3,395	51,384	4,025	1,134,713	1,284		
22 Malabar	25,64,216	1,23,730	8,47,719	6,51,545	45,926	1,02,383	5,787	2,800,555	529		
23 Salt Account	...	21,291	1,000	12,83,518	21,152	...	...	...	...		
24 Travancore	...	8,698	3,766	10,486	...	...	...	...	...		
25 Presidency Bank	...	93,092	3,33,777	...	...	...	...	...	...		
26 Bombay Acct. Current	...	64,260	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
27 India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
28 Mysore	...	5,956	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
29 Forest Account	...	10,108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
30 Military Department	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
31 Other Provinces	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
32 Public Works Dept.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
33 Burnah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
34 Bijapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Total	5,83,99,530	29,59,326	82,48,473	1,48,29,495	7,87,123	49,56,181	1,41,694	86,209,436	59,053	Total	2,03,16,107

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers for the
quinquennium ending with the year 1901-02.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
			SQ. MILES.	RS.
Anantapur.	Penukonda Division, Penukonda.	1 Penukonda	677	1,17,557
		2 Hindupur	426	1,41,778
		3 Madakasira	443	1,10,014
		4 Dharmavaram	632	85,098
		Total	2,178	4,54,447
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Anantapur.	1 Anantapur	867	1,29,822
		2 Kalyandrug	817	98,416
		Total	1,684	2,28,238
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Gooty.	1 Gooty	1,054	2,61,340
		2 Tadpatri	641	1,84,922
		Total	1,695	4,46,262
	Grand Total		5,557	11,28,977
North Arcot.	Vellore Division, Vellore.	Government taluks.		
		1 Arcot	432	4,19,906
		2 Vellore	421	2,27,078
		3 Gudiyattam	447	2,93,125
		Zemindari.		
		4 Kangundi	347	29,131
		Total	1,647	9,69,240
	Ranipecttai Division, Ranipecttai.	Government taluks.		
		1 Walaja including the mittah of Arigalavadi.	484	4,42,474
		2 Ohendragiri including the palayams of Pulicherla, Kallur, Karakambadi and Krishnapuram.	543	1,16,838
		Zemindaris.		
		3 Karvetnagar	943	2,19,046
		4 Kalahasti	638	73,662
		Total	2,613	8,52,020
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Arni.	Government taluks.		
		1 Wandiwasi	466	4,30,133
		2 Poluru	596	2,64,977
		Zemindari.		
		3 Arni Jaghire	184	20,222
		Total	1,246	7,15,332

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.		
1	2	3	4	5		
North Arcot—conclid.	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Chittoor.	Government taluks.	SQ. MILES.	RS.		
		1 Chittoor including the palaiyams of Naraganti, Bangari, Thimba and Gudipati.	793	2,76,687		
		2 Palmanér	439	81,654		
		Zemindari.				
		3 Punganūru	648	83,611		
		Total ...	1,880	4,41,952		
		Huzur collections ...	...	4,627		
		Grand Total ...	7,386	29,83,171		
		South Arcot.	Tindivanam Division, Tindivanam.	1 Tindivanam	816	6,93,275
				2 Tiruvannāmalai	1,009	3,57,248
3 Villupuram	509			6,29,346		
Total ...	2,334			16,79,869		
General Duty Deputy Collector's Division, Chidambaram (Cuddalore).	1 Vriddhāchalam			576	5,29,862	
	2 Chidambaram			402	8,91,723	
Total ...	978			14,21,585		
General Duty Deputy Collector's Division, Tirukkóyilūr.	1 Tirukkóyilūr			584	5,36,003	
	2 Kallakurchi			873	4,45,558	
Total ...	1,457			9,81,561		
Bellary.	Head-quarters Deputy Collector's Division, Cuddalore.	Cuddalore	448	4,86,768		
		Grand Total ...	5,217	45,69,789		
		Hospet Division, Hospet.	1 Hospet	540	1,95,461	
			2 Kūdligi	863	1,21,391	
			3 Hadagalli	585	1,71,257	
			4 Harpanahalli	611	1,51,323	
		Total ...	2,599	6,39,432		
		Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Bellary.	1 Bellary	962	3,64,390	
			2 Rayadrug	628	1,57,551	
		Total ...	1,590	5,21,941		
General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Adóni.	1 Adóni	839	2,95,793			
	2 Alūr	636	3,29,332			
Total ...	1,525	6,25,125				
Grand Total ...	5,714	17,86,498				

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
South Canara.	Coondapoor Division, Coondapoor.	1 Udipi 2 Coondapoor	SQ. MILES. 722 619	RS. 3,72,805 2,80,139
		Total ...	1,341	6,52,944
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Mangalore.	Mangalore including the Amindivi Islands.	669	4,69,863
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Puttur.	1 Kasaragod 2 Uppinangadi	774 1,241	1,97,109 2,29,498
		Total ...	2,015	4,26,607
		Grand Total ...	4,025	15,49,414
Chingleput.	Chingleput Division, Chingleput.	1 Madurantakam 2 Conjeevaram 3 Chingleput	696 514 436	4,95,054 4,52,508 2,45,316
		Total ...	1,646	11,92,878
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Tiruvallūr.	1 Tiruvallūr 2 Ponnéri	744 347	4,04,441 2,46,054
		Total ...	1,091	6,50,495
Coimbatore.	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Saidapet.	Saidapet	342	2,89,670
		Huzur collections ...		919
		Grand Total ...	3,079	21,33,962
	Pollachi Division, Pollachi.	1 Pollachi including zemindari tracts. 2 Palladam 3 Udamalpet including whole inam villages and zemindari tracts.	710 741 566	2,94,706 4,74,048 2,41,702
		Total ...	2,017	10,10,456
Coimbatore.	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Erode.	1 Erode 2 Dhārāpuram 3 Bhavāni 4 Karūr including whole inam villages and zemindari tracts.	598 853 715 612	4,90,758 4,86,591 1,41,054 3,42,697
		Total ...	2,778	14,11,100
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Coimbatore.	1 Coimbatore including whole inam villages. 2 Satyamangalam	812 1,177	4,03,991 4,16,406
		Total ...	1,989	8,20,397
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Kollegal.	Kollegal including shrotriem villages.	1,076	1,10,924
		Grand Total ...	7,860	33,52,877

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
Cuddapah.	Madanapalle Division, Madanapalle.	1 Rāyachōti 2 Kadiri 3 Vayalpad 4 Madanapalle	SQ. MILES. 998 1,158 831 887	RS. 1,34,871 1,61,746 1,70,591 1,83,489
		Total ...	3,824	6,50,697
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Sidhout.	1 Badvel 2 Sidhout 3 Pullampet	755 606 979	1,31,507 98,641 2,37,567
		Total ...	2,340	4,67,715
Cuddapah.	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Jammalamadugu.	1 Jammalamadugu 2 Proddatur 3 Pulivendla	616 478 701	2,44,600 2,35,845 2,03,460
		Total ...	1,795	6,83,905
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Cuddapah.	Cuddapah	764	2,93,031
		Grand Total ...	8,723	20,95,348
Ganjam.	Government taluks.			
		1 Berampur 1-A Mohiri Hills 1-B Ganjam salt-pans	495 28 1	4,52,401
	Zamindaris.			
		2 Pedda Kimedi 3 Devaragam sub-division 4 Chikati 5 Surangi 6 Jarada 7 Jalandra 8 Kesarapadu 9 Baruva 10 Peta 11 Mandasa 12 Budarasingi	237 118 72 48 81 90 130 43	* 36,078 45,270 7,075 4,580 9,770 375 4,958 4,983 21,515 1,445
Ganjam.	Maliāh tracts.			
		13 Surangi 14 Budarasingi 15 Jarada 16 Jalandra 17 Mandasa	47 Not given 25 30 35	45 25 25 30 35
		Total ...	1,309	5,88,610

* This includes the demand of Devaragam sub-divided from the estate and separately assessed in fasli 1310. The amount of peshkash and land-cess for fasli 1310 of Devaragam is Rs. 20.

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
Ganjam—contd.	Chicacole Division, Chicacole.	<i>Government taluks.</i>	S. MLS. ACS.	RS.
		1 Chicacole	290 29	3,34,638
		1-A Naupada salt-pans	12 0	
		<i>Zemindaris.</i>		
		2 Srikurmam	20 539	2,952
		3 Karakavalasa		4,966
		4 Managavalasa	49 0	4,982
		5 Gottipalli		2,423
		6 Yembaram		2,420
		7 Pata Tekkali		* 14,605
		8 Raghunadhapuram		9,778
		9 Temburu		4,910
		10 Nowgam		2,275
		11 Nandigam		* 12,438
		12 Talagam		9,184
		13 Telinilapuram	173 0	367
		14 Yamalapeta sub-division		† 63
		15 Bharnigam		78
		16 Penta		518
		17 Chinnarigokarlappalli		145
		18 Kullada		2,257
		19 Bejjipalli		338
		20 Potuluru		85
		21 Tarla	54 0	7,862
		22 Chakipalli	0 604	949
		23 Konusulakotturu	0 498	483
		24 Taripeta	2 186	326
		25 Chinna Tungam	0 428	485
		26 Peddaturgam	0 382	481
		27 Tallavalsa alias Tallabhadra	0 575	482
		28 Jarjangi	4 190	1,207
		29 Gangaram		† 119
		30 Yellamanchili	1 632	606
		31 Boddam	1 884	140
		32 Jannalpadu	0 896	108
		33 Malagam	1 599	651
		34 Gopalapuram	8 154	4,131
		35 Chittivala		2,741
		36 Kapugodevalasa	15 138	§ 44
		37 Uram		15,941
		38 Devadi sub-division of Uram	19 572	1,113

* Land-cess of Raghunadhapuram and Temburu is included in Pata Tekkali and that of Nowgam, Bharnigam Penta, Chinnarigokarlappalli, Kullada and Bejjipalli is included in that of Nandigam. Separate figures for these estates are not available.

† This represents the one-fifth of the peshkash and land-cess, which is Rs. 313. Yamalapeta sub-divided and separately assessed in fasli 1310.

† This represents the one-fifth of Rs. 593, peshkash and land-cess of fasli 1310, in which the village was sub-divided and separately assessed from Jarjangi estate.

§ This is the one-fifth of Rs. 221, peshkash and land-cess for fasli 1310, in which the village of Kapugodevalasa was sub-divided and separately assessed.

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
Ganjam—contd.	Chicacole Division, Chicacole—concl'd.	<i>Zemindaris—concl'd.</i>	S. MLS. ACS.	RS.
		39 Danta	8 618	2,854
		40 Tilaru	19 501	4,561
		41 Sowdam	3 249	1,107
		42 Akkayavalasa	2 168	405
		43 Santadakshampuram	0 370	1,401
		44 Talasamudram	1 516	3,050
		45 Susaram	0 480	433
		46 Rajapuram	0 133	76
		47 Siddhibeharakotturu	0 360	102
		48 Belamarupalavasa	2 131	1,245
		49 Parlakimedi	614 0	
		<i>Maliah.</i>		1,12,790
		50 Parlakimedi	358 0	
		Total	1,670 232	5,74,917
		<i>Maliah tracts.</i>	SQ. MILES.	
		1 Peddakimedi Maliahs	355	500
		2 Chokkapad	434	2,132
		3 Goomsur Maliahs		
		4 Bodagado Maliahs	319	230
		5 Chinnakimedi Maliahs, inclusive of Kattingia, Daringabadi, Chendragiri, Rumisi, Sirikot, Chendiput and Raipur.	1,901	218
		6 Korada	34	15
		7 Ronaba	36	
		Total	3,079	3,095
		<i>Government taluk.</i>		
		1 Goomsur	1,162	2,94,995
		<i>Zemindaris.</i>		
		2 Dhārākōta		33,671
		Sub-division Putu	132	145
		3 Serugada	30	8,524
		4 Chinnakimedi or Pratapagiri	229	31,856
		5 Aska		5,694
		6 Thurla	19	6,310
		7 Devabhoomi		6,093
		8 Bodagado	136	8,631
		9 Pondokhol Maliahs	Not given separately.	
		Total	1,708	3,95,924
		<i>General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Russellkonda.</i>		

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
Ganjam— contd.	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Chatrapur.	<i>Zemindaris.</i>		
		1 Palur with sub-division Bond-hotolonowgam.	22	1,331
		2 Humma	8	1,297
		3 Kallikota	213	43,565
		4 Biridi	65	6,872
		5 Atagada	294	† 59,927
		Total	602	1,13,008
	Rajahmundry Division, Rajahmundry.	<i>Government taluks.</i>		
		1 Rajahmundry	350	2,57,152
		2 Amalapuram	506	8,95,072
		3 Rámachandrapuram	293	14,41,877
		Total	1,149	25,94,101
	Ellore Division, Ellore.	1 Ellore	778	3,94,939
		2 Yernagudem	568	2,30,145
		3 Tanuku	371	10,71,282
		Total	1,717	16,96,366
Górávari.	General Duty Deputy Collr.'s Division, Polavaram (Rajahmundry as a temporary measure).	1 Polavaram	564	47,201
		2 Bhadrachalam	911	17,823
		3 Chódavaram	715	4,355
		4 Yellavaram	950	14,401
		Total	3,140	83,780
	Head-quarters Dy. Collector's Division, Cocanada.	<i>Government taluk.</i>		
		1 Peddapuram	504	3,28,867
		<i>Zemindaris.</i>		
		2 Pithápuram	191	2,90,767
		3 Cocanada (taluk)	296	2,00,190
		4 Tuni	216	39,905
		Total	1,207	8,59,729
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Narsapur.	1 Narsapur	433	9,52,238
		2 Bhitnavaram	325	7,14,408
		Total	758	16,66,646
	Huzur collections			23,556
	Grand Total		7,971	69,24,178

* This represents one-fifth of Rs. 80, which is the peshkash and land-cess of Bond-hotolonowgam for faslis 1309 and 1310. The village was sub-divided and separately assessed in fasli 1309.

† Land-cess is included in Kallikota. Separate figures are not available.

‡ Area as given by the Collector of Ganjam has been adopted as details by taluks and divisions are not available in the census table.

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
Kistna.	Guntur Division, Guntur.	1 Tenali	644	13,61,466
		2 Bapatla	679	10,22,407
		3 Guntur	500	4,89,181
		4 Sattenapalle	714	4,40,062
		Total	2,537	33,13,116
	Bezwada Division, Bezwada.	1 Nandigama	677	2,63,131
		2 Bezwada	422	2,57,836
		3 Nuzvid (zemindari taluk)	789	5,02,181
		4 Tiruvur (zemindari division)	338	30,861
		Total	2,226	10,58,964
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Narsaraopet.	1 Vinukonda	646	1,84,236
		2 Narsaraopet	713	4,20,038
		3 Palnad	1,041	4,07,104
		Total	2,400	10,11,378
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Masulipatam.	1 Bandur	740	5,15,026
		2 Gudivada	595	10,02,083
		Total	1,335	15,17,109
	Grand Total		8,498	69,00,567
Kurnool.	Nandyal Division, Nandyal.	1 Nandyal	854	2,49,900
		2 Sirvel	613	2,08,899
		3 Koilkuntla	572	2,88,730
		Total	2,039	7,47,529
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Kurnool.	1 Pattikonda	1,134	2,53,637
		2 Ramallakot	845	2,25,299
		Total	1,980	4,78,936
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Kurnool.	Nandikotkur	1,353	2,72,323
		General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Markapur.		
		1 Cumabum	1,061	1,83,640
		2 Markapur	1,140	1,07,435
		Total	2,201	2,91,075
	Grand Total		7,578	17,89,868
Madras	Collr. of Madras	Government taluk and district of Madras.	27	81,797

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
Madura.	Dindigul Division, Dindigul.	1 Dindigul including zamindari and whole inam tracts.	1,122	4,88,956
		2 Periyakulam including zemindaris and whole inam tracts.	1,520	3,59,236
		3 Palni including zamindari and whole inam tracts.	599	2,82,623
		4 Kodaikānal	*	39,837
		Total ...	3,241	11,70,652
	Ramnad Division, Ramnad.	Paramakudi	2,104	12,173
		Ramnad		3,56,564
		Mudukulathur		6,181
		Tiruchuli		35,658
		Tiruvadanai		17,245
Malabar.	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Madura.	Sivaganga	1,680	3,35,883
		Tiruppattur		13,992
		Tiruppavanam		5,709
		Total ...	3,784	7,83,405
		Mēlur	485	† 37,768
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Madura.	Madura including Velliakundram and Siruvalai zemindaris, together with 148 inam villages.	446	5,94,854
		Tirumangalam comprising 159 Government villages, 11 zemindaris and 33 inam villages.	745	4,38,021
		Total ...	1,191	10,32,875
		Grand Total ...	8,701	30,24,700
	Tellicherry Division, Tellicherry.	1 Chirakkal including zamindari ...	677	2,63,880
		2 Kōttayam	481	1,43,328
		3 Kurumbranāt	505	2,80,852
		Total ...	1,663	6,88,060
	Palghat Division, Palghat.	1 Palghat	643	3,75,193
		2 Ponnāni	426	4,01,378
		Total ...	1,069	7,76,571
	Malappuram Division, Malappuram.	1 Ernad	979	2,63,832
		2 Walavanad	882	3,11,697
		Total ...	1,861	5,75,529

* Not known separately but included in the Palni taluk.

† The Revenue Divisional-officer is also in magisterial charge of Madura town and its suburbs in addition to Mēlūr taluk.

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
Malabar—concd.	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Manantoddy. Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Calicut. General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Cochin.	Wynaad	821	1,64,994
		Calicut	379	1,68,539
		Cochin	2	22,232
		Grand Total ...	5,795	23,95,925
		Government taluks.		
	Ongole Division, Ongole.	1 Ongole including Venkatagiri zemindari.	796	4,24,471
		2 Kandukur including Kalahasti, Chundi and Mutyalapad zemindaris.	787	3,55,990
		3 Kanigiri including Kalahasti and Venkatagiri zemindaris.	1,014	1,30,059
		Zemindaris.		
		4 Darsi	616	*
5 Podili	564			
Nellore.	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Gudur.	Total ...	3,777	9,10,520
		Government taluks.		
		1 Gudur including Venkatagiri zemindari.	910	3,99,077
		2 Rapur including Venkatagiri zemindari.	596	1,39,657
		Zemindaris.		
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Atmakur.	3 Venkatagiri	426	4,25,050
		4 Pōlūr	355	
		Total ...	2,287	9,63,784
		Government taluks.		
		Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Nellore.	1 Atmakur including Kalahasti zemindari.	640
2 Udayagiri including Kalahasti zemindari.	871		67,543	
Total ...	1,511		3,48,483	
Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Nellore.	1 Nellore		638	7,88,351
	2 Kavali including Kalahasti zemindari.		548	2,12,429
	Total ...	1,186	10,00,780	
Grand Total ...			8,761	32,23,567

* Included in the Venkatagiri estate.

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
The Nilgiris.	Collector's charge, Ootacamund.	1 Ootacamund ...	487	38,492
		2 Coonoor ...	230	58,549
		Total ...	717	97,041
	Ootacamund Division, Ootacamund.	Gudalur ...	230	57,466
		Grand Total ...	947	1,54,507
Hosūr.	Hosūr Division, Hosūr.	1 Hosūr ...	1,317	2,40,311
		2 Dharmapuri ...	911	2,41,102
		3 Krishnagiri ...	659	2,14,575
		Total ...	2,887	6,95,988
Salem.	Tirupattūr Division, Tirupattūr.	1 Tirupattūr ...	739	1,95,692
		2 Uttangarai ...	110	1,72,901
		Total ...	849	3,68,593
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Salem.	1 Salem ...	1,071	5,48,388
		2 Atūr ...	841	2,71,958
		Total ...	1,912	8,20,346
Námakkal.	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Námakkal.	1 Námakkal ...	715	4,13,315
		2 Tiruchengódu ...	637	4,30,855
		Total ...	1,352	8,44,170
	Grand Total ...		5,580	27,29,097
Negapatam.	Negapatam Division, Negapatam.	1 Nannilam ...	293	11,11,834
		2 Negapatam ...	240	5,50,921
		Total ...	533	16,62,825
	Kumbakónam Division, Kumbakónam.	Kumbakónam ...	342	12,76,043
Májavaram.	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Májavaram.	1 Májavaram ...	263	8,69,752
		2 Shiyali ...	171	3,98,720
		Total ...	434	12,68,472
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Tanjore.	Tanjore ...	689	9,73,320
Mannargudi.	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Mannargudi.	1 Mannargudi ...	301	6,10,491
		2 Tiruttarnippándi ...	1485	4,76,220
		Total ...	786	10,86,711
	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Pattukkóttai (Tanjore).	Pattukkóttai ...	906	1,77,071
	Grand Total ...		3,710	64,41,442

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—contd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1310.
1	2	3	4	5
Tuticorin.	Tuticorin Division, Tuticorin.	1 Ottapidáram including zemindaris.	1,072	3,35,105
		2 Srivaikuntam ...	542	6,24,337
		Total ...	1,614	9,59,442
	Sérmádévi Division, Sérmádévi.	1 Nāngunéri ...	730	3,91,062
		2 Tenkási including zemindaris ...	374	2,70,361
		3 Ambásamudram including zemindaris.	481	4,64,715
		Total ...	1,585	11,26,138
Sáttūr.	Sáttūr Division, Sáttūr.	1 Srivilliputtūr including zemindaris.	585	4,06,664
		2 Sáttūr including zemindaris ...	560	2,62,597
		Total ...	1,145	6,69,261
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Tinnevely.	1 Tinnevely ...	328	3,73,282
		2 Sankaranáyinárkóvil ...	717	3,03,452
		Total ...	1,045	6,76,734
		Huzur collections ...		17,161
		Grand Total ...	5,389	34,48,736
Musiri.	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Musiri.	1 Musiri (Turaiyur zemindari and Kuttuputtur mitta are included).	762	4,81,498
		2 Kulittalai (Marungapuri and Kadavur zemindaris are included).	901	3,52,580
		Total ...	1,663	8,37,078
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Trichinopoly.	Trichinopoly ...	542	7,77,518
Perambalur.	General Duty Dy. Collr.'s Division, Ariyalúr.	1 Perambalur (portion of Ariyalúr zemindari is included).	674	3,74,097
		2 Udaiyárpálaiyam (Udaiyárpálaiyam and a portion of Ariyalúr zemindari are included).	753	3,73,957
		Total ...	1,427	7,48,054
	Grand Total ...		3,632	23,63,250
Palkonda.	Government taluks.	1 Palkonda ...	334	
		2 Agency tracts of Palkonda ...	163	2,83,002
	Zemindaris.	3 Chippurupalle ...	549	41,604
		4 Bimilipatam ...	207	8,462
Vizianagram.	Vizianagram Division, Vizianagram.	5 Vizianagram ...	291	6,02,532
		6 Gajapatnagaram ...	333	12,356
		Total ...	1,885	9,48,006

Statement showing the charges of Divisional Officers, &c., for the year 1901-02—concl'd.

District.	Name of the division with its head-quarters station.	Taluks, zemindaris and other separate tracts.	Area in square miles.	Land Revenue demand including cesses, being the average of five faslis ending with fasli 1810.
1	2	3	4	5
		<i>Zemindaris.</i>	SQ. MILES.	RS.
	Párvatipuram Division, Párvatipuram.	1. Bobbili 268 2. Sálúru 180 3. Agency tracts of Sálúru ... 200 4. Párvatipuram 401 5. Agency tracts of Párvatipuram ... 398 6. Do. of Rayagada ... 710 7. Do. of Gunupur ... } 8. Do. of Bissemcuttack... } 1,550		1,29,496 50,424 75,886 ...
		Total ...	4,007	2,55,806
		<i>Government taluks.</i>		
	Narasapatnam Division, Narasapatnam.	1. Golgonda 525 2. Agency tracts of Golgonda ... 738 3. Sarvasiddhi 341		1,85,716 2,19,042
		<i>Zemindaris.</i>		
		4. Viravilli 424 5. Agency tracts of Viravilli ... 131 6. Anakápalle 297		59,883 1,46,313
		Total ...	2,456	6,10,954
		<i>Zemindaris.</i>		
	Koraput Division, Koraput.	1. Agency tracts of Jeypore ... 1,016 2. Nowrangapur 2,172 3. Malkanagiri 2,395 4. Koraput 671 5. Pottanghi 625 6. Padva 1,383		17,935 ...
		Total ...	8,263	17,935
		<i>Zemindaris.</i>		
	Head-quarters Dy. Collr.'s Division, Vizagapatam.	1. Vizagapatam 173 2. Srungavarapukota ... 274 3. Agency tracts of Srungavarapukota. 164		9,762 16,626
		Total ...	611	26,388
		The average Government commission payable on certain estates under the management of the Court of Wards and certain other fluctuating miscellaneous items and Huzur collections having no separate demand.	...	11,593
		Grand Total ...	17,222	18,70,682

Note.—The figures for column 4 have been taken from column 3 of Table I of the Census Volume XV-B of 1901.

**Names of District Boards, Taluk Boards and Union Panchayats
under Madras Act V of 1884, as amended by Act VI of 1900.**

DISTRICT BOARDS.

1 Anantapur.	6 Chingleput.	10 Godavari.	14 Malabar.	18 Tanjore.
2 Arcot, North.	7 Coimbatore.	11 Kistna.	15 Nellore.	19 Tinnevely.
3 Arcot, South.	8 Cuddapah.	12 Kurnool.	16 Nilgiris.	20 Trichinopoly.
4 Bellary.	9 Ganjam.	13 Madura.	17 Salem.	21 Vizagapatam.
5 Canara, South.				

TALUK BOARDS.

<i>Anantapur District.</i>	<i>South Canara District.</i>	<i>Ganjam District.</i>	<i>Madura District.</i>	<i>Tanjore District.</i>
1 Anantapur.	15 Mangalore.	29 Berhampur.	45 Madura.	64 Tanjore.
2 Gooty.	16 Coondapoor.	30 Goomsur.	46 Melūr.	65 Pattukkóttai.
3 Pennukonda.	17 Puttur.	31 Chicacole.	47 Ramnad.	66 Mannárnágudi.
			48 Sivaganga.	67 Negapatam.
			49 Dindigul.	68 Kumbakónam.
			50 Tirumangalam.	69 Mayavaram.
<i>North Arcot District.</i>	<i>Chingleput District.</i>	<i>Goddavari District.</i>	<i>Malabar District.</i>	<i>Tinnevely District.</i>
4 Chittoor.	18 Chingleput.	32 Rajahmundry.	51 Tellicherry.	70 Tinnevely.
5 Vellore.	19 Saidápet.	33 Ellore.	52 Calicut.	71 Tuticorin.
6 Ranipettai.	20 Tiruvallūr.	34 Narsápur.	53 Malappuram.	72 Sermádevi.
7 Arni.		35 Cocanada.	54 Pálgbat.	73 Sattur.
	<i>Coimbatore District.</i>	36 Bhadrachelam	55 Wynaad.	
<i>South Arcot District.</i>	21 Coimbatore.	<i>Kistna District.</i>	<i>Nellore District.</i>	<i>Trichinopoly District.</i>
	22 Erode.	37 Masulipatam.	56 Nellore.	
8 Tindivanam.	23 Polláchi.	38 Bezváda.	57 Gudur.	
9 Chidambaram.	24 Kollegál.	39 Guntúr.	58 Atmakúru.	74 Trichinopoly.
10 Cuddalore.		40 Narasaraopet.	59 Ongole.	75 Musiri.
11 Tirukkoyilúr.	<i>Cuddapah District.</i>	<i>Kurnool District.</i>	<i>Nitgiri District.</i>	76 Ariyalúr.
	25 Cuddapah.		<i>Nil.</i>	<i>Vizagapatam District.</i>
<i>Bellary District.</i>	26 Proddatur.	41 Nandyál.	<i>Salem District.</i>	
12 Bellary.	27 Siddhavattam.	42 Naudikotkur.	60 Salem.	77 Narsapatnam.
13 Adóni.	28 Madanapalle.	43 Ramallakot.	61 Hosur.	78 Vizagapatam.
14 Hospet.		44 Markapur.	62 Tirupattúr.	79 Vizianagaram.
			63 Námakkal.	80 Párvatipuram.

Districts.	No. of Unions.	Districts.	No. of Unions.	Districts.	No. of Unions.	Districts.	No. of Unions.
1 Anantapur	11	7 Coimbatore	20	13 Madura	36	19 Tinnevely	34
2 North Arcot	21	8 Cuddapah	17	14 Malabar	.....	20 Trichinopoly	13
3 South Arcot	21	9 Ganjam	15	15 Nellore	16	21 Vizagapatam	15
4 Bellary	19	10 Godavari	26	16 The Nilgiris	.....		
5 South Canara	.....	11 Kistna	27	17 Salem	34		
6 Chingleput	18	12 Kurnool	17	18 Tanjore	19		379

Note.—Union Panchayats have not been established in the Districts of South Canara, Nilgiris and Malabar.

UNION PANCHAYATS.

<i>Anantapur District.</i>		<i>North Arcot District.</i>		
1	Gooty.	12	Punganuru.	23 Sholinghur.
2	Tadpatri.	13	Pernambat.	24 Kālahasti.
3	Urvakonda.	14	Pallikondai.	25 Tiruttani.
4	Pamidi.	15	Kaveripakkam.	26 Arkōnam.
5	Yadiki.	16	Puttur.	27 Arni.
6	Dharmavaram.	17	Karvetnagar.	28 Wandiwash.
7	Kalyandrūg.	18	Chittoor.	29 Pōlār.
8	Penunkonda.	19	Palmanér.	30 Kupparamu.
9	Bukkapatnam.	20	Arcot.	31 Chandragiri.
10	Hindupur.	21	Ambar.	32 Renigunta.
11	Maḍḍakasiri.	22	Ranipettai.	
				<i>South Arcot District.</i>
				33 Tindivanam.
				34 Villupuram.

Union Panchayats—contd.		
35 Vriddachalam.	93 Kunniyamuttur.	152 Gundagolanu.
36 Porto-Novo.	94 Bhavani.	153 Koyali.
37 Panviti.	95 Dhārapuram.	154 Tanuku.
38 Tirukkoyilūr.	96 Pallāpatti.	155 Pennukonda.
39 Tittagudi.	97 Pollāchi.	156 Palakollu.
40 Maunargudi.	98 Vētakaranpudur.	157 Achanta.
41 Bhuvanagiri.	99 Palladam.	158 Bhimavaram.
42 Valavanur.	100 Tiruppur.	159 Kottapeta.
43 Srimushnam.	101 Udamalpet.	160 Ramachandrapuram.
44 Pennadam.	102 Satyamangalam.	161 Draksharamam.
45 Lalpet.	103 Gopichettipalaiyam.	162 Bikkovolu.
46 Nellikuppam.	104 Kottur.	163 Gollalamamidada.
47 Karinchippadi.	105 Kollegal.	164 Narsapur.
48 Kallakurichi.	106 Anamalais.	165 Jagajatinagaram.
49 Ulundurpettai.	107 Suler.	166 Yeleswaram.
50 Chinnasalem.	108 Chettipalaiyam.	167 Jaggampeta.
51 Tiruvannamallur.	109 Kurichi.	168 Kovvur.
52 Tyagadurgom.	110 Perundalaiyur. (yam.	
53 Vadukkanandal.	111 Kempānāyakkampalai.	
Kistna District.		
		169 Avanigedda.
		170 Gudivāda.
		171 Jaggayapeta.
		172 Nūzvid.
		173 Kondapalli.
		174 Mangalagiri.
		175 Rēpalle.
		176 Tenali.
		177 Bāpatla.
		178 Ohirala.
		179 Vetapalem.
		180 Narsaraopet.
		181 Dāchepalle.
		182 Purushottapatnam.
		183 Vinukonda.
		184 Pedana.
		185 Ponnur.
		186 Mailavaram.
		187 Sattenapalle.
		188 Pamaru.
		189 Tsallapalli.
		190 Tiruvur.
		191 Wuyyuru.
		192 Valluru.
		193 Kollur.
		194 Bhattiprolu.
Kurnool District.		
		195 Kalva.
		196 Panien.
		197 Betumcherla.
		198 Chagalmari.
		199 Nandikotkur.
		200 Velpaunur.
		201 Atmakuru.
		202 Gudur.
		203 Pattikonda.
		204 Pyapalli.
		205 Kodumuri.
		206 Maddikera.
		207 Koilkuntla.
		208 Owk.
		209 Cambum.
		210 Markapur.
		211 Bestawarpeta.

Bellary District.

54 Rāyadrug.
55 Kanekallu.
56 Siruguppa.
57 Harehalu.
58 Kudatini.
59 Yemiganūru.
60 Alūr.
61 Kowtalam.
62 Kosgi.
63 Hospet.
64 Kampli.
65 Kamalapuram.
66 Narayanadevarakeri.
67 Kūdligi.
68 Kottūru.
69 Harpanahalli.
70 Hadagalli.
71 Kurugodu.
72 Helalagundi.

South Canara District.

Nil.

Chingleput District.

73 Tiruppurūr.
74 Madurantakam.
75 Uttaramerur.
76 Karanguzhi.
77 Wālabād.
78 Sriperumbudur.
79 Cheyūr.
80 Saidāpet.
81 Truvottiyūr.
82 Sembiam.
83 Kunnattur.
84 Ponnéri.
85 Pulicat.
86 Tiruvallūr.
87 Tirukkazhikunram.
88 Poonamallee.
89 Nagalapuram.
90 Arani.

Coimbatore District.

91 Mettupalaiyam.
92 Singanallūr.

Cuddapah District.

112 Kamalapuram.
113 Chennur.
114 Proddatur.
115 Jammalamadugu.
116 Pulivendla.
117 Vempalli.
118 Siddhavattam.
119 Badvel.
120 Madanapalle.
121 Vāyalpād.
122 Kadiri.
123 Rāyachōti.
124 Porumāmilla.
125 Razampeta.
126 Nandaluru.
127 Chitvelu.
128 Pata-Cuddapah.

Ganjam District.

129 Chatrapur.
130 Ganjam.
131 Gopāpur.
132 Ichchāpuram.
133 Purushottapuram.
134 Sōmpeta.
135 Bāruva.
136 Russellkonda.
137 Aska.
138 Tekkali.
139 Narasannapeta.
140 Calingapatam.
141 Varanasi.
142 Battili.
143 Surada.

Godavari District.

144 Pithāpuram.
145 Sāmalkōta.
146 Peddāpuram.
147 Tuni.
148 Dowlaishweram.
149 Amalāpuram.
150 Mandapeta.
151 Attili.

Union Panchayats—concl.

Madura District.

212 Sholayandān.
213 Tirumangalam.
214 Usilampatti.
215 Peraiyur.
216 Melūr.
217 Nattam.
218 Vedasandur.
219 Batlagunda.
220 Ayyampalaiyam.
221 Nilakōttai.
222 Ayakudi.
223 Kalayambuttur.
224 Kilwāngalam.
225 Melmangalam.
226 Bodināyakanur.
227 Uttamapalaiyam.
228 Chinnamanūr.
229 Cumbum.
230 Gudalur.
231 Ramuād.
232 Kilakarai.
233 Paramakudi.
234 Aruppukōtai.
235 Kamudi.
236 Palayampatti.
237 Devipatnam.
238 Rāmesvaram.
239 Tondi.
240 Devakōtai.
241 Sivaganga.
242 Tirupattūr.
243 Karakudi.
244 Ilaiyāngudi.
245 Māna Madura.
246 Tiruppurvanam.
247 Abhiramam.
248 Kandanur.

Malabar District.

Nil.

Nellore District.

249 Gōddūr.
250 Allūru.
251 Nāyudupeta.
252 Sulurpet.
253 Venkatagiri.
254 Kāvāli.
255 Udayagiri.
256 Atmakūru.
257 Kota.
258 Addanki.
259 Kandukūr.
260 Kanigiri.
261 Kovvuru.
262 Vovveru.
263 Vinjamur.

Nilgiri District.

Nil.

Salem District.

264 Rasipuram.
265 Atūr.
266 Hosūr.
267 Dharmapuri.
268 Krishnagiri.
269 Nāmakkal.
270 Tiruchengōdu.
271 Omalur.
272 Taramangalam.
273 Etapur.
274 Denkanikota.
275 Pedanayakaupalayam.
276 Tadavur.
277 Pennagaram.
278 Gangavalli.
279 Chandarappatti.
280 Palakodu.
281 Tammampatti.
282 Viraganur.
283 Tattaiyangarpet.
284 Moruppatti.
285 Kaveripatnam.
286 Mohanur.
287 Nanjai Edayar.
288 Velur.
289 Vengaral.
290 Podanur.
291 Papparpatti.
292 Karimangalan.
293 Harur.
294 Yercaud.
295 Namagiripet.
296 Shendamangalam.
297 Edappadi.

Tanjore District.

298 Tiruvadi.
299 Vallam.
300 Ayyampettai.
301 Melattur.
302 Swamimalai.
303 Valangiman.
304 Tiruvadamardūr.
305 Shiyālī.
306 Tranquebar.
307 Tiruvālūr.
308 Nannilam.
309 Kndavasal.
310 Nidāmagalam.
311 Tiruturaiyāndi.
312 Muttupet.
313 Vedarnyam.
314 Pattukōttai.
315 Adirāmpatnam.
316 Papanasam.

Tinnevely District.

317 Surandai.
318 Pathamadai.
319 Koilpatti.
320 Sankaranainārkoil.

321 Sivagiri.
322 Alvar Tirunagiri.
323 Srivaikuntam.
324 Kulasekharapatnam.
325 Tiruchendur.
326 Kāyalpatnam.
327 Satankulam.
328 Ettiyāpuram.
329 Tenkasi.
330 Ambāsamudram.
331 Kalladakurchi.
332 Viravanallur.
333 Sermādevi.
334 Nānguneri.
335 Rajapalayam.
336 Sivakasi.
337 Satūr.
338 Virudupati.
339 Puliyangudi.
340 Kadayannallur.
341 Varttirayiruppu.
342 Tachanallur.
343 Vasudevanallur.
344 Kurivikulam.
345 Kayattur.
346 Melaseval.
347 Tirukkurangudi.
348 Eruvadi.
349 Kalakkad.
350 Kila Kadayam.
351 Settur.

Trichinopoly District.

352 Lalgudi.
353 Puvallur.
354 Manachanallur.
355 Musiri.
356 Kulitalai.
357 Turaiyūr.
358 Ariyalūr.
359 Udayārpālaiyam.
360 Jayankondasholapuram.
361 Perambalur.
362 Kurumbalur.
363 Kilappaluvur.
364 Kattuputtur.

Vizagapatam District.

365 Narsapatnam.
366 Yellamanchilli.
367 Chōdavarumu.
368 Srungavarapukota.
369 Jagajatinagaram.
370 Chipurupalle.
371 Razam.
372 Pālkonda.
373 Sālūru.
374 Bobbili.
375 Pārvatipuram.
376 Kasimkota.
377 Pondur.
378 Madugula.
379 Jami.

THE MADRAS CENSUS OF 1901.

I.—The Population of each District in the Madras Presidency including Native States according to the Census of 1901 and 1891.

District.	Popu- lation in 1901.	Popu- lation in 1891.	Districts.	Popu- lation in 1901.	Popu- lation in 1891.
Ganjam	1,689,142	1,589,477	South Arcot	2,349,894	2,162,851
Agency Ganjam	321,114	307,326	Tanjore	2,245,029	2,228,114
Vizagapatam	2,082,662	1,913,211	Trichinopoly	1,444,770	1,372,717
Agency Vizaga- patam	850,988	859,781	Madura	2,831,280	2,608,404
Godavari	2,141,917	1,939,449	Tinnevely	2,059,607	1,916,095
Agency Godavari	159,842	189,342	Malabar	2,790,281	2,652,565
Kistna	2,154,803	1,855,682	South Canara	1,134,713	1,056,081
Nellore	1,496,987	1,463,736	Total, British Terri- tory	38,199,162	35,630,440
Cuddapah	1,291,267	1,272,072	Pudukottah	380,440	373,096
Kurnool	872,055	817,811	Bangnapalle	32,264	35,496
Bellary	947,214	880,950	Sandur	11,200	11,388
Anantapur	788,254	727,725	Total, Pendaratories...	423,904	419,930
Madras	509,346	452,518	Grand Total	38,623,066	36,050,420
Chingleput	1,312,122	1,202,928			
North Arcot	2,207,712	2,114,487			
Salem	2,204,974	1,962,591			
Coimbatore	2,201,752	2,004,839			
Nilgiris	111,437	99,797			

II.—The Population of each Taluk in a District according to the Census of 1901 and 1891.

District.	Taluk.	Popu- lation in 1901.	Popu- lation in 1891.	District.	Taluk.	Popu- lation in 1901.	Popu- lation in 1891.
Ganjam.	Aska	115,883	108,020	Vizagapatam.	Palkonda	215,376	201,331
	Berhampore	341,368	323,474		Parvatipuram	116,533	116,675
	Chicacole	223,373	212,608		Saluru	92,717	83,699
	Ganjam	95,882	88,714		Sarvasiddhi	160,761	154,966
	Goomsur	200,357	185,870		Srungavarappu- kota	137,724	129,323
	Ichchhapuram	83,500	74,846		Viravilli	209,228	197,866
	Narasannapeta	26,452	24,878		Vizagapatam	110,652	97,776
	Parlakimedi	256,414	252,050		Vizianagram	185,670	166,658
	Parushottapur	102,396	96,529		Total	2,082,662	1,943,211
	Sompeta	97,229	89,929				
Agency Ganjam.	Surada	18,662	16,106	Agency Vizagapatam.	Bissemcuttack	59,445	62,145
	Tekkali	124,626	115,553		Golgonda	33,929	29,327
	Total	1,689,142	1,589,477		Gunupur	113,682	118,822
	Balliguda	104,714	107,213		Jeypore	133,831	140,580
	Ichchhapuram	821	841		Korappatti	73,818	74,476
	Parlakimedi	55,120	52,309		Malkanagiri	35,856	28,277
	Ranagiri	74,393	64,143		Navarangapur	104,145	116,399
	Sompeta	4,610	6,162		Padwa	64,415	58,995
	Surada	4,568	4,274		Palkonda	11,245	11,824
	Udayagiri	76,858	73,384		Parvatipuram	43,990	40,239
Vizaga- patam.	Anakapalle	165,478	152,157		Pottangi	73,013	77,641
	Bimlipatam	126,354	114,834		Raigada	86,610	91,228
	Bobbili	183,577	129,785		Saluru	5,126	5,197
	Chipurupalle	170,532	156,570		Srungavarappu- kota	4,293	4,020
	Gajapatinagaram	134,553	124,057		Viravilli	7,590	5,671
	Golgonda	123,507	118,514		Total	850,988	859,781

District.	Taluk.	Popu- lation in 1901.	Popu- lation in 1891.	District.	Taluk.	Popu- lation in 1901.	Popu- lation in 1891.
Godavari.	Amalapuram	277,445	256,031	Kurnool.	Cumbum	115,881	117,602
	Bhimavaram	144,615	123,121		Koilkuntla	88,147	86,544
	Cocanada	213,758	183,503		Markapur	91,293	99,971
	Ellore	181,035	171,645		Nandikotkur	104,167	88,560
	Narasapur	254,961	229,198		Nandyal	110,292	96,292
	Peddapuram	167,020	161,841		Pattikonda	143,033	138,703
	Pithapuram	84,089	83,824		Ramallakota	142,855	124,971
	Rajahmundry	161,070	141,171		Sirvel	73,387	65,168
	Ramachendrapuram	220,356	198,596		Total	872,055	817,811
	Tanuku	238,758	204,048				
Agency Godavari.	Tuni	58,762	57,448	Bellary.	Adoni	178,784	160,795
	Yerragudem	140,048	128,962		Alur	98,568	88,088
	Total	2,141,917	1,939,449		Bellary	193,401	180,353
	Bhadrachallam	48,658	42,336		Hadagalli	92,094	104,040
	Chodavaram	23,229			Harpanahalli	95,646	82,241
	Polavaram	58,274	97,006		Hospet	101,947	92,512
	Yellavaram	29,681			Kudligi	103,985	94,206
	Total	159,842	139,342		Rayadrug	82,789	78,625
					Total	947,214	880,950
Kistna.	Bapatla	213,456	181,940	Anantapur.	Anantapur	103,731	103,850
	Bezwada	124,170	106,477		Dharmavaram	70,943	66,629
	Bunder	214,316	198,384		Gooty	159,155	142,917
	Gudivada	161,916	118,310		Hindapur	92,088	80,846
	Guntur	200,557	166,817		Kalyandrug	76,977	72,730
	Nandigama	189,958	126,701		Madakasira	81,457	67,993
	Narasaraopet	168,547	156,377		Penukonda	92,482	81,104
	Nuzvid	188,761	153,625		Tadipatri	109,421	112,656
	Palnad	153,638	142,011		Total	789,254	727,725
	Sattenapalle	159,645	138,617				
Nellore.	Tenali	288,127	222,757	Madras.	I Division	84,156	71,509
	Tiruvur	69,219	61,118		II do.	89,875	84,865
	Vinukonda	82,493	82,445		III do.	61,963	59,457
	Total	2,154,803	1,855,582		IV do.	23,223	15,250
	Atmakur	110,906	101,154		V do.	86,020	76,052
	Darsi	82,459	84,631		VI do.	23,843	21,590
	Gudur	144,209	136,009		VII do.	93,854	81,288
	Kandukur	151,417	148,475		VIII do.	46,912	41,109
	Kanigiri	110,813	131,222		Total	509,346	450,640
	Kavali	87,015	83,109				
Cuddapah.	Nellore	226,383	197,912	Chingleput.	Chingleput	155,213	137,291
	Ongole	224,172	225,240		Conjeeveram	225,300	218,671
	Podili	58,937	68,466		Madurantakam	278,561	268,137
	Poluru	74,512	69,593		Ponneri	136,597	122,418
	Rapur	70,130	61,311		Saidapet	262,478	224,472
	Udayagiri	95,173	100,227		Tiruvallur	253,973	236,939
	Venkatagiri	60,861	56,387		Total	1,312,122	1,202,928
	Total	1,496,987	1,463,783				
	Badvel	89,351	93,152	North Arcot.	Arcot	180,564	176,878
	Cuddapah	155,541	154,899		Arni	96,542	91,730
	Jammalamadugu	103,707	101,296		Chandragiri	113,550	114,436
	Kadiri	145,503	134,915		Chittoor	209,868	200,249
	Madanapalle	186,977	127,352		Gudiyatam	195,665	176,709
	Prodattur	102,570	98,418		Kalahasti	94,132	81,860
	Pulivendla	103,396	105,842		Kangundi	64,446	54,052
	Pullampet	143,521	149,100		Palmaner	51,575	48,135
	Rayachoti	113,912	113,236		Polur	155,673	139,709
	Siddhavattam	68,087	66,810		Punganuru	96,852	92,023
	Vayalpad	128,692	127,043				
	Total	1,291,267	1,272,072				

District.	Taluk.	Popu- lation in 1901.	Popu- lation in 1891.	District.	Taluk.	Popu- lation in 1901.	Popu- lation in 1891.
N. Arcot —concd.	Pattur ...	170,235	155,546	Trichino- poly.	Kulitalai ...	263,331	243,700
	Tiruttani ...	171,005	173,151		Musuri ...	294,383	282,619
	Vellore ...	200,541	192,937		Perambalur ...	204,257	195,006
	Walajapet ...	221,812	239,349		Trichinopoly ...	382,091	360,829
	Wandiwash ...	185,252	177,723		Udajirpalaiyam ...	300,708	290,563
	Total ...	2,207,712	2,114,487		Total ...	444,770	1,372,717
Salem.	Atur ...	199,475	183,209	Madura.	Dindigul ...	480,524	391,090
	Dharmapuri ...	206,030	178,442		Kodaikanal ...	19,677	18,380
	Hosur ...	181,971	155,768		Madura ...	308,140	261,195
	Krishnagiri ...	175,300	152,128		Melur ...	154,381	148,656
	Namakkal ...	313,895	300,047		Mudukulathur ...	146,255	135,182
	Salem ...	470,181	417,379		Palni ...	214,972	195,050
	Tiruchengodu ...	289,717	248,679		Paramagudi ...	142,665	131,151
	Tirupattur ...	205,986	188,826		Periyakulam ...	329,098	263,253
	Uttangurai ...	159,419	138,113		Raminad ...	112,851	107,601
	Total ...	2,204,974	1,962,591		Sivaganga ...	155,909	146,549
Coimbatore.	Bhavani ...	145,982	119,869	Tinnevely.	Sivaganga ...	166,769	164,289
	Coimbatore ...	330,684	307,282		Tiruchuli ...	265,396	264,621
	Dharapuram ...	271,127	252,847		Tirumangalam ...	209,036	200,087
	Erode ...	275,460	247,008		Tirupattur ...	29,261	29,878
	Karur ...	220,343	211,794		Tiruppuvanam ...	155,346	151,472
	Kollegal ...	96,563	83,633		Tiruvadanai ...		
	Palladam ...	300,904	270,390		Total ...	2,831,280	2,608,404
	Pollachi ...	195,608	183,669		Ambasamudram ...	183,616	183,616
	Satyanangalam ...	214,101	184,017		Nanguneri ...	204,418	174,418
	Udumalpet ...	150,480	139,430		Ottapidaram ...	352,145	342,145
	Total ...	2,201,752	2,001,839		Sankaranayinar- koyil ...	232,080	213,799
Nil- girls.	Coonoor ...	52,300	42,798	Tinnevely.	Sattur ...	186,634	184,329
	Gudalur ...	21,139	25,397		Sriyankuntam ...	321,534	287,603
	Ootacamund ...	37,998	31,602		Srivilliputtur ...	205,745	190,517
					Tenkasi ...	174,430	154,940
	Total ...	111,437	99,797		Tinnevely ...	194,647	184,723
	Total ...	2,201,752	2,001,839		Total ...	2,059,607	1,916,095
South Arcot.	Chidambaram ...	294,868	282,275	Malabar.	Calicut ...	255,612	237,682
	Cuddalore ...	361,776	337,803		Chirakkal ...	320,107	310,941
	Kallakurichi ...	269,877	239,405		Cochin ...	25,859	23,715
	Tindivanam ...	338,973	316,016		Ernad ...	357,142	343,775
	Tirukkoyilur ...	285,068	261,026		Kottayam ...	209,516	195,485
	Tiruvannamalai ...	244,085	205,403		Kurumbanad ...	327,310	304,077
	Villupuram ...	313,607	301,746		Palghat ...	390,098	372,133
	Vridhachallam ...	242,140	219,676		Ponnani ...	478,376	449,290
	Total ...	2,349,894	2,162,851		Walanad ...	351,112	328,063
					Wynaad ...	75,149	76,762
	Total ...	2,349,894	2,162,851		Total ...	2,790,281	2,641,928
Tanjore.	Kumbakonam ...	375,031	377,523	South Canara.	Amindivi Islands... 3,608	3,722	
	Mannargudi ...	188,107	188,112		Coondapoor ...	181,858	181,546
	Mayavaram ...	247,019	244,835		Kasaragod ...	231,280	210,323
	Nannilam ...	214,788	216,118		Mangalore ...	334,294	302,624
	Negapatam ...	217,607	220,165		Udupi ...	251,831	242,430
	Pattukottai ...	295,894	271,626		Uppinangudi ...	181,842	165,427
	Shiyali ...	116,563	119,803				
	Tanjore ...	407,039	410,447				
	Tirutturaiipundi ...	182,981	179,485				
	Total ...	2,245,029	2,228,114		Total ...	1,134,713	1,056,081

III.—The Population of each Municipality of the Madras Presidency according to the Census 1901 and 1891.

Municipalities.	1901.	1891.	Municipalities.	1901.	1891.
<i>Ganjam District.</i>			<i>Salem District.</i>		
Berhampore ...	25,729	25,653	Salem ...	70,621	67,710
Chicacole ...	18,195	18,241	Tirupatur ...	18,689	16,499
Parlakimedl ...	17,336	16,390	Vaniyambadi ...	12,005	13,838
<i>Vizagapatam District.</i>			<i>Coimbatore District.</i>		
Vizagapatam ...	40,892	34,487	Coimbatore ...	53,080	46,383
Vizianagram ...	37,270	30,881	Erode ...	15,529	12,330
Anakapalle ...	18,539	17,010	Karur ...	12,769	10,750
Bimlipatam ...	10,212	9,827	<i>Nilgiris District.</i>		
<i>Godavari District.</i>			Ootacamund ...	18,596	15,053
Cocanada ...	48,096	40,553	Coonoor ...	8,525	6,049
Rajahmundry ...	36,408	28,397	<i>South Arcot District.</i>		
Ellore ...	33,521	20,382	Cuddalore ...	52,216	47,355
<i>Kistna District.</i>			Chidambaram ...	19,909	18,640
Masulipatam ...	39,507	38,809	Tiruvannamalai ...	17,069	12,155
Guntur ...	30,833	23,359	<i>Tanjore District.</i>		
Bezwada ...	24,224	20,741	Kumbakonam ...	59,673	54,307
<i>Nellore District.</i>			Tanjore ...	57,870	54,390
Nellore ...	32,040	29,336	Negapatam ...	57,190	59,221
Ongole ...	12,864	10,860	Mayavaram ...	24,276	23,765
<i>Cuddapah District.</i>			Mannargudi ...	20,449	20,395
Cuddapah ...	16,432	17,379	<i>Trichinopoly District.</i>		
<i>Kurnool District.</i>			Trichinopoly ...	104,721	90,609
Kurnool ...	25,376	21,376	Srirangam ...	23,039	21,632
Nandyal ...	15,137	10,737	<i>Madura District.</i>		
<i>Bellary District.</i>			Madura ...	105,984	87,428
Bellary ...	58,247	59,467	Dindigul ...	25,182	20,203
Adoni ...	30,416	26,243	Periyakulam ...	17,960	16,363
<i>Anantapur District.</i>			Palni ...	17,168	16,940
Anantapur ...	7,938	6,994	Kodaikanal ...	1,912	1,743
<i>Madras District.</i>			<i>Tinnevely District.</i>		
Madras ...	509,346	452,518	Tinnevely ...	40,469	24,768
<i>Chingleput District.</i>			Palamcottah ...	39,545	18,686
Conjeeveram ...	46,164	42,548	Taticorin ...	28,048	25,107
Chingleput ...	10,551	6,180	Srivilliputtur ...	26,382	21,448
<i>North Arcot District.</i>			<i>Malabar District.</i>		
Vellore ...	43,537	44,925	Calicut ...	76,981	66,078
Gudiyatam ...	21,335	18,747	Palghat ...	44,177	39,481
Tirupati ...	15,485	14,242	Tellicherry ...	27,883	27,196
Wallajapet ...	10,967	10,485	Cannanore ...	27,811	27,418
			Cochin ...	19,274	17,601
			<i>South Canara District.</i>		
			Mangalore ...	44,108	40,922

DISTANCES BY ROAD FROM MADRAS CITY.

To	By	Distance.	
		M.	F.
Ambar	Ranipet and Vellore	115	0
Bangalore	Ranipet, Palmanair and Kolar	205	7½
Do.	Ranipet, Vaniambadi, Krishnagiri and Osoor	214	0
Do.	Ranipet, Gudiyatam, Nayakaneri Ghât and Kolar	203	4
Do.	Ranipet, Pulikonda, Soymagunta Ghât, Palmanair and Kolar	211	0
Bellary	Nagari, Cuddapah and Gooty	318	5
Do.	Ranipet, Chittur, Rayachoti, Tadpatri and Gooty	336	6½
Do.	Ranipet, Palmanair, Kadiri and Anantapur	324	2
Do.	Ranipet, Palmanair, Kolar, Chedalpur and Anantapur	362	6½
Berhampore	Nellore, Bezwada and Chicacole	645	5
Bezwada	Nellore, Ongole and Guntur	272	4½
Calicut	Ranipet, Palmanair, Bangalore, Seringapatam and the Tambercheri Ghât	418	7½
Do.	Ranipet, Salem, Coimbatore, Palghat and Maliyapuram	422	4
Cannanore	Bangalore, Seringapatam and the Periyambadi Ghât	403	6½
Do.	Ranipet, Vaniambadi, Bangalore, Seringapatam and the Periyambadi Ghât	411	7
Chettpore	Nellore, Bezwada, Chicacole and Berhampore	660	0
Chicacole	Nellore, Bezwada and Rajahmundry	546	4½
Chingleput	Pallavaram	34	7
Chittur	Ranipet and Saikad	100	6½
Cocanada	Nellore, Ongole and Masulipatam	370	1
Do.	Nellore, Ongole, Bezwada and Rajahmundry	404	6½
Cochin	Ranipet, Salem, Coimbatore, Palghat and Trichur	424	0
Coimbatore	Ranipet, Tirupatur, Manjavadi Ghât, Salem and Erode	303	1
Do.	Ranipet, Tirupatur, Topur Ghât, and Bhavani	312	2
Do.	Ranipet, Topur Ghât, Salem and Bhavani	310	0
Combacoanum	Chingleput, Vikravandi and Panroti	172	6
Cuddalore	Chingleput, Tindivanam and Pondicherry	114	0
Cuddapah	Nagari and Kirkambadi	166	4
Do.	Chittur and Rayachoti	202	1½
Cunbom	Nellore, Kalligiri and Kanyagiri	225	6
Do.	Nellore, Singaroykonda and Kanyagiri	236	2
Cuttack	Nellore, Bezwada, Chicacole, Berhampore and Khurdah	762	2
Dindigul	Chingleput, Ulandurpet and Trichinopoly	261	2½
Elore	Nellore, Ongole and Bezwada	311	5½
Erode	Ranipet, Tirupatur, Manjavadi Pass and Salem	247	1
French Rocks	Ranipet, Bangalore and Closepet	283	0½
Do.	Vellore, Bangalore and Closepet	291	1
Ganjam	Nellore, Bezwada and Chicacole	664	5
Gooty	Nagari, Cuddapah and Tadpatri	264	3
Do.	Ranipet, Chittur, Rayachoti and Tadpatri	270	0
Gudiyatam	Ranipet	105	1
Guntur	Nellore, Ongole and Martur	252	4
Do.	Nellore, Ongole and Inkole	249	7
Hunsur	Ranipet, Kolar, Bangalore and Seringapatam	317	1½
Kamptee	Ongole, Secunderabad and Nirmal	707	6
Do.	Cuddapah, Kurnool, Secunderabad and Nirmal	743	1
Karanguli	Chingleput	48	0
Kurnool	Cuddapah and Nandial	289	4
Madura	Chingleput, Ulandurpet, Trichinopoly and Dindigul	301	4
Do.	Chingleput, Ulandurpet and Trichinopoly	281	3
Mangalore	Ranipet, Kolar, Bangalore and Manjarabad	426	7½
Do.	Ranipet, Bangalore, Seringapatam and Mercara	448	8½

Distances by Road from Madras City—contd.

To	By	Distance.	
		M.	F.
Masulipatam	Nellore, Ongole and Bapatla	279	3
Do.	Nellore, Ongole and Guntur	300	4½
Do.	Nellore, Ongole and Bezwada	316	3
Mercara	Ranipet, Bangalore and Seringapatam	362	5½
Mysore	Ranipet, Bangalore, Maddur and Seringapatam	294	6½
Nagari	Poonamallee and Tripasur	58	5
Negapatam	Chingleput, Cuddalore and Tranquebar	194	4
Nellore	Sulurpet	107	6
Ongole	Sulurpet and Nellore	184	1
Osoor	Ranipet, Vellore and Krishnagiri	188	3
Palamcottah	Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Dindigul and Madura	407	3
Do.	Chingleput, Trichinopoly and Madura	377	1
Palghat	Ranipet, Munjavadi Ghât, Salem, Erode and Coimbatore	338	0
Pallavaram	Saint Thomas' Mount	12	0
Palmanair	Ranipet	121	5½
Do.	Vellore and Soymagunta Ghât	126	6
Paumben	Chingleput, Negapatam, Tondai and Ramnad	373	4
Point Calimere	Chingleput, Cuddalore and Negapatam	232	1
Do.	Chingleput, Cuddalore and Mayavaram	233	5
Pondicherry	Chingleput and Killanur	102	1
Do.	Chingleput and Mylam	105	6
Poonamallee	Ranipet and Palmanair	12	4
Punganur	Ranipet, Coimbatore, Palghat and Cochin	140	5
Quilon	Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Madura and Palamcottah	517	2
Do.	Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Dindigul, Gudalur Ghât and Pernade	503	5
Do.	Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Madura and the Ariankavu Ghât	476	0½
Rajahmundry	Nellore, Ongole and Bezwada	435	0
Ramnad	Chingleput, Cuddalore, Negapatam and Tondai	366	6½
Ranipet	Sriperumbudur	336	4
Sadras	Chingleput	70	5
Salem	Ranipet, Tirupatur and the Manjavadi Ghât	54	3
Do.	Ranipet, Tirupatur and the Topur Ghât	209	4
Samulcottah	Nellore, Ongole, Bezwada and Rajahmundry	220	6
Secunderabad	Nellore, Ongole, Pondigal and Hnitipamla	396	6½
Do.	Cuddapah, Kurnool and Janampet	390	0
Tanjore	Chingleput, Vikravandi and Combacoanum	423	3
Do.	Chingleput, Pondicherry, Chilambaram and Combacoanum	196	2
Tranquebar	Chingleput and Cuddalore	210	6
Trevandram	Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Madura and Palamcottah	172	2
Do.	Chingleput, Trichinopoly, Madura and the Ariankavu Pass	466	6
Trichinopoly	Chingleput, Ulandurpet and Valkondapur	476	7
Do.	Chingleput, Tindivanam and Goindrajupet	200	3
Do.	Chingleput, Pondicherry, Cuddalore and Combacoanum	218	3
Trichur	Ranipet, Manjavadi Pass, Salem, Coimbatore and Palghat	239	6
Vaniambadi	Ranipet and Vellore	380	1
Vellore	Sriperumbudur and Ranipet	125	4
Venkatagiri	Ranipet and Saikad	84	3
Vizagapatam	Nellore, Ongole, Bezwada, Rajahmundry and Kasimkota	110	2½
Vizianagram	Nellore, Ongole, Bezwada, Rajahmundry and Subaram	489	6½
		513	1½

THE CITY OF MADRAS.

This City is the capital of the Presidency, situated in lat. $13^{\circ} 4' 6''$ N., long. $80^{\circ} 17' 22''$ E. The town, with its suburbs, extends 9 miles along the coast, and runs $\frac{3}{4}$ miles inland, covering an area of about 27 square miles. The boundaries are—Shattancaud, Codan-giyoor, and Yerocancherry on the north; Shembiam, Shirloor, Shembadanbakkum, Ernavaram, Kodambakkam, Sydapett and Guindy on the west; the Adyar river on the south; and the sea on the east. According to the Census of 1891 Madras contained 452,518 inhabitants—39,742 Christians, 358,997 Hindus, 53,184 Muhammadans, and 595 others.

History.—The native name is Chennaputnam or the city of Chennappa, the brother of the local chief or naick at the time of its foundation. The name Madrasputnam seems to have been in use almost from the same date and is the name retained by the English. The origin of this name has been much discussed. "Madrissa," a Mahomedan school, has been suggested, which, considering the date when the name is first found, seems fanciful. "Manda" is in Sanscrit "slow." "Mandaraz" was a king of the lunar race. The place was probably called after this king. In March 1639, Mr. Francis Day, Chief of the Settlement at Arnegam, obtained from the representative of the waning power of Vijayanagar, Shree Runga Royal, Rajah of Chundragherry, a grant of the site of land on which Madras now stands. A factory, with some slight fortifications, was at once constructed; and, induced by favourable terms, a gradually increasing number of natives settled round the building. In 1653, Madras, which had previously been subordinate to the Chief of the Settlement of Rantam in Java, was raised to the rank of an independent Presidency. In 1702, Davood Khan, Aurungzeeb's general, blockaded the town for a few weeks; and in 1741, the Mahrattas attacked the place also unsuccessfully. The fort was extended and strengthened in 1743, and by this time the city had already become the largest in Southern India. As early as 1690 some attempt had been made to protect Black Town by a mud wall. In 1702 the necessity of improving this was brought home to the people by the advance of Davood Khan, and a tax was raised for the purpose. From time to time, when danger threatened, this tax was repeated, but in periods of peace it was found difficult to draw contributions from the people; indeed, when in 1694 it was attempted for the fort defences, a riot ensued. The result of these imposts was a masonry wall, or "bound hedge," round the north and west sides of the town, with eleven bastions. Many traces of the wall still exist, and some of the bastions have been converted into police tannahs. A monument of this former defence is preserved in the name of the street lying within the line of the west wall, which is popularly known as "Wall-tax Road," to this day. In 1746 Labourdonnais bombarded and captured the fort. The settlement was restored to the English two years later by the treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle, but the Government of the Presidency did not return to Madras till 1752. In 1753 the French under Lally occupied Black Town and invested the fort. The siege, which has been fully described by Orme, was conducted on both sides with great skill and vigour. After two months the arrival of a British fleet relieved the garrison, and the besiegers retired with some precipitation. With the exception of the threatened approach of Hyder Ally's horsemen in 1769, and again in 1788, Madras has since the French siege been free from external attack. The town of Saint Thomé, now an integral part of Madras city, was founded and fortified by the Portuguese in 1504, and was held by the French from 1672 to 1674. Sacked by Zoolfakar Khan in 1698, it was occupied in 1749 by the English, who expelled the French priests as political emissaries.

Appearance.—Although at first sight the city presents a disappointing appearance, and possesses not a single handsome street, it has several edifices of high architectural pretensions, and many spots of historical interest. Seen from the roadstead, the Fort, the High Court buildings, a row of merchants' offices, a few spires and public buildings, are all that strike the eye. The site is so low that it is difficult to realize that behind the first line of buildings lies one of the largest cities in Asia. Roughly speaking, it consists of the following divisions: (1) Black Town, an ill-built, densely-populated block, about a mile square, within the old city wall, with more or less crowded suburbs stretching 3 miles north of the Cooum River. This is the business part of the town, and contains the banks, custom-house, High Court, and all the mercantile offices. The last, for the most part handsome structures, lie along the beach. On the sea face of Black Town are the pier and the new harbour. Immediately south of Black Town there is (2) an open space with a sea frontage of about two miles, and a depth of three-quarters of a mile, which contains the Fort, Esplanade, Brigade Parade Ground ("the Island"), Government House, and several handsome public buildings on the sea face. (3) West and south of this lung of the city, comes a series of crowded quarters known by various native names—Chintadripett, Tiroovateeshwarampett, Poothoopauk, Royapettah, Kistnampett and Mylapore, which bend to the sea again at the old town of Saint Thomé. (4) To the west of Black Town are the quarters of Vepery and Poodhoopett, chiefly inhabited by Eurasians; and the suburbs of Egmore, Nungumbakkum, Chetput, Pursewaukum, and Perambore, adorned with handsome European mansions, and their

spacious "compounds" or parks. (5) South-west and south lie the European quarters of Teynampett and Adyar. The city is thus spread over a large area. A very large proportion of the tract of country comprised within the municipal limits of the City of Madras—covering as it does an area of 27 square miles, with 14 villages—consists of the poor rural district, more or less under cultivation, which surrounds the Fort and the native town and suburban villages now incorporated within its limits. This fact explains the recurring difficulties of municipal administration, and the constant inadequacy of its finances for the services to be met over so large an area. The moderate resources furnished by a poor and partly rural population have to be scattered over an area very much larger than that included under the management of the wealthy corporations of Calcutta and Bombay. Efforts have, however, been made by recent legislation to improve the municipal resources. The main thoroughfare of the town is the Mount Road, opened in 1795, which leads from Fort St. George to St. Thomas' Mount. This is a fine street and avenue, but the houses along it for the two first miles are, with a few exceptions, somewhat disappointing. The Cathedral Road, crossing it at right angles, and the Mowbray Road, are also wide and well-laid out; the latter possessing an unequalled avenue of banian trees. The Cooum River falls into the sea within municipal limits. Its course is short, and, except during the north-east rains, the volume of water it carries is insufficient to keep open the discharge into the sea. A backwater is thus formed round "the Island" and skirting the Fort and Government House grounds, whose stagnant condition, aided by the drainage of one or two suburban villages on its banks, has proved at times a serious drawback to the sanitary condition of the immediate neighbourhood. With rare exceptions, however, the bar of sand at the mouth of the river is breached by the early floods of the north-east monsoon, and open communication with the sea then lasts for some months. The Cooum is in communication with the Pulicat backwater, the Cochrane Canal, and with the Adyar river and Southern Canal System, by the junction canal through Saint Thomé. A considerable area is kept open to the west and north by several large tanks, and the two Parks and the Horticultural Gardens give additional breathing space. The People's Park, which contains a small zoological collection, is the principal recreation ground of the city. Among the buildings most deserving of notice, for their architectural features, are the Cathedral, Scotch Kirk, Government House, Patcheappah's Hall, Christian College, Senate House, Chepauk Palace (Revenue Board), Presidency College, Central Railway Station, combined Telegraph and Post Office, the High Court, Law College, Victoria Hall, the Memorial Hall, the Museum and Theatre, the Bank of Madras, Spencer & Co., Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Wrenn, Bennett & Co., W. E. Smith & Co., P. Orr & Sons, Oakes & Co., the Moore Market, Rajah Venngopaul Bahadur's Hospital for Animals, the Maternity Hospital, and the Y. M. C. A. building (the only building entirely built of stone). The two churches were built in 1816 and 1818 by Major de Haviland. Both are, in their general outline, Ionic; and in both, the polished Madras chunam work, which has very much the effect of marble, is to be seen in great perfection. Until quite recently, the material for building in Madras consisted of inferior brick plastered, the plaster being moulded to imitate European detail. A treabated form of Italian, with wooden architraves, was the favourite style. The only two buildings of note, constructed during this period, are the Scotch Kirk and Patcheappah's Hall, the former noteworthy on account of its boldness of conception and the latter for its beauty and purity of design. Since 1864, when stone from Cuddapah and Sholinghur was first introduced for building purposes, the style of the local architecture has been made to approximate to an adaptation of the Hindoo-Saracenic with Arabic. The Senate House, with the exception of the Byzantine terminations, is wholly in that style. The Chepauk Palace, formerly the residence of the Nawab of Arcot, and now the office of the Board of Revenue, in its restored appearance, is also a striking specimen of this school. The Museum and Theatre is in the Domestic style accentuated with stone and terra-cotta. The principal public statues are those of King Edward VII., Sir Thomas Munro, Lord Cornwallis, General Neill, Queen Victoria, the Rev. Dr. Miller and Sir T. Muthusawmy Iyer (inside the High Court). Fort St. George, commenced in March 1639, by Mr. Francis Day, originally consisted of a factory and other buildings surrounded by a wall, with four slight bastions and batteries, the whole being about 400 yards long by 100 deep. In 1643 it had cost about Rupees 35,000, and was garrisoned by 100 men, the number being reduced a few years later to 26. Between 1670 and 1680 some effort was made to improve and strengthen the position—a necessity forced on the Company by the successive retirement and encroachment of the sea, by the presence of the French at Saint Thomé, and by the threatening advance of Savajee. Saint Mary's, the first English church in India, was commenced in 1678, and finished in 1680. In 1702 the Fort bore its first attack, when Davood Khan blockaded it for three months. In 1723 the Mint was built within its walls; and in 1740 Mr. Smith submitted a scheme for making the Fort defensible, and for doubling its enclosed area. This was partially carried out, when Labourdonnais sat down before the place, and took it after a short bombardment in 1740. When, three years later, the English re-entered the Fort they found it greatly improved, the glacis to the north had been made, and the bastions and batteries enlarged. Mr. Robins was now deputed to complete the French work; he adopted Mr. Smith's plans, and for two years 4,000 labourers were continuously employed. Mr. Robins formed the glacis to the west, deepened the ditch, enlarged the old bastions, formed four new ones to the west, to include the new ground taken up on that side, and added new batteries, so that in 1758, when the French returned under

Lally, the place, although far from perfect, was fit for Pigott and Lawrence to defend. Immediately after the siege, works were continued under Mr. Call and Colonel Ross, till, in 1787, the Fort was completed, very much as it now stands. Although suitable for the purpose for which it was originally designed, it is not tenable against modern artillery, and its walls in many places are in disrepair. Within it are nearly all the principal Government offices—the Secretariat and Council Chamber, the Military headquarters, arsenal and barracks. The arsenal contains many trophies of the wars in which the Madras Army has been engaged. In St. Mary's church are buried the missionary Schwartz, Sir Thomas Munro, Sir Henry Ward and Lord Hobart. The most important offices of the Presidency and the headquarters of almost every department are located in Madras.

Climate, &c.—Madras is not ordinarily an unhealthy town, either for Natives or Europeans. Its sea-breeze and dry soil appear to more than compensate for the lowness of the site. The temperature is high all the year round, but there are fewer sudden alternations of heat and cold than in most places in India. The mean temperature in the shade ranges between 74° and 87° F.; the extremes being 67° in January and 93° in June. The death-rate averages 40 per thousand per annum. It usually increases during the cold and rainy seasons, and is at its minimum during the dry hot months of April, May and June. The population is liable to periodical visitations of cholera and small-pox. Elephantiasis and leprosy are endemic diseases on the coast-line; the former is generally seen in the form known as "Cochin" or "elephant leg." The land rises slightly as the distance from the sea increases, but in no part of the municipal limits is the elevation more than 24 feet above the sea, while in many thickly-populated neighbourhoods the levels are so low as to offer serious obstacles to drainage. The average rainfall over the town area is nearly 48 inches in the year. The chief outlets for the discharge of excessive rainfall are the Cooum River, the main drain of Black Town, and two minor channels between the Cooum and Saint Thomé. The heaviest rainfall usually occurs during the north-east monsoon, as much as 18 inches having been known to fall within 24 hours. The locality of the town is liable to prolonged periods of drought as well as to heavy floods.

NEIGHBOURING PLACES OF RESORT.

The following notes give some particulars regarding certain places of resort near to the City. *Red Hills.*—The native name of this locality is Coil Mathavaram. The village lies in a north-westerly direction about 10 miles distant from Madras. The English name is probably derived from the colour of the soil and the undulating appearance of the country, as there are no hills here in the ordinary acceptation of the term. A large lake was the centre of attraction in former times, and in its vicinity were several houses belonging to inhabitants of Madras. The aspect of the place has now, however, entirely changed since it has become the fountain-head of the Madras Water-works. Before railroads made it an easy matter to go for change of scene and air to Bangalore, the Nilgiris, or Shevaroy's and other outlying salubrious stations, the Red Hills and Ennore had strong attractions for the citizens of Madras. They were glad occasionally to escape from the heat and dust of the City and to enjoy the fresh breezes, boating, bathing, and other amusements available at these two places. A few gentlemen even resided permanently there, coming into Madras during the day for business and returning at night. *Ennore.*—This place is about 10½ miles from the Fort in a northerly direction, and may be reached either by a boat plying over the Buckingham Canal, or by the ordinary carriage road through Tondiarpett and Tirvetore. Its Tamil name is Cuttivankum. Its chief attraction is a large salt-water lake in which visitors bathe, fish and sail. It has been the scene of many regattas. The gayest time that Ennore has known was perhaps when Sir Henry Pottinger was Governor of Madras. He had a great liking for the place, and built there a commodious bungalow for his own use, which he generally occupied during the hot season. Madras society then frequently visited the place, and the Ennore Club House was seldom unoccupied by its owners, who were always notable for their hospitality. Since then, and the opening of the railway, the tide of fashion ebbed away from Ennore and things assumed their old state of comparative quiet. The lake contains excellent fish and oysters, and salt of a very superior quality is gathered from numerous pans, situated close to the creeks or inlets from the sea; the crystals are large and clear. It is the best produced in the Presidency and is shipped in large quantities to Calcutta and other ports. Further north lie Poothoopaik and Chintamani. The latter place contains the remains of a Hindoo temple almost entirely embedded in sand, and the former some large plantations of casuarina belonging to private individuals. *Pulicat.*—This village is an old Dutch settlement formed about 1609. It is chiefly inhabited by Lubbays and low-caste Hindoos. The wealthier inhabitants carry on an extensive trade with Singapore and Malacca, and the common people are chiefly fishermen. Scarcely any trace is left of the old Dutch fort, but the ancient burial-ground, preserved from decay by Sir C. Trevelyan when Governor of Madras, contains many well-cut tombstones, some of them nearly 300 years old. Roman Catholics resort to this place in great numbers on certain feast days. The distance from Madras is by canal 25 miles. Visitors at Ennore make excursions to Pulicat by boat, a pleasant journey of five or six hours. The lake, which lies between Coromandel and Pulicat, named after the latter place, is a beautiful expanse of water; about 37 miles in length and from 3 to 11 in breadth.

Coromandel.—This retreat is separated from Pulicat by the lake just named and is bounded on the east by the sea. It is a very pleasant place, and, like Ennore, is visited during the hot season. The etymology of the name of this place has been variously explained, but it appears to be a corruption of karimanal (black sand), the black sand so extensively used in former days in public offices and by the people, instead of blotting paper. "Coromandel," as applied to the coast, is derived from Cholamundalam, i.e., the region of the Cholas, an ancient dynasty, who at one time inhabited this part of India. There are a few houses here furnished and favourably situated, which may be occupied on payment of a monthly or daily rent. The population consists almost entirely of low-caste Shoodras, Pariahs and Lubbays, numbering in all above 3,000. *Little Mount.*—About four miles south of St. George's Cathedral and near the Marmelong bridge is a spur forming what is familiarly known as the Little Mount, where, tradition says, St. Thomas, the Apostle of India, was martyred. This, however, appears to be problematical. On the Little Mount stands a Roman Catholic Church, where a festival in connection with it is annually celebrated. A great throng of people, composed of the middle and lower classes, generally collects to witness the usual church processions, &c., which appear to cause great excitement among the rabble. Under the arches of the Marmelong bridge may be observed various groups of excursionists, who make this their temporary abode until the close of the festival, which, as a rule, lasts for a period of ten days. There is not, however, anything historical attaching to the place, and beyond the festival above referred to, it is of little or no importance. *Guindy.*—A little further south lies Guindy, which may be reached by a short drive from the Marmelong bridge. At Guindy is the Governor's country residence. It is in many respects superior to the Government House at Madras, and owes its modern form to Lord Elphinstone. The park surrounding Government House is very extensive and admirably laid out. A broad and well-formed road runs direct from the main entrance, which presents the façade to full view. At Guindy is the Madras Race Course, one of the best in Southern India, and here is also the principal meet of the Madras Hounds. *St. Thomas' Mount.*—Passing over the Marmelong bridge and turning to the right, a drive of 3 miles along a well-laid out road, beautifully shaded by an avenue of banyan trees, will bring the visitor to St. Thomas' Mount, familiarly known as The Mount. This is an isolated cliff of green stone and syenite about 220 feet above the level of the sea. This station is intended for British troops, and contains some very handsome buildings—among them the various barracks for the Artillery, &c. There are also a well-built Protestant church, called St. Thomas', and a Wesleyan and two Roman Catholic chapels. These are on the plain. The summit of the Mount is also crowned by an old Roman Catholic church, called the "Expectation of the Blessed Virgin." The building, erected in 1547, measures 109 feet by 78 and belongs to the Armenian Catholics. Behind the altar of this church is a curiously carved stone cross with a very ancient inscription which Dr. Burnell refers back to A.D. 800; it is attributed to Nestorians. Translated into English, this inscription reads—"Who believes in the Messiah and in God above, and in the Holy Ghost, is in favour with him who bore the cross." The Mount may be ascended for a general panoramic view of the cantonment and parade-ground of the artillery, which is always quartered here. The ascent is made by a flight of some 200 steps. There is also here a flagstaff—a land-mark for vessels at sea standing in for Madras from the south. *Poonamallee.*—This sanatorium for British troops is situated about 13 miles south-west of Madras. It can be reached in about two hours' drive along a well macadamised road, or by rail via Avady. The station is generally a healthy one. The permanent European population of the place are chiefly pensioners. There is a Cantonment Magistrate's and a District Moonsif's Court here. A large and handsome hospital has been recently erected at the station. *Marcellipore.*—The city of the great Bali, known familiarly to the English as the Seven Pagodas, is situated about 35 miles south of Madras and about 5 north of Sadras. It is one of the most interesting, and to archaeologists one of the most important spots of Southern India. The antiquities of the place may be divided into three groups—(1) the 5 Rathas to the south of the village, belonging probably to the latest Buddhist period; (2) the cave temples, monolithic figures, carvings, and sculptures west of the village, probably of the fifth or sixth century A.D., (these contain some marvellous reliefs, ranking with those of Ellora and Elephanta); (3) the more modern temples of Vishnu and Shiva, the latter being washed by the sea. In the neighbourhood there is a Brahmin village but no travellers' bungalow, and supplies are scarce. A visit to this place will well repay those who take an interest in mythological and antiquarian subjects. The journey can be made in a few hours with ease and comfort by the Buckingham Canal. *Sadras.*—Sadras, which can also be reached by the same canal, is an old Dutch settlement formed in the year 1647. It is situated on the coast and must have been, during its occupation by the Dutch, a very imposing place and flourishing town, but now it consists merely of a few houses and a native village of no importance. The fort is in a state of ruin, but enough of the fortifications remain to show the great strength of the masonry and the plan of the place. The monuments of the dead which it contains are an interesting subject of study. The former official residence of the Governor is now converted into a travellers' bungalow. It is rather a curious bomb-proof building, consisting of a hall with rooms on either side and out-offices in close proximity, the whole forming a square of no considerable dimensions. A short way off from this place stands the Governor's garden-house, a quaint but splendid edifice with towers, elevated terraces and

curious arches. It is in a dilapidated state, and portions of it have fallen to the ground. There are traces of a well-laid out garden and splendid tanks and other objects of interest about the place. *Covelong*.—In this connection Covelong, about 20 miles south of Madras, may also be mentioned. It was one of the earliest European settlements and formerly a place of some strategical importance. Covelong possesses a Roman Catholic church, almshouse and orphanage. The salt pans to the west of the village are large and there is some export trade in this article. Excellent oysters are found here. The inhabitants are chiefly fishermen and salt-manufacturers.

MADRAS MUNICIPAL COMMISSION.

GOVERNED BY MADRAS ACT I OF 1884 AS AMENDED BY ACTS VII OF 1884,
II OF 1892 AND II OF 1899.

OFFICE—No. 22, Erra Balu Chetti Street, Black Town.

The earliest measure of municipal government consisted of the appointment of watchmen and the imposition of a scavenger cess in 1678. At various periods small cesses on trades and commodities appear to have been levied for town purposes, but whether at any time the quit-rents were directly devoted to similar objects is not clear. The "Conicopolies' Fund" was assigned in 1735 for the maintenance of bridges and roads, and a little later this was augmented by the profits on public lotteries. From 1688 the Mayor and Corporation had control of municipal work and funds. In 1793 an Act allowing the imposition of municipal taxes was passed; and in 1798 a committee was appointed for the better administration of the town. Rules for markets and public conveyances and a provision tariff were drawn up by this body, and at the same time a portion of the excise revenue was devoted to municipal purposes. No trace of further municipal legislation is to be found till 1841; but since that date there have been numerous enactments on the subject. Municipal Acts were passed in 1856, 1865, 1867, 1871, 1878 and 1884. In 1867 the principle of representation was first asserted. At present the annual income of the city from taxation is about 10½ lakhs of rupees, or a general incidence, including tolls, of Rs. 2-4-7 per head of the population—not an excessive charge when it is considered that this has to provide for the sanitation of about 500,000 inhabitants, spread over 27 square miles, to maintain and light some 275 miles of road, to furnish pure drinking water, to contribute to schools and hospitals, and to provide a system of vaccination, &c. The Commission consists of a paid President with other officers, and 32 honorary Commissioners, three-fourths elected and one-fourth nominated by the Governor in Council. Details of the Commission, with rules, bye-laws, &c., are here given.

Stewart Durand Pears, Esq.—President.

Mahomed Suftlar Hussain Sahib Bahadur, M.A.S., F.L.I.N.S.T. (Provincial Civil Service);
Revenue Officer.

Samuel Loane, Esq., M. INST. C.E., M. INST. MECH. E. & FEL. INST. S.E., Engineer.

Captain T. S. Ross, I.M.S., Ag. Health Officer.

Commissioners.

No. 1 Division.—M.R.Ry. P. M. Appasawmy Pillay Avergal; D. A. Stuart.

No. 2 Division.—Lieut.-Col. W. B. Browning, C.I.E., I.M.S.; M.R.Ry. S. Subbaya Chetty Garu; M.R.Ry. P. M. Sivangnana Mudaliar Avergal.

No. 3 Division.—M.R.Ry. T. Venkatasubba Iyer Avergal; Muhammad Sheriff, Khan Bahadur; M.R.Ry. Lodd Govindas Garu.

No. 4 Division.—E. H. Elliot, Esq.; Mir Muzheruddin Sahib Bahr; M.R.Ry. D. Gopaul Row Garu.

No. 5 Division.—M.R.Ry. Dewan Bahadur V. Krishnama Charriar Avergal; M.R.Ry. W. S. Venkataramanjulu Naidu Garu; M.R.Ry. C. Sankaran Nair Avergal.

No. 6 Division.—Diwan Bahadur N. Subrahmanyam Avergal; E. S. Hensman, Esq.; M.R.Ry. M. K. Lakshmana Charriar Avergal; W. D. Smith, Esq.

No. 7 Division.—Major C. Donovan, I.M.S.; M.R.Ry. G. Varadiah Nayudu Garu; M.R.Ry. A. C. Parthasarathy Naidu Garu; M.R.Ry. K. Narayana Rao.

No. 8 Division.—M.R.Ry. V. C. Desika Chariyar Avergal; M.R.Ry. M. Punithavelu Mudaliar Avergal; Lieut.-Col. R. F. Formby.

Officers.

W. Ward, Esq., Assistant Engineer.

K. T. Mathew, Esq., L.R.C.P. & S., Edin., Assistant Health Officer.

M.R.Ry. T. S. Venkateswariah Avl., Fel. Inst. S.E., F.S.A., Assistant Engineer, New Drainage Works.

M.R.Ry. T. S. Venkateswariah Avl., Fel. Inst. S.E., F.S.A., Supervisor, South Range, (on other duty).

" V. Manicka Pather, Supervisor, Centre Range.

" S. Babu Rao, D.A., M.I.S.E., F.R.H.S., Ag. Supervisor, South Range.

Mr. D. A. Muller, Supervisor, West Range.

M.R.Ry. C. Ramadoss Naidu, Supervisor, North Range.

" P. Venkatasawmy Naidu, Sanitary Inspector, 1st Division.

" R. V. Moothiapillay, Sanitary Inspector, 2nd Division.

" M. S. Parthasarathy Moodelliar, Sanitary Inspector, 3rd Division.

" A. Chockalingam Pillay, Sanitary Inspector, 4th and 5th Divisions.

" V. Bashiam Moodelliar, Sanitary Inspector, 6th Division, (on other duty).

" E. A. Iyathoray Pillay, Ag. Sanitary Inspector, 6th Division.

" K. D. Subramania Iyer, Sanitary Inspector, 7th Division, (on other duty).

" M. S. Shunmugasundram Pillay, Ag. Sanitary Inspector, 7th Division.

" S. Babu Rao, D.A., M.I.S.E., F.R.H.S., Sanitary Inspector, 8th Division, (on other duty).

" S. Narayana Rao, Ag. Sanitary Inspector, 8th Division.

Mr. B. Tavagram, Superintendent, Revenue Department.

" J. H. Waples, do. do.

M.R.Ry. T. Singara Moodelliar, B.A., Manager.

Municipal Divisions.

1st Division.—Bounded on the North by the Northern limit of the jurisdiction of the High Court at Madras; on the South by the line of the Black Town Wall; on the East by the Sea; and on the West by Cochrane's Canal.

2nd Division.—Bounded on the North by the line of the Black Town Wall; on the South by Cochrane's Canal; on the East by Portuguese Church, Vardamuttiappan and Irusappa Maistri Streets, and a line from the South end of Irusappa Maistri Street across the Thieving Bazaar Esplanade towards the South and continued to Cochrane's Canal; and on the West by Cochrane's Canal.

3rd Division.—Bounded on the North by the line of the Black Town Wall; on the South by Cochrane's Canal; on the East by the Sea; and on the West by Portuguese Church, Vardamuttiappan and Irusappa Maistri Streets, and a line from the South end of Irusappa Maistri Street across the Thieving Bazaar Esplanade towards the South and continued to Cochrane's Canal.

The Fort and its glacis being excluded from these limits.

4th Division.—Bounded on the North by the Northern limit of the jurisdiction of the High Court at Madras; on the South by the Elephant Gate Bridge Road, D'Mellow's Road, Strahan's Road and Coonoor Road; on the East by Cochrane's Canal; and on the West by the Western limit of the jurisdiction of the High Court at Madras.

5th Division.—Bounded on the North by Strahan's Road, D'Mellow's Road and Elephant Gate Bridge Road; on the South and East by the Coom and Cochrane's Canal; and on the West by the Brick-kiln Road, Lunatic Hospital Road, Pathala Ponniamman Covil Road and Flower's Road, and a line continued across the Spur Tank from the Southern end of Flower's Road towards the South to the Coom.

6th Division.—Bounded on the North by Coonoor Road and Namasivaya Chetti Street; on the South by Peter's Road, Mount Road, Nungumbakam Road and Codambakam Road; on the East by the Brick-kiln Road, Lunatic Hospital Road, Pathala Ponniamman Covil Road and Flower's Road; a line continued across the Spur tank from the Southern end of Flower's Road towards the South to the Coom, the Coom, the road leading from Harris' Bridge to the Mount Road, the Mount Road, General Patter's Road, Wood's Road and Westcott's Road; and on the West by the Western limit of the jurisdiction of the High Court at Madras.

7th Division.—Bounded on the North by the Coom and Cochrane's Canal; on the South by the Ice House Road and Peter's Road; on the East by the Sea; and on the West by Westcott's Road, Wood's Road, General Patter's Road, Mount Road, Road from Mount Road to Harris Bridge and the Coom.

8th Division.—Bounded on the North by the Ice House Road, Peter's Road, Mount Road, Nungumbakam Road and Codambakam Road; on the South by the South bank of the Adyar River; on the East by the Sea; and on the West by the Mailapur Tank.

Election of Commissioners.

In order to be qualified to be elected a Commissioner, a person must

- be of the male sex;
- have completed his twenty-fifth year;
- be acquainted with the English language;
- be resident in the City of Madras or within two miles of the limits thereof and must
- have paid for the year preceding that in which the election takes place, taxes due under this Act, in respect of such year, to the aggregate amount of not

less than one hundred rupees, or have been, for the six months preceding the year in which the election takes place, the occupier, as owner, tenant or mortgagee, of a house assessed at a monthly rental of not less than Rs. 100.

And, further, in order to be qualified to be elected or nominated, a Commissioner, a person must not be at the date of the election or nomination

- (f) a Commissioner or officer or servant holding office under this Act or a Presidency Magistrate;
- (g) a person who has been sentenced by any Court to imprisonment (being imprisonment not inflicted in default of payment of a fine), whipping or transportation, which sentence has not been annulled, unless the Governor in Council has directed, by an order which he is hereby empowered to make if he shall see fit, that such sentence shall not operate as a disqualification;
- (h) a person who has been convicted of an offence under section 18, provided that such conviction has not been annulled;
- (i) an uncertificated bankrupt or undischarged insolvent;
- (j) a person interested, otherwise than as a shareholder in a joint-stock company, in any contract or work made with, or done for, the Commissioners.

When an undivided Hindu family or a company has fulfilled the conditions prescribed in clause (e) of this section, only one member thereof shall be eligible as representing such family or company to be elected a Commissioner.

Of the thirty-two non-official Commissioners, three-fourths shall, unless the Governor in Council otherwise directs, be appointed by election: Provided that the number so appointed shall not exceed three-fourths. The Commissioners not appointed by election shall be nominated by the Governor in Council.

A Commissioner nominated under this section need not be a resident in the division for which he is nominated.

The non-official Commissioners appointed by election shall be elected for the several divisions of the City by voters qualified as follows:—

In order to be a qualified voter under this section, a person must

- (a) be of the male sex;
- (b) have completed his twenty-first year;
- (c) reside within the division for the Commissioner of which he votes, and have paid for the year preceding that in which he votes, taxes, under this or any previous Act due in respect of such year, to the aggregate amount of not less than Rupees twenty-five; or
- (d) have paid for the year preceding that in which he votes, house-tax to an amount not less than twenty-five rupees in respect of immoveable property belonging to him situate in such division; or
- (e) have been, for the six months preceding the year in which the election takes place, the occupier as owner, tenant or mortgagee of a house in the division for which he desires to vote, assessed at a monthly rental of not less than twenty-five rupees; or
- (f) reside within the division for the Commissioner of which he votes, and be a graduate of some University in the United Kingdom, or British Colony or India.

And he must not have been convicted of an offence under section 18 (a).

A person owning immoveable property in more divisions than one may vote in each division in which he possesses the necessary qualification.

Tax on Arts, Professions, Trades, and Callings.

This tax is payable in two equal moieties half-yearly after the person liable to pay it has exercised any of the trades, &c., specified in the following Schedule A, for sixty days in the half-year.

Non-payment of the tax within fifteen days from the date of service of notice renders the defaulter liable, by prosecution before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding twice the amount of tax due, besides the payment of the tax, the cost of service of notice, and such other costs as may be awarded by the Magistrate.

Every member of a firm or partnership, or of an undivided Hindu family, shall be personally and separately liable.

Persons coming under several designations or classes are chargeable under any one of such designations or classes on their aggregate income from all such sources. Such persons shall not be entitled to exemption on the ground that the income from each or all of such professions singly is less than that qualifying for taxation in Class VII of Schedule A; provided the total income from all such incomes aggregates Rupees one hundred per mensem or more.

SCHEDULE A.

CLASS I.

- (A)—Joint-Stock Companies and other Companies carrying on any trade or business having gain for its object, or as Benefit Societies, and the capital of which exceeds 20 lakhs of rupees 500

Amended by Madras Act II of 1892.

- (B)—Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the capital of which exceeds 10 lakhs, but does not exceed 20 lakhs of rupees 350
- All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military profession or calling), or employed in any capacity upon a salary of Rs. 5,000 a month or upwards 350
- (C)—Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the capital of which is more than 5, but does not exceed 10 lakhs of rupees. 200
- (D)—Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the capital of which is more than 3, but does not exceed 5 lakhs of rupees. 150
- Provided that any Company described in Division (A), (B), (C), or (D) of this class, the head office or a branch or principal office of which shall not be in Madras, and which shall show that its gross income received in or from Madras shall not in the year immediately preceding the year of taxation have exceeded the sum of
Rs. 25,000, shall pay only Rs. 250; | Rs. 5,000, shall pay only Rs. 50;
15,000, " 150; |
and that if any such Company shall show that such gross income has not exceeded Rupees 2,500, such Company shall be exempt from taxation.
- Provided also that whenever a Joint-Stock Company has an office, agent, or firm to represent it for the purpose of carrying on business in the City, such office, agent, or firm shall be liable for the taxes payable under this Schedule.

All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military profession or calling), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 3,000 a month and is less than Rupees 5,000
Merchants, Bankers, Sowears, Contractors, Ship or Boat Owners, Traders, Auctioneers, Commission Agents or any Agents, Gumastahs or Servants in charge of the business of the aforesaid persons when the principals are non-resident...
Editors or Proprietors of Newspapers
Keepers of any Warehouse or Produce Depot
Dubashes, Brokers or other persons employed in the transfer, sale or purchase of Imports and Exports, or in the transfer, sale or purchase of Securities, Shares or Bills of Exchange, or in procuring freight 250
Practising Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Proctors, Notaries Public, Pleaders or Vakeels
Practising Physicians, Surgeons, Dentists, Architects, Civil Engineers
Owners or Farmers of Markets, Hotel-keepers, Lodging or Boarding House-keepers, Shop-keepers
Owners of any Printing Press, or Press for Cotton, Jute, Hides or other materials, of any Coffee-cleaning Establishment, Mill or other industry
Professional Artists, Artizans, Manufacturers, Painters, Photographers, Actors, Musicians, Dancers, Horse-dealers, and Dealers of every description not specified above

CLASS II.

- Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Class I, the capital of which is more than 2, but does not exceed 3 lakhs of rupees—subject to the provisos hereinbefore provided for Companies by this Schedule 100
- All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military profession or calling), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 2,000 a month and is less than Rupees 3,000
- Merchants, Bankers, Sowears, Contractors, Ship or Boat Owners, Traders, Auctioneers, Commission Agents or any Agents, Gumastahs or Servants in charge of the business of the aforesaid persons when the principals are non-resident, not assessed under Class I
- Editors or Proprietors of Newspapers not assessed under Class I
- Keepers of any Warehouse or Produce Depot not assessed under Class I
- Dubashes, Brokers or other persons employed in the transfer, sale or purchase of Imports and Exports, or in the transfer, sale or purchase of Securities, Shares, or Bills of Exchange, or in procuring freight, not assessed under Class I 150
- Practising Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Proctors, Notaries Public, Pleaders or Vakeels, not assessed under Class I
- Practising Physicians, Surgeons, Dentists, Architects, Civil Engineers, not assessed under Class I
- Owners or Farmers of Markets, Hotel-keepers, Lodging or Boarding House-keepers, Shop-keepers, not assessed under Class I
- Veterinary Surgeons, Builders, Land or Marine Surveyors, Practising Licentiates of Medicine, Apothecaries... ..
- Owners of any Printing Press, or Press for Cotton, Jute, Hides or other materials, of any Coffee-cleaning or other Establishment, Mill or other industry, not assessed under Class I
- Professional Artists, Artizans, Manufacturers, Painters, Photographers, Actors, Musicians, Dancers, Horse-dealers, and Dealers of every description not specified above, and not assessed under Class I

CLASS III.	Yearly.
Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Class I, the capital of which is more than 1 lakh, but does not exceed 2 lakhs of rupees—subject to the provisos hereinbefore provided for Companies by this Schedule	Rs. 50
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military profession or calling), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 1,000 a month and is less than Rupees 2,000	...
Merchants, Commission Agents or any Agents, Gunmastahs or Servants in charge of the business of the aforesaid persons when the principals are non-resident, Boat-owners, Traders, Auctioneers, not assessed under Class I or Class II	...
Dubashes, Brokers or other persons employed in the transfer, sale or purchase of Imports or Exports, or in the sale, transfer or purchase of Securities, Shares or Bills of Exchange, or in procuring freight, not assessed under Class I or Class II	...
Editors or Proprietors of Newspapers, not assessed under Class I or Class II	...
Hotel-keepers, Lodging or Boarding House-keepers, Shop-keepers, Owners of any Printing Press, or Press for Cotton, Hides or other materials, of any Coffee-cleaning or other Establishment, Mill or other industry, not assessed under Class II	75
Professional Artists, Artizans, Manufacturers, Painters, Photographers, Actors, Musicians, Dancers, Horse-dealers, and Dealers of every description not specified above, and not assessed under Class I or Class II	...
Practising Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Proctors, Notaries Public, Pleaders or Vakeels, not assessed under Class I or Class II	...
Veterinary Surgeons, Builders, Land or Marine Surveyors, Practising Licentiates of Medicine, Apothecaries, not assessed under Class II	...
Hakims, Vydians or other such Native Medical Practitioners	...
CLASS IV.	
All Companies not hereinbefore provided for—subject to the provisions provided for Companies by this Schedule	...
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military profession or calling), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 750 a month and is less than Rupees 1,000	85
All other persons described in, but not assessed under, Class III	...
CLASS V.	
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military profession or calling), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 500 a month and is less than Rupees 750	20
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed under that class or Class IV	...
CLASS VI.	
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military profession or calling), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 200 a month and is less than Rupees 500	10
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed in that class, or in Class IV or Class V	...
CLASS VII.	
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military profession or calling), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 100 a month and is less than Rupees 200	6
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed in that class, or Class IV, or Class V, or Class VI	...

Tax on Salaries of Persons exempted from payment under the foregoing Schedule.

Not to exceed one-half per cent. upon salaries exceeding one hundred rupees per mensem. The procedure as to the collection and payment of this tax is the same as that above stated under "Tax on Arts, Professions, Trades and Callings."

Tax on Buildings and Lands.

The Commissioners may impose an annual tax upon all buildings and lands, excepting light-houses, public piers, wharves, jetties, and all other works connected with the Harbour of Madras, all places set apart for public worship and either actually so used or used for no other purpose, and all burial and burning grounds.

Such tax shall not exceed 10* per centum of the annual value of the property on which it is imposed.

The President may, in lieu of such tax, levy upon any lands unappropriated to any building, or occupied by native huts with their appurtenances, a fixed annual tax not exceeding four rupees for every ground of such lands.

The tax shall be payable by the owners of the said buildings and lands in two equal moieties.

* This maximum rate is now levied.

The moiety for each half-year shall be payable within fifteen days after the commencement of such half-year.

The President shall exempt from tax any building or land, the annual value whereof is less than fourteen rupees, if it be the owner's sole property liable to tax under this Act.

The gross annual rent at which a building or land might reasonably be expected to let from month to month or from year to year, shall, for the purposes of assessment under this Act, be deemed to be the annual value of such building or land.

The value of a building or land so estimated shall not include the value of any machinery contained therein or thereon.

The President shall give public notice of a day or days, not being less than twenty-one days from the publication of such notice, when he will proceed to revise the said valuation and measurement and assessment; and in all cases in which any property is for the first time assessed, or in which the assessment of any property is increased, he shall give special notice thereof to the owner or occupier of such property.

Such special notice shall, in the case of an increased assessment, state the grounds of the increase.

All complaints against any valuation or measurement and assessment shall be made to the President by application in writing left at the office of the Commissioners eight days before the day fixed in the said notice for the revising of the said valuation or measurement and assessment, and shall be dealt with as an application for revision.

When any building has been vacant for thirty consecutive days in any half-year, the President shall remit so much, not exceeding one moiety of the tax due for that half-year, as is proportionate to the number of days during which such building has been vacant, if the owner of such building, or his agent, has given to the President notice in writing that such building is vacant.

The period in respect of which the remission is made shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice to the President, and every such notice shall expire with the half-year during which it is so delivered, and shall have no effect thereafter.

When any building is built, re-built or enlarged, the owner shall give notice thereof in writing to the President within fifteen days from the date of completion of such building, re-building or enlargement, or from the date of occupation of such building, whichever date happens first.

The owner of any such building who omits to give such notice shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

When any building is demolished, the owner thereof shall give notice in writing to the President of the completion of such demolition; and until such notice is given, such owner shall be liable, at the discretion of the President, to payment of all taxes which would have been leviable had such building not been demolished.

Payment for occupation of Municipal Lands.

Whenever any land belonging to the Commissioners is occupied by persons whose occupation has not commenced with the permission of the President, such money payment as the President may from time to time determine, may be required and levied from such persons in respect of such occupation.

The President may from time to time let, on lease for a term not exceeding three years, any such land, or any portion thereof, on such terms and conditions as he may deem proper, with liberty to the lessees to exercise all or any of the powers conferred upon the President by this section.

Water Tax.

An annual tax is levied upon all buildings and lands, except those exempted from "Tax on Buildings and Lands" above referred to, at such rate not exceeding 4 per centum upon the annual value thereof, within the populous parts of the city, and upon all other buildings and lands which are within 150 yards of a stand-pipe, fountain, reservoir or pump of drinking water supplied by the Commissioners, and not exceeding 2 per centum on the annual value thereof elsewhere as appears to the Commissioners sufficient for the purpose. The provisions for the assessing and collection of this tax are the same as those for the "Tax on Buildings and Lands." Property of less than 14 rupees annual value is exempt if it be the owner's sole property liable to tax under the Act.

Lighting Tax.

Subject to similar exemption an annual tax is leviable upon all buildings and lands at a rate not exceeding 2 per cent. of the annual value thereof. The provisions for the assessing and collection of this tax are the same as those for the "Tax on Buildings and Lands."

Tax on Vehicles with Springs and on Animals.

This tax is levied at rates specified in the following Schedule B on the vehicles and animals therein mentioned. It is paid half-yearly for each half of the year and becomes due when any such vehicle or animal has been in possession or custody or control of any person for thirty days, kept or let out for hire or used within the city.

The tax is not imposed on—

(a) gun carriages, ordnance carts or wagons, cavalry horse or any vehicles or animals belonging to the Government;

- (b) vehicles and animals belonging to the Commissioners;
- (c) animals exempt from Municipal tax under section 25 of "The Indian Volunteers Act, 1869";
- (d) vehicles and animals belonging to members of the Town Police and officers of the Municipality employed on out-door duties not exceeding one vehicle and two animals for each such officer;
- (e) vehicles and animals kept solely for sale by builders and dealers; or vehicles and animals which have not during the half-year been used.
- Every owner or person having the charge of a vehicle or animal liable to tax who omits to obtain a license shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and shall also pay the amount of the tax payable by him in respect of such vehicle or animal.

SCHEDULE B.

Vehicles with Springs and Animals liable to Taxation, with the Rates of Taxation.

	Half-yearly.
	RS. A. P.
For every 4-wheeled vehicle with springs drawn by two or more horses.....	15 0 0
For every 4-wheeled vehicle with springs drawn by a horse, mule, bull or bullock, or by two or more horses under thirteen hands, or by two or more mules, bulls or bullocks.....	7 8 0
For every 2-wheeled vehicle with springs drawn by one or more horses, mules, bulls or bullocks.....	4 8 0
For every other vehicle with springs, including bicycles, tricycles and jinrickshaws.....	4 8 0
For every horse over thirteen hands.....	7 8 0
For every horse of or under thirteen hands, or mule.....	3 12 0
For every horse of or under eleven hands.....	1 8 0
For every bullock or bull.....	0 12 0
For every male buffalo.....	0 12 0
For every ass.....	0 6 0
For every dog.....	0 12 0

SCHEDULE C.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR LICENSE FOR VEHICLES AND ANIMALS.

To the President of the Municipal Commission for the City of Madras.

I hereby certify that I have in my possession the animals and vehicles set forth in the list given hereunder, and no others liable to tax under Schedule B of Madras Act No. I of 1884 for the half-year ending the day of 190 :-

(Description of Vehicles and Animals.)

Tax for the half-year.		Tax for the half-year.
RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Four-wheeled vehicle with springs drawn by two or more horses... 15 0 0	Every other vehicle with springs, including bicycles, tricycles and jinrickshaws.....	4 8 0
Four-wheeled vehicle with springs drawn by a horse, mule, bull or bullock, or by two or more horses under thirteen hands, or by two or more mules, bulls or bullocks. 7 8 0	Horse over thirteen hands.....	7 8 0
Two-wheeled vehicle with springs drawn by one or more horses, mules, bulls or bullocks..... 4 8 0	Horse of or under thirteen hands, or mule.....	3 12 0
	Horse of or under eleven hands.....	1 8 0
	Bullock or bull.....	0 12 0
	Male buffalo.....	0 12 0
	Ass.....	0 6 0
	Dog.....	0 12 0

Date.....

Signature.....

Residence.....

Tax on Carts and other Vehicles without springs.

A tax not exceeding three rupees half-yearly for registration. The registration number must be affixed to the cart. Penalty for default not exceeding Rs. 10. Carts not registered within 15 days from the commencement of a half-year, or of possession, are subject to seizure, detention, and sale.

Tolls on Vehicles and Animals entering Municipal limits.

Tolls are levied at the rates mentioned in the following Schedule D upon the vehicles and animals specified therein entering the city.

No more than one payment of toll shall be demanded in respect of any vehicle, or animal in any one period of twenty-four hours counted from midnight to midnight.

In case of non-payment of any such toll on demand, the person appointed to collect it may seize any vehicle, or animal on which it is chargeable, or any of its appurtenances or any part of the load of such vehicle or animal which is of sufficient value to defray the toll and detain the same.

If any such toll, together with the expenses arising from such seizure, remains unpaid for forty-eight hours from the time of seizure, the President may sell, or cause to be sold, the property seized for the payment of the toll and expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, detention, and sale.

The President may compound with persons living outside the city for a sum to be paid annually or half-yearly, in lieu of all tolls payable by them under the provisions of this Act.

SCHEDULE D.

TOLLS PAYABLE ON ENTERING MUNICIPAL LIMITS.

RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
On every four-wheeled vehicle with springs..... 0 4 0	On every buffalo, bull or bullock, laden.....	0 0 6
Do. other do. do. 0 2 0	Do. horse over thirteen hands, laden or ridden.....	0 1 0
Do. hackery or cart drawn by men, bulls, bullocks, horses, asses or mules, laden..... 0 2 0	Do. do. over thirteen hands, not laden or ridden.....	0 0 6
On every hackery or cart drawn by men, bulls, bullocks, horses, asses or mules, not laden..... 0 1 0	Do. do. of or under thirteen hands, or ass, laden or ridden	0 0 6
	Do. elephant.....	0 8 0
	Do. camel.....	0 1 0

Tax upon Places used for the Sale of Spirituous and Intoxicating Liquors.

Every retail dealer in spirituous and intoxicating liquors shall cause each separate place of business used by him in the city for the sale of such liquors to be registered annually in the Municipal Office, and shall pay for each such place of business such annual tax as is specified in Schedule E.

Every such dealer who fails to pay the tax in pursuance of such notice shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not less than the amount of the tax and not more than three times the amount of such tax as the Magistrate may in his discretion determine.

SCHEDULE E.

TAX ON LIQUOR SHOPS.

Class I.

Yearly. RS.

Shops for the sale of Wines, Beer, or Spirits.....	75
Pattai and Colombo Arrack Shops whose Dowie, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 7 gallons and upwards, for each shop per diem.....	75

Class II.

Shops for the sale of Wines, Beer, or Spirits, which the Municipal Commissioners shall have determined not to assess under Class I.....	50
Pattai and Colombo Arrack Shops whose Dowie, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 5 gallons and less than 7 gallons, for each shop per diem.....	50
Shops for the sale of Toddy rated by the Collector of Madras as 1st-class Toddy Shops.....	50

Class III.

Pattai and Colombo Arrack Shops whose Dowie, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 3 gallons and for less than 5 gallons, for each shop per diem.....	25
Shops for the sale of Toddy rated by the Collector as 2nd-class Toddy Shops.....	25

Class IV.

Pattai and Colombo Arrack Shops whose Dowie, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 3 gallons and under, for each shop per diem.....	12
Shops for the sale of Toddy rated by the Collector as 3rd-class Toddy Shops.....	12

Appeals.

Complaints, applications and objections, made in writing within the prescribed periods against assessments for the levy of taxes on Arts, Professions, Trades, and Callings; on salaries of persons exempted from payment under Schedule A; on Houses, Buildings, and Lands; and on places used for the sale of spirituous and intoxicating liquors, and all complaints against any other tax or toll assessed or demanded by the Commissioners, shall be heard by the President assisted by two Commissioners.

Appeals from decisions of the President shall be heard and determined by two Magistrates.

No appeal to the Magistrates shall lie unless the tax assessed or revised as aforesaid has been paid, and unless a petition of appeal is presented to them within fourteen days from the date of such decision of the President, and unless a notice in writing of intention to appeal to the Magistrates is given to the President within seven days from the date of such decision, such notice setting forth the grounds of appeal and the name, occupation, and residence of the appellant and of his Attorney or Vakil, if any, with his place of residence or business.

Upon the hearing of such appeal no ground of appeal shall be relied upon which has not been set forth in the petition of appeal, except with the permission of the Magistrates.

The Magistrates may, if they think fit, in any case in which an appeal lies to them under this Act, state a case and refer it for the decision of the High Court; and they shall do so in every case involving a question of law if either the President or the appellant, within one week after the adjudication of the appeal, applies in writing to them to do so and deposits such sum as the Magistrates think necessary to defray the cost of such reference.

Where a case has been so referred, the High Court may pass such order thereupon as it thinks just.

Fees on Notices of Demand.

	FEE.			FEE.	
	RS.	A.		RS.	A.
Under 5 rupees	0	1	50 and under 100 rupees	0	6
5 and under 20 rupees	0	2	100 rupees and upwards	0	8
20 " 50 "	0	4			

Table of Fees payable on Distraints under this Act.

SUMS DISTRAINED FOR.		FEE.	SUMS DISTRAINED FOR.		FEE.
	RS. A.			RS. A.	
Under 5 rupees	0 4		35 and under 40 rupees	2 0	
5 and under 10 rupees.....	0 8		40 " 45 "	2 4	
10 " 15 "	0 12		45 " 50 "	2 8	
15 " 20 "	1 0		50 " 60 "	3 0	
20 " 25 "	1 4		60 " 80 "	3 12	
25 " 30 "	1 8		80 " 100 "	4 8	
30 " 35 "	1 12		100 rupees and upwards	6 0	

The above charge includes all expenses, except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case 4 annas must be paid daily for each man.

Schedule of Fees for Registrations and Licenses passed by the Municipal Commissioners under Section 396 of the Act.

SCHEDULE I.

Schedule of Fees chargeable under Section 420 of the City of Madras Municipal Act I of 1884, amended by Acts VII of 1884, II of 1892 and II of 1899 for licenses, permissions, sanctions and registrations as revised by the Standing Committee on 22nd July and 14th October 1892, 2nd June 1893, 16th February and 8th December 1899, 7th September 1900 and 9th May 1902.

Sec- tions.		Fee.	REMARKS.
166	Registration of cart or other springless vehicle by person becoming intermediately possessed of it in the course of any half-year ...	RS. A. P. 3 0 0	
210	Registration of transfer of debenture bonds ...	1 0 0	
288	To put up verandahs, balconies, sun-shades not touching the ground ...	Rs. 5 per 100 sq. ft. per annum.	} No charge over existing pials or land within the line of existing pials.
288	Do. do. supported on ground ...	Rs. 10 per 100 sq. ft. per annum.	
289	To put up pandals for ceremonies, &c., over pials (Municipal land) ...	*1 rupee per day for 10 days and 8 annas daily thereafter.	
289	For erecting pandals for ceremonies, &c., when over the street ...	*1 rupee per diem for pandal not extending more than 3 feet into the street from the drain; beyond this, 5 rupees per day.	No permission to be given exceeding 15 days.
290	To put up scaffolding, hoards, &c. ...	1 rupee for each 33½ lineal feet of frontage and 3 feet of breadth for every 10 days; 2 rupees for 11 to 20 days; 3 rupees for 21 to 30 days, and so on. For breadths between 3 feet and 6 feet, four times these rates.	
294	Deposit in streets, &c. ...	1 rupee per 100 square feet per day.	

* No fee for the erecting of pandals, toranams, &c., in public streets on occasion of festivals and processions connected with temples and other places of public worship in the city.

Schedule of Fees chargeable under Section 420 of the City of Madras Municipal Act I of 1884, amended by Acts II VII of 1884 of 1892 and II of 1899 for licenses, permissions, sanctions and registrations as revised by the Standing Committee on 22nd July and 14th October 1892, 2nd June 1893, 16th February and 8th December 1899, 7th September 1900 and 9th May 1902—contd.

Sections.		Fee.	REMARKS.
320	To keep a public latrine for any period not exceeding one year	Rs. A. P. 3 0 0	Each per annum.
332	Dangerous and offensive trades— <i>To use a place for any of the following purposes:—</i>		
	1. Dhobies	...	Free under G.O., No. 475 M., Mis., dated 22nd May 1886.
	2. Boiling paddy	1 0 0	Each per annum.
	3. Melting tallow	10 0 0	Do.
	4. Do. sulphur	10 0 0	Do.
	5. Boiling or storing offal, blood, bones or rags ...	50 0 0	Do.
	6. Washing or drying wool or hair	50 0 0	Do.
	7. Soap-house	50 0 0	Do.
	8. Dyeing-house or yard ...	6 0 0	Per $\frac{1}{4}$ ground or portion thereof of area.
	9. Camphor-boiling house ...	5 0 0	Each house, mill or press per annum.
	10. Oil-boiling house	5 0 0	Each per annum.
	11. Oil-mill or press	75 0 0	Per kiln per $\frac{1}{4}$ ground per annum.
	12. Tannery	10 0 0	Do. do.
	13. Brick-kiln	20 0 0	Do. do.
	14. Pottery-kiln	50 0 0	Each manufactory per annum.
	15. Lime-kiln	50 0 0	Each distillery per annum.
	16. Sago manufactory	50 0 0	First class, income of Rs. 5,000 and over per annum.
	17. Distillery	35 0 0	Second class, income of Rs. 3,000 and over per annum.
	18. Any manufactory from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise.	20 0 0	Third class, income of Rs. 1,000 and over per annum.
	19. Place for storing hides, fish, horns, skins from which offensive and unwholesome smells arise...	5 0 0	Fourth class, of all others per annum.
332	19a. Place for storing salt-fish.	50 0 0	Each per annum.
	20. Gunpowder manufactory...	3 0 0	Do.
	21. Manufactory of fireworks.	100 0 0	Do.
	22. Place for storing explosive or combustible materials.	15 0 0	Per annum.
	22a. Place for storing petroleum in quantities between 50 and 500 gallons.	25 0 0	Each per annum.
		2 8 0 per annum...	Per every 50 gallons.
	23. Any place which is used for any purposes which are calculated to be dangerous to life, health or property.	100 0 0	First class, income over Rs. 3,000 per annum.
		75 0 0	Second class, income of Rs. 3,000 per annum.
		50 0 0	Third class, income of Rs. 2,000 per annum.
		25 0 0	Fourth class, income of Rs. 1,000 per annum.
	Manufacture of carpets and rugs.	2 0 0	Per loom of 1 yard wide and that looms of greater width to be charged proportionately per annum.

Schedule of Fees chargeable under Section 420 of the City of Madras Municipal Act I of 1884, amended by Acts VII of 1884, Act II of 1892 and II of 1899, for licenses, permissions, sanctions and registrations as revised by the Standing Committee on 22nd July and 14th October 1892, 2nd June 1893, 16th February and 8th December 1899, 7th September 1900 and 9th May 1902—contd.

Sec- tions.	Fee.	REMARKS.
835	To use a place for any of the following purposes:— 1. Livery or hack-stable ... 2. Horse lines ... 3. Veterinary infirmary ...	RS. A. P. 0 8 0 per annum ... For each stable not exceeding 5 stalls. For 5 to 10 stalls. 11 ,, 20 ,, 21 ,, 50 ,, 31 ,, 75 ,, 41 ,, 100 ,, 51 ,, 200 ,, 61 ,, 300 ,, No charge for 2 stalls or less.
	5 0 0 ,, 10 0 0 ,, 25 0 0 ,, 35 0 0 ,, 50 0 0 ,, 100 0 0 ,, 150 0 0 ,, and so on	
	4. Cart-stand ...	7 8 0 per annum ... Per ground, Re. 1 for each ground or part of ground in excess of one ground per annum. No less fee than Rs. 7-8-0.
	5. Cattle-shed or yard for public resort in which twenty sheep or goats or ten horned cattle are kept or allowed to be together in non-populous parts ... Do. in the populous parts for six or more sheep or goats or for four or more cattle ...	1 0 0 ,, Bath. 2 0 0 ,, Each. No charge for 3 or less. Places licensed as hack-stables exempted.
338	To use a place or portion of a place for the sale or storage (for other than private use) of— 1. Wood including timber, planks, and bamboo and palmyra rafters ... 2. Firewood ... 3. Firewood in bundles, straw, &c., (retail sale) ... 4. Thatching materials ... 5. Hay ... 6. Grass ... 7. Straw ... 8. Coal or charcoal ...	10 0 0 ,, Each per ground per annum. No less charge than for a ground. 6 0 0 ,, Do do do 1 0 0 ,, Each per annum. 5 0 0 ,, Per ground or part of ground per annum. 15 0 0 ,, Do do do 5 0 0 ,, Per ton.
341	Import of timber ... Do. of inferior redwood (not suitable for building purposes) including stumps and roots ... Do. of palmyra rafters, bamboos, casuarina posts and junglewood posts ... Do. of firewood ...	2 0 0 ,, Do 1 8 0 ,, Do 0 6 0 ,, Do
343	1. Bake-houses classified by the Standing Committee ... 2. Manufactory of Ice ... 3. Do. of Aërated water ...	1st class Rs. 30 per annum 1st class income over Rs. 1,000. 2nd ,, ,, 15 ,, 2nd ,, 500. 3rd ,, ,, 5 ,, 3rd ,, under 500. RS. A. P. 100 0 0 Per annum. 100 0 0 Do 100 0 0 Do 3 0 0 Do
345	Slaughter-houses ... Meat-stalls ...	100 0 0 Do 3 0 0 Do

Schedule of Fees chargeable under Section 420 of the City of Madras Municipal Act I of 1884, amended by Acts VII of 1884, Act II of 1892 and II of 1899, for licenses, permissions, sanctions and registrations as revised by the Standing Committee on 22nd July and 14th October 1892, 2nd June 1893, 16th February and 8th December 1899, 7th September 1900, and 9th May 1902—concl'd.

Sec- tions.	Fee.	REMARKS.
317	Slaughter of cattle ... Do. sheep, goats and pigs.	RS. A. P. 0 8 0 ... Per head. 0 1 0 ... Do. 100 0 0 ... For first and second class.
359	New market, opening of ...	50 0 0 ... For third and fourth class.
361	Annual license for markets classified by the Standing Committee.	200 0 0 ... First class. 100 0 0 ... Second ,, 50 0 0 ... Third ,, 25 0 ... Fourth ,,
379	Registration of burial and burning grounds ...	10 0 0 ... Per each.
393	New do. do.	10 0 0 ... Do.

Ootacamund, June 26, 1884—NOTIFICATION.

No. 95.—The following bye-laws made by the Commissioners under Section 341 of the City of Madras Municipal Act I of 1884 and approved by Government, are published as required by Section 415 of the said Act:—

Bye-laws under Section 341 of the City of Madras Municipal Act, 1883, (Madras Act No. I of 1884).

No person shall bring within the city any timber or firewood without a license specifying the place and conditions of storing or otherwise disposing of the same, to be granted on payment of a fee to be fixed by the Commissioners with the sanction of Government, and not exceeding the rates specified in Section 341.

2. Licenses will be issued by the President or by any person authorized in writing by the President in that behalf (hereinafter called the licensing officer). The President may also authorize such person in writing to collect the fees sanctioned for such licenses.

3. With the sanction of Government the President may delegate his authority under Bye-law 2 as follows:—

(a) For import by sea—to the Collector of Sea Customs, or to the Conservator of the port.

(b) For import by rail—to the Agent of the Madras Railway and to the Agent of the South Indian Railway, respectively.

(c) For import by canal—to the Engineer in charge of the Buckingham Canal.

4. Every person desiring to bring any timber or firewood into Madras shall present to the licensing officer an application in the following form or to the like effect:—

Madras, 190 .

To Sir,—Please grant, on payment of the sanctioned fee of Rs. per ton for timber and Rs. per ton for firewood, a license for taking into the City of Madras at tons of to be stored at No. in Street at within the Municipal Division of Madras [(or) to be sold in the streets]. (Signed)

5. The licensing officer, after satisfying himself as to the quantity of timber or firewood to be imported, shall, on receipt of the proper fee, issue a license in the following form or to the like effect:—

Madras, 190 .

having paid to the Municipal Commissioners the sum of Rs. is hereby licensed to bring into the City of Madras tons of {timber } {firewood } to be stored (unless for private use) in a licensed depot at No. Street at [(or) to be sold in the streets].

N.B.—This license is valid only for day after the date of issue.

6. In reckoning the fees to be paid for licenses under these bye-laws, a ton of timber shall mean 50 cubic feet. Firewood imported by canal shall be charged on the registered tonnage of the boat, or, if the importer so desire, on the firewood actually contained in the boat, 80 cubic feet, outside measurement, being regarded as a ton. Anything less than a quarter ton shall be reckoned as a quarter ton, and anything above a quarter ton and under half a ton as half a ton. A country cart laden with firewood shall be reckoned as carrying half a ton.

7. Every licensing officer shall keep such accounts relating to the issue of licenses as the President may require, and such accounts shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by the President or the Vice-Presidents or by any officer authorised by the President in that behalf.

Any licensing officer who refuses so to produce his accounts shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

Supplemental bye-laws under Section 341 of the City of Madras Municipal Act, 1883, (Madras Act No. I of 1884), confirmed by Government and republished under Section 416, Act I of 1884.

When any timber or firewood is exported beyond the limits of the city, a sum equivalent to nine-tenths of the license fee that would be payable thereon if imported into the city, shall be refunded on application by the owner thereof to the President in the form or to the effect following, viz. :—

MADRAS MUNICIPALITY.

Form of application for refund of license fee on timber and firewood.

To
THE PRESIDENT,
Municipal Commission, Madras.

SIR,
Please grant me a refund of Rupees _____ on the _____ hereunder described and to be exported beyond the limits of the City of Madras.

Note number (in words at length) and nature of article.	Address or mark, if any, given thereon.	Description of article.	Quantity (in words at length) and not in figures alone.	Whence imported and, if by sea, by what vessel.	When.	Number and date of license granted on import.	Where to be exported to.	By what route to be exported.	At what time it would be at the station through which it passes out.	Where available for inspection in the meantime.	REMARKS.
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*Ton C. ft.

* Of 50 cubic feet, if timber, and 80 cubic feet, outside measurement, if firewood.

Date. _____
(Signature of applicant)
(Place of his residence)
(Place of his business)

2. Such application shall be made at least 48 hours before the date of the intended export beyond the limits of the city and shall be accompanied by the original license granted on import thereof under bye-law 5 of the existing bye-laws under Section 341.

3. All timber and firewood so intended for export shall be open for inspection at all reasonable times by the President or the Vice-Presidents or by such Officers or Subordinates as may be deputed by the President for the purpose.

4. Every person so exporting as aforesaid, shall, after the timber or firewood has been exported beyond the city, deliver to the President a certificate of its having been so exported, under the hand of the Licensing Officer through whom it shall have so passed out or of any of his Officers or Subordinates and countersigned by one of the Inspectors specially employed by the President to see such export, and such certificate shall be in the words or to the effect following, viz. :—

MADRAS MUNICIPALITY.

Form of certificate under supplemental bye-law 4 of the supplemental bye-laws for refund of timber and firewood license fees.

It is hereby certified that _____ and carrying on business at _____ has this day exported beyond the City of Madras _____ consigned to _____ by the _____ the following _____ : viz. :—

Number (in words at length) and nature of article.	Address or mark, if any, given thereon.	Description of article.	Quantity (in words at length) and not in figures alone.	REMARKS.
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*Ton. C. ft.

* Of 50 cubic feet if timber, and 80 cubic feet, outside measurement, if firewood.

Date. _____
(Signature of the Licensing Officer)
through whom the _____ has been passed out).

5. The Licensing Officer granting such certificate shall send, addressed to the President direct, a duplicate of such certificate, marked as such, as soon as practicable after the issue of the original, and, if such certificate shall be signed by any Subordinate of such Licensing Officer, the duplicate shall be countersigned by such Licensing Officer.

6. On the President being satisfied as to the export, he shall make a refund of a sum equivalent to nine-tenths of the license fee that would be payable thereon, if imported into the city, on a proper discharge.

Provided that when any timber or firewood is exported within 4 months from the introduction of a change in the rate of license fee

(a) if such change was an enhancement in the rate, the sum shall be calculated at the lower rate, unless the exporter shall prove to the satisfaction of the President that license fee at the higher rate has been paid on the timber or firewood exported, and

(b) if such change was a reduction of the rate, the sum shall be calculated at the reduced rate, unless the exporter shall prove to the satisfaction of the President that license fee at the higher rate has been paid on the timber or firewood exported.

7. In reckoning the fee to be refunded, the measurements prescribed in bye-law 6 of the existing bye-laws under Section 341 shall be adopted.

No. 233.—Bye-Laws under Section 354 and 413 (i) and 414 of Madras Act I of 1884.

Applicable to all Public Markets.

1. *Bazaar coolies to be licensed.*—With the exception specified below no person shall work for hire as bazaar cooly within the limits of a Municipal market who is not duly licensed for such purpose by the Commissioners or by such officers as they may from time to time authorise to grant licenses to bazaar coolies.

2. *Register of licensed coolies.*—A register of licensed coolies shall be kept in the office of each Market Superintendent.

3. *Licensed coolies shall wear badges, &c.*—A licensed cooly shall wear a badge or such other distinctive dress as shall enable every person frequenting the market to know that he is licensed, and each licensed cooly shall wear on his arm or in some other conspicuous place a number corresponding with his number in the Register of licensed coolies.

4. *No one to wear badges except licensed coolies.*—No person who is not a licensed cooly shall wear a badge, distinctive dress or number issued under the preceding rule.

5. *Licensed coolies shall pay for badge, &c.*—Licensed coolies shall be charged such sum for the badge or distinctive dress referred to above as the Municipal Commissioners shall from time to time prescribe.

6. *Maistries of licensed coolies.*—Maistries may from time to time be appointed to preserve order and discipline among the licensed coolies of any market and to prevent their harassing the public, and such maistries shall be remunerated by salaries met by contributions to be paid by the coolies monthly as a condition of continuance of their license. Such contribution shall be such sum not exceeding As. 6 per mensem as may from time to time be fixed by the Commissioners: Provided that not more than one maistry shall be appointed to 25 licensed coolies.

7. *Servants not prohibited from carrying purchases.*—These rules shall not apply to prevent servants in the employ of persons frequenting a market from carrying purchases made by such persons.

8. *Private coolies may be prohibited.*—The Superintendent of any market may for special reasons to be recorded by him refuse to allow any particular person to act as a private cooly if he thinks that the employment of such persons within the limits of such market is inexpedient.

9. *Leprosy and other contagious diseases.*—No person having large open or exposed sores or who is afflicted with leprosy or any loathsome contagious or infectious disease shall enter any market, and any such person may be expelled from any market by the Superintendent of such market or his assistant.

10. *Dogs.*—No person shall bring a dog into any market.

11. *Smoking and cooking.*—No person shall smoke in a market and no one shall cook in a market without permission.

12. *Spitting.*—No person shall spit in a market except in spittoons or places provided for that purpose.

13. *Disturbance.*—No person shall create a disturbance in a market by singing or beating of tom-toms or by other musical instruments or by quarrelling or by using abusive language or in any other manner.

14. *Fire and Light.*—The tenant or occupier or the servant of the tenant or occupier of any building, shop or stall in any market shall always before such building, shop or stall is left unoccupied at any time extinguish or cause to be extinguished every fire or light in such building, shop or stall, and no fire or light which is dangerous to the safety of any building, shop or stall shall be at any time kindled or kept or left alight.

15. *Cleaning of shops and stalls.*—Every tenant or occupier of any building, shop or stall in a market shall cause such building, shop or stall to be properly cleaned between such hours as the Market Superintendent shall from time to time direct, and no refuse shall be thrown out of any building, shop or stall at any other time, but such refuse shall

be placed in baskets or such other receptacles as may from time to time be pointed out by the Market Superintendent as being convenient for its removal by the market sweepers.

16. *Obstruction of passages.*—No tenant or occupier of any building, shop or stall in a market or the servant of such tenant or occupier shall cause or allow any goods, provisions or articles to be deposited or exposed for sale in or upon such building, shop or stall so that such goods, provisions or articles or any part thereof shall project beyond the line of such building, shop or stall.

17. *Expulsion from market of disorderly persons.*—The Superintendent of any market or his subordinates may expel from the market premises any person who is found thereon drunk or begging or loitering or who misconducts himself or is a lunatic or who in any way infringes any of these bye-laws and may (subject to the approval of the President) prevent such person from further carrying on any trade or business in the market or occupying any building, shop or stall therein, if he is a tenant, occupier or vendor, or a servant of any of these persons.

18. *Obedience to Superintendent.*—All tenants, occupiers, vendors and their servants and agents in any market shall obey all the orders of the Superintendent of the market, but shall have the right of appealing against the continuance of any of such orders to the President.

19. *Market limits.*—A Municipal market for the purpose of these rules shall include all the land together with the buildings thereon belonging to the Commissioners which has been or may hereafter be set apart by them for the purpose of a Municipal market as well as all roads and vacant lands which are included within such limits.

20. Servants employed by the Commissioners in the public markets are forbidden to ask for or receive any gratuity in money or otherwise.

21. *Penalty for infringement of bye-laws.*—Every person offending against any of these bye-laws shall for every offence be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

*Bye-laws under Section 347 of the City of Madras Municipal Act, 1883,
(Madras Act No. I of 1884).*

1. No person will be allowed to bring any cattle, sheep, goats or pigs, into any slaughter-house, without a license to be granted on payment of a fee to be fixed by the Commissioners with the sanction of the Governor in Council, and not exceeding the rates specified in Section 347.

2. No license will be valid without the signature of the President or of one of the Vice-Presidents or of some other persons authorized by the President in that behalf.

3. Licenses will be issued by the President or by any person authorized by the President in that behalf, and the President may also authorize such or by any person to collect the fees sanctioned for such licenses.

4. Every license shall be issued in the name of some person or persons and for a limited time, and shall be invalid if transferred to any one else or if not made use of before the expiry of the specified time.

5. Licenses will be obtainable at or near the gate of each slaughter-house during the usual hours of slaughtering, and in special cases at the Municipal office.

6. Whoever brings or causes to be brought any cattle, sheep, goats or pigs into a slaughter-house without a license shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rupees 20 for each offence.

Nr. 234.—Bye-Laws under Sections 413 (h) and 414 of Madras Act I of 1884.

Applicable to the Municipal Slaughter-houses.

1. All persons shall have free access to the Municipal slaughter-houses for the purpose of slaughtering animals intended for public or private consumption on the conditions hereinafter named.

2. Butchers or their assistants or private persons intending to avail themselves of the slaughter-houses shall apply to the Commissioners for a license, and no one (except skin merchants and their assistants or purchasers of offal to whom permits have been issued by the Commissioners for the purpose) shall be admitted to any of the slaughter-houses except on production of such a license.

3. Licenses shall be granted on payment of Re. 1 annually, shall specify the name of the holder and of the portions of the slaughter-houses allotted to him and shall not be transferable.

4. Every person in any slaughter-house is bound to produce his license or permit when called on by the Superintendent to do so.

5. None but license-holders and the Municipal Officers shall be admitted within the premises during the process of slaughtering, skinning or cutting up the carcasses.

6. Proper places of slaughtering animals shall be assigned by the Superintendent to the license holders.

7. License holders shall only be permitted to slaughter cattle at such hours as may from time to time be fixed by the Commissioners by a notification to be signed by the Superintendent and fixed in some conspicuous place in the slaughter-house.

8. No diseased cattle shall be brought to the slaughter-houses.

9. Any cattle suspected of being diseased or presenting symptoms of disease when brought to the slaughter-houses shall be kept under observation of the Municipal Officer in such places as may from time to time be appointed for the purpose.

10. Animals affected with contagious diseases when brought to the slaughter-house shall be seized and destroyed and disposed of as the Commissioners shall think proper.

11. No dying or dead cattle shall be admitted into the slaughter-houses, and any such cattle brought to the slaughter-houses shall be seized and treated like animals affected with contagious diseases.

12. Cattle which may have met with an accident rendering them unfit for further work are excepted from the above bye-law, but they must be brought to the slaughter-house immediately after the accident.

13. All carcasses shall, after slaughtering, be inspected carefully by the Superintendent of the slaughter-house, and no carcass showing signs of contagious or other disease shall be allowed to be removed from the slaughter-house unless the Superintendent declares the said meat fit for food. Should a dispute arise, the matter shall be referred to the Health Officer for the Town of Madras, whose decision shall be final.

14. No meat or offal of any animals which, after having been slaughtered, is found to be diseased or believed to be unfit for human consumption shall be allowed to be removed. Such meat or offal shall be destroyed by order of the Superintendent of the slaughter-house so as to prevent its introduction into the markets or bazaars of Madras.

15. Except in cases of contagious diseases the skin of the animal shall remain the property of the owner. After the inspection of the carcasses, if the meat is considered sound and fit food for man, such carcasses shall be *stamped* over the body by the Superintendent after the skinning process has been completed and before they are quartered or cut.

16. All refuse or offal rejected by a license holder shall be deposited by him or his assistants in the offal buckets.

17. The solid contents of the entrails shall not be allowed to be washed into the sewers, but shall be removed by the license holder into the offal buckets.

18. No skins, entrails or other offal shall be allowed to remain in the slaughter-houses after such hours as the Superintendent, with the sanction of the Commissioners, shall fix.

19. All skins, entrails or other offal left at the slaughter-houses by a license holder shall be disposed of as common offal.

20. All skins, entrails or other offal left at the slaughter-houses after the hour fixed by the Superintendent, without this officer's sanction, shall be considered as abandoned and shall become the property of the Commissioners, who may dispose of them as they shall think fit.

21. No license holder shall be permitted to sell meat in the slaughter-house premises, but may sell the offal and skin within the yard to purchasers to whom permits have been issued by the Commissioners to enter the yard for that purpose.

22. Meat, entrails and offal shall be removed in covered carts or baskets, but the Superintendent of the slaughter-houses or his assistants shall be bound to inspect daily the said carts or baskets, and see that they are kept clean.

23. Every license holder using a slaughter-house shall be responsible for any damage done to the slaughter-house either by his own act or the act of his servants, and any such license holder refusing to pay for such damage done to the property of the Commissioners shall have his license cancelled and the amount of such damage shall be recoverable by suit.

24. The insufflation or blowing of carcasses is strictly forbidden.

25. No person affected with leprosy, sores or other diseases of the skin shall be permitted to enter the slaughter-house.

26. No dogs shall be admitted into the slaughter-houses. All dogs found there shall be made over to the police to be dealt with as stray dogs.

27. Any person working in the slaughter-house is forbidden to make any noise, to fight or quarrel or use insulting, abusive or obscene language, and any person contravening this bye-law shall be turned out of the slaughter-house by the Superintendent or his assistants.

28. Servants employed by the Commissioners in the slaughter-houses are forbidden to ask for or receive any gratuity in money or otherwise.

29. Every person offending against any of these bye-laws shall for every offence be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

Bye-laws made by the Municipal Commissioners of the City of Madras for the regulation of their Meetings.

No 24.—The following Bye-laws made by the Municipal Commissioners of the City of Madras for the regulation of their meetings having been duly published under Section 415 of Act I of 1884 (Madras), as modified by Section 25 of Act VII of 1884 (Madras), and confirmed by the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, are now published for general information:—

Bye-laws.

At the hour fixed for a meeting of the Commissioners, if a quorum be present, the business of the meeting may at once commence, and, if the President be not present, the meeting may proceed at once to choose a presiding Commissioner under Section 73. If the President arrives after a presiding Commissioner has been chosen by the meeting, the presiding Commissioner shall leave the chair and the President shall preside.

2. If, at the hour fixed for a meeting, no quorum be present, the President shall allow fifteen minutes to elapse before he adjourns the meeting under section 74. If the President be not present and if fifteen minutes from the hour fixed for the meeting elapse without the assembling of a quorum, the meeting shall stand adjourned to that day week at the same time and place.

3. If, during a meeting, the President notices that a quorum is not present or any Commissioner calls the attention of the President to the fact that a quorum is not present, the President shall immediately suspend the business of the meeting and shall count the number of Commissioners present, and if that number is insufficient to form a quorum, the President may either at once adjourn the meeting or may wait for a period not exceeding fifteen minutes to give an opportunity for the re-assembling of a quorum. If, during these fifteen minutes, a quorum re-assemble, business may be resumed. If, at the expiration of these fifteen minutes, a quorum shall not have re-assembled, the President shall adjourn the meeting.

4. A Commissioner wishing to speak must rise in his place. The Commissioner who first rises to speak has the right to be heard. In cases of doubt, the President shall decide who is entitled to speak. No interruption to the speech of a Commissioner shall be permitted, except that the President may call the Commissioner to order, and any other Commissioner may rise and request the President to call the speaker to order, or request the President to notice that a quorum is not present.

5. All points of order shall be decided by the President alone, and the President's decision upon a point of order may not be disputed at the meeting at which it is given. If any Commissioner desires to dispute the decision of the President, he may bring forward a resolution at the following meeting.

6. Each Commissioner rising to speak shall direct his speech to the question before the meeting or to an amendment which he himself is about to propose or to a point of order. A Commissioner having spoken to a motion or amendment is not at liberty to speak again to such motion or amendment:

Provided that the mover of a motion or amendment shall have a right of reply after the President has ascertained that no other Commissioner entitled to speak desires to speak:

Provided also that any Commissioner may second a motion or amendment by saying "I second the motion or amendment" and may reserve his right to speak later:

Provided also that a Commissioner who wishes to explain any misconception of expressions used by him may do so with the permission of the President.

7. Routine resolutions, such as recording periodical statements or confirming the proceedings of the Standing Committee, may be put to the meeting by the President without their having been moved or seconded. Motions regarding the choice of a presiding Commissioner, the precedence of certain business, adjournments, and the like must be seconded but need not be in writing.

8. Except as provided in Bye-law No. 7, every motion and every amendment must be in writing and must be seconded. The proposer of an amendment shall hand it in writing to the President at any time before he resumes his seat. When the proposer of a motion or an amendment has resumed his seat, the President shall read the motion or amendment to the meeting and ask if any Commissioner seconds the motion or amendment, and until the motion or amendment is seconded, the President shall not permit any discussion on the question. If no Commissioner seconds the motion or amendment, the President shall declare that the motion or amendment is lost.

9. If a Commissioner has given notice under Section 70 or Section 71 of his intention to move a resolution, and if that Commissioner be not present at the meeting or shall have ceased to be a Commissioner before the meeting or be unwilling to move the resolution of which he has given notice, any Commissioner present at the meeting may move the resolution of which notice has been given.

10. An amendment shall usually be in the form of a motion to omit words from the original motion to insert words therein or to add words thereto. Every amendment must be

relevant to the motion it is proposed to amend and must be framed so as to form therewith an intelligible and consistent sentence. An amendment which is the direct negative of a motion shall not be allowed.

11. A Commissioner who intends to propose an amendment to a motion is at liberty to send at any time beforehand to the President his proposed amendment in writing.

12. After a motion has been proposed and seconded, the proposed amendments which the President has received shall be arranged in the order in which, if agreed to, each would stand in the amended motion, and if any more proposed amendments are handed to the President, they shall be inserted in that order and the President shall call upon the proposers of amendments, in that order to move their amendments.

13. Each amendment must be decided before the next amendment is entered upon, but after any amendment has been proposed and seconded, any Commissioner may move that the amendment be amended by the omission, insertion, or addition of certain words, and the President shall thereupon ask if any other Commissioner seconds the proposal, and, if seconded, the proposal to amend the amendment shall then become the question before the meeting.

14. No amendment may be made to words which it has already been resolved shall stand part of, or be added to, the original motion or amendment, except by addition of other words.

15. No amendment may be proposed which is the same in substance as a motion or amendment which has been negatived during that meeting.

16. A motion or an amendment, which has been moved and seconded, cannot be withdrawn without the permission of the meeting.

17. The President or the presiding Commissioner may move and second resolutions, speak and vote without quitting the chair.

18. When a question is put to the vote, the President shall call for a show of hands, and the President, or a Commissioner at request of the President, shall count the hands shown for and against and declare the result. If any Commissioner challenges the correctness of the numbers thus declared, the hands shall be counted a second time: Provided that, if any two Commissioners request a poll, the President shall call the roll of the Commissioners and record on the minutes of the meeting the names of the Commissioners voting for and against.

19. A Commissioner who is present at a meeting may refrain from voting. If the question before the meeting be the confirmation of a report or proceedings of a Committee, the members of that Committee may vote. If the conduct of a Commissioner be in question, that Commissioner may vote. If the question before the meeting be a resolution recommending the removal of the President or a Vice-President under section 35 or 33, the President or Vice-President may vote.

20. When a meeting elects a member or members of the Standing Committee under Section 67, each Commissioner shall have as many votes as there are vacancies to be filled up in the Standing Committee. If there are more vacancies than one to be filled up, a Commissioner may not give more than one vote to one person.

21. When a budget or supplemental budget is laid before a meeting, the procedure shall be as follows:—The President shall read each item of the abstract of receipts and of expenditure and shall, without any mover or seconder, put to the meeting the question "That this item stand part of the budget." If any Commissioner propose to reduce or to increase the item and the proposal be seconded, such proposal shall be treated as an amendment and shall become the question before the meeting.

22. At a meeting the Commissioners may resolve themselves into a Committee to consider any subject which is before the meeting. In Committee a motion need not be seconded and a Commissioner may speak more than once. The decisions of the Committee shall be reported to that or to a subsequent meeting for confirmation.

23. Except with the permission of the meeting, resolutions proposed under Section 91 upon the President's Annual Administration Report shall not be in order unless three days' notice shall have been given under Section 71 of such resolutions.

Fort St. George, November 5, 1886.

The following bye-laws made by the Municipal Commissioners of the City of Madras under Section 413 (f), (g) and (h) of Act I of 1884 (Madras), having been duly published under Section 415 as modified by Section 25 of Act VII of 1884 (Madras), have been confirmed by the Right Honourable the Governor in Council and are now published for general information:—

BYE-LAWS

Under the powers given by Section 413 (f).

1. In the case of all upstairs houses having any room of a greater span than 10 feet, the plans, sections and elevations of the buildings required to be furnished under

Section 265 shall be of a scale not less than 10 feet to an inch, and shall show in detail the thickness and height of all walls of the upstairs portion of the building, and of the building supporting it, the sizes of all timber works in the floor and roof, the dimensions of doors and windows, and a statement of the materials of which it is proposed to construct the buildings.

2. In the case of all houses, the plans shall show in detail the levels of the drains and details of all privies and out-houses.

3. No building proposed to be erected in any of the following streets shall be inferior to, or out of symmetry with, the elevation of adjacent buildings:—

The Beach Road,	Armenian Street,	Pursewalkum High Road,
Popham's Broadway,	Jehangeer Street,	Vepery High Road, or
The Esplanade Road,	Moor Street,	Perambur Barracks Road.
Poonamallee Road,	Triplicane High Road,	
Mount Road,	Wallajah Road,	

Under the powers given by Section 413 (g).

1. The owner or occupier of a place used for any of the purposes specified in Sections 332 to 344 of Act I of 1884 shall cause to be removed once every day all filth, dirt and refuse which at the time may be in or about such place, and shall cause such filth, dirt and refuse to be deposited in a depot provided by the President under Section 306. If the filth, dirt and refuse be not removed every day or be not deposited in the depot provided, the owner or occupier shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

Under the powers given by Section 413 (n).

1. No person shall expose or cause to be exposed to public view the flesh of slaughtered animals, raw skin or skins, or raw hide or hides during carriage from place to place.

2. Every person offending against any of these bye-laws shall, for every such offence, be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

BYE-LAW FOR MADRAS MUNICIPALITY.

The following bye-law, framed by the Municipal Commissioners of Madras under Section 413 (e) of Act I of 1884, having been published under Section 415 as modified by Section 25 of Act VII of 1884, has been confirmed by the Right Honourable the Governor in Council, and is now published for general information:—

Any person who, without the permission of the President, takes water for purposes other than domestic from a public fountain, stand-pipe or tap, or from any other work vested in the Commissioners under Section 223, or who bathes or who washes any cloth, vessel, animal or vehicle at a public fountain, stand-pipe or tap, or who remains without reasonable excuse near a public fountain, stand-pipe or tap to the annoyance of those who come to draw water, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

NOTIFICATION.

Ootacamund, August 17, 1897.

No. 578.—The following bye-law is published under the provisions of Section 416 of Act I of 1884:—

The notice required by Section 265 shall be accompanied by particulars defining the position of the proposed building and the line of frontage with respect to the adjacent buildings and street.

Registration of Births and Deaths.

Madras Act I of 1884 renders the registration of births and deaths compulsory, and invests the Municipal Commissioners with power to establish offices in different parts of the town for this purpose.

The father or mother of every child born in the city, or, in the case of the death, illness, absence or inability of the father and mother, some person who was present at, or in attendance during, the child-birth, shall, within one week next after the day of every such birth, give, or cause to be given, information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child.

Some one of the persons present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying in the city, or in case of the death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building, or, if the occupier be the person who has died, some person living in the building in which such death has happened, shall within twenty-four hours give information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars thereby required to be known and registered touching the death of such person.

Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who has died within the city shall, whenever required, furnish to the Registrar, or to any person authorized by him, such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

Any person whose duty it is to give information, who neglects or refuses to give such information, or who gives false information, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

Every person who has given the information contained in any register of births or deaths under this Act shall sign in the register his name, description and place of abode,

and, if he cannot write, shall put his mark in the register to his name, description and place of abode.

SCHEDULE L.

19 BIRTHS in the DISTRICT of

No.	When born.	Nationality or caste.	Name, if any.	Sex.	Name of father.	Profession of father.	Signature, description, and residence of informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

SCHEDULE M.

18 DEATHS in the DISTRICT of

No.	When died.	Nationality or caste.	Name.	Sex.	Age.	Profession.	Cause of death.	Residence at time of death.	Residence previous to last illness.	Signature, description, and residence of informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

NOTE.—In reporting the birth or death of a *Hindoo*, mention the particular *Sub-division of Caste*. Let *Christians* be separated into those of *pure European* parentage, those of *mixed blood*, viz., *Indo-Europeans*; and those of *pure Asiatic* parentage, viz., *Native Christians*. Let *Negro Africans* or *Seedees* be reported as such, and not as *Mussulmans*.

The following are the names of the Registrars of Births and Deaths and the places where their Offices are located:—

OFFICE HOURS.—From 7½ to 10½ A.M. and from 4 to 6 P.M.

Divisions.	Names of the Registrars.	Location of Offices.
I	C. Venkatachella Mudali	Munnarsawmy Covil Street, Royapuram.
II	G. Davarajulu Chetty	Tannah Station, China Bazaar Road.
III	C. Rajurathna Mudali	Municipal Office.
IV	P. Valayutha Naicker	Slaughter House, Gantz Road, Perambur.
V	C. Audenarrainasawmy Naidu	Avathanam Faupier Road, Smithfield Market, Vepery.
VI	C. Virasawmy Naidu	Tannah Station, Nore Virasawmy Iyer Street, Nungambakum.
VII	N. Pooniacoti Auchary	Tannah Station, Wallajah Road, Triplicane.
VIII	P. S. Parianayagum Mudali	Cutcherry Road, Mylapore.

N.B.—No fee is charged for registration.

MADRAS MUNICIPALITY VACCINE DEPARTMENT.

BYE-LAWS.

Fort St. George, February 22, 1893.

No. 149.—The following revised bye-laws regarding compulsory vaccination made by the Municipal Commissioners of the City of Madras having been duly published under Section 416, Act I of 1884 (Madras), as modified by Section 25 of Act VII of 1884 (Madras), have been confirmed by the Right Honourable the Governor in Council, and are now published for general information:—

1. In these bye-laws,—

Parent means the father or mother of a legitimate child and the mother of an illegitimate child.

Guardian means any person to whom the care, nurture, or custody of any child falls by law or by natural right or recognised usage or who has accepted or assumed the care, nurture or custody of any child, or to whom the care or custody of any child has been entrusted by any authority lawfully authorized in that behalf.

Vaccinator means any vaccinator appointed by the Municipal Commissioners, or any person who holds the written permission of the President, to vaccinate within the city.

Qualified Medical Practitioner means a person holding a diploma which entitles him to practise as a Surgeon or a Physician in the King's dominions and also an Assistant Surgeon, a Licentiate of Medicine, an Apothecary and a Hospital Assistant.

Child means a boy under twelve years of age or a girl under ten years of age.

Unprotected child means a child who has not been protected from small-pox by having had that disease either naturally or by inoculation or by having been successfully vaccinated, and who has not been certified in the manner hereinafter provided to be insusceptible of vaccination.

Vaccine Depot means a place or building where, by direction of the Municipal Commissioners, public gratuitous vaccination is performed.

2. The parent or guardian of any unprotected child, who is more than six months old and who has resided within the limits of the city for two months, shall take or cause the child to be taken to a vaccine depot for vaccination, or shall procure his vaccination by a vaccinator.

3. The vaccinator to whom a child is taken for vaccination shall, if he finds that such child is not in a state to be vaccinated, deliver to the child's parent or guardian a certificate to the effect that the child is then in a state unfit for vaccination. The said certificate shall remain in force for three months only, and may be renewed, if necessary.

4. If the vaccinator is of opinion that the child is in a state fit for vaccination, he shall forthwith vaccinate the child and deliver to his parent or guardian a memorandum stating the date on which the vaccination has been performed and that on which the child is to be inspected in order to ascertain the result of the operation.

5. (1) On the date of inspection given in the memorandum, the parent or guardian of every child, who has been vaccinated under the last preceding bye-law, shall take or cause him to be taken to a vaccinator for inspection.

(2) If the vaccinator finds on inspection that the vaccination has been successful, he shall give to the parent or guardian a certificate to that effect.

(3) In the event of the vaccination being unsuccessful, such parent or guardian shall, if the vaccinator so direct, cause the child to be forthwith vaccinated and subsequently inspected as on the previous occasion.

6. If the vaccinator is of opinion that a child who has been three times unsuccessfully vaccinated is insusceptible of vaccination, he shall deliver to the parent or guardian of such child a certificate to that effect.

7. Any parent or guardian who procures the vaccination of an unprotected child by a vaccinator not employed by the Municipal Commissioners shall forward a certificate of successful vaccination to the President or Health Officer, or any person authorized by the President within fifteen days from the date of vaccination.

8. The President will accept certificates from a qualified medical practitioner as to (i) successful vaccination, (ii) the unfitness of a child for vaccination, and (iii) the insusceptibility for vaccination.

9. The President may cancel any certificate given under these bye-laws, if it be proved to his satisfaction that such certificate has been improperly given or obtained on behalf of any unprotected child, and thereupon such certificate shall no longer be valid.

10. (1) No fee or remuneration shall be accepted by a Municipal vaccinator for any vaccination performed or certificate given under these bye-laws.

But if any parent or guardian is desirous that a child should be vaccinated in his own house, the President or Health Officer, or any person duly authorized by the President in this behalf, may, upon application by such person and upon payment by him of a fee which shall be charged at the rate of Rs. 2 for every single case and As. 4 for every additional case in the same house, direct a vaccinator to perform the vaccination as hereinbefore provided, at the residence of such person.

(2) If any child, or the parent or guardian of a child, in respect of whom the application above referred to is made is a female, who, according to the customs of the country, does not appear in public, the President or the Health Officer, or any person duly authorized by the President in that behalf, shall direct a female vaccinator to visit the house of the said parent or guardian and perform the vaccination in the same manner as if the child had been presented for vaccination at a vaccine depot; but no fee shall be charged in respect of any application made under this clause.

11. If the President or Health Officer, or any person authorized by the President in that behalf, has reason to believe that there is an unprotected child in any house, he may call upon the parent or guardian of any child in the house or the occupant of the house in the absence of the parent or guardian there to produce for inspection between 6 A.M. and 6 P.M. all the children in the house or under his care, and to state their age, parentage and place of birth and the duration of their residence in the city; and he shall, if on such requisition, the occupant of the house or the parent or guardian refuse to produce such children for inspection, or if, after inspection, the fact is proved to his satisfaction that any child is unprotected, forthwith deliver to such parent or guardian, or cause to be affixed to his

house, a notice requiring that the child be vaccinated within fifteen days at a time and place to be specified in the said notice. The person to whom the notice above referred to is given shall be bound to comply with it, unless he can produce a certificate stating that the child has already been successfully vaccinated or is either unfit for, or insusceptible of, vaccination.

12. (1) Any person who, in contravention of the provisions of these bye-laws, (a) neglects without reasonable excuse to take or cause a child to be vaccinated; or after vaccination to be inspected, on a date to be prescribed by the vaccinator, (b) neglects to forward a certificate of successful vaccination under bye-law 7, (c) refuses to give information, or wilfully gives false information required by bye-law 11 regarding an unprotected child, or neglects to comply with the notice under the same bye-law;

(2) Any vaccinator who, by a careless operation or by the use of lymph which he has reason to believe is impure, injures the health of a child, or refuses or neglects to grant to the parent or guardian of any child any certificate which he is entitled to receive from him; and

(3) Any Municipal vaccinator, who receives any remuneration for vaccinating a child or for granting a certificate, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

13. A parent or guardian who, after conviction under bye-law 12, continues for one month his refusal or omission, may again be convicted before a Magistrate, and shall again be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty rupees.

14. Whoever not being a vaccinator under these bye-laws wilfully signs or makes a certificate purporting to be a certificate granted under these bye-laws, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 500.

15. Whoever being a vaccinator wilfully signs, or makes, or procures the signing or making of a false certificate under these bye-laws shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 100.

TRI-WEEKLY VACCINATION.

1. Tondiarpet	Monday, once a week.
2. Old Washermanpet	Wednesday, do.
3. Monegar Choultry	Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
4. China Bazaar Police Station	Do. do. do.
5. Chintadripet Central Depot	Do. do. do.
6. New Smithfield Market, Vepery	Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
7. Poonamallee Road, Egmore	Wednesday and Saturday.
8. Mount Road, Thousand Lights	Tuesday and Thursday.
9. Cutcherry Road, Mylapur	Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
10. Poolipone Bazaar, Triplicane	Do. do. do.

These institutions are opened (Sundays excepted) from 7 to 10 A.M. on the days mentioned opposite, to vaccinate children brought to Depôts free of charge.

Office of Deputy Inspector of Vaccination, Madras, Chintadripet Central Vaccine Depot, from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M.

The Vaccine Staff of the Madras Municipality comprises 1 Deputy Inspector of Vaccination, 4 Assistant Deputy Inspectors of Vaccination, 8 First Class Vaccinators, 8 Second Class Vaccinators, 8 Probationers, 1 Clerk, 1 Peon and 9 Watchmen to 10 Vaccine Depôts.

Mr. C. Soobaroya Chettiar, 1st Class Deputy Inspector of Vaccination.	
„ P. Soobaroya Naicker, Assistant Deputy Inspector of Vaccination, 7th Division, North Ward.	
„ E. Nurasimuloo Naidu, Assistant Deputy Inspector of Vaccination, 4th, 5th and 6th Divisions.	
„ T. Baboo Singh, do. do. 1st & 3rd do.	
„ M. Sadaiyappa Chetty, do. do. 2nd, 7th & 8th do.	

The Staff of the Vaccine Department in the Local Fund areas including Madras comprises:—

1 Inspector of Vaccination	4 Asst. Depy. Inspectors.	136 Probationary
and Dy. Sanitary Commr.	230 First Class Vaccinators.	Vaccinators
53 Deputy Inspectors.	335 Second do. do.	83 Peons, &c.
Municipalities.—1 Deputy Inspector, 4 Assistant Inspectors, 50 First Class Vaccinators, 53 Second Class Vaccinators, 13 Probationary Vaccinators and 34 Peons, &c.		

The distribution of the above Staff is as follows:—

Local Fund areas (including Madras).	Deputy Inspectors.	VACCINATORS.			Peons, &c.
		First Class.	Second Class	Probationers.	
Anantapur.....	2	3	7	7	2
Bellary.....	2	9	11	4	2
Chingleput.....	2	8	15	6	2
Coimbatore.....	3	10	23	5	3
Cuddapah.....	3	11	18	4	3
Ganjam.....	4	13	25	7	4
Godavari.....	3	25	22	1	3
Kistna.....	3	14	18	15	3
Kurnool.....	2	8	8	8	2
Madura.....	3	14	22	8	3
Madras*.....	1	8	8	8	20
Malabar.....	3	12	42	...	3
Nellore.....	3	9	18	4	3
Nilgiris.....	1	3	...	1	1
North Arcot.....	3	14	16	6	3
Salem.....	3	9	28	9	3
South Arcot.....	3	13	13	4	3
South Canara.....	2	5	10	10	2
Tanjore.....	3	5	26	3	3
Tinnevely.....	3	10	15	11	3
Trichinopoly.....	2	8	12	2	8
Vizagapatam.....	4	16	28	13	4
Total.....	168	230	385	136	83

* Besides this, the Madras Municipality has 4 Assistant Deputy Inspectors of Vaccination

In addition, Ammini Divi Islands have 1 Hospital Assistant to work as a Vaccinator.

In the Military Cantonments of Bangalore and Secunderabad 2 First Class, 3 Second Class and 1 Probationary Vaccinators. Secunderabad Cantonment has besides 1 Superintendent of Vaccination.

Deputy Inspectors of the Uncovenanted Service.

No.	Name.	Circle.	District.
1	M. Visvanatha Mudaliar.....	Anantapur.....	Anantapur.
2	M. Pathmanabha Naidu.....	Penukonda.....	Bellary.
3	Thomas Cooper.....	Bellary.....	Bellary.
4	G. P. Venkoba.....	Harpanahalle.....	Chingleput.
5	C. Gopalsawmi Naidu.....	Chingleput.....	Chingleput.
6	N. Ramakrishna Naidu.....	Saidapet.....	Coimbatore.
7	V. Achyuthan.....	North Coimbatore.....	Coimbatore.
8	S. Pattarjuni Aiyar.....	South do.....	Coimbatore.
9	P. Prabalnadam Pillai.....	East do.....	Coimbatore.
10	K. Sutwaji Rao.....	Cuddapah.....	Cuddapah.
11	Pasupulatti Narayanaswami Naidu.....	Madanapalle.....	Cuddapah.
12	A. Bauboo Naidu.....	Sidhout.....	Cuddapah.
13	Khader Baig.....	Chatrapur.....	Ganjam.
14	A. Munusawmi Naidu.....	Chicacole.....	Ganjam.
15	S. Sunpiah Naidu.....	Ganjam Hill Tracts.....	Ganjam.
16	P. Annakuti Aiyangar.....	Russellkonda.....	Godavari.
17	M. Chinnasamy Pillai.....	Ellore.....	Godavari.
18	T. Arumugam Pillai.....	Pittapur.....	Godavari.
19	Vacant.....	Rajahmundry.....	Godavari.
20	T. R. Soobraya Pillai.....	Guntur.....	Kistna.
21	Thummala Ramaswami Naidu.....	Masulipatam.....	Kistna.
22	M. V. Chinnaswami Pillai.....	Narasaraopet.....	Kurnool.
23	M. Singrachari.....	Cumbum.....	Kurnool.
24	Pokala Narayanaswami Naidu.....	Kurnool.....	Kurnool.

Deputy Inspector of the Uncovenanted Service—concl.

No.	Name.	Circle.	District.
25	C. Soobraya Chettiar.....	Madras.....	Madras.
26	T. M. Veerappa Pillai.....	Dindigul.....	Madura.
27	K. Muthukrishna Pillai.....	Madura.....	Madura.
28	P. Cooposawmy Naidu.....	Permagudi.....	Madura.
29	C. Vasudevan.....	Tellicherry.....	Malabar.
30	B. Krishnoji Rao.....	Calicut.....	Malabar.
31	A. P. Krishnan.....	Palghat.....	Malabar.
32	M. R. Srinivasa Row.....	Central (Nellore).....	Nellore.
33	Thadaly Ramaswami Naidu.....	Southern (Gudur).....	Nellore.
34	S. R. Sitharama Iyer.....	Northern (Ongole).....	Nellore.
35	J. S. Mulley.....	Nilgiris.....	Nilgiris.
36	T. Rajah Mudaliar.....	Chittoor.....	North Arcot.
37	P. Swamidasa Mudaliar.....	Vellore.....	North Arcot.
38	T. Venkatrathnam Chetty.....	Karvetnagar.....	North Arcot.
39	P. Narayana Lal.....	Northern (Krishnagiri).....	Salem.
40	C. K. Sabapathy Nadar.....	Salem Central.....	Salem.
41	A. S. Vedachala Mudaliar.....	Namakkal.....	South Arcot.
42	M. Murugesu Mudaliar.....	Cuddalore.....	South Arcot.
43	S. Sadhasiva Iyer.....	Virdachalam.....	South Arcot.
44	K. Annadurai Iyer.....	Tiruvannamalai.....	South Arcot.
45	D. R. Colaço.....	Northern.....	South Canara.
46	T. N. Krishnan.....	Kasaragod.....	South Canara.
47	N. Muthukrishna Naidu.....	Tanjore.....	Tanjore.
48	V. A. Sundram Iyer.....	Negapatam.....	Tanjore.
49	S. Sambasiva Iyer.....	Pattukkottai.....	Tanjore.
50	K. Runganathan Appu.....	Sattur.....	Tinnevely.
51	S. Varada Iyengar.....	Shermadevi.....	Tinnevely.
52	E. Krishnan Nambiar.....	Tinnevely.....	Tinnevely.
53	Narayana Nayar.....	Trichinopoly.....	Trichinopoly.
54	M. Hanumantha Rao Naidu.....	Ariyalur.....	Trichinopoly.
55	M. Ramaswami Naidu.....	Gunapur.....	Trichinopoly.
56	W. K. Govindoo Rao.....	Jeypore.....	Vizagapatam.
57	V. Visvanatha Iyer.....	Vizagapatam.....	Vizagapatam.
58	Mahomed Bauker.....	Vizianagram.....	Vizagapatam.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE

Rates and Fares.

Time.	Pair Horse Carriage.	Drawn by a Single Horse.		Jutka and 2-Bullock Carriage.	Single Bullock Carriage.
		1st Class.	2nd Class.		
Per day (6 A.M. to 6 P.M.) ..	7 rupees	3 rupees	2½ rupees	1½ rupees	1 rupee.
Per half day (6 A.M. to 12 noon; 12 noon to 6 P.M.; 6 P.M. to 12 P.M.) ..	4 " "	1½ " "	1½ " "	12 annas	8 annas.
Per Trip. { For 1st mile ..	1 rupee..	8 annas..	6 annas..	2 " "	1½ " "
" 2 miles ..	....	....	....	....	2 " "
" every subsequent mile ..	8 annas..	4 annas..	3 annas..	1 anna ..	1 anna
Rate of speed ..	6 miles an hour.	4 miles an hour.	4 miles an hour.	4 miles an hour.	3 miles an hour.
Stoppage over ¼ hour ..	4 annas..	2 annas..	2 annas..	1 anna ..	½ anna.

For each ¼ of an hour of detention.

List of Fares.

Distances.	From	Description of Carriages.							
		CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION		Pair horse car-riage.		1st class car-riage drawn by a single horse or pair of ponies.		2nd class car-riage drawn by a single horse or pair of ponies.	
M.	F.	To		Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.
5	1	Adyar Toll-bar	..	3	8	1	12	1	5
5	2	Ameer Mahal	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
6	6	Baptist Chapel, New Town	..	1	0	0	8	6	2
6	6	Caladipey Toll-bar	..	3	0	1	8	1	0
8	2	Chief Office of the I. G. of Police	..	2	8	1	4	15	5
1	1	Choolay Market	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	5	Cochrane's Basin	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
3	5	Codambakkum Toll-bar	..	2	8	1	4	15	5
3	0	College Hall	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
3	2	Commander-in-Chief's House	..	2	8	1	4	15	5
3	6	Copala Eswara Temple	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	3	Doynton College	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
4	6	Ennore Road Toll-bar	..	3	0	1	8	1	2
0	4	Fort St. George	..	1	0	0	8	6	2
0	0	Gojelly Bazaar	..	1	0	0	8	6	2
4	0	Government Bakery	..	2	8	1	4	15	5
1	4	Government Central Museum	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	4	High Mosque, Triplicane	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	0	Holy Emmanuel Church	..	1	0	0	8	6	2
2	6	Ice House, St. Thome	..	2	8	1	4	15	5
3	3	Kilpauk Toll-bar	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
2	0	London Mission Burial Ground	..	2	8	1	4	15	5
8	7	Lux Church	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	7	Madras Club	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	5	Medical Stores	..	2	8	1	4	15	5
2	1	Monegar Choultry	..	2	0	1	8	1	2
4	4	Mount Road Toll-bar	..	3	0	1	8	1	2
2	6	Munro's Bridge	..	1	0	0	8	6	2
0	7	Napier Park	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	7	North Black Town Church	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
2	2	Old Railway Terminus	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
2	4	Parthasarathy Temple	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
2	5	Perambur Lines	..	2	8	1	4	15	5
3	2	Perambur Railway Station	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	6	Pier	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
8	0	Poonamallee Road Toll-bar	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	7	Powder Mills	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	1	Presy. Magt.'s Court, Egmore	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
2	3	Pulliah Toppe	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	4	Purewalkum Bazaar	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	6	Purewalkum Burial Ground	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
0	6	Putchappah's Hall	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	5	Revenue Board Office	..	3	0	1	8	1	2
4	2	Rifle Butts	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
2	4	Roganpettah Police Station	..	1	0	0	8	6	2
0	6	S. I. Railway Station, Egmore	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
2	6	Saint George's Cathedral	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
2	5	Saint Peter's R. C. Church	..	2	8	1	4	15	5
8	0	Saint Thome Cathedral	..	1	0	0	8	6	2
1	0	Salt Cotours	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	5	Spur Tank	..	2	8	1	4	15	5
8	2	Starling Road Toll-bar	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
2	0	Sullivan's Garden	..	2	0	1	0	12	4
2	5	Thousand Lights	..	3	0	1	8	1	2
4	5	Trivettore Toll-bar	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	1	Vepery Hospital	..	1	8	0	12	0	0
1	1	Vizianagaram Rajah's Fountain	..	1	0	0	8	6	2
0	4	Yagamra Eswara Temple	..	1	0	0	8	6	2

BUCKINGHAM CANAL.

The Buckingham Canal is a salt-water tidal Canal; runs nearly parallel to the coast line, and very close to it. It extends from Madras northward, 196 miles, where it joins the fresh water high level Kistna system of canals, the junction being effected by a two-chambered lock, the Kistna system being 7 feet higher: the Kistna system of canals being connected with that of the Godavari, through communication is therefore available to Cocanada and elsewhere northward in the Godavari District. Southward of Madras, the canal is cut as far as Alambarai, where it is joined with the Mercanum backwaters, and by this backwater, which is some 12 miles in extent, there is water communication up to Mercanum in the South Arcot District. The total distance of navigable waterway is over 460 miles.

In the Buckingham Canal are absorbed the old Cochrane's Canal and the East Coast Canal. The extension of these canals during the famine of 1876-78 was one of the most important works executed during that period, when the northern and southern canals were also connected by means of the junction canal, the whole now forming one system of some 262 miles.

The total cost of the project is Rs. 89,73,878, including expenditure from its commencement.

The different descriptions of boats plying on the canal are, the Madras top boat; the Madras open cargo boat, principally employed in the shell and firewood traffic; the northern cargo boat, called Dinghees; the northern Rahadaree boat, which are passenger boats, but carry cargo as well, and are of very large carrying capacity, and well protected. Until 1890 there were no suitable cabin boats on the canal for the accommodation of European travellers on long journeys, but one boat* is available for hire at a rent of Rs. 1½ per diem, on application to the Superintendent, Madras Basin, Washermanpetta. As this boat is much used during the cold weather months by travellers to Seven Pagodas, &c., early application is advisable. There is also an Inspection Boat available for rent, at Rs. 2 per diem, when not required for use by officers of the Department.

The following are the towns and other places of some consequence on the northern canal: Ennore, Pulicat, Coromandel, Doogarajpatam, Kristnapatam (where the Nellore traffic is shipped and unshipped, Nellore distant 16 miles), Eskapally, Ramapatam (station of the American Baptist Mission), Kotapatnam, which is 2 miles from the canal on east side, while Ongole is 8 miles off on west side by road. The junction of the canal with that of the Kistna Canal is at Pedda Ganjam on 196th mile of the canal.

The present stations where six weeks' licenses are given are, Madras, Ennore South Lock (10 miles), Kandaleru South Lock (90 miles), Penner Lock (115 miles), Mannaru Lock (160 miles); Romperu (195) on the north canal. On the south canal, at Adyar and Paupanchavady.

On the southern canal, the most important places are Covelong (20), Maliabalypuram or Seven Pagodas (34), Sadras (40).

There are bungalows on the canal at Seven Pagodas, Ennore, Coromandel, Kristnapatam, Ramapatam, Kanaparty, belonging to the canal.

Annual license fees.—Cargo boats, Rs. 3 per ton of 50 cubic feet, which entitles the vessel to use all the canals, without any further payment.

Passenger boats, 1st class ... Rs. 6 per ton.

Do. do. 2nd " ... " 4 "

Passenger boats are allowed to carry cargo as well as passengers.

There is no fixed tariff for cargo.

The canal north of Madras is now fit for traffic by boats not exceeding a draught of 3 feet, but the canal south of Madras is much inferior in every way, and is not fit for navigation by boats of more than 2 ft. draught.

The canal is under the charge of the Executive Engineer, Chingleput Division, Office Chepak, and is divided into two sub-divisions. The Southern sub-division extends from Kandaleru river, 90 miles from Madras, to the end of southern canal at Mercanum, with office at Chepak, and the Northern sub-division from the Kandaleru river to the northern end of Pedda Ganjam (mile 196) with office at Ramapatam.

* Under repairs. The rent will be fixed later on.

Canals and Public Ferries in the Presidency of Madras.

NOTIFICATION.

I.—GENERAL.

Under the provisions of Section 16, Madras Act II of 1890 (an Act to make better provision for the establishment of Canals and Public Ferries in the Presidency of Madras and for the management thereof), His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that, in supersession of the existing rules regarding navigation on canals, the following rules shall, on and after 15th July 1899, be in force on the lines* of navigation defined in the margin or which may hereafter, by notification, be brought under the provisions of the said Act.

1. Exemption of Government canal vessels from paying license fees, &c.—All Government vessels belonging to the Public Works Department shall be exempted from paying license or registration fees or tolls.

2. Officers and their powers.—The management of canals for navigation is vested in the Executive Engineers of the divisions of the Public Works Department in which the canals are situated, subject to the supervision of the Superintending Engineer of the circle concerned and the control of the Chief Engineer for Irrigation. Superintending and Executive Engineers are, in respect to the canals in their charge, authorized to exercise the powers described in Section 7 of the Act and to delegate, in writing, all or any of those powers to any officer or subordinate working under them. These officers or subordinates are referred to in these rules as "Canal Officers."

II.—LICENSES.

- 4. Vessels to be licensed.**—All vessels using any of the artificial canals shall be licensed except those registered under Rule 19 or exempted under Rule 2 or Rule 24.
- 5. Conditions and rates of fees.**—On application by the owner of a vessel or his agent, either in person or by letter, for permission to navigate any particular line or connected lines of navigation, and on payment of the fees prescribed in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act, the Executive Engineer of the division concerned, or any other Canal Officer duly authorized by him, shall grant a license for such navigation either for one year or for six weeks as the owner of the vessel or his agent may elect, subject to a condition that claims for compensation in consequence of the closure of all or any of the canals for repairs, insufficiency of water, or any other impediment to navigation, shall not be recognized. The applicant shall furnish all the information necessary for the due filling in of the license. Boats which have not been previously licensed must be taken to a station where annual licenses are issued for measurement.
- 6. Counterpart of license.**—Every Canal Officer empowered to grant licenses shall retain the counterpart of every license granted by him and shall be responsible that it corresponds to the license of which it is a counterpart. When an alteration is made in the license, a corresponding alteration shall be made in the counterpart thereof.
- 7. Transfer of license for one year.**—If the ownership of a vessel licensed for one year is changed during the year for which the vessel is licensed, the Officer who granted the license may, upon the application of the original owner and the transferee, alter the license by substituting the name of the latter for that of the former. But a license granted for one vessel shall not be transferred to another vessel.
- 8. Licenses for one year.**—Every license for one year shall remain in force until the 30th April following the date of issue, unless it is cancelled or suspended as hereinafter provided.
- 9. Renewal of six weeks' licenses.**—A license granted for six weeks may be renewed from time to time for further periods of six weeks by the issue of a new license on each occasion.
- 10. Conversion of a six weeks' license.**—If a license granted for six weeks has not been renewed more than once, it may be converted into a license for the year in which it was issued upon receipt of the difference of fee payable for a six weeks' license and for a license for one year.
- 11. Gross tonnage.**—The gross tonnage of a vessel shall be ascertained by multiplying its length, breadth and depth in feet and inches and dividing the product by fifty. The length shall be measured at half the midship depth in a straight line from the inside of the outer planking at the side of the stem to the inside of the outer planking at the side of

the stern post and shall be hereinafter called the length for tonnage. The breadth for tonnage shall be one-sixth of the sum of five widths taken at equal distances along and right angles to the above length for tonnage measured from the rib on one side to the planking on the other side. If the vessel has a fixed internal planking or "ceiling," the said five widths shall be measured from the inner side of such ceiling on one side to the inner side thereof on the other side.

The depth of all vessels shall be measured in a vertical line at the centre of the length for tonnage. If a vessel is decked, the measurement for depth shall be from the under side of the deck planking or, in case of a break, below a line stretched in continuation of such deck planking. If the vessel is an open one or a "Itahadri" (transit) boat the measurement for depth shall be from an athwartship line extended from the upper edge of the upper strake on both sides of the vessel. If the vessel has a fixed ceiling (inner planking) the measurement for depth shall be to the inner side of such ceiling. If a vessel has no fixed ceiling the measurement for depth shall be to the inner side of the outer bottom plank.

12. What to be deemed the tonnage of a vessel.—Whenever the tonnage of any vessel has been ascertained, the same shall henceforth be deemed to be the tonnage thereof, unless any alteration is made in the form or capacity of such vessel or unless it is discovered that the tonnage thereof has been erroneously computed; and in either of such cases, such vessel shall be re-measured and her tonnage determined according to the rule hereinbefore contained in that behalf.

13. Registered tonnage.—The net or registered tonnage upon which fees are leviable, shall be the gross tonnage less one-third for steamers and less fifteen per cent. for other vessels. Any fraction of a ton above half shall be taken as one ton and other fractions shall be rejected.

14. Enlarged or altered vessels.—A vessel that has been enlarged or so structurally altered as to affect the conditions upon which the license was obtained, shall not ply until it has been re-measured and a fresh license has been obtained. Such re-measurement and application for a new license shall be made at the station at which the original license was obtained. The applicant for such fresh license shall deliver up the old license to the Licensing Officer, and pay the difference between the fee paid by him and the fee leviable upon the new registered tonnage.

15. Number of passengers licensed to carry.—No vessel licensed to carry passengers shall carry a greater number of passengers than in the proportion of one adult or two children for every 7½ square feet of covered space, which shall be calculated by multiplying the length in feet over all covered space, by the mean of the three widths taken at equal distances. The Executive Engineer of the division, or any other Canal Officer duly authorized by him, may, during festivals, on application by the owner of any vessel or his agent, increase temporarily the limit of the number of passengers to be carried, so long as the safety of the public is not endangered thereby.

16. Licenses for passenger boats.—Licenses for passenger boats shall be either "first class" or "second class." The holder of a "first class" license may carry passengers of such caste or castes as he pleases. The holder of a "second class" license shall carry all passengers without distinction of caste.

17. Provision in case of loss of license.—If the original license be lost, a duplicate shall be issued by the Officer who granted the license on payment of the fee prescribed in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act. If the loss occurred during the absence of the vessel from the station at which it was licensed, the loss shall be reported to the nearest Canal Officer, who shall thereupon issue a pass. Such pass should hold good until the arrival of the vessel at the station at which the license was issued. Immediately upon such arrival, the owner or his agent shall deliver up the said pass and pay the prescribed fee for a duplicate license.

18. Rafts.—The owners or persons in charge of rafts using any of the canals shall pay the fees prescribed in the notification published under section 6 of the Act, and take out licenses, and these licenses shall be in force for six weeks from the date of issue.

III.—REGISTRATION.

19. Registration of vessels.—Vessels intended for the personal use of the owners and not employed in carrying goods, animals or passengers for purposes of trade nor used for towing vessels carrying goods, animals or passengers for purposes of trade shall be registered. Certificates of registration shall, on payment of the fees prescribed in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act, be issued, and shall be for a period of either one year or six weeks as the owner of the vessel may elect. The certificates shall entitle the holders to use the lines of navigation therein mentioned, and no other. The Executive Engineer of the division in which the port of registry of any vessel is situated, or any Canal Officer duly authorized by him in that behalf, shall determine to which class of boats hereinbefore mentioned such vessel belongs. Vessels registered under this rule shall be subject to the same rules and regulations as those for which licenses are taken out so far as they are applicable.

20. *Place of registration.*—A vessel may be registered at any one of the licensing stations. The station at which a vessel is registered shall be its port of registry or the port to which she belongs.

21. *Registering office and register.*—The Executive Engineer of the division in which the port of registry of a vessel is situate or any Canal Officer duly authorized by him in that behalf shall be responsible that the certificate of registration and its counterpart are duly filled in and that the counterpart is carefully preserved and altered when required so as to correspond to the certificate to which it refers.

22. *Transfer of ownership and register.*—When the ownership of a vessel registered for one year is transferred during such period, the registration and certificate shall be altered at the request of the original owner and the transferee, by the substitution of the name of the latter for that of the former.

23. *Procedure when certificate is lost.*—If a certificate of registration is lost, the registering officer at the port of registry shall grant a duplicate of such certificate upon the receipt of the fees prescribed in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act.

24. *Exemption from payment of fees for registration.*—No fee shall be levied for the registration of boats used solely for fishing on the Buckingham Canal; nor on sea-going boats and boats carrying firewood on the Masulipatam Canal, in the Kistna delta between the Tidal lock and the Petta basin and in the Godavari river; but all such boats shall be registered and certificates of registration shall be issued for them. Ferry vessels belonging to a District Board proceeding to their destination and not plying for traffic shall be allowed to pass through the canals free of charge on written permit from the Executive Engineer.

IV.—WHARVES.

25. *Wharves.*—A wharfage fee at the rate prescribed in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act shall be paid by the owner of every vessel which loads or discharges cargo or ships or lands passengers at any of the wharves fixed under section 6 of the Act. The word "cargo" shall include empty bags, baskets, boxes, casks and other receptacles in which cargo is usually carried.

The wharf rules shall not apply to salt factories and salt channels already under the control of the Salt Department except the landing-place at the Salt Depot at Madras. No private wharves or landing-stages shall in future be constructed in connection with lines of navigation without the previous sanction of Government.

26. *Wharf limits.*—No vessel shall load or unload on any part of a canal or channel within one mile on either side of a wharf, except by special permission in writing of the officer in charge of the division and on payment of the prescribed wharfage fees. In Madras town the wharf limits shall be taken to be the municipal boundary on the north and Adyar South Lock on the south and shall include the whole of the Cooum River up to Harris Bridge. Within these limits no vessel shall load or unload at any places other than those described as landing-places in the local wharf rules for the regulation of traffic published under Rule 28 except with the permission of the Canal Officer and payment of fees as aforesaid. Goods shall not be stacked on any tow path or on the canal side of any tow path under any circumstance nor shall they be stacked on canal lands without special permission in writing from the Canal Officer.

27. *Wharves which may be declared hereafter.*—Wharfage fees at the above rates shall also be levied at any wharf, which may hereafter be constructed, from the date on which it may be declared, by notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and in the *Gazette* of the district concerned, to be available for loading and unloading cargo and shipping and landing passengers.

28. *Regulation of traffic at wharves.*—The regulation of traffic at wharves shall be according to the rules framed in that behalf and approved by Government. Such rules shall be fixed to a notice-board in a conspicuous place at each end of the wharf and any infringement thereof shall be punished by suspension of the license of the vessel contravening the rule or rules for a period not exceeding three months.

29. *Wharf tickets.*—Every person in charge of a vessel on which wharfage fee is leviable shall before making use of any of the wharves declared under Section 6 of the Act, obtain from the Wharf Superintendent a wharf-clearance ticket. This ticket will permit the holder to make use of any of the wharves for a period not exceeding seven days from the date of issue. In Madras town wharf tickets will be issued by the Superintendent of the Madras basin to vessels coming from the north and by the Superintendent of the Adyar south lock to vessels coming from the south. On the expiry of the ticket, the vessel must either (a) leave the wharf limits, (b) take out a fresh ticket or (c) pay demurrage as provided in Rule 30. In Madras town within the limits described in Rule 26, empty vessels may also be permitted to lie up for a certain period and at a certain place, or to pass through the limits of the Madras Town Wharf, without payment of wharfage or demurrage fees on the issue of a special permit signed by a Canal Officer, provided that, during the period covered by the permit, the vessel does not load or unload goods nor ship or land passengers.

30. *Demurrage fee on vessels.*—On the expiry of a wharf ticket it shall be optional to the owner of every vessel remaining at a wharf to pay a demurrage fee at the rate prescribed in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act, instead of taking out a fresh wharf ticket. Provided that no demurrage fee shall be charged for any days during which a vessel is not allowed to lie at the wharf.

31. *Demurrage fee on goods.*—The consignee of goods landed at the wharf of discharge shall remove his goods from such wharf within seven days from the date on which such goods are landed; and if the said goods be not removed within such time, the consignee shall pay a demurrage fee at the rate prescribed in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act. The said goods shall not be removed until the said fee is paid.

32. *Additional wharfage fee for test-weighing or test-measurement.*—Consignees of goods using the places reserved at wharves for test-measuring or test-weighing goods shall pay the additional wharfage fee prescribed for the purpose in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act, and shall not allow the goods to remain at the reserved places longer than necessary for taking such test-measurement or test-weight.

V.—NAVIGATION RULES.

33. *Dimensions of vessels and rafts.*—No vessel exceeding 90 feet in length and 13 feet in width shall navigate the canals, except those built before the 31st December 1880 for which a special license may be granted by the Canal Officer.

In the portion of the Buckingham Canal known as the Junction Canal in the town of Madras and south of it, the fixed fittings of vessels, such as the roofs of boats, steps of masts, funnel sockets, &c., and cargo piled on vessels shall not be higher than 6½ feet above water level, and piled cargo or roofs or fixed fittings shall not exceed 12 feet in width.

No raft exceeding 90 feet in length, 12 feet in breadth, or drawing more than 2 feet of water, shall be allowed on any of the canals. Nothing shall be allowed to project beyond the side of any vessel or raft.

34. *Free board.*—No vessel carrying cargo shall be navigated in the canals unless it has a free board of at least 9 inches; and no vessel carrying passengers shall be so navigated unless it has a free board of at least 12 inches. The free board shall be measured from the water's edge to the top of the gunwale when the vessel has no deck and to the upper side of the plank of the deck when the vessel has a deck.

35. *Passenger boats may carry cargo on certain conditions.*—A boat licensed to carry passengers may also carry cargo, every 10 cubic feet of cargo being considered as equivalent to one passenger; but the total of the number of passengers so calculated and the passengers actually carried shall not exceed the number of passengers which the boat is licensed to carry. No such vessel shall carry cargo on the roof or side of the vessel, nor any cargo such as fish, manure, bones, skins or other articles which, in the opinion of the Canal Officer, is offensive or dangerous.

36. *Care and management of vessels.*—No vessel shall be navigated without one person at least, on board, competent to steer and manage her and acquainted with the rules regulating the navigation of the canals. No vessel shall lie or be left without a person on board capable of taking care of her.

37. *Lights.*—Vessels using any of the canals shall between sunset and sunrise exhibit the following lights:—

Vessels.	When moving.	When moored.
Steamers	One clear white light on the upper deck. One bull's eye bright red light 8" diameter on the port or left side. One bull's eye bright green light 8" diameter on the starboard or right side.	One clear white light at not less than 4 feet above the water level and so placed that it shall be visible fore and aft.
All vessels not propelled by steam.	One clear white light at the fore-end fixed not less than 4 feet above the water level. One clear white light in the general cabin or inside.	Do. do.
Rafts	One clear white light at each end.	One clear white light at each outer corner.

The two bull's eye lights shall be so placed and fitted that both may be visible only from a point directly ahead of the vessel and so as not to be obscured by any of the fittings, cargo or passengers. Subject to these provisions, the lights may be placed in the front or on the top of the cabin, at the sides of the vessel near the bow or on supports specially provided for the purpose.

38. *Speed of steamers.*—No steamer shall travel at a greater speed than 4 miles per hour and, between sunset and sunrise, the speed shall not exceed 3 miles per hour. Steamers shall reduce their speed to 3 miles an hour when they come within half a mile of a lock and shall then whistle to give notice of their approach to the lock establishment. Steamers shall be warped or poled into and out of locks and shall not use their propellers or paddle wheels until quite clear of the locks. Every steamer shall be furnished with an efficient steam whistle. Steamers shall reduce their speed to 3 miles an hour during the day and to 2 miles an hour between sunset and sunrise when passing round a bend in any canal and shall whistle when approaching such bend. Every vessel under steam shall stop and reverse whenever necessary. Steamers shall whistle when within 100 yards of any boat and reduce speed to 3 miles an hour.

39. *The passing of vessels.*—When two vessels meet on the Godavari or Kistna canals, the vessel going with the current shall keep out of the way of the other vessel. In other canals, vessels going north shall keep out of the way of those going south. Vessels under sail shall keep out of the way of vessels which are being towed, and vessels under steam shall keep out of the way of all other vessels.

Every vessel overtaking another vessel shall keep out of the way of the vessel which is being overtaken. Where by these rules one of two vessels is required to keep out of the way the other shall keep her course. Every vessel under steam when passing a vessel which is being towed from the towing path on the offside thereof and every vessel not under steam, shall take the towing path side when meeting, or passing, or approaching to, or being overtaken by a vessel under steam. The steam whistle of every vessel under steam shall be sounded when such vessel is about to round and is rounding any turnings in the navigation as well as when such vessel is meeting, approaching, or overtaking any vessel.

40. *Sails when to be lowered.*—All vessels under sail shall lower their sails when passing through a masonry aqueduct, lock or flood-gate.

41. *Inspection of vessels other than steamers.*—The Canal Officer in charge of a licensing station shall, from time to time, inspect all licensed vessels at such station to see if they are maintained in a proper state of repair and cleanliness and if their gear is in good condition, and may suspend the licenses if the vessels are out of repair or unsafe or, otherwise unfit for public use or for the carriage of goods as the case may be. So long as a license is suspended, the vessel to which it relates shall not ply on any of the canals.

42. *Inspection of steamers.*—All steamers shall be inspected by the Canal Officer before they are licensed and once every six months thereafter to see that the vessels and their machinery are in good working order, that the boilers are provided with proper gauges and are safe and that the vessels are in charge of a competent crew. Certificates of inspection shall be issued in a form provided for this purpose. In the event of such deterioration of machinery and boilers as may, in the opinion of the inspecting officer, cause danger, the license of the vessel shall be cancelled or suspended.

43. *Production of license and stoppage of vessels.*—When required so to do by a Canal Officer, every person in charge of a vessel shall stop the vessel and produce the license or certificate of registration as the case may be. Persons in charge of vessels carrying passengers or cargo or both and of vessels propelled by steam, shall assist Canal Officers in their inspections and shall make a true statement of the number of passengers and the nature of the cargo on board.

44. *Limit of Canal Officers' powers.*—A Canal Officer may, on account of the infringement of any provisions of the Act or any of the rules and regulations passed under it, suspend the annual license of a vessel for not more than—

- fifteen days for a first offence,
- thirty days for a second offence in the same year,
- sixty days for a third offence in the same year;

and for the unexpired portion of the license for a fourth offence in the same year. He may suspend the six weeks' license for not more than fifteen days for a first offence and for the unexpired portion of the license for a second offence in the same year.

45. *Pass for vessels under suspension to proceed to their destination.*—When the license for a vessel carrying cargo or passengers or both is suspended, the officer by whom the license is suspended shall grant a pass permitting the vessel to proceed to its destination for the purpose of landing cargo and passengers or to a place where she can be repaired. Such passes shall be in duplicate, of which one part shall be retained in the issuing office and the other part shall be delivered to the person in charge of the vessel. The fact and period of suspension shall be recorded by the Canal Officer upon the license and upon the counterpart, but if the counterpart is not in his possession, he shall communicate the fact of suspension to the officer who issued the license. In the case of the suspension of a license because of the defective state of a vessel's hull, machinery or gear, the suspension shall continue until the owner obtains a certificate from an inspecting officer that the necessary repairs have been effected and that the vessel is again safe, sound and fit for the navigation of the canals. Such certificate shall be endorsed on the license immediately under the order of suspension, which shall thereupon cease to have any effect. The order

of suspension shall declare that it shall be in force unless and until such certificate is obtained. A copy of such certificate shall be served upon, and be filed by, the officer who suspended the license.

46. *Punishment of owners of rafts.*—Owners of rafts shall, in lieu of suspension, be punished by a fine of two rupees for each offence, until payment of which the raft shall not proceed. If the fine is not paid within ten days, the Canal Officer concerned is empowered to cause the raft to be removed from the canal.

47. *Marks and figures to be painted on vessels.*—The owners of vessels other than rafts shall have the following figures and marks painted conspicuously on their vessels before using them on any of the canals and shall be responsible that those marks and figures are not defaced or obliterated:—

- (1) The number of the license or certificate of registration and the initial or initials of the name or names of the canals which a vessel is licensed to navigate shall be painted on each bow.
- (2) The tonnage of the vessel shall be similarly painted on each side of the sternpost above the load line.
- (3) The number of passengers, which the vessel is licensed to carry, on the stern of each such vessel or on the after-part of the cabin with the letter P prefixed.
- (4) The load line for a length of 3 feet amidships, on both sides.

The said numerals and letters shall be in English and shall be painted in white on a black ground or black on a white ground. Each numeral or letter shall be not less than 4 inches in length and of proportionate breadth.

48. *Circulation of rules.*—A copy of the navigation rules and regulations in English or in the vernacular shall, at the time of registration or taking out a license for every vessel other than a raft, be given to the owner or person in charge thereof, if he has not already got one, and his signature taken in the register of licenses in token that he has received, or has already in his possession, a copy of the navigation rules and regulations.

49. *Mooring of vessels.*—No vessel shall moor, load on, unload cargo, or ship or land passengers within the limits prohibited by notice-boards at any lock or masonry work other than the quays or wharves specially provided for the purpose. No vessel shall moor on the two-path side, if there be only one such path, or on the windward side of a canal, if there be two such paths, except when actually loading or unloading. Vessels when moored shall strike or lower masts and shall be made fast stem and stern to the bank in a single line. Rafts when moored shall be securely fastened at both ends to the canal bank and so as not to obstruct navigation.

50. *Interference with locks.*—No person unless duly authorized shall interfere with the locks or any part of their machinery.

51. *Place and time of repairs of vessels.*—No vessel shall be repaired in any canal without the written permission of the Canal Officer. The repairs shall be made at the place and during the time named in the written permission, and at no other place or time. The owner of the vessel shall remove from the canal all surplus materials used for such repairs within fifteen days after the repairs are completed. In the event of his failing to do so, such materials shall be removed by the Canal Officer at the expense of the owner of the vessel and the license may be suspended until payment is made.

52. *Sea-going vessels.*—Sea-going vessels brought into rivers and backwaters for any purpose other than to ply for hire shall anchor or lay up outside the fair way of the canal traffic in such place and manner as the Canal Officer shall direct.

53. *Petroleum vessels.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing rules:—

(a) No vessel carrying petroleum in bulk on any canal shall be tied up within a quarter of a mile of any lock or wharf or within any other limits which may from time to time be fixed by the Executive Engineer in charge of the canal. The limits within which a vessel carrying petroleum in bulk may not, under this clause, be tied up shall be indicated by red posts.

Provided that any such vessel may subject to rule (c) be tied up within a quarter of a mile of a lock for such period only as may be necessary to allow its arrival to be intimated to the lock superintendent and for the lock to be opened.

(b) From sunset to sunrise guarded red lights of approved pattern shall be displayed on the bow and stern of a vessel carrying petroleum in bulk on a canal and on that side of the vessel on which other vessels may pass it.

(c) A vessel carrying petroleum in bulk on a canal shall not enter a lock with another vessel nor remain with other vessels in the approach or tail channel of a lock. No other vessel shall enter a lock or the approach or tail channel of a lock as long as there is a vessel carrying petroleum in bulk in such lock or approach or tail channel as the case may be.

(d) A vessel carrying petroleum in bulk will be passed through the lock in precedence of all other vessels.

(e) The Executive Engineer may, by the issue of a notice to the licensee or to the person in charge of a licensed vessel, prohibit a vessel carrying petroleum in bulk from plying whenever he is of opinion that there is the danger of the stranding of the said vessel on account of the shallowness of the water, or that there is danger on account of floods.

(f) Suitable moorings shall be carried on vessels carrying petroleum in bulk. Ropes may be used for moorings, but mooring chains shall also be carried on board to be used in case of emergencies requiring such appliances.

(g) Clauses (a), (b), (c), (e) and (f) shall apply also to any vessels in which petroleum has been carried in bulk until the petroleum compartments have been thoroughly cleaned and certified by the officer appointed under rule 13 (4) of the rules made under the Petroleum Act, 1899 (VIII of 1899), to be quite free from petroleum and from petroleum gas.

NOTIFICATION.

Under Section 6 of Madras Act II of 1890 (an Act to make better provision for the establishment of Canals and public Ferries in the Presidency of Madras and for the management thereof), His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that in supersession of the existing rates of fees, the following rates of fees for the licensing or registration of vessels for wharfage or demurrage on vessels or goods detained within the limits of the wharves shall, on and after 15th

July 1899, be in force on the lines of navigation defined in the margin:—

FEE FOR LICENSING.

For the three lines of Navigation, the Godavari, Kistna and Buckingham Canals.

	Annual.	Six weeks.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Steamers per ton of registered tonnage	15 0 0	3 0 0
Open cargo boats of registered tonnage	3 0 0	0 10 0
Passenger boats, 1st class, tonnage	6 0 0	1 4 0
Passenger boats, 2nd class, and decked cargo boats, per ton of registered tonnage	4 0 0	0 13 0
Rafts of timber or of timber and bamboos per 100 square feet or fraction thereof	...	1 0 0
Rafts of bamboos per 100 square feet or fraction thereof	...	0 8 0

For either of the two lines of Navigation, the Dumagudiem and Védaranniyam Canals.

	Annual.	Six weeks.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Boats per ton of registered tonnage	1 0 0	0 3 0
Rafts of timber or of timber and bamboos, per 100 square feet or fraction thereof	...	0 4 0
Rafts of bamboos	...	0 2 0
Duplicate license for any line or lines of navigation, if original license be lost	2 0 0	0 4 0

FEE FOR REGISTRATION.

For the three lines of Navigation, the Godavari, Kistna and Buckingham Canals.

	Annual.	Six weeks.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Steamers, each	60 0 0	12 0 0
Private boats for owner's personal use, each	24 0 0	4 8 0
Pleasure boats, each	2 0 0	0 6 0
Duplicate certificate, if original be lost, each	0 8 0	0 2 0

For either of the two lines of Navigation, the Dumagudiem and Védaranniyam Canals.

	Annual.	Six weeks.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Steamers, each	30 0 0	6 0 0
Private boats for owner's personal use, each	12 0 0	2 4 0
Pleasure boats, each	1 0 0	0 3 0
Duplicate certificate, if original be lost, each	0 4 0	0 1 0

WHARFAGE FEES.

Every vessel which loads or discharges at any wharf per ton of registered tonnage to cover use of any wharf or wharves for a period of seven days	0 1 0
Fees for using the places reserved at wharves for test-measuring or test-weighing goods, per boat per diem	1 0 0

DEMURRAGE FEES.

	Six weeks.
	RS. A. P.
Vessels remaining at any of the wharves after the expiry of a wharf ticket per ton of registered tonnage for every day or portion thereof...	0 0 3
Goods remaining at any of the wharves for more than seven days per 100 square feet, or portion thereof, of space occupied by the goods per day.	0 1 0

2. Licenses and certificates of registration shall be issued at the following places:—

Lines of Navigation.	Places where annual licenses and certificates of registration shall be issued.	Places where six weeks' licenses and certificates of registration shall be issued.
The Dumagudiem Canal ...	Dumagudiem ...	Dumagudiem lock. Dowlaisweram do. Robberlanka do. Vijeswaram do. Ellore do.
The Godavari Canals ...	Dowlaisweram ...	All tidal locks. Bezada lock. Seetanagaram do. All tidal locks. All wharves.
The Kistna Canals ...	Bezada ...	Madras Boat basin. All wharves.
The Buckingham canal ...	Madras Boat basin ...	Negapatam.
The Védaranniyam canal ...	Negapatam ...	

A list of the stations in each division shall be affixed to a notice-board in a conspicuous place at each station in that division.

3. Wharfage and demurrage fees shall be levied at the following wharves:—

The Kistna canals:	Bezada. Pamarru. Chintaguntapalem basin. Seetanagaram. Seetanagaram Railway wharf. Chebrole. Santaravur. Nandivelugu. Tenali. Vellatur.	The Buckingham canal.	Madras town wharf. Adyar Lock. Papanchavady.
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NOTIFICATION.

RULES FOR THE REGULATION OF TRAFFIC AT THE MADRAS TOWN WHARF.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to notify the following special rules for the regulation of traffic in the Madras Town Wharf framed under Rule 28 of the Navigation Rules, and under Section 16 of the Canals and Ferries Act, No. II of 1890. These rules will be fixed to notice-boards in conspicuous places at the different landing places in addition to Navigation Rules, Nos. 25 to 32, which relate to wharves and the notification relating to wharfage fees published under Section 6 of Madras Act II of 1890 repeated below:—

25. *Wharves.*—A wharfage fee at the rate prescribed in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act shall be paid by the owner of every vessel which loads or discharges cargo or ships or lands passengers at any of the wharves fixed under Section 6 of the Act. The word "cargo" shall include empty bags, baskets, boxes, casks and other receptacles in which cargo is usually carried.

The wharf rules shall not apply to salt factories and salt channels already under the control of the Salt Department except the landing place at the Salt Depot at Madras. No private wharves or landing stages shall in future be constructed in connection with lines of navigation without the previous sanction of Government.

26. *Wharf limits.*—No vessel shall load or unload on any part of a canal or channel within one mile on either side of a wharf, except by special permission in writing of the officer in charge of the division and on payment of the prescribed wharfage fees. In Madras Town the wharf limits shall be taken to be the municipal boundary on the north and Adyar south lock on the south and shall include the whole of the Cooum River up to Harris Bridge. Within these limits no vessel shall load or unload at any places other

than those described as landing places in the local wharf rules for the regulation of traffic published under Rule 23 except with the permission of the Canal Officer and payment of fees as aforesaid. Goods shall not be stacked on any tow-path or on the canal side of any tow-path under any circumstance, nor shall they be stacked on canal lands without special permission in writing from the Canal Officer.

27. *Wharves which may be declared hereafter.*—Wharfage fees at the above rates shall also be levied at any wharf, which may hereafter be constructed, from the date on which it may be declared, by notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and in the *Gazette* of the district concerned, to be available for loading and unloading cargo and shipping and landing passengers.

28. *Regulation of traffic at wharves.*—The regulation of traffic at wharves shall be according to the rules framed in that behalf and approved by Government. Such rules shall be fixed to a notice-board in a conspicuous place at each end of the wharf, and any infringement thereof shall be punished by suspension of the license of the vessel contravening the rule or rules for a period not exceeding three months.

29. *Wharf tickets.*—Every person in charge of a vessel on which a wharfage fee is leviable shall, before making use of any of the wharves declared under Section 6 of the Act, obtain from the Wharf Superintendent a wharf ticket. This ticket will permit the holder to make use of any of the wharves for a period not exceeding seven days from the date of issue. In Madras Town wharf tickets will be issued by the Superintendent of the Madras Basin to vessels coming from the north and by the Superintendent of the Adyar South Lock to vessels coming from the south. On the expiry of the ticket, the vessel must either (a) leave the wharf limits, (b) take out a fresh ticket, or (c) pay demurrage as provided in Rule 30. In Madras Town within the limits described in Rule 26 empty vessels may also be permitted to lie up for a certain period and at a certain place, or to pass through the limits of the Madras Town Wharf, without payment of wharfage or demurrage fees on the issue of a special permit signed by a Canal Officer, provided that, during the period covered by the permit, the vessel does not load or unload goods nor ship or land passengers.

30. *Demurrage fee on vessels.*—On the expiry of a wharf ticket, it shall be optional to the owner of every vessel remaining at a wharf to pay a demurrage fee at the rate prescribed in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act, instead of taking out a fresh wharf ticket. Provided that no demurrage fee shall be charged for any days during which a vessel is not allowed to lie at the wharf.

31. *Demurrage fee on goods.*—The consignee of goods landed at the wharf of discharge shall remove his goods from such wharf within seven days from the date on which such goods are landed; and if the said goods be not removed within such time, the consignee shall pay a demurrage fee at the rate prescribed in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act. The said goods shall not be removed until the said fee is paid.

32. *Additional wharfage fee for test-weighing or test-measurement.*—Consignees of goods using the places reserved at wharves for test-measuring or test-weighing goods shall pay the additional wharfage fee prescribed for the purpose in the notification published under Section 6 of the Act, and shall not allow the goods to remain at the reserved places longer than necessary for taking such test-measurement or test-weight.

WHARFAGE FEES.

Six weeks.

Every vessel which loads or discharges at any wharf, per ton of registered tonnage to cover use of any wharf or wharves for a period of seven days	ns. A. P.
Fees for using the places reserved at wharves for test-measuring or test-weighing goods, per boat per diem	0 1 0
	1 0 0

DEMURRAGE FEES.

Vessels remaining at any of the wharves after the expiry of a wharf ticket, per ton of registered tonnage for every day or portion thereof	0 0 3
Goods remaining at any of the wharves for more than seven days, per 100 square feet, or portion thereof, of space occupied by the goods, per day	0 1 0

Special Rules for the regulation of Traffic at the Madras Town Wharf.

1. The following are the landing places within the limits of the Madras Town Wharf referred to in Rule 23 of the Navigation Rules. The mileages are measured from St. Mary's Bridge:—

		M. P. FT.
Madras Basin.	From Basin Bridge to	1-5-360
	Railway Girder Bridge	2-1-32
Salt Cottar and Trovelyan Basin.	From Elephant Gate Bridge to Basin Bridge	0-7-114
		1-5-360

Elephant Gate Wharf.	From Railway Iron Bridge to Elephant Gate Bridge	M. P. FT. 0-6-421
Chintadripet Wharf.	From Chintadripet Bridge to Two furlongs west of Bridge	0-7-114
Barber's Bridge	From north of Barber's Bridge to Barber's Bridge	3-0-528
Mylapur Bridge	From east of Mylapur Bridge to Mylapur Bridge	3-1-198
		3-3-468
		3-5-639

II. All boats stopping for the purpose of loading or unloading at the Madras Basin or Elephant Gate must moor along the wharf walls or as directed by the Wharf Superintendent.

III. At the Madras Basin the landing-place for boats bringing firewood is the portion of the wharf opposite the wood depot, i.e., near the Basin Bridge. Boats with heavy cargo, such as iron and stones, &c., shall load and unload at the granite steps instead of on the laterite steps which are apt to be damaged thereby.

IV. At the Madras Basin, boats conveying ordinary light cargo or food-grains, and also passenger boats, shall load and unload along the remaining portion of the wharf wall. A portion of the wharf is reserved for imports and a portion for exports. Private boats and budgerows shall be moored at the south end of the wharf wall, as it is near the main road where carriages can drive up.

V. The working hours of the day at the Madras Basin for loading and unloading cargo or shipping and landing passengers are limited to twelve hours, from 6 A.M. to 6 P.M.

VI. All boats which enter the limits of the Madras Town Wharf from the north shall be registered at the Ennore South Lock and, on arrival at the Madras Basin, shall obtain a wharf ticket, or pass. Boats entering the limits of the Madras Town Wharf from the south shall be registered and obtain wharf tickets or passes at the Adyar South Lock. The refusal on the part of boatmen and boat-owners to furnish any information required will render them liable to the penalty laid down in Rule 28 of the Navigation Rules.

GOVERNMENT GENERAL HOSPITAL.

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Lieut.-Col. J. Maitland, M.D., I.M.S.	Senior Medical Officer.
Major R. Robertson, M.B., C.M., I.M.S.	First Physician.
" C. Donovan, M.D., I.M.S.	Second Physician.
Captain H. Kirkpatrick, I.M.S.	Third Physician (on other duty).
" W. H. Tucker, I.M.S.	Acting.
" T. H. Symons, I.M.S.	Fourth Physician.
Major G. G. Giffard, I.M.S.	First Surgeon (on other duty).
Captain W. J. Niblock, I.M.S.	Acting.
Lt.-Col. H. Allison, M.D., I.M.S.	Second Surgeon (on other duty).
Captain Kirkpatrick, M.B., I.M.S.	Acting.
" W. J. Niblock, I.M.S.	Third Surgeon (on other duty).
" R. Bryson, I.M.S.	Acting.
" O. B. Harrison, I.M.S.	Resident Medical Officer (on other duty).
" F. F. Elwes, M.B., I.M.S.	Acting.
G. F. Badcock, Esq.	Dental Surgeon.
Mr. G. R. Allen	Military Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class.
" A. O. Trutwein	Head Steward.
V. C. Venugopala Iyengar	1st Assistant Steward and Cashier.
P. S. Vencatramana Aiyar	2nd do.
M. Bungaru Naidu	3rd do.
P. M. Ramanujulu Naidu	Kitchen Steward.
M. L. Mutheliyandan Naidu	Asst. do.
T. Natasani	Copyist.
P. Samarapuray Moodelliar	Do. (Steward's Office).
Ramanujam Pillai	Storekeeper.
A. G. Venkataragava Iyer	Senior Writer.
S. V. Narayanasami Iyer	Accountant (on leave).
T. Duraisamy Mudaliar	Ag. Accountant.
M. K. Thiruvengadachary	Junior Writer (Office).
P. Doraiswami Aiyengar	Writer (Out-patient).
Vasudeva Naidu	Copyist to Senior Assistant Surgeon.
Mrs. M. A. Nisbet	Matron Superintendent.
Miss M. Johnston	Asst. Matron Superintendent.
M. S. Subrahmanya Iyer	Linen-keeper.

K. Kristna Row	Linen Clerk.
T. K. Kristnasawmi Iyengar	Matron's Clerk.
Mr. J. Eustace	Hospital Sergeant.
Rev. E. O. Jervis	Chaplain (Church of England).
" J. Morris	Catholic Chaplain.

Out-patients attended to from 7 to 9 A.M. Visitors to the sick allowed from 4-30 P.M. to 6 P.M. on Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

HOSPITAL STOPPAGES.

SPECIAL PAY WARDS.

Rates of Hospital Stoppages.

Monthly income of the patient or head of a family.	Scale of daily charges for Government officials.	Scale of daily charges for non-officials.	Monthly income of the patient or head of a family.	Scale of daily charges for Government officials.	Scale of daily charges for non-officials.
Europeans and Eurasians.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	Natives.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Minimum	3 0 0	4 0 0	Minimum	0 8 0	0 12 0
Rs. 300 to Rs. 399	4 0 0	4 8 0	Rs. 50 to Rs. 74	0 12 0	1 0 0
" 400 to " 499	5 0 0	5 8 0	" 75 to " 99	1 0 0	1 8 0
" 500 to " 599	6 0 0	7 0 0	" 100 to " 149	1 8 0	2 0 0
" 600 to " 699	7 0 0	8 8 0	" 150 to " 199	2 0 0	3 0 0
" 700 to " 799	8 0 0	10 0 0	" 200 to " 299	3 0 0	4 0 0
" 800 to " 899	9 0 0	11 8 0	" 300 and above	The rates for Europeans and Eurasians.	
" 900 to " 999	10 0 0	13 0 0			
" 1,000 to " 1,099	11 0 0	14 8 0			
" 1,100 to and above	12 0 0	16 0 0			

(a) When the families of officials are entitled to free medical attendance, the charges for a wife or a child above twelve years of age will be those specified in column 2 above.

(b) When not so entitled, the charges will be those specified in column 3.

(c) In the case of non-officials, the charges for a wife or a child above twelve will be the same as for the head of the family.

(d) Children of twelve years of age and less will in all cases be charged half rates.

(e) When two or more children of the same person are in hospital at the same time, the total charge will not exceed the daily rate payable by the head of the family.

(f) For special nursing, an extra charge of Rs. 2 per day for each nurse will be levied.

GENERAL WARDS.

Ordinary.

	RATES.		RATES.
	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Income from Rs. 25 to Rs. 49	0 4 0	Income from Rs. 150 to Rs. 199	1 0 0
Do. " 50 to " 99	0 8 0	Do. " 200 and upwards	2 0 0
Do. " 100 to " 149	0 12 0		
Infants under 3 years—free.			
Children from 3 to 8 years— $\frac{1}{2}$ rate of what is chargeable for the head of the family.			
Do. do. 8 to 15 years— $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	do.	do.
Do. above 15 years and wives— $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	do.	do.

Military.

All Commissioned Officers	2 0 0	Wives of the officers noted above. Half rates.	
Departmental Officers with Honorary Rank and Senior Assistant Surgeons	1 4 0	Soldiers of all grades and arms and Schoolmasters	0 3 0
Warrant Officers	0 12 0	Schoolmistresses	0 2 0
Non-commissioned Officers acting as Warrant Officers (Military or Medical)	0 8 0	Soldier's wife	0 1 0
		Children	Nil.

Marine.

Officers and Mates	2 0 0	Ship Lascars	0 2 6
Seamen	1 4 0		

GOVERNMENT OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL.

MARSHALL'S ROAD, EGMORE.

Opened 1st April 1886.

Superintendent.....Lieut.-Col. T. H. Pope, M.D., M.C., F.R.C.S., B.Sc., I.M.S.
Resident Asst. Surgeon.....R. Collins.

Hospital Writer and Steward..C. Kandasawmy Moodeliar.

The Institution comprises the Hospital and Dispensary, the former consisting of nine separate wards for in-patients and the latter for applicants seeking out-door relief. Two of the wards are set apart for males and females respectively of the higher castes, and high caste servants are entertained to attend on them and cook their food, &c. Poor patients of both sexes, of all classes, admitted into Hospital, are fed and clothed free of expense, while those whose means or salary averages Rs. 25 and above per month are charged at the rates fixed for the Government General Hospital.

The practice of the Ophthalmic Hospital is open to all members of the profession, including Native practitioners, with the consent of the Superintendent, after reference to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras. Operations are performed every Saturday and Wednesday at 6-30 A.M., excepting in cases demanding immediate interference.

Dispensary.—Out-patients are attended to by the Surgeon in charge, between the hours of 7 and 9 every morning. Visitors will be admitted daily between the hours of 4 and 6 P.M., except on Saturdays.

ROYAPETTAH HOSPITAL.

PETER'S ROAD, ROYAPETTAH.

There are fifty-five beds available for Native patients. All classes are treated in the out-patient department. Urgent cases are treated at all hours.

Lieut.-Colonel W. B. Browning, C.I.E., I.M.S.....Surgeon, 4th District.

Kaja Latefuddin Sahib, L.M.S.....Resident Apothecary.

T. Ekambaram Pillay.....Civil Apothecary.

Mahomed Ibrahim Sahib.....1st Grade Hospital Assistant.

M. Padmanabha Pillay.....Hospital Assistant.

Mahomed Haider Hussain.....do. do.

P. K. Narayanan Nair.....do. do. d.d., Royapettah Hospital.

S. Sivaguru Mudaliar.....do. do. do.

Mrs. Williams.....Matron, Royapettah Hospital.

Mrs. Blades.....Nurse.

Miss Stella Natchatrammal.....Do.

ISOLATION HOSPITAL.

KRISTNAMPETT.

Lieut.-Colonel W. B. Browning, C.I.E., I.M.S.....Medical Officer.

V. C. Subramanyam Mudaliyar.....3rd Class Hospital Assistant.

Cases of cholera, small-pox, chicken-pox and measles among natives are admitted at all hours from surrounding neighbourhood. There is no accommodation for Europeans or Eurasians. The Institution is supervised by the Surgeon, 4th District.

THE MADRAS LUNATIC ASYLUM.

The new Lunatic Asylum at Locock's Gardens, Kilpauk, provides accommodation for 689 insanes of all classes. At present there are 418 patients.

Captain R. Bryson, I.M.S.....Ag. Superintendent in charge.

1st Class Asst. Surgeon M. Bowers, L.M.S.....Dy. Superintendent.

B. J. D'Prager.....Civil Apothecary.

P. Coopposawmy Moodeliar.....Hospital Assistant.

R. Joseph Reddi.....Steward.

Gnanamuthu.....1st Assistant Steward.

Susainathan Pillay.....2nd do. do.

Gopalasawmy Iyengar.....Storekeeper.

S. Audinarayana Iyer.....Writer.

Mrs. Dashwood.....Matron.

Mrs. Ackhurst.....Head Nurse.

Six European attendants and a numerous staff of male and female native attendants.

Official Visitors.

Surgeons of 2nd, 3rd and 4th Districts.

The Magistrates of Egmore and Town Police Courts, Madras.

The Commissioner of Police, the Deputy Commissioner of Police, and the Superintendent of Prisons, Madras.

The Sanitary Commissioner, Madras.

The P. M. O., H. M.'s Forces, Madras District, and the Inspector-General of Prisons, Madras.

Refer to Lunacy Act XXXVI of 1858 for Civil Lunatics and Act XI of 1877 for Military Lunatics, or to the "Rules" for management and superintendence of Lunatic Asylums, for information as to the mode of seeking admission for persons afflicted with insanity into the Lunatic Asylum.

Rules relating to the admission of patients into the Government Lunatic Asylum, Madras.

I. No patient can be admitted into the Asylum under any circumstances without a Medical Certificate of insanity and an Admission Order.

II. Admission into the Asylum are divided into two classes:—(a) Private—Paying; (b) Public—Non-paying.

NOTE.—Exemption from paying in the case of private patients is only made when it appears to the Superintendent that the friends or relatives are unable to contribute towards the maintenance of the patient.

III. The documents required for the admission of private patients are as follows:—(1) Two Medical Certificates, signed by two Physicians or Surgeons, of whom one should be a Presidency Surgeon or a Surgeon in the Government Service. (2) Admission Order signed, together with the statement attached to it, by the relative or friend who places the patient in the Asylum. (3) An Indemnity Bond to be executed before the patient's admission. Forms, and full particulars for filling in, can be obtained on application.

IV. In the case of a public non-paying patient, the following documents are necessary:—(1) Medical Certificate, one copy signed by the Surgeon of the district. (2) Medical history sheet, signed by the Surgeon of the district. (3) Admission Order signed by a Magistrate or Commissioner of Police.

For scale of charges for paying patients see General Hospital Scale, page 670.

GOVERNMENT MATERNITY HOSPITAL.

Pantheon Road, Egmore—Opened 26th July 1844.

Lieut.-Col. A. J. Stürmer, I.M.S. Superintendent.
Capt. S. E. Falconer, I.S.M.D., L.R.C.P. & S. (Ed.) Resident Medical Officer. On furlough

L. I. D'Rozario, L.M.S. Offg. Resident Medical Officer.

Miss Violet G. S. Adams, M.B. & C.M. (Ed.) Lady Asst. Superintendent.

K. Madhava Menon, L.M. & S. Civil Assistant Surgeon.

G. V. James, M.B. & C.M. Temp'y. Assistant Surgeon.

M. Subramania Iyer, B.A., M.B. & C.M. do.

Mrs. E. J. Lambie. Matron.

Joseph D'Cruze Senior Hospital Assistant.

Syed Mohideen Badsha Junior do.

D. Madhavan. do. do.

Mr. A. C. McKenzie. Steward.

M. Sarayana Mudaliar. Asst. Steward.

S. Isreal Joseph Pillai. Senior Clerk.

S. Mahdava Pillay. Training School Clerk.

C. Natesa Mudaliar. Storekeeper.

V. Muthusawmy Aiyar. Audit Clerk.

Mr. Lazarus. Engine Driver.

Europeans, Indo-Britons and Native women of all castes are admitted into Hospital, and dieted during their stay at the Institution. Native women, while awaiting confinement, receive a money allowance of one anna six pies per diem, in lieu of diet.

Out-patients are seen every morning between 7 and 9 o'clock at the Egmore Dispensary. There is no establishment at this Institution for procuring Wet Nurses. When assistance is required in procuring amahs, a sum of 2 rupees should be sent with the application to cover cost of cooly and carriage hire.

Memorandum of Hospital Stoppages.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR "GENERAL WARDS."

(G.O., No. 676, Public, dated 17th June 1899.)

GENERAL WARDS.

Monthly Income.	Rate.
From Rs. 25 to 49	Rs. 0 4 0
" 50 to 99	" 0 8 0
" 100 to 149	" 0 12 0
" 150 to 199	" 1 0 0
" 200 and above	" 2 0 0

Ten days' payments to be made in advance on admission and repeated every fifth day.

The scale of charges applicable to dependent members of a family treated in the "General Wards"—

Infants under 3 years	...	Free.
Children from 3 to 8 years	...	$\frac{1}{2}$ the rate chargeable for the head of the family.
Children from 8 to 15 years	...	$\frac{1}{4}$ do. do.
Children above 15 years and wives	...	$\frac{1}{4}$ do. do.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR "SPECIAL WARD."

(G.O., No. 810, Public, dated 16th August 1901.)

Monthly income of the patient or head of a family.	Scale of daily charges for Government officials.	Scale of daily charges for non-officials.	Monthly income of the patient or head of a family.	Scale of daily charges for Government officials.	Scale of daily charges for non-officials.
Europeans and Eurasians.			Natives.		
Minimum	Rs. 3 0 0	Rs. 4 0 0	Minimum	Rs. 0 8 0	Rs. 0 12 0
Rs. 300 to Rs. 399	4 0 0	4 8 0	Rs. 50 to Rs. 74	0 12 0	1 0 0
" 400 to " 499	5 0 0	5 8 0	" 75 to " 99	1 0 0	1 8 0
" 500 to " 599	6 0 0	7 0 0	" 100 to " 149	1 8 0	2 0 0
" 600 to " 699	7 0 0	8 0 0	" 150 to " 199	2 0 0	3 0 0
" 700 to " 799	8 8 0	10 0 0	" 200 to " 299	3 0 0	4 0 0
" 800 to " 899	9 0 0	11 8 0	" 300 and above	The rates for Europeans and Eurasians.	
" 900 to " 999	10 0 0	13 0 0			
" 1,000 to " 1,099	11 0 0	14 8 0			
" 1,100 and above	12 0 0	16 0 0			

(a) When the families of officials are entitled to free medical attendance, the charges for a wife or a child above twelve years of age will be those specified in column 2 above.

(b) When not so entitled, the charges will be those specified in column 3.

(c) In the case of non-officials, the charges for a wife or a child above twelve will be the same as for the head of the family.

(d) Children of twelve years of age and less will, in all cases, be charged half-rates.

(e) When two or more children of the same person are in hospital at the same time, the total charge will not exceed the daily rate payable by the head of the family.

(f) For special nursing, an extra charge of Rs. 2 per day for each nurse will be levied. 2. Patients are permitted to wear their own clothes, but clean white sheets and bed linen in sufficient quantity are supplied by the Hospital.

3. Private servants or children cannot as a rule be admitted with the patient unless she is suckling. In exceptional cases an ayah is permitted to remain to attend to an infant.

4. All patients will be dieted entirely by the Hospital and proper arrangements will be made for the nursing.

Midwifery Nurse-Pupil Class.

A class, consisting of a limited number of European and East Indian female pupils for instruction in Practical Midwifery, exists at this Institution by permission of Government. European and East Indian candidates are required to pass through a course of training in Sick Nursing previous to entry into the Midwifery Class. At the end of six months they will be examined and, if qualified, will receive a Nurse Certificate.

The Midwifery pupils are resident in Hospital and are allowed to remain under instruction for a period not exceeding nine months, when, if found by examination competent to practice as Midwives, they are presented with a Diploma.

Pupils receive an allowance of 25 rupees per mensem as ration money for a period of 6 months only in the Sick Nurse Class, and for 6 months only in the Midwifery Class.

Candidates should furnish, with a written application for admission as a pupil, testimonials of character, and state her age, condition, residence, previous experience in nursing, &c., and whether European or East Indian.

A class also exists for training Native pupils in Midwifery. Women of the Barber caste are preferred.

Rules for Examination of Candidates for the Midwifery Nurse-Pupil Class.

RULES FOR MIDWIFERY NURSE-PUPILS.

1. Applications for Candidates—

1. Candidates for Pupil-Nurse vacancies should apply in writing to the Superintendent of the Maternity Hospital.

2. Their application must contain information on the following points :—
 (a) *Condition*.—Whether married, widowed, or single.
 (b) *Age, &c.*—Date and place of birth, and present address.
 (c) *Race*.—Whether European, Eurasian or Native.
 (d) *State of Health*.—Age of youngest child, if any.
 3. If married or widows, they should not be less than 20 or more than 35; and, if single, not under 25 years of age.

II. Examination of Candidates—

This must embrace the subject of physical as well as mental fitness. The examination at Madras will be conducted at the Maternity Hospital, and at up-country stations by the Senior Medical Officer.

1. European and Eurasian candidates must possess the following qualifications :—

- (a) Ability to read fluently and explain the meaning of a passage of not less than twenty lines in any standard work.
 (b) Ability to write to dictation a passage of not less than fifteen lines from any standard work.
 (c) Ability to converse freely and describe any common object or occurrence.
 (d) Certificate of moral character and respectability.

2. When examined up-country, the certificate of physical fitness, and the dictation paper of each pupil-candidate, with report on the other subjects of examination, on her appearance and intelligence, and on the probability of her being able to qualify as a midwife, will be sent to the Superintendent of the Maternity Hospital for registration.

More than three errors will be held to disqualify a candidate for three months, but at the end of that time she may again be examined.

3. The names of candidates who pass a fair examination and are otherwise eligible, will be recorded in a register at the Maternity Hospital, from which selections will be made, for entertainment as pupils, from time to time, as vacancies occur.

4. No candidate can be entertained as a Nurse-pupil *while pregnant or suckling*, and no child will be permitted to reside in the quarters of pupils.

5. The pupils will reside in the Hospital compound, and will occupy furnished quarters.

6. Pupils undergo training as Sick Nurses for a period of six months before admission to the Midwifery Class at the Maternity Hospital.

7. Under provision of Civil Travelling Allowance Code, 1893, Nurses will have to pay their own expenses to and fro.

8. Candidates in receipt of Government allowance who resign before term of tuition is completed, will be liable to be called upon to refund the amount received in stipend.

9. The entire control of the pupils is vested in the Superintendent. Disobedience of orders, or of the rules of the Institution, and misconduct of any kind will be punished according to the gravity of the offence, by fine, extra duty, suspension, or dismissal.

10. When it appears to the Superintendent that a pupil after a fair trial is not likely to qualify as an efficient Midwife, she will be allowed the option of resigning.

11. Each Nurse must pay Rs. 12 in advance for dieting, &c., on joining the Maternity Hospital.

List of Midwives practising at MADRAS, corrected up to 31st December 1901.

Name.	Race.	Address.
Mrs. J. M. Adolphus	Eurasian	99, Barrack Street, Chintadripet.
Mrs. F. A. Akehurst	European	Head Nurse G. L. A. Madras.
Anbu Ammal	Native Christian	Government Maternity Hospital.
Annamah	do.	1st Street, Pudupet.
Antoniamah	do.	Mission Hospital, Rayapuram.
Mrs. S. A. Arnett	European	Cook's Road, Otary.
" L. Augustine	Eurasian	Harris Road, Pudupet.
" E. Balfour	do.	Industrial School, Popham's Broadway.
" F. E. Barclay	European	Y. W. C. A., Rundall's Road, Vepery.
" M. W. Barnes	Eurasian	Nurse, General Hospital.
Mrs. G. Pereira	do.	Salem.
Ellen Blades	Native Christian	Royapettah.
Mrs. E. Bowden	Eurasian	10, Cutcherry Road, Mylapore.
" Brisson	do.	Harris Road, Pudupet.
" E. S. Brunkhurst	do.	27, Murugappa Mudelly Street, Pursawalkum.
" L. E. Burgess	do.	Peters' Road, Royapettah.
" C. M. Burghall	do.	24, Peter's Road, Royapettah.
" H. Campbell	European	Pallaveram.
Canakamah	Hindu (Barber)	21, Mowbray's Road, Royapettah.
Mrs. M. Carr	Eurasian	53, 1st Street, Park Town.
" C. Croghan	do.	Tannah Street, Pursawalkum.

List of Midwives practising at MADRAS, corrected up to 1st December 1901.—could.

Name.	Race.	Address.
A. Danammal	Native Christian	Midwife, Govt. Maternity Hospital, Madras.
Mrs. J. Dashwood	European	Matron, Govt. Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
" E. A. C. Dawes	Eurasian	Kareappa Mudaly Street, Pursawalkum.
" A. G. Day	do.	Family Station Hospital, St. Thomas' Mount.
" E. D'Cruiz	do.	56, Centre Street, New Town.
" K. Dee	European	1st Asst. Matron, Govt. Maternity Hospital.
" M. D'Montebars	Eurasian	Tannah Street, Pursawalkum.
" D'Prizer	European	Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
" A. E. Dent	do.	Library Lane, St. Thomas' Mount.—(Plague duty, Kondapalle.)
Miss E. J. Dias	Eurasian	Subbramaniya Mud. Street, Pursawalkum.
" F. Dunn	do.	Not known.
Mrs. L. Dwyer	do.	3rd Street, New Town.
" A. L. FitzSimmonds	European	C/o. Mrs. French, New Bank Buildings, North Beach.
" S. Forsyth	do.	Bishop's Lane, Pursawalkum.
Miss W. E. Franklin	Eurasian	Bullock Lane, St. Thomas' Mount.
Mrs. E. A. Freeman	European	Durmarajen Covil Street, Washermanpet.
" E. Gernon	do.	Pallaveram.
" M. Gilbert	do.	Nurse, Sir Ramasawmy Mudaliyar Lying-in Hospital, Washermanpet.
Gnanamanickam	Native Christian	41, Amman Covil Street, Royapettah.
Grace Ammal	do.	Free Church Mission Hospital, Rayapuram.
Miss Green	European	No. 144, Popham's Broadway, Black Town.
Mrs. B. Grostate	Eurasian	New Town.
" F. Halge	do.	Old Jail Street, Black Town.
" M. A. Harris	do.	14, Old Jail Street, Black Town.
" A. Hayes	do.	New Town.
" A. Hosie	do.	Naval Hospital Road, New Town.
Miss C. Humphreys	do.	Tannah Street, Pursawalkum.
Mrs. E. Humphreys	do.	Myrtle Cottage, Tannah St., Pursawalkum.
" A. F. Hunt	European	C/o. J. Hunt, 9th Field Battery, R.A., St. Thomas' Mount.
Intherany	Native Christian	50, Mowbray's Road, Royapettah.
Miss C. Jackman	Eurasian	57, Main Road, Rayapuram.
Mrs. A. B. Joseph	European	1st Street, Pudupet.
Joanna	Native Christian	C/o. Mrs. Cooling, Royapettah.
Mrs. Kate Kelly	Eurasian	23, Soonkarama Street, Black Town.
" Kerr	do.	Vepery High Road.
Kuppamah	Hindu (Kavaray)	Chintadripet.
Mrs. E. J. Lambie	European	Matron, Government Maternity Hospital.
" A. M. Lincoln	Eurasian	Church Road, Vepery.
" H. Lincoln	do.	Vepery High Road, Madras.
Martha Devadoss	Native Christian	10, Cantoor Sadayappen Street, Periamet.
Mary Anne	do.	Government Maternity Hospital.
Mary Daniel	do.	Government Maternity Hospital.
Mrs. A. E. McIntosh	Eurasian	General Hospital.
" H. McGrath-Bartley	do.	Harris Road, Pudupet.
Miss I. A. Mergler	do.	3rd Street, Pudupet.
" M. Moore	European	Bangalore.
Natchathram	Native Christian	Midwife, Royapettah Hospital, Madras.
Miss S. Nourse	European	Bombay.
Mrs. A. Parkinson	do.	39 High Road, Vepery.
" I. Pierce	Eurasian	C/o. Mr. Hawkins, Inspector of Post Offices, Mount Road, Madras.
" K. Pitts	do.	5, Bishop's Lane, Vepery.
Ponnammah	Hindu (Kavaray)	3, Solayappa Mudelly Street, Pursawalkum.
Mrs. C. Pope	Eurasian	Siruvallur.
" A. Probyne	do.	St. Thomé.
" A. Prosser	European	C/o. Matron, Maternity Hospital, Egmore.
" I. Ross	Eurasian	—
Samuthram	Native Christian	Perianna Maistry Street, New Town.
H. Sarathamba	Hindu	Swaminatha Gramany Street, Periamet.
Mrs. A. Jones	Eurasian	Bangalore.
" J. G. Secluna	do.	34, Popham's Broadway.

* Formerly Mrs. Ringrose.

List of Midwives practising at MADRAS, corrected upto 31st December 1901.

Name.	Race.	Address.
Miss F. C. Sequirah	Eurasian	C/o. Mr. R. J. Meneaud, Tannah Street, Rayapuram.
Mrs. J. Shephard	do.	Police Commissioner's Road, Egmore.
" A. Smith	do.	Jones' Street, Black Town.
" A. R. Smith	do.	C/o. Messrs. Smith and André, Mount Road.
" C. Smith	do.	Veteran Lane, Pallaveram.
" M. J. Smith	European	May Cottage, Pallaveram.
" W. J. Smith	do.	2nd Asst. Matron, Govt. Maternity Hospital.
Rosabella Solomon	Native Christian	4th Street, Pudupett.
Mrs. A. G. Starr	European	34, Wallajah Road, Triplicane.
Tholasee	Hindu (Barber)	22, Mowbray's Lane, Royapettah.
Mrs. A. Thomas	Eurasian	Matron, Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital.
Rebecca Thomas	Native Christian	Andyappa Gramany Street, Rayapuram.
Thoyarama	Hindu (Barber)	Flower Bazaar, Triplicane.
Vulliamah	Hindu (Mudaly)	Swamy Naick Street, Chintadripet.
Mrs. Vanderputt	Eurasian	Ritchie's Road, Mount Road.
" A. Ward	do.	Rayapuram.
" L. West	do.	Hospital Lane, Royapettah.
" A. L. Williams	do.	Tannah Street, Pursewalkum. (Plague duty, Guntakal).
" C. Willoughby	do.	17, Hunter's Road, Vepery.
" M. A. Wilson	European	Sirivallur, Perambur.
" M. E. Wilson	Eurasian	Perambur.

List of Nurses that have passed from the Government Maternity Hospital, Madras, from 5th November 1901.

Name.	Race.	Address.
Johana Timothy	Tiyya	Municipal Dispensary, Mangalore.
Ponnachi	Native Christian	Bellary, Plague Duty.
Mrs. M. J. Craen	Eurasian	44 Street, No. 24 Rangoon.
Authi Lutchumi	Pariah	Maternity Hospital for Women and Children, Bangalore.
Mrs. Alice Harper	European	72 Battery, Royal Field Artillery, Belgaum.
Manickam	Barber	Bellary, Plague Duty.
Mrs. C. Roberts	Eurasian	Office of S. W. & W. Burma Railway, Rangoon.
Mrs. M. W. Davis	European	Harrow Lodge, Vepery.
Elizabeth Bengaru	Native Christian	Bellary, Plague Duty.
Antony Ruby	do.	Municipal Hospital, Vaniyambady.
Gnana Sundaram	do.	Thousand Lights, Madras.
Alangara Mary	do.	No. 12, Kandappa Pillay Street, Madhaya-ram Road, Perambore.
Mrs. Rosalie Cole	European	C/o. Mr. Briggs, Temperance Hall, Bombay.
Miss Lydia Francke	Eurasian	C/o. Mr. J. Francke, No. 17, Traffic Quarters, E. I. Railway, Asansol.
Miss Sarah Francke	do.	do.
Emma Abraham	Native Christian	Slaughter House Road, Bangalore.
Ameer Bee	Muhamadan	Maternity Hospital for Women and Children, Bangalore.
Amirtham	Native Christian	Matron, Cantonment General Hospital, Wellington.
Alamaloo	Hindu (Kavaray)	Municipal Dispensary, Salem.
Mrs. Emily McCoubrey	Eurasian	Kennett's Lane
" Ellen Louisa Stone	European	C/o. Mr. W. W. Hardy, Driver, M. R. Com-pany, Jollarpett.
" M. A. Hardy	do.	C/o. Mr. W. Blazey, 2nd Street, New Town, Madras.
" A. E. Kiernan	Eurasian	C/o. Miss Elizabeth John, Calicut.
P. Kalliany	Tiyya	C/o. Mr. O. J. Bird, South Parade, Banga-lore.
Florence	Native Christian	do.
Miss A. Hunter	European	Hampshire House, Amballa.

List of Nurses that have passed from the Government Maternity Hospital, Madras, since December, 1901.

Name.	Race.	Address.
Ramboyee	Rajaput	Local Fund Dispensary, Ettiapuram.
Esther	Native Christian	C/o. Manickum Pillay, Number Taker, Madras Railway Co., Rayapuram.
Mangalutchmee	Balja	Local Fund Dispensary, Trichendoor.
Mrs. A. J. D'Lemos	Eurasian	Ellen Cottage, Ootacamund.
" G. Martin	European	C/o. Rev. C. N. Bazely, Siruvallur, Peram-bore.
" M. Wiles	do.	Max Villa, Newara Eliya, Colombo, Ceylon.
Kondamma	Barber	Thousand Lights, Madras.
Prakdsam	Native Christian	Midwife, Mysore Service.
Arokiamarie	do.	Midwife, Bowring Civil Hospital, Bangalore.
Santhanamarie	do.	Vattipilliar Keil Street, Kumbakonam.
Thoyaru	Hindu (Barber)	Midwife, Hosdrug Dispensary, S. Canara Dist.
Mary	Native Christian	Vizagapatam.
Rukmany	Hindu (Kavaray)	Midwife, Rajah Mirasidar's Hospital, Tanjore.
Annamarie	Native Christian	Midwife, Kalyandrug Dispensary, Ananta-pur Dist.
Martha Davids	do.	Midwife, Station Hospital, Wellington.
Selvanayagam	do.	18, Vadamalay Street, Pursewalkum.
Mrs. H. Williams	European	6, Brigade Road, Bangalore.
" E. Harmer	do.	Pallavaram.
Amy Mark	Native Christian	Pandaram Street, Pursewalkum.
Venkatamma	Hindu (Kavaray)	Midwife, Municipal Hospital, Cuddalore.
Caroline Atkinson	Native Christian	Municipal Hospital, Yercaud.
Mrs. R. F. Whitby	European	Head Nurse, Government Maternity Hos-pital, Madras.
Menatchie	Hindu (Eluvur)	Midwife, Municipal Hospital, Mangeri, Malabar.
Annamal Lewis	Native Christian	Church of Scotland Mission Dispensary, Sholinghur.
Nagamm	Hindu (Kavaray)	Cowl Bazaar, Bellary.
Abaram	Native Christian	Midwife, Mysore Service.
Pankagam	Hindu (Edayar)	Midwife, Municipal Hospital, Tanjore.
Mrs. C. Speers	European	Popham's Broadway, Madras.
Thota Venkatamma	Hindu (Kavaray)	Thousand Lights Madras.
Ameer Bee	Mussalman	Lascar's Lines, Locock's, Gardens, Kilpauk
Mary Francis	Native Christian	St. Bartholomew's Hospital, Ootacamund.
Mrs. L. Ruffe	Eurasian	Gun Carriage Factory Road, New Town.
Chinnathoy	Hindu (Kavaray)	Maharajah's Palace, Bobbili.

List of Nurses that have passed from the Government Maternity Hospital, Madras, from 14th November, 1902.

Name.	Race.	Address.
Thoyaramah	Vulluva	Midwife, Local Fund Hospital, Kottagiri.
Miss E. M. Lowe	European	C/o Mr. R. B. Lowe, Main Road, Royapuram.
Mrs. F. A. Ingram	do.	C/o Sergt. Castel, Trimulgherry, Deccan.
Sukkamah	Barber	Coimbatore.
Mariamagdarina	Native Christian	C/o Mr. P. D. Susa, Telegraph Office, Mercara, Cochin.
Mrs. H. M. Luxa	Eurasian	C/o Mr. A. J. Luxa, Loco. Workshops, R. M. Ry., Ajmere.
" E. J. Duggan	European	No. 36, Ordnance Lines, Madras.
Eliza Israel	Native Christian	Bolarum.
Thoyaramah	Vanniyar	Midwife, Local Fund Dispensary, Kalyan-drug.
Hebshiba Ramanna	Native Christian	C/o Chairman, Municipal Council, Manga-lore.
Elizabeth Michael	do.	Midwife, Palladam Dispensary.
Meenatchiammall	Valluva	Midwife, Municipal Hospital, Palni.
Thoyaramah	Pariah	Midwife, Local Fund Hospital, Mettu-paliyam.

List of Nurses that have passed from the Government Maternity Hospital, Madras, from 14th November 1902—concl'd.

Name.	Race.	Address.
Mrs. M. C. Trutwein.....	European	"Lauriston", Ootacamund.
Miss S. Richter.....	Eurasian	C/o Mr. O. A. Richter, Gun Carriage Factory, Madras.
Indraniamah.....	Tiyyar	Coimbatore.
Jogamah.....	Baliya	Ernakulam.
Vethamanickam.....	Native Christian.	Midwife, Vettaikaranaputhur Dispensary.
Amboyeo.....	do.	C/o Mr. Lazarus Benchman, Nos. 4 & 5, Forty Street, Rangoon.
Mrs. Edith Antonio.....	Eurasian	C/o Mr. S. Antonio, Signaller, Government Telegraph, Central Provinces, Nagpur.
Arokiamary.....	Native Christian.	Midwife, Valangaiman Dispensary.
Mrs. H. Nagel.....	Eurasian	C/o Rev. V. Nagel, Missionary, via Shoranore, Travancore.
Visalatchmi.....	Pariah	Midwife, Municipal Hospital, Chingleput.
Mrs. M. F. Tellis.....	Eurasian	C/o Mr. J. B. Rego, Store-keeper, Perambore Works, Perambore.
Miss M. Garrett.....	European	Head Nurse, General Hospital, Madras.
K. Johannah.....	Native Christian.	Midwife, Municipal Hospital, Cochin.
Mrs. W. Brotherton.....	European	C/o Capt. H. W. Dunlop, 3, Rest House Road Bangalore.
Soogirthamah.....	Native Christian.	No. 43, 5th Cox Street, Chintadripet, Madras.
Maryammall.....	do.	Midwife, Local Fund Hospital, Kollegal.
Mrs. M. Colquhoun.....	European	C/o Capt. Henderson, Perambore Barracks Road, Madras.
Sundarammall.....	Mudaly	Midwife, Enangudy Dispensary.
Ragooammall.....	Kammala	Midwife, Branch Dispensary, Kumbakonam.
Coopamah.....	Naicker	Balakrishna Pillay Street, Chintadripet Madras.
Kuppamah.....	Mudaly	Midwife, Plague duty, Bellary.
Miss M. Hunter.....	Eurasian	C/o Mrs. F. W. Hopwood, No. 8, Francis, Turin Street, N. B. Town, Madras.
Janakee Bhai.....	Rajaput	Midwife, Majarajah's Hospital, Vizianagaram.

List of Midwives practising in the MOFUSSIL, corrected up to 1st December 1901.

Place.	Name.	Race.	Address.
Adirampatnam.....	Ramanujamma	Hindu	Local F. Dispensary, (Tanjore).
Adoni.....	Thippammah	do.	Municipal Hospital.
Agra.....	Miss D. M. Ball	European	Midwife.
Ajmero.....	Mrs. Taylor.....	Eurasian	.....
Alatur.....	D. Manickam	Native Christian	Local Fund Dispy. (Palghat).
Allahabad.....	Mrs. M. A. Archer	Eurasian	3rd Loco. Barracks, E. I. Ry.
Alur.....	Ammaueamah	Hindu	Local Fund Hospital, (Bellary).
Amindivi Islands.....	Harriet	Native Christian	Midwife.
Anakapalli.....	Authilutchmee	do.	Municipal Dispensary.
Anikal.....	Julia	do.	Local Fd. Dispy. (Bangalore Dist.).
Ariyalur.....	Manickam Ammall	Hindu	do.
Aska.....	Thoyarammah	do. (Kavaray)	Local Fund Dispensary.
Atur.....	Namagiri Ammall	do.	do. (Salem Dist.).
Ayinigedda.....	Authilutchmee	do.	do. (Kistna Dist.).
Ayyampettai.....	V. Sundram	do. (Kavaray)	do. (Tanjore Dist.).
Bangalore.....	Mrs. J. Costello	European	Municipal Hospital Shimoga.
Do.....	A. Perrett	Eurasian	7, Cheerful Villa, St. John's Road.
Do.....	Draper	European	.....
Do.....	S. E. Probert	Eurasian	Mackin Street, John's Road.
Do.....	E. King	do.	do.
Do.....	E. Moore	do.	C/o Asst. Surg. J. Moore, Trimulgherry.
Do.....	G. Cronk	do.	Cleveland Town, C/o Mrs. Gascoyne.
Do.....	F. O'Donne	do.	.....
Do.....	Rajammah	Hindu (Mudaly)	Head Nurse and Midwife, Maternity Hospital.

List of Midwives practising in the MOFUSSIL, corrected up to 1st December 1901—contd.

Place.	Name.	Race.	Address.
Bangalore	Marriammah	Native Christian	Midwife.
Do.	Mrs. E. L. Latimour*	Eurasian	2/64, Sepping's Rd., St. John's Hill.
Do.	E. Foote	do.	121, Narayana Pillay Street, St. John's Hill.
Do.	S. Lucas	do.	5, Casurina Street, St. John's Hill.
Do.	S. Dale	do.	25, Dickinson Road.
Do.	E. Sullivan	do.	2, Wellington Street, Richmond Town.
Do.	M. Terry	European	Matron of the Maternity Hospital for Women and Children.
Dq.	E. Grainger	Eurasian	Railway Quarters, City Station, S. M. Railway.
Do.	H. Fernandez	do.	3, Cockburn Road, St. John's Hill.
Do.	M. S. Sheppard	do.	C/o Overseer's Lodge, Maharajah's Palace.
Do.	J. Harrod	do.	Benson Road, Benson Town.
Do.	E. Walshe	European	Matron, Victoria Hospital Bangalore.
Do.	E. J. Stephens	Eurasian	C/o Messrs. Higginbotham & Co.
Do.	Paupammah	Hindu	Cantonment Hospital.
Do.	Hannah	Native Christian	Midwife.
Do.	Thiravyam	do.	Local Fund Dispensary, (Ailapat City).
Do.	Mrs. M. A. Thipthorpe (formerly A. Rozario)	Eurasian	144, St. John's Hill.
Do.	Mrs. A. Edwards	do.	C/o Mr. E. Gillson, Infantry Lines, Bangalore.
Do.	Laura Anne Dyce	do.	No. 17, Infantry Road.
Do.	Govindamah	Hindu	Municipal Hospital.
Do.	Rodha Mini	.....	C/o Miss Anstey, Ulsoor Road.
Do.	Amba Bhai	Brahmin	Midwife.
Do.	Grace Moses	Native Christian	Midwife, Maternity Hospital.
Do.	Agatha	do.	do.
Do.	Mrs. A. Paul	Eurasian	Midwife.
Do.	S. T. Saldanho	do.	C/o Mr. Saldanho, Postmaster.
Do.	D. Gomes	do.	C/o Mr. Dalton, Bangalore.
Do.	A. E. Fernandez	do.	Haines Road, St. John's Hill.
Badagara	M. Pannooty	Native Christian	Taluk Board Hospital (Tellicherry).
Bapatla	Veeramah	Hindu	Civil Dispensary, (Kistna Dist.).
Bellary	Poongavanum	do.	Sabapathy Moodelliar Hospital.
Do.	Mrs. M. L. Satur	Eurasian	C/o Mrs. Makum, Civil Orphanage.
Do.	H. Goudie	European	C/o M. H. A. Goudie, Asst. Surgeon, Station Hospital.
Do.	Sooramah	Native Christian	Midwife.
Do.	Danammal	Hindu (Kavaray)	Midwife, Plague Duty.
Do.	Asha Bee	European	Midwife.
Bhusawal	Mrs. S. J. O'Mally	do.	Midwife, Plague Duty.
Bobbili	M. E. Barclay	Eurasian	do.
Bombay	A. I. Jellie	European	Ordnance Lines, Bombay.
Bowringpet	M. Simmons	Eurasian	Midwife, Plague Duty.
Calcutta	A. Cardoza	do.	21, Gireebaboo's Lane.
Do.	J. Beeby	do.	C/o Mr. Beeby, Foundry and Shell Factory, Cossipore.
Do.	V. J. Wilson	do.	C/o Mr. Oliver, G. I. P. Ry.
Do.	Miss G. Tyson	European	Eden Hospital, Calcutta.
Calicut	Mrs. H. Lopez	Eurasian	Midwife.
Do.	D'Mellow	do.	do.
Do.	H. Hillier	do.	.....
Do.	Thompson	do.	C/o Asst. Surg., Station Hospital. — (Plague duty, Madras.)
Cannanore	M. A. Riordan	European	Fort.
Do.	Rachel Andiparram	Native Christian	Mission Hospital.

* Formerly Mrs. Taylor.

List of Midwives practising in the MOFUSSIL, corrected up to 1st December 1901—contd.

Place.	Name.	Race.	Address.
Cochin	Miss J. H. Baillie...	European	Municipal Hospital.
Do.	Mrs. A. Bass	do.	do.
Do.	Annammal	Native Christian	Midwife.
Do.	Arokiamary	do.	Municipal Midwife.
Chowghat	Mrs. E. C. Philip	Eurasian	Civil Hospital.
Cossipore	" A. Buckley	do.	Midwife.
Chingleput	" A. L. Hardinge	European	do. —(Plague Duty.)
Chodavaram	A. Kannamah	Hindu	Local Fund Hospital.
Chamrajanagar.	Dorachiammal	do.	do. Dispensary.
Chennapatna	Ameena Bee	Muhammadian	do. (Bangalore
Chidambaram	Runganoyagee	Hindu	Civil Dispensary. [Dist.].
Chingleput	C. Benjamin	Native Christian	Local Fund Hospital.
Chikballapur	Ammakannoo	do.	Civil Dispensary.
Chittoor	Mrs. M. Henderson	Eurasian	Matron, Lying-in Hospital, L. F.
Cocanada	Ammoye Ammal	Hindu	Civil Dispensary. [Board.
Condapur	Eliza Karkada	Native Christian	Local Fund Hospital.
Do.	Rebecca Jesudasan	do.	Midwife.
Conjeevaram	Kanakambujam	Hindu	do.
Coimbatore	Mrs. Maria Beale	Eurasian	Jail Road.
Do. (Ka-	Annamuthu	Native Christian	Midwife.
Coorg	Annamma	Hindu (Vellala).	Holenarasapur (Coorg Dist.).
Coonoor	Mrs. C. Cawdery	Eurasian	Midwife.
Do.	" G. Slyn	do.	Matron, Municipal Hospital.
Do.	Latchmeammah	Native Christian	Midwife.
Do.	Miss Honeywell	Eurasian	do.
Do.	Mrs. E. Cockrane	do.	Matron, Coonoor Hospital.
Cuddalore, N. T.	Nagamah	Hindu	Midwife, Lying-in Hospital.
Do. O. T.	Mrs. E. Fewkes	Eurasian	Midwife.
Do.	" A. S. Cloney	do.	do. Mt. Capper.
Do.	Sophia Sylvester	Native Christian	do. Municipal Dispensary.
Cuddapah	Mrs. E. Elliott	Eurasian	Finial Lodge.
Do.	" L. Pollett	do.	Matron, Municipal Hospital.
Dharapuram	M. Boussard	Native Christian	Local Fund Hospital.
Dindigul	Sellathammal	Hindu	Civil Dispensary.
Do.	Samathanam	Native Christian	C/o. Dr. Chester, Dindigul.
Devanahalli	Anna Fernandez	do.	Civil Dispy., (Bangalore Dist.).
Dodaballapur	Martha	do.	Taluk Dispensary.
Ellamanchilli	P. Lutchmamah	Hindu (Kavaray)	Midwife, (Vizagapatam Dist.).
Erode	Vethavally	do.	Midwife.
Ernaculam	Canneamah	do.	do.
Ercud	Manna Bhair	Mahratti	do. [District].
Gandarwakottai	Amaravathy	Hindu	Local Fund Dispensary, (Tanjore
Ganjam	Leah Behara	Native Christian	Midwife.
Do.	Lucy Behara	do.	do.
Do.	Katy Senapathy	do.	do.
Do.	Marian Moses	do.	do.
Godavari	Thoyaramah	Hindu	Under District Board.
Gubbi	Gnanamirtham	Native Christian	Midwife, (Tumkur Dist.).
Gudiyatam	Ammathoye	do.	Municipal Hospital.
Gudivada	Elizabeth	do.	Local Fund Hospital, (Kistna
Guntur	Rookmoney	Hindu (Kavaray)	Midwife, Lutheran Mission.
Do.	Mary Paripuramam	Native Christian	do.
Do.	Chellamah	Hindu (Barber).	do.
Hariharpur	S. Rachel	Native Christian	Midwife.
Harpanahalli	Mariamah	do.	Local Fund Hospital.
Holalkere	Mariamah	do.	Taluk Hospital.
Hoskote	Gnanamah	do.	Midwife, (Bangalore Dist.).
Hospet	Mary Rose	do.	Civil Dispensary.
Do.	P. Thoyamah	Hindu	Municipal Dispensary.
Hosur	Thoyamah	do.	Local Fund Hospital.
Huma, Ganjam	Mrs. L. Campbell	European	Midwife.
District.	Annammah	Native Christian	Local Fund Dispensary.
Huvinaladgalli	Mrs. E. C. Phillips	Eurasian	Midwife, Chudderghat.
Hyderabad, Dec-	" K. Edmonds	do.	do.
can	" F. Muir	European	do.

List of Midwives practising in the MOFUSSIL, corrected up to 1st December 1901—contd.

Place.	Name.	Race.	Address.
Jaffna	Eliza Agnew	Eurasian	C/o. T. W. Scott, Manappay.
Jalarpet	Mrs. L. H. McCoy	do.	C/o. Mr. W. McCoy, Apothecary,
Do.	Eliza Gilholy	do.	Railway Dispensary.
Jami	G. Venkammah	Hindu	Railway Premises, Jalarpet.
Kolaba, Bombay	Mrs. M. Casling	European	Local Fund Hospital, (Vizaga-
Presidency	Anna Maria Naronha	Native Christian	patam District).
Kallarkutte	Winnifred Hyde	European	Midwife.
(Shimoga Dist.)	Miss Woodsell	do.	Taluk Board Hospital.
Karaly	Martha Soans	Native Christian	Ceylon.
Karachi	Gnanapoo	do.	do.
Karkal	Dorcas	do.	Local Fund Hospital.
Kodaikanal	Mathammah	Hindu	Midwife, Municipal Hospital.
Kolar	Jessie Macrao	Native Christian	Civil Hospital.
Do.	Thoyarammah	Hindu	Midwife.
Do.	Thoyammah	do.	Methodist Episcopal Mission.
Kottur	Pragasammah	Native Christian	Civil Dispensary, (Bellary).
Kudligy	Maria Seshoo	do.	Local Fund Dispensary.
Kuniga	Theresa Fernandez	do.	Taluk Board Hospital, (Tumkur
Kasaragod	Muthial	Hindu	District).
Do.	Thoyaram	do. (Kavaray)	Taluk Board Hospital, (S. Canara).
Karoor	Mrs. A. W. Coutts	Eurasian	Midwife.
Do.	P. Audilutchmee	Hindu	Municipal Hospital.
Kirkee	M. Somaloo	do.	do.
Kistna	M. Venkayee	do.	C/o. Muthialu, Midwife.
Kistna	Miniamah	do.	Elphinstone Road.
Do.	Chand Bee	Muhammadian	Midwife.
Kurnool	Maboo Bee	do.	do.
Do.	Thoyarama	Hindu (Kavaray)	do.
Kudligy, Bel-	Sundaram	do. (Vellala).	do. Municipal Hospital.
lary District.	Mrs. A. M. Denton	European	Lahore.
Kumbakonam	Muthulutchmee	Hindu	Local Fund Dispensary.
Lahore	Mrs. A. C. Faulkner	Eurasian	C/o. Mr. Brown, Station Master.
Lalgudi	Miss E. D'Souza	do.	Lucknow.
Lanowli	Esther Balachensoo	Native Christian	Local Fund Hospital.
Do.	Dayawayee	do.	do.
Madanapalle	Nathala D'Souza	do.	do.
Madurai, akam	Mrs. Sarah Williams	European	do.
Magadi	Esther	Native Christian	Mission Hospital.
Malur	Maruthoye	Hindu	Local Fund Hospital.
Mallapuram	Mercia Baboo	do.	Municipal Hospital.
Manapari	Elizabeth Codoth	Native Christian	do.
Mangalore	Manicka Moses	do.	do.
Do.	V. Pragasem	Hindu	Local Fund Dispensary.
Do.	Varathoye	Native Christian	Midwife.
Mannargudi	Vulliamah	Hindu	Taluk Dispy., (Chittaldroog).
Masulipatam	Jayapurani	Native Christian	Hospital.
Molkalmuru	Annapoome	Hindu	Midwife.
Mysore	Baigam	do.	do.
Do.	Mrs. J. G. Bernard	Eurasian	do.
Nagpore	Katija Bee	Muhammadian	Local Fund Dispensary.
Namakal	Kanakamah	Hindu	Under Taluk Board.
Namakal	Christian Johnson	Native Christian	Municipal Hospital.
Do.	Thoye	Hindu	Local Fund Dispensary.
Nandyal	Munnamah	Native Christian	Under Taluk Board.
Do.	Mrs. S. J. Adams	Eurasian	Midwife.
Neemuch	Antoniammah	Native Christian	Local Fund Dispensary.
Neelamangala	Mrs. C. Thomas	Eurasian	Midwife.
Nellore	Mercy Paul	Native Christian	do. Mission Hospital
Do.	Mrs. J. Cowell	European	do.
Ootacamund	" E. Marsh	Eurasian	Maternity Hospital Bangalore.
Do.	" L. Bouvard	European	Mona Cottage.
Do.	" M. Sherwood	do.	Cheerful Cottage.

List of Midwives practising in the MOFUSSIL, corrected up to 1st December 1901—contd.

Place.	Name.	Race.	Address.
Ootacamund	Ruthnamah	Native Christian	St. Bartholomew's Hospital.
Do.	Mrs. E. Kirkby	European	C/o. Sergeant-Major Kirkby, Nilgiri Volr. Rifles.
Do.	" L. Key	do.	C/o. Miss Fullerton, Nazareth Convent.
Do.	" A. J. D'Lemos.	Eurasian	Midwife.
Do.	" F. Cabral	do.	Ellen Cottage, Ootacamund.
Ongole	Ramanujam	Hindu (Kavaray)	Midwife, Municipal Hospital.
Palkonda	G. Thotamah	Hindu	Local Fund Dispensary.
Palni Hills	Antoniammah	Native Christian	Municipal Hospital.
Palghat	Chellammah	Hindu	do.
Palamcottah	Chinnammall	do.	do.
Pallavaram	Mrs. M. Doran	Eurasian	Midwife.
Palni Hills	S. Gnanamah	Native Christian	Municipal Hospital.
Parlakimedi	Chinnamma	Hindu (Barber)	do.
Parvatipur	Mooneammall	do.	Local Fund Hospital, (Vizagapatam District).
Pattambi	Karimbil Thala	do.	2nd Class Vaccinatrix.
Peddapoor	Ruthamah	Native Christian	Local Fund Dispensary.
Perambalur	Alamelu	Hindu	do.
Penukondah	B. Thoyaramah	do. (Kavaray)	do.
Poona	Miss F. Parke	European	Petty Staff Lines.
Puttur	Teresa Coelho	Native Christian	Local Fund Hospital, (S. Canara).
Pudukotah	Lutchmi Bhai	Mahratta	Maharajah's Hospital.
Do.	Karupayee	Hindu	Civil Dispensary.
Do.	Veerayee	do.	Ponamaravathy Dispensary.
Do.	Amirtham	do.	Midwife.
Do.	Chinnamma	do.	do.
Do.	Mariyayee	do. (Barber)	do.
Do.	Govindamma	do.	do.
Do.	Mangalam	do. (Edayar)	do.
Quilon	Mrs. M. Quinless	Eurasian	Matron, Victoria Lying-in Hospital.
Rajahmundry	Elizabeth	Native Christian	Midwife.
Rajam	Somalammah	Hindu	Local Fund Dispensary.
Renigunta	Mrs. L. Duarte	Eurasian	C/o. Mr. Green.—(Plague duty, Nagpore.)
Rangoon	" L. M. D'Monte	do.	7, Barr Street.
Do.	" S. Mariner	do.	289, Dalhousie Road.
Do.	" J. A. Rorke	European	Midwife.
Do.	" K. Johnson	do.	C/o. Lance-Sergeant Johnson, 2nd S. S. Regiment.
Salem	Lydia	Native Christian	C/o. Rev. W. Robinson, London Mission.
Do.	Gnanapu	do.	Municipal Dispensary.
Do.	Coopamah	Hindu	do.
Do.	Amoye	do.	Municipal Hospital.
Do.	Thoyammall	do. (Kavaray)	Local Fund Dispensary, Hosur, Salem Dist.
Sathiavedu	Achammall	Native Christian	Local Fund Dispensary.
Bombay	Mrs. L. D'Costa	Eurasian	Midwife.
Do.	" A. Harris	do.	do.
Do.	" E. Howard	do.	C/o. Mrs. Thomas.
Do.	" Gomes	do.	Sapper Lines.
Shahabad	" M. C. Jones	do.	Midwife.
Sorab (Shimoga)	Chinnapillay	Native Christian	Talug Hospital.
Singapore	Miss C. Wolfe	European	C/o. J. A. Reardon.
Sankaranainarcovil	Amaravathy	Native Christian	Local Fund Hospital.
Tanjore	P. Mariammah	do.	Midwife, C/o. Dt. Medical and Sanitary Officer (Tanjore).
Do.	Seethama	Hindu (Barber)	Midwife, Raja Mirassidar's Hospital.
Do.	Guanamma	Native Christian	do. do.
Do.	Naganma	do.	do. do.
Tiruvady	Alamalu	Hindu	Local Fd. Hospl., (Tanjore Dist.).
Tellicherry	Mrs. C. Edwards	Eurasian	Civil Hospital.

List of Midwives practising in the MOFUSSIL, corrected up to 1st December 1901—concl.

Place.	Name.	Race.	Addresses.
Tellicherry	Mrs. L. Hornby, (formerly L. Hinton).	Eurasian	C/o. Sergt-Instr. J. Hornby, Malabar Volr. Rifles.
Do.	Miss A. Salisbury	do.	Midwife.
Do.	Mrs. M. C. Littery	do.	C/o. Mr. J. E. Brito, Sea Custom House, Tellicherry.
Tiruverankurichy.	Amirtham	Hindu	Local Fund Dispensary.
Tiruvellore	Mary Abraham	Native Christian	Wesleyan Mission Dispensary.
Tanuku	Lydiamah	do.	Local Fund Hospital
Tiddivanam	Suobamah	Hindu (Barber)	Midwife.
Tirthahally	Nathala D'Costa	Native Christian	do. (Shimoga District).
Tiruporur	Jeevaruthnum	do.	Municipal Dispensary.
Tirupaty	Thoye	Hindu	Devastanum Civil Hospital.
Travancore	Elizabeth	Native Christian	C/o. Dr. Fells, Neyoor.
Trivandrum	Mrs. G. V. Spooner	Eurasian	Matron, Maternity Hospital.
Do.	" A. Matcher	do.	Midwife.
Trichinopoly	Ammaneamah	Hindu	Municipal Hospital.
Do.	Mrs. R. Reay	Eurasian	C/o. Mr. Reay, Station Master, S. I. Railway.
Do.	" A. Martin	do.	C/o. Mr. W. Jelly, Kemp's Town.
Do.	" D. A. Clerk	do.	Nurse L. A. Madras.
Do.	Susanah	do.	Midwife.
Tripatore	Mrs. Hanna Cook, (formerly H. Butler)	European	do.
Do.	Arokiammal	Native Christian	do.
Uttramallur	Galiamah	Hindu	Local Fund Hospital.
Uttranad Chatram	Autheammah	do.	do. (Tanjore Dist.).
Vaniyambadi	Annapurany	Native Christian	Plague duty, Vaniyambadi.
Vayitri	Elizabeth Thammiah	do.	Municipal Dispensary.
Veeraranjadrapet	Rachel	do.	Civil Dispensary, (Coorg).
Vizagapatam	Buthrammah	do.	C/o. Medl. Practitioner, Victoria Gosha Hospital.
Do.	Atchama	Hindu (Edayar)	Midwife.
Do.	Appalanarasannah	Native Christian	do.
Do.	Rajamah	Hindu	do.
Do.	Kamalamah	do.	do.
Do.	Narsamah	do.	Under District Board.
Do.	Appala Narasamah	do. (Kavaray)	Midwife.
Do.	Nookamah	do.	Under District Board.
Do.	Pydeamah	do.	do.
Do.	Jahera Bee	Muhammadan	Midwife.
Do.	Seethamah	Hindu	Under District Board.
Do.	Akkalamah	do.	do.
Do.	M. Neelakantammah	Native Christian	C/o. Medl. Practitioner, Victoria Gosha Hospital.
Do.	B. Somalamah	Hindu	Victoria Gosha Hospital (Vizagapatam).
Do.	Mrs. M. A. Barracliffe	Eurasian	Fort.
Do.	Mrs. L. B. Bouche	do.	Midwife.
Do.	" R. Eadon	do.	do.
Do.	S. Chittammah	do.	do.
Do.	N. Ramanujayamah	do.	do.
Do.	B. Seethayamah	do.	do.
Do.	Anna Maria Thoyamah	Native Christian	Municipal Hospital.
Do.	Annamma	do.	Midwife.
Do.	Kanakamma	do.	do.
Vinukondah	C. Pideamah	do.	Local Fund Hospl., (Kistna Dt.).
Wellington	Mrs. J. Murphy	do.	55th Street East Rangoon.
Do.	" J. Drame	Eurasian	Midwife.
Do.	Seraphina Rodrigues	Native Christian	do. Station Hospital.
Whitefield	Mrs. E. Crooks	Eurasian	do.
Do.	" M. Meyers	do.	Woodhouse Cottages.
Do.	" R. White	European	Midwife.
Yemmagalur	Thoyarammah	Hindu	do. Local Fund Hospital.

GOVERNMENT LEPER HOSPITAL, MADRAS.

Military Assistant Surgeon C. T. M. Nicholas.....Superintendent.
 V. K. Narasimma Charry.....Hospital Assistant.
 Mrs. P. Halge.....Matron.
 N. M. Thoymonasawmy Mudaliar.....Steward.
 E. Namotty.....Tailor.

This institution, which was opened in 1841, is situated at the northern end of Popham's Broadway, and is maintained solely from public funds. Accommodation was originally provided for only 88 lepers, but subsequent additions at different dates now enable 246 of all classes,—Europeans, Eurasians and Natives—to be lodged, clothed and fed therein. There is a separate enclosure for female lepers and a large two-storied ward has recently been erected within it for East Indian and Native Christian females. There is, besides, a Criminal Leper Ward, to which lepers from all the jails throughout the Presidency are transferred. The enlarged premises are, however, still inadequate for the numbers seeking admission, as lepers are numerous in Madras, whither they flock even from remote parts, to eke out a precarious livelihood by begging, or to share in the doles of grain or the public distribution of food to hordes of mendicants—a form of ostentatious charity in which the well-to-do native is prone to indulge on festival or other occasions in his household. Several of the lepers have been inmates for a number of years, and a few even from childhood to maturity, but a large proportion come and go as their inclination prompts, the monotony of the life as well as the regimen observed in the Hospital palliating on them after a time and being uncongenial to the vagrant tastes and habits that most of them have acquired. Chaplains of the Anglican and Roman Catholic Churches minister to the spiritual and moral welfare of their respective followers, while Hindus and Mussalmans are permitted to practice their religious observances in places set apart for the purpose. A sum of money is annually contributed by kind friends and sympathizers with the sufferers from this baneful disease, to provide the lepers with a treat at Christmas-time, and to enable prizes and rewards to be given to the juvenile patients for proficiency in needlework, as well as at their school tasks.

NATIVE INFIRMARY.

MONEGAR CHOULTRY ROAD, NORTH BLACK TOWN.

Lieut.-Colonel F. C. Reeves, I.M.S.....Superintendent.
 H. S. Halge, L.M.S.....Resident Medical Officer.
 A. Ramasawmy Mudaliar.....1st Class Hospital Assistant, No. 71.
 R. Aservada Nadar.....1st do. do. " 287.
 Abdul Subhan Khan.....1st do. do. " 183.
 P. Loganatha Pillai.....4th do. do. " 550.
 Mahomed Ali.....4th do. do. " 741.
 P. Ramalinga Sastri.....Clerk.

This institution, as well as the North Black Town Dispensary, which is worked in connection with it, comes next to the Government General Hospital in regard to the total treated and daily attendance.

The Infirmary has, including the Municipal Isolation wards for the reception of contagious cases, 104 beds, with separate wards for medical and surgical diseases, and there are connected with it, but in a detached block, 32 beds for incurables and persons found in a moribund condition in the streets.

The cost of dieting in-patients and of the menial establishment is met from the funds of the Monegar Choultry, all other expenses being defrayed by the Municipality, aided by a contribution from Provincial Funds.

All students of the Hospital Assistant Department are posted to this Hospital to receive their clinical instruction.

RAJAH SIR S. RAMASAMI MUDALIAR MATERNITY HOSPITAL.

MONEGAR CHOULTRY ROAD, NORTH BLACK TOWN.

Lieut.-Colonel F. C. Reeves, I.M.S.....Superintendent.
 Military Assistant Surgeon W. R. D'Sylva.....Resident Assistant Surgeon.
 P. Ramasawmy Naidu.....Senior Grade Hospital Assistant, No. 140.
 Mrs. Gilbert.....Matron.

This Hospital was founded by the eminent native philanthropist, whose name it bears, and who also provided an endowment of Rs. 50,000 from the interest, on which, as well as from the funds of the Monegar Choultry, it is maintained. A monthly allowance of Rs. 25 is paid by Government for batta to poor women awaiting their confinement.

The number of confinements is steadily increasing, a circumstance that bears testimony to the popularity of the institution, and is, moreover, an index of the public want which it fulfils; but its income is incapable of sustaining the increasing demands upon it, and so the work of the Hospital is in danger of becoming crippled unless help be forthcoming from private channels or from public or Municipal funds.

Native midwives, a class now in much demand, are trained here for service under Local Boards and Municipalities in the mufussal.

THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL FOR CASTE AND GOSHA WOMEN, MADRAS.

ESTABLISHED, DECEMBER 1885.

Ex-officio Governors.—One of the Members of Council, The Surgeon-General, The Venerable the Archdeacon, The Accountant-General, The Surgeon of the 4th District.

Life Governors.—The Rajah of Venkatagiri, K.C.I.E., H.H., The Maharajah of Travancore, C.C.S.I., H.H., The Rajah of Cochin, C.C.S.I., The Nawab Ahsanulla Khan Bahadur of Dacca, The Rajah of Kalahasti, Raja Sir S. Ramasami Mudaliyar, Kt., C.I.E., The Zamorin of Calicut, Raja T. Rama Row, The Rajah of Ramnad, The Hon'ble Maharajah of Bobbili, K.C.I.E., Rao Bahadur Lodd Krishna Doss Bala Moocoon Doss, The Hon'ble Justice Sir S. Subrahmanya Aiyar, K.C.I.E., Dewan Bahadur, The Zemindar of Parlakimedi, The Zemindar of Kottam and Tuni, The Zemindar of Davarakota, The Zemindar of Kurupam, Maharajah of Jeypore, and His Excellency Lord Amthill, G.C.I.E., and M.R.Ry. A. Sankariah Avergal.

Governors for 1903.—The Hon'ble Sir H. M. Winterbotham, C.S.I., The Prince of Arcot, K.C.I.E., The Hon'ble Justice Sir V. Bashyam Aiyangar, Dewan Bahadur, Kt., C.I.E., Dewan Bahadur V. Krishnama Chariar Avergal, H. H. The Rajah of Pudukkottai, Dewan Bahadur Muhamed Mahmud, Khan Bahadur, M.R.Ry. G. Narayanasawmy Chetti Garu, Honorary Secretary to the Governors, and Dewan Bahadur V. Krishnama Chariar Avergal.

GOVERNMENT VETERINARY HOSPITAL, SAIDAPET.

W. Keess, Esq., M.A., M.R.A.C.....Principal, College of Agriculture.
 Mr. S. L. D'Silva.....Officer in charge, Veterinary Hospital.
 M.R.Ry. S. P. Swaminathan.....Hospital-keeper.

The accompanying rules, sanctioned by the Director of Public Instruction, for the management of the Veterinary Hospital attached to the College of Agriculture, Saidapet, came into force on the 1st July 1898:—

PART I.

1. The Hospital with its establishment shall be under the control of the Principal, College of Agriculture, Saidapet; but all communications regarding the admission, discharge, &c., of patients shall be addressed to the "Officer in charge, Veterinary Hospital, Saidapet."

2. The public may send animals for treatment between 6-30 A.M. and 9-30 A.M. and 4-30 P.M. to 5-30 P.M., but urgent cases will be attended to at any time.

3. The charges shall be as follows:—

(a) Ordinary charges—

(i) Horses and ponies (jatka ponies excepted)—

Out-patients.—A fee not exceeding one rupee per case for advice, medicines to be supplied at cost price.

In-patients.—Subscribers (i.e., those who pay Rs. 8 yearly or Rs. 5 half-yearly in advance) will be charged Rs. 3 per mensem for stabling, but advice and medicines will be free. Non-subscribers will be charged Rs. 3 per mensem for stabling, a fee not exceeding one rupee per case for advice, and medicines at cost price.

(ii) Jatka ponies—

Out-patients.—Advice will be given *gratis* and medicines will be supplied at cost price.

In-patients.—Rs. 3 per mensem will be charged for stabling (unless specially exempted by the Principal of the College); advice will be given *gratis*, and medicines will be supplied at cost price.

(iii) Cattle, buffaloes, sheep and goats—

Out and in-patients.—Advice will be given *gratis* and medicines will be supplied at cost price, housing in case of in-patients being free.

(iv) Dogs—

Out and in-patients.—A fee not exceeding one rupee per case will be charged for advice, and medicines will be supplied at cost price, housing in the case of in-patients being free.

(b) Special charges—

(i) For castration and other major operations, a fee not exceeding Rs. 5 will be charged in addition to the ordinary charges mentioned above.

(ii) In cases, such as fractures, &c., in which charges for medicines will usually be small, a special additional fee not exceeding one rupee *per mensem* will be charged.

4. The feeding, grooming, attendance, &c., of patients shall be undertaken by the owners. Special arrangements may, however, be made with the Hospital-keeper for these purposes, though he is not bound to enter into such arrangements. All dogs sent for treatment shall be provided with a collar and chain.

5. Attendants in charge of patients are to conform, in every way, to the rules of the Hospital.

6. An animal once admitted shall not be removed except with the consent of the Officer in charge.

7. Those sending their animals to the Hospital do so at their own risk. The Officer in charge has the right of refusing admission of any animal and of ordering the removal of any animal at any time.

8. The Hospital authorities will, unless specially requested by the owners not to do so, hold a *post-mortem* examination on all patients dying in the Hospital, should such an examination be thought necessary.

9. The Hospital undertakes to destroy animals at the request of owners, in the most merciful manner possible, on payment of a fee not exceeding Rs. 5 for each animal.

PUBLIC PETITIONS.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

It is notified that intimation has been received from the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India that persons in India desiring to submit petitions to the House of Lords must first obtain from some Peer his consent to present them. Petitions forwarded direct to the House of Lords will be returned to India for delivery to the writers.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Every Member presenting a Petition to the House must affix his name at the beginning thereof. (*Vide Commons' Journals*, 1833, March 20; 1833, February 19.)

Every Petition must be written and not printed or lithographed. (*Vide Commons' Journals*, 1793, May 6; 1817, March 12.)

Every Petition must contain a prayer. (*Vide Commons' Journals*, 1843, July 10.)

Every Petition must be signed by at least one person on the skin or sheet on which the Petition is written. (*Vide Commons' Journals*, 1817, March 12.)

Every person signing a Petition must write his address after his signature or his signature will not be counted. (*Vide Appointment of the Select Committee on Public Petitions*, 1879, February 18.)

Every Petition must be written in the English language, or be accompanied by a translation certified by the Member who shall present it. (*Vide Commons' Journals*, 1821, March 16; March 21.)

Every Petition must be signed by the parties whose names are appended thereto by their names or marks, and by no one else except in case of incapacity by sickness. (*Vide Commons' Journals*, 1675, November 8; 1689, November 14; 1774, June 2; 1826, December 13; 1836, June 28.)

No letters, affidavits, or other documents may be attached to any Petition. (*Vide Commons' Journals*, 1826, February 20; November 28; 1856, March 14.)

No erasures or interlineations may be made in any Petition. (*Vide Commons' Journals*, 1827, March 2; 1831, August 12.)

No reference may be made to any Debate in Parliament. (*Vide Commons' Journals*, 1822, March 28.)

No application may be made for any grant of public money, except with the consent of the Crown. (*Vide Standing Orders*.)

No application may be made for a charge upon the revenues of India, except with the consent of the Crown. (*Vide Standing Orders*.)

All Petitions after they have been ordered to lie upon the table, are referred to the Committee on Public Petitions, without any question being put; but if any such Petition relate to any matter or subject with respect to which the Member presenting it has given notice of a Motion, and the said Petition has not been ordered to be printed by the Committee, such Member may, after notice given, move that such Petition be printed with the Votes. (*Vide Standing Orders*.)

A Member cannot present a Petition from himself. It is quite competent to any Honourable Member to petition the House, but then his Petition ought to be presented by another Member. (*Vide Rules, Orders, and Forms of Proceeding of the House of Commons*.)

MEM.—Every Petition offered to be presented to the House should be addressed "To the Honourable the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled."

FORMS OF ADDRESS.

IN CEREMONIOUS COMMUNICATIONS WITH PERSONS OF TITLE OR OFFICIAL POSITION.

AMBASSADOR.—The title 'Excellency' belongs specially to ambassadors, as well as to governors of colonies, and the Lord-lieutenant of Ireland. Address letters 'His Excellency' (with name or distinctive title following) Her Britannic Majesty's Ambassador and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of—. Begin: 'Sir,' 'My Lord,' according as the ambassador possesses title or not. When personal reference is made, say 'Your Excellency.' An envoy extraordinary or chargé d'affaires, though inferior to an ambassador strictly so called, also usually receives the title 'Excellency,' and the wives of ambassadors are generally addressed similarly during their husband's tenure of office and while residing abroad.

ARCHBISHOP.—Address: 'His Grace the Lord Archbishop of—.' Begin: 'My Lord Archbishop.' Refer to as 'Your Grace.' The most formal method of addressing the Archbishop of Canterbury is as follows: 'The Most Reverend Father in God, James (or whatever the Christian name is), by Divine Providence Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of All England and Metropolitan.' The Archbishop of York is addressed as 'The Most Reverend Father in God,—, by Divine Permission Lord Archbishop of York, Primate of England and Metropolitan.' An Irish Archbishop is now addressed as 'The Most Reverend the Archbishop of—.' An Archbishop may be addressed as 'The Right Honourable and Most Reverend the Archbishop of—' if he have a claim to be called 'Right Hon.' apart from his ecclesiastical position. In America the common form of address is 'The Most Reverend A.—B.—D.D.' The wife of an Archbishop has no special title in right of her husband's dignity, being only plain "Mrs".

ARCHDEACON.—An Archdeacon is styled 'Venerable.' 'The Venerable the Archdeacon of—.' Begin: 'Venerable Sir,' or 'Reverend Sir,' or 'Mr. Archdeacon' (especially in speaking).

BARON.—Address: 'The Right Hon. Lord—,' less formally 'The Lord—.' Begin: 'My Lord.' Refer to as 'Your Lordship.'

BARON'S DAUGHTER.—Baron's daughters are all entitled to be called 'Honourable.' Unmarried they are addressed as 'The Hon. A.—B.—,' with Christian and surname. They retain the title 'Hon.' after marriage, the wife of a commoner being 'The Hon. Mrs.' with husband's surname, the wife of a knight or baronet being 'The Hon. Lady,' with husband's surname. Begin: 'Madam,' refer to as 'Your Ladyship' if so entitled by marriage. If a higher rank is conferred by the husband, the title of course corresponds.

BARON'S SON.—All the sons are 'Honourable,' with Christian name and surname. In Scotland the eldest son is addressed as 'The Hon. the Master of' (peerage title), or 'The Hon. (John), Master of.' Begin: 'Sir.' The wife of a Baron's son is 'The Hon. Mrs.' with husband's surname or both Christian name and surname. Begin: 'Madam.' If the daughter of an earl, marquis, or duke, she must be addressed accordingly.

BARONESS.—Address: 'The Right Hon. the Baroness—,' or 'The Right Hon. Lady—,' or 'The Lady—.' Begin: 'Madam,' refer to as 'Your Ladyship.'

BARONET.—Address: 'Sir A.—B.—, Bart., giving Christian name and surname.' The Christian name must be given; it is quite wrong to speak, for instance, of 'Sir Vernon Harcourt' where 'Vernon' is merely one of the surnames. Begin: 'Sir.' A baronet's wife is addressed as 'Lady' with husband's surname (her Christian name would also be used if the daughter of a duke, marquis, or earl, and in this case she would also be 'Right Hon.'). Begin: 'Madam,' refer to as 'Your Ladyship.'

BISHOP.—Address: 'The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of—,' or 'The Right Rev. A.—B.—, Lord Bishop of—,' or simply 'The Lord Bishop of—.' Begin: 'My Lord Bishop,' refer to as 'Your Lordship.' In formal documents a bishop is styled 'The Right Reverend Father in God, John, By Divine Permission, Lord Bishop of—.' A bishop suffragan is addressed as 'The Right Rev. the Bishop Suffragan of—.' Begin: 'Right Rev. Sir.' Bishops' wives have no share in their husbands' titles.

In Ireland the bishops of the Protestant Church are now most correctly addressed as 'The Right Reverend the Bishop of—' (or in the case of Meath 'The Most Reverend'). Begin: 'Right Rev. Sir.' In Scotland the usage is the same—'The Right Rev. the Bishop of—,' or 'The Right Rev. A.—B.—, Bishop of,' or 'The Right Rev. Bishop—,' (with surname). Begin: 'Right Rev. Sir.' The Primate of the Scottish Episcopal Church is addressed as 'The Most Rev.' Begin: 'Most Rev. Sir.' Neither Irish nor Scottish bishops can claim to be spoken of as 'Lord Bishop,' 'Your Lordship,' though this is sometimes done.

A retired bishop is still addressed as 'Right Reverend,' 'The Right Reverend Bishop—,' 'Right Rev. Sir.' In America the form of address to a bishop is generally 'The Right Rev. A.—B.—.'

[Roman Catholic bishops in Ireland seem to claim the title 'Most Reverend.']

CANON.—Address: 'The Rev. Canon—.' Begin: 'Reverend Sir.'

CARDINAL.—The special title of a cardinal as such is 'His Eminence.' Begin: 'Your Eminence.'

CHARGE D'AFFAIRES.—See *Ambassador*.

CLERGY.—The general form of address is 'The Reverend A—B—.' Begin: 'Rev. Sir' or simply 'Sir.' If a clergyman is the son of a duke or marquis he is to be addressed as 'The Rev. Lord A—B—,' if the son of an earl, viscount, or baron: 'The Rev. the Honourable A—B—,' or 'The Hon. and Rev. A—B—.' If he is a baronet, 'The Rev. Sir A—B—, Bart.'

CONGRESS, MEMBERS OF (U.S.).—Addressed generally 'The Honourable A—B—.'

CONSUL.—There is no special form of address to a person as such. 'A—B—, Esq., H. B. M.'s Consul,' 'Consul-general,' or as the case may be. In the U. States, however, a consul is commonly called 'Honourable.'

COUNTESS.—Address: 'The Right Honourable the Countess of—.' Begin: 'Madam;' refer to as 'Your Ladyship.'

DEAN.—Address: 'The Very Reverend the Dean of—.' Begin: 'Very Rev. Sir;' more familiarly 'Mr. Dean' (used in oral communications).

DOCTOR.—The initials denoting the particular degree are placed after the usual form of address, whether D.D., LL.D., M.D., D.Sc., &c. 'The Rev. A—B—, D.D.;' 'A—B—, Esq., M.D.' Less formally: 'The Rev. Doctor B—;' 'Doctor A—B—.'

DOWAGER.—When the holder of a title marries the widow of a previous holder of the same title becomes 'dowager,' this being often inserted in addressing her: 'The Right Hon. the Dowager Countess of—,' 'The Dowager Lady—.' Instead of 'Dowager' to which some ladies object, the Christian name may be used; 'The Right Hon. Mary Countess of—.' Begin: 'Madam;' refer to as 'Your Ladyship.'

DUCHESS.—Address: 'Her Grace the Duchess of—.' Begin: 'Madam;' refer to as 'Your Grace.'

DUKE.—Address: 'His Grace the Duke of—.' Begin: 'My Lord Duke;' refer to as 'Your Grace.' All the children of a duke are entitled to be called 'Right Honourable.' Royal dukes are different. See *Prince*.

DUKE'S DAUGHTER.—Address: 'The Right Hon. Lady,' with Christian name and surname, or 'The Lady,' with Christian name and surname. Begin: 'Madam;' refer to as 'Your Ladyship.' If married to a commoner or a peer by courtesy, the surname is derived from the husband's name or title; if to a peer the wife takes a title corresponding to her husband's.

DUKE'S SON.—A duke's eldest son takes by courtesy one of his father's secondary titles, and is thus usually a marquis or an earl, being addressed exactly as if really a peer with the respective rank. His wife receives the corresponding title, being thus a marchioness, or countess, and their eldest son takes also a courtesy title belonging to the family, being thus either a viscount or a baron.

A duke's younger son is addressed similarly to his sisters: 'The Right Honourable Lord A—B—,' or 'The Lord A—B—.' Begin: 'My Lord;' refer to as 'Your Lordship.' Their wives are treated in a corresponding manner: 'The Right Honourable Lady A—B—,' or 'The Lady A—B—.' Begin: 'Madam;' refer to as 'Your Ladyship.'

EARL.—Address: 'The Right Honourable the Earl of—,' or 'The Earl of—.' Begin: 'My Lord;' refer to as 'Your Lordship.' The wife of an earl is a countess. (See above).

EARL'S CHILDREN.—The eldest son of an earl (like the eldest son of a duke) takes a courtesy title from his father and thus ranks either as a viscount or a baron, being treated as if really a peer and his wife as a peeress. The younger sons of an earl are all called 'Honourable,' (their eldest brother is 'Right Honourable')—'The Hon. A—B—,' the same as the sons of a baron. (See above).

The daughters of an earl are all 'Right Honourable,' and are addressed as the daughters of a duke. (See above).

ENVOY.—See *Ambassador*.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, MEMBERS OF (in colonial governments). Generally addressed as 'The Honourable A—B—.'

GOVERNOR OF COLONY.—Colonial governors have the title of 'Excellency,' in virtue of their office. Address: 'His Excellency A—B—, Esq. (Sir A—B—, The Right Honourable the Earl of, &c.), Governor of—.' Begin according to rank; refer to as 'Your Excellency.' A duke holding such a position would, however, be 'His Grace,' 'Your Grace.' A governor's wife does not have any claim to be called 'Her Excellency.' Lieutenant-governors, as in India and the Dominion of Canada, are styled 'Honourable,' 'His Honour,' 'Your Honour.'

GOVERNOR OF STATE (U.S.). Usually addressed as 'His Excellency.' 'His Excellency A—B—, Governor of—,' or 'His Excellency the Governor of—.' A Lieutenant-governor is called 'Honourable.'

JUDGE.—This in Britain has not a very distinctive meaning. In England and Ireland the judges of the supreme courts are called Lords Justices and Justices; in Scotland the judges are the Lords of Session. (See *Justice, Lord Justice, Lords of Session*.) In England the county court Judges, however, are regularly called 'judge.' 'His Honour Judge—' (surname); on the bench referred to as 'Your Honour.'

In many British colonies the members of the higher courts are called judges and addressed as 'The Honourable A—B—.' In the U. States the term judge is regularly applied to all such functionaries; and all are addressed in the same way.

JUSTICE.—Judges of the High Court of Justice in England, in the Chancery and other divisions, are called justices. Address: 'The Honourable Mr. Justice—;' or if a knight, 'The Hon. Sir A—B—.' Begin in both cases 'Sir.' On the bench he is addressed as 'My Lord;' and referred to as 'Your Lordship.'

JUSTICE OF PEACE.—In England is formally addressed in documents as 'The Worshipful,' and on the bench is referred to as 'Your Worship.'

KING.—To be addressed as 'The King's Most Excellent Majesty.' Begin: 'Sire,' or 'May it please Your Majesty;' refer to as 'Your Majesty.'

KNIGHT BACHELOR.—Treated as a baronet, but 'Kt.' is not usually appended to the name in addressing a letter. As in the case of a baronet, carefully avoid using a surname instead of a Christian name.

KNIGHT OF THE BATH, ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE, STAR OF INDIA.—Address: 'Sir A—B—, G.C.E.,' or K.C.B., K.M.G., K.S.I., as the case may be. Begin: 'Sir.'

KNIGHT OF THE GARTER, THISTLE, ST. PATRICK.—As above, with the initials K.G., K.T., K.P. respectively following the name.

KNIGHT'S WIFE (of any class).—As baronet's wife.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, MEMBERS OF.—These (who belong to colonial governments) are generally addressed as the 'Honourable A—B—.'

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.—See *Governor*.

LORD ADVOCATE OF SCOTLAND.—Address: 'The Right Honourable the Lord Advocate.' Begin: 'My Lord;' refer to as 'Your Lordship.'

LORD CHANCELLOR.—Address: 'The Right Hon. the Lord High Chancellor;' or 'The Right Hon. Earl—' (or as the case may be), 'Lord High Chancellor.' Begin: 'My Lord;' refer to as 'Your Lordship.'

LORD CHIEF JUSTICE—(England). Address: 'The Right Honourable the Lord Chief Justice,' or 'The Right Honourable Sir A—B—, Lord Chief Justice.' Begin: 'My Lord,' or 'Sir,' as the case may be.

LORD JUSTICE.—(English Supreme Court of Appeal). Address: 'The Right Honourable the Lord Justice—;' or 'The Right Honourable Sir A—B—.' Begin: 'Sir.' When on the bench they are addressed 'My Lord,' 'Your Lordship.'

LORD LIEUTENANT OF IRELAND.—Address: 'His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant,' or if a duke, 'His Grace the Lord-Lieutenant.' How to begin and refer will also be determined by rank ('My Lord Duke,' 'My Lord Marquis').

LORD MAYOR.—Only London, York, and a few other cities have a Lord Mayor. Address: 'The Right Honourable the Lord Mayor of—,' or 'The Right Hon. A—B—, Lord Mayor of—.' Begin: 'My Lord;' refer to as 'Your Lordship.'

The Lord Mayor's wife is addressed: 'The Right Honourable the Lady Mayoress of—.' Begin: 'My Lady;' refer to as 'Your Ladyship.'

LORD PROVOST.—Address: 'The Right Hon. the Lord Provost of Edinburgh;' 'The Hon. the Lord Provost of Glasgow;' 'The Lord Provost of Aberdeen,' 'Perth,' or 'Dundee.' Begin: 'My Lord,' or 'My Lord Provost;' refer to as 'Your Lordship.' The Lord Provost's wife has no share in the title.

LORDS OF APPEAL—(in Ordinary). These are judicial members of the House of Lords, who rank as barons and are so addressed. Their wives are baronesses; their children are not specially distinguished.

LORDS OF SESSION.—These are the judges of the supreme court of Scotland. Some of these lords decide to retain their surname when elevated to the bench ('Lord Young'), others substitute the name of an estate. Address: 'The Honourable Lord—.' Begin: 'My Lord;' refer to as 'Your Lordship.' Their wives take no title.

MAID OF HONOUR.—Address: 'The Honourable Miss—.' Begin: 'Madam.'

MARCHIONESS.—Address: 'The Most Honourable the Marchioness of—.' Begin: 'Madam;' refer to as 'Your Ladyship.'

MARQUIS.—Address: 'The Most Hon. the Marquis of—.' Begin: 'My Lord Marquis;' refer to as 'Your Lordship.'

MARQUIS'S CHILDREN.—All are 'Right Honourable' like those of a duke. The eldest son takes a courtesy title like the eldest son of a duke, and is similarly addressed. Younger sons and daughters are like those of a duke.

MAYOR.—Address: 'The Mayor of—,' or in formal documents 'The Right Worshipful the Mayor of—.' Address: 'Sir'; refer to as 'Your Worship.'

In the United States mayors are usually styled 'Honourable'; 'The Hon. A—B—, Mayor of—.'

MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT.—Not specially recognized except by adding 'M.P.' to ordinary address: 'A—B—, Esq., M.P.'; 'Sir A—B—, Bart., M.P.'

MINISTER.—See *Ambassador, Clergy.*

MODERATOR OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY (Scotland).—'The Right Rev.'; the assembly itself is 'The Venerable.'

OFFICERS, MILITARY AND NAVAL.—Their professional rank is put before any title they may independently possess: 'General' or 'Admiral the Right Hon. the Earl of—'; 'Colonel the Honourable A—B—.'

PREMIER.—No special title or address as such.

PRESIDENT (U.S.).—Address: 'His Excellency the President of the United States'; 'His Excellency A—B—, President of the U. States.' The Vice-president and ex-presidents are 'Honourable'; 'The Hon. the Vice-president'; 'The Honourable A—B—.'

PRINCE.—Address: 'His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales'; 'His Royal Highness Prince A—(Christian name). If a royal duke: 'His Royal Highness the Duke of—.' Begin in any case; 'Sir'; refer to as 'Your Royal Highness.'

PRINCESSES.—Address: 'Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales'; 'Her Royal Highness the Princess A—(Christian name)'; or if a duchess: 'Her Royal Highness the Duchess of—.' Begin: 'Madam'; refer to as 'Your Royal Highness.'

PRIVY COUNCILLOR.—All members of the privy council are entitled to be addressed as 'Right Honourable'; 'The Right Honourable A—B—, P.C.' (omit 'Esq.'). Otherwise according to rank.

QUEEN.—Address: 'The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.' Begin: 'Madam,' or 'May it please Your Majesty'; refer to as 'Your Majesty.'

QUEEN'S COUNSEL.—Ordinary address with the addition of 'Q.C.'

RECORDER.—Addressed as 'The Worshipful'; in London 'The Right Worshipful.' Begin: 'Sir'; refer to as 'Your Worship.'

SENATORS. (Canada and U. States).—Addressed as 'The Honourable A—B—.'

SERGEANT-AT-LAW.—Address: 'Serjeant—,' or 'Mr. Sergeant—.'

SHERIFF OF LONDON.—As Recorder of London.

VISCOUNT.—Address: 'The Right Hon. the Lord Viscount—,' or 'The Right Hon. Lord—,' or 'The Lord Viscount—.' Begin: 'My Lord'; refer to as 'Your Lordship.'

VISCOUNTESS.—Address: 'The Right Honourable the Viscountess—,' or 'The Viscountess—'; 'The Right Hon. Lady—.' Begin: 'Madam'; refer to as 'Your Ladyship.'

VISCOUNT'S CHILDREN.—Are addressed in the same way as those of a baron.

RULES RELATING TO MEMORIALS TO HIS MAJESTY AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Fort St. George, April 15, 1902.

No. 199.—The following are republished for information:—

A

RULES FOR THE SUBMISSION, RECEIPT AND TRANSMISSION OF MEMORIALS AND OTHER PAPERS OF THE SAME CLASS ADDRESSED TO HIS MAJESTY, OR TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA.

(Notifications of the Government of India, Home Department, dated 29th March 1878, 24th May 1878, 30th January 1879, 7th November 1879, 24th September 1880, 16th March 1881, and 30th October 1889.)

I. No memorial will be received or attended to unless forwarded as hereinafter prescribed.

II. Every memorial should be accompanied by a letter requesting its transmission to the authority to which it is addressed.

III. Every memorial addressed to His Majesty or to the Secretary of State for India should be forwarded through the Local Government under which the writer is residing or is employed.

IV. Memorials to His Majesty or to the Secretary of State from persons in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies should be forwarded direct by the Local Government, with a full statement of facts and an expression of opinion, except in the case of memorials which relate to any rule or standing order of the Government of India, or which, if granted, would cause expenditure for which the Imperial and not the Local Government would be primarily responsible, or which relate to any legislative proceeding of the Governor-General in Council, or to an Act to which the Governor-General in Council has assented, or which relate to a case which has been previously under the consideration of the Government of India, whether on appeal or otherwise. Such memorials should be forwarded with a covering letter containing a full statement of facts and an expression of opinion to the Government of India in the Department having cognizance of the subject-matter of such memorial, by which Department the memorials will be transmitted to the Secretary of State.

Note.—Memorials involving questions relating to pensions, gratuities, allowances and the like should be forwarded through the Government of India.

V & VI. *These do not apply to the Madras Presidency.*

VII. Memorials to His Majesty or to the Secretary of State from persons who have been employed in the Army should, if they relate to military subjects, be forwarded through the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces of the Command in which the memorialists have served. The Lieutenant-General will forward them, with a full statement of facts, and an expression of opinion, to the Government of India in the Military Department for transmission to the authority addressed.

Note.—Appeals by individuals from the orders of the Lieutenant-Generals Commanding the Forces lie in the first instance to the Governor-General in Council and thereafter to the Secretary of State.

VIII. No limit is fixed to the time within which an appeal from an order of the Governments in India must be preferred to the Home Government, except in the case of appeals from a judicial decision in which the Judge is a Political officer, and in which the appeal ordinarily lies to Government in the Political Department. Such appeals must be preferred within a period of twelve months from the date of communication to the persons concerned of the order to which objection is taken.

IX. Memorials may be transmitted either in manuscript or in print, but must, with all accompanying documents, be properly authenticated by the signature of the memorialist on each sheet and must conclude with a specific prayer.

X. Memorials, together with their accompanying documents, should be in English. If the accompanying documents must necessarily be forwarded in the Vernacular, an English Translation (b) should be appended, which should be attested by the signature of the memorialist.

XI. It is not necessary that memorials should be forwarded in duplicate or triplicate. The originals will invariably be transmitted to England, a copy being made and retained by the Government of India, if necessary, for record.

XII. As a general rule, the transmission to England of a memorial duly forwarded through the proper channel will not be delayed by the transmitting Government in India, beyond a month after the receipt of such memorial.

XIII. Governments and Administrations in India are vested with discretionary power to withhold the transmission of memorials addressed to His Majesty or to the Secretary of State in the following cases:—

- (1) When a memorial is illegible or unintelligible.
- (2) When a memorial contains disrespectful or improper language.
- (3) When a second memorial is presented after a decision has already been given by the authority to which it is addressed, and when no new facts or circumstances are adduced which afford grounds for a reconsideration of the case. A memorial addressed to His Majesty by person whose appeal to the Secretary of State has already been rejected, shall be held to be a second memorial to the same authority, and shall not be transmitted.
- (4) When a memorial is a mere application for pecuniary assistance by a person manifestly possessing no claim.
- (5) When a memorial is an application for employment under one of the Governments in India from a person not belonging to the covenant service.

- (6) When a memorial is a mere appeal from a judicial decision.
- (7) When a memorial is addressed by an officer still in the public service and has reference to his prospective claim to pension.
- (8) When a memorial is an appeal against an order of a Local Government regarding the dismissal, removal, reduction or other punishment of a Government servant whose salary was not more than Rs. 100 a month; or when it is an appeal against similar orders of a Local Government confirmed by the Government of India from a Government servant whose salary was not more than Rs. 250 a month.
- (9) When a memorial is a mere appeal against the non-exercise by one of the Governments or Administrations in India of a dispensatory discretion vested in such Government or Administrations by law or rule.
- (10) When a memorial is an appeal against a decision by any local, municipal or other authority, which by any law or rule having the force of law is declared to be final.
- (11) When a memorial is an appeal against the action of a private individual, or of a body of private individuals, regarding the private relations of the memorialist and such individual or body.
- (12) When a memorial is an appeal against orders refusing the grant of a pension to an inferior servant who is not eligible for such grant under the pension rules.

[Vide Government of India, Home Department, Notification No. 1516, dated 14th September 1894, printed in Public G.O., No. 731, dated 1st October 1894.]

XIV. The Government of India may withhold the transmission of a memorial addressed to His Majesty or to the Secretary of State, unless the memorialist has previously memorialised the Government of India and the Local Government concerned on the same subject.

XV. A list of memorials withheld under the discretionary power conferred by Rule XIII will be forwarded quarterly to the Government of India in the case of memorials withheld by Local Governments under the same discretionary power, and by the Government of India in the Department concerned to the Secretary of State.

B.

RULES FOR THE SUBMISSION, RECEIPT AND TRANSMISSION OF MEMORIALS AND OTHER PAPERS OF THE SAME CLASS ADDRESSED TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

(Notifications of the Government of India, Home Department, dated the 11th October 1899, 30th October 1891, 18th July 1893, 1st May 1896, and 21st January 1898, and letter of the Home Department, No. 1077-1-55 R., dated 3rd October 1890.)

- Note.*—(1) In these rules, the words Local Government include a Local Administration, the Commander-in-Chief in India, and a Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces; and also, except as regards rule 3 (7), section III, the head of a department directly under the Government of India.
- (2) These rules do not apply to non-pensionable subordinates, clerical and menial establishments employed in the construction and working of State Railways, to whom Circular No. VI, Railway, Public Works Department, dated 1st June 1888, applies.
 - (3) These rules apply so far as may be to all memorials, letters and applications, etc., addressed to the Governor-General in Council.
 - (4) The rules in sections I. and III. apply also to petitions by persons, no longer in military employ, who have served in the Army or the Royal Indian Marine, or have been attached to regiments or batteries or to the staff or departments of the Army in any capacity.

SECTION I.

Petitions from private persons or public bodies.

1. Every petition to the Government of India, whether it bears immediately on a matter of Imperial policy or has reference to the orders or the general policy and action of Local Government, should be forwarded through the Local Government under which the petitioner is residing or is employed. But there is no objection to the petitioner's forwarding simultaneously a duplicate copy of the petition to the Government of India, if he so desires, provided that he marks it as a "duplicate."
- 1-A. A petition from a person who has been removed from, or has left the service of, Government, relating to his removal from the service or to claims arising out of his service, should be forwarded through the Local Government under which the petitioner was employed.

2. A petition may be either in manuscript or print, but must, with all accompanying documents, be properly authenticated by the signature of the petitioner, or when the petitioners are numerous, by one or more of them, and it must conclude with a specific prayer.

3. Every petition should be accompanied by a letter addressed to the Local Government requesting its transmission to the Government of India, and when any order of a Local Government is appealed against, by a copy of such order, as well as of any orders passed in the case by subordinate authorities.

4. Communications on matters connected with any Bills before the Council may be addressed either in the form of a petition to the Governor-General in Council or in a letter to the Secretary in the Legislative Department, and must in either case be sent to the Secretary to the Legislative Department. Ordinarily such communications will not be answered. Except in the case of the High Court at Fort William, such communications from Courts, officials, or Public bodies should be sent through the Local Governments.

SECTION II.

Petitions from officers in civil employ.

1. Every officer wishing to petition the Government of India should do so separately.
2. Every petition should be submitted through the head of the office or department to which the petitioner belongs and be forwarded by him through the usual official channel. But there is no objection to the petitioner transmitting a duplicate to the Government of India direct, provided that he marks it as a "duplicate."
3. No officer may submit a petition in respect of any matter connected with his official position unless he has some personal interest in such matter.
4. No notice will be taken of a petition relating to any matter connected with the official prospects or position of an officer still in the public service, unless it is submitted by the officer himself.

SECTION III.

Rules for observance by Local Governments in regard to the transmission or withholding of petitions.

1. Petitions should be forwarded to the Government of India by the Local Government with a concise statement of material facts and (unless there be special reasons for not doing so) an expression of opinion.

If the petition is an appeal against an order of dismissal from Government service, the papers submitted by the Local Government should show whether the charge against the petitioner was reduced to writing; whether his defence was taken and reduced to writing; and whether the decision was in writing.

2. When the petition is not in English, the Local Government should transmit a translation with it.

3. Local Governments are vested with discretionary power to withhold petitions addressed to the Government of India in the following cases:—

- (1) When a petition is illegible or unintelligible.
- (2) When a petition contains language which, in the opinion of the Local Government, is disloyal, disrespectful or improper.
- (3) When a previous petition has been disposed of by the Secretary of State or the Governor-General in Council, and the petition discloses no new facts or circumstances which afford grounds for a reconsideration of the case.
- (4) When a petition is an application for pecuniary assistance by a person manifestly possessing no claim.
- (5) When a petition is an application for employment from a person not in the service of Government.
- (6) When a petition is an appeal from a judicial decision with which the executive has no legal power of interference.
- (7) When a petition is an appeal against an order of the Local Government upholding on appeal the dismissal, removal, reduction, or other punishment of a Government servant whose salary was not more than Rs. 100 a month.
- (8) When a petition is an appeal against a decision which by any law or rule having the force of law is declared to be final.
- (9) When a petition is an appeal in a case for which the law provides a different or specific remedy, or in regard to which the time limited by law for appeal has been exceeded.
- (10) When a petition is an appeal against an order or decision of the Local Government, and is made more than six months after the communication of such order or decision to the petitioner without satisfactory explanation of the delay.

- (11) When a petition is addressed by an officer still in the public service and has reference to his prospective claim for pension, except as provided in article 995 of the Civil Service Regulations.
 - (12) When a petition is an appeal against the non-exercise by the Local Government of a dispensatory discretion vested in it by law or rule.
 - (13) When a petition relates to a subject on which the Local Government is competent to pass orders and no previous application for redress has been made to the Local Government.
4. If a petition is withheld, the petitioner should be informed of the fact and the reason for it.
5. A list of petitions withheld under Rule 3, with the reasons for withholding them, shall be forwarded quarterly to the Government of India in the department concerned.

C

RULES FOR THE SUBMISSION AND RECEIPT OF PETITIONS AND OTHER PAPERS OF THE SAME CLASS ADDRESSED TO THE GOVERNMENT OF FORT ST. GEORGE.

I. Persons having cause of complaint against any servant of Government, civil or military, shall, in the first instance, seek redress from the officer in whom the local authority is vested, who, if unable to grant the redress sought, shall pass an order in writing to that effect. If dissatisfied with this decision, the petitioner shall be at liberty to address the Board of Revenue or Court, or superior civil or military authority, by which the local authority is controlled; or he may address the Government, in cases wherein there is no intermediate authority.

II. The Government will not receive a petition on any matter, unless it shall appear that the petitioner has first applied to the local authority, and also to the Board of Revenue or other controlling authority, where such exists. The petitions addressed to such local and controlling authorities, or copies of them, and the answers or orders of those authorities respectively, if any shall have been passed, must be annexed to the petition addressed to Government.

III. In order to enable Government to maintain the foregoing rule, without injustice or hardship to complaining parties, all heads of offices will understand that a party affected by an order is entitled to have, on application, a copy of the order, which should contain full details of the grounds of the decision. This is to be furnished to him, on plain paper, and without payment.

IV. Government will receive petitions only from principals; addresses running in the name of a vakil or agent will receive no attention. Anonymous petitions will be totally disregarded.

V. Petitions addressed to Government will be liable to summary rejection in the following cases:—

- (1) When a petition is illegible or unintelligible.
- (2) When a petition contains language which, in the opinion of Government, is disloyal, disrespectful or improper.
- (3) When a previous petition has been disposed of by the Madras Government, the Governor-General in Council, or the Secretary of State and the petition discloses no new facts or circumstances which afford grounds for a reconsideration of the case.
- (4) When a petition is an application for pecuniary assistance by a person manifestly possessing no claim.
- (5) When a petition is an appeal from a judicial decision, with which the executive has no legal power of interference.
- (6) When a petition is an appeal against a decision which by any law, or rule having the force of law, is declared to be final.
- (7) When a petition is an appeal in a case for which the law provides a different or specific remedy, or in regard to which the time limited by law for appeal has been exceeded.
- (8) When a petition is addressed by an officer still in the public service, and has reference to his prospective claim for pension, except as provided in article 995 of the first edition of the Civil Service Regulations.
- (9) When a petition is an appeal against the non-exercise by Government of a dispensatory discretion vested in it by law or rule.
- (10) When a petition is an appeal against the decision of a duly constituted Court of Law in a Native State in political relations with Government.
- (11) When a petition is an appeal against any order prejudicially affecting a Government servant who is in receipt of a salary not exceeding Rs. 50 a month, if an appeal against such order has already been decided by an officer superior to the officer passing the order.

VI. As the Governor in Council never interferes with the distribution of subordinate appointments, applications for situations in the gift of heads of departments will also remain unnoticed.

VII. The mode and channels through which all ranks of effective military officers and men should make known any complaint or grievance to superior authority are clearly laid down by the regulations of the service.

VIII. The foregoing general regulations for petitions are applicable in the Military Department to the following classes:—

- 1st.—Persons, not in the public service, residing within the limits of Military bazaars; camp-followers.
- 2nd.—Contractors for military supplies; abkari contractors.
- 3rd.—Military pensioners.
- 4th.—Persons having claims on Government in any Military Department either on their own account or on account of services rendered to the State by deceased relatives.

IX. Every officer wishing to petition the Government should do so separately.

X. Every petition must be submitted through the head of the office or department to which the petitioner belongs or belonged. But there is no objection to the petitioner transmitting a duplicate copy of his petition direct to the Government, provided that he marks it as a "duplicate."

XI. The head of the office or department will at once forward the petition to the Government through the ordinary official channel, and may make such remarks, as he may consider necessary, in regard to the accuracy of the statements made and inferences drawn in the appeal petition; he will also forward such records, not submitted by the appellant, as should properly be consulted in order to the disposal of the appeal.

XII. No officer may submit a petition in respect of any matter connected with his official position unless he has some personal interest in such matter.

XIII. (1) Every petition from an inhabitant of a Native State under the political control of the Madras Government must be submitted through the British Resident or Political Officer of the State in which the petitioner resides.

(2) There is no objection to a petitioner transmitting a duplicate copy of his petition direct to the Government, provided that he marks it as a "duplicate."

(3) The Resident or Political Officer will forward the petition to the Government of Madras with such report on the case as may be necessary.

XIV. Petitions from Carnatic stipendiaries, or on the subject of Carnatic stipends should be submitted through the Paymaster, Carnatic Stipends.

XV. Petitions from Political pensioners, other than Carnatic stipendiaries and from Kandyen pensioners, or on the subject of Political pensions other than Carnatic, should be submitted through the Government Agent or the Collector of the district in which the petitioners reside.

D.

RULES REGARDING THE SUBMISSION OR WITHHOLDING BY LOCAL GOVERNMENTS OR ADMINISTRATIONS AND BY OFFICERS OF THE POLITICAL DEPARTMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA OF PETITIONS, MEMORIALS AND OTHER PAPERS OF THE SAME CLASS RELATING TO MATTERS AFFECTING PERSONS OR PLACES UNDER THEIR POLITICAL CHARGE, WHEN SUCH PETITIONS OR OTHER PAPERS ARE ADDRESSED TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, OR TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA.

1.—Memorials, etc., addressed to the Government of India.

1. Every memorial must be submitted to the Political Officer of the State within whose jurisdiction the subject-matter has arisen, accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against and by a letter requesting its transmission to the authority to which it is addressed.

2. Memorials may be transmitted either in manuscript or in print, but must, with all accompanying documents, be properly authenticated by the signature of the memorialist on each sheet.

3. Subject to the exceptions hereinafter contained every memorial received which conforms to the above rules should be forwarded by the Political Officer through the usual official channel, with a concise statement of material facts and, unless there be special reasons to the contrary, an expression of opinion.

4. Memorials, together with their accompanying documents should be in English. If the accompanying documents must necessarily be forwarded in the vernacular, an

English translation should be appended, which should be attested by the signature of the memorialist on each sheet.

N.B.—The transmitting officer should examine such translations, and, if they are found to be incorrect or faulty, notice the fact in sending on the memorial.

5. Every memorial should be accompanied by copies of all the orders passed in the case by the authorities who have dealt with it in India.

6. Local Governments, Administrations and Political Officers in direct subordination to the Foreign Department of the Government of India are vested with discretionary power to withhold memorials addressed to the Government of India in the following cases:—

- (1) When the memorial is illegible or unintelligible.
- (2) When the memorial contains language which, in the opinion of the authority who would otherwise forward it, is disloyal, disrespectful, or improper.
- (3) When a previous petition of the memorialist (which term includes a rejoinder submitted by the memorialist in answer to a previous petition of some other party) has been disposed of by the Secretary of State or the Governor-General in Council, and the petition discloses no new facts or circumstances which afford grounds for a reconsideration of the case.
- (4) When the memorial relates to a matter which is within the competence of the Local Government, Administration or Political Officer to dispose of, and no application has previously been made to such Government, Administration, or Political Officer for redress.
- (5) When the memorial is an appeal preferred more than twelve months after the date on which the memorialist was informed of the order against which he appeals.
- (6) When the memorial refers to matters in which the memorialist is not personally interested.

7. Provided they do not contravene the condition specified in the preceding section, memorials which are appeals against orders passed by Local Governments, Administrations and Political Officers in direct subordination to the Foreign Department of the Government of India, in the exercise of political control in territories not included in British India, shall be forwarded, except in the following cases in which a discretionary power to withhold the memorials may be exercised:—

- (1) When the order appealed against has been passed by the Local Government, Administration, or Political Officer as a recognized Court of Appeal in regard to a judgment or order of any Court of civil or criminal jurisdiction established or continued by the Governor-General in Council in such territories.
- (2) When the order appealed against is a mere refusal to exercise political control in regard to a judgment or order of any special Court established by the Governor-General in Council in such territories, from which Court there is, by its constitution, no appeal, though a general political control over it is declared or understood to exist.
- (3) When the order appealed against is a mere refusal to interfere in a matter of purely internal policy with the action or orders of the Ruler of a Native State of which the memorialist is a subject: provided that the State is one in which it is not customary for the British Government to intervene in matters of internal policy, and that the matter complained of does not disclose a state of misrule so gross that the paramount power would be called upon to interfere.

N.B.—This rule applies to a temporary Administration established in a Native State by the Governor-General in Council when the temporary Administration is appointed to exercise the same powers and occupy the same position as the Native Administration which it supersedes.

* *E.g.*, petitions from Government servants about dismissal, pensions, etc.

8. Memorials from persons* in such territories which are not covered by these rules may be treated under the memorial rules of the Home Department when they are applicable.

II.—Memorials, etc., addressed to His Majesty the King, Emperor of India, or to the Secretary of State for India.

1. Every memorial must be submitted to the Political Officer of the State within whose jurisdiction the subject-matter has arisen, accompanied by a copy of the order appealed against and by a letter requesting its transmission to the authority to which it is addressed.

2. Memorials may be transmitted either in manuscript or in print, but must, with all accompanying documents, be properly authenticated by the signature of the memorialist on each sheet.

3. Subject to the exceptions hereinafter contained, every memorial received which conforms to the above rules should be forwarded by the Political Officer through the usual official channel, with a concise statement of material facts, and, unless there be special reasons to the contrary, an expression of opinion.

4. Memorials, together with their accompanying documents, should be in English. If the accompanying documents must necessarily be forwarded in the vernacular, an English translation should be appended, which should be attested by the signature of the memorialist on each sheet.

N.B.—The transmitting officer should examine such translations, and if they are found to be incorrect or faulty, notice the fact in sending on the memorial.

5. Every memorial should be accompanied by copies of all the orders passed in the case by the authorities who have dealt with it in India.

6. Local Governments, Administrations and Political Officers in direct subordination to the Foreign Departments of the Government of India are vested with discretionary power to withhold memorials addressed to His Majesty or to the Secretary of State in the following cases:—

- (1) When the memorial is illegible or unintelligible.
- (2) When the memorial contains language which, in the opinion of the authority who would otherwise forward it, is disloyal, disrespectful, or improper.
- (3) When a previous petition of the memorialist (which term includes a rejoinder submitted by the memorialist in answer to a previous petition of some other party) has been disposed of by the Secretary of State, and the petition discloses no new facts or circumstances which afford grounds for a reconsideration of the case.
- (4) When the memorialist has not previously appealed to the Government of India (or the Government of Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) and received the decision of the Governor-General (or Governor) in Council upon it.
- (5) When the memorial is an appeal preferred more than twelve months after the date on which the memorialist was informed of the order against which he appeals.
- (6) When the memorial refers to matters in which the memorialist is not personally interested.

7. Provided they do not contravene the condition specified in the preceding section, memorials which are appeals against orders by the Governor-General in Council (or Governor in Council in Madras or Bombay, as the case may be), in the exercise of political control in territories not included in British India shall be forwarded, except in the following cases, in which a discretionary power to withhold the memorials may be exercised:—

- (1) When the order appealed against has been passed by the Government of India, Madras or Bombay (as the case may be), as a recognised Court of Appeal in regard to a judgment or order of any Court of civil or criminal jurisdiction established or continued by the Governor-General in Council in such territories.
- (2) When the order appealed against is a mere refusal to exercise political control in regard to a judgment or order of any special Court established by the Governor-General in Council in such territories, from which Court there is, by its constitution, no appeal, though a general political control over it is declared or understood to exist.
- (3) When the order appealed against is a mere refusal to interfere in a matter of purely internal policy with the action or orders of the Ruler of a Native State of which the memorialist is a subject: provided that the State is one in which it is not customary for the British Government to intervene in matters of internal policy, and that the matter complained of does not disclose a state of misrule so gross that the paramount power would be called upon to interfere.

N.B.—This rule applies to a temporary Administration established in a Native State by the Governor-General in Council when the temporary Administration is appointed to exercise the same powers and occupy the same position as the Native Administration which it supersedes.

* *E.g.*, petition from Government servants about dismissal, pensions, etc.

8. Memorials from persons* in such territories which are not covered by these rules may be treated under the memorial rules of the Home Department when they are applicable.

III.—List of memorials to the Secretary of State and of petitions to the Government of India withheld under the discretionary powers conferred by the above rules will be forwarded quarterly to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

IV.—When a petition or memorial is withheld, the writer should be informed of the act and of the reason for withholding it.

G. STOKES,
Chief Secretary.

PART IV.—MILITARY.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The most important of the Military Departments are the Military Accounts, the Adjutant-General's, the Supply and Transport, the Ordnance, the Commanding Royal Engineer's and the Judge Advocate-General's.

As the majority of the above Departments are open only to officers of the Indian Staff Corps, the rules for admission into the Staff Corps are first appended.

REVISED REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSION TO THE STAFF CORPS.

From British Corps.

1. Any officer who may, from time to time, be required to supplement the direct supply from the Unattached Lists, will be obtained as follows:—

- A. From the Cavalry and Infantry of the line, and the Artillery serving in India.
- B. Any officer of the British Service who may show exceptional qualifications for service in India, may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for War, be specially selected for the Indian Staff Corps.

2. Officers desirous to join the Staff Corps, under clause A of the last paragraph, will be eligible for appointment on the following conditions:—

- I. That, at the time of application, they have passed the examination in Urdu by the lower standard.
- II. That, at the date of appointment to a Native Regiment, they have completed one year's actual regimental duty in India and are not more than 25 years old.

Applications (on I. A. F. 561S) must be accompanied by 'certificates,' Forms A and B, by 'declarations' in duplicate, and Form C, by 'records of service' on I. A. F. 570S in duplicate. Applicants may state in which of the four Commands they wish to serve.

CERTIFICATES AND DECLARATIONS.

A.

Commanding Officer's Certificate.

Certified that Second-Lieutenant _____, of the _____ regiment, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, has on this date completed _____ years' service from the date of his first commission, of which _____ years were (or the whole period was, as the case may be,) spent in India.

Second-Lieutenant _____ has passed an examination in Urdu by the higher (or lower) standard, has passed his drills, and has performed in a satisfactory manner his duties as an officer of Infantry (or Cavalry, or Artillery). He also possesses a fair knowledge of the ARMY ACT, of the ARMY (ANNUAL) ACT, and of the KING'S REGULATIONS.

I further certify that during the period Second-Lieutenant _____ has served with this regiment, he has been attentive to his duties, and that his conduct has been in all respects unexceptionable.

(Station and date.)

(Signature of the Officer Commanding the Regiment.)

B.

Medical Officer's Certificate.—For appointment and for admission.

I certify that to the best of my belief Second-Lieutenant _____ is in good bodily health, and apparently well capable of undergoing the vicissitudes of service in India, that his vision is equal to the standard required for officers on entering the service, and that there is no defect in his hearing that would be likely to interfere with the proper performance of his duties as an officer of Cavalry (or Infantry).

(Station and date.)

(Signature of the Medical Officer of the regiment.)

C.

Declaration of Candidate.—For appointment as Probationer and for admission.

I hereby declare, upon my honour as an officer and a gentleman, that I have not, nor to the best of my belief has any person on my behalf or in my interest, directly or indirectly,

received or agreed to receive any sum of money, valuable security, or other thing in respect of my appointment to the Indian Staff Corps; and I promise, honourably and unreservedly, that I will not receive the same or in any manner recognize or benefit by its receipt hereafter.

(Signature of Candidate.)

[The above declaration must be drawn up in the officer's own handwriting, and must be read over in the presence of the Officer Commanding the regiment, who will attach his certificate as witness to the declaration in the following manner:—]

Read over in my presence, and signed before me, this

day of

18

(Signature of Commanding Officer.)

[The declaration must also be subscribed by a second witness, who may be either an officer of standing in the service, or a civilian, being a householder.]

3. When an officer is on leave of absence or away from his regiment, the declaration may be made before any General or other officer, not under the rank of field officer in command of a district, garrison, or body of troops, or on the general staff of the Army.

4. When an officer is travelling beyond Indian limits, the declaration may be made before any accessible civil or military officer, an explanation of the circumstances being furnished.

5. When an officer through illness is unable to travel to a military station, the declaration may be made before a Justice of the Peace, but must be accompanied by a medical certificate of the officer's inability to travel.

6. Officers appointed under para. 1 (clauses A or B) will be transferred permanently to the Staff Corps and will not be permitted to revert to their British regiments, except by exchange, and they will come under the conditions laid down in paras. 74 to 78 and 115, A. R. I., Vol. II, Part I, to such extent as those conditions may be applicable in each case. Second-Lieutenants of over two years and three months' service from date of first commission, will be promoted to the rank of Lieutenant on appointment. Officers above the rank of Second-Lieutenant will carry with them the rank they held on appointment to the Staff Corps.

7. Officers, however, who were admitted to the Army before the 1st September 1892, join the Staff Corps under the following conditions:—

The period of probation must be passed with native troops, and the date of joining a native corps shall be the date of appointment on probation.

8. Should the officer not have passed the lower standard examination in Urdu before joining a native corps, he will be required to do so within 18 months of so joining; otherwise he will cease to be a probationer, in which case his Commanding Officer will submit a report to the D. A. G. of the Command, as to whether the probationer made a genuine effort to pass the examination, and also whether his conduct and general application to the performance of his duties, whilst on probation, have been satisfactory.

9. After the expiration of one year from date of appointment on probation, the probationer, provided he has passed the higher standard examination in Urdu, and the professional examination required under regulation (para. _____), may be admitted to the Staff Corps.

10. On the expiration of 18 months from date of appointment on probation, he will be admitted to the Staff Corps (para. _____) whether he has passed the above examinations or not, i.e., the higher standard and the professional examination (para. _____), on production of certificates in Forms B and C (para. 2) and D, which will be forwarded through the usual channel to the Adjutant-General for transmission to Government.

D.

Commanding Officer's Certificate.—For admission to the Staff Corps.

Certified that Lieutenant _____ of the _____ regiment, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, has on this date completed _____ years' service from the date of his first commission, of which _____ years were (or the whole period of which was, as the case may be,) spent in India.

Lieutenant _____ has passed an examination in Urdu by the higher (or lower) standard, and has attained such a knowledge of his drill and duty as an officer of Infantry (or Cavalry) in all its branches as to qualify him for the command of a company (or squadron) in all situations. He also possesses a fair knowledge of the ARMY ACT, of the ARMY (ANNUAL) ACT, of the INDIAN ARTICLES OF WAR, and of the KING'S REGULATIONS, as well as of ARMY REGULATIONS, INDIA, VOL. II., besides having gained some general acquaintance with the organization and nature of all branches of the Indian Army.

I further certify that during the period Lieutenant _____ has served with this regiment, he has been attentive to his duties, and that his conduct has been in all respects unexceptionable.

(Station and date.)

(Signature of the Officer Commanding the Regiment.)

11. Should he not have passed the above examinations before admission to the Staff Corps, he will be allowed a further period of 18 months (or 3 years in all from date of appointment on probation), within which to pass.

12. Should he not pass within this period, he will be removed from the service.

13. The names of probationers will be retained on the lists of their British regiments until they are admitted to the Staff Corps.

14. The period of probation has been fixed to enable an officer to show his aptitude for, and zeal in, the performance of duties with native troops. During this time the Commanding Officer should satisfy himself that the probationer's temper, general habits and qualifications, are such as to render him an efficient officer in the native army; and he should employ him generally on all duties, calculated to test his fitness for the native army. Probationers are not to be detached from duty with their corps during their period of probation.

15. During the period of probation, it will be open to the Commanding Officer of a native corps to report that he thinks the officer, either from temper or other cause, is unsuited for employment with native troops; in which case the Commander-in-Chief, should he be satisfied that such is the case, will post the officer to his own regiment, or to a battalion of it, if one be serving in India, or, if not, to any regiment or battalion of the line in that country, pending orders from the "War Office."

16. The same course will be followed in the case of an officer who may not, at the expiration of 18 months' duty, be able to obtain the necessary certificates for admission to the Staff Corps, owing to his not having passed the Lower Standard Examination in Urdu or other cause.

17. No officer will be allowed to resign his probationary appointment, except on sufficient grounds to be approved by the Commander-in-Chief, the Government of India, the Secretary of State for India in Council, and the Secretary of State for War. An officer applying for permission to resign, will be required to produce a declaration and a certificate in Forms F and G, and the Commander-in-Chief in India, if satisfied with the reasons given, will at once post the officer to his own regiment, or to a battalion of it, if one be serving in India, or, if not, to any regiment or battalion of the line in that country, his resignation being sent forward at once for the final orders of the Secretary of State for India, and the Secretary of State for War.

F.

Declaration of Candidate.—For resignation of probationary appointment.

I hereby solemnly declare, on my honour as an officer and a gentleman, that my resignation of my probationary appointment for the Staff Corps does not originate in any cause affecting my honour, or my character, or professional efficiency.

(Station and date.)

(Signature of probationer.)

G.

Commanding Officer's Certificate.—For resignation of probationary appointment. (Para. 17.)

I hereby certify that the resignation by Lieutenant of his probationary appointment in the regiment under my command does not originate in any cause affecting his honour, or his fitness to continue in His Majesty's service.

(Station and date.)

(Signature of Commanding Officer.)

Until the completion of three years' service, a probationer remains subject to the provisions of Article 100, Royal Warrant of 1896.

When an officer is ultimately admitted to the Staff Corps, the date assigned to his commission is that of his first appointment on probation.

No extension of the prescribed period within which the examination must be passed is allowed, except on account of illness, or delay resulting from employment on field service, and only then, with the special sanction of the Secretary of State for India in Council. Applications for such extension must be submitted six months before the completion of three years' service from date of admission to the Staff Corps.

THE SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

The following rules govern the admission of officers to the Supply and Transport Department in India:—

1. The applicant must belong to the Staff Corps and have had not less than three or more than seven years' service. His application is required to be submitted, through his Commanding Officer, to the D. A. G. of the Command, who forwards it on to the Secretary to the Government of India, who in turn forwards it to the Director-General of Supply and Transport to note the candidate's name, and on return transfers it to the Military Secretary to the Viceroy for the name to be registered.

2. When a vacancy occurs, the Director-General of Supply and Transport applies for the nomination of a candidate, who is then appointed to the Department, on probation, for one year.

3. For the first six months he is attached to a Supply and Transport Office, for the next three months to the office of the Examiner of Supply and Transport Accounts, and for the last three to the Office of the Storekeeper-General.

4. At the expiry of the period of probation the final examination is held.

5. The examination is divided into three heads:—

- (A) Questions to be answered without the assistance of books of reference.
- (B & C) Questions to be answered with the assistance of books of reference.
- (D) *Viva voce* and practical questions.

6. The questions to the probationer under heads A, B, C and D are set on the following subjects:—

A.

(1) His acquaintance with the responsibilities and duties of a Supply and Transport officer in the care and custody of cattle and stores.

(2) His knowledge of the system of procuring supplies by departmental agency or contract, as circumstances may require, and the rules generally for conclusion of contracts.

(3) His acquaintance with the subject of rationing British and Native troops and the different articles which comprise their rations, and also the circumstances under which rations are issued to native troops.

(4) Sources of supply of, and rules concerning, saddlery and line gear for transport animals, and clothing for transport and ambulance establishments.

(5) Transport organisation in peace.

(6) Casting rules for transport animals.

(7) The organisation of supply and transport in the field as laid down in the Field Service Department Code.

B.

(1) His acquaintance with the general system of accounts in the Supply and Transport Department; his ability to check accounts of Native agents and knowledge of how the monthly cash account current and schedules are prepared, also of the vouchers required to support charges under the different heads of expenditure.

(2) Ability to check indents for carriage, monthly returns, bills for feeding of cattle, bills for attendants' pay.

C.

(1) His knowledge of Departmental rules, and of returns furnished periodically.

(2) Rates of pay of establishments and followers, and method of drawing the same.

(3) His ability to draw up, with accuracy estimates and average statements of the cost of victualling troops and of feeding cattle.

(4) His knowledge of the equipments of carriage and stores required for Artillery, Cavalry and Infantry, with reference to their numbers and the distance to be marched.

(5) Scales of feed for horses, transport animals, and slaughter cattle and sheep.

D.

(1) His knowledge of the animals used for food, as to their breeding, and where the best are produced.

(2) Where the best transport animals are found and the weights they respectively carry.

(3) Stable management, such as watering, feed, grooming, shoeing, picketing.

(4) Treatment of ordinary ailments of cattle and transport animals.

(5) Packing and loading, fitting harness, saddlery and gear, and system of inspection of and repairs to saddlery and gear.

(6) The principal points to be attended to in purchase of each class of transport animals.

(7) Description of carts in use and qualities of wood suitable for their construction.

7. The number of questions to be set on the different heads, and their marks are as follows:—

	Number of questions.	Marks.	Percentage of marks to be obtained.
Head A	30	150	75 per cent. of the aggregate marks, but less than 50 per cent. for any one head.
" B	25	100	
Heads C and D	45	150	
Total...	100	400	

8. The examination papers under head (A) are prepared by the Inspector-General of Supply and Transport under (B) by the Examiner of Commissariat Accounts, and under heads (C) and (D) by the Supply and Transport Officer of the Command.

9. On a probationer being confirmed in his appointment, he should, under arrangements to be made by the Inspector-General of Supply and Transport, pursue a further practical training in the following duties in such order as may be found convenient in view to qualifying for the position of Supply and Transport Officer of a district by being placed in charge of—

- the transport at a station;
- the accounts section of a Supply and Transport Office;
- an outpost.

On completion of the above course of training, the Supply and Transport Officer will report to the Inspector-General of Supply and Transport whether the officer has qualified in the several courses, or, if not, in what respects he has failed. Should the report received be unfavourable, the Inspector-General of Supply and Transport may, if he considers it desirable, bring the matter to the notice of the Director-General of Supply and Transport in view of the officer being reverted to regimental duty before his tenure of five years expires.

10. The first period of service for officers of the Supply and Transport Department is fixed at five years. They will remain seconded in their regiments for that period, after the expiration of which they will be permanently transferred to the Department or revert to regimental employ at their own request, or on the recommendation of the Head of the Department.

11. The limits of tenure of appointment in the Supply Transport Department are:—

(a) Director-General of Supply and Transport and Inspector—Five years, or on succession to the Colonel's allowance.

(b) Executive Supply and Transport General and Supply and Transport Officers—On attaining the age of 52 years, or on succession to the Colonel's allowance, or on promotion to Major-General.

12. The grades and rates of pay in the Supply and Transport Department are:—

	RS.	
Director-General of Supply and Transport	2,500	Consolidated.
Inspector-General of do.	2,000	
Deputy Director-General for Transport	800	In addition to Staff Corps pay of rank.
Supply and Transport Officer, 1st class	800	
" " 2nd "	600	
" " 3rd "	500	
" " 4th "	400	
" " 5th "	300	
" " 6th "	200	

13. An officer of a Native Corps being a candidate for the Supply and Transport Department, is entitled to the pay of his regimental appointment until the date of his services being placed at the disposal of the Inspector-General of Supply and Transport. He is retained in the list of his corps with a lien on his regimental appointment for the 12 months of his probation.

14. On passing the final examination, he will continue to be borne on his regiment for a second year, having been seconded. He can revert to military duty within these two years, but not subsequently, unless a regimental appointment is available.

15. From 1st April 1900, the three separate Presidential lists of officers have been amalgamated, and the promotion of officers of the amalgamated list of the Supply-Transport Department are by length of service in each grade up to and including the grade of Supply and Transport Officer, 1st class, instead of by succession to vacancies.

16. The periods of service necessary for promotion, are as follows:—

Supply and Transport Officer, 6th class, after 4 years' service in that grade will be promoted to the grade of Supply and Transport Officer, 5th class.

Supply and Transport Officer, 5th class, after 4 years' service in that grade, will be promoted to Supply and Transport Officer, 4th class.

Supply and Transport Officer, 4th class, after 4 years' service in that grade, will be promoted to Supply and Transport Officer, 3rd class.

Supply and Transport Officer, 3rd class, after 5 years' service in that grade, will be promoted to Supply and Transport Officer, 2nd class.

Supply and Transport Officer, 2nd class, after 5 years' service in that grade, will be promoted to Supply and Transport Officer, 1st class, if deemed fit to carry out the duties of an Administrative appointment.

17. Officers borne on the separate Presidential lists are given the option of coming under the new scheme, or of continuing under the old rules and obtaining promotion as vacancies occur; they must, however, finally elect between the two systems of promotion before March 1901.

THE MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

1. The establishment of the Military Accounts Department and the Staff salaries of the several grades are as below:—

	RS.	
Accountant-General	1	2,500
Controllers of Military Accounts	4	2,000
Military Accountant, 1st class	3	1,650
" " 2nd "	5	1,400
" " 3rd "	4	1,200
" " 4th "	4	1,000
Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class	5	750
" " 2nd "	4	600
" " 3rd "	4	500

Consolidated salary.

Do. do.

Assistant Controller, Officer in Charge, Accounts Branch.	4	600 to 800
Superintendent of Pensions and Family Payments, Madras.	1	400
Pension Paymaster, Southern Konkan	1	*250

In addition to Staff Corps pay of rank.

2. Controllers of Military Accounts hold their appointments for five years subject to vacation on attaining Colonel's allowance.

3. All other appointments in the Military Accounts Department are held until—

(i) succession to Colonel's allowance;

(ii) promotion to Major-General;

(iii) attaining to 52 years of age.

4. The Military Accounts Department in India includes all appointments concerned with the audit and compilation of Military expenditure, and the payment of the Army, its establishments and departments, other than the appointments of acting regimental paymasters. Officers are ordinarily not eligible for appointment to the Department till they have completed five years' service.

5. First appointment of officers to the Department is for five years, during the first of which they will be on probation, and they will be seconded in their regiments for these five years, at the expiration of which they will be transferred permanently to the Department, or revert to regimental employment at their own request, or on the recommendation of the Head of the Department.

6. Officers of the Indian Staff Corps desirous of entering the Department, will apply to the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy, in the case of a regimental officer, through the Officer Commanding his regiment, the General Officer Commanding the District, the Lieutenant-General of the Command and the Adjutant-General, and in that of a Departmental officer, through the Head of his Department. The application will be accompanied by a copy of the officer's record of service to date.

7. Candidates after nomination by H. E. the Viceroy, will be subjected to an examination before they are permitted to join the Department as probationers.

8. During the period of probation, the officer will be attached to the different branches of a Controller's Office, under the orders of the Controller, his services will not be available during probation for any duty other than that of gaining a thorough knowledge of Departmental procedure generally, and of the regulations dealt with in each branch.

9. At the end of the year's probation, the officer will be examined for admission to the Department, by the Controller of Military Accounts.

10. Promotions in the Department from one grade to another, whether temporary or permanent, are made according to merit and not by seniority alone; the appointments of Controller of Military Accounts are filled by selection from amongst the most efficient and able officers of the Department.

THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

1. This Department is now an Imperial establishment, directly under the orders of the Government of India in the Military Department.

2. It is open to officers of the Royal Artillery serving in India who have been five years in the service and who have qualified in the H. S. in Hindustani.

3. All applications for appointment must be addressed (through his Military Secretary) to the Viceroy, by whom all first appointments will be made.

4. The consolidated Ordnance Department for India will for the present be divided into two circles of superintendence and supply—Bengal and Bombay—each under the charge of an Inspector-General of Ordnance, who will be allowed an Assistant taken from the establishment of Commissaries, and seconded. The Inspector-General in Bengal will also be assisted by a Deputy Inspector-General.

5. The whole establishment of Commissioned officers will be as follows:—

	RS.	
1 Director-General of Ordnance for all India	2,500	Consolidated.
2 Inspectors-General of Ordnance	2,000	
1 Deputy Director-General of Ordnance in India	800	With Regimental pay and allowances.
3 Assistants to Inspectors-General of Ordnance	300	
5 Ordnance Officers, 1st class	500	
7 do. 2nd "	400	
11 do. 3rd "	300	
17 do. 4th "	200	
9 Superintendents of Factories	600	

6. The Director-General and the Inspector-General of Ordnance will hold their appointments for a term of five years, and the local rank of Major-General will be conferred upon the Director-General when not appointed in that rank.

7. No officer above the rank of Major-General will be appointed Director-General, nor will any officer above the rank of Colonel be appointed an Inspector-General, but the Director-General and Inspector-General will be allowed to retain their appointments for the full term of five years, even if the former be promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-General.

* If not Staff Corps officer in addition to regimental pay of rank.

or the latter to the rank of Major-General. With this exception no officer shall hold an appointment in the Department after promotion to the rank of Major-General.

8. Assistant Superintendents of Factories shall be appointed for a term of three years, but all Superintendents of Factories and Commissaries of Ordnance will be appointed for a term of five years, they will then be eligible for re-appointment for a similar term, but after that they must revert to regimental duty.

JUDGE ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

1. The Department is open to officers of the British and Indian Services. The revised rules regarding the appointment and pay of officers admitted to this Department will be found in I. A. Circulars 123 of 1892 and 27 of 1895.

2. The examination for admission will be both *vis à vis* and by written questions on the Army Acts and Rules of Procedure and the Indian Articles of War, the King's Regulations, Royal Warrant for pay and promotion, Army Regulations, India, Vol. II, the English and Indian Laws of Evidence, the Criminal Law of England, and the Indian Penal Code. Also on the candidate's capacity to review the proceedings of the minor Courts-martial, and of General Courts-martial, the latter being tested by requiring him to frame a skeleton charge under any specified article and to write out in the proper form the mode of recording proceedings of such Court-martial, with the punishment awardable on conviction.

3. The appointment of Judge Advocate-General is tenable for five years, subject to vacation or succession to Colonel's allowances.

4. Other appointments in the Department will be vacated—

- (i) on succession to Colonel's allowance;
- (ii) promotion to Major-General;
- (iii) attaining to 52 years of age.

5. Officers appointed to the Department will be on probation for one year, and will be confirmed after that period on passing the required Departmental examination; they will remain seconded in their regiments for a term of five years, including the period of probation, on expiration of which they will be either transferred permanently to the Department or revert to regimental employ.

THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

1. This Department is open to officers of the Staff Corps, as well as to those of the British Army, who have passed the H. S. in Hindustani and the long course of Garrison Instruction, or the final test at the Staff College.

2. An officer with Brevet or Substantive rank of Colonel, or three years' satisfactory full pay service in the Substantive or Brevet rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, is eligible for the appointment of Deputy Adjutant-General.

3. The establishments with salaries are as below:—

	Rs.	Consolidated.
1 Deputy Adjutant-General, Head-Quarters	2,000	
1 Asst. Adjutant-General, do.	500	
1 Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General, do.	400	
1 Asst. Quartermaster-General, do.	500	
1 Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General, R.A. do.	400	
1 do. do. for Musketry do.	400	
2 do. do. 2nd & 3rd Circles	300	
1 Asst. Adjutants-General, Districts	500	
7 Dy. Asst. do. do.	400	

With S. C. pay.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE REGULATIONS.

Leave Rules for the Staff Corps.

RULES.

1. I.—An officer may be granted—

Privilege leave under such regulations as may from time to time be in force.

Leave out of India, for no longer period than one year, capable of extension to two years' absence from duty, on the following pay:—

	£
After appointment to the Staff Corps	200 a year.
After the commencement of the 5th year's service for pension	250
Do. do. 15th	300
Do. do. 20th	450
Do. do. 25th	600
Do. do. 30th	700

Leave in India, but for the period of one year only, on full military pay and half the staff salary of appointment.

II.—No extension of leave, involving absence from duty for more than two years, whether taken in or out of India, can be granted except on specially urgent grounds and without pay.

III.—An officer, unable on account of the state of his health to return to duty within the maximum period of two years' absence, will, unless he is specially granted under Rule II an extension of leave without pay, be placed on temporary half pay or the retired list, as the circumstances of the case may seem to require. An officer will also be liable to be placed on half pay or the retired list, should his health require an undue amount of leave, whether in or out of India. This power will be exercised by the Government of India at the instance of the authority empowered to sanction the leave should the officer be in India, or, should the officer be at home, by the Secretary of State in Council.

NOTE.—If an officer recommended for leave out of India on medical certificate, is found to have taken an undue amount of leave in the past on account of his health, his case should be specially reported for the consideration of the Secretary of State for India without the grant to him of any specified period of leave.

IV.—All leave in or out of India counts as service for pension.

V.—Leave, whether it is leave in India or leave out of India, does not involve forfeiture of appointment, and may be granted at any time, but solely at the discretion of the sanctioning authority. In the case of officers temporarily serving under the Commander-in-Chief of a Presidency other than their own, applications for leave should be forwarded for final sanction through the Lieutenant-General of a Command in which they are serving to the Lieutenant-General of the Command to which they belong, except in urgent cases, when the authority to grant leave will rest with the former, a report of the grant in every case being at once made to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Command to which the officer belongs.

VI.—An officer on leave, whether in India or out of India, will be required to rejoin at once on being recalled to duty, unless certified by a medical board as unfit to do so.

VII.—The above rules apply to—

Officers whose admission to the Staff Corps bears date subsequent to the 30th June 1886.

Officers of the Staff Corps, including probationers, or of the Cavalry and Infantry lists of the Indian Army, in military employment, who elected them within 12 months of that date.

Officers in civil employ on that date, subsequently reverting to military duty, who may elect them within six months from the date of being replaced at the disposal of the Military Department. If such officers are on leave when so replaced, they must make their election at once. Those taking leave within the six months must make their election before going on leave.

They do not apply to—

Officers in permanent civil employ.

Officers commanding districts, or holding other appointments under special regulations as to leave of absence, who continue subject to such regulations.

NOTE.—The above does not preclude General Officers Commanding districts who before their appointment were subject to the leave rules for the Staff Corps from being granted short leave in India under these rules.

VIII.—Officers who have elected to come under these rules count all previous leave as service for pension. The position of those who have not elected them remains unchanged.

IX.—The Secretary of State in Council has reserved the right of making any change in the foregoing regulations which circumstances may require.

2. Officers who have not elected for the above rules in the manner, and within the periods laid down by Rule VII, have no further opportunity of election, but remain under previous rules. It must also be clearly understood that no modifications of the existing Codes will be sanctioned, and that there is no middle course between abiding by them and acceptance of these new rules.

3. Military officers in civil employ on the 30th June 1886, who may desire to retire direct from such employment, have, on such retirement, the option of electing the new rules.

4. When it may be necessary to convert sterling rates of pay under these rules into rupee currency, or vice versa, the conversion will be made at the rate of exchange in force for the period when the pay became due, as fixed annually for the adjustment of financial transactions between the Indian and Imperial Governments.

5. The rules which govern the allowances of officers acting for absentees remain unchanged.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Leave Rules for the Indian Medical Service.

The rules laid down for the grant of leave to officers of the Indian Staff Corps, apply equally to officers of the Indian Medical Service in Military employ, with the following modification in regard to the rates of pay whilst on leave out of India:—

	£
After arrival in India	200 a year.
After the commencement of the 5th year's service for pension	250
Do. do. 10th	300
Do. do. 15th	400
Do. do. 20th	450
Do. do. 25th	500

2. The rules apply to all Medical officers admitted to the Service after the 30th June 1856, and to officers who may elect them under the provisions of Rule VII.

SUBSIDIARY RULES.

1. Officers in permanent Civil employment, while they continue in such employment, are not affected by these rules; but if desirous of retiring on pension direct from such employment, they will, whether on duty or on furlough, be given the benefit of the rule which allows all previous leave to count as service for pension. It is, however, to be clearly understood that no officer in Civil employment will be allowed to place himself out of employment for the purpose of taking leave under these rules or for any purpose but immediate retirement.

See verbatim Articles 761 to 783, A. R. I., Vol. I, Part I.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY DEPARTMENT, Simla, the 8th June 1886.

ORGANIZATION.

1.—Appointment to the administrative grade of a Medical officer who is disqualified by age from serving the full term of five years.

Under instructions from His Majesty's Government, the appointment to the Administrative grade of a Medical officer who entered the Service prior to the 13th January 1860, and who is disqualified by age from serving the full term of five years, is limited to those officers who will be able to complete upwards of three years' service in that grade, and will then be sanctioned only on exceptional and special grounds, and exclusively in the interests of the public service.

(Signed) E. H. H. COLLEN, Lieut.-Colonel,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

INDIAN PENSION RULES OF 1881.

The following revised scale of pensions for officers of the Indian Staff Corps and the Indian Forces took effect from the 1st July 1881.

2. For the purposes of these pension rules, which will be known as those of 1881, officers are divided into four classes, viz. :—

- Officers who entered the Staff Corps prior to or on the 12th September 1866.
- Officers of the late Indian Cavalry and Infantry who have not joined the Staff Corps, commonly known as officers of the Local Service.
- Officers on the General List who entered the Service under the "new conditions of appointment" and who have not subsequently joined the Staff Corps.
- Officers who have entered the Staff Corps since the 12th September 1866.

See Articles 1430, 1431, 1432 and 1438, A. R. I., Vol. I, Part I.

Under the rules of 1868 the following periods of furlough and leave reckon as service :—
Combatant Officers.

2 years in 20 years' service.				2 years in 20 years' service.			
3	"	24	"	5	"	32	"
4	"	28	"	6	"	38	"

Under the rules of 1875 all leave within Indian limits and all furlough earned by length of service (i.e., one year for every five years' service in India), reckon as service.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

See Articles 1461 to 1475, A. R. I., Vol. I, Part I.

INDIAN NURSING SERVICE.

See Articles 1477 to 1484, A. R. I., Vol. I, Part I.

PENSIONS TO SOLDIERS' WIDOWS AND CHILDREN.

Pensions to Widows and Children of Non-Commissioned Officers and men killed in action—vide Army Order 150 of July 1901.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE FORCES IN THE MADRAS COMMAND.

SECUNDERABAD DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters ... Secunderabad.

TROOPS.

Secunderabad District.—4th Hussars; L. Batty, R. H. A.; "E" Ammn. Col., R. H. A.; 6th Batty, R. Field A.; 23rd Batty, R. Field A.; 49th Batty, R. Field A.; No. 6 Ammn. Col., R. F. A.; 1st Bn., Lincoln Regt.; 1st Bn., Middlesex Regt.; Hyderabad Vol. Rifles; 26th Light Cavalry; Depot; No. 1 Co., 2nd Queen's Own Sappers and Miners; No. 8 Co., 2nd Queen's Own Sappers and Miners; 65th Light Infantry; 76th Punjabis; 81st Pioneers; 84th Punjabis; No. 15 A. H. C.; No. 20 Co., A. Bearer Corps. *Aurungabad*.—30th Lancers; 86th Infantry; 98th Infantry. *Bolarum*.—20th Deccan Horse; 95th Infantry; 99th Infantry. *Ellichipur*.—97th Infantry. *Raichur*.—Det., Madras Ry. Vol. Rifles.

BURMAH DISTRICT.

SOUTHERN SHAN STATES COMMAND.

Head-Quarters ... Fort Stedman.

TROOPS.

Fort Stedman.—1—10 G. R. Mounted Infy; *Kengtung*.—Wing 1—10 G. R. Mounted Infy.

RANGOON DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters ... Rangoon.

TROOPS.

Rangoon.—No. 61 Co., R. G. A.; No. 70 Co., R. G. A.; 4th Co., Indian Sub-Mar. Mining Corps, R. E.; 1st Bn., L'pool R.; Rangoon Naval Vols.; Rangoon Art. Vols.; Rangoon Vol. Engrs.; Rangoon Vol. Rifles; Burma Railways Vol. Corps; 83rd Light Infantry; 91st Punjabis; No. 17 Co., A. H. N. C.; No. 22 Co., A. Bearer Corps. *Akyab*.—Det., Rangoon Vol. Rifles. *Bassein*.—Det., Rangoon Vol. Rifles. *Mergui*.—Det., Moulmein Vol. Rifles. *Moulmein*.—Moulmein Vol. Arty.; Moulmein Vol. Rifles. *Pegu*.—Det., Burma Ry. Vol. Corps. *Port Blair*.—Det., 1st Bn., L'pool R.; South Andamans Vol. Rifles; Det., 83rd Light Infantry. *Prome*.—Det., Burma Ry. Vol. Corps. *Shwegyin*.—Det., Moulmein Vol. Rifles. *Tacoy*.—Det., Moulmein Vol. Rifles. *Toungoo*.—Det., Burma Ry. Vol. Corps. *Yemethin*.—Det., Upper Burma Vol. Rifles; Det., Burma Ry. Vol. Corps.

MANDALAY DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters ... Mandalay.

TROOPS.

Mandalay, Fort Dufferin.—1st Bn., Royal Fusiliers; Upper Burma Vol. Rifles; Bur. Co., 2nd Sappers and Miners; 89th Punjabis; 92nd Punjabis; No. 18 Co., A. H. N. C.; No. 23 Co., A. Bearer Corps. *Mandalay Hill*.—Det., 1st Bn., Royal Fusiliers; 29th Mn. Batty. *Bhamo*.—Det., 1st Bn., East Yorkshire Regt.; Det., Upper Burma Vol. Rifles; 26th Jacobs Mn. Batty; 90th Punjabis. *Slaymyo*.—2-10th G. R. *Meiktila*.—Wing, 2nd Bn., Bord. R.; Det., Upper Burma Vol. Rifles; Det., 72 Punjabis; Depot, 93rd Burma Infantry. *Shwebo*.—1st Bn., East Yorkshire Regt.; Det., Upper Burma Vol. Rifles. *Thayetmyo*.—Det., 1st Bn., Royal Fusiliers; 2nd Bn., Bord. R.; 72nd Punjabis.

BELGAUM DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters ... Belgaum.

TROOPS.

Belgaum.—31st Batty, R. F. A.; 1st Bn., Royal Warwick Regt.; Det., S. Mahratta Ry. Vol. Rifles; 61st Pioneers; 82nd Punjabis; No. 16 Co., A. H. C.; No. 21 Co., A. Bearer Corps. *Bellary*.—25th Batty, R. F. A.; Wing 1st Leicester Regt.; Det., S. Mahratta Ry. Vol. Rifles; 77th Light Cavalry; 74th Punjabis. *Gooty*.—Det., Madras Ry. Vol. Rifles. *Hubli*.—S. Mahratta Ry. Vol. Rifles.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters ... Bangalore.

TROOPS.

Bangalore.—6th Dn. Gds.; G. R. H. A.; 12th Batty, R. Field A.; 58th Batty, R. Field A.; No. 7 Ammn. Col., R. F. A.; 1st Bn., Essex R.; Bangalore Rifle Vols.; Det., Madras Ry. Vol. Rifles; Det., S. M. Ry. Vols.; 28th Light Cavalry; Hd. Qrs., A and B Depot, and Nos. 1, 2, 5 and 6 Cos., 2nd Queen's Own Sappers and Miners; 64th Pioneers; 69th Punjabis; 76th Moplah Rifles; No. 13 Co., A. H. C.; No. 18 Co., A. Bearer Corps. *Arasikere*.—Det., S. Mahratta Ry. Vol. Rifles. *Chikmagalur*.—Det., Coorg and Mysore Vol. Rifles. *Jalarpet*.—Det., Madras Ry. Vol. Rifles. *Kolar*.—Kolar Gold Field Vol. Rifles; *Mercara*.—Coorg and Mysore Vol. Rifles; 71st Coorg Rifles. *Mysore*.—Det., Bangalore Kolar Rifles. *Polibetta*.—Det., Coorg and Mysore Vol. Rifles. *Saklasapur*.—Det., Coorg and Mysore Vol. Rifles. *Salem*.—Det., Madras Ry. Vol. Rifles. *Yercaud*.—Yercaud Rifles.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters ... Wellington.

TROOPS.

Wellington.—1st Bn., Durham Light Infy; No. 14 Co., A. H. C.; No. 19 Co., A. Bearer Corps. *Calicut*.—Det., 1st Bn., Durham Light Infantry; Malabar Vol. Rifles. *Cannanore*.—Det., 1st Durham Light Infy; Det., Malabar Vol. Rifles; 75th Infantry; Depot, 70th Infantry. *Cochin*.—Det., Malabar Vol. Rifles. *Coimbatore*.—Det., Nilgiri Vol. Rifles. *Coonoor*.—Det., Nilgiri Vol. Rifles. *Loredale*.—Det., Nilgiri Vol. Rifles. *Madura*.—Det., S. I. Ry. Vol. Rifles. *Malapuram*.—Det., 1st Bn., Durham Light Infy. *Mannar*.—Det., S. I. Ry. Vol. Rifles. *Negapatam*.—S. I. Ry. Vol. Rifles. *Ootacamund*.—Nilgiri Vol. Rifles; Det., 75th Infantry. *Podanur*.—Det., Madras Ry. Vol. Rifles. *Tanjore*.—Det., S. I. Ry. Vol. Rifles. *Tellicherry*.—Det., Malabar Vol. Rifles. *Tirunelveli*.—Det., 86th Infantry. *Trichithopoly*.—Det., S. I. Ry. Vol. Rifles; Wing, 71st Coorg Rifles; 86th Infantry.

MADRAS DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters ... Fort St. George.

TROOPS.

Fort St. George.—No. 52 Co., R. G. A.; 1st Bn., Leicester Regt.; Madras Art. Vols.; No. 12 Co., A. H. C.; No. 17 Co., A. Bearer Corps. Arkonam.—Det., Madras Railway Vols. Berhampore.—Det., East Coast Rifle Vols. Bezada.—Det., Madras Ry. Vols.; Det., East Coast Rifle Vols. Cocanada.—Det., East Coast Rifle Vols. Cuddalore.—Det., S. I. Ry. Vols. Madras.—Madras Vol. Guards; Det., S. I. Ry. Vols.; Det., Madras Ry. Vols.; Governor's Body-Guard; 88th Infantry. Pakala.—Det., S. I. Ry. Vols. Pallavaram Depôt.—Depôt, 73rd Infantry; Depôt, 83rd Infantry. Poonamallee Depôt.—Hd. Qrs., Madras Ry. Vols. Rajahmundry.—Det., Madras Ry. Vols.; Det., East Coast Rifle Vols. Renigunta.—Det., Madras Ry. Vols. Royapuram.—Det., Madras Ry. Vols. St. Thomas' Mount.—35th Batty., R. Fld. A.; 55th Batty., R. Fld. A.; 78th Moplah Rifles. Vizagapatam.—Hd. Qrs., East Coast Rifle Vols.; Det., Madras Ry. Vols. Vizianagaram.—Det., Madras Ry. Vols.; 63rd Light Infantry. Wallair.—Det., Madras Ry. Vols.

REGULATIONS FOR THE COMMUTATION OF PENSIONS OF OFFICERS OF THE INDIAN SERVICE.

1. These regulations shall be applicable only to officers retired on or after the 1st July 1881.
2. An officer may be allowed to commute a portion, not exceeding one-third, of his pension, which commutation may take place on retirement, or at any time subsequent thereto.
3. An officer in Europe desirous of commuting, must make application, in writing, to the Under-Secretary of State for India, stating his desire so to commute, and furnishing information as to his age, rank, and the amount of his pension.
4. If the Secretary of State for India in Council approve the commutation, the officer will be so informed, and his application will be forwarded to the Standing Medical Board at the India Office.
5. The Board will require the officer to give such information as to his health and habits as is usual in the case of persons proposing to assure their lives in Assurance Companies, and he will be required to submit himself for personal examination by the Board at the India Office.
6. An officer in India or in colonies desirous of commuting, must address the authorities of his Presidency. In either case he will be required to go through similar forms. If he is residing in India, he may appear before a Medical Board at any station in India that may be convenient, such Board being assembled under the orders of the Local Government, and presided over by the chief civil administrative medical officer of the province when practicable.
7. The basis of commutation, subject to an addition of years of age in the case of impaired lives, shall be the following table, the age of the officer being reckoned at the age he will attain on the birthday next succeeding the date upon which the capitalized sum will become payable:—

Age next birth-day.	Number of years' purchase.	Present value of the annuity of £100.	Age next birth-day.	Number of years' purchase.	Present value of the annuity of £100.
		£ s. d.			£ s. d.
21	15'00258	1,500 15 2	36	13'91478	1,391 9 7
22	14'96111	1,496 2 3	37	13'79016	1,379 0 4
23	14'92519	1,492 10 5	38	13'66060	1,366 1 2
24	14'88969	1,488 19 5	39	13'52738	1,352 14 0
25	14'85191	1,485 3 10	40	13'38851	1,338 17 1
26	14'80890	1,480 17 10	41	13'24313	1,324 6 3
27	14'74740	1,474 14 11	42	13'08568	1,308 11 4
28	14'67951	1,467 19 0	43	12'92050	1,292 1 0
29	14'60551	1,460 11 0	44	12'74483	1,274 9 8
30	14'52581	1,452 11 8	45	12'55834	1,255 16 8
31	14'44054	1,444 1 1	46	12'36096	1,236 1 11
32	14'35005	1,435 0 1	47	12'14690	1,214 13 10
33	14'25257	1,425 5 2	48	11'92339	1,192 6 9
34	14'14781	1,414 14 8	49	11'69128	1,169 2 7
35	14'03442	1,403 8 10	50	11'45962	1,145 7 3

MILITARY.] TABLE OF STAFF APPOINTMENTS AND SALARIES.

Age next birth-day.	Number of years' purchase.	Present value of the annuity of £100.	Age next birth-day.	Number of years' purchase.	Present value of the annuity of £100.
		£ s. d.			£ s. d.
51	11'21356	1,121 7 1	66	7'62437	762 8 9
52	10'98145	1,098 2 11	67	7'37082	737 1 8
53	10'75133	1,075 2 8	68	7'11881	711 17 8
54	10'52560	1,052 11 3	69	6'86850	686 17 0
55	10'30351	1,030 7 0	70	6'62170	662 3 5
56	10'08363	1,008 7 3	71	6'38068	638 1 4
57	9'86670	986 13 5	72	6'14448	614 8 11
58	9'64896	964 17 11	73	5'90561	590 11 3
59	9'42649	942 13 0	74	5'65540	565 10 10
60	9'19800	919 16 0	75	5'39538	539 10 9
61	8'95666	895 13 4	76	5'12566	512 11 4
62	8'70132	870 2 8	77	4'81532	481 10 8
63	8'43435	843 8 8	78	4'50565	450 11 3
64	8'16571	816 11 5	79	4'20762	420 15 3
65	7'89583	789 11 8	80	3'91477	391 9 6

8. The commutation having been sanctioned, the applicant will be informed, and will have the option of withdrawing his application within 30 days after receiving notice.

9. If the applicant shall not withdraw his application within that period, the decision will be considered final, and the commutation of pension will take place absolutely.

10. In every case the capitalized sum will be payable in India, the sterling amount being converted at the official rate of exchange for the year in which the payment is made.

11. In the case of an officer in Europe, the capitalized sum will be payable at the expiration of two months, and in the case of an officer in India, at the expiration of one month from the date of the commutation being sanctioned. In each case the officer's pension will be issued in full up to the date of payment unless any delay has been caused by the officer's own fault or that of his agents.

12. In any case in which a pensioner shall accept public employment involving the withholding of pension, a deduction will be made from the salary payable to him equal to the amount which would have been abated from the pension if it had not been commuted; and, in the event of his becoming entitled to a pension in respect of such employment, the amount of such pension granted to him shall not exceed the amount which he might have received had his pension not been so commuted.

13. In every case of the capitalized sum being paid in India, the Controller of Military Accounts will report to the Government of India, Madras, or Bombay, as the case may be, the date on which payment is made.

Departmental officers with honorary rank and warrant officers of the Indian Army Departments and soldiers holding appointments or positions mentioned in Articles 1635 and 1656, A. R. I., Vol. I, Part I, will be allowed to commute a portion of their pension under the provisions of clause 23, I. A. C., 1884, subject to the following conditions:—

(1) That the applicant shall furnish evidence to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State for India, or, of the Government of India, as the case may be, that it would be a distinct and permanent advantage to him to be granted a commuted sum in lieu of a portion of his pension.

(2) That the portion to be commuted shall not exceed one-sixth—vide I. A. C., clause 96, of 1st January 1901.

TABLE OF STAFF APPOINTMENTS AND SALARIES.

No.	Appointments.	Staff Salary.	REMARKS.
	His Excellency the Lieutenant-General.	RS. A. P.	
	ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.		
1	Deputy Adjutant-General.	2,000 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Assistant.	500 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.

Table of Staff Appointments and Salaries—contd.

No.	Appointments.	Staff Salary.	REMARKS.
		RS. A. P.	
1	Military Secy. to H. E. the Governor ...	1,000 0 0	
2	Aides-de-Camp to the Governor ...	300 0 0	
1	Do. to the Governor (Native Officer).	150 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank. In addition to regimental pay of rank and personal allowance.
1	Military Secy. and A. D. O. to the Lieut. General Commanding the Forces.	1,000 0 0	
1	Aide-de-Camp to do.	*250 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Native Aid-de-Camp to do.	150 0 0	In addition to regimental pay of rank and personal allowance.
	ROYAL ARTILLERY.		
1	Colonel on the Staff (Brig.-General) ...	800 0 0	With regtl. pay as Lieut.-Col., R.A., and Col. on Staff, R.A.
1	Dy. Assistant Adjutant-General ...	400 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank as Captain.
	DISTRICT STAFF.		
	District Commands.		
2	1st Class District ...	8,500 0 0	
5	2nd do. do. ...	2,200 0 0	
5	Aides-de-Camp to do. ...	250 0 0	
7	Asst. Adjutants-General ...	500 0 0	
7	Dy. do. do. ...	400 0 0	
8	Colonels on the Staff ...	800 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General, British Army Schools, Madras and Bombay.	400 0 0	
	CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.		
1	Superintendent of Army Clothing..	800 0 0	Do. do.
	SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.		
	Inspector-General of Supply and Transport.	2,000 0 0	Consolidated.
	Supply and Transport Officer, 1st Class.	800 0 0	
	Do. do. 2nd "	600 0 0	
	Do. do. 3rd "	500 0 0	
	Do. do. 4th "	400 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	Do. do. 5th "	300 0 0	
	Do. do. 6th "	200 0 0	
	GARRISON.		
1	Garrison Quartermaster, Fort. St. George.	250 0 0	Do. do.
	MUSKETRY INSPECTION.		
1	Depy. Asst. Adjt.-Genl. (for Musketry), First Circle, Head Quarter's Command.	400 0 0	
1	Depy. Asst. Adjt.-Genl. (for Musketry), Second Circle, Secunderabad.	300 0 0	
1	Depy. Asst. Adjt.-Genl. (for Musketry), Third Circle, Rangoon.	300 0 0	Do. do.
	JUDGE ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S DEPT. IN INDIA.		
1	Judge Advocate-General in India	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
4	Depy. Judge Advocates-General.	700 0 0	
6	Asst. Do. do.	1500 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.

* One of the Aides-de-Camp of each of the Lieutenant-Generals Commanding the Forces receives a monthly allowance of Rs. 80 as Moonshee allowance.

† The Administrative Supply and Transport Officer for Burma receives a special allowance of Rs. 200 per mensem.

‡ The Asst. Judge Advocate-General, Secunderabad, draws an extra Staff allowance of Rs. 274-14-11 for performing the duties of the Hyderabad Contingent.

Table of Staff Appointments and Salaries—concl.

No.	Appointments.	Staff Salary.	REMARKS.
	ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT IN INDIA.		
1	Director-General of Ordnance...	2,500 0 0	
2	Inspectors-General of Ordnance ...	2,000 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Deputy Director-General of Ordnance ...	800 0 0	
5	Ordnance Officers { 1st Class...	500 0 0	
7	{ 2nd " ...	400 0 0	With Regimental pay and allowances of rank, except Majors of Artillery and Engineers.
11	{ 3rd " ...	300 0 0	
17	{ 4th " ...	200 0 0	
9	Superintendents of Factories ...	600 0 0	
	QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPT.		
1	Assistant Quartermaster-General ...	500 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.		
1	Accountant-General ...	2,500 0 0	
4	Controllers of Military Accounts ...	2,200 0 0	
3	Military Accountants, 1st Class ...	1,650 0 0	
5	Do. 2nd do. ...	1,400 0 0	
4	Do. 3rd do. ...	1,200 0 0	Consolidated salary.
4	Do. 4th do. ...	1,000 0 0	
5	Asst. Military Accountants, 1st Class ...	750 0 0	
4	Do. 2nd do. ...	600 0 0	
4	Do. 3rd do. ...	500 0 0	
1	Supt. of Family Payments and Pensions.	400 0 0	With Staff Corps pay or Regimental pay and allowances of rank.
1	Pension Paymaster, Southern Konkan ...	250 0 0	

NOTE.—Majors of Artillery holding appointments in the Ordnance Department in India and not in receipt of Consolidated Salaries are entitled to the Regimental pay and allowances of their rank in addition to Staff pay.

Staff Officers at the Presidency not in receipt of Consolidated Salaries are entitled to House-rent as follows:—

	If drawing Staff Corps pay with Staff Salary.	If drawing Regimental pay and allowances with Staff Salary.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Bt. Colonels ...	125 0 0	...
Lieut.-Colonels ...	125 0 0	30 0 0
Majors ...	100 0 0	60 0 0
Captains ...	75 0 0	60 0 0
Lieutenants ...	40 0 0	40 0 0
Medical Officer drawing unemployed pay, Staff Salary, or Consolidated Salary when the aggregate is Rs. 1,400 or less.		According to ranks.

NATIVE CAVALRY REGIMENTS—STAFF SALARIES.

	RS.		RS.
Commandant ...	700	Third Squadron Commander	180
Second in Command ...	300	Fourth do.	180
Squadron Commander.		Adjutant ...	250
Second Squadron Commander ...	210	Squadron Officer ...	150

NOTE.—The Second in Command and Squadron Commanders will also each draw Rs. 50 per mensem for payment of their respective Squadrons and Rs. 3 each for the repair of arms and accoutrements.

The Adjutant will also draw Rs. 50, Office allowance.

The Squadron Subaltern, who will perform any duties that may be assigned to him, such as would devolve upon a Quartermaster, &c., will draw also Rs. 30 per mensem, for writer and stationery.

Commandants are to maintain three Chargers, all other officers two only.

NEW ORGANIZATION—INFANTRY REGIMENTS—STAFF SALARIES.

[illegible]

2. Under the new organization the eight Companies of a Native Infantry Battalion are linked together in four pairs, each pair thus formed being called a "Double Company." Each "Double Company" is commanded by a British Officer, whose official designation is "Double Company Commander."

3. The first Double Company is under the Second Command; the second under the Wing Commander; and the third and fourth under the two senior Wing Officers. The remaining Officers are styled "Double Company Officers," and are allotted to Double Companies.

4. Under the Double Company organization the Company is the tactical unit, and the executive command of Companies remains in the hands of Native Officers.

REGIMENTAL PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

COMBATANT OFFICERS.

Rank.	Horse Artillery & Cavalry.	Royal Artillery.	Royal Engineers.	Infantry.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Colonel & Colonel-Commdt..	1,358 7 0	1,265 5 0	1,265 5 0	...
Lieutenant-Colonel ...	1,037 0 0	1,002 4 0	1,002 4 0	1,002 4 0
Major after 2 years	809 6 4	...	...	† 759 3 0
Major ...	* 691 1 0	† 759 3 0	† 759 3 0	640 14 0
Captain ...	473 0 4	417 7 8	433 10 0	415 6 0
Lieutenant ...	305 4 0	265 12 0	265 12 0	256 10 0
2nd Lieutenant ...	250 10 4	219 5 0	219 5 0	202 12 5

	Cavalry.			Infantry.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Quartermaster on first appointment	300	0	0	280	0	0
After 5 years' commissioned service	325	0	0	300	0	0
" 10 "	440	0	0	420	0	0
" 15 "	460	0	0	440	0	0
" 20 "	480	0	0	460	0	0

		Royal Horse Arty.			Royal Arty.			Cavalry.		
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Riding Master on first appointment	...	...	306	0 0	...	306	0 0	...	306	0 0
After 5 years' commissioned service	...	...	325	0 0	...	325	0 0	...	325	0 0
" 10 "	...	...	440	0 0	...	440	0 0	...	440	0 0
" 15 "	...	...	460	0 0	...	460	0 0	...	460	0 0
" 20 "	...	...	480	0 0	...	480	0 0	...	480	0 0

NOTE.—Horse allowance at Rs. 60 per mensem, if with Cavalry or Horse Artillery, and Rs. 80 if attached to Field Battery, is claimable under the regulations regarding Chargers in addition to the above rates.

Riding Masters of Cavalry appointed prior to 1st April 1878 receive Rs. 12-2-10 per mensem in addition to the above rates.

* Cavalry only includes horse allowance for one horse.

† Majors when in receipt of Staff Salary get Rs. 640-14-0

† Majors appointed Second in Command of a Battalion draw an allowance of Rs. 30 in addition.

MEDICAL OFFICERS—BRITISH MEDICAL SERVICE.

	RS.	A.	P.
Lieutenant-Colonel specially selected for increased pay	1,150	0	0
Do. after 25 years' service	1,093	2	0
Lieutenant-Colonel	1,056	9	7
Major after 15 years' service	825	11	5
Do. on appointment.	789	3	0
Captain after 10 years' service	500	0	0
Do. do. 5 do.	450	0	0
Captain	350	0	0
Lieutenant	350	0	0

Grade pay of Officers who entered the Indian Medical Service.

For any month.				For any month.			
	RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.
Lieutenant-Colonel specially selected for increased pay.	se-900	0	0	Major after 15 years' service	... 677	6	11
Lieutenant-Colonel	... 852	3	7	Captain	... 309	0	0
Do. after 25 years' service.	... 888	12	6	Do. after 5 years' service	... 400	0	0
Major on appointment	... 640	14	6	Do. do. 10 do.	... 450	0	0
				Lieutenant	... 300	0	0

NOTE 1.—These rates of pay will be drawn by all Medical Officers in receipt of Staff salaries, or holding no specific appointment.

Note 2.—The grade pay of a Lieutenant-Colonel and Major includes allowance for one horse.

INDIAN NURSING SERVICE.

[illegible]

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

Pay and Indian Allowances.

		For any month.	
		RS.	A. P.
Principal Veterinary Officer in India	...	1,220	0 0
Veterinary Lieutenant-Colonel	...	1,020	0 0
Do. Major or Veterinary Captain after 10 years' service as such	...	760	0 0
Do. Captain under 5 years' service as such	...	600	0 0
Do. do. after 5 years' service as such	...	650	0 0
Do. Lieutenant under 5 years' service as such	...	400	0 0
Do. do. after 5 years' service as such	...	450	0 0

English Pay.

	£	s.	d.
Principal Veterinary Officer in India	1	5	0
After 25 years' service	1	7	0
Do. 30 do.	1	10	0
Veterinary Lieutenant-Colonel	1	5	0
After 25 years' service	1	7	0
Do. 30 do.	1	10	0
Veterinary Major or Veterinary Captain	0	15	6
After 5 years' service in the rank or ranks of Veterinary Captain or Veterinary Major.	0	17	6
Do. 10 years' service in the rank or ranks of Veterinary Captain, Veterinary Major or 1st Class Veterinary Surgeon.	1	0	0
Do. 15 years' service in that rank or ranks	1	2	0
Do. 30 years' total service	1	4	0
Veterinary Lieutenant on appointment as Veterinary Lieutenant—yearly	250	0	0

The following sums under the head of Tentage are included in the pay and Indian allowances of the following:—

[illegible]

These sums are included in the pay and Indian allowances of the corresponding rank held by Veterinary Officers, Quartermasters and Riding Masters.

HORSE ALLOWANCE.		RS.
For each authorized Charger	Number of Horses authorized for each rank.	30
Royal Horse Artillery and Cavalry	Field Officer.	4
	Captains (Cavalry)	3
	Do. (R. H. A.)	2
	Subalterns, Riding Master, Quartermaster	2
Field Artillery, Mountain and Heavy Batteries.	Colonel and Lieut.-Colonel	2
	Major and Captain	2
	Subalterns	1
Garrison Artillery	Colonel and Lieut.-Colonel	2
	Major	1
Infantry	Field Officers, Officers of junior rank acting as Field Officers during absence of the Field Officers, under circumstances which involve a forfeiture of Horse allowance, Quartermasters when marching	1

Adjutants of Royal Artillery and of Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry draw the allowance for one horse in the established Staff Allowance of their appointments. When the Adjutancy of a Horse or Field Battery is held temporarily by a Subaltern Officer, the allowance for one additional horse is passed.

Commands of the Royal Artillery Districts in India.

	RS.	A.	P.
Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding R. A.	400	0	0
Officers below the rank of Lieut.-Colonel Commanding R.A.	200	0	0
Staff Captains	250	0	0
Adjutants, R. A., Secunderabad and Rangoon, each	200	0	0
Acting Adjutant, Bangalore	150	0	0
Do. do. St. Thomas Mount.	100	0	0

REGIMENTAL COMMAND AND STAFF ALLOWANCES.

	RS.
Officers in actual command of a Regiment of Cavalry and Infantry	400
Do. do. Company of Infantry	30
Do. do. do. do.	20
Do. do. (repair of arms, &c).	50
Do. do. of a Squadron of Cavalry	40
Do. do. do. do.	40
Do. do. (repair of arms, &c).	40

ADJUTANT.

Arms of Service.	Staff.	Horse.	Office.	Total.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Cavalry	92 7 0	80 0 0	90 0 0	212 7 0
Infantry	122 0 0	80 0 0	105 0 0	257 0 0

QUARTERMASTER.

	RS.	A.	P.
Cavalry and Infantry	85	0	0
Interpreter of Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry, including stationery.	10	0	0
Mess Allowance for a Regiment	150	0	0
Do. for a Battery of Artillery.	40	0	0
Do. when three or more troops or companies are detached from	200	0	0
Regimental Head-Quarters.			
Each Gymnasium and Cavalry Regiment in which fencing is taught for repairing foils, &c., yearly.	20	0	0
Band allowance, Cavalry and Infantry	75	0	0

ARMY EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT.

	RS.
Director of Military Education in India	800
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General for British Army Schools.	400
Do. for instruction	400
Assistant to the Director of Military Education in India	300
Inspers. of Army Schools	325
On appointment	800
After 5 years' Command service	325
" 10 "	440
" 15 "	460
" 20 "	480

* For R. H. A. 3 horses.

† In command of Royal Artillery at stations. With an army in the field three chargers. Majors of Horse Artillery allowed 3 chargers only.

‡ Includes Rs. 30 for Office rent, which is not admissible when public quarters are provided.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

The consolidated monthly rates of pay will be —		RS.
Senior Asst. Surgeon	(With the honorary rank of Captain) ...	400
Do. do. Lieutenant	...	300
Asst. Surgeon	1st Class. ...	200
2nd " "	...	150
3rd " "	...	110
4th " "	...	85

One-fourth of the above salaries to be forfeited during absence, whether on general leave or medical certificate.

When on regimental or corresponding duty all subordinates will be supplied with free quarters, or compensation in lieu, with an increase at the Presidency Town of 50 per cent., when marching with Camp Equipage.

In addition to the ordinary rates of pay, a field allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem will be granted to all the Medical Warrant grades when marching or in the field.

A similar amount will be granted, as a staff or employed allowance, to those grades when senior with or in subordinate medical charge of a Hospital Dispensary, Rest Camp or Depot, Medical Store Depot, Survey Party or any other establishment having a separate dispensary, as well as to those attached to Army Head-Quarters, and to the Superintendent of the "Military Pupil" Class. The staff allowance for Warrant Medical Officers in subordinate charge of a station hospital of British Troops will be —

Per mensem.

	RS.
100 beds and under	30
101 to 150 beds	45
Over 150 to 250 beds	60

During illness or leave not exceeding 30 days the staff allowance will not be forfeited. The monthly pay of this branch will also be consolidated, and on the following scale:—

	Pay of rank.	Extra pay for English qualification.
Senior Hospital Assistant, 1st Class, carrying the relative rank of Subadar.	70	30
Senior Hospital Assistant, 2nd Class, carrying the relative rank of Jemadar.	55	25
NATIVE WARRANT OFFICERS.		
Hospital Assistant { 1st Grade ...	40	20
2nd " "	30	10
3rd " "	20	5

The foregoing allowance to medical pupils includes ration money.

Hospital Assistants will draw as field batta,—those of the rank of Senior Hospital Assistant, Rs. 15; Hospital Assistants, 1st Class, Rs. 10; and the rest, Rs. 5 per mensem, when marching or in the field. When on general or sick leave, they will forfeit one-fourth of their salaries.

Members of the Hospital Assistant Class employed at Port Blair, in British Burmah or at Aden, will receive field batta and free rations (or compensation in lieu of rations). Present incumbents will, however, receive their present allowances of 50 per cent. additional pay until relieved.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS WITH HONORARY RANK AND WARRANT OFFICERS' PAY AND ALLOWANCES AND STAFF PAY.

All Commissioned Officers with honorary rank or Warrant Officers receive a monthly net "warrant pay" according to rank which, with a monthly sum as "warrant allowances" intended as a full equivalent for batta, tentage and house-rent, together constitute the monthly "warrant pay and allowances."

When in effective employ in the Ordnance, Supply and Transport or any Department where no other special Departmental Staff or consolidated salary is allowed, they will receive in addition to the warrant pay and allowance a warrant Staff pay according to grade.

When a Commissioned Officer with honorary rank or a Warrant Officer is out of employ owing to no fault or seeking on his part, or if he resigns his appointment with the full approval of Government, he, whilst so unemployed, is entitled to the pay and allowances of his grade.

When put out of employ for misconduct or incapacity, or if he resigns his appointment without, in the opinion of Government, sufficient grounds for so doing, he is only entitled to his net "warrant pay." In particular cases, however, he may be allowed,

as a maximum, the invalid scale of pay of his rank, but only with the special sanction of Government.

The following are the monthly rates of pay and allowances for the several grades:—

GRADES.	Net or Warrant Pay.	Indian Warrant Allowances.	Total Warrant Pay and Allowances.	Staff Pay.	Total receipts when in effective employ.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Deputy Commissary ...	120	180	300	200	500
Assistant Commissary ...	75	150	225	150	375
Depy. Asst. Commissary ...	60	120	180	120	300
Conductor ...	50	50	100	60	160
Sub-Conductor ...	40	40	80	45	125

Extra Staff Allowance in the Ordnance Department.

Overseer ...	...	...	...	...	...	RS. 60
Assistant Overseer ...	...	...	...	...	...	39

For broken periods the daily pay and allowances is calculated at one-thirtieth of the monthly pay.

Warrant Officers in receipt of the effective Staff pay are when on leave subject to reduction on the same principle as that applied to Commissioned Officers.

No. 514.—COMMISSIONED OFFICERS WITH HONORARY RANK AND WARRANT OFFICERS.

The following scale of pensions for Commissioned Officers with Honorary rank and Warrant Officers of His Majesty's Indian Army, has effect from the 1st September 1881:—

2. The distinction between the invalid pension, which can be drawn only in India, and the retiring pension, is abolished.

3. The periods of service entitling Warrant Officers to retiring pensions are as follows:—

24 years' total service in Europe and India, including 16 years in the Department.	do.	do.	14	do.	do.
26 do.	do.	do.	12	do.	do.
28 do.	do.	do.	12	do.	do.

4. The retiring pensions will be—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum.	India. Per mensem.
	£	RS.
Deputy Commissary ...	216	200
Assistant Commissary ...	144	140
Deputy Assistant Commissary ...	108	100
Conductor ...	90	85
Sub-Conductor ...	72	70

5. A Commissioned Officer with honorary rank, or Warrant Officer of any grade, wishing to retire after 21 years' total service, will receive a pension of £54 per annum in England or the Colonies, or 50 per mensem in India.

6. A Commissioned Officer with honorary rank, or Warrant Officer declared by a Medical Board to be unfit for further service in India, after completion of half the periods of service, Army and Departmental, laid down in paragraph 3, will receive—

	£	RS.
Deputy Commissary ...	172	160
Assistant Commissary ...	115	110
Deputy Assistant Commissary ...	86	80
Conductor ...	72	68
Sub-Conductor ...	58	56

If he has served less than half the prescribed periods, but more than 14 years altogether he will receive—

	£	RS.
Deputy Commissary ...	115	110
Assistant Commissary ...	86	80
Deputy Assistant Commissary ...	72	68
Conductor ...	58	56
Sub-Conductor ...	43	40

If he has not served 14 years altogether, his case will be specially considered.

7. A Commissioned Officer with honorary rank or Warrant Officer, whose disqualification for further service in India has been caused by intemperance or irregular habits

will, if he has served half the periods of service, Army and Departmental, laid down in paragraph 3, receive—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum.	India. per mensem.
	£	RS.
Deputy Commissary ...	180	120
Assistant Commissary ...	86	85
Deputy Assistant Commissary ...	65	60
Conductor ...	54	50
Sub-Conductor ...	43	42

If he has served less than half the prescribed periods, but more than 14 years altogether, he will receive—

	£	RS.
Deputy Commissary ...	86	85
Assistant Commissary ...	65	60
Deputy Assistant Commissary ...	54	50
Conductor ...	43	42
Sub-Conductor ...	32	30

If he has not served 14 years altogether, his case will be specially considered.

8. Retirement will be compulsory at the age of 55 years.

9. Pensions, according to the present scale and conditions, is admissible to the widow of a Commissioned Officer with honorary rank, Senior Assistant Surgeon, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, and Departmental Warrant Officers who may die, either while in the service or on the Pension establishment, provided, in the latter case, that she married the deceased officer previous to his retiring from the army or being invalided.

CHANGES IN THE ADMINISTRATION AND ORGANIZATION OF THE ARMY OF INDIA.

Simla, the 26th October 1894.

JUDICIAL.

No. 980.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Madras and Bombay Armies Act 1893 (56 and 57 Vict., c. 62), the Governor-General of India in Council is pleased to fix the 1st day of April 1895 as the date on which the said Act shall come into operation.

ORGANIZATION.

No. 981.—In pursuance of the Madras and Bombay Armies Act, 1893 (56 and 57 Vict., c. 62), under which the military control hitherto exercised by the Governors in Council of the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay will cease, the Governor-General in Council hereby announces the changes in the administration and organization of the Army of India, which will be carried out with effect from the 1st April 1895.

2. The Bengal Army will, for purposes of administration, be organized in two portions—the Bengal Command and the Punjab Command.

3. The Army of India will consist of the following Commands:

Punjab.	Madras.
Bengal.	Bombay.

These Commands will be under Lieutenant-Generals who will be styled the Lieutenant-Generals Commanding the Forces, Punjab, Bengal, Madras and Bombay, respectively, and will all be under the direct command of the Commander-in-Chief in India and the control of the Government of India.

4. Each Lieutenant-General Commanding will be invested with the powers detailed in Special India Army Circular, of this date, and will be assisted by the Army and Departmental Staff specified in paragraph 9. The business now transacted by the Military Departments of the Governments of Madras and Bombay will be transacted by the Military Department of the Government of India, whenever, under the regulations in Special India Army Circular of this date, it cannot be disposed of by the Lieutenant-General Commanding, or by the Commander-in-Chief in India.

COMMANDS.

5. In accordance with these arrangements, the district commands as now sanctioned with existing staffs will be distributed as follows:

PUNJAB COMMAND.		BENGAL COMMAND.	
Head-Quarters.*		Head-Quarters.*	
1st class Districts—	2nd class Districts—	1st class Districts—	2nd class Districts—
Lahore.	Peshawar.	Meerut.	Allahabad.
Punjab Frontier Force.	Sirhind.	Oudh.	Assam.
Rawal Pindi.			Bundelkhand.
			Narbudda.
			Presidency.
			Rohilkhand.

* Will be notified hereafter.

MADRAS COMMAND.		BOMBAY COMMAND.	
Head-Quarters, Ootacamund.		Head-Quarters, Poona.	
1st class Districts—	2nd class Districts—	1st class Districts—	2nd class Districts—
Burma.	Bangalore.	Mhow.	Aden.
Secunderabad.	Belgaum.	Poona.	Bombay.
	Madras.	Quetta.	Deesa.
	Mandalay.		Nagpore.
	Rangoon.		Sindh.
	Southern.		

TROOPS.

6. The composition of the several forces will be as follows:—

BRITISH TROOPS.

The regiments, batteries, battalions, and companies stationed within the Command.

NATIVE TROOPS

Punjab Command.

Cavalry.—Fifteen Regiments, viz., the 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th Bengal Cavalry; the four Regiments of the Punjab Frontier Force, and the Cavalry of the Corps of Guides.

Artillery.—Five Batteries of the Punjab Frontier Force.

Infantry.—Thirty-seven Regiments (40 Battalions), viz., the 14th, 15th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 40th and 45th Bengal Infantry; the nine Infantry Regiments of the Punjab Frontier Force, the Guides Infantry, and the 1st, 4th and 5th Regiments of Gurkhas.

Bengal Command.

Cavalry.—Nine Regiments, viz., the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 14th Regiments of Bengal Cavalry.

Artillery.—Two Bengal Mountain Batteries.

Sappers.—Corps of Bengal Sappers and Miners.

Infantry.—Twenty-two Regiments (24 Battalions), viz., the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 39th, 42nd, 43rd and 44th Bengal Infantry, and the 2nd and 3rd Gurkhas.

Madras Command.

Cavalry.—Three Regiments.

Sappers.—Corps of Queen's Own Sappers and Miners and Company of Burma Sappers.

Infantry.—Thirty-two Regiments.

Bombay Command.

Cavalry.—Seven Regiments.

Artillery.—Two Mountain Batteries.

Sappers.—Corps of Bombay Sappers and Miners.

Infantry.—Twenty-six Regiments.

LOCAL CORPS.

7. No change is made in the position of the Hyderabad Contingent or other corps under the Government of India.

8. Military (and Marine) Department, Government of India—

Secretary to the Government of India.
Two Deputy Secretaries to the Government of India.

Three Assistant Secretaries to the Government of India.

Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Military Works.

Accountant-General (*ex-officio* Deputy Secretary, Finance Branch).

Deputy Accountant-General (*ex-officio* Assistant Secretary, Finance Branch).

Assistant Accountant-General (*ex-officio* Assistant Secretary, Finance Branch).

Director-General of Ordnance.
Deputy Director-General of Ordnance.

Director-General of Military Works.
Deputy Director-General of Military Works.

Director-General of Supply and Transport.
Deputy Director-General for Transport.
Superintendents, Army Clothing Department.

Director of the Army Remount Department.

COMMANDS AND STAFFS OF THE ARMY IN INDIA.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Personal Staff.

Military Secretary.
Persian Interpreter

Three Aides-de-Camp.

GENERAL AND DEPARTMENTAL STAFF AT THE HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE ARMY IN INDIA*

Adjutant-General in India.
Deputy Adjutant-General in India.
Assistant Adjutant-General.
Assistant Adjutant-General—additional (temporary).
Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.
Assistant Adjutant-General (or Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General) for Royal Engineers.
Inspector-General of Cavalry in India.
Inspector-General of Artillery in India.
Assistant Adjutant-General, Royal Artillery.
Brigade-Major to Inspector-General of Artillery in India.

Quartermaster-General in India.
Deputy Quartermaster-General in India.

Assistant Quartermaster-General—additional (temporary).
Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General.
Assistant Quartermaster-General (Intelligence).
4 Deputy Assistant Quartermasters-General (Intelligence).
4 Staff Captains or Staff Lieutenants (Intelligence).

Director of Military Education in India.
Judge Advocate-General in India.
Assistant Judge Advocate-General.
Principal Medical Officer, Her Majesty's Forces in India.
Secretary to the Principal Medical Officer, Her Majesty's Forces in India.
*Principal Veterinary Officer in India.

9. COMMAND AND STAFF OF THE FORCES OF THE PUNJAB.

Lieut.-General Commanding the Forces.

Personal Staff.

Assistant Military Secretary and Aide-de-Camp.
Aide-de-Camp.
Native Aide-de-Camp.

Staff.

Deputy Adjutant-General.
Assistant Adjutant-General.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry.
Colonel on the Staff, Royal Artillery.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Royal Artillery.

Assistant Quartermaster-General.
Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General.
Deputy Judge Advocate-General.
Inspector of Gymnasia.†
Inspector of Army Signalling.†
Superintendent, British Army Schools.†
Principal Medical Officer.
Personal Assistant to the Principal Medical Officer.
Inspecting Veterinary Officer.

Departmental Staff.

Inspector-General of Ordnance, Simla.
Chief or Superintending Engineer, Military Works Department.
Inspector-General of Supply and Transport.

COMMAND AND STAFF OF THE FORCES OF BENGAL.

Lieut.-General Commanding the Forces.

Personal Staff.

Assistant Military Secretary and Aide-de-Camp.
Aide-de-Camp.
Native Aide-de-Camp.

Staff.

Deputy Adjutant-General.
Assistant Adjutant-General.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry.
Colonel on the Staff, Royal Artillery.

Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Royal Artillery.
Assistant Quartermaster-General.
Deputy Judge Advocate-General.
Principal Medical Officer.
Personal Assistant to the Principal Medical Officer.
Inspecting Veterinary Officer (Principal Veterinary Officer in India).

Departmental Staff.

Chief or Superintending Engineer, Military Works Department.
Inspector-General of Supply and Transport.

COMMAND AND STAFF OF THE FORCES OF MADRAS.

Lieut.-General Commanding the Forces.

Personal Staff.

Assistant Military Secretary and Aide-de-Camp.
Aide-de-Camp.
Native Aide-de-Camp.

Staff.

Deputy Adjutant-General.
Assistant Adjutant-General.

Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry.
Colonel on the Staff, Royal Artillery.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Royal Artillery.
Assistant Quartermaster-General.
Deputy Judge Advocate-General.
Inspector of Gymnasia.†
Inspector of Army Signalling.†
Superintendent, British Army Schools.†

* The Principal Veterinary Officer in India will also be Inspecting Veterinary Officer of the Bengal Command.

† For the Punjab and Bengal Commands.
For the Madras and Bombay Commands.

COMMAND AND STAFF OF THE FORCES OF MADRAS.—*contd.*Staff—*contd.*

Principal Medical Officer.
Personal Assistant to the Principal Medical Officer.
Inspecting Veterinary Officer.

COMMAND AND STAFF OF THE FORCES OF BOMBAY.

Lieut.-General Commanding the Forces.

Personal Staff.

Assistant Military Secretary and Aide-de-Camp.
Aide-de-Camp.
Native Aide-de-Camp.

Staff.

Deputy Adjutant-General.
Assistant Adjutant-General.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General for Musketry.

Departmental Staff.

Chief or Superintending Engineer, Military Works Department.
Inspector-General of Supply and Transport.

Colonel on the Staff, Royal Artillery.
Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Royal Artillery.
Assistant Quartermaster-General.
Deputy Judge Advocate-General.
Principal Medical Officer.
Personal Assistant to the Principal Medical Officer.
Inspecting Veterinary Officer.

Departmental Staff.

Inspector-General of Ordnance.
Chief or Superintending Engineer, Military Works Department.
Inspector-General of Supply and Transport.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS, ETC.

10. The appointments to 1st class district commands of officers of the British service will be made under existing rules, these officers being appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India.

11. Appointments to 1st class district commands of officers of the Indian service, to all 2nd class district commands, and appointments of Colonels on the Staff, will be made under existing rules by the Governor-General in Council on the nomination of the Commander-in-Chief in India.

12. The Adjutant-General in India and Quartermaster-General in India will be nominated by the Commander-in-Chief in India; these nominations will be forwarded, with the approval of the Governor-General in Council, to the Secretary of State for India for confirmation, and for the concurrence in the case of an officer of the British service, of the Commander-in-Chief. Officers of all four Commands will be eligible for appointment to the Staff at the Head-Quarters of the Army in India.

13. Staff appointments which are not reserved for any particular branch of the service will, as far as possible, be equally divided between the British and Indian services, and an officer serving in one Command may be appointed to the Staff in any other. All appointments that may carry the rank of substantive Colonel will be made by the Governor-General in Council on the recommendation of the Commander-in-Chief in India, and, in the case of officers of the British service, with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief. Other appointments to the General Staff will, as a rule, be made by the Commander-in-Chief in India on the nomination of Lieutenant-Generals Commanding, subject to the approval of the Government of India. Station and other minor Staff appointments will be made by the Commander-in-Chief in India on the nomination of Lieutenant-Generals Commanding. All regimental promotions of British Officers in Native Corps will be made by the Commander-in-Chief in India on the recommendation of the Lieutenant-General to whose Command the corps permanently belongs.

14. First appointments of British officers to Native regiments will be made by the Commander-in-Chief in India. The first appointment or promotion of a Native commissioned officer will be made on the nomination of the Lieutenant-General, and be subject to the approval of the Commander-in-Chief in India and the Government of India, and will be published in the General Orders of the Government of India.

15. All appointments in the—
Medical Department of the Army,
Judge Advocate-General's Department,
Veterinary Department,
Ordnance Department,
Commanding Royal Engineer Department,
Military Accounts Department,
Supply and Transport Department,
Clothing Department,
Remount Department,

will be made under existing rules, except where otherwise specified. Departmental promotions will be notified in the *Gazette of India* or *London Gazette* in accordance with existing practice.

16. The Principal Medical Officer, His Majesty's Forces in India, and the Principal Medical Officers of the several Commands and districts, if of the Army Medical Staff, as well as the Principal Veterinary Officer in India and Inspecting Veterinary Officers, will be appointed as at present by the Commander-in-Chief with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India; officers belonging to the Indian Medical Service will be appointed by the Government of India.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

17. Furlough or leave, other than privilege leave, will be granted to Lieutenant-Generals, General Officers Commanding Districts, Deputy Adjutants-General of Commands, and officers at the Head-Quarters of the Army in India, by the Commander-in-Chief. In the case of Lieutenant-Generals the approval of the Government of India is necessary. Furlough or leave to other officers will be sanctioned within the regulations by the Lieutenant-General Commanding the Forces with which the applicant is serving. The grant of furlough or leave will be notified in the General Orders of the Government of India, the General Orders of the Commander-in-Chief, or in the orders of the Command, as the case may be. Departmental officers, other than officers of the Military Accounts and Army Remount Departments, will submit their applications through the local head of the Department to the Lieutenant-General, who will grant the leave with the previous concurrence of the head of the department with the Government of India. When the furlough or leave is not provided for by regulations, the application will be referred for the orders of the Commander-in-Chief or Government of India as the case requires. In urgent cases, the grant may be made in anticipation of sanction. Details of procedure for the grant of furlough and leave will be found in Appendix I of the General Orders of the Commander-in-Chief in India of this date.

PENSIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

18. Pensions and retirements of commissioned officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Army who may retire in India, will be granted by the Government of India.

DISPOSAL OF BUSINESS NOW PERFORMED BY THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF MADRAS AND BOMBAY.

19. Questions which have hitherto been referred by the Commanders-in-Chief of the Madras and Bombay Armies to the Military Departments of the Governments of those Presidencies will, in future, be decided locally or referred, where necessary, through the Commander-in-Chief in India, to the Government of India. Business relating to estates of deceased Commissioned and Warrant Officers, hitherto transacted by the Military Secretaries to the Governments of Madras and Bombay, will in future be conducted by the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department.

RELATIONS OF THE STAFF AT THE HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE ARMY IN INDIA TO LIEUTENANT-GENERALS AND ADMINISTRATIVE DEPARTMENTS UNDER THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

20. The Adjutant-General in India will issue to the Army in India all orders of the Commander-in-Chief relating to the *personnel*, duties, training, discipline, equipment, and general efficiency of the troops. The Quartermaster-General in India will continue to issue circulars and executive orders on matters customarily dealt with in his department. All decisions and instructions of the Government of India and of the Commander-in-Chief will be communicated to Lieutenant-Generals Commanding by the chief officer of the department concerned.

21. In all Departmental matters affecting a Department exclusively, which may necessitate reference to the Commander-in-Chief, the Department concerned will submit the matter to the Commander-in-Chief personally, or by minute paper or office note, and he will communicate the instructions received to the Head of the Department with the Command concerned, who will, under the orders of the Lieutenant-General, give effect to the same. Papers on which the Commander-in-Chief may have passed decisions will be communicated to the Adjutant-General, Quartermaster-General, or Principal Medical Officer to be noted. All questions involving Military as apart from Departmental matters, should be discussed with the Adjutant-General, Quartermaster-General, or Principal Medical Officer, as the case may be, in order that military considerations or those affecting general military policy may be fully weighed before submission to the Commander-in-Chief.

22. When the Commander-in-Chief is on tour, heads of Departments will forward all papers for submission to His Excellency to the Adjutant-General, or the Quartermaster-General in India, according to the nature of the business, who will communicate the Commander-in-Chief's orders thereon to the Head of the Department concerned.

23. There will be a Controller of Military Accounts with each Command, who will be the financial adviser of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, as well as of the Government of India in the Military Department. The Controller will not be under the orders

of the Lieutenant-General as regards his departmental duties, but only in matters of military discipline.

24. All matters of primary importance, or which affect the Army at large or more than one Command, changes in regulations, in organization, or those in which a principle is involved, will be submitted by Lieutenant-Generals to the Commander-in-Chief in India. Other matters (which will be defined in the subsidiary orders of the Commander-in-Chief) of particular application or of purely local concern, but which may require to be submitted to the Government of India, will be dealt with by Lieutenant-Generals in direct communication with the Government of India.

The procedure here indicated will be adopted in Madras and Bombay as regards original references, which do not concern individual officers, from the 1st March 1895.

25. The Deputy Adjutant-General will be the channel through which all orders of the Lieutenant-General will be issued to the forces under his command. Departmental questions affecting troops in the Command should be discussed with the Deputy Adjutant-General before submission to the Lieutenant-General Commanding. On all purely Departmental matters on which local Heads of Departments have taken their orders direct from the Lieutenant-General, they will issue them to their Departments. On questions relating to the troops and departments generally, orders will be issued through the Deputy Adjutant-General.

26. All Departmental matters of purely local concern affecting the troops in the Command, that the Lieutenant-General Commanding cannot himself dispose of, will, subject to the reservations in paragraph 24 above, be dealt with by the local head of the department, under the orders of the Lieutenant-General, in direct communication with the Head of the Department with the Government of India, who will, if necessary, refer the question to the Government of India.

27. The Heads of Departments with the Lieutenant-General Commanding will, under regulations detailed in Special India Army Circular of this date, communicate with the Heads of their Departments with the Government of India, or with the Commander-in-Chief in India, as the case may require.

Officers in charge of Departments of military administration with each Command, except Controllers of Military Accounts, will act in regard to their executive duties in subordination to the Lieutenant-General Commanding.

28. Subsidiary instructions relating to the changes introduced by the reorganization of the Army herein announced, are detailed in the Special India Army Circular and the General Orders of the Commander-in-Chief in India of this date.

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MEDICAL DISTRICTS AT THE PRESIDENCY.

NOTIFICATION.—Public Dept., dated 4th June 1897.—Consequent upon recent changes in the Medical Department, and the abolition of the appointment of Garrison Surgeon at the Presidency, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be the limits of the several Medical Districts at the Presidency; and that the dependent duties of the District Surgeons shall henceforward be as herein detailed:—

1ST DISTRICT.

Lieut.-Colonel F. C. REEVES, I.M.S.

Limits.

All places lying north of the General Hospital, and of the Northern Esplanade, and situated within Municipal limits, are included in this District.

Dependent duties on District Surgeons.

Superintendent to the Native Infirmary, Black Town Dispensary and Rajah Sri Ramasami Mudaliar's Lying-in Hospital, also Medical Inspector of Emigrants, Madras.

2ND DISTRICT.

Major R. ROBERTSON, M.B., I.M.S.

All places within Municipal limits, lying north of the Poonamallee Road, and west of Cochrane's Canal are included in this District.

First Physician, Government General Hospital, Superintendent, Government Voluntary Venereal Hospital, and Professor of Medicine, Medical College, Madras.

3RD DISTRICT.

Major F. J. CRAWFORD, M.D., I.M.S.—On other duty.

Major C. DONOVAN, M.D., I.M.S.—Sub. *pro tem*.

All places within Municipal limits and lying between the Poonamallee and Mount Roads are included in this District.

Second Physician, Government General Hospital, Professor of Physiology, Medical College, and Medical Officer, Civil Orphan Asylum, Madras.

4TH DISTRICT.

Lieut.-Colonel W. B. BROWNING, M.D., I.M.S., c.i.e.

All places within Municipal limits, south of the Mount Road and the houses south of the Adyar, on the understanding that the duty of affording Medical attendance to Public Officers residing at the Club, the Club Chambers and Patter's Gardens shall be performed by the Surgeon, 4th District, during the absence of H. E. the Governor's Surgeon.

Surgeon to Royapettah Hospital and the Club, Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Medical College, Madras; Official Visitor, St. Thom's Dispensary and Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital.

Lieut.-Colonel H. ALLISON, M.D., I.M.S.—On leave.

Major D. SIMPSON, M.D. I.M.S.—Acting.

Madras ...

Second Surgeon, Government General Hospital, Madras, and Port and Marine Surgeon and Health Officer for the Port of Madras. Also Medical Inspector of Seamen and Professor of Anatomy, Medical College, Madras.

LUNATIC ASYLUM, KILPAUK.

Captain R. BRYSON, I.M.S., Superintendent.—On other duty.

Captain C. B. HARRISON, M.B., I.M.S.—Acting.

MEDICAL SERVICES.

Rank and Names.	Date of present Rank.	Date of completion of Indian tour.	Remarks.
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ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS.

COLONEL.

Anthonsiz, A. H., M.B. ... 15 Nov. 1899 21 Dec. 1904 P. M. O., Secunderabad and Belgaum Districts.

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Lieutenant-Colonels under Article 365 of the Royal Warrant.

[The first date (up to 23rd June 1898), after each Officer's name shows that of his promotion to late rank of Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel].

V.C. Lloyd, O. E. P.	... { 25 Sept. 01 } 2 June 03	Staff Officer, Army Bearer Corps, Madras Division.
Forman, R. H., M.B.	... { 4 Aug. 98 } 6 Dec. 03	Commanding Station Hospital, Bangalore.
	... { 23 May 02 } 6 Mar. 00	

Rank and Names.	Date of present Rank.	Date of completion of Indian tour.	Remarks.
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LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Townsend, S.	... 5 Feb. 1901	8 Nov. 1904	Commanding Station Hospital, Wellington.
Yourdi, J. R., M.B.	... 30 July 01	6 Sept. 03	Commanding Station Hospital, Belgaum.
Trevor, H. O.	... 4 Feb. 02	18 Sept. 04	Burma District.

MAJORS.

Shine, J. M. F., M.D.	... 30 May 1897	25 Oct. 1901	Bellary.
Daly, T.	... 1 Aug. 97	16 Dec. 04	Secunderabad.
Cree, H. E.	... 1 Aug. 97	9 Nov. 03	Bangalore.
Melville, C. H., M.B.	... 30 Jan. 98	17 Dec. 00	Sanitary Officer, Madras Command.
Lavie, T. G.	... 30 Jan. 98	20 Nov. 08	Bangalore.
Davidson, J. S., M.B.	... 28 July 98	14 Mar. 04	Burma District.
Marder, E. S.	... 28 July 98	10 Jan. 04	Burma District.
Raymond G.	... 5 Feb. 99	1 Sept. 08	Belgaum.
Stiell, D., M.D.	... 5 Feb. 99	11 Mar. 03	Burma District.
Bullen, J. W., M.D.	... 5 Feb. 99	9 Nov. 03	Commanding Station Hospital, Cannanore.
Thomson, J., M.B.	... 27 July 99	10 Jan. 04	Commanding Station Hospital, St. Thomas' Mount.
Davoren, V. H. W.	... 27 July 99	6 Sep. 03	Secunderabad District.
Healey, C. W. R.	... 29 Nov. 00	28 Oct. 04	Burma District.
Faichnie, N., M.B.	... 28 July 03	28 Nov. 04	Burma District.

CAPTAINS.

Morphew, E. M.	... 30 Jan. 1895	8 Nov. 04	Bellary.
Ward, W. A.	... 29 Jan. 99	21 Oct. 02	Bangalore.
Martin, H. G.	... 28 Jan. 01	23 Sep. 04	Belgaum.
Gwynn, W. P.	... 28 Jan. 1898	2 Feb. 04	Field Service, Somaliland.
Selby, R. M. B.	... 27 July 1901	7 Apr. 04	Bangalore.
Hall, S. O.	... 27 July 01	27 Dec. 03	Field Service, Somaliland.
Throp, A. E.	... 27 July 01	8 Feb. 04	Burma District.
Cowan, J., M.B.	... 27 July 01	14 Mar. 02	Belgaum.
Wroughton, A. O. B.	... 28 Jan. 02	12 Oct. 03	Burma District.
Butler, S. G.	... 28 July 02	3 Nov. 04	Personal Asst. to P. M. O., Madras Command.
Prescott, J. J. W., D.S.O.	... 28 July 02	23 Oct. 04	Wellington.
Falkner, P. H.	... 28 July 02	1 Dec. 04	Wellington.
Anderson, H. B.	... 28 July 02	4 Nov. 04	Burma District.
Morton, H. M., M.B.	... 17 Nov. 02	1 Dec. 04	Madras District.
Babington, M. A.	... 17 Nov. 02	29 Nov. 04	Bellary.
Knox, E. B., M.D.	... 17 Nov. 02	11 Mar. 03	Bellary.
McDonnell, E., M.B.	... 4 Dec. 02	19 May 05	Burma District.
Croly, W. C.	... 4 Dec. 02	8 Sept. 08	Secunderabad.
Baker, W. L.	... 25 Apr. 03	14 June 05	Burma District.
Dinnis, R. F., M.B.	... 25 Apr. 03	14 June 05	Secunderabad.
Lauder, F. P.	... 30 May 03	27 Feb. 06	Calicut.
Adderley A. C.	... 30 May 03	27 Feb. 06	Secunderabad.
Greenwood, A. R.	... 21 June 03	3 April 06	On Field Service Berbera.
Crosthwait, W. S.	... 21 June 03	15 Dec. 07	Bangalore.

LIEUTENANTS.

Hunt, R. N., M.B.	... 29 Nov. 00	8 Oct. 06	Secunderabad.
Wells, A. J. W.	... 29 Jan. 01	14 Jan. 08	Madras District (Poonamallee.)
Cowey, R. V.	... 29 Jan. 1901	22 Oct. 1906	Bangalore.
O'Donoghue, D. J. F.	... 29 June 01	24 Feb. 07	Burma District.

Rank and Names.	Date of present Rank.	Date of completion of Indian tour.	Remarks.
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LIEUTENANTS—concluded.

Cotterill, L.	... 5 Dec. 01	5 Mar. 08	Field Service, Somaliland.
Bagshawe, H. V.	... 1 Sept. 02	20 Sept. 08	Burma District.
Browne, W. W.	... 1 Sept. 02	13 Oct. 08	Bangalore.
Harding N. E. T.	... 1 Sept. 02	20 Sept. 08	Burma District.

Principal Medical Officer, Madras Command.

Hay, Surgeon-Genl. G. W. R., M.D., I.M.S.—Appointed, 26th May 1900.

Personal Assistant to the Principal Medical Officer, Madras Command.

Butler, Capt. S. G., R. A. M. C.

Principal Medical Officers of Districts.

Anthonsiz, Col. A. H., M.B., R.A.M.C.	... P. M. O., Secunderabad and Belgaum Districts.
Dobson, Col. A. F., M.B., I.M.S.	... P. M. O., Bangalore and Southern Districts.
Browne, Col. W. R., M.D., I.M.S.	... P. M. O., Madras District.
Wilkins, Col. T. J. H., I.M.S.	... P. M. O., Burma District.

Staff Surgeon, Secunderabad.

Thompson, Lieut.-Col. C. M., M.B., I.M.S.

Staff Surgeon, Bangalore.

Dredge, Capt. J. A., I.M.S.

Fort Surgeon.

Morton, Capt. H. M., R.A.M.C.—Fort St. George.

Standing Medical Committee.

The MILITARY STANDING MEDICAL COMMITTEE at the PRESIDENCY is under the control of the Principal Medical Officer, Madras District, and meets for the purpose of examining Military Officers and Subordinates applying for leave on Medical Certificate, for compensation for Wounds, final Examination for Wound Pension, &c.

Ex-Officio President of the Committee.

MEMBERS.—All Executive Medical Officers in Military employ at the Presidency.

The Committee meet at the Board Room in the Office of the Principal Medical Officer, Madras District.

Indian Medical Service.

SINCLAIR, Major-Genl. D., M.B., C.S.I., F.R.S., I.M.S.—Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras.

Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General.

Donovan, Captain C., M.D., I.M.S.—On other duty.

Fayrer, Captain F.D.S., I.M.S.—Sub *pro tem*.

Medical Storekeeper to Government, Madras Command.

Carruthers, Lt.-Col. H. St. Clare, I.M.S.

Sanitary Commissioner, Madras.

King, Lieut.-Colonel W. G., M.B., C.I.E., I.M.S.

Staff at the Presidency.

Rank and Names.	Date of Appt.	Remarks.
Browne, Col. W. R., M.D.	7 Apr. 96	P. M. O., Madras District.
Allison, Lt.-Col. H., M.D.	13 Aug. 86	Second Surgeon, Government General Hospital, with Port and Marine duties &c., Madras.— <i>Eur.</i> , M.C.
King, Lt.-Col. W. G., M.B., C.I.E.	30 Aug. 93	Sanitary Commissioner, Madras.
Sturmer, Lt.-Col. A. J.	17 July 98	Superintendent, Government Maternity Hospital, Madras.
Maitland, Lt.-Col. J., M.D.	16 Aug. 95	Senior Medical Officer General Hospital, and Primel, Medical Collector Madras.
Pope, Lt.-Col. T. H., M.D.	9 May 92	Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Madras.
Reeves, Lieut.-Col. F. C.		Surgeon, First District.
Browning, Lt.-Col. W. B., M.B., C.I.E.	26 May 92	Surgeon, Fourth District.
VanGeyzel, Lieut.-Col. J. L., M.B.	20 Sept. 87	Chemical Examiner, Madras.— <i>On leave.</i>
Robertson, Maj. R., M.B., C.M.	12 Mar. 95	Surgeon, Second District.
Molesworth, Capt. W., M.D.		Surgeon to H. E. the Governor.— <i>Leave</i> , M.C.
Fearnside, Major C. F., M.B.		Superintendent of Prisons, Madras.
Giffard, Major G. G.		First Surg-General Hospital— <i>On other duty.</i>
Donovan, Capt. C., M.D.	5 July 98	Personal Asst. to the Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras.— <i>Ag. Surgeon</i> , Third District.
Niblock, Captain W. J., M.B.		Third Surgeon, General Hospital— <i>On other duty.</i>
Symons, Capt. T. H.		Fourth Physician, Government General Hospital, Madras.
Cornwall, Capt. J. W., M.D.		Acting Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Madras.
Miller, Capt. A., M.B.		Acting Chemical Examiner.
Kirkpatrick, Capt. H., M.B.		Third Physician, General Hospital.
Fayrer, Capt. F. D. S.		Acting Personal Asst. to Surgeon-General.
Ross, Capt. T. S.		Acting Health Officer, Madras Municipality.
Elwes, Capt. F. F., M.D.		Acting Resident Medical Officer.

Indian Medical Service.

First Comm.	Names.	Date of Rank.	Furlor Regls.	Remarks.
SURGEON-GENERALS RANKING AS MAJOR-GENERAL.				
1869	V. H. S. Sinclair, David, M.B., C.M., A.B.D., C.S.I.	11 Oct. 1899	68	Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras.
COLONELS (4).				
1872	Little, Charles Colhoun, M.D.	12 Feb. 1900	1 A	Insp.-General of Civil Hospitals and Sanitary Commr., Burma.— <i>Combined leave out of India, 8 months, from 29th May 1903.</i>
72	Dobson, Andrew Francis, M.B.	4 May 01	68	P. M. O., Bangalore and Southern Districts
73	Browne, William Richard, M.D.	19 May 03	68	P. M. O., Madras District.
73	Wilkins, Thomas James Hackett, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., M.E.C.P., ED.	30 June 03	68	P. M. O., Burma District.

First Comm.	Names	Date of Rank.	Furlor Regls.	Remarks.
LIEUTENANT-COLONELS (11).				
<i>Lieut.-Colonels under Article 6 of the Royal Warrant of December 1891.</i>				
[The first date after each officer's name shows that of his promotion to the present rank.]				
1873	Allison, Hazlett, M.D., R.U.I., F.M.U.	30 June 93 } 30 Sept. 93 }	68	Second Surgeon, General Hospital, Port Health Officer, and Medical Inspector of Seamen, and Professor of Anatomy, Medical College, Madras.— <i>Eur.</i> M. C.
74	Benson, Percy Hugh, M.B.	23 Dec. 99 } 31 Mar. 94 }	63	Senior Surgeon, Sanitary Commissioner and Inspector-General of Prisons, Mysore.— <i>Offg. Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals and Sanitary Commissioner, Burma, with temporary rank of Colonel.</i>
74	King, Walter Gawen, M.B., C.M., D.P.H., A.B.D., A.C.S.M., LOND., F.R.C.P.K., F.S.I., F.M.C., C.I.E.	12 Feb. 00 } 31 Mar. 94 }	1 A	Sanitary Commissioner, Madras.
74	O'Hara, William, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., ED.	12 Feb. 00 } 30 Sept. 94 }	68	Inspector-General of Prisons, Madras.
75	Thomas, George Tucker	12 Mar. 00 } 31 Mar. 95 }	68	Inspector-General of Prisons and Deputy Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Burma.— <i>Eur.</i> P. A.
75	Sturmer, Arthur James, M.B., C.S., L.R.C.P., F.M.U.	31 Mar. 01 } 31 Mar. 95 }	68	Superintendent, Government Maternity Hospital, and Professor of Midwifery, Medical College, Madras.
75	Ferrand, Edward, M.D., F.R.C.S.	4 May. 01 } 30 Sept. 95 }	1 A	68th Punjabis.
76	Maitland, John, M.D., C.M., ED., F.H.U.	6 Jan. 02 } 31 Mar. 96 }	75	Senior Medical Officer, General Hospital and Principal, Medical College, Madras.
74	Lancaster, John, M.B., C.M., M.D., L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M., ED., F.M.U.	31 Mar. 1894	68	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, North Arcot, and Medical Officer, Central Jail, Vellore.— <i>Acting District Medical and Sanitary Officer and Medical Officer of Central Jail, Salem.</i>
76	Swaine, Charles Lethbridge, M.D.	31 Mar. 96	75	Sanitary Commissioner and Inspector-General of Dispensaries and Superintendent of Vaccination, Hyderabad Assigned Districts.
76	Lee, William Alexander, L.R.C.S.I., L.M., L.R.C.P.I.	30 Sept. 96	75	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, with Medical charge of Central Jail, Trichinopoly.
76	Ryre, Montague Stokes, M.B.	30 Sept. 96	1 A	38th Infantry.— <i>Eur.</i> M. C.
77	Nailor, Henry Augustus Fitzroy, M.B., C.M., M.D., L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., ED.	31 Mar. 97	75	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Superintendent of Medical School and Medical Officer, District Jail, Tanjore.— <i>Eur.</i> P. A.
77	Chatterjee, Nityananda	31 Mar. 97	75	Infantry Depot, Pallavaram.
77	Bennett, Charles Henry, M.D.	1 Oct. 1897	1 A	38th Infantry.

First Commn.	Names.	Date of Rank.	Furlo' Regls.	Remarks.
LIEUTENANT-COLONELS—continued.				
1878	Pope, Thomas Henry, M.D., F.R.C.S., ED., B.S.C., F.M.U.	30 Mar.	18 75	Superintendent, Ophthalmic Hospital, Professor of Ophthalmology, Medical College, and Medical Officer, Military Female Orphan Asylum, Madras.
78	Pemberton, Robert, M.R.C.S.E., L.S.A., LOND., D.P.H., CAMB., F.R.I.P.H.	30 Mar.	98 75	District Medical and Sanitary Officer and Supt. of Jail, Bellary.— <i>Eur. M. C.</i>
78	Warliker, Dumodar Purshotum.	30 Mar.	98 75	70th Infantry.
78	Quayle, William Adair, M.D.	30 Mar.	98 75	Civil Surgeon and Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Nagpur.—Offg. Civil Surgeon and Supt., Lunatic Asylum, Jubbulpore, with Medical charge, Jubbulpore Central Jail.
78	Armstrong, Henry	30 Mar.	98 75	2nd Sappers and Miners.
78	Carruthers, Herbert St. Clare	30 Sept.	98 75	Medical Storekeeper to Government, Madras Command.
78	Thomas, William Frederick, M.D., DURK., M.R.C.S.E., L.S.A., F.R.I.P.H., LOND.	31 Mar.	99 75	District Medical and Sanitary Officer and Superintendent of Jail, Madras.— <i>Eur. M. C.</i>
78	Wortabet, Henry George Luther, M.D.	31 Mar.	99 1A.	30th Lancers.
79	Frenchman, Edulji Palanji	31 Mar.	99 75	Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Bassein, Burma.—Offg. Inspector-General of Prisons and Deputy Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals, Burma.
79	James, Richard, M.B.	31 Mar.	99 1A.	<i>Leave P. A.</i>
79	Sarkies, Sarkies Carrapiett, M.R.C.S.E., L.R.C.P., ED., X.	31 Mar.	99 75	Civil Surgeon, Cannanore.
79	Bain, David Stuart Erskine	31 Mar.	99 75	Civil Surgeon, Coorg, and Superintendent of Jail, Mercara.
79	Marsden, James Cort, M.R.C.S., L.S.A., LOND.	31 Oct.	99 75	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, South Arcot, and in Medical charge of Jail, Cuddalore.—Ag. District Medl. and Sanitary Officer, and Supt., Reformatory School, Chingleput.
79	Reeves, Francis Casement, L.N., C.S.I., L.R.C.P.I., L.M.	31 Oct.	99 1A.	Surgeon, First District, and Medical Inspector of Emigrants, also Supt., Medical School, Royapuram.
79	Poynder, John Leopold	31 Oct.	99 75	Civil Surgeon, Raipur.— <i>Furlo, M. C.</i>
80	Cama, Rustom Hormosji	31 Mar.	1000 1A.	60th Punjabis.
80	Browning, Winthrop Benjamin, L.R.C.S.I., L.R.C.P.I., L.M., C.I.E.	31 Mar.	00 75	Surgeon, Fourth District, and Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Medical College, Madras. President, Board of Examiners, Medical College, Madras.
80	Thompson, Crossdale Miller, M.B.	31 Mar.	00 75	Staff Surgeon, Secunderabad.
80	Rundle, Cubitt Sindall, M.B.	31 Mar.	00 75	Civil Surgeon, Thayetmyo, Burma.
80	VanGeyzel, John Lawrence, M.B., C.M., ABD., F.C.S., F.I.C., F.M.U.	2 Oct.	00 75	Chemical Examiner, and Professor of Chemistry, Lecturer on Experimental Physics, Medical College, Madras.— <i>Eur. P. A.</i>
80	Harrington, Hastings Norman Victor.	2 Oct.	1000 75	Civil Surgeon, Ajmere, and Medical Officer, 44th Merwara Infantry.—Offg. Residency Surgeon and Civil Medical Officer, Rajputana.

First Commn.	Names.	Date of Rank.	Furlo' Regls.	Remarks.
LIEUTENANT-COLONELS—concluded.				
1880	McKee, Gerard Macklin Eccles.	2 Oct.	00 75	83rd Light Infantry.
80	Sanjana, Kaverji Cursetji, L.M.S., B.C., L.R.C.S., ED., L.S.A., LOND.	2 Oct.	00 75	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Tinnevely, and Medical Officer, District Jail, Palamcottah.— <i>Furlo, P. A.</i>
80	Hakim, Hormasji Mervunji, L.M., L.R.C.S., ED., L.S.A., LOND.	2 Oct.	00 75	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, with Medical charge of Central Jail, Salem.—Ag. District Medical and Sanitary Officer and Superintendent, Medical School, with Medical charge District Jail, Tanjore.
80	Burton, John Adolphus	2 Oct.	00 1A.	67th Punjabis.
80	Kelawala, Manekshaw Jamshedji.	2 Oct.	00 75	64th Pioneer.—Offg. 71st Rifles.
81	Roe, Robert Bradley	1 Oct.	01 75	Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Amraoti.
81	Smyth, John, M.D.	1 Oct.	01 75	Surgeon in charge Victoria Hospital, Bangalore, and Offg. Senior Surgeon and <i>Ex-officio</i> Sanitary Commissioner with the Govt. of Mysore, in addition.
81	Greany, Hugh, M.D.	1 Oct.	01 75	98th Infantry, <i>Leave, P. A.</i>
81	Youngerman, Edward Pettingall, M.B.	1 Oct.	01 1A.	27th Light Cavalry.
82	Reilly, Edwin William	1 Apr.	02 75	Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Akola.
82	Scott, James, M.B.	1 Apr.	02 1A.	26th Light Cavalry.
82	Davis, Robert Evans Stuart, B.A., M.B., B.C.H.	30 Sept.	02 75	Civil Surgeon, Rangoon, Burma.
83	Evans, Arthur Owen	31 Mar.	03 75	Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Moulmein, Burma.
83	Bannerman, William Burney, M.D., C.M., B.L., ED.	29 Sept.	03 75	In charge of Plague Research Laboratory, Bombay.
83	Thomson, Henry, M.B., C.M., ABD., D.P.H., CANTAB.	29 Sept.	03 75	<i>Eur. P. A.</i>
MAJORS.				
86	Castor, Richard Henderson	30 Sept.	98 1A.	Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Bassein, Burma.
86	Maidment, Frederick George	30 Sept.	98 1A.	74th Punjabis.
86	Doyle, Ignatius Purcell, D.S.O.	30 Sept.	98 1A.	87th Punjabis.— <i>Leave, M. C.</i>
87	Crawford, Frederick James, B.A., M.D., R.U.I., D.P.H., CANTAB.	31 Mar.	98 1A.	Surgeon, Third District, Second Physician, General Hospital, Professor of Physiology, Medical College, and Medical Officer, Civil Orphan Asylums, Madras. Civil Surgeon, Ootacamund and in charge of Headquarters, Staff and Establishments, Madras Command.
87	Simpson, David, M.A., M.D., C.M., ABD.	31 Mar.	99 1A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, and Medical Charge of Central Jail, Coimbatore.—Ag. Second Surgeon General Hospital with Port and Marine duties, Medl. Inspector of Seamen, Port Health Officer and Professor of Anatomy Medical College, Madras.

First Commn.	Names.	Date of Rank.	Furlo Regis.	Remarks.
MAJORS—concluded.				
1887	Robertson, Robert, M.B., C.M., GLAS.	31 Mar. 1899	I. A.	Surgeon, Second District, First Physician, General Hospital, Supt., Govt. Voluntary Venereal Hospital, and Professor of Medicine, Medical College, Madras.
87	Döwes, Frederick Joseph	1 Oct.	99 I. A.	Civil Surgeon, Taunggyi, Southern Shan States.
87	Pinto, Joseph Orphino	1 Oct.	99 I. A.	89th Punjabis.
87	Strickland, Percy Charles Hutchison.	1 Oct.	99 I. A.	93rd Burma Infantry.
87	Stewart, Thomas William	1 Oct.	99 I. A.	Civil Surgeon, and Superintendent of Jail, Meiktila District, Burma.
88	Grant, Allan Ewen, M.B., C.M., ED., M.S.I.	31 Mar. 1900	I. A.	Deputy Sanitary Commissioner and Inspector of Vaccination, and Professor of Hygiene and Practical Bacteriology, Medical College, Madras.— <i>Eur. M. C.</i>
88	Pereira, Frank Charles, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., ED., L.F.P.S. GLAS., M.B., C.M., MAD.	31 Mar.	00 I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, and Superintendent of Jail, Nellore—Acting District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Godavari (Rajahmundry).
89	Williams, Charles Louis, M.D., ED., M.R.C.S., D.P.H., CANTAB.	30 Sept.	00 I. A.	Civil Surgeon, Cochin— <i>Leave M. C.</i>
89	Vickers, Wilfrid Constant, M.B., C.M., ED.	30 Sept.	00 I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, and Superintendent of Jail and Lunatic Asylum, also Supt., Medical School, Vizagapatam.— <i>Eur. P. A.</i>
90	Sutherland, William Dunbar, M.B., C.M.	31 Mar.	02 I. A.	Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Saugor, Central Provinces
90	Carr-White, Percy, M.B.	31 Mar.	02 I. A.	2nd Class Residency Surgeon.
90	Wright, Edmund Russell	31 Mar.	02 I. A.	96th Infantry—Ag. District Medical and Sanitary Officer, S. Canara and Supt. of Dist. Jail, Mangalore.
90	Molesworth, William, M.B., D.S. DURH., M.R.C.S.E., L.R.C.P.	31 Mar.	02 I. A.	Surgeon to His Excellency the Governor, Madras.— <i>Eur. M. C.</i>
90	Fearnside, Clarence Forbes, M.A., M.B., C.M., ABD.	31 Mar.	02 I. A.	Superintendent of Prisons, Madras.
90	Johnston, Charles Arthur, M.B.	31 Mar.	02 I. A.	Durbar Physician to the Maharajah of Travancore, Trivandrum.
90	Giffard, Gerald Godfrey, M.R.C.S.E., L.R.C.P.	31 Mar.	02 I. A.	First Surgeon, General Hospital, and Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Madras.—Ag. Surgeon to H. E. the Governor, Madras.
91	Entrican, James, M.D.	23 July	03 I. A.	90th Punjabis—Civil Surgeon, Mandalay, Burma.
91	Edmore, Walter George, M.B.	28 July	03 I. A.	Offg. Superintendent, Insein Central Jail.
91	Donovan, Charles, B.A., M.D., B.CH., B.A.O., R.U.I., F.L.S.	28 July	03 I. A.	Surgeon, Third District, Second Physician, General Hospital, and Professor of Physiology, Medical College, and Member of the Board of Examiners, Medical College, Madras.
91	Penny, Jeremiah	28 July	03 I. A.	Offg. Superintendent of Central Jail, Rangoon, Burma.— <i>Leave, P. A.</i>
91	Graves, Douglas Henry, McDonell, M.B.	28 July	03 I. A.	80th Infantry—Offg. Civil Surgeon, Raipur.
91	Palk, Charles Henry Leet, M.B., C.M., F.R.C.S., ED.	28 July	03 I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Malabar and Supt., Lunatic Asylum, Calicut.

First Commn.	Names.	Date of Rank.	Furlo Regis.	Remarks.
CAPTAINS.				
1892	Elliot, Robert Henry, M.B., D.S., LOND., F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., LOND., D.P.H., CANTAB.	30 Jan. 1902	I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, South Canara, and Superintendent of Jail, Mangalore.— <i>Eur. M. C.</i>
92	Mitter, Robert King, B.A., M.B., CAL., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., ED.	30 Jan.	02 I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Kistna, Masulipatam.
92	Armstrong, Wilfred Ernest Arbuthnot.	30 Jan.	02 I. A.	Residency Surgeon and <i>ex-officio</i> Assistant to Resident, Nepal—Surgeon to H. E. the Viceroy.
92	Gabbett, Putteney Charles, M.R.C.S.E., L.R.C.P.	27 July 1895	I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, the Nilgiris, Coonoor.
92	Macrae, John Lewis, M.B., C.M.	27 July	95 I. A.	72th Punjabis— <i>Leave P. A.</i>
93	Bidie, George, F.R.C.S.	30 Jan.	96 I. A.	95th Infantry—Offg. 20th Deccan Horse.
93	Sharman, Eric Harding	29 July	96 I. A.	99th Infantry.— <i>Leave, P. A.</i>
93	Stodart, Thomas, M.B., C.M.	29 July	96 I. A.	Civil Surgeon, and Supt. of Jail, Akyab, Burma.
93	Rhola Nauth	29 July	96 I. A.	82nd Punjabis.—Field Service, Somaliland.
93	Foulkes, Thomas Howard, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	29 July	96 I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer and Superintendent, Reformatory School, Chingleput—Ag. District Medical and Sanitary Officer, and Superintendent of Medical School, Jail and Lunatic Asylum, Vizagapatam.
94	Berry, Alfred Eugene, M.B.	29 Jan.	97 I. A.	65th Light Infantry.— <i>Leave P. A.</i>
94	Fraser, Herbert St. John, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	29 Jan.	97 I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Godavari—Ag. District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Ganjam and Supt., Distict Jail, Berhampur.
94	Pearce, Charles Ross, M.B., C.M.	28 July	97 I. A.	1-10th Goorkha Rifles.
95	Wall, Frank	2 Jan.	97 I. A.	75th Infantry.— <i>Leave M. C.</i>
95	Mathew, Charles Montague, M.R.C.S.E., L.R.C.P., LOND.	2 Jan.	97 I. A.	92nd Punjabis.
95	Blenkinsop, Frederick Linton, M.B.	29 July	98 I. A.	61st Pioneers.—Field Service, Obbin.
95	Illington, Edmund Moritz, M.R.C.S.E., L.R.C.P., LOND.	29 July	98 I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer Ganjam, and Superintendent of Jail, Berhampur.— <i>Eur. P. A.</i>
95	Watson, Thomas Edgar, M.B., C.M., ED.	29 July	98 I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Kurnool.—Acting District Medical and Sanitary Officer and in Medical charge, Central Jail, Coimbatore.
95	Webster, Charles George, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.S., ED., L.F.P.S., GLAS.	29 July	98 I. A.	District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Anantapur—Special Plague Medical Officer, Ootacamund.
95	Pinchard, Michael Biddulph	29 Jan.	99 I. A.	84th Punjabis.
96	Niblock, William James, M.B., B.CH., B.A.O., R.U.I.	29 Jan.	99 I. A.	Third Surgeon, General Hospital, and Professor of Biology, Medical College, Madras.—Ag. First Surgeon, General Hospital and Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Madras. Member of the Board of Examiners, Madras.

First Commn.	Names.	Date of Rank.	Purlo Regls.	Remarks.
CAPTAINS--continued.				
1896	Harrison, Clarence Barrymore, M.B., C.M., GLAS.	29 Jan. 1899	I. A.	Resident Medical Officer, General Hospital—Ag. District Medical and Sanitary Officer, South Arcot and in Medical charge, District Jail, Cuddalore.
98	Lalor, Nicholas Purcell O'Gorman, M.B., B.CH.	29 Jan. 99	I. A.	2-10th Goorkha Rifles and Station Hospital Maymyo.
93	Symons, Thomas Henry, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	29 Jan. 96	I. A.	Fourth Physician, General Hospital, and Professor of Materia Medica, Medical College, Madras.
96	Rost, Ernest Reinhold	29 Jan. 99	I. A.	Resdt. Medical Officer, General Hospital, Rangoon, Burma.
96	Cornwall, John Wolfian, M.A., M.D., D.C., CANTAB, F.L.S.	29 July 99	I. A.	Health Officer to the Municipality of Madras—Acting Deputy Sanitary Commissioner and Inspector of Vaccination, Professor of Hygiene and Practical Bacteriology, Medical College, Madras.
96	Miller, Alfred, M.B., LOND, M.B., C.S., L.R.C.P.	29 July 99	I. A.	71st Rifles—Ag. Chemical Examiner, and Professor of Chemistry, and Lecturer on Experimental Physics, Medical College, Madras.
96	Hammond, Frederick Arthur Lucas	29 July 99	I. A.	Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Burma.— <i>Eur. P.A.</i>
96	Brown, Henry Robert	29 July 99	I. A.	1st Pioneers.
96	Richards, Walter Guyon	29 July 99	I. A.	77th Moplah Rifles.
96	James, Sydney Price, M.B.	29 July 99	I. A.	63rd Light Infantry.—Offg. Statistical Officer to the Govt. of India in the Sanitary and Medical Departments.
96	Fleming, Archibald Nicol, M.B., C.M., ED.	29 July 99	I. A.	20th Deccan House.— <i>Leave M. G.</i>
96	Dee, Peter, M.B.	29 July 99	I. A.	Supt. of Jail, Mandalay, Burma.
96	Mell, Felix Oswald Newton, M.B.	29 July 99	I. A.	Supt., Central Jail and Leper Asylum, Nagpore.
96	Brown, Frank Dennis, M.B., B.S., DURM.	29 July 99	I. A.	Supt., Central Jail, Cannanore.—Ag. Superintendent of Central Jail, Rajahmundry.
96	Dick, Maxwell	29 July 99	I. A.	Civil Surgeon, Minbu District.
97	Bryson, Reginald, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., ED.	23 Jan. 1900	I. A.	Supt., Govt. Lunatic Asylum and Lecturer on Mental Diseases, Medical College.—Acting Third Surgeon, General Hospital and Professor of Biology, Medical College, Madras.
97	Fenton, Alexander, M.B.	23 July 00	I. A.	Offg. Superintendent, Rangoon Central Jail, Burma.
97	Dredge, James Allen	23 July 01	I. A.	Staff Surgeon, Bangalore.
97	Knox, Robert Welland, M.B.	23 July 02	I. A.	97th Infantry—Offg. Agency Surgeon, Bundelkhand.
98	Kirkpatrick, Heway, D.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., DUB.	23 Jan. 1901	I. A.	Third Physician, General Hospital, and Professor of Pathology, Medical College, Madras.

First Commn.	Names.	Date of Rank.	Purlo Regls.	Remarks.
CAPTAINS—concluded.				
1898	Fayrer, Frederick Durand Sterling, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., M.A., CANTAB.	28 Jan. 01	I. A.	Sub <i>pro tem</i> Personal Asst. to the Surgeon-General with the Govt. of Madras and Medical Inspector of Factories, Madras.
98	Chitale, Padmahar Krishna	23 Jan. 01	I. A.	Offg. Civil Surgeon and Supt. Jail, Chhindwara.
98	Lethbridge, William, M.B., C.M., AND.	23 Jan. 01	I. A.	Agency Surgeon, Muskat.
98	Lipton, William Glen, M.B.	27 July 01	I. A.	Plague Research Laboratory, Bombay.
99	Ross, Thomas Spinks, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., ED.	23 Jan. 02	I. A.	Ag. Health Officer, Madras Municipality, Madras.
99	Groube, George Patrick Thomson.	23 Jan. 02	I. A.	78th Moplah Rifles.
99	Atal, Pandit Piaraylal, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	23 Jan. 02	I. A.	Ag. District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Cuddapah.
99	Kemp, David Claude	23 Jan. 02	I. A.	62nd Punjabis.
99	Tucker, William Hancock, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	27 July 02	I. A.	Ag. Dist. Medical and Sanitary Officer, North Arcot and Medical Charge, College, Jai Vellore.
99	Stewart, George Herbert	27 July 02	I. A.	Civil Surgeon, Falam.
99	Anderson, Dugald Nairne, M.B.	27 July 02	I. A.	Offg. 98th Infantry—Ag. District Medical and Sanitary Office Tinnevely, with Medl. Charge of District Jail, Palamcottah.
00	Chaudhuri, Mananmtha Nath, M.B., C.M., E.D.	27 July 02	I. A.	Ag. Dist. Medical and Sanitary Officer, and Supt. of Jail, Nellore.
00	Elwes, Frederick Penn, M.B., LOND, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	27 Jan. 03	I. A.	Ag. Resident Medical Officer, General Hospital, Madras.
00	Gilbert, Leonard, M.B.	27 Jan. 03	I. A.	91st Punjabis.—Offg. Health Officer, Rangoon Municipality.
00	Williams, Herbert Armstrong, M.B., D.S.O.	27 Jan. 03	I. A.	Offg. Dy. Sanitary Commissioner, Burma.
00	Long, William Christopher	27 Jan. 03	I. A.	Field Service, Berbera.
00	Beamish, Geo. Crofts	27 Jan. 03	I. A.	With No. 41, Native Field Hospital China.
00	Oxley, James Charles Stewart	23 June 03	I. A.	Offg. Civil Surgeon and Supt. c Jail, Nimar.
00	Good, James, M.B.	23 June 03	I. A.	Civil Surgeon, Sagar District.
00	Chalmers, Alexander, M.B.	23 June 03	I. A.	Ag. District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Ganjam and Supt. c Jail, Berhampore.—Ag. District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Kurnool.
00	Hamilton, William Gavin	23 June 03	I. A.	Offg. 73rd Infantry.
00	Godkin, Samuel Robert	23 June 03	I. A.	Detachment, Native Infantry and Station Hospital, Port Blair.
LIEUTENANTS.				
01	Robb, James Jackson, M.B.	29 Jan. 1901	I. A.	Offg. 95th Infantry.
01	Ruzzak, Shaik Abdur	29 Jan. 01	I. A.	Somaliland.
01	Foster, Robert Basil Boothby, M.B.	29 Jan. 01	I. A.	Somaliland.
01	Brown, Edward Wemyss	27 June 01	I. A.	94th Infantry.
01	Brassoy, Lawrence Percival, M.B.	27 June 1901	I. A.	<i>Leave M. G.</i>
01	Marr, Colin Forbes, M.B.	27 June 01	I. A.	Offg. 90th Punjabis and Civil Surgeon, Bhamburda.
01	Bose, Satis, M.B.	27 June 01	I. A.	Wing, 10th Goorkha Rifles and Civil Surgeon, Keng Tung.
01	O'Neill, Patric Laurence	27 June 01	I. A.	Offg. 97th Infantry.
02	Harley, Thomas William	29 Jan. 02	I. A.	Offg. 88th Infantry.

First Commn.	Name.	Date of Rank.	F. rule.	Remarks.
LIEUTENANTS—concluded.				
1902	Willcocks, George Durrant	29 Jan.	02 I. A.	Offg. 76th Punjabis.
02	Tyrrell, Jasper Robert Joly	29 Jan.	02 I. A.	
02	Rai, Dewan Ganpat	29 Jan.	02 I. A.	Offg. 98th Infantry. At Abbot- tabad on recruiting duty.
02	Scroggle, William Reith John	29 Jan.	02 I. A.	Field Service, Berbera.
02	Justico, William Adolphus	29 Jan.	02 I. A.	Offg. 63rd Light Infantry.
02	Forrest, John	26 July	02 I. A.	Offg. 64th Infantry.
02	Hirsch, Leonard	26 July	02 I. A.	Offg. 12th Pioneers.
02	Rundall, Lawrence	26 July	02 I. A.	Attached, 113th Infantry.
02	Maunsell, Edward Charles Cecil	26 July	02 I. A.	35th Scinde Horse.
02	Batty, Herbert Ernest Jardine	26 July	02 I. A.	Offg. 87th Punjabis.
02	Illius, John Warwick	26 July	02 I. A.	Bangalore District.
02	O'Keeffe, Daniel Stanislaus	26 July	02 I. A.	Belgaum District.
	Aloysius.			
02	Cameron, John Philip	26 July	02 I. A.	Field Service, Berbera.
02	Talbot, Richard Francis	1 Sept.	02 I. A.	Offg. 91st Punjabis.
	Chetwynd, M. D. F.R.C.S.I.			
02	Salgal, Dayal	1 Sept.	02 I. A.	Offg. 62nd Punjabis.
02	Rogers, Frederick Cogan	1 Sept.	02 I. A.	Bangalore District.
02	Ba-Ket, Maung M. B.	1 Sept.	02 I. A.	Offg. B. Co., 2nd Suppers and Miners and 29th Mountain Battory.
02	Hingston, Clayton Alexander	1 Sept.	02 I. A.	Madras District.
	Francis.			
03	Needham, Richard Arthur, M. B.	31 June	03 I. A.	
03	Kirkwood, James, M. B.	31 June	03 I. A.	
03	Whittrorly Alfred, M. B.	31 June	03 I. A.	

Indian Subordinate Medical Department (Madras).

Names.	Date of present rank.	F. rule.	Remarks.
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SENIOR ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

(Indian Army Circular, Clause 61 of 1894.)

DEPARTMENT OFFICERS WITH HONORARY RANK.

Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Captain, excluding those seconded for Civil Employment—(5).

Falconer, Samuel Ebenezer, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., ED., L.F.P.S., GLAS., L.M.E.C.C.P.	15 April 1901	N	Resident Assistant Surgeon, Government Maternity Hospital, Madras.—Leave M.C.
Staggs, Valentine James	L.S. 15 April 01	N	Asst. to the Professor of Materia Medica and Pharmacy, Medical College, Madras.
Mahony, Ebenezer	L.S. 15 April 01	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Madras.
Cabral, Anthony Lawrence	L.S. 15 April 01	N	Leave M. C. for 1 year.
Moore, John	21 March 02	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Wellington.
Prichard, James William	L.S. 6 March 03	N	Civil Surgeon, Chattrapur, Ganjam.
Bay, Thomas Archibald	L.S. 6 March 03	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Rangoon.
Carroll, George Thomas	H.S. 1 April 03	N	Civil Surgeon and Jail, Basti, Upper Provinces of Agra and Oudh.
Connor, Thomas Augustus Samuel	5 April 01	N	Sub-Medical charge, Section Hospital, Shwebo.

Names.	Date of present rank.	F. rule.	Remarks.
Senior Assistant Surgeons with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, excluding those seconded for Civil Employment—(5).			
Carreck, Francis John	L.S. 15 April 1901	N	Leave, M. C.
Montgomery, William John	H.S. 15 April 01	N	Civil Surgeon, Wun Dist. Berars—and Supt. of Jail, Yeotmal.
Lawrence, Thomas Cuthbert	L.S. 15 April 01	75	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Poonamallee.
Simon, James Robert	L.S. 15 April 01	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Mandalay.
Wynne, Francis Alexander	1 April 03	N	Assistant to Professor of Medicine, Medical College, Madras.
Brown, Joseph	1 April 03	N	Sub-Medical charge, No. 1 Section Hospital, Bangalore.

ASSISTANT SURGEONS, 1ST CLASS.

(Ranking as Conductors.)

Collins, Robert (Supy. 3)	27 June 1888	...	Resident Assistant Surgeon, Government Ophthalmic Hospital, Madras.
Cooper, William Henry	L.S. 4 July 91	N	Civil Surgeon, Jail, Myaungmya, Burma.
Kling, Henry William George (Supy. 4)	4 July 91	N	2nd Medical Officer, Plague Inspection Station, Jalapet.
Rodrigues, Alber. Robert Geddard (Supy. 5)	4 July 91	N	Or Field Service, Somaliland.
Prince, Richard Cumming Dobeaux, p.a., L.S.	4 July 91	N	Lawrence Asylum, Lovedale, Ootacamund.
Fisher, John	L.S. 28 June 92	N	Civil Surgeon and Jail, Henzada, Burma.
Winckler, Peter Arthur, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., ED., L.F.P.S., GLAS (Supy. 6)	28 June 92	N	Acting Civil Surgeon Cannanore, also Port Health Officer, Cannanore.
Curran, James Francis (Supy. 7)	H.S. 28 June 92	N	Civil Surgeon and Jail, Sandoway District, Burma.
Kiddle, Thomas	L.S. 28 June 92	N	Civil Med. Charge, Tharrawaddy District.
McDonough, Thomas	L.S. 28 June 92	N	Remount Depot, Hosur.
Sherman, Henry Murray	28 June 92	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Meiktila.
Bonner, Thomas Henry	L.S. 23 June 92	N	Medical Store Depot, Rangoon.
Shunker, Edwin Luke	28 June 92	75	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Thayetmyo.
Weston, Edwin, L.R.C.P. & S., ED., L.S.A., LOND.	29 June 93	75	Port and Marine Dispensary, Madras, also Additional Health Officer, Port of Madras.
Robertson, David	28 June 94	N	Assistant to Surgeon, Third District, Madras.
Nicholas, Cyprian Terence Montrose	28 June 94	N	Assistant to Surgeon, First District, and Supt., Loper Hospital, and of the Wards of Criminal Lepers, with Medical charge of the Civil Debtors' Jail and of the Police Lock-up, Madras, also Fourth Instructor, Royapuram Medical School.
Bowers, Michael, L.M.S.	L.S. 1 July 94	75	Deputy Superintendent, Government Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
Allan, George Robert	1 July 95	N	Senior Medical Subordinate Instructor of Nurses and in charge of Medical Stores, Government General Hospital, Madras.
Nailer, Robert Hall	1 July 95	75	Civil Surgeon and Jail, Prome, Burma.

Names.	Date of present rank.	F. rule.	Remarks.
ASSISTANT SURGEONS, 1st CLASS—concluded.			
(Ranking as Conductors.)			
Rodrigues, A. R. G.	... 28 May 96	N	Leave M.C.
Peacock, Edward	L.S. 28 May 96	75	Civil Surgeon, Jail, Yamethin, Burma.
Gaudoin, George Robert	L.S. 28 May 96	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Rangoon.
Jackson, Septimus George	... 30 June 99	75	Medical Store Depot, Madras.
Bartley, Walter David	... 30 June 99	N	Govt. House Dispensary, Madras.
Lynsdale, Albert Wm. Jordan	L.S. 30 June 93	75	Local Fund Hospital, Yercaud.
Pope, Joseph Agnew Reynard	L.S. 30 June 1901	75	Sub-Medical charge, Madras Command, Head-Quarters, Staff and Establishment, Ootacamund.
Monisse, Charles Borromes	L.S. 30 June 01	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Bellary.
Williamson, Joseph Hiscox	H.S. 30 June 01	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Pallavaram.
Hart, William Peter Bell	L.S. 30 June 01	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Port Blair.
Hankins, Robert Forbes Hart	L.S. 30 June 01	N	Bangalore Dist.—Appd. to No. 18 Co., Army Bearer Corps.
Cartman, Stephen Ansell	L.S. 30 June 02	N	
ASSISTANT SURGEONS, 2ND CLASS.			
(Ranking as Conductors.)			
deSilva, Godfrey Francis	L.S. 12 Nov. 1900	N	Somaliland.
D'Santos, Francis Xavier	... 1 April 01	...	Madras District.—Appd. to No. 17 Co., Army Bearer Corps.
ASSISTANT SURGEONS, 3RD CLASS.			
(Ranking as Sub-Conductors.)			
Pereira, Maurice Joseph	L.S. 30 June 1897	N	Medical Store Depot, Madras.
Gibson, Joseph Francis	H.S. 30 June 97	N	Medical Officer in charge Plague Inspection Station, Hindupur.
Dunn, Fridolin Joseph	... 30 June 97	N	Somaliland.
Coshan, Francis William Anthony	... 30 June 97	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Calicut.
Taylor, Percival Henry	L.S. 30 June 07	N	Southern Dist.—Appd. to No. 22 Co., Army Bearer Corps.
McKie, Robert	... 30 June 07	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Malapuram.
Pereira, Robert Bernard	... 30 June 97	N	On Field Service, Somaliland.
D'Sylva, William Robert	L.S. 30 June 98	N	Resident Assistant Surgeon, Rajah Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar's Lying-in Hospital, Madras, also Third Instructor, Rayapuram Medical School.
Gonsalves, Daniel Randolph	L.S. 1 July 98	N	Mandalay District.—Leave, P. A.
D'Cruz, Felix George	... 30 June 1900	N	St. John's Leper Asylum, Mandalay.
Thomas, Arthur William	... 18 Sept. 00	...	Bangalore District.
Craggs, Henry Clement	... 18 Sept. 00	...	Secunderabad District.
Brown, Arthur George	... 18 Sept. 00	...	Appd. to No. 19 Co., Army Bearer Corps.
Callaghan, Gergo Maurice	... 29 Nov. 00	...	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, St. Thomas' Mount.
Macqueen, Kenneth George Sydney	20 Dec. 00	N	Bangalore District.
Rodriguez, Lambert Kenneth	... 1 July 01	N	Secunderabad District. Appd. to No. 20 Co., Army Bearer Corps.

Names.	Date of present rank.	F. rule.	Remarks.
ASSISTANT SURGEONS, 3RD CLASS—concluded.			
(Ranking as Sub-Conductors.)			
Pereira, Edward Julian Christopher	1 July 01	N	R. I. M. S. "Minto."
King, George Harold	... 1 April 02	N	Belgaum District. Appd. to No. 21 Co., Army Bearer Corps.
Duckworth, Henry	...	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital, Bhamo.
Colkers, Joseph Alfred	...	N	Bangalore District.
Carreck, Frederick Frank Rath	... 30 June 02	N	Cordite Factory, Arvenghat.
Truter, Albert Wilhelm	... 30 June 02	N	Mandalay District. Appd. to No. 23 Co., Army Bearer Corps.
Hamlin, Alfred Edward	...	N	Belgaum District.
DeCosta, Joseph Francis	... 30 June 02	N	British Field Hospital, China.
Carlos, Robert Henry	... 30 June 02	N	R.I. M.S. "Canning."
Willes, Horace James	...	...	Asst. to Civil Surgeon, Bhamo, Burma.
Alderton, Charles Henry Arthur	... 31 Mar. 03	N	Leave M. C.
Passinha, Waldemar Herman	... 31 Mar. 03	N	Belgaum District.
Discarcie, John Peter	... 31 Mar. 03	N	Burma Command.
Trutwein, Percy St. Clair	... 31 Mar. 03	N	British Field Hospital, China.
Stracey, Patrick St. Clare	... 31 Mar. 03	N	British Field Hospital, China.
Mahoney, Ebenezer Robert	... 30 June 03	N	Somaliland.
Bowden, Frederick William	... 30 June 03	N	Sub-Medical charge, Station Hospital Maymyo.
ASSISTANT SURGEONS, 4TH CLASS.			
Meneaud, William Hope	...	N	Southern District, Wellington.
Green, Cecil Beaumont	...	N	Bangalore District.—Leave M.C.
Jackson, Herbert Charles	...	N	Mandalay District.
Freud-Hart, Archibald Albert	...	N	Southern District, Wellington.
Duckworth, George Edwin	...	N	Burma Command.
Duckworth, Percival Thomas	...	N	Secunderabad District.
Callaghan, George Maurice	...	N	Burma District.
Cartner, Christian Frederick Theodore	...	N	Mandalay District.
deRozario, John Francis	...	N	Burma District.
Gernon, Anthony Walter	...	N	Mandalay District.
Lemerle, Francis Alfred	...	N	Mandalay District.
Shillong, James Henry	...	N	Mandalay District.
Browne, Robert Fredric	...	N	Mandalay District.
Rodgers, Francis Norman	...	N	Burma District.
Sandways, Percy Neil	...	N	Burma District.
Hart, Maurice Roberts Wilson	...	N	Madras District.
Hart, James Alexander	...	N	Madras District.
Lynsdale, Henry Herbert	...	N	Southern District, Wellington.
Scanlon, Patrick Augustus	...	N	Secunderabad District.
Gondie, Herbert Alexander Lewis	...	N	Belgaum District.
Peroria, Arthur Cochrane	...	N	Bangalore District.
Bergin, Francis Aloysius	...	N	Secunderabad District.
McGrath, Patrick John	...	N	Secunderabad District.
Stevenage, Emanuel Antony	...	N	
Lopez, Vincent Joseph	...	N	Mandalay District.
Bennett, William Robert	...	N	Mandalay District.
Thompson, Harry Victor James	...	N	Secunderabad District.
Hendersen, William Frederick	...	N	
Bernard, Frederick Joseph	...	N	
Taylor, Clement George	...	N	
Gomes, Edward Frank	...	N	Belgaum District.
Rosair, Harry Basil	...	N	Madras District.
Gibson, Thomas Joseph	...	N	Madras District.
Haffton, Joseph Hillier Spencer	...	N	Bangalore District.
Guoizlar, John Alexander	...	N	Secunderabad District.
Garnon, Lawrence Peter	...	N	Belgaum District.
O'Donoghue, Henry Joseph	...	N	Madras District.
Dolaney, Clement Davidson	...	N	Bangalore District.

ARMY VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

mes.	Dates of			Remarks.
	Present Bank.	Arrival in India.	Present appt.	
LIEUT.-COLONEL, A. V. D:				
Lees, K., F.R.C.V.S...	1 June 02	2 Oct. 95	1 Jan. 03	Inspecting Veterinary Officer, Madras Command.
CAPTAINS, A.V.D:				
Tatam, W. J.	18 Feb. 01	19 Mar. 92	11 Feb. 02	In charge, Station Veterinary Hospital, Bangalore. (Under orders to proceed Home.)
Clarke, A. E.	5 July 02	11 Oct. 93	29 Apl. 97	Reimount Depot, Hosur.
Holmes, R. H.	25 Mar. 03	5 Feb. 97	.....	Leave in England.
MAJOR, A.V.D.				
Nuthall, E. E.	20 Mar. 02	5 Nov. 03	9 Nov. 03	In charge, Station Veterinary Hospital, Secunderabad.
LIEUTENANTS, A. V. D				
Anthony, W. S.	14 Oct. 90	18 Feb. 97	.....	Leave in England.
Houston, R. F. St.C.	9 Nov. 93	23 June. 02	3 Apl. 03	In charge, Station Veterinary Hospital, St. Thomas' Mount.
Dalgleish, A. J.	13 Apl. 01	2 Apl. 03	11 Apl. 03	Secunderabad.
Fisher, O. S.	13 Apl. 01	2 Apl. 03	9 Apl. 03	Bangalore.
Lake, B. L.	13 Apl. 01	10 Oct. 02	17 Oct. 02	Secunderabad.
Lowe, W. C.	2 Nov. 01	25 July 03	11 Apl. 03	Bangalore.
Russell, J.A.	2 Nov. 01	2 Apl. 03	12 Apl. 03	Secunderabad.
Gillett, E. S.	2 Nov. 01	21 Oct. 02	27 Oct. 02	In charge, Station Veterinary Hospital, Bellary.

CHANGES IN THE POSITION AND DESIGNATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE APOTHECARY BRANCH OF THE SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Surgeons, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, will comprise the following grades:—

1	2
Old designations.	New designations.
Commissioned Officers under Royal Warrant, dated 19th July 1890.	Departmental Officers with honorary rank— Clause 127, India Army Circular of 1899.— G.O.O., No. 514 of 1899.
I.—Senior Apothecary, 1st Grade, ranking as honorary Captain or honorary Lieutenant as the case may be.	I.—Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Captain, I.S.M.D.
II.—Senior Apothecary, 2nd Grade, ranking as honorary Lieutenant.	II.—Senior Assistant Surgeon with the honorary rank of Lieutenant, I.S.M.D.
Warrant Officers.	Warrant Officers.
III.—Apothecary, 1st Grade.	III.—Assistant Surgeon, 1st class, Rs. 200.
IV.—Do. 2nd do.	IV.—Assistant Surgeon, 2nd class, Rs. 150.
V.—Assistant Apothecary, 1st Grade.	V.—Assistant Surgeon, 3rd class, Rs. 110.
VI.—Do. do. 2nd do.	VI.—Assistant Surgeon, 4th class, Rs. 85.
VII.—Sub-Assistant Apothecary.	VII.—Assistant Surgeon, 3rd class, ranking as Sub-Conductor but junior of that rank.

The rules regarding promotion, &c., at present in force are—

(i) Subject to good conduct and efficiency, and in the case of 3rd class Assistant Surgeon the passing of an examination also, a service of 5 years in the 4th class, and of 7 years in 3rd and 2nd classes, respectively, shall entitle an Assistant Surgeon to promotion to the next higher class.

(ii) 3rd class Assistant Surgeons will, before being eligible for promotion, be required to pass an examination in Surgery, Practice of Medicine, Materia Medica, Hygiene, Midwifery, and acquaintance with the regulations which govern military hospitals at any time before the end of the twelfth year of service.

(iii) Compensation for quarters, furlough pay, half pay, pensions, &c., of the new classes will be according to the allowance at present authorised for the corresponding former grades.

LIST SHOWING THE NAMES OF ASSISTANT SURGEONS IN THE SERVICE OF GOVERNMENT THROUGHOUT THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

Rank.	Name.	Date of first appointment.	Attached to.
Asst. Surg.	A. J. Hesterly, L.M.S.	30 June 1881...	Asst. to the Dist. Medl. and Sany. Officer, North Arcot.—Ag. Civil Surg., Chittoor.
Do.	C. T. Saldanha, L.M.S.	30 June 1881...	Nellore.—In Colimbatore.
Do.	M. Allworth, M.B., C.M.	27 May 1886...	Kurnool.—Ag. in Godavari.
Do.	C. Moonsawmy Moodelliar, L.M.S.	1 Oct. 1887...	South Arcot.
Do.	J. Lynchander, L.M.S.	24 Jan. 1887...	Godavari.—Ag. Civil Surg., Cocanada.
Do.	B. P. Gonsalves, L.M.S.	7 Sept. 1888...	Salem.—Ag. in Kurnool.
Do.	P. D. S. Amirtasawmi Pillai, L.M.S.	1 July 1878...	Colimbatore.—Ag. Civil Surg. Guntur.
Do.	D. Gnanam Pillai, L.M.S.	20 May 1864...	Tanjore.
Do.	R. Sundrun, M.B., C.M.	6 Feb. 1893...	Madura.
Do.	T. R. Lakshmanaperumall Pillai, L.M.S.	8 June 1893...	Kistna.
Do.	J. J. Srinivasagam Pillai, M.A.	18 June 1893...	Anantapur.—Sub pro tem. in Malabar, but Acting in Tinnevely.
Do.	J. S. Evers, L.M.S.	14 Apr. 1894...	Tinnevely.—Leave without pay for 1 year.
Do.	P. N. Lakshmanan, M.A., M.B., C.M.	19 Oct. 1895...	Chingleput.—Leave without pay for 1 year.
Do.	C. B. Rama Rao, L.M.S.	30 June 1882...	Asst. to the Professor of Physiology, Medical College, Madras.
Do.	L. W. Pereira, L.M.S.	3 June 1897...	Asst. to the Dist. Medl. and Sany. Officer, South Canara. Asst. Medical Officer, Plague duty, Ootacamund.
Do.	S. Chendrasekhara Mudaliar, L.M.S.	30 June 1882...	Vizagapatnam.
Do.	B. F. Powell, M.D., C.M.	30 June 1880...	Gajanan.
Do.	V. Verghese, L.M.S.	1 June 1894...	Bellary, but Ag. in Malabar.
Do.	P. Pereira, L.M.S.	8 Apr. 1895...	Anantapur, but Ag. in Salem.
Do.	S. Krishnamurti Aiyar, M.D., C.M.	9 Apr. 1895...	Chudappah.—Ag. in Sanitary Commissioner's Office.
Do.	M. N. MacDonald, L.M.S.	11 Apr. 1895...	Police Hospital, Kerpent.
Do.	T. Narasinga Rao	12 Apr. 1901...	Asst. to the Dist. Medl. and Surg. Officer, South Arcot.
Do.	K. Harris	10 May 1895...	St. Bartholomew's Hospital, Ootacamund.
Do.	K. Madhava Menon, L.M.S.	17 Sept. 1897...	Government Maternity Hospital Madras.

PART V.—JUDICIAL

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.
THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

CHIEF JUSTICE.

The Hon'ble Sir Charles Arnold White, Kt. (*Barrister-at-Law*). (*On furlough*).
S. Subrahmanya Aiyar, B.L., K.C.I.E., Dewan Bahadur. (Offg. as Chief Justice).

PUISNE JUDGES.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. A. Davies, I.C.S. (*Barrister-at-Law*). (*On furlough*).
" " " R. S. Benson, M.A., LL.B., I.C.S. (*Barrister-at-Law*).
" " " H. T. Boddam, (*Barrister-at-Law*).
" Justice Sir V. Bashyam Iyengar, B.A., B.L., Kt., C.I.E.
" Mr. Justice Moore, I.C.S. (Acting).
" " Russell, B.A., LL.B., I.C.S. (Acting).

OFFICERS OF THE HIGH COURT.

	Appointed.
A. L. Hannay, Esq., I.C.S., Registrar (On leave).....	1898
H. Bakewell, Esq., LL.B. (<i>Barrister-at-Law</i>), Dy. Registrar, Original Side (On furlough).....	1896
J. T. Gillespie, Esq., B.A., I.C.S., Ag. Registrar.....	1896
A. Davies, Esq., M.A. (<i>Barrister-at-Law</i>), Ag. Dy. Registrar Appellate Side.....	1902
J. R. Atkinson, Esq. (<i>Attorney-at-Law</i>), Ag. Dy. Registrar, Original Side.....	1896
P. K. Nambiyar (<i>Barrister-at-Law</i>), Ag. Asst. Registrar.....	
M.R.Ry. A. M. Sabhapathi Mudaliar Avergal, Manager, Judicial Branch, Appellate Side.....	1900
" A. Ramaswami Aiyar Avergal, B.A., Deputy Manager, Judicial Branch, Appellate Side.....	1900
" C. Chandrasekhara Aiyar Avergal, B.A., Superintendent, Administrative Branch.....	1900
" P. Ramachandra Rao Avergal, B.A., Chief Interpreter, Original Side.....	1887
T. Ramakrishna Pillai Avergal, B.A., Deputy Interpreter, do.....	1900
M. G. Zynul Abidin Sahib Bahadur, Persian and Hindustani Interpreter, do.....	1883
W. H. Dobbie, Esq., Accountant-General.....	1902
Hajee Muhammad Badsha Sahib, Sheriff of Madras.....	1901

LAW OFFICERS.

The Hon'ble Mr. J. E. P. Wallis (<i>Barrister-at-Law</i>), Advocate-General.....	1900
E. B. Powell, Esq., M.A. (<i>Barrister-at-Law</i>), Government Pleader, and also <i>Ex-officio</i> Public Prosecutor.....	1888
E. Barclay, Esq., Government Solicitor (on leave).....	1876
Sutherland Orr, Esq. (Acting).....	
J. G. Kernan, Esq., M.A., LL.B., (<i>Barrister-at-Law</i>), Clerk of the Crown and also Official Assignee.....	1885
John Adam, Esq., M.A. (<i>Barrister-at-Law</i>), Crown and Public Prosecutor.....	1900
D. Chamier, Esq. (<i>Barrister-at-Law</i>), Law Reporter, High Court.....	1899
N. Subramaniam, Esq., B.A., B.L. (<i>Barrister-at-Law</i>), Administrator-General and Official Trustee.....	1897

DISTRICT AND SESSIONS JUDGES.

AROOT—NORTH. Salaries.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Judge..... K. O. Manavedan Raja.....	1,493	5	4

ARCOT—SOUTH.

Judge..... A. C. Tate.....	2,333	5	4
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BELLARY AND ANANTAPUR.

Judge..... L. Moore (On other duty).....	2,333	5	4
Ag. do..... A. T. Forbes.....	1,944	7	1

CANARA—SOUTH.

Judge..... H. O. D. Harding.....	2,333	5	4
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CHINGLEPUT.

Judge..... B. D. Broadfoot.....	2,333	5	4
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Salaries.
Rs. A. P.

COIMBATORE.

Judge..... V. A. Brodie.....	2,333	5	4
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CUDDAPAH.

Judge..... S. Russell (On other duty).....	2,333	5	4
To act as do..... J. H. Robertson.....			
Ag. do..... M. Ghose (Granted priv. leave and ... furlough).....	1,456	1	9

GANJAM.

Judge..... J. H. Munro (On other duty).....	2,333	5	4
Ag. do..... W. B. Ayling.....			

GODAVARI.

Judge..... F. H. Hamnett.....	2,333	5	4
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KISTNA.

Judge..... D. W. G. Cowie (On other duty).....	2,333	5	4
Ag. do..... V. Venugopal Chetti (Granted priv. leave).....	1,944	7	1
To act as do..... L. T. Harris.....			

KURNOOL.

Judge..... J. G. D. Partridge (On other duty).....	2,333	5	4
Ag. do..... A. M. Slight.....	1,944	7	1

MADURA.

Judge..... H. Moberly.....	2,333	5	4
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MALABAR—NORTH.

Judge..... W. S. Moyer (On Spl. duty).....	2,333	5	4
Ag. do..... A. Venkataramana Poi, Diwan Bahadur.....	1,333	5	4

MALABAR—SOUTH.

Judge..... L. C. Miller.....	2,333	5	4
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NELLORE.

Judge..... T. M. Swaminatha Aiyar.....	1,493	5	4
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NILGIRIS.

Judge..... V. A. Brodie.....	2,333	5	4
Addl. Sess. Judge. C. M. Mullaly.....	2,333	5	4

SALEM.

Judge..... S. Gopala Chariyar, Diwan Bahadur... ..	1,520	0	0
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TANJORE.

Judge..... G. F. T. Power (On Priv. leave and Furlough).....	2,333	5	4
Ag. do..... F. D. P. Oldfield.....	1,456	1	9

TINNEVELLY.

Judge..... J. Hewetson (On other duty).....	2,333	5	4
Ag. do..... W. W. Phillips.....	1,811	10	8

TRICHINOPOLY.

Judge..... C. J. Weir (On other duty).....	2,333	5	4
Ag. do..... J. Hewetson.....	2,333	5	4

VIZAGAPATAM.

Judge..... M. D. Bell (On furlough on M. C.).....	2,333	5	4
Ag. do..... J. H. Munro.....	2,333	5	4
(Priv. leave Granted and furlough).....			

THE MADRAS CITY CIVIL COURT.

Judge..... C. Jambulingam Mudaliyar, B.A., M.L., C.I.E., Rao Bahadur.....	1,200	0	0
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* 2nd Gr. Judge; Ag. in the 1st Gr.

SUBORDINATE JUDGES.

First Grade—Pay Rs. 800.

1. W. E. T. Clarke, Esq., B.A. (Barrister-at-Law)* ... Nilgiris, Ootacamund (On depn.).
2. A. Venkatarama Poi, Diwan Bahadur ... Palghat (On depn.).
3. K. Krishnā Rao, B.A. ... Malabar, South (Calicut).

Second Grade—Pay Rs. 650.

1. C. G. Kuppuswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L. ... Godavari (Cocanada).
2. T. Varada Rao, B.A., B.L. ... Godavari (Rajahmundry) Addl.
3. K. Ramachandra Aiyar ... Tanjore (Negapatam).
4. B. Kamarah Nayar ... Tinnevely.
5. T. M. Rangachariyar, B.A. ... Madura (West).

Third Grade—Pay Rs. 500.

1. W. Gopala Chariyar, B.A., B.L. ... Madura (East).
2. I. Lakshmi Narayana Rao Nayudu ... Tanjore (Kumbakonam), Ag. at Masulipatam.
3. S. Raghunathayya, B.A., B.L. ... South Canara (Mangalore).
4. V. Janakiramayya Pantulu ... Tanjore.
5. P. J. Itteyerah ... Malabar (Ag. at Palghat).
6. T. T. Ranga Chariyar, B.A., B.L. ... Tanjore (Ag. at Kumbakonam).

Acting.

- J. C. Fernandez, B.A., M.L. ... Nilgiris, Ootacamund.
M. M. Bangera ... Tinnevely.

DISTRICT MUNSIFS.

1st Grade 400—2nd Grade 300—3rd Grade 250—4th Grade 200 Rupees.

ANANTAPUR.

1st Grade.

- O. V. Nanjunda Aiyar, Penukonda.

ARCOT—NORTH.

1st Grade.

- P. Sambayya, Tirupati, posted to Nandatur.
V. Ranga Rao Pantulu, B.A., B.L., Chittoor.
V. Subramaniyam Pantulu, B.A., B.L., Vellore.
V. K. Desika Chariyar, B.A., B.L., Arni.

2nd Grade.

- A. Sambamurthi Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Ranipettai.

3rd Grade.

- A. Rajagopal Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Sholinghur.

ARCOT—SOUTH.

1st Grade.

- S. Raghunathayya, B.L., Panruti.
S. Swaminatha Sastri, B.A., B.L., Cuddalore.

2nd Grade.

- V. Narayanaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Panruti.
P. Audinarayanayya, B.A., B.L., Tirukoilur.
N. Sambasiva Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Villupuram.

3rd Grade.

- R. Annaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Vriddachalam, posted to Karur.

- S. A. Swaminatha Sastri, B.A., B.L., Tindivanam.

4th Grade.

- P. S. Seta Rama Aiyar, B.A., B.L. (on probn.), Chidambaram.

BELLARY.

2nd Grade.

- V. G. Narayana Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Bellary.
V. C. Mascarenhas, B.A., B.L., Hospet, posted to Udipi.

CANARA—SOUTH.

1st Grade.

- A. C. Kannan Nambiyar, Mangalore.
J. C. Fernandez, B.A., B.L., Kundapur (on depn.).

3rd Grade.

- M. Deva Rao, B.A., B.L., Udipi.

4th Grade.

- S. Raghava Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Puttur, (on depn.).

- C. D. J. Pinto (probn.), Kasargod.

- S. Venkatasubba Rao, B.A., B.L., (on probn.), Karkal.

- A. Subramaniya Aiyar, B.A., B.L. (on probn.), Puttur.

- V. B. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Ag. 4th Grade, Condapur.

CHINGLEPUT.

1st Grade.

- T. T. Ranga Chariar, B.A., B.L. (on depn.), Tiruvallur.

- M. Visvanatha Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Chingleput.

- V. Swaminatha Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Poona-mallee.

CHINGLEPUT—concl'd.

2nd Grade.

- O. Krishnaswami Rao, B.A., B.L., Conjeevaram.

4th Grade.

- T. K. J. Subbayar, B.A., B.L., Ag. 4th Grade, Tiruvallur.

COIMBATORE.

1st Grade.

- T. Sadasiva Aiyar, B.A., M.L., Coimbatore.
T. B. Vasudeva Sastri, Erode.

3rd Grade.

- S. Mahadeva Sastri, B.A., B.L., Karur, posted to Tuticorin.

- K. Krishnama Chariyar, B.A., B.L., Udampet.

CUDDAPAH.

3rd Grade.

- T. R. Kuppusami Aiyangar, Nandalur, posted to Rajahmundry.

- K. S. Kothandarama Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Proddatur.

- S. Ranganatha Mudaliar, B.A., B.L., Madanapalle.

4th Grade.

- R. A. Kannan, B.A., B.L., posted to Cuddapah.

- S. Narayana Pantulu, B.A., B.L., Ag. 4th Grade, Cuddapah.

GANJAM.

1st Grade.

- P. Lakshminarasu Pantulu, Berhampore.
T. Gopala Krishna Pillai, Chicacole (on sick leave).

2nd Grade.

- G. Subbayya Shastri, Aska.

4th Grade.

- G. G. Somayajulu Sastri, B.A., B.L., Sompeta.
V. Bashyam Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Ag. 4th Grade, Chicacole.

GODAVARI.

1st Grade.

- R. Hanumantha Rao Pantulu, Ellore.
D. Raghavendra Rao Pantulu, B.A., B.L., Rajahmundry, posted to Tirupati.

- C. Rama Rao Pantulu, Cocanada.

- A. Raghunatha Rao Pantulu, Narasapur.

2nd Grade.

- T. Varadarajulu Nayudu, B.A., B.L., Peddapuram.

3rd Grade.

- T. A. Narasimha Chariyar, B.A., B.L., Bhimavaram.

4th Grade.

- R. Gopala Rao, B.A., B.L., Amalapuram.

- P. V. Ramachandra Aiyar, posted to Tanuku.

- V. Bashyam Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Ag. 4th Grade, to act, Rajahmundry.

KISTNA.

1st Grade.

- M. M. Bangera, B.A., B.L. (on depn.), Narasaraopet.

- N. Lakshmana Rao Pantulu, B.A., B.L., Tenali.

2nd Grade.

- N. Somayajulu Sastri, B.A., Guntoor.
K. Krishnama Chariyar, B.A., B.L., Guduvada.

3rd Grade.

- V. C. Tiruvankata Chariyar, B.A., B.L., Bapatla.

4th Grade.

- A. Bhimeswara Rao, B.A., B.L. (on probn.), Masulipatam.

- K. C. Sundara Chettiyar, B.A., B.L. (on probn.), Bezwada.

- C. Ranganayakulu Nayudu, B.A., B.L., Ag. 4th Grade, Narasaraopet.

KURNOOL.

2nd Grade.

- D. K. Viraswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Markapur.

3rd Grade.

- V. Venkatasiva Avathanulu, B.A., B.L., Gooty.

- T. S. Thiagaraja Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Nandyal.

4th Grade.

- R. A. Krishnaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Kurnool.

- P. V. Ramachandra Aiyar (on probn.), acting at Marakpur.

MADURA.

2nd Grade.

- T. S. Krishna Aiyar, Dindigul.

- T. A. Ramakrishna Aiyar, B.A., Periyakulam, posted to Madura.

- T. Srinivasa Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Paramagudi.

3rd Grade.

- B. Krishna Rao, B.A., B.L., Madura.

4th Grade.

- V. K. Kuppuswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Sivaganga.

- V. S. Krishna Aiyar, B.A., B.L. (on probn.), Manamadurai.

- M. G. Parthasarathy Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Tirumangalam.

MALABAR—NORTH.

1st Grade.

- V. Kedu Eradi, Chowghat.

2nd Grade.

- K. Imbichunni Nayar, Tellicherry.
K. Govindan Nambiyar, Payyoli.

* Also Magistrate, 1st Class, and Justice of the Peace, and also District Munsif of the Nilgiris.

MALABAR—NORTH—conold.

3rd Grade.

P. Raman, B.A., B.L., Talipparamba.
M. G. Krishna Rao B.A., B.L., Quilandi.
T. V. Venkateswara Aiyar, B.A., Panur.

4th Grade.

K. V. Karunakara Menon, B.A., B.L.,
Badagara.

MALABAR—SOUTH.

1st Grade.

A. Annaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Tirur.
T. V. Anantan Nayar, B.A., B.L., Calicut.

2nd Grade.

V. Raman Menon, Ponnani.
J. F. Pereira, Vayitiri (on sick leave).
P. P. Raman Menon, B.A., B.L., Palghat.

3rd Grade.

M. Subbaiyar, Alattur.
A. Srinivasa Aiyangar, Chowghat.
A. Narayana Nambiyar, B.A., B.L., Manjeri.
F. J. D'Rozario, Calicut (Addl.)

4th Grade.

M. R. Narayanaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L.,
Parpanangudi.
T. V. Narayanan Nayar, B.A., B.L., Walla-
vanad.
V. Dandapani Pillai, B.A., B.L., Oltapalam.
K. A. Kannan, B.A., B.L. (on probn.),
Vayittri.

NELLORE.

1st Grade.

N. R. Narasimha Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Nellore.
D. Venkata Rao Pantulu, Ongole.

2nd Grade.

K. Ramalinga Sastri, Kanigiri.
E. J. S. White, Kavali (on sick leave).

4th Grade.

R. Narasimha Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Ag. 4th
Grade, Kavali.

SALEM.

1st Grade.

K. Ramanatha Aiyar, B.A., Salem.
A. N. Anantarama Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Nama-
kal.

3rd Grade.

P. Narayana Chariyar, M.A., B.L., Tirup-
pattur.
T. Jivaji Rao, B.A., B.L., Salem (Addl.).

4th Grade.

T. Raja Ram Rao, B.A., B.L., Krishnagiri.

TANJORE.

2nd Grade.

S. Authinarayana Aiyar, Valangiman.
J. S. Qnanayar Nadar, B.A., B.L., Tanjore.

3rd Grade.

G. Kothanda Ramanjulu Nayudu, B.A., B.L.,
Kumbakonam.
C. V. Visvanatha Sastri, B.A., B.L., Shiyali.

Head Asst. Collr. and Magistrate, Nilgiris, exercising District Munsif's Powers.

F. Hannington, I.C.S.,* Ag... Gudalur (Coimbatore).

Deputy Collr. of Kollegal, exercising District Munsif's Powers

P. Krishna Rao,† ... Kollegal (Coimbatore).

Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, exercising District Munsif's Powers.

K. Krishnan ... Anjengo (Malabar, South).

* Magistrate 1st Class, Justice of the Peace. † Magistrate, 1st Class.

TANJORE—conold.

3rd Grade—conold.

P. Ayyaswami Mudaliar, M.A., B.L.,
Tiruvadi.
S. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Maya-
varam.

4th Grade.

P. Subbayya Mudaliyar, B.A., B.L., Pattu-
kotai.
Muhammad Faziuddin Sahib, B.A., B.L.,
Mannargudi.
N. S. Natesa Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Negapatam.
J. Sundara Rao Pantulu, B.A., B.L. (on
probn.), Tirutturaiyandi.
S. C. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Tiru-
valur.

TINNEVELLY.

1st Grade.

Saiyid Tajuddin Sahib, Tinnevelly.

2nd Grade.

T. Swami Aiyar, B.A., Ambasamudram.

3rd Grade.

T. Krishnaswami Nayudu, B.A., Satur.
P. S. Seshu Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Srivaikuntam.

4th Grade.

M. C. Pathasarathy Aiyangar, B.A., B.L.,
Tuticorin, Ag. in Tirumangalam.
S. Raghava Aiyangar, B.A., B.L., Srivilli-
puttur.
G. Anantapurayana Aiyangar, B.A., B.L.
(on probn.), Tuticorin, posted to Vir-
dachalam.
T. M. French, Barrister-at-Law (on probn.),
Tinnevelly (Addl.).

TRICHINOPOLY.

1st Grade.

S. Ramaswami Aiyangar, B.A., B.L.,
Kulitalai.
S. Doraswami Aiyar, Trichinopoly.

2nd Grade.

A. Ramaswami Sastri, Srirangam.

4th Grade.

V. S. Narayana Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Ariyalur.

VIZAGAPATAM.

2nd Grade.

N. Ramamurti Pantulu, B.A., Razam,
posted to Chodavaram.
C. Subramaniya Aiyar, B.A., B.L., Vizaga-
patam.

J. M. Nallaswami Pillai, B.A., B.L. (under
suspension), Yellamanchili.
Y. Krishna Rao, Chodavaram, posted to
Razam.

3rd Grade.

P. N. Satagopa Nayudu, B.A., B.L., Vizia-
nagram.

4th Grade.

A. Venkataramayya, B.A., B.L., Parvati-
puram.
A. S. Krishnaswami Aiyar B.A., B.L.
(on probn.), Yellamanchili.

ADVOCATES.

N.B.—Below, in Column 3 (Inn), M stands for Middle Temple, G for Gray's Inn, I for
Inner Temple, and L for Lincoln's Inn.

Date of admission.	Name.	Inn.	Date of call in England.	Designation of office held, if any.	REMARKS.
1867 Oct. 28	E. H. Power*	...	26 Jan. 1866	...	S. E Circuit.
1868 Feb. 18	A. G. Gover†	...	18 Nov. 1867	Chief Judge, Cochin.	Cochin.
Aug. 3	J. M. Maskell*	...	6 June 1868	...	Europe.
Oct. 20	G. E. Borrodale*	...	28 Jan. 1867	...	Nellore.
1869 Aug. 2	W. H. Maskell†	...	7 June 1869	...	Europe.
Oct. 18	W. H. Craig, B.A.†	...	30 April 1869	...	...
1870 May 10	E. B. Powell, M.A.	Ireland.	Hilary Term, 1870	Govt. Plr. and Pub. Pro.	Madura.
" 27	R. Fisher, B.A.†	...	17 Nov. 1859	...	Mysore and Coorg.
Aug. 10	J. W. Hayes, Junior†	...	7 June 1869	...	I. C. S. (Retired.)
1872 April 3	W. J. H. LeFaun, B.A.*	Ireland.	Hilary Term, 1872	...	...
July 23	R. C. Miller†	...	30 April 1872	Z. Judge, Cochin.	...
Oct. 23	T. C. Ponnau, B.A.*	...	6 June 1872	Sub-Judge, Ootacamund.	...
" 23	W. E. T. Clarke, B.A., S.C.L.*	...	30 April 1872	Off. Chief Presy. Magt., Madras.	Retired.
" 28	Hon. Mr. Justice H. H. Shephard, M.A.	I	18 Nov. 1867	Puisne Judge, High Court, Madras.	...
1873 Feb. 8	W. F. Hooper, F.R.C.S.*	M & G	6 June 1872	...	Rangoon.
March 5	G. G. B. Van Soweren, Esq.	L	18 Nov. 1872	...	Salem.
July 11	J. C. Pritchard†	...	6 June 1872	...	Europe.
1874 Jan. 7	A. E. Pole†	...	17 Nov. 1873	...	Lieut., Madras Artillery.
Feb. 10	R. B. Michell, M.A.	...	30 April 1872	Chief Judge, Small Causes Court, Madras.	F. M. U. Tinnecelly.
" 25	R. Thomson, LL.B.†	...	7 June 1873	...	...
July 10	H. A. Brett*	...	6 June 1872	...	...
" 22	C. Sabapathi Aiyar	...	6 June 1874	Advocate-General, Hyderabad, Deccan.	...
1875 Jan. 22	S. A. Locke (a)†	...	6 June 1874	1st Judge, Appellate Court, Cochin.	Municipal Councillor, British Cochin, and Lieut., Malabar Volr. Corps.
Feb. 3	Thomas Fuller, M.A., LL.B.*	M	27 Jan. 1873	...	Lay Trustee and Local Fund Member, Nilgiris, Coonoor.
Dec. 10	H. G. Wedderburn, M.A.*	I	30 April 1875	...	Europe.
1876 Mar. 27	N. Subrahmanyam, B.A., B.L.	I	26 Jan. 1876	Official Trustee and Administrator-Genl.	Municipal Commissioner, Mysore, (Retired.)
1876 July 10	C. Minakshayya†	...	10 May 1876	Judge, Chief Court, Mysore.	Colombo.†
1877 Feb. 5	J. H. Temple†	...	17 Nov. 1876	...	Colombo.†
Mar. 6	J. J. Casie Chitty†	...	7 June 1873	...	Colombo.†

* Do not practise.

† Do not practise at Madras.

† Both these gentlemen hold appointments under the Ceylon Supreme Court. The year noted in Ferguson's Ceylon Directory, 1886.

(a) Also Magistrate and Justice of the Peace, appointed by the Government of India to try offences committed by European British subjects within the territories of Native Cochin.

Date of admission.	Name.	Inn.	Date of call in England.	Designation of office held, if any.	REMARKS.
Nov. 15	G. W. Cline, LL.D., F.G.S.†	M	6 June 1874	...	Bombay.
Dec. 21	F. H. Lascellest	I	6 June 1864	...	Also enrolled at Bombay —Europe.
1878 Aug. 2	F. Normandy†	M	17 Nov. 1874	...	Europe.
Sept. 27	E. S. Wilkinst	L	3 July 1878	...	Europe.
1879 July 14	E. J. Norton, B.A.	L	10 May 1876	Additional Member, Legislative Council, Madras.	Capt., Madras Artillery Volunteers.
1881 Oct. 24	J. G. Kernan, M.A., LL.B.	Ireland.	Michaelmas Term, 1878	Clerk of the Crown and Official Assignee.	...
1882 Sept. 4	C. W. Burroughs, B.A., LL.D.†	M	26 Jan. 1882	...	Cuddalore.
1883 Jan. 5	C. Akilandaiya, B.A.†	I	17 Nov. 1882	...	Ootacamund.
Feb. 13	Saiyid Abdur Rahman, F.R.S., F.R.C.S., M.R.A.S.†	I	9 June 1880	...	Calcutta.
Mar. 14	Josiah Ragland Thomas, B.A.†	I	26 Jan. 1883	...	Tellicherry.
" 20	Nanda Lal Ghosh†	I	17 Nov. 1882	...	England.
1884 Oct. 7	M. O. Parthasarathy Aiyangar, M.A., M.L.	Madras.	...	Judge, Court of Small Causes, Madras.	F. M. U.
1885 May 1	Chella Venkata Narasaiya†	I	26 Jan. 1884	...	Coimbatore.
Nov. 16	K. Brown, M.A.	I	17 June 1885	...	F. M. U.
1886 Jan. 4	Stephen Andy	I	17 Nov. 1885	...	...
April 29	J. G. Smith	I	17 Nov. 1884	Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Madras.	...
July 20	J. H. M. Ryan	M	26 Jan. 1886	...	...
Aug. 4	H. C. Brown, B.A., LL.B.†	L	17 Nov. 1883	...	Tellicherry.
1887 Oct. 21	A. C. Rudrat	M	13 June 1887	...	(Mysore) also enrolled at Calcutta.
1888 Oct. 9	T. W. Barton	I	25 April 1888	...	Rajamundry.
1889 July 26	M. Rangaswami Iyengar†	I	3 July 1889	...	...
1890 Jan. 10	A. J. Paulie	M	18 Nov. 1889	...	...
1891 " 29	K. P. Krishna Menon†	I	17 Nov. 1890	...	Coimbatore.
Nov. 23	C. Krishnan, B.A.	M	18 June 1890	...	...
May 6	T. K. Anderson, LL.B.	M	17 Nov. 1884	...	Bombay.
Oct. 7	W. Burton, B.A.	G	29 June 1892	...	Cuddalore.
1893 March 1	T. Srinivas†	G	26 Jan. 1893	...	Coimbatore.
1893 May 3	Sreenivasaiengar S. Setalur, B.A., LL.B.†	Bombay	...	...	Bombay.
July 21	W. A. N. Battenberg†	M	26 Jan. 1893	...	Madura.
July 25	John A. David†	M	26 Jan. 1893	...	Hyderabad, also enrolled at Bombay.
Aug. 24	S. B. Ramasami Aiyengar†	I	17 Nov. 1886	...	Ootacamund and Coimbatore.
1894 Mar. 19	T. S. Sidney, M.A.†	M	17 June 1885	...	...
July 11	P. Kelunni Nambyar, B.A.	I	18 Apl. 1891	...	...
1895 Jan. 29	R. A. Nelson, B.A., LL.M.	I	7 July 1886	Principal, Law College, Madras.	F. M. U.
March 4	J. H. Bakewell, LL.B.	L	7 July 1886	Deputy Registrar, Criminal Side.	...
" 7	J. Adam, M.A.	M	28 Jan. 1895	Crown and Public Prosecutor.	F. M. U.
July 124	J. S. Nadar, M.A., M.L.	Madras	...	...	...
Aug. 120	J. J. Fernandez†	I	28 Jan. 1895	...	...

* Do not practise at Madras. † Do not practise at Madras.

Date of admission.	Name.	Inn.	Date of call in England.	Designation of office held, if any.	REMARKS.
Dec. 4	Syed Hashim Bilgrami*	I	18 Apl. 1894	...	Hyderabad.
1896 Jan. 28	Charles E. M. Russell*	I	26 Apl. 1893	...	Madura.
Dec. 17	Nizamudeen Ahmed*	I	18 Nov. 1895	...	Hyderabad.
1897 Mar. 5	Labadaya Ram Mohun Roy.*	I	17 June 1896	...	...
July 21	Percy Richard Grant	...	12 May 1897	...	...
1898 Jan. 10	Frederick John Robert Hunt.	...	...	Judge, High Court, Travancore.	...
Mar. 21	Sir Charles Arnold White, Kt.	I	17 Nov. 1883	Chief Justice, High Court of Judicature, Madras.	...
July 15	Paul Peter Pillai	L	26 Jan. 1898	...	Madura.
Aug. 22	Thomas Munro French	L	22 June 1898	...	...
1899 Jan. 19	D. Chaimler	I	10 June 1891	Law Reporter, Madras.	...
1900	K. W. Bonnerjee.	...	...	Advocate-General.	...
	J. E. P. Wallis	...	...	...	...
	C. F. Napier.	M	Michaelmas Term. 1885	...	...
	C. Sidney Smith.	...	...	...	...
	S. Swaminadhan, M.A., LL.B., B.Sc. & Ph.D.	...	...	...	...
1900 Sept. 18	S. Swaminadhan, Esq.	G	14 June 1899	...	...
1901	Nugent Cyrus Grant, Esq.	I	1 May 1901	...	...
"	James Cecil Walter Pereira, Esq.	M	26 Jan. 1887	...	...
"	Thomas Richmond, Esq.	M	10 June 1901	...	...
1902 Jan. 8	Buddapalle Nagappa, Esq.	G	18 Nov. 1901	...	...
Mar. 8	Arthur Sellon Cowdell, Esq.	M	27 Jan. 1902	...	...
Mar. 13	J. Krishna Rao, Esq. B.A.	G	27 Jan. 1902	...	Enrolled in Chief Court, Bangalore, and Resident's.
Mar. 18	Orijanti Siva Rama Krishnamma, Esq.	...	26 Jan. 1891	...	...
1903 Feb. 9	M. A. Tirunaraina Chari, B.A., B.L.	...	...	...	Madras.
Mar. 17	C. T. Machayya, Esq.	M	16 June 1902	...	...
"	M. Raffuddin Ahmed	...	1 Apl. 1903	...	...
"	N. W. Kemp, Esq.	...	1895	...	...

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

PRACTISING IN MADRAS.

Abbs, A. C., 5th June 1873.	Greatorex, E. F., 24th April 1891, Firm of Grant and Greatorex.
Alagasingara Chariyar, M.O., 16th October 1882†	Josselyn, John, 19th February 1897, Assistant under Mr. H. C. King.
Appadorai Mudaliyar, M.E., 2nd November 1883.	King, H. C., 7th January 1881.
Barclay, Esq., 4th January 1866, Government Solicitor, Firm of Barclay, Orr & David (a)	Moresby, Charles, 19th November 1896, Asst., Firm of Barclay, Orr and David.
Branson, J. R. B., 18th November 1897, Firm of Branson and Branson.	Narasimha Chariyar, M. A., 6th July 1887.
Brightwell, Henry, 25th October 1892, Assistant Barclay, Orr and David.	Narasayya, T. S., 27th Sept. 1893, Manager of Mr. H. C. King.
David, W. O., 20th April 1887, Firm of Barclay, Orr and David.	Orr, Esq., 18th April 1887, Firm of Barclay, Orr and David.
Genge, H. A. Pope, 30th April 1901, Firm of Edge and Genge, Ootacamund.	Palman, C. J., 30th March 1875.
Grant, D., 17th April 1872, Firm of Grant and Greatorex.	Pedroza, P. M., 12th February 1880.
	Ranganatham Nayudu, O., 24th April 1891, Firm of Ranganadham Nayudu and Tirumalai Pillai.

* Do not practise at Madras.

† The dates after the names of the Attorneys and Vakils are those of their admission as such on the High Court rolls.

(a) Notary Public.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW PRACTISING IN MADRAS—concl'd.

Rencontre, A. E., 10th July 1889.
 Roll, H. W., 1st December 1893.
 Rowlandson, F., B.A., B.L., 30th April 1878,
 Registrar of the Diocese and Legal
 Secretary to the Lord Bishop of Madras.
 Short, James, 3rd August 1881.
 Subbayya Chetti, S., 7th May 1883.

NOT PRACTISING IN MADRAS.

Bigwood, R. M., 9th March 1881.
 Burton, E. F., 10th December 1880, (Europe).
 Chapman, S. F., 3rd April 1867, (Ootacamund).
 Davies, L. W., 6th January 1891.
 Edge, S. V., (Ootacamund), Firm of Winter-
 ton and Edge, 3rd September 1896.
 Gardner, E. F., 7th October 1889, (Europe).
 Gordon, L., 27th November 1878 (a).
 Harvey, Bridges, 28th April 1881, (Europe).
 Henderson, H. B., 3rd February 1893.
 Kensington, H. R., 14th August 1885,
 (Europe).
 Krishna Aiyangar, D., 3rd August 1883,
 (Hyderabad).
 Krishnama Chariyar, S. T., 3rd August 1883,
 (Pondicherry).
 Litchfield, H., 22nd July 1889, (Australia).
 Logan, J. T., 30th June 1875.
 Mayer, J. E. S., 7th June 1865, (Europe).
 Miller, D. D., 22nd September 1875.

NOT PRACTISING.

Atkinson, J. R., 17th September 1884,
 Assistant Registrar, High Court, Original
 Side.
 Clarke, T. C., 25th May 1864, Chief Clerk,
 Insolvency Court.
 Krishna Aiyar, T. S., 13th February 1883,
 District Munsiff.

Thirumalai Pillai, V., 27th April 1892, Firm
 of Ranganadham Nayudu and Thirumalai
 Pillai.
 Thyagaraja Aiyar, S., 8th August 1882.
 Vijaya-Raghavulu Nayudu, C., 22nd April
 1892.

Mir Ali Sahib, 17th September 1884, (Nel-
 lore).
 Morgan, J. L., 30th June 1875, (Mercara).
 Morgan, W., 5th July 1871, (Europe).
 Narayanaswamy Aiyangar, N., 27th April
 1891.
 Okeden, W. H. P., 3rd Nov. 1886, (Burmah).
 Preston, Arthur S., 14th July 1893.
 Raghavayya, B., 13th July 1890.
 Tasker, R. T., 11th March 1867, (Europe).
 Thompson, A., 25th September 1878,
 (Europe).
 Walker, Augustus S., 2nd February 1897.
 Wilkins, E. W., 23rd February 1878.
 Wills, A., 13th July 1876, (Europe).
 Winterton, A. R. Bill, 12th April 1882,
 (Ootacamund), Firm of Winterton and
 Edge.
 Woolley, F. H., 29th January 1877,
 (Europe).
 Wright, H. G., 11th Aug. 1870, (a) (Banga-
 lore).

VAKILS.

PRACTISING IN MADRAS.

Aiya, K. N., B.A., B.L., 10th April 1894.
 Alasinga Chary, S., B.A., B.L., 14th July
 1903.
 Ambrose, A. T., B.A., B.L., 6th May 1890.
 Ananda Charlu, P., The Hon. Rai Bahadur,
 B.L., C.I.E., 8th April 1870, Additional
 Member, Calcutta Legislative Council.
 Anantakrishnaiah, T., B.A., B.L., 16th July
 1898.
 Anantanarayana Aiyar, L. R., B.A., B.L.,
 12th July 1898.
 Anantarama Aiyar, A. K., B.A., B.L., 26th
 April 1901.
 Atchuta Menon, K., 28rd April 1900.
 Balaji Rao, D. R., B.A., B.L., 10th April 1894.
 Balakrishna Bhutt, T., 9th April 1900.
 Balamukunda Aiyar, K., B.A., B.L., 12th
 November 1894.
 Balaram Das, N., B.A., B.L., 24th July 1901.
 Balasubramani, A. S., 17th April 1899.
 Bhashyam Aiyangar, V., 10th April 1900.
 Bhaskara Menon, M., B.A., B.L., 19th July
 1897.
 Chengalva Varadappa, V., B.A., B.L., 9th
 July 1888.

Chethut Krishnan Nair, 10th July 1901.
 Chinnaswami Chetty, P., 16th July 1903.
 Desika Chari, V. C., B.A., B.L., 11th Mar.
 1887.
 Desika Chari, K. A., B.A., B.L., 6th April
 1898.
 Desika Chari, T., B.A., B.L., 4th May
 1898.
 Devarajulu Nayudu, M., B.A., B.L., 26th
 April 1897.
 Devasagayam, G., 10th August 1896.
 Doraiswamiengar, M. B., 11th July 1903.
 Duraisami Mudaliyar, P. V., B.A., B.L.,
 27th April 1896.
 Duraiswamy Mudaliyar, P., B.A., B.L., 23rd
 March 1891.
 Duraiswami Aiyangar, P., 25th April 1890.
 Duraiswami Mudaliyar, T., B.A., B.L., 19th
 March 1886.
 Gangatharen, C., 15th July 1903.
 Gopala Chariyar, P. R., B.A., B.L., 27th
 March 1885.
 Gopalakrishna Rao, R., 24th July 1896.
 Gopalaratnam, K. S., 16th July 1903.
 Gopalaaswami Aiyangar, S., B.A., B.L., 10th
 March 1890.

(a) Notary Public.

VAKILS PRACTISING IN MADRAS—concl'd.

Govinda Menon, K. P., B.A., B.L., 14th April
 1887.
 Govindaraja Mudaliar, C. S., 12th August
 1903.
 Govindan Nambiyar, B., B.A., B.L., 13th
 April 1892.
 Gurusamy Chetty, Salla, B.A., B.L., 22nd
 March 1889.
 Gundu Rao, K., 24th September 1903.
 Harihara Aiyar, B.A., B.L., 6th May 1898.
 Hyder Sherif, B.A., B.L., 11th April 1894.
 Jagannadha Aiyar, K., 4th May 1899.
 Janakiram Reddi, C., B.A., B.L., 23rd April
 1897.
 Kasturi Ranga Aiyangar, S., B.A., B.L., 31st
 March 1885.
 Koman Nair, K., 31st August 1903.
 Krishna Aiyar, M. R., B.A., B.L., 6th April
 1899.
 Krishna Aiyar, K. A., 27th July 1903.
 Krishna Aiyar, S., 16th July 1903.
 Krishna Aiyar, T. S., B.A., B.L., 5th April
 1898.
 Krishna Nayur, C., B.A., B.L., 5th April 1890.
 Krishnan Nair, T., 14th September 1903.
 Krishnama Chari, C. R., B.A., B.L., 2nd
 August 1892.
 Krishnama Chari, M., B.A., B.L., 9th April
 1891.
 Krishnama Chariyar, S., B.A., B.L., 31st
 July 1901.
 Krishnasami, G., 15th July 1903.
 Krishnaswami Aiyangar, B. R., B.A., B.L.,
 14th April 1893.
 Krishnaswami Aiyangar, V., B.A., B.L., 21st
 July 1892.
 Krishnaswami Aiyar, V., B.A., B.L., 27th
 April 1885.
 Krishnaswami Aiyar, R. A., B.A., B.L., 10th
 April 1896.
 Krishnaswami Aiyar, A. S., 5th April 1899.
 Krishnaswami Aiyar, T. R., 6th April 1900.
 Krishnaswami Chetti, P. V., B.A., B.L.,
 21st May 1873.
 Krishnaswami Nayudu, N., B.A., B.L., 29th
 April 1887.
 Krishnaswami Aiyar, R., B.A., B.L., 6th April
 1900.
 Krishnaswami Pillai, P., B.A., B.L., 21st
 April 1886.
 Krishnaswami, V., B.A., B.L., 3rd May 1901.
 Kumaraswami Sastri, C. V., B.A., B.L., 2nd
 April 1894.
 Kunjanni Nayar, M., 14th July 1903.
 Kundu Panicker, P., 27th July 1903.
 Kuppaswami Aiyar, R., B.A., B.L., 22nd
 July 1892.
 Kuppaswami Aiyar, D. K., B.A., B.L., 9th
 April 1900.
 Lakshmana Chetty, K., B.A., B.L., 22nd
 March 1889.
 Lakshmana Sastri, G. V., 30th July 1900.
 Lakshmi Narasimhulu Nayudu, K., B.A.,
 B.L., 10th April 1894.
 Madhava Rao, K. P., B.A., B.L., 7th April
 1892.
 Masilamany Pillai, V., B.A., B.L., 26th March
 1890.
 Muhammad Ibrahim, B.A., B.L., 9th April
 Muthukrishnan, T. V., 12th October 1903.
 Nagabushanam, P., B.A., B.L., 21st January
 1897.
 Nammayya Chetti, C. N., B.A., B.L., 28th
 April 1880.

Narasimha Aiyangar, N., B.A., B.L., 5th
 April 1895.
 Narasimha Aiyangar, T., B.A., B.L., 3rd May
 1898.
 Narasimham, R., B.A., B.L., 10th April 1900.
 Narasimham, V., B.A., B.L., 10th April 1900.
 Narayanan Nayar, E., 15th September 1903.
 Narayana Rao, K., B.A., B.L., 10th April 1885.
 Junior Professor, Law College, Madras.
 Narraina Rao, H., B.A., B.L., 13th April 1896.
 Narayana Sastri, T. S., 6th April 1899.
 Narayanaswami Sastri, K., 9th October 1900.
 Narayanasami Aiyar, M. K., B.A., B.L.,
 2nd September 1901.
 Natesa Aiyar, T., B.A., B.L., 10th April 1894.
 Nilakanta Aiyar, A., 10th April 1900.
 Nilakanta Aiyar, S., 20th July 1903.
 Padmanabha Nayudu, D., B.A., B.L., 5th
 April 1897.
 Panchapagesa Sastri, B., B.A., B.L., 21st
 March 1890.
 Parthasarathi Aiyangar, M. C.
 Parthasarathi Aiyangar, M. K., B.A., B.L.,
 19th April 1894.
 Pattabhirama Aiyar, T., 19th July 1900.
 Ponnuswamy Aiyangar, V. R., B.A., B.L.,
 5th March 1894.
 Punithavelu Mudaliar, M., B.A., B.L., 25th
 April 1900.
 Purushothama Aiyar, D., 15th July 1903.
 Raghava Aiyangar, S., B.A., B.L., 9th April
 1897.
 Raghavendra Rao, H., B.A., B.L., 12th
 March 1890.
 Ragunatha Sastriyar, V., B.A., B.L., 13th
 October 1893.
 Rajagopala Chari, K., B.A., B.L., 21st July
 1892.
 Rajagopalan, S., 15th July 1903.
 Rajagopala Chari, P., 29th July 1903.
 Rajagopalan Narasimha, B.A., B.L., 24th
 July 1901.
 Rama Row, Raja T., B.A., B.L., 11th April
 1867, F.M.U.
 Ramachandra Rao Saib, C., Dewan
 Bahadur, B.L., 27th November 1871.
 Ramachandra Aiyar, K., B.A., B.L., 10th
 April 1896.
 Ramachandra Aiyar, G. S., 31st July 1903.
 Ramachandra Rao, M., 7th September
 1903.
 Ramachandra Rao, T., 28th August 1900.
 Ramannujam Chetty, S., M.A., B.L., 2nd
 April 1894.
 Ramakrishna Aiyar, M. R., B.A., B.L., 27th
 April 1885.
 Ramalingeswara Sarma, P. V., B.A., B.L.,
 15th April 1901.
 Ramasubbaiyar, S. R., B.A., B.L., Rai
 Bahadur, 22nd June 1875.
 Ramaswami Aiyar, K., 31st August 1900.
 Ramaswami Aiyar, M., 6th September 1900.
 Ramaswami Aiyar, C. P., 14th July 1903.
 Ranga Chari, T., B.A., B.L., 23rd March 1891.
 Ranga Chari, V. K., 20th July 1899.
 Ranganatha Aiyar, N. S., 17th July 1903.
 Ranga Ramannuja Chari, T., B.A., B.L., 27th
 April 1891.
 Ranganatha Chari, N., 1st May 1900.
 Rosario, J. L., B.A., B.L., 3rd Feb. 1885.
 Ryrn Nambiar, V., B.A., B.L., 24th April 1889.
 Sadagopa Chariyar, R., B.A., B.L., 18th
 Feb. 1880.
 Saiyid Nizamuddin, B.A., B.L., 24th March
 1890.

VAKILS PRACTISING IN MADRAS—continued.

- Sambundam, P., B.A., B.L., 15th July 1899.
 Sankaran Nayar, C., B.A., B.L., 24th March 1880.
 Sankara Pillai, G., B.A., B.L., 6th April 1900.
 Sankaranarayana Sastri, V., B.A., B.L., 28th September 1891.
 Sankunni Menon, P., B.A., B.L., 30th July 1901.
 Seshiah, P., B.A., 7th April 1903.
 Sesha Chari, V.C., B.A., B.L., 27th April 1891.
 Sesha Chari, N., B.A., B.L., 19th July 1901.
 Seshagiri Aiyar, T. V., B.A., B.L., 30th April 1886.
 Singra Chari, P.K., B.A., B.L., 28th April 1896.
 Sitaramaia, T., 18th August 1903.
 Sivagnana Mudaliyar, P. M., B.A., B.L., 14th April 1887.
 Sivarama Aiyar, R., 19th April 1895.
 Sivaswami Aiyar, P. S., B.A., B.L., 17th April 1835.
 Srinivasa Aiyangar, K., B.A., B.L., 29th April 1892.
 Srinivasa Aiyangar, S., 5th April 1895.
 Srinivasa Aiyangar, V. V., 18th April 1898.
 Srinivasa Gopala Chari, 6th April 1900.
 Srinivasa Ragava Chari, C. E., B.A., B.L., 18th February 1889.
 Srinivasa Raghava Aiyangar, K., B.A., B.L., 13th April 1893.
 Sriramulu Sastry, R., B.A., B.L., 25th March 1891.
 Subba Aiyar, T. K., 25th April 1899.
 Subramanya Aiyar, R., B.A., B.L., 21st March 1890.
 Subrahmanya Aiyar, S., B.A., B.L., 21st April 1886.
 Subramanya Aiyar, P. K., B.A., B.L., 5th April 1895.
 Subramanya Sastri, K. R., B.A., B.L., 13th April 1893.
 Sundara Aiyar, P. R., B.A., B.L., 18th March 1887.
 Sundara Sastri, O., 8rd May 1900.
 Sundaram Aiyar, N., 23rd April 1900.
 Sundaram, A. K., B.A., B.L., 24th July 1901.
 Thangavelu Chetti, M., B.A., B.L., 23rd August 1892.
 Tiruvankata Chari, T. T., 10th April 1900.
 Tiruvankata Chari, C. R., B.A., B.L., 27th April 1891.
 Vaidyanadha Aiyar, T. V., 24th July 1899.
 Vedachala Aiyar, K., B.A., B.L., 21st October 1896.
 Veeraraghava Aiyar, M. J., B.A., B.L., 16th July 1901.
 Venkata Chariar, V., 29th September 1899.
 Venkata Chari, S., 8th September 1903.
 Venkatalingam, Koralla, B.A., B.L., 21st March 1890.
 Venkatarama Sastri, T. R., 6th April 1899.
 Venkatraman Aiyar, S., 19th July 1901.
 Venkataramanuja Rao, L., B.A., B.L., 29th July 1895.
 Venkata Rama Sarina, E., B.A., B.L., 1st April 1891.
 Venkata Subbaiyar, T., B.A., B.L., 1st April 1890.
 Venkata Subba Aiyar, C. V., 6th April 1900.
 Venkatasubba Rao, M., 17th July 1903.
 Venkataramanan, S. S., B.A., B.L., 15th July 1897.
 Venkataramen, P., 23rd April 1900.
 Venkatasubbaramania, C., B.A., B.L., 10th April 1894.
 Vanugopala Chettiar, S., 22nd July 1903.
 Venkatesvara Iyer, M. K., 19th August 1903.
 Virabadra Mudaliar, T., B.A., B.L., 10th September 1891.
 Visvanadha Sastri, V., 17th July 1899.
 Zaccheus, A. D., B.A., B.L., 26th March 1896.

NOT PRACTISING IN MADRAS.

- Achuta Menon, C., B.A., B.L., 3rd April 1894.
 Aiyasami Aiyar, T. A., B.A., B.L., 13th July 1897.
 Ananda Rao, R., B.A., B.L., 7th April 1893.
 Ananta Chari, P. C., B.A., B.L., 12th April 1875, Public Prosecutor, Bellary.
 Ananthanarayana Aiyangar, G., 1st April 1893.
 Ananthanarayana Aiyar, S. A., B.A., B.L., 5th April 1880, Negapatam, Municipal Councillor, Tanjore.
 Ananthanarayana Aiyar, A. N., B.A., B.L., 18th September 1894.
 Anantarama Aiyar, R., 10th January 1896.
 Appaswami Aiyar, V., 4th May 1900.
 Appu Nedungadi, T. M., 1st May 1895.
 Aravamudu Aiyangar, S., B.A., B.L., 18th December 1896.
 Arunachella Aiyar, A. R., 3rd December 1897.
 Balakrishna Aiyar, T. S., B.A., B.L., 14th March 1887.
 Balakrishnan, S. A., B.A., B.L., 18th April 1894.
 Bangarayya, W., B.A., B.L., 11th April 1894.
 Bashya Chariyar, V., B.A., B.L., 12th July 1886, Madura.
 Chakravarti Ranga Chari, B.A., B.L., 16th April 1885, Masulipatam.
 Chandappa, K., 9th December 1893.
 Chelva Aiyangar, N., B.A., B.L., 1st April 1834, Godavari.
 Chidambaram Pillai, S., B.A., B.L., 10th April 1896.
 Cochunni Menon, V. K., B.A., B.L., 27th March 1885, Cochim.
 Desika Chariyar, N. V., B.A., B.L., 26th April 1895.
 Deva Doss, M. D., B.A., B.L., 1st April 1892.
 Ganapathi Aiyar, K. S., 3rd August 1899.
 Ganapathi Aiyar, A., B.A., B.L., 6th September 1900, Calicut.
 Ganapathi, P. R., B.A., B.L., 2nd May 1895, Law Professor.
 Ganesa Aiyar, M. S., B.A., B.L., 1st April 1895.
 Gangadhara Somayajulu, G., 4th September 1899.
 Gopala Aiyangar, S., B.A., B.L., 12th February 1890.
 Gopala Chariyar, A. V., B.A., B.L., 5th April 1895.
 Gopala Menon, M., B.A., B.L., 2nd May 1894.
 Gopalan Nair, K., B.A., B.L., 6th April 1900, Palghat.
 Gopal Row, Kasicar, B.A., B.L., 3rd April 1889.
 Gopalaswami Mudaliar, M., 4th December 1900.
 Govinda Raghava Aiyar, L. A., B.A., B.L., 8th August 1895, Chittoor.
 Guruswami Aiyar, K. R., 1st March 1900.

750
 28
 778
 350
 34
 39
 384

